

**GHQ/SCAP Records (RG 331, National Archives and Records Service)**

**Description of contents**

- (1) Box no. **2812**
- (2) Folder title/number: **(26)**  
**VD Control Reports**
- (3) Date: **Mar. 1949 - Sept. 1949**

(4) Subject:

Classification	Type of record
032.2, 751	c, d

(5) Item description and comment:

(6) Reproduction:  Yes  No

(7) Film no.

Sheet no.

(Compiled by *National Diet Library*)



*Public Health*

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY  
United States Army  
APO 343

035  
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PLAN FOR  
CIVIL INFORMATION ACTIVITIES  
ON  
DISEASE CONTROL  
(Tuberculosis, Venereal Diseases, Trachoma, Smallpox and Rabies)

References:

OD 38 (1 May 48) "Control of Tuberculosis"

Pamphlet, "Tuberculosis Control Services in the Health Center,"  
March 1948 (Distributed at Suginami Health Center demonstration)

TB-PH Prev. Med. 2, PH&E Sec., SCAP, 1947, "Tuberculosis Manual"  
(Translated and distributed to public health centers)

OD 72 (19 Dec 47) "Prevention and Control of Venereal Disease"

OD 15 (29 Jan 46) "Smallpox Vaccination of Japanese Civilians"

Military Government Bulletin (15 June 48) p. 23

Objective of the Program:

To inform the Japanese public of methods to prevent and cure  
tuberculosis, venereal diseases, trachoma, smallpox and rabies.

SECTION I  
THE SITUATION

Tuberculosis:

This disease is one of the most important public health problems in  
Japan. More than 210,000 were reported last year, and 144,000 in the first  
22 weeks of this year. Public health officials believe many cases are not  
reported, and, more important, that thousands of Japanese have TB and are  
not aware of it.

The Japanese have one of the highest tuberculosis rates in the world.  
Part of this high rate is attributed to crowded living conditions, because  
the disease is highly infectious and is easily transmitted from an infected  
member of a family to other members.

Inclosure 1



Early treatment of the disease will cure it in most instances; however, there is no sure method of self-diagnosis in the early stages. The symptoms of continual coughing, spitting up of blood, fever and "feeling of tiredness" appear in later stages of the disease. When these are apparent, infected persons spread germs to others by coughing and breathing in their faces, promiscuous spitting and unsanitary handling of eating utensils.

Tuberculosis cannot be detected by outside appearances. The only sure method of detection is by a physician's examination. Those who suspect they may have it should go to their personal physician, school physician or to a public health center for an examination and chest X-ray.

Persons diagnosed as having advanced tuberculosis should be isolated, preferably in a sanatorium. Where patients are treated in homes, other members of the family should be aware of the infectious nature of tuberculosis. They should know that sterile techniques must be used with eating utensils, that patients must be isolated and that sputum and excreta must be disposed of in a sanitary manner to avoid infecting others.

#### Venereal Diseases:

The two most common types are syphilis and gonorrhea, two distinct diseases, and are handled separately here for clarity. They should receive about equal stress in the program.

Syphilis cases reported in 1947 were 147,000. In the first 22 weeks of this year 101,000 cases were treated. At first glance this would appear to be an increase over last year, but public health officials believe that the larger figure is caused by an awareness that the disease is curable in most instances and consequently more people are reporting for treatment. Intensive information work will produce ever better results over the next few months.

Syphilis probably kills more people than any other contagious disease. It is caused by a germ and is spread from one person to another by sexual relations, usually extra-marital. In the later stages it can cause insanity, heart disease and blindness.

The first sign of the disease is a sore occurring where the germ entered the body. Those who suspect they have syphilis should see their personal physician or go to a public health center immediately. The disease can be cured if treatment is begun early, and even advanced cases may be helped with new drugs now available. Self-treatment, however, is dangerous.

Methods of control include wide education to encourage those with suspected syphilis to seek treatment. Until legislation is enacted requiring it, pre-marital testing should be encouraged. Expectant mothers, too, should have an early examination, since the disease can be cured or arrested before delivery, thus preventing infection of babies at birth.



Gonorrhoea cases reported last year totaled 211,000. In the first 22 weeks of this year 108,000 were reported. More prevalent than syphilis, this disease is easily cured in early stages with new drugs. Usually treatment lasts for only a few hours and is painless. This point should be emphasized to break down the fear of treatment.

An unusual discharge from the sex organ may be a sign of gonorrhoea. Another early symptom is a burning pain while urinating. These signs may appear from one to eight days after infection. However, neither of these indications may be apparent in women who are infected. The only sure method of detection is a physical examination.

Gonorrhoea may attack the heart, cause blindness, rheumatism or arthritis. Untreated gonorrhoea is one reason why many men and women cannot have children.

#### Trachoma:

This is a prevalent eye disease and is much feared by Japanese because if not treated it can cause blindness. Infectious, trachoma is a filth disease and is spread from one person to another by contact. The usual method of infection is from dirty hands to eyes. Children are particularly susceptible since they handle filthy objects and have frequent contact with floors and the ground. Usual measures of cleanliness will do much to lessen opportunity of catching the disease.

When trachoma is suspected a physician should be consulted. Excellent results have been obtained from treatment with sulfa drugs. The supply is now plentiful. Previous methods of treatment were for the most part unsatisfactory, but now early cases can be cured almost immediately and advanced cases can be much improved.

#### Smallpox:

Since the serious outbreak in 1946, this disease has been well under control, but chances of an epidemic are always present. Vaccination is a sure preventative. There is now ample vaccine for nation-wide immunization. Those most susceptible are children, who should be vaccinated at six months of age, just prior to entering school and at the end of their primary school work. Legislation has been introduced into the Diet requiring this.

#### Rabies:

The "Law for the Prevention of Infectious Diseases of Domestic Animals" provides for immunization against rabies of all dogs once each year. Any dog which bites a person should be held in quarantine for 14 days. It should not be killed, because then rabies cannot be determined. If the impounded dog dies, indicating rabies, then the bitten person should



receive the Pasteur treatment. Children should not be inoculated for rabies unless they have been bitten by a dog.

Every effort should be made to make sure that all dogs in each prefecture are vaccinated. Impounding of stray dogs is another important measure in the control of rabies.

## SECTION II THEMES

The following themes may be adapted for visual displays and may be used as basic appeals for newspaper articles, spot announcements and lectures:

Get behind the drive to rid your community of tuberculosis. First have a chest X-ray yourself at the public health center; then urge your neighbors and friends to have X-rays.

Until everyone in your town is free from tuberculosis, no home can be entirely safe.

Good health is important to your job, your income, your children's welfare. Be tested for syphilis and gonorrhea and be sure.

Modern treatment for early syphilis and gonorrhea lasts only a few hours and is painless. Even advanced cases can be cured or arrested.

Contemplating marriage? A physical examination is as much a part of wedding preparations as arrangements for shonin (witnesses).

Pre-natal examination for venereal disease safeguards your expected baby's health.

Early stages of trachoma can be quickly cured by new drugs; even advanced cases can be cured or improved.

Smallpox immunization gives you full protection. Be immunized now at your public health center or by your personal physician.

Insist that your children be immunized against smallpox by the school.

All dogs should be vaccinated against rabies once each year.

## METHODS

This information plan can be tied in with "Sanitation and Insect Control" and carried on as one over-all public health campaign. Emphasis should be placed on two major problems in Japanese public health: tuberculosis and venereal disease control. Handling of activities concerning



trachoma, smallpox and rabies should not be allowed to reduce the attention given TB and VD.

The committee of local citizens used to carry out the "Sanitation and Insect Control" program could in addition handle this campaign. The prefectural public health office should assume responsibility for heading up and implementing activities suggested by the committee to educate the populace concerning these diseases.

Newspaper support should be sought in bringing measures for prevention and cure to the attention of the public. It should be the operating policy of every newspaper to support campaigns of this type which strive to improve the general welfare of the public.

Inclosure 2 contains questions and answers on tuberculosis which could be used by newspapers as a daily quiz, running for seven days.

The material on chest X-ray, syphilis and gonorrhoea could be used for one-sheet pamphlets or for instruction through newspapers.

Exhibits and posters should be encouraged to promote chest X-ray drives, pre-marital and pre-natal physical examinations. Local drug concerns could participate in the program with exhibits and displays.

A public meeting with high prefectural officials, the prefectural public health officer and prominent local physicians, with newspaper and radio coverage, would be an impressive campaign send-off. In addition, lectures to organizations by physicians, nurses and public health officials would not only provide first-hand information to audiences, but allow for questions concerning these much misunderstood diseases. The series of VD posters distributed to prefectural health offices in May can be used as kamishibai to illustrate lectures and discussions.



## SYPHILIS - ITS CAUSE...SPREAD...CURE

Syphilis is a Disease.- It is caused by a germ. It is spread, like other germ diseases, from one person to another.

Syphilis is Dangerous.- Syphilis can cause insanity. Syphilis can cause blindness. Syphilis can cause heart disease. Syphilis kills thousands each year in this country. Babies very often catch syphilis before they are born if their mothers have the disease. Syphilis can cause miscarriages, dead babies, or crippled, sickly, and insane children.

Syphilis is Spread From One Person to Another.- Because syphilis is caused by a germ, it is caught when this germ passes from an infected person to one who is not infected. Syphilis is caught from infected people, usually by having sex relations with them or through other close physical contact, such as kissing. The syphilis germ cannot live long away from the human body.

Signs of Syphilis.-

1. Primary syphilis. The first sign of syphilis usually is a sore. The sore appears in about three weeks at the point where the germ entered the skin...on the sex organs, or on the lips or fingers. The sore is called a chancre. It may look like a pimple, blister, or large open sore. But, at times there is no chancre. Sometimes it is not noticed, or, if the patient is a woman, the sore may be inside the sex parts.

2. Secondary syphilis. The sore disappears even without treatment- but, without treatment, the germ that causes syphilis will not disappear and syphilis remains in the body. Three to six weeks after the first sore, a rash may appear on the body. Sores may occur in the mouth. There may be fever, headache, sore throat.

This is the second stage of syphilis. Sometimes these symptoms are so slight they are not noticed. But the disease is very catching in this stage.

3. Late syphilis. The sores, rashes, sore throat, may disappear without treatment. But the germ is still there--hidden. After a few years it may invade the brain, the spinal cord, the liver, the spleen, the heart, the blood vessels, and other parts of the body.

See a Doctor.- Many people have syphilis and do not know it...only a doctor can determine whether you have syphilis. If you think you may have been exposed to syphilis, see your own doctor or the doctor at the health center.

The doctor will examine you carefully. He will give you a blood test. This means that he will take a small sample of your blood and send it to a laboratory where special tests will be made to help the doctor find out whether you do or do not have syphilis. In some cases, the doctor may send a sample

Inclosure 2



of your spinal fluid to the laboratory for a test. You may have to return to the doctor several times for additional examinations and laboratory tests.

Every man and woman should have a blood test before marriage.

Every woman expecting a baby should have a blood test as soon as she knows she is pregnant.

Syphilis can be Cured.- Most cases of syphilis can be cured if treatment is begun early. Even older cases of syphilis may be helped by treatment given by a doctor in his office or in a clinic.

Only doctors can treat syphilis. If you have syphilis..do not try to treat yourself..don't expect syphilis to cure itself..and don't take a chance on giving it to someone else. If you cannot pay for treatment, go to your local health department center. People with syphilis who complete treatment live longer than those who have the disease but fail to take complete treatment. If you have been treated for syphilis, be sure to return regularly to your doctor for check-ups.

Don't Take Chances.- There is only one sure protection against syphilis.. don't expose yourself to the disease. But if you think you may have been exposed, give yourself the best possible chance. See your doctor at once. Never try to treat yourself. Have a blood test and complete physical examination now and whenever you have any doubt, so you will know for sure.

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#### GONORRHEA - ITS CAUSE...SPREAD...CURE

Gonorrhea is a Disease...It is Catching.-- Gonorrhea is caused by a germ. Like many other germ diseases, gonorrhea is spread from person to person. This means that gonorrhea is a communicable or catching disease. Gonorrhea is caught when the germ passes from the body of someone who has the disease to another person. The germ which causes gonorrhea grows on the moist inner parts of the sex organs. Gonorrhea is usually caught through sexual intercourse with someone who has the disease--it is not caused by lifting heavy objects, it is not caused by strains.

Signs of Gonorrhea.- The first symptoms or signs of gonorrhea appear from 1 to 8 days after a person catches the disease. Any unusual discharge from the sex organs may be a sign of gonorrhea. Another early symptom is a burning pain while urinating. A man usually will notice these signs or symptoms if he has gonorrhea. But a woman with gonorrhea may not have a burning sensation, or the discharge may be so slight she will not notice it.

Results of Gonorrhea.- Gonorrhea may start mildly and sometimes may not do any serious damage to the person who has it...but if not treated, it sometimes make its victim an invalid.



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Results of Gonorrhea.- Gonorrhea may start mildly and sometimes may not do any serious damage to the person who has it...but if not treated, it sometimes make its victim an invalid.



The germ that causes gonorrhoea may cause great damage and pain in the sex organs. It may attack the heart. It may settle in the joints and cause rheumatism or arthritis. If the gonorrhoea germ gets into the eyes, it may cause blindness. Untreated gonorrhoea is one reason why many men and women cannot have children.

