

Knight's Landing News.

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THE Knight's Landing News.

S. W. RAVELEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Single copies,..... 12¢

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Having a complete assortment of the best Job Printing material, we are prepared to do work of all kinds in our line, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Ball Tickets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Law Blanks, Cards, etc., in the best style of the art, at the most reasonable prices, FOR CASH.

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A. P. McCARTY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Opposite Baker's Hotel.
Woodland, Yolo county, California.
jan24-3m

I. W. JACOBS,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.
aug23-tf

H. G. BURNETT,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal.
WILL FAITHFULLY ATTEND to all business entrusted to his professional care. (jy11 tf.)

C. P. SPRAGUE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
will practice in the several courts of Yolo county and in the Supreme court.
Office at WOODLAND, Yolo Co., Cal.
(jy11-tf.)

HARMON & HARTLEY,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
OFFICES—MUNSON'S BUILDING,
39 J street, Sacramento.

Will practice in the Supreme Court, and District Courts of Sacramento, Yolo, Solano, Sutter and Colusa. f15-tf

FRED. MORSE, M. D.,
AND SURGEON,
Union Hotel Building, Knight's Landing, Yolo County.

IF ELEVEN years of successful practice of my profession entitles me to the confidence of the afflicted, I shall expect to secure the same.
nov15-ly FRED. MORSE, M. D.

J. L. DOWNING, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
Woodland, Yolo County, California.
feb7-tf

MILLIKIN BROS.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND IMPORTERS and dealers in
Foreign and Domestic Liquors, etc.
No. 165 J street, between 6th and 7th,
n30-tf SACRAMENTO.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.
Amos Matthews, County Surveyor,
OFFICE—BELOW WARING'S HOTEL,
WASHINGTON.

Will promptly attend to all orders in the line of his profession.
AMOS MATTHEWS

Swamp Land Affidavits may be made before Charles F. Reed, who will forward them to me. Mr. Reed has the necessary Blanks.
may17-tf.

ALHAMBRA SALOON,
Next door to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Office,
2nd street Sacramento.

C. S. HEALY, Proprietor.
HAS always on hand the best Liquors, Wines, &c., that can be procured.

LUNCH every day of the choicest the market affords.
mar21-tf

CASH PAID FOR
SHIRTS
By S. W. RAVELEY,
Knight's Landing.

Books and Stationery,
Of all kinds for sale at
Raveley's

POETRY.

Lament of the Fallen.

BY HELEN MAR.

I'm but a floating wreck,
My masts all cut away;
The angry billows lave my deck,
And breakers round me play.
There's none to save this wreck!

I'm but a shattered tree;
Misfortune's angry dart
And fiery bolt have shrined me
In holy mind and heart!
There's none to spare this tree!

A poor down-broken reed—
My stem has feebly grown,
While nurtured by the hand of need,
And sheltered by the storm!
Why lower crush this reed?

A fallen autumn leaf,
A withered, brown, and sere,
And blasted by the frosts of grief,
And mildew'd by a tear!
A storm-tossed autumn leaf!

Lost, trampled, faded flower,
No sunshine smiles on me
To lighten up life's darkest hour,
And set my spirit free!
Lost, trampled, faded flower!

Once, in a garden fair,
In richest soil I grew;
He saw, admired, and chose me there,
Swore false and proved untrue,
And left me to despair!

The world—it frowned on me,
And spurned me from his side;
The world—it smiled and flattered him
And gave a blooming bride
Atonement for his sin!

O, God of truth and love,
Say, is there justice there?
Are angels bribed to write above
His life-page bright and fair,
And mine all black with sin?

The voyage is almost o'er,
The night is closing in;
I see the light of 'tother shore,
I hear the angels sing;
The voyage is almost o'er!

A wreck may be repaired,
A shattered tree revive,
But broken reeds and autumn leaves,
And faded flowers ne'er live!
Thus I my change await!

NONE SO BLIND AS THOSE WHO WON'T SEE.—A very curious case has just come before the Judge de Paix of Neuilly. Some time ago Madame Pluyette, a widow lady of 50, but who still attaches much importance to personal appearance, had the misfortune, in playing with a lap-dog, to receive from it so severe a wound in one of her eyes that it came out of the socket. Having heard much of artificial eyes, and being recommended to apply to an expert manufacturer in this way, named Tamsier, she gave an order for a glass eye, for which M. Tamsier charged her 100f. Refusing to pay this charge, the manufacturer summoned her before the Judge de Paix. Madame Pluyette having appeared, holding the glass eye in her hand, the Judge de Paix asked her why she refused to pay the bill which M. Tamsier had sent in? "For a very good reason," replied the defendant; "I can see no more with it than I could before."—"What!" said the Judge de Paix, "did you really imagine that you would be able to see with a glass eye?" "Did I think so?" retorted the angry dame. "Certainly I did. Will you be so good as to tell me what eyes are for but to see with? I ordered the eye for use, and until M. Tamsier makes me one with which I can see I will not pay him a sou. I wear a wig, which is quite as useful as natural hair; I have three false teeth, which answer as well as those I have lost; and why should I pay for an eye which is of no use?" The Judge de Paix endeavored to convince Madame Pluyette that glass eyes were for others to look at and not for the wearer to look from them; but, finding all appeals to her reason of no avail, he condemned her to pay the plaintiff the amount of his demand. When the defendant heard the decision, she became furious with anger, and, after dashing her glass eye on the floor, she rushed out of court amid the laughter of the crowd.

A WINDFALL.—The Cork (Ireland) Herald relates an incident in which a woman obtained quite a windfall by an auction purchase:

"At a sale of old naval stores which took place at Haulbowline, a few days since, a woman residing on the island purchased an old sailor's jacket for a small sum. On examining the article she found concealed in the lining two £5 Bank of England notes and a bank order for £90. The order appears to be genuine, and as no claimant has, or is likely to turn up for the money, she will probably reap all the advantage of her good fortune. Considerable disappointment was occasioned by the discovery, to another bidder for the article, who had kept up a spirited contest with the purchaser, and who had been outbid by 3d."

SOMEBODY said, that a stick thrown at a dog in front of a Washington hotel, hit five Brigadier-Generals.

General Meade.

This officer was born of American parents in Spain, and removed at an early age to the District of Columbia. He entered the Academy at West Point as George Meade, though his name is printed in the Army Register as George G. Meade. His appointment to the Military School was credited to Pennsylvania. In his class were George W. Morell, Henry M. Naglee, and others who are now in the Union Army as well as Montgomery Blair, the present Postmaster General, who stood immediately above him in the order of rank. Graduating nineteenth in his class of fifty six, his entrance into the army service was signalled by his appointment as Second Lieutenant, by brevet in the Third Artillery, July 1st 1835. Six months later he received the full rank of Second Lieutenant. In October 1836, he resigned, and was out of the service several years, or until May 19th, 1842, when he was re-appointed Second Lieutenant in the Topographical engineers. He was in the Mexican war, where he was brevetted First Lieutenant for gallant conduct in the several conflicts at Monterey, September 21st, 22d, and 23d, 1846; became First Lieutenant in August 1851, and Captain May 19th, 1856. This was his rank when the war broke out. On the 31st of August, 1861, he was appointed Brigadier General of Volunteers. When McClellan went to the Virginia Peninsula, General Meade commanded a brigade in Gen. McCall's division of Pennsylvania Reserves. In the noted seven days' battle before Richmond, Gen. Meade was severely wounded (at White Oak Swamp), by a ball passing through his body and coming out of the back. For his gallant services he was promoted Major in the regular army. Under careful treatment he rapidly recovered, and it was scarcely known that he was able to leave his bed ere we heard of his presence in the sanguinary battles of South Mountain and Antietam Creek. He had been appointed to the command of a division in the Corps d'Armee under Gen. Reynolds, but after Gen. Hooker was wounded at Antietam Gen. McClellan placed Gen. Meade in command of the Corps thus deprived of its leader. During the action Gen. Meade received a slight contusion from a spent grape shot, and had two horses killed under him. He is represented as having greatly distinguished himself in this battle, being in the thickest of the fight encouraging his men by his own daring example to deeds of valor. When Gen. Hooker re-organized the Army of the Potomac Gen. Meade was put at the head of the Fifth Army Corps, which corps was commanded by him during the battle of Chancellorsville and up to the time of the relief of Gen. Hooker on the 27th of June. We should have stated that Gen. Meade was promoted Major General of Volunteers for his services in the Maryland campaign, on the recommendation of McClellan.

Gen. Meade does not take command of the Army of the Potomac by virtue of seniority of rank, but by special assignment, under the act of Congress authorizing the President to designate any officer to a particular service without reference to his status in the army list. It is not known what the disposition of the officers of the Potomac army may have been since the invasion of Maryland and Pennsylvania, but unless that army has undergone several changes recently, General Meade is inferior in rank of Major General Darius N. Couch, Henry W. Slocum, George W. Morell, Wm. F. Smith and John Sedgwick.—*St. Louis Republican.*

A PARSON OUTWITTED.—A proud parson and his man, riding over a common, saw a shepherd with a new coat on, tending his flock. The parson asked him, in a very haughty tone, who gave him that coat. "The same that clothed you—the parish," said the shepherd. The parson, nettled at this, rode on a little way, murmuring, and then bade his man go back and ask the shepherd if he would come and live with him, for he wanted a fool. The groom went accordingly to the shepherd, delivered his master's message, and concluded, as he was ordered, that his master wanted a fool. "Why, are you going away, then?" said the shepherd. "No," answered the other. "Then," said the shepherd, "you may tell your master that his living cannot maintain three of us."

BETTY BIRCHWOOD thinks it provoking for a woman who has been working all day mending her husband's overcoat, to find a love-letter from another in the pocket. That is perfect nonsense. There is not a woman on earth but would find the letter before she began to mend the coat—and then it would not be mended at all.

CAN any one define the exact width of a narrow escape?

