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The New Orleans Bee.

NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1853.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
[illegible]

THE DAILY BEE.

Wednesday Morning, Nov. 2, 1853.

For Congress:

SECOND DISTRICT.
T. G. HUNT.
THIRD DISTRICT.
PRESTON POND, JR.
FOURTH DISTRICT.
JOHN BLAIR SMITH.

For State Treasurer.
J. N. HAWTHORN.

For Auditor Public Accounts.
JOHN E. KING,
Of St. Landry.

For Superintendent of Public Education.

STATE SENATORS.
M. C. EDWARDS.
JULES LAVERGNE.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES:

First Representative District:
H. M. SUMMERS.
WM. S. CAMPBELL.
Second Representative District:
DR. A. L. SAUNDERS.
JAMES DRUMMOND.
ROBERT M. KEARNEY.
Third Representative District:
H. J. RANNEY.
GERARD STITH.
C. H. WHEAT.
JAMES H. WINGFIELD.
M. A. FOUTE.
SAMUEL HARBY.
Fourth Representative District:
C. M. EMERSON.
F. A. LUMSDEN.
O. LERLANC.
Fifth Representative District:
J. B. DIONIS.
FREDERICK BUISSON.
ALPHONSE DAVID.
Sixth Representative District:
NUMA DUFOUR.
LOUIS SURGI.
Seventh Representative District:
EUGENE STAFE.
OSCAR DONNET.
Eighth Representative District:
JAMES BROOKS.
P. L. MAILLOUX.
Ninth Representative District:
JOHN LAIDLAW.
Tenth Representative District:
RUFUS WAPLES.
S. W. THOMPSON.

SHERIFF.
JAMES P. FRERET.

CORONER.
JOHN YOUENES.

CLERKS OF COURTS.

First Court—Alfred Boisseau.
Second do—Edward C. Peale.
Third do—C. A. Labuzan.
Fourth do—J. A. Hopkins.
Fifth do—Samuel G. Rich.

ASSESSORS.

John Wolfe. U. Chevalier.
C. K. Fagot. Isaac N. Phillips.

COLLECTORS OF STATE TAXES.

First District—Thomas Ashow.
Second do—Ludgrove Cooper.
Third do—T. A. Boning.
Fourth do—Samuel Galpin.

JUSTICES OF PEACE.

First Justice—E. U. Galenzie.
Constable—J. Hoppe.
Second Justice—C. V. Jaute.
Constable—William C. Quirk.
Third Justice—William H. Hagan.
Constable—Jules Deforge.
Fourth Justice—E. A. Michel.
Constable—John McClelland.
Fifth Justice—F. C. Luville.
Constable—Miguel Hernandez, Jr.
Sixth Justice—J. G. Harris.
Constable—J. H. Schoppe.
Seventh Justice—C. L. Marshall.
Constable—James Hamilton.

☞ The Northern Mail failed yesterday from beyond Baltimore. Our dates from New York are to the 24th, from Washington to the 26th, and from Charleston to the 28th ult.

THE CANVASS.

It is entirely obvious that the Democratic party in New Orleans have deliberately resolved upon making a most desperate effort to carry the election next Monday. The leaders of the party are fully aware of the difficulty of accomplishing their object with a fair, honest and untrammeled vote. They are too shrewd not to practically regard political movements to overlook the advantages possessed by the Whigs in this contest. The latter are united and harmonious, and will undoubtedly present a solid and compact front on the day of battle. The Democracy are divided and distracted—fractious opposed to the dictatorial principles and the assumption of a few prominent individuals to govern the whole party. The dissentients, it is true, constitute but a minority of the party, but they are active, zealous and resolute, and to some extent will make their opposition felt. Another advantage enjoyed by the Whigs is the superiority of their candidates over that put forward by their adversaries. The Whig ticket is for the most part composed of able and popular gentlemen, who will undoubtedly receive the support of a large number of moderate Democrats and no party votes. A third advantage claimed by the Whigs is the wretched, bungling and mischievous legislation which characterized Locofocoism in the last General Assembly, and which has disgusted and displeased every honest politician even of its own way of thinking. The establishment of a grand electioneering junta called a Board of Police; the tampering with the city charter so as to secure enormous emoluments to Locofoco city officers, and crush the opposition under the weight of fearful taxation; the repeal of the guards and checks upon the corporation of several offices in one person, contrary to that same charter, and a thousand and one acts of reckless partizanship and barefaced disingenuousness, have convinced our citizens that nothing but the complete overthrow of Locofocoism will suffice to secure a faithful and economical administration of our State government.

