LATEST DATES.

New-York	March 7	London	Feb. 4
Philadelphia	March 4	Liverpool	Feb. 6
Washington	March 6	Havana	Feb. 11
Baltimore	March 6	Mexico	Jan. 10
Charleston	March 14	Texas	March 2
Savannah	March 13	Tampico	Feb. 17
Mobile	March 11	Vera Cruz	Feb. 6

DEPARTURE OF THE ATLANTIC STEAMERS

	FROM LIVERPOOL.	FROM SAVANNAH.
Caledonia	Feb. 4	April 2
Hibernia	April 2	May 1
Columbia	April 16	May 16
Britannia	April 30	June 1
Caledonia	May 4	June 4
Acadia	May 19	June 16
Columbia	June 4	July 1

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

EXPORTS.

Mobile—Per ship Charlotte—320 scks corn, 108 bels white hog, 98 do flour, 18 do pork.

New-York—Per ship Cadiz—5177 boxes tin, 1016 qr box do.

IMPORTS.

Liverpool—Per Br. barque Hero of Arc—1941 sacks sacks salt, to Holmes & Mills.

Liverpool—Per ship Damascus—2903 bars iron, 60 bells sheet iron, 19 casks hardware, 147 crates earthenware, 615 bags pepper and cord'g sundries.

Rio de Janeiro—Per barque Neptune—4296 bags coffee, to Stetson & Avery.

New-York—Per ship Auburn—sand'g sundries.

Rio de Janeiro—Per ship Rodeo—2027 bags coffee, to Lehmann & co 1000 do to order, 500 O H Mesegrine, 320 H Savie; 71 F M Weld & co; 48 J Goddard; total 4,000 bags coffee.

Port au Prince—Per schr Intrepid—coffee, log wood and mahogany, to C Dufour; and F W Edwards & co.

Boston—Per ship Solidarity—sand'd mdse.

New-York—Per ship Oceano—sand'd mdse.

Liverpool—Per Br. barque Messenger—3614 sacks salt 30 tons coal, to S Heath & co; 8 bls mdse, A & J Dennistoun & co, 84 crates earthenware, C Cartledge & co.

Philadelphia—Per brig Danube—sand'd mdse.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Louisville—Per steamer Gen'l Scott—82 brls pork, 67 kegs lard, 9 bbls hams, R McConnell & co, 679 brls pork, D Newhall & son, Z M Bonsall, 134 brls whiskey, H Starkey 22 do tallow, T J Reed, sons & co; 135 sacks kegs, J Walker, sundries to owners on board.

Lafourche—Per steamer Colorado—13 hhds sugar, Lambeth, Thompson & co; 10 hhds sugar, 78 brls molasses, 1 bbl coffee, Wright, 3 hhds sugar, A & J Denniston & co, 12 do Laforest & Squires, 10 hhds do Flower & Finley, 40 hhds do F De Lizardi & co; 20 do J H Field; 20 do order; 7 bales cotton, A Riverde & co.

Lafourche—Per steamer A. Fuselier—167 brls molasses 30 hhds sugar, J C Harrison; 3 do and 146 brls molasses, 25 hhds sugar, Lambeth, Thompson & co; 5 do molasses, S L Bird; 31 brls molasses, A Riverde & co; 20 brls do, 30 hhds sugar, Laforest & Squires; 43 hhds do, J H Lovejoy & co; 45 do and 34 brls molasses, F H Foby; 25 brls do, 50 hhds sugar, Brand & Landry; 30 hhds do, A & J Denniston & co; 30 do order; sundries, owners on board.

Bayou Sara—Per steamer Persian—82 bales cotton, Payne, Morrison & co; 24 Flower & Finley; 24 M Bringier, 19 A Lewis & co; 17 E Flanders; 14 A Riverde & co; 14 A Andrews & Bros; 8 Brander, Williams & co; 5 Franklin & Henderson; 3 Lambeth, Thompson & co; total 190 bales—145 hhds sugar, Barnett & Lapage; 42 do order and 6 do; 4 brls sundries, Burke, Watt & co, sundry mdse, owners on board.

Nashville—Per steamer Ellen Kirkman—100 pcs bagging 30 coils rope, 300 bales cotton, Price, Johnson & co; 197 hhds tobacco, to do; 16 bags feathers, 1 cask beeswax, Green & Hughes; 1 hhd tobacco, Lambeth, Thompson & co; 1 pkg Adams; 24 hhds tobacco, Bowe & Crennan; 23 hhds do, Dupuy, Tate & Nalle; 26 hhds do Anderson, Hogan & co, J W C Hughes & co; 20 hhds do Lake & Bryan; 5 hhds do, Bogg cers, Galbraith, Logan & co; 5 hhds tobacco, Yeatman & co; 9 hhds do Brander, Williams & co.

