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Dundee Nursery.

WHOLESALE CATALOGUE OF

EVERGREENS,

EUROPEAN LARCH, Etc. IBRAE

FOR NURSERYMEN AND DEALERS ONEY CENTRED

U.S. Department of Agrica

orted Evergreens offered at any price.



My Trees are all Nursery Grown.

FOR THE SPRING OF 1893.

CULTIVATED AND FOR SALE BY

D. HILL, Evergreen Specialist,

Dundee, Kane County, Illinois.

Ten per cent Discount on Bills of \$10 and over, if settled before June 1 1893

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

N presenting my Price List for the spring of 1893. I would thank my customers who have so liberally patronized me the past season, and by honest dealing and strict attention to business. I hope to enjoy a continuance of the same.

Terms of payment must invariably be cash, or satisfactory note or draft. Orders to be sent C. O. D. must be accompanied by one-fourth cash. Money can be sent as follows, at my risk: Draft on Chicago, postoffice order, registered letter or express. Do not send money in an open letter.

Plants furnished as follows: Of a kind and style-50 at 100 rates; 500 at 1000 rates,

Special attention given to packing, for which only will be charged the cost of material

All goods delivered at the freight depot or express office free of charge, after which they will be at the risk of the purchaser.

Be particular in all cases to put the order in a distinct, definite form. Let it be on a

De particular in all cases to put the order in a distinct, definite form. Let it be on a page or sheet separate from the body of the letter, with name, post office, county and statiplianly written, and give full directions as to route and manner in which stock is to be

plainly written, and give 1011 directions as shipped, freight or express.

On receiving trees from a nursery, the boxes or packages should be immediately unpacked and the roots dipped in a puddle, made of rich, mellow soil, about the thickness of paint ready for use, and be careful not to let the roots get dry before planting. Place them in a cool, shady place until ready to plant and if not immediately ready, heel them into the ground by placing the roots in a trench, covering well up with mellow soil, and well firming with the foot; if the ground is dry, give some water at planting. Set the trees a little deeper than they stood at the nursery, treading the earth firmly about the roots when planting. This is one essential of success.

The Norway Spruce

Is so well known, as being the best evergreen for ornamental purposes, that it is only necessary to say that it is also valuable for hedges, screens, and for timber. Of these trees I have the largest and best stock ever offered.

Austrian Pine

The Black Pine of Anstria is becoming a favorite for forest planting. It is of robust growth, particularly in soft soil of any quality.

Mountain Pine. (Pinus Montana.)

It is a beautiful little tree or bush, foliage very dense, and of a rich, dark green, very valuable for ornamental purposes. Is perfectly hardy in the most exposed situations.

The European Larch

Is the greatest timber tree in Europe, combining rapid growth with great durability, extreme hardiness, adaptability to any variety of soil not too wet, and remarkably free from disease. It is also very desirable as an ornamental tree; its conical shape, regular delicate branches and soft, light green leaves, make a striking contrast to the different varieties of European and ornamental trees. Perfectly liardy in Minnesota and Dakota.

Red Cedar.

Northern Red Cedar is the hardiest of Evergreens. It succeeds well on the plains of Nebraska and Kansas, where oteer evergreens will not grow. It is very desirable for all ornamental purposes; also for wind breaks, shelter belts, etc.

The Scotch Pine.

Is the most rapid grower of all hardy evergreens; very valuable for forest planting. It is also valuable planting in poor soil, where other evergreens will not flourish, and makes an excellent wind-break and shelter belt.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN EVERGREENS.

Nowhere in the world do you find trees of such marvelous beauty as in the Rockies. They are not trees to be petted. They are the children of the storms, very hardy and adapted to a wide range of soil and climate. What is the cause of that exquisite sheen which gives them such attractiveness? Probably the high altitude and the shelter of the deep gorges. A tree standing out in the full sunlight, and in full sweep of the winds, seldom has these silver robes. You find the richest colors in the best sheltered places, where the evolution of beauty has been going on for ages, and those garments of more than courtly splendor have descended from parent to child.

Merit is sure to win. The Horticulturist now searches the high elevations and dark canous, not for silver mines, but for the siver which mingles with the green in such harmonious blending.

With care this rich sheen can be preserved, and even enhanced. There can be seen just as fine trees in nurseries, and on lawns where they have been planted, as these are in their mountain habitat.

Providence seems to have held back these ornaments in reserve for these later days, when the whole world is being searched for the rare and beautiful. The fairest charms of the mountains can easily be transferred to the plains.