WHEN a ship answers her helm, what does she say?

THE TEST OATH.—The question as to the constitutionality of what is termed the test oath has been decided by the Supreme Court. A majority of the court sustain the constitutionality of the law of last session, which requires lawyers and plaintiffs to take a prescribed oath of allegiance before they can be heard in the courts of the state. In an elaborate opinion, which will be published without delay, the Majority of the Court—Crocker and Norton—hold the law to be constitutional. This is the oath which one of the candidates nominated for Judge by the Copperhead Convention—Tod Robinson—declared in a communication to the public that he would not take. Had he been on the Supreme Bench, his ruling would have been that the law is unconstitutional. But we do not now see how the lawyers of the State who are Secesh in their sympathies can avoid subscribing to the test oath if they attempt to practice. They will be compelled, as they profess to be law-abiding men, to respect the law or emigrate.

But will this decision of the highest Court in the State be respected as law by the Copperheads? Of course not. They will attack the opinion as partisan, and continue to condemn it in harsh terms as unconstitutional. Any other course upon such an issue would not be in character with their past party history. They respect the Courts when the Judges rule in accordance with their party views; the case is entirely different when the Courts decide against their expressed opinion of constitutional law.

The case which was argued before the Supreme Court was that of Cohen vs. Wright, and came up from San Francisco. Suit was brought in the Twelfth District Court to obtain judgment of \$350, money loaned. The defendant served a written notice on plaintiff, charging him with disloyalty, and asked for judgment of dismissal, which was granted. An appeal was taken by the plaintiff to the higher Court. When the case was called the Attorney General objected to the appearance of plaintiff's attorney, because he had not taken the oath required by law. The Court sustained the objection, thus sustaining the constitutionality of that portion of the law which applies to lawyers.—*Union.*

CHANGE OF HABITS IN OLD AGE.—A man may change his mode of life as long as he is on the youthful side of middle life; the meridian line once passed, all such radical change is attended with the peril of death. Have you never noticed in burying grounds, or in the necrological columns of newspapers, how often husband follows wife or wife husband, with brief intervals of time between their departure, when they have long lived together? The age-worn constitution is unable to react against the bereavement, and to adapt itself to the new circumstances in which it is placed. The usual form in which death invades the body of these aged persons demonstrates this truth, for they die either of apoplexy or of paralysis of the brain. The mind, shrinking instinctively from death, exerts all its powers of recovery to rally after the blow received; the exertion is too much for it; 'tis shattered by the very attempt.

Have you never heard the vulgar remark that the builder of a house dies almost as soon as the house is completed? The observation has some foundation in truth, but the cause of the effect is not "luck;" it is this very inability of the aged mind to react against old habits lost. Men rarely build houses until they have amassed something like independence of fortune; in other words, they are generally in the afternoon of life, and they build the house for a harbor from the cares of business, where they may twirl their thumbs and "enjoy life" by oppressing themselves with idleness. As long as the house is building, all goes well; they don't miss the absent shop or counting room. There is the brick-layer to be scolded, and the carpenter to be overlooked, and the discussions to be held with the architect, and money to be paid out; in fine there is something to think about, something to worry over, something to fret about; it is the old round of life, in miniature if you will, but still it is the old round which has been paced for forty years. But when the house is complete, when the last coat of paint has dried, and the last chip has been removed and the bits of mortar taken away, when the owner has nothing to do but to enjoy his fine house and his affluent fortune, then comes—the vacuum—nothing to do. The old man finds years have changed his body, and the toy tires the old man even sooner than it tired the child. There is no correlation between building a house and death, but there is a close connection between age and the change of life.

FRENCHY.—A French gentleman, who had heard rum called *spirits*, went into one of our saloons a few evenings since, and called for a glass of punch, requesting at the same time it should be made with "ghosts from the West Indies."

DURANGO MINES.—A letter in the San Francisco Pacific has a great deal of interesting mining news. We give the following extract:

The entire range of Sierra Madres I believe to be one vast deposit of mineral wealth amounting to untold millions, the principal of which is silver containing more or less gold. Upon an examination of the records of the mines of Durango, we find that one individual alone, Zambrano, paid into the Custom House the enormous sum of eleven millions of dollars as the King's fifth, (being the amount of taxes), which show that he had extracted no less than \$55,000,000 during the space of twenty-five years, and immediately in the vicinity of the town from whence I write, may be seen the old haciendas and aqueducts which supplied power for his mining purposes. The old Camerone is now occupied by the Minna Prieta, another by the Guadalupe Company, and still another now owned by George W. Dent, of your city. These aqueducts are all constructed of solid mason work, and are mostly in as good condition to-day as when first built.

These works are now all in possession of Americans, and are likely soon to be again in active operation after a lapse of about thirty six years. The revolution having broken out in 1821, and at the close in 1827, the old Spaniards were either killed off or banished themselves from the country. Many of them were killed in the mines, not being able even to remove their tools, since which time the greater number of the mines have been abandoned, and only worked by the Gambosinos, a class of men who not caring to keep up the mines, rob them of the pillars which support them, and thus cave them in, filling them up and making them unsafe to work in and a very great expense to re-open them.

FROM ARTEMUS WARD, JR.—Its putty plane to my mind that we can't have Peas as long as the war goes on. Not much. The sympathizin Demos promise that these Rebellion should be over as soon as they was 'lected, an they air doin all in their power to get it over—all over the North. You cood stick more loyalty in a chicken's ear than sich men possess.

The other day I 'pinted myself a committee of the Hole to go to Richmond and see if I coodnt convin J. Davis or the error of his ways, and persuade him to jine the Young Men's Christian Association. Sumthin must soon be did to have the War stop, or by the time its ended the Northern Sympatizers will have no Southern brethren, or no Constitution, or no Declaration of Injpenience, or no nothing, or anything else. None. Whar cood we proccor G. Washingtons, J. Quincy Jeffersons, Thomas Adames, an esettery, to make another Constitution, and so 4th—the larst espeshilly? Ecco ansers—Whar? That's why Brecks air taken sich good care of that instrooment—Which reminds me of a little incident, as A. L. observes.

A chap sez to me, sez he, "I know but one way to get rid of the sympathizers."

"Which is now?" I arskt.

"Why," sez he, "rip the Constitution into splintereens—rent it in twain, an scatter the pieces to the end of the earth."

"How would them do it?" I coodn't see it much.

"Why you know that love for it is so grate that if it was destroyed, it wood brake their hearts an kill 'em ded, wich wood be the end of 'em."

"Peas to be thar end," sez I. "Long may it waver!"

A. T. STEWART'S INCOME TAX.—The N. Y. Post says that A. T. Stewart is said to be so entirely in the dark as to the amount upon which his income tax should be based, that he has credit for telling the Assessor his trouble, and adding that "he couldn't tell whether his income for 1862 was more or less than two millions, but he was willing to pay the tax on that amount, as being near enough for all practical purposes. So saying, he handed over his check for the neat little sum of \$60,000! There is little room to doubt whether any other individual in the country will go into the income tax business this year with such looseness as the New York Merchant Prince.

At one of the stations on the Aquia Road, where the subsistence is received and delivered, a very faithful man was fatally injured, and died one day not long since. The commissary wrote the following epitaph, which marks the spot where he is buried:

"Here lies the body of Michael Farrell, who lost his life in rolling a barrel. Life is sweet, but he gave up his existence in furnishing the Army with needful subsistence.

An Irish lawyer lately addressed the court as "gentlemen" instead of "your honors." A brother of the bar reminded him of the error, when he immediately rose to apologize thus: "May it please the court, in the heat of debate I called your honors gentlemen in mistake."

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1ST, 1863.

Declaration of Homestead.

Persons wishing to procure a correct legal form for making out a Declaration of Homestead, as required by the Act of the last Legislature, with the acknowledgment attached thereto, will find printed blanks, on application to the KNIGHT'S LANDING NEWS OFFICE. By filling out these blanks themselves, parties will be subject to no other expense than the fees for acknowledgment and record.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—The Board of Supervisors will meet on Monday next at Woodland.

DISTRICT COURT.—The regular term of the District Court will be held at Woodland on Monday week next.

On account of the indisposition of J. G. Kenyon, the lecture did not come off here last evening.

UNION primary elections will be held at the different precincts this day (Saturday) for electing delegates to the county convention on Saturday next.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.—In another column will be found the advertisement of the democratic meetings, stating times and places.

PREACHING.—To-morrow, Sunday, there will be preaching at the School House by the Rev. Dr. Lucky, service to commence at 11 o'clock A. M.

FESTIVAL.—A Festival for the benefit of the M. E. Church will be held at Woodland on Friday evening, Aug. 7th. A general attendance is requested.

DEMOCRATIC MASS MEETING.—On Friday evening next, there will be a democratic mass meeting at Knight's Landing. Tod Robinson and others will address the meeting.

THE STATE FAIR.—The State agricultural fair will commence at Sacramento on Friday, September 25th, and continue until Friday, October 2d.—Amount of premiums to be awarded \$10,000.

It is said that Judge Creanor, of the Fifth District, refused to allow negro testimony to be taken in his Court.

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.—Since June 27th, \$700,000 has been subscribed to the 5-20 bonds in San Francisco.

MILITARY CHANGE.—Col. James F. Curtis has superseded Col. Forman as commander of the Military Department in Southern California.

RETIRED.—H. S. Heighton, the attorney who brought the test oath case before our Supreme Court, has retired from the practice of law. He still refuses to take the oath.

PACIFIC GLASS WORKS.—The San Francisco glass works recently made 20,000 wine bottles for a firm in California and 24,000 bottles for a Washoe firm. They are doing a very large business.

GOULD & CURRY DIVIDEND.—The Gould & Curry Silver Mining Company have declared a monthly dividend of \$37 50 per share, or \$150 per foot, payable on and after July 28th.

