

- 23 - Luck had will be tough. I had no idea how I could live because it will be under a nation which I don't know much. If Japan should win there will be lots of good prospect but if Japan loses I had nothing to look forward for. Did he hear about any?
- 24 - (a) - I did not see any leaflets at
(b) all. I don't know.
- 25 - I did not hear any Radio broadcast.
- 26 - I felt that there won't be any bombing in my home town.
- 27 - I never thought of any bombing on Japan
- 28 - The responsibility lies on Japan for the American bombing. Why?
~~the~~ The spirit of the Japanese people was not there at all. (Fighting Spirit)
- 29 - During the war I thought that the Americans were cruel.
- 30 - There were lots about the bombing that was in correct why? Because the

- the news compared now & during
there is all together different. ^{But} ^{how did he feel then!} ^{time!} ^{see} ^{of.}
- 31 - Yes, I heard in advance that there
will be a bomb over Japan. I
did not believe it at all.
- 32 - I felt that Japan will lose ^{the} war
completely. Hate unknown.
- 33 - Our protection against air raid
was very poor. With the enormous
bombing we were unable to fight
back the flames of the incendiary
bomb. All ran away & hid in the
air raid shelter. There were ARP
but all ran away like others.
They all felt that it was no
possibility to fight & extinguish
the fire.
- 34 - This is a terrible bomb. I
hope U.S. won't drop it again
I had only 1 ~~of~~ bombing experience.
- 35 - I had only 1 ~~of~~ bombing experience.
- 36 - night bombing is worse than day.
- 37 - I had only incendiary bomb but
- 38 - Explosive could do more damage

39 - I became less excited as the bombing continued.

40 - The neighborhood association did a ~~very~~ ^{with scarcity of food supplies} good job. I mean all what they could afford to help.

41 - The help was very little.

See me - which answer is 41? which

is 42?

Group C
Evacuation Schedule

- 1- There were about 10 houses + 900 persons
- 2- I was really mad because I lost my home.
- 3- NO, I had no evacuees that stayed ^{with} _{me}.
- 4- _____ 2
- 5- All the people were very sympathetic & kind.

會見指定時日

日本人の戦時中の経歴談に関する會見に
來られる時には此のパスを左記の場所に
て指定時限に蓋出して下さい。

場所 マツヤデパート 三が
時日 昭和二十年十一月二十三日 午前一時

SL
RN 74

FACTUAL DATA

658

INTERVIEWER CHAS S YAMASE INT. NO. 5 DATE 11-24-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 7 R. NO. 116

SEX
 Male 9-1
 Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH... 1906 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?
 Yes 11-1
 No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS
 Single 12-1
 Married 12-2
 Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then
 Yes 13-1
 No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed... 8 yrs 14-

RELIGION
 Buddhist
 Sect. SHINGON SHU 15-
 Sect Shinto
 Sect. 16-
 Other

MILITARY SERVICE
 Yes 17-1
 No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR
 SHIP BUILDING 18-
IRON SMELTER (FOUNDRY)
 TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR
 SHIP BUILDING 19-
(FOUNDRY)
 OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941...
 SHIP BUILDING 20-

HOUSEHOLD
 Number of persons, 17 to 71 (other than R) in household in which R now lives
 2 21-

Is R now head of household?
 Yes 22-1
 No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head:
 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?
MOTHER
 Yes 24-1
 No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?
 Yes 25-1
 No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?
 Yes 26-1
 No 26-2

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DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged; lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING
Severity of loss:

- None 28-1
- Some 28-2
- Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?

- Yes 29-1
- No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household Members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes
- No 37-1

	PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE
1st.	37-2
2nd.	37-3
3rd.	37-4

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED?

..... 1 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives	39-
Incendiary	1	40-
			41-
			42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS?

..... 0 43-

PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED

- 1. none 44-
- 2. none 45-
- 3. ✓ 46-
- 4. ✓ 47-

RECORDED

- Yes 46-1
- No 46-2

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

INTERVIEWER CHAS S. YAMASE INT. NO. 5 DATE 11-24-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 116
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 2:00 PM TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 4:00 PM

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Richly dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
Average health	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Adequately dressed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poor health	<input type="checkbox"/>	Inadequately dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Very clean	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	(d) Other comments on appearance:	
Moderately clean	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Dirty	<input type="checkbox"/>		

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview:
 (Interviewer to check one)

- Seemed very much at ease throughout interview
- Occasional nervousness during interview
- Nervousness throughout interview
- So upset that interview was very difficult

Other important reactions at time of interview:

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

- 1- In general I am having a lot of trouble with my food problem. I have a large family my salary is too small to carry on a sub-factory living. Food shortage & many other daily necessities are so low & expensive that I'm in a tough spot at present. Rice is the main food that is worrying me the most.
2. It is far better now than during the war why? because the rationing ^{has} increased a little more compared to during the war. I could get more sweet potato now. The vegetables were low before & now I'm getting a little more.
- 3- My major ^{worry} were to have peace as soon as possible & that hoping to see my mother the rest of children I have enough to eat.
- 4- My work from the beginning of 1945 to the end of the war was ship building. My chief job was to build "transport ship." I used mostly iron in constructing the transport.

- 5- Lack of material has caused a great handicap in building ships during the war. I worked myself & I was not too strong at that time.
- 6- my working conditions affected me a lot because of lack of material. I work 12 hrs daily on my. I work over 10 hrs ~~about~~ ^{about} 5 days a week.
- 7- I get paid at the end of each month. 120 yen + no pay on days that I lay off. The factory has work every day but I lay off from work if I don't have enough food my lunch (meals). I laid off from work about 10 days of each month because of lack of food.
- 8- I have ^{off} only 1 day a year during my work.
- 9- With the aid of God I felt that Japan could win at the outbreak of the war.
- 10- I felt that Japan did not have enough ^{raw material for their war equipment} ~~to~~ lack of iron, coal, were the chief weakness for Japan's military machine.

- 11 - The war leaders did not conduct the war efficiently. Why? because the newspaper wrote about it & also because Japan lost the war. During the war I did not know much about it. I had ~~lot~~ lots of confidence during the war but now I feel I was fooled because the truth appears in the papers.
- 12 - I think life was tough during the war because the war leaders did not conduct it well. ^{Why?} I read so much about the ~~bad~~ ^{bad} things about the war leaders in the papers after the war.
- 13 - As the government changed I felt that the situation & condition for Japan ~~would get better~~ ^{were getting worse}. Why? because when the war problem gets tough who the cabinet to handle the cabinet changes often. It's really a bad sigh for a nation defeat.
- 14 - The attitude of people ^{& conduct} changed during the war. Why? People became

mad quicker than before.

15 - The people were all suffering alike during the war. Lack of everything is the main cause. Why? Rich people had money but no goods.

16 - Yes, I had doubts that Japan would win this war. Why?

My doubts were about March 1945. Because of terrific bombing on Japan.

17 - When Yokohama was bombed I felt that Japan had no chance of winning the war. It was about May 29, 1945.

18 - When Yokohama received ^{continuous} day & night bombing. I felt that daily that Japan should quit fighting. I worried a lot about how I can take my mother & children to a safe place.

19 - When Japan surrendered I ^{felt} was very nervous & hope they won't be any future wars.

20 - In regards to the policies of the occupational troops I felt happy because the newspaper state that we will become easier & the people of Japan will not have any food trouble in the future.

21 - My livelihood for me & my family
the next 2 or 3 years in Japan will
be tough if U.S. won't help. Even if
aided life will still be tough. I think
the Americans are good people but
I have no reasons because I actually
have no direct contact with any
G.I.'s up to now.

22 - I personally think that ^{Japan} should ^{try}
of every possible way to avoid war
& should study the way of contacting
peace for all countries.

22(a) - I would like to retain the emperor.
I was thought in school that the emperor
was responsible for the nation of Japan.
He is like our God that & our mother
& father.

23 - If Japan lost I feel that life
don't mean anything to me. I thought
I'll be killed by the Americans.

24 - I didn't find or read any
Propaganda leaflets. I heard from

other people. It was a group of
picture of our war leaders (Tojo + etc)
very few leaflets were drop near
my home.

25 - I did not hear any broadcast.
Japan was always winning the
war broadcast over the radio.

26 - I live in the mountain so I
never thought my home town
would ever be bombed.

27 - Japan is responsible for the
28 - bombing of Japan by the Americans.
because the war leaders were
fooling the people & did only what
they thought.

29 - The war leaders told us that
the American are savage like people.

30 - Newspapers & radio's announced that
the damage of Japan cities were
slight.

31 - I did not hear about the bombing
announcement.

- 32 - I did not see any planes over Japan before the big air raid over Japan.
- 33 - Our protection against air raid was no good. It did not serve well because of poor construction.
- 34 - It's a terrific bomb? I don't know much about this atomic bomb.
- 35 - I personally had ~~one~~ ^{one} bombing experience at the ship building yard. It was ~~to~~ a direct hit. I ran as fast as I could into the air raid shelter. The raid shelter was built near the ship yard. It takes 5 min to run into the shelter.
- 36 -
- 37 - The night bombing was worse.
- 38 - I don't know about ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~experience~~ ^{experience} ~~of~~ incendiary.
- 39 - I was there & more afraid ^{afraid} as the raids continued.
- 40 - The people who lived about 1 Chō away ~~from~~ ^{from} my home lost ~~&~~ [&] nearly all the belongings.

