Confidential

請勿發表

各重要市縣

生活費指數

民国三十四年八月

Index Numbers of Cost of Living

in Leading Cities
August, 1945

社會部統計處編印

Compiled By The Department of Statistics.

Ministry of Social Affairs,

Chungking, China.

一、生活费指数

Index Numbers of Cost of Living

採用加權綜合法 Weighted Aggregate Formula

民國三十四年八月 August, 1945

類	Ð	無指數 General Index	食物類 Food	衣着類 Cloth	燃料類 Fuel and Light	雜項類 Miscel- laneous	房租類 Housing	G70Ups
-		一、民國	三十一半	十一月三	+ n = 100	Nov	remb er , 30	th, 1942-100
重	*							Chungking
	務員	3455. 1	3392.3	5069, 2	2566.6	2246.5	7286.9	Government functionari
	*************************************	3179.3	3288.5	4418.6	2585.8	3242.3	2370.3	Industrial workers
	工人	3233.0	3111.5	4616.4	2890.7	4289.0	2370.3	Occupational workers
	工人	333 4. 7	3096.2	3155.3	4259.0	4379.4	4370.9	Chengtu workers
•	工人	2943.3	2614.2	3368.9	4661.5	3255.0	401.5	Tzegoon workers
	工人	3329.7	2394.3	3750.5	4000.9	3426.2	18992.8	Neikiang workers
• •	工人	3261.1	2533.7	4785.2	6043.1	4418.5	3712.1	Loshan workers
•	工人	3213.7	3051.7	3693.3	3699.6	3389.1	5752.1	Wanhsien workers
	工人	3312.5	3720.3	3758.4	2227.4	2113.0	4803.7	Lanchow workers
	工人	11609.9	13476.4	4139.6	13987.9	5087.7	15196.3	Kweiyang workers
昆明	工人	6992.4	6901.9	4622.0	5564.1	4395. 1	13607.6	Kunming workers
		<u> </u>		二、速珠	基期	Link Re	latives	
•	度						!	Chungking
	務員	123.7	118.0	104.6	119.9	110.5	213.0	Government functionaries
	東工人	115.8	117.3	100.4	121.1	124.2	107.7	Industrial workers
	素工人	1	116.2	102.9	116.1	128.1	107.7	Occupational workers
	工人	107.8	106.7	113.9	103.0	117.0	98.5	Chengtu workers
-	工人	109.6	106.0	113.9	117.7	116.0	100.0	Tzegoon workers
	工人	1/5.3	106.9	108.8	135.7	123.7	100.0	Neikiang workers
	工人	116.7	109.6	132.5	125.6	125.4	100.0	Loshan workers
	工人	104.9	106.1	97.3	110.9	100.6	100.0	Wanhsien workers
	工人	87.9	84.8	85.6	97.6	104.1	100.0	Lanchow workers
	工人	99.9	97.9	92.5	114.7	104.2	100.0	Kweiyang workers
	工人		112.3	107.2	102.6	104.3	141.0	Kunming workers

一、生活費指數(績)

Index Numbers of Cost of Living (cont'd)

採用加權綜合法 Weighted Aggregate Formula

民國三十四年八月 August, 1945

類別	總指数 General Index	食物類 Food	衣着類 Cloth	燃料質 Fuel and Light	雜項類 Miscel- laneous	考租類 Housing	Groups
	=\.X	. 图 二十六	年上半年	并均=10	O Jani	uary-Jun	e 1937 — 100
重度							Chungking
公務員	143876	176263	445182	366914	140275	50881	Government functionaries
產業工人	185085	171579	388 69	398606	181965	33208	Industrial workers
職業工人	161469	155782	440095	288014	261815	33208	Occupational workers
文都工人	158639	133370	46 6020	278624	168178	32657	Chengtu workers
自貢工人	192761	183310	440987	188852	3/3075	3567	Tzegoon workers
カエエ人	240167	227536	587834	252475	421329	73947	Neikiang workers
製山工人-	201378	161220	481921	307382	240751	46118	Loshan workers
			<u> </u>	1	360874	32595	Wanhsien workers