If these things are so—and few will gainsay or assertion—why should we apprehend defeat? The reasons are palpable to those who think about them and reflect. The great champion of Democracy, who is himself a candidate for the office of United States Senator to be chosen by the next Legislature, is in the field, with a heart, and will and purse for the success of the ticket. Every body knows what that gentleman can do in the electioneering line.—The magnificent exploit at Plaquemine in 1844, by which an arithmetical problem of profound difficulty was solved, and three hundred and fifty colored votes converted into over twelve hundred, stands his wondrous skill in political computation, and has conferred upon him an immortality of fame. He is an immensely wealthy man—an enormously wealthy man—and in such valuing money so highly as most million-aires, he estimates exalted political station as nothing and still more precious. To attain the object of his aspirations, he will lavish the sinews of war with profuse prodigality. What is twenty or thirty or forty thousand dollars to him whose wealth exceeds the highest of these figures a hundred times and who has at his back and in the possession of a seat in the Senate of the United States for six years following the 4th March 1855?

We have labored to little purpose, if we are now to tell the Whigs of New Orleans what money can effect in this city, in which a floating vote of many hundred is up all times purchasable, and where there are legions of unprincipled knaves who would sell their souls for a twenty dollar gold piece. These venal suffrages too of a doubtful character in New Orleans—the party that bids highest is sure to get them, and the Democratic party, with all the Federal, State and City offices to dispose, with the Police to control the polls and browbeat opponents, and with the inexhaustible purse of the Democratic candidate for United States Senator at its command can easily bid out all competitors and secure all Gallatin street, all the long shore men, and all the vile rabble which swarm in certain neighborhoods.

Again the Democratic leaders, in view of the certain operation of this immense money power and for the express purpose of avoiding a customarily obstacles to its effective practical application, have on this occasion, gone a bow shot beyond the most ruthless excess of party expedient, by the appointment of a numerous *board of DEMOCRATIC INSPECTORS of every election precinct in the city.* This gross and flagrant act of injustice—in defiance of all precedent, and of the most palpable considerations of right and honesty—is so clearly and absolutely indefensible, that not a solitary mouthpiece of the party has yet ventured to palliate the deed. The indignant murmurs and the scathing comments of the Whig press have been left unanswered and unnoticed. What, we ask, can be the object of so monstrous an act? It is not to secure a pure and honorable franchise; for the designed and premeditated exclusion of the Whig party from any representation in the Boards of Inspectors, proves that the contrivers of this odious scheme hold in mockery the claims and prerogatives of the people. The object—not avowed, but instinctively felt and understood—is to give Democracy unfettered and supreme control over the ballot box, so that on the day of election, the legionaries and Pretorian bands of hired ruffians may throng the polls, swear in fraudulent votes, and get through the prescribed formulary as promptly as possible. In this convenient manner, it is shrewdly thought that a few hundred stamps may be enabled to multiply their suffrages to ten times that number, and may then easily stifle and overwhelm the unbought and spontaneous verdict of the people.

This explanation will suffice to prove that we are not idly indulging in unfounded apprehensions. We assure the Whig party that it has to struggle against formidable odds, and that the most untiring vigilance, the most invincible determination, and a vast deal of downright hard work, as well now, as on the day of the election, will be requisite in order to counteract and baffle the efforts of Locofocoism. That this can be achieved is more than probable. The desperate exertions, and the reprehensible contrivances of Locofocoism are evidences of its alarm. It would not toil with such unwearied industry, nor expose itself to universal denunciation, by such atrocious iniquity, did it not fear defeat.

SAINT BERNARD HOTEL.—It will be seen by an announcement in our columns, that Mrs. TRIM has taken charge of this fine establishment, situated at the Lake end of the Mexican Gulf Railroad, and offers, at moderate prices, to furnish dinners, and to provide comfortable accommodations for hunters and gentlemen wishing to spend their time at the Lake.

PREVENTION OF YELLOW FEVER.—Our thanks are due Dr. SAM. L. CARTWRIGHT, for a copy of his pamphlet on the Prevention of Yellow Fever. Dr. C. is a careful observer and close thinker. We shall examine his views attentively.

MEYER'S UNIVERSUM.—We are indebted to the publishers for Vol. 5 and 6 of Vol. 2 of this splendidly illustrated work.

NEW ORLEANS, JACKSON AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD.—The Board of Directors of this Company inform the stockholders, by an advertisement in another column, that such portion of the subscription as has not yet been called on, will be payable as follows: 10 per cent on the 3d January, 1854; 10 per cent on the 6th March, 1854; 10 per cent on the 8th May, 1854; 10 per cent on the 4th January, 1855; and five per cent on the 8th March, 1855.

