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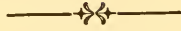
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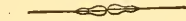
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Prof. **S. Watasé**, *Ph. D., Rigakuhakushi*.



2733

All communications relating to this Journal should be addressed to the
Director of the College of Science.

A MAGNETIC SURVEY
OF
JAPAN

REDUCED TO THE

EPOCH 1895.0 AND THE SEA LEVEL

CARRIED OUT

BY ORDER OF THE

EARTHQUAKE INVESTIGATION COMMITTEE.



REPORTED BY

A. TANAKADATE

University Tokyo.

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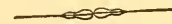
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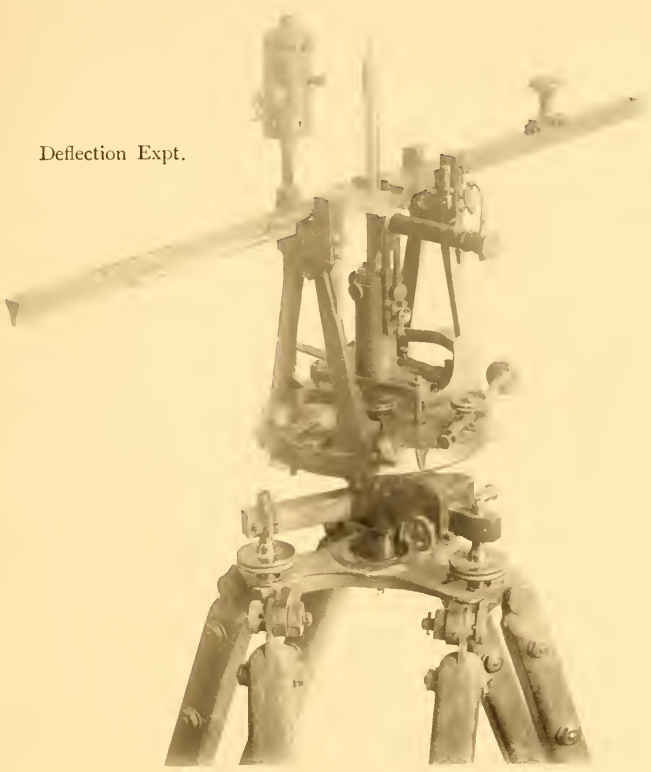


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A. TANAKADATE

Professor of Physics, Imperial University Tōkyō.

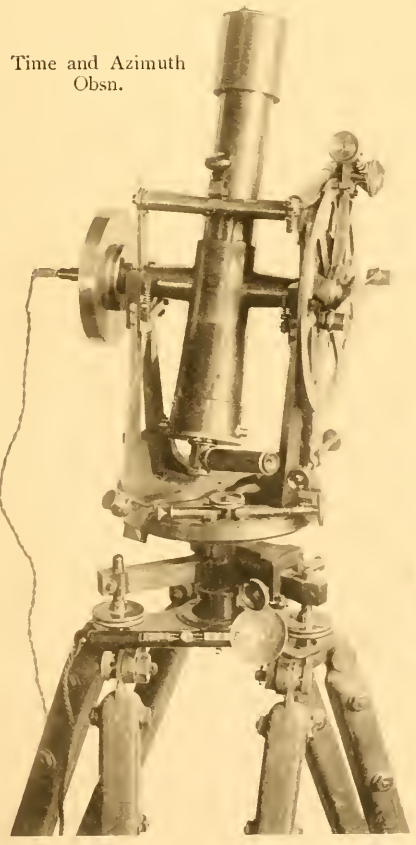
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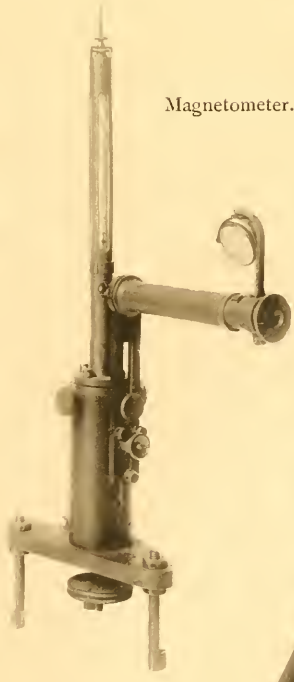
Vibration Expt.



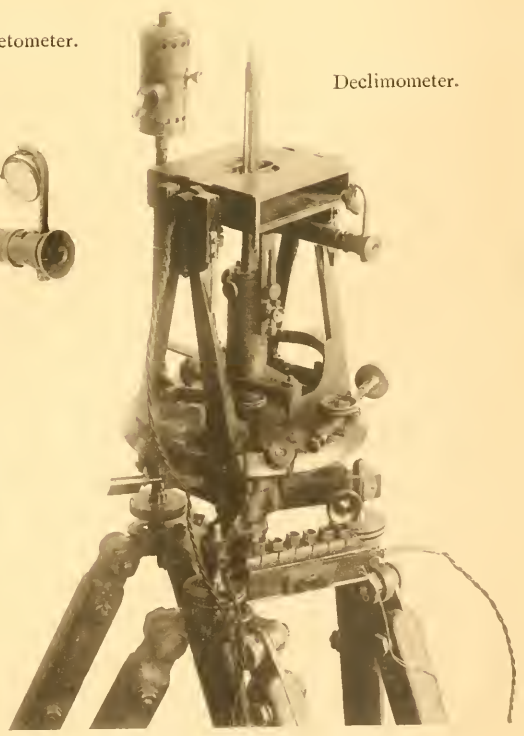
Time and Azimuth Obsn.



Magnetometer.



Declimometer.



PREFACE.

The magnetic survey of Japan published in the present volume was conducted under the authority of the Earthquake Investigation Committee during the four successive summers 1893-6. As will be seen from the complete list of observations, the work is the result of voluntary co-operations of the observers to whose skill and enthusiasm the success is due, and whatever credit there is in the survey it must be attributed to them all, the writer being merely in the position of reporter representing their different parties.

The observers were :—

H. ŌMORI, *Rigakuhakusi*,

Prof. of Seismology, Imperial University Tōkyō.

S. NAKAMURA, *Rigakusi*,

Now Asst. Prof. of Physics, Imperial University Tōkyō.

K. MIZUSIMA, *Rigakusi*,

Now K. MIYAMOTO.

H. IWAOKA, *Rigakusi*,

Now Prof. of Mechanics, Higher Technical School of Tōkyō.

H. KIMURA, *Rigakusi*,

Now Director of the International Latitude Observatory,
Mizusawa.

K. TURUTA, *Rigakuhakusi*,

Now Prof. of Physics, Imperial University Tōkyō.

K. UZIE, *Rigakusi*,

Now Director of the Middle School, Sendai.

A. IMAMURA, *Rigakusi*,

Now Asst. Prof. of Seismology, Imperial University Tōkyō.

Y. KATO, *Rigakusi*,

Now Y. HOMMA,

- T. TAMARU, *Rigakusi*,
Now Asst. Prof. of Physics, Imperial University Tōkyō.
- T. TOMODA, *Rigakusi*,
Now Prof. of Physics Dai-iti Kōtōgakkō, Tōkyō.
- D. SUTO, *Rigakusi*,
Now Prof. of Physics, Dai-iti Kōtōgakkō, Tōkyō.
- S. SANO, *Rigakusi*,
Now Prof. of Physics, College of Naval Engineering, Yokosuka.
- S. SINZYŌ, *Rigakusi*,
Now Asst. Prof. of Physics, Imperial University, Kyōto.
- M. HATTORI, *Rigakusi*,
Now Prof. of Physics, Naval College Elazima.
- A. TANAKADATE,
The writer.

The writer wishes specially to remember Prof. Dr. D. Kikuti, Baron, the President of the Earthquake Investigation Committee at the time, whose interest on the subject and whose cordial advice both official and scientific was of great encouragement to all of us. Thanks are also due to various public authorities and private persons who assisted the observers in selecting the stations; and to the three computers Messrs. T. KARIYA, *Rigakusi*, S. KUSAKABE, *Rigakusi* and Y. YASUDA, graduate of the School of Physics in Tōkyō, who performed that tedious work with care and patience.

The spelling of Japanese names adopted in this volume is slightly different either from that in common use among English speaking people in this country, or from that of the Romazikwai system to which the writer is an opponent. The Government Committee for the Improvement of the Language has lately brought forth a system which is a kind of compromise between the previous systems. At such a stage of orthographical reformation one might be excused to adhere to what he believes the best.

The appearance of the volume was much delayed by various circumstances under which the writer had to work. In the course of the preparation he had to make two official trips to Europe and to take a half year's rest between those two on account of his health, beside having had to attend several unavoidable committee works. But above all we regret the delay in lithographic printing which kept the work over three years. The publication however is quicker than otherwise it would have been through the kind assistance of his colleague Prof. H. Nagaoka who arranged the materials of the appendix and commenced printing during his absence.

A. Tanakadate.

Physical Laboratory,
Imperial University, Tōkyō.

March, 1904.

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Errata.

Page.	3	Line 14 from botton, put a comma after Sendai.			
	„ 10	Line 9 „ „	for axil	read axle.	
	„ 23	Line 2 from top,	„ 1887.51	„ 1887.61,	
	„ 30	Line 10 „ bottom	„ 11	„ 12.	
	„ 53	put. the minus sign to the first two numbers in the table.			
	„ (129)	Line 3 from top	„ premissed	„ premised.	
	„ 147	Line 4 from bottom	„ {above below	„ {below above	
	„ 151	Lines 7 from top and 9 from bottom	„ maximum	„ minimum.	
	„ 160	Line 10 from bottom	„ Azimuth	„ Azimuths.	
PLATE XVIII.	heading,		read Jour. Sc. Col. Vol. XIV.		
PLATE LX to LXXXVI.	heading, for Vol. XIII		„ Vol. XIV.		
PLATE XCVII.	Map. 10.	Station No. 188 Honsyō,	reduce the arrow line to 1.4 <i>m. m.</i>		
			and turn the azimuth to 41° east of south as given in Table XVI P. 103.		
		Station No. 132 Abasiri,	turn the arrow line in azimuth to 37° east of		
		north as given in Table XVI P. 99.			



Errata.

(N.B. Errata for the Appendix is given at its beginning.)

Frontispiece		for Declinometer read Declinometer.
Page vi	Line 15 from bottom,	„ was „ were.
„ x	„ 8 „ top,	„ formula „ formulæ.
„ xii	first line,	„ botton „ bottom.
„ „	Line 6 from top,	„ (129) „ 129.
„ 3	„ 15 „ bottom,	change the comma to a semicolon.
„ „	last line,	for boardering read bordering.
„ 5	Line 3 from bottom,	„ blancket „ blanket.
„ 9	„ 6 „ top,	after Length, <i>insert</i> of magnet at 0°C.
„ 15	„ 12 „ bottom,	for transit read transits.
„ 31	„ 13 „ „	„ Those „ These.
„ „	„ 11 „ „	before pantograph, <i>insert</i> a.
„ 33	Table VI, last column,	for —6.1 read —6.1.
„ 87 to 117,	foot notes,	„ horison „ horizon.
„ 107	heading Altitude, <i>insert</i> *	
„ 111	„	for 1835.0 read 1895.0.
„ 127	Line 2 from top, before by,	<i>insert</i> effectually.
„ 130	„ 7 „ bottom, before $\frac{1}{2}\gamma$	„ $\frac{1}{2}\gamma$
„ 135	end of the foot note,	„ Z.
„ 140	Line 8 from top, after Gauss,	„ a comma.
„ 145	„ 4 „ bottom, to the end of the line	<i>insert</i> (10)
„ 149	„ 14 „ „	for asymptotic read asymptotic.
„ 150	„ 8 „ „ „	„ „
„ 151	first line,	change the full stop to a comma
„ 152	Line 10 from top,	for asymptotic read asymptotic.
„ 156	Fig. 7 ,	„ $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial Z}$ „ $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z}$
„ 157	„ 9 ,	„ $\frac{\partial H'}{\partial Z}$ „ $\frac{\partial H'}{\partial z}$
„ 160	Line 2 from bottom, for layed	„ laid.
„ 164	„ 4 „ „	„ table „ Table.
„ 165	„ 3 „ top,	„ then „ them.
„ 166	„ 11 „ bottom, after The, <i>insert</i>	numerical.
„ 167	„ 3 „ top,	for convension read convention.
„ 168	„ 9 „ „	„ $\frac{\partial Y'}{I_z}$ „ $\frac{\partial Y'}{\partial z}$
„ 173	„ 3 „ bottom,	„ existance „ existence.
„ „	last line,	„ attension „ attention.
„ „	„ „	„ scaler „ scalar.
„ 174	Line 2 from top,	„ sitz „ Sitz.
„ „	„ foot note,	„ Gauss Gesammelt „ Gauss, Gesammelte.
„ 175	„ 6 from top,	„ asimuth „ azimuth.
„ 176	„ 15 „ bottom,	„ occurrance „ occurrence.
PL.XCVIa,	heading,	„ Emperical „ Empirical.

A Magnetic Survey of Japan Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

§ 1. Object of the Survey.

The object of the survey was to get a closer view of the distribution of magnetic force in the country than hitherto has been done. It is hoped that we may obtain in this way some insight into the tectonic character of the country which might throw light upon the distribution of earthquake disturbances with regard to time and space.

The object was twofold, first to obtain a general or normal, as it is sometimes called, distribution and second to get the extent and nature of local disturbances in special districts. With the first point in view a comparatively large number of stations were taken in places which were apparently free from disturbances of any great magnitude; and with the second point in view observations were made in volcanic regions or in places where violent geological changes are supposed to have taken place. How near we have come to realize those expectations is clearly shown in the maps. It will be seen that we have done something toward the first, but for the second a much more extended series of observations are needed, although we believe that some of the prominent points are brought out by the present survey.

§ 2. Division of Work in each Year.

In 1893 the middle part of Honsyū was surveyed by two parties called for convenience the East Party and the West Party.

The East Party consisted of H. Ōmori, S. Nakamura, K. Mizusima and H. Kimura and began its work on July 3rd. and ended on Oct. 23rd. It made observations at 44 stations covering the district between the island of Sado on the north and the peninsula of Idu on the south, and from the Lake Suwa to the plane of Sumidagawa across the other directions. It took several observations on the active volcano Asama.

The West Party consisted of A. Tanakadate, K. Turuta, H. Iwaoka, and K. Uziie beside T. Noda who joined the Party for half of the time. It began its work on July 1st. and ended on Oct. 27th. and made observations at 47 stations in the district extending between the peninsula of Noto on the north to the harbour of Toba on the south, and from the shore of the Lake Biwa to the eastern foot of Huziyama on which several observations were taken.

This party had the mishap of breaking the spider line suspension of the magnetometer at the first station after Tōkyō, and on repairing an unforeseen blunder was committed by using too thick a fibre, the erroneous effect of which was discovered at the station Gihu after making observations at 22 stations. This affected the value of the horizontal intensity but a little, its effect upon that of the declination was however too great to be allowed; hence A. Tanakadate left the rest of the party at Turuga and made re-determinations of that magnetic element at those stations except a few on the top of Huziyama.

In 1894 the Island of Hokkaidō was surveyed by two parties called the North Party and the South Party.

The North Party consisted of A. Tanakadate, K. Mizusima and H. Kimura; it began its work on June 26th. and ended on Oct. 15th. and made observations at 38 stations covering the whole district lying to the north of Yūbari range and Mororan Bay.

While making observations at Asahigawa the 12th. station of the year, K. Mizusima got a sting of an insect on his eye which became so serious that medical treatment was necessary, and H. Kimura was called to take his place, who again after working on 13 stations was obliged to leave the Party at Nogami on account of fever, so that the remaining stations were observed by Tanakadate alone.

The South Party consisted of S. Nakamura and A. Imamura and began its work on June 26th. and ended the work on Oct. 28th., it made observations at 28 stations including Tōkyō and Sendai on the southern half of the island approaching the district of the North Party at Nemuro and Setana.

In 1895 the northern part of Honsyū was surveyed by two parties called the North Party and the South Party.

The North Party consisted of A. Tanakadate, S. Sinzyō and Y. Katō, and began its work on June 23rd. and ended on Sept. 13th. and made observations at 37 stations covering the whole district lying to the north of Sendai. This Party had the assistance of Z. Tatihara near the end of the work.

The South Party consisted of S. Nakamura, A. Imamura, T. Tamaru and D. Sutō, and began its work on June 23rd. and ended on Sept. 4th.; it made observations at 32 stations covering the district lying to the south of Sakata to the peninsula of Awa-Kazusa bordering on the west on the valley of

Sinanogawa. This party made observations at a few stations of the East Party of 1893.

In 1896 the southwest of Honsyū, Sikoku and Kyūsyū was surveyed by three parties, called the Kinki Party, the Seto Sea Party and the South-West Party.

The Kinki Party consisted of S. Nakamura, Y. Katō and T. Tomoda, and began its work on June 30th. and ended on Sept. 6th.; it made observations at 28 stations covering the district lying to the west of the Sea of Ise up to Okayama Bay making a point on the Island of Awadi. It took observations at a few western stations of the West Party of 1893.

The Seto Sea Party consisted of A. Tanakadate, D. Sutō and S. Sano, and began its work on June 26th. and ended on Oct. 7th.; it made observations at 43 stations covering the district lying to the north and south of the Seto Sea on the west side of Okayama Bay, and three stations on the northeast of Kyūsyū.

The South-West Party consisted of A. Imamura, S. Sinzyō and M. Hattori, and began its work on June 28th. and ended on Sept. 7th.; it made observations at 30 stations covering the whole of Kyūsyū except the three stations above mentioned.

In counting the number of stations, the base station Tōkyō and some of the repeated observations at the same station in different years are included; while those places where only dip and vibration experiments were made are excluded.

§ 3. Equipments and Procedure of each Party.

Each party was equipped with a set of magnetometers, a chronometer, a tent, a folding sofa adapted for bed, a battery of

dry cells, small electric lamps, a box of necessary tools and materials, besides the "Berliner Jahrbuch," a logarithm table and note books.

The magnetometer is described in the next section: All the chronometers used were sidereal, made by Negus, New York. The tent was specially designed for the purpose, it is round 3.5 meters in diameter pitched with a center pole of 2.7 meters length. It is made in two parts, a conical top and a cylindrical wall, each of which can be folded back partly or wholly to accommodate various circumstances. It has a mosquito net fitting inside closely throughout. The top can be opened for astronomical observations and turned round after the fashion of an equatorial dome. Observations were often made with the net on, this caused diffraction phenomena producing four images with tails round the central spot, corresponding to square meshes of the net. The effect is however of no importance for the kind of work we are concerned with. On hot days the wall was removed giving the tent an appearance of a large umbrella with hanging curtains. This defence against insects proved also to be a useful guard for the instruments against wind and dust. The tripod for the magnetometer was set on the east side and that for the dip circle on the west, and the sofa on the north; a small shelf was rigged to the center pole for laying notes and small articles.

The magnetometer, dip circle and chronometer were carried by the observers themselves in travelling by rail or carriage, in crossing over mountains they were usually carried by coolies or sometimes on horseback; the chronometer was well corked round the gimbals and the box thickly wrapped in blanket which secured it both against mechanical jars and abrupt changes of temperature.

The selection of station was done by what was called the forerunner "Senpatu-in" who came to the place a day or half before the rest of the party and made necessary examination and arrangements. Stations were taken with the usual precaution against disturbances from buildings, railways, iron bridges, electric plants, factories &c.; care was also taken with regard to the permanency of its surroundings in order that observations may be repeated in future at the same place, although there must be allowed a large margin of uncertainty in this respect. Pl. LX to Pl. LXXXVII are topographs of stations. The objects to be represented for the identification of places are so various that the uniformity of scale and orientation could not be followed; in most cases they are sketches taken by the observers and are to be looked upon as mere substitutes for verbal description.

No member of the party was specialized to take any particular kind of work, on the contrary each had to do all the operations by regular turn including even the business part of acting as the forerunner above spoken of. This was insisted on, not on account of equal sharing of labour but for the object of eliminating personal errors of observations and peculiarities of manipulation which were likely to be thus discovered. This gave also the party the power of continuing its prescribed work even if it be reduced to one person through accidental failure of the rest, which unfortunately happened more than once during the survey.

In the last two years of the survey, besides making regular sets of observations in the tent, observations of dip and horizontal intensity by vibration only were made at two or three points in the neighbourhood, under the protection of a parasol from

which iron was replaced. The result verified to a certain extent the selection of the station. Local disturbances in an apparently smooth plane were sometimes surprising. Those points are not numbered in the list but are given as “*Syuttyō*”; Nos. 54 to 61 in the first year are of this category, and they would have been so named had they not been observed with the express view of finding the effect of Huzi.

§ 4. Instruments.

There are four sets of magnetometers belonging to the Earthquake Investigation Committee, three of which were used in the survey. Their construction is the same in principle as that adopted in the magnetometer used by the South Party of the magnetic survey of 1887, and fully described in Vol. II p. 178 and Vol. V p. 163 of this journal. The plate in the front page is the photograph of No. 1 instrument. The theodolites were ordered from Troughton and Simms of London for the special purpose. The graduated diameter of the azimuth circle is 18 cm. and that of the altitude circle 17.5 cm., both are divided to every 10' and are read with two verniers to 10". The telescope is of 4.8 cm. clear aperture and 36 cm. focal length and has five transit wires of about 10^s equatorial interval.

The modifications now introduced in the part of magnetometer are of minor importance being simply for the convenience of manipulation, they are:—

1. The magnetometer which is now put in a metal tube to guard against electrostatic effect of glass tube.

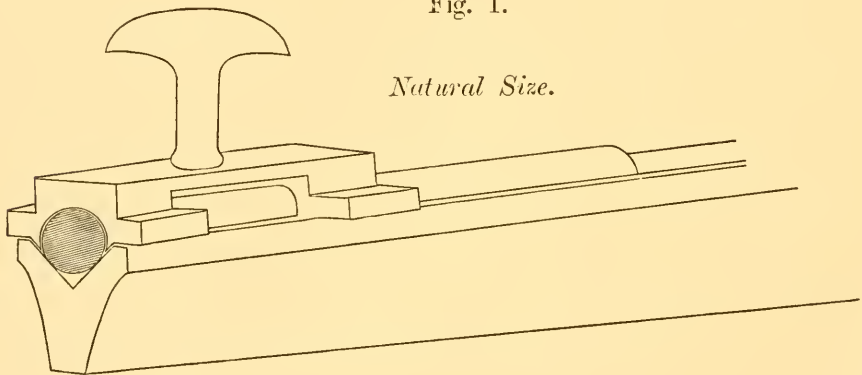
2. Magnetometer stand which is in the form of a tube standing upon three legs and can be fixed either to the base

plate of the theodolite for declination observation, or to the base of Y's for deflection experiments, by working the differential screw at the center. (See pl. in front page.)

3. Use of autocollimating telescopes, which makes the instrument more compact.

4. Cylindrical form of vibrating magnet which facilitates the use of transporter.

5. The transporter with which the magnet can be carried from one position to another on deflection bar or reversed in direction with great ease, without the danger of imparting heat from the hand of the observer.



It may be remarked here that Mr. Ch. Chree's objection to the Kew pattern of deflection bar was looked into in 1887 already, though not expressly stated. From the photograph in the front page, it will be seen that the correction arising from the flexure of the bar is very small in our design.

6. The use of the dip circle box for vibration box: for this purpose two Y's were provided on the base plate of the box. When the bar magnet was laid on those Y's its axis was horizontal and it was so adjusted in azimuth that its direction,

as observed by the reflected line in the focus of the telescope from its polished end, remained unchanged, when it was lifted up slowly by screwing up the suspension fibre.

The instrumental constants are as follows:—

	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3
Length in cm.	6.9911	6.9907	6.9461
Diameter „ „ (mean)	0.7912	0.7982	0.8060
Weight „ gr.	26.6640	27.1638	27.4545
Moment of inertia, I (gr. cm ² .)	109.643	112.150	111.505
Distances of center of magnet from magnetometer in cm. $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} r_1 \\ r_2 \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 30.0130 \\ 23.0023 \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 29.9945 \\ 22.9941 \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 30.0363 \\ 22.9747 \end{array} \right.$
$\log 1/(2\pi\sqrt{I})$	2.18183	2.17692	2.17817
$\log r_1^5$	7.38655	7.38521	7.38823
$\log r_2^5$	6.80886	6.80808	6.80625
$\log \frac{1-2\mu/r_1r_2(r_1+r_2)}{2(r_1^2-r_2^2)}$	3.12872	3.12878	3.12561

$\mu=3.8$ for all the magnets, found by magnetometric method.

Those bar magnets were selected from ten of similar ones.

The moment of inertia is calculated in two ways, once from the linear dimensions and weight, and again by comparing it with that of a brass cylinder belonging to Kew magnetometer No. 64 by vibration method: the latter gave always slightly greater values than the former which may be due to heterogeneity in its density; but as vibration method is not entirely free from uncertainty, inasmuch as the time of vibration is usually affected by small fluctuation in the value of the horizontal intensity during the experiment, the mean of those two values is adopted in reducing the observations.

There are three dip circles belonging to the same committee

made by Casella, these are Nos. 5613, 5614, and 5615; after 1894 they are numbered as 1, 2, 3, respectively and are put together with the magnetometers of corresponding numbers. In 1893 one dip circle (Casella No. 4365) was borrowed from the Hydrographic Bureau for the East Party and another (Dover No. 88) from the Science College for the West Party.

For reversing the magnetisation of needles a pair of coils each wound with insulated wires of three different diameters; the thinnest being put innermost, was made for each set of instruments. They were put in a closely fitting box which acted also as sliding guide in introducing the needle safely into the narrow cores. The usual bar magnets were only carried to provide for the case of the failure of dry cells.

The declinometers were electromagnetic, the same as those used in the survey of 1887, the only difference being in the construction of the mirror magnetometer already described.

Simultaneous observations were made with those instruments at various times as is seen in the Complete List of Observations, and differences were found. They arise from the errors in the determinations of the constants, from the errors of graduation and the eccentricity of the circles, from the deviation from circular form in the axil of dip needle besides the accidental errors of observations. The difference will depend upon the local values of magnetic elements and different sets of observers to certain extent, hence we have not applied instrumental corrections in any of the results, the constants of the magnetometers were however determined at various intervals during the survey.

The distribution of these instruments among the several parties were as follows:—

		Magnetometer.	Dip Circle.
1893	East Party	No. 2*	Casella No. 4365
	West Party	No. 3	Dover No. 88
1894	North Party	No. 1	Casella No. 5613
	South Party	No. 3	,, No. 5615
1895	North Party	No. 1	,, No. 5613
	South Party	No. 3	,, No. 5615
1896	Kinki Party	No. 1	,, No. 5613
	Seto Sea Party	No. 2	,, No. 5614
	South-West Party	No. 3	,, No. 5615

§ 5. Method of Observation.

The Vibration Experiment was always made before the deflection experiment in determining the horizontal intensity. This was generally done by two men, an observer gave signal of the transit of the reflected line in the observing telescope by making a tap with a small piece of wood, and a recorder looking at the chronometer noted down the time estimated to nearest tenth of a second; 15 successive transits in the same direction were observed at the beginning and end of 50 complete vibrations, the chronometer being placed at 2½ meters distance from the magnetometer.

When it was performed by a single person the eye and ear method as in the case of star transit was employed; this requires the period of magnet to be greater than four seconds. A correction on account of the non-uniformity of the visible motion is applied which is easily found to be

* In 1893 the bar magnet No. 1 was used with the magnetometer No. 2 and the reduction is carried accordingly.

$$\frac{2\pi}{\tau} \operatorname{tg}^{-1} \frac{\sin 2\pi/\tau}{\cos 2\pi/\tau + (1-n)/n} = n$$

where n is the estimated fraction of a second and τ the period of vibration of the magnet. Table I is constructed for the purpose.

TABLE I.

Corrections to be Applied to the Estimated Fractions of Second when Simple Harmonic Motion is Observed by Eye and Ear Method.

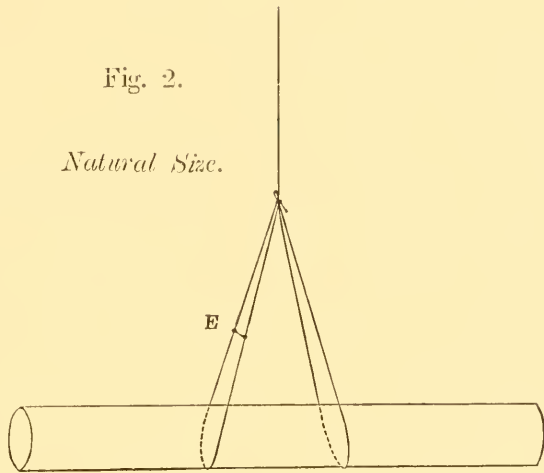
n \ Period Fractions of second	4 ^s	5 ^s	6 ^s	7 ^s	8 ^s
0	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
0 ^s .1	-.030	-.019	-.013	-.010	-.007
0 ^s .2	-.044	-.027	-.018	-.014	-.010
0 ^s .3	-.042	-.025	-.017	-.012	-.009
0 ^s .4	-.026	-.013	-.010	-.007	-.005
0 ^s .5	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
0 ^s .6	+.026	+.013	+.010	+.007	+.005
0 ^s .7	+.042	+.025	+.017	+.012	+.009
0 ^s .8	+.044	+.027	+.018	+.014	+.010
0 ^s .9	+.030	+.019	+.013	+.010	+.007
1 ^s .0	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

The magnet is suspended with two loops of silk fibre as in Fig. 2 and is free from any mechanical stress except the pressure due to its own weight. The loops weigh about $\frac{1}{2}$ milligram and

their lowest ends are nearly 2 cm. apart, so that its moment of inertia about the vertical axis is less than 0.0005 gr. cm.² and is neglected in the calculation.

The inclination of the magnet is adjusted by moving the small tie E in Fig. 2 within fraction of a minute. The magnet is subject to a slight motion in the vertical plane caused by accidental disturbances of the air or ground tremors. This effect as

Fig. 2.
Natural Size.



well as that of the inclination upon the proper period of vibration was specially studied by making observations with large amounts of those errors purposely given, as follows:—

Kogota July 1st. 1895.

Observer S. SINZYŌ.
Recorder A. TANAKADATE.

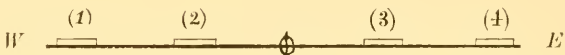
Local Time	Temperature	Time of Vibration	Remark.
11 ^h 24 ^m A.M.	20°.6 C.	5 ^s .8810	normal position
11 ^h 41 ^m „	20 .9	5 .8785	north end down 30'
11 ^h 50 ^m „	20 .7	5 .8780	{with motion in the vertical plane, amplitude 30' to 15'
1 ^h 06 ^m P.M.	21°.0 C.	5 ^s .8796	normal position
1 ^h 15 ^m „	21 .4	5 .8770	north end up 27'
1 ^h 47 ^m „	21 .3	5 .8797	„ „ down 30'
2 ^h 30 ^m P.M.	21°.5 C.	5 ^s .8851	normal position
2 ^h 32 ^m „	21 .2	5 .8859	{with motion in the vertical plane, amplitude 20' to 16'

As these effects vary with the squares of amplitudes they will be entirely negligible when the deviation from the normal position is one or two minutes.

The Deflection Experiment was done with two distances which are fixed in each bar ($r_1 r_2$ of § 4). The order of various positions of the magnet was

Fig. 3.

as indicated in Fig. 3,

(1) (2) (3) (4),  W E
 (-4) (-3) (-2) (-1) and again (1) for check, where - sign shows that the magnet is reversed end for end. This order seems to be the usual one: it is found though too late that better order is (1) (-1), (2) (-2), (3) (-3), (4) (-4), reversing at each particular position; series of experiments were made for the express purpose of comparing the methods, and it was found that the latter order gave more consistent values than the former. The reason is obvious, in the former method the slight change in declination during the experiment, which takes about 15 minutes in our case, produces error in the angle of deflection, while in the latter method this error is minimized.

The temperature coefficient of the magnetic moment of each bar magnet, was found directly from the experiment; sufficient differences of temperature being usually obtained from the morning and afternoon observations as is seen in the complete list under the headings "M." and "Temp." The fractional decrement of moment per degree centigrade varied between .00070 and .00082 and the correction is applied as shown in the specimen page where t_v and t_d are the mean temperatures in vibration and deflection experiment respectively.

The Dip Circle was set into the magnetic meridian by the usual process of observing its position in which the needle stands

vertical. The reading of the azimuth thus found was compared with that found when the vibration experiment was carried. The difference between those two kept nearly constant; hence when vibration experiment was done before the dip, the magnetic meridian was obtained by applying this small difference. The method was especially convenient when experiment was done in open in “*Syuttyō*.”

In reversing magnetism by means of the coils the current was kept for ten seconds, at first the magnet was reversed with regard to the coils and the current reversed to eliminate any unsymmetry. It was found however in the course of the survey that this double operation was quite superfluous.

The Declination was observed in the same way as in the previous survey, the only difference consisted in taking four positions of the coil in each set of observations, reversing the coil with regard to north and south and again with regard to east and west, although the mean of the last pair is usually sufficient.

The Astronomical Meridian was usually found by observation of the Polaris, and then transit of six stars were taken with the telescope reversed in Y's at the middle, each three being north, zenith and south stars. From these observations azimuth collimation and clock errors were found by Mayer's method. In setting the theodolite into the meridian, the graphical method given by the writer (*Sūgaku-Buturigakkwai Kizi* Vol. VI p. 21) was very handy as the azimuth could be found at a glance to fraction of a minute.

The attached specimen pages of field notes which were entered in printed schedule will illustrate the process.

Local Time and Chronometer Rate were determined at nearly every station by taking observations in the evening and either

SPECIMEN PAGE OF OBSERVATIONS FOR

Observer TOMODA.

Date, August 10th. 1896.

Recorder NAKAMURA.

Temperature		Time					Diff.
		Final		Initial			
		^m	^s	^h	^m	^s	^s
Inil.	28.°4 c	51	5.0	15	46	14.2	290.8
Finl.	28.0		10.8			20.0	.8
Mean	28.2		16.6			25.8	.8
Corrn.	.0		22.5			31.7	.9
	28.°2 c		28.3			37.5	.8
			34.1			43.3	.8
	Arc.		40.0			49.1	.9
Inil.	{	9.0	45.8			54.9	.9
		51.0	51.6			0.7	.9
Diff.		42.0	57.4			6.5	.9
Finl.	{	40.2	3.2			12.4	.8
		19.7	9.0			18.2	.8
Diff.		20.5	14.8			24.0	.8
M of Diff.	31.2		20.6			29.8	.8
Red.		52	26.5		47	35.6	.9
Torsion				No. of Vib ⁿ .		50	290.84
				Time of single Vib ⁿ .			5.8168
	Mean		Diff.	Log. Tab.	L. T ₀	1	0.76468
o {	40.2 19.7	29.95	1.45	Tab. I.	$L. \left(1 + \frac{s}{80400}\right)$	2	1.99879
				Tab. II.	$L. \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{16}\right)$	3	0
+2π {	40.0 8.0	28.50	1.40	Tab. III.	$L. \left(1 + \frac{0}{2\pi - 6}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	4	0.00004
o {	49.0 10.8	29.90	1.15	Tab. IV.	$L. \left(1 + \frac{MH}{M}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	5	0.00060
				Tab. V.	$L. (1 + xl)$	6	1.99986
-2π {	50.0 12.1	31.05	1.10		$L. (1/2\pi\sqrt{1})$	7	2.18183
o {	51.0 8.0	29.95		(1)...+(7)	$L. (1/MH)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	8	2.94580
				Mean	1.27		
	=		3.8				

FINDING THE HORIZONTAL FORCE.

Observer NAKAMURA.

Place, Miyōzi.

Recorder TOMODA.

	Mag. W. $r_1 =$		Mag. E. $-r_1 =$		
	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	
Dir. (1)	9° 49' 30"	189° 49' 30"	(4) 9° 50' 0"	189° 49' 50"	
Rev. (8)	357 53 0	177 52 50	(5) 357 57 30	177 57 40	
Diff.	11 56 30	11 56 40	11 52 30	11 52 10	
Mean	11° 56' 35"	11° 54' 27".5	11° 52' 20"		
	$\varphi_1 = \underline{5^\circ 57' 13''.8}$				
		$r_2 =$		$-r_2 =$	
Dir. (1)	17° 21' 05"	197° 20' 50"	(3) 17° 21' 50"	197° 22' 05"	
Rev. (7)	350 16 30	170 16 50	(6) 350 30 5	170 30 20	
Diff.	27 4 35	27 4 0	26 51 45	26 51 45	
Mean	27° 4' 17".5	26° 58' 01".2	26° 51' 45"		

$\varphi_2 = \underline{13^\circ 20' 00''.6}$

Ended $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ 16 & 15.2 \end{matrix}$

Began $\begin{matrix} 15 & 46.2 \end{matrix}$

Temperature

Initial	Tab. VI.	L. r_1^5	1	7.38655	Mean $\begin{matrix} 16 & 00.7 \\ \Delta T & \frac{-40.5}{15^h 20.2 \text{ sidl.}} \end{matrix}$ (3)-(6) 0.22592	
a 27°.0 c	Log. Tab.	L. $\sin \varphi_1$	2	1.01589		
b 26°.8 c	(1)+(2)	L. $r_1^5 \sin \varphi_1$	3	6.40244		
Mean 26°.9 c	Tab. VI.	L. r_2^5	4	6.80886		
Corrn. 0	Log. Tab.	L. $\sin \varphi_2$	5	1.36766		
26°.9 c	(4)+(5)	L. $r_2^5 \sin \varphi_2$	6	6.17652		
Final	Log. Tab.	$L. \left(\frac{r_1^5 \sin \varphi_1 - 1}{r_2^5 \sin \varphi_2} \right)$	7	1.83402		
a 26°.5 c	Tab. VI.	$L. \frac{1 - 2r_1/r_2(r_1 + r_2)}{2(r_1^2 - r_2^2)}$	8	3.12872		
b 26°.4 c	Tab. VII.	L. $(1 + \beta t)$	9	0.00067		
Mean 26°.45 c	(6)+... (9)	L. M/H	10	3.13993		
Corrn. 0		L. $\sqrt{M/H}$	11	1.56997		
26°.45 c		L. $\sqrt{1/MH}$	12	2.94580		
(M) 26.68	(11)-(12)	L. M	13	2.62417		$M = 420.83$
$t_n - t_d$ 1.5	(13)-(10)	L. H	14	1.48424		$H = 0.30496$
$(t_n - t_d)^{\frac{1}{2}} \approx HI$				corr'n. = 4	$HI = 0.30500$	

SPECIMEN PAGE OF OBSERVATIONS

Instrument No. 3.

Date Oct. 6th. 1894.

Time			W	E	Mean	Zero Reading and Mean	
<i>h</i>	<i>m</i>		^o / "	^o / "	^o / "	^o / "	
18	42.8	Z Mark	<i>a</i>	1 38 40	35 55	1 37 36.3	5 42 14
			<i>b</i>	181 39 20	36 30		
			<i>m</i>	39 0	36 12.5		
49.2	N	Mark	<i>a</i>	38 10	35 0		
			<i>b</i>	38 55	35 50		
			<i>m</i>	38 32.5	35 25		
46.0					36 58.8	1 37 17.6	
20	1.8	Z Mark	<i>a</i>	1 38 0	35 15		
			<i>b</i>	181 38 50	36 0		
			<i>m</i>	38 25	35 37.5		
11.6	N	Mark	<i>a</i>	37 50	35 20		
			<i>b</i>	38 20	36 10		
			<i>m</i>	38 5	35 45		
6.7					36 55.0	1 36 58.1	
21	14.0	Z Mark	<i>a</i>	1 34 30	38 0		
			<i>b</i>	181 35 25	38 40		
			<i>m</i>	34 57.5	38 20		
19.8	N	Mark	<i>a</i>	35 10	38 0		
			<i>b</i>	35 50	38 50		
			<i>m</i>	35 30	38 25		
16.9					36 57.5	1 36 48.2	
1	19.8	Z Mark	<i>a</i>	1 38 50	36 15		
			<i>b</i>	181 39 50	37 10		
			<i>m</i>	39 20	36 42.5		
27.0	N	Mark	<i>a</i>	38 50	35 45		
			<i>b</i>	39 35	36 40		
			<i>m</i>	39 12.5	36 12.5		
23.4					37 42.5	1 37 51.9	
	Z	Mark	<i>a</i>				
			<i>b</i>				
			<i>m</i>				
	N	Mark	<i>a</i>				
			<i>b</i>				
			<i>m</i>				

FOR FINDING THE DECLINATION.

Place Nemuro.

δ	Observer	Recorder	Remark
° ' "	Nakamura	Imamura	
4° 4' 56''	"	Nakamura	
4° 5' 16''	"	"	
4° 5' 26''	"	"	Oct. 7th.
4° 4' 22''	"	"	

SPECIMEN PAGE OF OBSERVATIONS FOR
FINDING THE DIP.

Place Imaïti.

Date July 31st, 1896.

Instrument No. 2.

Observer SANO.

Needle No. 1.

Recorder SUTÔ.

 $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ \text{Began } 3 & 3.2 \text{ p.m.} \end{matrix}$
 $\begin{matrix} h & m \\ \text{Ended } 3 & 35.3 \text{ p.m.} \end{matrix}$

	Axis of needle	Circle	Adjusted to upper end	Adjusted to lower end	Mean
Meridian	Direct	S	23° 55'	23° 38'	23° 26'.25
		N	22° 56'	23° 16'	
		Mean	23° 25'.5	23° 27'	
	Reversed	N	23° 26'	23° 39'	23° 28'.75
		S	23° 32'	23° 18'	
		Mean	23° 29'	23° 28'.5	
Azimuth					23° 27'.5

	Circle	Adjusted to	a (vernier)	b (vernier)	Mean	a (vernier)	b (vernier)	Mean
Axis of needle direct	E	up	49° 39'	° 40'	49° 42'.5	49° 47'	° 47'	49° 47'.0
		down	45'	46'		47''	47'	
		Mean	42'	43'		47'	47'	
	W	up	52'	52'	49'.5	50° 24'	24'	50° 24'.0
		down	47'	47'		24'	24'	
		Mean	49'.5	49'.5		24'	24'	
Axis of needle reversed	W	up	49'	50'	50'.75	05'	06'	50° 03'.0
		down	52'	52'		00'	01'	
		Mean	50'.5	51'.0		02'.5	03'.5	
	E	up	35'	36'	34'.75	02'	03'	50° 05'.5
		down	33'	35'		08'	09'	
		Mean	34'	35'.5		05'.0	06'.0	
Mean of Means					49° 44'.4	Mean of Means		50° 04'.9
Dip					49° 54'.6			

early in the morning, or at the noon the sun's transit, except when prevented by unfavourable weather, for which cases the rate and error were interpolated from the previous and succeeding observations.

As the state of the weather can not usually be relied upon, the first chance of making astronomical observations was always taken advantage of, be it the sun or the stars either in altitude or meridian passage. The comparatively large telescope was designed for this reason, to enable us to observe large stars through mists or thin clouds; a still larger aperture, though sacrificing a little definition, will be recommendable in future.

§ 6. Diurnal Variation.

The corrections for diurnal variations are not applied, being eliminated to a large extent by taking the mean of three or more sets of observations of all the magnetic elements in each of principal stations (see Complete List of Observations in the Appendix). A set of experiment for the determination of the horizontal intensity and the dip was made in the morning about 8 or 9 a.m., another near the middle of the day about 1 or 2 p.m. and the last in the evening about 6, and often a set was made at night after finishing the astronomical work, when that was done under favourable circumstances. Strict times of observations could not be followed on account of the conditions of travelling and also because of the astronomical observations, which had to be taken at whatever time that was available.

Declination was observed at as many intervals as possible, so as to enable us to draw the diurnal curves (see Pl. I. to Pl. LIX.) at each principal station. The mean value is obtained

by planimetric method, and is indicated by a dotted line in the plate, where only a part of the curve is obtained the mean is inferred from those of the neighbouring curves.

The diurnal curve was also useful in warning the observers of magnetic storms, during which the regular observations had to be sustained.

§ 7. Reduction to the Epoch 1895.0.

In order to reduce the observed values to a common epoch, we require to know the secular variation of each magnetic element. It was hoped by taking observations at the stations of the previous survey of 1887 this might be found at each place. On carrying out the work, however, it was found that observations in most of the old stations were impracticable on account of changes that have since taken place in their surroundings. Although many of the names in the list of observations are the same, there are only 7 places where regular observations were made at the identical spot; the values of dip and horizontal intensity given in the list under the heading "Station 1887" were made again now for the sake of reference even though the surroundings had somewhat changed. Under these circumstances it was considered not expedient to derive the annual variation in the way first thought of.

The method used is to find mean secular variations by comparing the empirical expressions of magnetic elements in terms of longitude and latitude, which were already worked out by Prof. Knott, with those of the present treated in similar manner, supposing those two sets of values to represent the magnetic state of the country at the epochs corresponding to the means of

the times of observations in the two surveys: these fell respectively 1887.51 and 1895.12 during which interval the variation is assumed to have been uniform; thus:—

$$\delta = 5^\circ 05'6 + 0'286 J\varphi - 0'144 J\lambda - 0'000294(J\lambda)^2 \text{ at } 1895.12$$

$$\delta = 4^\circ 54'4 + 0'241 J\varphi - 0'133 J\lambda - 0'000231(J\lambda)^2 \text{ ,, } 1887.61$$

$$J\delta = 11'2 + 0'045 J\varphi - 0'011 J\lambda - 0'000063(J\lambda)^2 \text{ for } 7.51 \text{ years.}$$

and $\frac{J\delta}{Jt} = 1'49 + 0'00599 J\varphi - 0'00146 J\lambda - 0'0000084(J\lambda)^2$ per annum

where $J\varphi = (\varphi - 37^\circ)'$, $J\lambda = (\lambda - 138^\circ)'$ * expressed in minutes

similarly

$$\theta = 50^\circ 47'4 + 1'068 J\varphi - 0'0792 J\lambda \text{ at } 1895.12$$

$$\theta = 50^\circ 54'9 + 1'146 J\varphi - 0'1556 J\lambda \text{ ,, } 1887.61$$

$$J\theta = -7'5 - 0'078 J\varphi + 0'0764 J\lambda \text{ for } 7.51 \text{ years.}$$

$$\frac{J\theta}{Jt} = -1'00 - 0'0104 J\varphi + 0'0102 J\lambda \text{ per annum}$$

$$H = 29317^{\checkmark} - 6'12 J\varphi - 1'48 J\lambda \text{ at } 1895.12$$

$$H = 29247^{\checkmark} - 6'17 J\varphi - 1'17 J\lambda \text{ ,, } 1887.61$$

$$JH = 70^{\checkmark} + 0'05 J\varphi - 0'31 J\lambda \text{ for } 7.51 \text{ years.}$$

$$\frac{JH}{Jt} = 9'33^{\checkmark} + 0'0067 J\varphi - 0'041 J\lambda \text{ per annum.}$$

The values for 1895.12 were derived from the results of observations at 288 stations which were seemingly free from extravagant local disturbances by the method of least squares, a process somewhat superfluous but useful in training the computers for further work. Tables II, III, IV, give these annual variations for each degree of longitude and latitude throughout the country and were used in reducing the values to the epoch 1895.0.

* The origin is taken at round number of degrees instead of the mean value for facilitating the use of the formulae, the slight increase of probable errors in the computed values thus caused is quite insignificant.

TABLE
ANNUAL VARIATION

λ ζ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									+ 1'90
37°								+ 1'54	+ 1'55
36°				+ 0'58	+ 0'82	+ 1'01	+ 1'13	+ 1'19	+ 1'20
35°			- 0'08	+ 0'23	+ 0'47	+ 0'65	+ 0'78	+ 0'84	+ 0'85
34°		- 0'79	- 0'43	- 0'12	+ 0'12	+ 0'30	+ 0'43	+ 0'49	+ 0'49
33°	- 1'57	- 1'15	- 0'78	- 0'48	- 0'23	- 0'05	+ 0'08	+ 0'14	
32°		- 1'50	- 1'13	- 0'83	- 0'58				
31°		- 1'85	- 1'48	- 1'18					
ζ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

II.

OF DECLINATION. (*See Table VIII.*)

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				+ 3'82					46°
			+ 3'76	+ 3'46	+ 3'10				45°
			+ 3'41	+ 3'11	+ 2'75	+ 2'33	+ 1'85	+ 1'31	44°
		+ 3'30	+ 3'06	+ 2'76	+ 2'40	+ 1'98	+ 1'50	+ 0'96	43°
		+ 2'95	+ 2'71	+ 2'41	+ 2'05				42°
		+ 2'60	+ 2'36	+ 2'06					41°
	+ 2'42	+ 2'25	+ 2'01	+ 1'71					40°
	+ 2'07	+ 1'90	+ 1'66	+ 1'36					39°
+ 1'84	+ 1'72	+ 1'54	+ 1'31	+ 1'01					38°
+ 1'49	+ 1'37	+ 1'19	+ 0'95	+ 0'66					37°
+ 1'14	+ 1'02	+ 0'84	+ 0'61						36°
+ 0'79	+ 0'67	+ 0'49	+ 0'25						35°
+ 0'44	+ 0'32	+ 0'14							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE
ANNUAL VARIA-

φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									-2'24
37°								-2'22	-1'51
36°				-4'05	-3'44	-2'82	-2'21	-1'60	-0'99
35°			-4'03	-3'42	-2'81	-2'20	-1'59	-0'98	-0'36
34°		-4'02	-3'41	-2'80	-2'19	-1'58	-0'96	-0'35	+0'26
33°	-4'01	-3'40	-2'79	-2'18	-1'56	-0'95	-0'34	+0'27	
32°		-2'78	-2'16	-1'55	-0'94				
31°		-2'15	-1'54	-0'93					
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

III.

TION OF DIP.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				-4'17					46°
			-4'16	-3'54	-2'93				45°
			-3'53	-2'92	-2'31	-1'70	-1'08	-0'47	44°
		-3'52	-2'91	-2'30	-1'68	-1'07	-0'46	+0'15	43°
		-2'90	-2'28	-1'67	-1'06				42°
		-2'27	-1'66	-1'05					41°
	-2'26	-1'65	-1'04	-0'42					40°
	-1'64	-1'02	-0'41	+ '020					39°
-1'62	-1'01	-0'40	+0'21	+0'82					38°
-1'00	-0'39	+0'22	+0'84						37°
-0'38	+0'24	+0'85	+1'46						36°
+0'25	+0'86	+1'47	+2'08						35°
+0'87	+1'48	+2'10							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE
ANNUAL VARIATION OF

$\lambda \backslash \varphi$	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									$\bar{\gamma}$ + 12.2
37°								$\bar{\gamma}$ + 14.3	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 11.8
36°					$\bar{\gamma}$ + 21.2	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 18.8	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 16.3	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 13.8	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 11.4
35°			$\bar{\gamma}$ + 25.7	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 23.3	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 20.8	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 18.4	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 15.9	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 13.4	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 11.0
34°		$\bar{\gamma}$ + 27.8	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 25.3	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 22.9	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 20.4	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 18.0	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 15.5	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 13.0	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 10.6
33°	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 29.9	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 27.4	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 24.9	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 22.5	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 20.0	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 17.6	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 15.1	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 12.6	
32°		$\bar{\gamma}$ + 27.0	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 24.5	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 22.1	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 19.6				
31°		$\bar{\gamma}$ + 26.6	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 24.1	$\bar{\gamma}$ + 21.7					
$\varphi \backslash \lambda$	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

IV.

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				γ +3.1					46°
			γ +5.2	γ +2.7	γ +0.2				45°
			γ +4.8	γ +2.3	γ -0.2	γ -2.6	γ -5.1	γ -7.5	44°
		γ +6.8	γ +4.3	γ +1.9	γ -0.6	γ -3.0	γ -5.5	γ -7.9	43°
		γ +6.4	γ +4.0	γ +1.5	γ -1.0				42°
		γ +6.0	γ +3.6	γ +1.1					41°
	γ +8.1	γ +5.6	γ +3.2	γ +0.7					40°
	γ +7.7	γ +5.2	γ +2.7	γ +0.3					39°
γ +9.7	γ +7.3	γ +4.8	γ +2.3	γ -0.1					38°
γ +9.3	γ +6.9	γ +4.4	γ +1.9						37°
γ +8.9	γ +6.5	γ +4.0	γ +1.5						36°
γ +8.5	γ +6.1	γ +3.6	γ +1.1						35°
γ +8.1	γ +5.7	γ +3.2							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

This method gives only the average secular variations, the results are therefore partly over-corrected and partly under-corrected especially in regions under the process of tectonic change, some of which had already drawn our attention.* To minimize such effects the nearest round number of years to the mean time of all the observations is taken as the epoch to which all the observations are reduced, the amount of maximum correction being about one and a half year either way.

It is to be remembered in this respect that three destructive earthquakes have occurred between the previous survey and the end of the present: the strongest in 1891 in the district of Mino-Owari and two less severe, one in Sakata in the winter of 1893 and another in Tōkyō in the summer of 1896.

§ 8. Reduction to the Sea Level.

To reduce all the observations to the sea level, the vertical variations of the magnetic elements were derived in the way discussed in § 11 below, using the first approximation of mean isomagnetics used in deducing annual variations. The corrections are quite sensible in some of stations which are two or three kilometers high and affect materially the amount of disturbing forces in such altitudes.

§ 9. Isomagnetics.

The reduced values of magnetic elements were put on maps, one for each element, and isomagnetics were drawn by the tentative method of interpolation, taking care to give slight allowances with respect to second differences. In some places it was

* The Disturbances of Isomagnetics attending the Mino-Owari Earthquake of 1891, A. Tanakadate and H. Nagaoka, *Journal of Science College*, Vol. V. part II.

difficult to decide which course the curves will take, and recourse had to be made to the *common sense estimate* or *guess work*. To draw those curves with accuracy “over even the smoothest hillside” to use Lord Kelvin’s words with regard to the distribution of atmospheric electricity, “would infinitely transcend human mathematical power.”

Mr. S. Nakamura and the writer starting separately on different sheets obtained curves agreeing in general appearance, but in particular details they differed widely in some places, the curves in Maps 1, 2, and 3 drawn on transparent sheets, are a compromise made by the writer. Actual values at each station, corresponding to the nearest mark \odot on the maps, are given along with the curves, so that they can be reconstructed by any one to suit his own view. The controversy which has risen in this respect in the result of previous surveys is thus avoided. Those curves were prepared on a larger scale of linear dimension five times those given in this volume and were reduced by pantograph.

§ 10. Mean Isomagnetics.

The mean isomagnetics are represented by empirical formulæ expressing magnetic elements in terms of longitude and latitude in the usual way. Number of terms to be taken in such expressions depends upon the character of distribution of these elements in the country. By way of trial these elements were calculated for 12 points in Japan from the table of magnetic elements for the globe corresponding to 1885.0 as given by Prof. Ad. Schmidt,* in which the expansion is carried to seventh harmonics. Table V shows the distribution of these points.

* Aus dem Archiv der Deutschen Seewarte XXI Jahrgang 1898 No. 2, p. 61.

TABLE V.

Magnetic Elements Calculated from X, Y, Z, Expressed in Spherical Harmonics for 1885.0 by *Prof. Ad. Schmidt*.

λ		130.0	132.5	135.0	137.5	140.0	142.5	145.0			
45.0	δ						12 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3^{\circ}51'.2 \\ 59^{\circ}15'.8 \\ \gamma \\ 25473.6 \end{array} \right.$				
	θ										
	H										
42.5	δ					10 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3^{\circ}41'.3 \\ 57^{\circ}07'.4 \\ \gamma \\ 26640.2 \end{array} \right.$		11 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3^{\circ}06'.4 \\ 56^{\circ}22'.5 \\ \gamma \\ 26559.0 \end{array} \right.$			
	θ										
	H										
40.0	δ					8 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3^{\circ}14'.3 \\ 54^{\circ}27'.0 \\ \gamma \\ 27740.3 \end{array} \right.$	9 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}59'.2 \\ 54^{\circ}06'.2 \\ \gamma \\ 27657.6 \end{array} \right.$				
	θ										
	H										
37.5	δ					7 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}45'.3 \\ 51^{\circ}41'.4 \\ \gamma \\ 28768.2 \end{array} \right.$					
	θ										
	H										
35.0	δ					3 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}34'.6 \\ 49^{\circ}47'.5 \\ \gamma \\ 30195.5 \end{array} \right.$	4 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}32'.8 \\ 49^{\circ}27'.1 \\ \gamma \\ 30043.9 \end{array} \right.$	5 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}26'.2 \\ 49^{\circ}06'.2 \\ \gamma \\ 29888.0 \end{array} \right.$	6 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}14'.9 \\ 48^{\circ}45'.0 \\ \gamma \\ 29728.9 \end{array} \right.$		
	θ										
	H										
32.5	δ	1 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}05'.6 \\ 46^{\circ}56'.0 \\ \gamma \\ 31375.9 \end{array} \right.$		2 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2^{\circ}03'.6 \\ 46^{\circ}18'.5 \\ \gamma \\ 31009.1 \end{array} \right.$							
	θ										
	H										

These values put into linear equations for horizontal force and dip, and parabolic formula for declination give residuals whose maximum values are 28.'6 for the horizontal force, 16.'6 for the dip and 16.'4 for the declination: put into quadratic form they come out

$$\delta = 2^{\circ} 48'50 - 3'90 J\lambda + 11'63 J\varphi - 0'380(J\lambda)^2 + 0'114(J\lambda)(J\varphi) - 0'135(J\varphi)^2$$

$$\pm .44 \pm .14 \quad \pm .14 \quad \pm .043 \quad \pm .083 \quad \pm .041$$

$$\theta = 51^{\circ} 23'58 - 8'41 J\lambda + 6'76 J\varphi - 0'003(J\lambda)^2 - 0'160(J\lambda)(J\varphi) - 0'672(J\varphi)^2$$

$$\pm .65 \pm .20 \quad \pm .21 \quad \pm .064 \quad \pm .122 \quad \pm .060$$

$$H = 29069'4 - 49'72 J\lambda - 40'4'60 J\varphi - 0'416(J\lambda)^2 + 6'544(J\lambda)(J\varphi) - 5'680(J\varphi)^2$$

$$\pm 2.0 \pm 0.62 \quad \pm 0.64 \pm 0.194 \quad \pm 0.374 \quad \pm 0.184$$

where $J\lambda = (\lambda - 138^{\circ})^{\circ}$ and $J\varphi = (\varphi - 37^{\circ})^{\circ}$ expressed in degrees.

The values calculated from these expressions are compared with the given data in Table VI,

TABLE VI.

Magnetic Elements calculated as Quadratic Functions of Longitude and Latitude, from the Data given by Spherical Harmonics for 1885.0.

No.	Declination.			Dip.			Horizontal Intensity.		
	Data.	Cal.	Dif.	Data.	Cal.	Dif.	Data.	Cal.	Dif.
1	2° 05'6	2° 04'5	1'1	46° 56'0	46° 57'4	-1'4	31375.9	31381.9	-6'0
2	2° 03'6	2° 03'2	0.4	46° 18'5	46° 19'1	-0.6	31009.1	31008.9	0.2
3	2° 34'6	2° 36'0	-1.4	49° 47'5	49 45'8	1.7	30195.5	30188.8	6.7
4	2° 32'8	2° 33'7	-0.9	49° 27'1	49° 25'6	1.5	30043.9	30040.6	3.3
5	2° 26'2	2° 26'7	-0.5	40° 06'2	49 05'4	0.8	29888.0	29887.2	0.8
6	2° 14'9	2° 14'9	0	48° 45'0	48 45'2	-0.2	29728.9	29728.6	0.3
7	2° 45'3	2° 45'1	0.2	51° 41'4	51 41'3	0.1	28768.2	28771.1	-2.9
8	3° 14'3	3° 13'6	0.7	54° 27'0	54 29'0	-2.0	27740.3	27742.6	-2.3
9	2° 59'2	2° 58'6	0.6	54° 06'2	54 06'7	-0.5	27657.6	27660.6	-3.0
10	3° 41'3	3° 4'3	1.0	57° 07'4	57° 08'3	-0.9	26640.2	26643.1	-2.9
11	3° 06'4	3° 07'0	-0.6	56° 22'5	56° 21'7	0.8	26559.0	26555.7	3.3
12	3° 51'2	3° 51'8	-0.6	59° 15'8	59° 15'0	0.8	25473.6	25472.4	1.2

from which we see that the quadratic formulæ are sufficiently near for the purpose. Some of the coefficients whose values are less than probable errors may be omitted; but since the omission of only one or two terms little lightens the labour of computation, they are all kept for the sake of uniformity.

The reduced values of magnetic elements in 241* stations which were seemingly free from large local disturbances were treated in the same manner and gave

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 5^{\circ} 03'15 - 8'274 J\lambda + 17'365 J\varphi - 0'649 \overline{J\lambda^2} - 0'236 \overline{J\lambda J\varphi} - 0'075 \overline{J\varphi^2} \\ \pm .68 \quad \pm .291 \quad \pm .345 \quad \pm .096 \quad \pm .187 \quad \pm .103 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 50^{\circ} 50'61 - 7'578 J\lambda + 68'253 J\varphi + 0'296 \overline{J\lambda^2} - 0'438 \overline{J\lambda J\varphi} - 0'482 \overline{J\varphi^2} \\ \pm .58 \quad \pm .247 \quad \pm .292 \quad \pm .081 \quad \pm .158 \quad \pm .087 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H = 29401.4 - 74.97 J\lambda - 362.45 J\varphi + 3.497 \overline{J\varphi^2} - 1.316 \overline{J\lambda J\varphi} - 4.331 \overline{J\varphi^2} \\ \pm 8.1 \quad \pm 3.45 \quad \pm 4.10 \quad \pm 1.141 \quad \pm 2.216 \quad \pm 1.222 \end{aligned}$$

where $J\lambda = (\lambda - 133^{\circ})^{\circ}$ and $J\varphi = (\varphi - 37^{\circ})^{\circ}$ expressed in degrees.

Expressed in minutes they become

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 5^{\circ} 03'15 - 0'1379 J\lambda + 0'2894 J\varphi - 0'0001803 \overline{J\lambda^2} \\ - 0'0000657 \overline{J\lambda J\varphi} - 0'0000209 \overline{J\varphi^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 50^{\circ} 50'61 - 0'1263 J\lambda + 1'1376 J\varphi + 0'0000821 \overline{J\lambda^2} \\ - 0'0001218 \overline{J\lambda J\varphi} - 0'0001340 \overline{J\varphi^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H = 29401.4 - 1.2494 J\lambda - 6.0409 J\varphi + 0'0009713 \overline{J\lambda^2} \\ - 0'0003656 \overline{J\lambda J\varphi} - 0'0012032 \overline{J\varphi^2} \end{aligned}$$

The computation was carried in duplicate beside being controlled in the usual way. The mean probable error of a single observation is

* These stations are distinguished by non-bracketed numbers in Tables XV and XVI.

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \pm 6'.46 & \text{in the Declination,} \\
 \pm 5'.47 & \text{,, ,, Dip,} \\
 \pm 73''.2 & \text{,, ,, Horizontal Intensity.}
 \end{array}$$

The probable errors of the empirical coefficients are not in strict sense the result of accidental errors of observations, but are chiefly due to the amount of local disturbances; if we omit a few of the stations which give large residuals, they will be greatly reduced, or if we include some of the stations that were omitted in the equations of condition they will be much increased: they are put here simply to indicate some measure of certainty in the values of these coefficients calculated by the definite method, and also to show the danger of applying these formulæ to too large values of co-ordinates; their extreme amounts within the country are:—

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \text{at } \begin{cases} \Delta\lambda = 0 \\ \Delta\varphi = 0 \end{cases} & \text{at } \begin{cases} \Delta\lambda = \pm 8^\circ \\ \Delta\varphi = \pm 8^\circ \end{cases} \\
 \pm 0'.68 & \pm 15'.5 \text{ in the Declination,} \\
 \pm 0'.58 & \pm 13'.0 \text{ ,, ,, Dip,} \\
 \pm 8''.1 & \pm 183''.1 \text{ ,, ,, Horizontal Intensity.}
 \end{array}$$

Their large increase with the co-ordinates is caused principally by the smallness of weight in the coefficients of $\Delta\lambda\Delta\varphi$, and they can be diminished by taking simpler formulæ than the complete quadratics, the effect of increase in the weights of the coefficients over-compensating the increase of residuals.

This is exemplified in the following reduction of the declination by the parabolic formula, made for the purpose of finding better value of the annual variation by comparing with the expression of the same form obtained in the previous survey.

The same data give in this case, $J\lambda$ and $J\varphi$ having the same meaning as above expressed in degrees,

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = & 5^\circ 02'47 - 8'093J\lambda + 16'622J\varphi - 0'840\overline{J\lambda^2} \\ & \pm .59 \pm .271 \quad \pm .265 \quad \pm .033 \end{aligned}$$

For the co-ordinates $J\lambda = \pm 8^\circ$ and $J\varphi = \pm 8^\circ$, the probable error becomes ± 3.7 instead of ± 15.5 , although the mean probable error of a single observation is greater, as it should, namely ± 6.53 against ± 6.46 of the previous result.

With this value of δ , its annual variation takes the form

$$\begin{array}{ll} \delta = 5^\circ 02'5 - 8'09J\lambda + 16'62J\varphi - 0'840\overline{J\lambda^2} & \text{at } 1895.12 \\ \delta = 4^\circ 54'4 - 7'98J\lambda + 14'46J\varphi - 0'832\overline{J\lambda^2} & \text{at } 1887.61 \\ \hline \delta = 8'1 - 0'11J\lambda + 2'16J\varphi - 0'01\overline{J\lambda^2} & \text{for } 7.51 \text{ years.} \\ \frac{J\delta}{Jt} = 1'08 - 0'015J\lambda + 0'288J\varphi - 0'0013\overline{J\lambda^2} & \text{per annum} \end{array}$$

which is preferable to the provisional formula given in p. 23 above in estimating mean declination for few years following the epoch.

The values of the magnetic elements calculated from these formulæ for every round number of degrees of longitude and latitude in the country are given in Tables VII to XIV, and in Tables XV and XVI those calculated for each of the stations together with the observed values and their differences are given.

The curves in blue colour in Maps 1, 2, and 3 are traced from these equations and can be compared with the isomagnetics drawn by tentative method by laying those sheets closely under them. In Maps 4, 5, 6 and 7 the total force and its rectangular components are drawn, the differences of the observed and cal-

culated values being given in blue and red figures in each so that the amounts of local disturbances can be seen at a glance.

Comparing the equations of p. 34 with those of p. 33, or Table V with Tables VII, IX and X below, we notice that they differ by a far greater amount than can be ascribed to errors of observations or to secular variation. Whether this is due to want of terms in the harmonic expansion or to that of data in this part of the globe remains still to be seen.

TABLE

Declinations at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire Degrees

$$\delta = 5^{\circ} 3'15 - 8'274(\lambda - 138^{\circ})^{\circ} + 17'365(\varphi - 37^{\circ})^{\circ} - 0'649$$

φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°		
46°											
45°											
44°											
43°											
42°											
41°											
40°											
39°											
38°									5° 28'3 ⁷⁹		
37°								5° 17'1 ⁶³	5° 10'8 ⁷⁶		
36°				5° 10'6 ⁰⁹	5° 9'7 ²²	5° 7'5 ³⁵	5° 4'0 ⁴⁸	4° 59'2 ⁶¹	4° 53'1 ⁷⁴		
35°				19'4	19'2	18'9	18'6	18'5	18'2	18'0	
34°				4° 29'4 ²¹	4° 31'5 ⁰⁹	4° 32'4 ⁰⁴	4° 32'0 ¹⁷	4° 30'3 ³¹	4° 27'2 ⁴³	4° 22'9 ⁵⁶	4° 17'3 ⁶⁹
33°	4° 5'9 ³⁷	4° 9'6 ²⁴	4° 12'0 ¹¹	4° 13'1 ⁰²	4° 12'9 ¹⁵	4° 11'4 ²⁸	4° 8'6 ⁴¹	4° 4'5			
32°				19'7	19'5	19'2					
31°				3° 49'6 ²⁷	3° 52'3 ¹³	3° 53'6 ⁰¹	3° 53'7				
				20'1	19'9	19'6					
				3° 29'5 ²⁹	3° 32'4 ¹⁶	3° 34'0					
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°		

VII.

of Longitude and Latitude, calculated by the Formula,

$$\{(\lambda - 138^\circ)^\circ\}^2 - 0.236(\lambda - 138^\circ)^\circ(\varphi - 37^\circ)^\circ - 0.075\{(\varphi - 37^\circ)^\circ\}^2$$

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ / φ						
				6° 41.3					46°						
				15.1											
			6° 40.9	14.7	6° 26.2	16.0	6° 10.2		45°						
			15.5	15.3	15.1										
			6° 25.4	14.5	6° 10.9	15.8	5° 55.1	17.0	5° 38.1	18.4	5° 19.7	19.7	5° 0.0	44°	
			15.7	15.4	15.2	15.0	14.7	11.5							
		6° 22.6	12.9	6° 9.7	14.2	5° 55.5	15.6	5° 39.9	16.8	5° 23.1	18.1	5° 5.0	19.5	4° 45.5	43°
		16.0	15.8	15.6	15.3										
		6° 6.6	12.7	5° 53.9	14.0	5° 39.9	15.3	5° 24.6							42°
		16.2	16.0	15.8											
		5° 50.4	12.5	5° 37.9	13.8	5° 24.1									41°
		16.4	16.1	15.9											
	5° 44.9	10.9	5° 34.0	12.2	5° 21.8	13.6	5° 8.2								40°
	16.7	16.5	16.3	16.0											
	5° 28.2	10.7	5° 17.5	12.0	5° 5.5	13.3	4° 52.2								39°
	16.9	16.7	16.4	16.2											
5° 20.4	9.1	5° 11.3	10.5	5° 0.8	11.7	4° 49.1	13.1	4° 36.0							38°
17.2	17.1	16.8	16.6												
5° 3.2	9.0	4° 54.2	10.2	4° 44.0	11.5	4° 32.5									37°
17.5	17.2	17.0	16.7												
4° 45.7	8.7	4° 37.0	10.0	4° 27.0	11.2	4° 15.8									36°
17.6	17.3	17.1	16.9												
4° 28.1	8.4	4° 19.7	9.8	4° 9.9	11.0	3° 58.9									35°
17.7	17.5	17.3													
4° 10.4	8.2	4° 2.2	9.6	3° 52.6											34°
															33°
															32°
															31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ / φ						

TABLE

Annual Variations of Declination at the Intersections of entire Degrees of Longitude and Latitude

λ φ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									1'38
37°								1'10	1'09
36°				0'84	0'83	0'83	0'83	0'82	0'81
35°		0'54	0'55	0'55	0'55	0'54	0'54	0'53	0'52
34°		0'25	0'26	0'26	0'26	0'26	0'25	0'24	0'23
33°	-0'04	-0'04	-0'03	-0'03	-0'03	-0'03	-0'04	-0'05	
32°		-0'32	-0'32	-0'32	-0'32				
31°		-0'61	-0'61	-0'60					
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

VIII.

calculated by the Formula $\frac{d\delta}{dt} = 1.08 - 0.015(\lambda - 138^\circ)^\circ + 0.288(\varphi - 37^\circ)^\circ - 0.0013\{(\lambda - 138^\circ)^\circ\}^2$.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				3'59					46°
			3'33	3'30	3'28				45°
			3'04	3'02	2'99	2'96	2'93	2'89	44°
		2'77	2'75	2'73	2'70	2'67	2'64	2'60	43°
		2'48	2'46	2'44	2'41				42°
		2'19	2'17	2'15					41°
	1'93	1'91	1'89	1'86					40°
	1'64	1'62	1'60	1'57					39°
1'37	1'35	1'33	1'31	1'29					38°
1'08	1'06	1'04	1'02						37°
0'79	0'78	0'76	0'74						36°
0'50	0'49	0'47	0'45						35°
0'22	0'20	0'18							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE

Dips at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire Degrees
 $\theta = 50^\circ 50'61 - 7'578(\lambda - 138^\circ) + 68'253(\varphi - 37^\circ) + 0'296$

φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°		
46°											
45°											
44°											
43°											
42°											
41°											
40°											
39°											
38°									52° 6'7 ⁸³		
37°								51° 6'9 ⁸⁴	50° 58'5 ⁷⁹		
36°				50° 35'4 ¹⁰⁴	50° 25'0 ⁹⁸	50° 15'2 ⁹²	50° 6'0 ⁸⁷	49° 57'3 ⁸⁰	49° 49'3 ⁷⁴		
35°				49° 33'6 ¹⁰⁶	49° 23'0 ⁹⁹	49° 13'1 ⁹⁴	49° 3'7 ⁸⁸	48° 54'9 ⁸¹	48° 46'8 ⁷⁶	48° 39'2 ⁷⁰	
34°				48° 30'5 ¹⁰⁷	48° 19'8 ¹⁰¹	48° 9'7 ⁹⁵	48° 0'2 ⁸⁹	47° 51'3 ⁸³	47° 43'0 ⁷⁸	47° 35'2 ⁷¹	47° 28'1 ⁶⁶
33°	47° 26'2 ¹⁰⁸	47° 15'4 ¹⁰³	47° 5'1 ⁹⁶	46° 55'5 ⁹¹	46° 46'4 ⁸⁵	46° 37'9 ⁷⁹	46° 30'0 ⁷³	46° 22'7			
32°		45° 59'3 ⁹⁸	45° 49'5 ⁹³	45° 40'2 ⁸⁶	45° 31'6						
31°		44° 42'2 ⁹⁴	44° 32'8 ⁸⁷	44° 24'1							
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°		

IX.

of Longitude and Latitude calculated by the Formula

$$\{(\lambda - 138^\circ)^0\}^2 - 0.438(\lambda - 138^\circ)^0(\varphi - 37^\circ)^0 - 0.482\{(\varphi - 37^\circ)^0\}^2.$$

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				59° 44' 5					46°
				58 3					
			58° 55' 2 9 0	58° 46' 2 8 3	58° 37' 7				45°
			59 7	59 3	58 8				
			57° 55' 5 8 6	57° 46' 9 8 0	57° 38' 9 7 4	57° 31' 5 6 8	57° 24' 7 6 2	57° 18' 5	44°
			60 7	60 2	59 8	59 3	58 9	58 5	
		57° 3' 5 8 7	56° 54' 8 8 1	56° 46' 7 7 6	56° 39' 1 6 9	56° 32' 2 6 4	56° 25' 8 5 8	56° 20' 0	43°
		62 0	61 6	61 2	60 7				
		56° 1' 5 8 3	55° 53' 2 7 7	55° 45' 5 7 1	55° 38' 4				42°
		63 1	62 6	62 2					
		54° 58' 4 7 8	54° 50' 6 7 3	54° 43' 3					41°
		64 0	63 6	63 1					
	54° 2' 4 8 0	53° 54' 4 7 4	53° 47' 0 6 8	53° 40' 2					40°
	65 4	64 9	64 5	64 1					
	52° 57' 0 7 3	52° 49' 5 7 0	52° 42' 5 6 4	52° 36' 1					39°
	66 3	66 0	65 5	65 1					
	51° 58' 4 7 7	51° 50' 7 7 2	51° 43' 5 6 5	51° 37' 0 6 0	51° 31' 0				38°
	67 8	67 4	66 9	66 5					
	50° 50' 6 7 3	50° 43' 3 6 7	50° 36' 6 6 1	50° 30' 5					37°
	68 7	68 3	67 8	67 4					
	49° 41' 9 6 9	49° 35' 0 6 2	49° 28' 8 5 7	49° 23' 1					36°
	69 7	69 2	68 8	68 4					
	48° 32' 2 6 4	48° 25' 8 5 8	48° 20' 0 5 3	48° 14' 7					35°
	70 7	70 3	69 8						
	47° 21' 5 6 0	47° 15' 5 5 3	47° 10' 2						34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE

Horizontal Forces in C.G.S. at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire

$$H = 29401.4 - 74.97(\lambda - 138^\circ) - 362.45(\varphi - 37^\circ) + 3.497$$

λ φ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									.29114 79
37°								.29565 85	.29480 79
36°				.30327 112	.30215 105	.30110 98	.30012 91	.29921 84	.29837 77
35°			.30787 118	.30669 111	.30558 104	.30454 97	.30357 90	.30268 83	.30185 76
34°		.31242 124	.31118 116	.31002 110	.30892 102	.30790 96	.30694 88	.30606 82	.30524 74
33°	.31692 129	.31563 122	.31441 115	.31326 108	.31218 101	.31117 95	.31022 87	.30935	
32°		.31876 121	.31755 113	.31642 107	.31535				
31°		.32181 120	.32061 113	.31948					
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

X.

Degrees of Longitude and Latitude calculated by the Formula

$$\{(\lambda - 138^\circ)\}^2 - 1.316(\lambda - 138^\circ)(\varphi - 37^\circ) - 4.331\{(\varphi - 37^\circ)\}^2.$$

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				.25497					46°
				442					
			.26000	61 .25939	55 .25884				45°
			431	432	435				
			.26431	60 .26371	52 .26319	46 .26273	39 .26234	32 .26202	44°
			423	424	425	426	428	430	
		.26919	65 .26854	59 .26795	51 .26744	45 .26699	37 .26662	30 .26632	43°
		413	414	416	417				
		.27332	64 .27268	57 .27211	50 .27161				42°
		404	405	406					
		.27736	63 .27673	56 .27617					41°
		395	397	398					
	.28200	69 .28131	61 .28070	55 .28015					40°
	385	387	388	390					
	.28585	67 .28518	60 .28458	53 .28405					39°
	377	378	379	380					
.29035	73 .28962	66 .28896	59 .28837	52 .28785					38°
366	368	369	371						
.29401	71 .29330	65 .29265	57 .29208						37°
359	359	361	362						
.29760	71 .29689	63 .29626	56 .29570						36°
349	351	352	353						
.30109	69 .30040	62 .29978	55 .29923						35°
341	342	344							
.30450	68 .30382	60 .30322							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE

Total Forces in C.G.S. at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire Degrees of Longi-

λ φ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									.47408 ²⁷⁶
									590
37°								.47098 ²⁸⁰	.46818 ²⁵⁶
								592	571
36°				.47769 ³⁵²	.47417 ³²⁶	.47091 ³⁰⁴	.46787 ²⁸¹	.46506 ²⁵⁹	.46247 ²³⁸
				658	634	613	593	573	555
35°		.47462 ³⁵¹	.47111 ³²⁸	.46783 ³⁰⁵	.46478 ²⁸⁴	.46194 ²⁶¹	.45933 ²⁴¹	.45692 ²²⁰	
		656	633	612	592	573	555	538	
34°	.47157 ³⁵¹	.46806 ³²⁸	.46478 ³⁰⁷	.46171 ²⁸⁵	.45886 ²⁶⁵	.45621 ²⁴³	.45378 ²²⁴	.45154 ²⁰⁴	
	653	630	610	590	571	553	537		
33°	.46855 ³⁵¹	.46504 ³²⁸	.46176 ³⁰⁸	.45868 ²⁸⁷	.45581 ²⁶⁶	.45315 ²⁴⁷	.45068 ²²⁷	.44841	
	626	607	587	568					
32°	.45878 ³⁰⁹	.45569 ²⁸⁸	.45281 ²⁶⁸	.45013					
	601	582	564						
31°	.45277 ²⁹⁰	.44987 ²⁷⁰	.44717						
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

XI.

tude and Latitude calculated from the Formule for Horizontal Force and Dip.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				.50599					46°
				571					
			.50363 ³⁵⁵	.50028 ³⁰⁶	.49722				45°
			590	565	539				
			.49773 ³¹⁰	.49463 ²⁸⁰	.49183 ²⁵¹	.48932 ²²⁴	.48708 ¹⁹⁶	.48512	44°
			582	557	534	512	491	471	
		.49504 ³¹³	.49191 ²⁸⁵	.48906 ²⁵⁷	.48649 ²²⁹	.48420 ²⁰³	.48217 ¹⁷⁶	.48041	43°
		596	572	548	526				
		.48908 ²⁸⁹	.48619 ²⁶¹	.48358 ²³³	.48123				42°
		584	560	540					
		.48324 ²⁶⁵	.48059 ²⁴¹	.47818					41°
		571	551	530					
	.48023 ²⁷⁰	.47753 ²⁴⁵	.47508 ²²⁰	.47288					40°
	579	558	538	520					
	.47444 ²⁴⁹	.47195 ²²⁵	.46970 ²⁰²	.46768					39°
	565	546	527	510					
.47132 ²³³	.46879 ²³⁰	.46649 ²⁰⁶	.46443 ¹⁸⁵	.46258					38°
570	550	532	515						
.46562 ²³³	.46329 ²¹²	.46117 ¹⁸⁹	.45928						37°
553	536	518	503						
.46009 ²¹⁶	.45793 ¹⁹⁴	.45599 ¹⁷⁴	.45425						36°
537	521	506	491						
.45472 ²⁰⁰	.45272 ¹⁷⁹	.45093 ¹⁵⁹	.44934						35°
522	506	491							
.44950 ¹⁸⁴	.44766 ¹⁶⁴	.44602							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE

Northward Forces (X) in C.G.S. at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire Degrees of

φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									.28982 73
									377
37°								.29440 81	.29359 72
								368	369
36°			.30204 111	.30093 103	.29990 95	.29895 87	.29808 80	.29728 71	
			355	356	357	358	359	360	
35°		.30677 118	.30559 110	.30449 102	.30347 94	.30253 86	.30167 79	.30088 71	
		344	345	347	348	348	349	351	
34°	.31146 125	.31021 117	.30904 108	.30796 101	.30695 94	.30601 85	.30516 77	.30439 70	
	314	316	317	317	318	310	311		
33°	.31612 132	.31480 123	.31357 116	.31241 108	.31133 100	.31033 92	.30941 84	.30857	
	325	326	328	329					
32°	.31805 122	.31683 114	.31569 107	.31462					
	316	317	318						
31°	.32121 121	.32000 113	.31887						
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

XII.

Longitude and Latitude calculated from the Formulæ for Horizontal Force and Declination.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ °						
				.25324					46°						
				451											
			.25823	48	.25775	40	.25735		45°						
			442	443	443										
			.26265	47	.26218	40	.26178	32	.26146	25	.26121	18	.26103	44°	
			433	434	435	435	436	437							
		.26752	54	.26698	46	.26652	39	.26613	32	.26581	24	.26557	17	.26540	43°
		424	425	426	427										
		.27176	53	.27123	45	.27078	38	.27040						42°	
		416	417	417											
		.27592	52	.27540	45	.27495								41°	
		407	407	408											
	.28058	50	.27999	52	.27947	44	.27903							40°	
	397	397	399	399											
	.28455	59	.28396	50	.28346	44	.28302							39°	
	388	389	389	391											
.28909	66	.28843	58	.28785	50	.28735	42	.28693						38°	
378	380	381	381												
.29287	64	.29223	57	.29166	50	.29116								37°	
370	370	371	372												
.29657	64	.29593	56	.29537	49	.29488								36°	
360	362	362	363												
.30017	62	.29955	56	.29899	48	.29851								35°	
352	352	353													
.30369	62	.30307	55	.30252										34°	
														33°	
														32°	
														31°	
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ °						

TABLE

Westward Forces (Y) in C.G.S. at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire Degrees of

λ φ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									.02776 74
									115
37°								.02723 62	.02661 72
								122	120
36°				.02736 18	.02718 29	.02689 39	.02650 49	.02601 60	.02541 70
				138	135	132	130	129	127
35°		.02602 4	.02598 15	.02583 26	.02557 37	.02520 48	.02472 58	.02414 68	
		147	144	142	139	136	134	132	
34°		.02445 10	.02455 1	.02454 13	.02441 23	.02418 34	.02384 46	.02338 56	.02282 66
		156	152	150	147	144	142	139	
33°	.02265 24	.02289 14	.02303 1	.02304 10	.02294 20	.02274 32	.02242 43	.02199	
		162	159	155	152				
32°		.02127 17	.02144 5	.02149 7	.02142				
		166	164	161					
31°		.01961 19	.01980 8	.01988					
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

XIII.

Longitude and Latitude calculated from the Formule for Horizontal Force and Declination.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				.02970					46°
				12					
			.03025 ¹¹⁷	.02908 ¹²⁶	.02782				45°
			68	68	68				
			.02957 ¹¹⁷	.02840 ¹²⁶	.02714 ¹³⁴	.02580 ¹⁴⁴	.02436 ¹⁵²	.02284	44°
			74	74	74	74	74	74	
		.02990 ¹⁰⁷	.02883 ¹¹⁷	.02766 ¹²⁶	.02640 ¹³⁴	.02506 ¹⁴⁴	.02362 ¹⁵²	.02210	43°
		81	81	80	79				
		.02909 ¹⁰⁷	.02802 ¹¹⁶	.02686 ¹²⁵	.02561				42°
		87	86	86					
		.02822 ¹⁰⁶	.02716 ¹¹⁶	.02600					41°
		93	93	91					
	.02825 ⁹⁶	.02729 ¹⁰⁶	.02623 ¹¹⁴	.02509					40°
	100	99	97	95					
	.02725 ⁹⁵	.02630 ¹⁰⁴	.02526 ¹¹⁵	.02411					39°
	107	105	104	102					
.02702 ⁸⁴	.02618 ⁹³	.02525 ¹⁰³	.02422 ¹¹³	.02309					38°
113	111	110	109						
.02589 ⁸²	.02507 ⁹²	.02415 ¹⁰²	.02313						37°
118	117	116	115						
.02471 ⁸¹	.02390 ⁹¹	.02299 ¹⁰¹	.02198						36°
125	123	122	121						
.02346 ⁷⁹	.02267 ⁹⁰	.02177 ¹⁰⁰	.02077						35°
130	129	127							
.02216 ⁷⁸	.02138 ⁸⁸	.02050							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE

Upward Forces (Z) in C.G.S. at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire Degrees of Longi-

λ φ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									-.37414 ²⁸⁸
								1042	
37°								-.36662 ²⁹⁰	-.36372 ²⁶⁶
								1060	1058
36°				-.36907 ³⁶²	-.36545 ³³⁸	-.36207 ³¹⁴	-.35893 ²⁹¹	-.35602 ²⁶⁸	-.35334 ²⁴⁵
				1146	1121	1097	1074	1053	1032
35°			-.36123 ³⁶²	-.35761 ³³⁷	-.35424 ³¹⁴	-.35110 ²⁹¹	-.34819 ²⁷⁰	-.34549 ²⁴⁷	-.34302 ²²⁶
			1159	1133	1110	1088	1068	1047	1028
34°		-.35323 ³⁵⁰	-.34964 ³³⁶	-.34628 ³¹⁴	-.34314 ²⁹²	-.34022 ²⁷¹	-.33751 ²⁴⁹	-.33502 ²²⁸	-.33274 ²⁰⁸
		1170	1146	1124	1102	1080	1060	1041	
33°	-.34510 ³⁵⁷	-.34153 ³³⁵	-.33818 ³¹⁴	-.33504 ²⁹²	-.33212 ²⁷⁰	-.32942 ²⁵¹	-.32691 ²³⁰	-.32461	
	1158	1135	1113	1092					
32°		-.32995 ³¹²	-.32683 ²⁹²	-.32391 ²⁷¹	-.32120				
		1146	1125	1104					
31°		-.31849 ²⁹¹	-.31558 ²⁷¹	-.31287					
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

XIV.

tude and Latitude calculated from the Formuke for Horizontal Force and Dip.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ
				.43705					46°
				927					
			.43134 ³⁵⁶	.42778 ³²⁴	.42454				45°
			959	931	905				
			.42175 ³²⁸	.41847 ²⁹⁸	.41549 ²⁶⁹	.41280 ²⁴⁰	.41040 ²¹³	.40827	44°
			960	934	910	886	865	841	
		.41546 ³³¹	.41215 ³⁰²	.40913 ²⁷⁴	.40639 ²⁴⁵	.40394 ²¹⁹	.40175 ¹⁹²	.39983	43°
		988	962	937	913				
		.40558 ³⁰⁵	.40253 ²⁷⁷	.39976 ²⁵⁰	.39726				42°
		986	961	939					
		.39572 ²⁸⁰	.39292 ²⁵⁵	.39037					41°
		984	962	941					
	.38871 ²⁸³	.38588 ²⁵⁸	.38330 ²³⁴	.38096					40°
	1005	984	963	942					
	.37866 ²⁶²	.37604 ²³⁷	.37367 ²¹³	.37154					39°
	1003	982	962	943					
.37126 ²⁶³	.36863 ²⁴¹	.36622 ²¹⁷	.36405 ¹⁹⁴	.36211					38°
1020	1000	980	962						
.36106 ²⁴³	.35863 ²²¹	.35642 ¹⁹⁹	.35443						37°
1017	998	979	961						
.35089 ²²⁴	.34865 ²⁰²	.34663 ¹⁸¹	.34482						36°
1013	995	978	961						
.34076 ²⁰⁶	.33870 ¹⁸⁵	.33685 ¹⁶⁴	.33521						35°
1010	992	975							
.33066 ¹⁸⁸	.32878 ¹⁶⁸	.32710							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ φ

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height. in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
1a	Tōkyō	0.02	1893-96	35° 42.0	139° 46.0	4° 24.5	4° 24.3	+ 0.2
1b	„	0.02	1896.50	35 41.0	139 45.0	4 27.6	4 24.2	+ 3.4
2	Hatiōzi	0.11	1893.51 1895.48	35 40.0	139 20.0	4 34.5	4 28.1	+ 6.4
[3]	Saruhasi	0.31	1893.52	35 36.4	138 58.8	5 05.4	4 30.4	+ 35.0
[4]	Kōhu	0.26	1893.52	35 39.5	138 34.5	4 53.4	4 34.9	+ 18.5
5	Uminokuti	1.07	1893.53	35 59.0	138 27.3	4 16.6	4 41.6	- 25.0
6	Usuta	0.74	1893.54	36 11.0	138 28.1	4 40.7	4 45.0	- 4.3
[7]	Komoro	0.67	1893.54	36 19.7	138 26.0	4 47.8	4 47.8	0.0
8	Miyota	0.80	1893.54	36 19.5	138 30.5	4 42.6	4 47.1	- 4.5
9	Karuizawa'.....	0.97	1893.55	36 21.7	138 38.3	4 43.5	4 46.6	- 3.1
[10]	Kutukake	0.99	1893.55	36 20.8	138 33.0	...	4 47.1	...
11	Ueda	0.43	1893.56	36 24.0	138 15.6	5 04.7	4 50.5	+ 14.2
12	Kamisawa	0.71	1893.56	36 02.3	138 07.7	4 49.5	4 45.3	+ 4.2
13	Matumoto	0.69	1893.57	36 14.0	137 59.0	4 36.3	4 49.9	- 13.6
14	Ōmati	0.69	1893.58	36 28.0	137 49.5	4 57.0	4 55.3	+ 1.7
[15]	Kuruma	0.60	1893.58	36 48.0	137 51.0	4 45.9	5 00.9	- 15.0
16	Itoigawa	0.00	1893.77	37 02.5	137 52.0	5 08.4	5 05.0	+ 3.4
17	Takata	0.00	1893.59	37 06.8	138 16.0	5 11.7	5 02.8	+ 8.9
18	Sekiyama	0.56	1893.60	36 56.5	138 13.5	5 00.6	5 00.2	+ 0.4
19	Nagano	0.38	1893.60	36 39.8	138 12.0	4 57.8	4 55.6	+ 2.2
20	Iiyama	0.31	1893.61	36 52.3	138 22.2	5 07.1	4 57.8	+ 9.3
21	Tōkamati	0.16	1893.62	37 09.0	138 44.0	5 02.1	4 59.3	+ 2.8

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV.

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
49° 04.7	49° 09.6	- 4.9	29760	29747	+ 13	45433	45487	- 54	1a
49 00.0	49 08.6	- 8.6	29816	29754	+ 62	45447	45483	- 36	1b
49 02.4	49 10.0	- 7.6	29766	29786	- 20	45408	45553	- 145	2
49 46.2	49 08.0	+ 38.2	29215	29830	- 615	45234	45590	- 356	[3]
50 13.4	49 14.3	+ 59.1	28899	29839	- 940	45169	45701	- 532	[4]
49 16.2	49 37.5	- 21.3	29833	29733	+ 100	45721	45899	- 178	5
49 47.5	49 51.2	- 3.7	29945	29661	+ 284	46384	46004	+ 380	6
49 54.8	50 01.5	- 6.7	29502	29611	- 109	46791	46039	+ 702	[7]
49 57.2	50 00.7	- 3.5	29655	29607	+ 48	46090	46070	+ 20	8
49 51.1	50 00.3	- 11.2	29719	29585	+ 134	46093	46063	+ 30	9
49 30.8	50 01.9	- 31.1	29548	29597	- 49	45509	46074	- 565	[10]
50 02.5	50 07.6	- 5.1	29874	29598	+ 276	46514	46168	+ 346	11
49 43.9	49 43.6	+ 0.3	29872	29737	+ 135	46217	46001	+ 216	12
50 00.4	49 58.1	+ 2.3	29595	29678	- 83	46048	46141	- 93	13
50 16.0	50 15.4	+ 0.6	29613	29607	+ 6	46327	46307	+ 20	14
50 15.5	50 38.1	- 22.6	29765	29485	+ 280	46556	46488	+ 68	[15]
51 01.3	50 54.5	+ 6.8	29246	29396	- 150	46494	46619	- 125	16
50 54.7	50 56.3	- 1.6	29362	29340	+ 22	46568	46560	+ 8	17
50 53.0	50 44.9	+ 8.1	29310	29406	- 66	46505	46475	+ 30	18
50 33.4	50 26.1	+ 7.3	29342	29508	- 166	46185	46328	- 143	19
50 43.2	50 39.1	+ 4.1	29364	29421	- 57	46381	46403	- 22	20
50 55.2	50 55.4	- 0.2	29368	29294	+ 74	46585	46472	+ 113	21

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height. in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
22	Nagaoka	0.03	1893.64	37° 27.0	138° 52.2	5° 14.3	5° 03.2	+ 11.1
[23]	Kasiwazaki.....	0.00	1893.63	37 22.5	138 34.3	...	5 04.7	...
[24]	Teradomari.....	0.00	1893.64	37 38.2	138 45.5	...	5 07.4	...
25	Niigata	0.00	1893.64 1895.62}	37 54.8	139 02.2	5 29.5	5 09.4	+ 20.1
[26]	Kamo	0.10	1893.65	37 37.5	139 03.0	5 30.4	5 04.4	+ 26.0
27	Sibata	0.02	1893.66	37 56.0	139 19.0	5 34.7	5 07.0	+ 27.7
28	Ebisu	0.00	1893.67	38 05.2	138 25.5	5 45.5	5 18.2	+ 27.3
29	Wasizaki	0.00	1893.67	38 18.5	138 31.0	5 43.6	5 21.1	+ 22.5
30	Aikawa	0.05	1893.68	38 02.5	138 14.2	5 22.6	5 19.1	+ 3.5
31	Ogi	0.00	1893.69	37 49.0	138 15.4	5 09.6	5 15.1	- 5.5
[32]	Ozasa	0.90	1893.70	36 29.6	138 39.5	4 10.3	4 50.0	- 39.7
[33]	Wakasare	1.40	1893.70	36 24.6	138 34.2	3 47.3	4 48.0	- 60.7
[34]	Asama	2.45	1893.70	36 24.0	138 30.5	3 13.0	4 48.4	- 95.4
35	Matnida	0.26	1893.70	36 18.5	138 48.6	4 41.2	4 44.1	- 2.9
36	Takasaki	0.10	1893.71	36 19.5	139 00.5	4 54.0	4 42.6	+ 11.4
37	Numata	0.42	1893.72 1895.49}	36 39.2	139 02.0	4 41.0	4 48.0	- 7.0
38	Kumagai.....	0.03	1893.72	36 09.0	139 23.2	4 19.5	4 35.9	- 16.4
39	Odawara	0.00	1893.74	35 15.0	139 09.8	4 34.6	4 22.5	+ 12.1
[40]	Atami	0.00	1893.75	35 05.7	139 05.0	4 26.7	4 20.6	+ 6.1
[41]	Simoda	0.00	1893.77	34 40.5	138 57.8	3 42.3	4 14.3	- 32.0
42	Matuzaki.....	0.00	1893.78	34 45.3	138 48.5	4 23.1	4 17.1	+ 6.0

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force II.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
51° 39.4	51° 14.7	+ 24.7	29013	29174	- 161	46766	46605	+ 161	22
51 55.3	51 11.8	+ 43.5	28851	29223	- 372	46780	46635	+ 145	[23]
51 35.1	51 28.1	+ 7.0	29155	29113	+ 42	46921	46735	+ 186	[24]
51 51.6	51 44.6	+ 10.0	28899	28992	- 93	46846	46823	+ 23	25
51 58.2	51 25.2	+ 33.0	28992	29097	- 105	47059	46660	+ 399	[26]
51 41.9	51 43.9	- 2.0	28924	28965	- 41	46666	46766	- 100	27
51 51.0	52 00.8	- 9.8	29012	28971	+ 41	46967	47071	- 104	28
52 10.1	52 14.9	- 4.8	28796	28881	- 85	46949	47172	- 223	29
52 09.4	51 59.3	+ 10.1	28747	29001	- 254	46857	47093	- 236	30
51 26.0	51 44.0	- 18.0	29257	29083	+ 174	46930	46959	- 29	31
50 54.0	50 12.3	+ 41.7	29539	29547	- 8	46837	46165	+ 672	[32]
50 00.0	50 06.1	- 6.1	29870	29573	+ 297	46470	46106	+ 364	[33]
51 45.2	50 05.9	+ 99.3	30198	29580	+ 618	48781	46113	+ 2668	[34]
49 59.3	49 57.5	+ 1.8	29627	29592	+ 35	46080	45996	+ 84	35
50 07.3	49 57.3	+ 10.0	29604	29573	+ 31	46172	45965	+ 207	36
50 19.3	50 19.5	- 0.2	29443	29453	- 10	46115	46133	- 18	37
49 58.4	49 42.8	+ 15.6	29559	29611	- 52	45960	45794	+ 166	38
49 09.1	48 42.2	+ 26.9	30217	29943	+ 274	46199	45371	+ 828	39
48 57.9	48 31.9	+ 26.0	29353	30002	- 649	44710	45306	- 596	[40]
47 53.3	48 03.3	- 10.0	30186	30155	+ 31	45015	45114	- 99	[41]
48 12.0	48 09.8	+ 2.2	30149	30137	+ 12	45232	45183	+ 49	42

TALBE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height. in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
43	Hudisawa	0.00	1893.79	35° 20.8	139° 29.3	4° 33.9	4° 21.1	+ 12.8
44	Ōtu	0.00	1893.81	35 15.4	139 42.5	4 17.5	4 17.3	+ 0.2
[45]	Midono	0.55	† 1893.82 * 1893.51	35 20.0	138 54.0	4 25.2	4 26.4	- 1.2
[46]	Yosida	0.84	† 1893.81 * 1893.51	35 28.0	138 48.0	3 29.9	4 29.6	- 59.7
[47]	Umagaesi	1.00	† 1893.81 * 1893.52	35 25.0	138 47.0	4 44.1	4 28.9	+ 15.2
[48]	Huzi East side Syakadake ...	3.73	1893.53	35 21.7	138 44.0	...	4 28.4	...
[49]	„ Sainokawara near Kinmeisui.	3.60	1893.53	35 21.7	138 43.8	...	4 28.3	...
[50]	„ Sainokawara near Ginmeisui.	3.72	1893.53	35 21.4	138 43.9	...	4 28.3	...
[51]	„ Bottom of Crater	3.56	1893.53	35 21.5	138 43.9	...	4 28.3	...
[52]	Murayama	0.50	* 1893.80 † 1893.53	35 15.0	138 40.0	3 05.5	4 27.0	- 81.5
[53]	Hiromibara	0.73	† 1893.80 * 1893.54	35 21.1	138 36.7	3 17.6	4 29.3	- 71.7
[54]	„ Down Uzuragoya ...	0.69	1893.54	35 21.0	138 36.3	...	4 29.3	...
[55]	„ Up Uzuragoya ...	0.78	1893.54	35 21.1	138 37.2	...	4 29.2	...
[56]	Mitunike	0.82	1893.54	35 22.4	138 35.9	...	4 29.7	...
[57]	Mitunike Cave ...	0.82	1893.54	35 22.4	138 35.9	...	4 29.7	...
[58]	Front of Mitunike Cave.	0.82	1893.54	35 22.4	138 35.9	...	4 29.7	...
[59]	Front of Hitoana	0.69	1893.55	35 21.5	138 35.5	...	4 29.5	...
[60]	Itimaitwa in Hitoana	0.69	1893.55	35 21.5	138 35.5	...	4 29.5	...
[61]	Front of Hitoana	0.69	1893.55	35 21.5	138 35.5	...	4 29.5	...
[62]	Ōmiya	0.11	† 1893.79 * 1893.55	35 13.5	138 38.0	4 22.6	4 26.9	- 4.3
63	Nnmazu	0.00	† 1893.82 * 1893.55	35 05.0	138 52.5	4 25.6	4 22.2	+ 3.4

† Epoch for the observation of δ . * Epoch for the observations of θ and H .

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
49° 02.6	48° 46.9	+ 15.7	29623	29888	- 265	45192	45359	- 167	43
48 36.3	48 39.4	- 3.1	29832	29906	- 74	45114	45273	- 159	44
49 50.1	48 49.6	+ 60.5	29218	29931	- 713	45299	45464	- 165	[45]
49 14.1	48 59.5	+ 14.6	29698	29891	- 193	45483	45554	- 71	[46]
50 25.3	48 56.1	+ 89.2	28835	29909	- 1074	45258	45529	- 271	[47]
59 18.8	48 52.6	+ 626.2	26215	29929	- 3714	51368	45507	+ 5861	[48]
52 41.9	48 52.7	+ 229.2	29328	29932	- 604	48395	45512	+ 2883	[49]
59 14.5	48 52.3	+ 622.2	24647	29934	- 5287	48193	45510	+ 2683	[50]
47 42.4	48 52.4	- 70.0	31221	29933	+ 1288	46396	45510	+ 886	[51]
48 55.8	48 45.3	+ 10.5	30595	29976	+ 619	46569	45467	+ 1102	[52]
49 15.2	48 52.7	+ 22.5	29768	29944	- 176	45594	45531	+ 63	[53]
48 50.4	48 52.7	- 2.3	29700	29945	- 245	45124	45532	- 408	[54]
49 39.9	48 52.7	+ 47.2	29937	29943	- 6	46252	45529	+ 723	[55]
40 04.5	48 54.3	- 529.8	34010	29937	+ 4073	44446	45545	- 1099	[56]
48 18.1	48 54.3	- 36.2	29860	29937	- 77	44888	45545	- 657	[57]
47 39.8	48 54.3	- 74.5	29109	29937	- 828	43221	45545	- 2324	[58]
46 20.8	48 53.3	- 152.5	29386	29943	- 557	42565	45539	- 2974	[59]
46 38.7	48 53.3	- 134.6	26126	29943	- 3817	38056	45539	- 7483	[60]
42 14.9	48 53.3	- 398.4	31593	29943	+ 1650	42680	45539	- 2859	[61]
48 35.1	48 43.8	- 8.7	30275	29986	+ 289	45767	45460	+ 307	[62]
48 23.0	48 32.4	- 9.4	30108	30019	+ 89	45337	45340	- 3	63

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.
64	Simizu	0.00	† 1893.79 * 1893.56	35° 06.5	138° 39.0	4° 11.4	4° 24.2	- 12.8
65	Nisinoto	0.14	† 1893.78 * 1893.56	35 02.0	137 50.0	4 24.0	4 30.0	- 6.0
66	Okazaki	0.05	† 1893.77 * 1893.57	34 56.5	137 08.0	4 31.8	4 33.3	- 1.5
67	Kōwa	0.00	† 1893.74 * 1893.58	34 46.0	136 55.5	4 35.4	4 31.6	+ 3.8
68	Narumi	0.00	† 1893.75 * 1893.58	35 05.0	136 58.0	4 39.7	4 37.0	+ 2.7
69	Nagoya	0.00	† 1893.71 * 1893.58 1896.76	35 10.5	136 56.0	4 42.3	4 38.8	+ 3.5
70	Maegasu	0.00	† 1893.71 * 1893.59	35 05.0	136 44.0	4 40.6	4 38.8	+ 1.8
71	Yokkaiti	0.00	† 1893.72 * 1893.59	34 58.5	136 37.5	4 36.7	4 37.2	- 0.5
72	Kameyama	0.09	† 1893.72 * 1893.59 1896.68	34 52.0	135 28.0	4 33.4	4 36.2	- 2.8
73	Tu	0.00	† 1893.73 * 1893.60	34 43.0	136 31.0	4 28.3	4 33.1	- 4.8
74	Kamiyasiro	0.00	† 1893.73 * 1893.60	34 30.0	136 45.0	4 28.7	4 27.9	+ 0.8
75	Toba	0.05	† 1893.73 * 1893.61	34 29.0	136 50.0	4 26.8	4 27.0	- 0.2
76	Katikawa	0.00	† 1893.76 * 1893.61	35 13.0	136 58.0	4 44.5	4 39.4	+ 5.1
77	Kiyosu	0.00	† 1893.75 * 1893.61	35 12.0	136 51.0	4 40.9	4 39.8	+ 1.1
78	Gifu	0.15	† 1893.68 * 1893.62	35 25.5	136 46.0	4 44.7	4 44.4	+ 0.3
79	Nakatugawa	0.30	† 1893.77 * 1893.63	35 29.0	137 32.0	4 43.4	4 40.2	+ 3.2
80	Iida	0.53	† 1893.78 * 1893.64	35 31.0	137 50.0	4 34.2	4 38.5	- 4.3
81	Matuō	0.53	1893.64	35 29.0	137 52.0	4 37.7	4 37.7	0.0
[82]	Hukusima	0.78	1893.65	35 50.0	137 42.0	4 57.5	4 45.1	+ 12.4
83	Nomugi	1.16	1893.65	36 02.0	137 35.0	4 56.6	4 49.5	+ 7.1
84	Takayama	0.56	1893.66	35 08.0	137 16.5	4 51.8	4 53.6	- 1.8

† Epoch for the observation of δ . * Epoch for the observations of θ and H .

XV. (Continued.)

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
48° 33.1	48° 29.5	+ 3.6	30153	30071	+ 82	45552	45375	+ 177	64
48 38.3	48 35.6	+ 2.7	30049	30110	- 61	45473	45524	- 51	65
48 32.8	48 34.1	- 1.3	30110	30194	- 84	45482	45629	- 147	66
48 23.5	48 23.2	+ 0.3	30255	30271	- 16	45563	45583	- 20	67
48 45.6	48 45.3	+ 0.3	30133	30159	- 26	45710	45746	- 36	68
48 47.3	48 52.0	- 4.7	30186	30130	+ 56	45817	45804	+ 13	69
48 48.5	48 48.2	+ 0.3	30173	30172	+ 1	45815	45809	+ 6	70
48 38.7	48 40.2	- 1.5	30206	30224	- 18	45716	45767	- 51	71
48 33.3	48 33.7	- 0.4	30198	30274	- 76	45623	45744	- 121	72
48 34.5	48 22.7	+ 11.8	30205	30321	- 116	45652	45650	+ 2	73
48 09.0	48 05.6	+ 3.4	30345	30376	- 31	45483	45478	+ 5	74
47 57.2	48 03.7	- 6.5	30413	30374	+ 39	45411	45448	- 37	75
48 53.7	48 54.7	- 1.0	30094	30113	- 19	45774	45818	- 44	76
48 55.4	48 54.4	+ 1.0	30084	30128	- 44	45786	45837	- 51	77
49 07.7	49 10.9	- 3.2	30064	30057	+ 7	45944	45982	- 38	78
49 07.6	49 09.3	- 1.7	29903	29976	- 73	45696	45833	- 137	79
49 06.1	49 09.5	- 3.4	29860	29942	- 82	45607	45785	- 178	80
49 10.8	49 06.9	+ 3.9	29841	29951	- 110	45650	45758	- 108	81
50 22.3	49 32.5	+ 49.9	29614	29841	- 227	46430	45988	+ 442	[82]
49 37.5	49 47.2	- 9.7	29942	29779	+ 163	46222	46123	+ 99	83
49 46.2	49 56.5	- 10.3	29819	29768	+ 51	46169	46255	- 86	84

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
85	Gero.....	0.58	1893.67	35° 48'.0	137° 16'.0	4° 47'.0	4° 47'.7	- 0'.7
86	Hatiman	0.21	1893.67	35 44.0	136 57.0	4 49.7	4 48.7	+ 1.0
87	Nagamine	0.37	1893.68	35 40.5	136 35.0	4 56.1	4 50.0	+ 6.1
88	Nagahama	0.05	1893.69 } 1896.54 }	35 22.5	136 15.0	4 47.8	4 46.5	+ 1.3
89	Turuga	0.00	1893.69	35 39.0	136 02.0	4 48.6	4 52.7	- 4.1
90	Takehu	0.04	1893.70	35 53.0	136 11.0	4 52.9	4 56.1	- 3.2
91	Ōno	0.20	1893.70	35 59.0	136 30.0	4 50.9	4 56.0	- 5.1
92	Sioya	0.00	1893.71	36 16.5	136 17.0	5 03.6	5 02.5	+ 1.1
93	Kanazawa	0.00	1893.72	36 33.7	136 40.0	5 04.3	5 05.3	- 1.0
94	Nanao	0.00	1893.72	37 03.5	137 00.0	5 11.1	5 11.8	- 0.7
95	Wazima.....	0.00	1893.73	37 22.5	136 55.0	5 15.4	5 17.9	- 2.5
96	Toyama	0.01	1893.74	36 40.0	137 13.7	5 06.5	5 03.3	+ 3.2
97	Mozumi	0.40	1893.75	36 28.0	137 14.0	4 56.6	4 59.7	- 3.1
98	Mikkaiti	0.00	1893.76	36 51.0	137 28.0	5 10.0	5 04.7	+ 5.3
99	Abuta	0.00	1894.50	42 33.1	140 45.3	6 11.1	6 05.9	+ 5.2
100	Osyamanbe.....	0.00	1894.51	42 30.7	140 22.4	5 51.6	6 10.2	- 18.6
101	Suttu	0.00	1894.52	42 47.3	140 13.4	6 02.3	6 16.5	- 14.2
102	Iwanai.....	0.00	1894.52	42 58.8	140 30.8	6 25.4	6 15.9	+ 9.5
[103]	Yobetu	0.10	1894.53	43 19.7	140 22.8	6 00.4	6 23.1	- 22.7
[104]	Humama	0.00	1894.53	43 19.5	140 33.4	4 49.0	6 20.8	- 91.8
[105]	Otaru	0.00	1894.54	43 12.0	141 00.5	6 14.0	6 12.8	+ 1.2

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
49° 30.4	49° 33.4	- 3.0	29903	29886	+ 17	46051	46092	- 41	85
49 22.4	49 31.1	- 8.7	30008	29934	+ 74	46087	46109	- 22	86
49 28.1	49 29.8	- 1.7	29950	29985	- 35	46087	46167	- 80	87
49 07.8	49 11.4	- 3.6	30102	30117	- 15	46003	46082	- 79	88
49 25.0	49 32.5	- 7.5	30149	30040	+ 109	46344	46295	+ 49	89
49 27.9	49 47.7	- 19.8	30339	29946	+ 393	46681	46390	+ 291	90
49 56.4	49 52.1	+ 4.3	29895	29884	+ 11	46450	46365	+ 85	91
50 17.2	50 14.2	+ 3.0	29704	29799	- 95	46489	46590	- 101	92
50 45.8	50 31.0	+ 14.8	29617	29665	- 48	46823	46653	+ 170	93
51 09.0	51 02.5	+ 6.5	29528	29459	+ 69	47073	46853	+ 220	94
51 32.2	51 24.9	+ 7.3	29205	29351	- 146	46953	47061	- 108	65
50 48.0	50 33.7	+ 14.3	29337	29581	- 244	46417	46565	- 148	96
50 00.9	50 19.9	- 19.0	29789	29652	+ 137	46358	46450	- 92	97
50 40.0	50 44.4	- 4.4	29485	29497	- 12	46519	46610	- 91	98
56 44.6	56 29.3	+ 15.3	26687	27056	- 369	48666	49005	- 339	99
56 17.6	56 30.1	- 12.5	27243	27097	+ 146	49092	49096	- 4	100
56 43.2	56 48.5	- 5.3	26991	26992	- 1	49188	49307	- 119	101
56 52.3	56 57.8	- 5.5	26790	26893	- 103	49020	49330	- 310	102
56 57.8	57 20.3	- 22.5	27032	26756	+ 276	49584	49578	+ 6	[103]
57 32.0	57 18.5	+ 13.5	26683	26746	- 63	49707	49519	+ 188	[104]
57 10.3	57 06.9	+ 3.4	26762	26769	- 7	49365	49303	+ 62	[105]

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
106	Otaru Myōkenzan ...	0.04	1894.62	43° 11.9	141° 00.6	6° 17.7	6° 12.7	+ 5.0
107	Sapporo	0.00	1894.55	43 04.8	141 21.0	6 10.6	6 06.1	+ 4.5
[108]	Iwamizawa.....	0.00	1894.56	43 12.9	141 45.0	5 27.3	6 02.5	- 35.2
109	Sorapti.....	0.00	1894.56	43 34.0	141 54.7	5 50.1	6 05.6	- 15.5
110	Tip-Yabusi.....	0.21	1894.57	43 26.5	142 17.2	5 33.2	5 58.0	- 24.8
111	Asahikawa.....	0.00	1894.58	43 46.5	142 20.2	6 20.1	6 02.3	+ 17.8
[112]	Ohotukawa.....	0.10	1894.59	43 43.2	141 57.0	...	6 07.3	...
[113]	Porokamnikotan	0.70	1894.60	44 00.0	142 06.0	6 12.0	6 09.4	+ 2.6
114	Masike.....	0.00	1894.64	43 51.3	141 31.8	6 09.1	6 15.6	- 6.5
115	Sirasitomari.....	0.00	1894.64	44 18.7	141 39.0	6 27.8	6 20.9	+ 6.9
116	Hūren	0.00	1894.65	44 34.6	141 46.7	6 13.9	6 23.1	- 9.2
117	Tesio.....	0.00	1894.66	44 53.3	141 44.1	6 24.8	6 28.5	- 3.7
[118]	Pōsinai-pitari...	0.00	1894.67	44 50.2	142 03.7	5 29.1	6 22.8	- 53.7
[119]	Okurumatoma- nai.....	0.04	1894.68	44 36.0	142 17.8	7 05.3	6 15.5	+ 49.8
[120]	Nayoropt.....	0.08	1894.69	44 23.4	142 27.2	6 51.3	6 09.8	+ 41.5
[121]	Nuppamamoi...	0.01	1894.70	44 54.3	141 59.0	...	6 25.0	...
[122]	Wakasakanai...	0.00	1894.70	45 06.7	141 37.0	...	6 33.7	...
123	Wakkanai.....	0.00	1894.71	45 24.0	141 39.0	6 49.8	6 37.6	+ 12.2
124	Sōya	0.00	1894.71	45 29.4	141 52.7	6 39.4	6 35.5	+ 3.9
[125]	Sarubutu.....	0.00	1894.72	45 16.7	142 14.0	7 16.7	6 26.8	+ 49.9
[126]	Esasi.....	0.00	1894.73	44 57.0	142 34.9	7 03.0	6 16.3	+ 46.7

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , II, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force II.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
57° 00.4	57° 06.8	- 6.4	26921	26770	+ 151	49438	49303	+ 135	106
57 08.8	56 56.8	+ 12.0	26496	26799	- 303	48841	49135	- 294	107
57 14.7	57 01.7	+ 13.0	26482	26719	- 237	48945	49095	- 150	[108]
57 22.2	57 21.6	+ 0.6	26577	26561	+ 16	49289	49245	+ 44	109
57 15.9	57 11.1	+ 4.8	26545	26593	- 48	49089	49071	+ 18	110
57 30.7	57 30.7	0.0	26416	26449	- 33	49180	49241	- 61	111
57 35.0	57 30.5	+ 4.5	26595	26494	+ 101	49611	49320	+ 291	[112]
58 04.8	57 46.1	+ 18.7	26439	26366	+ 73	50005	49434	+ 571	[113]
57 31.9	57 42.2	- 7.3	26519	26460	+ 59	49463	49522	- 59	114
58 15.8	58 08.5	+ 7.3	26245	26258	- 13	49895	49747	+ 148	115
58 25.5	58 23.1	+ 2.4	26135	26136	0	49915	49859	+ 56	116
58 49.2	58 41.9	+ 7.3	25923	26003	- 80	50071	50050	+ 21	117
58 43.4	58 36.0	+ 7.4	26027	26006	+ 91	50267	49914	+ 353	[118]
58 22.8	58 20.1	+ 2.7	26126	26096	+ 30	49832	49711	+ 121	[119]
58 12.0	58 06.4	+ 5.6	26206	26179	+ 27	49729	49550	+ 179	[120]
58 58.4	58 40.7	+ 17.7	25786	25981	- 195	50027	49979	+ 48	[121]
58 59.7	58 56.1	+ 3.6	25779	25912	- 133	50045	50217	- 172	[122]
59 16.1	59 12.7	+ 3.4	25783	25784	- 1	50453	50373	+ 80	123
59 13.4	59 15.9	- 2.5	25759	25730	+ 29	50341	50345	- 4	124
59 00.3	59 00.4	- 0.1	25754	25803	- 49	50012	50108	- 96	[125]
59 38.7	58 38.3	+ 0.4	25182	25928	- 746	49830	49820	+ 10	[126]

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
127	Poronai	0.00	1894.73	44° 40.0	142° 52.9	6° 10.6	6° 07.2	+ 3.4
128	Monbetu	0.00	1894.74	44 21.7	143 21.0	6 00.4	5 54.7	+ 5.7
[129]	Yūbetu	0.00	1894.74	44 14.0	143 37.1	...	5 48.2	...
130	Nogami	0.10	1894.75	44 02.0	143 30.0	5 57.6	5 47.3	+ 10.3
131	Ainonai	0.20	1894.75	43 48.7	143 48.2	5 48.5	5 38.7	+ 9.8
[132]	Abasiri	0.00	1894.76	44 01.2	144 16.6	4 43.1	5 33.4	- 50.3
133	Syari	0.00	1894.76	43 54.9	144 39.6	5 35.7	5 24.9	+ 10.8
134	Rausu	0.00	1894.78	44 01.4	145 12.0	4 55.9	5 16.2	- 20.3
135	Sibetu	0.00	1894.79	43 39.1	145 08.5	5 04.6	5 11.9	- 7.3
135	Hakodate	0.00	1894.50	41 46.5	140 43.5	5 46.0	5 53.9	- 7.9
137	Mori	0.00	1894.51	42 07.0	140 34.5	5 40.5	6 01.3	- 20.8
138	Setana	0.00	1894.53	42 26.9	139 51.0	6 05.4	6 15.6	- 10.2
139	Kutō	0.00	1894.54	42 13.6	139 49.5	6 26.0	6 12.3	+ 13.7
140	Esasi	0.00	1894.55	41 52.5	140 09.0	6 07.5	6 02.7	+ 4.8
141	Hukuyama	0.00	1894.55	41 26.0	140 09.0	5 49.0	5 55.6	- 6.6
142	Siriuti	0.00	1894.56	41 36.3	140 25.5	5 31.7	5 55.0	- 23.3
143	Tiribetu	0.00	1894.58	42 20.8	141 00.0	6 08.4	5 59.4	+ 9.0
[144]	Tomakomai	0.00	1894.58	42 36.5	141 36.0	5 06.2	5 55.2	- 49.0
145	Sarupt	0.00	1894.59	42 30.4	142 01.5	6 01.1	5 47.4	+ 13.7
146	Osyatinai	0.10	1894.60	42 41.2	142 13.5	5 50.9	5 47.3	+ 3.6
[147]	Nohuka	0.00	1894.61	42 19.4	142 48.0	6 09.1	5 32.7	+ 36.4

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
58° 13.6	58° 19.2	- 5.6	26185	26036	+ 149	49728	49576	+ 152	127
57 53.0	57 57.6	-- 4.6	26232	26146	+ 86	49341	49286	+ 55	128
57 42.6	57 47.0	- 4.4	26289	26189	+ 100	49211	49124	+ 87	[129]
57 29.9	57 37.1	- 7.2	26384	26280	+ 104	49102	49070	+ 32	130
57 12.3	57 20.8	- 8.5	26396	26362	+ 34	48734	48857	- 123	131
57 10.9	57 30.8	- 19.9	26684	26253	+ 431	49235	48879	+ 356	[132]
57 30.4	57 22.0	+ 8.4	26223	26283	- 60	48815	48739	+ 76	133
57 17.7	57 24.8	- 7.1	26383	26217	+ 166	48828	48678	+ 150	134
57 16.7	57 03.4	+ 13.3	26180	26379	- 199	48432	48509	- 77	135
55 31.5	55 41.4	- 9.9	27456	27376	+ 80	48505	48568	- 63	136
56 14.2	56 03.9	+ 10.3	27181	27246	- 65	48608	48806	+ 198	137
56 12.2	56 30.7	- 18.5	27396	27158	+ 238	49250	49220	+ 30	138
56 04.6	56 17.2	- 12.6	27306	27251	+ 55	48952	49098	- 146	139
55 55.3	55 52.4	+ 2.9	27272	27373	- 101	48672	48791	- 119	140
55 05.9	55 24.6	- 18.7	27767	27552	+ 215	48529	48532	- 3	141
55 34.9	55 33.2	+ 1.7	27459	27465	- 6	48580	48556	+ 24	142
56 30.8	56 14.7	+ 16.1	26818	27125	- 307	48606	48817	- 211	143
56 47.9	56 25.9	+ 22.0	26927	26981	- 54	49175	48797	+ 378	[144]
56 26.0	56 16.4	+ 9.6	26986	27000	- 14	48808	48628	+ 180	145
56 33.2	56 25.9	+ 7.3	26932	26914	+ 18	48864	48675	+ 189	146
55 56.3	55 59.5	- 3.2	27099	27036	+ 63	48384	48338	+ 46	[147]

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.
[148]	Urakawa.....	0.00	1894.62	42° 08.8	142° 48.0	6° 05.4	5° 30.0	+ 35.4
149	Syoya	0.00	1894.63	42 01.5	143 16.5	5 36.2	5 20.5	+ 15.7
150	Moyoro	0.00	1894.65	42 16.4	143 18.0	5 18.6	5 23.9	- 5.3
151	Tyūruī	0.00	1894.65	42 33.2	143 18.0	5 21.7	5 28.2	- 6.5
152	Memuro ...	0.08	1894.66	42 55.0	143 00.0	5 48.1	5 38.7	+ 9.4
153	Otasai	0.27	1894.67	43 04.0	142 49.5	6 05.3	5 43.8	+ 21.5
154	Syorusam	0.05	1894.69	42 54.3	143 22.5	5 26.8	5 32.3	- 5.5
155	Asyoro.....	0.20	1894.70	43 17.5	143 37.5	5 42.0	5 34.0	+ 8.0
[156]	Ōtu	0.00	1894.71	42 40.5	143 39.0	5 59.0	5 24.2	+ 34.8
157	Siranuka.....	0.00	1894.72	42 56.3	144 06.0	5 04.7	5 20.4	- 15.7
[158]	Sibetya.....	0.05	1894.73	43 17.7	144 35.5	5 42.6	5 16.9	+ 25.7
[159]	Atusanupuri ...	0.46	1894.74	43 37.2	144 25.5	5 17.1	5 24.8	- 7.7
[160]	Sinryū	0.00	1894.75	43 03.0	144 50.5	5 34.6	5 08.7	+ 25.9
[161]	Nemuro	0.00	1894.76	43 20.4	145 36.0	4 04.9	4 58.5	- 53.6
162	Sendai	0.03	1894.49 1894.82 1895.49 1895.69	38 15.8	140 52.0	5 06.2	4 55.1	+ 11.1
163	Kogota.....	0.00	1895.49	38 31.5	141 04.0	5 14.5	4 56.9	+ 17.6
164	Gamon.....	0.01	1895.50	38 44.0	141 06.0	5 13.3	4 59.9	+ 13.4
165	Midzusawa	0.02	1895.51	39 07.6	141 05.5	5 12.3	5 06.4	+ 5.9
166	Hanamaki.....	0.06	1895.51	39 25.0	141 06.5	5 29.4	5 10.4	+ 19.0
167	Morioka	0.13	1895.51	39 42.5	141 07.5	5 32.5	5 15.4	+ 17.1
[168]	Nakayama.....	0.43	1895.52	40 03.3	141 16.5	5 48.5	5 19.1	+ 29.4

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
55° 50.9	55° 48.7	+ 2.2	27192	27109	+ 83	48437	48244	+ 193	[148]
55 39.1	55 38.0	+ 1.1	27138	27138	0	48098	48076	+ 22	149
55 53.4	55 53.0	+ 0.4	27112	27034	+ 78	48347	48199	+ 148	150
56 12.7	56 10.0	+ 2.7	26959	26917	+ 42	48475	48345	+ 130	151
56 33.6	56 34.1	- 0.5	26809	26779	+ 30	48649	48605	+ 44	152
56 40.6	56 44.4	- 3.8	26767	26724	+ 43	48724	48727	- 3	153
56 27.4	56 32.7	- 3.3	26737	26766	- 29	48387	48509	- 122	154
56 42.3	56 52.2	- 9.9	26628	26592	+ 36	48508	48655	- 147	155
56 16.7	56 15.0	+ 1.7	27044	26851	+ 193	48714	48330	+ 384	[156]
56 40.0	56 27.8	+ 12.2	26670	26721	- 51	48534	48366	+ 168	157
56 38.8	56 45.9	- 7.1	26483	26551	- 68	48166	48444	- 278	[158]
56 47.4	57 06.2	- 18.8	26566	26419	+ 147	48504	48643	- 139	[159]
57 17.2	56 29.7	+ 47.5	26598	26646	- 48	49216	48270	+ 946	[160]
57 29.8	56 42.3	+ 47.5	25584	26498	- 914	47611	48270	- 659	[161]
51 57.3	51 55.2	+ 2.1	28619	28746	- 127	46438	46608	- 170	162
52 09.2	52 11.1	- 1.9	28826	28635	+ 191	46982	46705	+ 277	163
52 42.8	52 24.5	+ 18.3	28179	28554	- 375	46516	46808	- 292	164
52 42.4	52 50.1	- 7.7	28393	28404	- 11	46861	47019	- 158	165
53 00.3	53 08.8	- 8.5	28194	28291	- 97	46854	47170	- 316	166
53 11.8	53 27.4	- 15.6	28267	28177	+ 90	47186	47323	- 137	167
53 33.0	53 48.6	- 15.6	28081	28032	+ 49	47265	47474	- 209	[168]

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.
[169]	Hatinohe.....	0.04	1895.60	40° 31.0	141° 31.3	° ' ...	5° 23.2	...'
170	Kominatotaira.. (in Sameura)	0.00	1895.53	40 32.3	141 34.3	4 53.7	5 22.8	- 29.1
[171]	Ono	0.20	1895.53	40 15.2	141 37.8	4 19.7	5 17.5	- 57.8
172	Kuzi in Rikutyū	0.00	1895.54	40 11.6	141 47.8	5 02.6	5 14.2	- 11.6
[173]	Akka	0.10	1895.54	39 59.3	141 44.0	...	5 11.8	...
174	Anazawa... ..	0.35	1895.55	39 52.5	141 41.3	4 40.2	5 10.6	- 30.4
[175]	Iwaizumi	0.08	1895.55	39 51.6	141 47.6	...	5 08.9	...
[176]	Miyako	0.00	1895.55	39 38.2	141 58.3	5 37.0	5 02.8	+ 34.2
[177]	Oguni, Rikutyū.	0.10	1895.56	39 31.3	141 41.0	...	5 05.0	...
178	Tōno	0.27	1895.56	39 18.2	141 31.2	5 20.7	5 03.7	+ 17.0
179	Kamaisi	0.00	1895.57	39 16.1	141 54.2	4 28.3	4 57.9	- 29.6
180	Kesennuma	0.00	1895.58	38 53.5	141 35.3	4 57.8	4 56.1	+ 1.7
181	Isinomaki	0.00	1895.59	38 25.2	141 18.0	4 58.2	4 52.2	+ 6.0
[182]	Ikusazawa	0.40	1895.60	38 51.1	140 37.7	...	5 07.7	...
183	Simoinnai	0.18	1895.61	39 02.3	140 25.8	5 23.6	5 13.1	+ 10.5
184	Yokote	0.06	1895.61	39 19.0	140 31.5	5 24.5	5 16.6	+ 7.9
[185]	Kakudate	0.04	1895.61	39 36.6	140 33.0	4 37.4	5 21.1	- 43.7
[186]	Kariwano	0.03	1895.62	39 32.2	140 21.6	...	5 22.2	...
187	Akita	0.00	1895.62	39 42.6	140 07.5	5 21.9	5 27.8	- 5.9
188	Honzyō	0.00	1895.62	39 22.0	140 01.5	5 13.7	5 23.3	- 9.6
189	Nōsiro	0.00	1895.63	40 11.5	140 02.5	5 48.9	5 35.7	+ 13.2

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force II.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
54° 10.6	54° 16.2	- 5.6	27773	27836	- 63	47452	47667	- 215	[169]
54 19.0	54 17.2	+ 1.8	27674	27825	- 151	47443	47668	- 225	170
53 57.6	53 58.8	- 1.2	28124	27935	+ 189	47801	47503	+ 298	[171]
54 01.6	53 53.8	+ 7.8	28035	27950	+ 85	47727	47434	+ 293	172
53 33.5	53 41.2	- 7.7	28130	28034	+ 96	47357	47339	+ 18	[173]
53 24.3	53 34.3	- 10.0	28156	28081	+ 75	47229	47289	- 60	174
...	53 32.6	...	28386	28081	+ 305	...	47258	...	[175]
53 24.4	53 17.2	+ 7.2	28176	28159	+ 17	47264	47103	+ 161	[176]
53 00.9	53 11.7	- 10.8	28130	28219	- 89	46758	47103	- 345	[177]
53 09.1	52 58.7	+ 10.4	28225	28312	- 87	47065	47021	+ 44	178
52 46.2	52 54.0	- 7.8	28334	28306	+ 28	46832	46926	- 94	179
52 21.6	52 31.6	- 10.0	28409	28467	- 58	46520	46791	- 271	180
51 46.6	52 02.7	- 16.1	28741	28662	+ 79	46441	46602	- 161	181
53 10.9	52 35.3	+ 35.6	28265	28536	- 271	47165	46970	+ 195	[182]
52 57.3	52 48.9	+ 8.4	28185	28477	- 292	46784	47116	- 332	183
53 01.5	53 07.6	- 6.1	28423	28364	+ 59	47255	47269	- 14	184
53 20.3	53 25.1	- 4.8	28237	28249	- 12	47291	47400	- 109	[185]
53 22.0	53 21.8	+ 0.2	28345	28289	+ 56	47504	47406	+ 98	[186]
53 33.7	53 34.8	- 1.1	28298	28236	+ 62	47646	47560	+ 86	187
53 18.1	53 13.2	+ 4.9	28268	28376	- 108	47303	47212	+ 91	188
54 16.2	54 06.4	+ 9.8	27932	28053	- 121	47831	47850	- 19	189

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.
190	Ōdate	0.08	1895.64	40° 16.0	140° 32.5	5° 35.7	5° 31.9	+ 3.8
191	Hirosaki	0.06	1895.64	40 36.4	140 28.5	5 27.2	5 38.2	- 11.0
192	Adigasawa	0.00	1895.64	40 36.8	140 13.3	5 32.9	5 44.2	- 11.3
193	Ippongi	0.00	1895.65	41 10.2	140 31.3	5 39.9	5 46.8	- 6.9
[194]	Ōma	0.00	1895.66	41 30.0	140 54.5	6 20.6	5 47.1	+ 33.5
[195]	Tanabu	0.00	1895.66	41 16.1	141 14.0	6 12.3	5 39.1	+ 33.2
196	Makado	0.10	1895.67	40 52.7	141 09.0	5 51.6	5 34.0	+ 17.6
197	Aomori	0.00	1895.67	40 49.4	140 43.5	5 28.3	5 38.6	- 10.3
198	Hukaya	0.04	1895.49	36 11.8	139 16.5	4 34.6	4 37.8	- 3.2
199	Sakura	0.03	1895.50	35 43.3	140 13.5	4 21.2	4 19.9	+ 1.3
200	Sawara	0.01	1895.51	35 52.5	140 30.0	4 24.1	4 19.4	+ 4.7
201	Tyōsi	0.00	1895.51	35 44.0	140 51.0	4 13.4	4 13.0	+ 0.4
202	Itinomiya	0.00	1895.52	35 22.4	140 22.5	4 14.7	4 12.3	+ 2.4
203	Maebara	0.00	1895.53	35 05.8	140 06.0	4 11.1	4 10.5	+ 0.6
204	Kisaratu	0.00	1895.53	35 23.2	139 55.5	4 18.3	4 17.4	+ 0.9
205	Mito	0.01	1895.55	36 21.9	140 30.0	4 22.2	4 27.7	- 5.5
206	Ueda	0.00	1895.56	35 53.5	140 48.0	4 29.7	4 33.1	- 3.4
207	Namie	0.00	1895.56	37 28.3	141 00.0	4 21.5	4 40.3	- 18.8
[208]	Watari	0.02	1895.57	38 02.2	140 49.5	4 18.8	4 51.8	- 33.0
209	Hukusima	0.07	1895.57	37 45.0	140 28.5	4 58.1	4 51.2	+ 6.9
210	Yonezawa	0.25	1895.59	37 55.2	140 05.0	4 51.1	4 58.6	- 7.5

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
54° 03.1	54° 07.4	- 4.3	27930	27992	- 62	47576	47764	- 188	190
54 15.2	54 29.7	- 14.5	27966	27862	+ 104	47871	47974	- 103	191
54 47.5	54 42.7	+ 4.8	27760	27809	- 49	48148	48139	+ 9	192
55 18.0	55 05.0	+ 13.0	27524	27634	- 110	48348	48278	+ 70	193
55 28.3	55 22.7	+ 5.6	27089	27477	- 388	47791	48363	- 572	[194]
55 09.1	55 05.7	+ 3.4	27540	27551	- 11	48197	48148	+ 49	[195]
54 43.3	54 41.8	+ 1.5	27691	27713	- 22	47946	47953	- 7	196
54 57.0	54 41.5	+ 15.5	27711	27760	- 49	48253	48031	+ 222	197
49 53.4	49 46.7	+ 6.7	29581	29601	- 20	45915	45840	+ 75	198
49 08.1	49 08.4	- 0.3	29737	29712	+ 25	45451	45416	+ 35	199
49 16.7	49 17.3	- 0.6	29661	29642	+ 19	45464	45446	+ 18	200
48 55.7	49 05.8	- 10.1	29756	29673	+ 83	45291	45317	- 26	201
48 44.2	48 43.7	+ 0.5	29762	29826	- 64	45126	45217	- 91	202
48 19.0	48 26.1	- 7.1	29849	29939	- 90	44885	45125	- 240	203
48 39.5	48 47.1	- 7.6	29821	29848	- 27	45146	45301	- 155	204
49 50.0	49 50.7	- 0.7	29469	29466	+ 3	45688	45693	- 5	205
50 24.5	50 24.4	+ 0.1	29257	29259	- 2	45907	45908	- 1	206
50 58.0	51 02.0	- 4.0	29328	29034	+ 294	46569	46169	+ 400	207
51 31.1	51 40.5	- 9.4	29017	28833	+ 184	46632	46495	+ 137	[208]
51 03.2	51 23.8	- 20.6	29171	28961	+ 210	46407	46417	- 10	209
51 24.7	51 37.6	- 12.9	29047	28921	+ 126	46570	46588	- 18	210

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
211	Yamagata	0.16	1895.59	38° 16.5	140° 21.0	4° 44.0	5° 01.4	- 17.4
212	Sinzyō	c.10	1895.60	38 46.2	140 18.0	5 09.6	5 10.2	- 0.6
213	Sakata	0.00	1895.61	38 54.5	139 48.0	5 12.0	5 18.2	- 6.2
[214]	Atumi	0.00	1895.61	38 37.1	139 35.0	...	5 15.7	...
215	Murakami	0.00	1895.61	38 12.0	139 28.5	5 10.9	5 09.9	+ 1.0
216	Oguni in Uzen...	0.10	1895.62	38 04.9	139 46.5	4 59.5	5 04.7	- 5.2
217	Tugawa	0.08	1895.63	37 39.5	139 24.0	5 08.5	5 01.5	+ 7.0
218	Wakamatu	0.22	1895.64	37 29.5	139 57.0	4 48.3	4 52.8	- 4.5
219	Tazima	0.56	1895.64	37 11.5	139 46.5	4 41.5	4 49.7	- 8.2
220	Tadami	0.37	1895.65	37 20.5	139 19.0	4 40.7	4 56.9	- 16.2
221	Nikkō	0.61	1895.66	36 44.3	139 37.5	4 26.2	4 43.5	- 17.3
222	Sukagawa	0.25	1895.66	37 15.5	140 21.0	4 51.8	4 44.5	+ 7.3
223	Nisi-nasuno.	0.20	1895.66	36 53.0	139 58.5	4 58.8	4 42.3	+ 16.5
224	Utumomiya	0.12	1895.67	36 33.4	139 54.0	4 25.6	4 37.6	- 12.0
225	Koga	0.02	1895.67	36 11.7	139 41.8	4 29.7	4 33.5	- 3.8
226	Hatiman in Ōmi	0.05	1896.50	35 07.8	136 04.3	4 43.1	4 43.1	0.0
227	Kyōto	0.04	1896.51	35 01.2	135 47.8	4 45.2	4 42.5	+ 2.7
228	Sasayama	0.25	1896.52	35 04.2	135 14.0	4 48.4	4 46.0	+ 2.4
229	Miyatu	0.00	1896.53	35 31.6	135 13.0	4 50.4	4 54.4	- 4.0
230	Obama	0.00	1896.53	35 30.8	135 44.5	4 56.1	4 51.8	+ 4.3
231	Sakai	0.00	1896.55	34 34.9	135 28.0	4 30.4	4 36.1	- 5.7

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
51° 56.8	51° 59.4	- 2.6	28936	28771	+ 165	46944	46722	+ 222	211
52 27.8	52 32.3	- 4.5	28722	28587	+ 135	47142	47000	+ 142	212
52 45.0	52 44.9	+ 0.1	28648	28566	+ 82	47328	47191	+ 137	213
52 24.8	52 27.4	- 2.6	28924	28690	+ 234	47418	47083	+ 335	[214]
52 00.4	52 00.5	- 0.1	28931	28855	+ 76	46998	46877	+ 121	215
51 45.6	51 50.5	- 4.9	28958	28880	+ 78	46785	46744	+ 41	216
51 21.8	51 24.9	- 3.1	29046	29062	- 16	46520	46598	- 78	217
51 16.4	51 10.0	+ 6.4	29019	29088	- 69	46385	46387	- 2	218
51 10.1	50 51.0	+ 19.1	29070	29209	- 139	46362	46265	+ 97	219
51 05.1	51 04.2	+ 0.9	29217	29184	+ 33	46513	46444	+ 69	220
50 18.0	50 21.4	- 3.4	29462	29384	+ 78	46123	46055	+ 68	221
50 46.2	50 52.3	- 6.1	29145	29150	- 5	46083	46192	- 109	222
50 28.4	50 28.9	- 0.5	29400	29309	+ 91	46194	46060	+ 134	223
50 09.1	50 07.3	+ 1.8	29532	29433	+ 99	46089	45907	+ 182	224
49 48.4	49 44.0	+ 4.4	29455	29575	- 120	45639	45757	- 118	225
48 52.8	48 55.4	- 2.6	30191	30217	- 26	45908	45988	- 80	226
48 47.7	48 49.8	- 2.1	30256	30278	- 22	45929	45995	- 66	227
48 57.3	48 58.0	- 0.7	30239	30312	- 73	46050	46173	- 123	228
49 28.2	49 30.6	- 2.4	30159	30156	+ 3	46409	46442	- 33	229
49 22.0	49 25.2	- 3.2	30074	30113	- 39	46182	46291	- 109	230
48 36.9	48 21.1	+ 15.8	30387	30457	- 70	45963	45831	+ 132	231

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
232	Ikuno	0.25	1896.55	35° 10.3	134° 48.0	4° 50.3	4° 49.6	+ 0.7
233	Toycoka	0.00	1896.56	35 32.6	134 49.3	4 59.9	4 56.3	+ 3.6
234	Tottori	0.00	1895.56	35 29.7	134 14.8	5 04.4	4 57.4	+ 7.0
235	Hasizu	0.00	1896.57	35 30.4	133 54.0	5 01.0	4 58.6	+ 2.4
236	Tuyama	0.09	1895.58	35 04.0	134 01.3	4 46.4	4 50.1	- 3.7
237	Okayanru	0.00	1896.58	34 40.4	133 55.8	4 39.1	4 43.0	- 3.9
238	Akō	0.00	1896.59	34 45.4	134 23.8	4 39.2	4 43.3	- 4.1
239	Akasi	0.00	1896.59	34 39.2	135 00.0	4 35.8	4 39.3	- 3.5
240	Nara	0.06	1896.60	34 40.9	135 51.0	4 27.6	4 36.1	- 8.5
241	Kamiiti	0.15	1896.61	34 23.4	135 52.0	4 26.9	4 32.7	- 3.8
242	Myōzi	0.00	1896.61	34 17.0	135 32.3	4 26.4	4 30.3	- 3.9
243	Wakayama	0.00	1896.61	34 13.6	135 11.3	4 29.0	4 30.7	- 1.7
244	Sumoto	0.00	1896.62	34 20.7	134 53.5	4 30.7	4 34.0	- 3.3
245	Minabe	0.00	1895.62	33 45.6	135 20.3	4 15.7	4 21.5	- 5.8
[246]	Tikatuyū	0.48	1896.63	33 48.9	135 36.9	...	4 21.3	...
247	Hongū	0.10	1896.64	33 49.1	135 47.5	4 18.8	4 20.6	- 1.8
248	Kusimoto	0.00	1896.64	33 28.2	135 47.0	4 10.4	4 14.2	- 3.8
249	Arima	0.00	1896.65	33 52.2	136 05.5	4 15.9	4 20.1	- 4.2
250	Nagasima	0.00	1896.66	34 12.2	136 20.5	4 21.9	4 24.8	- 2.9
251	Matusaka	0.00	1896.67	34 34.3	136 32.5	4 23.8	4 30.4	- 6.6
252	Mihara	0.00	1896.50	34 24.3	133 05.3	4 39.2	4 39.5	- 0.3

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip δ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
49° 09.2	49° 08.9	+ 0.3	30165	30318	- 153	46121	46350	- 229	232
49 30.3	49 35.2	- 4.9	30187	30188	- 1	46486	46565	- 79	233
49 45.3	49 36.9	+ 8.4	30151	30260	- 109	46670	46703	- 33	234
49 49.1	49 41.0	+ 8.1	30204	30291	- 87	46812	46817	- 5	235
49 06.5	49 08.3	- 1.8	30367	30429	- 62	46387	46511	- 124	236
48 39.4	48 40.8	- 1.4	30543	30572	- 29	46237	46302	- 65	237
48 41.9	48 42.7	- 0.8	30488	30498	- 10	46190	46219	- 29	238
48 29.0	48 30.1	- 1.1	30451	30475	- 24	45940	45993	- 53	239
48 39.3	48 25.3	+ 14.0	30250	30389	- 139	45793	45791	+ 2	240
48 03.4	48 04.3	- 0.9	30448	30486	- 38	45554	45624	- 70	241
47 56.3	47 59.1	- 2.8	30506	30551	- 45	45537	45645	- 108	242
48 00.6	47 57.8	+ 2.8	30531	30601	- 70	45636	45700	- 64	243
48 08.6	48 08.8	- 0.2	30551	30589	- 38	45786	45847	- 61	244
47 24.2	47 22.9	+ 1.3	30742	30743	- 1	45420	45404	+ 16	245
47 25.1	47 24.8	+ 0.3	30599	30701	- 102	45222	45368	- 146	[246]
47 23.5	47 23.7	- 0.2	30630	30684	- 54	45245	45327	- 82	247
46 56.3	46 58.5	- 2.2	30709	30800	- 91	44977	45141	- 164	248
47 27.5	47 25.2	+ 2.3	30552	30641	- 89	45187	45286	- 99	249
47 48.4	47 47.3	+ 1.1	30405	30509	- 104	45267	45409	- 142	250
48 10.2	48 12.2	- 2.0	30319	30368	- 49	45462	45565	- 103	251
48 25.4	48 29.0	- 3.6	30867	30749	+ 118	46513	46390	+ 123	252

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- serve	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
253	Hirosima	0.00	1896.50	34° 23.0	132° 27.0	+ 33.2	+ 39.7	- 6.5
254	Sitata	0.00	1896.51	33 54.3	132 19.5	+ 31.9	+ 30.6	+ 1.3
255	Murōdzumi	0.00	1896.52	33 55.7	131 58.0	+ 33.1	+ 31.0	+ 2.1
256	Yamaguti	0.04	1896.52	34 11.7	131 29.0	+ 31.9	+ 35.9	- 4.0
257	Tuwano	0.16	1896.53	34 28.0	131 46.5	+ 40.3	+ 41.3	- 1.0
258	Hagi	0.01	1896.54	34 25.1	131 22.5	+ 33.2	+ 40.1	- 6.9
259	Awano	0.00	1896.54	34 22.0	130 58.0	+ 34.3	+ 38.6	- 4.3
[260]	Hamada	0.00	1896.56	34 53.7	132 05.8	+ 41.7	+ 49.6	- 7.9
261	Itiki	0.28	1896.56	34 49.5	132 25.0	+ 42.0	+ 48.1	- 6.1
262	Miyosi	0.15	1896.57	34 48.7	132 52.0	+ 56.9	+ 47.5	+ 9.4
263	Ai	0.32	1896.58	35 08.0	132 57.5	+ 55.1	+ 53.5	+ 1.6
[264]	Imaiti	0.00	1896.58	35 21.0	132 44.5	+ 50.4	+ 57.8	- 7.4
265	Matue	0.00	1896.59	35 28.4	133 04.0	+ 52.0	+ 59.7	- 7.7
266	Kurosaka	0.09	1896.59	35 11.0	133 23.8	+ 52.8	+ 53.7	- 0.9
[267]	Tōzyō	0.29	1896.60	34 53.5	133 18.0	+ 41.7	+ 48.4	- 6.7
268	Hukuyama	0.00	1896.61	34 28.7	133 22.5	+ 40.7	+ 40.5	+ 0.2
[269]	(in Bungo) Hamabata	0.08	1896.61	34 48.2	133 37.8	...	+ 46.1	...
270	Takahasi	0.08	1896.61	34 48.8	133 37.5	+ 45.4	+ 46.3	- 0.9
271	Tokusima	0.00	1896.62	34 04.0	134 35.0	+ 29.4	+ 29.9	- 0.5
272	Wakimati	0.05	1896.63	34 05.0	134 11.8	+ 30.4	+ 31.3	- 0.9
273	Ōsato	0.00	1896.64	33 35.0	134 23.0	+ 22.6	+ 21.5	+ 1.1

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced, to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
48° 29.7	48° 33.5	- 3.8	30923	30825	+ 98	46663	46573	+ 90	253
48 00.8	47 59.6	+ 1.2	31009	30997	+ 12	46354	46318	+ 36	254
48 04.0	48 04.8	- 0.8	31047	31029	+ 18	46459	46444	+ 15	255
48 24.1	48 29.3	- 5.2	31029	30997	+ 32	46737	46769	- 32	256
48 46.2	48 46.3	- 0.1	30985	30873	+ 112	47012	46845	+ 167	257
48 37.4	48 46.9	- 9.5	31145	30936	+ 209	47117	46948	+ 169	258
48 40.3	48 47.3	- 7.0	31109	31002	+ 107	47109	47055	+ 54	259
49 45.4	49 14.4	+ 31.0	30354	30693	- 339	46985	47011	- 26	[260]
49 19.6	49 06.1	+ 13.5	30734	30681	+ 053	47156	46862	+ 294	261
49 11.1	49 00.7	+ 10.4	30559	30636	- 77	46754	46708	+ 46	262
49 37.2	49 23.1	+ 14.1	30728	30517	+ 211	47430	46879	+ 551	263
50 04.7	49 40.9	+ 23.8	30261	30467	- 206	47154	47087	+ 67	[264]
49 53.2	49 46.6	+ 6.6	30212	30390	- 178	46891	47060	- 169	265
49 31.7	49 22.5	+ 9.2	30493	30454	+ 39	46979	46772	+ 207	266
48 53.3	49 02.4	- 9.1	30926	30563	+ 363	47034	46624	+ 410	[267]
48 32.4	48 31.7	+ 0.7	30750	30694	+ 56	46445	46348	+ 97	268
48 51.5	48 52.9	- 1.4	...	30558	...	...	46468	...	[269]
48 49.2	48 53.7	- 4.5	30670	30556	+ 114	46580	46477	+ 103	270
47 49.6	47 51.2	- 1.6	30802	30711	+ 91	45879	45768	+ 111	171
47 52.4	47 55.7	- 3.3	30826	30743	+ 83	45957	45882	+ 75	272
47 17.3	47 17.6	- 0.3	30959	30890	+ 69	45642	45544	+ 98	273

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cat.
274	Nawari	0.00	1896.65	33° 26.0	134° 03.0	4° 19.6	4° 19.5	+ 0.1
275	Kōti	0.00	1896.65	33 32.8	133 33.3	4 23.6	4 22.6	+ 1.0
276	Ōtoti	0.35	1896.66	33 41.0	133 53.0	4 24.9	4 24.6	+ 0.3
277	Susaki	0.00	1896.67	33 24.0	133 17.8	4 20.8	4 20.2	+ 0.6
278	Nakamura	0.00	1896.67	32 57.7	132 55.0	4 11.8	4 12.2	- 0.4
279	Uwazima	0.00	1896.69	33 13.2	132 34.5	4 15.6	4 17.4	- 1.8
280	Wakamiya	0.01	1896.69	33 32.0	132 34.5	4 20.2	4 23.4	- 3.2
[281]	Yahatahama	0.00	1896.70	33 27.4	132 25.7	...	4 21.9	...
282	Saganoseki	0.00	1896.70	33 14.5	131 53.3	4 14.5	4 17.5	- 3.0
283	Saiki	0.00	1896.71	32 56.9	131 52.5	4 09.4	4 12.0	- 2.6
284	Oita	0.00	1896.72	33 15.0	131 36.0	4 16.7	4 17.7	- 1.0
285	Matuyama	0.00	1896.72	33 52.0	132 45.0	4 27.9	4 29.7	- 1.8
286	Kuzu in Iyo	0.33	1896.73	33 33.8	132 58.5	4 22.7	4 23.7	- 1.0
287	Kuma „ „	0.53	1896.73	33 39.4	132 53.5	4 26.7	4 25.5	+ 1.2
288	Imabaru	0.00	1896.74	34 04.0	133 01.5	4 32.8	4 33.2	- 0.4
289	Kawanoe	0.00	1896.75	34 02.0	133 35.0	4 30.3	4 31.8	- 1.5
290	Marugame	0.00	1896.75	34 16.9	133 49.0	4 31.0	4 36.0	- 5.0
291	Takamatu	0.00	1896.75	34 21.0	134 02.8	4 37.5	4 36.7	+ 0.8
292	Tonosyō	0.00	1896.76	34 29.0	134 10.5	4 38.6	4 38.8	- 0.2
293	Zaikōzi	0.00	1896.52	32 24.2	131 36.8	4 01.2	4 01.1	+ 0.1
294	Miyazaki	0.00	1896.52	31 55.2	131 25.3	3 59.0	3 51.5	+ 7.5

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force II.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
47° 09.2	47° 09.4	- 0.2	31019	30971	+ 48	45614	45547	+ 67	274
47 17.4	47 22.0	- 4.6	31069	30984	+ 85	45806	45747	+ 59	275
47 32.4	47 29.2	+ 3.2	30971	30906	+ 65	45879	45735	+ 144	276
47 17.2	47 13.4	+ 3.8	31063	31058	+ 5	45793	45731	+ 62	277
46 46.8	46 44.3	+ 2.5	31286	31239	+ 47	45686	45583	+ 103	278
47 07.6	47 06.5	+ 1.1	31205	31192	+ 13	45864	45829	+ 35	279
47 27.0	47 29.8	- 2.8	31142	31091	+ 51	46052	46018	+ 34	280
47 34.9	47 25.5	+ 9.4	31116	31132	- 16	46130	46015	+ 115	[281]
47 09.9	47 14.6	- 4.7	31384	31261	+ 123	46162	46047	+ 115	282
46 58.2	46 52.8	+ 5.4	31297	31356	- 59	45864	45873	- 9	283
47 21.0	47 18.0	+ 3.0	31079	31291	- 212	45872	46141	- 269	184
47 50.5	47 52.7	- 2.2	30995	30963	+ 32	46180	46165	+ 15	285
47 31.5	47 28.3	+ 3.2	31067	31038	+ 29	46007	45917	+ 90	286
47 36.0	47 36.0	0.0	31008	31016	- 8	45985	45998	- 13	287
48 04.3	48 04.9	- 0.6	30924	30868	+ 56	46280	46205	+ 75	288
47 55.5	47 57.4	- 1.9	30899	30821	+ 78	46108	46024	+ 84	289
48 10.2	48 13.4	- 3.2	30862	30714	+ 148	46275	46102	+ 173	290
48 14.6	48 16.3	- 1.7	30783	30669	+ 114	46222	46078	+ 144	291
48 24.0	48 24.9	- 0.9	30643	30611	+ 32	46154	46120	+ 34	292
46 14.2	46 14.3	- 0.1	31586	31559	+ 27	45667	45628	+ 39	293
45 39.9	45 39.4	+ 0.5	31737	31731	+ 6	45414	45397	+ 17	294

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.
295	Miyakonczyō ...	0.14	1896.53	31° 42.8'	131° 03.0'	3° 40.8'	3° 46.7'	- 5.9'
296	Nakamati	0.00	1896.53	31 26.2	131 11.3	3 40.0	3 41.5	- 1.5
297	Kōyama	0.10	1896.54	31 20.5	130 55.5	3 42.5	3 39.1	+ 3.4
298	Kagosima	0.00	1896.54	31 35.4	130 32.5	3 36.9	3 43.1	- 6.2
[299]	Iitiki, Satuma ...	0.00	1896.55	31 41.6	130 16.0	3 57.5	3 44.4	+ 13.1
300	Makurazaki	0.00	1896.55	31 17.0	130 16.5	3 44.9	3 36.2	+ 8.7
[301]	Kaseda.....	0.00	1896.56	31 25.0	130 19.1	...	3 39.0	...
[302]	Yokogawa	0.18	1896.56	31 54.2	130 41.5	3 58.1	3 49.7	+ 8.4
303	Hitoyosi	0.12	1896.57	32 12.1	130 46.5	4 09.4	3 55.8	+ 13.6
304	Yunomae.....	0.66	1896.57	32 15.8	130 59.0	4 00.8	3 57.5	+ 3.3
305	Yatusiro	0.00	1896.58	32 29.7	130 36.0	4 00.9	4 01.2	- 0.3
306	Minamata	0.00	1896.58	32 12.4	130 23.5	3 58.3	3 54.9	+ 3.4
307	Simabara	0.00	1896.59	32 46.1	130 22.5	4 07.2	4 06.1	+ 1.1
[308]	Nagasaki	0.00	1896.59	32 45.0	129 52.5	4 24.8	4 04.2	+ 20.6
309	Sasebo	0.00	1896.60	33 10.5	129 44.3	4 11.0	4 12.2	- 1.2
310	Matiyamaguti...	0.00	1896.61	32 27.5	130 10.8	3 55.5	3 59.4	- 3.9
311	Kumamoto	0.02	1896.61	32 48.0	130 44.0	4 09.0	4 07.5	+ 1.5
312	Miyadi.....	0.51	1896.62	32 55.8	131 07.4	3 51.8	4 10.8	- 19.0
[313]	Mamibara	0.54	1896.62	32 39.2	131 09.5	3 45.5	4 05.5	- 20.0
314	Yanagawa.....	0.00	1896.63	33 09.6	130 24.8	4 11.6	4 13.9	- 2.3
315	Hukuoka	0.00	1896.63	33 35.2	130 23.8	4 23.5	4 22.3	+ 1.2

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XV. (Continued.)

(δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
45° 23.7	45° 27.1	- 3.4	31825	31838	- 13	45321	45386	- 65	295
45 05.9	45 04.7	+ 1.2	31912	31907	+ 5	45204	45186	+ 18	296
44 53.2	44 59.8	- 6.6	32036	31966	+ 70	45217	45204	+ 13	297
45 28.2	45 22.5	+ 5.7	31847	31936	- 89	45413	45463	- 50	298
45 09.1	45 33.1	- 24.0	32319	31938	+ 381	45826	45608	+ 218	[299]
45 12.7	45 01.5	+ 11.2	31961	32062	- 101	45367	45363	+ 4	300
45 10.9	45 11.4	- 0.5	32067	32016	+ 51	45496	45428	+ 68	[301]
45 09.1	45 45.0	- 35.9	31725	31822	- 97	44984	45604	- 620	[302]
46 00.5	46 07.0	- 6.5	31701	31719	- 18	45642	45758	- 116	303
46 00.9	46 09.7	- 8.8	31689	31675	+ 14	45631	45732	- 101	304
46 31.2	46 31.0	+ 0.2	31713	31649	+ 64	46088	45992	+ 96	305
46 06.0	46 11.2	- 5.2	32063	31764	+ 299	46240	45882	+ 358	306
46 55.3	46 54.0	+ 1.3	31385	31590	- 205	45952	46234	- 282	307
47 17.5	46 57.8	+ 19.7	31864	31658	+ 206	46979	46387	+ 592	[308]
47 30.9	47 31.4	- 0.5	31460	31541	- 81	46580	46708	- 128	309
46 27.7	46 32.4	- 4.7	31699	31711	- 12	46018	46102	- 84	310
46 51.4	46 52.7	- 1.3	31365	31537	- 172	45868	46137	- 269	311
47 03.5	46 58.6	+ 4.9	31489	31449	+ 40	46222	46094	+ 128	312
47 22.0	46 38.2	+ 43.8	31467	31532	- 65	46460	45924	+ 536	[313]
47 22.5	47 23.1	- 0.6	31425	31461	- 36	46406	46465	- 59	314
48 01.0	47 55.4	+ 5.6	31206	31326	- 120	46652	46748	- 96	315

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	Declination δ .		
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Obs.-Cal.
316	Kokura	0.00	1896.64	33° 53.3	130° 53.5	4° 44.1	4° 29.2	+ 14.9
317	Nakatu	0.00	1896.64	33 36.5	131 11.3	4 27.0	4 24.2	+ 2.8
318	Nakamatama ...	0.00	1896.65	33 36.0	131 30.0	4 26.3	4 24.4	+ 1.9
319	Kuma, Bungo ..	0.08	1896.65	33 18.5	130 57.0	4 35.3	4 17.9	+ 17.4
320	Karatu.....	0.00	1896.66	33 26.5	129 59.5	4 18.8	4 18.3	+ 0.5

XV. (Continued.)

 (δ , θ , H, and I) Reduced to 1895.0 and Sea Level.

Dip θ .			Horizontal Force H.			Total Force I.			No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	
48° 16.1	48° 12.7	+ 3.4	31181	31168	+ 13	46841	46772	+ 69	316
47 58.5	47 48.8	+ 9.7	31141	31223	- 82	46517	46194	+ 23	317
47 51.1	47 45.0	+ 6.1	31185	31190	- 5	46472	46388	+ 84	318
46 59.3	47 28.8	- 29.5	31281	31348	- 67	45856	46383	- 527	319
47 54.2	47 48.9	+ 5.3	31290	31423	- 133	46670	46794	- 118	320

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Observed	Calculated
1a	Tōkyō.....	0.02	1893-96	35° 42.0'	139° 46.0'	29672	29659	2287	2285
1b	„.....	0.02	1896.50	35 41.0	139 45.0	29726	29666	2319	2284
2	Hatiōzi.....	0.11	1893.51) 1895.48)	35 40.0	139 20.0	29671	29695	2374	2321
[3]	Sauhasi.....	0.31	1893.52	35 36.4	138 58.8	29100	29738	2592	2344
[4]	Kōhu.....	0.26	1893.52	35 39.5	138 34.5	28794	29744	2463	2384
5	Uminokuti.....	1.07	1893.53	35 59.0	138 27.3	29750	29633	2225	2433
6	Usuta.....	0.74	1893.54	36 11.0	138 28.1	29845	29559	2442	2456
[7]	Komoro.....	0.67	1893.54	36 19.7	138 26.0	29399	29507	2467	2476
8	Miyota.....	0.80	1893.54	36 19.5	138 30.5	29555	29504	2435	2470
9	Karūzawa.....	0.97	1893.55	36 21.7	138 38.3	29618	29482	2448	2464
[10]	Kutukake.....	0.99	1893.55	36 20.8	138 33.0	...	29494	...	2469
11	Ueda.....	0.43	1893.56	36 24.0	138 15.6	29756	29492	2644	2498
12	Kamistwa.....	0.71	1893.56	36 02.3	138 07.7	29767	29635	2513	2465
13	Matumoto.....	0.69	1893.57	36 14.0	137 59.0	29499	29573	2376	2500
14	Ōmati.....	0.69	1893.58	36 28.0	137 49.5	29573	29498	2555	2541
[15]	Kuruma.....	0.60	1893.58	36 48.0	137 51.0	29662	29372	2473	2577
16	Itoigawa.....	0.00	1893.59) 1893.77)	37 02.5	137 52.0	29128	29280	2620	2605
17	Takata.....	0.00	1893.59	37 06.8	138 16.0	29241	29226	2659	2581
18	Sekiyama.....	0.56	1893.60	36 56.5	138 13.5	29228	29294	2562	2565
19	Nagano.....	0.38	1893.60	36 39.8	138 12.0	29232	29399	2539	2534
20	Hiyama.....	0.31	1893.61	36 52.3	138 22.2	29247	29311	2620	2545
21	Tōkamati.....	0.16	1893.62	37 09.0	138 44.0	29255	29183	2577	2547

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI.

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-34329	-34414	+ 13	+ 2	+ 85	13	86	9°	+ 81°	1a
-34299	-34400	+ 60	+ 35	+ 101	69	123	30	+ 56	1b
-34290	-34467	- 24	+ 53	+ 177	58	186	114	+ 72	2
-34535	-34477	- 638	+ 248	- 58	685	687	159	- 5	[3]
-34714	-34615	- 950	+ 79	- 99	953	958	175	- 6	[4]
-34647	-34967	+ 117	- 208	+ 320	239	399	299	+ 53	5
-35424	-35166	+ 286	- 14	- 258	286	385	357	- 42	6
-36320	-35320	- 108	- 9	- 1000	108	1006	185	- 84	[7]
-35283	-35299	+ 51	- 35	+ 16	62	64	326	+ 14	8
-35234	-35306	+ 136	- 16	+ 72	137	155	353	+ 28	9
-34613	-35312	...	...	+ 699	...	...	...	+ ...	[10]
-35654	-35432	+ 264	+ 146	- 222	302	375	29	- 36	11
-35264	-35098	+ 132	+ 48	- 166	140	217	20	- 50	12
-35279	-35330	- 74	- 124	+ 51	144	153	239	+ 20	13
-35626	-35607	+ 5	+ 14	- 19	15	24	70	- 52	14
-35799	-35941	+ 290	- 104	+ 142	308	339	340	+ 25	[15]
-36142	-36183	- 152	+ 15	+ 41	153	158	174	+ 15	16
-36145	-36153	+ 15	+ 78	+ 8	79	80	79	+ 6	17
-36081	-35989	- 66	- 3	- 92	66	113	183	- 54	18
-35666	-35714	- 167	+ 5	+ 48	167	174	178	+ 16	19
-35901	-35884	- 64	+ 75	- 17	99	100	131	- 10	20
-36163	-36076	+ 72	+ 30	- 87	78	117	23	- 48	21

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Latitude.	Longitude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Observed	Calculated
22	Nagaoka.....	0.03	1893.64	37° 27.0	138° 52.2	28892	29061	2649	2570
[23]	Kasiwazaki	0.00	1893.63	37 22.5	138 34.3	...	29108	...	2589
[24]	Teradomari.....	0.00	1893.64	37 38.2	138 45.5	...	28997	...	2600
25	Niigata.....	0.00	1893.64 1893.62}	37 54.8	139 02.2	28766	28875	2766	2606
[26]	Kamo.....	0.10	1893.65	37 37.5	139 03.0	28858	28983	2782	2573
27	Sibata.....	0.02	1893.66	37 56.0	139 19.0	28787	28850	2812	2583
28	Ebisu.....	0.00	1893.67	38 05.2	138 25.5	28866	28847	2911	2678
29	Wasizaki.....	0.00	1893.67	38 18.5	138 31.0	28652	28755	2873	2694
30	Aikawa.....	0.75	1893.68	38 02.5	138 14.2	28621	28876	2694	2688
31	Ogi.....	0.00	1893.69	37 49.0	138 15.4	29138	28961	2631	2662
[32]	Ozasa.....	0.90	1893.70	36 29.6	138 30.5	29461	29442	2149	2490
[33]	Wakasare.....	1.40	1893.70	36 24.6	138 34.2	29805	29469	1974	2475
[34]	Asama.....	2.45	1893.70	36 24.0	138 30.5	30151	29476	1694	2479
35	Matuida.....	0.26	1893.70	36 18.5	138 48.6	29528	29491	2421	2443
36	Takasaki.....	0.10	1893.71	36 19.5	139 00.5	29496	29473	2529	2428
37	Numata.....	0.42	1893.72 1895.49}	36 39.2	139 02.0	29345	29350	2405	2465
38	Kumagai.....	0.03	1893.72	36 09.0	139 23.2	29475	29516	2229	2374
39	Odawara.....	0.00	1893.74	35 15.0	139 09.8	30121	29856	2411	2284
[40]	Atami.....	0.00	1893.75	35 05.7	139 05.0	29265	29916	2275	2272
[41]	Simoda.....	0.00	1893.77	34 40.5	138 57.8	30123	30072	1951	2228
42	Matuzaki.....	0.00	1893.78	34 45.3	138 48.5	30061	30053	2305	2252

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-X	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-36679	-36344	- 169	+ 79	- 335	187	383	155°	- 61°	22
-36824	-36342	...	...	- 482	...	...	...	- ...	[23]
-36765	-36560	...	...	- 205	...	...	...	- ...	[24]
-36870	-36768	- 109	+ 160	- 102	194	219	124	- 28	25
-37068	-36475	- 125	+ 209	- 593	244	641	121	- 68	[26]
-36622	-36717	- 63	+ 229	+ 95	238	256	105	+ 22	27
-36934	-37099	+ 19	+ 233	+ 165	234	286	85	+ 35	28
-37082	-37298	- 103	+ 179	+ 217	207	300	120	+ 46	29
-37002	-37104	- 255	+ 6	+ 102	255	275	179	+ 22	30
-36694	-36870	+ 177	- 31	+ 170	180	252	350	+ 44	31
-36348	-35470	+ 19	- 341	- 878	342	942	273	- 69	[32]
-35598	-35372	+ 336	- 591	- 226	603	644	304	- 21	[33]
-38311	-35375	+ 675	- 785	- 2936	1035	3113	311	- 71	[34]
-35294	-35214	+ 37	- 22	- 80	43	91	329	- 62	35
-35433	-35188	+ 23	+ 101	- 245	104	266	77	- 67	36
-35491	-35508	- 5	- 60	+ 17	60	63	265	+ 16	37
-35193	-34933	- 41	- 145	- 260	151	311	254	- 60	38
-34947	-34088	+ 265	+ 127	- 859	294	908	26	- 71	39
-33725	-33949	- 651	+ 3	+ 224	651	688	180	+ 19	[40]
-33394	-33555	+ 51	- 277	+ 161	282	324	280	+ 30	[41]
-33719	-33663	+ 8	+ 53	- 56	54	78	81	- 46	42

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
43	Hudisawa	0.00	1893.79	35° 20.8	139° 29.3	29529 ^Y	29802 ^Y	2358 ^Y	2268 ^Y
44	Ōtu	0.00	1893.81	35 15.4	139 42.5	29748	29822	2232	2236
[45]	Midono	0.55	† 1893.82 * 1893.51	35 20.0	138 54.0	29131	29841	2252	2317
[46]	Yosida	0.84	† 1893.81 * 1893.51	35 28.0	138 48.0	29643	29799	1812	2342
[47]	Umaguesi	1.00	† 1893.81 * 1893.52	35 25.0	138 47.0	28737	29818	2380	2337
[48]	Huzi, East side Syakadake ...	3.73	1893.53	35 21.7	138 44.0	...	29838	...	2334
[49]	„ Sainokawara near Kinmeisui.	3.60	1893.53	35 21.7	138 43.8	...	29841	...	2334
[50]	„ Sainokawara near Ginmeisui.	3.72	1893.53	35 21.4	138 43.9	...	29843	...	2334
[51]	„ Bottom of Crater.....	3.56	1893.53	35 21.5	138 43.9	...	29842	...	2334
[52]	Murayama	0.50	† 1893.80 * 1893.53	35 15.0	138 40.0	30550	29886	1650	2326
[53]	Hikomibara..... Down	0.73	† 1893.80 * 1893.54	35 21.1	138 36.7	29711	29852	1710	2343
[54]	„ Uzuragoya ..	0.69	1893.54	35 21.0	138 36.3	...	29853	...	2343
[55]	„ Up Uzuragoya...	0.78	1893.54	35 21.1	138 37.2	...	29851	...	2342
[56]	Mituike	0.82	1893.54	35 22.4	138 35.9	...	29845	...	2346
[57]	Mituike Cave...	0.82	1893.54	35 22.4	138 35.9	...	29845	...	2346
[58]	Front of Mituike Cave.	0.82	1893.54	35 22.4	138 35.9	...	29845	...	2346
[59]	Front of Hitoana	0.69	1893.55	35 21.5	138 35.5	...	29851	...	2345
[60]	Itimaiwa in Hitoana	0.69	1893.55	35 21.5	138 35.5	...	29851	...	2345
[61]	Front of Hitoana	0.69	1893.55	35 21.5	138 35.5	...	29851	...	2345
[62]	Ōmiya.....	0.11	† 1893.79 * 1893.55	35 13.5	138 38.0	30187	29896	2310	2326
63	Numazu	0.00	† 1893.82 * 1893.55	35 05.0	138 52.5	30018	29932	2324	2287

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

† Epoch for the observation of δ . * Epoch for the observations of θ and H .

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-34130	-34119	- 273	+ 90	- 11	287	288	162°	- 2°	43
-33844	-33989	- 74	- 4	+ 145	74	163	183	+ 63	44
-34618	-34222	- 710	- 65	- 396	713	816	185	- 29	[45]
-34448	-34376	- 156	- 530	- 72	552	557	254	- 7	[46]
-34883	-34328	- 1081	+ 43	- 555	1082	1216	178	- 27	[47]
-44174	-34281	...	...	- 9893	...	...	...	- ...	[48]
-38496	-34286	...	...	- 4210	...	...	...	- ...	[49]
-41414	-34280	...	...	- 7134	...	...	...	- ...	[50]
-34330	-34281	...	...	- 49	...	...	...	- ...	[51]
-35109	-34187	+ 664	- 676	- 922	948	1322	315	- 44	[52]
-34552	-34300	- 141	- 633	- 252	649	696	257	- 21	[53]
-33972	-34300	...	...	+ 328	...	...	...	+ ...	[54]
-35257	-34297	...	...	- 960	...	...	...	- ...	[55]
-28614	-34324	...	...	+ 5710	...	...	...	+ ...	[56]
-33516	-34324	...	...	+ 808	...	...	...	+ ...	[57]
-31949	-34324	...	...	+ 2375	...	...	...	+ ...	[58]
-30794	-34311	...	...	+ 3517	...	...	...	+ ...	[59]
-27671	-34311	...	...	+ 6640	...	...	...	+ ...	[60]
-28695	-34311	...	...	+ 5616	...	...	...	+ ...	[61]
-34322	-34169	+ 291	- 16	- 153	291	329	357	- 28	[62]
-33891	-33978	+ 86	+ 37	+ 87	94	128	23	+ 43	63

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
64	Simizu.....	0.00	† 1893.79 * 1893.56	35° 00.5	138° 30.0	30072	29982	2203	2309
65	Nisinoto.....	0.14	† 1893.78 * 1893.56	35 02.0	137 50.0	29960	30017	2305	2362
66	Okazaki	0.05	† 1893.77 * 1893.57	34 56.5	137 08.0	30016	30099	2378	2398
67	Kōwa	0.00	† 1893.74 * 1893.58	34 46.0	136 55.5	30158	30176	2421	2389
68	Narumi	0.00	† 1893.75 * 1893.58	35 05.0	136 58.0	30033	30061	2449	2428
69	Nagoya	0.00	† 1893.71 * 1893.58 1896.76	35 10.5	136 56.0	30084	30031	2476	2441
70	Maegasu	0.00	† 1893.71 * 1893.59	35 06.0	136 44.0	30073	30073	2460	2444
71	Yokkaiti.....	0.00	† 1893.72 * 1893.59	34 58.5	136 37.5	30108	30126	2429	2434
72	Kameyama.....	0.09	† 1893.72 * 1893.59 1896.6	34 52.0	136 28.0	30102	30176	2399	2430
73	Tu	0.00	† 1893.73 * 1893.60	34 43.0	136 31.0	30113	30225	2355	2406
74	Kamiyasiro.....	0.00	† 1893.73 * 1893.60	34 30.0	136 45.0	30252	30284	2369	2365
75	Toba	0.05	† 1893.73 * 1893.61	34 29.0	136 50.0	30321	30282	2358	2357
76	Katikawa	0.00	† 1893.76 * 1893.61	35 13.0	136 58.0	29991	30014	2488	2445
77	Kiyosu	0.00	† 1893.75 * 1893.61	35 12.0	136 51.0	29984	30028	2455	2449
78	Gihu	0.15	† 1893.68 * 1893.62	35 25.5	136 46.0	29961	29954	2487	2484
79	Nakatugawa ...	0.30	† 1893.77 * 1893.63	35 29.0	137 32.0	29802	29877	2462	2441
80	Iida	0.53	† 1893.78 * 1893.64	35 31.0	137 50.0	29764	29844	2379	2423
81	Matuō	0.53	1893.64	35 29.0	137 52.0	29744	29853	2408	2417
[82]	Hukusima	0.78	1893.95	35 50.0	137 42.0	29503	29739	2559	2472
83	Nomngi	1.16	1893.65	36 02.0	137 35.0	29831	29673	2580	2505
84	Takayama	0.56	1893.66	36 08.0	137 16.5	29712	29660	2528	2539

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

† Epoch for the observation of δ . * Epoch for the observations of θ and Π .

