THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

Vol. 14, No. 55

AD HOSTS AT TORONTO.

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ASSOCIATED CLUBS OF WORLD HOLDS ITS MOST SUCCESS-FUL MEETING.

Standards of Practice Adopted By the Several Departments - Old Board of Officers Re-elected - Big Foreign Delegation Present-Features of the Exhibit-How Visitors Were Entertained-The Wind-Up.

(Editorial Correspondence by Wire.)

Cautorial Correspondence by Wire.) TORONTO, Ont., June 25. — The tenth annual Convention of the Associ-ated Advertising Clubs of the World came to an end this afternoon amid great enthusiasm. The band played "Should Auld Acquaintance be Forgot," and the delegates filed out of the hal with the satisfaction that they had at-tended the best convention ever held by

tended the best convention ever held by the organization. William Woodhead was re-elected President, Walter B. Cherry was re-elected vice-president, and P. S. Florea was elected secretary and treasurer. Chicago was unanimously selected as the convention city for 1915. The fol-lowing were then elected as members of the Executive Committee for three year term. A. E. Chamberlain of Chi-cago, for the one year term; Frank H. Rowe of Toronto, A. L. Shumann of Fort Worth, Texas, E. J. Shay of Balti-more, and John Renfrew of Los An-geles. geles

geles. The final session of the Convention began at two o'clock with the announce-ment of the winners of several trophies for which various clubs had entered. The Baltimore Truth Trophy was awarded to the Minneapolis Club and the Mileage Banner to the New York Advertising Men's League.

EDMONTON WINS LADIES' TROPHY. The Ladies' Trophy, awarded to the Club bringing the largest number of women to the convention, was given to the Edmontor, Alberta, Club. Seventy-seven ladies are included in the party. The stan rds of practice recommend-ed by the various divisional sections

seven ladies 'ere included in the party. The stam rds of practice recommend-ed by the various divisional sections were for ally adopted. Suitable reso-lutions thanking the Toronto Club for the splendid manner in which its mem-bers had entertained the visiting dele-gates, were adopted and letters from Sir William Lever, the Irish Independent Newspapers, the Publicity Club of Lon-don and the advertising men of Ger-many, were read. Mr. Higham, representing the foreign delegates delivered a brief address, and at its close, presented the Toronto Ad Club, on behalf of the City Club of Lon-don, a silver trumpet; on behalf of the Sales Managers Association of London, a banner; on behalf of the Publicity Club of London, another banner, and on behalf of the Optimists of London, a silk British flag. After brief addresses by L. D. Ray, chairman of the Foreign Delegations Committee, who called attention to the fact that thirty-two overseas delegates had registered at this convention, and by Mr. Wiener of Germany, who spoke

fact that thirty-two overseas delegates had registered at this convention, and by Mr. Wiener of Germany, who spoke on behalf of the Foreign language dele-gates, President Woodhead introduced Douglas N. Graves of Boston, who sub-mitted a report of a special committee appointed to consider the use of the As-sociation Emblem for advertising pur-poses. Mrs. Hocken, wife of the Mayor of Torónto, presented President Wood-head an ebony, silver, decorated gavel, on behalf of the women of the city. (Continued on page 1127.)

(Continued on page 1127.)

NEW YORK, JUNE 27, 1914

Standards of Newspaper Practice.

(Adopted by A. A. C. W., Toronto, June 24, 1914) It Is the Duty of the Newspaper-

It is the Duty of the Newspaper— 1. To protect the honest advertiser and the general newspaper reader, as far as possible, from deceptive or offensive advertising. 2. To sell advertising as a commodity on the basis of proven circulation and the service the paper will render the manufacturer or the merchant; and to provide the fullest information as to the character of such circulation and how procured. 3. To maintain uniform rates, according to classifications, and to present those rates, as fas as possible, in a uniform card. 4. To accept no advertising which is antagonistic to the public welfare.

welfare. 5. To effect the largest possible co-operation with other news-papers in the same field for the establishment and maintenance of ese standards.

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10 Cents a Copy

NEW COMMANDMENTS.

STANDARDS OF PRACTICE FOR NEWSPAPERS AS ADOPTED BY CONVENTION.

After Frank and Free Discussion, Without a Dissenting Voice, They Were Made Rules for Future Guidance of Interested Newspapers and Advertising Men-Many Excellent Speeches and Papers Were Read.

(Editorial Correspondence.)

(Editorial Correspondence.) TORONTO, June 22.—"I doubt if you young gentlemen realize the importance of the action you have taken," said ex-United States Senator Lafayette Young, proprietor of the Des Moines (Ia.) Cap-ital, in addressing the newspaper sec-tion of the Associated Ad Clubs at Toronto, on the adoption of the Stand-ard of Practice for newspapers, shown in the adjoining columns. in the adjoining columns.

"This is the greatest step forward that the press has taken in my recollec-tion," he continued. "At the beginning of the newspaper business it was though to be legitimate to publish anything that southed a offered that would go through to be legitimate to publish anything that anybody offered that would go through the mails and the public conceived the notion that if you were registered to transmit it through the mails you were authorized to publish everything that was not against the law. That idea prevailed for a long time. Now it has grown to be the belief that the publisher is going to see what is going into his grown to be the belief that the publisher is going to see what is going into his advertising columns, even though pay is offered. What does this mean? It means a fuller confidence on the part of the public in all kinds of newspapers and public confidence to a great extent is worth more than business, type, fran-chise and stock on hand.

A STORY WITH A MORAL.

"You can take a great newspaper that everybody believes in," said the ex-Sen-ator, "burn it up from top to bottom, without insurance, and that man will be on his feet with a great newspaper again with public confidence. It ought to be the practice of every publicher be the practice of every publisher o wants to add thousands of dollars to his plant and to what he owns, to carefully edit the advertising in the "in-terest of the public.

woman came into my office, and my of-fice is unpretentious, where anybody can be got at from the office boy to the pub-lisher, and she asked for the publisher-myself. I went out to see what she "I got a lesson three years ago. lisher, and she asked for the publisher-myself. I went out to see what she wanted. She said she had been a suffer-er from cancer and she had read in the newspapers about a doctor in Kansas City who cured cancer without the use of a knife; and she was poor and want-ed the money to get there. I told her there was no cure for cancer and that she had been deceived and that the only she had been deceived and that the only thing she must do, as all do who have it, prepare to die. She said, 'Why did you print that advertisement, Mr. Young?' I answered, 'Well, that advertisement will not appear again,' and it didn't.

CONFIDENCE IN PAPER.

"I concluded that to have the measure of confidence that the journal was to have, the reader must have confidence in the advertising as well as the editorials and the news, and I still believe that you are just starting on a new career. There never was so much responsibility on the part of the newspapers in the United never was so much responsibility on the part of the newspapers in the United States that have abolished political func-tions and they are endeavoring to abol-ish the political boss, and who does the publisher depend upon to do that? Newspapers—and the newspaper can do nothing to help the public in one direc-

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tion unless it has the confidence of the public in all directions. SOME EVIDENCE OF PROGRESS

SOME EVIDENCE OF PROCRESS. "It has been twenty years since we were glad to publish the Louisiana State Lottery with B. G. Beauregard's name at the bottom. Now, we would consider it ridiculous. It only shows the progress we have made in advertising. We have the fellow that offers goods marked down from \$19.00 to 95c. We have him to deal with, and we will have him on the mourner's bench jf we continue this. I know that the place where our greatest rewards come from is the big stores. They are going through this same pro-gress. They are determined to deal square with the public because this is the best thing they can do, and it will pay the business, through emancipating your-self from the tyranny of advertising. I will tell you another thing. When you commence to leave them out, as I have done for about three years, you will see how hadk a man want to be in when commence to leave them out, as I have done for about three years, you will see how badly a man wants to be in when he cannot get in, and you can edit your copy and strike out a word and send it back and he will still order it in as many newspapers have found. And, when you make advertising clean and truthful, you will get a greater price per inch. I am make advertising clean and truthtul, you will get a greater price per inch. I am strongly in favor of the adoption of this important labor. I wanted more of a spread eagle speech in it, but our friend here, the chairman, wanted five com-mandments instead of ten and said they should take Moses as their patron saint and motto. But, it hits the spot and it is is going to do great things."

is is going to do great things." THE NEWSPAPER SESSIONS. The newspaper sessions were held in the Horticultural Building. The Con-vention was called to order on Tuesday morning at nine thirty by William C. Freeman, director of Advertising of The New York Globe, who stated that President Woodhead had asked him to serve in the capacity of chairman in the absence of Jason Rogers, the publisher of the New York Globe. He then read a letter from Mr. Rogers stating that he was unable to be present because of phy-sical disability and pledging himself to assist in carrying out the newspaper proassist in carrying out the newspaper pro-paganda to be decided upon by the

paganda to be decided upon by the newspaper men present. The chairman said, "There ought to be very free and frank discussions. Everyone will have an opportunity to express his views. Whatever is said here, let it be said and end here. If we have disagreements, let them be manly disagreements and do not let us take our business out of the office and let the world know that we are quarrelling our business out of the office and let the world know that we are quarrelling among ourselves. I think that is the spirit that ought to dominate this meet-ing—to get together, fight it out here, but let's go before the world as a unit for decent advertising and more adver-tising in the newspapers."

tising in the newspapers." CHOOSING BETWEEN ADVERTISEMENTS. Allen D. Albert assistant publisher of the Minneapolis (Minn.) Tribune, "champion," of the newspaper division said: "As a matter of fact the whole cause of honest advertising depends greatly upon the attitude of the news-paper offices. What we shall do and are to ing here today promises to effect more "champion," of the newspaper division from this effort if we go to it in a suff-said: "As a matter of fact the whole creatly upon the attitude of the news-paper offices. What we shall do and are doing here today promises to effect more largely the general class than the pro-hangel the general class than the pro-targely the devertising and up-stand the cause we are advocating. The the this will be twice or ten times greater than at this one. My own news-between acceptable advertising and un-acceptable advertising and un-acceptable advertising and un-and here are these two papers, each of the matanding ratcically alone, each of them standing practically alone, each of them standing practically alone, each of them to a standard and an organization of machinery to make that standard ef-fective. No newspaper an carry the full burden of honest advertising on its own shoulders and earry it alone. It puts too large a leverage in the hands newspapers represented. The chairman "Chailes and vertising manager of the formulate any set of reso-tor the standard and an organization of machinery to make that standard ef-fective. No newspaper can carry the full burden of honest advertising on its own shoulders and leverage in the hands newspapers represented. The chairman of standard and an organization of the standard ef-fective. No newspaper can carry the full burden of honest advertisi



JULIUS SCHNEIDER, GENERAL ADVERTISING DIRECTOR CHICAG O RECORD-HERALD,

of the opposition. You will find, I think, of the opposition. You will find, I think, the work on which we are entering is fraught with the largest potentiality for good or evil, for dollars-and-cents progress or loss to us all." The chairman then called upon El-bert H. Baker, publisher of the Cleve-land (O.) Plain Dealer, who said: "I am in most cordial sympathy with every effort that attempts a clean-up of news-papers. For the past few years, we have

effort that attempts a clean-up of news-papers. For the past few years, we have been endeavoring to up-root objection; able or fraudulent advertising and each year we have gone further and further with this propaganda, and I would be very glad indeed to co-operate. I be-lieve that nothing but good can come from this effort if we go to it in a suffi-ciently thorough way." The chairman then asked for an ex-position of opinion from Louis Wiley of The New York Times, W. A. Thomson, Bureau of Advertising of the A. N. P. A., and the following publish-ers' representatives : George Katz, C. H.

suggested that a committee of seven be appointed to formulate a standard of practice for newspapers and he named practice for newspapers and he named as the chairman of that committee, Al-len D. Albert, the champion of the newspaper division. He suggested that the special representative name one of the committee men, the advertising man-agers a member, the Canadian and for-eign publications a member, and the newspaper publications a member. newspaper publishers, business mana-gers, three members. There were newspaper publishers, business mana-gers, three members. There were eight special representatives present: Tom Conklin of Verree & Conklin; G. R. Katz, of E. Katz Special Advertis-ing Agency; Charles H. Eddy, John Budd, A. E. Chamberlin, of Knill & Chamberlin; W. H. Kentnor, of Benja-min & Kentnor, and R. J. Virtue. R. I. Virtue was named

JULIUS SCHNEIDER'S NEW JOB.

Sketch of the New Advertising Direc-

tor of the Chicago Record-Herald.

As announced in these columns re-cently Julius Schneider, for several years advertising counsel of the Chicago Trib-une, has been appointed general adver-tising director of the Record-Herald.

tising director of the Record-Herald. His career has been an interesting one. In his younger days Mr. Schnei-der engaged in newspaper work in con-nection with the Joliet Daily News, in Joilet, Ill. It was then a struggling little sheet of a few hundred circula-tion, but in the course of a few years was built up into a good property with a circulation of more thousands than it originally had hundreds, and showing a profit as well as making a living for

a circulation of more thousands than it originally had hundreds, and showing a profit as well as making a living for Jim Ferriss and himself. Later he became connected with the Chicago Inter Ocean in the old Kohl-saat days immediately following the world's fair, which probably was the only period in the history of that paper when it showed a profit. When the late Charles T. Yerkes became its financial sponsor the entire Kohlsaat organiza-tion was incontinently "fired." Thereupon Mr. Schneider grappled the opposite horn of the dilemma, and became advertising manager for Carson, Pirie, Scott & Company's department store. For fifteen years thereafter, Mr. Schneider's activities were used in ad-vertising and merchandising for large retail and manufacturing concerns, in-cluded among which were Carson, Pirie, Scott & Company, Selz Schwab & Com-pany, the American Steel and Wire Company (prior to its absorption by the United States Steel Company), Siegel Cooper & Company and The Fair de-partment store. He was picked as the best man to put over local display merchandising ideas

partment store. He was picked as the best man to put over local display merchandising ideas in newspaper work, and as advertising counsellor on the Chicago Tribune for upwards of three years has made a conspicuous success in the development of new advertisers and in the construct-ive work for increasing the profitable-

of new advertisers and in the construct-new ork for increasing the profitable-ness of newspaper advertising. His friends, who are legion, assert that his ideas, his initiative, and his organizing abilities, were to a consid-erable extent responsible for the very remarkable showing made by the Trib-une within the last three years, during which Mr. Schneider organized the local display department into a very effective efficiency proposition. He also devel-oped from his department store expe-rience the idea of full pages for smaller advertisers, and organized the solicita-tion and the copy service under which a very effective showing has been made. For the last vear or two he has de-voted himself largely to the develop-ment of new advertisers in his capacity of advertising counsellor, with a success so conspicuous as to have been noticed all over the country. Hence it is no

all over the country. Hence it is no wonder that when Mr. Keel secured the Record-Herald, the first man he went after on the Tribune was the one whose record was as above.

whose record was as above. Although no longer in the heyday of youth, Mr. Schneider bears his years without diminution of energy and tackles the new proposition, the hardest job of his life, with the same enthusiasm and the same high spirit of enterprise that might be expected from a youth just starting out on his career. His friends predict that he will be no negli-gible factor in the development of the great newspaper property which seems great newspaper property which seems to be the destiny of the Chicago Herald, under which title the publication will henceforth be known.

Richards Heads Six Point League.

Richards Heads Six Point League. At the annual meeting of the Six Point League last week the following officers were elected to serve for the coming year: F. St. John Richards, president; L. A. Klein, vice-president; Frank R. Northrup, treasurer, and Louis Gilman, secretary. The meeting was largely attended, and, according to the policies for the coming year as out-lined by the new officers, this will be a very busy year for the members of the league. the league.

ARRIVAL OF AD DELEGATES.

Boston Pilgrims and El Paso Mexi-canos in Unique Garb.

Boston Pilgrims and El Paso Mexi-canos in Unique Garb. (Editorial Correspondence.) Tororto, June 21.—When I arrived in this city yesterday morning accom-panied by Joseph Appel, advertising manager of John Wanamaker; Robert Adamson, Fire Commissioner of New York, and William C. Freeman, adver-tising counsellor of the New York Globe, I found the members of the Toronto Ad Club, who were to be the hosts of America, were on the job. As we did no notice of our coming we were not met at the depot by members of the club, but when we reached the King Edward Hotel, where we were to stop, we found an alert young man ready to assist us in any way he could. We found the city decorated with flags and bunting. Every street lamp post was covered with artistically draved bunting. Many of the stores had fes-toons of flags over their doors. The bill boards bore beautifully painted mot-staid old city like Toronto such a dis-play of bunting was unusual. DELECATES FOUR INTO CIT.

DELEGATES POUR INTO CITY.

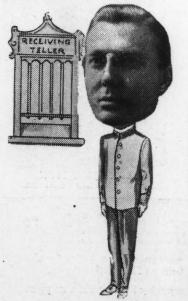
All day Saturday and Sunday dele-gates were pouring into the city. They came from Edmonton, Alberta; Winni-peg and the cities of the Northwest; from Texas, Birmingham, Atlanta and other Southern cities; from Los Ange-les, San Francisco and Portland, on the Pacific Coast; from Nebraska, Iowa, Il-linois, in the West and Middle West; from Massachusetts, New York, Penn-sylvania, New Jersey and Maryland, on the Atlantic Coast.

the Atlantic Coast. The Boston Pilgrims, as is usually the case each year, brought a fine looking, well drilled and impressive body of men. They wore blue coats, white trou-sers and shoes and straw hats with blue silk ribbon bands bearing the name of the club. Carrol Swan, that prince of club leaders, was in command of the

delegation. The El Paso delegates wore immense Mexican straw hats with two foot brims, which were turned up in front and bore in large artistic letters the name of the club. The hats were so conspicuous that you could hear nothing else, even when the Highlanders' band was play-

The Cincinnati club members carried

The Cincinnati club members carried white umbrellas bearing the inscription "Cincinnati in 1916." The Des Moines club brought a scrap-book seven feet high which they have on exhibition in the registration build-ing. It is filled with clippings of the publicity matter by its members.



HARRY D. ROBBINS, CHAIRMAN VIGILANCE COMMITTEE,

Edmonton, Alberta, sent to the con-vention 232 delegates and others inter-ested in advertising. The Iowa Ad-Sell League and the Des Moines club published a miniature newspaper on the train while en route to Toronto Toronto. to

The Waco, Texas, club brought along miniature bales of cotton, armlets and hathands

hatbands. The Dallas delegates, who are stay-ing at the St. George Hotel, tied a rope to the hotel desk and ran it up to the balcony and thence to the top of the hotel. On the rope were little tags bear-ing the inscription "Follow the rope and you will reach Dallas Headquarters, where you will receive a real Dallas Welcome."

CELEBRATE CENTURY OF PEACE

Addresses by Sir Edmund Walker and J. A. Macdonald on Anglo-American Friendship.

TORONTO, June 22 .- Nearly all the TORONTO, June 22.—Nearly all the Protestant pulpits were occupied on Sun-day morning by advertising men who delivered lay sermons on subjects of general interest. Owing to the fact that rain had fallen in the early morning, it looked for a while as though the preachers would address slim audiences, but just about church time, the rain stopped and the churches filled. In sev-eral instances the congregations that aseral instances the congregations that as-sembled were in size far in excess of the usual number of people. (Excerpts from the lay sermons will be found elsewhere in this issue.)

Sunday, afternoon a mass meeting was held at Massey Hall to celebrate 100 years of peace between the United States and Canada. The great hall, which will accommodate 3,500 people, was crowded in every part in every part. The music for the occasion was fur-

rished by the celebrated Mendelssohn Choir, and the Forty-eighth Highland-ers' Band. The musical critics among the ad men agreed that the singing of the Mendelssohn Choir was the finest

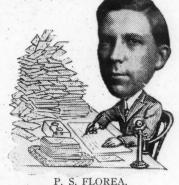


chorus singing to which they had ever

listened. Dr. A. S. Vogt, the director, handles this splendid body of men and women singers with the touch of a master. The ingers with the touch of a master. The volume of tone is smooth, vibrant and powerful. The members of the choir are under the absolute control of the leader, and he handles them as easily as a Paderewski playing upon the keys of a grand piano. The addresses of the afternoon were delivered by Sir Edmund Walker and Dr. J. A. Macdonald, managing editor of the Toronto Globe, on "North America's Greatest Achievement." Dr. Macdonald spoke in part as follows: But the greatest thing of all is the joint achievement of these two English-speaking nations of North America. That supreme whievement which North America can show the worl is an international houndary line heveen two nations across which in a hundred y find that achievement? A thousand miles up

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SECRETARY-TREASURER.

THE OPENING SESSION.

Record Making Attendance of Delegates a Distinguishing Feature.

TORONTO, June 22.—A thin, gray mist covered Toronto as with a blanket early this morning when the ad club men opened their eyes on the initial day of the great Associated Advertising Clubs the great Associated Advertising Clubs of America Convention. Rain had fallen during the night and the sidewalks were still wet. For awhile it looked as though the skies were going to drip moisture all day. But, fortunately, no more rain fell, and when the delegates arrived at the Canadian Exhibition Grounds, where the sessions were to be held, the blanket of mist and clouds lifted and a bright lune sun shed its lifted and a bright June sun shed its warm and inspiring rays upon the scene. The gathering of the clans was, as usual, one of the impressive features of the opening session. The members

or the opening session. The members of each delegation or club wore a badge, a hatband, or some other distinguishing mark that helped to identify their wear-ers. As each delegation entered the Transportation Building it raised its war cry or sang its club song. Those who had already gathered gave them a salute of cheers. One of the clubs salute of cheers. One of the clubs brought along a diminutive burro.

FINE HALL ACOUSTICS.

The great hall in which the delegates The great hall in which the delegates found themselves was in every way ad-mirably adapted to the purposes of the convention. It was not as large as the Baltimore hall of last year, but it was of ample size and from an acoustic standpoint it was thoroughly satisfac-tory. The ceiling was covered with white and yellow bunting and upon the walls were hung repreductions of the scal of and yellow builting and upon the walls were hung reproductions of the scal of the A. A. C. A. and shields bearing this sentence from the declaration of principles of the organization:

principles of the organization: "We believe that every member owes a duty of enforcing the code of morals based on Truth in advertising." When President William Woodhead called the members to order he faced not only the largest gathering of dele-gates ever assembled at any annual con-vention of the organization, but the largest number of advertising men ever gathered together anywhere in the world. It was an inspiring scene. The vari-colored insignia worn by the mem-bers, the flower bedecked hats of the



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WALTER B. CHERRY, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT.

ladies, and the banners carried by the clubs gave to the great crowd a variety in effect usually found in a well ar-ranged, well cultivated flower garden. But aside from this color impression given the observer was the still more impressive characteristic given the as-sembly by the formality of the men and women delegates. An old convention reporter who has grown gray in news-paper work told me that in all his expe-rience he had never seen such an intel-ligent, alert, and fine looking body of human beings. It certainly was a splen-did crowd. There were young men just starting out in the advertising busiius starting out in the advertising busi-ness, middle aged and thoroughly sea-soned ad agents and managers, and manufacturers; and gray headed veter-ans who have borne the brunt of battle.

Ans who have borne the brunt of Datue. ADDRESSES OF WELCOME. After the audience had sung the na-tional hymns of Great Britain and the United States, accompanied by the For-ty-eighth Highlanders' Band, George C. Hubbs offered the invocation.

Hubbs offered the invocation. Addresses of welcome were then given by Sir John Gibson, Lieutenant Governor. of Ontario, representing the Duke of Connaught; on behalf of the City of Toronto by Mavor Hocken; on behalf of the ladies of Canada, by Miss Constance Rudyard Boulton; and on behalf of the Toronto Ad Club, by Will-iam G. Rook, president of the club. As Mayor Hocken attended the Dal-las and Baltimore conventions the dele-

As Mayor Hocken attended the Dal-las and Baltimore conventions the dele-gates felt that they knew him and gave him the heartiest kind of a welcome. His message glowed with honest and generous hospitality. Miss Boulton made an excellent impression. President Woodhead's annual report

President Woodhead's annual report was a conservative and businesslike statement of the work done by the or-ganization during the year. (It appears elsewhere in this issue.) Secretary Florea in his annual report said that the association now has a mem-bership of 132 clubs, representing a total membership of 10,678 persons. The cash balance on hand in the bank is \$4,998.48; the assets, \$9,946.27. The financial committee raised from

balance on hand in the bank is \$4,996.48; the assets, \$9,946.27. The financial committee raised from agents. \$200; newspapers, \$200; engrav-ers, \$195; general advertisers, \$605; re-tail advertisers, \$275; religious press, \$177.50; specialty manufacturers, \$701; Out-Door Advertising Association, \$2,000; Poster Advertising Association, \$2,000; directory publishers, \$500; Sun-set Marazine, \$150. Total, \$9,803.50. T. W. LeQuatte. of Des Moines, Ia., the treasurer, briefly summarized his re-port by saying that the total cash re-ceipts during the year had been \$45,000, on which \$43,000 had been checked out. W. H. Ingersoll, chairman of the Provisional National Commission, ap-pointed to prepare a new constitution

Provisional National Commission, ap-pointed to prepare a new constitution submitted the committee's report. At the conclusion of the session the delegates went to the lake front and had a group picture taken. While the Highlanders' Band gave a concert on the green, the hungry ad men went to the constituent for hundron special restaurant for luncheon.

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of the addresses the speakers dwelt upon the significance of the ad club movement and its effect upon higher business ethics. Excerpts from the ser-mons follow:

ADVERTISING AS FACTOR IN LIFE Joseph H. Appel, Director of Pub-licity, John Wanamaker; Jarvis Street Baptist Church-Advertising makes possible the great commercial and business houses, and is now being used by the religious denominations daily to attract the people to their churches. Let your the people to their churches. Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works. Advertising is only the means to an improved busi-ness, and business is life itself. All are summed up in a word—service— and service to man and God. Once Advertising is A11 Once and service to man and God. Once there was an aristocracy of professions. Today there is a democracy of business. Business is the great leveler. It levels not by cutting down the high peaks of culture, but by raising the lowlands of humanity, and draws mankind closer together. together.

GREAT MOVEMENT FOR UPLIFT.

GREAT MOVEMENT FOR UPLIFT. Herbert N. Casson, H. K. McCann Co., New York; Metropolitan Methodist Church—Look you, that you may see. Look for the better things in life, so ap-parent everywhere. Many people do not appreciate the age in which they are liv-ing. The work of the ad clubs is one of the greatest movements for the uplift of humanity in or out of the churches Advertising men are trying to reform the business world at a great personal money loss. They have taken on the new idea of business—that the business man is only a trustee and should deal honestly with the people.

HONESTY CREATES OPPORTUNITY.

Herbert Wyle, Business Manager Baltimore News; Holy Blossom Syna-gogue—The advertising man is attempt-ing by an educational campaign to show

S. C. DOBBS.

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

AD MEN GIVE SERMONS. Truth as Foundation of Business Dealings the Burden of Addresses From Pulpits of Toronto Churches Infinite of the Addresses From Pulpits of Corrospondence. *(Editoria Correspondence)* Toronto, June 21.—Truth as the basis of advertising was the burden of this for advertising was the burden of this pregation here today. Although respondence of the addresses the speakers down the significance of the ad churches the significance of the ad churches the travel hand in hand, when a man business life. Business and churches the travel hand in hand, when a man the travel hand in the general harmony. TRUTH MAKES FOR SUCCES.

TRUTH MAKES FOR SUCCESS.

TRUTH MAKES FOR SUCCESS. Norman Hapgood, Editor Harper's Weekly; Broadway Tahernacle—It is no longer the task of religion primarily to give us truth in our private lives alone. The great task of the modern world is divided equally; it is the task of religion to spiritualize business, and it is the task of business to make of itself a religion. There was a time when the greatest husiness man was he that got ahead of the other fellow, the man of individual smartness and sharpness. That spirit is ranidly dving away; there is little of willing selfishness left in modern business. No man in business is little of willing selfsiness left in modern business. No man in business is quite satisfied today if he feels that his business serves no man but himself. The spirit of the age has entered into the husiness man.

SQUARE DEAL MAKES FOR CONFIDENCE. SQUARE DEAL MAKES FOR CONFIDENCE. Frank Le Rov Blanchard, Editor THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER; Shelbourne Street Methodist Church—Many of the publishers of newspapers, magazines and other periodicals have voluntarily put up the bars against all objectionable ad-vertising. They have taken the posi-tion that it is their duty to protect their readers against all attempts made by unscrupulous men to rob them of their readers against all attempts made by unscrupulous men to rob them of their money. This attitude, it seems to me, is directly in line with the scrip-tural iniunction, "Do unto others as ye would that men should do to you." The entire structure of business is founded upon confidence. The only way that they can win the confidence and good will of the public is hy square dealing. This means avoiding exaggeration and telling the truth about the articles they

telling the truth about the articles they have to sell. HONESTY GREAT FORCE FOR GOOD.

HONESTY GREAT FORCE FOR GOOD. Rohert Adamson, Fire Commissioner of New York City; Parkdale Baptist Church—The thousands of men who are gathered here for the advertising convention are engaged in a warfare for truth. They are engaged in a camfor truth. They are engaged in a cam-paign to stamp out misleading adver-tising, a practice which degrades busi-ness and to bring in the principle of honest advertising. a practice which ele-vates business and establishes a stand-ard of honor throughout the husiness world. They strive to teach husiness men that it is as dishonest for men to sign their names to a misleading adver-tisement as it is for them to sign their names to a forged note. names to a forged note.

VALUE OF RELIGIOUS ADVERTISING.

WALUE OF RELIGIOUS ADVERTISING. W. B. Motris Advertising Manager Northwestern Knitting Co., Minneabolis: Old St. Andrews' Presbyterian Church —The time is rine for the church to wipe out the evils which are now tol-erated by a so-called civilized people, and these evils can only he obliterated by an amalgamation of all the Chris-tian fighting forces. The differences between creeds which now form a harbetween creeds which now form a har-



CHAIRMAN ADVERTISING AGENTS.

rier can be torn down and public opin-ion so crystallized by advertising that the evils which now exist will be un-able to resist the onslaught. The sooner the church organizes a campaign of publicity the sooner will come the time when Christianity will become a reality instead of a dream. I have every rea-son to believe that within the next fifty years more progress will be made in establishing the Kingdom 'of God on earth than has been made in the last 1,900 years, and this must and will be done by publicity.

done by publicity. REACHING FOR PRIMARY THINGS OF LIFE. Andrew N. Fox, Advertising Man-ager Benjamin Electric Co., Chicago; Bloor Street Baptist Church—By "reach-ing forth unto those things of life, the essentials, and ignoring the things of little consequence, then only can the big questions of civilization be solved. Christ and St. Paul were both really adver-tising men. The Master's command, "Go ye into all the world," was plainly an order to spread the gospel and to bind the nations by intercourse—and advertising. advertising.

ADVERTISING STANDS FOR TRUTH.

ADVERTISING STANDS FOR TRUTH. Rev. Father J. E. Copus, Dean School of Journalism, Marquette University; St. Michael's Cathedral—The old prov-erb was "Let buyers beware," but now business men are having their con-sciences aroused and everything is be-ing done to give dealers fair treatment. Advertising now stands for "truth," and the business man is beginning to realize the business man is beginning to realize the necessity of religion, and we are beginning to see that we are but stew-ards in the hands of a higher power. The church has a higher hand in business today than ever it had before.

ADS, THE SAPOLIO OF THE SOUL

Peter Clark Macfarlane, of Collier's Weekly; St. Paul's Anglican Church-Religious advertising is the Sapolio of the soul. Advertising his the Sapolio of the soul. Advertising has remade in-dustries and can remake the church. It is not heresy to say that some change is needed. The world wants the church

JUNE 27, 1914

to be a fact, not a fancy; to be a force, not a form.

FALSE ADS RUIN EFFICIENCY.

E. S. Hole, of London, England; First Unitarian Church-The business man is Unitarian Church—The business man is more anxious to clean out advertising than the consumer, as even a little false advertising will pollute and ruin the efficiency of advertising as a whole. Dis-honesty is infectious, and it must be treated as such, the infected part must be cut away from the uninfected. The day when absolute truth shall be a ne-cessity in every advertisement is close at hand; and then we shall be able to reap the greatest benefits from this, the greatest asset known to business.

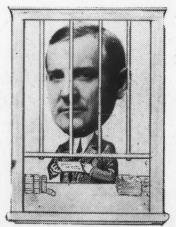
HONESTY PAYS IN BUSINESS.

C. B. Hamilton, Advertising Manager, Berkey & Gay Furniture Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; Broadway Tabernacle— When I speak of spirituality in business I certainly do not have in mind that old conception of sanctimoniousness and old conception of sanctimoniousness and ability to cant religious phrases. I read in the Bible a much larger meaning than this. When I speak of spirituality, in business I mean that kind of a life which Christ exemplified and which can be realized by men today. What we need is not to run away from the world, but to make the world minister to our deepest human needs. This, as I under-stand it, is the spiritualization of busi-ness. ness.

NEED OF SOCIAL GOSPEL.

NEED OF SOCIAL GOSPEL. Rev. Charles Stelsle, New York City; Broadway Tabernacle Methodist Church —Socialism is making strides. It can-not be blotted out; it cannot be laughed out; it cannot be snuffed out. The only way Socialism can be eradicated is to wipe out the conditions that have given rise to Socialism. The Church has fallen down on its job. To use the terminol-ogy of the ad men, the Church has on its hands a big selling proposition, but there is a need for a new emphasis in its message. The time has come for the emphasis of another message—"The So-cial Gospél."

Wins Honor in Journalism Course. Alfred P. Haake, Chicago, a grad-uate of this year's class in journalism at the University of Wisconsin, Madi-son, has just been appointed to a grad-uate scholarship in journalism and English at Wisconsin for next year, and will continue his work in these subjects. He was editor-in-chief of the Daily Cardinal, the student paper at Wiscon-Daily sin, this year.



FRED E. JOHNSTON, MEMBER EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.



You cannot afford NOT to buy an INTERTYPE.

-because the Intertype is by far the best "buy" ever offered the trade.

You keep part of the profit in your pocket.

NEW NAME ADOPTED

Organization to be Hereafter Known as Associated Advertising Clubs of the World.

(Editorial Correspondence.)

(Editorial Correspondence.) Toronto has from time to time been visited by conventions which have stirred the city to a greater or less ex-tent. It is safe to say, however, that nothing has ever roused the inhabitants of the Queen City of Canada to the extent that the ad convention now in session has done. The idea of a score of advertising men occupying Toronto pulpits has seized the imagination of Canadians to such an extent that there canadians to such an extent that there is nothing which the convention could ask of the city which it would not grant without question.

The general session Monday afternoon was a tremendous success. First came the consideration of the proposed new constitution. There was evidently some doubt as to the wisdom of changing the doubt as to the wisdom of changing the-name of the association from its orig-inal title, "The Associated Advertising Clubs of America" to that of "The Asso-ciated Advertising Clubs of the World," which was first proposed by Mr. Dun-lap of Chicago. The stirring address of Mr. Shuman of Chicago settled the mat-ter in guilet time.

ter in quick time. In view of the magnificent success of the present convention and the wonder-ful addresses given by Dr. J. A. Mac-donald and Sir Edmund Walker, at the mass meeting held the previous day, the speaker thought the time was opportune to launch out into the wider sphere to which the association was now called.

MOTION CARRIED WITH ENTHUSIASM.

The motion was carried by a large majority amid a scene of great enthu-

siasm. Then came the matter of the new con-stitution. It seemed for a time as if the business of the afternoon was going to business of the afternoon was going to be choked by a mass of amendments to this document. Then S. C. Dobbs of Atlanta arose and in a spirited address swept the gathering with him. "In this program," said he, "you will find the proposed new constitution and by-laws. They have been under consideration by an able and honest body of men for the past twelve months. In fact the earnest work has been in progress for the past two years.

work has been in progress for the past two years. "When I look at this meeting and look back in retrospect for the past ten years my heart wells within me. I see pictures growing in volume and in char-acter, and, best of all, the influence of the movement spreading through the civilized world." The speaker pictured in glowing terms the magnificent convention which was

the magnificent convention which was now in progress, the finest in the his-tory of the organization, and declared that the association, having outgrown its swaddling clothes, stood that day in Toronto in the full growth of man-hood. The committee dealing with the constitution had worked untiringly and he wanted to pay a tribute to the men



"FILIX" J. SHAY, OF BALTIMORE.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

who were cutting a suit of clothes to fit the great ad clubs of the world. DOBBS MAKES STIRRING APPEAL

"I ask you," said Mr. Dobbs, "to ac-cept this constitution as it stands, be-

cept this constitution as it stands, be-cause it is good enough for the con-vention, and therefore it is good enough for any ad club on earth." The meeting was ready for the ques-tion when the speaker had concluded his address and when the president put the motion to the meeting there was a tremendous shout in the affirmative. "Thank you Mr. Dobbe" "Thank you, Mr. Dobbs," said President Woodhead, "that seems to have put everybody off the map." PRINTER'S INK CUP CONTEST.