EUGENE SULLIVAN, of San Francisco, is willing, we hear, to put up any sum, from \$1,000 to \$50,000, that the Union State ticket will have 20,000 majority.—*See.*

[Communicated.]

Death of L. R. Hopkins.

On the 12th of July, L. R. Hopkins, county Judge of Yolo county, was stricken down with paralysis, and only survived the shock six days, he departing this life on the 18th inst.

Mr. Hopkins was born in Bath county, Ky., on the 11th day of August 1825; hence he would have been thirty-eight years old on the 11th day of August next. At an early day he emigrated to the state of Missouri, and from thence he came to this state in 1852, and settled in Yolo county in 1857 or 1858, since which time he has successfully pursued his profession in this county. In 1862 he was elected county Judge, which position he occupied until his death. He was universally esteemed by his acquaintances for his unsurpassed integrity and virtue. In his death the community have lost a valuable citizen, the bar, a worthy advocate, the bench, an able and impartial judge and his family, a kind and affectionate husband and father.

Mr. Hopkins has left an affectionate companion, and a little son about two years of age; and a community who deeply sympathize with the bereaved ones in their misfortune.

FROM the dispatches in another column it will be seen that the siege of Fort Wagner is being pushed with energy, while the rebels defend the work with desperate valor. In the assault on the 22d our forces lost about a thousand men in killed, wounded and captured.

John Morgan and the balance of his command was captured on Sunday, July 26th, at New Lisbon, Ohio, about 15 miles from the Pennsylvania line and not more than 60 from Lake Erie. Thus nearly the whole force engaged in this daring raid were killed, wounded or captured.

On the 16th of July the rebel General Cooper got a Blunt reception on Elk creek, in the northeast corner of the Indian Territory.

Gen. Sherman, not being prepared for a long campaign, has abandoned the pursuit of Johnston, evacuated the ruins of Jackson and withdrawn his forces to Vicksburg.

Gen. Rosecranz' army is again in motion, and the next news of importance from the southwest will probably be of an attack on Bragg's stronghold at Chattanooga.

DEATH OF A STATESMAN.—John C. Crittenden, the celebrated Kentuckian, died at half past three o'clock on Sunday morning last, the 26th inst., at Frankfort. Mr. Crittenden was born in the year 1785, in Kentucky, where he has always lived. He was educated as a lawyer. In 1816 he was elected to the Lower House of the State Legislature, and for several years he was its speaker. He was sent to the U. S. Senate in 1827, and during the two years that comprised the short term for which he was elected he made an enviable reputation. In 1828 he was complimented by a nomination from President John Quincy Adams to the Supreme Bench, but the Senate refused to confirm him. From 1835 to 1841 he again was in the United States Senate, but then resigned to accept the position of Attorney General in President Harrison's Cabinet. When Harrison died, and John Tyler succeeded him but refused to wear the mantle of his predecessor, Crittenden resigned, having no such fear as worried Webster, who, asking "Where shall I go?" concluded alone of all the Cabinet to stay where he was. Henry Clay, after the passage of the tariff act of 1842, took his leave of public life and the Senate and Crittenden was chosen his successor. He remained now in the Senate until 1848, when the Whigs elected him Governor of Kentucky. From midsummer of 1850 till Pierce was elected President, he was in Fillmore's Cabinet. Afterwards he was re-elected to the Senate, and held his seat till the expiration of his term, March 4, 1851, when Garrett Davis succeeded him.

ESCAPE OF GAS.—John H. Gas, who has been held here for a long time on some baker's dozen of charges of grand larceny and forgery, who made a very fair attempt to escape from the county jail not long since, and notwithstanding an order was issued previously for his removal to Auburn, he having been granted a change of venue to Placer county, made his escape from the county jail on Sunday night. How the thing was effected is a mystery which is being investigated by the Grand Jury. The facts are that a false key was found in the door which opens from the Warden's office into the jail proper; that a key was also found that fitted the padlock which fastened the door of his cell; that he had lately been transferred from the cell in which he had lately been confined to that which he occupied when he made the previous attempt to escape. It seems that he passed directly through the Warden's office, where Deputy Wardens Rice and Lee, and Wm. Gordon, an attaché of the Water Works, were sleeping. It also appears that the flooring of the Police Court room, immediately above the aisle of the prison adjacent to Gass' cell, was bored through with an augur and a portion thereof, about ten inches square, taken up, and a six-inch plank adjoining also bored through on one line. This was doubtless done with the view of enabling Gass to escape in that direction. But further operations in that respect were discontinued, probably because there was still another plank to cut through below, or possibly because the bird had flown. The escape is most disgraceful to the officers of the prison—a thing that they should have guarded against with the utmost vigilance, in view of the magnitude of the charges preferred against the prisoner and his previous adroit and nearly successful attempt to escape. The fact that the Deputy Wardens, one of whom should have been awake and on duty, were both asleep, certainly requires explanation. Probably the grand jury will examine and report upon these matters.—*Sac. Republican.*

HEALTH OF CARSON.—The health of the city never was better than at the present time. We know of no sickness in town. The doctors are all complaining that they have nothing to do, and as for the undertakers, they do not flourish on this soil. The cause of this is obvious. We have a salubrious climate, pure water, and our citizens are a sober and industrious people.—*Independent.*

DISCOVERY OF A CAVE IN WASHOE—MARVELLOUS STORY.—The Virginia Union has the following:

J. W. Rawlinson, of the Palmyra District, called upon us and gave us the particulars of a strange discovery which was made in that district last Wednesday. A party of three men were that day out on a prospecting tour, between the towns of Palmyra and Como, when they were startled at making a "strike" of a character far from being anticipated, in fact, no less a great natural curiosity than a large cave. The entrance to it is by a long hall, or natural tunnel, about 400 feet in length, and varying in width from 10 to 100 feet; at several places widening into small chambers: the sides are, for almost the whole distance, of solid rock and in several places worn so smooth, that it is almost impossible to believe that it was not done by the hand of man. At the end of this, is a chamber, the sides of which are rough and broken, but of great height and size. Leading from this are four other short avenues, or halls, some of them so low that a person is compelled to crawl through them, each of them, however, widening at only a short distance into small chambers. There are supposed to be other chambers, and probably of great extent, but at the time Rawlinson left it had not been sufficiently investigated to determine this. The most important and useful part of the discovery, however, is that there were also discovered, far in the interior of the cavern, several splendid looking silver and gold bearing ledges, and numerous excellent indications. When these facts became generally known in the neighboring towns, great excitement was caused, and there was a tremendous rush of fortune seekers for the new land of promise. Claims were located in every direction, and the search for new ones was still continuing. This adds still another to the many natural curiosities to be found in our wonder-producing Territory.

BITTERS RECOGNIZED BY LAW AS MEDICINES.—For the past year considerable quantities of a high-priced and favorite "bitter" have been imported into this port from South America. During this time differences of opinion arose as to under what head for payment of duties the liquor (anagostura) should be classed. The Government appraisers classed it as coming under the head of unenumerated spirits, on which the duty is 50 per cent *ad valorem*, while the importers claimed that they should pay, like cordials, a duty of 75 cents a gallon, which, owing to the high cost of the bitters, would make a difference of over one-half in the amount of duties to be paid. An unusually large quantity being imported last week, the importers demanded that the Collector should give a decision in the matter, as that of the appraisers was unsatisfactory to them.

A bottle of the bitters was sent to the Collector, who, after an examination of the Tariff act of July 14th, 1862, decided that the duty of 50 per cent *ad valorem* was rightly collected, but that the appraisers had placed the bitters under a wrong head, as they were embraced in the following clause of section 5 of the Tariff act:

"On all pills, powders, tinctures, troches or lozenges, syrups, cordials, bitters, anodynes, tonics, plasters, liniments, salves, ointments, pastes, drops, waters, essences, spirits, oils or other medicinal preparations or compositions recommended to the public, or proprietary medicines, or prepared according to some private formula or secret art, as remedies or specifics for any disease or diseases or affections whatever affecting the human or animal body 50 per cent *ad valorem*."

This was not satisfactory to the importers, who remonstrated with the Collector against the bitters being classed as a medicine, they asserting that the liquor was not used as a medicine but only to flavor cocktails and mixed drinks made and sold at bar-rooms and saloons; and that it should be classed as cordials, kirsch-wasser, etc. They stated that if the decision was persisted in they would take an appeal to the Secretary of the Treasury at Washington. This the Collector said would be perfectly satisfactory to him, and as the bulk of a bottle of bitters was not convenient to transmit, they would oblige him by enclosing with their protest the printed label from off one of the bottles, which reads that the bitters are a cure for many specified diseases, and are made from a private prescription known only to the manufacturer. He said he was satisfied that Secretary Chase would decide from that label that the bitters clearly came under the section of the tariff above quoted. On reading the label carefully, the importers, laughing, gave up the contest, declaring that there was no loop hole for escape, although it was the first time they had ever known that bitters for flavoring drinks, although claimed in the label as medicinal, were absolutely regarded by the law as such.—*S. F. Bulletin.*

THE ODD FELLOW'S HALL ASSOCIATION of Sacramento, has purchased of S. D. Bethel, for \$7,000, and of D. Harris, for \$4,000 the two lots and buildings belonging to them respectively, situated on J street, adjoining the St. George's building. This gives the association the ownership of a full lot 80 feet front and 160 feet deep.

The Supreme Court has decided that the bonds of Sacramento county shall be issued to the Central Pacific Railroad Co.

Democratic Barbecue at Marysville, and Fatal Accident.

MARYSVILLE, July 30th.
A mass meeting of the "Democracy" of the counties of Colusa, Sutter and Yuba was held at Marysville Park to-day. The attendance was large, being variously estimated at from three to five thousand. A barbecue at the Park supplied sufficient food for all in attendance. Speeches were made by Tod Robinson, ex-Governors Bigler and Weller, Coffroth and Whitesides. To-night there was a large torch light procession, which closed with a display of fireworks.

