

NEARING HAVANA

Flames from the Insurgent Fires can be seen from the City.

Spanish Party Favor the Recall of Captain-General Weyler.

Havana, Jan. 12 (via Key West, Fla., Jan. 13.)—Captain-General Weyler is in a very bad humor, and seemingly with good reason. He was with difficulty dissuaded a day or so ago from sending Senor Pena, correspondent of the Madrid Herald, to Moro castle, and the newspaper man in question is not safe from the Spanish commander, who was aroused by the criticisms of the conduct of the campaign in Cuba.

To such a degree has the captain-general felt his ill temper that nobody outside his civil and military advisers has been able to see him since his return from the field. That he is in danger of recalling nobody here for a moment doubts, in spite of the many official and semi-official denials from Madrid, for it is remembered that the same course was followed by the government in the case of the recall of Marshal Martinez Campos.

Weyler cannot truthfully be said to have achieved a single success, diplomatic, administrative, military or otherwise. There are probably more insurgents, better armed and better supplied, in Pinar del Rio at the present time than at any time since the insurrection broke out. General Weyler once openly remarked that the western portion of that province alone contained 7000 armed men, and that large additional bands of insurgents were hovering about his troops. The Spanish commander sent 50,000 men against the little insurgent army, and the latter, acting with admirable strategy, seemed to disappear, and the best efforts of the Spanish generals have failed to discover their whereabouts. Gomez is pushing on from the east with all the men he can muster, at the same time protecting his retreat.

The insurgent bands are, in the meantime, carrying the torch to the very gates of Havana. The flames from the burning property can be seen from the captain-general's palace, the sound of firearms has been frequently heard of late in the suburbs, and except to hold the cities, the Spaniards are absolutely powerless, though they have burned every roof capable of sheltering a wounded insurgent, destroyed everything likely to give them food and in every way have endeavored to crush the struggle, freedom, not in open conflict, but by adopting the very guerrilla tactics they taught the Cubans with employing, including the burning of the insurgent hospitals and the slaughter of the helpless sufferers, according to all reports.

The civil governor is known to be using his influence with the commercial bodies here to bring about Weyler's recall, and protests against his conduct have been sent to Madrid recently in graphic terms of disgust and disapproval. All efforts to cable such matter to Madrid from here have been frustrated by the captain-general. But this has not prevented several urgent messages being sent from Key West to Madrid, and it is believed the action taken will not fail to have the desired effect in the near future.

The movement against Weyler has its root in the most influential circles, the very quarter where Spain counts her staunchest supporters, and therefore, it is not believed possible that the government can much longer ignore the fact that little or nothing can be done to ward the real solution of the Cuban question so long as Captain-General Weyler is in command. His military incapacity is not the only feature complained of. The air is full of war rumors, rotten contracts, of soldiers suffering from lack of food, of medicine and ammunition, which, issued by some means or other, have fallen into the hands of the insurgents or have entirely failed to materialize. Even the army contractors have turned against the captain-general, and that, as military men are aware, means a great deal.

The rumor that Maximo Gomez was contemplating surrendering to the Spanish authorities has been traced to Spanish official sources, as usual, and it is pronounced by friends of the Cubans who are always well informed, to be utterly false. They said that as long as Captain-General Weyler is in Cuba no proposition looking to a peaceful settlement of the Cuban question will be accepted by the insurgent leaders, although it is known that a strong party of the insurgents now under arms is in favor of accepting a fair humane rule proposition as soon as the details can be determined upon.

The war party, however, prevails over the peace party, the former being strengthened, it is said, by assurances received from the New York junta that if the Spaniards do not succeed in crushing the rebellion or in bringing about a settlement of the question at issue before next autumn, the United States will interfere and bring about the establishment of a republic in Cuba.

The movement which the Spanish party here desire in place of Weyler is Palma, now captain-general of the Philippine Islands. Palma, who knows Cuba thoroughly is said by the Spaniards to be an honest man and a general who can be counted upon to terminate the war in short order.

The advent of Gomez into the western part of Cuba is liable to be the straw which will turn the tide in favor of Weyler's recall, which is only held back because the Spanish ministry does not like to be placed in the position of giving way in this matter to the condemnation which the captain-general and his methods have met with in the American newspapers.

Reference to the advance of General Gomez and the utterances of the friends of Cuba in the United States congress are being pretty freely distributed among the Cuban sympathizers here and in other parts of the island, and are understood to be doing much towards counteracting the blow which the in-

urgent cause suffered through the death of Antonio Maceo.

The statement was given out at the palace to-day that Emilia Calzad and Eduardo Garcia, well known insurgent commanders, died recently from wounds received in an engagement with the Spanish troops in the province of Havana.

TO EXCLUDE CANADIANS.

Congressman Corlies' Measures Before the Immigration Committee.

Washington, Jan. 14.—Congressman Corlies, of Detroit, appeared before the conference committee on immigration to-day in favor of his measure to keep out Canadians and others, who come to this country during favorable times to earn money and then return to spend it. He showed by treasury figures that 100,000 of these people came here annually and take away \$15,000,000. He urged that they should be required to become citizens or be kept out of the country.

INDIAN RELIEF MEASURES.

Meeting Held at Calcutta Yesterday to Promote Relief Schemes.

London, Jan. 14.—The Viceroy of India, the Earl of Elgin, presided to-day at an influential meeting in Calcutta called to promote private relief measures. He begged that all disputes should cease and that natives and Europeans should stand side by side. The Viceroy also alluded to Queen Victoria's patronage of and sympathy with the relief fund. He was warmly cheered and announced that the first list of deficits amounted to 130,000 rupees. Some of the native princes also spoke.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

An Ex-Notary Arrested on Information of Charles Fair.

San Francisco, Jan. 14.—J. J. Cooney, ex-notary, has been arrested on a warrant, sworn out by Charles L. Fair for alleged perjury. At the Fair trial Cooney testified that the late ex-Senator Fair, on September 27, 1894, acknowledged to him the signature of deeds conveying property worth one million dollars to Mrs. Leticia Crayon, a school teacher, who claims to be his contract widow. District Attorney Barnes states that Cooney asserted that Mr. Fair made the acknowledgment. This is understood to be the first of several criminal prosecutions directed against some of the claimants to the Fair millions. Cooney is held in \$10,000 bonds.

MUST PAY THEIR FINES.

Judgment Given Against the Panama Canal Manipulators.

Paris, Jan. 13.—The tribunal which has been inquiring into the question of the responsibility of the Panama canal manipulators for the fines imposed upon them, decided to-day that ex-Minister Balhaut, Charles de Lesseps and Blondin, were responsible for the fine of \$91,000 francs imposed upon the first named, in addition to a term of imprisonment for his connection with the affair. Therefore Balhaut, who was rearrested on December 11 after having been released from prison a few months ago, in order that he may serve two years imprisonment for not paying the fine, will remain in prison, and M. de Lesseps and Blondin will be placed in prison if they return to France.

NEW TRIAL FOR DURRANT.

At Least One of the Justices in Favor of It.

San Francisco, Jan. 14.—It is reported in legal circles that the California Supreme court may send the Durrant case back for re-trial. At least one of the justices is said to have openly said the evidence against Durrant for the murder of Blanch Lamont was insufficient to convict. He believed Durrant was found guilty to satisfy the popular clamor and if he can influence the other justices to the same view a new trial may be ordered as was done in the case of Dr. Milton Bowers, who now walks the streets a free man. Although the Durrant case is now under submission Attorney-General Fitzgerald has not yet filed his brief reply to the defendant's brief. When that is filed there will be the defendant's brief in return. Two months may elapse before the all important decision of the supreme court is handed down.

The well known strengthening properties of iron, combined with other tonic and most perfect nutritive are found in Carter's Little Pills, which strengthen the nerves and body, and improve the blood and complexion.

TO BE BUILT OF GLASS.