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-34144	-33980	+ 90	- 106	- 164	139	215	310°	- 50°	64
-34130	-34145	- 57	- 57	+ 15	81	82	225	+ 10	65
-34089	-34211	- 83	- 20	+ 122	85	149	194	+ 55	66
-34067	-34079	- 18	+ 32	+ 13	37	39	119	+ 19	67
-34372	-34396	- 28	+ 21	+ 24	35	42	143	+ 34	68
-34468	-34498	+ 53	+ 35	+ 30	64	70	33	+ 25	69
-34477	-34469	0	+ 16	- 8	16	18	90	- 27	70
-34315	-34367	- 18	- 5	+ 52	19	55	196	+ 70	71
-34199	-34293	- 74	- 31	+ 94	80	124	203	+ 50	72
-34231	-34126	- 112	- 51	- 105	123	162	204	- 41	73
-33880	-33847	- 32	+ 4	- 33	32	46	173	- 46	74
-33722	-33806	+ 39	+ 1	+ 84	39	93	1	+ 65	75
-34491	-34533	- 23	+ 43	+ 42	49	64	118	+ 41	76
-34514	-34545	- 44	+ 6	+ 34	44	56	172	+ 38	77
-34742	-34799	+ 7	+ 3	+ 57	8	58	23	+ 82	78
-34554	-34672	- 75	+ 21	+ 118	78	141	164	+ 57	79
-34473	-34637	- 80	- 44	+ 164	91	188	209	+ 61	80
-34546	-34595	- 109	- 9	+ 49	109	120	185	+ 24	81
-35761	-34991	- 236	+ 87	- 770	252	810	160	- 72	[82]
-35213	-35222	+ 158	+ 75	+ 9	175	175	25	+ 3	83
-35248	-35403	+ 52	- 11	+ 155	53	164	348	+ 71	84

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
85	Gero	0.58	1893.67	35° 48.0	137° 16.0	29799 ^Y	29781 ^Y	2494 ^Y	2498 ^Y
86	Hatiman, Mino	0.21	1893.67	35 44.0	136 57.0	29902	29829	2525	2511
87	Nagamine.....	0.37	1893.68	35 40.5	136 35.0	29839	29878	2577	2526
88	Nagahama	0.05	1893.69 1896.54	35 22.5	136 15.0	29997	30013	2517	2507
89	Turuga.....	0.00	1893.69	35 39.0	136 02.0	30043	29931	2528	2555
90	Takehu	0.04	1893.70	35 53.0	136 11.0	30229	29835	2582	2576
91	Ōno.....	0.20	1893.70	35 59.0	136 30.0	29788	29773	2527	2570
92	Sioya.....	0.00	1893.71	36 16.5	136 17.0	29588	29684	2620	2619
93	Kanazawa.....	0.00	1893.72	36 33.7	136 40.0	29501	29548	2618	2631
94	Nanao	0.00	1893.72	37 03.5	137 00.0	29407	29338	2668	2668
95	Wazima	0.00	1893.73	37 22.5	136 55.0	29082	29226	2676	2710
96	Toyama.....	0.01	1893.74	36 40.0	137 13.7	29221	29466	2612	2606
97	Mozumi.....	0.40	1893.75	36 28.0	137 14.0	29678	29540	2567	2582
98	Mikkaiti	0.00	1893.76	36 51.0	137 28.0	29365	29381	2655	2611
99	Abuta.....	0.00	1894.50	42 33.1	140 45.3	26534	26903	2875	2874
100	Osyamanbe	0.00	1894.51	42 30.7	140 22.4	27101	26940	2782	2912
101	Suttu.....	0.00	1894.52	42 47.3	140 13.4	26841	26830	2839	2950
102	Iwanai	0.00	1894.52	42 58.8	140 30.8	26622	26732	2997	2935
[103]	Yobetu.....	0.10	1894.53	43 19.7	140 22.8	26884	26590	2829	2976
[104]	Hunama	0.00	1894.53	43 19.5	140 33.4	26589	26582	2241	2957
[105]	Otaru	0.00	1894.54	43 12.0	141 00.5	26604	26612	2906	2897

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-35020 ^γ	-35062 ^γ	+ 18 ^γ	- 4 ^γ	+ 42 ^γ	18 ^γ	46 ^γ	347°	+ 67°	85
-34978	-35072	+ 73	+ 14	+ 94	74	120	11	+ 52	86
-35028	-35103	- 39	+ 51	+ 75	64	99	127	+ 50	87
-34788	-34878	- 16	+ 10	+ 90	19	92	148	+ 78	88
-35196	-35224	+ 112	- 27	+ 28	115	119	346	+ 14	89
-35478	-35430	+ 394	+ 0	- 48	394	397	1	- 7	90
-35552	-35449	+ 15	- 43	- 103	46	113	289	- 66	91
-35762	-35812	- 96	+ 1	+ 50	96	108	179	+ 28	92
-36267	-36007	- 47	- 13	- 260	49	265	195	- 79	93
-36660	-36434	+ 69	0	- 226	69	236	0	- 73	94
-36764	-36787	- 144	- 34	+ 23	148	150	193	+ 9	95
-35971	-35963	- 245	+ 6	- 8	245	245	179	- 2	96
-35521	-35756	+ 138	- 15	+ 235	139	273	354	+ 59	97
-35981	-36089	- 16	+ 44	+ 108	47	118	110	+ 66	98
-40696	-40858	- 369	+ 1	+ 162	369	403	180	+ 24	99
-40839	-40942	+ 161	- 130	+ 103	207	231	321	+ 26	100
-41122	-41262	+ 11	- 111	+ 140	112	179	276	+ 51	101
-41051	-41353	- 110	+ 62	+ 302	126	327	151	+ 68	102
-41567	-41738	+ 294	- 147	+ 171	329	371	333	+ 27	[103]
-41938	-41674	+ 7	- 716	- 264	716	763	271	- 20	[104]
-41481	-41402	- 8	+ 9	- 79	12	80	132	- 81	[105]

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
106	Otaru Myōkenzan...	0.04	1894.62	43° 11.9'	141° 00.6'	26759 ^Y	26613 ^Y	2952 ^Y	2897 ^Y
107	Sapporo	0.00	1894.55	43 04.8	141 21.0	26342	26647	2851	2849
[108]	Iwamizawa.....	0.00	1894.56	43 12.9	141 45.0	26362	26571	2518	2812
109	Sorapti.....	0.00	1894.56	43 34.0	141 54.7	26439	26411	2702	2819
110	Tip-Yabusu.....	0.21	1894.57	43 26.5	142 17.2	26420	26449	2569	2764
111	Asahikawa.....	0.00	1894.58	43 46.5	142 20.2	26255	26302	2915	2782
[112]	Ohotukawa.....	0.10	1894.59	43 43.2	141 57.0	...	26343	...	2825
[113]	Porokamukotan	0.70	1894.60	44 00.0	142 06.0	26284	26214	2855	2828
114	Masike	0.00	1894.64	43 51.3	141 31.8	26366	26302	2842	2885
115	Sirasitomari	0.00	1894.64	44 18.7	141 39.0	26079	26097	2954	2903
116	Hūren.....	0.00	1894.65	44 34.6	141 46.7	25982	25974	2837	2907
117	Tesio.....	0.00	1894.66	44 53.3	141 44.1	25761	25837	2896	2932
[118]	Pōsinai-pitari...	0.00	1894.67	44 50.2	142 03.7	25978	25845	2495	2890
[119]	Okurumatoma- nai	0.04	1894.68	44 36.0	142 17.8	25926	25940	3224	2845
[120]	Nayoropt	0.08	1894.69	44 23.4	142 27.2	26018	26028	3128	2811
[121]	Nuppamamoi...	0.01	1894.70	44 54.3	141 59.0	...	25818	...	2904
[122]	Wakasakanai...	0.00	1894.70	45 06.7	141 37.0	...	25742	...	2961
123	Wakkanai.....	0.00	1894.71	45 24.0	141 39.0	25600	25612	3066	2975
124	Sōya	0.00	1894.71	45 29.4	141 52.7	25585	25560	2986	2954
[125]	Sarubutu.....	0.00	1894.72	45 16.7	142 14.0	25546	25640	3263	2897
[126]	Esasi.....	0.00	1894.73	44 57.0	142 34.9	24992	25773	3091	2832

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth. N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-41465 ^Y	-41401 ^Y	+ 146 ^Y	+ 55 ^Y	- 64 ^Y	156 ^Y	169 ^Z	21 ^o	- 22 ^o	106
-41030	-41183	- 305	+ 2	+ 153	305	341	180	+ 27	107
-41163	-41189	- 209	- 294	+ 26	361	362	235	+ 4	[108]
-41510	-41468	+ 28	- 117	- 42	120	127	283	- 19	109
-41292	-41241	- 29	- 195	- 51	197	204	262	- 15	110
-41484	-41536	- 47	+ 133	+ 52	141	150	109	+ 20	111
-41866	-41601	...	...	- 265	...	...	...	- ...	[112]
-42443	-41817	+ 70	+ 27	- 631	75	635	21	- 83	[113]
-41758	-41861	+ 64	- 43	+ 103	77	129	326	+ 53	114
-42435	-42253	- 18	+ 51	- 182	54	190	109	- 73	115
-42526	-42459	+ 8	- 70	- 67	70	97	277	- 44	116
-42838	-42764	- 76	- 36	- 74	84	112	205	- 41	117
-42962	-42604	+ 133	- 395	- 358	417	549	289	- 41	[118]
-42434	-42311	- 14	+ 379	- 123	379	399	92	- 18	[119]
-42264	-42069	- 10	+ 317	- 195	317	372	92	- 32	[120]
-42870	-42695	...	...	- 175	...	...	...	- ...	[121]
-42895	-43015	...	...	+ 120	...	...	...	+ ...	[122]
-43369	-43273	- 12	+ 91	- 96	92	133	98	- 46	123
-43251	-43274	+ 25	+ 32	+ 23	41	47	52	+ 29	124
-42871	-42955	- 94	+ 366	+ 84	378	387	104	+ 13	[125]
-42999	-42541	- 781	+ 259	- 458	823	942	162	- 29	[126]

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
127	Poronai.....	0.00	1894.73	44° 40.0'	142° 52.9'	26033 ^Y	25888 ^Y	2817 ^Y	2776 ^Y
128	Monbetu.....	0.00	1894.74	44 21.7	143 21.0	26088	26037	2745	2693
[129]	Yūbetu.....	0.00	1894.74	44 14.0	143 37.1	...	26055	...	2648
130	Nogami.....	0.10	1894.75	44 02.0	143 30.0	26241	26146	2740	2650
131	Aionai.....	0.20	1894.75	43 48.7	143 48.2	26261	26234	2671	2593
[132]	Abasiri.....	0.00	1894.76	44 01.2	144 16.6	26594	26130	2195	2542
133	Syari.....	0.00	1894.76	43 54.9	144 39.6	26098	26166	2557	2480
134	Rausu.....	0.00	1894.78	44 01.4	145 12.0	26285	26106	2268	2408
135	Sibetu.....	0.00	1894.79	43 39.1	145 08.5	26377	26270	2317	2390
135	Hakodate.....	0.00	1894.50	41 46.5	140 43.5	27317	27231	2759	2813
137	Mori.....	0.00	1894.51	42 07.0	140 34.5	27048	27096	2688	2858
138	Setana.....	0.00	1894.53	42 26.9	139 51.0	27241	26996	2906	2961
139	Kutō.....	0.00	1894.54	42 13.6	139 49.5	27147	27091	3061	2945
140	Esasi.....	0.00	1894.55	41 52.5	140 09.0	27116	27221	2910	2883
141	Huknyama..... (in Osima)	0.00	1894.55	41 26.0	140 09.0	27624	27405	2814	2845
142	Siriuti.....	0.00	1894.56	41 36.3	140 25.5	27331	27319	2645	2831
143	Tiribetu.....	0.00	1894.58	42 20.8	141 00.0	26664	26977	2868	2831
[144]	Tomakomai....	0.00	1894.58	42 36.5	141 36.0	26820	26837	2395	2783
145	Sarupt.....	0.00	1894.59	42 30.4	142 01.5	26837	26862	2829	2724
146	Osyatinai.....	0.10	1894.60	42 41.2	142 13.5	26792	26777	2744	2714
[147]	Nohuka... ..	0.00	1894.61	42 19.4	142 48.0	26943	26909	2904	2612

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-42276	-42189	+ 145	+ 41	- 87	151	174	16°	- 30°	127
-41790	-41778	+ 81	+ 52	- 12	96	97	33	- 7	128
-41601	-41560	...	...	- 41	...	...	...	- ...	[129]
-41411	-41441	+ 95	+ 90	+ 30	131	134	43	+ 13	130
-40967	-41137	+ 27	+ 78	+ 170	83	189	71	+ 64	131
-41376	-41230	+ 464	- 347	- 146	579	598	323	- 14	[132]
-41172	-41045	- 68	+ 77	- 127	103	163	131	- 51	133
-41088	-41015	+ 179	- 140	- 73	227	239	322	- 18	134
-40746	-40708	- 193	- 73	- 38	206	210	201	- 10	135
-39987	-40116	+ 86	- 54	+ 129	102	164	328	+ 52	136
-40658	-40492	- 48	- 170	- 166	177	242	254	- 43	137
-40929	-41050	+ 245	- 55	+ 121	251	279	347	+ 26	138
-40620	-40840	+ 56	+ 116	+ 220	129	255	64	+ 60	139
-40313	-40389	- 105	+ 27	+ 76	108	132	166	+ 35	140
-39801	-39953	+ 219	- 31	+ 152	221	268	352	+ 35	141
-40076	-40041	+ 12	- 186	- 35	186	190	274	- 11	142
-40539	-40588	- 313	+ 37	+ 49	315	319	173	+ 9	143
-41146	-40658	- 17	- 388	- 488	388	624	267	- 51	[144]
-40669	-40444	- 25	+ 105	- 225	108	250	104	- 64	145
-40773	-40557	+ 15	+ 30	- 216	34	219	63	- 81	146
-40082	-40069	+ 34	+ 292	- 13	294	294	83	- 3	[147]

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
[148]	Urakawa.....	0.00	1894.62	42° 08.8	142° 48.0	27038 ^Y	26984 ^Y	2885 ^Y	2598 ^Y
149	Syoya.....	0.00	1894.63	42 01.5	143 16.5	27008	27020	2650	2526
150	Moyoro.....	0.00	1894.65	42 16.4	143 18.0	26996	26914	2509	2543
151	Tyūri.....	0.00	1894.65	42 33.2	143 18.0	26841	26794	2519	2566
152	Memuro.....	0.08	1894.66	42 55.0	143 00.0	26672	26649	2710	2634
153	Otasoi.....	0.27	1894.67	43 04.0	142 49.5	26616	26590	2839	2668
154	Syorusam.....	0.05	1894.69	42 54.3	143 22.5	26616	26641	2538	2583
155	Asyoro.....	0.20	1894.70	43 17.5	143 37.5	26496	26467	2645	2580
[156]	Ōtu.....	0.00	1894.71	42 40.5	143 39.0	26897	26732	2819	2528
157	Siranuka.....	0.00	1894.72	42 56.3	144 06.0	26565	26605	2361	2487
[158]	Sibetya.....	0.05	1894.73	43 17.7	144 35.5	26351	26438	2635	2444
[159]	Atusanupuri...	0.46	1894.74	43 37.2	144 25.5	26453	26301	2447	2492
[160]	Sinryū.....	0.00	1894.75	43 03.0	144 50.5	26472	26539	2585	2390
[161]	Nemuro.....	0.00	1894.76	43 20.4	145 36.0	25519	26398	1821	2298
162	Sendai.....	0.03	1894.49 1894.82 1895.49 1895.69	38 15.8	140 52.0	28505	28640	2547	2465
163	Kogota.....	0.00	1895.49	38 31.5	141 04.0	28705	28528	2633	2470
164	Gamon.....	0.01	1895.50	38 44.0	141 06.0	28062	28445	2565	2488
165	Midzusawa.....	0.02	1895.51	39 07.6	141 05.0	28276	28291	2576	2528
166	Hanamaki.....	0.06	1895.51	39 25.0	141 06.5	28065	28176	2697	2551
167	Morioka.....	0.13	1895.51	39 42.5	141 07.5	28135	28058	2730	2582
[168]	Nakayama.....	0.43	1895.52	40 03.3	141 16.5	27937	27911	2842	2598

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-40084	-39907	+ 54	+ 287	- 177	292	341	79°	- 31°	[148]
-39711	-39684	- 12	+ 124	- 27	125	127	96	- 12	149
-40029	-39904	+ 82	- 34	- 125	89	153	338	- 55	150
-40288	-40157	+ 47	- 47	- 131	66	147	315	- 63	151
-40597	-40564	+ 23	+ 76	- 33	79	86	73	- 23	152
-40713	-40746	+ 26	+ 171	+ 33	173	176	81	+ 11	153
-40328	-40457	- 25	- 45	+ 129	51	139	241	+ 68	154
-40545	-40746	+ 29	+ 65	+ 201	71	213	66	+ 71	155
-40517	-40186	+ 165	+ 291	- 331	335	471	60	- 45	[156]
-40550	-40314	- 40	- 126	- 236	132	271	252	- 61	157
-40234	-40520	- 87	+ 191	+ 286	210	355	115	+ 54	[158]
-40582	-40843	+ 152	- 45	+ 261	159	305	344	+ 59	[159]
-41409	-40250	- 67	+ 195	- 1159	206	1177	109	- 80	[160]
-40153	-40347	- 879	- 477	+ 194	1000	1010	209	+ 11	[161]
-36571	-36688	- 135	+ 82	+ 117	158	197	149	+ 37	162
-37100	-36897	+ 177	+ 163	- 203	241	315	43	- 40	163
-37008	-37089	- 383	+ 77	+ 81	391	399	169	+ 12	164
-37280	-37469	- 15	+ 48	+ 189	50	196	107	+ 75	165
-37422	-37744	- 111	+ 146	+ 322	183	371	127	+ 60	166
-37781	-38019	+ 77	+ 148	+ 238	167	291	63	+ 55	167
-38018	-38314	+ 26	+ 244	+ 296	245	384	84	+ 50	[168]

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Y	X
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
[169]	Hatinohe.....	0.04	1895.60	40° 31.0	141° 31.3	...	27713	...	2613
170	Kominatotaira. (in Sameura)	0.00	1895.53	40 32.3	141 34.3	27573	27702	2361	2605
[171]	Ono	0.20	1895.53	40 15.2	141 37.8	28044	27816	2123	2576
172	Kuzi, Rikutyū..	0.00	1895.54	40 11.6	141 47.8	27926	27833	2465	2551
[173]	Akka	0.10	1895.54	39 59.3	141 44.0	...	27919	...	2539
174	Anazawa.....	0.35	1895.55	39 52.5	141 41.3	28263	27967	2292	2534
[175]	Iwaizumi	0.08	1895.55	39 51.6	141 47.6	...	27968	...	2520
[176]	Miyako	0.00	1895.55	39 38.2	141 58.3	28041	28050	2758	2477
[177]	Oguni, Rikutyū	0.10	1895.56	39 31.3	141 41.0	...	28108	...	2500
178	Tōno	0.27	1895.56	39 18.2	141 31.2	28102	28202	2629	2498
179	Kamaisi	0.00	1895.57	39 16.1	141 54.2	28248	28200	2299	2450
180	Kesenuma	0.00	1895.58	38 53.5	141 35.3	28302	28361	2458	2449
181	Isinomaki	0.00	1895.59	38 25.2	141 18.0	28633	28559	2490	2433
[182]	Ikusazawa	0.40	1895.60	38 51.1	140 37.7	...	28422	...	2551
183	Simoinnai	0.18	1895.61	39 02.3	140 25.8	28060	28359	2649	2590
184	Yokote	0.06	1895.61	39 19.0	140 31.5	28296	28244	2679	2609
[185]	Kakodate	0.04	1895.61	39 36.6	140 33.0	28145	28126	2276	2635
[186]	Kariwano	0.03	1895.61	39 32.2	140 21.6	...	28165	...	2647
187	Akita	0.00	1895.62	39 42.6	140 07.5	28174	28108	2646	2688
188	Honzyō	0.00	1895.62	39 22.0	140 01.5	28150	28251	2576	2665
189	Nōsiro.....	0.00	1895.63	40 11.5	140 02.5	27788	27919	2830	2735

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-38475	-38695	...	...	+ 220	...	...	...	+ ...	[169]
-38536	-38703	- 129	- 244	+ 167	276	323	242	+ 31	170
-38653	-38421	+ 228	- 453	- 232	507	558	297	- 25	[171]
-38624	-38325	+ 93	- 86	- 299	127	325	317	- 67	172
-38097	-38145	...	...	+ 48	...	...	...	+ ...	[173]
-37919	-38049	+ 96	- 242	+ 130	260	291	292	+ 27	174
...	-38010	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[175]
-37948	-37760	- 9	+ 281	- 188	281	338	92	- 34	[176]
-37350	-37714	...	...	+ 364	...	...	...	+ ...	[177]
-37663	-37541	- 100	+ 131	- 122	165	205	127	- 37	178
-37288	-37427	+ 48	- 241	+ 139	246	282	281	+ 29	179
-36838	-37135	- 59	+ 9	+ 297	60	303	171	+ 79	180
-36480	-36745	+ 74	+ 57	+ 265	93	281	38	+ 71	181
-37758	-37309	...	...	- 449	...	...	...	- ...	[182]
-37342	-37537	- 299	+ 59	+ 195	305	362	169	+ 33	183
-37753	-37815	+ 52	+ 70	+ 62	87	107	53	+ 35	184
-37936	-38063	+ 19	- 359	+ 127	360	381	273	+ 19	[185]
-38120	-38040	...	...	- 80	...	...	...	- ...	[186]
-38332	-38270	+ 66	- 42	- 62	78	100	328	- 38	187
-37927	-37959	- 101	- 89	+ 32	135	138	221	+ 13	188
-38828	-38763	- 131	+ 95	- 65	162	174	144	- 22	189

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
190	Ōdate	0.08	1895.64	40° 16.0	140° 32.5	27797	27862	2723	2698
191	Hirosaki	0.05	1895.64	40 36.4	140 28 5	27839	27727	2658	2739
192	Adigasawa.....	0.00	1895.64	40 36.8	140 13.3	27630	27670	2684	2780
193	Ippongi.....	0.00	1895.65	41 10.2	140 31.3	27390	27494	2717	2783
[194]	Ōma.....	0.00	1895.66	41 30.0	140 54.5	26923	27337	2993	2770
[195]	Tanabu.....	0.00	1895.66	41 16.1	141 14.0	27379	27417	2977	2713
196	Makado.....	0.10	1895.67	40 52.7	141 09.0	27546	27582	2827	2688
197	Aomori.....	0.00	1895.67	40 49.4	140 43.5	27585	27625	2642	2730
198	Hukaya.....	0.04	1895.49	36 11.8	139 16.5	29487	29504	2360	2389
199	Sakura.....	0.03	1895.50	35 43.3	140 13.5	29651	29627	2257	2244
200	Sawara.....	0.01	1895.51	35 52.5	140 30.0	29574	29558	2276	2235
201	Tyōsi.....	0.00	1895.51	35 44.0	140 51.0	29675	29593	2191	2182
202	Itinomiya.....	0.00	1895.52	35 22.4	140 22.5	29680	29746	2203	2187
203	Maebara.....	0.00	1895.53	35 05.8	140 06.0	29769	29860	2178	2180
204	Kisaratu.....	0.00	1895.53	35 23.2	139 55.5	29737	29764	2239	2233
205	Mito.....	0.01	1895.55	36 21.9	140 30.0	29383	29377	2245	2292
206	Ueda.....	0.00	1895.56	36 53.5	140 48.0	29167	29167	2293	2322
207	Namie.....	0.00	1895.56	37 28.3	141 00.0	29243	28938	2229	2365
[208]	Watari.....	0.02	1895.57	38 02.2	140 49.5	28935	28729	2182	2444
209	Hukusima.....	0.07	1895.57	37 45.0	140 28.5	29061	28857	2526	2450
210	Yonezawa.....	0.25	1895.59	37 55.2	140 05.0	28943	28812	2457	2509

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-38516 ^Y	-38703 ^Y	- 65 ^Y	+ 25 ^Y	+ 187 ^Y	70 ^Y	200 ^Y	159 ^o	+ 70 ^o	190
-38852	-39054	+ 112	- 81	+ 202	138	245	324	+ 56	191
-39341	-39293	- 40	- 96	- 48	104	115	247	- 25	192
-39749	-39588	- 104	- 66	- 161	123	203	212	- 53	193
-39372	-39798	- 414	+ 223	+ 426	470	635	152	+ 42	[194]
-39554	-39487	- 38	+ 264	- 67	267	275	98	- 14	[195]
-39141	-39135	- 36	+ 139	- 6	144	144	105	- 2	196
-39502	-39105	- 40	- 88	- 307	97	322	246	- 72	197
-35116	-35002	- 17	- 29	- 114	34	119	240	- 73	198
-34372	-34349	+ 24	+ 13	- 23	27	36	28	- 40	199
-34458	-34448	+ 16	+ 41	- 10	44	45	69	- 13	200
-34144	-34252	+ 82	+ 9	+ 108	82	136	6	+ 53	201
-33921	-33984	- 66	+ 16	+ 63	68	93	166	+ 43	202
-33521	-33763	- 91	- 2	+ 242	91	259	181	+ 69	203
-33895	-34078	- 27	+ 6	+ 183	28	185	167	+ 81	204
-34913	-34924	+ 6	- 47	+ 11	47	49	277	+ 13	205
-35376	-35376	0	- 29	0	29	29	270	0	206
-36173	-35897	+ 305	- 136	- 276	334	433	336	- 40	207
-36503	-36476	+ 206	- 262	- 27	333	334	308	- 5	[208]
-36092	-36274	+ 204	+ 76	+ 182	218	284	20	+ 40	209
-36402	-36524	+ 131	- 52	+ 122	141	186	337	+ 41	210

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
211	Yamagata	0.16	1895.59	38° 16.5	140° 21.0	28837 ^Y	28661 ^Y	2388 ^Y	2519 ^Y
212	Sinzyō	0.10	1895.60	38 46.2	140 18.0	28606	28471	2583	2576
213	Sakata	0.00	1895.61	38 54.5	139 48.0	28530	28444	2596	2640
[214]	Atumi	0.00	1895.61	38 37.1	139 35.0	...	28569	...	2631
215	Murakami	0.00	1895.61	38 12.0	139 28.5	28813	28738	2613	2598
216	Ogumi, Uzen...	0.10	1895.62	38 04.9	139 46.5	28848	28767	2520	2556
217	Tugawa	0.08	1895.63	37 39.5	139 24.0	28929	28950	2603	2546
218	Wakanatu	0.22	1895.64	37 29.5	139 57.0	28917	28983	2431	2475
219	Tazima	0.56	1895.64	37 11.5	139 46.5	28973	29105	2378	2459
220	Tadami	0.37	1895.65	37 20.5	139 19.0	29120	29075	2383	2517
221	Nikkō	0.61	1895.66	36 44.3	139 37.5	29374	29284	2279	2420
222	Sukagawa	0.25	1895.66	37 15.5	140 21.0	29040	29050	2471	2410
223	Nisi-nasuno. ...	0.20	1895.66	36 53.0	139 58.5	29289	29210	2552	2404
224	Utunomiya	0.12	1895.67	36 33.4	139 54.0	29444	29337	2279	2374
225	Koga	0.02	1895.67	36 11.7	139 41.8	29364	29481	2308	2351
226	Hatiman, Ōmi..	0.05	1895.50	35 07.8	136 04.3	30089	30115	2483	2486
227	Kyōto	0.04	1896.51	35 01.2	135 47.8	30152	30176	2507	2485
228	Sasayama	0.25	1896.52	35 04.2	135 14.0	30133	30207	2534	2519
229	Miyatu	0.00	1896.53	35 31.6	135 13.0	30052	30045	2545	2579
230	Obama	0.00	1895.53	35 30.8	135 44.5	29962	30005	2587	2553
231	Sakai	0.00	1896.55	34 34.9	135 28.0	30293	30359	2388	2444

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-36966	-26812	+ 176	- 131	- 154	219	268	323°	- 35°	211
-37383	-37307	+ 135	+ 7	- 76	135	155	3	- 29	212
-37674	-37564	+ 86	- 44	- 110	97	146	333	- 49	213
-37574	-37332	...	...	- 242	...	...	...	- ...	[214]
-37038	-36944	+ 75	+ 15	- 94	76	121	11	- 51	215
-36747	-36755	+ 81	- 36	+ 8	89	89	336	+ 5	216
-36338	-36425	- 21	+ 57	+ 87	61	106	110	+ 55	217
-36187	-36135	- 66	- 44	- 52	79	95	214	- 33	218
-36116	-35878	- 132	- 81	- 238	155	284	212	- 57	219
-36190	-36129	+ 45	- 134	- 61	141	154	289	- 23	220
-35487	-35464	+ 90	- 141	- 23	167	169	303	- 8	221
-35697	-35833	- 10	+ 61	+ 136	62	149	99	+ 65	222
-35631	-35531	+ 79	+ 148	- 100	168	195	62	- 31	223
-35384	-35229	+ 107	- 95	- 155	143	211	318	- 47	224
-34863	-34915	- 117	- 43	+ 52	125	135	200	+ 23	225
-34584	-34667	- 26	- 3	+ 83	26	87	187	+ 73	226
-34555	-34623	- 24	+ 22	+ 68	33	75	137	+ 64	227
-34731	-34830	- 74	+ 15	+ 99	76	125	169	+ 53	228
-35274	-35321	+ 7	- 34	+ 47	35	58	282	+ 53	229
-35047	-35158	- 43	+ 34	+ 111	55	124	142	+ 64	230
-34486	-34247	- 66	- 56	- 239	87	254	220	- 70	231

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
232	Ikuno.....	0.25	1896.55	35° 16.3	134° 48.0	30057	30210	2544	2551
233	Toycoka.....	0.00	1896.56	35 32.6	134 49.3	30072	30076	2630	2599
234	Tottori.....	0.00	1896.56	35 29.7	134 14.8	30033	30147	2666	2615
235	Hasizu	0.00	1896.57	35 30.4	133 54.0	30088	30177	2641	2628
236	Tuyama	0.09	1896.58	35 04.0	134 01.3	30262	30321	2527	2565
237	Okayama	0.00	1896.58	34 40.4	133 55.8	30442	30469	2477	2514
238	Akō.....	0.00	1896.59	34 45.4	134 23.8	30388	30395	2473	2510
239	Akasi	0.00	1896.59	34 39.2	135 00.0	30353	30375	2440	2473
240	Nara	0.06	1896.60	34 40.9	135 51.0	30158	30291	2352	2438
241	Kamiiti.....	0.15	1896.61	34 23.4	135 52.0	30356	30392	2362	2398
242	Myōzi	0.00	1896.61	34 17.0	135 32.3	30414	30457	2362	2400
243	Wakayama	0.00	1896.61	34 13.6	135 11.3	30438	30506	2387	2407
244	Sumoto.....	0.00	1896.62	34 20.7	134 53.5	30456	30492	2403	2436
245	Minabe.....	0.00	1896.62	33 45.6	135 20.3	30657	30654	2284	2336
[246]	Tikatuyu	0.48	1896.63	33 48.9	135 36.9	...	30612	...	2331
247	Hongū	0.10	1896.64	33 49.1	135 47.5	30542	30596	2319	2324
248	Kusimoto.....	0.00	1896.64	33 28.2	135 47.0	30628	30716	2235	2275
249	Arima	0.00	1896.65	33 52.2	136 05.5	30467	30553	2272	2316
250	Nagasima.....	0.00	1896.66	34 12.2	136 20.5	30317	30419	2314	2348
251	Matusaka.....	0.00	1896.67	34 34.3	136 32.5	30230	30274	2324	2386
252	Mihara	0.00	1896.50	34 24.3	133 05.3	30765	30647	2504	2497

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-34888	-35060	- 153	- 7	+ 172	153	230	183	+ 48	232
-35351	-35454	- 4	+ 31	+ 103	31	108	97	+ 73	233
-35622	-35575	- 114	+ 51	- 47	125	133	156	- 21	234
-35765	-35697	- 89	+ 13	- 68	90	113	172	- 37	235
-35067	-35176	- 59	- 38	+ 109	70	130	213	+ 57	236
-34713	-34774	- 27	- 37	+ 61	46	76	234	+ 53	237
-34702	-34729	- 7	- 37	+ 27	38	46	259	+ 35	238
-34399	-34448	- 22	- 33	+ 49	40	63	236	+ 51	239
-34379	-34255	- 133	- 86	- 124	158	201	213	- 38	240
-33883	-33944	- 36	- 36	+ 61	51	79	225	+ 50	241
-33807	-33913	- 43	- 38	+ 106	57	121	221	+ 62	242
-33900	-33942	- 68	- 20	+ 22	71	74	196	+ 17	243
-34102	-34148	- 36	- 33	+ 46	49	67	222	+ 43	244
-33436	-33412	+ 3	- 52	- 24	52	57	273	- 25	245
-33298	-33402	...	...	+ 104	...	...	...	...	[246]
-33300	-33363	- 54	- 5	+ 63	54	83	185	+ 49	247
-32860	-33000	- 88	- 40	+ 140	97	170	204	+ 55	248
-33294	-33345	- 86	- 44	+ 51	97	109	207	+ 28	249
-33541	-33633	- 102	- 34	+ 92	108	142	198	+ 40	250
+33874	-33969	- 41	- 62	+ 95	76	122	235	+ 51	251
+34794	-34735	+ 118	+ 7	- 59	118	132	3	- 27	252

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Y	X
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
253	Hirosima	0.00	1896.50	34° 23.0'	132° 27.0'	30825 ^Y	30723 ^Y	2455 ^Y	2505 ^Y
254	Sitata	0.00	1896.51	33 54.3	132 19.5	30912	30901	2450	2437
255	Murodzumi	0.00	1896.52	33 55.7	131 58.0	30949	30933	2464	2444
256	Yamaguti	0.04	1896.52	34 11.7	131 29.0	30932	30897	2452	2485
257	Tuwano	0.16	1896.53	34 28.0	131 46.5	30882	30770	2524	2523
258	Hagi.....	0.01	1896.54	34 25.1	131 22.5	31047	30833	2473	2518
259	Awano	0.00	1896.54	34 22.0	130 58.0	31010	30900	2480	2510
[260]	Hamada	0.00	1896.56	34 53.7	132 05.8	30252	30584	2485	2583
261	Itiki, Iwami....	0.28	1896.56	34 49.5	132 25.0	30631	30573	2518	2568
262	Miyosi	0.15	1896.57	34 48.7	132 52.0	30445	30529	2636	2559
263	Ai	0.32	1896.58	35 08.0	132 57.5	30615	30406	2634	2602
[264]	Imaiti	0.00	1896.58	35 21.0	132 44.5	30153	30353	2553	2636
265	Matue	0.00	1896.59	35 28.4	133 04.0	30103	30275	2563	2646
266	Kurosaka	0.09	1896.59	35 11.0	133 23.8	30382	30343	2594	2599
[267]	Tōzyō	0.29	1896.60	34 53.5	133 18.0	30822	30456	2531	2561
268	Hukuyama	0.00	1896.61	34 28.7	133 22.5	30648	30592	2508	2502
[269]	(in Bingo) Hamahata.....	0.08	1896.61	34 48.2	133 37.8	...	30452	...	2540
270	Takahasi	0.08	1896.61	34 48.8	133 37.5	30564	30450	2543	2542
271	Tokusima	0.00	1896.62	34 04.0	134 35.0	30707	30616	2411	2468
272	Wakimati	0.05	1896.63	34 05.0	134 11.8	30731	30647	2422	2424
273	Ōsato.....	0.00	1896.64	33 35.0	134 23.0	30869	30801	2363	2347

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-34945	-34912	+ 102	- 50	- 33	114	118	334	- 16	253
-34456	-34418	+ 11	+ 13	- 38	17	42	50	- 66	254
-34562	-34558	+ 16	+ 20	- 4	26	26	51	- 9	255
-34950	-35022	+ 35	- 33	+ 72	48	87	317	+ 56	256
-35357	-35231	+ 112	+ 1	- 126	112	169	1	- 48	257
-35357	-35315	+ 214	- 45	- 42	219	223	348	- 11	258
-35376	-35399	+ 110	- 30	+ 23	114	116	345	+ 11	259
-35864	-35608	- 332	- 98	- 256	346	431	196	- 37	[260]
-35765	-35421	+ 58	- 50	- 344	77	352	319	- 77	261
-35384	-35257	- 84	+ 77	- 127	114	171	137	- 48	262
-36130	-35586	+ 209	+ 32	- 544	211	584	9	- 69	263
-36164	-35902	- 200	- 83	- 262	217	340	203	- 50	[264]
-35861	-35932	- 172	- 83	+ 71	191	204	206	+ 20	265
-35739	-35499	+ 39	- 5	- 240	39	243	353	- 81	266
-35436	-35209	+ 366	- 30	- 227	367	432	355	- 32	[267]
-34806	-34727	+ 56	+ 6	- 79	56	97	6	- 55	268
...	-35007	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[269]
-35058	-35021	+ 114	+ 1	- 37	114	120	1	- 18	270
-34002	-33933	+ 91	+ 3	- 69	91	114	2	- 37	271
-34084	-34057	+ 84	- 2	- 27	84	88	359	- 18	272
-33537	-33467	+ 68	+ 16	- 70	70	99	13	- 45	273

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X		Y	
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
274	Nawari	0.00	1896.65	33° 26.0	134° 03.0	30931 ^Y	30883 ^Y	2340 ^Y	2336 ^Y
275	Kōti	0.00	1896.65	33 32.8	133 33.3	30978	30894	2380	2365
276	Ōtoti	0.35	1896.66	33 41.0	133 53.0	30879	30815	2384	2376
277	Susaki	0.00	1896.67	33 24.0	133 17.8	30974	30969	2354	2349
278	Nakamura	0.00	1896.67	32 57.7	132 55.0	31202	31155	2289	2290
279	Uwazima	0.00	1896.69	33 13.2	132 34.5	31119	31105	2318	2333
280	Wakamiya	0.01	1896.69	33 32.0	132 34.5	31053	31000	2355	2380
[281]	Yahatahama ...	0.00	1896.70	33 27.4	132 25.7	...	31041	...	2369
282	Saganoseki	0.00	1896.70	33 14.5	131 53.3	31298	31173	2321	2339
283	Saiki	0.00	1896.71	32 56.9	131 52.5	31215	31272	2269	2296
284	Oita	0.00	1896.72	33 15.0	131 36.0	30992	31203	2319	2343
285	Matuyama	0.00	1896.72	33 52.0	132 45.0	30901	30868	2413	2427
286	Kuzu, Iyo	0.33	1896.73	33 33.8	132 58.5	30977	30947	2372	2379
287	Kuma „ „	0.53	1896.73	33 39.4	132 53.5	30915	30924	2403	2393
288	Imabaru	0.00	1896.74	34 04.0	133 01.5	30827	30771	2451	2451
289	Kawanoe	0.00	1896.75	34 02.0	133 35.0	30804	30725	2427	2430
290	Marugame	0.00	1896.75	34 16.9	133 49.0	30766	30615	2430	2463
291	Takamatu	0.00	1896.75	34 21.0	134 02.8	30683	30570	2482	2466
292	Tonosyō	0.00	1896.76	34 29.0	134 10.5	30542	30510	2481	2480
293	Zaikōzi	0.00	1896.52	32 24.2	131 36.8	31508	31481	2214	2212
294	Miyazaki	0.00	1896.52	31 55.2	131 25.3	31660	31659	2205	2135

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs. Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-33443	-33393	+ 48	+ 4	- 50	48	69	5°	- 46°	274
-33657	-33656	+ 84	+ 15	- 1	85	85	10	- 1	275
-33846	-33712	+ 64	+ 8	- 134	65	149	7	- 64	276
-33647	-33567	+ 5	+ 5	- 80	7	80	45	- 85	277
-33293	-33195	+ 47	- 1	- 98	47	109	359	- 64	278
-33512	-33576	+ 14	- 15	- 36	21	41	313	- 60	279
-33927	-33927	+ 53	- 25	0	59	59	335	0	280
-34054	-33884	...	...	- 170	...	...	...	- ...	[281]
-33850	-33810	+ 125	- 18	- 40	126	132	352	- 18	282
-33527	-33484	- 57	- 27	- 43	63	76	205	- 34	283
-33740	-33909	- 211	- 24	+ 169	212	271	186	+ 39	284
-34233	-34241	+ 33	- 14	+ 8	36	37	337	+ 13	285
-33934	-33838	+ 30	- 7	- 96	31	101	347	- 72	286
-33958	-33967	- 9	+ 10	+ 9	13	16	132	+ 35	287
-34432	-34380	+ 56	0	- 52	56	76	0	- 43	288
-34226	-34178	+ 79	- 3	- 48	79	92	358	- 31	289
-34480	-34381	+ 151	- 33	- 99	155	184	348	- 33	290
-34482	-34358	+ 113	+ 16	- 94	114	148	8	- 40	291
-34514	-34496	+ 32	+ 1	- 18	32	37	2	- 29	292
-32980	-32953	+ 27	+ 2	- 27	27	38	4	- 45	293
-32483	-32466	+ 1	+ 70	- 17	70	72	89	- 11	294

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Y	Y
						Ob- served	Calcu- lated	Ob- served	Calcu- lated
295	Miyakonczyō...	0.14	1896.53	31° 42.8	131° 03.0	31759	31769	2043	2098
296	Nakamati	0.00	1896.53	31 26.2	131 11.3	31846	31841	2041	2054
297	Kōyama	0.10	1896.54	31 20.5	130 55.5	31969	31901	2072	2036
298	Kagosima	0.00	1896.54	31 35.4	130 32.5	31784	31869	2008	2071
[299]	Itiki, Satsuma...	0.00	1896.55	31 41.6	130 16.0	32242	31870	2231	2083
300	Makurazaki	0.00	1896.55	31 17.0	130 16.5	31893	31999	2089	2015
[301]	Kaseda	0.00	1896.56	31 25.0	130 19.1	...	31951	...	2038
[302]	Yokogawa	0.18	1896.56	31 54.2	130 41.5	31649	31751	2196	2125
303	Hitoyosi	0.12	1896.57	32 12.1	130 46.5	31618	31644	2298	2174
304	Yunomae.....	0.66	1896.57	32 15.8	130 59.0	31611	31600	2218	2187
305	Yatusiro	0.00	1896.58	32 29.7	130 36.0	31635	31571	2221	2219
306	Minamata	0.00	1896.58	32 12.4	130 23.5	31986	31690	2221	2169
307	Simabara.....	0.00	1896.59	32 46.1	130 22.5	31304	31509	2255	2260
[308]	Nagasaki	0.00	1896.59	32 45.0	129 52.5	31769	31578	2452	2247
309	Sasebo	0.00	1896.60	33 10.5	129 44.3	31376	31456	2295	2312
310	Matiyamaguti ..	0.00	1896.61	32 27.5	130 10.8	31625	31634	2170	2207
311	Kumamoto	0.02	1896.61	32 48.0	130 44.0	31282	31455	2277	2269
312	Miyadi	0.51	1896.62	32 55.8	131 07.4	31418	31365	2122	2292
[313]	Mamibara	0.54	1896.62	32 39.2	131 09.5	31399	31452	2063	2250
314	Yanagawa.....	0.00	1896.63	33 09.6	130 24.8	31341	31375	2298	2321
315	Hukuoka	0.00	1896.63	33 35.2	130 23.8	31114	31235	2390	2388

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI.

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-32267	-32344	- 10	- 55	+ 77	56	95	260°	+ 54°	295
-32021	-31995	+ 5	- 13	- 26	14	30	291	- 62	296
-31909	-31962	+ 68	+ 36	+ 53	77	93	28	+ 35	297
-32374	-32357	- 85	- 63	- 17	106	107	217	- 9	298
-32486	-32560	+ 370	+ 148	+ 74	399	405	22	+ 11	[299]
-32198	-32090	- 106	+ 74	- 108	129	168	145	- 40	300
-32274	-32228	...	...	- 46	...	...	...	- ...	[301]
-31893	-32666	- 102	+ 71	+ 773	124	783	145	+ 81	[302]
-32837	-32980	- 26	+ 124	+ 143	127	191	102	+ 48	303
-32832	-32987	+ 11	+ 31	+ 155	33	158	70	+ 78	304
-33442	-33370	+ 64	+ 2	- 72	64	96	2	- 48	305
-33318	-33108	+ 296	+ 52	- 210	301	367	10	- 35	306
-33564	-33757	- 205	- 5	+ 193	205	282	181	+ 43	307
-34521	-33905	+ 191	+ 205	- 616	280	677	47	- 66	[308]
-34351	-34449	- 80	- 17	+ 98	82	128	192	+ 50	309
-33360	-33463	- 9	- 37	+ 103	38	110	256	+ 70	310
-33467	-33676	- 173	+ 8	+ 209	173	271	177	+ 50	311
-33837	-33698	+ 53	- 170	- 139	178	226	287	- 38	312
-34181	-33386	- 53	- 187	- 795	194	818	254	- 76	[313]
-34145	-34196	- 34	- 23	+ 51	41	65	214	+ 51	314
-34678	-34698	- 121	+ 2	+ 20	121	123	179	+ 9	315

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE

Observed and Calculated Values of Magnetic Elements

No.	Station.	Height in km.	Year.	Lati- tude.	Longi- tude.	North Compt.		West Compt.	
						X	Y	Observed	Calcu- lated
316	Kokura.....	0.00	1896.64	33° 53.3	130° 53.5	31075 ^Y	31072 ^Y	2574 ^Y	2438 ^Y
317	Nakatu	0.00	1896.64	33 36.5	131 11.3	31047	31131	2416	2397
318	Nakamatama...	0.00	1896.65	33 36.0	131 30.0	31091	31098	2413	2397
319	Kuma, Bungo...	0.08	1896.65	33 18.5	130 57.0	31181	31260	2502	2350
320	Karatu.....	0.00	1896.66	33 26.5	129 59.5	31201	31334	2353	2359

Bracketed number shows that the station is excluded in the equations of condition.

XVI. (Continued.)

X, Y, Z, and Intensity and Direction of Disturbing Forces.

Upward Compt. Z		North Compt. ΔX	West Compt. ΔY	Upward Compt. ΔZ	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2}$	$\sqrt{\Delta X^2 + \Delta Y^2 + \Delta Z^2}$	Azimuth N-W-S-E-N	Altitude.*	No.
Observed	Calculated	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.	Obs.-Cal.					
-3495 ⁷	-3487 ⁴	+ 3 ⁷	+ 136 ⁷	- 84 ⁷	136 ⁷	160 ⁷	89°	- 32°	316
-34555	-34451	- 84	+ 19	- 104	86	135	167	- 50	317
-34456	-34338	- 7	+ 16	- 118	17	119	114	- 82	318
-33531	-34186	- 79	+ 152	+ 655	171	677	117	+ 75	319
-34633	-34673	- 133	- 6	+ 40	133	139	183	+ 17	320

* + from the horizon toward the zenith. - from the horizon toward the nadir.

TABLE XVII.

Alphabetical List of Stations.

Stations.	No.	Stations.	No.	Stations.	No.
A		G		Hukusima, Iwasiro	209
Abasiri	[132]	Gamon	164	Hukuyama, Osima	141
Abuta	99	Gero	85	Hukuyama, Bingo	268
Adigasawa	192	Gihu	78	Hunama	[104]
Ai	263	H		Hūren	116
Aikawa	30	Hagi	258	Huzi	[48]...[51]
Ainonai	131	Hakodate	136	I	
Akasi	239	Hamada	[260]	Iida	80
Akita	187	Hamahata	[269]	Iiyama	20
Akka	[173]	Hanamaki	166	Ikuno	232
Akō	238	Hasizu	235	Iku-azawa	[182]
Anazawa	174	Hatiman, Mino	86	Imabaru	288
Aomori	197	Hatiman, Ōmi	226	Imaiti	[264]
Arima	249	Hatinohe	[169]	Ippongi	193
Asahikawa	111	Hatīōzi	2	Isinomaki	181
Asama	[34]	Hirromibara	[53]...[55]	Itiki, Iwami	261
Asyoro	155	Hirosaki	191	Itiki, Satuma	[299]
Atami	[40]	Hirosima	253	Itinomiya	202
Atumi	[214]	Hitoana	[59]...[61]	Itoigawa	16
Atusanupuri	[159]	Hitoyosi	303	Iwaizumi	[175]
Awano	259	Hongū	247	Iwanizawa	[108]
E		Honzyō	188	Iwanai	102
Ebisu	28	Hudisawa	43	K	
Esasi, Kitami	[126]	Hukaya	198	Kagosima	298
Esasi, Osima	140	Hukuoka	315	Kakudate	[185]
		Hukasima, Sinano	[82]		

TABLE XVII. (Continued.)

Alphabetical List of Stations.

Stations.	No.	Stations.	No.	Stations.	No.
Kamaisi	179	Kuma, Bungo	319	Memuro	152
Kameyama	72	Kumagai	38	Midono	[45]
Kamiiti	241	Kumamoto	311	Milzusawa	165
Kamisawa	12	Kurosaka	266	Mihara	252
Kamo	[26]	Kuruma	[15]	Mikkaiti	98
Kamiyasiro	74	Kusimoto	248	Minabe	245
Kanazawa	93	Kutō	139	Minamata	306
Karatu	320	Kutukake	[10]	Mito	205
Kariwano	[186]	Kuzi, Rikutyū	172	Mituike	[56] ..[58]
Karuizawa	9	Kuzu, Iyo	286	Miyadi	312
Kaseda	[301]	Kyōto	227	Miyako	[176]
Kasizawaki	[23]	M		Miyakonozyō	295
Katikawa	76	Maebara	203	Miyatu	229
Kawano	289	Maegasu	70	Miyazaki	294
Kesennuma	180	Makado	196	Miyosi	262
Kisaratu	204	Makurazaki	300	Miyota	8
Kiyosu	77	Mamibara	[313]	Monbetu	128
Koga	225	Marugame	290	Mori	137
Kogota	163	Masike	114	Morioka	167
Kōhu	[4]	Matiyamaguti	310	Moyoro	150
Kokura	316	Matne	265	Mozumi	97
Kominatōaira (Sameura)	170	Matuida	35	Murakami	215
Komoro	[7]	Matumoto	13	Murayama	[52]
Kōti	275	Matuō	81	Murodzumi	255
Kōwa	67	Matusaka	251	Myōzi	242
Kōyama	297	Matuyama	285	N	
Kuma, Iyo	287	Matuzaki	42	Nagihama	88

TABLE XVII. (Continued.)

Alphabetical List of Stations.

Stations.	No.	Stations.	No.	Stations.	No.
Nagamine	87	Numata	37	Ōtōti	276
Nagano	19	Numazu	63	Ōtu, Sagami	44
Nagaoka	22	Nuppamamoi	[121]	Ōtu, Tokati	[156]
Nagasaki	[308]			Ozasa	[32]
Nagasima	250	O			
Nagoya	69	Obama	230	P	
Nakamatama	318	Ōdate	190	Porokamukotan	[113]
Nakamati	296	Odawara	39	Poronai	127
Nakamura	278	Ogi	31	Pōsinaipitari	[118]
Nakatu	317	Oguni, Rikutyū	[177]	R	
Nakatugawa	79	Oguni, Uzen	216	Rausu	134
Nakayama	[168]	Ohotukawa	[112]	S	
Namie	207	Oita	284	Saganoseki	282
Nanao	94	Okayama	237	Saiki	283
Nara	240	Ōkazaki	66	Sakai	231
Narumi	68	Okurumatomanai	[119]	Sakata	213
Nawari	274	Ōma	[194]	Sakura	199
Nayoropt	[120]	Ōmati	14	Sapporo	107
Nemuro	[161]	Ōmiya	[62]	Sarubutu	[125]
Niigata	25	Ōno, Etizen	91	Sarubasi	[3]
Nikkō	221	Ōno, Rikutyū	[171]	Sarupt.	145
Nisinasuno	223	Ōsato	273	Sasayama	228
Nisinoto	65	Osyamanbe	100	Sasebo	309
Negami	130	Osyatnai	146	Sawara	200
Nohuka	[147]	Otasoi	153	Sekiyama	18
Nomugi	83	Otaru	105	Sendai	162
Nōsiro	189	Otaru-Myōkenzan	106		

TABLE XVII. (Continued.)

Alphabetical List of Stations.

Stations.	No.	Stations.	No.	Station.	No.
Setana	138	Takahasi	270	Umagaesi	[47]
Sibata	27	Takamatu	291	Uminokuti	5
Sibetu	135	Takasaki	36	Urakawa	[148]
Sibetya	[158]	Takata	17	Usuta	6
Simabara	307	Takayama	84	Utunomiya	224
Simizu	64	Takehu	90	Uwazima	279
Simoda	[41]	Tanabu	[195]		
Simoinnai	183	Tazima	219	W	
Simryū	[160]	Teradomari	[24]	Wakamatu	218
Sinzyō	212	Tesio	117	Wakamiya	280
Sioya	92	Tikatuyu	[246]	Wakasakanai	[122]
Siranuka	157	Tip-Yabusi	110	Wakasare	[33]
Sirasitomari	115	Tiribetu	143	Wakayama	243
Sirinti	142	Toba	75	Wakkanai	123
Sitatu	254	Tōkamati	21	Wakimati	272
Soratipt	109	Tokusima	271	Wasizaki	29
Sōya	124	Tōkyō	1a	Watari	[208]
Sukagawa	222	"	1b	Wazima	95
Sumoto	244	Tomakomai	[144]		
Susaki	277	Tōno	178	Y	
Suttu	101	Tonosyō	292	Yahatahama	[281]
Syari	133	Tottori	234	Yamagata	211
Syorusam	154	Toyama	96	Yamaguti	256
Syoya	149	Toyooka	233	Yanagawa	314
		Tōzyō	[267]	Yatusiro	395
		Tu	73	Yobetu	[103]
		Tugawa	217	Yokkaiti	71
		Turuga	89	Yokogawa	[302]
		Tuwano	257	Yokote	184
		Tuyama	236	Yonezawa	210
		Tyōsi	201	Yosida	[46]
		Tyūrii	151	Yūbetu	[129]
				Yunomae	304
T		U		Z	
Tadami	220	Ueda, Sinano	11	Zaikōzi	293
		Ueda, Iwaki	206		

§ 11. Vertical Current.

It is usual in magnetic surveys to calculate the amount of the vertical current of electricity by taking the line integral of the magnetic force round the periphery of the country. The same was tried here in the circuit indicated in Fig. 4 by taking the integral along the co-ordinate lines thus:—

$$w = \frac{1}{4\pi} \left\{ \int Y dy - \int X dx \right\}$$

which may be put for numerical calculation

$$w = \frac{R}{4\pi} \sum (Y_n \cos \varphi_n - Y_s \cos \varphi_s) \Delta \lambda - \sum (X_w - X_e) \Delta \varphi$$

where the suffixes n, s, w, e , denote the values of those quantities on the north, south, west and east side of the circuit, and R the mean radius of the earth; the positive sense of the co-ordinates x, y, z are north, west and up respectively.* Performing the operations above indicated we have

$$\frac{R}{4\pi} \sum (Y_n \cos \varphi_n - Y_s \cos \varphi_s) \Delta \lambda = 0.03973 \times \text{length of } 1^\circ$$

$$\frac{R}{4\pi} \sum (X_w - X_e) \Delta \varphi = 0.04146 \times \text{,, ,, ,,}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{whence} \quad w &= -0.00173 \times \frac{6.37 \times 10^8}{4\pi} \times .01745 \\ &= -1531 \quad \text{e.g.s. el. mag. units.} \end{aligned}$$

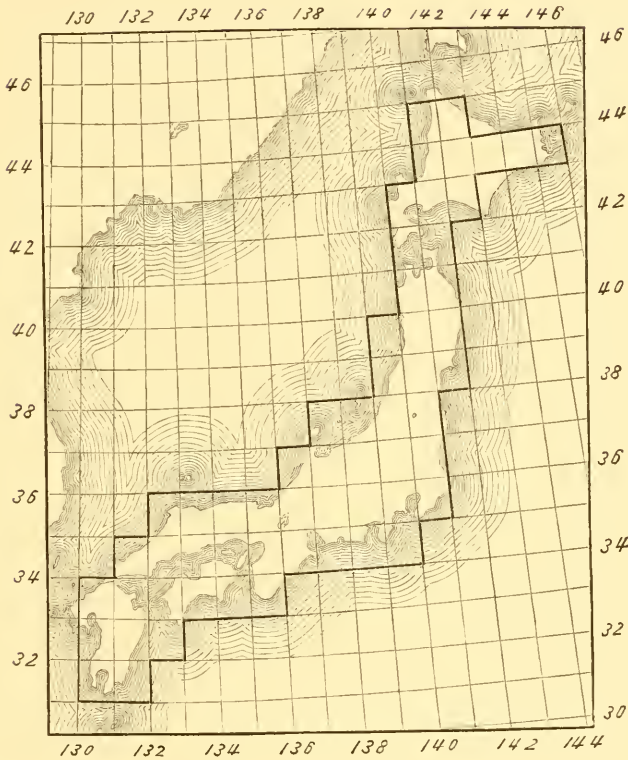
The area of the circuit is 5.701×10^5 sq. kilom. hence the mean current density is

$$\frac{-1531 \times 10}{5.701 \times 10^5} = -0.027 \text{ Ampere per sq. kilom.}$$

minus sign indicating the downward direction.

* This is the same as that adopted by Prof. Schuster; the sense of y and z are contrary to that used by Gauss and other continental writers.

Fig. 4.



The above method is unsatisfactory, and the small value of the mean current density is sometimes misleading; for in the first place it gives no information of current densities in different parts of the country where they might have any values with opposite signs; and in the second place the integration is carried out along the borders where the empirical formulæ become very poor representatives of isomagnetics owing to the increase of errors as shown in p. 35 above.

Transforming the line integral into surface integral in the usual way, we get the details of its distribution thus,

TABLE

Vertical Current in Ampers per sqr. kilom. at 1895.0 at the Intersections of entire Degrees of

λ φ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°
46°									
45°									
44°									
43°									
42°									
41°									
40°									
39°									
38°									-0.171
37°								-0.154	-0.091
36°				-0.299	-0.246	-0.191	-0.134	-0.075	-0.014
35°			-0.262	-0.213	-0.163	-0.111	-0.054	0.003	0.062
34°		-0.221	-0.177	-0.131	-0.081	-0.029	0.024	0.079	0.136
33°	-0.176	-0.135	-0.093	-0.048	-0.000	0.049	0.101	0.154	
32°		-0.053	-0.012	0.032	0.078				
31°		0.028	0.067	0.109					
φ λ	129°	130°	131°	132°	133°	134°	135°	136°	137°

XVIII.

Longitude and Latitude, Calculated from the Formulæ for Horizontal Force and Declination.

138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ ζ
				-0.426					46°
			-0.435	-0.346	-0.254				45°
			-0.353	-0.266	-0.178	-0.089	0.001	0.092	44°
		-0.356	-0.274	-0.189	-0.103	-0.017	0.071	0.159	43°
		-0.274	-0.194	-0.113	-0.030				42°
		-0.195	-0.117	-0.039					41°
	-0.192	-0.117	-0.041	0.035					40°
	-0.113	-0.041	0.033	0.106					39°
-0.104	-0.036	0.033	0.105	0.177					38°
-0.027	0.039	0.107	0.176						37°
0.048	0.113	0.178	0.245						36°
0.122	0.185	0.246	0.313						35°
0.195	0.255	0.313							34°
									33°
									32°
									31°
138°	139°	140°	141°	142°	143°	144°	145°	146°	λ ζ

$$4\pi w = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial X}{\partial y}$$

which in polar co-ordinates becomes

$$w = \frac{1}{4\pi R} \left(\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \varphi} - Y \operatorname{tg} \varphi - \frac{1}{\cos \varphi} \frac{\partial X}{\partial \lambda} \right)$$

or replacing X, Y by Hcos δ and Hsin δ , we have

$$w = \frac{1}{4\pi R} \left\{ \frac{\partial H}{\partial \varphi} \sin \delta + H \cos \delta \frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \varphi} - H \sin \delta \operatorname{tg} \varphi \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{\cos \varphi} \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial \lambda} \cos \delta - H \sin \delta \frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \lambda} \right) \right\}$$

in terms of the observed elements. The ellipticity of the meridian arc is neglected as its correction falls within the errors of observations at present. If the rectangular components, instead of the declination, dip and horizontal force, be expanded in different powers of differential longitude and latitude the calculation becomes much simpler. The differences of rectangular components in Tables XII and XIII give sufficiently close approximation of the differential coefficients as was found by actual trial. The currents found by the above formula are given in Table XVIII and Map 8.

By way of comparison, the current densities are calculated for Austria and Great Britain. Map 9 gives the lines of equal vertical currents obtained from the expressions of magnetic elements in Austria given by Prof. Liznar, and Map 9a the same for Great Britain obtained from the data given by Profs. Rücker and Thorpe. In the latter, two systems of lines are given; the dotted lines are those calculated by taking differences of rectangular components computed from elements in Tables III, VI and IX in Vol. 188 of the Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London: those lines are not

naturally continuous as the magnetic elements in those tables are expressed by different formulæ for different districts of that country. The full lines are continuous, they are calculated from the quadratic expressions,

$$\begin{aligned}
 X &= 16346.0 - 109.69J\lambda - 405.93J\varphi + 0.639J\lambda^2 - 2.040J\lambda J\varphi + 9.683J\varphi^2 \\
 &\quad \pm 5.9 \quad \pm 1.45 \quad \pm 2.10 \quad \pm 0.654 \quad \pm 1.693 \quad \pm 1.128 \\
 Y &= 5869.9 + 128.17J\lambda - 39.29J\varphi + 0.116J\lambda^2 + 1.009J\lambda J\varphi - 3.140J\varphi^2 \\
 &\quad \pm 5.1 \quad \pm 1.25 \quad \pm 1.82 \quad \pm 0.566 \quad \pm 1.465 \quad \pm 0.977 \\
 Z &= -44895.3 - 108.20J\lambda - 408.99J\varphi + 0.950J\lambda^2 - 10.142J\lambda J\varphi + 4.027J\varphi^2 \\
 &\quad \pm 6.4 \quad \pm 1.56 \quad \pm 2.26 \quad \pm 0.704 \quad \pm 1.823 \quad \pm 1.215 \\
 &\quad J\lambda = (\lambda - 4^\circ \text{ W.})^\circ; \quad J\varphi = (\varphi - 53^\circ \text{ N.})^\circ
 \end{aligned}$$

derived from the values at the 9 so called Central Stations given in Tables I, IV and VII in the same volume. Table XIX gives the observed and calculated values of these elements.

TABLE XIX.

Rectangular Components of Magnetic Force in Great Britain.

Central Station.	X			Y			Z		
	Observed	Calculated	Diff. (Obs.-Cal.)	Observed	Calculated	Diff. (Obs.-Cal.)	Observed	Calculated	Diff. (Obs.-Cal.)
I	14950.0	14955.9	- 5.9	5731.0	5733.5	- 2.5	-46381.0	-46381.3	+ 0.3
II	15510.0	15497.8	+ 12.2	5685.0	5677.8	+ 7.2	-45771.0	-45772.4	+ 1.4
III	16384.0	16396.5	- 12.5	5598.0	5609.0	- 11.0	-44853.0	-44842.5	- 10.5
IV	17209.0	17204.7	+ 4.3	5512.0	5506.0	+ 6.0	-44066.0	-44074.4	+ 8.4
V	15534.0	15534.6	- 0.6	6296.0	6298.6	- 2.6	-45744.0	-45737.2	- 6.8
VI	15973.0	15968.2	+ 4.8	6057.0	6054.2	+ 2.8	-45268.0	-45279.5	+ 11.5
VII	17252.0	17249.7	+ 2.3	5819.0	5825.2	- 6.2	-44030.0	-44020.9	- 9.1
VIII	15956.0	15956.3	- 0.3	6414.0	6413.9	+ 0.1	-45267.0	-45268.0	+ 1.0
IX	16829.0	16833.0	- 4.0	5990.0	5984.3	+ 5.7	-44403.0	-44407.3	+ 4.3

All these three surveys give the line of no current through the middle of the country; in Japan the current is upward on the Pacific side and downward on the Siberian side; in Austria it is upward on the north and downward on the south; in Great Britain, upward on the east and downward on the west.

Whether these distributions of current density show the real average state of things during the surveys of the respective countries or not is very doubtful. The fact that the line of no current runs through the middle in each of those countries inspite of different aspects of their distributions, seem to indicate that they are the result of uncompensated local disturbances and inadequacy of the empirical formulæ to a large extent, if not wholly. Considering that these currents depend upon the differences of differential coefficients of the observed elements, observations of greater refinements than the present, both in construction of instruments and distribution of stations, will be necessary in order to settle the question more definitely; certainly these currents can be accounted for by the probable errors in the constants of the empirical formulæ, at least in the case of Japan. Even in Great Britain, where the survey was very carefully carried out by excellent hands, the two sets of lines of equal currents present very different appearances according as they are derived from the district equations or general equations for the whole country (See Map 9a).

Under such circumstances the most fascinating subject of the motion of electricity from or towards the earth's surface must be left untouched, be it due to the diurnal motion of the earth or transference of ions with water vapour and the like. These will probably be better elucidated by pursuing other methods of investigation. It may be a good plan to improve

those empirical coefficients by imposing the condition of irrotationality among them, as was suggested by the writer on previous occasion. This being premised, the values along the line of no current will be represented nearer to the truth than the rest and should be taken in preference to values at other places in deducing the magnetic constants of the whole globe.

§ 12. Vertical Variations of Magnetic Elements.

The variations of magnetic elements due to difference of level has recently been computed by Prof. Liznar from 205 observations taken at different elevations during the magnetic survey of Austria and Hungary. He arrives at results which are more than three times as great as those obtained by taking the differential coefficients of the first term in the spherical harmonic expansion. This discrepancy is ascribed by the author to probable causes external to the earth and doubt is thrown upon the Gaussian method of representing the magnetic potential of the earth.

Later still, van Rijkevorsel and van Bemmelen made special investigations on the subject by taking a large number of observations on the Rigi and came to the conclusion that the variation of dip due to height are so small that they are almost entirely masked by the instrumental and observational errors.

The chief difficulty in such case lies evidently in the fact that observations at high level are made on mountains which are themselves more or less magnetic presenting local disturbances often exceeding the mere effect due to elevation.

The plan here adopted is to deduce those vertical variations from their values observed on level surface, supposing the electric

current flowing in the atmosphere to be negligibly small. It is free from any special assumption as to the distribution of magnetism either inside or outside the earth; local disturbances being eliminated by taking sufficient number of well distributed stations.

Taking the rectangular co-ordinates $x y z$ reckoned positive towards north, west and zenith as before, we have the well known equations

$$4\pi u = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial Y}{\partial z}$$

$$4\pi v = \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial Z}{\partial x}$$

$$4\pi w = \frac{\partial Y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial X}{\partial y}$$

and

$$4\pi \rho = \frac{\partial X}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial Y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial Z}{\partial z}$$

where X, Y, Z , are components of magnetic force, and $u v w$ those of electric current, and ρ the density of free magnetism.

We have no precise means of ascertaining the horizontal components of current u and v ; but from the distributions of X and Y , the vertical component w has already been computed, the extreme value found being 0.43 Ampere per square kilometer. Hence supposing u and v to be of the same order of magnitude, the error committed by neglecting those will be of the order $4\pi \times 0.043 \times 10^{-10} \times 10^5 = 5.4 \times 10^{-6} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \gamma$ per kilometer which is only a little greater than what the probable errors of those coefficients will produce. The value of $4\pi\rho$ arising from the heterogeneity of the atmospheric air is utterly insignificant being only $6.4 \times 10^{-7} \gamma$ per kilometer in middle part of Japan, taking the susceptibility of the air to be $3.2 \times 10^{-8} e^{-Z/18.4 \text{ kilom.}}$. Hence putting $u=v=0$ and $\rho=0$ we have

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} = -\frac{\partial X}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial Y}{\partial y}$$

expressing vertical variations of rectangular components in terms of their horizontal variations.* It appears at first sight that the curvature of the earth surface may be neglected for the extent of the country covering only a few degrees of longitude and latitude; calculation shows, however, that it plays an important part; transforming, therefore these equations into polar co-ordinates, we have

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{R} \left(\frac{\partial Z}{\partial \varphi} - X \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{R} \left(\frac{1}{\cos \varphi} \frac{\partial Z}{\partial \lambda} - Y \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} = -\frac{1}{R} \left(\frac{\partial X}{\partial \varphi} + \frac{1}{\cos \varphi} \frac{\partial Y}{\partial \lambda} - X \operatorname{tg} \varphi + 2Z \right)$$

R being the mean radius of the earth, λ φ longitude and latitude measured positive toward zenith, west and north respectively. If the horizontal force, declination and dip are, as usual, expanded in terms of the co-ordinates, we have to put

$$X = H \cos \delta$$

$$Y = H \sin \delta$$

$$Z = H \operatorname{tg} \theta$$

* After the volume was put into print, Prof. H. Nagaoka has drawn the writer's attention to the Sixth Chapter of F. Neumann's "Theorie des Potentials" where the same problem is discussed, though approached in different way.

$$\frac{\partial X}{\partial \varphi} = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial \varphi} \cos \delta - H \sin \delta \frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \varphi}$$

$$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial \lambda} = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial \lambda} \sin \delta + H \cos \delta \frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \lambda}$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial \lambda} = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial \lambda} \operatorname{tg} \theta + H \sec^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda}$$

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial \varphi} = -\frac{\partial H}{\partial \varphi} \operatorname{tg} \theta + H \sec^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \varphi}$$

After computing the vertical variations of the rectangular components in this way, those of the observed elements δ , θ , H , can conveniently be found as follows:—

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial H}{\partial z} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \sqrt{X^2 + Y^2} \\ &= \cos \delta \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} + \sin \delta \frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \delta}{\partial z} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \operatorname{tg}^{-1} \frac{Y}{X} \\ &= \frac{\cos \delta}{H} \left(\frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} - \operatorname{tg} \delta \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \operatorname{tg}^{-1} \frac{Z}{H} \\ &= \frac{\cos \theta}{H} \left(\frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} - \operatorname{tg} \theta \frac{\partial H}{\partial z} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{and } \frac{\partial H}{\partial z} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial z} H \sec \theta \\ &= \sec \theta \left(\frac{\partial H}{\partial z} + Z \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z} \right) \end{aligned}$$

The reduction to the sea level of § 8 were calculated by these formulæ using the first approximate values used for deducing the annual variations.

Tables XX to XXV give data and values of these variations for Japan, Austria and Hungary, and Great Britain, at

five points in each, distributed so as to cover different quarters of the countries. In Great Britain the Central Stations of the Districts I, III, V, VII and IX are taken as representatives. The last figures of numbers exceeding 20.0 in those tables will be slightly affected by taking into account the difference of principal curvatures of the earth surface in various latitudes, but since their probable errors come to the same order of magnitude in such cases, the mean radius is used for simplicity.

TABLE XX.

Data for the Calculation of Vertical Variations of Magnetic Elements in
Japan.

	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
λ E of Gr.	142° 30'	140° 30'	138° 00'	134° 00'	131° 00'
φ N	43° 30'	38° 30'	36° 00'	34° 30'	32° 30'
H	26558 ^γ	28677 ^γ	29760 ^γ	30622 ^γ	31598 ^γ
δ W.	5° 55'4	5° 03'2	4° 45'7	4° 39'6	4° 02'2
θ	-57° 13'1	-52° 13'1	-49° 41'9	-48° 27'5	-46° 27'3
X	26415 ^γ	28566 ^γ	29657 ^γ	30521 ^γ	31520 ^γ
Y	2740	2526	2471	2488	2224
Z	-41237	-37000	-35089	-34566	-33251
l	49050	46814	46009	46182	45873
$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \varphi}$ per 1°	-424.7 ^γ	-378.7 ^γ	-353.8 ^γ	-335.5 ^γ	-314.4 ^γ
$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \lambda}$ "	52.1 ^γ	59.8 ^γ	73.7 ^γ	99.7 ^γ	117.8 ^γ
$\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \varphi}$ per 1°	15'3	16'6	17'5	18'7	19'7
$\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \lambda}$ "	15'7	11'9	8'0	2'5	-1'9
$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \varphi}$ per 1°	-60'0	-65'7	-69'2	-72'4	-75'7
$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda}$ "	-7'8	-6'8	-7'1	-8'8	-9'7

TABLE XXI.

*Vertical Variations of Magnetic Elements in
Japan.*

	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
$-\frac{\partial X}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	-12.2	-13.2	-13.8	-14.6	-15.2
$-(3h/R)X$	-12.5	-13.4	-14.0	-14.4	-14.9
Diff.	+1.3	+1.2	+1.2	-1.2	-1.3
$\frac{\partial Y}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	-4.0	-3.0	-3.0	-3.6	-3.7
$-(3h/R)Y$	-1.3	-1.2	-1.2	-1.2	-1.1
Diff.	-2.7	-1.8	-1.8	-2.4	-2.6
$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	* 19.2	17.5	16.8	16.9	16.4
$-(3h/R)Z$	19.4	17.4	16.5	16.3	15.7
Diff.	-1.2	+1.1	+1.3	+1.6	+1.7
$-\frac{\partial H}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	-12.5	-13.5	-14.0	-14.8	-15.4
$-(3h/R)H$	-12.5	-13.5	-14.0	-14.4	-14.9
Diff.	0	0	0	-1.4	-1.5
$\frac{\partial I}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	-22.9	-22.0	-21.7	-22.4	-22.4
$-(3h/R)I$	-23.1	-22.0	-21.7	-21.8	-21.6
Diff.	+1.2	0	0	-1.6	-1.8
$-\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	-0.35	-0.22	-0.21	-0.27	-0.29
$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	-0.01	+0.01	+0.02	+0.01	+0.01

* Since Z is negative upward, + correction means upward diminution in the intensity of Z.

TABLE XXII.

Data for the Calculation of Vertical Variations of Magnetic Elements in
Austria and Hungary.

	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
λ E of Gr.	15°	15°	20°	25°	25°
φ N.	50°	45°	47°	50°	45°
H	19769 ^γ	21982 ^γ	21474 ^γ	20576 ^γ	22778 ^γ
δ W.	$9^\circ 50'3$	$9^\circ 51'7$	$7^\circ 34'9$	$4^\circ 45'2$	$5^\circ 42'0$
θ	$-64^\circ 49'5$	$-60^\circ 44'5$	$-61^\circ 55'9$	$-63^\circ 58'7$	$-59^\circ 43'2$
X	19479 ^γ	21657 ^γ	21286 ^γ	20505 ^γ	22666 ^γ
Y	3378	3765	2833	1705	2263
Z	-42059	-39238	-40271	-42147	-39012
I	46473	44976	45638	46901	45175
$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \varphi}$ per 1°	-433.5 ^γ	-451.4 ^γ	-443.3 ^γ	-431.6 ^γ	-449.5 ^γ
$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \lambda}$ "	-75.6 ^γ	-74.6 ^γ	-80.1 ^γ	-85.7 ^γ	-84.7 ^γ
$\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \varphi}$ "	-0.4	-0.1	-5.8	-11.5	-11.2
$\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \lambda}$ "	30.7	25.2	27.2	30.3	24.8
$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \varphi}$ "	-45.5	-52.5	-50.7	-47.6	-54.6
$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda}$ "	-6.0	-7.0	-5.8	-4.2	-5.2

TABLE XXIII.

*Vertical Variations of Magnetic Elements in
Austria and Hungary.*

	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
$-\frac{\partial X}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	- 7.8	- 8.8	- 8.8	- 8.6	- 9.4
$-(3h/R)X$	- 9.2	- 10.2	- 10.0	- 9.7	- 10.7
Diff.	<u>+ 1.4</u>	<u>+ 1.4</u>	<u>+ 1.2</u>	<u>+ 1.1</u>	<u>+ 1.3</u>
$-\frac{\partial Y}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	- 0.9	- 1.3	- 0.6	+ 0.4	- 0.2
$-(3h/R)Y$	- 1.6	- 1.8	- 1.3	- .8	- 1.1
Diff.	<u>+ .7</u>	<u>+ .5</u>	<u>+ .7</u>	<u>+ 1.2</u>	<u>+ .9</u>
$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	18.5	17.7	18.1	18.5	17.8
$-(3h/R)Z$	19.8	18.2	19.0	19.8	18.4
Diff.	<u>- 1.3</u>	<u>- .5</u>	<u>- .9</u>	<u>- 1.3</u>	<u>- .6</u>
$-\frac{\partial H}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	- 7.8	- 8.9	- 8.8	- 8.5	- 9.4
$-(3h/R)H$	- 9.3	- 10.4	- 10.3	- 9.7	- 10.7
Diff.	<u>+ 1.5</u>	<u>+ 1.5</u>	<u>+ 1.5</u>	<u>+ 1.2</u>	<u>+ 1.3</u>
$-\frac{\partial I}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	- 20.0	- 19.8	- 20.2	- 20.7	- 21.0
$-(3h/R)I$	- 21.9	- 21.2	- 21.5	- 22.1	- 21.3
Diff.	<u>+ 1.9</u>	<u>+ 1.4</u>	<u>+ 1.3</u>	<u>+ 1.4</u>	<u>+ .3</u>
$-\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	+ 0.07	+ 0.04	+ 0.09	+ 0.17	+ 0.11
$-\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial z}$ per kilom.	+ 0.06	+ 0.07	+ 0.06	+ 0.03	+ 0.10

* Since Z is negative upward, + correction means upward diminution in the intensity of Z.

TABLE XXIV.

Data for the Calculation of Vertical Variation of Magnetic Elements in
Great Britain.

	I.	III.	V.	VII.	IX.
λ W of Gr.	4° 21'5	2° 05'9	7° 37'9	3° 08'0	4° 32'6
φ	56° 38'2	53° 24'2	54° 02'7	51° 05'3	51° 41'9
H	16011 ^γ	17313 ^γ	16761 ^γ	18206 ^γ	17863 ^γ
δ	20° 58.4	18° 51.8	22° 03'9	18° 38'4	19° 35'5
θ	-70° 57'3	-68° 53'6	-69° 52'6	-67° 32'1	-68° 05'2
X	14950 ^γ	16384 ^γ	15534 ^γ	17252 ^γ	16829 ^γ
Y	5731	5598	6296	5819	5990
Z	-46381	-44853	-45744	-44030	-44403
I	49069	48078	48717	47645	47863
$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \varphi}$ per 1°	-381.7 ^γ	-404.2 ^γ	-402.9 ^γ	-426.6 ^γ	-413.7 ^γ
$\frac{\partial H}{\partial \lambda}$ "	-67.7 ^γ	-59.3 ^γ	-80.2 ^γ	-75.7 ^γ	-62.8 ^γ
$\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \varphi}$ per 1°	13'1	14'6	22'6	12'5	19'4
$\frac{\partial \delta}{\partial \lambda}$ "	32'5	30'3	32'8	30'5	30'8
$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \varphi}$ per 1°	-34'5	-37'2	-35'4	-41'4	-38'7
$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial \lambda}$ "	-6'7	-6'3	-8'2	-8'1	-6'6

TABLE XXV.

*Vertical Variation of Magnetic Elements in
Great Britain.*

	I.	III.	V.	VII.	IX.
$\frac{\delta X}{\delta z}$ per kilom.	- 6.0	- 6.2	- 5.7	- 6.9	- 6.4
$-(3h/R)X$	- 7.0	- 7.7	- 7.3	- 8.1	- 7.9
Diff.	+ 1.0	+ 1.5	+ 1.6	+ 1.2	+ 1.5
$\frac{\delta Y}{\delta z}$ per kilom.	- 2.5	- 2.3	- 2.8	- 2.5	- 2.3
$-(3h/R)Y$	- 2.7	- 2.6	- 3.0	- 2.7	- 2.8
Diff.	+ .2	+ .3	+ .2	+ .2	+ .5
$\frac{\delta Z}{\delta z}$ per kilom.	19.6	19.3	19.7	19.2	19.2
$-(3h/R)Z$	21.9	21.1	21.5	20.7	20.9
Diff.	- 2.3	- 1.8	- 1.8	- 1.5	- 1.7
$\frac{\delta H}{\delta z}$ per kilom.	- 6.5	- 6.6	- 6.3	- 7.4	- 6.8
$-(3h/R)H$	- 7.5	- 8.1	- 7.9	- 8.6	+ 8.4
Diff.	+ 1.0	+ 1.5	+ 1.6	+ 1.2	+ 1.6
$\frac{\delta I}{\delta z}$ per kilom.	- 20.7	- 20.4	- 20.6	- 20.5	- 20.3
$-(3h/R)I$	- 23.1	- 22.6	- 22.9	- 22.4	- 22.6
Diff.	+ 2.4	+ 2.2	+ 2.3	+ 1.9	+ 2.3
$\frac{\delta \delta}{\delta z}$ per kilom.	- 0.04	- 0.03	- 0.10	- 0.03	- 0.00
$\frac{\delta \theta}{\delta z}$ per kilom.	+ 0.02	+ 0.06	+ 0.06	+ 0.04	+ 0.06

* Since Z is negative upward, + correction means upward diminution in the intensity of Z.

Comparing those variations with the coefficients of the first term of harmonic expansion we observe that the agreement is fairly close. It is interesting to remark that even from surveys made over so small portions of the earth surface, we can see where the principal origin of the terrestrial magnetism lies, that is in Gauss's sense.

Gauss's Circuit.

Gauss in his classical example of the Göttingen-Milan-Paris circuit, might have gone a step further and found those variations approximately. Taking his data and reducing to c. g. s. units we have

	λ	φ	δ	θ	H	Arbitrary units.
Göttingen	9° 58'	51° 32'	18° 38'	-67° 56'	17813 ^γ	=0.50980
Milan	9° 09'	45° 28'	18° 33'	-63° 49'	19949 ^γ	=0.57094
Paris	2° 21'	48° 52'	22° 04'	-67° 24'	18101 ^γ	=0.51804

Whence the rectangular components are

	X	Y	Z
Göttingen	16880 ^γ	5692 ^γ	-43942 ^γ
Milan	18913 ^γ	6347 ^γ	-40572 ^γ
Paris	16775 ^γ	6800 ^γ	-43485 ^γ

which give uniquely

$$X = 17522.8^{\gamma} + 137.7^{\gamma} \Delta\lambda - 353.7^{\gamma} \Delta\varphi$$

$$Y = 6279.7^{\gamma} - 112.9^{\gamma} \Delta\lambda - 92.7^{\gamma} \Delta\varphi$$

$$Z = -42666.3^{\gamma} + 141.3^{\gamma} \Delta\lambda - 574.5^{\gamma} \Delta\varphi$$

where $\Delta\lambda = (\lambda - 7^{\circ}.16)^{\circ} E.$, $\Delta\varphi = (\varphi - 48^{\circ}.62)^{\circ}$ expressed in degrees.

With these values the vertical variations at the mean point, $\lambda=7^{\circ}.16$ and $\varphi=48^{\circ}.62$, come out:—

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} = - 7.9 & \frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} = - 2.9 & \frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} = + 18.2 \\
 -(3h/R)X = - 8.2 & -(3h/R)Y = - 3.0 & -(3h/R)Z = + 20.1 \\
 \text{Diff.} = + 0.3 & \text{Diff.} = + 0.1 & \text{Diff.} = - 2.1
 \end{array}$$

He might have thus inferred the seat of the terrestrial magnetism to lie chiefly *inside* the earth, even before undertaking that labourious series of computations which brought to light the real state of the geomagnetism for the first time.

§ 13. Disturbances in the Vertical Variations of Magnetic Force.

The vertical variations of the terrestrial magnetic force treated in the last section, differ from $-(3h/R)$ times the respective components in all the three cases. The magnitudes of the differences are greater than what can be accounted for by observational errors, being much larger than the quantities concerned in the determination of the vertical current; and their distribution is more uniform than those of the current in each country. Any one by taking observations at a dozen of well selected stations will reveal the fact if the same line of calculation be followed; as is suggested by the general resemblance of results obtained from observations of three points in Europe with those obtained from complete surveys in the two other countries.

These are no doubt due to the existence of higher harmonics in the sense of that expansion. From a physical point of view the irregularities in the surface crust of the earth, as observed in the upheavals of continents and depressions of ocean beds,

may naturally be expected to cause anomalies in the distribution of magnetic force, as was already remarked by many.

We may suppose with v. Bezold, Leyst and others, the terrestrial magnetic force observed at a place to consist of the average effect of all the magnetised parts superposed with anomalies of comparatively large extent, which again can be subdivided into mean anomalies of less extent superposed with smaller. In this respect the differences above spoken of may be called *variational anomalies*, understanding thereby nothing more than the results of numerical operations on the observed data conducted as above.

Disturbance due to a Simple Source.

In order to see roughly what sort of disturbances in the vertical variation of magnetic force is likely to be met with, take as the disturbing source a simple positive pole of strength m , placed inside a sphere representing the earth.

In Fig. 5, let C be its center, M the position of the source, P any point on the surface; and put

$$CM = r$$

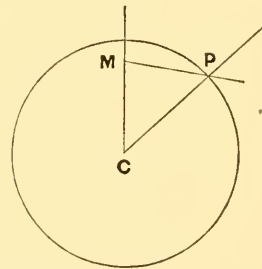
$$MP = \rho$$

$$\widehat{MCP} = \theta$$

$\widehat{MPC} = \zeta =$ the zenith distance of the
direction of the force at P;

and $CP = z =$ the variable radius vector through P (positive outward) which is to be made equal to the mean radius R, after performing differentiation. As no restriction is laid upon the value of r , the result can also be applied to the case when the source is above by making r greater than R, and paying due regard to the signs of the trigonometrical functions.

Fig. 5.



The vertical and horizontal forces at P will be

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z' &= \frac{m}{\rho^2} \cos \zeta \\ H' &= \frac{m}{\rho^2} \sin \zeta \end{aligned} \right\} (1)$$

with the geometrical relations

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \cos \zeta &= \frac{z - r \cos \theta}{\rho} \\ \sin \zeta &= \frac{r \sin \theta}{\rho} \\ \rho^2 &= r^2 + z^2 - 2rz \cos \theta \\ \text{or} &= (z - r)^2 + 4rz \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} \text{ for numerical work} \end{aligned} \right\} (2)$$

Z' and H' denoting the vertical and horizontal components; the latter can again be resolved along any directions in the tangent plane.

Remembering that

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial z} = \cos \zeta \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial z} = -\frac{\sin \zeta}{\rho}$$

the vertical variations of those forces are

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} &= -\frac{m}{\rho^3} (2 \cos^2 \zeta - \sin^2 \zeta) \\ \frac{\partial H'}{\partial z} &= -\frac{3m}{\rho^3} \sin \zeta \cos \zeta \end{aligned} \right\} (3)$$

or in terms of θ

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} &= -\frac{m}{\rho^3} \left(2 - 3 \frac{r^2 \sin^2 \theta}{\rho^2} \right) \\ \frac{\partial H'}{\partial z} &= -\frac{3m}{\rho^3} \frac{r \sin \theta (R - r \cos \theta)}{\rho^2} \end{aligned} \right\} (4)$$

The Vertical Force Z' is

Maximum at $\theta = 0$ i.e. epicenter
 and Minimum at $\theta = \pi$ i.e. antipode.

When the source is above the level, the sense of the force is reversed near the place directly below it, which we may now call subcenter; while on the antipode side the sign remains unchanged. The surface is thus divided into two regions of positive and negative vertical forces by the nodal circle

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{R}{r} \quad (5)$$

within the limit $R < r < \infty$;

evidently this is the circle along which a pencil of rays from the source touches the sphere. A new maximum occurs in the positive region along the circle

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(2 \frac{R}{r} - \frac{r}{R} \right) \quad (6)$$

within the limit $R < r < 2R$.

It begins with 0 at the lower limit and ends with π at the higher.

The Horizontal Force H' vanishes always

at $\theta = 0$ and π

whether the source is inside or outside the sphere, being

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximum at } \theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{1}{2} \left(\sqrt{\left(\frac{r}{R} + \frac{R}{r} \right)^2} - \frac{r}{R} - \frac{R}{r} \right) \quad (7) \\ 0 < r < \infty ; \end{aligned}$$

the value of θ remains the same by replacing r by $1/r$, so that there are two values of r corresponding to the same circle of maximum horizontal force; its position changes from $\frac{\pi}{2}$ to 0 as

the source approaches the surface from the center, and back again from 0 to $\frac{\pi}{2}$ as it recedes from there to infinite distance. The reciprocal relation of inside and outside positions of the source might well be expected, considering it as a kind of an unbalanced electric image.

When the depth is small we may neglect the curvature of the surface near the point. Putting $D=R-r$ for the depth, (1) becomes

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Z' &= \frac{m}{D^2} \cos^3 \zeta \\ H' &= \frac{m}{D^2} \sin \zeta \cos^2 \zeta \end{aligned} \right\} (8)$$

The former is maximum at the epicenter and the latter at $\zeta = \text{tg}^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ which is the result given in Thomson and Tait's *Natural Philosophy* § 786.

The north and west components are to be obtained by expressing θ in terms of the longitude and latitude, and multiplying the result by cosine and sine of the azimuth, thus

$$\left. \begin{aligned} X' &= \frac{-mr \left\{ \cos \varphi \sin \varphi_0 - \sin \varphi \cos \varphi_0 \cos(\lambda - \lambda_0) \right\}}{\left\{ R^2 + r^2 - 2rR[\sin \varphi \sin \varphi_0 + \cos \varphi \cos \varphi_0 \cos(\lambda - \lambda_0)] \right\}^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ Y' &= \frac{mr \cos \varphi_0 \sin(\lambda - \lambda_0)}{\left\{ R^2 + r^2 - 2rR[\sin \varphi \sin \varphi_0 + \cos \varphi \cos \varphi_0 \cos(\lambda - \lambda_0)] \right\}^{\frac{3}{2}}} \end{aligned} \right\} (9)$$

where λ_0 and φ_0 are the longitude and latitude of the epi- or sub-center, or *pericenter* which we substitute for the two words.

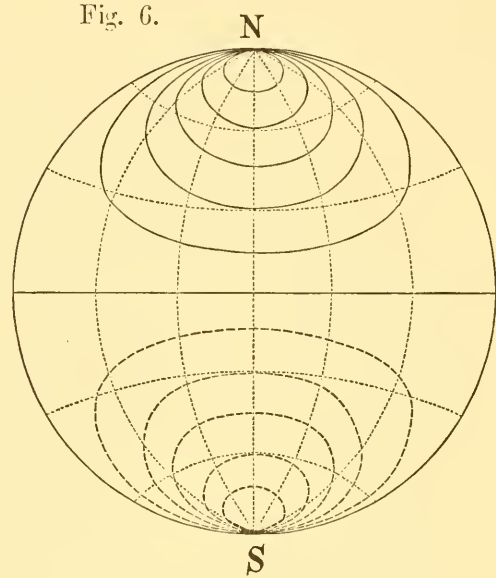
The North Component X' vanishes along the nodal line

$$\cos(\lambda - \lambda_0) \text{tg} \varphi = \text{tg} \varphi_0$$

It is the locus of points where the circles of equal horizontal force touch the meridian arcs, and consists of a pair of spherical ellipses, one through the pericenter and its nearest geodetic

pole, and the other through the antipode and its nearest pole. Their form is independent of the depth or height of the source, being determined solely by the co-ordinates of the pericenter. When the pericenter is close to either of the poles, they are nearly circles which gradually flatten until they coincide with the equator and the meridian, when the source comes to the plane of the equator.

Inside both of those ellipses, the force X' is positive and in the irregular zone between them negative. Fig. 6 is the stereographic projection of those curves for the intervals of 15° in the values of φ_0 .



The West Component Y' vanishes over the meridian circle

$$\lambda = \lambda_0 \quad \text{and} \quad \lambda_0 + \pi$$

this corresponds to the nodal ellipse in the case of the north component; the force is positive on the west half and negative on the east half of the surface.

The maximum and minimum of the north component are on this circle, the latitude to be found from the value of θ in (7). Those of the west component are either on the nodal ellipse or on the meridian circle which is at quadrature with that through the source, at the same distance from the pericenter as those of the north component.

The Vertical Variation of the Vertical Component $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z}$ is (algebraically)

Maximum at $\theta = \pi$ i.e. antipode
 Minimum at $\theta = 0$ i.e. pericenter.

There is another pair of such points, namely

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \text{Maximum at } \theta &= \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{r} - \frac{r}{R} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{r}{R}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{R}{r}\right)^2 + 1}\right) \\ \text{Minimum at } \theta &= \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{R}{r} - \frac{r}{R} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{r}{R}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{R}{r}\right)^2 + 1}\right), \end{aligned} \right\} (11)$$

the maximum is possible for all positive values of r within

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-1)} R < r < \infty \quad (12)$$

($\doteq .78615 R$)

and the minimum within

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-1)} R < r < R$$

At the lower limit the two values coincide at

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}\left(1/\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-1)} - \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-1)}\right) \quad (13)$$

$\doteq 60^\circ 55'S$ from the epicenter.

The variation vanishes at

$$\pm \theta = \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \quad \text{source} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{above} \\ \text{below} \end{array} \right\} \quad (14)$$

and $\theta = \pi - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$

This is possible for all positive values of r within

$$\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} R (\doteq .81650R) < r < \infty \quad ; \quad (15)$$

at the critical value of r the two circles coincide with that of the maximum variation at

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \doteq 35^{\circ} 15.9 \quad \text{from the epicenter.} \quad (16)$$

When the depth of the source is small, neglecting the curvature of the surface as before, the first of (3) takes the form

$$\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} = -\frac{m}{D^3} (3 \cos^5 \zeta - \cos^3 \zeta) \quad (17)$$

D being the depth of the source and ζ the same as before; this holds either for the source above or below, D and $\cos \zeta$ changing sign at the same time. The variation is now maximum at $\zeta = \text{tg}^{-1} 2$, and vanishes at $\zeta = \text{tg}^{-1} \sqrt{2} \doteq 54^{\circ} 44.1$ and $\frac{\pi}{2}$.

The effect can be described in words as follows (see Fig. 7 below):—Suppose at first the source to be placed at the center of the sphere, the vertical variation of the vertical component arising from it will be uniform all over the surface being $-\frac{2m}{R^3}$. Now displace it along any particular line through the center, the upward decrease will be greatest at the epicenter and least at the antipode: as it recedes further from the center, the maximum and minimum will become more and more pronounced, and when the source reaches the critical depth of about $0.21 R$, a new set of maximum and minimum will begin to appear at the angular distance of $60^{\circ}.9$ from the epicenter. After this value is passed there will be two circles on the sphere, on one of which the decrease is less and on the other greater than any values in their neighbourhoods. As the depth becomes still less, the place of least decrease will be shifted toward the epicenter becoming more and more prominent, and the minimum toward the antipode becoming more and more smooth; and

when the depth of about $0.18 R$ is reached, the value of the maximum becomes zero at about $35^{\circ} \frac{1}{4}$ from the epicenter. Beyond this limit, there will be two circles on which the variation vanishes with a circle of maximum variation between them. The surface is now divided into three regions by those circles; on the epicenter and antipode sides the force will decrease upward, but in the middle zone it will *increase upward*, the effect due to the change of direction accompanying the increase of height being greater than the opposite effect due to the increase of distance. In this zone, if the variation of vertical force alone be considered, it would appear as if there lies a disturbing source of opposite kind below.

As the source approaches closer to the surface, the circle of no variation on the epicenter side as well as that of the maximum variation will shrink round that point, while the circle of the minimum variation fades toward the antipode. The other circle of no variation takes the asymptotic position at $70^{\circ} \frac{1}{2}$ from the epicenter, dividing, in the limit, the spherical surface into two parts, the region of upward increase on the epicenter side, and the region of upward decrease on the antipode side.

When the source is above the level, the vertical force still *decreases upward* in regions directly below the source. This apparent paradox will be easily cleared, if we reflect that when the positive source is below the level, the force is in positive sense being directed upward, and it decreases in positive sense: but, when it is above, the force is in negative sense, being directed downward, and the upward increase of this negative force is algebraically equivalent to a decrease of positive force. Were there no other magnetic force except that due to the disturbing source such as now described, it may be an easy matter to tell

which way the source lies by observing the vertical force and its vertical variation at the place: but when the effect is superposed with a larger field of force as usually the case is, what is now described in algebraic sense will happen in arithmetical sense, and it will be impossible to decide, from the variations of vertical component alone, which way the seat of that field lies, unless we have some means of separating the two effects.

The succession of various states of the distribution of vertical variation on the sphere, as the source recedes from it, is reversed essentially in similar way to that which was observed when it approached the surface from below, only reduced in magnitude.

When the height of the source is small, the circle of no variation and that of maximum variation will be found close to the subcenter, the other circle of no variation being found in the neighbourhood of $70^{\circ}\frac{1}{2}$ from the subcenter dividing the surface into three regions as before. The circle of minimum variation is now wanted, being confounded with the ill-defined maximum at the antipode.

As the source recedes further from the sphere all those places of demarkation will be shifted toward the antipode, the maxima and minima becoming less and less distinct, the variation itself subsiding in asymptotic decay. The limiting positions of the circles of no variation are $54^{\circ}\frac{1}{4}$ and $135^{\circ}\frac{1}{4}$ from the subcenter and that of the greatest variation 90° from the same point.

The Variation of the Horizontal Component

$$\frac{\partial H'}{\partial z} = -3m \frac{r \sin \theta (R - r \cos \theta)}{\rho^5}$$

vanishes always at $\theta = 0$ i.e. pericenter

and $\theta = \pi$ i.e. antipode.

When the source is above, it vanishes also at

$\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{R}{r}$, the nodal circle of the vertical force.

$$R < r < \infty$$

always changing sign at those points. The maximum and minimum are given by roots of the cubic equation

$$\cos^3 \theta + \left(2 \frac{r}{R} - \frac{R}{r}\right) \cos^2 \theta - \left(4 + \left(\frac{R}{r}\right)^2\right) \cos \theta + \left(4 \frac{R}{r} - \frac{r}{R}\right) = 0. \quad (18)$$

When $0 < r < R$

there is only one possible value of θ which gives maximum value of the variation, the angle lying between 0 and $\frac{\pi}{2}$.

When $R < r < \infty$

there are two possible values of θ ; the smaller angle gives the maximum and the larger minimum; the value are 0 and π when $r=R$, and tends to $\frac{\pi}{4}$ and $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ for large values of r .

When the depth is small, neglecting the curvature and putting D for the depth as before, the second of (3) becomes

$$\frac{\partial H'}{\partial z} = -\frac{3m}{D^3} \sin \zeta \cos^4 \zeta \quad (19)$$

which is maximum at $\zeta = \text{tg}^{-1} \frac{1}{2}$ or at a distance of half the depth from the epicenter measured on the surface.

In words, suppose the source is placed at the center of the sphere, there is no horizontal force and no variation all over the surface; displace it slightly, the horizontal force decreases upward at every point of the sphere except at the epicenter and antipode where it vanishes, and greatest in the vicinity of the great circle midway between these points. As the source recedes further from there, the circle of the greatest upward decrease shifts in

the same direction becoming more and more pronounced until it touches the source at the surface where the variation will be indefinitely great.

When the source is above the level, the variation changes sign on the subcenter side, and the force *increases* upward, while on the antipode side it decreases as before: the circle of no variation being the same as the nodal circle of the vertical force. When the height of the source is small, the maximum is close to the subcenter and the minimum to the antipode from where they expand, as the source rises, approaching the asymptotic positions $54^\circ \frac{2}{3}$ from either of the extreme points; the circle of no variation begins at the subcenter and tends to bisect the sphere in the limit.

If the horizontal force is resolved along any given directions in the horizontal plane, the magnitude of the variation will change in the same ratio as its respective components. Taking components along the cardinal directions as before we have

$$\frac{\partial X'}{\partial z} = - \frac{-3mr \left\{ R - r[\sin\varphi \sin\varphi_0 + \cos\varphi \cos\varphi_0 \cos(\lambda - \lambda_0)] \right\}}{\left\{ R^2 + r^2 - 2rR[\sin\varphi \sin\varphi_0 + \cos\varphi \cos\varphi_0 \cos(\lambda - \lambda_0)] \right\}^{\frac{3}{2}}} \times \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} (20)$$

$$\frac{\partial Y'}{\partial z} = - \frac{3mr \left\{ R - r[\sin\varphi \sin\varphi_0 + \cos\varphi \cos\varphi_0 \cos(\lambda - \lambda_0)] \right\}}{\left\{ R^2 + r^2 - 2rR[\sin\varphi \sin\varphi_0 + \cos\varphi \cos\varphi_0 \cos(\lambda - \lambda_0)] \right\}^{\frac{3}{2}}} \cos\varphi_0 \sin(\lambda - \lambda_0).$$

The Variation of the North Component always vanishes on the nodal ellipse. When the source is below the level, the space inside both of those ellipses is the region of upward decrease of the north component, and the outside zone that of upward increase.

When the source is above, the variation vanishes besides on

the nodal circle of the vertical force, on the subcenter side of which the sign of the variation is to be changed. If the nodal circle does not cut the ellipse, the whole space inside the ellipse on the subcenter side becomes region of upward increase and that between the ellipse and the circle that of upward decrease, the rest remaining the same; if it cuts the ellipse, the space within it as well as that of the zone is divided into two regions; if it touches the ellipse at all, it must touch it at the pole, when the discontinuity at the point becomes a cusp.

The Variation of the West Component vanishes all over the meridian whose plane passes through the source. When the source is above, its sign within the nodal circle is to be changed, as in the case of the north component, dividing the surface into four regions of alternately positive and negative variations.

The maximum and minimum of the variations of the north component, are on the meridian circle whose plane contains the source, and those of the west component either on the nodal ellipse or the meridian which is at quadrature with the above.

Tables XXVI and XXVII give the values of those vertical variations for several values of r/R , m and R being taken as unity; and Figs. 7 and 9, their graphs in polar co-ordinates; the values are positive outward and negative inward from the circumference of the circle which represents a section of the sphere through the source. This method is adopted for the easy apprehension of the various positions on the sphere although it has the disadvantage of making the positive and negative magnitudes appear unsymmetrical on account of the convergence of the radial lines. Figs. 8 and 10 are the same for the case of the plane surface.

TABLE XXVI.

Values of $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z}$ for Various Values of $\frac{r}{R}$; $m=1$, $R=1$.

θ	$\frac{r}{R}=0.5$	$\frac{r}{R}=\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}}$ =.78615	$\frac{r}{R}=\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$ =.8165	$\frac{r}{R}=0.85$	$\frac{r}{R}=0.9$	$\frac{r}{R}=1$	$\frac{r}{R}=2$
0°	- 16.00	- 204.50	- 323.68	- 592.59	- 2000.00	$-\infty 0 + \infty$	- 2.00
10°	- 14.02	- 65.16	- 68.50	- 60.96	- 5.26	+ 184.51	- 1.52
10° 23'2					o		
14° 06'5					+ 14.89		
19° 07'5					o		
20°	- 9.93	- 8.67	- 4.78	+ 0.651	+ 9.75	+ 21.74	- 0.629
24° 44'5				+ 1.67			
30°	- 6.35	- 1.48	- 0.153	+ 1.33	+ 3.33	+ 5.76	- 0.025
30° 38'4							o
35° 15'9			0				
40°	- 4.04	- 0.555	- 0.046	+ 0.481	+ 1.16	+ 2.04	+ 0.210
47° 12'0							+ 0.241
50°	- 2.70	- 0.441	- 0.202	+ 0.039	+ 0.348	+ 0.769	+ 0.238
51° 24'3					o		
60°	- 1.92	- 0.433	- 0.301	- 0.168	+ 0.003	+ 0.250	+ 0.192
60° 08'5					o		
60° 55'8		{0.433}					
70°	- 1.47	- 0.431	- 0.348	- 0.265	- 0.156	+ 0.009	+ 0.133
70° 31'8						o	
80°	- 1.19	- 0.425	- 0.367	- 0.309	- 0.233	- 0.113	+ 0.079
90°	- 1.00	- 0.415	- 0.372	- 0.328	- 0.270	- 0.177	+ 0.036
100°	- 0.877	- 0.403	- 0.369	- 0.334	- 0.288	- 0.212	+ 0.003
101° 10'2							o
104° 47'4				- 0.335			
120°	- 0.725	- 0.381	- 0.357	- 0.332	- 0.298	- 0.241	- 0.039
123° 12'2					- 0.298		
140°	- 0.645	- 0.365	- 0.344	- 0.324	- 0.296	- 0.249	- 0.061
160°	- 0.605	- 0.354	- 0.336	- 0.318	- 0.293	- 0.250	- 0.071
180°	- 0.593	- 0.351	- 0.334	- 0.316	- 0.292	- 0.250	- 0.074

Numbers in black types are maxima, those in small types minima.

TABLE XXVII.

Values of $\frac{\partial H'}{\partial z}$ for Various Values of $\frac{r}{R}$; $m=1, R=1.$

θ	$\frac{r}{R}=0.5$	$\frac{r}{R}=\sqrt{\frac{\sqrt{5}-1}{2}}$ 0.78615	$\frac{r}{R}=\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$ =0.8165	$\frac{r}{R}=0.85$	$\frac{r}{R}=0.9$	$\frac{r}{R}=1$	$\frac{r}{R}=2$
0°	0	0	0	0	0	$-\infty \circ + \infty$	0
3° 3'9					-824.53		
4° 45'5				-238.77			
5° 59'1			-128.33				
7° 8'4		-79.89					
10°	-3.65	-72.28	-100.75	-140.48	-197.74	-49.18	+0.871
17° 24'9							+1.07
20°	-5.07	-28.46	-30.74	-31.82	-29.47	-12.25	+1.05
21° 34'6	-5.09						
30°	-4.65	-11.31	-11.20	-10.74	-9.42	-5.41	+0.751
40°	-3.65	-5.48	-5.29	-5.00	-4.43	-3.01	+0.396
50°	-2.71	-3.11	-2.98	-2.82	-2.53	-1.90	+0.158
60°	-2.00	-1.96	-1.88	-1.79	-1.63	-1.30	0
70°	-1.49	-1.34	-1.28	-1.22	-1.13	-0.933	-0.071
80°	-1.12	-0.956	-0.920	-0.879	-0.817	-0.695	-0.100
90°	-0.859	-0.708	-0.683	-0.655	-0.612	-0.530	-0.107
100°	-0.664	-0.537	-0.518	-0.498	-0.469	-0.411	-0.103
120°	-0.401	-0.317	-0.307	-0.296	-0.280	-0.250	-0.080
140°	-0.231	-0.181	-0.176	-0.170	-0.162	-0.145	-0.053
160°	-0.106	-0.083	-0.081	-0.078	-0.074	-0.067	-0.026
180°	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Numbers in black types are maxima, those in small types minima.

Fig. 8.

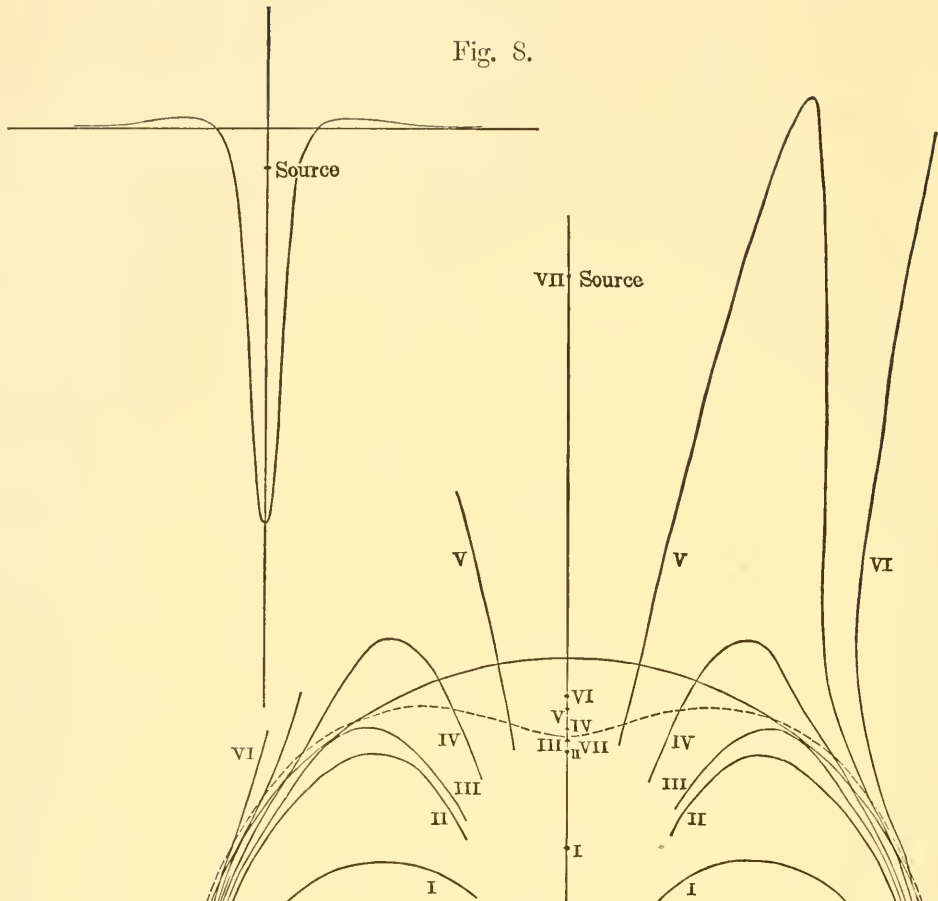


Fig. 7.
Graph of $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial Z}$

I	$r =$	0.50	R
II	$r =$	0.786	R
III	$r =$	0.8165	R
IV	$r =$	0.85	R
V	$r =$	0.90	R
VI	$r =$	1.00	R
VII	$r =$	2.00	R.

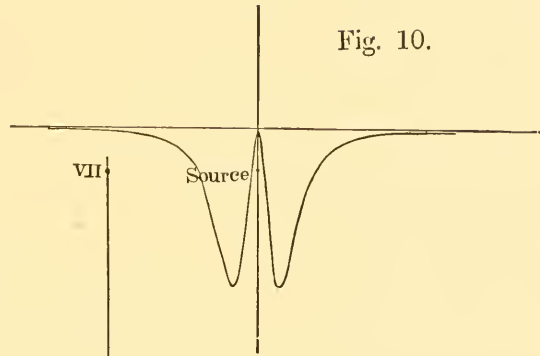


Fig. 10.

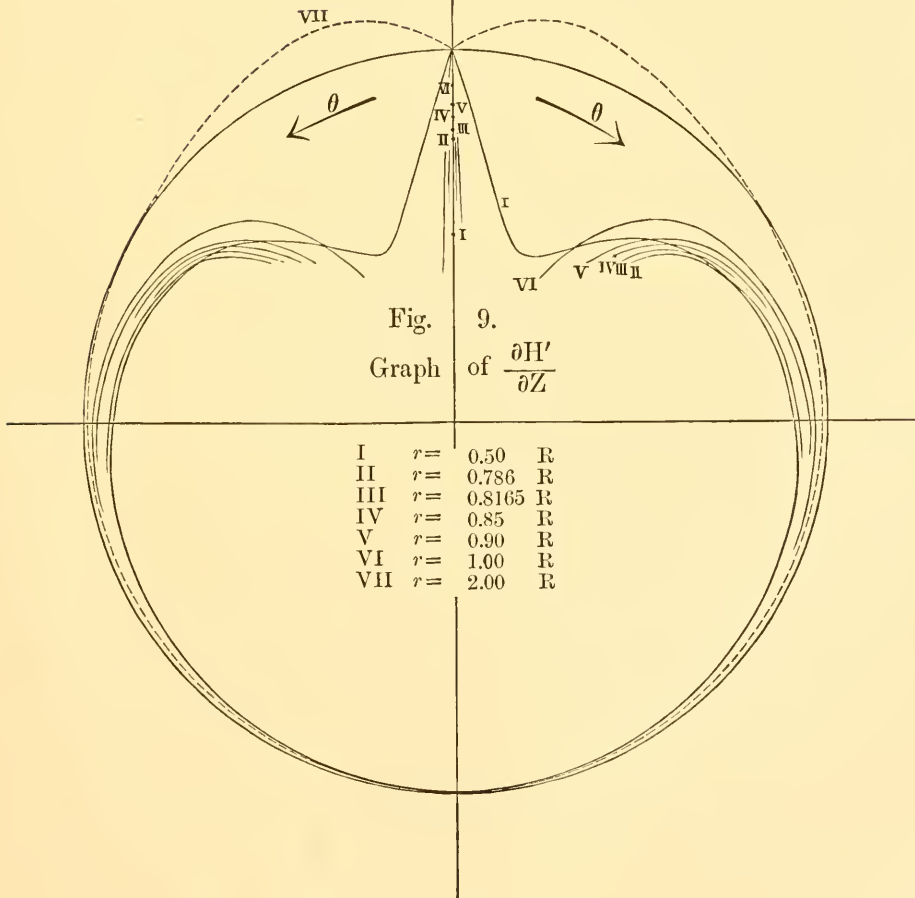


Fig. 9.
Graph of $\frac{\partial H'}{\partial Z}$

I	r =	0.50	R
II	r =	0.786	R
III	r =	0.8165	R
IV	r =	0.85	R
V	r =	0.90	R
VI	r =	1.00	R
VII	r =	2.00	R

Location of Magnetic Image from Vertical Variations of the Observed Magnetic Elements.

The simplest case now discussed can be applied to sources of finite extent if its distribution of magnetism is centrobaric, or to cases where it can be represented by finite number of images by mere addition of the rectangular components above given. Any other distribution whose potential is known in finite form can also be treated in similar manner.

If the potential is expanded in harmonic series, no matter how far that expansion be carried, its application to the variation of the force in neighbourhood of the source will be utterly untenable, unless the distribution be such as can be exactly represented by finite number of terms. The presence of minute ripples in the imitation of known curves by 80 harmonics worked out with Michelson's analyser shows us to what danger we are exposed in similar cases.*

As we recede from the source, however, the higher harmonics tend to vanish in the well known way, approaching more and more nearly to be centrobaric as the distance of the source becomes great compared with its extent. If the distribution is not extravagantly irregular, a few number of images properly disposed will give a fairly good approximation at tolerable distances from it. A pair of positive and negative images of equal strength will give the effect of a simple magnet. When its length is short (1) and (3) may be differentiated with respect to its axis and the strength of pole m replaced by the magnetic moment.

* Phil. Mag. Vol. XLV, Fifth Series Pl. XII to XVII.

If the poles be of unequal strength, the excess of the stronger over the weaker only will be felt at great distances. Such a magnet of an apparently odd pair of poles may be produced by local heterogeneity of magnetization in a body like the earth, one pole being concentrated at a place and the other widely spread out over the rest, when the effect of the former can be represented by a single image for approximate purpose. The same will also be the case when the length of the magnet is excessively long, compared with the region through which the disturbance is considered.

Turning to Table XXI p. 135, we observe that in Japan there is a close coincidence of the vertical variations of the north and upward components with $-3h/R$ times the respective forces, but we are struck by a remarkable discrepancy in those of the west component. It stands so peculiar among those of the other components that some arithmetical error was suspected, and the calculations were examined repeatedly through, till a thought occurred that the effect might be due to the presence of the continent on the west; the extent of that effect throughout the whole country showing that the origin of the disturbance is likely to be found at some distance.

Assuming then that a large part of the disturbance can be represented by a simple magnetic image, we are much helped by the presence of a few points of demarkations in the country in locating its position. Taking for the first approximation, those variational anomalies to be the variations $\frac{\partial X'}{\partial z}$, $\frac{\partial Y'}{\partial z}$, $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z}$ given above for a simple source, we notice that the sign of $\frac{\partial X'}{\partial z}$ changes in middle of the country between III and IV, while that of $\frac{\partial Y'}{\partial z}$ remains the same. Hence it seems that we are crossed by one of the nodal ellipses; the fact is further

confirmed by the large variations of the west component which has its maximum value on that curve: two points of this curve, if accurately known, are sufficient to assign the line through the image and the earth center by (10).

Again $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z}$ changes sign in the North Japan between I and II, so that one of the circles of no vertical variation of the vertical force passes also through the country. This assigns at once the maximum limit to the depth of the image, 0.1835 times earth radius by (15).

The vertical variations of the rectangular components of the horizontal force being resolved in the same ratio as the forces themselves, the plane of the great circle whose azimuth is determined by considering these variations as vectors, will pass through the image provided there is such in existence; and since their signs are contrary to those of the forces when the image is below, and the same within the nodal circle of no vertical force when it is above; we can determine the sense of the force and hence the sign of m when the position of the image is known. From the first and second rows of differences in Table XXI those azimuths are

I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
96.°3	96.°3	96.°3	85.°3	83.°4

measured in the direction north-west-south-east.

Great circles drawn in those azimuths through each of the points, give twenty points of intersections, ten of which lie in Asia and the other ten about South America. In order to save arithmetical labour for the rough work, those circles were layed on a large terrestrial globe of 30 inches diameter which was carefully covered all over with flexible Japanese tracing

paper.* The coordinates of the points of intersections of the first ten are

		Long.	Weights	Lat.	Weights.
I	and ° II	72°W.	.001	7°N.	.001
I	„ III	68	.003	3	.047
I	„ IV	109	.013	35	.184
I	„ V	107	.012	33	.110
II	„ III	62	.002	-1	.003
II	„ IV	122	.015	35	.493
II	„ V	117	.011	33	.544
III	„ IV	131	.021	35	2.747
III	„ V	124	.013	33	.662
IV	„ V	81	.000	28	.050
	Mean	116°3 W.		34°0 N.	

Those coordinates have very different weights depending upon the angles at which the circles cross each other, and upon the probable errors of the azimuths. Supposing the latter to increase with the distance from the middle of the country, as already discussed under the mean isomagnetics, it is taken to be 1 for the point III, 2 for II and IV, and 3 for I and V; and the weight of the point of intersection of any two circles is taken inversely proportional to the sum of squares of their azimuth errors and directly as the square of the sine of the angle at which they cross each other. The weights of the longitude and latitude are resolved parts of the weights so found.

There was no appreciable improvements by restoring the last figures of those coefficients which were cut off in the table above

* To draw those circles on the globe through the points, the rotation axis was inclined to the horizon circle at an angle $\sin^{-1}(\cos \varphi \sin A)$ and by rotating the globe the point is brought to the plane of the horizon circle which is then the circle required.

as uncertain: undoubtedly the very crude nature of the result is due both to noncentrobaric distribution, and probably more to the slenderness of the data.

Fig. 11.

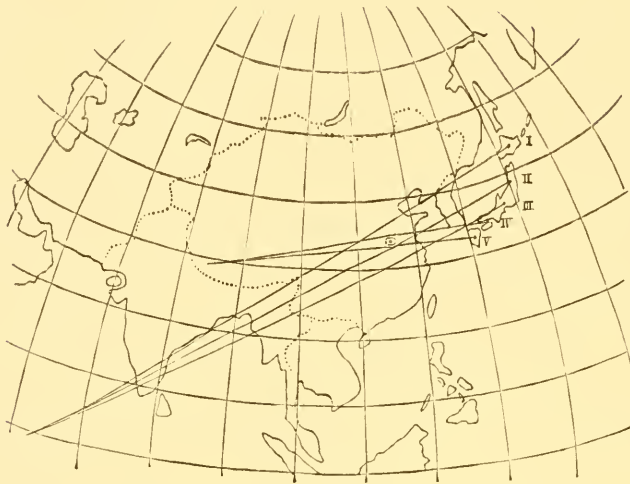


Fig. 11 is the reproduction of those arcs, from which we see that, notwithstanding the widely scattered distribution of the points of intersections, the arcs all pass through the region within a few degrees of the mean co-ordinate, apparently showing the feasibility of the assumption.

The angular distances of the five points from this mean point of intersection, or the values of θ are

I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
22.°2	19.°7	17.°6	14.°5	12.°3

The point of no vertical variation is about 20.°5 by interpolation. This excludes the possibility of the point being an antipode by the second of (14) which shows that there can be no such circle within $54^{\circ}\frac{3}{4}$ of that point, so that the position of the image must be given by either

$$r = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{\sin(54.97 + 20.95)} = .844 R$$

or a depth of about 992 kilom. if the point be an epicenter.

$$\text{or } r = \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{\sin(54.97 - 20.95)} = 1.453 R$$

or a height of about 2890 kilom. if the point be a subcenter.

Taking the latter value, we are wholly within the nodal circle of no vertical force which will be about 46.95° from the pericenter, and therefore the horizontal force H' must be of the same sign as its vertical variation, that is, the upward decrease of the west components found in the variational anomalies must be looked upon as upward increase of eastward forces diverging from the pericenter, and consequently the image must be positive. This contradicts however the observed positive values of the variations of the vertical component on the west and its negative value on the east. The image must therefore be below the surface and negative in sign, and the horizontal force H' must be considered as converging toward the point, that is negative calculated in the sense of increasing θ , and its vertical variation positive; or practically there must be an upward increase of eastward force, or decrease of westward force which is just what is found.

We may next find the zenith distances ζ of the forces from (3) by eliminating m and ρ , thus,

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \operatorname{tg}^{-1} \frac{1}{\rho} \pm \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+\rho^2}} + n\pi \right\}$$

ρ being the ratio $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} / \frac{\partial H'}{\partial z}$, the sign of the second term and the value of n depending upon r and θ . Confining the inverse sines within the first quadrant, these are

within $0 < r < \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} R$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+p^2}} + \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+p^2}} \right\} \quad 0 < \theta < \pi \quad (21)$$

within $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} R < r < R$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+p^2}} + \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+p^2}} \right\} \quad 0 < \theta < \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$$

or $\pi - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} < \theta < \pi$

in either case p is positive

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \pi - \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+p^2}} + \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+p^2}} \right\}$$

$\sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} < \theta < \pi - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$

or in the case p negative

within $R < r < \infty$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ 2\pi - \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+p^2}} - \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+p^2}} \right\} \quad 0 < \theta < \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \pi + \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+p^2}} - \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+p^2}} \right\} \quad \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} < \theta < \cos^{-1} \frac{R}{r}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \pi - \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+p^2}} + \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+p^2}} \right\} \quad \cos^{-1} \frac{R}{r} < \theta < \pi - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+p^2}} + \sin^{-1} \frac{1}{3\sqrt{1+p^2}} \right\} \quad \pi - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} - \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{R}{r} < \theta < \pi$$

In the first and third p is negative.
In the second and fourth p is positive.

Applying the first and second of (22) to the values in table XXI, we get

I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
56.°8	53.°1	49.°9	47.°5	46.°9

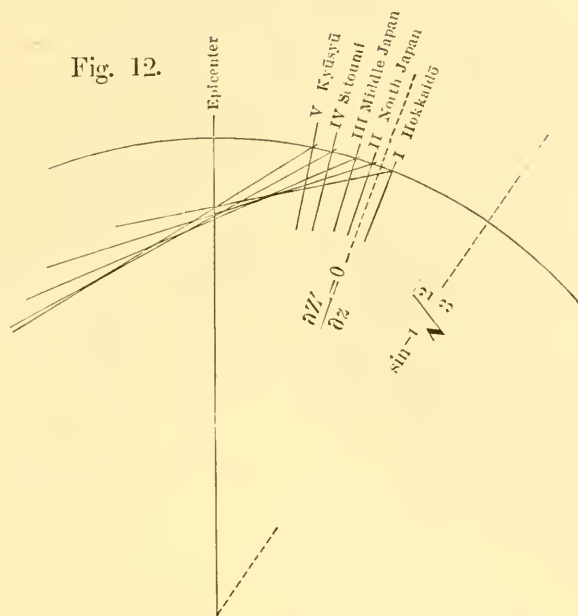


Fig. 12 shows the lines drawn with those zenith distances at each point, the different planes of θ 's being made coincident by turning them about the vertical line through the epicenter. We observe that those lines form a kind of caustic which apparently converge below the epicenter found by tracing azimuths from each point.

Were there a real source below the level, the greater permeability of the earth's crust compared with that of the air, will cause magnetic refraction making the position of the image deeper than that of the source. As a trial, several values of permeabilities μ between 1 and 3 were taken and lines were drawn with increased zenith distances $\zeta' = \text{tg}^{-1}(\mu \text{tg} \zeta)$; but none of the values gave satisfactory focus. Though it is an easy matter to bring those lines to a focus by assigning suitable permeabilities to different layers, such an artificial procedure will be altogether a superfluous refinement with the present data.

The depths of the image as determined by the points of intersections of those lines with the vertical through the epicenter are

I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	Mean.
940	1030	1090	1040	950	1010 kilom.

and the distances ρ of these points from the respective points taken in the data are

I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	
$\rho=2450$	2240	2070	1800	1570	kilom.

From those values and zenith distances we get by (3) the values of the strength of the image

$$m = -\frac{2\rho^3}{1+3\cos 2\zeta} \frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} = -\frac{2}{3} \frac{\rho^3}{\sin 2\zeta} \frac{\partial H'}{\partial z}$$

I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	Mean.
$=-2.92$	-1.42	-1.10	$-.94$	$-.68$	-1.41×10^{15}

C.G.S. unit.

The values of m increase regularly with the values of ρ . This might be either due to systematic errors in the empirical formulae for isomagnetics, or else to the state of distribution of magnetism being widely spread over the region under consideration.

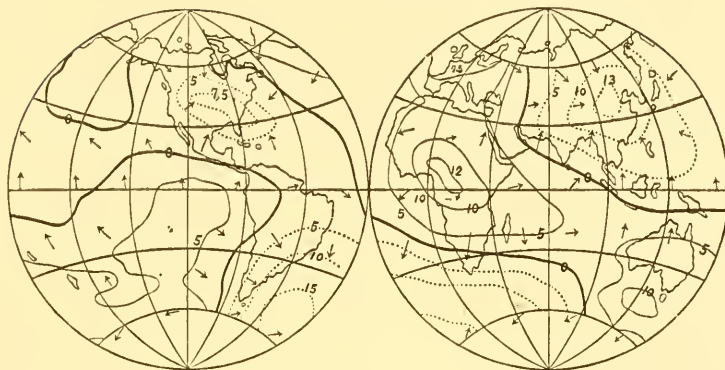
Taking the first supposition, we may adopt the mean value of m as the approximate strength of the image, which give the disturbance of the vertical field at the epicenter.

$$-\frac{1.41 \times 10^{15}}{(1010)^2 \times 10^{10}} = -.138 \quad \text{C.G.S. units.}$$

Fig. 13 gives the residual intensities of the vertical and horizontal components of the terrestrial magnetic field after deducting those due to the mean magnetization, or what corresponds to

Fig. 13.

The Earth Magnetic Field after deducting the Field
due to the Mean Magnetization 1885.



Full lines show equal residual upward magnetic forces, and dotted lines those of downward forces, figures indicate intensity in 1000 γ , or, .01 C.G.S. units, the arrow lines magnitude and direction of the residual horizontal forces.

the distribution represented by the second and higher harmonics in Gaussian expansion. It is reconstructed from Bauer's reduction with slight modifications as to the conversion of representing those magnitudes.* We observe in this map, a center of attraction not far from the epicenter now found. Bauer gives the position of this point,

Longitude 110°E. , Latitude 35°N. and the intensity of the residual vertical field $-.139$ C.G.S. units (*i.e.* downward).

The accidental agreement of these results, however, should not be looked upon as showing any possible existence of such a source. If this were really the case, there must be large variational anomalies in middle of China. Recent observations at a few points near this region by Sinzyō, Ōtani and Yamagawa give no indication of such :—

* Terrestrial Magnetism Vol. IV p. 44.

*	λ	φ	X	Y	Z
Hongkong	114° 10'5	22° 18'2	36837 ^Y	-207 ^Y	-22342 ^Y
Zikawei	121° 25'8	31° 11'6	32908 ^Y	1354 ^Y	-33644 ^Y
Hankow	114° 17'5	30° 35'5	33922 ^Y	716 ^Y	-33737 ^Y
Syasi	112° 14'8	30° 18'1	34112 ^Y	246 ^Y	-33673 ^Y

which give approximately at $\lambda=116.03$ $\varphi=28.0^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial X}{\partial z} &= -17.8 & \frac{\partial Y}{\partial z} &= -1.4 & \frac{\partial Z}{\partial z} &= 16.2 & \text{per kilom.} \\ (3h/R)X &= -16.3 & (3h/R)Y &= -0.2 & (3h/R)Z &= 14.1 \\ \hline \frac{\partial X'}{\partial z} &= -1.5 & \frac{\partial Y'}{\partial z} &= -1.2 & \frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} &= +2.1 & \text{,, ,,} \end{aligned}$$

while those due to the image

$$\begin{aligned} m &= -1.41 \times 10^{15}, & \rho &= 1180 \text{ kilom,} & \theta &= 6.0^\circ & \text{give} \\ \frac{\partial X'}{\partial z} &= -10.6, & \frac{\partial Y'}{\partial z} &= 0.0, & \frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} &= +11.5 & \text{per kilom.} \end{aligned}$$

differing from the observed values by more than five times.

Taking the second supposition, that the distribution is represented by varying image, we see that it is nearly proportional to the cube of the distance ρ :—

	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.	Mean.
$\frac{m}{\rho^3}$	-1.96	-1.26	-1.24	-1.62	-1.75	-1.57×10^{-10} C.G.S.

This makes m at the point $\lambda=116.03$ E. $\varphi=28^\circ$ N.

$$-1.57 \times 10^{-10} \times (1.18)^3 \times 10^{21} = -2.58 \times 10^{11} \text{ C.G.S}$$

and the variational anomalies

$$\frac{\partial X'}{\partial z} = -1.9 \quad \frac{\partial Y'}{\partial z} = 0.0 \quad \frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z} = +2.1$$

* Tōkyō Sugaku-buturigakkwai Hōkokū Vol. II. p. 48.

agreeing much closer with the observed values, although it reduces the residual field at the epicenter to about one-fifth of the previous value.

Treating similarly the variational anomalies in Europe given in Tables XXIII and XXV, we observe that the arcs from the five points in Austria and Hungary converge very nearly to the south west of Norway, while those from the stations in Great Britain converge towards the south east of Greenland, except the arc from the Station IX which intersects three of the arcs in south of England. This last discrepancy would seem to be due to local anomaly of the west component in the district, as is seen from Map 9 of the report of that survey, by a large number of stations in this district having disturbance toward the west compensated by a few stations in north of Wales; namely, out of 85 disturbances 53 are positive and 32 negative. The azimuth from the station IX is hence omitted.

Since those variational anomalies are affected by various disturbances of small extent as well as errors in the expressions of mean isomagnetics, we take for the first trial, one image at the mean point of intersections of the four British arcs and five Austro-Hungarian arcs, instead of two distinct images. This point comes out:—

Longitude 9.0° W. Latitude 65.1° N.

The vertical variation of the vertical force $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z}$, is negative

Fig. 14.



all over the region and increases numerically toward the mean point of intersections of these arcs, or pericenter in the nomenclature now adopted; that of the horizontal force $\frac{\partial H'}{\partial z}$ is also negative in the sense measured from the pericenter (practically southward), and is numerically maximum somewhere between the Stations I and VII in Great Britain.

The equality of signs of $\frac{\partial Z'}{\partial z}$ and $\frac{\partial H'}{\partial z}$ within the critical value of θ , $35^\circ\frac{1}{2}$, shows that the image must be placed below the level; and their negative signs show that its sign must be positive. We thus find for each of the points taken,

	Azimuth N. to W.	θ	Zenith Dist. ζ	Dep. of Image kilm.	Dist. of St. fr. Image ρ kilm.	Strength of Image m	$\frac{m}{\rho^3}$	
Great Britain	I	11.°3	8.°9	15.°8	2230	2380	1.74	1.29
	III	11. 3	12. 2	26. 1	1850	2180	1.33	1.28
	V	7. 1	11. 2	27. 1	1670	1980	1.02	1.32
	VII	9. 5	14. 4	25. 6	2070	2450	1.53	1.04
	IX	18. 4	13. 7	28. 0	1870	2270	1.49	1.27
Austria and Hungary	I	26.°6	19.°9	32.°6	2040	2730	2.36	1.16
	II	19. 6	24. 3	44. 9	1550	2810	2.19	.99
	III	30. 1	24. 0	36. 6	2010	2980	2.56	.97
	IV	47. 7	23. 4	33. 2	2180	3020	3.25	1.18
	V	34. 6	27. 6	43. 6	1710	3110	3.16	1.05
			Mean	1918 kilm.		2.06×10^{15}	1.16×10^{-10}	
						C.G.S.	C.G.S.	

Figs. 14 and 15 show these azimuths and zenith distances. This value of mean depth makes the value of $\frac{r}{R} \doteq 0.7$ which gives by (18) the circle of minimum variation (numerically maximum) of the horizontal force $\frac{\partial H'}{\partial z}$ at $11.^\circ 2$ from the epicenter; it passes therefore through the north of England and Ireland, roughly agreeing with the observed position.

The disturbance of the vertical field at the epicenter is

$$\frac{2.06 \times 10^{15}}{1918^2 \times 10^{10}} = .056 \text{ C.G.S. unit upward.}$$

or if we take the image to vary as the cube of the distance of the stations

$$1.16 \times 10^{-10} \times 1918 \times 10^5 = .022 \text{ C.G.S. unit upward.}$$

From the five Austro-Hungarian stations only, we get the epicenter at

Longitude $7.^{\circ}3$ E,

Latitude $57.^{\circ}9$ N.

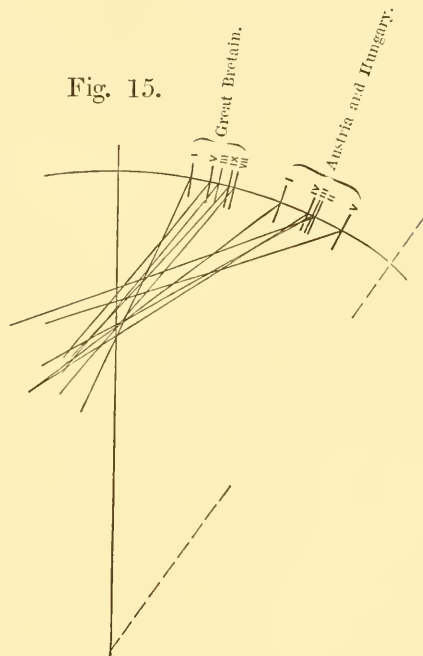
The mean value of m is $.732 \times 10^{15}$ C.G.S. unit at a mean depth of 1328 kilometers, giving disturbance at the epicenter .042 or .014 C.G.S. units upward, according as the strength of the image is taken to be constant or to vary as the cube of distance of stations.

The four British stations give epicenter at

Longitude $16.^{\circ}6$ W.

Latitude $73.^{\circ}3$ N.

The mean of five values of image is 4.02×10^{15} C.G.S. at a mean depth of 2634 kilometers, giving vertical disturbance at the epicenter .058 or .033 C.G.S. units upward, according as the strength of the image is taken to be constant, or to vary as the cube of distance of stations.



Bauer gives the maximum disturbance of the vertical field near Shetland Islands to be .1061 C.G.S. units upward at the point, Longitude 0° , Latitude 60° N. Either of the values now found come much short of that amount.

Were the data and the assumption sufficiently reliable, we might have proceeded to the second and further approximations by taking account of the disturbing forces in the observed values of X,Y,Z. For the present, we content ourselves with the result that the variational anomalies in Japan show an excessive distribution of negative magnetism above the mean value in the east of Asia, and those in Austria-Hungary and Great Britain that of positive magnetism in north west of Europe, similar to those shown by the higher harmonics in Gaussian expansion.

Strictly speaking, the mode of distribution of the magnetism must remain perfectly indeterminate as long as we adhere solely to the observed elements, there being an infinite variety of ways to fulfil those values; and inasmuch as the surface integral of the force over the earth vanishes, the so called seat of action may be placed either inside or outside.

It is often erroneously believed that the expansibility of the earth magnetic potential in negative powers of the radius vector is a proof that the source of action is inside the earth. To say nothing of the possible magnetization of the surrounding medium, such is no proof even from the pure theory of action at a distance. To turn the subject into hydrokinetic analogy, a circulation very similar to the lines of force in the earth magnetism can be produced in frictionless liquid of infinite extent, by initial pressure applied over any singly connected surface of finite or infinite extent with a circular hole. The imitation can be made closer by taking several such surfaces instead of but one. Imagine a spherical

net of infinitely thin thread to be placed symmetrically with respect to the circulation; microbes living on the net may find that the velocity of the fluid on different parts of the net can be expressed very approximately by a function of descending powers of the radius vector, but they have no right to assert thereby, that the flow must have been produced by a piston or pistons inside the globe. If some of the bold animalcules make an adventurous expedition inside the net in search of the cause of the circulation, they may be perfectly disappointed to find no trace of pistons ever having been there. To make this a magnetic problem, we have only to substitute a double sheet of attracting and repelling matter for the surface where the initial pressure is supposed to have been exerted.

The question of the seat of action, must be sought by considering physical circumstances, analysis can not settle it, for the simple reason of the vanishing of the surface integral, unlike that in the case of gravity or electrostatics. It is difficult to understand, how some magneticians have come to conclusions with regard to the seat of action from mere observations on the earth surface. Of course there is the common sense judgment without going into logical process; but that is no proof. We may take two convergent series one for an internal and another for an external distribution at the upstart, as Gauss did, and comparing the coefficients with observed values, find that they fit very nearly with the former. But the converse of this may or may not be true as just shown.

It is curious that the rigorous mathematician, while discussing the possibility of the existance of the atmospheric current, and after enunciating the admirable theorem with regard to magnetic shells, confines his attention to the coefficients of scalar potential

whose convergence or divergence has nothing to do with the "sitz" of action.* The indeterminateness of the problem in the general case, is fully considered in Article XXVIII of Sir William Thomson's Reprint of Papers on Electrostatics and Magnetism, of which the present is a particular case.

The image must therefore be taken in literal sense, no pretension whatever being made as to the physical reality of either its strength or position, except that the variational anomalies can be partly accounted for by numerical calculations performed on certain number of constants and variables. We must also bear in mind, that the electric current in the atmosphere is entirely neglected in the calculation; for if the intensity of such current is greater than 0.1 Amperes per square kilometer, the above result will be materially affected.

The great depths of the images now found are just as might be expected, for were they within a few kilometers from the surface and of the sizes above given, an enormous number of terms will be required in Gaussian expansion even for an approximate representation. The comparatively small depth of the Asiatic image might account for the differences spoken of in § 10 p. 37 above.

The writer regrets not to have access to a valuable work of Paul Passalskij, who, according to Leyst, seems to have treated similar subject from harmonic analysis point of view. Section 12 is signed Aug. 7th. 1900 Mitake, and was read to the Physico Mathematical Society of Tōkyō on Sept. 29th. of that year. The main features of the present section were only qualitatively referred to and are now worked out for the report.

* Gauss Gesammelt Werke Bd. V p. 171.

§ 14. DISTURBING FORCES.

The differences of the observed and calculated values of rectangular components given in Table XV, under the headings JX , JY , JZ are taken to be those of the disturbing force at a place, following the plan of Profs. Rücker and Thorpe. The resultant force $=\sqrt{JX^2+JY^2+JZ^2}$, its azimuth and altitude are given in following columns of the same table. By way of control these elements were calculated from the differences of observed and calculated values of declination, dip and horizontal intensity in Table XIV by the formulæ

$$\begin{aligned} JX &= \cos \delta JH - H \sin \delta J\delta \\ JY &= \sin \delta JH + H \cos \delta J\delta \\ JZ &= \operatorname{tg} \theta JH + \sec^2 \theta H \delta \theta \end{aligned}$$

giving results which agreed very closely with the former, except in cases of extravagant differences such as those obtained in Huzi and Asama.

In Map 10 the horizontal components of the disturbing forces $\sqrt{JX^2+JY^2}$ are represented in magnitude and direction by black lines with arrow heads starting from each station. In a few places where the determination of the declination fails, the magnitude of the difference of the observed and calculated values of the horizontal intensity $JH(\doteq JX)$, is indicated by vertical lines without arrow heads extending both ways through the point. The vertical component JZ is represented by a blue or red line according as its direction is downward or upward. The scale of intensity is 1 mm. for 100 γ or 0.001 C.G.S. unit of magnetic force for either component.

Since the results of observations are subject to various sources of errors, and the empirical expressions of mean isomagnetics can never be exact representatives of magnetic state of the whole country, the disturbing forces calculated as above are attended with greater uncertainty than the magnetic elements themselves. Hence much discretion is required in drawing any inference from them.

We have seen that the mean probable errors of a single observation are ± 6.46 , ± 5.47 , ± 73.2 , for declination, dip and horizontal intensity, while those of the calculated values depend upon the co-ordinates of stations, amounting in extreme cases to more than double the above magnitudes. As already remarked, however, those probable errors are rather due to the disturbing forces themselves than to errors of observations; it would seem that they can be more relied upon than is indicated by the sole assumption of promiscuous occurrence of errors in the applied method of least squares. The directions of those disturbing forces are still more uncertain than their intensities, especially in places where they are small, in the extreme case of which they become altogether indeterminate.

Distribution of these forces in different regions, when the stations are taken in sufficient number to represent the main characteristics, can not fail to be of interest for the physics of the earth's crust. As they now stand, it is difficult to co-ordinate them with anything like satisfaction. The rapidity with which they vary from place to place, as is seen in the neighbourhood of Huzi and Asama (see Map 10), shows us what a rough approximation we come to by simple interpolation or inspection. Crude as they are, they may be better than nothing, and when studied in connection with collateral facts and interpreted with proper

precaution, may lead us to thoughts with regard to tectonic conditions which might otherwise lie too hidden for our mental sight.

The above cited English magneticians have inaugurated a convenient nomenclature to designate various groups of disturbing forces; according to them, a place is called a magnetic ridge or peak when disturbing forces converge towards it, and a valley when they diverge from it. In land topography an eye estimate is of great help: even from a few barometric determinations of heights on prominent points, a fairly approximate set of contour lines can be drawn in this way. In magnetic survey we are utterly deprived of such means; the circumstance is even worse than that of sea sounding, where nothing but the depths of observed points can be known; for we do not get what corresponds to depths and heights directly, but only what corresponds to *slopes or rates of gradient*. If a magnetic survey could be so extended as to enable us to draw equipotentials of the disturbing forces, the ridges and valleys would become more distinct. In the absence of such we are much involved in ambiguity at present. Thus if there are numbers of stations which give disturbing forces pointing in the same direction, we are not certain whether this is due to attraction to the one side or repulsion from the other.

In *Kitakami Plateau* in the north east of Honsyū, this is exemplified. Almost all disturbing forces round this plateau diverge from it, showing apparently the presence of a magnetic valley along its length as indicated by the thick dotted line. But looking on the west, the station No. 185, Kakunodate, has a disturbing force pointing towards the east, we are thus called upon to reflect whether the observed disturbances along the banks of the Kitakami River (Nos. 165, 166, 167, 168) are due to re-

pulsions from the plateau or attractions towards the volcanic range which runs parallel to it on the west side.

Again the disturbance observed in Miyako, No. 176, looks so singular among its neighbouring stations in having its direction contrary to the rest, that some arithmetical mistake was suspected; a close examination into the notes shows no such blunder; turning to the previous observations of Knott and Nagaoka, which were made in a different part of the town across the river, even a greater effect in the same sense is found. Whether this disturbance is limited to the vicinity of the place, or extends along the coast, must be found by further observations; if the latter be the case, there will be a ridge along the coast probably running partly in the sea, and what is apparently a valley line in the middle of the plateau may turn out to be nothing but a magnetic plane.

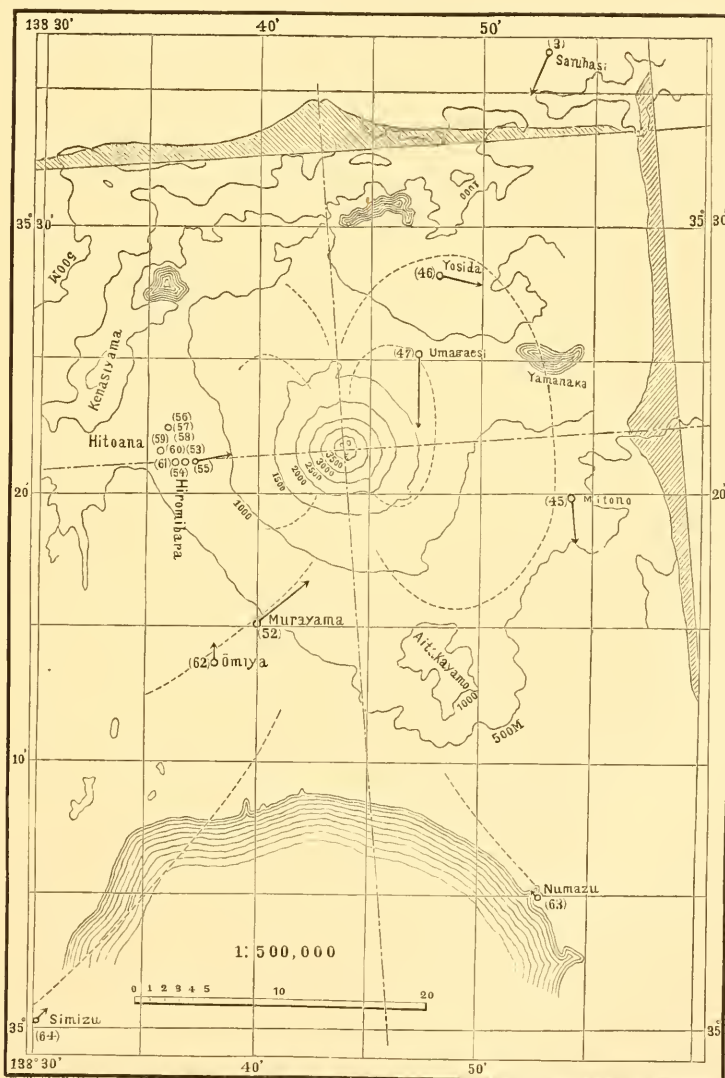
The existence of such a ridge along the edge of a district of older geological formation is suggested by the presence of a similar line on the north coast of the granitic region of Tyūgoku. This ridge in Sanindō would seem as if to have continued with that along the coast of Hokurikudō, had it not been obliterated in the middle by the rupturous entrance of Wakasa Bay.

Remarks similar to those apply to all the ridge and valley lines marked on the map; their details are scarcely worth mentioning, suffice it to say that they are no more than traits of the writer's imagination.

Approximate lines of Force:—In the island of Sikoku and Peninsula of Kisyū, the disturbing forces seem to be arranged so systematically, that an attempt is made to draw approximate lines of force by tracing their envelope in a rudimentary way. (see Map 10). Though those lines appear to show a submarine source of disturbance off the Pacific coast, our results are yet too

premature to make any definite statement. Let it be remarked however, that this region is peculiar—as being the most extensive part which is free from volcanic rocks, and still there is a record of a remarkable submergence of the south coast of Tosa during

Fig. 16.
Huzi District.



an earthquake in the fall of 684 A.D. Similar attempt is made in the Huzi district as shown in Fig. 16, though the points of observation are so few and disturbances so great that the map is to be looked upon only as a mere suggestion.

Map 11 at the end of the volume represents the geological aspect of the country, it can be slipped under the Map 10 or any of the maps of equal declinations, dips, or horizontal intensities.



APPENDIX
COMPLETE LIST
OF
MAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS

1893—1896

Reduced to

1895.0 and SEA LEVEL

Errata to the Appendix.

Page.	(2)	Oct. 19 th 7 ^h 1 ^m in δ ,	for	4° 22' 4''	read	4° 22' 6''.
„	(3)	June 26 th 19 ^h 22 ^m .4 in δ ,	„	4° 27' 37''	„	4° 29' 37''.
„	(5)	July 18 th 19 ^h 48 ^m .8 in δ ,	„	4° 23' 41''	„	4° 22' 41''.
„	(7)	line 3 from top,	„	Time	„	Time.
„	(8)	July 4 th 19 ^h 43 ^m .4 in Mean Temp.,	„	26.°3	„	26.°0.
„	(9)	Oct. 18 th 9 ^h 55 ^m in H,	„	0.28703	„	0.29703.
„	(9)	Oct. 18 th 14 ^h 22 ^m in H,	„	0.26746	„	0.29746.
„	(10)	Sept. 6 th 23 ^h 50 ^m in H,	„	0.28916	„	0.29816.
„	(10)	Sept. 7 th 8 ^h 13 ^m in φ_2 ,	„	3 46 38.8	„	13 46 38.8.
„	(10)	Sept. 6 th 8 ^h 13 ^m in Observer,	„	Hatori	„	Hattori.
„	(13)	Table 3,	„	East	„	South.
„	(14)	July 8 th 23 ^h 44 ^m .8 in Observer,	„	Ōmore	„	Ōmori.
„	(14)	θ ,	„	40.2	„	46'2.
„	(17)	θ Reduction to Sea Level,	„	0.06	„	-0.06.
„	(19)	9 Karuisawa,	„	East	„	East.
„	(20)	11 Ueda,	„	West	„	East.
„	(20)	Line 2 from bottom,	„	0.03	„	-0.03.
„	(22)	Line 4 from bottom,	„	29'4	„	29'07.
„	(27)	Dip in Date and Hour,	„	July	„	Oct.
„	(27)	H in Date and Hour,	„	3 ^h	„	3 rd .
„	(35)	Table 2,	„	δ	„	θ .
„	(36)	Aug. 22 nd 10 ^h 4 ^m .2 in Observer,	„	Yakamura	„	Nakamura.
„	(37)	25 Niigata,	„	23 th	„	23 rd .
„	(38)	Dip in Date and Hour,	„	23 nd	„	23 rd .
„	(40)	Aug. 30 th 2 ^h 9 ^m in Observer,	„	Kimuraa	„	Kimura.
„	(41)	Dip,	„	South	„	East,
		and	„	1894	„	1893.
„	(41)	Aug. 30 th 10 ^h 15 ^m in Mean Temp.,	„	30.2	„	31.4.
„	(41)	Aug. 30 th 10 ^h 15 ^m in Temp. t_D ,	„	31.4	„	30.2.
„	(41)	Declination in Date and Hour,	„	31 th	„	31 st .
„	(42)	Horizontal Intensity,	„	Temp.	„	Temp.,
		and	„	Recorder	„	Recorder.
„	(42)	Sept. 1 st 5 ^h 51 ^m in Mean Temp.,	„	29.0	„	22.0.
„	(42)	Sept. 1 st 5 ^h 51 ^m in Observer,	„	Yakamura	„	Nakamura.

Page.	(43)	Sept. 3 rd , 18 ^h 6 ^m in φ_2 ,	for	15 56 61,	read	15 56 51.9.
"	(44)	Sept. 6 ^h 13 ^h 44 ^m in Mean Temp.,	"	25.°6	"	26.°6.
"	(44)	Sept. 6 ^h 13 ^h 44 ^m in Temp. t_v ,	"	25.°7	"	27.°5.
"	(44)	Sept, 7 th 23 ^h 54 ^m in Observer,	"	Midzuzma	"	Midzusima.
"	(45)	Declination in Sea level,	"	0.06	"	-0.06.
"	(48)	Declination,	"	1896	"	1893.
"	(50)	Sept. 13 th 11 ^h 1 ^m in Mean Temp.,	"	26.2	"	21.2.
"	(52)	Horizontal Intensity,	"	South	"	East.
"	(55)	Horizontal Intensity,	"	South	"	East.
"	(58)		"	Delection	"	Declination.
"	(59)	Declination,	"	1895	"	1893.
"	(65)	July 12 th 17 ^h in Date and Hour,	"	3.1 ^m	"	31 ^m .
"	(71)	60 and 61 in Sea level,	"	0.08	"	-0.08.
"	(72)	Dip, in Reduction to Sea Level,	"	0.01	"	-0.01.
"	(73)	Dip, in Date and Hour,	"	July	"	July.
"	(76)	Dip, in Sea Level,	"	0.02	"	-0.02.
"	(76)	Declination in δ ,	"	4° 28'9	"	4° 29'0.
"	(77)	Dip, in Reduction to 1895.0,	"	0.43	"	-0.43.
"	(78)	Horizontal Intensity in Date and Hour,	"	29 th	"	30 th .
"	(81)	Addition to Table 3, Observations of the Seto sea party, 1896.				
"	(83)	Dip in Reduction to 1895.0,	"	0.99	"	-0.99.
"	(84)	Declination,	"	West party, 1893	"	Kinki party, 1896.
"	(88)	Declination in Date and Hour,	"	25 nd	"	25 th .
"	(92)	Aug. 15 th 8 ^h 5 ^m in Observer,	"	Uziik	"	Uziie.
"	(94)	Horizontal Intensity in Date and Hour,	"	22 th	"	22 nd .
"	(94)	Aug. 23 nd ,	"	16 ^h 2 ^m	"	16 ^h 21 ^m .
"	(95)	Dip in θ ,	"	11'6	"	11'1.
"	(95)	Declination,	"	25 th	"	26 th .
"	(95)	Aug. 26 th 16 ^h 30 ^m in δ ,	"	"	"	4.°.
"	(96)	Aug. 28 th 13 ^h 29 ^m in Time of 1-Vibn.,	"	56.732	"	5.6732.
"	(97)	Aug. 30 th 15 ^h 26 ^m in Mean Temp.,	"	27.°CC	"	29.°CC.
"	(98)	Declination,	"	Daet	"	Date.
"	(100)	Declination in δ ,	"	49'0	"	49'80.
"	(101)	July 15 th 22 ^h 2 ^m in M,	"	424.23	"	422.43.
"	(101)	Nagahama,	"	July 18 ^h 24 ^m	"	July 16 th 18 ^h 24 ^m .
"	(101)	Nagahama in θ ,	"	59° 7'0	"	49° 7'0.

Page.	(102)	Declination in Date and Hour,	for 3rd	read	„
„	(103)	Sept. 13 th 15 ^h 29 ^m ,	„ 20.8	„	30.8.
„	(103)	Horizontal Intensity in Mean,	„ 0.30221	„	0.30321.
„	(104)	Dip in θ ,	„ 56 ^h 35	„	56 ^h 39.
„	(108)	Horizontal Intensity,	„ Wazima party, 95.,	„	West party, 1893.
„	(118)	Dip Aug. 18 th ,	„ 47 ^m	„	47 ^m .
„	(119)	July 21 st 16 ^h 53 ^m .4 in Observer,	„ Tanakedata	„	Tanakadate.
„	(120)	Dip,	„ 22 th	„	22 nd .
„	(120)	Declination,	„ 24 nd	„	24 th .
„	(122)	Horizontal Intensity in Time of 1-Vibr.,	„ 5.99317	„	5.9931.
„	(124)	Dip in Sea level,	„ 0.12	„	0.02.
„	(124)	Dip in θ ,	„ 57° 35'0	„	57° 34'9.
„	(124)	Horizontal Intensity in Sea level,	„ 1029	„	147.
„	(124)	Horizontal Intensity in H,	„ 0.26595	„	0.26586.
„	(124)	Table 4,	„ 9	„	8.
„	(128)	Horizontal Intensity in φ_1 ,	„ 7 33 36.2	„	7 32 36.2.
„	(131)	Horizontal Intensity,	„ West	„	North.
„	(140)	Dip in Date and Hour,	„ 2 nd	„	2 nd .
„	(140)	Dip in Date and Hour,	„ 3 th	„	3 rd .
„	(140)	Horizontal Intensity in Date and Hour,	„ 2 rd	„	2 nd .
„	(140)	Horizontal Intensity in Date and Hour,	„ 3 th	„	3 rd .
„	(153)	Declination in Date and Hour,	„ „ „ 4 41.1	„	Aug. 1 st 4 41.1.
„	(163)	Declination in Date and Hour,	„ 4.22	„	42.2.
„	(166)	Siranuka,	„ Coffice	„	Office.
„	(174)	Table 4 in φ_1 ,	„ 6 39 6.6	„	6 39 6.9
„	(174)	Table 4 in Temp. t_D ,	„ 151	„	15.1.
„	(175)	Table 1,	„ Deflection	„	Deflection.
„	(175)	Table 2,	„ 1894	„	1895.
„	(176)	Table 4 in Mean Temp.,	„ 25.59	„	26.09.
„	(177)	Table 2 in Observer,	„ Kotō	„	Katō.
„	(190)	Akka,	„ vegetable	„	Vegetable.
„	(191)	Table 1,	„ 9	„	8.
„	(197)	Kesenuma Syuttyō (1) in Date and Hour,	„ 12 st	„	31 st .
„	(199)	Table 3 from top in Date and Hour,	„ 19 ^m	„	47 ^m .
„	(199)	Table 6 from top,	„ Hour	„	Hour.

Page.	(199)	Table 6 from top in θ ,	for	$51^{\circ} 46\frac{1}{4}$	read	$52^{\circ} 34\frac{1}{9}$.
"	(205)	Table 2 in θ ,	"	$53^{\circ} 33\frac{1}{8}$	"	$53^{\circ} 33\frac{7}{8}$.
"	(205)	Akita Syuttyō (Dip) in Recorder,	"	Sinzō	"	Sinzūō.
"	(207)	Declination in Date and Hour,	"	4th	"	"
"	(207)	Declination in Reduction to 1895.0,	"	1.47	"	-1.47.
"	(210)	Declination in δ ,	"	$5^{\circ} 30' 4''$	"	$5^{\circ} 30' 43''$.
"	(212)	Declination in Date and Hour,	"	" " 8 1.99	"	" " 8 19.9.
"	(215)	Horizontal Intensity in Recorder,	"	Sinzō	"	Sinzūō.
"	(218)	Makado Syuttyō,	"	needle	"	needle.
"	(221)	Table 3 from Top,	"	Easte	"	East.
"	(221)	198,	"	Fukaya	"	Hukaya.
"	(222)	Horizontal Intensity in Date and Hour,	"	8 33	"	6 33.
"	(222)	199 Sakura,	"	ground	"	ground.
"	(232)	Hukusima,	"	207.	"	209.
"	(233)	Yonezawa,	"	North	"	South.
"	(236)	Sakata,	"	613	"	213.
"	(242)	Horizontal Intensity,	"	1894	"	1895.
"	(253)	Declination in δ ,	"	5 59 42	"	4 59 42.
"	(254)	Declination in δ ,	"	" 31 7	"	" 31 37.
"	(256)	Declination in δ ,	"	" 4 18	"	" 4 41.
"	(259)	θ ,	"	$49^{\circ} 2\frac{1}{2}$	"	$49^{\circ} 2\frac{1}{9}$.
"	(260)	Horizontal Intensity,	"	Temp. t_v	"	Temp. t_D .
"	(261)	Horizontal Intensity in Temp. t_D ,	"	327C	"	32 ^o .7C.
"	(264)	Line 28 from top,	"	1865.0	"	1895.0.
"	(271)	Dip in θ ,	"	$46^{\circ} 56.\frac{2}{10}$	"	$46^{\circ} 56\frac{1}{10}$.
"	(278)	Horizontal Intensity in Temp. t_D ,	"	30°C	"	30. ^o 4C.
"	(279)	Declination in δ	"	" 34 0	"	" 34 30.
"	(284)	Table 4 from top in Temp. t_v ,	"	3 ^o .83C	"	38. ^o 3C.
"	(287)	θ ,	"	$49^{\circ} 39\frac{1}{3}$	"	$49^{\circ} 32\frac{1}{3}$.
"	(288)	Horizontal Intensity,	"	1895	"	1896.
"	(290)	Matue Syuttyō in Mean,	"	0.28217	"	0.30468.
"	(291)	Dip in Sea level,	"	10.01	"	-0.01.
"	(294)	269,	"	Hamabata	"	Hamahata.
"	(294)	Hamahata,	"	Horur	"	Hour.
"	(302)	Horizontal Intensity,	"	dg	"	by.
"	(329)	Declination, in Recorder,	"	Hottori	"	Hattori.
"	(331)	Declination in Recorder,	"	Hattori	"	Hattori.
"	(332)	Declination,	"	Wast	"	West.

1 a TOKYO.

Play ground of Tōkyō Imperial University (東京帝國大學運動場).

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 4 ^h 6 ^h 32 ^m	4 36' 37"	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 9 14	" 24 41	"	Kimura
" " 15 35	" 35 21	"	Midzusima
" " 18 56	" 32 7	"	"
Mean.	4 31' 6"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 31' 10'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.27 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^{\circ} 32' 4'' \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 4 ^h 5 ^h 45 ^m	4 33' 26"	Noda	Noda
" " 6 5	" 31 42	"	"
" " 7 14	" 34 44	"	"
" " 8 15	" 27 26	"	"
" " 11 25	" 35 45	Turuta	Udzio
" " 14 44	" 27 51	Iwaoka	"
" " 18 57	" 21 45	"	"
Mean.	4 30' 42"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 30' 70'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.27 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^{\circ} 32' 0'' \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 10 ^h 18 ^h 40 ^m	4 24' 30"	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 18 55	" 23 26	"	Noda
" " 20 1	" 24 9	"	"
" " 20 28	" 25 54	"	"
" " 21 9	" 24 50	"	"
" " 21 31	" 25 54	"	"
" 11 0 47	" 22 14	"	Iwaoka
" " 1 7	" 23 35	"	"
" " 6 16	" 24 17	"	"
" " 6 42	" 22 3	"	"
" " 7 46	" 20 23	"	Turuta
" " 8 15	" 20 47	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 8 27	" 22 30	"	"
" " 9 55	" 23 34	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 10 15	" 22 7	Turuta	"
" " 10 30	" 22 34	Iwaoka	"
" " 10 54	" 24 7	"	"
" " 11 46	" 25 2	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 11 58	" 24 50	Iwaoka	Turuta
To be continued.			

Continued.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 11 th 12 ^h 10 ^m	4° 25' 11"	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 13 0	" 25 2	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 13 17	" 26 3	"	"
" " 14 13	" 25 38	"	Turuta
" " 14 28	" 24 23	"	Iwaoka
" " 15 36	" 24 14	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 15 50	" 24 8	"	"
" " 16 4	" 23 59	"	"
" " 16 54	" 24 26	"	"
" " 17 6	" 24 26	"	"
" " 17 53	" 24 13	"	"
" " 18 8	" 24 45	"	"
" " 19 58	" 24 43	"	"
" " 20 14	" 23 48	"	"
" " 21 1	" 24 5	"	"
" " 21 39	" 24 13	"	Iwaoka
" " 22 53	" 24 13	"	"
" " 22 16	" 23 23	"	"
" 12 th 8 15	" 19 35	"	"
Mean	4° 23' 14"		

	$\delta = 4$	23/23
Reduction to	1895.0 =	1.04
" " sea level =		0.00
	$\delta = 4$	24/3

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 18 th 16 ^h 23 ^m	4° 24' 31"	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 17 14	" 24 22	"	"
" " 19 40	" 23 36	"	"
" " 21 22	" 23 40	"	"
" " 22 32	" 22 10	"	"
" " 23 14	" 22 13	"	"
" 19 th 6 20	" 22 6	"	Iwaoka
" " 6 39	" 22 5	"	"
" " 7 1	" 22 4	"	"
" " 9 3	" 20 48	"	Turuta
" " 10 57	" 20 25	Turuta	"
" " 11 6	" 23 10	Iwaoka	"
" " 11 19	" 24 31	"	"
" " 12 13	" 25 48	"	Omori
" " 12 36	" 26 34	"	"
" " 14 14	" 26 5	"	"
" " 15 34	" 23 57	"	"
" " 16 36	" 22 41	"	Iwaoka
" " 18 0	" 23 17	"	"
" " 19 44	" 23 19	Turuta	Turuta
" " 21 13	" 23 31	Iwaoka	"
" " 22 48	" 23 15	"	"
" 20 th 6 28	" 21 57	"	Iwaoka
" " 7 7	" 21 20	"	"
" " 7 47	" 20 11	"	"
" " 8 35	" 19 27	"	"
	To be continued		

Continued.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 26 th 8 ^h 45 ^m	4 20' 10"	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 9 15	" 20 13	"	"
" " 9 35	" 20 11	"	"
" " 9 47	" 19 30	"	"
" " 10 18	" 20 53	"	"
" " 10 36	" 21 24	"	"
" " 10 51	" 22 48	"	"
" " 11 15	" 23 29	"	"
" " 11 30	" 23 8	"	"
Mean	4 22' 48"		

$$\begin{array}{r} \delta = 4^{\circ} 22' 50 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.02 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.60 \\ \hline \delta = 4^{\circ} 23' 8 \end{array}$$

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
June 26 th 8 ^h 39.7 ^m	4 19' 12"	"	"
" " 11 1.8	" 25 17	"	"
" " 14 0.2	" 27 29	"	"
" " 17 11.4	" 24 47	"	"
" " 20 15.9	" 24 44	"	"
" 27 th 5 28.3	" 22 38	"	"
" " 7 33.2	" 20 33	"	"
" " 10 16.5	" 22 50	"	"
" " 19 54.7	" 25 3	"	"
Mean	4 23' 39"		

$$\begin{array}{r} \delta = 4^{\circ} 23' 55 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 0.44 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.60 \\ \hline \delta = 4^{\circ} 24' 1 \end{array}$$

Observations of the south party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
June 26 th 10 ^h 3.4 ^m	4 27' 18"	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 10 24.9	" 28 17	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 12 15.4	" 32 36	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 14 8.6	" 32 39	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 16 33.7	" 30 52	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 17 2.6	" 30 21	"	"
" " 19 22.4	" 27 37	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 20 12.8	" 30 8	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 21 35.4	" 29 44	"	Nakamura
" 27 th 5 47.9	" 27 30	"	"
" " 6 52.8	" 25 35	"	"
" " 8 2.9	" 26 44	"	"
" " 9 56.7	" 28 10	Imamura	"
" " 12 13.2	" 32 10	"	Imamura
" " 13 15.7	" 34 41	"	"
" " 14 34.2	" 33 14	"	"
" " 16 29.7	" 31 13	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 17 17.7	" 31 1	"	Imamura
Mean	4 29' 49"		

$$\begin{array}{r} \delta = 4^{\circ} 29' 51 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 0.44 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.60 \\ \hline \delta = 4^{\circ} 30' 2 \end{array}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 12 ^h 19 ^m 29.6 ^m	4 28' 24"	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 21 27.5	" 28 14	"	"
" " 13 ^h 6 26.1	" 26 26	Nakamura	"
" " 8 11.7	" 25 54	Imamura	Imamura
" " 8 59.2	" 25 4	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 10 34.5	" 26 23	Imamura	Imamura
" " 11 30.7	" 28 25	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 13 51.0	" 30 6	Imamura	Imamura
" " 15 53.6	" 27 53	"	"
" " 13 18.1	" 31 8	"	"
" " 13 46.9	" 30 53	"	"
" " 16 30.4	" 23 24	"	"
" " 13 41.3	" 23 31	"	"
Mean	4 27' 48"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 27' 80 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.18 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^\circ 28' 0 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour. (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 20 th 8 ^h 45.9 ^m	4° 20' 57"	Imamura	Imamura
" " 9 4.1	" 20 35	"	"
" " 10 1.5	" 21 11	"	"
" " 11 15.8	" 23 10	"	"
" " 12 31.1	" 25 45	"	"
" " 13 31.8	" 26 58	"	"
" " 14 45.9	" 26 8	"	"
" " 15 57.4	" 24 26	"	"
" " 17 21.0	" 23 20	Imamura	Imamura
" " 18 24.1	" 23 25	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 19 36.5	" 23 31	"	"
" " 20 46.7	" 23 27	"	"
" " 21 38.5	" 22 58	"	"
" " 21 st 0 45.3	" 23 9	"	"
" " 6 16.4	" 23 59	"	"
" " 7 55.4	" 21 33	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 8 55.7	" 19 48	Imamura	Imamura
" " 10 2.8	" 19 31	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 10 50.0	" 21 28	"	"
" " 11 35.4	" 23 58	"	"
Mean	4° 23' 25"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 23' 41 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.17 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^\circ 23' 6 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
June 23 rd 10 ^h 35 ^m	4 25' 17"	"	"
" " 14 19	" 29 32	"	"
" " 24 ^h 6 13	" 18 18	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 7 13	" 17 28	Sinzyō	"
" " 14 4	" 30 24	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean	4 22' 31"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 22' 51 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.41 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^\circ 22' 1 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	17 th	10 ^h	16.1 ^m	4°	22'	11''	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10	52.4	"	22	57	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	12	13.7	"	26	22	"	"
"	"	16	3.9	"	25	9	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16	18.4	"	24	44	"	"
"	"	17	32.4	"	23	16	"	"
"	"	18	17.4	"	22	58	"	Tamaru
"	"	21	22.4	"	24	14	Tamaru	"
"	18 ^h	5	4.6	"	22	2	"	"
"	"	5	55.1	"	20	32	"	"
"	"	7	55.6	"	20	22	"	"
"	"	9	4.8	"	22	8	"	"
"	"	10	10.7	"	23	44	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11	28.1	"	25	14	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	12	4.6	"	25	12	"	Imamura
"	"	13	25.9	"	27	5	Imamura	"
"	"	14	26.4	"	26	29	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	15	13.4	"	25	49	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	16	12.4	"	24	42	Imamura	"
"	"	17	24.9	"	23	47	"	"
"	"	18	25.7	"	23	27	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19	48.8	"	23	41	"	"
Mean				4	23'	43''		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 23/71 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.46 \\
 \text{,, ,, sea level} = 0.00 \\
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 23.2
 \end{array}$$

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	6 ^h	11 ^h	16 ^m	4°	25'	30''	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	12	0	"	25	43	"	"
"	"	13	3	"	25	9	"	"
"	"	14	1	"	22	5	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	16	20	"	22	18	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	18	3	"	21	10	"	"
"	"	18	57	"	21	58	"	"
"	"	20	31	"	22	0	"	"
"	"	22	30	"	21	53	"	Sinzyō
"	"	23	17	"	21	38	Hattori	"
"	7 ^h	4	4	"	20	4	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	6	20	"	19	28	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	6	48	"	19	1	"	"
"	"	9	2	"	22	13	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	11	11	"	23	55	"	Imamura
Mean				4°	22'	25''		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 22/41 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.43 \\
 \text{,, ,, sea level} = 0.00 \\
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 21.0
 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893,

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 4 th 10 ^h 56.6 ^m	1	48° 52.4	Ōmori	Midzushima
Mean		48° 52.4		

$\theta = 48^\circ 52.4$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.35
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^\circ 53.8$

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 1 st 15 ^h 39 ^m	2	49° 1.4	Iwaoka	Uziie
„ 3 rd 18 58	1	48 57.0	Noda	Turuta
„ 4 th 11 4	2	49 5.8	Turuta	„
„ „ 16 12	3	„ 2.7	„	Iwaoka
Mean		49 1.7		

$\theta = 49^\circ 1.7$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.35
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 49^\circ 3.1$

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 11 th 9 ^h 20 ^m	3	49° 2.8	Turuta	Turuta
„ „ 12 38	3	48 59.5	Iwaoka	„
„ „ 18 53	—	49 2.6	Turuta	Iwaoka
„ 18 th 21 59	—	„ 11.5	„	„
„ 19 th 10 47	—	48 59.2	„	Turuta
„ „ 17 38	—	„ 58.3	Iwaoka	„
„ „ 22 9	—	„ 59.6	Turuta	Iwaoka
Mean		49° 1.0		

$\theta = 49^\circ 1.9$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.08
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 49^\circ 3.0$

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 26 th 22 ^h 33 ^m	1	49 1.4	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
„ 27 9 23	2	„ 4.2	„	„
Mean		49 2.8		

$\theta = 49^\circ 2.8$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.46
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 49^\circ 3.3$

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 26 th 15 ^h 39.8 ^m	2	49 3.9	Imamura	Imamura
„ 27 th 9 14.5	1	„ 13.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
„ „ 10 27.5	1	„ 8.7	Imamura	Imamura
„ „ 17 5.2	1	„ 12.7	Nakamura	„
Mean		49° 9.6		

$\theta = 49^\circ 9.6$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.47
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 49^\circ 10.1$

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 13 ^h 10 ^h 40.8 ^m	2	49° 7.5	Imamura	Imamura
" 20 ^h 12 11.4	2	" 7.6	"	"
" " 19 11.4	2	" 14.6	Nakamura	Nakamura
" 21 st 10 33.2	2	" 13.5	"	"
" 22 nd 9 0.7	2	" 10.4	Imamura	Imamura
" " 13 57.2	2	" 13.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		49 11.1		

$$\begin{array}{r} \theta = 49 \quad 11.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad 0.18 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\ \hline 49 \quad 11.3 \end{array}$$

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 23 rd 15 ^h 42 ^m	1	49° 19.7	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 18 36	1	48° 55.6	Tanakadate	"
" 24 ^h 10 39	2	49 2.2	Katō	"
" " 11 57	2	48 59.7	"	"
Mean		49° 4.3		

$$\begin{array}{r} \theta = 49 \quad 4.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad -0.43 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 49 \quad 3.9 \end{array}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 23 rd	1	49 5.3	Imamura	Tamarn

$$\begin{array}{r} \theta = 49 \quad 5.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad -0.43 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 49 \quad 4.9 \end{array}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 17 ^h 21 ^h 45 ^m	1	49° 2.5	Tamarn	Tamarn
" " 17 11	1	" 4.5	Imamura	Imamura
" 18 ^h 11 1	1	" 0.6	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		49 2.5		

$$\begin{array}{r} \theta = 49 \quad 2.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad -0.49 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 49 \quad 2.0 \end{array}$$

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Nov. 6 ^h 15 ^h 47 ^m	2	49° 3.0	Sano	{ Sano
" 7 ^h 9 42	2	" 2.5	Sutō	{ Sutō
" " 16 54	2	" 0.5	Sano	{ Sano
Mean		49° 2.0		

$$\begin{array}{r} \theta = 49 \quad 2.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad -1.66 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 49 \quad 0.3 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of *M*.)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 3 rd 9 ^h 53.6 ^m	0.29613	498.30	31.6C	^s 5.4180	32.4C	7 17' 17".5	16 32' 57".5	30.7C	{ Ōmori { Midzusima Nakamura Midzusima Nakamura	{ Tanakadate Ōmori Midzusima Ōmori Kimura
" 4 th 14 17.0	0.29810	477.93	32.0	5.5183	32.6	7 1 39.4	15 44 29.4	31.5		
" " 19 43.4	0.29654	475.55	26.3	5.5244	26.0	6 59 7.5	15 54 40.6	26.0		
" " 23 8.4	*0.29687	479.55	24.7	5.5235	24.7	(6 1 3.8	15 58 23.9	22.8)		
Mean	0.29691									

$$H = 0.29691$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 670$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29698$$

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 2 nd 23 ^h 46 ^m	0.29637	487.58	24.5C	^s 5.5286	24.5C	7 4' 0".0	16 7' 16".2	24.6C	{ Iwaoka { Turuta Iwaoka Turuta Iwaoka	{ Uzio " Turuta Iwaoka Turuta
" 3 rd 9 55	*0.29693	482.64	32.7	5.5496	32.7	(6 56 49.0	16 2 19.0	30.9)		
" " 15 16	0.29723	481.95	34.0	5.5501	35.4	6 59 18.8	15 59 5.0	32.7		
" 4 th 14 21	0.29663	470.73	33.0	5.6224	34.6	6 49 32.0	15 34 55.0	31.4		
" " 19 59	0.29822	472.61	25.6	5.5990	25.7	6 49 46.2	15 36 27.5	25.5	"	"
" 5 th 0 47	*0.29788	473.00	23.8	5.5761	23.8	(6 50 25.0	15 37 41.3	24.1)	"	"
Mean	0.29721									

$$H = 0.29721$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 670$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29728$$

Observations of the West Party, 1893

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 19 th 8 ^h 9 ^m	0.29750	451.90	21.4C	^s 5.7322	21.4C	6 33' 3".5	14 57' 56".0	21.3	{ Iwaoka " Turuta Iwaoka	{ Iwaoka Ōmori " Iwaoka Turuta
" " 13 50	0.29743	448.86	30.5	5.7531	30.7	6 30 3.8	14 50 32.5	30.3		
" " 16 12	0.29748	449.60	28.3	5.7493	29.3	6 31 3.1	14 53 1.9	27.4		
" " 19 13	0.29727	451.95	21.6	5.7345	21.8	6 33 11.3	14 57 48.1	21.3		
Mean	0.29742									

$$H = 0.29742$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 530$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29748$$

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June. 26 th 16 ^h 17.0 ^m	0.29704	457.98	30.9C	^s 5.6515	31.0C	6 39' 31".0	15 7' 2".5	30.8C	{ Tanakadate " "	{ Tanakadate " "
" 27 0 34.8	*0.29731	459.25	23.8	5.6406	23.8	—	—	—		
" 28 7 42.0	0.29689	458.89	26.0	5.6449	25.5	5 4 34.0	15 9 43.8	26.5		
Mean	0.29708									

$$H = 0.29708$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 231$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29711$$

Observations of the South Party, 1891.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 26 th 11 ^h 53 ^m	0.29749	442.00	33.7C	5.7974	34.1C	6 23'42"5	14 35'19"4	33.3C	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 18 52	0.29789	444.03	26.2	5.7796	26.6	6 25'32.5	14 40'17.5	25.9	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 27 th 8 23	0.29785	443.31	25.8	5.7844	26.1	6 24'49.0	14 38'24.0	25.6	"	"
Mean	0.29774									

$$\begin{aligned}
 &H = 0.29774 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 232 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 38 \\
 \hline
 &H = 0.29777
 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1891.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 15 th 17 ^h 39 ^m	0.29724	440.29	20.5C	5.8089	20.4C	6 22'40"0	14 32'51"9	20.6C	Katō Imamura	Imamura Katō
" " 18 th 9 55	0.28703	440.04	21.0	5.8124	20.7	6 22'36.9	14 32'41.2	21.3	"	Nakamura
" " 10 44	0.29702	440.11	21.9	5.8124	21.7	6 22'40.6	14 32'46.9	22.1	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 11 29	0.29692	439.77	22.5	5.8155	22.4	6 22'23.1	14 31'55.0	22.7	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 12 6	0.29700	439.57	22.5	5.8161	22.4	6 22'13.8	14 31'45.6	22.6	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 14 22	0.26746	438.97	24.2	5.8189	25.7	6 21'39.4	14 30'40.6	22.8	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 14 51	0.29725	439.69	22.2	5.8137	22.6	6 22'10.6	14 31'41.9	21.8	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 16 0	0.29740	440.73	19.7	5.8048	19.8	6 22'51.2	14 33'12.5	19.6	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 16 53	0.29705	440.94	18.5	5.8065	18.4	6 23'20.6	14 34'8.1	18.5	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 19 9	0.29687	441.51	16.7	5.8047	16.8	6 24'14.4	14 36'18.1	16.7	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 20 3	0.29687	440.82	17.5	5.8091	17.5	6 23'43.8	14 35'21.9	17.4	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 19 ^h 2 37	0.29712	442.60	14.0	5.7949	14.1	6 24'47.5	14 37'23.1	13.9	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 3 18	0.29739	442.03	14.2	5.7963	14.4	6 24'26.9	14 37'23.1	14.0	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 4 10	0.29728	442.02	14.2	5.7965	14.0	6 24'23.8	14 37'8.1	14.4	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 5 45	0.29721	442.17	14.4	5.7969	14.5	6 24'34.4	14 37'20.0	14.3	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 7 7	0.29721	441.96	14.6	5.7972	14.2	6 24'16.9	14 36'45.0	15.0	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.29715									

$$\begin{aligned}
 &H = 0.29715 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 092 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 38 \\
 \hline
 &H = 0.29716
 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 23 rd 10 ^h 57.0 ^a	0.29732	435.81	23.2C	5.7881	22.8C	6 19'35"0	14 20'43"8	23.6C	..	..

$$\begin{aligned}
 &H = 0.29732 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -212 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 38 \\
 \hline
 &H = 0.29730
 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 23 rd 5 ^h 17 ^s	0.29779	436.53	21.1 C	5.8284	21.0 C	6 19'57.6	14 25'13.71	21.2 C	..	..

$$H = 0.29779$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -212$$

$$\text{,, ,, sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29777$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 17 th 18 ^h 55 ^m	0.29776	434.55	23.4 C	5.8427	23.6 C	6 17'15.0	14 20'40.6	23.3 C	Tamaru	Imamura
,, 18 th 14 54	0.29787	432.88	28.0	5.8532	28.2	6 15 46.3	14 17 36.9	27.8	Imamura	,,
,, ,, 20 55	0.29766	433.70	25.4	5.8491	25.4	6 16 35.0	14 19 12.5	25.4	Tamaru	Nakamura
Mean	0.29776									

$$H = 0.29776$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -243$$

$$\text{,, ,, sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29774$$

Observations of the Seto sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Nov. 6 th 13 ^h 26.4 ^m	0.29851	405.21	18.3 C	6.0611	19.2 C	5 53'33.78	13 20'46.72	17.5 C	Sano Sutō	Sutō Sano
,, 7 th 9 0.8	0.29814	408.08	9.8	6.0409	9.1	5 56 13.8	13 26 31.2	9.6	Sano Sutō	Sano Sutō
,, ,, 18 57.9	0.29838	407.47	9.9	6.0436	10.2	5 55 43.1	13 25 45.6	9.7	Sano Sutō	Sano Sutō
Mean	0.29834									

$$H = 0.29834$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -829$$

$$\text{,, ,, sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29826$$

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 6 th 13 ^h 43 ^m	0.29850	416.94	35.1 C	5.9596	35.7 C	6° 1' 17.3	13 43' 8.78	34.5 C	Sinzyō	Hattori
,, ,, 15 25	0.29816	417.26	34.0	5.9601	34.5	6 1 32.5	13 44 8.8	33.6	Hattori	Sinzyō
,, ,, 16 1	0.29836	417.59	33.8	5.9564	34.4	6 1 38.8	13 44 22.5	33.2	Sinzyō	Hattori
,, ,, 15 44	0.29804	417.88	31.9	5.9544	31.6	6 2 1.3	13 45 21.3	32.3	,,	,,
,, ,, 17 31	0.29780	418.4	30.0	5.9551	30.5	6 3 8.8	13 47 56.3	29.6	Hattori	Sinzyō
,, ,, 19 14	0.29816	419.61	27.8	5.9412	27.7	6 3 28.8	13 48 41.3	28.0	,,	,,
,, ,, 20 6	0.29819	419.88	27.5	5.9400	27.7	6 3 45.0	13 49 10.0	27.3	Sinzyō	Hattori
,, ,, 23 11	0.29839	419.80	26.7	5.9385	26.9	6 3 42.5	13 49 30.0	26.6	,,	,,
,, ,, 23 50	0.29816	420.08	26.6	5.9387	26.7	6 4 0.0	13 49 50.0	26.5	Hattori	Sinzyō
,, 7 th 4 42	0.29805	419.84	26.8	5.9412	26.8	6 3 55.0	13 49 42.5	26.8	,,	,,
,, ,, 5 54	0.29817	419.97	26.6	5.9393	26.8	6 3 57.5	13 49 50.0	26.5	Sinzyō	Hattori
,, ,, 6 31	0.29803	419.87	27.2	5.9393	26.8	6 3 48.8	13 49 33.8	27.6	,,	,,
,, ,, 7 37	0.29814	419.54	28.5	5.9429	28.6	6 3 38.8	13 49 13.8	28.4	,,	,,
,, ,, 8 13	0.29793	418.83	30.5	5.9459	29.3	6 2 36.3	13 46 38.8	31.7	Hattori	Sinzyō
,, ,, 8 20	0.29803	418.69	30.5	5.9459	29.3	6 2 30.0	13 46 38.8	31.7	,,	,,
Mean	0.29814									

$$H = 0.29814$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -754$$

$$\text{,, ,, sea level} = 38$$

$$H = 0.29807$$

1 b TŌKYŌ.

Central Meteorological Observatory (中央氣象臺).