Natchitoches—Per steamer Fashion—7 bales cotton, to Lambeth, Thompson & co; 6 do Comstock & Ringgold; 274 J H Plasche & co; 119 J H Lovejoy & co; 2-4 A Riverde & co; 1 W Jackson & co; 26 Forstner, Arnold & co; 10 do Kerr; 19 Blair & Satterfield; 21 P Heygard; Hennard; 44 L Le Carpentier & co; 24 A Chatignier; 35 C Toledano; total 1118 bales cotton.

Ouachita—Per steamer Norfolk—190 bales cotton, H Cornwall & co; 8 J Peck; 10 J Tilton & co; 3 do, A Kilgore & co; 80 J P Overton, 48 Adams & Whitall; 32 Brander, Williams & co; 8 Dupuy, Tate & Nalle; 15 Keyes & Roberts; 37 Pulliam, Bellows & Dupuy; 6 Payne, Harrison & co; 8 do, Prentiss & co; 3 J Goodin; 130 Yeatman & co; 13 Davis; 96 Burke, Watt & co; 931 bales.

Memphis—Per steamer Early of Lyons—62 bales cotton, J Dockery; 3 R McDowell; 35 A Johnson; 7 Price, Job; 38 do; 32 Bowe & Crennan; 19 do and 1166 bags gunny, Yeatman & co; 4 bales and 3 hhds tobacco, Anderson & Bigger; 30 bales cotton, Fielson, Dale & co; 27 Capt Roberts; 2 Lockhart, Byers & Dunean; 42 Jones & Bennett; 198 E Dunn; 10 J Heath; 46 Cavathon & co; 47 Brander, Williams & co; 1 E M Gale; 47 Morris, Phelan & co; 68 M D Cooper & co; 30 B Eastland, total 840 bales.

Nashville—Per steamer Nashville—101 bales cotton, S B Baldwin; 3 do mdse, J M Gaw; 20 hhds tobacco, Yeatman & co; 1 do Cowan & Ewing; 1 do Lake & Bryan; 3 do Bryan; 3 do Cowan & Ewing; 1 do Galbraith, Logan & co; 1 do Anderson & co; 5 do Blache, G Harrison; H Shann & co; J D Dunegan; 2 do Yeatman & co; 1 do Bryan; 1 do Dale & co; Arthur, Fulton & co; 2 do Jones; A D Greiff, Bailey, Peck & co; 2 do Franklin & Hardwick, Keyes & Roberts; 8 Fisher; P Hooper, E A Jacobs; Ruff & Stewart; 2 do Johnson; J W Bidwell & co; J A Merritt, Tufts & Hibbert; Fosdick & Roe, A Gilpatrick & co; J W Stratton & co; H S Browning; J Robert & co; D Gibson; S Morse; Curtis & Wilkes; Hunt & Lee; I Bridge & co; J T Guion; Moix, Mercer & co; T C Powell & co; J Nelson; Lambeth, Thompson & co; E C Fuller; G B Wardle; E Smith & co; C Dunne & co; Duncan & Taylor; A Warren; Jr; Norman, Spencer & co; S L Forgey; J Bassil; Bassett & Lapage; Walton & Chapter; M White & co; Payne, Harrison & co; and order.

☞ The letter bag of the ship VILLE DE PARIS, for Havre, will close this day at 5 P. M. LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The fast sailing ship SWANTOSS, captain Caleb Mayo, for Liverpool, will come to-day and the letter bag will be taken from the subscribers office at 4 p. m. LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The ship SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. Owen Sylvester, will leave this day. Shippers are respectfully requested to make their export entry previous to 12 M. LEVI H GALE, 93 Common st.

☞ The Commissioners of the subscribers are authorized to obtain their permits and receive goods on the Levee, near the ferry of the 1st Municipality. The Captain has instructed us to send in the Consignees of the goods which may not be obtained within five days from the present notice.

C DUFOUR.

☞ Messrs. Victor Hubert, Edward Flynn, J Goeddeln & co, P W Gassinger, E S Kimble, M Simon, Stone & Boyd, Behan & Bro, will please consignees per ship JOHN MINTURN, from New York, sailing on or about the 5 inst, marked Mo, on McCook's order. Dr A Ogden; 1 package, J Laugin; 2 bags and 1 trunk, Mr Mahr, will please make their first entry before the Vegetable Market, otherwise their goods will be stored at their expense and risk of the ship.

J W STANTON & Co, 28 Poydras st.

☞ The ship JOHN MINTURN, Stark, from New Market, Consignees will please attend to the Vegetable goods on the Levee. J W STANTON & Co, 28 Poydras st.

☞ NOTICE—Drays Nos 220, 400, 1018, 1027 and 1105, will please return the receipts for ship Cadiz, 1842.

HARROD & DARLING, 40 Common st.

CHARLES C SACKETT & Co,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
No. 63 Magazine Street
(Opposite Banks' Arcade.)