The people received a few help
I dont know much because my home
was not burned at all.

41- The people had just a minor
help. I dont ^{know} about it.

Group C Evacuation Schedule

- 1- There were about 50 people that stayed in my area (Yokohama Shi Minami) (Yurta cho.)
- 2- I felt it was foolish to be in battle
- 3- I had 2 evacuees living in my home.
- 4- I got along fine with my evacuees.
- 5- All the people were good & kind.

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

659

INTERVIEWER CHAS. S. YAMASE INT. NO. 6 DATE 11-25-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 40
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 9:00 AM TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 11:30 AM

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	(b) Richly dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
Average health	<input type="checkbox"/>	Adequately dressed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poor health	<input type="checkbox"/>	Inadequately dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Very clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Other comments on appearance:	
Moderately clean	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Dirty	<input type="checkbox"/>		

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview: (Interviewer to check one)

Seemed very much at ease throughout interview	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Occasional nervousness during interview	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nervousness throughout interview	<input type="checkbox"/>
So upset that interview was very difficult	<input type="checkbox"/>

Other important reactions at time of interview:

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

FACTUAL DATA

INTERVIEWER CHAS S. YAMASE INT. NO. 6 DATE 11-25-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 40

SEX
 Male 9-1
 Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH... 1913 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?
 Yes 11-1
 No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS
 Single 12-1
 Married 12-2
 Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then
 Yes 13-1
 No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed... 8 yrs 14-

RELIGION
 Buddhist
 Sect. SHINGON SHU 15-
 Sect Shinto
 Sect. 16-
 Other

MILITARY SERVICE
 Yes 17-1
 No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR
 ... COOK + NURSING 18-

TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR
 ... COOK + NURSING 19-

OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941
 ... COOK + NURSING 20-

HOUSEHOLD
 Number of persons, 17 to 71 (other than R) in household in which R now lives 3 21-

Is R now head of household?
 Yes 22-1
 No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head: 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?
 Yes 24-1
 No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?
 Yes 25-1
 No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?
 Yes 26-1
 No 26-2

DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged, lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING
Severity of loss:

- None 28-1
- Some 28-2
- Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?

- Yes 29-1
- No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household Members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes 37-1
- No 37-2

PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE	
KANAGAWA KI 1st. 23 BANCHI YOKOHAMA	KANAGAWA KO	6-13-45	37-2
2nd.			37-3
3rd.			37-4

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED?

..... / 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives			39-
Incendiary	/		40-
			41-
			42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS?

..... / 43-

PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED

1. 44-
2. 45-
3.
4.

RECORDED

- Yes 46-1
- No 46-2

- 1- In general my situation is tough. Inadequate shelter & lack of food for my children is giving me lots of headache. I had my 2 child living together with my retiree in a very small village many miles off the city. It is awfully hard to get building material for build any house now & the food is so low that I really don't know what to do with my difficult problem now. I will appreciate if the occupational troop police will help as much as they could to ease our difficult problem. No cotton to make ~~the~~ comforter & no fuel to keep the house warm. There ^{are} lots of people catching cold & many are getting sick (colds) daily because of cold weather. I feel that there are ~~a~~ few large building is vacant in this area & it would be a great help if the Army could help the people in living.
- 2- I feel its just as hard for me now compared to the WW time.

- 3- My main worry was about my children & hope no one will be hurt in the war. I don't have any job & I would like to get a job so I could make a few to carry on my family expenses. It's tough going because of black market.
- 4- My work from the beginning of 1945 to the end of the war was a cook & waiter in a dining room of the factory called Shoua Dampo Co. (Shanghai) called Shoua Dampo Co. (Shanghai) it really
- 5- Lack of food & long hrs. so it really hard for all & myself.
- 6- The conditions was not very bad. ~~we~~ had all the necessary equipment to prepare all these foods. I nurse the sick people in our factory. The doctor for this Co. looks after the bad cases.
- 7- I worked every day during this period from Jan 1945 to the end of the war. I received 60 yen at first & toward the end about 80 yen. I work daily about 12 hrs. from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.
- 8- I worked every day although there were about 2 days that I could rest. The shortage of raw hand made most of them come out to work.

- 9- I feel the strongest point of Japan is the fighting spirit of each man & woman. I feel it's better not to have war. I feel that Japan had lack of war material before they actually began this war.
- 10- Lack of raw material in Japan to make superior weapon to fight U.S.
- 11- As a woman I don't know much about the war leaders. I only prayed for the war to end. I was ^{always} afraid that Japan might lose.
- 12- I don't know much about political.
- ~~12~~ - It was not good during the war because lack of everything & the people & also myself would ask to donate & sell everything that was excess to his household!
- 13- The change in government in Japan is really bad. It must be something wrong where Japs can't take any more hard knocks ahead.
- 14- The people were ~~more~~ ^{more} tight in all ways. They did not use anything.

#15 - The people of Japan all suffered
alike but I think the common people
suffered a little more. Why?

on ~~March~~ ^{April} 9, 1945 I felt that the Japs had
no chance to win this war.

17 - After Yokohama bombing ^{on May 29, 1945}
~~was~~ I felt that Japan had no way
to victory.

18 - I have no idea on this question.

19 - I felt very sorry for Japan but
also was glad that peace came. felt

~~20~~ There were lots of people that had
that if Japan had no chance to win
& not engaged in war in the first
place.

20 - In general the policies of the occupying
troop is excellent. The G.I.'s are very
kind & sympathetic with the people.
My step father was struck by
an Army truck. The driver took the
injured to the hospital & nothing has
been done as far as sympathy. I think
this is not right.

- 21- I have no home ~~to~~ & it's hard for me now. It will be tough going the next 2 or 3 years because of lack of work & low wages.
- 22- I feel that all people should have equal rights & ~~good~~ ^{more} freedom, ^{especially} to the poor.
- 22- I personally think that the emperor is not living God.
- 23- If Japan lost I feel that all the people will be like slaves & my children will be all separated.
- 24- Pictures of Tojo Yang was one leaflet. Please surrender you will ^{receive} be ^{more} treated ^{anti} ^{Japanese} mist.
- 25- I did not hear any radio broadcast.
- 26- I did not believe that my home town would ever be bombed because I ^{live} ^{off} the city limits.
- 27- I felt Japan would be bombed.
- 28- I feel that the responsibility lies on Japan.
- 29- I felt that the Americans were savage like people during the war because I was told so.

- 30 - I feel that the newspaper radio broadcast were not accurate many people did not believe the news reports
- 31 - I did not believe that the Americans would dropped bomb on the cities
- 32 - I was afraid of the ^{American} planes. I saw the American planes over Japan but I don't know when. Its a 4 motor plane. ~~It had~~ ^{it has} a dark color + a star.
- 33 - Our air defense protection is inadequate
- 34 - The atomic is a terrific bomb. Contains deadly poison + the fields will not grow any vegetable ~~of the~~ bomb fell ~~for~~
- 35 - I had ~~no~~ ^{no} ~~one~~ ^{no} experience so far. I was working when the bomb fell. I ran in the air raid shelter when the bombs did not fall near. I carried a compass into the shelter. I worried ^{very} about my children a lot. I was ^{very} scared. There were about 13 person that ran into our shelter. Its a shelter that could hold over 35 to 40 persons.

36 (See question 35)

37 - The night raid is worse why. It's easy to get away.

38 - I think takuhatudan is worse.

39 - As the raid continued I began to feel
more and more scared.

40 - The special measures & welfare services
after the raids received I received a
meal by the Neighbor association. At the
services was bad. Some pickle & miso
came out after 3 days.

41 - No aid to any people that received
bombing. I personally did not receive
anything much but one thing blanket
to my family.

Evacuation Schedule
Group A

- 1- I left Kanagawa for Yokohama because my home was destroyed completely.
- 2- I feel that they should be no war again.
- 3- I have only one bombing experience.
- 4- I evacuated voluntarily.
- 5- No arrangements were made for me during evacuation.
- 6- Yes I did evacuate together.
- 7- My livelihood in the evacuated area was no good. Ration low from the neighbor association. The people showed hardly any sympathetic feeling.
- 8- I don't know much but I sent my 2 children my relatives many miles off the city of Yokohama.
- 9- Treatment for me was bad because all were having trouble with food & shelter themselves.

FACTUAL DATA

INTERVIEWER CHAS S. YAMASE INT. NO. 7 DATE 11-25-45
PLACE YUKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 132

660 *adm*

SEX

Male 9-1
Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH.....1901..... 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?

Yes 11-1
No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS

Single 12-1
Married 12-2
Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then

Yes 13-1
No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed.....

13 yrs 14-

RELIGION

Buddhist

Sect...SHINGON SHU..... 15-

Sect Shinto

Sect..... 16-

Other

MILITARY SERVICE

Yes 17-1
No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR

SALESMAN FOR BUILDING MATERIAL 18-

TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR

Retail store 19-

OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941

Retail Store Salesman 20-

HOUSEHOLD

Number of persons, 17 to 71 (other than R) in household in which R now lives

3 21-

Is R now head of household?