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
June	28 th	22 ^h 5 ^m	4'	30'	14''	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	23 13	"	30	50	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	29 th	1 10	"	30	17	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	3 14	"	29	50	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	30 th	10 2	"	25	21	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	11 43	"	29	4	"	Sinzyō
"	"	12 59	"	32	26	"	"
"	"	13 48	"	32	50	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15 18	"	32	27	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	16 42	"	31	1	Imamura	"
"	"	17 46	"	30	12	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	19 2	"	28	35	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	20 11	"	28	55	"	Imamura
"	"	21 22	"	29	37	"	"
"	"	23 49	"	29	19	"	"
July	1 st	4 6	"	28	2	"	"
"	"	6 2	"	26	30	"	"
"	"	7 22	"	26	25	"	"
"	"	8 8	"	25	45	"	"
"	"	9 7	"	25	57	"	Sinzyō
"	"	10 7	"	26	40	"	"
Mean.			4	28'	52''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' \quad 28.87 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.27 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4' \quad 27.6 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
June	30 th	11 ^h 17 ^m	1	49'	1.9	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	17 38	1	"	4.0	Imamura	"
July	1 st	8 53	1	48	58.3	"	"
				49'	1.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49' \quad 1.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.35 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 49' \quad 0.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib _n .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 30 th	0.29844	425.35	24.3C	5.8995	24.8C	6 8'32.75	14 0'33.71	23.9C	{Sinzyō Imamura}	{Imamura Sinzyō}
" "	0.29791	426.61	22.1	5.8951	22.2	6 9 47.5	14 2 48.1	22.0	{Sinzyō Imamura}	{Imamura Sinzyō}
July 1 st	0.29831	423.40	31.2	5.9111	30.4	6 6 3.8	13 54 15.6	31.9	{Imamura Sinzyō}	{Imamura Sinzyō}
0.29822										

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29822 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -671 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 25 \\ \hline H &= 0.29816 \end{aligned}$$

2. HATIŌZI.

Hongō Kawara (本郷河原).

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Declination.			Observer	Recorder
July	5 ^h	23 ^h 21 ^m	4	36'	15''	Nakamura	Ōmori
"	6 ^h	5 42	"	33	57	"	"
"	"	7 28	"	32	7	"	"
"	"	8 33	"	31	51	"	"
"	"	9 24	"	32	24	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	10 37	"	32	16	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	11 46	"	33	19	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	13 21	"	34	28	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	14 45	"	35	9	Nakamura	Ōmori
"	"	16 14	"	34	32	Ōmori	Nakamura
"	"	17 15	"	33	34	"	"
"	7 ^h	0 15	"	35	12	Midzusima	Midzusima
Mean			4	34'	1''		

$\delta = 4$ 34'02

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.33

" " sea level = -0.01

$\delta = 4$ 35'53

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
June	25 ^h	17 ^h 27.6 ^m	4	33'	12''	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	18 4.1	"	33	0	Tamura	"
"	"	19 25.8	"	32	43	Imamura	"
"	"	20 45.0	"	33	8	"	Nakamura
"	"	21 46.0	"	33	16	Nakamura	Tamura
"	"	22 21.5	"	33	38	Imamura	Imamura
"	23 ^h	3 52.4	"	32	18	"	"
"	"	5 26.3	"	30	22	"	"
"	"	6 53.0	"	28	59	"	"
"	"	7 55.2	"	28	57	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9 4.6	"	29	35	Tamura	Tamura
"	"	10 57.6	"	34	35	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11 48.1	"	36	15	"	"
"	"	12 49.3	"	38	26	"	"
"	"	13 56.4	"	38	38	Tamura	Tamura
"	"	14 58.3	"	37	3	"	"
"	"	15 52.1	"	37	23	Nakamura	"
"	"	16 38.2	"	33	50	"	"
Mean			4	34'	3''		

$\delta = 4$ 34'05

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.43

" " sea level = 0.01

$\delta = 4$ 33'36

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	Dip.		Observer	Recorder
July	6 ^h	6 ^h 56.6 ^m	1	49°	1.9	Ōmori	Nakamura
"	"	10 11.6	1	"	5.2	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	2 16.9	1	"	1.5	"	"
"	"	5 28.5	1	48	59.6	Nakamura	Ōmori
Mean				49°	2.1		

$\theta = 49$ ° 2.1

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.19

" " sea level = -0.01

$\theta = 49$ ° 3.3

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 25 ^h 2 ^h 23 ^m	1	48° 59.0	Imamura	Imamura
" 26 ^h 7 26	—	49 6.2	"	"
" " 10 25	1	49 0.4	Tamura	Nakamura
" " 16 17	1	49 2.1	Nakamura	Tamura
Mean		49° 1.9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49 \quad 1.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.39 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \theta &= 49 \quad 1.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 6 ^h 1 ^h 27 ^m	0.29729	479.91	22.7C	5.5174	22.8C	7 0'12.75	16° 5' 0.0	22.7C	Omori	Nakamura
" " 8 17	0.29752	479.51	23.3	5.5176	23.2	6 58 50.6	15 50 7.5	23.3	Nakamura	Omori
" " 11 23	0.29660	478.10	29.3	5.5351	29.5	6 59 50.0	15 54 2.5	29.1	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 15 35	0.29773	476.28	29.0	5.5349	29.2	6 56 56.3	15 47 46.3	28.7	Nakamura	"
Mean	0.29727									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29727 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 678 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 140 \\ H &= 0.29735 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the East Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 25 ^h 18 ^h 48 ^m	0.29786	437.12	20.5C	5.8240	20.5C	6 19'26.79	14 25'54.74	20.5C	Nakamura	Tamura
" " 21 24	0.29794	436.99	20.1	5.8249	20.5	6 19 27.5	14 26 4.4	19.8	Imamura	Nakamura
" 26 ^h 8 37	0.29786	437.19	19.8	5.8238	20.0	6 19 35.2	14 26 16.9	19.7	Tamura	"
" " 15 33	0.29824	436.33	21.1	5.8260	21.4	6 18 32.5	14 24 5.0	20.8	Nakamura	Tamura
Mean	0.2798									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29798 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -219 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 140 \\ H &= 0.29797 \end{aligned}$$

3. SARUHASI.

North bank, 110m. down the bridge. (猿橋ノ下流一町許ノ北岸島中)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Declination	Observer	Recorder
July 8 ^h 11 ^h 57 ^m	5° 14' 22"	Kimura	Omori
" " 12 59	" 15 55	Omori	Midzusima
" " 14 5	" 7 51	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 15 25	" 7 44	"	"
" " 17 2	" 6 17	"	"
" " 17 18	" 5 51	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 18 25	" 4 13	"	"
" " 18 47	" 4 19	"	"
" " 20 52	" 4 5	Midzusima	Omori
" 9 ^h 5 8	" 2 25	"	"
" " 5 58	" 2 22	"	Midzusima
" " 7 7	" 0 30	"	"
" " 8 45	" 0 21	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 10 12	" 2 2	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean	5° 4' 22"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5 \quad 4.33 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.40 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\ \delta &= 5 \quad 5.4 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	Dip.	Observer	Recorder
July	8 ^h 15 ^h 3.8 ^m	1	49° 46.5	Kimura	Nakamura
"	" 23 44.8	1	" 46.1	Omori	"
"	9 ^h 6 36.2	1	" 44.9	Midzusima	Midzusima
Mean			49° 45.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^\circ 45.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.45 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\ \hline \theta &= 49.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
July	8 ^h 12 ^h 43 ^m	0.29195	478.65	25.6C	5.5752	25.7C	7' 9.4	16' 7.1275	25.6C	Midzusima	Omori
"	" 16 36	*0.29156	478.58	24.7	5.5763	24.7	—	—	—	Kimura	Nakamura
"	" 20 26	0.29226	479.30	22.3	5.5684	22.4	7 8 31.9	16 16 6.9	22.2	Nakamura	Kimura
"	9 ^h 8 27	0.29232	477.78	26.3	5.5774	26.6	7 5 27.5	16 6 32.5	26.1	"	"
Mean	0.29202										

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29202 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 924 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 394 \\ \hline H &= 0.29215 \end{aligned}$$

4. KŌHU

In old castle (舊城内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Declination			Observer	Recorder	
July	10 ^h	15 ^h	59 ^m	4 55' 7"	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	17	50	" 52 48	"	"
"	"	18	48	" 52 2	Kimura	Midzusima
"	11 ^h	1	0	" 51 25	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	5	1.6	" 50 3	"	"
"	"	7	14	" 45 10	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	7	33	" 47 23	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	8	57	" 46 53	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	9	28	" 48 7	"	Midzusima
"	"	10	44	" 51 27	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	11	1	" 51 57	"	"
"	"	12	0	" 55 19	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	13	18	" 58 27	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	13	47	" 58 53	"	"
"	"	14	22	" 58 46	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	15	2	" 57 35	"	Omori
"	"	15	51	" 56 30	Omori	Nakamura
"	12 ^h	7	16	" 50 42	Midzusima	"
"	"	8	50	" 52 57	Kimura	Omori
"	"	10	21	" 55 3	Omori	Kimura
"	"	11	43	" 58 24	Kimura	Omori
"	"	12	40	" 58 47	Omori	Kimura
"	"	13	50	" 59 50	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	14	42	" 59 45	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	15	26	" 58 51	Midzusima	Nakamura
To be continued						

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	12 ^h	16 ^h	12 ^m	4	58'	12"	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	16	55	"	57	10	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	18	9	"	56	46	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	18	47	"	56	40	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	21	8	"	56	34	Kimura	Omori
Mean				4	51'	53"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4 \quad 51.88 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.55 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\ \hline \delta &= 4 \quad 53.4 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	10 ^h	18 ^h	25.3 ^m	1	50 11.8	Midzusima	Kimura
"	11 ^h	8	23.5	1	" 12.9	Omori	Nakamura
"	12 ^h	1	26.9	1	" 12.1	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	3	50.3	1	" 15.6	Midzusima	Nakamura
Mean					50 13.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 50^\circ \quad 13.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.30 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.02 \\ \hline \theta &= 50^\circ \quad 13.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 11 ^h 6 ^h 59 ^m	0.28860	477.39	25.9C	5.6150	25.8C	7 9' 30.6	16 14' 23.1	26.0C	Nakamura	Omori
" 12 ^h 7 59	0.28858	475.74	28.0	5.6250	28.3	7 8 58.8	16 14 34.4	27.8	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 9 45	0.28939	473.96	31.6	5.6288	32.2	7 6 43.9	16 10 12.1	31.0	Kimura	Omori
" " 11 24	*0.28879	473.50	35.0	5.6361	35.0	(7 11 58.8	16 15 32.5	32.9)	Omori	Kimura
" " 12 18	*0.28912	472.59	36.4	5.6380	37.5	(7 3 10.9	16 13 15.0	35.3)	Kimura	Omori
" " 13 34	0.28900	473.41	35.3	5.6355	35.9	7 6 16.2	16 8 21.7	34.7	Omori	Kimura
" " 14 29	*0.28867	473.39	35.3	5.6760	37.8	(7 6 5.0	16 7 11.2	35.3)	Nakamura	"
" " 15 12	0.28901	472.65	35.7	5.6404	37.5	7 5 41.9	16 7 10.6	36.0	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 16 0	*0.28900	473.15	36.0	5.6356	36.0	(7 1 48.1	16 9 38.1	34.2)	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 16 41	0.28898	474.68	32.3	5.6274	32.6	7 7 19.4	16 10 38.1	32.0	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 17 58	*0.28866	474.81	31.3	5.6282	31.3	(7 9 11.2	16 12 11.2	30.5)	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 18 35	0.28822	475.93	30.3	5.6277	30.6	7 8 51.4	16 13 8.8	29.9	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 20 39	0.28893	475.94	27.3	5.6198	27.1	7 9 24.8	16 16 53.4	27.4	Kimura	Omori
" 13 ^h 0 23	0.28902	476.45	25.0	5.6172	25.6	7 8 21.2	16 11 48.7	24.5	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 2 49	0.28875	477.53	23.6	5.6126	23.6	7 7 1.2	16 16 12.5	23.5	Nakamura	Midzusima
Mean	0.28885									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28885 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1103 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 330 \\ \hline H &= 0.28899 \end{aligned}$$

5. UMINOKUTI.

Osidori Hot Spring (鴛鴦温泉)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observation: of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	\$\delta\$	Observer	Recorder
July 14 ^h 18 ^h 36 ^m	4 15' 0"	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 19 32	" 14 58	"	"
" " 20 44	" 15 11	"	"
Mean	4 15' 3"		

$\delta = 41505$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.67
 " " sea level = -0.08
 $\delta = 41636$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	\$\delta\$	Observer	Recorder
July 14 ^h 17 ^h 42.6 ^m	1	49 17.6	Midzusima	Omori
" " 20 14.8	1	" 14.3	Omori	Kimura
Mean		49 16.0		

$\theta = 49 16.0$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.29
 " " sea level = -0.09
 $\theta = 49 16.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	\$H\$	\$M\$	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibr.	Temp. \$t_v\$	Mean Deflection		Temp. \$t_D\$	Observer	Recorder
						\$\varphi_1\$	\$\varphi_2\$			
July 14 ^h 18 ^h 18 ^m	*0.29815	475.98	23.6C	5.5324	23.6C	6 59' 45.6"	15 49' 22.5"	22.7C	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 21 9	0.29801	476.51	22.0	5.5311	22.5	6 57' 12.5"	15 48' 45.0"	21.5	Omori	"
Mean	0.29808									

$H = 0.29808$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1139
 " " sea level = 1370
 $H = 0.29833$

6. USUTA

In mulberry field, near to Jinjya (神社近傍ナル桑畑ノ中)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	\$\delta\$	Observer	Recorder
July 15 ^h 20 ^h 48 ^m	4 38' 36"	Midzusima	Kimura
" 16 ^h 1 23	" 38 7	"	Midzusima
" " 4 5	" 37 28	"	"
" " 7 13	" 34 7	"	"
" " 8 55	" 32 8	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 10 46	" 39 39	"	"
" " 11 34	" 42 15	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 13 5	" 46 28	Kimura	"
Mean	4 38' 56"		

$\delta = 43823$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.78
 " " sea level = -0.05
 $\delta = 4407$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 15 th 22 ^h 10 ^{2m}	1	49° 49.3	Omori	Nakamura
„ 16 th 8 24.8	1	„ 46.1	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean		49 47.7		

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \theta = 49^\circ 47.7 \\ \text{„ „ sea level} = -0.15 \\ \hline \theta = 49 47.5 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 16 th 3 ^h 12 ^m	0.29954	477.77	21.5 C	5.5094	21.9 C	6 55' 10.76	15 42' 31.79	21.2 C	Midzusima	Midzusima
„ „ 10 28	0.29905	474.19	32.4	5.5343	32.5	6 52 29.3	15 36 25.6	32.3	Kimura	Nakamura
„ „ 11 19	*0.29912	473.60	34.2	5.5175	35.5	(6 51 54.3	15 35 11.9	34.2	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean	0.29924									

$$\begin{array}{r} H = 0.29924 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1168 \\ \text{„ „ sea level} = 955 \\ \hline H = 0.29945 \end{array}$$

7. KOMORO.

Sakanoue No. 3018 (坂ノ上三千〇十八番地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 17 th 2 ^h 54 ^m	4° 46' 32"	Nakamura	Nakamura
„ „ 7 37	„ 40 11	„	Kimura
„ „ 8 30	„ 40 13	„	„
„ „ 9 39	„ 42 8	Midzusima	Omori
„ „ 10 54	„ 46 51	Omori	Midzusima
„ „ 11 46	„ 48 29	Midzusima	Omori
„ „ 12 43	„ 51 41	Omori	Midzusima
„ „ 13 45	„ 52 55	Midzusima	Omori
„ „ 14 36	„ 52 29	Kimura	Nakamura
„ „ 15 59	„ 50 54	„	„
„ „ 16 39	„ 49 53	Nakamura	Kimura
„ „ 17 22	„ 47 38	„	„
„ „ 18 34	„ 44 41	Kimura	Nakamura
„ „ 19 31	„ 45 16	„	„
„ „ 21 4	„ 46 22	„	Kimura
„ „ 21 59	„ 45 59	Midzusima	Omori
„ „ 18 th 1 5	„ 46 13	„	Nakamura
„ „ 2 59	„ 45 50	Nakamura	Midzusima
Mean	4° 46' 0"		

$$\begin{array}{r} \delta = 4^\circ 46.00 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.84 \\ \text{„ „ sea level} = -0.04 \\ \hline \delta = 4 47.8 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	16 th	21 ^h	23.2 ^m	2	50° 0'1	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	17 th	0 13.9	1	49 44.6	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	"	9 23.6	1	50 0	Omori	Omori
"	"	"	13 8.0	1	" 0.5	Midzusima	"
"	"	"	17 7.9	1	49 47.1	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	"	18 1.8	1	" 50.6	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	"	18 58.0	1	50 3.9	Nakamura	Kimura
"	18 th	"	2 16.7	1	49 59.5	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	"	2 13.5	1	" 52.7	Nakamura	Midzusima
Mean					49° 55'4		

$\theta = 49^\circ 55'4$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.58
" " sea level = -0.04
 $\theta = 49^\circ 54'8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 17 th 8 ^h 19 ^m	0.29494	475.51	27.2 C	5.5665	28.1 C	6 59' 07.8	15 50' 41.2	26.4 C	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 10 30	0.29468	473.94	33.8	5.5786	34.3	6 58 18.8	15 49 29.4	33.3	Midzusima	Omori
" " 12 26	0.29473	474.52	30.9	5.5755	32.3	6 59 2.5	15 51 15.0	29.6	"	"
" " 15 41	0.29453	477.17	26.2	5.5582	25.8	7 0 36.9	15 53 55.0	26.7	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 16 27	0.29526	475.43	28.7	5.5632	29.1	6 58 57.5	15 51 11.9	28.3	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean	0.29483									

$H = 0.29483$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1206
" " sea level = 735
 $H = 0.29502$

8. MIYOTA. Common School. (小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ		Observer	Recorder
July	18 th	10 ^h	32 ^m	4'	40"	Kimura	Omori
"	"	"	11 46	"	41 46	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	"	12 13	"	42 58	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	"	12 50	"	44 0	Midzusima	Nakamura
Mean				4'	40' 52"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 40'87$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.82
" " sea level = -0.06
 $\delta = 4^\circ 42'6$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	Dip	Observer	Recorder
July	18 th	9 ^h	49.9 ^m	1	49° 56.2	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	"	12 1.3	—	" 52.2	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	"	13 9.6	1	50 4.6	Omori	"
Mean					49° 57.7		

$\theta = 49^\circ 57'7$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.44
" " sea level = -0.06
 $\theta = 49^\circ 57'2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 18 th 11 ^h 26 ^m	0.29634	474.65	31.6C	5.5562	31.5C	6 56'28".2	15 45'25".7	31.7C	Omori	Kimura
" " 12 39	0.29633	474.54	33.7	5.5569	33.5	6 56 5.0	15 44 10.6	33.9	Midzusima	Nakamura
Mean	0.29634									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29634 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1110 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 1032 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.29655
 \end{aligned}$$

9. KARUISAWA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Declination	Observer	Recorder
July, 18 th 20 ^h 22 ^m	4° 42' 10"	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 19 th 5 45	" 39 35	Omori	Omori
" " 7 11	" 36 56	"	"
" " 8 56	" 37 44	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 10 0	" 37 37	"	Midzusima
" " 10 41	" 41 10	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 11 44	" 42 39	"	"
" " 12 30	" 44 17	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 13 17	" 45 20	"	"
" " 14 40	" 46 51	Omori	Omori
" " 15 24	" 45 58	"	"
" " 16 28	" 44 35	"	"
" " 17 24	" 44 32	Nakamura	"
" " 18 56	" 41 12	"	"
" " 20 11	" 41 48	"	"
" " 21 42	" 41 38	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 20 ^h 6 38	" 39 30	"	"
" " 8 47	" 39 5	Omori	Omori
" " 9 40	" 39 43	Nakamura	"
Mean	4° 41' 46"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4 \quad 41.77 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.79 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.07 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 4 \quad 43.5
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	Dip	Observer	Recorder
July 19 th 6 ^h 45.6 ^m	1	49 44.0	Omori	Omori
" " 9 37.8	1	" 46.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 11 7.8	1	" 48.6	Midzusima	"
" " 14 1.5	1	" 56.6	Omori	Omori
" " 15 59.6	2	50 1.6	"	"
" " 17 5.4	2	" 1.9	"	"
" " 19 35.2	---	" 6.9	"	Nakamura
" " 20 th 7 17.2	2	49 47.3	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 8 11.7	1	" 48.2	Omori	Omori
" " 9 22.8	1	" 42.2	Nakamura	"
" " 10 32.6	1	" 42.3	Omori	"
Mean		49° 51.5		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 49^\circ 51.5 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.29 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.07 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 49 \quad 51.1
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 19 ^h 16 ^m 28 ^m	0.29705	475.98	26.2C	5.5448	27.0C	6°57' 52.6	15 47' 11.79	25.4C	Midzushima	Nakamura
" " 13 8	0.29696	475.15	27.1	5.5480	27.3	6 56 28.1	15 45 44.4	26.9	Nakamura	Midzushima
" " 18 43	0.29690	476.43	22.7	5.5418	23.2	6 57 24.4	15 47 13.7	22.3	"	Omori
" " 21 18	0.29695	476.60	19.8	5.5400	20.2	6 58 3.8	15 49 33.1	19.4	Omori	Midzushima
Mean	0.29696									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29696 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1051 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 1251 \\
 H &= 0.29719
 \end{aligned}$$

10. KUTUKAKE.

Pine wood by Asama road. (淺間街道道傍ノ松林)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 20 ^h 19 ^m 6 ^m	1	49° 28.1	Omori	Kimura
" " 20 0	1	" 34.6	Kimura	Omori
Mean		49° 31.3		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 49^{\circ} 31.3 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.43 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.07 \\
 \theta &= 49^{\circ} 30.8
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflection		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 20 ^h 21 ^m 54 ^m	0.29524	477.80	20.0C	5.5340	20.3C	7 0' 36.73	15°54' 27.5	19.7C	Nakamura	Midzushima

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29524 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1124 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 1277 \\
 H &= 0.29548
 \end{aligned}$$

11. UEDA.

Play ground of high common school. (高等小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 23 rd 19 ^h 17 ^m	4 59' 15"	Midzushima	Nakamura
" " 20 11	" 1 35	Nakamura	Midzushima
" " 23 11	" 4 2	Midzushima	Nakamura
" 24 th 0 29	" 4 37	Kimura	Midzushima
" " 1 32	" 3 57	Midzushima	Nakamura
" " 1 44	" 3 22	Nakamura	Midzushima
Mean.	5° 2' 53"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 2' 53" \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.87 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.03 \\
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 47'
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	23 rd 16 ^h 36.0 ^m	1	50° 3.5	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	" " 19 42.0	1	" 3.0	Nakamura	Midzusima
Mean			50° 3.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Reduction to } \theta = 50' \quad 3.3 \\ 1895.0 = -0.72 \\ \text{" " sea level} = -0.03 \\ \hline \theta = 50' \quad 2.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 23 th 18 ^h 43 ^m	0.29838	473.86	28.0C	5.5291	29.1C	6 52' 50.0"	15 36' 8.71"	26.9C	Kimura	Midzusima
" 24 ^h 0 2	*0.29866	474.83	23.8	5.5188	23.8	(6 51' 29.4"	15 34' 29.4"	23.6)	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 1 15	0.29860	474.86	23.7	5.5196	23.9	6 53' 45.0"	15 39' 3.8"	23.5	Nakamura	Midzusima
Mean	0.29855									

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.29855 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1324 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 555 \\ \hline H = 0.29874 \end{aligned}$$

12. KAMISUWA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ	Observer	Recorder
July	24 th 23 ^h 29 ^m	4' 15' 20"	Midzusima	Kimura
"	" 25 ^h 10 28	" 46 3	Nakamura	"
"	" " 11 35	" 37 20	"	"
"	" " 12 50	" 42 21	Kimura	Nakamura
"	" " 15 5	" 41 58	"	"
"	" " 15 9	" 39 30	"	"
"	" " 15 22	" 47 31	"	"
"	" " 16 28	" 50 53	Midzusima	"
"	" " 17 54	" 49 24	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	" " 19 11	" 51 5	"	Nakamura
"	" " 23 20	" 51 18	Omori	"
"	" 26 ^h 7 47	" 42 55	Nakamura	Omori
"	" " 8 55	" 44 36	Omori	Nakamura
"	" " 11 31	" 18 3	Kimura	Kimura
"	" " 12 3	" 48 5	"	"
"	" " 13 37	" 49 22	Nakamura	"
"	" " 14 3	" 50 45	"	Nakamura
"	" " 14 37	" 48 6	"	"
Mean		4' 47' 46"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 4' \quad 47.77 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.74 \\ \text{" " sea level} = -0.05 \\ \hline \delta = 4' \quad 49.5 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	24 th	22 ^h	7.4 ^m	1	49' 44.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	25 th	12 13.8	1	" 49.4	"	Kimura
"	"	"	17 8.3	1	" 50.2	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	"	21 30.3	1	" 41.4	Omori	"
"	"	26 th	10 1.8	1	" 36.5	Kimura	Kimura
Mean					49' 44.5		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 44.5$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.57
" " sea level = -0.06
 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 43.7$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflection		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 25 th 1 ^h 29 ^m	*0.29892	475.40	22.0 C	5.5128	22.0 C	(6.51' 31.0")	15' 34" 27.5	19.2 C	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 11 25	0.29849	472.89	29.3	5.5332	29.8	6 52 30.0	15 36 45.6	28.9	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 14 5	*0.29842	471.79	34.7	5.5390	34.7	(6 56 9.1)	15 37 7.5	32.6	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 19 11	0.29807	474.22	27.4	5.5300	28.4	6 53 46.9	15 38 43.1	26.5	"	"
" " 26 th 8 35	0.29821	474.30	25.5	5.5253	24.9	6 53 24.4	15 38 8.1	26.2	Nakamura	Omori
" " 13 20	0.29896	472.97	31.2	5.5299	32.4	6 51 52.5	15 34 48.1	30.1	Kimura	Kimura
Mean	0.29851								"	Nakamura

$H = 0.29851$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1238
" " sea level = 916
 $H = 0.29872$

13. MATUMOTO.

Middle School.

(松本中學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July	27 th	12 ^h 32 ^m	4'	33'	10"	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	14 26	"	34	0	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	15 38	"	33	18	Omori	Omori
"	"	16 31	"	32	1	"	Midzusima
"	28 th	10 20	"	27	45	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	10 35	"	28	5	"	"
"	"	10 49	"	28	54	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	11 3	"	29	30	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	11 22	"	29	15	"	"
"	"	12 55	"	31	47	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	13 50	"	32	9	"	"
"	"	15 9	"	30	30	"	"
"	"	15 56	"	29	57	"	"
"	"	17 9	"	28	1	"	"
"	"	18 1	"	26	42	"	"
"	"	18 52	"	27	15	"	"
"	"	19 49	"	28	6	"	"
"	"	20 55	"	27	43	Omori	Omori
"	"	21 44	"	27	15	"	Kimura
Mean			4'	29'	4"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 29.4$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.82
" " sea level = -0.07
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 30.8$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Times.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	29 ^h	3 ^h	51 ^m	4	40'	19''	Kimura	Omori
"	"	4	21	"	40	46	Omori	Kimura
"	"	6	13	"	38	41	Kimura	Omori
"	"	7	37	"	34	15	Omori	Kimura
"	"	8	7	"	33	57	Kimura	Omori
"	"	8	31	"	33	8	Omori	Kimura
"	"	9	48	"	36	51	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	10	52	"	41	4	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	11	44	"	42	52	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	12	55	"	47	4	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	13	1	"	45	26	"	"
"	"	13	41	"	45	35	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	14	21	"	44	48	Omori	Omori
"	"	14	52	"	43	49	"	"
"	"	15	21	"	43	20	"	"
"	"	15	50	"	42	46	"	"
"	"	17	1	"	40	22	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	17	31	"	39	39	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	18	12	"	39	48	"	"
"	"	18	40	"	39	21	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	19	33	"	40	30	"	"
"	"	20	8	"	40	14	Omori	Midzusima
"	"	21	30	"	39	58	"	Nakamura
"	"	22	38	"	38	24	Nakamura	"
"	"	23	45	"	38	20	"	"
"	30 ^h	0	25	"	38	38	"	"
"	"	1	30	"	37	33	"	"
"	"	2	47	"	37	42	"	"
"	"	5	59	"	35	39	"	"
"	"	6	12	"	35	19	"	"
Mean				4	40'	0''		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \delta = 4^{\circ} 40' 0'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.80 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = -0.05 \\
 \hline
 & \delta = 4^{\circ} 41.8'
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	28 ^h	8 ^h	55.5 ^m	1	50° 30	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	12	18.7	1	49 59.0	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	13	23.5	1	" 59.8	"	"
"	"	14	24.8	1	50° 1.2	"	"
"	"	15	34.7	1	" 1.0	"	"
"	"	17	20.6	1	" 1.8	"	"
"	"	17	42.5	1	" 1.7	"	"
"	"	19	5.5	1	" 1.6	"	"
"	"	19	24.7	1	" 1.8	"	"
Mean					50° 1.2		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \theta = 50^{\circ} 1.2' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.72 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = -0.06 \\
 \hline
 & \theta = 50^{\circ} 0.4'
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _v	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 27 th 13 ^h 40 ^m	*0.29578	473.24	28.4C	5.5377	29.6C	(6 56' 17.5	15°44' 9.4	28.4C)	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 22 4	0.29585	476.56	17.2	5.5354	17.6	6 59 31.2	15 52 45.6	16.9	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 28 th 8 5	0.29574	475.82	19.6	5.5419	20.5	6 59 10.0	15 51 58.1	18.7	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 29 th 5 38	0.59585	477.01	16.0	5.5323	15.9	6 59 34.4	15 52 29.4	16.0	Omori	Kimura
" " 6 56	0.29561	476.34	18.9	5.5404	19.8	6 59 35.7	15 52 38.1	18.1	Kimura	Omori
" " 9 30	0.29552	474.33	25.8	5.5530	27.9	6 58 6.9	15 49 10.6	23.8	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 10 34	0.29551	473.80	26.5	5.5570	27.7	6 57 30.6	15 47 58.7	25.4	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 11 29	0.29556	473.88	26.5	5.5540	26.6	6 57 6.9	15 45 56.9	26.4	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 12 43	0.29603	472.64	30.3	5.5582	30.9	6 55 52.5	15 44 48.1	29.7	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 13 32	0.29540	472.63	31.1	5.5630	31.8	6 55 59.4	15 43 51.9	30.5	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 16 55	0.29603	471.05	34.2	5.5672	34.5	6 54 8.1	15 40 30.6	33.9	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 17 57	0.29564	472.85	29.0	5.5600	29.3	6 56 5.0	15 44 34.4	28.8	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 19 13	0.29584	473.92	26.7	5.5514	26.9	6 56 43.1	15 45 54.4	26.5	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 21 12	0.29572	473.92	25.8	5.5526	26.2	6 57 2.5	15 46 48.1	25.5	Omori	Midzusima
" " 22 11	0.29590	474.19	24.4	5.5487	24.3	6 57 6.9	15 47 19.4	24.5	Nakamura	Omori
	0.29573									

H=0.29573
Reduction to 1895.0= 1287
" " sea level= 890
H=0.29595

14. ŌMATI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 30 th 21 ^h 51 ^m	4° 55' 54"	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 22 59	" 56 4	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 23 45	" 55 40	"	"
" " 31 st 0 43	" 55 18	"	"
" " 1 52	" 54 52	"	"
" " 2 30	" 54 21	"	"
" " 4 14	" 54 50	"	"
" " 5 0	" 54 21	"	"
" " 6 9	" 52 53	"	"
" " 6 50	" 51 7	"	"
" " 7 38	" 50 10	"	"
" " 8 24	" 50 11	"	"
" " 9 0	" 51 8	"	"
" " 9 26	" 52 9	"	"
" " 10 13	" 54 11	"	"
" " 11 56	" 58 31	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 12 27	" 59 10	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 13 2	5 0 4	"	Nakamura
" " 13 33	4 59 46	Kimura	"
" " 14 13	" 59 39	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 15 17	" 58 58	Kimura	Omori
" " 16 19	" 56 45	Omori	Nakamura
" " 16 53	" 56 28	Nakamura	Omori
" " 17 58	" 54 38	Omori	Nakamura
" " 19 39	" 55 39	Nakamura	Omori
" " 20 30	" 55 25	Omori	Kimura
" " 21 49	" 55 9	Kimura	"
Aug. 1 st 0 0	" 54 17	"	Omori
" " 0 43	" 54 1	Omori	Kimura
Mean	4° 55' 10"		

δ=4° 56.17
Reduction to 1895.0= 1.91
" " sea level= -0.05
δ=4° 57.0

DIP' (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 30 ^h 21 ^h 50.0 ^m	1	50° 15.6	Ōmori	Nakamura
" " 31 st 1 24.9	—	" 15.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " " 7 14.3	—	" 16.8	"	"
Aug. 1 st 0 23.0	1	" 24.1	Ōmori	{ Ōmori
" " 1 42.4	1	" 12.6	"	{ Kimura Ōmori
Mean		50 17.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 50^\circ \quad 17.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.99 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.05 \\ \hline \theta = 50 \quad 16.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflection		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 31 st 11 ^h 38 ^m	0.29588	470.87	33.1C	5.5714	34.3C	6'54"55.76	15'43" 1.74	32.5C	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 16 4	*0.29572	472.19	28.4	5.5627	28.4	(6 54 3.7	15 43 32.5	28.1)	Nakamura	Ōmori
" " 17 40	*0.29599	473.34	24.5	5.5532	24.5	(6 59 9.4	15 49 25.0	23.4)	Ōmori	Nakamura
" " 20 14	0.29607	473.99	22.2	5.5484	22.7	6 57 39.4	15 49 55.6	21.8	"	"
Mean	0.29591									

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.29591 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1328 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 897 \\ \hline H = 0.29613 \end{aligned}$$

15. KURUMA.

DECLINATIONS (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 2 nd 2 ^h 13 ^m	4° 43' 46"	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 3 1	" 43 17	"	"
" " 4 27	" 44 38	Nakamura	"
Mean	4 43' 54"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 4 \quad 43.90 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.05 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.05 \\ \hline \delta = 4 \quad 45.9 \end{aligned}$$

DIP' (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 1 st 21 ^h 34.5 ^m	1	50° 14.3	Kimura	Ōmori
" 2 nd 4 0.5	1	" 19.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		50 16.7		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 50^\circ \quad 16.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.28 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.04 \\ \hline \theta = 50 \quad 15.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 2 nd 1 ^h 59 ^m	0.29784	475.43	20.0C	5.5364	19.8C	6 55'33"1	15 43'28"8	20.2C	Nakamura	Midzushima
" " 2 46	0.29704	475.27	20.3	5.5318	20.3	6 55' 43.1	15 42' 42.5	20.3	Midzushima	Nakamura
Mean	0.29744									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29744 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 13.19 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 780 \\
 H &= 0.29765
 \end{aligned}$$

16 ITOIGAWA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	8 ^h	7 ^h	16 ^m	5'	4'	54"	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	7	57	"	4	58	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	9	36	"	4	58	Iwaoka	"
"	"	10	0	"	4	51	"	"
"	"	10	58	"	6	27	"	Turuta
"	"	11	9	"	7	22	"	"
"	"	12	7	"	9	3	"	"
"	"	12	49	"	8	27	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	12	55	"	8	46	"	"
"	"	13	8	"	9	59	"	"
"	"	14	58	"	8	40	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	15	7	"	7	29	"	"
"	"	16	51	"	5	50	"	"
"	"	17	1	"	6	51	"	"
"	"	18	19	"	6	31	"	Iwaoka
"	"	18	40	"	5	15	"	"
"	"	19	50	"	4	51	"	Turuta
"	"	20	1	"	3	35	"	"
"	"	20	13	"	3	45	"	"
"	"	20	31	"	5	56	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	20	51	"	5	47	"	"
"	"	21	4	"	5	50	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	22	35	"	5	57	Turuta	"
"	9 ^h	0	48	"	5	31	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
"	"	1	5	"	5	35	"	"
"	"	6	31	"	4	41	"	"
"	"	6	45	"	4	33	"	"
"	"	7	0	"	4	17	"	"
"	"	7	36	"	4	35	"	Turuta
				5	6'	28"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^\circ 6'47" \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.91 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \delta &= 5^\circ 8'4"
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	2 nd	21 ^h	39.0 ^m	1	51 84	Omori	Kimura Nakamura
"	3 rd	10	16.0	1	6.3	"	
Mean					51° 74		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 51^\circ 74' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.57 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \theta &= 51^\circ 58'
 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	8 ^h	11 ^h	40 ^m		50 59.5	Turuta	Turuta
"	"	16	27		" 58.0	"	Iwaoka
"	9 ^h	0	1		" 57.2	Iwaoka	"
Mean					50 58.2		

$\theta = 50^{\circ} 58.2$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.37
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 50^{\circ} 56.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 3 ^h 9 ^h 41 ^m	0.29183	472.90	30.3C	5.5936	29.4C	7 1' 1/2	15 55' 45" 1	31.3C	Ōmori	Nakamura

$H = 0.29183$
 Reductions to 1895.0 = 1342
 " " sea level = 000

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 8 ^h 9 ^h 10 ^m	0.29277	452.62	21.4C	5.7715	20.6C	6 39' 33" 0	15 12' 40" 0	22.2	Iwaoka Turuta	Turuta Iwaoka
" " 14 33	0.29300	451.80	23.9	5.7777	24.5	6 38 48.0	15 10 48.0	23.3	" Iwaoka	" Turuta
" " 17 50	0.29278	453.39	18.7	5.7704	19.8	6 40 51.0	15 15 39.0	17.6	" Turuta	" Iwaoka
Mean	0.29285									

$H = 0.29285$
 Reductions to 1895.0 = 1171
 " " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.29297$

17. TAKATA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	5 ^h	6 ^h	57 ^m	5'	9'	40''	Ōmori	Nakamura
"	"	4	33	"	8	25	"	Ōmori
"	"	5	6	"	7	28	"	Nakamura
"	"	6	35	"	3	33	Nakamura	Ōmori
"	"	7	0	"	4	6	Ōmori	
"	"	7	57	"	3	42	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	8	23	"	3	50	"	"
"	"	8	46	"	3	53	"	"
"	"	9	12	"	4	2	"	"
"	"	9	39	"	4	30	"	"
"	"	10	9	"	6	15	"	"
"	"	10	38	"	7	24	"	"
"	"	11	54	"	10	33	"	"
"	"	12	56	"	13	54	"	"
"	"	13	21	"	15	13	"	"
"	"	13	50	"	16	8	"	"
"	"	14	21	"	16	13	"	"
"	"	14	50	"	15	42	"	"
				To be continued.				

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	5 th	15 ^h	20 ^m	5'	14'	22''	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	16	25	"	11	38	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	17	5	"	10	30	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	17	34	"	9	57	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	18	17	"	9	33	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	18	50	"	10	5	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	19	53	"	10	11	"	Nakamura
"	"	20	26	"	10	6	"	"
"	"	20	52	"	10	6	"	"
"	"	21	18	"	10	30	"	Midzusima
"	"	22	20	"	10	9	Midzusima	"
"	"	23	5	"	10	24	"	"
"	6 th	0	3	"	10	31	"	"
"	"	0	56	"	9	47	"	"
"	"	1	51	"	9	25	"	"
"	"	2	36	"	9	30	"	"
"	"	3	45	"	9	15	"	"
"	"	4	46	"	8	51	"	"
"	"	5	24	"	7	38	"	"
"	"	6	2	"	7	33	"	"
"	"	6	20	"	7	3	"	"
"	"	8	26	"	3	42	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	9	21	"	5	55	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	9	53	"	6	21	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	10	43	"	8	50	"	"
"	"	11	40	"	11	24	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	12	17	"	11	47	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	12	59	"	12	55	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	13	31	"	13	4	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	14	19	"	13	56	"	"
"	"	14	47	"	14	45	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	15	7	"	13	3	"	"
"	"	15	33	"	11	58	"	"
"	"	16	16	"	12	26	"	"
"	"	16	42	"	12	25	"	"
"	"	17	30	"	12	13	"	"
"	"	18	10	"	12	15	"	Omori
"	"	18	48	"	12	15	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	19	41	"	13	18	Midzusima	Nakamura
Mean				5	9'	33''		

$\delta = 5$ 9:55
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.12
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5$ 11.7

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	Dip	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	21 ^h	32.4 ^m	1	50' 55.8	Midzusima	Omori
"	5 th	12	35.6	1	" 58.5	"	Midzusima
"	"	16	49.2	1	" 55.5	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	19	18.9	1	" 52.6	Omori	Nakamura
"	6 th	0	29.8	1	" 58.0	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	10	15.2	1	" 54.4	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	12	39.4	1	" 52.6	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	16	0.5	1	" 57.5	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	18	28.8	1	" 56.3	Nakamura	"
"	"	20	10.8	1	" 59.1	Midzusima	Omori
Mean					50' 56.0		

$\theta = 50$ 56.0
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.27
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 50$ 54.7

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_p</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug 5 th 6 ^h 12 ^m	0.29392	471.52	27.10	5.5828	26.80	6 57'35"6	15 48'39"4	27.50	Omori	Nakamura
" " 16 11	0.29363	470.57	32.3	5.5926	32.4	6 56 58.8	15 47 0.7	32.2	"	"
" " 18 5	0.29348	471.18	30.5	5.5900	30.6	6 57 33.5	15 47 54.4	30.3	Nakamura	Omori
" " 22 4	0.29375	472.43	27.0	5.5806	27.4	6 58 58.1	15 51 56.9	26.5	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 6 th 9 9	0.29339	470.09	33.4	5.5986	34.0	6 57 6.0	15 47 21.2	32.9	Omori	"
" " 10 27	0.29328	469.42	34.8	5.6040	35.6	6 56 51.0	15 47 1.9	34.0	Nakamura	Omori
" " 14 6	0.29303	470.02	34.9	5.6018	35.3	6 56 55.0	15 46 5.6	34.5	Omori	Nakamura
Mean	0.29350									

$H = 0.29350$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1248
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.29362$

18. SEKIYAMA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 7 th 8 ^h 37 ^m	5 1' 42"	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 9 19	" 0 33	"	"
" " 11 30	" 58 56	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 8 th 0 40	4 59 32	Omori	Nakamura
" " 1 29	" 58 20	Nakamura	Omori
" " 2 20	" 57 4	Omori	Nakamura
" " 3 2	" 55 35	Nakamura	Omori
" " 4 48	" 56 55	"	Nakamura
Mean	4 58' 35"		

$\delta = 4 58' 58"$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.03
" " sea level = -0.05
 $\delta = 5 03"$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 7 th 16 ^h 39.4 ^m	1	50' 52.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 23 7.0	1	" 55.6	Omori	"
" " 8 th 1 57.3	1	" 54.4	Nakamura	Omori
Mean		50' 54.1		

$\theta = 50' 54.1$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.12
" " sea level = 0.03
 $\theta = 50' 53.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_p</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 7 th 18 ^h 0 ^m	0.29309	470.32	28.80	5.5986	28.70	6 58' 7"8	15 50'31"2	28.80	Nakamura	Omori
" " 20 17	0.29318	471.55	26.0	5.5914	26.6	6 58 49.2	15 51 16.3	25.5	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 8 th 0 23	0.29325	471.97	23.9	5.5874	24.1	6 59 8.8	15 52 14.3	23.8	Omori	Nakamura
" " 1 13	0.29330	471.41	25.5	5.5900	25.5	6 58 35.0	15 51 4.4	25.6	Nakamura	Omori
Mean	0.29320									

$H = 0.29320$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1218
" " sea level = 734
 $H = 0.29330$

19. NAGANO.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	8 th	16 ^h	59 ^m	4	56'	3"	Midzusima	Omori
"	"	18	8	"	54	58	"	"
"	"	18	36	"	55	12	Kimura	"
"	"	20	21	"	55	41	Omori	Kimura
"	"	21	8	"	55	17	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	45	"	55	25	"	"
"	"	22	48	"	55	49	"	"
"	"	23	54	"	56	18	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	9 th	0	49	"	56	19	"	"
"	"	1	57	"	55	57	"	"
"	"	2	54	"	55	52	"	"
"	"	4	10	"	55	6	"	"
"	"	5	34	"	54	37	"	"
"	"	6	30	"	52	12	"	"
"	"	7	9	"	51	44	"	"
"	"	7	59	"	50	45	"	"
"	"	8	44	"	50	7	Omori	Kimura
"	"	10	4	"	52	37	Kimura	Omori
"	"	10	38	"	54	2	Omori	Kimura
"	"	11	39	"	56	50	"	"
"	"	12	56	5	0	12	Kimura	Omori
"	"	13	22	"	0	58	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	13	56	"	0	57	"	"
"	"	14	28	"	0	32	"	"
"	"	15	18	4	58	48	Omori	Kimura
"	"	15	51	"	57	59	"	"
"	"	16	54	"	56	31	Kimura	Omori
"	"	17	24	"	56	7	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	18	15	"	55	56	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	19	43	"	55	55	"	"
"	"	20	41	"	56	8	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	21	31	"	55	38	"	"
"	"	22	32	"	56	8	"	"
"	10 th	23	43	"	55	38	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	5	45	"	54	48	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	6	45	"	52	53	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	7	10	"	52	35	"	"
"	"	8	4	"	51	28	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	9	11	"	53	2	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	10	15	"	54	57	"	Kimura
"	"	11	6	"	56	47	Kimura	"
"	"	12	31	"	59	53	"	"
"	"	13	37	5	2	22	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	14	6	"	1	55	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	15	8	"	0	32	Omori	Omori
"	"	16	13	4	58	22	"	"
Mean				4°	55'	56"		

$\delta = 4' \quad 55.93$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.93
 " " sea level = -0.03

 $\delta = 4' \quad 57.3$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Aug.	9 ^h 15 ^m 12.7 ^m	1	50	33.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" " 17 54.7	1	"	35.4	"	"
"	" " 21 7.4	1	"	34.0	Midzushima	Kimura
"	" 10 ^h 13 11.5	1	"	34.4	"	"
Mean			50	34.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 50 & 34.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.98 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.02 \\ \theta = 50 & 33.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 8 ^h 20 ^h 1 ^m	0.29298	471.31	27.0 C	5.5939	27.0 C	6 58 25.96	15 50 32.75	27.0 C	Kimura	Omori
" " 22 26	0.29313	471.55	27.0	5.5911	27.2	6 58 38.8	15 50 44.4	27.0	Nakamura	Midzushima
" " 9 ^h 9 31	0.29287	470.35	31.7	5.6004	31.7	6 57 28.8	15 47 31.9	31.8	Kimura	Omori
" " 11 19	0.29360	468.32	34.7	5.6068	35.2	6 55 38.8	15 44 45.7	34.2	Omori	Kimura
" " 12 32	0.29302	468.76	35.1	5.6100	36.0	6 56 18.1	15 45 13.7	34.3	Kimura	Omori
" " 16 31	0.29339	470.33	29.9	5.5969	30.4	6 57 21.2	15 47 52.5	29.4	Nakamura	"
" " 18 50	*0.29312	471.11	26.6	5.5936	26.6	....	....	..	Omori	Nakamura
" " 20 25	0.29439	470.77	26.2	5.5900	26.3	6 57 55.0	15 50 16.9	26.1	"	"
" " 23 23	0.29307	471.98	24.5	5.5892	24.7	6 59 5.0	15 51 32.5	24.2	Nakamura	Omori
" " 10 ^h 6 31	0.29308	471.54	23.8	5.5918	24.0	6 59 0.6	15 51 50.0	23.5	Omori	Nakamura
" " 7 41	0.29299	471.40	25.2	5.5936	25.5	6 58 49.1	15 51 16.2	25.0	Nakamura	Omori
" " 8 43	0.29319	469.96	28.7	5.5992	28.4	6 57 16.9	15 48 4.4	29.0	Omori	Nakamura
" " 10 43	0.29349	468.68	33.7	5.6060	34.2	6 55 55.6	15 45 0.6	33.2	Midzushima	Kimura
" " 12 0	0.29315	469.05	34.7	5.6074	35.8	6 56 19.4	15 45 11.8	33.5	"	"
Mean	0.29325									

$$\begin{aligned} H = & 0.29325 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1211 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 520 \\ H = & 0.29342 \end{aligned}$$

20. IYAMA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	11 ^h 19 ^h 20 ^m	5'	5'	11"	Nakamura	Omori
"	" " 20 32	"	5'	18"	Omori	Nakamura
"	" " 21 31	"	5'	30"	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	12 ^h 0 26	"	5'	33"	"	Kimura
"	" " 2 56	"	5'	32"	"	"
"	" " 4 58	"	6'	21"	"	"
"	" " 6 43	"	1'	33"	Kimura	"
"	" " 7 38	"	0'	2"	Nakamura	Omori
"	" " 8 28	4'	59'	26"	Omori	Nakamura
"	" " 9 41	5'	2'	9"	Nakamura	Omori
"	" " 10 45	"	4'	53"	Omori	Nakamura
"	" " 11 27	"	6'	11"	Nakamura	Omori
"	" " 12 1	"	7'	20"	Omori	Nakamura
"	" " 12 48	"	9'	44"	Nakamura	Omori
"	" " 13 41	"	10'	7"	Omori	Nakamura
"	" " 14 28	"	9'	28"	Nakamura	"
"	" " 15 5	"	8'	57"	"	"
"	" " 16 46	"	5'	57"	Omori	"
Mean		5	5'	7"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = & 5 \quad 5.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 2.00 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.03 \\ \delta = & 5 \quad 7.1 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	Dip		Observer	Recorder
Aug.	11 th	18 ^h 42.3 ^m	1	50	45.5	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	23 10.3	1	"	44.3	Kimura	Kimura
"	12 th	10 18.9	1	"	43.2	Omori	Omori
"	"	11 10.9	1	"	44.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean				50°	44.3		Omori

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \theta = 50 \quad 44.3 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.11 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = -0.02 \\
 \theta = 50 \quad 43.2
 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	11 th	20 15 ^m	*0.29334	471.29	25.1 C	5.5904	25.1 C	6 58' 4.70"	15 47' 27.75"	24.4 C	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	21 9	0.29359	471.67	24.3	5.5859	24.5	6 58 6.9	15 49 23.8	24.3	Nakamura	Omori
"	12 th	6 22	0.29348	472.08	21.9	5.5830	21.4	6 58 40.6	15 51 1.2	22.5	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	8 11	0.29331	470.73	26.6	5.5951	27.2	6 57 49.4	15 48 50.6	26.0	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	9 22	0.29336	469.39	29.6	5.6038	30.7	6 56 53.1	15 47 3.1	28.5	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	12 32	0.29356	468.44	35.4	5.6060	35.5	6 54 49.4	15 41 26.3	35.3	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	13 23	0.29345	467.86	36.2	5.6100	36.1	6 54 24.4	15 40 33.1	36.4	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	15 46	0.29378	468.65	32.4	5.6022	32.6	6 54 59.4	15 42 16.2	32.4	"	"
Mean			0.29348									

$$\begin{array}{r}
 H = 0.29348 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1182 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 406 \\
 H = 0.29364
 \end{array}$$

21. TŌKAMATI.

Bleaching ground (布晒シ場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	13 th	20 ^h	35 ^m	4	55	59"	Kimura	Ōmori
"	"	14 th	0	4	59	53	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	"	1	51	5	0	"	"
"	"	"	2	59	"	1	"	Midzusima
"	"	"	5	30	4	59	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	"	7	2	"	56	"	"
"	"	"	8	0	"	54	Midzusima	"
"	"	"	8	53	"	55	Nakamura	Ōmori
"	"	"	9	47	"	56	Kimura	"
"	"	"	10	50	5	0	Ōmori	Kimura
"	"	"	11	40	"	3	"	"
"	"	"	11	52	"	3	Kimura	Ōmori
"	"	"	12	41	"	4	"	"
"	"	"	14	16	"	4	"	Kimura
"	"	"	15	19	"	3	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	"	16	4	"	2	"	"
"	"	"	16	42	"	0	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	"	17	43	4	59	"	"
"	"	"	19	8	"	59	Midzusima	Ōmori
"	"	"	19	42	"	59	Ōmori	"
"	"	"	20	52	"	59	"	Kimura
"	"	"	22	3	5	0	Kimura	Ōmori
"	"	"	22	24	"	0	Ōmori	Kimura
"	15 th	0	18	"	1	2	Midzusima	Ōmori
"	"	"	1	22	"	0	Ōmori	Midzusima
"	"	"	2	16	4	59	Midzusima	Ōmori
"	"	"	2	57	"	59	Ōmori	Midzusima
"	"	"	4	28	"	58	"	Ōmori
"	"	"	4	57	"	59	"	"
Mean				5	0'	7"		

 $\delta = 5^\circ \quad 0'12$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.02

" " sea level = -0.01

 $\delta = 5^\circ \quad 2'1$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder	
Aug.	13 th	20 ^h	39.3 ^m	1	50	57.5	Ōmori	Ōmori
"	"	"	22	—	"	58.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	14 th	6	7.0	—	"	56.8	"	"
"	"	7	33.8	1	"	55.9	Midzusima	"
"	"	14	52.3	—	"	56.5	"	Midzusima
"	"	20	19.8	1	"	54.3	Ōmori	Ōmori
"	"	23	20.8	1	"	53.2	"	Midzusima
"	15 th	1	51.2	1	"	56.5	Midzusima	Ōmori
Mean					50'	56.2		

 $\theta = 50^\circ \quad 56.2$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.97

" " sea level = -0.01

 $\theta = 50^\circ \quad 55.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 14 th 1 ^h 38 ^m	0.29355	471.54	22.9C	5.5860	22.6C	6°58' 6.2"	15°49' 36.7"	23.2C	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 7 45	0.29426	470.32	27.7	5.5904	27.8	6 56 30.6	15 46 6.2	27.6	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 9 33	0.29326	468.14	32.9	5.6113	33.5	6 55 25.6	15 43 11.4	32.3	Kimura	Omori
" " 10 36	0.29308	468.14	34.7	5.6132	35.3	6 55 12.5	15 42 3.7	34.2	Omori	Kimura
" " 12 27	0.29311	467.20	36.8	5.6189	37.5	6 54 9.4	15 39 31.9	36.1	Kimura	Omori
" " 13 28	0.29362	467.27	36.3	5.6126	36.6	6 53 47.5	15 39 15.0	36.1	Omori	Kimura
" " 18 19	0.29348	468.19	30.7	5.6040	31.1	6 55 28.7	15 42 54.4	30.5	Midzusima	
" " 21 45	0.29388	470.92	24.0	5.5887	24.7	6 57 18.1	15 47 38.8	23.4	Kimura	Omori
" " 15 ^h 1 3	0.29364	471.38	22.5	5.5871	22.7	6 57 46.3	15 48 31.9	22.3	Midzusim	"
" " 3 39	0.29369	471.42	22.3	5.5860	22.3	6 57 35.0	15 47 55.6	22.3	Omori	Midzusima
Mean	0.29356									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29356 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.35 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 210 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.29368
 \end{aligned}$$

22. NAGAOKA.

Sakagami School. (坂上學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 26 ^h 21 ^h 27 ^m	5° 12' 27"	Nakamura	Omori
" " 21 42	" 12 32	"	"
" " 23 19	" 13 3	Omori	Nakamura
" " 27 ^h 0 26	" 12 21	Nakamura	Omori
" " 6 5	" 14 37	"	Nakamura
" " 6 29	" 13 21	"	Omori
" " 7 25	" 9 32	Omori	Nakamura
" " 7 57	" 7 55	Nakamura	Omori
" " 8 39	" 6 22	Kimura	Kimura
" " 9 22	" 6 42	"	"
" " 10 6	" 7 41	"	"
" " 11 10	" 11 14	"	"
" " 11 41	" 10 50	"	"
" " 12 12	" 13 35	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 12 37	" 13 48	"	"
" " 13 3	" 14 14	"	"
" " 13 20	" 14 23	"	"
" " 13 42	" 14 52	"	"
Mean	5° 12' 17"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^\circ 12' 28'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.06 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 5^\circ 14' 3''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 th	20 ^h 57.5 ^m	1	51 38.0	Midzushima	Omori
"	"	16 th 3 13.8	1	" 34.6	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	" 7 3.2	1	" 40.1	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	" 9 18.2	1	" 43.6	Omori	Omori
"	"	18 th 0 28.2	1	" 38.2	"	"
"	"	" 6 7.7	1	" 34.8	"	"
"	"	" 7 13.8	1	" 36.7	"	"
"	"	" 8 50.3	—	" 37.6	Midzushima	Nakamura
"	"	" 9 33.6	1	" 37.6	Nakamura	"
Mean				51° 37.9		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 51^\circ 37.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.96 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 51^\circ 36.9 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	27 th	9 ^h 6.1 ^m	1	51° 46.7	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	" 10 41.7	1	" 38.9	"	"
Mean				51° 42.8		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 51^\circ 42.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.94 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 51^\circ 41.9 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug 16 th 8 ^h 12 ^m	0.28995	469.83	28.5C	5.6306	27.9C	7° 0' 49.6	15° 56' 40.0	29.1C	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 22 16	0.28994	470.48	26.0	5.6287	26.4	7 1 49.4	15 57 11.9	25.7	Midzushima	Omori
" " 17 th 20 59	0.29029	469.62	27.0	5.6296	27.0	7 1 24.4	15 57 45.6	26.9	Nakamura	"
" " 21 49	0.28950	470.24	27.0	5.6338	27.1	7 2 16.9	15 58 26.9	26.9	Omori	Nakamura
" " 18 th 8 16	0.29001	469.41	27.3	5.6340	27.5	7 1 5.5	15 56 10.6	27.2	Midzushima	"
Mean	0.28994									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.28994 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 938 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 040 \\ \hline & H = 0.29004 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflection		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 26 th 23 ^h 59 ^m	0.29037	468.56	24.3C	5.6345	24.0C	7° 0' 0.0	15° 54' 3.8	24.7C	Omori	Nakamura
" " 27 th 7 14	0.28988	469.06	23.7	5.6367	23.6	7 0 58.8	15 55 55.0	23.8	"	"
Mean	0.29012									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.29012 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 931 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 40 \\ \hline & H = 0.29022 \end{aligned}$$

23. KASIWAZAKI.

Kasiwazaki Street (柏崎町)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug	19— 2 ^h 24.4 ^m	1	51° 58.2	Kimura	Kimura
"	" 7 1.8	1	52 2.3	Nakamura	"
"	" 8 6.0	1	51 58.5	Omori	Midzusima
"	" 17 54.4	1	52 0.6	Nakamura	Kimura
"	" 18 46.6	1	51 53.7	Kimura	"
"	" 22 34.6	1	" 55.6	Omori	Nakamura
"	20 th 0 33.7	1	" 56.6	Nakamura	Omori
"	" 3 12.2	1	" 53.3	Omori	"
"	" 7 32.2	1	52 0.0	Nakamura	"
"	" 8 45.7	1	51 51.0	Midzusima	Kimura
"	" 9 33.7	1	" 52.5	"	"
"	" 15 8.8	1	" 53.8	Omori	Omori
"	" 20 31.7	1	52 0.9	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean			51° 56.7		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 51^\circ 56.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.37 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 51^\circ 55.3 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H).(* Value deduced from Vibration only by Assuming Value of M)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Hour Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug. 19 th 0 ^h 31 ^m	0.28780	469.68	26.7C	5.6546	27.2C	7 4' 51.79	16° 5' 8.71	26.2C	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 5 57	0.28771	469.18	25.1	5.6581	25.5	7 4 58.2	16 6 5.6	24.8	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 9 37	0.28844	468.25	26.6	5.6576	27.4	7 3 52.5	16 4 40.7	25.8	Midzusima	Omori
" " 16 12	0.28804	470.40	23.2	5.6466	23.3	7 5 3.8	16 5 32.5	23.3	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 16 50	0.28888	469.46	22.9	5.6441	22.9	7 4 7.5	16 5 11.9	22.9	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 23 44	0.28777	470.85	21.9	5.6474	22.3	7 5 41.2	16 6 28.8	21.5	Omori	Nakamura
" 20 th 6 39	0.28834	470.42	21.2	5.6438	21.4	7 4 57.5	16 5 43.8	21.1	"	"
" " 23 53	*0.28874	469.37	25.2	5.6431	25.2	(6 57 56.9	16 5 23.1	(24.7)	Kimura	Omori
" 21 st 6 31	*0.28885	469.93	23.4	5.6417	23.4	(7 2 52.5	15 57 4.3	(23.1)	Omori	Kimura
" " 7 20	0.28939	470.03	23.3	5.6487	23.4	7 3 42.5	16 3 56.3	23.3	Kimura	Omori
Mean	0.28840									

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.28840 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1137 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 000 \\ \hline H = 0.28851 \end{aligned}$$

24. TERADOMARI.

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	Dip.	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	22 nd 10 ^h 4.2 ^m	1	51° 34.0	Nakamura	Kimura
"	" 11 17.2	1	" 36.0	"	Omori
"	" 11 56.3	—	" 40.0	Omori	Nakamura
"	" 12 33.9	—	" 39.4	"	"
"	" 13 7.1	—	" 32.9	Kimura	Omori
Mean			51° 36.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 51^\circ 36.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.36 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 51^\circ 35.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_p</i>	Observer	Recorder
						$\bar{\zeta}_1$	$\bar{\zeta}_2$			
Aug. 22 th 8 ^h 4 ^m	0.29162	470.56	22.10	5.6113	22.30	7° 0' 14.4"	15 54' 43.2"	21.90	Kimura Omori	Omori Kimura
" " 8 53	0.29128	470.31	23.8	5.6163	24.0	7 0 24.4	15 54 55.7	23.5		
Mean	0.29145									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29145 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1034 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 H &= 0.29155
 \end{aligned}$$

25. NIIGATA.

Play ground of Ordinary Normal School (尋常師範學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 23 th 19 ^h 5 ^m	5° 41' 57"	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 19 23	" 41 52	"	"
" " 19 50	" 41 33	"	"
" " 20 34	" 41 37	"	"
" " 21 1	" 42 6	Kimura	Omori
" " 22 30	" 42 10	"	"
" " 23 59	" 42 2	Omori	Kimura
" 24 th 3 46	" 43 6	"	"
" " 4 50	" 41 30	Kimura	Omori
" " 5 58	" 37 16	Omori	Kimura
" " 6 59	" 35 32	"	"
" " 8 51	" 37 5	"	"
" " 8 58	" 39 9	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 9 15	" 38 21	"	"
" " 10 14	" 38 29	"	"
" " 10 37	" 39 30	"	"
" " 11 11	" 39 17	"	Kimura
" " 11 38	" 40 41	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 12 34	" 39 58	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 13 19	" 38 55	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 13 52	" 39 31	"	Kimura
" " 14 24	" 40 41	Omori	Omori
" " 16 3	" 43 8	"	Nakamura
" " 16 56	" 40 23	Nakamura	Omori
" " 17 49	" 39 57	Omori	Nakamura
" " 19 3	" 40 33	"	Omori
" " 19 55	" 41 10	"	"
" " 20 8	" 40 11	Kimura	Nakamura
" 25 th 6 11	" 40 8	"	"
" " 7 7	" 35 48	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 7 58	" 33 30	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 8 36	" 34 55	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 9 6	" 34 51	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 10 10	" 35 6	Omori	Omori
" " 13 39	" 38 6	"	"
" " 14 19	" 37 53	"	"
" " 14 58	" 37 10	"	"
" " 15 52	" 35 32	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 16 39	" 34 44	"	Kimura
" " 18 2	" 36 47	Nakamura	"
" " 18 33	" 37 46	"	"
Mean	5° 40' 29"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5 \quad 40.48 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.27 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \delta &= 5 \quad 42.8
 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1875.

Date and Hour. (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	16 th	22 ^h	26.9 ^m	5	16'	43''	Nakamura	Sutō
"	"	22	59.4	"	17	13	Sutō	"
"	17 th	3	4.7	"	16	34	"	"
"	"	3	48.8	"	16	25	"	"
"	"	5	7.1	"	16	13	"	"
"	"	5	56.7	"	14	55	"	"
"	"	6	59.7	"	13	21	"	"
"	"	7	58.0	"	13	11	"	"
"	"	8	32.1	"	13	46	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9	55.3	"	16	59	"	Nakamura
"	"	10	52.9	"	19	6	Nakamura	"
"	"	11	39.1	"	20	13	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	12	22.1	"	21	3	"	Nakamura
"	"	13	27.3	"	21	0	Nakamura	"
"	"	14	24.4	"	20	11	Imamura	Sutō
"	"	15	19.2	"	19	27	"	Imamura
"	"	16	19.7	"	18	38	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	17	29.6	"	17	34	"	"
"	"	18	17.3	"	17	16	"	Imamura
"	"	19	17.8	"	17	20	Nakamura	Sutō
Mean				5	17'	13''		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 5^{\circ} 17' 22'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.04 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \delta = 5^{\circ} 16' 2'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Aug.	23 th	18 ^h	19.9 ^m	1	51'	51.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	14.4	1	"	54.7	"	"
"	24 th	"	"	1	"	51.3	Kimura	Omori
"	"	20	35.0	1	"	52.8	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	18	32.4	1	"	53.5	"	Omori
"	25 th	16	20.2	1	"	57.9	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	18	19.7	1	"	48.7	"	Kimura
Mean					51'	52.9		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 51^{\circ} 52.9' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.36 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 51^{\circ} 51.5' \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Aug.	17 th	7 ^h	25 ^m	1	51'	59.4	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	11	28	1	"	58.6	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	13	2	1	"	55.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	17	40	—	"	58.9	Imamura	"
"	"	20	44	1	"	54.1	"	Sutō
Mean					51'	57.0		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 51^{\circ} 57.0' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.62 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 51^{\circ} 57.6' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
 (* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of *M*)
 Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t₀</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 23 rd 22 ^h 15 ^m	0.28831	468.39	26.5C	5.6561	26.4C	7 2'40.7	15 59'56.75	26.6C	Kimura	Omori
" " 23 37	0.28853	468.53	26.2	5.6543	26.7	7 2 40.6	15 59 58.5	25.8	"	Kimura
" " 24 th 6 41	0.28841	468.46	26.1	5.6552	26.3	7 2 47.9	16 0 24.6	25.9	Kimura	Omori
" " 12 21	0.28851	466.81	30.4	5.6652	31.0	7 1 23.9	15 57 33.3	29.8	"	Nakamura
" " 13 7	0.28836	467.15	31.1	5.6654	32.0	7 1 27.1	15 56 48.7	30.2	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 16 42	0.28859	469.49	23.6	5.6472	23.7	7 3 13.1	16 0 50.7	23.5	"	Omori
" " 17 33	0.28853	468.75	23.3	5.6518	23.2	7 3 3.8	16 1 16.9	23.3	Omori	Nakamura
" " 25 th 6 54	0.28824	469.84	22.1	5.6476	21.9	7 3 51.0	16 2 12.5	22.4	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 7 43	0.28848	468.84	22.8	5.6512	22.5	7 3 10.4	16 1 35.6	23.1	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean	0.28844									

$$H = 0.28844$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 950$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 000$$

$$H = 0.28854$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t₀</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 17 th 9 ^h 38 ^m	0.28927	429.92	32.9C	5.9586	32.4C	6 33'46.79	14 35'54.74	33.5C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 12 5	0.28946	429.56	32.1	5.9625	32.9	6 23 51.3	14 36 20.0	31.3	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 15 0	0.28993	429.33	31.1	6.9590	31.9	6 53 55.0	14 36 30.6	30.4	Sutō	"
" " 16 20	*0.28944	430.15	31.2	5.9565	31.2	..	..	..	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 16 39	*0.28906	430.30	30.7	5.9593	30.7	..	..	..	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 17 11	*0.28979	430.10	29.8	5.9539	29.8	..	..	..	"	"
" " 21 9	0.28936	431.44	26.9	5.9479	26.8	6 25 23.1	14 33 41.9	26.9	"	{ Sutō Imamura
Mean	0.28947									

$$H = 0.28947$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -437$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 000$$

$$H = 0.28943$$

26. KAMO.
Seikaizinzya. (西海神社)

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the East Party, 1893

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 28 th 8 ^h 9 ^m	5° 26' 23"	Kimura	Kimura
" " 8 57	" 26 0	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 9 42	" 25 30	"	"
" " 10 12	" 26 19	"	"
" " 10 39	" 27 6	"	"
" " 11 5	" 27 22	"	"
" " 11 35	" 27 29	"	"
" " 12 5	" 28 36	"	"
" " 12 30	" 28 30	"	"
" " 13 23	" 30 24	"	"
" " 14 11	" 28 47	Omori	Omori
" " 14 42	" 30 31	"	Omori
" " 15 52	" 30 42	"	"
" " 16 37	" 29 50	"	"
" " 17 49	" 29 42	"	"
" " 18 31	" 29 5	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean	5° 28' 18"		

$$\delta = 5^\circ 28' 30$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 2.10$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = -0.01$$

$$\delta = 5^\circ 30' 4$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	28 th	8h 37.0 ^m	1	52° 30'	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	9 26.6	1	" 2.6	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11 20.6	1	51 55.2	"	"
"	"	15 15.5	1	" 57.8	Omori	Omori
"	"	17 14.0	1	" 59.8	"	Kimura
"	"	18 53.4	1	" 55.8	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean				51° 59.0'		

$\theta = 51^\circ 59.0'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.81
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 51^\circ 58.2'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 28 th 6 ^h 33 ^m	0.28986	469.25	21.5 C	5.6356	21.5 C	7° 1' 25.0"	15° 57' 11.75"	21.6 C	Kimura	Omori
" " 7 19	0.28997	469.02	23.1	5.6361	23.1	7 1 8.8	15 56 44.2	23.1	Omori	Kimura
" " 13 12	0.28963	466.75	29.7	5.6549	30.3	6 59 15.7	15 51 46.3	29.1	Nakamura	Omori
" " 13 58	0.28987	466.68	29.7	5.6518	29.8	6 58 57.5	15 51 32.5	29.7	Omori	Nakamura
" " 18 23	0.28978	468.26	24.1	5.6426	24.2	7 0 39.1	15 55 28.9	24.1	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean	0.28982									

$H = 0.28982$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 891
 " " sea level = 132
 $H = 0.28992$

27. SIBATA.

Parade ground (練兵場)
DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	29 th	21 ^h 21 ^m	5	35'	2"	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	23 42	"	34	59	"	"
"	30 th	2 9	"	35	23	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	3 24	"	33	59	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	4 30	"	34	41	"	Midzusima
"	"	5 17	"	34	17	"	"
"	"	6 43	"	34	9	"	"
"	"	7 25	"	33	5	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	8 18	"	29	51	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	9 9	"	27	6	"	"
"	"	10 30	"	24	33	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	11 2	"	29	48	Nakamura	"
"	"	11 28	"	31	20	"	"
"	"	11 49	"	31	15	"	"
"	"	12 34	"	31	55	"	"
"	"	13 3	"	35	32	"	"
"	"	13 35	"	33	29	Omori	"
"	"	14 13	"	33	14	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	14 49	"	33	12	Omori	Nakamura
"	"	15 42	"	33	5	"	"
"	"	16 32	"	31	44	"	Omori
Mean			5°	32'	28"		

$\delta = 5^\circ 32.47'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.21
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^\circ 34.7'$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 30 th 5 ^h 44.6 ^m	1	51 45.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 8 2.7	1	" 39.6	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 14 1.2	2	" 43.9	Omori	"
" " 14 32.2	1	" 42.7	Nakamura	Omori
Mean		51° 43.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 51^\circ 43.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.07 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.60 \\ \hline \theta &= 51^\circ 41.9 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 30 th 1 ^h 43 ^m	0.28955	469.07	20.6C	5.6399	20.7C	7' 2' 4.4	15 59' 9.4	20.5C	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 8 53	0.28930	466.41	28.4	5.6595	28.8	6 59 56.9	15 54 15.0	28.1	Nakamura	Omori
" " 10 15	0.28868	466.34	30.2	5.6683	32.5	7 0 26.9	15 54 27.8	31.4	"	Nakamura
" " 15 19	0.28880	466.62	32.1	5.6631	32.4	6 59 23.8	15 50 53.7	32.3	"	"
" " 16 12	0.28940	465.60	32.0	5.6623	31.8	6 58 26.3	15 50 14.4	32.2	Nakamura	Omori
Mean	0.28915									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28915 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 844 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 27 \\ \hline H &= 0.28924 \end{aligned}$$

28. EBISU.

Bank of the Lake Kamo. (加茂湖畔)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 th 16 ^h 56 ^m	5 43' 38"	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 17 32	" 42 48	"	Kimura
" " 18 31	" 43 4	"	"
" " 19 35	" 44 33	"	"
" " 23 3	" 46 7	Midzusima	Nakamura
Sept. 1 st 0 10	" 42 17	Nakamura	"
" " 1 12	" 44 30	"	"
" " 1 53	" 43 12	"	"
" " 4 33	" 45 46	"	"
" " 5 5	" 44 38	"	"
" " 6 4	" 42 9	Midzusima	"
" " 6 59	" 42 0	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 7 45	" 40 3	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 8 23	" 39 13	Kimura	Kimura
" " 9 23	" 38 38	"	"
" " 10 34	" 38 29	"	Midzusima
" " 11 16	" 40 37	"	"
" " 12 13	" 42 55	"	Kimura
" " 13 6	" 44 7	Omori	Nakamura
" " 13 48	" 44 12	Nakamura	Omori
" " 14 36	" 43 8	"	Nakamura
" " 15 31	" 42 17	"	"
" " 16 27	" 42 14	Kimura	Kimura
" " 17 25	" 41 50	"	"
" " 18 33	" 42 9	"	"
Mean	5 43' 2"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5 43.03 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.14 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 5 45.5 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 17 ^h 13.2 ^m	1	51° 51.3	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 19 8.6	1	" 56.4	Kimura	"
Sept. 1 st 6 34.7	1	" 53.7	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 9 4.3	1	" 56.5	Kimura	Kimura
" " 10 57.3	1	" 52.0	Midzusima	"
" " 12 50.2	1	" 48.6	Omori	Nakamura
" " 16 3.6	1	" 51.7	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 16 58.2	1	" 52.0	Kimura	"
" " 13 10.4	1	" 54.0	"	"
Mean		51° 52.9		

$\theta = 51^\circ 52.9$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.88
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 51^\circ 51.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_2	φ_1			
Aug. 31 st 18 ^h 19 ^m	0.29009	467.77	24.2C	5.6431	24.8C	6 59' 41".0	15 53' 17".5	24.5C	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 23 56	0.29012	467.96	23.3	5.6413	23.4	6 59 56.6	15 53 54.4	23.2	"	Nakamura
Sept. 1 st 5 51	0.28989	468.05	29.0	5.6425	21.9	7 0 16.6	15 54 33.7	22.1	Nakamura	Midzusima
" " 7 32	0.29000	467.62	23.3	5.6444	23.3	6 59 51.9	15 53 48.8	23.3	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 11 52	0.28966	466.18	29.2	5.6569	29.2	6 58 46.0	15 50 57.8	29.1	Kimura	Midzusima
" " 13 39	0.29005	466.26	29.0	5.6532	29.3	6 58 22.8	15 50 7.5	28.7	Nakamura	Omori
" " 14 22	0.29020	466.48	28.4	5.6503	28.8	6 58 23.8	15 50 11.9	28.1	Omori	Nakamura
Mean	0.29000									

$H = 0.29000$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1166
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.29012$

29. WASIZAKI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 18 ^h 31 ^m	5° 42' 41"	Omori	Kimura
" " 19 28	" 43 20	Midzusima	Omori
" " 23 40	" 40 57	Omori	"
" " 3 rd 0 51	" 40 53	"	"
" " 3 9	" 42 23	"	"
" " 4 32	" 42 34	"	"
" " 5 15	" 42 17	"	"
" " 5 52	" 40 35	"	"
" " 6 38	" 38 48	"	"
" " 7 12	" 37 37	"	"
" " 8 1	" 36 0	"	"
" " 8 47	" 36 38	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 9 24	" 36 59	"	Omori
" " 10 17	" 38 8	"	"
" " 11 9	" 40 55	"	"
" " 12 18	" 43 7	"	"
" " 13 28	" 42 19	Omori	Nakamura
Mean	5° 41' 5"		Omori

$\delta = 5^\circ 41.38$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.51
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^\circ 43.6$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	2 nd 18 ^h 16.4 ^m	1	52 8.1	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	" 20 13.5	1	" 12.2	Omori	Omori
"	" 20 57.4	1	" 11.7	"	"
"	3 rd 0 25.4	1	" 14.6	"	"
"	" 6 18.4	1	" 12.2	"	"
"	" 7 35.9	1	" 12.5	"	"
"	" 9 59.1	1	" 15.3	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 10 46.6	1	" 10.4	"	"
Mean			52 12.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 52^\circ & 12.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -1.99 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 52^\circ & 10.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of Temp.		Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder	
				1-Vib ²	t_v	φ_1	φ_2				
Sept.	2 nd 19 ^h 18 ^m	0.28791	467.25	24.7C	5.6671	24.7C	7 2'23.4	15 59'23.9	24.7C	Midzusima	Omori
"	" 7 35	0.28765	466.01	29.1	5.6776	29.2	7 1'22.8	15 53'47.1	29.0	Nakamura	"
"	" 13 12	0.28763	465.01	33.2	5.6833	32.8	7 0'4.4	15 53'28.3	33.6	Omori	Nakamura
"	" 17 29	0.28813	466.63	28.7	5.6701	29.4	7 1'19.1	15 51'27.5	28.1	Kimura	Omori
"	" 18 6	0.28791	466.00	27.5	5.4485	27.7	7 1'13.6	15 51'61.	27.3	Omori	Kimura
Mean	0.28785										

$$\begin{aligned} H = & 0.28785 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1130 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 000 \\ \hline H = & 0.28793 \end{aligned}$$

30. AIKAWA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	6 th 11 ^h 20 ^m	5 22' 37"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 11 37	" 23 1	"	"
"	" 12 21	" 22 24	"	"
"	" 13 9	" 22 3	Midzusima	Omori
"	" 14 0	" 22 3	"	"
"	" 14 40	" 22 14	"	"
"	" 15 25	" 21 49	"	Midzusima
"	" 16 2	" 21 4	"	"
"	" 26 41	" 20 23	"	"
"	" 17 23	" 20 5	"	"
"	" 18 12	" 19 25	"	"
"	" 18 48	" 20 1	Nakamura	Omori
"	" 19 40	" 21 17	"	"
"	" 22 42	" 20 6	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	" 23 37	" 20 12	"	"
"	7 th 0 39	" 20 15	Nakamura	"
"	" 1 40	" 19 51	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	" 2 37	" 19 37	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		5' 20' 7"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 5^\circ & 20.12 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 2.44 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.01 \\ \hline \delta = 5^\circ & 22.6 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	6 th	8 ^h	0.7 ^m	1	52° 11.3	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	12	51.6	1	" 11.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	17	4.0	—	" 11.3	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	7 th	2	12.5	1	" 11.8	"	Nakamura
Mean					52° 11.5		

$\theta = 52^\circ 11.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -2.11
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 52^\circ 9.4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vibn.	Tem. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Sept.	6 th 13 ^h 44 ^m	0.28722	465.94	25.6C	5.6836	25.7C	7° 2'37.8	16° 0'17.5	25.7C	Midzushima	Omori
"	" 14 31	0.28723	466.02	26.4	5.6823	26.9	7 2 32.5	16 0 1.9	26.0	Nakamura	Midzushima
"	" 19 29	0.28707	467.22	21.9	5.6759	22.1	7 3 48.2	16 2 47.5	21.8	Nakamura	Omori
"	" 23 25	0.28788	468.92	19.8	5.6572	19.9	7 4 20.2	16 4 16.5	19.7	Midzushima	Nakamura
"	7 th 0 18	0.28731	467.80	19.6	5.6692	19.5	7 4 10.0	16 3 58.1	19.7	Nakamura	Midzushima
"	" 1 28	0.28725	468.18	18.7	5.6678	18.7	7 4 30.0	16 4 40.2	18.7	Midzushima	Nakamura
Mean		0.28734									

$H = 0.28734$
 Reductions to 1895.0 = 1208
 " " sea level = 67
 $H = 0.28747$

31. OGI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	7 th	23 ^h	54 ^m	5°	7'	3"	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	8 th	0	56	"	6	25	"	"
"	"	1	46	"	6	2	"	"
"	"	2	43	"	5	39	"	"
"	"	3	34	"	5	14	"	"
"	"	4	38	"	4	33	"	"
"	"	8	4	"	2	21	"	"
"	"	9	15	"	5	26	Omori	Omori
"	"	9	39	"	5	42	"	"
"	"	10	52	"	9	10	"	Kimura
"	"	11	29	"	10	39	"	Omori
"	"	12	21	"	11	1	"	"
"	"	13	13	"	12	16	"	Nakamura
"	"	13	58	"	12	13	Nakamura	Omori
"	"	14	49	"	9	58	"	Nakamura
"	"	15	32	"	9	28	"	"
"	"	16	19	"	7	13	"	"
"	"	17	3	"	6	25	"	"
"	"	17	56	"	7	40	Kimura	"
"	"	18	43	"	9	25	"	"
"	"	19	26	"	8	51	"	Midzushima
"	"	19	55	"	8	39	Midzushima	"
"	"	22	25	"	7	56	Omori	Omori
"	9 th	0	1	"	6	38	"	Midzushima
"	"	0	49	"	6	28	Midzushima	Omori
"	"	1	48	"	6	41	Omori	"
"	"	2	54	"	6	21	"	"
"	"	4	28	"	3	46	"	"
"	"	6	13	"	5	12	"	Midzushima
"	"	6	56	"	3	21	Midzushima	Omori
"	"	7	30	"	2	38	Omori	Midzushima
"	"	8	3	"	2	32	Midzushima	Kimura
"	"	8	48	"	3	33	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean				5°	7'	16"		

$\delta = 5^\circ 7' 16''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 7.27
 " " sea level = 2.37
 $\delta = 5^\circ 9.6$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	8 ^h	18 ^h	22.8 ^m	2	51' 30.2	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	19	15.3	2	" 23.4	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	21	40.4	2	" 32.3	"	Nakamura
"	"	23	42.0	2	" 21.8	Omori	Omori
"	9 ^h	0	26.9	2	" 27.2	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	1	26.4	2	" 33.3	Omori	Omori
"	"	5	56.2	2	" 26.7	"	Midzusima
"	"	6	37.5	2	" 26.5	Midzusima	Omori
"	"	7	15.1	2	" 26.9	Omori	Midzusima
"	"	7	50.2	2	" 27.4	Midzusima	Omori
"	"	9	15.9	2	" 28.1	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	9	49.6	—	" 29.6	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean					51' 27.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 51' & 27.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -1.83 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \theta = 51' & 25.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Sept.	8 ^h 10 ^h 29 ^m	0.29285	464.26	32.0 C	5.6386	32.3 C	6 52 43.7	15 37 18.1	31.3 C	Omori	Kimura
"	" 13 47	0.29253	463.87	32.5	5.6415	31.7	6 52 25.0	15 33 32.5	33.2	Nakamura	Omori
"	" 14 29	0.29253	463.82	32.6	5.6428	32.3	6 52 38.1	15 37 16.5	32.9	Omori	Nakamura
"	" 17 44	0.29233	465.89	26.7	5.6336	27.5	6 54 58.4	15 42 18.2	26.0	Kimura	"
"	9 ^h 8 38	0.29199	465.13	30.2	5.6413	30.7	6 54 21.0	15 40 25.1	29.7	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean		0.29245									

$$\begin{aligned} H = & 0.29245 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.195 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ H = & 0.29257 \end{aligned}$$

32. OZASA.

(字鳴尻ヶ原大字南木山小字三本松)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	12 ^h	13 ^h	15 ^m	4°	14'	24''	Midzusima	Omori
"	"	13	56	"	13	32	"	"
"	"	14	35	"	12	9	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	15	15	"	11	8	"	"
"	"	15	57	"	10	33	Omori	"
"	"	16	31	"	9	38	"	Omori
Mean				4°	8'	40''		Nakamura

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 4' & 8.37 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.70 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.06 \\ \delta = 4' & 10.3 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 12 ^h 12 ^h 0.8 ^m	2	50° 55.4	Midzusima	{ Midzusima Ōmori Midzusima Ōmori Nakamura
" " 12 29.9	2	" 53.8	Ōmori	
" " 14 59.5	2	" 52.1	Nakamura	
" " 16 16.5	2	" 57.1	Midzusima	
Mean		50° 54.6		

$\theta = 50^\circ 54.6$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.52
" " sea level = -0.05
 $\theta = 50^\circ 54.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibr.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 12 ^h 13 ^h 48 ^m	0.29508	466.97	23.1 C	5.6004	23.7 C	6.52 6.79	15.35 43.70	22.5 C	Nakamura	Ōmori
" " 14 25	0.29472	466.48	22.1	5.6056	22.2	6.52 12.5	15.36 11.2	22.0	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 15 48	0.29571	468.68	19.9	5.5842	20.6	6.52 51.8	15.37 21.5	19.3	Ōmori	Midzusima
Mean	0.29517									

$H = 0.29517$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1018
" " sea level = 1170
 $H = 0.29533$

33. WAKASARE.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 12 ^h 21 ^h 0 ^m	3° 46' 23"	Midzusima	Nakamura
" " 22 56	" 45 52	Nakamura	Ōmori
" " 23 46	" 45 24	Ōmori	Nakamura
" 13 ^h 1 23	" 45 34	Nakamura	Ōmori
" " 3 37	" 44 37	"	"
Mean	3° 45' 47"		

$\delta = 3^\circ 45.778$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.64
" " sea level = -0.10
 $\delta = 3^\circ 47.3$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 12 ^h 22 ^h 0.0 ^m	2	50° 5.0	Ōmori	Ōmori
" " 23 23.6	2	49 58.5	Nakamura	"
" 13 ^h 0 16.0	2	" 57.2	"	"
" " 0 54.8	2	50 4.8	Ōmori	Nakamura
" " 3 53.5	2	" 0.3	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 4 9.8	2	49 57.1	"	"
Mean		50° 0.5		

$\theta = 50^\circ 0.5$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.39
" " sea level = -0.08
 $\theta = 50^\circ 0.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 13 th 2 ^h 10 ^m	0.29827	470.24	8.3 C	5.5489	8.3 C	6 50'30.0	15 31'39.4	8.4 C	Nakamura	Omori
" " 3 10	0.29857	470.23	8.4	5.5461	8.4	6 50 16.2	15 31 23.1	8.5	Nakamura Omori	Nakamura
Mean	0.29842									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29842 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 982 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 1806 \\
 H &= 0.29870
 \end{aligned}$$

34. ASAMA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 13 th 12 ^h 24 ^m	3' 11' 30"	Nakamura	Omori

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 3^\circ 11.50 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.63 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.17 \\
 \delta &= 3^\circ 13.0
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 21 st 12 ^h 22.0 ^m	2	52' 46.7	Midzushima	Omori

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 52^\circ 46.7 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.43 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.17 \\
 \theta &= 52^\circ 46.1
 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 13 th 12 ^h 7.8 ^m	2	50' 45.8	Omori	Omori
" " 13 43.3	2	" 44.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		50' 44.9		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 50^\circ 44.9 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.39 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.17 \\
 \theta &= 50^\circ 44.4
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 13 ^h 14 ^h 55 ^m	*0.30156	469.72	20.2C	5.5373	20.2C	6 47'53.71	15 22'29.70	17.8C	Omori	Nakamura
" " 15 40	0.30156	470.05	18.6	5.5353	20.3	6 45 36.9	15 20 16.9	16.9	Nakamura	Omori
Mean	0.30156									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.30156 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1002 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 3199 \\
 H &= 0.30198
 \end{aligned}$$

35. MATUIDA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	14 th 21 ^h 40 ^m	4° 40' 59"	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	" 22 46	" 40 26	Midzusima	Kimura
"	" 15 th 0 30	" 38 4	"	Midzusima
"	" 3 9	" 37 0	"	"
"	" 4 37	" 37 3	"	"
"	" 5 39	" 37 13	"	"
"	" 6 26	" 36 16	"	"
"	" 7 20	" 36 35	"	"
"	" 7 52	" 36 38	"	"
"	" 8 26	" 36 31	Kimura	Kimura
"	" 9 45	" 38 35	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 10 33	" 41 15	Kimura	Kimura
"	" 11 36	" 44 37	"	Nakamura
"	" 12 32	" 45 6	"	Kimura
"	" 13 22	" 45 4	"	"
"	" 14 13	" 44 25	Nakamura	"
"	" 14 50	" 43 40	"	Nakamura
"	" 15 31	" 42 7	Midzusima	"
"	" 16 16	" 40 39	"	Midzusima
"	" 17 7	" 40 0	"	"
"	" 17 48	" 39 48	"	"
"	" 19 22	" 39 53	"	"
"	" 19 59	" 39 53	Kimura	"
Mean.		4° 39' 37"		Nakamura

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 39.62$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.59

" " sea level = -0.02

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 41.2$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	15 th 8 ^h 15.5 ^m	2	50° 15	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	" 11 22.3	2	49 57.3	Kimura	Kimura
"	" 13 55.3	2	" 56.7	"	"
"	" 14 41.3	2	50 0.2	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 16 39.8	2	" 1.2	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	" 18 16.7	2	" 0.9	"	"
"	16 th 0 35.1	2	" 1.7	Kimura	Kimura
"	" 1 56.0	2	49 58.3	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean			49° 59.7		

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 59.7$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.39

" " sea level = 0.02

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 59.3$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp.	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 14 th 22 ^h 30 ^m	0.29661	466.37	21.9C	5.6041	22.3C	6°49'31.5	15°29'38.4	21.6C	Midzusima	Kimura
" 15 th 9 34	0.29607	465.69	21.8	5.6129	21.8	6 49 31.4	15 29 49.6	21.8	Nakamura	"
" 10 20	0.29599	464.84	24.5	5.6176	23.9	6 48 43.5	15 28 18.5	25.1	Kimura	Nakamura
" 15 22	0.29601	464.83	24.5	5.6189	24.7	6 48 43.8	15 27 45.9	24.4	Midzusima	"
" 20 51	0.29598	455.84	21.0	5.6133	21.2	6 49 48.1	15 30 20.6	20.8	Kimura	"
Mean	0.29613									

$$H = 0.29613$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1020

" " sea level = 335

$$H = 0.29627$$

36. TAKASAKI.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	16 th	15 ^h	53 ^m	4	54'	7''	Midzushima	Nakamura
"	"	16	52	"	53	20	Nakamura	"
"	"	17	32	"	53	15	"	"
"	"	18	24	"	53	8	"	Kimura
"	"	19	24	"	52	41	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	20	16	"	53	11	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	21	3	"	53	12	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	22	12	"	53	3	"	"
"	"	23	27	"	53	35	"	"
"	17 th	0	40	"	52	12	"	"
"	"	1	47	"	51	47	"	"
"	"	2	31	"	51	28	"	"
"	"	3	39	"	51	7	"	"
"	"	4	37	"	50	27	"	"
"	"	5	36	"	50	2	"	"
"	"	6	18	"	49	57	"	"
"	"	7	15	"	48	52	"	"
"	"	8	11	"	50	0	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	8	57	"	51	18	Nakamura	"
"	"	9	32	"	52	56	"	"
"	"	10	22	"	53	28	"	"
"	"	11	12	"	55	23	"	"
"	"	11	40	"	56	22	"	"
"	"	12	38	"	56	34	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	13	22	"	56	54	Nakamura	"
"	"	14	14	"	55	42	Kimura	"
"	"	15	21	"	54	56	"	"
"	"	16	14	"	54	5	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	16	58	"	53	38	"	"
"	"	18	10	"	52	27	"	"
"	"	19	8	"	52	34	"	"
"	"	20	16	"	52	29	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	21	32	"	52	25	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	22	22	"	52	33	"	Nakamura
"	"	23	12	"	49	48	"	"
"	18 th	0	18	"	52	14	"	"
"	"	1	17	"	50	28	"	"
"	"	2	16	"	50	13	"	"
"	"	5	13	"	50	36	"	"
"	"	6	9	"	50	30	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	7	15	"	51	3	"	"
"	"	8	20	"	50	23	"	"
"	"	9	13	"	50	53	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	10	13	"	53	10	"	"
"	"	11	15	"	55	43	"	"
"	"	12	5	"	54	42	"	"
"	"	12	50	"	55	28	"	"
"	"	13	30	"	55	41	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	14	37	"	54	25	"	"
"	"	15	55	"	54	7	"	"
"	"	19	24	"	52	35	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	2	"	53	35	"	"
Mean				4	52'	34''		

$\delta = 1 \quad 52.57$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.48
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 4 \quad 54.0$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	16 ^h	16 ^h 27.9 ^m	2	50° 9.1	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	17 3.6	2	" 10.8	"	Nakamura
"	17 ^h	1 28.5	2	" 7.5	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	5 3.0	2	" 7.4	"	"
"	"	7 45.1	2	" 7.4	"	"
"	"	10 3.5	2	" 5.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10 52.3	2	" 8.7	"	"
"	"	12 18.2	-	" 6.7	"	"
"	"	13 54.4	2	" 5.2	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	14 38.8	2	" 5.7	"	"
"	"	15 3.3	-	" 5.2	"	"
"	18 ^h	13 54.7	2	" 10.2	"	"
"	"	14 18.5	2	" 3.9	"	"
"	"	15 24.5	-	" 10.7	"	"
"	"	18 9.2	2	" 3.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	18 40.7	2	" 9.4	"	"
Mean				50° 7.3		

$\theta = 50^\circ \quad 7.3$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.00
" " sea level = -0.01

$\theta = 50^\circ \quad 7.3$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 16 ^h 19 ^h 8 ^m	0.29605	465.44	23.0C	5.6153	23.3C	6 49' 14.0"	15 28' 51.9"	22.7C	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 20 5	0.29579	465.67	22.0	5.6161	22.4	6 49 39.3	15 29 35.0	21.7	Nakamura	Kimura
" 17 ^h 3 24	0.29577	466.77	20.6	5.6103	21.1	6 49 47.5	15 30 18.5	20.0	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 8 45	0.29590	467.15	19.2	5.6083	19.4	6 50 50.4	15 32 19.1	19.0	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 13 12	0.29591	465.88	21.3	5.6131	21.3	6 49 39.0	15 29 41.0	21.4	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 16 52	0.29642	466.35	20.0	5.6083	20.2	6 49 40.3	15 30 3.4	19.7	Midzusima	Midzusima
" 18 ^h 11 1	0.29576	465.91	26.2	5.6153	21.7	6 50 21.3	15 31 46.9	20.8	"	"
Mean	0.29594									

$H = 0.29594$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 826
" " sea level = 129
 $H = 0.29604$

37. NUMATA.

(天王社内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	19 ^h	22 ^h 43 ^m	4°	34'	27"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	23 8	"	34'	7"	"	"
"	"	23 58	"	33'	9"	"	"
"	20 ^h	1 16	"	32'	39"	"	"
"	"	2 13	"	31'	46"	"	"
"	"	3 34	"	30'	58"	"	"
"	"	5 10	"	30'	21"	"	"
"	"	6 20	"	30'	32"	"	"
"	"	7 9	"	30'	10"	"	"
"	"	8 9	"	29'	33"	Kimura	"
"	"	9 32	"	30'	20"	"	Kimura
"	"	10 38	"	52'	41"	"	"
"	"	11 26	"	34'	8"	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	12 15	"	35'	7"	"	"
"	"	12 58	"	34'	47"	"	"
"	"	13 40	"	31'	9"	"	Kimura
"	"	14 40	"	33'	8"	Kimura	"
"	"	15 47	"	31'	1"	Nakamura	"
"	"	16 33	"	30'	9"	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	17 48	"	28'	26"	Nakamura	"
Mean			4°	31'	59"		

$\delta = 4 \quad 31.98$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.62
" " sea level = -0.03
 $\delta = 4 \quad 33.6$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
June.	29 th	21 ^h	22.0 ^m	4	49'	6''	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	22	22.2	"	49	10	"	Imamura
"	"	23	22.6	"	48	9	"	Nakamura
"	30 th	2	46.6	"	46	13	"	"
"	"	4	58.7	"	47	5	"	"
"	"	6	6.8	"	46	35	"	"
"	"	6	54.4	"	46	32	"	"
"	"	7	57.2	"	45	10	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	9	21.4	"	47	29	"	"
"	"	10	21.8	"	48	58	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	11	28.4	"	54	0	"	Imamura
"	"	11	42.1	"	51	26	"	"
"	"	12	0.3	"	51	53	"	"
"	"	12	10.3	"	52	3	"	"
"	"	13	8.4	"	52	21	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	13.3	"	52	34	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	15	10.5	"	53	3	Imamura	"
"	"	15	28.1	"	52	24	"	Tamaru
"	"	15	52.1	"	51	39	Tamaru	"
"	"	16	56.7	"	50	41	"	Imamura
"	"	17	46.1	"	50	59	Imamura	"
"	"	18	49.7	"	50	42	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	18.9	"	49	14	Tamaru	Imamura
July.	1 st	0	49.7	"	47	53	Imamura	"
Mean				4	49'	4''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 4 \quad 49.07 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.62 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\ \delta = 4 \quad 48.4 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	19 th	21 ^h	52.6 ^m	2	50 24.9	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	20 th	5	57.6	2	" 25.2	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	6	51.0	2	" 24.4	"	"
"	"	13	21.2	2	" 25.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	14	19.5	2	" 26.8	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	17	5.4	2	" 22.2	"	Nakamura
"	"	17	32.4	2	" 26.7	Nakamura	Kimura
Mean					50 24.7		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 50 \quad 24.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.25 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\ \theta = 50 \quad 24.4 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June.	30 th	5 ^h	38 ^m	1	50 12.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9	5.0	1	" 13.7	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	13	4.7	1	" 13.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
July.	1 st	1	3.0	1	" 16.2	Imamura	Imamura
Mean					50 14.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 50 \quad 14.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.10 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\ \theta = 50 \quad 14.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
 Observations of the South Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 20 th 1 ^h 1 ^m	0.29399	465.43	23.2C	5.6314	21.8C	6 51' 44.71	15 34' 56.75	24.8C	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 11 16	0.29385	466.20	20.9	5.6308	20.9	6 52' 33.9	15 35' 58.4	20.9	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 15 34	*0.29387	466.50	20.8	5.6287	20.8	(6 53' 49.0	15 37' 53.6	20.0)	Nakamura	"
Mean	0.29390									

$H = 0.29390$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 834

" " sea level = 546

$H = 0.29404$

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 25 th 22 ^h 56 ^m	0.29480	436.27	21.1C	5.8604	21.3C	6 22' 44.74	14 33' 33.78	20.8C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 30 ^h 8 59	0.29463	436.89	19.4	5.8573	19.4	6 23' 13.8	14 34' 21.3	19.4	Tamari	Imamura
" " 12 53	0.29475	435.12	22.8	5.8581	22.8	6 21' 47.5	14 31' 34.4	22.8	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 16 25	0.29482	436.32	20.6	5.8591	20.5	6 22' 30.6	14 32' 48.8	20.6	"	Tamari
" " 19 34	0.29500	436.62	19.1	5.8559	19.2	6 23' 3.8	14 34' 45.0	18.9	Tamari	Nakamura
Mean	0.29480									

$H = 0.29480$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -320

" " sea level = 546

$H = 0.29482$

38. KUMAGAI.

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept. 21 st 18 ^h 40 ^m	4	19'	26"	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 20 7	"	18	20	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 20 54	"	18	53	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 23 37	"	16	16	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 22 nd 0 31	"	16	38	"	"
" " 1 26	"	16	32	"	"
" " 2 56	"	15	1	"	"
" " 4 18	"	15	15	"	"
" " 5 50	"	14	0	"	"
" " 6 55	"	13	36	"	"
" " 7 41	"	13	0	"	"
" " 8 29	"	13	32	"	"
" " 9 42	"	15	41	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 10 21	"	17	43	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 11 19	"	20	38	"	Nakamura
" " 12 8	"	22	0	"	"
" " 12 49	"	24	8	"	"
" " 13 44	"	25	37	"	"
" " 14 52	"	24	1	Kimura	Kimura
" " 15 49	"	22	28	"	"
" " 16 44	"	21	18	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 17 23	"	21	0	"	"
" " 18 13	"	20	33	"	{ Kimura
" " 18 54	"	21	40	Kimura	{ Nakamura
" " 20 12	"	19	18	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 21 31	"	19	23	Midzusima	"
" " 21 31	"	19	23	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean	4°	18'	7"		

$\delta = 4$ 18' 12"

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.37

" " sea level = 0.60

$\delta = 4$ 19'

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	Dip	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 22 nd 8 ^h 8.6 ^m	2	49° 57.9	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 10 54.2	2	50 0.0	Kimura	Kimura
" " 11 49.1	2	" 0.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 12 33.3	2	49 57.6	"	"
" " 15 27.2	2	" 55.6	Kimura	Kimura
" " 17 44.1	2	" 57.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 19 29.4	2	50 2.2	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 21 17.4	2	49 53.2	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean		49 58.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49' 58.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.26 \\ \text{.. .. sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 49' 58.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by Assuming Value of M)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 21 st 19 ^h 47 ^m	*0.29573	466.46	22.1C	5.6112	22.1C	6 48' 47.6	15 29' 47.5	22.4C	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 20 38	0.29534	466.46	22.3	5.6123	22.3	6 50 39.0	15 32 8.1	22.3	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 22 nd 9 26	0.29520	466.48	21.0	5.6166	21.2	6 50 43.2	15 31 24.0	20.8	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 10 13	0.29563	465.46	22.0	5.6181	22.0	6 50 1.0	15 31 9.8	22.0	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 13 33	*0.29551	464.83	25.6	5.6236	25.6	6 53 38.7	15 35 32.5	25.5	"	Nakamura
" " 14 32	*0.29530	464.64	26.2	5.6289	26.2	6 47 5.1	15 34 41.6	25.7	Kimura	"
" " 16 25	*0.29555	465.29	24.0	5.6202	24.0	6 50 25.6	15 30 4.2	23.6	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 18 44	0.29524	466.29	22.2	5.6171	22.3	6 49 56.4	15 28 47.0	22.2	"	Nakamura
" " 20 53	0.29576	465.52	21.7	5.6167	21.8	6 49 27.5	15 29 7.2	21.7	Nakamura	Midzusima
Mean	0.29551									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29551 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 7.51 \\ \text{.. .. sea level} &= 38 \\ \hline H &= 0.29559 \end{aligned}$$

39. ODAWARA.
Common School. (小學校)
DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 26 th 12 ^h 18 ^m	4 37' 56"	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 13 51	" 39 53	"	Midzusima
" " 14 34	" 38 15	"	"
" " 15 20	" 36 42	"	"
" " 16 28	" 34 57	"	"
" " 17 15	" 34 51	"	"
" " 18 12	" 34 44	"	"
" " 19 18	" 34 7	"	"
" " 20 9	" 34 38	"	"
" " 21 17	" 32 21	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 22 34	" 31 52	Nakamura	Kimura
" " 27 th 1 8	" 31 51	"	Nakamura
" " 2 22	" 32 49	Kimura	Kimura
" " 3 36	" 28 52	"	"
" " 4 17	" 29 55	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 5 19	" 31 32	"	"
" " 5 43	" 31 19	"	"
" " 6 27	" 30 58	"	"
" " 7 56	" 30 31	Kimura	"
" " 9 3	" 33 52	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 9 47	" 35 48	"	"
" " 10 44	" 35 55	"	"
" " 11 39	" 37 40	"	"
" " 12 23	" 39 7	"	"
" " 13 28	" 38 45	"	"
" " 15 4	" 35 52	Kimura	Nakamura
" " 15 38	" 35 32	Nakamura	"
" " 16 28	" 33 0	"	"
To be Continued.			

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	27 th	17 ^h	53 ^m	4'	34'	14"	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	18	18	"	34	54	"	"
"	"	19	6	"	33	22	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	19	54	"	32	57	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	20	50	"	32	12	"	"
"	"	21	43	"	32	27	"	"
"	"	22	33	"	32	49	"	"
"	"	23	29	"	32	16	"	"
"	28 th	2	57	"	30	24	"	"
"	"	3	45	"	31	33	"	"
"	"	5	20	"	31	44	"	"
"	"	6	40	"	30	39	"	"
Mean				4'	33'	35"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 4 & 3358 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.00 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \delta = 4 & 246 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	26 th	14 ^h 56.0 ^m	2	49 4.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	23 35.8	2	" 9.6	Kimura	Kimura
"	27 th	1 42.1	2	" 8.0	"	"
"	"	2 23.6	2	" 11.4	"	"
"	"	4 54.0	2	" 7.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	8 38.4	2	" 8.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	11 58.9	2	" 7.6	"	"
"	"	15 59.4	2	" 7.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean				49 8.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 49 & 8.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.01 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \theta = 49 & 9.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Sept.	26 th 16 ^h 17 ^m	0.30268	463.31	26.9C	5.5665	27.4C	6.38 33.0	15 4'28.71	26.4C	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	" 17 56	0.30221	464.36	24.7	5.5636	24.8	6.39 47.1	15 6 56.0	24.5	"	"
"	27 th 7 30	0.30208	463.52	20.9	5.5581	21.2	6.40 59.6	15 9 35.4	20.6	Nakamura	Kimura
"	" 11 6	0.30168	464.18	24.2	5.5697	24.4	6.40 25.0	15 8 28.7	24.0	Kimura	Nakamura
"	" 17 10	0.30169	464.39	23.1	5.5680	23.2	6.40 38.7	15 9 8.1	23.1	Nakamura	Kimura
"	28 th 7 25	0.30229	463.38	27.5	5.5676	27.1	6.38 49.6	15 5 5.3	27.9	Midzusima	Midzusima
Mean		0.30210									

$$\begin{aligned} H = & 0.30210 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 7.20 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ H = & 0.30217 \end{aligned}$$

40. ATAMI.

(55)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	2nd	13h	49m	4'	30'	28"	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	14	39	"	28	59	"	"
"	"	15	53	"	26	4	"	"
"	"	16	46	"	25	18	"	"
"	"	17	19	"	25	11	Nakamura	"
"	"	18	6	"	23	53	"	"
"	"	19	7	"	24	30	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	20	26	"	23	21	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	23	7	"	25	34	"	Kimura
"	3rd	0	6	"	24	51	"	Midzusima
"	"	1	8	"	23	57	"	"
"	"	2	13	"	23	37	"	"
"	"	3	23	"	24	1	"	"
"	"	4	28	"	24	29	"	"
"	"	5	40	"	23	55	"	"
"	"	6	48	"	26	44	"	"
"	"	7	31	"	25	32	"	"
"	"	8	33	"	27	3	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	9	29	"	28	10	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	10	9	"	28	39	Nakamura	"
"	"	11	3	"	28	49	"	"
"	"	11	41	"	30	2	"	"
"	"	12	15	"	30	25	"	"
"	"	12	55	"	29	29	"	"
"	"	13	42	"	28	32	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	14	30	"	28	23	Nakamura	"
"	"	15	41	"	27	17	"	Midzusima
"	"	16	27	"	26	6	Midzusima	Kimura
Mean				4'	25'	46"		

$\delta = 4$ 25.77
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.95
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4$ 26.74

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	2nd	15h	4.0m	2	48° 54.6	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	15	33.3	2	" 58.1	"	"
"	"	16	30.7	2	" 55.1	"	"
"	3rd	10	44.7	2	" 56.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11	23.0	2	" 58.2	"	"
"	"	12	34.8	2	" 56.4	"	"
"	"	14	12.8	2	" 58.5	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	15	26.1	2	" 57.4	"	Midzusima
"	"	15	55.3	"	" 55.5	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	16	13.8	2	" 59.6	"	"
Mean					48° 56.9		

$\theta = 48$ 56.9
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.0
 " " sea level = 0.01
 $\theta = 48$ 57.9

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^o .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_0	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Oct.	2nd	11h 10m	0.29384	463.75	26.7C	5.6459	26.6C	6°50'23.94	15°31'12.75	26.8C	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	18 57	0.29354	464.44	23.4	5.6447	23.8	6°51'53.0	15°35'1.0	23.1	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	21 8	0.29371	464.57	22.8	5.6428	23.2	6°51'43.4	15°34'48.4	22.5	Kimura	Nakamura
"	3rd	3 6	0.29376	464.62	21.7	5.6412	21.7	6°51'59.9	15°35'51.4	21.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	9 11	0.29292	464.87	21.3	5.6455	21.0	6°52'52.2	15°37'8.5	21.7	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	9 57	0.29325	465.13	22.5	5.6429	22.1	6°52'27.7	15°36'5.0	23.0	Nakamura	Kimura
"	"	15 2	0.29318	464.79	20.7	5.6455	20.6	6°52'53.6	15°37'59.4	20.9	Kimura	Nakamura
Mean			0.29346									

$H = 0.29346$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 725
 " " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.29353$

41. SIMODA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	7 th	11 ^h	26 ^m	3	48'	21''	Kimura	Nakamura
"	"	12	9	"	49	25	Midzusima	"
"	"	12	54	"	49	10	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	"	14	12	"	47	53	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	15	17	"	45	22	"	"
"	"	16	9	"	45	8	Midzusima	"
"	"	17	0	"	44	59	Kimura	"
"	"	17	41	"	43	54	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	18	8	"	42	16	"	"
"	"	23	0	"	39	14	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	23	51	"	39	4	"	"
"	8 th	0	52	"	38	40	"	"
"	"	2	32	"	38	7	"	"
"	"	3	54	"	38	58	"	"
"	"	5	5	"	37	42	"	"
"	"	5	49	"	37	39	"	"
"	"	6	39	"	37	30	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	7	55	"	38	24	"	"
"	"	8	47	"	42	16	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	9	47	"	42	8	"	"
"	"	10	50	"	44	15	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	11	39	"	45	52	Midzusima	"
"	"	12	30	"	43	59	"	"
"	"	13	39	"	47	6	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	34	"	45	36	"	"
"	"	15	7	"	44	51	Midzusima	"
Mean				3	41'	33''		

$$\delta = 3^{\circ} 41' 33''$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.79
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 3^{\circ} 42' 33''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	7 th	11 ^h	11.1 ^m	1	47 54.6	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	"	13	47.2	1	" 49.4	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	14	56.3	1	" 52.8	"	"
"	"	18	0.5	1	" 53.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	8 th	0	20.3	1	" 52.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	6	21.2	1	" 48.3	"	"
"	"	7	33.5	1	" 52.8	"	"
"	"	11	54.1	1	" 52.3	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	12	14.7	1	" 52.0	"	"
Mean					47 52.1		

$$\theta = 47^{\circ} 52' 1''$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.23
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 53' 3''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibn.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Oct.	7 th 12 ^h 1 ^m	0.30185	464.70	22.0C	5.5638	22.1C	6 40' 39.6	15 9' 5.0	21.9C	Nakamura	Midzusima
"	" 12 44	0.30170	464.51	22.2	5.5664	22.2	6 40' 33.5	15 8 40.2	22.3	Midzusima	Nakamura
"	" 16 46	0.30182	464.30	21.7	5.5673	22.3	6 40' 40.0	15 9 19.5	21.3	Kimura	Midzusima
"	8 th 9 29	0.30176	465.40	19.2	5.5611	19.4	6 41' 21.5	15 10 26.3	19.0	Midzusima	"
"	" 10 33	0.30183	464.68	23.0	5.5640	23.0	6 40' 25.6	15 8 14.0	23.1	Kimura	"
Mean		0.30179									

$$H = 0.30179$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 7.42
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.30186$

42. MATUZAKI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	11 th	9 ^h	50 ^m	4°	24'	1"	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	10	43	"	25	35	Kimura	"
"	"	11	19	"	26	34	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	11	52	"	26	40	"	Midzusima
"	"	12	34	"	26	47	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	13	25	"	26	51	"	"
"	"	14	24	"	26	1	"	"
"	"	15	27	"	24	49	"	"
"	"	16	26	"	24	51	Midzusima	"
"	"	17	11	"	24	2	"	Midzusima
"	"	18	1	"	22	50	"	"
"	"	19	14	"	22	46	"	Kimura
"	"	21	28	"	22	53	Kimura	"
"	"	22	24	"	21	39	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	23	37	"	21	14	"	"
"	12 th	0	53	"	20	1	"	"
"	"	1	40	"	24	3	"	"
"	"	2	38	"	21	15	"	"
"	"	7	15	"	17	12	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	8	20	"	19	4	Midzusima	"
"	"	9	17	"	20	56	Kimura	"
"	"	10	18	"	20	20	"	"
"	"	10	59	"	22	0	"	"
"	"	11	33	"	21	42	"	"
"	"	12	0	"	25	2	Midzusima	"
Mean				4°	22'	14"		

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 22' 23''$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.83
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 23' 1''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	11 th	13 ^h	54.5 ^m	—	48° 12.8	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	14	50.5	—	" 11.4	"	"
"	"	15	28.1	2	" 10.2	"	Midzusima
"	"	16	48.7	2	" 10.2	Midzusima	"
"	"	17	28.5	—	" 12.4	"	"
"	12 th	8	58.1	—	" 9.9	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	9	51.1	—	" 9.4	"	"
Mean					51° 19.0		

$$\theta = 48^{\circ} 16.0''$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.10
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 12.0''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Oct. 11 th 10 ^h 31 ^m	0.30145	463.36	25.5 C	5.5768	26.0 C	6.40' 6.8	15° 7' 52.75	25.0 C	Kimura	Midzusima
" " 11 11	0.30140	463.61	25.8	5.5767	27.0	6.40 27.8	15 8 31.5	24.7	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 15 19	0.30113	462.95	25.4	5.5829	26.1	6.40 10.0	15 7 53.0	24.8	Kimura	Midzusima
" 12 th 2 24	0.30152	466.19	16.8	5.5585	16.9	6.42 23.7	15 12 56.6	16.8	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 8 11	0.30153	464.93	21.7	5.5661	21.8	6.41 6.2	15 9 59.7	21.7	"	Kimura
Mean										
0.30141										

$$H = 0.30141$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 760
 " " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30149$

43. HUDISAWA.

DELECTION (δ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Times.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	17 th	17 ^h	58 ^m	4'	32'	24"	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	18	48	"	30	57	Kimura	"
"	"	20	10	"	30	54	"	"
"	"	21	11	"	31	34	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	21	35	"	31	55	"	"
"	"	22	25	"	30	43	"	"
"	"	23	19	"	30	41	"	"
"	"	23	55	"	30	32	"	"
"	18 th	0	53	"	31	40	"	"
"	"	2	0	"	33	13	"	"
"	"	2	41	"	32	14	"	"
"	"	3	56	"	32	17	"	"
"	"	5	25	"	30	52	"	"
"	"	6	16	"	30	38	"	"
"	"	7	18	"	30	42	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	7	48	"	30	40	"	Midzusima
"	"	9	0	"	30	4	"	Kimura
"	"	9	55	"	33	4	"	"
"	"	10	54	"	35	22	"	"
"	"	11	57	"	37	51	Midzusima	"
"	"	12	42	"	37	42	"	"
"	"	13	35	"	38	55	"	Midzusima
"	"	14	19	"	38	43	"	"
"	"	15	9	"	35	56	"	"
"	"	15	50	"	34	36	"	"
"	"	16	45	"	35	4	"	"
"	"	17	59	"	34	0	"	"
"	"	18	27	"	33	40	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	19	31	"	33	26	"	"
Mean				4'	32'	54"		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4' \quad 32.90 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad 0.96 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 4' \quad 33.9
 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	17 th	22 ^h	53.8 ^m	2	49' 24"	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	18 th	10	35.2	—	" 0.5	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	11	39.5	2	" 1.7	{ Midzusima	{ Midzusima
"	"	13	10.5	2	" 1.9		
"	"	14	44.0	2	" 1.2		
Mean					49' 1.5		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \theta = 49' \quad 1.5 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad 1.09 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta = 49' \quad 2.6
 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflection		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 18 th 3 ^h 39 ^m	0.29645	464.60	19.8C	5.4157	19.9C	6°48'12.6	15°26'54.4	19.8C	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 7 7	0.29632	465.43	19.2	5.6123	19.5	6 48 51.6	15 27 56.9	19.0	Kimura	"
" " 8 48	0.29589	464.44	22.0	5.6220	22.0	6 48 19.9	15 26 29.5	22.0	"	Kimura
" " 12 35	0.29613	462.63	26.2	5.6312	26.5	6 46 37.7	15 22 59.0	26.0	Midzusima	"
" " 16 34	0.29608	463.51	23.3	5.6267	23.8	6 47 31.9	15 24 57.3	22.9	"	Midzusima
Mean	0.29617									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29617 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 603 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 H &= 0.2962 :
 \end{aligned}$$

44. ÖTU.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the East Party, 1895.

Date and Hour, (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	22 nd	8 ^h	16 ^m	4°	12'	55"	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	9	0	"	14	27	"	"
"	"	9	37	"	15	7	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	10	25	"	16	59	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	11	24	"	19	55	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	12	15	"	21	36	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	13	2	"	22	48	Kimura	"
"	"	14	17	"	22	30	"	"
"	"	15	9	"	21	21	Midzusima	"
"	"	16	11	"	19	31	Kimura	"
"	"	17	13	"	17	58	"	"
"	"	18	12	"	17	13	Midzusima	"
"	"	19	16	"	15	42	"	"
"	"	20	9	"	17	23	Kimura	Midzusima
"	"	21	26	"	15	53	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	22	21	"	16	1	"	"
"	"	23	25	"	15	58	Kimura	"
"	23 rd	0	42	"	15	17	"	"
"	"	2	44	"	15	35	"	"
"	"	5	7	"	15	25	"	"
"	"	6	11	"	15	28	Midzusima	"
"	"	7	15	"	13	29	"	Midzusima
"	"	8	12	"	11	56	"	"
"	"	9	6	"	12	8	"	"
"	"	9	55	"	14	20	"	"
"	"	10	54	"	18	5	"	"
"	"	11	53	"	21	37	"	"
"	"	12	42	"	23	6	"	"
"	"	13	32	"	22	1	Kimura	"
"	"	14	25	"	20	27	Midzusima	Kimura
"	"	15	23	"	19	20	"	Midzusima
"	"	16	18	"	17	53	"	Kimura
"	"	17	14	"	16	18	"	"
Mean				4°	16'	37"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^\circ 16' 37'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.88 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \delta &= 4^\circ 17' 25''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	Dip	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	22 nd 10 ^h 44.1 ^m	2	48° 37.8	Kimura	Midzusima
"	" 11 9.9	2	" 38.3	"	"
"	" 11 42.5	2	" 30.3	Midzusima	Kimura
"	" 12 4.4	—	" 33.4	"	"
"	" 13 54.9	—	" 33.6	Kimura	"
"	" 16 34.6	—	" 34.4	"	"
"	" 17 14.8	—	" 33.5	"	"
"	" 18 0.4	—	" 32.8	Midzusima	"
"	23 rd 14 15.8	—	" 39.5	"	"
"	" 16 31.2	—	" 34.7	"	"
"	" 16 57.0	—	" 36.9	Kimura	Midzusima
Mean			48° 35.0		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ \quad 35.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.31 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 48^\circ \quad 36.3 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY H

Observations of the East Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 22 nd 8 ^h 51 ^m	0.29819	464.66	19.5C	5.6001	20.2C	6°45'49".6	15°21' 2".8	18.8C	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 9 25	0.29796	464.20	20.6	5.6049	21.3	6 45 37.3	15 20 28.9	20.0	Kimura	Midzusima
" " 19 58	0.29825	464.99	17.0	5.5968	17.4	6 46 4.3	15 21 43.0	16.7	"	"
" 23 rd 6 1	0.29819	465.61	15.4	5.5928	15.4	6 46 29.5	15 22 30.5	15.4	Midzusima	Kimura
" " 13 58	0.29875	463.91	21.3	5.5985	21.9	6 44 22.6	15 17 47.1	20.8	"	"
Mean	0.29827									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.29827 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 520 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 000 \\ \hline & H = 0.29832 \end{aligned}$$

45. MIDONO.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	25 ^h	16 ^h	30 ^m	4°	24'	41"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	17	6	"	25	10	"	"
"	"	18	12	"	26	15	"	"
"	"	18	32	"	24	3	"	"
"	"	19	11	"	22	29	"	"
"	"	20	19	"	24	53	"	"
"	"	21	13	"	24	9	"	"
"	26 ^h	1	48	"	21	48	"	"
"	"	4	10	"	22	20	"	"
"	"	7	29	"	23	13	"	"
"	"	8	23	"	23	59	"	"
"	"	8	59	"	23	33	"	"
"	"	9	37	"	23	36	"	"
"	"	10	14	"	24	38	"	"
"	"	11	4	"	25	31	"	"
"	"	11	32	"	27	25	"	"
"	"	12	15	"	27	55	"	"
"	"	13	6	"	27	48	"	"
"	"	14	8	"	26	16	"	"
"	"	15	9	"	25	24	"	"
"	"	16	6	"	24	46	"	"
Mean				4°	24'	1"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 24'02$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.16
 " " sea level = -0.03

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 25'2$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	5 ^h	20 ^h	34 ^m	3	49° 48.1	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	"	6	9	3	" 50.8	"	Uziie
Mean					49° 49.5		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} \quad 49.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.67
 " " sea level = -0.07

 $\theta = 49^{\circ} \quad 50.1$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
July	5 ^h 19 ^h 15 ^m	0.29178	474.15	21.7C	5.6496	22.0C	6°59'45.0	15°58'37.5	21.4C	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	" 6 8 8	0.29177	472.90	21.9	5.6568	22.2	6 59 0.0	15 57 32.5	21.6	"	Turuta
"	" 14 14	0.29252	472.25	24.6	5.6548	25.8	6 57 43.8	15 55 1.2	23.4	Uziie	Iwaoka
Mean		0.29202									

$H = 0.29202$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 870
 " " sea level = 693

 $= 0.29218$

46. YOSIDA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	24 th	9 ^h	21 ^m	3°	24'	53''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	9	53	"	25	14	"	"
"	"	10	39	"	27	3	"	"
"	"	11	51	"	30	36	"	"
"	"	12	43	"	30	23	"	"
"	"	13	17	"	30	44	"	"
"	"	14	22	"	30	16	"	"
"	"	15	18	"	29	14	"	"
"	"	16	15	"	28	31	"	"
"	"	17	15	"	28	53	"	"
"	"	18	8	"	29	6	"	"
"	"	19	30	"	29	15	"	"
"	"	22	32	"	28	28	"	"
"	25 th	4	0	"	26	59	"	"
"	"	4	56	"	27	23	"	"
"	"	6	45	"	29	8	"	"
"	"	7	30	"	28	6	"	"
"	"	8	8	"	23	13	"	"
"	"	8	32	"	26	49	"	"
"	"	8	56	"	26	56	"	"
Mean				3°	28'	38''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 3^\circ 28' 38'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.30 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.05 \\ \hline \delta &= 3^\circ 29' 9'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	7 th	18 ^h	44 ^m	3	49° 11.2	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
"	"	15	53	3	" 14.5	Tanakadate	"
"	"	23	42	3	" 15.6	Turuta	"
Mean					49° 13.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^\circ 13.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.40 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.08 \\ \hline \theta &= 49^\circ 14.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 7 th 11 ^h 8 ^m	0.29642	470.85	25.1C	5.6259	26.2C	6°51'17.5	15°40'27.5	24.0C	Uzicie	Turuta
" " 14 36	0.29701	473.69	22.7	5.6011	23.0	6 52 25.0	15 42 28.8	22.4	Turuta	Uzicie
" " 22 19	0.29692	474.83	19.7	5.5970	20.1	6 53 47.5	15 45 50.	19.3	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
" " 22 19	0.29692	474.83	19.7	5.5970	20.1	6 53 47.5	15 45 50.	19.3	Turuta	Turuta
" " 22 19	0.29692	474.83	19.7	5.5970	20.1	6 53 47.5	15 45 50.	19.3	Turuta	Iwaoka
Mean	0.29678									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29678 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 905 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 1067 \\ \hline H &= 0.29698 \end{aligned}$$

47. UMAGAESI.

Suzugahara, foot of Mt. Huzi (富士山麓宇鈴ヶ原 (吉田口))

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	22 nd	21 ^h	34 ^m	4°	43'	43"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	22	40	"	43	38	"	"
"	23 rd	0	30	"	43	46	"	"
"	"	6	16	"	42	41	"	"
"	"	7	11	"	41	11	"	"
"	"	7	47	"	39	46	"	"
"	"	8	42	"	39	17	"	"
"	"	9	18	"	38	53	"	"
"	"	10	4	"	39	57	"	"
"	"	11	0	"	42	7	"	"
"	"	12	28	"	45	5	"	"
"	"	13	8	"	45	58	"	"
"	"	13	37	"	45	55	"	"
"	"	14	25	"	45	7	"	"
"	"	14	29	"	44	40	"	"
"	"	16	51	"	44	0	"	"
"	"	17	44	"	44	3	"	"
"	"	18	43	"	43	57	"	"
"	"	19	35	"	44	4	"	"
Mean				4°	43'	0"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 43' 00''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.11

" " sea level = -0.06

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 44' 1''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.		Observer	Recorder
July.	8 th	20 ^h	17 ^m	3	50° 22.7	Uziie	Turuta
"	9 th	8	59	3	" 26.7	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	16	59	3	" 22.7	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	"	19	6	3	" 29.1	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	16 th	9	11	3	" 23.0	"	"
Mean					50° 24.8		

 $\theta = 50^{\circ} 24.8'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.59

" " sea level = -0.10

 $\theta = 50^{\circ} 25.3'$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 8 th 23 ^h 4 ^m	0.28749	476.03	14.5C	5.6800	14.9C	7° 7'10.0"	16° 15'18.7"	14.2C	Iwaoka Tanakadate Turuta "	Tanakadate Iwaoka Tanakadate Iwaoka Tanakadate
" 9 th 10 32	0.28821	471.47	23.8	5.6987	25.1	7 3 50.0	16 9 7.5	22.5		
" " 14 29	0.28866	471.24	23.5	5.7025	27.9	7 2 32.5	16 6 5.0	25.2		
Mean	0.28812									

 $H = 0.28812$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1008

" " sea level = 1270

 $H = 0.28835$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 10 th 15 ^h 13 ^m	3	51° 13.3	Turuta	Iwaoka

(吉田口五合五勺目字穴△□ 岩石ノ上)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 16 th 18 ^h 25 ^m	3	45 37.3	Iwaoka	Turuta

(吉田口六合五勺目字鎌岩 石室ノ上方)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 11 th 9 ^h 29 ^m	3	50° 28.0	Tanakadate	Uziie

(吉田口八合目)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 11 th 14 ^h 5 ^m	3	60° 52.1	Uziie	Turuta

48. HUZU.

East side of Syakadake (釋迦ヶ嶽ノ東)

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 11 th 19 ^h 28 ^m	—	59° 24.3	Iwaoka	Uziie
„ 12 th 11 50	—	„ 12.5	Turuta	„
Mean		59 18.3		

$\theta = 59^\circ 18.3$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.59
„ „ sea level = -0.41

$\theta = 59^\circ 18.8$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 12 th 8 ^h 1 ^m	0.26142	477.32	9.1C	5.9538	10.5C	7.53°36'2	18° 6' 21.0	7.7C	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
„ „ 14 8	0.26174	477.19	12.4	5.9487	13.0	7.52 12.5	18 2 29.0	11.9	„	Turuta
Mean	0.26158									

$H = 0.26158$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1032
„ „ sea level = 470.0

$H = 0.26215$

22 Centimeters above ground (地上二十二厘)

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 12 th 9 ^h 26 ^m	*0.25574	477.62	10.9C	6.0143	10.9C	..	..	..	Turuta	Uziie

120 Centimeters above ground (地上百二十厘)

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 12 th 9 ^h 55 ^m	*0.26114	477.14	12.2C	5.9544	12.2C	..	..	..	Turuta	Uziie

49. HUZU.

Sainokawara near Kinmeisui (金明水近傍ナル賽ノ河原)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 12 th 17 ^h 3.1 ^m	3	52° 41.7	Iwaoka	Uzjie

$\theta = 52^\circ 41.7$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.59
 " " sea level = -0.40
 $\theta = 52^\circ 41.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 12 th 19 ^h 16 ^m	*0.29247	478.50	8.8C	^s 5.6188	8.8C	..	..	..	Iwaoka	Uzjie
" " 19 50	*0.29297	478.40	8.9	^s 5.6151	8.9	..	..	..	Uzjie Iwaoka	Iwaoka Turuta
Mean	0.29272									

$H = 0.29272$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1032
 " " sea level = 4536
 $H = 0.29325$

120 Centimeters above ground (地上百二十糎)

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 13 th 6 ^h 26 ^m	*0.29265	478.68	7.5C	^s 5.6160	7.5C	..	..	..	Iwaoka	Tanakadate

22 Centimeters above ground (地上二十二糎)

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflection s		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 13 th 6 ^h 40 ^m	0.29101	478.53	8.4C	^s 5.6324	8.4C	..	..	..	Iwaoka	Tanakadate

50. HUZU.

Sainokawara near Ginmeisui (銀明水近傍ナル賽ノ河原)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 13 th 9 ^h 3 ^m	3	59° 14.3	Uzjie	Turuta
Mean				

$\theta = 59^\circ 14.3$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.59
 " " sea level = -0.41
 $\theta = 59^\circ 14.5$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 13 th 16 ^h 10 ^m	0.24590	476.99	14.9°C	6.1373	15.0°C	8°21'50"0	19°11'50"0	14.9°C	Iwaoka	Turuta

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.24590 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1030 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} &= 4687 \\
 H &= 0.24647
 \end{aligned}$$

51. HUZU.

Bottom of Crater (人穴ノ奥)

DIP. (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 13 th 12 ^h 2 ^m	3	47° 42'2	Iwaoka	Tanakadate

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 47 \quad 42'2 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.59 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} &= -0.39 \\
 \theta &= 47 \quad 42'4
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of (M))
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 13 th 12 ^h 48 ^m	*0.31257	476.66	13.5°C	5.4298	13.5°C	..	..	..	Turuta	Tanakadate
" " " 59	*0.31099	476.73	13.3	5.4428	13.3	..	..	..	Iwaoka	..
" " " 13 8	*0.31143	476.36	14.3	5.4410	14.3	..	..	..	"	"
Mean	0.31166									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.31166 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1030 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} &= 4485 \\
 H &= 0.31221
 \end{aligned}$$

52. MURAYAMA.

Aza Arasinotaira (字嵐ノ平)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 1 st 12 ^h 46 ^m	3 7' 49"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " " 14 20	" 7 27	"	"
" " " 14 47	" 6 56	"	"
" " " 15 42	" 5 20	"	"
" " " 16 47	" 4 55	"	"
" " " 18 5	" 5 12	"	"
" " " 18 59	" 5 8	"	"
" " " 21 16	" 5 14	"	"
" " " 22 39	" 4 59	"	"
" " 20 th 5 57	" 4 17	"	"
" " " 7 50	" 2 7	"	"
" " " 8 42	" 1 13	"	"
" " " 9 33	" 1 9	"	"
" " " 10 23	" 2 9	"	"
" " " 11 50	" 4 50	"	"
" " " 1 1	" 6 49	"	"
Mean	3° 4' 28"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 3^\circ 4' 28'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.03 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} &= -0.03 \\
 \delta &= 3^\circ 5' 55''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	15 th	9 ^h	37 ^m	海	48 58.9	Uziie	Uziie
"	"	15	23	3	" 48.9	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	17	8	3	" 57.5	Turuta	Iwaoka
Mean					48 55.1		

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 55.1$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.73
" " sea level = -0.03
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 55.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
July	15 th	3	10 ^m	0.30571	471.06	24.4C	5.5386	24.3C	6 37 16.73	15 5 36.72	24.5C	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	8	30	0.30624	469.57	24.3	5.5430	24.6	6 37 26.3	15 9 13.7	24.1	Uziie	Tanakadate
"	"	14	40	0.30563	469.89	25.5	5.5468	25.7	6 37 19.0	15 7 9.3	25.4	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	21	21	0.30558	471.69	22.5	5.5361	22.5	6 38 41.3	15 9 53.8	22.6	Turuta	Iwaoka
Mean				0.30579									

$H = 0.30579$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 990
" " sea level = 630
 $H = 0.30595$

53. HIROMIBARA.

Kamiidemura Koaza Warabidaira (上井出村小字蕨平)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct	20 th	23 ^h	24 ^m	3'	16'	43"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	23	31	"	17	3	"	"
"	21 st	0	21	"	17	3	"	"
"	"	5	51	"	13	29	"	"
"	"	7	27	"	15	17	"	"
"	"	8	22	"	13	24	"	"
"	"	9	7	"	12	53	"	"
"	"	9	58	"	12	37	"	"
"	"	10	30	"	13	3	"	"
"	"	11	12	"	14	44	"	"
"	"	12	14	"	17	41	"	"
"	"	13	19	"	18	19	"	"
"	"	14	6	"	18	26	"	"
"	"	14	17	"	18	26	"	"
"	"	15	22	"	17	48	"	"
"	"	16	18	"	17	19	"	"
"	"	18	5	"	17	7	"	"
"	"	18	57	"	17	28	"	"
"	"	21	14	"	17	19	"	"
"	"	23	10	"	16	48	"	"
Mean				3'	13'	35"		

$\delta = 3^{\circ} 16.58$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.08
" " sea level = -0.05
 $\delta = 3^{\circ} 17.6$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 16 th 15 ^h 41 ^m	3	49° 14.7	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" 17 th 7 10	3	" 16.7	Uzié	Turuta
" " 20 48	3	" 12.8	Tanakadate	Uzié
Mean		49° 14.7		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^\circ 14.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.58 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.08 \\ \hline \theta &= 49^\circ 15.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 16 ^h 17 ^h 34 ^m	0.29784	469.20	28.3C	5.6268 ^s	30.3C	6.47'45.96	15.31'40.70	26.3C	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
" " 22 1	0.29734	470.86	24.1	5.6175	24.1	6.49 12.5	15.34 41.3	24.1	Turuta	Uzié
" 17 ^h 8 39	0.29725	468.46	29.0	5.6321	28.6	6.46 56.3	15.29 20.0	29.4	"	Iwaoka
Mean	0.29748									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29748 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1052 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 920 \\ \hline H &= 0.29768 \end{aligned}$$

54. HIROMIBARA.

Down Uzuragawa about 500 meters west (下鶺小屋)

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 17 th 17 ^h 14 ^m	3	48° 49.9	Turuta	Uzié

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 49.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.58 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.08 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 50.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 17 th 12 ^h 6 ^m	*0.29681	468.79	29.7C	5.6191 ^s	29.7C	..	..	..	Uzié	Turuta

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29681 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1052 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 870 \\ \hline H &= 0.29700 \end{aligned}$$

55. HIROMIBARA.

Up Uzuragoya about 800 meters east (上鷲小屋)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 17 th 18 ^h 26 ^m	3	49° 39/4	Iwaoka	Tanakadate

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 49^\circ 39/4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 0.58 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.09 \\ \hline & \theta = 49^\circ 39/9 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 17 th 14 ^h 45 ^m	0.29888	468.55	31.1C	^s 5.6177	31.5C	6 45/35"	15°27'11/3"	30.9C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 19 1	*0.29943	471.09	22.8	5.5801	22.8	..	..	..	Iwaoka	"
Mean	0.29917									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.29917 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1052 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 983 \\ \hline & H = 0.29937 \end{aligned}$$

56. MITUIKE.

First Cave Hitoanamura (人穴村第一洞)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 18 th 13 ^h 50 ^m	3	40° 4/1	{ Taruta Uziie	Tanakadate

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 40^\circ 4/1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 0.44 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.09 \\ \hline & \theta = 40^\circ 4/5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 18 th 12 ^h 17 ^m	*0.33965	472.33	19.2C	^s 5.2322	19.2C	..	..	..	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
" " 12 37	*0.34013	472.43	18.9	5.2279	18.9	..	..	..	"	"
Mean	0.33989									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.33989 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1064 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 1033 \\ \hline & H = 0.34010 \end{aligned}$$

57. MITUIKE CAVE.

Second Cave Hitoanamura (人穴村第二洞)

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 18 th 16 ^h 22 ^m	3	48° 17.7	Tanakadate Iwaoka	Turuta

$\theta = 48^\circ 17.7$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.44
" " sea level = -0.09

 $\theta = 48^\circ 18.1$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 18 th 15 ^h 30 ^m	*0.29839	473.05	17.4C	5.5777	17.4C	..	..	..	Iwaoka	Tanakadate

$H = 0.29839$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1064
" " sea level = 1033

 $H = 0.29860$

58. FRONT OF MITUIKE CAVE.

Hitoanamura (人穴村)

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 18 th 20 ^h 13 ^m	3	47° 39.4	Turuta	Iwaoka

$\theta = 47^\circ 39.4$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.44
" " sea level = -0.09

 $\theta = 47^\circ 39.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 18 th 18 ^h 50 ^m	*0.29088	471.31	22.2C	5.6601	22.3C	..	..	..	Iwaoka	Turuta

$H = 0.29088$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1064
" " sea level = 1033

 $H = 0.29109$

59. FRONT OF HITOANA.

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 19 th 9 ^h 22 ^m	3	46° 20.4	Turuta	Uzûie

$\theta = 46^\circ 20.4$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.44
" " sea level = -0.08

 $\theta = 46^\circ 26.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H).(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 19 th 8 ^h 7 ^m	*0.29484	470.83	23.6C	5.6314	23.6C	..	..	..	Uziie	Tanakadate
.. .. 18	*0.29250	470.76	23.8	5.6478	23.8	..	..	..	Tanakadate	Turuta
Mean	0.29367									

$$H = 0.29367$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1656

" " sea level = 877

$$= 0.29386$$

60 ITIMAIWA IN HITOANA

(人穴内一枚岩)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 19 th 12 ^h 0 ^m	3	46° 38.3	{ Tanakadate Turuta	Uziie.

$$\theta = 46^\circ 38.3$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.44

" " sea level = 0.08

$$\theta = 46^\circ 38.7$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H).(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 19 th 10 ^h 58 ^m	*0.26107	474.23	13.3C	5.95567	13.3C	..	..	..	Turuta	Tanakadate

$$H = 0.26107$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1056

" " sea level = 877

$$H = 0.26126$$

61 FRONT OF HITOANA

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour Mean Local Time.	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 19 th 15 ^h 25 ^m	3	42° 14.5	{ Uziie Turuta	Tanakadate

$$\theta = 42^\circ 14.5$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.44

" " sea level = 0.08

$$\theta = 42^\circ 14.9$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY. (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 19 th 14 ^h 12 ^m	*0.31581	474.41	13.1C	5.4133	13.1C	..	..	..	Tanakadate	Turuta
.. .. 14 22	*0.31564	474.69	12.3	5.4133	12.3	..	..	..	Turuta	Tanakadate
Mean	0.31574									

$$H = 0.31574$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1056

" " sea level = 877

$$H = 0.31593$$

63. NUMAZU.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	26 th	20 ^h	45 ^m	4	25'	31"	Tanakadato	Tanakadate
"	"	21	34	"	25	24	"	"
"	"	22	30	"	23	47	"	"
"	27 th	0	16	"	24	31	"	"
"	"	2	8	"	24	24	"	"
"	"	4	43	"	23	48	"	"
"	"	5	55	"	23	36	"	"
"	"	7	22	"	25	28	"	"
"	"	7	49	"	24	11	"	"
"	"	8	30	"	23	41	"	"
"	"	9	11	"	23	57	"	"
"	"	10	15	"	25	1	"	"
"	"	11	9	"	25	59	"	"
"	"	12	9	"	26	22	"	"
"	"	12	56	"	25	8	"	"
"	"	14	1	"	24	7	"	"
"	"	15	21	"	23	8	"	"
"	"	16	17	"	23	53	"	"
"	"	16	54	"	24	28	"	"
"	"	18	14	"	25	14	"	"
"	"	18	33	"	25	25	"	"
Mean				4	24'	37"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' \quad 24.62 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad 0.96 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4' \quad 25.56 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	21 st	17 ^h	13 ^m	3	48° 19.2	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	19	5	3	" 21.6	Uzlie	Uzlie
"	22 nd	7	41	3	" 25.4	Noda	Iwaoka
Mean					48° 22.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48' \quad 22.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad 0.87 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48' \quad 23.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
July. 21 st	0.30054	468.07	30.6C	5.6058	31.5C	6.42'	6.73	15.17	31.71	29.8C	Turuta	Iwaoka
" "	0.30184	467.93	24.8	5.5927	24.9	6.42	8.8	15.21	3.8	24.8	"	Tanakadate
" "	0.30059	467.96	32.0	5.6045	31.9	6.41	48.8	15.17	8.8	32.1	Tanakadate	"
Mean											0.30099	

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30099 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad 943 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30108 \end{aligned}$$

64. SIMIZU.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	16 th	10 ^h	49 ^m	4°	9'	9''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	11	40	"	10	4	"	"
"	"	12	26	"	11	45	"	"
"	"	13	22	"	12	19	"	"
"	"	14	6	"	12	26	"	"
"	"	15	16	"	11	49	"	"
"	"	16	27	"	10	59	"	"
"	"	17	43	"	11	0	"	"
"	"	18	31	"	10	44	"	"
"	"	19	49	"	10	14	"	"
"	"	22	48	"	9	46	"	"
"	17 ^h	1	24	"	9	5	"	"
"	"	6	7	"	9	55	"	"
"	"	6	47	"	9	30	"	"
"	"	7	42	"	8	37	"	"
"	"	8	39	"	8	4	"	"
"	"	9	39	"	6	55	"	"
"	"	10	8	"	7	9	"	"
"	"	10	48	"	8	47	"	"
"	"	11	39	"	12	11	"	"
"	"	12	34	"	13	22	"	"
"	"	13	39	"	13	37	"	"
"	"	14	32	"	12	57	"	"
Mean				4°	10'	28''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 10' 47''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.96
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 11' 4$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	22 nd	20 ^h	15 ^m	3	48° 34.7	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	23 rd	8	12	3	" 30.0	Noda	Tanakadate
"	"	13	16	3	" 33.6	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	16	17	3	" 31.4	Noda	Turuta
Mean					48° 32.4		

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 32.4$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.72
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 33.1$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
July. 22 nd	2.2h	22 ^m	0.30161	470.59	27.2 C	5.5802	27.5 C	6°43' 8".8	15°20'30".0	26.9 C	{ Iwaoka Uziie	{ Uziie Iwaoka
"	23	9 19	0.30086	466.81	32.0	5.6094	32.2	6 41 13.8	15 16 48.8	31.8	"	Noda
"	"	14 57	0.30073	466.21	32.6	5.6151	33.6	6 40 48.8	15 15 30.0	31.9	"	"
"	"	22 5	0.30249	470.11	27.0	5.5743	27.2	6 42 16.3	15 19 42.5	26.8	Uziie	Turuta
Mean			0.30142									

$H = 0.30142$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1054
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30153$

65. NISINOTO.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 13 th 9h 20 ^m	4° 19' 46''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 9 57	" 19 35	"	"
" " 10 52	" 21 50	"	"
" " 11 38	" 24 26	"	"
" " 12 22	" 25 5	"	"
" " 13 5	" 25 11	"	"
" " 14 5	" 25 13	"	"
" " 15 36	" 25 1	"	"
" " 16 16	" 23 39	"	"
" " 17 14	" 23 2	"	"
" " 18 19	" 23 53	"	"
" " 19 17	" 22 45	"	"
" " 20 17	" 22 30	"	"
" " 21 22	" 22 2	"	"
" 14 th 0 28	" 22 23	"	"
" " 3 37	" 22 28	"	"
" " 6 25	" 23 20	"	"
" " 6 53	" 22 37	"	"
" " 7 35	" 21 18	"	"
" " 8 13	" 20 55	"	"
Mean	4° 22' 53''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 22' 58'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.12 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 24.0'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 26 th 9h 55 ^m	3	48 45.0	Uziie	Tanakadate
" " 15 19	3	" 35.9	Turuta	Uziie
" " 22 3	3	" 30.6	Tanakadate	Turuta
Mean		48° 40.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 40.2'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.00 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 40.2'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 26 th 13h 37 ^m	0.30052	465.49	31.2C	5.6221	32.2	6°41'18.8"	15°17'51.3"	30.1C	Uziie	Noda
" " 20 26	0.30002	469.01	24.3	5.6036	24.6	6°41' 5.0"	15°22'58.8"	24.1	Turuta	Tanakadate
Mean	0.30027									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30027 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1293 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 176 \\ \hline H &= 0.30042 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 27 th 6 ^h 8 ^m	3	48° 38.1	Uziie	Noda
" " 8 0	3	" 34.2	Iwaoka	Turuta
Mean		48° 36.3		

$\theta = 48^\circ 36.30$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.00
" " sea level = 0.02

$\theta = 48^\circ 36.3$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by Assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 27 th 7 ^h 24 ^m	*0.30041	469.01	24.4C	5.5832	24.4C	..	..	..	Uziie	Turuta

$H = 0.30041$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1290
" " sea level = 176

$H = 0.30053$

66. OKAZAKI.

No 10 Ōaza Hane Aza Okuyama (大字羽根字奥山十番地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 3 rd 22 ^h 53 ^m	4° 32' 30"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" 4 th 2 27	" 33 29	"	"
" " 5 49	" 33 31	"	"
" " 7 6	" 32 44	"	"
" " 7 54	" 32 40	"	"
" " 8 45	" 32 49	"	"
" " 9 44	" 32 8	"	"
" " 10 35	" 32 49	"	"
" " 11 33	" 33 29	"	"
" " 13 15	" 35 5	"	"
" " 13 47	" 35 15	"	"
" " 14 33	" 35 9	"	"
" " 15 37	" 34 49	"	"
" " 16 48	" 33 44	"	"
" " 17 44	" 33 38	"	"
" " 19 3	" 33 36	"	"
Mean	4° 33' 28"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 33.47$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.12
" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 4^\circ 34.5$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 15 th 7 ^h 50 ^m	4° 27' 30"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 8 22	" 26 47	"	"
" " 8 55	" 26 14	"	"
" " 9 21	" 26 5	"	"
" " 9 53	" 26 45	"	"
" " 10 44	" 27 35	"	"
" " 11 19	" 28 20	"	"
Mean	4° 27' 53"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 27.88$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.09
" " sea level = -0.00

$\delta = 4^\circ 28.9$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 28 th 13 ^h 22 ^m	3	48° 35.0	Uziie	Noda
" " 20 7	3	" 32.7	"	"
" 2 nd 7 45	3	" 32.0	Turuta	"
Mean		48° 33.2		

$\theta = 48^\circ 33.2$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.43
" " sea level = -0.01

$\theta = 48^\circ 32.8$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 28 th 11 ^h 46 ^m	0.30108	464.49	35.1C	5.62178	35.9C	6.39 37.8	15 11'31"3	34.2C	Iwaoka Tanakadate	Tanakadate Turuta
" " 22 22	0.30111	469.15	22.0	5.5859	22.0	6.42 58.8	15 20 43.8	22.0	Uziie Tanakadate	Uziie
" 29 th 9 32	0.30064	466.11	30.6	5.6114	30.6	6.40 31.3	15 14 36.3	30.6	Turuta	Noda
Mean	0.30094									

$H = 0.30094$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1518
" " sea level = 63

$H = 0.30110$

67. KŌWA.

Goryōti. (山ノ上御料地)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 27 th 1 ^h 57 ^m	4 34' 40"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 17 25	" 34 40	"	"
" " 18 46	" 35 3	"	"
" " 19 24	" 34 40	"	"
" " 20 53	" 34 33	"	"
" " 22 9	" 34 41	"	"
" 28 th 0 37	" 34 21	"	"
" " 6 1	" 31 33	"	"
" " 7 9	" 31 22	"	"
" " 8 35	" 32 15	"	"
" " 8 53	" 35 4	"	"
" " 10 52	" 35 22	"	"
" " 11 37	" 33 4	"	"
" " 12 32	" 36 56	"	"
" " 13 26	" 37 31	"	"
" " 14 8	" 36 53	"	"
" " 15 15	" 36 27	"	"
" " 16 5	" 33 27	"	"
" " 17 25	" 31 42	"	"
" " 17 53	" 32 11	"	"
" " 19 45	" 31 6	"	"
" " 20 11	" 31 56	"	"
" 29 th 1 30	" 30 40	"	"
" " 5 50	" 29 25	"	"
" " 7 45	" 28 50	"	"
Mean	4° 34' 22"		

$\delta = 4 34.37$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.07
" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 4 35.4$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 29 th 21 ^h 54 ^m	3	48° 27.5	Turuta	Uziie
" 30 th 10 0	3	" 25.9	Uziie	Tanakadate
" " 14 36	3	" 20.1	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 21 11	—	" 22.0	"	"
Mean		48° 23.9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 23.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.43 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 23.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 29 th 0 ^h 14 ^m	0.30252	468.42	24.4C	5.5812	24.6C	6° 40' 28.78	15° 14' 55.70	24.3C	Turuta Uziie	Uziie Turuta
" 30 th 8 51	0.30212	466.04	30.8	5.6020	30.9	6 38 46.3	15 10 56.3	30.7	"	Tanakadate
" " 13 23	0.30232	464.77	32.9	5.6096	33.8	6 37 41.3	15 8 33.1	32.1	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 15 37	0.30308	464.71	31.9	5.6024	32.8	6 37 9.4	15 8 10.0	31.0	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 20 29	0.30192	467.67	26.2	5.5944	26.6	6 40 21.3	15 14 12.5	25.8	" Tanakadate	Tanakadate Turuta
Mean	0.30239									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30239 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1582 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30255 \end{aligned}$$

68. NARUMI.

Aza Ikenoue embankment (宇池ノ上堤防)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observation of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 2 nd 14 ^h 45 ^m		
" " 15 48	4 40' 31"	Tanakadate
" " 17 6	" 38 51	"
" " 18 12	" 38 18	"
" " 19 49	" 38 44	"
" " 19 49	" 38 5	"
" " 3 rd 1 31	" 36 12	"
" " 6 8	" 38 58	"
" " 6 32	" 40 16	"
" " 7 2	" 38 33	"
" " 7 32	" 37 40	"
" " 2 nd 8 6	" 38 53	"
" " 8 44	" 39 5	"
" " 9 47	" 37 46	"
" " 10 44	" 39 7	"
" " 11 37	" 40 35	"
" " 12 36	" 40 58	"
" " 13 33	" 40 44	"
" " 14 19	" 40 0	"
" " 14 36	" 40 31	"
" " 14 47	" 40 36	"
Mean	4' 38' 32"	

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' 38.53 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.16 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4' 39.7 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	31 st	15 ^h	35 ^m	3	48° 45.9	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	"	21	43 ^m	—	" 47.6	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
Aug.	1 st	9	28	3	" 45.3	"	Tanakadate
Mean					48° 46.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 48^\circ 46.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.71 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 48^\circ 45.6 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	II	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder			
						φ_1	φ_2						
July. 31 st	0.30063	464.53	37.5C	5.6254	37.8C	6.37	56.73	15.6	6.43	7.3	37.1C	Uziie	Tanakadate
" " 19	0.30163	465.78	27.7	5.6082	28.0	6.39	48.8	15.14	8.8	27.5	27.5	Iwaoka	Turuta
Aug. 1 st	0.30124	465.38	31.0	5.6134	30.9	6.39	18.1	15.12	10.6	31.1	31.1	Tanakadate	Iwaoka
Mean	0.30117												

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.30117 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1608 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H = 0.30133 \end{aligned}$$

69. Nagoya.

In tent near Magnetic Observatory in Meteorological Observatory

(測候所内磁力観測所傍ノ天幕内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	16 th	10 ^h	21 ^m	4° 40' 35"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	11	14	" 41 37	"	"
"	"	11	31	" 42 44	"	"
"	"	12	25	" 43 42	"	"
"	"	13	13	" 43 11	"	"
"	"	14	22	" 42 39	"	"
"	"	15	42	" 42 23	"	"
"	"	16	19	" 42 31	"	"
"	"	17	10	" 41 34	"	"
"	"	18	11	" 41 24	"	"
"	"	19	18	" 41 34	"	"
"	"	20	57	" 41 48	"	"
"	"	22	10	" 41 50	"	"
"	17 th	2	58	" 40 19	"	"
"	"	5	35	" 39 26	"	"
"	"	7	29	" 39 20	"	"
"	"	7	50	" 38 50	"	"
"	"	9	2	" 40 35	"	"
"	"	10	20	" 42 25	"	"
"	"	11	29	" 44 39	"	"
"	"	20	50	" 55 10	"	"
"	"	22	49	" 55 13	"	"
Mean				4° 41' 15"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 4^\circ 41.25 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.27 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 4^\circ 42.5 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	6 ^h	1 ^h 40 ^m	4	41'	18''	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	11 59	"	44	58	"	"
"	"	12 29	"	46	23	"	"
"	"	13 9	"	46	47	"	"
"	"	14 47	"	45	52	"	"
"	"	16 39	"	43	27	"	"
"	"	18 17	"	43	46	"	Tanakadate
"	"	19 40	"	43	56	"	Sano
"	"	22 25	"	43	55	"	"
"	7 ^h	0 31	"	43	42	Sano	"
"	"	4 37	"	43	2	"	"
"	"	6 7	"	43	7	"	"
"	"	7 19	"	42	13	Tanakadate	"
"	"	8 9	"	41	0	"	"
"	"	10 31	"	41	3	"	"
"	"	11 43	"	47	21	"	Tanakadate
"	"	13 37	"	47	50	"	"
"	"	15 43	"	45	40	"	Sano
"	"	17 32	"	43	42	"	"
Mean			4	43'	43''		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 4^\circ 43' 72 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -1.73 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline & \delta = 4^\circ 42.0 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	16 ^h 23 ^m	3	48° 46.8	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	21 55	3	" 46.0	Uziie	Uziie
"	2 nd	9 46	3	" 48.3	Iwaoka	"
Mean				48 47.0		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ 47.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.85 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 48^\circ 46.1 \end{aligned}$$

(In observatory)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	2 nd	14 ^h 50 ^m	3	48° 52.6	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	22 7	—	" 54.6	"	Turuta
Mean				48° 53.6		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ 53.6 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.85 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 48^\circ 52.7 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	6 th	16 ^h 39 ^m	2	48° 42.6	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	22 0	2	" 40.7	Sano	Sano
"	"	23 33	2	" 42.5	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean				48° 41.9		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ 41.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.06 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 48^\circ 43.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 1 st 15 ^h 3 ^m	0.30182	463.71	33.4C	^s 5.6220	35.2C	6 37'51.73	15 9'40.70	31.5C	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 20 3	0.30157	466.58	25.7	5.6034	25.8	6 40 11.3	15 14 22.5	25.6	Uziie	Tanakadate
" " 2 nd 8 6	0.30106	465.63	29.1	5.6144	29.2	6 39 38.8	15 12 33.8	28.9	Iwaoka	Uziie
Mean	0.30148									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.30148 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1604 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.30164
 \end{aligned}$$

Observatory.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 2 nd 20 ^h 30 ^m	0.30108	464.38	30.3C	^s 5.6218	30.4C	6 38'27.75	15 9'43.77	30.1C	Tanakadate	Turuta
" " 3 rd 8 45	0.30103	464.45	28.2	5.6210	28.1	6 38 45.0	15 10 45.0	28.3	Uziie	Tanakadate
Mean	0.30107									Turuta

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.30107 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1598 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.30123
 \end{aligned}$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 6 th 14 ^h 15 ^m	0.30312	402.84	27.7C	^s 6.0321	28.2C	5 46'15.76	13 4'39.74	27.3C	Sano	Tanakadate
" " 19 8	0.30284	402.84	20.9	6.0163	21.2	5 48 21.2	13 8 52.5	20.7	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 7 th 8 56	0.30278	404.58	23.2	6.0208	23.0	5 47 53.8	13 7 51.2	23.4	Tanakadate	Sano
Mean	0.30291									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.30291 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1995 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.30271
 \end{aligned}$$

Neighbourhood of the above station (名古屋出張)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 17 th 10 ^h 14 ^m	3	48° 48.3	Turuta	Uziie

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 17 th 11 ^h 30 ^m	0.30011	460.91	31.0C	^s 5.6504	30.6C	6 35'55.70	15 2'50.70	31.4C	Uziie	Turuta
									Turuta	Uziie

70. MAEGASU.

Aza Nakayama near the branching point of Ikedagawa

(宇中山池田川ノ分岐點近傍)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 18 ^h 4 ^h 7 ^m	4° 37' 52"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 7 18	" 38 5	"	"
" " 8 20	" 37 37	"	"
" " 9 14	" 37 53	"	"
" " 10 17	" 40 9	"	"
" " 11 26	" 41 53	"	"
" " 12 40	" 42 19	"	"
" " 13 31	" 42 33	"	"
" " 14 42	" 41 42	"	"
" " 15 54	" 41 13	"	"
" " 17 10	" 40 32	"	"
" " 18 39	" 38 59	"	"
" " 19 50	" 40 50	"	"
" " 20 39	" 40 47	"	"
" " 21 11	" 37 22	"	"
" " 22 1	" 38 22	"	"
Mean	4° 39' 21"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 39.35$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.26
 .. sea level = 0.60
 $\delta = 4^\circ 40.6$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 3 rd 17 ^h 40 ^m	3	48° 50.2	Uziie	Iwaoka
" " 23 35	3	" 50.0	Turuta	Turuta
" " 4 th 9 15	3	" 48.1	Uziie	Tanakadate
Mean		48° 49.4		

$\theta = 48^\circ 49.4$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.85
 .. sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^\circ 48.5$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 3 rd 21 ^h 30 ^m	0.30131	465.41	27.2C	5.6131	27.2C	6° 38' 31.2	15° 8' 58.8	27.2C	Turuta Iwaoka	Iwaoka Turuta
" " 4 th 7 51	0.30179	465.59	25.3	5.6073	25.3	6° 38' 51.3	15° 11' 3.8	25.3	Uziie Tanakadate	Tanakadate Uziie
" " 13 44	0.30162	463.76	31.9	5.6211	32.2	6° 37' 2.5	15° 6' 21.2	31.5	Iwaoka	Turuta
Mean	0.30157									

$H = 0.30157$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1624
 .. sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30173$

71. YOKKAITI.

Idamura Ōaza Noda (井田村大字野田字上ノ繩四百四十二番)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	19 th	16 ^h	9 ^m	4	37	1''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	17	17	"	36	14	"	"
"	"	18	24	"	36	11	"	"
"	"	20	9	"	36	4	"	"
"	20 th	5	25	"	33	39	"	"
"	"	6	57	"	33	23	"	"
"	"	8	43	"	32	21	"	"
"	"	10	16	"	35	6	"	"
"	"	11	9	"	36	55	"	"
"	"	12	29	"	38	32	"	"
"	"	13	18	"	38	25	"	"
"	"	14	33	"	38	0	"	"
"	"	15	38	"	35	37	"	"
Mean				4	35'	23''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 35.38$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.27

" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 36.7$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	5 th	9 ^h	51 ^m	3	48' 37.8	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	15	4	3	" 40.5	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	19	10	3	" 40.8	Iwaoka	Uziie
Mean					48' 39.7		

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 39.7$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.9

" " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 38.7$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Ang. 5 th 8 ^h 26 ^m	0.30159	463.83	29.9C	5.6204	30.1C	6 37' 22.75	15 7' 16.72	29.8C	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 13 27	0.30208	462.42	33.4	5.6250	33.8	6 35' 36.3	15 3' 18.8	33.1	Uziie	"
" " 21 3	0.30201	464.41	27.7	5.6130	27.9	6 37' 35.0	15 9' 6.3	27.4	Iwaoka	Uziie
									Uziie	Tanakadate
Mean	0.30189									

$H = 0.30189$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1664

" " sea level = 0.00

$H = 0.30203$

72. KAMEYAMA.

Idamura (井田村大字和字荻野官林)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	21 st	4 ^h	15 ^m	4°	32'	45"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	6	49	"	32	27	"	"
"	"	8	2	"	33	17	"	"
"	"	9	49	"	34	1	"	"
"	"	12	10	"	36	44	"	"
"	"	13	24	"	36	4	"	"
"	"	15	57	"	34	39	"	"
"	"	17	48	"	33	40	"	"
"	"	19	7	"	34	3	"	"
"	"	20	30	"	33	10	"	"
"	"	21	20	"	34	4	"	"
"	"	23	45	"	34	15	"	"
"	22 nd	5	51	"	33	9	"	"
"	"	7	22	"	32	9	"	"
"	"	8	5	"	31	38	"	"
Mean				4°	34'	10"		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 34.17 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad 1.18 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = \quad -0.01 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 35.3
 \end{array}$$

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	5 th	9 ^h	51 ^m	4°	34'	10"	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	10	32	"	36	20	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	11	31	"	35	55	Nakamura	"
"	"	12	30	"	33	37	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	13	37	"	36	40	Nakamura	"
"	"	14	40	"	35	10	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	15	41	"	33	9	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	15	6	"	32	34	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	17	3	"	32	25	"	"
"	"	18	12	"	31	51	"	Tomoda
"	"	19	11	"	32	15	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	5	"	32	34	"	"
"	"	21	34	"	32	52	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	6 ^h	0	3	"	32	19	"	"
"	"	2	20	"	31	47	"	"
"	"	3	30	"	31	2	"	"
"	"	4	43	"	30	11	"	"
"	"	5	52	"	30	32	"	"
"	"	6	55	"	30	36	"	"
"	"	7	36	"	30	48	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	8	22	"	31	5	"	"
"	"	9	47	"	34	23	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	10	40	"	36	15	"	"
Mean				4°	33'	1"		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 33.02 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad -1.54 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = \quad -0.01 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 31.4
 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 6 th 11 ^h 10 ^m	3	48° 34.2	Iwaoka	Uziie
" " 15 13	3	" 34.4	Uziie	Tanakadate
" " 22 19	3	" 35.1	Turuta	"
Mean		50° 34.6		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ 34.6 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.98 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline & \theta = 48^\circ 33.6 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 5 th 11 ^h 9 ^m	3	48° 33.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 16 17	3	" 31.1	Tomoda	"
" " 19 41	3	" 31.9	Nakamura	"
July. 6 th 6 25	3	" 31.3	Tomoda	Tomoda
Mean		48° 31.8		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ 31.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.18 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline & \theta = 48^\circ 33.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 6 th 9 ^h 48 ^m	0.30140	463.63	33.5C	^s 5.6221	33.0C	6°36' 4.4	15° 2' 31.9	34.0C	{ Turuta Iwaoka Uziie Turuta	{ Iwaoka Turuta Tanakadate Uziie
" " 14 20	0.30212	461.74	33.7	5.6270	34.3	6 35 10.0	15 2 33.7	33.1		
" " 19 46	0.30276	463.71	27.2	5.6105	27.7	6 36 21.0	15 5 40.0	26.8		
" " 7 th 8 54	0.30161	462.53	33.5	5.6278	33.5	6 33 0.0	15 3 55.3	33.5		
Mean	0.30197									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30197 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 17.15 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 113 \\ \hline H &= 0.30215 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 5 th 13 ^h 13 ^m	0.30198	419.49	28.1C	^s 5.8560	28.6C	5°59' 34.4	13 34' 15.6	27.6C	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 17 43	0.30199	419.70	26.1	5.8540	26.3	5 59 53.8	13 35 9.4	25.9		
" " 21 6	0.30208	419.52	26.3	5.8544	26.6	5 59 44.4	13 35 4.4	26.0		
" " 6 th 9 23	0.30198	419.12	29.4	5.8577	29.4	5 59 15.0	13 33 46.2	29.4		
Mean	0.30201									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30201 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -20.48 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 113 \\ \hline H &= 0.30182 \end{aligned}$$

73. TU.

Meteorological Observatory (測候所)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	22 nd	12 ^h	17 ^m	4	28'	47"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	13	1	"	29	39	"	"
"	"	14	5	"	29	28	"	"
"	"	15	12	"	28	26	"	"
"	"	16	49	"	27	24	"	"
"	"	17	54	"	27	54	"	"
"	"	20	18	"	27	41	"	"
"	23 rd	3	50	"	26	26	"	"
"	"	6	57	"	26	6	"	"
"	"	7	35	"	25	21	"	"
"	"	8	32	"	24	48	"	"
"	"	9	23	"	26	23	"	"
"	"	9	57	"	27	4	"	"
"	"	10	59	"	28	26	"	"
"	"	11	33	"	28	44	"	"
"	"	12	17	"	29	2	"	"
Mean				4	23'	3''9		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 27.23 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.10 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 28.13 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	7 th	18 ^h	31 ^m	3	48° 48.7	Iwaoka	Uzise
"	8 th	9	40	3	" 29.9	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	10	49	3	" 29.5	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	13	37	3	" 32.7	"	"
Mean					48° 35.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 35.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.70 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 34.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 7 th 20 ^h 7 ^m	0.30175	463.40	28.2C	5.6212	28.4C	6°37' 7.5	15° 7'11.2	28.1C	Iwaoka	Uzise
" 8 th 8 0	0.30211	463.85	26.9	5.6144	26.8	6°36' 55.0	15° 6'38.8	27.1	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 8 13	0.30195	463.99	27.3	5.6144	26.8	6°36' 59.0	15° 6'31.3	27.8	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 12 53	0.30173	461.93	33.7	5.6313	34.2	6°35' 25.0	15° 2'29.0	33.3	{ Turuta Iwaoka	{ Iwaoka Turuta
Mean	0.30188									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30188 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1680 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30205 \end{aligned}$$

74. KAMIYASIRO.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 23 rd 18 ^h 45 ^m	4 28' 16"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 19 39	" 28 11	"	"
" " 21 28	" 28 14	"	"
" 24 th 2 24	" 27 22	"	"
" " 3 23	" 27 25	"	"
" " 6 44	" 26 5	"	"
" " 7 30	" 25 20	"	"
" " 8 8	" 24 41	"	"
" " 8 41	" 24 57	"	"
" " 9 46	" 26 11	"	"
" " 10 33	" 27 24	"	"
" " 11 26	" 28 55	"	"
" " 12 49	" 30 30	"	"
" " 13 19	" 31 14	"	"
" " 15 44	" 29 2	"	"
" " 16 59	" 28 25	"	"
" " 17 19	" 28 25	"	"
" " 18 0	" 28 37	"	"
" " 18 26	" 28 38	"	"
Mean	4° 27' 42"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 27' 70 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.98 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^{\circ} 28' 7 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 8 th 22 ^h 20 ^m	3	48° 10.1	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" 9 th 8 56	3	" 9.7	Turuta	Turuta
" " 15 21	3	" 8.5	Tanakadate	Uzjie
Mean		48° 9.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^{\circ} 9.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.42 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 48^{\circ} 9.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 9 th 7 ^h 55 ^m	0.30331	463.24	27.4C	5.6075	27.5C	6°35'10.0	15 3' 1.3	27.4C	Uzjie	Turuta
" " 8 20	0.30313	463.43	27.4	5.6073	27.1	6 35 8.8	15 2 27.5	27.6	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 11 55	0.30310	450.97	36.0	5.6235	36.0	6 32 32.5	14 55 40.0	36.1	Iwaoka	"
" " 13 51	0.30353	459.68	37.4	5.6282	37.8	6 31 33.7	14 54 23.7	37.0	Uzjie	Tanakadate
Mean	0.30329									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30329 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1610 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ H &= 0.30345 \end{aligned}$$

75. TOBA.

Aza Umanotani Utikosi No. 155 (字馬ノ谷打越百五十五番地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour. (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	25 nd	15 ^h 40 ^m	4°	31'	0"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	16 37	"	30	9	"	"
"	"	17 45	"	29	50	"	"
"	"	21 43	"	24	20	"	"
"	"	22 24	"	25	30	"	"
"	"	23 24	"	25	4	"	"
"	26 th	3 57	"	24	16	"	"
"	"	7 14	"	21	40	"	"
"	"	7 45	"	20	51	"	"
"	"	8 11	"	20	13	"	"
"	"	8 46	"	20	48	"	"
"	"	9 12	"	21	50	"	"
"	"	10 8	"	23	56	"	"
"	"	11 13	"	27	25	"	"
"	"	11 42	"	28	25	"	"
"	"	12 13	"	30	3	"	"
"	"	12 37	"	30	33	"	"
"	"	13 12	"	31	1	"	"
"	"	13 32	"	31	11	"	"
"	"	13 50	"	31	11	"	"
"	"	14 5	"	30	38	"	"
"	"	14 33	"	29	8	"	"
"	"	15 9	"	28	0	"	"
"	"	16 19	"	26	47	"	"
"	"	17 24	"	26	14	"	"
"	"	18 31	"	27	6	"	"
"	"	18 57	"	26	26	"	"
"	"	19 20	"	26	36	"	"
"	"	19 44	"	26	26	"	"
"	"	20 17	"	25	45	"	"
"	"	20 46	"	24	55	"	"
"	"	21 12	"	25	11	"	"
"	"	23 7	"	26	21	"	"
Mean			4°	25'	53"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 25' 53''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.94
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 26' 28''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	9 th	22 ^h	47 ^m	3	47° 59.0	Uzjie	Iwaoka
"	10 th	10	3	3	" 57.1	Iwaoka	Uzjie
"	"	14	38	3	" 56.6	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	16	8	—	" 57.4	"	"
Mean					47° 57.5		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} 57.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.28
 " " sea level = -0.01

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 57.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	H	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 10 th 8h 28 ^m	0.30372	462.75	31.8C	5.6069	31.5C	6.33' 7.75	14.56' 41.73	32.2C	Iwaoka	Uziie
" " 12 56	0.30107	461.69	32.5	5.6112	33.1	6.32' 21.2	14.55' 36.2	31.9	{ Uziie Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Iwaoka
" " 20 2)	0.30412	463.06	26.8	5.6000	26.4	6.33' 35.0	14.58' 53.7	27.2	{ Iwaoka "	{ Uziie Tanakadate
Mean	0.30397									

$H = 0.30397$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1562
" " sea level = 63
 $H = 0.30443$

76. KATIKAWA.

No. 2023, Katikawamura near Subara Zinsya.

