Section 28 - The amounts of compensations of the directors and auditors shall be determined and decided upon at and by the general meeting of the stock-holders.

I, INUI YOSHIO, the undersigned, hereby certify that the above excerpts is the true and correct copy of a part of the Article of Incorporation of this Company.

INUI YOSHIO, Chief
General Affairs Division
Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Enclosure No.12.

Excerpts from the Rules and Regulations Covering the Handling and Disposition of Routine Works of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

AS OF NOVEMBER, 1944:

Section 3 - The General Affairs Division shall be composed of three departments, namely: (1) Department of Records and Documents, (2) General Affairs Department, and (3) Supervising Department.

The Department of Records and Documents shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on:

a. Records and documents, and

b. Company's shares of stock.

The General Affairs Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on:

a. Supplied and miscellaneous affairs of the Company, and

b. All routine works that do not clearly belong to any other division or department.

The Supervising Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of the routine works on:

a. Examinations and investigations of operations of subsidiary and affiliated companies; and

b. Liaison works among the Head Office and subsidiary and affiliated companies.

Section 4 - The Labor Division shall be composed of two departments, namely (1) Personnel Department and (2) Labor Relations Department.

The Personnel Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on personnel affairs of the staff employees.

The Labor Relations Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on:

a. Labor Relations; and

b. Laborers' welfare.

Section 5 - The Accounting Division shall be composed of three departments, namely: (1) Accounting Department, (2) Auditing Department, and (3) Research Department.

The Accounting Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on:

a. Budgets and settlement of accounts;

b. Company's finance; and

c. Accounting works on money, supplies, and materials.

The Auditing Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on:

a. Auditing of business operations and new enterprises;

b. Compilation of accounting statistics; and

c. Auditing of money and books of accounts.

The Research Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on: research on economic subjects and economic statistics.

Section - 10 - The Head Office shall have the following personnel:

a. Division Chieves;

b. Chief Technicians;

c. Participators ("Shokuin Sanyo")

d. Engineers and technicians;

e. Department, Chieves; and

f. Clerks.

Beside those enumerated above, assistant chieves of divisions and/or department may be appointed in case of necessity.

Section 11 - The Chieves of Divisions shall take orders from the President of the Company and shall supervise the routine works of their respective divisions.

The Chief Technicians shall take orders from the President of the Company and/or Division Chieves, and shall supervise the respective routine works under their control.

The Assistant Chief of a Division shall assist the Chief of his Division, and shall represent and temporarily take his place in case of the latter's absence or inability.

The engineers and technicians shall take orders from their respective Division Chieves and shall take charge of the technological sides of the Company's operations.

AS OF JANUARY, 1948:

Section 5 - The Labor Relations Division shall be composed of two departments, namely: (1) Labor Relations Department and (2) Department of Labor Statistics and Data.

The Labor Relations Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of the routine works on:

a. Labor relations; and

b. Laborers' welfare.

The Department of Labor Statistics and Data shall be charged with handling and disposition of routine works on:

a. Collection of information on labor relations and labor situation; and

b. Collection and compilation of labor statistics and research works on labor problems.

Section 7 - The Research Division shall be composed of two departments, namely: (1) Research Department and (2) Liaison Department.

The Research Department shall be charged with handling and disposition of the routine works on:

a. Examinations and investigations of business operations;

b. Research works on economic subjects; and

c. General statistics.

The Liaison Department shall be charged with the handling and disposition of the routine works on:

a. Procedure in connection with the dissolution of Zaibatsu companies; and

b. Other external liaison works.

Section 8 - The General Affairs Division shall be composed of three departments, namely (1) Department of Records and Documents, (2) Department of Welfare, and (3) General Affairs Department.

The Department of Records and Documents shall be charged with handling and disposition of the routine works on:

a. Records and documents of the Company, and

b. Company's shares of stock.

The Department of Welfare shall be charged with the handling and disposition of the routine works on:

a. Acquisition and purchase of articles of daily necessity and distribution thereof on ration among the Company's personnel; and

b. Other matters concerning the general welfare of the Company's personnel.

The General Affairs Department shall be charged with the handling and disposition of the routine works on:

a. Supplies and miscellaneous affairs of the Company; and

b. All routine works that do not clearly belong to any other division or department.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that all statements listed above are true and correct.

(Sgd.) INUI YOSHIO

Chief, General Affairs Division
Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Enclosure No. 13.

EXCERPTS FROM THE RULES GOVERNING THE ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Chapter 11 - Budget

Article One - General Provisions.

Section 6 - The budget of the Company for the current fiscal period shall be submitted to the President at the end of the preceeding fiscal period.

Article Three - Settlement of Accounts.

Section 19 -The report on the settlement of accounts for the current fiscal period shall be submitted to the Presidnet at the beginning of the following fiscal period.

Article Nine - General Check-Up and Adjustment of Properties.

Section 41 - The head office and all mines and branch offices of the Company shall prepare the lists of values of all principal properties as of the last day of each fiscal period on the prescribed form of the Company, and shall submit the same to the President at the beginning of the following fiscal period.

I. INUI YOSHIO , the undersigned, hereby certify that the above excerpts is a true and correct copy of a part of the rules and regulations of this Company.

INUI YOSHIO, Chief
General Affairs Division
Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Enclosure No. 14

EXCERPTS FROM THE GUIDING INSTRUCTIONS ON THE RULES GOVERNING THE ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Chapter 11 - Settlement of Accounts.

Article One - Monthly Settlement of Accounts

Section 20 - The head office shall prepare the consolidated monthly report on settlement of accounts for each month and shall submit the same to the President not later than the 25th of the following month.

Section 21 - The consolidated monthly report on the settlement of accounts stipulated in the next preceding section shall, among other things, contain:

a. Consolidated statement of profit and loss.

b. Statements of loss and profit of the head office and of all of the mines, branch offices, etc.

c. Statement of loss and profit on goods or products purchased from other companies, and those sold on consignment.

d. Statement of profit and loss on other accounts.

e. Statement of expenses on each new undertaking.

f. Statement of assets and liabilities (balance sheet).

I, INUI YOSHIO, the undersigned, hereby certify that the above excerpts is a true and correct copy of a part of the guiding instructions on the rules governing the accounting procedures of this Company.

INUI YOSHIO, Chief
General Affairs Division
Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Enclosure No. 15.

EXCERPTS FROM THE RULES GOVERNING THE ROUTINE WORKS
of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Chapter 1 - Records, document, Etc.

Article One -Circulars, bulletins, and inquiries.

Section 1- Any adoption of, amendment to, or abolition of the rules and regulations shall be annnounced by "circular". All other subjects intended for general information of the officials and employees shall be announced by "bulletins".

Section 2 - The circulars and bulletins shall be issued only by the President, the Vice-President or the Chieves of mines and branch offices.

Section 3 - When any chief of the mine or branch office intends to issue a circular, it shall be necessary for him to obtain previous approval and permission of the President to do so.

When a circular is issued in accordance with the next preceding paragraph, it shall be reported to the President. This rule applies also when a bulletin is issued.

I, INUI YOSHIO, the undersigned, hereby certify that the above excerpts is a true and correct copy of a part of the rules governing the routine works of this Company.

INUI YOSHIO, Chief
General Affairs Division
Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Enclosure No.16.

THE ORGANIZATION CHART
of Head Office , Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.
as of November 30, 1944.

President of Company

- Chief, Technological Division
  - Chief Technician of Metals.
  - Chief Technician of Coal,
  - Chief Geologist.
  - Chief, Dept. of Metal Production.
  - Chief, Dept. of Coal Production.
- Chief, General Affairs Division
  - Chief Dept. of Records and Documents.
  - Chief, General Affairs Department.
  - Chief, Supervising Dept.
- Chief, Labor Division
  - Chief, Personnel Dept.
  - Chief, Labor Dept.
- Chief, Accounting Division
  - Chief, Accounting Dept.
  - Chief, Auditing Dept.
  - Chief, Research Dept.
- Chief, Materials Division
  - Chief, Dept. of Machineries and Materials.
  - Chief, Supervising Department
- Chief, Division of Enterprises in South Pacific.
- Chief, Transportation Department.
- "Shokuin Sanyo" (participators)
- Secretariat.

Note1; There were two standing directors, but they held the positions of Division Chieves. All other directors were appointed the Division Chieves, Chief Technicians, or chieves of different mines.

Note2; Differance of the under-mentioned business may be indistinct, seeing only the names of Chief, Supervising Dept., General Affairs Division and of Chief, Auditing Dept., Accounting Division.

The Chief, Supervising Dept., General Affairs Division was engaged in business reserch into direct and indirect affilicated enterprises and in establishing connections between the said enterprises.

The Chief, Auditing Dept., Accounting Division was engaged in auditing of results of business newly undertaked and current, in compiling business statistics and in accounting examination of each mine or branch belonging to Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd. only. Therefore there was clear distinction between the two post mentioned above.

Enclosure No.16-a.

ORGANIZATION CHART
of Head Office, Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.
as of January 31, 1948

President (Managing of Company (Director

- Chief, Technological Division
  - Chief Technician of Metals.
  - Chief Technician of Coal.
  - Chief Geologist.
  - Chief Electrician.
  - Chief, Production Department
- Chief, Business Division
  - Chief, Metals Department.
  - Chief, Coal Department.
  - Chief, Machineries Dept.
  - Chief, Transportation Dept.
- Chief, Accounting Division
  - Chief, Accounting Dept.
  - Chief, Auditing Dept.
- Chief, Labor Relations Div.
  - Chief, Labor Relations Dept.
  - Chief, Dept. of Labor Statistics & Data.
- Chief, Materials Division
  - Chief, Heavy Materials Dept.
  - Chief, Light Materials Dept.
  - Chief, Supervising Department
- Chief, Research Division
  - Chief, Research Department.
  - Chief, Liaison Department.
- Chief, General Affairs Division
  - Chief, Dept. of Records and Documents.
  - Chief, Welfare Dept.
  - Chief, General Affairs Dept.
- Participators
  - "Shokuin Sanyo").
- Chief, Personnel Department
- Secretariat.

Note: All directors are holding the positions of division chieves in the head office, chief technicians, or chieves of different mines.
The investigations and liaison works on the operations of affiliated companies was already discontinued upon retirement of President Furukawa. The department which was charged with handling these works was also abolished in the preceding year from the organization rules of the Company.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that the above organization charts (enclosures Nos. 16 and 16-a) are true and correct, in every detail to the best of my knowledge and belief.

INUI YOSHIO, Chief
General Affairs Division
Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Enclosure No.17

List of Stock-Holders Having 20,000 or More Shares of Stock

of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd., as of October, 1944.

Number of Shares Held	Name and Title of the Stock-Holder
615,000.	Furukawa Jujun.
50,000.	Furukawa Jujun, Director, Teikoku Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
30,000.	Ishizaka Taizo, Director and President, Daiichi Mutual Life Assurance Co.
30,000.	Naruse Tatsu, Director, Nippon Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
30,000.	Maruyama Eiji, Director, Meiji Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
25,000.	Doi Masashi, Director and President, Chiyoda Mutual Life Assurance Co.

Enclosure No.17-a.

List of Stock-Holders Having 20,000 or More Shares of Stock

of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd., as of October, 1945.

Number of Shares held	Name and Title of the Stock-Holder
576,100.	Furukawa Jujun.
50,000.	Hirasawa Chimato, Director and President, Teikoku Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
43,300.	Ohno Ryuta, Governor, Wartime Finance Corporation. (Senji Kinyu Kinko)
40,000.	Naruse Tatsu, Director, Nippon Life Insurance Co., Ltd.
30,000.	Ishizaka Taizo, Director and President, Daiichi Mutual Life Assurance Co.
20,000.	Doi Masashi, Director and President, Chiyoda Mutual Life Assurance Co.

I, the undersigned, hereby certify that the above two lists of the principal stock-holders of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd., as of October, 1944 (Enclosure No.17) and as of October, 1945 (Enclosure No.17-2) are true and correct.

(Sgd.) INUI YOSHIO

Chief, General Affairs Division
Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Enclosure. No.18

To the Prime Minister

Mr. Tetsu Katayama

TESTIMONY

On December 19, 1946, our Federation in the name of its president Yoshio Inui submitted the following written demand:

To the president Mr. Okada Kanjiro, Furukawa Mining Co. written demand

Our Federation of our Staff Members Unions in accordance with the request of all component unions held a meeting of excecutive committees and dicided to demand the followings

(1) Increase of retiring allowance

(Omitted)

(2) Democratization in the company.

1) In the nomination of managing officials to call for and take into consideration the opinion of the Federation in order to be along the ~~lives~~ lines of democratization inside the company.

(a) We absolutely oppose any nomination of personnel thrust upon us from the outside.

(b) We do not achknowledge the return to our company of any managing official who has once gone out of the company.

2) The company to take appropriate measures for the

treatment ofpersons among the present so-called managing officials who though not amenable to the purge are not democratic by calling for the opinion of the Federation.