二、指數變動說明

Explanation of the Fluctuations of Index Number of Cost of Living

本月份各地生活费指數變動情形(西安除外),與上月相較,除重慶公務員上漲23.7%較高,蘭州下跌12.1%外,餘均平穩,各地平均上漲10.2%。若與去年同月相較,其中以昆明混7.9倍最為猛烈,責陽、蘭州分别脹5.0倍、4.7倍居次,餘在3.6倍至2.1倍之間,各地平均增3.6倍。各地以三十一年十一月為基準之指數,則以責陽增加或數最大,高達115倍,昆明第二,增69倍,餘為30倍精强,各地平均約增43倍。至以二六年上半年為基準之指數,在川省六市縣中,以內江增2401倍居首,以重慶公務員增1438倍嚴後,各地平均約為1861倍。

以言分類指數,與上月比較,各地大致尚稱平稳,房租、燃料、雜項三類約各漲15%,食物、衣着二類約各漲6%。若與三十一年十一月相較,仍以房租類上漲程度最大,高達70倍,其他各類,依次燃料類增46.7倍,食物類增42.7倍,衣着類增40.3倍,雜項類增35.6倍。至以二十六年為基準之指數,在川省六市縣中,其排列次第,衣着類增加4480倍居第一,燃料類增加3132倍居第二,雜項類增加3109倍居第三,食物類增加1752倍居第四工產租類以382倍仍居最後,平均增加1861倍。

拉特以三十一年十一月為基準之各地 5月無去年同月生活费指數列表比較如下:

## 1911 ·	生 清 費 General Index	熱指數 of Cost of Living	一年来增加百分數 Percentage in-	Groups
類別	三十四年八月 August 1945	上年同期 August 1944	creased during past 12 months	
重慶				Chungking
<u>公務員</u>	3455.1	754.9	<i>35</i> 8	Government functionaria
產業工人	3179.3	770.1	313	Industrial workers
職業エ人	3233.0	848.4	281	Occupational workers
成都工人	3334.7	1063.4	214	Chengtu workers
自貢工人	2943.3	876.8	236	Tzegoon workers
内江工人	3329.7	810.5	311	Neikiang workers
华山工人	3261.1	1027.4	217	Loshan workers
萬縣工人	3213.7	982.2	227	Wanhsien workers
蘭州工人	3312.5	582.3	469	Lanchow workers
贵陽工人	11609.9	1923.3	504	Kweiyang workers
昆明工人	6992.4	787.3	788	Kunming workers

As compared with the last month, (except Sian) the index of Churgking government functionaries rose up about 23.7% and the indices of Lanchow fell some 12.1%, but the indices of the other leading cities were still stable. The everage advancement was 10:2%. When we compared the cost of living of workers in this month with that in August, 1944, we found that the index of Kunming, which increased 790%, ranked first and the indices of Kweiyang and Lanchow, which advanced 500% and 470% respectively, ranked next, but the indices of the other cities enlarged diversely from 360% to 210%. On the average, the increase was 360%. Among the indices, when November 1942 was taken as the base period, the index of Kweiyang soured up 11500% and that of Kunming 6900%, but the indices of the other cities only some 3000%. The average increase was about 4300%. Again, when the first semester in 1937 (January-June, 1937) was taken as the base peirod, among the six leading cities in Szechuan, the index of No lang, which stirred up 2401 folds, was the leader and that of Chungking government functionaries, which rose up 1438 folds was the rear the average increase was some 1861 folds.

With respect to the indices of different expenditures, as compared with the previous month, their variations were quite gentle for examples, the indices of housing, fuel and light and miscellaneous expenditures increased about 15% and those of food clothing 6%, when we compared the indices in this month with those of November 1942, we knew that the index of rent went up 7000%, that of fuel and light 4670, that of food 4270%, that of clothing 4030%, and that of miscellaneous expenditures 3560%. As to the indices whose base period was 1937, among the six leading cities in Szechuan, the index of clothing increased 4480 folds, that of fuel and light 3132 folds, that of miscellaneous expenditures 3109 folds, that of food 1752 folds and that of housing 382 folds. On the average, the enlargement was 1861 folds.

When November 1942 was taken as the base period, the general indices of cost of living of August 1945 and August 1944 were indicated as in the above table: