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CADORNA'S MEN POUNDING REELING AUSTRIAN FORCES WITHOUT PAUSE; PRISONERS

Attacking Strong Defensive Line on Bainsizza Plateau; Progress Beyond Gorizia; Over 1,000 Prisoners Taken Yesterday; Superiority of Italian General Staff More Evident Daily

Rome, Aug. 29.—Italian troops, pushing forward on the Bainsizza plateau, have reached a powerful Austrian defensive line and are now attacking it, the War Office announces. On the heights beyond Gorizia Italian troops made gains.

More than 1,000 prisoners were taken yesterday.

Italian Headquarters, Aug. 28, via London, Aug. 29.—The Austrian forces are finding it almost as hard to let go of their positions east of Monte Santo as to hold them. As they retreat they are having a dreadful time trying to protect themselves from the heavy losses which both the Italian artillery and infantry are inflicting upon them. The nature of the terrain precludes the deployment of large bodies of infantry so that the attacks have to be conducted by small isolated detachments.

Meanwhile an endless stream of prisoners is flowing to the rear of the battle line. These men are astounded at the forces Italy possesses. They had been told she was so near the end of her resources that she was on the verge of going to pieces, and that a mere push would suffice to cause her to collapse.

Trieste Menaced.

Washington, Aug. 29.—That the fall of Trieste before the Italian advance is threatened was the encouraging news received by the Italian Embassy here last night in its daily communication from Rome recounting the results of the successful offensive the Italian army is conducting.

"All the Austrian newspapers now admit that the Italian offensive is of exceptional importance," says the communication. "They speak of the difficult task of defence, and do not appear to be confident of preventing the Italians from attaining General Cadorna's objective. The clear sight and superiority of the Italian command are more evident daily. General Cadorna seems in these inspired hours to re-encarnate the might and valor of the ancient Romans who led the Latin legions to certain victory."

"The enemy, now in rout on the high plateau of Bainsizza, and attacked and pushed back on the eastern side of the Carso, is vacillating under the continuous assaults, and is trying to escape, leaving behind him great quantities of foodstuffs, guns and war materials of every description."

PROTEST AGAINST THE C.N.R. DEAL

Montreal Business Men Urge Opposition to Bill for Purchase

Montreal, Aug. 29.—A number of Montreal business men have signed a manifesto against the purchase of the Canadian Northern Railway, on the ground of it being not a business-like deal. They are, all leaders of Montreal finance, the signatories being as follows:

F. W. Molson, James Law, H. R. Drummond, Geo. E. Drummond, Armand Chabot, Ferd. Prud'homme, Zeph. Herbert, A. J. Brown, C. S. Garland, H. A. Ekers, Chas. Chaput, A. Guy Ross, Joseph Ainey, C. Meredith, C. S. Campbell, W. R. Miller, George Caverhill, Wm. McMaster, H. W. Blackwell, Andrew J. Dawes, Robert Hampson, George R. Hooper, George W. Sadler, W. W. Hutchison, Wm. C. Finley, F. H. Wilson, C. F. Benson, A. Chaddock Simpson, James Morgan.

The manifesto states that the legislation will impose on Canada a strain of unknown magnitude. When the Government buys the common stock, no one will know what the real extent of its obligations will be. The assets of the Canadian Northern are equally unknown. "What is to be paid, who is to get paid for it, what the cost and the attendant obligations are, no one knows," says the manifesto. The usual policy for such a road in such financial condition is to have it go into the hands of a receiver, it is pointed out. The men who sign urge that a strong protest against the deal be made to parliament, both Commons and Senate.

TORPEDO WORKS IN BERLIN DESTROYED BY FIRE; LIVES LOST

Copenhagen, Aug. 29.—The foundry of the Schwartzkopf torpedo works in Berlin was destroyed by fire on Sunday. There are rumors that there was considerable loss of life.

EARL GREY DIED IN ENGLAND TO-DAY

Former Governor-General of Canada Succumbed After Long Illness

WOULD HAVE BEEN 66 ON NOVEMBER 28 NEXT

London, Aug. 29.—Earl Grey, former Governor-General of Canada, died at 6 o'clock this morning at Howick House, Northumberland, after a long illness. The funeral will be held at Howick on Saturday, when a memorial service will be held in London.

The Rt. Hon. Sir Albert Henry George, Earl Grey (United Kingdom peerage, 1896), Viscount Howick, Baron Grey of Howick in the County of Northumberland (1891), and a baronet (1746), Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George (1904), and Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order (1908), had almost reached his sixty-sixth birthday, having been born on November 28, 1851, the son of the late General the Hon. Charles Grey and his wife, Caroline, daughter of Sir Thomas Henry Farquhar, Bart. He was educated at Harrow and Trinity College, Cambridge, being graduated a senior in law and history in 1873. He represented South Northumberland in the British House of Commons from 1880-1885 and Northumberland (Tynside) in 1885-6. He was Administrator of Rhodesia in 1896-7 and a director of the British South Africa Company since 1898. He was appointed Lord Lieutenant of Northumberland in 1899 and continued in that office until he was appointed Governor-General of Canada September 26, 1904.

On January 25, 1905, the honorary degree of LL.D. was conferred on him by McGill University, Montreal. Earl Grey came of a distinguished family which has been prominent in the history of Northumberland for several centuries. The first earl was a general in the American Revolutionary war and the second was the celebrated Charles, Earl Grey, one of the distinguished statesmen of the early part of the last century. The late earl succeeded his uncle, the third earl, on October 9, 1894.

He married on June 9, 1877, Alice, third daughter of Robert Stayer Holford, M.P., of Westonbury, County of Gloucester, and Dorchester House, Park Lane. One son and three daughters were born: Charles Robert, Viscount Howick (deceased), born December 15, 1879, educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge, formerly a lieutenant in the First Life Guards; Lady Sybil, born 1882; and Lady Evelyn Alice, born 1888. His eldest daughter, Lady Victoria Sybil Mary, born in 1878, and married in 1901 to Arthur Morton Grenfell, Great Northumberland Place, W., died while on a visit to Government House at Ottawa on February 3, 1907.

Earl Grey was appointed Governor-General of Canada on September 26, 1904, landed at Halifax on December 19, 1904, and was sworn in on the same day. He was succeeded as Governor-General by the Duke of Connaught, who assumed office on October 13, 1911.

Tact and Sympathy. Earl Grey's period as the King's representative in Canada is a matter of too recent record to require extended recapitulation. He came fully realizing the importance of the task which had been entrusted to his care, and, leaving nothing undone to increase his grasp of the problems of the country, he acted with such tact and sympathetic understanding that he left with the people of the Dominion feeling that they had lost contact with a Britisher of the finest type who had done his utmost to enhance the interests of the country he had temporarily resided in and strengthen the bonds which united it to the world's mightiest democratic Empire. After he had departed from Canada the Earl's interest in this Dominion did not cease, as he found scope for his desire to be of service through his post as president of the Royal Colonial Institute. Frequent communications from him to members of the Institute in Canada and other prominent citizens testified that although he was resident in England, he still had a large place in his heart for the country which had been his home for several years.

Earl Grey was acquainted with Victoria. He visited the city on each of the several trips he made across Canada. In a speech in the House of Commons on July 29, Mr. Asquith asked if Germany was prepared to evacuate Belgium, to make reparation and to restore absolute independence to Belgium. He said he would like to know the German answer to these questions.

GERMANY PUTS TAX ON COAL EXPORTED TO SWEDISH POINTS

Stockholm, Aug. 29.—Swedish industrial and business circles are stirred greatly over an export tax of 25 kronor a ton which Germany has put on all coal for shipment to Sweden. The tax is effective at once, no matter when the order for the coal was given. Germany also has imposed a tax on parcels sent by post, payable after August 15.

ANOTHER BELGIAN RELIEF SHIP SUNK; OFF SPANISH COAST

London, Aug. 29.—The Norwegian steamship Kongali, from St. Nazaire, France, for the United States, has been sunk off the Spanish coast, according to a telegram received in Christiania from Santander and forwarded by the correspondent here of The London Morning Post.

The maritime register reports the Norwegian steamship Kongali as a Belgian relief ship. She measured 3,663 tons net and is reported last as arriving at Amsterdam on June 6.

MUNICH PAPER SAYS JAPANESE FORCES ARE MASSED IN MANCHURIA

Zurich, Aug. 29.—Reports that strong Japanese forces have been concentrated in Manchuria are given currency in Bavaria by the Neueste Nachrichten of Munich, which also speculates on the possibility of transporting such troops to the Russian front. If the railway facilities were the same as before the war, it says, such an operation would require a long time but the situation has been changed greatly, the United States and Japan having laid new tracks and made great improvements in the rolling stock.

MAKES PLAIN THE ALLIES' DETERMINATION NOT TO DEAL WITH THE JUNKERS

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson's rejection of the Pope's peace proposals is regarded here as finally settling the question of dealing with the present German rulers unconquered or uncured at home, the belief here being that his reply to the Vatican, with its unequivocal denunciation of the German military autocracy reflects accurately the attitude of the other Allied Governments.

The President makes it clear that a lasting and durable peace can be negotiated only on a complete understanding with the German people, and not alone on unstable guarantees of the existing Government.

The general tenor of the reply had been anticipated by the diplomats here, but they were surprised to find in it a virtual appeal to the

German people to strive for emancipation from military control and become fitted to deal with a world democracy.

The note indicates that the American Government does not intend post-bellum reprisals on the German people, but desires in the interests of world peace that they be allowed to share in international economic opportunities, "if they will accept equality and not seek domination."

In Record.

Upon motion of Senator Brady, who characterized it as a last farewell to autocracy in the world, President Wilson's reply to the Pope's proposals was ordered printed to-day in the congressional record.

"While it rejects the Pope's proposals," Senator Brady said, "it points the way for the other nations to reach a peace in a fair and honorable manner."

Chairman Stone, of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, made this comment: "The note was just what I expected it would be. It was a strong note, as are all notes of the President."

"It was a very good note," said Senator Lodge, ranking Republican of the Committee.

Germany Scheming. Washington, Aug. 29.—Reports from Germany have led observers here to believe that the Central Powers and their allies will not reject the peace proposals of the Pope and that they will advocate in their reply to the Vatican the calling of an immediate conference of representatives of the belligerent nations in some neutral country to begin peace negotiations. The German reply has already been prepared and is all ready to be forwarded, this being indicated, observers assert, by the fact that the committee of seven members of the Reichstag and seven of the Bundesrath is meeting with Chancellor Michaelis to consider the German communication. That it will be forwarded without delay to the Vatican is expected here.

The surmises regarding the Teutonic allies' answer to the Pope are based partly upon the reply to President Wilson's invitation to all the belligerents to state their peace aims. The Central Powers and their allies countered, refraining from stating their war objects, but proposing instead a formal conference of the two groups of belligerents. There is a belief also that the Teutonic allies will go further in their reply to the Pope in outlining their war aims than they went in their answer to President Wilson's proposal, seeking to justify themselves on the ground of self-defence.

WAR CONTRACTS AT SAN FRANCISCO ARE AFFECTED BY STRIKE

San Francisco, Aug. 29.—Mayor James Rolph, jr., members of the board of supervisors and heads of the Ocean Shore and Southern Pacific railroads were in conference to-day to perfect plans for independent transportation over a portion of these tracks for thousands of workmen employed at the Union Iron Works on Government war emergency contracts who are unable to get to work because the service of the United Railroads to the plant has been suspended since the strike of 1,750 men began.

Police reports to Arthur Allen, special investigator of the Department of Justice, charging that sixty per cent. of the substitute carmen brought here by the street car company were selective draft law evaders has not been borne out by investigations thus far, Allen said to-day.

Street fighting and disturbances have occurred with less frequency for the last three days, coincident with the company's claim that service had been maintained at two-thirds normal.

BORDEN OFFERED TO DROP OUT TO-DAY

In Favor of Foster; Latter Declined at Caucus at Ottawa

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—When the Conservative caucus, which had been in session for two and a half hours, broke up at 1:30 p.m. to-day Sir Robert Borden was one of the last to leave the room, coming out smiling. He announced that a committee had been appointed to make a statement for the press. The committee, he said, included J. E. Armstrong, chairman of the caucus; Senator Blain, Senator M'Lennan and W. F. Nickle, of Kingston. The committee remained in session for some time longer with the purpose of preparing what Senator M'Lennan described as a "preliminary statement for the press."

Shortly before two o'clock the committee gave out the following statement:

"Sir Robert Borden announced that as the outcome of the recent negotiations he had received from the spokesmen for the Western Liberals with whom he had been in conference, a notification that they were prepared to enter a Union Government of which Sir Robert Borden should be a member, but that they deemed another leader necessary. Of the four names put forward in this connection one was now present—Sir George Foster. Sir Robert offered to vacate the post of Prime Minister in favor of Sir George, who should assume the leadership of a Union Government, to which Sir George replied he was not prepared to undertake this responsibility, feeling that Sir Robert was essential as Prime Minister of Canada to prosecute the war to the utmost.

"All present enthusiastically endorsed this view, the members pledging themselves to continue in loyal support of Sir Robert Borden and to cooperate with him in his efforts to secure a government embracing all elements favorable to a vigorous war policy."

RUSSIANS WARNED ABOUT RAILWAYS; ALEXIEFF SAYS ARMY MUST BE RECREATED

Moscow Conference Told That Unless Transportation Conditions Improved Terrible Consequences Coming; Former Commander-in-Chief Urges Government and Troops to Make Strongest Efforts

Moscow, Aug. 29.—At the third general sitting of the national conference here railroad representatives, including M. Froloff, of the Engineers' Alliance, reported that there existed a state of utter disorganization of transportation. Unless improved, transportation would cease completely by November. The representatives gave warning that the consequences would be terrible both at home and at the front and that the army might turn on the country and commit unexampled excesses.

The extreme demands of the railway workers, the speakers said, played an important part in this disorganization. They called on all those engaged in the transportation services to sacrifice personal interest for those of the country.

M. Gruzenberg, speaking as the representative of the Jews, said that they loved their country notwithstanding their unprecedented persecution under the old regime and had contributed greatly to the emancipation of the people and the defence against the enemy. Representatives of the Ukraine and of the Western or White Russia said the people were ready to make any sacrifices for the good of the country. The spokesman for the Letts declared, Courland would never belong to Germany. Delegates representing the Mussulman Alliance said all the Mussulman citizens of Russia fully supported the Provisional Government.

General Grouznoff, former military governor of Moscow, told the delegates the chief problem was to save Russia from the enemy, and that to this end it was necessary to re-establish army discipline by eliminating politics, strengthening the authority of the leaders, limiting the power of the soldiers' committees to economic functions and giving the Commander-in-Chief opportunity to exercise unreserved authority.

General Alexieff, former Commander-in-Chief, made a long address in which he recounted the history of the Russian military setbacks and their causes. He drew contrasts between the army of the old regime, poorly equipped with mechanical resources but strong in warlike spirit, and the present army, well supplied with food and arms but completely poisoned and enfeebled by ill-interpreted and ill-applied doctrines which had been put forward, notably in the famous order of the day, No. 1. These doctrines had split the army into two opposite camps, officers and soldiers, which have become almost irreconcilable.

Speaking of the committees elected by the soldiers of the various units, General Alexieff said they were useful to the army from an economic standpoint, but were fatal to discipline among the troops. None the less, he said, the influence of Government commissaries, whose appointment had created a dangerous quality of power.

Officers Martyrs. The general maintained that after publication by the Government of the declaration of rights of soldiers all respect toward leaders had disappeared, the officers becoming veritable martyrs and having to pay very dearly for the offensive of August 1 and the subsequent retreat. The general cited some remarkable illustrations of this. On one occasion, when an attack was being launched, the force which advanced was made up of 28 officers, 29 non-commissioned officers and 2 soldiers. All the others looked on and while the heroes perished.

The general declared it would be impossible to carry on the war to a victorious conclusion unless the strongest possible efforts were made by the Provisional Government and by the troops themselves to reanimate and regenerate the army.

German Comment. Amsterdam, Aug. 29.—The German papers are not disposed favorably toward the Moscow conference. The Cologne Gazette describes it as the "comedy of Moscow," adding that it is intended to excite the Russian people to further mad sacrifices.

The Kreuz Zeitung says: "Premier Kerensky's speech proves that the Russian Government is acting autocritically. The Russian peasant has to bleed at the Government's command and without knowing the Government's aims. This is the freedom which the revolution has given the country."

Berlin, Aug. 29, via London, Aug. 29. The newspapers of Berlin denounce as wholly false the reference made by Premier Kerensky in addressing the Moscow conference to a recent offer of a separate peace. Nothing is known of such a move in any official quarters here.

Wilson's Message. Paris, Aug. 29.—A dispatch from Moscow says that Premier Kerensky had read President Wilson's message of greeting to the national conference, he said he had instructed

the Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. Terentchenko, to inform the American Ambassador, David R. Francis, of the feelings of gratitude which the President's telegram had inspired among the delegates to the conference. This statement of the Premier was cheered enthusiastically.

Kropotkin Heard. Moscow, Aug. 29.—After Mme. Catherine Breshkovskaya, the "Grandmother of the Revolution," had appealed to the Government to pass from words to actions and help the army conquer the enemy, Prince Peter Kropotkin, who was not on the list of speakers, was heard at the request of the whole national conference here to-day. He called upon all Russians to prevent the fatal eventuality of a German victory.

This sentiment evoked a long continued ovation in honor of Prince Kropotkin.

RUSSIAN DIVISION FLED IN DISORDER

Petrograd Says Enemy Continues to Advance on Southern Roumanian Front

London, Aug. 29.—While Russian leaders are debating at Moscow with divided opinions as to the best steps to take for saving the country from threatened disaster within and without, the Russian army continues to show persistent weakness at critical points. The latest break in the line through disaffection among the troops occurred on the Southern Roumanian front, where Austro-German armies are menacing Moldavia, with the fate of Wallachia, overrun in the great Bulgarian drive of last year, in the balance.

In the Fokshani region a Russian division abandoned its positions and fled in disorder. This facilitated a Teutonic advance that continued all day yesterday on the southern Roumanian front, the Austro-German troops passing northward toward the Oga-Pandint railway. The lines were still yielding last night in the Varnitza region.

Russian Report. Petrograd, Aug. 29.—A Russian division yesterday abandoned its positions in the region of Fokshani, on the Roumanian front, and fled in disorder, the War Office announces.

The statement says the enemy continued to advance all yesterday on the Southern Roumanian front, reaching the line Trechly-La us-Varnitza-Fidomeshli-Chyotianichl. In the night Russian positions in the region of Varnitza were vacated.

German Statement. Berlin, Aug. 29.—In the Oltus valley region of the Roumanian front Teutonic forces stormed hill positions yesterday, says an army headquarters statement issued to-day. More than 600 prisoners were taken.

Field-Marshal von Mackensen's forces, the announcement also states, captured the village of Muncelul and pushed back the opposing forces in a northwesterly direction past several positions on both sides of the Sutchiza Valley. Prisoners to the number of 1,900 and three guns were taken.

HUNDREDS OF MINES ARE DRIFTING OFF COAST OF NORWAY

Copenhagen, Aug. 29.—Steamships arriving from Bergen report hundreds of drifting mines off the Norwegian coast. It is believed an extensive mine field is drifting. Many mines also are reported off the northern coast of Norway and in the Arctic ocean.

NO TALK OF PEACE WITH GERMANY'S PRESENT RULERS, PRESIDENT WILSON SAYS IN REPLY TO NOTE FROM POPE

Head of United States Makes It Plain There Can Be No Dealings With Hohenzollerns and Circles Which Surround Them; Their Word Valueless; Course Pope Suggested Rejected

Washington, Aug. 29.—President Wilson has rejected the Pope's peace proposals. In a note dispatched on Monday night and made public here last night, the President says that while every heart not blinded and hardened by the terrible war must be touched by the moving appeal of His Holiness, it would be folly to take the path of peace he points out if it does not in fact lead to the goal he proposes.

To deal with such a power as the present rulers of Germany upon Pope Benedict's plan, declares the President, would involve a recuperation of the strength and renewal of the world domination efforts of that power, now balked but not defeated after sweeping a continent with the blood of innocent women and children and the helpless poor, as well as of soldiers.

Permanent peace must be based upon the faith of all the peoples and upon justice and fairness and the common rights of mankind, he adds, and "we cannot take the word of the present rulers of Germany as a guarantee of anything that is to endure, unless explicitly supported by such conclusive evidence of the will and purpose of the German people themselves as the other peoples of the world would be justified in accepting."

The text of the note, signed by Secretary Lansing, follows:

August 28, 1917.
To His Holiness, Benedictus XV., Pope:
"In acknowledgment of the communication of Your Holiness to the belligerent peoples, dated August 1, 1917, the President of the United States requests me to send you the following reply:
"Every heart that has not been blinded and hardened by this terrible war must be touched by this moving appeal of His Holiness the Pope, must feel the dignity and force of the humane and generous motives which prompted it, and must fervently wish that we might take the path of peace he so persuasively points out. But it would be folly to take it if it does not in fact lead to the goal he proposes. Our response must be based upon the stern facts and nothing else. It is not a mere cessation of arms he desires; it is stable and enduring peace. This agony must not be gone through with again, and it must be a matter of sober judgment which will insure us against it."
"His Holiness, in substance, proposes that we return to the status quo ante bellum, and that there be a general connotation, disarmament, and a concert of nations, based upon an acceptance of the principle of arbitration; that by a similar concert, freedom of the seas be established; and that the territorial claims of France and Italy, the perplexing problems of the Balkan States and the restitution of Poland be left to such conciliatory adjustments as may be possible, due regard being paid to the aspirations of the peoples whose political fortunes and affiliations will be involved."
To Deliver Peoples.
"It is manifest that no part of this programme can be successfully carried out unless the restitution of the status quo ante furnishes a firm and satisfactory basis for it. The object of this

war is to deliver the free peoples of the world from the menace and the actual power of a vast military establishment controlled by an irresponsible government, which, having secretly planned to carry the plan out without regard either to the sacred obligations of treaties or the long-established practices and long-cherished principles of international action and honor; which chose its own time for the war; delivered its blow fiercely and suddenly; stopped at no barrier either of law or of mercy; swept a whole continent within the tide of blood—not the blood of soldiers only, but the blood of innocent women and children and of the helpless poor, and now stands balked, but not defeated, bearing the enmity of four-fifths of the world. This power is not the German people. It is no business of ours how that great people came under its control or submitted with temporary zest to the domination of its purposes; but it is our business to see to it that the history of the rest of the world is no longer left to its handling.

To deal with such a power by way of peace upon the plan proposed by His Holiness the Pope would, so far as we can see, involve a recuperation of its strength and a renewal of its policy; would make it necessary to create a hostile combination of nations against the German people, who are its instruments; and would result in abandoning the new-born Russia to the intrigue, the manifold subtle interference, the certain counter-revolution which would be attempted by all the malign influences to which the German Government has of late accustomed the world. Can peace be based upon a restitution of its power or upon any word of honor it could pledge in a treaty of settlement and accommodation?

People's Rights.
"Responsible statesmen must now everywhere see, if they never saw before, that no peace can rest securely upon political or economic restrictive means. To benefit some nations and cripple and embarrass others; upon vindictive action of any sort, or any kind of revenge or deliberate injury. The American people have suffered intolerable wrongs at the hands of the Imperial German Government, but they desire no reprisal upon the German people, who have themselves suffered all things in this war, which they did not choose. They believe that peace should rest upon the rights of peoples, not the rights of governments—the rights of peoples, great or small, weak or powerful—their equal right to freedom and security and self-government, and to a participation, upon fair terms, in the economic opportunities of the world—the German people of course, included, if they will accept equality and not seek domination."
The Test.
"The test, therefore, of every plan of peace is this: Is it based upon the faith of all the people involved, or merely upon the word of an ambitious and intriguing Government on the one hand, and a group of free peoples on the other? This is a test which goes to the root of the matter; and it is the test which must be applied."
"The purposes of the United States in this war are known to the whole world—to every people to whom the truth has been permitted to come. They do not need to be stated again. We seek no material advantage of any kind. We believe that the intolerable wrongs done in this war by the furious and brutal power of the Imperial German Government ought to be repaired, but not at the expense of the sovereignty of any people—rather a vindication of the sovereignty both of those that are weak and those that are strong. Punitive damages, the dismemberment of empires, the establishment of selfish and exclusive economic leagues, we deem inexpedient and in the end worse than futile, and no proper basis for a peace of any kind, least of all for an enduring peace. That must be based upon justice and fairness and the common rights of mankind."
Word Valueless.
"We cannot take the word of the present rulers of Germany as a guarantee of anything that is to endure unless explicitly supported by such conclusive evidence of the will and purpose of the German people themselves as the other peoples of the world would be justified in accepting. Without such guarantees, treaties of settlement, agreements for disarmament, covenants to set up arbitration in the place of force, territorial adjustments, reconstitutions of small nations, if made with the German Government, no man, no nation could now depend on. We must await some new evidence of the purposes of the great peoples of the Central Powers. God grant it may be given soon and in a way to restore the confidence of all peoples everywhere in the faith of nations and the possibility of a covenanted peace."
"ROBERT LANSING,"
Secretary of State of the United States of America.