(須原神社近傍勝川村字南東山二千二十三番)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct. 6 ^h	15 ^h	8 ^m		4	42'	4"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" "	16	11		"	43	10	"	"
" "	16	17		"	42	40	"	"
" "	17	15		"	42	40	"	"
" "	18	7		"	43	33	"	"
" "	19	36		"	43	20	"	"
" "	21	32		"	40	10	"	"
" "	21	38		"	38	39	"	"
" "	7 th	3	41	"	42	2	"	"
" "	6	53		"	42	31	"	"
" "	7	23		"	41	51	"	"
" "	8	15		"	40	49	"	"
" "	9	3		"	42	2	"	"
" "	10	12		"	43	52	"	"
" "	11	25		"	47	5	"	"
" "	12	12		"	47	59	"	"
" "	12	55		"	47	13	"	"
" "	13	55		"	46	41	"	"
" "	14	46		"	45	0	"	"
" "	15	13		"	44	25	"	"
Mean				4	43'	14"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 43' 14''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.25
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ 44.5'$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 12 th	19 ^h	54 ^m		3	48' 53.4	Tanakadate	Uziie
" "	13 th	9	54	3	" 52.8	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" "	"	14	50	3	" 57.7	Uziie	"
Mean					48' 54.5		

$\theta = 48^\circ 54.5'$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.83
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^\circ 53.7'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Avg. 12 ^h 18 ^h 21 ^m	0.30087	462.55	29 ^o 0C	5.6344	29 ^o 0C	6'37"17 ^o 5	15' 7"15 ^o 0	28 ^o 9C	Iwaoka Uziie Turuta	Iwaoka {Tanakadate Iwaoka Uziie
" " 22 4	0.30141	462.66	26.6	5.6288	26.8	6'37"20.0	15 8 15.0	23.5		
" 13 ^h 8 6	0.30006	462.20	31.3	5.6417	30.0	6'36"56.3	15 5 18.8	32.7		
Mean	0.30078									

$$H = 0.30078$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1599 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 600 \\ &= 0.30094 \end{aligned}$$

77. KIYOSU.

Aza Baba Gozyōgawa embankment (字馬場五條川東岸堤防上)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	30 th	8 ^h 0 ^m	4°	35'	55''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	8 32	"	36	17	"	"
"	"	9 27	"	37	24	"	"
"	"	10 35	"	40	44	"	"
"	"	11 17	"	41	33	"	"
"	"	11 52	"	41	59	"	"
"	"	12 0	"	41	53	"	"
"	"	13 7	"	42	13	"	"
"	"	14 10	"	41	26	"	"
"	"	15 34	"	39	5	"	"
"	"	17 25	"	40	55	"	"
"	"	18 17	"	41	15	"	"
"	"	18 51	"	42	39	"	"
"	"	20 5	"	41	2	"	"
"	"	21 24	"	39	59	"	"
"	"	22 6	"	38	8	"	"
Oct.	1 st	0 9	"	35	55	"	"
"	"	9 13	"	35	35	"	"
"	"	9 47	"	38	56	"	"
"	"	10 33	"	40	49	"	"
"	"	11 32	"	43	53	"	"
"	"	12 29	"	44	50	"	"
"	"	13 44	"	45	9	"	"
"	"	14 27	"	44	42	"	"
"	"	15 28	"	42	43	"	"
"	"	16 53	"	41	7	"	"
"	"	17 35	"	41	14	"	"
"	"	18 16	"	41	25	"	"
"	"	19 18	"	41	21	"	"
"	"	20 20	"	41	1	"	"
"	"	22 21	"	40	54	"	"
"	2 nd	3 45	"	39	54	"	"
"	"	7 6	"	37	31	"	"
"	"	7 18	"	36	30	"	"
"	"	8 11	"	35	8	"	"
"	"	8 40	"	32	0	"	"
"	"	8 57	"	33	15	"	"
"	"	9 20	"	33	13	"	"
"	"	9 41	"	34	26	"	"
"	"	10 1	"	35	40	"	"
Mean			4	39'	38''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 39' 38'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.29 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.09 \\ \delta &= 4^{\circ} 40' 29'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	13 ^h	23 ^h	50 ^m	3	48 56.9	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	14 ^h	9	18	3	49 0.2	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	11	16	—	48 53.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean					48° 56.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^{\circ} 56.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.97 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.06 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^{\circ} 55.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	13 ^h	21 ^h 16 ^m	0.30095	462.26	28.1C	5.6364	28.7C	6.37 25.70	15 758.8	27.1C	Iwaoka Tanakadate	Tanakadate Iwaoka
"	14 ^h	7 36	0.3055	462.52	28.9	5.6379	28.6	6.37 23.7	15 711.3	29.3	Uziie	Tanakadate
"	"	12 34	0.3005	460.00	35.1	5.6527	35.9	6.35 8.8	15 158.8	35.2	Iwaoka	Turuta
Mean			0.3068									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30068 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1734 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.30081 \end{aligned}$$

78. GIHU.

Play ground at Tyūgaku (中學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				θ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	6 ^h	10 ^h	55 ^m	4'	44"	4"	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	11	21	"	45	51	"	Turuta
"	"	12	11	"	45	55	"	Tanakadate
"	"	12	18	"	45	19	"	Iwaoka
"	"	13	20	"	45	35	"	Uziie
"	"	14	4	"	45	25	Uziie	"
"	"	14	46	"	44	0	"	"
"	"	15	15	"	45	33	"	Turuta
"	"	15	53	"	44	9	Turuta	"
"	"	16	24	"	43	58	"	Tanakadate
"	"	17	14	"	43	14	Tanakadate	"
"	"	17	31	"	43	30	"	"
"	"	18	17	"	43	28	"	"
"	"	19	7	"	44	8	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
"	"	19	50	"	43	59	Turuta	Turuta
"	"	20	38	"	42	35	"	Iwaoka
"	"	22	45	"	43	34	"	"
"	"	23	39	"	43	50	"	"
"	7 ^h	5	26	"	44	40	"	"
"	"	6	9	"	40	34	"	Turuta
"	"	6	46	"	39	54	"	"
"	"	7	23	"	39	52	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	"	8	11	"	40	29	"	"
"	"	9	10	"	42	2	"	"
Mean				4'	43"	48"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 43.70 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.45 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^{\circ} 41.7 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 ^h	9 ^h	41 ^m	3	49 95	Turuta	Turuta
"	"	11	29	3	" 10.3	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	20	49	3	" 6.0	Turuta	Turuta
"	16 ^h	21	30	3	" 10.1	Uziie	Uziie
Mean					49° 95		

$\theta = 49 \quad 95$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.24
" " sea level = -0.92
 $\theta = 49 \quad 77$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY.
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_n	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	15 ^h	8 ^h	5 ^m	0.30067	461.64	29.5C	5.6430	28.7C	6 36'59.0	15. 6'36.2	30.3C	Uziie Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	13	48	0.30058	459.24	35.1	5.6588	37.1	6 34 51.3	15 1 38.1	35.8	"	"
"	16 ^h	6	19	0.30034	462.60	26.2	5.6394	26.0	6 37 54.0	15 8 15.0	26.4	"	"
"	"	7	20	0.30028	461.65	28.7	5.6448	28.3	6 36 0.0	15 3 46.0	29.0	"	"
"	"	8	18	0.30028	460.72	32.4	5.6504	32.0	6 34 22.5	15 1 16.0	35.9	"	"
"	"	9	29	0.30075	458.69	35.6	5.6586	35.2	6 34 7.5	14 59 45.0	37.5	"	"
"	"	10	22	0.30036	458.57	37.1	5.6631	36.7	6 34 12.5	14 59 26.0	38.3	"	"
"	"	11	19	0.30011	458.52	38.4	5.6665	38.4	6 33 25.0	14 58 11.0	39.7	"	"
"	"	12	33	0.30027	457.31	40.2	5.6736	40.8	6 33 35.0	14 59 22.5	37.4	"	"
"	"	13	38	0.30061	457.22	38.6	5.6718	39.8	6 34 35.0	15 0 57.5	35.5	"	"
"	"	14	56	0.30024	458.35	36.1	5.6679	37.2	6 34 44.0	15 1 46.3	34.1	"	"
"	"	16	25	0.30050	458.56	35.0	5.6638	35.8	6 35 39.0	15 4 11.0	30.9	"	"
"	"	17	38	0.30074	459.59	32.1	5.6559	33.3	6 36 32.5	15 6 0.0	28.4	"	"
"	"	18	47	0.30067	460.86	28.8	5.6475	29.2	6 37 1.3	15 6 48.8	27.4	"	"
"	17 ^h	0	15	0.30037	461.61	27.5	5.6450	27.7				"	"
Mean				0.30045									

$H = 0.30045$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1681
" " sea level = 192
 $H = 0.30064$

79. NAKATUGAWA.
Park of Aza Uegane (宇上金公園)
DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	8 ^h	17 ^h	8 ^m	4	43'	26"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	17	47	"	44	0	"	"
"	"	18	30	"	44	1	"	"
"	"	19	9	"	43	35	"	"
"	"	20	23	"	42	50	"	"
"	"	21	15	"	43	23	"	"
"	9 ^h	1	34	"	41	50	"	"
"	"	5	15	"	41	25	"	"
"	"	7	15	"	41	50	"	"
"	"	7	52	"	41	6	"	"
"	"	8	33	"	39	46	"	"
"	"	9	11	"	39	5	"	"
"	"	9	45	"	39	26	"	"
"	"	10	30	"	40	29	"	"
"	"	11	28	"	42	51	"	"
"	"	12	23	"	44	25	"	"
"	"	11	36	"	42	45	"	"
"	"	15	4	"	42	19	"	"
"	"	15	58	"	42	14	"	"
"	"	16	24	"	42	8	"	"
"	"	16	57	"	42	15	"	"
"	"	17	37	"	41	19	"	"
Mean				4	42'	8"		

$\delta = 4 \quad 42.13$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.32
" " sea level = -0.62
 $\delta = 4 \quad 43.4$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 19 th 10 ^h 12 ^m	3	49 11.3	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
" " 14 48	—	" 9.2	"	"
" " 21 32	3	" 3.5	Uziie	{ Uziie Iwaoka
Mean		49 8.0		

$$\begin{array}{r} \theta = 49 \quad 8.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.41 \\ \text{" " sea level} = -0.03 \\ \hline \theta = 49 \quad 7.5 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 19 th 8 ^h 35 ^m	0.29831	461.67	25.0	5.63355	25.10	6 40' 27.5	15 13' 10.70	21.90	{ Uziie Iwaoka	{ Tanakadate
" " 13 30	0.29938	460.23	27.8	5.66410	28.6	6 37' 58.8	15 9' 36.3	27.1	{ Iwaoka Tanakadate	{ Uziie Iwaoka
" " 19 11	0.29887	462.08	22.6	5.65590	22.6	6 39' 57.5	15 13' 46.3	22.7	{ Iwaoka Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Iwaoka
Mean	0.29886									

$$\begin{array}{r} H = 0.29886 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1322 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 381 \\ \hline H = 0.29903 \end{array}$$

80. IIDA.

Aza Imamiya (字今宮切開地)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 22 nd 7 ^h 44 ^m	1 28' 32"	Tanakadate	Iwaoka
" " 9 7	" 30 20	Iwaoka	Uziie
" " 10 27	" 33 0	Tanakadate	"
" " 11 7	" 34 16	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
" " 14 45	" 35 1	Uziie	"
" " 13 38	" 36 1	Tanakadate	Uziie
" " 15 11	" 33 39	"	Iwaoka
" " 16 19	" 33 0	Uziie	"
" " 17 8	" 32 36	Iwaoka	Uziie
" " 17 45	" 31 20	"	"
" " 19 40	" 32 20	"	Tanakadate
" " 21 15	" 34 35	"	"
" " 22 24	" 32 31	"	"
" " 23 26	" 32 0	"	"
Mean	1 32' 6"		

$$\begin{array}{r} \delta = 1 \quad 32.10 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.11 \\ \text{" " sea level} = -0.03 \\ \hline \delta = 1 \quad 33.5 \end{array}$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	11 ^h	8 ^b	21 ^m	1	35'	1"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	9	16	"	34	51	"	"
"	"	10	23	"	35	51	"	"
"	"	11	32	"	38	25	"	"
"	"	12	21	"	38	38	"	"
"	"	13	29	"	35	15	"	"
"	"	13	38	"	35	0	"	"
"	"	14	19	"	31	38	"	"
"	"	15	27	"	33	56	"	"
"	"	16	20	"	33	50	"	"
"	"	17	36	"	33	11	"	"
"	"	19	4	"	33	21	"	"
"	"	22	53	"	33	0	"	"
"	12 th	0	22	"	32	31	"	"
"	"	2	21	"	31	39	"	"
"	"	5	46	"	31	20	"	"
Mean				1	33'	37"		

$\delta = 1$ 33.62
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.30
 " " sea level = 0.03
 $\delta = 1$ 34.9

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Aug.	22 nd	10 ^b 5 ^m	3	49	7.7	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	14 49	—	"	5.0	Tanakadate	Iwaoka
"	"	19 9	3	"	6.6	Uziie	Tanakadate
Mean				49	6.4		

$\theta = 49$ 6.4
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.26
 " " sea level = -0.05
 $\theta = 49$ 6.1

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_d	Observer	Recorder		
						ψ_1	ψ_2					
Aug.	22 th	8 ^b 39 ^m	0.29805	161.50	24.1C	5.66767	24.5C	6 40' 27.5"	15 14' 45.0"	23.8C	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	13 8	0.29871	161.45	24.6	5.6621	25.1	6 39' 33.7"	15 12' 40.0"	24.1	"	Tanakadate
"	"	20 14	0.29819	161.88	23.2	5.6608	23.1	6 40' 8.8"	15 11' 0.0"	23.1	"	"
Mean			0.29812									

$H = 0.29842$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 116.1
 " " sea level = 673
 $H = 0.29860$

81. MATUO.

Aza Tyagarayama, Sisizuka (字茶柄山獅子塚)

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	23 rd	10 ^b 42 ^m	1	46'	48"	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	"	12 38	"	43	58	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	13 53	"	41	15	"	"
"	"	15 28	"	40	17	"	"
"	"	16 2	"	37	10	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	18 3	"	34	9	"	"
"	"	20 13	"	34	34	"	"
"	"	21 25	"	33	3	"	"
"	21 th	6 15	"	33	48	"	"
Mean			1	36'	15"		

$\delta = 1$ 36.25
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.44
 " " sea level = -0.03
 $\delta = 1$ 37.7

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	23 rd	11 ^h 59 ^m	3	49 10.3	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	17 29	3	" 11.5	Uziie	Iwaoka
Mean				49 11.1		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 11.3$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.27
" " sea level = -0.05
 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 10.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_0	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug. 23 rd 14 ^h 50 ^m	0.29822	458.80	31.2 C	5.68320	31.5 C	6 37 40.6	15 8 15.0	30.9 C	Iwaoka	Uziie
" " 19 31	0.29821	460.91	24.3	5.66744	24.6	6 39 52.5	15 13 18.8	24.1	Uziie	Tanakadate
Mean	0.29822									

$H = 0.29822$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1197
" " sea level = 673
 $H = 0.29841$

82. HUKUSIMA.

No. 1846, Hukusimamura (福島村千八百四十六番地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	25 th	2 ^h 3 ^m	4	56'	55"	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
"	"	6 36	"	52	50	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	"	8 15	"	51	59	Uziie	Tanakadate
"	"	9 36	"	53	54	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	"	10 20	"	56	1	Uziie	Tanakadate
"	"	11 36	"	59	52	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	"	12 6	5	0	58	"	Iwaoka
"	"	13 38	"	0	53	"	"
"	"	15 21	"	0	8	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	"	16 50	"	58	29	"	Uziie
"	"	17 25	"	57	0	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	19 28	"	54	25	"	"
"	"	22 30	"	54	19	Iwaoka	Uziie
Mean			4	56'	1"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 56.92$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.57
" " sea level = 0.06
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 57.5$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	26 th	9 ^h 9 ^m	3	50 23.1	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	"	14 46	3	" 20.3	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	"	21 25	3	" 23.5	Uziie	Iwaoka
Mean				50 23.1		

$\theta = 50^{\circ} 23.1$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.68
" " sea level = -0.07
 $\theta = 50^{\circ} 22.3$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 23 ^h 7 ^h 44 ^m	0.29565	462.51	20.2C	5.68218	19.5C	6 44' 11.23	15 23' 8.78	20.9C	Uziie Tanakadate	Tanakadate Uziie
" " 13 13	0.29612	458.05	32.0	5.79754	32.3	6 40 1.3	15 14 0.0	31.7	Iwaoka Tanakadate	Tanakadate Iwaoka
" " 18 46	0.29595	462.15	20.7	5.6822	20.3	6 43 45.0	15 22 23.8	21.0	Uziie Iwaoka	Uziie
Mean	0.29591									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29591 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1276 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 998 \\
 H &= 0.29614
 \end{aligned}$$

83. NOMUGI.

Aza Simonohara (字 下 原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 28 ^h 8 ^h 58 ^m	4 52' 45"	Tanakadate	Uziie
" " 10 14	" 55 10	"	"
" " 11 53	" 59 13	"	"
" " 12 40	" 58 58	Uziie	Tanakadate
" " 13 57	" 59 55	Iwaoka	"
" " 15 50	" 58 3	"	Iwaoka
" " 17 1	" 55 52	"	"
" " 17 42	" 55 23	Iwaoka	"
" " 19 48	" 54 50	"	"
" " 22 53	" 54 33	"	"
Mean	4 55' 2"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^{\circ} 55.493 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.68 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.08 \\
 \delta &= 4^{\circ} 56.6
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 28 ^h 11 ^h 32 ^m	3	49 38.5	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
" " 15 17	—	" 38.4	"	Iwaoka
" " 22 2	—	" 38.8	"	"
Mean		49 38.5		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 49^{\circ} 38.5 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.95 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.10 \\
 \theta &= 49^{\circ} 37.5
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 28 ^h 9 ^h 50 ^m	0.29894	460.31	26.7C	5.6655	26.4C	6 37' 43.78	15 7' 57.75	23.9C	Uziie Tanakadate	Tanakadate Uziie
" " 13 29 ^m	0.29935	458.82	29.9	5.6732	30.8	6 36 39.0	15 5 40.0	28.9	Iwaoka	"
" " 19 9	0.29913	462.25	19.4	5.6519	19.3	6 39 42.5	15 13 3.8	19.4	"	Tanakadate
Mean	0.29914									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29914 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1327 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 1496 \\
 H &= 0.29942
 \end{aligned}$$

84. TAKAYAMA.

Onatamura (大名田村大字江名子字守屋夕洞官林) (97)

DECLINATION (δ)

(Observations of the West Party, 1893.)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	30 th	9 ^h	1 ^m	4	47'	4"	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
"	"	10	22	"	49	18	Turuta	Tanakadate
"	"	11	34	"	52	15	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	12	24	"	52	59	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	13	44	"	53	35	Uziie	Turuta
"	"	14	30	"	53	25	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	15	52	"	53	17	Uziie	Turuta
"	"	17	8	"	50	31	Turuta	"
"	"	19	43	"	50	59	Tanakadate	"
"	"	21	21	"	50	29	"	"
"	"	22	23	"	49	20	"	"
"	"	23	24	"	49	47	"	"
"	31 st	5	6	"	48	10	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	7	35	"	45	45	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	9	11	"	48	43	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	17	48	"	49	53	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	22	6	"	50	11	Iwaoka	Uziie
Mean				4	50'	7"		

$$\delta = 49^{\circ} 57' 12''$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.74$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = -0.04$$

$$\delta = 49^{\circ} 51' 8''$$

DIP (θ)

(Observations of the West Party, 1893.)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	30 th	10 ^h 1 ^m	3	49 49.5	Iwaoka	Tanakadate
"	"	13 22	3	" 41.4	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	18 21	3	" 48.4	Uziie	Turuta
Mean				49 47.5		

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 47.5'$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.21$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = -0.05$$

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 46.2'$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(Observations of the West Party, 1893.)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_v	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 30 th 15 ^h 26 ^m	0.29858	458.31	27.00	5.6832	29.70	6.37 12.75	15 7.36 7.3	28.40	Turuta	Uziie
" 31 st 6 5	0.29794	461.46	19.7	5.6681	19.7	6.40 36.3	15 15 7.5	19.7	Uziie	Iwaoka
" " 7 9	0.29809	461.12	21.0	5.6681	21.0	6.39 57.5	15 13 40.6	21.0	"	"
" " 9 18	0.29791	457.31	32.6	5.6947	32.5	6.36 43.1	15 6 6.3	32.7	"	"
" " 10 57	0.29751	457.73	31.7	5.6957	33.0	6.37 35.0	15 7 59.4	30.4	"	"
" " 12 22	0.29811	456.12	36.2	5.7012	36.7	6.35 22.5	15 2 47.5	35.8	"	"
" " 13 47	0.29810	456.71	33.5	5.6976	33.9	6.36 9.4	15 4 55.6	33.1	"	"
" " 14 56	0.29800	457.00	31.8	5.6976	32.7	6.36 47.5	15 6 27.5	30.9	"	"
" " 16 7	0.29782	458.91	25.5	5.6882	27.0	6.39 2.5	15 11 47.5	24.0	"	"
" " 17 16	0.29736	461.84	21.1	5.67143	21.0	6.40 6.3	15 11 23.1	21.2	"	"
" " 18 29	0.29812	461.12	20.8	5.66924	21.2	6.40 11.3	15 14 15.0	20.5	"	"
" " 21 32	0.29812	461.33	19.5	5.6673	19.7	6.40 31.3	15 15 20.0	19.4	"	"
Mean										
0.29797										

$$H = 0.29797$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 14.37$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 7.22$$

$$H = 0.29819$$

85. Gero.

Ōaza Morigumi (大字森組)

DECLINATION (δ)

(98)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	2 nd	0 ^h 39 ^m	4	46'	6"	Tanakadate	Turuta
"	"	7 5	"	40	51	Iwaoka	"
"	"	9 1	"	40	54	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	10 39	"	45	16	Tanakadate	"
"	"	11 29	"	47	9	"	Uziie
"	"	12 23	"	49	5	"	"
"	"	13 54	"	49	34	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	15 20	"	47	59	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	16 24	"	47	0	"	Turuta
"	"	17 28	"	43	4	"	"
"	"	18 25	"	43	13	Turuta	"
"	"	19 55	"	43	0	Uziie	"
"	"	20 39	"	45	57	Tanakadate	"
Mean			4	45'	28"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 45' 47''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.61

" " sea level = -0.04

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 47' 0''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Sept.	1 st	23 ^v 11 ^m	3	49	29.0	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	2 nd	10 8	—	"	31.1	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	14 50	3	"	34.0	Turuta	Uziie
Mean				49	31.4		

 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 31.4'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.93

" " sea level = -0.05

 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 30.4'$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_d	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 2 nd 8 ^h 32 ^m	0.29877	460.57	21.7 C	5.6653	21.4 C	6° 38' 44".4	15° 11' 1".9	21.9 C	Iwaoka	{ Uziie
" " 13 19	0.29863	456.65	33.3	5.6933	33.9	6 35 22.5	15 2 55.0	32.6	{ Uziie	{ Tanakadate
" " 19 24	0.29904	453.75	24.1	5.7060	24.3	6 32 21.3	14 55 53.8	24.0	"	"
Mean	0.29881									

 $H = 0.29881$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1426

" " sea level = 742

 $H = 0.29903$

86. HATIMAN.

Hatimanmati Ōaza Simatani Aza Imamati (八幡町大字島谷字今町)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	4 th	7 ^h 30 ^m	4	45'	0"	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	9 26	"	46	56	Tanakadate	"
"	"	10 58	"	49	49	"	"
"	"	11 45	"	50	59	"	"
"	"	12 25	"	51	36	"	"
"	"	14 7	"	52	16	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	15 41	"	50	45	"	"
"	"	17 5	"	49	15	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	19 25	"	48	52	"	"
"	"	21 3	"	48	52	Turuta	"
"	"	22 6	"	48	56	Iwaoka	Turuta
Mean			4	48'	8"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 48' 13''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.59

" " sea level = -0.01

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 49' 7''$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder.
Sept. 4 th 10 ^h 36 ^m	3	49° 23.3	Tanakadate	Turuta
" " 15 13	3	" 24.4	Iwaoka	Uziie
" " 18 12	3	" 23.2	Uziie	"
Mean		49° 23.3		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 23.3$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.20
 " " sea level = -0.02
 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 22.4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 4 th 8 ^h 51 ^m	0.29982	453.60	25.1 C	5.6993	25.1 C	6°30'56".2	14°52'20".0	25.1 C	Turuta	Tanakadate
" " 13 30	0.29998	452.99	27.3	5.7057	26.5	6°29'33".8	14°49'45".0	28.2	Tanakadate	Turuta
" " 20 22	0.29989	454.52	21.5	5.6923	21.4	6°31'51".3	14°54'42".5	21.6	Iwaoka	Uziie
" " 20 22	0.29989	454.52	21.5	5.6923	21.4	6°31'51".3	14°54'42".5	21.6	Turuta	"
Mean	0.29990									

$H = 0.29980$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1512
 " " sea level = 269
 $H = 0.30008$

87. NAGAMINE.

Nagaminemura Aza Umanose (長嶺村字馬ノ瀬)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept. 7 th 21 ^h 48 ^m	4	57'	29"	Tanakadate	Iwaoka
" " 8 ^h 2 26	"	55	42	Uziie	Uziie
" " 4 46	"	54	20	"	"
" " 5 51	"	53	15	"	"
" " 8 48	"	52	19	Tanakadate	Turuta
" " 10 25	"	55	55	"	"
" " 11 29	"	56	26	"	"
" " 12 11	"	57	28	Iwaoka	"
" " 13 42	"	58	54	"	Iwaoka
" " 15 26	"	55	34	Uziie	"
" " 16 21	"	53	7	"	Tanakadate
" " 16 49	"	52	25	Tanakadate	Uziie
" " 18 20	"	55	16	"	"
" " 20 13	"	54	20	"	"
" " 20 56	"	53	43	"	Tanakadate
Mean	4°	54'	34"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 54.57$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.58
 " " sea level = -0.03
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 56.1$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 8 th 0 ^h 39 ^m	3	49° 33.0	Uziie	Uziie
" " 10 2	3	" 27.4	Turuta	Tanakadate
" " 14 51	3	" 30.1	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 17 55	3	" 27.9	Tanakadate	Uziie
Mean		49° 29.6		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 29.6$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.45
 " " sea level = -0.04
 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 28.1$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 8 ^h 7 ^h 51 ^m	0.29933	453.89	22.5C	5.7017	22.4C	6°32'10.0	14°55'35.0	22.6C	Uziie Iwaoka " Iwaoka	Iwaoka Uziie Tanakadate Uziie
" " 13 21	0.29947	451.71	28.7	5.7153	29.2	6 30 2.5	14 50 40.6	28.3		
" " 19 36	0.29907	453.47	23.2	5.7075	23.5	6 32 13.8	14 55 47.5	23.0		
Mean	0.29929									

$$H = 0.29929$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1632$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 474$$

$$H = 0.29950$$

88. NAGAHAMA.
Ruin of Old Castle (舊城趾)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	9 ^h	18 ^h	8 ^m	4	44'	2"	Tanakadate	Turuta
"	"	19	55	"	45	0	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	22	5	"	45	48	"	Turuta
"	10 ^h	3	4	"	45	53	Turuta	"
"	"	6	20	"	44	17	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	7	7	"	44	21	"	Turuta
"	"	8	45	"	45	19	"	Uziie
"	"	8	52	"	45	2)	"	"
"	"	10	50	"	48	6	Uziie	"
"	"	11	49	"	49	23	"	"
"	"	12	34	"	50	30	"	Tanakadate
"	"	13	54	"	55	5	"	"
"	"	14	11	"	48	50	Tanakadate	Uziie
"	"	16	27	"	44	39	Turuta	"
"	"	17	54	"	45	5	Tanakadate	Turuta
"	"	18	33	"	45	35	"	"
Mean				4	46'	8"		

$$\delta = 4 \quad 46.13$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.43$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 4 \quad 47.5$$

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July.	15 ^h	22 ^h	33 ^m	4	49'	7"	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	16 ^h	4	28	"	48	15	"	"
"	"	5	37	"	47	44	"	"
"	"	7	10	"	46	8	"	"
"	"	7	52	"	46	7	Katō	"
"	"	9	11	"	45	10	"	Katō
"	"	10	19	"	47	46	"	"
"	"	11	25	"	49	50	"	"
"	"	12	28	"	52	42	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	13	26	"	54	16	Katō	Katō
"	"	13	47	"	54	2)	"	"
"	"	15	2	"	54	47	Tomoda	"
"	"	16	8	"	53	19	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	18	49	"	50	50	Tomoda	"
"	"	19	58	"	49	30	"	"
Mean				4	49'	48"		

$$\delta = 4 \quad 49.0$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.68$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 4 \quad 48.1$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Sept.	9 ^h	21 ^h	31 ^m	3	49	12.6	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	10 ^h	10 16	3	"	11.5	Uziie	"
"	"	"	15 41	3	"	3.7	Tanakadate	"
"	"	"	17 20	3	"	5.3	"	Turuta
Mean					49°	8.3		

$\theta = 49^\circ 8.3$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.44
" " sea level = -0.01
 $\theta = 49^\circ 6.8$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
July.	16 ^h	6 ^h	38 ^m	3	49°	5.1	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	"	19 56	3	"	6.7	Katō	Katō
"	"	"	16 43	3	"	8.7	Tomoda	"
Mean					49°	7.5		

$\theta = 49^\circ 7.0$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.69
" " sea level = -0.01
 $\theta = 49^\circ 8.7$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 9 ^h 19 ^h 16 ^m	0.30059	452.67	25.8C	5.6967	25.2C	6 29' 5"0	14 48' 11"3	26.3C	{ Turuta Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Turuta
" 10 ^h 8 21	0.30090	451.57	29.4	5.7007	28.8	6 27 45.0	14 45 16.3	30.0	{ Uziie Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Uziie
" 13 32	0.30118	449.88	33.7	5.7128	35.2	6 26 20.0	14 41 51.3	32.3	{ Tanakadate	{ Uziie
Mean	0.30089									

$H = 0.30089$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1663
" " sea level = 64
 $H = 0.30106$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 15 ^h 22 ^h 2 ^m	*0.30129	424.23	23.5C	5.8096	23.4C	(6° 4'46"2	13° 46'45"1	23.6C	{ Tomoda Katō	{ Katō Tomoda
" 16 8 46	0.30111	422.26	29.5	5.8439	29.0	6 3 5.0	13 42 51.9	30.0	{ Tomoda	{ Katō
" 14 37	0.30108	421.93	31.0	5.8495	32.1	6 3 0.0	13 42 23.6	29.9	{ " Katō	{ Tomoda
Mean	0.30116									

$H = 0.30116$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1954
" " sea level = 64
 $H = 0.30097$

Nagahama (長濱へ出張)

At station, observed in 1887.

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
July	18 ^h	24 ^m		3	59	7.0	Katō	"

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
	*0.30064	423.14	27.4C	^s 5.8131	27.5C	..	..	..	Katō	Katō

89. TURUGA.

Matubaramura Ōaza Matusima (松原村大字松島第八號字野畑第五番畑)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept. 11 th 2 ^h 20 ^m	4°	45'	21"	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 5 50	"	43	23	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 6 0	"	42	3	"	"
" " 6 31	"	42	29	"	Turuta
" " 9 18	"	46	45	Uziie	Uziie
" " 11 9	"	51	29	Turuta	Turuta
" " 11 36	"	52	28	Uziie	Turuta
" " 12 11	"	53	30	"	"
" " 13 55	"	52	22	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" 3 rd 15 32	"	48	8	"	"
" " 16 33	"	47	5	"	"
" " 17 9	"	46	48	"	"
" " 19 9	"	47	22	Turuta	Turuta
" " 21 4	"	47	15	Iwaoka	"
Mean	4°	47'	3"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 47' 05''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.57
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ 48' 7''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 11 th 10 ^h 34 ^m	3	49° 27.2	Uziie	Turuta
" " 14 57	—	" 26.4	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 20 33	3	" 26.9	Turuta	Turuta
Mean		49° 26.8		

$\theta = 49^\circ 26.8''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.83
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 49^\circ 25.0''$

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 11 th 8 ^h 33 ^m	0.30097	451.40	30.2C	^s 5.7000	28.9C	6.27' 7.5	14.43' 30.0	31.4C	Uziie Turuta	Turuta Uziie
" " 13 14	0.30168	449.21	34.9	5.7105	35.2	6.25 12.5	14.39 35.0	34.5	" Iwaoka	" Turuta
" " 18 27	0.30128	451.87	27.7	5.6986	28.9	6.28 8.8	14.46 20.6	26.5	"	Iwaoka
Mean	0.30131									

$H = 0.30131$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1765
 " " sea level = 00
 $H = 0.30119$

90. TAKEHU.

Aza Yokodoi embankment. (武生町字横土居堤防)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	12 th	17 ^h	10 ^m	4°	50'	17"	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	15	37	"	50	59	"	Turuta
"	"	20	30	"	51	20	Uziie	"
"	13 th	3	29	"	50	30	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
"	"	6	26	"	48	11	"	"
"	"	7	11	"	47	32	Uziie	Turuta
"	"	8	36	"	47	0	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	10	45	"	52	11	Uziie	"
"	"	11	10	"	53	25	"	"
"	"	12	17	"	55	52	"	Iwaoka
"	"	14	3	"	55	37	"	"
"	"	15	2	"	53	8	"	"
Mean				4°	51'	17"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 51' 27''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.63
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 52' 9''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	12 th	19 ^h	56 ^m	3	49° 27.4	Turuta	Uziie
"	13 th	10	2	3	" 31.0	Uziie	"
"	"	15	29	3	" 20.8	Iwaoka	"
Mean					49° 29.7		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 29.7''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.82
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 27.9''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 12 th 18 ^h 9 ^m	0.30311	453.97	22.0C	5.6661	22.2C	6°27'22.5"	14°44' 5.0"	21.7C	Iwaoka	Turuta
" 13 th 8 3	0.30306	455.25	18.1	5.6566	17.8	6°28' 10.0"	14°45' 53.0"	19.0	Uziie	"
" " 13 29	0.30345	451.25	29.1	5.6799	29.1	6°24' 18.8"	14°37' 10.6"	29.1	Iwaoka	Iwaoka Uziie
Mean	0.30221									

$H = 0.30321$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1722
 " " sea level = 52
 $H = 0.30339$

91. ONO.

Onomati 151. Aza Nisidōyasiki No 1. (大野町百五十一字西堂屋敷一番)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	14 th	16 ^h	38 ^m	4°	49'	40"	Uziie	Turuta
"	"	17	21	"	47	37	Iwaoka	"
"	"	19	6	"	50	16	Uziie	"
"	"	21	17	"	49	40	"	"
"	"	22	26	"	49	42	Turuta	"
"	15 th	3	23	"	47	13	"	"
"	"	5	31	"	47	15	"	"
"	"	7	2	"	45	43	"	"
"	"	7	26	"	45	44	Iwaoka	"
"	"	8	49	"	45	20	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	9	1	"	45	30	"	"
To be continued								

(Continued)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	15 th	11 ^h	7 ^m	4	51'	15"	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	11	50	"	53	24	"	"
"	"	12	14	"	53	35	"	"
"	"	12	42	"	53	38	"	"
"	"	14	33	"	53	3	"	"
"	"	16	56	"	48	50	"	Turuta
Mean				4'	49'	12"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' 49.20'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.68 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\ \hline \delta &= 4' 50.9'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP. (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	14 th	18 ^h	38 ^m	3	49 56.3	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	15 th	10	31	—	" 58.7	Uziie	Iwaoka
"	"	15	58	3	" 59.3	Turuta	Turuta
Mean					49 58.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49' 58.1'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.69 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\ \hline \theta &= 49' 53.35'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ²	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 14 th 20 ^h 21 ^m	0.29866	453.37	22.7 C	5.7119	22.8 C	6.32' 32.75"	14 56' 20.70"	22.5 C	{ Uziie Turuta	{ Turuta Uziie
" 15 th 8 20	0.29863	454.05	21.4	5.7071	21.3	6.33 2.5	14 57 25.0	21.6	{ Iwaoka Uziie	{ Turuta Iwaoka
" " 13 57	0.29900	451.88	25.6	5.7630	24.7	6.30 47.5	14 52 44.4	23.6	{ Iwaoka	{ Uziie
Mean	0.29876									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29876 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1620 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 258 \\ \hline H &= 0.29895 \end{aligned}$$

92. SIOYA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	16 th	16 ^h	58 ^m	5	2'	18"	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	"	17	36	"	1	47	"	"
"	"	20	2	"	2	1	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	22	32	"	1	53	Iwaoka	Uziie
"	17 th	0	35	"	1	20	Uziie	"
"	"	1	55	"	1	11	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
"	"	5	8	4	59	24	"	"
"	"	7	32	"	59	47	"	"
"	"	9	28	5	1	25	Uziie	Turuta
"	"	10	6	"	1	46	Turuta	Uziie
"	"	10	23	"	2	27	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	12	4	"	5	27	Uziie	Uziie
"	"	12	40	"	5	35	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	13	53	"	4	56	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	14	25	"	4	48	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	16	16	"	2	36	"	"
Mean				5'	1'	46"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5' 1.77'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.81 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 5' 3.65'' \end{aligned}$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	17 th	6 ^h	0 ^m	3	50° 18.1	Uziie	}
"	"	11	30	3	" 19.9	Turuta	
"	"	15	47	3	" 19.8	Iwaoka	
Mean					50° 19.3		

$\theta = 50^\circ 19.3$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2.06
" " sea level = 0.0

$\theta = 50^\circ 17.2$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ϕ_1	ϕ_2			
Sept. 16 th 19 ^h 10 ^m	0.29687	453.69	22.0C	5.7268	22.1C	6.5' 7.5	15° 2' 10.76	21.9C	}	}
" 17 th 9 0	0.29651	452.89	24.3	5.7343	24.0	6.34 37.5	15 0 50.0	24.5		
" " 13 22	0.29724	452.28	21.3	5.7326	24.7	6.33 45.0	14 59 33.1	23.9		
Mean	0.29687									

$H = 0.29687$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1703
" " sea level = 0.0

$H = 0.29701$

93. KANAZAWA.

Parade ground (陸軍練兵場)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	18 ^h	16 ^h	49 ^m	5	2'	49"	Uziie	}
"	"	17	8	"	2	57	Iwaoka	
"	"	18	53	"	1	40	Uziie	}
"	"	20	4	"	3	7	"	
"	"	23	33	"	2	4	"	}
"	19 th	0	51	"	1	30	"	
"	"	5	43	"	1	7	"	}
"	"	6	41	"	0	45	"	
"	"	8	45	4	59	42	Turuta	}
"	"	10	14	5	0	59	"	
"	"	11	38	"	4	53	"	}
"	"	12	14	"	6	15	Iwaoka	
"	"	12	40	"	5	58	Turuta	}
"	"	13	59	"	5	33	Iwaoka	
"	"	15	39	"	3	55	Uziie	}
Mean				5	2'	24"		

$\delta = 5^\circ 24'$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.83
" " sea level = 0.0

$\delta = 5^\circ 43'$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	18 th	18 ^h	22 ^m	3	50° 43.4	Turuta	}
"	"	19 th	9 44	3	" 49.0	Iwaoka	
"	"	"	10 54	3	" 47.9	Turuta	
"	"	"	15 9	3	" 46.9	Uziie	
Mean					50° 47.7		

$\theta = 50^\circ 47.7$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.94
" " sea level = 0.0

$\theta = 50^\circ 45.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 18 ^h 19 ^h 49 ^m	0.29612	453.18	22.3C	5.7380	22.7C	6.35/57.75	15' 1.26/2	21.9C	Iwaoka Uziie	Turuta ..
" 19 ^h 7 51	0.29619	452.47	24.8	5.7398	24.3	6.34 46.9	15 1.35.0	25.2	" Iwaoka	" ..
" " 13 28	0.29572	450.89	31.0	5.7569	31.5	6.32 50.6	14 51 51.9	30.5	Turuta Iwaoka	Iwaoka Turuta
Mean	0.29601									

$H = 0.29601$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1594
" " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.29617$

94. NANAŌ.

Aza Dezaki (字出崎) DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	20 ^h	23 ^h	46 ^m	5	8'	16''	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	21 st	2	27	"	8	23	Turuta	"
"	"	6	1	"	8	3	"	"
"	"	7	43	"	7	59	"	"
"	"	8	25	"	7	35	"	"
"	"	9	1.6	"	8	45	"	"
"	"	11	14	"	11	37	Uziie	Uziie
"	"	11	37	"	9	44	Iwaoka	"
"	"	12	11	"	10	4	"	"
"	"	13	2	"	11	37	"	Turuta
"	"	14	11	"	10	16	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	15	38	"	9	22	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	15	52	"	9	34	"	"
"	"	16	20	"	9	18	"	"
"	"	16	32	"	8	46	"	"
"	"	18	16	"	8	24	"	"
"	"	18	30	"	8	52	"	"
"	"	18	59	"	8	42	"	"
"	"	19	12	"	8	20	"	"
"	"	21	8	"	7	37	"	"
"	"	21	19	"	8	27	"	"
"	22 nd	10	59	"	8	12	"	"
"	"	12	4	"	9	35	"	"
"	"	12	54	"	10	41	"	"
"	"	14	29	"	11	29	"	"
"	"	14	53	"	10	10	"	"
"	"	15	24	"	10	19	"	"
"	"	16	59	"	9	5	"	"
Mean				5°	9'	6''		

$\delta = 5^\circ 9.00$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.09
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^\circ 11.11$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	21 st	10 ^h	43 ^m	3	51' 11.0	Uziie	Uziie
"	"	15	13 ^m	3	" 10.0	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	20	32	—	" 11.6	Turuta	Iwaoka
Mean					51' 11.2		

$\theta = 51' 11.2$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2.18
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 51' 9.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY. (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 21 st 9 ^h 3 ^m	0.29509	452.27	24.6C	5.7537	25.0C	6'36"28.78	15'5"41.79	24.3C	Uziie Turuta Iwaoka Turuta	Turuta Iwaoka Turuta Iwaoka
" " 13 45	0.29516	451.00	29.6	5.7675	30.4	6.35 8.8	15 2 21.9	23.8		
" " 18 31	0.29515	452.85	23.2	5.7498	23.5	6.36 53.8	15 6 35.0	22.8		
Mean	0.29513									

$$H = 0.29513$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1498$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 000$$

$$H = 0.29528$$

95. WAZIMA.

Kawaimati Rokuaza (河井町六字)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept. 24 th 1 ^h 15 ^m	5°	12'	41"	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 1 54	"	12'	37"	"	"
" " 6 37	"	11'	51"	"	"
" " 7 37	"	11'	5	Turuta	"
" " 8 3	"	10'	27"	"	"
" " 9 27	"	11'	1	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 11 25	"	13'	29"	Turuta	"
" " 12 32	"	15'	20"	"	"
" " 13 17	"	15'	40"	"	"
" " 14 42	"	15'	30"	Iwaoka	"
" " 17 44	"	13'	17"	"	Iwaoka
" " 18 35	"	13'	20"	"	"
" " 20 45	"	13'	23"	"	Turuta
" " 23 35	"	13'	0"	Turuta	"
" " 25 th 9 15	"	9'	31"	"	"
" " 10 25	"	11'	5"	"	"
" " 12 22	"	13'	50"	"	"
" " 13 33	"	15'	10"	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 13 46	"	14'	39"	"	"
" " 14 30	"	15'	3	"	Turuta
" " 14 46	"	15'	24"	"	"
" " 15 32	"	15'	5"	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 15 53	"	14'	10"	"	"
" " 16 42	"	13'	40"	"	Turuta
" " 17 6	"	13'	58"	"	"
" " 18 47	"	12'	59"	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 19 10	"	13'	8"	"	Turuta
" " 20 50	"	13'	2"	"	"
" " 21 5	"	13'	10"	"	"
Mean	5°	13'	7"		

$$\delta = 5^{\circ} 13' 7''$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 2.23$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 5^{\circ} 15' 11''$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 24 th 10 ^h 41 ^m	3	51° 33.7	Turuta	Turuta
" " 17 3	—	" 34.3	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 22 38	3	" 35.8	Turuta	Turuta
Mean		51° 34.3		

$$\theta = 51^{\circ} 34.3$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -2.41$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\theta = 51^{\circ} 32.2$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Wazima Party, 95.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of Temp.		Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
				1-Vib2.	t_v	φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 24 th 8 ^h 56 ^m	0.29173	453.10	23.5 C	5.7811	23.3 C	6.41'30.0"	15' 17' 0.0"	23.7 C	Iwaoka Turuta	Turuta Iwaoka
" " 14 9	0.29198	452.05	25.0	5.7850	24.9	6.40 18.8	15 14 29.4	25.2	" Iwaoka	" Turuta
" " 20 10	0.29198	452.17	24.5	5.7848	24.7	6.40 40.0	15 15 35.0	24.3	" Turuta	" Iwaoka
Mean	0.29190									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29190 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1523 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.29205
 \end{aligned}$$

96. TOYAMA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 28 th 9 ^h 3 ^m	5° 2' 53"	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 10 57	" 7 5	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 12 14	" 8 45	Turuta	"
" " 12 51	" 9 20	Iwaoka	"
" " 11 43	" 8 45	"	"
" " 11 59	" 7 44	"	"
" " 16 53	" 4 41	"	"
" " 17 12	" 5 13	"	"
" " 18 13	" 6 11	"	"
" " 18 29	" 5 15	"	"
" " 20 35	" 1 8	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 20 52	" 5 9	"	"
" " 23 15	" 1 57	"	Turuta
" 29 th 6 0	" 3 1	"	"
" " 6 57	" 1 54	Iwaoka	"
" " 8 37	" 0 57	"	"
" " 9 20	" 1 41	"	"
" " 10 54	" 5 53	"	"
" " 11 18	" 6 46	"	"
" " 12 9	" 8 31	"	"
" " 12 45	" 8 25	Turuta	"
" " 13 54	" 7 41	Iwaoka	"
" " 14 22	" 7 23	"	"
" " 16 22	" 4 33	"	"
" " 17 19	" 1 45	"	"
" " 18 57	" 5 18	"	"
" " 21 37	" 5 3	"	"
Mean	5° 4' 35"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 4' 35'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.85 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 6' 5''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 28 th 10 ^h 22 ^m	3	50° 54.5'	Turuta	Turuta
" " 16 25	2	" 53.1	Iwaoka	" Iwaoka
" " 22 30	3	" 47.7	Turuta	Turuta
" 29 th 10 24	3	" 49.1	"	"
" " 15 37	3	" 46.4	"	"
" " 20 58	3	" 47.0	Iwaoka	"
Mean		50° 49.6'		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 50^{\circ} 49.6' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.41 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 50^{\circ} 48.2'
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t</i>	Observer	Recorder	
						ψ_1	ψ_2				
Sept. 28 th 14 ^h 17 ^m	0.29311	450.34	20.2C	5.7880	30.5C	6.37	42.25	15° 8' 37.25	27.8C	Iwaoka Turuta	Turuta Iwaoka
" " 20 3	0.29315	452.92	22.1	5.7691	22.7	6.39	45.0	15 13 12.5	21.5	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 29 th 8 1	0.29314	452.67	23.1	5.7600	22.2	6.39	7.5	15 11 46.9	23.9	Turuta Iwaoka	Iwaoka Turuta
" " 13 24	0.29351	450.81	28.3	5.7788	28.8	6.37	16.9	15 7 30.6	27.8	Turuta Turuta	Iwaoka Iwaoka
" " 18 27	0.29325	452.68	21.6	5.7682	22.1	6.39	31.2	15 12 52.5	21.1	Iwaoka Turuta	Turuta Iwaoka
Mean	0.29323										

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29323 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1381 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 13 \\
 H &= 0.29337
 \end{aligned}$$

97. MOZUMI.
DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	1 st	16 ^h	57 ^m	4	56'	10"	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	17	39	"	56	23	"	"
"	"	19	19	"	56	20	"	"
"	"	20	0	"	56	6	"	"
"	"	23	25	"	54	48	"	Iwaoka
"	2 nd	5	40	"	53	31	"	"
"	"	6	15	"	53	39	"	"
"	"	8	22	"	49	42	Turuta	"
"	"	8	35	"	49	30	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	9	13	"	48	27	Turuta	Iwaoka
"	"	10	47	"	54	29	"	"
"	"	11	35	"	57	31	Iwaoka	Turuta
"	"	12	27	"	59	25	"	Iwaoka
"	"	12	46	"	58	18	"	"
"	"	13	11	"	58	4	"	Turuta
"	"	13	21	"	58	36	"	"
"	"	15	5	"	58	0	Turuta	"
"	"	15	20	"	56	0	Iwaoka	"
"	"	16	54	"	53	55	"	Iwaoka
"	"	17	5	"	55	0	"	"
"	"	19	24	"	55	56	"	"
"	"	19	43	"	55	27	"	"
"	"	20	40	"	54	56	"	"
"	"	20	51	"	54	44	"	"
"	3 rd	6	33	"	56	41	"	"
"	"	6	53	"	53	48	"	"
"	"	7	20	"	51	58	"	"
"	"	7	42	"	54	1	"	"
Mean				4°	54'	51"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^\circ 54.85' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.79 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\
 \delta &= 4^\circ 36.36'
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	1 st	22 ^h	17 ^m	3	50° 2.3	Turuta	Turuta
"	2 nd	10	23	3	" 0.7	Iwaoka	"
"	"	16	24	—	" 1.2	Turuta	Iwaoka
Mean					50° 2.4		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 50^\circ 2.4' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.50 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\
 \theta &= 50^\circ 0.9'
 \end{aligned}$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 1 st 18 37 ^m	0.29752	452.44	23.0 C	5.7289	23.1 C	6°33'13".1	14°57'55".0	22.9 C	Iwaoka Turuta	Turuta Iwaoka
" 2 nd 7 42	0.29787	453.32	19.7	5.7190	19.6	6 31 48.1	14 59 43.1	19.9	" Iwaoka	" Turuta
" " 13 50	0.29775	453.45	19.6	5.7207	20.0	6 34 8.8	15 0 18.1	19.1	" Turuta	" Iwaoka
" " 18 49	0.29766	454.22	18.3	5.7153	18.6	6 34 36.2	15 1 2.5	17.9	" Iwaoka	" Turuta
Mean	0.29770									

$$H = 0.29770$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 13.62

" " sea level = 520

$$H = 0.29789$$

98. MIKKAITI.

Mikura cemetery (三日市町大字三日市村字御藏共有墓地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour. (Mean Loc 1 Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct. 5 th 1 ^h 45 ^m	5°	5'	20"	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 11 0	"	5	7	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 11 24	"	5	43	"	"
" " 11 35	"	7	0	"	"
" " 12 4	"	8	2	Turuta	"
" " 12 56	"	8	50	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 13 21	"	9	40	"	Turuta
" " 14 46	"	10	35	"	"
" " 15 4	"	10	16	"	"
" " 16 35	"	9	22	Turuta	"
" " 16 48	"	9	7	Iwaoka	"
" " 17 35	"	8	33	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 17 52	"	7	0	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 18 7	"	7	11	"	"
" " 18 20	"	9	18	"	"
" " 19 56	"	8	7	"	"
" " 21 33	"	7	13	"	"
" 6 th 0 8	"	6	58	Turuta	"
" " 5 44	"	7	40	"	"
" " 6 2	"	7	24	"	"
" " 6 45	"	7	46	"	"
" " 7 11	"	8	18	"	"
" " 8 32	"	5	52	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" " 9 4	"	6	17	"	Turuta
" " 11 0	"	9	7	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 12 2	"	10	42	Iwaoka	Turuta
" " 13 35	"	10	48	"	Iwaoka
" " 14 14	"	10	8	"	"
" " 15 28	"	8	54	"	Turuta
" " 16 9	"	8	51	"	"
" " 16 38	"	9	53	"	"
" " 17 6	"	9	32	Turuta	Iwaoka
" " 17 17	"	8	26	Iwaoka	Turuta
Mean	4°	8'	5"		

$$\delta = 5^\circ 8.08$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.93

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\delta = 5^\circ 10.08$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the West Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 5 th 22 ^h 59 ^m	—	50° 36.4	Iwaoka	Iwaoka
" 6 th 10 22	3	" 43.1	Turuta	Turuta
" " 11 35	3	" 42.2	Iwaoka	"
" " 15 35	—	" 44.5	Turuta	"
Mean		50° 41.6		

$$\theta = 50^\circ 41.6$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.61

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\theta = 50^\circ$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the West Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 5 th 14 ^h 21 ^m	0.29470	454.02	17.7C	5.7463	18.3C	6°38'35".0	15°10'17".5	17.2C	Iwaoka Turuta	Turuta Iwaoka
" " 19 19	0.29450	455.22	14.8	5.7309	14.8	6 31 49.6	15 12 54.4	14.7	" Iwaoka	" Turuta
" " 6 th 8 3	0.29477	454.42	16.1	5.7409	15.5	6 38 39.4	15 10 36.9	16.7	" Turuta	" Iwaoka
" " 13 3	0.29463	452.84	21.1	5.7520	21.7	6 37 20.6	15 7 41.2	20.3	" Iwaoka	" Turuta
Mean	0.29472									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29472 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1392 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 100 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.29485
 \end{aligned}$$

99. ABUTA.

Coast, back side of Abuta office (虻田村戸長役場裏海岸)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July.	1 st	18 ^h 33.0 ^m	6°	10'	4"	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	20 27.1	"	9	16	"	"
"	2 nd	1 0.0	"	8	59	"	Tanakadate
"	"	4 3.2	"	8	14	"	"
"	"	5 43.3	"	6	23	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	7 16.8	"	4	13	"	Tanakadate
"	"	8 17.8	"	5	0	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	9 54.0	"	9	33	"	"
"	"	10 57.5	"	10	59	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	"	12 24.1	"	14	53	"	Midzusima
"	"	13 30.9	"	15	41	"	"
"	"	14 20.0	"	14	24	Tanakadate	"
"	"	15 17.7	"	13	18	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	"	16 11.7	"	12	46	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	17 39.1	"	10	46	"	"
"	"	18 35.0	"	10	20	"	"
Mean			6°	9'	35"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 6^\circ 958 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 152 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 6^\circ 1111
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	1 st	18 ^h 8.3 ^m	—	56° 43.3	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	2 nd	9 19.0	2	" 43.5	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	15 44.0	2	" 45.2	Midzusima	Tanakadate
Mean				56° 46.0		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 56^\circ 460 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.41 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 56^\circ 4475
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 1st 1 ^h 52 ^m	0.26676	458.16	26.1C	5.9621	26.1C	7°25'36.2	16°54'25.0	26.2C	Midzusi a Tanakadate	Tanakadate Midzusi a
" " 2 nd 7 26	0.26744	459.46	23.4	5.9457	23.2	7 25 52.5	16 55 16.2	23.5	" Tanakadate	" Tanakadate
" " 9 54	0.26693	457.36	28.8	5.9655	28.6	7 24 18.8	16 51 15.0	28.9	Midzusi a Tanakadate	Midzusi a Tanakadate
" " 12 51	0.26664	457.73	28.5	5.9683	29.2	7 25 26.3	16 53 51.3	27.9	Midzusi a Tanakadate	Midzusi a Tanakadate
" " 11 51	0.26650	458.53	24.3	5.9648	25.1	7 26 34.0	16 56 24.0	23.6	Midzusi a Tanakadate	Midzusi a Tanakadate
Mean	0.26685									

$$H = 0.26685$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 2.38$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$H = 0.26687$$

100. OSYAMANBE.

Osyamanbe Syogaku (長萬部小學校)

 DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July. 6 th 14 ^h 19.2 ^m	5° 55' 3"	Tanakadate	Midzusi a
" " 15 59.5	" 54 0	Midzusi a	Tanakadate
" " 17 44.2	" 48 53	Tanakadate	Midzusi a
" " 18 39.6	" 49 2	Midzusi a	Tanakadate
" " 19 59.0	" 47 23	Tanakadate	Midzusi a
" " 20 48.1	" 49 5	Midzusi a	Tanakadate
" " 23 41.4	" 50 18	"	"
" " 7 th 4 52.0	" 46 52	"	"
Mean	5° 50' 2"		

$$\delta = 5^\circ 50.93$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.54$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 5^\circ 51.6$$

 DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 4 th 11 ^h 16.7 ^m	2	56° 19.9	Tanakadate	Midzusi a
" " 17 58.9	—	" 19.0	Midzusi a	Tanakadate
" " 6 th 15 2.6	2	" 19.4	"	Midzusi a
" " 7 th 10 24.0	2	" 18.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		56° 19.1		

$$\theta = 56^\circ 19.1$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.47$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\theta = 56^\circ 17.6$$

 HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

 (* Value reduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 4 th 9 ^h 43 ^m	0.27200	460.54	19.1C	5.8888	19.0C	7°19' 9.4	16°38'58.8	19.2C	Midzusi a Tanakadate	Tanakadate Midzusi a
" " 13 34	0.27227	460.63	21.6	5.8852	21.4	7 18 6.3	16 35 37.5	21.7	Midzusi a Tanakadate	Tanakadate Tanakadate
" " 17 9	0.27258	459.43	23.6	5.8908	23.8	7 17 10.0	16 34 22.5	23.3	" Tanakadate	" Midzusi a
" " 6 th 17 25	0.27275	460.10	21.3	5.9116	21.7	(7 17 39.4	16 36 46.3	21.3)	Tanakadate Tanakadate	Midzusi a Midzusi a
" " 20 42	0.27240	460.48	17.2	5.8855	17.5	7 18 51.3	16 38 41.3	17.0	Midzusi a Tanakadate	Tanakadate Tanakadate
" " 7 th 9 16	0.27241	460.45	18.7	5.8848	18.7	7 18 23.3	16 37 23.8	18.7	" Tanakadate	" Midzusi a
Mean	0.27240									

$$H = 0.27240$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 2.75$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$H = 0.27243$$

101. SUTTU.

Suttu office (壽都村戸長役場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July.	8 th	6 ^h 47.7 ^m	5	55'	27"	Tanakadate	Midzushima
"	"	9 21.6	"	55	10	"	Tanakadate
"	"	11 5.0	"	56	56	"	"
"	"	13 20.1	6	5	30	Midzushima	"
"	"	15 33.2	"	2	40	Tanakadate	Midzushima
"	"	18 2.1	"	1	24	"	"
"	"	19 1.3	"	1	26	"	"
"	"	21 23.7	"	2	7	"	"
"	9 th	3 28.3	"	0	26	"	"
"	"	6 15.8	5	58	52	"	Tanakadate
"	"	7 23.2	"	57	21	Midzushima	"
"	"	8 41.1	"	57	46	"	Midzushima
"	"	10 8.5	"	56	0	"	"
"	"	11 50.7	6	2	34	"	"
Mean			6°	0'	41"		

$\delta = 6^{\circ} \quad 0.68$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.60
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} \quad 2.3$

DIP' (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	8 th	7 ^h 59.7 ^m	2	56° 44.2	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	17 35.0	—	" 44.3	Tanakadate	"
"	9 th	11 42.6	2	" 43.1	Midzushima	Tanakadate
Mean				56° 44.9		

$\theta = 56^{\circ} \quad 44.9$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.65
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 56^{\circ} \quad 43.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 8 th 12 ^h 40 ^m	0.27003	460.70	17.7C	5.9090	17.6C	7°22'32.75	16°46'51.73	17.8C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 18 38	0.26989	462.47	15.4	5.8900	15.5	7 23 0.0	16 47 41.3	15.4	Midzushima	"
" 9 th 8 17	0.26972	460.42	17.5	5.9144	17.4	7 22 48.8	16 47 33.8	17.6	Tanakadate	Midzushima
Mean	0.26988								Midzushima	Tanakadate

$H = 0.26988$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.01
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.26991$

102. IWANAI.

Prefecture (郡役所)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July.	11 th	11 ^h	5.7 ^m	6°	25'	8"	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	11	24.2	"	25	13	"	"
"	"	12	24.9	"	26	57	"	"
"	"	13	45.1	"	28	32	"	"
"	"	14	55.3	"	27	38	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	"	16	16.3	"	26	6	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	18	29.2	"	23	38	"	Tanakadate
"	"	19	26.0	"	24	5	"	Midzusima
"	"	20	51.5	"	24	14	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	"	22	13.7	"	24	50	"	Midzusima
"	"	23	33.8	"	25	13	"	"
"	12 th	4	44.9	"	21	30	"	"
"	"	5	49.6	"	21	11	"	"
"	"	8	36.0	"	21	20	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	9	13.2	"	21	11	"	"
"	"	10	56.9	"	24	0	"	"
Mean				6°	23'	50"		

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} 23.83$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.56

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} 25.1$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Jnly.	11 th	12 ^h	2.0 ^m	2	56° 58.0	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	"	18	40.0	2	" 49.0	Tanakadate	"
"	"	23	11.1	—	" 53.7	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	12 th	6	48.4	2	" 54.6	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean					56 53.8		

 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 53.8$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.53

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 52.3$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 11 th 13 ^h 22 ^m	0.26796	459.10	23.3 C	5.9440	23.8 C	7 24 34.74	16 51 43.78	22.9 C	Midzusima Tanakadate	Tanakadate Midzusima
" " 20 28	0.26807	460.07	20.1	5.9359	20.4	7 25 12.5	16 53 0.0	19.8	Midzusima Tanakadate	Tanakadate "
" 12 th 10 22	0.26757	458.47	24.6	5.9521	24.9	7 24 18.8	16 50 49.0	24.2	Tanakadate	"
Mean	0.26787									

 $H = 0.26787$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.55

" " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.26790$

103. YOBETU.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1891.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July.	13 th	14 ^h	31.7 ^m	6°	4'	13''	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	16	2.8	"	3	22	"	"
"	"	17	10.8	5	59	7	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	"	17	20.6	"	59	0	"	"
"	"	18	20.4	"	58	31	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	19	5.3	"	59	44	"	Tanakadate
"	"	20	7.4	"	59	52	"	"
"	"	22	14.6	"	59	56	"	"
"	14 th	1	49.8	"	59	3	"	"
"	"	2	43.0	"	57	54	"	"
"	"	6	24.0	"	54	55	"	"
"	"	8	0.0	"	54	39	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	8	47.2	"	54	46	"	"
"	"	9	58.9	"	57	16	"	"
"	"	10	52.6	"	58	23	"	"
"	"	11	42.5	"	59	25	"	"
"	"	12	47.6	6	2	56	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	13	54.1	"	4	26	Midzusima	"
"	"	15	2.8	"	6	10	Tanakadate	Midzusima
Mean				5°	58'	45''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^{\circ} 58' 75'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.62 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 6^{\circ} 01'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	13 th	15 ^h 19.0 ^m	2	57° 08	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	14 th	9 39.5	—	0.0	"	Midzusima
"	"	13 31.2	2	56 57.7	Tanakadate	"
Mean				56° 59.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 56^{\circ} 59.5'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.69 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.01 \\ \hline \theta &= 56^{\circ} 57.8'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 13 th 17 ^h 3 ^m	0.27040	457.70	23.5 C	5.9263	24.2 C	7 19.3275	16 40.3070	22.9 C	{ Tanakadate Midzusima	{ Midzusima Tanakadate
" 14 th 7 34	0.27034	459.67	20.6	5.9121	20.5	7 20 53.8	16 42 57.5	20.8	{ " " Tanakadate	{ " " Midzusima
" " 14 47	0.27011	457.73	23.7	5.9281	23.8	7 19 34.0	16 40 5.0	23.7	" "	" "
Mean	0.27028									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27028 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.81 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 1.47 \\ \hline H &= 0.27032 \end{aligned}$$

104. HUNAMA.

(船潤市中)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)		δ		Observer	Recorder	
July.	15 th 18 ^h 10.7 ^m	4	49'	24''	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	" 19 43.3	"	49	32	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	" 21 7.7	"	49	58	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	" 22 41.3	"	49	51	Midzusima	"
"	" 0 40.8	"	48	48	"	"
"	" 3 21.0	"	45	56	"	"
"	" 4 49.3	"	45	38	"	"
"	" 5 59.4	"	43	28	"	"
"	" 7 12.3	"	42	23	"	"
"	" 9 43.4	"	44	8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	" 10 44.4	"	46	22	"	"
"	" 12 43.2	"	50	28	"	"
"	" 13 47.2	"	50	33	"	"
"	" 15 22.2	"	49	18	"	"
"	" 16 24.6	"	48	14	"	"
"	" 17 31.4	"	47	21	"	"
"	" 18 26.0	"	46	54	"	"
Mean		4	47'	26''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 47' 26''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.57
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 49'$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	15 th 19 ^h 11.4 ^m	2	57° 32.3	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	" 16 th 5 41.2	2	" 36.0	Midzusima	"
"	" 14 53.1	—	" 32.4	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean			57° 33.3		

$\theta = 57^{\circ} 33.3$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.57
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 57^{\circ} 32.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 15 th 20 ^h 44 ^m	0.26384	458.69	23.6C	5.9583	23.7C	7'2559.0	16 55' 7.5	23.6C	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" 16 th 8 13	0.23653	457.41	27.5	5.9683	26.8	7 24 57.5	16 52 53.8	28.2	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" 11 29	0.26664	456.33	29.4	5.9761	29.6	7 24 40.0	16 51 40.0	29.2	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" 10 33	0.26722	460.50	18.2	5.9418	18.2	"	"	"	"	Tanakadate
Mean	0.26581									

$H = 0.26581$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.48
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.26583$

105. OTARU.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July.	18 th	11 ^h 43.8 ^m	6°	11'	32"	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	"	12 1.0	"	12	42	"	"
"	"	12 21.6	"	12	30	"	"
"	"	13 22.5	"	15	1	"	"
"	"	15 8.7	"	14	5	"	Tanakadate
"	"	16 35.6	"	14	35	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	17 4.3	"	12	30	"	"
"	"	19 4.6	"	9	5	"	Tanakadate
"	"	19 43.5	"	8	6	"	Midzusima
"	"	20 35.1	"	9	7	"	"
"	"	21 30.2	"	11	18	"	"
"	"	23 47.1	"	10	33	Midzusima	"
"	19 th	2 2.8	"	11	38	"	"
"	"	3 5.8	"	10	58	"	"
"	"	5 12.6	"	8	52	"	"
"	"	6 24.1	"	8	12	"	"
"	"	7 44.9	"	7	55	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	8 10.2	"	7	21	"	"
"	"	9 48.8	"	13	10	"	Midzusima
"	"	10 14.6	"	14	7	"	"
"	"	10 28.5	"	16	22	"	"
"	"	11 7.2	"	17	56	Midzusima	"
"	"	11 58.3	"	19	22	"	"
"	"	13 0.3	"	20	43	"	"
"	"	13 44.0	"	20	27	"	"
Mean			6°	12'	32"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 6 & \quad 1253 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.46 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 6 & \quad 140 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	18 th 16 ^h 9.1 ^m	2	57° 11.7	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	" 18 12.7	—	" 11.1	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	19 th 12 36.0	2	" 11.9	Midzusima	Midzusima
Mean			57° 11.7		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 57 & \quad 11.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -1.37 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 57 & \quad 103 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 18 th 14 ^h 26 ^m	*0.26770	459.11	22.5C	5.9456	22.5C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 14 51	0.26761	459.04	22.6	5.9464	22.8	7 24/2622	15 0/4275	22.1C	"	Midzusima
" 19 th 5 52	0.26741	460.56	18.2	5.9389	18.1	7 26 16.3	16 54 46.3	18.4	"	Midzusima
Mean		0.26730								

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.26760 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 192 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 000 \\ \hline H = 0.26762 \end{aligned}$$

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 th	15 ^h 44.9 ^m	6°	21'	48''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	17 56.1	"	17	45	"	"
"	"	20 13.5	"	15	37	"	"
"	"	21 58.7	"	15	17	"	"
"	16 th	4 43.5	"	13	23	"	"
"	"	8 1.3	"	11	32	"	"
"	"	8 32.5	"	12	55	"	"
"	"	10 58.3	"	20	55	"	"
"	"	11 35.6	"	21	20	"	"
"	"	12 8.4	"	21	42	"	"
"	"	14 26.1	"	21	41	"	"
"	"	15 33.3	"	19	51	"	"
"	"	16 46.9	"	17	1	"	"
"	"	19 7.4	"	15	41	"	"
"	"	20 22.1	"	14	7	"	"
"	"	21 32.7	"	15	8	"	"
"	17 th	0 4.7	"	16	3	"	"
"	"	4 2.9	"	14	56	"	"
"	"	7 20.7	"	12	35	"	"
"	"	8 55.9	"	15	18	"	"
"	"	10 0.7	"	17	58	"	"
"	"	11 33.1	"	21	7	"	"
"	"	12 47.8	"	22	3	"	"
"	"	13 31.5	"	21	33	"	"
"	"	15 7.9	"	19	57	"	"
"	"	16 37.7	"	17	22	"	"
"	"	18 26.3	"	16	16	"	"
"	"	19 53.7	"	16	28	"	"
"	18 th	0 39.8	"	15	57	"	"
"	"	4 27.0	"	15	3	"	"
"	"	7 46.9	"	14	36	"	"
"	"	9 4.7	"	13	10	"	"
"	"	10 31.9	"	15	53	"	"
"	"	11 41.5	"	18	5	"	"
"	"	13 58.3	"	20	25	"	"
Mean			6°	16'	29''		

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} 16' 48''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.19

" " sea level = -0.01

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} 17' 7''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	16 th	10 ^h 19.7 ^m		57° 37	..	..
"	"	18 10.5		" 0.8	..	..
"	"	17 th 14 25.5		56 59.2	..	..
"	"	18 th 7 4.7		57 2.2	..	..
Mean				57° 45		

 $\theta = 57^{\circ} 1' 5$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.13

" " sea level = 0.01

 $\theta = 57^{\circ} 0' 4$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Aug. 16 th	14 ^h 53 ^m	0.26914	455.92	24.0 C	5.9511	24.2 C	7 19' 24.0	16° 39' 37.5	23.9 C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	17 th 17 53	0.26925	455.43	25.3	5.9510	26.0	7 19' 0.0	16 38 55.0	24.7	"	"
"	18 th 8 26	0.26919	455.90	24.7	5.9525	25.8	7 19 35.0	16 40 4.0	23.7	"	"
Mean		0.26919									

 $H = 0.26919$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 156

" " sea level = 058

 $H = 0.26921$

107. SAPPORO.

Sapporo Nōen (札幌農園)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July.	20 ^h	6 ^h 5.4 ^m	6°	0'	44''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	7 5.5	"	1	50	"	"
"	"	8 6.0	"	2	12	"	"
"	"	8 53.5	"	2	48	"	"
"	"	9 57.6	"	5	1	"	Midzusima
"	"	11 2.8	"	8	11	Midzusima	"
"	"	11 55.6	"	9	16	"	"
"	"	13 0.0	"	8	35	"	"
"	"	13 45.0	"	10	0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	14 34.7	"	10	1	"	"
"	"	15 45.9	"	7	28	Midzusima	"
"	"	17 10.9	"	7	35	"	"
"	"	18 29.6	"	7	47	"	"
"	"	20 15.8	"	10	21	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	20 58.9	"	8	58	Midzusima	"
"	"	23 18.9	"	20	4	"	"
"	21 st	0 52.2	"	14	19	"	"
"	"	1 47.4	"	9	49	"	"
"	"	3 4.2	"	2	47	"	"
"	"	3 45.7	"	6	51	"	"
"	"	4 55.8	"	2	41	"	"
"	"	6 10.2	"	7	30	"	"
"	"	7 12.0	"	7	11	"	"
"	"	7 48.1	"	12	46	"	"
"	"	9 32.0	"	13	7	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	10 11.6	"	11	42	"	"
"	"	11 45.8	"	11	56	"	"
"	"	12 27.0	"	13	15	"	"
"	"	13 28.7	"	14	27	"	"
"	"	14 16.4	"	13	1	Midzusima	"
"	"	15 4.2	"	10	8	"	"
"	"	16 58.4	"	9	56	Tanakadate	Midzusima
"	"	17 32.7	"	6	52	"	"
"	"	18 41.6	"	5	52	Midzusima	Tanakadate
"	"	19 26.4	"	2	46	Tanakadate	"
"	"	20 43.7	"	5	43	"	"
"	"	23 16.0	"	8	20	"	"
"	22 nd	1 39.4	"	8	14	"	"
"	"	3 52.1	"	4	59	"	"
"	"	6 35.7	"	4	29	"	"
"	"	8 33.6	"	5	45	"	Midzusima
"	"	9 44.1	"	6	9	"	"
Mean			6°	9'	15''		

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} \quad 9.25$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.39

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} \quad 10.6$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July.	20 ^h 11 ^h 42.0 ^m	—	57° 7.7	Midzusima	Midzusima
"	21 st 6 54.8	—	" 11.8	"	"
"	" 11 18.1	—	" 10.8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	" 18 0.8	2	" 11.9	Midzusima	"
"	22 nd 9 21.4	2	" 8.2	Tanakadate	Midzusima
Mean			57° 10.1		

 $\theta = 57^{\circ} \quad 10.1$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.26

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 57^{\circ} \quad 8.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of Temp.		Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
				1-Vib ⁿ .	t_V	φ_1	φ_2			
July. 21 st 15 45 ^m	0.26489	455.02	33.1C	^s 6.0073	34.3C	7 25' 40" 0	16 54' 11" 0	32.0C	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 21 30	*0.26462	458.40	24.2	5.9848	24.2	(7 27 24.0	16 59 32.5	23.5)	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 22 nd 8 9	0.26532	453.54	28.7	5.9893	28.6	7 26 8.8	16 55 22.5	28.7	Tanakadate	Midzusima
Mean	0.26494									

$$H = 0.26494$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 15%

" " sea level = 0.00

$$H = 0.26496$$

札幌出張 (舊測候所跡)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 22 nd 14 ^h 50.6 ^m		57° 13.0	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 16 50.0		" 10.4	Midzusima	Tanakadate
Mean		57° 11.7		

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of Temp.		Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
				1-Vib ² .	t_V	φ_1	φ_2			
July. 22 nd 15 ^h 42 ^m	*0.24446	457.00	28.2C	^s 5.9960	28.2C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 15 53	*0.26508	457.00	28.1	5.9889	28.1	—	—	—	"	"
" " 16 23	*0.24465	457.20	27.5	5.9925	27.5	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.26173									

108. IWAMIZAWA.

Bank of River Ikusyunbetu (幾春別河畔)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July. 23 rd 16 ^h 28.3 ^m	5° 31' 41"	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 17 19.7	" 29 15	"	"
" " 18 32.9	" 27 5	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 18 53.5	" 25 22	"	"
" " 21 10.4	" 25 36	"	Midzusima
" " 23 27.9	" 26 17	"	"
" " 24 th 1 22.1	" 26 11	"	"
" " 2 57.6	" 23 40	"	"
" " 5 19.1	" 25 1	"	"
" " 7 31.6	" 22 52	"	"
" " 8 45.1	" 23 21	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 10 47.4	" 23 55	"	"
" " 11 46.7	" 29 37	"	"
" " 12 41.9	" 32 6	"	"
" " 14 8.1	" 33 39	"	Midzusima
" " 15 9.7	" 32 1	Midzusima	"
" " 16 6.9	" 31 39	"	"
" " 17 8.6	" 28 2	Tanakadate	"
" " 17 41.0	" 29 16	"	"
" " 18 46.9	" 29 55	Midzusima	"
" " 19 52.7	" 28 2	"	"
" " 25 th 4 43.1	" 25 12	"	"
" " 6 1.5	" 23 26	"	"
" " 7 21.0	" 23 32	Tanakadate	"
" " 8 9.2	" 24 46	Midzusima	"
Mean	5° 26' 0"		

$$\delta = 5^{\circ} 26' 00''$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.32

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\delta = 5^{\circ} 27' 33''$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 23 rd 19 ^h 26.5 ^m	—	57° 18.1	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 24 th 8 8.8	—	" 14.0	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 11 54.3	—	" 14.3	"	Midzusima
" " 18 21.8	2	" 17.6	Tanakadate	"
" " 19 12.2	—	" 16.9	Midzusima	"
" " 25 th 8 0.0	2	" 14.8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		57° 15.9		

Reduction to $\theta = 57^\circ 15.9$
1895.0 = -1.15
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 57^\circ 14.7$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_0	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 23 rd 18 ^h 9 ^m	0.26472	456.52	28.2 C	5.9971	28.5 C	7° 27' 15.0	16° 57' 54.0	27.9 C	Tanakadate Midzusima	Midzusima Tanakadate
" " 24 th 13 45	0.26478	457.60	25.2	5.9886	25.3	7 28 5.0	16 59 36.3	25.2	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 25 th 7 47	0.26493	458.10	22.5	5.9835	22.6	7 28 32.5	17 0 55.0	22.4	Midzusima Tanakadate	Tanakadate Midzusima
Mean	0.26481									

$H = 0.26481$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 108
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.26482$

109. SORATIPT.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July. 25 th 17 ^h 55.3 ^m	5° 50' 6"	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 18 58.8	" 49 50	"	"
" " 20 24.3	" 49 13	Midzusima	"
" " 21 45.4	" 48 45	"	"
" " 23 12.3	" 48 20	"	"
" " 26 th 0 42.0	" 48 10	"	"
" " 3 38.9	" 47 56	"	"
" " 5 4.4	" 47 30	"	"
" " 6 26.0	" 45 45	"	"
" " 8 29.0	" 15 1	Tanakadate	"
" " 10 57.9	" 50 2	"	"
" " 11 46.6	" 52 11	Midzusima	"
" " 13 0.4	" 53 2	"	"
" " 13 54.5	" 52 46	Tanakadate	"
" " 15 12.1	" 52 5	"	"
" " 16 2.7	" 51 21	"	"
" " 17 35.3	" 49 1	"	"
Mean	5° 48' 46"		

$\delta = 5^\circ 48.77$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.34
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^\circ 50.11$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 25 th 18 ^h 33.0 ^m	—	57° 20.7	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 26 th 7 47.1	2	" 24.8	Tanakadate	"
" " 14 40.6	—	" 24.8	Midzusima	"
Mean		57° 23.4		

$\theta = 57^\circ 23.4$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.18
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 57^\circ 22.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
 (* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of *M*)
 Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 25 th 21 ^h 2 ^m	0.26615	458.93	20.8C	5.9637	20.7C	7 27'18".8	16 58' 6".3	20.8C	Midzusima Tanakadate	Tanakadate Midzusima
" " 26 th 9 36	0.26552	456.74	29.2	5.9869	29.2	7 25 37.5	16 53 32.5	29.3	"	Tanakadate
" " 13 30	0.26574	454.15	35.0	6.0005	34.9	7 22 57.5	16 47 58.8	35.1	Midzusima	Midzusima
" " 18 3	*0.26564	456.40	28.5	5.9868	28.5	—	—	—	Tanakadate	"
Mean	0.26576									

$$H = 0.26576$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 0.03$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$H = 0.26577$$

110. TIP-YABUSI.

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July. 29 th 11 ^h 17.3 ^m	5° 33' 23"	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 12 24.4	" 36 21	"	"
" " 12 32.0	" 37 13	"	"
" " 13 22.6	" 37 17	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 14 26.2	" 37 28	"	"
" " 15 27.1	" 35 54	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 16 54.3	" 33 2	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 17 0.5	" 32 23	"	"
" " 18 4.2	" 31 19	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 19 48.1	" 31 32	"	"
" " 21 45.8	" 31 52	"	"
" " 23 19.8	" 31 38	"	Tanakadate
" 30 th 3 14.7	" 30 9	"	"
" " 6 25.7	" 27 36	"	"
" " 7 9.3	" 27 44	"	Midzusima
" " 7 58.9	" 27 38	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 9 43.3	" 33 33	"	"
" " 9 49.1	" 33 8	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 10 32.7	" 35 47	"	"
Mean	5° 31' 58"		

$$\delta = 5^\circ 31' 57''$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.27$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = -0.03$$

$$\delta = 5^\circ 33' 2$$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July. 25 th 16 ^h 26.5 ^m	2	57° 16.7	Tanakadate	Midzusima
" " 17 38.7	—	" 18.2	Midzusima	Tanakadate
" " 30 th 9 11.9	2	" 15.9	Tanakadate	Midzusima
Mean		57° 16.9		

$$\theta = 57^\circ 16.9$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.07$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.03$$

$$\theta = 57^\circ 15.9$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
 Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Viba.	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections.		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July. 29 th 14 ^h 7 ^m	0.26558	455.58	29.5C	5.99317	29.6C	7 24'50".0	16 52'21".2	29.5C	Tanakadate Midzusima	Midzusima Tanakadate
" " 21 18	0.26544	456.93	23.7	5.9866	24.5	7 26 38.8	16 56 27.5	23.3	"	"
" " 30 th 7 39	0.26522	456.53	24.6	5.9908	24.8	7 26 32.5	16 56 20.0	24.4	Tanakadate Midzusima	Midzusima Tanakadate
Mean	0.26541									

$$H = 0.26541$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 0.64$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 3.07$$

$$H = 0.26545$$

III. ASAHIKAWA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	2 ^h	10.6 ^m	6°	17'	35"	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	3	26.6	"	16	47	"	"
"	"	5	52.6	"	15	22	"	"
"	"	7	21.4	"	14	17	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	9	15.0	"	17	32	"	"
"	"	10	16.6	"	18	8	"	"
"	"	11	7.6	"	20	42	"	"
"	"	11	52.1	"	23	0	"	"
"	"	12	59.1	"	25	0	"	"
"	"	11	31.2	"	23	57	"	"
"	"	16	10.6	"	20	19	Midzushima	"
"	"	17	18.0	"	19	27	"	Midzushima
"	"	18	2.0	"	18	33	"	"
"	"	19	4.2	"	18	39	"	"
"	"	20	40.8	"	18	42	"	"
"	"	21	58.7	"	19	3	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	2 nd	0	57.3	"	18	37	"	"
"	"	4	40.0	"	17	43	"	"
"	"	6	26.4	"	14	5	"	"
"	"	7	59.1	"	13	25	"	"
Mean				6°	18'	50"		

$\delta = 6^\circ 18' 50''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.30
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 6^\circ 20.1'$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1891.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	6 ^h	59.1 ^m	—	57 31.7	Midzushima	Tanakadate
"	"	15	41.0	—	" 32.5	Tanakadate	Midzushima
"	"	20	2.6	—	" 31.5	Midzushima	"
Mean					57° 31.9'		

$\theta = 57^\circ 31.9'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.18
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 57^\circ 30.7'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
									ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug.	1 st	8 ^h	30 ^m	0.26388	457.42	22.8C	5.9977	22.3C	7 29' 19".0	17 24' 0".0	23.8C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	13	48	*0.26416	453.80	33.3	6.0210	33.3	(7 27 30.0	16 52 41.3	33.8)	"	"
"	"	18	35	0.2 3410	455.66	28.0	6.0100	28.4	7 27 17.5	16 57 38.8	27.7	Midzushima	Midzushima
"	"	21	26	0.26441	457.51	23.9	5.9935	24.1	7 28 30.0	17 0 13.3	23.7	{ Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate
"	2 nd	8	7	0.26422	457.15	24.1	5.9970	24.1	7 28 27.5	17 0 24.0	24.7	{ Midzushima	{ Tanakadate
Mean				0.26415									

$H = 0.26415$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.74
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.26416$

112. OHOTUKAWA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	3 rd	19 ^h	41.0 ^m	6'	53'	46''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	21	38.0	"	54	0	"	"
Mean				6'	53'	53''		

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	7 ^h	34.8 ^m	2	57° 36.1	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 57^\circ 36.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.19 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.12 \\ \hline \theta = 57^\circ 35.0 \end{aligned}$$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 4 th 5 ^h 40 ^m	0.26584	459.70	16.0C	5.9608	15.5C	7 28' 9.70	16 59' 30.70	16.6C	Midzusima	Tanakadate

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.26584 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.88 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 10.29 \\ \hline H = 0.26595 \end{aligned}$$

113. POROKAMUIKOTAN.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				θ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 ^h	14 ^h	35.9 ^m	6'	15'	41''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	15	3.9	"	16	2	"	"
"	"	19	19.5	"	10	8	"	"
"	7 ^h	2	26.4	"	8	10	"	"
"	"	4	45.9	"	7	19	"	"
"	"	7	4.3	"	4	16	"	"
"	"	7	38.0	"	3	33	"	"
"	"	8	52.5	"	7	53	"	"
"	"	9	54.0	"	9	10	"	"
"	"	10	21.1	"	10	35	"	"
"	"	11	14.3	"	11	33	"	"
"	"	11	45.8	"	12	4	"	"
"	"	12	25.6	"	15	34	"	"
"	"	13	46.9	"	15	43	"	"
"	"	14	23.4	"	15	35	"	"
Mean				6'	10'	50''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 6^\circ 10.83 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.28 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.09 \\ \hline \delta = 6^\circ 12.0 \end{aligned}$$
DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 th	17 ^h	28.5 ^m	2	58° 6.4	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	7 th	5	42.0	—	" 6.2	"	"
"	"	13	14.8	—	" 5.2	"	"
Mean					58° 5.9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 58^\circ 5.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.17 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.12 \\ \hline \theta = 58^\circ 4.8 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 6 ^h 15 ^m 31 ^m	0.23422	454.18	31.9 C	6.0184	32.2 C	7 25 52.5	16 54 56.2	31.6 C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" 7 ^h 4 4	0.26445	458.66	19.0	5.9847	18.9	7 29 54.0	17 3 59.0	19.0	"	"
" " 8 22	0.23418	456.69	23.9	6.0174	26.8	7 28 11.5	17 0 7.5	27.1	"	"
Mean	0.26428									

$H = 0.26428$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.073

" " sea level = 1036

$H = 0.26439$

幌神威古潭出張
Poronai (ポロナイ)
DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 8 ^h 10 ^m 10.0 ^m	2	57 21.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

114. MASIKE.

(増 毛 町)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 21 st 2 ^h 21.8 ^m	6° 8' 11"	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 5 38.6	" 5 19	"	Tanakadate
" " 6 27.0	" 4 52	"	"
" " 7 42.9	" 4 11	Kimura	"
" " 9 18.4	" 9 38	"	Kimura
" " 11 5.4	" 12 33	"	"
" " 12 40.6	" 14 8	"	"
" " 14 15.7	" 11 53	"	"
" " 15 38.7	" 9 50	"	"
" " 17 38.3	" 6 20	"	"
" " 18 34.0	" 5 56	Tanakadate	"
" 22 nd 0 10.3	" 5 35	"	Tanakadate
" " 3 53.6	" 4 55	"	"
" " 6 27.1	" 0 42	Kimura	"
Mean	6° 7' 53"		

$\delta = 6^\circ 7.88$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.22

" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 6^\circ 9.1$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 20 th 12 ^h 24.1 ^m	—	57° 34.1	Tanakadate	Kimura
" 21 st 12 14.3	—	" 36.4	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 14 54.1	—	" 37.3	"	Kimura
" " 19 48.7	—	" 36.7	Tanakadate	"
Mean		57° 36.1		

$\theta = 57^\circ 36.1$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.17

" " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 57^\circ 34.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 21 st 8 ^h 43 ^m	0.26498	457.28	20.6 C	5.9882	20.7 C	7 27 31.9	16 58 16.8	20.5 C	Kimura Tanakadate	Tanakadate Kimura
" " 13 36	0.26514	455.83	22.1	5.9963	22.4	7 25 51.2	16 54 23.7	21.9	" Kimura	" Tanakadate
" " 23 20	0.26543	457.15	18.9	5.9838	19.0	7 26 43.7	16 56 28.1	18.8	" Tanakadate	" Kimura
Mean	0.26518									

$$H = 0.26518$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 120$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 000$$

$$H = 0.26519$$

115. SIRASITOMARI.

Ekiden and Post Office, about 300^m, East of the Ridge

(驛傳兼郵便局)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 23 rd 10 ^h 49.0 ^m	6° 27' 34"	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 11 20.6	" 29 13	"	"
" " 13 13.6	" 31 4	"	"
" " 14 35.3	" 31 34	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 14 47.1	" 31 10	"	"
" " 14 57.3	" 31 4	"	"
" " 15 39.7	" 29 59	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 17 0.7	" 27 7	Kimura	"
" " 18 7.5	" 25 40	"	"
" " 21 0.8	" 25 20	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 23 23.0	" 26 44	"	"
" 24 th 3 11.6	" 25 37	"	"
" " 5 4.7	" 24 23	"	"
" " 7 39.8	" 22 56	"	Kimura
" " 8 51.9	" 22 25	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 9 33.7	" 25 4	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 11 10.6	" 28 52	Kimura	"
Mean	6° 26' 34"		

$$\delta = 6^\circ 26.57$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.22$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 6^\circ 27.8$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 23 rd 16 ^h 32.7 ^m	2	58° 17.8	Kimura	Tanakadate
" 24 th 7 15.2	—	" 14.9	Tanakadate	"
" " 10 25.2	—	" 18.3	Kimura	Kimura
Mean		58° 17.0		

$$\theta = 58^\circ 17.0$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.18$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\theta = 58^\circ 15.8$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 23 rd 14 ^h 3 ^m	0.26255	456.63	24.6C	6.237	24.5C	7°30' 8.71	17° 4' 13.71	24.8C	Kimura Tanakadate "	Tanakadate Kimura Tanakadate Kimura
" " 22 38	0.23235	458.25	12.9	6.0120	13.4	7° 33' 17.5	17° 11' 36.2	12.5		
" " 24 th 8 2.1	0.26242	456.37	21.2	6.0224	21.0	7° 30' 45.6	17° 5' 39.0	21.3		
Mean	0.26244									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.26244 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 101 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.26245
 \end{aligned}$$

116. HÜREN.

Field (稻荷堂東北原野)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 25 th 10 ^h 55.7 ^m	6° 14' 38"	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 11 38.7	" 17 1	"	"
" " 13 21.2	" 18 15	"	"
" " 14 14.7	" 18 43	Kimura	"
" " 15 42.5	" 16 52	"	"
" " 17 5.7	" 15 11	"	"
" " 19 42.8	" 9 56	"	Tanakadate
" " 20 36.4	" 12 11	Tanakadate	"
" " 26 th 0 21.3	" 11 14	"	"
" " 4 2.5	" 11 43	"	"
" " 6 45.9	" 9 3	Kimura	Kimura
" " 8 27.4	" 9 11	Tanakadate	"
" " 9 37.9	" 10 33	"	"
" " 10 54.8	" 14 27	"	"
" " 12 28.9	" 16 17	"	"
" " 13 40.1	" 11 51	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 15 30.1	" 15 44	"	"
" " 16 28.6	" 14 5	"	"
" " 17 35.3	" 10 26	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 18 12.9	" 10 51	"	"
" " 19 15.2	" 11 3	"	"
" " 20 15.8	" 9 44	"	"
Mean	6° 12' 41"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 6^\circ 12' 41'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.22 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 6^\circ 13.59''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder.
Aug. 25 th 14 ^h 0.6 ^m	—	58° 27.0	Tanakadate Kimura	Tanakadate Kimura
" " 16 39.6	—	" 24.8		
" " 23 rd 10 29.8	—	" 27.0	Tanakadate	"
" " 11 24.0	—	" 23.7	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 17 7.4	—	" 28.3	Tanakadate	Kimura
Mean		58° 26.7		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 58^\circ 26.7' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.19 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 58^\circ 25.5'
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 25 th 13 ^h 4 ^m	0.26137	455.49	24.9C	6.0394	25.3C	7 31' 30".6	17 7' 30".6	24.3C	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura
" 26 th 8 3	0.26138	457.05	18.1	6.0362	18.0	7 33' 36".2	17 12' 37".5	18.2	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura
" " 13 19	0.26136	454.75	26.1	6.0478	26.7	7 31' 7".5	17 6' 27".5	25.5	{ Kimura "	{ Tanakadate "
" " 19 49	0.26099	456.76	17.3	6.0364	17.2	7 33' 52".2	17 12' 58".1	17.4	{ Tanakadate "	{ Kimura "
Mean	0.26135									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.26135 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.091 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 H &= 0.26136
 \end{aligned}$$

117. TESIO.

Field (天鹽原野)
DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 25 th 9 ^h 41.9 ^m	6° 24' 35"	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 11 14.7	" 29 11	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 12 33.6	" 29 6	"	"
" " 14 3.7	" 28 48	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 15 27.0	" 26 13	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 17 33.6	" 23 52	"	Kimura
" " 18 18.8	" 24 18	"	"
" " 18 25.6	" 24 14	"	Tanakadate
" " 22 47.1	" 23 32	Tanakadate	Kimura
" 30 th 3 0.5	" 22 23	Kimura	"
" " 5 47.5	" 19 57	"	"
" " 7 5.8	" 17 17	"	"
" " 8 24.2	" 17 48	"	Tanakadate
" " 9 32.0	" 20 44	"	"
" " 10 52.9	" 24 30	"	"
" " 12 14.9	" 27 16	"	"
" " 13 11.7	" 26 42	"	"
" " 17 2.4	" 23 42	"	"
" " 18 35.6	" 21 4	"	"
Mean	6° 23' 50"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 6' 23.50 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.25 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \delta &= 6' 24.8
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 29 th 10 ^h 46.1 ^m	—	58° 48.7	Kimura	Tanakadate
" " 17 6.2	—	" 53.0	Tanakadate	Kimura
" 30 th 6 34.0	—	" 50.0	Kimura	"
" " 10 16.2	—	" 50.0	Tanakadate	"
Mean		58° 50.4		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 58' 50.4 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.22 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \theta &= 58' 49.2
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 29 th 13 ^h 37 ^m	0.25938	453.94	27.0C	6.0757	27.3C	7.33'55.2	17 13'24.3	26.8C	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura
.. 30 th 8 1	0.25930	455.84	21.2	6.0634	21.4	7.36 4.6	17 18 24.0	21.1	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura
.. .. 17 58	0.25897	454.17	25.4	6.0808	26.6	7.34 30.0	17 15 1.9	24.3	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura
Mean	0.25922									

$$\begin{aligned}
 & H = 0.25922 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 102 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} & = 000 \\
 \hline
 & H = 0.25923
 \end{aligned}$$

118. POSINAI PITARI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 18 ^h 26.0 ^m	5	29'	25''	Tanakadate	Kimura
.. .. 22 12.8	..	27	29	Kimura	Tanakadate
.. .. 3 rd 5 56.6	..	24	53	Tanakadate	Kimura
.. .. 6 40.1	..	23	30	..	..
.. .. 8 55.4	..	24	54	..	..
Mean	5	28'	60''		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \delta = 5^{\circ} 28'00'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.11 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} & = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 & \delta = 5^{\circ} 29'11''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 20 ^h 39.8 ^m	—	58° 44.5	Kimura	Kimura

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \theta = 58^{\circ} 44.5 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -1.13 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} & = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 & \theta = 58^{\circ} 43.4
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H).
(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M.)
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 3 rd 8 ^h 15 ^m	*0.26096	457.20	16.2C	6.0340	16.2C	7.35' 7.75	17 19' 12.20	16.3C	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura

$$\begin{aligned}
 & H = 0.26096 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 0.76 \\
 \text{.. .. sea level} & = 000 \\
 \hline
 & H = 0.26097
 \end{aligned}$$

119. OKURUMATOMANAI.

Islet in River Tesio (天鹽河中ノ嶋嶼)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	5 ^h 15 ^m	0.3 ^m	7	8'	17''	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	15 50.4	"	6	32	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	17 9.9	"	6	6	"	"
"	"	18 38.4	"	5	48	"	"
"	"	19 53.8	"	4	59	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	21 15.6	"	5	7	"	"
"	"	22 42.3	"	3	27	"	"
"	6 ^h 1	58.1	"	2	46	"	"
"	"	5 22.7	"	2	19	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	6 42.5	6	59	32	"	"
"	"	7 20.9	"	58	33	"	"
"	"	8 26.2	"	58	26	"	"
"	"	9 26.3	7	0	59	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	10 40.2	"	4	59	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	12 25.4	"	10	16	"	"
"	"	13 30.3	"	10	42	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	14 23.8	"	9	20	"	"
Mean			7°	4'	17''		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 7^\circ \quad 428 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.07 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.01 \\ \hline & \delta = 7^\circ \quad 53 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	5 ^h 13 ^m	46.5 ^m	2	58° 21.1	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	6 14.3	—	" 23.1	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	8 59.6	—	" 25.3	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	11 15.6	—	" 25.2	Tanakadate	Kimura
Mean				58° 23.8		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 58^\circ \quad 23.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -1.00 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.01 \\ \hline & \theta = 58^\circ \quad 22.8 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib. ⁿ	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 5 ^h 22 ^m 7 ^m	0.26140	455.76	19.8C	6.0388	19.8C	7.32/21.2	17.9/50.0	19.8C	Kimura	Tanakadate
" 6 ^h 8 8	*0.26114	456.10	19.5	6.0175	19.4	(7.33 0.0)	17.11 7.5	(19.5)	Tanakadate	Kimura
" " 13 17	*0.2 121	452.50	30.3	6.0399	31.8	(7.29 8.7)	17.2 19.0	(30.3)	Kimura	Tanakadate
Mean	0.26125									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.26125 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 0.48 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.60 \\ \hline & H = 0.26125 \end{aligned}$$

120. NAYOROFT.

Bank of River Tesio (天鹽河畔)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	8 ^h	13 ^h	41.1 ^m	6°	56'	12"	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	14	10.7	"	55	31	"	"
"	"	15	23.3	"	53	22	"	"
"	"	16	22.6	"	51	50	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	17	59.3	"	51	10	"	"
"	"	19	5.2	"	51	28	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	20	14.6	"	51	10	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	23	0.3	"	50	30	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	9 ^h	1	36.1	"	49	4	"	Tanakadate
"	"	1	34.0	"	48	12	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	6	4.1	"	47	56	Tanakadate	"
"	"	7	24.9	"	46	36	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	8	37.8	"	45	50	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	9	31.5	"	47	31	"	"
"	"	10	24.9	"	50	21	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	11	24.2	"	52	36	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	12	12.9	"	54	6	"	"
"	"	13	9.8	"	53	49	"	"
"	"	13	52.6	"	53	17	Kimura	Tanakadate
Mean				6	50'	16"		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 6^\circ \quad 50' 27'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = \quad 0.99 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = \quad -0.01 \\ \hline & \delta = 6^\circ \quad 51' 3'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Sept.	8 ^h	17 ^h	33.2 ^m	—	58	12.2	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	9 ^h	6	52.2	—	"	12.8	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	11	0.8	—	"	13.8	Kimura	Tanakadate
Mean					58	12.9		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 58' \quad 12.9'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = \quad -0.88 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 0.02 \\ \hline & \theta = 58' \quad 12.0'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the West Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 8 ^h 14 ^h 54 ^m	0.26196	453.51	27.0C	6.0492	27.6C	7 28' 53.71	17 1' 15.70	26.5C	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura
" " 19 44	0.26212	455.90	18.5	6.0360	18.8	7 31' 19.0	17 7' 19.0	18.3	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura
" 9 ^h 8 13	0.26206	457.06	17.2	6.0224	17.3	7 32' 25.6	17 9' 50.6	17.2	{ Tanakadate Kimura	{ Kimura Tanakadate
Mean	0.26205									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.26205 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = \quad 0.25 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 1.19 \\ \hline & H = 0.26206 \end{aligned}$$

121. NUPPAMAMOI.

South of Poromoi, Islet. (幌モイノ南, 天鹽河中ノ小嶼)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 11 th 17 ^h 36.0 ^m	—	59 1/2	Kimura	Tanakadate
„ 12 th 7 7.7	—	58 57.3	Tanakadate	Kimura
„ „ 11 31.2	—	.. 59.5	Kimura	Tanakadate
„ „ 16 15.2	—	59 0.1	Tanakadate	Kimura
Mean		58 59.5		

 $\theta = 58^{\circ} 59.5$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.07

„ „ sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 58^{\circ} 58.4$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 11 th 19 ^h 39 ^m	0.25776	455.22	21.8C	6.0857	22.0C	7 37' 51.73	17 22' 27.5	21.6C	Tanakadate Kimura	Kimura Tanakadate
„ 12 th 8 59	0.25770	456.33	18.9	6.0773	18.5	7 39 5.6	17 25 15.0	19.4	Tanakadate	Kimura
„ „ 13 32	0.25805	455.91	19.0	6.0774	19.2	7 38 35.6	17 21 30.6	18.8	Kimura	Tanakadate
Mean	0.25784									

 $H = 0.25784$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.77

„ „ sea level = 151

 $H = 0.25786$

122. WAKASAKANAI.

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 11 th 22 ^h 37.6 ^m	—	59 0/9	Tanakadate	Kimura

 $\theta = 59^{\circ} 0/9$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.17

„ „ sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 58^{\circ} 59.7$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 11 th 21 ^h 29 ^m	*0.25751	458.80	11.1C	6.0636	11.1C	..	..	..	Tanakadate	Kimura
„ „ 21 17	*0.25805	459.30	9.7	6.0540	9.7	..	..	..	„	„
Mean	0.25778									

 $H = 0.25778$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 105

„ „ sea level = 000

 $H = 0.25779$

123. WAKKANAI.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	15 th	19 ^h 22.8 ^m	6°	48'	16''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	20 25.2	"	48	46	"	"
"	"	23 20.2	"	48	29	"	"
"	16 th	0 56.5	"	47	31	"	"
"	"	4 17.2	"	46	34	"	"
"	"	7 34.3	"	45	51	"	"
"	"	9 31.6	"	46	55	"	"
"	"	11 17.6	"	51	9	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	13 31.8	"	53	19	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	14 55.5	"	51	24	"	Kimura
"	"	16 9.1	"	50	20	"	"
"	"	17 51.4	"	48	36	"	"
"	"	19 35.6	"	48	21	"	"
"	"	21 6.2	"	48	41	"	"
Mean			6°	48'	37''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 4862 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.16 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 4978 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	16 th	12 ^h 54.0 ^m	—	59° 19.3	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	17 9.8	—	" 16.5	"	"
"	17 th	7 0.7	—	" 16.2	"	Tanakadate
Mean				59° 17.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 59^\circ \quad 173 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.21 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 59^\circ \quad 161 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_n	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Sept. 16 th	8 ^h 40 ^m	0.25763	455.19	21.5C	6.0909	23.1C	7 39' 27.5	17 25' 28.7	19.9C	Tanakadate Kimura	Kimura Tanakadate
"	" 11 20	0.25801	454.04	26.0	6.0911	27.5	7 36 48.7	17 19 56.2	24.5	Tanakadate	Kimura
Mean		0.25782									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.25782 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 101 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.25783 \end{aligned}$$

124. SOYA.

Coast, near to Common School (小學校附近ノ海岸)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	17 th	17 ^h	37.8 ^m	6'	38'	22"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	18	40.2	"	38	49	"	"
"	"	20	49.3	"	38	35	"	"
"	"	22	20.7	"	37	35	"	"
"	18 th	4	53.0	"	36	58	"	"
"	"	8	19.7	"	35	39	"	"
"	"	9	20.9	"	35	43	"	"
"	"	10	24.0	"	38	5	"	"
"	"	12	14.5	"	41	27	"	"
"	"	12	49.1	"	41	34	"	"
"	"	14	11.6	"	41	11	"	"
"	"	15	16.3	"	39	50	"	"
"	"	17	13.6	"	38	35	"	"
"	"	18	56.1	"	38	14	"	"
"	"	20	22.4	"	38	5	"	"
Mean				6'	38'	14"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 6' \quad 38.23 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.13 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 6' \quad 39.1 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	18 th	11 ^h	29.4 ^m	2	59° 15.8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	16	16.8	—	" 13.2	"	"
"	"	19	47.4	—	" 14.9	"	"
Mean					59° 14.6		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 59^\circ \quad 14.6 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.15 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 59^\circ \quad 13.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder			
						φ_1	φ_2						
Sept. 18 th	8 ^h	43 ^m	0.25753	455.88	20.1C	6.0828	19.8C	7°38'59.0	17°25' 0?	20.4C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate	
"	"	13	2	0.25762	454.39	23.9	6.0927	24.0	7°37'26.2	17°21'30.0	23.8	"	"
"	"	18	18	0.25751	456.10	18.0	6.0814	18.1	7°39'15.0	17°25'31.2	17.9	"	"
Mean			0.25758										

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.25758 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.81 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H = 0.25759 \end{aligned}$$

125. SARUBUTU.

Bank of Rivor Sarubutu (猿拂河畔)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 20 th 10 ^h 43.6 ^m	7° 17' 41"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 11 28.2	" 18 0	"	"
" " 12 19.9	" 19 40	"	"
" " 13 0.6	" 21 3	"	"
" " 14 2.2	" 19 13	"	"
" " 15 39.1	" 17 16	"	"
" " 17 41.2	" 15 45	"	"
" " 19 0.9	" 15 23	"	"
" 21 st 6 7.7	" 12 0	"	"
" " 7 50.2	" 11 49	"	"
" " 8 58.9	" 13 18	"	"
" " 10 25.4	" 16 33	"	"
" " 11 26.6	" 16 53	"	"
" " 12 22.6	" 19 0	"	"
" " 13 27.8	" 19 55	"	"
Mean	7° 15' 33"		

$\delta = 7^{\circ} 15' 33''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.05
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 7^{\circ} 16' 7''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 20 th 17 ^h 8.6 ^m	—	59 18	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 21 st 7 7.4	—	58 59.8	"	"
" " 12 59.4	—	59 2.3	"	"
Mean		59 13		

$\theta = 59^{\circ} 13'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.04
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 59^{\circ} 03'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Sept. 20 th 14 ^h 51 ^m	0.25716	455.22	20.80	6.0925	21.0	7.38.33.77	17.23.47.4	20.80	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 20 28	0.25777	456.13	18.1	6.0794	18.4	7.38.30.0	17.22.56.2	17.9	"	"
" 21 st 9 11	0.25767	456.15	18.2	6.0864	18.5	7.39.12.5	17.25.22.5	17.9	"	"
Mean	0.25753									

$H = 0.25753$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.065
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.25754$

126. ESASI.

Esasi office (戸長役場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 22 nd 17 ^h 55.6 ^m	7 2' 50''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 18 28.0	" 2 38	"	"
" " 20 32.5	" 2 14	"	"
" " 23 19.2	" 0 51	"	"
" 23 rd 3 42.2	" 0 57	"	"
" " 6 14.1	" 0 6	"	"
" " 7 0.4	6 59 39	"	"
" " 8 50.3	7 0 11	"	"
" " 9 29.5	" 1 49	"	"
" " 11 45.0	" 3 2	"	"
" " 12 46.0	" 6 16	"	"
" " 13 50.7	" 4 26	"	"
" " 15 10.1	" 4 22	"	"
" " 16 55.7	" 1 45	"	"
" " 18 7.2	" 1 46	"	"
Mean	7 2' 6''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 7^{\circ} 2' 10'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.94 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 7^{\circ} 30'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 22 nd 22 ^h 53.5 ^m	—	59 38.1	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" 23 rd 16 10.1	—	" 40.9	"	"
" " 18 58.0	—	" 39.8	"	"
Mean		59° 39.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 59^{\circ} 39.3'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.90 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 59^{\circ} 38.7'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Sept. 23 rd 8 ^h 14 ^m	0.25149	453.73	11.0C	6.1610	10.4C	7 50/54.0	17 52/29.0	11.5C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 14 37	0.25211	453.69	22.6	6.1653	23.3	7 46 52.5	17 43 21.2	22.1	"	"
" " 17 35	0.25187	453.28	17.2	6.1568	17.9	7 49 7.5	17 48 37.5	16.6	"	"
Mean	0.25182									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.25182 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.034 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.25182 \end{aligned}$$

127. PORONAI.

Ekiden (驛傳)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	25 th	0 ^h 33.2 ^m	6'	9'	15"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	5 32.0	"	9	8	"	"
"	"	6 44.6	"	8	22	"	"
"	"	7 55.6	"	8	21	"	"
"	"	9 25.7	"	9	56	"	"
"	"	10 45.4	"	11	3	"	"
"	"	11 38.6	"	10	59	"	Kimura
"	"	12 20.3	"	11	38	"	"
"	"	13 17.7	"	11	47	"	"
"	"	14 5.1	"	10	57	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	15 24.5	"	10	25	"	"
"	"	16 30.7	"	10	5	"	"
"	"	17 27.8	"	10	14	"	"
"	"	18 49.3	"	10	26	"	"
"	"	20 37.5	"	8	36	"	"
"	"	22 3.5	"	8	56	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	26 th	6 38.8	"	8	32	Kimura	"
Mean			6'	6'	45"		

$\delta = 6^\circ \quad 975$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.85
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 6^\circ \quad 1036$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	25 th 15 ^h 0.8 ^m	2	58 14.3	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	" 19 54.8	2	" 14.5	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	26 th 8 47.5	2	" 14.4	Kimura	Tanakadate
Mean			58° 14.4		

$\theta = 58^\circ \quad 144$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.75
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 58^\circ \quad 136$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 25 th 8 ^h 41 ^m	0.26182	454.81	21.0C	6.0427	22.1C	730'52.5	17° 6'11.2	20.0C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 11 58	0.26184	453.41	26.2	6.0502	26.4	728 58.1	17 1 37.5	26.1	Kimura Tanakadate	" Kimura
" " 17 4	0.26170	453.73	23.4	6.0503	24.0	729 55.0	17 4 7.5	22.8	" Kimura	" Tanakadate
" 26 th 7 35	0.26198	456.33	16.6	6.0279	16.6	731 54.3	17 8 40.0	16.7	Tanakadate	" Kimura
Mean	0.26184									

$H = 0.26184$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.54
" " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.26185$

128. MONBETU.

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Common School (小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	27 th	17 ^h 57.7 ^m	5	59'	4"	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	19 34.6	"	57	53	"	"
"	"	20 51.6	"	59	41	"	"
"	"	21 50.6	"	59	16	Kimura	"
"	"	23 26.8	"	58	45	"	"
"	28 th	1 39.8	"	57	52	"	"
"	"	3 45.8	"	55	21	"	"
"	"	4 34.9	"	53	27	"	"
"	"	6 27.9	"	57	35	Tanakadate	"
"	"	7 38.1	"	57	44	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	8 55.0	"	58	42	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	10 4.6	"	59	53	"	"
"	"	11 2.9	6	1	11	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	12 6.0	"	3	9	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	12 35.0	"	3	54	"	"
"	"	14 0.0	"	2	57	"	"
"	"	15 0.6	"	2	19	"	"
"	"	16 49.1	"	1	22	"	"
"	"	17 34.3	"	0	41	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	18 49.6	5	58	16	"	"
Mean			5	59'	37"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 59' 62''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.77

" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 04''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	27 th	20 ^h 10.1 ^m	—	57° 53.3	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	28 th	7 9.0	2	" 52.6	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	10 37.0	—	" 54.8	Kimura	Tanakadate
Mean				57° 53.6		

$\theta = 57^{\circ} 53.6$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.63

" " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 57^{\circ} 53.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
Sept. 28 th	8 ^h 29 ^m	0.26202	457.30	13.30	6.0208	13.10	732.370	17° 5' 59.0	13.40	{ Kimura Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Kimura	
"	"	13 34	0.26203	455.13	19.2	6.0363	19.7	730.42.5	17 55.4.3	18.8	{ " Kimura " Tanakadate	{ " Tanakadate " Kimura
"	"	18 23	0.26289	458.90	12.0	6.0012	12.4	733.11.2	17 11.43.0	11.6	{ " Tanakadate	{ " Kimura
Mean		0.26232										

$H = 0.26232$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.21

" " sea level = 0.00

$H = 0.26232$

129. YÜBETU.

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	29 th	17 ^h 58.2 ^m	—	57° 43.1	Kimura	Tanakadate

$\theta = 57^{\circ} 43.1$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.54

" " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 57^{\circ} 42.5$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M
Observations of the North Party, 1894.

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Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _p	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 29 ^h 17 ^m 27 ^m	*0.26289	456.90	16.5C	^s 6.0199	16.5C		—	—	Tanakadate	Kimura

$H = 0.26289$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.44
 „ „ sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.26289$

130. NOGAMI.

South West of Ekiden No. 18. (驛傳十八號ノ西南)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	30 th	14 ^h 9.3 ^m	5	59'	59''	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	15 43.6	"	57	51	"	"
"	"	17 8.5	"	56	55	"	"
"	"	18 11.7	"	57	30	Kimura	Tanakadate
"	"	19 19.9	"	56	49	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	21 17.0	"	57	9	"	"
Oct.	1 st	3 57.8	"	56	30	"	Tanakadate
"	"	5 54.8	"	54	59	Kimura	Kimura
"	"	6 47.8	"	55	13	"	"
"	"	7 45.3	"	53	46	"	"
"	"	8 34.1	"	53	38	"	"
"	"	9 45.6	"	55	21	"	"
"	"	10 56.8	"	57	44	"	"
"	"	12 3.8	6	0	50	"	"
"	"	12 59.4	"	0	56	Tanakadate	"
Mean			5	53'	57''		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 56.95'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.69
 „ „ sea level = -0.01

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 57.65'$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	30 th	16 ^h 46.3 ^m	—	57° 29.4	Kimura	Tanakadate
Oct.	1 st	7 23.5	—	" 30.0	Tanakadate	Kimura
"	"	11 23.5	—	" 31.8	"	"
Mean				57° 30.4		

$\theta = 57^{\circ} 30.4'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.51
 „ „ sea level = 0.02

 $\theta = 57^{\circ} 29.9'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _p	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 30 th 15 ^h 4 ^m	0.26348	455.99	16.6C	^s 6.0453	16.7C	7 27.47.5	16 58.58.8	16.6C	Kimura Tanakadate	Tanakadate Kimura
" " 13 53	0.26381	453.48	14.8	6.068	15.2	7 28 55.6	17 130.0	14.5	" Tanakadate	" Tanakadate
Oct. 1 st 8 13	0.26351	457.65	9.8	6.023	10.1	7 30 47.5	17 5 59.4	9.6	" Kimura	" Tanakadate
Mean	0.26383									

$H = 0.26383$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.11
 „ „ sea level = 1.17

 $H = 0.26381$

131. AINONAI.

North West of Ekiden (驛傳ノ西北)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	2 nd	16 ^h	35.0 ^m	5'	49'	11''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	17	25.9	"	48	15	"	"
"	"	19	48.2	"	48	18	"	"
"	"	22	24.2	"	47	37	"	"
"	3 rd	1	36.6	"	46	12	"	"
"	"	5	57.2	"	46	7	"	"
"	"	6	54.8	"	45	3	"	"
"	"	8	43.8	"	42	15	"	"
"	"	9	26.5	"	45	42	"	"
"	"	10	53.2	"	48	27	"	"
"	"	12	13.3	"	51	13	"	"
"	"	13	40.5	"	51	56	"	"
"	"	14	28.8	"	52	22	"	"
"	"	15	49.6	"	51	0	"	"
"	"	16	47.7	"	49	0	"	"
"	"	17	26.0	"	48	25	"	"
Mean				5	47'	54''		

$\delta = 5$ 47.90
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.64
 " " sea level = -0.02

 $\delta = 5$ 48.5

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	2 nd	19 ^h	3.2 ^m	—	57 11.8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	3 rd	10 16.9	—	" 14.9	"	"
"	"	15	7.6	2	" 11.3	"	"
Mean					57 12.7		

$\theta = 57$ 12.7
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.44
 " " sea level = 0.04

 $\theta = 57$ 12.3

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Vague M)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Oct.	2 nd	21 ^h 50 ^m	*0.26389	456.40	13.8C	5.9781	14.4C	(7°28'36"2	17° 0'40"0	13.8C)	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	3 rd 8 8	*0.26405	456.60	13.3	5.9847	13.3	(7 28 47.5	17 1 32.5	13.4)	"	"
"	"	13 5	0.26389	455.05	20.4	6.0147	20.6	7 27 10.0	16 57 24.0	20.3	"	"
Mean			0.26394									

$H =$ 0.23394
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.57
 " " sea level = 29.4

 $H =$ 0.26396

132. ABASIRI.

Abasiri Meteorological Observatory (網走測候所)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	4 th	21 ^h	31.1 ^m	4°	42'	0''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	23	29.6	"	41	35	"	"
"	5 th	2	53.2	"	39	36	"	"
"	"	6	15.1	"	39	29	"	"
"	"	7	37.8	"	40	10	"	"
"	"	9	24.4	"	38	44	"	"
"	"	10	27.5	"	40	55	"	"
"	"	11	56.2	"	45	20	"	"
"	"	12	50.4	"	47	55	"	"
"	"	14	18.5	"	48	9	"	"
"	"	15	15.6	"	47	19	"	"
"	"	16	56.4	"	41	33	"	"
"	"	17	57.6	"	44	41	"	"
"	"	19	30.0	"	42	38	"	"
"	"	20	22.4	"	43	0	"	"
"	"	21	45.3	"	43	53	"	"
"	"	23	1.7	"	42	18	"	"
Mean				4	42'	32''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 42' 53'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.59 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 43' 11'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	5 th	11 ^h 15.4 ^m	—	57° 11.3	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	16 7.0	—	" 10.9	"	"
"	"	21 10.9	—	" 11.1	"	"
Mean				57° 11.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 57^\circ 11.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.39 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 57^\circ 10.9 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 5 th 8 ^h 44 ^m	0.26665	453.67	12.9 C	5.9717	12.7 C	7 24' 10.76	16 50' 25.70	13.1 C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 13 33	0.26726	453.4	13.6	5.9636	13.7	7 23 15.6	16 48 36.2	13.6	"	"
" " 22 28	0.26665	457.31	6.9	5.9691	7.4	7 25 26.2	16 53 44.4	6.5	"	"
Mean	0.26685									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.26685 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.81 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.26684 \end{aligned}$$

133. SYARI.

Coast, South West of Hotel Kikuti (菊池ホテルノ西南ナル海濱)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	7 th	9 ^h 41.3 ^m	5	31'	15"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	10 45.8	"	31	27	"	"
"	"	11 45.4	"	36	13	"	"
"	"	12 18.6	"	37	20	"	"
"	"	11 11.4	"	40	10	"	"
"	"	15 43.0	"	37	47	"	"
"	"	17 4.9	"	35	10	"	"
"	"	18 23.4	"	35	0	"	"
"	"	19 15.4	"	36	23	"	"
"	"	21 10.4	"	31	18	"	"
"	"	23 26.8	"	35	29	"	"
"	8 th	1 1.4	"	31	49	"	"
"	"	5 11.6	"	34	11	"	"
"	"	7 54.3	"	32	52	"	"
"	"	9 12.0	"	31	51	"	"
"	"	9 47.3	"	31	48	"	"
Mean			5	35'	13"		

$$\begin{array}{r} \delta = 5 \quad 35.22 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad 0.52 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 5 \quad 35.7 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	7 th	11 ^h 22.2 ^m	—	57° 32.3	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	16 30.7	—	" 29.9	"	"
"	8 th	7 28.7	—	" 29.9	"	"
Mean				57 30.7		

$$\begin{array}{r} \theta = 57 \quad 30.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = \quad -0.33 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 57 \quad 30.4 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
							γ_1	γ_2			
Oct.	7 th 13 ^h 41 ^m	0.26257	453.29	16.9C	6.0223	17.4C	7.30/50.0	17° 5'33.8	16.4C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	" 20 25	0.26180	457.87	7.5	6.0298	8.0	7.33/52.5	17 12 46.2	7.0	"	"
"	" 8 41	0.26235	453.98	12.3	6.0175	11.6	7.31/38.7	17 7 54.3	13.1	"	"
Mean		0.26224									

$$\begin{array}{r} H = \quad 0.26224 \\ \text{Reductions to } 1895.0 = \quad -106 \\ \text{" " sea level} = \quad 000 \\ \hline H = \quad 0.26223 \end{array}$$

134. RAUSU.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	11 th	9 ^h	30.2 ^m	4	53'	26''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	10	8.6	"	53	53	"	"
"	"	11	17.0	"	55	35	"	"
"	"	13	0.0	"	58	17	"	"
"	"	14	33.2	"	58	40	"	"
"	"	15	49.0	"	57	4	"	"
"	"	16	43.4	"	55	42	"	"
"	"	18	14.7	"	55	32	"	"
"	"	19	35.2	"	55	33	"	"
"	"	22	0.4	"	55	33	"	"
"	12 th	2	54.2	"	54	26	"	"
"	"	6	9.0	"	54	47	"	"
"	"	7	12.8	"	54	12	"	"
"	"	8	14.1	"	53	30	"	"
"	"	9	28.3	"	52	57	"	"
"	"	10	19.1	"	53	38	"	"
Mean				4	55'	24''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 55.40 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.48 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^{\circ} 55.9 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour Mean Local Time.				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	11 th	12 ^h	23.9 ^m	—	57 18.5	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	17	35.6	—	" 17.8	"	"
"	12 th	7	45.4	—	" 17.8	"	"
Mean					57 18.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 57^{\circ} 18.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.27 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 57^{\circ} 17.7 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Oct.	11 th	13 ^h 59 ^m	0.26396	456.11	15.9C	6.0061	15.7C	7.27	5.878	16.1C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	21 18	0.26373	456.50	12.8	6.0070	13.1	7.29	3.1	17 1.43.1	"	"
"	12 th	8 59	0.26384	456.28	15.7	6.0050	14.9	7.28	8.1	16 59 33.1	"	"
Mean			0.26384									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.26384 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -123 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.26383 \end{aligned}$$

Rausu Syuttyo (羅臼出張)

Crater (羅臼噴火口)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	11 th	15 ^h	18.9 ^m	—	55 48.5	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

135. SIBETU.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct. 14 th 13 ^h 22.0 ^m	5	5'	32''	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 17 23.7	"	5	33	"	"
" " 18 43.0	"	5	35	"	"
" " 20 14.8	"	6	14	"	"
" " 22 31.8	"	4	25	"	"
" " 15 th 2 10.5	"	3	7	"	"
" " 5 57.0	"	3	0	"	"
" " 6 34.3	"	3	15	"	"
" " 7 59.5	"	4	37	"	"
" " 8 27.0	"	3	38	"	"
" " 9 58.1	"	4	53	"	"
" " 11 0.5	"	6	21	"	"
" " 12 32.0	"	7	26	"	"
" " 14 13.3	"	6	28	"	"
" " 15 35.9	"	4	40	"	"
" " 17 3.4	"	4	44	"	"
" " 18 29.8	"	5	12	"	"
" " 20 13.1	"	4	43	"	"
" " 21 28.6	"	4	21	"	"
Mean	5°	4'	8''		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} \quad 413$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.43
 " " sea level = 0.60

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} \quad 416$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct. 15 th 11 ^h 0.0 ^m	—	57° 16.6	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 16 25.7	—	" 16.1	"	"
" " 20 56.4	—	" 18.0	"	"
Mean		57° 16.9		

$\theta = 57^{\circ} \quad 16.9$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.19
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 57^{\circ} \quad 16.7$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1894

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 14 th 21 ^h 48 ^m	0.26173	456.10	15.4C	6.0320	15.5C	7 31'48.7	17 7'56.2	15.3C	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 15 th 9 26	0.26169	453.26	14.0	6.0328	14.5	7 32'10.0	17 8'35.0	13.5	"	"
" " 13 43	0.26208	456.26	12.7	6.0279	13.2	7 31'55.0	17 8'33.7	12.3	"	"
" " 19 31	0.26170	457.17	9.2	6.0262	9.6	7 33'26.2	17 11'58.8	8.8	"	"
Mean	0.26181									

$H = 0.26181$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -124
 " " sea level = 0.60

 $H = 0.26180$

136. HAKODATE.

Aza Ōmorihama (字大森濱商業學校附屬地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)		δ			Observer	Recorder
July	2 nd 20 ^h 27 4 ^m	5'	43'	56''	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 21 23.9	"	41	29	"	"
"	" 23 45.2	"	44	43	"	"
"	3 rd 4 4.6	"	41	23	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 5 40.7	"	40	57	"	"
"	" 6 42.0	"	43	18	"	"
"	" 7 41.7	"	42	51	"	"
"	" 8 39.0	"	44	31	Imamura	"
"	" 9 36.4	"	41	45	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 10 36.5	"	46	46	"	"
"	" 11 38.2	"	47	55	"	"
"	" 11 46.5	"	47	50	"	"
"	" 13 3.0	"	48	19	Imamura	"
"	" 14 16.9	"	48	28	Nakamura	"
"	" 15 48.9	"	46	48	Imamura	"
"	" 17 32.8	"	44	41	Nakamura	"
"	" 18 16.5	"	43	11	"	Nakamura
"	" 19 41.0	"	42	51	"	"
"	" 20 28.7	"	42	49	"	"
"	" 20 49.5	"	43	53	"	"
"	" 22 18.5	"	44	12	"	"
"	4 th 6 41.0	"	41	12	"	"
Mean		5'	44'	34''		

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 44' 34''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.40

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 46''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	3 rd 9 ^h 14 ^m	2	55' 34.8	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 17 12	2	" 29.7	Imamura	Nakamura
"	4 th 7 30	--	" 31.3	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 12 57	2	" 34.9	Imamura	"
Mean			55' 32.7		

 $\theta = 55^{\circ} 32.7'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.19

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 55^{\circ} 31.5'$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
July	3 rd 11 ^h 13 ^m	0.27438	444.25	23.9C	6.0163	23.5C	6 58' 35.0"	15 57' 45.0"	24.3C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 15 13	0.27409	444.79	24.1	6.0213	24.8	6 59' 27.0"	15 58' 22.5"	23.5	Imamura	Nakamura
"	4 th 9 37	0.27426	443.74	24.1	6.0256	24.3	6 58' 33.1"	15 57' 3.1"	24.0	"	"
"	" 11 21	0.27480	443.12	27.8	6.0261	28.9	6 57' 13.8"	15 53' 48.8"	26.8	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 14 41	0.27486	442.98	28.0	6.0241	28.9	6 57' 0.0"	15 53' 20.6"	27.1	"	"
Mean		0.27454									

 $H = 0.27454$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 226

" " sea level = 000

 $H = 0.27456$

137. MORI.

Race ground (戸長役場ノ後方競馬場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	6 th	14 ^h	59.7 ^m	5°	43'	47"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	15	47.1	"	42	49	"	Nakamura
"	"	16	51.5	"	41	5	Imamura	"
"	"	17	44.2	"	39	59	"	"
"	"	18	21.0	"	39	28	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	20	0.7	"	40	36	"	"
"	"	21	36.8	"	40	1	"	Nakamura
"	7 th	0	59.7	"	38	56	"	"
"	"	4	39.2	"	33	36	"	"
"	"	6	7.2	"	34	33	"	"
"	"	7	12.8	"	33	21	"	"
"	"	8	10.0	"	34	11	"	"
"	"	9	9.2	"	36	31	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	10	9.8	"	39	21	Nakamura	"
"	"	12	0.1	"	42	23	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	12	11.3	"	42	29	"	"
"	"	13	27.0	"	42	39	"	Imamura
"	"	14	15.6	"	42	13	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	55.8	"	41	40	"	Imamura
"	"	15	48.6	"	40	43	"	"
Mean				5°	39'	6"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^{\circ} 39' 10'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.42 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 5^{\circ} 0.0 \\ \hline \delta &= 5^{\circ} 40' 5'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	6 th	19 ^h	28 ^m	2	56° 17.4	Imamura	Imamura
"	7 th	7	45	2	" 13.6	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	8	39	2	" 16.2	"	"
"	"	12	57	2	" 16.2	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	14	39	2	" 14.3	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					56° 15.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 56^{\circ} 15.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.27 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.0 \\ \hline \theta &= 56^{\circ} 14.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 6 th 16 ^h 28 ^m	0.27201	443.55	24.9C	6.0532	25.8C	7 2'11.79	16° 5'49.74	24.0C	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 20 53	0.27145	445.21	19.4	6.0475	20.0	7 4 25.0	16 10 31.9	18.8	Imamura	Nakamura
" 7 th 11 31	0.27184	441.76	28.9	6.0334	29.2	7 0 25.0	16 1 35.0	28.7	"	"
" " 15 33	0.27185	443.20	24.6	6.0565	25.0	7 1 59.4	16 5 19.4	24.1	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean	0.27179									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27179 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 222 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.27181 \end{aligned}$$

138. SETANA.

Goryōkyoku Syuttyōsho (御料局出張所)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	11 th	22 ^h	10.0 ^m	6°	1'	11"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	12 th	4 20.4	"	1	29	Imamura	"
"	"	"	5 42.9	"	"	0 11	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	"	6 33.8	5	59	11	"	"
"	"	"	7 34.0	"	59	5	Imamura	"
"	"	"	9 1.3	"	58	5	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	"	9 16.8	"	58	56	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	"	10 38.4	6	3	27	"	"
"	"	"	11 20.3	"	6	2	Nakamura	"
"	"	"	12 11.9	"	7	3	"	Imamura
"	"	"	13 16.9	"	7	35	"	"
"	"	"	14 31.9	"	7	44	"	Nakamura
"	"	"	15 33.2	"	7	24	"	"
"	"	"	15 41.9	"	7	37	"	"
"	"	"	16 42.4	"	4	54	Imamura	"
"	"	"	17 44.8	"	3	46	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	"	19 2.6	"	4	35	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	"	20 8.1	"	4	32	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	"	20 59.3	"	4	55	"	"
"	"	"	22 5.2	"	4	54	"	Nakamura
"	"	"	23 17.0	"	4	22	Imamura	"
"	13 th	4	35.8	"	2	13	Nakamura	"
Mean				6°	3'	52"		

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} 3' 87$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.55

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 6^{\circ} 54$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	13 th	16 ^h	19 ^m	2	56° 14.9	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	"	11 55	2	" 15.3	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	"	15 1	2	" 13.0	"	Nakamura
"	"	"	18 34	2	" 11.9	Imamura	"
Mean					56° 13.8		

 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 13.8$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.56

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 12.2$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
July 13 th	8 ^h	4 ^m	0.27376	443.03	24.2 C	6.0332	23.3 C	6°58'19.4	15°56'30.6	25.0 C	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	13 48	0.27409	443.40	26.7	6.0315	27.6	6 58 8.1	15 55 15.6	25.9	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	17 26	0.27391	443.55	22.9	6.0312	23.3	6 58 57.5	15 57 55.6	22.5	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	20 38	0.27395	445.29	18.9	6.0187	19.3	7 0 33.1	16 1 49.4	18.5	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean			0.27393									

 $H = 0.27393$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 321

" " sea level = 000

 $H = 0.27396$

139. KUTO.

Police station (警察署構内東隅)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	15 th	17 ^h	55.0 ^m	6'	26'	32''	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	34.4	"	26	20	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	19	22.9	"	26	29	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	18.3	"	26	18	"	"
"	"	22	42.1	"	25	25	Nakamura	Imamura
"	16 th	0	16.3	"	25	31	Imamura	"
"	"	1	32.6	"	24	36	"	"
"	"	5	21.7	"	22	24	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	6	39.0	"	19	56	"	"
"	"	8	31.7	"	18	30	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9	13.6	"	20	31	"	Nakamura
"	"	10	11.2	"	23	35	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	11	6.5	"	25	20	"	"
"	"	11	51.8	"	26	48	"	"
"	"	13	7.1	"	28	14	Imamura	"
"	"	13	59.1	"	28	24	"	Nakamura
"	"	19	20.2	"	25	14	Nakamura	"
"	"	20	28.0	"	25	0	Imamura	"
Mean				6'	24'	34''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 6' \quad 24.57 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad 1.45 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 6' \quad 26.0 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	15 th	18 ^h	15 ^m	2	56° 6.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	23	39	2	" 7.7	Imamura	Imamura
"	16 th	10	39	2	" 2.3	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	38	2	" 4.2	Imamura	Nakamura
"	17 th	9	46	—	" 9.6	Nakamura	"
Mean					56° 6.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 56' \quad 6.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad -1.48 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 56' \quad 4.6 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
July	15 th	22 ^h	4 ^m	0.27300	443.46	24.1C	6.0409	24.2C	7° 0'16.2	16° 1'10.6	24.1C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	16 th	9	46	*0.27275	443.20	25.2	6.0453	25.2	(6 59 42.5	16 0 52.5	24.7)	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	12	4	0.27299	442.97	25.8	6.0457	26.1	6 59 45.6	15 59 40.6	25.4	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	14	39	*0.27338	441.90	29.0	6.0475	29.0	(6 58 18.1	15 57 30.6	27.5)	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean				0.27303									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27303 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad 315 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 600 \\ \hline H &= 0.27306 \end{aligned}$$

140. ESASI.

Syokonsya (招魂社内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	18 th	23 ^h	54.0 ^m	6°	3'	37"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	19 th	4	3.9	"	3	41	"	Nakamura
"	"	4	39.6	"	2	41	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	6	17.3	"	1	41	"	"
"	"	7	21.4	"	0	34	"	"
"	"	8	17.6	"	2	0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9	31.2	"	6	7	"	Imamura
"	"	10	59.0	"	10	36	Imamura	"
"	"	11	50.4	"	12	16	Nakamura	"
"	"	12	48.8	"	13	39	"	Nakamura
"	"	13	44.1	"	13	23	"	"
"	"	14	51.9	"	12	3	"	"
"	"	15	4.5	"	10	17	"	"
"	"	17	23.1	"	8	0	Imamura	"
"	"	18	24.2	"	6	37	"	"
"	"	19	32.3	"	6	14	"	Imamura
"	"	20	41.6	"	4	52	"	"
"	"	21	40.4	"	2	42	"	"
"	"	22	53.0	"	3	38	"	"
"	20 th	1	57.1	"	3	21	"	Nakamura
"	"	6	1.8	"	5	59	Nakamura	"
"	"	7	7.9	"	6	0	"	"
Mean				6°	6'	8"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 613 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.86 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 75 \end{aligned}$$
DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	19 th	10 ^h	37 ^m	2	55° 55.0	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11	27	2	" 57.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	7	2	" 58.4	"	Imamura
"	"	22	23	2	" 56.0	Imamura	"
Mean					55° 55.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 55^\circ \quad 56.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.27 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 55^\circ \quad 55.3 \end{aligned}$$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 19 ^h 9 ^h 5 ^m	0.27293	442.56	25.1C	6.0477	25.0C	6.59.49.4	16° 0'43.1	25.1C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 12 18	0.27245	442.95	24.3	6.0503	24.3	7 0.30.6	15 1.37.5	24.3	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 17 2	0.27270	442.87	26.5	6.0496	27.1	6.59.45.6	15.59.9.4	25.9	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean										

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27261 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 270 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.27272 \end{aligned}$$

141. HUKUYAMA.
Common School (小學校)
 DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	21 st	10 ^h	41.0 ^m	5°	50'	1"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	11	54.9	"	51	18	"	"
"	"	13	23.0	"	52	54	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	13.8	"	52	58	Nakamura	"
"	"	15	21.7	"	51	31	Imamura	"
"	"	16	31.8	"	49	38	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	17	37.1	"	47	8	Imamura	"
"	"	18	56.1	"	45	11	"	"
"	"	20	4.5	"	44	17	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	6.1	"	46	3	Imamura	"
"	"	22	5.2	"	47	13	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	23	5.6	"	47	17	Imamura	Nakamura
"	22 nd	0	23.6	"	47	0	"	Imamura
"	"	1	44.6	"	47	28	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	6	11.1	"	44	20	"	"
"	"	7	20.5	"	45	13	"	"
"	"	8	41.0	"	45	53	"	"
"	"	9	56.2	"	46	46	"	"
Mean				5°	47'	43"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 5^\circ \quad 47' 42'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.23 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.60 \\ \hline \delta = 5^\circ \quad 49'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
July	21 st	8 ^h	27 ^m	2	55°	7.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	48	2	"	5.0	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	17	9	2	"	5.5	Nakamura	"
"	"	20	41	2	"	10.4	Imamura	"
Mean					55°	7.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 55^\circ \quad 7.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.13 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.60 \\ \hline \theta = 55^\circ \quad 5.9 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder			
						φ_1	φ_2						
July 21 st	11 ^h	24 ^m	0.27750	440.12	31.0C	^s 6.0144	31.1C	6°50'16.79	15°38'15.70	30.9C	Nakamura	Imamura	
"	"	16	11	0.27780	440.91	29.7	6.0088	31.2	6°51'33.8	15°41'55.6	28.3	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	45	0.27753	442.33	25.1	5.9993	26.5	6°52'26.3	15°42'56.0	25.7	Nakamura	Imamura
"	22 nd	9	27	0.27774	440.77	30.6	6.0090	30.8	6°50'29.4	15°38'25.0	30.4	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean			0.27764										

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.27764 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 257 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H = 0.27767 \end{aligned}$$

142. SIRIUTI.

West bank of River Siriuti (知内川ノ西岸)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour. (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July	23 rd	21 ^h 3.4 ^m	5	30'	6"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	21 55.9	"	31	9	"	Nakamura
"	24 th	0 37.5	"	30	54	"	"
"	"	1 31.6	"	30	49	"	"
"	"	5 37.8	"	29	17	"	"
"	"	7 7.3	"	26	53	"	"
"	"	7 17.8	"	26	35	"	"
"	"	8 16.2	"	25	43	Imamura	"
"	"	9 24.4	"	27	53	"	Imamura
"	"	10 34.0	"	28	38	"	"
"	"	12 1.5	"	31	35	"	"
"	"	12 50.3	"	33	40	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	13 52.3	"	35	38	"	Nakamura
"	"	14 38.8	"	34	48	"	"
"	"	15 32.3	"	34	41	"	"
"	"	16 49.0	"	32	2	"	Imamura
"	"	17 41.0	"	30	56	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	18 56.7	"	30	22	"	Imamura
"	"	19 58.8	"	30	28	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean			5	30'	28"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^{\circ} 30' 47'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.23 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 5^{\circ} 31' 7'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	23 rd	23 ^h 0 ^m	2	55° 35' 2"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	24 th	12 32	2	" 36.8	Imamura	"
"	"	15 8	2	" 37.1	Nakamura	"
"	"	19 34	2	" 34.8	"	"
Mean				55° 33' 0"		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 55^{\circ} 36' 0'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.06 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 55^{\circ} 34' 9'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 24 ^h 11 ^h 40 ^m	0.27443	442.61	24.9C	6.0307	24.9C	6.57' 13.71	15.54' 2.5	24.8C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 17 17	0.27453	441.24	28.0	6.0401	28.5	6.56' 8.1	15.52' 1.9	27.4	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 20 44	0.27433	442.79	23.3	6.0273	23.4	6.57' 18.8	15.54' 34.4	23.3	"	"
" 25 ^h 7 21	*0.27435	442.20	24.5	6.0215	24.5	(3.56' 21.9	15.51' 55.0	25.8)	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.27457									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27457 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 223 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.27459 \end{aligned}$$

143. TIRIBETU.

Military ground (屯田兵司令部所轄地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
July 29 th 15 ^h 45.9 ^m	6'	9'	48''	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 16 20.7	"	8	57	"	"
" " 17 4.4	"	6	40	"	"
" " 18 18.4	"	6	15	"	"
" " 19 19.1	"	6	10	"	"
" " 20 23.7	"	6	22	"	"
" " 23 45.8	"	6	29	"	"
" 30 th 5 53.2	"	3	10	"	"
" " 6 54.3	"	1	42	"	"
" " 7 57.6	"	1	42	"	"
" " 9 1.3	"	5	2	"	"
" " 10 12.7	"	8	19	"	"
" " 11 1.8	"	11	11	"	"
" " 12 11.2	"	13	33	"	"
" " 13 4.5	"	13	32	"	"
" " 14 10.0	"	12	30	"	"
" " 15 0.5	"	10	52	"	"
" " 15 50.9	"	9	28	"	"
Mean	6°	7'	6''		

	$\delta = 6^\circ$	710
Reduction to	1895.0 =	1.25
" " sea level =		0.00
	$\delta = 6^\circ$	874

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 3 th 7 ^h 3 ^m	2	56° 31.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 11 33	2	" 32.0	"	"
" " 15 28	2	" 32.0	"	"
Mean		56° 31.9		

	$\theta = 56^\circ$	319
Reduction to	1895.0 =	-1.11
" " sea level =		0.00
	$\theta = 56^\circ$	308

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 29 ^h 17 ^h 46 ^m	*0.26798	441.00	28.5C	6.1143	28.3C	(7 6'56.9	16°14'16.2	28.4C)	Nakamura	Imamura
" 30 ^h 9 35	*0.26814	430.80	29.3	6.1141	29.3	(7 6 30.0	16 14 36.9	29.3)	"	"
" " 13 43	0.26812	439.94	31.8	6.1196	31.5	7 4 7.5	16 10 1.2	32.1	"	"
" " 16 32	0.26836	440.01	31.5	6.1188	32.3	7 4 17.5	16 10 33.2	30.8	"	"
" " 13 45	0.23820	420.13	31.3	6.1212	32.8	7 4 40.6	16 11 5.6	29.9	"	"
Mean	0.23315									

	$H =$	0.26816
Reduction to	1895.0 =	179
" " sea level =		00.0
	$H =$	0.26818

144. TOMAKOMAI.

Race ground (戸長役場ノ西競馬場内)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ	Observer	Recorder
July	31 st	17 ^h 27.6 ^m	5 1' 57"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	18 30.1	" 4 28	"	"
"	"	19 22.6	" 4 10	"	"
"	"	21 3.8	" 3 57	"	"
"	"	23 23.1	" 4 57	"	"
"	"	23 58.2	" 5 0	"	"
"	"	1 41.1	" 3 16	"	"
Aug.	1 st	7 9.1	" 4 10	"	"
"	"	8 27.2	" 2 44	"	"
"	"	9 7.8	" 3 24	"	"
"	"	9 57.0	" 4 24	"	"
"	"	11 3.0	" 7 24	"	"
"	"	11 43.6	" 9 25	"	"
"	"	12 31.1	" 10 17	"	"
"	"	13 39.0	" 10 14	"	"
"	"	14 46.9	" 7 58	"	"
"	"	15 46.8	" 6 32	"	"
"	"	16 44.8	" 5 39	"	"
"	"	17 23.8	" 5 40	"	"
Mean			5 4' 58"		

$\delta = 5$ 497
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.19
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 5$ 62

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	9 ^h 27 ^m	-	56' 49.2	"	"
"	"	12 10	2	" 49.3	"	"
"	"	15 7	2	" 48.2	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean				56' 48.5		

$\theta = 56$ 48.5
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.97
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 56$ 47.5

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY. (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of Temp. 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
July 31 st 20 ^h 35 ^m	0.26952	442.71	23.2C	6.0851	23.5C	7 5' 07.6	16 12' 87.8	23.0C	Nakamura	Nakamura		
Aug. 1 st 10 36	0.26889	442.44	23.3	6.0939	23.4	7 5 36.2	16 13 25.0	23.3	"	"		
" " 14 13	0.26930	441.64	24.6	6.0943	24.5	7 4 23.8	16 11 9.4	24.8	"	"		
" " 16 21	0.26931	442.23	23.7	6.0901	23.6	7 4 46.9	16 11 39.4	23.8	"	"		
Mean										0.26926		

$H =$ 0.26926
Reduction to 1895.0 = 109
" " sea level = 000

 $H =$ 0.26927

145. SARUPT.

Common school (小 學 校)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	10 ^h	52.5 ^m	6°	1'	23''	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	11	21.0	"	2	24	"	Nakamura
"	"	12	23.6	"	4	16	"	Imamura
"	"	13	21.1	"	5	51	"	Nakamura
"	"	14	28.9	"	4	45	Imamura	"
"	"	15	27.6	"	4	0	"	"
"	"	16	56.8	"	1	55	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	17	58.1	"	1	9	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	59.8	"	1	17	Nakamura	"
"	"	20	0.6	"	1	45	"	"
"	"	20	58.1	"	1	31	"	"
"	5 th	0	28.4	5	58	54	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	4	52.6	"	57	27	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	5	56.7	"	55	23	"	"
"	"	6	50.8	"	54	2	"	"
"	"	8	2.9	"	53	44	"	"
"	"	9	17.4	"	56	21	"	"
"	"	10	50.2	6	3	28	"	Imamura
"	"	10	58.4	"	2	44	"	"
Mean				6°	0'	0''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 0.00 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.10 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 1.10 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	13 ^h	57 ^m	2	56° 25.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	17	34	2	" 23.9	Imamura	"
"	"	20	35	2	" 27.5	Nakamura	"
"	5 th	8	31	2	" 27.3	"	"
Mean					56° 26.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 56^\circ \quad 26.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.80 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 56^\circ \quad 26.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	4 th	12 ^h 2 ^m	0.27027	440.85	27.4C	6.0892	27.4C	7° 1'57.75	16° 5'11.73	27.4C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	16 17	*0.26974	439.75	30.3	6.1028	30.3	(7 1 25.6	16 4 53.8	27.3)	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	18 28	0.26992	441.95	22.7	6.0853	22.9	7 3 50.0	16 9 47.5	22.5	Nakamura	(Imamura Nakamura)
"	5 th	10 15	0.26950	440.37	28.7	6.0979	27.3	7 1 56.9	16 4 43.8	30.0	Imamura	"
"	"	10 26	0.26980	439.89	28.7	6.0979	27.3	7 1 26.2	16 4 15.6	30.1	"	"
Mean			0.26985									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.26985 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.58 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.26986 \end{aligned}$$

146. OSYATINAI.

West corner of village ground (長知内村中央ノ空地ノ西隅)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 th	18 ^h	31.6 ^m	5°	49'	27"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	19	14.9	"	49	24	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	38.5	"	49	33	"	"
"	7 th	0	5.0	"	49	50	"	"
"	"	5	31.2	"	47	18	"	Imamura
"	"	6	58.2	"	45	0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	7	59.9	"	45	17	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9	11.8	"	47	22	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10	34.8	"	51	12	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11	28.7	"	52	22	"	"
"	"	12	33.5	"	54	45	Nakamura	"
"	"	13	26.7	"	55	42	"	Nakamura
"	"	14	29.2	"	53	41	"	"
"	"	15	28.1	"	52	54	Imamura	Imamura
Mean				5°	49'	50"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^\circ 49' 50'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.08 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 5^\circ 49' 50'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 th	20 ^h	42 ^m	2	56° 33.3	Imamura	Nakamura
"	7 th	10	7	2	" 33.6	"	Imamura
"	"	13	57	2	" 35.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					56° 34.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 56^\circ 34.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.81 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.04 \\ \hline \theta &= 56^\circ 33.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	7 th	8 ^h 45 ^m	0.26938	440.85	29.4C	6.0979	28.8C	7° 2' 32.75	16° 5' 40.70	30.1C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	12 10	0.26916	439.23	33.1	6.1135	33.1	7 1 27.5	16 3 8.1	33.0	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	14 53	0.26933	439.55	31.8	6.1084	31.5	7 1 21.3	16 2 48.1	32.1	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	15 1	0.26931	439.25	32.3	6.1084	31.5	7 0 47.5	16 1 33.1	33.1	"	"
Mean			0.26930									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.26930 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.40 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 1.44 \\ \hline H &= 0.26932 \end{aligned}$$

147. NOHUKA.

Pasture of Sekisinsya (赤心社牧場).

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	12 th	13 ^h	54.5 ^m	6°	11'	1"	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	52.0	"	10	56	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	19.9	"	10	41	Imamura	"
"	"	17	57.5	"	8	53	"	"
"	"	19	8.0	"	7	52	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	19	53.0	"	8	9	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	13.3	"	8	12	Nakamura	"
"	"	22	40.3	"	8	20	"	"
"	15 th	5	6.3	"	5	11	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	6	7.9	"	4	26	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	7	11.5	"	4	37	"	"
"	"	8	20.3	"	6	9	"	"
"	"	9	26.0	"	8	38	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11	.0	"	9	42	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	12	17.7	"	10	9	"	"
"	"	14	9.3	"	10	43	"	Imamura
"	"	11	56.4	"	10	36	Imamura	"
Mean				6°	8'	8"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 8.13 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.92 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 6^\circ \quad 9.1 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	12 th	17 ^h	24 ^m	2	55° 56.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	35	2	" 56.0	Imamura	"
"	13 th	6	52	2	" 57.2	Nakamura	"
"	"	11	54	2	" 57.4	Imamura	"
Mean					55° 56.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 55^\circ \quad 56.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.51 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 55^\circ \quad 56.3 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_d	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	12 th	15 ^h	54 ^m	0.27105	438.61	31.9C	6.0979	32.5C	6°58'22.75	15°56'18.71	31.3C	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	39	0.27115	440.96	26.5	6.0791	26.8	7°0'8.8	15°59'54.4	26.2	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	22	11	0.27096	441.48	24.4	6.0777	24.7	7°1'6.2	16°2'18.8	24.1	Imamura	Nakamura
"	13 th	10	2	0.27080	439.02	31.0	6.0948	30.4	6°58'34.4	15°56'26.3	31.6	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean				0.27099									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27099 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.23 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.27099 \end{aligned}$$

148. URAKAWA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				θ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	14 th	17 ^h	30.3 ^m	6	5'	42"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	22.1	"	3	4	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	19	17.7	"	4	22	"	"
"	"	20	30.9	"	5	40	Nakamura	"
"	"	23	5.1	"	4	19	"	"
"	"	23	48.2	"	4	10	Imamura	Nakamura
"	15 th	5	56.3	"	0	34	Nakamura	"
"	"	7	20.1	5	59	45	"	"
"	"	8	10.5	"	59	19	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9	48.3	6	2	2	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11	5.6	"	6	41	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	11	44.4	"	8	11	"	Nakamura
"	"	12	39.8	"	9	5	Imamura	"
"	"	13	38.6	"	8	58	Nakamura	"
"	"	15	7.2	"	8	30	Imamura	Imamura
Mean				6	4'	28"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 6^{\circ} \quad 447 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.89 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 6^{\circ} \quad 54 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Aug.	14 th	18 ^h	22 ^m	2	55'	53.7	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	19	58	2	"	51.6	Imamura	"
"	15 th	10	43	2	"	48.7	"	Nakamura
"	"	13	39	2	"	51.4	Nakamura	"
Mean					55'	51.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 55^{\circ} \quad 51.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.50 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 55^{\circ} \quad 50.9 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Aug. 15 th	9 ^h 13 ^m	0.27181	440.68	26.2C	6.0718	25.7C	6 58'45.76	15 56'58.71	26.3C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 12 13	0.27171	439.84	27.9	6.081	27.9	6 58 15.0	15 55 46.9	27.9	Imamura	Nakamura
"	" 15 51	0.27211	440.12	27.1	6.0749	27.7	6 58 18.1	15 56 12.5	26.6	"	"
"	" 18 1	0.27205	440.87	24.4	6.0701	24.9	6 59 11.2	15 58 20.0	23.9	Nakamura	"
Mean		0.27192									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27192 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.25 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.27192 \end{aligned}$$

149. SYOYA.

Field behind Syoya (鹿野村後方ノ原野)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	19 th	15 ^h 40.5 ^m	5°	37'	1''	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16 38.2	"	35	38	"	"
"	"	17 21.1	"	35	30	"	"
"	"	18 44.1	"	35	41	"	"
"	"	20 2.8	"	35	56	"	"
"	"	20 50.1	"	35	36	"	"
"	"	21 51.2	"	35	13	"	"
"	"	22 44.2	"	35	10	"	"
"	20 th	5 34.1	"	31	14	"	"
"	"	6 47.4	"	31	30	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	8 14.2	"	30	48	"	"
"	"	9 6.2	"	31	18	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11 28.2	"	39	36	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	12 10.7	"	39	36	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	13 11.9	"	39	25	"	"
Mean			5°	35'	22''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^\circ 35' 22'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.81 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 5^\circ 36' 22'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP' (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	19 th	19 ^h	26 ^m	2	55 37.2	Imamura	Imamura
"	20 th	12	10	2	" 39.3	Nakamura	"
"	"	15	6	2	" 42.1	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean					55° 39.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 55^\circ 39.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.40 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 55^\circ 39.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 20 th 1 ^h 2 ^m	*0.27153	440.20	26.5C	6.0368	25.2C	6 58' 38.8	15 56' 15.6	26.5C	Nakamura	Imamura
" 21 st 12 6	0.27116	438.84	28.5	6.0889	26.7	6 57 53.1	15 55 28.1	30.4	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 15 53	0.27144	439.65	28.5	6.0857	29.0	6 58 48.1	15 57 19.1	28.0	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 16 48	0.27142	439.55	28.6	6.0882	23.8	6 58 57.5	15 57 38.1	27.3	Imamura	Nakamura
									Nakamura	"
Mean	0.27139									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27139 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.51 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.27138 \end{aligned}$$

150. MOYORO.

Interior of Zinsya (神社境内)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	24 th	16 ^h	52.1 ^m	5	20'	25"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	18	12.7	"	17	39	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	26.8	"	17	36	"	Imamura
"	"	19	18.1	"	16	21	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	22	12.5	"	17	29	Imamura	"
"	"	23	10.7	"	17	31	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	23	57.5	"	13	27	Imamura	"
"	25 th	6	7.1	"	15	29	"	"
"	"	7	14.9	"	14	41	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	7	40.9	"	15	22	"	"
"	"	8	59.4	"	16	56	"	"
"	"	12	22.4	"	20	49	Imamura	"
"	"	13	38.0	"	21	22	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	15	18.1	"	20	47	Imamura	"
"	"	16	27.4	"	19	7	"	Nakamura
"	"	17	29.4	"	16	31	Nakamura	"
"	"	18	29.5	"	15	56	"	Imamura
Mean				5	17'	43"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 5^{\circ} 17' 43'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 0.80 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\ \delta = 5^{\circ} 18' 6'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	24 th	19 ^h	52 ^m	2	55° 52.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	25 th	9 42	—	" 53.0	"	"
"	"	14	34	2	" 55.9	Imamura	Imamura
Mean					55° 53.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 55^{\circ} 53.8' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.42 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\ \theta = 55^{\circ} 53.4' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of Temp.		Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
				1-Vib ⁿ .	t_V	φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 24 th 17 ^h 43 ^m	0.27110	443.07	18.4C	6.0643	18.4C	7° 2' 26.73	16° 5' 23.71	18.3C	Nakamura	Imamura
" 25 th 11 5	0.27116	442.55	19.0	6.0677	19.2	7 2 11.2	13 5 15.6	18.8	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 15 59	0.27120	442.52	17.5	6.0335	17.7	7 1 54.4	16 4 25.0	17.3	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 17 8	0.27102	442.66	17.6	6.0676	17.6	7 2 18.8	16 5 21.2	17.6	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.27112									

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.27112 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.49 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\ H = 0.27112 \end{aligned}$$

151. TYURUI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 27 th 20 ^h 4.2 ^m	5° 20' 1"	Imamura	Imamura
" " 20 18.3	" 20 10	"	"
" " 23 48.5	" 21 15	Nakamura	"
" " 28 th 5 10.4	" 19 18	"	Nakamura
" " 5 30.8	" 19 1	"	"
" " 6 52.8	" 17 5	Imamura	Imamura
" " 7 47.2	" 17 7	"	"
" " 8 45.7	" 19 24	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 10 6.5	" 21 26	"	"
" " 11 0.1	" 23 38	Imamura	"
" " 12 13.0	" 24 18	"	Imamura
" " 13 7.0	" 24 38	"	"
" " 13 58.7	" 23 12	Nakamura	"
" " 15 0.3	" 22 18	"	"
" " 15 58.9	" 20 37	Imamura	"
" " 16 50.9	" 20 40	"	"
" " 17 54.4	" 20 29	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean	5° 20' 52"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 5^\circ 20' 52'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.80 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 5^\circ 21' 7'' \end{aligned}$$
DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 27 th 2 ^h 29 ^m	2	56° 10.7	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 2 ^h 40	2	" 16.4	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 13 37	2	" 13.5	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 18 30	2	" 12.0	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean		56° 13.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 56^\circ 13.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.45 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 56^\circ 12.7 \end{aligned}$$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 28 th 9 ^h 49 ^m	0.26935	439.56	28.8°C	6.1056	27.6°C	7° 1' 14.4"	16° 2' 46.2"	30.0°C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 11 52	0.26970	438.62	30.4	6.1121	30.8	6 59 58.8	15 59 18.1	30.0	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 14 44	0.26980	438.93	28.3	6.1093	28.9	7 0 36.2	16 1 20.6	27.7	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 16 27	*0.26954	439.90	25.8	6.037	25.8	(7 2 4.4	16 4 36.3	(30.2)	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean	0.23970									

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.23960 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -54 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H = 0.26959 \end{aligned}$$

152. MEMURO.

Obihiro road, West of River Memuro (茅室河ノ西方帯廣街道)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	30 ^h	15 ^m 18.6 ^m	5	48'	51"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	16 18.7	"	48	24	"	"
"	"	17 13.7	"	47	45	"	Imamura
"	"	19 0.2	"	45	55	"	"
"	"	21 4.1	"	47	34	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	21 48.0	"	47	36	"	Imamura
"	"	23 13.8	"	47	41	"	Nakamura
"	31 st	2 57.7	"	46	2	Nakamura	"
"	"	5 54.1	"	44	51	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	7 4.3	"	43	31	"	"
"	"	8 1.4	"	43	52	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10 16.1	"	47	14	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11 28.8	"	50	50	"	Nakamura
"	"	12 16.5	"	51	57	Nakamura	"
"	"	13 3.3	"	52	8	"	"
"	"	13 33.2	"	51	30	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	14 37.3	"	50	27	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean			5°	47'	15"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 47' 25''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.85
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 48' 1''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	30 th	22 ^h 48 ^m	2	56° 34.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	31 st 6 40	2	" 35.3	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9 41	2	" 35.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	12 45	2	" 32.1	Imamura	"
Mean				56° 34.2		

$\theta = 56^{\circ} 34.2'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.57
 " " sea level = 0.01
 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 33.6'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 30 th	0.26811	441.48	19.7C	6.1100	20.0C	7 6' 0.0	16 14' 9.4	19.5C	Nakamura	Imamura
" 31 st	0.26802	442.70	19.1	6.1027	19.4	7 7 6.9	16 16 25.6	18.8	Imamura	Nakamura
" "	*0.26781	410.50	23.8	6.1193	23.8	(7 10 3.1)	16 22 32.5	24.1	Nakamura	Imamura
" "	*0.26836	410.10	24.8	6.1151	24.8	(7 4 17.5)	16 11 22.5	24.1	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.26808									

$H = 0.26808$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.27
 " " sea level = 1.15
 $H = 0.26809$

153. OTASOI.

Penke Otasoi

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	3 rd	14 ^h 13.2 ^m	6°	8'	31"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14 39.6	"	8	20	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15 53.8	"	6	43	"	"
"	"	16 55.0	"	5	36	"	"
"	"	17 48.5	"	4	41	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19 11.5	"	5	25	"	"
"	"	20 30.4	"	4	36	Imamura	"
"	"	22 0.7	"	4	26	"	Imamura
"	"	23 25.9	"	4	27	"	"
"	4 th	2 37.4	"	3	43	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	5 53.9	"	1	13	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	6 59.7	"	0	15	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	7 45.5	"	0	22	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9 41.1	"	3	15	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10 48.9	"	5	52	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11 36.9	"	7	12	"	"
"	"	12 42.3	"	8	14	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean			6°	4'	30"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 6^\circ & 45.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 0.85 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.03 \\ \delta = 6^\circ & 53 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	3 rd	16 ^h 53 ^m	2	56° 39.3	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	21 16	2	" 42.1	Imamura	Nakamura
"	4 th	6 38	2	" 41.7	"	"
Mean				56° 41.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 56^\circ & 41.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.59 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.04 \\ \theta = 56^\circ & 40.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Sept.	3 rd	18 ^h 43 ^m	0.26772	441.62	19.7C	6.1135	20.0C	7° 6' 35.96	16° 51' 17.95	19.4C	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	22 55	0.26785	442.83	18.1	6.1034	18.4	7° 7' 20.0	16° 16' 35.6	17.8	Nakamura	Imamura
"	4 th	8 26	*0.26741	442.66	17.6	6.1091	17.6	—	—	—	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	11 16	0.26753	441.24	22.5	6.1172	22.3	7° 6' 16.9	16° 14' 33.8	22.6	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	12 25	0.26765	440.54	24.8	6.1211	24.8	7° 5' 20.6	16° 12' 18.8	24.9	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean			0.26763									

$$\begin{aligned} H = & 0.26763 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.13 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 392 \\ H = & 0.26767 \end{aligned}$$

154. SYORUSAM.

West bank of River Tokati (十勝川ノ西岸ナル畑中)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	7 th	19 ^h	0.5 ^m	5°	26'	11"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	20	28.2	"	25	52	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	22	8.1	"	25	13	Nakamura	"
"	8 th	1	34.3	"	24	11	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	3	48.0	"	24	51	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	4	52.0	"	25	1	"	"
"	"	6	1.4	"	24	11	"	"
"	"	6	4.22	"	23	33	"	"
"	"	7	46.6	"	22	49	"	"
"	"	8	52.2	"	23	57	"	"
"	"	9	51.2	"	26	23	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11	18.3	"	30	34	"	"
"	"	12	13.3	"	31	4	Nakamura	"
"	"	13	22.3	"	30	42	"	Nakamura
"	"	14	36.8	"	28	49	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15	47.4	"	25	53	"	"
"	"	16	30.1	"	25	4	"	"
"	"	18	31.5	"	25	36	"	"
Mean				5°	26'	4"		

$\delta = 5^\circ \quad 26.07$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.78
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 5^\circ \quad 26.8$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	8 th	8 ^h	8 ^m	2	56° 27.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10	55	2	" 29.0	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15	7	2	" 27.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					56° 27.9		

$\theta = 56 \quad 27.9$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.50
 " " sea level = 0.01
 $\theta = 56 \quad 27.4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 7 th 21 ^h 40 ^m	0.26751	442.00	19.1C	6.1120	19.3C	7 7' 27.5	16 17' 38.21	18.9C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 8 th 9 29	0.26703	441.53	20.4	6.1213	20.4	7 7 20.0	16 13 45.0	20.3	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 13 3	0.26758	438.64	29.7	6.1363	30.1	7 3 32.5	16 7 56.9	29.3	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 17 14	*0.26737	440.0	23.5	6.1239	23.5	(7 5 6.9	16 12 47.5	21.0)	"	"
Mean	0.26737									

$H = 0.26737$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.39
 " " sea level = 0.72
 $H = 0.26737$

155. ASYORO.

(足寄村)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	11 th	19 ^h	54.4 ^m	5	11'	42"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	0.8	"	11	57	Imamura	"
"	"	23	5.2	"	41	52	"	"
"	12 th	0	7.3	"	11	2	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	2	7.6	"	39	41	"	Nakamura
"	"	5	32.6	"	38	12	"	"
"	"	7	3.2	"	38	44	"	"
"	"	7	55.3	"	39	29	"	"
"	"	10	5.1	"	41	19	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11	10.7	"	44	7	"	"
"	"	12	27.8	"	45	8	"	"
"	"	14	19.1	"	41	7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	15	14.5	"	42	29	"	"
"	"	16	22.8	"	41	51	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	17	17.3	"	41	44	"	Nakamura
"	"	18	19.3	"	41	27	Nakamura	"
Mean				5	41'	16"		

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 41' 27''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.72

" " sea level = -0.02

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 42' 0''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Sept.	12 th	8 ^h	39 ^m	2	56'	42.3	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11	55	2	"	41.8	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	18	52	2	"	42.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	13 th	12	25	2	"	44.2	Imamura	Imamura
Mean					56'	42.7		

 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 42.7'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.46

" " sea level = 0.03

 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 42.3'$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 11 th 22 ^h 4 ^m	0.26634	441.36	21.3 C	6.1308	21.5 C	7 8' 15.0"	16 18' 50.0"	21.2 C	Nakamura	Imamura
" 12 th 13 54	0.26639	441.45	20.7	6.1293	20.8	7 8' 21.9"	16 19' 18.8"	20.6	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 16 49	0.26626	441.82	18.8	6.1280	18.8	7 9' 5.0"	16 21' 11.3"	18.8	Nakamura	Imamura
" 13 th 11 ^h 33	0.26606	441.58	19.9	6.1333	20.4	7 9' 7.5"	16 20' 55.0"	19.4	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.26626									

 $H = 0.26626$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.76

" " sea level = 2.90

 $H = 0.26628$

156. OTU.

Common School (小學校構内)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 18 th 12 ^h 6.6 ^m	5° 1' 57"	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 12 42.9	" 2 4	Imamura	Imamura
" " 13 59.6	" 1 52	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 14 52.6	" 0 56	"	"
" " 16 3.6	4 59 7	Imamura	Imamura
" " 17 5.7	" 58 51	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 17 58.3	" 58 2	Imamura	Imamura
" " 19 25.2	" 58 51	"	Nakamura
" " 21 10.5	" 57 56	"	Imamura
" " 22 19.2	" 58 5	"	Nakamura
" " 23 51.8	" 57 23	Nakamura	Imamura
" 19 th 2 9.6	" 56 24	"	Nakamura
" " 5 52.4	" 57 2	"	"
" " 6 5.8	" 57 9	"	"
" " 6 58.7	" 57 16	"	"
" " 8 4.4	" 56 54	Imamura	Imamura
" " 8 34.7	" 56 23	"	"
" " 9 56.0	" 58 2	"	"
" " 11 16.8	5 1 22	"	"
" " 12 11.3	" 2 35	Nakamura	"
Mean	4 58' 18"		

$\delta = 4$ 5830
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.67
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4$ 5900

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 18 th 14 ^h 53 ^m	2	56° 14.8	Imamura	Imamura
" " 17 31	2	" 17.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 21 55	2	" 19.1	Imamura	Imamura
" 19 th 6 33	—	" 16.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		56° 17.1		

$\theta = 56$ ° 17.1
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.37
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 56$ ° 16.7

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Sept. 18 th 13 ^h 39 ^m	0.27023	441.23	20.2C	6.0877	20.6C	7° 2' 2.5	16° 4' 22.5	19.9C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 18 49	0.27049	442.15	16.7	6.0767	16.5	7 2 33.1	16 5 46.3	16.9	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 23 28	0.27068	441.86	13.9	6.0780	17.2	7 2 17.5	16 5 21.2	16.5	Imamura	Nakamura
" 19 th 9 27	0.27040	440.99	20.6	6.0851	20.0	7 1 20.6	16 2 56.3	21.2	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean	0.27045									

$H = 0.27045$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.52
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.27041$

157. SIRANUKA.

Village Office. (白糠村戸長役場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	21 st 12 ^h 19.0 ^m	5	8'	49''	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 13 14.8	"	9	16	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 14 18.3	"	9	15	Nakamura	"
"	" 15 18.4	"	7	59	Imamura	"
"	" 16 28.5	"	6	47	"	"
"	" 17 30.7	"	3	55	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 17 39.4	"	4	4	"	"
"	" 18 30.2	"	3	23	"	"
"	" 19 28.9	"	1	41	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 21 3.4	"	3	6	"	"
"	" 21 36.1	"	3	51	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	22 nd 2 35.0	"	2	49	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 6 40.2	"	1	18	"	"
"	" 7 2.9	"	1	44	"	"
"	" 8 39.3	"	1	34	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 9 44.6	"	2	23	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 10 43.3	"	4	29	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 11 45.4	"	6	31	Imamura	Imamura
Mean		5	4'	4''		

$\delta = 5^\circ \quad 407$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.61
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 5^\circ \quad 447$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	21 st 14 ^h 56 ^m	2	56° 36.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 18 10	2	" 39.6	Imamura	"
"	" 20 40	2	" 42.6	Nakamura	"
"	22 nd 10 21	2	" 41.9	Imamura	"
Mean			56° 40.3		

$\theta = 56 \quad 403$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.31
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 56^\circ \quad 400$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 21 st 13 ^h 56 ^m	0.26661	439.84	23.5 C	6.1420	25.2 C	7° 6' 53.71	16° 15' 45.76	21.7 C	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 17 10	0.26670	442.48	15.7	6.1185	15.9	7 8 53.2	16 20 28.8	15.6	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 22 14	0.26354	444.04	12.5	6.1089	12.6	7 10 8.8	16 22 20.0	12.4	Nakamura	Imamura
" 22 nd 8 23	0.26702	442.97	13.0	6.1112	16.2	7 8 57.5	16 20 41.9	15.9	Imamura	Nakamura
" " " "	0.26670	441.02	21.3	6.1271	20.7	7 7 8.8	16 16 21.9	21.9	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean	0.26671									

$H = 0.26671$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.95
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.26670$

158. SIBETYA.
Sibetya Secondary Meteorological Observatory
 (標茶二等測候所構内)

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	24 ^h	15 ^h 4.9 ^m	5°	45'	39"	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	14 12.9	"	44	56	"	"
"	"	15 16.0	"	44	7	"	"
"	"	16 26.6	"	42	44	"	"
"	"	17 26.9	"	42	10	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19 8.5	"	41	18	"	"
"	"	21 44.2	"	42	5	"	"
"	"	22 42.5	"	41	55	Imamura	Imamura
"	25 ^h	0 4.4	"	41	15	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	6 17.2	"	41	3	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	6 54.8	"	40	33	"	"
"	"	8 1.3	"	40	33	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9 16.9	"	41	45	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	10 13.9	"	42	37	"	"
"	"	11 0.6	"	43	25	"	"
"	"	12 31.6	"	43	53	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	13 58.9	"	43	7	"	"
"	"	15 35.6	"	42	26	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16 28.1	"	42	3	"	"
Mean			5°	42'	4"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 42' 07''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.55
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 42' 6''$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	24 ^h	16 ^h	26 ^m	2	56° 38.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	49	2	" 42.2	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	25 ^h	7 40	2	" 43.4	"	"
"	"	10	42	2	" 37.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	16	8	2	" 36.3	Imamura	Imamura
Mean					56° 39.1		

$\theta = 56^{\circ} 39.1'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.27
 " " sea level = 0.01
 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 38.8'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Sept. 24 ^h 14 ^h 51 ^m	0.26498	440.17	21.7°C	6.1551	22.0°C	7° 9' 39.74	16° 22' 38.71	21.3°C	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 23 43	0.26485	443.77	11.2	6.1304	11.3	7 13 29.4	16 31 26.2	11.1	Imamura	Nakamura
" 25 ^h 9 50	0.26477	440.91	20.6	6.1512	20.5	7 10 24.4	16 24 5.0	20.7	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 15 0	0.26475	439.51	25.0	6.1630	25.3	7 9 0.0	16 20 31.9	24.7	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.26484									

$H = 0.26484$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.29
 " " sea level = 0.72
 $H = 0.26483$

159. ATUSANUPURI.

Yard of Yasuda Company. (安田硫黄山事務處前庭)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	26 th	18 ^h 16.4 ^m	5	16'	59''	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	19 6.8	"	17	31	"	Imamura
"	"	20 32.5	"	17	39	Nakamura	"
"	"	21 41.6	"	17	32	"	Nakamura
"	27 th	6 7.6	"	15	6	"	Imamura
"	"	7 19.1	"	15	29	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	8 30.5	"	15	16	"	"
"	"	9 42.8	"	15	58	Nakamura	"
"	"	10 55.3	"	16	50	"	"
"	"	12 2.9	"	17	44	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	13 8.5	"	17	42	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14 26.8	"	17	35	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15 51.0	"	17	2	"	"
"	"	16 35.7	"	16	44	"	Nakamura
"	"	17 47.4	"	16	35	Nakamura	"
Mean			5°	16'	35''		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 16' 35''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.59
 " " sea level = -0.06
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 17' 1''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	26 th	2 ^h 5 ^m	2	56° 47.4	Imamura	Nakamura
"	27 th	7 51	2	" 48.8	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	11 41	2	" 46.6	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	17 32	2	" 47.8	Nakamura	"
Mean				56° 47.7		

$\theta = 56^{\circ} 47.7'$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.34
 " " sea level = 0.08
 $\theta = 56^{\circ} 47.4'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Sept. 26 th	21 ^h 31 ^m	0.26576	441.48	19.0C	6.1365	19.3C	7° 9' 30.6	16° 22' 0.0	18.7C	Imamura	Nakamura
"	27 th 6 40	0.26557	442.25	16.9	6.1323	16.8	7 10 16.9	16 23 21.4	17.0	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 6 51	0.26535	442.02	17.1	6.1323	16.8	7 10 1.9	16 23 10.6	17.5	"	"
"	" 10 18	0.26545	439.70	24.1	6.1519	24.0	7 7 59.4	16 18 23.1	24.2	Imamura	Nakamura
"	" 10 27	0.26546	439.73	24.0	6.1517	24.0	7 8 1.9	16 18 26.9	24.0	"	"
"	" 15 23	0.23561	440.93	19.9	6.1437	20.8	7 9 23.8	16 21 38.1	19.0	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 13 59	0.26571	442.19	16.5	6.1319	16.8	7 10 18.8	16 23 48.1	16.2	"	"
Mean		0.26560									

$H = 0.26560$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -105
 " " sea level = 667
 $H = 0.26566$

160. SINRYŪ.

Sinryū School (眞龍學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	30 th	12 ^h 14.8 ^m	5°	36'	51''	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	12 58.6	"	37	42	"	"
"	"	14 0.5	"	37	24	Nakamura	"
"	"	15 28.0	"	35	10	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16 42.6	"	34	9	"	"
"	"	17 23.8	"	33	55	"	"
"	"	18 15.3	"	34	53	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19 25.1	"	34	30	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	20 44.8	"	35	14	"	"
"	"	22 15.9	"	33	57	"	"
Oct.	1 st	4 57.8	"	33	27	"	"
"	"	6 30.2	"	32	26	"	"
"	"	7 46.4	"	31	5	"	"
"	"	8 15.2	"	30	58	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9 18.9	"	31	31	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	10 5.1	"	33	20	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11 54.4	"	37	14	"	"
Mean			5°	34'	6''		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta = 5^\circ & \quad 34/10 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = \quad 0.47 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 0.60 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 5^\circ & \quad 34/6
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	30 th	16 ^h 17 ^m	2	57° 15/8	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	21 41	2	" 20.1	Imamura	Imamura
Oct.	1 st	9 47	2	" 20.2	"	"
Mean				57° 18/7		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta = 57^\circ & \quad 18/7 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = \quad -1.53 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 0.60 \\
 \hline
 \theta = 57^\circ & \quad 17/2
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Sept. 30 th	15 ^h 0 ^m	0.26656	439.29	24.9 C	6.1457	26.4 C	7° 6' 30.06	16° 15' 10.06	23.4 C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 17 54	0.26568	441.34	16.7	6.1375	16.8	7° 9' 24.4	16° 21' 36.9	16.7	Imamura	Nakamura
Oct. 1 st	7 25	0.26592	443.23	11.9	6.1203	11.4	7° 11' 1.3	16° 25' 42.5	12.3	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 11 35	0.26579	441.79	17.0	6.1325	16.8	7° 9' 35.6	16° 22' 0.6	17.2	Imamura	Nakamura
"	" 12 32	0.26602	441.36	17.7	6.1340	17.9	7° 9' 11.3	16° 21' 34.3	17.5	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean		0.26599									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H = & \quad 0.26599 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = \quad -1.45 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 0.00 \\
 \hline
 H = & \quad 0.26598
 \end{aligned}$$

161. NEMURO.

Old Site of Kentyō (根室縣廳跡)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	6 th	14 ^h	58.5 ^m	4°	8'	46''	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	15	31.9	"	7	50	"	Imamura
"	"	16	53.8	"	5	48	Nakamura	"
"	"	18	19.9	"	5	25	"	"
"	"	20	34.1	"	4	56	"	"
"	"	21	54.2	"	5	16	"	Nakamura
"	"	23	4.4	"	5	26	"	"
"	7 th	3	10.9	"	4	22	"	"
"	"	4	49.8	"	2	17	"	"
"	"	6	32.2	"	2	31	"	"
"	"	7	24.5	"	2	58	"	"
"	"	8	18.0	"	1	45	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9	22.0	"	0	7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10	21.0	"	1	45	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11	10.6	"	3	55	"	"
"	"	11	46.1	"	4	48	"	"
"	"	12	51.8	"	7	1	Nakamura	"
"	"	13	46.9	"	8	20	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	56.3	"	7	20	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean				4°	4'	29''		

$\delta = 4^\circ 448$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.42
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ 450$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	6 th	16 ^h	22 ^m	2	57° 31.3	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	19	37	2	" 30.0	"	"
"	"	22	27	—	" 28.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	7 th	7	57	2	" 29.3	"	"
Mean					57° 29.9		

$\theta = 57^\circ 29.9$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.12
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 57^\circ 29.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 6 th 18 ^h 1 ^m	0.25604	443.99	10.2C	6.2325	9.9C	7°28'30.0	17° 6'29.4	10.5C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 21 27	0.25616	443.71	10.9	6.2336	10.9	7 28 19.4	17 6 5.6	11.0	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 7 th 9 2	0.25587	442.11	15.1	6.2468	14.3	7 26 35.0	17 2 1.9	16.0	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 10 53	0.25544	441.19	18.4	6.2611	18.5	7 26 30.0	17 1 31.9	18.3	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 12 8	0.25565	440.15	20.5	6.2663	20.7	7 25 12.5	16 58 46.3	20.4	"	"
" " 14 27	0.25602	439.82	21.8	6.2656	22.6	7 24 22.5	16 56 46.3	21.0	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.25586									

$H = 0.25586$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -158
" " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.25584$

162. SENDAI.

Magnetic observatory. (第二高等學校磁力計室内ノ西北隅)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
June	29 th	9h 23.7 ^m	5°	7'	17''	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	9 55.9	"	8	11	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	11 17.1	"	9	4	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	12 24.0	"	10	50	"	"
"	"	13 38.6	"	11	12	"	"
"	"	14 53.2	"	9	33	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	15 47.4	"	8	26	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	16 46.1	"	7	6	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	17 49.2	"	6	33	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	19 13.7	"	6	17	"	"
"	"	20 11.5	"	7	15	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	21 25.4	"	7	54	Nakamura	Imamura
"	30 th	0 34.6	"	6	10	"	"
"	"	5 23.8	"	3	49	"	Nakamura
"	"	6 28.2	"	1	35	"	"
"	"	7 38.7	"	1	34	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	8 29.8	"	3	39	"	Nakamura
"	"	9 20.2	"	5	42	"	"
"	"	10 20.3	"	7	34	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	11 28.8	"	8	37	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	12 39.4	"	9	42	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	13 38.1	"	10	31	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	15 11.3	"	9	59	Nakamura	"
"	"	16 26.7	"	7	58	"	"
"	"	17 10.8	"	7	2	"	Imamura
"	"	18 31.5	"	5	26	"	"
Mean			5°	6'	40''		

	$\delta = 5^\circ$	6367
Reduction to	1895.0 =	0.74
" " sea level =		0.00
	$\delta = 5^\circ$	714

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	25 th	10h 18.7 ^m	5°	2'	23''	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	11 8.4	"	3	30	"	Nakamura
"	"	12 13.0	"	5	7	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	13 33.9	"	6	6	"	"
"	"	14 54.9	"	5	43	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	15 32.6	"	5	4	"	Imamura
"	"	17 10.0	"	4	47	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	17 53.9	"	4	59	"	Imamura
"	"	20 43.9	"	5	25	"	"
"	"	21 37.4	"	4	47	"	"
"	26 th	2 14.7	"	4	3	Nakamura	"
"	"	5 31.2	"	6	54	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	5 52.4	"	4	11	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	6 48.4	"	4	10	"	Nakamura
"	"	7 11.1	"	3	35	"	"
"	"	7 55.2	"	2	12	"	"
To be Continued							

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	26 th	8h	4.3 ^m	5	2'	17''	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	8	54.8	"	3	19	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	10	8.4	"	3	59	"	"
"	"	11	28.6	"	7	12	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	12	23.0	"	7	45	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	14	7.1	"	8	6	"	"
"	"	15	18.1	"	7	28	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	16	9.3	"	6	4	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	17	16.0	"	6	32	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	21.9	"	5	57	"	"
"	"	19	28.6	"	5	35	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	20	34.0	"	4	57	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	37.5	"	5	14	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	23	2.8	"	4	55	"	"
"	27 th	0	12.0	"	4	59	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	5	18.8	"	5	0	"	"
"	"	6	25.0	"	3	55	"	"
"	"	7	26.0	"	3	5	"	"
"	"	8	52.6	"	2	26	Imamura	{ Imamura Nakamura
"	"	9	45.6	"	2	29	"	Imamura
"	"	10	43.1	"	4	9	"	"
"	"	11	18.6	"	5	33	"	"
"	"	12	24.2	"	6	30	"	"
"	"	13	31.4	"	6	7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	17.4	"	5	33	"	"
"	"	15	8.0	"	5	7	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16	0.9	"	5	8	"	"
"	"	17	7.2	"	5	4	"	"
"	"	18	15.0	"	4	48	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19	33.8	"	5	5	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	20	46.8	"	4	38	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	22	51.8	"	4	5	Imamura	Imamura
"	28 th	6	9.7	"	5	59	"	"
Mean				5	5'	1''		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 5 \quad 5307 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 0.2 \\
 \text{--- " " sea level = 0.00} \\
 \delta = 5 \quad 53
 \end{array}$$

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
June.	26 th	8h	41.3 ^m	5	2'	21''	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	10	37.9	"	5	54	" Katō	Sinzyō
"	"	11	51.3	"	8	35	Sinzyō	Katō
"	"	13	40.7	"	11	5	Tanakadate	"
"	"	15	21.7	"	8	53	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	16	17.3	"	8	45	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	17	56.8	"	6	14	Katō	Sinzyō
"	"	19	13.1	"	6	20	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	21	52.6	"	7	20	"	Tanakadate
"	27 th	1	9.0	"	6	50	"	"
"	"	4	19.2	"	5	54	"	"
"	"	6	5.0	"	3	45	"	"
"	"	7	30.1	"	2	24	"	Katō
"	"	8	30.3	"	2	50	Sinzyō	"
To be continued								

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ		Observer	Recorder
June, 27 th	8 ^h 49.8 ^m	5°	2' 39"	Katō	Sinzyō
" "	10 32.7	"	5 20	"	" Katō
" "	12 40.9	"	8 46	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" "	13 46.0	"	10 2	"	Katō
" "	14 57.4	"	10 3	Katō	"
" "	15 57.3	"	9 7	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" "	16 59.4	"	8 37	Katō	Katō
" "	19 13.4	"	7 15	Tanakadate	"
" "	20 34.1	"	7 24	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" "	22 18.4	"	7 8	"	Sinzyō
" 28 th	2 20.1	"	5 55	"	"
" "	2 57.1	"	5 5	"	"
" "	5 10.0	"	3 14	"	"
" "	6 11.7	"	2 42	"	"
" "	7 17.8	"	0 53	"	Tanakadate
" "	8 14.4	"	1 36	Katō	"
" "	10 29.3	"	5 20	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" "	13 8.4	"	10 39	Sinzyō	Katō
" "	14 51.1	"	10 37	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" "	18 25.1	"	6 33	Sinzyō	Katō
Mean		5	6' 40"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} \quad 637$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.70
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} \quad 630$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder.
June, 29 th	13 ^h 15 ^m	2	51	52.1	Nakamura	Imamura
" "	17 17	1	52	0.6	Imamura	Nakamura
" "	23 45	1	51	57.3	Nakamura	Imamura
" 30 th	12 15	2	"	54.9	Imamura	Nakamura
" "	16 10	2	"	57.1	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean			51	56.4		

$\theta = 51^{\circ} \quad 56.4$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.0
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 51^{\circ} \quad 56.4$

Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Oct. 25 th	12 ^h 57 ^m	2	51°	51.8	Nakamura	Imamura
" "	19 22	—	"	52.0	"	Nakamura
" 26 th	11 7	—	"	59.1	Imamura	"
" "	22 30	2	"	52 2.7	"	Imamura
" 27 th	5 57	2	51	52.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
" "	10 21	—	"	59.5	Imamura	Imamura
" "	13 57	—	"	53.3	Nakamura	Nakamura
" "	15 39	2	"	59.3	Imamura	Imamura
" "	18 41	2	"	53.9	Nakamura	{ Imamura
" "	20 0	1	"	58.8	Imamura	Imamura
" 28 th	6 58	1	52	4.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean			51	57.0		

$\theta = 51^{\circ} \quad 57.0$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.00
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 51^{\circ} \quad 57.0$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 1, 26 th 9 ^h 45 ^m	5614.2	51° 57.9	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 14 56	5613.2	52 1.5	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 27 th 9 55	5614.2	51 50.1	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 16 37	5613.2	52 7.0	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 17 42	5614.2	" 3.0	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 19 57	5613.2	" 8.4	Katō	Tanakadate
" 28 th 9 40	5614.2	51 49.5	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 17 10	5613.2	" 54.7	Sinzyō	"
" " 17 53	5613.2	" 55.6	Tanakadate	"
Mean		51° 58.6		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 51^\circ 58.6 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.00 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 51^\circ 58.6 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 9 th 8 ^h 22 ^m	13	51° 58.3	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 9 17	13	" 57.1	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 10 25	14	" 55.9	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 11 47	14	" 57.1	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean		51° 57.1		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 51^\circ 57.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.00 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 51^\circ 57.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 29 th 10 ^h 54 ^m	0.28678	442.26	31.1C	5.9036	31.7C	6.38'52.0	15.11'12.5	30.5C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 15 59	0.28692	441.89	29.8	5.9054	30.8	6.39 0.0	15.12 19.4	28.8	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 30 th 9 54	0.28643	442.19	30.3	5.9073	30.8	6.39 15.0	15.12 3.8	29.8	"	"
" " 18 14	0.28639	442.70	28.3	5.9032	28.3	6.39 34.4	15.12 41.9	28.3	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.28663									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.28663 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 120 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 40 \\ \hline & H = 0.28665 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 25 th 14 ^h 30 ^m	0.28634	439.37	21.8C	5.9256	22.5C	6.36'36.2	15° 5'24.4	21.2C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 26 th 8 37	0.28618	442.80	12.2	5.9029	12.0	6.36 46.3	15.12 20.0	12.4	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 16 55	0.28593	442.31	14.3	5.9087	14.3	6.39 41.9	15.12 19.4	14.4	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 21 17	0.28603	441.52	15.5	5.9145	16.0	6.39 6.6	15.11 5.6	15.1	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean	0.28612									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.28612 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.13 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.10 \\ \hline & H = 0.28613 \end{aligned}$$

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _b	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 26 th 13 ^h 34 ^m	0.28604	435.84	20.4C	5.9023	20.5C	6°34'57.0	14 56'17.5	20.3C	Tanakadate	Katō
„ „ 13 55	0.28587	436.33	18.2	5.9008	18.4	6 35 52.5	14 58 42.5	18.0	Sinzyō Katō	Sinzyō Tanakadate
„ 27 th 8 10	0.28587	437.01	17.6	5.8959	17.6	6 36 15.0	14 59 13.8	17.5	Tanakadate Katō	Sinzyō Katō
„ „ 12 7	0.28554	436.09	19.3	5.9043	19.2	6 35 32.5	14 57 23.3	19.4	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
„ „ 13 23	0.28600	436.20	20.0	5.8997	19.8	6 35 7.5	14 56 31.3	20.2	Tanakadate Katō	Sinzyō
„ „ 21 44	0.28639	436.72	19.7	5.8932	19.9	6 35 11.3	14 56 40.0	19.5	Sinzyō	Katō
„ 28 th 8 1	0.28617	436.45	20.4	5.8968	20.4	6 35 6.3	14 56 22.5	20.4	Tanakadate Katō	Tanakadate
„ „ 14 23	0.28602	432.99	29.3	5.9220	29.2	6 32 13.8	14 50 12.5	29.4	Sinzyō	Sinzyō Katō
Mean	0.26800									

H=0.28600

Reduction to 1895.0 = -114

„ „ sea level = 40

H=0.28599

Observations of the North Party, 1894

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _b	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 9 th 7 ^h 38 ^m	*0.28593	430.95	26.7C	5.9371	26.7C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
„ „ 15 21	0.28604	430.41	28.2	6.9403	28.4	6°29'46.3	14°44'12.5	28.1C	Sinzyō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sinzyō
Mean	0.23599									

H=0.28599

Reduction to 1895.0 = -161

„ „ sea level = 40

H=0.28598

Sendai Syuttō. (仙臺出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

(瑞鳳寺鐘屋下)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 9 th 17 ^h 1 ^m	13	51° 56.7	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _b	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 9 th 16 ^h 26 ^m	*0.28559	430.90	26.9C	5.9411	26.9C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

(2)

(第二高等學校運動場内北方)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 9 th 18 ^h 30 ^m	13	51° 47.5	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _b	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 9 th 17 ^h 51 ^m	*0.28495	431.50	25.3C	5.9435	25.3C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 10 th 18 ^h 47 ^m	—	51° 57'	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 10 th —	*0.28464	433.10	21.2°C	5.9354	21.2°C	—	—	—	Tatibara	Sinzyō

(4)

(宮城野練兵場内. 八幡森)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 10 th 10 ^h 21 ^m	3	51° 52'S	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 10 th —	*0.28594	430.90	25.9°C	5.9375	26.9°C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

(5)

Siogama 鹽釜 (山ノ寺圍)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 11 th 10 ^h 37 ^m	13	51° 56'S	Sinzyō	Tatibara

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 11 th —	*0.28531	431.35	25.9°C	5.9409	25.9°C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

163. KOGOTA.

Aza Hunairi (小午田村字船人)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
June	29 th	12 ^h 23.8 ^m	5°	17'	47"	Katō	Sinzyō
"	"	12 54.6	"	18	17	Tanakadate	"
"	"	14 40.0	"	19	10	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	15 49.8	"	18	40	Katō.	Sinzyō
"	"	17 32.9	"	16	39	Tanakadate	"
"	"	19 6.7	"	15	41	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	20 11.6	"	15	36	"	Katō
"	"	21 17.9	"	15	41	"	"
"	"	23 21.9	"	15	4	"	"
"	30 th	3 18.3	"	13	9	"	"
"	"	6 41.3	"	13	24	"	Tanakadate
"	"	7 56.3	"	11	48	Sinzyō	"
"	"	9 7.0	"	10	53	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	10 29.9	"	15	40	Katō	"
"	"	11 32.7	"	18	13	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	12 57.6	"	16	56	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	14 31.8	"	19	24	Sinzyō	"
"	"	15 45.3	"	18	8	Katō	"
"	"	17 6.9	"	17	19	"	"
"	"	18 13.0	"	18	9	"	"
"	"	18 53.7	"	17	50	"	"
"	"	19 57.8	"	15	57	"	"
"	"	20 51.7	"	15	25	"	"
"	"	21 5.36	"	15	18	"	"
"	"	23 31.0	"	14	57	"	"
Mean			5°	15'	13"		

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 15.22'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.74

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 14.5'$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 29 th 15 ^h 31 ^m	13	52° 55'	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 16 59	13.2	" 12.8	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 30 th 7 26	14.2	" 9.6	"	Tanakadate
" " 10 7	4	" 8	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 11 10	14	" 9.8	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 13 58	3	" 8.2	"	Sinzyō
Mean		52° 9.1'		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 52 \quad 9.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.05 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 52 \quad 9.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 29 th 14 ^h 8 ^m	0.28850	434.63	25.0C	5.8889	26.4C	6°30'53.78"	14°47' 1/3	23.6C	Sinzyō Katō	Katō Sinzyō
" " 18 36	0.28849	436.62	18.9	5.8725	19.2	6 32 37.5	14 51 16.3	18.5	Tanakadate Sinzyō	" Tanakadate
" " 30 th 8 43	0.28782	437.13	17.2	5.8749	17.3	6 33 25.0	14 52 18.8	17.2	" Tanakadate	" Sinzyō
Mean	0.28827									

$$\begin{aligned} & = H \quad 0.28827 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -111 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= () \\ \hline & H = 0.28826 \end{aligned}$$

Kogota Syuttyō (小午田出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

(北浦村字影堂小學校)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 30 th 17 ^h 28 ^m	13	52° 19.5'	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 18 16	11	" 14.4	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		52° 17.0'		

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 30 th 16 ^h 42 ^m	*0.28757	437.06	18.2C	5.8780	18.2C	—	—	—	"	"
" " 16 51	*0.28741	437.16	17.9	5.8787	17.9	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
Mean	0.28751									

(2)

(小午田村字牛飼)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June 30 th 21 ^h 3 ^m	14	52° 23.2'	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 22 17	3	" 26.4	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean		52° 24.8'		

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 30 th 20 ^h 28 ^m	*0.28643	438.13	15.0C	^s 5.8825	15.0C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 20 41	*0.28623	438.29	14.5	5.8833	14.5	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
Mean	0.28633									

(3) 北浦村 (梅ノ木村へノ街道附近)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 13 th — —	—	52° 12.7	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 13 th — —	*0.28714	431.20	26.2C	^s 5.9229	26.2C	—	—	—	Tatibara	Sinzyō

(4) (不動村道傍)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 13 th — —	—	52° 8.0	Tatibara	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 13 th — —	*0.28747	432.60	22.6C	^s 5.9097	22.6C	—	—	—	Tatibara	Sinzyō

164. GAMON.

Wakayanagimachi (若柳町字我門)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 2 nd 12 ^h 2.7 ^m	5° 17' 41"	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 13 13.6	" 18 56	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 14 17.5	" 18 54	"	Tanakadate
" " 15 34.5	" 17 53	Katō	"
" " 17 22.3	" 14 21	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 18 25.4	" 13 39	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 19 56.3	" 14 28	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 20 45.9	" 14 34	"	"
" " 23 0.5	" 13 45	Katō	Katō
" " 3 rd 0 20.5	" 14 4	"	"
" " 3 37.7	" 12 50	"	"
" " 7 35.5	" 9 31	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 8 42.9	" 10 29	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 9 57.6	" 13 8	"	"
" " 11 37.4	" 15 43	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 13 34.6	" 18 11	Katō	"
" " 14 59.4	" 17 31	Tanakadate	Katō
Mean	5° 14' 7"		

 $\delta = 5^\circ 14.12$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.78

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 5^\circ 13.3$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	2 nd	15 ^h	0 ^m	13	52° 41.9	Katō	Tanakadate
		17	59	13	43.8	Tanakadate	Katō
	3 rd	9	29	3	41.2	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
		13	7	4	40.9	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
	14	32	14	41.3	Sinzyō	Katō	Tanakadate
	15	43	14	40.8	Katō	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean					52° 42.7		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 52^\circ 42.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.10 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 52^\circ 42.8 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 2 nd 13 ^h 57 ^m	0.28193	435.41	20.9°C	5.9487	21.1°C	6°40'33.8"	15° 9'30.0"	20.7°C	Tanakadate Katō	Katō Tanakadate
„ „ 19 11	0.28172	436.20	19.5	5.9451	19.7	6 41 16.8	15 10 43.8	19.4	Tanakadate	Katō
„ 3 rd 8 11	0.28174	435.76	19.5	5.9476	19.5	6 40 53.8	15 10 1.3	19.6	Sinzyō	Sinzyō Tanakadate
Mean	0.28180									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28180 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -124 \\ \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 13 \\ H &= 0.28179 \end{aligned}$$

Gamon Syuttyō (我門出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

(石越村字熊野堂)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	8 th	8 ^h	32 ^m	13	52° 30.5	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 8 th 7 ^h 47 ^m	*0.28188	431.21	26.3°C	5.9779	26.3°C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

(2)

(熊野堂ト八幡山ノ間ニアル畑中. カヤノ木ノアリシ處)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	8 th	10 ^h	47 ^m	13	52° 43.1	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 8 th 9 ^h 45 ^m	*0.28117	430.24	28.8°C	5.9924	28.8°C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
„ „ 9 55	*0.28123	430.24	28.8	5.9945	28.8	—	—	—	„	„
Mean	0.28120									

(3)

Mt. Yahata (八幡山)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	8 th	11 ^h	12 ^m	13	52° 35.2	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 8 th 13 ^h 29	*0.28155	430.78	27.4C	^s 5.9848	27.4C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

(4)

(志波姫村字白幡龍昌寺境内小字堰淵園)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 8 th 15 ^h 58 ^m	13	52 41.9	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 8 th 15 ^h 16 ^m	*0.28154	430.08	29.2C	^s 5.9896	29.2C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

165. MIDZUSAWA.

Hidakazinsya (日高神社境内)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ			Observer	Recorder
July 4 th 13 ^h 25.9 ^m	5	13'	37"	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 15 2.8	"	15	6	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 16 13.2	"	12	45	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 18 2.3	"	11	48	"	"
" " 19 5.1	"	10	46	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 20 58.0	"	12	31	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 22 38.2	"	12	49	"	"
" " 5 th 0 59.9	"	12	1 1/2	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 5 10.2	"	10	52	"	"
" " 5 51.5	"	9	53	"	"
" " 6 43.8	"	8	22	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 8 10.9	"	9	4	Katō	"
" " 9 13.2	"	10	23	Tanakadate	"
" " 10 24.4	"	12	43	Katō	"
" " 11 25.3	"	16	4	"	"
" " 13 5.3	"	17	36	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 14 50.6	"	18	25	"	"
Mean	5	13'	6"		

δ = 5 13.10

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.84

" " sea level = 0.00

δ = 5 12.3

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 4 th 17 ^h 40 ^m	13	52° 42.1	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 18 38	13	" 43.2	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 5 th 8 44	13	" 41.4	Tanakadate	"
Mean		52° 42.2		

θ = 52° 42.2

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.20

" " sea level = 0.00

θ = 52° 42.4

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (II)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	II	M	Mean Temp	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 4 th 14 ^h 32 ^m	0.28417	434.10	26.1C	5.9351	26.6C	6°36' 37.8	14°59' 07.0	25.6C	Katō Sinzyō	Sinzyō Katō
" " 20 21	0.28364	435.32	22.0	5.9298	21.7	6°37' 21.3	15°1' 23.3	22.4			Katō Tanakadate	Sinzyō Tanakadate
" " 5 th 7 44	0.28387	436.04	20.6	5.9237	20.7	6°38' 3.8	15°3' 21.9	20.6	Katō Sinzyō	Sinzyō Katō
" " 14 11	0.28407	433.33	28.6	5.9412	29.0	6°35' 14.4	14°56' 52.5	28.3		
Mean	0.28394									

$$\begin{aligned}
 II &= 0.28544 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -129 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 27 \\
 II &= 0.28333
 \end{aligned}$$

Midzusawa Syuttyō (水澤出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Ruin of old castle (舊城跡)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 5 th 18 ^h 5 ^m	13	52° 40.3	Sinzyō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	II	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 5 th 17 ^h 14 ^m	*0.28369	433.97	26.6C	5.9397	26.6C	—	—	—	Katō Sinzyō	Sinzyō Katō
" " 17 24	*0.28360	433.86	27.0	5.9415	27.0	—	—	—		
Mean	0.28365									

166. HANAMAKI.

(後河原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 5 th 22 ^h 50.0 ^m	5° 29' 8"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 6 th 0 24.9	" 28 25	"	"
" " 2 56.9	" 28 34	"	"
" " 4 40.6	" 27 23	"	"
" " 7 46.6	" 24 24	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 9 14.8	" 25 14	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 10 12.9	" 27 51	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 11 17.8	" 32 0	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 12 35.7	" 35 14	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 13 44.8	" 33 42	"	"
" " 14 39.0	" 35 33	Tanakadate	"
" " 16 33.7	" 33 30	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 17 49.7	" 31 52	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 18 50.3	" 31 15	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 20 29.9	" 30 31	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 21 30.1	" 30 30	"	"
Mean	5° 30' 17"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 30.28' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.92 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 29.1'
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 6 th 11 ^h 23 ^m	14	52° 59.0	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 11 56	14	" 57.8	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 16 36	13	" 57.4	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 18 28	13	53 3.2	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 19 33	13	" 2.1	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean		52° 59.9		

$\theta = 52^\circ 59.9$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.36
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 53^\circ 02.3$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 6 th 8 ^h 52 ^m	0.28226	435.30	24.5 C	5.9443	24.0 C	6°39'18".1	15° 6' 8".1	25.0 C	Sinzyō Katō	Katō Sinzyō
" " 13 20	0.28191	433.42	28.0	5.9698	27.5	6 37 55.6	15 2 57.5	28.6	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 21 4	0.28167	435.67	20.5	5.9488	20.4	6 40 50.0	15 9 51.3	20.6	Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sinzyō
Mean	0.28195									

$H = 0.28195$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -137
" " sea level = 82
 $H = 0.28194$

Hanamaki Syuttyō (花巻出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1) Park Toriyagasaki ruin of Hanamaki castle (花巻城跡鳥谷ヶ崎公園)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 7 th 8 ^h 36 ^m	13	53° 2.4	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
			"	"

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 7 th 9 ^h 22 ^m	*0.28133	434.11	26.4 C	5.9630	26.4 C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 9 38	*0.28132	434.06	26.6	5.9641	26.6	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean	0.28136									

167. MORIOKA.

Inarimae (下厨川村字稻荷前)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 7 th 15 ^h 22.5 ^m	5° 37' 13"	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 16 55.3	" 34 6	Sinzyō	"
" " 18 42.5	" 32 33	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 18 51.4	" 32 23	"	"
" " 19 49.5	" 33 14	"	"
" " 20 54.5	" 33 21	Katō	Katō
" " 22 4.5	" 33 40	"	"
" 8 th 1 39.6	" 33 33	"	"
To be Continued			

(2) North shore of Riv. Kuriya (厨川北岸)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer.	Recorder
Sept. 7 th 13 ^h 20 ^m	13	53° 7/8	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 7 th 12 ^h 29 ^m	*0.28316	429.07	31.8C	^s 5.9796	31.8C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 12 40	*0.28283	428.87	32.5	5.9814	32.5	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.28302									

(3) Ruin of old castle, Morioka (盛岡舊城跡本丸内中ノ口西)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Times.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 7 th 16 ^h 41 ^m	13	53° 7/1	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 7 th 15 ^h 49 ^m	*0.28213	429.67	30.2C	^s 5.9855	30.2C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 15 58	*0.28192	429.65	30.3	5.9885	30.3	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.28205									

168. NAKAYAMA.

Goryōti (西田子御料地字中山大塚野地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 9 th 12 ^h 36.6 ^m	5° 54' 57"	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 14 2.7	" 55 43	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 15 24.7	" 54 25	Tanakadate	"
" " 16 20.1	" 52 20	" "	"
" " 17 37.1	" 50 33	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 18 42.2	" 50 2	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 19 49.1	" 50 9	"	"
" " 22 30.0	" 49 58	"	Sinzyō
" " 10 th 0 1.2	" 49 57	"	"
" " 5 51.9	" 46 35	"	"
" " 7 3.0	" 43 58	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 7 57.1	" 43 18	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 9 26.9	" 44 34	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 10 35.9	" 47 52	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 11 35.2	" 51 31	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 12 24.9	" 53 2	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 12 35.2	" 53 13	Sinzyō	Katō
Mean	5° 49' 36"		

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 49' 30''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.3

" " sea level = -0.04

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 43' 55''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	9 th	15 ^h	2 ^m	13	53° 29.9	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	20	22	14	" 34.8	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	10 th	8 45	14	" 31.8	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	11	17	14	" 30.0	Sinzyō	"
"	"	13	26	14	" 36.2	Katō	Sinzyō
Mean					53° 32.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 53 \quad 32.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.52 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.02 \\ \theta &= 53 \quad 33.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 9 th 13 ^h 40 ^m	0.28079	434.68	23.4C	^s 5.9667	23.9C	6°41'13.8	15°10'36.73	22.9C	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 19 25	0.28072	436.50	16.1	5.9544	16.6	6 43 11.3	15 15 10.0	15.6	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 10 th 7 33	0.28078	435.75	18.3	5.9577	18.3	6 42 17.5	15 13 15.0	18.3	Katō	"
Mean	0.28076									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28076 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -127 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 589 \\ H &= 0.28081 \end{aligned}$$

Nakayama Syuttyō (中山出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(西田子御料地字カリジヤ)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	9 th	16 ^h	31 ^m	14	53° 52.3	Sinzyō	Katō
"	"	17	2	14	" 50.3		
Mean					53° 51.3		

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 9 th 15 ^h 33 ^m	0.28029	434.46	23.4C	^s 5.9721	23.4C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 15 48	0.28006	434.47	23.4	5.9745	23.4	—	—	—		
Mean	0.28018									

169. HATINOHE.

Siragizinsya (八戸長者山新羅神社)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	12 th	8 ^h	0 ^m	14	54° 9.9	Sinzyō	Kato

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 54^{\circ} 9.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.72 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 54^{\circ} 10.6 \end{aligned}$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 11 th 19 ^h 30 ^m	0.27774	433.30	17.6C	^s 5.9875	17.9C	6°47'12.75	15°24'22.75	17.3C	{ Katō Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Katō

$$H = 0.27774$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.23$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 5.3$$

$$H = 0.27773$$

Hatinohe Syuttyō (八戸出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

(標 塚)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 6 th 18 ^h 5 ^m	13	54° 84	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 6 th 17 ^h 2 ^m	*0.27806	429.86	29.8C	^s 6.0287	29.8C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 17 16	*0.27814	429.96	29.4	^s 6.0271	29.4	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.27810									

(2)

(郡役所前)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 6 th 20 ^h 22 ^m	13	54° 10.7	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 6 th 19 ^h 32 ^m	*0.27681	432.14	23.9C	^s 6.0235	23.9C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

170. KOMINATOTAIRA.

Field in Samemura (鮫村原野)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 12 th 14 ^h 30.8 ^m	4° 59' 57"	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 15 26.5	" 59 4	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 16 40.3	" 57 43	"	"
" " 17 38.0	" 55 54	"	"
" " 18 29.3	" 55 0	"	"
" " 19 39.5	" 54 24	Tanakadate	"
" " 21 29.6	" 54 32	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 23 27.2	" 54 0	"	"
" " 13 th 1 7.1	" 54 37	"	"
" " 2 23.8	" 53 4	"	"
" " 5 34.9	" 50 22	"	"
" " 6 28.4	" 49 25	"	"
" " 7 36.1	" 51 45	Tanakadate	"
" " 8 38.8	" 52 7	"	Katō
" " 10 35.4	" 55 18	"	"
" " 11 25.7	" 57 49	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 12 32.4	" 59 27	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 14 8.9	" 5 0 35	"	"
" " 15 0.2	" 4 59 45	Tanakadate	"
" " 20 24.4	" 54 12	"	"
Mean	4° 54' 52"		

$$\delta = 4^\circ 54' 52''$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.15$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 4^\circ 53' 7''$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 12 th 16 ^h 3 ^m	14	51° 14.1	Tanakadate	Katō
„ „ 20 35	4	„ 17.0	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
„ 13 th 9 39	13	„ 24.2	Katō	Tanakadate
Mean		51° 18.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 51^{\circ} 18.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.63 \\ \text{„ „ sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 51^{\circ} 19.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
July 12 th 15 ^h 3 ^m	0.27725	434.92	21.3C	6.0039	22.2C	6 47' 1.73	15 21' 22.75	20.5C	Tanakadate Katō	Katō Tanakadate
„ „ 19 10	0.27725	436.54	16.7	5.9901	16.8	6 48 17.5	15 27 12.5	16.6	Tanakadate	Katō
„ 1 st 8 17	0.27687	436.31	16.9	5.9952	16.7	6 48 40.0	15 27 47.5	17.1	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
„ „ 13 21	0.27590	434.99	20.3	6.0175	21.0	6 48 35.0	15 27 17.5	19.7	Tanakadate	Katō
„ „ 21 8	0.27649	433.68	17.2	5.9983	17.4	6 49 2.5	15 23 5.0	16.9	Sinzyō Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean	0.27675									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27675 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -119 \\ \text{„ „ sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.27674 \end{aligned}$$

Kominatotaira Syuttō (小舟渡平出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

	Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							ζ_1	ζ_2			
(1)	July 13 th 16 ^h 6 ^m	*0.27308	435.96	18.6C	6.0407	18.6C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
(2)	„ „ 16 31	*0.27270	436.14	17.6	6.0429	17.6	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
(3)	„ „ 16 54	*0.27570	436.14	17.6	6.0099	17.6	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
(4)	„ „ 17 15	*0.27348	433.23	17.3	6.0336	17.3	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

171. ŌNO.