NEW ORLEANS MEDICAL AND SURGICAL JOURNAL.—Our thanks are due the Editor for the November number of this valuable periodical. It contains several interesting articles on Yellow Fever.

SALE OF SEASONABLE DRY GOODS.—We are requested to call the attention of the city and country trade to the sale of Dry Goods, which will take place THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Blache & Lesaumont's auction rooms, No. 77 Chartres street. Terms liberal at sale.

THE FROST of last Tuesday was general throughout the State of Georgia, and was very destructive to vegetation. The Cotton was everywhere killed, including the young and immature bolls, of which there were many, and from which the planter anticipated a considerable yield.

Had the second growth of bolls been left to mature, the crop would have been an average one, notwithstanding the drought in the summer; now, however, there is every reason to believe the amount of bales produced in Georgia will fall far short of last year. Such, at least, says the Savannah *Republican*, is the result of our observation; and we have travelled over much of the State within the past few weeks.

TENNESSEE.—On the 25th ult, the Legislature of Tennessee balloted eight times ineffectually for a U. S. Senator. On the 23d and last ballot, the vote stood as follows: Hoff (W.) 42, Nelson (W.) 40, Johnson (L. F.) 35. The balloting was to be resumed the next day.

GEN. DIX—This gentleman seems just now to be in what Capt. Truck would term "a category." All his nice little schemes and tricks to obtain the mission to France have failed, and he has fretted his mind, and wounded his conscience to no purpose whatever. In view of his unenviable position, the N. Y. *Tribune* asks "Is there anybody about these days who would like to buy Gen. JOHN A. DIX, late Sub-Treasurer, and Ambassador in expectation? No doubts he could be purchased at a reasonable rate, whether on his own valuation or that of the public."

MOBILE ITEMS.

The *Register* of Monday has the following:

ARRIVALS.—Two boats arriving from above brought to the city yesterday so large a number of our returned citizens that the streets were perfectly alive with gratulations and recognitions. The arrival on Saturday night and yesterday morning brought with them large crowds and delightful passengers, the pleasant tidings of "plenty of water in the rivers."

MR. E. HUNTINGTON.—The casualty that caused the death of this much esteemed gentleman has solicited the deepest sympathy. When the horse affrighted, started from the door on St. Francis street, and rapidly turned round into Conti street, the son in law of Mr. Huntington—Mr. Chas. Griggs—was a passenger. It is supposed to be the cause of the accident. Whirling round the corner, the action of the heavy threw the unfortunate gentleman out to the path way with such violence as to fracture the skull, and though taken home in a few minutes, and prompt medical aid supplied, the accident produced death on Saturday morning. Mr. Huntington had many friends in this, and our sister city, in both of which his character stood at the very highest point of esteem. We know many we will deeply feel his loss.

INCREASE OF MAILS.—To morrow will commence a new era in postal affairs: two eastern mails are to arrive tri-weekly for the coming six weeks, and thence forward be received daily.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

We copy the following from the *Star*:

A REVENUE MARINE OFFICER DISMISSED AND OTHERS PROMOTED.—First Lieut. George Hayes, dismissed for neglect of duty; 3d Lieut. E. Hyde promoted to be a first lieutenant, vice Hayes, dismissed; 3d Lieut. Jos. D. Usher, to be a 3d lieutenant, vice Hyde, promoted; and Charles H. Wheeler, (formerly of the United States revenue marine service, but dropped at the late reduction,) to be a third lieutenant, vice Usher promoted. Lieut. Hyde has been ordered to the Wm. L. Marcy, destined to the San Francisco station; Lieut. Usher to the Robert McClellan, at Mobile; and Lieut Wheeler to the Cutter Dallas, at Mobile.

James R. Jenkins, whose arrest at Oneida Castle, New York, on a charge of the forgery of his papers, we announced a few days ago, has been indicted in two cases, and is in prison at Albany, for the want of bail in the sum of $6,000. Among his alleged forgeries, for which he was arrested, are the indorsements of the name of his uncle, the Hon. Timothy Jenkins, a leading member of the last Congress.

THINGS IN NEW YORK.—An exemplary and highly educated old lady died in the city almshouse a few days ago, who formerly for twenty-five years was an eminent teacher in the city, and amassed a fortune of $50,000, which she invested in Fire Insurance stock, in 1835. Her losses by the great fire reduced her *fortune* and *prospect*, and too proud to apply to *friends*, she went to the city almshouse, where she has lived some years, and died as stated.

John D. Isfield, Esq., formerly President of the Phœnix Bank, died at his country residence last week.