A magnificent mansion, built entirely of colored glass bricks, has been planned to be built here for a Pacific coast millionaire. The architects are not yet permitted to disclose the name of the prospective owner of this unique architectural oddity—first, because he is still abroad, and, second, because certain details of construction have not yet been determined.

The building, which will be designed somewhat after the style of an old Pompeian palace, is to be begun during the winter. On account of the elaborateness of the design and the great care and skill required in the construction of the building, it will not be completed under two years. The architect says that the ground plan of the house will, in some respects, resemble that of the house of Pansa, familiar to readers of The Last Days of Pompeii. The bricks will be of various sizes, shapes and colors, and the effects will be of an Oriental richness which will defy description.

This will be the first residence in the world constructed of such material and on these lines. It is to be built in the form of a square, enclosing an open court, inside of which a fountain will play. By means of electric light from the source of the fountain the water will fall in a shower of vari-colored hues. It is said that the owner of this fountain contemplates on certain occasions having perfumed water flow from the fountain, thus scenting the entire court, and on occasions of festivity a continuous current of California wines of his own vintage will flow from the pitcher

Constipation

causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retards the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. See All Druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

held in the uplifted hand of the Bacchante in the interior of the fountain.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

WOMEN'S WEAKNESS.

Female Complaints Combined With Kidney Troubles are Fatal.

LUCKY WOMAN ESCAPED.

Consented to Try Dadd's Kidney Pills, the Premier of Proprietary Medicines, and is Now Strong and Well—One Box Cured Her.

Walkerton, Jan. 13.—Half a dollar saved a woman's life in this town not many months ago—only last August, to be exact.

Half a dollar is the price of a box of DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. One box of these far-famed and judiciously-famed pills was enough to put Mrs. Elvina Ady on her feet, when she was very ill with female complaint, combined with Kidney trouble.

With this example in view, why should there be a single woman in Canada tottering on the brink of the grave, or going about her work dragged down, despondent and discouraged? Kidney diseases are fatal. They mean slow death, if not cured. But there is a cure, and it is the purpose of these lines to demonstrate it. Here is Mrs. Ady's testimonial:

Gentlemen: I have been troubled with a complaint called women's weakness and Kidney trouble. I read of the many cures DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS had done. I consented to try them. I have used one box and I am completely cured. No pain or backaches have ever come back. I can highly recommend them to all women. You may publish this so as to help others. MRS. E. ADY, Walkerton, Ont.

August 8th. Any druggist has DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. If your druggist should be out of them, address the DODD'S MEDICINE COMPANY, Toronto. Price fifty cents a box; six boxes for \$2.50.

COLONISTS SATISFIED.

British Guiana Papers Discuss the Boundary Settlement.

New York, Jan. 13.—The Herald's Washington correspondent says the first British Guiana papers published since the Venezuelan boundary agreement between this country and England reached the state department to-day, dated as late as December 23. They show that the whole arrangement, particularly the fifty year clause is highly satisfactory to the colonists, who consider that Great Britain has got the best of the bargain in every way. While the utterances are cautious the papers express satisfaction that Great Britain was able to secure its end without any recognition of the Monroe doctrine.

Pinnac Haddies and Glasgow Beef Ham at R. H. Jameson's, 33 Fort St.

I MAKE MAN.

THE GREAT HUDYAN. This extraordinary rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America. Hudyan is purely vegetable.



Constipation disturbs Fall in 2-3 weeks. Nerveous twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens in 10-15 days and tones up entire system. Hudyan cures indigestion, constipation, nervousness, etc. restores worn organs. Put in the stop.

LOST MANHOOD. The new discovery was made by the specialists of the old famous Hudson Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitality maker. It is very powerful, but harmless. Learn the grand truth of health, make yourself a man again by using the California remedy. You can only get it from the Hudson Medical Institute. Write for free circulars, send for testimonials and all orders free.

HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE. Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts. SAN FRANCISCO, California.

BRAINS and Body Economized

Worry and Work Reduced. Half the Labor of Washday is washed away by the use of

E. B. Eddy's Indurated Fibreware

Tubs and Pails. They are LIGHT, TIGHT AND DURABLE

NO-TO-BAG GUARANTEED CURE

Over 100,000 boxes sold. 100,000 cures prove its power to destroy the desire for tobacco in any form. No-to-bag is the greatest nerve-food in the world. Many gain 10 pounds in 30 days and it never fails to make the weak impatient man strong, vigorous and manly. Just try a box. You will be delighted. We expect you to believe what we say, for a cure is absolutely guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Send for our book, "How to Overcome the Habit of Smoking Your Life Away," written guarantee and free sample. Address THE STRAHLING REMEDY CO., Chicago or New York.

SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY BOWEN, THE DRUGGIST.

Large advertisement for THE TIMES newspaper, featuring the headline 'Do You Read It?' and 'Twice-a-Week Times'. It includes contact information for Times P. & P. Co., W. Templeman, Mgr., and mentions the paper's circulation and subscription rates.

W. J. R. Cowell, (B.A., F.G.S.) Mining Engineer and Assayer, 22 Broad Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

Alpha Atomizers produce an absolutely continuous spray by means of Our New Patent Tube. Alpha Atomizer No. 3 with Throat Tip, \$2.00. At all drug stores or sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

Alpha Rubber Co., Montreal.

VETERINARY. S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. Office at Brye's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. Calls promptly attended to day or night. Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS. JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, gutters made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort Street, groceries, Cookman & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver Street. Telephone, 130.

WANTED. EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.—Situations secured, and servants obtained. Pioneer Dye Works, 10 Douglas Street. d-11

WANTED.—A nurse girl; apply 76 Chatham Street.

WANTED HELP.—Reliable men in every locality, look for "Wanted," to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards locked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. No-day employment. Commission or salary: \$25.00 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars write "The World Medical Electric Co., London, Ont., Canada, Sept. 1, 1893." c-13-3m-d-w

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent, per word each insertion, and are retained at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m.

FOR SALE.—A portion of the N. & S. Beach Agricultural Society's land in South Beach, containing 56 acres more or less, about 20 acres clear, never falling streets of water. For further particulars apply to the secretary, H. F. Holders, Turquoise P. O. B. O.

FOR SALE.—Fourteen acres land three miles from city; all fenced and cleared; five-roomed house, large barn and other buildings; just the place for small farms and poultry. Would lease if suitable tenant offers. Address T. R. Ellis, 222 Fort Street. c-201f

MISCELLANEOUS. A. W. WILSON. PLUMBERS AND GAS-FITTERS. Sell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best quality of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Minimum supplied at lowest rates. Broad Street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 136.

UNDERTAKERS. CHAS. HAYWARD (Established 1867.) Funeral Director and Embalmer. Government Street, Victoria.

Kootenay Mines. LATEST INFORMATION OF New Finds, Trams, Shipments of Ore Developments, WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF Stock and Share Prices.

READ... The Miner. PUBLISHED AT NELSON. The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of MR. GEO. SHEDDEN, Agent for Victoria and Vancouver is read.

JNO. MESTON. Carriage Maker. BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

NOTICE. At the next meeting of the Licensing Commissioners application will be made for the transfer of the license of the Adelphi Saloon, now held by M. C. Brown to G. R. Fisher and R. C. Davies. M. C. BROWN, del. Victoria, B.C., Dec. 14, 1896.

Best Wellington Coal. \$5.00. Can be weighed on City Scales when ordered. For weighing 100 lbs. charged. Good Cord Wood for Sale, \$3.50 per Cord. J. E. PAINTER, 24 Commercial Street, Victoria, B.C.

West Wellington Coal Co. (JORDAN MINE.) Until further notice we will sell the Original Wellington Coal for \$4.75.—PER TON, DELIVERED.—COWAN & CO. Cor. Fort and Broad. Tel. 2.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—Change for a sending advertisements must be handed in at the office before 11 a. m. of the day the change is desired appear.