Nothing like the contest for the Print-er's Ink Cup has ever been heard or seen in Torono. Representatives of com-peting clubs addressed the convention, setting forth their claims for the cup. The enthusiastic greetings which the speakers received from their supporting speakers received from their supporting delegates in the shape of war-whoops, yells and calls made a never-to-be-for-gotten scene. The contest brought out one orator of a high standard. He came from a small place called El Paso, which is stated to be somewhere on the bor-der, and his name, R. E. Sherman. The lights of oratory to which the audience tlights of oratory to which the audience were treated aroused them to tumultous

were treated aroused them to tumultous scenes of enthusiam, amid which could be heard cries of, "Give it to them." The speaker told of the young club of which he was a proud member, down on the border, "where we do things and do them tast," said he, amid a roar of laughter. He declared that El Paso had been the dumping ground of every fakir and grafter who went across the trans-continental railway. "We started in to clean them up." said the speaker amid continental railway. "We started in to clean them up," said the speaker amid a hurricane of cheering, "and we won. We drove out the charlatan with the whip lash of public condemnation and we scourged them from the city. We next started in on civic matters and we did things."

HOT EL PASO DINNERS.

He referred to the dinners at El Paso as "the hottest, busiest and liveliest things you ever saw," and the gathering rocked with laughter. When Mr. Sher-man's time was up there were loud cries of "go on" and he did go on to some nurpose. some purpose.

MILNE TALKS FOR EDMONTON. Another splendid address was given by W. A. Milne, of Edmonton, Alta. The speaker told of the achievements of his club to a continual round of cheering. The work done among the children in "clean-up" day, the planting of 6000 trees and the putting in of access children in "clean-up" day, the planting of 6,000 trees and the putting in of some 5,000 packages of flower seeds revealed a magnificent spirit on the part of the Edmonton Club and the gathering was not slow to appreciate the fact. The following clubs were entered for the trophy: New York, San Diego, Bridge-port, Minneapolis, Boston Filgrims, Los Angeles, Des Moines, Toledo, Birming-ham, El Paso. Nevada and Edmonton.

WINS \$1,000 AD PRIZE.

WINS \$1,000 AD FRIZE. The awarding of the \$1,000 prize for the best essay on an advertising sub-ject offered by Advertising and Selling, New York, was an interesting event. The winner was J. P. Beck, advertising man-ager of the Universal Portland Cement Company of Chicago. His subject was "Formulating' a Winning Sales Cam-paign for Cement." Four men received honorable mention—R. W. Ashcroft, of Montreal; Thornton Purkis, of Toronto; Marshall Olds, of New York, and C. M. Wessels, of Philadelphia. In the evening the delegates were taken for a moonlight trip on the steam-ers Cayuga and Turbinia. During the afternoon session a mes-sage from the Duke of Connaught was read, extending to the delegates his best wishes for a successful convention.

wishes for a successful convention.

Indiana Newspaper Changes Hands. Eldie E. Troxell, Republican, of Greencastle, Ind., and Herbert L. Moore, Democrat, of New Albany, Ind., have bought the Madison, Ind., Democrat-Progressive and by agreement will con-tinue its publication this campaign as a Progressive organ and will then make it independent it independent.



JOHN RENFREW, LOS ANGELES, MEMBER EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

HOLD DEPARTMENT SESSIONS Many Papers Read at Tuesday Di-

vision Meetings.

vision Meetings. (Editorial Correspondence.) Toronoro, June 23.—Tuesday was a busy day and the splendid program which had been provided for relaxa-tion was enjoyed all the more by the delegates here. The beautiful grounds of Canada's Annual Exhibition run down to the water's edge and thousands of Canada's Annual Exhibition run down to the water's edge and thousands of people watched with interest the flights of a Curtis flying boat and the carnual of water sports. Many yachts were en-terea for a race but the picture they presented was a dreary one for there was not a "capful" of wind. The vari-ous camea moter and eight-cared shells

was not a "capful" of wind. The vari-ous cance, motor and eight-oared shells also provided a pleasurable-means of passing away the time. In the morning fifteen departments adopted standards of practice, which will be submitted for ratification at the gen-eral session to be held Thursday after-noon. William H. Ukers of New York, chairman of the committee when interchairman of the committee, when inter-viewed with regard to the result said:

STANDARDS OF PRACTICE, "These standards represent the most vital development in the advertising field and are the best contribution to the cause of better business yet made by the associated clubs. They are sig-nificant because through them all runs the idea of reciprocity, and of co-opera-tion. There is no jarring note. Each department acknowledges that the oth-ers have a legitimate place in the ad-vertising field and that while there may be competition, there can also be co-operation.

IDEALS OF CONDUCT.

IDEALS OF CONDUCT. "For the first time in the history of advertising we now have codes of ad-vertising ethics by means of which the members of the associated clubs can gauge their own conduct and also that of their fellows. As Chairman Ellis, who first thought of these 'standards of practice,' has expressed it, 'These standards should be what the Ten Com-mandments have been to the Christian standards should be what the Ten Com-mandments have been to the Christian people for centuries.' They are ideals of conduct. While they may never be lived up to perhaps by any single prac-titioner of advertising they will, never-theless, be to advertising what the Ten Commandments have been to society, a set of ideals towards which to work a set of ideals towards which to work -the best standards of right action now attainable."

DIVISION MEETINGS HELD.

DIVISION MEETINGS HELD. There were some seventy-five ad-dresses given during the afternoon in the different departmental sessions. All of these sessions were well attended and the only jarring note was perhaps found in the Horticultural Building, a long building which had been divided

WILSON GREETS CONVENTION

During the Monday morning session the following message from the President of the United States was read by John K. Allen, Chairman of the Program Committee:

THE WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON,

June 4th, 1914. Felicitating the Associated Adver-tising Clubs on this occasion, which brings into friendly association so important a branch of the business interests of the two English-speak-ing communities of the Continent, I express the sincere wish that the Toronto Convention will result in still more harmonious and efficient co-operation, in bringing about entire frankness and honesty in business dealings and the elimination of false and questionable educationette and questionable advertisements. (Signed) WoodRow WILSON.

into three sections by canvas. Natur-ally the applause from the sections did not make the ones who suffered at the moment any too good tempered al-though, as one delegate good naturedly put it, "The other sections are just as interested in their papers as we are here and it is not fair to condemn them for and it is not fair to condemn them for

metested in their papers as we are nere-and it is not fair to condemn them for what we do ourselves." MEANING OF TRUTH SEAL. R. R. Shuman of Chicago, in the Ad-vertising Agents' Section, gave an able address upon "What the Truth Seal Means to the Advertising Agents." The speaker declared that the advertising agencies of the United States and Can-ada had responsibilities in which they had been greatly remiss and, as a con-sequence, they had been charged with being marauders, freebooters, pirates, "out for the money" whoever suffers. The trouble was that the many suffered for the few and the only way was to purge their ranks so that they may stand before the world as men whose ideas of honesty and truth were so high ideas of honesty and truth were so high that the average advertising agency might come into its own birthright.

Mr. Shuman made a vigorous on-slaught on the fake piano, medical financial and land announcements, the local ads with their frenzy of exaggera-tion modelled after agency-made copy in foreign advertising Publishers in foreign advertising. Publishers brought face to face every day with the "clean neighbor" clause will be forced to segregate all their fraudulent and in-decent advertising into a "red light dis-trict" in their publication, he said; how long "Uncle Sam" or "Jack Canuck" would allow such a nasty mess to go through the mails or how long the pub-lic would permit it in their homes is a question that would face such publish-ers with very real force. The speaker recommended the estab-lishment of a National Bureau of In-vestigation which would work with the National Vigilance Committee and the city, State, national and postal author-ities. to segregate all their fraudulent and

ities.



E. CHAMBERLAIN, CHICAGO, NATIONAL EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THREE YEAR TERM.

J. M. Dunlap of Chicago spoke upon "Possible Improvement Between Agen-cises and Publishers." The speaker stated that the discontinuace of agency house organs which solicit, or rather stated the enforcement on the part or leading newspaper publisher and every leading newspaper publisher and every leading newspaper publisher of an agent's contract similar to that which crists between the Curtis Publishing company and each of the agencies which it recognizes. There were hope ful signs of the improvement in the re-tationship with publishers. One of the best was the furnishing of extraordi-mer information. The value of the trade-mark is the rainbow of in part: "The trade-mark is the rainbow of the associated Advertising Clubs of the no standardization of values and prices—no profit assurance for the there will come to his mind the "Mention advertising to a layman, and the no standardization of the agencies and the associated Advertising Clubs of America had only accomplished one of the advertising men of the various cities and states and provinces of this Amer-can continent it would still have been which it encominent it would still have been nary information.

In doing this the publishers were helping themselves and building business for themselves and building busi-ness for themselves. The agents have also shown a desire to work cleanly and just as whole heartedly as the pub-lishers. They had stopped trying to put the publishers on the rack at every opportunity; had stopped trying to bluff through the purchase of space at non-existent rates, and stopped telling the publisher they did not believe what he said about his publications.

said about his publications. There was a surprisingly large attend-ance at the general session in the eve-ning at 8 o'clock at what was called Consumers' Night. President Woodhead was in the chair and the address of Christine Frederick of New York City upon "The Average Woman Consumer the Jury to whom is directed two--the Jury to whom is directed two-thirds of the work of the Advertising Man" was received with much applause. Gerrit Fort of Omaha gave an address upon "What Publicity Can Do For Transportation" and stated that one of the greatest aids to a better knowledge of the great health resorts of the continent was the campaign which had ad-vertised these places and which had benefited both the people and the carrying corporations.

AGAINST ADVERTISING.

"Why don't you advertise?" asked the editor of the home paper. "Don't you be-lieve in advertising?" "T'm agin advertising," replied the pro-prietor of the Haysville Racket Store. "But why are you against it?" asked the editor.

edit

editor. "It keeps a felier too durn busy," replied the proprietor. "I advertised in a newspaper one time about ten years ago and I never even got time to go fishing."-From the Cin-cinnati Enquirer.

and prices—no prom assurance for a future. "Mention advertising to a layman, and at once there will come to his mind the Victor dog, the Heinz pickle, the Gold Dust Twins and other symbols of this character. These, rather than dry facts, are the things which linger and give an advertisement power.

"But, serviceable as the trade-mark may become, it is seldom made to do its full work. Often, indeed, it is con-sidered little more than an 'eye catcher,'

and quite as often as but an incidental bit of typography. "Because of this last attitude the trade-mark is often employed with a monotony which neutralizes its value.

"In some of its functions the trade-mark is often much like the sign at railroad crossings; and from the rec-ords of the service of those signs can be drawn a lesson of no little value to all users of trade-marks. One big rail-road declares that in several years, out of a total of 32,079 cases, only 298 motor vehicles: wagons and pedestrians—not vehicles; wagons and pedestrians—not one in a hundred, all told—fully obeyed the warning, 'Stop, Look and Listen.' "The fault heretofore has not been in

the form of the old warning, but in the monotony of its use, the lack of variety in the means and manner of its display. "All such matter, like every trade-mark, should be a stimulant—an irritant,

was about to say-active in meeting e diverting effects of other objects with which it is in competition.

"A trade-mark can never be too indi-vidual, nor can this individuality be made too well known. And it is in made too well known. And it is in making this individuality known that we find that advertising is able to cope with unfair competition, to assure a continuity of profits to a degree not pos-sible through any other means."

BUILD YOUR CLASSIFIED MEDIUM RIGHT

Increased volume, improved service to readers and advertisers, efficient constructive sales organizations, and additional increased revenue, are the results of our methods for several of the largest classified mediums in the United States.

THE BASIL L. SMITH SYSTEM

will build for you a perfect and profitable classified medium.

Cost of our service entirely dependent on increased business.

Philadelphia Address, BASIL L. SMITH, Haverford, Pa.

EXTRA! 400 CIRCULATORS AT SEA!! EXTRA!! It's a fact-they sailed today. While they are away

THE DUHAN DISTRIBUTORS ARE ACTIVE

This is the distribution organization that has been sticking close to business in New York since 1892. During these 22 years we were not asleep when Opportunity knocked. Instead, year by year as the city "growed" we extended our operations, and today we make deliveries throughout the city and are backing up our distri-bution with a canvassing and inspection force. Now we are supplying several thou-sand copies of newspapers a day to the dealers in New York. Now we can say that we have handled many millions of copies of daily news-papers and have npheld our end in any agreement we have made with newspaper circulators. During these 22 years we have learned that it pays to furnish circulators the bighest degree of efficiency in distribution and sales certain. Tell us your distribution difficulties in New York and we will help you out. Write us today.

DUHAN BROTHERS

The organization that has made good since 1892. Telephone: 8584 Beekman TRIBUNE BUILDING, NEW YORK.

worth while. And just think what progress we have

And just think what progress we have made in this direction. It is only three years ago at Boston that we saw those brawny sons of Great Britain in their Highland costume march into Faneuil Hall, the cradle of American liberty, and join their American brothers in singing "God Save the King," and at thet time when the suggestion was made that time when the suggestion was made that the 1913 convention be held in To-ronto, there were loud murmurs of disapproval and talk that this was an American association—"let the foreign-ers come to us"—"let us keep the con-vention on American soil" and a lot of other similar talk which occasionally passes for patriotism. The unanimity with which Toronto was selected at Baltimore only two years later robbed that convention of its annual excitement.

And now comes the splendid news that last week in London the British advertisers' association was formed, with Sir William Lever, president; Chas. F. Higham, vice-president; John Hart, secretary, and our friend Burton, who was with us at Baltimore, treas-urer. Mr. Higham in a letter to me who was with us at Baltimore, treas-urer. Mr. Higham in a letter to me says that this association will start out with at least eleven advertising clubs, the smallest membership of which is sixty and the largest 200. The total membership of the newly formed asso-ciation is about 3,000. And so it goes, and I hope we are near the time, if in fact it has not already arrived, when the name of this associa-tion should be changed to the Asso-ciated Advertising Clubs of the World. HARD CONTINUOUS WORK.

2nd 3rd 4th

HARD CONTINUOUS WORK.

This year of hard continuous work with all its strain together with some discomforts and some temporary misunderstandings has been to me a great privilege, a liberal education and a wonprivilege, a liberal education and a won-derful inspiration. I would not part with this experience for untold wealth. During this eventful year, I have trav-eled over 40,000 miles and have made over fifty addresses, an average of more than one a week, which in itself was a tremendous experience to one who here-tofore had only been called upon to make an address once or twice a year and then only with much fear and trem-bling. bling "The one big thing that has been im

pressed on my mind is that almost everywhere intense earnestness has grown out of the early enthusiasm, an earnestness which is rapidly making it-self felt in the commercial life of this country. There is no comparison be-tween the advertising clubs of a few years ago and the typical advertising club of today. FACTIONS DRAWING TOGETHER.

"While the growth both in numbers "While the growth both in numbers and in enthusiasm has been wonderful, it has not been easy work; there have been and still are some earnest, sincere men who think we are wasting time and energy, accomplishing nothing worth while, and there are also a great many men who don't want anything accom-plished. And so on the one hand were the impatient, critical friends of honest, efficient advertising, scoffing at what they felt was a lot of preaching and very little practice, overlooking the fact that without inspiration there could be no action. And on the other hand were that without inspiration there could be no action. And on the other hand were the enemies of "honest, believable ad-vertising," the men who believe in let-ting well enough alone. They looked on smilingly and patronizingly, confident in their own minds that we were just



3,854

16,000

Globe

reaches more of the better class

people in Greater New York than any other Evening paper.

Net paid circulation for year



S. G. LINDENSTEIN, INC. Special Representative 118 East 28th Street New York City

In Consolidation there is Strength and Profit

We have just completed at Bridgeport, Conn., a consolidation of THE BRIDGEPORT EVENING POST and THE BRIDGEPORT MORNING TELEGRAM, the two leading newspapers in a highly prosperous city of 125,000 population.

Bridgeport was "over-newspapered"-Every property in that splendid field was put to the whip in management.

The new company begins with 30,000 daily circulation at 2c. per copy; one of the best equipped plants in New England, housed in its own four-story building in the heart of the city.

Frank Bolande, now President of the new company and Editor-in-Chief of the two newspapers is known throughout New England as one of the most independent and fearless editorial writers of that section.

Mr. Bolande says of our services in making this consolidation:

Messrs. Harwell, Cannon & McCarthy, Times Bldg., New York, N. Y.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 20, 1914.

Dear Sirs:--I wish to express my hearty congratulations to your firm upon the successful termination of negotiations which have culminated in the consolidation of the Bridgeport Post and the Bridgeport Telegram. Mr. Harwell has impressed all concerned in this consolidation with his absolute fairness, indomitable perseverance and remarkable resource. He has been up against difficulties which would have dismayed a less able man, and I am frank to say that in my opinion the transaction could not have been made without his services. I am glad to say that not only has he succeeded in bringing about the coalition of the two leading newspapers in this field, but he has established a warm, personal friendship between himself and all the parties in this deal. I feel that in solving this problem, which was beset by countless obstacles on every hand, he is qualified to satisfactorily settle the most intricate newspaper proposition which could possibly be evolved. ich could possibly be evolven. With best wishes for the success of your enterprising firm, I am. Very truly yours, THE POST PUBLISHING CO.,

(Signed) F. W. Bolande, President.

These two newspapers had glowered at each other across a narrow street for years: A big accumulation of grievances in both offices: Of different political faith. Widely different policies in Business Management. Now they are fighting together for a common cause and their combined net earnings will be doubled. Think it over.

HARWELL, CANNON & McCARTHY, NEWSPAPER AND MAGAZINE BROKERS NEW YORK

"Neither of these factions saw that the foundation of a great movement was be-ing laid; that the prologue for a great play was being written. "At Baltimore this prologue, our Dec-laration of Principles, was completed and read and it proved to be the climax the advertising audience had been wait-ing for, and with one enthusiastic un-mistakable shout they bade the play go on.

go on. "The keynote of the Baltimore con-"The keynote of the Baltimore con-vention was co-operation, so forcefully expressed in the now famous Declara-tion of Principles and still more force-fully expressed by the splendid men who composed that committee of com-mittees, and whose efforts have resulted or giving us a mere clearly defined purin giving us a more clearly defined pur-

"Not all advertising mediums are ready to co-operate. There are still some prominent publishers, some prominent advertising agents and even some promi-nent advertisers who are not quite ready, but they are coming along but they are coming along.

WORK OF REORGANIZATION.

"We hope that as a result of the pro-posed re-organization, the new National posed re-organization, the new National Commission will work out such a plan as will be the means of placing the as-sociation on a firm financial basis, and thus enable it to carry on its work more effectively. The work of your associa-tion has grown to such magnitude that it can no longer be carried on effectively by the voluntary efforts of a few in-dividuals. We need and must have a permanent business department to carry on the detailed work, and over and above all we need one or more field secretaries to travel around the coun-try organizing new clubs, and, what is of still greater importance, to visit the existing clubs.

a lot of harmless good fellows, letting the recommendations of the committee of departmental committees unani-"Neither of these factions saw that the mously endorsed at the Baltimore conof departmental committees unani-mously endorsed at the Baltimore con-vention. The matter was discussed at considerable length at the first business meeting of the executive committee in Chicago last September. At that time a special committee was appointed to go into the whole matter thoroughly from every and every angle. "This committee consisted of Douglas

every angle. "This committee consisted of Douglas N. Graves, chairman; William H. In-gersoll, Herbert S. Houston, Stanley Ulague and William C. Freeman. They worked hard and faithfully on this tre-mendous problem and presented their report at the meeting of the executive committee in New York in January. This report with some minor changes has been unanimously approved by your executive committee, and, together with the resulting new constitution, will be offered for your approval and adoption. It marked, or will mark, a distinct step forward and will, I firmly believe, be the means of building up their associa-tion into the most powerful business or-ganization on this continent, or, in fact, in the world. "Another important outcome of this

"Another important outcome of this new spirit of co-operation, and I think the direct result of the work of that famous conference of committees at Baltimore, is the formation of the Audit Bureau of Circulations, composed of ad-vertisers, advertising agents and pub-lishers, organized for the purpose of furnishing accurate data and informa-tion regarding the circulations of news-papers, magazines, agricultural, trade, technical, class and other publications. A great opportunity for good is af-forded the Audit Bureau of Circulations and it is entitled to the hearty support of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America.

America. "I cannot close this resume of our doings without offering thanks to the various advertising publications of this

to be contributed by members of this association."

THE SMALL RETAILER'S ADS.

Best Results Are Often Lost Through Lack of Knowledge.

The problems of the small retailer, including those concerning advertising, were reviewed in a paper by Harry R. Young, advertising manager of the Co-lumbus (O.) Dispatch. As to adver-tising the small store Mr. Young said, among other things: "Out of 11,143 small retailers in the

United States who closed their doors in 1913, it is claimed over half of them did not realize the necessity of proper advertising and many of those who did were at times careless in the preparation of their copy, and they scattered their appropriation by going into every publi-cation program or scheme presented, thus destroying the possible and profitable effects.

"Some small retailers advertise just ecause their competitors do-considerbecause their competitors do-consider-ing it a necessary evil. They buy space and prepare copy with just about as much pleasure as a child takes castor oil. It seems drudgery for them to fur-nish copy or even make suggestions to the advertising solicitor, who, I be- effects of a national advertising cam-lieve in many cases, would gladly assist paign." in preparation of copy if requested to

do so. "Some retailers, when called upon for "Some retailers, to contract) look up "Some retailers, when called upon for of still greater importance, to visit the existing clubs. "Early in the year your officers and executive committee decided that the one big thing to be accomplished was to reorganize this association along such lines as would enable us to follow out Cup" is to be perpetuated even if it finally gets an order to repeat any old

should be won by the same club three ad and possibly a slurring remark, 'I years in succession and thus become may as well throw my money in the the permanent property of that club. "Another valuable contribution is that of Advertising and Selling, the publish-ers of which have offered a prize of \$1,000 for the best essay on advertising cumstances cannot possibly produce a to be contributed by members of this satisfactory measure of rank

"Advertising under such adverse cir-cumstances cannot possibly produce a satisfactory measure of results for any merchant, be he large or small.

When more than ten million women in this country shop daily, 90 per cent of whom are influenced through advertising to buy a certain article or go to a certain store, it behooves the small as well as the big merchants to wake up and give this part of their business

and give this part of their business proper attention. "The big successful store is simply a result of organization made possible by good and continuous advertising. The large successful merchant not only buys advertising indicates the appeare the advertising judiciously but engages the best talent to prepare the right copy about the right merchandise at the right time.

time. "The competent, experienced mer-chant, whether large or small, is also shrewd in taking advantage of the ad-vertising done by manufacturers of trademarked goods. He makes attractive show window and interior display, es-pecially at the time certain trademarked goods are to be advertised in the news-papers or magazines. He also calls at-tention in his own advertising that his store sells nationally advertised articles. The incompetent or thoughtless mer-chant not only overlooks these oppor-tunities, but goes so far as to offer pa-trons a substitute, thereby losing all the effects of a national advertising cam-

Madison Square Sun, Grand The Rapids, Mich., and the Burton Heights Leader have been merged by Clare Mat-tison, owner of the former, and will hereafter be published as the South End Weekly. The Leader was purchased from the Patterson Printing Company, which will print the new paper.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

THE YEAR'S PROGRESS. play ball." He said that the reason

Delegates Listen to Reports of Vigilance, Publicity and Educational Committees.

tional Committees. (Editorial Correspondence.) TORONTO, June 24.—The general ses-sion held this afternoon brought out a large attendance, in spite of the heat that prevailed. The presentation of the work of the National Vigilance and Educational Committees was the chief attraction. The report of Harry D. Robbins, of New York, chairman of the Vigilance Committee, and the splen-did addresses of E. L. Clifford, of Min-neapolis, and R. R. Schuman, of Chi-cago, were warmly applauded.

neapolis, and R. R. Schuman, of Chi-cago, were warmly applauded. "The Clean Up," as Mr. Robbins char-acterized one section of his address, was gratifying. "While I could give you plenty of detail," said the speaker, "it would take your time unnecessarily. Quite a number of newspapers and other media have switched over to the clean standard, while all along the line local committees have reported gradual im-provement. Copy writers, also, have prepared their statements with more care. It is impossible to estimate the good that has been accomplished along the these lines. It is sufficient to know that the standard of *truth* and *decency* pre-vail today. If there are still exceptions, they are in a hopeless minority, and, like other hopeless minorities, they must eventually pass into oblivion. ONE HUNDRED CO-OPERATIVE COMMITTEES.

"At the present time there are seventy local committees in member clubs and about thirty committees under various names in no-member clubs and other organizations co-operating with us. We organizations co-operating with us. we have, then, a vigilance committee system of about 100 co-operative committees, embracing an individual membership of over 600 men, scattered through the United States and Canada. A total of Contred States and Canada. A total of 648 cases were investigated during the past year, of which 379 were success-fully handled by moral suasion and 42 cases were prosecuted in the courts. Of these 42 cases, 6 were lost or with-Of these 42 cases, o were lost of with-drawn, 12 are still pending and 24 re-sulted in convictions and fines." Mr. Robbins dealt somewhat exhaustively with the legislation enacted, pending and under discussion in the various cottee under discussion in the various states of the union. A discussion followed the report of

A discussion followed the report of Mr. Robbins. One thing about the convention that must strike any visitor with admiration is the honesty of the delegates. Hard knocks are given and taken in the best of spirit. The con-vention loves a hard fighter and gives him unbounded support if he needs it.

JOE MANN STIRS 'EM UP.

The convention applauded J. M. Mann as he flourished a pile of newspapers and declared them to be the worst he had ever come across. He moved a and declared them to be the worst he had ever come across. He moved a resolution to the effect that the con-vention condemn the advertising of a special piano sale which was recently published in Baltimore over the name of the Kunkel Piano Company and in Washington over the name of the Mc-Hugh Piano Company, said advertising having appeared in the Baltimore Sun, News, American and Star, Washington News, American and Star, Washington Post and Times; that the Vigilance Committee write letters expressing the attitude of the convention to the dealers, manufacturers and newspapers con cerned in the advertising; also that the Vigilance Committee convey to the respective national organizations of piano merchants and piano manufacturers attitude on desire to as the question and its its attitude on the question and its desire to assist these organiza-tions in fighting all false advertis-ing practices in the piano field. This met with the hearty approval of the meeting, but an amendment was pro-posed to send the resolution on to the Committee on Resolutions, which was Committee on Resolutions, which was

Mr. Freeman, of New York, somewhat

newspapers were accused of most of the sins in advertising was that the news-papers represented the greatest number of advertising mediums. "There are nore clean newspapers in the United States," said the speaker, "than all the other mediums put together, and this is no reflection on any other publication. We are on our way to purity, and we are on our way fast. (Cheers.) Three days a week we tell our readers what food to eat and the other three days we tell him not to eat; as for the fake med-icine man, ugh, we have killed him long ago. We are going to the top of the heap —the department store." The speaker held the meeting silent when he told of what the newspaper men assembled in Toronto had done that week. "One hundred of us have signed a document," he said, "and every man will do his duty to this association and to the community by good advertising, and we have pledged to enlist every publisher in the United States. We are not so a sinner and try and make a Christian of him. We want to come to you clean of him. as an angel, and we are on the way.

IT PAYS TO BE DECENT.

E. L. Clifford, of Minneapolis, gave a lightful address upon "Clean Pages delightful address upon "Clean Pages the Best Policy." The epigrammatic utterances of the speaker drew the un-

stinted applause of the audience, and he was listened to with marked attention: "It always pays to be big and decent and square," he said. "There is an army of chocolate soldiers in the United States shooting bon-bons and not real cart-ridges; they fill their newspapers with lovely editorials and rotten advertisements; they are cheating themselves at solitaire."

The speaker made a slashing attack upon the advertisements of unclean newspapers. He told of the multitudinous promises they made. They develop bust and bust your development, your your pust and pust your development, he remarked, amid a roar of laughter. The reason for this is found in the fact that the people stand for it. You can protest a newspaper into cleanliness. You do not think of buying soiled clothes and yet you buy a soiled news-paper: the greatest newspaper is the paper; the greatest newspaper is the paper that has the confidence of the home, and you can get that kind if you go about it.

CLEAN HOUSE FIRST.

R. R. Shuman, of Chicago, gave a spirited address upon the obligations of the A. A. C. and the duties of the mem-bers as club units and individuals. It was the duty of every club to clean house first, for itself, and to drive out any member who did harm in any form, They were first, of course, to try and show the member the folly of his ways and when all had failed to put him out. He suggested an excellent maxim for those writing copy, in the form of a question, as follows: "If I myself were to act upon the suggestion, would I be a gainer or a loser." He declared advertising to be too vast a power to be injured by a vicious minority.

A pleasing ceremony was performed by the president, William Woodhead, when, on behalf of the National Vigilance Committee, he presented a beauti-ful cane to Mr. Robbins.

ful cane to Mr. Robbins. Richard R. Waldo, of New York, pre-sented the report of the General Pub-licity Committee. He recommended that licity Committee. He recommended that next year the chairman of the General Publicity Committee follow the chair-man of the Programme Committee's general request for manuscript by a let-ter to the crossition conclusion achieves general request for manuscript by a let-ter to the prospective speakers, asking them to furnish digests of their speeches. In addition this, the chair-man of the General Publicity Committee should send a copy of the programme to every trade publication and ask it spe-cifically exactly what manuscripts or speeches it desires. This would save hundreds of dollars in blind copying work and lighten the labor to an in-finite extent of both the Programme and Mr. Freeman, of New York, somewhat finite extent of both the Programme and resented the attacks that had been made General Publicity Committees. The upon newspapers and made a spirited present system of distributing speeches reply. Mr. Freeman hit straight from to the daily and trade press is very the shoulder and asked the convention faulty, and, as a result, the cause suffers not to "lambast us too much or we won't and does not get the right publicity.

The presentation of the Printer's Ink ELIMINATION OF FALSE ADS: Trophy to the winning club, Los Angeles, was an interesting event. The trophy was won by Los Angeles. Mr. Wilson, of Los Angeles, was hardly able to speak at all in returning thanks for the cup, but he had sufficient nerve left to speak at all in returning thanks for the cup, but he had sufficient nerve left to declare that if any club wanted to take the trophy away from the coast in the future they would have to go some. Chairman Stevenson then presented a small cup to Mr. Sherman, of El Paso, as an award for the best oratorical effort. Mr. Sherman gave a scintillating talk and advised them all to "come down

talk and advised them all to "come down

talk and advised them all to "come down to El Paso." J. S. Potsdamer, of Philadelphia, pre-sented the report of the Exhibit Com-mittee and told of the splendid success which had attended their efforts, which

which had attended their efforts, which was strikingly shown in the display at the exhibition building. Delegate Cherry, of the Nomination Committee, read the following names, nominated by the National Committee to serve on the new Executive Commit-tee: E. T. Meredith, Iowa; W. C. D'Arcy, Missouri; T. R. Gerlach, Illi-nois; H. S. Houston, New York; W. H. Lee, Connecticut. The following names, nominated by local clubs, were ratified by the committee and will be submitted to the convention tomorrow for apby the committee and will be submitted to the convention tomorrow for ap-proval: A. E. Chamberlain, Illinois, three years; F. H. Rowe, Canada; A. L. A. L. Schuman, Texas; J. Renfrew, Cal-ifornia, and E. J. Shay, Baltimore. At a meeting of the Nomination Board, Chicago was chosen as the place of meeting for next user

of meeting for next year.

ENTERTAINMENT AT TORONTO.

Military Tattoo Crowning Feature of Week's Round of Pleasure.

The Entertainment features provided by the Toronto Ad Club were varied in character and were sufficiently numerous to keep the visitors busy when they were not tied up by the sessions of the several departments or by the meetings of the general body. On Monday evening a Moonlight Trip on the Bay gave the delegates much pleasure. Two steamdelegates much pleasure. Two steam-boats were provided and as they sped over the waters of Lake Ontario they listened to music by a band and an orchestra.

An excellent programme of water sports was provided on the lake front on Tuesday afternoon by the Aquatic Clubs of Toronto. These consisted of yacht of Toronto. These consisted of yacht races, canoe races, motor boat races and races for eight oared shells. Bruce Ridpath and Reginald Blomfield gave an exhibition of trick canoe work. A novel-ty was a race between Curtis Flying Boat and a hydroplane. The programme brought to the Exhibition grounds a crowd of several thousand people from the Circ

crowd of several thousand people from the City. On Wednesday evening the visitors were entertained by a Military Tattoo. This feature was the crowning enter-tainment of the week. The scene pre-sented as the soldiers went through their maneuvers and sports of various kinds was a charming sight. A military camp in operation was shown. Trumpe-ters and buglers sounded "first post" af-ter which masked bands and torch bearter which masked hands and torch bearadvanced in line to slow march and returned to camp. A ceremonial drill by picked men of the Forty-eighth High-lander Trooped to colours of the United States of Canada and Great Britain. The show wound up with sports of various kinds, and fireworks,

ous kinds, and hreworks. The women of the delegates were kept busy by numerous entertainments pro-vided for them. Monday afternoon they were taken to the Lambton Golf and Country Club in automobiles where luncheon was served. On the return trip to the City they were driven through the period trip to the City they were driven through the principal residential quarters and business streets. On Tuesday a large party of women left by steamer for a trip to Niagara Falls. Wednesday after-noon they saw a performance of "Bunty Pulls the Strings" at the Royal Alexan-der. The ladies of the Boston delegation acted as hostesses at a tea held at the King Edward Hotel, and late in the afternoon the entire party was enter-tained by the City Dairy Co. at tea.

English Visitor Suggests How It May Be Accomplished by Co-operation of Owners.

The important subject of eliminating false and misleading advertisements was treated in a paper by J. J. O'Neill, of the advertising department of the Manches-ter (Eng.) Guardian. After comment-ing on the effort being made in England and America to make the advertising columns healthy and clean, he said, in part

"I hold that the time has now come when combined action can be taken by the newspapers to wipe out the one ugly sore on the body advertising. In Eng-land a very general view is if an ad-vertisement on the face of it "reads honest," and if nothing is known to the contrary, that it ought to have a run. If complaints pour into the newspaper office the advertisement is scrutinized again, inquiries are set on foot, and on the result of the scrutiny and inquiries action rests.

"The present state of the lawteration in law may come one day-that the newspaper is morally as big a sinner as the fraudulent advertiser. Candidly, gentlemen, it is an open question if the newspaper is not materially the bigger sinner, but for the tens of thousands of introductions given the thief, the field of his operations must necessarily have been curtailed. "In England the law takes a very ser-

The England the law takes a very ser-ious view of the slander on the news page, and the plea of being 'misled' rarely, if ever, saves the offending news-paper. The question the English courts invariably set out to decide is the ques-tion of damages. If the slander has aftion of damages. If the slander has al-fected a man financially or otherwise the newspaper must make reparation. Frankly, gentlemen, I take the view that we must in our advertisement col-umns aim at a standard as near as possible to that aimed at by the news col-umns of our great daily newspapers as for all material purposes, our responsi-bilities to our readers are practically the same.

same. "I suggest, gentlemen, that the Asso-ciated Advertising Clubs of America, or if it is more practicable and if one exists the newspaper owners federation of America, promote a fund to be devoted solely to the protection of readers re-plying to advertisements. Only one law-ver used he retuined and to him could yer need be retained, and to him could be left the relentless prosecution and the exposure and the punishment of the thief who pollutes the advertisement col-umns of a newspaper.

prosecuted on at least two pretexts-either at the hands of the aggrieved person who responded to the advertisement, backed up, of course, by the advice of the subsidized lawyer, or by the news-paper concerned, on the ground that the paper concerned, on the ground that the advertisement being a tissue of lies, had secured insertion by false pretences. The fund need not be one of great dimen-sions. It would be rarely called on after the first few years of its existence, but its presence would suggest an all-pow-erful instrument that would act as a certain deterrent to fraudulent adver-

"Wouldn't it be a remarkably fine thing, gentlemen, if every reputable newspaper in this great country of yours carried in its advertisement columns the

carried in its advertisement columns the implied guarantee that no money would be spared to grind under the wheels of the criminal or the civil law any harpy who set out to swindle the suffering and the credulous? "Concerted action now against the fraudulent advertiser would effect a complete clearance of the one ugly sore on the fastest growing business in the world, and it would stamp on every ad-vertisement that left the printing presses of the great dailies of the world that magic word 'TRUTH,' which you have taken as the ideal to adorn your flag."

Ohio Paper's Plant Burned.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed the plant of the Caldwell (O.) Republican Journal Sunday, causing a loss of \$6,000, partially insured. PACIFIC AD MEN MEET. R. S. Bisby Elected President at Annual Convention in Vancouver, B.C. —More Than Five Hundred Members Attend Session of Three-Day Gathering — Interesting Addresses Keep Attending Delegates Busy. Keep Attending Delegates Busy.