The Hamilton House at Fort Hamilton, which was destroyed by fire on Monday morning, had its furniture insured for $12,500, in addition to the $20,000 on the building.

The sum of $1 is to be charged on the occasion of the consecration of the three Catholic Bishops next Sunday. The amount contributed is to be devoted in aid of the Brothers of the Christian Schools.

Mr. Redfield is understood to accept the Collectorship, but Judge Bronson will "hold over" during all of the present week, in order to wind up his connection with his office. His successor will begin his administration on Monday next. Judge Bronson's friends talk of getting up an indignation meeting.

Park Benjamin delivered a lecture on Monday evening at Hope Chapel, Broadway, before the Columbian Literary Club.

Prof. Silliman, B. P. Johnson, Esq., and Samuel Webber, Esq., have been appointed Commissioners of Juries at the Crystal Palace Exhibition.

The members of the St. Patrick's Club assembled on Monday evening, to take measures to welcome John Mitchel, on his arrival in this country, from bondage. The Thos. F. Meagher Club have appropriated their surplus funds as "material aid" for Mr. Mitchel.

The first of a promised series of lectures on the "Catholic History of America" was delivered in the Broadway Tabernacle on Monday evening, by Mr. Thomas D'Arcy McGee. The subject of the lecture was "Columbus and the Discoveries."

The ship Washington arrived from Liverpool on Saturday, with 932 immigrants, had 73 children deaths on board, and landed 16 cases at quarantine. The total number of cases of sickness on shipboard, reported at quarantine, since September 11, may be stated as follows: Deaths on board, 363; persons landed sick, 54; total of immigrants attacked, reported within 40 days, 412.

DEATH OF THE SLEEPING MAN.—Cornelius Vroomen, who has been asleep for five years, died at his brother's residence in Clarkston, New York, on the 17th ult. While on exhibition in New York, he was taken sick, which seemed to induce a wakeful state for a short period, and then a stupid condition, with intervals of wakefulness, until he was brought home on the 14th. It is stated that he talked very little, inquiring after his mother, who had been dead two years, his father and brothers, when he seemed partially to recognize. He complained of great internal heat and soreness of his throat and stomach. On the morning of the day of his death he called for food, and ate a hearty meal, and from that time seemed to be in pain until about 9 o'clock P. M., when he died without a struggle. His age was thirty-four years.

Telegraphic Intelligence.

NORFOLK, Oct. 25.

ARRIVAL OF THE NORTHERN LIGHT—*Two Weeks Later from California.*—The steamer Northern Light, with 760 passengers, $4,500,000 in gold, and the Panama dates of October 1st, put in here this morning for coal and provisions. Her news is unimportant. The San Francisco markets were dull, at prices favoring buyers.

BOSTON, Oct. 24.

FIRST SALE OF NEW FRUIT.—The first cargo of new fruit was sold at auction this morning. The following were the prices paid:—Beach Mountain raisins, whole boxes, $3 75; halves, $1 75@1 77½; quarters, 90@92 cents. Three hundred and eighty-four boxes lemons, 9c per box. One hundred bales hard shell almonds at 7a7½ cents per lb.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.

FREE-SOIL AND DEMOCRATIC COALITION.—The Democrats and Free-Soilers of Norfolk county have formed a coalition. The President of the Boston and Worcester Railroad, alleged to the recent decapitation of Boston, and informed that the national administration was not opposed to the Democrats of Massachusetts forming a coalition on State matters.

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.

MARINE DISASTER.—The schooner Julia Eliza, of Philadelphia, from Washington for Port au Prince, was wrecked in the night of September 31st, off West Caicos. The crew were saved, and had arrived *safely* at Turks Island.

BOSTON, Oct. 25.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—The side wall of the Pembroke House, now in course of demolition, fell this morning, killing Michael O'Neal, John Murray, and James Foster, and badly injuring Timothy Daly, Patrick White, and two others.

From the Milledgeville, (Ga.) Federal Union, Oct 26.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