3) Funds for enduring the winter

(Omitted)

4) Payment of allowances for working inside the mine

(Omitted)

INUI YOSHIO
President
Furukawa Mining Co.,
Federation of Staff Members
Unions

To the respective items of the above demand, the reply has been recieved by our Federation verbally from president Okada.On "2) Democratization in the company" of the written demand, as it was at the time when president Okada(s resignation was already dicided and so this was our demand regarding the shift for the next president and other highest ranking managing officials and was the main point of the items of our written demand. To this, "I completedly agree with all the items on the democratization in the company demanded by your Federation, and especially in the nomination of the new managing office, I promise that the purport of

your proposal will be totally complied with" was the meaning of the answer of president Okada.

At the time, among the employees, for the next president, all were in agreement to reccommend Mr. Shinkai Eiichi and with this answer having been obtained, the convision that his nomination had become decisive and so the matter was agreed by us. We hereby testify that the above is the statement in the Furukawa Mining Co., Federation of Staff Member Unions council records and that these is no mistake with the facts.

KAMIYAMA TEIJI.
President
Furukawa President

INUI YOSHIO.
Former President

Furukawa Mining Co.,

Federation of Staff Members Unions

Enclosure No.19

PETITION

January, 1948

SUBMITTED TO; Hon. Katayama Tetsu, the Prime Minister.

SUBMITTED BY: Ohgawara Kazuji, President, Labor Union of Furukawa Yoshima Coal Mine.

Dear Sir:

Re: Request for reconsideration for the case of Eiichi Shinkai, President, Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

The Undersigned request your approval that Eiichi Shinkai, Presidnet of the Furukawa Mining Company, does not fall under the leading staffs of zaibatsu as defined in the Anti Zaibatsu Family Control Law, and therefore he should be exempted from the list of prospective purgees. Reasons in favor of his case are:

(1) Object of Labor Union of Furukawa-Yoshima Mine:

This labor union has been established in accordance with the Trade Union Law and is consisted of all employes amounting to 3,000 working at the Furukawa-operated Yoshima Mine. It has carried on invariably a valiant strife up to date since the termination of the war; called for the democratization of management and the rational reconstruction of enterprise, holding up wiping out of zaibatsu colour

in enterprise as its highest and formost objective.

At present, with the comolidated power of system as a member of the Japan Coal Mine Workers Unions Congress, it is marching for the strife for the sake of solving the imminent problems confronted, aiming at the ideal form of reconstruction of peaceful and democratic Japan.

(2) Attidude of Eiichi Shinkai towards the labor movement:

After ex-President Kanjiro Okada was purged on December 1946, it was a matter of great concern of all employees that who should be the next president. Because the Union was in the situation that it should exclude such figures serving as the mouth-piece of Zaibatsu by all means. Meeting this absolute demand, Eiichi Shinkai took the post of president complying with the general will and expectancy of all the employees. Just as expected, since his assumption of post he has always revealed a deep understanding towards the Union's movement, proving that his career(once stayed in America on official business) made him gain the democratic refinement all the more. For this reason he is looked upon as a figure who will be able to go on in parallel with our movement of trade unionism.

(3) Eiichi Shinkai as an administrator:

Seeing in the light of the situation at the time of his appointment to president, it is obvions that he has no personal condition with the Furukawa family.

Far from that, neglect of fostering competent men, which had been committed by their narrow-minded despotism, led him to become an indispensable figure taking responsibility of management in the reconstruction of enterprise after the war, together with Matsuichi Enjoji, managing director.

As for us concerned with the union movement, being always desirous of the reconstruction of enterprise based upon public spirit, we cannot concede even a single step as to the democratization of enterprise. Nevertheless, we recognize and assure that he is a figure compatible with our principle, proper for taking responsibility of management, and a person unable to substitute for others.

(4) Conclusion:

As referred above, those who are concerned with the Labor Union, viewing from its orginal and impartial stand point, assert clearly in the name of the Labor Union that Eiichi Shinkai never come under the category of the so-called zaibatsu staffs, and is a figure in whom we can put confidence as a responsible person on management.

Therefore it is our ardent desire that your

Therefore it is our ardent desire that your honourable's good offices will reconsider his case and allow him to remain in his present position.

FURUKAWA-YOSHIMA MINE LABOR UNION

President

Feb. 10
1

Enclosure No. 20

Ashio, Tochikiken
Jan. 31, 1948

Mr. Tetsu Katayama
Prime Minister,
Tokyo

Petition on behalf of Mr. Eiichi Shinkai
President, Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Sir,

Having been made uneasy by the report that Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai may come under the application of the Zaibatsu Elimination Law, we have called the meetings of, successively, the Ass'n officials and all the members of it, to discuss and study this all-important problem for us. After minute and conscientious investigation of the case, we have come to the conclusion that he was not a Zaibatsu-related official. We beg to be permitted to present our viewpoint with the humble prayer at the same time that our argument be honored with your approval. We have interpreted his case as follows:

1. Our Ass'n is composed of the employes of the Ashio Works and Koyama Works both belonging to the Furukawa Mining Company's Ashio Manufacturing Div. It was organized early in 1946. We number altogether a thousand, 700 to the Ashio Works and 300 to the Koyama Works.

We are firmly convinced that Japan's economic rebuilding must start from the democratizing of industrial management first and foremost.

Our company's management was even in the Zaibatsu days more democratic than that of any other great concerns, but because it belonged to the Zaibatsu category, we felt deeply concerned in its ultimate fate. Guided by the motto that our industry should be rebuilt by us workers, we have concluded in Jan. 1947 a labor

contract with the management with the end to securing the control over the enterprise. Backed by this arrangement we have since labored to democratize the factory management by working through the Management Council. Our two factories (Ashio and Koyama) are the so-called "Nominated Important Factories for Mining Machines and Tools." We bear the mission of producing these items as a link in the coal mining process aiming at the production goal of 30,000,000 tons a year. We are burning with zeal, working with complete harmony, determined that we shall honorably acquit ourselves of our important duty.

2. Our Furukawa Mining Company originally started as a family concern engaged in a private enterprise. Due to this history the management was formerly exclusive in the hands of the Furukawa family members. There were career-directors, but these were just meritorious clerks, comparable to the samurai retainers in the feudal days. They were not the directors of the company management wielding a commanding influence, but just high-stationed clerks serving the Furukawa family, the real directors. Directorship for them was just a token of the Zaibatsu recognition of their long meritorious services. This is the circumstance known to everybody. Such being the real nature of the case, the imputation does not apply to them that they had a hand in the aggrandizement of the industry or exercised a controlling power in the management in cooperation with the Zaibatsu. As an employe of the firm he just did the bidding of the Zaibatsu family. We do not mean to belittle him to say this, but actually to a great many of us Director Shinkai was formerly just nobody. The majority did not even know there was ever a director of such a name. Even if Mr. Shinkai had had a great potential power, his very modest inclination would have absolutely prevented him from using it dictatorially over the heads of his seniors or for the

purpose of arrogating either for the company or for the Zaibatsu clique exclusive large profit in disregard of justice and equity. He is a very modest man, tender-hearted, always mindful of the happiness of others. You beat him on any one of his corners. From nowhere you will hear a Zaibatsu sound echoing. He began to loom large in our sight only after he became president of the firm after the retirement of the Zaibatsu family. We, on our part, began to appreciate his worthy essence only since he came to captain it over us. The contract has made his democratic impression very keen. Now we feel that he sincerely believes in democracy. His every behavior endorses such a feeling. He has been positively and strenuously working to democratize the management. Beyond all controversies he is doing his utmost in working for the welfare of the workers, for the attainment of the ideal of commonwealth. Sincerity is his whole being. Actual conditions leave a great deal more to be desired. At this impasse we cannot afford to lose such a man.

3. Conclusion

All in all, Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai, is a man of entirely democratic pattern. There is not the least trace of Zaibatsu color about him. We will admit unanimously his character qualifies him to play an important role, as this company's president in this democratic age, in the rebuilding of Japan's industry.

Please grant our wishes and let him continue. We will remain forever appreciative.

We beg to remain,

Your obedient servants,

Takekuma Aoki
Chief, Ass'n Ashio Works

Seijiro Kamiya
Chief, Labor Ass'n Koyama Works

Ashio Mining Industry Div.
Furukawa Mining Works

Feb. 10
4

Enclosure No.21

Nikko, Jan. 1948

Mr. Testu Katayam
Prime Minister

Petition for Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai
President, Furukawa Mining, Co., Ltd.

Dear Sir,

On learning that the Zaibatsu Elimination Law may affect the status of Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai, our Labor Ass'n composed of the workers in the service of the Nikko Power Station belonging to the Furukawa Mining Co. Ltd., being seriously interested in the development, forthwith called a meeting of the staff members and studied the case and came to the conclusion that Shinkai was not a Zaibatsu official. Furthermore, in view of the gravity of the problem, we resolved that a general meeting of the workers should be convoked. On Jan. 31 the general meeting took place. It came to the identical conclusion as at the staff meeting. It was additionally resolved to present a petition to the prime minister to spare Mr. Shinkai from the application of the Anti-Zaibatsu Law. This petition approved by the entire membership is the result. Please read this. You will be convinced that Mr. Shinkai is not a Zaibatsu man. The following is our points.

1. Circumstances culminating in Mr. Shinkai's appointment as president.

Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai was appointed a president in Dec. 1946, succeeding ex-president Mr. Kanjiro Okada. His appointment was carried out as the result of our unanimous approval. We gave such an approval as we had come to the conclusion that he was the very right man in the right place to undertake a democratic management of the firm and to speed up the rebuilding of our war wasted industry.

Feb. 10
4

Enclosure No,21

Nikko, Jan. 1948

Mr. Testu Katayam
Prime Minister

Petition for Mr. Bi-ichi Shinkai
President, Furukawa Mining, Co., Ltd.

Dear Sir,

On learning that the Zaibatsu Elimination Law may affect the status of Mr. Bi-ichi Shinkai, our Labor Ass'n composed of the workers in the service of the Nikko Power Station belonging to the Furukawa Mining Co. Ltd., being seriously interested in the development, forthwith called a meeting of the staff members and studied the case and came to the conclusion that Shinkai was not a Zaibatsu official. Furthermore, in view of the gravity of the problem, we resolved that a general meeting of the workers should be convoked. On Jan. 31 the general meeting took place. It came to the identical conclusion as at the staff meeting. It was additionally resolved to present a petition to the prime minister to spare Mr. Shinkai from the application of the Anti-Zaibatsu Law. This petition approved by the entire membership is the result. Please read this. You will be convinced that Mr. Shinkai is not a Zaibatsu man. The following is our points.

1. Circumstances culminating in Mr. Shinkai's appointment as president.

Mr. Bi-ichi Shinkai was appointed a president in Dec. 1946, succeeding ex-president Mr. Kanjiro Okada. His appointment was carried out as the result of our unanimous approval. We gave such an approval as we had come to the conclusion that he was the very right man in the right place to undertake a democratic management of the firm and to speed up the rebuilding of our war wasted industry.

2. Our view on his managership

We contacted him for the first time after his appointment to Service Dept. headship. Successively he was Chief of Labor Dept. and Personal Affairs Dept, and a director of the Board. Up till Dec. 1946 Mr. Kanjiro Okada was president, under whom Mr. Shinkai in the capacity of the Labor Dept Chief came in contact with us. In the course of his negotiations with us he never gave us an unpleasant impression by being over-positive or over decisive in his attitude. He thus impressed us peculiarly as an un-Zaibatsu type.

Since his appointment to presidency many serious problems have involved us. We have had to struggle against the ever worsening living conditions in the teeth of unprecedented inflation. We have kept on making strenuous effort to tackle this all-serious problem In such circumstances our unique recourse lay in the negotiation with the president. In dealing with us he has shown himself sincerity itself. He listened to our talks with sympathy and attention, frankly explained the company's inside circumstances, made an honest endeavor to find a point of compromise. However long, however tedious the conversation, his attitude remained always the same, keen, attentive, himself sincerely interested in our welfare.

In the Zaibatsu days when Baron Furukawa was the president of the firm, he was nothing less than absolute monarch. The members of his family surrounded him like a bulwark. These people constituted the real power ruling the company. The career-men directors not personally related to the Furukawa family were just nominal presence, "Employe directors" as they were called. In our eyes they were not directors at all, but one of our kind in a higher position. As aforesaid they owed their position to the family's special favor. They were promoted to that position after twenty to thirty years of devoted service as employes. They were just meritorious retainers whose

services were at the beck and call of the family members. They were far from having any voice in the decision of policies. They were just the holders of the director-title.

We do not mean to belittle Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai, but he belonged to this category although he had a seat in the board since 1944. Long before he reached that position of honor, there had been an atmosphere among us workers to boost him, to appeal to the Furukawa family circle, the real power, to promote him to the directorship, as it redounded to our welfare to have such a congenial person closely by the family members. Humane nature being communicative. We think our ardent desire impressed itself on the men who composed the real power. Meantime he was promoted to directorship. Thus he owed it at the last analysis to his popularity with us. Now we feel our kind intentions have turned out to be harmful to him.

We are ready to testify that he has never been guilty of such behaviors or tainted of such qualities as made the Zaibatsu members persona non-grata in the eyes of the Allied administration. It is our most humble but earnest prayer that you will spare him from the application of the Anti-Zaibatsu Law.

I beg to remain,

Yours very faithfully,

Shigeru Koyanagide
Chief, Labor Ass'n
Nikko Power Station
Furukawa Mining Company Ltd.