W. R. HEARST MAY RUN.
San Simon, Cal., Aug. 29.—William Randolph Hearst was on a brief camping trip in the mountains near here today and until his return to-night or tomorrow it can not be learned whether he will be a candidate for the New York Democratic mayoralty nomination at the approaching primary election.

ARGENTINE FORCED GERMANY TO YIELD

Firm Attitude Regarding Argentine Shipping and Submarine War Won

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 29.—The German Minister here last night handed the Argentine Government the following note:

"The German Imperial Government desires to maintain cordial relations with Argentina, and, to prove with facts its friendly sentiment, has decided, after a new investigation of the Toros case, to indemnify the Argentine Government."

"The Imperial German Government declares at the same time that the freedom of the seas, in which Argentine shipping would share, forms one of the objects of this war. As a consequence of the illegal acts of its enemies, the liberty of action of the Imperial German Government is limited, but it willingly acknowledges the dictates of international law and will endeavor to observe them."

"The naval forces of the German Empire have received orders and instructions in agreement with this viewpoint, and the Imperial German Government is convinced that after these declarations no incident will occur to disturb the friendly relations between Germany and Argentina."

Argentina Won.
The Foreign Office here last evening issued the following statement concerning the negotiations with Germany:

"After the delivery of the second Argentine note to Berlin, the German Minister held several conferences with the Argentine Foreign Minister in an attempt to solve the question in dispute. This met with no success, because, while the Foreign Minister was willing to give explanations, Germany insisted on the condition that Argentina prevent her vessels from traversing the blockade. The Foreign Minister explained this insistence to the President, who refused the condition as being absolutely incompatible with the spirit of Argentina's demands, which insisted upon a solution of the difficulty in accordance with the sovereign rights of the nation."

"After the refusal of the President further to consider a solution of the situation based on the German condition, the German Minister requested Berlin to eliminate the condition. Argentina's claims have been satisfied in all their terms and without any restrictions."

Both the Foreign Minister and the President were outspoken in their indignation yesterday that an intimation of the contents of the note had been given to an afternoon newspaper by Count von Luxburg, the German Minister, before it was made public by the Argentine Government, thus preventing secret consideration of the document before the text of the reply was generally known.

SOUTHERN SLAVS IN ONE UNITED NATION

Premier of Serbia Outlines Plans for Some 14,000,000 People

London, Aug. 29.—The correspondent of the Associated Press on the island of Corfu has sent the following by mail from the town of Corfu:

The Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs of Serbia, the venerable Nikola Pachitch, to-day summed up for the Associated Press the main features of the proposed nation of the Southern Slavs which is to unite under one flag and one King a self-governing population of some 14,000,000 people.

This in effect is the appearance of a new state in the sisterhood of nations and it is no dream of enthusiasts, for it is the careful work of all the political leaders of the various Slav nations and has, besides the powerful support of the Entente Powers.

M. Pachitch made a sort of new declaration of independence, which had been agreed on after lengthy councils between the various ministers—the President of the Serbian Parliament, the King and Regent now at Salonica and all the other elements affected.

M. Pachitch first took a large map of the Balkans and pointed out the sweep of territory included in this new Slav kingdom.

"It embraces," he said, "the territory over which the Serbians, Croats and Slovenes are distributed through the western Balkans. They are all essentially one race, with one language, which has been broken into small groups by the political policy of Austria-Hungary. We now propose to bring these scattered groups together again and give them a democratic government."

Pointing to the map, M. Pachitch drew a large circle to include Serbia, Montenegro, Bosnia, Herzegovina, Dalmatia, Croatia, Slavonia and the eastern part of Latvia, back of Trieste, where the Italians are heading. These together make an imposing area—double or triple Spain or any of the other secondary powers of Europe, in area and population, and approaching some of the great powers.

"Here we propose to establish a united Slav nation," M. Pachitch went on, "with a government having the essential points of a monarchy based on democracy and the right of the people to be consulted, with a constitutional system, a parliament and a responsible ministry. The elections will be by universal, equal and direct suffrage, with a secret ballot. All titles of nobility, baron, count, etc., will be abolished. The ancient form of monarchy is retained in deference to tradition and in recognition of the eminent service of the Karageorgievitch dynasty, which will be at the head of the new state."

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Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd.
1008-10 Government Street
School Opens Sept. 4th



New School Apparel for the Kiddies

WITH the opening of school Tuesday, September the 4th, you have only two and one-half days to outfit the kiddies with their new school apparel. Below we quote many items of special interest at special prices for this week-end. Make it a point of bringing the kiddies to Campbells' to-morrow. You will find splendid stocks to choose from, and the values will be found a little better than the average.

Strong School Hose, Special at 25c Pair
Children's Strong Black Cotton 1-1 Ribbed Hose, fast dye and good wearing qualities. All sizes. Specially priced at, pair, 25c

Children's Cloth Coats at Half-Price
We have gathered from our regular stock of Children's Coats, a special group that we have marked to clear at Half-Price. Plain and checked materials, in smart styles to fit kiddies 2 to 12 years. Out they go at exactly **HALF-PRICE**

Girl's Pretty Gingham Frocks at Reduced Prices To-morrow and Friday

Gingham School Dresses for Girls 2 to 6 Years. **75c**
Special at
Pretty Plaid and Striped Gingham Dresses, attractively trimmed with contrasting materials. Specially priced at **75c**
Another Lot, to Fit Girls 2 to 14 Years. **\$1.25**
At
In this lot of smart Gingham Frocks, there is a big range of snappy styles, developed from an excellent range of good washing ginghams.
Many other Gingham School Frocks. Remarkable values at **\$1.35, \$1.65, \$1.75, \$2.25** and up to **\$4.00**
For ages 2 to 14 years.
Girls' White Pique Dresses, Regular to \$3.50. **\$1.75**
For
Styles to fit kiddies 2, 4 and 6 years of age. Well made in smart tailored styles. Wonderful value at **\$1.75**

THE CHILDREN'S NEW FALL COATS HAVE ARRIVED!

We have just received a large consignment of Children's New Fall Coats, embracing many new and smart styles, tailored from a large range of good-wearing materials of plain colorings and fancy tweed mixtures. Prices range **\$4.50 to \$13.50** and up.

A Big Range of Children's Wool Sweater Coats at \$4.50 to \$6.50
For ages 2 to 12 years.
Nothing is quite so smart and comfortable for the children going to school as one of these cozy Wool Sweater Coats. They come in various weaves and colors, with sailor collars, belts and sashes, to fit ages 2 to 12 years, at **\$4.50 to \$6.50**
Children's Silk Windsor Ties, all colors. Special at **35c**

Children's Handkerchiefs, Special at 50c Per Dozen
Children's Colored Bordered and Plain White Lawn Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, ideal for school use. Very special at, per dozen **50c**
Children's Middy Blouses to Sell at **\$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50**
A Fine Range of Children's All-White and Colored Trimmed Middy Blouses, to fit ages 8 to 12 years. Marked special at **\$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50**
Rain Capes for Girls of 2 to 8 Years at **\$3.75 to \$5.00**
Prepare the children for rainy school days with one of these well-made Rain Capes, finished with lined hood; to fit ages 2 to 8 years. Priced at **\$3.75 to \$5.00**
Girls' Rain Coats at **\$6.75 to \$7.50**

Children's Drawers and Knickers Specially Priced

Children's Black Sateen Knickers, good quality, splendid for school wear. Sizes 2 to 12 years, at, per pair, **40c, 45c, 50c, 60c**
Children's White Cotton Drawers, embroidery and tuck trimmed, for ages 2 to 12 years. Special, per pair, **35c, 40c and 50c**
Children's Black Knitted Tights, for sizes up to 10 years, to clear at, pair **25c**
Children's White Cotton Knit Drawers, loose and tight knee. Sizes up to 12 years. Special, per pair **35c**

All-Wool "Kiltie" Suits for Girls at \$5.00 to \$6.75
Smart All-Wool "Kiltie" Suits for girls, in colors of rose, Paddy, sage, navy and brown. Excellent for school wear. Priced, according to size, at, per suit, **\$5.00 to \$6.75**

NORWEGIAN S.S. SUNK.
London, Aug. 29.—The sinking by a German submarine of the Norwegian steamship Friga, 5,916 tons gross, is reported by the Norwegian Foreign

Office, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen says. The crew was saved.
AEROPLANE TIMBER IN STATES MENACED BY BIG FIRES NOW
Washington, Aug. 29.—With forest fires reported due to incendiaries threatening valuable timber in the northwest intended to furnish aeroplane stock for the



Little Miss MAIDEN CANADA
Nourishment!
During the convalescent stage after sickness, the body is craving for wholesome nourishment. There is nothing more soothing to the nerves or agreeable to the digestion than Perfection Brand Cocoa. It is, in itself, a splendid food and next time there is any body-building to be done, try it.
Good at all times

COWAN'S COCOA
"Perfection Brand" Purest and Best

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL NOTICES

NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licenses Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at their next sitting, for a transfer of the liquor license now held by me in respect of the Metropolis Hotel, situate at 112 Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, to D. T. Barnhart, of the said City of Victoria.
Dated March 21, 1917.
GEORGE A. NORTH.

NOTICE
Take notice that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at the next sitting thereof, for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at the Olympus Cafe, 577 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C., to William Bonallo.
L. J. QUAGLIOTTI,
Applicant.

LAND ACT
VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RENEWAL.
TAKE NOTICE that Stuart Stanley McDonald, of Vancouver, Land Surveyor, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 70 feet west of the S. E. corner of Sec. 12, Township 11, Renfrew District; thence northerly and westerly to chains more or less to the boundary of the Indian Reserve and being composed of all that portion of the S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 12 covered by water and not heretofore Crown Granted.
STUART STANLEY McDONALD,
Agent for Goodwin Gether Johnson.
May 7, 1917.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
Estate of Minnie Elizabeth Reskamp, Deceased.
All persons having claims against this estate are required to send particulars thereof, duly verified, to the undersigned not later than the 10th day of September, 1917.
Dated the 31st day of July, 1917.
WOOTTON & HANKEY,
Solicitors for the Administrator,
Bank of Montreal Chambers.

Fine Perfumed Toilet Soaps
From the Albert Soap Co. and Colgate & Co.
Extra Value, 35c and 50c a Box
Halls
DRUG STORE
Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.
Clarence Block. Phone 291.



THE DAILY TIMES

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COPY FOR ADVERTISEMENTS
 All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 6 p. m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

THE LATE EARL GREY.

The death of Earl Grey will be widely deplored in Canada. He was one of the most popular vice-regal representatives who ever came to the Dominion, and in many respects he was the ablest. No Governor-General showed a readier and fuller understanding of the point of view of the Canadian people or of the problems with which they are confronted. None became an ardent, genuine Canadian more quickly. His adaptability in this respect arose from his exceptional training. Before his accession to his historic title he was an associate and intimate of Cecil Rhodes in South Africa and shared that great man's far-ranging imperialism as well as his abhorrence of pretence and snobbery. The graduate of such a school, Earl Grey could not fail to bring to the discharge of his duties in Canada a true statesman's vision and understanding. Simplicity and genuineness marked the regime of himself, his amiable countess and his family at Rideau Hall. He was never happier than in forming acquaintances and intimacies with big, broad-gauged men of action, irrespective of their social affiliations, who were leaving their mark in the development of the Dominion. Nor were there many who knew the country as thoroughly as he. He visited every part of it from Anticosti to the Arctic Circle, his active, eager mind taking in its resources and grasping its possibilities. Earl Grey stood in the forefront of those great pro-consuls who have done so much to strengthen the Imperial tie and to impress the worth of British institutions upon the world. He has rounded off a career of memorable distinguished service. In his death Canada has lost an illustrious and devoted friend and well-wisher.

LAST-NIGHT'S RESOLUTION.

The resolution adopted at the public meeting yesterday evening covers many requirements of the critical situation with which the Dominion is confronted. It calls for the formation of a National Government, the enforcement of the Military Service Act, the immediate conscription of war profits as in England, immediate and adequate provision for the welfare of returned soldiers and the utilization of the whole resources of the Dominion for the prosecution of the war. It would have been stronger, we think, if it had advocated adequate provision for the dependents of soldiers on overseas service and a proper pension scale, but as it was, it was more direct and comprehensive than most of the resolutions which emanate from public gatherings of this kind.

Canada should have had a National Government at the commencement of the war and the failure of the Premier to form one or to invite the co-operation of his political opponents at that time makes exceedingly difficult the organization of one worthy of the name now. A real National Government is something more than a label. It denotes the management of the nation's business by its ablest men, whether in Parliament or out of it. It means a strong, resolute direction of affairs not only without political strings on it, but without strings pulled by special privilege, whether corporate, socialistic or clerical. A Government controlled by privileged interests in Toronto or Montreal never could be National. The Times does not believe a truly National Government is possible under the existing leadership of either party or, in other words, upon the political foundation of the last three years. If the two present leaders would agree upon a first minister who would begin with an absolutely clean slate the thing could be done. There must be a fresh start.

The Military Service Bill has been

signed by the Governor-General, but this does not mean that it is in force. The date of its enforcement is to be fixed by the Governor-in-Council. An announcement from Ottawa a few days ago stated that there would be no unnecessary delay in bringing the Act into force. More than a thousand tribunals have to be established and other machinery must be set up for the application of the various provisions. Nevertheless, the resolution is very much to the point, notwithstanding the Ottawa announcement, and after reading the various sections of the Act we are convinced that more resolutions—pressing for amendments—will follow its operation, not the least of which will be one calling for complete registration of the country's manpower as an indispensable preliminary to the effective enforcement of selective conscription.

The other clauses of the resolution adopted last night—conscription of war profits, provisions for returned soldiers and the utilization of all the resources of the nation for the prosecution of the war—will not be joyfully received in those quarters which think in terms of the conscription of manpower alone. Yet without them conscription of manpower cannot be adequately enforced and, indeed, should not be enforced even if it could be. The man who shouts for the conscription of men and objects to the conscription of dollars is indulging in spurious patriotism; he is an arrant humbug. Those who bellow for conscription of men and callously expose soldiers' dependents to privation and want are no better. The prompt, effective discharge of all these obligations in proper co-ordination is part of a national organization for war. It makes for that co-operation between the public and the Government without which, as Sir William Robertson says, no national effort at war can be maintained. The resolution last night was very opportune, for Canada is the least organized for the struggle of all the belligerent states, including Russia, although she has been at war for over three years.

THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

President Wilson's courteous but firm refusal to discuss peace on the basis of the Pope's proposals revolves around one salient condition. The United States will not listen to any terms based upon a reversion to the status quo before the war. That is to say, it will not go to a conference with the present leaders of Germany and it will insist upon reparation for the wrong done by them. "The object of this war," he says, "is to deliver the free peoples of the world from the menace of the actual power of a vast military establishment controlled by an irresponsible Government, which, having secretly planned to dominate the world, proceeded to carry the plan out without regard either to the sacred obligations of treaties or the cherished principles of international action and honor." Elsewhere the President says that the United States cannot take the word of the "present rulers of Germany as a guarantee of anything that is to endure unless explicitly supported by such conclusive evidence of the will and purpose of the German people themselves as the other peoples of the world would be justified in accepting."

Thus, the President reiterates what he already has stated on several occasions, that the United States must fight until the menace to the liberties of free nations has been overthrown. It must fight until the German people purge their country of the baleful influences which led them into war and which still control their policy. We do not altogether accept the President's version of the utter irresponsibility of the German people in regard to the war, nor do we subscribe to the view that they did not want the war. No people received the news of the outbreak with greater enthusiasm. According to the German newspapers, they danced for joy on the streets. They were going to have a picnic. They were going to loot their neighbors and on the sufferings of others obtain relief from the taxation which bore so heavily upon them. A six months' war, billions of indemnity from France and Russia, a prostrate Europe, "Deutschland Ueber Alles"—that was the picture which arose in the mind of a population which, whatever may have been the origin of it, was undoubtedly seething with blood-lust. We suspect, however, that the President's observations in this respect are made with a particular eye to the widening gap between the German people and their rulers. No more formidable anti-Prussian propaganda can be promoted at this time when the populace of Germany, with the scales falling from their eyes, are beginning to realize the true character of the unformed thug who so long have exercised unchallenged control over their destinies.

The United States clearly is in this war until the Prussian war party is compelled by defeat in the field to admit the absolute failure of its policy to the German people. When that has been accomplished Prussianism will collapse. The structure of it is based upon military power, on brute force

and nothing else. The impression of invincibility sedulously cultivated in the German mind is its cement. Destroy that impression, discredit the policy on the field of Prussia's own choice and Prussian ascendancy over Central Europe is at an end. That foundation is already badly damaged—more so than a great many people imagine. The declaration of the President of the United States that his vast country will fight until Germany reforms herself, thereby putting itself at one with its Allies in this respect, will undermine it still more. The Central Empires, particularly Austria, have received another heavy blow from Washington.

PENSIONS.

Sir Robert Borden's announcement that it will be impossible to revise the pension scale this Session will cause widespread disappointment. This matter has been before a committee of the House for many months and last spring one of the members of that committee gave notice of a bill to amend the scale so as to make the pensions provided in it worthy of the name. It was recognized that the present schedule was defective in innumerable particulars. It has many inequalities and overlooks not a few pressing needs. Moreover, its inadequacy was emphasized by the enormous increase in the cost of living, as shown by the monthly reports of the Labor Department.

Parliament has been in session the greater part of a year. It has devoted its attention to numerous subjects of infinitely less importance than the question of pensions. Indeed, we doubt if it has passed a solitary measure of greater importance. Two days ago the Government rammed through the House under the closure a bill intended to pour millions into the coffers of Mackenzie & Mann and the interests affiliated with them. Yet it cannot find time for legislation for the revision of the pension scale! The matter is being shelved by referring it to the "next Parliament." As to that we have only to say that if the electors of Canada do not authorize some radical changes in the management of their affairs there will be no revision of the pensions by even the next Parliament.

The Argentine Republic, a power which Germany would despise in her heart and flout with characteristic boorishness under normal world conditions, has compelled the Kaiser to climb down and practically apologize and promise compensation for practical acts. But Hun promises are like Hun "scraps of paper" as Argentina doubtless will find out in due time. Still it is interesting to note that Germany at last has been driven to the conclusion that she cannot afford to provoke any more powers to enter the lists against her. It is not now a case of "the more enemies the greater the glory."

A dispatch states that prices of bacon in Canada are about due for a further advance. The Pork Barons say the order of the British Government declining to have further dealings with them can be overcome by shipping their stocks to Chicago, where the packing houses still have big orders to fill on behalf of the Imperial war authorities. Thus another gleam of hope has been snuffed out. It is an easier job to form and operate a combine in Canada than it is to corner Sir Thomas White and his friends.

Parliament has wasted a lot of time in talk. The Military Service Act had a passage of many weeks. Nobody invoked the closure, even though the object of the bill was declared to be the adequate reinforcement of the Canadian troops in France. But when it came to millions for Mackenzie & Mann—that was a different proposition. The Toronto whip was cracked and Sir Thomas White brought in the closure to stifle opposition. And they talk about a union Government under such auspices!

The path of Sir Robert Borden as Premier of Canada would have proved much smoother and the country would have been saved from division at a time when unity is highly desirable if he had got rid of the undesirable elements in his Cabinet, formed a coalition Government and adopted conscription three years ago. Then the charge of insincerity and playing the party game to the limit could not have been laid at his door.

Millions for the profiteers; millions for Mackenzie & Mann, but the revision of the pension scale can wait until the "next Parliament." Sir William, Sir Donald, Sir Z. A. Lash and Sir Joseph Wesley Flavell cannot wait. The soldiers and their dependents must.

In the meantime one noticeable feature of the war controversies and peace discussions is the state of dumbness that has overtaken the un-speakable Turk.

Conscription being the logical thing, the logical course is for the Government to enforce it without fear and without favor.

A Bird in the Hand Is Worth Two in the Bush

OUR ADVICE
 Buy your Coal at once at present prices, for there certainly is a reason.
LUMP, \$8.50

Kirk & Co., Ltd.
 1212 Broad St. Phone 139

DRY FIR CORDWOOD \$6.50 PER CORD

Cheaper and Cleaner Than Coal.
 Our Wood is ABSOLUTELY DRY and is worth considerably more than the GREEN WOOD, much of which is now being offered on the market.
Lloyd-Young & Russell
 1012 Broad Street
 PHONE 4532

THE PLACE TO BUY HIGH-GRADE TAILOR MADE CLOTHES

Linklater
 1120 BROAD STREET

We have still a large stock of British Woolen Serges of the old dye. These are now a splendid investment.

Watch Your Boy When School Begins



School study is hard on the eyes and if the eyes are defective serious results may ensue. The affection possibly is not permanent, but if not attended to promptly it may become so.

I have examined many eyes in Victoria and have found them permanently and badly injured as a result of neglect on the part of the parents.

Blugston

1241 Broad St. Phone 5351

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

STORE HOURS: 8.30 TO 6.00; FRIDAY, 9.30; SATURDAY, 1 P.M.

Over 5,000 Children Returning to School Next Tuesday

This Big Store Is Ready to Supply Complete School Outfits for Both Boys and Girls



Everything that the young student needs for school wear or for school work can be purchased in this establishment. Great preparations have been made to assure a full range of garments, books, stationery and accessories, so that there will be no disappointment if you bring your children here to be outfitted.

To-day when most all merchandise has advanced in cost considerably, you will prove it even more than in former years the advantage of our money-saving prices.

Bring your children along and let us complete their school outfit to-day and avoid the last-minute rush.

We give below a partial list of special values we are now offering in school garments.

School Dresses for Girls, 95c, \$1.45 and \$1.75

Smart styles and very serviceable patterns, in Colored Washing Gingham and strong Prints. Splendid wearing qualities, and just the thing for school wear. Also smart Middy styles of white Middy cloth, trimmed in colors. Sizes range 6 to 14 years. Very special values at 95c, \$1.45 and \$1.75

—Selling, First Floor

Reliable Leather School Boots for Boys and Girls

We are sure that parents will be greatly interested in our Shoe offerings for School children. Considering the present market conditions our prices for reliable qualities are very low. Parents will prove that there's an advantage in paying a slight advance in cost and securing the better service.

BOOTS FOR BOYS

- Boys' Box Calf Blucher Boots, guaranteed all solid leather, heavy weight soles. Sizes 11 to 13½, a pair \$3.50
- Sizes 1 to 5½, a pair \$3.75
- A Similar Boot but lighter in weight—
- Sizes 11 to 13½, a pair \$2.50
- Sizes 1 to 5½, a pair \$3.00
- Leckie's Famous Boys' Boot, in box calf—
- Sizes 11 to 13½, a pair \$4.25
- Sizes 1 to 5½, a pair \$4.75
- Boys' Fine Velour Calf Lace Boots; welted soles and narrow toe. Sizes 1 to 5½, a pair, \$4.50
- Boys' Heavy English Grain Bluchers, finished with bellows tongue and double soles.
- Sizes 11 to 13½, a pair \$3.25
- Sizes 1 to 5½, a pair \$3.50

—Selling, Main Floor

BOOTS FOR GIRLS

- Girls' Gun Metal Button and Lace Boots, well known "Classic" make. Sizes 8 to 10½, a pair \$3.15
- Sizes 11 to 2, a pair \$3.75
- Girls' Gun Metal Button and Lace Boots, of solid leather and good wearing.
- Sizes 8 to 10½, a pair \$2.50
- Sizes 11 to 2, a pair \$3.00
- Sizes 2½ to 7, a pair \$4.00
- Growing Girls' Button and Lace Boots, gun metal calf uppers, Goodyear welted soles of double thickness. Sizes 2½ to 7, a pair \$5.00
- Cloth-Top Patent Leather Button Boots—
- Sizes 8 to 10½, a pair \$3.00
- Sizes 11 to 2, a pair \$3.50
- Sizes 2½ to 7, a pair \$4.00
- Hurlbut's Cushion Sole Welted Boots, gun metal or patent.
- Sizes 4 to 7½, a pair \$2.50
- Sizes 8 to 10½, a pair \$3.00
- Hurlbut's Patent or Gun Metal Strap Slippers.
- Sizes 4 to 7½, a pair \$2.00
- Sizes 8 to 10½, a pair \$2.35

—Selling, First Floor

Strong Serviceable School Suits for Boys--Norfolk Style With Bloomer Pants, \$4.75 and \$5.50

These Suits we had specially made for school wear. They are tailored in a smart manly Norfolk style with bloomer pants, from strong, durable tweeds. A splendid selection of shades and patterns, including medium and dark greys, browns, olive and fancy mixtures.