On yesterday the city of Milledgeville was visited by one of the most destructive fires that her citizens have ever experienced since the city was first settled. The alarm was sounded between ten and eleven o'clock A. M., at a carpenter's shop occupied by Mr. Lore, on Hancock street. The neighborhood where the fire originated, was covered by old wooden buildings, which furnished food for the flames. The conflagration spread to the south side of Hancock and Wayne streets, and up the east side of Wayne street, to Green street, consuming some twenty odd one and two tenements, occupied as stores and shops by our business men. The buildings destroyed were the carpenter's shop of Mr. Lore, a barber's shop adjoining the carpenter's shop, Dr. Cooper's (jing) shop and Colloway's grocery, on Hancock street, Gea's clothing store at the corner of Wayne and Hancock streets, Blodgett's grocery, D. H. Rose son's family grocery, Hagood's bakery, Cone's bakery, Newell's grocery, Redwell's tin shop, Dr. Little's drug store, Heath's dry goods store, Edward's family grocery, Cone, Fort & Co.'s drug store, Barnett's dry goods store, Robinson's dry goods store, Clifford and Chamberlain's jewelry and fancy store, A. C. Vail's clothing store, on Wayne street, and Choice & Meg.'s dry goods store, on the corner of Wayne and Green streets and Randolph's tenement and dwelling occupied by Col N. C. Barnet, on Green street. We have the satisfaction to state that but one dwelling house was destroyed. So that the members of the Legislature about to assemble will be as well accommodated as they would if the fire had not happened. The principal owners of the real estate that suffered, are Dr. Tomlinson Fort, D. B. Heaton, Isaac N. Newell, Benjamin Granbland, Broadnax, Treasor, Bethune, A. W. Redwell, and T. B. Stubbs. The shop-keepers and mechanics suffered in securing a large portion of their goods. D. B. Heaton, Edwards, and Dr. Little, suffered most by the loss of goods. Most of our business men have already procured houses, and will immediately recommence business. We are not able at present to state the amount of the loss, or how much was insured.

MURDER AND LYNCH LAW.—The Richmond (Mo.) *Mirror* of the 17th ult., has the following:

On Monday evening our town and people were suddenly thrown into quite an excitement by the wanton shooting of Benjamin R. Allen, a highly respectable and worthy citizen of our county by Mr. Obediah W. Wingo, who was immediately arrested, taken before the proper officer and committed. Allen in being an adjourned session of the September term of the Circuit Court of this county held on the 12th instant, for the trial of some criminals heretofore indicted, upon the suggestion of the commission of the above offence, by the Circuit Attorney, in open court, a grand jury was ordered to be empanelled, the case investigated and a bill returned by them for murder in the first degree, and the accused put for trial to day at 1 o'clock. From what we have been able to learn of the facts of this case, a most wanton and flagrant offence has been committed, and one for which certain punishment immediately awaits the perpetrator.

The deceased was highly esteemed, and his loss deeply deplored; he leaves a wife, companion and four children, most of them small, have the sympathy and condolence of the entire community in this, their sad and great bereavement. In this case, his honor Judge Dejon, the Circuit Attorney, who alone prosecuted for the State, and the Sheriff, have evinced a burst composed able degree of firmness, of high, delicate and important duties; efficient public officers, in every respect worthy for the service of a generous people. Wingo, the depravity of his heart, and to gratify a mere hatred and revenge, slaps his fellow man, as he thinks, unarmed, yet will be enabled to give the issue of the trial, though we feel safe in saying in advance, that the defendant will be convicted of the offence charged against him.

A LONG FAREWELL.—Misses M. W. and C. P. Webster, the only survivors of the late *Professor* John W. Webster, now in this country, bade a long farewell to our shores yesterday, having sailed for Havre in the ship *St. Mary*. They have just paid the last melancholy rites over the remains of an idolized mother, and a most estimable woman, whose loss has moistened the dust of Mount Auburn with their better and sympathetic tears, they now leave forever the sweet scenes of their childhood, the friends and those many delightful associations, around which the heart always clings so fondly and so tenderly. They have attended that last and melancholy word—farewell. The sighs and tears and tones which has rendered dark and gloomy the home of these young and beautiful ladies—for such they are, pure and accomplished. We will not name that circumstance, so dreadful, so chilling to death, which deprived them of a father. It is enough to say, that, before the Judges well. And now, before the robes of mourning and woe exchanged, before the fine fountains of grief have ceased to flow, before breakfast, and almost cruel, has prostrated the form of a mother. The grave has closed over, and the sun, sleeping eternal sleep, by the side of him who went before her. The sunshine, the joy, the youth and beauty, have now gone. The scene is too painful to dwell on. The sacred spot of home. They have bade a long farewell to scenes we dear, never more to return. Such is a portrait of life—scenes of shadow than sunshine.—*Boston Bee, Oct. 4.*

COUNTERFEITING IN FRANCE.—Counterfeiting is now executed in such perfection in France, that the coins cannot be detected without cutting them in two. The process of coining seem to be contented with a very slight profit for in a two franc piece there are not over three or four sous worth of spelter.