Arrangements had been made for speaking on Second Street, in front of the Western Hotel, and soon after the display of fireworks a rush was made to secure every eligible position on all sides of the street. So great a crowd congregated on the balcony of the building opposite the Hotel that its supports gave way and precipitated the whole crowd, including many ladies and children, a distance of fifteen or twenty feet to the ground. I can at present learn of only one death—one Sharp, who was killed instantly from fracture of the skull, but a great many are more or less injured, with broken arms and legs, bruises and gashes—some ten or twelve quite seriously. The whole party in front of the Telegraph office and California Stage Company's office gave way in front simultaneously, but the portion adjoining the building held fast, thus precipitating the living mass into the street. But few persons happened to be immediately under the porch at the time, and these, including the telegraph operator, escaped with only slight injuries.—*Union.*

THE INCOME TAX AND THE FARMERS.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue makes the following ruling regarding the manner of making returns of income:

A farmer, when making return of the total amount of his farm produce, shall be allowed to deduct therefrom the subsistence of horses, mules, oxen and cattle used exclusively in the carrying on of said farm. The term "farm produce" is construed to include all productions of a farm, of what nature and kind soever. The account of stock sold by a farmer since December 31, 1862, should not be included in the present assessment, but the profit realized thereby must be accounted for in the next year's return.

Where he has included in his return produce raised by him, and in whole or part to stock subsequently sold, he must account for the gain realized by the feeding and selling of said stock. Where he has not included produce so fed, he must return as profits the difference between the value of said stock on the 31st of December 1861, and the amount realized for them. Fertilizers purchased by farmers to maintain their land in present productive condition will be considered as "repairs" in estimating income.

The balance in the State Treasury on Saturday, July 25th, was \$203,756 50.

MARRIED.

Near Knight's Landing, at the residence of the bride's father, July 28th, by Justice E. Rinehimer—Columbus Majors to Fanny A. Kimbrell.

DEATHS.

At Woodland, July 17th, Martha J. M., daughter of J. T. Thompson, aged 1 year and 10 months.
At Grand Island, Colusa county, July 24th, E. J. Benjamin, aged 23 years.

New Advertisements.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES of Yolo county, will address the Citizens at the following times and places:
Cache Creek Canon Thursday, August 6, 1863.
Cottonwood..... Friday " 7
Buckeye..... Saturday " 8
Plainfield..... Wednesday " 12
Putah..... Thursday " 13
Ludden's..... Friday " 14
Washington..... Saturday " 15
Ristine's..... Monday " 17
Powell's..... Tuesday " 18
Osborn's..... Wednesday " 19
Freemont..... Friday " 21
Knight's Landing..... Saturday " 22
Grand Island..... Thursday " 27
Weyand's..... Friday " 29
Cacheville..... Saturday " 29
Woodland..... Monday " 31

The meetings at Buckeye, Washington, Knight's Landing, Cacheville and Woodland will be held at night. The others at 3 o'clock p. m., at the place of voting, or such other place as may be selected by the citizens of the precinct. All persons, including Ladies, are cordially invited to attend these meetings.

The Opposition Candidates are respectfully invited to conform to these appointments, with the guarantee that the time shall be equally divided.

By ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.

DENTISTRY.



T. BAKER,
of the Firm of
THOMPSON & BAKER, Marysville.
Would respectfully inform the citizens of Knight's Landing and vicinity, that he will remain at this place for a few weeks for the purpose of attending to all the various branches pertaining to the Dental profession.

Teeth filled with pure Gold.
Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold or Vulcanite Base, from a Single Tooth to a Full Set.

Particular attention paid to the treatment of **Diseases of the Mouth.**

Decayed Teeth carefully Extracted.
All Work Warranted.
ROOMS—AT DR. F. MORSE'S OFFICE.
Knight's Landing, July 15, 1863. [Jy18]

New Advertisements.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JOHN G. DOWNEY.
For Lieutenant Governor,
Edward W. McKinstry.
For Members of Congress,
JOHN B. WELLER, JOHN BIGLER, N. E. WHITESIDES.
For Secretary of State,
SAMUEL M. BISHOP, of Tehama.
For State Treasurer,
THOMAS FINDLEY, of Nevada,
For State Controller,
R. O. CRAVENS, of Placer.
For Attorney General,
L. C. GRANGER, of Butte.
For Clerk of Supreme Court,
A. C. BRADFORD, of San Joaquin.
For State Printer,
BERIAH BROWN, of Sacramento.
For Surveyor General,
PRESLEY DUNLAP, of Sacramento.
For Harbor Commissioner,
MICHAEL HAYES, of San Francisco.
For Superintendent of Public Instruction,
A. J. MOULDER, of San Francisco.
For Judges of the Supreme Court,
ROYAL T. SPRAGUE, of Shasta.
W. T. WALLACE, of Santa Clara.
J. B. HALL, of San Joaquin.
TOD ROBINSON, of Sacramento.
H. H. HAIGHT, of San Francisco.

YOLO COUNTY TICKET.

For State Senator,
A. M. STEVENSON, of Yolo county.
For Sheriff,
WILLIAM MINNIS.
For County Clerk,
J. M. GOVINGTON.
For County Judge,
J. T. DALY.
For Assembly,
J. L. DOWNING.
For District Attorney,
J. W. JACOBS.
For Treasurer,
J. L. COX.
For County Surveyor,
D. Q. McCARTY,
For Public Administrator,
D. C. HUBBARD.
For Coroner,
F. G. RUSSELL.
For Superintendent of Common Schools,
M. A. WOOD. ag1-td.

SPECIAL NOTICES

CALIFORNIANS should test the merits of Dr. HOSTETTER'S Stomach bitters. While it is highly palatable as a beverage, it is unequalled as a tonic and invigorator. In the pursuit of fortune at the mines, many persons are exposed to the attacks of complaints of the digestive organs, and of various kinds of fever. It is the very article that has so long been in demand at the mines. Its daily use will restore the tone of a dangerous stomach, impart vitality to the digestive functions, and cheer the spirits. Yet the Bitters is the safest of all stimulants. Let the miner who is exposed to hot and dry, wet and cold, be certain to obtain a supply of the genuine Hostetter Bitters, and he will find it a certain safeguard to health.—Sold by Druggists and dealers everywhere.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
July 11-1m *Sole Agents San Francisco.*

"A THING OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOR- EVER." Why will people endure pimples on the human face divine, or eruptions of any kind, when it is a fact so well known that *Dr. Guyott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla* cleanses the skin from all impurity, removing Pimples, sores and blotches leaving the affected parts as healthy, smooth and soft as the skin of a babe. It is really priceless to all that wish the rosy beauty of childhood.

It causes all sores and poisonous wounds to discharge all infested matter, and eradicates every impurity from the system.

It does its work mildly, but effectually, giving conscious beauty and blooming health in the place of ugliness and soul-sickening disease.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
Sole Agents, San Francisco.
See advertisement. July 11-1m.

LOST HEALTH, and with it happiness, "our being's end and aim." This is the case with thousands who may be immediately relieved for the trifling sum of 25 cents. Have you Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Douleureux, Headache, Piles, Lumbago, Sprains or sores, or are you suffering from any external injury, try Sweet's Infalible Liniment, and if it does not relieve you instantly, you shall have your money refunded. It has yet for the first time to fail. Try it.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
July 11-1m *Sole Agents, San Francisco.*

Boarding House and Restaurant.

This undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that she has opened a Boarding House and Restaurant, at the corner of Mill and Third streets, Knight's Landing. **Warm Meals or Lunch at all Hours.** [Jy18-1f] **MRS. R. L. SNYDER.**

Having purchased the well known DRUG HOUSE, corner of J and Sixth streets—late D. W. Whitmore—formerly Bowman & Whitmore—we will continue the Drug business in all its branches. We shall keep the largest assortment of goods and sell at the lowest prices, and by prompt attention to business hope to secure the former patronage of the House, and that of the public generally.

JUSTIN GATES & BROS.,
Wholesale Druggists and Importers of Paints and Oils, 72 K street and corner J and Sixth streets, Sacramento.
Sacramento, Jan. 6, 1863. Jan24-1f

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

The following dispatches are from the Sacramento Union:

Cincinnati, July 24th. A cavalry expedition from Charlestown, Virginia, sent out to cut the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad at Wytheville, Wythe county, Virginia, captured that place after a severe fight, took one hundred and twenty prisoners, two pieces of artillery and seven hundred stand of arms. Our loss was sixty-five killed and wounded. The enemy's loss seventy-five killed and a large number wounded. Our troops were fired on by citizens from the houses. The town was totally destroyed. The expedition reached Fayetteville, Fayette co., Virginia, yesterday, after a hard march of three hundred miles.

Fortress Monroe, July 24th. The Richmond Whig says Jackson (Miss) was left in the hands of the enemy with the rolling stock of the New Orleans and Jackson and the Great Northern Mississippi and Tennessee Railroads, and a motive power consisting of forty engines. The loss is incalculable.

A Federal cavalry raid from Newbern (N. C.) reached Ryeky Mount, on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, July 20th, destroyed two miles of the track and burned the bridge over the Tar river, thus cutting off communication for some weeks.

New York, July 24th. It is officially announced that trade is open to New Orleans, under certain restrictions. The steamer Imperial arrived to-day, having made the trip through and back since the fall of Vicksburg and Port Hudson.

Washington, July 26th. Richmond papers have the following from Charleston, dated July 19th: The Ironsides, five Monitors and five gun and mortar boats, assisted by two land batteries, fired furiously at Fort Wagner all yesterday. After a furious bombardment of eleven hours the enemy assaulted Wagner desperately and repeatedly. Our people fought bravely and repulsed the enemy with great slaughter.

Charleston, July 22. The enemy have commenced shelling again. Our loss on the 18th was 150 killed and wounded. The enemy's loss, including prisoners, was about two thousand. Nearly eight hundred were buried under a flag of truce.