Keep Attending Delegates Busy. (Special Correspondence.) VANCOUVER, B. C., June 13.—With perfect weather conditions throughout, the three days' convention of the Pa-cific Coast Advertising Men's Associa-tion came to a close here today after the unanimous election of R. S. Bisby, Secretary Chamber of Commerce, Long Beach, Cal., as president for the coming year. The convention was acknowl-edged by all to have been the most suc-cessful gathering ever held since the formation of the association eleven years ago. vears ago.

years ago. The ad men from the South, 400 strong, arrived on the boat from Seat-tle on the morning of June 11. They were met by fifty of the Vancouver Ad Club, and conducted to the Hotel Vancouver. Cities all down the coast were well represented: Seattle, Spo-kane, Portland, Tacoma, Sacramento, Oakland, San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Real live wire mem-bers from all these clubs attended.

MAYOR PRESENTS KEY OF CITY.

MAYOR PRESENTS KEY OF CITY. After breakfast at the Hotel Van-couver the convention was opened and an address of welcome given by the mayor, when the key to the city was presented to the president of the P. C. A. M. A., A. J. Clark, of Portland. After Mr. Clark's opening address the convention got down to business, and the following addresses were given: Joseph M. Blethen, business manager of the Seattle Daily Times. "The Mis-sion of the Ad Club." Mr. Blethen gave many instances of the splendid work being done by the ad clubs.

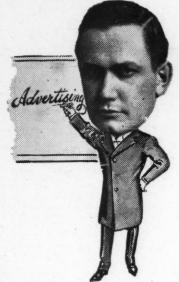
sion of the Ad Club." Mr. Blethen gave many instances of the splendid work being done by the ad clubs. Marshall N. Dana, of the Oregon Journal, Portland, was down for a paper on "How to Maintain Interest in the Ad Club." As Mr. Dana was un-able to attend, his paper was read by T. A. Benedict. One of the best means of keeping up interest, Mr. Dana pointed out, was by the rotary plan of electing officers, making each member an officer for a short time so that each had an opportunity to give the club the benefit of his best work. E. R. Anderson, of the Fidelity Na-tional Bank. Spokane, spoke on "Utiliz-ing the Ad Club Spirit," and showed many ways in which a city profited by the work of the ad club. Dr. Watter J. Briggs, associated editor Vancouver German Press, gave an address on "At-tracting Foreign Capital to the Pacific Coast." One of the main points brought out by Dr. Briegs was the different view point of different nations. FAKE ADS DRIVEN FROM CITY.

FAKE ADS DRIVEN FROM CITY.

After a luncheon tendered by the Rotary Club a short time was given up to speeches and music by the Port-land Ad Club Quartette, and Seattle Wagner Band. The afternoon was spent hy the delevates and ladies in a delightful automobile trip to one of Vancouver's beauty spots, Capilano Canyon. In the evening entertioment Vancouver's beauty spots, Capilano Canyon. In the evening entertainment was provided at the Horse Show Build-ing in the form of the Pageant Theat-ricale ricals

ing in the form of the Pageant Theat-ricals. Friday morning R. W. Holland, president of the Vancouver Ad Club, was the first speaker on the program. He was followed by R. E. Bigelow, president of the Spokane Ad Club. on "The Right Kind of Advertising Cen-sorship." Mr. Bigelow pointed out that with proper censorship in advertising all fake and get-rich-quick schemes are eliminated from a city, by having all plans for advertising submitted to the committee for approval. Plans not ap-proved were not branded as fakes, but merely turned down by the committee. Ernest McTaffey, secretary Bureau of Provincial Information, Victoria, took as his sublicet, "How a Government Sells Its Wares, or What Figure a Government Cuts in Advertising." A

and convention. George H. Stone, Ta-



MAC MARTIN, MINNEAPOLIS, MEMBER EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

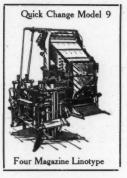
coma, gave a very interesing and in-structive address on "Stopping the Leaks." Many of the leaks in adver-tising were pointed out and remedies suggested. The evening newspapers were generally admitted to be the best medium for department stores and other stores selling food stuffs, clothing, shoes, etc. shoes, etc.

MAIL ORDERS MADE EFFECTIVE.

After a business session the delegates and ladies were taken by automobile to and ladies were taken by automobile to and ladies were taken by automobile to was served, then to inspect the immense fraser Mills, with a daily output of the common defects in many systems. Mr. Lubin is advancing a plan whereby the ad clubs of the different cities secure information such as mail-ing lists, class of prospects, and other data from concerns using them and act as a clearing house for this informa-tion to all houses interested, thus cut-ting down considerable waste in mail order work. A. H. Wilkins, promotion manager Janss Investment Company, Los Angeles, speaking on "Advertising." After a business session the delegates and ladies were taken by automobile to was served, then to inspect the immense fraser Mills, with a daily output of Coquitlam was the last place visited. Many of the delegates here boarded the special cars provided to take them thereby the ad clubs of the different cas a clearing house for this informa-tion to all houses interested, thus cut-ting down considerable waste in mail order work. A. H. Wilkins, promotion manager Janss Investment Company, Los Angeles, speaking on "Advertising. Media," recommended close analysis of both product and media in advertising. "Wieilene Werk" were here here the provided the corner of and Membership List has in creased. The Audit Bureau of Circulations now has headquarters in the Railway Exchange Building, at the corner of ackson and Michigan Boulevards, Chi-cago. The bureau now has 721 mem-

and Membership List has Increased of the second of the second of the second of the delegates. We have the second of the delegates was the second of the delegates was the subject treated to the specially and included floats by the busines men, different matrices and bales at the Hotel Wancouver's mense playground, and around the Marine Drive concluded the afternoon of the Sacramento Ad Club "sturies". The last day found much heavy work in the Convention Hall, after which a day found much heavy work in the Convention Hall, after which a day found much heavy work in the Convention Hall, after which is claims the day is fast drawing to hote of the big factor in buying space. Arthur J. Brunner, Advertising Association of the work of the bureau. This associal to the special the big factor in buying space. Arthur J. Brunner, Advertising Association of the work of the bureau. This associal to the work of the bureau. This associal to the special burget of the burget. The base factor in buying space. Arthur J. Brunner, Advertising Association of the work of the burget. This was about seven miles of agricultural advertised by the busing the burget treated by the factor in buying space. Arthur J. Brunner, Advertising Association of the work of the burget. This associal to the special burget of the burget. The base factor in buying space arthur the space of the burget. The base factor in buying space arthur the space of the burget. The base factor is buying space arthur the space of the burget. The base factor is buying space arthur the base of the burget. The base factor is buying space arthur the burget of the burget. The base of the burget of the burget. The base of the burget of the burget

"SAFETY FIRST"



Should be just as important a consideration to a Publisher making an investment in composing machines as it has come to be to the traveler on the sea.

THE LINOTYPE

is built up to a standard, not down to a price. Its quality and efficiency cannot be successfully attacked.

It is a safe and sane investment.

Can you afford to take chances with any other kind?

Mergenthaler Linotype Company **Tribune Building, New York** SAN FRANCISCO CHICAGO NEW ORLEANS

638-646 Sacramento Street -1100 South Wabash Avenue 549 Baronne Street TORONTO : CANADIAN LINOTYPE, LIMITED, 35 Lombard Street

San Francisco, gave a short paper on tion has been named the Agricultural "Photography in Advertising." Publishers' Association. The officers After a business session the delegates are: President, Burridge D. Butler, and ladies were taken by automobile to Prairie Farmer, Chicago; first vice-New Westminster, where a luncheon president, W. A. Whitney, Phelps Pub-was served, then to inspect the immense lishing Company, Springfield, Mass.; Fraser Mills, with a daily output of secretary, F. E. Long, Farmers' Re-1,000,000 board feet of lumber. Port view, Chicago; treasurer, C. C. Rose-Coquitlam was the last place visited. water, Twentieth Century Farmer, Many of the delegates here boarded the Omaha. Neb. Omaha, Neb.

New York Mail's Prizes Awarded.

The New York Evening Mail's Book-lovers' Contest awards were made on June 22. Prizes were given to 125 men and women. The first prize, \$1,000 in gold, went to Daniel J. Wilson, of East Pleasantville, N. Y., a clerk in the New York Custom House. Mrs. Emily Trier Cornell, wife of Charles Cornell, a New York advertising man, won an automo-bile valued at \$1,000. The other prizes ranged from \$750 in gold to sets of books. The judges who awarded the prizes were: Dr. Katherine Bement Davis, Commissioner of Correction; Thomas W. Churchill, President of the Board of Education : Marcus M. Marks, President of the Borough of Manhat-tan: Dr. Christian F. Reisner, pastor of Grace M. E. Church; Representative Walter M. Chandler. The New York Evening Mail's Book-

Manchester Mirror's Representatives.

Manchester Mirror's Representatives. The Manchester (N. H.) Mirror and American, published by the John B. Clarke Company, have recently ap-pointed the G. Logan Pavne Company, with offices in Chicago, New York and Boston, their foreign advertising repre-sentatives. The Manchester Mirror has been published for over seventy years, and for nearly sixty years owned and controlled by the Clarke family. Willis C. Patten has succeeded the late David Scannell as advertising manager of the Dailv Mirror and American and the Weekly Mirror and Farmer. Mr. Pat-ten has been with the Mirror since 1896 first as circulation man and most of the time since 1898 as local adver-tising solicitor. tising solicitor.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

Significance of the Movement Inaugurated by Advertising Clubs to Promote Higher Business Ethics and Fair Play.

BY FRANK LE ROY BLANCHARD. (Prelude to Lay Sermon delivered at the Showbourne Street Methodist Church, Toronto, Sunday, June 21, 1914.) To-morrow there will assemble in your

To-morrow there will assemble in your city men who spend several hundred million dollars a year in advertising. They are coming here at the invitation of the citizens of Toronto to take coun-sel together on the best methods of serving you—the public. They have un-dertaken a mighty work—that of driv-ing from the temple of advertising the liars, the fakers, the swindlers, and those who seek to blast the lives of the inno-cent.

Every evening this week you will see Every evening this week you will see displayed on the roof of one of your business buildings a great electric light sign reproducing the seal of the Asso-ciated Advertising Clubs of America with its central word, "Truth," flashing its message forth into the night. The 10,000 members of the organiza-tion, which is the largest association of advertising men and women in the world, are pledged to this declaration: "We believe in Truth, the corner stone

We believe in Truth, the corner stone of all honorable and successful business, and we pledge ourselves each to one, and one to all to make this the founda-tion of our dealings, to the end that our mutual relations may become still more harmonious and efficient."

DRIVING OUT THE LIARS

Through its own Vigilance Committee and the vigilance committees of the 158 and the vigilance committees of the 188 clubs composing its membership, it has secured the passage of laws in nineteen States, making it a criminal offense to publish misleading, untruthful or fraudu-lent advertisements. A number of vio-lators of these laws have been prose-cuted and punished by the imposition of fines. The result has been that adver-tisers are more careful than ever before to tell the truth in their announcements. Many of the publishers of newspapers,

to tell the truth in their announcements. Many of the publishers of newspapers, magazines and other periodicals have voluntarily put up the bars against all kinds of objectionable advertising. They have taken the position that it is their duty to protect their readers against all attempts made by unscrupulous men to solv them of their money. This attinude roh them of their money. This attitude, it seems to me, is directly in line with the Scriptural injunction, "Do unto othas ye would that men should do to you.

SCHEMES OF FORMER YEARS.

In former years a certain advertising license existed under which merchants and manufacturers with articles to sell felt warranted in making statements in their announcements that were not in accord with the truth. Men of high standing in business, social and religious circles did not feel that they were doing circles did not feel that they were doing anything dishonorable in exaggerating the value of their goods or in claiming for them qualities they did not possess. To say, for instance, that a garment offered at \$5 was worth \$10, when, as a matter of fact, \$5 represented the actual value, was not lying, but just a pleasant way of jollying the women into a belief that they are getting more for their money than they really were.

POWER OF TRUTHFUL ADS.

need not tell you that, thanks to the activities of members of the Asso-ciated Advertising Clubs of America, untruthful statements in the advertising columns of newspapers or magazines are no longer regarded as excusable. In fact, you, the public, now demand that those who seek your patronage shall tell the truth in their business announce-

tell the truth in their business announce-ments and insist that those who de-liherately deceive you are no better than any other kind of swindlers, even if they do run big department stores. Advertising is the greatest force in modern business life, but it cannot reach its highest degree of efficiency unless it is kept clean, truthful and dependable. It is gratifying to those of us who have been trying to place the business on a higher loane. higher plane, to note what has been



ADVERTISING CONVENTION SCENE AT TORONTO.

accomplished during the past few years. I am sure you will agree with me that newspaper columns are cleaner than they have ever been before; that the they have ever been before; that the statements made by general and local advertisers are more believable, and, therefore, that you are more easily in-fluenced by them than formerly. To win your confidence and your continued support is the golden prize for which every merchant is striving.

BUSINESS FOUNDED ON CONFIDENCE.

The entire structure of business unded upon confidence. Without 15 founded upon confidence. Without it, there would be no such thing as financial credit, no insurance or trust companies, no banks, in fact no business organiza-

no banks, in fact no business organiza-tions of any kind. So you see how important it is that those who engage in the promotion of business by advertising should do every-thing they can to establish a kindly feel-ing between themselves and their cus-tomers. The only way that they can win the confidence and good will of the public, is by square dealing. This means avoiding exaggeration and telling the truth about the articles they have to truth about the articles they have to seli.

A responsibility also rests upon your shoulders, namely, that you aid in the work of purification by withholding your patronage and co-operation from those merchants who do not tell the truth about their goods and bestow it upon those who are honest and straightforward.

The Associated Ad Clubs of America I he Associated Ad Clubs of America is, therefore, doing a noble work because it is quickening the consciences of busi-ness men and is making them feel that the public is no longer to be regarded as the legitimate prey of polite thieves and swindlers, but as a body of men and women who are trying to be treated as brothers and sisters of the great hu-man family to which we all belong.

ADVERTISING ADVERTISING.

Ottawa (Can.) Man Gives His Ideas as to How It Should be Done.

Choosing as his subject "Advertising Advertising; with Particular Reference to Work in This Direction by the Can-adian Press Association," William Find-lay, manager of the Ottawa (Can.) Free Press, told at length of the success of two campaigns made and of a third now being waged by the C. P. A. for advertising.

In 1913 nearly 100 dailies co-operated, and this year 300 weeklies are also run-ning a series which extends over 26 weeks.

weeks. This copy is all retail copy to stimu-late interest in the announcements of the local stores to promote buying at home and to create more advertising from the home merchants. Another series of 26 advertisements is now being prepared and will follow the series which is now appearing.

The space devoted to these campaigns by association members to date is more than five million lines and another mil-lion lines will be added by the time the present series has run out. Of this the dailies have contributed four and a half million lines and the weeklies a million and a half lines. The entire campaigns have appeared in 75 per cent of the daily newspapers of the country and in all the more progressive of the town weeklies. The advertising has been printed in every city from coast to coast and in every town of reasonable size in Canada.

Among other things, Mr. Findlay

when you have a start of the good of our selves. The second secon advertiser does not ask for charity. He advertiser does not ask for charity. He need not be the object of philanthropic attention on our part; he comes to the counter and pays his money, and he usually asks no favors or treatment for which he does not give an equivalent in cash. "When we advertise our advertising it

When we advertise our advertising it is not done primarily for the good of the advertiser. We make use of the adver-tiser in the process, and he may get some incidental benefit: but the effort is made on behalf of ourselves. We are manufacturers of white space, of more or less value and we advertise our or less value, and we advertise our product with just the same object as any other advertiser. We may as well he frank about it."

ADVERTISING BY "MOVIES."

How Motion Pictures Have Become

a Force for Publicity and Selling. Motion pictures as an advertising force were given recognition for the first time in the history of advertising associations by the A. A. C. A., when, besides a showing of industrial films besides a showing of industrial films hy national advertisers, Arthur N. Smallwood, of the Smallwood Film Corporation, of New York, delivered an address on "Moving Picture Pub-licity in Advertising and Selling." Mr. Smallwood's address was illustrated by a chart on which, as it was thrown on the screen, he pointed out the various divisions of the moving picture problem and how each phase of the application of the motion picture to advertising had been successfully worked out by national advertisers.

had been successfully worked out by national advertisers. "Indirect Selling" or "Educational Publicity," was the first division of the subject, and later he took up the ques-tion of "Direct Selling" by means of film catalogues, film samples, and the portable projector. He touched on the way of dealing with films to advertise a product or a service; scenic subjects a product or a service; scenic subjects for towns, railroads, steamships, etc., educational films showing plants and processes for other advertisers; comedy or dramatic plays for other classes of products to be exploited. JUNE 27, 1914

"I believe," said Mr. Smallwood, "that anything can be successfully advertised by this means. We have a list that beby this means. We have a list that be-gins with 'automobiles, accident preven-tion, building construction, banks, churches, cities, colonization, drugs and toilet articles, education, efficiency and expert trade,' and that ends somewhere down the column with 'real estate, rail-roads, steamships, superior manufactur-ing facilities, sanitary methods, sport-ing goods surgical operations, science, stocks and bonds, textiles, trademark campaigns, temperance, town sites, to-bacco, wearing apparel.

"You may use a motion picture to ad-vertise a community, a city, a State, a nation; a product, a service, a business, a manufacturing plant; a person, a cor-constitution construction. poration, an institution or organization;

poration, an institution or organization; an idea, a public measure or propa-ganda." Mr. Smallwood gave examples of na-tional advertisers to illustrate each di-vision of his subject, a list of cities and railroads, manufacturing concerns of every branch of trade, public service corporations of many kinds, and even instanced the use of Uncle Sam is making of motion pictures of the United States army and navy to help recruit men to the service. the service.

CONSUMER AND ADVERTISING.

The Man Who Buys Wants Something More Than Mere Truth in Ads.

The Consumer's Interest in Adver-The Consumer's interest in Adver-tising" was treated in a paper by Paul T. Cherington, of the Harvard Grad-uate, School of Business Administra-tion, of Cambridge, Mass. In a logical way he showed that the consumer's in-cerest in advertising goes become man

way he showed that the consumer s mi-terest in advertising goes beyond mere truth. He said: "Advertised goods are not merely merchandise. They are merchandise plus a quality guarantee, plus a modifield demand, plus a reasonable expecta-tion that the distribution system devel-oped by the producer will make it pos-sible to secure the goods whenever they are wanted. "Advertised goods are those about

"Advertised goods are those about which claims are made and responsibil-ity is assumed, and it follows that ad-vertising is an attempt to change de-mand. It involves two responsibilities —one for the advertiser and for the con-sumer himself. If he is to retain his position as a free agent in purchase, it is not only desirable but entirely nec-essary for him to sift all claims, to make every feasible test of quality, and to watch carefully all price statements to watch carefully all price statements for the purpose of punishing any misfor the purpose of punishing any mis-representer hy turning his own weapon upon him. The consumer holds the fu-ture of advertising in the hollow of his hand and he is beginning to realize it." Mr. Cherington's paper defined at length the consumer's new ideas of value, the growing resentment of fraud, how the consumer page annually in the

value, the growing resentment of fraud, how the consumer pays annually in the United States an outlay of from \$600,-000,000 to a billion for advertising, the social and economic effects of this vast publicity, and other interesting phases of his subject. In conclusion, Mr. Cherington said: "To summarize, then, advertising is not a thing of itself, but is an integral part of selling. Sometimes it represents improved selling and sometimes it does

improved selling and sometimes it does not

"It carries with it new responsibilities "It carries with it new responsibilities for the advertiser and the seller, and it also carries with it new responsibil-ities for the consumer. The consumer is learning that if he is to preserve his ability to spend his money wisely, he is obliged to use advertising as a weapon for himself instead of allowing it to

is obliged to use advertising as a weapon for himself instead of allowing it to be used as a weapon against himself. "The day of continued success of dis-honest advertising is past. But more important still is the fact that the con-sumer is rising and will continue to rise to smite the advertiser who induces him to smite the advertiser who induces him buy to his own hurt.

"Truth in advertising has come. "Before the advertiser, now, looms the need for being sure that his advertising is not merely true. His next need is to be sure that it is of real service."

NEWSPAPER'S TRUE FUNCTION.

It's Sincerity Alike in News and Ads Declares E. H. Baker.

Taking as his subject the "True Func-tion of the Daily Newspaper," Elbert H. Baker, former president of the A. N. P. A. and owner of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, Isid down the cardinal order

Baker, former president of the A. N. P. A. and owner of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, laid down the cardinal princi-ples that should rule the publication of a daily paper. In the course of his address he said: "Success, it must be borne in mind, must be measured not by the mere num-ber of dollars per year *net*, but by the degree to which the particular news-paper has attained the measure of suc-cess that is within its range of pos-sibility. Let me further emphasize the fact that there are many very success-ful newspapers in smaller cities and towns that render a service to their com-munities that is invaluable. Here is found the real gatherer of local news. "As we analyze these highly success-ful newspapers we find them to be of widely diverging types in their mechan-ical appearance; in their methods of gathering and presenting the news; in their particular brand of politics and in the degree of vehemence with which they present their editorial expressions of opinion. On the other hand, these highly successful newspapers are com-

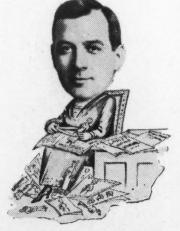
of opinion. On the other hand, these highly successful newspapers are com-ing more and more to be strangely alike in their adherence to the few fun-damental principles, which, in my judg-ment must underlie every worth while effort to build a newspaper that shall be truly great and that may by any possibility meet with a large success. "The newspaper of which I speak must be edited and published from within its own four walls and must not be even under suspicion of ulterior mo-tives in its news handling or its edi-torial expression. It must in wholly untrammeled fashion be a buyer and seller of legitimate news. It must ade-quately report the news of its city and

quately report the news of its city and the field in which it circulates. It should

the field in which it circulates. It should in addition give the broadest news serv-ice, of national and world wide sort, that its means can possibly afford. It must stand for men fit in mind and character and not for the mere party label they bear. "This newspaper will do much to in-struct and entertain its readers, and it must be indefatigable in its efforts for the common good. As with the publica-tion of news, so with the publication of advertising. It is my firm belief that it is just as truly the function of the news-paper to print the legitimate advertising and that only, as it is to print the legit-

and that only, as it is to print the legit-imate news of the world and that only. "Our newspaper, and there are others, will not accept advertising for reme-dies which guarantee to cure any disease or of practitioners who profess to treat diseases not discussed in polite society

"When the present Postal Law re-quiring the statements of ownership and circulation was passed by Congress, pub-lishers generally felt that it was an in-



WILLIAM G. ROOK. PRESIDENT TORONTO AD CLUB.

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HONORARY PRESIDENT TORONTO AD CLUB.

vasion of private rights, but that on the other hand it gave publishers who for years had insisted upon government inspection and supervision of the great corporations an opportunity to prove that newspapers rightly conducted have nothing whatever to conceal as to re-sponsible officers, owners, indebtedness, if any, or the net paid circulation. "I am more fully satisfied every day that right thinking publishers welcome the law and are a unit in demanding its rigid enforcement. This feeling is clearly outlined in the resolution passed at the annual meeting of the A. N. P.

clearly outlined in the resolution passed at the annual meeting of the A. N. P. A. in April, last. "In summing up the subject assigned by your committee, 'The True Function of the Daily Newspaper,' I wish again to emphasize the cardinal points: (1) Print all the worth while news. (2) Print it without bias. (3) Print it with a sense of responsibility. (4) Print all the legitimate advertising that good business methods can gather. (5) Print regularly a detailed statement of net paid circulation. (6) And the very pith of it all is sincerity, alike to our adver-tisers and our readers."

CLEAN PAGES BEST POLICY.

Truthful Ads a Paying Investment Declares E. L. Clifford.

That clean pages are the best policy was the burden of the address by E. L. Clifford, advertising manager of the Minneapolis Journal. Excerpts from his paper follow:

"Millions of people look to their news-paper follow: "Millions of people look to their news-papers for the truth—and these people should get the truth. They are entitled to it. The newspaper is printed under the publisher's name, but the newspaper really belongs to the people. It is althe publisher's name, but the newspaper really belongs to the people. It is al-most, if not quite, a crime for a news-paper, no matter who its publisher may be, no matter how powerful or how weak it may be, to lie to the people, to cheat the people—to sell them gold bricks, rotten securities, shoddy mer-chandise, or poisons. The publisher that puts a crook advertiser in touch with a subscriber victim is equally guilty with

puts a crook advertiser in touch with a subscriber victim is equally guilty with the crook—and deserves punishment for his part in the transaction. That's the plain, unvarnished truth. "Woman is taking an active part in the making of the new newspaper— and it must be made clean, for she is going to have the 'say' about the influ-ences that surround her home and her children. She will eventually pick the clean newspaper in preference to the

"Filthy, dangerous fraudulent, medical and near-medical advertising should be driven out of every publication in Amer-ica. It is a positive injury to clean, le-gitimate advertising. It taints the decent and makes it less productive. It is in-finitely more harmful than the adver-tising of extravagant, lying-merchandise values, for it strikes at the very health of the nation, and the victim doesn't have a chance to see or to know the goods that come in seductive bottles and sweet-painted pills. "The publisher who has the nerve to say to advertising assassins, 'No! You must keep out of my newspaper!' is the publisher worth while-the publisher with a future. He is going to be abreast of the times—a lap ahead—not a lap behind. This kind of a publisher is go-ing to lose nothing in a revenue way--finally. I believe business will event-ually come back to him many fold— clean business that will be an honor to his paper and to his community.



F. C. MACKAY, SECRETARY-TREASURER TORONTO AD CLUB.

"The clean newspaper goes to the clean home, where it is as welcome as a life and blood member of the family. And the clean home wields the sceptre that makes or breaks a newspaper or any other kind of a business."

AGENT AID TO ADVERTISER.

Advertising Manager Tells How the Buyer of Space Should be Helped.

The relations between the advertiser The relations between the advertiser and the advertising agent was the sub-ject discussed by George W. Hopkins, vice-president and general sales and ad-vertising manager of the Loose-Wiles Biscuit Company. He started by saying: "The advertiser is like the athlete who has won his first race. He has had a taste of success, feels the power that is within him and the desire for further development. He does not want simply

is within him and the desire for further development. He does not want simply leg or arm or chest development, but all-around scientific training." After condemning "too many frills" in the way of elaborately furnished offices and too much ceremony in receiv-ing clients, Mr. Hopkins said: "The advertiser comes for advice. He

unclean—inevitably. She is driving the slovenly, irresponsible merchant out of business, and she will drive the slovenly, irresponsible publisher out of business. "You can't fool the women—all the time. She doesn't want a newspaper in her home that isn't square, that isn't clean. And bear in mind, the women are the ones, these days, your newspaper must make an alliance with—a friendly confident alliance. "Show me a publisher who has nerve enough to keep the fakirs out of his mewspaper—to pass up the unclean money—and I will show you a publisher whose circulation statements are honest. "Filthy, dangerous fraudulent, medical and enar-medical advertising should be driven out of every publication in Amer-

tunes things leak out in a boastful talk or paper that lose you the entire belief of your advertiser. He must tell you much that few know. He must strip off all the bluff and you must keep his confidence. "Like all the rest of human nature, Mr. Advertiser is susceptible to atten-tion-clippings about something con-nected with the advertiser's business that

nected with the advertiser's business that don't cost anything; some plan, product or idea passed along for the good of the order and not for cash."

MAIL PIECES SMOOTH WAR.

Charles W. Hoyt Shows Advantage of Preliminary Circular Work.

Charles W. Hoyt of New York spoke on "Mail Pieces in Advertising and Selling." He illustrated the advantage of covering a field with circulars before the arrival of traveling men. Suppose, he said, the sales manager and the ad-vertising manager of a coffee house are putting up a package coffee under a brand and entering new territory. An advertising campaign is laid out between

advertising campaign is laid out between Buffalo and Albany. A list of possible buyers including 5,000 names is made for the mailing de-partment and placed in duplicate or triplicate for the use of salesmen. They are directed to return one copy of each to the mailing department with nota-tions and omitted names. It is agreed that \$125 a year is the average purchase and \$.5 the profit on that amount of coffee.

"Going ten times to these 5,000 names would mean 50,000 calls," he said. "At 1 per cent of answers each time would give fifty answers or 500 answers from

I per cent of answers each time would give fifty answers or 500 answers from ten mailings. In order to pay the expenses of this mail series we absolutely must sell fifty of them. If we do that the publicity has been paid for. But we are not run-ing this thing merely to break even. So let us look at the 500 inquiries of which we have sold fifty. What are the 450 leads worth to you? "We had originally 5,000 merchants to whom we went ten times and from whom we had 500 answers and fifty have bought. This leaves 4,950 mer-chants who have received ten strong, clean-cut sales talks about your coffee. You have heard from a few of them but the majority you have never heard from, but which have heard from you."



CHAIRMAN OF THE FOREIGN DELEGATES COMMITTEE, TORONTO AD CLUB.

"Will it arouse greater interest on his part and thereby increase his efforts? "Will it give him an added selling argument? "Will it produce ways and means of

"Will it produce ways and means of gaining more earnest and more thor-ough dealer co-operation? "These are all vital questions, which advertising must answer to justify fully its cost and purpose."

UNTRUTHFUL ADS PERPLEX.

E. J. Mehren Points Out Difficulties of Trade Press Ethics.

E. J. Mehren, editor of Engineering

E. J. Mehren, 'editor of Engineering Record, read a paper before the Trade and Technical Press meeting. "On the 8th of May, this year," he said, "the New York Trade Press As-sociation adopted a code of practice, the fifth principle of which says that the published should pledge himself 'to de-cline any advertisement which has a tendency to mislead or which does not conform to business integrity." "The dividing line between truthful and untruthful copy taxes the ability of even the technically trained, and some-times raises questions impossible of de-termination upon the basis of the facts

times raises questions impossible of de-termination upon the basis of the facts available or obtainable. Technical copy in many cases can only be accepted or rejected by the technical man—obviously

rejected by the technical man—obviously the editor. "The publisher cannot dodge the re-sponsibility of safeguarding his subscrib-ers. Even if common honesty did not demand it the movement of the times would force it upon him. As was to be expected this is having a reflex in-fluence. The public is beginning to in-sist that advertising be honest, and is demanding that laws be passed to make fraudulent advertising punishable by fine fraudulent advertising punishable by fine

traudulent advertising punishable by fine and imprisonment. "You who are advertisers and have not adjusted yourselves to the new views, in whom long practice and bound-less enthusiasm leads to statements not warranted by the facts, you, too, need to ponder carefully, in my judgment, the difficulties I have presented. Of course the publisher can say, regardless of your feelings, that your copy will not be run and you in turn can in anger be run and you in turn can in anger withdraw your advertising, but such ac-Withdraw your advertising, but such ac-tion is not for your interest or for his. "If his paper is a worthy represent-ative of the industry you need it, and if your product is a meritorious one the industry needs you. Therefore am I as an editor solicitous that you shall when danger sit in with an open mind when danger line copy is under discussion? The loss line copy is under discussion? The loss to the business office in revenue is from my point of view of secondary import-ance. I shall regret your loss because it has weakened my grasp on the in-dustry, because my possibilities for serv-ice to the field have been lessened. What you contribute to the upbuilding of our line is lost to my readers whom I have pledged to serve to the best of my ability."

KEEPING THE AD FAKER OUT.

How National Vigilance Committee Does Its Effective Work.

Robert B. Armstrong, general man-ager of the Guy M. Rush Company. Los Angeles, Cal., on the subject of vigilance said in part:

"'Keeping the Faker Out' is the work "Keeping the Faker Out' is the work of men who are clean minded and clean hearted; who have no ax to grind but that of the public welfare. The Vig-ilance Committee of the Associated Ad-vertising Clubs of America is the X-ray applied to commercial publicity. It looks through and beyond the display type and the seductive appeal of the advertiser the seductive appeal of the advertiser. This committee is a disinfectant and cleanser. It is the chloride of lime of

"In the work of this committee throughout the country, there is not much that is spectacular—rather it is

the advertising will have upon the sales-man's efforts and results. Scores of well laid plans to vic-"Will it uncover new prospects for timize the public are suddenly flattened Thousands upon thousands of peo-have been spared something that out. ple

ple have been spared something that would have been ruinous to themselves. Some of the bolder and more hardened conspirators have tasted punishment, and the effect upon the newspapers, upon the advertising faker, and upon com-placent officials of different localities has been very large in the aggregate. "One of the most remarkable features of the activities of the Vigilance Com-mittee throughout the United States is the attitude of publishers of newspapers and periodicals in every district and community. This is significant of the moral awakening of the American busi-ness man. Whereas some years ago the ness man. Whereas some years ago the publisher of a newspaper and other per-iodicals believed his responsibility to the public ended when he printed and re-ceived money for the advertisement of-fered—today the publisher goes further.

"He is one of the pillars of the work of the Vigilance Committee. He prizes his reputation for truth and accuracy in his advertisements as well as in his news. No longer is an advertisement acceptable simply because it has been offered and paid for, but the moral tone and truthful character of the advertiseand truthin character of the advertise-ment, today, is as necessary as the cash with which to pay for it. "The continued success of the Vig-ilance Committee depends upon three

nance Committee depends upon three things—its fairness, its firmness, and the absolute co-operation of everyone con-nected with it. If it has not been so before let it be understood now, that every member of every advertising club in this association be, and is hereby ap-pointed, a co-operating member of this committee, that in the end the advercommittee, that in the end the advercommittee, that in the end the adver-tising faker may be elimined and that the advertisements of our national and local publications will be respected for their truth and reliability, as unreserv-edly as the National Bank note today is regarded as worth 100 cents on the dollar" dollar.

TAKING ONE'S OWN MEDICINE.

Internal Doses of External Advertising Counsel Urged by President Finn.

The advantage to be derived from ad-The advantage to be derived from ad-vertising men practicing what they preach were frankly and clearly dis-cussed in a paper on "External Adver-tising Counsel Taken Internally," hy Joseph H. Finn, president of the Nich-olas Finn Advertising Company, of Chi-cago. He said in part.

olas Finn Advertising Company, of Chi-cago. He said, in part: "I believe that 'external advertising counsel may be safely taken internally,' because I am one of those who persist in the conclusion that the general adver-tising business is fundamentally and finally a business and that the rules of operation that make for success in many hnally a business and that the rules of operation that make for success in manu-facturing and selling will safely apply to ourselves, and in my opinion, when advertising agents come to a realization of the fact that the question of perfect-ing their own organization in order that business may be handled efficiently at the lowest to the meslues merits

business may be handled efficiently at the lowest net cost to themselves, merits their serious consideration for a reason other than the fact that it affects their net profit, then and then only, will the constructive possibilities of modern agency service be realized." "The problem of the manufacturer to-day is two-fold—more goods, more highly differentiated, and the providing of means scientifically efficient to place them in the hands of the people. To this end, the efficient advertising com-pany must concentrate all of its trained ability. ability. "The

rendering of real advertising service has became an expensive invest-ment, and the rewards have necessi-tated a greater financial appreciation on the part of the advertiser for modern advertising counsel, involving this di-

advertising counsel, involving this di-versified service. "Service, in its broadest term, includes all these fundamentals which I have re-cited. In fact, everything that makes for the permanency of the business and the permanency of the advertiser follows as an actual sequence. Such innovations



PROF. PAUL T. CHERINGTON, OF CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

as I have described have been adopted by a number of advertising companies, to my certain knowledge, and have re-dounded to the financial stability of the concerns they served. In many cases, the rearrangement in business funda-mentals was only accomplished after mentals was only accomplished after heroic treatment, and in some occasions, in the face of antagonism on the part of some of the principals in the enter-prises involved. This is what I mean by the statement that external adver-tising counsel should be taken internally, provided, of course, that the means rec-ommended are consistent with good business business.

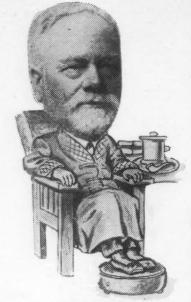
"Such service is expensive but the trend of modern advertising demands it. Progress in modern merchandising has no place for the advertiser, who in his anxiety to save a few percent, clouds his mind to the big profits on an intelli-gent investment rightly applied. Neither has it a place for the advertising agency that does not recognize the important factors that constitute real service.

"The advertising agency of the future is being evolved out of the present. It is the advertising company that renders all the diversity of service so necessary to the client's success, and at the same time, exacts and secures the most rea-sonable compensation consistent with good business methods, that will prevail. "Personally, I feel that the time has arrived when specialized endeavor should be remunerated by the adver-tiser entirely independent from the fixed charge for what is commonly accepted as advertising service.

The United Typothetae and Franklin Clubs of America, will hold their annual convention at the Congress Hotel Chi-cago, Oct. 6, 7 and 8.



J. M. IMRIE. SECRETARY CANADIAN PRESS ASSN.



MANLY M. GILLAM, CHAIRMAN RETAIL DEPARTMENT.

CO-RELATING ADS AND SALES.

Real Purpose of Campaign Should be More Than Immediate Business.