Enclosure No. 22

P E T I T I O N

We have heard that our company's president Mr. Eiichi Shinkai falls under the Article 111 Item 11 Clause 1 and Clause 11 of the newly enforced Law for exclusion of controlling power of Zaibatsu families and think that this was because the period of his nomination just happened to fall in the period prescribed by the Law. This is much too perfunctory and very wide of the actual conditions and wishing to have your careful consideration on the following points, we hereby submit our petition.

Here we should like to mention that we are staff members and non-amenable officials not belonging to the labor unions of the head office and all the offices and mines and conforming with the will of all our members, we request you to approve that he is a non-Zaibatsu official and our fervent hope that he will continue to discharge his duties as president has made us venture to hand in our petition. We request you to especially understanded this point.

1) From former times, it was the rule for the president to nominate and elect the directors of the Furukawa Mining Co. However, in the case of Mr. Shinkai the recommendation of the rank and file of the employees was the decisive factor of the election and the president's nomination was only perfuntory.

2) During the term of his offices as director and managing director, he held additional posts of chief of management department, chief of labor department, chief of labor department and secretarial head of personnel section, etc. However, as chief of departments or head of sections, he had to devote himself on the discharge of his duties and as an official, these never was an instance where he participated at the helm to plan the management of the company, That is, the important matters of the company were decided up till October 12, 1945, by president Jujun Furukawa, his relative official Mr. Manjiro Yoshimura and Mr. Suekichi Nakagawa and since then till December 20, 1946 by president Okada and general managing director Mr. Yoichi Kojima.

3) When attending board of directors meetings, he only reported figures collected for him by the accountant groups.

4) When the former president Kanjiro Okada retired, the new president was recommended by the confidence of everybody regardless of whether he was a labor union member or non-union man from the standpoint of realization of management democratization and rehabilitation of the enterprise.

5) Since his assuming the presidency, wiping out of the Zaibatsu-like colouring and recovery of production have been greatly promoted.

(1) Wiping out of Zaibatsu-like colouring.

Our labor union which was formed previous to Mr. Shinkai's nomination as president, made rapid strides in increasing its strength of its organizations and after his assumption of the post of president, a labor agreement was concluded

in which stress was placed on the extermination of Zaibatsu-like management of personal affairs and when proposals were made to respect the opinion of the union in making shifts for important personnel, he expressed his approval of his own accord and since then he is positively exerting himself for the promotion of a sound democratization inside the company.

Next, for the revision of the rules for allotting positions and other rules were not suitable for actual conditions of the company after its character completely changed with the retirement of president Furukawa, between the federation of the staff member unions, a central management conference was held and a company's rules revising committee formed while on the other hand, the enterprise examining department in charge of examining management and liaison for related companies, a system which remained among other rules of the head office only for form's sake, was abolished and changed into the investigation department by which the wor inherent to this company could be well allotted.

(2) Recovery of production.

The production of the important products of our company coal and copper immediately after termination of the war, on account of a severe decrease of laborers and loss of their zeal for production together with numerous other bottlenecks which were continuous by encountered in all fields of production , dropped suddenly, and their monthly production was only

Coal: 14,156 tons

Copper (Copper-content of dressed ore):

69 tons

However, as democratization was promoted, the state of things gradually improved, especially through the untiring efforts of Mr. Shinkai after his nomination as president and cooperation of the labor union, production regained its stride showing recently the following figures as actual production (monthly)

Coal: 86,434 tons

Copper (Copper content of coarse ore):

351 tons

Further, production of sulphate ores, lead, zinc, etc. had also recently increased to 4 to 6 times the figures immediately after the end of the war.

Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Ashio Mine

Ashio Machine Works

Ani Mine

Daira Mine

Fukuoka Office

Head Office

Iimori Mine

Innai Prospecting Office

Kune Mine

Nagamatsu Mine

Omine Mine

Osaka Branch Office

Osaka Refinery

Shimoyamada Mine

Shakanoo Mine

Yoshima Mine

Representative of non-amenable
management and management assistants

Director Mizuno Kenji

Inui Yoshio
Chief of General Affairs Department
Head Office.

Feb. 10
7

Enclosure No.23

Kyushyu Feb. 3, 1948

Mr. Chairman,
The Committee of Examiners
of the Parties related to
the Zaibatsu

Petition on behalf of Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai
President of the Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

Dear Sir,

Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai became president succeeding Mr. Kanjiro Okada, ex-president.

His appointment was just a result of the unanimous support given by all of us workers. He had not disappointed us. Since he took up this position, he had made himself busy with the task of democratizing the whole management and on that basis rebuilding the company whose circumstances verged on the critical since the cessation of hostilities.

We believe, now that the Zaibatsu rule has been swept out, that Mr. Ei-ichi Shinkai is really the right man in the right place to help us to realize the improvement of the workers' living and labor conditions. For the first time under his presidency this movement may be said to have come fairly under way. For the ultimate success a whole-hearted cooperation between such a president as Mr. Shinkai and us workers is an indispensable pre-requisite.

While we were entertaining such a hope came the report he will have to go out under the application of the provisions of the Law eliminating the Zaibatsu Members, for the sole reason that he was a director for a very short period in the Zaibatsu days. This is a very grievous development for us.

He was a director, but everybody knows that under the absolute rule of Baron Furukawa, ex-president, and his family members, a director of Mr. Shinkai's category was never allowed to take an active part in the decision of important affairs.

He had practically nothing to do with the decision of the company's fundamental policies. He worked merely as chief of the Accountant's Department in the conduct of the routines placed under his responsibility by the decision of the Zaibatsu members. His appointment as president occurred, as is shown in his record, a good while after the resignation of President Furukawa, chief of the Zaibatsu family members. Succeeding ex-President Kanji Okada, he was elected to the Presidential post by the unanimous voice of the personnel of the company. As we interpret the provisions of the Zaibatsu Elimination Law, they do not apply to him. He does not constitute the character named in the law as "Official of the Zaibatsu Concern."

We representing the 9000 workers beg to be permitted to express hereby their full confidence in Mr. Shinkai, our democratic president, and petition most earnestly that he be spared from the application of this law. He understands us. He is the advocate of the cause of labor.

I beg to remain,

Most respectfully yours,

Shigeru Miyagi
President,
Joint Coal Miners Ass'n
Furukawa Kyushu (District) Colliery

He had practically nothing to do with the decision of the company's fundamental policies. He worked merely as chief of the Accountant's Department in the conduct of the routines placed under his responsibility by the decision of the Zaibatsu members. His appointment as president occurred, as is shown in his record, a good while after the resignation of President Furukawa, chief of the Zaibatsu family members. Succeeding ex-President Kanji Okada, he was elected to the Presidential post by the unanimous voice of the personnel of the company. As we interpret the provisions of the Zaibatsu Elimination Law, they do not apply to him. He does not constitute the character named in the law as "Official of the Zaibatsu Concern."

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I beg to remain,

Most respectfully yours,

Shigeru Miyagi
President,
Joint Coal Miners Ass'n
Furukawa Kyushu (District) Colliery

Enclosure No. 24. 871 Shinkai Eiichi

AFFIDAVIT

(Testimony on the relationship between Mr. Shinkai Eiichi and the labor unions of workers in the metal mines of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd. from the time of his assumption of office as an official of the company.)

February 19, 1948

SUBMITTED TO : Hon. Katayama Tetsu, the Prime Minister.

SUBMITTED BY : Ikuta Ryusaku, President, Labor Union, Ashio Copper Mine.

Mr. Shinkai Eiichi was elected a director (in November, 1944) and the president (in December, 1946) of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd. after having been continuously in the company's service for approximately thirty years as an employee.

I now take the liberty to render the following testimonies on the relationships between him and the various labor unions :

1. Mr. Shinkai's assumption of office as the president of the company and its relations with the various labor unions concerned:

I was in receipt of an advance information from the company regarding the company's choice of Mr. Shinkai as the candidate for the new president. After consulting the various labor unions concerned, therefore, I renewed my support for his candidacy in consideration of his following merits:

(a) Considering the circumstances then existed, he was not related in any way with the power of Furukawa Zaibatsu which owned and controlled this company in the past.

(b) He had full understanding of the movements of labor unions.

(c) He had a cheerful and well matured personality and character, and had enjoyed the full support of all concerned.

(d) He was a peace lover having full grasp and understanding of democratic thought.

(e) He was an indispensable member of the management for the reconstruction of Furukawa Mining Co., Ltd.

2. Mr. Shinkai's attitude in connection with the discharge of his duties as the company's president:

Due largely to his utmost efforts, the rehabilitation of various Furukawa enterprises, which were almost dead and inactive after the end of the war, were placed on the right track and direction. The confidence of every body concerned continues to increase because his-way of management is very democratic and because he voluntarily and actively assisted the healthy progress of the labor unions.

In short, it is the opinion of the labor unions concerned that he is an indispensable member of the company's management from the point of view of democratic rehabilitation of the company and the improvement of employment conditions in the face of ecomonic confusion that prevails in Japan at the present time.

(Sgd.) IKUTA RYUSAKU
President, Labor Union, Ashio Copper Mine

In representation and on behalf of:
Labor Union, Ashio Copper Mine
Labor Union, Kune Mine
Miners' Union, Iimori Mine
Labor Union, Nikko Electric Plant
Labor Union, Nagamatsu Mine
Labor Union, Ani Mine
Employees' Association, Daira Mine
Labor Union, Innai Mine.

APPROVED May 11 1948
承　認　昭和23年5月11日

三井

受 23.2.5. 付

NAME SHINOHARA Yoshio

Misao Uedai

No. 208 Name of Company Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

個人調査書

（記載上の一般的注意）

一、本調査書は、三通提出しなければならない。

二、調査書は、日本文及び英文で記入する。その場合、英文記載事項は對應頁の日本文に照應するものとする。日英兩文間に相違がある場合は、英文によるものとする。

三、記載事項は、楷書（英文の場合は大文字活字體）で明瞭に記入しなければならない。

四、各記載事項は、空白のまゝにしないよう正確に且つ良心的に記入しなければならない。

五、各記載事項中該當事項のない場合は「該當しない」又は「該當事項なし」等の文句を用いて記入しなければならない。

六、記載すべき空欄に充分の餘白がない場合は、補助紙を用い、「補助紙に續く」等の字句を記入して、いずれの記載欄の補助紙として用いたかを明かにしなければならない。

七、この調査表の重要な事項について虚僞の記載をし又は事實をかくした記載をした者は、財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられる。

東洋棉花株式會社　第　號

氏名　篠原好雄

個人調査書

一、姓名（振假名をつけること）

篠ノ原ハラ好ヨシ雄オ

二、從來使用し又は一般に通用している他の名稱（通稱、筆名等）

ナシ

三、生年月日（年齢數え年）

明治二八年九月一五日生（五四才）

四、出生地（都道府縣）

兵庫縣

五、現住所（略記しないこと）及び電話番號

芦屋市東山町八一番地　電話芦屋二六四四

六、本籍地（略記しないこと）

神戸市生田區元町六丁目四八番地

Questionnaire

1. Name (In full).

SHINOHARA Yoshio

2. Other names which you have used or by which you have been known. (alias or penname).

None

3. Date of birtn (age).

Sept. 15, 1895. (54)

4. Place of birth (prefecture).

Hyogo Pref.

5. Present address (in full) and telephone number.

81, Higashiyama-cho, Ashiya City, Hyogo Pref.
(Tel. Ashiya 2644)

6. Permanent address (in full).

48, Motomachi 6-chome, Kobe City.

七、現に保有し又は就こうとする財閥、制限、從屬又は關係會社における役員としての地位

（一）會社の名稱及び財閥系統（昭和二十年九月二日以降稱號變更があつた場合は舊稱號を含む）

東洋棉花株式會社（三井系）

（二）財閥會社、制限會社、從屬會社又は關係會社の區分（財閥會社の場合には更に直系、準直系又は傍系の區分）

財閥直系會社　制限會社

（三）地位

取締役

（四）就任の豫定日

昭和二〇年一二月五日就任

八、前項の他本人の保有するすべての身分及び職業

東洋棉花株式會社大阪支店長

九、財閥としての指定者との親族關係

（一）關係の有無及び有りとすればその詳細（財閥同籍者との親族關係を含む。）

ナシ

（二）指定者か指定された日において指定者と同一戸籍内にあつたことの有無

ナシ

7. Position of official in company which you hold or for which you are under consideration.
   a. Name of company and the lineage of Zaibatsu where the company belongs. (In case name of the company has been changed after 2 September 1945 the former name will also be given.)

      Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. (Mitsui)

   b. Classification of Zaibatsu, restricted, subsidiary or connected company (in the case of Zaibatsu company, the classification of the direct affiliate, indirect affiliate or associate company will also be given.)

      Zaibatsu (direct affiliate)
      RESTRICTED COMPANY.

   c. Position.

      Director

   d. Scheduled date of assumption of the position.

      Dec. 5, 1945.

8. All other positions snd professions which you hold now.

   Manager of Osaka branch of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

9. Family relationship with the persons designated as Zaibatsu.
   a. Existence or not of the relationship and its details, if any. (includiug relationship with the Zaibatsu family members.)

      None

   b. Whether or not you were on the same family register with the designated persons on the day of their designation.

