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general location of san jacinto experimental forest.

## FOREWORD

The San Jacinto Experimental Forest is one of three experimental forests maintained by the East Texas Research Center of the Southern Forest Experiment Station. 1/

The 2, 200-acre San Jacinto Experimental Forest, located in Walker County about 10 miles southeast of Hunts ville, was set aside for research in 1937. A part of the Sam Houston National Forest, it is representative of the better timber stands to be found in the southeastern part of Texas. Following a very heavy cutting of the virgin timber about 1890, this area restocked to an essentially even-aged stand of shortleaf and loblolly pine. Loblolly makes up about 60 percent of the stand and shortleaf the remainder. Hardwoods are of low quality, and in the last few years most of the larger ones have been killed by girdling. The understory of shrubs and small hardwoods has become considerably more dense since 1935, when the area was put under fire protection. Previously fires had been frequent.

Timber cutting and other silvicultural measures on the San Jacinto Experimental Forest are accomplished under the supervision of the District Ranger, Raven Ranger District, Sam Houston National Forest.

[^0]
For Sowlogs ond Pulpwood
Plot Numbers
5-yr. selection 10 -yr. selection 15-yr. selection Shelterwood
$1,19,22,25$
$12,14,18,30$
4, 8, 17, 27
5, 9, 20,29

D+ SPACING STUDY
Dote installed $D+$ Spacing Selection Plot Numbers

| 1950 | $1-D$ | $1-S$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1951 | $2-D$ | $2-S$ |
| 1952 | $3-D$ | $3-S$ |
| 1953 | $4-D$ | $4-S$ |
| 1954 | $5-D$ | $5-S$ |

EXPERIMENTAL PLOTS, SAN JACINTO EXPERIMENTAL FOREST.

# THE SAN JACINTO EXPERIMENTAL FOREST 

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How to manage loblolly and shortleaf pines for maximum sustained yield is still an open question. The ultimate answer will be based on comparisons of average annual yield per acre from different methods over long periods. The problem is broad and has many different aspects, for it involves different cutting practices, management objectives, original stand conditions, sites, and localities. It cannot be solved in a single experiment but must be attacked in many studies.

Prior to 1954, two studies involving methods of managing pine forests were installed on the San Jacinto Experimental Forest. The earlier study, set up in 1938, compares eight methods of cutting pulpwood and sawlogs. In the second study, a cutting method based on relationships between spacing and tree diameter--the so-called D+ sys-tem--is being compared with the single-tree selection system. The first installation on this study was made in 1949.

This guide is especially designed for use in inspecting the studies on the ground. The location and treatment of the plots in both studies are shown on the map on the facing page. Plot corners are marked bytreated wooden posts bearing aluminum identification tags which face the plot centers.

## STAND DESCRIPTION

When the methods-of-cutting study began in 1938, the pine stand was about 45 years old. It contained an average of 7,416 board feet (international $1 / 4$-inch rule) per acre in trees more than 9.5 inches in diameter at breast height, or 2,928 merchantable cubic feet (inside bark) per acre in trees more than 3.5 inches in d.b.h. On the average, loblolly made up about 60 percent of the stand, shortleaf 40 percent. There was an undergrowth of shrubs and small brush, but hardwoods more than 4 inches in d.b.h. were scarce. Twelve to 16 years later, when the $D+$ study was installed in a similar stand, volumes averaged ll, 580 board feet per acre.

The site quality is about average for loblolly pine in east Texas. Site index (average height of dominant and codominant trees at 50 years) is mostly 75 to 80 feet, but ranges from about 70 to 85 feet.

## METHODS-OF-CUTTING STUDY

Eight different cutting practices, involving two management objectives, are being tested. The 32 square l-acre plots, 4 for each cutting practice, were located and cut in 1938 and remeasured and cut (as required) in 1943, 1948, and 1953. Measurements are confined to a half acre in the center of each plot.

The management objectives and cutting practices fall into two groups.
I. PULPWOOD PRODUCTION. The first group of 16 plots is being cut with the objective of producing pulpwood and small sawlogs, from trees not more than about 14 inches d. b. h.

Selection cutting, 10-year cutting cycle. - - Regulated cuts averaging 31 percent of the total merchantable volume in 1938 and 33 percent in 1948 have been made. Each cut was taken from the trees of lowest vigor and those likely to increase least in volume. Practically all trees over 13 inches d. b. h. were cut because they were larger than is considered desirable for pulpwood. No attempt was made to make openings of any particular size. The ultimate objective is to create and maintain an all-aged forest with an optimum distribution of size classes.

Cutting to create or maintain an even-aged forest. -- The stand in 1938 was essentially even-aged but contained a considerable range of diameters. The inftial cutting left the stand well stocked with a narrow range of diameters such as would characterize an even-aged stand that had been thinned regularly. All trees of reasonably good form, quality, and vigor in the 8 - to 13 -inch d.b.h. classes, inclusive, were left in 1938; and all but a few of the very best smaller and larger trees were cut. In 1948, all trees more than 14.5 inches d.b.h. were cut, and smaller trees were left unless they seemed likely to die within 5 years. In 1953 a preparatory regeneration cut released about 10 potential seed trees per acre to encourage seed production. In addition, trees above 14.5 inches d.b.h. were cut as in previous operations to conform to the management objectives. On the average, 37 percent of the total merchantable volume was cut in 1938, 46 percent in 1948 , and 38 percent in 1953. Plans are to remove all pines except the seed trees in 1958.

Pulpwood Association minimum practice cutting. -- This is a test of the heaviest cutting permitted under the rules adopted by an association of Louisiana, Arkansas, and Texas pulp mills in 1937. All trees at least 7.0 inches d.b.h. (approximately 8 inches or more in diameter at a stump height of 12 inches) were cut in 1938. This cut averaged 93 percent of the total merchantable volume. An average of ninety-seven 4 - to 7 -inch trees per acre was left. Since the trees left had very small crowns and produced no seed immediately, early reproduction had to come from seed cast by trees outside the plots.