THE PICEA PUNGENS.

This is the king of the Spruces, clothed in royal robes of silver and sapphire, a very Kohinoor among the gems of the Rockies. It is a child of the

storm king, growing at an altitude of from 8,000 to 10,000 feet above the level of the sea. It is generally found there even in deep gorges or on the north of the ranges. We would naturally suppose that it could not endure a sudden change or thrive in a lot climate. But the fact is there is no tree which can endure a greater variety of soil and climate. Why is it never found at a lower altitude or among the foot hills? The answer is, it could not possibly grow there. The Douglas, the Ponderosa and Concolor have large seeds and send out a strong plant, and therefore they are found lower down. Pungens seed is very small, about 110,000 to the pound. In the higher altitudes are frequent showers and often moss in the woods, and the ground is seldom dry. It is not hot enough to kill the plants, and so on the north side of the high altitudes, Nature has provided for their propagation.

THE CONCOLOR.

In C. S. Harrison's description of this marvel of beauty, he says, "Riding with a friend last winter, in Massachusetts, far off on a hill, we saw a row of evergreens. 'There, said I, is a tree from the Rockies,' which proved to be true. As the name indicates, it is even-colored—the same the year around. But, you say, what a marvelons beauty this tree has, ermine and emerald such a sheen! a tree dressed in glory! What is it? It is a robe of matchless beauty; the Great Horticulturist making them the most attractive of anything on earth. They are held in reserve for these later days, when nature and art unite to make home and lawn and landscape so attractive to the eye of taste. Note the contrast of this rare color with the deep green of the pines. There are one or two of these trees on the princely estate of Mr. Hunnewell at Wellesley. They are true to their nature—some trees put on wonderful beauty while young: but these retain their attractiveness down to old age, and wear their brightness, as the Christian does his joy, to the very last.

"But in order to see these trees in all their glory you need to see them while bearing their cones. Here is a grove of them. All are dressed in their marvelous attire of silver and green. On one tree the blossoms are of a deep rich purple. What a contrast to the other hues! But this other tree has blossoms and cones of lightest green-another contrast. The cones grow erect at the top of the tree, and are perfect in form and about the size of an ear of sweet corn. As they mature in their perfect symmetry, these colors seem to deepen, and then from the cone that clear guin exudes, the sun shines, and it sparkles like crystals. Take this grove with the sun shining brightly upon it, with its green and silver, its purple and crystal, and it seems almost too beautiful for earth. From the small plantings of this tree in our nurseries, one has no conception of its coming symmetry and grace, its beauty of mingled tints. And yet these trees do as well as in their own habitat, and you will soon have these mountain treasures, that will hold the strangers spellbound by their great beauty.

PSEUDOLSI'GA DOUGLAS, OR DOUGLAS SPRUCE.

This is emphatically the tree for the million, it is by far the most rapid grower of the Spruce family. Sometimes the complaint is that it grows too fast and is not compact enough for a lawn tree—on my ground they seem to have the perfection of form. The foliage is soft and much resembles Hemlock. In the mountains it certainly is the grandest of trees. It reaches from the Rockies to the Pacific slope, and our Chief of Forestry, B. F. Fannow tells us he never on earth saw such a burden of lumber to the acre as that produced by this tree in the West.

We must bear in mind that the seeds gathered from the tree on the Pacific slope are tender, while those gathered in Colorado produce the hardiest of trees, which endure both drought and cold, is easy to transplant and lives to

a very old age.

In the deep gorges and on the north side of the mountains, as you reach the high altitudes, you will find them of the deep blue type—literally sparkling with silver. Seen from a distance they are often taken for the Pungens. These are the trees we seek to obtain our seed from. In addition to their rich coloring they have more flexible grace in contrast with the rigid Pungens.

Evergreen Seedlings.

Nursery Grown, Thrifty, Well Rooted Plants.