New York, July 27th. From the Herald's account of the operations near Charleston we take the following: The rebels attempted to drive our forces from James Island. The attack was sudden and unexpected, but General Terry met and repulsed them with great slaughter. The gunboat Pawnee, which supported the left flank, grounded, and a rebel battery opened upon her, firing fifty shots, thirty-nine of which struck her. Subsequently she floated off, and opening upon the rebels, put them to flight.

The bombardment of Fort Wagner was renewed on the 22d. The iron clads were co-operating with the army during the day. Wagner was silenced for some time, and a charge was made by our troops. After a desperate struggle they were obliged to draw back. Our loss was quite severe and will probably reach one thousand.

The details of the charge made on the 22d on Fort Wagner show most desperate fighting by General Strong's brigade. Scarcely a field or a line officer escaped a wound, and many were killed. Meantime nearly the whole rebel force was concentrated on the upon the Fifty-fourth Massachusetts, the colored regiment. The latter fought heroically, and only retired when the others did.

Colonel Putnam, in command of the storming party, after he had gained a part of the fort, planted the flag on the parapet and sent to Generals Strong and Seymour for reinforcements; but both of these Generals had been wounded. Meantime the rebel parties were being decimated by rebel grape. When Stevenson's brigade arrived an order to advance was given, but it was too late—our gallant boys had been forced to retire.

Leavenworth (Kansas) July 25th. A severe fight occurred July 16th, at Elk creek, between 2,400 Federals, with 12 guns, under command of Gen. Blunt, and 5,000 rebels, under Cooper, which resulted in the complete rout of the latter, with a loss of 60 killed, 20 wounded, and 100 prisoners. Our loss was 10 killed and 30 wounded. We captured a quantity of commissary stores and one piece of artillery.

New York, July 26th. A letter dated Winchester, Tennessee, July 18th, announces the capture of Huntsville, Ala., with 300 prisoners, and 1,200 horses and mules, by Gen. Stanley.

Bragg's army is reported to be reduced by desertions to from eighteen to twenty thousand men.

Cincinnati, July 26th. A telegram from Gen. Shackelford, dated near New Lisbon, Ohio, says: "I have succeeded in capturing Gen. John H. Morgan, Col. Cluke and the balance of their command, amounting to about 400 men."

Cleveland (Ohio), July 27th. A detachment of the Ninth Michigan Cavalry forced Morgan to an engagement near Salinsville yesterday morning, and after an hour's fight the rebels fled in the direction of New Lisbon. At 8 P. M. they were overtaken by Gen. Shackelford and all captured. In the morning's engagement from twenty to thirty rebels were killed, fifty wounded and two hundred captured. A hundred and fifty horses and a hundred and fifty stand of arms were also taken.

Chicago, July 27th. Reliable news in

regard to the movements of Lee and Meade's armies is meager. A dispatch received at headquarters, Baltimore, says the enemy have retired from our front (front of Harper's Ferry). Our cavalry were in Charlestown on Friday, July 24, and scouts were thrown out to the distance of ten miles in every direction without finding any signs of the enemy.

A dispatch from headquarters, Front Royal, July 25th, says: Engaged the enemy at this Point yesterday. This morning he appears to have withdrawn, and his whole army is undoubtedly en route to Culpepper and Orange Court House.

New York, July 28th. The Times dispatch, dated Headquarters of Army of the Potomac, July 25th, says: The position of the rebel army is as follows: On Friday morning, July 24th, at six o'clock, the advance of Hill's and Longstreet's corps retreated to Culpepper. Their columns were well closed up and their entire corps must be concentrated there before this time. Of this movement there can be no question. Ewell's corps still occupy the Shenandoah valley, where it is guarding the fords of the Shenandoah and the rear of the rebel army.

Memphis, July 26th. Reports state that Pemberton and staff, with some officers, have gone to Richmond, but his army is scattered in every direction. Pemberton said it was impossible to keep them together. The rebels are pressing everybody into the ranks, both Jew and Gentile. The excitement is intense. The bulk of Johnston's army is reported at Morton, thirty miles east of Jackson. His force is estimated at thirty thousand. All surplus stores are being shipped to Mobile.

Cairo, July 27th. Vicksburg dates to July 20th have been received. Before evacuating Jackson, the rebels set the city on fire, and our forces completed the conflagration, reducing the whole place to ruins.

It is thought Johnston started for Tombigbee, Alabama. Sherman is returning from the pursuit, not being prepared for a long campaign.

Among the prisoners captured at Jackson were a number of Vicksburg paroled prisoners. Gen. Sherman ordered three of them to be shot.

The San Francisco Gold Mines.

The mining claims of San Francisco county are now getting so numerous and the value of them is estimated so highly by the owners—as to attract general attention. Quartz exists in large quantities in this vicinity, as may be seen by examining the country near the Potrero and the Mission Dolores; but that the rock is auriferous, and to such an extent as to justify the expense of working it, is still to be ascertained. Mining is an important business, and these mines, if they prove profitable to work, will undoubtedly have a vast beneficial influence on the growth of this city. Under such circumstances it may be useful to know the position, location and appearance of the recent mining discoveries in this neighborhood.

To reach the most noted mines on foot, the most direct and easiest way is to take the Howard street cars, for the terminus of the road at the mission. On the right of the row of adobe buildings which connect with the old Mission church, is a small lane which runs into the fields, and the course being continued takes one past the brickyard of Clay & Morrell to a hill about three-quarters of a mile distant from the point of starting. It is on the north, west and south sides of this hill where the first companies are to be found at work. Passing along a trail around the north side of the hill, the first company at work is the Clayton, whose workmen are just opening a face on the line of their ledge from the south side, so as to run in a tunnel that will strike the quartz about 200 feet below the crest of the hill. Great rugged masses of gray, weather-stained quartz rocks crown the top of the hill, which the Company assert is auriferous, and will pay well to work. No assays are reported of this rock, and but little work has been done by the company so far.

Following the trail round to the west side of the hill, is the Ohio Company's claim, that is being opened in two places, in the lower of which a vein of quartz has been found of a greenish tint, the value of which we could not learn had been tested. Still further on are the claims of the Independence Company, who have done but little work, and are seemingly waiting for the other companies to make some discovery of value before they go to further expense. There are said to be other claims located on this hill, but so far as we could see, upon a visit to the locality, no work has been done other than as stated. West of the hill, over a ridge and about half a mile distant, is the Suburban Company's claim, the only one so far which has done work of any importance on their ledge. The ledge crops out of the northwest side of the hill; and a breast of about 25 feet wide has been made, out of which considerable ore has been taken. This company have had about two tons of their rock worked by various reduction works in this city, and the results are said to have varied from \$31 to \$83 per ton—an entire ton being worked at Howland's and Coleman's mills on First street. The company seem to be sanguine of having a good paying lead, as they have advertised for proposals to run in a tunnel. It is said to be their intention to have 10 tons of their rock worked at the above named mills. A Battery of 4 stamps is being put up

especially for this purpose, and a Howland's amalgamator will be used for no other rock until the whole 10 tons is run through. The width of the ledge is said to be over 40 feet; a portion of it, however, is supposed to be of very indifferent quality.

Further to the north of the Suburban Company is the Eugene L. Sullivan Company, which is working on what appears to be the same ledge, although the appearance of the rock is somewhat different. No work of any account has been done on these claims, a few tons of rock only having been blasted out, working samples of which are to be tested at the works on First street sometime during the coming week. These are about the only companies yet at work, although others are said to have commenced operations about a mile farther west, and others again nearer town at the back of Alamos Square. The owners in these last claims have in some instances had working tests made, the results of which have proved satisfactory to themselves.

It is stated that the gold in the rock of all these claims can only be saved by being worked by peculiar processes, and with great care. Some of the reduction works in this city are unable to save it so well as others. As to the value of the mines we have been obliged to rely on the owners for information, and therefore, as in all cases where interested parties are the only witnesses, the public will make the proper allowance for a possible bias in the testimony. From Mr. Coleman, of one of the reduction works, we learn that a great many tests of rock found near the Mission have been made by him, and that in every instance he has found gold, and in most cases in paying quantities. Several of these tests were made upon rock gathered by himself, and in working the rock special pains were taken to prevent the possibility of any foreign matter being introduced, or "salting" take place which is a process that sometimes occurs in assaying or working mines for the share market.—Bulletin.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that on the 7th day of August 1863 we the undersigned will make application to the Register of the State Land Office for patents for the following described tract of School Land, to wit,—the South West quarter of Section one (1) and the South East quarter of Section two (2) Township nine (9) North, Range one (1) East, Mount Diablo Meridian. JESSE CLARK. CHARLES PURROTT.

DISSOLUTION.

The law partnership heretofore existing between C. P. Sprague and H. G. Burnett is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Woodland, July 8th 1863. C. P. SPRAGUE. H. G. BURNETT.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on or after the 28th day of August 1863 the undersigned will apply to the Register of the State Land Office for a Patent for the following described tract of State School Land, to wit: the North half of Section thirty-six, Township Eleven North, Range One East, of Mount Diablo Meridian. J. W. BROWN. [jy18-4t]*

GREAT CLOSING SALE TO CLOSE PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned being desirous of closing the mercantile partnership now existing between them and for the purpose of fully settling up the affairs of the Firm at the earliest possible day, are constrained to offer their entire

STOCK OF GOODS AT COST!

For Cash, or such Country Produce as may readily be converted into Cash. Their present Stock comprises one of the largest and best selected assortment of GOODS ever offered for sale north of San Francisco. The stock comprises a complete assortment of

- DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CUTLERY and HARDWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS and CAPS.

And all kinds of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fancy Goods and Wearing Apparel, Paints and Oils, Sugar, Tea and Coffee of all kinds.

Also a large and splendid assortment of Tobacco and Cigars, Of the finest brands, together with a large quantity of the most choice

WINES AND LIQUORS.