Clear cutting. --All trees containing at least two sticks of pulpwood were cut in 1938. Most of the trees too small to cut (less than 5 inches d.b.h.) were knocked down in logging. Seed for reproduction necessarily has come from trees outside the plots.
II. SAWLOG PRODUCTION. The second group of 16 plots is being handled with the objective of producing sawlogs from high-quality trees averaging at least 18 inches d.b.h., with pulpwood coming only from thinnings and tops.

Selection cutting, 5 -year cutting cycle. --Regulated cuts averaging 17 percent of the total merchantable volume in 1938, 11 percent in 1943,22 percent in 1948 , and 14 percent in 1953 have been made. Each cut was taken from the trees of lowest quality and vigor and those likely to increase least in value. Trees are taken entirely on their individual merits. There is no attempt to make openings of any particular size. The ultimate objective is to create and maintain an all-aged or selection forest with an optimum distribution of size classes.

Selection cutting, 10-year cutting cycle. --Same principles of marking as above. Regulated cuts averaging 28 percent of the total merchantable volume in 1938 and 32 percent in 1948 have been made.

Selection cutting, 15 -year cutting cycle.-Same principles of marking as above. Regulated cuts averaging 42 percent of the total merchantable volume in 1938 and 45 percent in 1953 have been made.

Shelterwood cutting. - The cut in 1938 left only 24 to 34 trees per acre of the sawlog-size pines most desirable for seed production and for further growth and increase in value, plus a few high-quality smaller trees. An average of 80 percent of the total merchantable volume was removed. Ten to twenty reserved trees per acre were more than 11 inches d.b.h. All reserved trees will be cut after adequate reproduction has become established. Reproduction was adequate on three of the four plots in 1948, but the reserved trees will be left until 1958 to determine their effect on survival and growth of the reproduction.

## Hardwood Control

In 1938, all hardwoods above 8.5 inches d.b.h. were cut or girdled. A second control treatment in February 1954 deadened all hardwoods, regardless of size, which were interfering with the growth of pines. In this operation the larger hardwoods were girdled and the smaller ones were cut down. The small stumps were treated with Ammate crystals to prevent sprouting.

## Results through 1953

Though qualified by the conditions under which the study was made, early results from these plots show how certain unmanaged stands react to widely different cutting practices in conversion to various systems of management. They also indicate practices that are suitable or likely to prove best for given management objectives. Cutting practices that seem especially promising on these plots, together with modifications of such practices, are now being tested on a much larger scale on the Kurth Tract near Nacogdoches.

Average volumes cut and left and average net annual growth for each cutting method are given in table 1. Pine reproduction is summarized in table 2. Table 3 shows numbers of trees and volumes cut and left on each plot. In brief, the main results to date are:

1. Average annual net growth in 15 years has been highest in the even-aged pulpwood plots. These have produced 400 board feet of sawtimber and 58 cubic feet of total growth per year. The clear-cut plots, the least productive in the study, averaged 33 cubic feet of growth annually. In terms of sawtimber growth, the Pulpwood Association minimum-practice plots and the clear-cut plots, with 96 and 11 board feet of annual production, average much lower than those that have been cut less severely.

Table 1. - Average volumes cut and left, and average annual net growth per acre, 1938-53

| Method of cutting | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Residual } \\ \text { stand } \\ 1938 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cut } \\ 1943 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Residual } \\ \text { stand } \\ 1943 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cut } \\ 1948 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Residual } \\ \text { stand } \\ 1948 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cut } \\ & 1953 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Residual } \\ \text { stand } \\ 1953 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Average annual net growth 1938-53 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| For pulpwood |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-year Selection | 1,883 | 0 | 2,153 | 809 | 1,631 | 0 | 1,690 | 41 | 2.1 |
| Even-aged | 1,780 | 0 | 2,145 | 1,183 | 1,370 | 557 | 905 | 58 | 3.1 |
| Pulpwood Association minimum practice | 220 | 0 | 347 | 0 | 626 | 0 | 909 | 46 | 12.2 |
| Clear-cut | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 224 | 0 | 500 | 33 | 35.3 |
| For sawlogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5-year Selection | 2,480 | 320 | 2,477 | 592 | 2,085 | 313 | 1, 864 | 41 | 1.6 |
| 10-year Selection | 1,847 | 0 | 2,131 | 801 | 1,727 | 0 | 1.777 | 49 | 2.5 |
| 15-year Selection | 1,960 | 0 | 2,302 | 0 | 2,665 | 1,252 | 1,505 | 53 | 2.5 |
| Shelterwood | 668 | 0 | 853 | 0 | 1,035 | 0 | 1,229 | 37 | 4.5 |
| MFor pulpwood |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-year Selection | 5,334 | 0 | 7,052 | 3, 645 | 5,270 | 0 | 6,376 | 313 | 5.3 |
| Even-aged | 5,565 | 0 | 8,038 | 5,602 | 5,148 | 2,457 | 3,501 | 400 | 6.2 |
| Pulpwood Association minimum practice | 0 | 0 | 26 | 0 | 386 | 0 | 1,446 | 96 | 112.4 |
| Clear-cut | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 0 | 173 | 11 | 15.7 |
| For sawloge |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5-year Selection | 7,898 | 1,257 | 8, 677 | 2,567 | 8, 067 | 1,520 | 7,148 | 306 | 3.7 |
| 10-year Selection | 6,820 | 0 | 8, 642 | 3,637 | 7, 292 | 0 | 7,958 | 318 | 4.1 |
| 15-year Selection | 6,323 | 0 | 8,374 | 0 | 10,594 | 5,905 | 5,626 | 347 | 4.5 |
| Shelterwood | 2,696 | 0 | 3,802 | 0 | 4,696 | 0 | 5,371 | 178 | 5.3 |