NORWAY SPRUCE.			
Per 100	Per	Per	Per
Norway Spruce, Three years old12 to 15 inch. \$1 50	1.000 \$10 00	10,000 \$80 00	100,000
" " "10 to 12 " \$1 00	\$ 6 00	50 00	450 00
" " " " 8 to 10 " 75 " Two " 6 to 8 " 60	$\frac{5}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{45}{35} \frac{00}{00}$	40% 00 300 00
" " 4 to 6 " 50	3 00	$\frac{35}{25} \frac{00}{00}$	200 00
" " " " 3 to 4 " 50	2 00	18,00	175 00
WHITE AMERICAN SPRUCE	∃.		
White Spruce, Three years old6 to 8 inch. \$1 00	\$6 00	\$50 00	250.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 5 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{45}{35} \frac{00}{00}$	350 00
PICER PUNGENS OF COLORA	NDO.		
Blue Spruce, Three years old6 to 8 inch. \$6 00	\$50 00	\$400 00	
" Two " "4 to 6 " 5 00	$40 \ 00$	350 00	
2 to 4 men. 3 00	25 00	225 00	
DOUGLAS SPRUCE OF COLOR			
Douglas Spruce, Three years old 6 to 8 inch. \$5 00	\$45 00		
ABIES CONGOLOR OF COLOR			
Concolor, Two years old	$\frac{$35}{30} \frac{00}{00}$		
BALSAM FIR.			
Balsam Fir, Small, transplanted4 to 6 inch. \$2 50	\$20 00		
" Two yr. Seedlings2 to 3 " 1 00	6 00	50 00	400 00
AMERICAN WHITE PINE.			
White Pine, Two years	\$5 00 3 00	\$40 00	\$359 00
10	3 00	27 50	250 00
SCOTCH PINE.	o= 00	000 00	0.500.00
Scotch Pine, Three years12 to 15 inch. \$1 50	$\begin{array}{c} \$7 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	\$60 00 50 00	\$500 00 450 00
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" " Two " 6 to 8 " 75 " 75 " 75 " 75	$\frac{4}{3} \frac{50}{00}$	$\frac{40\ 00}{25\ 00}$	350 00
" " "	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	18 00	$\begin{array}{cccc} 225 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \end{array}$
AUSTRIAN PINE.			
Austrian Pine, Three years old10 to 12 inch. \$1 00	\$7 00	\$60 00	
" " " 1 00 to 10 " 1 0 to 1	6 00	50 - 00	000 00
" Two " " \dots 4 to 6 " 75 " 60" " \dots 3 to 5 " 60"	$\frac{4}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 35 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{300}{200} \frac{00}{00}$
DWARF MOUNTAIN PINE			_00 00
Mountain Pine, Three years old 6 to 8 inch. \$1 50	\$10 00	\$75 00	
" " " 1 00	6 00	50 00	400 00
" Two " 2 to 4 " 75	4 00	35 00	30±00
RED GEDAR FROM NORTHERN			
Red Cedar, One year old	\$8 00 6 00	\$75 00 55 00	500 00
" Small, Transplanted. 6 to 8 " 3 00	25 00	00 110	300 00
•			

Red Cedar, Silver, One Year	
Red Cedar, Silver, One Year	 80 given stern
AMBRIGAN ARBOR VITAE. Arborvitae American	80 giver stern
Arborvitae American	80 giver stern
CHINESE ARBORVITAE PYRAMIDAL. Arborvitae Chinese, Two years old, 10 to 12 " \$2 00 \$15 00 " 8 to 10 " 1 50 12 00 100 00 " 8 to 10 " 4 to 6 " 1 00 8 00 70 00 CHINESE ARBORVITAE COMPACTA. Arborvitae Compacta, Two years, 10 to 12 inch. \$2 00 \$15 00 100 00 " 8 to 10 " 1 50 12 00 100 00 100 00 " 8 to 10 " 1 50 12 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00	80 giver stern
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CHINESE GOLDEN ARBORVITAE. Arborvitae Chinese Golden Two yrs, 8 to 10 " \$2 00 \$15 00 10 00 10	80 giver stern
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AMERICAN WHITE SPRUCE.	
White Spruce 5 to 6 feet 75 \$5.00 \$40.00	
4 90 4 00 35 00	
11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	00 .
" 12 to 18 " 20 1 50 9 00	80 .
" 10 to 12 " 15 1 0) 5 00	40 .
50 9 50	$\frac{25}{20}$.
	20 .
HEMLOCK SPRUCE.	
Hemlock Spruce	
11 11 10 10 10 10	40 .
	35 .
PICEA PUNGENS, BLUE SPROOL, THOM	
Blue Spruce	
(per pair) 42 to 0	
" " 3 to 4 " 3 00 25 00 " 5 00 " 5 00 " 7 00 17 00	
2 10 3 2 00 11 00	
" 2 to 3 2 to 17 to 12 inch. 40 3 50 25 00	125 .