J. W. STANTON & CO. have removed for the present to 28 Tchoupitoulas street, with Messrs. Hall, Ford & Co.

REMOVAL.—CHAS C SACKETT & CO. having left their store by the late fire, have taken the store of Messrs. Wiggin & Davenport, No 63 Magazine st.

NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

BY BULLITT, MAGNE & CO.
At No. 81 Chartres street.

CITY PAPER, PUBLISHED DAILY, per annum, (in advance.) $12
COUNTRY PAPER, PUBLISHED TRI-WEEKLY. $10

"Truth is omnipotent, and Public Justice certain."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,
HENRY CLAY
(Subject to the decision of the American People.)

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
WINFIELD SCOTT.

FOR GOVERNOR
HENRY JOHNSON,

FOR MAYOR,
WM. FRERET

NEW-ORLEANS:
MONDAY MORNING MARCH 21, 1842.

THE MAIL failed yesterday beyond Charleston.

THE MAYORALTY.

We are happy to notice a growing interest in regard to the election for Mayor, which is only two weeks off. The whig party can re-elect Mr. FRERET with all possible ease, if they use exertions in any way commensurate with the importance of the issue. We can with all sincerity recommend Mr. FRERET for his zeal, industry and diligence in the discharge of the duties of his office. We believe there has been a little complaint against him on those heads, as any incumbent of the office has ever met with. In the Second Municipality a portion of the people have thought him unfriendly to that section of the city. But we are persuaded the opinion is groundless. Mr. FRERET must in the nature of things be anxious for the growth and prosperity of a municipality in which the bulk of his fortune is situated; and if he has devoted more of his time and attention to the concerns of the other municipalities, it is a proof of his disinterestedness as a public officer, which we trust will be remembered at the polls. In some particulars Mr. FRERET has found himself in collision with the Council of the Second Municipality; but we have yet to learn that any evil has resulted to the city therefrom.

We would not call upon the whigs to support Mr. FRERET on purely party grounds. If he were not a competent officer, politics should not save him from defeat. But it is otherwise; he has shown himself both able and willing to conduct the affairs of the corporation. It would be most unjust to evict him; besides, so far as the whigs are concerned, it would be an act little short of suicide. Let not our political friends imagine they can throw away the mayoralty with impunity. The locofocos already confident of success at the July election, will feel doubly assured in the event of Mr. FRERET's defeat; and with them ever-confidence never abates exertion. Whether in the majority or minority they at least deserve the credit of always being faithful and active at elections. The two parties in the country will take the result of this election as a test vote, and its consequences will be seriously felt in July. The Whigs in the city owe it to themselves, and more especially to their friends throughout the State to bestir themselves in season. We warn them in advance of the consequences of inactivity. Nothing should be given away to the foe. If we elect FRERET by a handsome majority, the July elections will be a holiday business. But we unto whiggery in this State, if so important, so decisive a canvass is carried against us. We exhort the whigs of the city to be scared their local jealousies, to secret their prejudices, and to stifle all petty cavils and personal irritation in a manner so momentous. Come to the contest like men—like whigs. Away with all trifling. The issue is fraught with the destinies of parties—let no man shrink from his duty.

EIGHT DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

By the fast sailing ship Mosart Capt Welch arrived last night, we have received dates from Paris the 6th and London 3d ult.

Queen Victoria opened parliament in person on the 3d February. The King of Prussia was present on the occasion, dressed in the uniform of the Royal Guards and bearing the insignia of the "Garter." He was preceded by the Duke of Wellington, bearing the sword of State. The interior of Parliament House was fitted up with great splendour and a larger concourse of spectators were present than ever before known.

At half past 2 o'clock the Queen delivered the following speech from the throne:

"MY LORDS,

I cannot see you once more assembled in Parliament without testifying my gratitude to the Almighty for having vouchsafed to complete my domestic happiness in the birth of my son the Prince of Wales, an event which has been received with the most affectionate demonstrations of loyalty and attachment towards my person and government.

You will no doubt participate in the satisfaction which I have derived from the presence of my good brother and ally the king of Prussia, on the occasion of the baptism of the Prince of Wales.

I continue to receive from all foreign powers the assurance of their sincere desire to maintain the present pacific relations with this country.

It is with great pleasure that I am able to announce the conclusion of a treaty with the Emperor of Austria, the King of France, the King of Prussia, and the Emperor of Russia, for the more effectual suppression of the slave trade, which will be communicated to Parliament as soon as the ratifications shall have been exchanged. A treaty will also be submitted to you which I have concluded with the same powers, as like wise with the Sultan, having for its object the security of the Turkish empire and the maintenance of general tranquility.

I regret being still unable to notice the re-establishment of our former pacific relations with China.—But the constant success attending the hostile operations against that country, together with the skill and confidence in our naval and military forces permit me to express the hope that our differences with the Chinese government will be promptly solved and our commercial relations once more established on a satisfactory basis.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The annual budget has been prepared and will be forthwith submitted. I rely with entire confidence on your disposition to combine the principles of a wise economy with the grants necessary for the public service."