On and after this date No Goods will be sold except for Cash, or produce delivered in exchange therefor.

All Persons indebted to us by Note or Book Account will please come forward and settle immediately.

THOMAS & BROWNELL. Knight's Landing, June 9, 1863.

KELLY, MOTT & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN STOVES AND METALS, 148 AND 150 J STREET, SACRAMENTO.

JOB WORK done to order, with neatness and dispatch. All Orders from the country promptly attended to. feb12-4f

School Books,

Of every description for sale at Raveley's.

SEWING MACHINES For sale at Raveley's

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISING

NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have just returned from San Francisco with a large and

WELL SELECTED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes,

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS.

BONNETS.

HARD-WARE,

QUEENS-WARE,

TIN-WARE,

CROCKERY,

GROCERIES

Together with a Better Assortment.

OF THE

NEWEST STYLES OF DRESS-GOODS

Than is usually found in a Country Store. All of which we offer to

SELL LOW FOR CASH,

Or such articles of

COUNTRY PRODUCE!

As can be converted into Money.

We take this occasion to return thanks for past favors and to solicit a continuance of the same.

Those knowing themselves indebted to us are requested to come forward at once and make payment—longer indulgence cannot reasonably be expected.

J. & J. W. BALDWIN.

Knight's Landing, April 25, 1863.

FOR SACRAMENTO.

The fine steamer DEFIANCE, ZIMMERMAN, MASTER, Will make two trips a week from Knight's Landing to Sacramento.

After the 10th of May, the price for freighting grain, will be \$1 75 per ton.

S. W. RAVELEY, Agent.

may2-tf

REMOVAL.

R. T. BROWN & CO.

Have Removed to the Store (Formerly occupied by Luckwood & Hendrie)

CORNER FOURTH AND J STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

Where they are now Opening NEW STYLES OF FALL CLOTHING

—AND—

FURNISHING GOODS,

To which they invite Attention.

nov22-3m

BOYS' CLOTHING.

We have Just Received a Large Assortment of

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S' CLOTHING

...OF...

NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES,

Which we offer at Low Prices.

R. T. BROWN & CO.,

Cor. 4th and J streets, Sacramento.

nov22-3m

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST,

—AND—

AS GOOD AS THE BEST!!

CHARLES ST. LOUIS,

MANUFACTURING

JEWELER AND WATCH MAKER.

All kinds of Jewelry and Diamond Settings made to order at short notice. Particular attention paid to repairing

Watches, Clocks, Music Boxes and Jewelry, at prices twenty per cent. lower than Sacramento prices.

All work warranted to give entire satisfaction, or no charges made.

"Union Building," Knight's Landing. You will C. St. Louis at the window. dec26-tf

CALIFORNIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The fast and splendid steamers

Chrysolopolis and Yosemite,

Will leave on alternate days for SAN FRANCISCO at 2 o'clock, p.m., from foot of K street, Sacramento.

Steamer Chrysolopolis, Chadwick, Master, will leave on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays

Steamer Yosemite, Poole, Master, will leave on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For MARYSVILLE and intermediate landings EVERY DAY.

Change of day for RED BLUFF.

Knight's Landing, Colusa, Tehama and Red Bluff.

Until further notice the Steamers of the California Steam Navigation Company will make TWO trips per week to RED BLUFF, leaving Sacramento on

Every Tuesday and Friday's At 7 o'clock, a.m.

A. REDINGTON, } Agents,

W. H. TAYLOR, } Sacramento.

Freight received at Knight's Landing every day.

S. W. RAVELEY, Agent, Knight's Landing. june6-t

Oysters and sardines, Of the finest quality, for sale at Raveley's.

Cigars and Tobacco, Fine assortment for sale at Raveley's.

DR. HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS.

THE OPERATION OF THIS PALATABLE remedy upon the stomach, liver and excretory organs is singularly soothing and conservative. It regulates, recruits and purifies them. Dyspepsia in all its forms yields to its control and invigorating properties.

Invigorate the System.

Vigorous digestion and pure bile produce nutritious blood, and nutritious blood a healthy frame. Does the victim of a dyspeptic stomach and a disordered liver desire to know how the digestion may be improved, the bile and other fluids of the body purified?

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

Will accomplish this desirable revolution in the system, regulating the secretions and excretions, giving tone to the animal juices which dissolve the food, strengthen every relaxed nerve, muscle and fibre, and brings the whole machinery of vitality into vigorous and healthful play.

Strengthen the System.

The best means of imparting vigor to the broken-down frame and shattered constitution, which has yet been invented or discovered, is proffered to the feeble of both sexes and all ages in

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Debility, from whatever cause arising, may be cured; strength, in whatever manner it may have been wanted, may be restored by the use of this powerful and healthful invigorant. For indigestion and all its painful effects, bodily and mental, they are a positive specific.

A Word to the Aged.

In the decline of life the loss of vital force consequent upon physical decay can only be safely supplied by some vivifying preparation which recruits the strength and spirits, without entailing the exhaustion which is always the final effect of ordinary stimulants. We tender to the aged

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

As an invigorant and restorative, immediate in its beneficial action and permanent in its effects. It tones the stomach, improves the appetite, and acts like a charm upon the spirits.

For Females.

Thousands of ladies resort to it as a remedy for hysteria, fluttering of the heart, nervous headache, vertigo, general debility, and all peculiar disturbances & derangements to which, as a sex, they are subject. It cheers and enlightens the oppressed mental powers, as well as strengthens the body, and its use is never followed by any reaction.

Beware of Counterfeits. Purchase only of reliable dealers. Sold everywhere. HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN, Agents, 227 Montgomery street, (Russ Block,) San Francisco.

Dr. Guysott's Improved

Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla

Will Cure without Fail

Serofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, Old Sores and Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Disease arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulder, General Debility, Dropsy, Jaundice, Lumbago, &c.

Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla

put up in the largest sized bottles, contains more of the Honduras Sarsaparilla than any other preparation extant, which is combined with the extract of Yellow Dock, the extract of Wild Cherry and the Balsam of Fir, thus making the remedy more thoroughly efficient than any other Sarsaparilla before the public. At the same time it is perfectly free from ALL mineral poisons, which can not be said of any other of the Sarsaparilla compounds. The invalid should beware of poisons. Mercury, Iron, Quinine, Potash, Iodine, Sulphur, Arsenic, and many other mineral and metallic poisons enter into and form the active basis of most of the sarsaparilla and panaceas of the day. Guysott's Compound Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla does not contain a particle of the substances; as any one can ascertain by applying the necessary tests.

These poisons may occasionally remove disease, but they so vitiate the blood and impregnate the whole system with their baneful effects, that the first cold or the first attack of disease, prostrates the patient's strength and subjects him or her to the most excruciating torture, and renders another cure almost impossible and hopeless. Let all poisonous sarsaparilla preparations alone, and use Guysott's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, which is thoroughly efficacious, perfectly harmless and purely vegetable. All kinds of diseases yield to its genial influence.

Caution.—Beware of counterfeits. All genuine Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla has the name of JOHN D. PARK, Present Proprietor, Cincinnati, O., on the label.

Remember this fact when buying, all without the name of "JOHN D. PARK, Cincinnati, Ohio," on the label are counterfeits.

Sold by all Druggists. HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN, sole Agents for Pacific Coast, San Francisco.

TARRANT'S

Effervescent Seltzer Aperient!!

THE BEST

Bilious and Dyspeptic Remedy!!

The most Efficacious and Agreeable Saline Aperient,

FOR ALL

Bilious and Febrile Diseases, Costiveness, sick Headache, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Acidity of the stomach, Torpidity of the Liver, Gout, Rheumatic Affections, Gravel, Piles, and all C-complaints where a gentle Aperient or Purgative is required.

It is in the form of a powder, carefully put up in bottles, to keep in any climate, and merely requires water poured upon it, to produce a delightful effervescent beverage.

Manufactured only by Tarrant & Co., New York.

For sale by druggists generally.

Tarrant's Cordial Elixir of Turkey Rhubarb.

This beautiful preparation from the TRUE TURKEY RHUBARB has the approval and sanction of many of our best physicians as a valuable and favorite Family Medicine, and it is preferable to any other form in which Rhubarb is administered, either for adults or children, it being combined in a manner to make it at once palatable to the taste and efficient in operation.

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN, Agents, 227 Montgomery st., (Russ Block.)

THE Knight's Landing News.

OBEYING ORDERS.—It isn't always safe to judge a man by his appearance. The following anecdote of a Missouri Judge is a case in point:

Judge H—, of Missouri, was an accommodating man, but he would drink more than was beneficial for his head, or the bench upon which he sat. On one occasion, after his appointment, business called him to Liberty, and while there, meeting with many of his old associates at the bar, he got into a convivial mood, which lasted several days, and on going out he looked rather worse for wear. In crossing the river at Owen's Landing, there was a boat discharging freight, and in great haste, for fear that another boat would pass that had just hove in sight, the clerk sang out: "I say, old man, can't you lend the men a hand in taking off that lot of furniture? I will pay you well for doing so, and 'doubly filly' in the bargain." "Oh, yes," said the Judge, "always ready to help in a case of need." "Then turn in and work quick," said the clerk. The first thing was a marble-top bureau. In going off the plank, the Judge slipped, and the clerk roared out: "There, now, throw that into the river, will you?" "Certainly," said the Judge, and giving a kick with the answer, overboard it went. "Halloo! what's that for?" said the clerk. "I always obey orders when I work for a man," said the Judge. "Leave!" said the clerk. "Agreed," said the Judge. "Who is that man?" said the clerk. "That is Judge H—, of the Fifth Judicial District of Missouri," remarked a bystander. "Let go that line!" cried the clerk, and the boat put into the stream at its highest point of speed.