Simokawara (下河原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 14 th 17 ^h 40.8 ^m	4° 21' 43"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
„ „ 18 35.7	„ 20 45	„	„
„ „ 19 39.0	„ 20 15	„	„
„ „ 21 59.8	„ 21 44	Katō	Katō
„ „ 23 50.1	„ 21 43	„	„
„ 15 th 3 27.4	„ 20 54	„	„
„ „ 7 22.7	„ 16 25	„	„
„ „ 8 33.1	„ 16 5	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
	To be continued		

Tyōkyūzīmura (久慈町長久寺村新井田)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	16 th	12 ^h	57.3 ^m	5°	5'	46"	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	14	13.9	"	6	24	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	16	13.5	"	6	17	Sinzyō	Katō
"	"	17	2.3	"	5	40	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	18	0	"	4	33	Katō	"
"	"	19	35.6	"	3	20	Sinzyō	Katō
"	"	21	8.4	"	2	48	"	Sinzyō
"	"	23	17.0	"	4	1	"	"
"	17 th	0	32.0	"	3	55	"	"
"	"	2	22.5	"	3	39	"	"
"	"	5	19.8	"	1	35	"	"
"	"	7	30.2	"	0	21	"	Tanakadate
"	"	8	54.1	"	1	11	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	10	13.1	"	2	0	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	11	27.2	"	3	48	"	Katō
"	"	12	27.3	"	5	45	"	"
"	"	13	29.4	"	6	14	"	"
"	"	14	29.6	"	6	25	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	15	19.3	"	9	24	"	"
Mean				5°	3'	31"		

δ = 5° 3' 31"
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.02
 " " sea level = 0.00
 δ = 5° 2'

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	16 th	15 ^h	33 ^m	14	54° 04'	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	19	8	14	" 1.9	Sinzyō	"
Mean					54° 12'		

θ = 54° 12'
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.38
 " " sea level = 0.00
 θ = 54° 13'

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _b	Observer	Recorder		
						ζ ₁	ζ ₂					
July 13 th	13 ^h	50 ^m	0.28058	435.51	207.0	5.9629	21.20	6° 42' 22.75"	15° 13' 18.78"	20.30	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	20 35	0.28042	435.62	19.1	5.9637	19.6	6 42 42.5	15 14 0.0	18.6	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	17 th	8 35	0.28005	435.58	20.1	5.9672	6 42 48.8	15 13 51.2	20.0	Sinzyō	Katō
Mean		0.28035									Tanakadate	Katō

H = 0.28035
 Reduction to 1895.0 = - 48
 " " sea level = 00
 H = 0.28035

Kuzi Syuttyō (久慈出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Araida Pasture (新井田牧場)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	17 th	9 ^h	45 ^m	13	54° 3.0'	Katō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 17 th 17 ^h 28 ^m	*0.28203	435.75	19.3C	^s 5.9445	19.3C	—	—	—	Sirzyō	Katō
„ „ 17 37	*0.28207	435.82	19.0	5.9436	19.0	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō
Mean	0.28205									

(2)

(長内町)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 17 th 19 ^h 9 ^m	*0.28213	436.07	18.0C	^s 5.9412	18.0C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō
„ „ 19 19	*0.28221	436.12	17.8	5.9403	17.8	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Katō
Mean	0.28217									

173. AKKA.

Mr. Tamasawa's vegetable ground (玉澤氏所有畑)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 18 th 20 ^h 37 ^m	14	53° 33.2	Sinzyō	Katō

θ = 53° 33.2

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.34

„ „ sea level = 0.00

θ = 53° 33.5

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 18 th 19 ^h 41 ^m	*0.28138	435.69	18.3C	^s 5.9517	18.3C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō
„ „ 19 53	*0.28120	435.71	18.2	5.9535	18.2	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Katō
Mean	0.28129									

H = 0.28129

Reduction to 1895.0 = -66

„ „ sea level = 137

H = 0.28130

174. ANAZAWA.

Nakagawara (小川村穴澤中河原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 19 th 17 ^h 6.8 ^m	4° 42' 7"	Katō	Tanakadate
„ „ 18 26.5	„ 41 28	Sinzyō	Katō
„ „ 19 37.6	„ 41 24	„	„
„ „ 21 11.4	„ 41 43	Katō	„
„ „ 22 17.7	„ 42 32	„	„
„ „ 20 th 2 54.0	„ 41 56	„	„
„ „ 7 3.2	„ 36 49	„	„
„ „ 9 12.3	„ 38 22	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
To be continued			

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		θ	Observer	Recorder
July	20 th 10 ^h 38.0 ^m	4° 40' 41"	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	" 12 40.9	" 43 20	"	"
"	" 13 36.8	" 43 47	"	"
"	" 14 58.3	" 43 36	Sinzyō	Katō
"	" 16 5.5	" 42 39	Katō	"
Mean		4° 41' 12"		

$\delta=4 \quad 41.2$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.00
 " " sea level = -0.03
 $\delta=4 \quad 40.2$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	19 th 17 ^h 23 ^m	14	53° 26.4	Sinzyō	Katō
"	" 20 29	13	" 24.3	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	26 th 14 28	14	" 21.2	Katō	Katō
Mean			53° 24.0		

$\theta=53 \quad 24.0$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.27
 " " sea level = 0.01
 $\theta=53 \quad 24.3$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 19 th 19 ^h 15 ^m	0.28123	434.20	23.1C	^s 5.9645	23.4C	6°39'58".8	15° 7'35".0	22.8C	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" 20 th 9 45	0.28144	433.73	24.3	5.9661	24.8	6 39 35.0	15 7 7.5	23.9	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 9 58	0.28137	433.73	24.6	5.9661	24.8	6 39 18.8	15 6 5.0	24.4	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 13 19	0.28204	433.49	26.1	5.9629	27.1	6 38 36.3	15 4 45.0	25.1	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
Mean	0.28152									

$H=0.28152$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -47
 " " sea level = 4.0
 $H=0.28156$

Anazawa Syuttyō (穴澤出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

	Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
(1)	July 20 th 11 ^h 22 ^m	*0.23160	432.79	28.5C	^s 5.9700	28.5C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
(2)	" " 7 28	*0.28289	434.17	23.0	5.9609	23.0	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

175. IWAIZUMI.

(岩泉字中屋. 畑中)

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

	Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
	July 21 st 7 ^h 0 ^m	*0.28386	439.98	20.0C	^s 5.9310	20.0C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Katō

$H=0.28386$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -55
 " " sea level = 10.9
 $H=0.28386$

Iwaizumi Syuttyō (岩泉出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(岩泉村大字朽木)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 21 st 13 ^h 12 ^m	*0.28259	433.92	24.2C	5.9517	24.2C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō

176. MIYAKO.

Hudiwarakawara (藤原河原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 22 nd 11 ^h 11.6 ^m	5° 40' 29"	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 12 40.7	" 41 56	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 13 14.0	" 42 27	Tanakadate	"
" " 14 22.6	" 40 56	"	"
" " 15 19.2	" 39 22	Sinzyō	"
" " 17 43.5	" 36 50	Tanakadate	"
" " 18 49.9	" 37 1	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 20 4.5	" 37 20	"	"
" " 22 4.3	" 37 10	Katō	Katō
" " 23 16.7	" 35 57	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 23 rd 2 23.5	" 35 50	"	"
" " 4 34.3	" 35 37	"	"
" " 6 33.4	" 32 56	"	"
" " 7 29.0	" 32 24	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 8 40.1	" 34 9	"	"
" " 9 28.8	" 35 39	"	"
" " 11 5.2	" 40 3	"	"
Mean	5° 37' 59"		

$$\delta = 5^\circ 37.98$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.95

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\delta = 5^\circ 37.0$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 22 nd 12 ^h 14 ^m	13	53° 22.2	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 21 10	13	" 29.6	Katō	"
" " 23 rd 10 28	14	" 20.9	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		53° 24.2		

$$\theta = 53^\circ 24.2$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.17

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\theta = 53^\circ 24.4$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 22 nd 14 ^h 1 ^m	0.28185	434.46	20.9C	5.9553	20.9C	6°39'41.79	15° 7'35.76	21.0C	{ Sinzyō Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Katō
" " 19 38	0.28181	434.90	20.7	5.9533	20.9	6 49 0.0	15 7 52.6	20.5	"	{ Sinzyō Katō
" " 23 rd 8 11	0.28161	434.96	21.4	5.9546	21.4	6 40 7.5	15 7 57.5	21.3	{ Sinzyō Katō	{ Katō Sinzyō
Mean	0.28176									

$$H = 0.28176$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -39

" " sea level = 00

$$H = 0.28176$$

177. OGUNI.

(小國字末角. 榊原所有畑)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	24 th	14 ^h	51 ^m	14	52° 58.4	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	18	4	14	53 3.0	Katō	Tanakadate
Mean					53 0.7		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 53^{\circ} \quad 0.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad 0.21 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 53^{\circ} \quad (t) \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
July 24 th 14 ^h 54 ^m	*0.28158	432.14	30.8 C	5.9748	30.8 C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 15 22	*0.28100	433.39	26.0	5.9721	26.0	—	—	—	Katō	Tanakadate
Mean	0.28129									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28129 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= \quad -70 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad 135 \\ \hline H &= 0.28130 \end{aligned}$$

178. TONO.

Siroiwa, Kamo Zinsya (白岩村加茂神社)

DECLINATIO (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	26 th	10 ^h	37.3 ^m	5'	19'	56''	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	11	57.2	"	24	39	"	Katō
"	"	13	3.9	"	25	21	Katō	Sinzyō
"	"	14	39.3	"	25	43	"	"
"	"	15	45.9	"	24	54	"	Katō
"	"	16	44.6	"	23	14	"	"
"	"	17	42.6	"	22	36	"	"
"	"	18	38.6	"	22	47	"	"
"	"	20	28.6	"	22	58	Tanakadate	"
"	"	23	22.6	"	21	52	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	27 th	0	32.4	"	20	15	"	"
"	"	1	23.9	"	20	8	"	"
"	"	2	50.4	"	18	48	"	"
"	"	4	45.3	"	18	36	"	"
"	"	5	55.3	"	19	18	"	"
"	"	6	49.7	"	19	18	"	"
"	"	7	27.1	"	18	5	Tanakadate	"
"	"	8	31.5	"	19	4	"	Tanakadate
"	"	9	30.5	"	19	6	"	"
"	"	10	27.0	"	20	3	"	"
Mean				5'	21'	40''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^{\circ} \quad 21.37 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1865.0 &= \quad -0.92 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= \quad -0.02 \\ \hline \delta &= 5^{\circ} \quad 20.7 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	26 th	11 ^h	38 ^m	14	53° 9.3	Sinzyō	Katō
"	27 th	6	18	13	" 10.1	"	Sirzyō
"	"	10	3	13	" 7.2	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean					53° 8.0		

$\theta = 53^\circ 8.0$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.17
" " sea level = 0.01

$\theta = 53^\circ 9.1$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 26 th	0.28254	432.67	28.2C	5.9605	28.1C	6°33'45".0	15° 0'33".2	28.4C	Tanakadate	Katō
" "	0.28216	434.57	22.0	5.9523	22.4	6°39'15".0	15° 6' 8".1	21.5	Katō	Tanakadate
" 27 th	0.28197	434.05	22.5	5.9557	22.0	6°38'50".0	15° 5'25".0	23.0	Sinzyō	"
Mean	0.28222									

$H = 0.28222$
Reduction to 1895.0 = - 71
" " sea level = 365
 $H = 0.28225$

Tōno Syuttyō (遠野出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Simokawara (下河原)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 25 th	*0.28285	434.75	26.4C	5.9428	26.4C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

(2)

(松崎村字白岩早瀬河畔ナル水車ノ東)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	26 th	16 ^h	6 ^m	14	53° 11.3	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 26 th	*0.28203	432.82	27.3C	5.9652	27.8C	—	—	—	..	..

(3)

(遠野町後方観音院東)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	27 th	18 ^h	3 ^m	14	53° 11.0	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 26 th	*0.2820	433.42	25.5C	5.9607	25.5C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

179. KAMAISI.

Suga-kaigan (釜石町字須賀海岸)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July	28 th	10 ^h 57.9 ^m	4	31'	59"	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	11 37.1	"	32	21	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	11 47.0	"	32	7	"	"
"	"	12 37.9	"	32	14	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	13 22.6	"	31	58	"	"
"	"	14 31.1	"	31	38	Sinzyō	"
"	"	15 22.1	"	31	59	"	"
"	"	16 18.8	"	31	2	"	"
"	"	18 16.1	"	29	53	Tanakadate	"
"	"	20 0.5	"	29	41	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	21 32.9	"	28	52	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	2 ^{9th}	0 34.7	"	28	35	Katō	Katō
"	"	1 5.1	"	28	33	"	"
"	"	4 10.3	"	27	59	"	"
"	"	5 6.1	"	27	56	"	"
"	"	6 4.1	"	27	7	"	"
"	"	6 57.1	"	25	51	"	"
"	"	7 42.7	"	25	27	"	"
"	"	9 1.9	"	27	59	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	9 49.2	"	28	44	Tanakadate	"
"	"	10 55.3	"	30	3	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	12 23.7	"	31	23	"	"
Mean			4	29'	12"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 29' 20''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.90
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 28' 3''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	28 th	12 ^h 5 ^m	14	52' 45.1	Sinzyō	Katō
"	"	19 30	13	" 44.8	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	2 ^{9th}	10 25	13	" 48.2	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
Mean				52' 46.1		

$\theta = 52^{\circ} 46' 1''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.06
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 52^{\circ} 46' 2''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
July 28 th	14 ^h 0 ^m	0.28314	432.81	24.8C	5.9540	25.1C	6'36"10.0	14'59" 4.4	24.6C	{ Katō Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Katō
"	" 20 55	0.28349	434.46	21.2	5.9385	21.3	6'37"21.3	15 2 2.5	21.0	{ Sinzyō Tanakadate	{ " Sinzyō " Tanakadate
"	29 th 8 21	0.28333	434.49	20.8	5.9397	20.9	6'37"45.0	15 3 13.8	20.7	{ " Sinzyō " Tanakadate	{ " Sinzyō " Tanakadate
"	" 11 31	0.28337	433.57	24.3	5.9400	24.4	6'36"36.3	15 0 17.5	24.3	{ " Sinzyō " Tanakadate	{ " Sinzyō " Tanakadate
Mean		0.28334									

$H = 0.28334$
Reduction to 1895.0 = - 40
" " sea level = 00
 $H = 0.28334$

Kamaisi Syuttyō (釜石出張)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	-H	-M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 28 th --	*0.28373	434.47	21.9C	5.9356	21.9C	--	--	--	Katō	Tanakadate

180. KESENUMA.
Motomatigawara (元町河原)
DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
July 31 st 14 ^h 33.6 ^m	5°	2'	30''	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 15 42.0	"	0	48	"	"
" " 16 38.6	"	0	5	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 17 39.4	4	59	12	Katō	Katō
" " 18 44.1	"	59	4	"	"
" " 19 25.0	"	59	4	"	Sinzyō
" " 21 3.5	"	59	24	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 22 7.4	"	59	35	"	"
" " 23 47.9	"	58	47	"	"
Aug. 1 st 1 49.4	"	57	31	"	"
" " 4 10.5	"	56	39	"	"
" " 5 45.2	"	54	54	"	"
" " 6 39.0	"	54	4	"	"
" " 8 8.4	"	55	55	"	Sinzyō
" " 9 5.6	"	56	34	"	Katō
" " 9 45.2	"	57	41	"	"
" " 10 45.7	"	59	6	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 11 42.8	5	0	16	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 12 31.9	"	1	37	"	"
" " 13 24.8	"	3	0	"	"
" " 14 29.7	"	3	10	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 15 27.9	"	2	19	"	"
" " 16 32.5	"	0	59	"	Katō
" " 17 36.4	"	0	10	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 18 57.5	4	59	43	"	"
" " 19 51.7	"	59	42	"	"
" " 2 nd 13 45.2	5	1	53	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 3 rd 15 53.2	"	0	23	"	Tanakadate
" " 18 36.1	4	59	59	"	"
" " 20 15.9	5	0	35	"	"
" " 4 th 13 10.5	"	3	40	"	"
" " 13 58.1	"	2	59	"	"
Mean	4°	58'	39''		

δ = 4° 58' 65
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.88
" " sea level = 0.00
δ = 4° 57' 8

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour Mean Local Time.	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 31 st 16 ^h 14 ^m	13	52 22.4	Katō	Sinzyō
Aug. 1 st 10 22	14	" 22.0	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 18 21	14	" 20.0	Tanakadate	"
Mean		52 21.5		

θ = 52° 21.5
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.06
" " sea level = 0.00
θ = 52° 21.6

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY.
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ ₁	ψ ₂			
July 31 st 20 ^h 30 ^m	0.28430	434.65	20.9C	^s 5.9299	21.4C	6°36' 8.78	14 58'38.71	20.4C	Sinzyō Katō	Katō Sinzyō
Aug. " 8 40	0.28388	435.27	21.2	5.9290	21.4	6 36 44.4	14 59 21.9	21.1	Tanakadate Katō	Katō Tanakadate
" " 8 58	0.28409	434.84	21.5	5.9290	21.4	6 36 17.5	14 58 51.9	21.6	Tanakadate Katō	Katō Tanakadate
" " 14 2	0.28413	434.07	22.2	5.9343	22.2	6 35 45.6	14 57 55.0	22.2	Tanakadate Katō	Tanakadate Katō
Mean	0.28410									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.28410 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -75 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 00 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.28409
 \end{aligned}$$

Kesenuma Syuttyō (氣仙沼出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

(字内ノ脇河原)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 12 st 18 ^h 34 ^m	14	52° 24.9	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ ₁	ψ ₂			
July 31 st 17 ^h 33 ^m	*0.28395	435.27	20.0C	^s 5.9277	20.0C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 17 50	*0.28379	435.36	19.5	5.9289	19.5	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean	0.28387									

(2)

(横町山)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ ₁	ψ ₂			
Aug. 1 st 7 ^h 3 ^m	*0.28423	435.36	19.5C	^s 5.9243	19.5C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō

181. ISINOMAKI.

Kadonowaki coast (門脇後町海濱)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 6 th 7 ^h 59.8 ^m	4 54' 48	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 9 0.5	" 57 52	"	"
" " 10 2.3	5 1 22	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 10 59.1	" 3 13	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 11 40.4	" 3 20	"	Tanakadate
" " 12 47.2	" 3 19	Sinzyō	"
To be continued			

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 ^h	13 ^h	53.4 ^m	5°	2'	2''	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	14	43.0	"	1	15	"	Sinzyō
"	"	15	24.0	"	1	40	"	"
"	"	16	15.5	"	0	40	"	"
"	"	17	21.1	4	59	0	"	"
"	"	18	21.2	"	58	45	Tanakadate	"
"	"	19	29.8	"	59	20	"	"
"	"	20	50.8	"	59	24	Sinzyō	"
"	"	22	7.5	"	58	53	"	"
"	"	23	51.0	"	58	57	"	"
"	7 ^h	3	12.7	"	58	25	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	5	25.8	"	57	15	"	"
"	"	6	12.2	"	55	3	"	"
"	"	7	6.4	"	53	13	"	"
"	"	7	42.6	"	52	22	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	8	20.4	"	52	40	"	"
Mean				4	59'	4''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 59' 07'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.86 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^{\circ} 58' 21'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 ^h	9 ^h	40 ^m	14	51° 47.7	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	13	24	13	" 46.1	Sinzyō	"
"	"	20	16	14	" 45.9	"	Sinzyō
Mean					51° 46.6		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 51^{\circ} 46.7' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.0 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.0 \\ \hline \theta &= 51^{\circ} 46.6' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 6 ^h 8 ^h 40 ^m	0.28773	435.00	21.80	5.89 0	21.50	6° 31' 22.75	14° 47' 31.73	22.10	Katō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Katō
" " 12 20	0.28802	432.20	28.9	5.9089	29.7	6 28 53.8	14 42 12.5	28.2	" Katō	" Tanakadate
" " 15 54	*0.28598	433.99	24.1	5.9157	24.1	—	—	—	" Sinzyō	" "
" " 19 6	0.28794	434.68	21.9	5.8919	22.3	6 31 12.5	14 47 22.5	21.4	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean	0.28742									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28742 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -107 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.0 \\ \hline H &= 0.28741 \end{aligned}$$

Isinomaki Syuttyō (石卷出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Hiyoriyama (日和山)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 ^h	16 ^h	37 ^m	13	51° 44.3	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 6 th 15 ^h 34 ^m			*0.28732 433.99	24.1C	^s 5.9019	24.1C	—	—	—	Tanakadate Tanakadate

(2)

Station, 1887

(舊郵便局裏ノツト観測點)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 7 th 10 ^h 19 ^m	14	51° 43'S	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 7 th 9 ^h 19 ^m			*0.28888 433.58	25.4C	^s 5.8887	25.4C	—	—	—	Tanakadate Sinzyō

(3)

Yamadorihama (金華山ノ對岸山鳥濱)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 12 th 7 ^h 42 ^m	13	51° 41.2	Sinzyō	Tatibara
" " 16 51	"	" 46.4	"	Sinzyō
Mean		51° 43.8		

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflection.		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 12 th 7 ^h 5 ^m			*0.28419 432.50	22.8C	^s 5.9444	22.8C	—	—	—	Tatibara Sinzyō

(4)

Top of Mt. Kinkwa (金華山ノ絶頂)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 12 th 12 ^h 54 ^m	14	51° 49.4	Sinzyō	Tatibara

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflection.		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 12 th 11 ^h 35 ^m			*0.28358 432.55	22.7C	^s 5.9504	22.7C	—	—	—	Tatibara Sinzyō

182. IKUSAZAWA.

Onikōbemura, Ikusazawa (鬼首村字戰澤)

DIP. (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 8 ^h 18 ^h 3 ^m	14	53° 10.5	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

$\theta = 53^{\circ} 10.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.35
 sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 53^{\circ} 10.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
 Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 8 ^h 17 ^h 33 ^m	*0.28262	433.54	24.8C	5.9539	24.8C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.28262 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -2.10 \\
 \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 5.36 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.28265
 \end{aligned}$$

183. SIMOINNAI.

South shore of Riv. Omono (御物川ノ南岸字田用橋)

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 9 ^h 20 ^h 55 ^m	5° 26' 57"	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 22 11.4	" 25 31	Katō	"
" " 23 3.6	" 25 10	"	"
" " 10 th 0 53.2	" 23 39	"	"
" " 1 44.4	" 22 52	"	"
" " 4 4.0	" 21 49	"	"
" " 5 22.6	" 20 11	"	"
" " 6 40.1	" 17 29	"	"
" " 8 6.9	" 19 12	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 9 14.7	" 22 9	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 10 12.5	" 24 14	"	Sinzyō
" " 10 35.0	" 26 45	"	"
" " 11 37.1	" 30 5	"	"
" " 12 29.5	" 30 49	"	Tanakadate
" " 13 43.2	" 29 34	Katō	Katō
" " 14 39.8	" 27 23	Sinzyō	"
" " 16 25.0	" 25 54	Katō	"
" " 17 31.4	" 26 34	"	"
" " 18 20.4	" 25 36	Sinzyō	"
" " 19 47.0	" 25 28	Katō	"
" " 20 52.8	" 22 10	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 21 24.4	" 23 46	"	"
" " 22 50.2	" 24 47	"	"
" " 23 41.0	" 23 55	"	"
" " 11 th 0 42.1	" 23 41	"	"
" " 2 19.1	" 26 1	"	"
" " 4 1.6	" 23 47	"	"
" " 5 26.6	" 23 10	"	"
Mean	5° 24' 42"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^\circ 24' 42'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.11 \\
 \text{,, ,, sea level} &= -0.02 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 5^\circ 23' 36''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 10 th 8 ^h 50 ^m	13	52° 56.0	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 11 28	—	" 51.5	"	Tanakadate
" " 14 17	13	" 59.0	Katō	Kōtō
" " 15 29	14	53 0.4	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
Mean		52° 56.7		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 52^\circ 56.7' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.55 \\
 \text{,, ,, sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 52^\circ 57.3'
 \end{aligned}$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug. 10 th 7 ^h 44 ^m	0.28189	433.13	25.6C	5.9632	25.3C	6°37'37".5	15° 1'58".8	26.3C	Katō Tanakadate Katō Sinzyō Katō Sinzyō	Tanakadate Sinzyō Katō Sinzyō
" " 13 8	0.28198	431.49	30.3	5.9762	30.8	6 36 40.0	15 0 26.9	29.8		
" " 19 16	0.28169	432.32	27.1	5.9733	27.5	6 37 43.8	15 2 41.3	26.8		
Mean	0.28185									

$H = 0.28185$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -251
" " sea level = 243
 $H = 0.28185$

Simoinnai Svuttyō (下院内出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Station, 1887

(村役場裏ノツト測點)

(1)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 16 th 17 ^h 56 ^m	14	52° 56.0	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug. 16 th — —	*0.28357	430.63	32.7C	5.9645	32.7C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

(2)

(下院内後町)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 11 th 8 ^h 13 ^m	13	52° 59.1	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug 11 th 7 ^h 57 ^m	*0.28321	432.31	27.6C	5.9564	27.6C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

184. YOKOTE.

Hatiman-zinsya (八幡村八幡神社)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug 11 th 15 ^h 18.4 ^m	5° 28' 15"	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 15 59.4	" 27 26	Sinzyō	"
" " 17 47.7	" 21 56	"	"
" " 18 50.4	" 25 5	"	"
" " 21 6.6	" 25 32	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 22 16.8	" 25 16	"	"
" " 23 33.7	" 25 15	"	"
" " 12 th 1 43.3	" 25 15	"	"
" " 4 47.4	" 21 44	"	"
" " 5 59.0	" 23 50	"	"
" " 6 57.0	" 23 11	"	"
" " 8 23.9	" 23 10	"	Katō
" " 9 38.7	" 23 38	Katō	"
" " 10 41.0	" 26 4	"	"
" " 11 41.8	" 27 41	"	"
" " 12 43.8	" 28 48	"	"
" " 13 42.8	" 29 10	"	"
" " 15 7.8	" 28 40	"	"
Mean	5° 25' 37"		

$\delta = 5^\circ 25' 37''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.15
" " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 5^\circ 24' 5''$

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	11 ^h 17 ^m	13 ^m	14	53° 24	Tanakadate	Katō
"	12 ^h 9	10	14	52 59.7	Katō	"
"	" 14	3	13	53 0.7	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean				53° 09		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 53^\circ \quad 0.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.61 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 53^\circ \quad 1.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 11 ^h 18 ^m 24 ^m	0.28415	430.80	31.3C	5.9593	32.2C	6°33' 0.0	14°51'47.75	30.5C	Katō Sinzyō	Sinzyō Katō
" 12 ^h 7 57	0.28426	432.99	26.0	5.9380	25.1	6 34 8.1	14 54 8.8	27.0	Sinzyō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Katō
" 13 20	0.28434	430.13	35.3	5.9616	36.0	6 31 55.0	14 49 13.8	34.6	" Katō	" Tanakadate
Mean	0.28425									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28425 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -240 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 82 \\ H &= 0.28423 \end{aligned}$$

Yokote Syuttyō (横手出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Garden of Kosakaya (小坂屋庭前)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	12 ^h 0 ^m 13 ^m		14	53° 52	Katō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 12 ^h 22 ^m 23 ^m	*0.28367	433.75	23.8C	5.9415	23.8C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Katō
" 22 37	*0.28370	433.78	23.7	5.9409	23.7	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō
Mean	0.28369									

185. KAKUDATE.

Nakagawamura (中川村)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	13 ^h	4 ^m	3.2 ^m	4°	37'	29"	Katō	Katō
"	"	6	2.1	"	37	42	"	"
"	"	6	53.9	"	36	26	"	Tanakadate
"	"	8	4.9	"	35	45	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	8	39.0	"	36	0	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	9	30.3	"	36	32	"	"
"	"	10	36.6	"	38	51	"	"
"	"	12	4.7	"	41	50	Tanakadate	"
"	"	13	28.1	"	42	44	"	"
				To be continued				

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug. 13 th	14 ^h	45.5 ^m	4°	41'	35''	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	15 33.4	"	40	22	"	"
"	"	17 10.6	"	33	50	"	"
"	"	18 7.3	"	38	7	"	"
"	"	19 37.9	"	37	51	Tanakadate	"
"	"	21 23.3	"	37	51	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	23 17.4	"	38	17	"	"
"	14 th	0 18.5	"	38	11	"	"
"	"	3 36.7	"	38	19	"	"
"	"	4 36.3	"	39	0	"	"
"	"	5 41.2	"	38	7	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean			4	38'	40''		

$\delta = 4^\circ 38' 40''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.23
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ 37' 4$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 13 th	9 ^h	9 ^m	13	53' 22.2	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	12 56	14	" 17.2	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
"	"	20 49	14	" 19.5	"	"
Mean				53° 19.3		

$\theta = 53^\circ 19.3$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.67
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 53^\circ 20.3$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 13 th	0.28242	432.72	25.4C	5.9617	25.4C	6°37' 0.0	15' 1' 2.5	25.5C	Tanakadate Sinzyō Tanakadate Katō Sinzyō Tanakadate	Sinzyō Tanakadate Katō Tanakadate
"	0.28260	431.77	28.8	5.9683	29.5	6.36 2.5	14 58 50.0	28.2		
"	0.28215	432.01	26.0	5.9709	23.6	6.36 52.5	15 0 41.3	25.4		
Mean	0.28239									

$H = 0.28239$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -245
 " " sea level = 55
 $H = 0.28237$

Kakudate Syuttyō (角館出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Kakudate Simonokawara

(角館下ノ河原)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 13 th	16 ^h	38 ^m	11	51' 2.1	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 13 th 15 ^h 57 ^m	*0.28281	431.13	29.8 ^c	^s 5.9688	29.8 ^c	—	—	—	Katō	Tanakadate

(2)

(中川村鰻瀬河々岸)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 14 th 6 ^h 9 ^m	14	54' 11.4"	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

186. KARIWANO.

Station, 1887 at Hotel Hatamura (旅宿畑村屋舊測點)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 14 th 13 ^h 29 ^m	13	53' 20.0"	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

 $\theta = 53' 20.0''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.07

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 53' 22.0''$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of *M*.)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 14 th 12 ^h 45 ^m	*0.28353	431.31	29.8 ^c	^s 5.9600	29.8 ^c	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 13 14	*0.28341	431.27	29.9	^s 5.9615	29.9	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean	0.28347									

 $H = 0.28347$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -27.1

" " sea level = 4.1

 $H = 0.28345$

187. AKITA.

Site of old castle (舊城跡内小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 14 th 20 ^h 30.3 ^m	5' 21' 15"	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 21 8.8	" 23 45	Tanakadate	"
" " 23 31.8	" 23 14	"	Tanakadate
" " 15 th 1 3.7	" 23 12	"	"
" " 4 23.7	" 22 32	"	"
" " 5 36.9	" 21 17	"	"
" " 6 38.2	" 20 37	"	"
" " 7 15.7	" 20 36	"	"
" " 8 23.3	" 21 22	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 9 25.0	" 21 39	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 10 35.3	" 24 36	"	Katō
" " 11 27.2	" 25 40	"	"
" " 12 16.4	" 26 41	Sinzyō	"
" " 13 28.3	" 26 26	"	"
	To be continued		

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 ^h	14 ^m 27.8 ^m	5°	25'	32''	Katō	Katō
"	"	15 43.2	"	24	18	"	"
"	"	17 34.4	"	22	56	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	18 48.2	"	22	46	"	"
"	"	19 21.8	"	23	18	"	"
"	"	20 4.7	"	23	22	"	"
"	"	21 50.0	"	22	26	"	"
"	"	23 37.5	"	22	19	"	"
"	16 ^h	2 16.1	"	22	24	"	"
"	"	3 26.8	"	22	7	"	"
"	"	4 47.2	"	21	31	"	"
"	"	5 37.9	"	21	14	"	"
Mean			5°	23'	13''		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 23' 13''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.30
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 21' 29''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 ^h	9 ^m 0 ^m	13	53' 35.0	Sinzyō	Katō
"	"	16 55	13	" 33.0	Katō	"
"	16 ^h	4 8	14	" 29.5	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
Mean				53' 32.8		

$\theta = 53^{\circ} 32.8$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.93
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 53^{\circ} 33.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
Aug. 15 ^h	8 ^m	1 ^m	0.28319	433.33	25.0C	5.9495	25.1C	6'36"18.78	14'59" 8.78	25.0C	{ Sinzyō Katō	{ Katō Sinzyō
"	"	13 4	0.28292	430.50	32.7	5.9748	33.8	6'34"17.5	14'54"31.3	31.7	{ Sinzyō Katō	{ Katō Sinzyō
"	"	18 17	0.28292	431.61	28.8	5.9667	29.8	6'35"18.8	14'56"48.8	27.9	{ Sinzyō Katō	{ Katō Sinzyō
Mean			0.28301									

$H = 0.28301$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -322
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.28298$

Akita Syuttyo (秋田出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Old castle. (舊城趾)

(1)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 ^h	10 ^m 56 ^m	13	53' 30.5	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
Aug. 15 ^h	10 ^m	15 ^m	*0.28295	432.13	27.9C	5.9601	27.9C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō

(2) Akita Meteorological Observatory (秋田測候所)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 15 th 15 ^h 19 ^m	13	53° 33' 1	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
			"	"

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 15 th 14 ^h 28 ^m	*0.28313	431.61	29.5°C	5.9621	29.5°C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 14 44	*0.28319	431.08	31.0	5.9652	31.0	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
Mean										

(3) (舊城趾内小学校運動場・本莊ヨリ能代ニ至ル途中ニ立寄リ観測ス)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 18 ^h 7 ^h 41 ^m	14	53° 32' 9	Katō	Katō

188. HONZYŌ.

Daisenziyama (大仙寺山)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 16 th 17 ^h 6.1 ^m	5° 15' 0"	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 17 34.9	" 14 48	"	"
" " 18 41.9	" 13 49	Sinzyō	"
" " 20 16.8	" 15 5	Tanakadate	"
" " 21 21.6	" 14 48	"	Tanakadate
" " 22 33.9	" 14 43	"	"
" " 17 th 2 28.3	" 14 44	"	"
" " 4 42.1	" 14 3	"	"
" " 6 12.7	" 12 10	"	"
" " 7 10.0	" 11 29	Sinzyō	"
" " 8 11.7	" 11 11	"	"
" " 9 42.9	" 14 12	"	Sinzyō
" " 10 47.2	" 16 29	"	"
" " 11 48.6	" 18 6	"	"
" " 12 31.1	" 18 33	"	"
" " 13 44.6	" 18 18	Tanakadate	"
" " 15 37.5	" 16 28	"	"
" " 16 38.6	" 15 20	"	"
" " 17 20.6	" 14 47	"	"
Mean	5° 14' 51"		

$$\delta = 5^\circ 14.90$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.24

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\delta = 5^\circ 13.7$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 16 th 20 ^h 10 ^m	14	53° 17' 1	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 17 th 9 2	13	" 19.7	"	"
" " 14 56	14	" 15.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		53° 17' 3		

$$\theta = 53^\circ 17.31$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.81

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\theta = 53^\circ 18.1$$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _p	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 16th 13 ^h 12 ^m	0.28265	431.35	28.4C	5.9692	28.5C	6.35.24.74	14.57.22.75	28.2C	Tanakadate Sinzyō Tanakadate "	Sinzyō Tanakadate Sinzyō "
" 17th 7 45	0.28241	433.19	22.9	5.9577	22.7	6.37.15.0	15.1.21.3	23.1		
" " 13 23	0.28308	430.31	33.1	5.9744	34.1	6.34.5.0	14.54.21.3	32.1		
Mean	0.28271									

$H=0.28271$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -312
" " sea level = 00

$H=0.28268$

Honzyō Syuttyō (本莊出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Old castle (舊城跡)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 17th 11 ^h 52 ^m	13	53° 22'	Tanakadate	T. nakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _p	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 17th 11 ^h 6 ^m	*0.28308	430.74	30.8C	5.9687	30.8C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

(2)

(石ノク)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 17th 17 ^h 17 ^m	14	53° 16'	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

189. NŌSIRO.

Usiroyati (後谷地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 18th 20 ^h 25 ^m	5° 51' 34"	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 21 8.9	" 51 28	"	Katō
" " 21 40.8	" 51 11	"	"
" " 23 0.6	" 50 58	"	"
" 19th 1 1.0	" 50 6	Katō	"
" " 2 12.9	" 48 24	"	"
" " 4 42.8	" 48 1	"	"
" " 6 12.8	" 46 47	"	"
" " 6 59.7	" 45 47	"	Tanakadate
" " 8 13.0	" 45 54	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 9 33.1	" 48 54	Sinzyō	"
" " 10 39.5	" 50 57	"	"
" " 11 32.9	" 53 51	"	"
" " 12 24.2	" 55 3	"	"
" " 13 1.9	" 54 57	"	"
" " 14 6.0	" 54 6	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 15 19.9	" 53 29	"	"
" " 16 6.8	" 52 47	"	"
" " 17 12.2	" 51 42	"	Sinzyō
" " 18 19.8	" 51 5	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 20 12.8	" 50 33	"	"
" 4th 22 14.9	" 50 57	"	Sinzyō
Mean	5° 50' 23"		

$\delta=5^{\circ} 50.38$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.47
" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta=5^{\circ} 48.9$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 19th 8h 57 ^m	13	54° 16.1	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 19 23	13	" 15.9	Tanakadate	"
" " 21 19	14	" 13.4	"	"
Mean		54° 15.1		

$\theta = 54$ 15.1
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.13
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 54$ 16.2

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 19th 7h 50 ^m	0.27910	432.28	24.7C	5.9993	24.1C	6 41' 16.23	15 11' 02.0	25.0C	{ Sinzyō Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sinzyō Katō
" " 13 23	0.27948	430.32	32.4	6.0112	32.8	6 39 2.5	15 5 55.0	32.0	"	"
" " 13 40	0.27965	430.55	32.5	6.0080	33.0	6 39 2.5	15 5 55.0	32.0	"	"
" " 17 46	0.27918	431.23	28.5	6.0087	29.2	6 40 25.0	15 8 55.0	27.8	"	"
Mean	0.27935									

$H = 0.27935$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3.43
" " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.27932$

Nosiro Syuttyō (能代出張)

(1) Usiroyati (後谷地)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 19th 11h 25 ^m	13	54 25.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflection		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 19th — —	*0.27798	431.46	28.3C	6.0182	28.3C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

(2) Station, 1887 (ノット観測型)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 19th 15h 29 ^m	13	54 10.9	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflection		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug 19th 14h 54 ^m	*0.27921	430.71	30.5C	6.0104	30.5C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō

190. ODATE.

(上川沿村字根下戸牧場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	20 th	17 ^h 23.0 ^m	5°	37'	49"	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	18 11.7	"	38	0	"	Sinzyō
"	"	19 40.2	"	38	32	Sinzyō	Katō
"	"	21 37.2	"	38	9	"	Tanakadate
"	"	22 34.6	"	38	4	"	Sinzyō
"	21 st	1 33.1	"	36	40	"	"
"	"	4 31.4	"	34	49	"	"
"	"	5 39.8	"	33	39	"	"
"	"	6 26.3	"	32	32	"	"
"	"	7 0.4	"	31	59	"	"
"	"	8 14.6	"	32	59	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	9 26.4	"	35	21	Katō	"
"	"	10 24.6	"	38	5	"	"
"	"	11 27.3	"	40	47	"	"
"	"	12 17.5	"	41	36	"	"
"	"	13 26.0	"	41	7	"	Sinzyō
"	"	15 9.3	"	39	34	Sinzyō	"
"	"	16 27.5	"	37	40	"	"
"	"	17 2.5	"	37	1	"	"
Mean			5°	37'	10"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 37' 17''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.44
" " sea level = -0.01

 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 35' 7''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Aug.	20 th	20 ^h 53 ^m	13	54'	2.3	Tanakadate	Katō
"	21 st	8 54	13	"	3.5	Katō	"
"	"	14 25	14	"	0.4	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
Mean				54'	2.1		

$\theta = 54' 2.1''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.02
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 54' 3.1''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibn.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 20 th 19 ^h 13 ^m	0.27918	432.65	24.0C	5.9063	23.9C	6°41'26.79	15°11'10.70	24.1C	{ Katō Sinzyō	{ Sinzyō Katō
" 21 7 53	0.27942	432.77	25.6	5.9923	25.2	6.41 7.5	15 10 30.0	26.0	{ Katō Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Katō
" " 13 34	0.27937	429.92	33.0	6.0139	32.9	6.38 28.8	15 4 22.5	33.1	{ Sinzyō Katō	{ " Sinzyō
Mean	0.27932									

$H = 0.27932$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -283
" " sea level = 110

 $H = 0.27930$

Ōdate Syuttyō (大館出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Station, 1887

(花園旅館裏ノツト観測點)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 21 st 17 ^h 0 ^m	14	53° 57' 8	Katō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 21 st 6 ^h 30 ^m	*0.27821	433.98	20.4C	^s 5.9977	20.4C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

(2)

(下川濟字片山村天神堂)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 21 st 9 ^h 41 ^m	13	54° 54	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 21 st 10 ^h 42 ^m	*0.27906	431.48	28.6C	^s 6.064	28.6C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

191. HIROSAKI.

Old castle (弘前舊城三ノ丸内)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour. (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug. 22 nd 12 ^h 11.8 ^m	5'	33'	2"	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 13 23.7	"	32	57	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 14 48.1	"	30	4	Tanakadate	"
" " 15 41.0	"	29	23	"	Tanakadate
" " 16 57.9	"	28	58	"	"
" " 17 41.0	"	29	6	"	Katō
" " 18 48.5	"	29	24	"	"
" " 20 17.7	"	29	41	"	"
" " 21 32.9	"	29	40	"	"
" " 23 1.0	"	29	26	"	"
" 23 ^m 1 51.6	"	27	58	"	"
" " 4 35.1	"	27	8	"	"
" " 6 14.4	"	25	56	"	"
" " 7 29.0	"	25	23	"	"
" " 8 19.6	"	25	19	"	"
" " 9 50.0	"	23	2	"	"
" " 10 54.1	"	30	21	"	"
" " 11 47.8	"	31	33	"	"
" " 12 31.4	"	32	25	"	"
Mean	5'	28'	45"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 28' 75$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.54
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 27' 2$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 22 nd 14 ^h 16 ^m	13	54° 13.2	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 19 41	13	" 14.4	Katō	Katō
" 23 rd 9 26	13	" 14.4	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		54° 14.0		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 54^\circ 14.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.15 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 54^\circ 15.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 22 nd 13 ^h 1 ^m	0.27998	429.75	34.7C	6.0103	35.2C	6°37'38.78	15° 2'26.73	34.1C	Sinzyō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sinzyō
" " 18 23	0.27949	431.97	26.2	5.9958	26.5	6 40 18.8	15 8 20.0	26.0	Katō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Katō
" 23 rd 7 56	0.27957	431.59	28.3	5.9388	27.7	6 39 40.0	15 7 2.5	28.8	" Katō	" Tanakadate
Mean	0.27968									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.27968 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -257 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 83 \\ \hline & H = 0.27966 \end{aligned}$$

Hirosaki Syuttō (弘前出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Station, 1887

(旅館石場久藏裏園ノツト観測點)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 22 nd 16 ^h 45 ^m	13	54° 15.5	Sinzyō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 22 nd 15 ^h 55 ^m	*0.27925	431.15	25.6C	6.0069	29.3C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 16 13	*0.27924	431.29	29.2	6.0059	29.2	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Katō
Mean	0.27925									

(2)

(舊城大手門内竹藪)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 23 rd 11 ^h 24 ^m	13	54° 12.1	Katō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 23 rd 10 ^h 52 ^m	*0.27970	430.29	32.1C	6.0080	32.4C	—	—	—	Katō	Katō

192. ADIGASAWA.

Wrestling ground (鯨ヶ澤神社角力場)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	24 th	12 ^h 32.9 ^m	5° 37' 44"	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	13 57.1	" 37' 8"	"	"
"	"	14 21.3	" 37' 9"	"	Tanakadate
"	"	15 27.2	" 36' 4"	"	Sinzyō
"	"	16 21.1	" 34' 39"	Katō	"
"	"	17 23.0	" 34' 0"	"	Tanakadate
"	"	18 28.1	" 34' 8"	Sinzyō	"
"	"	19 51.3	" 34' 8"	"	Sinzyō
"	"	22 4.9	" 34' 40"	"	"
"	"	23 14.8	" 34' 14"	"	"
"	25 th	1 32.7	" 33' 56"	"	"
"	"	4 41.4	" 33' 33"	"	"
"	"	6 52.3	" 31' 44"	"	"
"	"	8 1.99	" 31' 33"	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	9 16.7	" 33' 43"	"	"
"	"	10 46.2	" 37' 11"	"	Tanakadate
"	"	11 44.2	" 38' 6"	"	"
"	"	12 23.2	" 37' 54"	"	Sinzyō
Mean			5° 34' 30"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 34' 50''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.63
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 32' 59''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	24 th	14 ^h 50 ^m	13	54° 45.2	Katō	Tanakadate
"	"	19 11	13	" 46.8	Tanakadate	Katō
"	"	25 th 10 10	14	" 46.5	"	Tanakadate
Mean				54 46.2		

$\theta = 54^{\circ} 46' 2''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.29
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 54^{\circ} 47' 5''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 24 th	0.27790	430.49	29.6 C	6.0253	29.4 C	6° 41' 12.75"	15 10' 46.73"	29.8 C	{ Sinzyō, Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate, Sinzyō
" " 18 3	0.27820	430.53	28.7	6.0239	29.3	6 41 58.8	15 12 23.8	28.1	Tanakadate	Katō
" 25 th	0.27701	431.50	24.7	6.0277	24.5	6 43 28.8	15 15 50.6	24.9	{ Katō, Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate, Katō
" " 8 32	0.27739	431.83	25.4	6.0232	26.0	6 43 28.8	15 15 50.6	24.9	{ Tanakadate, Katō	{ Tanakadate, Katō
Mean										

$H = 0.27763$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -388
" " sea level = 00
 $H = 0.27760$

Adigasawa Syuttyō (鯨ヶ澤出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.
(本町一丁目後方山上ノ松原)

(1)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	21 th	8 ^h 41 ^m	13	51 43.7	Sinzyō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 24 th 8 ^h 15 ^m	*0.27900	430.70	28.7C	6.0124	28.7C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Katō

(2) Maitomura (舞戸村字富田海岸)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 24 th 10 ^h 21 ^m	13	54 47.7	Sinzyō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 24 th 9 ^h 54 ^m	*0.27841	430.21	30.1C	6.0224	30.1C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Katō

193. IPPONGI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 26 th 19 ^h 49.8 ^m	5° 42' 0"	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 20 37.5	" 41 43	"	"
" " 21 56.2	" 41 46	Katō	Katō
" " 22 48.9	" 41 49	"	"
" 27 th 0 33.0	" 41 35	"	"
" " 2 44.6	" 40 29	"	"
" " 4 20.7	" 39 58	"	"
" " 5 51.6	" 38 59	"	"
" " 7 10.0	" 38 35	"	"
" " 7 50.4	" 37 49	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 9 7.5	" 38 28	"	"
" " 10 20.9	" 41 19	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 11 22.3	" 43 59	"	"
" " 12 33.3	" 45 47	"	"
" " 13 52.6	" 45 17	Katō	"
" " 14 44.6	" 44 41	"	Katō
" " 16 26.7	" 43 5	Sinzyō	"
" " 17 28.7	" 41 59	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 19 21.8	" 42 2	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 20 34.5	" 41 37	"	"
Mean	5° 41' 38"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 5^\circ 41.63 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.71 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 5^\circ 39.9 \end{aligned}$$
DIP (θ)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 27 th 9 ^h 54 ^m	13	55° 16.8	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 12 6	13	" 16.7	Tanakadate	"
" " 18 41	14	" 16.3	Katō	"
Mean		55° 16.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 55^\circ 16.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.37 \\ \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 55^\circ 18.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 27 th 8 ^h 36 ^m	0.27524	432.08	24.7C	6.0440	24.9C	6°46'56.3	15°24' 5.6	24.5C	Tanakadate	Sinzyō Katō Sinzyō Tanakadate Katō
" " 13 28	0.27526	431.39	27.0	6.0490	27.3	6 46 6.3	15 21 58.8	26.7	Sinzyō Katō	
" " 20 8	0.27532	432.56	21.6	6.0400	21.9	6 47 19.4	15 24 55.0	21.4	Tanakadate	
Mean	0.27527									

$$\begin{aligned}
 &H = 0.27527 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -293 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 00 \\
 \hline
 &H = 0.27524
 \end{aligned}$$

Ippongi Syuttyō (一木木出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Imabetu Hatiman (今別八幡社前)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 27 th 14 ^h 34 ^m	13	55° 13.0	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 27 th 15 ^h 1 ^m	*0.27543	431.64	25.5C	6.0444	25.5C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō "

194. ŌMA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 28 th 20 ^h 19.0 ^m	6° 22' 31"	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 21 56.5	" 22 18	"	"
" " 22 4.1	" 22 37	"	"
" 29 th 0 9.1	" 22 14	"	"
" " 2 9.3	" 21 47	"	"
" " 4 48.1	" 20 55	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 5 44.7	" 19 47	"	"
" " 7 4.5	" 19 10	"	"
" " 8 15.7	" 19 47	Katō	Sinzyō
" " 9 26.0	" 21 58	"	"
" " 19 30.8	" 24 44	"	Katō
" " 11 25.8	" 25 50	"	"
" " 12 6.0	" 25 39	"	"
" " 13 36.0	" 24 45	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 14 49.6	" 23 29	"	Tanakadate
" " 15 15.6	" 22 59	"	Katō
" " 17 24.9	" 22 24	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 18 38.6	" 22 46	"	"
" " 20 31.0	" 23 1	"	"
Mean	6° 22' 21"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\delta = 6^\circ 22' 35 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.75 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 &\delta = 6^\circ 20' 6
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 29 th 9 ^h 0 ^m	13	55° 28/8	Sinzyō	Katō
" " 14 18	13	" 25.4	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 19 42	13	" 26.4	Katō	Tanakadate
Mean		55° 26/9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 55^\circ 26/9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.38 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 55^\circ 28/3 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 29 th 7 ^h 49 ^m	0.27055	432.56	22:1C	^s 6.0928	22:3C	6°54'21"/3	15°41' 0"/6	22:0C	Katō Sinzyō	Sinzyō Katō
" " 13 8	0.27112	432.12	23.0	6.0907	23.6	6 53 23.8	15 39 6.2	22.5	Tanakadate Katō	Tanakadate Katō
" " 18 10	0.27110	432.62	22.4	6.0860	22.5	6 53 33.1	15 39 11.3	22.3	Tanakadate	" Katō
Mean	0.27092									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27052 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -260 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 00 \\ \hline H &= 0.27089 \end{aligned}$$

Ōma Syuttyō (大間出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 29 th 12 ^h 1 ^m	13	55° 6/2	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 29 th 11 ^h 12 ^m	*0.27346	432.40	22:6C	^s 6.0809	22:6C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 11 26	*0.27303	432.45	22.5	6.0655	22.5	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.27325									

(2)

Ōma Zizōdō (大間地藏堂)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 29 th 15 ^h 38 ^m	13	55° 32/2	Katō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 29 th 15 ^h 7 ^m	*0.27085	432.51	22:3C	^s 6.1893	22:3C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Katō

195. TANABU.

(下北都御料地大字田名部字内田四十二號ノ一)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 1 ^h 40 ^m	6° 13' 31"	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 1 16.8	" 13 44	"	"
" " 2 58.7	" 12 4	"	"
" " 5 49.3	" 11 11	"	"
" " 6 50.9	" 10 36	"	"
" " 8 27.6	" 10 50	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 9 43.9	" 13 6	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 10 45.1	" 15 29	Tanakadate	Katō
" " 11 48.2	" 16 27	"	"
" " 13 12.0	" 15 42	"	Sinzyō
" " 14 37.2	" 16 55	"	"
" " 15 26.2	" 16 29	"	Tanakada'e
" " 17 23.3	" 14 42	"	"
" " 18 16.0	" 14 37	"	Sinzyō
" " 19 30.7	" 14 19	"	"
" " 21 4.0	" 14 11	"	"
" " 22 48.4	" 13 52	"	"
Sept. 1 st 1 48.5	" 13 1	"	"
" " 5 40.2	" 11 24	"	"
Mean	6° 13' 55"		

 $\delta = 6^\circ 13.92$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.63

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 6^\circ 12.3$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 9 ^h 12 ^m	13	55° 8.4	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 14 14	13	" 6.5	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 20 25	13	" 8.8	Sinzyō	"
Mean		55° 7.9		

 $\theta = 55^\circ 7.9$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.19

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 55^\circ 9.1$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 31 st 8 ^h 3 ^m	0.27539	433.30	21.5C	6.0331	21.4C	6°47'29.4	15°24'51.9	21.6C	Tanakadate Katō	Katō Tanakadate
" " 12 46	0.27535	431.03	25.7	6.0497	25.6	6 45 33.8	15 20 46.2	25.7	"	"
" " 19 3	0.27551	432.65	21.0	6.0380	21.6	6 47 10.0	15 24 25.0	20.5	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean	0.27542								"	"

 $H = 0.27542$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -202

" " sea level = 00

 $H = 0.27540$

Tanabu Syuttyō (田名部出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

(内田四十二號ノ一)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 16 ^h 55 ^m	13	55° 21.4	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 31 st 15 ^h 52 ^m	*0.27450	431.41	23.5 C	^s 6.0564	26.5 C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
„ „ 16 8	*0.27334	431.51	26.2	6.0620	26.2	—	—	—	„	„
Mean	0.27422									

(2)

(内田四拾二號ノ一)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer.	Recorder
Sept. 1 st 8 ^h 39 ^m	13	55° 11'S	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 1 st 6 ^h 41 ^m	*0.27438	432.66	22.8 C	^s 6.0489	22.8 C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

196. MAKADO.

Aza Toriitai (字鳥居平)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 14 ^h 23.2 ^m	5° 55' 34"	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
„ „ 15 14.5	„ 54 48	„	„
„ „ 16 40.2	„ 53 7	„	„
„ „ 17 39.3	„ 53 2	„	Tanakadate
„ „ 19 0.5	„ 53 23	„	„
„ „ 20 28.8	„ 53 34	Katō	Katō
„ „ 21 39.2	„ 53 29	„	„
„ „ 3 rd 0 37.9	„ 53 1	„	„
„ „ 2 52.6	„ 52 23	„	„
„ „ 5 11.9	„ 51 55	„	„
„ „ 6 47.3	„ 49 18	„	„
„ „ 8 13.3	„ 49 48	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
„ „ 9 38.3	„ 52 18	„	„
„ „ 10 23.9	„ 53 57	„	„
„ „ 11 28.3	„ 55 42	„	„
„ „ 12 32.9	„ 56 35	Katō	Katō
„ „ 13 35.5	„ 57 1	„	Sinzyō
„ „ 14 22.2	„ 56 41	Sinzyō	Katō
„ „ 15 3.3	„ 55 54	Katō	Sinzyō
Mean	5° 53' 13"		

δ = 5° 53' 22"

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.60

„ „ sea level = -0.01

δ = 5° 51' 16"

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 9 ^h 6 ^m	13	54° 42.6	Tanakadate	Katō
„ „ 19 49	13	„ 40.4	Katō	„
„ „ 3 rd 9 5	—	„ 43.2	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
Mean		54° 42.1		

θ = 54° 42.1

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.14

„ „ sea level = 0.01

θ = 54° 43.3

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 2 nd 9 th 53 ^m	*0.27699	431.94	23.9C	^s 6.0253	23.9C	—	—	—	Katō	Tanakadate
" " 10 3	*0.27663	431.79	24.3	6.0303	24.3	—	—	—	"	"
" " 18 33	0.27705	432.51	21.5	6.0211	21.8	6 44 42.5	15 18 52.5	21.3	{ Tanakadate Sinzyō	{ Sinzyō Tanakadate
" 3 rd 7 51	0.27697	433.39	20.6	6.0159	20.9	6 45 27.5	15 20 15.0	20.4	{ Tanakadate Sinzyō	{ Sinzyō Katō
" " 13 15	0.27698	430.96	26.8	6.0341	27.5	6 43 23.8	15 15 50.0	26.2	{ Sinzyō Katō	{ Katō Sinzyō
Mean	0.27692									

$$\begin{array}{r}
 H = 0.27692 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -211 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 140 \\
 \hline
 H = 0.27691
 \end{array}$$

Makado Syuttō (馬門出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1) Hurukawa coast (野邊地古川海岸)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 11 ^h 50 ^m	13	54° 34.8	Tanakadate	Katō
			"	"

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 2 nd 11 ^h 57 ^m	*0.27734	431.90	24.0C	^s 6.0217	24.0C	—	—	—	Katō	Tanakadate

(2) Toriitai (鳥居平)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 14 ^h 23 ^m	13	54° 37.5	Tanakadate	Katō
			"	"

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 2 nd 12 ^h 44 ^m	*0.27705	431.38	25.4C	^s 6.0287	25.4C	—	—	—	Katō	Tanakadate

(3) Siraiwa (野邊地字白岩河原)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 2 nd 16 ^h 39 ^m	13	54° 27.8	Tanakadate	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 2 nd 16 ^h 3 ^m	*0.27699	432.17	23.3C	^s 6.0237	23.3C	—	—	—	Katō	Tanakadate

(4) Toriitai (字鳥居平海岸)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 3 rd 12 ^h 11 ^m	13	54° 38.7	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _p	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 3 rd 10 ^h 57 ^m	*0.27668	430.06	28.8°C	6.0421	28.8°C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 11 12	*0.27601	430.04	28.8	6.0431	28.8	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.27635									

(5)

Syōkonsya (招魂社前)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 3 rd 16 ^h 6 ^m	13	54 31.8	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

(6)

Station, 1887 (本町仙臺屋安田彦兵衛方ノツト観測點)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 3 rd 17 ^h 41 ^m	13	54 32.3	Sinzyō	Katō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _p	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Sept. 3 rd 17 ^h 11 ^m	*0.27736	431.51	25.0°C	6.0244	25.0°C	—	—	—	Katō	Sinzyō

197. AOMORI.

Okidate (Obama) (瀧内村大字沖館字小濱五十三番)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept. 3 rd 22 ^h 49.7 ^m	5'	29'	52"	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 23 52.9	"	29	35	"	Sinzyō
" " 4 th 0 35.4	"	29	10	"	"
" " 2 37.9	"	28	8	"	"
" " 5 1.0	"	28	19	"	"
" " 5 41.6	"	27	25	"	"
" " 6 31.3	"	25	57	"	"
" " 7 48.5	"	25	14	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 8 50.5	"	25	31	"	"
" " 9 42.5	"	27	24	"	"
" " 10 54.4	"	29	37	"	"
" " 11 37.7	"	31	39	"	"
" " 12 24.1	"	33	14	"	"
" " 13 0.1	"	34	42	"	Sinzyō
" " 14 13.8	"	33	53	"	"
" " 15 15.4	"	32	28	Sinzyō	"
" " 16 31.3	"	32	16	"	"
" " 17 29.1	"	31	27	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 18 9.9	"	32	7	"	Sinzyō
" " 19 20.9	"	31	39	"	"
" " 20 49.9	"	30	28	Sinzyō	"
" " 21 37.3	"	30	32	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 22 53.0	"	30	28	"	"
" " 5 th 0 31.6	"	29	20	"	"
" " 4 58.4	"	30	47	"	"
To be continued					

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	5 ^h	5 ^h 29.8 ^m	5 31' 2"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	7 17.3	" 30 22	"	"
"	"	9 1.3	" 32 20	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	9 38.4	" 33 57	"	"
"	"	11 5.4	" 36 4	"	"
"	"	12 39.1	" 37 50	"	Tanakadate
"	"	14 41.6	" 35 53	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	16 9.7	" 33 30	"	"
"	"	18 4.7	" 27 29	"	Tanakadate
"	"	18 57.6	" 29 52	"	"
Mean			5 29' 58"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^{\circ} 29.97 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.63 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 5^{\circ} 28.3 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	4 ^h	14 ^h 52 ^m	13	54 52.5	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
"	"	20 13	13	" 56.6	Sinzyō	"
"	"	5 ^h 8 16	14	" 54.9	"	"
"	"	9 58	13	" 56.4	"	"
"	"	11 50	13	" 59.1	"	"
"	"	15 38	13	" 55.3	Tanakadate	"
Mean				54 55.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 54^{\circ} 55.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.22 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 54^{\circ} 57.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_0	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 4 ^h 7 ^h 22 ^m	0.27745	432.36	23.6C	6.0164	23.1C	6.43'26.72	15'15.3974	24.1C	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 13 51	0.27739	429.49	31.2	6.0333	31.5	6.41'13.8	15'10.54.4	30.9	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
" " 18 56	0.27657	431.45	25.6	6.0339	25.8	6.44'11.2	15'17.30.0	25.5	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
Mean	0.27714									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.27711 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -281 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0 \\ \hline H &= 0.27711 \end{aligned}$$

Aomori Syuttuō (青森出張)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

(1)

Near Okidate-inari (神館稻荷社近傍)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	4 ^h	17 ^h 46 ^m	13	54' 58.8	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_0	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 5 ^h 18 ^h 21 ^m	*0.27650	132.16	21.0C	6.0291	21.0C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

(2)

Near the Road (蟹田街道附近)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 5 th 17 ^h 25 ^m	13	54 55.3	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 5 th 16 ^h 56 ^m	*0.27679	431.49	25.8C	6.0308	25.8C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate

(3)

Easte bank of the River Tutumi (堤川東岸)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 6 th 8 ^h 32 ^m	13	54 49.2	Tanakadate	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 6 th 7 ^h 52 ^m	*0.27782	431.76	25.1C	6.0176	25.1C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Tanakadate
" " 8 5	*0.27792	431.63	25.4	6.0175	25.4	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sinzyō
Mean	0.27787									

198. FUKAYA.

Tenrikyōkwai (天理教會構内)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
June. 28 th 9 ^h 18.3 ^m	4° 36' 47"	Imamura	Tamaru
" " 9 43.5	" 31 28	"	"
" " 10 40.0	" 34 6	"	"
" " 11 34.0	" 36 25	"	Nakamura
" " 12 26.3	" 39 6	"	Tamaru
" " 13 25.1	" 49 26	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 14 19.8	" 40 31	Imamura	"
" " 15 15.6	" 39 58	Tamaru	Tamaru
" " 15 1.9	" 38 28	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 17 2.8	" 36 43	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 17 51.8	" 35 8	"	Nakamura
" " 18 57.3	" 34 28	"	"
" " 19 51.6	" 35 34	"	"
" " 22 5.8	" 35 34	"	Tamaru
" " 22 57.7	" 35 32	Imamura	Tamaru
" " 29 th 2 30.3	" 35 21	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 4 57.5	" 32 11	Tamaru	Tamaru
" " 5 44.6	" 31 31	"	"
" " 6 50.3	" 29 24	"	Imamura
" " 7 34.3	" 30 15	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 8 48.9	" 31 45	"	"
Mean	4° 35' 7"	Tamaru	Imamura

Reduction to $\delta = 4^\circ 35' 12''$

" " sea level = -0.51

 $\delta = 4^\circ 34' 16''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder.
June	25 th	11 ^h 18 ^m	1	49° 58.4	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	14 43	1	" 52.9	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	18 7	1	" 51.6	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	21 21	1	" 57.1	Nakamura	"
"	29 th	8 0	1	" 52.2	"	"
Mean				49° 54.4		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 49^\circ 54.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.97 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 49^\circ 53.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
June 28 th 10 ^h 20 ^m	0.29576	435.29	25.5C	5.8538	25.3C	6°20'22.75	14°28'37.1	25.7C	Imamura	Tamaru
" " 14 2	0.29584	434.15	29.0	5.8651	29.3	6 19 30.0	14 26 16.3	28.7	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 17 30	0.2 530	434.34	27.4	5.8638	28.0	6 20 3.1	14 27 26.2	26.9	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 22 37	0.29576	436.30	22.5	6.8193	22.2	6 21 19.4	14 30 15.6	22.7	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 29 th 8 33	0.2 621	437.62	18.5	5.8356	18.1	6 22 6.9	14 32 25.0	18.9	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.29583									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.29583 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -2.82 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 51 \\ \hline & H = 0.29581 \end{aligned}$$

199. SAKURA.

Parade ground (陸軍練兵場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July	2 nd	16 ^h 45.6 ^m	4°	22'	55"	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	17 57.0	"	21	12	Imamura	"
"	"	19 25.3	"	21	9	"	"
"	"	20 47.1	"	21	54	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	22 13.3	"	21	11	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	23 12.4	"	20	55	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	3 rd	4 36.8	"	19	47	"	"
"	"	5 45.2	"	20	5	"	"
"	"	8 2.8	"	18	29	"	"
"	"	9 22.0	"	18	58	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	10 6.4	"	21	20	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	11 4.1	"	23	42	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	12 4.0	"	24	43	"	"
"	"	13 18.5	"	25	22	"	Nakamura
"	"	13 53.0	"	25	47	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	14 55.3	"	25	8	"	Nakamura
"	"	16 2.1	"	23	25	"	"
"	"	17 9.1	"	22	13	"	Imamura
Mean			4°	21'	33"		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 4^\circ 21' 33'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.41 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \delta = 4^\circ 21' 2'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	2 nd 17 ^h 41 ^m	1	49° 9.5	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 21 32	2	" 6.1	Tamaru	"
"	3 rd 8 43	1	" 8.8	Imamura	{ Nakamura
"	" 15 29	1	" 9.8	Nakamura	{ Imamura
Mean			49° 8.3		"

$\theta = 49^\circ$ 8.3
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.50
" " sea level = 0.60
 $\theta = 49^\circ$ 8.1

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 2 nd 22 ^h 43 ^m	0.29761	435.59	20.4 C	5.8369	20.5 C	6°19'33.0	11°26'29.0	20.4 C	Nakamura	Imamura
" 3 rd 10 4	0.29723	434.61	23.3	5.8175	23.4	6 17 56.9	14 22 23.1	23.2	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 11 17	0.29729	431.31	26.2	5.8487	26.2	6 17 43.8	14 22 7.5	23.2	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 19 44	0.29739	435.62	23.6	5.8383	23.4	6 18 33.1	14 23 43.8	23.8	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.29738									

$H = 0.29738$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -175
" " sea level = 38
 $H = 0.29737$

200. SAWARA.

Araku Hudō (アラクノ不動内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ	Observer	Recorder
July	4 th 22 ^h 23.1 ^m	4° 22' 58"	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 5 th 2 51.8	" 23 58	"	"
"	" " 4 45.0	" 23 34	"	"
"	" " 6 26.9	" 21 6	"	"
"	" " 7 33.0	" 21 4	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	" " 9 42.8	" 18 58	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" " 11 49.9	" 28 47	"	Nakamura
"	" " 12 34.4	" 29 42	Tamaru	"
"	" " 14 1.5	" 30 34	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	" " 15 3.6	" 28 54	"	Nakamura
"	" " 16 12.7	" 26 46	Imamura	"
"	" " 13 33.5	" 25 21	"	"
"	" " 16 47.6	" 25 26	"	"
"	" " 17 0.0	" 25 39	"	"
"	" " 18 5.0	" 24 24	Nakamura	"
"	" " 19 13.0	" 24 16	"	"
"	" " 20 4.8	" 24 37	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	" " 22 14.4	" 24 33	Nakamura	"
"	" " 23 0.8	" 24 31	"	Nakamura
"	6 th 3 12.2	" 23 27	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	" " 6 9.1	" 20 48	"	"
"	" " 6 52.8	" 19 58	"	"
"	" " 7 59.6	" 1 55	"	"
"	" " 9 2.6	" 20 9	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		4° 24' 32"		

$\delta = 4^\circ$ 24.53
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.10
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ$ 24.1

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	5 th	7 ^h	15 ^m	—	49° 15.3	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16	13	—	" 17.8	Tamara	Nakamura
"	"	18	56	—	" 17.4	Nakamura	"
"	"	22	39	—	" 17.0	"	{ Tamara Nakamura
"	6 th	9	3	—	" 19.1	"	"
Mean					49° 17.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 49^\circ 17.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.61 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta = 49^\circ 16.7 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 4 th 2 ^h 1 ^m	0.29682	431.30	23.7 C	5.8528	23.5 C	6° 18' 57.0	14° 22' 33.9	24.0 C	Nakamura	Tamara
" 5 th 11 43	0.29689	433.90	27.3	5.8564	27.7	6 17 58.1	14 22 33.2	23.9	Tamara	Nakamura
" " 17 27	0.29639	433.63	27.0	5.8628	27.2	6 18 13.8	14 23 8.1	23.8	Imamura	"
" " 21 54	0.29657	434.87	24.0	5.8531	24.6	6 19 13.8	14 25 20.6	23.4	Tamara	"
" 6 th 9 58	0.29645	433.81	28.7	5.8311	29.0	6 18 4.0	14 22 22.0	28.5	Nakamura	Tamara
Mean	0.29662									

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.29662 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -137 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 13 \\ \hline H = 0.29661 \end{aligned}$$

201. TYŌSI.

Wakamiya Hatiman (若宮八幡宮)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	7 th	1 ^h	14.8 ^m	4°	19'	33"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	4	53.0	"	11	20	"	"
"	"	5	8.4	"	11	4	"	"
"	"	6	17.8	"	10	33	"	"
"	"	7	4.5	"	9	49	Tamara	Tamara
"	"	8	1.1	"	10	10	"	"
"	"	9	23.3	"	12	0	"	Nakamura
"	"	10	37.2	"	16	15	"	"
"	"	11	17.9	"	16	45	Nakamura	"
"	"	11	52.1	"	17	51	Tamara	Tamara
"	"	13	23.0	"	18	54	Nakamura	"
"	"	14	26.1	"	18	22	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15	29.7	"	16	49	"	"
"	"	16	23.3	"	14	46	"	"
"	"	17	35.6	"	13	11	"	Nakamura
"	"	18	46.8	"	12	40	Tamara	Imamura
"	"	21	16.0	"	13	25	Nakamura	Tamara
"	"	22	35.4	"	13	15	"	Imamura
"	"	23	34.0	"	13	26	"	Nakamura
Mean				4°	13'	47"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 4^\circ 13' 47'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.33 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 4^\circ 13' 4 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	7 th	5 ^h	58 ^m	—	49° 14	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9	58	—	48 52.9	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	16	1	1	" 56.0	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	18	4	1	" 57.3	"	"
"	"	23	14	1	" 55.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					48° 56.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 56.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.77 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 55.7 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
July	7 th	9 ^h	1 ^m	0.29733	433.50	28.3C	5.8518	27.5C	6° 16' 39.0	14° 19' 36.0	29.1C	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	13	4	0.29777	432.52	31.0	5.8559	30.9	6 15 14.4	14 16 5.6	31.1	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	15	7	0.29761	433.40	28.2	5.8520	28.3	6 16 25.0	14 18 55.6	28.1	Imamura	"
"	"	17	17	0.29744	433.43	27.5	5.8544	28.1	6 16 48.1	14 19 52.5	27.0	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	23	14	0.29771	434.45	25.1	5.8440	25.4	6 17 17.5	14 20 54.4	24.9	{ Imamura Tamaru	{ " Nakamura
Mean				0.29757									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29757 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.92 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0 \\ \hline H &= 0.29756 \end{aligned}$$

202. ITINOMIYA.

North Bank of the River Itinomiya (一宮川北岸芝地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	9 th	12 ^h	1.3 ^m	4°	18'	16''	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	12	29.6	"	19	22	"	Tamaru
"	"	13	24.1	"	20	36	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	14	17.8	"	20	18	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	1.3	"	18	0	"	Tamaru
"	"	16	43.8	"	17	15	"	"
"	"	17	51.4	"	15	25	"	"
"	"	19	4.3	"	15	20	Tamaru	"
"	"	20	18.3	"	15	26	Nakamura	"
"	"	22	21.0	"	15	16	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	10 th	0	7.0	"	15	18	"	Tamaru
"	"	5	41.6	"	12	30	"	"
"	"	6	22.9	"	10	51	"	"
"	"	6	45.9	"	10	30	"	"
"	"	8	26.2	"	9	17	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9	40.6	"	11	34	Tamaru	"
"	"	10	55.5	"	14	56	Nakamura	"
Mean				4°	15'	5''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 15' 5'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.34 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 14.7' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	9 ^h	4 ^h	24 ^m	—	48° 45.1	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	20	16	—	" 42.4	Tamaru	} Nakamura Tamaru Nakamura
"	10 th	7	54	—	" 43.8	"	
"	"	9	7	—	" 48.8	Nakamura	
Mean					48° 45.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 45.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.78 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 44.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 9 th 15 ^h 45 ^m	0.29768	433.44	23.9 C	5.8524	27.7 C	6° 16' 31.2"	14° 19' 37.8"	26.2 C	Tamaru	Nakamura
" " 18 37	0.29768	435.17	22.1	5.8393	22.3	6 17 55.6	14 22 14.4	21.9	Nakamura	Tamaru
" " 22 57	0.29772	435.55	20.8	5.8357	20.8	6 18 16.2	14 23 10.6	20.9	"	"
" 10 th 10 31	0.29744	435.23	22.3	5.8406	22.3	6 18 1.2	14 22 7.5	22.3	Tamaru	Nakamura
Mean	0.29763									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29763 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -140 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0 \\ \hline H &= 0.29762 \end{aligned}$$

203. MAEBARA.

Kamogawa Gakkō (鴨川學校)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	11 th	19 ^h	6.0 ^m	4°	12'	35"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	37.9	"	12	24	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	12 th	4	4.3	"	9	17	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	5	6.8	"	8	36	"	"
"	"	6	19.7	"	6	52	"	"
"	"	7	6.9	"	5	34	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	8	38.8	"	6	47	Nakamura	"
"	"	10	20.0	"	9	17	Tamaru	"
"	"	11	53.7	"	13	58	"	Nakamura
"	"	13	42.0	"	16	48	"	"
"	"	13	53.3	"	16	39	"	"
"	"	15	27.8	"	15	31	"	"
"	"	17	37.2	"	11	52	Nakamura	"
"	"	19	11.1	"	10	57	Tamaru	} Tamaru
"	"	20	13.5	"	11	26	Nakamura	
"	"	21	36.3	"	11	24	"	
"	13 th	1	11.2	"	11	57	Tamaru	"
"	"	3	16.2	"	11	16	"	"
"	"	6	42.0	"	7	45	"	"
"	"	8	22.5	"	10	16	Nakamura	} Nakamura Tamaru
Mean				4°	11'	24"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 11' 24'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1865.0 &= -0.33 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 11' 1'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	12 th	8 ^h	14 ^m	1	48° 17.9	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	11	5	1	" 17.3	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	18	28	1	" 21.6	Tamaru	"
"	13 th	10	31	1	" 21.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					45° 19.7		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ 19.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.74 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ & \theta = 48^\circ 19.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_n	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 12 th	0.29834	435.61	21.0C	5.8292	21.0C	6 17' 15.76	14 20' 25.70	21.0C	Tamaru	Nakamura
" "	0.29875	435.28	22.2	5.8276	22.2	6 16 29.4	14 18 43.8	22.2	Nakamura	Tamaru
" "	0.29889	435.35	20.9	5.8259	21.0	6 16 56.2	14 20 33.8	20.8	Tamaru	Nakamura
" "	0.29806	434.03	25.5	5.8414	25.0	6 16 6.0	14 17 57.5	26.1	Nakamura	Tamaru
Mean	0.29851									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.29851 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -184 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0 \\ & H = 0.29849 \end{aligned}$$

204. KISARATU.

Kisaratu Aduma Zinsya (木更津町近郊 吾妻神社境内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	14 th	13 ^h	38.5 ^m	4°	23'	8''	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	15.9	"	23	11	Tamaru	"
"	"	15	25.4	"	25	17	"	"
"	"	16	45.6	"	20	18	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	17	47.8	"	20	25	"	"
"	"	19	2.6	"	17	50	"	Nakamura
"	"	20	0.8	"	18	14	"	"
"	"	23	10.8	"	18	3	"	"
"	15 th	4	29.2	"	16	29	"	"
"	"	5	34.8	"	14	33	"	"
"	"	6	42.1	"	14	6	"	"
"	"	7	34.8	"	14	52	"	"
"	"	8	32.7	"	16	9	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	9	51.0	"	18	24	"	Nakamura
"	"	11	18.4	"	21	42	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	11	38.3	"	22	1	"	"
"	"	12	52.1	"	23	22	"	"
"	"	13	14.8	"	23	55	"	"
"	"	13	33.7	"	23	25	"	"
"	"	14	31.2	"	24	21	"	Nakamura
"	"	15	20.2	"	23	14	"	"
"	"	16	30.4	"	22	24	Tamaru	"
Mean				4°	18'	40''		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 4^\circ 18.67 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.39 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ & \delta = 4^\circ 18.3 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	14 th	17 ^h	20 ^m	—	48° 42.8	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	19	40	—	" 44.9	Nakamura	"
"	"	15 th	6 20	—	" 39.1	"	"
"	"	12	28	1	" 37.8	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	15	2	1	" 35.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					48° 40.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 40.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.64 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 39.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 14 th 15 ^h 5 ^m	0.29830	433.47	28.3C	^s 5.8472	29.4C	6°15'27.75	14°15'55.70	27.2C	Nakamura	Tamaru
" " 18 42	0.29811	434.60	23.4	5.8413	24.6	6 17 24.4	14 21 22.5	22.2	Tamaru	Nakamura
" " 22 41	0.29816	436.09	19.3	5.8277	19.3	6 18 4.4	14 22 31.3	19.3	Nakamura	Tamaru
" " 15 th 11 0	0.29829	433.61	27.5	5.8437	27.5	6 15 39.4	14 16 58.8	27.4	Tamaru	Nakamura
" " 14 7	0.29829	434.21	25.5	5.8399	25.7	6 16 7.5	14 17 53.8	25.4	Nakamura	Tamaru
Mean	0.29823									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29823 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -202 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0 \\ \hline H &= 0.29821 \end{aligned}$$

205. MITO.

Mito Middle School (中學校構内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July	20 th	13 ^h 58.4 ^m	4'	25'	2"	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	14 32.6	"	24	25	"	"
"	"	16 3.1	"	23	47	Imamura	Tamura
"	"	17 31.6	"	22	46	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	18 33.8	"	22	42	"	Imamura
"	"	19 4.7	"	23	34	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	20 4.5	"	23	22	"	"
"	"	20 56.9	"	22	41	Nakamura	"
"	"	21 57.6	"	22	35	"	Nakamura
"	"	23 29.3	"	22	57	"	"
"	21 st	4 9.3	"	20	23	"	"
"	"	5 52.6	"	18	34	"	"
"	"	6 54.4	"	18	12	"	"
"	"	8 49.5	"	20	7	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	10 11.8	"	24	53	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	11 8.7	"	26	17	"	{ Imamura
"	"	12 12.5	"	27	24	Imamura	"
"	"	13 14.7	"	26	54	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	13 49.1	"	25	50	"	"
Mean			4'	22'	43"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' 22.72 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.51 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4' 22.22 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	20 th	17 ^h	0 ^m	1	49° 50.4	Nakamura	{ Nakamura Imamura " Tamaru " Imamura
"	"	20	33	1	" 5.12	Imamura	
"	21 st	8	53	1	" 47.2	Tamaru	
"	"	11	34	1	" 53.2	Nakamura	
Mean					49° 50.5		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \theta = 49^\circ 50.5 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.50 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 49^\circ 50.0
 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 20 th 16 ^h 26 ^m	0.29497	433.95	24.8C	5.8749	25.1C	6°20'32.75	14°28'40.00	24.5C	Imamura	Tamaru
" " 19 42	0.29454	433.72	24.0	5.8797	24.0	6 20 34.4	14 28 23.6	24.0	Tamaru	Imamura
" " 21 30	0.29464	433.89	24.1	5.8777	24.1	6 20 41.3	14 28 47.5	24.1	Nakamura	"
" 21 st 7 54	0.29463	433.52	24.9	5.8798	24.7	6 20 13.8	14 27 37.5	25.1	Tamaru	Nakamura
Mean	0.29470									

$$\begin{array}{r}
 H = 0.29470 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -159 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 13 \\
 \hline
 H = 0.29469
 \end{array}$$

206. UEDA.

Ueda Gakkō (植田學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	22 nd	17 ^h	40.1 ^m	4'	29'	35''	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	18	11.7	"	29	11	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	19	18.3	"	30	4	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	20	8.8	"	30	4	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	21	16.9	"	29	57	Tamaru	"
"	"	22	13.9	"	29	52	"	Tamaru
"	23 rd	5	14.0	"	27	18	"	"
"	"	5	48.0	"	26	25	"	"
"	"	7	12.8	"	24	59	"	"
"	"	8	35.3	"	26	31	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	9	33.1	"	30	4	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	10	27.5	"	32	14	"	"
"	"	11	34.8	"	31	2	Nakamura	"
"	"	12	40.4	"	35	7	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	13	33.6	"	34	46	"	"
"	"	14	34.9	"	33	16	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15	44.4	"	31	58	Tamaru	Tamaru
Mean				4'	30'	12''		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4^\circ 30.20 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.55 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 4^\circ 29.7
 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	22 nd	20 ^h	45 ^m	1	50° 23.2	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	23 rd	6 39	1	" 28.1	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	11	8	—	" 23.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	15	13	1	" 25.2	Tamaru	Imamura
Mean					50° 25.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 50^\circ 25.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.45 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 50^\circ 24.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
July	22 nd	18 ^h 56 ^m	0.29258	433.91	25.0C	5.8986	25.2C	6°23'30"0	14°35'25"6	24.9C	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	21 46	0.29270	433.99	24.2	5.8964	24.1	6 23 31.3	14 35 41.3	24.2	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	23 rd 10 3	0.29222	432.82	27.2	5.9095	27.2	6 22 54.4	14 33 58.8	27.1	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	14 9	0.29282	433.05	27.5	5.9011	27.2	6 22 10.0	14 32 15.6	27.8	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean			0.29258									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29258 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -111 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0 \\ \hline H &= 0.29257 \end{aligned}$$

207. NAMIE.

Namie Gakkō (浪江學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	24 th	20 ^h	42.1 ^m	4°	22'	15"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	"	21 27.6	"	23	9	Tamaru	"
"	"	"	21 49.9	"	23	13	"	Imamura
"	"	"	22 50.1	"	22	51	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	25 th	1 43.7	"	21	51	"	"
"	"	"	5 10.8	"	20	28	"	"
"	"	"	6 4.8	"	18	58	"	"
"	"	"	7 11.5	"	17	21	"	"
"	"	"	8 25.3	"	18	8	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	"	9 30.0	"	20	16	Tamaru	"
"	"	"	10 39.2	"	22	11	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	"	11 45.9	"	25	8	"	"
"	"	"	12 37.4	"	26	25	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	"	13 35.0	"	26	53	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	"	15 20.3	"	24	11	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	"	15 55.8	"	23	21	Imamura	"
"	"	"	17 15.4	"	21	43	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	"	17 44.7	"	21	19	Nakamura	"
"	"	"	18 54.3	"	21	24	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	"	19 54.1	"	21	36	Nakamura	"
Mean				4°	22'	7"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 22' 7'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.63 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 21' 5'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	25 th	6 ^h	34 ^m	—	50° 58.3	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11	23	1	" 58.5	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16	28	1	" 59.3	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	20	35	1	" 57.1	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean					50° 58.3		

$\theta = 50^\circ 58.3$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.28
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 50^\circ 58.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 24 th 22 ^h 30 ^m	0.29328	433.79	24.8C	5.8918	24.7C	6 22' 21.2"	14 32' 40.7"	24.8C	Imamura	Nakamura
" 25 th 8 9	0.29331	434.25	23.5	5.8880	23.2	6 22 50.6	14 34 3.8	23.7	"	Tamaru
" " 15 0	0.29331	433.60	24.7	5.8932	24.7	6 22 15.6	14 32 34.4	24.6	Tamaru	Imamura
" " 18 24	0.29327	434.23	23.7	5.8890	23.6	6 22 41.9	14 33 22.5	23.8	Nakamura	Tamaru
Mean	0.29329									

$H = 0.29329$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -112
" " sea level = 0

 $H = 0.29328$

208. WATARI.

Watari Common School (亘理小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	27 th	13 ^h	45.3 ^m	4°	21'	48"	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	14	1.8	"	22	0	"	"
"	"	14	57.1	"	23	1	"	"
"	"	16	8.5	"	23	5	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	17	16.3	"	19	13	Nakamura	"
"	"	17	32.7	"	19	11	Tamaru	"
"	"	17	44.2	"	18	15	Nakamura	"
"	"	17	54.1	"	18	6	Imamura	"
"	"	19	1.3	"	20	18	"	Nakamura
"	"	20	12.3	"	20	1	Nakamura	Tamaru
"	"	22	32.1	"	19	32	Imamura	Tamaru
"	28 th	0	25.6	"	18	45	Nakamura	"
"	"	4	50.4	"	15	58	"	"
"	"	5	46.2	"	17	28	"	"
"	"	6	9.0	"	17	5	"	"
"	"	6	52.0	"	16	6	"	"
"	"	8	3.8	"	18	17	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	8	45.3	"	19	5	"	"
"	"	9	18.2	"	19	57	"	"
"	"	9	55.0	"	20	51	"	"
"	"	11	1.1	"	22	46	"	Nakamura
"	"	11	56.4	"	23	5	"	Tamaru
"	"	12	55.9	"	22	33	"	"
"	"	13	45.3	"	21	55	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	30.3	"	22	35	Tamaru	Tamaru
Mean				4°	19'	38"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 19' 38''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.78
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^\circ 18' 28''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 27 th 16 ^h 6 ^m	—	51° 31.5	Nakamura	Tamara
" " 21 33	1	" 31.2	Tamara	Imamura
" 28 th 7 28	—	" 32.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 11 55	—	" 30.1	Tamara	Tamara
Mean		51° 31.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 51^\circ 31.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.06 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 51^\circ 31.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY.
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 27 th 14 ^h 41 ^m	0.29052	432.56	28.5C	5.9290	28.7C	6°24'53"1	14°38'31"9	28.4C	Imamura	Tamara
" " 18 40	0.29013	434.19	24.0	5.9208	23.8	6 26 43.8	14 42 39.4	24.1	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 23 58	0.29020	434.25	23.6	5.9203	23.7	6 26 47.5	14 42 48.8	23.5	Tamara	Nakamura
" 28 th 10 37	0.28986	433.45	26.2	5.9278	26.1	6 26 11.9	14 41 18.1	26.4	Nakamura	Tamara
Mean	0.29018									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29018 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -147 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 26 \\ H &= 0.29017 \end{aligned}$$

207. HUKUSIMA.

Hukusima Normal School (福島尋常師範學校附屬地)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 28 th 22 ^h 10.1 ^m	4° 58' 33"	Imamura	Imamura
" " 22 31.5	" 58 43	"	"
" 29 th 1 53.2	" 58 3	"	"
" " 4 57.4	" 56 21	"	"
" " 6 9.0	" 56 45	"	"
" " 6 46.7	" 55 36	"	"
" " 7 51.4	" 56 43	Tamara	Tamara
" " 9 2.1	" 57 31	Nakamura	"
" " 10 20.1	" 58 15	"	Nakamura
" " 11 23.3	" 59 38	Imamura	Imamura
" " 12 12.0	5 0 52	"	Tamara
" " 13 5.7	" 2 15	"	"
" " 13 42.7	" 2 6	Tamara	Nakamura
" " 13 55.1	" 1 43	"	"
" " 15 4.8	" 1 54	Nakamura	Tamara
" " 15 18.3	" 1 34	"	"
" " 15 35.3	" 1 30	"	"
" " 16 34.1	" 0 2	"	"
" " 18 5.7	4 59 56	Tamara	Nakamura Tamara
" " 18 37.1	" 59 57	"	"
" " 19 45.9	" 59 49	"	"
" " 21 23.8	" 58 44	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	4° 58' 56"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 58.93 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.78 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \delta &= 4^\circ 58.1 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	29 th	0 ^h	4 ^m	1	51° 25'	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	7	26	1	" 2.5	"	"
"	"	11	55	1	" 3.6	Nakamura	"
"	"	17	32	—	" 3.6	Tamaru	Tamaru
Mean					51° 32'		

$\theta = 51^\circ 32'$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.0
" " sea level = 0.0
 $\theta = 51^\circ 32'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
July 29 th 8 ^h 40 ^m	0.29139	434.45	22.7C	5.9062 ^s	22.6C	6 25' 18.71	14 39' 16.79	22.8C	Nakamura	Tamaru
" " 14 45	0.29184	434.53	22.4	5.9016	22.5	6 24 59.4	14 38 46.9	22.3	Tamaru	Nakamura
" " 20 37	0.29188	434.96	20.7	5.8979	20.7	6 25 26.2	14 39 57.5	20.7	Imamura	"
" 30 th 8 1	0.29176	434.46	22.7	5.9024	22.6	6 24 56.2	14 38 35.6	22.8	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean	0.29172									

$H = 0.29172$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -200
" " sea level = 92
 $H = 0.29171$

210. YONEZAWA.

Play ground of Yonezawa Middle School (尋常中學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the North Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Ang.	2 nd	20 ^h	31.2 ^m	4°	52'	9"	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	54.1	"	52	15	"	"
"	"	22	6.9	"	52	49	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	23	21.2	"	52	26	"	Nakamura
"	3 rd	1	40.1	"	51	56	"	"
"	"	3	46.9	"	51	44	"	"
"	"	5	30.7	"	50	43	"	"
"	"	6	5.9	"	49	46	"	"
"	"	7	1.5	"	47	44	"	"
"	"	7	44.9	"	48	13	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	8	52.6	"	50	13	"	"
"	"	9	39.5	"	51	56	Tamaru	Imamura
"	"	10	42.9	"	50	21	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	11	5.8	"	50	40	Tamaru	"
"	"	11	43.3	"	54	22	"	"
"	"	12	46.1	"	54	29	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	13	39.4	"	54	55	"	"
"	"	14	50.4	"	53	54	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	16	9.6	"	51	56	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	16	35.7	"	46	19	Imamura	"
"	"	17	45.7	"	45	51	Nakamura	"
"	4 th	7	14.9	"	40	58	"	"
"	"	8	56.1	"	42	54	"	"
Mean				4°	51'	58"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 51' 58''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.86
" " sea level = -0.02
 $\delta = 4^\circ 51' 58''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	2 nd	14 ^h	10 ^m	—	51° 21.1	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	22	40	—	" 22.6	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	3 rd	9	58	—	" 28.7	Imamura	Tamaru
"	"	15	41	—	" 25.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					51° 24.5		

$\theta = 51^\circ 24.5$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.18
" " sea level = -0.01

$\theta = 51^\circ 24.7$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	2 nd 22 ^h 35 ^m	0.29057	433.47	24.7 C	5.9035	24.7 C	6° 25' 30.76	14° 39' 45.70	24.7 C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	3 rd 8 19	0.28977	430.71	30.2	5.9298	29.8	6 23 51.9	14 35 58.8	30.7	Tamaru	"
"	" 14 29	0.29105	431.70	31.0	5.9118	31.3	6 23 16.3	14 34 34.4	30.7	Nakamura	Tamaru
Mean		0.29046									

$H = 0.29046$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -258
" " sea level = 330
 $H = 0.29047$

211. YAMAGATA.

Yamagata Middle School (山形尋常中學校)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	22 ^h	24.8 ^m	4°	45'	31"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	23	11.2	"	45	32	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	5 th	4	27.0	"	43	27	"	"
"	"	5	44.9	"	41	30	"	"
"	"	7	20.4	"	40	5	"	"
"	"	8	25.6	"	41	18	"	"
"	"	9	29.6	"	43	40	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10	40.5	"	46	56	"	"
"	"	12	7.8	"	50	50	"	"
"	"	13	17.5	"	51	35	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	14	21.2	"	48	4	"	Nakamura
"	"	15	1.4	"	46	50	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	47.8	"	44	47	"	Tamaru
"	"	18	44.4	"	44	58	"	Nakamura
"	"	19	48.5	"	45	34	Tamaru	Tamaru
"	"	20	38.3	"	45	27	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	22	13.0	"	44	43	"	"
"	6 th	9	25.3	"	51	25	"	Tamaru
"	"	10	43.9	"	55	23	Tamaru	Nakamura
"	"	11	4.0	"	49	22	"	"
"	"	11	12.6	"	49	25	"	"
"	"	11	33.3	"	55	50	"	Tamaru
"	"	12	37.3	"	55	0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	13	24.7	"	52	32	"	Tamaru
"	"	13	54.8	"	52	13	Tamaru	"
"	"	14	12.3	"	53	38	"	Nakamura
Mean				4°	44'	59"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 44' 59''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.92
" " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 4^\circ 44' 41.0''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	5 th	8 ^h	55 ^m	—	51° 59.9	Tamamu	Tamamu
"	"	15	43	—	" 52.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	23	8	—	" 55.5	"	"
"	6 th	8	20	—	" 58.6	Tamamu	Tamamu
Mean					51° 56.6		

$$\theta = 51' 56.6$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 0.24$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\theta = 51' 56.8$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	5 th	13 ^h	59 ^m	0.28969	432.81	26.7 C	5.9170	26.8 C	6°26'30.70	14 42'40.70	26.6 C	Nakamura	Tamamu
"	"	21	47	0.28905	433.15	23.6	5.9211	23.6	6 27 26.9	14 44 30.0	23.5	Tamamu	Nakamura
"	6 th	10	14	0.28934	432.14	29.6	5.9263	30.0	6 26 7.5	14 41 23.8	29.1	"	"
"	"	12	21	0.28935	430.72	32.2	5.9358	32.4	6 24 43.2	14 38 6.3	31.9	Nakamura	Tamamu
Mean				0.28936									

$$H = 0.28936$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -2.45$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 2.13$$

$$H = 0.28936$$

212. SINZYŌ.

Tozawa Zinsya (戸澤神社)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	7 th	15 ^h	33.8 ^m	5°	15'	14"	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	16	1.8	"	14	44	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	17	2.0	"	13	0	"	Sutō
"	"	18	2.8	"	12	0	"	"
"	"	19	7.2	"	12	32	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19	58.8	"	12	59	"	Sutō
"	"	21	27.5	"	13	14	Imamura	"
"	8 th	4	42.0	"	14	34	"	Imamura
"	"	6	18.7	"	12	36	"	"
"	"	6	45.5	"	11	13	"	"
"	"	7	54.3	"	16	23	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9	2.8	"	15	54	"	Sutō
"	"	9	20.2	"	20	33	"	"
"	"	10	50.2	"	24	55	"	Nakamura
"	"	11	25.1	"	26	13	"	"
"	"	11	43.8	"	20	28	"	Sutō
"	"	12	53.3	"	21	29	Sutō	Imamura
"	"	13	49.0	"	21	14	Nakamura	Sutō
"	"	14	11.5	"	16	11	"	"
"	"	15	49.7	"	14	19	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	15	46.4	"	13	11	"	"
"	"	17	22.7	"	11	17	"	Sutō
"	"	18	32.7	"	10	54	Sutō	Nakamura
"	"	19	33.6	"	10	40	"	Sutō
"	"	20	49.8	"	11	4	"	"
"	"	21	44.3	"	11	5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	23	52.7	"	10	39	"	"
"	9 th	1	31.4	"	9	44	"	"
"	"	3	43.9	"	8	55	"	"
"	"	6	29.9	"	6	9	"	"
"	"	7	31.2	"	5	36	"	"
"	"	8	41.3	"	6	38	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	9	39.5	"	8	54	"	"
Mean				5°	16'	42"		

$$\delta = 5' 16.70$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.06$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = -0.01$$

$$\delta = 5' 9.6$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	7 th	17 ^h	4 ^{pm}	—	52 24.7	Nakamura	{ Sutō Nakamura Imamura Sutō " Imamura Sutō Nakamura
"	"	22	47	1	" 27.7	Sutō	
"	8 th	14	51	1	" 31.4	"	
"	"	17	3	1	" 25.4	Imamura	
"	9 th	6	58	1	" 27.2	Nakamura	
Mean					52° 27.3		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 52^\circ 27.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.48 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 52^\circ 27.8 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 7 th 16 ^h 40 ^m	0.28740	432.08	26.6C	5.9648	26.8C	6°28'47.5	14°47'44.4	26.3C	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 20 52	0.28719	433.28	25.4	5.9575	25.3	6 29 36.2	14 48 53.8	25.5	Imamura	Sutō
" " 8 th 10 25	0.28708	430.72	31.4	5.9767	31.1	6 27 35.6	14 44 46.9	31.8	Sutō	Nakamura
" " 17 56	0.28725	431.88	27.5	5.9667	27.4	6 28 35.6	14 47 11.2	27.6	Imamura	"
Mean	0.28723									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.28723 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -269 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 134 \\ H &= 0.28722 \end{aligned}$$

613. SAKATA.

Sakata Common School (酒田小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	10 th	11 ^h	41.0 ^m	5	17'	10''	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	11	55.0	"	18	8	"	"
"	"	13	4.8	"	46	47	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	14	16.3	"	15	0	"	"
"	"	14	51.4	"	13	59	Imamura	"
"	"	15	36.0	"	15	11	"	"
"	"	16	47.8	"	12	3	"	Imamura
"	"	17	9.6	"	12	42	"	"
"	"	17	23.1	"	13	58	"	"
"	"	18	27.7	"	13	31	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19	25.1	"	13	10	"	"
"	"	20	50.4	"	9	43	Imamura Sutō	"
"	"	22	35.3	"	12	21	Nakamura	Sutō
"	"	23	52.8	"	13	25	"	Nakamura
"	11 th	3	21.2	"	13	36	"	Sutō
"	"	4	40.4	"	14	16	"	Nakamura
"	"	5	48.5	"	11	4	"	"
"	"	6	51.6	"	8	41	"	"
				To be continued				

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	11 th	8 ^h	9.1 ^m	5°	9'	56''	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10	57.3	"	11	51	"	"
"	"	10	3.0	"	13	43	"	"
"	"	10	22.6	"	11	56	"	"
"	"	11	0.6	"	15	33	"	"
"	"	11	33.0	"	13	10	"	"
"	"	11	40.1	"	9	57	"	"
"	"	11	56.8	"	15	34	"	"
"	"	12	10.7	"	16	40	"	"
"	"	13	14.7	"	17	33	"	"
"	"	14	3.5	"	18	0	"	"
"	"	15	1.7	"	17	10	"	"
Mean				5	13'	11''		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 13' 11''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.14
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^{\circ} 12'$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	10 th	16 ^h	52 ^m	1	52° 41.1	Imamura	Imamura Sutō Imamura Nakamura
"	"	19	25	1	" 43.5	Sutō	
"	"	23	49	—	" 48.1	Nakamura	
Mean					52° 44.3		

$\theta = 52^{\circ} 44.3$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.67
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 52^{\circ} 45.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
 Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 10 th 12 ^h 37 ^m	0.28645	429.92	33.7C	5.9892	33.7C	6.27.36.79	14.44.35.70	33.7C	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 15 14	0.28669	430.81	32.3	5.9828	33.2	6.28.28.8	14.46.38.8	31.4	Imamura	Sutō
" " 20 31	*0.28631	431.60	28.3	5.9964	28.7	(6.29.37.5	14.49.32.5	28.3)	Sutō	Imamura
" " 11 th 4 7	0.28658	432.36	25.6	5.9703	25.6	6.30.3.7	14.50.38.8	25.6	Nakamura	Sutō
Mean	0.28651									

$H = 0.28651$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -324
 „ „ sea level = 0
 $H = 0.28648$

214. ATUMI.

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	11 th	14 ^h	8 ^m	1	52° 26.5	Imamura	Sutō
"	"	15	54	1	" 28.4	Sutō	Imamura
"	"	19	18	1	" 20.2	"	"
"	12 th	7	8	—	" 22.1	Imamura	Sutō
Mean					52° 24.3		

$\theta = 52^{\circ} 24.3$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.53
 „ „ sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 52^{\circ} 24.8$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
 Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug. 11 th 16 ^h 46 ^m	*0.28894	430.40	32.4C	5.9599	32.4C	—	—	—	Imamura	Sutō
" " 16 58	*0.28885	430.40	32.4	5.9609	32.4	—	—	—	Sutō	Imamura
" " 18 34	*0.28955	431.15	29.7	5.9483	29.7	—	—	—	"	"
" " 18 44	*0.28923	431.25	29.4	5.9509	29.4	—	—	—	"	"
" 12 th 6 13	*0.28945	432.75	24.6	5.9380	24.6	—	—	—	Imamura	Sutō
" " 6 29	*0.28966	432.50	25.4	5.9376	25.4	—	—	—	Sutō	Imamura
Mean	0.28928									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.28928 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -356 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.28924
 \end{aligned}$$

215. MURAKAMI.

Murakami High Common school (村上高等小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug. 12 th	17 ^h	7.3 ^m	5°	14'	7"	Imamura	Sutō
" "	"	17 21.8	"	13	44	Sutō	Nakamura
" "	"	18 23.9	"	13	2	Imamura	Imamura
" "	"	19 38.3	"	12	13	Sutō	Sutō
" "	"	20 57.0	"	12	15	Imamura	"
" "	"	22 10.7	"	11	54	"	Nakamura
" "	13 th	2 5.9	"	11	22	"	Sutō
" "	"	4 50.4	"	10	26	"	Imamura
" "	"	5 33.0	"	9	59	"	"
" "	"	6 37.0	"	8	50	"	"
" "	"	7 14.8	"	8	36	"	"
" "	"	8 40.2	"	8	34	Nakamura	"
" "	"	9 56.7	"	10	0	"	Sutō
" "	"	10 56.5	"	12	19	"	Imamura
" "	"	11 43.5	"	14	1	"	Nakamura
" "	"	12 41.7	"	15	13	Imamura	Imamura
" "	"	13 57.5	"	15	19	Nakamura	Nakamura
" "	"	14 52.1	"	14	11	Imamura	Imamura
Mean			5°	11'	56"		Nakamura

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^\circ 11' 56'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.04 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 5^\circ 10.9'
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 12 th	18 ^h	7 ^m	1	52° 1.0	Nakamura	Sutō
" "	13 th	0 36	1	" 0.4	Imamura	Imamura
" "	"	6 12	1	51 58.7	"	"
" "	"	8 14	1	" 59.2	Sutō	Sutō
Mean				51° 59.3		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 51^\circ 59.3' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.55 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 52^\circ 0.4'
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 12 ^h 19 ^h 3 ^m	0.28929	431.02	30.1C	5.9517	36.0C	6°25' 37.1	14°38' 58.8	30.2C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 21 43	0.28920	432.24	25.8	5.9463	26.7	6 24 41.9	14 42 45.6	24.9	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 13 ^h 9 33	0.28928	430.90	31.7	5.9536	32.0	6 24 51.2	14 38 11.9	31.4	Sutō	Nakamura
" " 13 16	0.28962	429.79	33.9	5.9597	34.9	6 23 44.4	14 35 52.5	33.0	Imamura	"
Mean	0.28935									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.28935 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -373 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0 \\
 H &= 0.28931
 \end{aligned}$$

216. OGUNI.

Oguni Police Station (小國警察署)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug. 14 th 13 ^h 17.4 ^m	5°	5'	51"	Imamura	Imamura
" " 13 30.7	"	5	56	"	"
" " 14 56.4	"	4	38	Sutō	Sutō
" " 15 58.5	"	2	51	"	"
" " 17 0.5	"	0	19	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 17 59.1	"	0	27	"	"
" " 19 0.4	"	0	9	Sutō	Sutō
" " 19 49.4	"	0	47	Imamura	Imamura
" " 20 37.5	"	0	59	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 21 42.4	"	0	32	"	"
" " 23 0.3	"	0	5	"	"
" " 15 th 3 31.3	4	59	57	"	"
" " 5 24.0	"	58	9	"	"
" " 6 24.8	"	57	9	"	"
" " 7 21.1	"	57	12	"	"
" " 8 39.7	"	58	2	Imamura	Sutō
" " 9 31.9	"	58	31	Sutō	"
" " 10 19.8	5	0	52	Imamura	"
" " 11 27.2	"	2	41	Sutō	"
" " 12 11.4	"	3	34	"	"
" " 13 10.1	"	3	54	"	"
Mean	5°	6'	36"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 0250 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.00 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} 5975
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 14 th 15 ^h 37 ^m	1	51° 48.0	Imamura	Sutō
" " 18 37	—	" 43.7	Sutō	"
" " 23 35	—	" 45.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 15 th 6 59	1	" 44.1	"	"
Mean		51° 45.2		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 51^{\circ} 45.2 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.43 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \theta &= 51^{\circ} 45.6
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Aug. 14 th 13 ^h 30 ^m	0.28973	429.98	31.7C	5.9552	31.9C	6°23'38.71	14°35'43.78	31.5C	Imamura	Sutō
" " 18 39	0.28952	430.71	29.8	5.9539	30.7	6 24 53.8	14 38 42.5	28.8	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 22 21	0.28951	433.29	22.4	5.9326	22.5	6 26 56.2	14 43 25.0	22.3	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 15 th 8 17	0.28954	452.62	25.3	5.9357	24.5	6 25 38.8	14 39 46.9	26.1	Sutō	Imamura
Mean	0.28960									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.28960 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -339 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 133 \\
 H &= 0.28958
 \end{aligned}$$

217. TUGAWA.

Tugawa High Common School (津川高等小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug. 19 th 0 ^h 20.7 ^m	5°	9'	26''	Imamura	Imamura
" " 2 2.4	"	7	51	"	"
" " 5 11.9	"	7	7	"	"
" " 6 4.6	"	5	50	"	"
" " 6 57.8	"	4	54	"	"
" " 7 27.1	"	4	31	"	Sutō
" " 8 48.8	"	6	4	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 9 32.3	"	8	42	"	"
" " 10 34.9	"	10	55	Imamura	Imamura
" " 11 27.3	"	13	9	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 12 22.4	"	14	18	"	"
" " 13 17.5	"	13	52	Sutō	Sutō
" " 14 29.8	"	13	3	"	"
" " 15 42.0	"	12	17	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 16 42.4	"	11	1	Sutō	Sutō
" " 17 38.7	"	10	9	Imamura	Imamura
" " 18 35.6	"	9	45	Sutō	"
" " 19 28.9	"	10	1	Imamura	"
" " 20 26.1	"	9	55	"	"
Mean	5°	9'	30''		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} \quad 9'50 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.96 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\
 \delta &= 5^{\circ} \quad 8'5
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 19 th 1 ^h 19 ^m	1	51° 19.9	Imamura	Imamura
" " 6 35	1	" 22.7	"	"
" " 10 3	1	" 21.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 13 53	1	" 21.3	Sutō	Sutō
Mean		51° 21.4		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 51^{\circ} \quad 21.4 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.38 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \theta &= 51^{\circ} \quad 21.8
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vibr.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 19th 8h 25m	0.29053	430.48	29.8C	5.9408	29.0C	6 22' 38.78	14 33' 10.70	30.7 C	Nakamura	Sutō
" " 11 55	0.29062	429.64	32.9	5.9472	32.6	6 21' 45.0	14 31' 5.0	33.2	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 12 1	0.29066	429.61	33.1	5.9477	33.0	6 21' 45.0	14 31' 5.0	33.2	"	"
" " 15 27	0.29049	429.06	34.0	5.9543	34.3	6 21' 36.9	14 30' 45.0	33.6	Sutō	"
" " 20 3	0.29015	431.35	26.2	5.9465	26.2	6 21' 40.0	14 36' 40.6	26.2	"	Imamura
Mean	0.29049									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29049 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -378 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 105 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.29046
 \end{aligned}$$

218. WAKAMATU.

Aizu Middle School (會津尋常中學校)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 21st 10h 8.4m	4° 48' 58"	Sutō	Nakamura
" " 11 5.4	" 51' 13"	Imamura	Imamura
" " 12 10.2	" 52' 41"	Nakamura	"
" " 13 10.6	" 52' 23"	Sutō	Sutō
" " 14 11.5	" 51' 49"	"	Nakamura
" " 15 7.5	" 50' 20"	"	Imamura
" " 16 2.2	" 49' 50"	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 17 10.4	" 48' 56"	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 18 41.2	" 49' 32"	Sutō	Sutō
" " 19 56.1	" 49' 39"	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 21 44.2	" 49' 45"	"	Imamura
" " 22 59.5	" 49' 53"	Imamura	"
" 22nd 5 1.2	" 47' 20"	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 5 38.9	" 46' 29"	"	"
" " 6 48.5	" 44' 48"	Imamura	Imamura
" " 7 42.9	" 44' 33"	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 8 19.6	" 45' 16"	Imamura	"
Mean	4° 49' 10"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^{\circ} 49' 17'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.87 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 4^{\circ} 48' 30''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 21st 10h 5Pm	1	51 16.5	Nakamura	Sutō
" " 15 35	1	" 10.6	Sutō	"
" " 22 30	1	" 15.8	Imamura	Imamura
" 22nd 6 12	1	" 22.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		51 16.3		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 51^{\circ} 16.3' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.13 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.04 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 51^{\circ} 16.4'
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1894.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ ₁	ψ ₂			
Aug. 21 st 11 ^h 46 ^m	0.28996	429.74	31.2C	5.9561	32.0C	6°23' 17.3	14 33' 46.79	30.3C	Nakamura Sutō	Imamura
" " 14 48	0.29054	429.70	31.2	5.9501	31.5	6 22 20.0	14 32 26.9	30.8	Imamura	"
" " 20 46	0.29020	431.50	26.6	5.9388	26.6	6 24 5.6	14 33 20.0	26.7	Imamura	Nakamura
" 22 nd 7 28	0.29015	431.45	25.8	5.9376	24.9	6 23 58.1	14 33 14.4	26.7	"	"
Mean	0.29019									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29019 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -238 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 288 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.29019
 \end{aligned}$$

219. TAZIMA.

Tazima Common School (田嶋小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug. 22 nd 22 ^h 14.6 ^m	4°	42'	51"	Nakamura	Sutō
" " 23 8.0	"	42	30	Sutō	"
" 23 rd 2 42.1	"	42	15	"	"
" " 4 43.6	"	41	54	"	"
" " 6 16.0	"	40	20	"	"
" " 7 37.4	"	38	45	"	"
" " 8 26.0	"	39	10	Imamura	Imamura
" " 9 26.1	"	41	25	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 10 33.6	"	43	54	Sutō	Sutō
" " 11 44.8	"	45	37	Imamura	Imamura
" " 12 48.8	"	46	0	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 13 38.0	"	46	7	Sutō	Sutō
" " 14 38.5	"	44	50	Imamura	"
" " 15 45.1	"	43	37	Sutō	"
" " 16 40.2	"	42	25	Imamura	Imamura
" " 18 36.3	"	42	37	Nakamura	Sutō
" " 19 21.5	"	42	47	Imamura	Nakamura
Mean	4	42'	21"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^\circ 42' 35 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.81 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.04 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 4^\circ 41' 5
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 23 rd 5 ^h 51 ^m	1	51° 8.7	Sutō	Sutō
" " 11 26	1	" 10.2	Nakamura	Imamura
" " 15 12	"	" 13.4	Imamura	"
" " 19 3	1	" 8.1	Nakamura	"
Mean		51° 10.1		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 51^\circ 10.1 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.00 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 51^\circ 10.1
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 23 rd 7h 13 ^m	0.29032	431.28	25.5C	5.9387	25.3C	6°23'40.0	14°35'15.6	25.6C	Nakamura	Sutō
" " 12 25	0.29084	428.68	33.7	5.9531	34.0	6 21 0.0	14 29 40.6	33.5	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 17 39	0.29081	430.94	27.4	5.9371	27.5	6 22 56.3	14 33 50.0	27.3	Sutō	Imamura
Mean	0.29066									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29066 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -295 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 728 \\
 H &= 0.29070
 \end{aligned}$$

220. TADAMI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 24 th 22h 24.0 ^m	4° 41' 40"	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 23 48.4	" 41 40	"	"
" " 25 th 4 53.5	" 40 28	"	"
" " 6 16.1	" 38 50	Sutō	Sutō
" " 7 31.7	" 37 58	Imamura	Imamura
" " 8 36.9	" 38 30	"	"
" " 9 27.5	" 40 56	Sutō	Sutō
" " 10 45.3	" 43 35	Imamura	Imamura
" " 12 19.1	" 45 3	Sutō	Sutō
" " 13 5.6	" 44 36	Imamura	Imamura
Mean	4° 41' 36"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^\circ 41.60 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.92 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\
 \delta &= 4^\circ 40.7
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 24 th 23h 22 ^m	—	51° 52'	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 25 th 5 34	—	" 46'	"	"
" " 10 21	1	" 5.0	Imamura	Imamura
Mean		51 49		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 51^\circ 49' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.26 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\
 \theta &= 51^\circ 51'
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 24 th 21h 41 ^m	0.29163	430.15	24.9C	5.9339	25.1C	6°21'17.5	14°30' 6.2	24.7C	Imamura	Sutō
" " 25 th 7 7	0.29216	431.78	24.3	5.9163	24.0	6 21 40.0	14 30 35.6	24.6	Sutō	Nakamura
" " 11 55	0.29268	428.19	36.2	5.9356	35.6	6 17 30.6	14 20 59.4	36.7	Imamura	Sutō
Mean	0.29216									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.29216 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -388 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 485 \\
 H &= 0.29217
 \end{aligned}$$

221. NIKKŌ.

Hotel Kamiyama (神山旅館)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	28 th	17 ^h	5.3 ^m	4'	26'	29''	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	17	35.1	"	26	10	Sutō	"
"	"	18	57.9	"	26	49	Imamura	"
"	"	19	51.6	"	27	1	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	21	9.0	"	27	8	"	"
"	29 th	5	1.11	"	26	14	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	6	12.3	"	24	41	"	"
"	"	7	20.2	"	23	36	"	"
"	"	8	6.2	"	23	59	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	9	19.6	"	26	4	"	"
"	"	10	14.3	"	28	35	"	"
"	"	11	38.6	"	30	7	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	12	37.3	"	29	32	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	13	38.7	"	29	14	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean				4°	27'	2''		

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 27' 03''$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.77$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = -0.04$$

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 26' 22''$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	28 th	18 ^h	35 ^m	1	50° 22.6	Sutō	Imamura
"	29 th	5	49	1	" 19.4	Imamura	"
"	"	12	6	1	" 14.4	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	13	40	—	" 16.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean					50° 18.2		

$$\theta = 50^{\circ} 18.2$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.13$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = -0.03$$

$$\theta = 50^{\circ} 18.0$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 28 th 20 ^h 43 ^m	0.29466	431.64	22.9 C	5.8923	22.7 C	6 18 21.2	14 22 57.5	23.2 C	Imamura	Sutō
" 29 th 7 2	0.29452	431.68	22.2	5.8926	21.7	6 18 40.0	14 23 56.9	22.7	Sutō	Nakamura
" " 11 13	0.29460	430.18	26.9	5.9014	26.1	6 16 55.6	14 19 40.6	27.7	Imamura	Sutō
Mean	0.29457									

$$H = 0.29457$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -312$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 787$$

$$H = 0.29162$$

222. SUKAGAWA.

Sukagawa Common School (須賀川小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	30 th 2 ^h 41.8 ^m	4'	52'	13"	Imamura	Sutō
"	" 4 30.1	"	51	18	Sutō	"
"	" 5 20.3	"	50	49	"	"
"	" 6 34.6	"	49	19	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 7 39.4	"	50	33	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 8 48.4	"	50	54	"	"
"	" 9 29.4	"	52	14	"	"
"	" 10 40.2	"	54	9	Sutō	Sutō
"	" 11 34.6	"	55	29	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 12 38.6	"	55	16	Sutō	Sutō
"	" 13 37.0	"	55	9	Imamura	Imamura
"	" 14 36.5	"	54	20	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		4'	52'	35"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 52' 58''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.81
 " " sea level = -0.02
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 51' 8''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	30 th 3 ^h 54 ^m	1	50° 44.7	Sutō	Sutō
"	" 8 20	—	" 47.9	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	" 13 59	—	" 47.2	Sutō	"
"	" 16 43	1	" 44.9	Imamura	Imamura
Mean			50° 46.3		

$\theta = 50^{\circ} 46.3$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.13
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\theta = 50^{\circ} 46.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	30 th 7 ^h 8 ^m	*0.29141	431.80	22.5C	5.9243	22.5C	(6°23'27.5	14 32'12.5	23.4C)	Imamura	Sutō
"	" 10 4	0.29155	429.47	30.9	5.9388	30.5	6 20 3.8	14 26 39.4	31.2	Sutō	Nakamura
"	" 12 10	0.29187	428.92	31.8	5.9396	31.6	6 19 30.0	14 25 47.5	32.0	Imamura	"
"	" 14 17	*0.29107	429.45	30.1	5.9445	30.1	—	—	—	Nakamura	Sutō
"	" 15 20	0.29132	429.50	28.8	5.9418	28.8	6 20 46.9	14 28 33.8	28.7	"	"
Mean		0.29144									

$H = 0.29144$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -217
 " " sea level = 325
 $H = 0.29145$

223. NISINASUNO.

Nisinasuno Common School (西那須野小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 13 ^h 30.2 ^m	5° 2' 41"	Imamura	Imamura
" " 11 11.2	" 2 16	"	"
" " 15 12.9	" 1 39	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 16 3.3	" 0 55	Imamura	Imamura
" " 17 10.4	4 59 48	Sutō	Sutō
" " 18 5.1	5 0 4	Imamura	Imamura
" " 19 1.4	" 0 11	Sutō	Sutō
" " 20 2.8	4 59 52	Imamura	Imamura
" " 22 23.9	" 59 51	Sutō	Sutō
" " 23 29.2	" 58 47	"	"
Sept. 1 st 0 48.2	" 59 4	"	"
" " 6 11.4	" 56 33	"	"
" " 7 39.7	" 56 0	"	"
" " 8 37.1	" 56 31	Imamura	Imamura
" " 9 32.0	" 57 14	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean	4° 59' 34"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 59' 57'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.78 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 58' 8'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 15 ^h 46 ^m	—	50° 29.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 18 34	1	" 31.8	Imamura	Imamura
" " 23 16	1	" 24.2	Sutō	Sutō
Sept. 1 st 7 7	—	" 28.2	"	"
Mean		50° 28.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 50^\circ 28.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.13 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \theta &= 50^\circ 28.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 31 st 14 ^h 56 ^m	0.29402	428.79	30.3C	5.9208	30.9C	6° 17' 0.0	14 20' 8.8	29.7C	Imamura	Nakamura
" " 17 48	0.29402	429.36	28.9	5.9167	29.6	6 17 30.0	14 21 12.5	28.3	Sutō	Imamura
" " 21 57	0.29423	430.65	25.7	5.9042	25.8	6 18 19.4	14 23 15.6	25.7	Imamura	Sutō
Sept. 1 st 8 11	0.29371	430.65	25.5	5.9095	25.6	6 18 47.5	14 24 0.6	25.5	Nakamura	Imamura
Mean	0.29400									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29400 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -282 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 266 \\ \hline H &= 0.29100 \end{aligned}$$

224. UTUNOMIYA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	1 st	16 ^h 36.7 ^m	4°	26'	58"	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	16 58.8	"	26	54	Sutō.	Imamura
"	"	18 13.6	"	26	28	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	19 19.6	"	26	33	"	"
"	"	21 52.4	"	26	11	Imamura	Sutō
"	"	23 12.7	"	26	5	"	Imamura
"	2 nd	5 19.7	"	24	12	"	"
"	"	5 52.0	"	23	28	"	"
"	"	7 4.6	"	22	24	"	"
"	"	7 24.0	"	22	13	"	"
"	"	8 51.3	"	23	33	Nakamura	Sutō
"	"	9 53.3	"	26	28	Sutō	"
"	"	10 50.7	"	28	25	"	"
"	"	11 48.9	"	30	12	"	Imamura
"	"	12 57.2	"	30	13	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	13 53.3	"	29	3	Imamura	Imamura
Mean			4°	26'	20"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 26.33 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.70 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 25.6 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Sept.	1 st	18 ^h 56 ^m	1	50°	11.7	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	22 35	1	"	8.1	Imamura	Imamura
"	2 nd	6 43	1	"	9.2	"	"
"	"	11 27	1	"	8.6	Sutō	"
Mean				50°	9.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 50^\circ 9.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.33 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \theta &= 50^\circ 9.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Sept.	1 st 17 ^h 54 ^m	0.29513	429.56	28.2C	5.9028	28.3C	6°16' 1.9	14°17'43".1	28.1C	Nakamura	Imamura
"	" 21 29	0.29555	430.17	25.4	5.8935	25.2	6 15 48.8	14 16 55.6	25.6	Imamura	Sutō
"	2 nd 8 34	0.29507	430.25	27.5	5.8968	26.9	6 16 25.6	14 18 34.4	28.2	Sutō	Nakamura
"	" 12 41	0.29555	427.83	34.1	5.9114	34.4	6 14 5.0	14 13 27.5	33.7	Imamura	"
Mean		0.29533									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.29533 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -281 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 155 \\ \hline H &= 0.29532 \end{aligned}$$

225. KOGA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	3 rd	13 ^h 14.8 ^m	4	34'	39''	Nakamura	Imamura
"	"	13 58.5	"	31	27	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	15 38.9	"	22	32	Nakamura	"
"	"	16 50.2	"	31	18	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	18 4.3	"	30	27	"	"
"	"	19 31.0	"	30	36	Imamura	Nakamura
"	"	21 51.3	"	30	48	"	"
"	"	22 51.0	"	30	42	Nakamura	Imamura
"	4 th	1 16.0	"	28	43	"	Nakamura
"	"	5 57.0	"	27	33	"	"
"	"	7 7.4	"	26	12	"	"
"	"	7 49.7	"	26	7	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	8 40.3	"	26	30	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	9 45.5	"	28	17	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	10 40.8	"	30	51	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	11 40.1	"	33	28	"	"
"	"	12 22.3	"	35	38	"	Nakamura
Mean			4°	30'	19''		

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 30' 32''$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.66$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 29' 7''$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
Sept.	3 rd	16 ^h 28 ^m	1	49°	47.2	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	18 56	1	"	49.7	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	20 16	—	"	49.4	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	4 th	6 47	1	"	48.6	"	"
Mean				49°	48.7		

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 48.7'$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.34$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 48.4'$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Sept.	3 rd 15 ^h 3 ^m	0.29492	427.41	35.0 C	5.9231	36.4 C	6° 14' 46.2	14° 11' 57.75	33.7 C	Imamura	Nakamura
"	" 17 36	0.29430	429.52	29.5	5.9128	30.1	6 16 48.1	14 18 54.4	28.9	Sutō	"
"	" 22 :0	0.29484	430.08	25.9	5.9017	26.9	6 16 55.6	14 19 55.6	27.0	Nakamura	Imamura
"	4 th 9 10	0.29425	429.51	23.1	5.9109	28.7	6 16 46.9	14 19 14.4	29.6	"	Sutō
Mean		0.29458									

$$H = 0.29458$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -3.12$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 26$$

$$H = 0.29455$$

226. HATIMAN.

Suwa-zinsya (岡山村字小舟木諏訪神社)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	1 st	14 ^h	49 ^m	4'	47'	44"	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	16	14	"	46	2	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	16	45	"	45	40	"	"
"	"	18	17	"	44	53	"	"
"	"	19	56	"	44	54	Katō	"
"	"	22	59	"	44	45	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	2 nd	1	50	"	44	21	"	"
"	"	4	49	"	43	49	"	"
"	"	7	6	"	41	21	"	"
"	"	8	22	"	40	8	Katō	Katō
"	"	9	42	"	41	52	Tomoda	"
"	"	11	5	"	45	23	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	12	25	"	47	14	Tomoda	"
"	"	13	53	"	47	52	"	Katō
Mean				4	41'	37"		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4 \quad 44.62 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.53 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 4 \quad 43.1
 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
June	30 th	17 ^h	36 ^m	—	48° 52.4	Tomoda	Katō
July	1 st	15	50	—	" 49.6	Katō	Tomoda
"	2 nd	10	36	—	" 52.0	Tomoda	Katō
Mean					48° 51.3		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \theta = 48^\circ \quad 51.30 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.50 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = -0.01 \\
 \hline
 \theta = 48^\circ \quad 52.8
 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 1 st 17 ^h 42 ^m	0.30212	425.09	23.8C	^s 5.8161	24.3C	6° 4' 21.2	13° 45' 43.7	23.3C	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
" 2 nd 9 11	0.30207	425.07	24.7	5.8151	24.4	6 4 7.5	13 44 43.7	25.1	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
" " 13 30	0.30210	424.17	27.3	5.8217	27.2	6 3 31.2	13 43 37.5	27.4	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
Mean	0.30210									

$$\begin{array}{r}
 H = 0.30210 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -1.982 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 61 \\
 \hline
 H = 0.30191
 \end{array}$$

227. KYŌTO.

Imperial University (京都帝國大學)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	3 rd	16 ^h	5 ^m	4	47'	35"	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	10	"	47	4	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	18	35	"	46	43	"	"
"	"	19	38	"	46	33	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	21	9	"	49	46	"	"
"	"	22	42	"	47	2	"	Katō
"	4 th	1	8	"	43	4	"	"
"	"	2	47	"	44	3	"	"
"	"	5	32	"	44	8	"	"
"	"	7	21	"	43	28	"	"
"	"	8	47	"	42	0	"	Tomoda
"	"	9	57	"	44	25	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	12	24	"	51	35	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	13	34	"	51	56	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	14	46	"	51	10	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	15	44	"	50	5	"	"
"	"	16	46	"	47	58	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	17	44	"	47	18	Katō	"
"	"	18	31	"	48	18	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	20	10	"	48	29	"	"
Mean				4	46'	41"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 46' 38''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.45
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 45' 2''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	3 rd	18 ^h	7 ^m	—	48° 50.2	Katō	Tomoda
"	4 th	6	56	—	" 45.5	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	11	0	—	" 41.9	"	Tomoda
"	"	16	13	—	" 46.8	Katō	"
"	"	17	21	—	" 45.8	Tomoda	Katō
Mean					48° 46.0		

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 46.00$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.66
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 47.7'$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
July	3 rd	20 ^h 33 ^m	0.30208	425.40	23.9 C	5.8063	23.9 C	6° 3' 40.70	13 43' 48.71	23.8 C	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
"	4 th	8 21	0.30323	424.62	25.5	5.8052	24.2	6 2 17.5	13 40 51.3	26.9	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	14 26	0.30266	422.88	29.2	5.8252	30.2	6 1 55.6	13 40 16.2	28.3	" Tomoda	" Katō
"	"	19 38	0.30306	425.66	22.0	5.8088	22.1	6 4 0.6	13 45 9.4	21.9	Katō Tomoda	Tomoda Tomoda
Mean			0.30276									

 $H = 0.30276$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -2064
 " " sea level = 51
 $H = 0.30256$

228. SASAYAMA.

Hōmeigizyuku (鳳鳴義塾)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	7 th	13 ^h	54 ^m	4°	54'	10"	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	15	28	"	53	33	"	Katō
"	"	17	15	"	50	39	"	Tomoda
"	"	18	11	"	49	34	"	"
"	"	19	36	"	50	8	Tomoda	"
"	"	21	23	"	50	4	Katō	Katō
"	"	22	25	"	50	8	"	"
"	8 th	3	11	"	49	24	"	"
"	"	6	4	"	48	3	"	"
"	"	7	35	"	48	10	"	"
"	"	9	12	"	47	8	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	10	1	"	48	12	"	Katō
"	"	11	1	"	49	47	"	"
"	"	12	20	"	51	56	"	"
"	"	13	35	"	52	16	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	14	56	"	51	44	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	16	12	"	50	30	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	50	"	49	19	"	"
"	"	19	15	"	49	46	"	Katō
Mean				4°	49'	52"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 49.87'$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.43
" " sea level = -0.02

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 48.41'$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour Mean Local Time.				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	7 th	17 ^h	32 ^m	—	48° 53.9	Tomoda	Katō
"	8 th	10	41	—	" 55.1	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	15	46	—	" 55.9	Tomoda	Katō
Mean					48° 55.0		

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 55.0'$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.28
" " sea level = -0.03

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 57.3'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 7 th 19 ^h 4 ^m	0.30314	423.74	26.0C	5.8148	26.2C	6° 2'35.76	13° 42'26.72	25.9C	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
" 8 th 8 42	0.30207	424.33	24.8	5.8156	24.8	6 3 6.2	13 42 41.2	24.7	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
" " 14 29	0.30283	423.89	26.6	5.8165	26.5	6 2 30.6	13 41 28.8	26.7	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
" " 18 49	0.50232	424.40	23.6	5.8183	23.8	6 3 38.1	13 43 58.1	23.5	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
Mean	0.30259									

$H = 0.30259$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2324
" " sea level = 318

 $H = 0.30239$

229. MIYATU.

High Common School (第一高等小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour. (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	10 th	12 ^h	10 ^m	4°	53'	26''	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	13	13	"	54	40	"	"
"	"	14	57	"	53	30	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	16	29	"	53	2	Katō	"
"	"	17	44	"	52	19	"	Tomoda
"	"	18	52	"	52	15	"	Katō
"	"	20	20	"	52	4	"	"
"	"	21	24	"	52	34	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	11 th	1	4	"	52	10	"	"
"	"	4	56	"	50	35	"	"
"	"	6	33	"	48	27	"	"
"	"	7	45	"	48	23	Katō	"
"	"	8	55	"	49	14	"	Katō
"	"	10	3	"	51	44	"	"
"	"	11	13	"	54	20	"	"
"	"	13	5	"	56	23	"	Tomoda
"	"	13	31	"	56	23	"	"
"	"	14	50	"	55	22	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	15	44	"	55	23	"	"
Mean				4°	52'	9''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 52' 15''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.71
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 50' 4''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	10 th	17 ^h	20 ^m	—	49° 24.5	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	11 ^h	5 56	—	" 24.3	"	Tomoda
"	"	10	36	—	" 27.5	Katō	Katō
Mean					49° 25.4		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 25' 40''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.75
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 28' 2''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_n	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
July 10 th 14 ^h 30 ^m	0.30196	423.19	28.40	5.8304	28.70	6 2' 59.74	13 42' 31.79	28.10	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
" " 20 12	0.30172	424.65	21.9	5.8217	22.4	6 4' 38.1	13 43' 23.1	21.5	Tomoda Katō	Katō
" 11 th 8 27	0.30181	424.27	23.8	5.8233	23.5	6 4' 7.5	13 45' 14.4	24.0	Tomoda Katō	Tomoda Katō
" " 14 17	0.30182	422.59	28.8	5.8337	29.4	6 2' 46.3	13 42' 6.3	28.3	Tomoda Katō	Tomoda
Mean	0.30183									

$H = 0.30183$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2.366
" " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.30159$

230. OBAMA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	12 th	17 ^h	5 ^m	4°	59'	34''	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	18	2	"	57	56	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	19	34	"	56	54	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	20	42	"	57	56	"	Katō
"	"	21	27	"	58	15	"	"
"	13 th	0	11	"	58	12	"	"
"	"	1	41	"	57	36	"	"
"	"	6	5	"	55	29	"	"
"	"	7	28	"	53	16	"	"
"	"	8	10	"	54	14	"	"
"	"	9	19	"	55	35	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	10	30	"	54	7	"	"
"	"	11	58	"	58	50	"	Katō
"	"	13	17	"	2	25	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	14	38	"	2	7	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	15	46	"	1	2	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	16	39	"	5	59	42	"
"	"	17	51	"	57	21	Tomoda	Katō
Mean				4°	57'	49''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 57' 82'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.73 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^{\circ} 56' 11'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder.
July	13 th	6 ^h	59 ^m	—	49° 24.0	Katō	Katō
"	"	11	31	—	" 20.7	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	17	14	—	" 17.0	"	Katō
"	"	18	27	—	" 18.0	Katō	Tomoda
Mean					49° 19.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^{\circ} 19.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.14 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 49^{\circ} 22.0 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
July	12 th 19 ^h 6 ^m	0.30077	423.45	26.0C	5.8400	26.2C	6° 4' 29.4	13 45' 42.5	25.8C	Tomoda Katō	Katō
"	13 th 8 46	0.30132	422.91	28.6	5.8363	27.7	6 3 8.8	13 42 48.1	29.5	Tomoda Katō	Tomoda
"	" 14 12	0.30174	422.30	31.1	5.8395	31.7	6 2 21.9	13 40 55.0	30.5	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
Mean		0.30096									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30096 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -2159 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30074 \end{aligned}$$

231. SAKAI.

Ohama Park (大濱四丁遊園地)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	17 th	18 ^h	30 ^m	4	31'	31''	Katō	Katō
"	"	19	38	"	31	2	"	"
"	"	20	38	"	31	18	"	"
"	"	22	7	"	31	56	Tomoda	"
"	"	23	52	"	31	7	Katō	"
"	18 th	1	7	"	31	22	"	"
"	"	5	43	"	31	7	"	"
"	"	7	12	"	29	37	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	8	11	"	29	9	Katō	"
"	"	9	19	"	28	34	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	10	18	"	29	39	Nakamura	"
"	"	11	16	"	31	5	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	12	9	"	32	29	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	13	11	"	34	7	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	14	12	"	34	37	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	15	19	"	34	26	"	Katō
"	"	16	24	"	31	11	"	Nakamura
"	"	17	4	"	33	45	Katō	"
"	"	18	20	"	32	19	Nakamura	"
"	"	19	29	"	31	59	"	"
Mean				4°	31'	38''		

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 31' 38''$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.21
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 30' 4''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	18 th	10 ^h	44 ^m	—	48 44.2	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	14	40	—	" 31.2	Nakamura	"
"	"	15	58	—	" 33.1	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	18	59	—	" 32.3	Tomoda	"
Mean					48° 35.2		

$$\theta = 48^{\circ} 35.2$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.70
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 36.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 18 th 8 ^h 51 ^m	0.30398	422.57	29.30	5.8148	29.30	5 59 53.1	13 35 18.1	29.30	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
" " 13 50	0.30382	420.95	33.4	5.8292	34.1	5 58 45.0	13 32 37.5	32.7	" Nakamura	" Nakamura Katō
" " 17 57	0.30427	422.55	29.7	5.8136	30.4	5 59 41.2	13 34 50.0	29.0	" Katō	" Nakamura
" " 20 22	0.30432	422.66	28.5	5.8113	28.7	5 59 47.5	13 35 18.8	28.2	" Tomoda	" Katō
Mean	0.30410									

$$H = 0.30410$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -2270
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.30387$

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	20 th	11 ^h	3 ^m	4	51'	48''	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	12	3	"	52	44	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	12	58	"	53	38	"	Nakamura
"	"	14	8	"	53	22	Katō	Katō
"	"	15	37	"	54	2	"	Nakamura
"	"	16	14	"	53	47	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	16	35	"	53	32	Katō	"
"	"	17	33	"	52	37	"	Nakamura
"	"	18	15	"	52	4	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	19	11	"	51	56	"	"
"	"	20	14	"	52	46	"	Nakamura
"	"	21	17	"	52	29	"	"
"	"	23	43	"	52	36	"	"
"	21 st	4	29	"	50	31	"	"
"	"	5	27	"	50	16	"	"
"	"	6	32	"	49	9	"	"
"	"	7	30	"	48	56	Katō	"
"	"	8	30	"	49	42	"	Katō
"	"	9	30	"	49	16	"	"
"	"	10	26	"	51	53	"	"
"	"	11	35	"	52	47	"	"
"	"	12	34	"	53	20	"	"
"	"	13	34	"	52	59	"	"
"	"	14	36	"	54	8	Nakamura	"
"	"	15	16	"	54	29	"	Katō
"	"	15	21	"	54	11	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	17	26	"	53	37	"	Katō
"	"	18	45	"	53	9	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean				4	51'	49''		

$\delta = 1^\circ 51.82$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.48
" " sea level = -0.02
 $\delta = 1^\circ 50.3$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	20 th	15 ^h	7 ^m	—	49° 11.5	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	17	11	—	" 10.7	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	20	53	—	" 11.1	"	Katō
"	"	20	53	—	" 11.1	"	Nakamura
"	21 st	5	57	—	" 2.1	Nakamura	"
"	"	12	52	—	" 0.4	"	Katō
"	"	13	59	—	" 3.6	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	16	41	—	" 5.2	Nakamura	Katō
Mean					49° 6.4		

$\theta = 49^\circ 6.4$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.79
" " sea level = -0.03
 $\theta = 49^\circ 9.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder		
						ψ_1	ψ_2					
July 20 th	13 ^h	42 ^m	0.30184	422.93	25.3C	5.8335	25.6C	6 2'50.76	13 42' 0.76	25.1C	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	18 45	0.30182	423.19	25.1	5.8311	25.2	6 3 3.8	13 42 30.6	25.1	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	21 55	0.30175	423.55	24.5	5.8299	24.9	6 3 20.6	13 42 51.9	24.2	"	Nakamura
"	"	21 st	0.30209	423.71	24.7	5.8248	24.6	6 3 4.4	13 42 25.6	24.8	"	Katō
Mean			0.30187									

$H = 0.30187$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2527
" " sea level = 320
 $H = 0.30165$

233. TOYOOKA.
Middle School (豊岡尋常中學校敷地)
 DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	23 rd	7 ^h	44 ^m	4°	58'	0"	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	9	9	5	0	26	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	9	54	"	1	56	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	11	1	"	4	6	Katō	"
"	"	11	54	"	4	57	Tomoda	"
"	"	12	31	"	5	14	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	13	43	"	5	14	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	14	54	"	4	18	Tomoda	"
"	"	15	58	"	3	54	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	15	"	2	36	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	18	46	"	1	44	"	Tomoda
"	"	19	47	"	2	9	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	22	1	"	1	43	"	"
"	24 th	0	37	"	1	13	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	5	8	4	58	38	"	"
"	"	6	33	"	56	44	"	"
Mean				5°	1'	31"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 5^{\circ} \quad 157 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.65 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^{\circ} \quad 59.9 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	23 rd	9 ^h	37 ^m	—	49° 31.1	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	11	33	—	" 28.3	Katō	"
"	"	18	8	—	" 25.2	Tomoda	"
"	"	20	40	—	" 25.8	Katō	Katō
"	24 th	5	58	—	" 24.7	Tomoda	Tomoda
Mean					49° 27.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^{\circ} \quad 27.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.28 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 49^{\circ} \quad 30.3 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
July 23 rd	8 ^h 35 ^m	0.30200	421.05	32.6C	5.8133	32.3C	6° 1' 17.9	13° 38' 18.8	33.0C	{ Tomoda Katō	{ Katō Tomoda
"	" 13 21	0.30208	419.56	37.2	5.8556	37.9	5 59 35.6	13 34 41.9	36.7	"	Nakamura
"	" 16 40	0.30232	419.85	35.8	5.8521	36.9	5 59 51.9	13 35 35.6	34.7	{ Nakamura Tomoda	{ Katō Nakamura
Mean		0.30213									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30213 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -2604 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30187 \end{aligned}$$

234. TOTTORI.
Normal School (鳥取尋常師範學校)

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	25 th	12 ^h	17 ^m	5	10'	42"	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	12	50	"	11	10	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	14	1	"	11	28	"	Tomoda
"	"	14	44	"	10	19	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	15	57	"	7	51	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	16	39	"	6	48	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	17	34	"	6	3	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	18	26	"	5	51	Nakamura	"
"	"	19	42	"	6	26	"	"
"	"	21	14	"	5	58	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	22	26	"	6	20	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	26 th	0	30	"	5	5	"	"
"	"	3	22	"	4	27	"	"
"	"	5	17	"	4	6	"	"
"	"	6	33	"	1	54	"	"
"	"	7	32	"	0	50	"	"
"	"	8	15	"	1	38	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	9	24	"	3	33	"	"
"	"	10	35	"	7	6	Tomoda	"
"	"	11	19	"	8	53	"	"
"	"	12	3	"	10	12	"	"
Mean				5	5'	59"		

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 59.8$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.58
 " " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 5^{\circ} 44$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	25 th	14 ^h	24 ^m	—	49° 39.0	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	9	—	" 42.8	Tomoda	Katō
"	26 th	5	45	—	" 41.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	9	59	—	" 41.5	Tomoda	Katō
Mean					49° 41.5		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 41.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.77
 " " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 45.3$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (* Value deduced from Vibrator only by assuming Value of M .)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								\bar{v}_1	\bar{v}_2			
July	25 th	13 ^h 38 ^m	*0.30189	421.04	32.1C	5.8389	32.9C	(6° 0'56.73)	13 37'18.71	32.1C	Tomoda Nakamura	Nakamura Tomoda
"	"	18 5	0.30169	421.29	30.3	5.8475	31.2	6 1 48.1	13 39 48.1	29.4	"	Katō Nakamura
"	"	21 59	0.30197	423.50	24.3	5.8279	24.6	6 3 16.2	13 43 8.1	24.1	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
"	26 th	9 5	0.30162	421.10	31.6	5.8469	31.2	6 1 21.9	13 38 48.8	32.0	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
Mean			0.30179									

$H = 0.30179$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -2815
 " " sea level = 0.00

$H = 0.30151$

235. HASIZU.
Ruin of Fort (舊 臺 場)
 DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	27 th	0 ^h	57 ^m	5°	2'	23''	Katō	Katō
"	"	1	19	"	2	27	"	"
"	"	4	28	"	1	23	"	"
"	"	6	58	4	58	38	"	"
"	"	7	28	"	58	52	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	9	2	"	59	52	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	9	37	5	0	41	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	10	43	"	2	45	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	11	34	"	4	10	Tomoda	"
"	"	12	36	"	6	8	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	13	21	"	7	8	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	14	11	"	6	51	Katō	"
"	"	15	11	"	4	59	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	10	"	2	59	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	17	2	"	1	51	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	19	2	"	2	53	"	Nakamura
"	"	19	55	"	3	5	"	"
"	"	20	37	"	2	55	Katō	"
"	"	21	40	"	2	20	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	23	6	"	3	5	Katō	Nakamura
Mean				5°	2'	29''		

$\delta = 5^\circ \quad 248$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.49
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 5^\circ \quad 19$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	27 th	10 ^h	16 ^m	—	49° 41.0	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	13	41	—	" 46.5	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	15	35	—	" 42.2	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	19	40	—	" 46.3	Nakamura	"
"	"	22	19	—	" 43.8	"	"
Mean					49° 45.0		

$\theta = 49^\circ \quad 45.0$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.08
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 49^\circ \quad 49.1$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
July	27 th	9 ^h 5 ^m	0.30238	422.75	26.3C	5.8281	26.1C	6 1'56.2	13 40' 0.6	26.6C	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	13 3	0.30243	421.16	30.7	5.8407	31.3	6 0 45.0	13 37 27.5	30.2	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	13 46	0.30233	421.51	28.4	5.8397	29.3	6 1 20.0	13 38 49.4	27.5	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	21 21	0.30219	422.90	25.4	5.8299	25.5	6 2 23.1	13 41 0.0	25.3	Nakamura	Katō
Mean			0.30233									

$H = 0.30233$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -2936
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.30204$

236. TUYAMA.

Middle School (津山尋常中學校敷地)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	29 th	18 ^h	54 ^m	4	48'	52"	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	19	18	"	48	31	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	20	18	"	49	4	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	22	3	"	48	44	Tomoda	"
"	"	22	57	"	48	10	"	"
"	30 th	1	20	"	47	28	"	"
"	"	5	52	"	46	7	"	"
"	"	6	54	"	45	37	Katō	"
"	"	7	30	"	45	14	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	8	25	"	44	54	Natō	Nakamura
"	"	9	25	"	45	7	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	10	19	"	46	23	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	11	18	"	47	54	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	12	31	"	49	42	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	13	11	"	50	0	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	14	9	"	50	5	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	15	8	"	49	19	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	11	"	49	4	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	15	"	48	11	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	18	43	"	48	28	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	19	29	"	48	45	Katō	Nakamura
Mean				4	47'	42"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 47' 42'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.28 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^{\circ} 46' 14'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ		Observer	Recorder
July	30 th	0 ^h	46 ^m	—	48	51.5	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	8	51	—	49	8.1	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	11	3	—	"	7.5	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	14	45	—	"	3.1	Tomoda	"
"	"	15	41	—	"	1.9	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	16	31	—	"	4.3	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	19	53	—	"	3.7	"	"
Mean					49°	29		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^{\circ} 29' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.64 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \theta &= 49^{\circ} 6' 25'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
July	29 th 19 ^h 57 ^m	0.30373	421.80	27.4 C	5.8227	27.6 C	5.59 34.4	13.34 31.2	27.3 C	Katō Nakamura	Nakamura Katō
"	30 th 8 1	0.30412	421.81	28.9	5.8176	28.4	5.59 1.9	13.33 27.5	29.3	Katō	Nakamura
"	" 13 50	0.30407	420.55	32.3	5.8281	32.5	5.58 8.1	13.31 25.0	32.2	Tomoda Katō	Katō Tomoda
"	" 18 22	0.30389	422.37	26.5	5.8175	26.8	5.59 55.0	13.35 19.0	26.3	Tomoda	Nakamura
Mean		0.30395									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30395 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -2904 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 115 \\ \hline H &= 0.30347 \end{aligned}$$

237. OKAYAMA.

Bleaching ground on river bank (西大河々畔布晒場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	11 ^h	0 ^m	4	40'	56''	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	11	27	"	41	26	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	12	25	"	43	18	Katō	"
"	"	13	34	"	44	7	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	14	18	"	41	7	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	15	23	"	42	55	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	20	"	41	45	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	20	"	41	10	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	18	44	"	40	34	Katō	"
"	"	19	37	"	41	7	"	"
"	"	21	11	"	38	58	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	22	50	"	40	54	"	Nakamura
"	2 nd	0	58	"	40	59	"	"
"	"	1	59	"	39	34	"	"
"	"	4	2	"	38	41	"	"
"	"	7	58	"	35	7	"	Katō
"	"	8	30	"	36	46	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	9	25	"	38	43	Nakamura	"
"	"	10	33	"	39	59	"	Nakamura
"	"	11	45	"	41	46	Tomoda	"
"	"	12	5	"	42	37	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	13	5	"	44	38	Tomoda	Nakamura
Mean				4'	40'	4''		

$$\delta = 4' 40.97$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.01

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\delta = 4' 39.1$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	14 ^h	4 ^m	—	48° 34.6	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	19	7	—	" 34.4	Katō	Kato
"	"	20	44	—	" 39.1	Tomoda	{ Nakamura Tomoda
"	2 nd	6	57	—	" 35.5	Katō	"
"	"	11	17	—	" 37.2	Tomoda	"
Mean					48° 36.2		

$$\theta = 48^\circ 36.2$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.17

" " sea level = 0.00

$$\theta = 48^\circ 39.4$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_v	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 1 st 13 ^h 56 ^m	0.30578	420.08	32.1C	5.8151	32.2C	5°55'37.75	13°25'32.75	32.1C	{ Katō Nakamura	{ Nakamura Tomoda
" " 16 57	0.30598	420.47	31.1	5.8111	31.5	5 55 55.6	13 26 25.6	30.8	{ Katō Tomoda	{ Nakamura Katō
" " 22 29	0.30538	421.27	28.7	5.8104	28.9	5 57 1.9	13 28 30.6	28.5	{ Nakamura Tomoda	{ Nakamura Tomoda
" 2 nd 9 8	0.30576	420.58	32.2	5.8108	31.9	5 55 58.8	13 26 21.9	32.6	{ " } Nakamura	{ " } Tomoda
Mean	0.30572									

$$H = 0.30572$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -2912

" " sea level = 000

$$H = 0.30543$$

238. AKŌ.

Old Castle (舊城趾)

DECLINATION(δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	3 rd	9 ^h	35 ^m	4°	43'	56"	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	10	35	"	44	28	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	11	28	"	44	53	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	12	24	"	47	26	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	14	1	"	44	48	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	14	35	"	44	17	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	3	"	39	33	"	Tomoda
"	"	16	39	"	39	19	Katō	"
"	"	17	52	"	38	56	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	19	2	"	39	31	Nakamura	"
"	"	20	33	"	39	59	Katō	"
"	"	21	26	"	39	31	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	23	48	"	40	27	Katō	"
"	4 th	0	27	"	39	45	"	"
"	"	3	32	"	39	57	"	"
"	"	5	25	"	38	47	"	"
"	"	6	19	"	37	53	"	"
"	"	7	10	"	37	38	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	8	22	"	38	39	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	9	15	"	39	17	Katō	Katō
"	"	10	27	"	41	44	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	11	23	"	42	52	Katō	"
"	"	12	2	"	42	49	"	"
Mean				4°	40'	26"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 40' 26''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.18
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 39' 2$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1893.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	3 rd	11 ^h	2 ^m	—	48° 39.8	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	15	0	—	" 37.2	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	15	37	—	" 39.5	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	20	0	—	" 38.8	"	Tomoda
"	"	21	52	—	" 39.0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	4 th	6	12	—	" 39.0	Katō	Tomoda
Mean					48° 38.9		Katō

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 38.9$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.01
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 41.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ	φ_2			
Aug.	3 rd	13 ^h 32 ^m	0.30520	419.99	33.10	5.8220	33.6 C	5.56'26.79	13°27'38.71	327.0	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	17 22	0.30524	420.11	32.6	5.8213	33.5	5.56'33.1	13°27'47.5	31.7	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	21 2	0.30505	421.32	28.4	5.8133	28.6	5.57'50.6	13°30'56.9	28.2	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	4 th 7 56	0.30516	421.76	28.3	5.8087	28.4	5.57'51.2	13°30'39.4	28.3	Tomoda	Nakamura
Mean			0.30516									

$H = 0.30516$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2798
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30488$

239. AKASI.

(衛壽館ノ東五十米許ナル海濱)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	20 ^h	35 ^m	4'	37'	36"	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	21	53	"	37	18	"	Nakamura
"	5 th	0	8	"	36	16	"	"
"	"	0	49	"	36	30	"	"
"	"	4	19	"	36	15	"	"
"	"	5	21	"	35	32	"	"
"	"	6	22	"	34	7	"	"
"	"	7	18	"	33	46	"	"
"	"	7	49	"	34	28	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	8	56	"	36	1	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	9	54	"	37	22	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	10	56	"	38	39	Nakamura	"
"	"	11	55	"	38	54	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	12	56	"	38	54	Tomoda	"
"	"	14	1	"	38	45	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	15	12	"	38	37	"	Nakamura
"	"	16	16	"	37	52	"	"
"	"	17	18	"	37	23	"	Tomoda
"	"	18	20	"	37	54	"	"
"	"	19	40	"	37	40	"	Nakamura
"	"	20	39	"	37	29	"	"
Mean				4'	37'	4"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 37.57'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.24

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 35.8'$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	5 th	4 ^h	58 ^m	—	48° 25.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	6	56	—	" 24.8	"	"
"	"	9	33	—	" 31.7	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	10	20	—	" 25.1	"	"
"	"	11	24	—	" 26.2	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	16	51	—	" 25.3	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	20	14	—	" 29.0	Nakamura	"
Mean					48° 26.8		

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 26.8'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.23

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 29.0'$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 4 th 21 ^m 23 ^m	0.30488	421.60	26.8C	5.8124	26.8C	5°58'16.79	13°31'59.74	26.9C	{ Katō Nakamura	{ Nakamura Katō
" 5 th 8 25	0.30459	421.72	27.6	5.8153	28.0	5°58'34.4	13°32'18.8	27.2	{ Tomoda Katō	{ Tomoda Katō
" 13 43	0.30477	421.08	29.7	5.8181	30.1	5°57'48.1	13°30'32.5	29.4	{ Nakamura Katō	{ Nakamura Katō
" 17 58	0.30482	420.95	28.9	5.8183	29.3	5°57'46.2	13°30'43.8	28.6	Tomoda	"
Mean	0.30476									

 $H = 0.30476$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -2506

" " sea level = 000

 $H = 0.30451$

240. NARA.

Nara Park (奈良公園)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 th	18 ^h	39 ^m	4°	28'	46"	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	19	21	"	28	26	Katō	"
"	"	19	58	"	28	42	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	21	29	"	28	30	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	22	25	"	28	39	Katō	"
"	"	23	9	"	28	50	"	Katō
"	7 th	1	35	"	27	40	"	"
"	"	4	11	"	25	33	"	"
"	"	5	25	"	25	3	"	"
"	"	6	33	"	24	1	"	"
"	"	7	31	"	28	38	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	7	46	"	28	40	"	"
"	"	8	59	"	28	28	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	9	29	"	28	18	"	"
"	"	10	38	"	30	45	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	11	29	"	32	57	"	Katō
"	"	12	32	"	32	29	"	"
"	"	12	51	"	33	10	"	"
"	"	13	29	"	33	23	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	14	9	"	35	16	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	15	19	"	31	35	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	15	10	"	31	1	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	16	42	"	31	24	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	41	"	31	13	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	18	55	"	31	6	Nakamura	Tomoda
Mean				4°	28'	55"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 28.92'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.33

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 27.6'$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 th	22 ^h	6 ^m	—	48° 36.4	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	7	1	—	" 32.5	Katō	Katō
"	"	10	13	—	" 34.9	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	16	13	*	" 48.0	Nakamura	" Katō
Mean					48° 38.0		

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 38.0'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.28

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 39.3'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY.