See your Doctor.- If you think you may have caught gonorrhoea, go to a doctor at once. If you can't afford to pay a doctor, go to your local health center. Painful urination or a discharge does not always mean gonorrhoea...it can be something else. So do not try to decide for yourself whether you have gonorrhoea.

Cure of Gonorrhoea.- Penicillin will cure most cases of gonorrhoea. The treatment requires only a short time in your doctor's office or in a clinic. Never try to treat yourself. Only a doctor knows how to treat gonorrhoea. If you have gonorrhoea, keep seeing your doctor until he says you are cured. The signs of gonorrhoea may disappear and you may think you are free of the disease. But it takes careful examination, especially of women, for the doctor to know there are no more gonorrhoea germs. And if you have gonorrhoea, don't take a chance on giving it to anyone else.

Protect Yourself.- The surest way to avoid gonorrhoea is to avoid sexual intercourse with any person who has the disease. You can't tell by a person's looks whether he or she has gonorrhoea. Before marriage, go to a doctor for a complete health examination. The blood test is a test for syphilis. But gonorrhoea is different from syphilis, even though both diseases are usually caught the same way...and sometimes at the same time. So, a medical examination is necessary to make sure that there is no gonorrhoea.

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#### TUBERCULOSIS

Conditions for which you should consult your physician, or go to the Health Center.

Chronic cough.

Coughing up phlegm upon getting up in the morning.

How to protect yourself from tuberculosis.

Keep away from those who cough or spit.

Always wash your hands thoroughly before handling any food and before eating.

Do not breathe in dusty air.

How to prevent serious illness from tuberculosis.

Receive tuberculin test.

Receive protection by B.C.G. inoculation if you are still entirely free from infection.

Receive chest examination by X-ray and by physical examination.

What to do if you have early (mild) tuberculosis.

Eat balanced diet.

Rest continuously in bed.

Avoid becoming tired.

Follow physician's instructions.



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Receive chest examination by X-ray and by physical examination.

What to do if you have early (mild) tuberculosis.

Eat balanced diet.

Rest continuously in bed.

Avoid becoming tired.

Follow physician's instructions.



What to do if you have serious tuberculosis.

Use your own separate dishes and clean them with boiling water.

Protect others by covering your cough, by spitting only in paper which is then burned, by sleeping apart from others.

Follow the instructions of your physician and, if possible, receive treatment in a hospital.

Important things to remember about tuberculosis.

Tuberculosis germs come from the mouth of people with serious tuberculosis when they cough, speak, spit.

Tuberculosis germs, from the mouth of tuberculous people, get into the air, onto the ground and onto the street, onto food, onto eating things.

Tuberculosis germs get into the bodies of healthy people through the nose with the air and with the dust, and through the mouth with the food, from eating dishes, and from the hands after you have touched objects onto which germs have followed.

Tuberculosis germs are easily transferred by kissing someone who has tuberculosis.

Babies catch tuberculosis very easily because they have no resistance against the disease, and because they are permitted to put dirty things into their mouths.

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(The following questions and answers may be used singly as a daily newspaper feature with the question on one page and the answer on another):

1. Tuberculosis (or TB) is a disease a person is born with. TRUE or FALSE?  
Answer: FALSE. No baby has TB when it is born. TB is caused by a germ. We catch TB from someone who has it--someone who is spreading TB germs when he coughs, sneezes, or spits, or who leaves the germs on things he uses or touches. TB spreads easily where people live or work close together as they do in the home.
2. Working hard in a damp dirty place gives people TB. TRUE or FALSE?  
Answer: FALSE. TB can occur on any job or in any place where someone who has TB is spreading the disease to other people.
3. Older people can forget about TB- only young people have it. TRUE or FALSE?  
Answer: FALSE. TB can effect anyone at any age. Men between 44 to 53 years of age and women between 24 and 33 are most often affected.
4. It is easy to know when you have TB, because you feel so sick. TRUE or FALSE?  
Answer: FALSE. Early TB does not make one sick. It is only in the advanced cases of the disease that people lose their appetite, have chest pains, spit up blood and lose weight.
5. You can tell when people have TB just by looking at them. TRUE or FALSE?  
Answer: FALSE. People who have early TB look fine. It takes an X-ray to find the damaged lung.



6. Why treat TB? People who have it are going to die anyway. TRUE or FALSE?  
Answer: FALSE. When TB is found early and treated immediately, it usually can be cured.
7. At last there's a wonderful drug that cures tuberculosis. TRUE or FALSE?  
Answer: FALSE. Doctors are searching for a safe serum or drug or something that is a sure cure for TB. So far it has not been found. The treatment for TB is bed rest, preferably in a sanatorium or hospital, plus food and fresh air and whatever else the doctor orders. The mainstay is rest in bed.

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YOU need a chest X-ray, IF-  
YOU have never had a chest X-ray.  
YOU have not had a chest X-ray  
in the last two years.  
There has been TB in your home.  
YOU have worked with someone who  
had tuberculosis.  
YOU want to know your lungs are well.  
SEE your doctor or your local  
health center.

YOU are in danger and need a  
chest X-ray, IF-  
YOU feel tired all the time for no  
good reason. If your appetite  
is poor and you are losing weight.  
YOU catch cold easily and it takes a  
long time to get well. IF you  
have a cough that persists.  
YOU have been told that you have a con-  
gestion in the lungs, bronchitis,  
asthma, heart trouble, pleurisy  
or sinus infection.  
SEE your doctor or go to your  
local health center.



September 21, '49

TO : Public Health Section, T.C.A.T.  
FROM : Preventive Medicine Section, Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.  
SUBJECT : On transaction of Acts against ~~V.D. Prevention Law~~  
and Ordinance for Control of Prostitution.....in  
Tokyo-to District.

In compliance with the intention of the GHQ authorities, the Japanese authorities have come now to deal with problems of control of prostitution according to the Japanese laws and ordinances for the control of prostitution. Among the Japanese laws and ordinances for the control of prostitution now in force, there are not only the V.D. Prevention Law and Ordinance for the Control of Prostitution....., both leading law and ordinance, but also articles of the Imperial Ordinance 9 which provide punishment of procurers, and the Law for the Welfare of Children.

But it is indeed a matter of great regret that satisfactory results of apprehension, examination and medical treatment of prostitutes cannot be expected inasmuch as there arise some doubts about application of these laws and ordinances from a view-point of interpretation. The doubtful points follow:

- (1) As for the violators provided by the Ordinance for the Control of Prostitution....., the apprehension is in consideration of various circumstances limited to the very act only, for the apprehension is, unless positive proofs are found, impossible even if there are a large number of those acting in violation of the ordinance.
- (2) If so, it is considered unavoidable that, to apprehend the overlooked as being not in the very act, the article 11 of V.D. Prevention Law, which provided compulsory examination for those suspected of conspicuous, customary prostitution, should be applied to the very overlooked. But the true aim of the article is to take an administrative measure to make the prostitutes undergo examination and medical treatment, not to apprehend them. For these prostitutes may undergo medical examination at an appointed place by the designated time even if they have received an order provided by the article 11 and so there is no reason for them to be detained. To our regret, it is doubtful whether they appear voluntarily for examination, owing to the lack of a sense of autonomy, even if they have received an examination order. Though those not appearing for examination shall of course be dealt with by article 32



of the law, the majority of them are of no fixed address and some of them live outside of Tokyo-to district. So it is feared that it will require much time and money to apprehend them.

In short, there arise some doubts about application of the laws and ordinances inasmuch as apprehension of the prostitutes being in the very act, if possible, would be limited to a very small minority and on the other hand Health Bureau officers, lacking a right of detention, cannot be expected to promote efficiency in taking necessary measures.

Therefore, it is quite natural that prevalent incidence of VD cases infected by the prostitutes should become a serious social problem if future control of prostitution should be consistent and unchanged in taking an abovementioned passive, lukewarm attitude.

Therefore, if we are allowed to interpret article 11 of the VD Prevention Law as applicable as in the cases so far dealt with by the Tokyo Military Police authorities, and moreover, if we have the honor of being allowed by the Tokyo Civil Affairs Team, the doubts in question will be dissolved.

From the abovementioned viewpoint, the Tokyo-to Health Bureau have laid down a future program, but only this year it requires presentation of an extraordinary budget to and an approval by the Metropolitan Diet. It is regrettable that, in view of the present financial situation of Tokyo-to, any margin for being approved by the Metropolitan Diet cannot be discovered.

Moreover, matters of this nature admit no expense to be borne by the local government alone. So we have again and again asked the Welfare Ministry to procure funds for this purpose. But the ministry has done nothing but to answer that it is beyond its power to ask the Financial Ministry for the funds unless there is any suggestion by the Tokyo Civil Affairs Team. Thus Tokyo-to, incapable of laying down any concrete program, has been only moping. Unless the budget is approved, Tokyo-to cannot expect any activity from the administrative measures for the prevention and medical treatment of V.D. Therefore, Tokyo-to hopes sincerely that the Tokyo Civil Affairs Team will take the present financial situation of Tokyo-to into consideration and issue a resolute note or instruction to both the Welfare Ministry and Governor of Tokyo-to to the effect that the budgetary measures be taken.



Budget for transaction of acts against V.D. Prevention Law  
and Ordinance for Control of Prostitution.....

1. Name of function:

Compulsory examination for those suspected of conspicuous, customary prostitution according to article 11 of <sup>VP</sup> Prevention Law.

2. Outline of function:

Investigation and finding of those suspected of conspicuous, customary prostitution as a main source of V.D. infection and compulsory examination for them with a view to preventing prevalent incidence of V.D. cases.

3. Content of function:

(1) Object of article 11:

So-called street-walkers and other prostitutes: 24,000

(2) Area and period: Throughout Tokyo-to district and all year round.

(3) Composition of team:

(a) Inspection teams:

5 members X 5 teams [of 1 leader (clerk), 1 assistant leader (clerk) & 3 other members (clerks or assistant-clerks)].

(b) Examination teams:

3 members X 2 teams [of 1 leader (V.D. doctor), 1 P.H. nurse or nurse & 1 clerk].

4. Function of teams:

(a) Inspection teams:

To investigate and trace whereabouts of street-walkers, other prostitutes and of those suspected of conspicuous, customary prostitution, deliver V.D. examination orders provided by article 11 of V.D. Prevention Law to those



discovered with cooperation of police authorities according to circumstances and to make them undergo health examination at hospitals and V.D. clinics provided by article 16.

(b) Examination teams:

To conduct compulsory examinations at request of police authorities for those under detained investigation on ground of acts against article 26 of V.D. Prevention Law and article 2 of Ordinance for Control of Prostitution....

(5) Mobilization:

(a) Inspection teams:

Day-duty..... 2 teams daily from 0 p.m. to 5 p.m.,  
25 times monthly.  
Night-duty..... 3 teams daily from 5 p.m. to 0 a.m.

(b) Examination teams: unsettled.

(6) Cars for this function:

(a) Inspection teams:

3 trucks each, 9 daily in total, 25 times monthly, 225 monthly in total.

(b) Examination teams:

2 cars daily, 25 times monthly, 50 monthly in total.

4. Budget for function (from August 1, '49 to March 31, '50):

Total sum .....	15,235,989 yen
(a) Personnel .....	1,729,849 "
(b) Allowances .....	2,727,500 "
(c) Travelling .....	840,000 "
(d) Expendable & non-expendable....	9,866,640 "
(e) Miscellaneous .....	72,000 "
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>15,235,989 "</b>



26 August, 1949

TO : Public Health Sect., T.C.A.T.  
 FROM : Preventive Medicine Sect., Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.  
 SUBJECT : Outline of program for VD prevention week.

## 1. VD examination by Ide's reaction in street:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Hour</u>	<u>Place</u>	<u>No. treating teams</u>
Sept. 1	9 a.m. to 4 p.m.	In front of Shibuya Station	1
" "	"	" Shinjuku "	"
" 3	"	" Tokyo "	"
" "	"	" Kinshicho "	"
" 5	"	" Uyeno "	"
" "	"	" Ikebukuro "	"
" 7	"	" Shinagawa "	"
" "	"	" Tachikawa "	"

Remarks: (a) <sup>Testing</sup> ~~Treating~~ teams : To form daily 2 teams composed of 5 members each (1 doctor, 2 nurses & 2 clerks)

(b) Method : To select 4 days out of the week, perform free charge examinations by Ide's reaction and consultations on VD prevention and exhibit posters in such a manner as travelling exhibition.



## 2. Operation of microphone-automobiles:

<u>Date</u>	<u>Place</u>	<u>Publicity team</u>
Sept. 1	Shibuya, Harajuku, Shinjuku & Yotsuya	1 (of 3 members)
" 3	Yurakucho, Tokyo, Ginza & Kinshicho	"
" 5	Kanda, Asakusa, Ueno & Ikebukuro	"
" 7	Shimbashi, Shinagawa, Oi & Kamata	"

## Remarks:

Method: To select 4 days out of the week, employ microphones with a view to appealing to the general citizens for VD prevention putting emphasis on the areas where examinations by Ide's reaction were done, and distribute leaflets to them.

## 3. Exhibition of posters:

To distribute posters to all health centers and put up them at important places in HC districts.

## 4. Holding of movie-lecture meetings:

(a) To select companies, factories and organizations.