Introducing his address on "Co-relat-ing Advertising and Sales," V. L. Price, president of the St. Louis Advertising Men's League, and vice-president of the National Candy Company of St. Louis, said said

"One of the great dangers in under-taking an advertising campaign lies in placing too much importance upon ad-vertising as advertising, and too little upon its real function in its capacity as a sales help, and its necessary relation to the sales efforts which must go with it.

it. "I dare say that if we knew the num-ber of advertising failures which were due to lack of sales co-operation with the advertisers and the number of ad-vertising successes that would give ex-amples of insufficient or mediocre copy poorly placed, being pushed on to suc-cess through the force of sales ability and co-operation, we would stop to think more seriously of the relation of adver-tising to selling. tising to selling. "There is no doubt as to the value or

advertising properly used, nor can there be any doubt but that advertising is one be any doubt but that advertising is one of the most productive sales forces a salesman can possess; but much good advertising is suffering in its produc-tiveness through neglect of proper use of it and co-operation with it on the part of the sales force and the dealer. "One of the principal thoughts behind advertising plane should be the effect

advertising plans should be the effect



MAJOR E. E. CRITCHFIELD, TAYLOR-CRITCHFIELD CO., CHICAGO.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

UTILIZING THE DAILY. CORRESPONDENTS AS GUESTS. EDITORIALS ON ADVERTISING.

Newspapers Effectively and Widely to Reach the Public Quickly-It

Takes Time to Gain Confidence-Agents Should Meet Special Needs of Advertising Managers of Today.

BY DAN A. CARROLL. Publishers' Representative.

[From an address delivered before the Neuspaper Division of Association Advertis-ing Clubs of America at the Toronto con-vention, June 24, 1914.]

ing Clubs of America at the Toronto con-vention, June 24, 1914.] The greatest problem for the manu-facturer of popular-priced and popu-larly-used goods today is how to cover the large retail selling points effectively, both in sales and advertising work. The slow-moving, once a month, or once a week, general publications which have their place as a part of a national cam-paign, cannot be depended upon for rapid fire work in centers of popula-tion. A local medium is essential and the newspaper, by reason of its close contact with the buying public, its inti-macy with the every-day life of people who live rational lives, is so important that this medium at once assumes a commanding position. Unfortunately the daily newspapers are not united or sufficiently organized to go after the business of the general manufacturer as a concrete proposition

as do the magazines, the street cars, the billboards, or the painted sign interests.

WORK NOT ALWAYS THOROUGH.

We men who are engaged in the rep-We men who are engaged in the rep-resentation of the newspapers in the general advertising field are kept pretty busy handling the details of existing business by reason of certain economics in our work to blaze the trail as ef-fectively as it should be done. In con-sequence most creative or development work is delegated primarily to the gen-eral advertising agents, but not all gen-eral agents are prepared to give the advertiser intelligent advice and service in the handling of a large newspaper ac-count. This condition is getting bet-ter, however.

count. This condition is getting bet-ter, however. Here are two don'ts: Don't use fine screen half-tones when line drawings are cheaper and more effective. To the new advertiser, don't make the mistake of trying to advertise nationally when your goods are only handled locally in a few cities. It is important in many campaigns to build up your sales or-ganization territorially rather than try to conquer the whole United States and Canada with one splash. Today there is much competition in selling and ad-vertising with many brands of almost similar merit on the market and a close study of correct merchandising principles study of correct merchandising principles is essential for best results.

is essential for best results. BETTER TO MAKE HASTE SLOWLY. It takes a long acquaintance to make when a manufacturer places a contract with a newspaper of standing and integ-publisher to come in and talk to the prediction of the newspaper about your and also common sense that it takes more than a few advertisements to cre-ate the right impression. No advertising structure can be permanently erected to two or three month's campaign in the permanently erected to two or three month's campaign in the permanently erected to two or three month's campaign in the permanently erected to two or three month's campaign in the permanently erected to two or three month's campaign in the permanently erected to two or three month's campaign in the permanently erected to two or three month's campaign in the serious thought to the great sub-point to insist, if he is an advertising manager, that his advertising agency will make a thorough analysis of the news-paper situation as it pertains to his par-ticucent that he will insist that his ad-vertising manager do this. The Six-Foint League, the organizer of to two newspapers, of which if ave the honor to be a member and ong is part as contained in our by-laws of ex-taine or newspaper advertising.

paper Men Well Entertained.

(Special Correspondence.)

(Special Correspondence.) BALTIMORE, MD., June 25.—nearly two hundred Washington correspondents and others were entertained last Saturday night by the Baltimore Press Club with a sail down the bay, a supper and a fine entertainment. While the prime object was to promote good fellowship between the men of the neighboring cities, the trip was also given to show the visitors some of the preparations the city was making for its National Star Spangled Banner Centennial, which takes place in September. The active mover in the excursion was Raleigh C. Smith, of the Baltimore News, who deserves great credit for having given the local press club one of the best events in its his-tory.

tory. The guests were brought over from jects? "The guests were brought train in charge""The The guests were brought over from Washington on a special train in charge of J. Hampton Baumgartner, publicity man of the B. & O. At the depot the correspondents were met by Mayor Pres-ton and a band. The city's automobiles took them to the wharf, where they boarded the steamer. When Fort Mc-Henry was passed a replica of the orig-inal Star Spangled Banner was hoisted over the ramparts in the glare of many searchlights while the entire party sang

searchlights while the entire party sang the national anthem. This is the first time a flag has ever been raised over

time a flag has ever been raised over the fort at night since September 13, 1814, when "The Star Spangled Ban-ner" was written. It was a notable ceremony and one that will be long re-membered by the participants. A vaudeville bill was given, there was a wrestling match by Americus and part-ner, two bouts and a battle royal. Sena-tor John Sharp Williams spoke as also did Mayor Preston. A buffet lunch strictly a la Maryland was served. The party was entirely stag.

CHANGES IN INTEREST.

ALBERMARLE, N. C.-J. D. Bivins, owner of a large interest, has succeeded William De Little as editor of the Enterprise.

BENTON, ARK,—R. R. Adams has pur-chased the Democrat from R. C. Ray, and B. F. Henry will be associated with

KNOX CITY, Mo.-Dr. H. J. Everly has purchased the Bee.

WELLESBURG, W. VA.—John J. Kerr, a lawyer of East Liverpool, Ohio, is the new editor and owner of the Pan-Handle News, which will continue to be independent Democratic.

RANDOLPH, WIS.—The Advance has been sold to G. D. Browne and C. A. Forbes by Thomas Cummings.

BATESVILLE, TEX .- T. W. Little, editor of the Crystal City Chronicle, has be-come owner of the Batesville Herald, giving him control of two papers in Zuvala County.

WAUPACA, WIS.—Charles P. Stanley this city has bought the interest of W. Krake in the Leader Company.

BLOOMINGTON, TEX.-R. L. Bledsoe, formerly of Bishop, has bought the Breeze.

MARSHALL, Mo.—A. L. Preston, presi-dent and general manager of the Mar-shall Democrat News, has purchased the interest of his partner, John G. Miller. He has also purchased the Marshall Re-publican's mailing list.

MAIDEN ROCK, WIS.—Mrs. May El-dridge, owner and publisher of the Pepin County Courier, has sold the paper to Bardill Brothers of Alma.

HOMER, ILL.—The Enterprise has been old to Harris Dante, editor of the Monticello Republican.

MADISON, IND.—Eldie Troxen, a Re-publican of Greencastle, and Herbert Moore, a Democrat of New Albany, have bought the Madison Democrat Progressive.

How National Advertisers Can Use Two Hundred Washington News- How to Develop Public Interest

Through News Columns.

Through News Columns. A. L. Shuman, advertising manager of the Fort Worth (Tex.) Star-Tele-gram, took as his subject, "Developing Interest in Advertising Through the News Columns." He said in part: "Every newspaper has an editorial page, within the limitations of which it is the mission of the newspaper to en-deavor to teach, instruct and mold the opinions of its readers with reference to the current topics of the day. The much heralded 'power of the press' is contained within the bounds of the edi-torial pages. torial pages.

should not every newspaper "Why should not every newspaper have editorials of instruction on business and advertising topics, given the same prominence in the news columns or edi-torial pages that is now accorded ex-pressions of the publisher on other sub-

"This manner of appeal will direct itself to thousands of readers who have not heretofore been interested in advernot heretofore been interested in adver-tising and it will especially reach the male member of the family, who is nat-urally less thrifty than the woman, and is consequently an indifferent reader of advertising and comparatively a poor shopper. Convert the man through the advertising editorial. "Educate him to the level where he will not buy the first brand of shirt that is thrust under his nose, whether it be an advertised brand or not; educate him to know how to obtain better val-

him to know how to obtain better val-ues for his money by confining his pur-chases to advertised commodities.

chases to advertised commodifies. "Instead of giving valuable space each month to tell its supremacy in adver-tising and circulation over its rivals, which is all right, so far as it goes, if a newspaper would devote the same amount of space to advertising stories and editorials in newsy, readable form, the great cause of advertising in its en-tirety would be benefited to an immeas-urably great extent and more adver-tising would accrue to every legitimate medium as a result of such an educa-tional campaign. tional campaign.

"With this purpose in mind, the 'Ad-vertising Spizzerinktum' feature of the Sunday issue of the Fort Worth Star-Telegram had its inception, with your speaker as the editor.

Telegram had its inception, with your speaker as the editor. "To my mind, every newspaper in the land should intensify interest in adver-tising by developing that interest through the news columns. People of all classes can be reached in this way-many of whom will not give attention to any other kind of appeal. It has been my experience in Fort Worth, since this feature has been used in the Star-Telegram to note increasing in-terest manifested by those who have heretofore been impervious to the ap-peals of the solicitor. The advertising editorial paves the way for the space seller to drive home the clinching ar-gument, which transforms a non-adver-tiser into a convert."

Big Six Installs New Officers.

Big Six Installs New Officers. The recently elected officers of New York Typographical Union No. 6 were installed last week at its regular meeting in the Murray Hill Lyceum. The prin-cipal officers are James H. Dahm, presi-dent; John S. O'Connell, secretary-treasurer, and Thomas Rea, Jr., Thomas Hayes, Lawrence Pendergast and Wal-ter Burdett, delegates to the convention of the International Typographical Union, which will be held at Providence in August. Dahm was recently tendered a beefsteak dinner by about five hundred members of the union.

Joins Hasbrook, Story & Brooks. Joins Hasbrook, Story & Brooks. John J. McConnell, Jr., formerly with the Hearst organization, has joined the force of Hasbrook, Story & Brooks, Inc., going to their Chicago office. Mr. McConnell has had wide experience as an advertising man extending over a period of fifteen years. During that time he has been associated with the Phila-delphia Record and the Telegraph, both in the local and foreign field, and dur-ing the last two years with the Morgen Iournal. His experience in the general Journal. His experience in the general advertising field has brought him a wide acquaintance which should be of much



JOHN J. MCCONNELL, JR.

value to him in his new connection. Hasbrook, Story & Brooks, special news-paper representatives, started in busi-ness in March 1913 as representatives in the East only for the Atlanta Consti-tution and the Philadelphia Evening Telegraph. Today they are maintaining offices in New York, Philadelphia and Chicago and represent fifteen important papers in the East and nine in the West. papers in the East and nine in the West. Their organization now comprises a so-liciting force of seven men besides a complete office equipment in each of the three cities.

I. C. M. A. CONVENTION NOTES.

I. C. M. A. CONVENTION NOTES. Maurice Levy, circulation manager of the Cincinnati Post, distributed among the delegates to last week's I. C. M. A. convention copies of "The Cincinnati Post I. C. M. A. Special" dated Sarnia, Can., June 13. The top half of the front page of the folio sheet shows a cartoon of the Noronic and her load of circu-lation men indulging in various kinds of conversation. The paper was filled with items and articles of interest to the circulation men.

The Convention Times was the name of another newspaper that made a hit. It was issued by the Circulation Con-struction of Salt Lake City, of which H. A. Wenige is president. It was a miniature sheet containing a lot of good stuff.

Graduates of Newsboys' School.

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Arthur W. Stace, managing editor of the Grand Rapids (Mich.) Press, made the graduation address when diplomas were presented to five graduates of the Press Newsboys' school. The school is maintained by the Press in its own building to help boys who want to earn as they learn. They are on hand from 80 o'clock in the morning until the last editions. E. W. Booth presented the diplomas. Mrs. Ed. Mosher is the printiparties the in to invest it in all requirements of the public school Daily America, a racing newspaper, and system and its diploma gives admispromised to recoup him for his losses.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

AND JOURNALIST

FOR NEWSPAPER MAKERS, ADVERTISERS . AND ADVERTISING AGENTS

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Western Office: 601 Hartford Bldg., Chicago, A. R. Keator, Manager Telephone, Randolph 6065

See Publisher's announcement for subscription and advertising rates

New York, Saturday, June 27, 1914

THE TORONTO CONVENTION.

The Toronto convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America, hereafter to be known as the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World, held this week, was the largest in point of attendance and the best in point of general interest ever held by the association. Never before have so many addresses been delivered and so many papers read. The programme committee, of which John K. Allen, of Boston, is chairman, is entitled to the heartiest thanks of every member of the organization. To select and secure the consent of over 200 men and women to contribute the results of their experiences for the benefit of those engaged in the advertising business who might journey to Toronto, and appear in person at a sacrifice of time and money, and without hope of reward of any kind save that of knowing that they might help others, is an achievement well worth while. Out of the entire number of speakers only two failed to put in an appearance, and these were kept away by unforeseen circumstances.

The Toronto convention marks a distinct advance in educational achievement. The departmental sessions were better attended and the value of the matter presented was greater than in other years. It was quite evident at the start that the majority of the delegates came to the convention city not for the purpose of having a "good time" but to learn all they could from the discussions and addresses. There was no friction of a serious nature among the members in any of the divisions. On the contrary, there was apparent an earnest desire to co-operate on all measures that were brought forward for consideration. The right kind of spirit prevailed everywhere.

The standards of practice adopted by the several departments will undoubtedly help to place the advertising business on a higher and better plane. The agents, and the publishers will hereafter, we believe, work together with less friction and a better understanding of each other's position.

The change made in the name of the association was made necessary by the enlarged scope of its activities. For the last four years representatives of foreign advertising organizations have come to America to attend the conventions at the invitation of the A. A. C. A. This year delegates were present from Australia, Japan, the Philippines, Hawaii, England, Germany, France and other distant countries. Many of these participated in the proceedings and helped to make the convention a success.

It was, therefore, incumbent upon the association to change its name so that it might more accurately represent its world-wide membership composition.

President Woodhead has made good as head of the association in everything he has undertaken. He possesses executive ability of a high order; he is a careful and thorough business man; he inspires the members of his cabinet with his own enthusiasm, and he has won the admiration and respect of the entire body of advertising men-which is saying a great deal.

The association enters upon the eleventh year of its existence under the most favorable auspices. That it may continue to grow in the right way and better serve its membership, the general cause of advertising, and the great public at large, is our most earnest wish.

CASH BETTER THAN BOARD.

The Bureau of Advertising of the A. N. P. A. has been paying some attention lately in its bulletins to hotel trade deals for advertising. It cites some interesting correspondence between the Ottawa (Can.) Free Press and a New York man who is a bond salesman.

This is the proposition received by the Free Press: I his is the proposition received by the Free Fress: I would like to make an arrangement with you to do some hotel advertising in your paper on an exchange basis of accommodation for rooms only in these hotels, during the months of June, July, August and September. If you would care to en-tertain such a proposition, will you kindly send me your rates and on what basis you would be willing to consider this exchange? I would, of course, ex-pect the usual commission for placing this adver-tising. tising.

The reply by the Free Press is as follows:

The reply by the Free Press is as follows: We acknowledge your letter with reference to exchange of advertising for hotel accommodation from which you ask us to pay you the usual com-mission for placing the advertising. Might we sug-gest that you look for your crop of suckers in Man-hattan rather than Ottawa? In the first place we sell our advertising for cash, and in the second place we do not give commission to bond salesmen on hotel advertising. We would suggest that you come along with same other proposition if you are anxious to do business.

Having this subject in mind the Olean (N. Y.) Herald expresses the belief that there should be a campaign to "convert publishers from the error of their ways, in accepting hotel advertising for anything but cash," and then goes on to say:

The newspaperman who comes across and takes his pay in hotel accommodations almost always subjects himself to being humiliated when he arrives at the hotel and wants rooms. The contract usually reads that he must send word in advance and sometimes further on reads that the accommo-dations are not good during the summer months, and, worst of all, it becomes null and void as far as the current year.

There can be little doubt as to the newspapers getting the worst of these "exchange" bargains with hotels, largely because the hotels willing to make them expect to get something for nothing. The right sort of hotels pay regular rates and the right sort of publisher demands what his space is worth. The hotels get quite enough free advertising as it is through correspondents at resorts who enjoy themselves at the expense of the papers they represent.

Why will petty officials insist on impeding the progress of law and justice at Washington? Must deliberate justice suffer severe jolts because there are those whose impatience borders on impertinence? Last week came District Attorney Wilson before the District of Columbia Supreme Court with a motion to abandon indictments brought in 1875 by a Federal Grand Jury against Whitelaw Reid and Charles A. Dana for alleged libel on a former "boss" of the District. The moving reason was that both defendants are now dead. Shades of Reid and Dana! Forty years have the indictments slept while the Potomac rolled majestically by the banks of Isis, without a murmur from the District tribunal. The law will take its wearied course and now, alas Reid is dead, and Dana, too, so what is left but to quash the indictments and give the defendants grave justice. All honor to Mr. Wilson for saving the reputations of these noble men!

We are deeply indebted to the Mail and Empire, We are deeply indebted to the Main and Employ of Toronto, for the cartoons of prominent advertis-ing men appearing in this issue of THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. They were printed in that newspaper during the progress of the A. A. C. W. convention and made a hit with the visitors, as we are sure they will with our readers. they will with our readers.

DIVERS DASHES.

Speaking at a recent meeting of the Massachu-setts Medical Society, Dr. Horace Arnold, of Bos-ron, urging newspapers to add physicians to their editorial staffs, said: "It would be a good idea to have a physician on the editorial staff of every influential newspaper, to pass on medical news. Un-der such conditions the physicians would be more free with information, and the newspapers would news." I happen to know that the plan suggested by Dr. Arnold was tried for several months by a not a huge success. The paper has returned to its old method of consulting quickly available outside physicians when necessary. One objection to hav-ing a staff physician was his disposition to dispute were his real duty was simply to pass upon the probable accuracy of such statements in interviews. He was, however, of value as a consulting editor when he was needed to pass upon the copy of a or usrgery. In such cases an editorial staff doctor may keep a paper from making some bad blunders.

Inasmuch as he escaped injury, the New York World may be congratulated on having on board the American liner New York a member of the World's editorial staff, when the New York and Pretoria were in collision. The World man was George Carteret, who was returning from a vacation abroad. Mr. Carteret promptly sent by wireless, via Siasconset, a clear and complete story of the happening, which was just before daybreak. As a result the World easily led the other metropolitan papers with its account of the New York's close call. Mr. Carteret's message left untold nothing of importance and its quick publication allayed much importance and its quick publication allayed much anxiety. It is only another instance of how a good newspaper man keeps his head in times of excitement and danger while others about him are incapacitated for clear thinking by their surroundings. None but a newspaper man can fully appreciate what a neat bit of reporting Mr. Carteret did when he rushed that story oversea, through nearly five hundred miles of space to his paper and gave the World a four-column, first page display. JIM DASH.

JOURNALISTIC CHRONOLOGY.

Coming Week's Anniversaries of Interest to Newspaper Folk.

JUNE 27—James Stetson Metcalfe, of Life, editor, critic and author, born at Buffalo, N. Y. (1858). JUNE 28—Herbert Foster Gunnison, business man-ager and director of the Brooklyn (N. Y.) Eagle, born at Halifax, N. S. (1858).

JUNE 28-John Boyle O'Reilly, author and poet, born (1844).

born (1844). JUNE 28—Oliver Bronson Capen, author and pub-lisher, born at Binghamton, N. Y. (1878). JUNE 29—London Daily Telegraph started (1855). JUNE 29—London Morning Standard established

(1857).

June 29—Thomas Charles Quinn started in the New York Press an agitation for the display of New York Press an agitation for the display of the American flag on public schools and other pub-lic buildings (1889). JUNE 29—Joseph B. Gilder, editor and author, born in Flushing, N. Y. (1858). JUNE 29—Thomas Dunn English, author and ed-itor, born at Philadelphia, Pa. (1819). JUNE 29—J. Harvey Mathes, soldier and journal-ist born (1841).

JUNE 29-J. Harvey Mathes, soldier and journal-ist, born (1841). JUNE 30-Roy Larcom McCardell, humorist, of the New York Evening World, born at Hagers-town, Md. (1870). JUNE 30-Edward Fuller, of the Providence (R. I.) Journal, born (1860). JULY 1-John Palmer Gavit, managing editor of the New York Evening Post, born at Albany, N. Y. (1868).

(1868). July 1-JULY 1-Joseph Moore Bowles, art manager, ed-itor and publisher, born at Indianapolis, Ind. (1865). JULY 1-Gideon Welles, editor, Lincoln's Secre-tary of the Navy, born (1802). JULY 1-Charles G. Greene, journalist, born

(1804).

JULY 1—Boston Courier founded (1795). JULY 1—Paul Wilstach, writer, born at Lafayette, Ind. (1870).

Ind. (1870). JULY 1--MCKeesport (Pa.) News founded (1884). JULY 2--John S. Phillips, publisher, born at Council Bluffs, Ia. (1861). JULY 2--Thomas Lansing Masson, managing ed-itor of Life since 1894, born at Essex, Conn. (1866). JULY 3--Lancaster (Pa.) Intelligencer founded (1794).

JULY 3—James Terry White, author, editor and publisher, born at Newburyport, Mass. (1845).
 JULY 3—Ripley Hitchcock, author and editor, born at Fitchburg, Mass. (1857).

PERSONALS.

Henry E. Roethe, editor of the Fenni-more Times, is making a campaigr. for the nomination for governor on the Republican ticket in Wisconsin.

Benjamin Wood, of the Autoplate Company of America and the Wood Flong Company, left Thursday for a va-cation at Nantucket.

Dr. Willard G. Bleyer, head of the course in journalism at the University of Wisconsin, sailed for England last Saturday, where he will spend the sum-mer. He will also visit Holland and Belgium.

A. McCrory, editor of the Ringling (Okla.) News, who is the present mem-ber of Jefferson in the Oklahoma house, has announced himself a candidate for renomination by the democrats. If elect-ed he will become a candidate for speaker speaker.

William Witmer, publisher of the Pendleton (Ind.) Times, is thought to be improving. He suffered a stroke of paralysis. Witmer has suspended publi-cation of his weekly paper for two weeks weeks.

Miss Effie Scruggs, of Vidalia, Ga., has been appointed editor of the Adrian (Ga.) Index.

J. Lindsay Johnson, editor of the Rome a.) Tribune-Herald, and has named (Ga.) assistant director of the census for the Philippine Islands by the Governor Gen-eral, Francis Burton Harrison. The salary of the position is \$4,000 a year.

A. R. McCollum, editor of the Waco, Tex., Tribune, is recovering after an operation for appendicitis.

H. N. Wheeler, editor of the Quincy the (111.) Journal, is seeking the Democratic cha Congressional nomination from the Cor Fifth Congressional District of Illinois. at

R. H. Fisher, formerly with the Gal-veston (Tex.) News, has been editor of the Brenham (Tex.) Banner-Press.

Mrs. A. R. Armstrong, who has been editor and publisher of the Butte (Neb.) Gazette for twenty years, has sold the paper to A. B. Thatcher.

C. A. Mitchell is now the sole owner of the Brunswick (Neb.) Independent, having purchased the interest of his partner, Mark A. Shields. F

Lawrence R. Maher has been appointed by Governor James M. Cox as busi-ness manager of the Springfield News, the junior member of the News League of Ohio. Mr. Maher has had eight years' connection with the News League.

Grand M. Hyde, instructor in jour-nalism at the University of Wisconsin. has been chosen business manager of the new Social Center magazine, the first number of which is to appear about August 1. Mr. Hyde will continue on the staff of the course in journalism at Wisconsin.

J. R. Smith, of the Wellington (N. Z.) Evening Post, has been visiting sev-eral New York City newspaper offices. He is making an educational tour of the world and is writing a series of articles on his impressions for several New Zea-land papers. Mr. Smith says that New York is by far the most wonderful city he has seen. He will proceed to London and the Continent, returning to New Zealand later in the year.

Maitland Park, editor of the Cape Town (Africa) Cape Times, is men-tioned as the probable successor of the late Richard Solman as High Commis-sioner of South Africa. The official an-nouncement is not expected until the end of the apeligement accession. of the parliamentary session.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

GENERAL STAFF PERSONALS.

Albert C. Preston, of the editorial staff of the Buffalo (N. Y.) Courier, has been elected secretary of the Executive Committee of the Buffalo Commission Charter Committee.

"Big Jim" Hitchcock, formerly of Lan-sing, Mich., has sold out his newspaper interests in Crawfordsville, Ind., and has returned to Lansing as city editor of the Press, succeeding Don Champney, who has diphtheria

W. H. French has been appointed advertising manager of Barnhart Brothers & Spindler.

Fred C. Sheasby, who has been en-gaged in newspaper work in Madison, Wis., for the past 11 years, has joined the reportorial staff of the Milwaukee (Wis.) Daily News. He will cover the city hall run.

Albert Lockwood, city editor of the Peru (Ind.) Daily Chronicle, and of the well-known newspaper family of Lock-woods, is a patient in the Duke's Memo-rial hospital at Peru, suffering from a broken leg as a result of an automobile accident accident.

, where he becomes night editor.

Miss Elsie Vandegrift, formerly the Denver (Col.) Post, has taken charge of the Empire State Campaign taken Committee's suffrage organization work at Troy, N. Y.

Ivan H. Thompson has resigned as night editor of the Albany bureau of the Associated Press to become a city editor of the Gloversville (N. Y.) Leader-Republican.

WEDDING BELLS.

John P. Flanagan of the Bangor (Me.) Daily Commercial married Helen Shea at Bangor recently.

Millard F. Hoyle, editor of the Hol-lister (Cal.) Daily Free Lance and Nettie C. Hutz were married in that city last week.

Lacey C. Haynes, of the Kansas City (Mo.) Star, and Miss Mary C. Lindsay were married in that city recently.

Clyde Knox, editor, and Miss Nelle Doggett, society reporter, of the Inde-pendence (Kan.) Reporter, were mar-ried at Kansas City recently.

Roy E. Roberts, formerly Washington correspondent for the Kansas City (Mo.) Star and at present State polit-ical reporter for that paper, and Miss Barbara Schwartz were united in mar-riage at the home of the bride in Nachez, Miss., on June 10.

John Lamb Lovett, of the Chicago Tribune, and Miss Marion E. Walters, formerly suffrage editor of the same paper, were married on June 15.

H. M. Smith, formerly advertising man with the Middleport (Pa.) Re-publican, married Miss Myrtle Collins at Sharon, Pa., last week.

Stanley T. Milliken, sporting editor of the Washington Post, and Miss Emily Sharn of this city stole away from Washington last week and were merging in Polymore. married in Baltimore.

HE ROASTS THE ROASTERS.

Manager Palmer Thinks Coffee Men Should Not Have Something for Nothing.

In the current issue of the Tea and Coffee Journal L. B. Palmer, manager of the A. N. P. A., has an article on "Something for Nothing," dealing with

sing, Mich., has sold out his newspaper interests in Crawfordsville, Ind., and has returned to Lansing as city editor of the Press, succeeding Don Champney, who has diphtheria. John J. Spurgeon, of the New York World's editorial staff returned on Wed-nesday from an outing in Europe. Clifford W. Smith, of the Benton Harbor (Mich.) News Palladium, has been appointed a cadet at the United States Naval Academy.

That they do not propose to pay for s service is indicated by a letter rethis an agent, urging the publication in the news columns of an item exploiting

news columns of an item exploiting coffee week, 'as a small contribution to the cause of better business.' "No doubt the newspapers, if prop-erly used, would materially increase the sale of coffee, but it would seem to be inconceivable that the National Coffee Roasters' Association seriously expects the free use of the news columns to boom its business when the advertising columns are especially designed for that columns are especially designed for that

purpose. "If it cost the New Haven Railroad at the rate of \$300 for each article secured by its press agent, how much will the coffee roasters squander if they ataccident. Charles D. Watkins, formerly of the news columns at a time when every Indianapolis bureau of The Associated newspaper is acquainted with the fact Press, has been transferred to Albany, that the purpose is the simple promo-N. Y., where he becomes night editor.

"The Sun Do Move."

It is reported that the New York Sun is to move into the 21-story American Tract Society Building, No. 150 Nassau street, utilizing the sub-cellar, basement and fort three stories. and first three stories. An and first three stories. An architect has been commissioned to prepare plans for remodelling the Tract Society Build-ing below the fourth floor. When in-quiries were made at the Sun office no official would confirm the report. It is further reported that the A. Schulte Realty Co. will lease the Sun plot, and erect there on a skyscraper. The Sun building was erected more than a Cen-tury ago at a cost of \$28,000. It is now assessed by the city for \$460,000. architect assessed by the city for \$460,000.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Subscription: Two Dollars a year in the United States and Colonial Possessions, \$2.50 a year in Canada and \$3.00 foreign.

It is suggested that the publication should be mailed to the home address to insure prompt delivery.

The Editor and Publisher page contains 672 agate lines, 168 on four.

The columns are 13 picas. Advertising will not he accepted for the rst three pages of the paper.

Advertising Rates: Translent Display 25c. n agate line. an

an agate line. Liheral discounts are allowed on either time or space contracts. Small advertisements under proper classi-fication will be charged as follows: For Sale and Heip Wanted fifteen cents a line; Busi-ness Opportunity and Miscelianeous ten cents a line, and Situations one cent a word; see classified pages.

The Editor and Publisher can be found on ie each week at the following newsstands: sale each sale each week at the foilowing newsstands: New York-World Building, Tribune Build-ing, Park Row Building, 140 Nassau street, Manning's (opposite the World Building), 33 Park Row; The Woolworth Building, Times Building, Forty-second street and Broadway, at hasement entrance to Subway; Brentano's Book Store, Twenty-sixth street and Fifth avenue, and Mack's, opposite Macy's on Thirty-fourth street. Philadelphia-L. G. Rau, 7th and Chest-nut streets. Pittshurgh-Davis Book Shop, 416 Wood street.

Pittshurgh-Davis Book Shop, 416 Wood street. Washington, D. C.-Bert E. Trenis, 511 Fourteenth street, N. W. Chicago-Morris Book Shop, 71 East Adams street; Post Office News Co., Monroe street. Cieveland-Schroeder's News Store, Su-perior street, opposite Post Office. Detroit-Solomon News Co., 69 Larned street, W. San Francisco-R. J. Bidwell Co., 742 Market street.

EASTERN DAILY and job business in very attractive location. Annual volume of business, \$30,000. Three Linotypes, Cox Duplex, etc. Owner interested to sell 1/2 or all. Property needs aggressive management. Not more than \$5,000 cash necessary, balance can be deferred. Owner's

return, \$3,700 annually. Proposition K. C. C. M. PALMER **Newspaper Properties**

225 Fifth Ave., New York

SITUATIONS WANTED

Advertisements under this classification one cent per word each insertion.

CIRCULATION MANAGER. CIRCULATION MANAGER. Cornell graduate, commercial and pub-licity experience, strong correspondent and executive, wants position as circulation man-ager on live popular daily, weekly or monthly journal, vicinity New York City. Excellent references. Moderate starting salary. Ad-dress CORNELL, Care The Editor and Pub-lisher.

Young man experienced in circulation work desires a position as circulation manager or superintendent of city delivery. Can furnish reference as to ability. J. H. M., Box 206, Washington, Pa.

FOR SALE

Advertisements under this classification fif-teen cents per line, each insertion. Count seven words to the line.

Linotype Machine, No. 636, Baltimore make, No. 1 Model, equipped with two-letter attach-ment, will set from 5 point to 11 point face, length of line to 30 ems; machine in good condition. Address Business Manager, Dis-patch Printing Company, St. Paul, Minnesota.

On account of the installation of New Autoplate machinery, we have for sale a finishing machine, manufactured by R. Hoe & Company. The machine has been used only a few months and is in first class con-dition. Will be sold at a bargain. Address Business Manager, Dispatch Printing Com-pany, St. Paul, Minnesota.

MISCELLANEOUS

Advertisements under this classification ten cents per line, each insertion. Count seven words to the line.

DAILY NEWS

Reports for evening papers, advance news mail service, special and Chicago news, stereotype plates, 60c. per page. YARD'S NEWS BU-REAU. 167 W. Washington St., Chicago, III.

LINOTYPE MACHINES

All models, bought and sold. Complete line of Printers' machinery and supplies on hand for immediate shipment.

RICH & McLEAN, 51 Cliff St., New York.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY

Advertisements under this classification ten cents per line, each insertion. Count seven words to the line.

To the ambitious young man with eapital and experience, who desires to become a publisher, we can offer several good oppor-tunities. Harris-Dibble Company, 71 West 23d St., New York City.

ADVERTISING MEDIA

Advertisements under this classification, ten cents per line, each insertion. Count seven words to the line.

Chicago — New York — Phila-delphia, for 20 years the coal trades' leading journal. Write for rates. THE BLACK DIAMOND

HELP WANTED.

Wanted, immediately.-Experienced adver-tising solicitor and circulation manager. Give full particulars and state amount salary de-sired. Sunday Call, Pittsfield, Mass.

Editor Appleget Resigns.

Fred B. Appleget, who has been for several years editor of Newspaperdom, New York, has resigned that position and will, after a short vacation, decide as to which of several propositions made to him he will accept.

These Fifty-One Daily Newspapers are (

By WILLIAM C.

Each one is a power in its community---a daily encyclopedia of community---social and business---but about everything that

during every twen

The daily newspaper is almost as necessary to our existence as is the air we breathe.

No intelligent person, man or woman, boy or girl, in any of the communities where these fifty-one newspapers are published, would think of passing through one whole day without familiarizing himself or herself with the events of the day.

To go without reading a newspaper for one week would be like missing one year in a college course—just so much would be taken out of life for that week.

Is it not reasonable to assume, therefore, that a daily messenger of this importance, coming into our homes with the regularity of clockwork, keeping us informed on every conceivable subject—is a natural medium through which to make a business appeal?

Frank Irving Fletcher, advertising director of Saks & Company (one of New York's prominent department stores), made a statement sometime ago which impressed me more than anything else with the value of the daily newspaper as an advertising medium.

He said that the daily newspaper was the only advertising medium that received its charter from the people—that if there was no advertising of any kind the newspaper would still live because it was an actual, daily necessity, which people would have served to them daily, no matter what the price.

He conveyed the thought that if there was no advertising, there would be no need of the magazines or the outdoor signs and other forms of publicity—that they would die. Not so with the newspaper. It will live forever because it is the only form of publicity that meets usevery day—it gives us the news, and the knowledge that is necessary for us in our daily business and social life.

Now, take fifty-one separate, powerful agencies, such as this combination of New England newspapers represents—all of them pledged to united effort for the benefit of the manufacturer who wishes, through them, to reach the people of New England—can you imagine any saner way of making a specific appeal? Can you figure out how it is possible to make such an appeal at so little cost per thousand of readers?

The average advertiser does not fully appreciate the intimacy that exists between the people and their daily newspaper. They don't quite grasp what an important factor the daily newspaper is in every home. They assume, sometimes, to wilfully misunderstand its power, but the fact is that every busi-

Fifty-one New England Dailie

CONNECTICUT.

Paper .	Circulation	2,500 1.	10,000 h	-
Bridgeport Farmer (E)	12,508	.0285	.0175	Ne
Bridgeport Post (E)	•12,735	.035	.025	c
Bridgeport Post (S)	7,000	.025	.02	Ne
Bridgeport Standard (E)	°7,422	.03	.015	¢
†Bridgeport Telegram (M)	11,394	.02	.02	Ne
Danbury News (E)	6,168	.0118	.0118	†Ne
Hartford Courant (M)	16,535	.06	.035	*Pi
Hartford Courant (S)	. 16,000	.06	.035	Sa
Hartford Post (E)	15,856	.025	.02	†S1
Hartford Post (S)	5,000	.025	.02	tS
Hartford Times (E)	*22,085	.06	.04	Sp
[†] Meriden Journal (E)	†7,000	.03	.015	Sp
Meriden Record (M)	°7,000	.0357	.015	Ta
†New Haven Journal-Courier (M)	12,727	.03	.025	†T
New Haven Union (E)	**16,913	.05	.03	W
New Haven Union (S)	8,821	.0285	.02	W
New London Day (E)	*7,783	.0285	.0157	W
†Norwich Bulletin (M)	8,771	.04	.018	†V
Waterbury American (E)	7,300	.0357	.0235	SAL.
Waterbury Republican (M)	8,385	.0285	.02	20
Population 1,114,756.				†N
MAINE.		•		
‡Portland Argus (M)	7,389	.0178	.0143	Pr
Portland Express (E)	*17,849	.0535	.0375	Pr
Portland Telegram (S)	12,220	.0393	.0321	Pr
†Portland Press (M)	11,740	.025	.02	W
Portland Press (S)	5,500	.0393	.0321	W
Waterville Sentinel (M)	7,000	.0285	.0143	
Population 742,371.				
				†E
MASSACHUSETTS.				B
Boston Globe (ME)	259,000	.30	.30	В
Boston Globe (S)	318,783	.30	.30	R
Boston Herald-Traveler (ME)	*155,777	.28	.25	
Boston Herald-Traveler (S)	*60,663	.23	.20	1.15
†Boston Journal (M)	80,000	.16	.125	
+Boston Post (M)	. 404,927	.35	.35	1.
†Boston Post (S)	. 342,712	.35	.35	S. 1
[†] Boston Transcript (E)	. 31,404	.15	.15	2
Gloucester Times (E)	7,500	.0214	.015	
Haverhill Gazette (E)	10,800		.0185	1
Haverhill Herald (E)	*9,490	.02	.0171	
Lynn Item (E)	18,338	.0535	.0357	
Lynn News (E)	8,560	.0357	.0207	
				10.0

21 Leading Magazines Charge \$6.29 a Line for 1,339,006 Times the Rate of the Above Listed Newspapers for

General advertisers seeking further light in respect to r England territory, and the degree to which the important new operation," are requested to communicate with THE EDITOR Advocate, Suite 1117 World Building, Ne

e Co-operating for the Good of Business

a of valuable information not only about the happenings in each that is important that transpires in any part of the world

twenty-four hours.