      No

七、職業の履歴

註一、本欄の會社團體とは財閥會社に限らずあらゆる會社團體を含むものとし、團體中特に組合、協會、協議會等の經濟團體については詳細に記入すること

註二、職務內容に關し本人の地位から當然豫想せられる職務を事實上擔當していなかつた場合には本人が實際に擔當していた職務內容及び本人に代わり當該地位の管轄たるべき職務を事實上擔當していた者の氏名を記入すること

註三、本人が役員として又は役員の待遇の地位にて勤務した會社が財閥會社たる場合には、左の事項を附記すること

(1)本人の役員としての就任及び退任の時における當該會社の株式の一割以上の所有者の氏名及び持株率

(2)本人が勤務した期間における他の役員の氏名、地位及び就任退任年月日

就職及び退職日附	會社團體等の名稱	地位（職員たる場合を含む）	職務內容（詳細に）	會社團體等の事業內容及び所在地
大正三、三、三	三井物產株式會社	神戸支店棉花部兼務	輸出入係	貿易 東京
大正六、六、八		横濱支店兼棉花部	棉花受渡	〃
昭和二、九、四	東洋棉花株式會社	東京支部勤務轉入横濱派出員	〃	貿易、大阪
昭和二、八、八	南部棉花會社	ダラス出張員附轉入ダラス勤務	棉花商務	〃
昭和三、八、八	東洋棉花株式會社	再入本店營業部	〃	〃
昭和五、一、七	南部棉花會社	參事	〃	〃
昭和五、七、一		再入	〃	〃
一七、八、九	東洋棉花株式會社	日米交換船ニテ歸還復社、本店受渡課長	〃	貿易 ダラス

昭和一八、六　京城支店長
朝鮮總支店支配人
兼京城支店長
一九、七　取締役ニ就任

昭二〇、四／二一、九（二〇、一二、五）　東棉纖維工業株式會社　取締役
〃一九、／二〇　旭絹織株式會社　〃
〃一五、一一／二〇、五　朝鮮絹人絹織物移入組合　理事長
〃　朝鮮綿スフ織物同業組合　〃
〃　朝鮮棉花商同業會　〃

京城
釜山
京城

註三、ノ(1)　東洋棉花株式會社ノ場合
三井物産株式會社　六一七、八九〇株（八八・二七%）

東棉纖維工業株式會社ノ場合
東洋棉花株式會社　一四七、九一〇株（四六・二二%）
トヨダ自動車工業株式會社　八〇、〇〇〇〃（二五・〇〇%）
南北棉業株式會社　六〇、〇〇〇〃（一八・七五%）
上海紡織株式會社　三二、〇〇〇〃（一〇・〇〇%）

(2)
東洋棉花株式會社
社長兼專務取締役　淺山伊三郎（昭一六、六、一六專務―二〇、一二、五社長―二一、七、一）
常務取締役　田中彦三郎（〃一七、一二、一五取締―二〇、一二、五常務―）
取締役　早川利雄（〃一六、一二、一二―二一、七、一）
全　前田保勇（〃一九、六、一五取締―二一、七、一常務―）
全　山田二郎（〃二〇、一二、五―）
全　森山知一（〃）
全　篠原好雄（〃）

補助紙ニ續ク

監査役　南里英俊（昭二〇、一二、五―二一、七、三）
全　新宮春三（〃二〇、一二、五―）
取締役　小森勇吉（昭二一、七、一―）
全　藤田好一（〃）
監査役　田淵純一（〃）

東棉纖維工業株式會社
取締役會長　淺山伊三郎（昭一六、六―二一、九）
全社長　山本喜一（〃一六、六―二一、九）
專務取締役　池田善吉（〃一六、六―二一、三）
常務取締役　小林和三郎（〃一九、一―二〇、一二）
[illegible]取締役　[illegible]

昭二〇、四、一六、…九

〃一九、一二、二〇

〃一九、一二、二〇、五

東棉纖維工業株式會社取締役

旭絹織株式會社 〃

朝鮮絹人絹織物移入組合 理事長

朝鮮綿スフ織物同業組合 〃

朝鮮棉花商同業會 〃

註三、ノ(イ) 東洋棉花株式會社ノ場合

三井物產株式會社 六一七、八九〇株(八八・二七%)

東棉纖維工業株式會社ノ場合

東洋棉花株式會社 一四七、九一〇株(四六・二二%)

トヨタ自動車工業株式會社 八〇、〇〇〇〃(二五・〇〇%)

南北棉業株式會社 六〇、〇〇〇〃(一八・七五%)

上海紡織株式會社 三三、〇〇〇〃(一〇・〇〇%)

(2)

東洋棉花株式會社

社長兼專務取締役 淺山伊三郎 (昭一六、六、一六專務—二〇、一一、五社長—二一、七、一)

常務取締役 田中彥三郎 (〃一七、一二、一五取締—二〇、一一、五常務—)

取締役 早川利雄 (〃一六、一二—二一、七、一)

全 前田保勇 (〃一九、六、一五取締—二一、七、一常務上)

全 山田二郎 (〃二〇、一二、五—)

全 森山知一 (〃)

全 篠原好雄 (〃)

補助紙ニ續ク

監查役 南里英後 (昭二〇、一一、五—二三、七、三)

全 新宮春三 (〃二〇、一一、五—)

取締役 小森勇吉 (昭二一、七、一—)

全 藤田好一 (〃)

監查役 田淵純一 (〃)

東棉纖維工業株式會社

取締役會長 淺山伊三郎 (昭一六、六—二一、九)

全社長 山本喜一 (〃一六、六—二一、九)

專務取締役 池田善吉 (〃一六、六—二三、三)

常務取締役 小林和三郎 (〃一九、一—二〇、一二)

取締役 篠原好雄 (〃二〇、四—二一、九)

全 濱純一郎 (〃一九、一—二一、一一)

全 藤井亮一 (〃二〇、四—二〇、一二)

全 芝原敬次 (〃二〇、四—二三、七)

全 吉川十四男 (〃二〇、四—二一、一二)

監查役 小森勇吉 (〃二〇、四—二一、九)

全 岡本藤次郎 (〃二〇、四—二一、一二)

全 平尾精一郎 (〃二〇、四—二一、九)

京城 〃

釜山 〃

…

Jun.1943		Manager of Seoul branch		
Jul.1944		General Manager of Korea and Seoul branch manager		
Dec.5,'45		Director		
Apr.1945/ Sept.1946	Tomen Seni Kogyo K. Ltd.	- " -		Seoul
1944/1945	Asahi Kenshoku K. Ltd.	-" -		Fusan
Nov.1944/ May 1945	Chosen Silk and Rayon Textile Importer's Assn.	Chairman		Seoul
- " -	Chosen Cotton & S.F. Textile Merchants Assn.	Chairman		"
- " -	Chosen Cotton Merchants' Assn.	- " -		"

Note 3: a. Re. Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd.	617,390 (88.27%)

Re. Tomen Seni Kogyo K. Ltd.

Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.	147,910 (46.22%)
Toyota Jidosha Kogyo K. Ltd.	80,000 (25.00%)
Namboku Mengyo K. Ltd.	60,000 (18.75%)
Shanghai Boshoku K. Ltd.	32,000 (10.00%

b. Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

President & Man.Director	I. Asayama	(Jun.1941 M.D.-Dec.1945 p.-Jul. 1946)
Man.Director	H. Tanaka	(Dec.1942 D-Dec.1945 M.D.-)
Director	T. Hayakawa	(Dec.1941-Jul.1946)
"	Y. Mayeda	(June 1944. D.-July 1946-)
"	J. Yamada	(Dec. 1945-)
"	C. Moriyama	(- " -)
"	Y. Shinohara	(- " -)
Auditor	H. Nanri	(Dec. 1945- Jul. 1947)
"	H. Shingu	(Dec. 1945-)
Director	Y. Komori	(July 1946-)
"	Y. Fujita	(- " -)
Auditor	J. Tabuchi	(- " -)

(Continued to the supplementary sheet)

Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd.

Chairman	I. Asayama	(Jun.1941 - Sept.1946)
President	K. Yamamoto	(- " -)
M.Director	Z. Ikeda	(Jun.1941 - Mar.1947)
- " -	W. Kobayashi	(Jan.1944 - Dec. 1945)
Director	Y. Shinohara	(Apr.1945 - Sept.1946)
"	J. Hama	(Jan.1944 - Nov. 1946)
"	R. Fujii	(Apr.1945 - Dec.1945)
"	K. Shibahara	(Apr.1945 -Jul. 1947)
"	T. Yoshikawa	(Apr.1945 - Dec.1946)
Auditor	Y. Komori	(Apr.1945 - Sept.1946)
"	T. Okamoto	(Apr.1945 - Dec. 1946)
"	S. Hirao	(Apr.1945 - Sept.1946)

十一、本人の役員就任當時その勤務した財閥會社と財閥又は財閥直系會社との間に役員としての就任についての事前承認を必要とする旨の取極の有無

(一) 明文の取極の有無

ナシ

(二) 本人の役員としての就任の事情の詳細、特にその就任につき財閥又は財閥直系會社が關與した事實の有無

昭和廿年十一月八日三井本社社長ヨリ全社解散ノ聲明アリ爾來三井系ノ各社ハ夫々自主的ニ運營セラルル事トナツタ本人ノ役員トシテノ就任ニ際シテハ單ニ役員會ノ推薦ニヨリ株主總會ノ承認ヲ經タルモノデ財閥又ハ財閥直系會社ガ之ニ關與シタ事實ハ全然ナイ

11. At the time of your assnmption of office as official, whether or not the arrangement that the previous approval be obtained from the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate regarding assumption of the position of official existed between the Zaibatsu company where you served and the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliates.

a. Whether or not the arrangemeut existed in writing.

None

b. Details of circumstances under whicn you assumed the position of official; particularly whether or not the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate was concerned in approving your assumption of office.

The announcement of disolution of Mitsui Honsha was made by the president of the same company on 8th of November of 1945, and ever since it has become the fact that all the subsidiary companies of Mitsui were to be managed independently.

When I assumed the position of official, it was done solely by the recommendation of Board of Directors of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd., and also upon approval of General Meeting of stock-holders of the same company, and the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate were not concerned at all in approving my assumption of office.

第六頁

十二、本調査書作成年月日

昭和二三年一月三一日

「この調査表の記載は眞實であり且つ完全であることを確言する、又私はこの調査表の重要な事項について虚僞又は事實をかくした記載があるときは財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられることを諒承してをる旨申し添える」

署名 篠原坂雄 印

12. Date

January 31st, 1948.

13. I hereby certify that entries made in this questionnaire are true and complete. I further add that I understand that entries false or lacking full and cemplete disclosure on relevant or material matters in this questiornaire will subject me to penaly in accordance with the provisions of Article 31 of the Law for Termination of the Zaibatsu Family Control.

Signa ture

Shimohara

APPROVED May, 11 1948
承　認　昭和23年5月11

Misao Ueda

APPLICATION FOR
CLARIFICATION OF STATUS

三井

February 5th, 1948.

278

TO : Tetsu Katayama,

Prime Minister.

APPLICANT :

Yoshio Shinohara

PRESENT ADDRESS :

No. 81, Higashiyama-cho,
Ashiya-shi, Hyogo-Prefecture.
(Phone : Ashiya - 2644)

PRESENT POST :

Director,
Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.
(Toyo Cotton Company, Ltd.)

1. Outline of Application :

As I assumed the post of Director of the Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. (a Mitsui Zaibatsu Subsidiary Company) in December 1945 which post I have been occupying until now, I believe myself to come under the clause of item 2, paragraph 2, Article 3 of Zaibatsu Family Control Power Elimination Law and therefore pursuant to article 7 of the said Law, I hereby submit an application for the recognition of my status as is free from being deemed as Zaibatsu officials on the ground of the following reasons.

2. Reasons for Application :

(1) I am not a member of the Mitsui Zaibatsu ; I am not married to a member of the Mitsui family ; I am not related to a member of the Zaibatsu ; I am not married to a relative of a member of the Zaibatsu.

(Refer to copy of census register attached hereto.)

(2) I should like to make statement to the effect that there has never been a provision stipulating that all officers before assuming their post of office with the company should be approved by the Zaibatsu ; and I, personally, have never received such approval.

The Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha, formerlly the Cotton Department of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, was incorporated in April 1920. Upon its incorporation, the shares were to be opened to the public, but the financial panic which struck just then, prevented the company from doing so.

The Toyo Menka K.K. was, at first, limited only to the handling of cotton textiles and yarns, but as time passed, business was extended to the handling of other fibres and fibre products, thus making the company & potent

rival of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

This became more apparent after the outbreak of the Pacific war, when the company competed on even basis with the Mitsui Bussan even in the handling of merchandise other than fibre goods.

Thus it came about the Mitsui Bussan was parent company only in relation with the capital interest involved. Subsequently, the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha had not intervened in the management of the business or the administration of personnel movement.

In March 1944, when the Mitsui Head Office was established as a holding company, the holding stocks of the company were transferred ; and ever since this company has been recognized as a semi-subsidiary company.

The Toyo Menka K.K. differs from other Mitsui Subsidiary Company in that no member of the Mitsui Family had ever become an office of the company, and that only two directors of Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., had been assuming joint directorate nominally.

