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COLLECTION NAME:

VALLEJO, MARIANO GUADALUPE
DOCUMENTOS PARA LA
HISTORIA DE CALIFORNIA

COLLECTION NUMBER:

C-B 36

NEGATIVE NUMBER:

BNEG Box 1017: 4.

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REEL: /

CONTENTS: 1 - 149.

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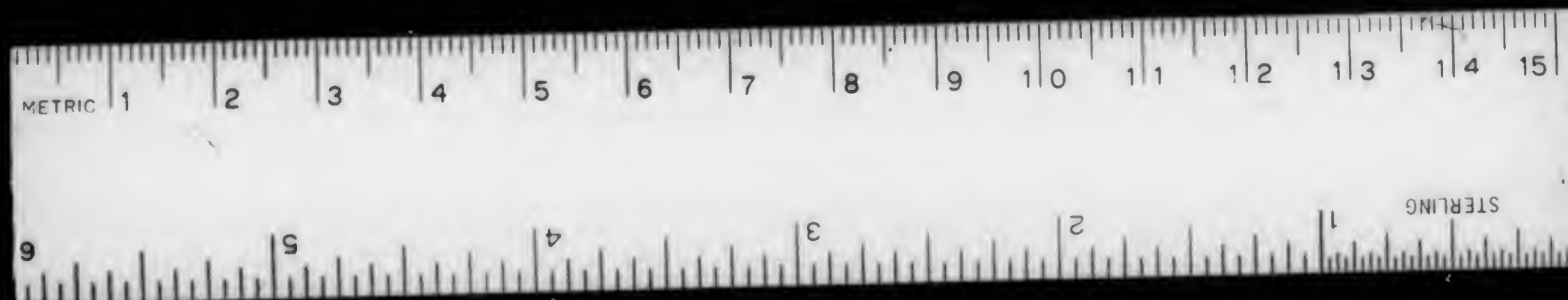
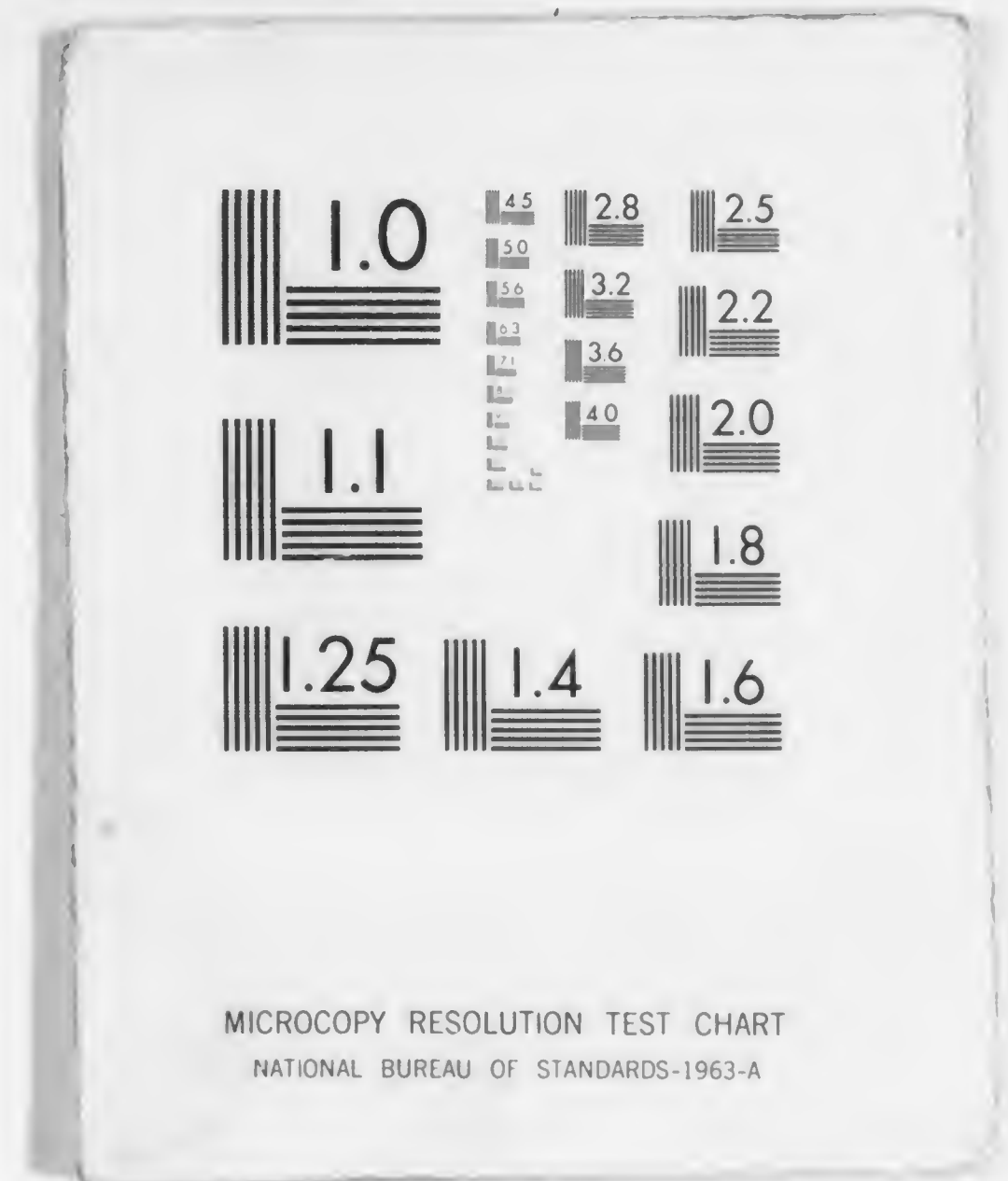
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CB 36:1

1852-Jan 1st

Bills & Notes Payable in California 1851-2-3

To whom payable	On a/c of	When due	Amount
Asa S. Bradley	Benicia Scrip	Nov 1. 1851	210 85
"	Surveying	"	870 00
City of San Francisco	Taxes	"	3164 80
Butte County	"	"	345 00
Colusa "	"	"	570 00
Sonoma "	"	"	225 00
L. A. Bider	Benicia Wharf	" 15 "	1125 00
J. Spalding	5th St.	" 1 "	667 50
Josiah Belden	Loan & Interest	Dec 1 "	5750 00
A. C. Peachy	Benicia Lots	"	2000 00
Juan Castaneda	Deposit	On demand	1000 00
Bolton Barrow & Co	A/c Atocha	Dec 25. 1851	1000 00
Jose Abigo	Paint Pinos	Jan'y 1. 1852	1250 00
"	"	July 1. 1852	1250 00
"	"	Jan'y 1. 1853	1250 00
A. C. Peachy	Lots in Benicia	June 1. 1852	2000 00
"	"	Sept 1. "	1000 00
Contingent Expenses to June 1-1852			2474 65
Sundry Persons	Redeeming Lots	Nov 23. 1851	808 62
			25355 47

Bills & Notes Receivable in California 1851-2-3

By whom signed	On a/c of	When due	Amount	Remarks
Susan E. Cole	Loan	Nov 7. 1851	400 00	
Annan Lord & Co	California St Lot	Dec 2. 1851	1250 00	
C. M. Davis	American Hotel	"	1250 00	
Thomas Maguire	Loan & Interest	Nov. 30. "	280 00	
Susan E. Cole	Loan	Jan'y 1. 1852	400 00	
Annan Lord & Co	Cal ^a St Lot	June 2 "	3000 00	
C. M. Davis	American Hotel	Mar. 2. "	1250 00	
"	"	June 2. "	1250 00	
"	"	Dec 2. "	1250 00	
Annan Lord & Co	Cal ^a St Lot	Oct 2. "	2500 00	
"	"	Feb 2. 1853	2500 00	
Old Debts	Sundries	over due	5000 00	bankrupt
Sundry Persons	Rents ca. Month	to June 1. 1852	24000 00	"
Contingent Expenses				

4675 00
25355 47
75374 83

Notes & Bills

Payable & Receivable

in California 1852-3

71

C-13 36 : 2

1852 - Jan 8 -

2

J. P. H. Cooper in acct with Mrs M. Howard

Dr. Cr.

		Dr.	Cr.
1851			
Oct. 16	By Balance as per ac New		3928.64
20	To Penicilia taxes	19.50	
	" Lumber	57.89	
31	By Cash		150
Nov. 10	To Bill Hardware	15.50	
	" Cartage	1.75	
	" Paper hangings	.85	
19	" Cash	.25	
	" " f. Abrigo	2.50	
	" "	.75	
20	" "	.73	
24	" "	4.08	
	" " For Boston	1.75	
25	" "	1.50	
26	" " Stanwood for collection	.18	
	" " Bill of Exchange	20.40	
	By " rent of August		1.60
28	To Cash	3.00	
	" "	2.00	
Dec. 2	" " Bill of Ale	.17	
	" plank & cartage	106.70	
	" Cartage to Monterey	.30	
21	" Cash p. O. a Dodge	211.25	
Jan 5	" "	.20	
6	" "	.10	
	" City taxes	465.50	
	By Interest		150
7	To State & County taxes	314.50	
	" Cash	2.50	
8	By Cash		5.00
			5061.09
			4888.64

3

To Balance -

\$172. 45

E. O. E.

San Francisco

Jan 7th 1852

Wm D. Howard

P. Wm. Sturrood.

2A

Wm D Howard
Jan - 1852

(A) 36 : 3

1852 - Jan 16,
1852

San Francisco Jan 16 - 1852
Stephen A Reynolds Esq

My Dear Friend

I have a request to make of you which is of some considerable importance to me, that is that in the year 1832 being very hard up for money and over head and ears in debt, gave my note to John C Jones for the sum of \$1500 odd Dollars at one per cent per month now Thomas O. Barkin made a bargain with Mr Jones to sell him lumber at the bay Saqueet, ^{in the bay near Saqueet Cruz} and Santa Cruz & Jones agreed to take to the amount of the debt I have Mr Jones's contracts yet, the lumber was put there to the amt of \$2400 in the Saqueet beach and some of Jones's and French's vessels took it off - about 2 years after I think they lost a raft of it then the remainder was taken to Santa Cruz by land by them and taken off, now when I was at the Sandwich Isles in the year 1840 I settled with Mr French and still owed him as high as I can recollect somewhere about \$1000 on the acct of the note. Mr French said to me, in this way now Cooper you owe me \$1000 for about a thousand as I can recollect and when you ^{can pay up} ~~are able to pay me~~ do it and if not I shall ~~never~~ ^{be glad to pay you} ~~as you for it~~

in 1849 when I was there in the Brig I neither
spoke to him nor he to me about it
about 2 months since I rec'd a letter from
from Mr Jones & giving a power of attorney to
a Mr Boston of Santa Barbara to recover the note
and interest amounting to by his act '12000 ^{dols}
saying that he never intended to recover, but
now I am sick and ~~to~~ great mistake he ~~made~~
when he said so, and he poor he demands it
it appears it was left with ^{Robert} Robbins and he
being near death for some time his papers
have been examined - now this note has
never been presented to me and I forgot all
about the note but not the debt —
now what I request the favour of you is
to find from Mr French's books the
account of this and send it to me and
~~also~~ enquire of Capt. Mick and any other
person who took ~~the~~ wood off and if they
knew who it belonged to I have refused
to pay the note it is outlawed more than
twice ^{over} by the Mexican law I don't acknowledge
it in any way now but don't deny owing on
the sum yet that Mr French mentions, ^{of the} ~~the~~
the note has gone to Boston they protested it
and that is the last I have heard of it

CB 36 ; 4

1852 Jan 18.

This is to certify that I have
this day sold to Leopold Cahn
on Black Horse Mule with the
following Brand: K on the sum
of fifty dollars
Henry Coets

Jan 18th 1852.

Witness

C. Conover

This is to certify that I have this day
transferred to Mr. Cahn Cooper the above
Black Horse Mule with the following
Brand: K.

Monterey February 20th 1852

Leopold Cahn & Co
Bill of Sale from Conover of Cahn

7



Cook's mule
Vente de mulet
de M. Cook
le 18 Janvier 1852

\$ 50.-

FA

[Faint, illegible handwritten text, likely a list of items or a ledger entry, possibly including names and numbers.]

C-136, 5

1852 Jan. 23.

Senor Cooper

to Leopoldo Cahn V B.

1852
January 23

2 p^{rs} women shoes

83 - "

February 11

1 " children "

1, 25

" 18

2 p^{rs} silk hose

11 - "

March 11

1 " cotton "

37 1/2

13

1 " children shoes

75

21

1 p^{re} shoes

75

22

2 " "

2, 50

"

1 " " for ladies

1, 50

26

1 " " " "

1, 50

April 7

1 " " children

75

"

Thread

50

"

19

1 p^{re} black silk hose

2 - "

21

1 yd^s ribbons

12 1/2

May 1

1 tablecloth

5 - "

11

1 p^{re} children shoes

50

15

1 botel. lemon syrup

1 - "

June 6

1 p^{re} ladies shoes

1, 50

1 parasol

8 - "

1 saddle to his son - paid

25 - "

2 yd^s blue merinos

3, 50

3 1/2 " brown "

6, 12 1/2

1 p^{re} shoes

1, 25

1 " "

1, 50

1 " gloves

75

1 hat for child

3 - "

1 p^{re} shoes

1, 50

2 yd^s silk

5 - "

candy

20

1 hat

4 - "

Report

\$61, 82 1/2

		Reported	\$	61 82k
1852.				
June	16	1 ^{pr} ladies shoes and plumes		3 - "
	29	100th flour		9 - "
	"	50th rice		9 - "
	"	1 ^{pr} shoes		1 - "
July	6	1 ^{pr} gloves		" - 75
	10	3 ^{pr} whit hose		1, 12k
	"	1 " " "		" - 50
	29	1 ^{pr} calico on return of his son.		5 - "
	"	soaps " "		2 - "
August	8	black silk cravat		1, 50
"	21	black silk hose		2 - "
September	8	2 ^{pr} children shoes		3 - "
	19	1 children hat		3 - "
	20	1 ^{pr} ladies shoes		1, 50
	"	1 " children "		1, 50
	"	1 " black silk hose		2 - "
	22	1 " shoes		1, 50
October	6	1 " black silk hose		2 - "
	"	1 box prunes		6 - "
	26	11 Yds Moupetine		3 - 50
	"	1 ^{pr} black silk hose		2 - "
	"	3 ^{pr} children shoes		3 - 75
	"	1 chaquet for child,		2, 50
	27	left on one box prunes		1 - "
	29	1 ^{pr} ladies shoes		2 - "
November	1	1 pair bot blue for his son.		20 - "
	"	1 pantalon " "		8 - "
	"	1 shoes " "		4, 00
	"	2 children caps.		3 - "

Reported 166, 95

5A

November 1

15

C-B 36 : 6

January 29/83

Mr James Thompson

Dear Sir

but is now
got better

So that Aloha
can be let
you now Aloha

maika'i on Kou apan

I am right to inform
you Sir, that we are all well
and all the family except
the B.D. Man. Previc
has had unwell

62

e B 36:7

1852 - Feb. 6.

San Jose July 6th 1852

Don Juan Vallejo

I wrote you the other
day My Partner would go to
San Francisco to present your
titles and to come back with
the titles at once he remains
till Monday. Please come
tomorrow for the titles

Yours friend
J. W. Watson

Don Juan Valdez

PA Mission

San Jose

Calif

15

CB 36:8

1852 - Feb 6.

Monterey, 6 - De febrero, de 1852

8

Jose de Jesus; en primer lugar, chubo Poron-
da a la a cabo de pagar, su cuenta, del ga-
nado q. yo te entregue, por tu cuenta, y de
ese dinero q. el mesia, hice el pago de los
impuestos, de tu rancho q. fueron, 200
y tantos pesos, no te digo fijo el numero pa-
q. no tengo a qui los precios del Estado
del condado, pero te aseguro q. no pasan
de, 250 q. de ese mismo dinero, e estado ori-
ginal para ser entregado de ganado q. hice
tullar, la primera la te dije en otra
cuanto era, y en la segunda, hizo a
sender, a la cuenta, a 3050 \$ los mismos
dios q. tengo en mi poder,

Otra cosa segun tu ultima carta
en tienda q. la me quieros q. te bade
mas ganado, a los precios q. se venden
por aqui por consiguiente, la no ven-
do mas ganado, del tulle, arte tu
nueva orden

Otra cosa, D. Angel Castro no se
si tiene obligacion de ayudar en
los errores del rancho cuando se
ofresa, el año pasado, allado con
cuatro hombres, y me gano - 175 - \$

no se si sea binado el
Comero o No

mi madre buena y toda
la familia te saludan
en poses, Ma el Pape se iba
y por eso no es mas larga mi carta

8A
D. Juan Ant. Valero

17-179
201
201
661

Q-10 36 : 9

1852. Feb. 7.
Monterey, Cal.

Know all that I Louis Gaillard, for
and in Consideration of the full sum of
Two Hundred & Sixty Dollars to me paid
and the receipt of which is hereby
admitted, have sold and delivered,
and do hereby sell and transfer to
Leopold Kahn and William La Porte
of the City of Monterey the following
described property, to wit, One Two-
Horse Wagon, Harness for three Mules,
One Saddle, One Black Mule ^{about six years old} branded thus
(C) on the right shoulder, One Bright Sorrel
Mule about twelve years old branded thus
(N) on the left hip, and One Bay Mare
Mule about twelve years old branded thus
II on the right hip - and thus (C) on the
right shoulder and a Spanish mark
on the left hip - All of which prop-
erty in consideration of said money
aforesaid I have sold and transferred
to said Kahn & said La Porte they
to have & hold said property in full
ownership their title from me being
warranted good and perfect.

Done at Monterey, February 7th 1852

Witness

D. R. Ashley
D

his
Louis X Gaillard E.S.
Mark

Vol of 4 mules 1852

Bill of Sale

from

Louis Wickland

to

John & La Porte

This is to certify that I have this day sold & delivered, & transferred to Mr. John Cooper, this 6th horse mule one bright soot mule & one bay mare mule all them three described as per side with all his harness with harness for two mules.

Monterey February 20th 1852

Seaford Wash

Wm. Laportez

9A

C-B 36 : 10

10

\$1000. ^{1852 - Feb 9} ~~San Jose~~ ^{San Jose} California
Thirty days after date I promise
to pay Dr. Andres Pico or his agent one
thousand dollars for value received
with interest at the rate of five percent
per month from due until paid
witness my hand this 9th day of February
1852.

Paymaster
Dr. Andres Pico
San Jose
California
Witness
My W. B. Chapman
Att. in & c.



101

Filed April 26, 1852
H. C. Melrose Clerk
Dep't of Justice
Wash. D. C.



C B 36 ; 11

1852- March 1st

11

Monterey el 1 de Marzo de 1852

Muy Querido Hermano,

Desde el dia

a ver,

Querido Hermano

Punto mucho a las manos
en que tu pases tu tiempo tan ligeros asuntos,
tu en sablas quizo ahora bien ingles y por
eso es ahora menos extraño que antes.

Yo quiero mucho don't condes porque tu
estas adonde te pueden ser utiles. Tu debes
aprender estudiar mucho, ^{porque} así haciendo
terenos que sea mas pronto. Tu tienes ocasion
is de aprender instruirse que no se encuentra
Aqui y tu puedes volver para ser uno de
esas dia util a la California. Todos ha-
blan de los Collegios de los Estados Unidos
y tu no sabes que gusto se da en ~~ser~~
pensar que tu te aprovechas. Tu nunca
me has escrito, y esto se da castiga porque
yo se que tu sabes escribir y tener algunas
veces que tu no piensas a nosotros. Cuando
contestas a esa carta digame que son
tus estudios, digame cuantos premios tu
has recibido y si no ha habido examen,
digame cuantos buenos marcas tienes.

Me han contado que tu has peleado en la escuela, espero que la culpa no era tuya, quiero saber si te has hecho injusticia. Todos preguntan por ti y cuando yo pueda decirles que tu tienes tantos premios y has adelentado en tus estudios que profundo y sin acervo gusto tendré yo.

Yo espero que tu rezas y personas cada mañana y noche, este es lo que yo hago, tu madre y tus hermanas hacen lo mismo. tu estas siempre presente a rezamos por ti y deseamos que tu rezas para nosotros.

1852

Letter

C-B 36 : 12

1852 - March 5.

12

To Mr John R Cooper,

Louisville, March 5th

Dear Cousin - Having seen in the New York Herald, the arrival of a Steam Ship, with your name, mentioned as having arrived safe in that City, I sit down to write, for the purpose of knowing, if you my kind friend, and Cousin, are indeed safe in the United States -

I shall hope, now of me more seeing you. If its possible for you to take a week, or so to try and make us a visit, if only a short one we shall be delighted to see you. You have a number of relations, and connections in this Country, more perhaps, than you imagine - That would give you a hearty welcome! I hear that Cousin Oliver, is now in Boston, that he has sold out his residence in N York, and talks of taking his family back to California, afterwards, I heard that they spoke of visiting the South - If so, we may hope and anticipate a visit from them - My sisters all board with me and my married daughter, I have more than 20 in family, all relatives, four sisters, with their families, all living together, is no common circumstance, We are blessed with health - and altho' some few, of the family, are blessed with wealth - Yet to me, it has not extended its long sought for hand. We have much to be thankful for, health is indeed, a great blessing, I have five children, all in excellent health, and fine constitutions - I suppose, you have heard, that I was a

"Grand Ma" Fanny has a daughter two months old her husband
 the "Dr" is a very good man, of course I put on Spectacles
 occasionally, and being "Grand Ma" feel quite old
 Have you heard from Boston lately? Dear, good, Uncle,
 Roger, died three weeks since! - I have always been
 very sanguine in my expectations of visiting my home
 and see more looking upon the face of my dear
 father, brother - But alas! I have been deprived of this
 great pleasure, by the interference of some fortune, - that cruel old
 dame - You will see my sister, I suppose when you visit
 Boston - Those Boston people have great advantages, they
 can see all absent relatives, occasionally, but we, in the
 West - wait a long time - and then, - are frequently
 disappointed - I wish my dear Cousin you would write
 as soon as you can, and let me know, how long
 you will remain in the States, & if there is any prospect
 of our seeing you - My oldest son, is crazy, almost, to
 go to California - and I tell him, I cannot give
 my consent, unless he can go, with you, or Cousin
 Oliver, Freeman, is over 18 years old and very
 ambitious, and enterprising, He has been with a firm
 here, for some time, and they would like him to remain
 But his pay is too small, and he is willing to leave
 every thing, to assist me in educating his two little
 brothers - He is a handsome writer, & a very rapid
 writer - can be invaluable to his employer, Freeman can

get letters, from the firm, he is doing business with, and
 many other influential houses here - He says, he is
 bound to go to California, or Australia, and, if this, is
 the case, I would much prefer his going to California,
 If I could learn, when you or Cousin Oliver, would leave
 I would try to have Freeman, go on the same ship -
 provided you were willing, and it would be agreeable to
 you, I should feel much happier, if he were traveling -
 with, persons accustomed to travel, and friends too, -
 Do write, if any of your family, come into you, and who?
 I fear I am tiring you, in writing so long a letter -
 You will please excuse my troubling you with it
 and do write, me if only 5 lines, and come out
 to see us? wont you? I must close now, it's getting
 late, Sister Bartlett, and my children desire to be
 remembered - adieu,

from your affectionate and grateful
 Cousin Charlotte R. George

P.S. When you write, please state what the expense
 will be, to take him (Freeman) to San Francisco -
 and, as he has many friends here, he may be able
 to raise the amount to go -

Dear Cousin, have you any business, that he could
 attend to, for you? a Quakerman who he, has written
 for, for one year, gave him an excellent character,
 for integrity, sobriety, honesty, an attention to his business
 which he said was remarkable in the young man - I shall

Look for an answer soon - Please (If you see Oliver
Day to him, I wrote him, directed to Mr York, some
weeks since - Shall hope to see you both in -
this Goodly City of Louisville, Ky - -

W

In haste as ever yours truly
C. H. George

Charles R. George
March 5th 1842

C-13 36 : 13

1852 - March 5.
~~1852 - March 5.~~

27

13

San José Marzo 5 de 1852.

Señor D. Jesus Vallejo

muy señor de mi estimacion

Perdoneme V el castigo que le presento en figura de esta carta; mis motivos son de ofrecerle á V unas luces e informes relativos á las cuestiones de terrenos, concedidos por los gobiernos territoriales; y su adjudicacion por el americano.

En épocas pasadas en este territorio de California, los terrenos eran de tan poca consideracion; (comparativamente) que las diversas diligencias que las leyes de aquel tiempo estipulaban, nunca fueron practicadas. El Gobernante se apresuraba á concluir las ~~conclusiones~~ concesiones que hacia, con la unica mira de quitarse de encima el enredo, por que lo miraba como un quebrantamiento ^{de cabeza}, que perturbaba su sosiego: muchas veces por inercia ó por carecer de metodo en el manejo de sus funciones, dejaba de completar la patente por medio de la cual trasferia el terreno nacional, á algun vecino merecedor á la gracia; todavia mas cuando la ley exigia por obligacion en el Gobernador, perfeccionar el privilegio oferto al ciudadano en recompensa de esfuerzos personales, honra-
dez y servicios prestados á la patria; este deber repito, era obligatorio del funcionario nombrado por la ley para ocupar el empleo de Jefe Político. Las mas veces el Gobernador le entregaba al agraciado, el espe-

2. diente ~~espejo~~ imperfecto, sin mencionarle los defectos pertenecientes; sin aconsejarle cuales eran los pasos remediales; sin hacerle saber las providencias que debia practicarse antes de obtener un despacho ileso.

Los Gobernadores y Jefes Politicos del territorio, pueden acusarse de ser autores de la mayor parte de los danos y menoscabos de la actualidad.

Ahora miremos á los propietarios agraciados. El suplicante de un rancho comparecia ante el gobierno departamental, solicitando un sitio; alegando el merito de haber sido militar, ó de ser hombre casado con familia limitada ó numerosa; ofrecia para la deliberacion del Jefe Politico su intencion de destinar el terreno al cultivo de semillas ó á la cria y aumento de las diferentes especies de ganado. De cada 100 solicitantes 95 estaban completamente ignorantes, de los pasos que la ley imponia, para seguir las instancias correspondientes á la materia; recibian sus credenciales en manifestacion de la gracia concedida; sin pensar que sus papeles estaban incompletos, y que el porvenir trairia obstaculos y trastornos, ¿que es lo que ha acaecido? Tenemos

Un codigo de leyes, una raza de humanos, y un comercio y costumbres, diametricamente opuestos á los caracteristicos politicos y provinciales, de esta peninsula bajo el señorío de los gobiernos Español y Mexicano.

No tuvieron el sistema y esmero precisos durante el periodo de los gobiernos pasados, y ahora padecen las malas con-

3. secuencias de su desidia.

Pero estos males y trastornos, pronto ^{se} pasarán, y el remedio no podria demorar.

La Comision que tenemos para apaciguar y finalizar todas ^{las} dudas, enredos, y diferencias que dimanar de los derechos á terrenos en California, deben ratificar todos los reclamos justos y desechar los que son tachados con mala fé.

Tengo el consuelo Tor D Jesus de no poder decir que conozco algun derecho de los Californios que corre el riesgo de ser desechado. Cuando el Gobernador hizo con buena fé alguna concesion; cuya concesion la recibió el agraciado con la propia buena fé; aun cuando faltan algunos pasos como son la aprobacion y la posesion juridica; la intencion de la ley y del gobierno fué trasferir al receptor del terreno, una donacion en propiedad. Un titulo ~~en~~ de propiedad es el absoluto dominio y el derecho de disfrutar la cosa libre y exclusivamente.

El gobierno americano no puede menos que perfeccionar la mira e intencion del gobierno donador, cuando se le manifiesta cual fué la intencion. - veamos un ejemplo " El gobernador departamental le ha dado á Pedro el titulo de propiedad para cierto terreno, pero este terreno no tiene la posesion juridica dada por el Juez respectivo ¿que es lo que se debe hacer? Esto. El gobierno americano como el sucesor del mejicano, tiene que desempeñar el paso de dar

esta posesion, de esta manera el gobierno actual llevará á efecto los deseos del gobierno pasado.

Luego, el agraciado no puede sufrir por las faltas ó ignorancia del gobernador y no es defecto del título que el gobernador haya faltado en su deber.

El gobierno americano va á administrar toda la justicia que las personas interesadas merecerá de esto; no tengo la mas minima duda. Este gobierno verá que la mira de Mexico fue, transferir todo su derecho en las concesiones de buena fé; y desde luego debe confirmar todo lo que sea justo y legitimo.

Fero hay algunos, de quienes la mayor parte son americanos, que pretenden reclamar cosas que jamas podrian pertenecerles, seria muy dilatada una historia de lo que quieren efectuar, baste decir que quieren conseguir privilegios que no existen en el derecho. Seguro estoy que los Comisionados no los han de apoyar en sus designios fraudulentos.

La ley que manda la confirmacion de títulos previene que se gobiernen los Comisionados por el tratado hecho entre los gobiernos Americanos y Mexicanos, segundo, por las leyes de Naciones, tercero; por las leyes usos, y costumbres del gobierno ~~de~~ del cual se ha conseguido el derecho ó concesion, y cuando ya no haya doctrinas en estas tres ~~de~~ manantiales ~~de~~ para fundar su determinacion, entonces la cuarta referencia serán los fallos de la corte suprema de los Estados Unidos en cuanto sean apli-

cables.

Cual es el dictamen del tratado de Guadalupe Hidalgo. Dice que los que tenían propiedades en California el dia 30 de Mayo de 1848, serán apoyados y protegidos en el libre gozo de ellas por el gobierno americano.

No no quiero mas que la garantia del tratado para lograr cuanto derecho habia en la referida fecha.

Cuales son las maximas de las leyes internacionales. El gobierno sucesor tiene la obligacion de perfeccionar, todos los compromisos y convenios del gobierno antecesor que existan al tiempo de la cesion de territorio; no puede perjudicar los meros vecinos que han pasado con la provincia; antes es el deber del gobierno sucesor privilegiarles en cuanto fuese justo; y si hubiese alguna medida que el gobierno primero tenia la obligacion de verificar, el nuevo gobierno se hace el representante de aquel y tiene que dar cumplimiento acerca de bienes, la libertad del hombre u otra cosa cualquiera.

Las leyes, los usos, las costumbres y las formalidades de los gobiernos Español y Mexicano; muy poco puedo decirle á V. con relacion á ellas, "Y sabe que cuando el Gobernador hubiese firmado el título ya se consideraba el donatario dueño de la finca ó propiedad, el agraciado conseguia el título y ocupaba el sitio; y sus colindantes, las autoridades, la Junta departamental, y el territorio entero miraban al título sin aprobacion con el

respeto como si hubiese tenido veinte aprobaciones; ^{en} el concepto de los habitantes tenia el titulo el mismo valor, estuviese o no aprobado la aprobacion nunca fue un atributo esencial para el titulo, fue mas bien un limite del ~~del~~ poder ^{del Gobernador} conferido á la Junta ó Asamblea departamental para que aquel no pudiese abusar de sus facultades; y jamas fue la mira de la ley el pronunciar defectuoso el titulo que no tenia esta providencia practicada. La posesion juridica se previno para darle á la donacion del terreno un aspecto de solemnidad; para demarcar los linderos y confines por mano de la justicia, con el fin de que el agraciado conociera su posesion y limites respectivos, y que ningun intruso pudiese hacer agresion dentro de mojones señalados por el juez; para precaver las disputas que podian originarse entre propietarios contiguos; era una medida cuyo objeto fue el lograr la paz tranquilidad y la harmonia entre los vecinos. (Una medida de la ley digna de loor y alabanza) Pero jamas la posesion juridica tenia relacion la mas remota con la cuestion de dominio ó propiedad; el derecho que el agraciado procuraba tenia tanta fuerza, ~~que~~ como la ley y las facultades del gobernador le conferian; la ley le decia al Gobernador "Tu tienes facultades para ~~conceder~~ concederle al vecino tanto trecho de tierra por medio de un despacho." El gobernador estiende el despacho y todo el derecho que el gobierno tiene cae en mano de aquel que obtiene del gobernador un titulo y ^{estando} usando las facultades que la ley le confiere

1. Ahí es donde se hace testis del dominio y del valor de la consecion, y no en la aprobacion ni de la posesion juridica. El gobernador hizo la consecion. ¡bueno! Si la ley le conferia esta facultad y el obró en conformidad á ella; es buena la consecion y logrará el apoyo y afirmacion de los Comisionados. Seguimos un poco mas considerando las leyes y usos de los gobiernos pasados. Y sabe muy bien que cuando el hombre en su conducta y en sus negocios se porta con buena fé la ley civil de Mexico lo apoya con su proteccion y lo favorece con el remedio para sus males y ~~es~~ ^{es} infortunios. Para mejor decir esta ley es la mas liberal y blanda del mundo. Pues bueno, con respecto á los titulos de California, todas las dudas y embrollos relativos; ^{se} van á desaparecer á la vez que los Comisionados tienen que gobernarse por "las leyes, usos y costumbres de los gobiernos Español y Mexicano"

Acerca de las axiomas de equidad y las decisiones de la Corte Suprema; hasta donde puedan aplicarse son equitativas

Las reflexiones que anteceden son fundadas en la ley, y determinadas despues de un examen riguroso y exacto; se las mando á V por motivo á haber visto á V á veces desconsolado y con recelo acerca de sus propiedades; no debe V desanimarse porque ^{para} sus papeles, les es indispensable la ratificacion

Permitame V comunicarle cuales son mis anticipaciones respecto á propiedades en lo futuro. California se compone hoy de muchos condados; unos son mineros, otros mercantiles y otros agricolas, Los condados mineros siempre

se verán precisados a suplirse del comestible de consumo, de los condados que producen granos y ganados. Los habitantes de aquellos condados además de carecer casi en lo absoluto de terrenos al propósito; viven en el perpetuo exalto de lograr mejor suerte de buscar el mineral; que no procuran una ganancia mas pausada (pero mas cierta) en cultivar la tierra; la irresistible codicia de encontrar el oro en la escavacion de la tierra; el dinero en mano mas bien que aguardar la realizacion de la cosecha, y los trabajos correspondientes; antes de recibir la recompensa monetaria de sus esfuerzos agricolas. En el primer caso el hombre sabe cual ha sido su utilidad en el dia; en el segundo tiene que esperar la determinacion del tiempo. Habrá otro inconveniente tambien, la falta de propiedad particular en las tierras, y la falta de seguridad para las siembras; porque no en todas partes podrá auxiliar a la ley a los habitantes, (por ser unos parages ingratos) ni tampoco el minero en busca del oro, vacilará a destruir las siembras, si aguarda encontrar el tesoro donde el labrador ^{las} tiene hechas; siempre habrán mil obstáculos aun cuando el terreno fuera bondadoso -

Segun mi opinion los condados agricolas van a ser los mas ricos del Estado. Al cabo de dos o tres años si el Gobierno General toma algunas medidas sabias con respecto a las minas los condados mineros comenzaran a contribuir a la tesoreria ~~nacional~~ del Estado. Los mineros hoy en dia son unos aves pasajeros, y los recaudadores de contribuciones no pueden hacer coleccion de rentas en aquellas regiones, por ser

los unicos bienes del minero, su herramienta del trabajo y la bolsa del oro. Esto produce para los condados que pagan contribuciones sobre ganados y terrenos una infliccion bien gravosa de impuestos. Si se remedia, resultará que se disminuirán ^{en} mas de la mitad, las contribuciones de los condados agricolas.

Terrenos propios al cultivo siempre, en todas partes son de valor, pero hay algunos que merced a sus ventajas locales; son de mas valor que otros. Por ejemplo los que ~~son~~ están inmediatos a algun embarcadero, siendo productivos, no tienen valor ^(figurativamente) porque sus productos con facilidad se pueden transportar al mercado. A veces es fácil establecer un embarcadero por medio del arte y la industria. Los condados de Santa Cruz, Santa Clara, Contra Costa, Solano, parte de Sonoma y parte de San Joaquin poseen terrenos que antes del trascurso de tres años, deben subir mucho en precio. Le repetiré a V la observacion hecha la semana pasada por un americano, hombre de sesenta años y uno que ha tenido mucha experiencia en los estados fronterizos de los Estados Unidos "Que todo aquel que pueda lograr para de aqui cinco años, un establecimiento de 160 acres (cosa de ~~200~~ 1000 varas en cuadro) será indispensablemente hombre opulento". Si yo fuera dueño de terreno en el condado de Santa Clara o Contra Costa trataria de conservarlo hasta de aqui ^(3 años) tres años cuando menos. El ganado debe subir en el precio porque si estoy bien informado el pie se va

reduciendo, y los habitantes tendrán la necesidad de habilitarse de los departamentos fronterizos de México.