Dailies 5,000 Circulation and up

MASSACHUSETTS-(Continued).

		O an enable of the		
. 4 000	Paper	Circulation	2,500 1.	10,000
)175	New Bedford Standard and Mer-	*10 450		
25	cury (ME) New Bedford Standard and Mer-	*19,458	.03	.03
02		*13,839	02	02
015	cury (S) Newburyport News (E)		.03	.03
02	†Northampton Gazette (E)	5,601	.0178	.0125
)118		5,411		.014
035	*Pittsfield Eagle (E)	*11,874	.02	.0157
035	Salem News (E)	19,198	.042	.03
02	+Springfield Republican (M)	17,008	.075	.0625
02	+Springfield Republican (S)	18,463	.075	:0625
04	Springfield Union (ME)	28,430	.075	.06
015	Springfield Union (S)	18,576	.075	.06
015	Taunton Herald-News (E)	5.404	1.025	.0178
025	†Taunton Gazette (E)	6,044	.0215	.015
03	Worcester Gazette (E)	*20,661	.0425	.032
02	Worcester Telegram (M)	28,275	.05	.05
0157	Worcester Telegram (S)	31,726	.05	.05
018	†Worcester Post (E)	13,135	.0285	.0221
0235	Population 3,336,416.			
02	NEW HAMPSHIRE.			
	[†] Manchester Union & Leader (ME) Population 430,572.	25,000	.08	.05
	RHODE ISLAND.			
0143	Providence Bulletin (E)	† †47,620	.09	.09
0375	Providence Journal (M)	††19,002	.07	.07
0321	Providence Journal (S)	††30,567	.08	.08
.02	Westerly Sun (E)	5,630	.0178	0128
0321	Woonsocket Call & Reporter (E)	12,183	.0357	.0214
0143	Population 542.610.			
	VERMONT.			
		6 010	0215	015
	†Barre Times (E)	6,210	.0215	.015
	Burlington Free Press (M)	9,418	.025	.0157
.30	Burlington News (E)	5,976	.0214	.0171
.30	Rutland Herald (M)	5,475	.0214	.0171
.25	Population 355,956.			15
.20	Total for New England	1.532.635	\$2.8788	\$2.371
.125	*Net paid figures supplied by pub			
.35	"Government Report.	maner.		
.35	**Net paid figures certified by A.	A. A. au	ditor.	
.15	†Publishers' signed statement of	average	gross	figures
.015	on file in this office. ††Net paid averages for 1913 atte	stad by	N W/ A	mar &
.0185	Son.	steu by	14. W. P	yer a
.0171	Other circulation ratings are from	Nelson (Chesman	's Rate
.0357	Book for 1913 and 1914.			
.0207	Population New England, 6,552,681	•		

339,006 Circulation in New England, Over Two and One Half pers for Nearly Two Hundred Thousand Less Circulation.

pect to marketing conditions and distribution facilities in the New ant newspapers listed above will aid and assist with "local co-EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST, The Newspaper ding, New York. Phone, Beekman 4330. ness in every community that thrives the best is that which persistently makes itself know. n to all of the people through the medium of the daily newspaper.

In talking to Mr. C. H. Eddy, who represents several of these New England newspapers in the general field, and who is thoroughly familiar with conditions there, he said to me:

"The buying power of New England is enormous. Its dense population in restricted area—its highly organized dealer-distribution—its high percentage of general education (making practically every adult a newspaper reader) combine to make New England an ideal advertising territory.

"The New England States are far in the lead in amount of savings bank deposits per capita.

"Each of the papers on this list is an institution in its home city—it has been published there for many years and has the respect and confidence of the readers, as well as that of the local dealer. The local dealer is a capital guide for the national advertiser.

"It is fair to suppose that the mediums in which the local dealer (who handles the product of manufacturers) spends his own money, will bring the best returns to those manufacturers.

"These fifty-one daily newspapers blanket the New England States—they cover every large city and town—they reach out into the smaller towns and communities, and they influence every reader. They enter the homes—they are in all the business offices—they are in all of the hotels, and on all the trains, morning, noon and night, and they are constantly being read by the greater proportion of New England's entire reading population."

The truth of the matter is that buying space in these fiftyone newspapers will give to the manufacturer who has the judgment to employ them wisely, intelligently, honestly—an audience that cannot be reached through any other form of publicity, no matter at what cost.

And the cost here is so small per capita that any manufacturer who does not see the light, is a very short-sighted advertiser.

Study the New England field, Mr. Manufacturer, and if you want to get business there, advise your advertising agency that it must spend a fair proportion of your appropriation in this territory—and to spend it in the newspapers and in no other way.

NEWSPAPER EXHIBIT.

Toronto Turned into One Great Show Window to Illustrate How Retailers can be Brought to Co-Operate in Ad Campaign.

(Special Correspondence.)

TORONTO, June 25.—The newspaper exhibit at the Toronto convention was largely worked out through the Bureau of Advertising of the American News-paper Publishers' Association and the bureau's exhibit was the largest part of the disciple. Probably the most interesting the display. Probably the most interesting thing the newspapers did was the mer-chandising surprise planned for the visiting delegates to illustrate the manner in which the retailer can be brought to co-operate in a national advertising campaign; especially when the influence of the local newspapers is used.

At the instance of the Bureau of Ad-vertising and the local publishers vir-tually every store in Toronto, big and little, in every branch of merchandise made a display of nationally advertised goods during convention week. These displays varied in magnitude and variety from the notable showings of the big stores to the presentation of a few articles by the smaller shops with this inscription :

At the request of the Toronto Daily Newspapers we are this weck making a special display of

ADVERTISED GOODS.

So far as known, no display of this magnitude or of such wide variety has ever before been made anywhere. The idea was conceived by Director W. A. Thomson and Associate Director T. H. Moore of the Bureau of Adver-tising and made possible through the co-operation of the Toronto publishers, nearly all of whom are members of the bureau. At the instance of I. F. Macbureau. At the instance of J. F. Mac-kay of the Toronto Globe, who is also chairman of the committee in charge of the Bureau of Advertising, a meeting of the Bureau of Advertising, a meeting of the Toronto publishers was held on June 3 at the National Club, There they conferred with the representatives of the bureau and the plans for the

merchandise display were worked out. The publishers acting on the sugges-tion took it up with the Retail Mer-chants' Association and other commercial bodies and received their hearty approval. A circular letter, over the signatures of all the Toronto publishers How It Can Be Used to Enormous containing the resolutions of the Mer-chants' Association, was sent to every storekeeper in Toronto.

This requested them to make window

This requested them to make window displays of advertised products of every description and drape the displays with the British flag. To the practical minded delegates in-terested in the question of distribution and movement of goods from the deal-er's stores no features of the advertis-ing convention was as interesting as ing convention was as interesting as this and it was a master stroke on the part of the newspapers.

EXHIBIT IN CONVENTION HALL.

The newspaper exhibit in Convention Hall occupied a wall space of about sixty feet and was one of the largest and most notable showings ever made by the newspapers of America. This display was made up of the following campaigns :

Armour & Company's products, Wrigiey's Spearmint Gum, Swift & Company's prod-ucts, Standard Oil products, Mo-Jo Chewing Gum, New York Telephone Company, B. Y. D. Underwear, Burbank Cactus, Coca-Cola,

Send for samples of Halftone Diamond Black. This Ink will print Jet Black on the most difficult paper. 40c. net.

Every pound guaranteed F. E. OKIE CO. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Nemo Corsets, Sunkist Oranges, Fiorida Oranges and Grape Fruit, Go to Church Sunday, Advertising the Express Business, H-O products, Automobiles and Auto Sup-piles by the Campeli-Ewald Co., Ford-Cars, Towar's Milk, Columbus Flour, Mu-tual Motion Picture Films, Burlington Ral-road. Food products oy the Automos-Finn Advertising Co., Certain-teed Roofing, Sweetheart Soap, Gold Dust. Campoells Soup, Bank Advertising by Lord & Thomas, Wearing apparel by Lord & Thomas, McDonald Shirts, Douglas Shoes, Regal Shoes, Cammeyer Shoes, International silverwear, Typical newspaper advertising campaign by the Cheltenham Advertising Service, Rona Dutch Cocca, Typical newspa-per automobile advertising by The Mac-Manus Co., two typical raliroad campaign by the Johnson Advertising Corporation, Telektra Piano Piayer, Wearing apparel and cigars by the Blackman-Ross Co.

Practically all the leading agencies Practically all the leading agencies of the country were represented in this exhibit. In addition there were exam-ples of notable individual newspaper stunts; co-operative campaigns and il-lustrations of every phase and feature of newspaper co-operation.

Interesting, too, especially in connec-tion with what the foronto publishers were doing, were the photographs of show windows in various parts of the country showing how retailers are pushing national products advertised in the newspapers.

FAC-SIMILE DAILY NEWSPAPER.

In connection with this display the In connection with this display the Bureau of Advertising also issued and distributed a fac-simile newspaper en-titled "the Daily Newspaper." This was an eight-page publication made up in regular newspaper style and contained as its leading news item the story of how the Toronto publishers had turned Toronto into a great show window. The rest of the paper contained the adver-tising stories of campaigns. The two centre pages were massed fac-simile headings and trademarks of national advertising campaigns now running in the papers. The editorial page was on the letters to the editor. Copies of this paper were distributed to the visit-ing determine the distributed to the visitof delegates and their friends.

ing delegates and their friends. Taking it all in all the newspapers played a more active and creditable part in this convention than in any prepart in this convention than in any pre-vious meeting of the advertising men. This was largely due to the hard work of the publishers and officials of the Bureau of Advertising.

CONSTRUCTIVE CO-OPERATION.

Advantage in Gaining Ads and Circulation.

A paper on "Constructive Newspaper Co-operation," read by Frank D. Webb, advertising manager of the Baltimore (Md.) News, was heard with close attention.

Mr. Webb argued with force for close co-operation between the editorial and advertising departments of every paper in the construction of special pages, such as the financial, automobile, real estate, sporting, religious, literary, wom-en's, moving pictures, and others. He then said, among other things:

"In my opinion, these special devel-opments, in which news and advertising are worked together for the develop-ment of any particular business, have just begun and the extent to which they will ultimately go is hard to predict, and will probably only be limited by the pre-vailing taste of a community and the ability and strength of the advertising

department to keep up with their growth. "Unquestionably, developments which will be very successful in some towns will fail in others entirely, due to the different character of different communities, but that the movement has hardly even started systematically, appeals to me as open to little argument. "In all these special developments, the

advertising adds to the interest of the development itself. Altogether, it would seem to me that constructive newspaper co-operation of the type held in mind helps advertising; it adds to the inter-est of the paper with the readers, be-cause each feature of this sort which

is made a part of it gives the paper a particular appeal to another class of peo-ple, perhaps not already subscribers to it, and it helps lastly or perhaps firstly, to make the paper still closer to all its people and a more intimate part of their lives.

"It makes the newspaper exceedingly broad in its scope, and presents it at once to the advertiser with all the force of a dozen advertising trade publications combined, and these backed with the peculiar advertising personality of the newspaper itself newspaper itself.

"It is a trade paper at once for the motion picture man and the church-for the theater and the real estate dealer— for the builder, the contractor, electri-cian, poultry fancier, book publisher, au-tomobile manufacturer, etc.—to any ex-tent the possibilities of a field and the ambition of management may make desirable.

sirable. "It has been a phase of daily news-paper strength which, in my opinion, has been entirely too little brought out in the general presentation of a news-paper's merits as an advertising me-dium. The strong, virile newspaper is not only powerfully creative without special support for all ordinary lines of business, excelling easily in the opinion of most people who have tried them, all the various other forms of advertising or publicity, but it can be a dozen con-structive, building trade papers com-bined in one besides. "What other form of advertising me-

"What other form of advertising me-dia can possibly give the constructive, life-blood stimulus to so many widely dissimilar businesses as can the newsdo as much to help and make enor-mously more valuable the advertising of difficult to advertise lines of business endeavor?"

BETTER PAY FOR PRINTERS.

New Contracts With Several Unions Show Good Increases of Wages.

Several more good increases of pay for printers are reported. A new scale has been negotiated between Typograph-ical Union No. 3 and the Cincinnati Newspaper Publishers' Association. It will be in force five years and provides for an increase of \$1 per week for the wear 1014 and another advance of \$1 year 1914, and another advance of \$1 for the succeeding years of the contract. for the succeeding years of the contract. The compensation under the new sched-ule will be: From May 1, 1914, to May 1, 1915, foremen, \$33 day, \$39 night; assistant foremen, \$28 day, \$31 night; machinist, \$26 day, \$29 night; assistant machinist, \$22 day, \$25 night; machin-ist helpers, \$17 day, \$20 night; all other iourneymen employed by the week \$26 journeymen employed by the week \$26 day, \$29 night. For the four years fol-lowing May 1, 1915, the scale will be \$1 more than the above quoted figures.

Newspaper workers, book and job men under the jurisdiction of Waco (Tex.) Union No. 188 have a new hand scale, the figures of which give fore-men on morning papers \$35 a week; assistant foremen, \$30; machinists, \$30, and other hand workers 65 cents an and other hand workers, 50; machiness, 50; 50, newspaper agreement is for five years with a minimum day of seven hours.

New contracts with Typographical Union No. 415, of Butler, Pa., give workers an increase of \$1 a week all around.

Three years' contracts have been signed by the employers of Centralia, Ill., and Typographical Union No. 479. The new scale provides for an increase of \$2 per week for all except machin-ist-operators employed at night, who are to receive an advance of \$1 per week.

The Wichita Falls, Tex., employes have agreed with Typographical Union No. 505 to an increase in wages ranging \$1.50 to \$2.50 per week. Under the new score the weekly wage for job print-ers and handmen on newspapers is \$22.50 a week for day work, \$25 a week for linotype operators, and for each on the night side \$2 a week more.

A Kansas Daily in City of 35,000 and evening paper now making net about Six Thousand Dollars a year is offered for sale at \$20,000. Terms Half Cash. Time on balance. (Proposition D 314.) We have also several other good newspaper properties in various States. Write us.

American Newspaper Exchange Rand McNally Building, Chicago

AT HOBOKEN, N. J. THE HUDSON OBSERVER operates two Scott Four Tiered **Ouadruple** Presses AND FOR OVER FIFTEEN YEARS have not missed an edition You Can Depend on a Scott WALTER SCOTT & CO. Plainfield, N. J. Canadian Press Clippings

The problem of covering the Canadian Field is answered by obtaining the service of

The Dominion Press **Clipping Agency**

which gives the clippings on all matters of interest to you, printed in over 95 per cent. of the newspapers and publications of CAN-

We cover every foot of Canada and New-foundland at our head office. 74-76 CHURCH ST., TORONTO, CAN Price of service, regular press clipping rates—special rates and discounts to Trade and Newspapers.

We can increase your business you want it increased.

You have thought of press clippings yourself. But let us tell you how press clippings can be made a business-builder for you.

BURRELLE 60-62 Warren Street, New York City Established a Quarter of a Century Most Far Reaching Newspaper Reading Concern in Existence

ATLAS PRESS

CLIPPING BUREAU CHARLES HEMSTREET, Manager We furnish everything that looks like a press clipping from all over the world.

Our Motto-RESULTS COUNT

218 East 42nd Street New York



"The

League''

Star

Seven strong newspapers---

each wields a force in its

community that honest ad-

vertisers can employ to advantage.

THE CHICAGO EVENING POST

(Evening Daily)

MUNCIE STAR

THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS (Morning Daily and Sunday)

THE DENVER TIMES

(Evening Daily)

THE LOUISVILLE HERALD

The Shaffer Group

The Seattle Times

"THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY"

Circulation for May, 1914-

47,000-In Seattle-50,000

Largest circulation of any daily or Sun-day paper on the North Pacific Coast.

inches, leading nearest paper by 26,000 inches -Total space 73,000 inches. The foreign ad-vertising gained 1,200 inches over May, 1913.

LARGEST QUANTITY-

BEST QUALITY CIRCULATION

Buy the best and you will be content

The S. C. BECKWITH SPECIAL AGENCY

Sole Foreign Representatives

CHICAGO

Chicago Examiner

DAILY-Has the largest Chicago City circula-

rum. Club Notes. Society News

SUNDAY-Has the largest circulation west of New York City. Reaches 2 out of every 3

The Florida Metropolis FLORIDA'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

GUARANTEES TO ALL ADVER-

TISERS MORE DAILY, NET PAID, HOME DELIVERED CIR-

CULATION IN JACKSONVILLE AND WITHIN A RADIUS OF 100 MILES IN FLORIDA THAN ANY

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVES

KELLY-SMITH COMPANY

New York, 220 Fifth Ave. Chicago, Lytton Building.

YOU MUST USE THE

LOS ANGELES

EXAMINER

to cover the GREAT SOUTHWEST

Sunday Circulation 150,000

OTHER NEWSPAPER.

nd towns of Middle West.

Leads in special features.

M. D. HUNTON

220 Fifth Ave., New York

homes in Chicago and 4,100 smaller cities

tion in the morning field. Strongest market reports. Best sporting pages. Woman's

During May, 1914, The Times gained 9,000

Sunday, 90,350

ST. LOUIS

E. C. BODE Hearst Bldg., Chicago

Daily, 70,400

NEW YORK

(M

INDIANAPOLIS STAR

TERRE HAUTE STAR

(Morning Daily and Sunday)

Daily and Su

ing Daily and Sunday)

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

PUT LIFE IN, LETTERS.

Also Give Them Decent Dress, Says Louis Victor Eytinge-Quality of Ideals and Quantity of Ideas Needed in Business Correspondence—"Ho-boes of the Mail" Condemned as Doing More Harm Than Good.

"Giving the Letter Life and Decent "Giving the Letter Life and Decent Dress" was the subject of a paper writ-ten by Louis Victor Eytinge, of Flor-ence, Ariz., for the Direct Advertising departmental session at the Toronto convention of Associated Advertising Clubs of America. Inasmuch as Mr. Eytinge is now and has been for more then generate an impact of the Arithan seven years an inmate of the Ari-zone State Prison, and hence could not attend the convention, this paper was attend the convention, this paper was read by Clifton Douglas Jackson, sec-retary of the Business Men's Associa-tion, Mount Clemens, Mich. In his unique and clever paper Mr.

Eytinge said, in part:

WHAT MAKES A GOOD LETTER.

"Advertising men owe a duty to their "Advertising men owe a duity to their profession: to endeavor to secure the highest efficiency from every advertising tool. The letterhead is the most ne-glected tool in the advertising man's kit, when it should be one of the most serv-iceable. Too often it is a hodge-podge of inharmonious typography, or a smeary spread of facture picture or futurist color design taking up more than half the area of the sheet. The letter's heading can be made one of the strong-est supports of the campaign. It can be made simple and dignified, or vividly virile, strong in selling value, or heart-ily human—it can even indulge in a serio-comic smile at times. "As much daring and originality, as much plain nobility, as much force and profession: to endeavor to secure the

much plain nobility, as much force and effectiveness, as much character can and should be in the letter head as in any other display copy. Pennies spent in improving the stationery pay dollars in profits. Personally, I refuse to accept commissions for letter campaigns unless wy clients give me absolute freedom to design the stationery to be used. The sooner all advertising men take a sim-ilar stand, the sooner will we advance our letter efficiency.

HOBOES OF THE MAIL.

"It is about time that business men were aroused to the danger that threat-ens their most modern method of merchandising because of the ragged hordes of letter hoboes that are beating their way through the American mails! In way through the American mails! In his dress, the ragged hobo of the mails is much like his human namesake. Would you take such a one, as he stood, and send him out to sell your service? But, is it not true that many a letter comes to your desk possessing those very same unsightly character-istics? Letters so folded that they re-mind you of nothing more than the crumply, slept-in-shoddy of the tramp; letters written on the flimsiest of paper, indicating the cheapness in which the crumply, slept-in-shoddy of the tramp; letters written on the flimsiest of paper, indicating the cheapness in which the writers held you in their esteem; let-ters using blotchy, bleary, headings, with designs and alleged art effects that are as tangly as the tramps' hair; form letters so sloppy of fill-in that they call to mind no more ridiculous picture than Weary Willie posing as John Drew; letters whose ragged typing makeshift erasures and slouchy para-graphs are identical with the ragged rover of pinned patches and shuffling swing; letters that are carrying their conglomeration of enclosures as does the tramp his rusty tomato cans and pocktramp his rusty tomato cans and pock-ets of worthless junk.

WHY SOME LETTERS ARE WEAK.

"The trouble with most business men, when they write letters, is that they be-come too self-conscious of their task. They seem to get out of their task. They seem to get out of their natural state—to forget whatever ability they may have had as flesh-and-blood sales-men and either sink down into some miring rut from which they pitifully pipe their pleas for business, or else they stolidly strut around on stiff stilts. Is there any reason for other than nat-uralness in our lives, in our selling or in our letters?

"If we can be humanly natural in our The we can be numary natural in our face-to-face selling—if we can use crisp, crackling, clean and clear conversation —why do we change all this when we write business letters and involve our selves in floundering flap-doodle? It but tends to handicap business letters in serves in houndering hap-doodle? If but tends to handicap business letters in general and to a deterioration of our letters in particular, until these become like the tramp, chronically out of work and impossibly inefficient!"

KENTUCKY NEWS NOTES.

Col. Watterson Wants Newspapers **Kept Free From Entangling** Alliances.

(Special Correspondence.)

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 25 .- A plea that LOUISVILLE, KY, June 25.—A plea that newspapers be kept free from entang-ling alliances is contained in an editorial written by Col. Henry Watterson, vet-eran editor of the Courier-Journal, in the issue of June 23 of that paper. The Glasgow Gazette is the name of a newspaper tor Glasgow, the first issue of which accounted wednesday. The caper

which appeared Wednesday. The paper will be Democratic and the owners and managers are Z. J. Wininger and Jesse Brooks, of St. Louis. The Anderson County Record is a

new paper being published at Lawrence-burg. A. W. Timoney is editor. The second issue, off the press this week, is a hummer. Milton Coke has been made editor

and manager of the Somerset Herald, succeeding J. N. Farmer. Col. John L. Smith, editor of the Ful-ton Weekly News, went on a "high

ton Weekly News, went on a "high hoss" last week, when he made an aerial flight from Paducah to Metropolis, a distance of twelve miles, in twelve min-utes. The trip was made as a guest of Tony Jannus, the noted airship man.

DON'T SHY AT "JOURNALIST."

The Word Is Coming Back Into Use

Among Newspaper Men. In England and Continental countries for many years an editor, sub-editor or reporter has been known as a jourexchange. nalist, says an English exchange. He has called himself a journalist without apologizing, just as a lawyer freely acknowledges that he is a lawyer or a acknowledges that he is a lawyer or a doctor that he is a doctor. Newspaper writers in the United States have been wont to shy at the word "journalist," as applied to themselves. They are ready to admit that the profession in which they are engaged is the profes-sion of journalism; yet they sidestep, some of them with blushes and others with grins, when the gentle accusation that they are journalists is placed against that they are journalists is placed against them. Whether such sidestepping is induced by modesty or by mulishness is not material to the present matter in

In very recent years there has devel-oped a disposition upon the part of some American newspaper workers to plead guilty to the innocuous crime of being journalists, even at the cost of bebeing journalists, even at the cost of be-coming the subjects of sarcastic laugh-ter from the throats of their associates. Col. Henry Watterson, for instance, if asked pointblank whether or no he re-gards himself as a journalist, would re-ply in the afirmative. But would the "star reporter" on Colonel Watterson's Louisville Courier-Journal—if indeed there be such an animal—do likewise? Perhaps he would today but it is a Perhaps he would today, but it is a hundred-to-one shot that he would not have called himself a journalist ten years ago. The change, however slight it may be

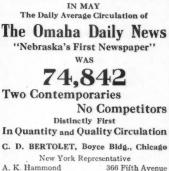
has been brought about chiefly by the ereation of schools of journalism in the United States, where journalism or newspaper making is taught as one of the so-called "learned professions."

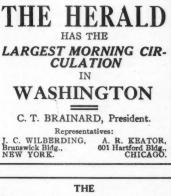
The Edmonton Spirit, is a semi-daily newspaper printed en route by the Em-onton, Alta., delegation to Toronto, August Wolf was the editor. Last Sun-day's issue contained a prayer, program at Winnipeg, short editorials, boost sec-tion, and other information, gay and otherwise, for the On-to-Toronto bunch on board train. on board train.

Los Anneles Times Vortland Oregonian Seattle Post-Intelligencer Spokane Spokesman-Review The Editor & Publisher (N. Y.) Portland Telegram Chicago Tribune St. Louis Globe-Democrat Kansas City Star Omaha Bee Denver News Salt Take Herald-Republican 742 Market Street SAN FRANCISCO

R. J. BIDWELL CO.

Pacific Coast Representati









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CRUSADE FOR TRUTH IN ADVERTISING What the National Vigilance Committee has Accomplished by Its Moral and Legal Suasion—Eighteen States Now Have Moral and Legal Suasion-Eighteen States Now Have Honest Ad Laws-Publishers Cleaning Up

Their Columns.

Presenting to the members of the As-sociated Ad Clubs of America what he sociated Ad Clubs of America what he considered one of the most interesting, vital and far-reaching activities of the association, Harry D. Robbins, chairman of the National Vigilance Committee, read his report at the Wednesday after-noon general session. Mr. Kobbins' paper was entitled "Since Baltimore." it follows in part.

The follows in part: "We have proven by actual perfor-mance that this work can be conducted in a constructive manner without seri-ous disturbance to legitimate interests. We have also proven that what little disturbance our work may occasionally involve is a thousand times justified by its beneficent results. A bird's-eye-view of the year's campaign reveals twe distinct phases of the work deserving of specific mention in this report: Legis-lation, local committees, cases investi-gated, finance and what I may term the 'general clean up.'

EFFECTIVE LEGISLATION.

"Early last fall, Mr. Louis Guenther, publisher of the Financial World, was appointed vice-chairman in charge of legislation. He promptly formulated his ideas and communicated them to all vig-ilance committees and clubs in States and countries covered by the member-ship which were without competent ad-vertising laws. In view of this effort of the general committee to procure addi-tional legislation it affords me pleasure

to report substantial progress. "We now have practical laws in eigh-"We now have practical laws in eigh-teen States, representing a gain this sea-son of five States, a new law in Canada. Legislation is pending in three states and at Washington. The eighteen States now possessing honest advertising laws in the order of their enactment are New York, Oregon, Massachusetts, Ohio, Minnesota, Washington, North Dakota, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Nebraska, Iowa, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, South Dakota, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Utah. It is a fine thing that Canada has greeted this convention with a new honest advertising law.

and Utah. It is a fine thing that Canada has greeted this convention with a new honest advertising law. In Baltimore, I reported city ordi-nances, similar in form to the Model Statute, in Seattle, Portland, Ore.; Wich-ita, Kan.; Los Angeles, and North Yak-ima, Wash. As a result of this season's work I can add to the list New York City, Chicago, St. Louis, Binghamton, Omaha, Birmingham and San Francisco and Pueblo, Col. There is now pending State legislation in Louisiana, Georgia and Illinois, a Federal law at Washing-ton, and an amendment to the new law just enacted in Canada; also city ordi-nances in Boston, Salt Lake City and Kansas City. An amendment to the State law making it illegal to misrepre-sent values is pending in Massachusetts. "The general laws may be divided into three classes: The Printer's Ink Model Statute, the Amended Model Statute, and the Massachusetts Form. The Print-er's Ink Model Statute, now law in six States, forbids false statement of fact by the man who has the goods for sale. It does not penalize statements of mere opinion, does not include the publisher or agent unless the advertisement refers

opinion, does not include the publisher or agent unless the advertisement refers or agent unless the advertisement refers to commodities or services actually of-fered by him, and does not make it nec-essary to prove intent to deceive. The Amended Model Statute contains the word 'knowingly,' making it necessary to prove intent. The Massachusetts Form, also containing the word 'knowingly,' is more complex and less serviceable by reason of specific definitions.

WORK OF LOCAL COMMITTEES.

"At the present time there are seventy local committees in member clubs and about thirty committees under various names in non-member clubs, and other organizations, co-operating with us. We have then a vigilance committee system of about 100 co-operative committees and embracing an individual membership of

over 600 men, scattered through the United States and Canada. Of the sev-enty committees in member clubs about twenty-five are highly efficient, another twenty-five reasonably so and the re-maining twenty can best be described as strong in the spirit but weak in the deach as st flesh.

flesh. "Our seventy member committees have investigated this season a total of 648 cases, of which 379 were successfully handled by moral suasion, and forty-two cases were prosecuted in the courts. Of these forty-two cases six were lost or withdrawn, twelve are still pending and twenty-four resulted in convictions and fues

USE OF MORAL SUASION.

"In seeking to correct the errors of

"In seeking to correct the errors of commission and omission in the adver-tising field, we are confronted with a human problem. Where we find an un-scrupulous offender, we find the big stick to be the most effective weapon, and, critics to the contrary, I still believe that drastic treatment of such cases is the only sane policy. We recognize the fact, however, that a large percentage of the errors we encounter are errors of the errors we encounter are errors of the mind and not the heart. In such cases, moral suasion is the logical vehicle of

"I will state without fear of successful contradiction that an unadulterated mix-



GOLDEN RULE FREEMAN.

should include a tribute to the efficient work of the Vigilantes in Canada, and to the co-operation of Canadian news-papers which are heartily in sympathy with our campaign to keep out of the press advertising which does not meas-ure up to a decent and dependable standard.

CLEANING UP COLUMNS.

"While I could give you plenty of de-tail it would take your time unnecessar-ily. Quite a number of newspapers and other media have this season switched over to the clean standard, while all along the line local committees have reported gradual improvement.

"Copy writers, also, have prepared their statements with more care. It is impossible to estimate the good that has been accomplished along these lines. It is sufficient to know that the standard of truth and decency prevail today. If there are still exceptions, they are in a hopeless minority, and, like other hope-less minorities they must eventually pass to the depths of oblivion. "Up to October 1, 1913, your General Committee financed itself through solic-itation of subscriptions from its friends, including some \$40 contributed from the treasury by the Executive Committee. A total of \$1,544.50 was raised and ex-pended in this manner. Since October 1 the Associated Advertising Clubs of America has paid the bills at a total

"It is eminently fitting that this report By the educational process, then, we are By the educational process, then, we are gradually eliminating these errors of commission and omission. We seek leg-islation merely because it furnishes a suitable background to our work and affords a means of punishing those who foolishly persist in taking advantage of the confidence the public properly has in present day advertising. "I would have you reflect, also, upon the sactifice a nublisher makes when he

"I would have you reflect, also, upon the sacrifice a publisher makes when he the sacrifice a publisher makes when he refuses to run objectionable copy his competitor is glad to accept. The big idea I hope to see developed from now on is for those who select mediums to pay less attention to circulation state-ments and more attention to the char-acted of publications under review."

Vacation Benefit for Newsboys.

Vacation Benefit for Newsboys. To permit more than two thousand newsboys, who are members of the New York Newsboys' Home Club, to spend at least a week during this summer at its summer camp, Woodland Beach, S. I., the circulation managers of the vari-ous newspapers as members of a com-mittee have arranged with Lee and J. J. Shubert to receive the entire proceeds of the Casino and Lyric Theatres, dur-ing the week of June 22. In the Casino, Paul Rainey's 1914 edition African Hunt pictures will be shown, and in the Lyric the motion-picture tableaux, "Little Lord Fauntleroy," will be ex-hibited. hibited.

How They Will Increase the Ef-ficiency of Newspaper Advertising and Promote Truthful Pub-

licity by Sound Counsel.

BY WILLIAM C. FREEMAN. Advertising Counsellor of the N. Y. Globe. [Address delivered before the Newspaper Division of the A, A, C. A, in Convention at Toronto June 24, 1914.]

The Advertising Counsellor possesses the following qualifications: 1. He likes advertising and believes

in it. 2. He stands absolutely for truthful

He stands absolutely for truthful advertising.
 He is able to determine between that which is chaff and that which is wheat; the reliable and the unreliable; the objectionable and the desirable.
 He is broad-minded and recognizes merit in others

merit in others.

merit in others. 5. He knows the value of all publica-tions in his field, their circulations, and their rates for advertising. 6. He knows how to sell advertising himself and never asks an associate to

himself and never asks an associate to do anything that he is not willing to do himself. 7. He is well informed as to why ad-vertisers in his territory follow certain customs and adopt certain policies—why they succeed in great measure, or fall proportionately. proportionately.

proportionately.
8. He has an accurate grasp of the business possibilities in his held and knows why advertisers can employ his publication to good advantage.
9. He is able to advise his associates how to develop different lines of business and why these lines should advertise not only in his publication but in others as well.
10. He reads advertisements carefully and critically—not the latter is used.

He reads advertisements carefully and critically—not the latter just to find fault, but in order to analyze them, so that he will be able to advise intelli-gently as to successes or failures.
 He knows advertisers and keeps in personal touch with them; he studies their business and is able to answer their questions intelligently. He has their confidence and they welcome suggest-ions from him.
 He consults frequently with his as-sociates; he receives suggestions from them and gives suggestions in return. He has confidence in them and they in him.

him. 13. He is willing to call on customers of his associates, and is able, oftentimes, to assist them in closing contracts, and for doing the work. 14. He keeps in touch with the edi-

torial and news departments of his pub-lication, with the composing room forces, the circulation department, and the mechanical departments, because all departments of a publication have a bearing on the successful development of the business. 15. He works in harmony with all the forces in his organization and seeks in-

formation from every body as to the value of this or that form of adver-tising—which kind most appeals to them.

16. He studies public opinion as to which is good and which is not good advertising. This enables him to sug-gest to his associates and to his clients the kind of advertising that will best bring results. 17. He encourages his associates to

write advertisements and submit them to prospective advertisers, and himself

writes advertisements. Much new busi-ness is developed in this manner. 18. He knows that courtesy to all is important and enforces it. He sees to it that information is furnished willingly

it that information is furnished willingly and pleasantly by everybody connected with his department. He exacts cour-tesy from agents and advertisers for his associates and himself. He resents any reflections upon his publication or upon any of his associates. 19. He knows his publication thor-oughly and is able to impart his knowl-edge of it to his associates. He gives them facts about its circulation, the value of its features, he emphasizes its policy—he makes the members of his of-ficial family proud of their publication.

correction.

ture of truth, decency and square deal-ings is the most reliable formula the science of life has yet produced for suc-cess in a business or professional career. CHEER

JUNE 27, 1914

be able to sell the publication to them-selves before they try to sell it to advertisers

vertisers. 21. He works harder than anybody else in his department—he inspires those around him by his work—he is able to outline advertising campaigns—he gives his associates equal power with himself to close contracts. 22. He insists that the rate card shall be one open hook and that there is a

22. He masts that the rate card snall be an open book and that there, is a complete understanding by everybody in regard to positions and conditions sur-rounding all contracts. 23. He insists that each salesman shall be his own master and must feel that he is backed up to the limit by his oublication

publication.

24. He co-operates with advertisers— helps them in every way he can, and sees that all of the people connected with the advertising department do the

same. 25. He is a natural builder of busi-ness and is able to show others how to build.

build. The advertising counsellor cannot qualify under these twenty-five classi-fications until he has had a varied expe-rience—until he has made mistakes and learned how to avoid them, for a man who has never made a mistake cannot properly advise others what not to do, which is more important than advising them what to do. Don't you think that a man devoting himself to the cause of advertising with the care as outlined is able to increase the efficiency of advertising in his pub-

the efficiency of advertising in his publication?

STANDARDIZING IN CANADA.

What Three Years' Work Has Done **Toward Acomplishing Advertising** Reform.