(b) To hold the meetings 3 times during the week.

## 5. Screening of lantern-slides (T, CCD No. 2,035)

To deliver lantern-slides through all health centers to movie theaters in HC districts and screen them during the week.



6. Free consultations on VD prevention:

To be done by all health centers during the week.



COPY*W. Wainwright*  
*V.D.*AG 726.1  
(16 November 1948)

1st Ind.

KGS/meb

SUBJECT: Communications from Japanese NRP

HQ KANTO MILITARY GOVERNMENT REGION, APO 201, 22 November 1948

TO: CG, IX Corps, APO 309

3 Incls  
n/c

K. G. S.

AG 726.1 (D)  
(16 Nov 48)  
HEADQUARTERS IX CORPS, APO 309

2nd Ind

JMW/ehb

2 December 1948

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343

1. Forwarded for your information.
2. Request that this matter be brought to the attention of the Commanding Officer, Johnson Air Force Base.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

s/t FRANCIS C. PARK  
Francis C. Park  
CWO, USA3 Incls:  
n/cAGMGX 726.1  
HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY, APO 343

3rd Ind

17 Feb 1949

TO: Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, APO 500

It is requested that this matter be brought to the attention of the Commanding General, Far East Air Force.

FOR THE COMMANDING GENERAL:

s/t MONROE N. HINEY  
Monroe N. Niney  
Major, AGD  
Asst. Adj Gen

3 incls n/c



C O P YHEADQUARTERS  
SAITAMA MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM  
APO 201CPH/te  
16 November 1948

726.1

SUBJECT: Communications from Japanese NRP.

TO: Commanding Officer  
Johnson Air Force Base, APO 994  
(Thru Channels)

1. Copies of communications from Japanese National Rural Police received by this headquarters on the activities of police picking up suspected prostitutes indicate coordinated efforts by military police in your area.
2. Information as to action to be taken by the Japanese in Venereal Disease Prevention as explained by the Public Health and Welfare Section of SCAP published in their Weekly Bulletin #95 dated 18 to 24 October is inclosed.
3. The Public Health Section of this headquarters is charged with the surveillance of the program and it is requested that your headquarters assist us by verifying that actions by police and military police do not violate the spirit of the instructions.

s/t CHARLES P. HAYWARD  
Charles P. Hayward  
Lt. Colonel, FA  
Commanding

3. Incls (In quad)  
Incl #1, Ltr. Saitama NRP Hq 29 Oct 48  
Incl #2, Ltr. Saitama NRP Hq 2 Nov 48  
Incl #3, Extract for GHQ, PH&W Sec Bul. #95.



Ltr. Saitama MGT, AG 726.1, subject, "Communications from Japanese National Rural Police," 16 Nov 48.

AG 726.1(16 Nov 48)PH

4th Ind

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, SUPREME COMMANDER FOR THE ALLIED POWERS, APO 500

TO: Commanding General, Far East Air Forces, APO 925.

1. Forwarded for your information.

2. The National Rural Police Report does not state the law or orders under which the police were operating. However, their actions in conjunction with the American Military Police in the described cases could be justified only in enforcement of:

a. The venereal Disease Prevention Law; and

b. Circular 41, General Headquarters, Far East Command, 17 April 1947, subject, "Venereal Disease Control", as amended, (now superseded by Circular 56, 28 December 1948).

3. Enforcement of the Venereal Disease Prevention Law, (Law, 167 of 1948). Under this law, as is indicated by the attached extract from Weekly Bulletin No. 95, 1948, Public Health and Welfare Section, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, arrest by the police may be made only when an individual has violated the law. Health Officials may obtain an order from the Governor of the prefecture requiring persons suspected of being habitual prostitutes to report for examination and to take treatment if infected, or to enter a hospital for treatment for the duration of infectiousness if such is considered necessary. However, such procedure is resorted to only when the patient will not submit to treatment under advice of competent health officials. There is no provision for the use of physical restraint or arrest in order to force anyone to have a health examination before such an order becomes final. Arrest by the police may then be made in case of a prosecution for refusal to have an examination or take treatments as ordered. Arrests can also be made in case of persons who violated the law by prostituting themselves while knowingly infected with contagious venereal disease or by assisting in or soliciting prostitution or providing a place for prostitution, with the knowledge of the presence of infectious venereal disease or without this knowledge as a result of negligence. As a practical matter, it is generally impossible to arrest persons for prostitution, aiding or soliciting prostitution or providing a place for prostitution, under this provision, unless the prostitute has first been examined and diagnosed by a physician as having an infectious venereal disease and was given the necessary information as the result of such diagnosis. In the attached report from the National Rural Police, it is apparent that the Japanese police, accompanied by American Military Police, were making arrests in order to force suspected streetwalkers to receive physical examinations. This procedure is contrary to the provisions of the Venereal Disease Prevention Law, as explained above.

FOR INFORMATION ONLY TO 8 Nov

3

TRENDS



AG 726.1(16 Nov 48)PH, ( ) ) 4th Ind  
Subj: Communications from Japanese National Rural Police, "

4. The second instance in which the National Rural Police can act in conjunction with American Military Police to arrest street girls is enforcement of General Headquarters, Far East Command Circular 41, dated 17 April 1947 as amended, (now superseded by Circular 56, 28 December 1948). At the time the attached report from the National Rural Police was made (29 October 1948) Circular 41 was in effect. This circular, which required a venereal disease contact report, was implemented by Circular 33, Headquarters, Eighth Army, 26 May 1948. Paragraph 4 of Circular 33 separately imposes on the area provost marshal the duty of close cooperation with appropriate health authorities and states that Japanese police will be used only if actual arrests are necessary, since the police are not to carry out the actual functions of contact tracing. When Circular 41, General Headquarters, Far East Command was rescinded and superseded by Circular 56, the paragraph on the contact report system was rewritten to clarify and delineate the proper channels for carrying out the procedure of contact tracing. Paragraph 2 of Circular 56 requires the contact report from to be completed by the medical officer making the diagnosis. It further states that every effort will be made to deliver all available information to the Public Health Officer of the Military Government Team concerned so that the contact named in the report may be located and brought under treatment. These amendments are intended to make it perfectly clear that contact tracing is primarily a public health function rather than a police function. In the attached report, it appears that the Japanese Police accompanied by American Military Police were making arrests before contact reports were received, contrary to the provisions of the cited circulars.

5. All Military Police units will be fully informed of these matters to insure that actions by Japanese police and American Military Police comply with Circular 56, General Headquarters, Far East Command, (28 December 1948) as well as with the spirit of the Venereal Disease Prevention Law.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MacARTHUR:

3 Incls:  
n/c



ACCESS RESTRICTED

The item identified below has been withdrawn from this file:

File Designation RG 331 Box 2812 Folder: VD CONTROL  
REPORTS

Date 22 JAN. 49

subject From VD CONTROL REPORTS

To \_\_\_\_\_

In the review of this file this item was removed because access to it is restricted. Restrictions on records in the National Archives are stated in general and specific record group restriction statements which are available for examination. The item identified above has been withdrawn because it contains:

- Security-Classified Information
- Otherwise Restricted Information

3 doc. 6pp.

FOIA 6  
Authority

2/13/80  
Date

MJS  
NNDG

WITHDRAWAL NOTICE



HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY  
 United States Army  
 Office of the Commanding General  
 APO 343

30 April 1949

AGNR 726

C O	
EX. O	
A. D. J.	
DET. CO	
SGT. MA J.	

WEEKLY VENEREAL DISEASE REPORT OF  
 OTHER EIGHTH ARMY UNITS FOR WEEK  
 ENDING 22 APRIL 1949

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<u>Hq Eighth Army</u>	1740		1740	5		5	149		149
Hq Co, Eighth Army	(1555)		(1555)	(5)		(5)	(167)		(167)
577th Comp Sv Co	(33)		(33)						
Hq Sp Trps	(26)		(26)						
160th Lang Det	(11)		(11)						
10th I&H	(20)		(20)						
8th ACA Dep	(8)		(8)						
8th ACA Det	(30)		(30)						
8000th WAC Det	(57)		(57)						
<u>Anti-aircraft</u>									
138th AAA Group	3033	1915	4948	25	19	44	429	516	462
Hq & Hq Btry, 138th AAA Group	(366)		(366)	(1)		(1)	(142)		(142)
Det 1, Hq & Hq Btry	(216)	(12)	(228)	(3)	(1)	(4)	(722)	(433)	(912)
138th AAA Aw (Tng) Bn	(4)	(467)	(471)		(4)	(4)		(445)	(442)
64th AAA Gun Bn	(139)		(139)						
70th AAA Gp	(10)		(10)						
76th AAA AW Bn	(50)	(682)	(732)		(9)	(9)		(686)	(639)
97th AAA AW Bn	(582)		(582)	(6)		(6)	(536)		(536)
162d AAA Opn Det	(128)		(128)	(1)		(1)	(406)		(406)
507th AAA AW Bn	(90)		(90)						
753d AAA Gun Bn	(685)		(685)	(7)		(7)	(531)		(531)
865th AAA AW Bn	(716)		(716)	(7)		(7)	(508)		(508)
933d AAA AW Bn	(28)	(754)	(782)		(5)	(5)		(345)	(332)
56th Army Band	No Report Received.								
8th Army RCAT	(14)		(14)						
3d Radar Maint Unit	(3)		(3)						
277th Sig Radar Unit	(2)		(2)						
40th AAA Brigade	25		25						
<u>Total Anti-aircraft Units</u>	3058	1915	4973	25	19	44	425	516	460
<u>Chemical</u>									
10th Chem Base Depot	76		76						
<u>Engineers</u>									
584th Ingr Const Gp	256		256	3		3	609		609
Hq & Hq Co	(46)		(46)						
45th Ingr Const Bn	(112)		(112)	(3)		(3)	(1393)		(1393)
598th Ingr Base Depot	982		982	7		7	371		371
Hq Co	(312)		(312)	(3)		(3)	(500)		(500)
738th Ingr Base Dep Co	(318)		(318)	(3)		(3)	(491)		(491)
736th Hvy Shop Co	(352)		(352)	(1)		(1)	(148)		(148)
43d Ingr Const Bn	172	475	647		4	4		438	321
Hq & Sv Co	(164)		(164)						
571st Ingr DT Co	(3)	(118)	(121)		(1)	(1)		(441)	(430)
570th Ingr Water Sup Co	(3)	(140)	(143)		(2)	(2)		(743)	(727)
55th Ingr Tdwy Bridge Co	(2)	(217)	(219)		(1)	(1)		(240)	(237)

R-876 MAY 2 1949

*Submitted*



*Continued*

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	white	negro	Total	White	negro	Total	white	negro	Total
<u>Engineers (Cont'd)</u>									
64th Engr Topo Bn	316		316						
Total Engr Units	1726	475	2201	10	4	14	301	438	331
<u>Medical</u>									
49th Gen Hosp	936	70	1006	2		2	111		103
Det MD	(511)		(511)	(1)		(1)	(102)		(102)
Patients	(425)	(70)	(495)	(1)		(1)	(122)		(105)
28th Sta Hosp	650	87	737						
Det MD	(340)		(340)						
Patients	(187)	(79)	(266)						
MD Tech School	(123)	(8)	(131)						
359th Dental ProspH Det	(3)		(3)						
361st Sta Hosp	419	13	432						
Det MD	(282)		(282)						
Patients	(137)	(13)	(150)						
406th Med Gen Lab	71		71						
5th med Depot	116		116	1		1	448		448
Total Medical Units	2192	170	2362	3		3	71		66
<u>Military Police Units</u>									
Sugamo Prison	(513)		(513)						
8th Army Stockade									
Hq Co	(332)		(332)	(1)		(1)	(157)		(157)
Prisoners	(530)	(120)	(650)	(5)		(5)	(491)		(400)
7th MP CID Det	(27)		(27)						
19th MP CID Det	(21)		(21)						
21st MP CID Det	(12)		(12)						
22d MP CID Det	(23)		(23)						
44th MP CID Det	(24)		(24)						
51st MP CID Det		(8)	(8)						
Total Mil Police Units (not including Prisoners)	952	8	960	1		1	55		54
Total Prisoners	530	120	650	5		5	491		400
<u>Military Government</u>									
Kenagawa MG Team	(112)		(112)	(1)		(1)	(464)		(464)
Shizuoka MG Team	(37)		(37)						
Tokyo MG Team	(75)		(75)						
Total Mil Govt Units	224		224	1		1	232		232
<u>Ordnance</u>									
229th Ord Base Depot	1351	382	1733	1		1	38		30
Hq & Hq Co	(105)		(105)						
Det 1, Hq & Hq Det	(67)		(67)						
7th Ord Bomb Disp Sq	(8)		(8)						
55th Ord Ammo Co		(191)	(191)						
72d Ord Base Dep Co	(69)		(69)						
587th Ord Sv Co	(34)		(34)						