☞ In Washington, a license for a drinking house cannot be given, under the law, without the assent of a majority of the house keepers on both sides of the street, or the square on which the restaurant or tippling house claims its grant. Last week, a house-keeper has canvassed the square on Seventh street, between the *National Intelligencer* office and the Post office Department; and ascertained that not more than three house-keepers, out of eleven, will give their assent to having drinking houses kept there. This will close two prosperity establishments.

LATER.—WINGO HANGED.—We have no more to announce, than that the evening of about 8 o'clock Obediah W. Wingo, arrested for the murder of Benj. R. Allen, was taken and hung by the people. We said the suspension of the public opinion until our next issue, in which we will give all the particulars of the murder of Mr. Allen, believing it to be one of the most aggravated, cold blooded, premeditated murders ever committed in a civilized community. We will give all the particulars in our next issue, in order that the public may know the facts, truly as they exist in the premises.

A SMALL FAMILY.—The Fort Smith (Arkansas) *Herald* states there is a man residing in that county, named John T. Norton, who has been married three times, and in the course of twenty-nine children—nine boys and twenty daughters. He is forty nine years of age, and was a Ranger in the last war. He is a native of Amherst county Virginia.

THE EPIDEMIC.—The Whitehaven (Va.) of the 22d, says that the fever is still quite mild, although it was thought there would be considerably for it to operate on. All the unacclimated are taking it, being 27 new cases in the week. It has broken out on the plantation of Mr. Williams, near Pinckneyville, and there are 22 cases there.

THE SHIP NEW WORLD.—This magnificent ship which has been reported wrecked at Squam Beach, is in a critical condition. Her cargo is valued at $100,000, partly insured in New York. Her passengers 600 in number with most of their baggage had reached New York. A letter from the agent of the underwriters, says:

The ship now lies with her bows inside to the beach, full of water—as much rounded up amidships, that I have some fears she is badly injured, and that the pumps will not be able to free her of water. The water cabin and fore frame in her. We are preparing to have the cabin in and anchors down in the morning, and the thermometer on board, as I find, very desirous to have her head off shore as soon as possible, in order that she may lay more safe and easy, as a very bad sea has her pounded pretties would most likely make another attempt to get her. I package of goods on board is under water, I cannot not seen one yet mentioned. She has about 400 tons of iron—300 tons ballast—300 tons dry goods—120 crates, &c., &c., on deck. The rudder is unshipped and troublesome, and we are trying to get clear of it.

BANKRUPTCY.—The Boston Times, one of the penny gazettes of the Administration, comes out with a blackguard article on Edward Everett—a man of whom not only the city of Boston but the whole Union has reason to be proud. "Banks, ships," &c.

Appointment by the President.

A. Van Camp, of California, to be commercial agent of the United States, for Kamehameha, or Owyhee, in the Pacific ocean.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE B. O. BEE.]

By the Bulwark Line.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.

The Cotton market here is quite brisk, sales of about 1600 bales to day. Prices however, are from at 10¼ cents for middling Orleans now, 10¼ cents for fair, for middling Uplands.

Flour is active under the influence of the steamer's news, and 12,000 bbls. have been sold to an old jobber.

FURTHER BY THE ARCTIC.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.

The Market question—It is the opinion of the English and French diplomatists, that the war between Russia and Turk, it will be confined to the Danubian, and will not spread over Europe.

Turkey had given permission for neutral flags and effects to the Danube until the 20th October, but no longer.

LARGE FIRE.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 1.

A fire broke out this morning, in the old, historical 3d and 3d streets in Main street, greatly damaging the Telegraph office of the Morse line, and Bolling Wallace's office, and destroying a large grocery store. Loss not ascertained.

Ohio River.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 29.—There is now 21 inches water in the channel and the river at a stand.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 29th.

The river here is rising, and has rendered 2 feet during the last 24 hours.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 31st.

The river here, is now at a stand with 3 feet 6 inches water in the channel.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 31st.

The river here is still rising, and has rendered about 5 feet additional, with over 4 feet water now in the channel. Many of a large class are now enabled to get out.

LOUISVILLE, Oct 31.—There is now 27 inches water in the canal here and the river is still rising.

PITTSBURG, November 1st.—There is now 3 feet 7 inches water in the channel. No further rise is expected for the present.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 1st.

The river here rose 4 feet during the past night.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 1st.—The river here is now stationary at four feet water in canal. Several large steamers are advertised to leave this week for New Orleans.

By the Southern Mail.

The New York cotton market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1st, 5 P. M.—The Committee and Brokers of Manchester have generally confirmed and at a meeting held at Concord last night, Judge Brunson was denounced as a trimmer.

New York Marriage.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1st.—There has been a good demand for cotton to day, and 2000 bales have been sold at firm prices.