The theme of the paper of John M. Imrie, sceretary of the Canadian Press Association, of Toronto, was "The Im-proving and Safeguarding the Relations between Newspapers and Advertising Agencies, and Standardizing Newspaper Practice in Relation to Advertising." He declared that co-operation along these lines has been the keymote of a these lines has been the keynote of a remarkable development that has taken place in Canada during the past three years

In brief, he stated that the vision of a truly national organization of newspapers and newspaper men through which the work of the various press associations throughout Canada could be co-ordinated

and extended is being fulfilled. As a result of three years' efforts in Canada, instead of five standards for the recognition of advertising agencies there is now only one, and there is only one list of recognizion there is now only one, and there is only one list of recognized advertising agencies instead of five. This list is adhered to by practically all the news-papers represented in the membership of the Canadian Press Association, which comprises 73 per cent of the daily newspapers in Canada, 50 per cent of the country weeklies, and almost all of the magazines and periodicals. Every class of publication has its own section and section meetings through which the and section meetings through which the problems peculiar to its class are han-dled; but all classes unite in giving effect to the general work of the association.

Advertising ageney contracts have been standardized; agency commissions or special rates to a few large general advertisers who place their advertising direct, have been disapproved; advertis-

direct, have been disapproved; advertis-ing copy has been censored, and the standardizing of circulation records and statement forms has been considered, said Mr. Imrie's paper. The ideas of the advertising and other committees of the C. P. A. regarding the principles that should govern a newspaper in its various departments will be embodied in a standard of news-paper practice or principles that will be submitted to the association at the comsubmitted to the association at the com-

submitted to the association at the com-ing annual meeting in July. This standard will cover the resolu-tions that have been adopted from time to time by annual meetings of the asso-ciation and by the various committees and also items on many points that have not been covered by these resolutions.

be World-Wide, Says Englishman

at Toronto-Advertising is Yet in Its Infancy-Club Movements a Big Help to Army of United Agents Working in a Common Cause.

BY CHARLES FREDERICK HIGHAM,

of London, England. [Part of a paper on "World Publicity As An Englishman Sees It," delivered at the Convention of Associated Advertising Clubs of America on June 24, 1914.]

Publicity is on the upward trend in every direction. The influence of the Associated Advertising Clubs of America is spreading all over the world. The



CHARLES F. HIGHAM.

public are realizing more than ever the necessity of buying the advertised, rather than the unadvertised, article from an economic point of view. They are the the buyehold ecome are finding out that the household com-modities which cost most are those which are unbranded and unadvertised.

which are unbranded and unadvertised. The advertised article, except in a few instances, has not increased in price in the last five years. Advertising, from an Englishman's point of view, is as yet in its infancy. America is taking the lead, I under-stand, by having a chair of advertising and selling and general publicity in many of its colleges and schools, but England has not yet realized the im-porance of this. porance of this.

INFLUENCE OF CLUB MOVEMENT.

One of the most remarkable signs of the times, from an Englishman's point of view, is the development of the club movement in the United States of America. It is hard to make an Eng-lishman realize, if he has not visited the States, that some eight or ten thousand men gather together for the betterment of themselves and of the business which

of themselves and of the business which gives them their livelihood; that these men gather together to appreciate more fully the important work they have to do, and the necessity of that work be-ing sound, and their arguments logical —and above all, true. They have not yet realized on our side of the water the great influence of a big gathering such as you have had in Boston, Dallas, Baltimore, and this year, in Toronto. They do not realize yet, I am sorry to say, that these fine, clean-cut, young American business men, keen to tell the public the merits of an article in an entertaining fashion that they may have better food, better that they may have better food, better clothes, and better housing—have an in-fluence which would be a great gain on our side of the water. The club movement in every phase of life is the right movement The

The elub movement in every phase of life is the right movement. The interchanging of ideas and experiences is the only way by which men in adver-tising—or in anything else—can develop. American advertising men have tauwht the world that isolation of the individual does not pay, and that it is only by the intermingling of men and the interchange of thoughts that men,

20. He insists that his associates shall e able to sell the publication to them-elves before they try to sell it to ad-ertisers. **PUBLICITY SPREADING.** Influence of the A. A. C. A. Getting to prouder to be an advertising man.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

GREETINGS FROM BRITISH CLUBS. I am particularly proud of the fact that four of the leading business clubs of Great Britain should entrust me with tokens of good fellowship to give to our hosts, the Toronto Ad Club. I am the bearer of these tokens from the Pub-licity Club of London and the Optimists of Great Britain both of which L have licity Club of London and the Optimists of Great Britain, both of which I have the honor of being president. As past president of the Thirty Club of Lon-don, I am entrusted with their token of appreciation, as well as with that of the Sales Managers' Association, rep-resenting the sales managers of the United Kingdom.

I bring these as tokens of goodwill towards all American advertising men. towards all American advertising men. Englishmen have learned to have great respect for Americans and American methods. Nevertheless, they cannot help but feel pardonable pride in the fact that Toronto, a great city of our great do-minion, has been able to secure the convention for this year.

OBITUARY NOTES.

OBITUARY NOTES. DAVID G. VAN NAME, editor of the News-Independent, of Staten Island, died at his home at Mariner's Harbor, June 11. He was born on Staten Island in 1849. He was a trustee of the old town of Northfield and was a justice of the peace. He was vice-president of the Holland Society of New York, vice--president of the North Shore Building and Loan Association, a member of the Civic League and a Mason. A. F. ZIMMERMAN editor of the Val-

A. F. ZIMMERMAN, editor of the Val-paraiso (Ind.) Daily Messenger, died of stomach trouble last week. He was fifty-two years old. Mr. Zimmerman had been in the newspaper business all his life, starting as a printer's devil.

HENRY B. NOYES, manager of the Milwaukee branch of the Western Newspaper Union, died last week at Battle Creek, Mich., where he had gone to take treatment. He suffered a physi-cal breakdown about January 1 cal breakdown about January 1.

cal breakdown about January I. C. W. Norrec, aged thirty, city ed-itor of the Anderson (S. C.) Daily Mail for the past six years, died recent-ly in that city. Before going to the Daily Mail Mr. Norryce was news ed-itor of the Charlotte Observer. He was considered one of the brightest news-paper men in the state.

SENATOR THOMAS COFFEF, seventy-two years old, founder and editor of the Catholic Record, London, Ont., died of heart disease June 9.

J. H. S. STIMMELL, sixty-three, secre-tary-treasurer of the Connellsville (Pa.) Daily Courier, and an authority on coke, died suddenly at Confluence, Pa., last week, of heat prostration.

last week, of heat prostration. HARVEY L. GOODALL, for the last five years managing editor of the Chicago Daily Farmers' and Drovers' Journal, a paper founded in 1877 by his father, died June 10. Mr. Goodall was twenty-nine years old and a graduate of Notre Dame University. Previous to his con-nection with the Journal, ten years ago, he worked on the editorial staffs of various Chicago, Boston and St. Louis newspapers. newspapers.

BENNET BURLEIGH, a veteran war cor-respondent, died in London, Eng., last week. He was born in Glasgow about seventy years ago. In 1882 he joined the London Daily Telegraph and re-mained with that paper until his death. LORENZO P. WASHBURN, for sixteen years eity editor of the Salem (Mass.) Evening News. died in that city June 14. He was born in 1869.

He was born in 1869. THOMAS W. ENTWISTLE, Philadelphia correspondent of the New York Times, died Tuesday at his home in Chester, Penn., after an illness of five weeks. He began his newspaper career on the Potts-town Ledger. For several years he was editor of the Chester Times. Ten years ago he ioined the staff of the Philadel-phia Public Ledger and served in many canacities. capacities.

G. R. PULLEN, a newspaper man, died in Paris on Wednesday. He was born in Brooklyn in 1869.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LAKIN, KAN.-M. B. Royer, a Kansas printer, has brought out the first issue of the Independent.

CIRCLEVILLE, O.—Percy Walling ex-pects to start a Democratic daily here. He has purchased an equipment at Washington Courthouse.

BILLINGS, MONT.—T. M. Swindlehurst, chairman of the Democratic State Cen-tral Committee, and J. M. Kennedy, Commissioner of Agriculture and Publicity, have acquired the Billings Journal.

MARION, KY.—The J. C. Bourland Printing Company will issue a daily, the Chautauqua News, through the Chau-tauqua week, and perhaps indefinitely.

GRAND JUNCTION, COL.—Critic is a newspaper. The editor is George Kunа,

BOISE, IDAHO—The Idaho State Post, Democratic weekly, has appeared.

TULSA, OKLA.—The Independent News has begun publication by the Good Gov-ernment Club.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y.—Ontario County is to have a Progressive weekly to be known as the Ontario Progressive Bul-letin, published in this city.

WE CAN PROVE IT!

Let us send you the names of twenty-five of the best known cir-culation managers in the United States who will state to you or anyone else that this

De Luxe Sewing Set

is the best business puller they have used in years and that its low cost makes it the most wonderful premium on the market today. Over 300,000 sold in the past six months months.



S. Blake Willsden & Company 1606 Heyworth Bldg,, CHICAGO

Divisional Sections Adopt Them for Use in Their Several Lines of Business-Necessity of Honesty and Square Dealing Officially Recognized-Maintenance of Advertising Rates Recommended by Publishers.

The several departmental bodies adopted Standards of Practice which all members agreed to observe in their ness. Of these the following are of business. special interest to the readers of THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. Those adopted by the newspaper section may be found on the front page of this issue:

ADVERTISING AGENTS. Realizing the increased responsibilities of the general advertising agents, due to the enlarged scope and requirements of modern agency service, every agent should use his best efforts to raise the

Can You Account for Yourself?

Do you know what you should be cap-italized at as a **human machine?** Do you earn interest on yourself? Are you creating a replacement fund? Do you know what cost accounting means? If you do not,—read

you do not,—read THE PROFITABLE WAGE By Ed. E. Sheasgreen Over one hundred and fifty pages of practical economics for the banker, the manufacturer, the employee, the em-ployee—all students of economics. It reduces thrift to a science and shows how to turn losses into profits. Cloth, \$2.00 a copy, postage 10 cents. Cut out this ad, and send in with your order Now. THE STANDARD COST FINDING SERVICE CO. Desk No. 9, Monadnock Block, Chicago, Ill.

Get More Classified Advertising and

SMALL CLASSIFIED ACCOUNTS at ie using WINTHROP COIN CARDS

WINTHROP COIN CARDS We print below a letter from one of our 350 daily newspaper customers, The Chattanooga Times "in as few words as possible, we beg to say that it would be almost impossible for us to transact our business in our Classified Advertising Department with-out the use of Winthrop Coin Cards. They make that department satisfactory and profitable."

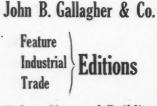
Write for prices and samples, or send opy now for trial order. copy

THE WINTHROP PRESS Coin Card Department. 141 East 25th Street, New York City.

Newspaper Correspondents

Increase your list of papers by register-ing in the forthcoming edition of the Newspaper Correspondents Directory. A stamp will bring you information which should be of material help to you.

National Association Newspaper Correspondents Germania Savings Bank Building PITTSBURGH, PA.



Tulane-Newcomb Building NEW ORLEANS, U. S. A.

SOLD ONLY BY MAIL

Editorials of Local Importance on Civic and Social Problems. Give you Leadership. Woman's Page Features that Brine Results. Consult Us before Launching Public Move-ments. We Can Help You. BRUCE W. ULSH Builder, Wabash, Indlana Prestige Builder,

PRACTICE STANDARDS. general standards of practice, and should

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organs soliciting or containing paid advertising from owners of space. 10. To ensure continued progress toward better pro-fessional standards, through the appointment of a stand-ard of agency practice committee, to whom all sugges-tions shall be referred dwing the comming year, and who shall report their recommendations at the next annual consention. nmention. 11. To co-operate heartily with each division of divertising in its effort to establish better standards of ractice. W. H. JOHNS, Vice-President George Batten Co. O. H. BLACKMAN.

BUSINESS PAPERS. Realizing our obligation and responsi-bility to the public, to the seller of ad-vertising service, the advertising agent and our own organization, we, as gen-eral advertisers, pledge ourselves as follows: 1. To

lows:
1. To consider the interest of the public foremost, and particularly that portion thereof which we serve.
2. To claim no more, but if anything a little less, in our advertising than we can deliver.
3. To refrain from statements in our advertising which through antual misrepresentation, through antuguity, or through incompleteness, are likely to be misleading to the public or unjust to competitors.
4. To use every possible means, not only in our own individual advertising, but by association and co-operation, to increase the public's couldence in advertised statements.
5. To refrain from attacking competitors in our advertising.

To refrain from attacking competitors in our advertising.
 To refrain from imposing upon the selier of advertising service unjust, unreasonable, and unnecessarily inksome requirements.
 To furnish to publishers, when requested, technical information which will help them keep reading pages and advertising columns free from misstatements.
 To refrain from and discourage deceptive or coercive methods in securing free advertising and to b do everything possible to aid the publisher to keep his columns free and independent.
 To refrain from and advertising and to be we set for others.
 C. HARN,

O. C. HARN, HARRY TIPPER.

DIRECT ADVERTISING.

Every advertising manager or busi-ness executive in charge of merchan-dising establishments, also every adver-tising councillor in dealing with his clients, should dedicate his best efforts to making truthful direct advertising an efficient aid to business and should relates themeelf. pledge himself:

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text>

not an end in itself. The disposition to consider cost per inquiry instead of cost per sale has led many a firm to false analysis.

not an end in itself. The disposition to consider cost per fungury instead of cost per sale has led many a firm to false analysis. 8. To give the mailing list its proper importance. Many advertisers use poorly prepared mailing lists, which have compiled in a careless, haphazard manner, aid never take the trouble to check them up or expand them. Mailing lists should be constantly revised. Foor lists and old lists cost money in two ways: One by missing good prospects and thereby losing sales, and the other by money spent on useless names. 9. To encurage the use of direct advertising as an educational factor within their organization with sales forces and dealers. Many concerns have raised their standards of efficiency through the use of letters, house of mark point and the sale should be the regard therein publicity and direct advertising are two by means of the sale should be a take another form of advertising as such. HOMER J. BUCKLEY, 0. HOMENELAN.

HOMER J. BUCKLEY, 0. H. CHAMBERLAIN.

BUSINESS PAPERS.

The publisher of a business paper should dedicate his best efforts to the cause of business and social service, and to this end should pledge himself:

1. To consider, first the interest of the subscriber. 2. To subscribe to and work for truth and honesty

2. To subscribe to and work for truth and honesty in all departments. 3. To eliminate, in so far as possible, his personal opinions from his news columns, but to he a leader of thought in his editorial columns, and to make his criticisms constructive. 4. To refuse to pullish "puff,s" free reading notices or paid "write-ups" to keep his reading columns independent of advertising considerations and to measure all news by this standard: "Is it real news?" 5. To define any advertisement which has a tendency to mislead or which does not conform to business integrity.

milead or which does not conform to business integ-by.
6. To solicit subscriptions and advertising solely upon the merits of the publication.
7. To supply advertisers with duli information re-reduced and the publication.
8. To co-operate with all organizations and individ-uber energies of accentision of the serves, and then to strive the server legitimate way to promote that function.
8. To determine what is the highest and largest metion of the field which he serves, and then to strive overy legitimate way to promote that function.
8. To . PORTER, A. A. GRAY.

MAGAZINES.

We believe the magazine publisher is a trustee of the millions of homes whose entertainment and cultivation he strives to promote, and we therefore set up the following standards in the light and obli-gation of his trusteeship:

1. We commit ourseives, without reser-ation, to the Truth emblem of the A. A. C. W.

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text>

H. R. REED, Champion.

Requests Lists of Specials.

Requests Lists of Specials. The Benjamin & Kentnor Company request all specials to send to them a complete list of publications represented in the Eastern territory. This refers to daily, semi-weekly and weekly news-papers, farm papers, all class publica-tions and magazines. The above will be kept in a special file for the benefit of advertising agencies and the trade at large. at large.

We pride ourselves on our ability to supply a Sunday Comic Supplement that will compare more than favorably with any Comic now on the market. In fact it is

A Real Comic

'chock" full of good, clean humor, well embellished with masterful drawings, well printed, from good inks on good stock ata price considerably below what you'll be willing to pay for our service.

Write for Samples

World Color Printing Co. ST. LOUIS, MO.

Established 1900



MOST CONVENIENT News matrix service in the market-saves time, patience, money. Central Press Association, Cleveland

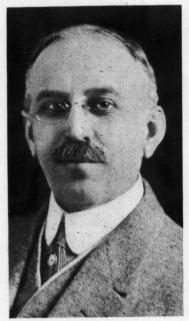


uals 9. 10. et'

CONSOLIDATION OF TELEGRAM AND POST HAS BEEN FINAL-LY MADE EFFECTIVE.

More Than Half a Million Said to Be Involved in the Important Change Strong Men Will Be in Charge of the Editorial and Business Departments-The New Paper Will Retain the Name of the Post-Sale of the Telegram By New York Brokers.

The past week has witnessed a de-cidedly important event in New England newspaperdom, through the consolida-tion of the Bridgeport (Conn.) Eve-ning Post and the Bridgeport Morning Telegram. These newspapers are the



FRANK W. BOLANDE.

20

distinct leaders in the Bridgeport field, and bringing them together forms a strong combination which will thorough-ly serve the morning and evening fields of Bridgeport and its environs. This is a newspaper territory of 150,000 popula-tion. Into the combination also goes the Sundar Paet the Sunday Post.

SALE BY HARWELL, CANNON & MC CARTHY.

the Sunday Post. SALE BY HARWELL, CANNON & MC CARTHY. This consolidation was made through the firm of Harwell, Cannon & McCar-thy, Newsnaper Brokers, Times Build-ing, New York City, Mr. Harwell hav-ing given his personal attention to these negotiations for some time. He is au-thority for the statement that the actual deal made at Bridgeport involved three important transactions as follows: One half the common stock of the Post Publishing Company, consisting of 700 shares, was sold to F. W. Bolande, President of the Company and Editor of the Evening Post, by R. N. Blakeslee, General Manager of the Post Company. All of the stock of the Telegram Pub-lishing Company, and one-half of the stock of the Post Publishing Com-pany after the absorption of the Morn-ing Telegram was sold to A. McNeil, Jr., and Kenneth W. McNeil.

ONE-HALF MILLION CAPITAL.

BRIDGEPORT COMBINE. papers a battery of 17 linotype machines and press capacity which will anticipate their needs for a good many years to come

The consolidated properties start with a combined circulation of about 30,000 copies per day at 2c. This is one of the largest daily circulations in New Eng-land, outside of Boston, and is in a rap-idly growing and highly prosperous ter-ritory ritory.

STRONG MEN IN CHARGE.

The new officers of the Company are Frank W. Bolande, president; Archi-bald McNeil, Jr., vice-president, and Kenneth W. McNeil, secretary-treasur-er. Mr. Bolonde will be editor-in-chief of the two newspapers, Mr. Kenneth McNeil will be general manager, and Mr. Archibald McNeil, Jr., business manager. manager.

Mr. Bolande is known throughout New England as a fearless and able editorial writer having acted in that capa-city on the Evening Post for a great many years past. He has been connect-ed with this newspaper in reportorial and editorial capacity for the past thirty

Archibald McNeil, Jr., and Kenneth W. McNeil, bought the Morning Tele-gram from Geo. W. Hills less than two years ago, and have made unusual pro-gress with this newspaper in the interim. The McNeil family has been conspicu-ous in Bridgeport industrial and social interests for many years and young Kenneth McNeil now heads a local in-dustrial corporation whose business runs into many millions of dollars per an-num. Archibald McNeil, Jr., has given his personal attention to the conduct of the Morning Telegram in addition to his duties as State Senator. He has shown



ARCHIBALD MCNEIL, JR.

marked talent for the publishing business.

THE HISTORY OF THE POST.

The Bridgeport Evening Post was established in East Bridgeport in 1883 with a capital of \$3.00. It was the first penny newspaper known in New Eng-land and its contemporaries sold at three cents. It grew steadily until it passed all of its competitors and has for many pears been the leading evening newsp ONE-HALF MILLION CAPITAL. The Company will be continued as the Post Publishing Company and will be capitalized at \$500,000 which, according to the brokers. is a conservative esti-mate of the value of the two properties combined. The Post Publishing Com-nang sole of the city. The present Post combined. The Post Publishing Com-nang Sole of the city of Bridgeport, and has one of the finest equipped plants in New England. This plant, re-inforced by the best machinery of the Telegram Com-of using give these combined news-

the stock in the Post Company then owned by their associates and became equal owners of the stock of the com-pany. The Post was capitalized in 1906 at \$200,000, but this stock was sold in this recent transaction at a figure sub-stantially above par. Both The Post and Telegram did the

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

Both The Post and Telegram did the largest business in their history last year and combined they should have oppor-tunity to wield a powerful influence for good in the community, and also give the advertising public excellent service. Both papers were started as indepen-dent newspapers and this successful pol-icy will be strictly continued. icy will be strictly continued.

NEW YORK BROKERS COMPLIMENTED.

NEW YORK BROKERS COMPLIMENTED. Harwell, Cannon & McCarthy have received from President Bolande, of the Post Company, and A. McNeil, Jr., of the Telegram Company, hearty congratula-tions upon the successful termination of negotiations. These letters pay high trib-ute to Mr. Harwell, who personally en-gineered the deal against difficulties which would have dismayed a less able man. Mr. Bolande credits Mr. Harwell with having shown "absolute fairness, indomitable perseverance and remark-able resource." Mr. McNeil writes that the consolidation would never have been made were it not for the work of Mr. made were it not for the work of Mr. Harwell.

Miss Wilson To Be Editor.

Miss Wilson To Be Editor. Official announcement was made at Madison, Wis., on June 21, that Miss Margaret Wilson, the President's daughter, will have charge of the sec-tion devoted to community music in The Social Centre Magazine, to be launched soon. This was decided at the confer-ence of the prospective editors. Before she permitted her name to be used Miss Wilson exacted a promise that she should have something to do and not be a figurehead. The first number of the magazine will be issued in August at the home office in Madison. Edward J. Ward of that city will be editor in charge and Grant M. Hyde of the Uni-versity of Wisconsin will be manager. There are nineteen associate editors. versity of Wisconsin will be manager. There are nineteen associate editors.

Jail for Paris Herald Cashier.

Jail for Paris Herald Cashier. Laporte, the cashier of the Paris edi-tion of the New York Herald, who ab-sconded some time ago with \$20,000 of the paper's money, was sentenced to three years imprisonment with the bene-fit of the first offenders act. Laporte says he was ruined through the discov-ery of a marvellous system of betting which he believed would insure him a fortune at gambling. He is not the only man who has thought he had a scheme for beating the game.



KENNETH W. MCNEIL.

Campbell Takes a Vacation.

A. D. Campbell, Western representa-tive of the New York World, whose headquarters are in the Hartford Build-ing, Chicago, and who was in New York this week, left with his wife on a two weeks' trip to Montreal and Ottawa on Saturday. Mr. Campbell, who was born



A. D. CAMPBELL, JR.

at Van Kleek Hill, Canada, has been with the World's ad department since January 1, 1907, and has been in Chi-cago six years.

AD FIELD PERSONALS.

AD FIELD PERSONALS. S. R. Latshaw, recently president of the Home Pattern Company has become advertising director of the Butterick Publishing Company. There will be no change in the personnel of the Butterick organization. A dinner in honor of Mr. Latshaw was given at the Hotel Bilt-more, New York, on June 19.

Lee Anderson, advertising manager of the Chalmers Motor Company, has been elected president of the Adcraft Club of Detroit. Henry T. Ewald, of the Campbell-Ewald Advertising Com-pany, of Detroit, was elected vice-presi-dent. dent.

Archer A. King, of Chicago, has been appointed Western representative of Puck.

Carl Hugo Levin, formerly of the copy staff of Lord & Thomas, Chicago, has resigned to become advertising and sales manager for the William P. Stark Nurseries, Neosho and Stark City, Mo.

H. M. Kiesewelter, formerly of the Michelin Tire Company, has been ap-pointed advertising manager of the George W. Houk Company, of Buffalo, N. Y. He will manage the New York branch of the business.

Guy Brown, formerly managing edi-tor of the Pontiac (Mich.) Press-Gaz-ette, has joined the Campbell-Ewald Ad-vertising Company, of Detroit.

Curtis Co. Plan to Sell Its Realty. **Curtis Co. Plan to Sell Its Realty.** A proposition to have the Curtis Pub-lishing Co., Philadelphia, sell its real estate and personal property to a new corporation will be voted upon July 22 at a special meeting of the company's stockholders. The proposed new cor-poration will have a capital stock of \$25,000,000, of which \$20,000,000 is to be issued in payment for the property of the Curtis Publishing Co. It is pro-posed to effect the sale by exchanging capital stock of the new corporation for that of the Curtis Publishing Co. on the basis of two shares for one. the basis of two shares for one

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER is \$2 a year.

GAINS BY AD CLEAN-UP

Julius Schneider Cites Increased Business of Chicago Tribune to Show that Newspaper Columns Are Purged of Misleading Copy to Their Advantage-All Publications Find the Best Policy Is the Square Deal.

By JULIUS SCHNEIDER,

(Advertising Director Chicago Herald.) As the cleaning up of business is from As the cleaning up of business is from within, to its everlasting credit be it said, the cleaning up of advertising also is from within. It is the voice of the advertisers and advertising men of America that is demanding that adver-tising shall be purged of its parasites and that the thief or crook under the guise of advertising shall be defined and punished. Nor will this demand be sat-isfied until the reprobation includes the medium as well as the malefactor. medium as well as the malefactor.

Deceit in advertising is often difficult of detection before publication. For this reason there are with us yet some ad-vertising men and some mediums of the old school, who declare that the news-paper is not called on to set itself up as a censor, to scrutinize and analyze, and to accept or reject on its ex parte judg-ment. The stand of these men and meand diums appears to be indefensible in the face of the fact that with the destruction of the deceitful there is opened up for development a vast field of legitimate advertising, leaving so little of the fraudulent that its monetary value is not worthy of consideration in comparison with the worthy.

PUBLIC RESPONDS OUICKLY.

As fast as you eliminate fraud from As fast as you eliminate fraud from business so fast does the public embrace and welcome business. And as fast as you eliminate fraud and uncleanliness from advertising, so fast does the public relinquish its prejudices and respond to advertising of the new order. Advert-ing again to our original text: "We ad-vertise to get the money," it is suscepti-ble of proof that there is more money in developing the legitimate fields of advertising legitimate commodities or in developing the legitimate netas of advertising legitimate commodities or service. than there ever was in crooked advertising in its palmiest days, both for the advertiser and the medium. It is susceptible of proof that the me-

dium which rejects all evil-producing ads and all fraudulent advertising, de-voting its energies to the constructive work of developing legitimate lines, 'gets the money" in greater volume for itself because it actually "gets the money" for the legitimate advertiser far more surely than does the medium which mixes the bad with the good, in-spiring the public with confidence in neither

mediums than the Chicago Other Other mediums than the Chicago Tribune are crusading for the elimina-tion of all that is unclean and deceitful from business and from advertising. It is safe to say, however, that the Trib-une has pioneered in this movement, and its crusading has gone farther, pur-suing the enemies of sound business and sound advertising more relentlessly and effectively probably than any other effectively. probably, than any single publication. other

SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC.

This comes about through the Tribune's definition of greatness in news-papers, which is that a newspaper is great in the ratio of its *service* to the papers, which is that a newspaper is preat in the ratio of its service to the public. Certainly no newspaper can for-ever continue to successfully nursue a double standard of service to the public in its news and editorial departments and the betraval of the public to frauds and crooks in its advertising. While, then, it is primarily in line with its de-termination to serve, let me evote a re-cent letter of William H. Field, the business manager, to John Irving Romer, president of Printer's Ink, to prove that it gets the money for the newspaper that serves the public good in its adver-tising columns as faithfully as in its news and editorial departments. The letter is self explanatory. It says in part: part:

part: For an answer to the question "Has the Chicago Tribune's exposure of the quark doctors been of benefit to the nublic?" I re-fer you to the reprint of the Journal of the American Medical Association, now in your

As a result of the agitation there been placed upon the statute books ixteen American States laws that have of sixteen American States laws that define fraudulency in advertising and prescribe penalties for those who per-petrate frauds within the meaning of the statutes. The sixteen States are: Colo-rado, Connecticut. Indiana, Iowa, Mas-sachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Ne-braska, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Orezon, Pennsylvania, Washington and Wisconsin. In many cities ordinances have been placed on the statute books similarly defining as illegal advertising intended to get the money without delivering the of sixteen

to get the money without delivering the goods. In all of these States and cities there have been many prosecutions for violations of these laws, and it has been made clear to the lawless element in business that advertising will no longer lend itself without a struggle to the suc-cess of their seductive practices. A wholesome fear of the law and of hon

wholesome fear of the law and of hon-est advertisers has been bred which will constantly lessen the evil advertising. Even the mediums which accept and publish fraudulent, deceptive and un-clean advertising are obliged to refuse the more obviously crooked. The day has already dawned upon a straight path to the goal of the square deal in business and in advertising, and he who stands in the way or with dishonesty attempts to retard our progress along this path is simply inviting his own ruin while we continue on by "delivering the goods" to "get the money."

E. E. Swain, editor of the Kirksville (Mo.) Daily Express, encloses his sub-scription with the following sentence typewritten on the bill: "Couldn't 'keep house' without it."

If Messrs Marsh and Kennedy mean that spectral of the volume of fraudulent ad-text of the part of the mass of the exposure in the origination of the exposure of the ad-spectral frauds tends to cut down legitimeters the mass of the exposure of the ad-text of the part they are wrong by the follow-ter to for the past three years, according the mass of the exposure of the ad-text of the past three years, according the mass of the exposure of the ad-text of the past three years, according the prove that they are wrong by the follow-text of the past three years, according the mass of the exposure of the ad-text of the past three years, according the mass of the exposure of the ad-text of the past three years, according the the the text of text of the text of text

CHICAGO, ILL., June 24.—Owing to friction among the officers of the Press Club of Chicago the president, Walter Washburne, has resigned and may be a candidate for re-election in order to himself. vindicate

H. Walter Heegstra, of "Advertising Service," addressed a meeting of retail merchants of Des Moines last week,

showing that advertising pays. The National Wholesale Grocers' As-sociation meeting at Minneapolis last week listened to an address by Julius Schneider of the Chicago Herald on constructive advertising.

TO RAISE \$10,000 FOR MONUMENT.

The committee appointed to raise \$10,000 for a memorial to Eugene Field in Lincoln Park has issued a statement complaining of poor support, while re-cently \$25,000 was easily raised for a statue to Goethe. The committee says it is a shame American celebrities receive such poor attention while foreign ones get monuments easily. R. G. Maxwell of the Maywood won

the main flight honors in the Western Ad Men's Tourney at the Glen Oak Country Club last week. Country Club last week. The Chicago Herald is making an ad-

The Chicago Herald is making an ad-vertising feature of its new type, claim-ing that it is larger and easier to read than that of the other papers. Charles W. Collins, formerly dramatic editor for the Inter Ocean, is doing publicity work for Ravinia Park. Wilbur N. Burkhart, a Chicago news-paper man, was married at Des Moines, last week to Miss Irene Wilson. A book on "Newspaper Advertising,"

A book on "Newspaper Advertising," A book on "Newspaper Anne, adver-written by G. H. E. Hawkins, adver-tising director of the N. K. Fairbank co., has just been issued. It is an exhaustive treatise on this line of adver-tising in all its forms. Walter C. Larned, a well known law-yer, author and art critic, died late last

week. He was for man editor of the Daily News. for many years art

EXHIBITS AT TORONTO.

Display the Best the Ad Men Have Seen at Any Meeting.

(Editorial Correspondence.)

TORONTO, June 24 .- The exhibits this year were far and away better than those of any former convention. They were not only better in character but larger in number. The foreign exhibit, which filled some twelve or fifteen cases it arrived at the exhibition when grounds, probably attracted more atten tion than almost any other portion of the exhibition. This was due to the fact that it consisted largely of poster work of an unusual character. The dis-play was under the direct charge of play D. Ray, chairman of the Foreign legates Committee, whose artistic Delegates Committee, whose artistic sense was employed to advantage in its

sense was employed to advantage in its arrangement in the Railroad Building. No one who gave to the exhibit any study whatever could fail to be impresed with the fact that the German, the French, and the English artists have a keener artistic sense and a bolder execenter artistic sense and a bolder exe-cution than a majority of our own artists. In the German section were a number of beautiful posters employed in advertising "Chr. Adt. Kufferberg & Co.'s" champagne at Mainze. Germany. One of these, designed, evidently, for interior display represented four men simily inviting his own ruin while e continue on by "delivering the oods" to "get the money." Here's a Neat Compliment. E. E. Swain. editor of the Kirksville Mo.) Daily Express encloses his sub-cription with the following sentence ypewritten on the bill: "Couldn't 'keep ouse' without it." Send \$2 for subscription to this paper.

Reichold and Lang, of Munich, and Otto

Reichold and Lang, of Munich, and Otto Ellsner, of Berlin. The work of the British poster-makers adorned the walls of the larger room in the building. Four of the most striking of these posters advertised Dewars Scotch whiskey. One reproduced a painting of a Highlander in national costume with a glass of whiskey in his hand. The work was so well done that across the room it was difficult to tell it from a genuine painting. Other strik-ing posters were those advertising Oxo and Johnny Walker whiskey. On tables in this same room were

and Johnny Walker whiskey. On tables in this same room were large scrap books filled with specimens of advertising done by the leading de-partment stores of London. One of the books contained the publicity matter employed by the Strand Magazine in an advertising campaign. The first piece was a well-printed illustrated card bear-ing the olicity of a 14 ices grun below

was a well-printed illustrated card bear-ing the picture of a 14-inch gun, below which was this inscription: "This is the Strand Big Gun which is to Fire Six Advertising Projectiles at you at intervals of one week. The you at intervals of one week. The object is not to kill but to attract you." Following this card were six folders representing projectiles, printed in dull gray. The first bore a message on cirgray. The first bore a message on cir-culation, the second on supremacy, the third on comparison, the fourth on orig-inality, the fifth on exactness, and the sixth on logic. All the specimens in the British exhibit were collected and ar-ranged by the Advertising World, of London, one of the foremost publica-tions in the British empire devoted to advertising advertising. The exhibit of the novelty manufac-

turers was the best I have ever seen. Their products filled a number of glasscovered showcases in the centre of the exhibition hal. The average layman was astonished at the number, variety attractiveness of the advertising and novelties shown.

velties shown. Seven of the largest manufacturers f metal and miscellaneous signs presented samples of their products. The Passaic Metal Ware Co., of Passaic, N. J., showed several examples of their gh grade picture work. The exhibit of the religious papers high

occupied considerable space. The pages of several hundred of The title of them pages of several hundred of them adorned the wall. Prominence was given to the motto announcing that eight-tenths of the people of the United States claimed church affiliation. The maga-zines had a noteworthy exhibit. On one vall was grouped together advertise-ments of all kinds of clothing. Above these ads was the inscription: "Maga-zines have clothed the Man,' and on the opposite side, similarly arranged, were a number of advertisements showing that "Magazines have clothed the Women."

The newspaper exhibit, prepared by the Advertising Bureau of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, oc-cupied a conspicuous position on one of the walls of the Art Building, and attracted a great deal of attention. The exhibit of the Street Railway Ad-

vertising Co. contained samples of vari-ous kinds of cards used in street car advertising work. A number of red lights above the exhibit flashed every minute or two, each flash indicating the fact that one thousand persons had en-tered the street cars. In the Railway tered the street cars. In the Kaliway Building was also an interesting group of posters from China and Japan and the Philippines, collected by Miss Mina Sharrock. who formerly resided in China. These posters advertise cigarettes, brandy, and breakfast foods.

N. Y. Press Employes Hold Outing.

Employes of the New York Press held an outing at New Dorp, Staten Isl-and, Sunday. One of the features of the day was a baseball game, in which the advertising department defeated the business office by a score of 13 to 10. There was a program of track and field events, including a shoe race, standing broad jump. fat man's race, running high jump, 100-yard dash, shot put and high jump, 100-600-yard dash.

Fred. Woese, Albany correspondent of the World. was in New York on Tues-day and Wednesday.

JUNE 27, 1914



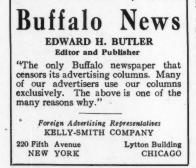
The net out-of-town daily circulation of The New York Times, exceeding 75,000 copies, is Times, exceeding 75,000 copies, is larger than the entire (city and out-of-town) daily circulation of either The Herald, Sun or Tri-bune. The net daily city circula-tion of The New York Times, ex-ceeding 175,000 copies, is double the combined daily city circula-tion of The Herald, Sun and Tri-bune. No returns or unsold copies bune. No returns or unsold copies of The Times.

The Catholic Tribune - (English) Katholischer Westen - (German) Luxemburger Gazette - (German)

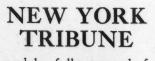
We will be delighted to supply sample copies and sworn net paid circulation figures covering the past month or the past year.

Our figures are net—ali exchanges, advertisers' copies, free and unsold papers being deducted.