	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<u>Ordnance (Cont'd)</u>									
229th Ord Base Dep (Cont'd)									
588th Ord Sv Co	(121)		(121)						
612th Ord Sv Co	(191)		(191)						
630th Ord Ammo Co	(15)	(191)	(206)						
823d Ord Base Dep Co	(85)		(85)	(1)		(1)	(612)		(612)
22d Ord Sv Bn	(626)		(626)						
1st Ord Bn (Hq & Hq Det)	(30)		(30)						
<u>Quartermaster Units</u>									
Tokyo QM Depot	923	486	1409	4	4	8	225	428	295
Assigned Units	856	230	1086	4	1	5	243	226	239
<u>Attached Units</u>									
16th Army Band	67	256	323		3	3		609	483
533d TC Trk Co		(34)	(34)						
540th TC Trk Co		(96)	(96)		(2)	(2)		(1083)	(1083)
551st TC Trk Co (3d Plt)		(100)	(100)		(1)	(1)		(520)	(520)
8002d Hydro Farm	(67)		(67)						
<u>Replacement Units</u>									
4th Repl Depot	2965	351	3316	24	10	34	421	1481	533
Permanent Party	835	5	840	6		6	374		371
Hq & Hq Co	(421)		(421)	(2)		(2)	(247)		(247)
Hq & Hq Co, 2d Bn	(140)		(140)	(3)		(3)	(1114)		(1114)
Hq & Hq Co, 14th Bn	(110)		(110)	(1)		(1)	(473)		(473)
Hq & Hq Co, 6403d AF									
OSP	(12)		(12)						
128th Sta Hosp (MD)	(61)	(2)	(63)						
Patients	(58)	(5)	(63)						
192d Fin Disb Sec	(15)		(15)						
53d QM Ldry Det	(5)		(5)						
536th QM Sales Det	(13)		(13)						
<u>Pipeline Personnel</u>									
2d Repl Bn	2130	346	2476	18	10	28	439	1503	588
14th Repl Bn	(1006)	(60)	(1066)	(2)	(1)	(3)	(103)	(867)	(146)
6403d AF OSPD	(766)	(276)	(1042)	(15)	(9)	(24)	(1018)	(1697)	(1198)
	(358)	(10)	(368)	(1)		(1)	(145)		(141)
<u>Schools</u>									
Eta Jima School Command	1364	316	1680	6	1	7	229	165	217
Hq & Sv Co	(259)		(259)	(1)		(1)	(201)		(201)
Co A (Cadre)	(23)		(23)						
Students	(109)	(21)	(130)						
Co B (Cadre)	(27)		(27)						
Students	(64)	(25)	(89)						
Co C (Cadre)	(27)		(27)						
Students	(90)	(22)	(112)	(2)		(2)	(1156)		(929)
Co D (Cadre)	(35)		(35)						
Students	(85)	(20)	(105)	(1)		(1)	(612)		(495)
Co E (Cadre)	(19)		(19)	(1)		(1)	(2737)		(2737)
Students	(105)	(30)	(135)						
Co F (Cadre)	(64)		(64)						
Students	(133)	(30)	(163)						



	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	white	negro	Total	white	negro	Total	white	negro	Total
<u>Schools (Cont'd)</u>									
Eta Jima Sch Com Cont'd									
Co G (Cadre)	(22)		(22)						
Students	(251)	(36)	(287)	(1)		(1)	(207)		(181)
Co I (Cadre)	(19)		(19)						
Students									
Co L (Cadre)	(31)	(3)	(34)						
611th Port Co (Cadre)									
Students	(1)	(129)	(130)	(1)	(1)		(403)		(400)
Total Cadre Eta Jima Sch Com	526	3	529	2		2	198		197
Total Students Eta Jima School Command	838	313	1151	4	1	5	248	166	226
<u>Eighth Army Signal School</u>									
Hq Co (Cadre)	1032	46	1078	5		5	252		241
Student	(133)		(133)						
	(8)		(8)						
Co A (Cadre)	(6)		(6)						
Students	(259)	(8)	(267)	(1)		(1)	(201)		(195)
Co D (Cadre)	(147)		(147)	(1)		(1)	(354)		(354)
Students	(143)	(28)	(171)						
Co E (Cadre)	(6)		(6)						
Students	(206)	(6)	(212)	(3)		(3)	(757)		(736)
Co F (Cadre)	(18)		(18)						
Students	(106)	(4)	(110)						
Total Cadre, 8th Army Sig School	310		310	1		1	169		169
Total students, 8th Army Sig School	722	46	768	4		4	288		270
<u>8th Army Engr School</u>									
Hq Co	394	58	452						
Students	(195)		(195)						
	(199)	(58)	(257)						
Total Schools, Cadre	1031	3	1034	3		3	151		151
Total Schools, Students	1759	417	2176	8	1	9	236	125	215
Total Schools, Cadre and Students	2790	420	3210	11	1	12	205	124	194
<u>Signal Units</u>									
72d Sig Sv Bn									
Hq & Hq Co	325		325						
	(116)		(116)						
Co A	(2)		(2)						
Co C	(63)		(63)						
Co D	(86)		(86)						
16th Sig Sv Co	(37)		(37)						
Det B	(21)		(21)						
304th Sig Opn Bn									
Hq & Hq Det	456		456	1		1	114		114
	(73)		(73)						
Co A	(210)		(210)						
Co B	(173)		(173)	(1)		(1)	(301)		(301)



	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<u>Signal (Cont'd)</u>									
519th Sig Base Depot	461	1	462	3		3	338		338
Hq & Hq Co	(102)		(102)	(1)		(1)	(510)		(510)
202d Sig Base Dep Co	(117)		(117)						
Det C, 72d Sig Sv Bn	(40)		(40)	(1)		(1)	(1300)		(1300)
70th Sig Base Maint Co	(202)	(1)	(203)	(1)		(1)	(257)		(256)
Total Signal Units	1242	1	1243	4		4	167		167
<u>Transportation</u>									
3d TARS	397		397						
Hq & Hq Co (-Sendai Div)	(268)		(268)						
484th Trf Reg Co	(129)		(129)						
TOTAL OTHER EIGHTH ARMY UNITS	20166	4328	24494	94	38	132	242	457	280

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

*J. W. Donnell*  
 J. W. DONNELL  
 Colonel, AGD  
 Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

H 1  
 Z 1

Rates in this report are computed by means of the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Cases per week} \times 52 \text{ weeks} \times 1000}{\text{Strength}} = \text{Rate per 1000 per annum}$$



*Restricted*

V.P. ARMY

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY  
United States Army  
Office of the Commanding General  
AFO 343

AGNR 726.1 (VD)

23 April 1949

MONTHLY VENEREAL DISEASE REPORT OF THE  
EIGHTH ARMY FOR THE FOUR WEEK PERIOD  
ENDING 25 MARCH 1949

Reports  
Control Symbol N-7

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<u>OTHER EIGHTH ARMY UNITS:</u>									
Hq Eighth Army	1852		1852	16		16	112		112
Hq Co Eighth Army	(1656)		(1656)	(16)		(16)	(126)		(126)
577th Comp Sv Co	( 33)		( 33)						
Hq Special Troops	( 25)		( 25)						
165th Lang Det	( 11)		( 11)						
10th I & H	( 20)		( 20)						
8000th WAC Det	( 53)		( 53)						
8th Army Arch Depot	( 8)		( 8)						
8th Army Exch Det	( 46)		( 46)						
<u>Artillery</u>									
170th AAA Gp	2753	1945	4698	51	45	96	243	301	267
Det #1 138th AAA Gp	( 183)	( 22)	( 205)	( 3)		( 3)	( 213)		( 190)
Hq & Hq Btry	( 435)		( 435)	( 6)		( 6)	( 179)		( 179)
76th AAA AW Bn	( 39)	( 700)	( 739)		( 15)	( 15)		( 278)	( 264)
97th AAA Gun Bn	( 477)		( 477)	( 11)		( 11)	( 300)		( 300)
733d AAA Gun Bn	( 713)		( 713)	( 16)		( 16)	( 232)		( 292)
933d AAA AW Bn	( 33)	( 762)	( 798)		( 14)	( 14)		( 239)	( 228)
8th Army BCAT	( 13)		( 13)	( 1)		( 1)	( 1000)		( 1000)
35th Ord AAA Ment Bn	( 18)		( 18)						
162d AAA Opr Bat	( 135)		( 135)	( 1)		( 1)	( 96)		( 96)
865th AAA AW Bn	( 660)		( 660)	( 12)		( 12)	( 236)		( 236)
Hq Btry	( 143)		( 143)	( 2)		( 2)	( 182)		( 182)
A Btry	( 144)		( 144)	( 2)		( 2)	( 181)		( 181)
B Btry	( 150)		( 150)	( 3)		( 3)	( 260)		( 260)
C Btry	( 82)		( 82)	( 2)		( 2)	( 317)		( 317)
D Btry	( 132)		( 132)	( 3)		( 3)	( 295)		( 295)
Med Det	( 9)		( 9)						
3d Sig RMU	( 1)		( 1)						
277th Sig RMU	( 2)		( 2)						
138th AAA AW Bn	( 21)	( 461)	( 482)	( 1)	( 16)	( 17)	( 619)	( 451)	( 458)
<u>Chemical</u>									
10th Chem Fese Dep Co	62		62	1		1	210		210
<u>Engineer</u>									
534th Eng Const Gp	280		280	5		5	232		232
Hq & Hq Co	( 42)		( 42)						
45th Eng Const Bn	( 124)		( 124)	( 3)		( 3)	( 314)		( 314)
94th Eng Maint Co	( 114)		( 114)	( 2)		( 2)	( 228)		( 228)
<u>Engr</u>									
598th Engr Base Depot	842		842	16		16	247		247
Hq Co	( 254)		( 254)	( 9)		( 9)	( 460)		( 460)
736th Engr Hvy Shop	( 302)		( 302)	( 3)		( 3)	( 128)		( 128)
738th Eng Base Dep	( 286)		( 286)	( 4)		( 4)	( 182)		( 182)

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*V.P. ARM*

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY  
 United States Army  
 Office of the Commanding General  
 AFO 343

AGNR 726.1 (VD)

23 April 1949

MONTHLY VENEREAL DISEASE REPORT OF THE  
 EIGHTH ARMY FOR THE FOUR WEEK PERIOD  
 ENDING 25 MARCH 1949

Reports  
 Control Symbol N-7

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<u>OTHER EIGHTH ARMY UNITS:</u>									
Hq Eighth Army	1852		1852	16		16	112		112
Hq Co Eighth Army	(1656)		(1656)	(16)		(16)	(126)		(126)
577th Comp Sv Co	( 33)		( 33)						
Hq Special Troops	( 25)		( 25)						
166th Lang Det	( 11)		( 11)						
10th I & H	( 20)		( 20)						
8000th waC Det	( 53)		( 53)						
8th Army Insh Depot	( 8)		( 8)						
8th Army Exch Det	( 46)		( 46)						
<u>Artillery</u>									
170th AAA Bn	2753	1945	4698	51	45	96	243	301	267
Det #1 138th AAA Gp	( 183)	( 22)	( 205)	( 3)		( 3)	( 213)		( 190)
Hq & Hq Btry	( 435)		( 435)	( 6)		( 6)	( 179)		( 179)
76th AAA AW Bn	( 39)	( 700)	( 739)		( 15)	( 15)		( 278)	( 264)
97th AAA Gun Bn	( 477)		( 477)	( 11)		( 11)	( 300)		( 300)
733d AAA Gun Bn	( 713)		( 713)	( 16)		( 16)	( 292)		( 292)
933d AAA AW Bn	( 33)	( 762)	( 798)		( 14)	( 14)		( 239)	( 228)
8th Army RCAT	( 13)		( 13)	( 1)		( 1)	( 1000)		( 1000)
35th Ord AAA Maint Bn	( 18)		( 18)						
162d AAA Opr Bat	( 135)		( 135)	( 1)		( 1)	( 96)		( 96)
865th AAA AW Bn	( 660)		( 660)	( 12)		( 12)	( 236)		( 236)
Hq Btry	( 143)		( 143)	( 2)		( 2)	( 182)		( 182)
A Btry	( 144)		( 144)	( 2)		( 2)	( 181)		( 181)
B Btry	( 150)		( 150)	( 3)		( 3)	( 260)		( 260)
C Btry	( 82)		( 82)	( 2)		( 2)	( 317)		( 317)
D Btry	( 132)		( 132)	( 3)		( 3)	( 295)		( 295)
Med Det	( 9)		( 9)						
3d Sig RMU	( 1)		( 1)						
277th Sig RMU	( 2)		( 2)						
138th AAA AW Bn	( 21)	( 461)	( 482)	( 1)	( 16)	( 17)	( 619)	( 451)	( 458)
<u>Chemical</u>									
10th Chem Fese Dep Co	62		62	1		1	210		210
<u>Engineer</u>									
534th Eng Const Gp	280		280	5		5	232		232
Hq & Hq Co	( 42)		( 42)						
45th Eng Const Bn	( 124)		( 124)	( 3)		( 3)	( 314)		( 314)
94th Eng Maint Co	( 114)		( 114)	( 2)		( 2)	( 228)		( 228)
<u>Engineering</u>									
598th Engr Base Depot	842		842	16		16	247		247
Hq Co	( 254)		( 254)	( 9)		( 9)	( 460)		( 460)
736th Engr Hwy Shop	( 302)		( 302)	( 3)		( 3)	( 128)		( 128)
738th Eng Base Dep	( 286)		( 286)	( 4)		( 4)	( 182)		( 182)