Aside of these two directors, all officers, including the president, have all been selected from among the member of the company staff. The usual procedure was to elect an officer, recommended by the Board of Directors, at the General Meeting, and then to submit the result to the parent company in a report. Thus the company was left completely independent in the choice of her officers.

As for my case, I wish to specifically state here that the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha had no concern with my assumption of office as I had been elected to office to fill the gap left by the resignation of 12 of the 16 officers of the company on 5 December 1945, after the Mitsui Head Office had actually and perfunctorily lost its faculty by an official declaration issued by the president of the Mitsui Head Office on 7 November 1945.

-(Refer to Certificates issued by the Mitsui Head Office and Mr. Kohta Tsukada, former President of the Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha, Schedule for movement of Officers; and the Mitsui Head Office Bulletin attached hereto.)

(3) This item is not applicable to my case.
(4) I have never held jointly more than four posts of officers of the said Zaibatsu Subsidiary Companies.

3. Enclosures:
   a) Copy of Census Register.
   b) Certificate issued by the Mitsui Head Office.
   c) Certificate issued by Mr. Kohta Tsukada, former president of the Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha.
   d) Schedule for Movement of Officers of the Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha.
   e) Mitsui Head Office Bulletin.
   f) Certificate issued by the Representative of the Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha.

Y. Shinohara

YOSHIO SHINOHARA,
Applicant.

CERTIFICATE (Translation)

Re: Yoshio Shinohara, Director,
Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

To whom it may concern,

I hereby certify that the following statement concerning the above captioned person is true and correct in every respect to the best of my knowledge and belief:-

(1) When the abovementioned person was elected to the officer at the regular meeting of stockholders on 5th of December of 1945, the Mitsui Honsha had already been dissolved and therefore Mitsui Honsha had no concern to his election.

(2) Consequently, for the appointment of the officers of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd., there were no general agreements to ask in advance any consent or approval of Mitsui Honsha and there were not an instance of such procedures taken in this case in either perfunctory or practical manner.

Signed on 31st of January of 1948.

(Signed)

JUN TAGUCHI,
Adjuster, Mitsui Honsha.

TOYO MENKA KAISHA, LTD.,
(THE ORIENTAL COTTON TRADING CO., LTD.)
TOKYO

Certificate (Translation)

To whom it may concern:-

This is to certify that, during my term of office with The Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha (Toyo Cotton Company, Ltd.) - as staff member from 1920; member of the Board of Directors from 1922; and as the president from 1940 up to the end of the war - there has never been an exchange of agreement governing the selection of company officials between the said company and the Mitsui Busan Kabushiki Kaisha or the Mitsui Honsha (Mitsui Head Office). The usual procedure followed was to select candidates for officers from among the company staff members through recommendation of the Senior Officers. A notification of the subsequent changes in the form of a report was then submitted to the Mitsui Busan Kabushiki Kaisha or the Mitsui Honsha adding in the report those names of officers who were appointed by the aforesaid holding company.

Signed on 29th of January of 1948.

(Signed)
KOHTA TSUKADA,

Former-President,
Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha.

Statement of Officers of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

At the time of Surrender		On December 5, 1945		At Present (Since June 29, 1946)	
Office	Name	Office	Name	Office	Name
President of Board of Directors	Kohta Tsukada				
Managing Director	Isaburo Asayama	President & Managing Director	Isaburo Asayama		
Managing Director	Masatora Matsunaga	Managing Director	Hikosaburo Tanaka	Managing Director	Hikosaburo Tanaka
- " -	Hokuro Saito	Director	Toshio Hayakawa	- " -	Yasuo Mayeda
Director	Tatsuo Sumii	- " -	Yasuo Mayeda	Director	Jiro Yamada
- " -	Kisashi Matsumoto	- " -	Jiro Yamada	- " -	Chiichi Moriyama
- " -	Takeshi Tabuchi	- " -	Chiichi Moriyama	- " -	Yoshio Shinohara
- " -	Kiichi Yamamoto	- " -	Yoshio Shinohara	- " -	Yukichi Komori
- " -	Toshio Hayakawa			- " -	Koichi Fujita
- " -	Hikosaburo Tanaka				
- " -	Yasuo Mayeda				
- " -	Eikichi Kitamura				
Auditor	Hideo Yamanouchi	Auditor	Hidetoshi Nanri	Auditor	Hidetoshi Nanri
- " -	Yetsuzo Kawai	- " -	Haruzo Shingu	- " -	Haruzo Shingu
- " -	Tomonori Ogoshi			- " -	Junichi Tabuchi
- " -	Jutaro Arakawa				

Remarks: Nov. 1945 Tatsuo Sumii resigned and Kiyoshi Miyazaki elected in his stead.

June 1947 Hidetoshi Nanri resigned and none filled his position.

No.68

(Translation)

K.K. MITSUI HONSHA BULLETIN

8 August 1945 (Thursday)
Documentary Department.

SPECIAL BULLETIN !!!

Decision having been reached for the dissolution of the company in compliance with the basic policy of G.H.Q., SCAP and that of the Government, the president of the Mitsui Honsha, today, issued the following address to the officers and employees of the company.

GIST OF THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

As have been recently announced by GHQ., SCAP, the Mitsui Honsha, together with the Mitsubishi, Sumitomo, Yasuda Head Offices, has decided to follow the policy for dissolution of the company; and as the president of the Mitsui Honsha, I would like to say a few words on this occasion.

I would, first of all, like to express my profound thanks, and that from the bottom of my heart, for the untiring and cooperative efforts of the officers and employees, manifested in their struggle for the attainment of the objectives of the company in spite of, and in midst of, the difficulties encountered with the advent of a pessimistic outlook of the war, which had taken place since the establishment of the Mitsui Honsha in March of last year.

We had just about finished establishing a firm foundation of the company; and we were just about ready to carry on with our business, when, like a bolt out of the sky, and much to our regret, we were faced with the gruesome reality of surrender and defeat.

You all know that with the termination of war, the general condition have been completely changed. Industrial economics, too, are now faced with the new problem of readjustment for a fresh start to keep abreast of the new era; as the result of which have sprouted the new problems of the dissolution of the so called Zaibatsu.

Because we firmly believed in the significance of the existence of Zaibatsu in Japan, and of the role it should play in the reconstruction of the Japanese economy, the Senior Officers, realizing the graveness of their responsibilities, had done their utmost to find a satisfactory answer to this problem.

However, in spite of all that we have done, we are left with no other recourse than to adopt the dissolution policy, laying to hear the will of the government and in pursuance to the basic policy of the Allied Forces.

The dissolution method are as have been reported in the newspaper yesterday, the principal point of which are:

1) Mitsui, Mitsubishi, Sumitomo and Yasuda shall dissolve their

Head Offices.

2) Securities and Assets owned by the Four Head Offices, shall be turned over to institutions designated by the government.

3) The Mitsui, Iwasaki, Sumitomo and the Yasuda Families shall resign their post from all affiliated companies.

4) The officers of the Head Offices shall resign their post after the transfer of assets.

Thus, the central structure of all Mitsui Businesses have been dissolved, which means that all subsidiary and affiliated companies shall, heretofore, manage their business independently.

Looking back to the 300 old years since the establishment of the Mitsui Family, we find that, in spite of the occasional rise and fall evidenced here and there in conjunction with the stormy vicissitudes of the national progress, it had developed immensely and that it had contributed immensely to the rise of the country.

All this was made possible by the benefits derived from the public, and the unbending efforts of the officers and employees manifested through generations, for which I am profoundly grateful.

Today, we are faced with the gruesome reality of a defeated nation, and the dissolution of Mitsui, a reality, which cannot be faced without stirring the deepest emotion, in view of the history of the Mitsui Family.

Leaving aside the problems concerned with the Mitsui Family, I cannot help but sympathize with you all, who are to be separated from the company, which you had selected as your working post for life. I believe that the grievance of parting is much more painful to those who had been connected with the company for the best part of their lives.

I, too, feel sad about leaving the company and you. As the president of t the Head Office, I feel gravely responsible to see that you are settled once more, for which cause the senior officers and I are trying to work out a plan.

At such critical moment, I cannot help but ask that you do not lose control of yourselves, and that you shall contribute to the execution of the disposal plan with a cool composure and mind.

(Translation)

CERTIFICATE.

To whom it may concern:-

I hereby certify that none of the present officials of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. had ever held at the same time more than four joint posts of official with the Mitsui Zaibatsu companies.

Signed on 31st of January, 1948.

(Signed)
HIKOSABURO TANAKA,
Managing Director,
Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

(Translation)

To whom it may concern ;

I hereby certify that are following statement is true and correct in every respect to the best of my knoledge and belief;-

Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. was incorporated as an independent company, separating from Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., on April 15th, 1920, and since then was recognised as a Sister-Company of the above mentioned company until the transfer of the shares from the said company to Mitsui Honsha, Ltd. was made in March, 1944, when Mitsui Honsha, Ltd. was incorporated.

After the transfer of the shares in March, 1944, as above, Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. have been recognised as a Semi-Subsidiary company of Mitsui Honsha, Ltd.

During my term of office with Toyo Menka Kaisha, the management of business and administration of personel matters was solely conducted by the officers selected among the member of the company staff, in which the officers appointed by the hold company, who were the directors of Mitsui Bussan Kaisha or Mitsui Honsha at the same time, had only nominal participation and did not attend almost all the meetings of the board of directors.

(Signed)

KOHTA TSUKADA

Former-President

Toyo Menka Kabushiki Kaisha.

APPLICATION FOR
CLARIFICATION OF STATUS.

February 5th, 1948.

TO : Tetsu Katayama

Prime Minister

APPLICANT :
Yoshio Shinohara

PRESENT ADDRESS :
No.81, Higashiyama-cho,
Ashiya-shi, Hyogo-Prefecture
(Phone : Ashiya 2644)

PRESENT POST :
Director
Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.
(Toyo Cotton Company, Ltd.)

1. Outline of Application.

As I assumed the post of Director of Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd. - Tomen Textile Industry Co. Ltd. - (a Zaibatsu Affiliated Company) in April 1945 which post I had since occupied up to the end of the war, I believe myself to come under the clause of item 1, Paragraph 2, article 3 of the Zaibatsu Family Control Power Elimination Law and therefore pursuant to article 7 of the said Law, I hereby, submit an application for the recognition of my status as is free from being deemed as Zaibatsu officials on the groud of the following reasons.

2. Reasons for Application.

(1) I am not a member of the Mitsui Zaibatsu ; I am not married to a member of the Mitsui family ; I am not related to a member of the Zaibatsu ; I am not married to a relative of a member of the Zaibatsu.
(Refer to copy of census register attached to my ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ application for clarification of my status regarding my assuming director's post of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.)

(2) I state clearly the fact that there was not a provision requiring that all officers of Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd. should be approved before assuming their post by the Zaibatsu or its direct subsidiaries and I personally have never received such approval.

The Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd. was incorporated by the joint investment of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd., Utsumi Boshoku Kaisha, Ltd. (Utsumi Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co. Ltd.) and Nanboku Mengyo Kaisha, Ltd.(Nanboku Cotton Industry Co.Ltd.) in June 1941, at Shingishu, Korea, with capital of five million yen. Ever since its inauguration, the company have been managed entirely independently and for the election of officers, there was

no provision requiring the approval in advance by the Mitsui Zaibatsu or its direct subsidiary and there had never been a case in actuality of such case.

Since the purchase of raw materials and various articles of consumption and the sales of the company's products were mostly entrusted in the hands of the branches of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. in Korea, it has been a customary practice of the Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd. for the sake of convenience of liaison purpose to recommend one or two of the branch managers in Korea of the Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. as non-active officers. I was thus recommended and assumed the post of its non-active director because I was then the manager of Seoul branch of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.

(3) By reason of the foregoing explanations I was listed as non-active director of Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd., for only less than six months until the end of the war. Therefore I have never participated in the helm of the company's management and consequently I have never exercised the authority, responsibility or controling power of managing director or higher post.

(4) I have never held jointly more than four posts of the officers of various companies of Mitsui Zaibatsu.

3. Enclosures:

Certificate by Mitsui Honsha, Ltd.
Certificate by the former President of the Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd.

Shinohara
YOSHIO SHINOHARA
Applicant.

Certificate (Translation)

To whom it may concern ;

We hereby certify the following statement is true and correct in every respect to the best of our knowledge and belief.

The Mitsui Honsha, Ltd. had no concern at all in regard to the election and appointment of the officers of the Shanghai Boshoku Kaisha, Ltd., the Tomen Boshoku Kaisha, Ltd. and the Tomen Seni Kogyo Kaisha, Ltd., consequently there was no provision requiring the approval of the Mitsui Honsha, Ltd. in advance for the appointment of the officers of these companies and there have never been a case which the Mitsui Honsha, Ltd. have given such approval in actuality or perfunctorily.

(SIGNED)

Jun Taguchi, Liquidator,
Mitsui Honsha, Ltd.

Certificate

(Translation)

Re: Yoshio Shinohara,
81, Higashiyama-cho, Ashiya
City, Hyogo Prefecture.