My Lords and Gentlemen:

I recommend to your immediate attention the financial affairs of the country. You must have perceived with regret that for several years past the annual revenue has been insufficient to sustain the public charges; convinced as you must be of the evils flowing from a continued deficit of this nature, I am satisfied that you will carefully examine those measures best calculated to arrest them.

I recommend to your particular attention the laws relative to the importation of grain and other produce of foreign countries.

Measures will be submitted to you with a view of amending the existing bankrupt laws.

I perceive with deep regret the continuance of distres in the manufacturing districts. The sufferings and privations resulting from this sad state of affairs, have been borne with exemplary courage and patience.

I feel assured that your deliberations on the various important matters occupying your attention, will be mainly directed by an enlightened solicitude for the interest and permanent welfare of all classes; and my fervent prayers are addressed to the Almighty, that their tendency may be to ameliorate the national resources, encourage industry and increase the prosperity of my people."

Immediately after the opening of the first sitting, and before the address was proposed, Sir Robert Peel announced that he would ask of the House to form itself into Committee on Wednesday the 9th February in order to deliberate on the question of the corn laws. This declaration was received (according to the Paris papers) with thundering applause.

The Paris papers only contain the proceedings of Parliament up to the evening of the 31 inst. It is probable that the address was voted in the same sitting.

Money Market, London, Feb. 3d.—Consols for account 89¼ to 3-8.

London 24 Feb.—Within three or four days the most alarming accounts have been received at Lloyd's of the disasters occasioned by the late hurricane on the coast of England. It is already ascertained that twenty-three vessels were shipwrecked on the night of the 26th January, coupled with a serious flow of life.

The Duke of Buckingham, Lord Privy Seal, resigned his seat in the Cabinet two days previous to the opening of Parliament. The Duke of Buccleugh, a name as yet unknown to political fame, is his successor.

PARIS, February 4, 1842.

Stock Exchange—The market opened feebly, but towards the close the funds were much firmer and advanced from 10 to 15c. on yesterday's quotations.—Bank shares, 3,280. Bank of Havre, 1,285.

LONDON, February 2, 1842.

Stock Exchange, 12 *o'clock.*—Consols for money opened steady at 89¼, and 89¼ ⅛ for Account; Threes Reduced 94 ⅛; 3¼ Reduced 98 ⅛; Exchequer Bills 16 18 pm. Money is abundant, in consequence of purchase of Money Stock; but there is very little speculative business.

Two o'clock.—Consols are for Money 89 to ⅛; for Account 89¼. Scarcely any bargains have been made in the Foreign Funds. The Share Market has been more animated than for some time past, and prices have shown a tendency to improve.

Four o'clock.—The Money Market is still firm.—Consols for Account closed at 89¼ buyers.

"Some mischievous persons amused themselves yesterday by spreading reports injurious to the credit of several mercantile firms of this city; but upon close inquiry we cannot find that there is truth in any of them; the reports against some parties we know to be entirely void of foundation. The unsatisfactory state of trade, which has now lasted for so long a period, alarms people, and therefore renders credit more susceptible than usual, including persons easily to believe sinister rumours like those of yesterday.—*London Globe 3d Feb.*

A melancholy event took place at Pau on the 29th ult:—The nephew of a respectable trade man of the town, having had a quarrel with his uncle, committed suicide by blowing out his brains. This has caused no slight sensation since he was a Protestant, and public attention has of late been much drawn towards that body by the recent opening of a Temple, for the first time during the last 260 years, and by the zealous efforts of a very talented young preacher, a M. Laforgue of Montauban.

LONDON CORN EXCHANGE Jan 31—The supply English wheat is extremely short, notwithstanding the trade is dull, and prices nominally the same. Fo eign sells in small parcels for immediate consumption. Fine parcels of Malting Barley support rates, all other rots lower. In addition to the good supply of oats, last week, a few vessels arrived this morning from Ireland; prices the same as this day week, but demand confined to the necessities of buyers.

The Paris papers contain no advices of the Liverpool cotton market. In Havre we learn verbally that the market was languid and prices tending downwards.

JIM BELL *versus* SARAH BLADEN.

We were present at the great contest between the above renowned coursers on Saturday last. The race came off over the Louisiana Course, which, by the way, is acquiring the distinction, if it does not now possess it, of being the Belgium of the American Turf; for upon no track in the Union have there been such bloody and desperate struggles. It was our first visit to the Louisiana, since last spring, when *Grey Medoc* eclipsed the lustre of all predecessors in the calendar of fame, and the race yesterday, as long as it lasted, was a repetition of that sanguinary affair.

There were three entries, to-wit: *Jim Bell, Sarah Bladen* and *Martha Carter*. *Jim* had done up several mile and two mile races in the neatest manner possible; *Sarah* had already filled a most conspicuous niche in the Temple of Fame; and *Martha* came to the stand with a reputation won in several reputable contests.