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	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<u>OTHER EIGHTH ARMY UNITS CONT'D</u>									
<u>Engineer Units Cont'd</u>									
43d Eng Const Bn	177	522	699	1	23	24	73	573	446
Hq & Hq Co	(167)		(167)	(1)		(1)	(78)		(78)
571st Engr DT Co	( 3)	(133)	(136)		(3)	(3)		(293)	(287)
570th Water Sup Co	( 3)	(162)	(165)		(3)	(3)		(241)	(236)
55th Engr Tdwyr	( 4)	(227)	(231)		(17)	(17)		(974)	(957)
64th Eng Base Topo Bn	305		305						
Hq & Hq Co	(281)		(281)						
71st Eng Surv Ln	( 14)		( 14)						
72d Eng Surv Ln	( 10)		( 10)						
Total Eng Units	1604	522	2126	22	23	45	178	573	275
<u>Medical</u>									
49th Gen Hosp	653	4	662	10		10	198		196
Det MD	(523)		(523)	(9)		(9)	(224)		(224)
Patients	(135)	(4)	(139)	(1)		(1)	(96)		(94)
5th Med Sta Hosp	59		59						
28th Sta Hosp	714	60	774	1		1	18		17
Det MD	(379)		(379)	(1)		(1)	(34)		(34)
Patients	(252)	(59)	(311)						
359th Dent Prost	( 3)		( 3)						
Med Det Tech Sch	( 80)	(1)	( 81)						
361st Sta Hosp	307	4	311	3		3	127		125
Det MD	(278)		(278)	(3)		(3)	(141)		(141)
Patients	( 31)	(4)	( 35)						
376th Sta Hosp	142	17	159						
Det MD	( 80)		( 80)						
Patients	( 62)	(17)	( 79)						
395th Sta Hosp	50		50						
Det MD									
406th Gen Lab	70		70						
5th Med Depot Co (-3d stor & Issue Plat)	112		112	1		1	116		116
Total Medical Units	2112	85	2197	15		15	92		89
<u>Military Police</u>									
Eighth Army Stockade	851	114	965	22	8	30	336	912	404
Hq & Hq Co	(342)		(342)	(2)		(2)	(76)		(76)
Prisoners	(509)	(114)	(623)	(20)	(8)	(28)	(511)	(912)	(584)
Sugamo Prison	500		500	4		4	104		104
7th MP CID	28		28						
19th MP CID	26		26						
21st MP CID	23		23						
22nd MP CID	23		23						
44th MP CID	25		25						
51st MP CID		6	6						
Total Mil Police	1476	120	1596	26	8	34	229	867	277

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	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<b>EIGHTH ARMY UNITS CON'D</b>									
<u>Military Government</u>									
Kanagawa MG Team	114		114						
Shizuoka MG Team	29		29						
Tokyo MG Team	75		75	1		1	173		173
Total MG Units	218		218	1		1	60		60
<u>Ordnance</u>									
229th Ord Base Depot	1340	368	1708	12	1	13	116	35	99
Hq & Hq Co (Det 1)	(102)		(102)						
Det 1 Hq & Hq Co	(69)		(69)	(2)		(2)	(377)		(377)
1st Ord Bn, Hq & Hq Co	(22)		(22)						
7th Ord Bn Disp Sq	(8)		(8)						
55th Ord Ammo Co		(187)	(187)						
72d Ord Base Depot	(76)		(76)	(1)		(1)	(171)		(171)
587th Ord Sv Co	(30)		(30)						
588th Ord Sv Co	(116)		(116)	(2)		(2)	(224)		(224)
612th Ord Sv Co	(191)		(191)	(2)		(2)	(136)		(136)
823d Ord Base Depot	(73)		(73)						
630th Ord Am Co	(27)	(181)	(208)		(1)	(1)		(72)	(62)
22d Ord Sv Bn	(626)		(626)	(5)		(5)	(104)		(104)
Hq Det	(35)		(35)						
590th Ord Sv Co	(122)		(122)						
591st Ord Sv Co	(127)		(127)						
835th Ord Base Dep	(108)		(108)	(2)		(2)	(241)		(241)
166th Ord Tire Repl	(84)		(84)	(1)		(1)	(155)		(155)
81st Ord Tank Mt	(150)		(150)	(2)		(2)	(173)		(173)
<u>Quartermaster</u>									
Tokyo QM Depot	1008	507	1515	14	12	26	181	308	223
Hq & Hq Det	(911)	(243)	(1154)	(14)	(7)	(21)	(200)	(374)	(237)
16th Army Band	(27)		(27)						
533d Trans Trk Co		(120)	(120)		(2)	(2)		(217)	(217)
540th Trans T Co		(118)	(118)		(2)	(2)		(220)	(220)
3d Plat 551st T-Tk		(26)	(26)		(1)	(1)		(500)	(500)
8002d Hydro Farm Dep	(70)		(70)						
<u>Replacement Units</u>									
4th Repl Depot	2958	519	3477	75	8	83	330	200	310
Perm Party	(883)	(13)	(896)	(36)		(36)	(530)		(522)
Hq & Hq Co	(450)		(450)	(22)		(22)	(636)		(636)
Hq & Hq Co 2d Repl	(155)		(155)	(1)		(1)	(84)		(84)
Hq & Hq Co 14th Repl	(125)		(125)	(7)		(7)	(728)		(728)
128th Sta Hosp	(119)	(13)	(132)	(6)		(6)	(655)		(591)
192d Fin Disb Sec	(14)		(14)						
53d QM Laundry	(7)		(7)						
536th QM Sales Det	(13)		(13)						
<u>Casuals</u>									
2d Repl Bn	(1482)	(405)	(1887)	(10)	(3)	(13)	(88)	(96)	(90)
14th Repl Bn	(593)	(101)	(694)	(29)	(5)	(34)	(636)	(644)	(637)
<u>Schools</u>									
8th Army RTC	330		330	3		3	118		118
Hq Co (cadre)	(330)		(330)	(3)		(3)	(118)		(118)
Students									
8th Army TC School	88	47	135	2		2	295		193

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	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<b>OTHER EIGHTH ARMY CONT'D</b>									
<u>Schools Cont'd</u>									
Cadre	( 26)	( 3)	( 29)						
Students	( 62)	( 44)	(106)	( 2)		( 2)	(419)		(245)
8th Army AG Sch	258	42	300						
Cadre	( 22)		( 22)			1	1	310	43
Students	(236)	(42)	(278)			( 1)	( 1)	(310)	( 47)
8th Army Food Sv	204	22	226	3		3	191		173
Cadre	( 50)		( 50)	( 1)		( 1)	(260)		(260)
Students	(154)	(22)	(176)	( 2)		( 2)	(169)		(148)
8th Army Ord Sch	180	32	212	16	1	17	1156	406	1042
Cadre	( 35)		( 35)	( 8)		( 8)	(2071)		(2071)
Students	(145)	(32)	(177)	( 8)	(1)	( 9)	(717)	(406)	(661)
8th Army AM Sch	432	55	487						
Cadre	(115)		(115)						
Students	(317)	(55)	(372)						
611th F Port Co	1	141	142						
Cadre	( 1)	( 2)	( 3)			1	1	92	92
Students	( 0)	(139)	(139)			( 1)	( 1)	( 94)	( 94)
Total Cadre	(579)	( 5)	(584)	(13)		(13)	(292)		(289)
Total Students	(914)	(334)	(1248)	(11)	( 3)	(14)	(156)	(117)	(146)
Total Sch Com 8th A	1493	339	1832	24	3	27	209	115	192
8th Army Eng Sch	339	54	393	2	10	12	77	2407	297
Hq Co	(193)		(193)						
Students	(146)	(54)	(200)	( 2)	(10)	(12)	(178)	(2407)	(780)
Keio Sch Command	897	69	966	12	1	13	174	188	175
Hq Co	(163)		(163)	( 3)		( 3)	(239)		(239)
Co A	(178)	(12)	(190)	( 4)		( 4)	(292)		(274)
Co D	(282)	(32)	(314)	( 3)	( 1)	( 3)	( 92)	(406)	(124)
Co E	(194)	(10)	(204)	( 2)		( 2)	(134)		(127)
Co F	( 80)	(15)	( 95)	( 1)		( 1)	(163)		(137)
Total Sch Units	2729	462	3191	38	14	52	181	394	212
<u>Signal</u>									
72d Sig Sv Bn	343		343	1		1	38		38
Hq & Hq Co	(111)		(111)						
Co A	( 2)		( 2)						
Co C	( 65)		( 65)						
Co D	( 94)		( 94)	( 1)		( 1)	(138)		(138)
16th Sig Sv (photo)	( 45)		( 45)						
Det B	( 26)		( 26)						
304th Sig Oper Bn	488		488	7		7	186		186
Hq Det	( 75)		( 75)						
Co A	(225)		(225)	( 3)		( 3)	(173)		(173)
Co B	(188)		(188)	( 4)		( 4)	(277)		(277)
519th Sig Base Lp	453	1	454	10		10	287		286
Hq & Hq Co	(104)		(104)	( 3)		( 3)	(375)		(375)
202d Sig Base Lp	(108)		(108)	( 2)		( 2)	(241)		(241)
70th Sig Base Mt	(198)	( 1)	(199)	( 3)		( 3)	(605)		(196)

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*Continued*

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rates		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<b>OTHER EIGHTH ARMY- CONT'D.</b>									
<u>Signal Cont'd</u>									
Det C, 72d Sig Sv	( 43)		( 43)	( 2)		( 2)	(605)		(605)
Total Sig Units	1284	1	1285	18		18	182		182
<u>Transportation</u>									
3d TMRS	399		399	4		4	130		130
Hq & Hq Co	(284)		(284)	( 4)		( 4)	(183)		(183)
484th Trf Reg Co	(115)		(115)						
TOTAL OTHER 8th ARMY	19775	4529	24304	293	111	404	192	319	216
<b>YOKOHAMA COMMAND UNITS</b>									
Hq Co Yokohama Com	588		588	4		4	88		88
106th Vet Food Det	3		3						
7th Base Post Off	188		188	1		1	69		69
12th Special Serv	56		56						
56th Supply & Sales	200		200	3		3	195		195
108th Graves Reg	46		46	1		1	283		283
179th Fin Disb	43		43						
Central Records Dep#4	11		11						
8th Army AG Pub Dep	69		69						
289th Army Band		65	65						
124th Army Band	32		32						
<u>Engineer</u>									
Hq Co 5th Eng Const Gp	136		136	1		1	96		96
H & S 46th Eng " Bn	142		142	1		1	92		92
516th Eng Sv Dep	128		128	5		5	508		508
22d Eng Repd Det	15		15						
24th Eng Map Det	9		9						
558th Eng Dt Co		101	101						
17th Eng FF Co		48	48		1	1	271		271
19th Eng FF Co		53	53		2	2	491		491
Total Engineer Units	430	202	632	7	3	10	212	193	206
<u>Medical Units</u>									
155th Sta Hosp	223		223	1		1	58		58
332nd Gen Disp	60		60						
407th Disp	16		16						
373d Det Pro Det	4		4						
59th Med Disp		25	25						
632d Med Pro Det		6	6						
633d Med Pro Det		5	5						
634d Med Pro Det		5	5						
38th Mal Con Det	12		12						
567th Med Mtr Amb Co		101	101		3	3	386		386
Total Medical Units	315	142	457	1	3	4	41	275	114
<u>Military Police</u>									
Hq & Hq Det YMP	69		69						
519th MP Bn	412		412	2		2	63		63
209th MP Bn	138		138	4		4	377		377
212th MP Bn		177	177		3	3	220		220
Total MP Units	619	177	796	6	3	9	126	220	147

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	Mean Strength			Cases			Rates						
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total				
<u>YOKOHAMA COMMAND UNITS CONT'D</u>													
<u>Ordnance Units</u>													
577th Ord Sv Co			124			124	1		1	105			105
<u>Transportation Units</u>													
Hq & Hq Det ImC	50		50										
8001st TC Depot	45		45										
793d TC Base Dep	102		102	2			2		2	255			255
Hq Co 2d T med Port	280		280	2			2		2	93			93
Hq Det 489th T " Bn	24		24										
243d T Port Co	188		188	6			6		6	315			315
347th Harborcft	211		211	1			1		1	62			62
Hq Det 194th Trk Bn	19		19	1			1		1	684			684
21st TC Car Co	132		132										
163d TC Car Co	150		150	1			1		1	87			87
805th Trans AMSR	108		108	13			13		13	1565			1565
Hq Det 207th Trk Bn	26		26										
610th T Port Co		211	211				1		1	62			62
611th T Port Co		170	170				3		3	229			229
72d T Trk Co		95	95				5		5	684			684
73d T Trk Co		113	113										
74th T Trk Co		115	115				6		6	678			678
60th T Trk Co		100	100										
82d T Trk Co		122	122				1		1	107			107
556th T Trk Co (HV)		114	114				2		2	228			228
584th T Trk Co		110	110										
Total Trans Units	1335	1150	2485	26	18	44	253	203	230				
TOTAL YOKOHAMA COM	3935	1860	5795	49	28	77	162	196	173				
<u>I CORPS UNITS</u>													
<u>24th Infantry Div</u>													
<u>Organic Units</u>													
19th Inf Regt	1158		1158	11			11		11	123			123
21st Inf Regt	1243		1243	7			7		7	73			73
34th Inf Regt	1322		1322	12			12		12	118			118
24th Div Arty	749		749	10			10		10	174			174
3d Engr (C) Bn	370		370	3			3		3	105			105
School Bn	127		127										
24th Div Stockade	69		69	1			1		1	188			188
24th Med Bn	325		325	1			1		1	40			40
Div Hq 24th Inf Div	340		340										
Hq Co " "	113		113	1			1		1	115			115
24th Sig Co	185		185	1			1		1	70			70
24th Co	177		177	2			2		2	147			147
724th Ord Co	159		159	3			3		3	245			245
24th Men Troops	128		128										
24th MP Plat	112		112										
24th Div Band	25		25										
Co G 19th Inf Regt	119		119	2			2		2	218			218
Co A, 78th Hvy Tk	4		4										
Co C, 3d Engr	119		119	1			1		1	109			109
Total Organic Units	6844		6844	55			55		55	104			104
<u>Attached Units</u>													
5th Ord (MM) Co	123		123										
95th Vet Det	5		5										
4th Plt 5th Sml Sv	32		32										