[^1]2. Percentagewise, growth rates have averaged highest under the practices that left lowest residual growing stocks --clear-cutting and Pulpwood Association minimum-practice. Growth on those plots is largely on young trees, many of which are present only because of abundant seed production outside the plots. Cutting systems which left sizeable growing stocks have averaged from 1.6 to 4.5 percent growth in total cubic volume, and from 3.7 to 6.1 percent in board feet.
3. Two classes of plots grew faster in 1948-53 than in earlier periods. These were the clear-cut plots and those cut to Pulpwood Association minimum standards--on both series, the growing stock is mostly young. The shelterwood plots, in which a large part of the growth is on young trees, showed an increase in cubic-foot growth but a decline in board-foot growth. All other plots declined in both cubicand board-foot growth and in growth percent.
4. Heavy mortality from insects, logging damage, ice storms, and droughts was responsible for a considerable part of the reduction in growth rate during the $1948-53$ period. On some plots mortality exceeded gross growth. For the study as a whole, the sum of net growth plus mortality was less than the net growth alone in the previous five years.
5. Most of the heavily cut areas, including three of the four shelterwood plots, we re satisfactorily restocked with young pine shortly after the original cuttings in 1938. It is doubtful if the clear-cutting and Pulpwood Association plots could have reseeded successfully had they not been surrounded by stands which afforded abundant seed.
6. Success of reproduction on the selection plots was uncertain in 1953. Little pine reproduction had become established following the 1938 and 1943 cuttings. Seedlings from the 1951 seed crop were present in 1953 in many openings created by the 1948 cuttings. These seedlings had survived the 1952 drought, but their eventual survival was not yet assured.
7. Growth of hardwood trees and brush on the study area during the 15 -year period demonstrated that none of the cutting systems was capable of maintaining pure pine stands without supplemental hardwood control measures.

Table 2. --Prevalence of reproduction by methods of cutting, 1948 and 1953

| Method of cutting | Milacres stocked |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | Pines at least <br> 2 years old |  | Pines more than 3.5 feet high |  | Pines more than 7.5 feet high |  |
|  | 1948 | 1953 | 1948 | 1953 | 1948 | 1953 | 1948 | 1953 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For pulpwood |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10-year Selection | 15 | 29 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Even-aged | 13 | 48 | 11 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 2 | 7 |
| Pulpwood Association minimum practice | 71 | 62 | 69 | 53 | 50 | 49 | 35 | 44 |
| Clear-cut | 64 | 41 | 60 | 27 | 54 | 27 | 43 | $1 / 24$ |
| For sawlogs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5-year Selection | 18 | 45 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10-year Selection | 27 | 52 | 21 | 20 | 8 | 13 | 5 | 7 |
| 15-year Selection | 49 | 32 | 48 | 24 | 11 | 11 | 2 | 4 |
| Shelterwood | 70 | 64 | 67 | 58 | 55 | 57 | 31 | 52 |

1/ If milacres hearing trees 3.6 to 9.5 inches $\mathrm{d} . \mathrm{b}$. h. were included, percentage would be 40 .

In appraising the results on the methods-of-cutting plots, several points should be kept in mind: (l) The plots are small; hence yield may be unduly affected by abnormal behavior of relatively few trees. Nor does all the seed shed on a given plot necessarily come from trees on the plot. (2) Before cutting in 1938, the plots varied conside rably in volume, in diameter and crown-class distribution, and in the proportion of loblolly and shortleaf pines. (3) The cutting practices under test were begun in an essentially even-aged stand that had grown for about 45 years without any management. Hence the selection cuttings must be repeated many times before the stands can be converted to an ideal or all-aged form. The other types of cutting also would presumably have produced better results if they had been made in well-managed, even-aged stands. Moreover, comparisons of yields from all-aged and even-aged management are likely to be misleading unless based on a complete rotation. (4) The period 1948-53 included four seasons of subnormal rainfall and several prolonged growing-season droughts.

Table 3. =-Number of trees, volume, and volume growth per acre on individual plots: Selection cut for pulpwood

| Pine stand | Plot 6 |  |  | Plot 11 |  |  | Plot 21 |  |  | Plot 23 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Merch. | vol. | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch, vol. |  | Trees | Merch ${ }_{\text {- Vol }}$. |  |
|  | All trees over 3.5 inches $\mathrm{d}_{\text {, }} \mathrm{b}, \mathrm{h}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Cu} . \mathrm{ft}^{\text {. }} \text {. }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\text { Cu.ft. }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{\text {dte }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{C u}{ }_{\text {ft }}$ | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 186 | 1,548 | - . | 172 | 2.036 | - | 228 | 2,135 | -•• | 216 | 1,764 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 176 | 1,787 | -•• | 162 | 2,370 | -•• | 220 | 2,470 | -•• | 208 | 2,004 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 48 | 3.0 |  | 67 | 3.3 |  | 57 | 2.6 |  | 48 | 2.7 |
| Before cut, 1948 | 164 | 2,120 | 100.0 | 156 | 2,633 | 100.0 | 212 | 2. 766 | 100.0 | 182 | 2,241 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 28 | 791 | 37.0 | 48 | 1.077 | 41.0 | 30 | 684 | 25.0 | 26 | 683 | 30.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 136 | 1.329 | 63.0 | 108 | 1.556 | 59.0 | 182 | 2,082 | 75.0 | 156 | 1,558 | 70.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 67 | 3.7 |  | 53 | 2.2 |  | 59 | 2.4 |  | 47 | 2.4 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 114 | 1.378 | -•• | 92 | 1,653 | -•• | 162 | 2,080 | *. | 142 | 1.649 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 10 | 0.7 |  | 19 | 1.2 |  | 0 | 0.0 |  | 18 | 1.2 |
|  | All trees over 9.5 inches $\mathrm{d}_{\text {d }} \mathrm{b}_{\text {o }} \mathrm{ho}_{0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\mathrm{Bd} . \mathrm{ft}$. | Pct. | No. | Bd.ft. | $\underline{\text { Pct. }}$ | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 54 | 4,224 | -•• | 82 | 6.488 | - | 74 | 5,990 | -•• | 56 | 4.636 | . |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 62 | 5.606 | ... | 92 | 8,570 | -•• | 88 | 7.870 | ... | 70 | 6,140 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 276 | 6.5 |  | 416 | 6.4 |  | 376 | 6.3 |  | 301 | 6.5 |
| Before cut, 1948 | 76 | 7.982 | 100.0 | 92 | 10,118 | 100.0 | 92 | 9.534 | 100.0 | 78 | 8,026 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 22 | 3,756 | 47.0 | 30 | 4,578 | 45.0 | 20 | 3, 024 | 32.0 | 20 | 3,224 | 40.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 54 | 4,226 | 53.0 | 62 | 5,540 | 55.0 | 72 | 6,510 | 68.0 | 58 | 4,802 | 60.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 475 | 8.5 |  | 310 | 3.6 |  | 333 | 4.2 |  | 377 | 6.1 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 56 | 4,898 | -•• | 66 | 6, 828 | - $\cdot$ | 76 | 8.134 | -•• | 58 | 5,646 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 134 | 3.2 |  | 258 | 4.7 |  | 325 | 5.0 |  | 169 | 3.5 |