PRINTERS' TALK.—Every profession has its technical terms, and, of course, the printers have a "smattering," which is only intelligible to the craft. The following is a specimen. It don't mean, however, as much as it would seem to the uninitiated: "Jim, put General Beauregard on the galley, and then finish the murder of that negro you commenced yesterday. Set up the ruins of Guyardotte; distribute the small-pox; you need not finish that mutiny; put the mumps in the paper this week. Pitch that pi into hell, and send the devil after a gallon of molasses."

THE following appeared on a letter from a soldier, addressed to a young lady: "Soldier's letter, and na'a red, Hard tack instead of bread. Postmaster, shove this letter through. I've na'a stamp, but seven months' due."

PREFERABLE PARTY.—A young lady being asked by an insinuating politician, which party she was in favor of, replied that she preferred a wedding party.

MOLIERE was asked the reason why, in certain countries, the king may assume the crown at fourteen years of age, and cannot marry before eighteen? "It is," answered Moliere, "because it is more difficult to rule a wife than a kingdom."

A YOUNG GIRL, of the delicate variety, fainted the other day, when told that gun barrels were often exhibited without breeches.

PHILOSOPHERS tell us that nature never errs. They certainly cannot mean human nature.

Terms of the Courts of Yolo County.

District Court—3rd Monday in March; 2nd Monday in August; 3rd Monday in December. County Court—1st Monday in January. 3d Monday in May; 1st Monday in September. Court of Sessions—1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in July; 1st Monday in December. Probate Court—2nd Monday in January; 2d Monday in March; 4th Monday in May; 2nd Monday in July; 2nd Monday in September, and 4th in November. Board of Supervisors—1st Monday in February; 1st Monday in May; 1st Monday in August, and 1st Monday in November.

Official County Directory.

District Judge.....J. H. McKune County Judge.....L. R. Hopkins District Attorney.....H. P. Hamblin Senator.....O. B. Powers Assemblyman.....C. H. Gray Clerk.....E. Giddings Treasurer.....C. W. Reed Assessor.....G. J. Overshinner Surveyor.....A. Mathews Coroner.....S. F. Rodolph Public Administrator.....W. S. Emery Superintendent Public Instruction.....H. Gaddis Supervisors.....A. Morris; G. E. Sill; G. W. Bell

Justices of the Peace.

Washington—J. W. Willard; John Hoagland. Cache Creek—C. S. Frost; S. D. Moore. Grafton—E. Rinehammer; A. T. Robinson. Putah—James O'Neal; G. W. Pierce. Buckeye—R. A. Daniel; S. P. Herriman. Cottonwood—Sohn S. Tutt; D. Hubbard. Merritt—Samuel Smith. Fremont—John Flannery; H. B. Wood.

Constables.

Washington—W. Morrison; J. Griffin. Cache Creek—S. McDonald; R. M. Campbell. Grafton—J. McGintock; T. Rice. Putah—A. T. Martin; E. L. Brown. Buckeye—F. Ott; A. J. Foard. Fremont—J. Dawson. Cottonwood—John A. Price; Joel Woods.

Road Masters.

Cache Creek—F. S. Freeman. Grafton—W. J. Clarke. Putah—George Swingle. Buckeye—Benj. Ely. Cottonwood—J. Lang. Merritt—Daniel DeGross. Fremont—James McDonald.

GENERAL MERCHANDIZING.

NEW GOODS!!

CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY.

FREEMAN & BARBER

HAVE JUST returned from San Francisco with a large and varied stock of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, Superior in quality and quantity to any ever offered to the people of Yolo county.

GROCERIES.

Sugar, Coffee, Syrup, Salt, Flour, Bacon, Ham, Cornmeal, Potatoes, etc., etc.

HARDWARE!

Spades, Shovels, Nails, Files, Axes, Tinware, of all sorts.

OILS, PAINTS, DRUGS, AND READYMADE CLOTHING

Of all kinds.

Shoes, Boots, Hats, and Caps.

DRY GOODS!

In this line we have a complete stock. The highest market price paid for produce. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. Don't forget the place, FREEMAN & BARBER, nov8-tf Woodland, Yolo county.

JUST RECEIVED!

A FINE LOT OF NEW GOODS! BY

L. Greenbaum, S. Rothfeld, Late with Godchaux, Late with A. Ham-Bros. & Co., Late with A. Ham-burger.

WE BEG leave to inform our friends and the public in general, that we have opened

The Store, No. 137 J street, (Formerly occupied by HENDERSON & CO.) WITH A COMPLETE NEW STOCK

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS.

By strict attention to business, we hope to merit a share of public patronage. Please give us a call.

GREENBAUM & ROTHFELD, 137 J street, between 4th and 5th, nov1-tf Sacramento.

NEWS DEALERS AND BOOKSELLERS.

READ AND REMEMBER!

WHAT I have taken up the combination of Book Dealers in this city, and now sell our paper covered New Novels at the

Old Rates of 15 and 30 Cents, Of which I have a large and well assorted stock of the latest Publications, by the Best Authors, just arrived.

JOHN STRATMAN, Wholesale News Dealer, Packs and forwards all the Daily and Weekly Newspapers, Magazines, etc., to all parts of the country, with great dispatch.

I sell at Prices that defy Competition. I have special arrange ents with all the different Publishers and stationers in the East, and furnish the trade with Books, Stationery, Blank Books, Music, Portraits, Prints, Medals, Melanotypes, etc. I have unequalled facilities and guarantee dealers the closest attention and a accustomed liberality. I say it with pride, that I have country customers who have been dealing with me for the last six years. Send for my Price List and give me a trial. JOHN STRATMAN, N. E. corner Washington & Sansome streets, ap25-tf San Francisco.

IN TIME OF HEALTH PREPARE FOR SICKNESS.—It is preposterous to think that because we are in health, disease will never overtake us. How many have gone forth in the morning and returned home to lay down upon beds of sickness for months! We would remind our readers, that, for family medicine nothing can equal SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP. Of Humors it is a sure exterminator.—Scrofula and Cancer, Rheumatism and Neuralgia, are all cured by this magical remedy. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. dec6-6m

W. J. PRATHER, DENTIST.

TEETH neatly and substantially filled with pure gold, orcheoplasty, or amalgam, at reduced prices. Also, all kinds of plate work on the most approved style. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the teeth, and Palatine Obstrutors inserted.

Office at Woodland, Yolo County, Dr. Prather will visit persons at their residences and perform operations if desired. Address Woodland Post Office, Yolo Co. N. B.—All work done will be warranted. aug24-tf

Lubin's Extracts,

A Choice variety, just received and for sale at Raveley's.

CACHEVILLE HOTEL.

W. Campbell, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR TAKES PLEASURE in announcing to his numerous friends and acquaintances that he has taken the above Hotel, and is now ready to accommodate families and permanent boarders, in the best style and most satisfactory manner.

The DINING ROOM is spacious, and is well calculated to accommodate any number of guests.

The BAR-ROOM is also large, and will at all times be supplied with the choicest brands of WINES and LIQUORS that can be procured in the San Francisco market.

The proprietor has spared neither trouble or expense in fitting up this Hotel in all its essential appointments, to make it the best Hotel north of Sacramento.

Mr. Campbell hopes by strict attention to business, and a desire on his part to please his patrons, to receive a share of the public patronage. W. CAMPBELL, Cacheville, March 29, 1862. m29-tf

LICK HOUSE,

ALSTROM & CO.—The undersigned, formerly proprietors of the Oriental Hotel, respectfully inform the public that they have purchased the Lease and Furniture of the Lick House. Our friends and the public can rest assured that we shall leave nothing undone to merit their patronage.

It is conceived that the Lick House, has far superior advantages over all other hotels in California.

The house being but three stores high, the rooms are easy of access, well lighted, and contain all the modern improvements; the staircase and halls are wide, spacious and airy.

The Kitchen and Pantry are being enlarged, and we are certain of being able to give complete satisfaction in the Dining-hall department.

The Office will be under the superintendence of Mr. FRANK J. LAWLER, late of the St. Nicholas, New York.

S. ALSTROM, G. S. JOHANSON, J. M. LAWLER, San Francisco, Cal., April, 1863. ap25-tf

MECHANICS' EXCHANGE, (FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING)

DENTSCHE CASTIANS, 1 street, between Front and Second, SACRAMENTO.

HENRY TRECHLER, Proprietor

This House is in the immediate vicinity of the Steamboat Landings and Railroad Depot. The Best accommodations for Families at moderate terms.

Board per week, \$4 50; with Lodgings, \$5 50 Meals, 37 1/2 cents; Beds, 25 and 50 cents. N. B.—Red and White Wine, of Yolo county manufacture, always on hand. jan24-3m

IMPROVED FARMS TO LET OR SELL GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO EMIGRANTS AND FARMERS!!

THE undersigned has several Thousand Acres of Land to Lease or Rent to parties wishing to cultivate. The land is of the richest and most fertile in the Sacramento Valley, and produces the finest crops of wheat, barley and oats in Yolo county. The land is all under good board fence, and it will be let in quantities to suit.

All improvements put on the land by cultivators or renters, will be taken at their appraised valuation at the expiration of the term of the lease.

The land will be rented at a cash rent of \$3 00 per acre per annum, or one-fourth of the crop, at the option of the renter, with the reserved privilege of buying at an agreed price.

Parties wishing to make division fences, the lumber will be furnished free for the purpose.

When parties Rent the land, the pasturage is reserved after the crops are secured.

For further particulars, apply on the premises to JEROME C. DAVIS, Putah Creek

S. W. RAVELEY, Agent, Knight's Landing. nov1-tf

TAKE NOTICE! LUMBER! LUMBER! LUMBER! AND POSTS,

Of all kinds, can be obtained at the KNIGHT'S LANDING LUMBER YARD.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED a Lumber Yard at the above place, is now prepared to sell all kinds of Posts and Lumber at the same price as furnished in Sacramento.

The facilities I have for furnishing Lumber at the prices, is accounted for by my having my own steamer and barges.