To whom it may concern:-

I hereby certify that when the abovementioned person was elected to the Auditor of the Tomen Textile Industry Co., Ltd. in April of 1945 the Mitsui Honsha, Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd. or their direct affiliate company had no concern to his election, and the T.T.I.Co. had, merely for convenience of liaison to the parent company Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd., requested Mr. Shinohara who at the time was Seoul branch manager of T. M. K., to assume the post of Auditor without requirements for daily attendance.

Signed on 31st of January 1948.

I. Asayama (Signed)

Former-President
Tomen Textile Industry Co., Ltd.

C E R T I F I C A T E

I hereby certify that the following statement is true and correct in every respect to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd., was incorporated on April 15th, 1920, by separating the Cotton Department of the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd. At the time of its incorporation, it was intended to offer for public subscription 200,000 shares out of total 500,000 of this new company and the necessary arrangements were completed with the syndicate of spot stock brokers concerning its public subscription, when suddenly the bankruptcy of a Masuda Bill Brokers & Co. started the general panic of security circles as well as general economic world in Japan. Under the circumstances, the plan of public subscription of shares of Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd., was given up by the voluntary intention of Mitsui. However, as far as I understood, the true intention of Mitsui in regard to Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd. was to put this new company entirely out of monopolistic influence of Mitsui by making it purely independent trade firm gradually offering its shares for public subscription.

As I took whole charge of the Procedures of Incorporation of this company and also have since been engaged as a legal adviser to this company, the above fact was made known to me as professional knowledge.

Date: February 4th, 1948.

A Legal Adviser for
Toyo Menka Kaisha, Ltd.,

K. Takeda
(KUMANOSUKE TAKEDA)

APPROVED 1948
承認 昭和23年6月11日

三井

本

受 22.5. 付

NAME KINGO SOGA

Misao Ueda

No. 315 Name of Company MITSUI KAGAKU KOGYO K.K.

個人調査書

（記載上の一般的注意）

一、本調査書は、三通提出しなければならない。

二、調査書は、日本文及び英文で記入する。その場合、英文記載事項は對應頁の日本文に照應するものとする。日英兩文間に相違がある場合は、英文によるものとする。

三、記載事項は、楷書（英文の場合は大文字活字體）で明瞭に記入しなければならない。

四、各記載事項は、空白のまゝにしないよう正確に且つ良心的に記入しなければならない。

五、各記載事項中該當事項のない場合は「該當しない」又は「該當事項なし」等の文句を用いて記入しなければならない。

六、記載すべき空欄に充分の餘白がない場合は、補助紙を用い、「補助紙に續く」等の字句を記入して、いずれの記載欄の補助紙として用いたかを明かにしなければならない。

七、この調査表の重要な事項について虚僞の記載をし又は事實をかくした記載をした者は、財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられる。

三井化學工業株式會社 第 號

氏名 宮戎金吾

第一頁

個人調査書

一、姓名（振假名をつけること）

曾我（ソガ） 金五郎（キンゴ）

二、從來使用し又は一般に通用している他の名稱（通稱、筆名等）

ナシ

三、生年月日（年齡數え年）

明治二七年一二月二〇日（五五歳）

四、出生地（都道府縣）

三重縣

五、現住所（略記しないこと）及び電話番號

東京都新宿区若宮町四〇番地 三井化學寮（電話九段八〇番）

六、本籍地（略記しないこと）

三重縣上野市上野字高町二三四二番地

Questionnaire

1. Name (In full).

KINGO SOGA

2. Other names which you have used or by which you have been known. (alias or penname).

NONE

3. Date of birtn (age).

DECEMBER 20, 1894
(AGE: ~~54~~ 55)

4. Place of birth (prefecture).

MIE PREF.

5. Present address (in full) and telephone number.

MITSUI KAGAKU KOGYO K.K.'S "USHIGOME" DORMITORY
NO. 40, WAKAMIYACHO, SHINJUKU-KU, TOKYO.
TEL. (KUDAN) 80.

6. Permanent address (in full).

NO. 2,362., AZA-MANMACHI, UENO. UENO CITY,
MIE PREF.

第二頁

七、現に保有し又は就こうとする財閥、制限、從屬又は關係會社における役員としての地位

（一）會社の名稱及び財閥系統（昭和二十年九月二日以降稱號變更があつた場合は舊稱號を含む）

三井化學工業株式會社

（二）財閥會社、制限會社、從屬會社又は關係會社の區分（財閥會社の場合には更に直系、準直系又は傍系の區分）

財閥直系會社

三井系

（三）地位

取締役（現職）

（四）就任の豫定日

八、前項の他本人の保有するすべての身分及び職業

九、財閥としての指定者との親族關係

（一）關係の有無及び有りとすればその詳細（財閥同籍者との親族關係を含む。）

無

（二）指定者か指定された日において指定者と同一戸籍内にあつたことの有無

無

7. Position of official in company which you hold or for which you are under consideration.
   a. Name of company and the lineage of Zaibatsu where the company belongs. (In case name of the company has been changed after 2 September 1945 the former name will also be given.)

      MITSUI CHEMICAL IND. CO., LTD.
      LINEAGE: MITSUI.

   b. Classification of Zaibatsu, restricted, subsidiary or connected company (in the case of Zaibatsu company, the classification of the direct affiliate, indirect affiliate or associate company will also be given.)

      ZAIBATSU ~~AND~~ DIRECT AFFILIATE

   c. Position.

      DIRECTOR (IN OFFICE)

   d. Scheduled date of assumption of the position.

      —

8. All other positions snd professions which you hold now.

   —

9. Family relationship with the persons designated as Zaibatsu.
   a. Existence or not of the relationship and its details, if any. (includiug relationship with the Zaibatsu family members.)

      NONE

   b. Whether or not you were on the same family register with the designated persons on the day of their designation.

      NONE

七、職業の履歴

註一、本欄の會社團體とは財閥會社に限らずあらゆる會社團體を含むものとし、團體中特に組合、協會、協議會等の經濟團體については詳細に記入すること

註二、職務內容に關し本人の地位から當然豫想せられる職務を事實上擔當していなかつた場合には本人が實際に擔當していた職務內容及び本人に代わり當該地位の管轄たるべき職務を事實上擔當していた者の氏名を記入すること

註三、本人が役員として又は役員の待遇の地位にて勤務した會社が財閥會社たる場合には、左の事項を附記すること

(1) 本人の役員としての就任及び退任の時における當該會社の株式の一割以上の所有者の氏名及び持株率

(2) 本人が勤務した期間における他の役員の氏名、地位及び就任退任年月日

就職及び退職日附	會社團體等の名稱	地位（職員たる場合を含む）	職務內容（詳細に）	會社團體等の及び所在地 事業內容
大五、七、一五 昭四、九、一	三井鑛山（株）	入社	會所技術職員ノ長	鑛山業
〃 一三、八、一	合社	三池染料工業所		鹽素
〃 一六、五、一	合社解體 三井化學工業（株）	三池染料工業所 有機第三課長	會所有機第三課ノ事務管掌	化學工業品ノ製造販賣
〃 仝	合社	入社 本店化學部 有機第二課長	有機第二課ノ事務管掌 兼ニ無機課ノ事務管掌 仝社仝西部ノ事務管掌 特ニ命ゼラレタル用務ノ事務管理 （實質上ニ待遇）	中支迄販賣
〃 一九、一、二七	合社	取締役		
〃 二〇、八、一五	合社	仝		
〃 二〇、一二、一 現在	合社	仝社專務取締役		

昭二一、四、一／現在	三井化學工業(株)	庶務部長	社長
〃二二、五、一／現在	〃 社	不動産調査部長	常務取締役
〃二六、七、二〇／現在	化成品懇話会	第二部会長	〃

註三

(1) 昭和二〇年十二月一日現在三井化學工業(株)株式ノ一割以上ノ所有者ノ氏名及持株率

三井鉱山(株) 三九、五%　三井本社 一九、八%　三井高公外十名共有 一九、八%

(2) 昭和二〇年十二月一日以降現在迄ノ三井化學工業(株)ノ役員ノ氏名及就任年月日

(別紙)

林 俊雄	社長	昭二〇、一二、一	二二、四、九
西 芳蔵	常務取締役	二〇、一二、一	二二、四、九
明石壽夫	〃	二〇、一二、一	現在
三浦堂行德	取締役	一六、四、三〇	二二、四、九
田代壽雄	〃	一六、四、三〇	二一、六、三〇
橋本幸造	〃	二〇、一二、一	二一、六、二〇
今井富之助	〃	二〇、一二、一	二二、四、九

常務取締役 二二、四、九 十 現在

(2) 昭和二〇年十二月一日以降現在迄ノ三井化學工業(株)ノ役員ノ氏名及就退任年月日

(別紙)

林 俊雄	社長	昭二〇、一二、一	二二、四、九	現在
西 芳蔵	常務取締役	二〇、一二、一	二二、四、九	現在
明石壽夫	仝	二〇、一二、一	二二、四、九	現在
三浦堂行德	取締役	一六、四、三〇	二二、四、九	現在
田代壽雄	仝	一六、四、三〇	二一、六、二〇	現在
橋本幸造	仝	二〇、一二、一	二一、六、二〇	現在
今井富三助	仝	二〇、一二、一	二二、四、九	現在
柴田勝郎	仝	一八、六、一八	二一、六、二〇	現在
山本勇助	監査役	二〇、一二、一	二一、六、二〇	現在
岡本 勲	仝	二〇、一二、一	二一、一二、二〇	現在
大坪昌治	常任監査役	二一、一二、三〇	二二、四、九	現在
榎本好文	取締役	二一、六、二〇	二二、四、九	現在
細田 豊	仝	二二、四、九		現在
吉河 清	仝	二二、四、九		現在
岡田迪一郎	仝	二二、四、九		現在
安田三郎	仝	二二、四、九		現在
宮崎基一	仝	二二、四、九		現在
平山 威	仝	二二、四、九		現在
浅井信通	仝	二二、四、九		現在
富安庸夫	常任監査役	二二、四、九		現在
吉岡 進	監査役	二二、四、九		現在
	常務取締役	二二、四、九		現在
	社長	二二、四、二〇		現在

10. Chronological record of profession and employment.

Note 1: "Organization or company" mentioned in this column include any organization or company other than Zaibatsu company. With reference to organizations, relationship with economic organizations such as union, association or conference etc. will particularly be given in detail.

Note 2: In case you did not, in fact, handle duties for which you have been authorized, duties and powers which you actually handled and name of the person who dealt with duties originally authorized for you will be given.

Note 3: With reference to the Zaibatsu company where you served as official or as a person accorded with the status of official, the following entries are additionally required.

a. Name and stock-holding percentage of stock-holders owning 10 per cent or more of the total stock of the company at the time of your assumption of office and retirement.

b. Name, position and dates of appointment and retirement of other officials of the company during the period when you served.

Dates of employment and retirement.	Name of company or organization where you served.	Status of the position (including position as ordinary personnel.)	Duties and powers (in detail).	Substance of business of organization or company where you served and its location.

Dates of employment and retirement	Name of company or organization where you served.	Status of the position (including position as ordinary personnel.)	Duties and powers (in detail)	Substance of business of organization or company where you served and its location
JUL. 15, ~~1914~~ 1916	MITSUI KOZAN K.K.	ENTERED.		MINING AND OTHER BUSINESS RELATING THERETO. CHUO-KU, TOKYO.
SEPT. 1, 1929	DITTO.	CHIEF ASSISTANT TECHNICIAN, MIIKE DYESTUFF WORKS.	CHIEF OF ENGINEERING EMPLOYES OF THE WORKS.	
AUG. 1, 1937	DITTO.	CHIEF OF NO. 2 ORGANIC CHEMICAL SECT., DITTO.	IN CHARGE OF THE SECT.'S ADMINISTRATION.	
MAY 1, ~~1946~~ 1941	LEFT SAME. MITSUI KAGAKU KOGYO K.K.	ENTERED.		MANUFACTURE & SALE OF CHEMICALS. CHUO-KU, TOKYO.
MAY 1, ~~1946~~ 1941	DITTO.	CHIEF OF NO. 1 ORGANIC CHEMICAL SECT., AND OF ~~NON-ORGANIC~~ IN CHEMICAL SECT., CONCURRENTLY, CHEMICAL DEPT. OF HEAD OFFICE.	IN CHARGE OF THE TWO SECTIONS' ADMINISTRATION.	
JAN. 27, 1944	DITTO.	CHIEF OF PLANNING DEPT. OF HEAD OFFICE.	IN CHARGE OF ADMINISTRATION OF PLANNING BUSINESS.	
AUG. 15, 1945	DITTO.	ASSIGNED TO THE SPECIAL BUSINESS ROOM. (IN ESSENCE, AWAITING A NEW OFFICE.)	IN CHARGE OF BUSINESS SPECIALLY INDICATED.	
DEC. 1, 1945 TO DATE	DITTO.	DIRECTOR	ADMINISTRATION OF COMPANY'S BUSINESS	
APR. 1, 1946 TO DATE	DITTO.	CHIEF OF LIAISON DEPT. OF HEAD OFFICE.	IN CHARGE OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE DEPT.	

MAY 1, ~~1946~~ 1947- TO DATE	DITTO.	CHIEF OF INVESTIGATION DEPT. OF HEAD OFFICE.	IN CHARGE OF ADMINISTRATION OF THE DEPT.
JUL. 16, 1947- TO DATE	KASEIHIN KONWA KAI (CONVERSE ON CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS ASSOCIATION).	CHIEF OF NO. 1 GROUP.	