Estos son los presagios que yo hago del porvenir. En manos de los americanos, tan notables por el progreso y la civilización, es imposible que California deje de elevarse hasta la cumbre de la prosperidad. Los Californios, hijos de este suelo conseguirán la mayor parte de ellos, la confirmación del gobierno americano para con sus posesiones. ¿Pero cuan pocos las conservarán?! Cual la nieve derretida con el resplandor del Sol, saldrán de sus manos. El americano rapaz, pero sistemático y económico, llegará a ser dueño de todo lo que el Californio sacrifica a sus vicios. Es un combate desigual, cuando el Español y el Americano se ponen a luchar con la cabeza. El americano es superior en el conocimiento firmeza y también en ^{la} maldad y mala fe. Lo primero que el Californio debe hacer al conseguir un fallo favorable de la Comisión es vivir económicamente.

Don Jesus! cuidado con reposar la confianza en el primer Americano que encuentra. Son muchos los malos, y como los luceros en noche borrascosa los buenos.

Con la satisfacción que estos pormenores confusos, no recibirían el desagrado de V me atrevo a ofrecerme de V para obedecer. Y Y.

D. B. J. M.
Tomás S. Godden

LB 36 : 14.

1852 - March 15.
~~ann ann~~

14

IN THE ASSEMBLY.]

[SESSION OF 1852.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF WAYS AND MEANS,

ON THE

REVENUE BILL.

PRESENTED MARCH 15, 1852.

[EUGENE CASSERLY, STATE PRINTER.

St. Howell - 288

REPORT.

MR. SPEAKER:—The Committee of Ways and Means, to whom was referred "an Act prescribing the mode of assessing and collecting Public Revenue," passed May 1, 1851, have had the same under consideration, and, without stating at length the objections thereto, respectfully beg leave to report the accompanying Bill, as a substitute for the original Act, and the proposed amendments.

In submitting this Bill to the earnest consideration of the members of this body, your Committee ask leave to submit, also, some of their reasons for the change which they propose to make in the revenue system hitherto existing in this State. No evil, perhaps, is fraught with such rapid and inevitable injury to any Government, as that of an inefficient or unjust law for the collection of the public revenue. The difficulties of suggesting a proper revenue system for California, can only be appreciated by those who have given the

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subject their careful and mature consideration. The supreme power vested in the Congress of the United States, to levy and collect the public revenue for the support of the General Government, from foreign imports, avoids the almost innumerable evils which arise in levying a direct tax upon the population of an immense territory, whose interests are as diversified as those of the different States of the Union. In no other State, nor in the Government of the United States, is there so much difficulty in establishing a just, equal, and adequate revenue system, as exists, at this time, in California. We have a vast territory, more extensive than all the New England States together, with a sea coast not incomparable in extent to the whole Atlantic sea-board of the United States, and yet we own scarcely one acre of land. Our citizens have not yet been secured even in the right of pre-emption, which other States have long enjoyed; and all our citizens, having grants to land, have been forced into litigation against the General Government; so that, almost, nowhere can the legal ownership of real property be positively asserted. Your Committee, therefore, may well ask indulgence, if they have not been able to perfect a revenue system for California, which must, perhaps, be the work of years.

If we would have a revenue system honest or equitable in its provisions, your Committee see no course to adopt except that which is compelled by the condition of the country. They have, therefore, in the accompanying Bill, declared all property within this State to be taxable, whether it be owned by absolute legal title, or whether it be enjoyed with all the rights of ownership: whether it be invested in a vessel navigating the inland seas and rivers of this State, or in a fixture erected upon the public domain. Without adopting this just and equal mode of collecting public revenue, it must be

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apparent that a sufficient amount cannot be raised, without gross oppression, to administer this government in the most economical manner, much less to defray the enormous expenses which have been incurred under its former administration.

Only twenty-seven months have passed since this State Government was organized; and, during this brief period, the total indebtedness and expenditures of the State have reached a sum of over two millions of dollars; a great portion of which has been expended in repelling the incursions of Indians upon our mining Counties, and other portions of our frontier.

But, entirely aside from all our military liabilities, our annual civil expenditures have been more than one-third greater than the amount of revenue annually collected. The Comptroller's estimate of the necessary civil expenditures for the present fiscal year, (ending June 30th, 1852,) is \$502,533 70; being probably an excess of expenditure, over the receipts, equal to that of any former year. No Government, however economical, however prudent, however fortunate, could sustain itself, over our immense territory, upon the trifling revenue which has been heretofore collected. And it is worthy of remark, that of all the taxes which have hitherto been raised in this State, over one-third of the entire amount has been raised in one County alone, whilst in other Counties, which have produced millions of wealth, the amount of taxes paid for the use of the State has not even equalled the amount of money paid by the State to their Representatives in the Legislature, much less the other expenses which the State has incurred for them, in good faith.

The simple statement of such facts, is a more powerful comment upon the past revenue laws of this State, than all the arguments which could be adduced.

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Our unfortunate financial condition is not to be attributed to the people; it is perhaps wholly owing to the want of a just revenue system, based upon the extraordinary pursuits and condition of our population. It is not for us to accuse the people of unwillingness to pay their taxes. No American population has ever yet refused to pay taxes, when justly, equally, and necessarily imposed. It is their pride to contribute to the necessary expenses of their own Government. If they have never been found to submit to "taxation without representation," so they have never yet been found so unjust as to demand representation without taxation.

Neither is the deficiency in our revenue to be attributed to the improper conduct of our County officers. With a very few disgraceful exceptions, our County officers have enforced the collection of taxes, during the past year, with a devotion to duty which officers of no other Government could surpass, and with a remuneration, in some instances, actually not equal to their necessary expenses. There is now a plain principle for us to settle. If we have not the power to collect a just revenue, can it be doubted that we should collect none whatever? Is it just, that taxation should be equal and uniform; or should the majority enjoy all the advantages of Government and impose upon the minority all the burdens of taxation for its support? None can fail to determine what is right, and none dare accuse our people of wishing to maintain unequal and unjust laws. No, Sir. If we would have this government just, or even respectable, we must impose its burdens equally upon all who participate in its privileges. But this can never be attained, so long as we merely re-enact the laws and systems of the old States, and attempt to apply them to the condition of our population, who are almost wholly absorbed in the labor and excitement of gathering

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gold from the rocks and the earth. In the present exigencies of our State, the majority in this Legislature owe it to themselves, and to their principles, to take that stand for California which shall redeem her Government to the respect, the confidence, and the attachment of her citizens; and of relieving us from the dishonest and disgraceful position of taxing one portion of our people more than another.

With a system of equal and uniform taxation, the burthens of our Government would be rendered trifling and insignificant; for our productive resources exceed in value the staple products of the whole southern States. But our revenue laws have not only operated unequally upon different portions of our State, but they have imposed upon our citizens greater burthens than ever foreigners have sustained, who are totally indifferent to our prosperity. If the principle is to be adopted, that those who are not citizens are to be treated with greater partiality than is bestowed upon our own people, then, indeed, it is an advantage not to become a citizen of this State. There is annually received and sold within this State, an immense amount of merchandize and other property belonging to the citizens of other States and other countries, which has not hitherto been reached by taxation; whilst our own merchants have contributed largely to the support of our Government. Your Committee have, therefore, made provision that all merchandize, and other property of commerce belonging to persons not residing in this State, which shall be imported or received to be sold within this State, shall pay the same tax upon its value, when sold, as imposed on the property of our own citizens. To levy an import tax, or anything in the nature of a tax on imports, would exceed the power vested in our State Government; but immediately upon the landing and sale of any merchan-

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dize or other property within this State, it becomes a part and portion of the property of our State, and is unquestionably liable to taxation. Whilst no State can prohibit the citizens of another State, nor even the citizens of a foreign country, from selling goods which have been lawfully imported and landed upon our shores, still it rests within the necessary rights and powers of every State, to prescribe such mode of transacting business within its limits, as it may deem just and necessary.

Your Committee have, therefore, provided in the accompanying Bill, that no person shall sell goods within this State, all or any portion of which shall belong to non-residents of this State, without first obtaining a license for such purpose, in like manner as is required by law of our own merchants.

Your Committee believe that this portion of the Bill, though new, cannot be shaken in any one of its positions, which has been adopted with great care, and under able legal advice.

Your Committee cannot too strongly recommend the additional provision for appointing a special Collector, to enforce the collection of these taxes, together with the taxes imposed upon auctioneers. They have been informed by some of the leading auctioneers of San Francisco, that whilst some of them have paid the amount of their duties to the State, others have neglected to do so; and they ask, as a matter of justice to themselves, that all auctioneers be compelled to exhibit their accounts of sales to some person officially authorized, and acquainted with their mode of transacting business, in order that there may not be a premium offered to dishonesty, by enabling it to cheat the State of a just revenue, and undersell the honest auctioneer, to the amount of

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the duty imposed. And these reasons will apply with equal force to the collection of the duties imposed on persons selling consigned goods.

For enforcing the collection of poll tax, your Committee earnestly urge the adoption of the stringent provisions of the Bill upon that subject; probably not less than thirty-thousand aliens are enjoying all the rights of citizenship and property, which are guaranteed to our own citizens, whilst they have hitherto, resisted, with impunity, the payment of this just and necessary tax. Nothing, has, perhaps, contributed more to decrease the revenue from this source, than the meagre and absurd compensation which has hitherto been allowed to our Sheriffs for enforcing its collection. The justice and the necessity of the provisions of this part of the Bill, are believed to be too apparent to need further remark.

It will be perceived, by reference to the Bill, that the whole amount of tax levied on real and personal property, is appropriated to the payment of the interest which may accrue on the indebtedness of the State, except a small percentage which is levied in behalf of Common Schools. The contemned policy of levying taxes upon the people, merely for the support of the officials of Government, without the slightest reference or attention to any public improvement, or to the welfare of those who desire to become permanent citizens of our State, is so gross, so selfish, so time-serving, that those who wish to be classed among the advocates of such policy, may record their names against this just and popular provision of the Bill. But your Committee would call attention to the fact, that this imposition of five cents for the use of Common Schools, will increase the duty for State purposes, upon consigned goods, in an equal ratio.

It will be perceived that the rates of taxation have been re-

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duced nearly one-third below the amounts hitherto imposed. Whilst this reduction would render the whole amount of taxes collected, comparatively insignificant, under the inefficient revenue laws hitherto existing in this State, your Committee confidently believe that, notwithstanding the proposed reduction in the rates of taxation, the Bill herewith submitted will reach so many new and immense sources of revenue, heretofore partially or wholly untouched, that if it be suffered to become a law, without any material alteration, it will redeem the credit of the State in a single year, whilst the burthens which it imposes will fall lightly and equally upon all.

All of which is most respectfully submitted.

ISAAC B. WALL, *Chairman.*

March 15, 1852.

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CB 36 : 15

1852 - March 25.

Am Hse March 25 1852

Dear Sir

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Your note which you gave
me for Mr Pice benefit is now due and Mr
Pice is in much need of money will you
please send it to ^{me for} him as soon as
possible

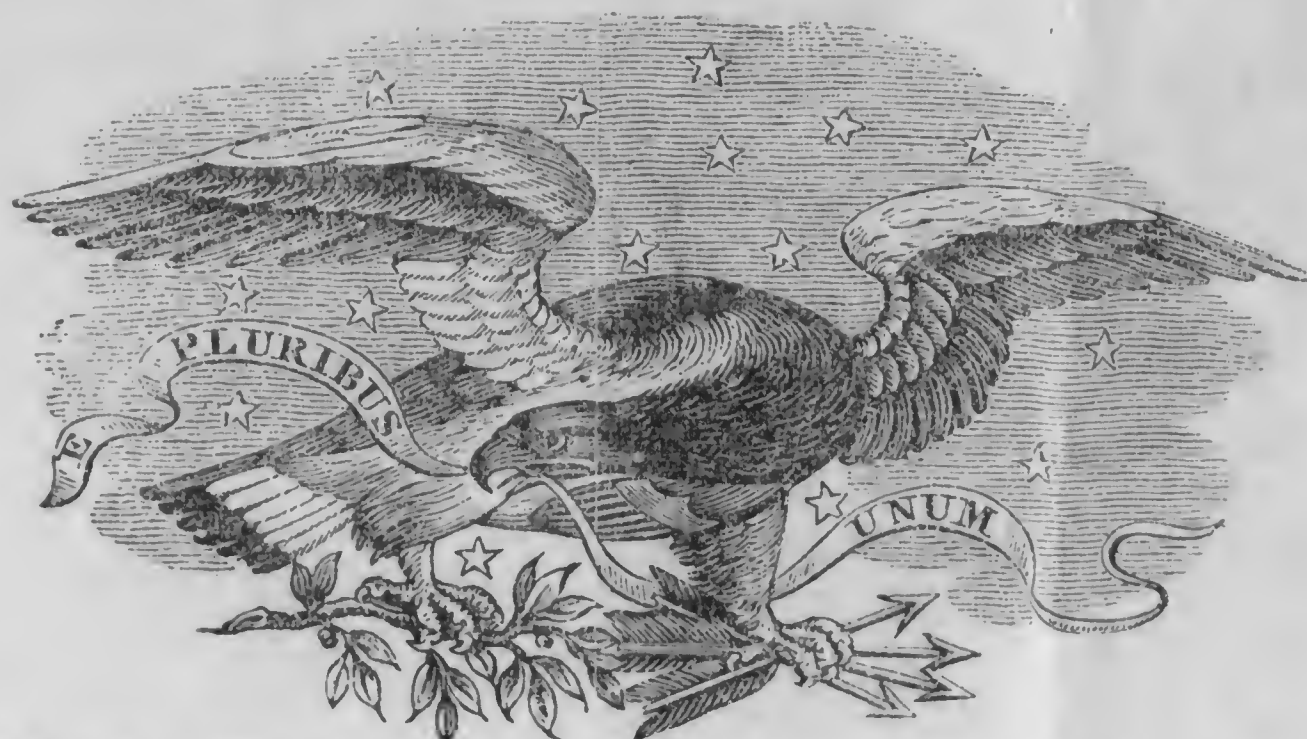
Yours Truly

W B Bapham

C.B 36 : 16

1852 - March 25.

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NATHAN K. HALL,
POSTMASTER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
TO ALL WHO SHALL SEE THESE PRESENTS, GREETING;

WHEREAS, On the 9th day of April 1850, Jose Jesus Vallejo was appointed Postmaster at Mission San Jose in the County of Santa Clara, State of California; and whereas he did, on the 26th day of January, 1852, execute a bond, and has taken the oath of office, as required by law.

Now, know ye, That, confiding in the integrity, ability, and punctuality of the said Jose Jesus Vallejo, I do commission him a Postmaster, authorized to execute the duties of that office at Mission San Jose aforesaid, according to the laws of the United States, and the regulations of the Post Office Department: To hold the said Office of Postmaster with all the powers, privileges, and emoluments to the same belonging, during the pleasure of the Postmaster General of the United States.

In testimony whereof, I have herunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Post Office Department to be affixed, at Washington City, the 25th day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, and of the Independence of the United States the seventy-sixth.

1852 - March 25.



NATHAN
POSTMASTER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES

TO ALL WHO SHALL SEE

WHEREAS, *On the 9th day of April*
at Mission San Jose in the County of Santa Clara
he did, on the 26th day of January

Now, know ye, *That, confiding in the integrity*
I do commission him a Postmaster, authorized to execute the duties of
according to the laws of the United States, and the regulations of the
with the powers, privileges, and emoluments to the same belonging,

In testimony whereof, *I have hereunto*
to be affixed, at Washington
our Lord one thousand eight hundred
the seventy-sixth.



C-13 36 : 17



1852 - March 27 Santa Clara 27 / 52

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Mi carísimo amigo y Señor de todo mi aprecio.

Ayer entregue a su Indito de V. S. los quatro cien pesos - con mucho
miedo - ~~confio~~ sin embargo que V. S. los haya recibidos - Enviaré
tambien un Rosario, y un Christo por su Señora Esposa.

Me dicen, que algunos hablan a V. S. contra mi, contra el
buen Padre Langlois, y contra los Papistas, Yo no hago caso de
estas puerilidades de algunos envidiosos - Solamente, para que V. S.
no sea en algun modo sorprendido por estos impostores, tomo
la libertad de advertir a V. S. por su regla, que hasta la llegada
del Señor Obispo, yo solo soy el Cura de la Mision de San
Jose, y yo solo tengo los poderes cerca del Temporal y del gobierno
espiritual de ella - Y a la excepcion del buen P. Langlois,
que es en todo mi dependiente, ninguno tiene nada que hacer
en la Iglesia, casa, y gobierno de ellas; y ninguno sabe lo
que el Señor Obispo determinara.

De V. S.

Don Jose Jesus Vallejo.

Muy aff. do Amigo y Servidor
P. J. Nobili S. J.

P. S. Livrage de presentar mis complimientos a su Señora
Esposa, y a toda su familia.

Don Jose Jesus Vallejo

Mision de San Jose

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CLB 36 :18

1852 - March 30.
~~xxxxxxxxxxxx~~

Keepsport March 30th 1852

My Dear Parents

I thought I would write you a few lines. It has been very cold in Keepsport this winter. and the harbour froze over so that the people could go over to ^{the} Fort. The Fort is about two miles from the town. We have had very little snow in Keepsport this winter. I went to see Uncle Rogers and Aunt Rogers some time ago. Uncle Rogers is pretty well and his wife. I wrote a letter to Uncle Wright last week and he has not answered it yet. Aunt Cooper told me when I wrote to you again to give her love to you and the family. I have not been to see Miss Parker in Boston since I came to Keepsport. Oliver's Father is coming to Keepsport in about two weeks to see what kind of a place it is. I heard that you don't want us to go in a boat any more. I wish you would come here when you come to New York and see what kind of a place it is. I suppose my mother thinks that the harbour of Keepsport is like the harbour of Monterey very rough and dangerous but it is one of the safest to be found. One day during vacation when Mr Burr went away, Oliver and Joe Packham a young man that lives in the same house with us and my self, went to get a sail boat a few wharfs from our house and we went after ducks and we could not shoot any, so we went to an island where ^{were} lots of field mice and I took off my shoes and went on shore and then Oliver and then Joe Packham. We got on shore and we caught a dozen field mice. and put them into my handkerchief and ^{when} we got back the tide went down and left the boat on

ground and we could not shove the boat off. it grow very cold
and we had no fire. so we began to rub two shingles together
but we could not get a fire. We did not get off till twelve &
o'clock at night. and the people thought that we were drowned.
When we got home we were very hungry and we eat every thing
we could find. Oliver's mother has been sick in New York but she is
well. and now Fido is sick. Oliver's Father is coming to Newport.
I have no more to tell you. give my love to all the family.

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Your affectionate son
William Rogers Cooper

C-B 36 : 19

1852 - Apr. 2.
Minn. Pol. 19

J. D. Sr. de San Valle
S. J. Sr.

19.

Minn. Pol. Apr. 2 d. 1852

Me estimado amigo: La semana entrante
se ocupan los Comisionados de la ultima sesion
de sus titulos y de lo q^e se requiere para su
ampliacion

Se acuerda mandar a via a mi estimado
Sr. que por mano segura llegue a las manos de
caudidad q^e trata de reunir \$^o el vapor del 5.
del 200.^o Cuente con v. con la suma de
Quinientos para q^e obtenga a v. en C^o. y en lo
q^e confiera v. con favor a v. en sus negocios
suos.

En esta vista habia a v. de lo q^e
motiva esta franquicia y debilmente acordar
lo a su m^o. Sr. y am^o

Atenti

Parron Pico
P

J. B. P. M.

Parron de Laldo

Aumentado

Se despide p^o Los Angeles su oficio

Parron Pico

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Dr Dⁿ José de Arce
Vallejo
San José

1852 - Apr. 2.
Mina de Plata

Dr D^o José de Lerma Vallejo
S. J. C.

19

Mina de Plata Apr 2 de 1852

Me estimado amigo: La semana entrante
se ocupan los Comisionados de la ultima revista
de sus titulos y lo q^e se requiere para sus tipos de
avisar

Se acuerda mandar a' via a' un comitado
p^o que por mano segura llegue a' las minas la
cantidad q^e trata de reunir p^o el vapor del 5^o
del cur.^o Cuanto con v. con la suma de
Quinientos pesen q^e abran a' v. en C^o y en lo
q^e convenga v. sin faltar a' nada de sus obligaciones
am^o.

A nuestra vista hallari' a' v. de lo q^e
motiva esta franquicia y debidamente acordari'
lo q^e se me interese y am^o

Atenti

Pascual Pico
P

J. B. M. P.

Pascual de Saldo

Aumentado

Se despide p^o Los Angeles su oficio

Pascual Pico

C-B 36 : 20

1852 - Apr 5

1852

Monterey April the 20

Ap^t of R Cooper

To Tho^s Bralee

D^r

for three and a half days work at \$6.00 per day	\$21.00
do 11 days work at \$3.00 per day	51.00
to 30 loads of gravel at \$1.00 per load	30.00
to a lot of lumber hauled from the crib and scutes	1.50
do one load of pine brush	2.00
do two loads from the forest	2.00
April the 3 rd a half day	.50
" 4 th do "	.50

Paid to
 April 6th
 Tho^s Bralee

108	50
<u>12</u>	
96	50

Credit to the
 to one hundred ft of lumber
 do part of a barrel of powder

8	00
4	00

S. Praluy's
ack.
settled in full
April 6th 1882
20A

33
22
201

Supervisor

[Faint handwritten signature]

c-13 36:21

1852 - Apr 6

Monterey

1852

Capt J R Cooper

To Tho^s Braley

\$67

The balance of a bill dated Novr 29 th /51	\$ 1069 - 43
Jan 11 th 1852 for two barrels of lime at \$4 - 00 p ^r	... 8 00
.. .. for sixty seven and a half days work at \$3 - 00 p ^r day \$ 202 - 50	. 202 - 50
.. .. for 29 twenty nine and three fourths days work at \$6 - 00 p ^r day \$ 178 - 50	. 178 - 50
	<u>1458 - 43</u>

Jan 11 th 1852 received on the above	1000 - 00
.. .. received	. 100 - 00
Decr the 10 th 1851 a half barrel of pork	... 8 - 00
Jan 19 th 52 50 lbs of flour barrels	. 40 28
	<u>1148 28</u>
cash	200 - 00
	<u>1348 - 28</u>

1458 43
 1348 28

 1110 15
 96 28

 \$25 04 65

218
settled in full
April 6th 1852

218

[Faint, mostly illegible handwritten text, possibly a ledger or account book, with some numbers and lines visible.]

C-B 36 i 22

1852 - Apr 15,
Wm. Fay

55

22

My dear Sir

I have delayed writing you in respect to your note of three thousand dollars which you caused to be dishonored, because Mr Lockin informed me, that without fail you would be certainly in New York in this part of our country - he now says you are not coming.

I regret that Mr Buxton did not understand the power I delegated in regard to settle ment of the note, I did not intend him to call upon you and demand payment of the note with in law to the time of promitment, but gave him discretionary powers -

As I wrote you before, I should never have called upon you for the amount of the note had you continued poor, and myself in affluent circumstances, as was formerly the case, but as the tables are turned, and you have become rich, and myself very poor; I thought that you would, without any demur, take up the note without any hesitation and feel happy that you had the opportunity; I think you will do so yet, if I have not much mistaken your character, and the good feelings of your heart. You cannot but remember the circumstances under which this large debt was

contracted and the forbearance, I have shown - I have also
a bill against you for goods you bought of me when
in the Room to enable you to go on with your Mill work
and at a time when no one would give you credit, you
have never offered to pay that bill - However I have not
for a moment attacked my opinion of your kind feelings
and honest character, I believe you to be the same old
Lucifer as you ever was; if Mr. Burton had understood
the Power I gave him, there no doubt the note would
have been settled without trouble or difficulty -

The reasons assigned by your legal friends for not
advising you to pay the note, were false and far fetched,
the one that the intent was missing on the note, false be-
cause no intent is stated on the note, only that it is payable
with interest; which I claim to be 1 per cent per month ac-
cording to the established rate by custom in California for
more than thirty years. As to its being outlawed by the
Mexican law, that is incorrect, notes are deemed, by these
laws are not outlawed, till ten years, after present-
ment, if not then paid, as to its being paid previously
in tender, that is not correct, some doubt I as knowledge was
received of but if on account of this note, not sufficient by
any means, to pay the amount of interest at 1 per cent, accumulated
on it at the time of delivery. I am willing to go into all the
particulars of the note, calculating interest on its from date, 1 per
cent per month, and allowing the same to you on any
partial payment which may ^{have been} made by you, your security to
pay the balance that may be found - But you had

better not, for your own interest take that plan, I am will-
ing to take less, than what that result would be found -
The amount proposed by Mr. Gullhorn, your legal agents
in San Francisco, (I think it was 1200 \$) is ridiculous and will
not be accepted. I shall stand on the truth of the whole
transaction - Mr. Larkin says you are willing to pay,
and desires so to do, (of which I have not the slightest
doubt) all that may be justly due. Then things may
decide in the papers of making a final settle-
ment of the affair; employed Mr. Jos. Thompson, and
Henry Tschackman of San Francisco, united or solely, to make
a final settlement with you on equitable terms
and of course give you up the note, if they succeed -
They have my full power of attorney, and I hope
you will not hesitate for a moment to come to terms.

If I had not noticed this money, you ac-
tually in want of it, San Lucas, you would
never have heard from me on the subject; you
cannot now please poverty, fortune has departed
you of that excess, I rejoice to know it, for
the Goddess could not have bestowed her favours
on one more deserving, if old Lucifer, is what he used
to be -

To San Lucas
God be with you
your friend truly as ever
John C. Jones -
San B B Larkin
California -
State of California. April 15, 1852. 57

228

22

56

0-13 36 '23

1852 - Ap. 18,
man pen

23

San Francisco, Monday, April 18.

Dear Captain

I take the liberty of addressing you on the part of May Bole, to beg of you to see her father (who goes down on the Sea Bird) and effect if possible a loan of \$5000. for a year or eighteen months; ~~Mr. Robertson~~ makes me the best possible promises without doing anything definitive; you probably can have more influence with him than anyone else; do, my dear captain exert yourself to prevent this woman and her family from being utterly ruined.

The commissioners have been removed, which throws back the settlement of titles for some time, nothing can be done with landed matters, until the arrival of the new board. May Bole's estate can be cleared with trifling loss immediately upon the settlement of her title but the agent tells me, that forced sales now will nearly ruin her.

Capt. Hallett is not in town. I left your note with him, please get it when you come up and send it to me, and I will make all additions you require

Yours Resp^t

E. D. Roberts.

59

Capt. John Cooper.

23A

Monterey

Mr Cooper

CAB 36:24

1852 - Apr 27.
Sr D. Jesus Vallejo

San José Abril 27 de 1852.

muy est^o Señor

24

Por ultima vez mando al portador D José W Johnson con el fin de pedir de V el dinero que debe a D. Andres Pico. Yo no puedo ir a la Misión por ahora motivo a mis negocios que no me permiten dar paso alguno. Espero que V no retardará por mas tiempo el pago porque bien claro conozco que no tiene razon para tal demora. Tiene V los documentos firmados por personas seguras y el terreno en posesion corporal - y si se rehusa V en pagar el dinero al Sr Johnson, le he mandado le deje a V una copia de demanda por ser el unico modo de proceder que tengo como agente de D. Andres Pico

Soy de V etc
Wm R Basstham.

Received the above amount of
One Thousand Dollars, being the
Principal, and Eighty five dollars inter-
eres, and Eight dollars costs, making
in all, One Thousand and Ninety three
dollars // 100.93 //

Joseph W Johnson
Shriff
By Frank W. Henry
Deputy

[Faint, illegible handwriting on a folded document]

24A

I do hereby certify that the original for
for the within described claim shall be
rec. by me and delivered over to J. J. Dallas
before this money is paid over to W. R.
Bassham

6 Jan 27
Frank, Mr Henry
Deputy Sheriff

CB 36 : 25

1852 - May 1st

25

Honolulu May 1st 1852.
C. Devanckelle

Dear Sir,

I received your note of April 22nd the only one I have received, and hasten to reply.

I am just out of a bed of sickness - have been confined to my room for three weeks - Up to the time I was taken sick I expected you to return to Honolulu and am now at a loss to know what you have determined upon in the matter - whether to go to California or not - However I expect to be at Sacramento in the course of a week and will then arrange all matters with you.

In haste Yours
R. H. Bowlin

251
A
Cuenta de Berlin
a Sr. Eduardo

CCB 36 : 26

Recd 15th May and May 16th
1852 - May 11

26

Office of Secretary of State
Sacramento city
May 11. 1852

W. E. P. Hartnell
Monterey

Sir

I herewith forward
you copies of the Revenue and Census
laws to be translated into Spanish.
Be pleased to acknowledge the
receipt of the same and inform
at what point hereafter to send
you the laws.

Very Respectfully
Wm H Wood

Deputy Sec. of State

Office of State Translator
Patrocinio May 16th 1852

Hon. Wm H. Wood
1852 Dep. Secretary of State
Sacramento } Sir.

Your favor of the 11 Inst. enclosing
copies of the Revenue & Census laws came to hand yesterday.
You will please to direct all your communications for me to
Monterey, and I will thank you to inform me to whom I am
to forward my translations. I have not yet received my

appointment nor do I know whether you have received my oath
of office which I forwarded to you from San Fran^{co} by Mr. P. A. Bee
about the end of last month.

26A

Very respectfully

Your most obed^t. serv^t.

W. E. Harbuckle

State Translator



CB 36 : 27

1852 - May 12.

27

Office Sec. of State
May 12. 1852

I enclose you a printed copy
of the Act concerning Insolvent
debtors for translation.
Please acknowledge receipt.
I have heretofore sent you
the Revenue Act, Customs Act,
Act for protection of Foreigners,
funding act, and act for disposal
of the 500,000 acres of land,
of which you will please ack-
nowledge receipt.

Very Respectfully
Wm Van Hook
Sec. of State
By Wm H R Wood
Deputy

CB 36 : 28

1852 - May 13.
mumps

28

Office Secretary of State
Sacramento city
May 13. 1852

W. B. P. Hartuell
State Translator;
Sir;

Your Oath of Office has been received and filed in the Office. I sent you printed copies of the Revenue and Census acts some days since addressed to you at Monterey, not supposing that you had remained so long in San Francisco. I have a number of other acts copied for you which I will send so soon as I know your whereabouts.

Very Respectfully
Wm A Wood
Deputy & acting
Sec. of State

CUB 36 : 29

1852 - May 15.

Señor D. ²⁹ Loredo J. Vallejo

S. Colletano, 19 de Mayo

1852

Estimado Sr. Loredo, al leer yego a
que el Sr. Bradi, el mismo
q. tu me recomienda, en el mis-
mo dia fuino, aber tu ganado
al campo, y se parecia, mejor,
volver dentro de un mes, mas
q. entonses, estaria todo el
ganado bueno, para matar, por
consequente, el se megrara, sin
llebar nada, por q. asi se parecia
cobeniente,

De tu querido a Sr. A.
Carte, y parece q. te va a

67

Mandarte algunos buelles, y creo
muy bien, q. no temandara Nobillos
Manros, por q. no los hay; me
estem dando, ganas de irte abien-
tar, de repente, para q. tu man-
cho, se ponga en mejor arreglo;
pues, ase al quod dier q. un
sor Espanol, me oblo para ver si
lo querias arrendar, y yo te conteste
q. no sabia tu disposicion; el es
un Comerciante de Monterrey
muy Honrado, y se llama,
Bernardino Barquer, con q. tu
pensaras algo de esto y en la
primera oportunidad escribes

29A

68

Me, yo creo q. es mucho me-
jor q. amender tu mancho a
ere sor; q. no este en poder
de D. Angel Castro, pues este
sor, Castro de nada sirve en
el Mancho;

Saludame a tu familia
y manda a tu sor, q. creea
voste.

Juan T. Vallejo

29B

69

C-B 36 : 30

1852 - May 16.

San Francisco Mayo 16 de 1852.

30
Sr. D. José de Jesús Vallejo
estimado Señor.

Como le prometí á V. y le ví á D. Ramon de Saldo y los licenciados y me dijeron que adelantarian el expediente del rancho de V. cuanto les era posible,

Los Comisionados (si pienso con certidumbre) van á considerar con mucha madurez antes de dar el fallo primario, siendo asi que hemos de hacer sino aguardar con resignacion. No creo que si bien se demoran un poco para finalizar estas cuestiones, el resultado será mas favorable.

Mucho le encargué á D. Ramon el velar en el asunto de V. y me replicó "Que lo que no desempeña para el interés de V. será por no ser posible, que no perdonará esfuerzo alguno para que apresure la materia" De sus asuntos con los que están sentados en el rancho yo le hablaré á V. cuando regrese que debe ser el miércoles -

Mando á V. y á su familia mi mas fino respeto quedando su S. S.

T. B. S. M.
Tomás B. Godden.

CAB 36: 31



1852 - May 23.

31

D. P. Cooper Esq in account with A. Hardy.

Interest to May 23^d.

1852.

May 21	To cash	100.
	" postages 1851 & 1852 to date	2.12
	" balance car ^d down	1995.53

Contra Cr

1851	Aug 30	By balance left by Wm Rogers as per account rendered	1641.65	8.23	71.93
	Oct 2	" cash on ac of H Smith note	100.	7.21	3.85
1852	July 6	" interest on mortgage of 7500.	225	4.17	5.13
	May 12	" cash on ac of H Smith note.	50.	.11	.09
		" balance of interest	81.00	81.	
			<u>2097.65</u>	<u>2097.65</u>	<u>81.00</u> 81.00

May 23	By balance cash	1995.53
--------	-----------------	---------

Boston May 23^d 1852

A. Hardy

Memo: Besides the above balance there is invested in mortgage of 7500.
on C. J. Morrill's Estate
In H. Smith's note

153.

A Hardy 1852

\$1995.53

To May 23 / 52

1852

C-B 36:32

1852 May 23

32

J. P. Cooper's trust funds for his son in acct with Hardy

1851

July 24	To Cash paid W. M. Regus	37 50	
June 23	" " " "	37 50	
Aug 1	" S. Gurr's bill vs W. R. Cooper	114 9 7/8	
	interest on same to Sept 1	7 1/2	150 63
	" balance cash Sep 1	2427 70	

Contra. Cr

1850

Nov 23	By cash funds	25 00	
	The other \$25 00 being interest in mortgage on the Stoneham farm		

1851

Sept 1	" interest on the above from Nov 23 9 ^m 8 ^{ds}	115 83	
	" " Stoneham mortgage May 23 to Aug 23	37 50	

2653 33 2653 33

Alfred Hardy

Trust Account continued

Interest to May 23^o

1851.				
Sept 2	To cash to L. Quin on ac.	200.00		87
Nov 28	" " " bal bill	152.59	5.25	41.44
Dec 13	" " " O. Wright	37.75		1.01
1852	Jan 27	" " " L. Quin's	141.41	1.89
May 11	" " " "		12	28
19	" expenses to and over	141.41		
	" balance to new account	2151.87		

Contract

1851	Sept 1	By balance previous ac cash	2427.90	8.22	106.02
1852	May 23	" interest on Donham moly. Aug. 23/51 to date 92 cts	112.50		
		" balance of interest	97.53	97.53	
			2637.73		106.02
			2637.73		106.02

May 23 By balance cash 2151.87

32*

Postm May 23^o 1852. *Alpheus Hardy*

2500
2151.87
4651.87

Oct. 21. May 23^o 1852.

1851

May 23/52

CB 36 : 33



1852- May 24.

33

Office of Secretary of State
Sacramento City
May 24. 1852

W C P Hartnell Esqr.
Monterey

Yours of 16th inst is on file, acknowledging receipt of the Revenue and Census Acts. Your Oath of Office has been received and filed. You will send your translations to this Office. I send you herewith the Act to establish a system of common schools and that concerning Escheated Estates.

Very Respectfully
Wm Van Voorhis
Sec. of State
By Wm H R Wood
Deputy

Monday 30th May 1852

Sir,

Your several communications of the 12th and 24th Inst. and one without date were received yesterday together with the following enclosures, and shall be duly attended to;

- An Act for the protection of Foreigners,
- The funding Act,
- Act to dispose of 500,000 acres of land,
- do concerning Insolvent Debtors,
- do to establish a system of common schools, and
- do concerning Escheated Estates.

I have not yet received my appointment nor the list of laws designated by the Joint Committee to be translated within the time fixed by law

Very respectfully
Your obed^t Serv^t

W. C. Marshall
State Translator

338

Hon. Wm. McK. Wood
 Acting Secretary of State
 Sacramento City

Q-B 36:34

1852 - May 25
minim

San Jose Mayo 25 de 1852.