I would call the attention of those wanting Lumber or Posts, to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

n30-tf CAPT. TRUEWORTHY, Knight's Landing.

GEO. W. STEWART, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION Merchant,

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN GROCERIES, PROVISION, FLOUR, GRAIN Etc., etc., etc.

No. 45 Front street, between J and K, SACRAMENTO.

Seed Wheat, Oats, Barley and Wild Oats, in quantities to suit buyers. jan24-3m

E. & C. CRUHLER, COLUMBUS BREWERY,

Corner of C and 16th streets, Sacramento.

LAGER of the FINEST QUALITY may be obtained in any quantity at this well known establishment and at the DEPOT—Gruhier's Saloon, Sixth street, between J and K streets.

Orders from the Country promptly attended to. nov9-tf

1863. 1863.

HATS! CAPS! HATS!

JUST RECEIVED, FROM Europe and the Eastern States, by LAMOTT, HATTER

A Large and Magnificent Lot of New Styles of SOFT AND STRAW HATS,

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE Sold at Prices Lower than any House in the State.

The Stock Comprises the Following: The Zephyr Hat, the Canton Hat, the Jeddo Dunatable Hat, the Panama Hat, the Maricao Hat, the Fayar Hat the Leghorn Hat, the Princeton Hat, the Peruvian Hat—both soft and stiff,—the Cassimere Hat—both soft and stiff, of different shapes and color,—the Blue, White, and Drab Beaver—Dress style; the Otter, Seal and Nova Scotia Stock Hat; the Black, Drab, Pearl and Brown Stage Hat.

SOFT HATS, OF BEAVER, NULRIA, RUSSIA, NANKEEN, WHITE, BLACK, BROWN, CLARET,

CINNAMON AND DRAB COLORS Of Every Conceivable Shape.

CHILDREN'S HATS AND CAPS, IN LARGE QUANTITIES.

SILK HATS, Of the New Style and all Styles, Made to Order.

And Hundreds of other kinds, too numerous to mention, at LAMOTT'S, july12-tf 37 J Street, near corner 2d. je6-tf Sacramento.

SUMMER FASHIONS.

O'CONNELL, RYAN & CO. OLD STORE, 83 J ST. SACRAMENTO,

Have now on hand A very complete assortment of NEW STYLE MANTLES,

Dress Goods of the choicest varieties, Organ-dies, Jaconets, Book Muslins, Poplin Checks, Norwich Goods, Plain and Checked Linen Lawns, (Quite New.)

A splendid Stock of Black Silks and plain Glaeces, (at the old prices), Linens and Domestics, in all makes, Furnishing Goods, fine white Blankets, both French English and California, Counterpanes, &c., &c.

We ask particular attention to our HOSEIERY, Selected in the Best Markets, and which we sell very low.

Also, a fine Lot of FRENCH PRINTS, At incredibly Low Prices.

83 J street, between Third and Fourth june6-tf

VAN WINKLE & DUNCAN, DEALERS IN IRON, STEEL, CUMBERLAND COAL, BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS, &c.

Sole Proprietors of the Salmon & Bliss TIRE UPSETTING MACHINES, The best Labor-Saving Machine now in use.

NEW YORK HAND MADE HORSE NAILS, A very superior article.

Large Head Tire River Pins to Fit all Sizes. Particular attention paid to orders from the Country. 93 J Street, and 22, 24, and 26, 4th Street, july5-tf SACRAMENTO.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY!!! CALIFORNIA MARBLE.

HAVING been awarded the First Prizes at the different State Fairs for Monumental work, we would respectfully call Particular Attention to our specimens of California Marble, and Workmanship now on hand. It is the best Marble ever found in the United States, and is not excelled in Europe for general purposes. It is free from flint or iron, more compact, of finer texture, and susceptible of as high a polish as the best Italian. As we quarry our own Marble, and are practical workmen in it, we can furnish anything in our line Cheaper than the Cheapest.

And as Good as the Best! To satisfy yourselves of the fact, please call at our Premium Pioneer Marble Works, K street, between 5th and 6th, SACRAMENTO.

A. AITKIN & CO. Sculpture and Ornamental work done to order. jan24-tf

BAKER & HAMILTON, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN Farming Implements & Machines, J STREET, BETWEEN FRONT AND 2D, SACRAMENTO.

VIZ: Threshing, reaping and mowing machines; horse hay rakes, cast and steel plows, plow castings, cultivators, harrows, harrow teeth, churns, cheese presses, grain cradles, seed sowers, corn planters, corn shellers, hoes, horse hoes, shovels, spades and trowels, garden shears, reels and lines, garden rakes, straw cutters, sugar mills, fan mills, hay and manure forks, hay knives, axes, hatchets, ax-handles, sickles, scythes, snathes, bush scythes, road scrapers, grind stones, wheel barrows, sausage cutters and stuffers, ox yokes and bows, patent bow pins, bow ding and pruning knives, well wheels and buckets, etc., etc.

PATENT COMBINED GANG PLOW, SEED SOWER AND HARROW.

We have purchased the right this great labor-saving implement for the State of California, and are having a number made in the Atlantic States for this market.

With this combined Machine one man, with six horses, can do the work of three twelve inch plows, besides sowing the grain, and harrowing it in as he proceeds, thus finishing his work in the best manner possible, without being obliged to travel over the plowed ground.

This Machine was very thoroughly tested by the farmers of Santa Clara county, where some eighty are now in use; also, by the Messrs. Hensel & Kethley, of this county, and Messrs. Hoppin Brothers, near Cacheville, Yolo county.

It is made very substantial; is not liable to get out of order, and being on large truck wheels, the Gang Plow, Seed Sower and Harrow, runs lighter than three plows would, cutting the same amount of land.

We are desirous of having these plows generally introduced throughout the State, and are therefore prepared to offer very favorable inducements to farmers and the trade. The following are some of the names of our customers who have used them for the past two seasons:

Sacramento county—Hensel & Kethley. Yolo county—Hoppin Brothers, L M Curtis, Caleb Davis, C Travers, A J Scroggins. Sutter county—M Boulware, A L Chandler. Colusa county—James Timothy, J Crouch. Butte county—Major J Bidwell. Placer county—E Miles.

...ALSO... Field, Grass, Seed, Flower AND GARDEN SEEDS

A large portion of which are imported by Express, and selected by experienced Seedsmen in the East, packed in hermetically sealed cases, and guaranteed.

Hand and horse Hay Presses made to order. nov22-3m

THE THOROUGHBRED HORSE RIFLEMAN,

Will stand for Mares this season at Doll's Ranch, midway on the main road between Red Bluff and Tehama, up to August 1st.

TERMS \$100 PER SEASON. PEDIGREE:

RIFLEMAN, b. h, bred by John H. Cooper of Fayette county, Ky., in 1855. Got by Imp. Glencoe, out of the dam of Frazier and Marksmen by Rodolph, g d Betterly by Sumpter—Mara by Imp Buzzard—Maria by Danbridge's Fearnaught—Imp Janus.

Rodolph was by Sir Archy of Transport, dam by Haxell's Moses, (bg by Imp Sir Harry) g d by Blackburn's Whip, g g d Maria by Craig's Alfred, g g g d the celebrated Prior mare.

Sumpter was by Sir Archy, out of a sister to the dam of Thornton's Rattier by Imp Robin Redbreast, g d by Obscurity, g g d Old Slamerkin by Imp Wildair, g g g d the mare Cub imported by Col Delaney, of Virginia, in 1767

Buzzard was imported in 1787; got by Woodpecker, dam by Dux-Curiosity by Snap-Regulus-Godolphin Arab.

Imp Janus was folded in 1746 and got by English Janus dam by Fox, g d by the Bald Galloway.

Glencoe was bred by the Earl of Jersey, in 1831, and won two thousand guineas, Riddsworth, and Goodwood cup in 1834. The next year he won the gold cup at "Royal Ascot" and then challenged for the Whip, which he met with no acceptance. He now retired from the turf and was imported into the United States, by James Jackson, in 1837. Got by Sultan, out of Trampoline by Tram-Web by Waxy-Penelope by Trumpeter-Frunella by Hillyer-Primise by Snap-Julia by Blank-Spectator dam by Partner-Bonny Lass by Bay Bolton-Darby Arabian-Ilyerly-Turk-Tafolet's Barb-Place's White Turk-Natural Barb Mare.

Rifelman, at the State Fair of 1852 took the first premium for thoroughbred horses, and was entered for the "sweepstakes" for thoroughbreds and had no competitors.

Persons sending mares from a distance can rely upon their stock receiving careful and particular attention by experienced men, and being provided with ample enclosed pasturage, and without extra charge during the season, of the best quality, but at the risk of the owners. J. G. DOLL, Reb Bluff.

N. B.—Clubs of 5 mares \$80 00 each will be charged instead of \$100 00, and a corresponding decrease in price up to 10 mares in a Club; and further, that I will send a careful man to any point in Yolo, or adjoining counties, to take the mares to my Ranch. apr4 td J. G. D.

Mares can be left at the stables of Frank Malone Sacramento, or with Jerome Davis, at his ranch—either of whom are authorized to receipt for the same and provide for their safe transit to my ranch in Tehama county.

THE CELEBRATED JACK BLACK WARRIOR,

Six years old, 15 1/2 Hands High. Will stand the ensuing season at the ranch of JEROME C. DAVIS, fifteen miles West of Sacramento City, in Yolo county, at TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

Black Warrior took the premium at the State Fair several years, and is a valuable animal.

Mares for the above can be sent to the stables of E. M. Skaggs, on 2nd street, between K and L, Sacramento, or direct to the Ranch, where the best care will be taken of them, but at the risk of the owners. GREEN & TURNER, mar28 tf K st bet Front & 2d, Sacramento.

Toilet Articles,

To which the attention of the Ladies is invited. Just received and for sale at Raveley's.