Table 3.--(Continued): Even-aged for pulpwood

| Pine stand | Plot 3 |  | Plot 15 |  | Plot 28 |  | Plot 31 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Merch, vol. | Trees | Merch, Vol. | Trees | Merch. vol. | Trees | Merch. vol. |


|  | No. | $\underline{C u . f t .}$ | Pct. | No, | All trees over 3.5 inches d.b.h. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Cu.ft. | Pct. | No. | $\underline{C u . f t .}$ | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{\text {。 }} \mathrm{ft}^{\text {. }}$ | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 140 | 1,684 | -•• | 132 | 1,460 | -•• | 110 | 1,692 | -• | 178 | 2.286 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 72 | 4.3 |  | 55 | 3.8 |  | 76 | 4.5 |  | 89 | 3.9 |
| Before cut, 1948 | 126 | 2. 404 | 100.0 | 128 | 1,950 | 100.0 | 106 | 2, 450 | 100.0 | 172 | 3,408 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 26 | 885 | 37.0 | 30 | 784 | 40.0 | 40 | 1,397 | 57.0 | 50 | 1,667 | 49.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 100 | 1,519 | 63.0 | 98 | 1,166 | 60.0 | 66 | 1,053 | 43.0 | 122 | 1,741 | 51.0 |
| Average annual net |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before cut, 1953 | 96 | 1,738 | 100.0 | 86 | 1,192 | 100.0 | 60 | 1,186 | 100.0 | 106 | 1.733 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1953 | 18 | 531 | 31.0 | 22 | 451 | 38.0 | 22 | 561 | 47.0 | 32 | 685 | 39.0 |
| Left, 1953 | 78 | 1,207 | 69.0 | 64 | 741 | 62.0 | 38 | 625 | 53.0 | 74 | 1,048 | 61.0 |
| Average annual net |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -. 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | All tree | over | ches |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Bd} . \mathrm{ft}}$ | Pct. | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Bd}} . \mathrm{ft}$ | Pct. | No. | Bd. $\mathrm{ft}^{\text {. }}$ | Pct. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 80 | 7.032 | - | 70 | 6,542 | -•* | 78 | 8,176 | -•• | 102 | 10.410 | -* |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 511 | 11.4 |  | 409 | 9.1 |  | 442 | 7.4 | Average annual net | 618 | 8.5 |
| Before cut, 1948 | 98 | 9.858 | 100.0 | 80 | 8,108 | 100.0 | 90 | 10,842 | 100.0 | 120 | 14,192 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 26 | 4. 254 | 43.0 | 26 | 3,622 | 45.0 | 40 | 6,716 | 62.0 | 44 | 7,816 | 55.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 72 | 5,604 | 57.0 | 54 | 4,486 | 55.0 | 50 | 4,126 | 38.0 | 76 | 6,376 | 45.0 |
| Average annual net |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.3 |
| Before cut, 1953 | 76 | 7,176 | 100.0 | 54 | 4,934 | 100.0 | 48 | 4,998 | 100.0 | 70 | 6,726 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1953 | 18 | 2.470 | 34.0 | 22 | 2, 044 | 41.0 | 20 | 2,562 | 51.0 | 24 | 2,754 | 41.0 |
| Left, 1953 | 58 | 4,706 | 66.0 | 32 | 2,890 | 59.0 | 28 | 2,436 | 49.0 | 46 | 3,972 | 59.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 314 | 5.6 |  | 90 | 2.0 |  | 174 | 4.2 |  | 70 | 1.1 |

Table 3.--(Continued): Pulpwood Association minimum practice

| Pine stand | Plot 2 |  |  | Plot 7 |  |  | Plot 24 |  |  | Plot 32 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Merch. | vol. | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch, yol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  |
|  | All trees over 3.5 inches d. $\mathrm{b}_{\text {, }} \mathrm{h}$ 。 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Cu} . \mathrm{ft}_{\text {. }}}$ | Pct. | No. | $\overline{\mathrm{Cu} . \mathrm{ft}_{\text {e }}}$ | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{0} \mathrm{ft}_{\text {e }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{C u . f t .}$ | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 80 | 224 | -•• | 96 | 226 | ... | 86 | 171 | -•• | 124 | 261 | $\cdots$ |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 82 | 347 | -•• | 84 | 365 | -•• | 86 | 242 | -•• | 128 | 473 | - |
| Average annual net growth. 1938-43 |  | 25 | 11.0 |  | 28 | 12.3 |  | 14 | 8.3 |  | 42 | 16.2 |
| Present in 1948 (no cutting) | 80 | 604 | ... | 136 | 654 | ... | 80 | 402 | ... | 152 | 845 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 51 | 14.8 |  | 58 | 15.8 |  | 32 | 13.2 |  | 74 | 15.7 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 90 | 834 | ... | 186 | 1.037 | ... | 96 | 572 | ... | 212 | 1.194 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 46 | 7.6 |  | 77 | 11.8 |  | 34 | 8.4 |  | 70 | 8.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  | All trees over 9.5 inches d. b. h. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\text { Bd.ft. }}$ | Pct. | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 0 | 0 | -•• | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | -• | 0 | 0 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 0 | 0 | ... | 2 | 102 | -. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | -.. |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 0 | -•• |  | 20 | - ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 0 | -•• |  | 0 | -•* |
| Present in 1948 (no cutting) | 2 | 146 | - | 6 | 394 | ... | 4 | 204 | - | 14 | 802 | ... |
| Average annual net growth. 1943-48 |  | 29 | - |  | 58 | 57.3 |  | 41 | - |  | 160 | - |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 30 | 1.754 | - | 28 | 1.750 | -• | 10 | 598 | ... | 26 | 1,682 | ... |
| Average annual net growth. 1948-53 |  | 322 | 220.5 |  | 271 | 68.8 |  | 79 | 38.7 |  | 176 | 21.9 |