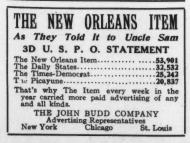
CATHOLIC PRINTING CO. Dubuque, Iowa



If your Product or Proposition is Worthy, tell about it in the



and be fully assured of Satisfactory Response.



THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

PRESS ASSOCIATIONS.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels has accepted an invitation to attend at Wil-mington, N. C., the latter part of this month, the annual convention of the month, Creating Press Association. The month, the annual convention of the North Carolina Press Association. The distinguished North Carolinian has been distinguished North Carolinian has been for years a leading member of the Press Association, and has always tak-en a deep interest in the organization. The public entertainment committee of the Chamber of Commerce will prob-ably arrange some special event as a mark of respect and honor to the Secre-tary of the Navy on the occasion of his visit to Wilmington.

At the closing meeting, for the sea-son, of the Woman's Press Club, of Cincinnati, O., a fine musical and lit-erary programme was given. Mrs. Florence Goff Schwarz read a delight-fully witty playlet of one act, entitled "A Day With the Editor," depicting the trials of a modern editor with women who think they can write and who pester his life out with their contribu-tions, wasting his valuable time and driving him distracted. The editor's ad-vice was: "The world has a heart if it finds sincerity and the world has an intellect and knows when it has been insulted." Florence Goff Schwarz read a delight-

The Women's Press Club of Southern California will this week hold its an-nual outing in the form of a picnic at the home of Miss Cora Foy, the pro-gramme chairman, of San Rafael Heights, near Los Angeles. At this time officers will also be installed.

The Louisiana Press Association will hold its thirty-fourth annual meeting August 10 and 11 in the auditorium of the Association of Commerce in New Orleans, according to notices issued by Secretary L. E. Bentley. A programme of business and literary discussions and social features is being arranged, which promises to make the meeting mem-orable.

The Tennessee Women's Press Club meeting on June 15 at Tate Spring, Tenn., was a social and professional success. All the club members were guests of the hotel management. Every guests of the hotel management. Every paper in Tennessee was represented and the papers of Louisville, Atlanta, Mont-gomery, New Orleans and Birmingham sent special representatives for the occa-sion. Mrs. John L. Meek, of Chat-tanooga, one of the most distinguished musicians in the south, has written a song and composed the music in honor of the other and composed the music in honor of the club, and sung it at the gathering.

The Tennessee Press Association held its annual meeting in Memphis on June 11 and 12. Some of the features of the programme were: Annual ad-dress, A. N. Shearman, president; ad-dress, C. I. J. Mooney, Commercial-Appeal; "Relationship of City and Country Newspapers," J. I. Finney, Columbia Herald; "What Is the Proper Subscription Price of the Country Weekly?" Ed. Albright, Gallatin News; "Is Clubbing With the Daily Press Ben-eficial to the Country Weeklies?" John H. Rison, Paris Post-Intelligencer; "Country Correspondence," Jno. C. Rogers, Dyersburg State Gazette; "Cost Tennessee Press The Association H. Rison, Paris Post-Intelligencer; "Country Correspondence," Jno. C. Rogers, Dyersburg State Gazette; "Cost of Printing in the Country Shop," W. M. Featherly, Harriman, Tenn.; "Serv-ice," Rutledge Smith, Cookeville, Tenn.; "Industrial Tennessee and Her Needs," C. C. Gilbert, secretary Tennessee Man-ufacturers' Association.

The negro editors, proprietors and managers of the newspapers published in Texas for the benefit of the colored population of the state met in Galves-ton on June 8 and 9. It was announced that the purpose of the convention was to get the negro publishers closer to-gether and at the same time have them addressed by the prominent negro edugether and at the same time have them addressed by the prominent negro edu-cators of the state. Among the papers represented at the convention were Paul Quinn Weekly, Waco; Industrial Era, Beaumont; Freeman, Houston; West-ern Star, Houston; Galveston City Times, New Idea, Galveston; Herald,

Austin; Hustler, San Antonio; Inquirer, San Antonio; Plaindealer, Palestine; Texas Guide, Palestine; Standard, Prairie View; Dallas Express, Dallas; Masonic Quarterly, Dallas; Odd Fel-lows Budget, Dallas; Texas Wiley Re-porter, Marshall; Bishop. College Student, Marshall; Scimitar, Ennis; Helping Hand, Waco; Conservative Counsellor, Waco; Taborain Banner, Conroe; Appreciator's Union, Tex-arkana. arkana.

About one hundred and fifty members About one hundred and fifty members of the Denver Press Club, mothers, wives, sisters, sweethearts, children, et al., forgot the clacking typewriters and home cares recently, journeying to Golden, Castle Rock and Lookout Mountain for the annual basket picnic and outing of the club. Tramway cars conveyed the earlier crowd to Golden, but there were "Seeing Denver" autos for the late risers and those who wished to rubberneck at the skies.

At a meeting of the Board of Gov-ernors of the Austin (Tex.) Press Club last week it was determined to make the evening of July 4 "Stunt Night." A meeting of the whole active member-ship will be called later to make plans for this entertainment for this entertainment.

for this entertainment. A large attendance and much interest have marked the thirty-fourth annual meeting of the Texas Press Associa-tion, at Wichita Falls, Tex., this week. Some of the subjects discussed were: "Advertising and the Advertiser," "Get-ting Foreign Advertising". "Should Ad-vertising in Country Weeklies Be Ad-vanced." Mail Order House Advertis-ing." "Newspaper Men I Have Known," "How I Built Up a Metropolitan Daily in a Small City." "Co-operation Among Publishers," "The Proper Care of Type and Machinery," "Job Office and Job Printing." "The Value and Importance of the Editorial Page," "Should the Daily and Weekly Editions Be Di-vorced?" "Cleanliness and System in the Newspaper Office," "The Value of Newspaper Files and Their Proper Preservation," "Texas School of Jour-maism," "The Telephone as a Business Asset of the Publisher," "The Country Newspaper Publisher."

More than two hundred Kentucky More than two hundred Kentucky newspaper men attended the forty-fifth annual midsummer meeting of the Ken-tucky Press Association, at Dawson Springs, Ky., on June 8 to 11. Much business was transacted and many diversions were enjoyed. It seemed to be the general opinion among the ed-itors that the advertising rates of the newspapers were too low, as well as subscription rates and charges for job work. It was decided to accept the invitation of Ashland to hold the next meeting in that city.

Abraham Lincoln was eulogized by an ex-Vice-President of the United States and three ex-governors during the pilgrimage on June 12 of the In-diana Republican Editorial Association to Lincoln City, Ind. The exercises were at the grave of Nancy Hanks Lin-coln, which, with the old Lincoln home, is now included in a state park. Au-gustus E. Willson, ex-governor of Kentucky, addressed the editors and their friends on behalf of the state of Lincoln's nativity; W. T. Durbin, ex-governor of Indiana, on behalf of the state of Lincoln's boyhood; Richard Yates, ex-governor of Illinois, on behalf of the state of Lincoln's final adoption, of the state of Lincoln's final adoption, and Charles W. Fairbanks, ex-Vice-President, on behalf of the nation.

Republican editors of southwestern Kansas assembled in Hutchinson a few kansas assembled in Hutchinson a few days ago, talked shop, politics and the wheat crop, and unanimously agreed on two things. It was the annual conven-tion of the Southwestern Kansas Re-publican Editorial Association. The publican Editorial Association. The following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: President, George H. Yust, Sylvia Sun; vice-president, E. L. Smith, Ellinwood Leader; secretary, F. H. Lobdell, Kinsley Mercury; treas-urer, A. E. Duvall, Canton Pilot.



The acknowledged political and finan-cial authority among the daily news-papers of America is The New York Evening Post. Accuracy is always dominant in its columns. Its authoritative opinions and yiews of the financial world have made it famous throughout the United States and Canada, the best evidence of this fact being its subscription list, which includes many people of culture and in many American cities. On Saturday an entites. On Saturday an entites on all the week's developments, and correspondence from all important markets of the world.



Circulation

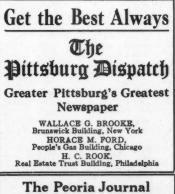
Ask us about the Pittsburgh Terri-tory and in what way the Leader is the important paper.

VERREE & CONKLIN Foreign Representatives

Steger Building, Brunswick Bldg., Chicago New York

One priceless aid to advertisers is given by this paper. It is the FAITH of its readers.

THE PITTSBURGH SUN CONE, LORENZEN & WOODMAN Foreign Representatives New York, Kansas City, Chicago



"Guarantees a larger bona fide circulation than any other Peoria newspaper and also guarantees as much city circulation, in Peoria and Pekin, as both other Peoria newspapers combined."

H. M. Pindell, Proprietor Chas. H. Eddy. Fifth Ave. Bldg., New York Chas H. Eddy, Old South Bldg., Boston Eddy & Virtue, People's Gas Bldg., Chicago

HOW TO ADVERTISE THE PANAMA FAIR.

Symposium of Views on the Subject Contributed by Publicity Experts-Newspapers the Preferred Mediums-Large Space

and Copy Adapted to Different Sections of Country Advocated-Necessity of Arousing Public.

ago wrote to a number of the leading special agents and representatives ask-ing for their views on the best way to advertise the Pacific Panama Exposi-tion. From an inquiry made by us it has been made apparent that the public at large is apathetic in regard to the big fair and that hereic measures will have fair, and that heroic measures will have to be taken to bring to San Francisco a sufficient number of people from all parts of the country to make it a success. Some of the replies to our letter are given below:

HOW \$100,000 WILL BE SPENT.

How \$100,000 WILL BE SPENT. C. A. Williams, of Williams & Cun-nyngham, Chicago.—The San Diego Panama-California Exposition has ap-propriated \$100,000 for advertising, to be expended between now and the opening of the Exposition on January I. It is anticipated that a like amount will be appropriated during the year of the Ex-vocition sition. The first copy appears in the July is-

sues in the form of single pages and in the national weeklies, including the Satthe national weeklies, including the Sat-urday Evening Post, Colliers, Literary Digest, Life, as well as in Review of Reviews and World's Work. Double-page spreads will follow each month until the end of the year. Spreads will also appear in the Country Gentleman the last three or four months of the year, and a list of about one dozen farm papers will receive single nage conv once papers will receive single page copy once a month.

a month. The beauties of the country itself and the architecture will be conveyed through remarkable drawings made on the ground by the Charles Daniel Frey Studios and the copy will deal with the purposes of the Exposition, the fact that processes of manufacture, rather than processes of manufacture, rather than finished products, will be shown, transprocesses of manufacture, rather than finished products, will be shown, trans-portation and hotel facilities and the other things which a reader contemplat-ing a trip to the Coast will want to know. It is our belief that the later appropriation will be spent very largely in daily newspapers to promote attendin daily newspapers to promote attend-ance. We shall depend upon them to send people direct to railroad offices to buy tickets for San Diego. This, of course, could not be done until the Exposition was opened.

SPACE NEARLY ALL TAKEN.

dend-paying proposition but rather to educate the public to the large resources and advantages of the Western territory, what can it profit those who have the success of the exposition at heart if the people won't come and see? The adver-tising expenditure should exceed, if nec-essary, the total cost of the exposition. Though they may have in San Francisco the most wonderful exposition that hu-man ingremuity and effort can produce. Ninety-five per cent. of the exhibit space has already been contracted for, the main buildings of the Exposition are already completed and ready to receive exhibits and there is every indication that this will be, not only the most beautiful, but the most successful exthe most wonderful exposition that hu-man ingenuity and effort can produce, the purpose is a failure without the peo-ple coming. Talk to the people, tell them everything about the enterprise and the pleasure and educational value

position ever held. It is backed by the strongest men of It is backed by the strongest men of the Southwest, many of whom are fa-miliar to Eastern and Middle Western folks. They include John D. Spreckels, Mr. Savage of the Savage Arms Com-pany, Mr. Timkin of the Timkin Roller Bearing Company, Lyman J. Gage, Charles D. Spaulding, G. Aubrey David-son, President of the Southern Trust and Savings Bank, Mr. Belchior, Cashier of the First National Bank of San Diego, Mr. Setton of the Setton Manu-facturing Company of Chicago, etc.. MCKINNEY'S PLAN.

MCKINNEY'S PLAN

WOULD CENTRALIZE ON DAILY PAPERS. G. Logan Payne, of the G. Logan Payne Co., special representatives New York, Chicago and Boston.—If I wanted to bring people to the Panama Exposi-tion and were at the head of the public-ity department, I feel that the duties would be very easy. Instead of sending out circular matter, which costs money to print and good postage to send out, feeling and knowing that 90 per cent. of it would go into the waste basket, because the people to whom it was sent would not have the time to read it. I would study conditions closely and find out where the railroad fares were rea-sonable and what states we would be J. P. McKinney, of J. P. McKinney & Son, New York and Chicago.—The vast sums of money appropriated by the peo-ple of the state of California and by the Federal government to produce the ex-position at San Francisco are to attain position at San Francisco are to attain one end—to get the people to see the Empire of the West. To get people to do anything material is to tell them about it. This means to resort to ad-vertising. To the people west of the Mississippi River the transportation to the grounds will be fairly within the reach of all. To them the advertising should be directed in the nature of a description of the fair, etc. Half the sonable and what states we would be most liable to draw people from, then I would centralize my efforts in the daily papers and even the county seat weeklies throughout such territory for less than one-half the money now being spent in sending out circular matter, and the Panama Exposition would be an abso-

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER two weeks space required for advertising in the go wrote to a number of the leading East would suffice for the Western territory

> In the East two papers at least should In the East two papers at least should this class of advertising for securing be used in each city of 50,000 and over results, that it is hard for me to com-with a campaign of 50,000 lines as fol- ment favorably on any other kind. lows: The copy should take the news The regular appearance of an attrac-pages of the papers that reach the great tive advertisement in the daily news-

for four weeks. This would bring the campaign to a close at the time the fair would open. This copy should deal to a great extent with the wonders of the

transcontinental trip as well as with the

of the trip. And do it through the won-derful, far-reaching and clarion voice of

WOULD CENTRALIZE ON DAILY PAPERS.

the daily newspaper.

As it is not the intention of the promoters of the exposition to make a divi-dend-paying proposition but rather to

exposition.

lute success from the standpoint of paid admissions. Don't think I am belit-tling periodical or magazine advertising. If I had sufficient appropriation I would supplement the newspaper advertising with advertising in the magazines.

NEWSPAPER PUBLICITY BEST.

J. T. Beckwith, president of the S. C. Beckwith Special Agency, New York, St. Louis and Chicago.—I believe in living up to our preaching that all advertising is good, but none equal to daily news-paper publicity. I so firmly believe in this class of advertising for securing results, that it is hard for me to com-ment favorably on any other kind

RAISING OF I. C. M. A. FLAG ON STEAMER NORONIC. middle classes and appear at a time when low rates for transportation are in force. Starting October 1 with 500 line copy and repeat October 5, 300 lines Oc-tober 8, 12, 15; 200 lines October 19, 22, 26, 29; 500 lines November 5; 300 lines November 9; 100 lines November 12, 16, 19, 23, 30. Then suspending during December, resuming with 400 lines Jan-uary 4 and 150 lines one time a week paper, to my mind, reaches all the peo-ple all the time, or as near all the people all the time as it is possible to reach in any number. As to the frequency of in-sertions in the daily newspaper, the more often an advertisment appears, to my mind, the more productive it will be and

for immediate and lasting results, it certainly should not apear in any daily paper less than three times a week. Besides, the attractiveness of an ad-vertisement is also a matter that should be given careful consideration as a small display can easily be lost or overlooked, whereas a good-sized advertisement, say 150 lines double column (300 lines) if of

an attractive nature, which latter I con-sider quite important, will likely catch the eye of any reader an any page. In my talks with various leading ad-vertisers, who have made a national success from advertising, they have, with-out exception, expressed to me their firm belief in the daily newspaper as bring-ing the greatest and most desirable re-sults at the least cost, and I therefore unhesitatingly recommend first, last and all the time, the daily newspaper for any line of publicity as far and away the best of any kind of advertising.

USE LARGE COPY

C. P. Knill, of Knill Chamberlain, Inc. C. P. Knill, of Knill Chamberlain, Inc., Chicago.—You ask for an expression of opinion from me as to what media to use in advertising the Panama-Pacific and San Diego, California, Exposition and as to the size of space to be used in a newspaper campaign. If I had the placing of the advertising appropriation for the two California Expositions, I would use it practically all in news-papers, not because I am a newspaper papers, not because I am a newspaper

would use in plactically all in newspaper papers, not because I am a newspaper man, but because I believe that in news-papers only can be obtained the maxi-mum results for this particular adver-tising, and I would use large space. Cut out the magazines and weeklies. The newspapers do not need the sup-port of any other media. Why? Be-cause they reach all the people there are to reach. The only way to "back up" a newspaper campaign is with more news-papers and more copy. Why use several classes of media with a lot of duplica-tion to reach the same people. All or nearly all of the publicity for the two expositions will appear in newspapers. Another reason why they should be

tell the story. An advertising campaign in small copy is like a continued story. People for-get the subject when the next copy runs. Large copy is more a series of short stories. There is enough space to tell a complete story in each advertisement. Larger space gives more of an oppor-tunity to attract attention. A picture of one of the great buildings at San Francisco in a small ad would be a joke

Francisco in a small ad would be a joke. If the cut was large enough there would be no room left in which to tell the story. At least one nine hundred line advertisement should be used once a week. If it could appear twice a week, then without a doubt, the campaign would be a success.

THE LOGICAL MEDIUM.

Frank W. Henkel, publishers' repre-sentative, Chicago.-I think that the sentative, Chicago.—I think that the committee on advertising, now laboring with the California Expositions, has made an appeal that ought to bring fruit, particularly in view of the financial failwithout advertising. It seems to me that the daily newspaper is the logical medium in which to place this advertis-ing. The daily newspaper is read by the ing. The daily newspaper is read by the people who take magazines, and they naturally look to it for news about the exposition. Then, too, the railroads will devote more or less attention to the California Expositions, and the greater part of this publicity will be in the daily newspapers. I do not believe this ex-position advantiging should be carried position advertising should be carried under the classification of resorts or amusements, as it is far broader and it should have a long and comprehensive campaign devoted to it.

KIND OF COPY THAT WILL PULL.

Edward S. Cone, of Cone, Lorenzen & Woodman, of New York, Chicago, Detroit, Atlanta and Kansas City.—My Detroit, Atlanta and Kansas City.—My suggestion for advertising the Panama-Pacific and the San Diego, Cal., Expo-sitions would be, in the first place, to use daily newspapers only; use imita-tion reading matter, i. e., display adver-tising set in body type with a news head or as near like unpaid reading matter as nearible, each article to contain an illuspossible, each article to contain an illus-tration and each article to be at least 150 lines single column or 150 lines double column, these articles to be run in each city in the daily papers so that one article would appear each day. For in-stance, if there are three papers used in a given city, use each paper twice a week on different days so that for the six week days you would have one ad

six week days you would have one ad each day. Each article would have to be pre-pared to apply to the city in which it was to be published. For instance, in advertising in New York City I would start in by giving the routes from New York City to the Expositions, the scenic features on each route, and then make the lower half of the article cover what the traveler would see on his arrival at the traveler would see on his arrival at the Exposition. So word your descripthe Exposition. So word your descrip-tions of the routes as to create a desire in the minds of the readers to make the trip from an educational standpoint and from the standpoint of the beautiful scenery, etc., working along the lines of "Seeing Your Own Country First." In writing up the Exposition part I would dwell on the California climate and the natural agricultural resources, the trees fruit, etc., as well as the exthe trees, fruit, etc., as well as the exhibits at the Exposition.

THE TWO MAIN DIFFICULTIES.

The main difficulties in getting people to go on such a long trip are going to be, first, the question of expense and, second, the tiresome journey. The first half of every article should be devoted to proving to the people that the trip itself is not expensive if you figure and Another reason why they should be itself is not expensive if you figure and given the advertising is that I do not realize the educational value to every believe in using small copy to advertise one of travel through our own country,



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business conditions. By wording this part of the advertisement carefully you can overcome the fear of a long trip and the item of ex-pense, and make the reader feel that he really sees the Expositions for nothing, and that he can charge up the money spent for railroad travel to education.

spent for ranroad travel to education. In laying out routes they should all be made, if going by rail, returning by the Panama Canal, or if going by the Canal, returning by rail and considerable space should be devoted to the Canal, of course of course.

By splitting up the appropriation so as to cover practically all good news-papers, the moral support of these papers could be secured and a great deal of publicity free could be gotten.

Guy S. Osborn, Newspaper Repre-sentative, Chicago.- I have but one opinsentance, Chicago.—I have but one opin-ion on this subject and that is what we would tell every national advertiser seeking to create a demand for his wares, and that is to spend their ad-vertising appropriation in a judicious

They should place their appropriation in the hands of a good responsible ad-vertising agency whose counsel is worth the full 15 per cent and hang out a the full 15 per cent and hang out a large sign over the door with the word "Out" to all press agents' propositions. If the business men of this country only realized the harm done by the press agents they would shun this form of publicity

publicity. The San Diego Exposition has a great the San Digo Exposition has a given story to tell and it can he told in a sim-ple, attractive and convincing way and the daily newspaper is the logical me-dium for an exposition of this kind. It is a new exposition and they have a different story to tell every day on what they are going to offer. Their adverthey are going to offer. Their adver-tising must have that newness each day that is necessary to such a story and the newspaper is the only advertising medium that gives this impression.

John B. Woodward, Advertising Manager of the Chicago Daily News.— I am sorry I cannot comply with the request of your letter of June 5. If the task of advertising the Panama-Pacific and the San Diego-California Expositions were assigned to me, I would want several weeks to study the situation before recommending any clan situation before recommending any plan

of campaign. It would seem to me offhand, how-ever, that 150 lines double column is too small a space in which to advertise these expositions successfully.

I believe the backbone of their cam-paign should be advertisements of at least 600 lines, supplemented, perhaps, by small advertisements appearing un-der the classification of "Resort and Travel."

No Censor, Says Mayor Mitchel.

Mayor Mitchel, of New York, has denied the truth of statements printed to the effect that Dr. Louis Blan, an examiner in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts, is censor for administration news. Mr. Mitchel said that if any of his Commissioners believe that news is to his Commissioners believe that news is to be censored or suppressed by anybody with the approval of the Mayor they are mistaken. "There is to be no stock control by this administration," he added. "Since there appears to be a misunder-standing somewhere I shall tell each Commissioner that he is at liherty to give information to the newsences at any time and on any subject, with the exception of the substance of official re-ports to me which I have not yet re-ceived."

A College Daily that Pays.

The Missouri Missourian, published as The Missouri Missourian, published as a daily by the students of the School of Journalism of the State University at Columbia, during the school year, and as a weekly the rest of the time, is a commercial as well as a newspaper suc-cess. During the last thirty-six weeks it carried 65,452 inches of display ad-vertising, an increase of 8,252 inches over last year's record. The paper is an active competitor in the news-of-the-town field with other local papers town field with other local papers.

THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

and seeing its wonderful beauties and PHILADELPHIA NOTES.

Mr. Munsey Gives Two Weeks' Salary to Staff of Defunct Evening Times When the Paper Quits.

(Special Correspondence.) PHILADELPHIA, June 20.—The passing of the Evening Times, Frank A. Mun-sey's organ in the Quaker City on Tuesday, after six years' struggle with local conditions, came as a complete surprise. While the gossips knew that things were While the gossips knew that things were not running quite as smoothly as the business office could wish, there was no suspicion that the end was near. The personal representative of the owner ap-peared on the fatal morning, twenty minutes before the first edition went to press, with the striking statement which appeared across four columns in the appeared across four columns in the

appeared across four columns in the succeeding editions during the day. It was a surprise to everyone in the organization, even including, it is said, the managing editor, George G. Shor. To make up for the shock, every one of the hundred odd employes was gener-ously given two weeks' pay. "Peggy Van Bram," one of the clevcrest women writers in the city; Grantland Rice, Spick Hall, Gordon Mackay, Ralph W. E. Reid and Jack West, sporting writers. W. C. O'Brien, city editor, and Ed Blake, are among those who are now taking well-earned even if compulsory rest. rest.

rest. Even if one did not especially like the sheet, one cannot read his statement and see the big black letter "Final" in the top corners of the front page in the last edition, without a genuine twinge of regret. The Pennsylvania Women's Press Association the oldest organization of

The Pennsylvania Women's Press Association, the oldest organization of its kind in the State, held its annual outing Saturday at the Parkside, near Fairmount Park. More than fifty peo-ple sat down to supper. Speeches and recitations followed. Dr. Elizabeth C. Snyder was in charge of the affair, and Mrs. Harriet Hayden Finck, president of the club presided

Mrs. Harriet Hayden Finck, president of the club, presided. William R. Murphy, whose caustic wit made his dramatic and musical crit-icisms a delight to many during his in-cumbency on the Evening Telegraph, passed through the city this week. He has been in Chicago for the last year, and was on his way to Ridgewood, N. J., where he will join the staff of the Editor. Larry Covington has joined the staff of the Public Ledger. Wilmer Atkinson, the editor of the

Wilmer Atkinson, the editor of the Farm Journal, who is not so "veteran" that he fails to keep fully abreast of the times, has sent out two circular letters to suffragists, in which he sounds a note of warning and urges members of the two suffrage bodies, the Congres-sional Union and the National Suffrage Association, to heal their difference and take thought before it is too late.

take thought before it is too late. Ben Armiger, photographer in chief of the North American, is back in the dark-room again. He broke two ribs, to say nothing of his camera, when snapping a running start of the Rose Tree Races at Media three weeks ago. News Editor Baldwin of the Record has returned to his desk after a yaca

News Editor Baldwin of the Record has returned to his desk after a vaca-tion in New England. E. St. Elmo Lewis, advertising man-ager of the Burroughs Adding Machine Company of Detroit, and first vice-presi-dent of the National Association of Corporation Schools, was in this city last week attending the sessions of the annual convention which was held in the auditorium of the Curtis Publishing Company's Building on Independence Square. He is an old Philadelphian and his many friends gave him a royal wel-come.

Billy" Rocap, sporting editor of the Public Ledger, was the official time-keeper of the international polo matches at Meadow Brook. at

Beecham a Baronet Now. Sir Joseph Beecham, a patent medicine manufacturer, known to advertising agents and mediums throughout the world, and who was Knighted in 1911, was created a Baronet by King George on June 21. Beecham's are probably the best advertised pills in all of Great Britam Britain.

HOW THE EDITOR WOULD GO.

The editor of the Burlington Junction Post goes on record as follows: "At this writing we have no desire to leave this vale of tears and hurl ourselves upon Abraham's bosom, but if we should desire to do so, we wouldn't lean up against a loaded gun and then pull the trigger, as many do. Neither would we etag as solid meal of rough on rats,

we eat a solid meal of rough on rats, blow out the gas, drink concentrated lye, sit down in the lap of a buzz-saw, smoke cigarettes, or call a Kentuckian either a liar or a poor judge of whiskey. We would simply get out an edition of our paper in which we would strive to the best of our ability to print the plain, scuare-tood truth as we understand it. square-toed truth as we understand it, and then calmly await the end."

Celebrates Sixty Years of Service.

Thirty-five heads of departments and directors of the Providence (R. I.) Journal Company met at a banquet last week to do honor to Henry R. Davis, secretary of the company, who had just completed sixty years of active service with that organization Mr. Davis encompleted sixty years of active service with that organization. Mr. Davis en-tered the service of the Providence Journal Company when he was four-teen years old. Stephen O. Metcalf, president of the Providence Journal Company, on behalf of the directors, presented to Mr. Davis a massive silver trophy and a series of engrossed resolu-tions, and most of the department heads spoke during the evening. spoke during the evening.

Death of Joseph T. Kelley.

Joseph T. Kelley, prominent for many years as a newspaper man, died of heart disease Sunday at his home in Nyack, He was for many years pro-and editor of the Rockland N. prictor prietor and editor of the Rockland County Democrat and held public office until five years ago. Mr. Kelley was horn in Mullinahone, County Tipperary, Ireland, in 1839, and came to New York a year later. At the beginning of the Civil War he enlisted as a private in the Sixty-ninth Regiment, New York Volunteers. After the war, in 1866, he was sent by the New York Tribune to Canada to investigate the Fenian troubles. troubles.

Sought Money from Publisher.

An effort to extort \$1,000 from E. O. Eshelby, proprietor of the Cincinnati Commercial Tribune, and head of the Eshelby Tobacco Company, resulted in the arrest of Fred Schroeder in the office of the newspaper and his confession to the police Saturday. Schroeder was trapped by detectives and arrested after he had accepted \$100 in marked bills as part payment from Mr. Eshelby, A dictaphone recorded the conversa-tion between the publisher and Schroe-der, who wanted \$1,000 to suppress an article which he said had been written for him.

Business Directory as Supplement.

The Pittsburgh (Pa.) Post is issuing as a supplement to that paper on three consecutive Mondays a sixteen-page classified business directory, which con-tains more than 5,000 names, with the telephone numbers and addresses, of the leading business institutions, firms and professional men in the Pittsburgh dis-trict. It is a notable fact that all this within a period of four weeks. Both the Post's readers and advertisers should profit by the use of such a guide, which is a handy thing to have in the house.

New Jersey Editor Missing.

New Jersey Editor Missing. Numerous creditors are anxious to know what has become of Adolph De B. Lupke, editor of the Belmar (N. J.) Coast Advertiser, but news of his whereabouts was lacking until the re-ceipt a few days ago of a letter from the missing editor, sent from Red Bank and addressed to Clarence S. Buhler, who is now in charge of the newspaper plant. The note stated that Lupke's sud-den departure was due to the fact that den departure was due to the fact that his creditors were closing in on him and he deemed his absence from town for a time at least was quite necessary.

ALONG THE ROW.

SUMMER SONG. This is the Season of the Year When papers print a page or two Of what the folks who leave the town For seaside, and the mountains, do. We learn Miss Johnson had a bath That Mrs. Smith, upon the sand Appeared in her new bathing suit Not larger than a human hand. Not larger than a human hand. The pictures of fair maids we view As they appear upon the shore With nothing on except about As much as Mrs. Adam wore. All this helps fill the Sunday sheet When not much news is to be had And brings in, at the usual rate, The summer hotel's little ad.

HEARD AT THE PRESS CLUB. "The Herald has introduced a comic shee

'What was the necessity for it?'

TO GO WITH CUTS. Boiled Ham.

FROM THE FRONT.

FROM THE FRONT. "What is the latest from Mexico?" asked the News Editor as he prepared for his night's work. "According to the latest dispatches," answered the Telegraph Editor, "Huerta has decided to resign. Huerta declares he will never resign. General Maas has started South, and is now marching to the north again. Caranza Maas has started South, and is now marching to the north again. Carranza has proclaimed himself Provisional President in a town where there are no provisions. Zapata has postponed his march on Mexico City until he can secure ox carts to remove his jewelry. Villa has declared that he will accept the decision of the A. B. C. mediators, provided it is in his favor. All the correspondents at Vera Cruz have been innoculated with typhoid and poker germs. The very latest from Mexico City is that the Globe Cafe has received ten casks of brandy from a Dutch tramp steamer, and that Huerta is rapidly ap-proaching the Globe in his auto."

steamer, and that Fluerta is rapidly ap-proaching the Globe in his auto." "Well," said the News Editor, "tell the Art Department to get up a map covering the entire situation, and turn all the stuff over to the rewrite man for a three column connected story."

GLORIOUS.

"It must be glorious," said the fair young visitor to the sanctum, "to be an editor—to have in one's hands such a power for good—to combat evil—to battle for the truth—to defy the wicked, to be independent of all influences— to—"

to-" Here the door opened and a boy threw a note on the Editor's Desk. It read: "Kill that story about a woman being arrested for shoplifting in Smith's De-partment Store. It's all a mistake and she's going to sue for \$100,000 dam-ages—nothing must be said about it -B. O." "Yee..." replied the editor. "it is she

"Yes-ous." " replied the editor, "it is glori-

FULL OF SPICY ITEMS. The American Grocer.

HERE'S ANOTHER. The Cub, who had just been assigned

The Cub, who had just been assigned to cover stations at night, turned in this : "Policeman Cassidy of the Oak Street Precinct was struck in the swamp last night by an automobile. His left arm was sprained. The damage to the car couldn't be ascertained, as it disappeared rapidly from sight."

WHERE THE KICK COMES.

First Citizen—"It seems strange to me that the editors who work in the buildings about Printing House Square should object to I. W. W. and other agi-tators orating at the Franklin statue. Don't the editors believe in free speech?" Second Citizen—"Sure, but not in free screech."

How to Solve the Knotty Problem of Getting Circulation in Territory Remote From the Office of Pub-Remote From the Office of Pub-

lication-Boys as Agents.

By F. M. HATCH. Circulation Manager the South Bend (Ind.) Tribune.

[A paper read before the members of the International Circulation Managers' Asso-ciation Convention on the S. S. Naronio last week.]

The problems of how to gain sub-The problems of how to gain sub-scription circulation in territory remote from the office of publication and the advisability of reducing rates to meet competition are of vital importance, yet

competition are of vital importance, yet they are often ignored. The circulation of any paper should proceed on the principle of growth, not a boom. Circulation, whether remote or near at hand, should be built from the center out; not from the outside up into any old place. Subscription cir-culation, the outer fringe, or the cir-cumference of any newspaper's terri-tory is a peculiar proposition. In the first place, the remote territory is the largest territory, and in many cases, especially in any new field, is the ter-ritory that grows the fastest. It is like some low grade ore that seems unlow grade ore that seems unsome low grade ore that seems un-promising yet, under right management, gives splendid returns. But it takes all kinds of brains and energy and larger reserve of endurance, physical and mental backed by ample capital, to get successful results from it. Up-to-date subscription circulation is not what it used to be The single wrapper stuff some it used to be. The single wrapper stuff is not all the meat in the cocoantt. Territory, even though it is remote, can be called legitimate territory if it can be organized. Organize, deputize, supervise.

MUST KNOW HIS FIELD.

No set of rules that any man can offer will cover every field, or fit every existing circumstance. The one thing that a circulation man must know is to know his field and be up to the min-ute on the kind of paper needed there, the kind of men and boys required to organize the prospective subscribers into units of circulation that can be put on

a growing basis, and can be massed and controlled by the central office. The advisability of reducing rates is a secondary matter. It is governed by the kind of paper to be circulated, and the way it is fitted to the territory. Its growth depends on the kind of men and boys who push it—the organization of this force, and the kind and the amount of brains and money behind this aircreduced

this circulation. If you have to sell in remote territory a publication that people do not really want, and can find some other article that will push it instead of acting as a handicap, that is not a bad proposition. Second, if the publisher does not send his men into territory for which his paper should be prepared, the difference between failure and success may be partly made up by the efficiency and endurance of his canvassers.

endurance of his canvassers. Right here comes up the difference between remote circulation on a news-paper and remote circulation on a widely circulated weekly or monthly magazine. Almost anything could be called remote as to metropolitan circu-lation when you go outside of the city limits where the paper is published, or across the line, where another paper bearing Associated Press or Scripps League reports may be found in com-peting papers arriving just a few jumps peting papers arriving just a few jumps ahead of you.

FIT PAPER TO TERRITORY.

It is not so much a question of the reduction of the price to meet compe-tition as it is a question of fitting the paper to the territory and organizing on the unit system, also taking into con-sideration the strongest single element to be found anywhere, for circulation work, namely, the American boy. The advertising receipts are the life

blood of any newspaper, whether it be mainly received from the papers sold in the crowded marts of trade, or out in the remoter districts. This trade must the remoter districts. This trade must depend upon circulation organized and personally delivered into the homes of

SUBSCRIPTION GAINS. the customers by careful and regular agents. First the boy, then the club

rested content with ordinary means of circulars, premiums, clubbing lists, to get hold of the readers in the home, have found after spending lots of money that they were not close enough to the home readers who bought the goods that made advertising pay. The school system of the United States is turning out every year a vast army of live agents who are eager to work. The agents who are eager to work. The business that a boy gets in putting out a paper, soliciting new subscriptions, collecting his bills, and transacting the business of the local agent, or reaching the remote publisher by mail, has a dou-ble value, both to the boy and to the publisher, in the fact that the boy is getting an education, and the publisher is building up his advertising constit-uency at the proper place.

MORE PRESS CLUB NOTES.

At Albany, N. Y., steps for the re-organization of the City Club, an or-ganization which grew out of the old Press Club, have been taken. The old club will organize along the lines of a country club. Wolfert's Roost, the home of the late David B. Hill, is looked up-on as a variable site for the club it on as an available site for the club, it is known. The affairs of the old club, which were in the hands of a receiver, have been settled up preparatory to this move.

The New Jersey Woman's Press Club recently held its annual outing at the home of Miss Maud E. Butler, in Madi-son. It was the club's tenth anniversary. son. It was the club's tenth anniversary. The members took their luncheon, which they spread in the woods adjoining Drew Theological Seminary. A busi-ness session was conducted by the presi-dent, Mrs. Florence V. Frapwell, of Arlington. The first meeting in Octo-ber will be at the home of Mrs. Frap-well, who announced that next year, instead of holding all the meetings at the homes of members, the January, February, March and April meetings will be at the Y. W. C. A. building in Newark. Newark.