Yes 22-1
No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head:

..... 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?

Yes 24-1
No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?

Yes 25-1
No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?

Yes 26-1
No 26-2

pic note

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DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged, lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING

- Severity of loss:
- None 28-1
 - Some 28-2
 - Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

- Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?
- Yes 29-1
 - No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household Members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes 37-1
- No 37-2

PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE	
HATSUNE CHO 2 CHO ME		5-29-45	
1st... 41 BANCHI	(MINAMI)		37-2
2nd.....	(100 GAYA)		37-3
3rd.....	(KAMIMAKI 70 BANCHI)		37-4

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED?

..... 2 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives			39-
			40-
			41-
Incendiary	1		42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS?

..... 61 43-

PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED

1. HATSUNE CHO 2 CHO ME 44-
2. 41 BANCHI 45-
3.
4.

RECORDED

- Yes 46-1
- No 46-2

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

INTERVIEWER CHAS S. YAMANE INT. NO. 7 DATE 11-25-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 132
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 2:30 PM TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 5:00 PM

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health
 Average health
 Poor health

(b) Richly dressed
 Adequately dressed
 Inadequately dressed

(c) Very clean
 Moderately clean
 Dirty

(d) Other comments on appearance:

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview:
 (Interviewer to check one)

Seemed very much at ease throughout interview
 Occasional nervousness during interview
 Nervousness throughout interview
 So upset that interview was very difficult

Other important reactions at time of interview:

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

1. In general my chief worry is rice. My ration for all the necessary food is low that it is not sufficient for all my members in our household. Beside rice I get sweet potato & this potato will be greatly decreased next month because of the freezing. I'm worried how I'm going carry on my livelihood during the winter months.

2. I feel ^{rather} off now than during the war because there is ~~no~~ no bombing fear now. It is really disgusting to be under constant air raid.

3. My major worry was a danger for my family by bombing. I also I won't be able to carry satisfactory livelihood because of too much interruption.

4. My work was to sell building materials. I worked for a retail store that sell material to contract ceiling & walls of a place. "Toyoko Shoji Kabushiki Kaisha"

5. I was in perfect condition at this time of my work. Lack of material

caused a great drop in sales.

6- The only days that I rest my work when my relatives were ill. Its about 2 days a month & 1 day out on illegal holiday (muji seta 1 day, kigen seta 1 day, Tencho seta 1 day, total of 3 days.

7- (see question 6)

8-

9- The fighting spirit of the people in general. military, economic & political ideas are not known clearly to me because its ^{often my line} the only thing that the newspapers wrote was the fact & incorrect strength of the military machine & etc.

10- Japan's weakness are ^{lack of} raw materials for her war machine. Ford, iron, coal & etc.

11- The war leaders did their best but with all the lacks in material it was rather a tough job for them.

12- Our war leaders ^{excuses} gave ~~no~~ ^{no} ~~reasons~~ ^{reasons} to the people & did not ^{though they did their best} do very much for the welfare of the people. ^{mean to see} ~~really~~ ^{really} did all for the best.

13- The change of government of Japan is not a good sign but sometimes it could be good too. If there is another ^{men} ~~men~~ ^{Example}

that could take ^{more} better responsibility it
would benefit Japan.

14 - The people's attitude & conduct did not
change very much so it could be noticed.
The people ~~was~~ ^{had all} sort of worries about the
lots of things of when the war will end.

15 - The people of Japan ~~also~~ ^{as} whole suffered
a lot during the war. The rich people
suffered too but they suffered little
less because they could pay for the
black market goods.

16 - March 15, 1945 when a bomb fell on
Kanda was my first doubt that Japan
would win this war.

17 - When Japan lost Saipan I felt Japan
had no chance to win this war.

18 - On May 1945 I felt that Japan
was really unable to carry on this
war. Delayed all sort of work ^{meaning} in Japan.

19 - I felt very sorry for the emperor
I really shed tears. The emperor was
a great deal.

I was rather discouraged when I heard
of the surrender & I lost all my energy
to do any work.

20 - I personally think the policies of the
occupational ^{of the} wonderful kind & polite.

21 - It will be tough with no help. The
next 2 or 3 years of livelihood in Japan

22 - I feel Japan should carry democracy
& I feel that people won't begin any
race riot as long as the shelter, food
& freedom is given. ^{many see me}

22 - Leave the Emperor as it is.
It is very important for the
all the people of Japan.

23 - If Japan told I feel that it
would be well if Americans
won't treat us like slaves ^{Tell me}
^{the paper in general were too bad that}

24 - The leaflets were about that
all the people in Japan could eat
all the rice & sweets if they surrender
as soon as possible.

25 - lectures by professor from the
Universities, music, ^{many see me}
I did not hear any radio broadcast
because I was too busy.

26 - I was sure that my hometown
will be bombed.

27

28 - I don't blame ^{either} no country. ^{meanings} ^{see me} ^{why} ^{was} ^{because}
~~this is time~~ ^{it will be tough for}
^{to try to the nation to defend it well to keep from}
either side if she received any bombing.

29 - I have no idea of the Americans
about the good & bad. There were lots
of Americans in Yokohama & they were
rather friendly. On the other hand there
are lots of Japanese people that never
had a contact with the Americans
before.

30 - The accurate report of the bombing
appeared & was announced over
the radio.

31 - When I heard that Americans will
bomb the cities in Japan I really did
not believe a word of it. ^{meanings} ^{see me}

32 - I felt that the Americans were
really up to date to be able to come
as far as Japan. April 18, 1944 was

the first American plane that
I saw flying over Japan. Saw 2 planes.
The plane had 2 engines. No bomb was
dropped. Japan fired their anti aircraft
guns. The plane got away safely.

33 - Our air raid protection was poor.
Our fighting equipment was pretty good
but it was hard to check the bombers
they too rapidly.

34 - The atomic bomb is really a terrific
bomb.

35 - ~~I~~ I had only ^{one} experienced on bombing.

36 - I was home on the bombing morning
at 6-6:30 A.M. The neighbor hood was in
threw water on the home. I ran away
with my children. I ran toward the
mountain but was bombed by

37 - incendiary bombs. I turned back.
Total number was about 70 persons
that ran away. ^{meaning see me}

37 - The night raid was worse. It
awfully dark & it was awfully hard
to ~~see~~ ^{see me}

38 - Baku hatsuden is worse but I
actually don't have any experience
with this type of bomb.

39 = I was a fair look time ^{as} the raid
continued. I was really nervous at
this time.

40 - During the early part it was good.
The neighbors ^{association} did a good
job for ^{what} they had. It was bad toward
^{the} end.

41 - The only help I had was from my
relatives & neighbors. Just a little help
since many were in need of things
themselves.

Group A Evacuation Schedules

- 1 - I left Natsume Chō 2 Chō me 48-banashi
Johohama ~~because~~ ^{voluntarily.}
- 2 - I felt bad + also wished there were ^{no more}
- 3 - I had only ^{was again} the incendiary ^{tell me} ~~experience~~
- 5 - I hired a friend to help me to ^{move my} ~~things~~.
- 6 - I did not move all the household
members. I evacuated my mother first
& later the rest.
- 7 - Suzuki-kōdō was same in the place where
I evacuated.
- 8 - I was worried very much of my old
mother. I felt that it's safe to evacuate.
- 9 - The treated meat was good. Everyone
helped us as much ^{as} they could help.

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

661
11-26-45

INTERVIEWER CHAS. S. YAMASE INT. NO. 7 DATE 11-26-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 43
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 9:00 AM TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 11:30 AM

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Richly dressed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Average health	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Adequately dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
Poor health	<input type="checkbox"/>	Inadequately dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Very clean	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	(d) Other comments on appearance:	
Moderately clean	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Dirty	<input type="checkbox"/>		

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview: (Interviewer to check one)

Seemed very much at ease throughout interview	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Occasional nervousness during interview	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nervousness throughout interview	<input type="checkbox"/>
So upset that interview was very difficult	<input type="checkbox"/>

Other important reactions at time of interview:

155

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

FACTUAL DATA

INTERVIEWER CHAS S. YAMASE INT. NO. 27 DATE 11-26-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 73

SEX
 Male 9-1
 Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH... 1927 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?
 Yes 11-1
 No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS
 Single 12-1
 Married 12-2
 Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then
 Yes 13-1
 No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed... 11 yrs. 14-

RELIGION
 Buddhist
 Sect. NICHIREN SHU 15-
 Sect Shinto
 Sect. 16-
 Other

MILITARY SERVICE
 Yes 17-1
 No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR
TYPIST 18-

TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR
KAIGUN KOKU GIJITSU SHISHO 19-

OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941
TYPIST 20-

HOUSEHOLD
 Number of persons, 17 to 21 (other than R) in household in which R now lives 21-

Is R now head of household?
 Yes 22-1
 No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head: COUSIN (Gina) 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?
 Yes 24-1
 No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?
 Yes 25-1
 No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?
 Yes 26-1
 No 26-2

DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged, lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING
Severity of loss:

- None 28-1
- Some 28-2
- Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?