34

Sr D. J. J. de Vallejo

muy señor mio

En el negocio del rancho de V. es decir tocante a los americanos que ^{alli} se han establecido, es imposible comenzar algun proceso en la corte del distrito del Condado de Contra Costa, La objecion dimana de la ilegalidad del poder que ejerce el Juez al prefijar ~~el~~ ~~tramiento~~ la sesion del tribunal. Esto es un estorbo fatal y no tiene alivio.

Mr Crittenden mi socio y un jurisconsulto de merito se halla en este pero no he podido consultar con el, si se puede ^{en} el caso reclamar fundandose solamente en la posesion. tan luego como me dé las luces necesarias le informare a V.

Deseo ir a ver a V el Sabado venidero, no se si podre

Acabo de traducir al ingles el titulo de Barbara Castro viuda de R Soto y dice que uno de sus linderos corre "hasta el Arroyo nombrado el Alto pertenencia de D. Jesus Vallejo" asi es que ella no tiene propiedad alguna en este riachuelo

El Agente de leyes que asiste

a los Comisionados está haciendo gran es-
tudio y tenga tocante las diez leguas li-
torales, es un éxito algo dudoso.

Cuando estuviere en San F.^{co} cum-
pli' las ordenes de V.

Soy de V su Aftmo y S.

T. B. S. M.

Tomás B. Godden.

34A

Cartas posticid.
de D. Tomás Gooden

348

① 13 364 35

Dr. ^{1852 - May 26} John R. R. Cooper Esq. in account current to Oct. 1st 1852 with Alpheus Hardy.

35 Cr

1852			1852	
May 26	To expenses to Andover	1 45	May 23	By balance old acct.
27	" Bureau & 11. Subscription to NY Herald & 3.	14 "	June 30	" draft on Atlantic Bank rec ^d from J. O. Larkin
"	" Cash	100 "	Aug 3	" payment on acct Mortgage
31	" "	160 "	10	" bal Mortgage note \$500 + Int. \$264.33
June 1	" "	300 "	26	" " acct H. Smith \$53. + Int 7.19
"	" Books &c	1 75	Oct 1	" " Int.
10	" acceptance of Draft favor of Jones due Oct 17	3 000 "		
23	" Invoice per Sherwood " Cash this day	981 56		
Sept 7	" subscription to Boston Journal 1 yr	1 50		
Oct 1	" additional trucking per "Sherwood"	3 01		
	" Commissions on Receipts	" "		
	" \$11620.05 @ 1%	116 20		
		4679 47		
	Balance	7060 31		
		\$11739 78		
Oct 1	To cost of store in Central St.		Oct 1	By balance
	in cash \$5200.			
	" mortgage note 4000	9200.		
	" commissions purchasing &c 1% \$92.	5200		
	" examination of title - deeds & recording 24.	116.		
		5316		

78

79

Act. Ct. Oct. 1st 1852. 35A

①B 36 : 36

1852 - May 26.
~~1852 - May 26.~~

36

San Francisco May 26 1852

Dear Sister

I have again arrived in California in good health. I have brought Frederico with me - his health is good but in person is delicate. I wish to take him to Monterey in 10 or 15 days and leave him there this summer. to continue his studies. he also expects to get a Horse and Gun to enjoy himself during his studies. he will depend on his cousin John - David Spence, and other young Piousans to help him along. he has partially forgot his Spanish. one month in your town will learn him to regain it. I passed my Brother John between Tongata & Panama. while we were on Mules, he was well and in good spirits. said you hardly know that he had left California - he will remain in Boston and New York 15 to 20 days. I took Oliver from the School in Newport where was with Rogerio - and put him in another School 12 miles from New York. Rogerio - was put in a School near Boston until his Father should arrive there. the Boys were removed from Newport. because the Praceptor was making other arrangements for another school,

my wife had Oliver, Rogério, + Ananias - at
our house a week, they were a nice & nice
set when all together. Ananias is in a
school in Baltimore. Your son is learning
to do and dresses well, is healthy, stout, and very
contented. he would not be say himself return
to Cal. at present with his own will - Don
Manuel Jimeno two sons were well. I sent a
Carriage for them and had them at our house
the day before I left New York. please send
this notice to their Mother. I think Don
Alfredo Robinson and Wife will be here next
month. Dona Anita has a Babe in March -
will love to Anita, Amalia, & Juan + yourself I
am your

36^A

aff. affectionate Brother

Thomas G. Larkin

Give my respects to
Dona Rafaela mother.

1-B 36 & 37

1852 - May 21.
min

82

37

My dear son Swan

I regret that I have not seen you since Monday; had you had waited in here on Wednesday when you were in Newton you would have met me. My boat told me that you said you would come again and consequently till this morning I have never left my house for an hour, but you did not come. I have come near to the City if possible to see you - but when you was to be found no one knew - I went at the office of Mr Hardy that you were there this morning, but I could not learn any place where it was probable you would be found - it was told me you would be at Mr Hardy's office tomorrow morning - I therefore send this note there, to be delivered you on the morrow, and

to say to you, that I shall
be tomorrow Tuesday, by 10 o'clock
on the floor of the Reading Room
Mechanics Exchange, when I will
wait to see you. I beg of you
not to fail to be there -

Very truly

Yours

J. C. Stone

Captain

Inc. B. Lt. P. Cooper
Boston

Boston, Monday, May 31, 1852

37A

C B 36 : 38

1852 - May 31.
~~minimum~~

84 Louisville Ky - May 31st 1852

38

My Dear Cousin

about a week ago I wrote you a letter relative to myself & family, & sincerely hope it has been received - but in the event, that it may not have reached you, I again repeat the wishes expressed therein - trusting you will favourably consider the motive & excuse the repetition - should you happen to be in possession of both communications - Hearing you intended to return to Calif^a shortly, or as soon as your business could be arranged, the thought occurred - what a fine opportunity for me to go to my husband if it could only be so ordained? & after thinking & thinking again I resolved to write & ask you this great, very great favour, "to take me along - Excuse me Cousin John, for this freedom in demanding your assistance I hope you will view it leniently - I hesitated to make the request - but my heart impulsively said "write & ask - you can but be refused - & thus I venture - though I guess you will say "tis a pity she ^{had} not as much gold as brass" - I am impelled to it by the wish to be near my husband & if necessary to lend aid in supporting my family - in a country too - where all must succeed if persevering & energetic more particularly if they have a friend or two to back them - I mentioned in my letter to you, that I do not ask this kindness as a gift but as a loan - fully aware that my husband will be so delighted to have me out - that he will pay you again & with interest -

as soon as he has it in his power which I trust will
not be a long way off — & independent of him I will
kind myself to pay you in the event of unforeseen
circumstances &c — I can exert my faculties for teaching
as I did before marriage with success — & thus render
you back your own, with unceasing gratitude
& heartfelt esteem — I do not much fear sickness
on the Isthmus or elsewhere — or indeed anything
so that I can be again reunited with my husband
& if you accede to my request & forward to Louisville
Care of George F. Bartlett a sufficient sum for my family
of self & 4 children to go on to New York & meet you
allowing a little over & above the expenses of travelling,
to procure necessaries before starting — I will leave
directly you do so — your detention will not be
long on my account — Do dear Cousin if you have
it in your power oblige me this once & take that
charge upon yourself — I will endeavour to give as
little trouble to you as possible, my son Emmet
is 17 years old & the other two are 10 & 11 — the
youngest Eugene can walk & is smart enough —
though not talking yet — Emmet can help us much
so that you need not anticipate "too much trouble"
although we must necessarily give some — the chief
difficulty is to raise the means — & I only hope
you will have all that —

38A Please write me upon the reception of this
& excuse my freedom in thus encroaching upon
your time &c &c — & believe your affectionate Cousin
Eleanor N. Gray —
85

Please Dear Cousin don't mention this
request — for these things travel far & wide
almost unaccountably — & pride is still
left me — yours ever E. N. G.

38B

96

Eleanor R. Gray
Lonsville

May 31, 52

380



C. B. 36 : 39

1852 - May 31.
~~June~~

39

San Francisco May 31 - 1852

My Dear Sister -

I am happy to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 30th. I wrote to you and Don David last week enclosed both letters in one to him and sent by mail. - Frederico and myself made our passage very comfortable and in 25 days - we passed my Brother John between Panama + Gorgona - he was as usual, a short time before I left New York. I had - Anarico, Rogério + Tomas one week in my house in New York. they enjoyed themselves finely - Rogério says that he has no wish to return to Cal. at present. he talks Spanish and English equally well. took my dress - I took Oliver from Newport the week I left N^Y - and put him and Francisco at the Catholic Institution San John near the City of New York - Rogério went to Boston to remain until his arrival should arrive there. I waited 2 or 3 months for his Father before I took away Oliver. Anarico was much pleased with New York - my wife says it was just as well, for her to have remained in Monterey - but now she is in New

York wishes to remain there a long time. I do not know
when I shall go back. I got Frederic here for his
health rather to get him up, and that he may
relearn his Spanish. he understands it, and can
speak it some. but don't like to. he understands
French a little and plays a few tunes on the Piano -
he is a very good, gentle, and affectionate Boy. reads
a great deal. he will take a shot gun to Monterey, and
I hope his cousin John will have a gentle Horse
for him, to keep of use in Monterey -

Francisco + Carolina talks some French. both can play
a little on the Piano. she reads half of their time -
your sister Rachel. could hardly go out doors last win-
ter for the cold. Mr + Mrs Robinson I expect here
in June. Mr + Mrs Jones are well. also Don Manuel
Jimeno two men - I hope next week or the week after
to have the pleasure of being in your house. I am
waiting Mr Tease's arrival here -

With my best regards to all. Adieu to you
self Anita + Juan - I am

Yours affe + Brother
Thomas O. Larkin

39A
With your letter came one from
Mr Lay's, which I will
answer -

J. O. Larkin May 31st

39B

0-13 36 : 40

1852. June 1st.

San José. Junio 1 de 1852.

40

Gov. D. J. Jesus Vallejo.

muy señor mio.

Me es muy duro el participarle á V que los estorbos y daños que V esta sufriendo respecto de su rancho no tienen amparo.

No puede procederse á la evicción bajo la patente por no haber los requisitos técnicos que exige la ley en la jurisdicción de la corte del Dto. si logra V fallo en su favor apelan los contrarios y la Corte Suprema dirá que no hubo legalidad en la Corte del Distrito.

Lea V atento los obstáculos para acción de "entrada forzada" ó de posesion corporal - la doctrina del derecho es bastante clara que el que tiene posesion de una parte posee el todo, y que el que tiene ganadas, pasteando, y siembras en partes de algun sitio - tiene posesion corporal de todo el terreno que abraza un ambito de linderos visibles - pero la posesion es punto para el jury y no para el juez por ser cuestion de hecho y no de derecho. La ley de "Entrada forzada" exige por parte del actor la posesion corporal ó lo se titula natural en el derecho Español, su causa ^{seria} ganada ante un jury honrado, pero este es renglon sumamente escaso en California, segun mi corta experiencia y

la mucha de mi socio le aconsejo á V. aguarde
con resignacion las deliberaciones de los Comisionados

Lo que antecede es el resultado de consultas
con mi socio y examen de libros, y al mismo tiempo
una ofiada á la vecindad de donde se tendria que
sacar el jurado, Expresiones á la familia

Soy de V. su ascto y at^o S.

T. B. G.

Tomás B. Godden

P. D. El viernes ó sabado

debo ir á S. Fran^{co} 40 A

T. B. G.

C-B 36:41

1852 - June 4.

41

Office of Secretary of State
Sacramento City
June 4. 1852

W. C. P. Hartnell Esqr.
Monterey
Sir

I send you enclosed herewith the following Acts for translation into Spanish viz: An Act for maintaining and defending Possessory Actions; An Act to provide a fund for a State Library; An Act for the incorporation of Water Companies; An Act concerning fugitives from labor. An Act for the protection of game. Be pleased to acknowledge their receipt. I also enclose your Certificate of appointment.

Very Respectfully
Wm Van Doolin
Sec. of State
By Wm H R Wood
Deputy

CCB 36:42

1852 - June 9,

42

Office of Secretary of State
Sacramento City
June 9. 1852

W. E. P. Hartwell Esq.
State Translator
Monterey

Sir; I herewith
send you printed in the enclosed
Newspaper the "Act concerning
Jurors" to be translated into
Spanish.

The entire list of Acts selected
to be translated I have not
yet had time to transcribe for
you, but will send them as fast
as you can translate them, if
not inform me.

Please acknowledge receipt.

I sent the certifiical of your appoint-
ment some days since.

Very Respectfully,
Wm Van Voorhis
Sec. of State
By Wm H. R. Wood
Deputy

Office of State Translator }
Montezy 22^o June 1852 }

Sir,

Since my last receipt of the 30th Ult^o. I have been favoured with your communication of the 4th & 9th Inst. enclosing the following acts for translation, viz:
An act for maintaining & defending popepory actions
— to provide a fund for a State Library,
— for the incorporation of Water Companies,
— concerning fugitives from labor,
— for the protection of game,
— concerning Jurores,
and also your certificate of my appointment.

I have now the honor to enclose you translation of the following laws, viz.

- An Act to provide for levying, assessing & collecting Public Revenue,
— to enumerate the inhabitants of the State of California,
— to provide for the protection of foreigners, ~~and define their~~
~~habilities and privileges,~~
— to fund the indebtedness of the State &c.
— to provide for the disposal of the 500,000 acres of land &c.
— for the relief of insolvent debtors & ~~creditors~~ ~~of~~ ~~creditors~~.

Very respectfully

Your very obed^t Serv^t

W. E. Bartwell

State Translator

Hon. Wm. H. R. Wood

Acting Secy of State

Sacramento City

CM 36:43

1852 - June 14.
~~1852 - June 14.~~

43

Office of Secretary of State
June 14. 1852.

W. C. P. Hartwell
State Translator
Monterey

Dear Sir; I herewith send
you the following laws for translation;
viz. "An Act to create a Board of
Supervisors for the Counties of this State";
"An Act concerning the Courts of Justice of
this State and Judicial Officers"; "An
act for the protection of Game". Please
acknowledge receipt of the same,
and transmit your translation as
early as possible to this Office.

Very Respectfully
Wm Van Voorhis
Sec. of State.

Office of State Translator
Monday July 7th 1852

Sir,

Since my last respects of the 22^d. Ult^o. acknowledging your favour of the 4th & 9th of said month and enclosing you the translations of six laws, I have received yours of the 14th. June accompanying "An act to create a Board of Supervisors for the Counties of this State"; "An act concerning the Courts of Justice of this State &c." and (for the second time) "An act for the protection of Game."

I have now the pleasure to transmit to you translations of the following laws, viz:

- an act to establish a system of Common Schools,
- " concerning Escheated Estates,
- " for maintaining & defending possessory actions,
- " to provide a fund for a State Library,
- " for the incorporation of Water Companies,
- " concerning Fugitives from Labor,
- " for the protection of Game,
- " concerning Jurors,
- " to create a Board of Supervisors &c.
- " concerning the Courts of Justice of this State &c.

I am now entirely out of copy and will therefore thank you to furnish me with more as soon as convenient.

I have the honor to be,

Sir

Very obed^t Serv^t

W. E. H. H. H. H.

State Translator

22A
Hon. Wm. H. Wood
Acting Secretary of State
Sacramento City

C-10 36:44

I should be pleased to have you write me occasions -
- city, and name how you find things get along with you, &
also how matters progress down South of you, in agricul-
- ture &c - and please say also how John is getting along
with his, on the most important change of his life - viz
that of Marriage. Your Letter shall be held strictly
Confidential, and if requested destroyed. -

Inducement by all means to en-
- courage Agriculture & Horticulture in the South
it must eventually reach you & flourish; those
who first embark in it will succeed, & profit most.

The raising of Cattle, Horses, Mules & Sheep,
can well succeed to form a very profitable business
until you adopt harts & hounds, as in Pennsylvania
then one or two on filled ground will be worth
three that you raise at large, without confinement.

"Wife Land" will do for "wild Animals" but
the introduction of civilization improves both. -

My anxiety & I suppose depression of spirit
has brought a slight dysentery on me, since I
left San Francisco - but I am better to day.

My best respects to Mrs W Kenney, & the
rest of the family; also to Johnson, tell him to write
me, I have not time to write him from here

With sincere respect & gratitude
I remain your truly
A. A. Johnston

P. S. - Have you
& other papers
hereafter - at
a deep desig
parties; some
goes from her
that John on
& God Books, &
allow expect
possible -
well as Amer

into the occasion -
long with you, &
in a general
along
of his life - viz
be held strict
destroyers. -
means to en-
in the South
; those
& profit made.
& sharp
business
Foundation
the for the
of the
Antislavery
to the
of spirit
the
to day
the
to write
from
gratitude
the
the
the
the
the

P. S. - Have good care taken of the Books, Letters
& other papers of our late firm - they may be useful
hereafter - at present not. Mr Spence must be
a deep designing man from what I hear from all
parties; some on board the boat with us, that bought
goods from him, speak of his habits. - I hope too
that Johnson & Austin will hold fast on to Finley's
& Co's Books, & not allow Spence to have them, neither
allow expensive statements to be taken from them if
possible - Johnson ought to consult with Weythe, as
well as Austin. - J. C.

44B

P. S. Have good care taken of the Books, Letters
& other papers of our late firm — they may be useful
hereafter — at present not. Mr. Speer must be
a deep designing man from what I hear from all
quarters; some on board the boat with us that bought
papers from him, speak of his habits. — I hope too
that Johnson & Austin will hold fast on to Giles &
Co's Books, & not allow Speer to have them, neither
allow experts state means to be taken from them if
possible — Johnson ought to consult with Weythe, as
well as Austin. — H.C.

2.
Weythe

C.B. 36 : 45

1852 - July 17th

when I want some money

45

I shall write to Mr Hardy and I suppose he send
me some
Anderson Mass July 17th 1852

My Dear Father

I thought I would write you a few lines
I have to study very hard here. all I have to do is study all
the time as hard as I can put in. I have to come up in my room
at six o'clock and stay till the bell rings to go to school that
is at half past eight o'clock and then I have to go to Recite at
half past ten. and that takes all the morning till about twelve o'clock
and then I come up to the house and don't have dinner till one o'clock
and then I have to go to Recite and when I get there a bout half past
two o'clock I have to come in the and see my some to the next
day and I have to go with out my timer but that is nothing.
I wish John was here in order to school. I yes he would
have to stay round some. I like the school very. and the
teachers are very kind and they are most all the time behind
you. and making the Boys study. I wish when you sit
me alatter again. and sit to Mr Hardy to get me a watch
because I want one to tell what time to go to school. because
the too bad if the school is if you do not come yet at Half
past eight they turne the Boys out of the school. and I do
not wish to get turne out of the school. I have not much
more to tell you. give my love to all the family

So I close my letter your
Affectionate son

William R Cooper

Rogers

Letter July 19

45A

C-13 36:46

1852 - July 20,
Montez

46

Montez July 20 de 1852

for D. J. de Jesus Vallejo

Don de Jesus, cuando el Presbi vi-
no a qui' con Rambo, alle bar y unido
uno llebó te crembi' prespueto a un for
Pusquer español q' quiere a mendar tu
Rambo, y no mer as contetudo, nada
Coe ere asunto, no se lierte for no te
alla entregado, ero se cual etra causa
alla, respecto a ere abiro q' te hire;

fo suplico me conteste,
si no te liere de motetia, para
Coe tengamos al mismo for q' me apre-
quintado, de ere encargo q' me hire;

Atiendo yo contadas
por de mas familias te saludamos y
creo q' sera mas facil q' yo balla a
lla q' no tu bengar a la, bengar
los mirando
El for D. Ramon Saldo meo Secretario

De la Comision de Terrenos medio
Noticia de los papeles del Hambro
y punto, se da en la confirmacion
del titulo, mas el tiempo
a mi se me fue muy largo;

tu Com. C. J.

Juan Antonio Vallejo

Magdalena segun parece se carece
con medios americanos, dicen y
es muy buena y debia estar donde
dice la maxima—

AGA

M. L.

101

Don Jose de San Mateo

de P.

Jose

101

CD 36 ; 47

1852. Aug. 11th
mine jms

Office of State Translator }
47
New York Aug. 4th 1852 }

Sir,

On the 7th Ult^o I had the honor of accom-
panying you translations of ten laws, informing you
at the same time that I was entirely out of
copy and requesting that you would furnish me
with more as soon as convenient; since when
I have not been favoured with any communication
from you, and consequently have been without
work for nearly a month. You are aware
that I am obliged by law to finish my translations
within a certain period, and this it will be
impossible for me to do if you do not furnish
me with copy in due time; you will therefore be
pleased, either to keep me supplied with laws
to translate, or to furnish me with a certificate
of some kind, that I am not to blame for any
delay that may take place in complying with
my obligation.

I remain

Sir

Yours very obed^t Serv^t

W. E. S.

State Trans.

Hon. Wm. Wood
acting Secy of State
Valley

Note. On the 14th of Aug^t sent a duplicate of the
above. W. E. S.

04B 36:48

1852 - Aug. 14th
M. C. P. Martnell Esq

Recd. Sept. 15th

48

Secretary of State's Office
Vallejo Aug 14. 1852

M. C. P. Martnell Esq
State Translator

Sir

Herewith please
find the remainder of the Laws for Translation
I should have forwarded them sooner but wait-
ed for the printed Copies.

We forward a list of the
Laws by mail as it is impossible to have it ready
in season for the conveyance that conveys this

Respectfully Yours

W. H. R. Wood Acting Secy

Pw

H. G. Langley

Your letter of the 4th inst is received and will
be answered by to-morrow's mail.

Office of State Translator }
Monterey 16th September 1852 }

Sir /

Your communication of the 14th ult. per Gregory's Express did not reach this until yesterday, when it was brought by the Steamer Sea Bird.

I shall immediately set about finishing the translation of the remainder of the laws, and will redeliver you the same with the least possible delay.

Yours very respectfully

W. B. H. }
State Trans^r }

Hon. W. B. R. Wood

Acty Secy of State
Vallejo

45A

CB 36:49

1852 Aug. 17.
min jms

Recd

49

Secretary of State's office
Vallejo Aug 17. 1852

H. C. P. Marshall Esq
Sir.

I forwarded to your address on
Saturday last five Gregorys Cypreas the following
laws of the State for Translation.

- | | | | |
|----|-------------------------------|----|--|
| 2 | Supplementary of Emigrant Act | 29 | General Election |
| 6 | Comptroller to sur. J. | 30 | Amend J. Entry |
| 7 | Treasurer to issue Bonds | 33 | Repeal C. Records |
| 8 | Officers Dealing in Scrip | 34 | Legalize Deeds |
| 12 | Relief of Emigrants | 35 | Concerning forness |
| 15 | Licenses | 36 | Amendment to Act to do |
| 16 | Organization of Militia | 37 | Do 182 nd Sect. Corp ^s |
| 17 | Married Women | 39 | Supplement to Los Angeles |
| 18 | Proctors | 40 | Do " Santa Bar ^a |
| 20 | Estate of D. Persons | 41 | Concy C. R. of do |
| 21 | Baths | 42 | Relief of Juas of do |
| 23 | Primes & Mistments | 43 | Repeal of Charter of said |
| 24 | Printing | 44 | Respectful Board of Trustees |
| 25 | Translation of Laws. | 45 | Creating B. of Supervisors. |

The above finish the Selection made
by the Committee of the Legislature - I would have sent
them sooner but delayed sending them for the printed
Copies. Your favor of July 6 was received at Santa
Barbara as we were packing up the Archives for removal

to this place - It was enclosed in a parcel with the
Translations sent at the same time and its existence
was not known until the day previous to the receipt
of your favor of Aug 4, when it was discovered with
the Laws - If I had been aware of your copy being
sent I would have kept you supplied. The delay
will not interfere a great deal with the time allow-
ed for the completion of the Laws if you will translate
the annexed Laws in the order they are written
and forward them as soon as finished by George's
Express or Mail to this place - Forward No. 2 as
soon as you can and we will commence the printing
of the work -

49A

Yours Respectfully
Wm. H. Wood
Acting Sec. of State

Monterey, Aug. 28th 1852

Sir

Your communication of the 17th Inst. came duly to hand, but the twenty eight laws referred to therein have not yet been received although two Steamers have arrived here from San Francisco since the date of your favor

Yours very respectfully

W. E. P. H.

State Seal

Wm. R. Wood Esq.
Acty Secy of State
Valley

} 49B

C-B 36: 50

U.S. Mail 20th Augth }
from N. York. — 3

1852 - Augth 19. 109 50

Baltimore Augth 19th 1852

James McKinlay Esq
Monterey —

Dear Sir

I am^d at Balt^o on the
16th at 4th Am & found my family well, but myself
worn down by fatigue & ill health, caused by an at-
tack of the "Diarrohea" on leaving Panama, but am fast
regaining strength. I reach^d N. York Sat^{dy} 3rd P.M. & left
at 5th P.M. for Balt^o of course made no stay there —
Since my return I have not had time to look
about me, to see what can be done. — The
object of this Letter is to inform you of my safe arrival
and to request of you, to inform me if possible what
Spencer did with those claims I left with him as part-
ner of the House on Elkins, & Cook, the former in
favor of a Mr Powell, & the latter in favor of a Mr
Garrand, both of Balt^o — I fear Spencer has collected the
amounts & applied them to his own use, the persons
here have had no filings of them; & I fear will hold
me responsible. I also wish you to have forwarded
me copies of each persons account Current whose
names are to be found on the Ballanes Sheet made
out by the arbitrators, & also ^{copies of} sales of sundries sold
for Barnum & McLaughlin, J. Wheelright & Co., David
Leake, E. Spedden & Co., Cooper & Murray, & James Wilson,
they being the only persons here who have accounts unsettled
with us as per Ballanes Sheet. — I have written to Mr
McKinlay Garrison & Co. requesting also the same favor &
you can write them accordingly. — I have not the time
to write Charles by this mail, hardly able to write you
My best respects to Mrs McKinlay, & begging you not to
let your spirits flag, as I do not mine, I remain sincerely
P.S. Please let me know how Charles gets on, Your friend J. Colman

J. Godman



James W. Fenley Esq
Monterey
Cal a

110

U. S. Mail 20th Augt }
from N. York } 50^{cts} N. States

CUA 36 251

1852 Aug. 22.
111

Articles of Agreement made and entered
into at the City of Monterey, State of Cali-
fornia this twenty second day of August, 1852
between John B. Cooper of Monterey afore-
said ^{of the first part} and Robt H. Heskew, Jose M^e Smith
& Maule Smith of the County of Monterey of
the second part. Witness that the said John
B. Cooper for and in consideration of the
Annual rent of One dollar to him in hand
paid by the said parties of the second part
and in consideration of the faithful per-
formance and fulfillment by them of the
Covenants, stipulations and agreements here-
inafter contained and to be by them done ful-
filled, performed and complied with, do
by these presents give unto the said Robt H.
Heskew, Jose M^e Smith & Maule Smith the
use of all that Rancho or Farm known
as the "La" situate to the Southward of
Monterey aforesaid, together with
the buildings and improvements thereon.
To use cultivate and occupy the same
subject to the aforesaid considerations for
and during the full term of three years
from the date hereof. And the said con-
tracting parties do hereby bind themselves
and each of them their heirs executors
and administrators to the following con-
ditions to be observed and fulfilled by
them respectively. (Viz:
1st The said Parties of the second part
shall assist at all times in taking care of
in making rodillos of, and in branding
all cattle, horses or other animals belonging

577 to the said John B Cooper which are now on, or may be sent to the said Ranch, and that the same shall remain on said Ranch under their charge, but under the control and supervision of the said John B Cooper or his assigns during the said term.

2^d The said parties of the second part shall be allowed to use for milking purposes, all the cows ~~that~~^{they} may come on the farm, and for such object the said J B Cooper hereby agrees to pay them the sum of three dollars each for every wild cow they may tame so as to be used for milking, the same to be paid at the expiration of every year from the date hereof, it being understood that there are now on said farm ninety two (92) tame cows.

3^d They shall be allowed to use for their consumption and that of their family at the rate of three Arillos for every two months during their occupation of said farm under this agreement,

4th They shall build in such place as may be designated by the said J B Cooper, on said farm a good and substantial house, if of adobes, to have a stone foundation three feet in depth. the house to contain two rooms sixteen feet square each with a passage between of the width of eight feet, story to be nine feet high, the walls to be twelve feet high from the stone foundation, the floor

578 and the under part of the loft floor to be planed, the house to be well finished with doors and windows and covered with shingles, they shall find all labour stone and other materials at their own cost, and the said Cooper shall furnish all iron and glass required in said house, and shall on the completion of said work, pay unto them the sum of six hundred dollars ~~therefor~~.

5th They shall enclose at least ten acres of land with a good and substantial red cord post & rail fence in such part of the said farm as may be designated by the said J B Cooper, to be used for cultivation by them and for an Orchard which shall be thereon planted at the cost of the said J B Cooper and of which they shall take care and preserve and have the use during the said term. At the expiration of the said term the said J B Cooper shall pay them the sum of twenty five cents for each and every eight feet of said fencing.

6th The said parties of the second part shall during the continuance of such occupation and contract keep the houses, out houses fences, corals and other improvements on said farm in good repair at their own cost, shall take good care of all cattle or other animals wild and tame on said farm and shall be allowed the use of ten animals for such purpose, they shall not allow anything to be taken from the said farm without a verbal or written order of or from the

Said John B. Cooper, they shall not on any account kill or allow to be killed any cows either for their own use or that of any other person, nor shall they allow any strange cattle to be placed on the said farm except on the written order of the said John B. Cooper. They shall receive from the said John B. Cooper at the expiration of the said term all cattle on the said Ranch above the number of eleven hundred and fifty and being the increase from six hundred head now on said farm, which excess above eleven hundred and fifty shall be delivered to them in calves (the one half bull and the other half cow) of the year last year calving, each of said calves to count to them as a head of grown cattle.

The said John B. Cooper reserves to himself the privilege of occupying, cultivating and using at his discretion any part of the said farm for the purposes of cultivation, not however interfering with any part cultivated or used by the said parties of the second part, and also said Cooper reserves to himself the privilege of killing cattle from the stock now on said farm for the consumption of his family during the period of three years herein mentioned.

Any breach or non compliance with the terms of the foregoing stipulations by the said parties of the second part during the said term, shall cause this contract

for such time as may be at such breach or non compliance until period to be null and void and to have effect no longer but the same shall immediately cease and determine.

The said parties of the second part or any one or more of them shall at the end of the said term, or on such breach or non compliance deliver to the said John B. Cooper his heirs executors or assigns the said farm with all and every the improvements then thereon standing with all horses, mules, cattle or other animals then on and belonging to the said John B. Cooper, and every thing to the said Ranch belonging or in any wise appertaining.

Given under the hands and seals of the said parties hereto the day and year aforesaid.

Signed, sealed and delivered (the words "of the first part" interlined) on 5th line 1st page and "he" erased and "they" interlined, 10th line 2nd page, before execution in the presence of

Wm. J. Hubbard

Robert H. F. Wilcox

Manuel Smith

Jose M. Smith

(Signature)

Signed, sealed & delivered by the said Manuel Smith in presence of Thomas Taylor

John B. Cooper

State of California County of Monterey

On this 22nd day of August 1857 before me personally came Jose M. Smith, to me known to be the same person who signed the foregoing agreement as a party thereto, and acknowledged to me that he has executed the same, with a

51E
And wledge of its contents, freely and volun-
tarily and for the uses and purposes
therein contained

Given under my hand & official seal
the day and year last aforesaid

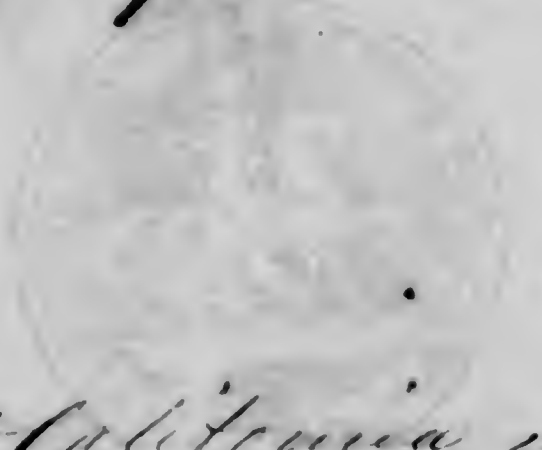


P. M. W. Side
Recorder of Monterey Co
by W. S. Johnson
Deputy Clerk

State of California) In this 25th day of
County of Monterey) August A.D. 1857 -

Before me Recorder
in and for said County personally came
Robert W. Fisher, to me known to be the
same person who signed the foregoing
agreement as one of the parties thereto
and he acknowledged to me that he had
executed the same freely and voluntarily
and for the uses and purposes therein
expressed

Given under my hand & official seal the
day & year last aforesaid



P. M. W. Side
Recorder of Monterey Co
by W. S. Johnson
Deputy Clerk

State of California) In this 26th day of August
County of Monterey) A.D. 1857 before me

Recorder in and for said
County, personally came John B. Cooper
to me known to be the same person
who signed and is described in the foregoing
Agreement as one of the parties thereto and
he acknowledged to have signed the same
freely and for the purposes therein expressed

Given under my hand and official seal
the day and year last aforesaid



P. M. W. Side
Recorder of Monterey Co
by W. S. Johnson
Deputy Clerk

State of California) In this 13th day of November
County of Monterey) A.D. 1857 before me Recorder

in and for the said County
personally came Thomas Taylor Subscribing
witness to the signature of Manuel Smith
one of the parties to the foregoing Agreement
who being duly sworn, deposed and
said that he was present and did see
Manuel Smith, whose name appears
as one of the parties to the said Agreement
execute the same, having had the same
read over and explained to him, and that
he the said Manuel Smith did declare
that he signed the same freely and
for the purposes therein expressed
and that therefore he the said Thomas
Taylor did sign the same as a
Subscribing witness thereto

Given under my hand & official seal
the day & year last aforesaid

P. M. W. Side
Recorder of
Monterey Co

Dated 22nd Aug^r, 1851

Captⁿ J. B. R. Cooper

to

Messrs Fisher & Galt

— Agreement —

for occupation &c. of
"Sun" Rancho, for

— 3 years —

Recd. Recd
Nov 16th 1851 at 3 PM

Recorded in Agri-
ments A page 12-

H. M. Galt

C. B. Galt

Wm. Galt

Johnson & Co

Cruceros & Co

DIS

OB 36:52

1852 Aug. 24.
mmmm

52

Señor D. José Juan Vallejo

Monterrey Agosto 24 / 852

Muy Señor mto.

Consecuente a lo q. hablamos a suetra citada en su casa, y haviendonos echo cargo de los terrenos y estado q. guarda la casa, cosas y mas enseres existentes en su Rancho, adjuntamos a V. las propuestas q. nos parecen mas racionales, suplicandole q. a la posible brevedad nos conteste haciendonos las objeciones q. Cree. V. fueran o la conformidad.

A suetra citada en el Rancho enos visto acarrear al Licenciado. Wilson la cantaria del serco q. esta junto a la casa, seria muy conveniente q. V. mandase una Orden p. q. suspendiendola extraccion; segun esto tenemos q. decir a V. sino q. nos ponga a las Ordenes de toda su familia, V. Orden los q. quite a sus aff. mos

Bernardino Vazquez

J. L. B. M.

From Palacio
del Mirador
B

119

San José Juan Valdez



52A

Mision des. ^m Jose

Cartas de un Español

3.

CB 36:53

1852 Aug. 24

53

Callejón, 24 de Agosto de 1852

José de Jesús, el día q. salimos
 de ese punto, al otro día llegamos
 a q. todos buenos; y al tercer día
 fui con los St. Barques y pala-
 cios, a reconocer el sitio, les
 enseñé la casa y el molino,
 parece q. todo les a parecido
 muy bien, yo creo q. están
 por la mudada, del a punto q.
 hablanon, y me supongo q.
 pronto, tendrán la contesta-
 cion segun ellos, me dijeron
 yo no ehido toda via a mor-
 tener, por eso no temeré

120

A la
 Sr. Jose de Jesus
 Sr. Barques
 Sr. Palacios
 Sr. Barques
 Sr. Palacios

53B

122

Mande decir como esta mi
madre, pero sé q. esta
buena,

Cuando me vine no me a
corde, q. me iban a dar una
cartera para S. Angel
pero ya sabe q. van a
arrendar el rancho, o
ser una campi^a.