DOUGLAS SPRUCE, FROM COLORAG	O SEED	٠,	
Each		100	1000
Douglas Spruce 5 to 6 feet, \$4 00	\$30 00	\$.8
"(per pair) 5 to 6 " 7 00			
" "		00.00	
" "		30 00	90
			99
ABIES CONCOLOR, FROM COLORA			
Concolor		$\frac{25}{15}$	
" 8 to 10 " 36		15	
BLACK HILLS SPRUCE, ABIES A	LBA.		
Black Hill Spruce		4	30
" " to 8 "	• 75	3	20
. BALSAM FIR.			
Balsam Fir 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet $2\frac{1}{2}$	$5 2 \dots$	16	140
" "		10	80
" "		8	75
		$\frac{6}{4}$.	55 35
" "		3 50	$25 \dots$
PINE, SCOTCH.	. 00	0 00	20
Scotch Pine6 to 8 feet 50) 4	30	225
" " 5 to 6 " 4		20	150
" "4 to 5 " 36		15	120
" "3 to 4 " 2		10	90
2i		7	$\frac{60}{50}$
		$\begin{array}{c} 6 & \dots \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{50}{20}$
" "10 to 12 inch	50	2 90	20
Austrian Pine5 to 6 feet 5) 4	30	175
" "2 to 3 " 2		10	175 90
., 2 , 2		8	75
" "	1	$5 \dots$	45
"	75	$4 \dots$	30
PINE, WHITE.		2.0	
White Pine		20	180
" "		$\frac{12}{9}$	100 80
" "		$\frac{9}{6}$	80 55
" " 8 to 10 " 10		4	30
PINE, MOUNTAIN DWARF.			
Mountain Dwarf 3 to 4 feet 73	6	45	
" " … 3 " 5	. 0	35	
" " 2 " 4		$\frac{25}{10}$	200
		$\begin{array}{c} 13 & \dots \\ 8 & \dots \end{array}$	$\frac{120}{75} \dots$
" "	5 1	0	75
Red Cedar	5 1 20	8	75
" "		6	50
" " … 6 to 10 " 10	75	4	35
" " 4 to 6 " .	75	3	25
JUNIPER, COMMUNIST.	9	10	100
English Juniper		12 9	100
JUNIPER, IRISH.	1 50	.,	60
Irish Juniper	3	25	
	2 50	20	
" "	$2 \dots$	15	125
" "		12	100
		$\frac{9}{7}$.	85 65
" "		5	45
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		AMERICA	N ARBOR V				
Auboustino	Umarien	n	2 to 1 foot	Each \$ 40	\$3	\$25	1000 \$220
6.6	6.6		3 "	35	2	16	150
• •	66		2 to 3 "	$\frac{25}{20}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{25}$	12 10	90
	6.6	1	8 to 24 inch	15	1	6	55
1 16	6.6		2 to 18 😬 –	10	75 75	4 3	35 25
			N ARBOR V	ITĀE.	(+)	٠)	٠. (٠٠
Arborvitae	Siberian	1	2 feet	40	3	25	
1		1	8 to 24 inch	.30	$\frac{2}{2}$ 50	15	$125 \dots$
,,,			2 to 18 " — 0 to 12 " —	$\frac{25}{20}$	$\frac{2}{1} \cdot$	$\frac{12}{10} \dots$	90
			TA ARBOR V		• (///	10 11	,
Arborvitae (Compacta	aExtra	nice, 2 feet	60	4 50	35	
66			18 inch	50	3 50	20	100
	**			35	2	12	100
			AL ARBOR V	ITAE.			
Arborvitae	Pyramid	al	Nice, 3 feet	60 50	4	35 28	
5.5	5.6	1:	to 18 inch	30	$\frac{3}{2} \frac{1}{50}$	15	
	**	10	0 to 12 "	20	1 50	10	90
		нооч	EY'S GOLDE	N.			
	Hoovey's	s Golden		40	3	25	
4 6 6 h	66		12 ': 8 to 10 ':	30 20	$\frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{50}$	$\frac{15}{10} \dots$	90
					. 77.7		.,,,
					-		
Nu	rsery	Grown Sha	de and O		ntal T	rees.	
Nu	rsery	TRA			ntal T	rees.	
Nu	rsery	TRA	NSPLANTED		ntal T	rees.	. 1900
Enropean L	arch	TRA	NSPLANTED H, EUROPEAN 4 to 6 feet	N. Each & 20	10 \$1-50	100 \$10	\$90
	arch	TRA LARCE	NSPLANTED H. EUROPEAN 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4	1. Each	10	100	
Enropean L	arch	TRA	NSPLANTED H. EUROPEAN 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4	Each \$ 20 15 10	10 \$1.50 1	\$100 \$10	\$90 60
Enropean La	arch	TRA LARCH WHITE BI	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet3 to 4 **2 to 3 ** RCH, EUROP	Each \$ 20 15 10	10 \$1.50 1	\$10 7 6	\$90 60
European L	arch ''	TRA	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4 2 to 3 RCH, EUROP 3 feet	Each \$ 20 15 10	\$1 50 1 75	\$100 \$10	\$90 60 50
European L	arch ''	TRA LARCH WHITE BI	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4 2 to 3 RCH, EUROP 3 feet	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN.	\$1 50 1 75	\$100 \$10 6	\$90 60 50
Enropean La	e	TRA LARCH WHITE BI AMER	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet3 to 42 to 3 RCH, EUROP3 feet2 RICAN LINDEN6 to 7 feet	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 30	\$1 50 1 \(\frac{1}{45}\)	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ \$10 \\ \vdots \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ \vdots \\ 4 \\ 50 \\ \end{array}$	\$90 60 50 40