PATENTS. TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC. Anyone sending a sketch and description can quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Office agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co., receive special notice in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year; \$1.00 six months. Specimen copies and HALL'S BOOK OF PATENTS sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

MONETARY SYSTEM

Proposed by the Conference Which Has Been in Session for Several Days.

Report of the Committee on Resolutions—A Member Causes a Stir.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 14.—The first morning session of the monetary conference was held yesterday. The convention has been conspicuous for the absence of unnecessary frills. Business has been transacted in a quiet and unobtrusive manner.

There are three ways of escaping national bankruptcy at some time if the present plan is to be continued. First—We could assume the full functions of banking, a step which is altogether out of the question. Second—We can tax the people whenever the emergency arises, which must prove, as it always has, a most expensive, burdensome policy and one to which the people will not long submit.

After the convention had been called to order, brief speeches were made by Mr. Adams, of Massachusetts; Mr. Wilson, of Kentucky, and Chairman Hanna. At the conclusion of his talk Mr. Hanna called upon Mr. Ingalls, of Cincinnati, to read the report of the committee on resolutions.

This convention declares that it has become absolutely necessary that a consistent, straight-forward and deliberately planned monetary system shall be inaugurated, the fundamental basis of which should be:

First—That the present gold standard should be maintained. Second—That steps should be taken to secure the ultimate retirement of all classes of United States notes by a gradual and steady process so as to avoid injurious contraction of the currency or disturbances of the business in this our country, and until this retirement process should be made for a separation of the revenue and note issue departments of the treasury.

Third—That a banking system be provided which should furnish credit facilities to every portion of the country and elastic circulation, especially with a view of securing such a distribution of the loanable capital of the country as will tend to equalize the rates of interest in all parts thereof.

For the purpose of effectively promoting the above objects:

Resolved, That fifteen members of this convention be appointed as an executive committee, while this convention is not in session, with full powers of this convention. The executive committee shall have power to increase its membership to any number not exceeding forty-five, and five members thereof shall at all times constitute a quorum of said committee.

The executive committee shall have special charge of the solicitation, receipt and disbursement of contributions voluntarily made for all purposes; shall have power to call this convention together again when and where it may seem best to said committee to do so, and said committee shall continue in office with power to fill vacancies until discharged at a future meeting of this convention.

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of this executive committee to endeavor to procure at the special meeting of congress, which it is understood will be called in March next, legislation calling for the appointment of a monetary committee by the president to consider the entire question and report to congress at the earliest day possible, or failing to secure the above legislation, they are hereby authorized and empowered to select a committee of eleven members, according to the rules and plans set forth in suggestions submitted to the convention by Mr. Hanna, of Indianapolis, as follows:

Article 1—The committee shall consist of eleven members, to be named by the legislative committee appointed by this convention. The legislative committee shall have power to fill vacancies in the committee as long as they may occur.

Article 2—The first meeting of the commission shall be held at a time and place to be designated by the executive committee of this convention on a call to be issued therefor, and at such meeting the convention shall organize by the election of such officers and the adoption of such rules and by-laws for its own government as may be agreed to by a majority of its members; and thereafter it shall be governed by such rules and by-laws, subject to these articles.

Article 3—All rules and by-laws of the commission and all its proceedings shall be directed toward the accomplishment of the objects of its creation, which is to make a thorough investigation of the monetary affairs and needs of the country, in all relations and aspects, and to make appropriate suggestions as to any evils found to exist and the remedies therefor, and no limit is placed upon the scope of their inquiry or the manner of conducting the same, except that the same shall not exceed the sum set apart for that purpose by the executive committee.

Article 4—The executive committee of this convention shall use so much of the voluntary contributions made to it as may be available for that purpose, to defray all necessary expenses of the commission, and shall notify the commission from time to time of the amount so available, so that they may regulate its expenditures accordingly, and no liability shall attach to said committee or to this convention beyond the amount so specified.

Article 5—When the labors of this commission have been completed so far as practicable, the executive committee, if it deems advisable, shall issue a call to bring this convention together again at a time and place designated in such call; and at the meeting so convened the committee shall make report of its doings and suggestions in such manner and form as it shall deem best adapted to present the same to this convention and its members for action, and if legislation is deemed advisable, shall accompany such report with a draft of such bill or bills providing for such organization.

Resolved, That all resolutions and all communications as to methods of currency reform which have been presented to this convention be referred to such committee when formed.

After the reading of the resolutions, Mr. Walker, of Massachusetts, chairman of the house committee on banking and currency, was recognized and hurried a bombshell into the camp peaceful. He said:

The committee on banking and currency of the house and the finance committee of the senate have taken no special action, but up to the present moment it has been determined that before this congress closes there should be some definite scheme formulated to be presented to the proposed extra session of the Fifty-fifth congress. And but for this convention some scheme would have been provided. This convention was called. What have you done? I don't believe there is a member of congress here or in Washington who believes that by this machinery you have de-

DAGUERRETYPES. How the Old Fashioned Portraits Were Taken.

Photographers are talking of reviving the art of "daguerreotypes." The love for the old and ancient is bringing about a demand for the old-fashioned silver-plated photograph, for such a daguerreotype, is which was the highest type of the photograph sixty years ago. The art is now so nearly obsolete that it is forgotten by all but a very few old-timers and by a few amateurs who have learned the art because of its interesting character. The daguerreotype, named after its inventor, the Frenchman Daguerre, was introduced in the first quarter of the present century, and it stands today as one of the most notable and important inventions of the nineteenth century. In this country the art was first practised by Morse, the inventor of the telegraph.

The daguerreotype was a photograph upon a silver-coated copper plate. Unlike the present photograph, each daguerreotype was unique, for the photograph was taken and developed upon the plate, something like the lowly type. It was this feature of the daguerreotype which gave it a peculiar value, and which is brought to the front to-day as an argument to prove that the art should be revived. The process was simply and quickly learned. The plates used were of hard

present generation speak well for the methods employed by the artists of the first half of the century, for, apparently they are as clear and distinct as they were when first cemented in the gold frame.

Will positively cure sick headache and prevent its return. Carter's Little Liver Pills. That is not talk, but truth. One pill done. See advertisement, small post. Small dose. Small price.

THRONE OF THUNDER.

Mungo Mah Lobehk the throne of palace of thunder, as the natives call it, the peak of Kameru, as the whites call it, is the highest point on the western side of the African continent, says the National Review.

The first view the voyager gets of it, who, coming from the northward, has been coasting for weeks along low shores and up the stagnant rivers fringed with mangrove swamp, is a thing no man can ever forget. Suddenly, right up out of the sea, the great mountain rises to its 13,750 feet, while close to hand, to westward, towers the lovely island mass of Fernando Po to its 10,100 feet, and, great as its first charm, every time you see it it becomes greater, although it is never the same. Five times I have been in the beautiful bay at its foot and have never seen it twice alike. Sometimes it is wreathed with indigo-black tornado clouds, sometimes crested with snow, some-

THE IRISH LAND SYSTEM. It Has Made Enemies for England all Over the World.