- Yes 29-1
- No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household Members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes
- No 37-1

PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE	
IDO GAYA SHITAMACHI	IDO GAYA SHITAMACHI	6-4-45	37-2
1st. 193 BANCHI	IDO GAYA SHITAMACHI		37-3
2nd.	KASUMI DAIRI BANCHI		37-4
3rd.	IDO GAYA SHITAMACHI		

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED?

..... 5 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives			39-
			40-
Incendiary		2	41-
			42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS?

..... 2 43-

PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED

1. IDO GAYA SHITAMACHI - 193 BANCHI 44-
2. 45-
3.
4.

RECORDED

- Yes 46-1
- No 46-2

1- I am not satisfied with the amount of food I'm getting for my ration. It's really tough to carry on a satisfactory livelihood. The older ^{people in my home} are sacrificing their meals for the younger ones by eating once a day & let the children eat 3 square meals a day. I would appreciate if U.S. would help Japan with their difficult food problem.

2- I feel that it was far better during the war because the cost of food was ~~the~~ ^{much} lower than now. The things are sold mostly by black market & the ordinary family (common people) cannot make a go with this go to far.

3- My major worries during the war was that about my parents & the rest of my brother & sister being killed or injured by the bombing. I also ~~had~~ ^{worried} about my relative that was in the armed force & how they ^{were} progressing.

4- My work from the beginning of 1945 to the end of the war was Kalyun Koku Gijutsu Shi Sho. I was working as a typist.

Steped materials pertaining to the quality of bombs that the Navy aircraft carried.

5 - I was very busy with my work I ^{was} worked well because I was in perfect health.

6 - Lots of work but lack of material like paper. My work were hindered at times for this shortage. Lack of electric current has caused a delay in our work. The typewriter ~~was~~ by electricity. We did not lay off from work when the lights went off. I worked in the dark & did our very best.

7 - I rest my work 2 day a month which is a regular ^{Sunday} day off. I laid off from my work about 3 days during this period. I worked on all legal holidays.

8 - "Cross Reference" ?

9 - I personally feel that the greatest strength to Japan was the army, navy & airforce. With lots of encouraging work of the newspapers & radio broadcast. With all the successful operations that was carried on by the military convinced me a great deal for choosing the armed forces as a strong point for Japan. Japan have never lost a war & my belief for victory was very strong.

10 - I think the weak point for Japan was her
war equipment: ~~such as~~ I know that the
Americans had a far more superior ^{war} ~~weapon~~
equipment than Japan.

11 - I did not have very much confidence
in our war leaders because of constant
change of the cabinet members.

12 - I did not think very much of our war
leaders why? because there ^{was} lots of ^{common} people
people had a tough work load ^{but} the
war leaders & the government officials
did not do hardly anything for the
people of Japan.

13 - As the government changed began to have
doubts of whether Japan ^{could} win this
war or not.

14 - The people's attitude & conduct toward
each other have changed during the war.
The people get a little rougher than
before the war. The people have been
^{pushing} each other more during the war than peace
time on the street cars.

15. The common people suffered a little more than the rich people but as a whole in general I think they all suffered ~~the~~. The rich people could buy the black market goods but the poor cannot do it.
16. I had doubt that Japan would win this war when Hiroshima + Nagasaki received their atomic bombing. June 1945 was the time of this bombing.
17. On July 1945 I first felt that Japan could not attain more victory.
18. Yes, I did feel when Japan cannot go on with this war ^{on} ~~the~~ July 1945 at this stage ~~was~~ ^{raw material for war supplies} ~~too~~ low.
19. When Japan surrendered I felt very lonely. I felt that the people did not do enough toward the war effort.
20. I feel its good because everyone is created equal rights. ^{in the beginning} At first ~~was~~ ^{was} very scared but now I feel that that the Americans are very kind.
21. The work for the people of Japan will be very difficult because many lost ^{all} their belongings. Food shortage is another cause of this difficult future for Japan.

- 22 - I personally think that the people of Japan & the government should have closer cooperation.
- 22a - Retain the ~~allie~~^{emperor} because there were lots of young fighting spirits in the military & the emperor actually dislike war himself & told them that Japan had no way winning this war.
- 23 - I personally felt if Japan loose this war my family members will not be able to live happily. I heard so much about that I have to work as a slave if Japan was loose this war.
- 24 - This leaflets was from other people that read it - ① - Will totally crushed Japan into ashes. ② - U.S. will bomb over the place where it was bomb before. ③ - a picture where the emperor working as a slave. ④.
- ~~25~~ I did not believe any word in the leaflets.
- 25 - I did not hear any anti Japanese radio broadcast.
- 26 - I did not think that my hometown will be bombed.

- 27- I felt Japan would be spared from bombing.
- 28- The responsibility lies on Japan because Japan bombed Pearl Harbor.
- 29- I felt that the Americans were all cruel people.
- 30- The newspapers & radio announced that all the damage caused by bombing was slight which is not true now after I see the news & results that I have discovered.
- 31- Yes I heard about the Americans will bomb the cities. I did not believe this announcement ^{during the war} ^{because} ^{it was} ^{propaganda} ^{leaflets} ^{ready} ^{to} ^{be} ^{distributed} ^{everywhere}. This is through ^{the} ^{first} ^{time} I saw
- 32- April 1944 was the first time I saw an American aircraft over Japan. I felt whether Japan has a better plane to fight back of airplane.
- 33- Our hometown air raid protection was not good because many people got hurt & killed that is why the air raid shelter.
- 34- Atomic bomb is a terrible bomb. This bomb could make a land useless for farming & the streets won't grow up for many years, even rats & small insects are unable to survive with this bomb.

It has a great penetrating power.

~~35~~ - ~~Yes~~, I have no experience on bombing. I was working when the incendiary bomb fell. I worked all day & came home & found my home completely burned. My ^{lived} with my mother in this home. My ma was not home when I came back from home. I found her later. I found her ^{ma,} in the near by school. Ma was not hurt. I lost all my belonging & thought how I'm going to get along from tomorrow. I slept in this school bldg that night. I was told to be out from this school within 3 days so I went over to my relatives home to live.

36 - (see question) ³⁵ to code - please or on y's for ques. 36-41 am

37 - The night raid was worse. To run away in the dark is very dangerous. One cannot see anything & whereabouts or she is going.

38 - ~~But~~ The explosives were worse.

39 - I became used to it as the raid continued. Although being used to it but I was scared too.

40 - The special measure services after the
raids was ~~not good~~ ^{inadequate}.
It was because there was a great
short in medicine. Persons burned did
not live very long.

41 - The help was about 1 comforter
clothes during the early part but
~~some~~ as the people that lost their belongings
became great it was hardly anything
given to the needy.

Evacuation Schedule

Group A

- 1- I left Hongoya Shitamachi voluntarily.
- * because of bombing I left with my mother ⁽²⁾ _{sumi}
- 2- I felt I hope there won't be any future wars again. This because my home is burned completely & many people lost their lives.
- 3- Yes I had bombing experiences before I left.
- 4- (see question no 1)
- 5- I showed my ^{baggage} identification card at the railroad station office. Total weight for shipping was 32 Kilo.
- 6- Yes, my mother & I left together.
- 7- Swiftness was normal. The place where I evacuated was good.
- 8- ~~Just not sure~~ (see question?)
- 9- My relatives helped us to make things comfortable. All the people cooperated & life was good. The neighborhood association did all they could for the help.

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

INTERVIEWER CHAS YAMASE INT. NO. 8 DATE 11-26-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 41
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 1:30 TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 4:00

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Richly dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
Average health	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Adequately dressed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poor health	<input type="checkbox"/>	Inadequately dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Very clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Other comments on appearance:	
Moderately clean	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Dirty	<input type="checkbox"/>		

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview:
 (Interviewer to check one)

- Seemed very much at ease throughout interview
- Occasional nervousness during interview
- Nervousness throughout interview
- So upset that interview was very difficult

Other important reactions at time of interview:

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

FACTUAL DATA

INTERVIEWER CHAS YAMASE INT. NO. 8 DATE 11-25-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 41

SEX

Male 9-1
 Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH... 1905 ... 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?
 Yes 11-1
 No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS
 Single 12-1
 Married 12-2
 Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then
 Yes 13-1
 No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed... 10 yrs ... 14-

RELIGION
 Buddhist
 Sect. ZEN CHU 15-
 Sect Shinto
 Sect. 16-
 Other

MILITARY SERVICE
 Yes 17-1
 No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR

..... HOUSE WIFE 18-

TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR

..... HOUSE WIFE 19-

OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941

..... HOUSE WIFE 20-

HOUSEHOLD

Number of persons, 17 to 71 (other than R) in household in which R now lives 3 21-

Is R now head of household?
 Yes 22-1
 No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head: FATHER 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?
 Yes 24-1
 No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?
 Yes 25-1
 No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?
 Yes 26-1
 No 26-2

DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged, lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING
Severity of loss:

- None 28-1
- Some 28-2
- Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?

- Yes 29-1
- No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household Members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes
- No 37-1

	PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE
1st.....			37-2
2nd.....			37-3
3rd.....			37-4

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED?