Tu m.
53^a

Juan H. Vallejo

Saludos a Sr. Sobreda
y familia, uno por uno

Nube 121

C B 36 : 54

1852 - Sep. 4.
1852

54

San Francisco, Sept 4th 1852.

Mr. John R. Cooper

Dear Sir

I send you by the Sea Bird
Steamer, two trunks for you daughter,
Monterey Cal.

Yours Truly

Thos. Cooper

per J. H. Hobson

P.S. - Mr W^m J. Cooper of Dorchester Mass. has just arrived in
the Steam S.S. Jones he was quite sick on the passage
which leaves him in rather destitute circumstances

He has just called at the office and wished me to mention
his arrival to you and also would like to see you very much
he is quite unwell now

1107 *Eastern*



CB 36 ; 55

1852 - Sept. 10.
San Francisco

55

San Francisco Sept 10 1852

Dear Brother.

We can hardly go into the Streets
for the extreme heat. By this mail I write to Fredy-
and send him a draft to sell on Mr. Barnes for 100 \$ -
I want you to read this letter and attend to him - with-
out writing me to you. His letter will learn you my
expected movements. I suppose you will be here this month.
I do not exactly like to go through Panama. Still am
tired of being away from my family so much -
Yours Ours

Thomas O Larkin 18

55A

c-b 36:57

1852 - Sep 11.

Monterey, 11 de Setiembre de 1852

5b

Sr. D. José de Jesús Vallejo

El jueves, esta tarde, recibí tu carta a Compañía, una para Sr. A. Carter, la cual te entregue en el mismo momento; y al día siguiente en la tarde, medió la contestación, del asunto q. tu dices en la tuya, según el me indicó, la cual te adjunto, con la q. yo te dirijo;

Entregue a mi madre y de sus fam. todas las en comencé q. toda tu familia, y quedaron muy a agradecer. Se les memoria, y dan mil. Besos, por gracias a todos;

Atentamente,

Si tus contratantes, les gusta, mi ganado ellos tomaran lo q. gusten; así por días q. yo budu una partida, y debe quedar por de recibo;

sin embargo, no veniere mas parte q.
benigan esos si, aber si algo les quierda

soy tu Exmo,

Juan A. Vallejo

yo mando saludar a ti y a toda tu
familia

Magdalena caso con el americano
y. tedije en dias pasado 56A

C-B 36 : 57

1852 - Sep 14.
minimizing

San Jose Setiembre 14 de 1852.

57

Sr D. José de Jesus Vallejo

Señor de mi estimacion

En conformidad á la instancia de V sobre el asunto de los cerdos del Sr Vaca le escribí á un amigo licenciado en la ciudad de Vallejo, y me mandó una contestacion; de la cual lo que sigue es Traducion-

" Vallejo Set^e 9 de 1852

Señor

La grata de V fha 23 ultimo p^o llegó algunos dias há. Me he informado acerca de los negocios de Vaca, y se cree que probablemente podrá pagar sus compromisos, ó que se podrá conseguir terrenos en pago de los justos reclamos que se le haga."

su fiel amigo

A G. Kimball "

Estos son los informes que me han venido tocante al negocio de V; y me parece que el proceder mas sabio, seria ofrecer al Sr Vaca una transacion ó arreglo sin que se meta V en litigios dudosos; segun la relacion del asunto que V me dio, han pasado ocho ~~un~~ ó nueve años desde la entrega de los marranos al dho Señor,

y si el Sr Vaca ha hecho disposicion de los animales, la prescripcion empezó de la fha de su venta, traspaso, u otra enagenamiento; tres años bastan para prescribir bienes semovientes, y aunque el Sr Vaca para hacer una disposicion, tuvo que obrar de mala fé; (en perjuicio de la parte perteneciente á V) es una tarea bien dudable para nosotros el hacer cargo de la mala fé y salir con buen éxito en probarla

Mucho desearia me mandase V una historia del convenio hecho con el Sr Vaca, y el pro- ceso probable de los cerdos de año á año, tam- bien el numero de ellos al principio, y el resumen total hasta la ultima estacion de estar las hembras en brama (si acaso tienen estacion fija) para saber mejor lo que debo hacer ó aconsejarle á V haga, y para saber tambien si se le puede hacer des- ta de esta una propuesta, al Sr Vaca ó fuera mejor ir á tener entrevista con este Sr; enfin lo que mas convenga

Pongame V á los pies de D. Soledad y familia, y perdone V el que esté afurcado su Servidor que se reitera de V
Tomas B Godden

57A

J. D. Ves que el Sheriff anuncio en pasquin que se hallaria en la Mision de San Jose para recibir las Contribuciones de sus vecinos el viernes 17 del corr^o el impuesto para

el Condado es de 85 centimos en cada cien pesos, o \$8.40 en cada mil pesos.

Val. 57B

CB 36958

1852 - Sep 15
min

50

Monterey 15th September 1852

I the undersigned do hereby certify that a package of laws addressed to "W. E. Hartwell Esq. State Translator Monterey Cal" forwarded by "W. H. R. Wood Actg Secy. Per H. G. Langley" on the 14th August 1852, arrived in this Port by the Steamer Sea Bird, this morning, when I delivered the same to said W. E. Hartwell, and give this certificate at his request. Said package came from Gregory's Express office San Francisco.

Joseph Ruston agt
for Gregory's Express
at Monterey

CB 36:59

1852, Sep 17.

59

Office of State Translator
Nauvoo, 17th Sept. 1852

Sir

Since my respects of yesterday acknowledging the receipt of your communication of the 14th ult. per Gregory's Express (which only arrived on the 15th Inst. per Sea Bird), I have examined the laws enclosed therein and find that the "Act to provide for the Public Printing," (Chap. 24.) is not complete, it wanting part of Sections 8 and 10 and the whole of Sec. 9; you will therefore please to send me the complete act as soon as convenient by post and by no means by Express.

I enclose you the translation of Chap. 2^d and have the honor to subscribe myself

Your very obed^t Servt.

W. E. H.

State Transl.

Wm W H Wood
Acty Secy of State
Nauvoo

CB 36:60

1852 - Sep. 19^o
1^o ~~reunión~~

Pajaro Septiembre 19 de 1852

60

Señ. D.^{no} Jose de Jesus Bayejo

Muy Señ. mio despues de saludar a V.^s en uni-
on de su familia, solo se me ofrece molestiar-
lo tocante a las 27 reses q.^e tengo en poder de
Balentin Figueroa, hagame ^{favor} de q.^e se entreguen
al porta-dor de esta si es q.^e V.^s no las habien-
dido por otro lado, quando el portador haiga
recibido V.^s sobre 28 p.^s por cabera pues a ese
precio las e tratado para poder salir de ellas
y V.^s tome lo q.^e guste por su trabajo y no ofen-
diendole otra cosa soy todo su affmo. Serbi-
dor y atento S. M. B.

Felipe Armas



Sor. Torre de Terun
Bayejo en Sri Torre

604

133

Pago por el tos
D. A. Pico

CLB 36: 61

C-B 36:62

1852 - Sep. 26.
muni fin

Cuenta de los días que tenemos trabajados a Don Jesus Vallejo desde el día 16 de Agosto p.^a adelante. — 62

Haraver = Cuatro hombres

- primera semana se sacó i rebajo la piedra i se señalaron los simientos Agustín falló 4 días por la yeda resultan veinteuñdia trabajada ————— 20
- 2.^a semana se hicieron los simientos de la casa i solo faltaron los estibos no iuvo falla resultan veinte i cuatro días ————— 24
- 3.^a se abaron los estibos se ~~abaron~~ separaron algunos adover i el carro quedó al concluirse, no iuvo falla resultan veinte i cuatro días ————— 24
- 4.^a semana se concluyó el carro separaron adover el ~~carro~~ ^{muebles} se quebró un eje el Jueves se con puso se separaron adover i el viernes i sábado se continuo el alarreo de adover no iuvo falla resultan veinte i cuatro días ————— 24
- 5.^a semana don R. ocuparon parando adover = idon vena vinta i fallamos undia los dos por el viage que hizo donde el Sr. Yguera = resultan veinte idos días — 22
- 6.^a semana se ocuparon dos parando adover = idon en buena vinta fallamos uno dos días otro dos días i media alaura del Juguado i por matar la res = resultan diesinuebe días i medio ————— 19 1/2
- 7.^a semana se arrentaron adover falló pepe undia por enfermo del trazo = resultan veinte itres días — 23
- Suma de los días trabajados ————— 157 1/2

Don Azepto de Cuenta
Hasta hoy tubo 100. \$
Sep. 26. de Vallejo
1852

1852 - Sep. 26.
muni fin

Cuenta de los días que tenemos trabajados a Sr. Jesus Vallejo desde el día 16 de Agosto p.^a adelante. — 62

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2.^a semana se hicieron los simientos de la casa i solo faltaron los estribos no iuvo Falla resultan veinte i cuatro días ————— 24

3.^a se abaron los estribos se ~~abaron~~ repararon algunos adover i el carro quedó al concluirse, no iuvo falla resultan veinti i cuatro días ————— 24

4.^a semana se concluyó el carro separaron adover el ~~miércoles~~ se quebró un eje el Jueves se con puso se repararon adover i el viernes i sábado se continuo el alarreo de adover no iuvo Falla resultan veinti i cuatro días ————— 24

5.^a semana don se ocuparon parando adover = idon vena vinta i fallamos undia los dos por el viage que hize donde el Sr. Yguera = resultan veinte i dos días — 22

6.^a semana se ocuparon dos parando adover = idon en buena vinta fallamos uno dos días otro dos días i media a causa del Juguado i por matar la res = resultan dies i nueve días i medio ————— 19 1/2

7.^a semana se arrentaron adover Falló pepe undia por enfermo del carro = resultan veinte i tres días — 23

Suma de los días trabajados ————— 157 1/2

En Acepto de Cuenta
Hasta hoy tubo 100. \$
Sep. 26. de 1852
Vallejo

Cuentas
de M. Ribero

62A

6-10 36:63

1852 - Sep 26.
1. ~~en un~~ ~~pu~~

San Jose Set 26 de 1852.

Señor D. J. J. Vallejo

63

muy amigo de mi estimacion

Tocante al negocio de T con
el Sr. Paca me parece mejor que T le escriba
y que yo sea el portador de la carta, y si a T
le pareciere se la llevaré tan luego como pueda
desprenderme de mis atenciones actuales.

Ahora en esta semana es la Corte de
Jueces y tengo que estar aquí hasta el Do-
mingo que viene, pero el lunes ~~14~~ ~~15~~ del
mes de Octubre estaré listo para salir.

Levandosela yo mismo no hay ocasion para
ningun subterfugio ni vacilacion.

Saludos a D^{na} Soledad y familia y
créame T su mas atento ser.

Tomás B. Godden.

Red 63

CB 36 '64

1852. Sep 28.

64

Secretary of State Office
Vallejo Sept 28. 1852

H. C. P. Hartnell Esq

Dear Sir.

Enclosed please find
complete copy of printing act forwarded per
your request of 17th inst.

Please forward the transla-
tions, as you have them completed by mail

Yours Respectfully

Wm Van Voorhis

Sec. of State

By Wm A Wood

Deputy

Q-13 36 : 65

1852 - Sep. 29.

138

65

Know all Men by these presents that I
 Thomas Larkin of the City of San Francisco
 State of California have made constituted
 and appointed and by these presents do
 make constitute and appoint My James
 of the same place by true and lawful
 Attorney for me and in my name place and
 stead and on my behalf to ask demand
 receive and receive all and any sum or
 sums of money debts dues or effects due
 payable coming or belonging to which may
 at any time hereafter become due payable
 coming or belonging to me from any person
 or persons whatsoever in the ~~same~~ State of
 California, to settle and adjust all accounts
 and demands now subsisting or which may
 hereafter subsist between me and any person
 or persons in the said State to submit and
 decide the same by arbitration or otherwise or
 to compound and agree for the same and
 take less than the whole or otherwise as he in
 his discretion may deem proper to pay
 and discharge all debts and demands due
 and payable from me unto any person or
 persons whatsoever to enter into any lands
 or other Real Estate to which I am or may
 be entitled in the said State and receive
 the possession thereof and damage for any
 injury done thereto to purchase all or any
 part of the 30th and 31st Lots on the ^{North East} South East
 Corner of Stockton & ^{Duval} ~~Bar~~ Streets in
 the said City of San Francisco
 To purchase Lots in the City of Benicia
 when the same are sold for taxes to the
 amount of One thousand Dollars

My

To purchase Lot in Block 36 in Ponce de Leon
To negotiate for the sale of land on
Anchica Rancho in the County of Pinar
in the said State to ~~be~~

To bear ~~my~~ ~~cost~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~estate~~ all
real estate to me belonging in the said
Sant. State, to commence and prosecute unto
final judgment and execution all suits
or actions which he shall deem proper for the
recovery possession a enjoyment of any matter
a thing which now is or hereafter may be
due payable owing belonging accruing a
appertaining to me in the said State
for a by reason of the premises a any
part thereof and in any suit suit a
action for me to appear and my person
to represent and personally to do demand and
perform every other matter due a thing touching a
relating to the premises a said a fully and effe-
ctually to all intents a purposes a might a could
do if personally present and acting therein with
power of substituting and reversion fully ratify-
ing a confirming all and whatsoever my said
attorney a his substitute shall lawfully do a
cannot to be done if not as above

In Witness Whereof I have hereunto set my
hand a seal this 29th day of September 1852

65A

Copy of Power of
Attorney from
H. B. Barker to
E. J. James

1852

CB 36 : 66

1852 - Oct. 1st
minimum

66

Boston Oct 1st 1852

Capt John. B. Cooper

Dear Sir,

I have some of your
favours since you left me in Newbern.
On the 16th Aug I forwarded you
invoice and Bill of the goods ordered
by you. Your son has continued at
Andover - and has done well. I am
yet strongly of the opinion that he
is in the right place. He is well
and happy so far as I can see.
Your friends at Dorchester & the
children of your late cousin are well.
Capt Regus - has recovered from his
late illness & is doing well.
Last week a store on Central Street
which street runs from the Custom House
head of Central Wharf - to Kelly Street
near the Post Office - was offered
at auction and I bought it for
\$9200 - for your account. It is an
old store - of brick - built in 1802 -

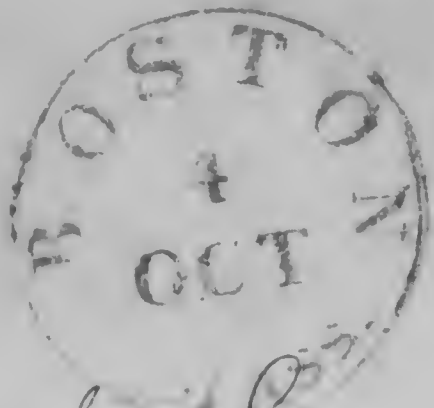
three story high - and now rents
for \$600 & Taxes. The lease expires
in January next when I shall
doubtless get more rent.

The position of the store is very
central, & will be worth much
more money a few years hence.
I was offered and refused an
advance the day I bought - it I
think I can take \$10,000 for it
any time. It is 21-8 front - 44
feet deep. I think it a very favorable
purchase - for a safe ^{investment} ~~speculation~~.
I enclose a letter from Ellen to
Mr Larkin which please hand
him with best regards.

Ellen & Mr Larkin send love to you.
all our family are well I send
love to you.

66A

I am dear Sir
Yours truly
Alpheus Hardy



1412

John W B R Cooper Esq

66A

Monterey
Cal

Alfred Hensley
Oct 15 1852

C-B 36: 67

1852 - Oct 3.

Office of State Translator

67

Monty 3^o October 1852

Sir,

On the 17th ult. I had the honor to enclose you translation of the Act supplementary to "An Act to fund the debt of the State" and to inform you that the "Act to provide for the public Printing" (Chap. 24) came to hand incomplete, it wanting the whole of Sec. 9 & part of sections 8 & 10; and now ~~with~~ your translations of all the laws received from you except the one above mentioned, viz:

Chap. 6. Comptroller to sue & prosecute County Treasurers &c

7 Treasurer to issue Bonds for Indian Expeditions

8 Officers dealing in Bank

12 Relief of Emigrants

15 Licenses

16 Organization of Militia

17 Married Women

18 Roads

20 Estates of Deceased Persons

21 Oaths

23 Crimes & Punishments

25 Translations of Laws

27 Erection of State Prison

29 General Election

30 To amend Terrible Entry &c

33 Repeal County Records

34 Legatize Deeds

35 Concerning Coroners

36 Amendment to Act respecting ditto.

37 Amend Act concerning Corporations

39 Supplementary to incorporate Los Angeles

40 Do to do Santa Barbara 143

Chap 41. County Records of Santa Barbara

42 Receipt of Treasurer of do

43 Repeal of Charter of S. Diego

44 Respectly Trustees of do.

45 Creating Board of Supervisors for do.

I now merely wait for the complete copy of the law
respecting printing, to finish my work and will therefore thank you
to send it to me as soon as possible

Yours very respectfully

W. E. P. A.

State Land.



Hon. W. H. Wood
Acting Secy of State
Vallejo

67A

C B 36 : 68

1852 - Oct. 4.

68

	Oct ^r the 4 th	152
Sept ^r	Cooper to Tho ^s Brales	5 ⁰⁰
April	the 20 th for one days woork don at the butchers shop	6 - 00 ⁰
"	" for one days woork to Labourer	3 - 00
May	the 18 th to half a day to Labourer	1 - 50
	to repairing a fireplase and material furnished	2 - 00
	paid to a man for woork at the house	1 - 00
April	the 5 th hawling one Load	1 - 00
"	the 8 th hawling one Load	1 - 00
"	the 12 th hawling one Load	1 - 00
"	the 15 th hawling one Load	1 - 00
"	" 20 th " " one Load	1 - 00
May	the 1 st " " one Load	1 - 00
June	the 11 th " " half Load	50
		<u>20 - 00</u>

Received payment

Tho^s Brales

88

1852

Thompson
Cooper
1852

Cptⁿ Cooper
68 A

1852

C-1336:169

1852 - Oct 8.

69

Office of State Translator,
Monday 8th Oct. 1852

Sir,

On the 3^d Inst. I forwarded you the translations
of all the laws furnished by you to me with the exception of
the one I have now the honor to accompany, ^{viz:} "An act to pro-
vide for the Public Printing."

I should be very much to obtain a copy
of the printed laws in Spanish when they come out, if you
could furnish me with one you would greatly oblige

Sir

Your very obed^t Serv^t.

W. E. P. H.

State Translator

Hon Wm H. Wood,
Acting Secy of Nat
Valley's

State Translators Office
Monty 5th January 1853

Sir,

Your last communication of the 24th November last year, did not come to hand until the 15th ultimo, since which time until about a week ago I have been extremely unwell and unable to work; but I have now the honor to accompany you the translation of the Index to the ~~Spanish~~ laws in Spanish agreeable to your instructions.

It would have been much better if you had furnished me with a copy of the printed laws in English & Spanish, and then I could with little trouble have put at once the corresponding pages to the respective contents of the Index, but as it is, I have done all that it was in my power to do.

Very respectfully

Your obed^t humble Serv^t.

W. E. P. H.

State Transl^r

Hon. W. Van Voorhis
Secretary of State
Vallejo

69A

C-13 36:70

1852 - Oct. 12.

San José Octubre 12 de 1852

Sr D. J. Dallojo

7º

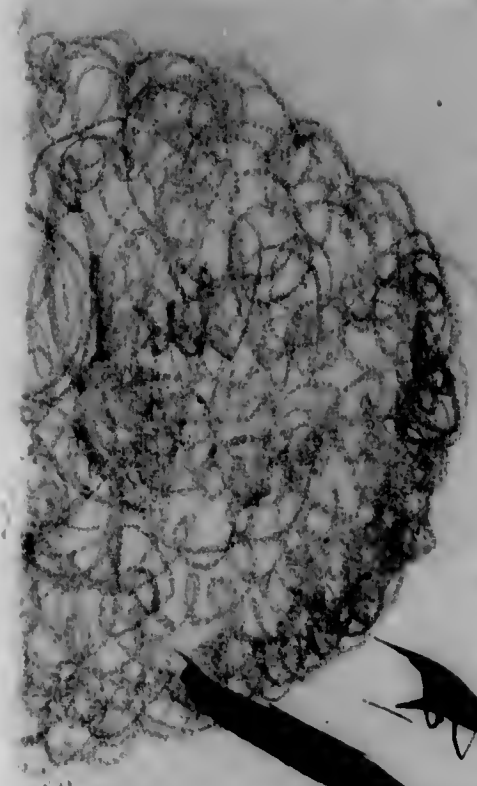
Muy señor mío.

Por ocupaciones numerosas y de suma importancia en esta no he podido separarme de consiguiente no he podido marcharme a Sonoma para verme con el Sr Faca, pero creame y a no ser imposible mi ausencia ya supiera el resultado de aquel negocio — empero mis deseos son de ir a ver al Sr Faca tan luego me sea practicable —

Acabo de conversar con un americano que llegó por tierra desde los estados atlánticos tiene un toro americano — de tamaño regular — de color camaron — y tres años de edad y pide 65 pesos — escriba me y si le conviene comprar — Este americano tiene ganas de contratarse con alguno que tenga terreno y recibir la mitad de lo que se proque para mejor decir el mismo convenio que y este año ha tenido con sus labradores — digame y tambien si quiere y que este Señor pase a ver a y sobre la materia — El es industrioso y hombre de bien. he tenido facilidad de experimentarlo desde el año de 49 — que entonces lo llegué a conocer

Suplicando una contestacion quedo su atento y S. S.

Tomás Godden.



130
104
018
5

111
111

104

107 — 1
10 — 8
126 — 5
24 — 2
~~200~~ 3 — 6
32 — 30
413 — 10
186 — 1

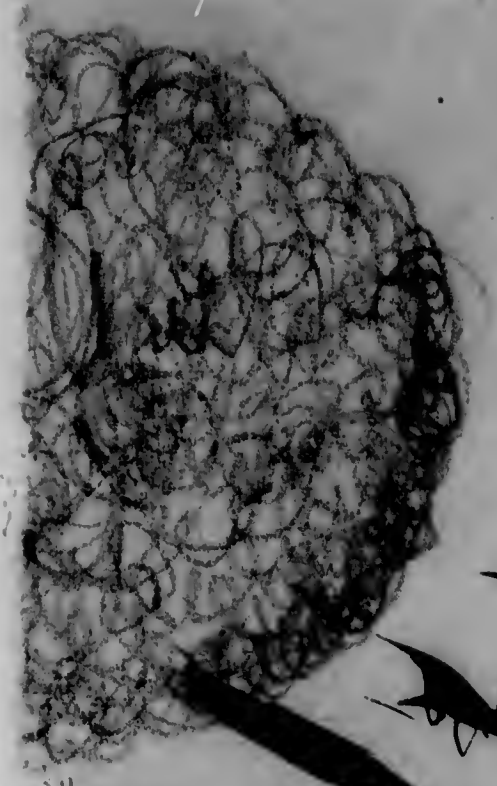
9 - 41

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104

107	—	1
10	—	8
126	—	5
24	—	2
200	—	6
32	—	3
413	—	19
186	—	1
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9	—	41

34	6
55	
<hr/>	

500

130

C-B 36: 71

J. B. R. Cooper Esq. 1852 - Oct. 15.

Monterey Calif

71

I beg leave to inform you that yesterday Mr. Howard paid the City Taxes on your property in this place — the total of taxes for the City Amt. to \$316.54; by paying them thus early you have saved 5% on the amt. the last day having expired this morning.

The State & County Taxes are not due till next month.

Our Bona is now nearly well and left this morning for San Francisco to pass a couple of weeks — Hoping this will afford you some pleasure.

I remain Yours till death

149

Wm. Hammond

Perbody's red pen.
measuring from

7/14

CB 36: 72

1852 - Oct. 20.
San José

72

Alusioy Octubre 20 de 1852.

Sr. D. José de Jesus Vallejo

Abisioy de San José

Muy Sr. mío y amigo: He recibido su muy apreciable de hoy y en contestacion le digo que por su encargo me vi con D. Pedro Sansevain y me pidió \$45. (que salia puesta en el embarcadero de sus sitios a \$75.)

Haide' en esta semana un mozo a Sta Cruz para que me traiga si encontraba mas barato y si no el tenerle que decir que lo hacia no ha vuelto. No obstante, no dudo, que dicho mozo me traiga dar mucho y lo espero de un momento a otro.

Mis ocupaciones son santas y santisimas, que no me han permitido el que le escribiera mas pronto, pues siempre he tenido su encargo presente y lo llevaré a cabo a lo mejor de sus intereses.

Vea un que pueda verle en este su verdadero amigo y S. S. G. P. S. M.

Pedro Lugo

C-13 36:73

1852 Oct 23.
1852

73

Recivi del Sr. D. Juan Antonio Vallejo
la cantidad de doscientas treinta y tres
reales (233) por cuenta de su hermano
D. Jose de Jesus Vallejo y Jr. Const. de
di el presente en las Aromas a
23 de Oct. de 1852.

Joseph Marzen

C-13 36 : 74

1852. Oct 28.

74

Sa Jose, 28 de octubre de 1852

Jose de Jesus,

Perdi mi cuenta de la salina de
la vejencia y salgo hasta mañana
si Dios quiere;

Hay te manda tu Catera, y te doy
las gracias, por tu recibij. Saludo
me a toda tu familia uno por uno
y les digo q. pueden disponer de
mis cosas y utilidades, a la hora
q. quere

Soy tu hermano

Juan F. Vallejo



== At. P. on

74A

De Torre de S. Vallego

1^o June

153

© 16 36 ; 75

1852 - Oct. 29.
Luzern

75

Contrato entre Los Srs. Saurerain & Saurer
por la primera parte y el Sr. Pedro Lazo por
la segunda, a saber:

La primera parte se compromete entregar a
la segunda en el termino contado hasta el treinta
de noviembre proximo la cantidad de cincuenta
mil pies de madera de una pulgada y media
de (S) doce quince y diez y ocho pulgadas de ancho.
Dicha madera sera entregada por la primera
parte a la segunda o a un orden al fin del
molino del rincón, y por cada viaje recibirá
gana un recibo.

Dicha madera esta vendida a razon de cuarenta
y ocho pesos los mil pies, midiendo los una pulgada
de espesor sobre doce de ancho.

La segunda parte se obliga a entregar a cuenta
dentro de cuatro o cinco dias la cantidad de
sus cuantos pesos, y el resto al fin de la
entrega.

Hecho por duplicado y de buena fe en Santa
Cruz a 29 Octubre de 1852.

firmado Saurerain fils.
firmado Pedro Lazo
Testificados Alfonso Prevost
" " Jean Leglise

CB 36: 76

1852 - Nov 6.
 estando vista hasta la 7.^a semana de trabajos segun consta
 de la lista primera - Sigue aqui la cuenta de los dias traba-
 jados en las otras semanas posteriores

76

- 8.^a semana Sabado 9, de octubre
 trabajé yo solo dos dias prebiendo la rebolla
 i los dias en el viage a S.ⁿ Fran.^{co} son ——— 04 —
- 9.^a semana Sabado 16 de octubre
 trabajamos ensacando la sevada en la hera de
 San Bedolla se despiola hera se sacó el destlin
 de de ermit yo i nicolas fallamos dos dias ——— 20 —
- 10.^a semana Sabado 23 de id
 trabajamos los cuatro asentando adoves
 i de tamos la muraya en estado de poner capi-
 alados ——— 24 —
- 11.^a semana Sabado 30 de id se hicieron i pusieron
 los capitalados se asentaron algunos adoves i se
 anil betó la muraya trabajamos tres dias el
 jueves llovio i solo el sabado trabajaron nicolas
 pepe i agustin amontonando paja ——— 15 —
- 12.^a semana Sabado 6 de noviembre
 esta semana se subieron los adoves se san-
 tificó la muraya i se baxó todo lo que alcanzó la
 tela que abia trabajado los niños ^{+ cada uno} cuatro dias
 i yo tres dias ——— son 19 dias ——— 19 —

82

vale 164 p.^s ——— 164
 tengo pedido 64 p.^s 64
 queda liquido ——— 100

Recepcion de S.ⁿ Jose wor.^e 6 de 1852
 esta pagada la presente por Sr. Jesus
 Vallejo — Jose e Mari. Riberos

Q. B. 36 : 77

1832 - Nov 9
Munich

77

Señor Don Juan de Jesus Vallejo

Monterey, y de noviembre de 1832

Señor Don Juan, como esta, el Sr. Pradi
de comprar ganado; a qui' la mevemente
las partidas, queriendome comprar, todo clase
de ganado, ovine si' beido, del tulle, cuando
yo vine de ese punto me acordé q' medi-
jiter, q' si' habia quien lo pagara, a 25, \$
que no lo diera menor, y ahora la los
esperen si' el Sr. Pradi no pide tomar
ovine para comendar abiendo del mio
del tulle, fambien; a biraime, para
cantidad puede vender del tulle,
no beido nada,
contestame pronto
posible, para ~~hacer~~ ahora q' beido
este jenua, q' sera el viernes
semana, en q' estamos;

Juan A. Vallejo

Los Sr. espuros pueden tirar, de
q' estan; fuera de la Bolsa, q' yo loco,
nada util son para el efecto, que tu
quieres

J. A. Vallejo

156

Cartas de

Juan A. Vallejo

77*

CB 36: 78

1852 - Nov 10.
~~November~~

76

Mission San Jose Nov 10/52

This is to certify that I have this day
sold to Jesus ~~Valley~~ three tame Spanish
cows with calves described as follows
1st being a spotted cow with a lower
country iron on her left hip thus &

2nd a red sided cow with a line back
having an iron thus & also with another
lower country iron

3rd being a white cow with large
blue spots principally confined to her
fore parts and having an old iron
on her left nearly thus & also the
iron & slightly puts on her side

each of the above cows calves
are marked with a swallow fork
in each ear the title of which
stock I do warrant and defend

J M Barlow

Rec'd payment

Q 36 : 79

1852 - Nov. 11.

(Reservadamente)

79

J. J. Viernes 11 de ~~Nov~~ ^{Nov} 1852

J. D. Jesus -

En esta tenemos a Watson quien me informó hoy que el tema parte con el Gen^l Wilson el la propuesta que este le hizo a V. - Watson me ha suplicado que le acompañe el domingo para pasar á ver a V. é yo para sondearlo bien y cerciorarme de sus proyectos (después que me habia dicho que sus intenciones eran el alquilar el terreno ~~de~~ para legumbres en el rancho de las Salinas) le supliqué me diese parte en su empresa la que me tiene prometida - Le he dicho á Watson que V. haria lo que tubiese ^{por} mas prudente ó ventajoso, y si V. se dignase consultar conmigo, mis consejos serian los que yo creyese mas favorables para V. y que yo no me obligaria de manera

alguna para no frustrar sus
miras si me parecian arries-
goras para ~~el~~ V. De manera
que Watson piensa haberme sedu-
cido. Le doy á V. este codazo
para el fin que V. crea mas
en su favor y

con la urgencia del
momento me suscribo
su Aftmo S. y c

Tomás B. Godden
79A

D. J. J. Vallejo
Mission de S. Jose
Cal

CD 36:80

Taxes of Gaikas added to John
802

[Faint, illegible handwritten text, likely a ledger or list of entries.]

Q-B 36 : 81

1852 - Nov. 17.

161

81

Esta Escritura y Convenio celebrado hoy 17 de Noviembre del 1852, entre Maria Ysabel Cota del Pico y Antonio Maria Pico de la primera parte, y Juan H. Watson y Juan Wilson de la segunda parte, testifica por las presentes, que dicha Maria Ysabel es viuda de un cierto Jose Dolores Pico ya difunto, quien fallecio el año 1830 o cerca de este tiempo en la Alta California, dejando siete hijos legitimos como sus unicos herederos junto con la madre, dicha Maria Ysabel; dicho Antonio Maria Pico siendo uno de dichos herederos y tambien Maria Antonia Pico de Castro, Jose de Jesus Pico, Francisco Pico, Inocencia Pico, mujer de Miguel Abila y Filomena Pico, mujer de Luis Pomber siendo todos herederos del dicho Jose Dolores Pico al tiempo de su muerte; y se testifica ademas que dicho Jose Dolores Pico murio en posesion (seized of) como propiedad suya de un rancho o terreno situado en la Alta California el año de 1830 o cerca del mismo, que existe ahora dentro del Condado de Monterey y Estado de California situado en el Rio o arroyo del Pajaro y que fue concedido el año de 1817 o cerca de dicha fecha por el Gobierno Español a dicho Jose Dolores Pico y a un cierto Ignacio Vallejo y se llama comunmente Rancho de la Bolsa de San Cayetano; certifican ademas estas presentes que en consideracion de la cantidad de mil doscientos pesos que se ha de pagar a cada una de las partes de la primera parte del modo que aqui en adelante se dira, dichas partes de la primera parte, por las presentes venden y traspasan todo el derecho, titulo e interes que de cualquier manera tienen en, y a dicho rancho, a las referidas partes de la segunda parte, con todas sus pertenencias, para que dichas partes de la segunda parte, sus herederos y

cesionarios lo tengan y poseen para siempre libre del reclamo o reclamacion de dichas partes de la primera parte y de sus herederos, con todos los arrendamientos (o rentas) atrasados, y utilidades que puedan de cualquier manera deberse o que puedan cobrarse por el uso y ocupacion del mismo, como igualmente por daños (o perjuicios) hechos al mismo en contra de, o por cualquier persona que fuere, entendiendose que el presente documento solo debe tener la fuerza de una escritura de venta sin garantias. (quitclaim deed.)

Queda estipulado ademas entre las partes que los dichos mil y doscientos pesos ya mencionados que deben darse a cada una de las partes de la primera parte por las de la segunda, debe pagarse a cada una de dichas partes de la primera parte, cuando el titulo de dicho terreno sea finalmente confirmado, y se haga valido en cuanto a las partes de la segunda parte, hasta la proporcion de la parte de un hijo a cada parte, de dicho rancho; y dichas partes de la segunda parte convienen en hacer todo esfuerzo y diligencia para hacer que se confirme, y tambien para recobrar todo el Rancho o la parte de el que puedan.

En cuyo testimonio firmamos y sellamos el dia y año al principio citado.

Testigos.

Maria Isabel + Costa ^{su} _{marca}

(Sello)

(Signed) M. Campbell

Testigo en cuanto a la firma (Signed) Antonio M. Pico

(Sello)

de Maria Isabel Costa (") Juan H. Watson

(Sello)

(Signed) P. O. Minor (") Juan Wilson

(Sello)

Estado de California

Condado de Santa Clara

Hoy dia 20 de Novbre

de 1852 comparecieron personalmente ante mi, Notario Publico de dicho Condado, Maria Isabel Costa, Antonio

81A

269
38
1372
1853

Maria Pico y Juan H. Watson, que conosco y o ser las personas mencionadas en el documento que antecede y quienes lo otorgaron como partes al mismo, y reconocieron separadamente ante mi que lo otorgaron libre y voluntariamente para los usos y fines mencionados en el mismo.

(Sello)

En cuyo testimonio firmo y pongo mi sello particular no teniendo de Oficio, hoy dia y fecha ante escrito.

(Signed) P. O. Minor

Escritano Publico.

Estado de California

Condado de Santa Clara

} d. l.

El dia 17 de Novbre en el año del

Señor 1852, comparecio personalmente ante mi Escritano Publico de dicho Condado Juan Wilson que conosco ser una de las personas mencionadas en el antecedente documento y quien lo otorgo, y reconoció ante mi que lo habia otorgado libre y voluntariamente, y para los usos y fines mencionados en el.

En cuyo testimonio firmo y pongo mi sello particular en San Jose.

(Signed) Frederic Hall

Escritano Publico.

81B

The undersigned do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true & faithful translation of the copy of the original, attested to by W. S. Johnston, County Recorder of the County of Monterey as being recorded in his office in Book A Hovey's, at pages 425, 426 & 427 on Jan'y 4th 1853.

Monterey 10th January 1853.

W. S. Johnston,

State Translator.

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LB 36:82

1852 - Nov 19

82

San Francisco Nov. 19. 1852

Capt J. R. R. Cooper

Dear Sir,

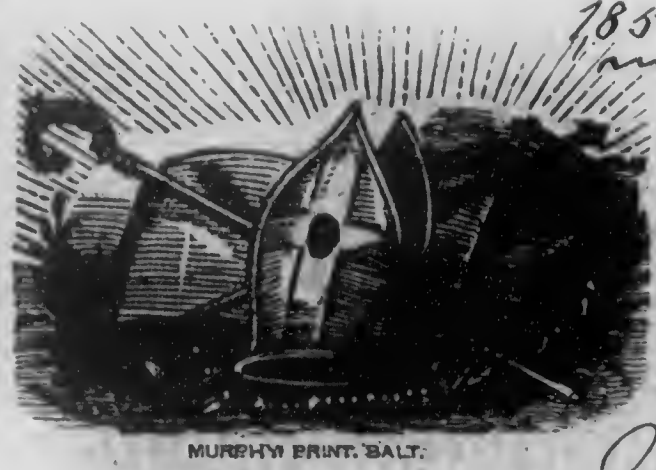
I have not as yet rec'd
any of the Account Books you were to send
Please inform me by return mail if you have
examined the books with what success & if
if I cannot find the items there I shall look
elsewhere for them

Truly yrs
A. J. James

1852
R. H. Fisher bill -

82A

CB 36: f3



1852 - Nov. 19.