"Root Difficulties of Irish Government" is the subject of an article in the North American Review for January, by Mr. T. W. Russell, M. P. He says: Up to the year 1870 the Irish tenant possessed no legal property in the soil. He had, in the great majority of cases, built his own house, reclaimed, drained and fenced the land. By law, the house which he had built, and every atom of improvement he had made, belonged to the landlord. Under the Encumbered Estates Court Act, for example, the whole of the tenant's property was expressly conveyed, with the freehold, to the new purchaser. The second fact is that, without cause, and with the rent fully paid, he could be evicted and his whole property confiscated. This is no fancy picture. When I first entered Irish politics this was English law in Ireland, and every day in Irish counties this law was wont to be enforced by policemen paid for out of Irish taxes. By a long, laborious and arduous fight—by the constitutional labors of men like Sherman Crawford, Dr. McKnight, Richard Smyth, Hugh Law and Isaac Butt, aye, and shame be it said that it should have required it, by the unconstitutional work of the Land League, this horrid system has been all but brought to the ground. I

Your anxiety is, for your delicate child; the child that in spite of all your careful over-watching, keeps thin and pale. Exercise seems to weaken her and food fails to nourish. That child needs Scott's Emulsion with the Hypophosphites—not as a medicine, but as a food containing all the elements of growth. It means rich blood, strong bones, healthy nerves, sound digestion. No child refuses Scott's Emulsion. It is pleasant and palatable.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville, Ont.

favor of that bill and I thanked him. "Now," he said, "we are done with liquor for some time; we must see about land." "Ah!" I replied, "that will be even a tougher job. It will require an earthquake to upset the Irish land system." "Then," replied Mr. Parnell, "earthquake be it." And the earthquake came. But who can estimate the pain and suffering and demoralization that ensued? And what are we now? We have reached daylight, so far as the statute book is concerned, only to be faced with two fresh and very serious difficulties. Agriculture, as a paying industry, appears in danger of disappearing. Even with the highest farming, the farmers of Great Britain are hardly able to hold their own. In the last session of parliament, the government had to come to their relief. And if this be the case, what is to become of the small farmers of Ireland, many of whom do not even know the rudiments of the business they are supposed to follow?

Persons who are troubled with indigestion will be interested in the experience of William H. Penn, chief clerk in the railway mail service at Des Moines, Iowa, who writes: "It gives me pleasure to testify to the merits of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For two years I have suffered from indigestion, and am subject to frequent severe attacks of pain in the stomach and bowels. One or two doses of this remedy never fails to give perfect relief. Sold by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver."

The impurities in the blood which cause scrofulous eruptions are thoroughly eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Try it.

TRANSPORTATION

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO R.V. COMPANY.

Until further notice the morning train for Nanaimo will not leave Victoria until 10:45 o'clock and the Saturday afternoon trains are cancelled.

POINTS ON PUGET SOUND.



SS. "ROSALIE"

Leaves Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. except Sunday. Arriving at Victoria daily except Mondays at 5:30 a.m. Leaves Seattle at 9:30 p.m. Daily except Saturdays.

J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 6 Government Street.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Sicoum Falls. THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Victoria.

7 A.M. Lv. ... SPOKANE ... Ar. 5:30 P.M. Commencing January 21st, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake ports, arriving at Kaslo at 9:30 p.m., same days. Returning passengers will leave lake ports and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 8:30 p.m. same days.

The Library Car Route

America's Scenic Railway.

MEALS IN DINING CAR A LA CARTE.

SHORTEST LINE

To Kootenay Mining District, St. Paul, Chicago and the East. Overland from Seattle 10:30 p.m. Arrives Seattle 8:30 a.m.

Cost line leaves Seattle 9:15 a.m.; arrives 6:30 p.m.

For further information call on or address R. O. STEVENSON, J. H. ROGERS, Act. S. V. P. A., Seattle, 75 Government St.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m. 1:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m. 3:15 p.m. Leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. Leave Sidney at 8:45 p.m.



"SHORT-SIGHTED"; OR, THE NEW YEAR'S CALL.

THE BISHOP OF THREE RIVERS (Reading the visitor's card)—Ah, welcome to Quebec, Monsieur SEPTEN-NINETY-SEVEN!! THE UP-TO-DATE YOUNG YEAR—Pardon, your Grace, EIGHTEEN-ninety-seven, if you please!

signed here anything can be accomplished until the Fifty-sixth congress. I ask, then, if you wish to face the people again in the financial condition that has been revealed to them?

Mr. Hanna, of Indianapolis, said there was no question that if the committee performed its work well it could have a measure ready to present to congress next winter.

Mr. Woodward, of Washington, tendered the Board of Trade rooms in the capital city for the use of the executive committee while in Washington. The invitation was accepted.

Rubbing Hip.

Windsor Salt. Ask your grocer for Windsor Salt. For Table and Dairy, Purest and Best.

rolled copper, plated or faced with pure silver. They were smooth and perfectly flat, but were not polished when brought to the artist's studio, for to polish the plate some time before the silver film would be oxidized before it was sensitized.

After the plate had been clipped at the corners and the rim had been bent down so that the edges were smooth, it was well scoured by the operator. The plate was held in the securing block with clips, and this block was mounted on a standard and in such a way that it could be turned in any direction.

The plates were secured with fine rotten-stone moistened with alcohol. The surface was then rubbed with a piece of cotton flannel, and the plate was secured until it had a perfectly smooth face. Then it was subjected to the action of iodine and bromine until it was covered with a thin film of silver, which was sensitized. It was then ready to be placed in the camera.

The exposure was much longer than is required for the modern dry plate, and for that reason the person who was being photographed was held to the chair with clamps at the head and back and sometimes the arms and feet were rigidly held in the clamps. The finished picture generally was preserved under a glass, which was sealed to the plate by some adhesive material, and the well preserved daguerreotypes that have come down to the

times standing out hard and clear as though made of metal, and sometimes softly gorgeous with green, gold, purple and pink vapors tinted by the sunset.

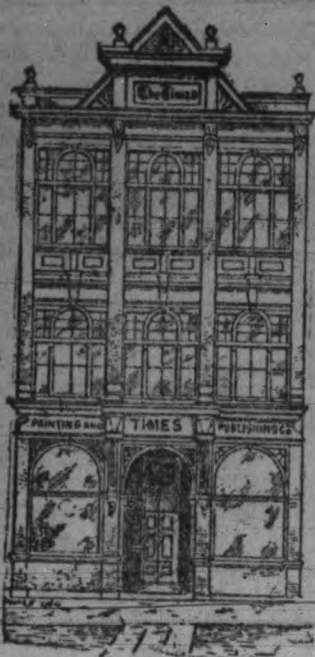
There are only two distinct mountains or peaks to this glorious thing that geologists brutally call "an intrusive mass"—Big Kameru and Little Kameru. The latter, Mungo Mah Etindah, has not yet been scaled, though it is only 5820 feet.

One reason for this doubtless is that people delirious of going up mountains, a rather rare form of human being in Africa, naturally try the big peak, also the little peak is mostly sheer cliff and not a very inviting prospect. Behind the Kameru mountain, inland, there are two chains of mountains, or one chain deflected, bearing the names of the Rumbi and Omon mountains.

These are little known at present and are clearly no relation of Mungo's. They are almost at right angles to it, and are, I believe, infinitely older in structure and continuous with the famous range we know in Kameru. From the Sierra del Crystal, to a southwest direction from Kameru mountain, in the Atlantic, is a series of volcanic islands, presumably belonging to the same volcanic line of activity—Principe 5900 feet; San Thome, 4013 feet, and farther away still, Ascension, St. Helena and the Tristan d'Azenha groups.

have a friend whose history is a complete epitome of the Irish land question. The son of an evicted tenant, he is now a prosperous well-to-do man. Evicted in the pre-1870 days, when an Irish tenant had no legal property in the soil, and when "the agent" could do pretty well what he liked, this friend of mine realized to the full what all this meant. With what result? He is one of the most intelligent and reasonable of men. But he hates England. He hates landlordism. He would do me or mine any service in the world—but vote for me. This he could not be prevailed upon to do.

"This feeling, indefinitely multiplied all over the world, is what the Irish law has done for England. Yes, we have righted many of the wrongs. No one knows it better than I do. I know that evulsion is not so easy as it was, and that at the best it is now a costly enterprise. I know that the expenditure of a tenant on house and land cannot be confiscated, as in olden days. I know that we are rooting the peasant in the soil again either as absentee or owner—that he has emerged from his long night of serfdom and is as just a freeman. But at what cost has all this been done? I remember at the close of the session of 1878, just after the Irish Sunday closing bill had been passed, I stood in the lobby of the House of Commons conversing with the late Mr. Parnell. He had voted all through in



The Daily Times.

THE NEW COUNCIL.