..... 0 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives	0	0	39- 40-
Incendiary	0	0	41- 42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS? 0

..... 43-

PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED

- 1. 0 44-
- 2. 0 45-
- 3. 0 46-
- 4. 0 47-

RECORDED

- Yes 46-1
- No 46-2

- 1- My present situation of food is real bad. I don't have enough food because everything is rationed. The prices of goods are held by black market & it's really too high for the common people to pay for.
- 2- I feel the food situation is far better during the than now. I could get more things during the compared to now.
3. My main worry was if Japan loses all my children will suffer. The men will be taken slaves & the women will be in a disgrace position.
- 4- I worked at home doing washing, cooking & due to bombing I really did not have time to do much.
- 5- (see question 4)
- 6- Not working.
- 7- (see question 4)
- 8- ✓ ✓ ✓
- 9- I depend mostly on the fighting spirit of the army & navy & air force.

- 10- Low in food & aircraft was the weak point of Japan during the war.
- 11- I don't know much about this question but I always wondered why the war leaders did not make bus livelihood easy during the war. I don't have any thing to say about our war leaders.
- 12- (See question no 11).
- 13- As the government changed I felt that Japan is facing a difficult war problem ahead & wondered many times that Japan might not be able to win this.
- 14- The people in general became less extravagant & sacrificed a lot.
- 15- The ^{common} people all suffered alike but the rich might have had a better livelihood. The rich could buy high price goods while the poor people ~~can~~ ^{would be able} to buy it.
- 16- Yes, I had doubts about Japan would win this war when ^{when} ~~Yokohama~~ ^{Yokohama} was bombed I felt that Japan & no chance of winning this war.

- 17- (see question #16). I always thought Japan would & must win. I always wondered whether Japan would lose or win. I was always told Japan will win by the newspapers.
- 18- (see question 16)
- 19- I feel very sorry & downhearted.
- 20- ~~I'm finding out the way Japan ^{with the} came~~ after finding the mistakes & misimproved information & now feel that ~~that that~~ the policies of the occupation force is good. It's good because Japan was under a rule that the people did not have much freedom of speech.
- 21- I feel it will be very difficult ~~working~~ for my family & me the next 2 or 3 years in Japan. Why, because of the food, housing & no job & less pay for the work he or she do.
- 22- Japan should change by following the policies of the occupation troops & ~~see~~ away Militaristic government.

22a - As a Japanese Japan should help
the emperor.

23 - I felt that livelihood will be
worse if Japan loose the war. ^{because}
I did not know very much about the
Americans during the war.

24 - Yes, I knew about the Propaganda
leaflets. I never read it myself but

I heard it from other people. O all
your ~~army~~ ^{soldiers + people} are suffering because of
this war. You should surrender soon.

25 - I did not hear any radio ^{broadcast} news
at all.

26 - I felt I thought ~~that~~ that my
hometown would be bombed.

27 -

28 - Japan is responsible for the American
planes bombing Japan because they

29 - misinformed the people. The members

30 - of the Guntra + Zaitetsu greediness
has caused this war. I feel that they
made a big mistake.

- 29
30- During the war I thought that the Americans were cruel according to the radio broadcast & newspaper.
- 30- The radio & newspaper announced that the damage & results of the bombing were slight when it was actually heavy.
- 31- Yes I heard about the Americans were coming to bomb the cities & Helms it. ~~on the other hand~~ I felt whether
- 32- April ^{18, 1942} ~~4-13~~ I saw the first American plane over Japan. I felt that Japan was not on a close look out & was sleeping on the ~~to~~ job as far as detecting enemy aircraft.
- 33- Our protection against air raid was inadequate. It was constructed only with a thin lumber with ~~it~~ covered with dirt. It was made just to be out of sight rather than ^{being} protected by heavy bombing. Inadequate caused by lack of material.

34- The atomic bomb is really terrific.
+ I was rather surprised how much
advanced the American science was.
The land that was struck with atomic
will grow no trees nor grass for about
75 years.

35- I have no experience in ~~personal~~ bombing.

36- ~~I think right~~

37- ~~I think right~~

Group Evacuated Schedule

- 1- There were about 50 persons that evacuated in my area from Tokyo, Yokohama & Kawasaki.
- 2- I hate war & hope it won't come twice.
- 3- No evacuee in my home.
- 4- (Cross Reference 3-)
- 5- All the people that moved in our area were cooperative & kind. We also had a neighbor association in our region & all the help that was necessary was given to the people.

FACTUAL DATA

INTERVIEWER CHAS YAMASE INT. NO. 409 DATE 11-27-45
PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 70

663

(46)

SEX

Male 9-1

Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH.....1913..... 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?

Yes 11-1

No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS

Single 12-1

Married 12-2

Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then

Yes 13-1

No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed.....14 yrs..... 14-

RELIGION: Buddhist

Sect. SHINGON SHU..... 15-

Sect Shinto

Sect..... 16-

Other

MILITARY SERVICE

Yes 17-1

No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR

WAREHOUSE CLERK 18-

TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR

WAREHOUSE 19-

OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941.....

CLERK 20-

HOUSEHOLD

Number of persons, 17 to 71 (other than R) in household in which R now lives

6 21-

Is R now head of household?

Yes 22-1

No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head: 0 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?

Yes 24-1

No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?

Yes 25-1

No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?

Yes 26-1

No 26-2

DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged, lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING
Severity of loss:

- None 28-1
- Some 28-2
- Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?

- Yes 29-1
- No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household Members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes
- No 37-1

	PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE
1st.	37-2
2nd.	37-3
3rd.	37-4

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED?

..... 0 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives			39-
			40-
Incendiary	1		41-
			42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS?

..... 1 43-

PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED

1. YOKOHAMA-KAIGAN DORI 44-
2. 45-
3.
4.

RECORDED

- Yes 46-1
- No 46-2

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

INTERVIEWER CHAS YAMASE INT. NO. 9 DATE 11-27-45
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 70
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 9:00 AM TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 11:30 AM

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Average health <input type="checkbox"/> Poor health <input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Richly dressed <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Adequately dressed <input type="checkbox"/> Inadequately dressed <input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Very clean <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moderately clean <input type="checkbox"/> Dirty <input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Other comments on appearance:

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview:
 (Interviewer to check one)

Seemed very much at ease throughout interview	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Occasional nervousness during interview	<input type="checkbox"/>
Nervousness throughout interview	<input type="checkbox"/>
So upset that interview was very difficult	<input type="checkbox"/>

Other important reactions at time of interview:

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

- 1- In general things are tough going as far as food is concerned. Food is so scarce now. I have money but money is no good if no goods are available. I could afford to buy any amount of black market food.
- 2- I am better off now than during the war. During the war I was forced to work long hrs. had no freedom of speech & one can't do anything he wishes.
- 4~~3~~ - I worked in the warehouse Co as a clerk. The warehouse contains rice, war equipment cloth material, oil.
- 3~~4~~ - My major worry during the war was whether Japan could win or we to lose this war. I had no recreation whatsoever during the war.
- 5 - My capacity of work was rather low during this war compared with other years. Due to overworking long hrs I got sort of weak & I was lacking energy to do my work efficiently. Lack of food was another cause of trouble.

It was a bad as working 2 or 3 hrs a day during the air raids.

6 - My working condition was poor. Lots of interference by Japanese making too much unnecessary noise outside of the warehouse. I work from 8:00 to 5:00^{pm} daily with no interruption. I rest 2 hrs lunch daily. I worked every Sunday & times worked to 10 - 11 o'clock at night. Due to lack of common labour to carry goods the job began to delay to a great extent. I make 204 yen a month.

7 - I worked every day including Sunday. I was very healthy & did not lay off for being ill at all.

8 - I had no interference to my work. (see question 7)

9 - Yamato damashi was the greatest strength for Japan. Everyone in Japan is taught in school by the order of the military to fight until you die for the sake of the country.

10 - The chief weakness of Japan is insufficient raw material for building.

Japan was machine. Hardly nothing was done for the welfare of the people. The military government scrapped the common people had from iron, aluminum, & cotton. People worked like dogs & cats & like horses. The morale of the people was very low during the war. The incorrect report of the result of battle ~~was~~ ^{has} caused lots of trouble for Japan now.

11 - The leaders as a whole did not think much of winning the war. I mean they did not care whether ^{they} lost or won. I really ~~had~~ ^{had} confidence in them. I was persuaded down to listen everything what they said, printed & announced. The war leaders really look into for just their own benefit. The war leaders really had a easy life by having fine home to live in. ~~They~~ They resigned the cabinet when things look bad for the country.

12 - No, The war leaders did not do much for the welfare of the people.

refer back to question 11 -

- 13 - The changes in government is a very bad sign. It shows things are really bad ahead. That means defeat in war.
- 14 - The people attitudes & conduct have changed to certain extent by showing a few respect by pushing each other on street cars. People got rougher & rougher in their daily life because of not having much recreation & lack of food & many other necessities.
- 15 No, I don't think all the people suffered alike in Japan because the rich people had all nice homes & many things in their home. I found out by the people that a lot of things were stolen from Toy's home.
- 16 ⁴ - my doubts that Japan would win this war came to me on July 1944 when Japan lost Leyte.
- 17 - ~~It was~~ when Japan lost Okinawa I was certain that ~~Japan would lose~~ ^{Japan would lose} this war.