San Francisco, Nov. 19 de 1852.

83

Sr. D. Jesus Vallejo.

Muy Señor mio,

Despues de haber asistido al Consejo Nacional de Baltimore en el mes de Mayo, pasé a Mexico, en donde permaneci casi tres meses. La Iglesia estaba celebrando el Santo Jubileo, y las cosas politicas seguian cada dia peor.

Llegué a esta el 6 del corriente, y veo que la pobre Misión de San Jose se halla con muchas deudas como era de esperarse desde cuando ya no se podia evitar el que debiera tenerlas. Espero que poco a poco se podra tener todo arreglado y a satisfacion de todos. Pero ahora para poder satisfacer a los acreedores que surjan mas, seria bueno que alguna buena persona hiciera una obra de caridad para la Iglesia. Y por eso te suplico a V. que si puede prestar algun dinero al Padre Nobili para poder pagar lo mas urgente, se dignare prestarlo. La Misión sin duda podra satisfacerlo todo poco a poco.

En Baltimore vi a mi sobrino en buena salud.

165

Saludeme a su buena esposa, mientras quedo

Su S. Servo

83A

+ José S. Alemany.

Obpo. de Monterey, Cal.

San

N. S.
Cortes del Obispo

1691

Fr. L. Jesus Valero.

838 Mision de San Jose.

no 36884

1852 - Nov. 23.

84

Secretary of State's Office

City of Valleys Nov. 23 1852

W. C. P. Hartnell Esq
D. D. W.

Herewith please receive
the Index of the Spanish Laws. The origin of
you will observe is from the printed Laws of
the last session Complete and the portions not
included in the translations are marked with
pencil. You will therefore translate such
portions as are not marked out and forward
as soon as possible to this place by mail.

Let us hear from you without delay

Respectfully

Wm Van Hook

Secy of State

C 36:85

5 1852 - Nov. 31.

85

act under you. He has made arrangements to have
boxes at the Polls on Election Day to receive contribu-
tions to the Monument he says the Alleghenians have
promised to give the proceeds of a Concert for the benefit
of the Monument. Mr. Park called to day and said
you would have to pay the taxes for this year on the
property you sold Hood I have requested him to furnish
me with a copy of the contract you gave W. in relation
to it which he has promised to do & when I get it shall
show it to Edwards & see if you are obliged to pay them
if the contract reads as he says it does you will be com-
pelled to pay them suppose they will be about two thou-
sand Dollars this is a large amount which I had not
made calculation of paying and may subject me to some
inconvenience but I shall not pay it until I am obliged to
You taxes are now paid in Pomona, Hamilton, Los Angeles
& Monterey & Sacramento, leaving the Counties of San Fran^{co},
Sonoma, Colusa & San Jose unpaid what will be if Hood's
has to be paid at least \$6000. When last at Pomona I
collected \$450. from Davis on 1/2 of his notes hope to receive
the balance \$2000. in time to use it in paying taxes
Mr. Park says that Judge Thornton told him that he had a
letter from Judge Henry the newly appointed Land Commissioner
stating he did not think he should accept the appoint-
ment but I hope he will think better of it and come out
immediately as the new emigration across the plains are
squattling on every quarter section of unimproved

Nov. 28

land throughout the State and will cause greater trouble than ever as they are getting so much stronger with "Old Gove" to back them up. We had a heavy rain all day yesterday. I called on Mr. Macomber in relation to Lot 7 in Block 56 in Dennis which I understood he owned but he said it was owned by Mr. R. B. Fales of Boston and that he had no authority to sell it if you wish to purchase it perhaps you had better see him a week to Mr. Handy about it. do you wish me to purchase No 341 if the other cannot be bought of Fales? Geo. Howard leaves on the Steamer of Nov-16th for Boston with his wife while at Sonoma I saw Mrs. Dale & Salanda about their children I received by Adams thro Espino a box of 4 1/2 M. Cauterized the freight on it was \$7.15

Oct 21st. I have not yet received the money from Mr. Ball as promised if not rec'd the first of the week I shall write to his bondsman about it I learned that the bondsman was worth at least \$30,000.

There has nothing further been done about opening Merchant Street it is now impassable owing to the heavy rain we had last week Dr. Ly has put up a fine three story building on his Lot that the council I presume will not take any action about opening the Street until after the election has been decided. Mr. Hobson went to Stockton last Thursday evening to make arrangements to go into business with a firm there. (Eastman & Co)
I think it a very good opportunity for you

and hope he will complete the arrangement Henry Lincoln has sold his Store Lease of Lot 4 for \$3000. to a concern in Stockton they paying him San Francisco prices for the goods with cost of transportation they take possession Nov. 20th but Henry does not intend to leave until January 1st as it will take some time to collect in the debts of the firm he has paid the \$3000 paid him by Howard & Green on your ^{of} but refused to pay any interest I collected yesterday \$20 of the Spanish Woman that occupied the house on Stockton Street, it is now unoccupied there has been alarms of fire here nearly every night for the last week one night fires were set in three places

Respectfully yours 85B

Wm. C. Barnes

85A

170

171

CB 36 : 86

1852 - Dec 4.

80

This Certificate and Motion is hereby given that I Allen Phillips an American Citizen have taken a preemption Claim in the South Easterly part of Contra Costa County, and State of California bounded as follows to wit, Beginning at the upper extremity of lands enclosed and occupied by J. J. Vallejo and Jacob Hanson, on the bank of the oldameda Creek in said County, at a red wood Stake, and running north one half mile to a red wood Stake, then Easterly one half mile to a red wood Stake, then Southly one half mile to a red wood Stake on or near the bank of said Creek, thence meandering said Creek Westly to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and sixty acres of land and no more

Allen Phillips

Allen Phillips being sworn, says that the lines named in the foregoing Certificate do not embrace more than one hundred and sixty acres of land, that deponent has taken no other claim under the Act concerning Possessory Actions passed by the Legislature of California A.D. 1852 that the same is situated in Contra Costa County and to the best of his knowledge and belief the said land is not claimed under any lawful existing title

Subscribed and sworn Allen Phillips
To before me this 4th day
of Dec. A.D. 1852 A. Marshall
Justice of the Peace 172

Land Claim

1852

Filed for record per day
Dec 1852 at Fed. M.
by John Blakely -

John H. Brown
County Recorder

CB 36:87

1852 - Dec. 7
Munich

87

Aviso Diciembre 7 de 1852

Por Don Jesus Vazquez

Mision de San Jose

Mui Sr mio y amigo

A pesar de los muchos deseos que he tenido de pasar a V. no he podido pasarlo por mis muchas ocupaciones y el mal tiempo; y logro esta oportunidad para decirle que como hasta la fecha Sanseban no ha tenido preparada toda la madera en punto de entregarsela, es por la razon que hasta hora no he contratado lancha para que vaya a recibirse de ella por que nos habrimos e' punto ha que se demorase la Lancha en el Embarcadero de Santa Cruz con permiso nuestro y del Capitan de la lancha pero esta misma tarde me marche para Santa Cruz y en poco dias sera todo concluido ala satisfacion de V.

Uncluyo a V. el recibo que medio la compania de Sanseban de los 500 pesos que le di cuenta de la madera que le compré para V. y V. vera que apenas le haberselos entregado con la oportunidad debida, sin embargo no he conseguido que se me despache este negocio con la prontitud que lo deseaba para servir a V. con prontitud, y que V. vea que la demora no ha sido de mi parte y en consideracion de la apresio que de V. hago, indicare a V.

que muchos interesados ha venido hacerme ofer-
tas muy ventajosas por esta madera, y que toda-
via me las hacen, pero todas las he de rechar
para asegurar a V. la onrades y herasitud con que
devo corresponder ala confianza que V. sea ser bido
dispensarme;

Con el mayor gusto tengo el honor de
sus carisimas, como su mas atento S. S. P. M. M.

87A

Pedro Lozo

175

Señor Don José J. Gayeja

Mision de S. José

87B

111

C-13 36:88

1852 - Dec 17
minim

88

Por la presente se da a conocer a todos los señores
de la parte de San Juan de los Rios como
parte primera y de los Rios como
parte segunda y ambos los del con-
trato de Santa Clara y Estero
de California en la siguiente
manera, a saber:

1.ª La parte primera conviene a abilitar
la parte segunda con ciento y sesenta
acres de tierra situados en el conchallo
de la parte de Santa Clara, ademas el que
en actualidad ocupada por Jacobo
Luis y el Norte, y al este de la
tierra ocupada por J. P. Williams, la ten-
dora de la tierra por el periodo de un
año desde la fecha bajo las condi-
ciones siguientes:

La primera parte conviene y se abilita
a cerca de la tierra en un tiempo
brevemente para proteger las plan-
tas que se siembran en la parte
de la segunda parte, la primera parte
debe ser antes de un mes de
un tiempo conveniente para la
obra.

2.ª Para ser conocido de dar a la segunda
parte las semillas que se tienen a
bien de las plantas de buena calidad
y suficiente como o debe la segunda
parte.

3.ª La segunda parte se obliga de sembrar
las semillas bajo su riesgo y costo

poor imprint

que se obtiene a las 12 de la tarde y en la
cuarta parte de los esclavos que pro-
ducen la tierra que se dice en el
mismo sitio de la provincia con los
esclavos para la cuarta parte que se
pertenece.

2.

La segunda parte tambien conviene
a todas las partes de Tierra Naga
su propio sitio y se llama el Tercero
parte de la costa y con un recurso
a la parte primera de toda Ciudad
y la parte en relacion del titulo de
Alto Tierra que se refiere a este
este contrato, tambien conviene
en calidad a la parte primera en el fin
de su otras partes de esta
parte. Tambien se obliga de un contrato
a algunos de los representantes de
primera y consecutivamente a la
parte primera, y entran a ocupar la
sesion de la Tierra al momento
de el expresado Termino.

El cumplimiento de este alto
articulos firmados con sus
firmas y sellas en la fecha ante
dha. notario de la

Sello
Sello

884

Yo con esta garantía de fidelidad,
placido en las buenas promesas
de la segunda parte en la anterior
actos de 17 de Septiembre 1792

Yello ^{87B}

Contrata de ~~Comes~~

C-B 36:89

1852. Dec 20.
~~1852~~

89

San Francisco Dec 20 1852

Cap. Cooper

Dear Sir

I have been to see
Judge Parry - having learned of Mr. Tolson
that ~~if~~ he had seen him & Judge Parry
has promised me to pay the ~~two~~ hundred &
fifty dollars in course of a fortnight.

Yours truly
Cha. W. Bond.

428 Charles B Bond ¹⁸⁵² ~~1851~~

C-13 36 : 90

1852- Dec 25.
mm mm

90

Sir Since my return
I have been informed that you wish
to let out the care of your stock with
some improvements on the ranch of the
Sua if such be the case and you think
I am capable of the care and trustworthy
and the ranch not engaged I would
like to try it for four or five years
if engaged Please write so that I may
turn my attention to something else
as it takes both head and hands
to make an honest living
Yours with respect J W Mack
Aguaquia Oct 25^m / 52

Please Direct J W Mack Aguaquia
Miraposa County etc

180

San Francisco 1852

Aqua Brin, Cal
Oct 27

2

Capt J B Cooper
Monterey Cal

90 R

181

Johnny Mack
letter

C4B 36 : 91

1852 - Dec 30

91

Amigo Si V. Es Serbido.
y al preguntar no se enfada.
Digame El Fin que ha tenido
El piojo en la Borregada

<p>A un pastor oy mil que ^{gas} ya mas no dare Tason, en la presente ocasion, porque no alvebaño no eido que le dada Compacion, y siempre tube intencion El ber morir sus ovejas, de saber el contenido; Estas no morian de viejas, por el mal tiempo lo no eido El piojo se habia tupido, a serle a V. una visita y la sangre consumido, ya el corason me palpita Sin romperles el Bellow, por saber el para dero; quiero qui me de Tason, y por Curiosidad quiero <u>Amigo Si V. Es Serbido</u> <u>Saber El Fin q. ha tenido</u></p>	
--	--

yo fui testigo ocular.
y por Vida de Dios Baco;
que las Vaño con tabaco
acabando de trasquitar
otras bide de rollar;
que abian muerto =
en la mañana
aque suerte tantirana
y general mente desgraciada,
a como berde la Lanza,
Si al preguntar no se enfada

Enfin; para no cansar,
El la presente ocasion
me ha Causado admiracion
y lo tengo de contar,
pues es cosa de admirar
en mi pais, no lo abia abido,
Dano tan desconocido,
naiden abia bisto nada.
ni el q. mas abia vivido,
El piojo en la Borregada

Estos Versos en decima;
Fueron Compuestos por J. Buehna en 1852
Dirigidos a un Mexicano que cuidaba
un Rebaño de abejas en el Rancho de
Don maximo martines, y a petición de es
ultimo;

91A

CB 36 : 92

1852 - Dec. 30.

92

Mr Selim Woodworth

was Member of State Legislature. I applied to him - in behalf of having an act of Limited partnership passed, before I was to leave California for N. Y. informing him I wished to form a limited partnership with Mr B. if the act was passed and came into force before I leaving San F. in Feb 1850

Mr Benj^r Mudge

In conversation with Mr B. about Jan^r 1850^{or Feb} was informed by him that we talked of going into a limited partnership that I took the rough draught articles to Monterey, where I then lived, to deliberate on. that on my return to San F. the partnership could not be formed as there was no act of the State Legislature to protect and regulate limited partnership, therefore we or I gave up the business & declined any further action in the premises.

Isiah Belden. was half owner of with me in 3,100 vara lots on Market street. when in Jan. I proposed to go into business with Mr B. he agreed to allow Mr B. to act for him in leasing his half of the three Lots (they were divided into upward of a hundred small lots) if I let him have mine. as a partner. as we do not broke up the idea of partnership. Bred. requested us to allow

our agent to lease out these Lots. Mr Belden ~~then gave~~
~~him power~~ I therefore empowered Belden to act for me (as I was going
away) and he empowered B. to lease the lots for us. who has done so
to this date. running in his accounts occasionally, and paying
the rents. which are ~~not~~ under 1000 less than we have spent
for grading & planing. Mr Belden has forgot most of the details
of the time. but remembers for some reason or other. the partnership
did not go into effect & B. therefore wish to have the agency of
the property (he owing ~~some~~ a house on or near the same where
he intended to have his office) that it may give him a commission from
Belden. & show that he was in that class of business.

Mr Henry Lincoln. a cousin of mine. has family connection with
Mr B. Note myself knows him more. heard me say in New York
or Boston summer of 1850. B. & I thought of going into business together
as there was no act of partnership papers and some other reasons -
the affair fell through. Mr B. & himself spoke on this subject
last year in Sept. Mr L. knowing from me, ~~any~~ reasons
of declining, did not ask Mr B. many questions. but learns
from him. that one his own reason was. that I was ~~the~~
dilatatory & undecided. ~~that~~ and fickle minded on the subject
that he gave up the business and wanted no more to do in it.

92A

Mr Charles B. Bond. recd from Mr B. my order of 2500\$
on ^{mellet} Howard Green. when he paid it. in presence of both

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was understood it was a settlement of us in full of ~~my~~
affairs. ~~that~~ we intended to carry out. the first settlement being
for house building & grading

Mr Samuel Brannan. was informed by Mr B. about Jan or Feb 1850
that he was in expectations of going into business having me as a silent
or special partner. was not sure that I should agree to it. as
proposed some commercial transactions with Mr Brannan
who introduced some of them. fully ~~under~~ understanding that
there was no certainty of Mr B. & myself going into partner-
ship. some ~~time~~ ^{days} following Mr B. informed Mr Brannan -
that the expected or proposed partnership could not be car-
ried out. and therefore it was given up. 92B

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Testimony of Witness.

Breed's case
1852

576

12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

CB 36:93

1852 - Dec 31.

93

John B H Cooper - a lot of land on the west side of the Salinas River in the township of the Alisal - commencing on the West corner of a piece of land owned by Anastacio Garcia and running along the said bank to a piece of land owned by Chepio Ruiz - thence along the land of said Ruiz to the river, thence along the bank of said river to the land Anastacio Garcia thence to the place of Beginning being 164. vares wide and 700 vares long more or less, laying the county of Monterey - value 150

June 1857

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \$ \quad 15 \\
 \quad 20 \\
 \hline
 220 \\
 \hline
 255 \text{ county scrip}
 \end{array}$$

CB 36 : 94

1852 - Dec 31.

94

W. C. P. Hartwell

Sir

I send you three printed laws, in the two newspapers enclosed, viz. "An Act for the protection of foreigners," the Funding Act, and the Act to dispose of the 500,000 acres of land, to be translated into Spanish.

I sent you some days since the Revenue Act and the Census Act which I hope reached you safely.

Very Respectfully
Wm. W. Wood
Acting Sec. of State

© B 36 : 95

1853 - Jan 4.

95

San Francisco Jan 4 1853

Capt. J. B. Cooper
Dear Sir

Yours of 24th Dec came to hand in due course - I am sorry to hear of your losses - You can safely draw for 4 or \$500 - Don Guillermo says you will probably be here many times before he leaves - Hoping your losses may not be so disastrous as you anticipate. I remain

Yours very truly

Chas. W. Bond.

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450
Capt J. P. R. Cooper

per favor } Monterey
Mr Sanford Lyon } Cal^a

Charles R. Bond 1851

C. B. 36 : 96

1853 - Jan 4,
mon

*Present of
J. B. Wall*

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[IN THE SENATE]

[SESSION OF 1853.]

GOVERNOR'S
ANNUAL MESSAGE,

TO THE LEGISLATURE OF CALIFORNIA,

ASSEMBLED AT VALLEJO, JANUARY 4, 1853.

[G. K. FITCH & CO., AND V. E. GEIGER & CO., STATE PRINTERS.]

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Mr. [unclear]
J. B. [unclear]

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

FELLOW CITIZENS OF THE
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY :

The duty again devolves upon me to communicate with the People's Representatives on the condition of the State, and recommend such measures as I may deem expedient.

Permit me, then, to welcome you to the scene of your legislative labors, and to express the hope that all the measures matured by you may not only be promotive of the interests, but meet the warm approval of our common constituents, who have confided to you the most important trust which can be delegated to public agents. I need hardly assure you of my sincere desire to co-operate with you in all your efforts to exalt the character, establish the credit, and advance the general interests of the State.

You have assembled at an interesting period in the history of our public affairs. Our interests have acquired a more permanent and solid character; the people have generally yielded a willing obedience to the laws; our commerce is rapidly diversifying and expanding; the sources of our wealth have been immensely augmented; agriculture and the mechanic arts are more generally engaging the attention of our people; institutions of learning are springing up in our midst; and, in fact, all the arts of peace are beginning to progress and flourish throughout the State. We have entered upon our career of freedom and civilization with prospects the most flattering. Uninterrupted and surprising as has been the progress of those sister States from which we are divided—not by feeling, but by geographical position—astonishing as have been the achievements of science, and astounding the political events which have distinguished the past history of our country, the settlement and partial development of the resources of California by the American people, is by no means the least amongst the great achievements which have been consummated. The importance of events is estimated by their influence upon the destinies of mankind; that of the settlement and development of California, to which I have above alluded, possesses a peculiar interest, since it evidently hastens the period when a more considerable portion of this continent—including, perhaps, some of the proximate islands of the seas—may be in subjection to the enterprising and enlightened policy of the Government of the United States. The settlement of California has developed in the public mind a strong bias favorable to other peac-

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ful acquisitions, and has proved, that, while in accordance with the uniform policy of the Government, we have ever been ready to welcome the emigrant foreigners to our soil who can, consistently with the Constitution and Laws of the United States, become citizens by naturalization, they are, at the same time, disposed to make the soil itself, peacefully, a portion of the Republic. Despotisms forcibly subdue and subject foreign territory in violation of the laws of nations, while it is the policy of our Government to extend the "area of freedom" only when it can be done consistently with the rights of others, and by a due observance of the laws governing national intercourse.

Pursuing the path of peaceful progress, we have advanced in all the elements of national greatness, and enjoyed a degree of individual prosperity under the operations of our civil institutions, unexampled in the history of governments.

Amongst the most important duties which will devolve on you at your present session, is that of regulating the finances of the State, and fixing them upon a basis at once permanent and sure; which shall, at the same time, serve to secure us against the embarrassments of an overdrawn Treasury, as well as against the burdens of oppressive taxation. It cannot be disguised that for the past three years, we have not devoted that advised and well-informed attention to this subject which its great importance demands. Year after year, since the organization of the State, we have been steadily contracting heavy liabilities, until at length the burden is onerously felt, and the embarrassments thus occasioned begin to seriously affect our standing and credit, and retard our progress. That measures must now be adopted immediate, if practicable, in their effect, and radical in their nature, would seem to admit of no question. We have pursued a system heretofore, the practical results of which, as exhibited by the present financial condition of the State, are certainly not such as will commend it to further adherence. A system which produces such results, must be defective, and should be abandoned. To sustain the credit of the State, to avoid the burdens of embarrassing liabilities, and to expend no more than the annual revenues derived from easily borne taxation, are amongst the first and great objects of legislation. But we have signally failed to do either up to this time, and must, therefore, have pursued a system neither well founded nor wisely practical, considered with reference to the objects intended to be secured thereby. A debt has been already contracted, which, under existing arrangements, will continue to accumulate to a disastrous extent. Fortunately, however, it rests with you to check this growing evil, by a suspension of the existing, and the adoption of another system, which, while it avoids the errors into which we have heretofore fallen, shall introduce such salutary reforms, as past experience demonstrates to be indispensable.

With this in view, it is my purpose to present, generally, for your consideration, a few of the leading reforms which have occurred to my mind, as important and necessary.

The existing debt of the State on the 15th December, 1852, is set forth as follows in the Report of the Comptroller of State.

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CIVIL DEBT.

Amount of 3 per cent. Bonds outstanding,	\$63,750 00	
" Interest on same to date,	63,700 00	\$127,450 00
" 7 per cent Bonds of 1851,	\$397,000 00	
" Interest on same,	3,218 58	\$400,218 58
" 7 per cent Bonds of 1852,	\$790,500 00	
" Interest on same,	281 41	\$790,781 41
" Civil Warrants outstanding,		69,763 79
		<u>\$1,388,213 78</u>

WAR DEBT.

Amount of 12 per cent. War Bonds of 1851,	\$200,000 00	
" Interest on same,	39,812 20	\$239,812 20
" 7 per cent. War Bonds of 1852,	\$478,000 00	
" Estimated interest on same,	10,850 00	\$489,850 00
" War Warrants outstanding,		41,727 85
		<u>\$771,190 05</u>
Total War Debt,		\$771,190 05
Amount of School Land Warrants,	\$190,080 00	

WHOLE DEBT OF THE STATE.

Amount of Civil Debt on the 15th December, 1852,	\$1,388 213 78
" War Debt " " "	771,190 05
	<u>\$2,159,403 83</u>
Making the entire Debt of the State, Civil and War,	\$2,159,403 83

And if we include the \$190,080 00 received for School Land Warrants, \$2,349,483 83. On the amount received for School Land Warrants, the State is pledged to pay an annual interest of seven per cent. to the School Fund, but the principal I do not regard as legitimately a debt of the State; so that, excluding this item, it will be found to be \$2,159,403 83, to which should be added (\$5,412 31) the interest which has accrued upon the

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amount realized from the sale of School Land Warrants. Beside this, the debt contracted by reason of Indian expeditions—amounting to the sum of \$771,190 05—should be regarded rather as an *apparent* than *actual* indebtedness. The reasons for this opinion are contained in a special message transmitted to the Legislature at its last session, and are as follows:—"The General Government owed us protection which was not adequately afforded. Our frontier citizens were exposed to Indian deprivations, and hostile Indian incursions were not only threatened, but actually commenced. No sufficient United States forces could be mustered for the protection of our people, their lives and property, and we were compelled, therefore, to protect ourselves. To do this, it became necessary, in the opinion of the Executive, to extend that protection which the General Government should have secured. The amount expended on these expeditions, for a part of which the bonds and warrants of the State are now outstanding, I have reason to believe, will be promptly assumed by the General Government. Our situation in this respect is not at all peculiar, for there are abundant precedents to be found in the proceedings of Congress, of appropriations having been made in similar cases. By Act of Congress, approved March 3, 1841, provision is made for the payment of troops called out by the Governor of Alabama to suppress Indian hostilities. By an Act, approved August 11, 1842, an appropriation of \$175,000, is made to the State of Georgia, for expenses incurred in the Seminole, Cherokee, and Creek campaigns; and the suppression of Indian hostilities in Florida and Alabama. By an Act, approved August 29, 1842, the sum of sixty-one thousand three hundred and seventy-eight dollars and fifteen cents is appropriated to the State of Louisiana for the troops employed in the Seminole war; and by Act, approved May 14, 1834, an appropriation of thirty-five thousand dollars is made to Missouri for similar purposes. These precedents indicate, that where it is made to appear that a State has been required to call out forces, and incur expenses in its defence, the Congress of the United States will make such appropriations, as justice and an observance of the relations existing between the General and State Governments, require. Besides these precedents, there are to be found numerous appropriations made to *individuals* for services rendered by order of the several State authorities, and for property stolen and destroyed by hostile Indians, where insufficient protection had been extended by the General Government."

Should this amount, then, be assumed by the General Government, the debt of the State is reduced to \$1,388,213 78. It should be borne in mind, however, that until an assumption by the General Government, we are pledged to the redemption of the bonds issued to secure the payment of these liabilities, and whatever financial measures are adopted, should be with a view to the contingent probability of their ultimate payment by the State.

Having thus exhibited our present financial condition, it remains to devise means by which the large indebtedness we have incurred, may be discharged and the affairs of the State hereafter administered, so that its expenditures shall not exceed its income. It is perfectly apparent that we cannot proceed as heretofore, without destroying our credit and deeply involving our interests. Wisdom would, therefore, dictate reforms, and experience demonstrates that in many cases they are required to be radical.

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The estimated receipts and expenditures for the ensuing Fiscal Year are estimated by the Comptroller, as follows:

Receipts,	- - - - -	\$434,150 00.
Expenditures,	- - - - -	1,093,213 68.

By reference to the table of estimated expenditures it will be seen, however, that many of the items mentioned are of special character, and do not enter into the general annual expenditures, amounting in the aggregate to upwards of \$220,000.

With a view to lessen the expenditures of government, I would invite your attention first to several reforms in our State Constitution.

When we consider the period and circumstances of the adoption of our present Constitution, it is not matter of astonishment that experience should have disclosed its imperfections. Coming into existence at an early and unsettled stage of our political history, when our population was sparse, unstable, and possessed little or no identity with the permanent interests of the State—when our wants and resources were as yet undefined and undeveloped—when the diversified adaptations and necessities of the various portions of the whole were unknown, and all was confusion and excitement, it would, indeed, present an instance of almost superhuman sagacity, should its provisions be found to afford a solution for all the exigencies of the future. The immense augmentation of our population; the rapid and mighty changes in our habits and pursuits; the more matured and staid condition of society, independent of its intrinsic defects, would seem to demand that the basis of our system should be remodeled, and adapted to present emergencies.

It is but justice, too, that that large and intelligent accession to our numbers which has accumulated since the adoption of our existing Constitution, should be permitted to speak and have its influence in shaping the character of our Institutions.

I am not an advocate of frequent and sudden changes in that system of law and policy by which a people are governed. But when a State exhibits the spectacle which is presented by ours, of having grown up from infancy to manhood, as it were in a day—when in the short space of three years, we have risen from a wandering and adventurous population of not more than fifty thousand, devoting themselves rather to the acquisition of wealth than the formation of a plain, free and frugal government—to some three hundred thousand orderly, moral, industrious, intelligent and permanent citizens, who are indissolubly associated with the welfare and prosperity of the State; and especially when radical and serious defects exist, duty, wisdom and prudence dictate that an effort be made to remedy those deficiencies and errors, and that alterations in our earlier organization, comports with the change of circumstances, be effected. But by far the most material consideration which influences me in this recommendations is that of economy.

In the present embarrassed condition of our State finances, it becomes us to search out every avenue to economy which does not trench on principle or justice. It is believed that provisions exist in our Constitution which might be dispensed with, without inconvenience, and thereby, if not entirely

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relieve, at least, greatly assist in reducing our burdens and embarrassments. Such being my convictions, I feel it my duty to recommend that steps be taken in accordance with the first section of the tenth Article of the Constitution: First, for amending the second section of Article fourth of that instrument in such a manner as to provide for biennial instead of annual sessions of the Legislature, and those sessions not to exceed ninety days in duration. When the advantages and disadvantages of annual and biennial sessions of Legislative bodies are impartially compared, the preponderance of benefit will be found to be clearly on the side of the latter. It is true, that by way of speedily curing existing defects in our laws and of applying a remedy to cases of pressing and importunate demand, the yearly assembling of the Legislature may afford advantages; but on the other hand, when we reflect on the expenditures of public money necessarily attendant on these sessions; on the evils of that government whose laws are undergoing continual and rapid changes; and that in cases of absolute necessity, it is in the power of the Executive to call extra sessions, the argument must be admitted to be in consonance with the proposed amendment.

Such an alteration in our Constitution will effect a saving to our Treasury of two hundred thousand dollars, annually. An item of such importance in our present condition must command the most careful investigation of the Legislature, and to it I invoke your most serious deliberations. It is a fact of no slight importance that many of our sister States, after having tested the system of annual sessions, amended their Constitutions as now recommended; but no instance can be found in which the reverse is the case. The States of Missouri, Illinois, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Kentucky, have, of late years, amended their Constitutions in this respect.

Second: That the twenty-eighth section of the fourth Article of the Constitution, be repealed, and the taking of the census of the State be left to be regulated by law, or that it be so amended as not to require that work to be done in the year 1855.

The taking of the census of a State so extended as ours, is a weighty and expensive operation, requiring much time and labor and a great outlay of money, and should not be required more frequently than actual necessity demands. During the past year it has cost some one hundred thousand dollars: and, as it is an affair of questionable utility, it is to be hoped that it will not be so soon repeated as the Constitution requires. The census will be again taken by the Government of the United States in the year 1860, and that which has just been completed, may without inconvenience be acted upon until that period.

Third: That the first Section of the ninth Article of the Constitution be repealed, and the duties of the Superintendent of Public Instruction devolve upon the Secretary of State, or upon Commissioners to be chosen by the people of each school district or township.

The office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, as a distinct department, is of very doubtful necessity, as an original question; and if, under any circumstances, it were desirable, can now, with propriety, be dispensed with, and thus relieve the Treasury annually to the amount of the salary and contingencies of that office. In adopting the policy proposed, we follow the example of a large majority of our sister States on this interesting sub-

ject. On examination, it will be found that more than two-thirds of the members of the confederacy have, after mature experience, in some of them, finally settled down on the measure advocated by this amendment. The States of Vermont and Wisconsin are the only ones which have constituted this a separate and independent office; New York, Massachusetts, Illinois and Pennsylvania have merged the duties of this office in that of the Secretary of State; Indiana has placed in the hands of the State Treasurer; Connecticut, with the State Auditor; and Maine, New Hampshire, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, and Missouri, have divided them out among Commissioners elected by the people of the various school districts. Such commanding precedents should not be disregarded by us.

The fundamental law of government, which can only be changed after long and strenuous effort, it would seem, should be confined to provisions for great and admitted principles and measures, and leave the ways and means of carrying those great truths into effect to the wisdom and patriotism of the legislative power, acting under a knowledge of the peculiar circumstances of the times.

Fourth: The twenty-fifth Section of the fourth Article is equivocal and doubtful in its construction, and would seem to impose a novel, unnecessary, expensive, and—as it has been sometimes acted on—inoperative duty. It provides that, in order to revise or amend an Act or Section, the Act or Section proposed to be amended, must be re-enacted and re-published at length. This requisition increases considerably our printing expenditures, and from the useless labor required, is frequently disregarded in practice. Thus, at one and the same time, teaching us to evade the solemn injunctions of the Constitution which we have sworn to support, and uselessly enhancing the demands upon the Treasury.

I therefore recommend that the portion of this Section liable to these objections be repealed, and that the Section be left to read, "Every law enacted by the Legislature shall embrace but one object, and that shall be expressed in its title."

Fifth: That the 18th Section of the 5th Article of the Constitution, providing for the election of Surveyor General, be amended, and that the whole matter of the necessity of appointment or election of such officer be confided to the Legislature. The reasons for this recommendation are the same as those which obtain in the case of the Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Sixth: The 8th Section of the 11th Article provides that the Fiscal Year shall commence on the first day of July. I recommend that this Section be so amended as to make the commencement of the Fiscal year on the fifteenth of December. The reasons for this change will readily present themselves. Under the existing provision, the Legislature which assembles on the first Monday of January, cannot obtain satisfactory information from the Annual Reports of the Comptroller and Treasurer as to the condition of the State finances, after the first day of July preceding. And, consequently, it becomes necessary for this information to be obtained by special resolution, always at great expense of time and labor to those officers. If the change suggested, however, were made, the Reports of these officers would display the condition of our finances up to the fifteenth of December, and be much more satisfactory.

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These alterations are suggested under a solemn sense of duty, believing them not only conducive to the interests of the State, but absolutely essential to our prosperity and welfare. By adopting the method of amendment pointed out by the Section of the Constitution to which I have referred, you will avoid the expense and agitation of calling a Convention of the State, and it is hoped that this course will commend itself to your judgment as the most prudent and desirable.

The office of Superintendent of Public Buildings is believed to be unnecessary, and a useless burden to the Treasury. I recommend, therefore, that the law creating that office, unless it expired by limitation on the first of January, as is believed to be the case, be repealed, and that the duties thereof be required to be performed by some one, or all of the State officers, without additional compensation; or that some other disposition be made of those duties which will relieve the Treasury of the expenditures incident to that office. In this, too, we follow the example of most of our sister States. New York vests these duties in the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Speaker of Assembly, Secretary of State, Attorney General and Comptroller, by right of office. Mississippi vests them in the Auditor and Treasurer of State. Illinois places them with the Secretary of State. Wisconsin with the Governor alone. In no State of the Union, save that of Missouri, can I find this constituted a separate and distinct office.

Our Judicial Districts are much more numerous than our necessities seem to demand. We now have eleven District Judges, with salaries ranging from three thousand to seven thousand five hundred dollars each. These might well be curtailed to eight, and thus effect a considerable saving to the Treasury. I recommend that this be done, and that the County Attorney system be also changed to that of the election of one Attorney for each Judicial District, to be compensated by the fees of office. This latter provision will relieve the County Treasuries of the salaries of these officers, and invest the office with more importance and dignity, besides saving to the State the annual sum of five thousand dollars now paid to the District Attorney of San Francisco County.

The State Prison Inspectors, authorized by the Act of April 25th, 1851, are not required, and are an unnecessary charge upon the State, their salaries amounting to \$2,000 per annum, each. These may be dispensed with without detriment to this particular branch of the public service, and their duties devolved on a board composed of any three of the State officers, without additional compensation. By adopting this suggestion a saving would be effected to the State of \$6,000, annually.

In pursuance of the system of retrenchment and reform proposed, I come now to consider the propriety of a further reduction of the salaries of officers of State and pay of members of the Legislature. The general object is to reduce both to a *cash basis*, and thus to provide for their payment in cash instead of, as heretofore, depreciated evidences of State indebtedness, from which has been realized little, if any more, than the sum at which it is now proposed to fix them. It is well understood that these salaries and pay, practically, have been and are, to the extent of at least thirty-three per cent., nominal, so far as the recipients of them are concerned; while, on the other hand, the effect is to burden the State with extravagant expenditures. The State must ultimately pay at the rate of

\$16 or \$12 per diem, while the member receives in fact but \$8 or \$10. The reason of this is obvious. So long as we continue to exceed in our annual expenses our annual revenue, the credit of the State must continue to be impaired, and its bonds, warrants, or other obligations depreciated; and while the pay of members or salaries of officers are received in such depreciated evidences, a proportionate nominal increase of both is in justice required. I feel it my duty, therefore, to earnestly present this important subject for your attentive consideration.