The first heat is easily described, though it was not so easily won. Shortly after the start, *Jim Bell* took the lead, *Sarah* next, and *Martha* last: and in this position they continued "*fra end to end.*" *Sarah* made about a dozen efforts to *head the captain*, but it was no go. She would occasionally pull really up to his saddle-girths, but *Jim* did not appear to like the topic of her discourse, and straightway showed her a clean pair of heels.

Time—1st mile, 1.55; 2d, 1.53; 3d, 1.53; 4th, 1.56; Heat, 7.37!!!

The second heat was of more complicated interest. At the start off, *Jim* and *Martha* went to work like mad, *Sarah* keeping behind to contemplate their proceedings, somewhat at leisure. In this way two miles of the heat were run. At length, *Sarah* perceiving that *Martha* could not amuse the colt, went to work like an old coquette, soon laid her rival aside in the shade, and squeezed *Jim* in a manner not of a passed apprentice, but of a jaded veteran. The poor *Jim* did innocent belle in her last mile, when *Sarah* did innocent heart. *Jim* receiving her designs, made a desperate attempt to escape the snare set for him. But such was the increasing importunity of his hostess, that he yielded to the solicitation for a tête-a-tête, and side by side they run the best part of the third mile, "in sweet converse," and sociable as a couple of streaks of lightning. Coming home on the third mile *Jim* got uneasy, and thinking "discretion the better part of valor," got away from his persecutor, at least half a length. *Sarah*, nothing daunted by this rebuff, which was so slight as to "appear like consenting," came up to him on the back-stretch of the fourth mile, and whispered for a long time in *Jim's* ear, something which could not be heard by the spectators, but from the energy of her manner, her observations must have been very bewitching. *Jim* got serious, and *Sarah* taking advantage of his musing mood, slipped ahead of him, (just like the old buzzy!) and entered the quarter-stretch a length and a thought ahead. In coming home, *Jim* had determined in his mind the nature of his reply, whilst *Sarah*, thinking she had made a conquest of him, tantalized him most cruelly, keeping him in suspense, and torturing him by the shy and playful style in which she kept him aloof. *Jim* got desperate in turn, and resolving not to be dallied with any longer, made up to him like a first love. *Sarah* struggled hard to retain her advantage, and for a space it was thought that she intended to victimise him, as she had already done a number of ambitious aspirants. Just before coming to the stand, the youthful lover caught the subdued damsel by the waist; but such was the ardor of the pursuit that he could not check his impetuosity, as good manner would have suggested, but passed the High Priest just eighteen inches too far in advance for any further continuance of the sport.

Time—1st mile, 1.54; 2d, 1.55; 3d, 1.50; 4th, 2.01; Heat, 7.40!!!

Such was the time given from the Judges' stand: good timers (unofficial) pronounced the second heat to have been run in 7.47. A gentleman who held a watch by our side made the race 7.46; 7.47—but the official time will answer; the race was certainly done within it. Before closing, it would be unjust to Mr. Gautison to overlook the excellent condition in which the track was put, and the general convenience and superior style of all the accommodations of the Course.

RECAPITULATION:

Louisiana Jockey Club Meeting—Fourth day—Four mile heats—Purse $1,000—Summary:

J. G. Boswell's b. c. *Jim Bell*, full brother to Jim Bell—3 y. o. 80 lbs.	1	1	1
A. L. Bingaman's s. m. *Sarah Bladen*, by Leviathan—dam Mergiana—7 y. o. 121 lbs.	2	2	2
L. Cocke's s. m. *Martha Carter*, by Bertrand, dam Sally Nailor—4 y. o. 97 lbs.			

Time—3:37; 7:40.

☞ We copy the following from yesterday morning's *Picayune*:

FATAL AFFRAY—HUMAN BUTCHERY.

About 4 o'clock, P. M., yesterday, a man named Michael Carr went on board the steamboat Madison. He got into a difficulty with the hands on board, who put him ashore. He then, as we have been told, challenged any of the party to fight him on the Levee.—They followed him out, armed with billets of wood, and a general and bloody fray ensued. Carr was left for dead on the Levee, and two others were dangerously beaten.

The three were taken to the Charity Hospital.—Carr died shortly after reaching there. One of the other two, said to be his brother, cannot, in the opinion of the doctors, survive. The wounds of the third will not prove mortal. Carr was an Irishman.

Capt. Hart and his forces were at the scene of the affray in an incredibly quick space of time, and arrested the following parties, who were charged with being the actors in the drama—James C. Delancy, Frank Lobbicke, Frederick Banker and Frederick Moon.