NOTE 3: (1) NAME AND STOCKHOLDING PERCENTAGE OF STOCKHOLDERS OWNING 10 PER CENT OR MORE OF THE TOTAL STOCK OF THE COMPANY, AS OF DEC. 1, 1945.

MITSUI KOZAN K.K.	39.5 %
MITSUI HONSHA	19.8 %
JOINT HOLD BY TAKAKIMI MITSUI AND OTHER 10 PERSONS	19.8 %

(2) NAME, POSITION AND DATES OF APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF OTHER OFFICIALS OF THE COMPANY DURING THE PERIOD FROM DEC. 1, 1945 UP TO THE PRESENT.

NAME	POSITION AND DATES OF APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT		
TOSHIKA HAYASHI	PRESIDENT	DEC. 1, 45 - APR. 9, 47	
YOSHIZO NISHI	MANAGING DIREC.	DEC. 1, 45 - APR. 9, 47	
TOSHIO AKASHI	" "	DEC. 1, 45 - TO DATE	
YUKINORI NIKAIDO	DIRECTOR	APR. 30,41 - APR. 9, 47	MANAGING DIREC. APR.9,47-TO DATE
HISAO TASHIRO	"	APR. 30,41 - JUN. 20, 46	
KOZO HASHIMOTO	"	DEC. 1, 45 - JUN. 20, 46	
TOMINOSUKE IMAI	"	DEC. 1, 45 - APR. 9, 47	
KATSUTARO SHIBATA	"	JUN. 18, 43 -JUN. 20, 46	
YUSUKE YAMAMOTO	AUDITOR	DEC. 1, 45 - JUN. 20, 46	

ISAO OKAMOTO	AUDITOR	DEC. 1, 45 - DEC. 20, 46
SHOJI OTSUBO	STANDING AUDITOR	DEC. 24,46 - APR. 9, 47
" "	MANAGING DIREC.	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
YOSHIFUMI ENOMOTO	DIRECTOR	JUN. 20,46- APR. 9, 47
" "	PRESIDENT	APR. 20,47 - TO DATE
YUTAKA HOSODA	DIRECTOR	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
KIYOSHI YOSHIKAWA	"	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
SOICHIRO OKADA	"	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
SABURO YASUDA	"	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
KIICHI MIYAZAKI	"	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
TAKESHI HIRAYAMA	"	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
NOBUMICHI ASAI	"	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
TSUNEO TOMIYASU	STANDING AUDITOR	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE
SUSUMU YOSHIOKA	AUDITOR	APR. 9, 47 - TO DATE

第五頁

十一、本人の役員就任當時その勤務した財閥會社と財閥又は財閥直系會社との間に役員としての就任についての事前承認を必要とする旨の取極の有無

(一) 明文の取極の有無

無

(二) 本人の役員としての就任の事情の詳細、特にその就任につき財閥又は財閥直系會社が關與した事實の有無

就任事情ハ「財閥関係役員デナイコトノ承認申請書」ニ記載シタ通リニテ私ノ就任ニ付三井本社ガ関與シタ事實ハ全ク無シ

11. At the time of your assnmption of office as official, whether or not the arrangement that the previous approval be obtained from the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate regarding assumption of the position of official existed between the Zaibatsu company where you served and the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliates.

a. Whether or not the arrangemeut existed in writing.

NONE

b. Details of circumstances under whicn you assumed the position of official; particularly whether or not the Zaibatsu or the direct Zaibatsu affiliate was concerned in approving your assumption of office.

AS GIVEN IN FULL DETAIL IN THE "APPLICATION FOR RECOGNITION OF NOT BEING AN OFFICER RELATIVE TO ZAIBATSU," MITSUI HONSHA DID NOT CONCERN IN MY ASSUMPTION OF OFFICE AT ALL.

第六頁

十二、本調査書作成年月日

昭和二三年二月一日

「この調査表の記載は眞實であり且つ完全であることを確言する、又私はこの調査表の重要な事項について虚僞又は事實をかくした記載があるときは財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられることを諒承してをる旨申し添える」

署名　曾我金吾

12. Date

FEBRUARY 2, 1948.

13. I hereby certify that entries made in this questionnaire are true and complete. I further add that I understand that entries false or lacking full and cemplete disclosure on relevant or material matters in this questiornaire will subject me to penaly in accordance with the provisions of Article 31 of the Law for Termination of the Zaibatsu Family Control.

Signa ture

Kingo Doga.

February 1, 1948

APPROVED May 11 1948
承　認　昭和23年5月11日

Misao Ueda

To : Mr. Tetsu Katayama
Prime Minister

From: Kingo Soga

Present title: Director
Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo K.K.

Present address: Mitsui Kagaku Dormitory
No.40, Wakamiya-machi, Shinjiku-ku,
Tokyo-To.

Sir:

I wish to hereby submit this application in accordance with item 1, Article 6, of the Law for termination of the Zaibatsu family control, with a view to obtaining your approval on "not applicable to officers relative to Zaibatsu" for the following reasons, although I had been appointed on December 1, 1945, as director of the Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo K.K., who is a direct affiliate of Zaibatsu as stipulated in the Law for termination of the Zaibatsu family control.

1. Reason concerning Article 6.

(a) (The circumstances under which I was appointed as a director and the actual status of executing business.)

After the termination of the war, an order for dissolution of Zaibatsu was issued and, consequently, in order to withdraw from Zaibatsu a movement started to accelerate the democratization of the management of the company by eliminating decidedly all those officers concerned with Zaibatsu. Accordingly, those officers who were taking the management of the company during the war, expressed their desire of retiring from their positions and at the same time, under the date of Nov. 7, 1945, the Mitsui Honsha surrendered their intervention right over personnels of their related companies. Consequently, it was decided to elect new officers through recommendation of the Employees Association.

Just at that time, I was holding a more or less a leisurely postion in the special business room and I had prequent interviews with representatives of the Employee's Association who asked me to take up the position of a new officer on the strength that

-over-

I was a right person for taking charge of the management of the company, since I had been with Mitsui Dyestuff & Chemical Works for more than twenty-years and with the Head Office office of Mitsui in the neighborhood of ten years. Furthermore, prior to the general meeting I was told by the surroundings that by the full support and recommendation from the part of the Employee's Association, I should accept the postion regardless of my own convenience. Thus, I was elected as a director at the general meeting of reformation which was held on December 1st. The appointment of myself as a director has naturally no connection whatever with the persons concerned with the Zaibatsu. This question can easily be dissolved from the attached testimonial.

As mentioned above, it was because myself being a senior amongst the staffs, having had a business experience forlong years, that I was recommended as a right person to be included in the operators of the company. As to the business position, I might say that I am only taking a part of the business of the liaison dept. and also investigation dept. in the capacity of Chief of the Dept. and that my position as an officer was merely an honorary one.

Under these circumstances and reviewing the actual status of executing business, I believe that it is not quite fair to treat me as a officer relative to Zaibatsu.

2. Reason concerning Article 7.

(a) I do not fall under any of the following parties:-

A person belongs to Zaibatsu; or theabove person's consort in the same census; or parents, brothers and sisters, and or consort of these persons.

(b) There exists no arrangement between Mitsui Honsha and Mitsui Kagaku, by which it is necessitated to obtain an approval of Mitsui Zaibatsu in order to be appointed as a director of Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo K.K. Furthermore, since the circumsyances, under which I was appointed as a director, are as mentioned above, I have never obtained any approval of Mitsui Zaibatsu as to my appointment.

cont'd.

(c) As mentioned in the attached personal investigation sheet ad personal history, I have never held concurrently more than four positions of officers of Mitsui Zaibatsu affiliated companies.

Attached Paper:-

a. 1-Report of Mitsui Honsha dated Nov. 8th, 1945.

b. 1-Decision of general meeting of employees of the Head Office of Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo K.K. dated Nov. 23, 1945.

c. 1-Testimonial of Mitsui Honsha dated Feb.1, 1948.

Decision at the General Meeting of the Employees of Head Office of Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo K.K.

With the impending dissolution of Zaibatsu, it is imperative for the company to root out all traditional evils of feudalism, thereby to have the general will of employees freely reflected in the management and, at the same time, to secure the livelihood of the employees in order to cope with the present aggravated situation.

While it is up to the officials of the company to assume the responsibility for their past management, all the employees should exert their utmost efforts upon the reconstruction of the company with humble reflection upon themselves. In view of the above, all the officials of the head office have recently tendered a collective resignation. However, it is still necessary to have the purport of our present movement thoroughly understood among the company, thereby to bing about the complete reformation of the company.

Now, we are making it our duty to realize a sound and clear management of the company, basing upon all employees' sincere will of self-support and self-consciousness, thus trying to contribute to the recovery of peace industry of new Japan. With such purpose in view, we have established the following slogans which we are keenly desirous to realize earliest possible.

Slogan: 1- General will of the employees should be reflected in the management.
Establishment of the employees association on a self-support basis.
2- Stabilization of the employees' livelihood.
Establishment of the consumption association on a self-support basis.

CERTIFICATE

February 1, 1948.

It was the custom with this company to let the chief of the Archives Department of this company attend the general meetings of shareholders of the companies directly affiliated to this company, bearing blank powers of attorney. To the general meeting of the Mitsui Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., (Mitsui Kagaku Kogyo Kabushiki Kaisha), held on December 1, 1945, however, we did not despatch any person, abondoning our old custom, as the same company had sent us the notification strictly demanding us to refrain from letting persons connected with us attend the meeting. The attendance of persons representing the interest of the Mitsui Head Office (Mitsui Honsha), the dissolution of which had already been declared on November 8, was not advisable in view of the fact that all persons holding responsibility for the management representing the interest of Mitsui family have resigned their posts and the company was making a restart with the appointment of officials elected in accordance with the opinion of the members' union. We considered this demand as reasonable, and furthermore we were not exercising the controlling function on the affiliated companies since the middle of October. We have, therefore, complied with their request.

We certify that, under these circumstances, we were neither asked before or after the fact to approve the election of Mr. Kingo Soga to the director of the said company on the above mentioned day nor were we granted the opportunity to express our will on that point.

Jun Taguchi, Liquidator

The Mitsui Head Office
(Kabushiki Kaisha Mitsui Honsha)

APPROVED May 11 1948
承　認　昭和23年5月11日

受 23.2.5. 付

NAME Sugaya Takayoshi

Misao Ueda

No. 233

Name of Company The Yamaichi Coal Mining Co., Ltd.

個人調査書

（記載上の一般的注意）

一、本調査書は、三通提出しなければならない。

二、調査書は、日本文及び英文で記入する。その場合、英文記載事項は對應頁の日本文に照應するものとする。日英兩文間に相違がある場合は、英文によるものとする。

三、記載事項は、楷書（英文の場合は大文字活字體）で明瞭に記入しなければならない。

四、各記載事項は、空白のまゝにしないよう正確に且つ良心的に記入しなければならない。

五、各記載事項中該當事項のない場合は「該當しない」又は「該當事項なし」等の文句を用いて記入しなければならない。

六、記載すべき空欄に充分の餘白がない場合は、補助紙を用い、「補助紙に續く」等の字句を記入して、いずれの記載欄の補助紙として用いたかを明かにしなければならない。

七、この調査表の重要な事項について虚僞の記載をし又は事實をかくした記載をした者は、財閥同族支配力排除法第三十一條の規定により處罰せられる。

山一産業株式會社　第　號

氏名　菅谷隆良

第一頁

個人調査書

一、姓名（振假名をつけること）　菅谷隆良（スガヤ タカヨシ）

二、從來使用し又は一般に通用している他の名稱（通稱、筆名等）　該當事項ナシ

三、生年月日（年齡數え年）　明治十五年十一月九日（六十七才）

四、出生地（都道府縣）　埼玉縣

五、現住所（略記しないこと）及び電話番號　茨城縣多賀郡高萩町大字高萩一五七二番地　電話高萩四番

六、本籍地（略記しないこと）　東京都文京区駒込東片町一三五番地

Questionnaire

1. Name (in full).

Sugaya Takayoshi

2. Other names which you have used or by which you have been known. (alias or penname).

- None -

3. Date of birtn (age).

November 9th, 1882 (69)

4. Place of birth (prefecture).

Saitama-ken

5. Present address (in full) and telephone number.

1572, Oaza Takahagi, Takahagi-machi, Taga-gun, Ibaragi-ken.

Tel. ..... Takahagi 4

6. Permanent address (in full).

135, Higashi-Kata-machi, Komagome, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo.

七、現に保有し又は就こうとする財閥、制限、從屬又は關係會社における役員としての地位

(一) 會社の名稱及び財閥系統（昭和二十年九月二日以降稱號變更があつた場合は舊稱號を含む）

山一炭礦株式會社（古河系）

(二) 財閥會社、制限會社、從屬會社又は關係會社の區分（財閥會社の場合には更に直系、準直系又は傍系の區分）

制限會社

(三) 地位

代表取締役社長

(四) 就任の豫定日

昭和二十年四月二十日

八、前項の他本人の保有するすべての身分及び職業

東部石炭鉱業會理事（常磐炭田各地区代表炭礦上部執行）

九、財閥としての指定者との親族關係

(一) 關係の有無及び有りとすればその詳細（財閥同籍者との親族關係を含む。）

該當事項ふし

(二) 指定者か指定された日において指定者と同一戸籍内にあつたことの有無

該當事項ふし

7. Position of official in company which you hold or for which you are under consideration.
   a. Name of company and the lineage of Zaibatsu where the company belongs. (In case name of the company has been changed after 2 September 1945 the former name will also be given.)