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibr.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	6 th	21 ^h	8 ^m	0.30302	421.29	28.7C	5.8340	29.1C	6° 0' 7.5	13° 35' 58.78	28.4C	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	7	40	0.30284	421.15	29.4	5.8344	28.9	5 59 56.2	13 35 31.9	30.0	"	"
"	"	14	51	0.30264	419.08	34.3	5.8540	35.3	5 58 53.1	13 33 25.0	33.4	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	19	33	*0.30233	420.72	29.7	5.8555	31.9	(6 0 15.6	13 36 10.0	29.7)	Nakamura	Tomoda Nakamura Katō
Mean				0.30271									

 $H = 0.30271$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -2160

" " sea level = 76

 $H = 0.30250$

241. KAMIITI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	8 th	16 ^h	4 ^m	4°	30'	7"	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	16	54	"	29	26	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	18	15	"	28	48	Nakamura	"
"	"	19	16	"	29	2	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	20	16	"	28	47	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	48	"	28	51	"	Tomoda
"	"	21	58	"	28	0	"	Nakamura
"	9 th	0	4	"	28	20	"	"
"	"	1	0	"	28	4	"	"
"	"	2	51	"	26	50	"	"
"	"	4	25	"	27	9	"	"
"	"	5	49	"	25	15	"	"
"	"	6	49	"	24	49	"	"
"	"	7	50	"	24	54	"	Tomoda
"	"	9	4	"	25	59	Katō	"
"	"	10	5	"	27	11	"	Katō
"	"	11	23	"	29	53	Tomoda	"
"	"	12	26	"	31	13	Katō	"
"	"	13	26	"	31	14	Tomoda	"
"	"	14	29	"	30	15	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	15	7	"	30	5	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	15	33	"	29	49	Katō	"
"	"	15	56	"	29	35	"	"
"	"	16	41	"	29	17	"	Tomoda
Mean				4°	28'	2"		

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 28' 03''$$

Reduction to 1865.0 = -1.16
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 26' 9''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	8 th	19 ^h	13 ^m	—	48° 1/6	Katō	Nakamura
"	9 th	0	35	—	" 5.2	Nakamura	"
"	"	6	16	—	47 59.7	"	"
"	"	10	55	—	48 2.8	Tomoda	Katō
"	"	14	3	—	" 3.0	Katō	Tomoda
Mean					48° 2/5		

$$\theta = 48^{\circ} 2/5$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.96
 " " sea level = -0.02
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 3/4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	8 th	18 ^h	56 ^m	0.30486	420.26	30.7°C	5.8227	31.2°C	5°57' 3/8	13°29' 0/0	30.4°C	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	22	37	0.30498	421.26	27.4	5.8147	27.6	5 57 50.6	13 30 53.1	27.2	Katō	Nakamura
"	9 th	9	41	0.30430	421.93	25.7	5.8161	25.9	5 58 54.4	13 32 48.8	25.6	Tomoda	"
"	"	13	5	0.30460	420.67	29.5	5.8221	29.6	5 57 26.3	13 29 29.4	29.4	"	Katō
Mean				0.30468									

$$H = 0.30468$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -2151
 " " sea level = 188
 $H = 0.30448$

242. MYŌZI.

(戸長役場裏, 河原ノ石ノ上)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug. 10 th	11 ^h	24 ^m	4°	28'	45''	Tomoda	Nakamura
" "	11	48	"	30	8	Nakamura	Tomoda
" "	12	28	"	31	43	Katō	Nakamura
" "	13	40	"	33	10	Tomoda	Katō
" "	14	41	"	30	30	Nakamura	"
" "	15	15	"	29	7	Katō	"
" "	16	28	"	27	23	Nakamura	{ Tomoda Nakamura
" "	17	20	"	25	43	"	Tomoda
" "	18	32	"	25	3	Tomoda	Nakamura
" "	19	16	"	26	33	Nakamura	"
" "	20	26	"	27	23	Tomoda	Tomoda
" "	20	48	"	27	8	Nakamura	"
" "	21	56	"	27	57	Tomoda	Nakamura
" "	23	46	"	27	50	"	Tomoda
" "	11 th	2	51	"	27	50	"
" "	5	20	"	26	42	"	"
" "	6	37	"	25	27	"	"
" "	7	40	"	25	25	Nakamura	Nakamura
" "	8	45	"	25	25	"	Tomoda
" "	9	32	"	27	2	"	"
Mean			4°	27'	30''		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 27' 50''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.06

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 26' 44''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 10 th	14 ^h	27 ^m	—	47° 54.4	Katō	Nakamura
" "	19	2	—	" 55.0	Nakamura	"
" "	11 th	6	7	" 56.2	Tomoda	Tomoda
Mean				47° 55.2		

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 55.2''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.13

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 56.3''$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder			
						φ_1	φ_2						
Aug. 10 th	13 ^h	19 ^m	0.30531	419.55	33.1C	5.8232	33.2C	5°55'42.5	13°25'44.4	33.1C	{ Tomoda Katō	{ Katō Tomoda	
" "	18	4	0.30500	420.89	27.4	5.8168	28.2	5°57'13.8	13°29'0.6	26.7	{ Tomoda Nakamura	{ Nakamura Tomoda	
" "	21	33	0.30531	421.83	24.6	5.8069	24.9	5°57'43.8	13°30'12.5	24.4	{ Tomoda Nakamura	{ Tomoda Nakamura	
" "	11 th	8	14	0.30554	421.82	25.0	5.8039	24.7	5°57'26.2	13°29'40.0	25.2	{ Nakamura	{ Tomoda
Mean			0.30529										

 $H = 0.30529$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -2284

" " sea level = 000

 $H = 0.30506$

243. WAKAYAMA.

Normal School (和歌山尋常師範學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ		Observer	Recorder	
Aug.	11 th	17 ^h	41 ^m	4	29'	49''	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	17	52	"	30	7	Katō	"
"	"	18	53	"	30	28	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	20	24	"	30	48	Tomoda	"
"	"	20	56	"	30	36	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	22	0	"	30	20	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	23	48	"	29	55	"	Katō
"	12 th	0	38	"	29	43	"	"
"	"	2	13	"	29	7	"	"
"	"	4	19	"	28	47	"	"
"	"	4	56	"	28	40	"	"
"	"	6	28	"	26	49	"	"
"	"	7	28	"	25	32	"	"
"	"	8	16	"	25	37	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	9	11	"	26	14	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	10	6	"	28	43	Nakamura	"
"	"	10	54	"	30	19	"	"
"	"	11	53	"	33	41	"	"
"	"	13	1	"	35	3	Katō	"
"	"	13	54	"	34	17	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	14	55	"	33	20	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	15	57	"	31	16	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	16	23	"	30	38	Katō	Nakamura
Mean				4°	29'	58''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 29' 58''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.00
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 29' 58''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	11 th	19 ^h	49 ^m	—	48° 11'	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	12 th	6	59	—	47 59.3	Katō	Katō
"	"	10	30	—	" 58.2	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	15	16	—	" 57.4	"	Katō
Mean					47 59.0		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} 59.0'$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.61
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 0.6'$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of Temp. 1-Vibn. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder	
					φ_1	φ_2				
Aug. 11 th 19 ^h 31 ^m	0.30582	420.68	29.50	5.8111	30.10	5 56'15.0"	13 26'57.5"	28.90	Nakamura Katō	{ Katō Nakamura
" " 21 38	*0.30562	420.84	28.2	5.8205	28.7	(5 56 25.6	13 27 15.0	(28.2)	{ Nakamura Tomoda	{ " Katō Nakamura
" 12 th 8 47	0.30533	420.20	29.4	5.8181	29.5	5 53 15.6	13 26 53.8	29.4	{ Nakamura Katō	{ Katō Nakamura
" " 13 37	0.30544	419.46	32.0	5.8228	32.3	5 55 31.9	13 25 15.0	31.6	{ Nakamura Katō	{ Katō Nakamura
Mean										
	0.30555									

$H = 0.30555$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2436
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30531$

244. SUMOTO.

Mituai (河添町字三ッ合_ニ, 吹_ノ洲)DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	13 th	13 ^h	1 ^m	4	37'	11"	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	13	40	"	38	5	"	Tomoda
"	"	14	25	"	36	16	"	"
"	"	15	1	"	35	43	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	15	53	"	34	57	"	"
"	"	16	46	"	33	32	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	17	47	"	32	39	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	18	39	"	32	32	Tomoda	"
"	"	19	37	"	32	29	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	21	34	"	31	52	"	Tomoda
"	"	22	43	"	32	2	Tomoda	"
"	14 th	1	21	"	31	9	"	"
"	"	3	6	"	30	53	"	"
"	"	5	15	"	29	56	"	"
"	"	6	40	"	28	12	"	"
"	"	7	56	"	26	33	Katō	Katō
"	"	8	45	"	27	5	"	"
"	"	9	44	"	29	14	"	"
"	"	10	29	"	31	6	"	"
"	"	10	56	"	31	44	"	Tomoda
Mean				4	31'	42"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 31.70$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.03

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 30.7$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	13 th	17 ^h	23 ^m	—	48° 6.2	Katō	Tomoda
"	14 th	2	25	—	" 7.3	Tomoda	"
"	"	9	4	—	" 6.1	Katō	Katō
Mean					48° 6.5		

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 6.5$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.11

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 8.6$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 13 th 16 ^h 27 ^m	0.30589	419.52	31.5C	5.8176	31.7C	5 55'12".5	13 24'48".8	31.4C	Nakamura Tomoda	Katō Nakamura
" " 19 16	0.30549	420.49	27.8	5.8140	27.8	5 56'21.2	13 24'10.0	27.8	" Katō	Katō Tomoda
" " 22 11	0.30572	421.18	26.6	5.8071	26.6	5 56'37.5	13 27'40.0	26.6	Tomoda Nakamura	Nakamura Tomoda
" 14 th 7 33	0.30597	420.36	28.8	5.8104	28.8	5 55'53.1	13 26'28.8	28.8	Nakamura Tomoda	Tomoda Katō
- Mean	0.30577									

 $H = 0.30577$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -2570

" " sea level = 000

 $H = 0.30551$

245. MINABE.
Station, 1887 (村役場裏海濱芝地, 舊觀測所)
 DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 ^h	15 ^h	33 ^m	4'	18'	51"	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	16	20	"	18	39	"	Tomoda
"	"	17	17	"	18	17	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	18	9	"	18	20	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	19	5	"	17	35	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	20	41	"	17	32	Katō	"
"	"	21	31	"	17	15	Nakamura	"
"	"	22	33	"	16	46	"	"
"	"	23	36	"	16	18	"	"
"	16 th	3	33	"	15	14	"	"
"	"	5	11	"	14	59	"	"
"	"	5	55	"	14	5	"	"
"	"	6	56	"	13	23	"	"
"	"	7	55	"	13	14	"	"
"	"	9	1	"	14	14	Katō	Tomoda
"	"	9	56	"	15	3	Tomoda	"
"	"	11	1	"	16	45	"	"
"	"	12	0	"	18	12	Nakamura	"
"	"	12	48	"	18	32	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	13	37	"	18	15	Nakamura	"
"	"	14	23	"	18	29	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	15	19	"	18	14	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	12	"	17	57	Tomoda	Nakamura
Mean				4	16'	25"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 16' 25''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.75
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 15' 7''$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	15 ^h	17 ^h	2 ^m	—	47° 22.5	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	22	14	—	" 22.1	Nakamura	"
"	16 ^h	6	22	—	" 25.1	"	"
"	"	11	43	—	" 22.6	Tomoda	"
Mean					47° 23.1		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} 23.1$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.14
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 24.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_0	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 15 ^h 18 ^h 44 ^m	0.30753	419.86	29.9C	5.8005	30.3C	5'53'39.74	13'21'10.76	29.5C	{ Tomoda Katō	{ Katō Tomoda
" " 21 14	0.30772	420.68	28.2	5.7923	28.4	5'53'59.4	13'21'47.5	28.1	{ Nakamura Tomoda	{ Katō "
" 16 ^h 8 39	0.30763	419.38	32.8	5.8012	32.5	5'52'48.1	13'19'6.9	33.2	{ Tomoda Nakamura	{ Nakamura Tomoda
" " 13 20	0.30775	417.82	38.3	5.8127	38.5	5'51'19.4	13'15'33.9	38.0	{ Tomoda Nakamura	{ Nakamura Tomoda
Mean	0.30766									

$H = 0.30766$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -2388
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.30742$

246. TIKATUYU.

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	18 th	15 ^h	28 ^m	—	47° 29.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	18	2	—	" 19.1	Tomoda	"
"	"	18	53	—	" 24.4	Nakamura	Tomoda
Mean					47° 24.3		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 47^\circ 24.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 0.85 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.08 \\ & \theta = 47^\circ 25.1 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 18 th 16 ^h 14 ^m	*0.30616	421.62	24.0C	5.7999	24.0C	—	—	—	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 17 53	*0.30616	421.68	23.9	5.7995	23.9	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.30616									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.30616 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -2265 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 595 \\ & H = 0.30599 \end{aligned}$$

247. HONGŪ.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	19 th	18 ^h	36 ^m	f	20'	26"	Kato	Kato
"	"	19	11	"	20	14	"	"
"	"	19	50	"	20	29	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	20	53	"	20	26	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	22	8	"	20	6	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	23	36	"	19	55	"	Nakamura
"	20 th	0	35	"	19	36	"	"
"	"	3	13	"	18	16	"	"
"	"	5	14	"	18	19	"	"
"	"	6	21	"	17	24	"	"
"	"	7	25	"	17	0	"	"
"	"	8	35	"	17	56	Katō	Katō
"	"	9	32	"	19	27	"	"
"	"	10	38	"	21	35	"	"
"	"	11	37	"	22	33	Nakamura	"
"	"	12	24	"	22	58	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	13	10	"	23	8	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	14	12	"	22	13	"	Nakamura
"	"	15	12	"	20	36	Katō	Katō
"	"	16	14	"	19	7	Nakamura	"
"	"	16	37	"	18	53	Katō	Nakamura
"	"	17	44	"	18	58	Nakamura	Katō
"	"	18	37	"	19	19	Katō	"
"	"	19	6	"	19	40	Nakamura	"
Mean				f	19'	41"		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 4^\circ 19.68 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.85 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.01 \\ & \delta = 4^\circ 18.8 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 20 th 6 ^h 1 ^m	—	47° 24.2	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 11 20	—	" 21.7	Katō	Katō
" " 13 39	—	" 22.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 18 5	—	" 22.7	Katō	"
Mean		47° 22.9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^\circ 22.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.65 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\ \delta &= 47^\circ 23.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 19 th 21 ^h 9 ^m	0.30640	420.37	27.30	5.8068	27.60	5 55' 16.9	13 24' 45.6	27.10	Tomoda	Nakamura
" 20 th 8 12	0.30641	420.61	27.2	5.8048	27.3	5 55' 16.2	13 24' 26.9	27.1	"	Katō
" " 12 52	0.30675	420.30	28.2	5.8039	28.3	5 54' 41.2	13 23' 16.9	28.1	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 17 4	0.30650	420.03	29.1	5.8083	29.3	5 54' 46.9	13 23' 31.9	28.9	Katō	Katō
Mean	0.30651									Nakamura

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30651 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -2207 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 124 \\ H &= 0.30630 \end{aligned}$$

248. KUSIMOTO.

At Pasture Ground (牧場内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 23 rd 9 ^h 14 ^m	4° 10' 4"	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 9 15	" 11 39	"	Nakamura
" " 10 36	" 13 49	Tomoda	"
" " 11 47	" 15 40	"	"
" " 12 48	" 16 20	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 13 43	" 15 29	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 14 47	" 13 49	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 16 5	" 12 21	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 16 59	" 11 22	Nakamura	"
" " 17 56	" 11 9	Tomoda	Tomoda
" " 18 50	" 10 22	"	"
" " 20 27	" 10 8	Nakamura	"
" " 21 26	" 10 27	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 22 47	" 10 32	"	Tomoda
" 24 th 3 58	" 9 24	"	"
" " 5 39	" 9 1	"	"
" " 6 10	" 8 10	"	"
" " 7 14	" 7 14	Nakamura	"
" " 8 5	" 7 32	"	Nakamura
" " 9 5	" 9 22	"	"
" " 9 54	" 11 27	Tomoda	"
Mean	4° 11' 6"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 11.10 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.66 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^\circ 10.44 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 23 rd 11 ^h 24 ^m	—	46° 50.3	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 15 21	—	" 53.6	Tomoda	"
" " 22 20	—	" 57.9	"	"
" 24 th 6 48	—	" 58.4	"	"
" " 9 29	—	" 59.8	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean		46° 56.0		

$\theta = 46^\circ 56.0$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.33
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 46^\circ 56.3$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib \bar{u} .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 23 rd 13 ^h 22 ^m	0.30762	418.76	32.3C	5.8065	32.4C	5 52.3172	13 18.3679	32.1C	Tomoda	Nakanuan
" " 17 31	0.30729	419.05	29.4	5.8077	29.8	5 53.23.7	13 20.49.4	29.0	Nakamura Tomoda	Tomoda Nakamura
" " 22 5	0.30701	420.22	26.1	5.8013	26.1	5 54.26.9	13 22.53.8	26.1		
" 24 th 7 47	0.30729	419.68	28.0	5.8024	27.9	5 53.40.6	13 21.11.9	28.1	Nakamura Tomoda	Tomoda Nakamura
" " 10 30	0.30736	418.88	31.5	5.8075	31.4	5 52.47.5	13 19.5.6	31.7		
Mean	0.30731									

$H = 0.30731$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2218
" " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.30709$

249. ARIMA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 26 th 9 ^h 53 ^m	4 18' 29"	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 10 29	" 19 43	"	"
" " 11 14	" 20 38	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 11 52	" 21 11	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 12 44	" 21 4	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 13 38	" 20 15	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 14 42	" 19 28	Nakamura	"
" " 15 39	" 17 50	"	Tomoda
" " 16 40	" 16 28	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 17 43	" 15 58	Nakamura	"
" " 18 37	" 16 12	Tomoda	Tomoda
" " 19 49	" 16 46	Nakamura	"
" " 20 53	" 16 59	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 22 3	" 17 11	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 23 27	" 16 30	"	Nakamura
" 27 th 3 22	" 16 6	"	"
" " 5 1	" 15 30	"	"
" " 5 49	" 15 0	"	"
" " 6 50	" 13 1	Tomoda	"
" " 7 48	" 13 0	"	Tomoda
" " 8 46	" 13 53	"	"
" " 9 46	" 16 43	Nakamura	"
" " 10 54	" 19 21	Tomoda	Nakamura
Mean	4° 16' 50"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 16.83$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.91
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^\circ 15.9$

DIP θ
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 26 th 12 ^h 22 ^m	—	47° 26.9	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 16 3	—	" 26.7	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 21 40	—	" 26.0	Tomoda	Nakamura
" 27 th 6 20	—	" 28.5	Nakamura	"
Mean		47° 27.0		

$\theta = 47^\circ 27.0$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.50
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47^\circ 27.5$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 26 th 13 ^h 19 ^m	0.30570	417.68	35.2C	5.8332	35.7C	5°53'45.0"	13°21'15.6"	34.8C	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 17 25	0.30572	419.31	29.3	5.8204	29.4	5 55 3.8	13 24 14.4	29.3	" Nakamura	" Tomoda
" " 20 28	0.30579	419.41	28.1	5.8188	28.0	5 55 18.1	13 25 5.6	28.2	" Tomoda	" Nakamura
" 27 th 7 19	0.30569	420.56	25.3	5.8123	25.6	5 56 19.4	13 27 8.8	25.1	" Nakamura	" Tomoda
Mean	0.30573									

$H = 0.30573$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2115
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30552$

250. NAGASIMA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 29 th 17 ^h 12 ^m	4° 23' 54"	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 17 53	" 23 40	"	"
" " 19 20	" 24 9	Tomoda	"
" " 20 8	" 23 58	Nakamura	Nakamura
" " 21 1	" 23 45	Tomoda	"
" " 22 6	" 23 37	"	Tomoda
" 30 th 2 6	" 22 42	"	"
" " 5 12	" 20 6	"	"
" " 6 15	" 19 20	"	"
" " 7 28	" 18 10	Nakamura	" Nakamura
" " 9 6	" 19 56	"	" Tomoda
" " 10 10	" 22 49	"	Nakamura
" " 10 56	" 24 59	"	"
" " 11 57	" 26 8	"	"
" " 12 59	" 27 36	"	"
" " 13 56	" 26 24	Tomoda	"
" 31 st 11 23	" 23 15	Nakamura	"
" " 12 17	" 24 7	Tomoda	"
" " 13 18	" 23 37	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 14 24	" 22 34	Tomoda	"
" " 15 23	" 20 32	Nakamura	"
" " 16 10	" 18 58	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 17 18	" 18 36	"	Tomoda
" " 17 42	" 18 36	Nakamura	"
Mean	4° 22' 59"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 22.98$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.08
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ 21.9$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	29 th	20 ^h	36 ^m	—	47° 50'0	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	30 th	7 2	—	" 45.4	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	11 39		—	" 48.5	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	31 st	15 8	—	" 47.7	Tomoda	"
Mean					47° 47.9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^{\circ} 47.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.50 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 47^{\circ} 48.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 29 th 18 ^h 48 ^m	0.30418	419.15	28.1C	5.8368	28.4C	5°56'54.4	13°28'33.8	27.8C	Tomoda	Nakamura
" " 21 41	0.30435	419.87	25.8	5.8293	25.8	5 57 20.6	13 29 40.6	25.8	"	"
" " 30 th 8 12	*0.30410	419.96	25.4	5.8311	25.4	(5 57 44.4	13 30 13.8	25.6)	Nakamura	Tomoda
" " 31 st 13 0	0.30439	417.58	34.2	5.8455	34.7	5 55 5.7	13 24 20.7	33.8	"	"
" " 16 45	0.30422	418.29	30.9	5.8435	31.7	5 56 6.2	13 26 36.2	30.1	Nakamura	Nakamura
Mean	0.30425									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30425 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -2046 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ H &= 0.30405 \end{aligned}$$

251. MATUSAKA.
Racing Ground (競馬場内)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	2 nd	20 ^h	1 ^m	4	25'	6''	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	20	38	"	24	42	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	21	55	"	23	53	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	23	15	"	24	22	"	Nakamura
"	3 rd	2	31	"	24	9	"	"
"	"	4	37	"	23	35	"	"
"	"	5	28	"	22	44	"	"
"	"	6	12	"	21	58	"	"
"	"	7	11	"	21	24	"	Tomoda
"	"	8	17	"	22	40	Tomoda	"
"	"	9	19	"	23	44	"	"
"	"	10	20	"	26	45	"	"
"	"	11	27	"	29	22	"	"
"	"	12	19	"	30	11	Nakamura	"
"	"	13	9	"	30	8	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	14	27	"	28	0	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	15	24	"	26	12	Tomoda	"
"	"	16	18	"	25	23	"	"
"	"	17	25	"	25	13	"	Nakamura
"	"	18	17	"	24	51	Nakamura	Tomoda
"	"	19	8	"	24	52	Tomoda	Nakamura
Mean				4°	25'	7''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 25'12 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.31 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^{\circ} 23.8 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	2 nd	22 ^h	35 ^m	—	43° 11/2	Nakamura	Nakamura
"	"	3 rd	6 33	—	" 9.3	"	"
"	"	"	11 1	—	" 9.6	Tomoda	Tomoda
"	"	"	16 52	—	" 7.8	"	"
Mean					48° 9/5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ \quad 9/5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.67 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ \quad 10/2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Kinki Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib \perp	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Sept.	2 nd	21 ^h	33 ^m	0.30328	419.43	25.5C	5.8432	25.9C	5'58"21/2	13'32' 1.9	25.2 C	Tomoda	Nakamura
"	"	3 rd	7 52	0.30344	419.36	27.3	5.8403	26.6	5 57 43.1	13 30 28.8	28.1	Nakamura Tomoda Nakamura Tomoda	Nakamura Tomoda Nakamura Nakamura
"	"	"	13 48	*0.30340	419.16	26.6	5.8433	26.6	(5 57 28.8	13 31 18.1	25.2)		
"	"	"	13 57	0.30343	419.20	26.3	5.8433	26.6	5 57 56.3	13 31 5.0	26.1		
"	"	"	17 57	J.30340	419.35	26.2	5.8425	26.5	5 58 9.4	13 31 38.1	25.9		
Mean				0.30339									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30339 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1990 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30319 \end{aligned}$$

252. MIHARA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	1 st	9 ^h	10 ^m	4°	35'	54''	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	"	9 52	"	37	6	Sutō	Sano
"	"	"	10 37	"	38	57	Sano	Sutō
"	"	"	12 28	"	41	47	Sutō	Sano
"	"	"	14 26	"	42	55	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	"	14 50	"	42	55	"	"
"	"	"	16 49	"	40	57	Sutō	Sano
"	"	"	18 11	"	40	9	"	"
"	"	"	19 33	"	40	2	Sano	Sutō
"	"	"	21 28	"	40	17	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	"	23 39	"	39	44	"	"
"	"	2 nd	2 7	"	39	20	"	"
"	"	"	5 23	"	38	52	"	"
"	"	"	7 15	"	35	16	"	"
"	"	"	8 23	"	35	19	"	Sano
"	"	"	9 10	"	35	45	"	"
Mean				4°	39'	46''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ \quad 39/77 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.52 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ \quad 39/2 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 1 st 12 ^h 7 ^m	2	48 23.7	Sutō	Sano
" " 19 0	2	" 24.3	Sano	Sutō
" 2 nd 6 33	1	" 17.8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		48° 21.9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 21.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.45 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 25.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 1 st 13 ^h 51 ^m	0.30847	408.02	29.3C	5.9417	30.0C	5°43'48".8	12°57'45".0	28.7C	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" " 16 3	0.30921	408.53	26.8	5.9297	27.0	5 43 48.7	12 58 26.2	28.6	Sano Sutō	" Sano
" " 20 46	*0.30888	409.33	24.4	5.9234	24.4	(5 44 23.7	13 2 27.5	24.0)	Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" 2 nd 8 4	0.30933	409.69	23.5	5.9193	23.6	5 44 37.5	13 0 17.5	23.4	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.30898									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30898 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3077 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30867 \end{aligned}$$

253. HIROSIMA.

Park (公園地)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 2 nd 18 ^h 28	4° 33' 44"	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 19 27	" 33 31	Sutō	Tanakadate
" " 20 57	" 33 17	Sano	Sano
" 3 rd 1 23	" 33 28	"	"
" " 3 29	" 32 50	"	"
" " 4 49	" 32 25	"	"
" " 6 19	" 30 47	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 7 47	" 30 22	"	"
" " 9 21	" 31 15	Sutō	Tanakadate
" " 10 25	" 32 55	"	"
" " 11 22	" 35 1	"	"
" " 12 3	" 36 20	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 13 56	" 36 2	Sano	Sano
" " 15 32	" 35 35	Sutō	"
" " 17 9	" 34 54	"	"
" " 18 45	" 34 3	Tanakadate	"
" 4 th 0 41	" 33 35	"	Tanakadate
Mean	4° 33' 31"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 33.52 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.35 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 33.2 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	2 nd	17 ^h	54 ^m	2	48° 27.9	Sutō	Sano
"	"	3 rd	8 55	2	" 24.0	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	"	18 4	2	" 24.5	Sano	Tanakadate
Mean					48° 25.5		

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 25.5$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.21
" " sea level = 0.60
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 29.7$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
July 3 rd 7 ^h 10 ^m	0.30963	409.59	23.3C	5.9175	23.3C	5° 44' 6.72	12 58' 53.77	23.3 C	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" " 12 41	*0.30934	408.97	25.9	5.9026	26.1	(5 43 35.0	12 57 16.2	25.9)	" Sutō	" Tanakadate
" " 19 41	0.30972	409.92	23.0	5.9147	23.3	5 44 23.1	12 59 33.7	22.8	Sano Tanakadate	" Sano
Mean	0.30956									

$H = 0.30955$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3309
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30923$

Hirosima Syuttyō (廣島出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
July 4 th —h — ^m	*0.31086	409.30	24.8C	5.9164	24.8C	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate
" " 9 10	*0.30830	409.74	23.3	5.9351	23.3	—	—	—	"	"
" " — —	*0.31029	409.84	22.9	5.9180	22.9	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.30982									

254. SITATA.

Hatiman Zinsya (下田八幡神社)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	5 th	11 ^h	48 ^m	4°	36'	19"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	"	13 36	"	37	36	"	Sutō
"	"	"	15 24	"	35	18	"	Sano
"	"	"	16 35	"	32	59	"	Sutō
"	"	"	17 33	"	31	31	Sutō	Sano
"	"	"	18 16	"	33	9	"	"
"	"	"	20 35	"	30	16	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	"	22 13	"	32	59	"	Sano
"	"	"	22 34	"	32	43	Sano	"
"	6 th	4	0	"	31	36	Tanakadate	"
"	"	5	41	"	29	40	"	"
"	"	7	47	"	27	41	Sutō	Sutō
Mean				4°	31'	58"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 31.97$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.03
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 31.9$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	5 ^h	16 ^h	12 ^m	2	47° 57.7	Sano	Sutō
"	"	17	5	2	" 56.6	Sutō	Sano
"	6 ^h	8	39	2	" 56.5	"	"
Mean					47° 56.9		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^{\circ} 56.9 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.92 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^{\circ} 02.8 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibn.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
July	5 ^h	13 ^h	8 ^m	*0.31034	407.59	28.4C	5.9033	28.2C	5 41' 43.71	12' 53' 7.75	28.5C	Sano Sutō	Sutō Sano
"	"	18	59	*0.31020	409.51	23.6	5.9125	23.6	5 42 40.0	12 56 20.6	22.9	" Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
"	6 ^h	6	41	0.31076	408.94	24.7	5.9113	24.6	5 42 23.7	12 55 11.2	24.8	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean				0.31043									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31043 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3350 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.31009 \end{aligned}$$

255. MURODZUMI.

Common School (小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	7 ^h	9 ^h	11 ^m	4'	30'	29"	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	10	49	"	32	41	Sutō	Sano
"	"	11	41	"	34	25	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	13	17	"	36	53	Sano	Sano
"	"	14	26	"	37	32	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	15	32	"	36	12	"	Sano
"	"	16	36	"	34	5	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	17	43	"	33	6	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	18	30	"	32	22	"	Sano
"	"	20	6	"	32	54	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	22	40	"	32	57	Sano	"
"	8 ^h	3	4	"	32	2	"	Sano
"	"	4	44	"	31	12	"	"
"	"	6	33	"	30	42	"	"
"	"	7	39	"	31	7	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	8	45	"	30	17	"	"
"	"	9	22	"	31	16	Sutō	Tanakadate
Mean				4'	32'	57"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' 32.95 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.12 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4' 33.1 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	7 th	10 ^h	0 ^m	2	47° 59.4	Sutō	Sano
"	"	13	57	2	" 59.1	Sano	"
"	"	21	56	2	48 0.6	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	8 th	8	29	2	47 59.6	"	Sano
Mean					47° 59.7		Sutō

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^\circ 59.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 4.25 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 40 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 7 th 12 ^h 43 ^m	0.31055	407.17	30.8C	5.9272	31.2C	5 40'50.76	12 51'13.77	30. C	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" " 19 38	0.31092	408.40	27.1	5.9146	27.4	5 41 42.5	12 53 25.6	26.8	Sano Sutō	" Sano
" 8 th 8 14	0.31100	409.27	24.2	5.9068	24.4	5 42 21.2	12 54 55.0	24.1	Tanakadate Sutō	Sutō Tanakadate
Mean	0.31082									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31082 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3.199 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.31047 \end{aligned}$$

Murodzumi Syuttyō (室積出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Hayanaga Hatiman (早長八幡)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	8 th	15 ^h	18 ^m	2	48° 15	Sutō	Sano

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 8 th 14 ^h 40 ^m	*0.31084	409.85	22.5C	5.9040	22.5C	—	—	—	Tanakadate Sutō	Sutō Tanakadate

256. YAMAGUTI.

Play ground of Yamaguti High School (山口高等學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ		Observer	Recorder	
July	9 th	11 ^h	43 ^m	4°	34'	26''	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	12	50	"	34	10	Sutō	Sano
"	"	14	14	"	34	4	Tanakadate	"
"	"	15	17	"	33	23	Sano	Sutō
"	"	16	42	"	32	15	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	17	42	"	31	21	"	"
"	"	19	47	"	30	39	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	21	53	"	32	8	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	22	56	"	31	38	"	"
"	10 th	3	48	"	31	3	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	6	12	"	28	50	"	"
"	"	6	53	"	28	6	"	"
"	"	8	20	"	29	31	Sutō	Sano
"	"	9	48	"	31	36	Sano	Sutō
"	"	10	38	"	32	24	Sutō	Sano
"	"	14	1	"	34	0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	15	0	"	33	38	"	Sano
Mean				4°	31'	42''		

$\delta = 4 \quad 31.70$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.15
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4 \quad 31.9$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	9 th	12 ^h	30 ^m	2	48° 18.7	Sutō	Sano
"	"	19	13	2	" 19.8	Tanakadate	"
"	10 th	9	11	2	" 19.1	Sano	Sutō Sano
Mean					48° 19.2		

$\theta = 48^\circ \quad 19.2$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.86
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^\circ \quad 24.1$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 9 th 13 ^h 37 ^m	0.31165	409.37	23.3C	5.9059	23.6C	5°42'18.78	12°54'41.73	23.1C	Udzie Tanakadate	Tanakadate Udzie
" " 21 14	0.31090	409.98	21.8	5.9032	22.3	5 43 7.5	12 56 35.0	21.3	" Sutō	Tanakadate
" 10 th 7 46	0.31101	409.76	23.0	5.9023	22.7	5 42 40.6	12 55 40.0	23.4	Tanakadate "	" Sutō
Mean	0.31065									

$H = 0.31065$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3694
 " " sea level = 51
 $H = 0.31029$

Yamaguti Syuttyō (山口出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

(平井ノ大場)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 10 th 19 ^h 18 ^m	2	48 25.1	Tanakadate	Sano

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 10 th 18 ^h 50 ^m	*0.30987	409.66	22.9C	5.9147	22.9C	—	—	—	Sutō	Tanakadate

257. TUWANO

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 12 th 6 ^h 21 ^m	4° 35' 48"	Sano	Sano
" " 7 9	" 35 3	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 8 21	" 34 9	Sutō	Tanakadate
" " 9 33	" 36 42	"	"
" " 10 39	" 38 53	Tanakadate	"
" " 11 30	" 44 25	Sutō	"
" " 12 37	" 41 50	Sano	Sutō
" " 14 2	" 45 20	Sutō	Sano
" " 15 25	" 45 51	"	"
" " 16 25	" 44 28	"	"
" " 17 0	" 43 21	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 17 46	" 40 55	"	Sano
" " 18 50	" 40 27	Sano	Tanakadate
" " 20 6	" 40 56	Sutō	Sutō
" " 22 51	" 40 53	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" 13 th 3 21	" 39 7	"	"
" " 5 45	" 38 8	"	"
" " 6 21	" 36 58	"	Sano
Mean	4° 46' 25"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 40' 42 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.06 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 40' 3 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour Mean Local Time.	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 12 th 8 ^h 54 ^m	2	48° 39.7	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 14 55	2	" 42.4	Sutō	Sano
Mean		48° 41.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 41.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 5.20 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 46.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 12 th 7 ^h 53 ^m	0.31066	408.92	24.6C	5.9093	23.1C	5°42' 8.8	12°54'37.5	26.1C	Tanakadate Sutō	Sutō Tanakadate
" " 13 37	0.31013	407.37	29.6	5.9307	29.6	5 41 38.7	12 53 26.2	29.6	Sano Sutō	Sutō Sano
" " 19 16	0.30982	409.58	22.4	5.9163	22.8	5 43 46.9	12 57 50.0	22.1	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31020									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.31020 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3698 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 205 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.30985
 \end{aligned}$$

258. HAGI.

Hagimati, Kikugahama (萩町字菊ヶ濱)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 14 th 11 ^h 31 ^m	4° 33' 39"	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 12 37	" 35 1	"	Tanakadate
" " 14 31	" 35 29	Sutō	Sano
" " 15 33	" 36 1	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 16 50	" 33 31	Sutō	Sano
" " 18 27	" 32 3	Sano	Sutō
" " 19 14	" 32 43	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 21 38	" 32 54	"	"
" 15 th 0 28	" 32 36	"	"
" " 4 24	" 31 48	"	"
" " 5 53	" 30 29	"	"
" " 7 47	" 29 16	"	"
" " 10 8	" 31 46	Sutō	Sano
" " 12 32	" 37 35	"	Sutō
" " 14 36	" 37 29	"	"
" " 16 0	" 36 1	"	Sano
" " 17 46	" 33 8	"	Sutō
" " 19 14	" 32 23	"	"
Mean	4° 33' 2"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^\circ 33.03 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.15 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 4^\circ 33.2
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder.
July 14 th 17 ^h 46 ^m	2	48° 28.2	Sutō	Sano
" 15 th 10 51	2	" 34.1	Sano	"
" " 17 15	2	" 33.8	Sutō	"
Mean		48° 32.0		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 48^\circ 32.0 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 5.39 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 48^\circ 37.4
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 14 th 13 ^h 38 ^m	0.31202	407.93	23.8C	5.9081	29.3C	5°46' 17.3	12°49' 23.7	28.3C	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
„ „ 19 39	0.31180	409.02	24.5	5.9017	24.9	5 41 13.7	12 52 10.6	24.0	Sano Sutō	„ Sano
„ 15 th 9 36	0.31166	408.14	27.2	5.9077	23.7	5 40 27.5	12 50 31.2	27.8	Sano Sutō	Sutō Sano
Mean	0.31183									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.31183 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3812 \\
 \text{„ „ sea level} &= 13 \\
 H &= 0.31145
 \end{aligned}$$

Hagi Syuttyō (萩出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

North side of Sumiyosi Zinsya (住吉神社ノ北方)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer.	Recorder
July 15 th 20 ^h 9 ^m	2	48° 29.0	Tanakadate	Sano

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
July 15 th 18 ^h 48 ^m	*0.31156	409.07	24.0C	5.9027	24.0C	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate

259. AWANO.

River side near Ferry (粟野村字渡場, 河原ノ中)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
July 17 th 5 ^h 36 ^m	4°	32'	10"	Tanakadate	Sutō
„ „ 6 51	„	31	49	Sutō	Tanakadate
„ „ 7 28	„	31	28	Tanakadate	Sutō
„ „ 8 48	„	32	3	„	Tanakadate
„ „ 9 54	„	33	5	Sutō	„
„ „ 10 51	„	33	46	„	„
„ „ 11 49	„	34	30	Tanakadate	Sutō
„ „ 12 42	„	35	26	Sano	Tanakadate
„ „ 14 1	„	36	58	Sutō	Sano
„ „ 15 23	„	36	31	Sano	Sutō
„ „ 16 37	„	35	33	Sutō	„
„ „ 18 19	„	34	10	„	Sano
„ „ 19 26	„	33	48	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
„ „ 21 23	„	33	56	„	Sutō
„ „ 22 30	„	33	58	„	Tanakadate
„ 18 th 0 39	„	33	20	„	„
„ „ 2 47	„	32	58	„	„
„ „ 4 31	„	33	24	„	„
„ „ 5 43	„	32	50	„	„
„ „ 7 17	„	31	24	„	„
Mean	4°	33'	55"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^{\circ} 33.92 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.35 \\
 \text{„ „ sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \delta &= 4^{\circ} 34.3
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	17 th	6 ^h	26 ^m	2	48° 36.2	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	11	25	2	" 36.0	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	17	33	2	" 29.8	Sano	"
"	18 th	6	40	2	" 36.4	Sutō	Sano
Mean					48° 34.6		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 48^\circ 34.6 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 5.70 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 48^\circ 40.3 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 17 th 8 ^h 23 ^m	*0.31147	407.49	29.4C	5.9057	27.6C	5°40' 37.8	12°49' 26.72	29.4C	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" " 13 38	0.31166	406.57	31.9	5.9212	32.4	5 39 18.8	12 48 0.0	31.5	Sano Sutō	" Sano
" " 20 56	0.31134	408.28	23.0	5.9106	26.0	5 40 55.0	12 51 22.5	26.1	" Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
Mean	0.31149									

$$\begin{aligned} H & = 0.31149 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -3963 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 000 \\ \hline H & = 0.31109 \end{aligned}$$

260. HAMADA.

West side of Hamade River (濱田川西岸, 畑中)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	21 st	18 ^h	21 ^m	4°	43'	8"	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	19	57	"	42	33	Sano	Tanakadate
"	"	21	32	"	42	32	Sutō	"
"	22 nd	0	4	"	41	38	Tanakadate	"
"	"	1	10	"	41	2	"	"
"	"	4	2	"	41	3	"	"
"	"	6	30	"	38	20	"	"
"	"	7	29	"	39	1	"	"
"	"	8	54	"	41	31	Sutō	Sano
"	"	10	28	"	42	56	"	"
"	"	11	23	"	43	33	"	"
"	"	13	2	"	43	55	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	14	23	"	44	26	"	Sutō
"	"	15	33	"	43	23	Sutō	"
"	"	16	27	"	42	27	"	"
"	"	17	37	"	42	6	"	"
"	"	18	51	"	42	39	Tanakadate	"
"	"	23	31	"	43	8	"	Tanakadate
"	23 rd	4	10	"	42	3	"	"
"	"	6	6	"	39	33	"	"
"	"	7	47	"	39	30	"	"
Mean				4°	42'	9"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta & = 4^\circ 42.15 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.42 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline \delta & = 4^\circ 41.7 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	21 st	22 ^h	47 ^m	2	49° 41.5	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	22 nd	10	0	2	" 36.8	Sano	Sutō
"	"	15	9	2	" 38.0	Tanakadate	"
"	"	18	29	2	" 44.3	Sutō	"
Mean					49° 40.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^\circ 40.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 5.15 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 49^\circ 45.4 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 21 st 20 ^h 40 ^m	*0.30381	408.06	26.3 C	^s 5.9852	26.3 C	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate
" 22 nd 8 18	0.30374	407.54	27.5	5.9900	27.6	5'48"57.75	13'10" 1/2	27.4 C	" Sutō	Sutō Sano
" " 14 4	0.30413	405.79	34.0	5.9993	33.9	5 46 53.8	13 5 21.2	34.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" 23 rd 7 22	0.30392	407.15	29.9	5.9885	28.7	5 48 3.8	13 7 58.8	31.0	{ Sutō Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sutō
Mean	0.30390									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30390 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3610 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30354 \end{aligned}$$

Hamada Syuttyō (濱田出張)

(1) Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.
Station, 1887 (千八百八十七年ノ観測點)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 23 rd 11 ^h 14 ^m	2	49° 54.0	Sutō	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 23 rd — —	*0.30268	404.51	38.3 C	^s 6.0233	38.3 C	—	—	—	Sutō	Tanakadate

(2) **Common School (濱田尋常小學校)**

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 23 rd 13 ^h 0 ^m	2	49° 37.2	Tanakadate	Sutō

(3) **Near Station, 1887 (千八百八十七年観測點ノ傍ナル如中, 観音堂前)**

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 23 rd 10 ^h 25 ^m	*0.30271	404.90	37.1 C	^s 6.0199	37.1 C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sutō

261. ITIKI.

Itiki-mura No. 2073, (市木村二千七十三番地)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	24 th	13 ^h	1 ^m	4	45'	2''	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	14	39	"	46	1	"	"
"	"	16	22	"	43	4	Sutō	Sano
"	"	17	43	"	42	6	"	"
"	"	18	51	"	42	41	"	Sutō
"	"	20	33	"	43	25	"	Sano
"	25 th	1	24	"	41	42	Sano	"
"	"	3	48	"	41	6	"	"
"	"	5	53	"	40	10	"	"
"	"	7	2	"	39	3	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	8	26	"	39	2	"	"
"	"	10	0	"	40	53	"	"
"	"	11	27	"	43	58	"	Sano
"	"	12	23	"	46	6	"	Tanakadate
"	"	13	43	"	47	0	"	Sano
Mean				4	42'	36''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 42'00''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.58
 " " sea level = -0.02
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 42'00''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	24 th	15 ^h	51 ^m	2	49° 13.7	Sano	Sutō
"	"	23	31	2	" 14.1	Sutō	"
"	25 th	9	21	2	" 15.9	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean					49° 14.6		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 14.6$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.99
 " " sea level = -0.04
 $\theta = 49^{\circ} 19.6$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 24 th 14 ^h 14 ^m	0.30771	405.29	35.0C	5.9687	35.4C	5 42' 22.75	12 54' 45.70	34.6C	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" " 20 9	0.30746	408.69	24.4	5.9463	25.2	5 45 54.4	13 2 57.5	23.7	Sano Sutō	" Sano
" 25 th 8 2	0.30767	408.27	26.6	5.9441	25.8	5 45 0.6	13 1 7.5	27.4	"	Tanakadate Sutō
" " 14 20	*0.30779	406.71	30.6	5.9564	30.6	—	—	—	Tanakadate Sano	Tanakadate Tanakadate
Mean	0.30766									

$H = 0.30766$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3519
 " " sea level = 358
 $H = 0.30734$

Itiki Syuttyō (市木出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party 1896.

Kwannondō (觀音堂前)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	25 th	15 ^h	0 ^m	2	49° 8.1	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

262. MIYOSI.

Nanukaiti-gawara (馬洗川南岸七日市河原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	26th	19h	0 ^m	4°	56'	34"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	21	37	"	57	33	"	Sutō
"	"	23	19	"	57	49	Sutō	"
"	27th	2	13	"	57	5	"	"
"	"	4	17	"	56	23	"	"
"	"	5	13	"	55	26	"	"
"	"	6	37	"	54	5	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	7	54	"	54	15	"	"
"	"	9	17	"	55	16	Sano	Tanakadate
"	"	10	40	"	57	57	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	12	22	"	61	8	Sutō	"
"	"	14	22	"	63	0	"	"
"	"	16	8	"	59	25	"	"
"	"	17	59	"	56	26	Sano	"
"	"	21	8	"	58	36	Sutō	"
Mean				4°	57'	38"		

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 57.63$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.74

" " sea level = -0.01

$$\delta = 4^{\circ} 56.92$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	27th	15h	1 ^m	2	49° 3.9	Sano	Sutō
"	"	15	51	2	" 7.0	"	"
"	"	22	8	2	" 9.3	Sutō	Sano
Mean					49° 6.7		

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 6.7$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.40

" " sea level = -0.02

$$\theta = 49^{\circ} 11.1$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 26th 21h 6 ^m	0.30565	408.26	25.4C	5.9657	25.6C	5 47' 16.2	13° 5' 53.71	25.3C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" 27th 7 29	0.30612	408.73	24.4	5.9565	23.9	5 47 12.5	13 6 6.2	25.0	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 13 34	0.30594	404.46	36.0	5.9917	36.0	5 43 43.8	12 58 8.8	35.9	Sano Sutō	Sutō Sano
Mean	0.30590									

$$H = 0.30590$$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -3327

" " sea level = 192

$$H = 0.30559$$

Miyosi Syuttyō (三次出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

(1)

High Common School (高等小學校運動場)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	27th	20h	19 ^m	2	49° 30.6	Sutō	Sutō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ ₁	ψ ₂			
July 27 th 17 ^h 23 ^m	*0.30280	405.52	34.3C	^s 6.0157	34.3C	—	—	—	Sano	Sutō

(2)

Matubara

(字松原)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 27 th 22 ^h 3 ^m	2	49 14.1	Sano	Sutō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ ₁	ψ ₂			
July 27 th 19 ^h 16 ^m	*0.30398	407.45	27.8C	^s 5.9880	27.8C	—	—	—	Sano	Sutō

263. AI.

Common School (阿井尋常小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 29 th 1 ^h 43 ^m	4' 55' 35"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 4 0	" 54 48	"	"
" " 5 16	" 54 11	"	"
" " 7 13	" 51 59	"	"
" " 8 51	" 52 55	"	"
" " 10 13	" 55 19	"	"
" " 12 10	" 57 58	"	Sano
" " 12 47	" 58 45	Sutō	"
" " 15 9	" 58 42	"	"
" " 16 19	" 57 19	"	"
" " 18 47	" 56 53	"	Sutō
" " 19 57	" 56 43	"	Sano
" " 21 38	" 56 48	"	"
Mean	4' 56' 1"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \delta = 4' 56.02 \\
 \text{Reduction to } & 1895.0 = -0.93 \\
 \text{,, ,, sea level} & = -0.03 \\
 \hline
 & \delta = 4' 55.1
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 28 th 6 ^h 42 ^m	2	49° 32.5	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" 29 th 15 53	2	" 31.4	Sutō	Sano
" " 19 17	2	" 33.0	Sano	Sutō
Mean		49° 32.3		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \theta = 49^\circ 32.3 \\
 \text{Reduction to } & 1895.0 = 4.90 \\
 \text{,, ,, sea level} & = -0.04 \\
 \hline
 & \theta = 49^\circ 37.2
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 29 th 8 ^h 22 ^m	0.30765	406.51	27.4°C	5.9587	27.2°C	5 44 47.5	13° 0' 32.5	27.7°C	Sutō Tanakadate Sano Sutō Sano Sutō	Tanakadate Sutō Sano Sutō Sano
„ „ 14 40	0.30740	404.85	35.2	5.9751	35.7	5 42 26.2	12 55 6.9	34.8		
„ „ 21 19	0.30770	407.52	26.4	5.9517	26.7	5 44 42.5	13 0 33.8	26.1		
Mean	0.30758									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30758 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -337.1 \\ \text{„ „ sea level} &= 413 \\ \hline H &= 0.30728 \end{aligned}$$

Ai Syuttyō (阿井出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.
(阿井尋常小學校ノ下流ニアル河原, 堤防ヲ距ル三間餘)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 29 th 8 ^h 2 ^m	2	49° 37.3	Sutō	Sano

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 29 th 10 ^h 10 ^m	0.30651	405.61	32.7°C	5.9769	32.7°C	—	—	—	Sano	Sutō

264. IMAITI.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ			Observer	Recorder
July 31 st 8 ^h 48 ^m	4	48'	52''	Tanakadate	Sutō
„ „ 9 51	„	50'	15	„	Sano
„ „ 11 38	„	52'	38	Sutō	Sutō
„ „ 12 32	„	54'	18	Tanakadate	„
„ „ 13 52	„	55'	35	„	„
„ „ 14 36	„	55'	10	Sutō	Sano
„ „ 15 54	„	53'	58	„	„
„ „ 17 1	„	52'	45	Sutō	Sano
„ „ 19 22	„	51'	23	Sano	Sutō
„ „ 21 21	„	51'	8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
„ „ 23 26	„	50'	59	„	„
Aug 1 st 0 49	„	50'	50	„	„
„ „ 2 29	„	50'	29	„	„
„ „ 5 10	„	50'	6	„	„
„ „ 7 11	„	47'	51	„	„
„ „ 8 38	„	48'	44	„	Sutō
„ „ 9 40	„	50'	10	„	Sano Tanakadate
Mean	4°	51'	24''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 51' 40'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.04 \\ \text{„ „ sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 50' 4'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	31 st	10 ^h	52 ^m	2	50° 34	Sutō	Sano
"	"	15	21	1	49 54.6	Sano	Sutō
"	"	17	42	2	" 58.7	Sutō	Sano
Aug.	1 st	6	19	2	50 1.7	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean					49° 59.6		

$\theta = 49^{\circ} 59.6$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 5.06
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 50^{\circ} 47$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 31 st 13 ^h 25 ^m	0.30282	406.70	29.1 C	^s 6.0057	29.3 C	5°49'12.75	13°10'27.75	28.9 C	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" " 21 49	0.30307	407.27	27.0	5.9991	27.2	5 49 31.2	13 11 16.2	26.8	Sano Sutō	" Sano
Aug. 1 st 8 12	0.30296	407.26	27.9	5.9996	27.8	5 49 28.8	13 11 3.8	27.9	" Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
Mean	0.30295									

$H = 0.30295$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3381
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30261$

Imaiti Syuttyō (今市出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.
Sanzyūsangasyō Kwannondō (三十三所觀音堂)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	10 ^h	23 ^m	2	50 14	Sutō	Sano

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 1 st 9 ^h 55 ^m	*0.30129	406.36	29.8 C	^s 6.0231	29.8 C	—	—	—	Sano	Sutō

265. MATUE.

Near Kentyō (鳥根縣廳對岸)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	23 ^h	52 ^m	4°	52'	10"	Sutō	Sutō
"	2 nd	0	30	"	51	57	"	"
"	"	2	11	"	50	23	"	"
"	"	4	51	"	50	13	"	"
"	"	5	58	"	49	23	"	"
"	"	6	34	"	48	41	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	8	9	"	50	42	"	"
"	"	8	58	"	52	33	"	"
"	"	10	25	"	53	42	Sano	Tanakadate
"	"	11	3	"	54	26	Tanakadate	Sano
To be continued								

266. KUROSAKA.

Indigo Field (藍畑中)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	12 ^h	35 ^m	4°	55'	52''	Sutō	Sano
"	"	13	10	"	56	26	Tanakadate	"
"	"	14	27	"	55	58	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	15	34	"	55	20	"	Sano
"	"	16	42	"	54	37	"	"
"	"	17	33	"	54	14	"	"
"	"	19	58	"	54	18	"	"
"	"	22	3	"	53	44	"	Tanakadate
"	"	23	6	"	53	29	Tanakadate	"
"	5 th	3	5	"	53	35	"	"
"	"	6	59	"	51	13	"	"
"	"	8	22	"	52	19	Sutō	"
"	"	9	28	"	53	54	"	Sutō
"	"	10	37	"	55	39	"	"
"	"	11	44	"	55	35	"	"
"	"	12	57	"	56	39	Tanakadate	"
Mean				4°	53'	59''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 53' 59'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.15 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^{\circ} 52' 5'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	19 ^h	11 ^m	2	49° 26.2	Sano	Tanakadate
"	"	5 th	7 10	2	" 28.3	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	12	34	2	" 27.6	Sutō	Tanakadate
Mean					49° 27.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 49^{\circ} 27.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 4.30 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 1.01 \\ \hline \theta &= 49^{\circ} 31.7 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^{ns} .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 4 th 13 ^h 55 ^m	0.30496	406.27	29.3C	5.9868	29.2C	5 46' 12.75	13 3' 26.72	29.5C	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 22 20	0.30540	407.63	24.8	5.9727	24.8	5 47 25.0	13 6 36.2	24.8	Sutō	Tanakadate
" 5 th 8 57	0.30536	406.54	28.5	5.9803	28.1	5 46 13.8	13 3 58.8	29.0	Tanakadate	Sutō
Mean	0.30524									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30524 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -32.14 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 116 \\ \hline H &= 0.30493 \end{aligned}$$

Kurosaka Syuttyō (黒坂出張)

Hiziri Zinsya (聖神社)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 5th 15h 13m	2	49° 34.0	Tanakadate	Sutō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 5th — —	*0.30399	405.50	31.9C	6.0026	31.9C	—	—	—	Sutō	Tanakadate

267. TŌZYŌ.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 6th 18h 12m	4° 42' 54"	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 20 33	" 42 34	"	"
" " 21 17	" 42 34	Sutō	Tanakadate
" " 22 45	" 42 29	Tanakadate	Sutō
Mean	4° 42' 36"		

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \delta = 4^\circ 42' 36'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -0.83 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = -0.02 \\
 \hline
 \delta = 4^\circ 41' 7''
 \end{array}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 6th 19h 51m	2	48° 49.2	Sutō	Sutō

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \theta = 48^\circ 49.2 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 4.16 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = -0.04 \\
 \hline
 \theta = 48^\circ 53.3
 \end{array}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 6th 22h 48m	0.30955	407.95	23.3C	5.9308	23.8C	5'43" 5/0	12'56"46/2	22.8C	{ Sutō Tanakadate }	{ Tanakadate Sutō }

$$\begin{array}{r}
 H = 0.30955 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -32.26 \\
 \text{" " sea level} = 371 \\
 \hline
 H = 0.30926
 \end{array}$$

268. HUKUYAMA.

Middle School (福山尋常中學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	8 th	12 ^h	36 ^m	4°	45'	26''	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	13	16	"	44	42	"	"
"	"	14	15	"	44	5	"	Tanakadate
"	"	15	12	"	43	22	Sutō	"
"	"	16	8	"	42	42	"	"
"	"	17	31	"	41	32	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	18	41	"	41	11	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	19	34	"	42	43	"	Sutō
"	"	20	28	"	42	28	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	23	7	"	41	46	Sutō	Sutō
"	9 th	1	30	"	41	4	"	"
"	"	3	45	"	40	32	"	"
"	"	6	6	"	38	23	"	"
"	"	7	27	"	38	1	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	8	21	"	37	39	"	"
"	"	8	56	"	39	3	"	Sutō
"	"	9	28	"	39	55	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	10	3	"	40	59	"	Sutō
"	"	10	35	"	42	1	"	Tanakadate
"	"	11	12	"	43	41	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	11	43	"	44	38	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	12	19	"	45	6	"	"
"	"	12	59	"	44	57	"	"
"	"	13	47	"	44	27	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	14	12	"	43	41	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	14	41	"	43	49	"	"
"	"	15	11	"	44	13	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	15	44	"	43	47	"	"
"	"	16	25	4°	43	8	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	17	24	"	41	49	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	17	52	"	41	44	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	18	41	"	42	33	"	"
"	"	19	9	"	42	11	Tanakadate	"
"	"	21	4	"	41	51	"	"
"	"	23	7	"	40	47	"	"
"	10 th	1	11	"	40	23	"	"
"	"	4	58	"	39	32	"	"
"	"	7	18	"	37	2	"	"
"	"	9	7	"	37	32	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	9	28	"	38	21	"	"
"	"	10	23	"	40	57	Tanakadate	"
"	"	11	29	"	44	2	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	12	15	"	46	7	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	13	18	"	46	42	"	"
"	"	14	39	"	44	59	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	15	47	"	42	26	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	16	36	"	42	44	Sutō	Tanakadate
Mean				4°	41'	26''		

$\delta = 4^\circ \quad 41.43$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.74
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ \quad 40.7$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	8 th	18 ^h	1 ^m	2	48° 27.9	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	9 th	6 56	2	" 30.6	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	"	10 th	14 8	2	" 28.5	Tanakadate	
"	"	15	17	2	" 27.7	Sutō	Tanakadate
Mean					48° 28.7		

$\theta = 48 \quad 48.7$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.70
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48 \quad 32.4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 8 th 9 ^h 30 ^m	*0.30798	406.99	26.6C	5.9523	26.6C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sutō
„ „ 22 19	0.30774	407.71	24.6	5.9503	25.1	5.44 17.5	12.58 38.8	24.1C	„ Sutō	„ Tanakadate
„ 10 th 8 0	*0.30770	407.12	26.2	5.9540	26.2	—	—	—	„	„
„ „ 8 29	0.30821	406.58	27.8	5.9521	27.3	5.43 0.0	12.56 27.5	28.3	„ Tanakadate	„ Sutō
„ „ 12 55	0.30748	404.78	33.6	5.9739	33.5	5.42 3.8	12.53 57.5	33.7	„ Sutō Tanakadate	„ Tanakadate Sutō
Mean	0.30782									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.30782 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3184 \\
 \text{„ „ sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.30750
 \end{aligned}$$

Hukuyama Syuttyō (福山出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

(多治木川口街道)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 16 th 18 ^h 34 ^m	2	48° 26.6	Tanakadate	Sutō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 10 th 17 ^h 58 ^m	*0.30777	406.58	27.8C	5.9576	27.8C	—	—	—	Sutō	Tanakadate

269. HAMABATA.

Hamahata No. 1281. (松山村字濱畑千二百八十一番地)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 11 th 15 ^h 13 ^m	2	48° 47.8	Sutō	Tanakadate

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 48^\circ 47.8 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.71 \\
 \text{„ „ sea level} &= -0.01 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 48^\circ 51.5
 \end{aligned}$$

270. TAKAHASI.

Near Epidemic Asylum (高梁避病院附近ノ畑中)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 11 th 14 ^h 19 ^m	4° 51' 36"	Tanakadate	Sutō
„ „ 15 42	„ 48 56	„	„
„ „ 16 54	„ 46 58	Sutō	Tanakadate
„ „ 17 39	„ 46 11	„	Sutō
„ „ 19 45	„ 47 27	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
„ „ 21 15	„ 47 1	„	Sutō
„ „ 22 44	„ 46 47	Sutō	„
„ 12 th 1 35	„ 46 32	„	„
„ „ 4 34	„ 45 51	„	„
To be continued			

Continued

Date and Hour. (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 12 th 5 38	4° 44' 53"	Sutō	Sutō
" " 6 34	" 43 2	"	"
" " 7 39	" 42 16	Tanakadate	"
" " 9 8	" 42 17	"	Tanakadate
" " 10 19	" 45 1	"	"
" " 11 35	" 48 47	Sutō	"
" " 12 49	" 51 7	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 14 9	" 50 11	"	Tanakadate
" " 15 13	" 49 23	"	"
Mean	4° 46' 30"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 46.50$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.05
 " " sea level = 0.01
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 45.4$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 11 th 22 ^h 5 ^m	2	48° 44.7	Tanakadate	Sutō
" 12 th 8 24	2	" 46.3	"	"
Mean		48° 45.5		

$\theta = 48^{\circ} 45.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.70
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 49.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 11 st 19 ^h 13 ^m	0.30699	406.80	26.20	5.9628	26.40	5' 14" 47.75	13' 0" 36.72	25.90	Sutō Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sutō
" 12 th 7 23	0.30697	406.84	25.3	5.9633	25.4	5 44 50.0	13 0 46.3	25.3	" Sutō	" Tanakadate
" " 13 24	*0.30697	403.78	35.3	5.9867	35.3	—	—	—	"	"
" " 13 45	0.30708	403.97	34.7	5.9837	34.5	5 42 3.8	12 54 28.8	34.9	" Tanakadate	" Sutō
Mean	0.30700									

$H = 0.30700$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3097
 " " sea level = 102
 $H = 0.30670$

Takahashi Syuttyō (高 梁 出 張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.
 Play ground of Common School (高梁尋常小學校運動場)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug 12 th 16 ^h 58 ^m	2	48° 44.3	Sutō	Sutō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 12 th 16 ^h 22 ^m	*0.30707	402.92	38.00	5.9921	38.00	—	—	—	Sutō	Tanakadate

271. TOKUSIMA.

Adakemura No. 6. (徳嶋市安宅村第六號字百間地東)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 14 th 13 ^h 29 ^m	4° 33' 55"	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 13 43	" 33 53	"	"
" " 15 7	" 32 47	"	"
" " 16 30	" 31 17	Sutō	"
" " 17 31	" 30 38	"	"
" " 19 23	" 30 43	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 21 26	" 30 43	"	Sutō
" " 22 59	" 30 13	"	"
" 15 th 0 30	" 29 46	"	Tanakadate
" " 4 53	" 28 55	"	"
" " 6 24	" 28 11	"	"
" " 7 35	" 27 2	Sutō	"
" " 8 52	" 27 1	"	Sutō
" " 9 50	" 28 52	"	"
" " 11 6	" 32 2	"	"
" " 12 48	" 33 45	Tanakadate	"
" " 13 57	" 32 30	"	"
" " 15 6	" 32 3	Sutō	Tanakadate
" " 16 10	" 32 6	"	Sutō
Mean	4° 30' 11"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 30' 18''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.78
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 29' 44''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 14 th 18 ^h 37 ^m	2	47° 50.0	Sutō	Tanakadate
" 15 th 7 2	2	" 45.2	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 12 3	2	" 47.4	Sutō	"
Mean		47° 47.5		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} 47.5''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.12
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 49.6''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 14 th 22 ^h 28 ^m	0.30834	406.43	26.6C	5.9537	26.9C	5°43' 1.72	12°56' 37.75	26.3C	Sutō	Tanakadate
" 15 th 8 20	*0.30818	404.93	31.3	5.9580	30.6	(5 41 46.2	12 53 45.0	31.3)	{ Tanakadate Sutō	{ Tanakadate Sutō
" " 13 29	0.30836	405.94	28.0	5.9559	27.6	5 42 20.0	12 54 59.4	28.4	{ Tanakadate	{ Sutō
Mean	0.30829									

$H = 0.30829$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -2693
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.30802$

Tokushima Syuttō (徳嶋出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Hukusima, Miya no Nisi (福島町宮ノ西, 畑ノ中央)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 15 th 17 ^h 45 ^m	2	47 47.7	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	II	III	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vibr.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 15 th 16 ^h 45 ^m	*0.30857	405.56	29.3C	5.9576	29.3C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " — —	*0.30844	405.50	29.5	5.9592	29.5	—	—	—	Sutō	Tanakadate
Mean	0.30851									

272. WAKIMATI.

Uenohara (上野原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 17 th 16 5	4° 32' 3"	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 17 5	" 31 56	Sutō	"
" " 19 3	" 31 1	"	"
" " 21 7	" 30 56	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 23 8	" 30 29	Sutō	"
" 18 th 0 43	" 30 24	"	"
" " 2 9	" 29 26	"	"
" " 4 3	" 27 23	"	"
Mean	4 29' 32"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 29.53$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.72
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 4^\circ 28.8$

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 19 th 9 ^h 49 ^m	4° 31' 10"	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 10 34	" 33 15	Sutō	Tanakadate
" " 11 7	" 33 48	"	Sano
" " 12 46	" 35 28	"	"
" " 14 15	" 33 42	Tanakadate	"
" " 15 16	" 32 5	Sutō	Tanakadate
" " 16 43	" 31 27	"	"
" " 17 39	" 31 13	"	"
" " 18 40	" 31 4	"	"
" " 21 12	" 31 20	Sano	Sano
" " 22 35	" 30 29	"	"
" 20 th 2 26	" 29 10	"	"
" " 4 39	" 29 22	"	"
" " 5 50	" 29 20	"	"
" " 7 14	" 28 24	Tanakadate	Sutō
" " 8 21	" 28 30	Sutō	"
" " 9 20	" 29 48	"	"
Mean	4 31' 5"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 31.08$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.72
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ 30.4$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	17 th	18 ^h	26 ^m	2	47° 45.3	Sutō	Sano
"	19 th	12	15	2	" 52.6	Sano	Sutō
"	"	17	13	2	" 50.7	Sutō	Tanakadate
"	20 th	6	47	2	" 51.0	Sano	{ Sano Sutō
"	"	9	33	2	" 50.2	Tanakadate	{ Sano Sutō Tanakadate
Mean					47° 50.0		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} 50.0$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.45
" " sea level = -0.01

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 52.4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 17 th 20 ^h 30 ^m	0.30875	406.27	26.7C	^s 5.9512	27.1C	5°42'27.5	12°55'20.0	26.3C	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" 18 th 13 54	0.30861	404.38	32.8	5.9675	33.6	5 40 58.8	12 51 57.5	32.0	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" 19 th 6 15	*0.30825	406.10	27.2	5.9657	27.9	(5 42 37.5	12 55 30.6	27.2)	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano Sutō
" 20 th 7 50	0.30854	407.10	23.9	5.9452	23.6	5 43 15.0	12 57 10.0	24.3	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sutō
Mean	0.30854									

$H = 0.30854$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2841
" " sea level = 63

 $H = 0.30826$

273. ŌSATO.

Ōsatomura (大里村)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	21 st	21 ^h	1 ^m	4	24'	5"	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	22	59	"	23	55	"	Tanakadate
"	2 nd	0	33	"	23	0	"	"
"	"	2	0	"	21	53	"	"
"	"	4	57	"	20	20	"	"
"	"	6	20	"	19	16	"	Sutō
"	"	7	21	"	19	33	Sutō	Sano
"	"	8	47	"	22	16	"	"
"	"	10	2	"	25	14	Sano	Sutō
"	"	11	8	"	27	4	Sutō	Sano
"	"	12	28	"	26	53	"	"
"	"	13	41	"	25	9	Tanakadate	"
"	"	15	17	"	23	48	Sutō	Sutō
"	"	16	10	"	23	21	"	"
"	"	17	41	"	22	45	"	Sano
"	"	19	0	"	21	58	"	"
Mean				4°	23'	2"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 23.03$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.43
" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 22.6$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 21 st 18 ^h 55 ^m	2	47° 15.5	Sano	Sutō
" 22 nd 11 53	2	" 16.3	Sutō	Sano
" " 17 17	2	" 14.7	"	"
Mean		47° 15.5		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 47^\circ 15.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.80 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ & \theta = 47^\circ 17.3 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 22 nd 8 ^h 1 ^m	0.30951	406.42	26.1C	5.9410	25.6C	5'41"18.78	12'52"22.75	26.7C	{ Sano Sutō	{ Sutō Sano
" " 13 0	*0.31027	405.38	29.0	5.9434	29.0	—	—	—	"	Tanakadate
" " 13 21	0.31040	405.08	29.7	5.9431	29.6	5 3930.0	12 48 40.0	29.9	{ Tanakadate Sano	{ "Sutō
" " 17 54	*0.30980	405.88	27.4	5.9432	27.4	—	—	—	"	"
" " 18 31	0.30936	406.01	26.7	5.9471	27.2	5 41 23.8	12 52 41.2	26.3	{ Sutō	{ "Sano
Mean	0.30987									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.30987 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -2823 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ & H = 0.30959 \end{aligned}$$

274. NAWARI.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 24 th 1 ^h 30 ^m	4 17' 58"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 4 52	" 18 33	"	"
" " 5 48	" 17 50	"	"
" " 6 36	" 16 45	"	"
" " 7 23	" 16 30	"	"
" " 8 17	" 17 28	"	Sutō
" " 10 58	" 22 25	Sutō	Sano
" " 11 40	" 23 17	"	"
" " 12 56	" 24 41	"	"
" " 14 47	" 22 29	Tanakadate	"
" " 15 45	" 21 13	"	"
" " 17 14	" 20 13	Sano	"
" " 18 24	" 20 8	"	"
" " 19 23	" 20 10	Tanakadate	"
" " 20 59	" 19 29	"	"
" " 22 40	" 20 13	"	Sutō
" 25 th 0 13	" 19 30	"	"
" " 1 30	" 19 5	Sutō	Tanakadate
Mean	4° 19' 52"		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 4^\circ 19.87 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -0.31 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ & \delta = 4^\circ 19.56 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	24 th	10 ^h	11 ^m	2	47° 64	Sutō	Sano
"	"	13	53	2	" 8.5	Tanakadate	Sutō
"	"	23	25	2	" 6.8	Sutō	Tanakadate
Mean					47° 7.2		

$\theta = 47^\circ 7.2$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.98
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47^\circ 9.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
Aug. 24 th	8 ^h	24 ^m	0.31037	405.33	29.5C	5.9403	29.4C	5.39/32.75	12.48/25.70	29.6C	{ Sutō Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sutō
"	"	12 22	0.31046	404.76	31.2	5.9457	31.5	5.39 3.1	12.47 23.8	30.9	{ Sano Sutō	{ " Sano
"	"	20 33	0.31062	406.46	25.3	5.9315	25.6	5.40 32.5	12.50 55.0	25.0	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
Mean			0.31048									

$H = 0.31048$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -2930
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.31019$

Nawari Syuttyō (奈半利出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.
Grave yard near Tenzinmatubara (天神松原新平民墓地)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	24 th	17 ^h	51 ^m	2	47° 5.9	Tanakadate	Sutō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
Aug. 24 th	18 ^h	51 ^m	*0.31017	406.03	26.6C	5.9384	27.1C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sutō

275. KŌTI.

Bōtutumi (浦戸港棒堤)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	26 th	8 ^h	59 ^m	4	23'	50''	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	9	31	"	24	47	"	"
"	"	10	37	"	26	38	"	"
"	"	12	33	"	27	48	"	"
"	"	14	4	"	27	1	"	"
"	"	15	45	"	24	10	Sano	"
"	"	17	1	"	23	13	Tanakadate	"
"	"	19	14	"	24	2	"	"
				To be continued				

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	26 th	21 ^h 15 ^m	4	23'	52"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	23 25	"	23	27	"	"
"	27 th	1 19	"	23	12	Sano	Sano
"	"	5 20	"	22	28	"	"
"	"	6 30	"	20	37	Tanakadate	"
"	"	7 44	"	20	32	"	Tanakadate
"	"	9 30	"	23	14	"	"
"	"	10 20	"	25	48	"	"
Mean			4	23'	50"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 44' 23.83 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.23 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 40' 23.6 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	26 th	12 ^h 2 ^m	2	17' 13.8	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	18 9	2	" 15.2	Sano	Tanakadate
"	27 th	8 39	2	" 15.3	Tanakadate	"
Mean				17' 14.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47' 14.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.64 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \end{aligned}$$

 $\theta = 47' 17.4$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	H	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁹ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 26 th 13 ^h 38 ^m	0.31117	404.12	33.4C	5.9435	33.6C	5.37.40.76	12.44.11.99	33.2C	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" " 20 34	0.31090	405.95	26.4	5.9328	26.8	5.39.37.5	12.48.38.8	26.0	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" 27 th 7 19	0.31093	406.58	25.2	5.9273	25.3	5.40.7.5	12.49.45.0	25.1	{ Tanakadate	{ Sano
Mean	0.31100									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31100 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3139 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \end{aligned}$$

 $H = 0.31069$

276. OTOTI

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	28 th	12 16	4	31'	50"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	13 29	"	31	20	"	"
"	"	14 23	"	30	23	"	"
"	"	15 43	"	27	44	"	"
"	"	16 30	"	26	15	"	"
"	"	17 48	"	25	2	"	"
"	"	19 21	"	25	18	"	"
"	"	21 50	"	24	41	"	"
"	29 th	1 10	"	24	55	"	Tanakadate
"	"	2 9	"	24	38	"	"
"	"	5 22	"	23	23	"	"
"	"	6 36	"	21	28	"	"
"	"	6 58	"	21	2	"	"
"	"	8 12	"	20	33	"	Sano
"	"	10 3	"	24	26	"	"
"	"	10 53	"	26	26	"	Tanakadate
"	"	11 33	"	27	36	"	"
Mean			4	25'	23"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' 25.38 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.43 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \end{aligned}$$

 $\delta = 4' 24.9$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 28 th 15 ^h 8 ^u	2	47° 30.8	Tanakadate	Sano
„ 29 th 1 16	2	„ 30.1	Sano	Tanakadate
„ „ 9 10	2	„ 29.0	Tanakadate	Sano
Mean		47° 30.0		

$\theta = 47^\circ 30.0$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.49
„ „ sea level = -0.06

 $\theta = 47^\circ 32.4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 28 th 13 ^h 7 ^m	0.30992	404.23	31.6C	5.9544	31.6C	5.39.13.1	12.47.51.2	31.5C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
„ „ 22 17	0.30987	407.18	22.4	5.9340	23.1	5.12.2.5	12.51.15.0	21.7	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
„ 29 th 7 52	0.31000	407.08	24.1	5.9315	23.4	5.41.20.6	12.52.28.8	24.8	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
„ „ — —	*0.31009	404.99	29.4	5.9471	29.4	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate
Mean	0.30997									

$H = 0.30997$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3038
„ „ sea level = 431

 $H = 0.30971$

Ototi Syuttyō (大 柄 出 張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Hatiōzimiya (八 王 子 宮 境 内)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 29 th 13 ^h 20 ^u	2	47° 31.3	Tanakadate	Sano

277. SUSAKI.

Sea Shore (海 濱 ノ 松 原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 7 ^h 46 ^m	4 16' 56''	Tanakadate	Sano
„ „ 8 57	„ 18 53	„	„
„ „ 10 40	„ 24 33	„	„
„ „ 11 36	„ 25 59	„	„
„ „ 13 24	„ 24 49	„	„
„ „ 15 17	„ 22 13	„	„
„ „ 16 27	„ 20 52	Sano	Tanakadate
„ „ 18 10	„ 21 0	Tanakadate	Sano
„ „ 20 15	„ 20 33	„	„
„ „ 21 55	„ 20 1	„	Tanakadate
„ „ 23 49	„ 20 39	„	„
Sept. 1 st 1 18	„ 20 11	Sano	Sano
„ „ 3 54	„ 19 43	„	„
„ „ 6 4	„ 17 43	„	„
„ „ 6 55	„ 17 31	„	„
„ „ 7 54	„ 17 13	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
„ „ 8 56	„ 18 56	„	„
„ „ 9 10	„ 19 29	„	„
„ „ 12 16	„ 25 14	„	Sano
Mean	4° 20' 50''		

$\delta = 4^\circ 20.83$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.05
„ „ sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^\circ 20.8$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 31 st 9 ^h 48 ^m	2	47° 15.6	Sano	Tanakadate
" " 14 28	2	" 13.2	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 19 48	2	" 14.3	"	"
Mean		47° 14.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^\circ 14.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.84 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 47^\circ 17.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 31 st 6 ^h 36 ^m	0.31086	405.29	29.9C	5.9351	28.7C	5.38/45.0	12.46/38.0	31.0C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 12 0	0.31128	404.01	33.9	5.9449	34.8	5.37/41.2	12.44/20.0	33.0	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 22 22	0.31073	406.45	24.1	5.9305	24.6	5.40/22.5	12.50/25.0	23.7	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31096									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31096 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3280 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ H &= 0.31063 \end{aligned}$$

Susaki Syuttyō (須崎出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.
Revenue office (收税署前芝地)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 1 st 15 ^h 21 ^m	2	47° 14.9	Sano	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflection		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 1 st 15 ^h 5 ^m	0.31159	404.84	29.0C	5.9336	29.0C	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate

278. NAKAMURA.

Nakamura, Ōsima (中村大字大嶋)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 3 rd 12 ^h 14 ^m	4° 16' 30"	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 13 13	" 16 47	"	"
" " 14 26	" 14 50	"	"
" " 15 44	" 12 35	"	"
" " 18 1	" 11 49	"	"
" " 19 0	" 11 50	Sano	"
" " 19 30	" 11 40	Tanakadate	"
" " 21 0	" 11 55	"	"
To be continued			

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	3 rd	23 ^h	9 ^m	4'	11'	22"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	4 th	1 24	"	9	56	"	"
"	"	5	19	"	9	0	"	"
"	"	6	29	"	6	31	"	"
"	"	7	56	"	6	58	"	Sano
"	"	9	1	"	10	17	Sano	"
"	"	11	18	"	15	14	"	"
"	"	12	39	"	16	14	"	"
"	"	14	6	"	14	43	"	"
Mean				4'	11'	28"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4' 11.47 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.33 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4' 11.8 \end{aligned}$$

DIP. (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	3 rd	14 ^h	59 ^m	2	46° 46.0	Sano	Tanakadate
"	"	22	16	2	" 42.9	Tanakadate	"
"	4 th	10	38	2	" 43.4	Sano	Sano
Mean					46° 44.1		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 46^\circ 44.1 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.68 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 46^\circ 46.8 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 3 rd 13 ^h 53 ^m	0.31336	404.52	30.1C	5.9203	30.5C	5'35"53.78	12'40"17.75	29.7C	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" " 20 34	0.31317	405.75	24.8	5.9123	25.1	5 37 10.0	12 43 11.2	24.6	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" 4 th 7 32	0.31306	405.84	25.2	5.9119	25.4	5 37 15.0	12 43 17.5	25.1	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31320									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31320 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3432 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.31286 \end{aligned}$$

279. UWAZIMA.

High Common School (宇和嶋高等小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	6 th	23 ^h	6 ^m	4'	14'	16"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	7	5 55	"	12	54	Sano	"
"	"	6	24	"	12	29	"	"
"	"	7	22	"	12	15	"	"
"	"	8	35	"	12	55	Tanakadate	"
"	"	9	34	"	16	35	"	"
"	"	10	53	"	19	31	"	Tanakadate
"	"	11	51	"	19	54	"	"
"	"	13	2	"	19	9	"	"
To be continued								

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	7 th	15 ^h	14 ^m	4°	15'	34"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	16	35	"	14	31	"	"
"	"	17	40	"	14	39	"	"
"	"	19	49	"	15	30	"	"
"	"	20	14	"	15	30	"	"
"	"	22	53	"	14	55	"	"
"	8 th	1	0	"	14	28	"	"
"	"	3	14	"	14	5	"	"
"	"	4	40	"	13	52	"	"
"	"	6	46	"	11	14	"	"
"	"	8	6	"	10	28	"	"
"	"	8	38	"	10	50	"	"
Mean				4°	15'	13"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4 \quad 15.22 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.34 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4 \quad 15.46 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	7 th	10 ^h	18 ^m	2	47° 5.1	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	14	10	2	" 4.0	"	"
"	"	23	55	2	" 3.4	"	"
Mean					47° 4.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^\circ \quad 4.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.37 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 47^\circ \quad 7.6 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(*Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 7 th 8 ^h 8 ^m	*0.31220	405.78	25.10	5.9207	25.10	5.38.27.75	12.45.29.74	25.90	Sano	Tanakadate
" " 12 38	0.31260	404.66	29.1	5.9241	28.4	5.36.32.5	12.41.42.5	29.9	Tanakadate	Sano
" 8 th 7 11	0.31243	405.35	26.0	5.9221	26.2	5.37.40.0	12.44.27.5	25.8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean	0.31241									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31241 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3606 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.31205 \end{aligned}$$

Uwazima Syuttō (宇和島出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Mikotama Zinsya (和靈神社)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 8 th 11 ^h 8 ^m	*0.31237	405.28	26.70	5.9229	26.70	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

280. WAKAMIYA.

Kitamura, Wakamiya (喜多村大字若宮)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	9 th	8 ^h	17 ^m	4°	15'	16"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	8	54	"	16	32	"	"
"	"	10	19	"	20	7	"	"
"	"	11	42	"	23	1	"	"
"	"	13	7	"	23	25	"	"
"	"	13	38	"	23	9	"	"
"	"	15	17	"	21	2	Sano	Tanakadate
"	"	16	27	"	19	53	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	17	54	"	20	18	"	"
"	"	19	50	"	20	23	"	"
"	"	22	48	"	20	46	"	"
"	10 th	3	11	"	19	52	Sano	"
"	"	4	15	"	19	25	"	"
"	"	6	21	"	18	2	"	"
"	"	6	58	"	16	36	Tanakadate	"
"	"	8	7	"	14	43	"	"
"	"	8	50	"	14	47	"	"
Mean				4°	20'	2"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 20' 03''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.14

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 20' 2''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	9 th	9 ^h	45 ^m	2	47° 25.5	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	14	28	2	" 24.4	"	"
"	"	21	50	2	" 20.1	Sano	"
Mean					47 23.3		

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 23.3'$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.71

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 27.0'$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
Sept.	9 th	12 ^h 41 ^m	0.31180	403.29	32.7C	5.9435	32.8C	5 36' 28.78	12 41' 23.78	32.6C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
"	"	19 20	0.31165	405.37	26.4	5.9206	26.6	5 38 17.5	12 45 33.1	26.2	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
"	10 th	7 40	0.31185	405.49	25.9	5.9256	25.6	5 38 10.6	12 45 28.1	26.3	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
"	"	9 50	*0.31183	404.63	28.8	5.9329	28.8	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate
Mean			0.31178									

 $H = 0.31178$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -36.44

" " sea level = 13

 $H = 0.31142$

281 YAHATAHAMA

(307)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 12 th 9 ^h 39 ^m	2	47° 31.8	Tanakadate	Sano
„ „ 10 39	2	„ 30.2	„	„
Mean		47° 31.0		

$\theta = 47^\circ 31.0$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.91
 „ „ sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 47^\circ 34.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ	φ_2			
Sept. 12 th 9 ^h 58 ^m	*0.31166	405.75	25.2C	5.9261	25.2C	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate
„ „ 10 14	*0.31140	405.75	25.2	5.9286	25.2	—	—	—	„	„
Mean	0.31153									

$H = 0.31153$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3736
 „ „ sea level = 000

$H = 0.31116$

282 SAGANOSEKI

Garandō (伽藍堂)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 12 th 23 ^h 32 ^m	4° 13' 38"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
„ „ 13 th 1 43	„ 13 30	„	„
„ „ 4 10	„ 12 41	„	„
„ „ 6 10	„ 11 36	„	„
„ „ 6 46	„ 11 25	„	„
„ „ 7 53	„ 10 5	„	Sano
„ „ 10 43	„ 14 45	Sano	„
„ „ 10 59	„ 16 7	„	„
„ „ 11 24	„ 17 4	„	„
„ „ 11 56	„ 17 50	„	„
„ „ 12 28	„ 18 42	„	„
„ „ 13 39	„ 18 44	Tanakadate	„
„ „ 15 19	„ 18 33	„	„
„ „ 15 28	„ 17 16	„	„
„ „ 16 29	„ 14 11	„	„
„ „ 17 14	„ 13 10	„	„
„ „ 19 5	„ 13 17	Sano	„
„ „ 20 43	„ 13 10	Tanakadate	„
„ „ 23 18	„ 13 13	„	„
Mean	4° 13' 54"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 13.90$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.61
 „ „ sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 4^\circ 14.5$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 13 th 9 ^h 2 ^m	2	47° 4.4	Sano	Sano
„ „ 14 26	2	„ 8.9	Tanakadate	„
„ „ 17 51	2	„ 2.7	„	„
„ „ 22 21	2	„ 7.3	„	„
Mean		47° 5.8		

$\theta = 47^\circ 5.8$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.08
 „ „ sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 47^\circ 9.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 13 ^h 7 ^m 30 ^m	0.31435	406.64	22.2C	5.8931	21.7C	5°36'28.71	12°41'35.70	22.8C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 13 16	0.31422	404.15	30.6	5.9151	31.1	5 34 33.8	12 37 4.4	30.0	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 20 14	0.31413	406.11	23.7	5.9008	24.0	5 36 27.5	12 41 33.8	23.4	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31423									

$H = 0.31423$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3913
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.31384$

Saganoseki Syuttyō (佐賀關出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

(1) **Sea Shore** (海岸)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 14 th 13 ^h 14 ^m	2	47° 55'	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 14 th 13 ^h 13 ^m	*0.31455	405.50	26.0C	5.9008	26.0C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

(2) **Zyūninzuka** (十人塚)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 14 th 18 ^h 6 ^m	2	48° 19.9'	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

283 SAIKI

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 15 th 17 ^h 16 ^m	4° 8' 27"	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 18 8	" 8 49	"	"
" " 19 21	" 8 30	"	"
" " 21 45	" 7 42	"	"
" " 23 23	" 8 16	"	"
" 16 th 2 10	" 7 24	Sano	"
" " 5 29	" 8 5	"	"
" " 5 58	" 7 24	"	"
" " 6 53	" 5 57	"	"
" " 7 34	" 5 12	Tanakadate	"
" " 8 45	" 5 57	"	"
" " 9 55	" 8 11	"	Tanakadate
" " 10 58	" 11 52	"	"
" " 11 46	" 14 2	"	"
" " 12 11	" 14 1	"	Sano
" " 13 6	" 12 46	"	"
" " 14 22	" 11 4	"	"
" " 15 43	" 9 2	Sano	"
" " 17 6	" 8 38	"	"
" " 17 40	" 8 57	"	"
Mean	4° 8' 31"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 8.52'$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.81
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 9.4'$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 15 th 21 ^h 55 ^m	2	46° 50.3	Sano	Tanakadate
" 16 th 10 1	2	" 56.4	Tanakadate	"
" " 14 40	2	" 56.3	"	Sano
Mean		46° 54.3		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 46^\circ 54.3 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.93 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline & \theta = 46^\circ 58.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY. (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 15 th 18 ^h 53 ^m	0.31342	406.12	22.7C	5.9069 ^s	23.1C	5°37'11".9	12°43'10".0	22.4C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" 16 th 8 24	0.31331	406.24	23.7	5.9052	23.0	5°37' 2.5	12°42'37.5	24.4	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 12 44	0.31339	403.57	31.3	5.9268	31.9	5°35' 2.5	12°38'15.7	30.7	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31337									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31337 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3982 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.31297 \end{aligned}$$

Saiki Syuttyō (佐伯出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

(1)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 16 th 18 ^h 16 ^m	2	46° 55.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 16 th 18 ^h 53 ^m	*0.31233	405.46	25.4C	5.9216 ^s	25.4C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 19 14	*0.31256	405.96	23.8	5.9156	23.8	—	—	—	"	"
Mean	0.31245									

(2) Ubutama Zinsya (鶴ヶ岡字坂浦産靈神社鳥居前)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 17 th 9 ^h 4 ^m	2	46° 52.4	Tanakadate	Sano

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 17 th 9 ^h 55 ^m	*0.31310	405.96	23.6C	5.9107 ^s	23.6C	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate

284. OITA.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 17 th 20 ^h 44 ^m	4° 15' 47"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 22 6	" 15 47	"	"
" " 18 th 0 36	" 15 42	"	"
" " 2 24	" 15 15	"	"
" " 4 31	" 14 58	"	"
" " 5 13	" 15 52	"	"
" " 6 4	" 15 42	"	"
" " 7 17	" 12 16	"	Sano
" " 8 15	" 10 18	"	"
" " 8 49	" 11 20	"	"
" " 10 23	" 16 8	Sano	"
" " 12 14	" 20 53	"	"
" " 13 24	" 22 0	Tanakadate	"
" " 14 41	" 18 55	"	"
" " 15 49	" 15 51	Sano	"
" " 16 45	" 16 45	"	"
" " 17 22	" 15 35	"	"
" " 17 48	" 18 15	"	"
" " 18 6	" 20 0	"	"
" " 18 37	" 13 56	"	"
" " 20 13	" 16 42	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean	4° 15' 58"		

$\delta = 4$ 1597
Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.77
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4$ 1677

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 18 th 0 ^h 40 ^m	2	47° 14.5	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 10 27	2	" 15.1	Sano	Sano
" " 14 29	2	" 13.9	Tanakadate	"
Mean		47° 16.5		

$\theta = 47$ 165
Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.47
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47^{\circ}$ 210

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 18 th 8 ^h 52 ^m	0.31210	406.35	20.7C	5.9149	19.6C	5.38' 45.0"	12.47' 3.78"	21.9C	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" " 12 58	0.31146	403.64	30.5	5.9458	31.7	5.37' 16.2"	12.43' 20.6"	29.4	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" " 19 32	0.31004	406.13	22.2	5.9394	22.5	5.40' 55.0"	12.51' 38.8"	22.0	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31120									

$H = 0.31120$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -4082
" " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.31079$

Oita Syuttyō (大分出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 18 th — —	2	47° 20.7	Tanakadate	Sano

285. MATUYAMA.

Dōgomura, Motida (道後村字持田)

DECLINATION(δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	19 th	17 ^h	58 ^m	4°	27'	56''	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	19	26	"	27	59	"	"
"	"	20	57	"	27	49	"	"
"	"	22	18	"	28	6	Sano	"
"	"	22	57	"	27	22	"	"
"	20 th	1	16	"	27	22	"	"
"	"	1	50	"	27	26	"	"
"	"	4	36	"	26	26	"	"
"	"	5	5	"	26	3	"	"
"	"	6	8	"	25	34	"	"
"	"	6	41	"	24	50	"	"
"	"	7	34	"	23	15	Tanakadate	"
"	"	7	48	"	22	59	"	"
"	"	8	56	"	22	57	"	"
"	"	10	17	"	26	24	"	Tanakadate
"	"	10	37	"	26	29	"	"
"	"	11	51	"	29	58	"	"
"	"	12	21	"	31	29	"	Sano
"	"	13	15	"	32	4	"	"
"	"	14	47	"	31	41	"	"
"	"	16	1	"	29	21	"	"
"	"	17	45	"	28	27	"	Tanakadate
"	"	19	10	"	28	47	"	"
Mean				4°	27'	43''		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 27' 43''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.22

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 27' 9''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	20 th	10 ^h	36 ^m	2	47° 48.2	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	14	48	2	" 44.9	Sano	"
"	"	18	4	2	" 47.1	Tanakadate	Sano
Mean					47° 46.7		

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 46.7$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.78

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 50.5$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time fo 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Sept. 19 th 20 ^h 34 ^m	0.31033	406.97	19.7C	5.9301	20.0C	5.41'23.71	12°52'50.70	19.4C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" 20 th 8 36	0.31051	405.99	24.1	5.9345	23.8	5.40 3.8	12.49 43.8	24.4	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 12 54	0.31010	403.66	31.9	5.9571	32.2	5.38 18.8	12.45 23.1	31.7	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31031									

 $H = 0.31031$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -3578

" " sea level = 000

 $H = 0.30995$

Matuyama Syuttō (松山出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_p</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 21 st 10 ^h 4 ^m	*0.31011	407.07	20.2C	^s 5.9307	20.2C	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

286. KUZU.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 21 st 23 ^h 15 ^m	4° 22' 59"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" 22 nd 1 29	" 21 28	"	"
" " 2 21	" 21 16	"	"
" " 6 1	" 21 1	"	"
" " 7 30	" 19 38	Sano	Sano
" " 8 40	" 20 39	"	"
" " 10 4	" 24 37	"	"
" " 11 49	" 27 40	"	"
" " 12 42	" 27 38	"	"
" " 14 47	" 24 21	"	"
" " 15 55	" 23 16	"	"
" " 17 45	" 23 36	"	"
" " 19 20	" 23 2	"	"
" " 21 18	" 22 34	"	"
" " 23 58	" 21 53	"	"
" 23 rd 0 22	" 21 47	"	"
" " 3 0	" 20 26	"	"
" " 5 16	" 20 8	"	"
" " 6 26	" 20 25	"	"
" " 7 8	" 20 22	"	"
" " 7 48	" 19 22	Tanakadate	"
" " 9 1	" 22 36	"	Tanakadate
" " 13 35	" 24 21	"	Sano
Mean	4° 22' 43"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 22' 43''$
Reduction to 1865.0 = -0.05
" " sea level = -0.02
 $\delta = 4^\circ 22' 7''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 23 rd 10 ^h 23 ^m	2	47° 29.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
" " 11 40	2	" 27.6	"	"
Mean		47° 28.3		

$\theta = 47^\circ 28' 33''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.28
" " sea level = -0.06
 $\theta = 47^\circ 31' 5''$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_p</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 23 rd 8 ^h 32 ^m	0.31059	406.29	21.4C	^s 5.9311	21.0C	5'40" 6/2	12'49" 32/5	21.8C	Sano	Tanakadate
" " 13 16	0.31136	405.27	24.2	5.9320	24.4	5'38" 44.4	12'46" 50.0	24.0	Tanakadate	Sano
Mean	0.31098								Tanakadate	Sano

$H = 0.31098$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3508
" " sea level = 409
 $H = 0.31067$

287. KUMA.

Race Course (久萬町村舊馬場)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 24 th 8 ^h 42 ^m	4° 25' 48"	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 9 43	" 28 21	"	"
" " 10 42	" 30 26	"	"
" " 11 41	" 30 31	"	"
" " 13 28	" 30 16	"	"
" " 14 59	" 28 42	"	"
" " 16 12	" 27 39	"	"
" " 16 31	" 27 32	"	"
" " 17 11	" 27 34	"	"
Mean	4° 26' 52"		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 26' 57''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.10
" " sea level = -0.03
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 26' 7''$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 24 th 10 ^h 46 ^m	2	47° 35.8	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 15 17	2	" 29.2	Sano	Tanakadate
Mean		47° 32.5		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} 32.5$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.63
" " sea level = -0.10
 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 36.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 24 th 9 ^h 21 ^m	0.31041	406.05	22.2C	5.9352	22.0C	5°40' 8.71	12°49'36.79	22.3C	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" " 13 0	0.31032	405.18	23.9	5.9421	25.6	5 39 36.2	12 48 39.4	22.3	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.31037									

$H = 0.31037$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3583
" " sea level = 663
 $H = 0.31008$

288. IMABARU.

Hukiage Zinsya, Old Castle (今治舊城内吹揚神社)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 25 th 16 ^h 29 ^m	4 33' 12"	Tanakadate	Sano
" " 18 20	" 34 13	"	"
" " 19 57	" 34 27	"	"
" " 21 25	" 33 51	"	"
" " 23 42	" 33 1	"	Tanakadate
" 26 th 3 37	" 32 7	"	"
" " 6 18	" 32 36	"	"
" " 7 6	" 33 13	"	Sano
" " 8 14	" 32 40	"	"
" " 9 40	" 32 37	Sano	"
" " 11 0	" 32 52	"	"
" " 12 22	" 34 1	"	Tanakadate
To be continued			

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	26 th	13 ^h	21 ^m	4°	34'	48"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	14	1	"	34	59	"	Tanakadate
"	"	15	7	"	34	57	"	"
"	"	16	14	"	33	51	"	"
"	"	16	33	"	33	43	"	"
"	"	18	10	"	32	54	"	"
"	"	18	53	"	33	0	"	"
"	"	22	0	"	33	24	"	"
"	27 th	2	5	"	36	52	"	"
"	"	3	16	"	36	6	"	"
"	"	5	8	"	34	2	"	"
"	"	7	18	"	32	37	"	"
Mean				4°	33'	13"		

$\delta = 4^\circ 33' 22''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.40
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^\circ 32' 28''$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept.	26 th	10 ^h	24 ^m	2	47 59.2	Sano	Sano
"	"	15	10	2	48 0.8	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	20	23	2	" 1.5	"	"
Mean					48° 0.5		

$\theta = 48^\circ 0.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.82
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 48^\circ 4.3$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibr.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 25 th	0.30977	406.28	21.3 C	5.9405 ^s	21:30	5°41'21.72	12°52'42.75	21:30	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" 26 th	0.30955	406.66	19.2	5.9389	19.1	5 41 48.8	12 53 40.0	19.3	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
" "	0.30948	406.55	19.6	5.9412	19.9	5 41 46.2	12 53 23.1	19.3	Sano Tanakadate	Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.30960									

$H = 0.30960$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3559
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.30924$

289. KAWANOE.

Sea Side Embankment (海濱ノ堤防)

DECLINATION (δ)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept.	28 th	12 ^h	56 ^m	4°	33'	9"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	14	2	"	33	19	"	"
"	"	15	1	"	33	3	"	"
"	"	16	21	"	31	37	"	"
"	"	17	48	"	30	49	"	"
"	"	18	44	"	31	1	"	"
"	"	20	3	"	31	1	"	"
"	29 th	0	15	"	30	32	Sano	"
"	"	3	28	"	30	12	"	"
To be continued								

Continued

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 29 th 5 ^h 40 ^m	4' 30' 19"	Sano	Sano
" " 5 57	" 30 20	"	"
" " 7 0	" 29 34	"	"
" " 7 47	" 28 22	Tanakadate	"
" " 9 9	" 27 24	"	Tanakadate
" " 9 40	" 27 49	"	"
" " 11 33	" 31 57	"	"
" " 12 27	" 32 59	Sano	Sano
" " 13 9	" 34 2	"	"
Mean	4 30' 52"		

$\delta = 4 \quad 30.87$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.59
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4 \quad 30.3$

DIP (θ)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 28 th 16 ^h 14 ^m	2	47' 51.8	Tanakadate	Sano
" 29 th 2 4	2	" 52.6	Sano	"
" " 10 43	2	" 52.9	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
Mean		47' 52.4		

$\theta = 47 \quad 52.4$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.14
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47 \quad 55.5$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
 (* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M)
 Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 28 th 13 ^h 35 ^m	0.30919	405.86	21.1 ^c	5.9495	21.7 ^c	5'41.50"0	12'54.1"2	20.6 ^c	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" " 19 37	0.30910	407.18	16.8	5.9400	17.3	5 43 0.6	12 56 31.4	16.4	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" 29 th 8 20	*0.30957	405.58	22.1	5.9468	22.1	—	—	—	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" " 8 42	0.30942	405.49	23.7	5.9475	22.9	5 40 39.4	12 50 58.1	24.6	{ " Tanakadate	{ " Sano
Mean	0.30932									

$H = 0.30932$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3316
 " " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.30899$

Kawanoe Syuttyō (川ノ江出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Syōhatiman

(正八幡)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Sept. 29 th — —	*0.30979	404.80	24.5 ^c	5.9508	24.5 ^c	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Tanakadate

290. MARUGAME.

Middle School (九龜常尋中學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
Sept. 29 th	23 ^h	31 ^m	4°	31'	30"	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	30 th	0	"	31	21	"	"
"	"	2	"	30	10	"	"
"	"	6	"	30	50	"	"
"	"	7	"	30	15	"	Sano
"	"	7	"	30	3	"	"
"	"	9	"	29	8	"	"
"	"	10	"	32	7	Sano	"
"	"	12	"	34	32	"	Tanakadate
"	"	13	"	35	17	Tanakadate	"
"	"	14	"	34	56	"	"
"	"	15	"	33	42	"	"
"	"	17	"	32	18	"	"
"	"	18	"	32	18	"	{ Tanakadate Sano
"	"	19	"	32	14	"	"
"	"	22	"	32	0	"	Tanakadate
Mean			4°	31'	49"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 31' 49'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -0.80 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 31' 0'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Sept. 30 th	10 ^h	38 ^m	2	48° 5.2	Sano	Sano
"	"	15	2	" 8.0	Tanakadate	Tanakadate
"	"	21	2	" 7.8	"	"
Mean				48° 7.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 7.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.15 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 10.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Sept. 30 th	8 ^h 37 ^m	0.30895	404.80	23.4C	5.9577	22.9C	5°40'49".4	12°51'33".8	24.0C	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
"	" 12 57	0.30888	404.10	25.4	5.9653	25.6	5 40 16.2	12 50 1.9	25.2	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
"	" 19 28	0.30898	406.01	19.4	5.9497	19.6	5 41 58.8	12 54 6.2	19.1	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
Mean		0.30894									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30894 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3232 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30862 \end{aligned}$$

291. TAKAMATU.

Old Castle (舊城内)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	1 st	12 ^h	34 ^m	4°	40'	57"	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	14	4	"	40	51	"	"
"	"	16	20	"	40	19	"	Tanakadate
"	"	17	26	"	40	6	"	"
"	"	18	59	"	39	35	"	Sano
"	"	20	19	"	38	16	Sano	"
"	"	23	25	"	38	19	"	"
"	2 nd	1	52	"	37	1	"	"
"	"	5	18	"	36	43	"	"
"	"	6	12	"	37	52	"	"
"	"	6	33	"	38	3	"	"
"	"	9	59	"	37	52	"	"
"	"	7	40	"	37	19	Tanakadate	"
"	"	8	52	"	37	19	"	Tanakadate
"	"	9	32	"	37	28	"	"
"	"	11	3	"	38	21	"	"
"	"	12	15	"	40	0	"	Sano
"	"	12	57	"	40	19	"	"
Mean				4°	38'	23"		

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 38' 38''$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -0.91

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 37' 5''$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	1 st	16 ^h	0 ^m	2	48° 9.3	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	22	26	2	" 11.0	Sano	Tanakadate
"	2 nd	10	51	2	" 14.1	"	Sano
Mean					48° 11.3		

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 11.3$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.97

" " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 48^{\circ} 14.3$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib2.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Oct.	1 st 13 ^h 39 ^m	0.30835	403.07	27.30	5.9781	27.40	5 40' 21.79	12 50' 55.70	27.20	Sano	Tanakadate
"	" 19 43	0.30813	405.18	21.4	5.9643	21.6	5 42 16.2	12 54 53.8	21.2	Tanakadate	Sano
"	2 nd 8 24	0.30794	404.94	23.2	5.9676	23.2	5 42 5.0	12 54 18.8	23.2	Tanakadate	Sano
Mean		0.30814									

 $H = 0.30814$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -3115

" " sea level = 000

 $H = 0.30783$

292. TONOSYO.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Oct.	3 rd	9h	41m	4	37'	56''	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	11	35	"	39	18	"	"
"	"	12	37	"	40	46	"	"
"	"	14	2	"	41	40	"	"
"	"	15	7	"	41	25	"	"
"	"	16	24	"	40	36	Sano	"
"	"	18	3	"	39	50	Tanakadate	"
"	"	19	30	"	39	37	"	"
"	"	20	28	"	39	36	"	Tanakadate
"	"	23	13	"	38	53	"	"
"	4 th	0	41	"	39	31	"	"
"	"	3	48	"	40	0	"	"
"	"	6	49	"	39	56	"	Sano
"	"	7	47	"	37	56	"	"
"	"	9	4	"	38	1	"	"
"	"	9	54	"	38	46	"	"
"	"	12	43	"	43	33	"	"
"	"	15	0	"	41	32	"	"
"	"	16	15	"	40	3	"	"
Mean				4°	39'	41''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 39' 41'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -1.09 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 38' 6'' \end{aligned}$$
DIP (θ)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Oct.	3 rd	11h	25m	2	48° 20.9	Tanakadate	Sano
"	"	15	27	2	" 23.2	Sano	Tanakadate
"	"	22	1	2	" 18.9	Tanakadate	"
Mean					48° 21.0		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 48^\circ 21.0 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.98 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 48^\circ 24.0 \end{aligned}$$
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib _n .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Oct. 3 rd 13h 32m	0.30667	405.09	22.4C	5.9789	22.6C	5'43'36.9	12'57'45.6	22.3C	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" " 19 55	0.30678	404.87	22.1	5.9795	22.1	5 43 30.0	12 57 48.8	22.1	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
" 4 th 8 41	0.30677	405.57	21.4	5.9743	21.4	5 44 0.6	12 58 46.2	21.4	{ Sano Tanakadate	{ Tanakadate Sano
Mean	0.30674									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.30674 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3059 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ \hline H &= 0.30643 \end{aligned}$$

Tonosyō Syuttyō (土ノ庄出張)

Observations of the Seto Sea Party, 1896.

Saikōzi (西光寺)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t _v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t _n	Observer	Recorder
						φ ₁	φ ₂			
Oct. 4 th 15 ^h 37 ^m	*0.30667	405.43	21.2C	^s 5.9761	21.2C	—	—	—	Sano	Tanakadate
„ „ 15 59	*0.30676	405.55	20.9	5.9745	20.9	—	—	—	Tanakadate	Sano
Mean	0.30672									

293. ZAIKŌZI.

Zaikōzihara (富高村大字財光寺字小狭間財光寺原)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			δ			Observer	Recorder
July	7 th	9 ^h 12 ^m	3	56'	34''	Imamura	Hattori
„	„	9 58	„	57	17	„	Imamura
„	„	11 19	„	59	4	Sinzyō	Hattori
„	„	11 51	„	59	38	„	„
„	„	13 9	4	2	19	„	„
„	„	13 51	„	3	34	Imamura	Sinzyō
„	„	14 31	„	3	14	Sinzyō	Hattori
„	„	15 23	„	2	46	Imamura	Sinzyō
„	„	16 33	„	1	23	Hattori	Imamura
„	„	17 21	„	0	25	Imamura	„
„	„	18 22	„	0	22	„	„
„	„	19 39	„	0	39	„	„
„	„	20 53	„	0	26	„	„
„	„	22 25	„	0	31	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
„	8 th	1 8	„	0	19	„	„
„	„	3 58	3	59	42	„	„
„	„	5 23	„	58	37	„	„
„	„	6 2	„	58	3	„	Imamura
„	„	7 4	„	57	34	Imamura	„
„	„	8 11	„	57	34	„	„
Mean			4°	0'	5''		

δ = 4° 0' 08

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.11

„ „ sea level = 0.00

δ = 4° 1' 12

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	7 th	13 ^h 34 ^m	1	46° 13.0	Imamura	Sinzyō
„	„	15 57	1	„ 10.4	Hattori	Imamura
„	„	22 3	1	„ 10.3	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
Mean				46° 11.2		

θ = 46° 11.2

Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.03

„ „ sea level = 0.00

θ = 46° 14.2

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 7 th 12 ^h 39 ^m	0.31579	421.09	37.2C	5.7625	37.1C	5°43'47.75	13 2'32.75	37.4C	Sinzyō Imamura Sinzyō	Imamura Sinzyō Imamura
„ „ 14 59	0.31639	421.37	35.8	5.7568	36.3	5 43 54.4	13 3 16.9	35.4		
„ 8 th 18 38	0.31645	424.15	25.5	5.7349	25.3	5 46 20.0	13 9 18.8	25.8		
Mean	0.31621									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.31621 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3530 \\
 \text{„ „ sea level} &= 000 \\
 H &= 0.31586
 \end{aligned}$$

Zaikozi Syuttyō (財光寺出張)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.
Station, 1887 in Hitiya (日知屋舊觀測點)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 7 th 14 ^h 18 ^m	1	46° 14.4	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 7 th 18 ^h 4 ^m	*0.31576	422.65	31.2C	5.7528	31.2C	—	—	—	Hattori	Sinzyō
„ „ 18 16	*0.31582	422.65	31.3	5.7523	31.3	—	—	—	„	„
Mean	0.31579									

294. MIYAZAKI.

Play Ground of Normal School (宮崎尋常師範學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 9 th 7 ^h 34 ^m	3° 55' 26"	Imamura	Sinzyō
„ „ 7 47	„ 55 36	Sinzyō	„
„ „ 9 18	„ 57 43	Imamura	„
„ „ 10 3	„ 58 34	Sinzyō	Hattori
„ „ 11 12	4 0 12	Hattori	Sinzyō
„ „ 12 12	„ 0 49	Imamura	Hattori
„ „ 13 1	„ 0 16	Sinzyō	„
„ „ 14 6	3 59 41	„	„
„ „ 15 24	„ 58 41	Hattori	Sinzyō
„ „ 16 42	„ 58 8	Imamura	„
„ „ 17 54	„ 57 26	„	Imamura
„ „ 19 13	„ 56 17	Hattori	Hattori
„ „ 20 9	„ 55 48	„	„
„ „ 20 44	„ 56 48	„	„
„ „ 21 45	„ 57 48	„	„
„ „ 23 1	„ 57 23	„	„
„ „ 23 38	„ 57 39	„	„
„ „ 10 th 1 38	„ 57 26	„	„
„ „ 3 21	„ 56 49	„	„
„ „ 4 56	„ 56 29	„	„
„ „ 6 14	„ 54 38	„	„
Mean	3° 57' 36"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 3^\circ 57' 60'' \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.37 \\
 \text{„ „ sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \delta &= 3^\circ 59' 00''
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	9 ^h	9 ^m 48 ^m	1	45° 36.8	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	14 46	1	" 36.3	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	18 5	1	" 38.5	Imamura	"
Mean				45° 37.2		

$\theta = 45^\circ 37.2$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 2.74
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 45^\circ 39.9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 9 ^h 8 ^m 59 ^m	0.31797	424.35	26.5C	5.7177	25.6C	5° 44' 19.4	13° 4' 16.9	27.4C	{ Sinzyō Imamura	{ Imamura Sinzyō
" " 13 42	0.31814	423.26	28.0	5.7264	28.0	5 43 41.3	13 3 0.6	28.0	{ Sinzyō Hattori	{ Imamura Sinzyō
" " 18 1	0.31707	424.17	24.4	5.7306	24.6	5 45 28.8	13 6 41.3	24.1	{ Hattori Sinzyō	{ Sinzyō Hattori
Mean	0.31773									

$H = 0.31773$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3572
 " " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.31737$

295. MIYAKONOZYŌ.

Prefecture (郡 役 所)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	10 ^h	20 ^m	3 ^m	3°	39'	36''	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	20	23	"	39	20	"	"
"	"	22	24	"	39	8	"	"
"	11 ^h	0	5	"	40	6	"	"
"	"	4	24	"	38	24	"	"
"	"	5	56	"	37	26	"	"
"	"	7	5	"	35	36	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	8	28	"	34	38	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	9	35	"	37	40	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	10	53	"	40	26	Hattori	Imamura
"	"	11	47	"	41	15	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	12	21	"	42	29	Sinzyō	"
"	"	13	56	"	41	33	"	"
"	"	15	2	"	40	16	"	Sinzyō
"	"	16	1	"	40	32	Hattori	"
"	"	17	14	"	38	25	Sinzyō	"
"	"	17	59	"	38	16	"	Hattori
"	"	19	27	"	38	28	"	"
Mean				3°	39'	6''		

$\delta = 3^\circ 39.10$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.74
 " " sea level = -0.01
 $\delta = 3^\circ 40.8$

DIP' (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July 11 th 9 ^h 11 ^m	1	45° 20.8	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 12 8	1	" 19.8	Imamura	"
" " 16 50	1	" 21.4	Hattori	Sinzyō
Mean		45° 20.7		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 45^\circ 20.7 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 3.05 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.03 \\ \hline & \theta = 45^\circ 23.7 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 11 th 7 ^h 44 ^m	0.31863	425.01	23.6C	5.7163	23.6C	5 44' 8.98	13' 3' 16.73	23.7C	{ Sinzyō Hattori	{ Hattori Sinzyō
" " 13 24	0.31918	422.92	33.1	5.7211	33.6	5 41 21.9	12 56 3.1	32.6	{ Imamura Hattori	{ " Sinzyō
" " 18 56	0.31803	423.24	25.9	5.7285	26.3	5 43 27.5	13 1 40.0	25.5	{ Sinzyō	{ Hattori
Mean	0.31861									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.31861 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -37.39 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 168 \\ \hline & H = 0.31825 \end{aligned}$$

296. NAKAMATI.

Play Ground of Common School (福嶋中町尋常小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
July 12 th 22 ^h 46 ^m	3 38' 40"	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 23 24	" 38 14	"	Imamura
" 13 th 1 9	" 37 53	"	"
" " 4 55	" 36 47	"	"
" " 6 26	" 34 27	"	"
" " 7 25	" 34 51	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 8 31	" 35 9	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 9 2	" 36 15	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 9 19	" 36 27	"	"
" " 10 21	" 37 41	"	"
" " 11 59	" 39 51	"	"
" " 12 50	" 41 44	"	Imamura
" " 14 11	" 42 16	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 15 40	" 41 0	Hattori	"
" " 16 38	" 40 22	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 17 31	" 38 23	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 18 26	" 38 12	Sinzyō	"
Mean	3 38' 40"		

$$\begin{aligned} & \delta = 3 38.17 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 1.81 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \hline & \delta = 3 40.0 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	13 th	9 ^h 59 ^m	1	45° 47'	Sinzyō Hattori Imamura	Hattori Sinzyō "
"	"	15 9	1	44 59.9		
"	"	17 47	1	45 5.2		
Mean				45° 33'		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 45^\circ & 33 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 2.60 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\ \theta = 45^\circ & 59 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 13 th	0.31892	423.57	27.4C	5.7154	26.8C	5.42/43/8	13° 0'32.75	28.1C	Sinzyō Hattori Sinzyō Imamura "	Hattori Sinzyō Imamura Sinzyō "
" "	0.31973	423.35	27.5	5.7115	27.5	5.42 1.3	12 59 5.6	27.5		
" "	0.31981	423.58	25.4	5.7091	25.4	5.42 26.3	13 0 30.0	25.4		
Mean	0.31949									

$$\begin{aligned} H = & 0.31949 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -3672 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = 000 \\ H = & 0.31912 \end{aligned}$$

297. KŌYAMA.

Common School (高山村小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	14 th	20 ^h	17 ^m	3'	38'	49''	Imamura Hattori	Hattori
"	"	20	41	"	38	40		"
"	"	21	37	"	38	54	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	23	10	"	39	2		"
"	15 th	0	37	"	38	50	"	"
"	"	1	45	"	38	29	"	"
"	"	3	13	"	38	17	"	"
"	"	4	57	"	37	29	"	"
"	"	6	29	"	38	25	"	"
"	"	6	50	"	38	2	"	Hattori
"	"	9	20	"	38	40	"	Sinzyō
"	"	10	31	"	40	0	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	14	35	"	45	25	"	"
"	"	15	19	"	44	39	Sinzyō	"
"	"	16	25	"	42	58	"	"
"	"	17	13	"	42	13	"	"
"	"	18	17	"	41	14	"	Sinzyō
Mean				3'	40'	31''		"

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 3^\circ & 40.52 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 2.03 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = -0.01 \\ \delta = 3^\circ & 42.5 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	15 th	8 ^h	36 ^m	1	44° 52.5	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	14	58	1	" 49.4	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	16	51	1	" 49.7	Sinzyō	"
Mean					44° 50.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta = 44^\circ 50.50 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.77 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\ \hline \theta = 44^\circ 53.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 15 th 7 ^h 57 ^m	0.32059	423.22	26.9C	5.7039	26.7C	5°40'52.75	12°53'23.78	27.2C	Sinzyō Hattori	Hattori Sinzyō
" " 16 10	0.32120	420.94	33.6	5.7167	34.2	5 39 5.0	12 53 5.0	33.1	" Sinzyō	" Hattori
" " 17 47	0.32040	422.81	29.7	5.7106	30.2	5 40 42.5	12 55 33.3	29.3	" Hattori	" Sinzyō
Mean	0.32073									

$$\begin{aligned} H = 0.32073 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3796 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 120 \\ \hline H = 0.32036 \end{aligned}$$

298. KAGOSIMA.

Play Ground of High Common School (尋常中學校高等小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	16 th	18 ^h	24 ^m	3°	35'	12''	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	18	42	"	34	22	Sinzyō	"
"	"	20	9	"	34	50	"	"
"	"	20	30	"	34	57	"	"
"	"	22	9	"	35	32	"	"
"	"	23	24	"	35	17	"	"
"	17 th	0	24	"	35	26	"	"
"	"	3	49	"	34	12	"	"
"	"	4	30	"	34	8	"	"
"	"	5	27	"	34	52	"	"
"	"	7	20	"	32	12	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	7	18	"	32	32	Imamura	"
"	"	9	11	"	33	16	"	"
"	"	11	5	"	34	33	Hattori	"
"	"	11	41	"	35	22	Sinzyō	"
"	"	13	19	"	36	22	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	14	33	"	37	18	Sinzyō	"
"	"	15	7	"	37	6	"	Imamura
"	"	15	46	"	36	41	"	Sinzyō
"	"	16	41	"	35	32	Imamura	"
"	"	17	29	"	35	28	"	"
Mean				3°	34'	47''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta = 3^\circ 34.78 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.11 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta = 3^\circ 36.9 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	17 th	6 ^h	17 ^m	1	45° 27.4	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	12	18	1	" 23.1	Hattori	Imamura
"	"	15	33	1	" 24.0	Imamura	Sinzyō
Mean					45° 24.8		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 45^\circ 24.8 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.39 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \theta &= 45^\circ 28.2 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections.		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 17 th 9 ^h 21 ^m	0.31859	420.69	32.9C	5.7371	31.9C	5.40/33.71	12°55'38.1	34.0C	Hattori Imamura	Imamura Hattori
" " 14 14	0.31914	422.01	33.0	5.7261	33.0	5.41/30.6	12°57'58.8	33.0	Sinzyō Hattori	" Sinzyō
" " 16 14	0.31887	422.34	30.2	5.7265	30.4	5.42/6.9	12°59'19.4	30.1	Imamura Sinzyō	" Imamura
Mean	0.31887									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31887 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3.963 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline H &= 0.31847 \end{aligned}$$

299. ITIKI.

Sea Shore in murayakuba (村役場裏海濱)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	18 th	15 ^h	21 ^m	3°	57'	9''	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15	55	"	56	48	"	Sinzyō
"	"	16	59	"	57	2	Sinzyō	"
"	"	17	55	"	56	5	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	18	50	"	56	17	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	19	36	"	55	58	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	21	23	"	55	52	Sinzyō	"
"	"	21	45	"	55	53	"	Sinzyō
"	"	23	49	"	55	13	"	"
"	19 th	1	27	"	55	4	"	"
"	"	3	5	"	54	28	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	5	9	"	55	5	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	5	35	"	54	59	"	"
"	"	6	48	"	53	48	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	8	12	"	54	22	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	9	21	"	54	8	"	"
"	"	10	18	"	53	22	"	"
"	"	11	20	"	53	48	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	12	21	"	55	45	Sinzyō	"
"	"	12	53	"	56	38	Imamura	Sinzyō
Mean				3°	55'	20''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 3^\circ 55.33 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 2.14 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \hline \delta &= 3^\circ 57.5 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	18 th	17 ^h	39 ^m	1	45° 4.6	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	19 th	7	54	1	" 3.9	Hattori	"
"	"	12	2	1	" 7.2	Imamura	Sinzyō
Mean					45° 5.2		

		$\theta=45^\circ$	5.2
Reduction to	1895.0=		3.88
"	" sea level=		0.00
		$\theta=45^\circ$	9.1

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder		
						φ_1	φ_2					
July 18 th	18 ^h	23 ^m	0.32366	421.84	32.1C	5.6889	32.8C	5.36'45"0	12.46'50"0	31.4 C	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	19 th	6 8	0.32355	424.14	25.5	5.6716	25.3	5.38'33.8	12.51'6.3	25.7	{ Sinzyō Hattori	{ Hattori Sinzyō
"	"	14 22	0.32360	421.68	32.7	5.6889	32.9	5.36'26.2	12.46'5.0	32.6	{ " Imamura	{ Imamura Hattori
Mean			0.32360									

		$H=$	0.32360
Reduction to	1895.0=		-4071
"	" sea level=		000
		$H=$	0.32319

300. MAKURAZAKI.

Common School (枕崎小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	20 th	18 ^h	17 ^m	3'	41'	57"	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	18	52	"	41	45	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	20	28	"	43	54	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	22	2	"	43	38	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	23	6	"	43	32	"	Imamura
"	21 st	1	13	"	42	32	"	Hattori
"	"	3	10	"	42	10	"	"
"	"	5	25	"	41	20	"	"
"	"	7	7	"	40	7	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	8	18	"	40	38	"	"
"	"	9	12	"	41	47	"	Hattori
"	"	10	12	"	42	48	"	"
"	"	11	44	"	43	54	"	Sinzyō
"	"	12	25	"	43	29	Hattori	"
"	"	14	0	"	42	57	"	"
Mean				3'	42'	23"		

		$\delta=3'$	42.38
Reduction to	1895.0=		2.53
"	" sea level=		0.00
		$\delta=3'$	44.9

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	20 th	22 ^h	38 ^m	1	45° 15/3	Imamura	Hattori
"	21 st	8	45	1	" 7.2	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	9	54	1	" 7.8	Hattori	"
"	"	11	10	2	" 6.8	Sinzyō	Hattori
Mean					45° 9/3		

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 45^\circ \quad 9/3 \\ \text{Reduction to } & 1895.0 = \quad 3.41 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 0.00 \\ & \theta = 45^\circ \quad 12/7 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
July	20 th	21 ^h 15 ^m	0.31995	422.98	28.8°C	5.7123	28.9°C	5.41/27.75	12.57/45.70	28.8°C	Imamura	Hattori
"	21 st	6 48	0.32017	422.71	29.2	5.7117	29.1	5.40/57.5	12.56/40.0	29.3	Hattori	Imamura
"	"	13 36	0.31994	421.37	33.3	5.7237	33.4	5.40/0.0	12.54/16.3	33.3	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"										Sinzyō	Hattori
Mean			0.32002									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.32002 \\ \text{Reduction to } & 1895.0 = \quad -4100 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 000 \\ & H = 0.31961 \end{aligned}$$

301. KASEDA.

Common School (加世田小學校運動場)

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)			Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	22 nd	9 ^h 57 ^m	1	45° 7/5	Sinzyō	Sinzyō

$$\begin{aligned} & \theta = 45^\circ \quad 7/5 \\ \text{Reduction to } & 1895.0 = \quad 3.43 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 0.00 \\ & \theta = 45^\circ \quad 10/9 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)			H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
								φ_1	φ_2			
July	22 nd	6 ^h 19 ^m	*0.32122	421.87	31.8°C	5.7085	31.8°C	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	9 23	*0.32095	421.85	32.0	5.7110	32.0	—	—	—	Hattori	Hattori
Mean			0.32108									

$$\begin{aligned} & H = 0.32108 \\ \text{Reduction to } & 1895.0 = \quad -4092 \\ \text{" " sea level} & = \quad 000 \\ & H = 0.32067 \end{aligned}$$

302. YOKOGAWA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	24 th	18 ^h	27 ^m	3'	56'	26"	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	18	35	"	56	9	"	"
"	"	19	39	"	55	46	Hattori	"
"	"	21	28	"	56	49	Imamura	"
"	"	22	23	"	56	4	"	"
"	25 th	0	30	"	55	33	Sinzyō	"
"	"	3	42	"	54	52	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	5	49	"	54	18	"	"
"	"	6	54	"	53	3	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	7	50	"	53	28	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	8	59	"	53	52	Hattori	"
"	"	9	53	"	55	24	"	"
"	"	10	56	"	57	26	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	11	47	"	58	57	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	13	7	4	0	41	"	Hattori
"	"	13	53	"	0	26	"	Sinzyō
"	"	14	28	3	59	28	"	Hattori
Mean				3'	56'	14"		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 3^{\circ} 56' 23'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.86 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\ \hline \delta &= 3^{\circ} 58' 4'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	24 th	21 ^h	0 ^m	1	45° 65'	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	25 th	8	32	1	" 62'	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	11	12	1	" 39'	Imamura	Imamura
Mean					45° 55'		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 45^{\circ} 55' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.59 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.04 \\ \hline \theta &= 45^{\circ} 91'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^a .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
July	24 th 10 ^h 6 ^m	0.31749	423.87	25.40	5.7287	25.60	5 44' 50.0	13° 5' 21.3	25.20	Sinzyō Imamura	Imamura Sinzyō
"	25 th 7 35	0.31752	423.90	26.6	5.7233	25.1	5 44 5.0	13 3 26.2	28.1	" Sinzyō	" Imamura
"	" 12 38	0.31788	419.71	36.9	5.7512	36.2	5 40 30.0	12 55 26.2	37.7	Hattori Imamura	" Hattori
Mean		0.31763									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31763 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3988 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 218 \\ \hline H &= 0.31725 \end{aligned}$$

303. HITOYOSI.

Nakagawara (人吉中河原兩橋上流)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	26 th	18 ^h	18 ^m	4°	6'	34"	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	18	43	"	6	31	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	19	41	"	7	35	Hattori	"
"	"	21	38	"	7	35	Sinzyō	"
"	"	22	30	"	8	18	"	"
"	"	23	31	"	7	43	"	Sinzyō
"	27 th	1	37	"	7	36	"	"
"	"	5	3	"	5	56	Hattori	"
"	"	5	33	"	6	31	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	6	38	"	4	39	"	"
"	"	7	46	"	4	49	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	8	47	"	5	34	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	9	48	"	7	10	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	10	34	"	8	15	"	"
"	"	11	55	"	9	50	"	"
"	"	12	17	"	10	44	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	12	30	"	11	14	Sinzyō	"
"	"	13	45	"	11	49	"	Hattori
"	"	14	21	"	11	50	"	Sinzyō
Mean				4°	7'	50"		

$\delta = 4^\circ \quad 7.83$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.62
 " " sea level = -0.01

 $\delta = 4^\circ \quad 9.4$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder.
July	26 th	22 ^h	9 ^m	1	45° 58.3	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	27 th	7	30	1	" 56.3	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	11	7	1	" 55.9	Hattori	Hattori
Mean					45° 56.8		

$\theta = 45^\circ \quad 56.8$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.77
 " " sea level = -0.03

 $\theta = 46^\circ \quad 0.5$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 26 th 19 ^h 15 ^m	0.31739	422.75	27.0C	5.7381	27.5C	5° 44' 17.5"	13° 42' 57.0"	26.5C	Imamura Sinzyō	Sinzyō Imamura
" 27 th 6 13	0.31760	423.80	23.7	5.7269	23.2	5 44 41.3	13 5 26.3	24.2	" Hattori	Hattori Sinzyō
" " 13 29	0.31717	418.73	37.1	5.7657	36.7	5 40 35.0	12 55 35.0	37.4	" Sinzyō	" Hattori
Mean	0.31739									

$H = 0.31739$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -3988
 " " sea level = 146

 $H = 0.31701$

304. YUNOMAE.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	27 th	22 ^h	1 ^m	3°	59'	25''	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	22	59	"	59	40	"	"
"	28 th	0	22	"	58	59	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	4	43	"	57	28	Imamura	"
"	"	6	48	"	55	20	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	7	47	"	54	43	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	8	49	"	55	31	"	"
"	"	9	59	"	58	48	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	10	47	4	0	30	Imamura	"
"	"	11	42	"	2	29	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	12	37	"	4	41	Imamura	"
"	"	13	44	"	4	44	"	"
Mean				3°	59'	22''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 3^\circ 59'37'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.51 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.04 \\ \hline \delta &= 4^\circ 0'8'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	28 th	0 ^h	3 ^m	1	45° 58.3	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	8	21	1	46 0.2	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	10	25	1	45 53.6	Sinzyō	"
Mean					45° 57.4		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 45^\circ 57.4 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 3.61 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.15 \\ \hline \theta &= 46^\circ 0'9'' \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 27 th 22 ^h 45 ^m	0.31697	423.45	24.5C	5.7376	25.2C	5°45'16.73	13° 0'25.70	23.8C	Imamura Sinzyō	Imamura Sinzyō
" 28 th 7 34	0.31720	423.20	25.5	5.7349	25.4	5 44.31.2	13 4 40.0	25.6	" Imamura	" Imamura
" " 11 16	0.31744	420.19	34.1	5.7515	33.3	5 41 31.2	12 58 0.0	34.9	Imamura Sinzyō	Sinzyō Imamura
Mean	0.31720									

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31720 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3899 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 805 \\ \hline H &= 0.31689 \end{aligned}$$

305. YATUSIRO.

Common School (小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
July	29 th	16 ^h	56 ^m	4°	0'	45"	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	17	45	3	59	50	"	"
"	"	18	48	4	0	28	"	Sinzyō
"	"	19	32	3	59	56	Sinzyō	"
"	"	20	46	4	0	15	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	22	11	3	59	59	"	"
"	"	23	21	4	0	9	"	"
"	30 th	0	12	3	59	5	"	"
"	"	2	58	"	58	26	"	"
"	"	5	35	"	57	50	"	"
"	"	6	28	"	57	24	"	"
"	"	7	10	"	56	46	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	8	1	"	56	5	"	Sinzyō
"	"	8	55	"	56	19	"	"
"	"	10	3	"	57	56	"	"
"	"	10	59	"	58	51	Imamura	"
"	"	12	31	1	0	49	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	13	11	"	1	19	"	Sinzyō
"	"	14	14	"	1	46	"	"
"	"	15	10	"	1	18	Imamura	Imamura
Mean				3°	59'	22"		

$\delta = 3^{\circ} 59' 37''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.55
" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 1^{\circ} 09''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
July	29 th	21 ^h	41 ^m	1	46° 26.1	Hattori	Hattori
"	30 th	8	19	1	" 27.4	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	12	55	1	" 27.7	"	"
Mean					46° 27.1		

$\theta = 46^{\circ} 27.1$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.11
" " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 46^{\circ} 31.2$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
July 29 th 19 ^h 14 ^m	0.31729	420.85	31.8C	5.7508	31.8C	5°42'32.5	13° 0'16.3	31.7C	Sinzyō Imamura	Imamura Sinzyō
" 30 th 7 44	0.31737	420.32	33.2	5.7500	32.0	5 41 33.8	12 58 5.0	34.4	" Sinzyō	" Imamura
" " 12 13	0.31742	419.20	38.1	5.7599	37.7	5 40 35.0	12 55 30.0	38.6	Hattori Sinzyō	Hattori Imamura
" " 13 44	0.31751	419.18	37.6	5.7623	38.2	5 40 56.3	12 56 26.3	36.9	" Imamura	" Sinzyō
Mean	0.31753									

$H = 0.31753$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -3040
" " sea level = 000

$H = 0.31713$

306. MINAMATA.

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	9 ^h	18 ^m	3°	52'	56"	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	10	19	"	54	56	"	"
"	"	11	9	"	56	12	"	"
"	"	12	17	"	59	47	"	"
"	"	13	11	"	59	56	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	14	6	4	0	14	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	15	9	3	59	59	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	16	24	"	57	48	Imamura	"
"	"	17	30	"	57	8	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	18	24	"	56	49	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	19	32	"	56	17	"	"
"	"	20	38	"	56	23	Hattori	"
"	"	22	19	"	57	38	"	"
"	"	22	55	"	57	24	"	"
"	2 nd	1	7	"	56	53	"	"
"	"	3	47	"	55	9	"	"
"	"	4	59	"	55	8	"	"
"	"	5	17	"	54	33	"	"
"	"	5	54	"	54	21	Sinzyō	Imamura
Mean				3°	56'	24"		

$\delta = 3^\circ \quad 56.40$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.87
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 3^\circ \quad 58.3$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	1 st	9 ^h	53 ^m	1	46° 37'	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	14	34	1	" 3.5	Imamura	"
"	"	16	49	2	45 58.5	Sinzyō	"
Mean					46° 19'		

$\theta = 46^\circ \quad 1.9$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.11
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 46^\circ \quad 6.0$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 1 st 10 ^h 54 ^m	0.32094	420.93	30.8C	5.7161	30.4C	5.38' 37.75	21° 51' 21.2"	31.3C	Imamura Sinzyō	{ Sinzyō Imamura
" " 13 45	0.32141	420.09	35.0	5.7203	35.4	5.37 45.0	12 49 10.0	34.6	" Hattori	{ Hattori Sinzyō
" " 19 3	0.32077	421.72	27.8	5.7139	28.0	5.39 33.8	12 53 18.8	27.7	" Imamura	{ Imamura Hattori
Mean										

$H = 0.32104$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -4.17
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.32063$

307. SIMABARA.

Old Castle (島原舊城)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	2 nd	18 ^h	12 ^m	4	4'	31''	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	20	0	"	6	0	Hattori	"
"	"	22	20	"	5	6	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	23	50	"	5	23	"	"
"	3 rd	1	16	"	4	49	"	"
"	"	2	53	"	4	48	"	"
"	"	4	5	"	4	35	"	"
"	"	5	37	"	3	16	"	"
"	"	6	38	"	3	4	"	"
"	"	7	33	"	2	14	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	8	34	"	3	32	"	Imamura
"	"	9	21	"	5	16	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	10	33	"	6	44	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	11	31	"	7	16	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	12	12	"	9	2	"	Hattori
"	"	13	32	"	9	5	"	"
"	"	14	33	"	7	59	Imamura	"
"	"	15	30	"	7	5	Sinzyō	"
"	"	16	35	"	6	10	"	"
"	"	17	26	"	5	12	"	"
"	"	17	47	"	5	11	Imamura	Sinzyō
Mean				4°	5'	34''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 5:57$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.62
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 7:2$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	3 rd	6 ^h	23 ^m	1	46° 51.1	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	9	21	1	" 50.8	Hattori	Imamura
"	"	14	16	1	" 49.6	Imamura	Hattori
Mean					46° 50.5		

$\theta = 46^{\circ} \quad 50.5$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.76
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $\theta = 46^{\circ} \quad 55:3$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 3 rd 8 ^h 15 ^m	0.31419	420.96	30.4C	5.7773	30.0C	5 46' 57.0	13' 8 48.78	30.8C	Imamura Hattori	Hattori Imamura
" " 13 17	0.31411	417.95	38.1	5.7999	38.0	5 43 18.8	13 1 55.0	38.3	" Sinzyō	Sinzyō Hattori
" " 17 3	0.31452	420.24	32.6	5.7808	32.6	5 45 0.0	13 5 52.5	32.5	" Imamura	Imamura Sinzyō
Mean	0.31427									

$H = 0.31427$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -1.227
 " " sea level = 0.00

 $H = 0.31385$

308. NAGASAKI.

Sakura no Baba (櫻ノ馬場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	4 th	19 ^h	45 ^m	4°	23'	13''	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	20	7	"	22	57	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	22	45	"	23	9	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	23	43	"	22	47	"	"
"	5 th	1	32	"	22	52	"	"
"	"	3	50	"	22	51	"	"
"	"	5	16	"	21	48	"	"
"	"	6	12	"	20	26	"	"
"	"	7	8	"	20	18	"	"
"	"	8	3	"	20	59	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	9	16	"	22	7	"	"
"	"	10	35	"	23	56	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	11	35	"	23	46	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	12	59	"	24	42	"	"
"	"	14	8	"	24	22	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	15	19	"	23	47	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	16	14	"	23	32	"	Sinzyō
"	"	17	19	"	23	32	"	"
"	"	18	0	"	23	29	"	"
Mean				4°	22'	58''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^\circ 22' 97'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.83 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^\circ 24' 8'' \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	5 th	9 ^h	1 ^m	1	47° 11.5	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	12	26	1	" 11.7	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	16	0	1	" 13.4	Imamura	"
Mean					47° 12.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^\circ 12.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 5.25 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 47^\circ 17.5 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug. 5 th 7 ^h 43 ^m	0.31877	420.57	31.1C	5.7372	30.5C	5°40'22.5	12°55' 5.0	31.8C	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 13 48	0.31934	419.02	36.1	5.7473	37.0	5 38 57.5	12 51 52.5	35.3	Sinzyō	Imamura
" " 17 1	0.31912	419.95	32.7	5.7437	34.0	5 40 3.8	12 54 18.8	31.5	Hattori	Hattori
" " 17 1	0.31912	419.95	32.7	5.7437	34.0	5 40 3.8	12 54 18.8	31.5	Imamura	Imamura
Mean	0.31908									Hattori

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31908 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -4415 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ H &= 0.31864 \end{aligned}$$

309. SASEBO.

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 th	16 ^h	30 ^m	4°	10'	45''	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	17	22	"	9	47	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	18	23	"	8	53	"	"
"	"	19	20	"	8	48	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	21	2	"	8	55	"	"
"	"	22	14	"	8	51	"	"
"	"	23	43	"	8	35	"	"
"	7 th	1	35	"	8	38	"	"
"	"	3	54	"	5	18	"	"
"	"	5	5	"	5	40	"	"
"	"	5	49	"	4	18	"	"
"	"	7	20	"	7	51	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	7	44	"	7	51	"	"
"	"	8	28	"	7	40	"	"
"	"	9	7	"	8	17	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	10	9	"	10	35	"	"
"	"	10	37	"	12	27	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	11	14	"	13	5	Imamura	"
"	"	11	58	"	12	6	"	Sinzyō
"	"	12	19	"	13	15	"	Hattori
"	"	13	12	"	13	57	"	"
"	"	13	48	"	14	51	Sinzyō	"
Mean				4°	9'	14''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 9/23$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.79
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 11/0$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	6 th	18 ^h	44 ^m	1	47° 25/7	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	7 th	6 28	1	" 23.4	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	10	59	1	" 25.4	Sinzyō	"
Mean					47° 24/8		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} \quad 24/8$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 6.08
" " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47^{\circ} \quad 30/9$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vibn.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	6 th	18 ^h	10 ^m	0.31519	421.10	28.9C	5.7693	29.3C	5° 45' 11"/2	13° 6' 21"/2	28.5C	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	7 th	8 13	0.31517	420.65	30.2	5.7706	30.0	5 41 40.0	13 5 17.5	30.5	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	12	59	0.31482	418.57	34.8	5.7879	34.5	5 43 8.8	13 1 40.0	35.2	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"											Hattori	Imamura
Mean				0.31506									Hattori

$H = 0.31506$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -4592
" " sea level = 0.00
 $H = 0.31460$

310. MATIYAMAGUTI.

Common School (尋常小學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	9th	5h	25 ^m	3°	51'	10"	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	5	54	"	50	40	Hattori	Imamura
"	"	6	30	"	50	8	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	7	49	"	49	23	"	Imamura
"	"	8	24	"	49	30	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	9	34	"	51	42	"	"
"	"	10	47	"	54	50	"	Imamura
"	"	12	0	"	56	2	"	Sinzyō
"	"	13	6	"	56	22	Sinzyō	"
"	"	14	5	"	55	48	"	"
"	"	14	52	"	56	9	Imamura	"
"	"	15	40	"	55	33	Sinzyō	"
"	"	16	42	"	54	8	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	17	34	"	53	32	"	Sinzyō
"	"	18	12	"	53	24	"	Imamura
"	"	18	57	"	54	5	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	20	50	"	54	25	"	"
"	"	21	36	"	54	34	"	"
"	"	23	42	"	53	48	"	"
"	10 th	4	37	"	52	40	"	"
"	"	5	31	"	52	10	"	Imamura
Mean				3°	53'	33"		

$\delta = 3^{\circ} 53' 33''$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.90
" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 3^{\circ} 55' 5$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	9th	8h	59 ^m	1	46° 24.8	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	13	33	1	" 20.8	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	17	53	1	" 23.1	Imamura	Sinzyō
Mean					46° 22.9		

$\theta = 46^{\circ} 22.9$
Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.81
" " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 46^{\circ} 27.7$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_n	Observer	Recorder
									φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	9th	7h	32 ^m	0.31750	420.67	28.6C	5.7485	28.2C	5.42'18.8	13° 0'10.0	29.0C	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	12	50	0.31734	421.52	26.9	5.7447	26.7	5.42'52.5	13 0 53.8	27.1	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	17	17	0.31741	420.67	30.2	5.7553	31.7	5.42'51.3	13 1 2.5	28.6	Imamura	Sinzyō
Mean				0.31742									

$H = 0.31742$
Reduction to 1895.0 = -4334
" " sea level = 000

$H = 0.31699$

311. KUMAMOTO. Fifth High School (第五高等學校)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	10 th	17 ^h	44 ^m	4	7'	34''	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	18	18	"	7	50	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	19	24	"	8	29	"	"
"	"	22	52	"	7	44	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	23	29	"	7	19	"	"
"	11 th	1	53	"	7	4	"	"
"	"	4	54	"	5	48	"	"
"	"	6	2	"	4	58	"	"
"	"	7	12	"	2	54	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	7	37	"	3	45	"	"
"	"	7	58	"	3	47	"	Hattori
"	"	9	13	"	1	58	"	Sinzyō
"	"	10	20	"	7	17	"	"
"	"	11	29	"	9	3	"	Imamura
"	"	12	23	"	11	12	"	Hattori
"	"	13	16	"	12	42	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	14	10	"	11	57	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	15	15	"	10	17	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	16	32	"	7	38	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
Mean				4	7'	36''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 7.60$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.42
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} \quad 9.0$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	11 th	6 ^h	51 ^m	1	46° 47.1	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	12	54	1	" 46.5	"	"
"	"	15	46	1	" 47.1	Hattori	"
Mean					46° 46.9		

$\theta = 46^{\circ} \quad 46.9$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 4.51
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 46^{\circ} \quad 51.4$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of I-Vib.	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 10 th 18 ^h 59 ^m	0.31393	421.71	26.6C	5.7767	27.0C	5.43 57.5	13 10 10.0	26.1C	{ Sinzyō Hattori	{ Hattori Sinzyō
" 11 th 8 42	0.31374	420.26	29.4	5.7832	28.2	5.45 18.8	13 6 25.0	30.7	{ Sinzyō Hattori	{ Hattori Sinzyō
" " 8 47	0.31377	419.99	30.0	5.7832	28.2	5.44 57.5	13 5 46.3	31.9	{ Sinzyō Hattori	{ Hattori Sinzyō
" " 13 49	0.31481	418.23	36.1	5.7929	36.6	5.43 11.2	13 1 48.8	35.5	{ Imamura Sinzyō	{ Sinzyō Imamura
Mean										
0.31407										

$H = 0.31407$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -4173
 " " sea level = 25
 $H = 0.31365$

312. MIYADI.

High Common School (阿蘇中部高等小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	13 th	7 ^h	58 ^m	3°	44'	51''	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	8	28	"	45	40	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	9	46	"	48	25	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	10	52	"	53	37	Imamura	"
"	"	11	1	"	53	47	"	"
"	"	11	52	"	54	31	"	"
"	"	13	15	"	55	19	Hattori	"
"	"	14	18	"	54	59	"	Imamura
"	"	15	18	"	53	55	Sinzyō	"
"	"	16	22	"	52	29	"	"
"	"	17	22	"	51	56	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	18	17	"	51	24	"	Imamura
"	"	18	46	"	51	16	"	"
"	"	20	54	"	50	37	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
"	"	22	37	"	50	41	"	"
"	14 th	4	28	"	49	11	"	"
"	"	5	52	"	48	20	"	"
"	"	6	29	"	46	59	"	"
"	"	6	55	"	45	52	"	"
"	"	7	29	"	45	17	"	"
Mean				3°	50'	41''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 3^\circ 50'68 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.10 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.03 \\ \hline \delta &= 3^\circ 51'8 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	13 th	10 ^h	30 ^m	1	46° 58.1	Hattori	Hattori Imamura
"	"	14	53	1	" 59.8	Sinzyō	
"	"	17	43	1	" 59.8	Imamura	"
Mean					46° 59.2		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 46^\circ 59.2 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 4.37 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= -0.10 \\ \hline \theta &= 47^\circ 35 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder	
						φ_1	φ_2				
Aug. 13 th	9 ^h	15 ^m	0.31519	421.04	28.80	5.7645	27.50	5°44'21.73	13° 4'12.75	30.20	Sinz yō Hattori Imamura Hattori Sinz yō Imamura
"	"	13 53	0.31489	419.30	29.8	5.7826	29.7	5 43 51.3	13 3 20.0	29.9	
"	"	17 12	0.31561	421.11	26.5	5.7653	27.0	5 44 48.8	13 5 28.8	26.1	
Mean			0.31523								

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31523 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -4056 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 632 \\ \hline H &= 0.31489 \end{aligned}$$

313. MAMIBARA.

Near Court of Justice (裁判所前ノ畑中)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 15 th 6 ^h 22	3° 43' 17"	Imamura	Hattori
" " 6 41	" 42 23	Sinzyō	"
" " 7 25	" 41 32	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 8 22	" 41 23	Imamura	Hattori
" " 9 34	" 43 48	Sinzyō	"
" " 10 38	" 46 22	"	"
" " 11 28	" 47 37	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 12 19	" 48 33	Imamura	Imamura
" " 13 16	" 48 3	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 14 26	" 46 32	"	"
" " 15 25	" 46 4	"	"
" " 16 26	" 45 57	"	Sinzyō
" " 17 16	" 45 48	"	Imamura
" " 17 58	" 45 29	"	Sinzyō
" " 19 6	" 44 51	Imamura	Imamura
" " 20 23	" 43 54	"	Sinzyō
" " 21 50	" 43 56	"	Imamura
" " 16 th 1 10	" 43 4	"	"
" " 3 15	" 42 24	"	"
" " 5 11	" 41 58	"	"
" " 5 47	" 41 42	"	"
Mean	3° 44' 21"		

 $\delta = 3^{\circ} 44.35$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.20

" " sea level = -0.03

 $\delta = 3^{\circ} 45.5$ DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 15 th 9 ^h 11 ^m	1	47° 18.7	Imamura	Imamura
" " 11 56	1	" 16.4	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 17 37	1	" 19.5	Sinzyō	"
Mean		47° 18.2		

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 18.2$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 3.89

" " sea level = -0.11

 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 22.0$ HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 15 th 8 ^h 3 ^m	0.31513	421.16	27.5 C	5.7666	27.0 C	5.45' 2.5	13° 5' 59.8	28.0 C	Imamura Hattori	Hattori Imamura
" " 13 46	0.31480	419.11	31.0	5.7874	31.7	5.44 0.0	13 3 31.3	30.3	" Sinzyō	Sinzyō Hattori
" " 13 51	0.31487	419.30	30.4	5.7874	31.7	5.44 20.0	13 4 18.8	29.0	Hattori Sinzyō	Sinzyō Hattori
" " 17 8	0.31521	420.79	27.3	5.7706	27.5	5.45 1.3	13 6 10.0	27.1	Sinzyō Imamura	Hattori Imamura Sinzyō
Mean	0.31500									

 $H = 0.31500$

Reduction to 1895.0 = -3958

" " sea level = 664

 $H = 0.31467$

314. YANAGAWA.

Middle School, Densyūkwan (柳川尋常中學傳習館運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	17 th	17 ^h	0 ^m	4°	10'	31''	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	18	10	"	10	48	"	Imamura
"	"	20	2	"	10	14	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	21	17	"	10	20	"	"
"	"	22	41	"	10	6	"	"
"	18 th	0	15	"	9	38	"	"
"	"	2	17	"	8	38	"	"
"	"	4	16	"	6	35	"	"
"	"	5	4	"	6	23	"	"
"	"	6	6	"	4	41	"	"
"	"	7	4	"	6	43	"	"
"	"	8	28	"	7	35	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	8	42	"	8	6	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	9	47	"	9	58	Sinzyō	"
"	"	10	35	"	12	43	"	"
"	"	11	50	"	15	53	"	Hattori
"	"	12	58	"	15	23	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	14	7	"	13	33	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	15	14	"	12	26	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	16	2	"	11	19	Sinzyō	"
Mean				4°	10'	10''		

$\delta = 4^{\circ} 10' 17''$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 1.39
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\delta = 4^{\circ} 11' 6''$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	18 th	8 ^h	6 ^m	1	47° 17.7	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	13	51	1	" 17.0	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	15	39	1	" 16.6	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
Mean					47° 17.1		

$\theta = 47^{\circ} 17.1$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = 5.38
 " " sea level = 0.00
 $\theta = 47^{\circ} 22.5$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_0	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 17 th 19 ^h 23 ^m	0.31487	421.65	25.3C	5.7685	25.7C	5'46" 1/3	13' 8" 15/10	25.0C	{ Sinzyō Imamura	{ Imamura Sinzyō
" 18 th 9 23	0.31433	422.65	23.7	5.7653	23.8	5 46 53.8	13 9 33.8	23.7	{ " Sinzyō " Hattori	{ " Imamura " Sinzyō
" " 14 48	0.31486	420.57	27.6	5.7756	27.9	5 45 8.8	13 6 22.5	27.4		
Mean	0.31469									

$H = 0.31469$
 Reduction to 1895.0 = -4368
 " " sea level = 000
 $H = 0.31425$

315. HUKUOKA.

Play Ground, Syūyūkwan (修猷館運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	19 th	7 ^h	53 ^m	F	19'	56''	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	8	35	"	20	35	Sinzyō	"
"	"	9	27	"	22	21	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	10	28	"	25	12	"	Hattori
"	"	11	30	"	26	53	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	12	25	"	27	25	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	13	35	"	26	16	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	14	38	"	24	31	"	Hattori
"	"	15	46	"	21	42	"	"
"	"	16	41	"	21	21	"	"
"	"	17	42	"	21	15	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	18	26	"	21	43	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	20	12	"	22	52	Sinzyō	"
"	"	20	47	"	23	3	"	"
"	"	23	4	"	22	8	"	"
"	"	23	56	"	22	16	"	"
"	20 th	4	40	"	21	2	"	"
"	"	5	12	"	19	27	Hattori	Hattori
"	"	6	8	"	19	13	"	"
"	"	7	52	"	20	1	"	"
Mean				4°	22'	32''		

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &= 4^{\circ} 22' 32'' \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.00 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \delta &= 4^{\circ} 23' 5 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	19 th	9 ^h	48 ^m	1	47° 56.2	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	"	13	55	1	" 54.7	Imamura	Hattori
"	"	17	13	1	" 55.5	Hattori	Sinzyō
Mean					47° 55.5		

$$\begin{aligned} \theta &= 47^{\circ} 55.5 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 5.54 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\ \theta &= 48^{\circ} 10 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)(* Value deduced from Vibration only by assuming Value of M .)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)		H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
							φ_1	φ_2			
Aug.	19 th 9 ^h 10 ^m	0.31219	420.70	28.80C	5.7981	28.60C	5 47'45.70	13 11'56.73	29.00C	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	" 13 4	*0.31288	418.45	34.9	5.8102	35.5	(5 45 35.0	13 7 23.8	34.3)	Sinzyō	Imamura
"	" 13 10	0.31300	418.58	34.9	5.8083	35.5	5 45 35.0	13 7 23.8	34.3	"	Hattori
"	" 18 11	0.31189	419.15	29.8	5.8161	31.0	5 47 27.5	13 11 28.8	28.5	Imamura	Sinzyō
Mean		0.31249									Hattori

$$\begin{aligned} H &= 0.31249 \\ \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -4281 \\ \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\ H &= 0.31206 \end{aligned}$$

Hukuoka Syuttyō (福岡出張)

Observations of the South West Party, 1895.

Station, 1887. (千八百八十七年ノ観測點)

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	19 th	14 ^h	5 ^m	1	47° 56.0	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	14	23	1	" 57.3	Sinzyō	Imamura
Mean					47° 56.7		

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^l .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 19 th 14 ^h 56 ^m	0.31265	420.20	29.7C	^s 5.7980	29.7C	—	—	—	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 15 6	0.31290	419.47	31.3	5.8010	31.3	—	—	—	"	"
" " 15 15	0.31279	419.00	33.1	5.8052	33.1	—	—	—	Sinzyō	Imamura
Mean	0.31278									

316. KOKURA.

Play Ground of High Common School (高等小學校運動場)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				δ			Observer	Recorder
Aug.	20 th	13 ^h	25 ^m	4'	47'	25''	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	13	56	"	47	2	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	15	11	"	44	49	Imamura	Sinzyō
"	"	16	20	"	43	20	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	17	21	"	43	6	Hattori	Sinzyō
"	"	17	34	"	43	25	"	"
"	"	17	47	"	44	6	Imamura	Imamura
"	"	21	58	"	44	44	"	"
"	"	23	22	"	43	32	"	"
"	21 st	2	4	"	42	29	"	"
"	"	5	17	"	41	6	"	"
"	"	6	17	"	40	14	"	"
"	"	7	44	"	40	2	Sinzyō	Hattori
"	"	9	6	"	42	12	"	"
"	"	10	10	"	41	22	Hattori	"
"	"	11	5	"	45	56	"	Sinzyō
"	"	11	56	"	48	31	Sinzyō	{ Hattori
Mean				4'	43'	26''		

$\delta = 4' 43.43$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 0.71

" " sea level = 0.00

$\delta = 4' 44.1$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1895.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)				Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug.	20 th	15 ^h	42 ^m	1	48° 10.0	Sinzyō	{ Sinzyō
"	"	19	28	1	" 11.3	Imamura	Hattori Imamura
"	21 st	5	43	1	" 10.2	"	"
"	"	11	35	1	" 10.4	Hattori	Sinzyō
Mean					48° 10.5		

$\theta = 48° 10.5$

Reduction to 1895.0 = 5.58

" " sea level = 0.00

$\theta = 48° 16.1$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^a .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_D	Observer	Recorder
						ζ_1	ζ_2			
Aug. 20th 14h 57m	0.31249	418.81	34.2C	5.8096	34.3C	5'43' 0"0	13° 8' 7"5	34.1 C	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 18 6	0.31201	420.44	29.9	5.8036	30.3	5 47 46.3	13 11 42.5	29.5	Sinzyō Hattori	Hattori Sinzyō
" 21st 8 44	0.31218	419.41	31.6	5.8039	30.2	5 46 21.3	13 8 56.3	33.0	Sinzyō	" Sinzyō
Mean	0.31223									

$$\begin{aligned}
 & H = 0.31223 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -4203 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = 000 \\
 \hline
 & H = 0.31181
 \end{aligned}$$

317. NAKATU.

Nakatu Park (中津公園)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 22nd 12h 36m	4° 29' 54"	Imamura	Hattori
" " 13 16	" 29 34	Sinzyō	"
" " 14 39	" 27 28	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 15 37	" 26 58	Imamura	Hattori
" " 16 37	" 25 42	Sinzyō	Imamura
" " 17 41	" 25 4	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 18 31	" 23 54	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 19 29	" 25 53	Hattori	"
" " 19 50	" 26 0	"	"
" " 21 27	" 26 30	"	"
" " 23 30	" 26 20	"	"
" 23rd 0 39	" 26 3	"	"
" " 3 23	" 25 53	"	"
" " 4 56	" 25 37	"	"
" " 5 55	" 23 54	"	"
" " 6 59	" 22 45	"	"
" " 8 14	" 23 25	Sinzyō	Imamura
" " 9 16	" 25 28	"	"
" " 10 23	" 28 48	Imamura	"
" " 11 24	" 30 2	"	Hattori
" " 12 8	" 30 58	Sinzyō	"
" " 12 35	" 31 23	"	"
" " 14 14	" 30 14	"	Imamura
Mean	4° 26' 20"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \delta = 4^\circ 26.33 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 0.71 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 & \delta = 4^\circ 27.0
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 22nd 15h 16m	1	47° 51.9	Imamura	Sinzyō
" " 16 53	1	" 55.0	Sinzyō	Imamura
" 23rd 6 34	1	" 54.0	Hattori	Hattori
Mean		47° 53.6		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \theta = 47^\circ 53.6 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 4.92 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 & \theta = 47^\circ 58.5
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (*H*)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	<i>H</i>	<i>M</i>	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ² .	Temp. <i>t_v</i>	Mean Deflections		Temp. <i>t_D</i>	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 22 nd 14h 17 ^m	0.31235	418.85	32.7C	5.8106	32.8C	5°46'20"0	13° 9' 5"0	32.6C	Hattori	Imamura " Sinzyō " Imamura
" " 18 6	0.31162	420.22	28.4	5.8080	28.7	5 48 27.5	13 14 1.3	28.2	Sinzyō	
" " 23 rd 8 53	0.31149	421.33	25.6	5.8005	25.5	5 49 17.5	13 15 41.3	25.7	Sinzyō	
Mean	0.31182									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.31182 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -4102 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.31141
 \end{aligned}$$

318. NAKAMATAMA.

Hamanisi (中眞玉村字濱西原野)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 24 th 18h 13 ^m	4° 25' 28"	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 18 55	" 25 37	Hattori	"
" " 19 39	" 25 31	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 20 59	" 25 18	"	Hattori
" " 21 58	" 25 26	"	"
" " 23 0	" 25 41	"	"
" " 25 th 0 53	" 24 46	"	Sinzyō
" " 3 37	" 23 57	Hattori	Hattori
" " 5 56	" 21 58	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 6 21	" 21 4	"	"
" " 7 10	" 20 34	"	Hattori
" " 8 33	" 24 13	"	Sinzyō
" " 8 46	" 24 44	"	"
" " 9 51	" 27 56	Hattori	"
" " 10 46	" 29 53	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 11 41	" 29 57	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 12 45	" 30 9	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 14 7	" 28 49	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 15 8	" 27 56	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 16 5	" 26 47	"	"
" " 16 49	" 26 34	"	Sinzyō
Mean	4° 25' 43"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^\circ 25' 72 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 0.54 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 4^\circ 26' 3
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP. (θ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 25 th 6h 56 ^m	1	47° 46.3	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 10 24	1	" 45.7	Hattori	"
" " 14 42	1	" 46.9	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
			Hattori	"
Mean		47° 46.3		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 47^\circ 46.3 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 4.79 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 47^\circ 51.1
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ₂ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_b	Observer	Recorder
						φ_1	φ_2			
Aug. 24 th 21 ^h 35 ^m	0.31215	421.18	24.6C	5.7969	25.1C	5°48'53".8	13°15'10".0	24.2C	Sinzyō Hattori	Hattori Sinzyō
" 25 th 8 13	0.31142	420.10	27.4	5.8102	27.4	5 48 27.5	13 13 56.3	27.4	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 13 22	0.31271	417.79	36.0	5.8183	37.3	5 45 30.0	13 7 15.0	34.8	"	"
" " 13 51	0.31273	417.19	37.9	5.8200	38.3	5 44 36.3	13 5 11.3	37.5	Hattori	Sinzyō
Mean	0.31225									

$$\begin{aligned}
 H &= 0.31225 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= -3973 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= 000 \\
 \hline
 H &= 0.31185
 \end{aligned}$$

319. KUMA.

Bank of the Tikugogawa (日田隈町筑後河々原)

DECLINATION (δ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 27 th 11 ^h 31 ^m	4° 36' 26"	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 11 56	" 37 9	"	Hattori
" " 13 3	" 37 6	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 14 6	" 35 33	"	Hattori
" " 15 37	" 34 30	"	Sinzyō
" " 16 30	" 33 39	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 17 39	" 33 30	"	Sinzyō
" " 18 25	" 33 26	"	"
" " 19 15	" 33 41	"	Hattori
" " 21 59	" 34 15	Hattori	"
" " 23 4	" 34 31	"	Sinzyō
" " 23 18	" 34 36	"	"
" 28 th 0 43	" 34 24	Sinzyō	"
" " 1 56	" 34 0	"	"
" " 3 34	" 33 56	"	"
" " 5 21	" 33 15	Hattori	Hattori
" " 6 22	" 31 11	Sinzyō	"
" " 7 3	" 30 7	"	"
" " 7 59	" 29 36	"	Sinzyō
" " 8 53	" 32 37	Hattori	Hattori
" " 9 17	" 34 7	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 9 40	" 35 31	"	"
Mean	4° 34' 16"		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \delta &= 4^\circ 34.27 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 1.04 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.01 \\
 \hline
 \delta &= 4^\circ 35.3
 \end{aligned}$$

DIP (θ)
Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 27 th 16 ^h 16 ^m	1	46° 54.8	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 23 53	1	" 53.5	"	Sinzyō
" 28 th 8 32	1	" 55.1	Hattori	Hattori
Mean		46° 54.4		

$$\begin{aligned}
 \theta &= 46^\circ 54.4 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 &= 4.96 \\
 \text{" " sea level} &= -0.02 \\
 \hline
 \theta &= 46^\circ 59.3
 \end{aligned}$$

HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ⁿ .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_n	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 27 th 13 ^h 28 ^m	0.31336	416.07	39.6C	5.8264	41.5C	5 43' 20.70	13 1' 56.73	37.7C	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 14 41	0.31336	415.83	40.1	5.8264	41.5	5 42' 57.5	13 1' 8.8	38.8	"	"
" " 15 13	0.31323	415.64	41.0	5.8291	41.5	5 43' 5.0	13 1' 38.8	38.6	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 20 15	0.31307	420.71	25.7	5.7887	25.1	5 46' 50.0	13 10' 1.3	26.4	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 21 28	0.31319	420.74	24.8	5.7900	25.1	5 47' 12.5	13 11' 3.8	24.6	Hattori	Sinzyō
" 28 ^m 6 48	0.31310	420.99	24.6	5.7870	24.2	5 47' 10.0	13 10' 52.5	25.0	{ Sinzyō	{ Hattori
Mean	0.31322									

$$H = 0.31322$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = -4219$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 100$$

$$H = 0.31281$$

320. KARATU.

Site of Daisiyōin (唐津西ノ濱舊大聖院跡)

DECLINATION (δ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	δ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 29 th 17 ^h 6 ^m	4' 18' 41"	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 17 30	" 17 57	"	"
" " 18 56	" 17 56	"	"
" " 19 14	" 17 41	"	Sinzyō
" " 20 25	" 17 50	"	"
" " 21 46	" 17 41	"	"
" " 23 39	" 17 30	"	"
" 30 th 1 2	" 17 29	Hattori	Hattori
" " 3 12	" 15 11	Sinzyō	Sinzyō
" " 3 38	" 14 54	"	"
" " 4 30	" 14 31	"	Hattori
" " 6 36	" 13 50	Hattori	"
" " 7 42	" 12 7	Sinzyō	"
" " 8 39	" 13 9	Hattori	"
" " 9 2	" 16 16	"	"
" " 10 8	" 17 30	Sinzyō	"
" " 10 37	" 18 14	"	"
" " 11 37	" 20 20	"	"
" " 12 34	" 22 12	"	Sinzyō
" " 13 19	" 21 34	"	Hattori
" " 13 30	" 21 32	"	"
" " 15 2	" 18 57	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 15 41	" 18 5	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 16 39	" 17 49	"	"
" " 17 9	" 17 50	"	"
" " 17 31	" 17 30	"	"
" " 17 59	" 17 29	"	"
Mean	4' 17' 22"		

$$\delta = 4' 17.37$$

$$\text{Reduction to } 1895.0 = 1.46$$

$$\text{" " sea level} = 0.00$$

$$\delta = 4' 18.8$$

DIP (θ)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	Needle No.	θ	Observer	Recorder
Aug. 30 th 4 ^h 13 ^m	1	47° 46.2	Sinzyō	Hattori
" " 11 18	1	" 47.7	Hattori	Sinzyō
" " 13 6	1	" 49.5	Sinzyō	"
Mean		47° 47.8		

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \theta = 47^{\circ} 47.8 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = 6.35 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 \theta & = 47^{\circ} 54.2
 \end{aligned}$$

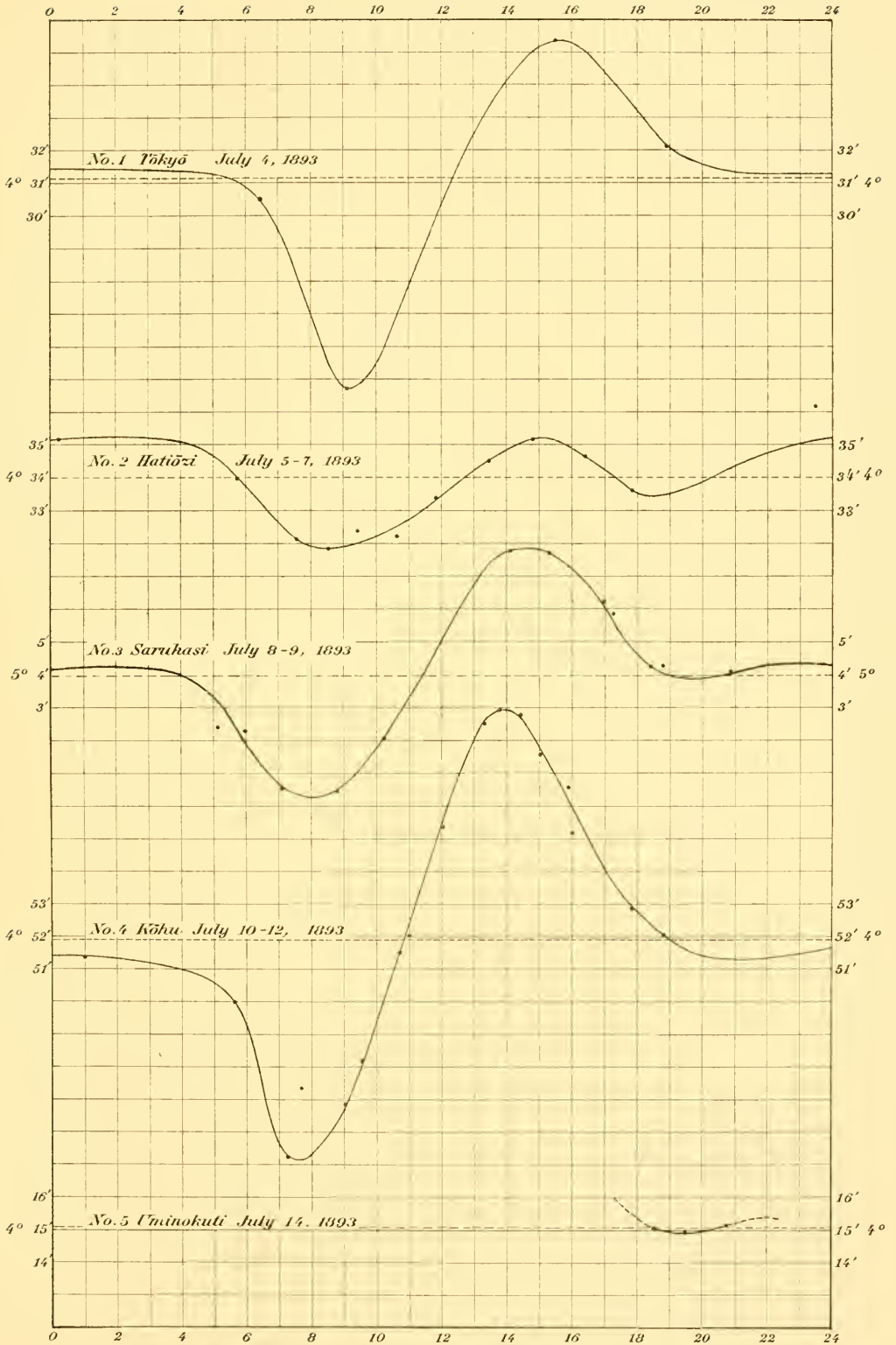
HORIZONTAL INTENSITY. (H)

Observations of the South West Party, 1896.