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	Mean Strength			Cases			Rates		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<b>I CORPS UNITS CONT'D</b>									
<b>24th INF DIV CONT'D</b>									
Attached Units con't									
178th Lang Det	18		18						
662d MP Plat	85		85						
Total Attached Units	263		263						
Total Organic & Attd.	7107		7107	55		55	101		101
<b>25th INF DIV</b>									
Organic Units									
Hq 25th Inf Div	268		268	1		1	49		49
Hq Co 25th Inf Div	100		100						
170th Long Det	10		10						
QM Co 25th Inf Div	153		153	2		2	170		170
726th Ord Mt Co	157		157	2		2	166		166
Sig Co 25th Inf Div	157		157	1		1	83		83
25th Cav Rcm Trp	246	45	291	7	1	8	370	288	357
65th Engr (C) Bn	353		353	5		5	184		184
77d Engr (C) Inf Div		185	185		4	4		281	281
Med Bn 25th Inf Div	119		119						
24th Inf Regt	40	3122	3162		67	67		279	275
27th Inf Regt	1013		1013	8		8	103		103
Hq Spl Troops	15		15						
356h Inf Regt	602		602	12		12	259		259
25th Inf Div Band	25		25	1		1	520		520
Med Det Hq 25th Inf	7		7						
MP Co 25th Inf Div	19		19						
Btry A 25th Div AAA	2		2						
Co A 97th Hvy Tk Bn	1		1						
25th Inf Div Stockade	95	101	196	1		1	137		66
36th Med Coll Co		87	87		1	1		149	149
25th Inf Div Arty	368	574	942	5	2	7	177	45	97
Hq Btry Div Arty	(91)		(91)	(1)		(1)	(143)		(143)
8th FA Bn	(193)		(193)	(3)		(3)	(202)		(202)
64th FA Bn	(75)		(75)	(1)		(1)	(173)		(173)
90th FA Bn	(9)		(9)						
159th FA Bn		(574)	(574)		(2)	(2)		(45)	(45)
Total Organic	3750	4114	7864	45	75	119	156	237	187
Attached Units									
2d Plat 5th Sp Sv	20		20						
55th Army Band		24	24						
Det#2 98th QM Sv	10		10						
92d Eng Sv Co	132		132						
95th Inf Bn		0	0						
94th Inf Bn		1	1						
354th Hq Intell Det	17		17						
355th Hq " "	21		21						
356th Hq " "	17		17						
291st Army Band		44	44						
512d MP Sv Co		153	153		2	2		170	170
567th Engr Sv Co		105	105		1	1		124	124
701st MP Sv Bn	347		347	5		5	187		187
Total Attached Units	564	327	891	5	3	8	115	119	117
Total Organic & Attd	4314	4441	8755	50	78	128	151	228	190

*Submitted*



*Restricted*

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rates		
	white	Negro	Total	white	Negro	Total	white	Negro	Total
<b>I CORPS NON-DIV UNITS:</b>									
Kobe Base									
Hq & Hq Co	247		247	9		9	474		474
537th Eng Utilites	26		26						
546th EE Co		69	69		2	2		377	377
5th med Depot	11		11						
8th Sta Hosp	75		75	1		1	173		173
118th Mal Cont Det		16	16						
519th Unit Food Det		7	7						
635th Med Pro Det		13	13						
701st MP Co (C)	125		125	2		2	208		208
710th MP Co		163	163		1	1	80		80
5th Sp Sv Det	26		26						
186th Fin Disb Det	15		15	1		1	867		867
15th Army Band		53	53		4	4		981	981
73d Ord Base Depot	139		139	4		4	374		374
192d Ord Hq & Hq Co	22		22	2		2	1181		1181
592d Ord Sv Co	122		122	2		2	313		313
593d " " "	180		180	2		2	144		144
594d " " "	139		139	4		4	374		374
Kobe QM Depot	596	449	1045	29	45	74	632	1303	921
Hq & Hq Co	(62)		(62)						
Co A	(2)		(2)						
Co B	(193)		(193)	(10)		(10)	(674)		(674)
Co C	(187)		(187)	(12)		(12)	(834)		(834)
Co D	(152)		(152)	(7)		(7)	(599)		(599)
Co E		(449)	(449)		(45)	(45)		(1303)	(1303)
507th Ord Sv Co	44		44						
539th T Trk Co		125	125		3	3		312	312
541st T Trk Co		120	120		12	12	1300		1300
553d T Trk Co		121	121		8	8	860		860
Det 2 Med Port	111		111	2		2	234		234
Det 347th Harborcraft	75		75	4		4	693		693
<b>Total Kobe Base</b>	<b>1953</b>	<b>1136</b>	<b>3089</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>858</b>	<b>577</b>
Hq & Hq Co, I Corps	436		436	2		2	60		60
Med Det, I Corps	10		10						
98th QM Sv Bn (-)	42		42						
I Corps MP Plat	184		184						
35th Sta Hosp	118		118						
207th MA1 Surv Det	8		8						
118th Station Hosp	267		267	1		1	49		49
636th Ord Ammo Co (1st Pl)		174	174		2	2		149	149
21st Ord MM Co	91		91						
126th Sig Sv Co (-1st Plat)	168		168	1		1	77		77
551st TC Trk Co	6	67	73						
5th Sp Sv Co (3d Plat)	28		28						
15th TC Cor Plat	2		2						
163d Long Det	10		10						
9613 TSU Sig Resy Unit	8		8						
58th Sig Bn	227		227	1		1	57		57
Hq & Hq Co	(65)		(65)						
Co A	(4)		(4)						
Co B	(153)		(153)	(1)		(1)	(85)		(85)
Med Det	(5)		(5)						
1st Engr Coast GP	83		83						
Hq & Hq Co	(36)		(36)						
73d Engr Ft Equip Co	(47)		(47)						
4th Engr Const Gp	354	1	355	7		7	257		256

*Restricted*



*Continued*

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rates		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<b>I CORPS NON-DIV CONT'D</b>									
4th Engr Const Gp	354	1	355	7		7	257		256
Hq & Hq Co	( 73)		( 73)	(1)		(1)	(178)		(178)
240th Engr Const Bn	(101)		(101)	(1)		(1)	(129)		(129)
595th Engr Dt Co	( 2)	(1)	( 3)						
79th Engr Maint Co	(151)		(151)	(5)		(5)	(430)		(430)
6th Engr Sv Det	( 27)		( 27)						
Tokai-Hokuriku MG Region	204		204						
Hq & Hq Det	( 37)		( 37)						
Ishikawa MG Tm	( 30)		( 30)						
Toyama MG Tm	( 21)		( 21)						
Gifu MG Tm	( 15)		( 15)						
Aichi MG Tm	( 40)		( 40)						
Mie MG Tm	( 30)		( 30)						
Fukui MG Tm	( 31)		( 31)						
Kyushu MG Region	208		208						
Hq & Hq Det	( 32)		( 32)						
Fukuoka MG Tm	( 37)		( 37)						
Oita MG Tm	( 25)		( 25)						
Nagasaki MG Tm	( 34)		( 34)						
Kumamoto MG Tm	( 35)		( 35)						
Miyazaki MG Tm	( 11)		( 11)						
Kagoshima MG Tm	( 13)		( 13)						
Saga MG Tm	( 21)		( 21)						
Kinki MG Region	222		222	2		2	117		117
Hq & Hq Det	( 37)		( 37)						
Shiga MG Tm	( 24)		( 24)	(1)		(1)	(542)		(542)
Nara MG Tm	( 22)		( 22)						
Wakayama MG Tm	( 24)		( 24)	(1)		(1)	(542)		(542)
Kyota MG Tm	( 49)		( 49)						
Osaka MG Tm	( 31)		( 31)						
Hyogo MG Tm	( 35)		( 35)						
Chugoku MG Region	193		193	1		1	67		67
Hq & Hq Det	( 44)		( 44)						
Hiroshima MG Tm	( 20)		( 20)						
Shimane MG Tm	( 19)		( 19)						
Okayama MG Tm	( 32)		( 32)						
Yamaguchi MG Tm	( 42)		( 42)						
Tottori MG Tm	( 36)		( 36)	(1)		(1)	(361)		(361)
Shikoku MG Region	164		164						
Hq & Hq Det	( 43)		( 43)						
Ehime MG Tm	( 35)		( 35)						
Kagawa MG Tm	( 20)		( 20)						
Kochi MG Tm	( 27)		( 27)						
Tokushima MG Tm	( 39)		( 39)						
<b>TOTAL I CORPS NON-DIV UNITS</b>									
	3033	242	3275	15	2	17	64	107	67
TOTAL 24th Inf DIV	7107		7107	55		55	101		101
TOTAL 25th INF DIV	4314	4441	8755	50	78	128	151	228	190
TOTAL KOBE BASE	1953	1136	3039	62	75	137	413	858	577
TOTAL I CORPS	16407	5819	22226	182	155	337	144	346	197
<b>IX CORPS UNITS</b>									
<b>NON-DIV UNITS</b>									
IX Corps, Hq Co	323		323	2		2	80		80
IX Corps, Hq Det	96		96	1		1	135		135
IX Corps, Med Det	7		7						
583d Engr Const Gp	118		118	1		1	110		110
54th Engr MM Co	139		139	4		4	374		374

*Continued*



*Restricted*

	Mean Strength			Cases			Rate		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
<u>IX CORPS UNITS CONT'D</u>									
<u>NON DIV UNITS CONT'D</u>									
5th Eng Sv Det	34		34						
172d Sta Hosp	158		158	1		1	82		82
104th VFI	4		4						
164th Lang Det	10		10						
12th Special Sv Co	25		25						
49th Ord MM Co	99		99						
217th QM Supply Det	8		8	2		2	3250		3250
62d Sig Bn	263		263	7		7	346		346
28th TC Car Co	26		26	2		2	1000		1000
161st Sta Hosp	108		108						
357th Hq Intell Det	32		32						
1st QM Sales Det	12		12						
IX Corp, MP Plat	30		30						
32nd Eng Const Gp	74		74						
597th Eng Lt Equip	120		120						
558th MP Co	74		74	2		2	351		351
<u>MILITARY GOVERNMENTS UNITS</u>									
Akita MG Team	37		37						
Aomori MG Team	36		36						
Chiba MG Team	43		43						
Fukushima MG Team	35		35						
Gumma MG Team	32		32	1		1	406		406
Hokkaido MG Team	52		52						
Ibaraki MG Team	35		35						
Iwate MG Team	34		34						
Kanto MG Team	40		40	1		1	325		325
Negano MG Team	40		40						
Niigata MG Team	46		46	1		1	283		283
Saitama MG Team	35		35						
Tochigi MG Team	39		39						
Tohoku MG Team	47		47						
Yamagata MG Team	35		35						
Yamanashi MG Team	45		45						
Miyagi MG Team	37		37						
<u>TRANSPORTATION UNITS</u>									
3d MRS Sendai	46		46	2		2	565		565
3d MRS Seppora	33		33						
Air Trans Trg Ctr	259		259	5		5	251		251
69th Ord Ammo Co		194	194		5	5		335	335
21st Eng FF Co		59	59		3	3		661	661
TOTAL IX CORPS NON DIV UNITS	2667	253	2920	32	8	40	156	4 11	178
<u>1st CAV. LRY DIVISION</u>									
5th Cav Regt	2266		2266	20		20	115		115
7th Cav Regt (1st Sq)	1346		1346	6		6	58		58
1st Sq 7th Cav Regt	846		846	20		20	307		307
8th Cav Regt	1993		1993	39		39	254		254
12th Cav Regt	216		216	3		3	181		181
1st Med Sq	403		403	4		4	129		129
1st Sig Trp	263		263	2		2	98		98
Hq Trp 1st Cav Brig	275		275	3		3	142		142