Table 3.--(Continued): Clear-cut for pulpwood

| Pine stand | Plot 10 |  |  | Plot 13 |  |  | Plot 16 |  |  | Plot 33 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Merch. | vol. | Trees | Merch, vol. |  | Trees | Merch, vol. |  | Trees | Merch, vol. |  |
|  | All trees over 3.5 inches d. b. $\mathrm{h}_{\text {. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | Cu.ft. | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{\text {oft. }}$ | Pct. | No. | Cu.ft. | Pct. | No. | $\underline{C u s f t .}$ | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | -.. | 0 | 0 | -. |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 18 | 38 | -•• | 34 | 41 | ... | 8 | 12 | ... | 40 | 87 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 8 | ... |  | 8 | -•• |  | 2 | ... |  | 17 | . . |
| Present in 1948 (no cutting) | 160 | 251 | ... | 192 | 249 | . | 78 | 111 | ... | 110 | 285 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 43 | 112.1 |  | 42 | 101.5 |  | 20 | 165.0 |  | 40 | 45.5 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting | 276 | 592 | ... | 328 | 530 | ... | 198 | 391 | -•• | 160 | 486 | - |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 68 | 27.1 |  | 56 | 22.5 |  | 56 | 50.4 |  | 40 | 14.0 |
|  | All trees over 9.5 inches d. $\mathrm{b}_{\text {. }} \mathrm{h}_{\text {o }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\text { Bd.ft. }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Bd} .} \mathrm{ft}$. | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 0 | 0 | -•• | 0 | 0 | -• | 0 | 0 | -•• | 0 | 0 | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Present in } 1943 \\ & \text { (no cutting) } \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 0 | -•• | 0 | 0 | -•• | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | -.. |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 0 | - |  | 0 | -•• |  | 0 |  |  | 0 | ... |
| Present in 1948 (no cutting) | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | ... | 0 | 0 | ... | 4 | 204 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 0 | ... |  | 41 | ... |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 2 | 102 | . $\cdot$ | 2 | 102 | ... | 0 | 0 | ... | 6 | 490 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 20 | -•• |  | 20 | -•• |  | 0 | -•• |  | 57 | 27.9 |

Table 3. - (Continued): 5-year selection for sawlogs

| Pine stand | Plot 1 |  |  | Plot 19 |  |  | Plot 22 |  |  | Plot 25 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Mercb, vol. |  | Trees | Merch, vol. |  | Trees | Mercho vol. |  | Trees | Merch, vol. |  |
|  | All trees over 3.5 inches dob, b. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | Cu.ft. | Pct. | No. | Cu.ft* | Pct. | No. | Cu.ft. | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{\text {ofte }}$ | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 140 | 2, 204 | -•• | 266 | 2,050 | -•* | 274 | 2,618 | ... | 224 | 3.050 | -•• |
| Before cut, 1943 | 138 | 2. 499 | 100.0 | 248 | 2, 329 | 100.0 | 258 | 2.952 | 100.0 | 218 | 3.410 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1943 | 16 | 253 | 10.0 | 18 | 204 | 9.0 | 22 | 379 | 13.0 | 14 | 444 | 13.0 |
| Left, 1943 | 122 | 2. 246 | 90.0 | 230 | 2,125 | 91.0 | 236 | 2,573 | 87.0 | 204 | 2,966 | 87.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 59 | 2.7 |  | 56 | 2.7 |  | 67 | 2.6 |  | 72 | 2.4 |
| Before cut. 1948 | 108 | 2,450 | 100.0 | 214 | 2,329 | 100.0 | 206 | 2. 749 | 100.0 | 170 | 3.177 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 14 | 484 | 20.0 | 30 | 366 | 16.0 | 32 | 467 | 17.0 | 30 | 1,050 | 33.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 94 | 1,966 | 80.0 | 184 | 1.963 | 84.0 | 174 | 2,282 | 83.0 | 140 | 2,127 | 67.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1943.48 |  | 41 | 1.8 |  | 41 | 1.9 |  | 35 | 1.4 |  | 42 | 1.4 |
| Before cut, 1953 | 82 | 2,018 | 100.0 | 164 | 2,149 | 100.0 | 158 | 2,407 | 100.0 | 114 | 2,133 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1953 | 4 | 312 | 16.0 | 6 | 259 | 12.0 | 10 | 340 | 14.0 | 12 | 340 | 16.0 |
| Left, 1953 | 78 | 1,706 | 84.0 | 158 | 1,890 | 88.0 | 148 | 2.067 | 86.0 | 102 | 1,793 | 84.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 10 | . 5 |  | 37 | 1.9 |  | 25 | 1.1 |  | 1 | ... |
|  | All trees over 9.5 inches d. b. h . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | $\stackrel{\text { No. }}{ }$ | Bd.ft. | Pcte | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 72 | 8,256 | $\cdots$ | 64 | 4,816 | $\ldots$ | 80 | 7,336 | $\cdots$ | 78 | 11,184 | -•• |
| Before cut, 1943 | 90 | 10,402 | 100.0 | 86 | 6,566 | 100.0 | 98 | 9,670 | 100.0 | 86 | 13,096 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1943 | 12 | 910 | 9.0 | 10 | 646 | 10.0 | 14 | 1,462 | 15.0 | 10 | 2,008 | 15.0 |
| Left, 1943 | 78 | 9,492 | 91.0 | 76 | 5,920 | 90.0 | 84 | 8, 208 | 85.0 | 76 | 11,088 | 85.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 429 | 5.2 |  | 350 | 7.3 |  | 467 | 6.4 |  | 382 | 3.4 |
| Before cut, 1948 | 76 | 10,930 | 100.0 | 88 | 7.596 | 100.0 | 94 | 9.988 | 100.0 | 80 | 12.940 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 12 | 2, 266 | 21.0 | 14 | 1,272 | 17.0 | 14 | 1,744 | 17.0 | 24 | 4.984 | 39.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 64 | 8,664 | 79.0 | 74 | 6,324 | 83.0 | 80 | 8,244 | 83.0 | 56 | 7. 956 | 61.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 288 | 3.0 |  | 335 | 5.7 |  | 356 | 4.3 |  | 370 | 3.3 |
| Before cut, 1953 | 58 | 8, 960 | 100.0 | 84 | 7.622 | 100.0 | 78 | 9,372 | 100.0 | 54 | 8. 718 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1953 | 4 | 1,638 | 18.0 | 6 | 1,326 | 17.0 | 8 | 1,596 | 17.0 | 10 | 1,520 | 17.0 |
| Left, 1953 | 54 | 7,322 | 82.0 | 78 | 6,296 | 83.0 | 70 | 7,776 | 83.0 | 44 | 7,198 | 83.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 59 | . 7 |  | 260 | 4.1 |  | 226 | 2.7 |  | 152 | 1.9 |