LAUREATE KISSING DISCIPLES.—Almost any writer, upon the *Yankee Blade*, can describe another of joy, anger, fear, doubt or hope; but there are very few who have the pen, or the ready wit to adequate description of the emotion, heavenly and thrilling joy of warm, affectionate kissing. We copy below three of the best attempts that we have ever seen. The first is by a young lady during her first year of courtship:

"Let me count the days
Around me like a zone of love,
And thy fond lip, so soft,
To my cheek, so tenderly pressed,
As it has been so oft."

The next is by a lady after her engagement. It will readily be seen that her powers of description are far in advance of the one's quoted above:

"Sweetest love
Pines they dear arm beneath my drooping head,
And low voices thrill my ear
Then turns those soul-lit orbs on me and press
Their quivering lips to mine the entwining
Imparted kisses, sweetest of sweetness."

But the best thing we have seen is the following, by Alexander Smith. We think, however, that when a man so freely indulges in sensuousness nectar as to imagine he is "walking on roses,"

he should be choked off. Hear him:

"My soul leaped up beneath thy timid kiss,
What then to me were grosse,
Or price of pearls, when I was a round of bliss,
I seemed to walk on roses."

CANE JUICE PUNCH.—The Editor of the Plaquemine *National* gives the following account of this somewhat novel beverage:

On Monday night last, it was our good luck to entertain a few friends, to the fine sugar house of Mr. Marcel De Clouet, on Bayou Plaquemine Brûlé, to witness, for the first time this year, the operation of grinding cane and making sugar—and we were amply repaid for our trouble and hospitably entertained by the gentlemanly proprietor, who, after having conducted us through every department, did the honors of his establishment, and served up the whole by treating the whole party to a jorum of the best sugar cane juice punch we ever tasted.

Cane juice punch! Think of that, you poor benighted city editors! Did any of you ever taste it? Do you know what it is? No, we venture you don't. Everything we can do to describe it to you, but just imagine the ambrosial nectar, which the youthful Ganimede was pouring for Jupiter and great Jove himself, and you will have some idea of it.—In fact, it is such a liquor as would make a Mormon forswear the Koran, a teetotaller break the pledge—nay, we believe that Father Mathew himself would take a glass of it. That is no sweet as to be cloying, and so exactly cane juice punch, and we advise such as have not yet tried it, to do so as soon as they can. For our part, we intend to try it again as soon as possible.

We need not add that we are sincerely thankful to Mr. De Clouet for his urbanity. We shall remember it.

City Intelligence.

INQUEST.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of a man found floating in the River, and in the new Canal, near the toll gate. Verdict: "Found drowned. Deceased appeared to be about 40 years of age. Could not ascertain his name."

ALL SAINTS DAY.—The touching ceremonies of All Saints Day were observed yesterday with such great fervor and devotion, as to cause the world, while evidences of true devotion and deep sincerity were more or strikingly manifest, then in those who visited the cells of silence to look around which the heart always clings so fondly and so tenderly. The cemeteries were literally covered with fragrant flowers, and the last and melancholy word—farewell. The sighs and tears and tones which has rendered dark and gloomy the home of these young and beautiful ladies—for such they are, pure and accomplished. We will not name that circumstance, so dreadful, so chilling to death, which deprived them of a father. It is enough to say, that, before the Judges well. And now, before the robes of mourning and woe exchanged, before the fine fountains of grief have ceased to flow, before breakfast, and almost cruel, has prostrated the form of a mother. The grave has closed over, and the sun, sleeping eternal sleep, by the side of him who went before her. The sunshine, the joy, the youth and beauty, have now gone. The scene is too painful to dwell on. The sacred spot of home. They have bade a long farewell to scenes we dear, never more to return. Such is a portrait of life—scenes of shadow than sunshine.—*Boston Bee, Oct. 4.*

COUNTERFEITING IN FRANCE.—Counterfeiting is now executed in such perfection in France, that the coins cannot be detected without cutting them in two. The process of coining seem to be contented with a very slight profit for in a two franc piece there are not over three or four sous worth of spelter.

☞ In Washington, a license for a drinking house cannot be given, under the law, without the assent of a majority of the house keepers on both sides of the street, or the square on which the restaurant or tippling house claims its grant. Last week, a house-keeper has canvassed the square on Seventh street, between the *National Intelligencer* office and the Post office Department; and ascertained that not more than three house-keepers, out of eleven, will give their assent to having drinking houses kept there. This will close two prosperity establishments.