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*Restricted*



	Mean Strength		Cases		Rates	
	White	Negro Total	White	Negro Total	White	Negro Total
<u>1st CAVALRY DIV CONT'D</u>						
Hq Trp 2d Cav Brig	237	237	4	4	219	219
Hq Btry 1st Cav Div Arty	183	183				
61st FA Bn	557	557	7	7	163	163
62d FA Bn	531	531	1	1	24	24
99th FA Bn	596	596	4	4	87	87
271st FA Bn	569	569	8	8	183	183
32d Inf Regt	1599	1599	2	2	16	16
8th Engr Sq (-A Trp)	512	512	8	8	203	203
A Trp 8th Engr Sqd	159	159				
15th QM Trp	276	276	1	1	47	47
27th Ord (Mn)	219	219	1	1	59	59
302d Recon Trp	181	181				
Hq 1st Cav Div	65	65				
Hq Det 1st Cav Div	141	141	1	1	92	92
Hq Trp 1st Cav Div	252	252	3	3	155	155
1st Cav Div Band	61	61	2	2	426	426
MP Platoon	278	278	7	7	327	327
626 Engr Sv Co	183	183				
95th Lt Tank Co	148	148	1	1	88	88
2d QM Sales Det	16	16				
168th Leng Det	14	14				
3d Plat 6th Sp Sv	26	26				
Hq 4th CIC	38	38				
TOTAL 1st Cav Div	14449	14449	147	147	132	132
<u>7th INFANTRY DIVISION</u>						
17th Inf Regt	801	801	34	34	552	552
1st Bn 31st Inf Regt	369	369	1	1	35	35
31st Inf Regt	1499	1499	20	20	173	173
32d Inf Regt	195	195	3	3	200	200
Hq Div Arty	109	109	1	1	119	119
31st FA Bn	459	459	4	4	113	113
57th FA Bn	325	325	4	4	160	160
13th Engr (C) Bn	373	373	5	5	174	174
7th Med Bn	160	160	1	1	81	81
Hq Spec Trp	14	14				
Hq 7th Inf Div	217	217				
Hq Co, 7th Inf Bn	115	115	6	6	678	678
7th Cav Recon Trp	55	55				
7th Div Band	23	23				
7th Sig Co	258	258	7	7	353	353
7th QM Co	212	212	8	8	491	491
707th Ord Co	184	184	4	4	283	283
7th MP Plat	97	97				
11th Airborne Div	2669	2669	20	20	97	97
4th Plat, 12th Spec Sv	30	30				
2nd Plat, 6th Spec Sv	21	21	1	1	619	619
156th Fin Disb	9	9				
176th Leng Det	12	12				
99th VJLD	2	2				
625th -ng Sv Co	77	77				
QM Clth & Equip Rpr	4	4				
3rd QM Sales Det	7	7				
4th QM Sales Det	7	7				
5th QM Sales Det	5	5				
6th QM Sales Det	7	7				
TOTAL 7th INFANTRY DIVISION	8315	8315	119	119	186	186
TOTAL IX CORP UNITS	25530	25325	298	306	152	154



	Mean Strength		Cases		Rates	
	White	Negro Total	White	Negro Total	White	Negro Total
<u>1st CAVALRY DIV CONT'D</u>						
Hq Trp 2d Cav Brig	237	237	4	4	219	219
Hq Btry 1st Cav Div Arty	183	183				
61st FA Bn	557	557	7	7	163	163
82d FA Bn	531	531	1	1	24	24
99th FA Bn	596	596	4	4	87	87
271st FA Bn	569	569	8	8	183	183
32d Inf Regt	1599	1599	2	2	16	16
8th Engr Sq (-A Trp)	512	512	8	8	203	203
A Trp 8th Engr Sqd	159	159				
15th QM Trp	276	276	1	1	47	47
27th Ord (Mn)	219	219	1	1	59	59
302d Recon Trp	181	181				
Hq 1st Cav Div	65	65				
Hq Det 1st Cav Div	141	141	1	1	92	92
Hq Trp 1st Cav Div	252	252	3	3	155	155
1st Cav Div Band	61	61	2	2	426	426
MP Platoon	278	278	7	7	327	327
626 Engr Sv Co	183	183				
95th Lt Tank Co	148	148	1	1	88	88
2d QM Sales Det	16	16				
168th Leng Det	14	14				
3d Plat 6th Sp Sv	26	26				
Hq 4th CIC	38	38				
TOTAL 1st Cav Div	14449	14449	147	147	132	132
<u>7th INFANTRY DIVISION</u>						
17th Inf Regt	801	801	34	34	552	552
1st Bn 31st Inf Regt	369	369	1	1	35	35
31st Inf Regt	1499	1499	20	20	173	173
32d Inf Regt	195	195	3	3	200	200
Hq Div Arty	109	109	1	1	119	119
31st FA Bn	459	459	4	4	113	113
57th FA Bn	325	325	4	4	160	160
13th Engr (C) Bn	373	373	5	5	174	174
7th Med Bn	160	160	1	1	81	81
Hq Spec Trp	14	14				
Hq 7th Inf Div	217	217				
Hq Co, 7th Inf Bn	115	115	6	6	678	678
7th Cav Recon Trp	55	55				
7th Div Band	23	23				
7th Sig Co.	258	258	7	7	353	353
7th QM Co	212	212	8	8	491	491
707th Ord Co	184	184	4	4	283	283
7th MP Plat	97	97				
11th Airborne Div	2669	2669	20	20	97	97
4th Plat, 12th Spec Sv	30	30				
2nd Plat, 6th Spec Sv	21	21	1	1	619	619
156th Fin Disb	9	9				
176th Leng Det	12	12				
99th VFID	2	2				
625th -ng Sv Co	77	77				
QM Clth & Equip Rpr	4	4				
3rd QM Sales Det	7	7				
4th QM Sales Det	7	7				
5th QM Sales Det	5	5				
6th QM Sales Det	7	7				
TOTAL 7th INFANTRY DIVISION	8315	8315	119	119	186	186
TOTAL IX CORP UNITS	25530	25325783	298	8 306	152	411 154



*Restricted*

	Mean Strength			Cases			Cases		
	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total	White	Negro	Total
TOT. L OTHER EIGHTH ARMY	19775	4529	24304	293	111	404	192	319	216
TOT. L YOKOHAMA COMMAND	3935	1860	5795	49	28	77	162	196	173
TOT. L I CORPS	16407	5819	22226	182	155	337	144	346	197
TOT. L IX CORPS	25530	253	25783	298	8	306	152	411	154
AGGR. G. T. EIGHTH ARMY	65647	12461	78108	822	302	1124	163	315	187

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL WALKER:

*J. W. Donnell*  
 J. W. DONNELL  
 Colonel, AGD  
 Adjutant General

DISTRIBUTION:

H 2  
 Z 1

INFORMATION:

CINCPAC APO 500 2  
 CG PHILCOM APO 707 2  
 CG FLEET APO 925 2  
 385th Med Gen Disp 2  
 Hq & Hq Det MPM of Tokyo  
 APO 181 2

*Restricted*



47 Prostitutes

Kahn

Wasserman

gC Culture

18 Pos

21 Pos

11 Pos

15 D.

2 D.

47 -

28 infected

59.57%

Doubtful would have been pos 76.59



Mar 49

Prostitutes

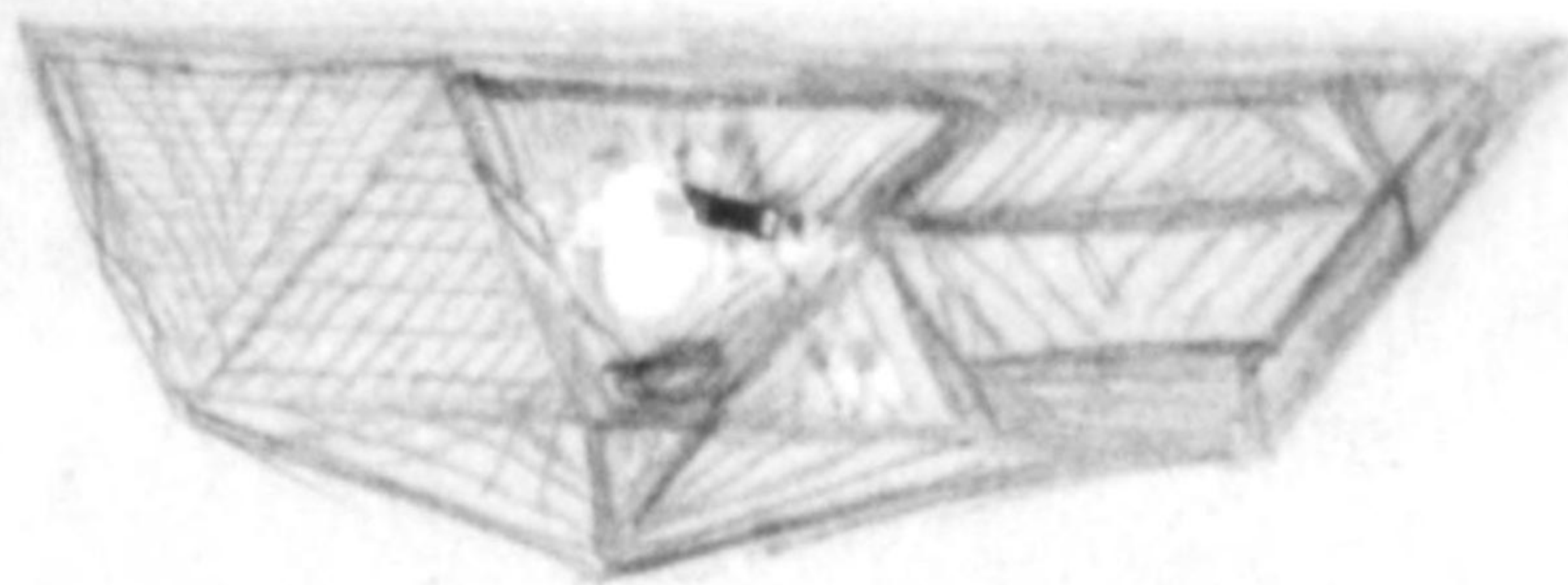
Number 47.

Kalvin	Wasserman	g.c. culture
18 Pos.	21 Pos.	11 Pos.
15 Doubt.	2 Doubt.	

28 Infected - 59.57%

if doubtful included 76.59%





April 26, 1949

Result of investigation of V.D. hospitals  
(concerning examination of raided girls)

Diagnosis	Smear	Blood exam.	Treatment
1.			
2.			
3. Y. Gonorrhoea of cervix & urethra.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	Pennicilin.
4. T. Negative.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
5. T. Gonorrhoea.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	Pennicilin.
6. Y. Latent syphilis.	neg.	W-pos. M-pos.	-----
7. Y. Gonorrhoea of urethra & latent syphilis.	pos.	W-pos. M-pos.	One course of diazine.
8. Y. Latent syphilis.	neg.	W-pos. M-pos.	-----
9.			
10.			
11. Y. Gonorrhoea of urethra.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	One course of diazine.
12. Y. Gonorrhoea of cervix & latent syphilis.	pos.	W-pos. M-pos.	One course of diazine, afterwards pennicilin.
13. T. Negative.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
14.			
15. T. Negative.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
16.			
17. Y. Gonorrhoea of cervix & latent syphilis.	pos.	W-pos. M-pos.	One course of diazine, afterwards pennicilin.
18. Y. Gonorrhoea of cervix & urethra.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	One course of diazine, afterwards pennicilin.
19.			
20.			



Diagnosis	Smear	Blood exam.	Treatment
21. Y. Negative.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
22. Y. Gonorrhoea of cervix.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	Two courses of diazine.
23. T. Gonorrhoea. (due physical findings)	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	One course of thyazol.
24.			
25. Y. Negative (pregnancy)	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
26. Y. Chancroid.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	One course of thyazol.
27. Y. Negative.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
28. Y. Negative.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
29. Y. negative.	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
30. Y. Latent syphilis.	neg.	W-pos. M-pos.	-----
31.			
32.			
33.			
34.			
35.			
36. T. Gonorrhoea	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	Pennicilin.
37.			
38.			
39. T. Latent syphilis	neg.	W-pos. M-pos.	-----
40. T. Latent syphilis	neg.	W-pos. M-pos.	-----
41.-A. Y. Gonorrhoea of urethra.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	One course of diazine.
-B. T. Gonorrhoea.	pos.	W-neg. M-pos.	----- ?
42.			
43. T. Latent syphilis.	neg.	W-pos. M-pos.	-----