Each Suit is finished with the new inverted side pleats and Governor fasteners at knee. Well lined and stayed, thus ensuring durable wear. All parents who have school boys to clothe should investigate this special offer for the values are worth a saving of at least twenty per cent.

See Douglas street windows for samples.

—Boys' Clothing, Main Floor



Separate School Pants for Boys | Boys' Varsity Caps

Of fine quality cord, such as give lasting wear. The ideal separate Pant for school wear.

- Plain knee style, 6 to 10 years, a pair \$1.50
- Plain knee style, 11 to 16 years, a pair \$1.75
- Bloomer style, 6 to 10 years, a pair \$1.75
- Bloomer style, 11 to 14 years, a pair \$1.95

Boys' Blue Varsity Caps, each 25c and 50c

Boys' Tweed Golf Shape Caps, very smart and hardwearing. Each 25c, 35c, 50c to \$1.00

—Boys' Clothing, Main Floor

Boys' and Youths' Furnishings for Fall

The holidays will soon be over, and parents will be fitting their boys up again with good, serviceable furnishings for the Fall. Here are just a few of the many items that will be needed:

- Boys' Striped Flannellette Pyjamas, frog finished fronts and pearl buttons. Sizes 26 to 34 chest. A suit, \$1.00, \$1.15 and \$1.25
- Boys' Striped Flannellette Nightshirts, sizes 10 to 18 years. Each 75c
- Boys' Natural Merino Shirts and Drawers, suitable for between season wear. Penman's brand; long sleeves, ankle length. Sizes 22 to 32. A garment, 35c to 60c
- Combinations, as above, short sleeves and knee length. Sizes 22 to 32. A suit, 70c to \$1.20
- Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers, Penman brand; long sleeves and ankle length. Sizes 22 to 32. A garment, 35c to 70c
- Stanfield's Shirts and Drawers, natural wool mixture; elastic rib, medium weight; sizes 24 to 32. Long sleeves and ankle length. A garment, 75c to 95c
- Combinations, as above, long sleeves and ankle length. Sizes 22 to 32. A suit, 70c to \$1.20
- Boys' and Youths' School Shirts, with double collar attached; hand cuffs and pocket. Made from grey chambray, tan and white cotton, poplin. Sizes 13 to 14½. Special, each 85c
- Boys' Print-Quiting or School Shirts, with soft double cuffs and separate soft collar. In fancy light stripes. Each 85c

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SWEATERS FOR EARLY FALL

- Boys' English Worsted Sweaters, all wool, button-on-shoulder style. In colors navy, brown and grey. Sizes from 22 to 32 chest. Priced from \$1.30 to \$2.10
- A Better Grade in same style, in colors navy, brown and grey. Priced from \$1.75 to \$2.75
- Fine Cashmere All Wool Jersey Sweaters, in navy, brown and white. Each, \$1.75 to \$2.50
- Cashmere or Worsted, in sizes 20 to 34. Jersey style or without buttons on shoulder. Each, \$2.15 to \$2.75
- English Wool Mixture Jersey Sweaters, in colors navy, brown and grey. Sizes 28 to 32. Each, \$1.00 to \$1.45
- Boys' Sweaters, heavy woven rib cotton, with roll collar, in colors fawn, grey and mole. Sizes 24, 26 and 28. Each 85c
- Sizes 30 and 32, each 95c
- Heavy Ribbed Cotton Sweaters, with wool collar to wear up or down. Combination colors of mole and moss, grey and navy. Sizes 24 to 32. Each, \$1.15 and \$1.25
- Sweater Coats, cotton and wool mixtures, also all wool, plain and combination shades, with military or shawl collar. Sizes 24 to 34 chest. Priced, according to quality and size, each, \$1.15 to \$4.00

—Selling, Main Floor

DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

SPECIALS

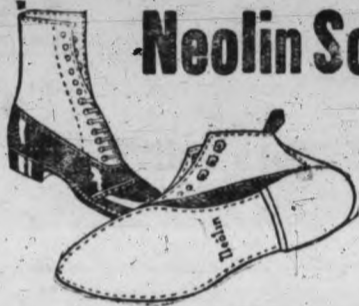
We have some broken lines of fine Imported Wines which we are clearing out at bargain prices.

- Red Sparkling Chambertin, quarts, at... \$2.00 per bottle
- Sparkling Meck, quarts, at... \$2.50 per bottle
- Sparkling Meck, pints, at... \$1.50 per bottle
- Beaune Chablis, quarts, at... \$1.00 per bottle
- Beaune Chablis, pints, at... \$.50 per bottle
- Beaune Bouchard Pere, quarts, at... \$1.00 per bottle
- Johnston's Navy Claret, quarts, at... \$.55 per bottle
- Johnston's Navy Claret, pints, at... \$.30 per bottle
- Johnston's Pontet Carret, pints, at... \$.65 per bottle

The Hudson's Bay Co.

Open Till 10 p.m. Telephone 4253
1212 Douglas Street We Deliver

Neolin Sole Shoes



Just Received in White, Brown and Black

Maynard's Shoe Store

649 YATES STREET

Leeming Bro. Ltd.

524 Fort Street Phone 748

Wanted—Furnished Houses, 6 to 8 rooms, Fairfield and James Bay Districts preferred.

Agents for **Savage Tires**

erris Will Buy, or Sell on Commission or by Auction

Household Furniture, Bankrupt, Closing out and Farm Stocks and Produce. List 1th mo., 1419 Douglas Street. Phone 1879.

Victoria Wood Co.

809 Johnson St. Phone 2274

DRY FIR CORD—WOOD, stove lengths, \$6.25

Fir Kindling, 8 Bundles, \$1.00

A few reservations are open at

SAVIRA LODGE

SHAWNIGAN LAKE

Home comforts and cooking. Enjoy your vacation in the country with the best of mountain climbing, fishing and boating. Special rates to families and parties.

Secure reservations early for **LABOR DAY HOLIDAY**

MRS. H. H. MOLONG

THE Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

Is situated at the corner of Blanshard and View Sts.

It is open daily from 9 a. m. to 10.30 p. m., and offers for the free use of all men a place to meet friends, facilities for letter writing, a good supply of reading matter, City Directory and other conveniences.

SOLDIERS, SAILORS and Strangers are invited to visit the Y. M. C. A.

DENTISTRY

DR. C. S. DENT wishes to announce the opening of his Dental Parlors at 313-314 Central Building.

Dr. Dent is a specialist on **Torrhea**.

DR. C. S. DENT DENTIST

Phone 3987 313-314 Central Bldg.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, August 29, 1892.

On Tuesday the Knights of Pythias will open their new hall in this city. Walter Ker, of the Brickman & Ker Milling Co., leaves to-morrow for New Westminster to take over the business of Messrs. Mathers & Milligan, recently acquired by his company.

The new James Bay Methodist Church was dedicated yesterday, and formally handed over to the seven chosen trustees for the denomination. Revs. E. Robson, Wilkinson, and Hopkins took part in the proceedings. The debt on the building is now about \$2,500.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Baby Buggy Tires put on stay at the Lawn Mower Hospital, 614 Cormorant.

Anti-Combine Fire Insurance: 7 old established companies, Duck & Johnson, 615 Johnson.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.50 per dozen.

St. Louis' College.—St. Louis' College, under the management of the Irish Christian Brothers, will reopen on Tuesday, August 28. Classes will be prepared for first year High School, Commercial Course and Entrance Exam. For terms apply to the Brother Superior, Burdette-House.

Gorge Park—Smart Set concerta daily at 2 and 8 p. m. Special feature to-night.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, pints, \$1.50 per dozen.

Fit Your Children Out at the Bee-Five—English Jerseys, \$1.00 up; English Cord Pants, \$1.00 to \$2.00; strong stockings, 7 for \$1.00; see the new woolen sets for infants, \$2.75 up.

To Consider Subject Further.—The City Police Commissioners yesterday deferred action upon the applications for increases from some members of the force, the Commissioners deciding to meet again to revise the wage scale.

Issues Building Permit.—The building permit for a cow byre on Shelburne Street, which was before the City Council on Monday, was formally issued to-day at the City Hall, to R. Jones.

Three Returned.—The men who returned this afternoon were Ptes. Stoddart, Alexander and Lusier. They were met by the officers of J unit and also by the members of the Welcome and Cheering Clubs.

In Force on Oct. 1.—Reference was made in these columns on Monday last to the effect that the Minister of Finance was expecting to have all the necessary machinery prepared for the collection of the Amusement Tax—in accordance with the legislation brought down last session—on October 1. Hon. John Hart stated definitely this morning that arrangements had been so completed and that the law would go into effect on October 1.

The Comptroller-General.—The last issue of the Canadian Gazette, published in London, to reach the city contains a notice of the appointment of A. S. Mount as Comptroller-General of the province. Having referred to Mr. Mount's career and the result of his work in Edmonton the Gazette concludes its notice thus: "His services to that city have been worthy of his professional reputation as a chartered accountant, and his selection reflects credit upon the province to which he is going."

Flying Corps Recruits.—In company with the party of twenty-three British recruits who arrived yesterday from San Francisco to join the Canadian forces there were ten cadets from the south for the Royal Flying Corps. They were taken to the Government Street office and after being signed on, left last evening for the Toronto training camps. The names of these recruits are: M. C. Abrams, T. Burns, B. Rogers, Thomas Whitman, Travis Hutton, Clayton Burton, William Lenfman, Roy Miller and Walton Gilbert.

Learning Aviation.—Hugh Scott, son of Jos. G. Scott, a pioneer merchant of Prince Rupert, is at present studying aviation in Toronto. In a letter to his father, he describes the course, which includes attending lectures given by returned aviators. He is finding out about bombing, scouting in conjunction with artillery, bomb sighting and dropping, giving artillery range and locating position. He mentions that learning how to fly a machine is the least essential part in the making of an aviator.

IS IN HOSPITAL



PTE. HAROLD PRITCHETT

Son of Mrs. Jane Pritchett, of 630 Rothwell Street, is now at Number 4 General Hospital, Camiers, France, to which he was admitted on August 17, having been wounded in the hand.

WIN-THE-WAR MEETING

Esquimalt Will Hold Gathering in Rex Theatre on Friday Evening of This Week.

The public meeting of the Win-the-War League that was advertised to be held in the Rex Theatre, Esquimalt, on Thursday evening has been postponed a day and will take place the following night at 8 o'clock. The gathering, as previously stated, will be a direct result of the efforts of the committee of the Esquimalt Branch of the Win-the-War League that has been doing everything in its power to foster the movement of united effort in war endeavor.

As has been the case with all win-the-war meetings that have been held in the province, the gathering will be non-partisan and non-political, and the committee in charge is very anxious that all residents of the district who can attend be present. A series of resolutions similar to those that were carried at last evening's meeting at the Royal Victoria Theatre will be presented to address the citizens. The following gentlemen have been invited to attend and to make short speeches: Lindley Crease, K.C., A. C. Flumerfelt, Father Silver, R. G. Duggan, Rev. Raugh Allen, T. H. Slater, C. T. Cross, Arthur Coles, Beaumont Boggs, Norman Yarrow.

That the movement will be given deserving support cannot for a moment be doubted, especially when the spirit that prompted crowds to attend the Royal Victoria Theatre has taken possession of many residents of the city and the surrounding municipalities.

Deputation to Council.—At a meeting of the Victoria and Island Development Association held yesterday afternoon, it was decided to approach the City Council regarding the scheme to erect a building on the Causeway to be used as offices of the Association. Arrangements were made to meet the streets committee of the Council on Friday afternoon, the only opposition to the scheme coming from J. A. Howard Chapman, who objected to the erection of a wooden building at that point. Chief Davis was present at the meeting, and refused to consent to a wooden roof. In order to overcome his objection, it was decided to use metal shingles. The building will be of frame structure, covered with bark, to give it a rustic appearance.

Nice for Serving Fruit.—Fancy Japanese baskets in pretty shapes, nice for fruit, sandwiches and cake, regular 20c and 25c; special at 15c each. Get yours to-day from R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 1392 Douglas St.

WOUNDED IN FACE



PTE. H. W. HOVEY

Who left Canada with the 167th Battalion from Winnipeg, is reported to have been admitted to hospital suffering from a gun shot wound in the face. His parents reside at 929 Empress Avenue in this city.

PREMATURE EXPLOSION KILLS TWO EMPLOYEES

Catastrophe Interrupts Successful Prosecution of Work on Old Indian Reserve

A tragedy occurred at 4.15 yesterday on the Songhees Reserve, when Wm. Roskelly and David Gowdy were killed by the premature explosion of some 100 pounds of dynamite. A formal examination of the circumstances will be made at the inquest on Friday. The men were engaged in loading the third in a series of seven holes on the face of the rock facing south, where the blasting operations are in progress. The hole had been bored 17 feet down and they were placing the dynamite sticks in the cavity. Roskelly was on his knees over the hole and Gowdy, who was taking the place of another workman, William Merrifield, who was away, stood over him tamping the explosive down with a wooden tamper. All the remainder of the gang were away from the scene.

The superintendent, W. H. Russell Humber, however, was standing on a rock some distance away when the explosion occurred, and he saw the bodies shot up into the air, Roskelly's falling about 50 feet away, while Gowdy's was 130 feet distant. The explosion was obviously premature, as the arrangement had been that the shots were not to be fired till the whole of the seven holes were ready. When Mr. Humber and the men ran to the scene, pieces of the mangled bodies and of the men's clothing were discovered and the contents of the box of dynamite from which the sticks had been taken. The sticks had been blown all over the place, but had not exploded. Accordingly every effort was made to collect them carefully and all the scattered explosive, it is believed, was securely recovered.

The remains were subsequently removed to the B. C. Funeral Company's rooms.

Both men were expert powdermen. Roskelly, who was 64 years of age, had 40 years' experience with powder, while David Gowdy, although not the regular assistant to Roskelly, was also accustomed to the use of explosives. Roskelly was a married man, whose family reside on Tennyson Avenue; while Gowdy, who was about 50 years of age, was single and lived at the Jubilee Hotel.

There has only been one fatal accident on this work in two and a half years' operations, one man being killed by flying rock previously.

GUN SHOT IN CHEST



SERG. MAJ. NEAL

Who left here with the 50th, and was wounded after two years' service at the front.

DR. KING TOURING

Residents Show Hearty Accord With Improved Conditions in Public Works Department.

Hon. Dr. King, Minister of Public Works, is on a tour of the interior of the province making investigations in connection with the administration of his department. He has just completed a trip with Dr. Macdonald, M. P. F., from Skeena through the Shuswap Lakes as far as Seymour Arm, thence to Enderby, Armstrong, Lumby, and Vernon. Through all the districts traversed by the Minister the residents have manifested the keenest sense of appreciation of the efforts of the department in the administration of road appropriations.

One of the most encouraging features of the tour has been the entire absence of conflicting opinion as to the department's justification in the new methods of carrying out the various undertakings. Sympathetic feelings for the department were exhibited owing to the handicap occasioned by the smaller appropriations made necessary by the depleted state of the treasury—the legacy of the late administration and its relation to the affairs of the public works of the province.

The residents at all points touched showed their hearty accord with the improved order of things, particularly as the department has shown commendable results in a larger amount of work accomplished on a much smaller expenditure than obtained under the old regime. The conditions generally are regarded by the Minister to be highly satisfactory.

Case Collapsed.—The allegation made by Hardan Singh that Pte. John Payne, a returned soldier, had assaulted him when he called to collect a bill for wood at Oliphant Avenue was investigated in the Police Court today, and after hearing prosecutor, the Magistrate discharged the accused.

The Appreciated of Musicians—The Admired of All

It has been said that only an artist can truly appreciate art. So also does it require a musician to appreciate, at its true worth, the outstandingly beautiful Nordheimer Piano. But one does not need to be an artist to admire art—nor does one need to be a musician to admire the wonderful tone and artistic perfection of the instruments that bear the Nordheimer name.

NORDHEIMER Piano and Music Company, Limited
CORNER ROSS & ALBERT STS. TORONTO

FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House
1121 Government Street and 607 View Street
In the New Spencer Building Also at Vancouver

HEADQUARTERS EDISON MAZDA LAMPS

BREAKFAST

BREAKFAST

EL GRILSTOVO

Is the hurry-up breakfast maker. Quickly makes the most delicious crisp toast—rightly browned—on top, while bacon is done to a tasty finish in the underdish below. Bacon and eggs just as simple. Eggs in a fry pan on top; bacon in the underdish. El Grilstovo does this right at your elbow, on the breakfast table, no running to and from the kitchen. Single Heat, \$7.00. Three Heat, \$8.50.

HAWKINS & HAYWARD

Electrical Fixtures and Supplies.
1607 Douglas Street. Phone 643. Opp. City Hall
1103 Douglas Street. Phone 2627. Near Cor. Fort Street

Farmers, Stablemen and Others

Can Procure Finest Excelsior **BEDDING FREE**

Clean and Dry.
Sweeney Cooperage Co., Ltd.
Ellery St. and E. & N. Railway, Victoria West.

COLONIAL INSTITUTE

Colonel E. G. Prior Succeeds Mr. Justice Eberts as Honorary Corresponding Secretary.

In a telegraphic dispatch from London this morning the announcement is made that Colonel E. G. Prior has been appointed Honorary Corresponding Secretary of the Royal Colonial Institute in the room of Hon. D. M. Eberts, resigned. R. H. Pooley, M. P. P.; Captain Robert C. Horn, of Victoria; Rev. Charles W. G. Moore, of Red Deer, Alta.; and Rev. W. J. Miller, of Calgary, Alta., have been elected Fellows of the R. C. I.

"FIRE SWEEP" PROVINCE

Graphic Description of British Columbia Forest Fires Appears in Well-Known London Daily.

Sensationalism, except on spasmodic occasions, could scarcely be accredited to the average English daily newspaper. The Daily Express, however, excelled itself recently when it published a cablegram which reads as follows:

"Extensive forest fires have occurred in British Columbia. The damage to houses, crops and timber is incalculable. Whole communities have been forced to flee before the rapid advance of the flames. Many saved their lives by taking refuge in the rivers."

"Thousands of fire-fighters are at work, but they have been forced to retire by the flames. In Washington State people can see for miles the crimson glow of the fires that are driving towards the frontier. The Strouls Creek, Kootenay, Trail, Paterson, Duncan, River, Arrow Lakes and Whatson Lake districts are all fire swept."

Cabling in reply to the Acting Agent-General a few days later Premier Brewster corrected the impression which might easily have been gained from the announcement in the London daily. The Prime Minister's news indicated that the general situation was somewhat serious on account of the dry weather and hot winds, but that the damage was not of any magnitude.

SERG. REDFERN HIT

Pte. James Simpson, of This City, Also Wounded; Father is Prisoner in Germany.

Serg. William Redfern has been dangerously wounded, according to information contained in a cablegram received by relatives residing in Seattle. He left Victoria for the front on June 25, 1916, with the 2nd Canadian Mounted Rifles. Since that time he has seen almost continual service on the Continent.

Pte. James Simpson, who formerly resided at 141 Bay Street, has been wounded with gunshot in both the neck and shoulder. He was for a time serving with a pioneer battalion, but was recently transferred to the 7th unit. His father is a prisoner of war in Limburg, Germany.

KIRKHAM'S

THE LARGEST GROCERY STORE IN VICTORIA

have gained the confidence of the public by their determined and continual efforts to please, by handling Wholesome and Fresh goods only and by adopting the modern, up-to-date CASH methods of doing business.

DRUG SPECIALS ALL THIS WEEK

- Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, regular 25c for 20c
- Keatings' Insect Powder, regular 20c, for 15c
- Reception Folding Ladies' Lawn Writing Tablet, regular 25c, for 17c

- Malahat Coffee, fresh ground, per lb. 25c
- National Soda Biscuits Per large pkt. 25c
- Genuine Macaroni or Spaghetti, 3 lbs. 25c
- California Black Figs Per lb. 14c

THURSDAY'S SPECIAL

- Griffin's Seedless Raisins Regular 15c per pkt. 12c

- Bananas Per dozen 23c
- Fresh Local Strawberries, per basket 25c
- Kellogg's Corn Flakes Per pkt. 10c
- Tomatoes Per large basket 19c
- Bartlett Pears Per basket 24c
- Shredded Wheat Biscuits, 2 pkts. 25c

CROCKERY SPECIALS ALL THIS WEEK

- Fancy Bowls Regular 15c for 11c
- Fancy Cups and Saucers Regular per dozen \$2.30, for \$1.90

H. O. KIRKHAM & CO., LTD.

Victoria, B. C. Duncan, B. C.

PHONES: Grocery, 178 and 179. Delivery, 5522. Fish and Provisions, 5520. Meat, 5521

If you want the BEST tea Go to the firm that GROWS it

LIPTON'S TEA

Thomas Lipton TEA COFFEE AND COCOA PLANTER CEYLON.

OPPENHEIMER BROS., Agents for B.C.

CAMOSUN BRAND

Pickling Vinegar

Twenty-five years experience has perfected a Pickling Vinegar that we guarantee will keep your vegetables, etc., in perfect condition; and its flavor is equal to any English Vinegar. We also recommend our Pure Malt, Cider and Blended Vinegars. Buy through your grocer, or Phone 502. Western Pickling Works, Ltd., 851 Fisgard Street

The WEATHER

Daily Bulletin Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Aug. 29—5 a. m.—The barometer remains high over this province and fine, warm weather is general on the Pacific slope, except rain, has again fallen on the northern B. C. coast and in Atlin. Fine and moderately warm weather continues in the prairie provinces.

Forecasts.
For 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday: Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate winds, generally fair, not much change in temperature.
Lower Mainland—Continued fine, not much change in temperature.

Reports.
Victoria—Barometer, 30.09; temperature, maximum yesterday, 63; minimum, 52; wind, calm; weather, clear.
Nanaimo—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, maximum yesterday, 62; minimum, 54; wind, 4 miles S. W.; weather, clear.
Kamloops—Barometer, 29.92; temperature, maximum yesterday, 62; minimum, 46; wind, 4 miles S. W.; weather, fair.
Barkerville—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, maximum yesterday, 62; minimum, 46; wind, calm; weather, fair.
Prince Rupert—Barometer, 30.26; temperature, maximum yesterday, 62; minimum, 48; wind, calm; rain, .14; weather, cloudy.
Tatoosh—Barometer, 30.18; temperature,

Station	Barometer	Temp. Max.	Temp. Min.	Wind	Weather
Nanaimo (Entrance Is.)	30.09	62	52	..	..
Grand Forks	30.08	62	52	..	..
Penitlen	30.08	62	52	..	..
Chamberlain	30.08	62	52	..	..
Nelson	30.08	62	52	..	..
Calgary	30.08	62	52	..	..
Edmonton	30.08	62	52	..	..
Qu'Appelle	30.08	62	52	..	..
Winnipeg	30.08	62	52	..	..
Toronto	30.08	62	52	..	..
Ottawa	30.08	62	52	..	..
Montreal	30.08	62	52	..	..
St. John	30.08	62	52	..	..
Halifax	30.08	62	52	..	..

FUEL SITUATION

Matter of High Prices and Inadequate Supplies Discussed With Minister of Mines.