THE SECOND ACT.—About half past 6 o'clock, Robert Gotten and Henry Williams quarrelled on board the steamboat Daniel Webster. Gotten, we are told, knocked Williams down; after which the latter ran for his knife, and butchered Gotten in a frightful manner. We saw the wounded man stretched upon the bed in his boarding-house, about half an hour after the unfortunate affair. His body presented a frightful spectacle—twelve or fourteen gory wounds, through which the vital fluid was fast flowing.

Dr. Davazac pronounced him to be dangerously wounded. Indeed we have little hope that he will survive. The above paragraph is perused by the reader.

Williams was arrested by the Second Municipality police, and is now in prison.

THE MAIL.—The *Creole*, of Attakapas, complains with much warmth, and apparently on just grounds, of the conduct of the mail carrier in that section of the state. The *Creole* says:—"During a lapse of six weeks there remained in the post-office of this place a bag containing a large number of papers for Lafayette, Opelousas, and other places. Several times in our presence the Post-Master ordered the driver on that route to take charge of that bag, and as often did the last refuse to do it. And it was but after some just complaints made by the *Impartial* of Vermillionville, that the bag was taken away."

Such conduct calls for severe reprehension.

☞ There has been a large and enthusiastic meeting in favor of Texas at Mobile. Gen. Tayloe was called to the chair, and the people were addressed by Col. Walters, and B. McAlpin, and Dr. P. Walker.

☞ A fire broke out early on Saturday morning in a small frame building in Cirous, between Girod and Julia streets. It was soon extinguished, having effected but slight damage.

PARIS, February 4, 1842.

Stock Exchange, *Feb 3, half past 4 o'clock.*—The market has been steady to-day, and prices have been maintained. For cash, Fives are the same as yesterday; Threes have risen 10c; do. (1841) 15c.

(COMMUNICATION)

THE "TYLER PARTY!"

Could the History of Fun be written, and written well—written as Irving could write it, and illustrated by HOGARTH, in his best days—decidedly the most interesting chapter in it would be the history of the "Tyler Party," its origin, progress and decay. Not a phase of it, but would be rich with the most exquisite burlesque upon humanity, philosophy, morality and politics, which it is in the power of man to conceive. Take it "by and large," and what a tremendous affair this "Tyler Party" is, to be sure. It already numbers in its ranks, some half a dozen recreant presses, whose editors have been striving for years in vain to rise to the dignity of whigism, and have at length jumped like hungry dogs at the little dirty bone of public printing, (amounting to some eight hundred or a thousand dollars a year!) held up to them in the fingers of a President whose base treachery has made him the scorn of those whose votes created him. Besides this, there are a few of the very dirtiest and unscrupulous among the locofoco presses who have been cheaply yet dearly purchased, for a smile of Executive favor, to laud the man whom, not two years ago, they literally covered with the most scandalous abuse—and (we had almost forgotten to add) some three or four little, sneaking papers, whose editors for the most part, are a set of foreign ragamuffin penny-a-liners, who, from a habit of describing pocket-picking and petty larceny, came at length to have "an itching palm," and were forced to leave the purlieus and stews of London, "on account of their health." Sum up these, and add the direct recipients of Executive patronage—together with the never-to-be-forgotten "John Jones" and his *Madisonian*, and you have a *coup d'œil* of the "Great Ty lar Party" May its shades never be less!

AMERICAN THEATRE.—Mr. FARREN takes a benefit this evening. He is a good player, and ought to be rewarded for his continual and successful efforts to amuse the public.

We are requested to desire a general attendance of the members of the *Native American Party* at the meeting to be held this evening, at 7 o'clock, at the committee room, Bank's Arcade. We are further requested to say that several important matters will claim the consideration of the meeting, including the nomination of candidates for the three recorderships.

☞ The Presidents of the different banks held a meeting on Friday night, (the President of the Bank of Louisiana being absent) at which R was agreed, that the banks would hereafter pay out and issue their own notes only.

☞ The box office of the Theatre of Cincinnati was robbed a few days ago of the sum of sixty dollars.

MRS. FITZWILLIAM and MR. BUCKSTONE are playing at Mobile.

THE MOBILE journals warmly espouse the cause of Texas.

GEN. HAMILTON has arrived in Charleston.

On Sunday evening last (says the Natchitoches *Reporter* of the 16th) the citizens of our town were thrown into alarm by the discharge of two reports of fire-arms in quick succession, which were found to proceed from the house of Messrs. Rothrock & Giles, Attorney's at Law. It appears that Mr. John F. Cortes and James M. Giles had not been upon friendly terms for some time, owing, as we understand, to some domestic difficulty, which Mr. Giles left town for a few weeks. Having returned a few days since, and not apprehending any danger, he and his partner were sitting at the dinner table, on Sunday, when Mr. Cortes entered the room with a double barreled shot gun in his hand, and, without saying a word, discharged both loads into the body of Mr. Giles, who fell dead from his chair. Mr. Cortes, soon after mounted on his horse, and has not yet been arrested.

