James K. Polk,

President of the United States of America,

To all and singular who shall see these presents, greeting:

Whereas a Treaty between the United States of America and Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, wherein the original is hereunto annexed, was concluded and signed, in this city, by their respective Plenipotentiaries, on the fifteenth day of June, instant.

And whereas the Senate of the United States, by their advice and consent, on the eighteenth day of the present month, having been advised of the aforesaid Treaty, by three fourths of the Senators then present concurring, did advise and consent to the ratification of the said Treaty.

Now, therefore, I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, having seen and considered the said Treaty, do, in pursuance of the aforesaid advice and consent of the Senate, by these presents, accept, ratify, and confirm the same, and every clause and article thereof.

In faith whereof, I have caused the seal of the United States of America, to be hereunto affixed. Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this nineteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the said States the 72.

By the President

James Buchanan

Secretary of State.
By the President of the United States of America.

A Proclamation.

Whereas a treaty between the United States of America and Her Majesty, the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland was concluded and signed by their Plenipotentiaries at Washington, on the fifteenth day of June last, which treaty is word for word, as follows:
The United States of America and Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, deeming it to be desirable for the future welfare of both countries that the state of doubt and uncertainty which has hitherto prevailed respecting the sovereignty and government of the Territory on the north, west coast of America lying westward of the Rocky or Stony Mountains, should be finally terminated by an amicable compromise of the rights mutually asserted by the two Parties over the said Territory, have respectively
named plenipotentiaries to treat and agree concerning the terms of such settlement, that is to say, the President of the United States of America, has on his part, furnished with full powers, James Buchanan, Secretary of State of the United States, and Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, has on her part appointed the Right Honorable Richard Wellesley, a Member of Her Majesty's most honorable Privy Council, and Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister plenipotentiary to the United States, who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles:
Article 1.

From the point on the fortieth parallel of north latitude where the boundary laid down in existing treaties and conventions between the United States and Great Britain terminates, the line of boundary between the territories of the United States and those of Her Britannic Majesty shall be continued westward along the said fortieth parallel of north latitude to the middle of the Channel which separates the continent from Vancouver Island, and thence southerly through the middle of the said Channel, and of Juan’s Straits to the Pacific Ocean, provided, however, that the navigation of the whole of the said Channel and Straits south
of the fortieth parallel of north latitude remain free and open to both parties.

Article II.

From the point at which the fortieth parallel of north latitude shall be found to intersect the great northern branch of the Columbia River, the navigation of the said branch shall be free and open to the Hudson's Bay Company and to all British subjects trading with the same, to the point where the said branch meets the main stream of the Columbia, and thence down the said main stream to the Ocean, with free access into and through the said river or rivers, it being understood that at the usual portages along the line thus described shall in
like manner be free and open. In navigating
the said River or Rivers, British subjects with
their goods and produce, shall be treated on
the same footing as citizens of the United State,
it being however always understood that nothing
in this article shall be construed as preventing,
or intended to prevent, the Government of the
United States from making any regulations re-
specting the navigation of the said River or
rivers, not inconsistent with the present treaty.

Article III.

In the future appropriation of the terri-
tory, south of the fortieth parallel of north
latitude, as provided in the first article of this
Treaty, the necessary rights of the Hudson's
Bay Company and of all British subjects who may be already in the occupation of land or other property, lawfully acquired within the said Territory, shall be respected.

Article IV.

The farms, lands, and other property of every description belonging to the Pugets Sound Agricultural Company on the north side of the Columbia River, shall be confirmed to the said Company. In case however the situation of those farms and lands should be considered by the United States to be of public and political importance, and the United States' Government should signify a desire to obtain possession of the whole, or of any part
thereof, the property so required shall be transferred to the said Government, at a proper valuation, to be agreed upon between the par-
ties.

Article 7.
The present Treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by Her Britannic Majesty, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London, at the expiration of six months from the date hereof, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective pleni-
potentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.
Done at Washington the fifteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

James Buchanan

Richard Penckman
And whereas the said treaty has been duly ratified on both parts, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged at London, on the seventeenth ultimo, by Louis M. Lane, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States, and Viscount Palmerston, Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, on the part of their respective Governments:

Now, therefore, be it known that I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, have caused the said treaty to be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and article
henceforth, may be observed and fulfilled with
good faith by the United States and the citi-
gens thereof.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set
my hand and caused the seal
of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Wash-
tington, this fifth day of August in
the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred
and forty-six, and of the Independence of the
United States the seventy-first.

James H. S. Scott

By the President:

James Buchanan

Secretary of State.