Enropean La	e	TRA LARCH WHITE BI AMER	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4 2 to 3 RCH, EUROP 3 feet 2 RICAN LINDEN 6 to 7 feet 4 to 5	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 15 30 25	\$1 50 1 1 1 1	\$100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10	\$90 60 50 40
Enropean La	e	TRA LARCH WHITE BI AMER	NSPLANTED 1.4 to 6 feet 1.3 to 4 12 1.2 to 3 14 RCH, EUROP 1.3 feet 1.2 14 1.6 to 7 feet 1.4 to 5 14 1.2 to 3 14	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 30	\$1 50 1 \(\frac{1}{45}\)	$\begin{array}{c} 100 \\ \$10 \\ \vdots \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ \vdots \\ 4 \\ 50 \\ \end{array}$	\$90 60 50 40
Enropean La	e	TRA LARCH WHITE BI AMER	NSPLANTED 1.4 to 6 feet 1.3 to 4 12 1.2 to 3 14 RCH, EUROP 1.3 feet 1.2 14 1.6 to 7 feet 1.4 to 5 14 1.2 to 3 14	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 30 25 15 10	\$1 50 1 \displays \frac{1}{45}	100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 6	\$90 50 40 90 50
Enropean La	e	TRA LARCH WHITE BI AMER	NSPLANTED .4 to 6 feet .3 to 4 " .2 to 3 " RCH, EUROP .3 feet .3 feet .4 to 5 " .2 to 3 " 8 to 24 inch PPEAN LINDER	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 30 25 15 10	10 \$1.50 1 \(\frac{1}{45}\) 1 \(\frac{2}{1}\) 1 \(\frac{2}{1}\) 1 \(\frac{1}{1}\)	100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 6	\$90 50 40 90 50
Enropean La	e	TRA LARCE WHITE BI AMER EUROI	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4 2 to 3 RCH, EUROP 3 feet 2 6 to 7 feet 4 to 5 2 to 3 8 to 24 inch PEAN LINDER 3 to 4 feet 8 to 24 inch	Each \$ 20 15 10 EAN. 15 25 15 10 N. 15 10	\$1 50 1 \cdot \frac{1}{45} 1 \cdot \cdot \frac{1}{45} 1 \cdot \cdot \frac{1}{75}	100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 6 3	\$90 60 50 40 90 25
European La	e	TRA LARCE WHITE BI AMER EUROI	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet3 to 42 to 3 RCH, EUROP	Each \$ 20 15 10 EAN. 15 25 10 N. 15 10 N.	10 \$1.50 1 \(\frac{1}{45}\) 1 \(\frac{2}{1}\) 1 \(\frac{2}{1}\) 1 \(\frac{1}{1}\)	\$100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 6 8	\$90 60 50 40 90 25
Enropean La	e	TRA LARCE WHITE BI AMERICA EUROI AMERICA AMERICA	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet3 to 42 to 3 RCH, EUROP	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 10 25 15 10 N. 15 10 N.	10 \$1 50 1 1 1 20 1 75 1	100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 6 3	\$90 60 50 40 90 25
European Landen, White Linden, Am	e	WHITE BI AMERICA LARCH WHITE BI AMERICA 5 inches i	NSPLANTED .4 to 6 feet .3 to 4 " .2 to 3 " RCH, EUROPE .3 feet .4 to 5 " .2 to 3 " 8 to 24 inch PEAN LINDER .3 to 4 feet 8 to 24 inch) to 15 " EAN WHITE EI In diameter	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 10 25 15 10 N. 15 10 10 PEAN.	10 \$1 50 1 75 1 1 20 1 75 1 1 75 50	100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 8 4 3	\$90 60 50 40 90 25 35
European Landen, White Linden, Am	e	### TRA LARCH WHITE BI AMERICA 18 EUROI AMERICA 5 inches i .3 " .2 to 3 "	NSPLANTED 4 to 6 feet 3 to 4 2 to 3 RCH, EUROP 3 feet 2 RICAN LINDEN 6 to 7 feet 4 to 5 2 to 3 8 to 24 inch PEAN LINDEN 3 to 4 feet 8 to 24 inch) to 15 EAN WHITE EI In diameter	Each \$ 20 15 10 15 10 25 15 10 N	10 \$1 50 1 15 1 1 20 1 75 1 75 50	100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 6 3 8 4 3	\$90 60 50 40 90 25 35
European La	e	WHITE BI AMERICA LARCH WHITE BI AMERICA 5 inches i	NSPLANTED 1.4 to 6 feet 1.3 to 4 11 1.2 to 3 12 RCH, EUROP 1.3 feet 1.4 to 5 12 1.4 to 5 13 1.5 to 24 inch 1.5 to 24 inch 1.6 to 7 feet 1.7 to 3 12 1.8 to 24 inch 1.8 to 24 inch 1.9 to 15 13 1.8 to 10 feet 1.8 to 10 feet 1.5 to 6 13	Each \$ 20 15 10 PEAN. 15 10 25 15 10 N. 15 10 10 PEAN.	10 \$1 50 1 75 1 1 20 1 75 1 1 75 50	100 \$10 7 6 4 50 12 10 8 4 3	\$90 60 50 40 90 25