The expenses of the Legislature, as well as the Executive Department of the State Government, considered with reference to their ultimate payment, and in *cash*, instead of fictitious amounts, have been undeniably exorbitant. The mileage and per diem of members, alone, have annually averaged over \$220,000 since our organization as a State Government. This amount is exclusive of Legislative printing—the printing of the laws and journals, and the contingent expenses of the two houses, which amount in the aggregate for the same period to \$365,555.06, an average of over \$121,000 annually. These exorbitant expenditures may and ought to be greatly reduced. So also with the Executive Department. The salaries paid officers of State, if fixed upon a cash basis, are unnecessarily large, and with proper discriminations may be reduced without practically diminishing the amount now received by them.

The expenses incurred in the support and maintenance of our State Hospitals, too, are excessive and unwarranted by our present financial condition. Much as we may regret the necessity, still it is certain, that as one of the means to restore the credit of the State and preserve it, the very large annual expenditures consequent upon the support of this system must needs be avoided. It appears from the Comptroller's Report that appropriations for our hospitals for the present fiscal year exceed the sum of \$238,000. So great an outlay we are in no condition to sustain, even were the necessity for it greater than at present is believed to exist. I can do no less, therefore, than earnestly recommend that some measure be adopted, which, while it provides for the care of the indigent sick in such manner as the means and resources of the State justify, shall relieve the Treasury of the burdens of the existing hospital system.

By adopting the suggestions which have been thus imperfectly submitted, it is estimated that an annual saving may be effected to the State of \$512,700 00, which consists of the following items:

Surveyor General,	\$2,000 00
Superintendent of Public Instruction,	4,500 00
Superintendent of Public Buildings,	4,000 00
Prison Inspectors,	6,000 00
Biennial Sessions,	171,000 00
Reduction of pay and mileage—pay to \$8 per diem, mileage one-half,	110,000 00
Limiting Sessions to ninety days,	43,200 00
Reducing transportation of Prisoners from one dollar to fifty cents per mile, which is recommended,	8,000 00
State Hospitals. (See Report of Comptroller,)	140,000 00
Reducing Salary of Governor to \$7,000,	3,000 00
“ “ Supreme C't Judges, to \$7,000,	3,000 00

Reducing number of District Judges from 11 to 8,	12,000 00
about,	
Salary of District Attorney of San Francisco,	5,000 00

It is not pretended, of course, that these estimates are entirely accurate, but by reference to the Report of the Comptroller they will be found to be very nearly correct; sufficiently so, to show the necessity for immediate legislative action on the subject. When it is considered, that the amount thus saved exceeds the annual revenue of the State, no other or further reason, it would seem, need be assigned to induce you to adopt the system of retrenchment from which such results must follow.

Although the gentlemen now discharging the duties of the various offices proposed to be dispensed with, as distinct offices, have been efficient, and rendered important service, still, believing that the duties appertaining to the said offices can be performed by others, without detriment to the public interest, I have, as a measure of economy, deemed it my duty to recommend their abolishment, and the duties thereof transferred to other officers of State.

It will be seen that the enormous sum of \$157,993 89, has been paid as interest on our three per cent. bonds, and that on the 15th of December last the amount outstanding was \$63,750, on which, interest to the amount of \$63,700 had accrued. By adopting the reforms suggested—and relieving the State from the onerous interest accruing on these three per cent. bonds, we may certainly calculate, especially when it is considered that objects of taxation must annually increase, to defray, as they accrue, and in cash, all the expenses of an economical administration of the State Government.

The interest upon our civil bonds is well secured, and their ultimate redemption provided for by the Sinking Fund.

In this connection it is submitted that the revenue laws of the State will require revision and important alterations.

The provisions of the Revenue Act of the 23d of April, 1852, which imposes a tax upon the sale of consigned goods, has met with much resistance in the City of San Francisco. This measure is too important in its bearings upon the interests of the State to be neglected, and no means should be left untried, consistent with the Constitution, to enforce its provisions. I have been advised by the District Attorney of San Francisco County, (whose Report is herewith submitted) that in July last he submitted to the Grand Jury, on application of the Collector of the County, some two hundred indictments against parties charged with violating this Act, and that though informed by the County Judge, that the legal presumption was in favor of the constitutionality of the Act, the Grand Jury ignored the several bills presented under it. The reasons for the action of the Grand Jury are not expressly assigned, but in the opinion of the District Attorney, as well as the counsel employed to assist him, "the evident hostility which it manifested to the act," made it advisable not to institute any civil proceeding under it, but to await the action of the Legislature. I know of no better suggestion to make than that contained in the report of the Counsel employed to assist the District Attorney—that "proceedings both civil and criminal be authorized to be instituted in some other county to enforce compliance with its provisions."

It is also further suggested that the last clause of section seventy-seven, which gives to the vendor a lien on the owner of the goods, be repealed.

I have to renew the recommendation contained in my special message of last winter, in relation to the receipt of Comptroller's Warrants for all State dues;—a measure which it is believed will tend to secure an increased collection of revenue, and at the same time serve to improve the credit of the State, not only in proportion as it diminishes the amount of her indebtedness, but, as it also evidences an intention on the part of the State to deal justly with its creditors. The hardship and injustice done to the holders of adjusted civil demands against the State, in refusing to receive these demands in payment of claims held by the State against them, is too obvious to be dwelt upon for a moment. Equity and good faith require that this shall not longer continue to be the case.

In a financial point of view, too, it cannot be doubted that the system now in force operates injuriously upon the pecuniary affairs of the State. The injustice of the requirement to receive nothing but gold and silver, notwithstanding the tax payer may hold an ascertained and adjusted indebtedness of the State, is by many deemed so flagrant, that even well disposed persons, in view of it, are inclined to resist what they very naturally regard an illegal and burdensome exaction, and seek to avoid the payment of taxes, which, under other circumstances, would be cheerfully contributed. I cannot do less, therefore, than to earnestly recommend that the law be so changed as to authorize and direct collectors of taxes to receive these warrants.

By an Act of the Legislature approved March 26th, 1851, certain property of the State known as the "Beach and Water Lot Property," was released to the city of San Francisco for the term of ninety-nine years—the city to pay into the State Treasury twenty-five per cent. upon all moneys arising from the disposition made of the property after the passage of the Act. On the 1st day of May, 1851, another Act was passed relinquishing to the city certain Beach and Water Lot property, upon the express condition that the titles which had been theretofore granted by any Justice of the Peace, should be confirmed. The conditions of neither Act have been complied with. The requirement to confirm grants made by Justices of the Peace has been wholly neglected, and but one thousand dollars have been paid into the State Treasury under provisions of the second Section of the Act of March 26th, 1851.

The whole property it is understood, however, has been sold under execution to satisfy judgments obtained against the city. It is unnecessary to present a full history of the proceedings which resulted in the sale of this property and the litigation which has consequently ensued. The duty is now devolved on the agents of the State to adopt measures to secure, as far as possible, its legal and just rights in the premises. The Attorney General has instituted suit for the whole of the property thus relinquished, but some time must necessarily elapse before a decision of the questions involved can be had. I would recommend, therefore, that a Joint Committee be appointed, early in the session, charged with the duty of investigating the whole subject, and that they further examine and report whether the present limits of the city may not, without injury to the harbor, be extended, and if so, it is recommended that the addition be divided into lots of suitable size

and leased for a term of years, under the direction of the Comptroller and Treasurer: the proceeds to be paid into the State Treasury. The right of the State to the use of this property, without injury to commerce, cannot be questioned; and the money arising therefrom would constitute an annual income which would form an important item in the amount required to defray the necessary expenses of government.

I would also commend to your early consideration, that additional measures be adopted to secure escheated estates. It is believed that immensely valuable estates, which justly belong to California, are in the hands of, and held by, individuals. By the Constitution, this species of property is set apart for educational purposes; it is, in fact, the inheritance of the children of the State, and should be in all cases secured, and the proceeds appropriated as designed by the Constitution.

By an act of the last session, I was required to employ counsel to conduct certain suits in San Francisco, arising under the revenue laws. In pursuance of this requisition, counsel were employed in the following cases in which injunctions had been sued out by the parties to restrain the sale of certain property levied on by the sheriffs of San Francisco and Solano counties, to satisfy the revenue assessments of the State: Minturn, Mezzie & Co., Pacific Wharf, Charles L. Wilson, Pacific Mail Steamship Co., and Cornelius Vanderbilt, against the Sheriff of San Francisco, and the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., against the Sheriff of Solano County. The above cases were all instituted to restrain the collection of the State (and County) tax, assessed under the revenue act of 1851. The first, fourth, fifth and sixth, upon complainants' property in vessels; the second, upon complainants' property or franchise in Pacific Street Wharf; the third, upon complainants' property or franchise in the Mission Plank Road. The two first have been decided in favor of the State, upon appeal, by the Supreme Court; and the third, in consequence of the decision of the two first, has been dismissed. The fourth, fifth and sixth, are still pending in the Federal Court. The result of these suits is of vast importance to the State, since the sum of perhaps \$100,000 depends directly on it. The parties complainant are large capitalists interested in some of the heaviest business enterprises conducted in the State, and are realizing immense profits from them. They resist the payment of taxes on the ground that the owners of the property sought to be taxed, are citizens of other States of the Union and subject to taxation on the same property in the place of their residence. The fact, however, is indisputable that the parties who are thus seeking to avoid a not unreasonable contribution towards the support of our State Government, are operating under the protection of its laws in immense enterprises, and amassing fortunes from its citizens, who, unlike them, cheerfully contribute to the support of that government whose protection they enjoy.

The subject of the future disposition of the lands within the State is daily assuming an increased importance. The unsettled condition of titles to this species of property has ever been, and still continues, a serious obstacle to our prosperity. Thousands of our fellow citizens stand ready to invest their means, and bend their energies to the development of the agricultural resources of our rich and inviting soil, laying broad and deep the foundations of future prosperity, on that surest basis of State greatness and independence; and thousands more of our most industrious

and enterprising population are anxiously awaiting the action of Congress, which is to secure to themselves and families comfortable and permanent homesteads.

Perhaps two-thirds of the most valuable agricultural lands of the State are claimed under Mexican or Spanish grants, the validity of which is yet undetermined. This is a subject which commands the immediate consideration of the Legislature. Some plan should be devised by which these claims, may be more speedily and satisfactorily disposed of than by that which now exists. The present law of Congress on this subject is conceded to be defective. The circuitous and irregular proceedings required under it, through a Board of Commissioners, might be well and beneficially dispensed with, and these claims brought directly into the District Court of the United States, where the rules of legal evidence are observed; where witnesses are brought into Court, examined and cross-examined, and where all the parties interested can be heard by counsel. Commissioners acting under the existing law, defective as it is conceded to be, have made or will hereafter make, few decisions which will not be appealed to the District Court. It must, therefore, be readily perceived how it will operate a great saving of time and expense to require them, in the first instance, to be brought before this judicial tribunal. I recommend that Congress be memorialized on the subject, with a view to the repeal of the present law, and the passage of an Act prescribing the mode of bringing these claims for adjudication and settlement at once before the United States District Court.

The superior importance of agriculture in promoting the prosperity of States is too well understood, and too universally conceded, to require extended comment. For the encouragement of this interest, and as an inducement to diversity of pursuits amongst the people of the State, I respectfully call your attention to the propriety of again exerting the influence of the Legislature in an effort to obtain the passage of a law by Congress donating the public lands in limited quantities to actual settlers.

The interests of both State and nation will unquestionably be best subserved by thus donating the public domain in small tracts. It will induce emigration to the State; greatly increase the amount of taxable property; and, above all, secure to us an abundance of the necessaries of life produced at home; and thus retain amongst ourselves, to be applied in extending agricultural operations, the millions now expended annually for products of foreign growth.

An additional argument to enforce prompt and energetic action, on this interesting subject, is found in the fact, that in consequence of the inadequate cultivation of the vast and productive lands of the State, it is now, and will hereafter be in the power of unscrupulous capitalists and speculators, to monopolize the very necessaries of life, and thus reduce the laboring classes of our citizens, in many cases, to the verge of starvation.

It has been customary, also, for Congress to donate to the different States on their admission into the Union, lands for schools, universities and seminaries of learning.

This was not done in the case of California. It is true that by our admission, under the present Constitution, the diversion which that instrument makes of the 500,000 acres, donated for internal improvements to

school purposes, was sanctioned by Congress; but this leaves our Internal Improvement Fund vacant. Other states have received both the internal improvement and school lands, besides special donations for universities, capitol buildings, and other objects.

Your attention is again respectfully directed to an Act of Congress passed September 28th, 1851, entitled "An Act to enable the State of Arkansas and other States to reclaim the swamp lands within their limits." Under the provisions of this Act the State of California will be entitled to many thousands of acres of very valuable lands; some practical disposition of which it will be necessary to make. When the Secretary of the Interior shall have made out accurate lists or plats of said lands, it is made my duty to apply for a patent to the State: on the issuance of which, the fee simple to said lands vests in the State, subject to the disposal of the Legislature. To avail ourselves of the benefits of this Act, steps should at once be taken and an economical plan of operations devised, to effect the early reclamation of the lands thereby donated. During the past two years, hundreds of our enterprising citizens have located upon these lands, and at considerable expense and labor, made valuable improvements thereon. Justice and sound policy requires that they should be secured in their possessions on the most reasonable terms. The more liberal the terms, the more certain and prompt will be the reclamation of these lands and their improvement. Their speedy settlement and cultivation is a matter of great moment to the State, because it will add immensely to the amount of taxable property: and thus, of course greatly increase our revenue. A partial knowledge of the location of these lands, as well as careful reflection, has satisfied me that their reclamation can be best effected by donating them to actual settlers, in fixed quantities, upon the same terms that we have received them from the General Government. The State must either reclaim each tract as sold, or devise a general plan of operations which, by means of drains or levees, will reclaim the whole. Such a work will not only require years of labor, and much more treasure than will ever be realized from their sale, but will delay their improvement and greatly retard the prosperity of the State. I therefore recommend the passage of an Act donating these lands to actual settlers, in quantities not exceeding three hundred and twenty acres, if such limitation is considered judicious as a means of reclamation, upon condition that the settler shall defray the expense of selection, and within a stated period reclaim the land occupied; the land to be subject to taxation from and after the day of location.

I still adhere to the opinion expressed in my special message of the 30th January last, that the sale or lease of the mineral lands by the General Government, would exert a blighting influence upon the advancing prosperity of our growing State, and paralyze the energies of the enterprising body of men now engaged in developing the mineral resources of California. At present there are no exactions upon labor in the mines. All that can be gathered from the bed sands of our rivers, or dug from the deep recesses of our hills, belongs to the industrious and adventurous miner; and the knowledge that such is the fact, encourages to perseverance in well directed efforts to secure the hidden treasure. The reasons are indeed numerous and cogent why the National Government, in common justice, should make no

additional exactions upon the industry and enterprise of our people, nor pursue a course of policy favored by none except those interested in the establishment of powerful monopolies, against the domination of which Government should assiduously guard.

By recent decisions of the Board of Land Commissioners, extensive tracts of mineral lands have been confirmed to the claimants. In this important matter, I conceive it to be your duty to interpose so far as to secure, through our Representatives in Congress, an appeal of those cases to the highest judicial tribunal in the country. In this connection, it may be proper to state, that the Secretary of the Interior in a communication to Congress contended, and rightfully as I believe, that the minerals within every grant of land made by Spain and Mexico, were reserved, and that such had ever been the policy of both governments. In view, therefore, of the immense importance of this question to the people of California, I would respectfully recommend your prompt interposition—that you express the will of the State in the form of respectful resolutions instructing our Senators and Representatives in Congress to adopt the necessary measures to secure an appeal of these cases, to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The claim of the State against the General Government for revenue collected from our people before the Laws and Constitution of the United States had been extended over us, should not be neglected. We are justly entitled to it, because we were contributing to the support of a Government which extended us no protection, and levied its burdens without securing to us the corresponding benefits which we had a right to expect. This subject has been so frequently presented, that it is not now considered necessary to do more than direct your attention to it.

Under the provisions of an Act entitled an "Act providing for the erection of a State Prison," the Prison Commissioners selected San Quintin Point, in the County of Marin, as a suitable location, and purchased twenty acres of land for this purpose. They also, as authorized by the fourth and fifth Sections of said Act, prepared and adopted a plan for a State Prison, and after giving the notice required by law, awarded the contract for the erection of the same. Under the proviso to the sixth Section of the Act, I examined the proposals and approved the award—the contract having been awarded to the lowest responsible bidder.

It is proper here to remark, in explanation, that in my opinion, the law does not require the Governor, in the first instance, to examine the plan of the building, nor to decide whether its erection, in accordance with the plan adopted by the Commissioners, would require too great an expenditure of public money. His only duty under the proviso to the sixth section, was conceived to be, to consider and decide, whether the contract had been awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. In this opinion I was sustained by the Attorney General. The work having been awarded by the Commissioners to the lowest responsible bidder, the award was approved by me on the sixth day of October. By reference to the law it will be observed, that the seventh section distinctly designates the Prison Commissioners as the parties to sign the contract on the part of the State. On the ninth of October, the Prison Commissioners entered into a contract, which contract was placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State, on the thirteenth of the same month. It is proper here to state, that different constructions

are given to the eighth section under which, as yet, however, no official act has been performed; and, indeed, the incongruities and conflicting provisions of the entire act are apparent, and render official action under it difficult and doubtful in the extreme.

I have, therefore, considered it proper to transmit for your examination a copy of the contract, as well as direct your attention to the imperfections of the law, and commend the whole subject to your careful consideration.

The amount appropriated by the last Legislature for the relief of the Overland Emigration to this State, has been devoted to the object designed by that body, and has served to mitigate the sufferings and save the lives of numbers of valuable citizens. The report of the agents herewith submitted, will more fully, and in detail, exhibit their operations.

The Report of the Superintendent of Public Instruction contains many valuable suggestions on the interesting subject of Education. California will, probably, as soon as it can be judiciously expended, possess ample means to foster and sustain a system of Common School Education, which must, in time, give a high character to our civil institutions. The fund applicable to this object, the interest on which is to be annually appropriated for the exclusive support of Common Schools, is now nearly two hundred thousand dollars, and when the residue of the school lands are sold, will amount to one million. This considerable sum is still, not the full extent of our means, or the only resource upon which our Common School system rests its future prospects and hopes. The last Legislature, alive to the great interests of Education, and regarding its permanent and liberal support as intimately interwoven with the first duties of the representatives of a government which has derived form and vitality, and the future existence of which may be said to depend upon the intelligence of the people, wisely made provision for an additional sum pledged to the extension of the blessings and bounties of knowledge and science, to every family within this, the youngest State of the confederacy. The additional means relied upon, consists in an annual tax of five cents of the thirty imposed on each one hundred dollars of valuation, which has already commenced flowing into the treasury, and on the 15th of December last amounted to \$10,687 16: and the amount of interest due on the School Land Fund on the first day of January, \$5,412 31: making a total of \$16,099 46, now in the treasury. The amount of assessment, deducting expenses of collection, \$22,696 26, of which sum \$12,009 10 is still due from the several County Treasuries.

The amount realized annually from taxation, as well as the interest accruing on the amount derived from the sale of school lands, has been set apart for the sustenance of this ennobling system, from which, in a few years, the children of the State will reap the rich reward it promises, and participate in the blessings of mental culture and improvement dispensed by it.

The project of connecting the Pacific with the Atlantic Ocean by means of a rail road, may be said to have already been favorably considered by Congress, an appropriation having been made at its last session to defray the expenses of examining the several routes represented as practicable. Regarding it as a well understood and conceded fact that the people of California are, at least, as deeply interested in this great work as those of

any other section of the Union, an expression in its favor from their immediate Representatives is expected by its advocates, and must have an influence with the Representatives of the nation at large. It is not my purpose, however, at this time, to point out the great commercial advantages to be derived from it, nor to spread before you facts demonstrative of its practicability; for in truth, at this time, but few question its feasibility, and all here concede that in common with the people of the Union the citizens of California must derive incalculable benefits from its construction. I would therefore recommend that you again press the subject upon the attention of Congress in the manner you may deem best calculated to accomplish the object desired.

By reference to the compilation of the census of the State, received from the Secretary of State, to be transmitted in a few days, you will perceive that in the space of two years, our population has, not unexpectedly, however, greatly increased. Your attention is particularly invited to an examination of the statistics which this document contains; affording as they do, the most valuable and interesting information in relation to the wealth and resources of the State. The progress we have made, as exhibited by these returns, in all the arts and pursuits which identify a people with the permanent interests of their State, and affording assurances of continued advancement, is matter of high gratulation and just pride. Rich in minerals; prolific of other resources; possessing a population unequalled in enterprize and fearless energy, and holding as it were, the key to the incalculable commerce of the Eastern World, the most dreaming visionary can scarcely paint too extravagantly the picture of the future greatness of our adopted State. Prudence, wisdom and vigilance, in the management of her affairs, with the natural advantages possessed, cannot fail to work out a destiny at once the wonder and admiration of the world, and more than realize the hopes and expectations of those distinguished patriots and statesmen who so efficiently labored to acquire it.

The inadequacy of the numerical force of the United States attached to the Pacific Division of the Army for the protection of our citizens against Indian depredations, has unfortunately hitherto been too apparent, and continues to be a subject of just complaint. The number of regular troops detailed for service in California has not, at any time, been proportionate to the demands of the service. The Indians upon our frontier are still hostile, and collisions between them and the whites have, during the past summer, been of frequent occurrence, and many of our most estimable and useful citizens been sacrificed in consequence of the neglect of the General Government to make adequate military provision for our protection. The defence of the frontier has already made our State responsible for a debt of more than \$800,000. This subject should be earnestly presented, and the strong and decisive interposition of the General Government, if possible, secured.

The annual Reports of the Comptroller of State, Treasurer of State, Surveyor General and Quarter-Master General, are herewith transmitted. They will be found to contain reliable and important statistics and many well matured suggestions, to which you will find it necessary to make frequent reference, in the performance of your legislative labors. I also herewith transmit a communication from Brigadier-General Hitchcock, the officer in command of the Pacific Division of the United States Army, exhibiting

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the number of troops under his command, and designating the points where stationed within the State.

The report of the committee appointed by the Senate at the last session to examine the books and accounts of the Comptroller and Treasurer of State is herewith transmitted.

By an Act passed at the last Session, the Governor was authorized to procure a suitable block of marble and transmit it to the Washington Monument Society. Following the plan understood to have been adopted by the other States, I made arrangements for three pieces of different shades and differently variegated, which were intended to represent the three important events in our history—the acquisition of California by treaty, adoption of the Constitution, and admission of the State into the Union. Two of these were delivered at Sacramento City, but were destroyed by the great fire of November last, and before the delivery of the third. The block secured is four feet in length and twenty-two inches square. It is now in Sacramento City, and will be shipped without unnecessary delay.

It will be recollected that the block of quartz transmitted in 1850, though perhaps not formally rejected by the Washington Monument Society, was by our Representatives in Congress and other citizens at Washington decided to be unworthy the State, and the Legislature was memorialized to procure and furnish another. I have endeavored to procure a block which should reflect honor on the State; and although the original design has been defeated by the destruction of two of the pieces, that remaining is very beautiful, and I doubt not will compare favorably with any of the various specimens of marble presented by the other States.

I will be pardoned the suggestion, that whatever measures you may find it necessary to adopt, should be acted upon with promptness and dispatch, so far as it can be done consistently with due deliberation, and delivered to me for approval a sufficient length of time before adjournment, to enable me to give them proper consideration. The propriety of this suggestion will be appreciated, when it is understood that over one-third of the whole number of Acts passed by the last Legislature, and at least one-half of the most important, were presented for my approval within the three last days of the session.

In conclusion, allow me to express the hope, that whatever measures you shall mature, with the single object of promoting the well being of the State, whose interests you represent, may fully realize your most sanguine expectations, and result in attaining those blessings, civil and political, which it is the grand design of all well regulated and wisely administered governments to secure; and to renew the assurance that it will at all times be my highest pleasure to co-operate with you.

Under the guidance and protecting care of that Divine Goodness which has nurtured and preserved us heretofore, let us enter with cheerful confidence upon the labors awaiting us in the future.

JOHN BIGLER.

CITY OF VALLEJO, January 3, 1853.

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Q-B 36:97

C. T.
97A

Larkin -

1853 - Jan 5.

New York Jan 5 - 1853

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Dear Mother

Yours of Nov 30 - I have -
I suppose from my letters to Mr. James - (which
read) you know or may know my movements etc. etc.
when I arrived here 30th of Nov - my wife was and had
been very sick. as she got about. Alfred. the Caroline
was confined to their beds. Caroline recovered as
we thought. went to school a week - and was again
confined. with the typhoid fever. for a week she
has had no doctor. yesterday we began to have
hope for her. with all this sickness - drawing out
documents to send an agent to London. to sell
the Feather River Rancho. - trying to sell three 18
houses I had of Mr. W. I have not been able to
go over six miles from 10 St. since I came home.
you will remember I took from Mr. W. these houses at
about 112,000\$. and some 35 or 40 vacant lots at
40 to 43,000\$. - these houses had several small
mortgages of about 42 to 44,000\$. the house lot some
12 or 13,000\$. more. Mr. W. need I thought 3 to 5,000\$
rents on the houses - after paying interest on mortgages.

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taxes, assessments on lots, insurance &c. these
Buildings were mostly smart houses each having
more than one family, to take care of them & collect
the rents in so many small and various sums, re-
quire art & trouble. On the 31 of last month, my
Agent had not paid my wife, one dollar of rent
and had me in debt over 1000\$. I suppose one
half of the rooms or floors had not been rented &
the houses were in a shocking disorder, and
growing worse. I could see only a part, leaving
the others on my hands. So I exchanged them
for two new houses, east side of 5th Avenue between
31 & 32 streets, with handsome stables in the rear,
these buildings are 28 by 83 feet. Lots 28 x 150 feet
the houses are one room deeper than mine - I took
them at over 90,000\$ 42,000\$ of which is under my
gaze at 7 per cent. I suppose the building of each
cost 35 to 38,000\$ that is 10 to 12,000\$. The owner wishing
to sell them refused 20,000\$ rent each, Annual. I wish
I may obtain that. The interest on both mortgages
will cost me 2,000\$. Other yearly expenses say 800\$.
Had I show that, but did not know how to do better.
Old folks should not try to make great trades

in our strange city,

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My wife has all along objected to go north to Cal. & has
refused of the sea, &c. but has confessed at last that
she & the two youngest can not again winter it here,
but must go south. Still did not like to leave this
fine home. Its now sold to Mr. H. Aspinwall for say
100,000\$ 70,000\$ goes to Mr. Barnes to pay off for
a lot there or invest. Good says for some vacant lots
in N.Y. The furniture cost 9 to 10,000\$ may sell for 5,000\$.
I am trying to sell all I have here. Shall
hardly leave for March. Oliver is in a law
office - Frank & Eben in
Washington at school. Otis might not
here say you see me well. I shall try
to be here - before I go - either the Squatter
is too I think we shall come out right
with love to you Mrs. & Minnie & your
Oliver

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CCB 36 : 98

1853 - Jan. 8 -

98

Capt J. R. Cooper in Co with W. D. M. Howard Dr

1852								
Jan	7	To Cash	\$2 ⁵⁰	State & County taxes	\$314 ⁵⁰		317	
	31	"	p ^o for Wash ^g St House				600	
Feb	9	"	"	G. W. Bird			40	
Mar	25	"	Cash	12 ⁵⁰	Apr 3 ^o \$800	12 ^o making loan	\$10	822 50
Apr	23	"	p ^o Larkin	\$45	28 ^o Cash	\$530	29 ^o \$50	625
Oct	5	"	Cash	\$25	14 ^o City taxes	\$316 ⁵⁴		341 54
Nov	10	"	p ^o Kahn	\$250	Dec 7 ^o State & County taxes	268 ²⁴		518 24
								<u>3264 28</u>
Cr								
Jan	1	By Balance this date				144	55	
Mar	24	"	amt of C. R. P Bond	\$300	\$156			456
		"	"	do	\$240	\$10		250
Apr	2	"	Cash					800
Apr	22	"	do					650
		"	amt rec ^d for taxes in Cal ^o Restaurant					287
		"	Cash					250
		"	amt of C. R. P					426 73
								<u>\$3264 28</u>

E. D. E. Jan Pr^o - Mar 8 1853
 W. D. M. Howard
 p^o Chas. C. Bond

1859

Charles R Bond Esq^r

98A

CB 36: 99

1853 - Jan. 19

Copia

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Señor Sansevain, hijos y Cia
Santa Cruz

Alvise, En.º 19 de 1853 -

Mui señores mios.

En virtud de lo que en dias pa-
sados con vinimos con uno de los socios de V.ªs
de ser vinon proceder a la entrega de la Madera
a mi en cargo de Dr. Damian Marchon y que
sea entregada en la Playa del Puerto de Victoria

Sal de V.ªs J.ªs y

L. M. J. M.

Pedro Lono

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No 3

101-100-36 A

1853 - Jan 20.
man

100 255K

Número 53. = José Figueroa Gen. de Brigada de la ^{SS} República Mexicana. Com. Gen. Insp.ª y Jefe Superior Político de la Alta California. = Por cuanto D. José de Luis Vallejo, Abogado de la Testamentaria del finado D.º Ignacio Vallejo, ha pretendido para beneficio de los herederos de dicha Testamentaria el terreno conocido con el nombre de Bolca de S.º Cayetano, colindante con el Mío del pajaro camino pñal de la Villa de Manzanote, el Cerro del Sur y la Lorta, practicadas previamente las diligencias y averiguaciones convenientes segun lo dispuesto por Leyes y Reglamentos y atendiendo a la notoria antigüedad con q. ha poseído el mencionado terreno: mando de las facultades q. me son conferidas a nombre de la Nación Mexicana herenido por decreto de 11. del corriente en adelante a la expresada Testamentaria el terreno mencionado, declarandole la propiedad de él, por las presentes letras, entendiendose, dicha concesion con entera conformidad a lo dispuesto por las Leyes, a reserva de la ~~apropiacion~~ ~~de~~ ~~la~~ ~~tercera~~ ~~disposicion~~ ~~del~~ ~~Secretario~~ ~~de~~ ~~la~~ ~~Presidencia~~ ~~de~~ ~~los~~ ~~Estados~~ ~~Unidos~~ ~~de~~ ~~México~~ y bajo las condiciones siguientes. = 1.ª Que se sometera a las q. estableciere el reglamento q. se ha de formar para la distribucion de terrenos baldios y q. entretanto ni el agraciado ni sus herederos podran dividir ni enagenar el q. se le adjudica: imponer censos, vinculo fiavela, hipoteca ni otro gravamen alguno: sea por causa pñadora ni paralelo a mannos inventos = 2.ª Podra cercarlo sin perjudicar las traversas, caminos y servidumbres: lo disfrutara a libre y exclusivamente destinandole al uso y cultivo q. mas

en novatada
cion de la con
cion hecha
por el Sr. Go
bernador D.º
Cable Vian
te de Solacu
no de 1873.

Office of the Surveyor General of the United States for California

I Samuel D. King, Surveyor General of the United States for California and as such now having in my Office and under my Control a portion of the Archives of the former Spanish and Mexican Territory a Department of Upper California do hereby Certify that the two preceding and hereunto attached pages of tracing paper numbered One and two and both of which are verified by my initials (S.D.K.) exhibit a true and accurate Copy of the writing upon two pages of an unbound book entitled "Titulos" which is on file and forms part of the said Archives in this Office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto signed my name, Officially, and affixed my private Seal, (not having a Seal of Office,) at the City of San Francisco, this 20th day of January 1853

Samuel D. King
 [Signature]



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Office of the Surveyor General of
United States for California

I Samuel D. King,
General of the United States
and as such now having in
and under my control a
of the Archives of the former
and Mexican Territory
of Upper California do hereby
that the two preceding and the
attached pages of tracing
numbered one and two are
of which are verified by my
(S.D.K.) exhibit a true and
Copy of this writing upon two
an unbound book entitled
which is on file and forms part
said Archives in this Office



In testimony whereof
hereunto signed my
officially, and affixed
private Seal, (with the
Seal of Office,) at the
City of San Francisco, the
day of January,

Samuel D. King
Surveyor General

Bolsas de Sr. Calletón
Pitalidar, el año 93

1014

c - B 36 : 102

1853 - Jan 20.

102

San Francisco Jan 20 1853

Capt J. B. Cooper

Dear Sir

I send you by Steamer "Ohio"
Boxes No 1 & 6 & 17 - Box #10 I opened & took out the
following & sent by "Ohio" -

- 1 box Garden Seeds
- 1 Harrow in four pieces
- ✓ 1 bag Harrow teeth
- ✗ 1/2 doz Long handled Shovels
- ✓ 1 Cross Cut Saw
- ✓ 2 doz files

I also send 6 wheelbarrows & 2 doz Axes - Whether the
Carriage is included ^{in #186} I have not as yet learned - The
Invoice was not explicit enough. Your aft favor
of James M. Kinley for (\$400) say Four hundred dollars
is paid.

Yours truly
Chas. W. Bond.

219

102-A

Capt J. B. Cooper

Consignee }
per "Ohio" }

Monterey

Cal^a

Shanklin Bond - May 18

Q-B 36 ; 103

1853
1853-Jan 24.

220

103

San Francisco Jan 24. 1853

Dear Capt.

Your farm of 16th East came to hand last Saturday. I am sorry to hear that you have met with such heavy losses in your farm but hope it will not prove so severe as you now suppose at any rate you have "a few more left of the same sort" and I have no doubt that the Land Commissioners will confirm all your titles. I suppose you have seen by the papers that the Jimeno Rancho on the Sacramento has been confirmed. I expect to get a decision in the "Childers" & the "Flugge" next week as the Commissioners are now going ahead in right good earnest. Henry Lincoln left the 1st in the "Prother Jonathan" he left \$5000, here at 2 1/2 % per month interest & took about \$8000, with him his partner went with him.

Mr. Cooper has been in the Office several times since you left. He has been at work some of the time but is yet very weak. He is still anxious to get money enough to get home.

Mr. Lark's last letter informs me that his wife & children will not return to California with as he at first expected. Frederick &

Wm J Carnes - 103B
Jan 20 1881

Francis are going to school at Washington and will be under the charge of Eben, Oliver is in a Surgeon's Office in New York Alfred & Caroline will remain with Mrs L in New York they have all been sick with colds but were getting better when he wrote last. he thinks of selling his property in that City and investing again here

Mr. Belden was to leave Jan 5th so I suppose he will be here in about ten days Mr. Lakin did not know when he should leave but probably Jan 20 or Feb 5

Mr. & Mrs. Waite are here from Stockton they are looking very well Wallace & Sophia and little "Lizzy" were quite well when they left I expect Wallace will be here in about a week. Mr. Canizer paid me \$150. on your account about a week ago.

I am now all alone in the Office and when you come up can give you ample accommodations. Hope to see you here soon Please Remember me to your family and accept for yourself the best wishes of
Your friend

W. J. Carnes

103A

Faint mirrored handwriting at the top of the page, likely bleed-through from the reverse side.

222

103
FRANCISCO
JAN 27
Capt. P. R. Cooper
5
Monterey
Cal.

Alphonsus J. Murphy
Jan 24

C-13 36:104

1853 - Jan 25.
mmmm

1526
34.
304
Rancho de la Bolsa de S.ⁿ Cayetano.

Exma. Diputacion. = D. Ygnacio Vallejo Sargento Distinguido de la Comp. del Presidio de Monterey hace a V. E. presente q^e havendonos dado el Sr. Gobernador D. Pablo Vicente de Sola a nombre del Rey a mi y al Sargento Dolores Pico ambos de dicha Compania el parage llamado Bolsa de S.ⁿ Cayetano q^e se contiene desde la Playa hasta el camino real q^e va de este Presidio p.^a la Villa de Branciforte segun consta por nuestra peticion y el Decreto de dicho Señor Gobernador el q^e adjunto con este Memorial, paso a manos de V. E. p.^a q^e se sirva aprobarlo y confirmarlo por nuestro lo q^e suplicamos, y pedimos en Justicia als q^e seremos sumamente agradecidos, pues de esto resultará nuestro bien estar, y manencion de nuestras crecidas familias. = Monterey 18. de octubre de 1824. =

Decreto. Jose Pico = Ygnacio Vallejo. = Monterey octubre 25. de 1824. = En atencion a que el antiguo Señor Gobernador concedio a los interesados las tierras q^e hay desde el camino Real hasta la Playa q^e comprende la Bolsa de S.ⁿ Cayetano deven poseerlas sin q^e nadie les pueda perjudicar y atenerse al repetido Decreto = Arguello = Jose Joaquin de la Torre = San

Registro. Ferrero = Sr. Comand. General, y Jefe Sup.^{or} Politico. = El Ciu- dano Jose de Jesus Vallejo ante V. E. con el mas debido respeto

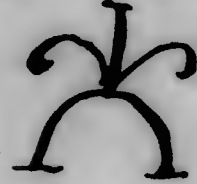
hace presente que teniendo seiscientas cabezas de ganado mayor y ciento ochenta de Yeguas Potros y Potrancas en el Rancho de San Cayetano, suplica a V. E. se sirva concederle la facultad para herrar, ventear y señalar con las marcas q^e al margen se expresan q^e son las mismas con q^e se ha herrado desde el año de 1790. en q^e se le decreto por el Sr. Gobernador D.ⁿ Pedro Fages a mi Señor

Padre, el permiso de verificarlo, y continuo desde aquella fecha usando de ellas hasta ahora, y habiendo se le extraviado dicho documento le obliga a solicitar nuevo registro, cuya gracia espera de V. E. se sirva concederle si lo fuere a bien. = Monterey 25. de octubre de 1827. = Jose de Jesus Vallejo.