To discuss the fuel situation in British Columbia, more especially as it affects the coast points, Nicol Thompson, Fuel Controller for the province, and Hon. William Sloan, Minister of Mines, were in conference yesterday afternoon and again this morning. An outline of procedure was proposed by Mr. Thompson to meet general conditions.

This meeting is the direct result of representations received from North and South Vancouver municipalities and from other points. These centres, through their councils, have been complaining of the high prices of coal and of other fuel and of the difficulty experienced in securing adequate supplies.

Your Liver has important work to do. Under favorable conditions it does it well. If sluggish, relieve it with BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

Social & Personal

Mrs. G. Millward and Miss E. Southall have returned to the city after spending a few days with friends in Vancouver.

Mr. Percival, of Pender Island, is a visitor in the city, having come down in order to attend the meeting at the Royal Victoria Theatre last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Collishaw, of Nanaimo, announce the engagement of their daughter, Cicely Gertrude, to Dr. T. J. McPhee, of that city. The marriage will take place in November.

Mr. George Blizard, of Salt Spring Island, is in the city, and was among those who occupied a seat on the platform at the Royal Victoria Theatre last evening at the Win-the-War meeting.

Major A. P. Proctor, medical superintendent of the Military Hospitals commission command in Vancouver, left on Monday for the mainland, after visiting for a week with his family at Cadboro Bay.

Mrs. R. A. Burnett and the Misses Winnifred and Mary Burnett, of Winnipeg, are spending a vacation in Victoria and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Cockett, at the Mount Edward Apartments.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Vanasse entertained at dinner Saturday evening in honor of Miss Marie Blair, of Victoria. Nasturtiums and autumn leaves were used for the decorations and covers were laid for eight.

Among the Vancouver people who came over yesterday to attend the big mass meeting at the Royal Victoria Theatre as delegates from the Vancouver Win-the-War committee were Principal Vance, Mrs. Ralph Smith, Messrs. William McNeill, G. H. Housler, G. F. Smollett, Q. M. S. Tohill, P. Laughman, E. P. Davis, K. C. W. H. Hargrave, and Nicol Thompson.

On Tuesday, August 28, at the "Manse," 410 Wilson Street, Dr. H. N. Maclean, pastor of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, united in marriage Sadie Paula Willis, adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph John Baird, of Lamson Street, Esquimalt, and Sidney Joseph Withrow, of Port Renfrew, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Withrow, of Burton-on-Trent, England. The newly wedded couple are making a tour of the lower mainland after which they will make their home in Port Renfrew.

There will be a Military Five Hundred party held in the Red Cross rooms, Scott Building, on the evening of September 13. This will be the first of a series of card parties to be held fortnightly throughout the winter season, and it is hoped that all who helped to make these parties so successful last winter will again lend their patronage. A general meeting of the committee is being called for Monday evening, September 17, in order to elect a new convener, and generally to plan details of the winter's work.

From the meeting held on Monday evening in the Labor Temple, Vancouver, Mrs. J. C. Kemp and the women who met with her with the purpose of forming a woman's battalion similar to the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps now helping behind the lines in France, a wire was forwarded to Ottawa asking for permission to form such a unit. Whether an official battalion is formed or not physical training will be proceeded with, and Sergt.-Major Robinson, who was among those to address the meeting, expressed his readiness to undertake the work of instructor in military drill. Pte. Laughman of the Great War Veterans' Association, was another speaker at the meeting, which was well attended.

PANTAGES VAUDEVILLE.

A big and interesting bill of Pantages vaudeville has its opening at

AN IMPORTANT LETTER FROM NIAGARA FALLS.

Niagara Falls, Ont.—"I was miserable, tired out and dragging around. My legs could scarcely support me. My husband had read about 'Favorite Prescription' and he got me to use it. I used four bottles and the results were surprising. I got stronger, was less nervous, my appetite improved and I felt like a new person. It is the best medicine for women I have ever heard of."

—Mrs. A. C. Brown, 39 Clifton Ave., Niagara Falls, Ont.

There is nothing that will bring comfort and renew hope to the invalid so surely as good news. When the vital forces are at a low ebb and everything seems useless, a ray of joy and assurance will stimulate the weary body to new effort and energy. A letter from a loved one has turned the tide in many a case of sickness.

Doctors of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., has good news for every suffering woman. Write him to-day and tell him your troubles, and he will send you just the right advice to restore you to health and bring back the roses to your cheeks, and without charge. His "Favorite Prescription" has been the rescue of thousands of suffering women. Many grateful patients have taken Dr. Pierce's advice.

Mothers, if your daughters are weak, lack ambition, are troubled with headaches, lassitude and are pale and sickly, Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is just what they need to surely bring the bloom of health to their cheeks and make them strong and healthy.

It is not a secret remedy because its ingredients are printed on wrapper. Sold in either tablet or liquid form.



Although the Price of Diamonds has advanced 20 per cent. since we purchased our stock yet

Our Prices. Remain at the Original Figures as Marked Two Years Ago

Our present figures are therefore worthy of your close consideration.

Mitchell & Duncan LIMITED

Jewelers.
Successors to Short, Hill & Duncan, Ltd.
Central Building, Corner View and Broad Sts.
C. P. R. and B. C. Electric Watch Inspectors.

The popular Government Street playhouse with the matinee performance this afternoon. This is one of those bills which is almost perfectly balanced in its variety. It has had striking popularity at other points on the Pantages circuit and is expected to meet with the usual success here.

The headline feature is offered by the Six Venetian Gypsies in an act they call "Frolicking in a Gypsy Camp." These clever performers sing, dance and give instrumental numbers in a bright and delightful melange of harmony and entertainment. They present such ambitious numbers as the "Avril Chorus" from "Il Trovatore," as well as the popular songs of the day in both vocal and instrumental numbers. Their act is prettily set and well costumed.

Lovers of Dickens and those who appreciate a little touch of the dramatic occasionally, will be interested in the appearance here of the noted English protean actor, Owen McGivney. He comes in a strong one-act playlet founded on "Oliver Twist." The novelty of Frank Morrell's singing will be a revival of songs immensely popular years ago. His ballads have been greeted enthusiastically all along the Pantages circuit.

Comedy fills the rest of the bill. Reeder and Armstrong are fond of calling themselves the Piano Fiends, and evoke a good deal of merriment and large quantities of music when they assault two pianos simultaneously. Claire and Atwood are two foolish tumbling clowns who are also great laugh raisers. They acrobat around a table or two, get much fun out of their antics, and generally have a good time along with the audience.

CITY MARKET.

Many orders for Italian prunes were taken in the City Market this morning at 5c a pound. There was a good display of fruit and a ready sale. Flowers and plants attracted many purchasers. Prices were firm in most lines, averaging as follows:

- Fruit—Italian prunes, advance orders booked at, lb. 5c; cherries, lb. 5c; select berries, box, 3 for 10c; strawberries, box, 25c; loganberries, box, 15c; 2 for 25c; blackberries, box, 15c; 2 for 25c; cooking apples, 8 lbs. 25c; eating apples, 5 lbs. 25c; crab apples, 8 lbs. 25c.
- Dairy Produce—Eggs, per doz., 55c and 60c; butter, per lb., 55c to 60c; honey-comb, 25c; cream cheese, packet, 25c; Gouda cheese, per lb., 40c.
- Vegetables—Potatoes, lb. 25c; cabbage, lb. 2c; red cabbage, lb. 2c; cooking onions, lb. 12c; lucullus, bunch, 10c; kohlrabi, bunch, 10c; carrots, 2 bunches 25c; onions, 3 bunches 10c.
- Meat—Lamb, lb. 25c to 30c; mutton, lb., 25c to 30c; veal, lb., 15c to 20c; beef, lb., 15c to 20c; pork, lb., 20c to 25c; spring chicken, lb. 30c; spring broilers, lb., 30c; fowl, lb., 25c; duck, lb., 30c; rabbits, lb., 25c.
- Fish—White salmon, 2 lbs. 25c; best spring salmon, 2 lbs. 25c; halibut, lb., 15c to 18c; black cod, lb. 12c; ling cod, lb., 12c; smoked black cod, lb., 20c; smoked black cod tips, lb., 10c; kippers, lb., 12c.
- Vegetables—Butter beans, 4 lbs. 25c; French beans, 3 lbs. 25c; cucumbers, lb., 10c and 15c; tomatoes, lb., 10c and 15c; lettuce, head, 3 for 10c.

LOTS OF THEM.

The child who was reading aloud at school came across the sentence: "Three days afterwards the ship crossed the line."
"What line is here meant?" asked the teacher.
"The Equator," responded the child.
"Quite right. Now, can any boy tell me if there are any other lines at sea besides the Equator?"
After an awkward pause one solitary hand was held up.
"Well, Peter," said the schoolmaster, encouragingly, "do you know of any?"
"Yes, sir," glibly replied the boy; "I ken some of them. There's the Allan Line and the Cunard Line and the Anchor Line and the White Star Line, and a hale lot mair of them."—Tit-Bits.

RELATIVES OF MEN AT FRONT ORGANIZE

Fathers and Brothers Meet Tonight; Sisters, Mothers and Sweethearts To-morrow

As a result of action taken at Monday night's meeting in the Princess Theatre when President Duggan, of the Great War Veterans' Association, announced that both male and female relatives of soldiers who have fallen in battle would be formed into two distinct bodies as auxiliary forces of the Great War Veterans' Association, two meetings have been arranged for.

It was originally made public that the women would gather in the Board Room of the Belmont Block this afternoon and the men in the same quarters on Friday evening. Changes have now been effected and it has been decided that the men will hold their meeting to-night at 8 o'clock in the Board Room and that the women will gather to-morrow afternoon at 3.30 o'clock.

Wives, mothers, sisters and sweethearts of men on active service of those who have fallen will be entitled to attend to-morrow afternoon, while fathers and brothers will be considered eligible for this evening's gathering. The meetings will be called to order promptly and it is hoped that all who are eligible to attend will do so and that they will make it a point to be on time.

AT THE HOTELS

- H. E. Currie, of Port Alberni, is at the Dominion Hotel.
- C. Bailey, of Vancouver, is a guest at the Metropolitan Hotel.
- F. Baley, of Ladysmith, is a guest at the Metropolitan Hotel.
- F. N. Harry, of Auckland, N. Z., is stopping at the Dominion.
- W. Kippen, of Cowichan Lake, is a guest at the Metropolitan Hotel.
- T. Carr, is a new arrival at the Strathcona Hotel from Ottawa.
- Col. and Mrs. Dobbie, of Maple Bay, are guests of the Dominion Hotel.
- A. Prosser and family, of Moose Jaw, arrived at the Strathcona yesterday.
- T. A. Benson, of Edmonton, registered at the Empress Hotel yesterday.
- Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Pope, of Moose Jaw, are staying at the Empress Hotel.
- R. T. Watson, from Seattle, registered at the Metropolitan Hotel yesterday.
- Mrs. W. F. Tate is staying at the Strathcona Hotel from New Westminster.
- Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. How, of Toronto, are staying at the Empress Hotel.
- Spencer Percival, of Port Washington, is stopping at the Strathcona Hotel.
- A. Howe and family, of Chemainus, are new arrivals at the Dominion Hotel.
- A. R. Lyon and Mrs. Lyon, of Stockton, Cal., are at the Dominion Hotel.
- Thomas C. Denny, of Santa Rosa, Cal., arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.
- Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hanson, of Vancouver, are registered at the Westholme.
- Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Spurgeon, of Seattle, registered at the Metropolitan Hotel yesterday.
- Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Baker, of Saskatoon, Sask., are guests at the Strathcona Hotel.
- Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Hickman are down from Nanaimo and are at the Strathcona.
- Geo. Appleyard, of Edmonton, is visiting the city, staying at the Hotel Westholme.
- Mr. and Mrs. H. Cox, of Winnipeg, are in the city, guests at the Westholme Hotel.
- Mrs. Niblett and Miss N. Frank, of Calgary, are new arrivals at the Dominion Hotel.
- T. South, Mrs. E. H. Shut and Mrs. T. Picken, of Calgary, are at the Dominion Hotel.
- Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Stewart, of Regina, are stopping at the Dominion Hotel.
- Mrs. T. P. Williams and son, of Edmonton, registered at the Dominion Hotel yesterday.
- Mrs. and the Misses Langford, of

Gordon Doyle LIMITED

Store Hours, 9.30 a. m. to 6 p. m. Friday, 9.30 p. m.; Saturday, 1 p. m.

The New Hats Are Exceptionally Smart

Attractive Assortments Here

THE WOMAN who is ready to make selection need not wait longer, the display now being specially complete.

Authentic styles are presented, every popular requirement has been anticipated. Come and view the new Hats now. Become acquainted with the styles that will dominate the Fall season.

Women's Wash Dresses in Pleated Styles at \$3.50 Each

Splendid models for beach or house wear are made with large sailor collars, deep yoke, and full belt. These are designed with box pleats at back and front, have three-quarter length sleeves and are trimmed with striped gingham. Colors include Copenhagen, pink, lavender, or smart checks.

All Sizes \$3.50 Each

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PANTAGES

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY

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Piano Friends.

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The California Boy Favorite Tenor Balladist.

Six Venetian Gypsies

In a carnival of Singing, Dancing and Instrumental Music.

"Frolicking in a Gypsy Camp"

Winnipeg, registered at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Montreal registrations at the Empress Hotel include G. C. Terry and Fraser S. Keith.

Mrs. Phillips and Mrs. Sherringham, of Parkville, are registered at the Strathcona Hotel.

A. D. Ordano and Misses A. and R. Ordano, of Cowichan Bay, are stopping at the Dominion.

Mrs. Wm. Bradley and Miss Webster, of Tacoma, registered at the Dominion Hotel yesterday.

Mrs. Scully, Mrs. Zimmelle and Miss Zimmelle, from Washington, D. C., are guests at the Empress Hotel.

J. H. Orr and Mrs. Orr and W. G. Howell and Mrs. Howell, of Seattle, are stopping at the Dominion.

Mr. George R. Proctor, of Los Angeles, and Mrs. W. W. Irwin, of Van-

cover, are arrivals at the Empress Hotel.

Mrs. D. Robertson and Pte. D. A. Robertson, of Whalton, Cortes Island, are stopping at the Dominion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Ghenstone, A. McLaren and family, Miss A. E. Cardiff and C. H. White are Calgary guests at the Strathcona Hotel.

Drowned in River.—With the arrival of the steamship Venture at Prince Rupert word was brought of the drowning of a fisherman on the Neas River during last week. Full details are not yet to hand, but it seems that the fisherman in his boat got into the way of the Venture. The boat was run down and the fisherman drowned. Dragging operations are still in progress for the body of the unfortunate man.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quart, \$2.75 per dozen.

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Smart New Designs In Fall Suits



This display of the new fall styles is one that every woman should see if she has a curiosity to satisfy as to what the new modes will be like.

Some of these suits are of styles that outline the figure, while others are of styles that hang in straight lines from shoulders to hem in "tube" effect. Materials are serges, gabardines, broadcloth and velours, in a wide variety of new tones, with navy, as a matter of course, predominating. Prices

\$25 to \$60

MUCH ENTHUSIASM AT WIN-THE-WAR MEETING

Speakers Express Determination to Use Every Resource of the Country in Great Cause; Politicians Are Rated.

That Victorians are in grim earnest in the matter of winning the war was shown last night when the falling of the mass meeting at the Royal Victoria Theatre gave them an opportunity of expression. The theatre was jammed from orchestra to topmost row in the gallery, and wave after wave of applause surged through the house when the chairman read the clauses of the resolution:

"Resolved that this meeting demands: (a) The formation of a national, union, non-party, win-the-war government; (b) The immediate enforcement of selective conscription by the Military Service Bill of 1917; (c) The immediate conscription of war-profits, as in England, and the utilization of the whole resources of the Dominion in the prosecution of the war; (d) Immediate and adequate provision for the welfare of returned soldiers; (e) And for the purpose of making the foregoing effective to pledge ourselves to support no candidate for election to the House of Commons who will not subscribe to the above principles."

The Hon. Chief Justice Gordon Hunter was in the chair. Grouped behind him on the platform were men and women representing every section of the city, of the Island, and certain parts of the Mainland, Vancouver, Esquimalt, Victoria, Parksville, Pender and Salt Spring Islands, and Comox. Men representative of many phases of community life—the returned soldier, the lawyer and business man, the labor and union man—united in expressing themselves in favor of the elimination of political differences and the union of all parties and factions in the solution of the one paramount Imperial problem, the winning of the war. Voices of protest rose here and there through the house at the mere

mention by the chairman of such offences as war profiteering, gambling in food, inadequate pensioning of returned disabled men. Enthusiasm ran to a high pitch when he declared for the people that they would put their own candidates in the field, to carry out their plans if the government failed to sense the country's demands.

"Why has the electorate of the city of Victoria turned out in such force on this occasion?" asked Chief Justice Hunter in the address with which he opened the meeting. "The electorate is roused over the political conditions in the country," he declared. "We find that the Government in power has been of a weak and vacillating mind. (Voice: They should be asphyxiated!) We find moreover an opposition that has been spending its time occupying the people's attention in the pros and cons of voluntary enlistment, the preaching of salvation by the referendum. Honeyed words were no longer adequate to the emergency. Both parties were simply manoeuvring for political advantage. The powers which were in were busy trying to stay in the party which was out was trying to get in. The electorate was uneasy and disheartened with the political situation on both sides. While the political controversies raged men were dying on the field of battle, falling of reinforcements, weakened by lack of the support which they should have."

The large sum of \$16 million is not enough for a man who has been crippled for life fighting for his country," declared the speaker after reading the last clause in the resolution. "It is an outrage that such a thing can be allowed to continue."

"Some say why not a third party? Some say because there would be no official organ, no newspaper, for such a party. But we have an instance of one political candidate at least in Victoria who got in despite the combined

opposition of both papers. You've got your vote. You can record your views in spite of the press. And the free papers of the country will back your movement. The ballot, thank God, is secret. Whatever your party leanings in the past you know where your duty lies in this time of crisis."

Country First. "Surely Canada in such a time as this should put country first and let party stand aside," said E. P. Davis, K.C., who was the next speaker. In Manitoba, he had noted with pleasure, the Premier had put country before party. The Win-the-War movement had been instituted by no political party. It was regrettable that the accusation had been levelled at the Great War Veterans' Association that one of its recently adopted resolutions was tainted with politics. Such an accusation he felt to be absolutely unfounded. Personally he could not remember ever having cast a Conservative vote. But in this crisis he was prepared to support a Conservative, if that were necessary. And the Conservatives in the Win-the-War movement, he was just as certain, would cast their vote for a Liberal if need be, if by so doing they believed they would be putting in a man who would devote all his energies towards any national undertaking to win the war.

Must Be Enforced. British Columbia with a population of 400,000 had seen just as many soldiers overseas as Quebec with her two and a half million. That was not fair. Men should be taken to rectify this. And the Military Service Bill, even if passed, would mean nothing unless it were enforced. A French-Canadian had told him that if conscription were put into force the people of that province, who were a law-abiding people, would carry out their duties. The argument that conscription if enforced would interfere with the financial and commercial prosperity of Quebec was just as foolish as the argument of the man who would say he could not pay his debts without interfering with his financial advancement. It was Quebec's duty to carry her share of the national responsibility. If she would not voluntarily pay her debts she should be forced to do so. She was skulking in the protection of the Monroe Doctrine, allowing America to fight for her when she would not fight for herself.

War Profits. "A very great proportion of the war profits should be taken and used in the national fight," said the speaker referring to war profits. This was done in England. "It is a crying shame that we continue to let men make money out of the very blood of our citizens. The treatment of the Germans at the conclusion of the war came in for a brief word. The Germans had shown themselves to be something that no wild Indians ever were. 'After the war let us keep the Germans out of our country! Let us keep not only Germans but German products, German ships away from our shores. There is a time when one's duty is paramount. It is up to all of us to do what we can to win the war. When we have done that we will be morally in a position to say with Grenville: 'I have only done my duty as a man is bound to do.'"

Unity Needed. "We cannot afford to play politics at such a time as this," declared Mr. Lindley Crease, the next speaker. Without respect to politics they must get together, make a union or composite government which would devote itself wholeheartedly to the country's service without fear or favor. Germany had miscalculated about the component parts of the British Empire. South Africa, she had thought, would drop out of the fight; India would revolt; Egypt would arise; Canada—coveted, Canada—would be easy prey to the German agents.

German Agents Active. "But our boys at the front have made an answer which will ring down the pages of history," summed up the speaker amid thunderous applause. "Even now the enemy are trying to take courage, hoping that Canada will relax her efforts, that she will show a dissipated front. We shall disappoint them yet again. We know that the German agents still active in the province of Quebec. So there are in other parts of Canada and in the United States. But we know and should recognize the fact that there are thousands of good Canadians in the province of Quebec. Canadians whose sons are fighting for us. We should feel that they have perhaps a more difficult part to play. We must give them the hand of brotherhood, we must support them. It is unjust, unwise, to enter into a wholesale condemnation of Quebec. We must try to see each other's viewpoint, sink our differences."

Mr. Crease applied the principle still further. Organized labor had been accused of disloyalty. "But thousands of organized laborers are fighting in the ranks," he reminded his listeners. "Until the country put out its last ounce of force, all its riches, wealth, resources, it was not making its utmost effort. In England conscription had been opposed at first. But labor had given way when it recognized the urgency of the need. The same thing would happen in Canada."

Working Man Patriotic. "Because I am sure that our working men are as patriotic and devoted to our country as any who walk our soil," declared the speaker. Were not the people of the world fighting against autocracy, an autocracy which would bind in hateful bondage those whom it might conquer, and make them like those peoples who had been compelled to fight atrocious to carry out the designs of Prussia. Was the country going to waste its forces and energies in internal strife or was it to turn all its might against the enemy. The liberty and freedom for which the nation's forefathers had fought must be preserved, upheld.

True Britisher. Prolonged clapping greeted Pte. David Laughman, president of the Provincial Branch of the Great War Veterans, who wore his khaki uniform. He had come down from Vancouver to address the meeting. To clear up any possible misunderstanding he, es-

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No matter whose birthday it is, come and see us a few days before the event and we'll decorate a cake specially for the occasion. The artistic quality of our work, the wholesomeness of the cake we supply and the moderation of prices will please you.

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established himself as a Britisher in ancestry, a Canadian by adoption. "It seems strange to me that meeting of this kind should be necessary in Canada to-day, that after three years of cruel war and suffering we should have to get together to reaffirm the loyalty of the 400,000 men in khaki who have gone overseas. Why is it necessary? Because there are traitors in Canada; because there are men in high places ready and willing to haul down the grand old Union Jack and put up in its place the white flag of surrender," he affirmed.

"Such a meeting as this should be absolutely unnecessary. But as we have come to the point let us recognize that it is our duty to sink all our political differences and devote our energies to the bringing of the war to an honorable conclusion."

No Political Leanings. The Association for which he spoke had no political leanings. Its aim was to inculcate loyalty to the Empire. The veterans of this war felt that they had unquestionable right to speak in this crisis. (Applause.) They had been in the fighting over there. But they were not done fighting yet. They were out for a cleaner national government. Loyalty to their comrades still in the field demands this. The Conscription Act would be in force this week. Should there be any organized resistance to a man would volunteer to suppress any such comic opera business. (Loud applause.) He had something else to say. Throughout Canada thousands of aliens had the privilege of the ballot. The Veterans would demand at least that the women of Canada, who had done so much in the war, should be given the ballot to counteract this alien vote.

Second Returned Soldier. Pte. Laughman was given an ovation as he resumed his seat. Pte. Duggan, president of the Victoria Branch of the Great War Veterans' Association, in a picturesque metaphor of an ex-miner who had been through the experience of burial in a coal-mine disaster, showed how the men of the country who had been holding back, just like the salvagers who heard the guide-sound of tapping in the underground passages of the caved-in mine, had heard the signal from the trenches.

"There is not an able-bodied man in this audience who has not heard the tapping. The only thing is, however, that he has not had the courage to join in and do his part. Let him set about cutting his way in now, like the miners do."

Conscription first. Put on the safety doors afterwards so that your boys can get into honorable positions when they come back," urged this speaker. He spoke of the British bulldog. As a boy he feared the species. Later he came to know them as the most lovable of animals, who never sought a fight, who only snarled when they met a cur, but hung on like grim death when they entered the fray.

"If there is anything of the cur in us let us root it out. Let us hold by our bull-dog tradition: What we have we'll hold."