Table 3.--(Continued): 10-year selection for sawlogs

| Pine stand | Plot 12 |  |  | Plot 14 |  |  | Plot 18 |  |  | Plot 30 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  |
|  | All trees over 3.5 inches d.b.h. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{ft}_{\sim}}$ | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{8} \mathrm{ft}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{C u}{ }^{\text {ft. }}$ | Pct. | No, | $\mathrm{Cu}_{*} \mathrm{ft}$. | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 166 | 1,894 | * | 108 | 1,493 | -•• | 132 | 2,229 | -•* | 154 | 1.772 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 150 | 2, 108 | -•• | 98 | 1,833 | ** | 128 | 2,635 | -.. | 142 | 1,946 | -•• |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 43 | 2.3 |  | 68 | 4.6 |  | 81 | 3.6 |  | 35 | 2.0 |
| Before cut, 1948 | 144 | 2,532 | 100.0 | 88 | 2,227 | 100.0 | 128 | 2.980 | 100.0 | 146 | 2,373 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 40 | 1,049 | 41.0 | 16 | 554 | 25.0 | 32 | 1,079 | 36.0 | 28 | 520 | 22.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 104 | 1,483 | 59.0 | 72 | 1,673 | 75.0 | 96 | 1.901 | 64.0 | 118 | 1,853 | 78.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 85 | 4.0 |  | 79 | 4.3 |  | 69 | 2.6 |  | 85 | 4.4 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 78 | 1,279 | ** | 64 | 1,734 | ... | 82 | 2,112 | * | 102 | 1,982 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | -41 | -2.8 |  | 12 | . 7 |  | 42 | 2.2 |  | 26 | 1.4 |
|  | All trees over 9.5 inches d, $\mathrm{b}_{\text {。 }} \mathrm{h}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No, | $\underline{\mathrm{Bd} . \mathrm{ft}_{*}}$ | Pct. | No, | Bd.ft. | Pcte | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Bd}} . \mathrm{ft}$ | Pct. | No. | Bd. ft. | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 58 | 6,616 | - $\cdot$ | 66 | 5.754 | -•• | 70 | 8,574 | -•• | 68 | 6,336 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 66 | 8,454 | -•• | 58 | 7,762 | -•• | 80 | 10,954 | ** | 70 | 7,400 | . . . |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 368 | 5.6 |  | 402 | 7.0 |  | 476 | 5.6 |  | 213 | 3.4 |
| Before cut, 1948 | 72 | 10,766 | 100.0 | 62 | 9,920 | 100.0 | 88 | 13,030 | 100.0 | 80 | 10,004 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1948 | 26 | 4,692 | 44.0 | 14 | 2,626 | 26.0 | 26 | 5,136 | 39.0 | 16 | 2,096 | 21.0 |
| Left, 1948 | 46 | 6,074 | 56.0 | 48 | 7. 294 | 74.0 | 62 | 7,894 | 61.0 | 64 | 7,908 | 79.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 462 | 5.5 |  | 432 | 5.6 |  | 415 | 3.8 |  | 521 | 7.0 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 34 | 5,322 | -•• | 48 | 8.076 | - | 64 | 9,624 | - • | 60 | 8,810 | -•• |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | -150 | -2. 5 |  | 156 | 2.1 |  | 346 | 4.4 |  | 180 | 2.3 |

