A Proposal for Raising the Publick Credit,

By Setting up an OFFICE for Transferring and Difcounting TALLIES.

HE Defign of this Propofal is, To raife the Value of Tallies to fuch a Proportion, that all Tallies may be difcounted for five or fix per Cent. and that the worft of them being those at the greatest distance to be payd, shall be the best; which is done by the Profit that is gain'd from the often disposing of them.

The Method is thus:

I. That an Office be fettled by A& of Parliament for Transferring and Difcounting Bills drawn on Tallies: Thefe Bills to be fo limitted, that they may not exceed the Value of the Tallies, and fo diftinguish'd, as to be known upon what Funds they are drawn, that it may appear when they are payd off by their feveral Funds, and when to be brought to the Lords of the Treasury to be Cancell'd.

II. That all Perfons have liberty to fubscribe their Tallies to this Office, which is to be the Stock of the Office, every Hundred Pound Tally, being One Hundred Pound Stock; and at the time of fuch Subscription, Five Pounds per Cent. in Money be payd into the Office for every Hundred Pound Tally, to raise a Fund of Money to difcount the Bills.

III. That these Bills be made payable by the Office upon a Months Notice, and not at demand: That they be drawn on the Value of the whole Stock, by equal Proportion of Ten per Cent; and that they be delivered to the feveral Owners of the Stock, at fuch distance of time, as never to exceed the Money in the Office that lies to difcount them.

1V. That after the Rate of Five Pounds per Cent. be allowed for Difcounting the Bills, and be payd to the Office at the time of the Months Notice; and that Five Pounds per Share, be payd upon Transferring the Stock of the Office, with other fmall Fees for entring the Bills and Transfer's not exceeding five Shillings per Cent; which Fees are to belong to the Owners of the Stock, and are to encrease the Fund of money for difcounting Bills.

V. That there be a Clause in the AA of Parliament, that no Obligation or Promise to Transfer any Bill or Stock of the Office shall be good in Law, or oblige to Transfer them; and that only the actual Transferring in the Books of the Office shall pass the right of any Bill or Stock: This will effectually prevent Stock-jobbing, which would less and disturb the value of the Bills and Stock; And, if not prevented, will frustrate the whole design: For the Bills and Stock of the Office, would be continually fold by Contracts and Policies, to avoid paying Fees, as is usual in other Stocks.

From these Confiderations, that the five per Cent' paid for discounting the Bills, will increase the money deposited for discounting them; and with the Interest, will be always more than Ten per Cent. of the Stock, that the Bills being made payable upon a months notice, the Office will know a month before, what is to be paid; and therefore can the better provide for Payment; and that from delivering the Bills to the Owners of the Stock, in such proportion of Ten per Cent, as never to exceed the money that like

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These Bills having gained a Credit, will pass current betwixt man and man, after the rate of Ninety five Pounds for one hundred; because upon Payment of five Pounds, the hundred Pound Bill will certainly be paid by the Office; which makes the same reckoning as if the Bills passed for one hundred; and there can be no Loss by them; breause being at first delivered to the Owners of the Stock, if they pass them away after the rate of ninety five for one hundred, they receive the five Pounds again in the value of their Stock, when ever the Bills are discounted.

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Befides, the five Pound, paid for Transferring the Stock, will encrease the value of it; and the oftner it is Transferred, the greater will be the value. Whereas otherwise the great necessity for money at this time, that the general Scarcity of it will occasion many Sellers, which would very much fink the value of the Stock, as in all other cases the many Sellers and few Buyers makes things cheap; and the Stock would be of the fame value or worse than the Tallies now are, whereof many of them cannot be difcounted for Thirty, nor Forty per Cent.

But if it be confidered what great Profit the Office may probably get, by the often difcounting of Bills, and Transferring of Stock: That if the Bills thould be delivered out to half the value of the Stock, and the Stock thould be Transferred ten times, the first value of the whole Stock would be paid to the Office; and that if the Profit thould not be fo grear, it will be always certain without any Lofs: It is very evident, that all the Tallies fublicribed to this Office will fo rife in their value as to be current money, upon paying the Charge of Transferring them (being five per Cent'); and those that are now the worfe Talhes, will be the best, because they continuing longest in the Office before they are paid off, will receive the greatest Share of Profit which may be so great in time as to Double the first value.

Thus by Settling this Office, the Publick Credit may be Raifed, and Paper-Credit Reftored. But it these Tally's should be Subscribed to the Bank of England, it would be very uncertain whether it can be done, they should endeavour to follow the same method; because the Subscribers will never be able to Raise for much Mony, at this time of Scarcity, as will be sufficient to Discount the Bank of Englands Bills, and those drawn on Tally's; which cannot be less than near Two Millions, to pay off the Bank of Englands Bills, besides what will be necessary to discount their Own.

For, tho' it may be fuppofed, that the Bank of Englands Bills, may be taken into the Subfcriptions with the Tally's, and then lefs mony will ferve, that cannot be Rely'd on, unlefs those that have the Bills are forced to Subfcribe; which would be Unreafonable: For, it being a known Truth, that their credit can never be Rais'd without Paying their Bills; those that have them will not Subfcribe; becaufe they know when the Bank is engaged in fuch a Defign, they will be under a neceffity to pay their Bills with Ready Mony: And this confideration will be an obftruction to the Subfcribing the Tally's; becaufe they will be Apprehensive, that the ready mony, that they deposite, for the Discounting of their own Bills, will be made use of to pay off the Bank of England's; which will make the whole defign Uncertain.

And, befides the danger of Relying on fuch an Uncertainty, at a time when the Nation fo much wants credit, from the ill confequences, if they fhould not fucceed; it may be as dangerous, on the contrary, to the Nation, if the Bank of England fhould fucceed; for then by the Conjunction of Seven or Eight Millions, they would have fo great credit, as might give them fuch a Power, as to make them dangerous to the Conflitution of England; and let the Inconveniency be found hereafter never fo great, it may be out of the power of the Government to Remedy; becaufe they are founded upon a PERPETOIIT not redeemable, but upon a Great Sum of Mony; which will be very difficult for a PARLIAMENT to raife, when fuch a Powerful intereft may joyn to oppofe the Raifing of it. Whereas, if this Office be Settled, it will in time determine of it felf, when the Tally's are paid off, and the power in the interim may be fo limitted, as no fuch Jealoufy may arife from their Conflitution.

N. B.