Este sitio comprende dos leguas mas o menos de largo de ancho en parte una legua hasta una milla contandos e siem- pre mas o menos desde el camino real ala boca o paso del Arroyo del Casero camino de la Villa de Branciforte en cuyo sitio



ventas



Señal un
salcillo en ca-
da oreja.

34

Decreto

Registro



ventas



Señal un
salcillo en ca-
da oreja.

224

tiene las Siembras hasta la boca de su Sitio el qual
forma una bolsa que concluye en la Mar, y dentro
de ella se hallan pastos abundantes, y aguas con dos
Lagunas permanentes, manteniendose entoda segu-
ridad el Ganado. Hay un corto Encinar en el Estero,
y solo el Bosque q^e forma el Rio o Arroyo del Pa-
jaro q^e desemboca en la Mar. 104A

Office of the Surveyor General of the
United States for California

1048
I, Samuel D. King, Surveyor
General of the United States for the State of
California and as such now having in
my Office and under my Custody a
portion of the Archives of the former
Spanish and Mexican Territory
or Department of Upper California
do hereby certify that the two preceding
and hereto annexed pages of tracing
papers numbered one and two and
both of which are verified by my initials
(S.D.K.) represent true and accurate copies of
the writing upon two pages of an unbound
book entitled "1828. Cuaderno del Registro
"de los Sitios, fierros y Señales que poseen
los habitantes del Territorio de la N. California
which is on file and forms part of the said
Archives in this Office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto
signed my name, officially, and
affixed my private Seal, (not
having a Seal of Office,) at the
City of San Francisco, Cal., the
25th day of January 1853

Samuel D. King
S. D. King Seal

Bottoni, G. A.

Calletto 10

C.B. 36 :105

1853 - Feb. 1st

105

Enagenacion hecha y convenida hoy primero de Febrero de mil ochocientos y cincuenta y tres entre Mariano G. Vallejo. Salvador Vallejo del condado de Sonoma, José Amesté y su esposa Prudenciana Juan Cooper y su esposa Encarnacion. Jacob Seese y su esposa Rosalia Maria de Jesus Vallejo y Juan Antonio Vallejo (of th^e) del condado de Monterey de una parte y José de Jesus Vallejo del condado de Santa Clara de la segunda parte todos del estado de California a Saber - Las personas de la primera parte en compensacion de la suma de un peso a cada una en mano pagado cuyo recibo por esta confiesan - han vendido, cedido, enagenado y trasferido a José de Jesus Vallejo y a sus herederos y asignados para siempre la siguiente demarcada tierra y bienes raices a Saber - Comienza en el punto del ángulo Nordueste del terreno del difunto Don Juan Anzar donde ^{da} paga el camino de Monterey para Santa Cruz - (y corre por) con el Rio Pajaro y corre por el margen del dicho rio hasta llegar al lindero de Juan Antonio Vallejo; de aqui corre con y sigue el dicho lindero hasta llegar a unas lomas contiguas a una laguna; de aqui sigue el ~~el~~ bordo de los esteros hasta llegar al antedicho camino, el cual sigue hasta terminar en donde comenzó en el dicho ángulo del rancho de Anzar - Para que lo dispute y posea el dicho José de Jesus Vallejo parte de la segunda parte junta.

226

mente con todos privilegios y usufructos el y sus
herederos y sucesores para siempre. En testimonio de lo
cual las personas de la primera parte han firma-
do ^{de} sus puños y agregado sus sellos.

105A

Red
105

C-B 36 : 106

5 1853 - Feb.

no date

106

as when the rainy season closes I think
it can be leased on more favorable terms
and for Brick Buildings.

The Sanson Hook & Ladd Co contribute
\$1000. to the Washington Monument the 22nd
Inst. I send it to Washington by this mail
and also send \$214⁰¹ being the balance due
the Society by you. Mr. Ball still owes
\$1043¹³ but has promised to pay it before
the next steamer sails. Messrs. Page Bacon & Co.
forward the \$1000. free of charge

Considerable anxiety is felt for the safety of
the steamer Independence that was due the
20th Inst. from San Juan and has not yet
arrived. I have not yet been able to collect any
portion of Mr. Puttas note. I learn that he has
been buying an interest in a Panorama & probably
used the \$500. that way. As Mr. May had
instructions to sell the Pencia Bonds (as I
wrote you in my last) at such price as he
thought proper I do not think you will be
called upon to loan the City the amt. you
agreed. The members of the Legislature seem
much pleased with their new quarters. and
I think a good many new buildings will
go up there the coming season.

228

Very Resly H. *Wm. J. Barnes*

Prof. Earnes

Feb 1853

109A

e 15 36 : 107

1853 - Feb 4.

Copia y Traducción

Mr Joseph West.
San Fco - 4

107

Alvaro, Feb. 4 de 1853 -

Mui s^r mio.

En virtud de la contrata que
tenemos celebrada para traerme la madera que
tengo en Santa Cruz, tengo por conveniente
aunque a V. por esta que al recibo de esta V.
dirijir su embarcacion al puerto de Victoria
en Santa Cruz que yo estare alli para que
V. reciba la madera —

Soi de V. S. S.

L. S. M. B.

Pedro Lora

1803
No 77
107A
P. P. P. P.
P. P. P. P.

CB 36:108

1853 Feb. 6.

Copia y traducción

Don D. Pedro Lora
Alviseo - }

108

San Fran^{co}, Feb. 6 de 1853 -

Mui s^r mio.

Los Sres Sainsevain, hijos y
Cia, han demorado demorando la entrega
de la Madera, y yo creo que ya no puedo cum-
plir con mi compromiso con V. por el mucho
tiempo que ha pasado, en esta virtud V. se ser-
vira contratar otra en breve cion, quedando
sin efecto nuestra contrata -

Soi de V. S. S.

J. S. M. B.
Joseph West

[Faint, mirrored handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page]

No 5 108A

C-B 36:109

Capt^m Barney

1853 - Feb. 10.
~~Monterey~~

Santa Barbara Feb 10th / 53

Capt Cooper

109

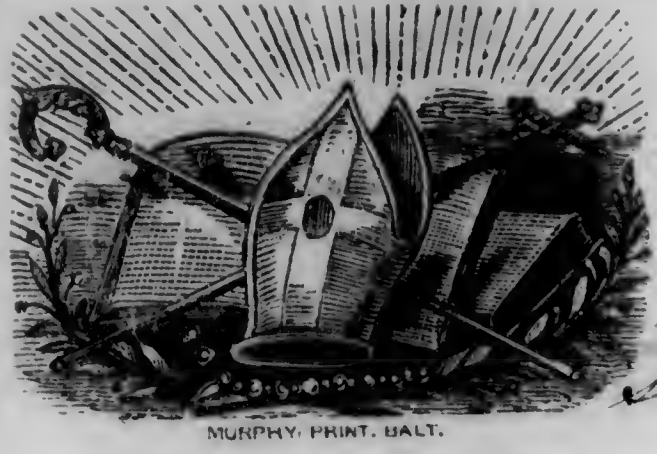
Dear Friend this will inform you that we are still in the land of the living and enjoying good health. Capt Robins very feeble others of your friends all well. I have a nice piece of ground for a garden &c now if you can get me about half a peck you will confer a great favor and any other seeds that you have got and can spare will be gratefully received besides paying you for them ask our Mutual friends Capt Walters & Spence now with kind regards to all my Monterey friends I remain

Respectfully yours

Samuel Barney

Mrs Barney's kind respects to Mrs Cooper and Family SB

0-B 36 : 110



1853 - Feb 11.
San Francisco, Feb. 11 de 1853.

Mr. D. Lewis Vallejo.

Muy Sr. mío,

La presente le será entregada por el Rev.º Padre Orruno, Guardian del Colegio de San Fernando en Mexico y el Rev.º Padre Ant. Jimeno, que pasan a esa Misión, no solo para acompañar al M. N. P. Langlois, a quien no he podido yo mismo acompañar, si que tambien para tener el gusto de visitar esa Misión, y V. Como la Misión está todavía tan desmoblada y desprovista, suplico a V. tenga la bondad de considerarles a pasar con V. los pocos días que van a permanecer en ella.

A ultimo de Enero p.º p.º tuve el gusto de ver a su madre de V. que

Si que sin novedad. Dignese re-
comendarme a las oraciones de su
familia que salude, y V. disponga de
este su

Y. y A. S.

110A + Sr. José S. Alemany
Obispo de Monterey, Cal.

Q-B 36: 111

1853 - Feb. 16.

234

Cash

111

1853	Cash	
Feb. 16	To Cash on hand	329 06 ✓
	J. M. Lock Rent	25 00 ✓
	McDonnell Agents 1/2 mo	5 00 ✓
	Room on Stockton St.	10 00 ✓
18	J. C. Sulist	500 00 ✓
	J. Colburn	17 50 ✓
24	M. Keller	20 00 ✓
Mar 1	W. H. Jenifer	65 00 ✓
	McDonnell Agents	10 00 ✓
	Rusman & Merri	40 00 ✓
	P. Edwards	12 50 ✓
	J. Hanna	12 50 ✓
2	H. J. Wilhams	120 00 ✓
	Fisher & Simpson	30 00 ✓
	P. Hulson	75 00 ✓
	S. A. Chapin	137 00 ✓
	J. Nightengale	175 00 ✓
	Washburn & Fadd	65 00 ✓
	Allen & Hathaway	20 00 ✓
	P. Robinson	12 50 ✓
	R. Smithwhite	10 00 ✓
	E. Logue	9 00 ✓
	W. A. Barnes	17 50 ✓
	Th. Lloyd	6 00 ✓
	Hay, Rhin Merrill, Lodge & Co	10 00 ✓
	E. Hanna	6 00 ✓
	E. W. Bradford	25 00 ✓
	S. Anderson	10 00 ✓
	Atty Redington Ho	225 00 ✓
	W. H. Talnage	187 50 ✓
	W. B. Farrell	100 00 ✓
	S. M. Hutton	104 17 ✓
	J. Jennan W. Magan 3/2 mo	5 00 ✓
	Isaac Reed	6 00 ✓
	J. Lyman	6 00 ✓

1853	Cash	
Feb 16	By Exp of Maps from Raymond	1 00 ✓
19	Board of W. J. Eames	20 00 ✓
	J. Polder for loan & Int	655 00 ✓
	G. W. Snook lat. towing Reef	50 40 ✓
21	J. Edwards (charging remonstane) against extending City front)	5 00 ✓
26	Board of W. J. Eames	20 00 ✓
	Daily Herald	2 00 ✓
	Exp to E. Whittley to bal. of	214 01 ✓
	Premium on do	6 42 ✓
28	W. D. M. Howard office Rent	25 00 ✓
Mar 2	W. A. Barnes remaining July	5 00 ✓
3	Josiah Polder for loan & Int	490 50 ✓
	R. Graham for defencing land	300 00 ✓
7	City taxes on Lot bet. of J. Lock	153 00 ✓
	Board of W. J. Eames admtg	20 00 ✓
	G. H. Fitch advertising	11 00 ✓
11	W. J. Eames Salary for Feb to Mar	250 00 ✓
	Commissions	24 27 ✓
	Exp of W. J. Eames to Panama	13 50 ✓
12	Board of W. J. Eames	20 00 ✓
	Balance	396 63 ✓

	Mr. Gerrard & Co	10 00	
	Rusman & Meier	40 00	
	P. Edwards	12 50	
	J. Hanna	12 50	
2	H. F. Williams	120 00	
	Fisher & Simpson	30 00	
	P. Husson	75 00	
	S. A. Chapin	137 00	
	J. Nightingale	175 00	
	Washburn & Fadd	65 00	
	Allen Hathaway	20 00	
	P. Robinson	12 50	
	R. Smithwaite	10 00	
	E. Logue	9 00	
	W. A. Paines	17 50	
	The Lloyd	6 00	
	Hay, Plin Merrill, Dodge & Co	10 00	
2	E. Hanna	6 00	
	E. W. Bradford	25 00	
	G. Anderson	10 00	
	Henry Redington & Co	225 00	
	W. H. Talmaze	187 50	
	W. P. Farrell	100 00	
	S. M. Hutton	104 17	
	J. German & Major \$2 per ea	5 00	
	Isaac Reid	6 00	
7	J. Lyman	6 00	
	D. W. Van Court	80 50	
	Larry Kyle	20 00	
	E. M. Redmont	6 50	
	The Collins	2 50	
	H. F. Williams	120 00	
9	Isaac Napman	5 00	
	J. S. Gorham	20 00	2682 73
	J. R. Booth	20 00	2685 23
		<u>2682 73</u>	

	Sp to E. Whittley to bal. of	214 11	
	Premium on do	642 00	
28	W. D. M. Howard office Rent	25 00	
Mar 2	W. A. Paines remaing fine	5 00	
3	Josiah Pelden for loan of	490 50	
	R. Graham for defencing land	300 00	
7	City tax on Lot of J. Dick	153 00	
	Board of W. J. Coates admtg	20 00	
	G. H. Kitch admtg	11 00	
11	W. J. Coates Salary for Feb to Mar	250 00	
	Commission	24 27	
	Exp of W. J. Coates to Benica	13 50	
12	Board of W. J. Coates	20 00	2286 10
	Balance	396 63	

2847

2682 73

1853

Cash

Mar 11	To Cash on hand	396 63
	H Bryant Rent	40 00
	Mary A. Curran	40 00
	John Actley	60 00
12	M. J. Combs recd of J. Belden	500 00
	E. Knight pa W. W. Curran	35 00
15	J. Belden recd of H. Cuts	200 00
		<u>4736 63</u>

To Cash on hand 172 63

Mr J. L. Curran
 of the Vermont Bank
 1853

1853

Cash

Mar 12	By Daily Alta	2 00
	J. Belden pa loan Int.	434 00
15	Payroll Ho. Exp of J. Curran	222 00
	Balance	172 63
		<u>4736 63</u>

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111A

CB. 36 : 112

1853 - Feb. 25.
num.

Sr. D. Guillermo Hartnell

112

Acapulco Feb. 25. de 1853.

Mi estimado hermano.

Supongo que ya estará V. informado que el día 16. del corr.^{te} a las 3. de la mañana salimos de S.^{ta} Francisco embarcados en el Vapor California, y antesayer a la misma hora de la noche llegamos a este punto sin ninguna novedad: en nuestra navegación no padecimos mares ninguno, porque aunque Carolina se indispuso un rato, pero fue como para reponerse y hacer continuas travesuras por lo que sin cesar teníamos que cuidarla pues andaba en todas direcciones del buque platicando con todos y haciendo chuscadas que era preciso un continuo cuidado con ella. Al desembarcarnos aquí encontramos buena gente que se nos ofreció a todo servicio, principalmente el P.^o Cura que me ofreció su Casa, pero como tenía yo la de un amigo donde permanecimos con mucha satisfacción hasta mañana que salgo de aquí p.^a México.

Mi Chiquito Carolina Roberto y Juan están buenos y contentos comiendo muchas naranjas que es lo que

les permito dar porque la pima y otras frutas les pueden
hacer dano. Todos los dias se acuerdan de Ustedes y Carolina
Dici que por que no traigo a su Fia Teresa a Mexico.

Procurare escribirle a U. desde Mexico y por
conductos seguros para que reciba U. las cartas y espero que
U. haga lo mismo para tener noticias de mi antiguo Monterrey.

Cuando U. tenga un rato desocupado le hago a U. el
encargo de que haga una visita en mi nombre con mis finos re-
cuerdos y expresiones a las personas sig. ^{tes} D.º Dabio y familia,
Malarin y fam. ^a Wolter y fam. ^a D.º Salvador Monras y fam. ^a
D.º Luis Lize y fam. ^a D.ª M.ª Antonia Vallejo y fam. ^a D.ª Catarina
con todas sus amables niñas, D.º Juan Pacheco y fam. ^a D.º Joo-
soro Gonzalez y fam. ^a D.ª Petra Fernandez y fam. ^a todas las
Pintos, Jacinto y fam. ^a Pinto y fam. ^a D.ª Concepcion de Lillo y
fam. ^a al Sr. Sanchez Saez y fam. ^a D.º José Amesti y fam. ^a
D.ª Tomasa Sepulveda de Pancho Pico, D.º Salvador Osio y fam. ^a
la vieja Lorenza con todo y sus pulgas y legias y a todas aque-
llas familias que U. considere dignas de mi consideracion y apre-
cio, disimulando las que por un olvido involuntario no men-
ciono; y por fin, con dos visitas concluirá U. una a la comunidad
de las Religiosas y otra a la de los Religiosos del P.º Villarrasa
Conozco cada dia lo mucho que me ha estimado la
familia de U. y ese recuerdo me hace enternecer con manifes-

hablar mis fu
alguno de
cuenta con q

nes (y que
va de ser
salva mi sa

se olvidaron

muchas pr
disponga de

Mi negro
familia p.º
vino Pablo con
preteato frido
a mi familia
ta, me salio
de mis hijos,
con los tres ch
pa comprar

de hablar mis finos recuerdos toda mi vida y si por algun accidente alguno de los de la familia de V. tubiere que ir adonde yo este, cuenta con que seré lo mismo que V.

A mi hermana D^a Ferera muchas expresio-
nes (y que no la olvidare, pues me ha dado prue-
va de ser una Señora que ha cooperado por
salvar mi salud,

Pienso que D^s Miguel y su esposa no
se olvidaron de mi,

Quisiera que Dios bendiera a V. de
muchas prosperidades, y buena salud y que
disponga de su afino tiempo

Man^o Simero

112B

Mi negro me ofrecio poner en S^t Diego a mi
familia p^a recibarla y traerla a Mexico, pero
vino Pablo como Comisionado y despues de algunos
pretextos friolos que me puso p^a no poder mandar
a mi familia a S^t Diego, en donde debia de recibir-
la, me salio con que asi luego sentia la salida
de mis hijos, y por esta razon yo me vine solam^{te}
con los tres chiquitos, habiendo hecho algunos gastos
p^a comprar sillones, jollas, &c. p^o mi familia

CB 36 : 113

1853 March 6.

Jos. D. Jose Valijo

Atlixo Marzo 6 de 1853

Mision de San Jose

Estimado Señor y amigo

Tengo el mayor placer en dirijirme
a V con esplicaciones de todos mis pasos que he dado
para conseguir la Madera

Incluyo a V. una copia de una carta fecha Diciembre
embre 7 de 1852 por si V. no la ha recibido, pues no
tubo contestacion de V; Inclullo tambien copia de una
carta ultima con fecha Enero 19 que escribi a
Sansevan para que entregases la madera. Inclu
Yo a V. copia Carta escrita al Capitan West de
San Francisco para que llevase el buque a cargar
y la contestacion que el me mando

Acto continuo me fui en la semana pasada
para Santa Cruz y ya queda lista toda la ma
dera en esta semana

Quedo ahora pensando en reclamar
los intereses por el dinero y ver las mas ventajas
que puedo yo sacar de ellos, en favor de V; Los es
presados indibiduo, por se han quedado de ver
se con miigo para arreglarse del todo, y segun el
arreglo lo pasare a su casa

La poca buena fe de los Franceses y el mal
estado de los caminos y el tiempo, han frustrado

Todas mis esperanzas para servir a V. ala medicina
de sus discipulos. Fui porfia dice el refran, mucho
decanza y confado en esto siglo envidies

Queda de mi cuenta su mi a fe
cto y seguro. S.

J. B. M. de ...

Pedro Lopez

113A

[Faint, illegible handwriting on the right page]

242

113B

J. N.
A. No. Don Gaspar
Hayes Mission San Jose

CB 36:114

1853 - March 9
Copia

114

Sres Gaiusevain y Compañia
Santa Cruz - }

Miño, Marzo 9 de 1853 -

Mi señores míos.

En yo a la vista de mi a-
preciable de V. des fha 5 del presente por la que
me avisaron que esta lista para entregarse la made-
ra. y mientras tanto V. des se desentendieron de lo q
realmente debían contestarme se que la carta fha 22
del p. p. Peto que dirigí a V. des y que probone fue
entregada a V. des por Pedro Gonzalez dos dias
antes de mi llegada a eso, y que al tiempo
de mi entrevista con V. des me dijeron habian
contestado mi carta, y en realidad he visto
que V. des se han desentendido de la verdadera
contestacion que demandaba que es sobre que
procedamos a hacer una transaccion o -
mistura, reemplazandome tanto dano y
perjuicio que he sufrido -

En esta virtud si en el termino de 4 dias conta-
dos desde la fha no me remiten un apoderado
para arreglar nuestro asunto, tomare los serios
medidos que demanda el caso -

Foi de V. des J. C. P. P. Lora

243

J. C. Garamueva

Copia
P. Loro as
los Paes Laim se van
hijos e Cia
Morao y de 1853

C-10 36'. 115

1853 - March 12:
mm mmmmm

115

Monterey 12 de Marzo de 1853

Ser D.^o José de S. Vallejo

Estimado Hermano, en días pasados, te noticié; y Matron, te hizo a un tercio por parte de los puros, la esta con los, en el paso del Rio como te dije en días pasados; yo no te, te que pienso nada mediar, pero, ni me contes, si quiera yo no allo y, pensar por tu silencio, estan los americanos, tomando tierras, con una Desesperacion, incomparable, para por el Rancho, y a pocos dias la estan tirando madera, en la parte q. allí se ha autoja, les reclamo, por los montes, por las, tierras, y por las casas, q. de orden e quien, trabasun; y todos me respondien de un golpe, y Matron los, manda ya a si ban a nido, mucho daño, en todos estos terrenos;

Yo te que quisiera sea saber q. el Rancho esta confirmado, para defendelo con mas fuerza, la Laura, yo en el momento, tomara mis prohibiciones.

no q. an: estoy componiendo el papel
(del tanto, alla me atropellan por a'
a qui' alla por a lli;

En fin escribeme alguna cosa
q. yo no se q. cosa debo aver; para
mi; no en cuentas otro me curso q.
de Mandarles a la autoridad, pero me
me contengo, mucho, por la confirmacion
del terreno, q. no esta echo,

te saluda conda y familia, mi;
mucha, a estado, un poco malo, pero pase
q. llaxta bastante, mejor

115A

Fu Ermano Jua

Juan F. Valljo

no se si dare otra vuelta a
to Juan^{ca} y es regular q. alla alla,

Copy of ...

M 107 5

D.º José de Ferrer Callejo

Comisión de ...

11511

José

246

CB 36 : 116

1853 - March 17
~~March 17~~

116

Mission San Diego March 17th 1853

My dear Mrs Cooper

Your communication by Mr Hamilton was received and we were much pleased to hear from you, but not satisfied with the information it contained. we had many questions to ask Mr H. about our friends in Monterey. You have no doubt heard from other sources how we are situated here, and I will not trouble you with particulars on that point. but I must say I do not like this place half so well as I did Mr. We have no society here & not such pleasant walks or rides as you have.

The country is nothing like so beautiful, no trees & but few flowers & they of the most common kind. The hills are all covered with cactus, & there is no fruit except a few Olives & pomgranites & we are not fond of them. so that if I had my choice I would very willingly exchange for Monterey again.

If I had not been so lazy and taken my husbands advice and commenced the study of the Spanish language when I first came to the country, I might possibly have succeeded at least sufficiently to have conversed in your language, and thus, our interview might have been more intimate and pleasant. but I did not expect to remain but a short time and thought it was not worth while to attempt it.

I can look back with much pleasure however to the two years I spent amongst you, and number yourself & daughter as my earliest friends. Indeed I have reason to remember a few of the Ladies with gratitude for kindness extended to me in sickness & trust I shall never forget it. The home all been very well since we came here. The children often complain of feeling they have no young companions or play mates.

Capt Brewster was out here to-day. He is looking very well I never saw him so fleshy. His family are also very well. Mrs Brewster's Mother has been with her all winter & now she has two Aunts staying for a short time. She can see her friend more frequently here than when she was North and of course is much pleased. I heard from my Mother two weeks ago. Her health is very delicate this winter, and I often fear I shall not see her again.

The Doctor and Anne send their expressions to yourself and Annite & say they hope you will write to us again soon. The O says tells us all about Monty we feel much interest in the friends we left - there and are happy to hear from them. There is Carmelita? & all the family are all loved her very much. Please give my love to Mrs Spence when you see her & tell her I often think of her kindness. I hope my dear friend you will excuse this hasty letter & write me a long answer by kindest regards to yourself & family. I would love very much to see you but cannot expect to do so soon. The next time I move I hope to go home or

116A

rather I mean to the States for where my husband is. That is home even if all other friends are wanting

Say to Annite I often look over the marriage notices in the San Francisco papers, expecting to see her name in the list, but have not yet discovered it. Remember us kindly to all our friends (Buenos noches) I remain

Your sincere friend

Yorck J King

116 B

Mrs Capt Cooper

San Francisco

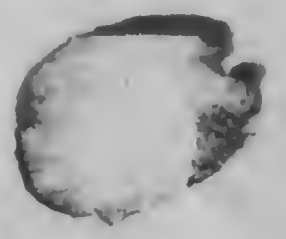
Ohio

250

Mr. Capt. J. Cooper
Monterey
California

1166

Woodruff -



Q-10 36117

1853 - March 30.

117

Metropolitan Hotel. March 30th 1853

Dear Brother

Since my last to you, we have sold for 19000⁰⁰ of our ten street dwelling house to Mr Wm H. Aspinwall. the furniture at Auction brought about 5000⁰⁰ cost me about 9000⁰⁰ the House with repairs cost the same it sold for. If I had had my way in 1830. on going to New York keeping in this city. I would have hired a well furnished house at 2000⁰⁰ a year for 4 or 5 years. the 28000⁰⁰ spent here in purchase, should have been put at 3 per cent. interest in Saut. this would have given some 11000⁰⁰ a year. my Wife could not understand this, or rather wished a House here of her own. her father desired to have more real estate here ~~as~~ but about the Wood exchange, if I could exchange, receive all back rents, returning those I need I should be content to pay 40,000⁰⁰. my motives were good to have property in N.Y. for my family in case of my death. my several small houses, gave me thro' my agent, no rents above interest of mortgages + expenses. I exchanged them for two large ones in 5th Avenue. under other mortgages, these I have now sold for 22,000⁰⁰ above the mortgages. this money I send to Saut. to be laid out. to produce rent. mine are becoming too low for my expenses.

The other real estate I have here is vacant lots up town, worth some \$45000 to \$45000. If I could sell them for their value, I should wish real estate had for two months been falling value. interest in Wall Street this month had been $\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent a month, its now easier. This great City, is outstriping all others in the Union. a 30 x 120 ^{or 125} ft lot corner of Broadway & Fulton Street, with house worth 20000 or a lap, which is to be torn away. this winter lease for 21 years at 14500 a year, & taxes. this at 5 per cent on the principal is equal to 230000 a lot. say 2 million for an acre of ground. The 6th & 8th Avenue rail tract cars now running from down to up town at 5 each. carry 10 to 12000 passengers each a day. they have about 20 cars each at 24 minutes going or coming. in June when the Crystal Palace, & the new Circus at Madison Square, are in full bloom. the 8th Ave. car may carry alone 16 to 18000 a day. Last Sunday they took 7000 running to 34th Street. to Chambers Street last month when in Boston I sent for Rogério. he was going to School in Saranville 10 to 20 miles out. he is very heavy large & stout. and little Oliver learns but a little. his disposition they say is mild & good. but inactive. out of play time Oliver has been again changed about. I now send

him to a School of 12. in Cambridge under Mr Ambrose Willington. his bent & inclination is drawing and building Boats. in Dec & Jan. I had him in a Surveyors office he began pretty well. but time out. he has a Carpenter, chest costing 750. this he uses, very well. I have now purchased one with a turning Lathe. for Frederic & Francis - who are under Eben & his wife in Washington - they are good Scholars, and learning well we think. Eben has been with Sarah out to ward. are again going to Nurses Keeping. Myself - Wife, Caroline, Alfred and Ellen the girl. have a Parlor & three rooms in the Metropolitan Hotel. at about 120 a week. for 2 months. I have had State rooms. thinking of starting for Cal. I now set down 20th of April. and think we shall then go on ward. my Wife still dislikes under the idea that Monterey can not be as it was - & that St. F. is bad to live in. she will find it a good place. my desires are very great to have her and our two youngest again in California. in this and next month. I think 5000 Passengers take the Steamers for Cal. say among them 500 Females - we have now via Aspinwall & Panama a weekly mail - and a Post since monthly one via Vera Cruz & Acapulco to San F. which is bound to go from N.O. to St. F. in 17 days - they will arrive July - my stay here has been caused by delays in disposing of

117A

real estate. am watching & attending to the sale
of my Acahu River grant, in London. where I
have an agent. he writes he has sold it to a Co
Called Acahu River gold & agriculture Co. for
100000 £. this payment will depend on the Co
selling the shares & my confirmation of letter. Still
the contract of my agent reads 100000 £. to me.
when the Co. shall have decided to put it on the
Capital. they pay me 100000 £ in shares -

The Company - of which I have nothing directly to do
with. I learn is thus. 150 000 Shares 2 £ each
10 £. ~~100~~ which is 300000 £. 150 000 of 100 000 £
to me. 100 000 £ for machinery - balance for cotton

Company men - you know all is not yet a that
quarters. The Capital being at Ponceña now
is a poor thing - this touches my pride as well
as my name. Mary Ann Parker - has Salvador
Valley & Manuel Bale. these you took would
I suppose. I take out these pictures - for their
mother. give my love to Encarnacion Juan Amalia
& ~~Amalia~~ Amalia & Rosalia of yours - hoping and
expecting to be in Montevideo in June - who collects
your Stamer Stock. Mr Hardy does not know I have
before this informed you of Uncle William's death. it was very
easy. is his wife as usual. You Observe

117C

Q 10 36 : 118 - 119

John P. R. Cooper Esq in a/c with Alpheus Hardy & Co

— Ant to Apl 1st —

Oct ^r 1	To pay ^g on a/c store 30 + 32 Cent St 5200 "		6 "	156 12
	" " recording Deed 4 }		"	"
	" mort. note 2 yrs for store int semi ann 4000		"	"
2	" Brouditch bike exam ^r title 25		5 " 30	75
5	" comms purchasing store 9200 at 1% 92		5 " 27	2 73
12	" int on store 7 yrs 48		5 " 20	1 36
Jan 31	" guitar for ^{miss} Ellen A Rogers 16		2 " 1	16
Mar 30	" comms on recpts 429.59 at 5% 21 50			

Cr

Oct ^r 1	By bal.	7060 31	6 "	211 80
23	" rent of store from 1 st to 20 th Oct from C Blakes	33 34	5 " 9	87
Jan 26	" rent Central St. ^{Strong 150} Robinson 246.25 being 1 yr in advance from Robinson	396 25	2 " 6	4 36
Mar 30	" bal int	55 91		55 91
"	" " a/c	1860 69		
		<u>9406 50</u>		<u>217 03</u>
		9406 50		217 03

March 30 To bal a/c cash Apr 1st 1860 69

CC

Boston March 30th 1853

Alpheus Hardy & Co

1853 - March 30.

John B. R. Cooper, Esq. in a/c "Trust" with Alpheus Hardy

1851 - Interest to Apl 1st -

June 14	To Wright, Jacobs & Deane bills	85 52	9 " 18	4 12
Aug 4	" H B Holmes "	46 50	7 " 28	2 17
"	" Rogerio exps to Newport	8 13	" "	" "
31	" " Andover	2 "	7 " 1	07
Sep. 13	" S H Taylors bill	24 35	6 " 19	78
20	" O Wright "	15 "	6 " 12	48
24	" Cash sent Rogerio	5 "	6 " 8	16
Oct 4	" " p ^d A Hardy sundry items	1 98	5 " 28	06
Nov 23	" H B Holmes bill	98 58	4 " 9	2 15
"	" Cash sent Rogerio	1 "	" "	" "
Dec 14	" O Wright bill	74 42	3 " 18	1 32
15	" Cash p ^d B. L. Northrup for Willis	100 "	3 " 17	1 78
Jan 18	" " "	100 "	2 " 14	1 23
Feb 1	" sundry postages	36	2 "	" "
8	" Cash p ^d Rogerio	2 "	1 " 24	" "
9	" " "	1 "	1 " 23	" "
Mar 29	" " Oct 14 + 19 '25	1 25	Oct 15 5 " 17	" "
" 30	" comms on pay ⁵ @ 5% \$67	28 35		
"	" bal a/c	1769 67		

Co.

May 23	By bal-	2151 87	10 " 9	110 83
Dec 9	" int on mortgage to Nov 23	75 "	3 " 23	1 40
Feb 12	" return from Mr Northrup	40 "	1 " 20	33
"	" bal int	98 24		
		2365 11		112 56 112 56

Mar 30 By bal a/c due Apl 1 1769 67

A 118

C. C. Boston March 30 - 1853

Alpheus Hardy & Co

Dear Sir

The Trust a/c. you will notice, from these accounts stands thus.

Due you Cash on hand April 1 st	\$ 1769.67
Mortgage investment	2500

\$ 4269.67

And on General a/c, including the note for new store

Due us \$ 1860.69.

Yours Resp^{ly}. Alpheus Hardy

\$2000 to be received from the Steam Ship Company this week & added to the above

C.B. 36', 120

5
March

5th

1853 - March 21.

120

I could get \$15000 for the Lot you bought of Lick. Leonard says that you agreed to pay this year's tax on it is this so? Please answer by return mail as there is nothing said about it in the Deed he will have to pay them unless you agreed to. Mr Hobson formed a co-partnership with the firm I wrote you about in my last I loaned him on your acc^t \$300. ²⁵ that being the most he wished to make up \$2000. I took his note for it there are three other partners each having the same amt of capital. I think his prospects very good. You will see by the papers I send that this State has gone for Pierce as anticipated but nearly every Whig Officer in this City is elected although by very small majorities Judge Lake having but 20 votes who is in the same Office with W. H. Hunt was his opponent for McCaughey the newly elected Member of Congress is one of the Stockholders of the Deming & Mayville R. Road & will try and get an appropriation from Congress to help construct it Henry A. Deed was sent to jail a few days ago for contempt of Court in refusing to answer questions put to him by Dennis Langens in relation to their accounts. I think the new City Council will act favorably on the petition to open Merchant St. it has already been presented to them. Nothing more has been done with Potter in relation to the grading contract. I think after he has got Market St. graded to the Plant Road I shall see Cunningham and tell him how the case

stands and then can probably bring him to terms but
if I say anything to him more it may prevent his
continuing his operations on Market St. I am writing
the first part of this letter I have offered eight thou-
sand Dollars for the southerly half of your Lot on
Stoutton Street of course the other half is worth is
worth much more having buildings on it and being
on a corner. There was a fire in this City last Tues-
day night the 9th Inst but there being but little wind
and the buildings being damp by the recent rains it
did not spread much compared with the other fires
I signed a petition yesterday for the Common Council
to prohibit the erection of any wooden buildings between
Hearney Battery, Broadway & California Streets if it
passes it will be a great benefit to the City
I send you a paper giving an account of the fire
also a view of the fire in Sacramento & in this City
Gen. Howard goes home with his wife the 16th in
the Golden Gate Mr Randlett called here day before yes-
terday he is the Architect appointed by the Secretary
of the Treasury to report a suitable location for the
Mint and arrange the plans. He thinks favorably of
Market Street and would I think recommend Jones
& Belden's 100 Van Ness Lot No 20, if you would make
it an object as the Custom House is at one end
of the City the Mint should be at the other.