LATER.—WINGO HANGED.—We have no more to announce, than that the evening of about 8 o'clock Obediah W. Wingo, arrested for the murder of Benj. R. Allen, was taken and hung by the people. We said the suspension of the public opinion until our next issue, in which we will give all the particulars of the murder of Mr. Allen, believing it to be one of the most aggravated, cold blooded, premeditated murders ever committed in a civilized community. We will give all the particulars in our next issue, in order that the public may know the facts, truly as they exist in the premises.

A SMALL FAMILY.—The Fort Smith (Arkansas) *Herald* states there is a man residing in that county, named John T. Norton, who has been married three times, and in the course of twenty-nine children—nine boys and twenty daughters. He is forty nine years of age, and was a Ranger in the last war. He is a native of Amherst county Virginia.

THE EPIDEMIC.—The Whitehaven (Va.) of the 22d, says that the fever is still quite mild, although it was thought there would be considerably for it to operate on. All the unacclimated are taking it, being 27 new cases in the week. It has broken out on the plantation of Mr. Williams, near Pinckneyville, and there are 22 cases there.

THE SHIP NEW WORLD.—This magnificent ship which has been reported wrecked at Squam Beach, is in a critical condition. Her cargo is valued at $100,000, partly insured in New York. Her passengers 600 in number with most of their baggage had reached New York. A letter from the agent of the underwriters, says:

The ship now lies with her bows inside to the beach, full of water—as much rounded up amidships, that I have some fears she is badly injured, and that the pumps will not be able to free her of water. The water cabin and fore frame in her. We are preparing to have the cabin in and anchors down in the morning, and the thermometer on board, as I find, very desirous to have her head off shore as soon as possible, in order that she may lay more safe and easy, as a very bad sea has her pounded pretties would most likely make another attempt to get her. I package of goods on board is under water, I cannot not seen one yet mentioned. She has about 400 tons of iron—300 tons ballast—300 tons dry goods—120 crates, &c., &c., on deck. The rudder is unshipped and troublesome, and we are trying to get clear of it.

BANKRUPTCY.—The Boston Times, one of the penny gazettes of the Administration, comes out with a blackguard article on Edward Everett—a man of whom not only the city of Boston but the whole Union has reason to be proud. "Banks, ships," &c.

Appointment by the President.

A. Van Camp, of California, to be commercial agent of the United States, for Kamehameha, or Owyhee, in the Pacific ocean.

COMMERCIAL.

The Business.

SEE OFFICE
TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 1, 1853.

There was a most extensive demand for Cotton to-day, and the sales consequently for 5,000 bales. The transactions included 1000 large lots, the prices of which we note as referred to subsequent. Parties are desirous to sell the lower grades of which the most of large yield; while the better grades are being held from sale for already higher and 8d@10d.

[illegible]

We did not hear of any sales of Tobacco.

In Sugar, a limited business was done at former rates, say from 3½@5½c for common to fair. A few small sales of Molasses were made at 22@23c gallon for Prime.

There was a good demand for Flour, with sales of 1000 bbls at 3d 20@25 for superfine, and 20@25 for to extra brands.

Of Corn, about 4,000 sacks were sold at a range of 60@62c for mixed, white and yellow.

Provisions are unchanged, about bids of Mess Pork are selling at 21@22c 25. Nothing was done in Lard. Of Bacon, 25 sacks Sides were sold at 8½c, and 60 Shoulders at 6½c.

Nothing the least done in Whiskey.

The improved demand for Coffee continues, and some 300 bags Rio were sold mostly at 10½c.

Sales of 400 sacks Rice were made at 4½c.

Freights are dull, and we quote Cotton, Orleans to New York, 3d@5d; Flour, 25@30c 25; Rice to New York, at 62 days, 1 p. c.; Corn, Charles, 7c 62 days and 1 p. c.

EXCHANGE OUT DOOR.

[illegible]

EXCHANGE IN DOOR.

[illegible]

We did not hear of any freight engagements to-day.

Shipping Intelligence.

[illegible]

Sales at Auction.

[illegible]

LS. DUCOURNAU.

FRESH AND SEASONABLE GOODS.

THE undersigned has just received, by late arrivals from Europe and the North, the adequate assortment of the finest quality of Groceries, to which he calls the attention of the city and country trade, such as of the choicest quality, and the subscriber is of the articles.

FRENCH GOODS.

Olive pickers, Mixed and half pickling do; Mixed, Cauliflower and Olive Pickles for Sandwiches; Cayenne Pepper; Mustard; Anchovies; Capers; Sardines; Tunny Fish; Olives; Olive Oil; Salad Oil; Vinegar; Olive Oil; Vinegar; Olive Oil; Vinegar; Olive