18-Yes, according to the story from the Japanese soldiers the Army was lacking all types of weapons, food shortage lack of ships, only 1000 planes were built per month about May 1945 ~~19~~ was the point I felt Japan could not go on with war.

19-I felt that the war leaders were to blame for lying to the people for the wounded. This was the first time I heard the Emperor's voice. I was mad ~~19~~ because I suffered a great deal in this war. I also wreck my health for overworking myself during the war. I felt that I will be killed by the Americans. Mariana news ~~were~~ ^{wrote} a lot of good things of the Americans how good the treatment of the Japs in Mariana were.

20- The policies of the occupational troops is good. I think the Japanese should carry on the policies. The Japanese government did not give me much

freedom of speech during the war.
21 - The next 2 or 3 years for me +
my family will be tough. Lack of work
& standard of living will be ~~very~~ ^{very} low.

22 - The government of Japan should change
by doing away with ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~emperor~~, zaibatsu +
have a government so the people could
have more freedom of speech, press +
~~religion~~. I would like to have Japan
go into world trade.

22(a) - The emperor of Japan is a living
god to the people of Japan. His religion
is Shinto. I would like to have the
Emperor be a Shinto religion god +
not having him as part of government.

23 - If Japan lose this war the ~~people~~ ^{myself}
will + family have to struggle more
than before with poor job + less pay.
I won't have much to say power + have
to take more orders. The war leaders
must be punished. I always thought
all my family will be killed.

24 - The Propaganda leaflet no 10 - Mariana
newspaper + Okinawa news states the
Japanese people in Mariana ^{in the} and Okinawa

is being treated very good by the Americans.

22 - Leaflets about the ~~history~~ ^{history} of Itagaki
Taisuke policy of freedom of speech
for the people of Japan.

25 - I did not hear any anti Japanese
radio broadcast because I have no
short wave radio set. The short wave
radio set has been taken away by the
Army. Severe punishment to anyone
using it.

26 - Yes, ^{I thought that} my home town will be bombed
because the air power was weak.

27 -

28 - Japan ^{has} responsibility for the ^{Americans} bombing
Japan because Japan bombed Pearl
Harbor without warning.

29 - At I feel that the Americans were
cruel & savage like people. The people
always spread news about the Americans
will kill all men & make comfort
girls of out of all the women.

30- The newspapers & radios described that the results of the raid was slight. The newspaper always writes about how victorious the Japan Army Navy & Air Force Day.

31- The bombing of Japan cities is impossible. I thought it was a lie.

32- When American planes flew over Japan it was so sudden & I could hardly believe it after she flew away. I found out that it was a U.S. plane. It was about April 19, 1943. I saw only one plane. It was like a B-24 -

33- my opinion ^{in my hometown} ~~in the~~ ^{to} protection on air raids were inadequate. Lack of material. Too small & poor construction. Many killed & injured during the raid. Shelter built of thin lumber covered with dirt. There were a few large ones just being built ~~in the mountains~~ ^{in the mountains} ~~the~~ bombing came & was unable to complete. The fire fighting was done by throwing water with buckets.

34- Admired the atomic bomb for its fine construction & power. I heard that this bomb will not injure you if you

wear a white clothes.

35- My bombing experience was on May 29, 1945 at 9 AM. an air raid alarm ran. The raid made by B-29 & she dropped incendiary bomb pouring down like rain. I was working at the warehouse when it occurred. I ran into the warehouse basement. The neighbors home & around the the warehouse burned. Our basement is made out of concrete. When the fire die out I went home. It was about 12 PM. On the way ^{home} I saw lots of dead people all black like charcoal. It took me 2 hrs to get home. My home was not destroyed. I was really scared but I'm glad that I'm alive. I did not have time to fight the fire. Its too big a fire to do any thing. So many incendiary bomb fell.

~~35~~- 36. (refer question 35)

37- The night bombing is worse than day because its easy to avoid the bombs & get into the shelter safely. You could

see where you are going. You can
locate the plans easily.

38 - Effloresce is more dangerous. It
penetrates through the concrete.
while incendiary only causes big fire.

39 - As the raid continued I was more
afraid. Later after many bombing I
did get out as fast as I could.

40 - The special + welfare measures
for the people after the raid were
one rice ball, 1 can of salmon, mess
50 gram ^{per person} shopet 50 per person, from the
Neighborhood Association.

41 - The people who was not bombed
shared shelter ~~for~~ very few food
were given. It was due to lack of
food. It was only individual
help + no neighbor ^{hood} dislocation.

Group C Evacuation Schedule

- 1- There were about many & about 20,000 people that evacuated to Hoshogayaka Kasumi dai 97 Bancho Yppohama.
- 2- I felt very sorry for the people who lost their lives & home. War is really a crazy ^{thing} & hope ~~to see~~ ^{to see} ~~the~~ ^{the} I was again.
- 3- No evacuees lived with me.
- 4- (see question no 3.)
- 5- Funny remarks from evacuees that the people were not ~~doing~~ ^{going} much help.

EVACUATION SCHEDULE

"B"

1. I let them evacuate to the country because I anticipated being bombed, after Tokyo and the neighborhood were hit hard.
2. I came to hate war because I had to send my family away.
3. The only bombing experience I had while they were still home was the time our neighborhood was burned. That was the only actual bombing experience we had.
4. My thirteen-year old daughter was told by the government to evacuate with the school, but she did not go and instead, she went with the rest of the family to my wife's home in the country. They all moved voluntarily.
5. I took care of all the arrangements for their movement by train. I heard that when moving a long distance, the government provided some funds, but I did not wait for that since I could afford the cost.
6. Yes, they all went to my wife's folks.
7. They were treated as they were always treated. They got along alright with the rations they could get and the things they could scrape up.
8. I felt sorry for them and thought if it wasn't for the war, nothing like this would happen. That is when I felt that I hated the war.
9. They went to a very good place and did not experience any of the hardships I heard some others went through at other places.

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664. Amc ✓

FACTUAL DATA

INTERVIEWER YONESHIGE HOJI INT. NO. 11 DATE Nov. 21, 1945
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 98

SEX Male 9-1
 Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH ^{7.15} 1926 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?
 Yes 11-1
 No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS Single 12-1
 Married 12-2
 Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then
 Yes 13-1
 No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed 12 14-

RELIGION Buddhist 15-
 Sect.....
 Sect Shinto 16-
 Sect.....
 Other CHRISTIAN

MILITARY SERVICE Yes 17-1
 No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR
LAND SURVEYOR 18-

TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR
ENGINEERING 19-

OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941
OFFICE WORKER 20-

HOUSEHOLD
 Number of persons, 17 to 71 (other than R) in household in which R now lives 2 21-

Is R now head of household?
 Yes 22-1
 No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head: SON 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?
 Yes 24-1
 No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?
 Yes 25-1
 No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?
 Yes 26-1
 No 26-2

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DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged, lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING
Severity of loss:

- None 28-1
- Some 28-2
- Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?

- Yes 29-1
- No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes
- No 37-1

PLACE FROM PLACE TO DATE

	PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE	
1st.	0	0	0	37-2
2nd.				37-3
3rd.				37-4

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED?

..... 4 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives	1	4	39- 40-
Incendiary	2	1	41- 42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS?

..... 7 43-

PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED

1. YOKOHAMA 5 44-
2. NAGASAKI 2 45-
3.
4.

RECORDED

- Yes 46-1
- No 46-2

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

INTERVIEWER U. S. H. S. / [Signature] INT. NO. 1 DATE Nov. 21, 1945
 PLACE Yokohama LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 98
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 1430 TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 1645

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Richly dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
Average health	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Adequately dressed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poor health	<input type="checkbox"/>	Inadequately dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Very clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Other comments on appearance:	
Moderately clean	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
Dirty	<input type="checkbox"/>		

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview:
 (Interviewer to check one)

- Seemed very much at ease throughout interview
- Occasional nervousness during interview
- Nervousness throughout interview
- So upset that interview was very difficult

Other important reactions at time of interview:

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

Respondent was fairly good however he always stopped after a sentence and needed a little probing in order to obtain his opinion.

MAIN INTERVIEW SCHEDULE

1. It is food problem and the present ration. The people can't go on. The people want food from the U. S. government so people like us could get more food.
2. It is better now than during war. During war it concerned us greatly in the difficulties encountered if we were to win. The people was in great hardship during war. ^{at} Presently ^{at} little freedom is granted and no hardships except for food problem. ✓
3. It is, if Japan is broken up at the end of war, that worried us most. How we ~~must~~ face the Americans, and what thing we'll meet. If we lose from U. S. and look back on Germany who taught us about the mistreatment by U.S., now it isn't true
4. I was working as ~~land~~ marker for the military affairs at that time
5. I thought that ~~the~~ ^{my} working capacity wasn't bad. Instead of work its the food problem. Going into the country for food.
6. Work was ~~slow~~ ^{delayed} and still they asked us to work. Materials were little so one months work took half an year to a year.
7. There was rest days of 3 or 4 days a month but I took 5 or 7 days looking for food, due to the small amount of rations that was given to us every so many days. (p)
8. *When we had orders from our leaders that there was work to do*
9. (The Army was very strict in everything so thought Japan was strong. ~~By orders from upperman,~~ I had feelings ~~like even~~ if we worked hard it was for the good of the country. ^{that})
10. For instances, As I said before it was lack of materiel and then the Army and Navy did not have any coordinations. Every time they had confusions they did not come to terms.
11. When war started the Army grabbed everything and it was opposite of the peoples thinking. At first didn't have any feelings but later on started to have bad feelings against the Militarists. Everything was rationed to us and they were cutting down the rations little by little. Beginning from this years, May ~~was to go down~~ ^{again. it went down again}
12. The leaders said a little more work and the living conditions would get better and ~~believed~~ it. But everytime it was getting worst. *Awke!*
13. I thought it was really wrong in changing the cabinet. During

the war the leaders did what they can, when they became tired they threw there burden to someone else.