Table 3. --(Continued): 15-year selection for sawlogs

| Pine stand | Plot 4 |  |  | Plot 8 |  |  | Plot 17 |  |  | Plot 27 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch, vol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  |
|  | All trees over 3.5 inches $\mathrm{d}_{6} \mathrm{~b}_{6} \mathrm{~h}_{\text {, }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\underline{C u s f t}$ | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{\text {, } \mathrm{ft} \text {. }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{\text {d }} \mathrm{ft}$ | Pcts | No. | $\underline{C u}{ }^{\text {fte }}$ | Pct. |
| Left. 1938 | 186 | 1,887 | - * | 126 | 2,080 | $\bullet$ | 166 | 1.960 | - ** | 162 | 1.912 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 182 | 2,252 | - | 124 | 2,503 | - | 160 | 2,304 | -•* | 158 | 2,149 | -** |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 73 | 3.9 |  | 85 | 4.1 |  | 69 | 3.5 |  | 47 | 2.5 |
| Present in 1948 (no cutting) | 180 | 2,725 | -•* | 130 | 2,896 | - | 150 | 2.644 | - | 142 | 2,395 | -* |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 95 | 4.2 |  | 79 | 3.1 |  | 68 | 3.0 |  | 49 | 2.3 |
| Before cut, 1953 | 178 | 2,827 | 100.0 | 126 | 3, 154 | 100.0 | 134 | 2,668 | 100.0 | 124 | 2,379 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1953 | 40 | 1,128 | 40.0 | 56 | 1,848 | 59.0 | 34 | 1,108 | 41.0 | 34 | 924 | 39.0 |
| Left, 1953 | 138 | 1,699 | 60.0 | 70 | 1,306 | 41.0 | 100 | 1,560 | 59.0 | 90 | 1,455 | 61.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 20 | . 7 |  | 49 | 1.7 |  | 5 | . 2 |  | -3 | -. 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\underline{\text { Bd. } \mathrm{ft} \text {. }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Bd} . \mathrm{ft}_{4}}$ | Pct. | No. | ${ }^{\mathrm{Bd}} \mathrm{ft}^{\text {f }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Bd} . \mathrm{ft}}$ | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 62 | 5,320 | - * | 70 | 7,820 | -** | 52 | 6,058 | -•• | 68 | 6,094 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 80 | 7,442 | - * | 84 | 10,408 | -* | 66 | 7.966 | . . . | 74 | 7.682 | . . . |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 424 | 8.0 |  | 518 | 6.6 |  | 382 | 6.3 |  | 318 | 5.2 |
| Present in 1948 (no cutting) | 94 | 10,150 | - * | 90 | 12,614 | ** | 76 | 10,066 | - | 82 | 9,546 | - |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 542 | 7.3 |  | 441 | 4.2 |  | 420 | 5.3 |  | 373 | 4.9 |
| Before cut. 1953 | 102 | 10,950 | 100.0 | 94 | 14,230 | 100.0 | 72 | 10,952 | 100.0 | 78 | 9,994 | 100.0 |
| Cut, 1953 | 38 | 5,294 | 48.0 | 52 | 8,768 | 62.0 | 24 | 5,150 | 47.0 | 34 | 4,410 | 44.0 |
| Left, 1953 | 64 | 5,656 | 52.0 | 42 | 5,462 | 38.0 | 48 | 5,802 | 53.0 | 44 | 5,584 | 56.0 |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 160 | 1.6 |  | 323 | 2.6 |  | 177 | 1.7 |  | 90 | . 9 |

Table 3. --(Continued): Shelterwood

| Pine stand | Plot 5 |  |  | Plot 9 |  |  | Plot 20 |  |  | Plot 29 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trees | Merch. | vol. | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  | Trees | Merch. vol. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | All trees over 3, 5 inches d.b. h . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Cu}, \mathrm{ft}}$ | $\underline{\text { Pct. }}$ | No. | $\underline{\text { Cu, } \mathrm{ft}_{\text {e }}}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\text { Cu. }}{ }^{\text {ft. }}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\mathrm{Cu} . \mathrm{ft}_{.}}$ | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 42 | 648 | - | 46 | 880 | -•• | 52 | 604 | -•• | 56 | 539 | -•• |
| Present in 1943 (no cutting) | 44 | 813 | ... | 40 | 1,102 | - | 60 | 810 | ... | 64 | 688 | - |
| Average annual net growth, 1938-43 |  | 33 | 5.1 |  | 44 | 5.0 |  | 41 | 6.8 |  | 30 | 5.5 |
| Present in 1948 <br> (no cutting) | 58 | 910 | ... | 48 | 1,296 | -. | 54 | 1,002 | - | 62 | 934 | ... |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 19 | 2.4 |  | 39 | 3.5 |  | 38 | 4.7 |  | 49 | 7.2 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 130 | 1,143 | ... | 90 | 1,525 | $\cdots$ | 68 | 1,109 | * $\cdot$ | 72 | 1,138 | - - |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 47 | 5.2 |  | 46 | 3.5 |  | 21 | 2.1 |  | 41 | 4.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  | All trees over 9,5 inches $\mathrm{d}_{6} \mathrm{~b}$. $\mathrm{h}_{\text {* }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No. | Bd.ft. | Pct. | No. | Bd. $\mathrm{ft}_{0}$ | Pct. | No. | $\underline{\text { Bd. } \mathrm{ft}_{.}}$ | $\underline{\text { Pct. }}$ | No. |  | Pct. |
| Left, 1938 | 32 | 2,570 | -•* | 32 | 3,858 | - * | 22 | 2,256 | - • | 20 | 2,102 | -•* |
| Present in 1943 <br> (no cutting) | 36 | 3,606 | -•• | 32 | 5,200 | -•• | 30 | 3,490 | -•• | 24 | 2,914 | -•• |
| Average annual net growth, 1938.43 |  | 207 | 8.1 |  | 268 | 7.0 |  | 247 | 10.9 |  | 162 | 7.7 |
| Present in 1948 <br> (no cutting) | 32 | 4,134 | - * | 32 | 6,186 | -•• | 32 | 4,554 | - | 24 | 3,910 | -•• |
| Average annual net growth, 1943-48 |  | 106 | 2.9 |  | 197 | 3.8 |  | 213 | 6.1 |  | 199 | 6.8 |
| Present in 1953 (no cutting) | 34 | 4,980 | - •• | 32 | 7,114 | -•• | 32 | 4,986 | -•• | 26 | 4,402 | . $\cdot$ |
| Average annual net growth, 1948-53 |  | 169 | 4.1 |  | 186 | 3.0 |  | 86 | 1.9 |  | 98 | 2.5 |

## STUDY OF CUTTING TO D+ SPACING

This study compares a conventional selection-cutting system on a 5 -year cycle with a system of management based on successive thinnings and removal of crop trees at stated intervals. The thinning system derives its name, D+ spacing, from the basic concept that the distance between trees, in feet, should equal the diameter of the average tree in inches plus a constant, which in this case is 6 . In addition, the system calls for harvesting an average of one croptreeperacre each year.