Yesterday's voting resulted in the election of an almost new council, and we hope the citizens will not have cause to regret the radical change they determined upon making.

A HOPELESS TASK.

Dr. Duncan and the Colonist seem to think they can hoodwink the public with any story they choose to concoct in regard to the former's dismissal from office.

in this matter; they have not the slightest chance of success.

Natural gas is a mineral within the purview of the statutes of the United States, according to a decision just rendered by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

THE TILDEN WILL.

The last remnant of the public bequest made by the will of Samuel J. Tilden has been swept away by the decision of the New York supreme court.

It was therefore held to be fatal to the execution of the benevolent intention of Mr. Tilden, that the residue of the estate whose administration was confined to them to such charitable, educational and scientific purposes as might, in their estimation, be most widely and substantially beneficial to the interests of mankind.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 15.—In view of the statement in State Auditor Dunlap's biennial report that the title to the famous Iron Mountain mine belonged to the state a resolution for investigation came up in the house of representatives as a special order.

BOXING UP A STEAMSHIP.

The task of building a steamship, setting it up, and then shipping it to South America, in boxes, such as was performed recently at Nixon's shipyard, in Elizabethport, was novel in shipping experiences in this country.

MOUNTAIN AIR FOR LUNGS.

Recognizing that phthisis is chiefly prone to occur among those who from their mode of life do not expand their lungs, and that in the rarer atmosphere of higher altitudes a much more complete expansion of the lungs is necessary to obtain the same quantity of oxygen that would be required in the denser air of the plains, the benefit of residence in the mountains has been attributed to a constant unconscious effort to expand the lungs more fully, and to the consequent greater interchange of air in its recesses.



PECULIARITIES OF CLAMS.

The clam's body is completely absorbed in the mantle except for two openings, through one of which the foot can be pushed out. The other is for the siphon, or what is commonly known as the clam may be better off than we are, for he has a little brain in his foot, and also a gland for secreting strong fibres.

When the inflowing current, laden with minute plants and animals, reaches the gill chamber some of these are sifted out and retained for food, while the water and waste matter flow out through the other tube.

Write for samples of Drapery goods

Wrought Iron and Brass Goods PLATED WARE, ETC.

J. PIERCY & CO.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. FULL LINES OF BLANKETS, FLANNELS, UNDERWEAR, UMBRELLAS and WINTER CLOTHING.

All Ladies

Know that to make a cake good baking powder and the finest flavoring extracts are necessary. GOLDEN WEST extracts and baking powder are absolutely pure.

Victoria Loan Office

MONEY TO LOAN On any approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance Oriental Alley.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. Castoria is a mild, natural, non-toxic cathartic, and is the best remedy for all the ailments of infancy and childhood.

Advertisement for A. Gregg & Son, featuring 'A Good Thing' and 'Our Direct Importations of Fall Woolens'. Includes text: 'The fact that we are still in the Merchant Tailoring business, and continue to uphold the reputation established by a long business career, is a good thing.'

Advertisement for Weiler Bros. Great Importers of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and Crockery. Includes text: 'Weiler Bros. Great Importers of Furniture, Carpets, Curtains, and Crockery. All grades; great variety.'

Advertisement for J. Piercy & Co. Wholesale Dry Goods. Includes text: 'J. Piercy & Co. Wholesale Dry Goods. Full lines of Blankets, Flannels, Underwear, Umbrellas and Winter Clothing.'

Advertisement for A. W. More & Co. Mining Shares for Sale. Includes text: 'A. W. More & Co. Mining Shares for Sale. The Treasury Shares of the Norway 100.'

Advertisement for Victoria Loan Office. Money to loan on any approved security. Includes text: 'Victoria Loan Office. Money to loan on any approved security. Business strictly confidential.'

Advertisement for Beaumont Boggs. For sale of land and property. Includes text: 'Beaumont Boggs. For sale. On Foster Island 3,181 acres of mixed farm, fruit and pasture land.'

OUR SPICES, like our drugs, are of the BEST QUALITY. HOWES—his dispensary Prescriptions, No. 100 GOVERNMENT STREET, (Near Yates street), Victoria, B.C.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Fror, cial News in a Condensed Form.

"Our Boarding House," the Victoria to-night; most popular American comedy.

Dinner at the Wilson 25c. Meal tickets \$4 at the Wilson.

First class shave, 10c. 101 Douglas street.

A superb performance of "Our Boarding House" to-night at the Victoria. Pop. prices.

New Goods just received and cheap for cash at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street.

Colfax Rebekah Degree Lodge, I. O. O. F., will hold a concert and dance in Odd Fellows' Hall on the 20th inst.

A superb performance of "Our Boarding House" to-night at the Victoria. Pop. prices.

The Bible class held by the Y.V.C.A. at their rooms on Johnson street this afternoon was conducted by Rev. Dr. Wilson.

The monthly recital of Mr. Wickens' juvenile orchestra was given yesterday evening before a large audience of invited guests. The orchestra numbers thirteen pieces, all played by children the youngest of whom is only 5 years of age. The programme was very well rendered.

The Victoria Pop. prices, 15c., 25c., 50c. and 75c., are a great success with the Grovers.

The fifth quarterly concert of Victoria Camp, No. 52, Woodmen of the World will be held this evening in the A.O.U.W. hall, commencing at eight o'clock. The programme arranged is a very good one. The camp will meet previous to the concert at 7:30 o'clock for the purpose of initiation.

The Victoria Pop. prices, 15c., 25c., 50c. and 75c., are a great success with the Grovers.

The Port Townsend Daily Call has changed hands. Messrs. J. C. Pringle and W. T. D. Hutchinson having purchased the interest of Mr. O. L. Wiloughby, the former owner. Mr. Pringle has been editor of the Call for four years and knows every detail of the newspaper business.

Mr. L. B. Young was the winner at the J.B.A.A. whist tournament yesterday evening taking ten games out of the fourteen played. The other winner, who was amidst the laughter of the contestants awarded the consolation prize, was Mr. J. Scott, whose score was one. The final match with the Conservative club will be played this evening.

Short orders 25c. at the Wilson.

No higher price than 25 cents at matinee to-morrow, all parts theatre.

Cosgrove and Grant's Comedians in the Dazzler will be at the Victoria theatre on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings next and promise the best entertainment this season that they have ever given. The company is identically the same as seen in New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Duluth and all the larger cities, and the performance differs in no way from the ones given in those places. The piece has been entirely re-written this season and is new, bright, sparkling and up to date. It is embellished with the latest popular successes in songs and dances, which add much to the entertainment. The company is said to be a remarkably clever one.

"Bull like a watch"—Sterling.

Rev. Solomon Cleaver solemnized the marriage yesterday evening of Mr. George Alfred Richardson, who is so well known in this city as one of the leading members of the firm of J. A. Richardson & Co., to Miss Josephine Lillian Burkholder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Burkholder, at whose residence the ceremony took place. The bride was supported by Miss Margaret Burkholder, her sister, and Miss Edith Richardson, a sister of the groom. The bride's brother, Mr. Herbert Burkholder, attended the groom. The wedding was a quiet one, performed in the presence of only the relatives and most intimate friends of the family. Mr. and Mrs. Richardson were the recipients of many handsome presents. The bride has for some time past been a member of the Metropolitan Methodist church choir who sent a very costly and handsome present. The honeymoon will

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair—DR.

PRICES' CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

be spent in Portland, and on their return Mr. and Mrs. Richardson will take up their residence in this city.

Lunch 25c. at the Oriental.

Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Govt. at Broas.

First class accommodation for second class prices at the Wilson.

The Scandinavian Society Valhalla held a dance in Seiverts' hall yesterday evening.

"Our Boarding House," the Victoria to-night; most popular American comedy.

The Japanese consuls in the different cities of the coast have been notified of the death of the Empress Dowager of Japan, which occurred on January 11th.