THUNDER STORM—When we write, (Monday morning) a violent thunder storm is raging around us. The lightning is vivid, and the thunder claps are as startling as in mid-summer.

The storm, we hope, will be succeeded by cold weather, which will put an end to all our hopes of fruit this year. The peach trees have begun to bloom for the last week.

We have just heard that one of a team of 6 horses standing with a wagon under West Hill Wave house, was killed by the lightning. The other five escaped uninjured. Within fifteen paces of the horse that was killed stood a group of some 25 or 30 tassceo buyers.

Petersburg Intelligencer 9th inst.

ST CHARLES THEATRE.

On Saturday evening, pursuant to a call in the public prints, a large meeting of the citizens generally was held at the St. Charles Exchange Hotel, to take into consideration the ways and means by which Mr. Caldwell should be enabled to establish the St. Charles Theatre, &c.

Col. W. Christy was call'd to the chair, and G.W. Bradbury and J. Winthrop named secretaries.

Mr. P. W. Farrar introduced the following resolutions:

PREAMBLE.

Whereas, an undertaking entirely beyond the control of human exertion, has scattered the combined efforts of industry, enterprise and talent, and, in its progress, leveled one of the proudest monuments of a refined and cultivated taste; and, whereas, a partiality to the drama has ever been recognized as one of the strongest proofs of devotion to the higher branches of the arts, by the community in which such tenacities are appreciated, and its resources encouraged.

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, that we regard the destruction of the St Charles, as a public calamity, and deeply deplore the loss of a building which has so greatly contributed to the establishment of our reputation for refinement and civilization.

Resolved, That we extend our heart felt sympathies to the Manager, whose individual losses have been heavy and severe, and that whilst we acknowledge the debt of gratitude, which his exertions and talents, have rendered us, we claim the privilege of attempting his partial liquidation, by the offer of such pecuniary assistance as will enable him, with redoubled energies, to devote himself to the task of elevating the Drama to the lofty position she once held amongst us.

Resolved, that a committee of fifty persons be appointed by the chair for the purpose of devising ways and measures assist the Manager of the St. Charles in procuring a Wardrobe, furniture, appurtenances, &c. for a new theatre, about to be erected, and that a subscription for this purpose be forthwith opened.

Mr. Farrar, then addressed the meeting at length, in explanation of the objects thereof, and gave a rapid but interesting view of Mr. Caldwell's career, the condition of the St. Charles Theatre property at the time of its destruction, &c.

Mr. J. Winthrop followed, and made some appropriate observations, such as the occasion called for.

Maj. Montfort, too, addressed the meeting in support of the resolutions and movement, and appealed warmly to the whole city to come up to the rescue.

The question was then taken and decided in the affirmative unanimously.

The utmost enthusiasm prevailed, and the warmest sympathy for Mr. Caldwell's losses, was expressed.

The following is the list of the Committee of fifty:

Thomas Banks,	D. Prieur,	
C. Bell,	M. Musson,	
J. Montfort,	P. Soulé,	
J. Winthrop,	L. Hermann,	
W. H. Avery,	W. F. Vigers,	
Peter Ray,	S. J. Peters,	
E. Johns,	J. B. Leefe,	
A. Lewis,	Dr. Rushton,	
W. Turner,	J. B. Genas,	
M. Rouzan,	H. Andry,	
C. G. De Lomas,	G. Eustis,	
L. A. Barbarin,	J. Davis,	
W. Debuys,	J. Berry,	
M. M. Cohen,	R. M. Carter,	
A. Biggett,	W. W. King,	
W. C. G. Claiborne,	C. W. Cammack,	
J. P. Benjamin,	T. G. Hunt,	
G. P. Manouvrier,	Dr. McNeil,	
G. W. Christy,	J. A. Beard,	
J. R. Grymes,	A. Mitternberger,	
A. Hoa,	J. M. Kennedy,	
T. J. Sterrett,	A. C. Bullitt,	
G. W. Bradbury,	J. H. Leverich,	
H. Lockett,	S. L. Forgay,	
F. Labatut,	L. Janin.	

The Mayor, Recorder, and the Chairman of the Municipality, and the Chairman of the meeting, were ordered to be added to the Committee.

The Editors of the Bee will please publish the names of the following gentlemen who have been nominated by the Committee of Five appointed by the meeting of the 17th inst. at the Arcade to assist in receiving and forwarding contributions to the people of Texas:

Charles L. Cuttis, 6 New Levee,
T. B. Winston, corner Canal and New Levee sts.
Sam'l Toby, 36 Camp st.,
James Knettles, Firemen's Insurance Co.
James Sickles, 46 Canal st.
R. H. Brunet, 22 Poydras st.
Alfred Kearney & Co 50 Gravier st.
J. F. Winkley, 35 Common st.
Bryan, Austin & Co, 50 Common st.
J. H. Ashworth, 97 Camp st.
Jedidiah Leeds, Foundry, Delord st.
Messrs. Coze & Macpherson, 29 Camp st.