CIRCULATION NOTES.

The Atlanta Constitution, of which John T. Toler is circulation manager, is conducting a \$25,270 voting contest which closes June 27.

The Grand Rapids Press has conclud-ed a prize essay contest, the subject be-ing the best 100 mile auto tour in West-rn Michigan, Much interest was shown in the event and many subscriptions were secured

Religious Editor Back a Prisoner.

Religious Editor Back a Prisoner. Kenneth D. Douglas, formerly' re-ligious editor of the Newark (N. J.) Evening News, who was arrested in Boston last week, waived extradition and returned last Saturday in the custody of Detective Patrick Ryan to Newark, where he was wanted on a charge of perjury, because he failed to say that he had been formerly married when he obtained a license to marry his bride of six weeks, whom he recently bride of six weeks, whom he recently deserted. A charge of passing bad checks is also on the police blotter.

Wisconsin Bans Trade Advertising.

The faculty of the University of Wisconsin has voted to prohibit student publications from accepting merchanpublications from accepting merchan-dise, due bills, or other forms of trade in payment of advertising in the stu-dent papers hereafter. The business managers of student publications will be required to give bonds for the faithful performance of their duties, to the class or organization responsible for the pub-lication. The new regulations in regard to student publications are designed to to student publications are designed to insure the conduct of the business man-agement of university papers in a businesslike manner.

Starks & Wonn, Publishers' Repre-sentatives, Chicago, will represent the American Club Woman Magazine in the Western Field.

COVERING THE CONVENTION. Newspaper Men Receive Fine Ser-

vice at Hands of National Publicity Committee.

(Editorial Correspondence.) ToroNTO, June 24.—Up to Monday morning, no provisions had been made for supplying the newspaper men with convention copy. When Richard H. Waldo, chairman of the National Pub-licity Committee, found this out, he im-mediately took the situation in hand, and, assisted by Robert D. Heinl, of his own staff, established what the visiting own staff, established what the visiting newspaper men considered one of the best press services we have had at any convention. Through the enterprise of the department, it was possible for a newspaper man to secure copies of most of the two hundred and twenty papers read at this convention. The work em-ployed the services of a large staff of typewriters, who were kept busy from

rom the papers in Montreal and nearby were also furnished with accomcities modations.

The local newspapers did not, with one I he local newspapers did not, with one exception, give as much space to the convention as did those of other cities in former years. This was due in a large measure to the fact that Canada was in the throes of a political election of unusual importance. Space was at a premium but even with this hardicon premium, but even with this handicap a commendable showing was made. The one exception alluded to above was the Toronto World which each day issued a special supplement of four pages de-voted entirely to convention proceed-ings. Oftentimes there was so much matter to print that the overflow occu-pied several columns of the main sheet. Because of this fact, probably more copies of the World were sent to distant friends by the visitors than of other papers.

The men who covered the convention for their respective newspapers were as follows:

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Association, Philadeiphia; A. G. Dulmage, Arlzona Gazette, Phoenix; Chas, A. Seainper, Arlzona Republican, Phoenix; Urban E. Dice, Pittsburgh Gazette-Times and Chron-icle-Telegraph; J. H. Zerbey, Jr., Potisville (Pa.) Republican; G. Edward Buxton, Jr., Providence (R. I.) Journal and Evening Bulletin; H. S. Anderson, Salt Lake City Democrat; Malcolm McAllister, Salt Lake City Herald-Republican; I. F. Thomas, Salt Lake City Democrat; Malcolm McAllister, Salt Lake City Desert News and Tele-gram; R. E. Anderson, San Francisco Ex-aminer; Wm. J. Bona, San Francisco Ex-aminer; K. B. Anderson, San Francisco Ex-aminer; Neal and Dolph G. Frantz, Shreve-port (La.) Journal; H. E. VanSickle, To-tedo Biade; Sunder Singh, Victoria (B. C.) Sansar; Howard Davis, New York American; E. C. Bode, foreign advertisleng manager of the Hearst newspapers; Lafayette Young, Des Moines Capital. TORONTO PRESS REPRESENTATIVES.

TORONTO PRESS REPRESENTATIVES.
A. R. Alloway, Printer and Publisher; D.
Billinger, Sunday World; Boy Reporter, Toronto World; W. Camphell, Telegram; J. G. Clark, Jr., Daily Star; H. E. Collins, Globe; Andrew Cory, The News; Harold Coy, Toronto World; H. L. Develin, Star; Lucy Swanton Doyle, Telegram; Duncan, World; A. E. Dyas, News; Robt. Enger, Daily Star; H. R. Evans, World; Wm. Fenton, Mail and Empire; Ferree, M. B., Toronto World; W. B. Goldsen, Telegram; H. R. Gordan, Dally Star; Miss Hart, World; L. J. Moore, World; R. K. Vearns, Star; Wm. Radey, Globe; M. Star, Globe; J. A. McCelland, Toronto Press Comm.; H. B. McKinnon, Globe; Mc. Lean, World; L. J. Moore, World; R. K. Nearns, Star; Wm. Radey, Globe; F. J. Taggart, Globe; C. B. Topp, Mail and Empire; Don Tuck, Economic Advertising; F. I. Weaver, Printer and Publisher; G. C. M. White, Globe; W. A. Willison, News.
LINOTYPFE MAN IS A POET. TORONTO PRESS REPRESENTATIVES.

LINOTYPE MAN IS A POET.

Clever Adaptation of Kipling Lines Read at a Newspaper Dinner.

At the recent second annual dinner of the Phoenix (Ariz.) Republican staff, Clyde A. Timberlake, a linotype operator in the Republican office, said ic was a reader of Kipling and knew When Earth's Last Picture is Painted," from the first word to the last. Then he recited an adaptation which had to do with the hereafter and the conditions that would surround the printer who had lived a good life here. The adapted lines were

lines were:
When Earth's last paper is printed, and the ink upon it has dried;
When the lino- and press-rooms are darkened, and the "sticks" all have been laid aside,
We shall rest, and, faith, we shall need it—lie down for an acon or two

it—lie down for an aeon or two, Till the Master of all good workmen shall put us to work anew.

And those that were good shall be happy; they shall work at cases of gold; Their "sticks" shall sparkle with jewels; the linos pure silver shall mold; They shall have angels' copy to set from—they shall need to decipher no scrawl.

scrawl: shall work for an age at a sitting, They and never grow tired at all.

Master shall be the Foreman-The

The Master shall be the Foreman— He, only, shall praise or blame;
And no one shall work for wages, and no one shall work for fame;
But each for the joy of working, and each, in that time afar,
Shall "set" the Thing as he sees It, for the God of Things as They are.

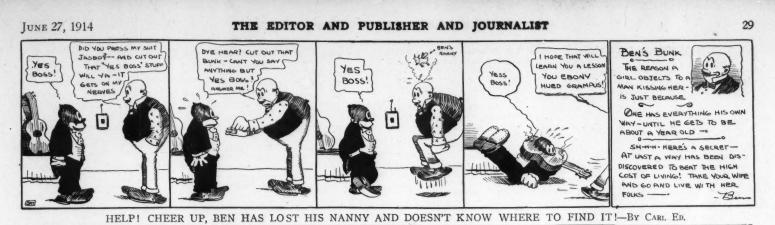
HEARD ALONG THE ROW.

IN THE LIMELIGHT.

The man who enters the office with that high and mighty air these days is the yachting reporter. He knows all about lee scuppers, back stays, spinnaker booms, main sheets, gaffs, weather bows, awashes, top sails, mainsails, baloon jibs, time allowances, high balls, and things like that. As a rule he is a gentle, modest cuss, but this is one a gentle, modest cuss, but this is one of the years when things come his way, and he can chuck out his chest, and even look with disdain on the man who writes baseball. The yachting reporter is a top liner this year and right in the center of the office limelight. He may be doing the Essex market court next winter—but at present he's IT.

THE MAN WITH THE HOE. The pressman leads a happy life He's a contented soul-

He always knows where he can put His hands upon a roll. Tom W. JACKSON.



NEWSPAPER CAMERAS.

Some Practical Suggestions Concerning Their Selection and Use that Will Make for Efficiency

and Speed.

(From the British Journal of Photography.) It is an axiom that he who could specialize," in no matter what profes-The sam axiom that he who could "specialize," in no matter what profes-sion, must choose his working equip-ment with due regard not only to the requirements of his work, but also to the conditions under which that work must be performed. In no profession is this more needful than in photography, with its numerous modern applications. The operator who confines his attention to portraiture in the studio must select those cameras, lenses, and other imple-ments which are designed to give the most successful results in this branch of his art, while the mau who utilizes a Dallmeyer 3 B for photographing the in-terior of St. Paul's will probably not achieve that measure of success which his efforts deserve.

The photographer who undertakes to supply the demands of the illustrated press is called upon to depict such a wide variety of subjects, and to work under such an extreme diversity of conditions, that the apparatus which he re-quires must be of almost universal utility.

The production of good results under and often infavorable conditions makes the possession of a first-class out-fit most desirable; but, where the cost of such an outfit is prohibitive, it is well to remember that, after all, the personal equation is the most important factor of success, and that it is often possible to produce excellent results with a cheap or produce excernent results with a check camera, if one realizes the limitations of the instrument and refrains from at-tempting those subjects which are obvi-ously beyond the purposes for which it was designed.

A tangible proof of this fact appeared some months ago in the form of some excellent photographs, which were pub-lished in several illustrated journals, all of which had been taken with a camera retailed at four-and-sixpence. Excep-

lished in several illustrated journals, all of which had been taken with a camera retailed at four-and-sixpence. Excep-tions like this, however, merely help to prove the desirability of possessing an outfit of the greatest possible range of utility; therefore the purpose of this article is to consider the selection of the most suitable apparatus for the work. As the greater part of press pho-tography is essentially hand-camera work, the camera must be chosen prin-cipally for that purpose. For this rea-son it is advisable to dispense with many movements which are useful in a stand-camera. The camera for press work should be compact and portable, easily and quickly opened for use, and very rigid and strong when open. It must possess a means of adjustment of the lens for focusing, be fitted with an effi-cient shutter giving a wide range of speeds, and should have a "rise and fall" movement of the front in both the up-right and the horizontal position. The camera which best combines these features in convenient form is the "col-lapsible focal plant," of which type the Goerz-Anschutz is a familiar example. Cameras of this type are (with probably one exception) of fixed extension, the focusing adjustment being embodied in the lens-mount. The addition of other

movements or adjustments to a camera which is solely intended for press work introduces unnecessary complications, which interfere with convenience of working without bringing any corre-sponding advantage. The reflex type of camera is not an ideal instrument for the pressman, the only advantage which it can claim being the facility for visual focusing while the plate is in position for exposure. This point is not essential, as a little experi-ence enables one to estimate the distance

point is not essential, as a little experi-ence enables one to estimate the distance between camera and subject with suffi-cient accuracy for all practical purposes. The principal objection to the reflex camera is that the normal working posi-tion brings the lens almost eighteen inches below the level of the eye, and as there are many occasions when the photographer must work in the midst of a crowd, this working position is a seri-us handicap. It is, of course, possible to elevate the camera to the eye-level, or even higher, but by so doing one loses even higher, but by so doing one loses any advantage that the reflex may possess

sess. The size of the camera to be selected is largely a question of individual pref-erence, half-plate and four by five being the most generally useful sizes; but, in view of the demand for portability and lightness, the smaller sizes are gaining recordarity. popularity.

The selection of plate-holders is chief-The selection of plate-holders is chief-ly a question of personal taste. Dark slides are probably the most universally reliable, the double solid form being the best of the various patterns. The only objection to slides is on the score of their bulk and weight when a number are to be carried. The single metal slides are lighter and more compact, but are not to be recommended in any larger size than quarter-plate as the thin metal are not to be recommended in any larger size than quarter-plate, as the thin metal shutters are very liable to be buckled or bent, thus permitting a leakage of light to reach the plate. Changing boxes are somewhat more compact than slides, but have two more or less serious disad-vantages: they do not usually allow of the exposed plate being removed and the unexposed substituted so quickly as when using slides, and their weight, with a dozen plates, being considerable tends

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back. Although the self-capping shutter has been adopted by the many makers, the sole advantage of the principle is that it permits the shutter to be set after the plate is actually in position, and the slide open, ready for exposure. The advantage of this point seems to be rather problematical, as the introduction of the self-capping device entails more complications of mechanism, and conse-quently the liability to get out of order would appear to be greater.

AMERICAN CARTOONISTS.

Ed, the Young Man Who Is Sponsor for the "Bin" Comics.

A promising young cartoonist of the Middle West is Carl Frank L. Ed. of Rock Island, Ill., whose "Benjamin" comics have been widely distributed through the World Color Printing Company, of St. Louis.



CARL FRANK L. ED.

Mr. Ed was born 23 years ago in Mo-line, III., where he held a position as bookkeeper for several years after graduating from a business college. It was while engaged in this work that he found the drawing of "funnies" more to his liking than entering debits and cred-

mayors of Moline and Rock Island. The next day he was hailed by the newspapers as a "newly discovered Tad," who would compel experienced cartoonists to look to their laurels.

This praise gave him a swelled head, so he prepared a lot of cartoons and descended upon Chicago confident of landing a high priced position. Much to his discomiture the Chicago editors

landing a high priced position. Much to his discomiture the Chicago editors refused to recognize his ability, and sent him to small papers. For two long and discouraging years he plugged away, mailing "new stuff" to the larger publications and syndicates, with great regularity only to have it re-turned. After waisting much perfectly good currency in postage stamps, he re-ceived a letter from R. S. Grable, of the World Color Printing Company, St. Louis, stating that he saw future prom-ise in his talent . After working for several months, during his spare time under his direction "Benjamin" was finally accepted. That was in Septem-ber, 1911. Since that time "Benjamin" has succeeded in creeping into many of the larger sheets throughout the coun-try and Canada. In the baseball season "Ben" is the greatest fan in captivity, and through the winter he manages to exist by hook and crook until the next baseball season rolls around. Mr. Ed's special cartoons have ap-peared in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch and other daily newspapers.

Jacob Riis' Estate Goes to Widow.

Jacob A. Riis, the author and social worker, who died at Barre, Mass., on May 26, left the bulk of his estate to Mrs. Mary Riis, his wife. No cash be-quest was made to the settlement at 48 Henry street, which Mr. Riis was in-strumental in founding and which bears big name, but Mr. Riis mentioned the strumental in founding and which bears his name, but Mr. Riis mentioned the settlement in his will and expressed his conviction that those who had supported it in the past would continue to do so in the future. No provision was made for Mr. Riis' children by his first wife, hecause, Mr. Riis said, they had already been provided for by a deed of trust.

Newspapers in the British Isles. Mr. Ed was born 23 years ago in Mo-line, III., where he held a position as bookkeeper for several years after graduating from a business college. It was while engaged in this work that he found the drawing of "funnies" more to his liking than entering debits and ered-its. He first attracted atention by draw-ing a number of eartoons, picturing the championship games of the local foot-ball club, which were used as decora-tions of the walls at the anual banquet of the club, which was attended by the difference of the docal band the set of the set of the set of the club, which was attended by the double the set of the

THE EVENING MAIL NEW YORK

carried during the first five months of 1914

1,915,744 AGATE LINES

of high class advertising-114,878 lines more than any other New York evening paper in its class.

TIPS FOR THE AD MANAGER.

30

George L. Dyer Company, 42 Broad-way, New York City, is placing orders with a few Western papers for St. Eliza-beth College, Convent Station, N. J.

F. P. Shumway Company, 373 Washington street, Boston, Mass., is re-newing contracts for the Glastenbury Knitting Company, "Glastenbury Under-wear," Glastenbury, Conn.

Bloomingdale-Weiler A d v e r t i s i n g Agency, 1420 Chestnut street, Philadel-phia, Pa., is issuing 4 in. 26 t. orders to Pennsylvania papers for the Krouse Motor Car Company, 441-9 N. Broad street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Dudley Walker & Company, People's Gas Building, Chicago, III., are forward-ing 145 1. 4 t. orders to a few Southern papers for the Indiana Trans. Company of the same city.

Henry Decker, Ltd., Fuller Building, New York City, is sending out 1,070 l. 1 t. orders to a selected list of large Sunday newspapers for the Metz Auto Company, Waltham, Mass.

Esser-Wright Company, Utica and Buffalo, N. Y., is handling the advertis-ing account of the Hotaling-Warner Company, "Warner's Macaroni and Spaghetti," Syracuse, N. Y.

Frank Presbrey Company, 456 Fourth avenue, New York City, is making 10,000 1. contracts with papers in eastern Can-ada for the Sterling Gum Company, 200 Fifth avenue, New York City.

Ernest J. Goulston' Advertising Agency, 18 Tremont street, Boston, Mass., will issue orders generally to newspapers early in October for Strouse & Bros., clothing, Baltimore, Md.

The Bloomingdale-Weiler Advertising Agency, 1420 Chestnut street, Philadel-phia, Pa., is placing orders on an ex-change basis for rooms and meals for the Continental Hotel, Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. This agency is also placing 5 in. double column and 5 in. single column financial orders with a selected liet of sixty paners for the Fedsingle column matical orders with a selected list of sixty papers for the Fed-eral Mica Company, 710 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., and large copy with New Jersey papers for A. E. Mueller & Company, 1531 Chestnut street, Phila-Company, 1. delphia, Pa.

Richard A. Foley Advertising Agency, Bulletin Building, Philadelphia, Pa., is making contracts with a few Pennsyl-vania papers for J. S. Ivins Sons, Inc., "Ivins Biscuit," Philadelphia, Pa.

Nichols-Finn Advertising Company, 222 S. State street, Chicago, Ill., is hand-ling the advertising of the Globe Motor Car Company.

Scheck Advertising Agency, 9 Clinton street, Newark, N. J., is forwarding 105 I. 6 t. orders to Pennsylvania papers for C. Schmidt & Sons Brewing Company.

Ruthrauff & Ryan, 450 Fourth avenue, New York City, are sending out orders to some Western papers for Wildroot Chemical Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

New Orleans States Sworn Net Paid Circulation for 6 Months Ending April 1, 1914 28,427 DAILY

Per P. O. Statement

Carrier circulation averages over 19,000 per issue. We guarantee the largest car-rier and the largest while home circula-tion in New Orleans. It is less expensive and easier to create a new market in a limited territory by using concentrated cir-culation. The States fills that position in New Orleans. New Orleans

The S. C. BECKWITH SPECIAL AGENCY Sole Foreign Representatives New York Chicago St. Louis

Morse International Agency, Fourth avenue and 30th street, New York City, is placing copy on contracts to run June, July and August for the Pratt Food Company, 128 Walnut street, New York City

The Bloomingdale-Weiler Advertising Agency, 1420 Chestnut street, Philadel-phia, Pa., is issuing 3 in. 26 t. orders to papers in Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Vir-ginia for the Roman Auto Company, Broad and Cherry streets, Philadelphia, Pa Pa.

Dauchy Company, 9 Murray street, New York City, is placing fifty-five line three time orders with a selected list of papers for A. S. Olmsted Company, Le Roy, New York. Le

Sales Service Company, Chicago, Ill., A is issuing 140 line three time and forty line two time orders to Texas papers CF for the Charlewice Michigan hotels. for the Charleviox, Michigan, hotels.

Stack Advertising Agency, Heyworth Building, Chicago, Ill., is placing one page one time for Joseph Schlitz Brew-ing Company, Milwaukee, Wis.

Fourth Sk Blaine-Thompson Company. National Bank Building, Cincinnati, O., is sending out 4,200 line one year con-tracts to Texas papers for the Brighton Chemical Company, of the same city.

N. W. Ayer & Son, 300 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa., are forwarding fourteen line thirty-nine time orders to Middle West papers for the Christian College, Columbia, Mo.

Potts-Turnbull Advertising Company, Inc., Bloyd Building, Kansas City, Mo., is making twenty-eight line twelve time contracts with Middle West papers for the Wentworth Military Academy.

The George M. Savage Advertising Avency. Newberry Building, Detroit, C/ Mich., is placing four inch, four time or-ders with Middle West papers for Mount Clemens Mineral Springs.

O. J. Koch, Advertising Agency, Inc., University Building, Milwaukee, Wis., is sending out 172 line three time orders to Florida for R. J. Grill Butter and Egg Company, Johnson Creek, Wis.

Dudley Walker Agency, Chicago, Ill., IT is sending out 154 lines 4 t. orders to southern papers for the Indiana Trans-portation Company of the same city.

N. W. Aver & Son, 300 Chestnut — street, Philadelphia, Pa., are forwarding TJ 18-in. 20 t. orders to Pennsylvania papers for the Diamond Match Company.

Dauchy Company, 9 Murray street, – New York City, is issuing renewals for PA Parker's Hair Balsam, Patchogue, L. I. Av

Stack Advertising Agency, Heyworth Building, Chicago, Ill., is renewing con-tracts for the Northern Pacific Railway Company, St. Paul.

H. W. Kastor & Sons, Lytton Build-ing, Chicago, Ill, are making 5,000 line 1 yr. contracts with southern cities for Ballard & Ballary, Louisville, Ky.

Charles H. Fuller Company. 623 So. Wabash avenue, Chicago. Ill., is placing 225 line 1 t. orders with middle west papers for the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R.

Dynamite Conspirators Pardoned.

Four of the twenty-four men con-victed in the "dynamite conspiracy" cases and sentenced to Fort Leaven-worth Penitentiary were pardoned by the President on June 24. The others must serve their terms. The defend-ute where sentences were commuted ants whose sentences were commuted to expire at once were Michael J. H.

ROLL OF HONOR

Publications examined by the Association of American Advertisers, of which a COMPLETE EXAMINATION of the various records of circulation was made and the ACTUAL CIRCULATION ascertained, with later figures in some instances furnished by the publisher.

ARIZONA.	NEW JERSEY.
GAZETTE—Av. Gross Cir. Mar., 1914, 7001, Phoenix,	PRESSAsbury Park
CALIFORNIA.	JOURNALElizabeth
THE NEWSSanta Barbara	COURIER-NEWSPlainfield
BULLETIN	NEW YORK.
GEORGIA.	BUFFALO EVENING NEWS. Buffalo BOLLETTINO DELLA SERA.
ATLANTA IOURNAL (Cir. 57,531) Atlanta	New York
CHRONICLEAugusta	EVENING MAILNew York
LEDGERColumbus	OHIO.
ILLINOIS.	PLAIN DEALERCleveland Circulation for May, 1914.
POLISH DAILY ZGODAChicago	Sunday
SKANDINAVENChicago	VINDICATORYoungstown
HERALDJoliet	PENNSYLVANIA.
HERALD-TRANSCRIPT Peoria	TIMESChester
JOURNALPeoria	DAILY DEMOCRATJohnstown
STAR (Circulation 21,589) Peoria	DISPATCHPittsburgh
INDIANA.	PRESSPittsburgh
THE AVE MARIANotre Dame	GERMAN GAZETTEPhiladelphia
IOWA.	TIMES-LEADER Wilkes-Barre
REGISTER & LEADERDes Moines THE TIMES-JOURNALDubuque	GAZETTE
CAPITALTopeka	SOUTH CAROLINA. DAILY MAILAnderson
KENTUCKY.	
COURIER-JOURNAL Louisville	THE STATEColumbia (Sworn Cir. Mch, 1914. D. 22,850; S. 23,444)
TIMESLouisville	TENNESSEE.
LOUISIANA.	NEWS-SCIMITARMemphis
DAILY STATESNew Orleans	BANNERNashville
ITEMNew Orleans	TEXAS.
TIMES-DEMOCRAT New Orleans	STAR-TELEGRAMFort Worth Sworn circulation over 30,000 daily. Only
MARYLAND.	Sworn circulation over 30,000 daily. Only daily in Fort Worth that permitted 1912 ex- amination by Association of American Ad- vertisers.
THE SUNBaltimore has a combined net paid circulation of 127,000 copies daily, 80,000 of which are served in Baltimore homes.	CHRONICLE
are served in Baltimore homes.	The Chronicle guarantees a circulation of 35,000 daily and 45,000 Sunday.
MICHIGAN.	WASHINGTON.
PATRIOT (No Monday Issue).Jackson Average 1st qu. 1914: Daily 10,963; Sunday 12,354. Member 'American Newspaper Pub. Ass'n." "Gilt Edge News- news" and Am Andit Amir	POST-INTELLIGENCERSeattle
Pub. Ass'n." "Gilt Edge News- papers," and Am. Audit Ass'n.	CANADA.
MINNESOTA.	BRITISH COLUMBIA.
TRIBUNE, Mon. & EveMinneapolis	WORLDVancouver
MISSOURI.	ONTARIO.
POST-DISPATCHSt. Louis	FREE PRESSLondor
MONTANA.	QUEBEC.
MINERButte	LA PATRIEMontrea
NEBRASKA.	LA PRESSE
FREIE PRESSE (Cir. 128,384). Lincoln	Ave. Cir. for 1913, 127,722

Hannon, of Scranton, Penn.; Frank H. buildings and other structures in labor Painter, of Omaha, Neb.; Frederick J. war between the structural iron work-Mooney, of Duluth, Minn., and William Shupe, of Chicago. The men who ap-plied for pardon were convicted of con-spiracy and the transportation of dyna-mite in interstate commerce to wreck

EDUCATIONAL REPORT.

Herbert Houston, Chairman of the Committee Submits an Interesting Resume of Work Done During the Year.

One of the features of the afternoon One of the features of the afternoon session on Wednesday was the present-ation of the report of the educational committee, submitted by Herbert S. Houston, the chairman. Mr. Houston prefaced his report by the statement that after four pioneering years he had come to the place where he felt that the clubs must permit him to lay down the heavy load he had tried to bear as best he could. he could.

Mr. Houston, in opening, pointed out Mr. Houston, in opening, pointed out the great constructive change that had come over the advertising club move-ment and claimed for the Educational Committee the credit of having been one of the largest factors in it. Mr. Houston referred briefly to the work of the sub-committees, to be cov-

Mr. Houston referred briefly to the work of the sub-committees, to be cov-ered by the reports of their chairman: the lecture work, Mr. Pratt; and the booking manager, Harvey Wood; the Study Courses, Prof. Cherington; the Sub-Committee on Schools and Col-leges, which has accomplished one of the meet immortant of the definite leges, which has accomplished one of the most important of the definite things the Educational Committee can point to in bringing about the four years' course in advertising given at New York University, largely through Mr. Tipper; the Sub-Committee on Club Libraries, Mr. Renfrew. He dwelt espe-cially on the small town club work and the work of the Sub-Committee on Edu-cating the Public, saying in part: "The Educational Committee has be-lieved, and still believes, that one of the most important undertakings to which it can set its hand is that of de-veloping a type of small town work that

which it can set its hand is that of de-veloping a type of small town work that will give vitality to small clubs by mak-ing better retail merchants. "Thus far we have been unable to do little more than make what might be termed laboratory experiments. How-ever, as Mr. McDonald's report will show, the two experiments, one at Kala-mazoo and the other at Nevada, Iowa, have been definite successes. Now that we have our tested formula, what we imperatively need is a strong educaimperatively need is a strong educa-tional secretary who can go among the small town clubs and organize them and stay with each club long enough to get the small town club work well under way

Mr. Houston referred appreciatively Mr. Houston referred appreciatively to the support promised the small town work by the National Editorial Asso-ciation through John Clyde Oswald, the president, by the country weeklies and of small city dailies, as Mr. Benjamin, a country weekly publisher, is already doing in Nevada; that given by the American Press Association through Mr. Theis, The committee's undertaking to make

The committee's undertaking to make a definite contribution to the literature of advertising through the publication of books was then described. The first book was by Prof. Cherington, "Adver-tising as a Business Force."

The committee proposes to go forward and publish one or two books each year that shall become the property of the clubs "and that shall in time constitute, we hope and believe, the group of business and of advertising."
 Two important books are announced for publication this fall. "While the first book was written by Prof. Cherington, a member of the Pilgrim Publicity Association; the second book is by John Lee Mahin, a member of the Chicago club, and the third is by Harry Tipper, a member and the present president to the Advertising Men's League in New York. Mr. Mahin's book bears the title Advertising Men's League in New York. Mr. Mahin's book bears the title Advertising Men's League in New York. Mr. Mahin's book bears the title Advertising Men's League in New York. Mr. Mahin's book bears the title Advertising of 'The Seling to the Group, Mr. Tipper's book is complementary to Mr. Mahin's book. It bears the modern challenge of 'The New Business' for its title. These books, it is believed, will be worthy companions of Cherington's book."
 In closing, Mr. Houston proposed a

"That the Educational Committee be composed of one man from each club chosen by the club, who shall in turn be the chairman of the educational com-mittee of his own club." This will make possible a definite

This will make possible a definite point of contact between the National Committee and each club.

Committee and each club. By this plan the committee would know at first hand just what the edu-cational needs of each club are. "Then I would further recommend that the future committee, thys consti-tuted, be divided into a large city group, in an intermediate city group and in a small town group.

"But I would make the work sugges-tive rather than mandatory.

"And I would further recommend that a chairman and an executive educational committee of eleven members be ap-pointed by the president of the Asso-ciated Advertising Clubs of America that should have general direction and control of this democratic educational organization."

As chairman of the Educational Sub-Committee on Educational Sub-committee on Educating the Public, Arthur G. Newmyer, of the New Or-leans Item, reported that the sub-com-mittee held its first meeting in October in Chicago

mittee held its first meeting in October in Chicago. "It was concluded," said Mr. New-myer, "to make a survey of the attitude of both the public and the publisher toward advertising, and to devise ways and means to demonstrate through printed announcements and an illus-trated lecture 'How Advertising Serves the Public."

the Public.' "More than a hundred leaders in public, religious, educational, scientific, cor porate, wholesale, retail and social work, were urged through a series of letters to wrote for a prospective audience of 40,000,000 people (we had hopes of co-operation from media reaching at least this number). Favorable replies were

few. "One hundred different articles were be revised and sent to this list with be revised and

"Finally, the publishers who logically "Finally, the publishers who logically should exercise most influence with the leaders, were furnished copies of these articles and urged to co-operate with the associated clubs towards having them endorsed. Four publishers ac-knowledged their receipt and but one signature was obtained." John K. Allen assumed responsibility for the preparation of the illustrated lec-ture. Herbert Casson assisted.

ture. Herbert Casson assisted. General Chairman Houston lent a hand and James Schermerhorn, of the Detroit Times, promised to make the first presentation of the lecture at Toronte

ronto. "The lecture is to be sold outright to the cluhs—we want it given before chambers of commerce, women's organ-izations, church societies and the like." Mr. Newmyer said the subcommittee had had scant recognition from pub-lishers and asked: "Inv" it time we were educating the

"Isn't it time we were educating the *publisher* as well as the publie?"

Directory of Advertisers Aids.

Publishers' Representatives

ALLEN & WARD Brunswick Bldg., New York Advertising Bldg., Chicago

ANDERSON, C. J., SPECIAL AGENCY

BROOKE, WALLACE G. & SON, 225 Fifth Ave., New York City. Tel. 4955 Madison So.

BUDD, THE JOHN, COMPANY Brunswick Bldg., N. Y.; Tribune Bldg., Chic.; Chemical Bldg., St. Louis.

CARPENTER-SCHEERER-SULLI-

VAN SP. AGENCY Fifth Ave. Bldg., New York. People's Gas Bldg., Chicago

CONE, LORENZEN & WOOD-MAN

Brunswick Bldg., N. Y.; Advtg. Bldg. Chic.; Gumbel Bldg., Kansas City.

DE CLERQUE, HENRY, Chicago Office, 5 S. Wabash Ave. New York Office, 1 W. 34th St. HOWLAND, H. S. ADV. AGCY.,

HENKEL, F. W. People's Gas Bldg., Chicago Metropolitan Bdg., New Yo k. KEATOR. A. R.

601 Hartford Bldg., Chicago, Ill. Tel. Randolph 6065. 171 Madison Av., New York.

NORTHRUP, FRANK R. 225 Fifth Ave., New York Tel. Madison Sq. 2042.

O'FLAHERTY'S N. Y. SUBURB. LIST

151 150 Nassau Street, New York Tel. Beekman 3636

PAYNE, G. LOGAN, CO. 747-8 Marquette Bldg., Chicago; 200 Fifth Ave., New York; 40 Bromfield St., Boston.

VERREE & CONKLIN, Inc. 225 Fifth Avenue, New York Tel. Madison 8q. 962

cause of the inevitable association of ideas that if we object to fraud in the newspapers we suggest the existence of fraud in newspaper columns.

"Third, the committee is a unit in believing that it is not the function of a newspaper section of an advertising organization to attempt to frame rules for the editorial management of news-

"Fourth, the committee has sought to make these rules as full as possible and as terse as possible, on this reasoning; that in the end the newspaper will reflect that in the end the newspaper will reflect the character of its publisher and that he will consider these rules according to his character. He knows if he of-fends, and if we made these rules as long as the Old Testament he will es-cape them if he desire to escape them; on the other hand, if we make them terse so that they present an ideal, the publisher and the advertising manager can easily bear them in mind and have a better prospect of squaring his conduct a better prospect of squaring his conduct to them than if they were elaborate and

to them than the standards present an is-"Finally, the standards present an is-sue not heretofore raised in any meeting or assembly devoted to this subject— the imperative need for co-operation among publishers in each natural field for the general acceptance of such stand-orde so that the general lac challenge of 'The New Business' for its title. These books, it is believed, will be worthy companions of Cherington's book." In closing, Mr. Houston proposed a change in the make-up of the committee. **Advertising Agents**

AMERICAN SPORTS PUB. CO. 21 Warren ?t., New York Tel. Barclay 7095

ARMSTRONG, COLLIN ADV. CO. 115 Broadway, New York Tel. 4280 Rector

BRICKA, GEORGE W., Adv. Agent. 114-116 East 28th St., New York Tel. 9101-9102 Mad. Sq.

FRANK, ALBERT & CO. 26-28 Beaver St., New York Tel. Broad 3831

Inc.

20 Broad St., New York Tel. Rector 2573

GJENTHER-BRADFORD & CO. Chicago, Ill.

THE BEERS ADV. AGENCY Lat. Am. Off., 37 Cuba St., Havana, Cuba N. Y. Office, 1111 Flatiron Bldg.

THE EXPORT ADV. AGENCY Specialists on Expo. : Advertising Chicago, Ill.

highest standards on which this com-

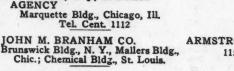
After a very free and frank discus-sion, the standards of practice were sion, the standards of practice were adopted without a dissenting voice, the chairman announcing, "This has been officially, as well as unanimously, car-ried and represents five commandments on future newspaper conduct. I con-gratulate you gentlemen for your eo-operation and now we are ready to go ahead and do the most constructive work in our whole careers as newspaper pub-lishers and advertising representatives. I am proud to be one of you. I am proud to be alive on this day and to have such a code on record." On Wednesday and Thursday some exceptionally strong addresses were de-livered

livered. W. C. Freeman announced his retire-

ment from the Executive Committee and introduced A. E. Chamberlain, Chicago introduced A. E. Chamberlain, Chicago Special Representative, who had just been elected to the Executive Commit-tee for a three year term. Mr. Cham-berlain stated that the great need of the newspaper business was consistency. He was of the opinion that criticism of advertising should be confined to the shop and the trade papers. I afayette Young introduced a reso-lution extending the thanks of the con-vention to the chairman, W. C. Free-man, for his untiring efforts, his broad spirit, his tolerance and his good humor in keeping business constantly before

in keeping business constantly before the convention. Mr. Young put the motion and it was unanimously adopted.

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THE EDITOR AND PUBLISHER AND JOURNALIST

The Chicago Tribune's Circulation Increase is Greater than the Total Circulation of any one of 94% of the Newspapers in the United States and Canada.

The real magnitude of The Tribune's circulation is but seldom referred to and consequently not generally known.

The reason why it is not more frequently mentioned is because The Tribune believes that quantity of circulation is not the chief quality to be sought in an advertising medium.

Therefore, The Tribune has contented itself with making the semi-annual statements of net paid circulation required by the Federal Laws, although these statements cover past performances and not present conditions. Since The Tribune's present advertising rates were established, its circulation has increased by more than 40,000, both daily and Sunday.

Out of the 2,554 daily newspapers of the United States and Canada, as listed in one of the current newspaper directories, only 158, or 6%, enjoy circulations of 40,000 or over.

Therefore The Tribune's increase in circulation, which is given free to advertisers as good measure, is greater than the total circulation of any one of 94% of all the daily newspapers in the United States and Canada.

In daily city circulation and in volume of advertising printed The Tribune nearly equals the other Chicago morning papers combined

The Chicago Tribune.

The World's Greatest Newspaper (Trade Mark Registered)

Eastern Advertising Office : 1216 Croisic Bldg., 220 Fifth Avenue, New York City Pacific Coast Advertising Office : 742 Market Street, San Francisco