The objective of the study is to compare the amount and quality of timber produced and the types of stands developed under the two methods. Five pairs of 2-1/2-acre plots have been installed, the first pair before the 1950 growing season and an additional pair each succeeding winter through 1954. One plot of each pair was cut by the selection system, the other thinned by the D+ method. Following these cuttings, hardwoods on all plots were controlled by girdling those above 5 inches d.b.h. and felling and applying Ammate to the stumps of smaller ones.

Each pair of plots will be remeasured at 5-year intervals, at which time additional cutting will be done.

Under the D+ system all crowded parts of the stand were thinned by removing enough trees so that average spacing (in feet) equalled the average diameter of trees left (in inches) plus 6. In this initial cut, only one large tree per acre was cut as a crop tree, but in future cuts, crop trees will be removed at the average rate of one per acre per year. Regeneration of the stand is expected to occur primarily in the areas from which crop trees are removed.

Selection cuttings followed the principles applied on the 5-year selection plots of the methods-of-cutting study. A volume equal to the estimated growth in the next 5 years was cut from trees of lowest quality and with the least promise of increasing in value. As on the $D+$ plots, similar cuts will be removed at 5-year intervals.

Table 4 shows the number and volume of trees removed in the initial cuts on each plot, together with the original and residual stands.

No measurements of comparative growth had been made at the time of the final installation cut in 1954. A fair to good stand of pine reproduction dating from the 1951 seed crop had become established in larger openings in plots cut prior to 1953. Reproduction was generally

Table 4. $=-$ Number and volumes per acre of pine trees in original stands, removed in initial cuts, and left as growing stock on plots of D+ spacing study

| Plot number 1 / | Installed | Original stand |  |  |  | Removed in initial cut |  |  |  | Residual stand |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trees } 3.5+ \\ \text { inches } \mathrm{d}_{.} \mathrm{b}_{\bullet} \mathrm{h}_{\mathrm{e}} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trees } 9.54 \\ \text { inches } d_{0} b_{0} h_{0} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trees } 3.5+ \\ & \text { inches } \mathrm{d}_{.} \mathrm{b}_{\mathrm{e}} \mathrm{~h}_{\mathrm{e}} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trees } 9_{0} 5+ \\ \text { inches } \mathrm{d}_{0} \mathrm{~b}_{0} \mathrm{~h}_{0} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Trees } 3.5+ \\ \text { inches } d_{0} b_{0} h_{6} \end{gathered}$ |  | Trees 9.5+ inches $d_{0} b, h$. |  |
|  | Year | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{0} \mathrm{ft}$ | No. | Bd.ft. | No. | $\underline{C u *}$ | No. | Bd.ft. | No. | $\mathrm{Cu}_{6} \mathrm{ft}$ | No. | Bd.ft. |
| 1-S | 1950 | 165 | 2.242 | 78 | 8,717 | 60 | 622 | 18 | 2,074 | 105 | 1,620 | 60 | 6,643 |
| $1-D$ | 1950 | 146 | 2, 765 | 81 | 11,620 | 56 | 768 | 23 | 2,756 | 90 | 1,997 | 58 | 8,864 |
| 2-S | 1951 | 119 | 2.459 | 69 | 10,650 | 40 | 647 | 17 | 2,633 | 79 | 1,812 | 52 | 8,017 |
| $2-$ D | 1951 | 129 | 2.846 | 76 | 12,554 | 46 | 557 | 11 | 1.806 | 83 | 2. 289 | 65 | 10,748 |
| 3-S | 1952 | 158 | 3.186 | 84 | 13,224 | 57 | 1.073 | 22 | 4.470 | 101 | 2,113 | 62 | 8,754 |
| 3-D | 1952 | 165 | 2,887 | 83 | 11,800 | 70 | 756 | 16 | 2,583 | 95 | 2,131 | 67 | 9,217 |
| $4-5$ | 1953 | 130 | 2,584 | 70 | 11.165 | 45 | 911 | 20 | 3,875 | 85 | 1,673 | 50 | 7,290 |
| 4-D | 1953 | 129 | 2. 565 | 76 | 11.030 | 42 | 763 | 19 | 3,104 | 87 | 1,802 | 57 | 7.926 |
| 5-S | 1954 | 187 | 3,547 | 109 | 14.583 | 72 | 1.223 | 37 | 4,774 | 115 | 2,324 | 72 | 9.809 |
| 5-D | I 954 | 185 | 2,674 | 81 | 10,458 | 42 | 545 | 11 | 1,916 | 143 | 2,129 | 70 | 8. 542 |
| Average selection sub-plots |  | 152 | 2,804 | 82 | 11.668 | 55 | 895 | 23 | 3,565 | 97 | 1.908 | 59 | 8,103 |
| Average D+ sub-plots |  | I 51 | 2,747 | 79 | 11.492 | 51 | 678 | 16 | 2,433 | 100 | 2,070 | 63 | 9.059 |

1/ Plots with " $S$ " in identification number are assigned to selection treatment. Plots with " $D$ " are cut to $D+6$ spacing.
absent from plots 4 and 5, which were not cut until after the 1951 seedlings had been lost during the 1952 drought.

Foresters of the Soil Conservation Service cooperated in the planning of the $D+$ spacing study and are assisting in its maintenance.


[^0]:    1/ Studies in progress on the other forests are described in the "Guide to the East Texas Branch," available at Southern Forest Experiment Station headquarters in New Orleans, or at the East Texas Research Center, c/o Stephen F. Austin State College, Nacogdoches, Texas.

[^1]:    1 Volume inside bark to a merchantable pulpwood top diameter (not less than 3 inches inside bark) for all pine trees with d. b. h. larger than 3.5 inches.
    2) Average of three 5 -year growth periods with different bases.

    3/ Volume inside bark to a merchantable sawlog top diameter (not less than 6 inches inside bark) for all pine trees with d. b. h. larger than 9.5 inches. Volume is expressed in board feet in accordance with the lnternational log rule with 1/4-inch kerf.