	AMERICAN WHITE AS	н.			
White Ash		Each \$ 25 20	\$2 1 50	\$12 \$ 9	1000 \$
	BOX ELDER.				
Box Elder	6 to 8 feet	20 15	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & \dots \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \ \dots \\ 6 \ \dots \end{array}$	45 .
	CATALPA SPECIOSA	١.			- 1
	2 inches in diameter	50 35 20	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & \dots \\ 2 & \dots \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & \dots \\ 15 & \dots \\ 7 & \dots \end{array}$	/

Nursery Grown Forest and Ornamental Tree Seedlings.

LARCH, EUROPEAN.

1000

100

10000

	100	1000	10000
European Larch	\$1.50	\$9	\$75
	1	6	59
"4 to 6 "	75	4	35
		1	00
WHITE BIRCH, EUROPEAN.			
Birch, White	1 50	10	90
" ' ' 12 to 18 ''	1 25	8	70
" "	i	6	50
		0	00
AMERICAN LINDEN.			
Linden, American 8 to 10 inch	1.50	12	
European Linden8 to 10 inch	1 50	$\frac{12}{12}$	
Maropeaa Minden Minden Control to to their	1 00	14	• • • • •
AMERICAN WHITE ELM.			
Elm, White 10 to 12 inch	75	4	35
" to 10 "	60	3	25
White Ash, American10 to 12 "	50	3	25
"	50	2	18
Mountain Ash, European 6 to 10 "	1	8	
Catalpa Speciosa	60	3	25
Catalpa Speciosa	50	$\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{.}{50}$	
			20
DUA ERICET	50	2 50	20
	50	$2 \dots$	18
Soft Maples2 feet	1	5	$35 \dots$
" 18 to 24 inch	75	3	$25 \dots$
" " 10 to 12 "	50	$2 \dots$	18
Norway Maple8 to 10 "	1 50	10	90
" to 8 "	1	8	70
Horse Chestnuts6 to 9 "	$2 \dots$	$12 \dots$	
Russian Mulberry18 to 24 "	$\frac{1}{2}$	12	100
" "12 to 18 "	1 50	9	75
" 6 to 10 "	1	6	45
	1	0	10

Special to Nurserymen and Dealers.

This list will only be sent to those in the trade.

For the past twenty years I have made a specialty of growing hardy Evergreens from seeds. My trees are all healthy and well grown; will be well assorted and packed by men of long experience, to travel long distances with safety. While my prices will be found lower than most reliable establishments, I am quite confident my trees will be equal to the best and superior to most.

Excellent Shipping Facilities.

My nursery is located on the open prairie, forty miles northwest of Chicago on the C. & N-W. R'y.