Surgical Operation. Mr. Chandler, of Cape Scott, had travelled 154 miles to attend the meeting. A surgical operation was sometimes necessary in extreme cases where medicine could not or would not be taken. Party must go to the wall. The business of the country came first. The people of his section of the Island were ready, he knew, to sink all political differences to see the through. If the terrible struggle now waging in Europe could not show Quebec her duty then nothing short of the surgical operation would.

Men, Money, Materials. William McNeill, of Vancouver, urged that men, money, and materials be conscripted to bring the war to an end. "Would that the cry of France and Flanders were heard over and above the cry of politics," he lamented. Recently, on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of Confederation, there floated over Westminster Abbey side by side the Union Jack and the Canadian flag. Why? Because of the new name for valor which the Canadians had won through their dauntless soldiers. This was a struggle to-day with militarism and Prussianism, between autocracy and freedom. Surely they would uphold the Motherland.

Represented Labor. Sgt. W. H. Youhill, of Vancouver, of the original 7th Battalion, announced that he came representing organized labor. He had worn a uniform for twenty-four years. He had carried a union card in his pocket for thirty years. There was a mistaken idea abroad that because a man was a working man he could not be loyal. The bulk of union labor was anxious for victory for the Allies. "I heartily favor conscription of everything. But conscription of



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The Flavour Lasts!

Three of a kind

Keep them in mind

Chew it after every meal—see how much better you will feel.

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wealth is not enough. You must have men first. They had their chance as volunteers. Now they must be told to go. The man who won't fight for his home is not entitled to have one. The man who refuses to go is not fulfilling his duty either as a British subject or as a man. The man who is against fighting is a parasite."

Esquimalt Endorses. A. S. Barton, chairman of the Esquimalt committee, on behalf of the organization which he represented, expressed their preparedness to endorse the resolution submitted.

The resolution was proposed by M. B. Jackson, M. P. E., who declared himself to be a party man but that from now on whatever influence he had would be devoted to the single end of winning the war. In May of this year he had informed his leader, Premier Brewster, of his intention of bringing before the Legislature a resolution asking the Federal Government to bring in a conscription measure. He had withheld that on reception of the information that Premier Borden would make an announcement—along these lines. There were three salient facts: First, that the Empire was in the war; second, it was Canada's war as well as that of the Motherland; third, being in, they must see it to a victorious finish.

As it stood at present Germany was for all that was opposed to freedom. Replying to a question from the gallery earlier in the evening as to whether conscription had not plunged Europe into war, he had to say that it was just for the purpose of keeping the iron heel of such a system off their neck that the Empire was fighting. "The people are on the march and to the politicians they say: 'Gangway, please!'"

Second Speaker. A. C. Flumerfelt, in seconding the resolution, spoke with great ardor in favor of the adoption of all the measures called for therein. He read telegrams from Horace J. Gagne, president of the Win-the-War Canadian Unity League, Quebec; from John M. Godfrey, chairman of the Toronto Win-the-War Convention; and from the chairman of the New Brunswick Win-the-War Convention, R. O'Leary, all of whom extended best wishes that the movement here might be a success. "This is not a political movement. Politicians of whatever stripe had better get out of the way. The people of Canada are aroused: They must have their way."

written for one of the Victoria units: "Raised by patriotism in 1915; destroyed by politics in 1916."

Canada Done Much. "Are we going to stand for this sort of thing?" demanded the speaker, who was answered by cries of "No! No!" from the audience. In the three years of the war Canada had done much. She had given something like \$63,000,000 for the Red Cross and other purposes. She had also contributed a great many men, men who had not waited for conscription. But it was not a square deal to leave them without some reassurance that their numbers would be reinforced. Canada had an obligation. Her honor was at stake.

In conclusion Mr. Flumerfelt read an appeal from General Sir Arthur Currie for more men. He stood again after the applause had subsided to read a resolution from the Presbytery of Victoria expressing regret at its inability to be represented at the meeting, but expressing full sympathy with the objects of the gathering.

Standing, the audience unanimously endorsed the resolution before the National Anthem brought the proceedings to a conclusion.

Only Officially Dead.—Word has been received in Prince Rupert from F. H. Nelson, who left with the 162nd Battalion. His name appeared in the official casualty lists published at Ottawa as killed, and his many friends will be pleased to learn that he is still alive and getting along as well as can be expected. He was wounded on March 31 at Vimy Ridge in the taking of the Regina Trench. His ankle was broken and he has also lost the sight of one eye, but otherwise he says he is doing nicely and hopes to be home again soon. He signed on with the 162nd at Hazelton.

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HERE IS ANOTHER BIG SNAP ON QUEENS AVE.

Close to Central Park. Well built 2 roomed house, containing large sitting room, good sized bedroom, kitchen, pantry and toilet, large shed in rear, level lot 29x125. Front portion in lawn. Property cost the owner over \$2,800. The whole thing now for ONLY \$1,250

HUGE AERIAL HOISTS WILL FACILITATE WORK

Several of These Contrivances To Be Erected at Foundation Company's Plant

The first of the 90-foot aerial hoists has been erected and guyed into position abeam of No. 1 hull at the Foundation Company's shipyard at Point Hope. At least two of these huge timbers, and possibly three, will be utilized in connection with the shipbuilding programme under way at this plant.

Considerable progress has been made in the construction of two of the five hulls which are being built by this company. The sternpost and stem have been set up on hull No. 1, while on hull No. 2 the square framing is nearly half complete.

Nothing has yet been done with regard to preparing the ground for the fifth keel. Under the original plans the site for the building ways for this vessel was to have been located to the westward of where Turpel's ways were formerly situated.

SALVAGE OF CASSIAR WILL BE DIFFICULT JOB

Vancouver, Aug. 29.—Hopes that the steamer Cassiar, of the Union S. S. Company, of British Columbia, could be easily floated were destroyed to-day when E. H. Rogesley late to-day received word of the damage done to the vessel as far as the divers could ascertain. The report says that the vessel is completely submerged up to the stem head at high tide. There is 25 feet of water over the upper deck and the stem and ten feet of the forward planking has been destroyed. The rudder and propeller and stern post have been broken.

BEHRING SEA CATCH IS BELOW AVERAGE

Seattle, Aug. 29.—The codfishing schooner Charles R. Wilson, the first vessel of the Behring Sea fleet to arrive, reported that the total catch would be below the average, that the ships were returning with unfilled holds. The Wilson brought 400 tons of 100 tons less than a full cargo, after cruising diligently the whole summer.

DAMAGE TO PRINCESS MAY WAS IMMATERIAL

"Pint of Paint All She Needs," Says Capt. Sainty; Jefferson Proceeds

Vancouver, Aug. 29.—"A pint of paint is all she needs," declared Captain Sainty, of the C.P.R. steamship Princess May, which arrived in Vancouver at 5 o'clock last night after experiencing a collision with the Alaska Steamship Company's liner Jefferson off Cone Island early on Monday morning.

"It was not a collision at all," the captain declared, "it was just a scrape. We came together sideways, and while our boat rammed a few boards off the Jefferson her steel prow was not even bent."

When asked concerning the cause of the accident the captain declared it was one of those things which can not be blamed on anyone, and which are bound to occur now and again. There was a dense fog, he said, and the two steamships were proceeding at greatly increased speed. Suddenly the fog horn of the Jefferson was heard to blow her triple signal.

The Princess May was on her regular run from Prince Rupert bound for Vancouver.

Reports from the North state that the steamer Jefferson, after effecting temporary repairs at Swanson Bay, proceeded on her northbound voyage. All the damage to the Jefferson was above the waterline.

NOTICE TO MARINERS

Mariners are advised that the beacon marking the channel off Shoal Point has been reconstructed and will be put in operation Monday, August 27, when the buoy which has been marking this position temporarily will be discontinued.

VESSEL BURIED IN SAND TEN YEARS WILL BE SALVED

After being buried in the sand for more than ten years the wreck of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer Corona is about to be resurrected. The wreck has been purchased by H. W. Cole, of Bulwinkle, Humboldt County, who has contracted with H. M. Pittman, of San Francisco, to raise, transport, refit the vessel at Humboldt Bay. The Corona was wrecked off Humboldt Bay on March 1, 1906. The Corona is a steel-hulled vessel and her machinery is said to be in fair condition.

BIG SCHOONER TO BE LAUNCHED AT HALIFAX

Halifax, Aug. 29.—Adam B. McKay, of Hamilton, Ont., is on his way to this province to be present at the launching of the second large schooner he has had built here this year and to make a contract for the building of a third. The first schooner, the Letitia B. McKay, named after his wife, he has already sold at a profit over contract price of \$70,000. The one to be launched at Port Greville on Monday next will be named the Adam B. McKay.

TAMBA BROUGHT IN HUGE SILK CARGO

Through Train Shipments Totaled 4,478 Packages Valued at \$3,500,000

With a silk train cargo valued at \$3,500,000, one of the largest shipments of the kind ever handled by a Japanese vessel, the liner Tamba Maru, of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha fleet, docked here at 5:45 p. m. yesterday after a passage of fifteen days from Yokohama. This valuable shipment, which included raw silk, waste silk, pongee and cases, it will be shipped through to the Eastern markets by special train to-day from Seattle.

The total cargo carried by the Tamba Maru amounted to 5,099 tons, the bulk of which will be discharged on Puget Sound. During the night the line-up of over 600 tons, made up of 6,370 packages distributed among four batches. The slings also handled over 500 baskets of Oriental mail.

The passengers arriving by the Tamba Maru numbered 299 all told. There were 29 in the saloon, 21 second cabin and 159 in the steerage. Twenty-one Japanese and four Russian steerage disembarked here en route to various points in the interior. Among the first class passengers were Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Strever, who are returning to their home in the United States after making a tour of the Orient. Miss A. L. Cress and Miss M. L. Andre were also routed through to Seattle.

Capt. K. Akamatsu reported a very uneventful trip from the Japan coast. Departing from Yokohama on August 14 the Tamba Maru sailed smooth seas and gentle breezes until well across the 180th meridian. As she neared this coast a moderate S. S. W. blow was encountered, also some fog. The day before arrival the Tamba passed the Nankai Maru outbound from Seattle for the Orient.

This was the only vessel sighted during the trans-Pacific trip. It was owing to the fact that the Tamba Maru was detained at Kobe for minor repairs and overhaul, that she reached here during her lengthy stay there she was overrun by workmen from the Mitsui Bishi shipyard.

WIRELESS REPORTS

8 a. m., August 29. Point Grey—Clear; calm; 30.02; 60; hazy seaward. Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W. light; 30.05; 55; sea smooth. Pachena—Fog; S. E. light; 29.95; 57; dense seaward. Estevan—Clear; calm; 29.85; 54; sea smooth. Alert Bay—Overcast; calm; 29.95; 57; sea smooth. Triangle—Cloudy; N. W. moderate; 30.30; 53; sea rough. Spoke at Camosun, 2.20 a. m., at head of River's inlet, northbound. Dead Tree Point—Overcast; N. light; 30.27; 56; sea smooth. Ikeda Bay—Clear; N. W. light; 30.02; 60; sea smooth. Prince Rupert—Fog; calm; 30.15; 52; sea smooth. Passed out str Venture, 1.30 a. m., southbound; passed in str Prince Rupert, 6.15 a. m., northbound; passed in str Prince John, 6.30 a. m., southbound. Noon. Point Grey—Clear; calm; 30.04; 67; sea smooth. Cape Lazo—Clear; N. W. light; 30.05; 62; sea smooth. Pachena—Cloudy; S. E. light; 29.97; 60; sea smooth. Estevan—Cloudy; N. W. light; 29.88; 62; sea smooth. Alert Bay—Clear; N. W. light; 29.93; 59; sea smooth. Triangle—Cloudy; N. W. strong; 30.25; 57; sea rough. Dead Tree Point—Overcast; S. W. light; 30.31; 60; sea smooth. Ikeda Bay—No report. Prince Rupert—Cloudy; calm; 30.22; 66; sea smooth.

IS CRITICAL PERIOD OF FISHING INDUSTRY

Failure of Sockeye Run May Compel Fraser Canneries to Suspend Operations

Packers are very pessimistic regarding the outlook on the Fraser. The canneries are said to be facing the most critical period in the history of the fishing industry, and so acute is the situation through the complete failure of the 1917 "big year" season and the ever increasing price of materials and equipment, that some of the larger operators are seriously considering the closure of their plants next year.

Practically every cannery on the Fraser River is facing a big loss this year. It is proposed to carry on through the fall season in the hope that the run of pink and chums will be in sufficient volume to partially recoup them for the sockeye failure. Prices have reached a prohibitive level. Sockeyes are bringing 65 cents, an unheard figure in previous years. The situation, as it exists to-day, has been outlined by a number of prominent canners.

Cannery Opinions. "It does not require the gift of second sight," said W. D. Burdis, secretary of the B. C. Cannery Association, "to realize what this portends. There has been a steady annual depletion of sockeyes since 1902, as our statistics show. It can only be a very short time, under present conditions, until the sockeye, king of the salmon world, is absolutely extinct in the Fraser River."

H. Bell-Irving, head of the Anglo-British Columbia Packing Company, was even more emphatic in his summary of the situation: "We never expect to open our canneries on the Fraser River again," he said. "The facts are staring us in the face. Here it is almost the end of the big year and there are no sockeyes. In my opinion the Fraser River can never recover or again become an avenue where sockeyes can be caught in commercial, paying quantities. It's a very serious situation, but it exists with no apparent relief in sight."

"How to obtain relief? Take the industry out of the hands of the politicians. Political influences have checked the development of the industry in the past and absolutely prevented its development along proper lines."

Should Eliminate Politics. "The crying need of the hour, to my mind, is the appointment of a fish commissioner (non-political) who would be resident in British Columbia and would be prepared to assist the department at Ottawa with regard to the necessities of the industry and to relieve the minister to a certain extent in dealing upon details which are not of the nature of the industry and can only be fully understood by a man on the spot."

This is the most important of three factors which could be introduced and which would alleviate the situation to a very large extent. The second is to open all British Columbia waters to trap fishing; the third adoption of methods which would result in the restocking of the Fraser River. "There is no hope for the industry in the future, so far as I am able to judge, until these factors come into force, and the whole industry is taken absolutely out of politics. That point can not be too much emphasized."

Value of Fraser. "The enormous watershed of the Fraser River, as a spawning ground par-excellence, is as unimpaired as ever for the propagation of salmon. These waters are still pure and uncontaminated. The only question is to insure the salmon's easy ascent through the difficult passage of a river, which exists principally in the Fraser River Canyon."

All experts are unanimous that it is possible to secure the restocking of the Fraser, with the co-operation of the United States authorities, and I am convinced that the opportune time to strike in unity is the present moment.

The reduction in value of the salmon output on Puget Sound this year is proportionately more than double that of the Fraser River, so that you see the situation there is even more serious than it is with us. Trap Method.

Another point: The pink or hump-back salmon, now generally recognized as on a par, if not perhaps superior, in commercial value to the sockeye, is caught in traps on Puget Sound while the Fraser River canner is waiting their advent to fresh water. It is a well-known fact that the hump-back is in his prime in the sea water. The result is that again the best canner is operating under a handicap. These fish pass to a very large extent through British waters on their way to the river, and the British packer should surely have permission to catch them by traps when they are at their most valuable stage.

The introduction of the trap system would not work any serious hardship upon the individual fisherman, in Mr. Bell-Irving's opinion. In recent years, with a greatly depleted run, none of these men have made money. In fact they are not making money this year. Traps would mean an equal or greater number of men employed at a steady wage and the element of chance existing so largely in the lives of the average all-net fisherman to-day would be eliminated.

DEPARTING FOR ORIENT.

The Canadian Pacific Ocean Service liner Empress of Asia is posted to leave Vancouver to-morrow on her return voyage to the Orient. She will touch at the outer docks to pick up local passengers and mail.

Hudson's Bay "Imperial" Lager Beer, quarts, \$2.75 per dozen.

OPERATIONS BEGIN AT KELP ASH PLANT ON MORESBY ISLAND

International Chemical Company Will Make Potash for Western Prairies

ANNOUNCEMENT IS MADE OF PLANS

Announcement is made to-day at the local offices of the International Chemical Company, an organization financed by the National Chemical Company, of the plans for the development of the company's kelp plant at Cumshewa Inlet, Moresby Island, in the Queen Charlotte group.

The development is an important one as marking the production of potash for fertilizing purposes, potash having been one of the most valuable products used to assist production, and has become one of the most difficult to obtain, since the Teutonic supply was shut off.

The company has acquired the old plant at the Pacific organization, formerly owned by the Standard Fisheries, which is close to the kelp beds acquired by the company. At the present time facilities exist for handling 200 tons of wet kelp per day, but it is hoped to extend it to 1,000 tons later, when the machinery which is very difficult to secure, has been installed.

Process of Collection. An officer of the company explained the process to The Times as follows: "The harvester is built on a scow, and cuts the kelp about six feet under water. Its capacity is 60 tons per hour. The kelp is brought up by a conveyor, and run through the cutting machines to about six inches long each. From the scow it is taken to the plant and by belt conveyors to the bunkers, whence it is fed into the grinders, which pulverize it into mud, so that the drying process is most important, as 95 per cent is of this character. Rotary driers are used, and the kelp as it comes from this stage is passed into an incinerator, where it is calcined.

From this process it comes out to a fine ash. This ash, which is of a dark appearance, contains a high percentage of fertilizer, the potassium oxide content being about 40 per cent. In order to use it, the ash has to be mixed with other fertilizers. About 20 tons of kelp will make one ton of kelp ash. The intention is to ship the ash east to the prairies from Prince Rupert. The beds controlled by the company cover about ten miles in extent, among the best in British Columbia. As a further development it is proposed to extract oils from non-edible fish, and to make fertilizer from the remainder after extraction of the oil. It is claimed that the equipment is perhaps the most modern in existence.

Officials to-day pointed out that all the supplies will be bought in this province and only machinery not made in Canada will be imported. They point to very extensive operations on other sections of the Pacific Coast as showing confidence in the process.

There is a kelp-making plant at Sidney, the only other one on the British Columbia Coast it is believed.

SHIPYARD EMPLOYEES IN FAVOR OF STRIKE TO ENFORCE DEMANDS

Seattle, Aug. 29.—Employees of the Seattle shipyards have voted by a considerable majority to enforce their demands for an increase in wages, according to the announcement issued by the officials of the Metal Trades Council, following a meeting of that body at the Labor Temple, at which the result of the vote cast by the fifteen affiliated unions was canvassed last night. The actual strike will be held in abeyance, pending action of the international organizations and the chiefs of the Metal Trades branch of the American Federation of Labor.

CHAMBERLIN RESIGNS

Is Succeeded by G. G. Kelley as President of H. T. P. Railway. Montreal, Aug. 29.—The resignation of E. J. Chamberlin as president of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, a subsidiary of the Grand Trunk Railway, was presented and accepted at a meeting of the directors here yesterday. H. G. Kelley, vice-president of the Grand Trunk Railway, was elected to succeed him. Mr. Chamberlin will continue as a member of the board of directors of the Grand Trunk Pacific. He also continues as president of the parent company.

STEAMER CHEAKAMUS TO REPLACE CASSIAR

Capt. George McGregor, agent here for the Union Steamship Company of British Columbia, announces that the steamer Cheakamus will replace the wrecked Cassiar on the Loughboro Inlet and Knight Inlet run. Under the rearranged schedule the Cheakamus will sail from Vancouver at 1 p. m. on Tuesdays, taking the route formerly covered by the Cassiar.

MUNICH PAPER ON SCHEMES OF GERMANS

Copenhagen, Aug. 29.—The Staats Zeitung, of Munich, the organ of the Bavarian Government, publishes a Berlin communication against the introduction of a parliamentary regime in Germany as opposed to the federative character of empire. The Staats Zeitung declares that all the federal states undoubtedly share the view expressed by the Centrist speaker in the Reichstag who said that his party welcomed the Chancellor's intention to bring about closer relations between the Government and Parliament, but it must reject any tampering with the federated character of the empire and the rights of the federal states.

THE TIME BALL

The time ball on the Belmont Building will be raised half-mast high at 12.45 p. m., to the top at 12.55 p. m. and will be dropped at 1 p. m. daily. F. NAPIER-DENISON, Superintendent.

Travel the "Electric Way" to the Historic East! So that your trip across the mountains may be smooth, may be clean, may be silent, the tremendous energy of mountain waterfalls has been harnessed to electrify the "Milwaukee" over the Great Continental Divide. For 440 miles over the Bitter Root, Rocky and Belt Mountains, secure in a comfortable chair in the observation car of either "The Olympian" or "The Columbian" you enjoy to the full the majestic grandeur of the mountain panorama, without cinders or smoke to annoy. What more inviting trip this summer than to the historic East over the transcontinental electric highway of the CHICAGO Milwaukee & St. Paul RAILWAY. We will gladly answer all the details of your trip. FRED O. FINN Telephone 2821. 1003 Government St.

COURTESY SERVICE Pacific Steamship Co. ADMIRAL LINE To California Direct Without Change. S. S. Governor of President leaves Victoria Friday 3 p. m. SAILINGS FROM SEATTLE Aug. 27, 4 p. m.; Aug. 29, 11 a. m. Steamships Admiral Dewey, Admiral Schley or Queen Also to All Points in Southeastern and Southwestern Alaska. TICKET OFFICES 1003 Government St. 1117 Wharf St.

LABOR DAY FARE AND ONE-THIRD FOR ROUND TRIP Going dates September 1, 2, 3. Return limit September 4, 1917. Full particulars from any C. P. R. Agent, or write H. W. BRODIE, General Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

E. & N. RAILWAY LABOR DAY Excursion Tickets at SINGLE FARE AND ONE-FIFTH FOR ROUND TRIP Full particulars at E. & N. Depot, or from L. D. CETHAM, 1102 Government Street.

UNDER BARE POLES WHEN TAKEN IN TOW Stripped of sails and rigging and drifting under bare poles before a typhoon after jettisoning her deckload of hardwood lumber, the schooner Ironard, bound from the Far East to a Pacific port, was saved in Oriental waters by an American vessel and towed to safety, according to advices received from the Orient. The vessel will have to undergo repairs before she will be able to continue her trans-Pacific voyage.

SERIOUS RIOTING IN FINLAND; FIGHTING RESULTED IN DEATHS London, Aug. 29.—Serious rioting at Hjoernborg, Finland, is reported in a private telegram from Haparanda to Copenhagen forwarded by The Central News to London. It is said fighting between Finns and soldiers of the Russian garrison lasted for several hours and that a number of persons were killed or wounded.

THE UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF B. C., Limited SAILINGS TO NORTHERN B. C. PORTS S. S. "Camosun" sails from Victoria, Evans-Coleman Dock, every Wednesday at 11 p. m. for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Solntula Port Hardy, Shushartie Bay, Tahquamenon Harbor, Smith's Inlet, RIVERS INLET, Cannerton, Namu, OCEAN FALLS and HELLA COOLA. S. S. "Vancouver" sails from Vancouver every Tuesday at 11 p. m. for Alert Bay, Port Hardy, Namu, Bella Bella, RIVER INLET, Hartley Bay, SICHERNA RIVER Canneries, PRINCE RUPERT, Port Simpson and NAAS RIVER Canneries. S. S. "Chelohst" leaves Vancouver every Friday at 9 a. m. EAST DIRECT SERVICE TO OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT, ANYOK, calling at Powell River, Campbell River, Namu, Swanson Bay, Butedale. E. W. McGRIGOR, Agent, 1003 Government St. Phone 1923.

THE UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF B. C., Limited THE S.S. "Sol Duc" Leaves C. P. R. Wharf daily except Sunday at 10.30 a. m. for Port Angeles, Dungeness, Fort Williams, Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving Seattle 7.15 p. m. Returning, leaves Seattle daily except Saturday at midnight, arriving Victoria 8.30 a. m. Secure information and tickets from E. W. BLACKWOOD, Agent, 1231 Government St. Phone 65.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 29.—The Staats Zeitung, of Munich, the organ of the Bavarian Government, publishes a Berlin communication against the introduction of a parliamentary regime in Germany as opposed to the federative character of empire. The Staats Zeitung declares that all the federal states undoubtedly share the view expressed by the Centrist speaker in the Reichstag who said that his party welcomed the Chancellor's intention to bring about closer relations between the Government and Parliament, but it must reject any tampering with the federated character of the empire and the rights of the federal states. The article says that the Reichstag in its present form, although without the right of parliamentary domination, has met all patriotic requirements completely and more satisfactorily than the British and French parliaments have met the needs of their countries.