Indian Agent Peacock, of Cape Mudge, is in the city and reports that the trouble with the Indians there was not nearly so serious as at first reported.

"Our Boarding House" made Mr. Grover President of American Dramatic Authors' Society.

The petition asking that a tax of \$500 be placed by the Dominion government on all Chinese and Japanese immigrants was placed at the Pandora street hall yesterday during election hours and received many signatures.

A very good programme including selections from Rubenstein, Gounod, Ethelbert-Nevin and other composers, is being prepared for the concert to be given in A.O.U.W. hall on the evening of Tuesday next.

"Our Boarding House" made Mr. Grover President of American Dramatic Authors' Society.

The installation of officers of Hope Lodge, No. 1 Degree of Honor, was held yesterday evening in A.O.U.W. hall. After the installation a dance was held, the music for which was furnished by Wolf's orchestra.

Why has the growth of the Masons been exceeded that of all other similar and good organizations? Masons people readily comprehend the superior advantages of a membership in this order as compared with the best of similar organizations.

The Grovers give "Our Boarding House" to-night. "Cad the Tomboy" to-morrow.

Sergeant Langley and Officers McKenna and Beaven, of the provincial police force, who have been on the Sound searching for Frank Warner, will return home this evening. They traced Warner to Whateam but lost the chance there. The officers were also searching for a man wanted for forgery at Roseland.

Ah Tim, accused of being one of the two Chinese who so brutally assaulted Ah Sam last Friday evening in his shack on Moss street, was brought before the police magistrate this morning. Dr. R. L. Fraser, who attended Ah Sam, gave evidence respecting his wounds, and the case was remanded until Monday morning.

The Grovers give "Our Boarding House" to-night. "Cad the Tomboy" to-morrow.

"My Son-in-Law" was presented by Grover's Ideal Comedians yesterday evening. The house was not as large as might have been expected, but it was a very appreciative one. Leonard Grover, Jr., again showed himself to be a very eccentric comedian. Leonard Grover, Sr., interpreted the character of Prof. Bibson, a unique French dancing master, to perfection. "Our Boarding House" will be played this evening.

Court Northern Light, A.O.F., installed the following officers last evening: P.C.R., C. Pointer; C.R., C. J. Wilkes; S.C.R., W. R. McLean; treasurer, E. J. Salmon P.D.C.R.; secretary, W. F. Pollock; S.B., J. F. Deane; J.B., E. J. Blagrove; trustee, J. G. Thomson, P.C.R.; and medical officer, Dr. F. W. Hall.

"Cad the Tomboy" now running in London—at matinee to-morrow.

The officers of Victoria Lodge No. 17, K. of P., were installed last evening by Deputy Grand Chancellor J. J. Randolph, assisted by Past Chancellors M. Meese, E. Dickinson and J. Cochrane. Following are the officers for the ensuing term: P.C., J. Cameron; V.C., A. E. Greenwood; prelate, R. Bryce; M. of A., P. A. Phillips; K. of R. and S., E. P. Nathan; M. of E., J. T. Pearce; M. of F., E. E. Lesson. The representatives to the grand lodge are J. Cameron and E. Dickinson.

William Estes appeared before Police Magistrate Macrae this morning charged with using threatening language to one Harrison, amongst other threats being to carve him up and have his life's blood, and words to that effect. Estes denies using the expression, saying that he only swore at Harrison. After the meeting on Johnson street Harrison repaired to the police court, where he laid the information. Magistrate Macrae this morning dismissed the case, saying it should have never been brought into court, and as both parties admitted carrying weapons it is ordered that the weapons be handed over to the chief of police.

Mr. William Franklin and Miss Mary Ann Claxton were married yesterday evening at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church by Rev. W. Leslie Clay. The bridesmaids were Miss Maggie Sheehy, Miss May Franklin, Miss Mary Collins and Miss Maggie McDonald. Mr. Bert Franklin supported the groom and Mr. A. J. Smith, her uncle, gave the bride away. Mr. George Burnett presided at the organ. After the ceremony all drove to the residence of Mr. Smith, where the evening was spent in making merry until midnight, when all drove down to the C. P. N. Co's wharf to see the newly married couple depart for Kamloops, where they will make their future home. Among the presents, which were many, was a marble clock from the old Amity Baseball club.

That Cough

Will loosen its hold if you use LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE.

JOHN COCHRANE, Chemist, N. W. Corner Yates and Douglas St.

THIS YEAR'S COUNCIL

The Electors Declare for New Men Around the Aldermanic Board.

Mr. Redfern Elected Mayor—Some Decided Changes in All The Wards.

Yesterday the municipal electors were determined to get "new blood" in the council and they got what they voted for. Aldermen Partridge and Wilson are "the only ones left to tell the tale."

As Ald. Humphrey once expressed himself when he was the only member of the council who secured re-election, Ald. Humphrey is not in that position this year, for he met defeat yesterday, as did also Ald. Macmillan and Tarks. Mayor Beaven, too, gave way to a new man and Mr. Charles E. Redfern will occupy the mayor's chair during 1897.

The council as elected yesterday will be composed of Mayor Redfern and Aldermen A. G. McCandless, Moses McGregor, John Kinsman, Alexander Stewart, John Partridge, Louis Vigellus, John Hall, J. B. Harrison, and William Wilson. The new members of the school board are Dr. Lewis Hall and Mrs. Jenkins. Mr. Hayward having been re-elected.

Promptly at four o'clock the polls closed, and after the ballots were first counted to see that the number corresponded with the number of stubs, the votes were counted. As there was an efficient staff of poll clerks, the work of counting proceeded rather rapidly. By five o'clock Mr. Redfern had forged a head of his opponent, and his friends felt certain of his election. The same thing happened in North ward. From the very first Messrs. McCandless, McGregor and Kinsman were in the lead, and kept there until all the ballots were counted. In the count in the Centre ward—Messrs. Stewart and Partridge were sure of election, but until the very last it was doubtful whether Ald. Humphrey or Mr. Vigellus would be the third man. In South ward the same thing happened, and Aldermen Wilson and Tarks ran an even race until almost the end for third place. For school trustees Dr. Lewis Hall figured in every combination of votes that came out of the ballot boxes, and therefore led all the other candidates. The contest was among Mrs. Jenkins and Messrs. Hayward and Drury.

As expected the Wards Redistribution by-law did not receive the assent of the electors qualified to vote for money by-law. Many of the electors neglected to record their opinions in this matter and the vote was consequently small.

During the day anti-Chinese and Japanese petitions, which were left in a room convenient to the polling booths, were numerously signed.

WARD REDISTRIBUTION

North Ward For. Against. 232 168

Central Ward 68 111

South Ward 105 100

Total 405 439

The general results of the election are appended:

THE MAYORALTY.

Charles E. Redfern 1100

Hon. Robert Beaven 741

Total vote, 1893; spoiled ballots, 13.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

North Ward. A. G. McCandless 712

John Kinsman 571

Moses McGregor 545

W. J. Dwyer 422

John Macmillan 394

D. H. Riddell 330

Total vote polled, 1680; spoiled ballots, 8.

South Ward. John Hall 442

J. B. Harrison 415

William Wilson 308

John G. Tarks 358

Vote polled, 631; spoiled ballots, 8.

Central Ward. Alexander Stewart 374

John Partridge 350

Louis Vigellus 290

William Humphrey 264

Vote polled, 483.

THE NEW TRUSTEES.

Dr. Lewis Hall 1948

Charles Hayward 781

Mrs. David Jenkins 705

R. L. Drury 730

E. A. Lewis 715

William McKay 508

At eight o'clock Returning Officer Northcott took the chair in the police court room and read the results of the election, which were then assembled. They checked hastily for Mayor-elect Redfern.

Mr. Redfern thanked the electors for the honor they had conferred upon him.

He regretted that there was not room for Mayor Beaven as well as for himself, as there was only the kindest feelings between them. Mr. Redfern complimented the returning officer for his able management.