      Yamaichi Coal Mining Co., Ltd. (Yamaichi Tanko K. K.)

      Under Furukawa Zaibatsu.

   b. Classification of Zaibatsu, restricted, subsidiary or connected company (in the case of Zaibatsu company, the classification of the direct affiliate, indirect affiliate or associate company will also be given.)

      Restricted Concerns.

   c. Position.

      President, representative director. (present position)

   d. Scheduled date of assumption of the position.

      April 30th, 1945

8. All other positions snd professions which you hold now.

   Director, the Eastern Colliery Association.

   (Representing all the districts of Joban Coal Mines)

9. Family relationship with the persons designated as Zaibatsu.
   a. Existence or not of the relationship and its details, if any. (including relationship with the Zaibatsu family members.)

      - none -

   b. Whether or not you were on the same family register with the designated persons on the day of their designation.

      - none -

七、職業の履歴

註一、本欄の會社團體とは財閥會社に限らずあらゆる會社團體を含むものとし、團體中特に組合、協會、協議會等の經濟團體については詳細に記入すること

註二、職務內容に關し本人の地位から當然豫想せられる職務を事實上擔當していなかつた場合には本人が實際に擔當していた職務內容及び本人に代わり當該地位の管轄たるべき職務を事實上擔當していた者の氏名を記入すること

註三、本人が役員として又は役員の待遇の地位にて勤務した會社が財閥會社たる場合には、左の事項を附記すること

(1)本人の役員としての就任及び退任の時における當該會社の株式の一割以上の所有者の氏名及び持株率

(2)本人が勤務した期間における他の役員の氏名、地位及び就任退任年月日

就職及び退職日附	會社團體等の名稱	地位（職員たる場合を含む）	職務內容（詳細に）	會社團體等の事業內容及び所在地
明治四三、七、一六 大五、六、一 大、六、四、二三 大、九、八、七 大、一〇、八、二 大一〇、一二、一 昭一〇、四、一 昭一二、四、三〇 昭一三、五、一	古河鑛業會社 古河合名會社 〃 古河商事株式會社 〃 古河機業株式會社 古河鑛業合名會社 古河石炭鑛業株式會社 古河鑛業合名會社 古河石炭鑛業株式會社	門司販賣店若松出張所 門司支店若松出張所主任 若松出張所長 門司支店若松出張所主任 本店營業部第二課所屬 本店營業課長 取締役 本店營業課員 取締役 若松支店長	石炭ノ受拂現場事務補助 石炭ノ帝國各地ヘ輸送事務 石炭ノ受拂現場事務ノ監督 右仝 石炭ノ販賣事務 右仝 石炭並ニ金屬ノ販賣及調査事務ノ主任 本店在任ノ日ノミニ付記載ヲ省ク 右仝 （後ニ本店勤務ニ在任ノ際ハ本店勤務ニ就テハ本店勤務ニ就テハ支店ヲ除ク外ハ支店ニ於ケル石炭販賣ノ監督）	鑛業並ニ神鋼ノコトク人造造（所在地 東京都丸內） 右仝（所在地 右仝） 鑛物、金屬、金屬加工品、雜貨等ノ輸出販賣並ニ之ニ關スル代理業及運送業（所在地 右仝） 鑛業及鑛業ニ關スル事業（所在地 右仝） 鑛業及鑛業ニ關スル事業、不動產及有価証券ノ所有（所在地 右仝） 石炭鑛業ニ關スル事業（所在地 右仝）

昭一四、六、二	古河石炭鉱業株式会社	監査役 若松支店長	右仝 右仝	鉱業及煉炭業、不動産及有価証券ノ取得並ニ其ノ利用其他前二号ニ関連スル事業（所在地 右仝）
昭一六、二、三	古河鉱業株式会社	監査役 若松支店長	右仝（日本石炭株式会社ヨリ委託セラレ古河直営炭鉱産出炭ノ受払業務ノ監督）	
昭一六、五、二三	〃	取締役 若松支店長	右仝 右仝	
昭一八、二、一		取締役 若松支店長辞職	日本石炭株式会社ニ於テ直轄炭鉱受払ヲ行フコトヽナリタル為メ支店閉鎖事務ニ專念ス	
昭和一九、三、六	〃	取締役辞任		
自昭二〇、四、二〇	山一炭鉱株式会社	社長	会社経営主脳者トシテ業務ヲ統括	石炭ノ採掘及之ニ附帯スル事業（所在地 福岡県 京都郡）
至現在	〃	〃		
自昭一三、五、二九 至昭一九、五、三〇	大正鉱業株式会社	取締役	各自丈ノ役員トシテ何等経営ニ参加セズ	仝右（所在地 福岡県 中間町）
自昭一三、四、一 至昭一八、九、三〇	若松石炭商同業組合	協議員	同業者代表トシテ定時臨時ノ協議会ニ参加協議	組合員ノ親睦ト発展ヲ目的トス（所在地 福岡県 若松市）
自昭二二、十一、一 至昭三三、十、三〇	常磐石炭株式会社	監査役	各地区炭鉱ノ代表トシテ其目的ノ役員ヲ兼ネタルモ何等権限ナシ	構成員炭鉱ノ資金ノ借入、斡旋、炭代ノ取受代理其他之ニ附帯スル事業（福島県 平市）
自昭二〇、一〇、一 至現在	常磐石炭鉱業会	理事	各地区ノ炭鉱代表トシテ会員営業ニ関シ協議	会員ノ融和親睦及向上、技術ノ向上、労務者ノ福利増進、炭鉱災害補償等（福島県 平市）

以上

10. Chronological record of profession and employment.

Note 1: "Organization or company" mentioned in this column include any organization or company other than Zaibatsu company. With reference to organizations, relationship with economic organizations such as union, association or conference etc. will particularly be given in detail.

Note 2: In case you did not, in fact, handle duties for which you have been authorized, duties and powers which you actually handled and name of the person who dealt with duties originally authorized for you will be given.

Note 3: With reference to the Zaibatsu company where you served as official or as a person accorded with the status of official, the following entries are additionally required.

a. Name and stock-holding percentage of stock-holders owning 10 per cent or more of the total stock of the company at the time of your assumption of office and retirement.

b. Name, position and dates of appointment and retirement of other officials of the company during the period when you served.

A	B	C	D	E
Dates of employment and retirement.	Name of company or organization where you served.	Status of the position (including position as ordinary personnel.)	Duties and powers (in detail).	Substance of business of organization or company where you served and its location.

一、本人の役員としての就任及び退任時に於ける當該會社の株式一割以上の所有者の氏名及持株率

◎古河石炭鑛業株式会社

就任時（昭和十二年四月三十日）　古河合名会社　九七％

退任時（昭和十六年二月三日）　古河從純　九八％

◎古河鑛業株式会社

就任時（昭和十六年二月三日）　古河從純　九八％

退任時（昭和十九年三月六日）　古河從純　六五％

（他には一割以上の所有者なし）

◎大正鑛業株式會社

就任時（昭和十二年五月二十九日）　古河合名会社　五〇％

退任時（昭和十九年五月三十日）　伊藤傳右卫門　五〇％

古河鑛業株式会社　五〇％

伊藤合名会社　五〇％

二、在任當時の役員氏名

◎古河石炭鑛業株式会社

氏名	地位	就任年月日	退任年月日
古河虎之助	社長	昭八、三、一	昭一五、三、三〇
古河從純	副社長	昭八、三、一	昭一五、三、三〇
〃	社長	昭一五、三、三〇	昭一六、二、三
吉村萬治郎	取締役	昭八、三、一	昭一六、二、三
佐々木敏綱	代表取締役	昭八、三、一	昭一四、五、二九
坂本修作	取締役	昭一四、六、二三	昭一六、二、三
平澤千萬人	取締役	昭一〇、三、二九	昭一六、二、三
末次猛	取締役	昭一〇、三、二九	昭一六、二、三
西條峯三郎	監査役	昭八、三、一	昭一六、二、三

〃	吉村萬治郎	社長	昭一五、三、三〇
〃	佐々木敏綱	取締役	昭一六、三、一
〃	坂本修作	代表取締役	昭一六、三、一
〃	平澤千萬人	取締役	昭一四、六、二三
〃	末次猛	取締役	昭一〇、三、二九
〃	西條峯三郎	監査役	昭一〇、三、二九
〃	小島庸一	取締役	昭一四、六、二三
〃	佐竹房夫	監査役	昭一二、六、二三
〃	下野十朗	取締役	昭一四、六、二三
〃	岡田完二郎	監査役	昭一〇、三、二九

◎古河鑛業株式会社

〃	古河從純	社長	昭一六、二、三
〃	吉村萬治郎	副社長	昭一六、二、三
〃	中川末吉	取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃	松葉谷良太郎	相談役	昭一六、二、三
〃	坂本修作	監査役	昭一六、二、三
〃	平澤千萬人	取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃	末次猛	取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃	小島庸一	取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃	下野十朗	取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃	岡田完二郎	監査役	昭一六、二、三
〃	上島清藏	取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃	森下龍一郎	常務取締役	昭一九、二、八
〃	斎藤政	取締役	昭一九、二、八
〃	木村利吉	取締役	昭一七、二、八
〃	杉本五十鈴	監査役	昭一八、五、二七
〃		取締役	昭一八、五、二七
〃		取締役	昭一八、一一、二七
〃		取締役	昭一六、五、二一
〃		取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃		取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃		取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃		取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃		取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃		取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃		取締役	昭一六、二、三
〃		取締役	昭一九、二、八
〃		取締役	昭一九、一〇、二
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一、一二
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一、一二
〃		取締役	昭二〇、五、二七
〃		取締役	昭二〇、五、二六
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一一、五
〃		取締役	昭一九、二、六
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一一、一六
〃		取締役	昭一八、一一、二三
〃		取締役	昭一六、五、二一
〃		取締役	昭一九、二、八
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一〇、一二
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一一、二九
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一一、三〇
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一〇、一二
〃		取締役	昭二〇、一〇、一六
〃		取締役	昭一八、一一、二七

◎大正鑛業株式會社

氏名	地位	就任年月日	退任年月日
伊藤傳右衛門	社長	大三、五、二八	昭二、一二、一五
佐藤龜	專務取締役	昭一、四、三〇	昭二〇、一一、一七
伊藤八郎	取締役	昭七、五、二八	昭二二、一、一四
末次猛	取締役	昭一〇、五、二九	昭一九、五、三〇
児玉勝	取締役	昭一六、五、三	現在
伊藤金次	取締役	大三、五、二八	昭一四、六、一八
森下龍一郎	取締役	昭一七、一一、三〇	昭二〇、一一、一七
日高兵吉	取締役	昭一七、一二、三〇	現在
伊藤秀三郎	監査役	大三、五、二八	昭一三、一一、一四
岡田完二郎	監査役	昭六、一一、二四	昭二〇、一一、一七
東友市	監査役	昭一三、八、一二	昭一七、一二、三〇
堀井勝吉	監査役	昭一七、一一、三〇	昭二二、一、一四

十一、本人の役員就任當時その勤務した財閥會社と財閥又は財閥直系會社との間に役員としての就任についての事前承認を必要とする旨の取極の有無

（一）明文の取極の有無

(1) 古河鉱業株式會社（財閥直系會社）……慣例で命ぜられて居る。

(2) 大正鉱業株式會社（財閥傍系會社）……古河、伊藤家との間の契約書に関する簡単な規定あり。

（二）本人の役員としての就任の事情の詳細、特にその就任につき財閥又は財閥直系會社が關與した事實の有無

(1) 私が昭和十二年四月古河合名會社の直系古河石炭鉱業株式會社の役員に就任しましたのは従来古河では古参社員を優遇する一つの方法として役員の列に加へる事が慣例となって居ますから時偶々役員中に欠員生じ当時の最古参の私がこの補充に使はれた丈であって特に私を財閥役員として枢機に参劃せしむる意図でなかった事は就任と同時に本店を退はれ九州に居る松本常務の指揮微弱な炭坑の職を命ぜられた事が此の間の事情を証明致します。次に同十六年二月古河石炭鉱業と古河合名會社とが合体し新たに古河鉱業株式會社が設立され引続き役員の職を兼ねましたのは古河石炭鉱業の役員がその侵新會社に引継がれたに過ぎません。

(2) 私が古河石炭鉱業及古河鉱業の（昭和十三年五月より同十九年五月の）岩松支店長の職に在った期間大正鉱業株式會社の就任役を兼ねましたのは従来大正鉱業の所長と岩松支店長とが古河系の役員の応理めとして用ひられる慣例上兼ねたに過ぎません。

大正鉱業は古河と同社の事務取扱者が派遣されてゐました。

実際は伊藤家にあって此の事務は全くの「ボツト」で終始して居り役員として平取締役

実質的の役員ではありました。