THE TIME BALL The time ball on the Belmont Building will be raised half-mast high at 12.45 p. m., to the top at 12.55 p. m. and will be dropped at 1 p. m. daily. F. NAPIER-DENISON, Superintendent.

The Cost of Smoking Do you know that the cost of your two or three cigars—say a quarter a day—will maintain about \$4,000 of life assurance for a man between 25 and 30? You can afford to smoke, sure! But you can also afford an Imperial Policy to provide for your wife and little ones should death call you suddenly. For particulars write THE IMPERIAL LIFE Assurance Company of Canada HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO Kenneth Ferguson, District Manager, Victoria Stanley Henderson, Manager for B. C., Vancouver



Sewer Pipe and Tile Mfrs. SEWER PIPE WARE, field tile, ground fire clay, etc. B. C. Pottery Co. Ltd. Broad and Pandora.

Shoe Repairing. MANNING, E. 618 Troncau Alley. SATISFACTION in shoe repairing. Arthur Hibbs, 622 Yates, between Government and Broad Streets.

SHIP CHANDLERS. McQUADE & SON, LTD., PETER, 131 Wharf, Ship chandlers and naval stores. Tel. 41.

Shorthand. SHORTHAND SCHOOL, 1811 Government Street. Shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping thoroughly taught. E. A. Macmillan, principal. Phone 374.

Stenographer. STENOGRAPHER, O. A. Homer, public stenographer, 46 Bayward Block. 425-4.

Stocks and Shares. WE BUY AND SELL all listed and unlisted securities. Market letters issued free. Your business solicited. Correspondence invited. E. W. Miller & Company, stock brokers, Vancouver Block, Vancouver, B. C.

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Taxidermists. WHERRY & TOW, 623 Pandora Ave. Phone 362. High-class selection rugs. Biz game and various heads for sale.

Tuition. ENGINEERS instructed for certificates, marine, stationary, Diesel. W. G. Winterburn, 63 Central Bldg. Phones 2474, 4511.

Trunk and Harness Mfrs. F. NORRIS & SON, 1233 Government St. Wholesale and retail dealers in suit cases, bags and leather goods. Tel. 419.

Vacuum Cleaners. HAVE THE AUTO VACUUM for your carpets. Satisfaction assured. Phone 464.

Typewriters. TYPEWRITERS—New and second-hand, repairs, rentals; ribbons for all machines. United Typewriter Co., Ltd., 312 Fort Street, Victoria. Phone 478.

Lodges. A. O. F.—Court Northern Light, No. 503, meets at Foresters' Hall, Broad Street, 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. P. Fullerton, secretary.

CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Columbia, 334, meets 4th Monday, 8 p. m., Orange Hall, Yates St. R. W. O. Savage, 301 Moss St., Tel. 1523.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets Wednesday, 8 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas Street. Dr. Dewar, R. S., 120 Oxford Street.

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND—B. S. Lodge Princess Alexandra, No. 10, meets third Thursday, 8 p. m., Orange Hall, Yates Street. Pres. Mrs. J. Palmer, 425 Adelaide Road; Secy. Mrs. H. Catterall, 321 Fort.

DAUGHTERS AND MAIDS OF ENGLAND—B. S. Lodge Primrose, No. 33, meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays at 8 p. m., No. 3, F. Hall, Broad Street. Pres. Mrs. Oddy, 722 Discovery. Secy. A. L. Harrison, 912 Fairfield. Visiting members cordially invited.

K. O. P.—F. West Victoria Lodge, No. 1, 2nd and 4th Thursdays, K. of P. Hall, North Park St. A. G. Harding, K. of R. S., 16 Front St. Bk., 1099 Government Street.

ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR—Victoria Chapter, No. 17, meets on 2nd and 4th Mondays at 8 p. m. in the K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited.

SONS OF ENGLAND—B. S. Alexandra, 118, meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. President, E. W. Howlett, 121 Second Street; Secretary, J. Smith, 170 Seaview Ave., Hillside.

S. O. E. B. S.—Juvenile Young England meets 1st and 3rd Thursdays, A. O. F. Hall, 7 Adelaide Street. President, P. Howlett, 121 Second Street; Secretary, J. Smith, 170 Seaview Ave., Hillside.

SONS OF ENGLAND—B. S.—Pride of the Island Lodge, No. 131, meets 2nd and 4th Thursdays in A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street. W. J. C. Maywood, P. O. president; secretary, A. E. Brindley, 1617 Pembroke Street, City.

SONS OF SCOTLAND—Meetings of Allan Craig Camp will be held on 2nd and 4th Thursdays of each month, commencing July 12, in Foresters' Hall, Broad St., at 8 p. m.

THE ORDER OF THE EASTERN STAR meets on Wednesdays at 8 p. m. at 2 o'clock in K. of P. Hall, North Park St. Visiting members cordially invited.

DIED. WEBER—On the 28th inst., at the family residence, Mary Weber, aged 47 years, beloved wife of Harry Weber, of 2001 Cameron Street. The deceased was a resident of Victoria for the past 25 years, a native of Ontario. She is survived by, besides her husband, eight children, three sons and five daughters. The funeral will take place on Thursday, August 30, at 2.30, from the Thomson Funeral Chapel, Interment at Ross Bay Cemetery. Friends kindly accept this intimation.

ROSKELLY—Accidentally killed, on the old Songhees Reserve, on August 25, 1917, David Gowdy, aged 50 years; born in Victoria, B. C. Mr. Gowdy was a widower and resided here all his life. The funeral has been arranged to take place on Friday, August 31, at 2 p. m. from the B. C. Funeral Chapel, where service will be held. Interment in Ross Bay Cemetery.

LACKSON—On August 28, 1917, at the residence, 216 Fernwood Road, Clara Mary, beloved wife of Frederick A. Jackson, aged 56 years; born in Yorkshire, England. Mrs. Jackson had been a resident of Victoria for the past 6 months, previously residing at Duncan, B. C. The funeral will take place on Thursday, August 30, at 3 p. m., when service will be conducted by the Rev. Robert Connell in the Chapel of the B. C. Funeral Co., 724 Broughton Street, Interment in Ross Bay Cemetery.

WEATER—On August 28, 1917, at the family residence, 50 Linden Avenue, Mary, beloved wife of Captain Geo. Weater, aged 72 years; born at Harbor Grace, Newfoundland. The remains are reposing at the Chapel of the B. C. Funeral Co., 724 Broughton Street, and due notice of the funeral will be given.

Watchmakers and Repairers. WENGER, J., 623 Yates Street. The best wrist watches on the market at wholesale prices.

W. W. C. A. W. W. C. A.—Main building and public dining room, employment bureau, travellers' aid work, etc., 312 Douglas Street. Annex, rooms without board, 725 Courtney Street.

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SPECIAL REBATE FOR ANY LAND CULTIVATED. Mayor Todd Develops Scheme Already Enunciated, to Be Effective in 1918.

Mayor Todd this afternoon presented a resolution to the increased production committee based on an special treatment for those owners who donate land for cultivation. This course was taken in deference to various representations made to the Mayor, ranging from drastic and doubtfully legal ideas of encouraging squatting on, unimproved property to the course taken in many advanced communities of a surtax on unimproved land.

The scheme enunciated in a lengthy resolution advised the committee to ask the City Council to give, in addition to the one-sixth statutory rebate, a further rebate not to exceed five per cent, on every donated lot which is cultivated up to 75 per cent, of its area, and is not part of a residential property or orchard. Such tax reduction he recommends should be fixed at one-half of a cent per square foot, thus on a downtown lot 120 by 60 the production rebate would be \$36.

Supplementary to this class of rebating for the amount, the resolution offers similar encouragement for professional growers who dedicate a portion of the land around greenhouses, etc., to raise actual food products. Full details of the administration of the plan are set out in the notice.

The increased production committee at its meeting to-day had a number of important suggestions before it, which were referred to in The Times on Saturday, all directed to increase production in 1918.

HOSPITAL W. A. MET. The Woman's Auxiliary of the Military Convalescent Hospitals held its regular meeting yesterday.

A request for more reclining and easy chairs for the hospital at Resthaven had been compiled by the travelling library reported that the travelling library of 150 volumes at Qualicum in connection with the Carnegie Library of Victoria had been established, this library, being in charge of a returned soldier who was taking great interest in the work. In addition to this 55 volumes have been donated for a permanent library. Thanks were extended to Miss Grace Stewart and Mrs. Nation for their great interest in this work.

Passed Standing Street Car—A fine of \$10 was imposed in Police Court to-day, on A. G. Proctor, owner of a car which had passed a standing street car, on Fort Street, as it was discharging passengers the other day. The owner is in Vancouver, but has a car here for convenience.

Answers to Times Want Ads. The following replies are waiting to be called for: 1194, 1212, 1223, 1244, 1251, 1296, 1311, 1328, 1329, 1330, 1412, 1447, 1473, 1483, 1569, 1521, 1529, 1556, 1620, 1622, 1632, 1649, 1717, 2084, 2226.

A.O.F. Funeral Notice. The Officers and Members of Court Maple Leaf, No. 1286, A. O. F., are requested to meet at the A. O. F. Hall, Broad Street, at 2 p. m., Thursday, August 30, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late sister, Mary A. Weber, Member of Sister Courts are cordially invited to attend. M. A. MARTIN, Chief Ranger. M. GRAHAM, Secretary.



The best proof of the character of our services is the fact that we are invariably called when sorrow again enters a home where we have been called before. That is a sure indication that in our first engagement we conducted the obsequies with taste and discretion and that our bill was not exorbitant.

FRANK L. THOMSON. FUNERAL DIRECTOR. 627 Pandora Ave. Phone 408. Motor or Horse Equipment.

I.W.W. POISON IN THE COMMONWEALTH

Hon. H. C. Hoylé Delivers Stirring Address to Canadian Club To-day

BRITISH LIBERTY IS WORTH FIGHTING FOR

Long Harvest Period for Plotters Defeated Compulsion in Australia

If the peoples of the British Empire, whether domiciled in Australia or in Canada, realized and appreciated the true worth of that grand liberty symbolized by British citizenship, then no matter what betide, it was the duty of every Australian and every Canadian to fight and endure in order that the Union Jack—and all that flag meant—might continue to proudly flutter in every corner of the globe. Such was one of the underlying notes in the magnificent address delivered to the Canadian Club by Hon. H. C. Hoylé, Minister of Railways of the Government of New South Wales, at the luncheon in honor of himself and Hon. J. D. Connolly at the Dominion Hotel this afternoon.

Stand by Flag. It was pleasing to the distinguished visitor that he should find such hospitality and such enthusiasm on his visit to Victoria, he said. It was encouraging to feel that the people of Canada were endowed with the same spirit as the Australians in the one great aim before all champions of civilization and liberty at the present time. "There should be only one thought in our minds," proceeded the speaker, "and that must be the winning of the war. Everything else must be subordinate. Every man and every woman must carry out their obligations. There is no side path. There is no intermediate station. There is just one grim work to be accomplished. It is to win the war. As you did in Canada so did the men of Australia spring to the flag and we have made up our minds to remain there so long as a single thread of that flag remains to wave over a defeated enemy."

Curse of the I. W. W. Hon. Mr. Hoylé proceeded to a review of the events which occurred in the Commonwealth prior to the outbreak of the war and the insidious machinations of the International Socialist in the guise of a Britisher during the many dark months of 1914 and 1915. He spoke of the union of forces between the Labor and Liberal parties for the purpose of securing a co-ordination in the general war programme. He explained how necessary that was in view of the enemies in their midst. Those enemies, he was horrified to find, were Englishmen, Scotchmen, Irishmen, Canadians and of many other nationalities. "The I. W. W. was the serpent in the grass. In the days of peace there was that carefully laid plan of German origin. They distributed their infamous literature. They paved the way for the coming of the International Socialist. There came the doctrine of disloyalty; the anti-war programme and the secret meeting. The I. W. W. member had plenty of money, he was always well clothed and well housed. In short they commenced their work where the German agent left off."

The speaker proceeded to explain to his audience the modus operandi of this band of rascals, traversing their activities until the authorities laid the majesty of them by the heels by their clumsy attempts to pass counterfeit five-pound notes. "In the comparatively short span of seventy years," continued the speaker, "we have transformed Australia from a convict settlement to one of the freest countries on the face of the globe. There is a perfect freedom of political and religious thought throughout the Commonwealth. But we won all this during our building period because we knew that the protecting arm of the British Navy was ever ready to defend us. It was that great naval might and the ever present sympathy of the Motherland that enabled us to erect the structure known as the Australia of to-day. Then, if we love that liberty about which we have continually preached for the last seventy years, it is our duty to fight for it, as some measure of our gratitude, to the last man and the last shilling. If we do not we shall be nothing but a gang of humbags."

The Mother's Bravery. Feelingly referring to the bravery of the mothers and the fathers who had given their sons to the cause of Empire, Hon. Mr. Hoylé described the scene on arrival of the news from the authorities that a son, a brother, or a husband had made the supreme sacrifice. These were the things that were happening day after day, but in no instance had loyalty been known to falter. That had been the spirit of the brave lad; when they boarded the troopship to go to they knew not what, "You will have reason to remember Ypres, Festubert, Ginchey," he said, "and the many other notable engagements in which the boys from Canada have made their name immortal. That spirit alone should be sufficient to ensure us continuing to shoulder our obligations."

The Returned Soldier. "But there is a great mission yet to be fulfilled. When the soldier returns after the war he must be greeted with a warm and hearty welcome. There must be no platitudes; there must be reality. You must look into that man's soul and ask yourself what your obligation is. You must parallel

the dangers he has braved and the hardship he has suffered to protect you, and the life of comparative ease you have been able to lead while he has been fighting. He has a right to know that he will be succeeded until the last of his days."

Taking No Chances. Hon. Mr. Hoylé went on to say that the programme adopted by Australia was that of buying up lands in every direction so that men so inclined could be settled upon them. The returned soldier would be placed in the industrial arenas. If he did not know a trade he would be taught one. But above all, nothing would be left to chance. It would be a matter of duty; a matter of the passing of laws so as to ensure the redemption of the pledge of a thankful nation. "So must you tackle it and redeem the pledge," continued the speaker.

Too Much Time for Rascals. The Minister said that it might be asked why conscription had not been enforced in Australia. He could easily explain it. Too long a period had been given to allow the I. W. W.'s to preach their infamous doctrines. "The fault lay in the time we gave the scheming rascals to get in their poisonous work. But I feel sure," he continued, "that in the fight of what has been done, if the matter were again to be referred to the people there would be a different answer to that given on the previous occasion."

Distinguished Company. President Cochrane was supported by Premier Brewster, Hon. John Hart, Hon. J. D. MacLean, Hon. J. W. deB. Farris and Rev. Principal Vance. As guests of the club also were Dr. Albert Snowden, of New York; Dr. Harris, of Philadelphia; Dr. Blair, of Kansas City; and S. Keith, Secretary of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers of Montreal.

A vote of thanks to Hon. Mr. Hoylé, proposed by the Premier, was carried by acclamation.

WALKS 51,000 MILES

Pictureque Visitor in City Has Ample in Many Countries of the World.

An interesting and pictureque visitor is in the city to-day in the person of the official around-the-world-walker of the San Diego Exposition. Though 69 years of age, Mr. Stewart shows none of the marks of his rigorous career, and to-day appears hale and hearty in his rough blue suit and yellow tunic of military cut, covered and glittering with nondescript medals, buttons, numbers and badges, mementoes of the many places he has visited.

Starting in 1910 from San Diego he walked across the continent, crossed the Atlantic and "gyrated" through Europe; crossed to Africa, then to Constantinople and north through Western Russia and Poland, to what was then St. Petersburg. At Christiania, in Sweden, he visited the exhibition in that capacity. After meandering through Great Britain his peripatetic wanderings were ended by the outbreak of war, and he took ship and returned to America, calling in during his work home on President Wilson to extend, on behalf of the Exposition officials, an invitation to visit San Diego. True to his promise he arrived here in the very day the fair opened in December, 1914, after a trip, exclusive of the sea voyages, of 51,000 miles, all accomplished on foot.

This is the third walk of extraordinary length that Mr. Stewart has made, the two previous ones being jaunts of 17,000 and 8,000 miles each. To-morrow he returns to California, after an extended pedestrian tour over the Rockies and through the Canadian prairies. Nature had not recounted anecdotes of engrossing interest, adventurous, thrilling and philosophical, and in a short time intends to write a book setting them forth.

TO-DAY'S BASEBALL

Table with columns for National League and American League, listing teams and scores.

FIXING WHEAT PRICE IN UNITED STATES

Washington, Aug. 28.—The wheat fair price committee was still in session this afternoon determining the price for the 1917 crop of the United States. There was no indication of when the price would be announced.

LOSS OF \$200,000.

Blairmore, Alta., Aug. 28.—A fire which started in the livery barn in the town of Blairmore, four miles from Blairmore, shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning, swept that town completely before noon, causing the total destruction of nearly every structure in the business section. The bank and the school buildings were the only downtown structures saved from the flames. The total loss is estimated at \$200,000.



We Guarantee to Make Your Children Love Music

A deep-seated love of music should be developed in every child. True culture cannot exist without a love of music. Music expresses to the human mind those finer shades of sentiment and feeling that words are powerless to convey.

The NEW EDISON "The Phonograph With a Soul" Makes your home the world's greatest stage. KENT'S EDISON STORE The Only Licensed Edison Dealers in the City Phone 3449. 1004 Government St.

ASSENT GIVEN TO CONSCRIPTION BILL

Laurier Consents to Name Men for Board of Selection

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—The conscription measure is now law. Promptly at 3.15 this afternoon Blackrod summoned the members of the House of Commons to the Senate Chamber, where Mr. Justice Duff, acting as Administrator on behalf of the Governor-General, gave assent to the bill. There was a large attendance of members of both Houses and the formal giving of the Royal assent was greeted with applause.

DUTY OF ALL TO WORK FOR HARMONY

In the Commons Sir Robert Borden brought up an important matter relating to the enforcement of the measure. He said that the local tribunals as provided by the Act would consist of twenty-four members, half of whom are to be named by a board of selection to be appointed by joint resolution of the Senate and the House of Commons. It had been decided that this board should consist of twenty-four members, four from Quebec, four from Ontario, two from each of the other provinces and two from the Yukon. The Prime Minister asked Sir Wilfrid Laurier to nominate twelve of the members of the board.

Sir Wilfrid rose to reply just as heavy knocks announced the arrival of Blackrod at the door of the Commons Chamber. There was general laughter and cries of "closure."

On the return of the members from the Senate, Sir Wilfrid said he found himself in a delicate position, because of the fact that he was opposed to the principle of the measure. There were members of the Opposition who opposed it. However, the measure was of such importance, and it had now become law. Therefore it was the duty of everybody to see that it was carried out as harmoniously as possible. Under such circumstances he would accede to the request of the Prime Minister. In doing so he would confer with the Liberal members, irrespective of whether they had opposed or supported the measure.

Chief reading of the Military Voters' Bill was called, but Sir Wilfrid said notice had not been given and asked that it stand over.

Sir Robert said that the third reading had been moved under a misapprehension. Consideration of the bill therefore was postponed, the House taking up the concurrence of supply.

Hon. William Pugsley objected to the vote of \$3,000,000 for the Hudson's Bay Railway.

At Once. Winnipeg, Aug. 29.—The Ottawa correspondent of The Winnipeg Free Press says: "The conscription act will become law at once, with all the clauses operative except those calling the classes to report. When the regulations and tribunals are completed, which will require two or three weeks' work, a proclamation will be issued ordering those of the classes subject to the first call—single men between 20 and 34 years of age—to report at points in their several districts which will be designated in the proclamation."

La Presse. Montreal, Aug. 29.—La Presse to-day, commenting editorially on the signing of the Military Service Act says: "Now that the conscription bill has been signed and has become law, we are not still hope that in the interest of national safety the Government will await the electoral vote, which can not long be delayed, before putting the measure in force; if perchance a majority of the people approve the measure at the polls."

AMBIGUITY PLAN OF GERMAN CHANCELLOR

Comments of Paris Papers on His Statements to Deputies

Paris, Aug. 29.—The newspapers here insist that the statements of Chancellor Michaelis in regard to his interpretation of the Reichstag peace motion are contradictory.

"One can not state more clearly," remarks The Petit Parisien, "that the German national representation does not count and that its decisions are nullified in advance. Neither in the domain of diplomacy nor in that of internal reforms has Germany made a single step forward."

The Matin believes that the unexpected attitude of the Chancellor is due to the difficulty of the situation in which he finds himself while placed between the demands of Vienna, which would like to give the Pope a favorable answer, and the orders of the general staff forbidding the German Government all frank renunciation of ideas of conquest. Von Kuehlmann is entirely different. One immediately distinguishes that. He does not consider the political soul of Germany, but that soul ought to inhabit a judicial body and possess a useful vocabulary; for example, freedom of the seas, economic co-operation, commercial solidarity of all countries. Secondly, to cause these confusing formulas to prevail it is necessary to address the nation and the journals, and not merely official diplomatic circles. To speak to the latter is to speak to specialists who reduce all the beautiful verbiage to its true value and are not duped by it.

The Echo de Paris looks for nothing fair in the words of the Chancellor. It says: "The Chancellor has to keep silence or employ a certain amount of ambiguity in order not to displease the Socialists or the Pan-Germans. Besides, one must take into account the fact that the Government which proclaims from the houseposts its desire for peace gives the greatest proof of its weakness. Till she is defeated on the battlefield, Germany will endeavor to obtain peace, but will not beg for it."

It is important to put in relief two fundamental political principles of von Kuehlmann: Firstly, force is not, in its last analysis, the political soul of Germany, but that soul ought to inhabit a judicial body and possess a useful vocabulary; for example, freedom of the seas, economic co-operation, commercial solidarity of all countries. Secondly, to cause these confusing formulas to prevail it is necessary to address the nation and the journals, and not merely official diplomatic circles. To speak to the latter is to speak to specialists who reduce all the beautiful verbiage to its true value and are not duped by it.

DOUKHOBOR FARMERS ARE USING SCYTHES

Winnipeg, Aug. 29.—Doukhobors at Verigin, Sask., have found it necessary to adopt the scythe again. Heavy rains have beaten down their wheat, which stood four and five feet high; and they cannot use their binders.

Arrangements are being made to bring 20 women from the settlement at Brilliant, B. C., according to the Doukhobor agent, W. M. Czazkoff, who is here to-day.

DIVERGENT VIEWS AT SOCIALIST MEETING

Entente Labor Men and Socialists Holding Discussions in London

London, Aug. 29.—The Inter-Entente Socialist and Labor conference, which devoted itself yesterday largely to preliminaries, met to-day to consider the reports of two commissions, one appointed to deal with the general question of the international Socialist conference at Stockholm and the other to consider the drafts of peace terms submitted by the various Socialist parties.

The views of different elements were so widely divergent that it was considered unlikely that the commission would have their reports ready, however, and when the delegates met this forenoon adjournment was taken until afternoon to give the commissioners more time.

At yesterday's sitting the Russian delegates, who at first were present merely as spectators, expressed willingness to take part in the conference as it is merely "consultative" and therefore binds no party.

ITALIAN ADVANCE RAPIDLY CARRIED OUT

London, Aug. 29.—The Italian forces have advanced so rapidly against the Austrians that heavy artillery has been unable to keep pace with the infantry. The Bainsizza plateau now is virtually the centre of the Isonzo fighting. Austrian forces were reported to be preparing for a stand there, with heavy reinforcements at hand to repel a further advance by Cadorna's troops.

In this contingency the Italian war command must move up its artillery over the rocky heights of the Monte Santo chain to prepare for further blasting out of the enemy.

Fighting still is continuing on a heavy scale south of Bainsizza as the Italian troops drive on towards Trieste.

AMERICANS! BREAKFAST LUNCH SUPPER

We serve them all, and this is a real English Tea Room

THE TEA KETTLE

Miss M. Woodridge Corner Douglas and View Streets Phone 4098

DANCE Alexandra Ballroom Thursday, Aug. 30

Under the patronage of Major-General Leche, C.M.G., G.O.C., and Major Verstroupe Blumby. Proceeds will be devoted to the purchase of new instruments for the R. C. R. Band. Gentlemen, 50c; ladies, 25c. Refreshments. Dancing 9 to 1.

CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—A list of 380 casualties was issued at noon to-day:
Infantry.
Killed in action—Sgt. J. Reid, Australia; Pte. F. E. Wriggell, Blenheim, Ont.

DEFEAT OF GERMANY COMES EVER NEARER

Frank Simonds Points to Steady Recession of Enemy's Fortunes

A CAMPAIGN IN 1918 WOULD LEAVE NO DOUBT

New York, Aug. 29.—(By Frank H. Simonds.)—At the moment when the campaign of 1917 is reaching its climax it is well to recall again what its objectives are, since we are presently to be confronted by a German manoeuvre which, assigning false objectives, will seek to establish the idea that the Allies have failed.

Moral Superiority.

It was essential that the Allies should first establish a moral superiority over Germany on the battlefield. Thanks to superior equipment and better training, the Germans during the first year and a half of trench warfare had fought at an advantage not always conceded by the troops who faced them, but of infinite value because it was accepted by their own troops.

SAW GREAT FUTURE FOR THIS DOMINION

Earl Grey, Who Died To-day, Was Optimistic About Country.

London, Aug. 29.—If an abundance of optimism in an admirer is good for Canada, then Canada ought on this account alone to be grateful to Earl Grey, who died to-day. "It is impossible to be too sanguine about the Dominion's future development," he said.

WAR CHARITIES.

Ottawa, Aug. 29.—In the Senate yesterday consideration was given to a bill "relating to war charities." The bill declares that "war charities" means any fund, institution or association established before or after the passage of this act, having for its object the relief of suffering or distress or the supplying of needs or comforts to sufferers from the war, or to soldiers or returned soldiers, or their families or dependents or any charitable purpose connected with the present war.

WOMEN FINED.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 29.—The ten women arrested yesterday in front of the White House while making a demonstration in behalf of national woman suffrage were fined \$25 each in police court to-day. They gave notice of an appeal and were released after furnishing \$100 bond each.

PENALTY CLAUSES BECOME OPERATIVE

Punishment for Those Who Urge Others to Disobey Conscriptive Measure

AMERICANS RETURNING FROM CANADA ALLOWED TO BRING FOODSTUFFS

Washington, Aug. 29.—So great has grown the work of standardizing equipment and materials for the army and navy that a temporary building is to be erected shortly at a cost of \$250,000 by the bureau of standards to provide facilities for meeting the heavy demand.

TO-DAY'S TRADING ON THE WINNIPEG MARKET

Winnipeg, Aug. 29.—The situation in the cash wheat market here was unchanged to-day, except that there was inquiry for steady grades. Offerings were quickly absorbed. Some lots of No. 2 Northern were sold at \$2.75, one cent lower than the other prices were.

BRITISH CLEARED UP STRONG POINT

Made Two Successful Raids; Paris Reports Violent Artillery Fighting

London, Aug. 29.—Stormy weather apparently is preventing any notable military activities on the front in Belgium and France.

NEW YORK BOND MARKET

New York, Aug. 29.—Raw sugar nominal; centrifugal, \$7.40; molasses, \$6.25; refined steady, \$11.00.
METALS MARKET
New York, Aug. 29.—Lead quiet; spot, 105.00; spelter, steady; spot, East St. Louis delivery, 79.00. Copper quiet; electro, 100.00; nominal; September and later months, 100.00. Iron firm and unchanged. Tin steady; spot, \$61.25.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 29.—Cotton steady.
LONDON METAL MARKET.
London, Aug. 29.—Copper, \$230; tin, \$240; zinc, \$210; lead, \$200; silver, \$100; gold, \$100.

ANGLO-FRENCH WAR BONDS

Guaranteed by the Governments of Great Britain and France jointly and severally. No obligations in the world has any better security back of it.

FINANCIAL NEWS

MONTREAL STOCKS
(BY BURDICK BROS. & BRETT, LTD.)
Montreal, Aug. 29.—Offerings of Dominion Iron were not large at to-day's opening of the local market and after a decline of a point the stock rose to within a fraction of yesterday's last quotation.

NEW YORK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET IRREGULAR; NERVOUS
Short Covering and Bargain Buying Brought Slight Recovery
(BY BURDICK BROS. & BRETT, LTD.)
New York, Aug. 29.—After opening a little lower in most cases, stocks moved irregularly. U. S. Steel recovered a small initial loss while Bethlehem and Crucible opened higher and then reacted.

CHICAGO MARKET IS QUIET BUT STEADY

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Corn is unsettled, but has averaged higher. The weekly Government report indicated that it will take unusually favorable weather from now on to prevent large areas from being caught by frost. Lowest temperature reported last night was 32 at Thief River Falls, Minn., but prospect is for warmer weather.

ALASKA GOLD

Alaska Gold
Alaska Chalmers 51 51
Am. Bldg. Sugar 96 96
Am. Sugar Ref. 114 114
Am. Can. Co. 42 42
Am. Car Foundry 70 70
Am. Locomotive 63 63
Am. Steel & Ref. 96 96
Am. T. & Tel. 118 118
Am. Wool. 49 49
Am. Steel Foundry 65 65
Anacosta Mining 71 71
Atchafalaya 89 89
Atlantic Guano 63 63
Baldwin Locom. 64 64
Ballwin & Ohio 64 64
Bethlehem Steel 112 112
Butte Sup. Mining 21 21
Canadian Pacific 124 124
Central Leather 84 84
Crucible Steel 71 71
Cheapeake & Ohio 58 58
Chic. Mil. & St. P. 66 66
Chic. R. & St. P. 28 28
Colo. Fuel & Iron 34 34
Chino Copper 53 53
Cal. Petroleum 182 171
Chile Copper 174 151
Corn Products 399 294
Distillers Sec. 251 252
Erie 222 222
Do. 1st pref. 331 332
Gen. Electric 1597 1598
Goodrich (R. F.) 46 46
Gen. Motors 119 119
Granby 89 78
Gt. Northern, pref. 106 106
Hide & Lea, pref. 61 61
Inspiration Cop. 511 511
Int'l Nickel 241 241
Int'l Mer. Marine 34 34
Do. pref. 90 88
Illinois Central 1097 1097
Kennecott Copper 41 42
Kan. City Southern 19 19
Lehigh Valley 61 61
Lack. Steel 87 87
Louisville & N. 128 122
Maxwell Motors 32 32
Midvale Steel 83 83
Mex. Petroleum 93 93
Miami Copper 354 341
Missouri Pacific 291 281
N. Y. N. H. & Hart 311 302
New York Central 83 83
Norfolk & Western 115 115
Northern Pacific 101 101
Nevada Cons. Copper 212 211
Pennsylvania R. R. 52 52
Pressed Steel Car 62 61
Reading 86 86
Ray Cons. Mining 80 80
Republic Steel 83 81
Southern Pacific 94 94
Southern Ry. com. 274 267
Studebaker Corp. 109 109
Sloss Sheffield 50 50
Third Ave. Ry. 192 192
The Texas Company 174 170
Union Pacific 173 173
Utah Copper 86 87
U. S. Ind. Alcohol 122 120
U. S. Rubber 61 61
U. S. Steel, com. 117 118
Do. pref. 117 117
Virginia Chem. 371 371
Wabash R. R. Co. 102 102
Wabash R. R. "A" 471 471
Willy's Overland 30 29
Westinghouse Elec. 45 45
An. Ex. Loan 521 521
Beth "B" 1093 1073
Beth & Hud. 103 103
Cub. Cane Sugar 32 31
C. P. U. P. 47 46
Gen. Motors 186 186
Int'l Paper 318 317
Harv. 112 111
Col. Gas 352 354
Gulf States 104 100
P. Coal 47 47

CANADIAN CAVALRY IS DOING SPLENDID WORK

"Unhonored and Unsung" the Mounted Men Have "Won Their Spurs"

No small amount of newspaper writing has taken place during the last two years laudatory of the valor displayed on the field of battle by troops from this and other Dominions, and in the enthusiasm of it is small wonder that particular branches of the service should have been overlooked.

"It has to its credit one of the smartest pieces of 'trench raid' work that has been performed of late, and has repeatedly earned high encomiums from the corps of divisional commanders. So consistently good, indeed, has been the work of the Canadian cavalry that it has become the highest in efficiency in the division to which it is attached.

LOCAL NEWS

Grass Fires.—The City Fire Department extinguished grass fires on St. Ann's Street, and on Carlin Street yesterday.

Information Asked.—Information regarding the whereabouts of Wm. James is asked by the Provincial Police. He is supposed to have come to this city on Saturday. Word has now been received of the death of his mother at Mission.

Broken Silver Wanted.—The Blue Cross Committee would be very grateful for further donations for the "Melting Pot." Over \$200 has already been realized by the sale of "oddments," and much more could be disposed of if the supply could be maintained.

Saanich Teamsters Wages.—The Saanich Works Committee last evening decided to increase the wages of teamsters for the remainder of the year to \$6 per day, if dump wagons are used, if not, the old rate of \$5.50 is to prevail. The teamsters working for the municipality had asked \$7 per day, with \$1 per hour overtime.

Prominent Mason Dead.—Word was received to-day by Stephen Jones, proprietor of the Dominion Hotel, of the death of J. H. Peterson, which occurred at Cowichan last evening. Mr. Peterson was prominently associated with the Masonic order. The funeral will take place at Cowichan at 1:30 p. m. to-morrow under Masonic auspices.

Died Last Night.—The death occurred in Ladysmith last night of Jane Haworth, relict of the late George Haworth, who pre-deceased her some seven years ago. The deceased was a native of Lancashire, Eng., aged 65, and had been a resident of this district for the past 27 years. She is survived by two sons, William and James, and two daughters, Mrs. W. Steele and Miss Ellen Haworth, all of Ladysmith.

Serious Fire in Saanich.—A large barn, and an unoccupied residence were burnt down in Parkdale this morning, on 8th Avenue. The alarming character of the blaze induced Chief Davis to send out the No. 5 department, and he attended personally. Had they not arrived a very serious conflagration would have ensued. The case comes as a sharp commentary on the defeat of the fire by-law last month. People in the district feared that a large part of the district was threatened, the area being closely settled.

Against C. N. R. Deal.—The City Council is asked by the Single Tax Association of Ontario to endorse resolutions against the purchase of the Canadian-Northern Railway at the terms proposed. They suggest that the Government ought not to "purchase a bankrupt railway at the price of a solvent concern," and claim that the Government has already so much of the people's money in the concern that it is justified in taking over the road as a going concern. Another resolution suggests that no more charters for privately owned railways should be granted in Canada.

An Unusual Case.—Advantage was taken of section 652 of the Criminal

Code, a section seldom employed here, to bring a man before Magistrate Jay to-day in City Police Court, on a charge of loitering with intent. The City Prosecutor said the accused had been taken into custody under exceedingly suspicious circumstances, but he would not prefer a charge, and asked the Court to follow the procedure of the code, which requires action by noon of the day following a prisoner's apprehension. The accused was discharged with a caution.

Want Conscription.—Daughters of the Empire belonging to the two Vernon chapters, the Chrysler and Gallipoli chapters, recently passed resolutions favoring compulsory service, and copies of these resolutions were received this week by Mrs. E. M. Hasdell, secretary of the Provincial Chapter, I. O. O. E., Temple Building. The Chrysler chapter resolution was moved by Mrs. E. W. Wilmot, seconded by Mrs. L. C. Cresset Kent, and reaffirmed the belief in the urgent and immediate necessity for conscription if Canada was to fulfill her duty to herself and the Empire.

Ministers Left To-day.—This afternoon Premier Brewster, accompanied by Hon. John Oliver, Minister of Agriculture; J. E. Umbach, Surveyor-General, and Professor Klinck, Dean of the School of the University of B. C., left for the Mainland, en route to the Peace River country on a trip of inspection. Hon. T. D. Pattullo, Minister of Lands, who will accompany the Premier, left last night and will join the party at Vancouver where also Hon. J. W. Weart and Mrs. Weart, G. G. McGeer, member for Richmond, and E. D. Barrow, member for Chilliwack, will also join the party. At Fort George Hon. Mr. Oliver and Mrs. Oliver, and Hon. Mr. Weart and Mrs. Weart, with Messrs. McGeer and Barrow, will start on a motor trip of the Omineca district arranged for them by Mr. A. Manson, member of that riding. The Premier, Hon. Mr. Pattullo, Dean Klinck and Mr. Umbach, will proceed on to the Peace River country, returning by way of Edmonton.

SOLDIER CANDIDATE HAS NOVEL PLATFORM

Is Against Minority Who Want to Take the Joy Out of Life

War has worked many wonders during the last three years and the published announcement of candidature for the Alberta Legislative Assembly of Private H. F. Stow, 160122, on active service in France, is not without novelty in campaign matter. He addresses his appeal to the soldiers and nursing sisters from Alberta. He places his platform before the electorate in nine distinct clauses which read as follows:

- 1. I propose, if elected, to be absolutely independent of any political party.
2. The utmost possible assistance should be given to those who are willing to settle on homesteads.
3. Pensions must be sufficient to enable the incapacitated soldier, or the dependent of a deceased soldier, to live without hardship.
4. After the war steps must be taken to prevent enemy alien and unsuitable immigration.
5. Schools in Alberta must not be allowed to be conducted in any foreign language.
6. Wounded soldiers in Hospitals and Convalescent Homes should be allowed as much freedom as possible, likewise restrictions being avoided.
7. Beer, wine and spirits should be obtainable in reasonable quantities at reasonable prices.
8. I am against that minority of people who are so good that they want to take the joy out of life, and procure legislation to that end.
9. In general I shall, if elected, try to always bear in mind the welfare and wishes of the soldiers and nursing sisters from Alberta, and my aim will be that there may be in Alberta a healthy, happy and prosperous community, and that the conditions for the next generation may be much easier than those which we ourselves have had to face.

SEVERELY WOUNDED

Pte. George Hick of Lake Hill, Hit in Both Legs: Admitted to Hospital.

Mrs. George Hick, of Lake Hill, today received a telegram from Ottawa stating that her son, Pte. Ernest G. Hick, has been admitted to No. 4 General Hospital, Danes, Camiers, suffering from severe gunshot wounds in the legs. His injuries were sustained while in action on August 17. He enlisted with the 88th Battalion in this city a year ago last May, and after reaching England was transferred to the Third Canadian Pioneer, with which unit he crossed to France. After several months service with this branch he was again transferred to the Infantry, this time being attached to the Seventh Battalion. Pte. Hick was a native of Victoria, having been born at Lake Hill 25 years ago. By trade he was a carpenter. His mother and father are both residing at their home at Lake Hill.

NOTED POLO PLAYER WOUNDED IN ACTION

D. S. George Was Captain of Kamloops Team; Nephew Given Commission

To-day's casualty list contains the name of Pte. D. S. George among the wounded. Pte. George is the youngest of the George Brothers, of Kamloops, of whom E. C. S. George is at present living on Nile Street, Oak Bay.

Pte. George joined the 11th Canadian Mounted Rifles several months after the outbreak of war. It was expected that the unit would remain a mounted battalion, but after a long period of waiting it left the city and sailed for England, having been transferred to the infantry service. On reaching France Pte. George was put in charge of a machine gun and was promoted to the rank of lance-corporal. The word received regarding him just prior to the information that he was wounded, pointed to the fact that he was about to be offered a commission.

The George Brothers were among the first to introduce the game of polo into British Columbia. From 1905 onward local polo, together with inter-district contests between Kamloops, Kelowna, and Grand Prairie flourished until the popularity of the game became so marked that an inter-provincial polo tournament was held in 1912. The George Brothers were conspicuous among the first players. Ultimately D. S. George, who is to-day reported wounded, became captain of the Kamloops team that had the distinction of winning the first provincial tournament cup. In 1913 the same team, under their captain of the former year, were in the finals, losing to the Vancouver Club at the Willows, a game that local followers of the sport will remember.

A nephew of the wounded Victorian, C. S. George, a son of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. S. George, of this city, has recently received a commission with the Imperial Forces, in the Royal Engineers. He left Victoria on Monday for overseas, having completed a course of training at the Royal Military College of Kingston. He was educated at Rugby, England, and at the University School in this city.

KHAKI WEDDING

Pte. Blaine Watson-Sheldon Married to Miss McCormick Last Evening.

A quiet wedding took place last evening when Gertrude Elizabeth, daughter of Mrs. Mary J. McCormick, of Larkspur, California, was united in marriage to Private Blaine Watson-Sheldon, C. A. S. C., of the 11th Canadian Mounted Rifles. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock, by Father MacDonald, of St. Andrew's Cathedral, at the residence of James N. Maynard, 922 Park Boulevard, whose wife is a sister of the groom, in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends of the young couple. The bridegroom entered the drawing room in the strains of the Bridal Chorus from Lohengrin, with Mrs. Ernest Maynard at the piano.

The bride looked charming in a gown of chiffon over white satin trimmed with pearl beads. She wore a conventional veil caught up by a wreath of orange blossoms and her shower bouquet was of white carnations and maiden hair ferns, held in place with a tulle bow. Her only ornament was a string of pearls. She was assisted by her sister, Miss Ella McCormick, who wore a gown of coral net over pink satin relieved by a melrose throw. She carried a shower bouquet of pink roses and maiden hair ferns. Sergeant Major Frank Christy, C. A. S. C., who is the best man, and the groom both wearing their khaki uniforms.

After the ceremony a catered wedding supper was served in the dining room, which was beautifully decorated with cut flowers and potted plants. Following this a musical programme was carried out, in which several of the guests took part.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon received a large number of beautiful presents as a testimonial of the good wishes of their friends. At 11:30 the entire party, several of whom arrived yesterday on the S. S. Governor from San Francisco, motored to Brentwood, where the honeymoon will be spent. Pte. and Mrs. Sheldon will make their home at 922 Park Boulevard on their return to Victoria.

GAME WARDENS

Deputies Appointed by Order in Council Signed Yesterday Afternoon.

The order-in-council authorizing the appointment of the following to be deputy game wardens to fill present vacancies, was signed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor yesterday afternoon. The names of the new officers are: Winfield Maxwell, of Revelstoke; W. J. Claridge, of Fernie; P. C. Wildman, of Morrissey; James L. Hopkins, of Armstrong; Alexander Beatty, of Penticton; Alfred Bingley, of Kelowna.

LIEUTENANT MISSING

Son of Mr. Justice Clement Not Heard of Since August 19; Left Here as Private.

A wire report received in the city this morning states that Flight Lieutenant C. M. Clement, the well-known aviator, has been missing since August 19. He is the son of Mr. Justice Clement, of New Westminster. The young aviator left British Columbia for the front in the early stages of the war with the 4th Battalion as a private, and after arriving in England was granted a commission with the Royal Flying Corps.

TESTIMONIALS FOR MEDICINES

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company Publishes Only Genuine Ones.

The testimonials published by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company come unsolicited. Before they are used the Company takes great care to inform itself about the writer. Never knowingly, has it published an untruthful letter, never in a letter published without written consent signed by the writer. The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and illness.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues. It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; and their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.

WENT FOR A DRIVE; ENDED IN HOSPITAL

Joseph Davidson, on Recovery, Finds Himself Faced With Charge of Stealing Auto

For an hour and a half this morning the Police Magistrate heard evidence regarding a remarkable allegation of automobile stealing. Joseph Davidson, 27, employed in a local munitions plant, was charged with the theft, which occurred as long ago as July 9, but Davidson had been in hospital during the intervening weeks recovering from injuries he received at the time. F. C. Elliott appeared for the defence.

George Phillips, of the Naval Yard staff, left a Ford car unlocked outside the Union Club in the early evening of July 9 and went inside. Constable Boulton, passing on his beat later, saw accused examining the car and then drive off. Later in the evening the wrecked car was found at the Cedar Hill Road and Hillside Avenue intersection by a truck driver, Joseph Hudlin, who was in from Gordon Head, accused being in the road badly cut and injured. Constable Acreman took him to the hospital and he remained unconscious during the process of removal.

For the defence accused stated that he hired the car from a man at the Club, that on it was a "For Hire" notice, and that he paid \$10 rental. He drove the car to the boarding house on Hillside Avenue, and took his landlady's children, and later his landlady out for a drive. While he was out on the second excursion the accident happened, after which he remembered no more. Mrs. Wright, landlady, gave evidence supporting this story and said that on that occasion Davidson told her the car was rented.

David Baker, who was with Davidson earlier in the evening, gave evidence to show accused was sober. Mr. Elliott suggested that it was quite reasonable to suppose that an unscrupulous person did attempt the hire of the car and when he found a victim removed the "For Hire" sign as accused had stated.

The City Prosecutor described the story as a "grossly absurd one," and thought the case was one deserving a severe penalty. The magistrate will consider the evidence and announce his decision to-morrow.

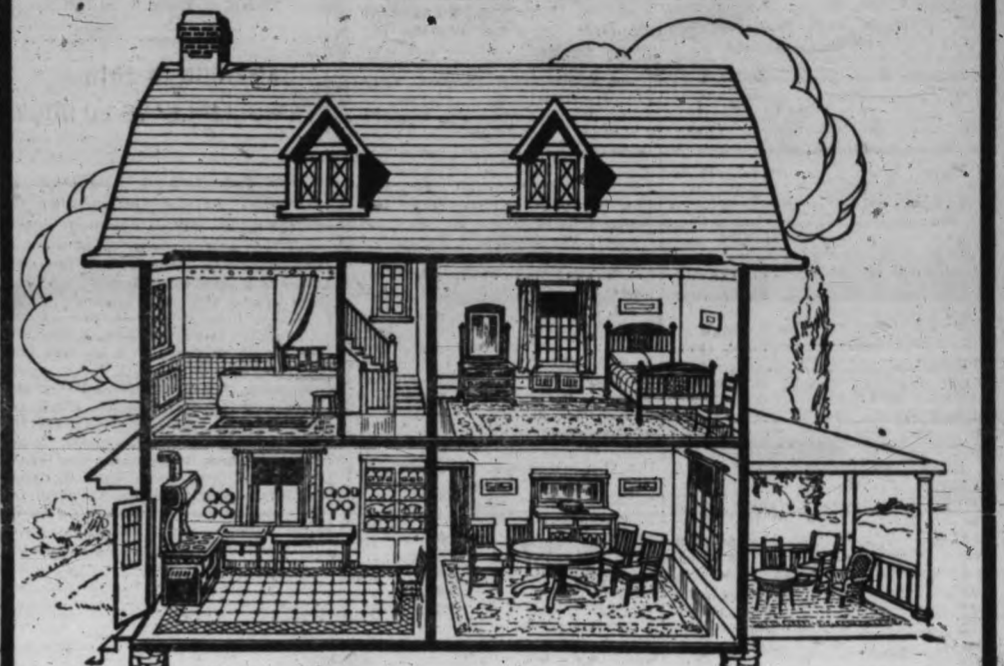
OBITUARY RECORD

Clara Mary Jackson, wife of Frederick A. Jackson, died last night at the family residence, 2518 Fernwood Road. She was 66 years of age and a native of Dunbar, Scotland. The funeral will take place at 3:30 p. m. on Friday from the B. C. Funeral Parlors, Rev. Robert Connell officiating.

The death took place yesterday at the family residence, 1830 Crescent Road, Poul Bay, of William Harling, Mr. Harling, who was 71 years of age, was a native of Bradford, Yorks, England, and came to Victoria twelve years ago. Besides his widow he is survived by four children: Ralph E. Harling, of Montreal; Fred and Alice Harling, and Mrs. J. T. Stott, of Victoria. The funeral will be private.

The funeral of W. Parsons Roskelly, one of the victims of the explosion which occurred yesterday on the Songhees Reserve, will take place at 10 a. m. on Friday from the B. C. Funeral Parlors, Rev. J. W. Flinton officiating. The funeral of David Gowdy, another victim, is to take place from the same parlors at 2 p. m. the same day. Rev. A. W. B. Owen conducting the services. The late William Roskelly was a native of Gleant, Cornwall, England, and was 64 years of age. He left the Old Country when quite a young man and for some time was in the employ of the C. P. R. He came to Victoria in 1882 and had resided here since that time. He was foreman at different periods

A HOME for \$375 Only Two More Days to Get it at Sale Price of \$325, a saving of \$50.00 on the Outfit



Of Interest to the Bride

Below we give you a list of good quality Furniture, Carpets, Drapes, Range, Crockery, Hardware, etc., necessary to furnish a five-room cottage as above, for \$375. The dining room furniture is of oak, bedroom of birch mahogany or any other style you care to choose at same price. Kitchen is fitted absolutely complete, including polished top steel range, Community silver, etc.; bath and veranda of appropriate goods for their special uses. It will not be necessary to take the outfit as we have it arranged. Any article can be changed, omitted or added, and the price will be altered accordingly. In fact, we have lists prepared for this same house, furnished complete from \$200, but in submitting this list at \$375 we are offering goods worth while and of lasting quality.