Hon. Mr. Beaven stated that the electors were good enough to relieve him of the responsibilities of office, but though defeated he was not beaten. Mr. Redfern and himself had been rivals, not opponents, and he hoped that the mayor-elect would have a successful year. Mr. Beaven also complimented the returning officer.

The other successful candidates thanked the electors for returning them. Messrs. Macmillan, Dwyer, Humphrey and Marehalt also spoke briefly.

Mayor Beaven moved a vote of thanks to the returning officer for the very able way in which he had conducted the elections. Ald. Macmillan seconded this motion, and it was carried unanimously.

Mr. Northcott in reply thanked them and remarked that much of the success was due to the fact that he had efficient deputies and clerks.

This brought the meeting to a close and the crowd dispersed.

Although those elected yesterday are new men as far as last year's council is concerned, the majority of them are not strangers to municipal work. Mayor-elect Redfern was first elected a councillor in 1877. He served two years in that capacity and in 1883 he was elected to the office of mayor. Mr. Louis Vigellus, alderman-elect for Central ward, has probably had longer experience than any other member of the new council. He was first elected councillor in 1879, and has since then been elected thirteen times to a similar position. Mr. John Kinsman is another old-time councillor. He was elected in 1881 and served three consecutive years.

Mr. J. B. Harrison, of the South ward, was first elected alderman in 1880 and has since then been several times a member of the council. Messrs. Partridge, Wilson and Hall are also aldermen of considerable experience. The only members of the new council who have no municipal records are Messrs. McCandless and McGregor in North ward, and Mr. Stewart in Central ward.

Dr. Lewis Hall and Mrs. Jenkins become members of the school board for the first time, but Mr. Hayward has been continuously a school trustee for over a dozen years. He also served as a member of the city council, having been elected to that position in the years 1873 and 1874.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Result of the Contests in Nanaimo, Vancouver and Kaslo.

Nanaimo, Jan. 14.—The following are the results of the municipal elections to-day, Mayor Davison, 500, being returned over his opponent, Mr. Westwood, 405. The aldermen elected are: North ward—Messrs. Galbraith, Morrison and McAdie; Middle ward—Messrs. Campbell, Forman and Merrett; South ward—Messrs. Bradley, Brown and Lamb.

Vancouver, Jan. 14.—W. Templeton was elected mayor of Vancouver to-day, his majority over J. J. Bantick being 319. The total vote was 2067. The following were elected aldermen: Ward 1 (Seaham)—Ald. Shaw and Ald. Painter; Ward 2—J. McQueen and W. P. Neelands; Ward 3—Ald. Phisden and J. Clendenning; Ward 4—Ald. W. Brown and Ald. McDonald; Ward 5—D. G. McDonald and C. Caldwell.

Kaslo, B.C., Jan. 14.—The elections were held here to-day with the following result: For mayor, R. F. Green, re-elected, defeating F. E. Archer; for aldermen, Garland, Moore, Cameron, Gooenough and Buchanan, in the order named. This is the old council with the exception of Ald. elect Buchanan, who replaces Ald. Whiteside.

The Northern Pacific steamer Victoria left Yokohama for Victoria on Sunday and is due here on the 24th instant. The MacDuff of the same line arrived at Yokohama from here on Tuesday last.

Bordered matings for halls, hamp stair carpets, hamp squares, etc., etc., at Weller Bros.

MONEY TO LOAN

IMPROVED PROPERTY

Current Rates.

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government Street.

In Difficulty

The last three years many thousands of pairs of Dick's Old Country waterproof boots have walked in all directions and given great satisfaction to the wearers. Our greatest

is in keeping much of the stock in our warehouse. However, we have now a very fair stock on hand in all sizes and all colors of good leathers.

DICK'S OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE 81 Johnson street.

Study Economy...

Everybody considers it a luxury to use Johnston's Fluid Beef, and so it is, but when it can be bought in 16 oz. bottle for \$1.00 it is also economical.

Johnston's Fluid Beef 16 oz. Bottle, \$1.00

Must Go

Lairdschober & Mitchell, Philadelphia, makers.

Ladies' French Kid Boots (Cloth and Kid Top) \$3.50

Ladies' Ornamental Slip (Wood Heel) \$2.75

Ladies' Bronze and Patent Leather Oxfords (Louis XV) \$3.00

These Goods are Slashed!

CASH ONLY.

MANSELL'S, 95 Government St.

Not the Cheapest, But the Best

Boys' Suits

That is what we want. A cheap Suit cannot be a good Suit. If you want a good article come here; if not, anywhere else will do.

A Good Serviceable Suit for A Better Grade for The Very Best \$2 00 2 50 \$3 00 and 3 50

CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

Cut in Half

The prices on odd pairs of boots and shoes in our stock. We want these sold out preparatory to stock-taking and they are genuine bargains. See Ladies' Oxfords in Johnson Street windows going away below cost; some \$3.50 shoes selling for \$1.00.

A. B. Erskine,

Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

Very Choice

Bees Honey, Ontario, by the lb. 20c. Potatoes Buckwheat Flour, Ontario. New Orleans Molasses IXL Ceylon Tea at 30 cents. Flowery Peko Ceylon at 45 cents.

We also have the Tea 1000 Grandmother used, called English Breakfast at 40c. a lb.

HARDRESS CLARK, Yates and Douglas Sts.

Mothers

Now is the time to shoe your boys and girls during our Slaughter Sale.

Enuff Said

J. FULLERTON.

HERE WE ARE!

Sailing, Sailing Over on Yates Street.

DRESS GOODS: 1 Week, 25c. up, Cashmeres 25c. up, Serges 25c. up, Several lines 15c. up.

CHINA SILK: All colors, 27 in. wide, 35c.

EMBROIDERIES: 5 and 10c. a yard.

JACKETS: Two doz. to clear, \$1.50, sold \$4.50 to \$10.

MISSIE WATERPROOFS: Three doz. to clear, \$2.00.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR: All reduced from 15c. up.

FANS: 15 and 25c.

BLANKETS: \$1.00 pair up.

CORSETS: 40c. up, C. & P. \$1.25, usual price \$2.25, 3-75.

FLANNELETTES: 20 yds. for \$1.00, 10, 12 1/2 2c. a yard.

COTTONS: White, 20 yds. for \$1.00, Gray, 20 yds. for \$1.00.

TOWELS: 50c. a doz. up.

HANDKERCHIEFS: White Hemstitched 50c. a doz.

Our remnant counter is a wonder. We are going to clear our stock regardless of price to make room for our large shipment of Spring goods.

The Sterling, 88 Yates St., E. W. Pratt, Mgr.

British Columbia.

VANCOUVER.

His Honor Judge Bole gave judgment in the case of Lillooet, Fraser River and Cariboo Gold Fields Company vs. Aylmer Ritchey. He refused to dissolve the interim injunction granted in the cause restraining the defendant from selling, assigning or otherwise disposing of a certain mineral claim known as the Hazel, situate in the Lillooet district.

A warrant was issued for the arrest of a youth, aged 19, charged with seduction. The girl in the case is only 15, and, considering the facts, their parents consented to their being married, and a ceremony immediately took place, the newly made husband being then given his liberty.

Those of the canners who have not yet disposed of their packs are somewhat apprehensive regarding prices in England, which now average twenty shillings and sixpence per case. They say that to obtain a reasonable profit they should receive twenty-two shillings. The prices have ranged this year as high as twenty-four shillings, but at that time the season was young and no large sales were made. The canners also state that at present advance offers for the expected big pack of 1897 only reach about 16 shillings and sixpence a case, a price at which there are no sellers.

ROSSLAND.

Rossland, Jan. 14.—The Trilby and Prince of Wales mines in the south belt near Crown Point, owned by a Toronto syndicate, represented here by John McMartin, the well known railroad contractor, to-day ordered of the Ingersoll Giant Drill Company of Montreal four drill air compressors, a hoist pump and boiler for immediate delivery. Both the properties are showing up good bodies of ore under development. The Trilby company is an anomaly in this camp for the reason that its capital stock is only \$75 in \$1 shares. The mines could not be bought for less than \$100,000.