By order of the Committee of Five.
New Orleans, March 21st, 1842.

We are requested to state that every thing connected with the objects and action of the committee of five appointed at the meeting of the 17th relating to Texas, will be transacted exclusively at the house of Charles L. Cuttis, No. 12 Tchoupitoulas street, and not at the counting houses of either of the gentlemen of that place, will be immediately forwarded to the people of Texas. The things most needed there are, pieces of flying artillery—horsemen's pistols and equipments for cavalry—blankets—knapsacks—carbines—tents and camp equipage—buckets and bayonets—Spanish soldiers—flints—caps—Bowie knives—cartridges—cutlasses and boarding-pikes—powder and lead—provisions—hospital stores—and particularly about 300 18lb balls, with 50 stands 18, 24, and 32lb shot, grape and canister. The steamer New York will leave for Galveston this afternoon.

THAYER & CUSHING,
General Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
and agents for sale of
Spermaceti Oils, Candles, Soap, Sails, Cordage and Paper. No. 67 Tchoupitoulas st, near corner Poydras st
mar 1 New Orleans.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Manco, Wade, Hamburg, J P Whitney
Ship Washington, Adams, Jr., Liverpool, L H Gale
Ship Clyde, Thwaite, Cadiz, L H Gale
Ship John Bull, Rodgers, Liverpool, H C Candler & co
Barque Bostonian, Gilchrist, Boston, Norcross & Sedick
Barque Mazeppa, Smith, Hanford, Bailey
Brig Citizen, Thirie, Marseilles, S & J Fenwick
Schr Litchfield, Smith, Camden, S Forstner
Schr Charlotte, Johnson, Mobile, T C Terrell
Schr Calliso, Rogers, New York, Alexander & Hagen

ARRIVED

Towboat Pilot, Clark, from the Passes—towed to sea ship Orient, and brig Theseus—brought up ship Perdondo barque Serene, and schr Intrepid.

Towboat Porpoise, Davis, from the Passes—towed to sea ship Rubicon and St. Louis—brought up ship Soldan, and barque Hero of Arc.

Towboat Star, Hooton, from the Passes—brought up ships Damascus and Autumn, and barque Neptune.

Towboat Panther, Bebee, from the Passes—brought up ship Mozart, Growe and Diadem.

Towboat Post Boy, Kinney, from the Passes—brought up barque Messenger.

Ship Mozart, Welch, from Havre, 84 February, in ballast, to L Millaudon.

Ship Diadem, Barstow, 42 days from Havre, in ballast, to master.

Ship Oconee, Jackson, 16 days from New York, to J E Woodruff.

Ship Auburn, Durfey, 12 days from New York, to J W Stanton & co.

Ship Damascus, Frost, from Liverpool, 1st February, to master.

Ship Soldan, Shaw, 22 days from Boston, to S & J P Whitney.

Ship Perdonnel, Foote, 19 days from New York, in ballast, to master.

Ship Howard, Hill, 17 days from Boston, in ballast, to master.

Barque Messenger, (British) Randy, from Liverpool, Jan. 21, to J M Hornsby & co.

Barque Serene, White, 46 days from Rio de Janeiro, to master.

Barque Hero of Arc, Gascon, 61 days from Liverpool, to Holmes & Mills.

Barque Neptune, Tay, 55 days from Rio de Janeiro, to Stetson & Avery.

Brig Danube, Lane, 18 days from Philadelphia, to L H Gale.

Schr Intrepid, Tilton, 12 days from Port au Prince, to C Dufour.

Steamer Buckeye, Thompson, from Bayou Sara.

Steamer Mecklenburg, Rhodes, from Lacon, Ill.

Steamer New Albany, Coleman, from Tuscumbia and Florence.

Steamer Madison, Freeland, from St. Louis.

Steamer Norfolk, Smith, from Ouachita.

Steamer Persian, Hart, from Bayou Sara.

Steamer De Soto, Dalman, from Natchitoches.

Steamer A. Fuselier, Thomassin, from Lafourche.

Steamer Gen Scott, Dustin, from Louisville.

Steamer Lessy Pratt, White, from St. Louis.

Steamer Ohio Belle, McClain, from Cincinnati.

Steamer Lady of Lyons, Frisbee, from Randolph and Memphis.

Steamer Paragon, Ragland, from Illinois River.

Steamer Colorado, Brock, from Lafourche.

Steamer Rio Sabine, Miller, from Nashville.

Steamer Ellen Kirkman, Irwin, from Nashville.

Steamer Oronoko, Leyles, from Lacon, Illinois River.

Steamer Diana, Carter, from Louisville.

MEMORANDA

Schr Intrepid, from Port au Prince, reports having sailed in company with brig Tremont for N York, and schr John, for Boston.

Ship Auburn reports having seen a large English steamship off the Hole in the Wall.

Per steamer Gen'l Scott,