- BEDROOM: Birch Mahogany Dresser, with British Bevel Plate Mirror, Birch Mahogany Bed, Birch Mahogany Chair, Restmore Mattress, Reinforced Spring, Bedroom Carpet, 1 Pair Sheets, 1 Pair Wool Blankets, 1 White Spread, 1 Pair Towels, 2 Feather Pillows, 2 Hemstitched Pillow Cases, Curtains, Window Shade.
DINING ROOM: Solid Oak Buffet, leaded light in doors, bevel plate mirror, Solid Oak Pedestal Table, extending six feet, Solid Oak Set of Dinners, leather seats, Carpet or Congoleum Rug, 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in., Curtains, Curtain Pole, Window Shade.
KITCHEN: Six-hole Polished Top Range, connected complete with water jacket, Complete Set Hardware, Tubs, Saucepans, etc., consisting of 40 pieces, Community Silver, consisting of 26 pieces, Dinner Set, consisting of 46 pieces, British Linoleum, 12 x 12, Kitchen Chairs, 1 Kitchen Table, Window Shade, Curtain Pole, Curtains.
VERANDA: Crex Carpet, 2 Veranda Chairs, 1 Veranda Rocker, 1 Table.
BATHROOM: Linoleum, 6 x 9, Bath Mat, White Enamel Chair.

Complete List of Hardware as Follows:

- Complete Set of Hardware, 40 pieces, as per the following list: 1 Enamel Kettle, 2 Enamel Saucepans, 1 Double Porridge, 1 Porridge Spoon, 2 Pudding Dishes, 1 Fry Pan, 1 Bake Dish, 1 Cullender, 3 Bread Pans, 2 Pie Plates, 1 Egg Beater, 1 Flour Sifter, 1 Potato Masher, 1 Six-hole Cake Baker, 1 Rolling Pin, 1 Can Opener, 1 Egg Slicer, 1 Teapot, 1 Enamel Dipper, 1 Toaster, 1 Strainer, 1 Sink Strainer, 1 Dishpan, 1 each, Pepper and Salt, 1 Wash Boiler, 1 Galvanized Tub, 1 Scrub.

Standard Furniture Co. 711 Yates Street

We Specialize in Furnishing Homes Complete. Out of Town Orders Packed Free

RECEIVES PROMOTIONS

Former Private Arthur B. Jackson is Now Training With the Royal Flying Corps.

It is not frequently the case that a very young soldier is the recipient of two awards of promotion in one day, yet such was the circumstance in which Pte. Arthur B. Jackson, son of M. B. Jackson, of this city, found himself recently. The actual occurrence is recounted by the young man in a letter which his father received yesterday. Pte. Jackson left Victoria about fifteen months ago as a member of the British Columbia Company of the 196th Western Universities Battalion. He had been attending the Victoria High School and left that institution

TWICE IN CASUALTY LIST

Gunner W. R. Brackett is Possibly the Man Who Was Reported as W. H. Brackett.

A letter has been received in the city from Pender Island stating that Gunner W. H. Brackett, whose name has been mentioned in two recent casualty lists as having died of wounds and later as being gassed, is possibly the W. R. Brackett, who left Pender Island in the early stages of the war to join the forces. W. R. Brackett, of Pender Island, joined the 5th Regiment Canadian Garrison Artillery, on June 22, 1916, and was transferred to the Regiment's Divisional Ammunition Column in November of the same year. He crossed to England with Lieut. G. M. Irwin in February, 1917. Gunner Brackett was born near Chatham, Ontario, in March, 1899, but came west at an early age and spent the greater part of his life on Pender Island. Leaving for Interior—Hon. Wm. Sloan leaves to-morrow for Merritt and other points in the Nicola Valley to investigate conditions in regard to the fuel supply there.

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The Sure Success

of quality, is demonstrated by the rapidly increasing Sale of

Ogilvie's "Canada's Best" Flour, 49 Pound Sack for . . . \$3.25

Auburn Creamery Butter	2 lbs.	85c
Fancy Siam Rice	4 pounds for	25c
Pure Malt Vinegar	Large bottle for	25c
Blended Malt Vinegar	Large bottle for	15c
New Pickling Onions	4 pounds for	25c
Ripe Cantaloups	Large size	2 for 25c

Phone or Mail Orders Receive Special Attention

DIXIE ROSS'

"Quality Grocers," 1817 Government St. Phone 99 51

BRITISHERS REACH CAPITAL FROM SOUTH

Twenty-Three in Party; Several Former British Columbians; Anxious to Serve

It was an enthusiastic party of 23 Britisners from Uncle Sam's Pacific States who arrived in the city yesterday afternoon by the steamship Governor from San Francisco. As the liner pulled in to the dock the majority of the party lined a-portion of the deck ready to be taken in charge by the local authorities and to be allotted to the units which they desire to join.

When such a body of fellows are at the head of a gangplank it is not difficult for a reporter to make their acquaintance, but it is an entirely different matter for him to get in many questions. In fact the questions are invariably flung at him in such numbers that to attempt to answer them would be impossible. Each and every recruit is anxious to learn the exact future that is in store for him, what unit he will join, and when and where he will be quartered. How long will it be before he can get to France?

Physically and Mentally Fit. One thing is quite certain. The Pacific Coast States are losing some excellent types of manhood and British Columbia units are prospering proportionately by adding to their numbers men who are not only physically but also mentally fitted to become most efficient soldiers. The party which arrived yesterday was recruited principally in San Francisco and Los Angeles. The men who for the most part are young, averaging from 20 to 30 years of age, are all voluntary recruits.

When asked if they had been persuaded to join the colors they invariably replied that their decision had been purely voluntary. They had come to the conclusion that the time had arrived for them to take a more active part in bringing the war to a successful termination.

In charge of the party was J. J. Ryan, a young Irishman whose career has been one that fitted him admirably for the position of leader. As a very young fellow he left his native land and attended college in London, later becoming a leading accountant in the Austians Consolidated Company of London. Soon after qualifying in this capacity he was sent to East Africa, where he served in the employ of the firm for six years, eventually being transferred to the Gold Coast, where he remained for some twelve months. Not being thoroughly satisfied to remain longer in the African continent, however, he determined to pay a visit to the western States, and California became his home. For the past five years he has been an accountant with one of the greatest commercial enterprises of the world—The Standard Oil Company.

Unexplored State. "In spite of all my wanderings to various climes," said Mr. Ryan as the reporter was taking leave of him, "there is one state whose borders I have never entered—the state of matrimony."

Two of the members of the party are former residents of British Columbia. A. M. Davis, who for the past eight years has been living in the South, was formerly well-known both in Vancouver and Kelowna. He is a Scotchman by birth and first came to Canada in 1907, settling at that time in Toronto. He subsequently went to the States before reaching British Columbia.

Lacrosse Player. W. G. O'Neil, who expects to be joined to a Vancouver unit, was a resident of the Terminal City for twenty years, where he figured prominently as a lacrosse player with the V.A.C. Mr. O'Neil was a commercial traveller and has many friends throughout the province who will be pleased to learn that he is once more within its borders. His brother joined the 72nd Highlanders of the Terminal City at the commencement of the war and saw a great deal of service. He was wounded severely nearly a year in hospital and is invalided home to Vancouver.

The following is the complete list of the men: J. J. Ryan (in charge), H. B. Baker, A. Egger, E. Bernal, A. Davis, M. Dacey, W. Groboosky, J. Hamill, W. K. Lamb, L. Latham, M. Lewison, E. L. Mason, E. Morgan, E. Morgan, L. Murdoch, F. O'Meara, W. G. O'Neil, J. W. Onyon, J. A. Patterson, A. J. Pruntyville, W. J. Robinson, J. F. Rumer, P. Sorenson, M. Tabone.

The medical examination was completed this morning and the men are now being allotted to their respective units in this city and Vancouver.

WOUNDED THIRD TIME

Sergeant Mackie Again Admitted to Hospital With Gun Shot Wound in Knee.

Mrs. J. Mackie, of 70 Laurel Street, received a telegram from Ottawa yesterday stating that her son, Sergeant T. E. Mackie, has been wounded with a gunshot in the knee and that he has been admitted to hospital at Ebbwille. The wife did not state full particulars regarding the severeness of the injuries received.

Sergeant Mackie left Victoria with the 30th Battalion on February 4, 1915, at the age of eighteen. He trained for some time in the Old Country and before crossing to France was drafted to the 15th Battalion. Since that time he has seen a great deal of service and has been wounded on two previous occasions. An elder brother is also at the front with the Canadian Pioneers. His father, who holds the rank of sergeant, is a member of the 59th Highlanders stationed at the Willows. He has twice offered his services for overseas, but on account of his age has been turned down.

The son who is now reported wounded attended business college in Victoria for some time prior to enlisting.

VICTORIA IS DEPOT FOR U.S.A. RECRUITS

Items of Interest Contained in Military Orders Issued by General Leckie

Victoria and not Vancouver is to be the headquarters depot for recruits from the Pacific States to the Canadian Army according to military orders issued yesterday by authority of Major-General R. G. E. Leckie. Until the present the campaign to enroll men for local units in the south has not been a thorough one. The organization of the British Recruiting Mission under General White will, however, alter conditions. A continual chain of offices has been established from Seattle to the Mexican border and excellent results are expected. It is therefore probable that large numbers of recruits will reach the capital during the next few weeks.

The following notices are also contained in the regular order sheet:

Postings—Provisional Lieutenant Malcolm Frank Douglas Graham is posted to the A.M.C. T.D. No. 11, with effect from 1st September, pending H.Q. authority. Provisional Lieutenant Edward Hartrick Harrison is posted to the A.M.C. T.D. No. 11, with effect from the 22nd August, pending H.Q. authority.

Appointment—Forestry Depot, C.E.F., M.D. No. 11. To be Lieutenant: Lewis Leonard S. Higgs, gentleman, 14-5-17.

Transfers—The following transfers are authorized: The undermentioned soldiers from No. 11 Special Service Co., C.E.F., to "J" Unit, M.H.C.C., 13-8-17: Sergt. J. H. Northwood, Sergt. George Allen, Pte. R. C. Sanderson, Pte. Wm. Greer, Pte. R. G. Grant, Pte. W. Williamson, Pte. Jean Turpin, Pte. J. J. Cant, Pte. John Draycott, Pte. J. Elwood, Pte. Peter Hansen, Pte. B. S. Menendez, Pte. E. L. Watts, Pte. Wm. Pearce, Pte. T. B. Ross, Corp. R. A. Scott, Pte. Wm. McKinstry, Pte. John W. Pellsier-Bosomworth, C.-S.-M. William Smith, Pte. John Pollock, from the 1st Depot Battalion, B.C. Regiment, to the Canadian Engineers O.S. Draft, C.E.F., 18-8-17; Pte. James Brennan, from "J" Unit, M.H.C.C. to No. 11 Special Service Co., C.E.F., 27-8-17; Pte. F. Gordon is transferred to the A.M.C. T.D. No. 11.

Clover Point Rifle Range—The Clover Point Rifle Range is allotted as under:

Monday—2nd Depot Battalion, B. C. Regiment.
Tuesday—Royal Canadian Naval Volunteer Reserve.
Thursday—2nd Depot Battalion, B. C. Regiment.
Saturday—Royal Canadian Naval Volunteer Reserve, 88th Regiment, Victoria Fusiliers.

Attached—Capt. David Archibald Dunbar, C.A.M.C., C.E.F., is hereby attached to the 1st Depot Battalion, B.C. Regiment, for duty.

Lieut. J. F. Underhill, Canadian Garrison Artillery, C.E.F., is attached to No. 11 Special Service Company for duty, with effect from the 24th inst.

The undermentioned officers are attached to "J" Unit, M.H.C.C. for instruction from the dates set opposite their names: Lieut. H. E. Whyte, August 1, 1917 (102nd Battalion); Lieut. J. F. Underhill, C.G.A., C.E.F., August 28, 1917; Capt. C. J. Keller, 47th Battalion, B.C.D.R., August 25, 1917.

The undermentioned N.C.O.'s are attached to the 1st Depot Battalion, B.C. Regiment for rations and discipline, with effect from August 29, 1917: Sergt. Instr. F. S. Harris, C.A.G.S. (231st Battalion); Sergt. Instr. L. Fryer, C.A.G.S. (231st Battalion); Sergt. Instr. W. P. Simpson, C.A.G.S. (232nd Battalion).

KILLED IN ACTION.

My father lived his three-score years;
My son lived twenty-two;
One looked long back on work well done,
And one had all to do—
Yet which the better served his world
I know not, nor do you!

To one, Life chattered all her lore
Till he knew wise and gray;
To one, she whispered only, ere
She turned her face away—
Yet which her dearest secret held
Only they two might say.

Peace gave my father restful days,
With love and fame for page;
War gave my son an unmarked grave,
And an unwritten page—
Who shall declare which gift conveyed
The greater heritage?
—Isabel Ecclestone Macay, in The Forth.

DUNCAN BOY KILLED


Went to Europe in Early Stages of the War; was Twenty Years of Age.

Pte. Thomas Edwin Guns, a son of E. Guns, of Cowichan, was killed in action on August 14, according to information received by his father.

Pte. Guns joined the British Columbia Horse in November of 1915 while he was still slightly under 18 years of age. He trained in the province for some months and then transferred to the 10th Battalion and proceeded to England. For six months following he was employed with a French veterinary surgeon and later left for France attached to the 8th Battalion. He was serving with a light trench mortar battery at the time he was wounded.

Pte. Guns was a native of Cowichan district, where he was born in 1897. He was educated at the Duncan Public School and also at the Central School, in this city. Prior to joining the forces he was employed on the Pemberton ranch at Cowichan, where his father holds the position of manager.

Make Large Shipments.—The B. C. Fruitlands has shipped its first carload of crabapples to Minneapolis and the season is now on and the picking will continue with girls from the Indian reservation doing most of the work. The company expects to ship about 10,000 crates.



Standard Quarterly Price 25c

September Designer Price 10c

739 Yates St. Phone 5510

A Bevy of Smart Styles in Misses' and Girls' Fall Coats

We are showing a superb collection of Misses' and Girls' Smart Fall Coats. They are developed from curl cloth and fancy tweeds, in tones of brown, grey, green, saxe and navy. Made in full length styles, with large collars, pockets and new belt arrangements; lined with heavy quality satens; sizes 10 to 16 years. Prices, \$9.75 and \$11.75 —First Floor

New Felt Hats for Early Fall

Very Special at \$2.95

They come in many different styles of sailors and flofs, with bindings and bands in contrasting colors. Every wanted shade is represented. Regular \$5.00 values. Special at \$2.95 —Millinery, First Floor

Dainty Fabrics for Afternoon and Evening Wear

Silk Poplins, in the most popular shades for afternoon and evening wear; 36 inches wide. Specially priced at, per yard \$1.75
Crepes de Chine, in a splendid assortment of dainty shades; widths 36 to 40 inches. Price, per yard, \$1.25 to \$2.25
Silk Ninons and Georgette Crepes, in the newest colorings and effects for afternoon and evening wear. Up from, per yard \$1.00 —Silk Section, Main Floor

Plain and Fancy Flannelettes at Popular Prices

Flannelettes will soon be in big demand. We fortunately bought very early and advantageously, that enables us to offer attractive values at popular prices.

<p>White Flannelettes—Soft, pure finish, very warm; 27 inches wide. Yard 15c</p> <p>White Flannelettes—A very nice flannelette, quite pure finish; 33 inches wide. Yard 20c</p> <p>White Flannelettes—This is a heavier make and very durable; 33 inches wide. Yard 25c</p>	<p>White Flannelettes—This flannelette is a very soft, fleecy make, perfectly pure; 33 inches wide. Yard 30c</p> <p>Striped Flannelettes—We offer a fine range of Striped Flannelettes, a reliable British make, quite pure finish; 32 inches wide. Yard 25c</p> <p>Striped Flannelettes—A finer grade, made from a better yarn; quite satisfactory in wash; 33 inches wide. Yard 30c —Staple Section, in Basement</p>
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Women's Hose Women's Fancy Tweed Coats for Early Fall

These are made in the popular styles, with large convertible collars, pockets and belts. Most useful for motoring and general wear. Stocked in all sizes. Prices range from \$12.50 to \$35.00 —First Floor

Standard Quarterly, Autumn Number 25c

Includes coupon good for 15c in the purchase of any Standard Pattern.

Seized Under Chattel Mortgage

Messrs. Stewart Williams & Co.

Duly instructed by the Mortgagee, will sell, by Public Auction, at the Oak Bay Boat House, on

To-morrow Morning

at 11 o'clock,

A STEAM PINNACE

late of H.M.S. "Egeria," 28 ft. overall, 7 ft. beam, 4 ft. draught, compound marine engines, 16 h.p.; brass fittings, teak hull, etc., etc.

On view at the Oak Bay Boat House.

The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams. Phone No. 1324.

DENTAL WORK AMONG RETURNED SOLDIERS

Appointment of Local Dentist to Supervise Treatment in Convalescent Hospitals

Dr. R. Ford Verrinder will have charge of the dental work for the Military Convalescent Hospitals on Vancouver Island. It is announced, with the rank of captain.

This is one of the appointments arising out of the need for special treatment for dental work among the returned soldiers. The Military Hospitals Commission, having resolved that it was not fair to send the returned men to ordinary dentists, the Canadian Army Dental Corps established a special service for the convalescent hospitals. Specialists of high standing have therefore been selected to make a study of the new class of dental ailments created under war conditions.

The ordinary cases of minor dental troubles occur among returned soldiers in the same way as among other people, but many of the cases are, absolutely different from those met with in ordinary practice, the dentists state. Gas victims, shell shock sufferers, tuberculosis men and soldiers suffering from specific diseases and wounds in the jaw all have distinctive peculiarities in their tooth troubles, and require the application not only of the greatest scientific knowledge, but of extreme caution in working methods.

Men who have been gassed have such distinctive dental ailments that without any further evidence a dentist could separate gassed men from ordinary people by a single glance in the mouth. Inflammatory and septic conditions are found at the sockets of the teeth, and X Ray examinations are necessary to find the exact locations and areas.

The dentists have carried out some remarkable operations in grafting, skin bones and sections of ribs in place of shell shattered jaws. Sometimes the operations are so successful that the patient is able to eat with a new jaw before the wound in his side, from which the rib had been taken, has ceased to hurt him.

It is understood that in the practical operation of the dental work on Vancouver Island, the Esquimalt Hospital will be used for a clearing house, where patients will be kept while the dental operations are proceeding, returning later to their respective convalescent hospitals.

SUFFERS GAS POISONING

Lance-Corporal H. H. Pidecock Has Been Admitted to Hospital in France.

Lance-Corporal H. H. Pidecock, of this city, has been admitted to a French hospital, according to advices that have been received. He is reported to be suffering from gas poisoning.

He left Victoria with the Western Scots and has been actively engaged at the front since August of last year. Prior to enlisting he was a member of the firm of Pidecock Brothers, and was engaged in the timber business, making his home at Quathlasi Cove, Valdez Island. His wife and little son are at present residing in England, while a brother, W. T. Pidecock, is living at Craigflower Farm, Esquimalt. A sister, Mrs. E. P. Johnston, is residing at 1305 South Hampshire Road, Oak Bay.



BRIGHTER DAYS

ARE AHEAD FOR THE TEA OR COFFEE USER WHO CHANGES TO

POSTUM

Calypso Cream for Sunburn

Two kinds.

Day Cream—Vanishing.
Night Cream—Greasy.

A perfect combination skin treatment.

Each in two sizes—25¢ and 50¢.

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JOHN COCHRANE DRUGGIST

W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. at the B. C. Electric Clock.

SAVE THAT BOTTLE

We Buy

BEER WHISKEY WINE VINEGAR SODA WATER BRANDY AMMONIA

BEST PRICES PAID We will collect.

THE Returned Soldiers' Bottle Agency

Phone 144. 1313 Blanshard St.

We Deliver Immediately—Anywhere

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THE HUDSON'S BAY CO. WINE DEPARTMENT

1313 Douglas St. Open till 10 p.m.

University School for Boys

Recent success at McGill University. Second place in Canada in 1915 at the Royal Military College, Kingston. Canadian Navy, B. C. Surveyors' Preliminary, Cadet Corps and Shooting. Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS

Christmas Term commences Wednesday, September 5, 1917.

Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.).
Headmaster—J. C. Barnack, Esq. (London University).

For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

AIR HERO RETURNS TO ISLAND ON FURLOUGH

Nanaimo Gives Flight Commander Ray Collishaw Fitting Welcome Home

Seemingly all Nanaimo turned out in force last night to do honor to a native son of the city, Flight Commander Ray Collishaw, home from the war laden with honors, given in recognition of his brilliant work in the Royal Naval Air Service on the battlefields of France, by both the British and French Governments. He is home on three months' furlough after a long period of service at the front with the airman.

Long before the ferry steamer arrived from Vancouver, Dallas Square was a veritable mass of humanity, and the Boys' Brigade band added to the fervor of the occasion by playing patriotic airs. When Commander Collishaw stepped off the boat he was given, say old-timers, a reception that has not been paralleled in the up-island centre for many moons. His appearance was the signal for a storm of cheering and his admirers hoisted him to their shoulders and carried him ashore.

Mayor McKenzie, on behalf of the city, welcomed the airman and referred to the outstanding points in his career as a civilian and aviator, later leading the cheering. Commander Collishaw carries the Distinguished Service Cross, the Croix de Guerre, given by the French Government for his exploits at Verdun, to which it later added a bar, and the Distinguished Service Order. The last and most highly valued honor was conferred on him for conspicuous bravery in leading attacks on hostile aircraft. Since June 10 he has himself brought down six enemy machines.

WOUNDED IN FACE

Pte. H. W. Hovey, Whose Parents Reside in Victoria, Went With Winnipeg Battalion.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Hovey, of 303 Empress Avenue, have been informed by wire from Ottawa that their son, Pte. H. W. Hovey, has been admitted to the First Canadian General Hospital at Etaples. He is suffering from gunshot wound in the face and was taken to hospital on August 12.

Pte. Hovey left Canada for the front with the 10th Battalion from Winnipeg. On arriving in England he was transferred to the Canadian Pioneers and crossed to France in February of this year.

Hovey has been admitted to the First Canadian General Hospital at Etaples. He is suffering from gunshot wound in the face and was taken to hospital on August 12.

Pte. Hovey left Canada for the front with the 10th Battalion from Winnipeg. On arriving in England he was transferred to the Canadian Pioneers and crossed to France in February of this year.

Whole Wheat Flour

Manufactured by ourselves, containing all of the wheat. \$2.90

Per 50-lb. sack

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Electric Iron, guaranteed for all time, the "Canadian Beauty."

Reg. \$4.00. Extra special at \$3.95

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FOR SALE

Heavy Team of Horses

J. KINGHAM & CO., Ltd.

COAL MERCHANTS

Phone 647 1004 Broad Street

DUNCAN SOLDIER-KILLED

Pte. Oliver Colliard, Who Was Recently Wounded, is Now Reported Killed.

Pte. Oliver Colliard, who was recently wounded with gunshot, is now reported to have been killed. News to this effect has been received by his parents who reside near Duncan.

The young soldier first enlisted with the 6th Battalion, but on arriving in England was transferred to the 3rd Canadian Pioneers and went to France with the 25th Battalion. He served with this unit for twelve months.

He was born on the prairies twenty years ago and came to British Columbia with his parents about 1912, immediately settling at Duncan. He was well-known throughout the district as an excellent baseball and basketball player. His younger brother, Maurice, is in the record office, Seaford, England.

Only two survivors.—With the death last week of "Kostiah" there remains only two survivors of the Kostiah band of Indians, once a powerful tribe, near Duncan, Vancouver Island.