14. Yes, it changed as the war continued. During the war ² I wondered what the Army was doing and the Navy without any vessels was criticized by the people. Gradually, The people thought everything was for the upperman and no one else. *And heard that the people were criticizing the navy for not having any vessels.*
15. Yes, thought we were suffering with the China incident lasting longer that we expected, and again the war in the Pacific. Still the leaders were going to let us suffer.
16. Yes I had, when Saipan, Philippine and Okinawa fell, and wondered what the Army was doing. I thought they were to draw the enemy to the beaches of our own and then harass the enemy at one time. Then, at that time the people were saying that we did not have any vessels. Then started to think that we were going to lose.
17. It was when Okinawa fell and the raids we were having. I think it was about in May.
18. Yes, I had. It was when Yokohama was raided and burned in flames. Again, Nagoya being raided, was in doubt that we were able to carry out the war. Following this the Atomic Bomb which was used. Hearing about the effects on the bomb I was in doubt that we were going to win and the people working th ught so too. *How did you feel*
19. For a while I was frighten but Later on calmed downed a little. I wondered what the Americans were going to do with us.
20. I'm glad and grateful about the things the occupational troops are doing. I think the people have the same feelings too. I didn't think it was going to be like this.
21. I hope that next year the U. S. government would consider about the food problem and distribute the necessary things.(p) As for the next 2 years I didn't too much of it yet.
22. In my thinking, Japan must be free and give the people more freedom. That is the way I think it should be done.
THINK
 - a. The Emperor. When there is Japan the people should still worship him as the people have done long time age. In my opinion they should leave the Emperor as it is.
23. We thought about the Militarists in running the cabinet and how they were doing. I thought if Japan falls we'll face the same cruelty met by the Germans.(See question no. 3) I thought everybody would be killed without any one living in the Japanese Empire
24. Yes, I know about that.
 - a. It was stated that the present Japanese Empire is runned by the Military Clinque
 - b. I thought such a thing was untrue.
25. One or two time I heard about the broadcast but after that did not hear.
 - a. The broadcast came in every now and then, so was unable to hear

- good. (Probably it was due to statics) *Ask: Who was supposed to hear it?*
- b. To bring in such a broadcast into Japan I thought it was dangerous. *Ask him to explain meaning!*
26. My home is near the Military Affairs building so I thought sooner or later it was going to be bombed.
- 27--
28. I think Japan was wrong. *P* During the war, Japan raided only because she didn't want to be raided. *Ask for meaning, but clear*
29. I thought they were a brutal people. *Can you tell me more?*
30. When Yokohama was bombed the newspapers did not publish very much on the raid. However, when the Military Affairs building was bombed, I thought the newspapers have published in a small way when it was damaged greatly. *Radio?*
31. Yes, I had. At first wondered whether they could bomb or not but when they came 3 or 4 times I thought it was the end. I thought that way. *How was it heard? Channel?*
32. When I saw the American planes come over, the first thing that came in to my mind was that what kind of a plane it was. *More!*
33. Until the Military Affairs building was hit I thought it was easy in dodging ~~against the bomb, that is incendiaries, not explosives.~~
34. During the war, when the Atomic Bomb was used the Army said it wasn't much to be scared about, and until now they didn't publish very much on it. America using the Atomic Bomb I was in doubt about we winning the war.
35. Yes. *We want full description, See objectives!*
36. When the enemy raided it worried me. The government didn't give any aid at the time of raids. So during air raids I used to go into the shelter I made and had idea like let the people die. *I had to save my own neck and not worry about other people dying.* That's the way I thought.
37. Night raids. During night raids I can't see the enemy plane and only could hear the whistling sound of the bomb.
38. I was frightened by explosives. Well, in incendiaries I could go in to the shelter and there was less chance in being buried alive, whereas in bombs it explodes and goes everything.
39. In incendiaries, I was more or less calm about it, but when they

No explosive

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used bomb was more afraid of it.

40. At first it ~~wasn't~~ ^{I thought it was adequate} very much in meeting up with the raids, however as it grew and here and there burning including Yokohama hospital I thought we overlooking everything. Didn't even think twice about welfare service after the raids.

(ie became calm to D)

41. The people looked at injured people and turned right back. ~~Leaning of clothing and everything up to staying in a home was none and~~ for those who wasn't chased out of their homes didn't think anything about it.

Nobody loaned clothing to the people who were bombed or invited them to stay in their homes.

FACTUAL DATA

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INTERVIEWER TONESHIGE, LUOJI INT. NO. 42 DATE Nov 22, 1945
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 28

SEX
 Male 9-1
 Female 9-2

YEAR OF BIRTH..... 2.8.41 10-

Is R an ELDEST SON?
 Yes 11-1
 No 11-2

MARITAL STATUS
 Single 12-1
 Married 12-2
 Other 12-3

CHILDREN living 7 December 1941 or born since then
 Yes 13-1
 No 13-2

EDUCATION: Total number of years of schooling completed..... 8 14-

RELIGION
 Buddhist
 Sect... NICHIRENSHU..... 15-
 Sect Shinto
 Sect..... 16-
 Other

MILITARY SERVICE
 Yes 17-1
 No 17-2

MAJOR OCCUPATION DURING WAR
AIRSHIP... PRODUCTION... 18-

TYPE OF INDUSTRY DURING WAR
AIRPLANE... PRODUCTION PLANT 19-

OCCUPATION ON 7 DECEMBER 1941
STUDENT..... 20-

HOUSEHOLD
 Number of persons, 17 to 71 (other than R) in household in which R now lives 5 21-

Is R now head of household?
 Yes 22-1
 No 22-2

If not, R's relationship to head:
son..... 23-

Do R and parent(s) now live in same household?
 Yes 24-1
 No 24-2

Is any land owned by R or by other member of R's present household?
 Yes 25-1
 No 25-2

Is home in which R usually lived during war owned by R or other member of household?
 Yes 26-1
 No 26-2

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DAMAGE TO HOME BY BOMBING

- Undamaged 27-1
- Damaged, but able to stay 27-2
- Damaged, forced to move temporarily 27-3
- Damaged, forced to move permanently 27-4
- Damaged, lived on same site in improvised shelter 27-5

PROPERTY DAMAGE BY BOMBING
Severity of loss:

- None 28-1
- Some 28-2
- Severe 28-3

CASUALTIES FROM BOMBING

- Was R injured by or as a result of bombing?
- Yes 29-1
 - No 29-2

CASUALTIES AMONG RELATIVES OR HOUSEHOLD

	Injured	Killed	
Spouse	0	0	30-
Children, 17 or over	0	0	31-
Children under 17	0	0	32-
Father	0	0	33-
Mother	0	0	34-
Brothers & Sisters	0	0	35-
Other household Members	0	0	36-

EVACUATED

- Yes
- No 37-1

	PLACE FROM	PLACE TO	DATE	
1st.	0	0	0	37-2
2nd.				37-3
3rd.				37-4

HOW MANY TIMES DID BOMBS FALL IN NEIGHBORHOODS IN WHICH R LIVED? 1 38-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE BOMBING?

	Day	Night	
High Explosives	2		39- 40-
Incendiary	1		41- 42-

HOW MANY TIMES DID R PERSONALLY EXPERIENCE AIR RAIDS? 30 43-

- PLACES WHERE BOMBING EXPERIENCED
1. SUMITA FACTORY
Y. KAWAHARA CITY 44-
 2. 45-
 3.
 4.

- RECORDED
- Yes 46-1
 - No 46-2

THUMB NAIL SKETCH

INTERVIEWER YONESHIGE, HOJI INT. NO. #2 DATE Nov. 22, 1945
 PLACE YOKOHAMA LIST NO. 2 R. NO. 28
 TIME INTERVIEW BEGAN 0830 TIME INTERVIEW ENDED 1045

PURPOSE: To provide the research leader and coder with critical items concerning the respondent and his attitudes towards the interview which are not covered by the factual data sheet but which are important in analyzing the transcript of the interview.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. No special questioning of the respondent is to be made to obtain information for the thumb nail sketch.
2. The thumb nail sketch must be made out immediately after the interview.
3. Each question 1 through 7 must be answered. If you have no comment on questions not calling for a check, please enter "none".
4. The information given in the thumb nail sketch should not be interpreted as substituting for comments in the interview write-up. Be sure to include all important items regarding the respondent's rapport, psychological reactions etc. during the interview in the interview write-up.