I have written to DeSelling & Wyler that I

259

would forward them the items of your Treasury claim
if they can be found. I loaned Mr J. Cooper \$200 on
his Note Capt. C. loaned him \$50. He intends to go to the
northern mines as the climate here does not agree with him
I have received from different parts of the State
\$1064.63 being amt recd at the Polls for the Wash-
ington Monument I think there has been as much
more collected that has not been forwarded to me
I shall acknowledge the receipt of the same through
the papers. Should remind the Am's to Washington
by this mail but I wish first to get the whole
amt collected throughout the State & also to see
Mr Fall try to get some from him. He was
at Sacramento at the time of the fire & got badly
burned, his bondsman was burned out but I
learn is still responsible. I should have taken
measures to collect the Am's due before this had
the fire not occurred at Sac. City as it is I shall
see to it before Dec 1st. It has been raining here
for the last two days.

I remain very respectfully

Wm. C. C. 1208

260

120A

William D. Barnes
March 1853

Childs Farm

1200

1200

Q10 36 : 124

1853 - Apr 2.
minu

121

Don D^{no} José G. Balboa

Santa Cruz.

Abril 2 de 1853

Mision de S. Jose

Mi inolvidable Señor y amigo,

Por la presente tengo el gusto de saludarle y darle parte de su negocio,

Hasen algunos dias, que dije a V que iba a llevar la madera, pero la desgracia nos apesigue.

Despues de haber berrido todo los demas obstaculos, para sacar la madera del molino, y ponerla en la platta, que ha la tengo lista, y sinrrejo el que menor, del mes,

Haora estoi vataallando, con el capiton que me esta en tratamiento para cargar, por que es mi nester, rogar, y tolerar a esta clase de personas como son los marinos, y en este pais

Pero Sr no tenga V. cuidado que no me mebara de a qui, mientras no lleque con la madera a su platta,

sin que V. diere gastos y adelantante todo lo que pueda en este negocio

sin mas mande a su amigo, y pongalo a disposio de su Señora y de mos familia a su afectisimo Y S^{ta} J. B. B. Pedro Loza

1214
Señor Don José G. Vallejo

Mision S. José

262

C-10 36;122

1853 - Apr. 6.

For D.^o J. de Jesus Vallejo

1^o Calletano, 6 de Abril de

1853

Mi estimado Sr. Mananimo
voy a dar rodeo en tu Rancho
para entregarle a For Jose
M^o Cota, el ganado y, medidas
tambien voy a Bendon, 50 Ma-
cas-29-panidas, y 29- sin panis
el dinero, me lo van a entre-
gar ala Buetta de 1^o Fran
el a Credor, Es D.^o Estanislao
Enander, las fie por dar,
masones, en 1^o lugar por q.
tengo confianza del sujeto
y en segundo lugar por

q. Natron, cá' a echar fuera
el ganado segun medisen, el
sexo, mañana lo pega a la Laguna,
mas nose, cual sera' el Resultado
de todo esto;

Entregue a D. Pedro Laro, los
dos mil pesos, q. medijites, y mas
el preuio, al cable de tu Carta
la misma q. con esto en ~~tu poder~~

122A

Otra cosa, si al q. te
voy a fiar tus Bajas, Buelbe
punto como me promete, creo
q. lla habra bastante, y Dios
Quiera q. no me balla a

264

Claban una Banderilla, como las
q. yo e llebado, con mi mismo
ganado, por donde se diente
y mi encondio; pero, la Banderilla,
~~pero~~ si el golpe, me lo-
dan, tu no perderas nada y o
lo voy a su fin, si asi suere;

Tu sexo pronto
sedara principio, y no se cierto
cual sera el Beramhe q. haya

te habra con todo y
familia, y te ereo, salud y
felicidad;

122C

tu hermano

Juan F. Vallejo

265

C-B 36: 123

1853 - Aj. 7.

Copia.

123

Por Fernando y Compañía

Suplico a V. se sirva entregar a
Don Pedro Caro, o a su orden la madera de
una y media pulgada, sobre la cual hemos
recibido a Cja la suma de seiscientos pesos, y
sobre el dinero restante, deberán V. deslin-
do percibiendo a medida que vayan entre-
gando la madera, y no siendo así no de-
jarem V. des de la madera de la Playa
De V. des nuestro servidor -

Plasencia y Compañía

Prinon Abril 7 de 1853 -

Aceptada la entrega de la madera a la
onilla del Molino -

Hecho en Autos el 8 de Abril
de 1853 -

Villatez

Vital F. Viques y Compañía

1-10 36:124

1853 - Apr. 7.
1853

124

Tomar de Abril de 1853

Señor Don Jose de J. Vallejo

Estimado Sr. no entregue a Señor Jose
M. Cota, los ochenta y tres, do-
billon, y me ordenaste, y si
mas q. hay te a de entregar el
dinero

U. Sr. no

Juan A. Vallejo

Al Sr

D.º Sr de Jesus Valles

Comision de ⁴⁴²¹ f.º

Jose

265

CB 36: 125-6-127

1853 - Apr. 9.

126

Mr. Langlois. Cuando Sr. J. Vallega, hizo contrato con el primer cura antes de esta misión, antes del Sr. Peñabaz. una suma de dinero por el arriendo de los Cuartos q. hoy ocupa el director, D. lo dio por mal hecho, y quedó pendiente el arriendo hasta la venida del Sr. Obispo. y Hareptado que fué este asunto con el mismo Sr. Obispo. Quedó por bien hecho el arriendo, y el mismo Sr. que hizo su anterior de D. como cura q. fué de esta Parroquia, y tubo facultad p.ª de ejecutarlo. por cuya razón el mismo Sr. Estendó un recibo de su misma mano y letra, que se está en mi poder.

Y en este interbalo de tiempo, vino el director a esta misión, y D. mismo, le dio pacífica posesión de los Cuartos que ocupan hoy.

Y por estas tan fundadas razones, como con D. mismo lo proba; soy de parecer. que antes el Sr. Obispo no me dirija directamente una comunicación relativa a mi contrato no puedo tomar medidas p.ª la desocupación de los repetidos Cuartos = de D. Sr. Apdo. J. J. Vallega
Misión de San José Abil 9. de 1853.

269

1853 - Apr. 7
Al Sr D. J. de Jesus Callejo
Presente

Señor Mico,

125

La comunicacion de que yo he
hablado con V. es para informarle a V., como yo le ago ahora,
que, segun las disposiciones del Sr. Obispo, y el
entendimiento que V. tubo con El, tocante la ocupacion
de los Cuartos de esta Mision por su Maestro de Escla.
de V. El Dho Sr. Obispo necesitara dichos Cuartos dentro de dos
meses de ahora, es a decir en los primeros dias de junio.

Con respeto & consideracion, Soy Sr. D. Sr.

A. Langlois P^{ro}

Mision de San Jose
Abril 7 de 1853

270

0-13 36 : 128

1853. Apr 16.
Munich

128

I know all men by these presents that I Allan Phillips of the County of Contra Costa & State of California have this day bargained and sold and by these presents do bargain and sell to Joseph Combs of the County and State aforesaid all my right title and interest in and to the following described lot or parcel of land - for the sum of four thousand five hundred dollars to me in hand paid the receipt whereof I do hereby acknowledge - to wit all that lot of land lying and being situated in the south-easterly part of Contra Costa County, and State of California, and bounded as follows - to wit - Beginning at the upper extremity of lands enclosed and occupied by J. J. Vallejo and Jacob Henson, on the bank of the Arroyo Alameda in said County, at a red wood post, and running north one half mile to a red wood stake, thence east one half mile to a red wood post, thence south one half a mile to a red wood stake on or near the bank of the Alameda, thence meandering with the said Alameda westerly to the place of beginning, to have and to hold the same to him the said Combs forever - together with all improvements and hereditaments thereto annexed or in any-wise appertaining and also one half of all the crops

now growing upon said premises.
 The other half being the property of
 S. P. Gates - the said crop consists of
 wheat, barley, oats and potatoes. The
 said Combs to have immediate
 possession in case it is desired,
 allowing the said Gates to gather
 his portion of the crop. It
 is also expressly understood that no
 words contained in the foregoing
 instrument shall be construed into
 a ~~foregoing~~ warranty deed. As-
 witness my hand and seal this 16th
 day of April A. D. 1853.

Allen Phillips

Allest Liberty Perham

State of California }
 Santa Clara County } S.S.

On this 16th day of April A. D. 1853,
 before me personally came Allen Phillips, to me known to be
 the individual described in, and who executed the above
 instrument, and acknowledged that he executed the same,
 for the purposes therein mentioned.

Ed. B. 128A

A. M. Church }
 Not. Public }
 for Santa Clara Co }

C-B 36:129

1853 - Apr 28.
Misión de San José

129

Aviso Abril 28 de 1853

Señor D. José Jesus Vallejo
Misión de San José

Querido Señor y amigo

Hasta la fecha no me he marchado para Santa Cruz tan pronto como prometí a V., calculando la demora que haya sufrido el acarreo de la madera a la playa con la pasada creciente de los arroyos y descomposturas consiguiente de los caminos; mas ahora que hemos tenido alguna bonanza, y que me figura que estará bajada, he tenido por conveniente dirigirme a V. con el objeto de que V. me haga el gusto de mandarme con el portador de ésta, que lo es D. Nicolás Chavarria una carta recomendación para su

Hermano en Santa Cruz para que yo pueda percibir el dinero que necesite para pagar dicha madera y proceder a su inmediato embarque; En esta virtud espero las ordenes de V. para salir con el objeto expresado.

Con este motivo tengo el gusto ofrecerme a V. y su familia como siempre mis respetos quedando a su disposición su atento amigo y

S. S. J. B. S. N.

Pedro Lugo

274

1821
Sr Don Jose Vallejo

Mision de San Jose

245

CP 36 : 130

1853 - May 10.

130 Co

Dr

3	J. A. Jackway	70.13
5	G. Allen	98.00
	J. Wilson on the plains	5.75
7	A. Marshall	120.50
9	Ezra Smith	3.99
11	James A. Magnard	2.50
	R. Horner	3.75
	Harris	2.50
13	John Murray	50.25
15	H. Cornell	3.25
17	Hudley	6.00
	James Smith	6.50
19	E. Hunting	48.00
21	L. Kimball	8.00
25	W. Pratt	4.00
	Paterson	11.22
	Wm R. Dopers	3.00
29	Chaney Cornell	28.75
31	A. H. Broder	25.59
	J. Gates	2.25
	D. Estrels	1.00
33	K. Garrabrant	20.25
35	H. Cackrefair	8.50
39	Thomas Hawley	15.50
41	J. A. Gear	82.34
42	James Holland	3.50
45	Ch. Leer	26.50
	Estate of James Welsh	50.00
47	Wm. Leach	30.25
	Wm. Vois	7.00
49	E. A. Morehouse	2.25
51	J. J. Vallejo	235.48
53	J. J. Vallejo & J. A. Waldie	222.25
55	D. Harris	4.25
	Prifogal	1.50
	A. Hall	2.00
	Baty	1.00
57	Chs. W. Gleason	17.25
59	Henry Ladd	1.00
61	John H. Wilson	2.62
63	Ira Merrill	1.00
65	Jas. White	21.00
67	A. H. Church	7.50
69	Wm H. Dorris	21.50
71	J. Canfield	4.50
73	Edward McPheters	6.00
75	Jas A. Bryan	2.00
	Coombs	20.00
	Walter	12.00
	Mail Carries	2.50
	Wimer	11.50
77	Wm Coons	1.50
	E. H. Penoyer	7.00
	J. Moore	21.60
79	John Pemick	6.50
	Pacheco Banal	5.00
	Brought forward	1407.47

2	W. D. Butts	119.87
24	J. A. Waldie	79.47
26	Jacob. Hanson	23.65
38	W. H. Walker	165.22
72	R. Simpson	55.54
		<u>443.75</u>

J. E. & O.
 Mission San Jose 10th May 1853
 H. A.

1853 - May 10.

J. S.

	Brought over	\$ 1407 47
79	Ham. Smiths	15.00
	Hill	4 25
	J. Wright	7.50
81	C. E. Tracy Surgeon	17.00
	Adolphe	20.50
84	James Stewart	12.50
	Camerstock	49.25
	J. Prannon	25.37
86	C. H. Cole	77 74
	Thomas Smith	52 36
87	John Smith	10.75
89	Edmonson	11.87
92	C. Gage	20 36
	Barnes	8.75
93	N. Cole	36.62
	A. Prader & Smith	14.80
95	D. H. James	1.50
97	A. Ringold	2.75
	Olley Stephenson	.75
99	D. Goucher	2.00
	E. L. Beard	12.00
101	H. K. W. Clarke	2.75
	Hus Bourneon	7.00
103	J. M. Combs	3.00
	130A	1823 74

C. & O. E.
Missive San Jose 10 May 1853.

[Signature]

①-② 36 : 131

1853-May 12.

131

Captaine Cooper

Ponterey

Sir

After a lapse of two years I take the liberty to give you some news: after I proposed myself to write to you but not knowing any other language but my own (French) I feared that I could not express myself well enough to be understood.

Please tell Miss Clinta that now I am speaking Spanish and I trust that our conversation might be a little more interesting; now than when I had the pleasure of being in the midst of your honorable family.

After having passed 20 months here in a respectable house (M^r and M^{rs} M^r Magendin) merchant I established myself with an other lady in the dress making thinking to do better and hoping that we should agree in our ideas, the first I could do but what regards the second, the tastes and manners of my partner dont agree with mine, now over I am obliged to preserve

my good reputation and you know Sir that there
are two things only people will always have
to say something to be safe of Critique and
not to be exposed any more to persecutions I
permitted myself to say to you if there
should be any possibility to enter in your
honorable family again, the entering of your house
particularly opens me the best place to sustain
my character which is all I possess and which
I am decided to keep, as probably it will
sooner or later decide upon my position.

I don't know how long time I shall remain
with you, if you will be kind enough as to
admit me again under the same conditions as
before perhaps only a few months and perhaps
for a long time.

Exposed as I am, and depending only upon
myself I should feel happy to be again
admitted in such a honorable family the
only place where a young lady can be.

Please dear Sir to inform me by the
first opportunity about your dispositions towards
me and about those of your lady and daughter
daughter.

Your decision may for a good deal
decide over my future situation at all events please
let me hear of you and you will confer great

Yours on

your respectfully

Eugenie Delille

Please direct me by Adams and Co. Exports.

Stockton.

Stockton 13 mai 1863.

the only sincere or disinterested friend I have
had so kind to translate my french letter in
English the language itself I understand and
I speak pretty well.

131B

my good reputation and you know Sir that while
an too thin only people will always have
to say something to be safe of Critique and
not to be exposed any more to persecutions I
permitt myself to say to you if there
should be any possibility to enter in your
honorable family again, the entry of your house
particularly open me the best place to sustain
my character which is all I profess and which
I am decided to keep, as probably it will
sooner or later decide upon my position.

I dont know how long time I shall remain
with you, if you will be kind enough as to
admitt me again under the same conditions as
before perhaps only a few months and perhaps
for a long time.

Surprised as I am, and depending only upon
myself I should feel happy to be again
admitted in such a honorable family the
only place where a young man can be.

Please dear Sir to inform me by the
first opportunity about your dispositions towards
me and about those of your Son and daughter
Daughters.

Your decision may for a good deal
decide our my future situation at all events please
let me hear of you and you will confer great

Yours on

your respectfully

Auguste Delaunay

Please address me by Deland and Co. Clermont.

Stoetou.

Stoetou 13 mai 1853.

the only sincere or disinterested friend I have
had so kind to translate my french letter in
English the language itself I understand and
I speak pretty well.

131B

188
Dona Wem this Touch

7

0-13 36 : 132

1853 - May 14.
Munich

132

Alvise Mayo 14 de 1853

Ser. Sr. Jose G Vallejo

Mision de San Jose

Mi Sr mio

El objeto de la presente es adjuntarle una
corta que me recomendo su hermano Sr Juan A Vallejo
y avisar a V. que entoo esta semana que va adentro
tendra la madera en su casa pues acaba de llegar
de San Francisco a mandar el buque que poi dia
salio, de San Francisco a Santa Cruz a tomar la
dicha madera,

La libranza que V. medio para su
hermano, tome el dinero a su debido tiempo, la
su ma de (\$2,000) pesos, que no dare cuenta tampoco
to, que este ratificado nuestro negocio

sin ^{mas} quedo de V. como siempre por
su mas atento y S

J. B. S. M.

Pedro Lopez

Se Sirbase ponerme alas ordenes de su seño
ra y familia Vte

Señor D. José F. Vallejo. 4231

Mision de San José

282

CB 36:133

1853 May 16.

133

Monteney 16 de Mayo de 1853

Señor D.^{no} J. De Jesus Vallejo

Estimado Mariano; me queda de la cuenta de tu
dinero, 864 \$ para pagar la primera milla de tu
serro; matron parece q. no tumbara el serro
lo q. si el trabaja mucho con el fin de
arrestar, todo el daño posible. Digo esto por
se que abendido tierras de sus tullas a otros
americanos; mas la verdad yo no tate bien,
pero paso a credito por q. el cuento, anda,
muy fuerte.

Ola yo comense a prentar terrenos
no se como me hira, con mis negocios yo
nunca entrado en este giro, por q.
nunca me a cuadrado, andar en bullas, pero
Dios me saque con bien.

mi madre buena y te saluda con
todo y amor
283 J. A. Vallejo

184

133A

M. Sor

5

D.^o Jose De Perar Salgado, Comision



De

S.^o Jose

CB 36 : 134

May 17/53

1853 - May 17
Chapter 170

134

An Act

entitled, an act to prevent persons from enticing Seamen to desert.

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Enticing Seamen
Prohibited

Section 1. If any person or persons shall entice any seaman to desert from any vessel, belonging to any Citizen or Citizens of the United States, or of any foreign country, while lying within the waters of this State, and on board of which said Seaman shall have shipped for a term or voyage unexpired at the time of such enticement, such person or persons so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be sentenced for the first offence, to imprisonment in the County Jail not less than two months, nor more than six months, and to a fine not less than fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars; and for each subsequent offence, to imprisonment not less than six months nor more than two years, and a fine not less than five hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand.

Punalty for
Violating this
act

First offence

Subsequent
offences

Punalty for
harboring or

Sec. 2. Any person or persons who shall harbor or secrete any sea-

Seventing Seavting
Seaman

Penalty

man shipped as aforesaid, know-
ing him to be so shipped and
with a view to persuade or en-
=able said Seaman to desert, shall
be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor,
and punished as provided in the
first Section of this Act.

Approved May 17th 1853.

134A

Chapter 130

An act
entitled an act
to prevent persons
from enticing sea-
men to desert.

134B

287

CB 36 : 135

1853 - May 18.

135

Madera contratada por D. Pedro Lazo
Segun consta por una contrata fecha 29. de Abril
de 1852.

50.000. pies de tabla de una y media pul-
gadas a razon de 48. p. mil piec \$ 2.400.

Por el flete de embarcacion a 15. p. mil. " 750

son \$ 3.150

terzo Pagados 2000. p. 1^o ----- 2000.

+ 2950

Por Acciones al Embarcadero 2^o ----- " 250

resto \$ 0.200

Por la contrata segun consta 3^o ----- " 700

son \$ 2.950

Minion de San José Mayo 18. de 1853

J. J. Vallejo

Cuenta Harrietta

135A

0-B 36 : 136

1853 - May 18.

136

Papio Santa Cruz City May 18th 1853

Don Juan Antonio Vallejo

Sir

You informed me a few days since you were the Agent of your Brother Jesus Vallejo empowered by him to build a fence through my field on the Rancho Balsa de San Crystano. You are hereby notified to desist from the same and further notified if you persist in making said fence I thereby lose no opinion and that I will treat the fence built as my own, control it and permit no interference by you or Brother with it

Respectfully

Yours

Jno W Watson

290

Don Juan Antonio Calleja
Rancho Balsa de San Cayetano
Cala

136A

C-B 36: 137

1853 - May 27.
~~1853~~

137

San Francisco, May 27th 1853.

Dear Captain,

Thinking you would not leave till Thursday I went on Wednesday to the Niphanitic to give you the promised letter; but having then been informed that you had already left for Monterey, I take pleasure in sending you that letter.

Hoping your family well, and requesting you to give the accompanying prayer book to your good lady, I am sincerely

Your M^t & O^bd^t servant

Joseph S. Alley.

Op. of Monterey Cal.

Letters 1847 May 26
J. O. Larkin
137 A

0-B 36 ; 138

1853 - May 28.
138

San Francisco May 28/53

Dear Capt.

Mr. Larkin desires me to write you in relation to your Cousin Amos Cooper. He is very anxious to go home and says that for \$250. he can pay all his debts here and get a ticket through to New York. Mr. Larkin is willing to pay one half (that is \$125;) if you will pay the other \$125; he also says that if you have not the money on hand he will advance the whole sum if you will agree to pay half when you are in funds. if you decide to do it (and I think that will be best way to do so as not to be troubled any more with him) please write to that effect by return mail a post and enclose your due bill for the amt 125.

Capt. J. R. Cooper

Very truly yours

Wm. C. Caine

per "Sea Bird"

293

1384
Capt. John B. R. Cooper
Monterey
Calif.

per J. Larned May 18-

C.B. 36 : 139

1853. June 5th
1853

139

San Francisco June 5th 1853

My dear Sir;

You will greatly oblige me, if you will, call on Mr Volpey, and tell him that; I should like very much if he will make a proposition to me in regard to the portion of my wife's right in the estate, of her grand parent, by right of her mother, I am anxious to hear from him and to know what he will do; and how much he will give for it, and on what condition he will consent, his only attention to this is requested, - We are all well & send our respects to all the family, I will be glad to hear from you by the earliest opportunity.

Yours truly
W. L. Bluntman

~~No~~ G. C. Plant... m.
139A

04B 36:140

1853 - June 7

140

Sancti del mes Junio 7 de 1853

Señor Don Juan B. R. Cooper

Muy Sr. mio que aprecio

al Sr. Juan desgranadamente a estado
este mes para ir a quien en este
momento que se me quebrado mi hermano
y su hijo y un hijo mio los dos quebrado
de la pierna.

por lo que me obliga molestar a Ud con
un quindal de Arinas y Cuatro libras Cafe
pues puede Ud poner su importe a la
Cuenta y agradecer mucho a Ud.
y si se está o cuando queda en su poder
me a tanto P. del. n.

Manuel Smith

295

June 1st - 1883 - order
Manuel Smith del. Sud.

140A



1883

Juan B. R. Cooper

Montemorelos

LB 36: 141

1853 - June 9.
Jno

141

Calcutta 9 de Junio de 1853 -

Sr D. Jose de Jesus Vallejo

Estimado Sr. no cuando tu llegues a America, no
arde conocer tu Plancho, nation ya esta
mentando, mas terrenos, y tambien, ya se
estan levantando caritas, por todo el llano
hasta ahora, hay cuatro, y creo bien q.
dentro, de dos meses, mas abra una portion
por q. el subdicho, asi me lo a anunciado.

No se Jose de Jesus; cual es el
modo de este derentase, nose como, podremo
conseguir una propiedad perfecta, entre
estos Americanos, muy apurados, creo q. nos
camos a Mexico para q. nuestro Espiritu,
viva, quieto, tienen estos nombres, una fie-
bre, en la cabeza, q. no la pueden sufrir sino
es tomando un pedazo de tierra, indicado
por uno de sus profetas; En fin es todo
lo q. hay de nuevo para a qui; tus exadens
ahora luego pienso comenzarlos, no mas, le-
ba a medio para para el local;

tu Sr. Juan A. Vallejo

Dime algo de lo que te dije

Matson

M Por

5

D.º Sr. Jose De Jesus Vallejo

Comision de Sr

1414

Jose

297



C-13 36 :142

1853 - July 3.
~~minimum~~

142

Mision de San Jose July 3rd 1853
This is to certify, that at the time
the crop was gathered at the Embarga-
das there was six and a half tons
of Barley coming to J J Vallago
and five hundred sacks of Potatoes
out of which he was to pay his
share of the Expenses

R. S. Farrelly

Due Mision de San Jose July 3rd 1853
Due J J Vallago for eight
Cows

R. S. Farrelly

Septiembre de
Roberto J. J. 1427

Q-B 36 : 143

1853 - July 4.
Munich

143

por Don Jose J. Vallejo

Aviso Julio 4, de 1853

Minolvidable Señor y amigo

En este momento me marcho
para San Francisco a recibir la maestra
y estará en su plaza en cuatro dias mas
y contare toda la y toria de dicha,

Por la presente tengo el gus
to de recomendarle al portador que
busca trabajo, tiene la mejor recomendasi
con, que es mi nombre de bien y buen
trabajador, y creo de que si habiere lugar
le ocupen, que lo le sera muy obligao.

Sin mas, que esto manisa
su afectisimo y S^{to}

J. B. S. M.

Pedro Lugo

José Tomás Vallejo

M^o de San José
1834

300

OB 36:144

1853 - July 5.
~~minim~~

144

San Francisco July 5. 1853

Dear Brother

By the papers you will see how & what was done on the 4th Major Gen. Sutter took a very well. my wife has been every day well. Since we began house keeping. is improving in strength. Mr O'Neal wished me to purchase his grey Horse at 400\$. I told him I wanted a Horse. but for two months was unprepared to take care of one, for 100\$ I can keep him in a stable. If he will sell his horse for 300\$ I wish you to purchase him for me. providing the animal is all right. asking Messrs Spence. Curtis or Briggs to cash your draft at sight on me for the 300\$. I like the tameness of this Grey - but not his colour. which after a ride always looks dirty. and runs neat. he will do for a time until I can suit myself. Mr O'Neal may think I offer too low - I give my reasons. If you purchase I will allow 25\$ to deliver him here in any public stable. if you yet travel a horse back. perhaps you can bring him up. the 25\$ will pay a passage back. whenever you happen to come here in the stage. get out at one hour. near & north of the toll gate. where George

Howard Wood.

1444

Give my love to the family
Yrs Oliver

J O Lawrence

302

CUB 36 :145

1853 - July 7th

145

San Francisco, July 7th. 1853

SIR:—

I have been instructed by the Recording Secretary of the SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA PIONEERS, to notify you that the Society has been fully organized under the Constitution, by the election of the following Officers:—

For San Francisco, - - - - -	SAMUEL BRANNAN, - - - - -	President.	
	THOMAS O. LARKIN, - - - - -	} Vice Presidents.	Bancroft Library
	JACOB R. SNYDER, - - - - -		
	BENJAMIN S. LIPPINCOTT, - - - - -	Recording Secretary.	
	JAMES C. LOW, - - - - -	Assistant do.	
	SELM E. WOODWORTH, - - - - -	Corresponding Secretary.	
	G. FRANK LEMON, - - - - -	} Assistant do.	
	CHARLES G. SCOTT, - - - - -		
	EDWARD A. KING, - - - - -	Treasurer.	
	CAPT. W. T. SHERMAN, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Sonoma, - - - - -	GEN'L M. G. VALLEJO, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	L. W. BOGGS, - - - - -	Vice President	
San Joaquin, - - - - -	CHARLES M. WEBER, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	NELSON TAYLOR, - - - - -	Vice President.	
San Jose, - - - - -	JOSIAH BELDEN, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	JOHN MURPHY, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Colusi, - - - - -	ROBERT SEMPLE, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	CAPT. FORD, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Upper Sacramento, - - - - -	P. B. REDDING, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	CAPT. SWIFT, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Feather River, - - - - -	GEN'L. JOHN A. SUTTER, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	JOHN BIDWELL, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Benicia, - - - - -	EDWARD L. STETSON, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	CAPT. VON PHISTER, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Santa Cruz, - - - - -	WILLIAM BLACKBURN, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	T. R. PER. LEE, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Monterey, - - - - -	JACOB P. LEESE, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	W E P. HARTNELL, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Santa Barbara, - - - - -	A. B. THOMPSON, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	JOHN KEYS, - - - - -	Vice President.	
Los Angeles, - - - - -	B. D. WILSON, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	ABEL STEARNS, - - - - -	Vice President.	
San Diego, - - - - -	JUAN BANDINI, - - - - -	Secretary.	
	J. J. WARNER, - - - - -		

Lower Concern

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

For San Francisco, - - - - -	CHARLES G. SCOTT,	EDWARD A. KING,	H. W. HALLECK,
	HENRY GERKEE,	LEWIS McLEAN,	H. I. FORD,
	J. M. HUXLEY,	E. C. KEMBLE,	W. S. CLARK,
	CHARLES L. ROSS,	JAMES C. WARD,	A. J. GRAYSON.
Sacramento, - - - - -	SAMUEL NORRIS,		
Santa Cruz, - - - - -	MAJOR GRAHAM,		
San Jose, - - - - -	WILLIAM BASHAM,		
Benicia, - - - - -	JOHN B. FRISBIE,		
Stockton, - - - - -	J. E. NUTMAN,		
Nappa Valley, - - - - -	JOSEPH P. THOMPSON,		
Martinez, - - - - -	JOHN MARSH,		
Alameda, - - - - -	HENRY SMITH,		
Los Angeles, - - - - -	B. D. WILSON,		
San Diego, - - - - -	W. H. DAVIS,		
Monterey, - - - - -	J. B. R. COOPER,		
Tuolumne, - - - - -	H. W. THEALL,		

I am further instructed to notify you that the Society will celebrate the Anniversary of the admission of this State into the Union on the 9th day of September next in this City.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

Your Obedient Servant,

G. FRANK LEMON,

Cor. Secretary Soc. Cal. Pioneers.

303

145

Early Printing

CB 36 : 146

1853 - July 22nd

146

Received of Senior Jose de Jesus
Ballejo the sum of Five
Hundred — Dollars as
Retainer fee in case to be
instituted of said Ballejo against
John H. Watson for recovery of
that portion of Rancho in
Property known as
San Cayetano now in possession
of said Watson, and we agree
to institute & prosecute said suit
both in the District Superior
Courts (if the same should be
appealed) for the sum of One
Thousand Dollars (including
the sum above receipted) which
sum shall be in full for
our services as Attorneys, unless
the suit should be decided in
favor of said Ballejo, and said
Watson be wholly ejected from
said Rancho, in which case
Ballejo is to pay to us the
Additional sum of one
Thousand dollars.

Yours for us and
22 July — 1853.

Campbell Taylor & Beck
304

No 14

CB 36: 147

1853 - July 26.
147

En el nombre de Dios Todo Poderoso, Amen.

Yo Maria Antonia Lugo de Vallejo, natural del Estado de California, hallandome por la misericordia de Dios, sana y en el completo ejercicio de mis potencias, ordeno este mi ultimo Testamento en los terminos siguientes:

Primeramente, Encomiendo mi alma a mi Criador, y mi cuerpo a la tierra de que fue hecho; encargando a mi amado hijo Juan Antonio, que a mi muerte corra con mi entierro de la manera que a el mejor le parezca, con tal que todo se haga conforme a los ritos de nuestra Santa Iglesia, Catolica, Apostolica, Romana en cuya fe he vivido y protesto morir.

Segundo. Declaro haber sido casada con el finado Sr. Ygnacio Vallejo, de cuyo matrimonio tuvimos los siguientes hijos; a saber, Ysidora, Maria Josefa, Ygnacio, Jose de Jesus, Magdalena, Juana, Pudentina, Mariano Guadalupe, Encarnacion, Rosalia, Salvador, Maria de Jesus y Juan Antonio.

Tercero. En razon de no saber a punto fijo la extension de terreno que me corresponde en el Rancho de San Cayetano en el Condado de Monterey, ni tampoco el numero y clase de bienes semovientes que de mi pertenencia existen dentro y fuera de dicho rancho, no los especifico en este testamento, pero quiero y es mi decidida y expresa voluntad, que todos mis bienes de cualquier clase que sean, ya consistan en bienes raices o semovientes, o bien en derechos, titulos o acciones, presentes y futuros, todos pasen integros a mis hijos Juan Antonio y Maria de Jesus, a los cuales declaro por mis unicos y universales herederos, en los terminos que en la clausula siguiente expresare. Al designar a estos dos hijos, por mis unicos herederos, espero y confio que mis

Testamento de Maria Antonia Lugo de Vallejo
Julio 26 de 1853.

otros hijos en manera alguna interpreten esta preferencia como motivada por mayor predilección, pues mi amor de madre se extiende igualmente a todos ellos; sino que tan solo he sido impulsada a ello, por conocer que todos los demás se hallan mas que medianamente dotados de bienes de fortuna, y tambien para manifestar de esta manera especial, mi particular reconocimiento de gratitud a mi hijo Juan Antonio, por haber sido el que en mi avanzada vejez, cuidó de mis intereses (con perjuicio sin duda de los suyos) y muy especialmente de mi persona. Y en cuanto a mi hija Maria de Jesus, por considerarla enteramente dependiente de mi auxilio y casi en el estado de tutela.

Cuarto. Declaro como llevo dicho en la clausula anterior, por mis unicos herederos a mis hijos Juan Antonio y Maria de Jesus, siendo exclusivamente para el primero, todos mis bienes raíces de cualquier clase que sean, estén o no especificados en este testamento, y ademas todos los bienes semovientes de toda especie, derechos, títulos o acciones presentes y futuros que a mi muerte me pertenezcan, mas con la precisa obligacion de que mientras mi hija Maria de Jesus se mantenga soltera y a su lado, la mantenga, en todo de una manera decente, y si ella llegare a tomar estado, o rehusare absolutamente permanecer en su compañía, en tal caso le dara la cuarta parte del ganado vacuno que de mi propiedad exista al tiempo de mi fallecimiento.

Quinto. Para llevar a efecto esta mi ultima voluntad, nombro por mi unico albacea al dicho mi hijo Juan Antonio, quien mercedome entera confianza, lo relevo de toda fianza a otra cualquiera traba que la ley exija, y yo pueda relevar, pues es mi expresa y decidida voluntad que desde el momento de mi fallecimiento, entre en el desempeño de su albaceazgo y goce de su herencia sin traba de ninguna clase.

Otorgado en el Puerto de Monterey, Estado de la Alta California hoy dia veinte y cinco de Julio del año de Mil ochocientos cincuenta y tres ante los señores D. Pablo de la Guerra y D. Guill. Ed. P. Martell.

su
 Maria Antonia Lugo + de Vallejo
 marca.

Festigo
 Pablo de la Guerra

Guill. Ed. P. Martell.

1478

C.B. 36 : 148

1853 - July 28.

148

San Francisco July 28 1853

Dear Brother

In your last letter you wrote a copy of some letter to Jan Rafael, in relation to mares. I did not answer it, not knowing any thing about it - I have forgot the subject I requested you to show Don David. If you have obtained the Horse from Mr O'Neil, you must write up some safe Person to bring him here. I paying road expenses, could you bring him - you will remember that since we are house keeping you have no further hotels expenses in this ~~State~~ Town. we have good room for you - my wife has not been sick one hour since we moved into this House and has been out several nights, altho' other families have a fire in their chimney, we have not done so yet. John Armstrong wished to come and live with me, for his Board, he having time allowed him to work out for money - for other, when opportunity offered. If you have the Horse you can send up Armstrong by first Steamship and I will pay his passage - should he come to me, tell him I will take care of him, & put him in a way to earn money - but he must be at home nights - and not drink spirit - I do not ^{know} that he is safe to bring

Know

up the Horse. You can decide on that - on
reflection I wish you to send him - up - whether you
purchase the Horse or not. I wish him as a witness
to the Chismon - Rancho case - give my regards to
Armsstrong

Olivier

148A

C-B. 36: 149

1853 - Aug. 10.
mmmm

Jos. D^o J. B. Cooper.
Monterrey.

149

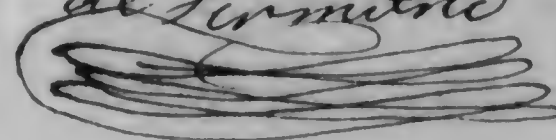
Mexico 10. de Agosto de 1853.

Muy Sr. mio.

Me apoderado en Acapulco D^o Andres Saucedo, me informo que queria Vd. saber el estado de sus Creditos contra este Gobierno, a lo que le conteste que decian en la primera mesa que no eran validos por ciertos requisitos que les faltaban. Hoy parece que en dicha mesa los han reconocido, por lo que le suplico, por si en los tramites = subsecuentes no encontrasen tropiezos, me remita por conducto de dicho Sr. Saucedo, un poder a mi favor con la clausula de que lo pueda sustituir, para que si se convierten en Bonos presente dicho poder para recogerlos y tenerlos a su disposicion.

Quedo Vd. bien y mande cuanto quisiere a su at^o.

J. J. P. B. G. M.

M. Clara Saucedo
de Firmone


August
Mrs Clara Bernard

For Dr J. B. Cooper.

1494

Monterrey

311

Espera la contestacion en muy
am^o gusto saluda y at: B. J. de
A. Saucedo

**CONTINUED
ON
NEXT REEL**

END OF REEL.

PLEASE

REWIND.