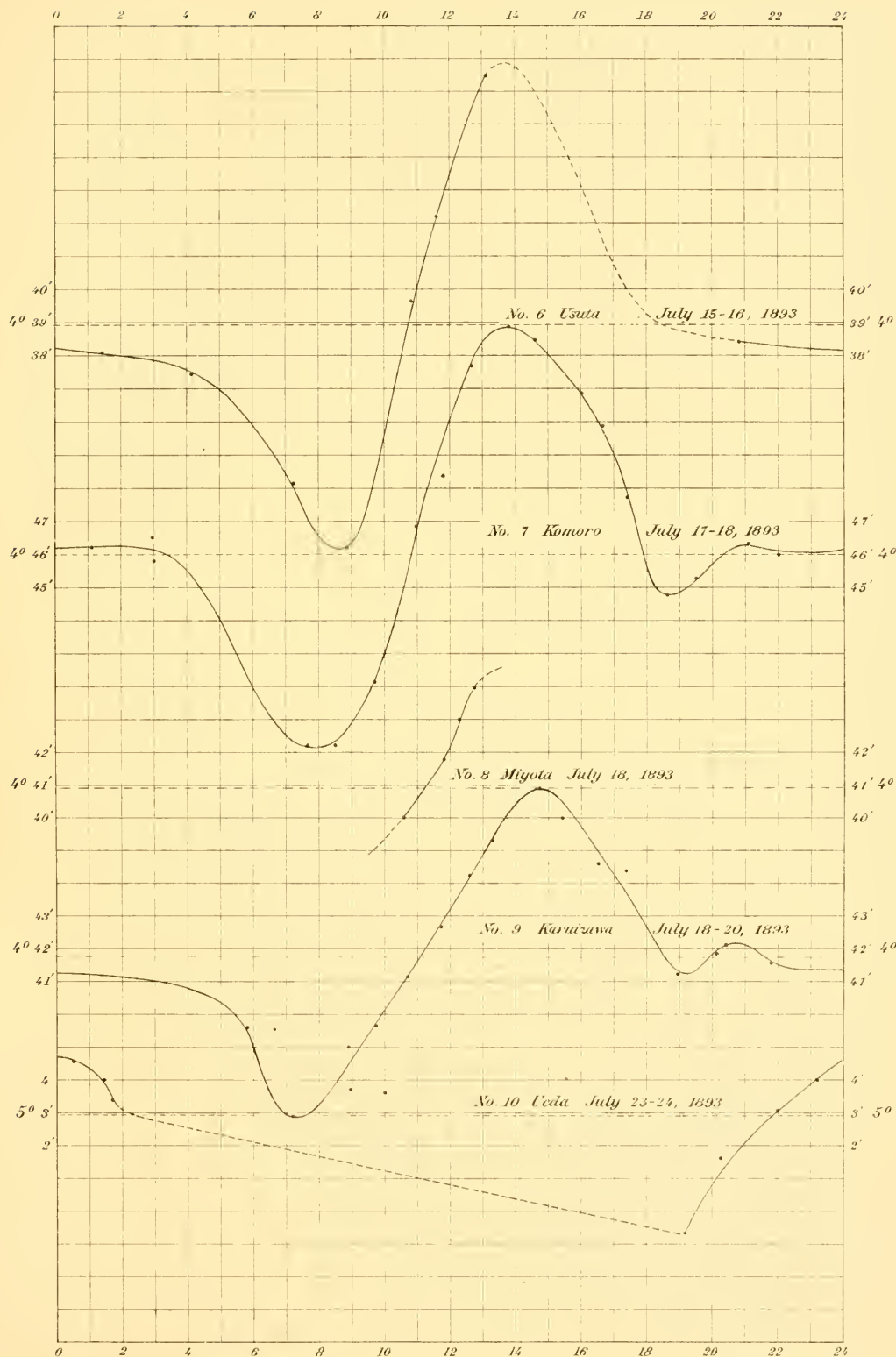
Date and Hour (Mean Local Time.)	H	M	Mean Temp.	Time of 1-Vib ^s .	Temp. t_v	Mean Deflections		Temp. t_p	Observer	Recorder
						ψ_1	ψ_2			
Aug. 29 th 20 ^h 3 ^m	0.31299	420.49	26.3C	5.7941	26.8C	5°47' 8.7	13°10'46.3	25.9C	Hattori Sinzyō	Sinzyō Hattori
" 30 th 7 28	0.31363	421.43	27.2	5.7785	26.6	5 46 45.0	13 9 48.8	27.8	Hattori Sinzyō	Sinzyō Hattori
" " 14 31	0.31346	419.54	28.8	5.7976	29.6	5 46 16.3	13 9 20.0	27.9	" Hattori	" Sinzyō
Mean	0.31336									

$$\begin{aligned}
 & H = 0.31336 \\
 \text{Reduction to } 1895.0 & = -4625 \\
 \text{" " sea level} & = 0.00 \\
 \hline
 H & = 0.31290
 \end{aligned}$$

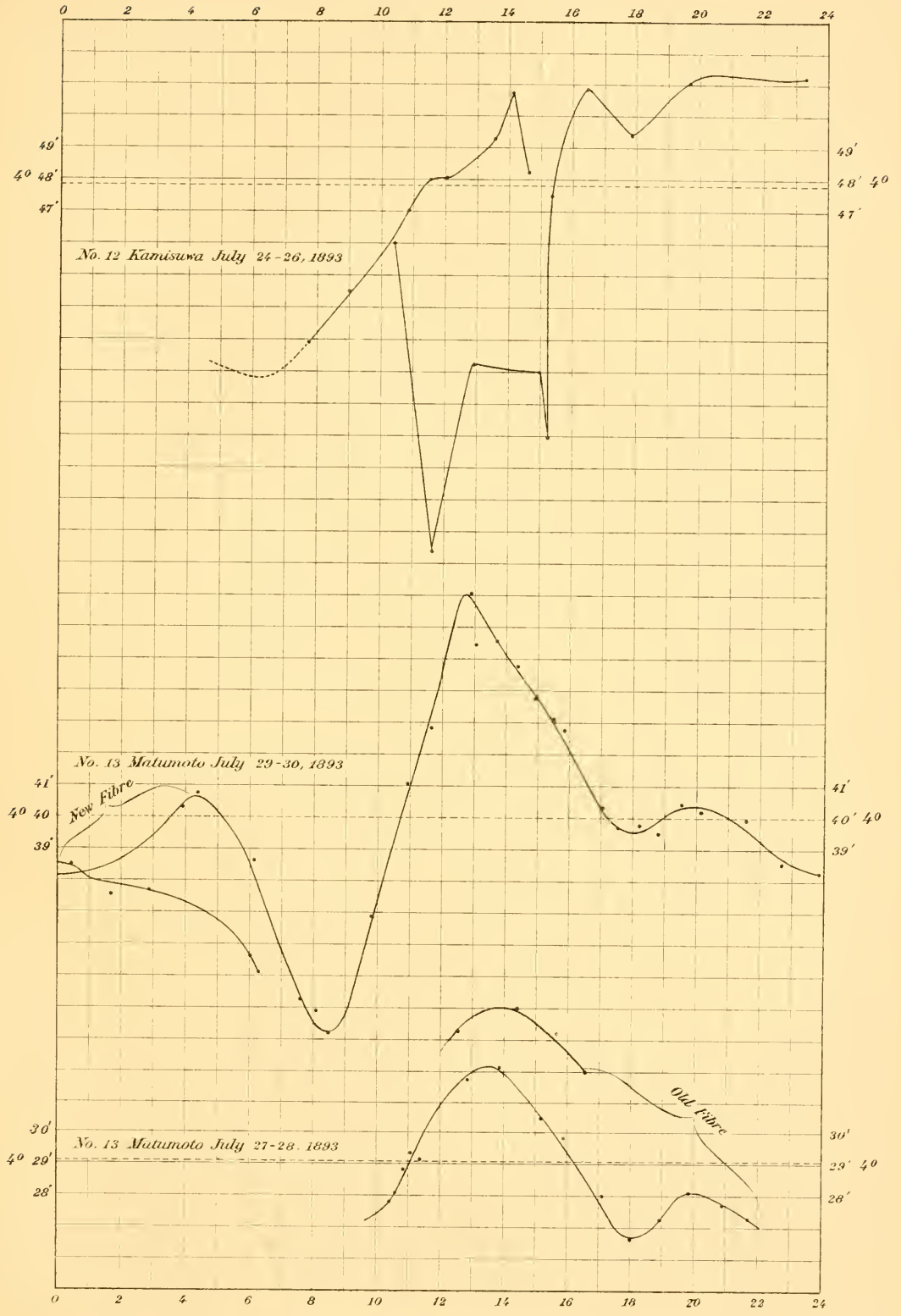
Observations of 1893 (East Party)



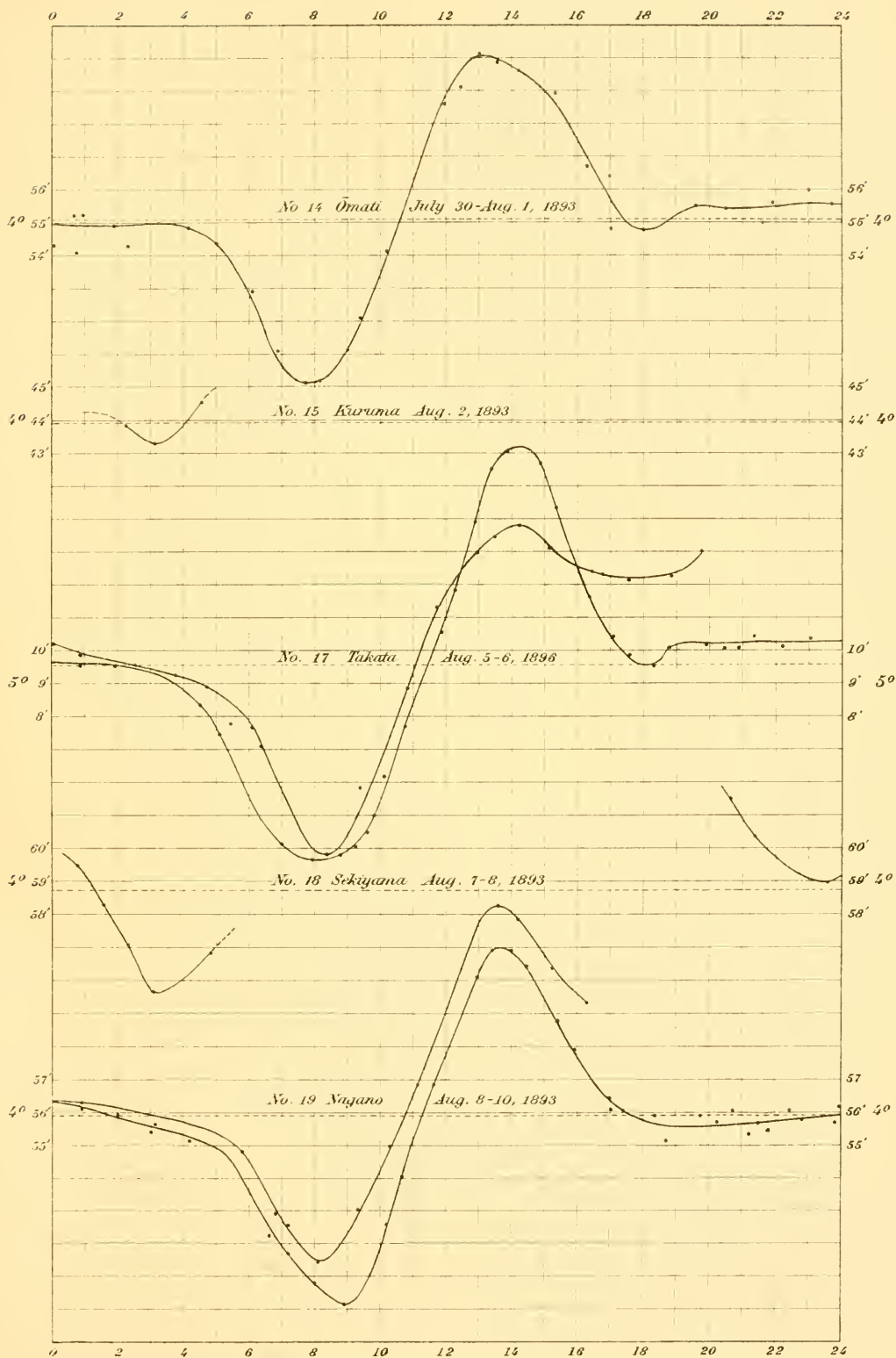
Observations of 1893 (East Party)



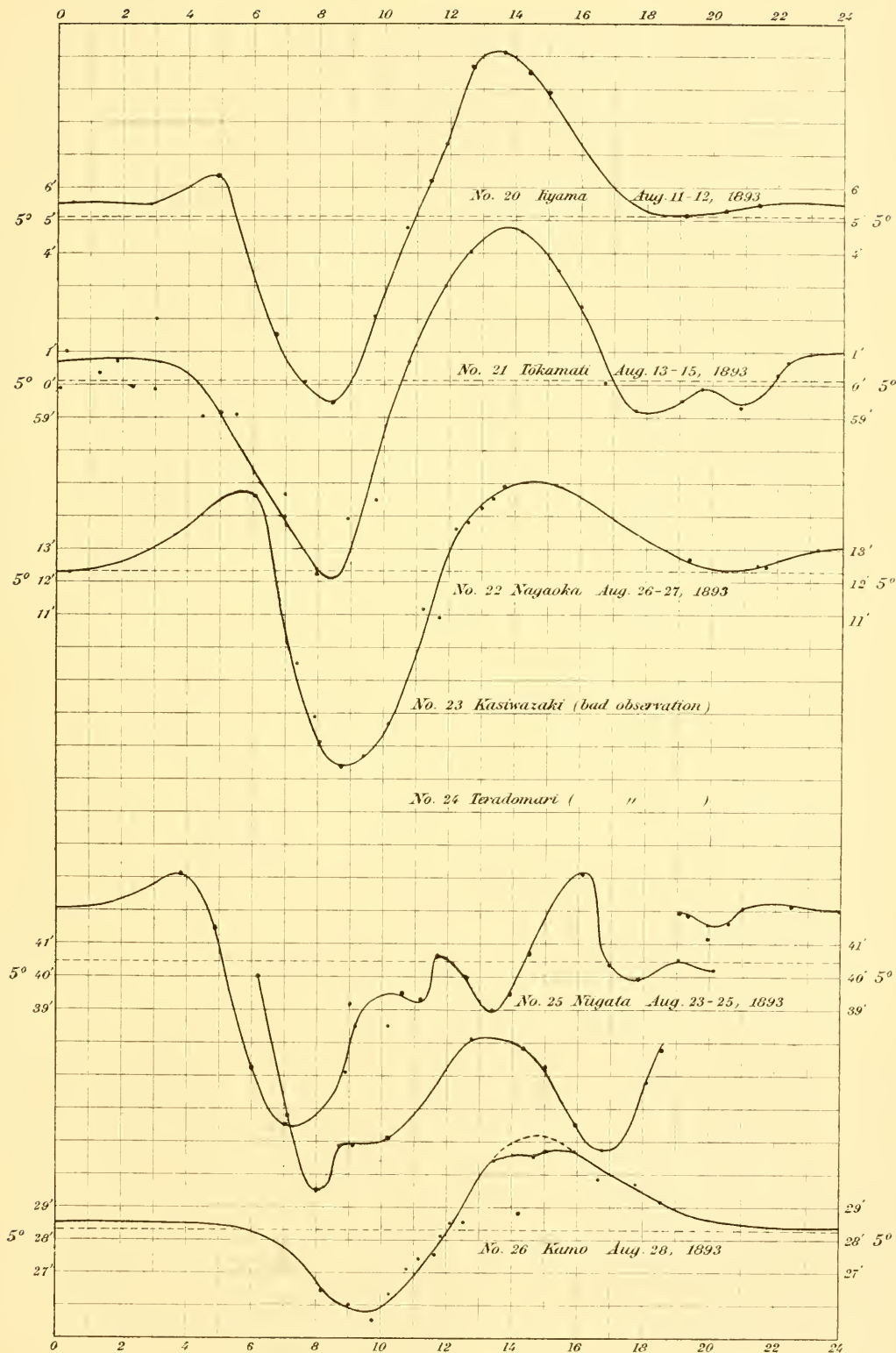
Observations of 1893 (East Party)



Observations of 1893 (East Party)



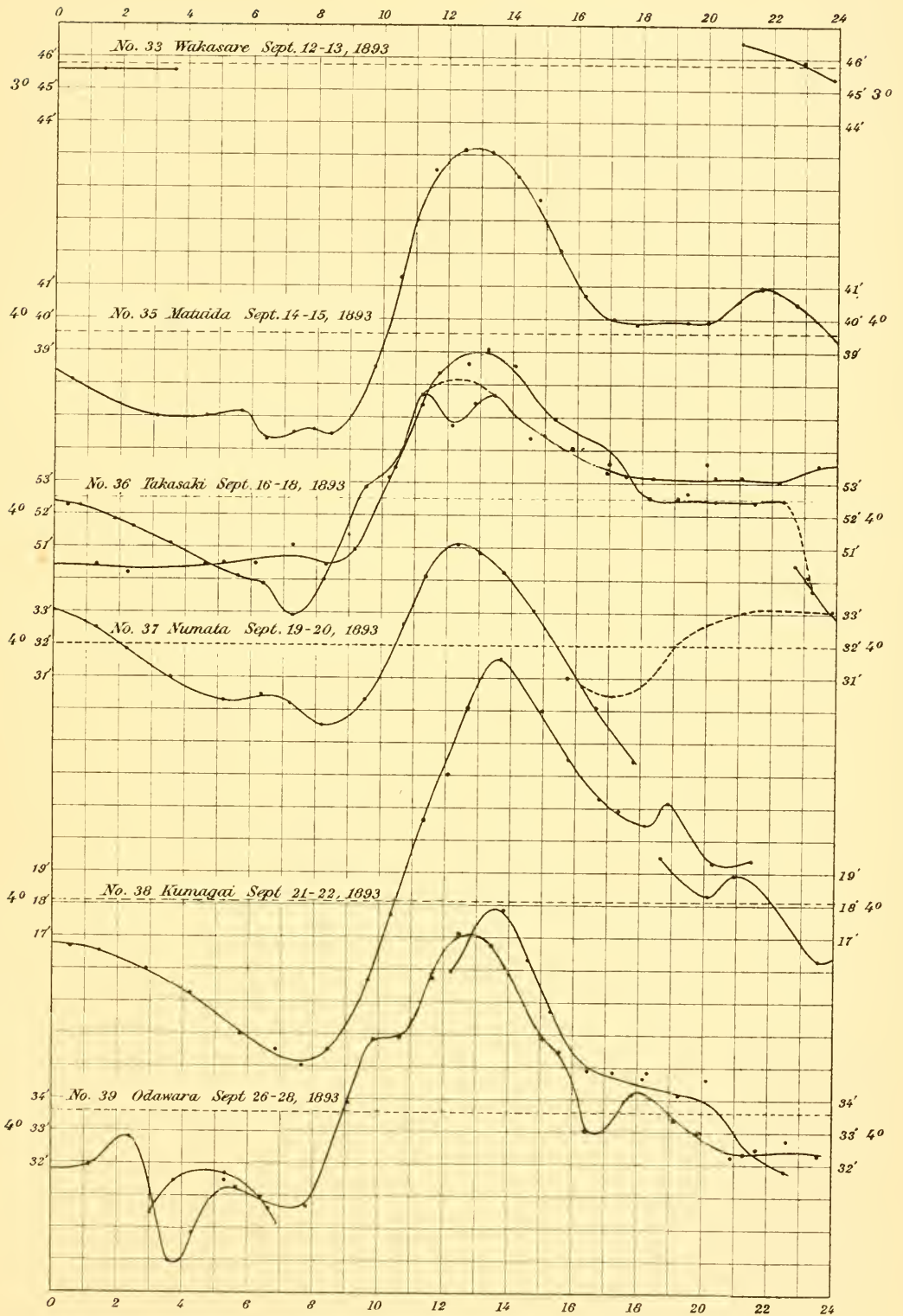
Observations of 1893 (East Party)



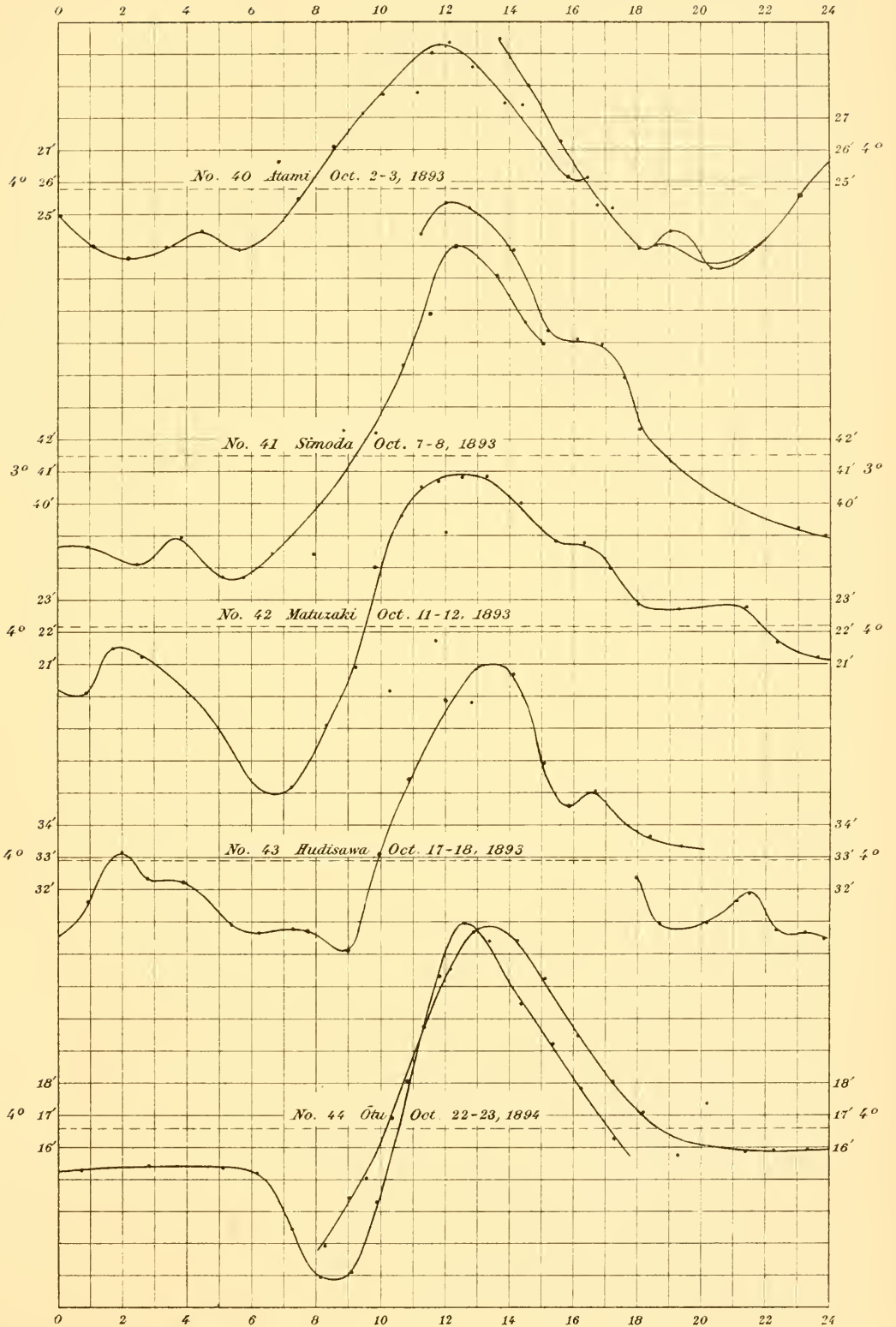
Observations of 1893 (East Party)



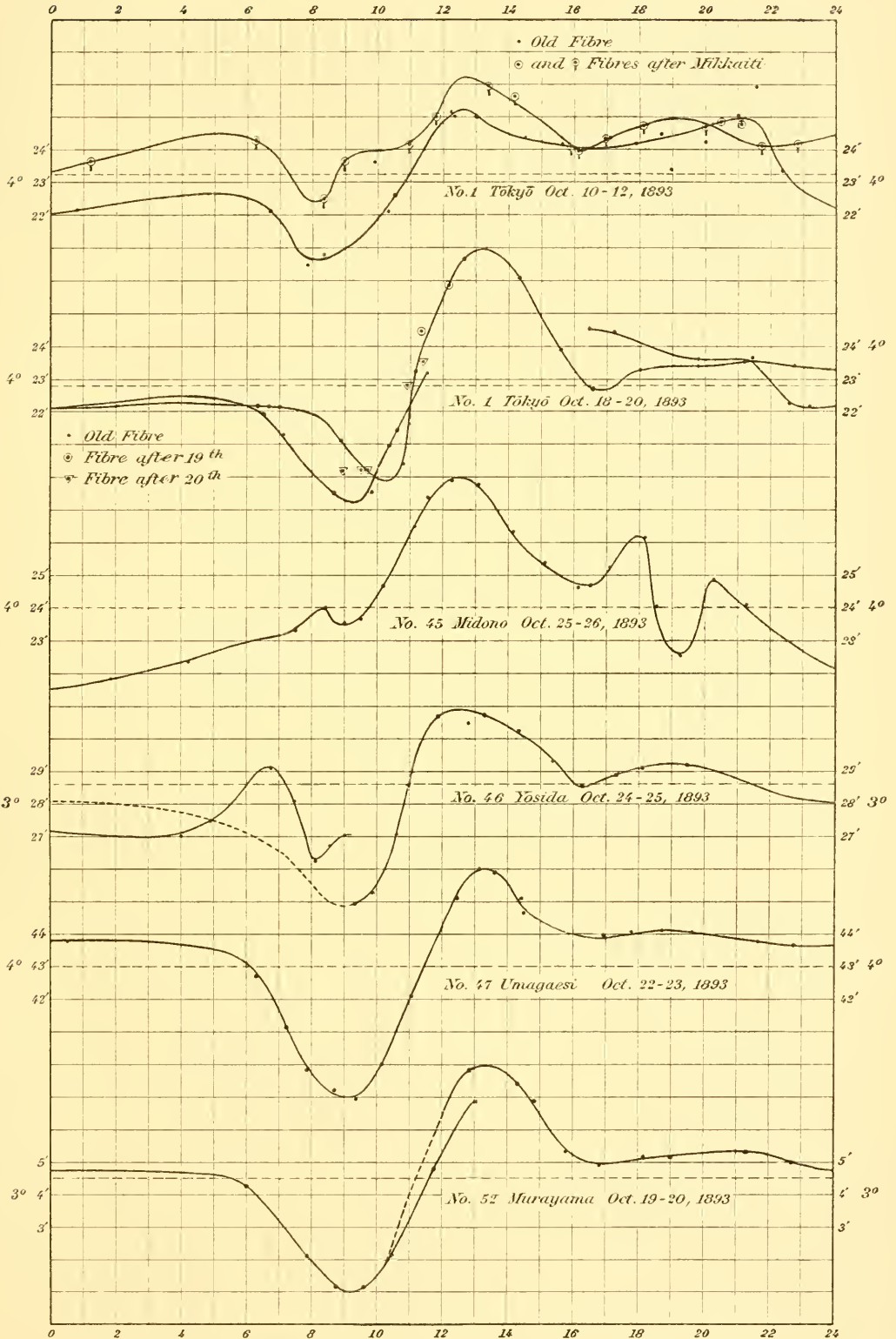
Observations of 1893 (East Party)



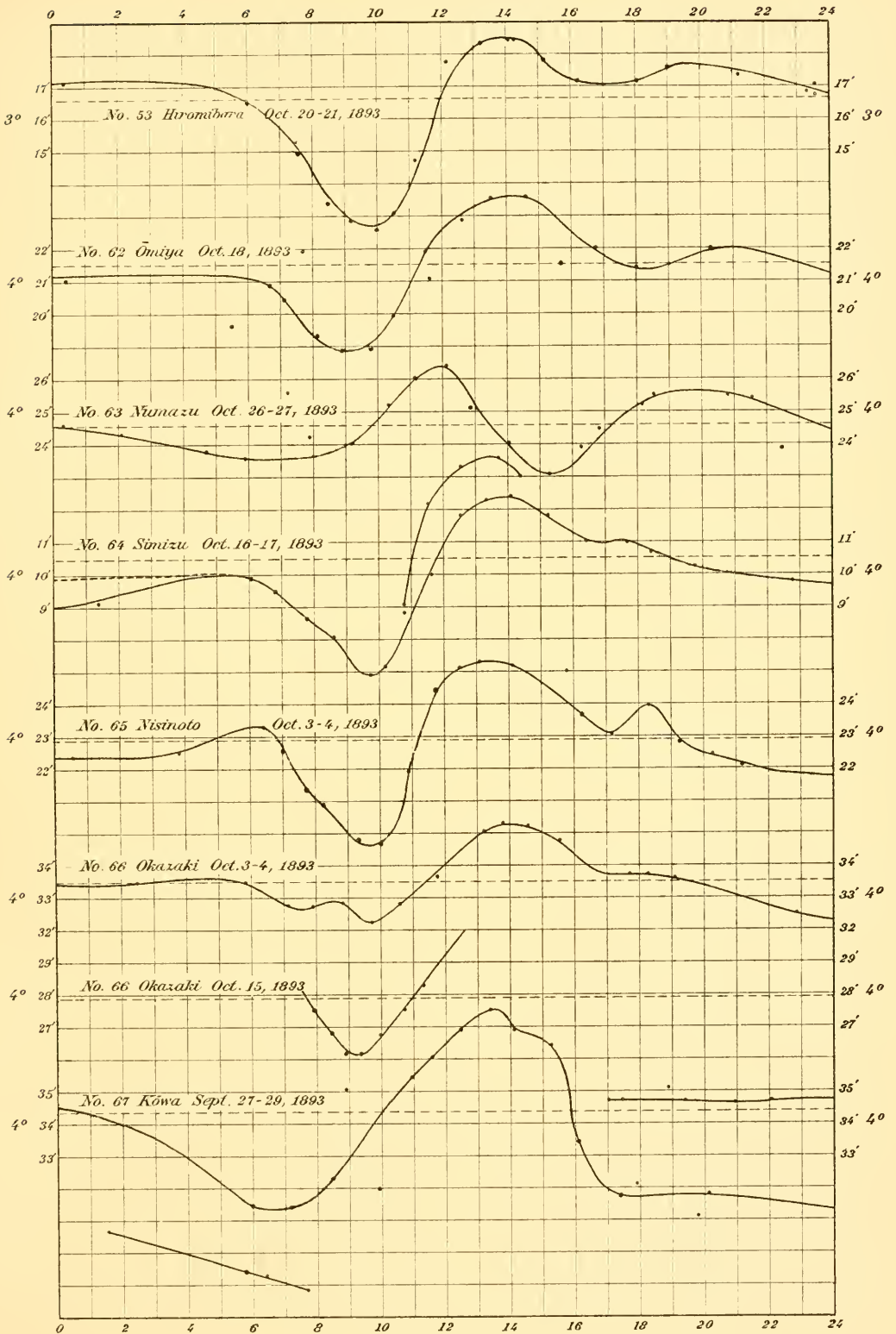
Observations of 1893 (East Party)



Observations of 1893 (West Party)



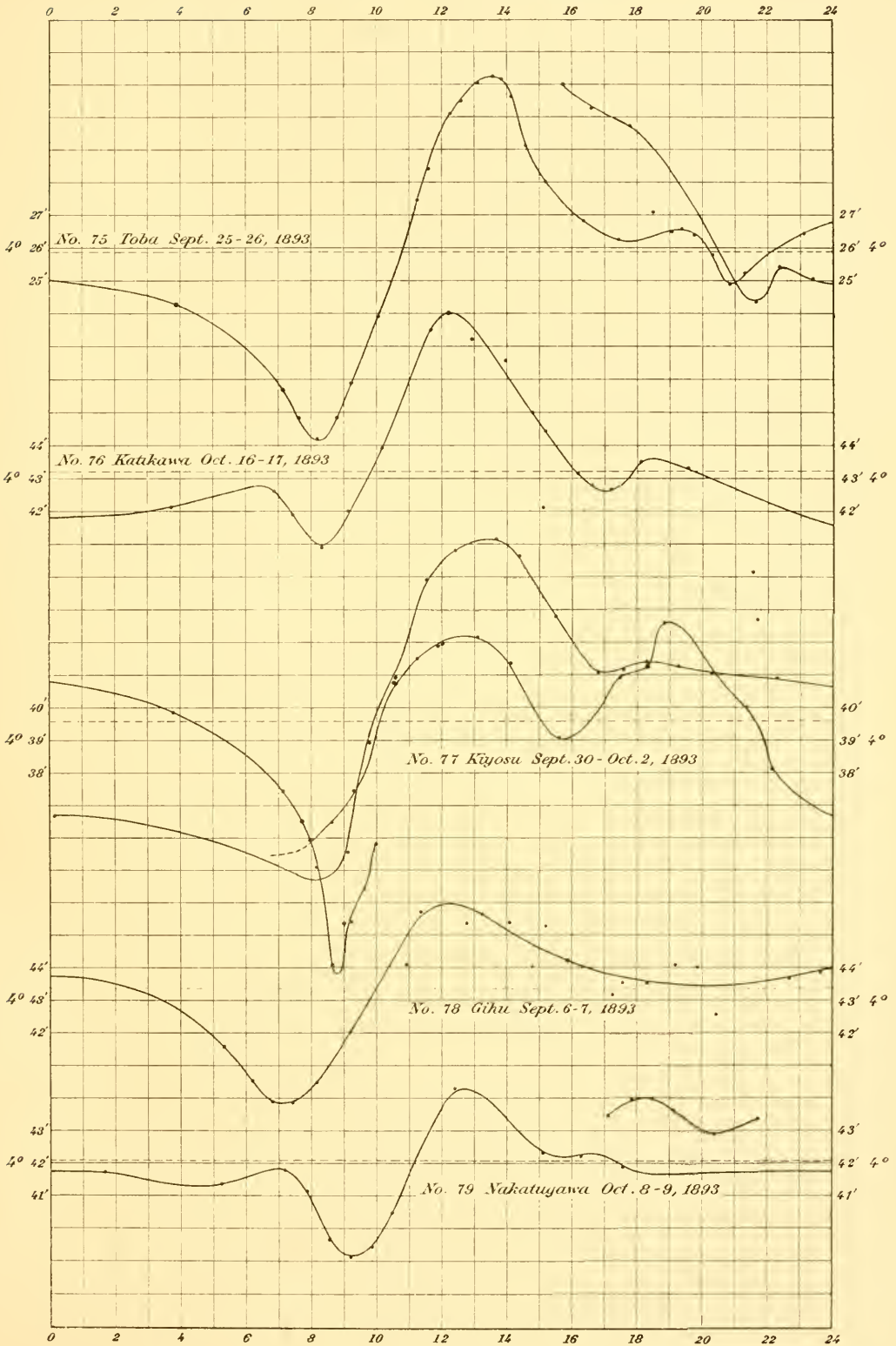
Observations of 1893 (West Party)



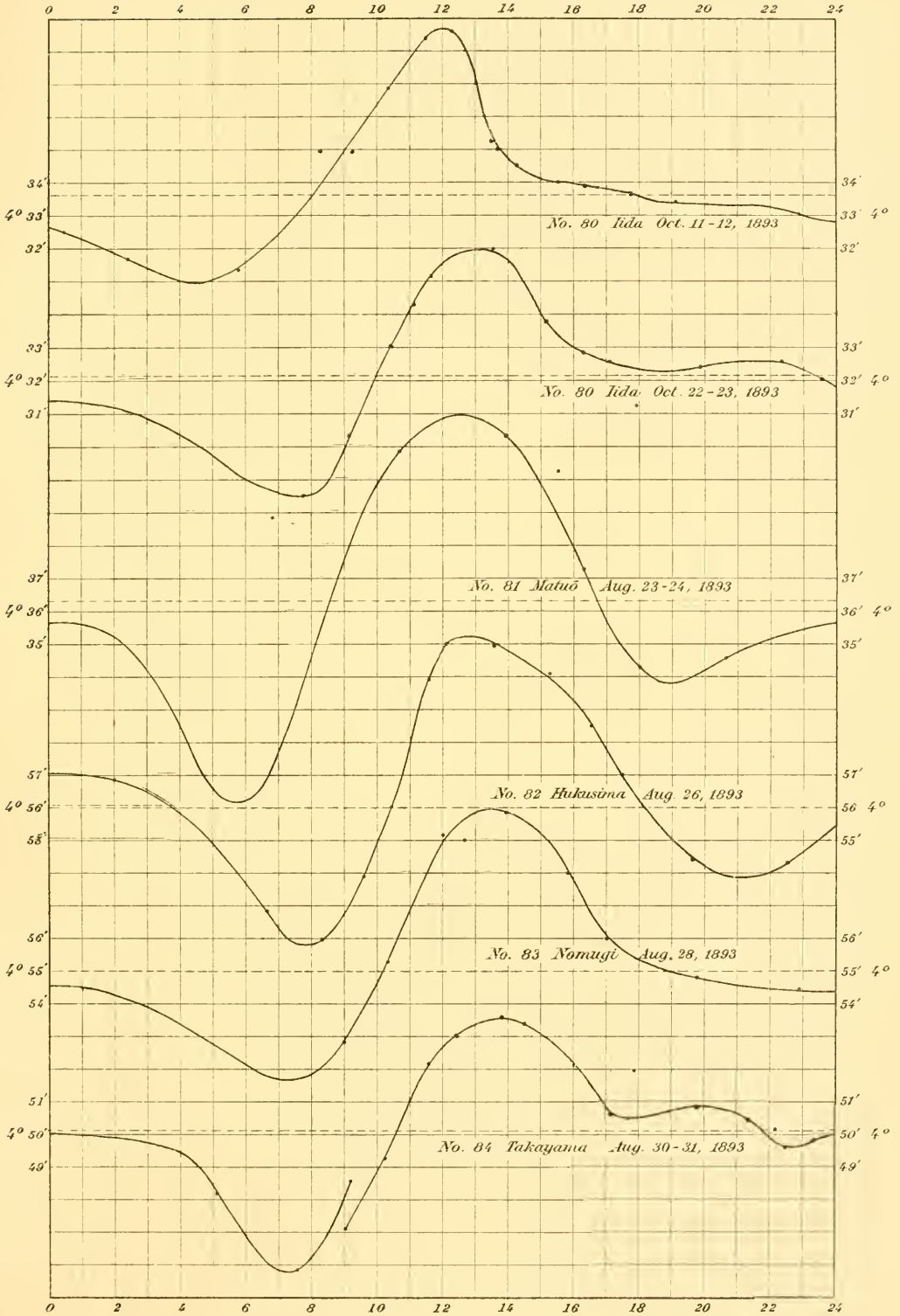
Observations of 1893 (West Party)



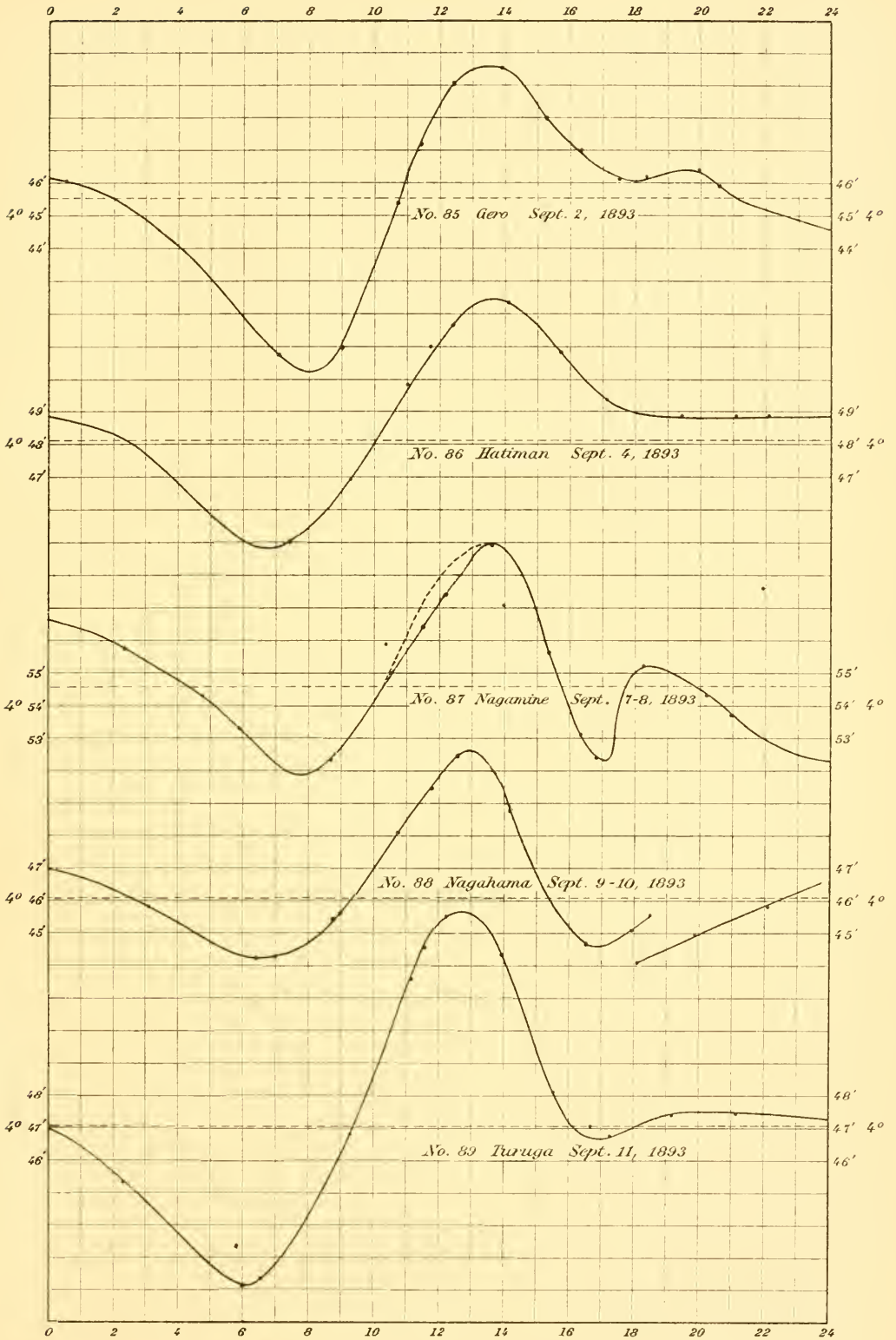
Observations of 1893 (West Party)



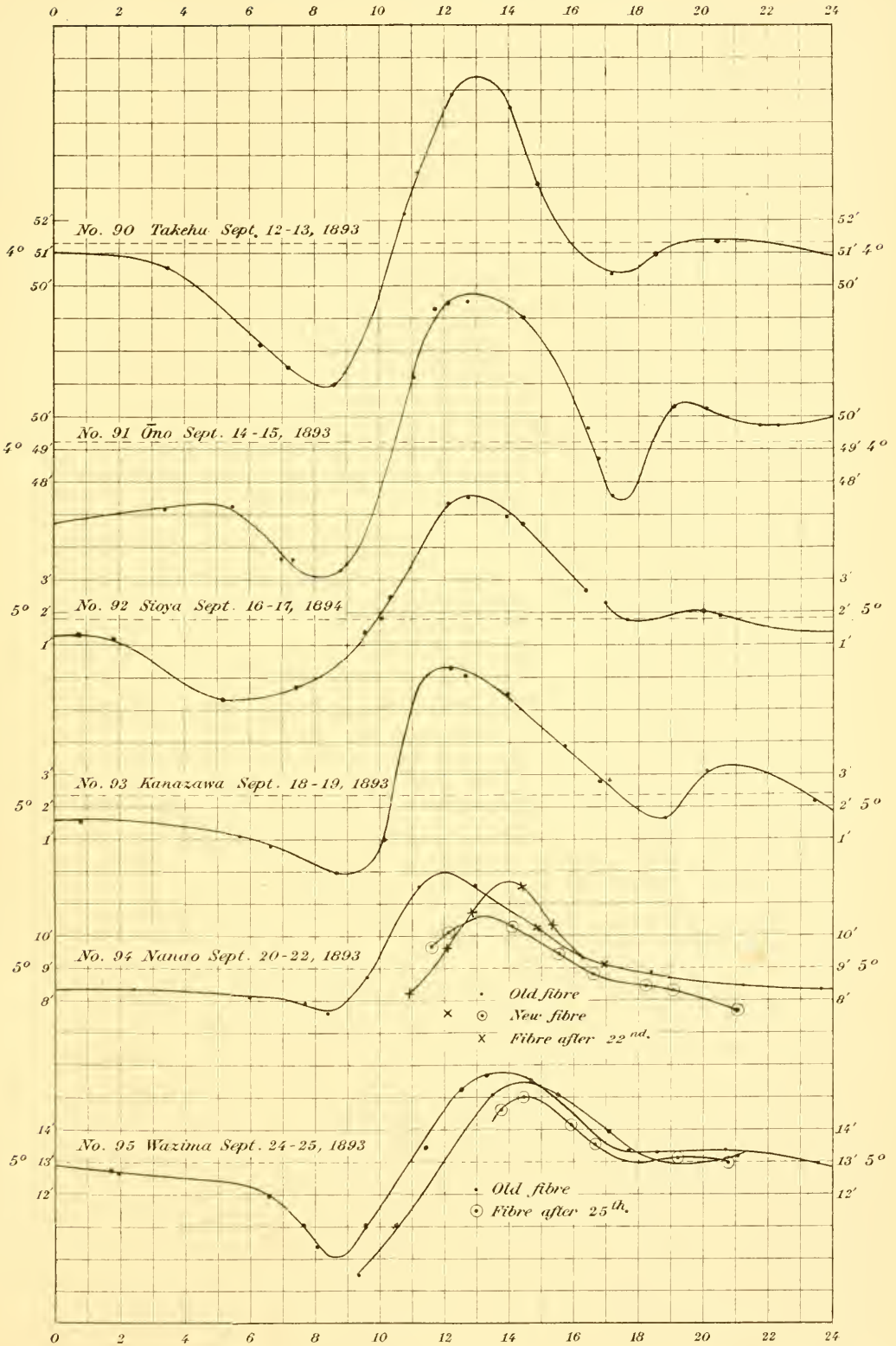
Observations of 1893 (West Party)



Observations of 1893 (West Party)



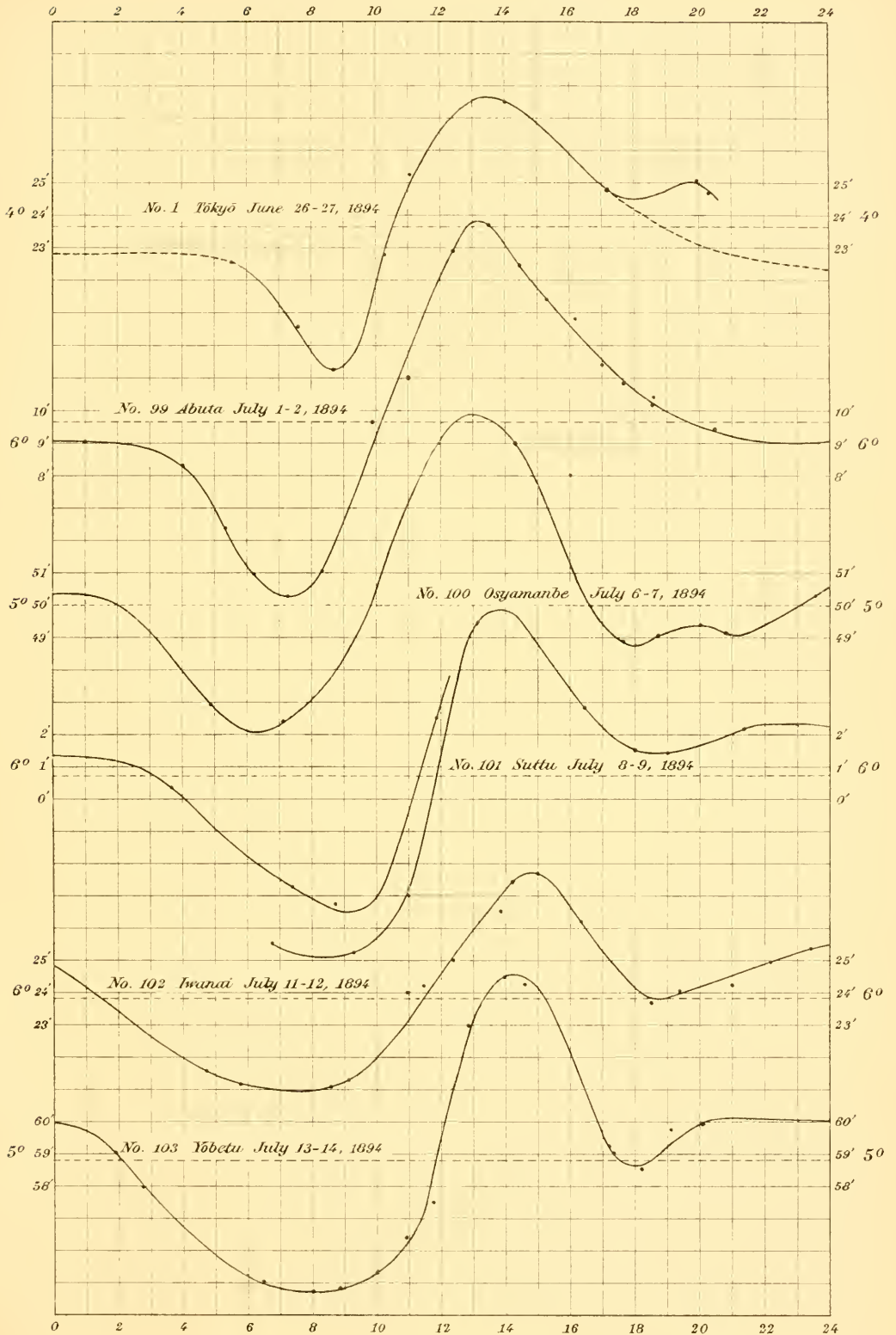
Observations of 1893 (West Party)



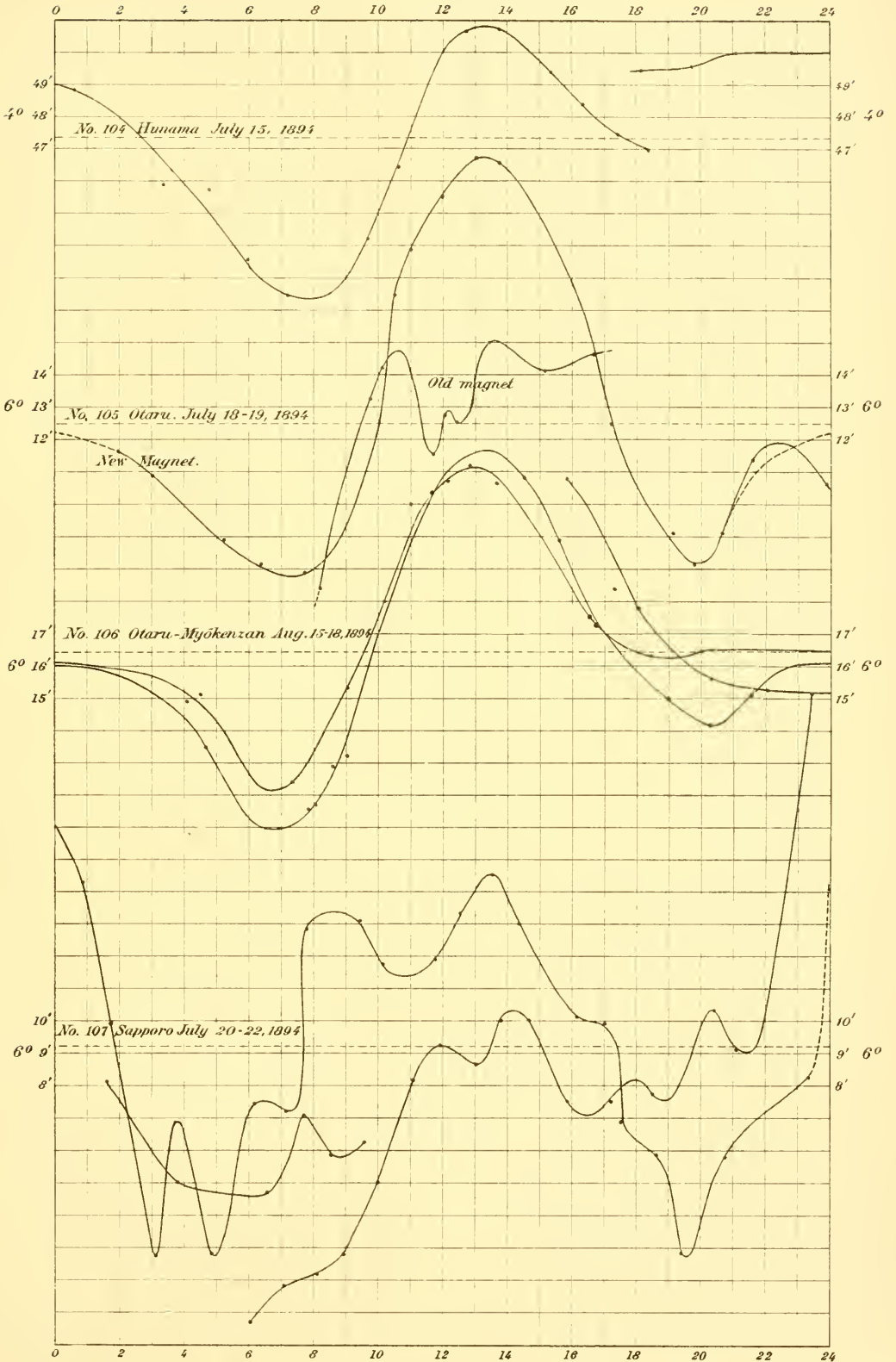
Observations of 1893 (West Party)



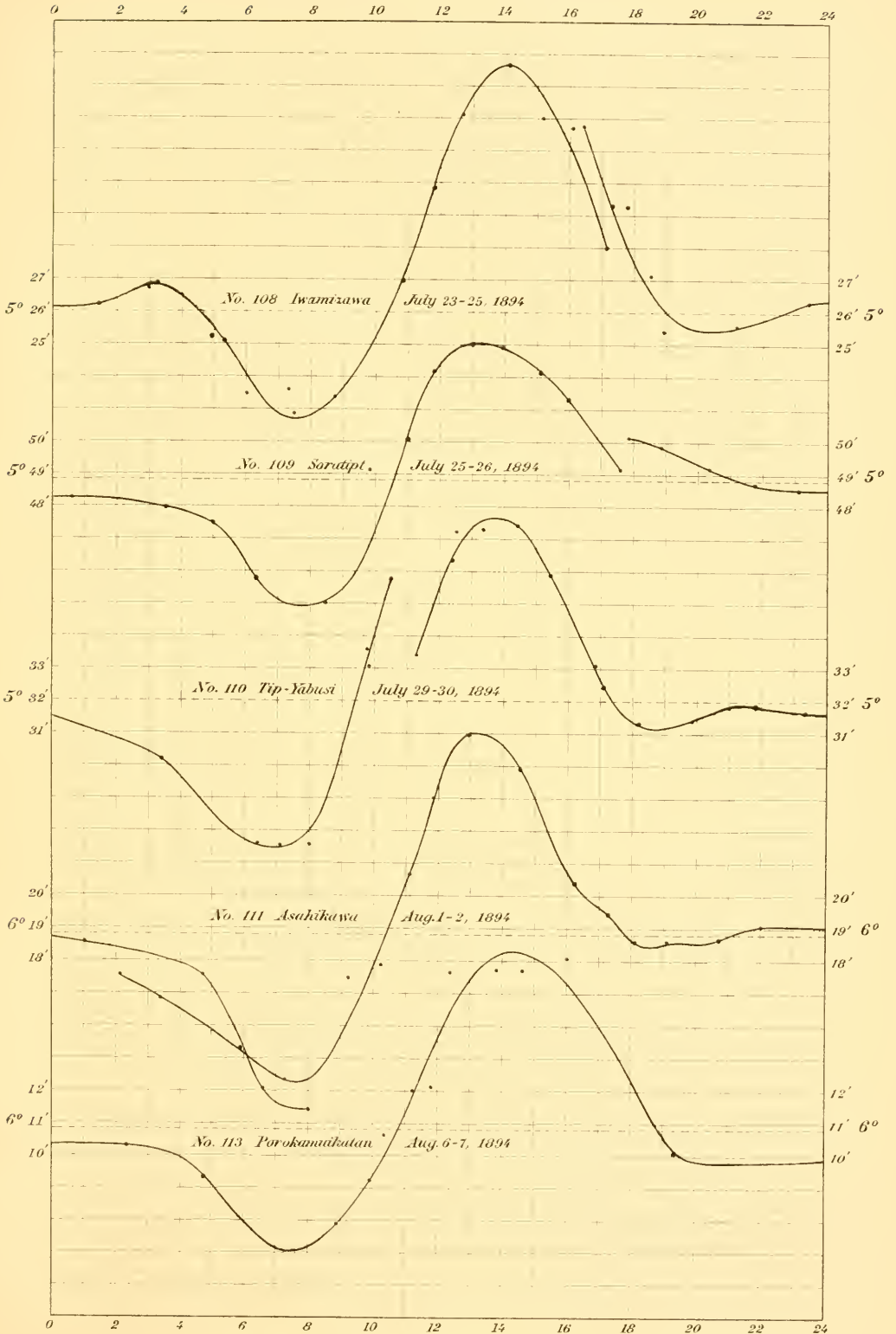
Observations of 1894 (North Party)



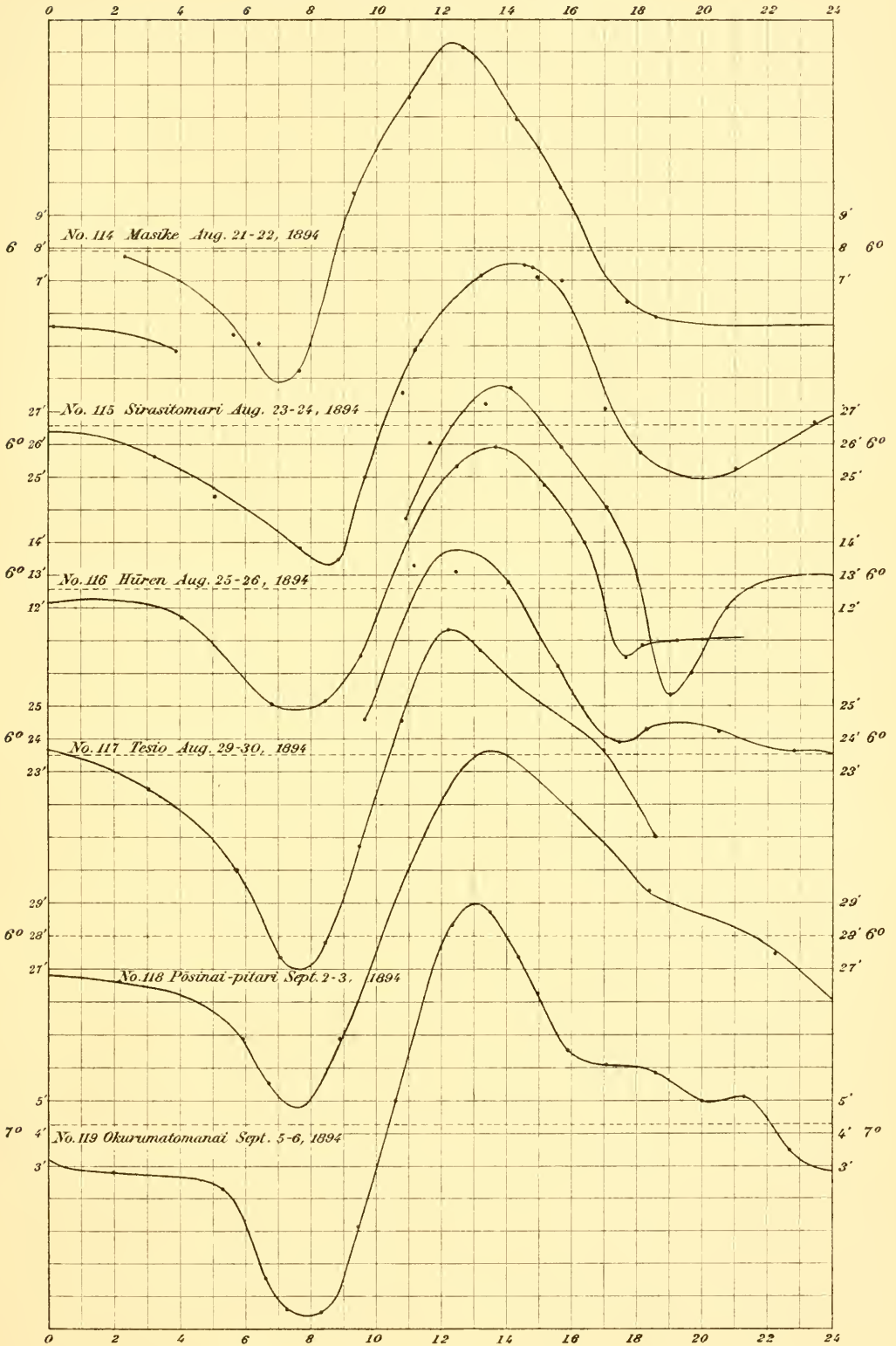
Observations of 1894 (North Party)



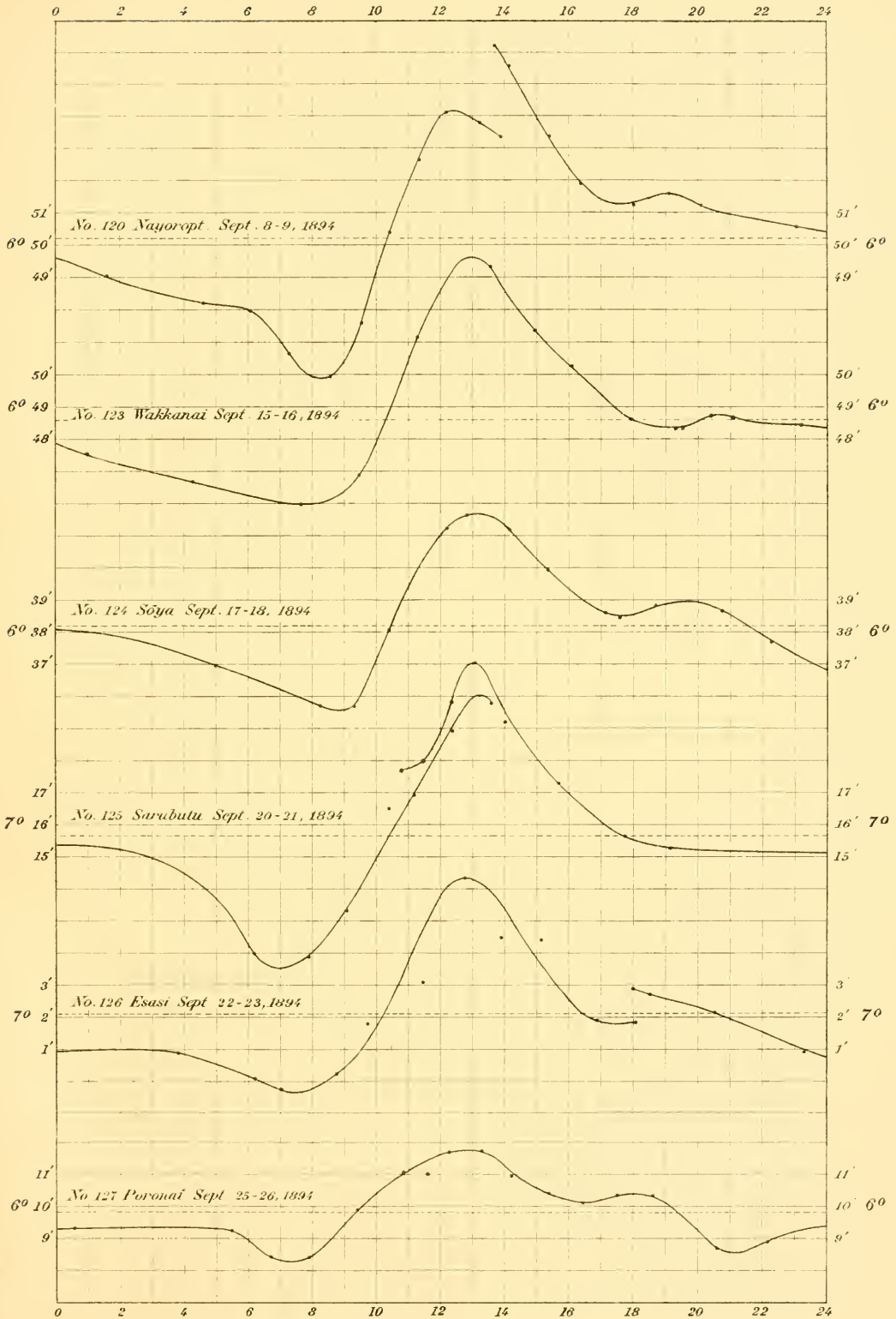
Observations of 1894 (North Party)



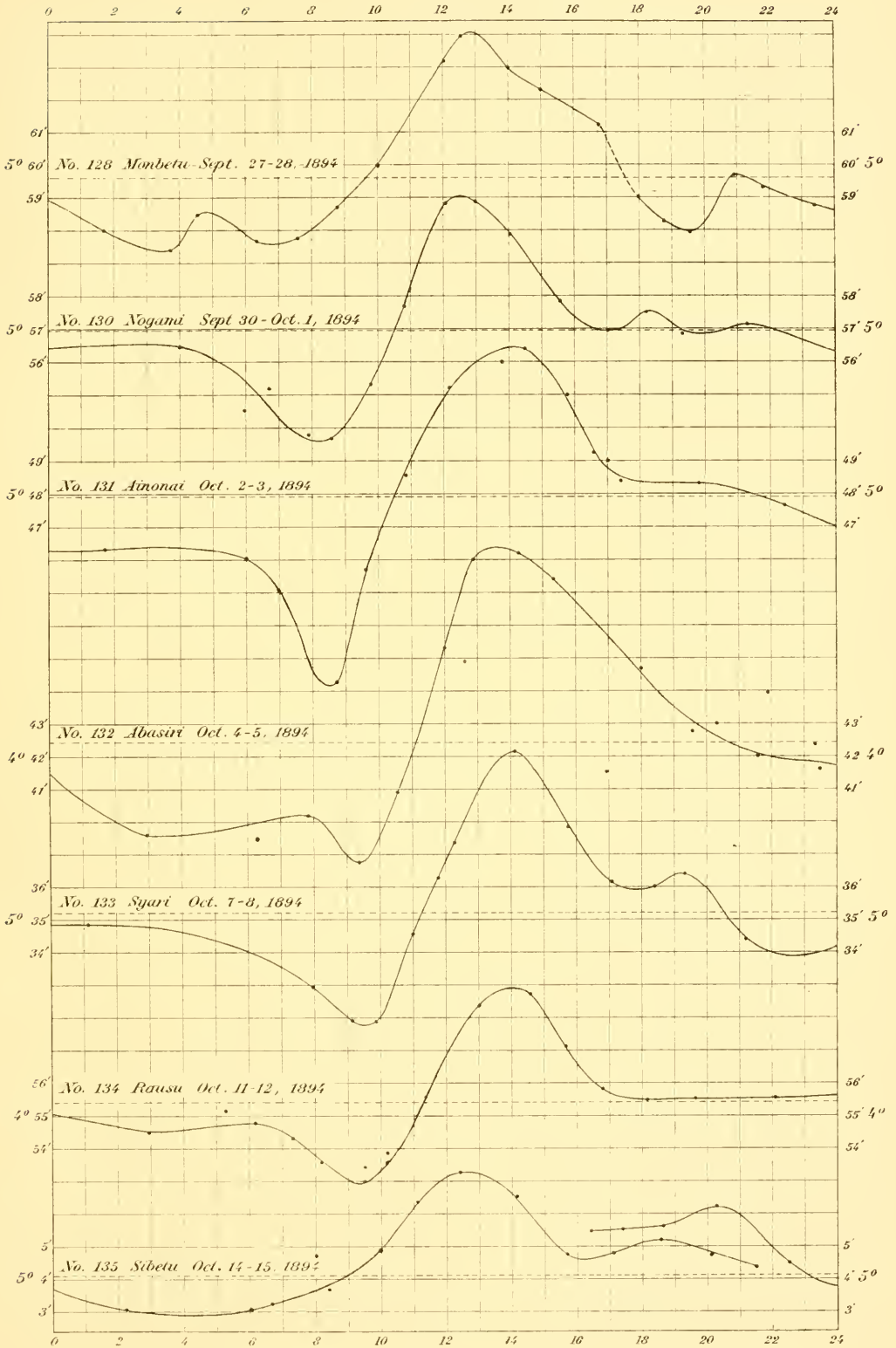
Observations of 1894 (North Party)



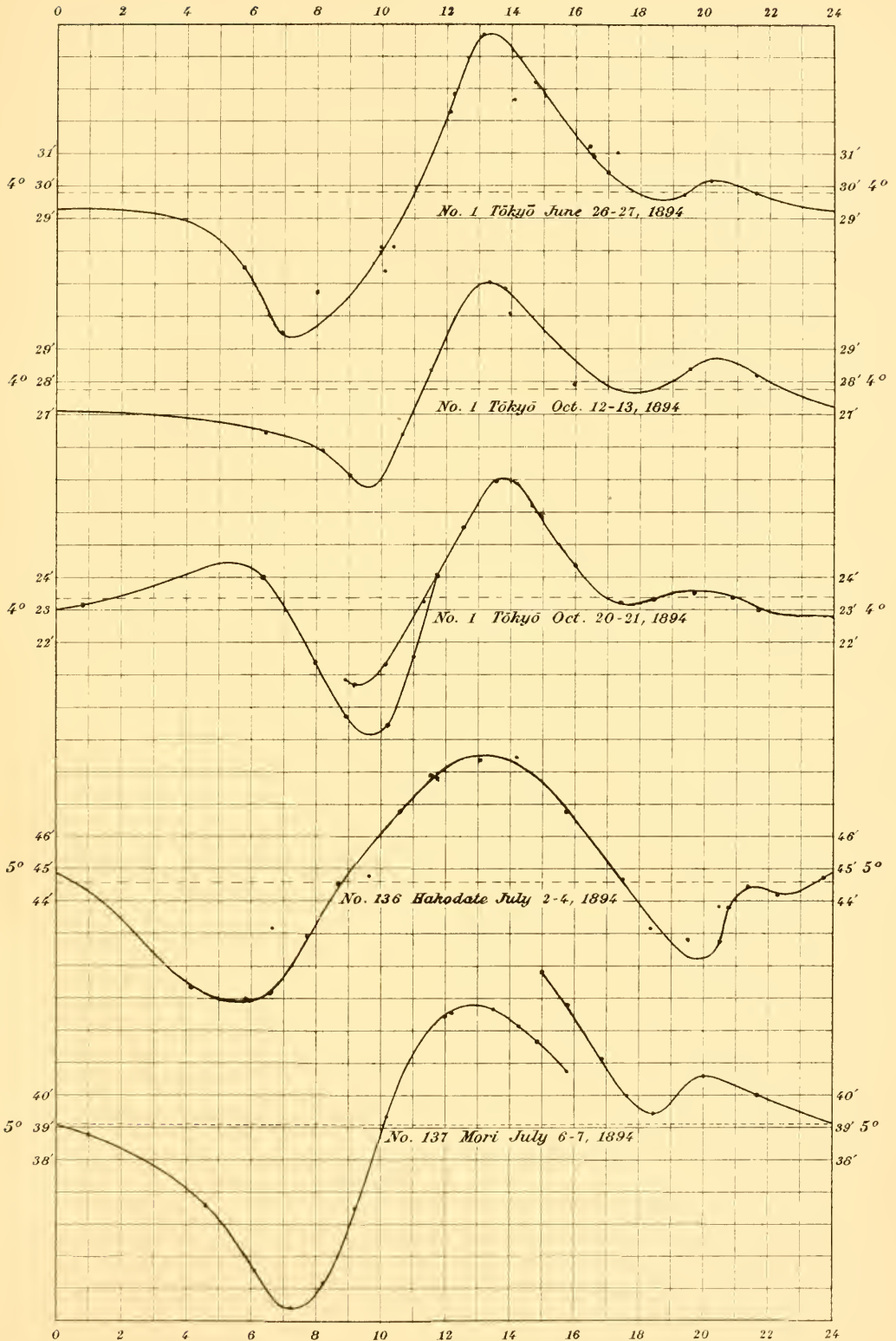
Observations of 1894 (North Party)



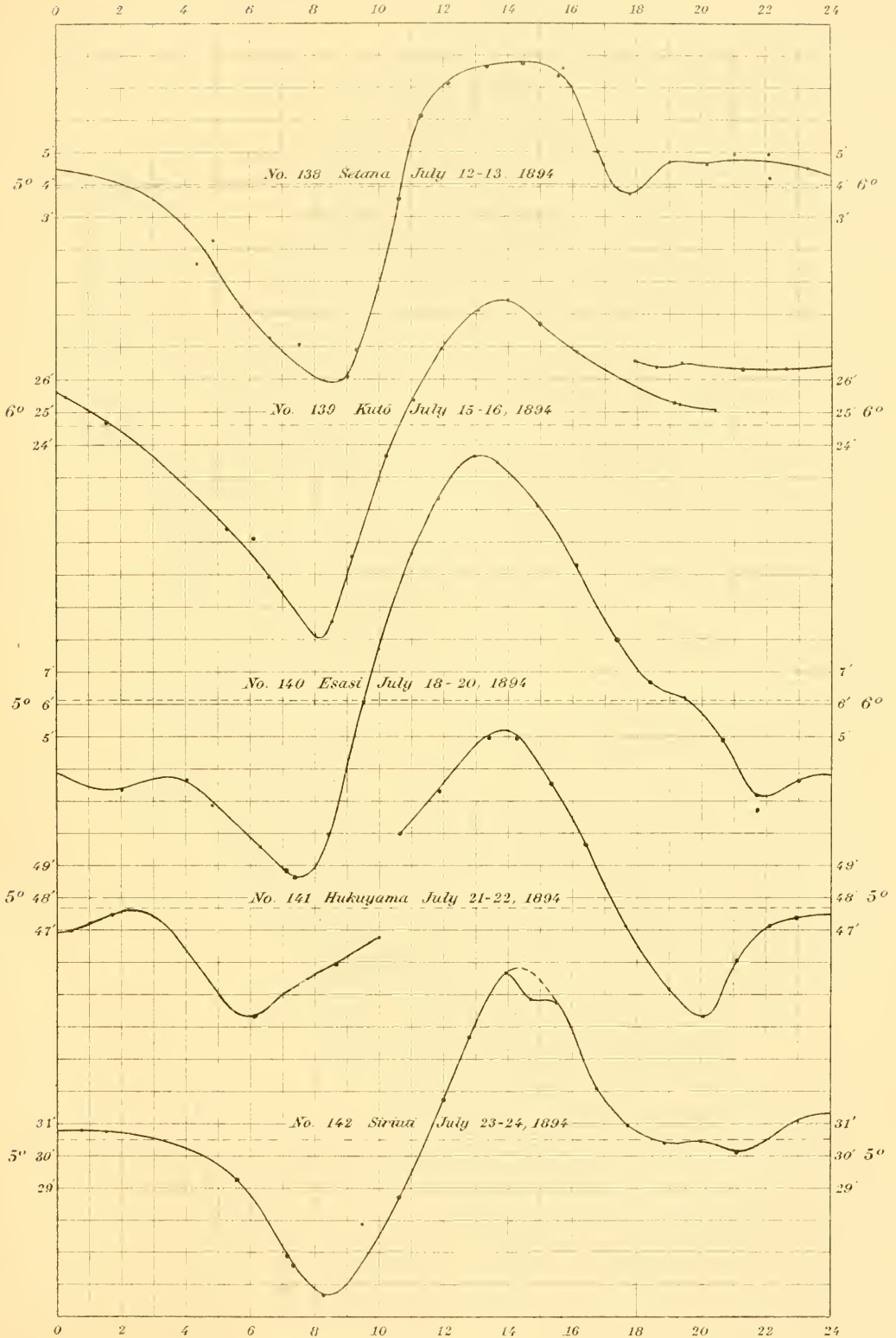
Observations of 1894 (North Party)



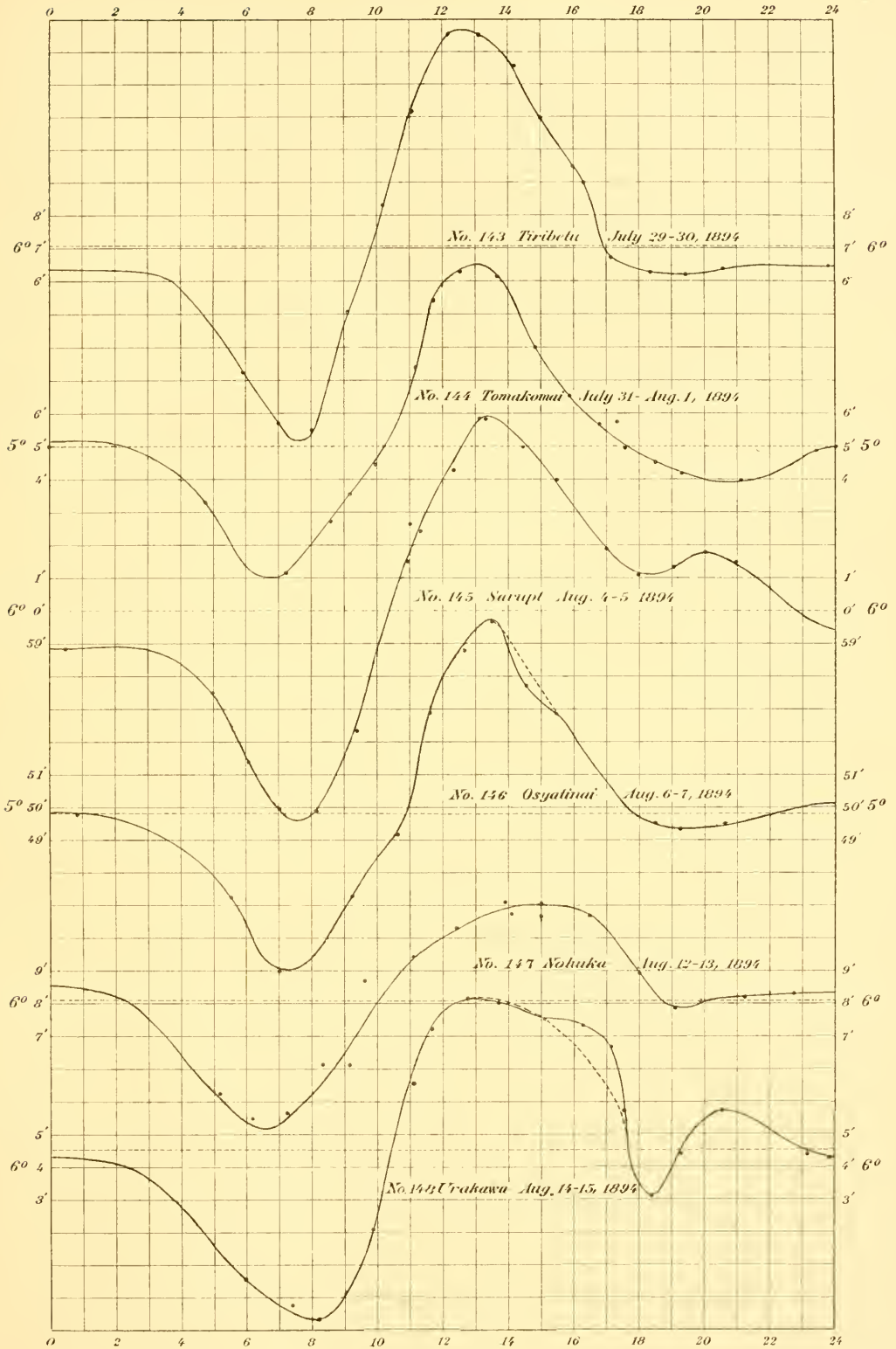
Observations of 1894 (South Party)



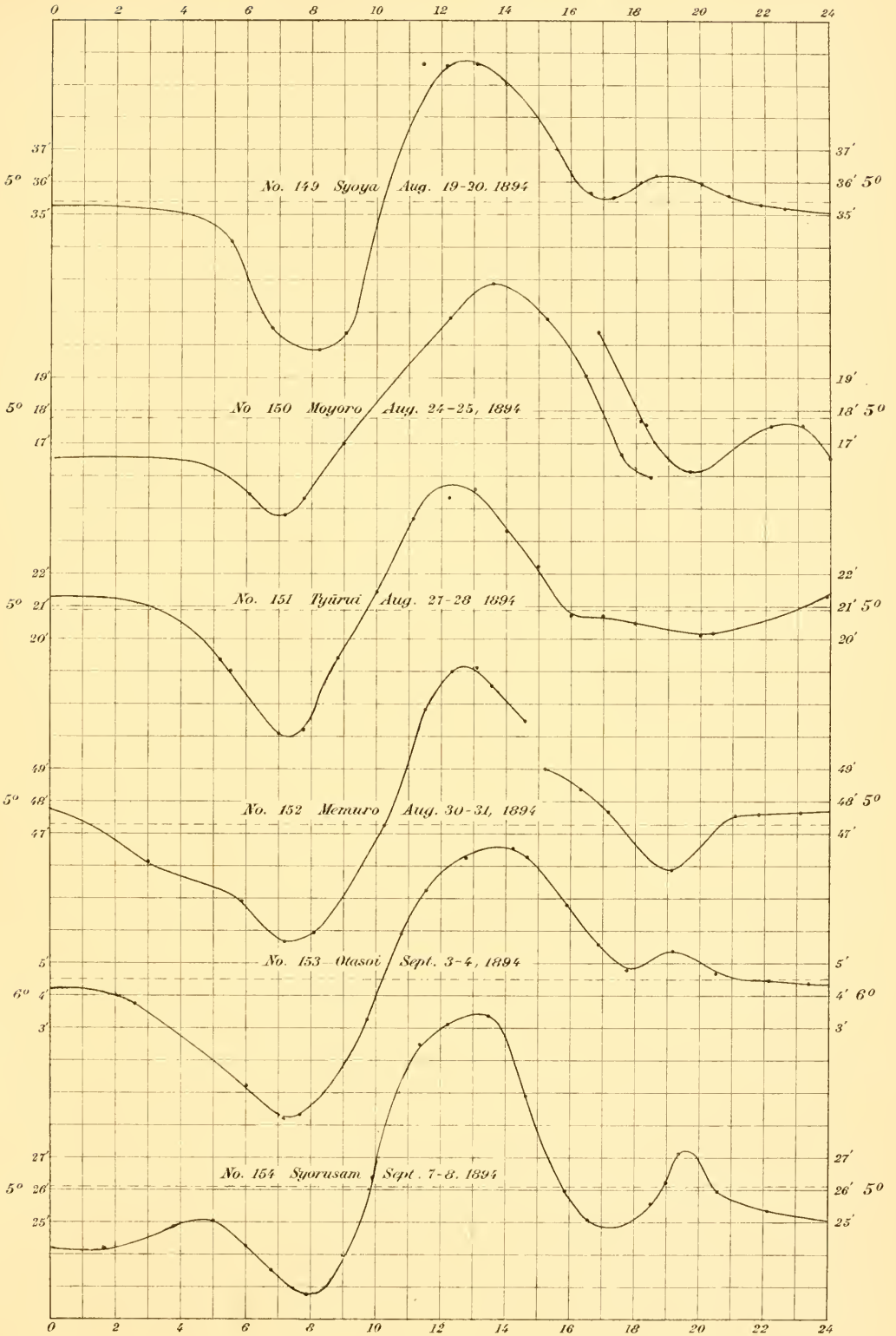
Observations of 1894 (South Party)



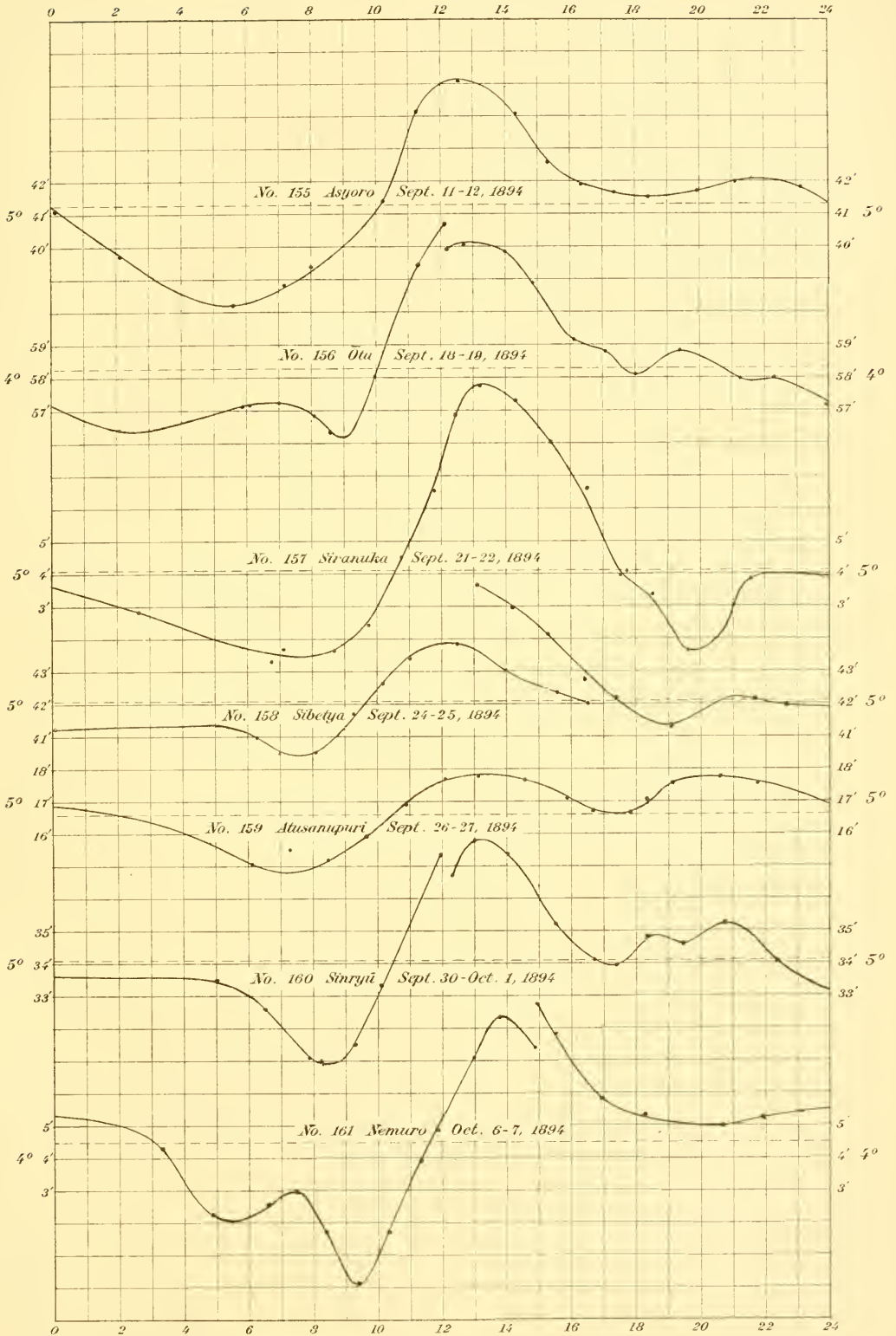
Observations of 1894 (South Party)



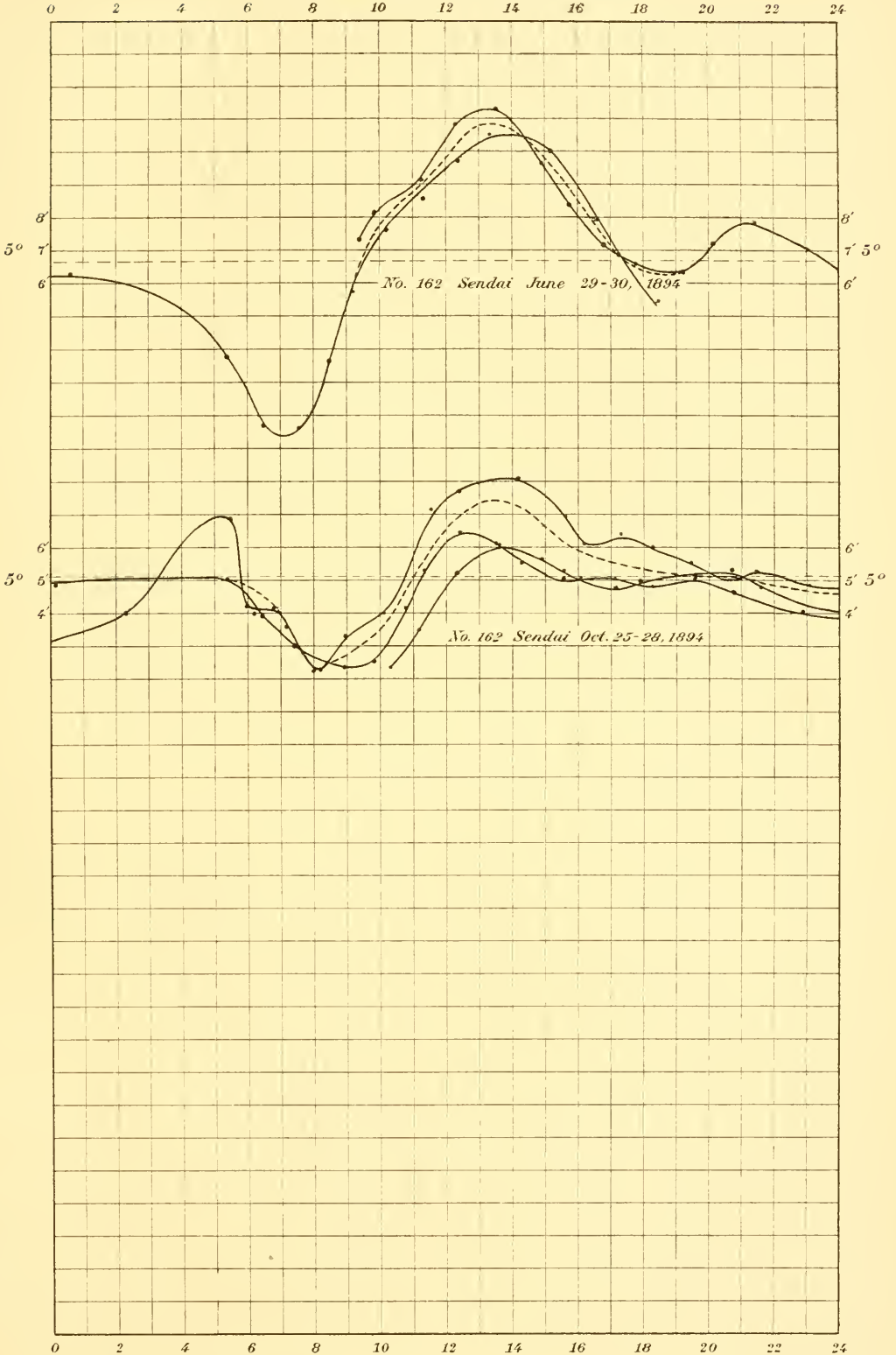
Obse Observations of 1894 (South Party)



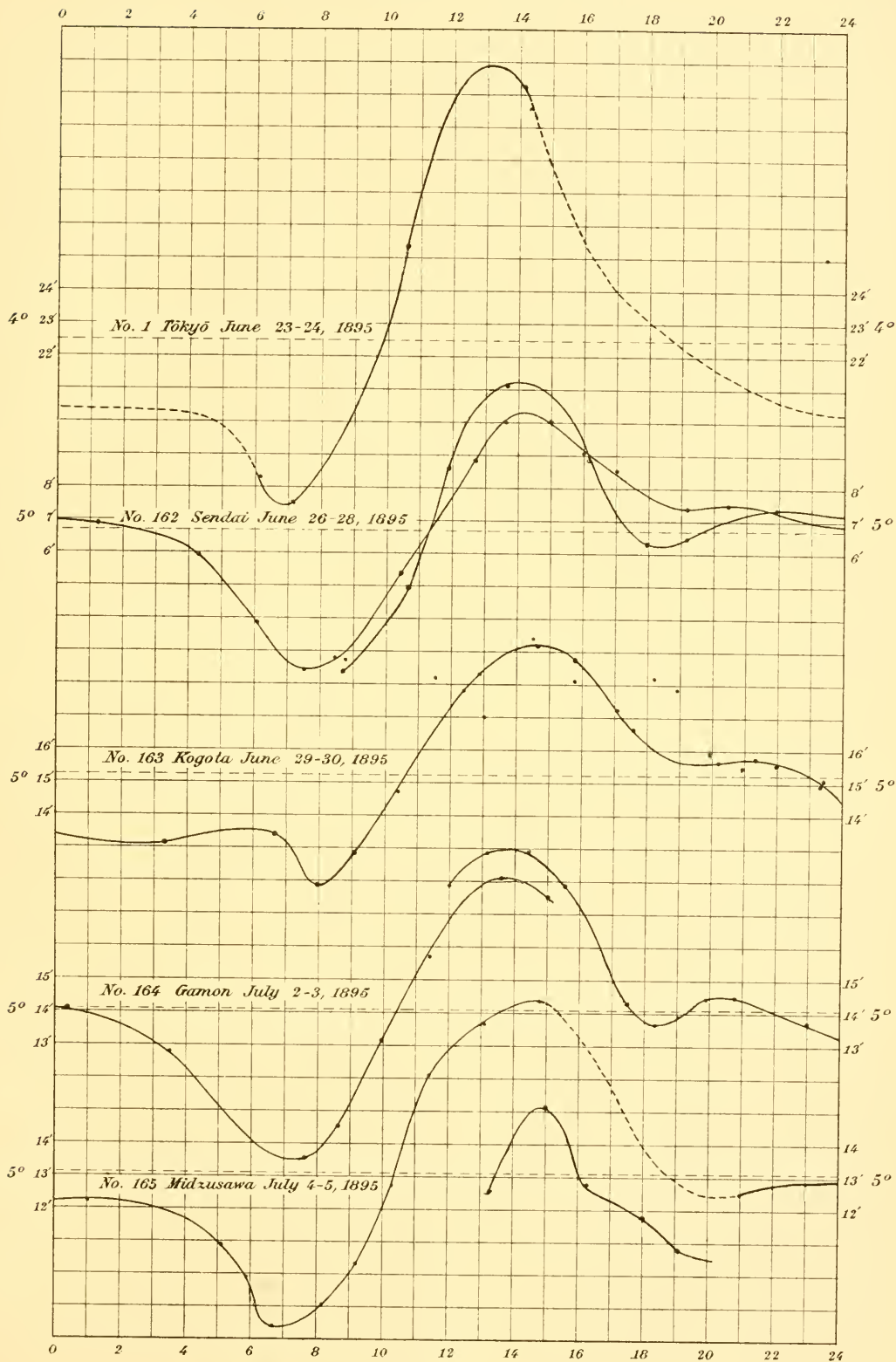
Observations of 1894 (South Party)



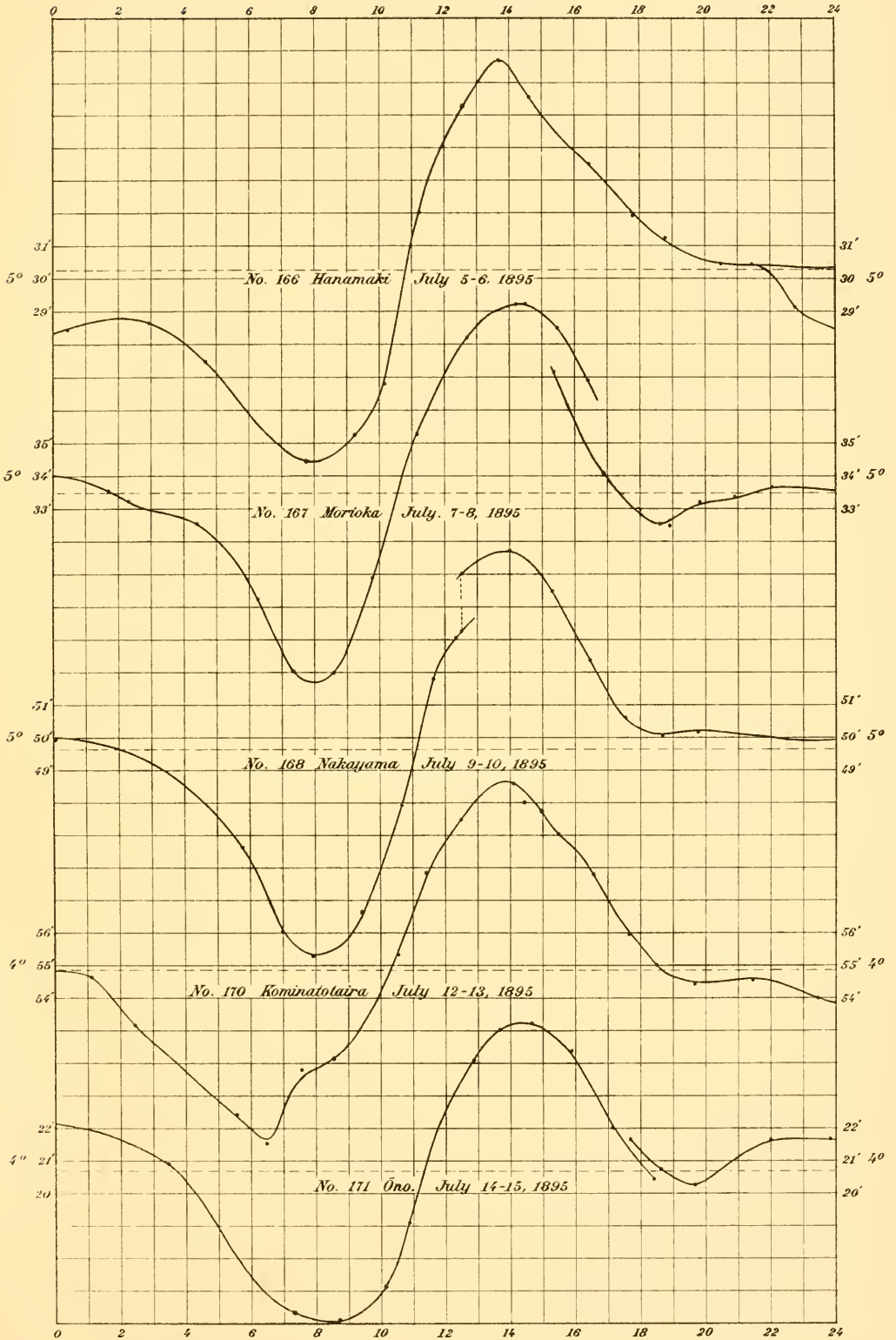
Observations of 1894 (South Party)



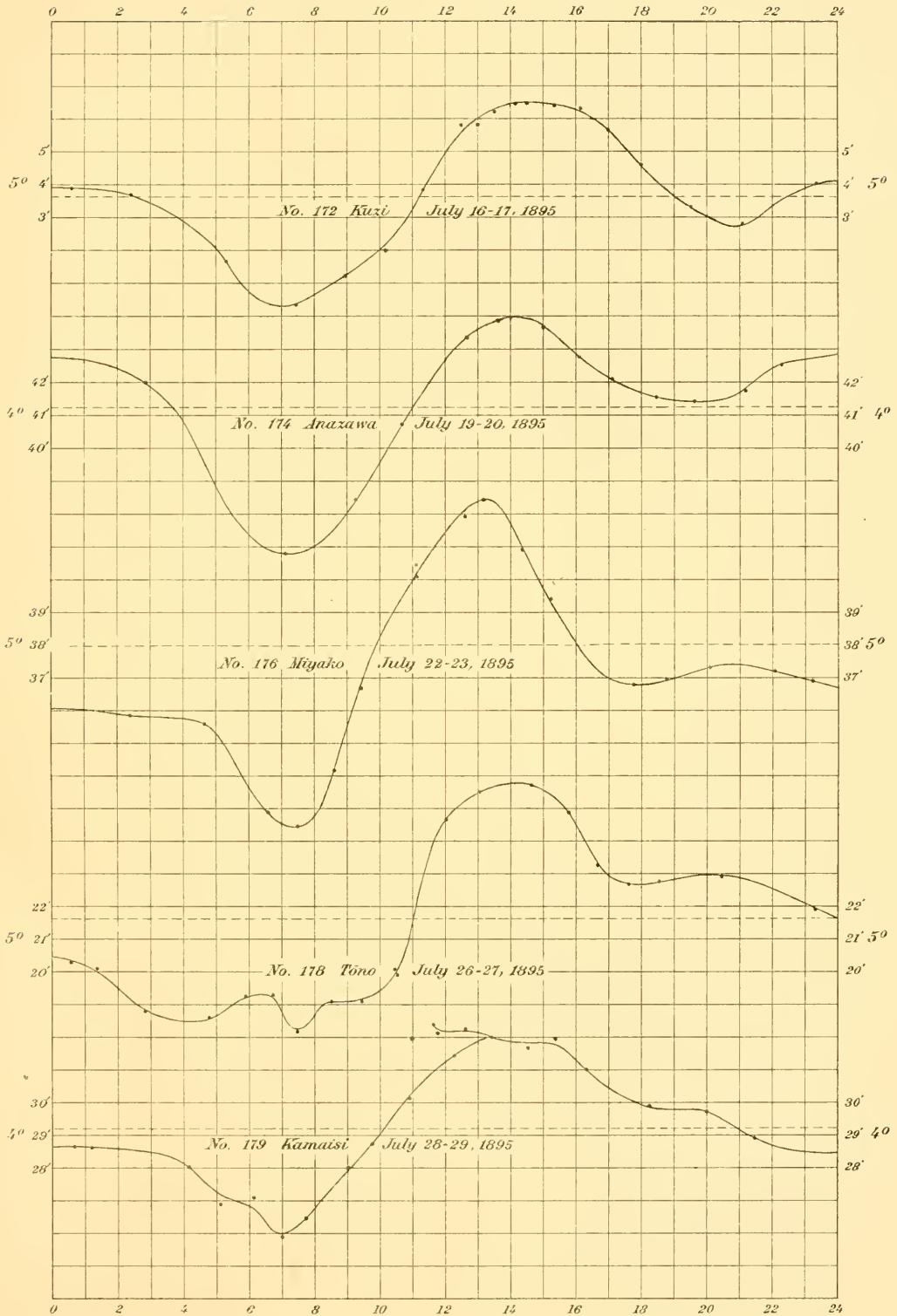
Observations of 1895 (North Party)



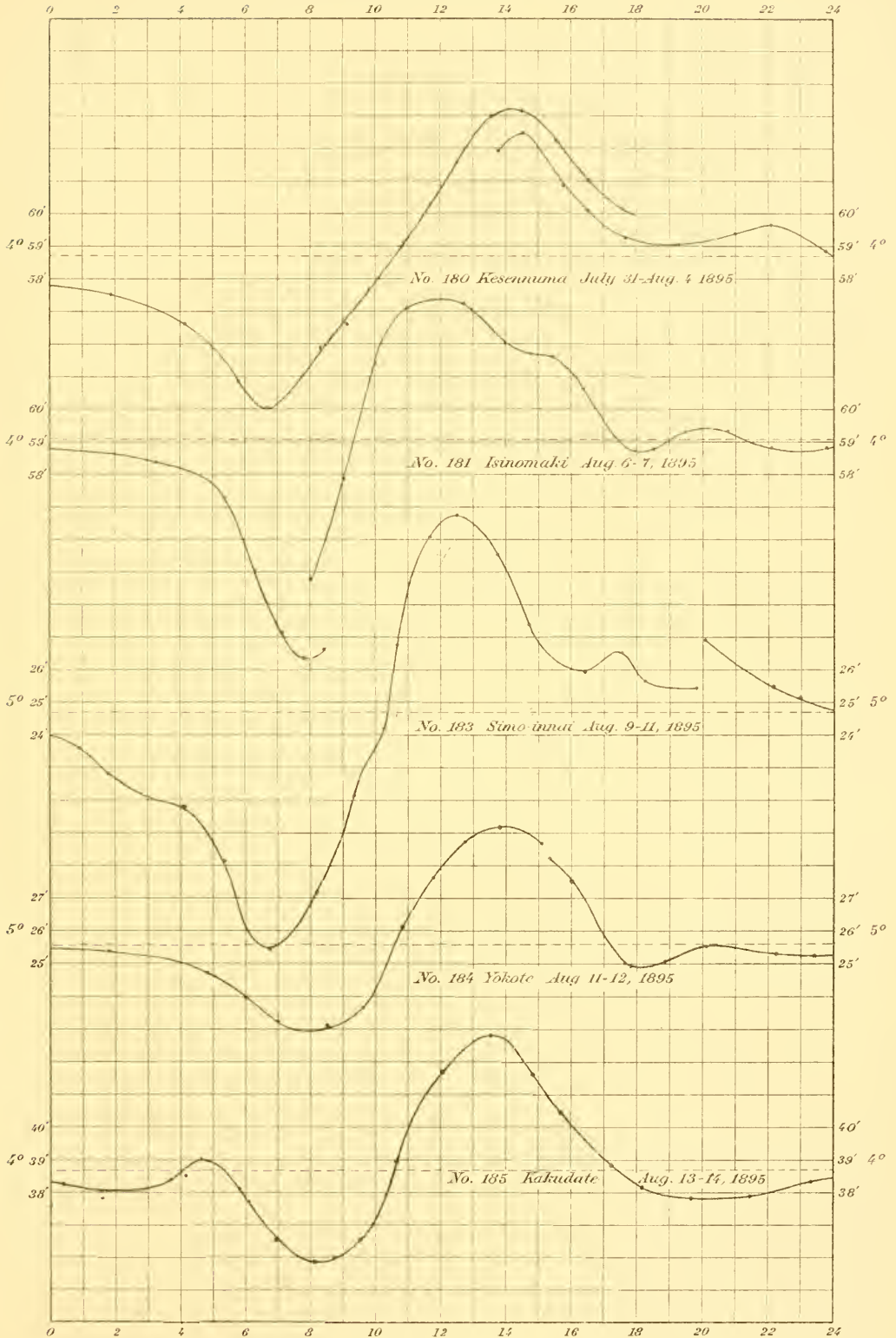
Observations of 1895 (North Party)



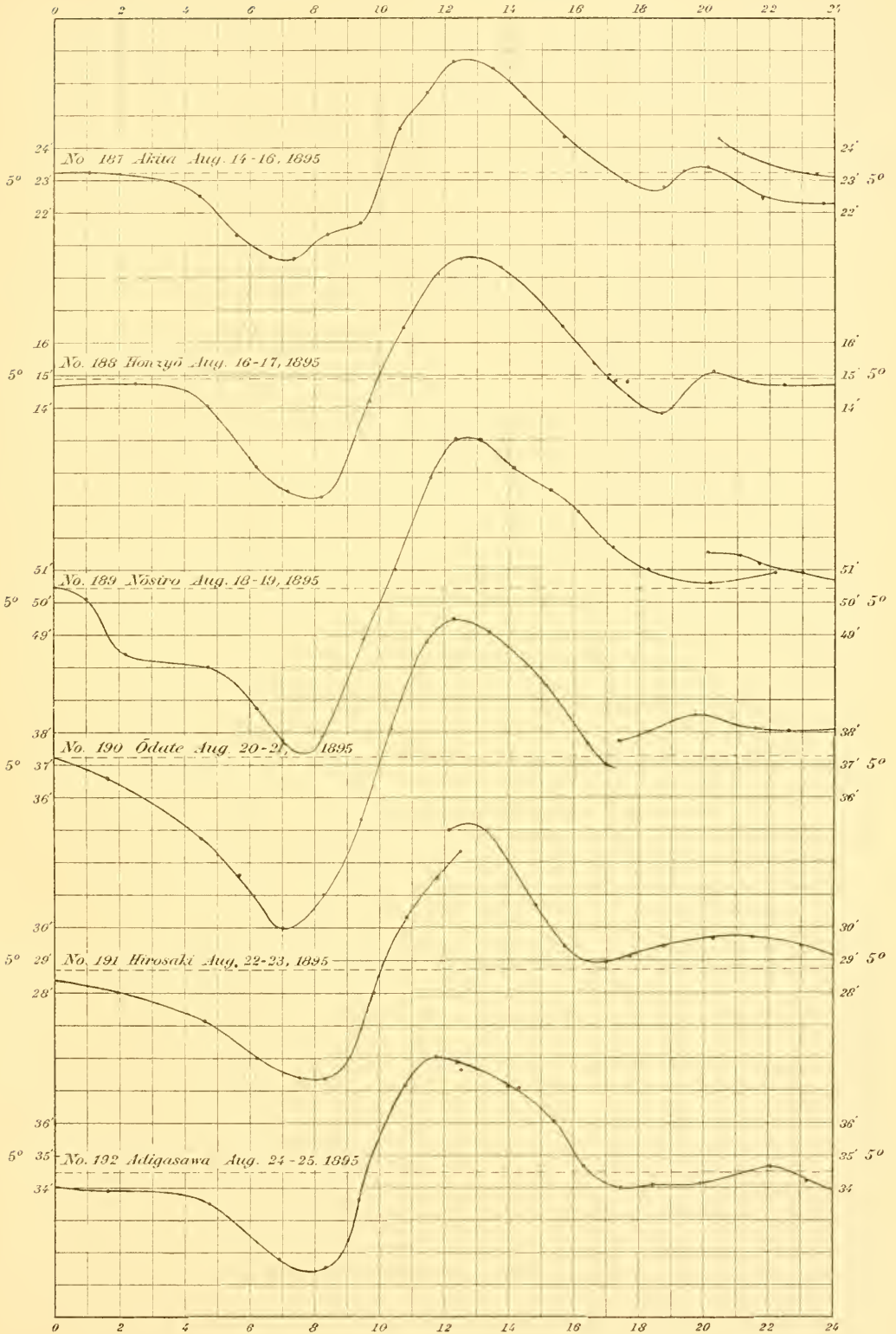
Observations of 1895 (North Party)



Observations of 1895 (North Party)



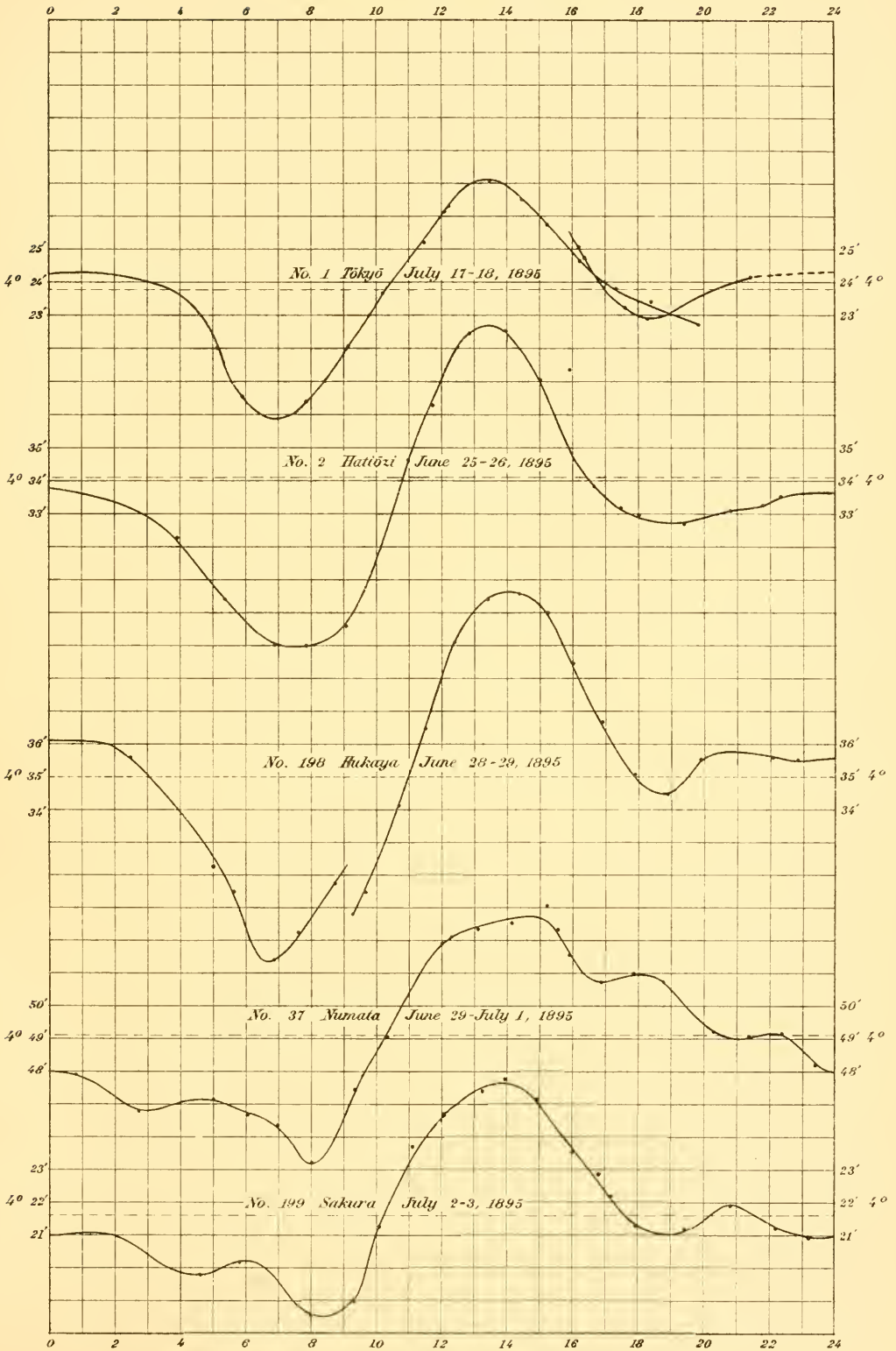
Observations of 1895 (North Party)



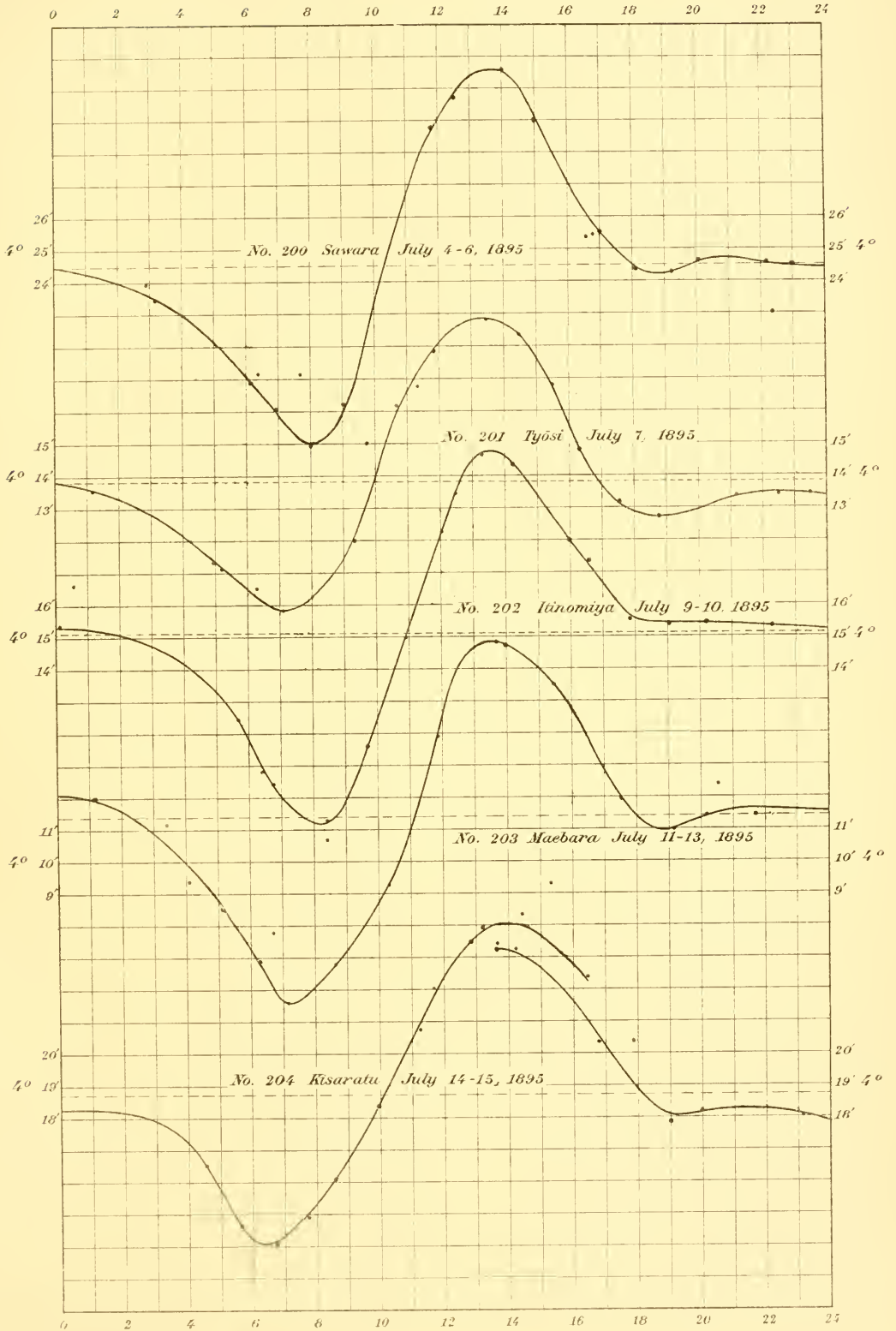
Observations of 1895 (North Party)



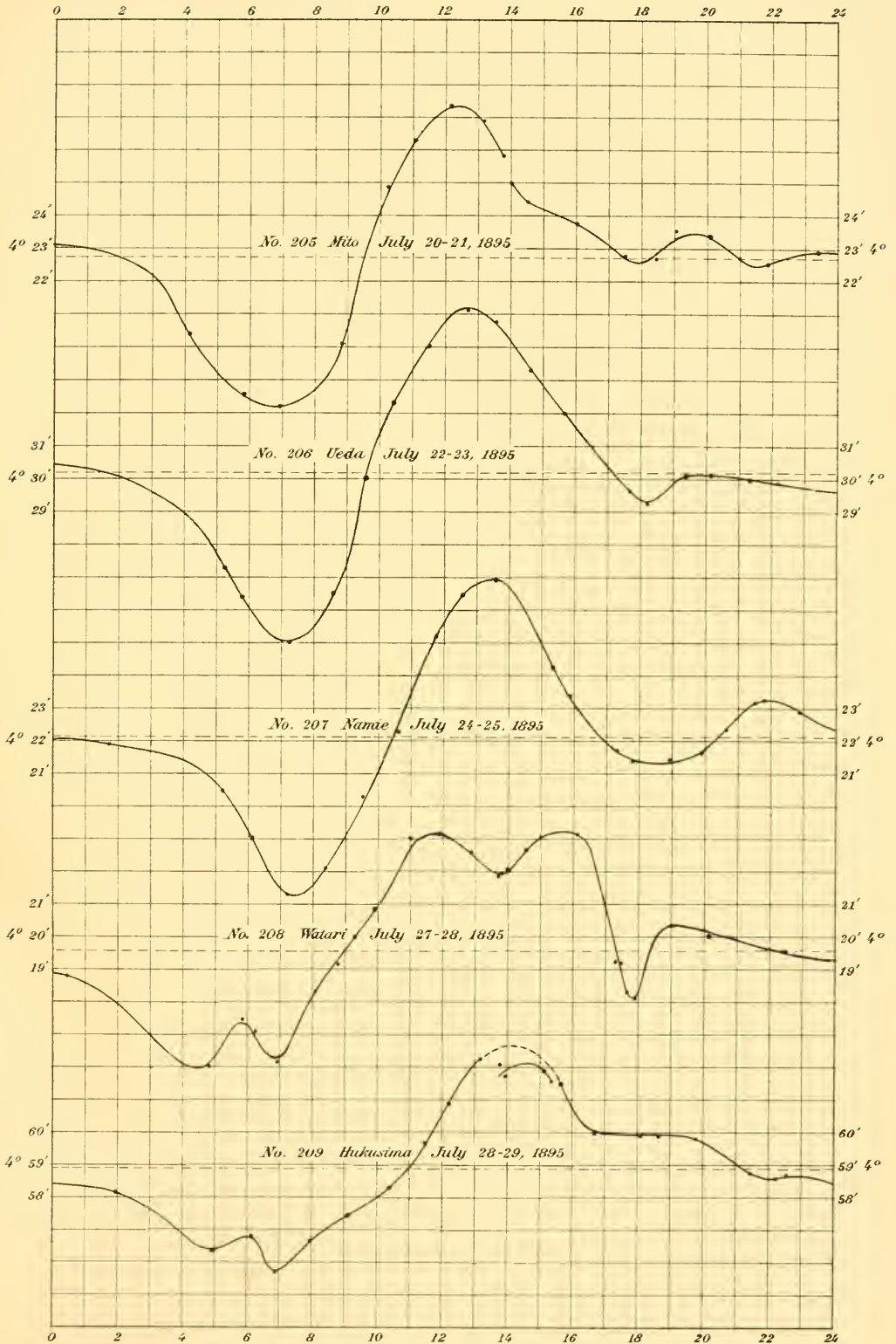
Observations of 1895 (South Party)



Observations of 1895 (South Party)



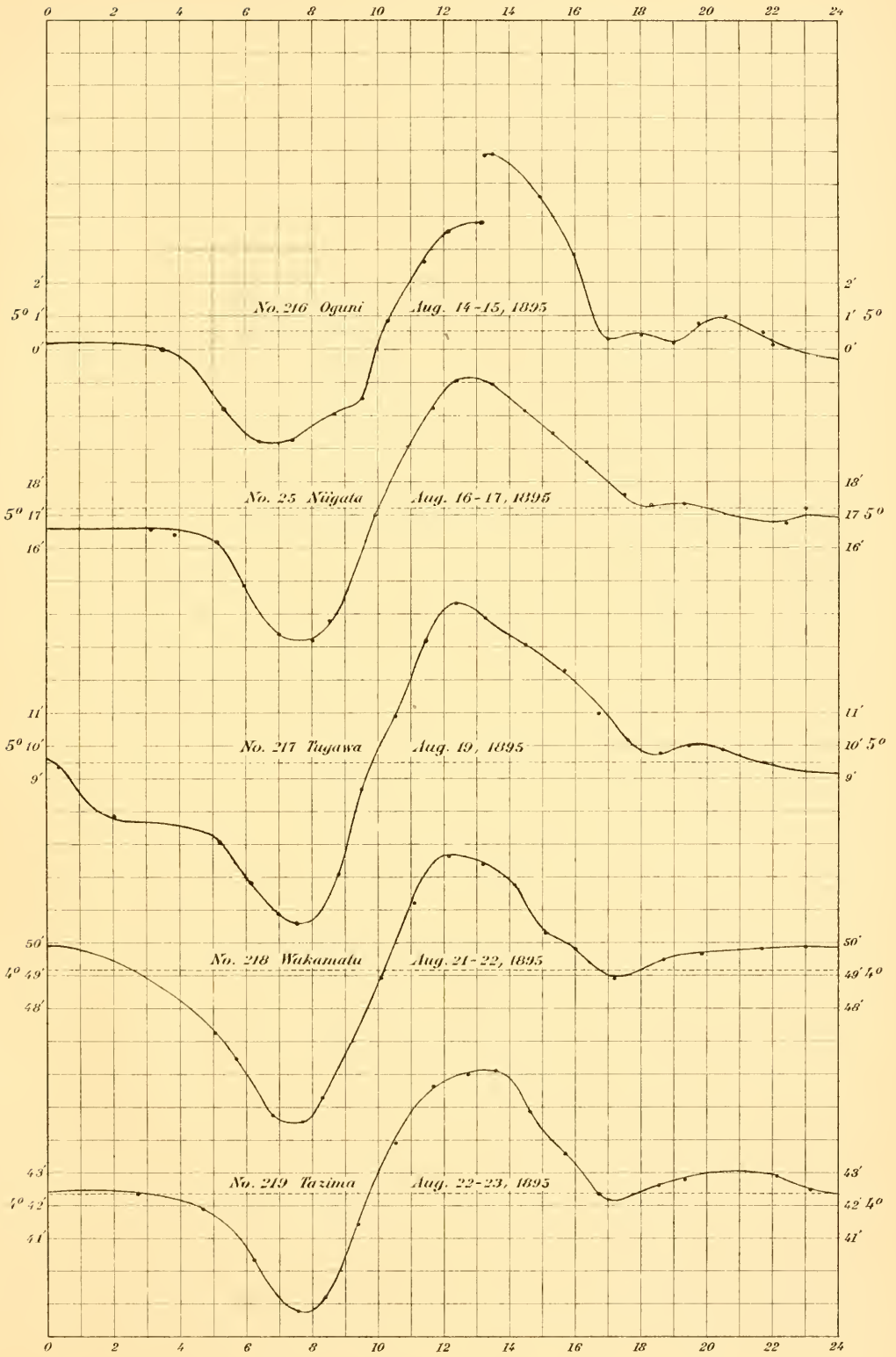
Observations of 1895 (South Party)



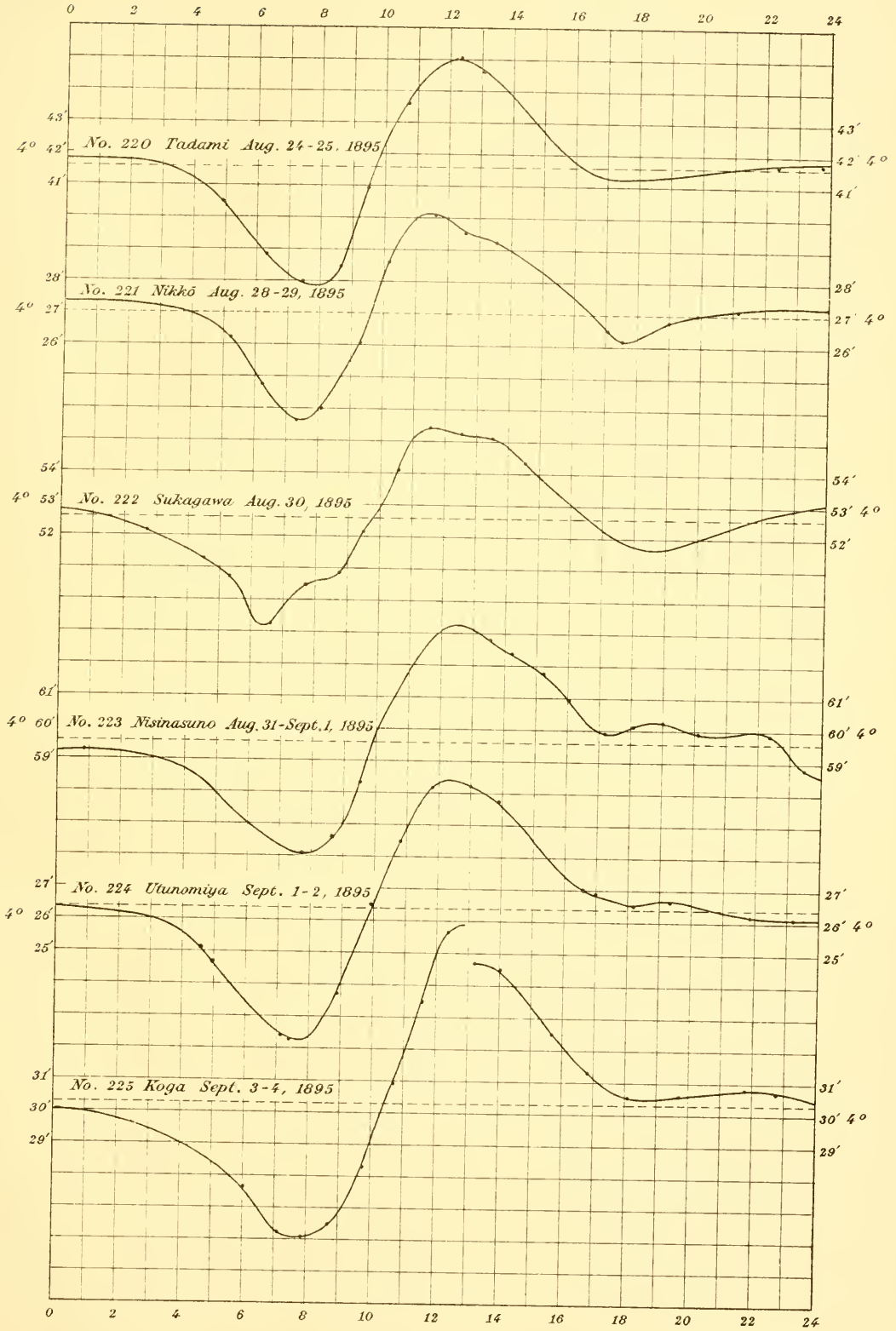
Obser. Observations of 1895 (South Party)



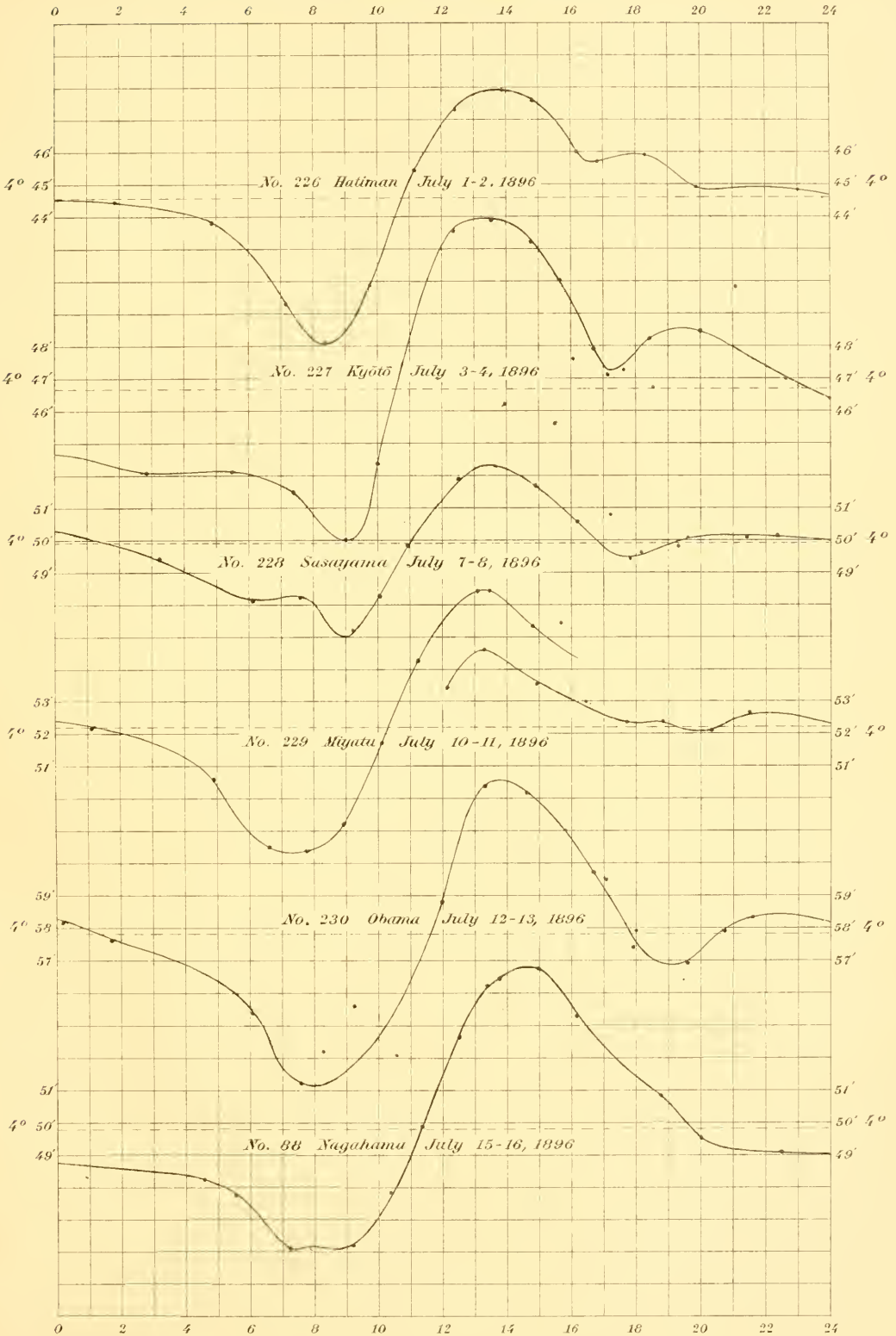
Observations of 1895 (South Party)



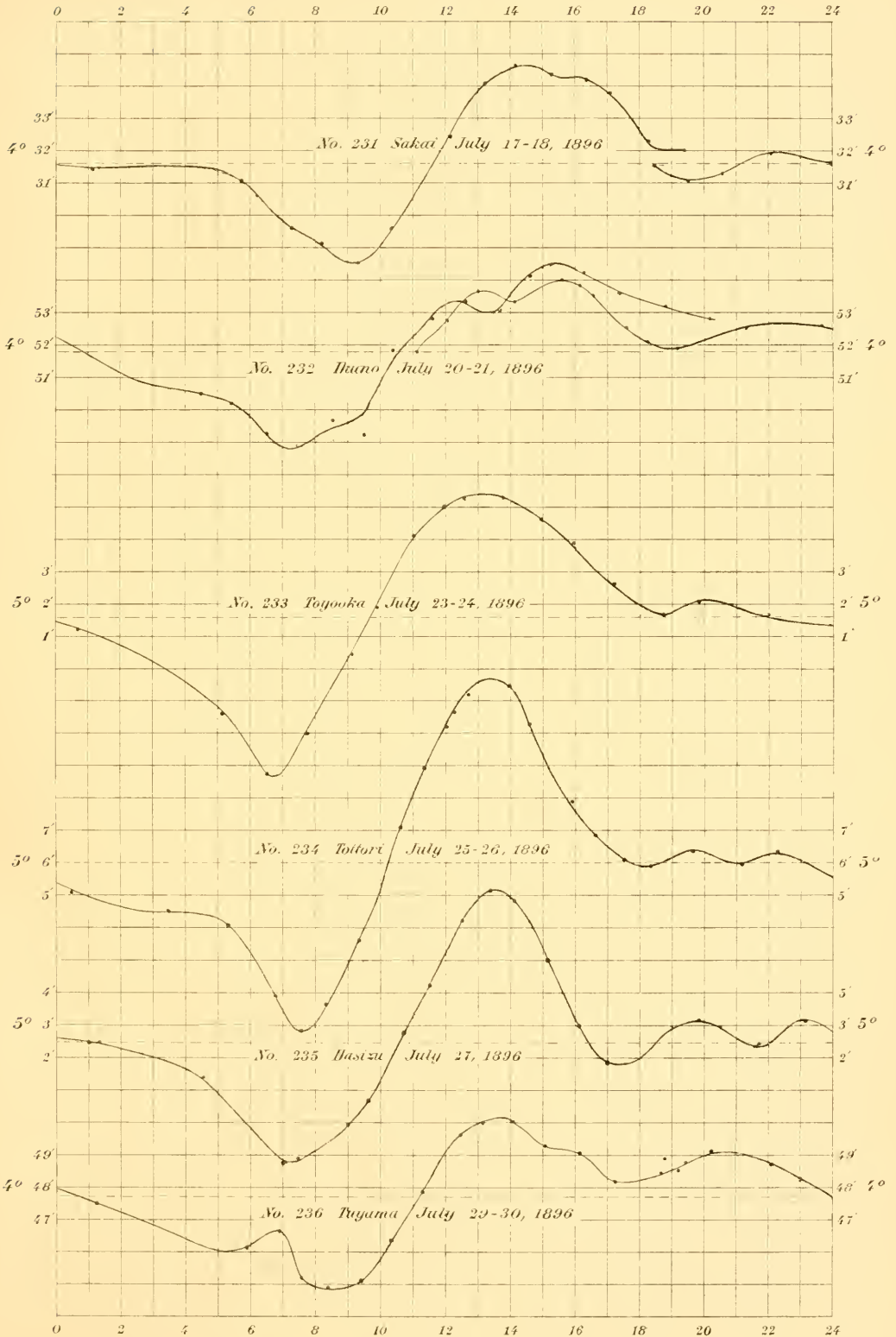
Observations of 1895 (South Party)



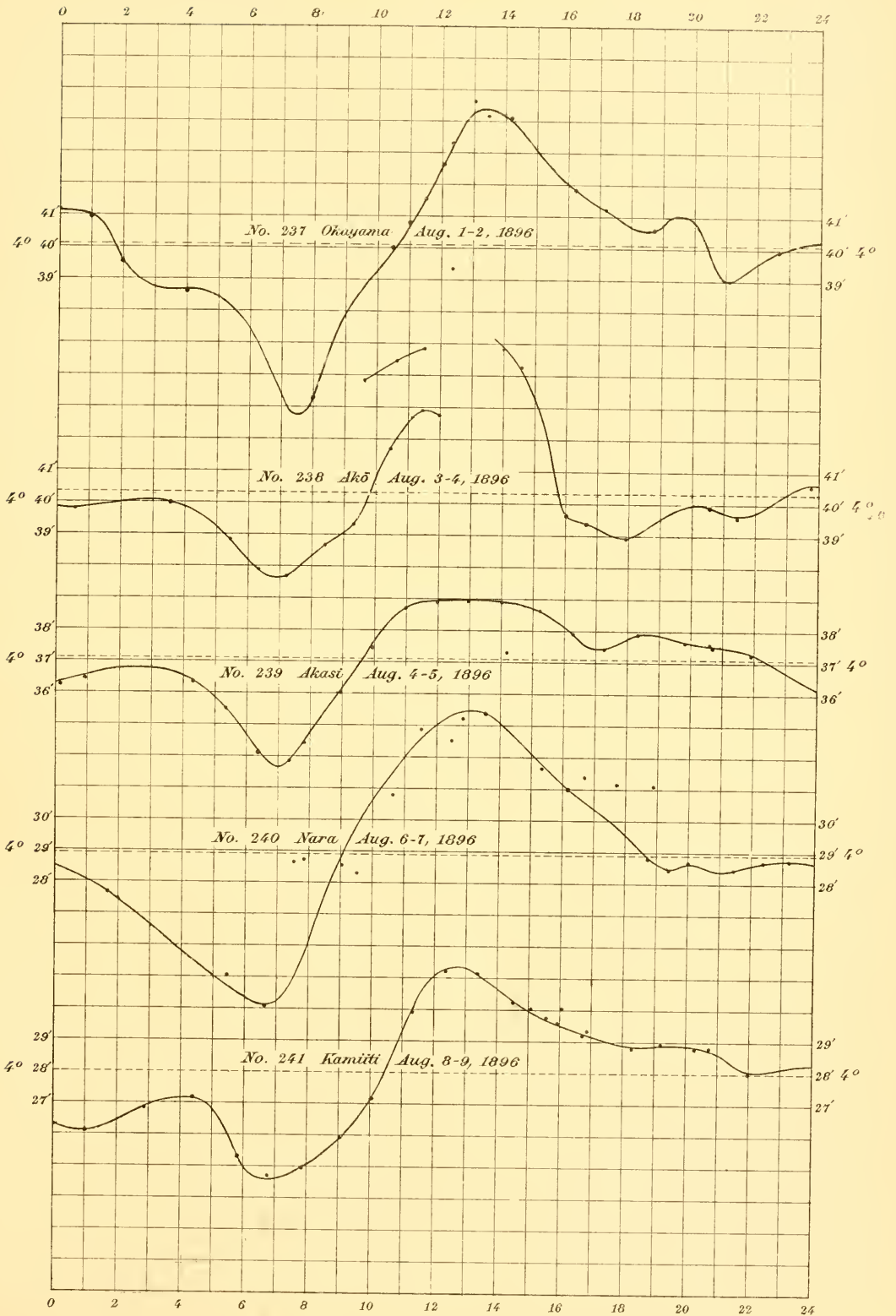
Observations of 1896 (Kinki Party)



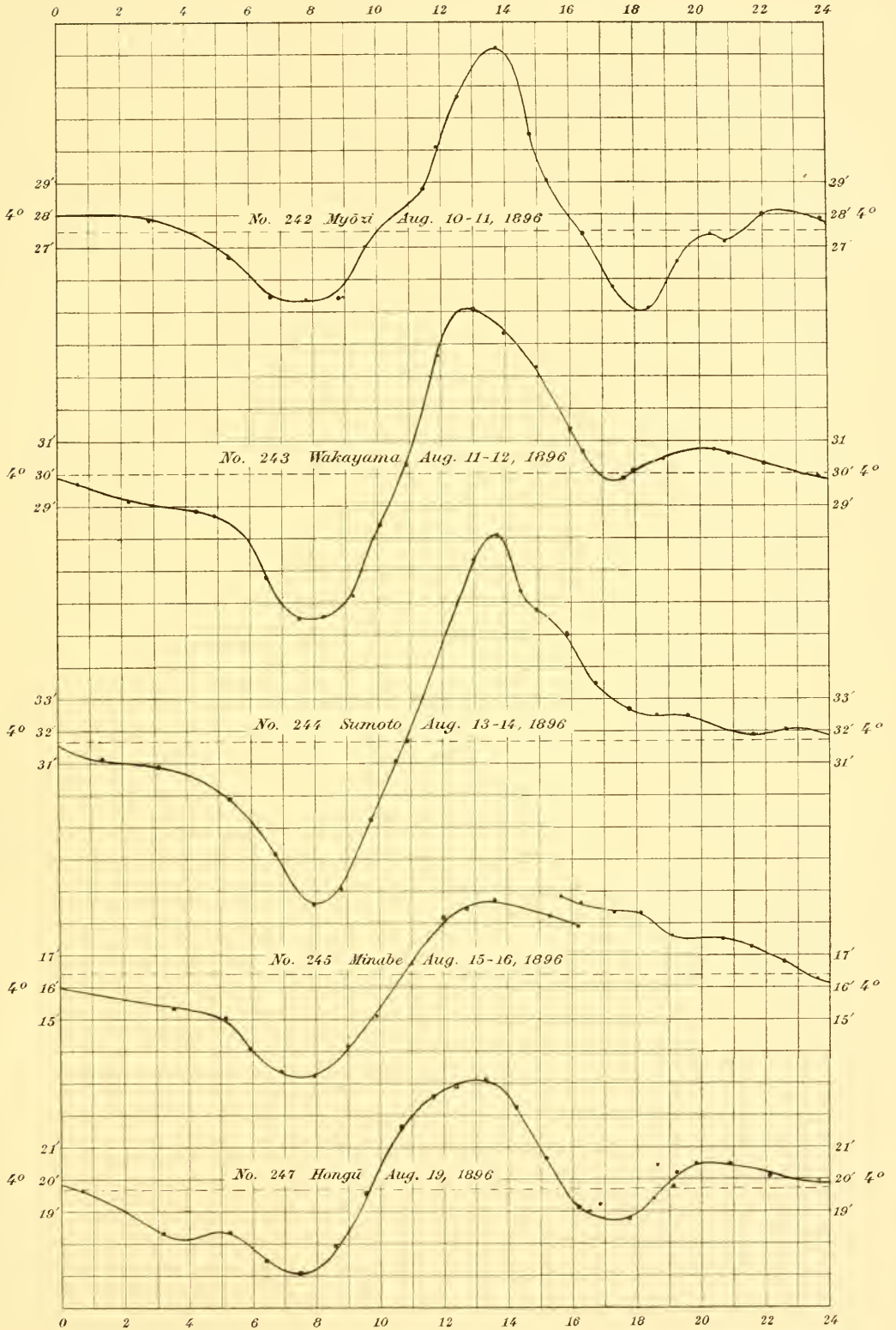
Observations of 1896 (Kinki Party)



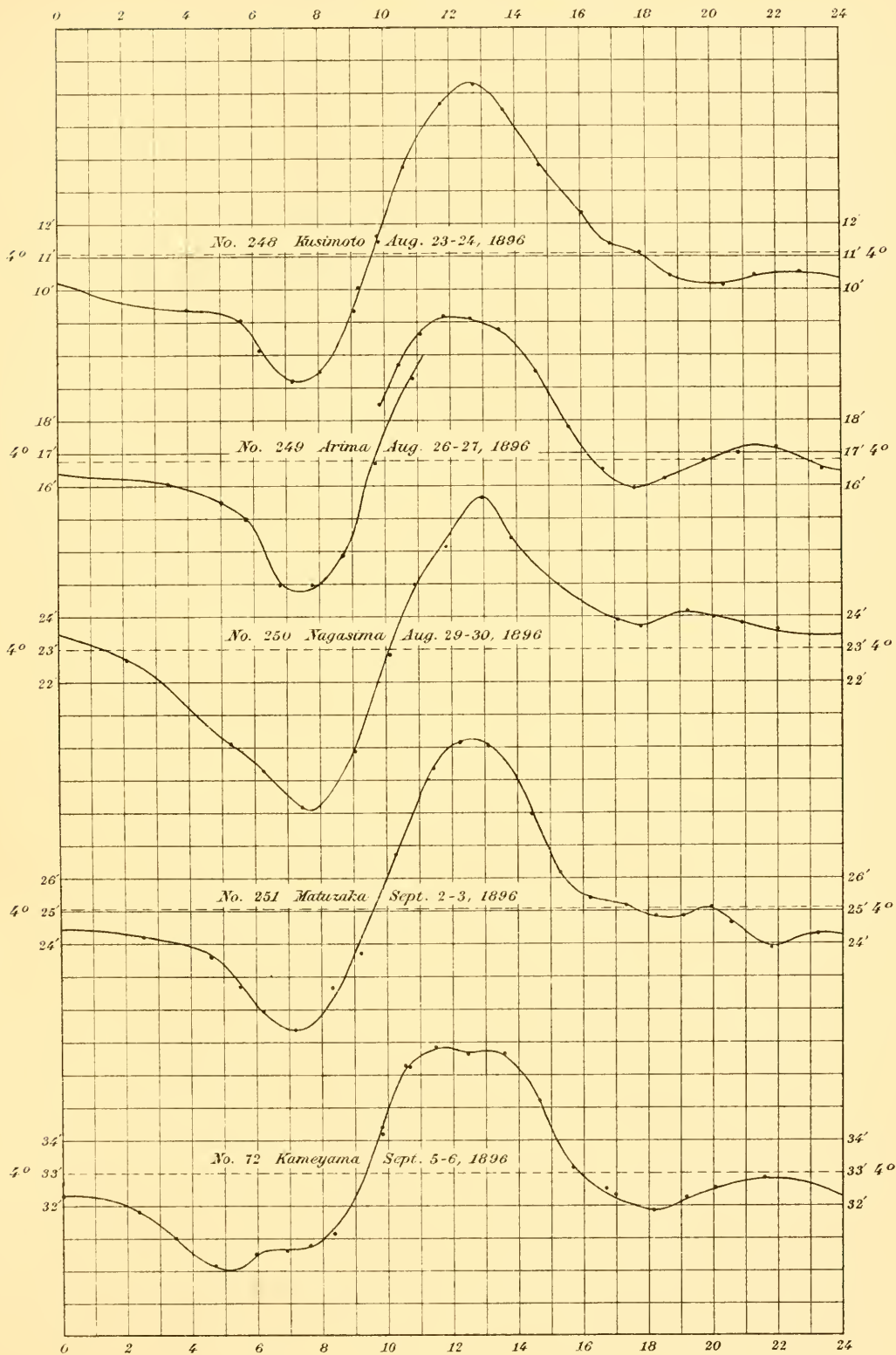
Observations of 1896 (Kinki Party)



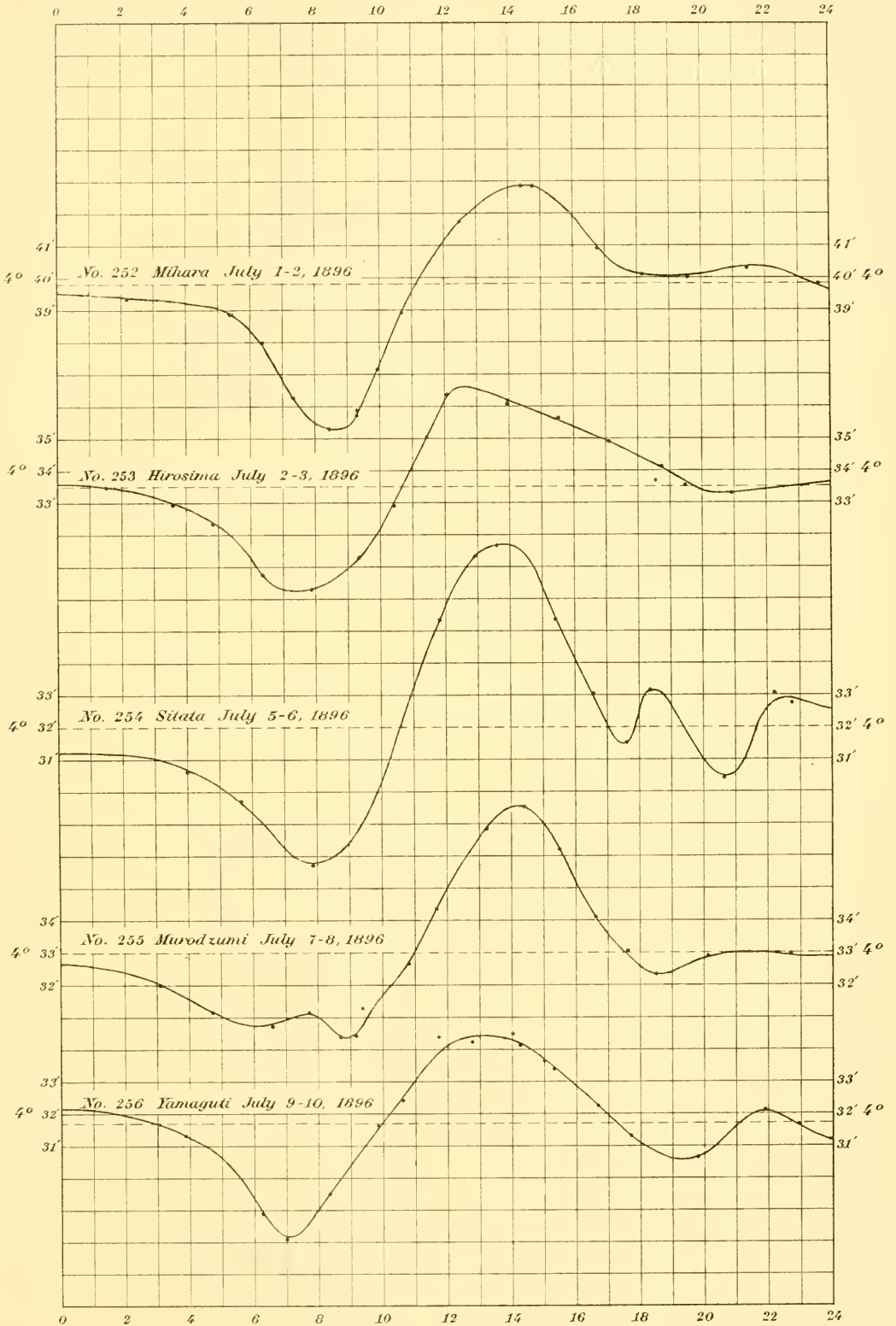
Observations of 1896 (Kinki Party)



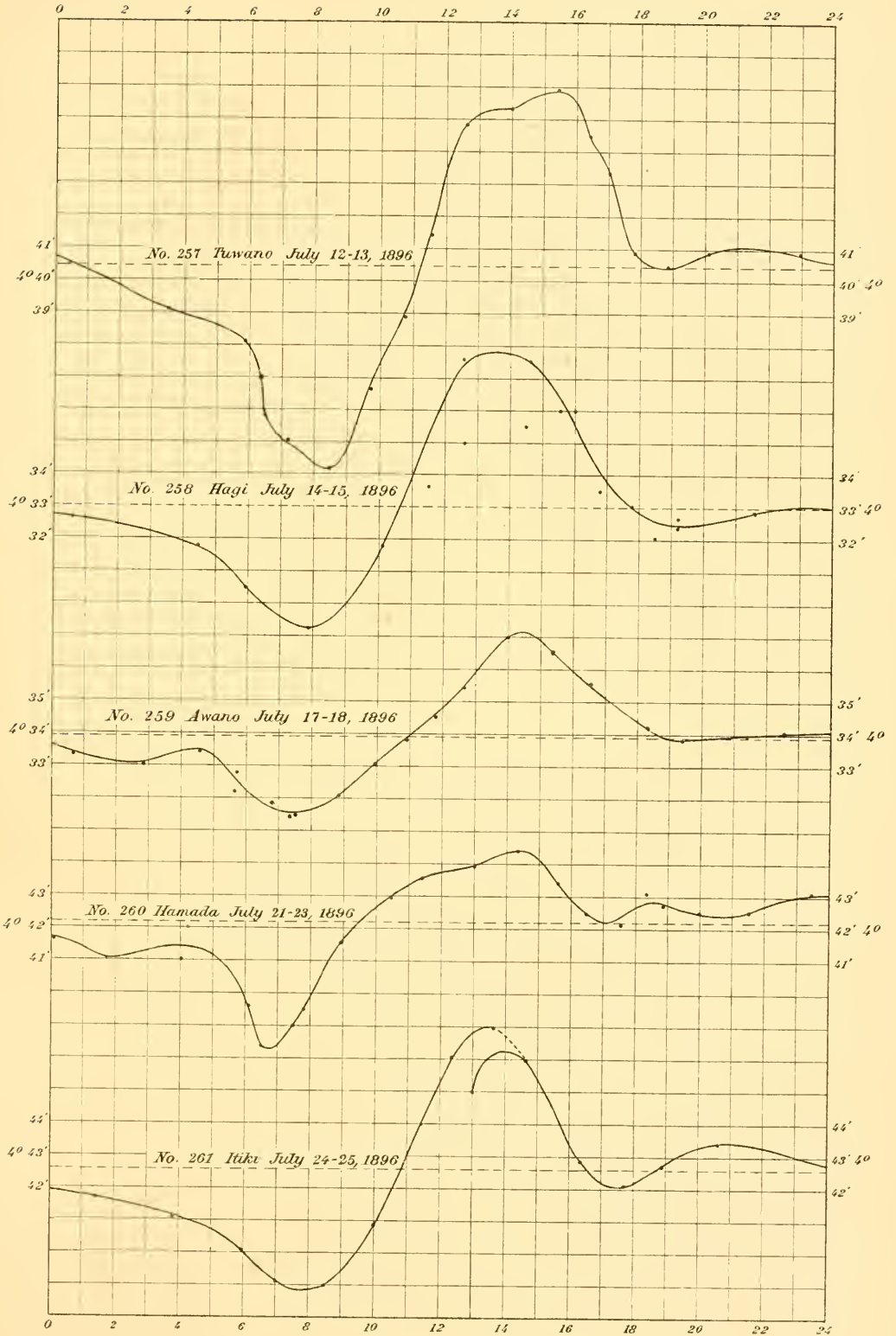
Observations of 1896 (Kinki Party)



Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



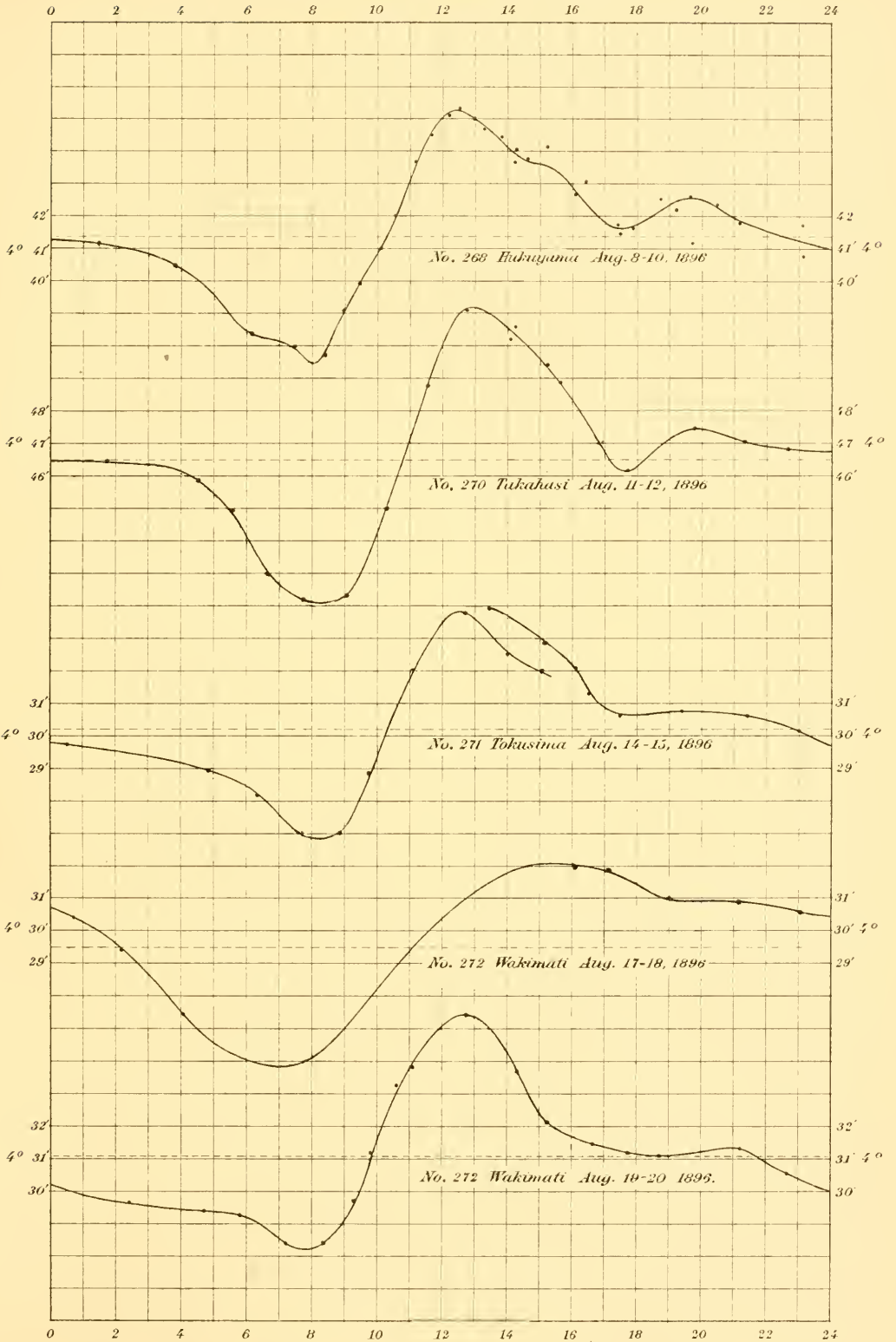
Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



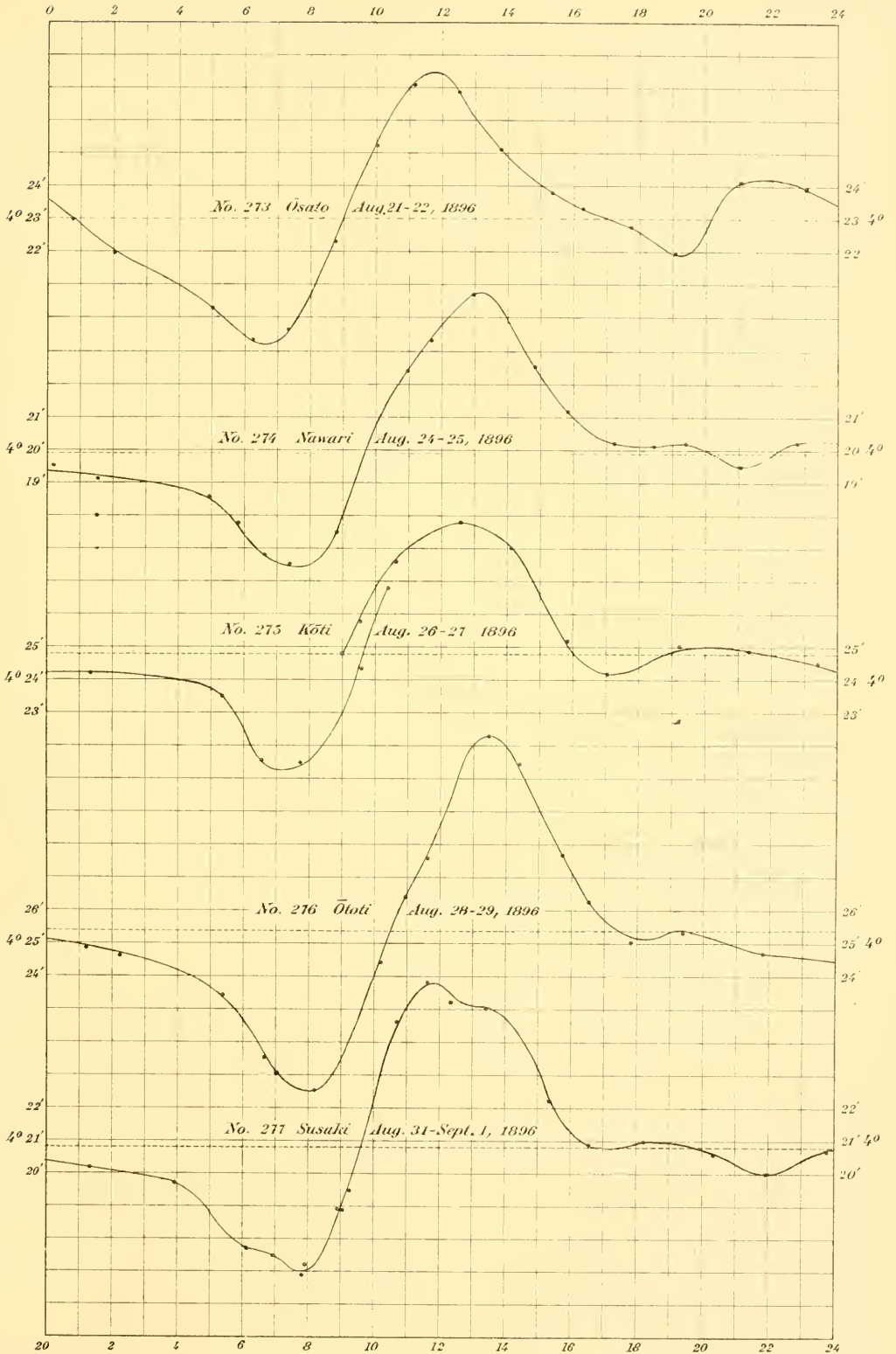
Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



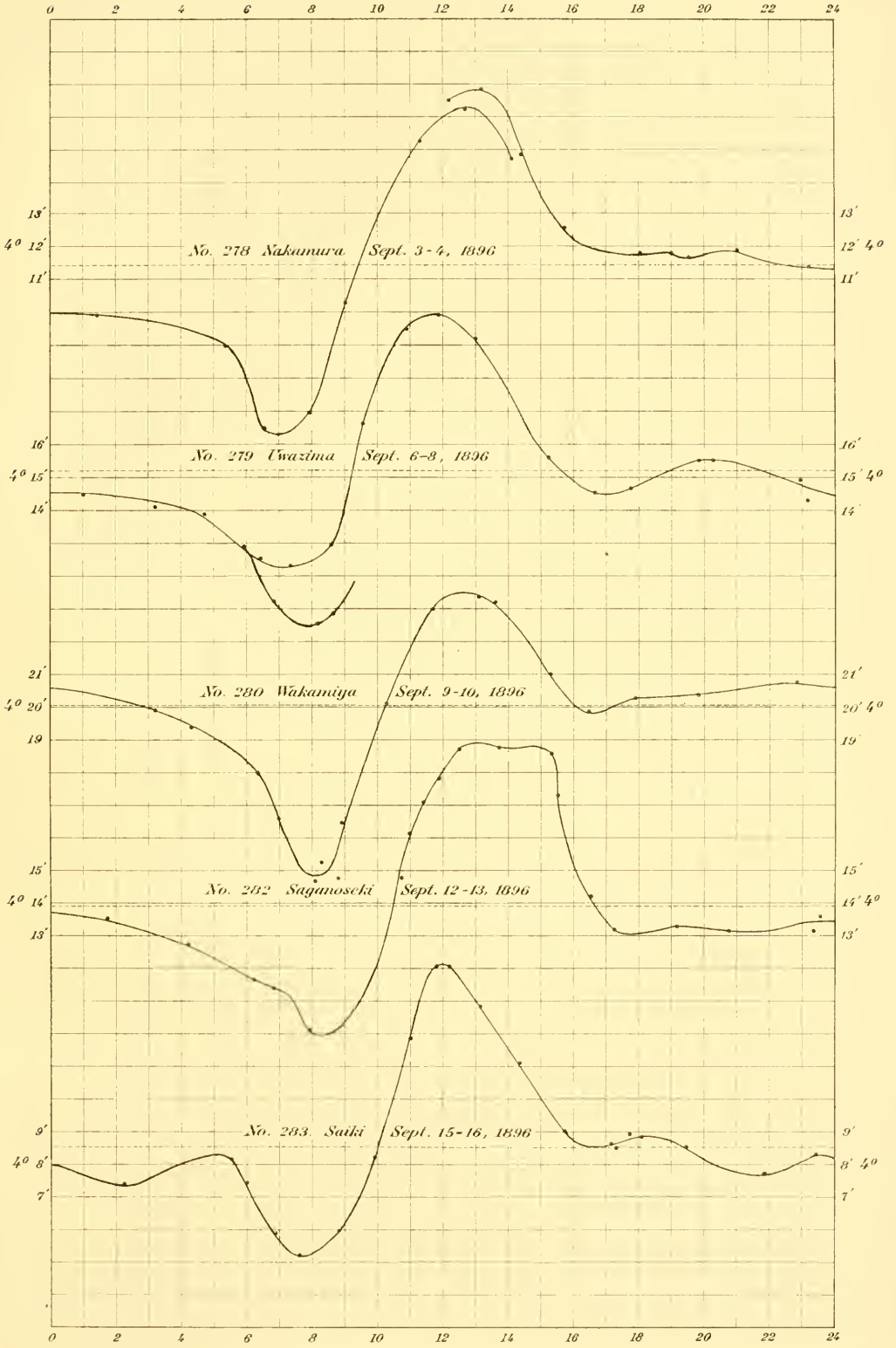
Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



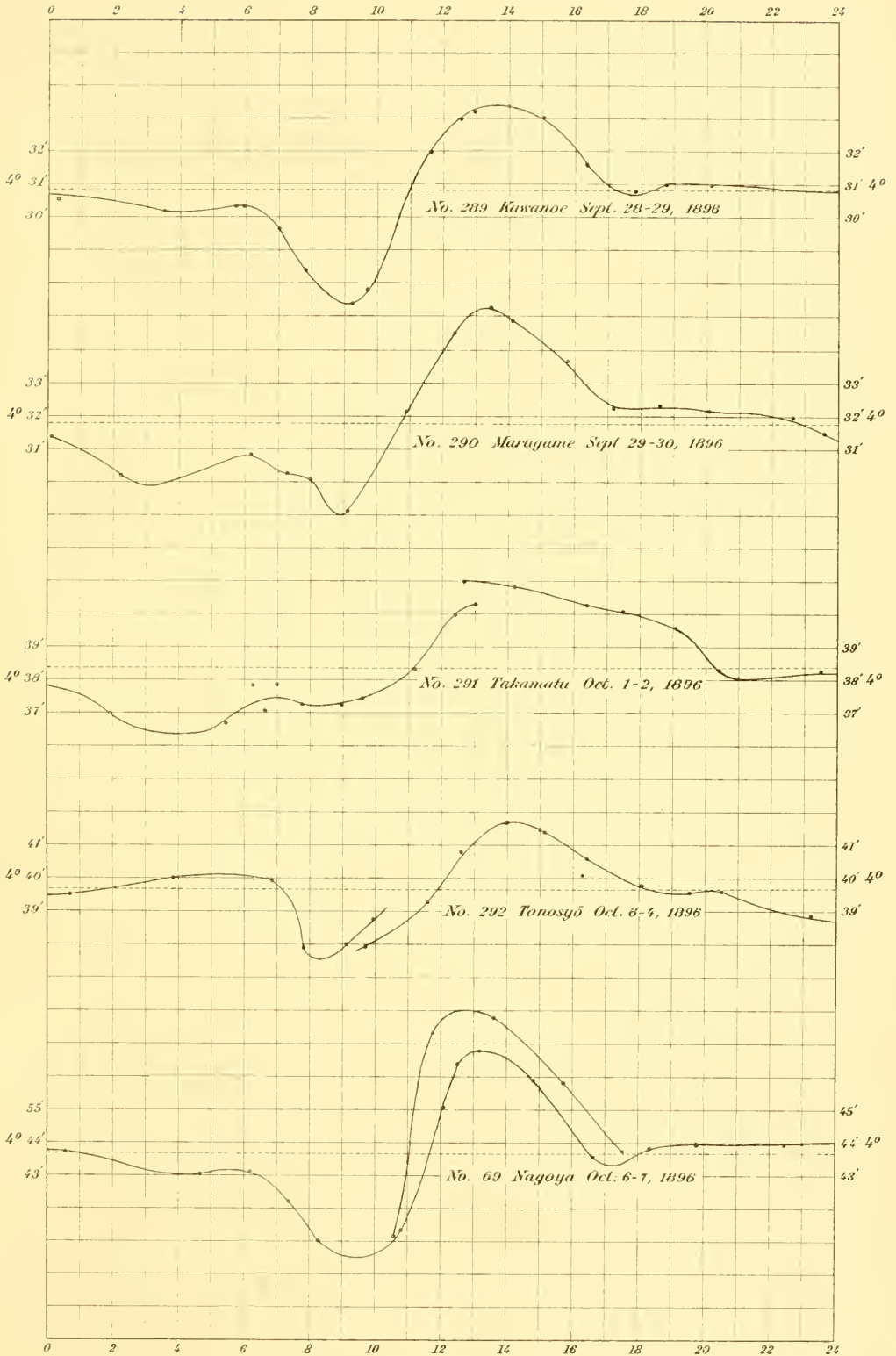
Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



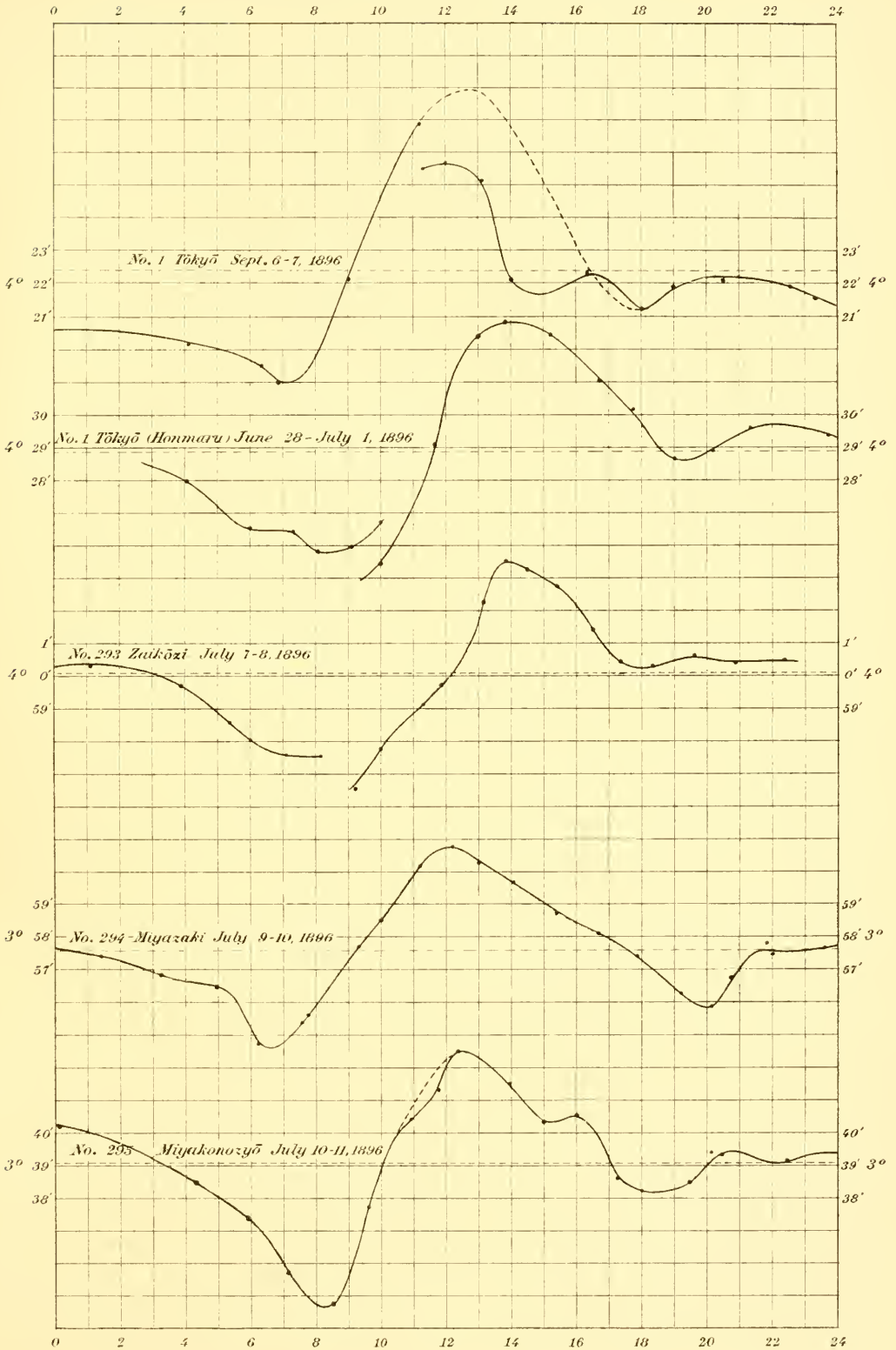
Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



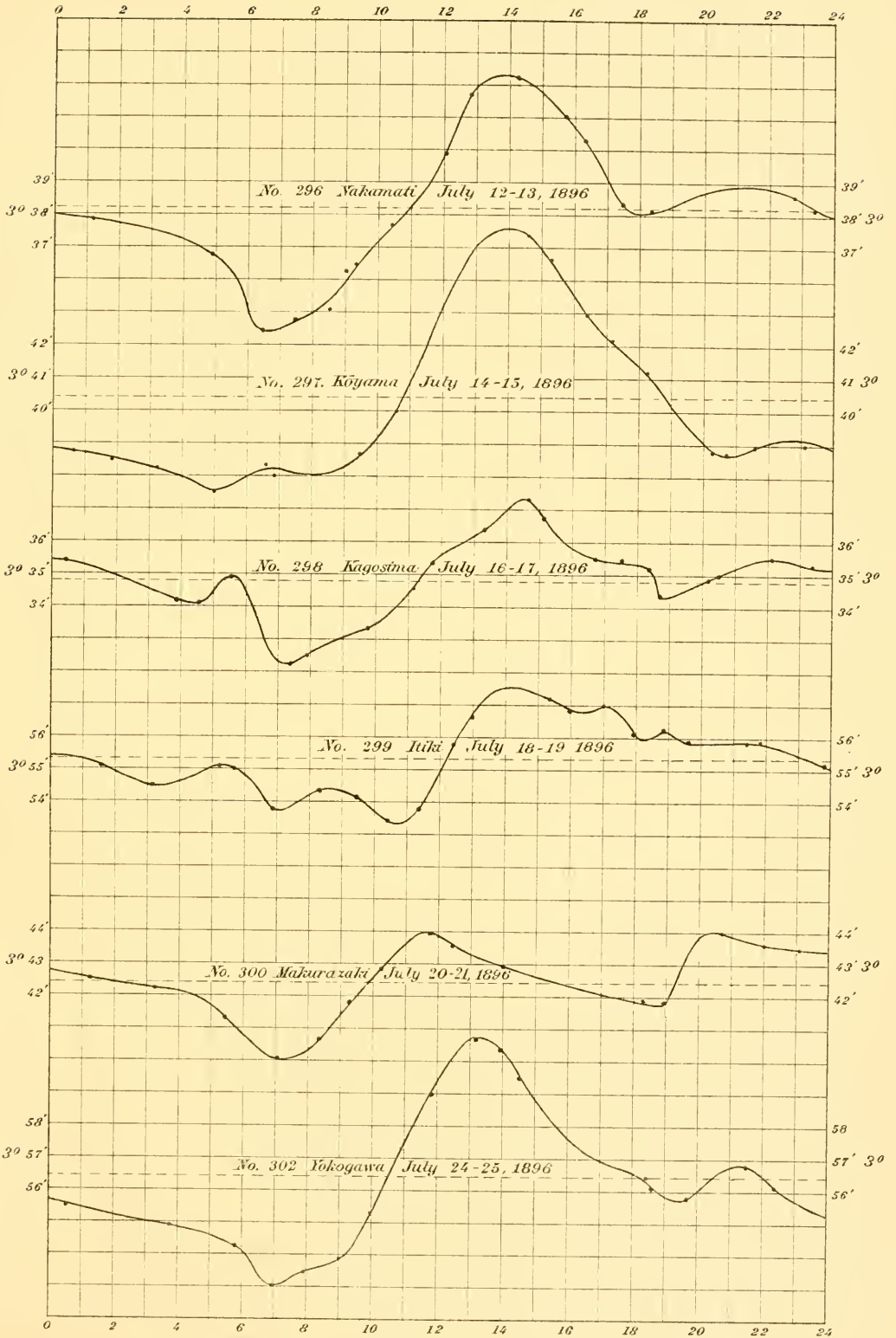
Observations of 1896 (Seto Sea Party)



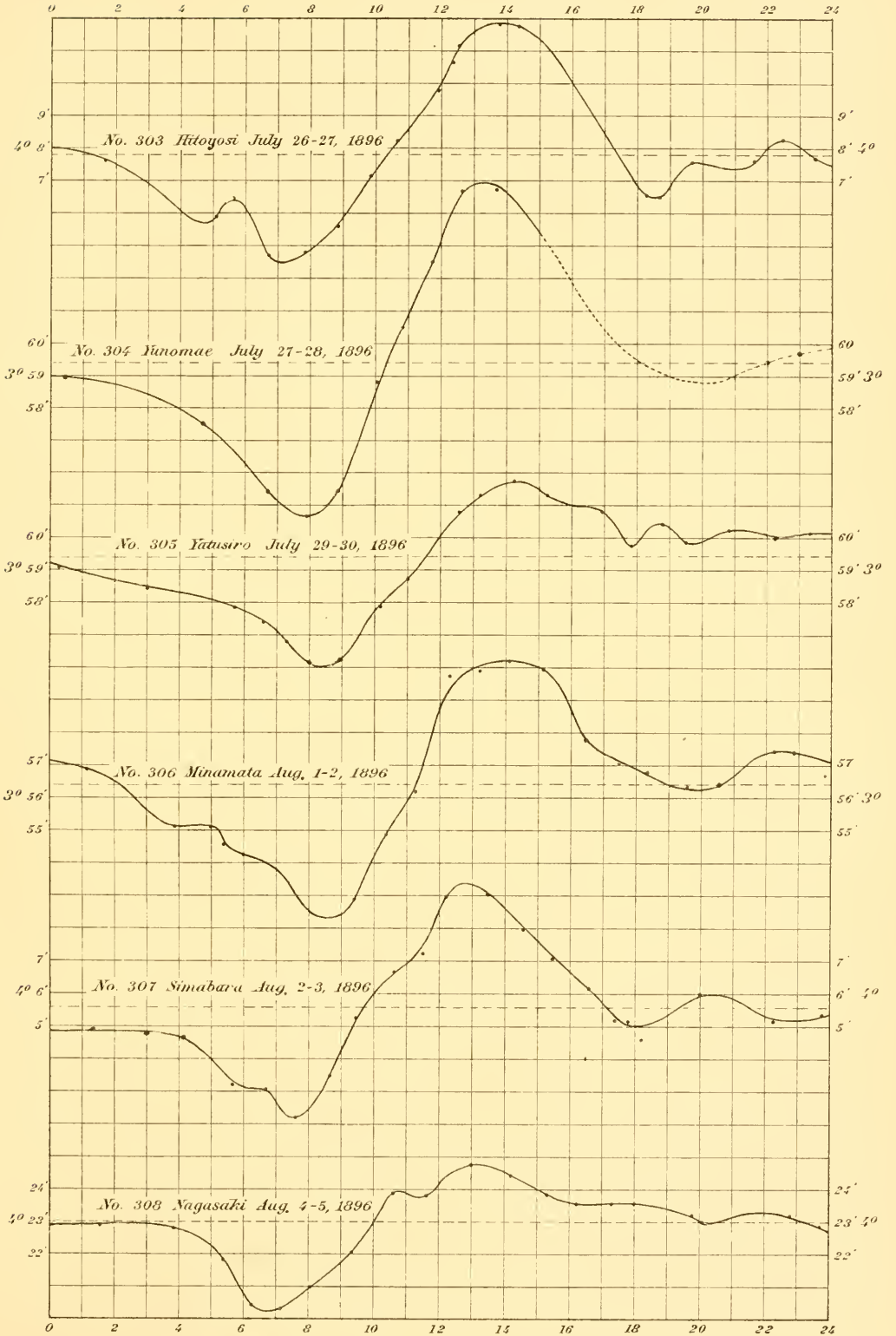
Observations of 1896 (South West Party)



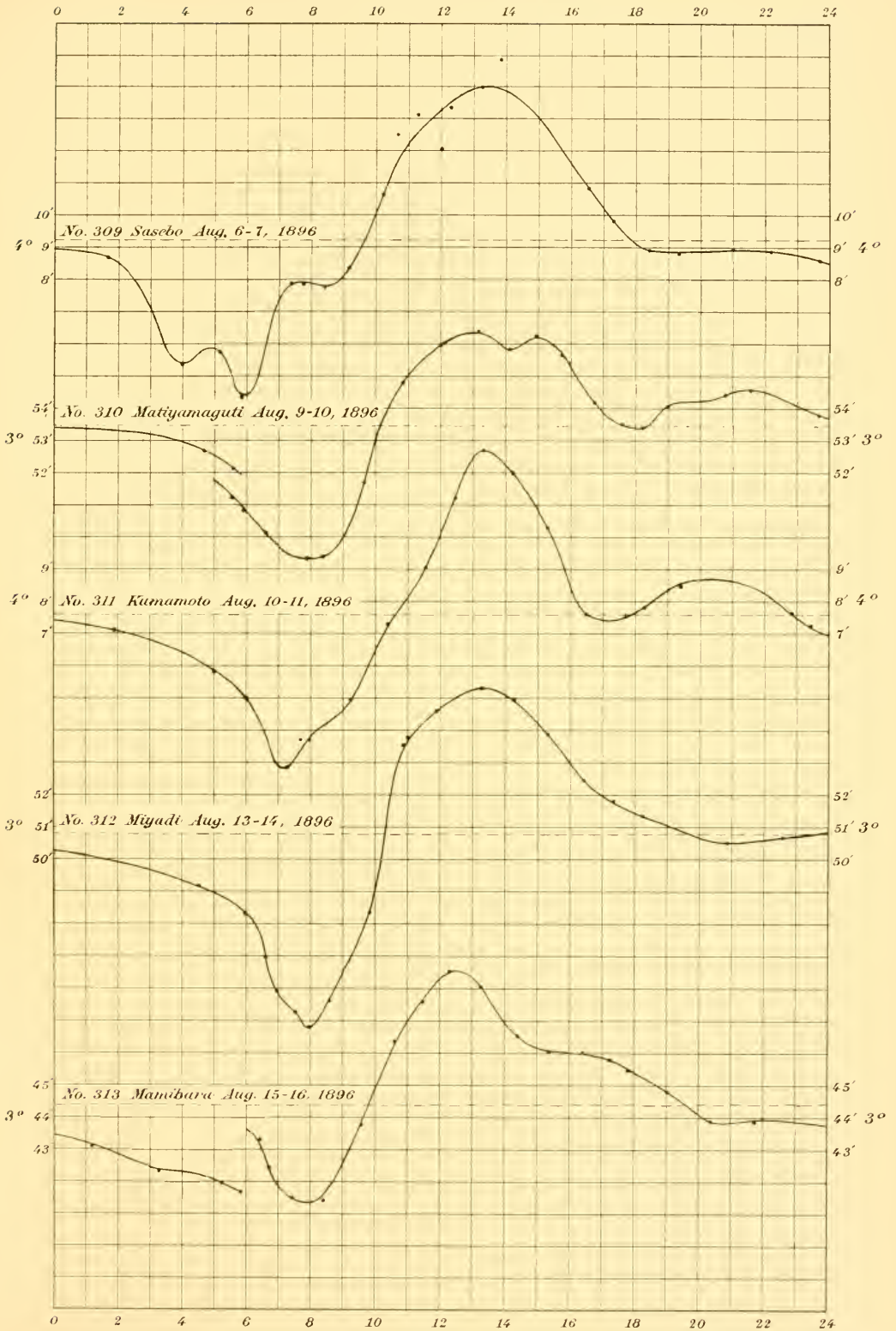
Observations of 1896 (South West Party)



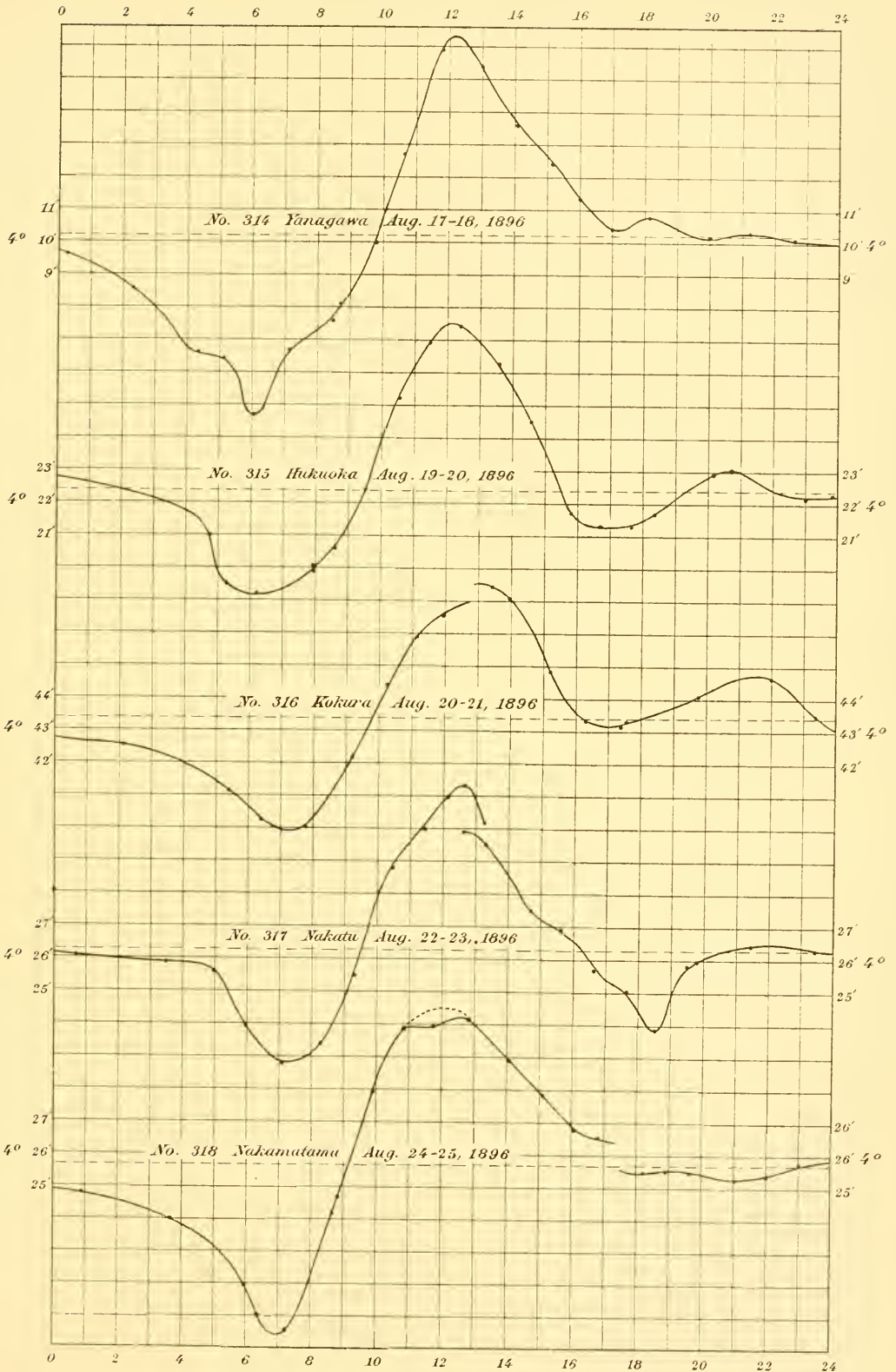
Observations of 1896 (South West Party)



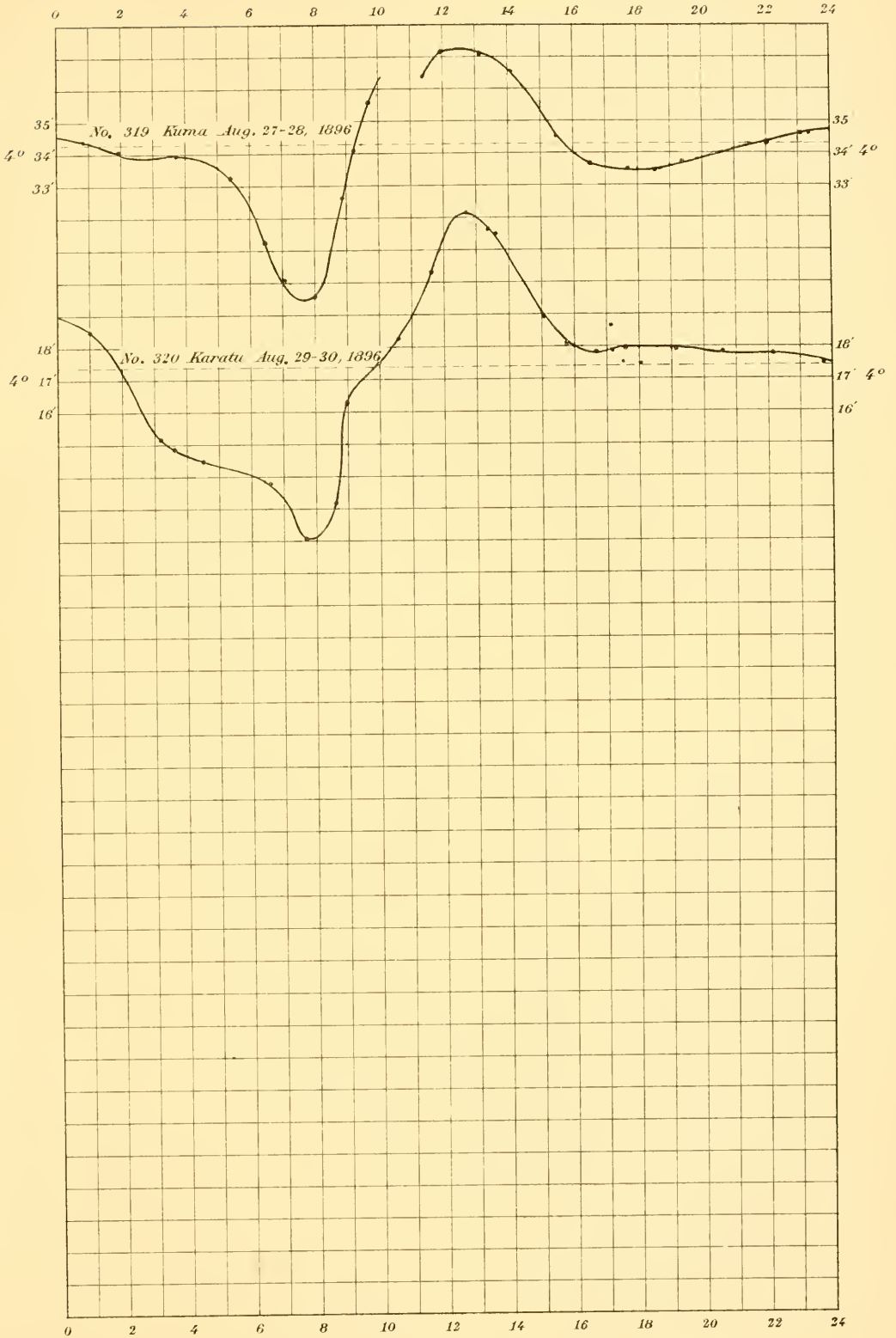
Observations of 1896 (South West Party)



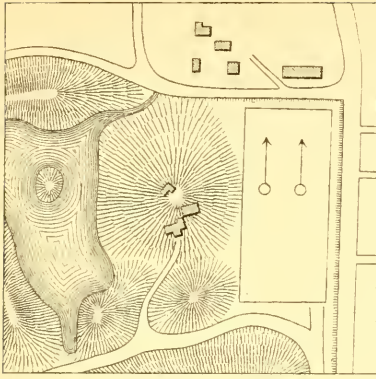
Observations of 1896 (South West Part)



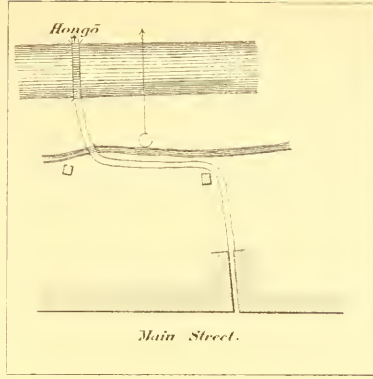
Observations of 1896 (South West Party)



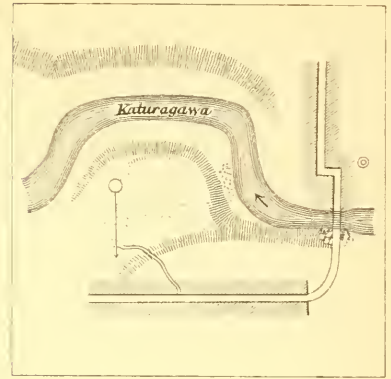
No. 1. *Tōkyō.*
1867, 1893, and following years.