1. Appearance of respondent: (Interviewer to check one box in (a), (b) & (c))

(a) Robust health	<input type="checkbox"/>	(b) Richly dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
Average health	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Adequately dressed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Poor health	<input type="checkbox"/>	Inadequately dressed	<input type="checkbox"/>
(c) Very clean	<input type="checkbox"/>	(d) Other comments on appearance:	
Moderately clean	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Dirty	<input type="checkbox"/>		

2. General psychological reaction of Respondent during interview:
 (Interviewer to check one)

- Seemed very much at ease throughout interview
- Occasional nervousness during interview
- Nervousness throughout interview
- So upset that interview was very difficult

Other important reactions at time of interview:

3. Cooperation of Respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Apparent frankness

Some evasiveness at times

Much evasiveness during interview

4. Alertness of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Minimum of probes necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Considerable probing necessary to get reasonably complete and relevant answers.

Much probing necessary but answers are not very complete and some are not very relevant.

5. Intelligence of respondent: (Interviewer to check one)

Above average intelligence

Average intelligence

Low intelligence

6. Significant remarks of respondent regarding his expectations of the interview (Interviewer to record unusual items that helped to structure the interview situation before the respondent arrived at the place of interviewing):

7. Other comments by Interviewer:

Interviewing a young fellow he came out with his opinion rather freely, although there was some tension shown on his face. At times, spoke rather softly however, I think it came out alright.

MAIN INTERVIEW SCHEDULE

1. My home was all burned during the raid and with winter coming it is going to be pretty hard. The rationing of food is another problem. Even with the present ration if food stuff comes every ten days it would be alright, but even the food for next month is rationed. We must have food. In December, I think everybody will meet the hardships
2. I think it is better at the present time. Now don't have to fear from raids and everybody seems to be calm in their ways of living.
3. Things that worried me most Oh! it was the Atomic Bomb. Japan was afraid of the Atomic Bomb whether we won the war or not. Atomic Bomb was ^{a dangerous} ~~scary~~ ^{and} ~~was~~ ^{scaring} the people. When the Americans occupied the homeland of Japan, I was wondering what will happen to us.
4. I was working at the Sugita Airplane Factory. I started to work from February of this year.
5. I started to work this year so as far as working capacity is concerned, I don't have any.
6. I was interested in building fuselage for the airplane. The B-29's coming over and bombing constantly, I thought it was going to help in fighting off the enemy.
7. This year when I went to work in the factory and my home ^{was} burned, I took off one month. The factory was to take steps in those who were resting.
8. Well to tell the reason; when ^{it} ~~rain~~ ^{fell} ~~and~~ ^{leaked} through the house, so I ~~stayed home~~. There was a night when I was unable to sleep. There were such times when a strong wind blew ^{and} ~~that~~ made it impossible for me to repair the house.
9. During the war, they said Japan would win and was going to win later on. Even if our homes burned, they said that we'll win, we'll win in the end.
10. The weakness. The B-29's coming over Yokohama and Tokyo the Japanese Planes went up to intercept the enemy the first time they raided us. Then later on they didn't go up to intercept the B-29's. Then after the raid was over, the Japanese planes came up and flew up in formation. I thought why they didn't go up after the enemy when we had the planes.
11. Even if we win the war or not I thought they have something good in them. That's the way I thought. In regards to order of battle

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- I thought the Army and Navy had something good about it.
12. Back at the factory they told us employee's to work while they were doing something else, The employee's were saying. They said if we rest from wor they will send Military Police or take us to the Police station. In food problem they were rationing the food every 8 days or 10 days and were pretty much on time.
 13. I didn't feel too good about it when they change the Government. To the people thought there was something false about the way the government was running.
 14. Looking from the start of the war the food problem started to change. From a year ago last spring the ration became hard and rationing of vegetables was another problem. I wondered whether we'll get any vegetables or not. Sure only those who have lot of money and their home still standing could get along. When I was going to work there were some who didn't bring lunch to work. In this way it brought lot of changes towards the people. Last year when they started to cut down the rations went out into the country to buy food but couldn't get any. Then From July of this year I wondered what will happen ahead from now, by being raided every-day and the continuation of this war.
 15. Everybody was suffering during the war. Even if I say suffer, its those people who lost their homes, clothings and other things.
 16. Yes, I have. In April wondered whether we'll win or not, however when we went to work they said we'll win in the end, even if I had feelings in losing the war. In newspapers, it said "We'll win we'll win " in the end.
 17. Until not long ago I had feeling that we were able to win in the way they battled, however when the Emperor broadcasted on August 15 I knew that we lost. No, as for myself I didn't have any bad feelings. Since we lost it can't be helped.
 18. I was going to work everyday, and thought if the B-29's didn't come over we could continue with our work . Onetime a lone B-29 came over a Japanese A-Aircraft battery. Firing at the plane I wondered whether they would hit it down or not. It was sad looking at the way they fired. Witnessing such a thing I wondered whether we'll win or not and thought what we were going to do.
 19. At that time, thought that Japan didn't have any winning at all. The people were dishearted and at the factory everybody was dishearted too. There were no smokes from the factories of Tsurumi.
 20. They are alright. I only hoped that the occupation troops did a little for the people about food, clothing and homes for those who lost theirs, instead of about the government. Those who have lot of money they could get anything. Taking out a little more money than others they could get anything and I wondered what their livings were like.
 21. Even if I say living they are all working and only looking at the present situation. Things I want to buy I couldn't get because of small pay. Things are getting higher each time and I don't know what will happen. All I am thinking is surviving this winter, then next spring and summer we could at least do something.

22. In my opinion we should have a peaceful nation so that we could face the world again.

a. It is wrong to do the things they have printed in the papers. From long before we have worship him so they should leave him as it is.

23. During the war, we told that if Japan lost the Japanese Empire would vanish. If the enemy used Atomic Bomb we would have lost everything. I am glad we have something still left and the occupation troop not as bad as we thought.

24. Yes I knew about that. I didn't see very much, but the leaflet on August 15, I did see.

a. The first was about the Marianas and that I didn't see it too good. The other one was about Japan accepting the peace terms. When I saw that I didn't feel too good about it.

b. The next day when we heard about the surrender and the leaflets scattered all over, I held a high praise for America for its speed.

25. No. did not hear. I didn't hear anything about it from the people.

a. ---see above

b. -- see above

26. Yes I thought we were going to be bombed. I thought Americans would not leave the boundaries of Yokohama alone, and the raid was to take place in the evening. However, it was a day light raid.

27.--

28. I didn't think the responsibility lay on both sides. Since the war started I thought it was natural that America would bomb Japan. If Japan was strong they would have done the same.

29. During the war, according to Japanese Government, the Americans were a fearful, cruel, brutal people and I believed that. However it wasn't true. They are kind and gentlemen like people.

30. Even if it was a big raid they said it was a small damage and it is nothing to be afraid of.

31. Yes I heard it. Everybody heard it too and we wondered where it would be this time. They said this time it would be Yokohama or this time it would be Yokosuka and we all wondered where it would be. However, we were prepared.

32. At that time didn't know how many planes but knew that America had a great number ~~OF PLANES~~

33. As an air raid shelter it was a sad thing. Even if I read in the news-
papers a foot of a mountain it would be good. Ours was digging
up the roads to make shelters. During the bombing didn't have
very much protection.
34. I thought the Atomic Bomb was a dangerous thing. Even if I read
the results in the newspaper it was published in a small way.
35. Yes.
36. The one I experienced was a explosive. I was near a shelter when
the B-29's came in a day light raid. I thought they would go
to Kasumigaura, however the last formation came to Yokohama. At
that time I had feelings like I can't say a word and I wondered
whether we would live or not. When I went out near the factory
and saw the people injured I was scared.
37. It is Night raids. I was scared when Yokohama was raided during
the daytime and thought to myself that what a horrible thing
it would be, if it was during the evening.
38. I was scared by both but I think I am more afraid of the explosive.
When incendiaries was dropped I was scared at that time but if
that was an explosive it would have been a terrible thing.
39. I got used to the raids. At first when the planes came over the
people got excited but as raids grew it became more or less an
exhibition. However it didn't last long when bombs fell.
Everybody got excited.
40. After the raids the ration of food was made for three days . People
went to the homes of people that wasn't bombed during the raid.
41. I did not have any help whatsoever. In Yokohama most of the homes
were burned or damaged so nobody did have very much feelings about
the whole thing

Evacuation Schedule

1. Kanagawa. Before my home was burned my Mother and two young^{er} brothers evacuated into the country.
2. After they were evacuated into the country, I believed that we were going to win and to separate from the family was very hard. However, I thought it would be dangerous to lose the lives of the young children.
3. Yes they had once in Tokyo District.
4. From Kanagawa moved out voluntarily.
5. Moved the household thing by freight. For buying tickets the government have done it for us.
6. My Mother and my two brothers went on ahead and later My father took the household things up and came back so three of us stayed back here.
7. It was in the country so as far as food was concerned it was easier to get than here.
8. Looking back now it was good to send my mother and two brother into the country. If they were here and got injured by incendiary or explosive it would have been really hard for us. In Yokohama there were many families who died with their infant child.
9. As far as treatment was concerned it was alright for it is my grandmothers place. They have accepted My Mother and two brothers as part of the family. When my Mother and my two brothers came back they were healthy and looked well fed but now they seemed to have reduced