The Rossland Miner has just received a letter from W. E. Estep, of Spokane, Washington managing director of the Palo Alto Company, announcing that a steam pump and hoist will be ordered at once for that mine. The Palo Alto stock is principally held in Victoria. A good body of pay ore has been found for the last forty feet in the eighty-five foot shaft.

The showing on the Southern Belle, on Red Mountain, which belongs to the Big Three company, continues to improve. The ore body opened up by a drift from the tunnel commenced on the Snowflake continues to widen. The whole face is now in ore, and only one wall, the hanging, is in sight. Three average samples to-day gave average returns of 10 ounces in silver, \$2 in gold and 12 per cent copper. This is pay ore.

The Cliff began to haul ore to the cars of the Red Mountain railroad yesterday. The loading is being done at the Nickle Plate siding.

The dump of the Iron Mine in Centre Star ranch is filling up rapidly and it looks as though the mine would resume shipments in a short time.

The Josie people are stopping in the big chute at the east end of the mine. The slope looks well.

The strike of quartz full of visible gold in the O. K. quartz in magnitude. The rich streak, at first only eight inches wide, was full two and a-half feet across yesterday. The gold can easily be seen all through the ore. Some of the ore was on exhibition in the front window of The Miner office yesterday and attracted considerable attention. Manager Warner said yesterday he had taken out a little over two tons of the ore. What it will run it is impossible to say, but it is certainly the richest discovery ever made in a Trail Creek mine.

The framework of the tramway leading from the Le Roi mine down to the track of the Red Mountain railroad on the south side of the Le Roi hill, would be completed, but owing to the non-arrival of the necessary timber, the construction of the big ore bin at the foot of the tramway has been delayed. Captain Hall, superintendent of the Le Roi, said yesterday that he expected the lumber would arrive in a few days, when the bin will be speedily erected. The bin will have a capacity of 100 tons of ore, therefore when the bin is full it will carry enough to load five cars. When things are properly systematized on the part of both the mine and the railroad the shipments will be made in trainloads at a time. It will be something of a sight when a whole trainload of ore goes out from a single Rossland mine.

It is the medium which carries to every nerve, muscle, organ and fibre its nourishment and strength. If the blood is pure, rich and healthy you will be well; if impure, disease will soon overtake you. Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to keep you in health by making your blood rich and pure.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness, etc.

A WORLD WITHOUT WATER. A Terrible Future for the Earth in Four Years.

Science says that the earth is slowly drying up; though there is no immediate danger of anyone going thirsty in this account. The oceans are gradually being absorbed by the earth; and in the course of millions of years only the drained fields of what is now the bed of the ocean will be suitable for occupation by the human race. Even there little water will remain, though in the lower depths a few intensely saline lakes will linger, their desolate banks crusted with salt, their waters more intolerable than those of the Dead Sea.

Just as the waters will have become so salt, so the air will have become thin. Such, apparently, is the case on Mars to-day, and owing to the thinness of the

air there will be few clouds, and little, if any, rain; even the winds will subside to insignificance. At the poles, however, and on the heights snow will still fall, or at any rate frost will be deposited in large quantities, and the melting of the ice-caps thus formed will furnish the whole available supply of water.

The whole ocean bed, therefore, will be like a vast valley of the Nile—fertile, indeed, but rendered so only by incessant care and the highest engineering skill while above and around it will be a chill Sahara, a desolate and deadly waste, unwept with showers, unprotected by any veil of cloud, the impotent atmosphere scarcely sufficient to drift its abounding dust. All over it will be scattered the unvisited remains of the cities that we know, and its plains will be furrowed with the half obliterated channels of our great rivers. It will have but one remaining use; it will have become the cemetery of the world, both the old and the new.

The great valley below, which is to us the bottom of the sea, will be densely crowded with a population which will admit of no increase. How the people of that late and declining age will solve the difficult problems that will confront them it is hardly possible even to conjecture, but meet them they must, or perish. A highly paternal form of government would seem to be inevitable for the water must be parcelled out with the utmost wisdom and impartiality, and no wastes can be tolerated. Navigation of course will be a thing of the past; even the fishes will have become almost quite extinct.

And what will be the final outcome? It is a disheartening picture. Even the scanty supply of water which we have thus far assumed must at length begin to fail; it will no longer be sufficient for the entire population. Unavoidably some must perish. There is no imaginative alternative, and who shall it be? It is impossible to conceive of any other solution than a struggle for bare existence fiercer than anything which history records—a conflict in which the strongest and most unscrupulous will constantly prevail. Such a condition of things means, of course, a rapid reversion to savagery; and that, in turn, will hasten the end, for the elaborate system of works necessary to make this decadent world inhabitable can be maintained only by a strong and wise government, under a high civilization. If this fails, the last degenerate remnants of the race will soon be extinguished—the sooner the better, when that sad stage is reached.

And what next? At last poor mother earth, dry and shrunken with age, the bloom of flower and leaf quite faded from her cheeks, her face scarred and pitted with the toils of all her offspring, will lie as dead and silent as the ghostly moon.

WHY HE WAS DISMISSED.

General Ponzio Valia has just been dismissed from his office of Regent of the Italian ministry. The facts of his disgrace are interesting. King Humbert soon after the marriage of his son to Princess Helena of Montenegro, caused to be presented to the members of the present cabinet, as well as to former ministers, beautifully bound copies of the history of Montenegro. Senator Crispi seized the opportunity to beg General Ponzio Valia to secure for him an interview with the King. The interview was granted, and Crispi, appearing at the Quirinal, is said to have used violent language to King Humbert while attempting to denounce the plots of which the emperor believed himself to be the victim. King Humbert listened quietly, and without making any reply, inquired after the health of his former president of the council and gave the signal for him to withdraw. The disgrace of General Ponzio Valia followed upon the heels of this interview.

VICTORIA MARKETS.

Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Table listing market prices for various goods such as flour, sugar, and other commodities.

Table listing market prices for various types of meat, including beef, mutton, and pork.

Windsor Salt. Purest and Best for Table and Dairy. Manufactured in New Caledonia.

Corporation of the City of Victoria

Balance Sheet, 31st December, 1896.

Balance Sheet table showing Assets (Fixed Funds, Floating Funds, Municipal Funds) and Liabilities (Loans, Bonds, etc.) for the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

Certified correct, City Hall, Jan. 7, 1897. CHAS. KENT, Treasurer.

Receipts and Expenditures, 1896.

Table showing Receipts and Expenditures for 1896, categorized by Municipal Council, Civic Salaries, and other departments.

STATEMENT.

Statement table showing financial details for the City of Victoria, including fees from libraries and other sources.

EXHIBITION.

Table showing exhibition statistics for 1896, including the number of visitors and other details.

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CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Table showing financial details for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, including balance on hand and expenditures.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Table showing financial details for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, including balance on hand and expenditures.

BALANCE SHEET BROAD STREET LOCAL IMPROVEMENT ASSESSMENT BY-LAW, 1892.

Table showing financial details for the Broad Street Local Improvement Assessment.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Table showing financial details for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, including balance on hand and expenditures.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

Table showing financial details for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, including balance on hand and expenditures.

THE EYES OF THE WORLD

Are Fixed Upon South American Nerve.

Beyond Doubt the Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

WHEN EVERY OTHER HELPER HAS FAILED IT CURES

A Discovery, Based on Scientific Principles, that Renders Failure Impossible.



SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE

In the matter of good health temporary measures, while possibly successful for the moment, can never be lasting. Those in poor health soon know whether the remedy they are using is simply a passing incident in their experience, bracing them up for the day, or something that is getting at the root of the disease and is surely and permanently restoring.

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DEAN & HISCOCKS and HALL & CO.