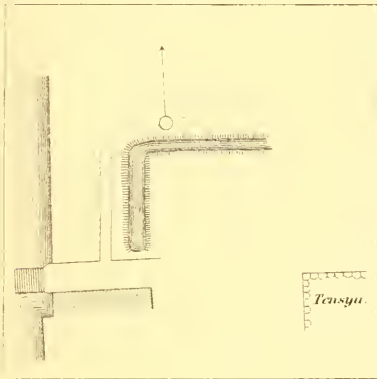
No. 2. *Itatōzō.*
July 5-7, 1893.
June 25-26, 1895



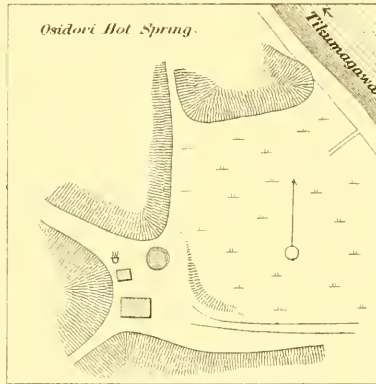
No. 3. *Sarukasi.*
July 2-9, 1893



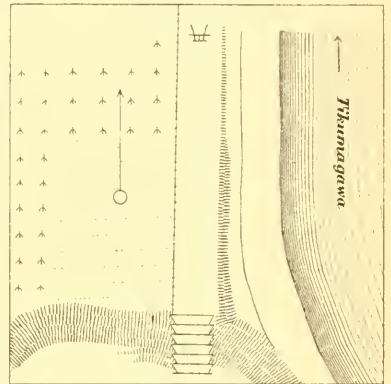
No. 4. *Kōku.*
July 10-13, 1893



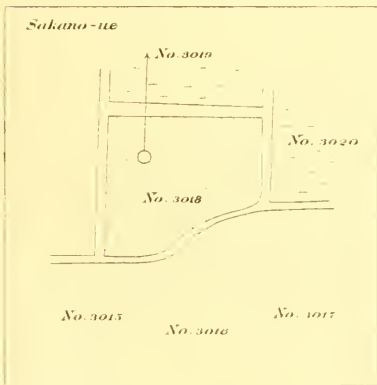
No. 5. *Uminokuti.*
July 16, 1893



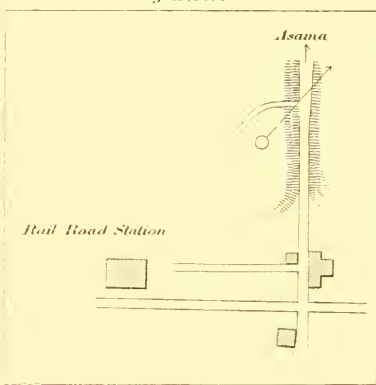
No. 6. *Utsu.*
July 15-16, 1893



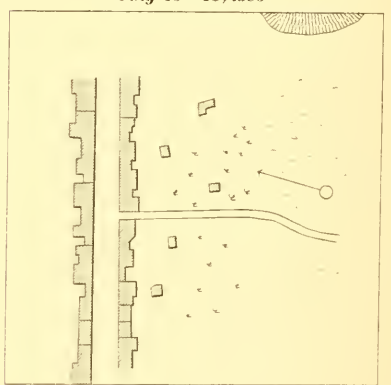
No. 7. *Komoro.*
July 17-18, 1893



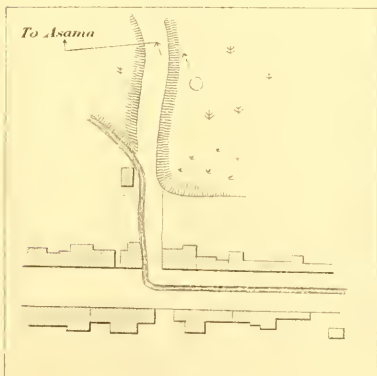
No. 8. *Miyota.*
July 18, 1893



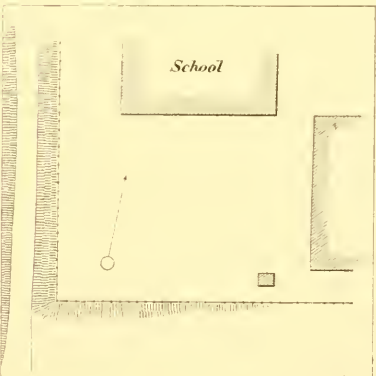
No. 9. *Karūzawa.*
July 18-20, 1893



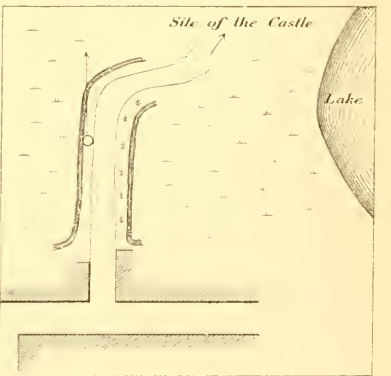
No. 10. *Kitukabe.*
July 20, 1893



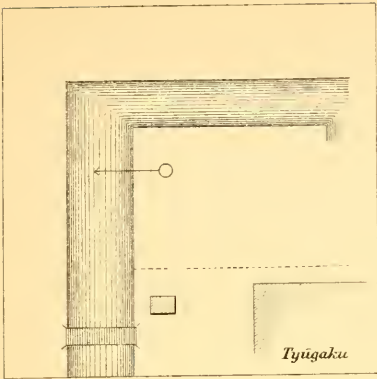
No. 11. *Ueda.*
July 23-24, 1893



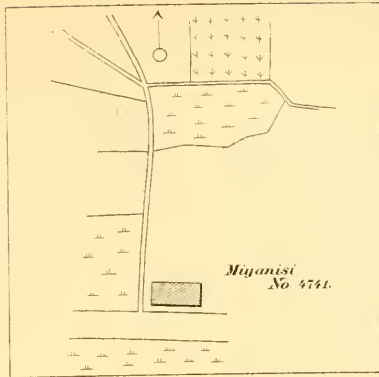
No. 12. *Kamisuwa.*
July 25-26, 1893



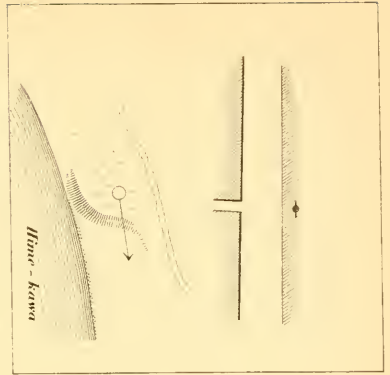
No. 13 Matamoto.
July 27-30, 1893



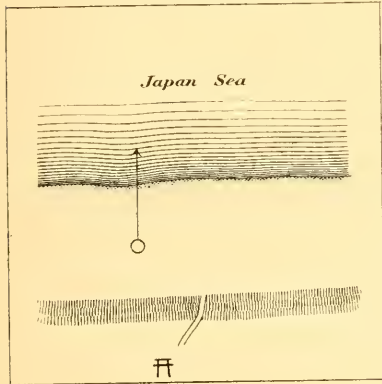
No. 14 Ōmali.
July 30-Aug. 1, 1893



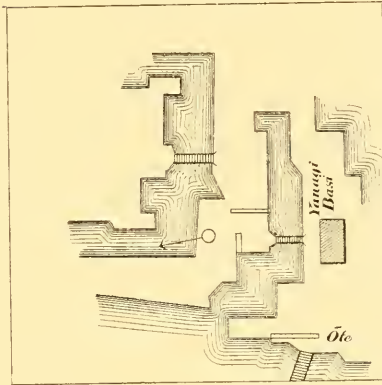
No. 15 Kuruma.
Aug 1 - 2, 1893



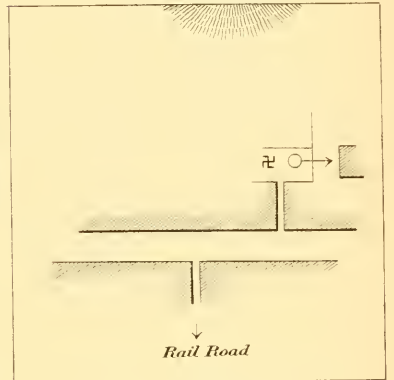
No. 16 Itoigawa.
Aug. 2-3, & Oct. 8-9, 1893



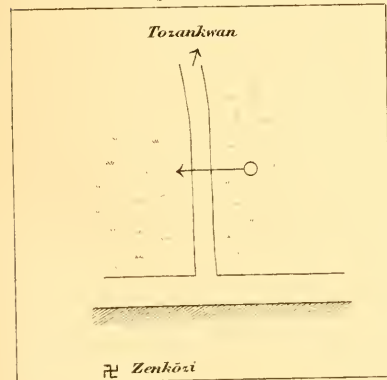
No. 17 Takata.
Aug. 4 - 6, 1893



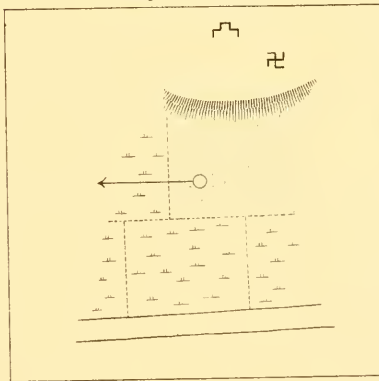
No. 18 Sekiyama.
Aug. 7 - 8, 1893



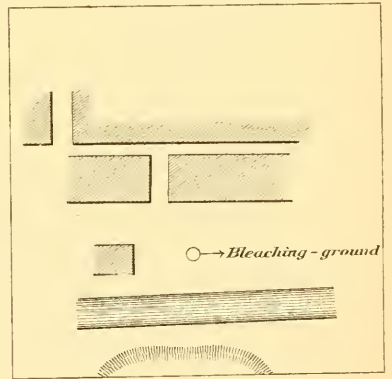
No. 19 Nagano.
Aug. 8-10, 1893



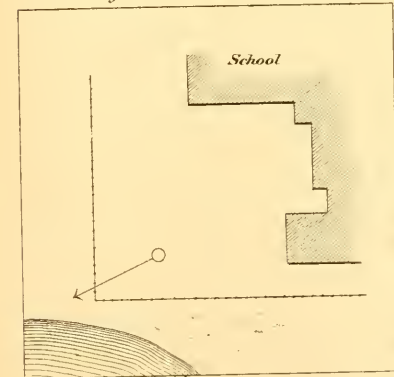
No. 20 Iiyama.
Aug. 11 - 12, 1893



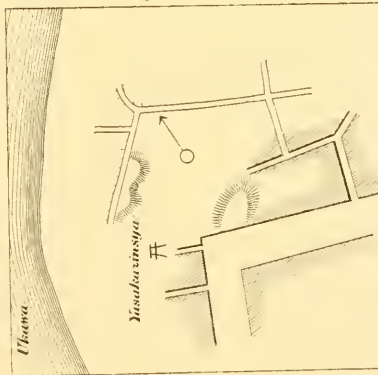
No. 21 Tōkamati.
Aug. 13 - 15, 1893



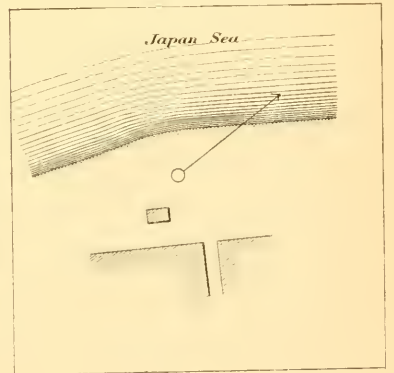
No. 22 Nagaoka.
Aug. 15-18, and Aug. 26-27, 1893



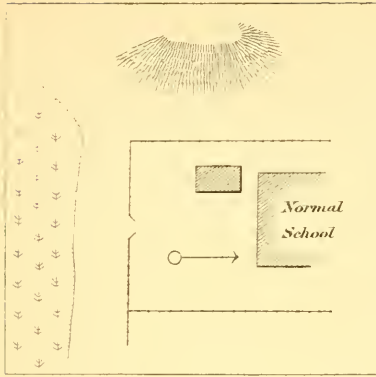
No. 23 Kasiwazaki.
Aug. 18 - 21, 1893



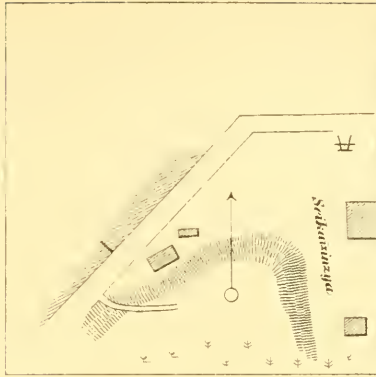
No. 24 Teradomari.
Aug. 22, 1893



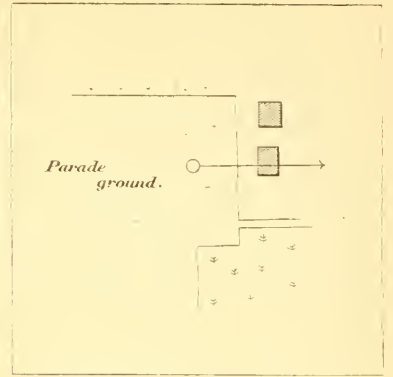
No. 25 Nūgata
Aug. 23 - 25, 1893



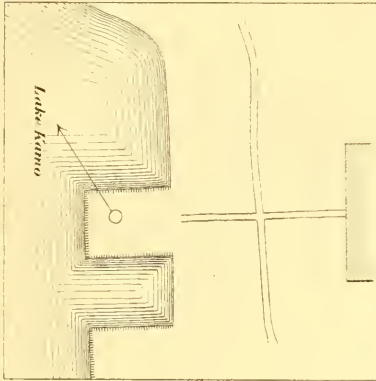
No. 26 Kamo
Aug. 28, 1893



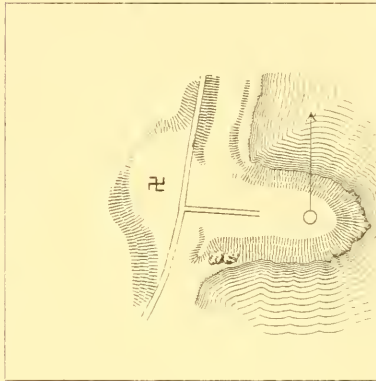
No. 27 Sibata
Aug. 29 - 30, 1893



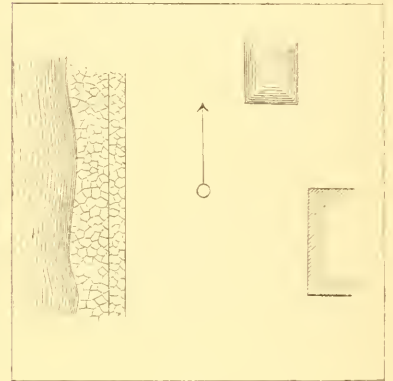
No. 28 Ebisu.
Aug. 31 - Sept. 1, 1893



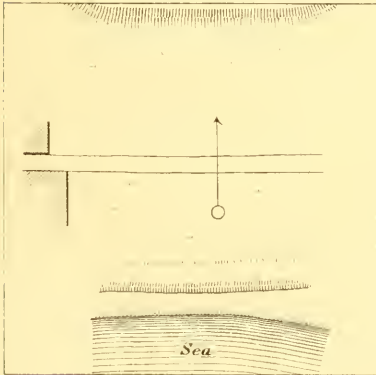
No. 29 Wāsizaki.
Sept. 2 - 3, 1893



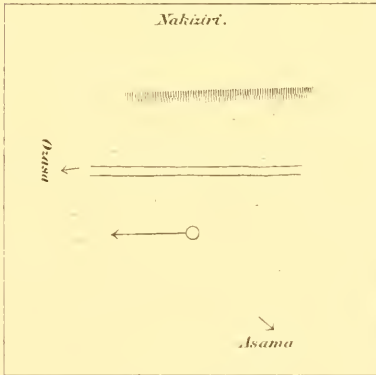
No. 30 Aikawa.
Sept. 6 - 7, 1893



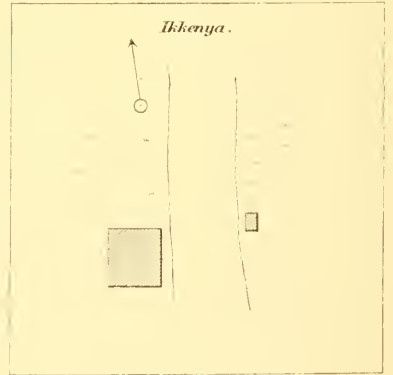
No. 31 Ogi.
Sept. 7 - 9, 1893



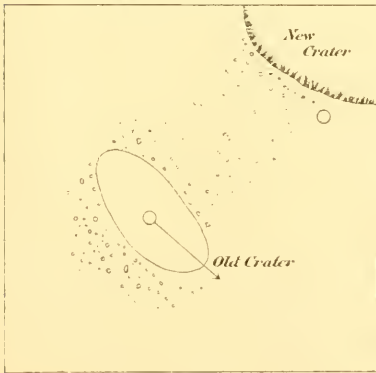
No. 32 Ōzasa.
Sept. 12, 1893



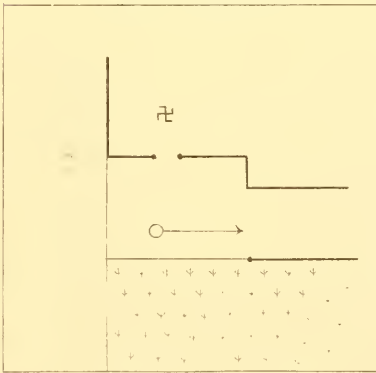
No. 33 Wakasave.
Sept. 12 - 13, 1893



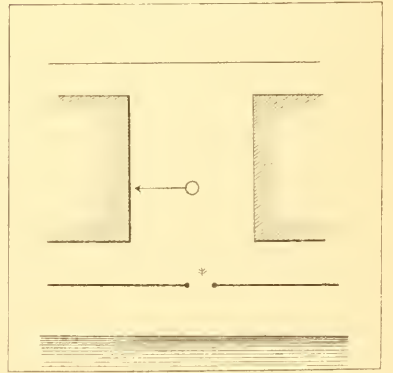
No. 34 Asanui.
Sept. 13, 1893



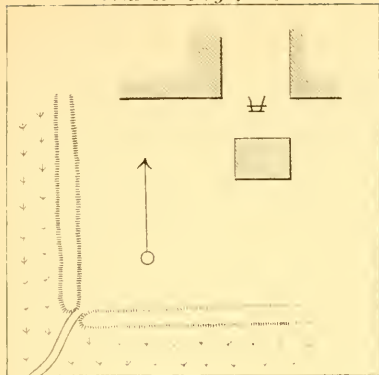
No. 35 Matuida.
Sept. 14 - 16, 1893



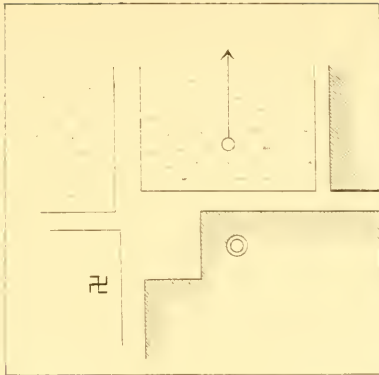
No. 36 Takasaki
Sept. 16 - 18, 1893



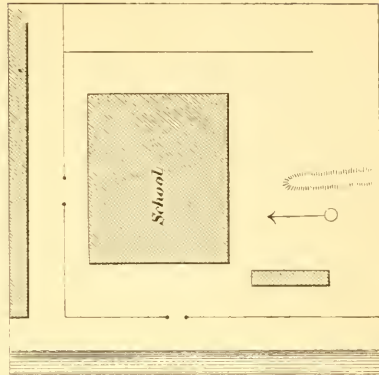
No. 37 Numata.
Sept. 19 - 20, 1893
June 29 - July 1, 1895



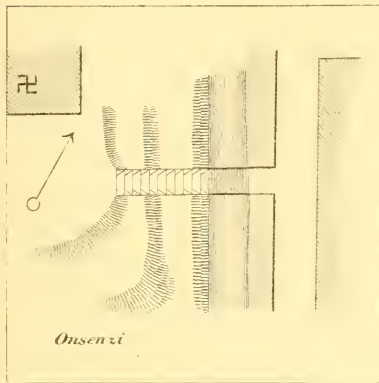
No. 38 Kumagai.
Sept. 21 - 22, 1893



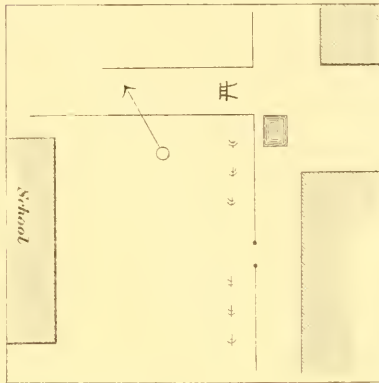
No. 39 Odawara.
Sept. 26 - 28, 1893



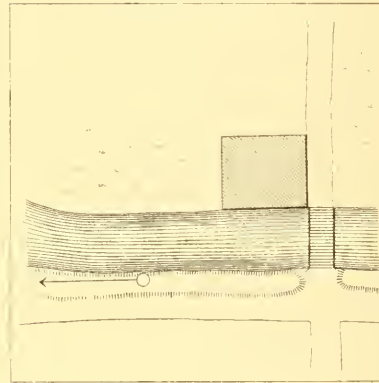
No. 40 Atami.
Oct. 2 - 3, 1893



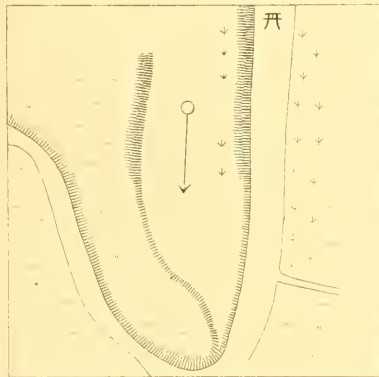
No. 41 Simoda.
Oct. 7 - 8, 1893



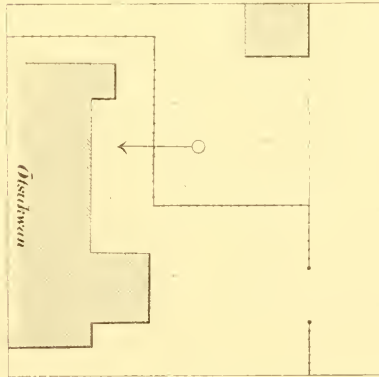
No. 42 Mutsuzaki.
Oct. 11 - 12, 1893



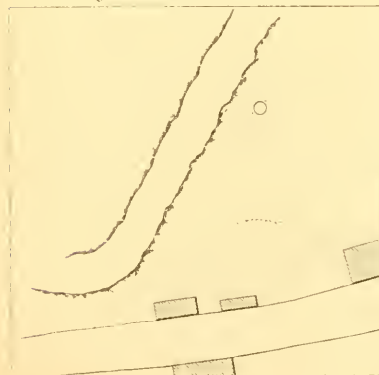
No. 43 Hadisawa.
Oct. 17 - 18, 1893



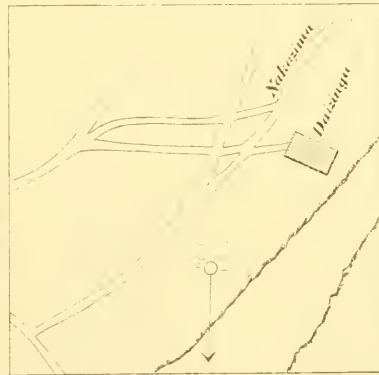
No. 44 Ōbu.
Oct. 22 - 23, 1893



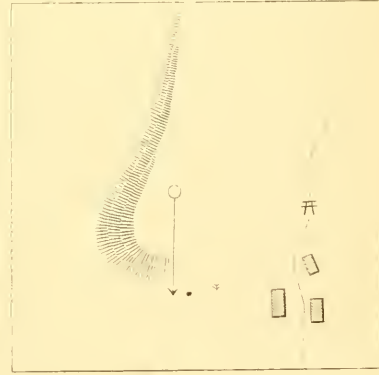
No. 45 Midono.
July 5-6 and Oct. 25-26, 1893



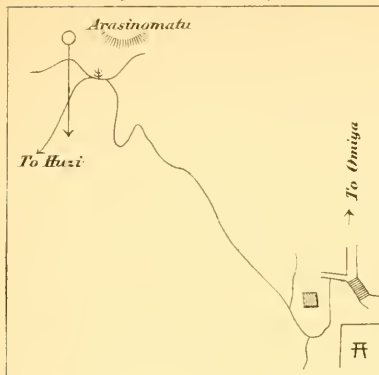
No. 46 Yosida.
July 7, and Oct. 24-25, 1893



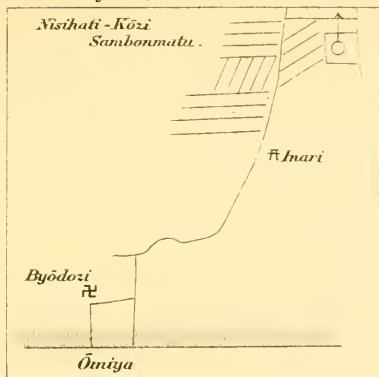
No. 47 Umagasaki.
July 8-10, and Oct. 22-23, 1893



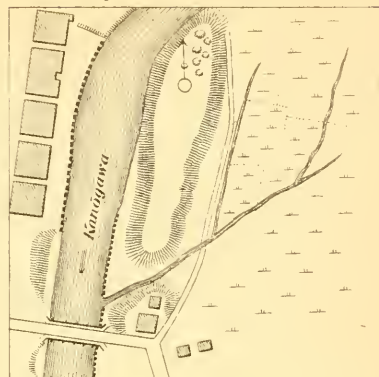
No. 52 *Miwayama*.
July 15, and Oct. 19-20, 1893



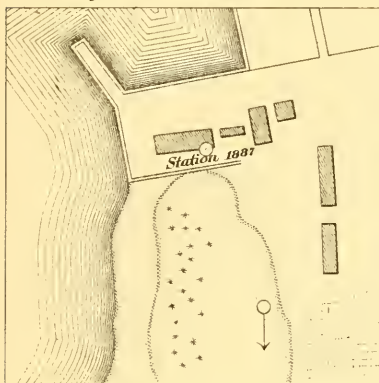
No. 62 *Ōmiya*
July 19-20, and Oct. 18, 1893



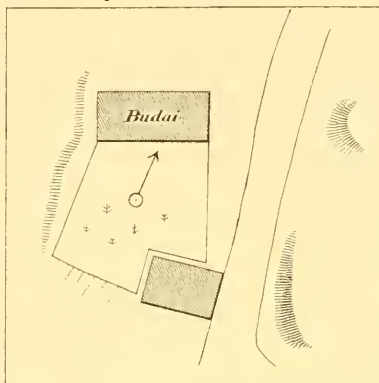
No. 63 *Nimazu*.
July 21-22, and Oct. 26-27, 1893



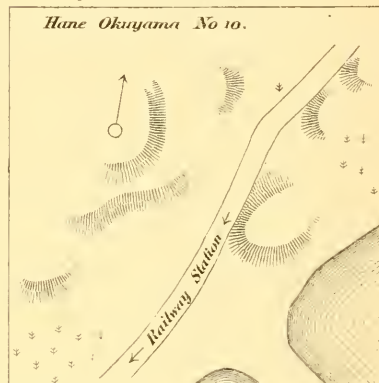
No. 64 *Sūmizu*.
July 22-23, and Oct. 16-17, 1893



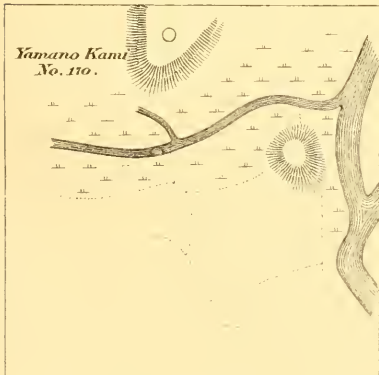
No. 65 *Nisinoto*.
July 26-27, and Oct. 13-14, 1893



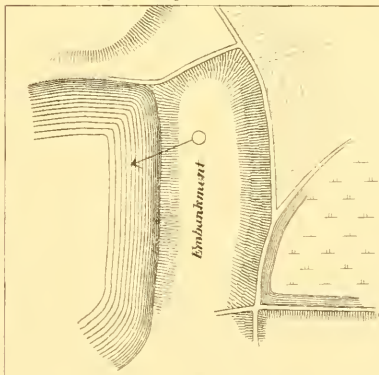
No. 66 *Okazaki*.
July 28-29, and Oct. 3-4, Oct. 15, 1893



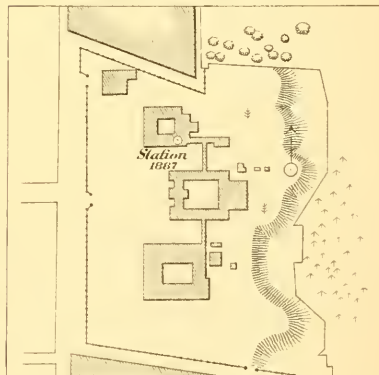
No. 67 *Kōwa*.
July 29-30, and Sept. 27-29, 1893



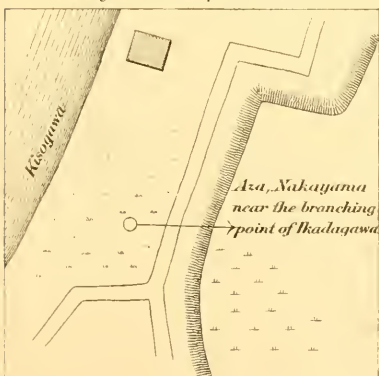
No. 68 *Narumi*.
July 31-Aug. 1, and Oct. 2-3, 1893



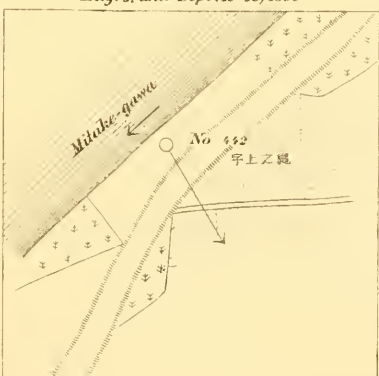
No. 69 *Nagoya*.
Aug. 1-3, and Sept. 16, 1893
Oct. 6-7, 1896



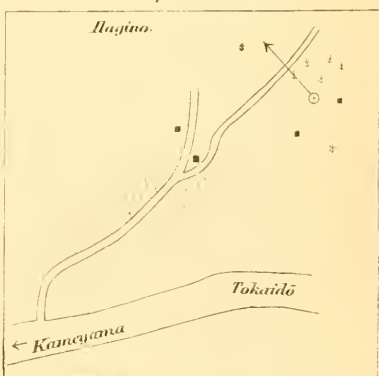
No. 70 *Margasu*.
Aug. 3-4, and Sept. 17-19, 1893



No. 71 *Yōkkaiti*.
Aug. 5, and Sept. 19-20, 1893

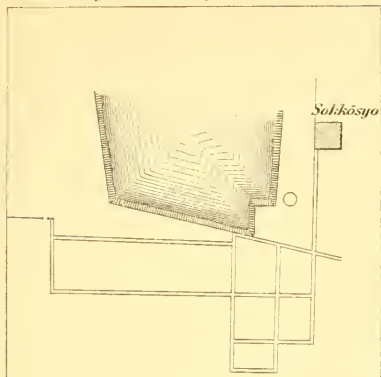


No. 72 *Kaneyama*.
Aug. 6-7, and Sept. 20-22, 1893
Sept. 5-6, 1896



No. 73 Tu.

Aug 7-8, and Sept. 22-23, 1893



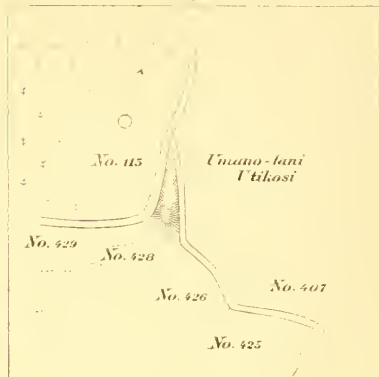
No. 74 Kamayasiro.

Aug. 8-9, and Sept. 23-24, 1893



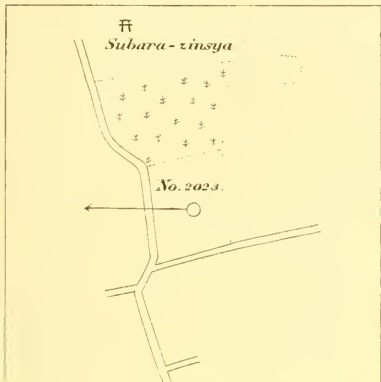
No. 75 Toba.

Aug. 9-10, and Sept. 25-26, 1893



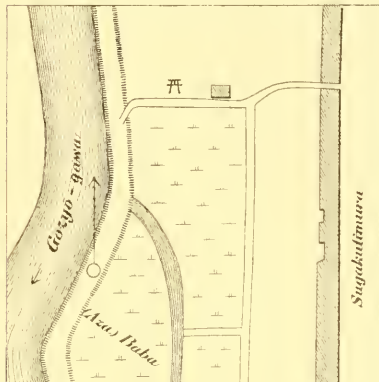
No. 76 Katikawa.

Aug. 12-13 and Oct 6-7, 1893



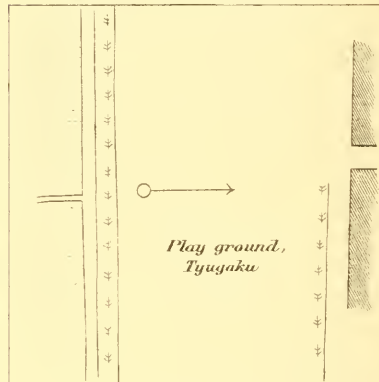
No. 77 Kiyosu.

Aug. 13-14, and Sept 30 Oct 2, 1893



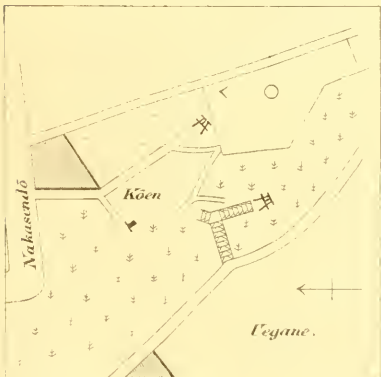
No. 78 Gihu.

Aug. 15-17, and Sept 6-7, 1893



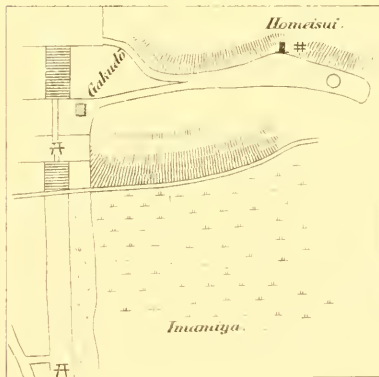
No. 79 Nakatugawa.

Aug 19, and Oct. 8-9, 1893



No. 80 Iida.

Aug. 22-23, and Oct. 11-12, 1893



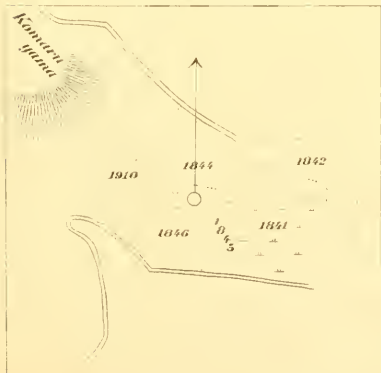
No. 81 Matuō

Aug. 23-24, 1893



No. 82 Fukushima

Aug 26, 1893



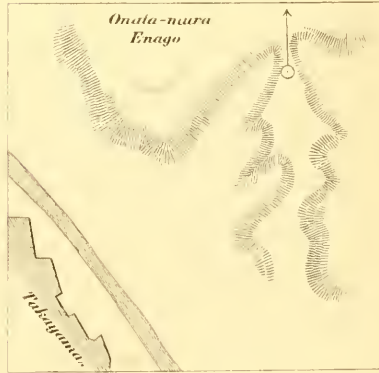
No. 83 Nonugi.

Aug. 28, 1893

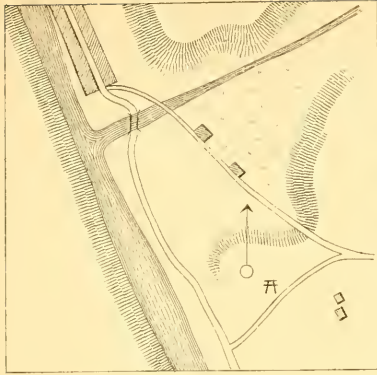


No. 84 Takayama.

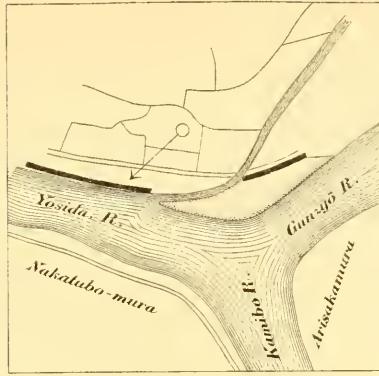
Aug. 30-31, 1893



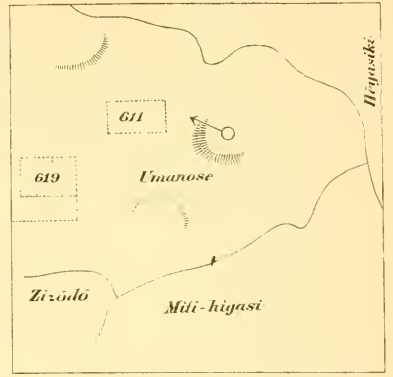
No. 85 Gero.
Sept. 1-2, 1893



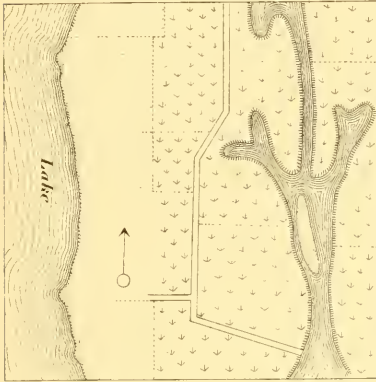
No. 86 Hatinan.
Sept. 4, 1893



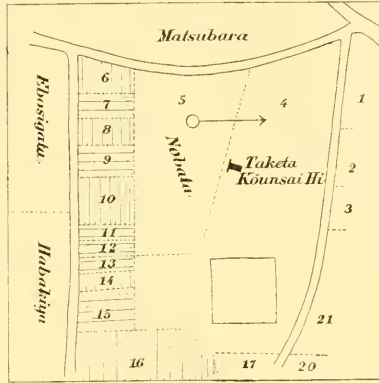
No. 87 Nagamine.
Sept. 8, 1893



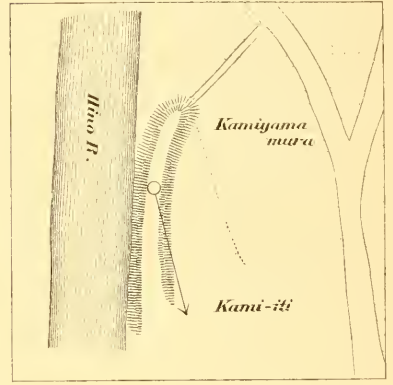
No. 88 Nagahama.
Sept. 9-10, 1893



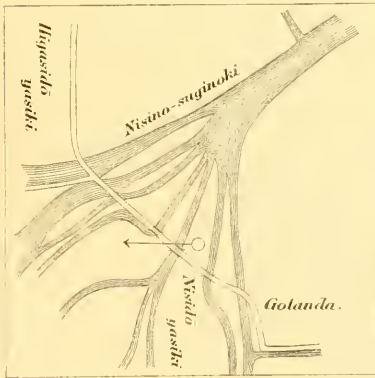
No. 89 Turuga.
Sept. 11, 1893



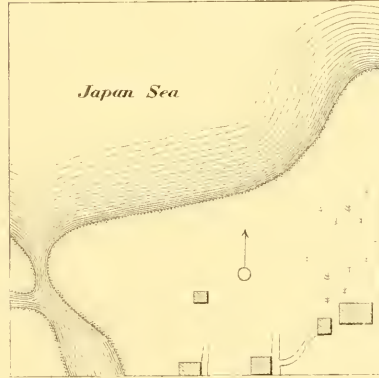
No. 90 Takeku.
Sept. 12-13, 1893



No. 91 Ōno.
Sept. 14-15, 1893



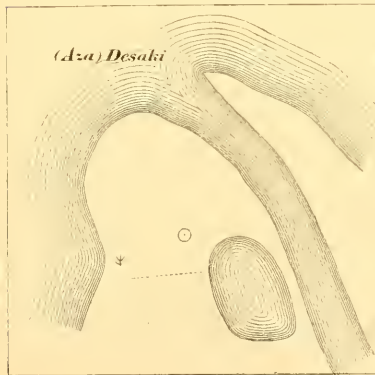
No. 92 Sioya.
Sept. 16-17, 1893



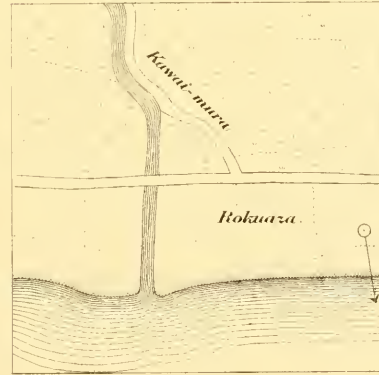
No. 93 Kanazawa.
Sept. 18-19, 1893



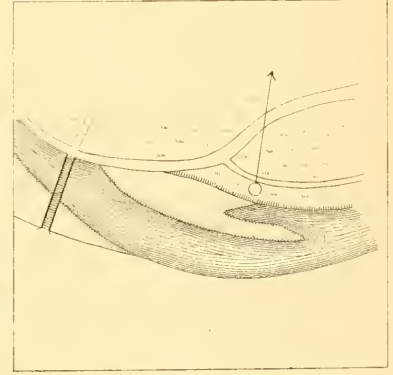
No. 94 Nanao.
Sept. 20-22, 1893



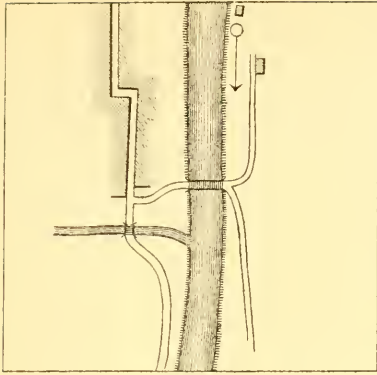
No. 95 Warima.
Sept. 24-25, 1893



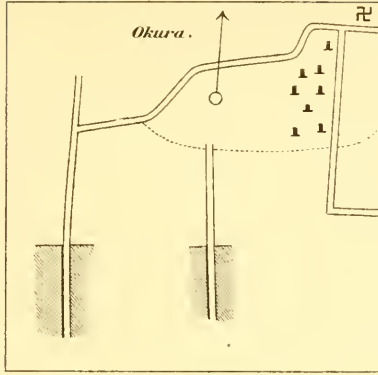
No. 96 Toyama.
Sept. 28-29, 1893



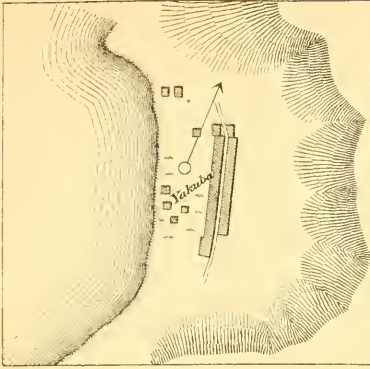
No. 97 Mozumi.
Oct 1-3, 1893



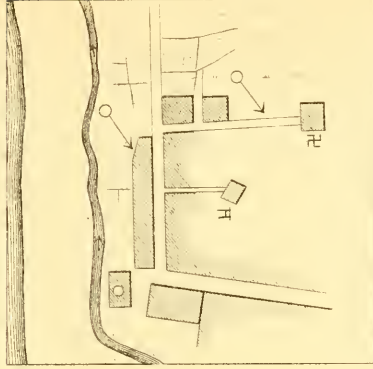
No. 98 Mikkaifi.
Oct. 5-6, 1893



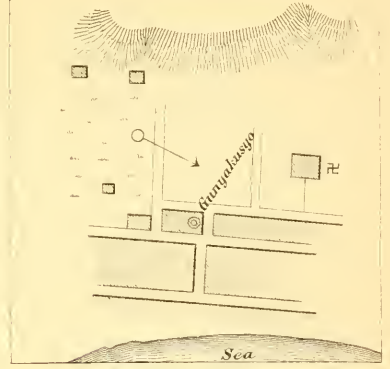
No. 99 Abuta
July 1 - 2, 1894



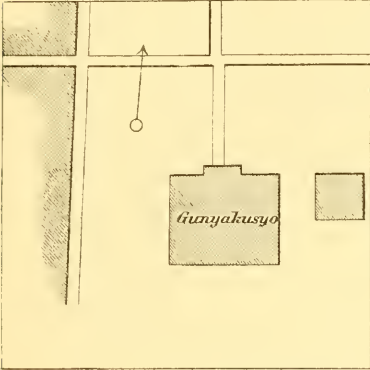
No. 100 Osyamanbe
July 4 - 7, 1894



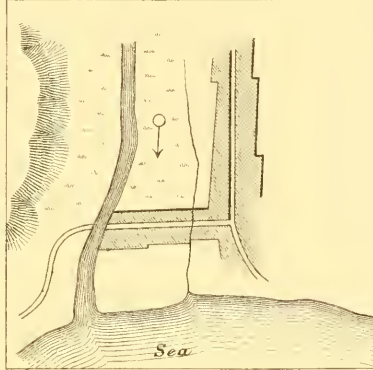
No. 101 Sattu
July 8 - 9, 1894



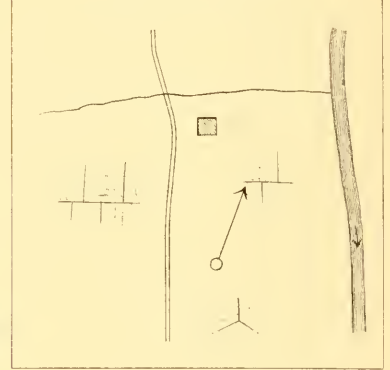
No. 102 Iwanai
July 11 - 12, 1894



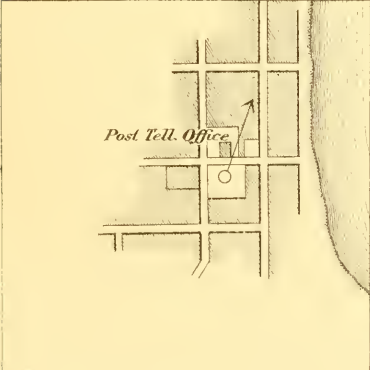
No. 103 Yöbetu
July 13 - 14, 1894



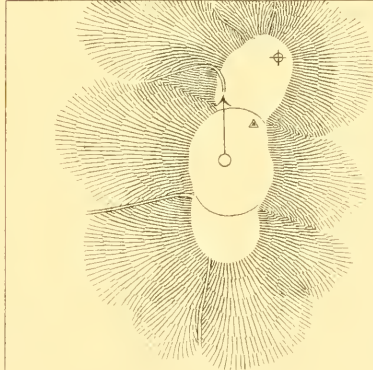
No. 104 Hunama
July 15 - 16, 1894



No. 105 Otaru
July 17 - 19, 1894



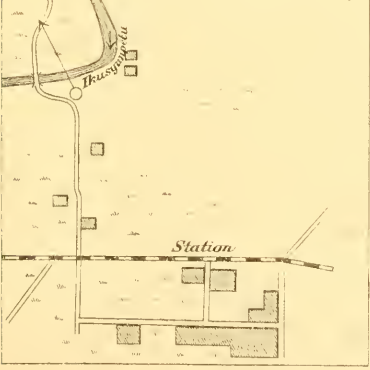
No. 106 Otaru Myökensan
Aug. 15 - 18, 1894



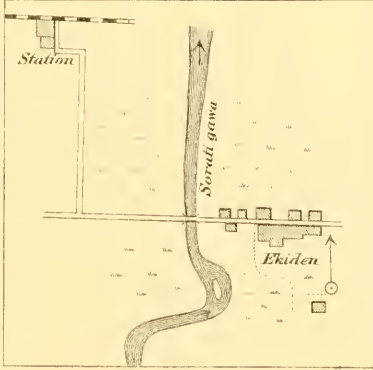
No. 107 Sapporo
July 20 - 22, 1894



No. 108 Iwanizawa
July 23 - 25, 1894



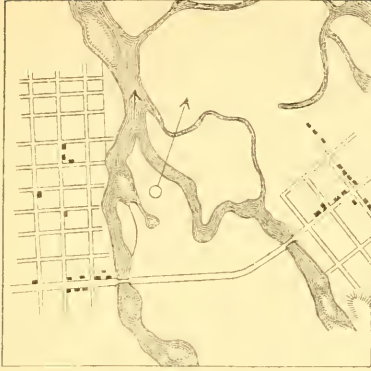
No. 109 Soradaipt.
July 25 - 26, 1894



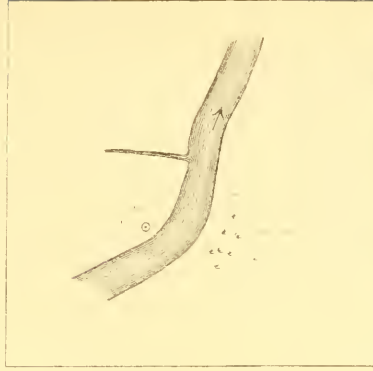
No. 110 Tip-yabusu
July 29 - 30, 1894



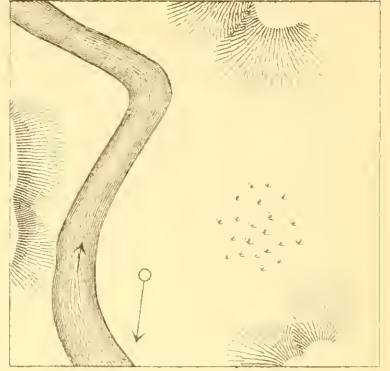
No. 111 Asahikawa
Aug. 1 - 2, 1894



No. 112 Ohotukawa
Aug. 3 - 4, 1894



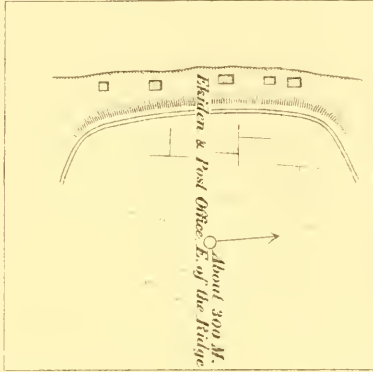
No. 113 Porokamuikotan
Aug. 6 - 7, 1894



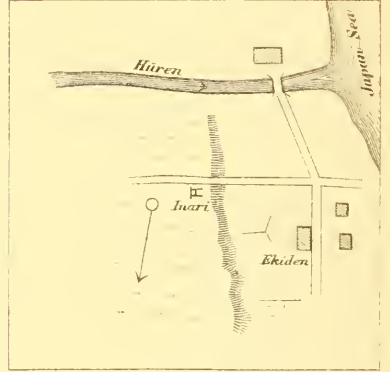
No. 114 Masike
Aug. 20 - 22, 1894



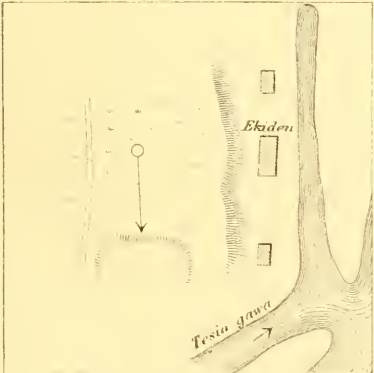
No. 115 Srasitomari
Aug. 23 - 24, 1894



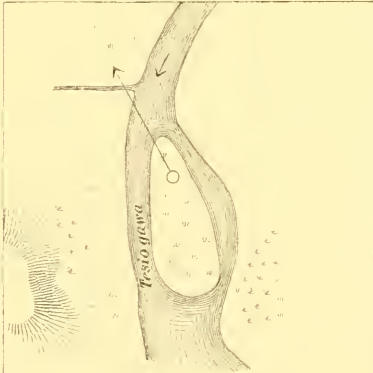
No. 116 Hüren
Aug. 25 - 26, 1894



No. 117 Tesio
Aug. 29 - 30, 1894



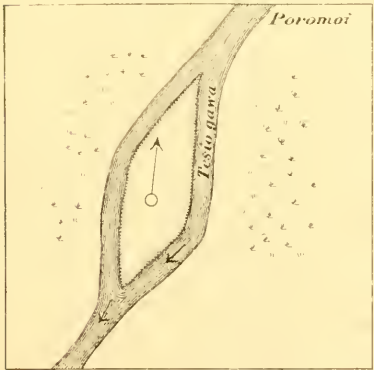
No. 119 Okurumatomani
Sept. 5 - 6, 1894



No. 120 Nayoropt
Sept. 8 - 9, 1894



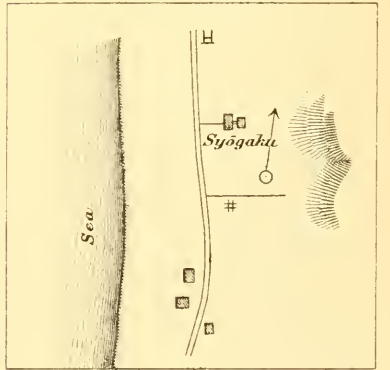
No. 121 Nuppa-mamoi
Sept. 11 - 12, 1894



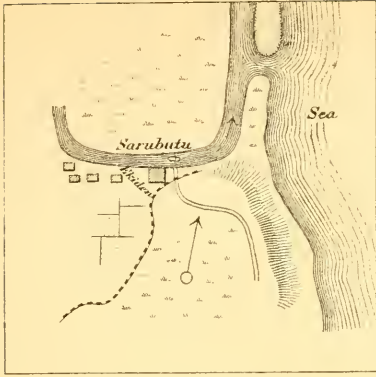
No. 123 Wakkanai
Sept. 15 - 17, 1894



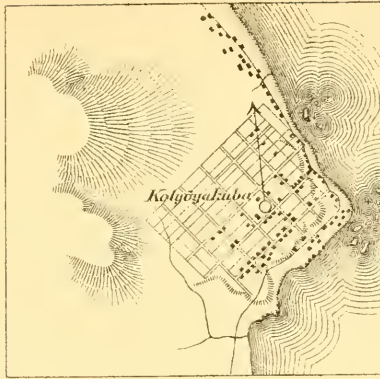
No. 124 Sōya
Sept. 17 - 18, 1894



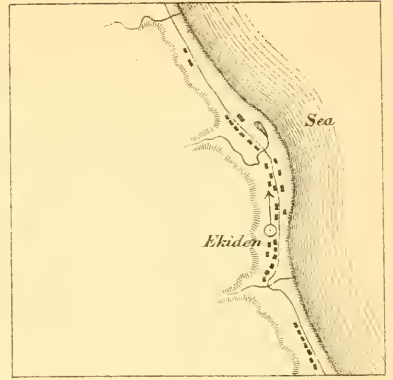
No. 125 Sarubutu
Sept. 20 - 21, 1894



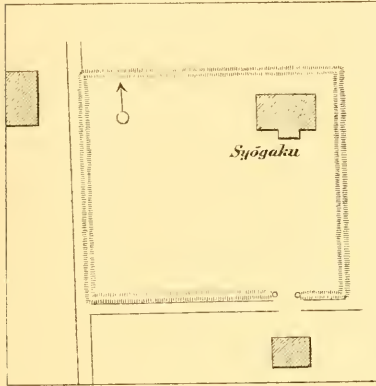
No. 126 Esasū
Sept. 22 - 23, 1894



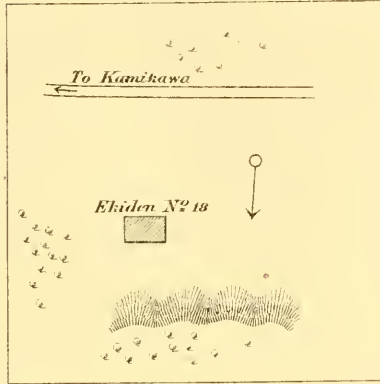
No. 127 Poronai
Sept. 25 - 26, 1894



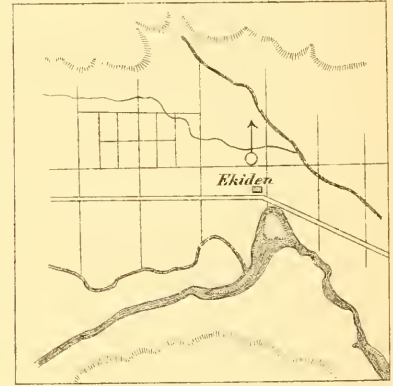
No. 128 Monbetu
Sept. 27 - 28, 1894



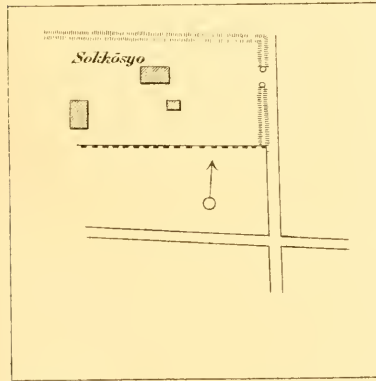
No. 130 Nogami
Sept. 30 - Oct. 1, 1894



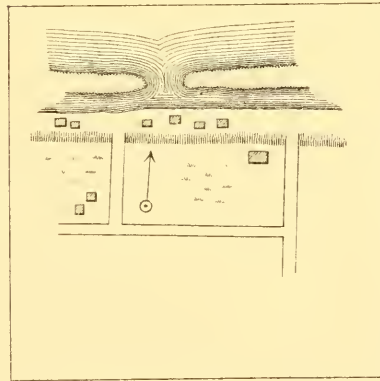
No. 131 Aionai
Oct. 2 - 3, 1894



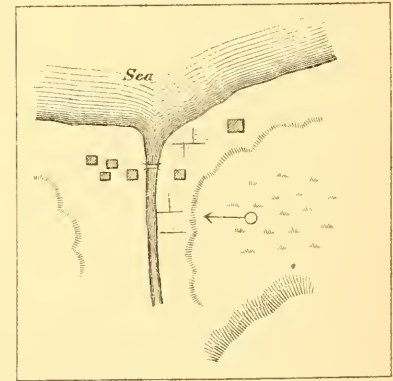
No. 132 Abasiri
Oct. 4 - 5, 1894



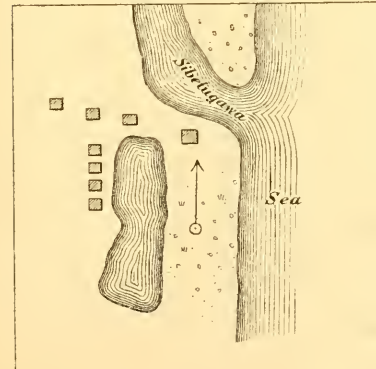
No. 133 Syarū
Oct. 7 - 8, 1894



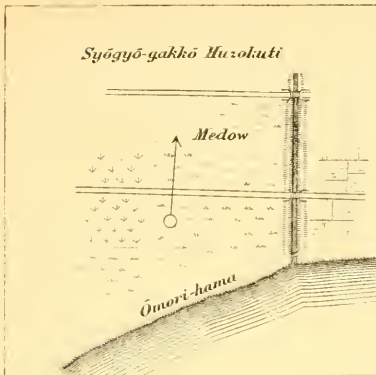
No. 134 Rausu
Oct. 11 - 12, 1894



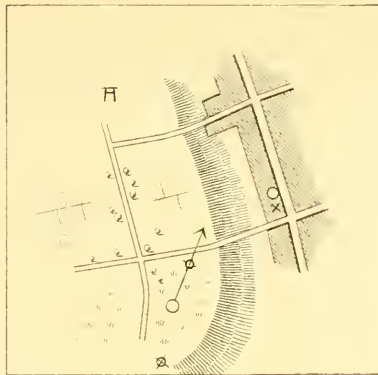
No. 135 Sibetu
Oct. 14 - 15, 1894



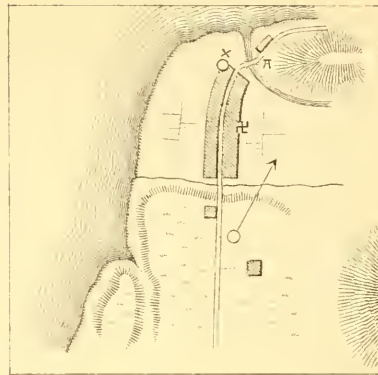
No. 136 Hakodate
July 2-4, 1894



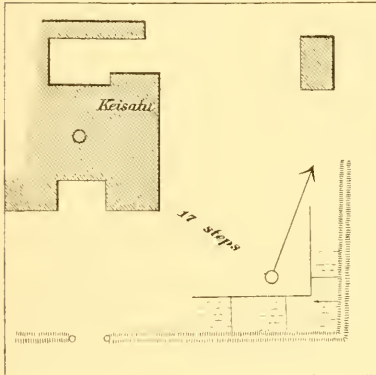
No. 137 Mori
July 6-7, 1894



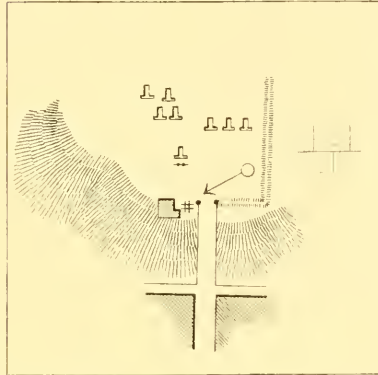
No. 138 Setana
July 12-13, 1894



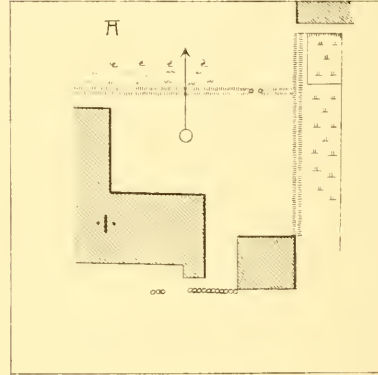
No. 139 Kutō.
July 15-17, 1894



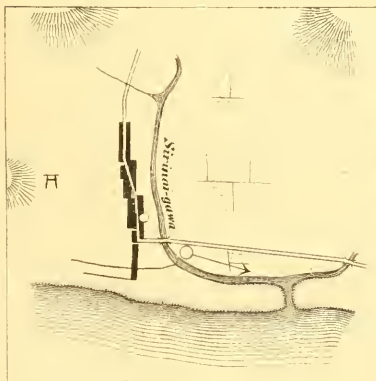
No. 140 Esasi.
July 18-20, 1894



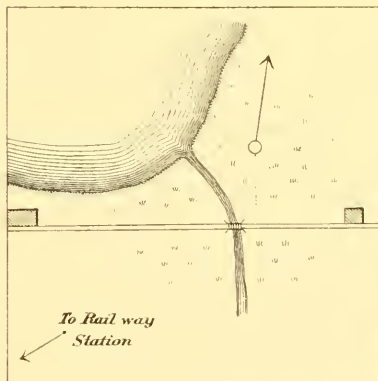
No. 141 Fukuyama.
July 21-22, 1894



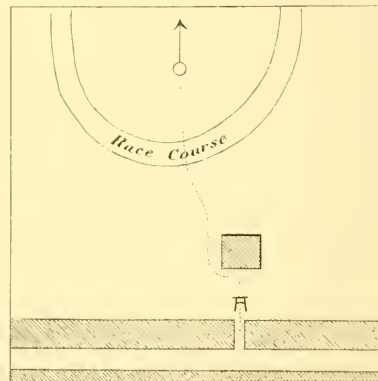
No. 142 Siviuti.
July 23-25, 1894



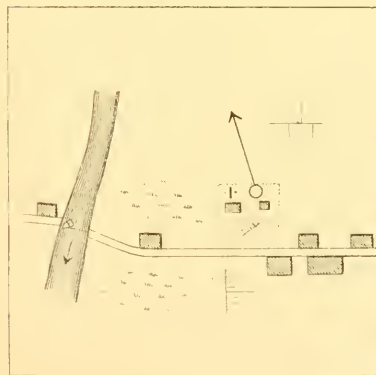
No. 143 Tūribetu.
July 29-30, 1894



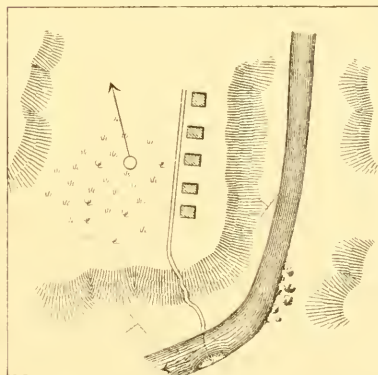
No. 144 Tomakomai.
July 31-Aug. 1, 1894



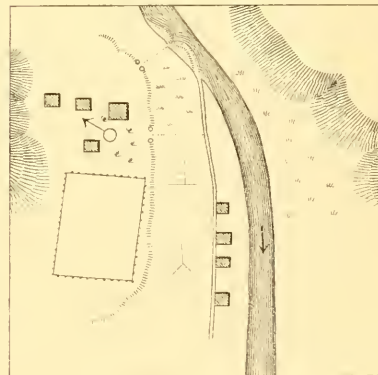
No. 145 Sarupī.
Aug. 4-5, 1894



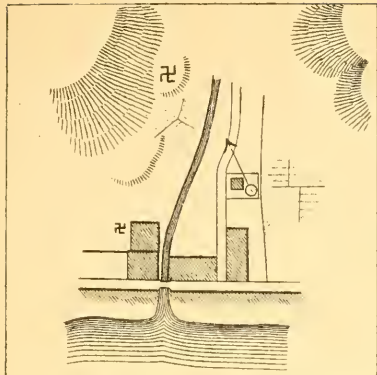
No. 146 Oshyatinaī.
Aug. 6-7, 1894



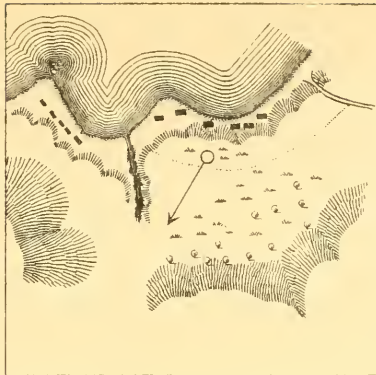
No. 147 Nokuka.
Aug. 12-13, 1894



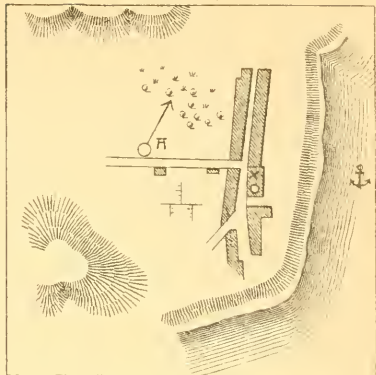
No. 148 Urakawa.
Aug. 14-15, 1894



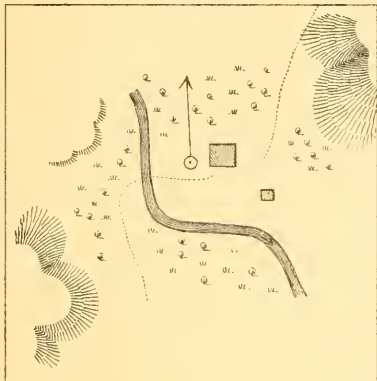
No. 149 Syoya.
Aug. 19-21, 1894



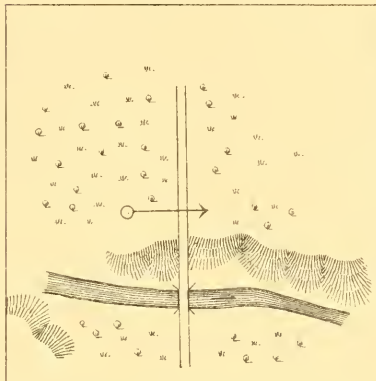
No. 150 Moyoro.
Aug. 24-25, 1894



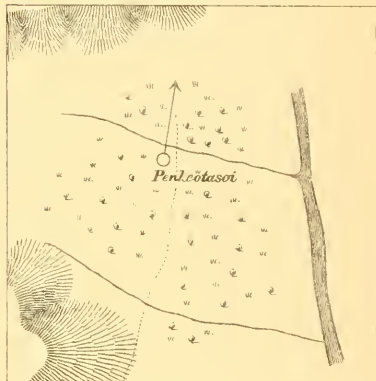
No. 151 Tyūru.
Aug. 27-28, 1894



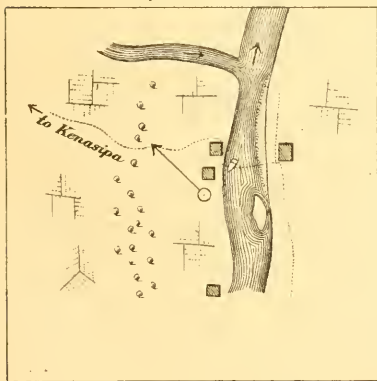
No. 152 Memuro.
Aug. 30-31, 1894



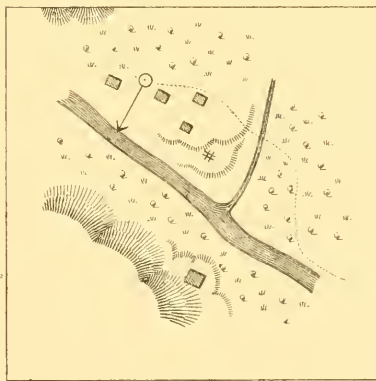
No. 153 Otasoi.
Sept. 3-4, 1894



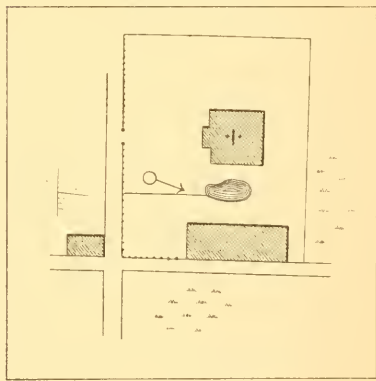
No. 154 Syorusam.
Sept. 7-8, 1894



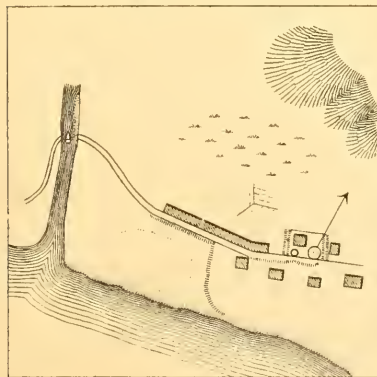
No. 155 Asyoro.
Sept. 11-13, 1894



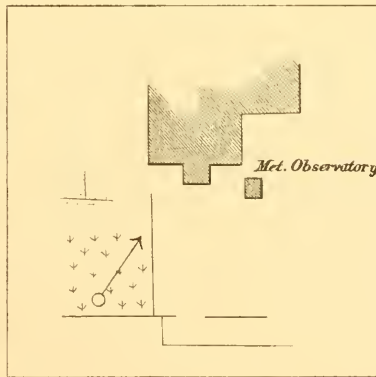
No. 156 Ōta.
Sept. 18-19, 1894



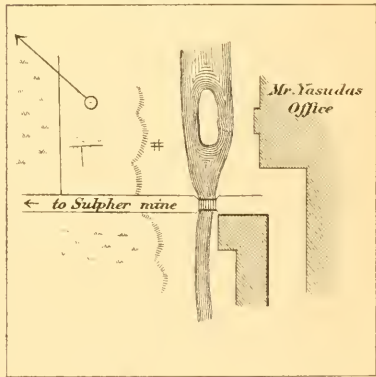
No. 157 Sīranuka.
Sept. 21-22, 1894



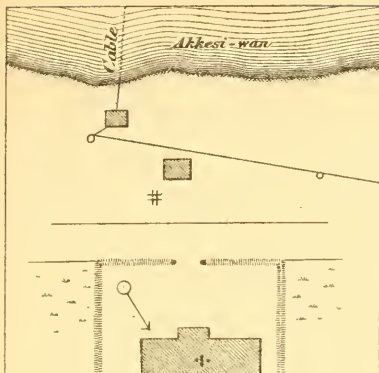
No. 158 Sībetya.
Sept. 24-25, 1894



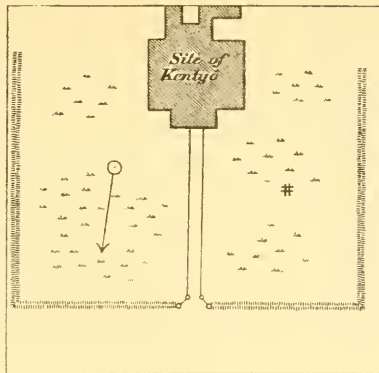
No. 159 Atusanupuri.
Sept. 26-27, 1894



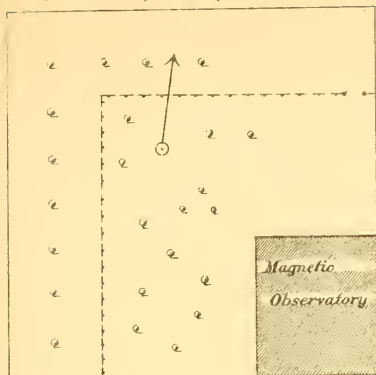
No. 160 Sinryū.
Sept. 30 - Oct. 1, 1894



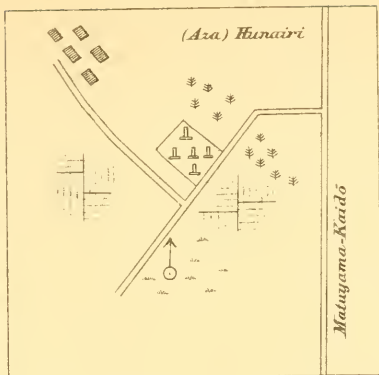
No. 161 Nemuro.
Oct. 6-7, 1894



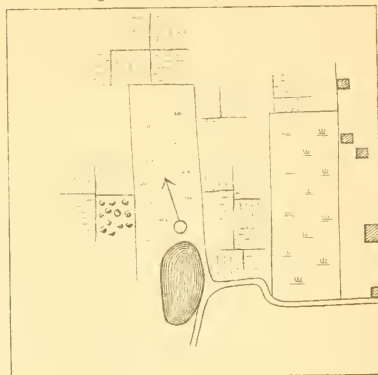
No. 162 Sendai
June 29-30, and Oct. 25-28, 1894
June 26-28, and Sept. 9-10, 1895



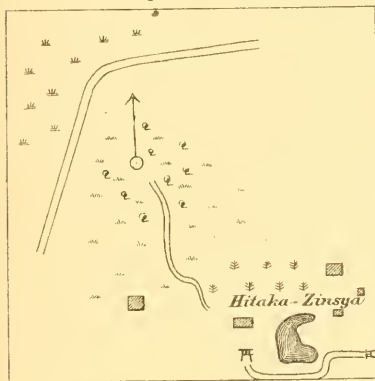
No. 163 Kogota
June 29-30, 1895



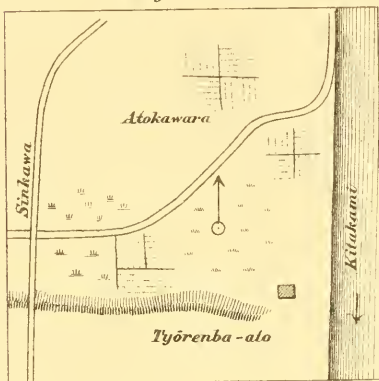
No. 164 Gamon (Wakayanagi)
July 2-3, and Sept. 8, 1895



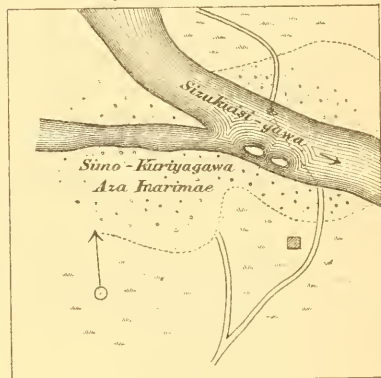
No. 165 Midzusawa
July 4-5, 1895



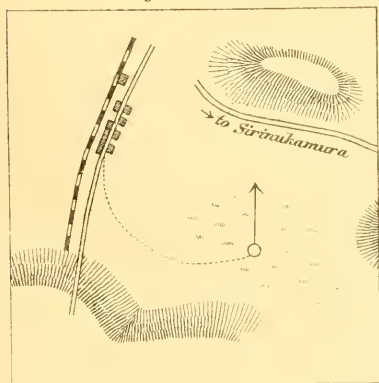
No. 166 Hanamaki
July 6-7, 1895



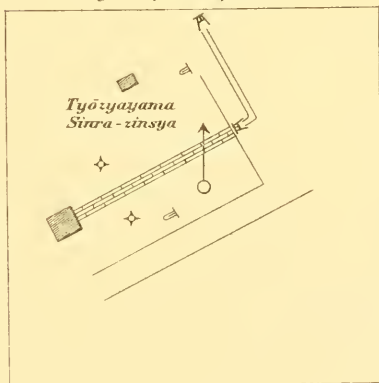
No. 167 Morioka
July 7-8, and Sept. 7, 1895



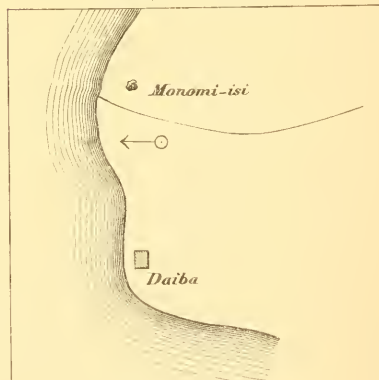
No. 168 Nakayama
July 9-10, 1895



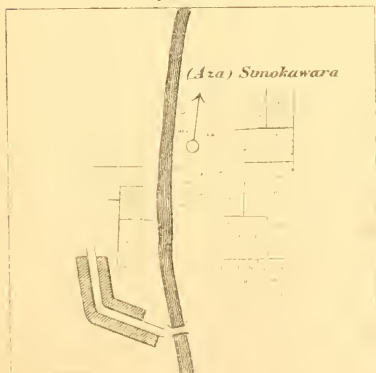
No. 169 Hatinohe
July 11-12, and Sept. 6, 1895



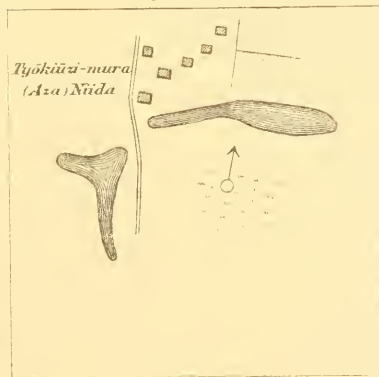
No. 170 Sameura
July 12-13, 1895



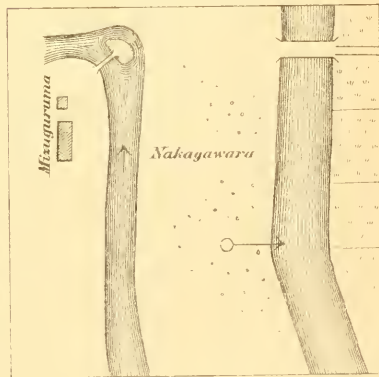
No. 171 Ōno
July 14-15, 1895



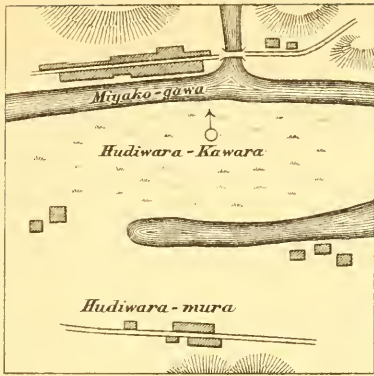
No. 172 Kuzi
July 16-17, 1895



No. 174 Anazawa
July 19-20, 1895



No. 176 Miyako
July 22 - 23, 1895



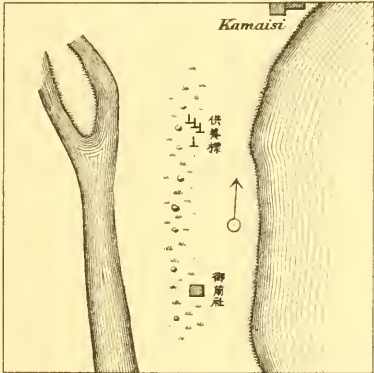
No. 177 Oguni
July 24, 1895



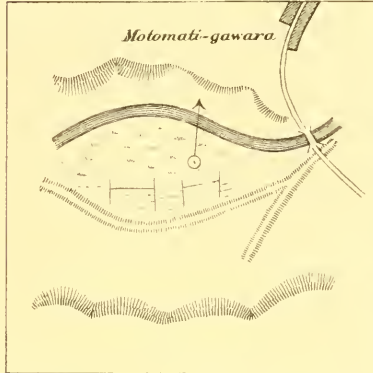
No. 178 Tōno
July 25 - 27, 1895



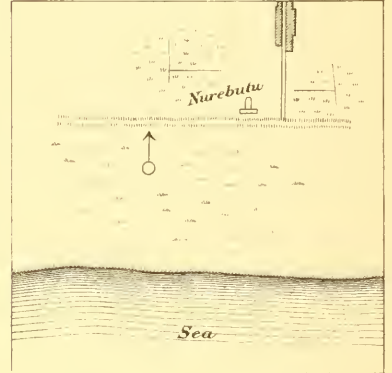
No. 179 Kamaisi
July 28 - 29, 1895



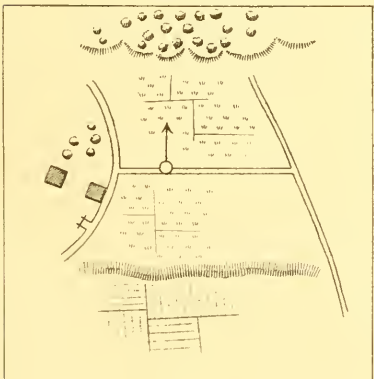
No. 180 Kesennuma
July 31 - Aug. 1, 1895



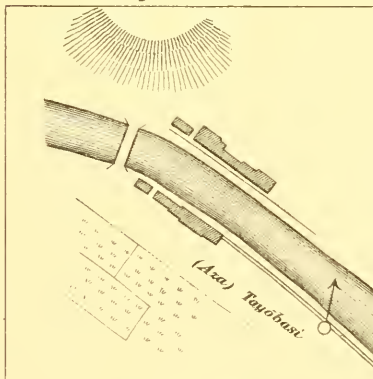
No. 181 Isinomaki
Aug. 6 - 7, 1895



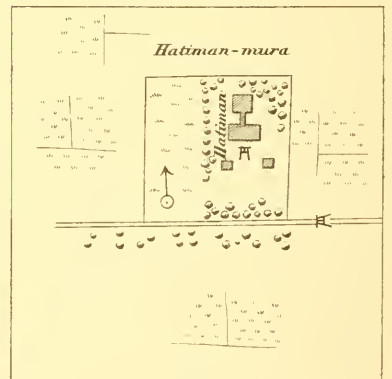
No. 182 Itasazawa
Aug. 8, 1895



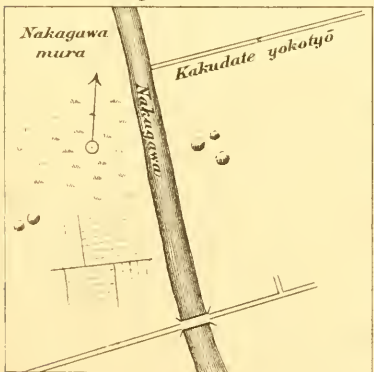
No. 183 Sinoimnai
Aug. 10 - 11, 1895



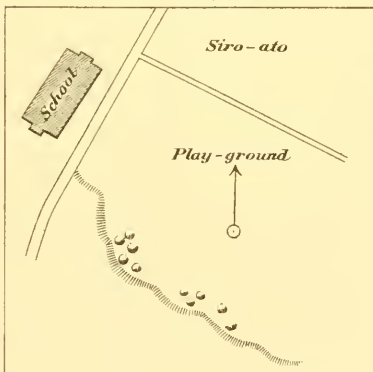
No. 184 Yokota
Aug. 11 - 12, 1895



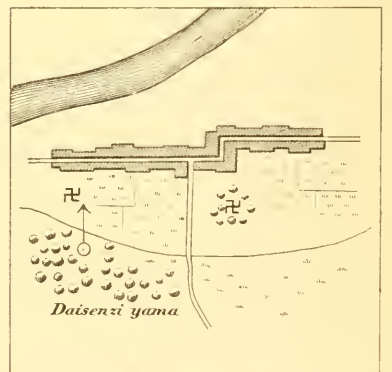
No. 185 Kakudate
Aug. 13 - 14, 1895



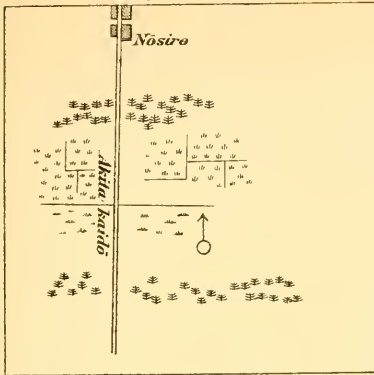
No. 187 Ahira
Aug. 14 - 16, 1895



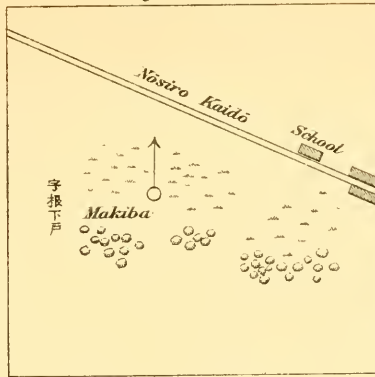
No. 188 Honzyō
Aug. 16 - 17, 1895



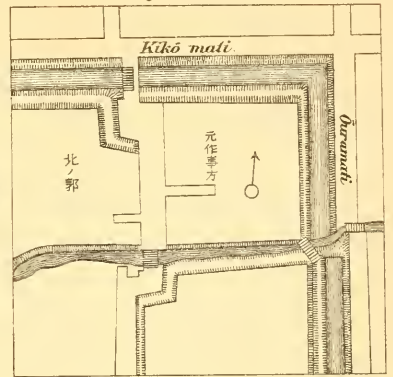
No. 189 Nōsiro.
Aug. 18-19, 1895



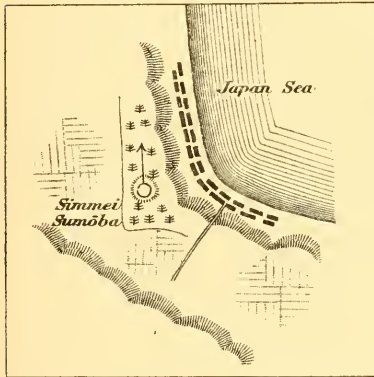
No. 190 Ōdate.
Aug. 20-21, 1895



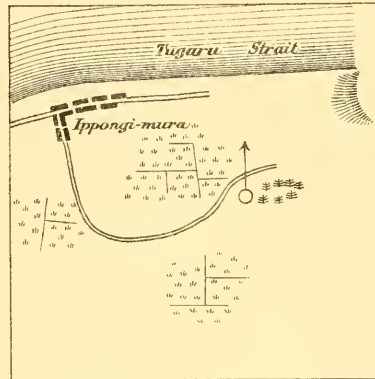
No. 191 Hirosaki.
Aug. 22-23, 1895



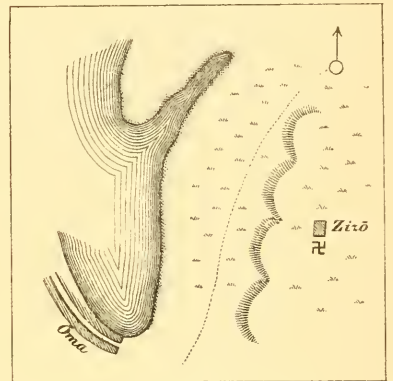
No. 192 Adigasawa.
Aug. 24-25, 1895



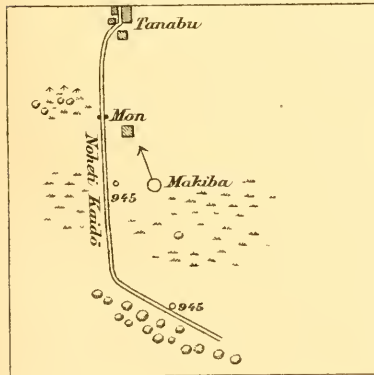
No. 193 Ippongi.
Aug. 26-27, 1895



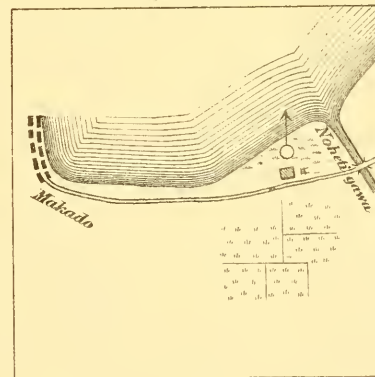
No. 194 Ōma.
Aug. 28-29, 1895



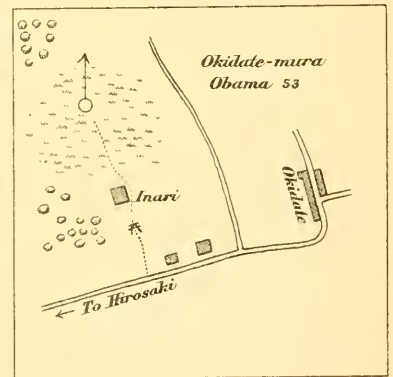
No. 195 Tanabu.
Aug. 31 - Sept. 1, 1895



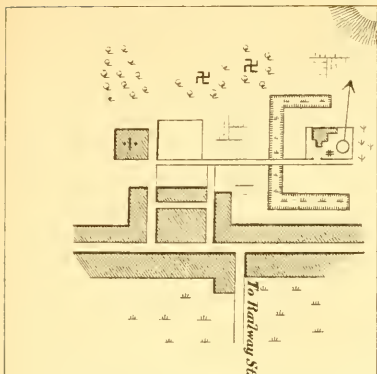
No. 196 Makado.
Sept. 2-3, 1895



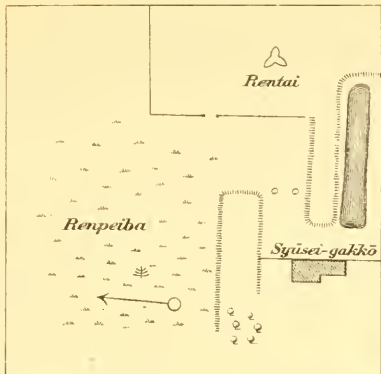
No. 197 Aomori.
Sept. 3-6, 1895



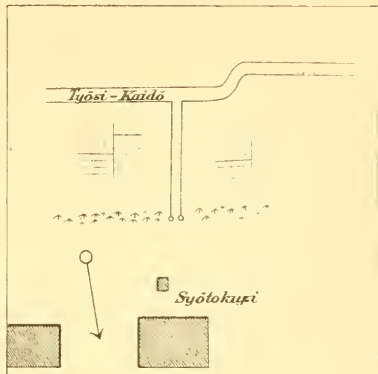
No. 198 Hukaya.
June 28-29, 1895



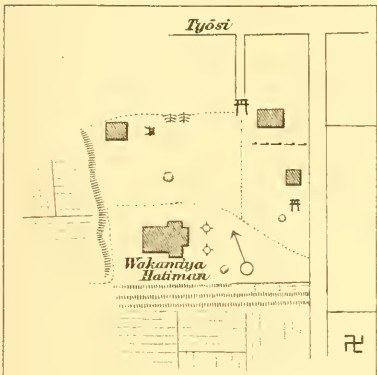
No. 199 Sakura.
July 2-3, 1895



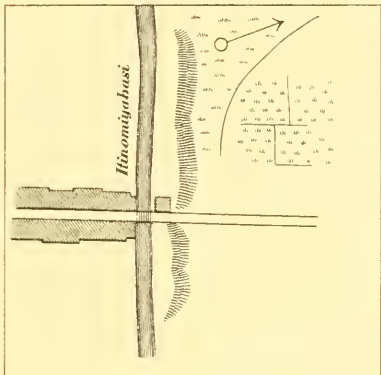
No. 200 Sawara.
July 4-6, 1895



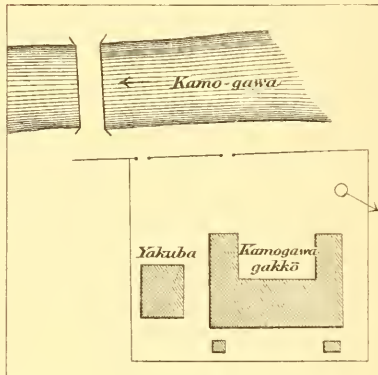
No. 201 Tyōsi.
July 7, 1895



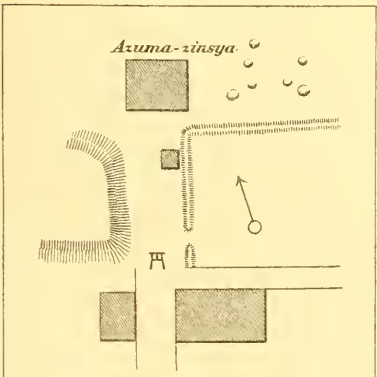
No. 202 Itinomiya.
July 9-10, 1895



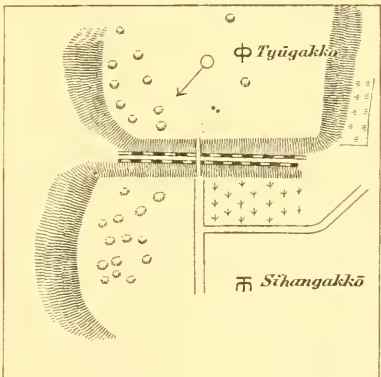
No. 203 Maebara.
July 11-13, 1895



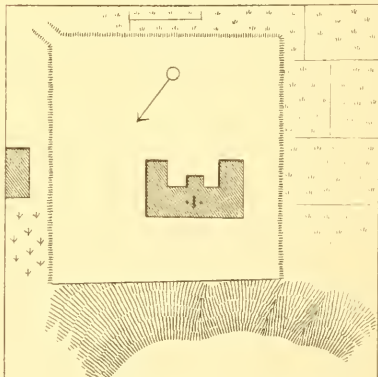
No. 204 Kisaratu.
July 14-15, 1895



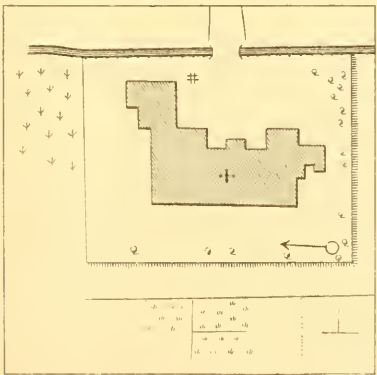
No. 205 Mito.
July 20-21, 1895



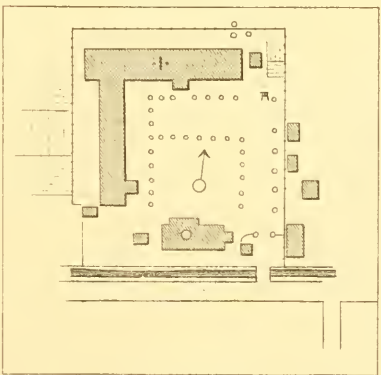
No. 206 Ueda.
July 22-23, 1895



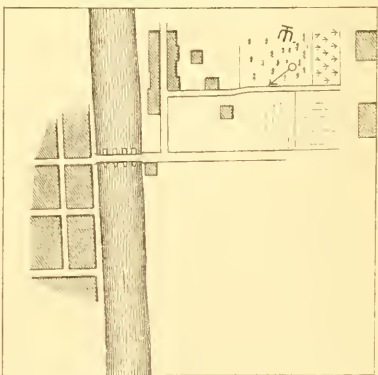
No. 207 Namie.
July 24-25, 1895



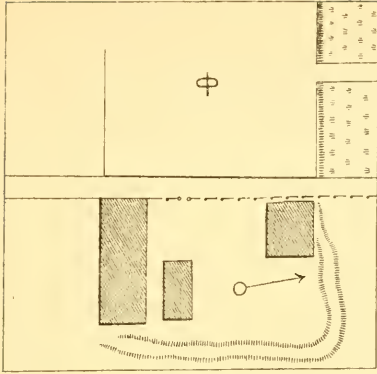
No. 208 Watari.
July 27-28, 1895



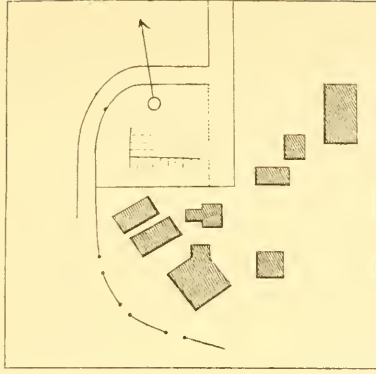
No. 209 Hukusima.
July 28-30, 1895



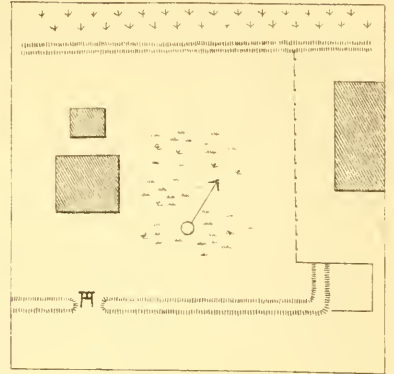
No. 210 Yonezawa.
Aug. 2-3, 1895



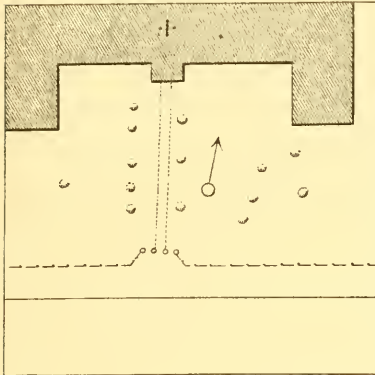
No. 211 Yamagata.
Aug. 4-6, 1895



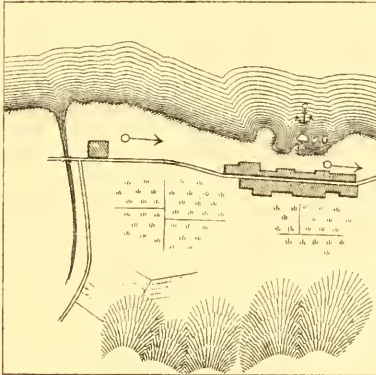
No. 212 Sinxyō.
Aug. 7-9, 1895



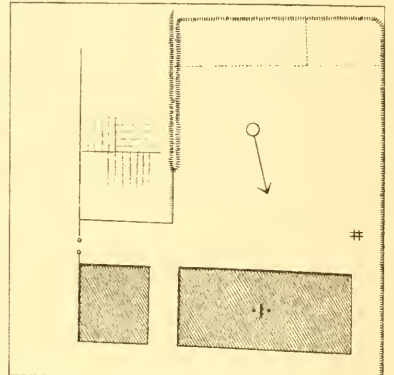
No. 213 Sakata.
Aug. 10-11, 1895



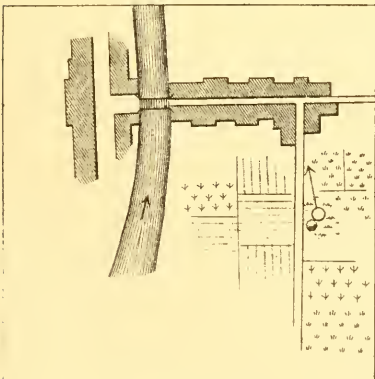
No. 214 Abumi.
Aug. 11-12, 1895



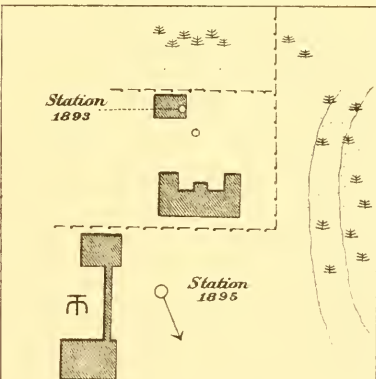
No. 215 Murakami.
Aug. 12-13, 1895



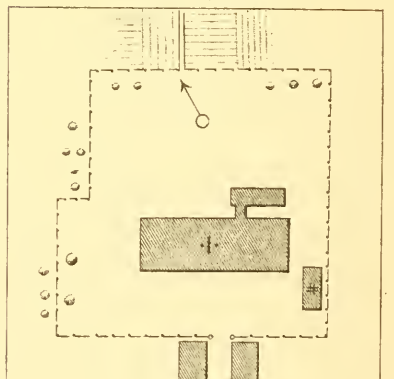
No. 216 Oguni.
Aug. 14-15, 1895



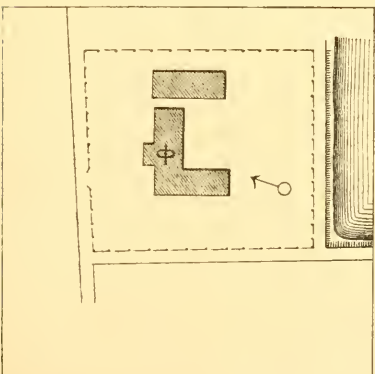
No. 25 Nūgata.
Aug. 16-17, 1895



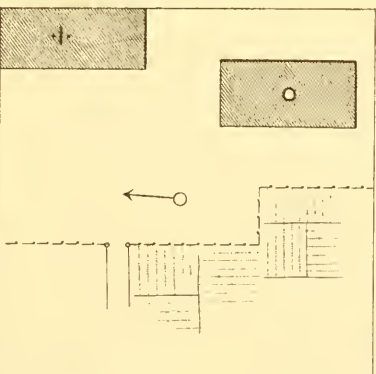
No. 217 Tugawa.
Aug. 19, 1895



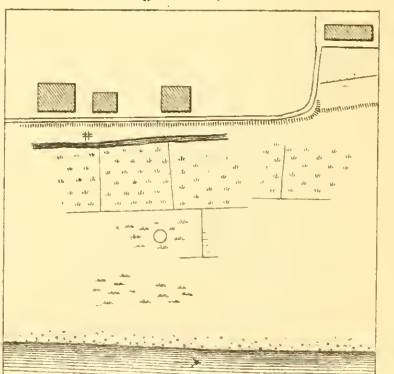
No. 218 Wakamatu.
Aug. 21-22, 1895



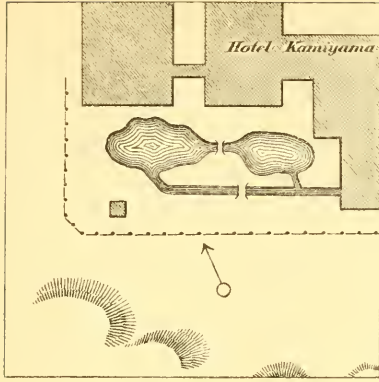
No. 219 Taxima.
Aug. 22-23, 1895



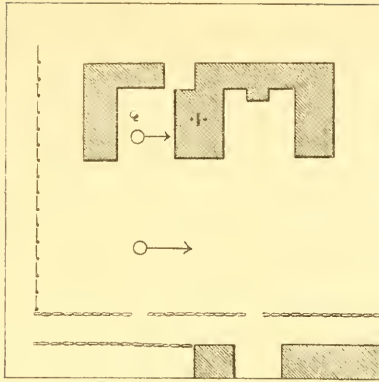
No. 220 Tadami.
Aug. 24-25, 1895



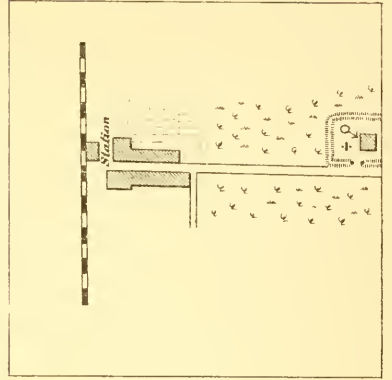
No. 221 Nikkō.
Aug. 28-29, 1895



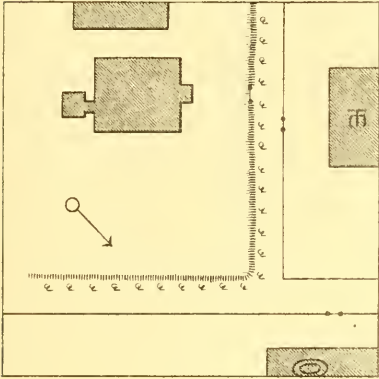
No. 222 Sukagawa.
Aug. 30, 1895



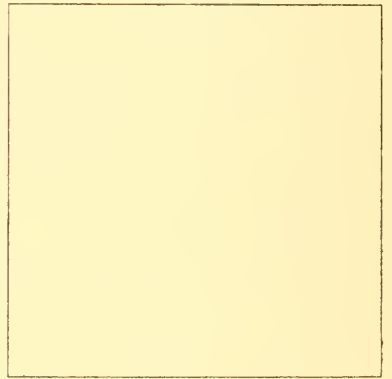
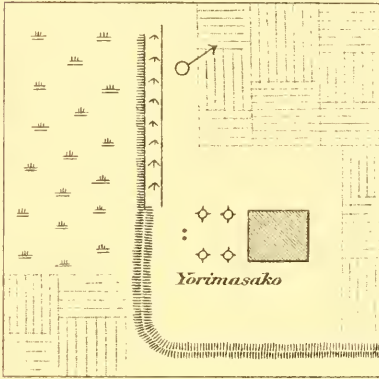
No. 223 Misinasuno.
Aug. 31 - Sept. 1, 1895



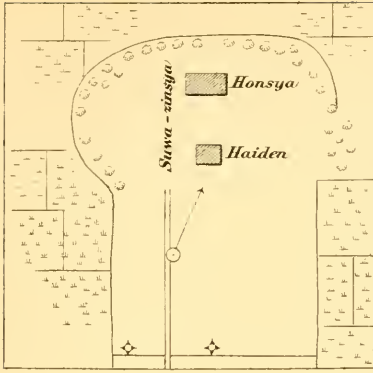
No. 224 Utsunomiya.
Sept. 1-2, 1895



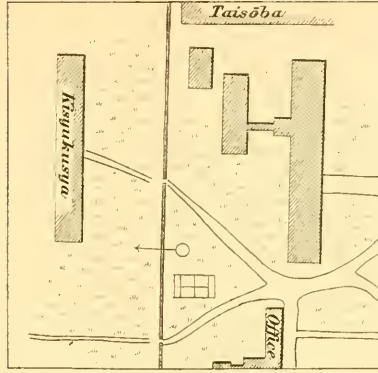
No. 225 Koga.
Sept. 3-4, 1895



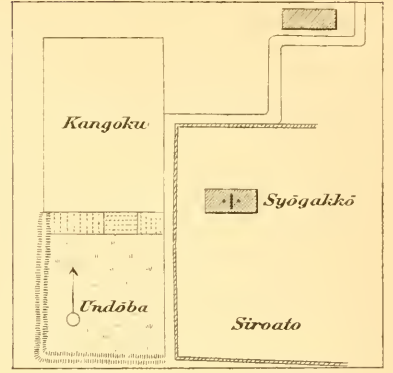
No. 226 Hatiman
June 30 - July 2, 1896



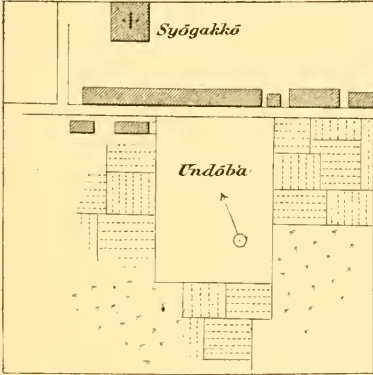
No. 227 Kyōto
July 3 - 4, 1896



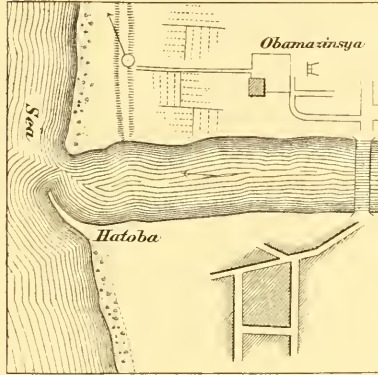
No. 228 Sasayama
July 7 - 8, 1896



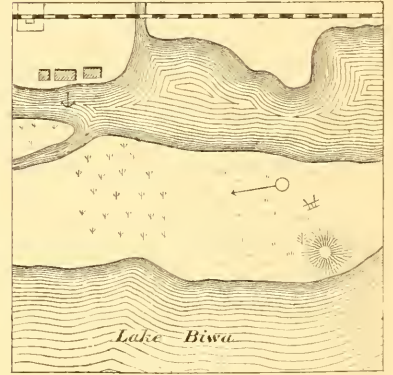
No. 229 Miyatu
July 10 - 11, 1896



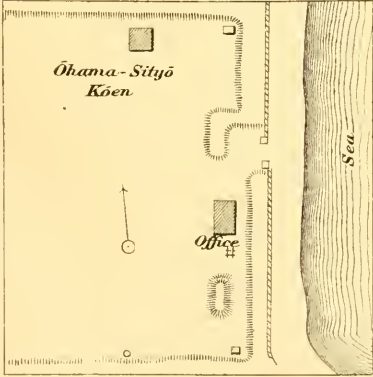
No. 230 Obama
July 12 - 13, 1896



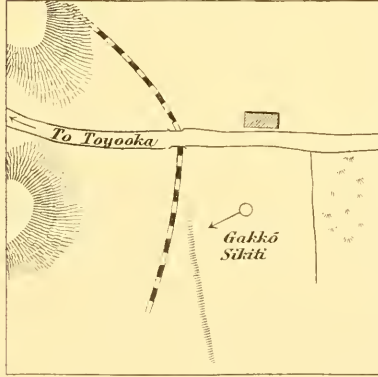
No. 88 Nagahama
July 15 - 16, 1896



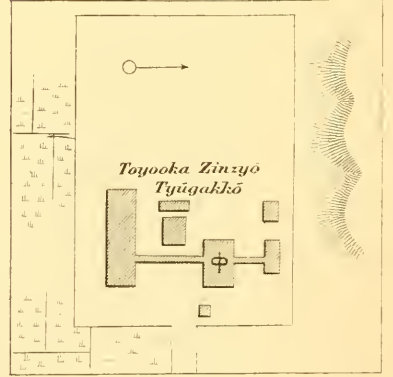
No. 231 Sakai
July 17 - 18, 1896



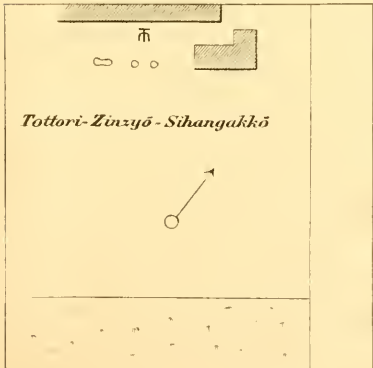
No. 232 Ikano
July 20 - 21, 1896



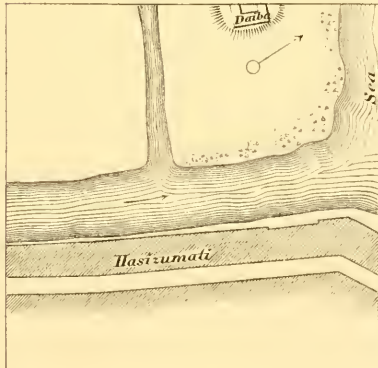
No. 233 Toyooka
July 23 - 24, 1896



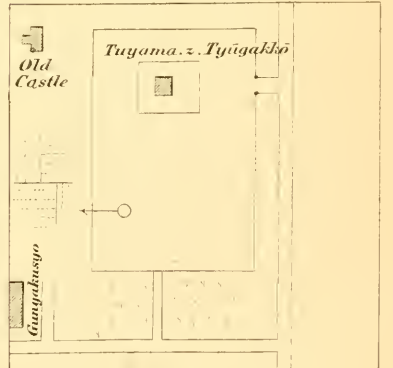
No. 234 Tottori
July 25 - 26, 1896



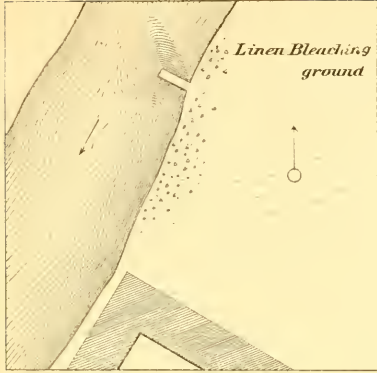
No. 235 Hasizu
July 27, 1896



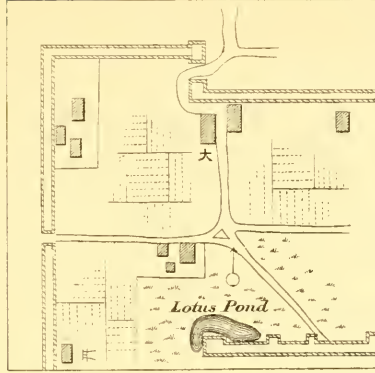
No. 236 Tiyama
July 29 - 30, 1896



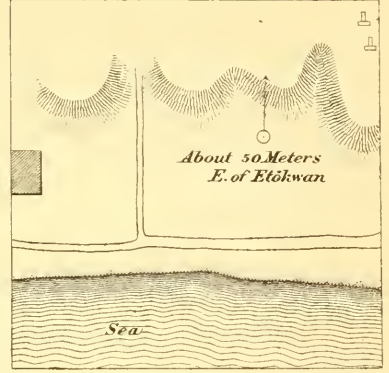
No. 237 Okayama
Aug. 1 - 2, 1896



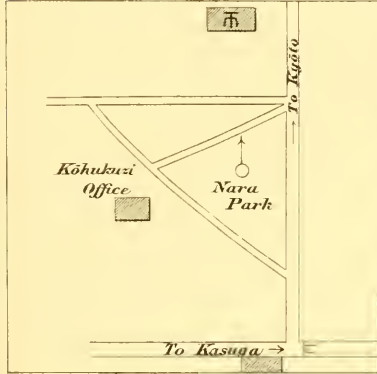
No. 238 Akō
Aug. 3 - 4, 1896



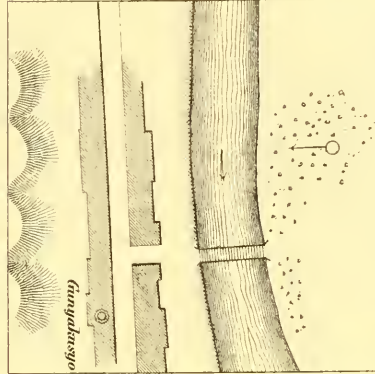
No. 239 Akasi
Aug. 4 - 5, 1896



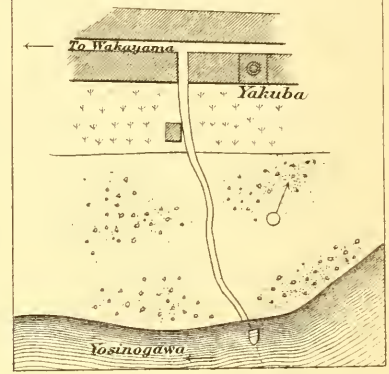
No. 240 Nara
Aug. 6 - 7, 1896



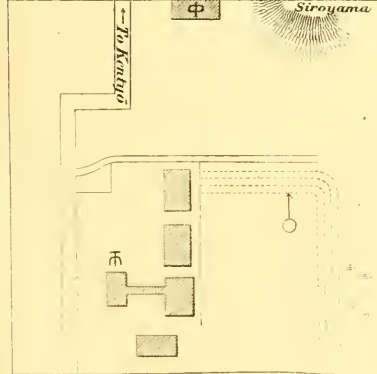
No. 241 Kamitō
Aug. 8 - 9, 1896



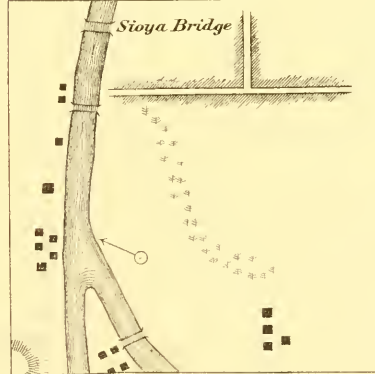
No. 242 Myōzi
Aug. 10 - 11, 1896



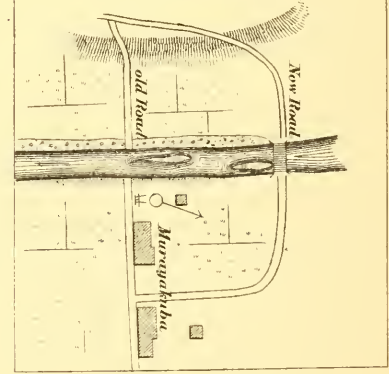
No. 243 Wakayama
Aug. 11 - 12, 1896



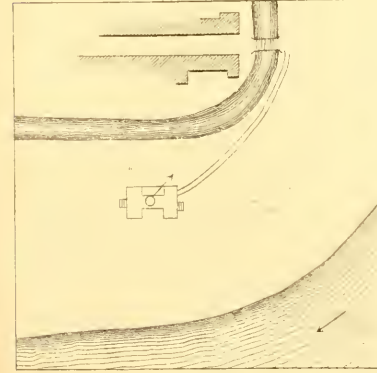
No. 244 Sumoto
Aug. 13 - 14, 1896



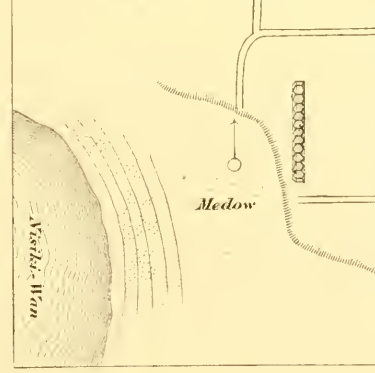
No. 246 Tikatayu
Aug. 18, 1896



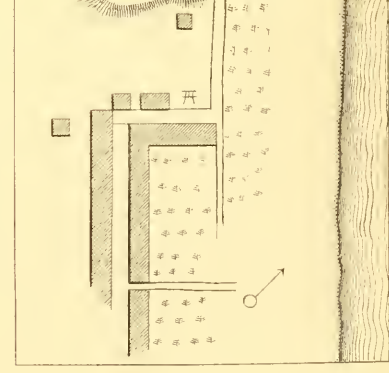
No. 247 Hongū
Aug. 19 - 20, 1896



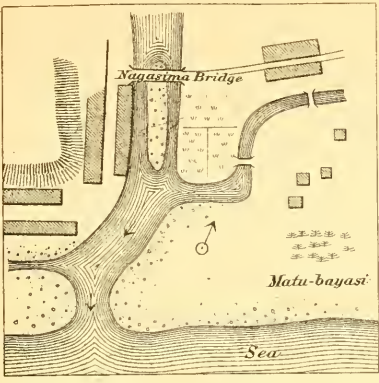
No. 248 Kusinoto
Aug. 23 - 24, 1896



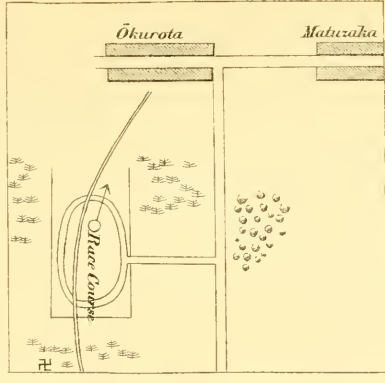
No. 249 Arima
Aug. 26 - 27, 1896



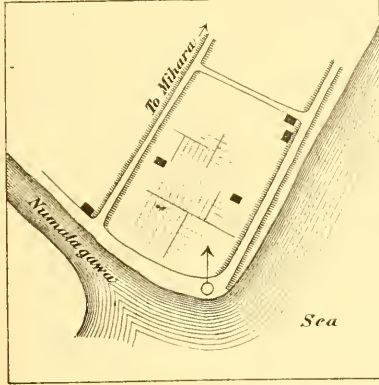
No. 250 Nagasima
Aug. 29 - 31, 1896



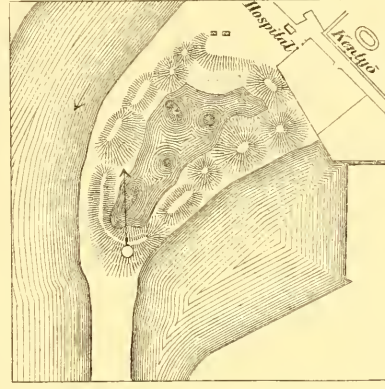
No. 251 Matusaka
Sept. 2 - 3, 1896



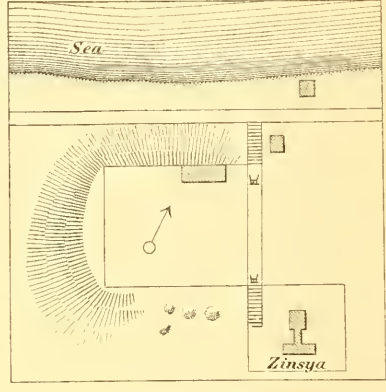
No. 252 Mihara
July 1 - 2, 1896



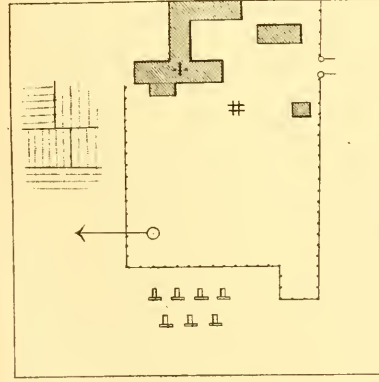
No. 253 Hiroshima
July 2 - 4, 1896



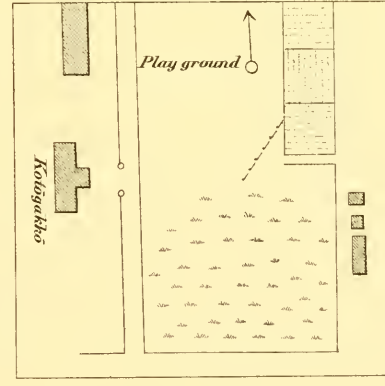
No. 254 Sitala
July 5 - 6, 1896



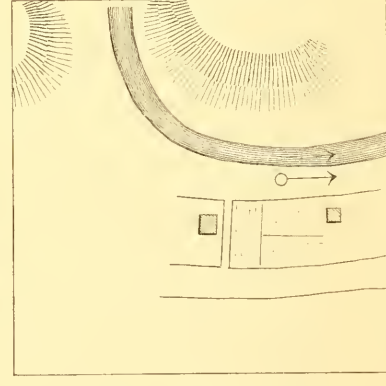
No. 255 Murodumi
July 7 - 8, 1896



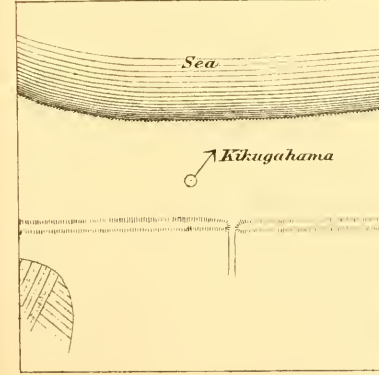
No. 256 Yamaguti
July 9 - 10, 1896



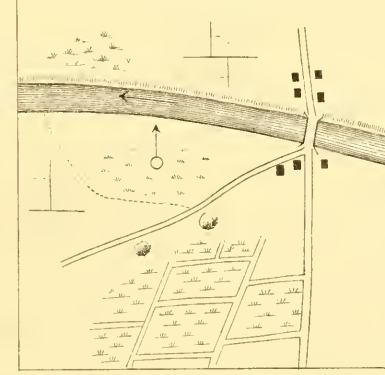
No. 257 Tuwano
July 12 - 13, 1896



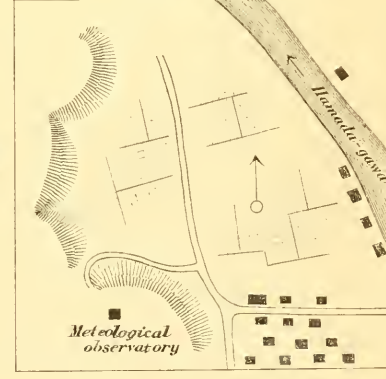
No. 258 Hagi
July 14 - 15, 1896



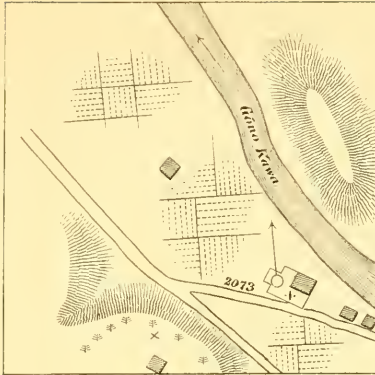
No. 259 Awano
July 17 - 18, 1896



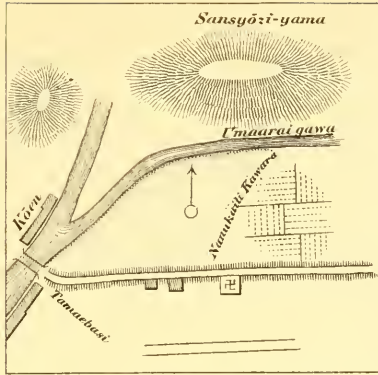
No. 260 Hamada
July 21 - 23, 1896



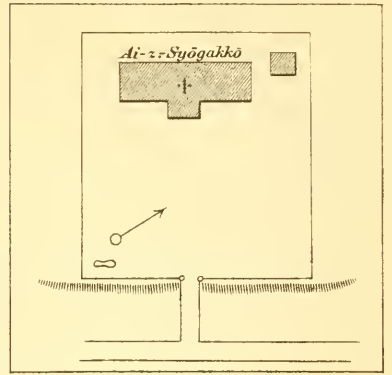
No. 261 Itiki
July 24 - 25, 1896



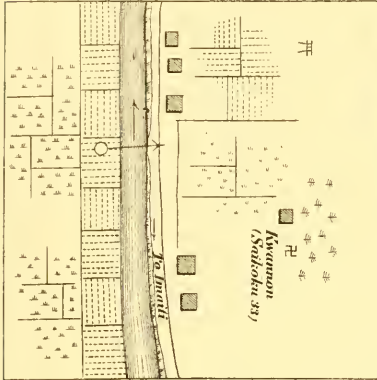
No. 262 Miyosi
July 26 - 27, 1896



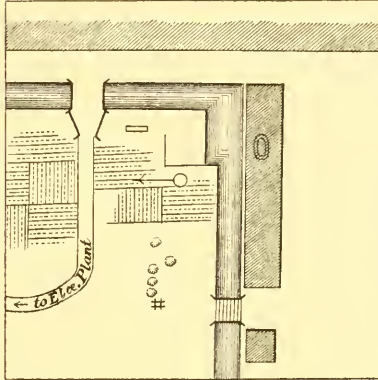
No. 263 Ai
July 28 - 29, 1896



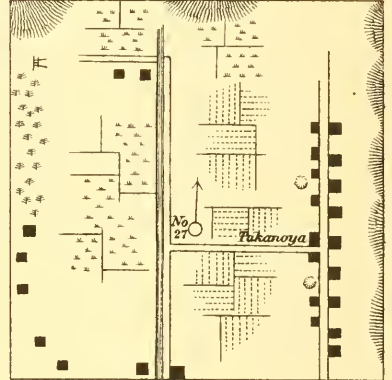
No. 264 Inaiti
July 31 - Aug. 1, 1896



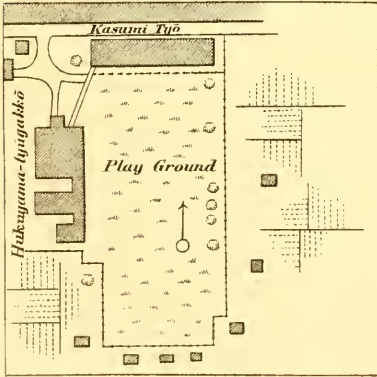
No. 265 Matuyō
Aug. 1 - 3, 1896



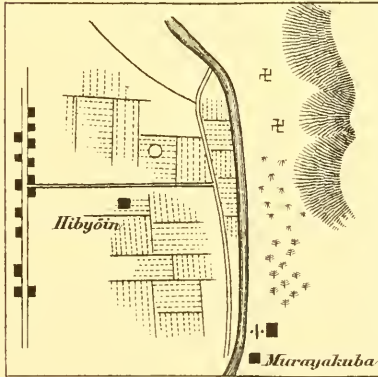
No. 266 Kurosaka
Aug. 4 - 5, 1896



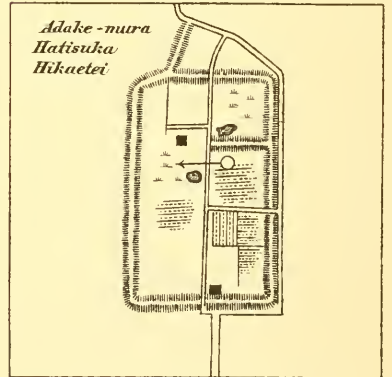
No. 268 Hukuyama
Aug. 8 - 10, 1896



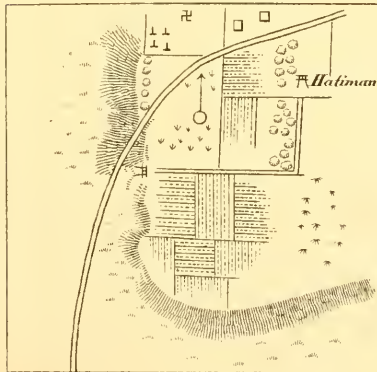
No. 270 Takahasi
Aug. 11 - 12, 1896



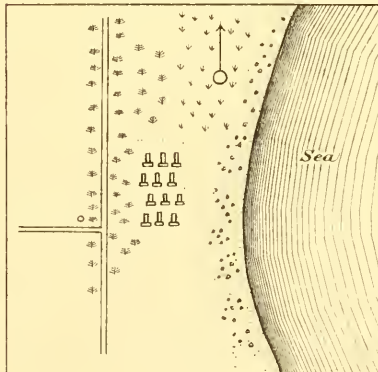
No. 271 Tokushima
Aug. 14 - 15, 1896



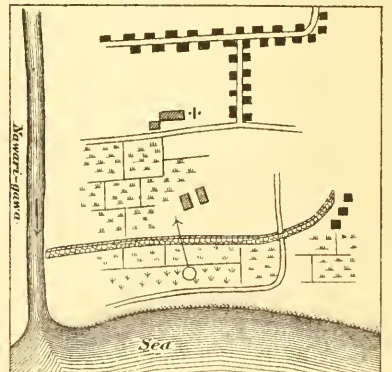
No. 272 Wakimati
Aug. 17 - 20, 1896



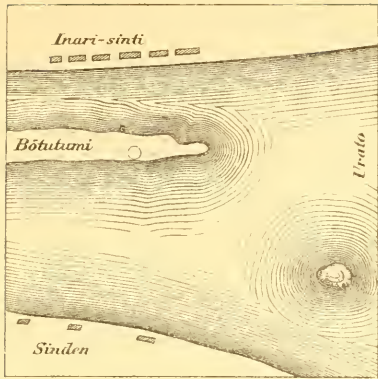
No. 273 Ōsato
Aug. 21 - 22, 1896



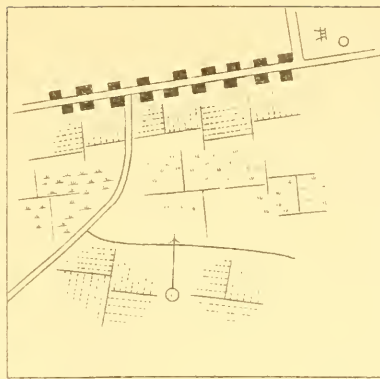
No. 274 Nawari
Aug. 24 - 25, 1896



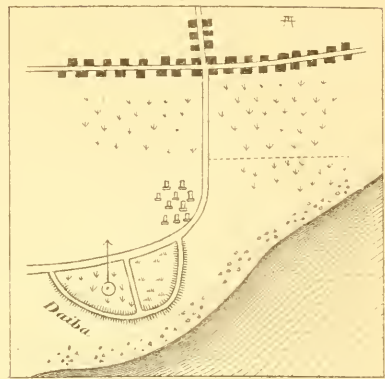
No. 275 Kōti
Aug. 26 - 27, 1896



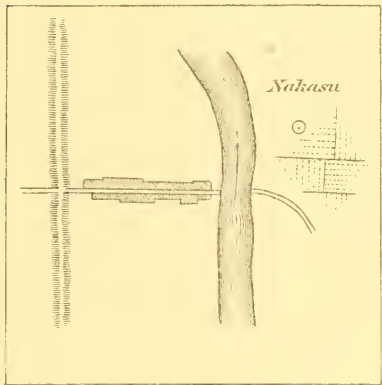
No. 276 Ōtōti
Aug. 28 - 29, 1896



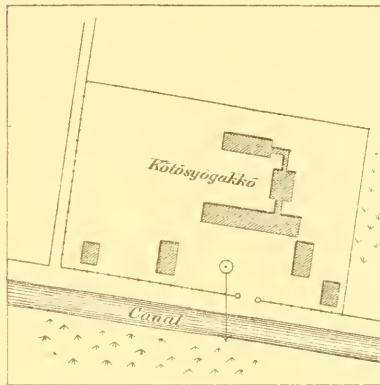
No. 277 Susaki
Aug. 31 - Sept. 1, 1896



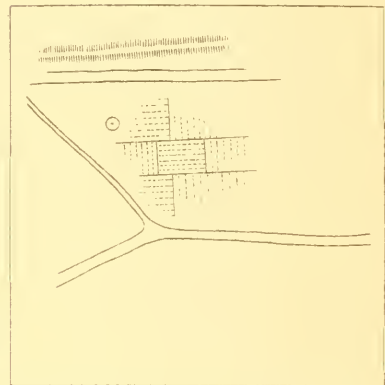
No. 278 Nakamura
Sept. 3 - 4, 1896



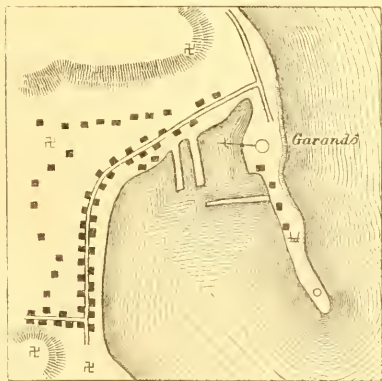
No. 279 Uwarima
Sept. 6 - 8, 1896



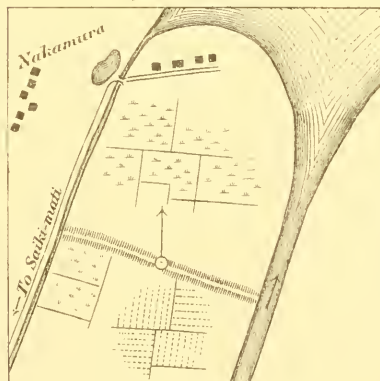
No. 280 Wakamiya
Sept. 9 - 10, 1896



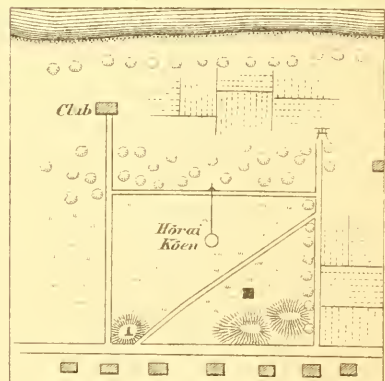
No. 282 Saganosaki
Sept. 12 - 14, 1896



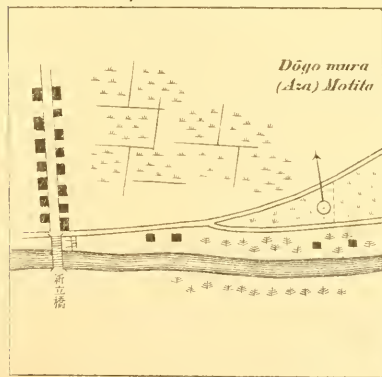
No. 283 Saiki
Sept. 15 - 17, 1896



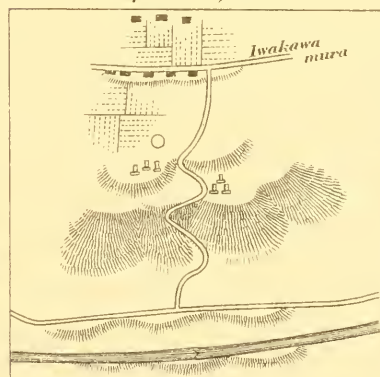
No. 284 Ōta
Sept. 17 - 18, 1896



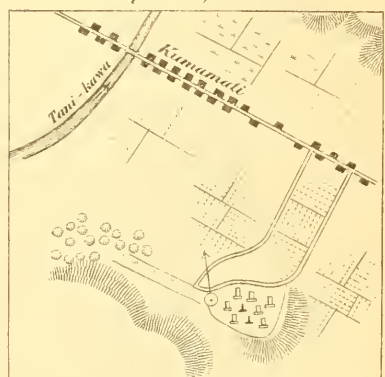
No. 285 Matuyama
Sept. 19 - 21, 1896



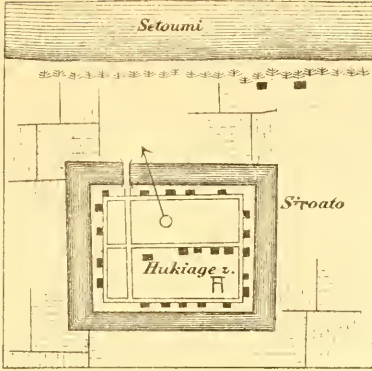
No. 286 Kuzu
Sept. 21 - 23, 1896



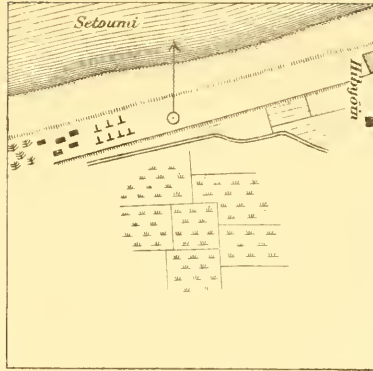
No. 287 Kuma
Sept. 24, 1896



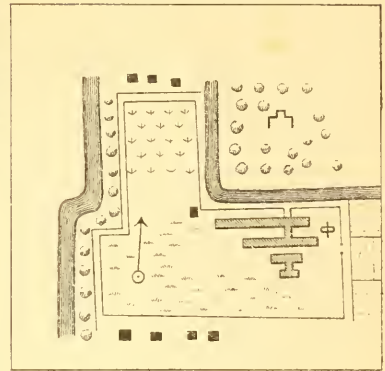
No. 288 Imabaru
Sept. 25 - 27, 1896



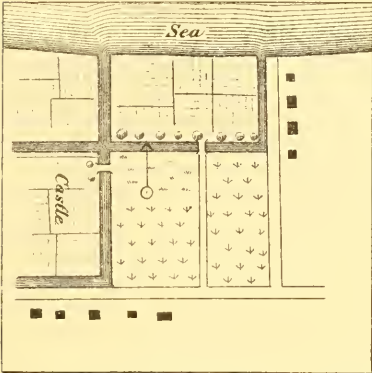
No. 289 Kawanoe
Sept. 28 - 29, 1896



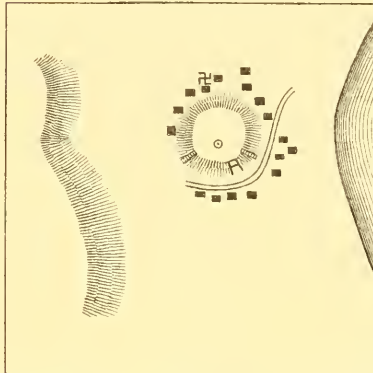
No. 290 Marugame
Sept. 29 - 30, 1896



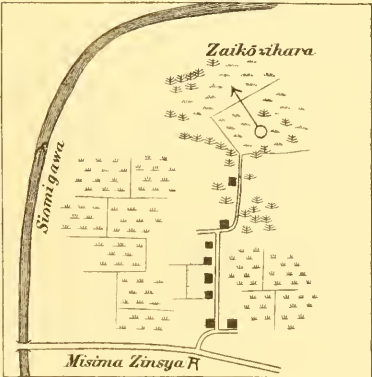
No. 291 Takamatsu
Oct. 1 - 2, 1896



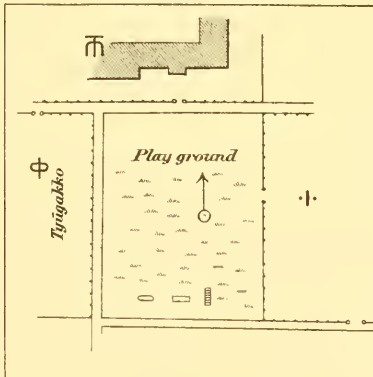
No. 292 Tonosyō
Oct. 3 - 4, 1896



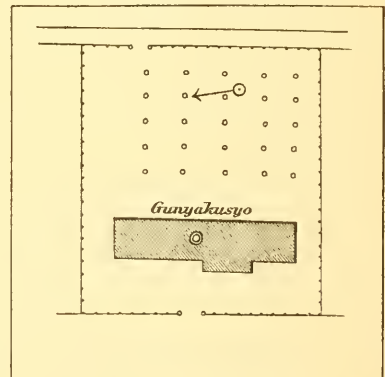
No. 293 Zaikōri
July 7 - 8, 1896



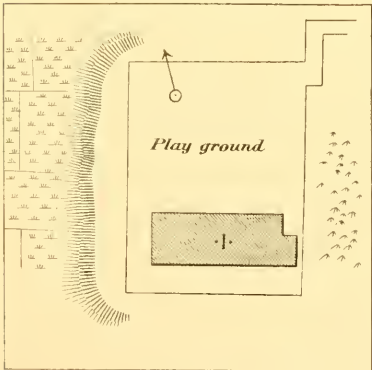
No. 294 Miyazaki
July 9 - 10, 1896



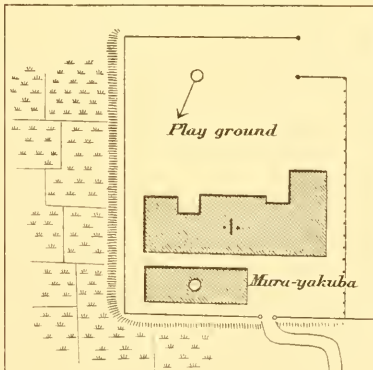
No. 295 Miyakonozuyō
July 10 - 11, 1896



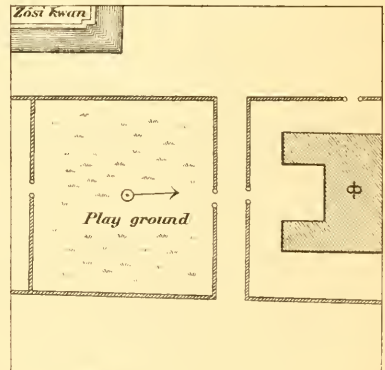
No. 296 Nakamati
July 12 - 13, 1896



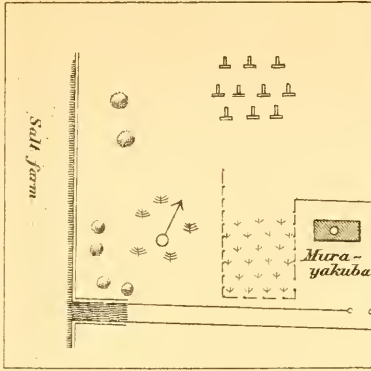
No. 297 Kōyama
July 14 - 15, 1896



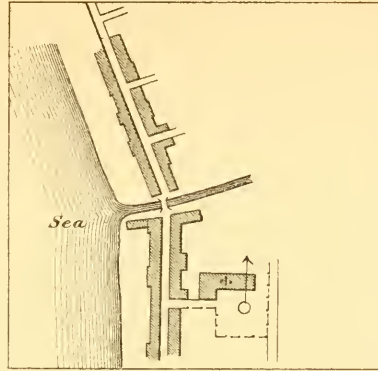
No. 298 Kagosima
July 16 - 17, 1896



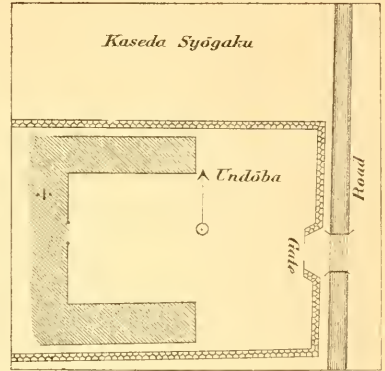
No. 299 Itiki
July 18 - 19, 1896



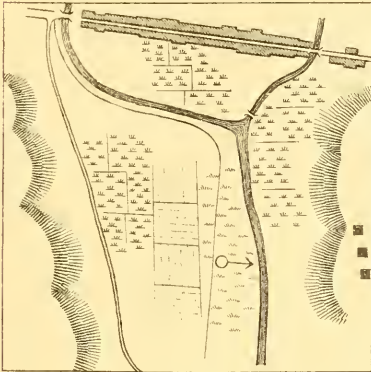
No. 300 Makurazaki
July 20 - 21, 1896



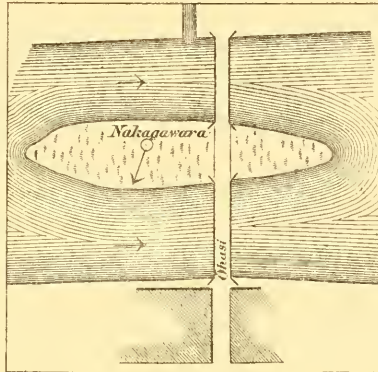
No. 301 Kaseda
July 22, 1896



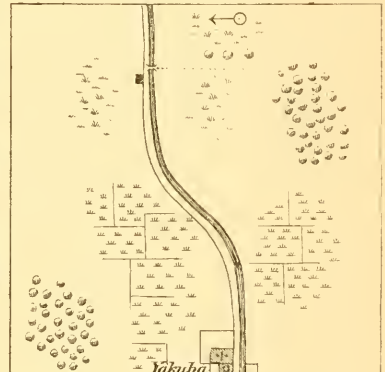
No. 302 Yokogawa
July 24 - 25, 1896



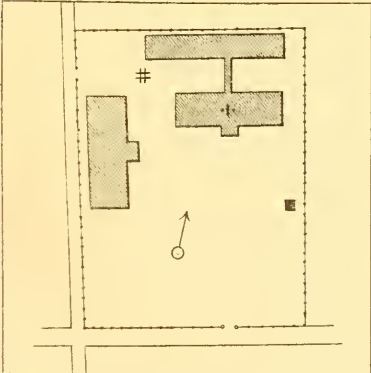
No. 303 Hitoyosi
July 26 - 27, 1896



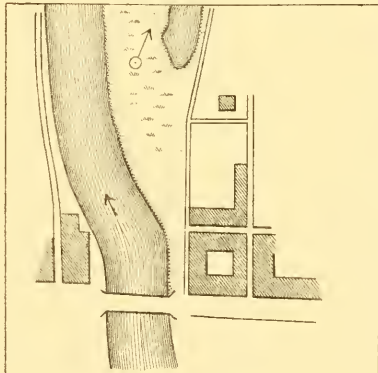
No. 304 Yunomae
July 27 - 28, 1896



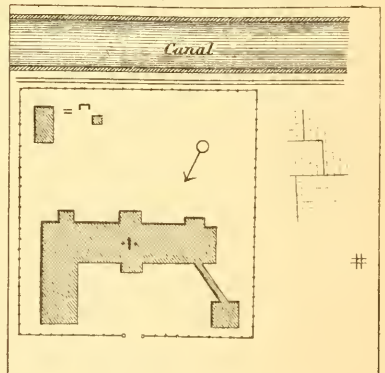
No. 305 Yatsiro
July 29 - 30, 1896



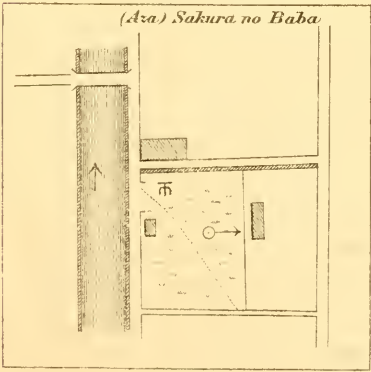
No. 306 Minamata
Aug. 1 - 2, 1896



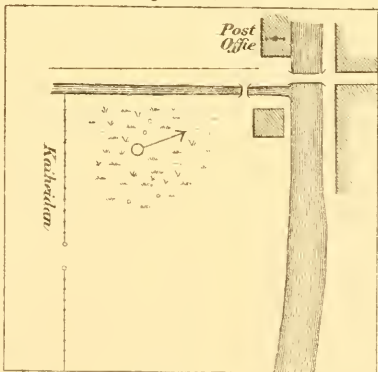
No. 307 Simabara
Aug. 2 - 3, 1896



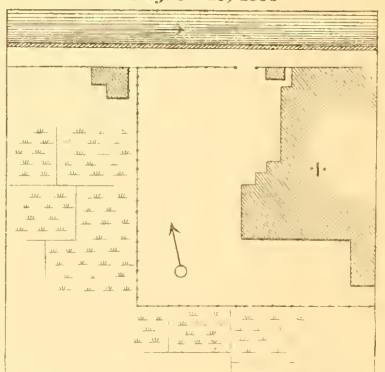
No. 308 Nagasaki
Aug. 4 - 5, 1896



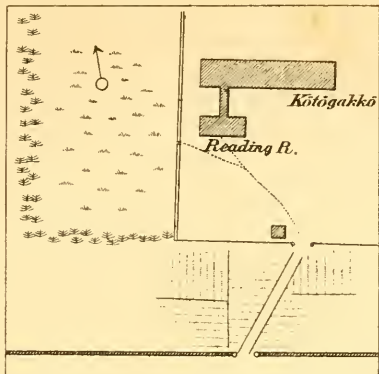
No. 309 Sasebo
Aug. 6 - 7, 1896



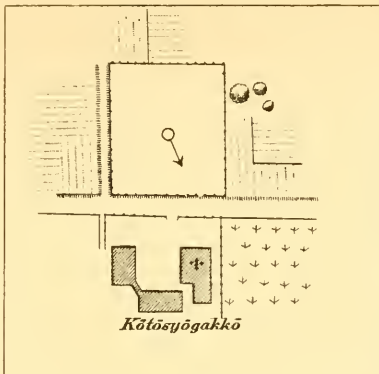
No. 310 Motiyamaguti
Aug. 9 - 10, 1896



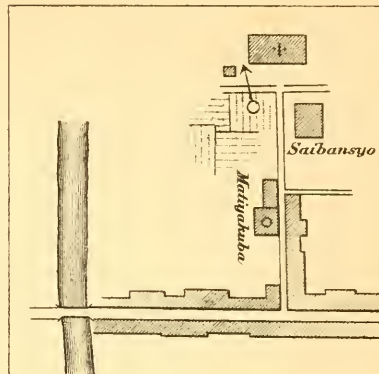
No. 311 Kumamoto
Aug. 10 - 11, 1896



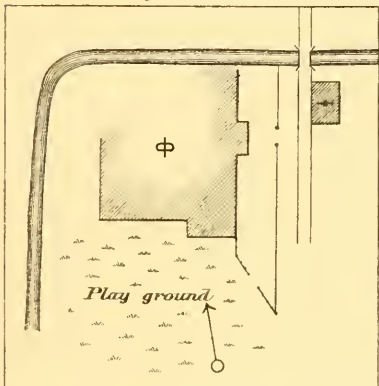
No. 312 Miyadi
Aug. 13 - 14, 1896



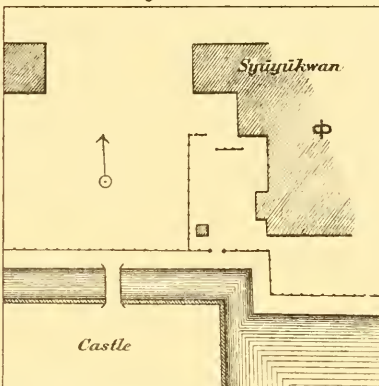
No. 313 Mamibara
Aug. 15 - 16, 1896



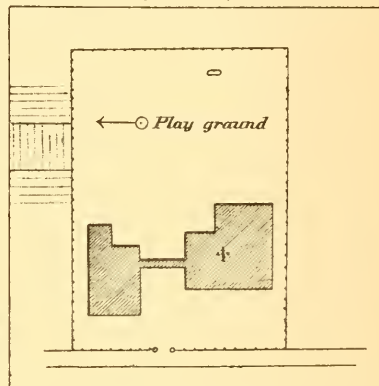
No. 314 Yanagawa
Aug. 17 - 18, 1896



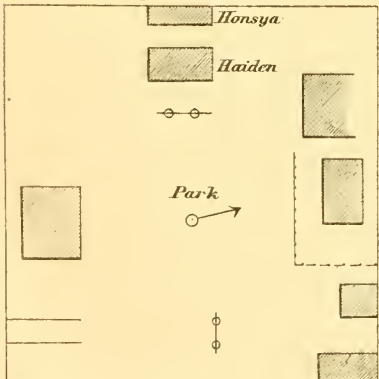
No. 315 Hukuoka
Aug. 19 - 20, 1896



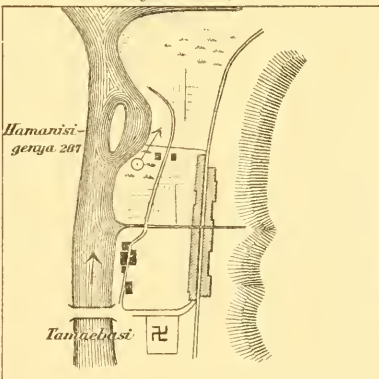
No. 316 Kokura
Aug. 20 - 21, 1896



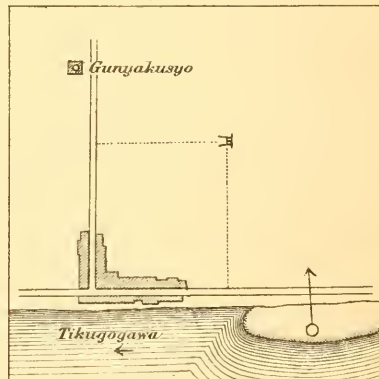
No. 317 Nakatsu
Aug. 22 - 23, 1896



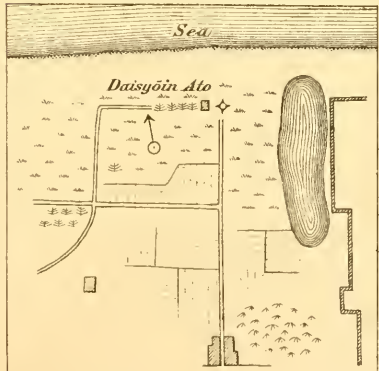
No. 318 Nakamatama
Aug. 24 - 25, 1896



No. 319 Kuma
Aug. 27 - 28, 1896



No. 320 Karatsu
Aug. 29 - 30, 1896



MAP 1.

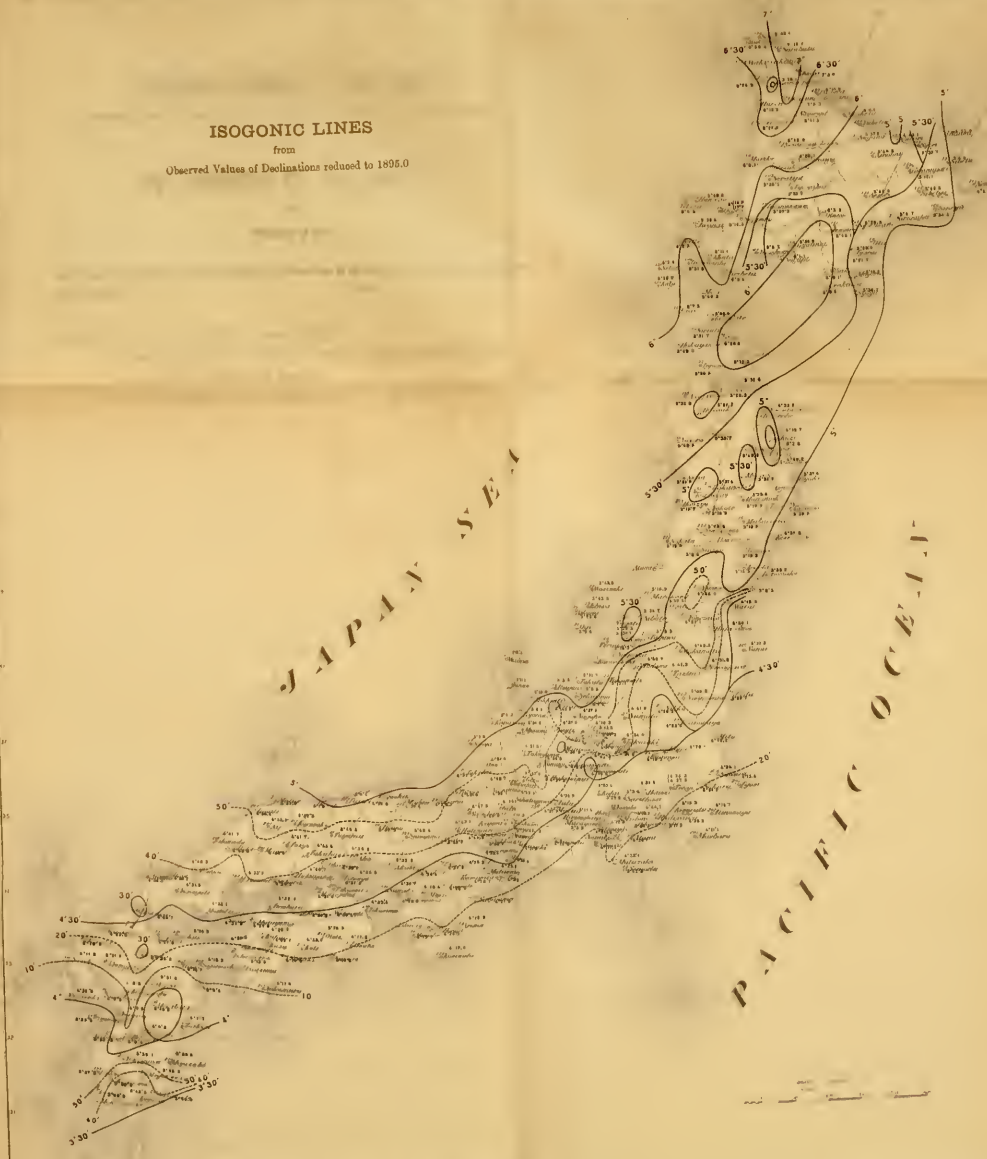
ISOGONIC LINES (δ)

ISOGONIC LINES

from
Observed Values of Declinations reduced to 1895.0

JAPAN SEA

PACIFIC OCEAN



MAP 2.

ISOCLINIC LINES (θ)

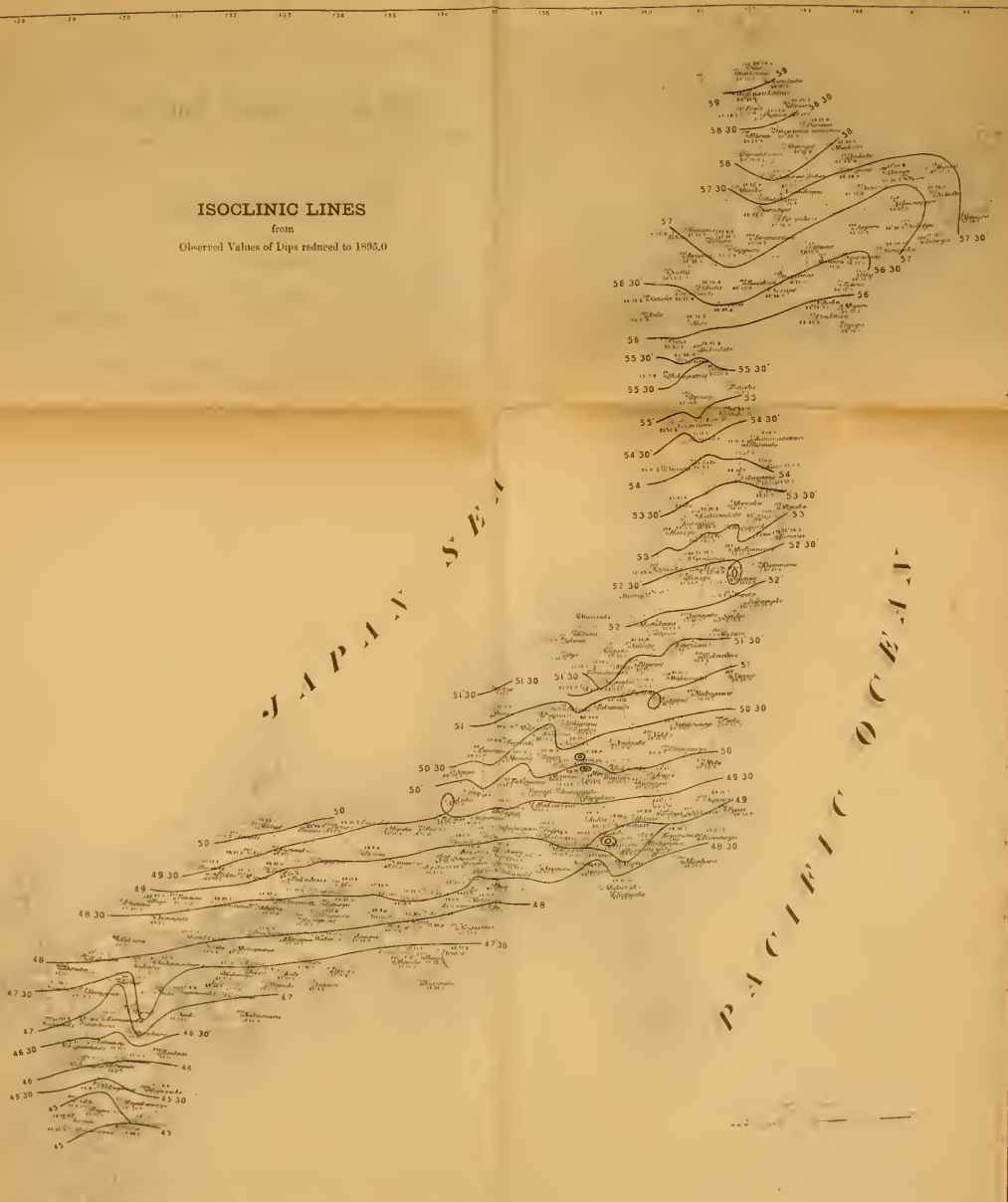
ISOCLINIC LINES

from

Observed Values of Dips reduced to 1895.0

JAPAN SEA

PACIFIC OCEAN



MAP 3.

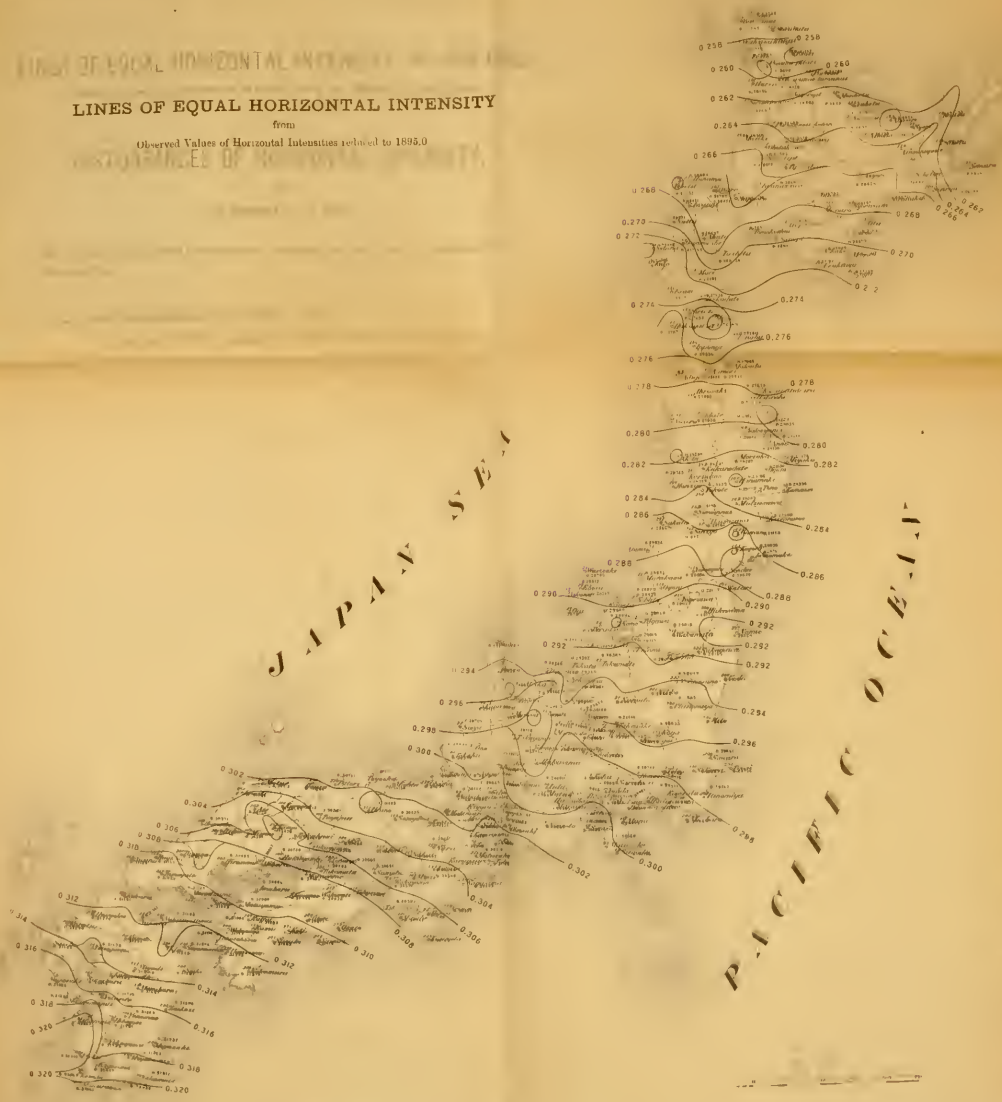
LINES OF EQUAL HORIZONTAL INTENSITY (H)

LINES OF EQUAL HORIZONTAL INTENSITY

from
Observed Values of Horizontal Intensities reduced to 1895.0

JAPAN SEA

PACIFIC OCEAN



MAP 4.

LINES OF EQUAL TOTAL INTNESITY (I)

MAP 5.

LINES OF EQUAL NORTH COMPONENT (X)

MAP 6.

LINES OF EQUAL WEST COMPONENT (Υ)

MAP 7.

LINES OF EQUAL VERTICAL COMPONENT (Z)

MAP 8.

LINES OF EQUAL VERTICAL CURRENT

LINES OF EQUAL VERTICAL CURRENT

Amperes per Square Kilometre.

+ upward.
- downward.



MAP 9.

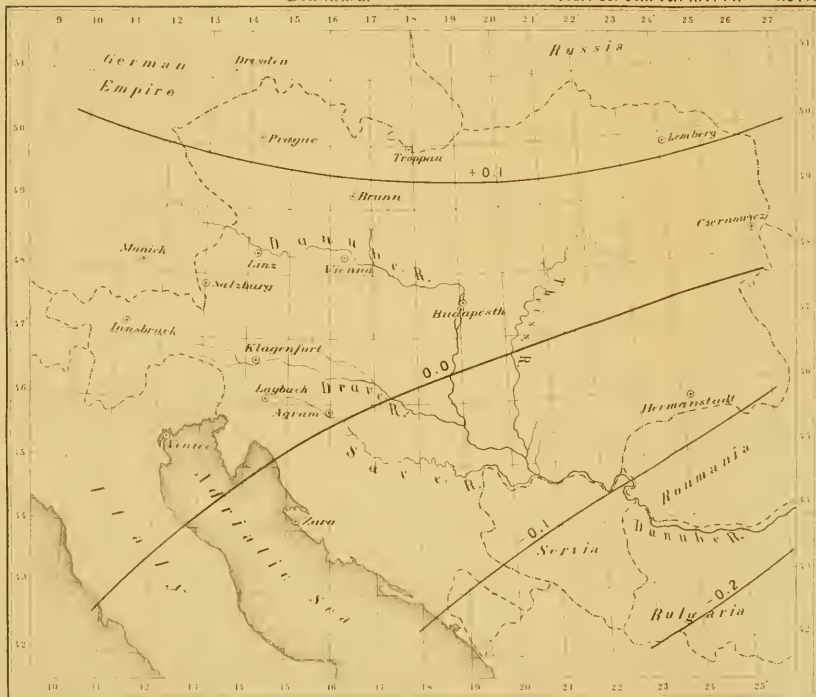
LINES OF EQUAL VERTICAL CURRENT IN AUSTRIA,

in

Ampères per Square Kilometre.

+ Upward.
- Downward.

Jour. Sc. Coll. Vol. XIV. Pl. XCVI.



MAP 9 a.

LINES OF EQUAL VERTICAL CURRENT IN GREAT BRITAIN,

in

Amperes per Square Kilometre.

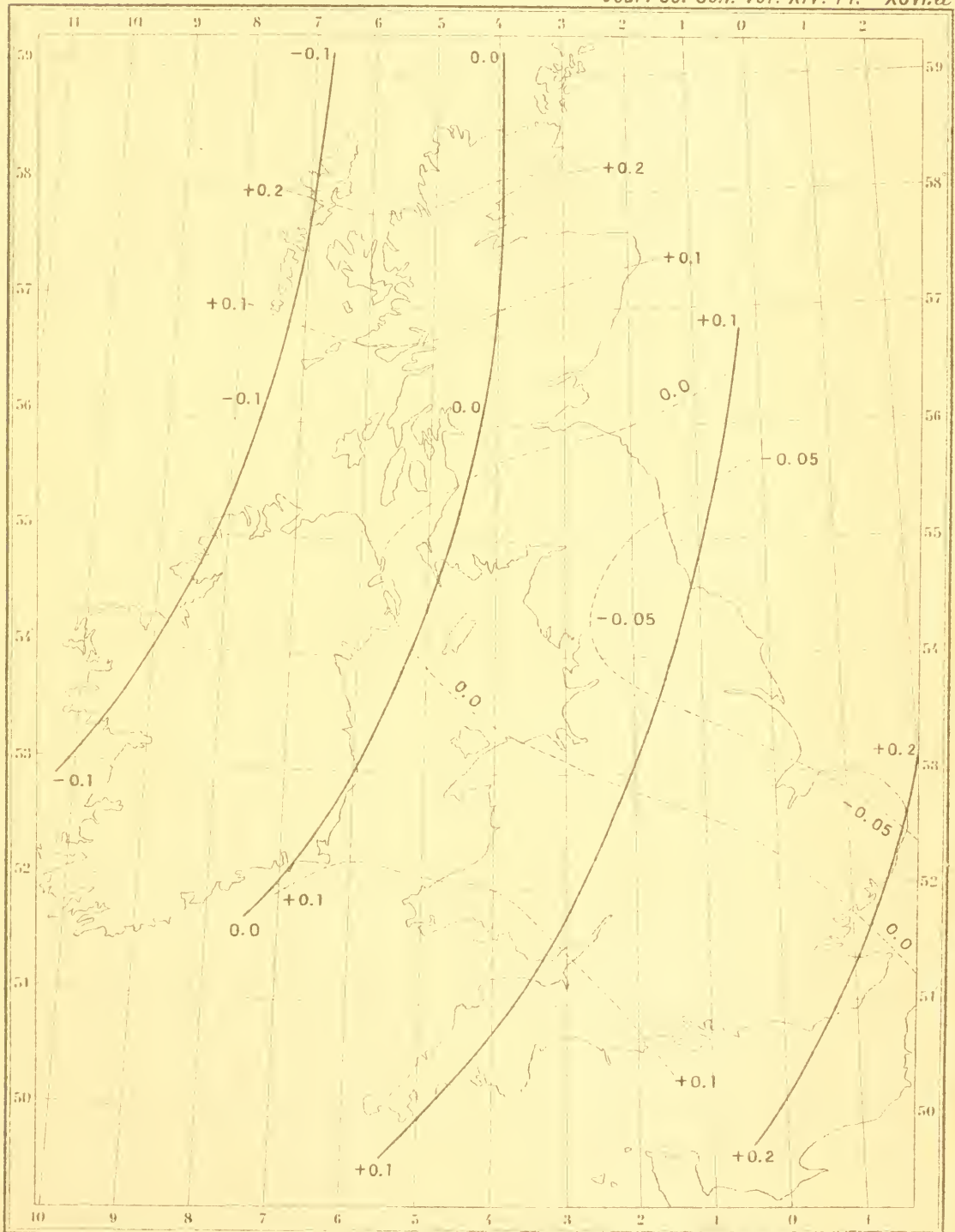
+ *Upward.*

- *Downward.*

Full Lines Derived from Quadratic Expressions for the Whole Country.

Dotted Lines Derived from Empirical Expressions for Different Districts.

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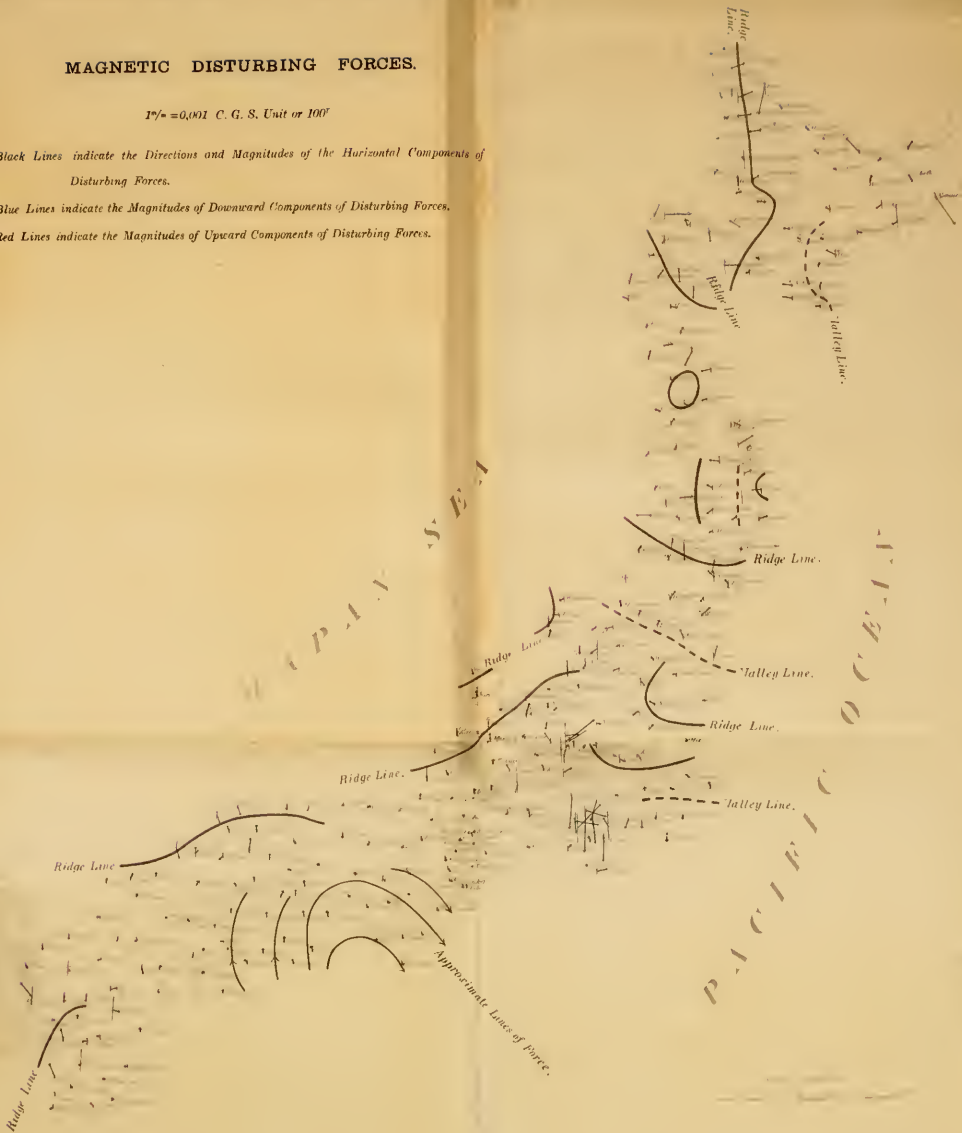
MAGNETIC DISTURBING FORCES.

$1^{\circ}/\mu = 0,001$ C. G. S. Unit or 100°

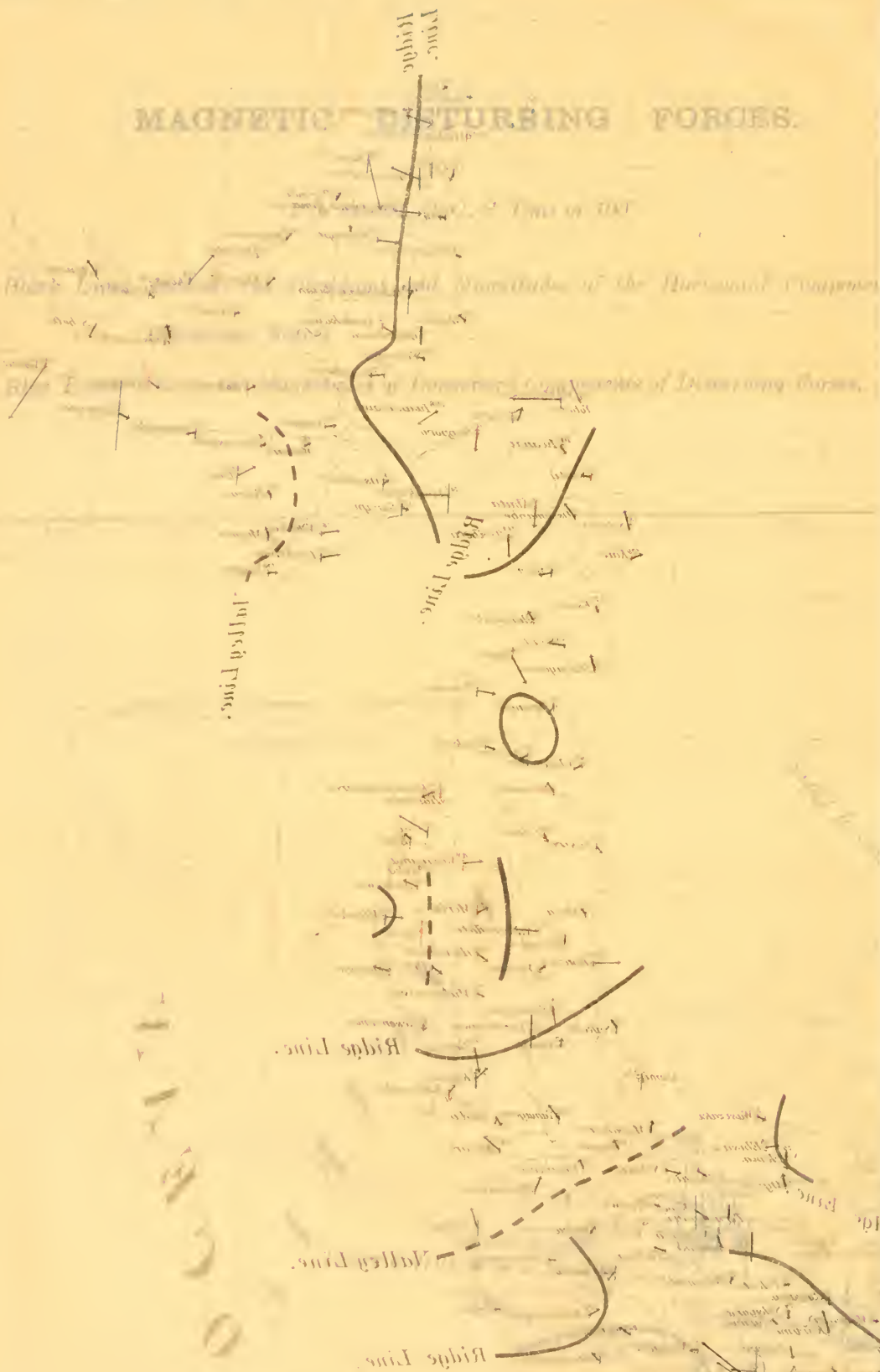
Black Lines indicate the Directions and Magnitudes of the Horizontal Components of Disturbing Forces.

Blue Lines indicate the Magnitudes of Downward Components of Disturbing Forces.

Red Lines indicate the Magnitudes of Upward Components of Disturbing Forces.

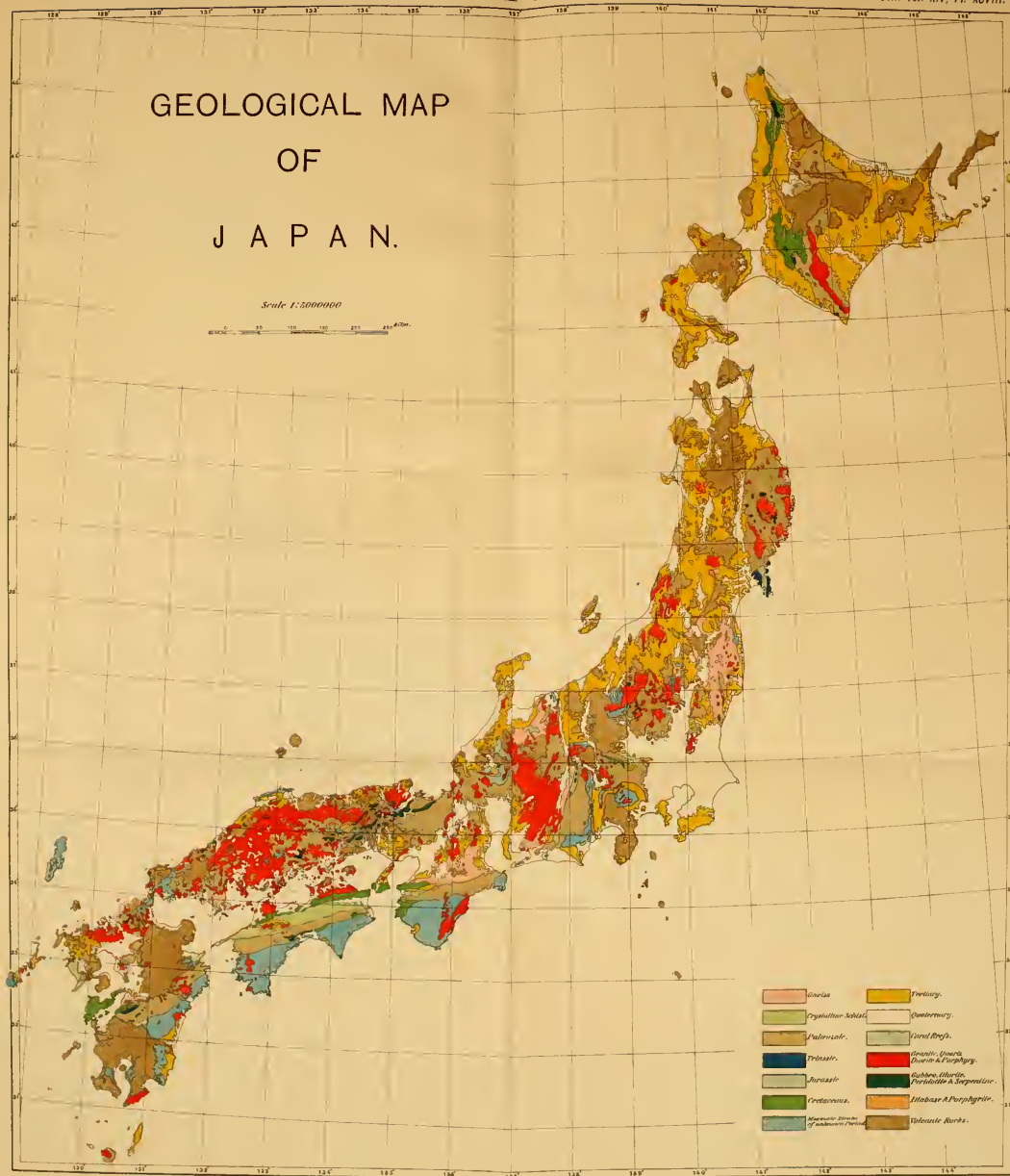
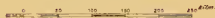


MAGNETIC DISTURBING FORCES.



GEOLOGICAL MAP OF JAPAN.

Scale 1:2000000



- | | | | |
|--|------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | Quaternary | | Triassic |
| | Quaternary | | Quaternary |
| | Palaeozoic | | Permian |
| | Triassic | | Triassic, Lower Permian & Permian |
| | Triassic | | Triassic, Permian, Permian & Permian |
| | Triassic | | Triassic & Permian |
| | Triassic | | Triassic |

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