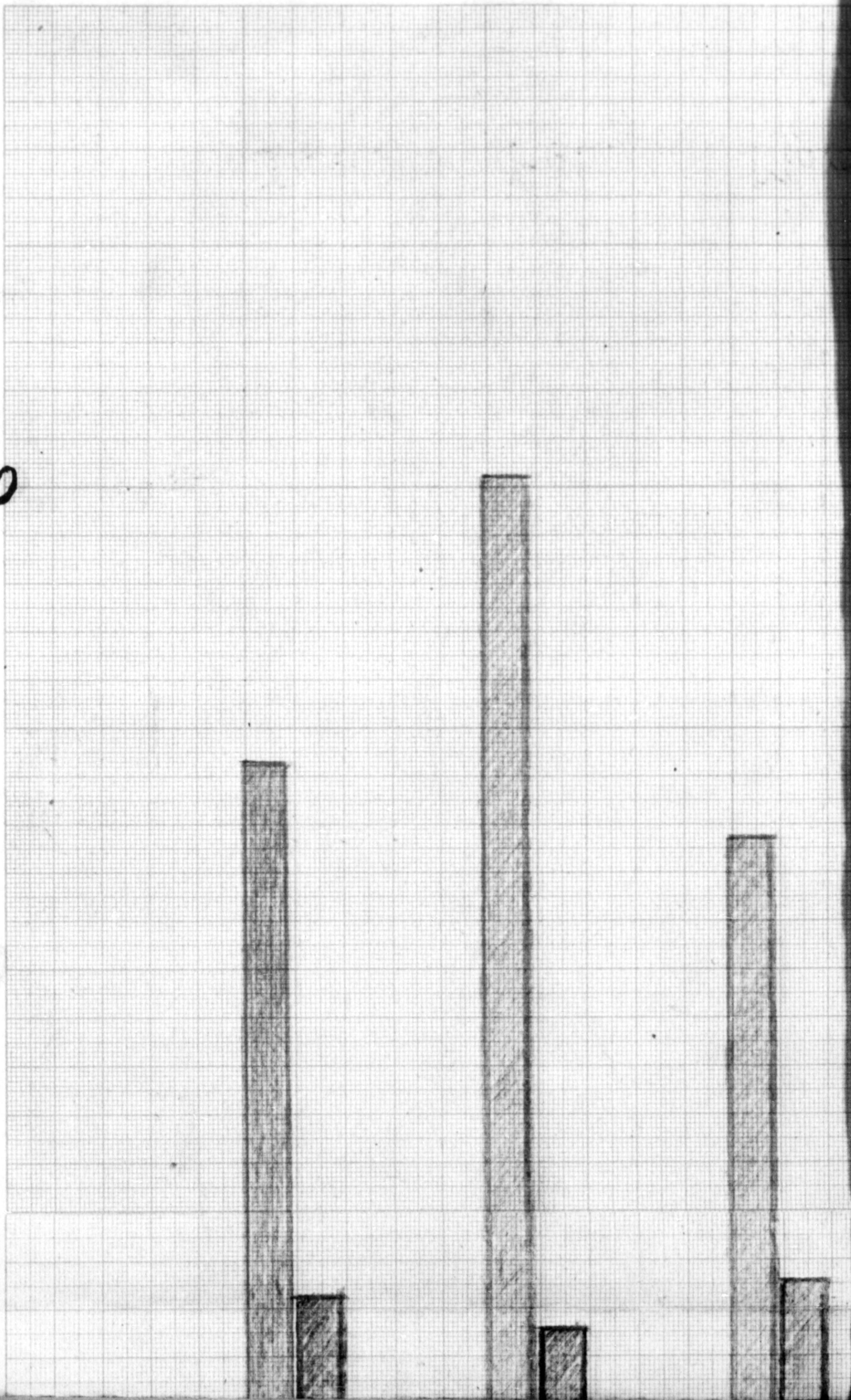
<u>Diagnosis</u>	<u>Smear</u>	<u>Blood exam.</u>	<u>Treatment</u>
44. T. Negative	neg.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
45. Y. Gonorrhoea of urethra.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	-----
46. Y. Gonorrhoea of cervix, & latent syphilis.	pos.	W-pos. M-pos.	One course of diazine.
47. Y. Gonorrhoea of cervix.	pos.	W-neg. M-neg.	Pennicilin.



2,000

1,500

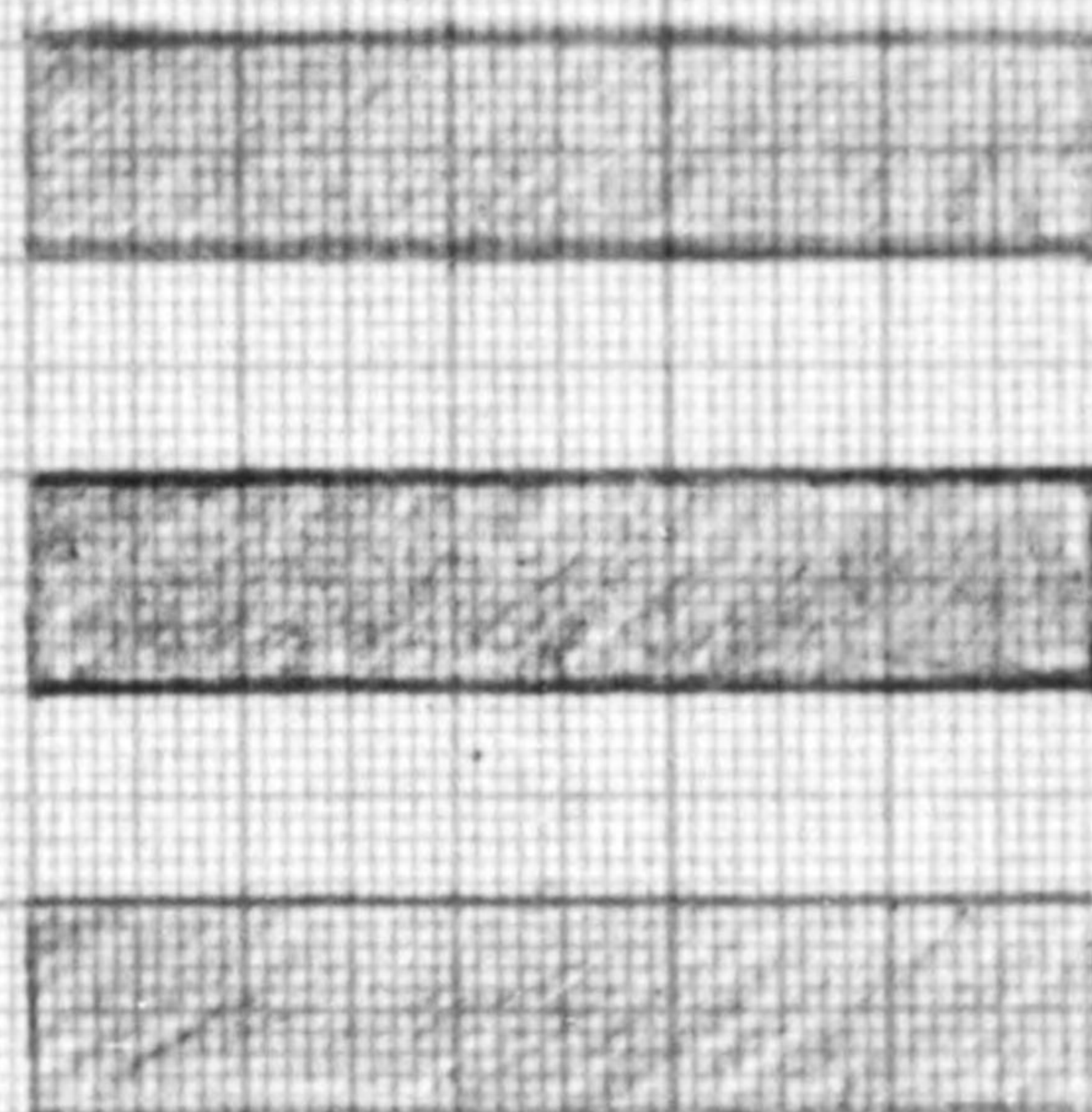
1,250



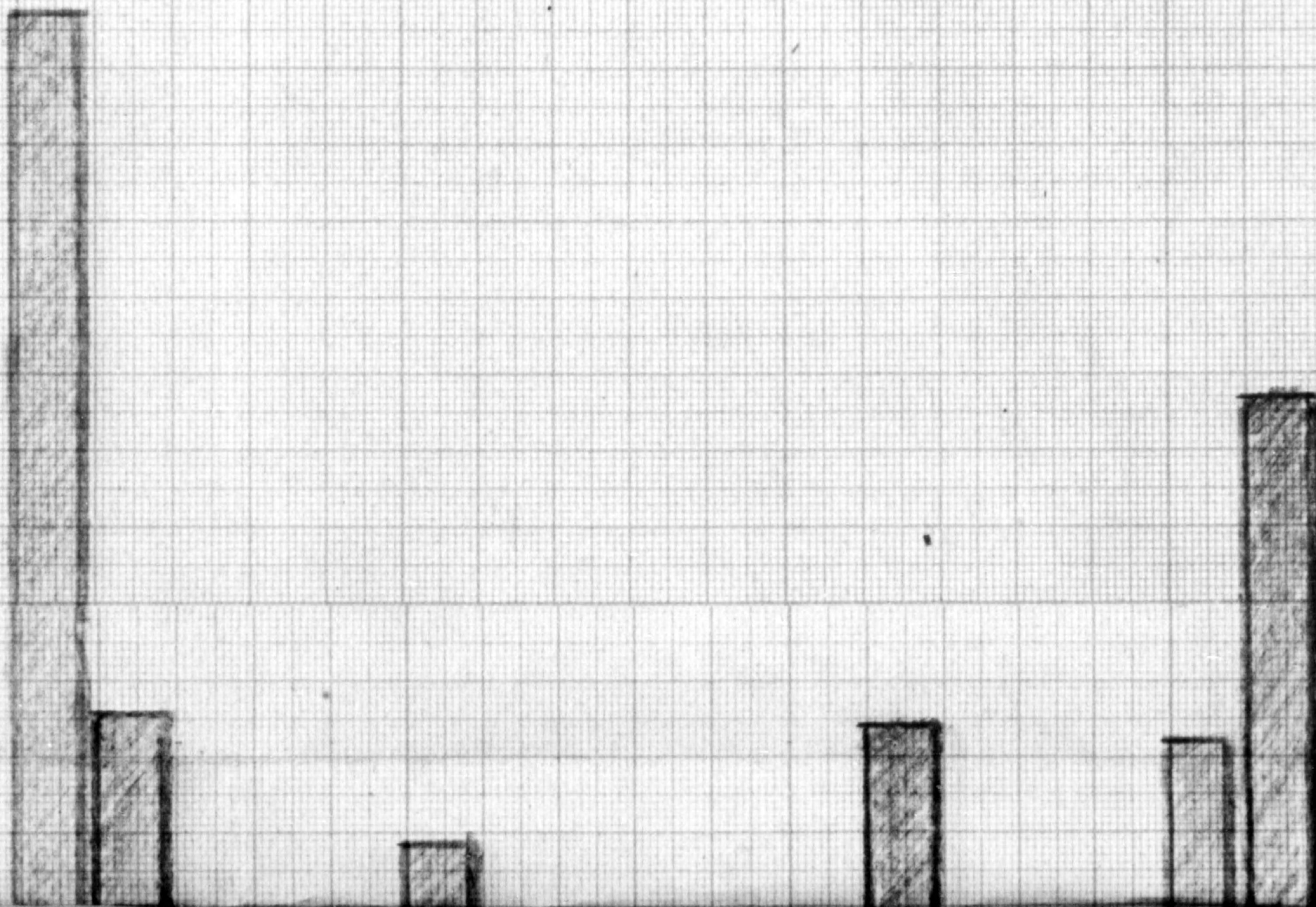


# REPORTED V.

by Mo



(1948





# V.D. CASES

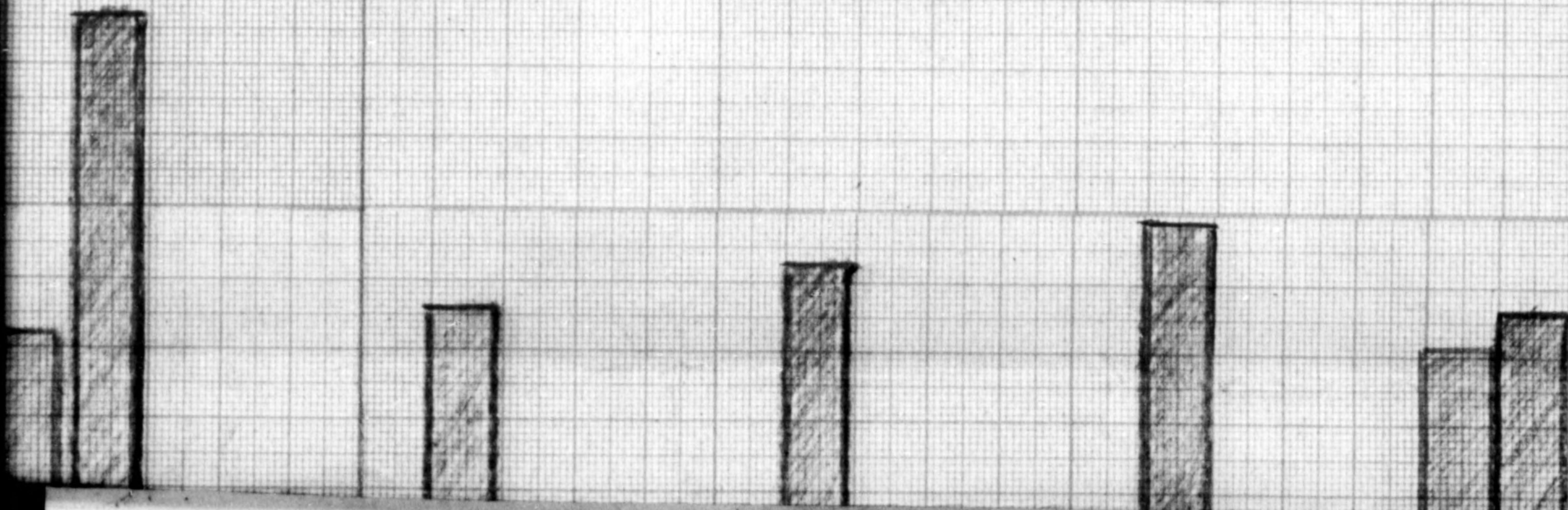
by Month

Syphilis

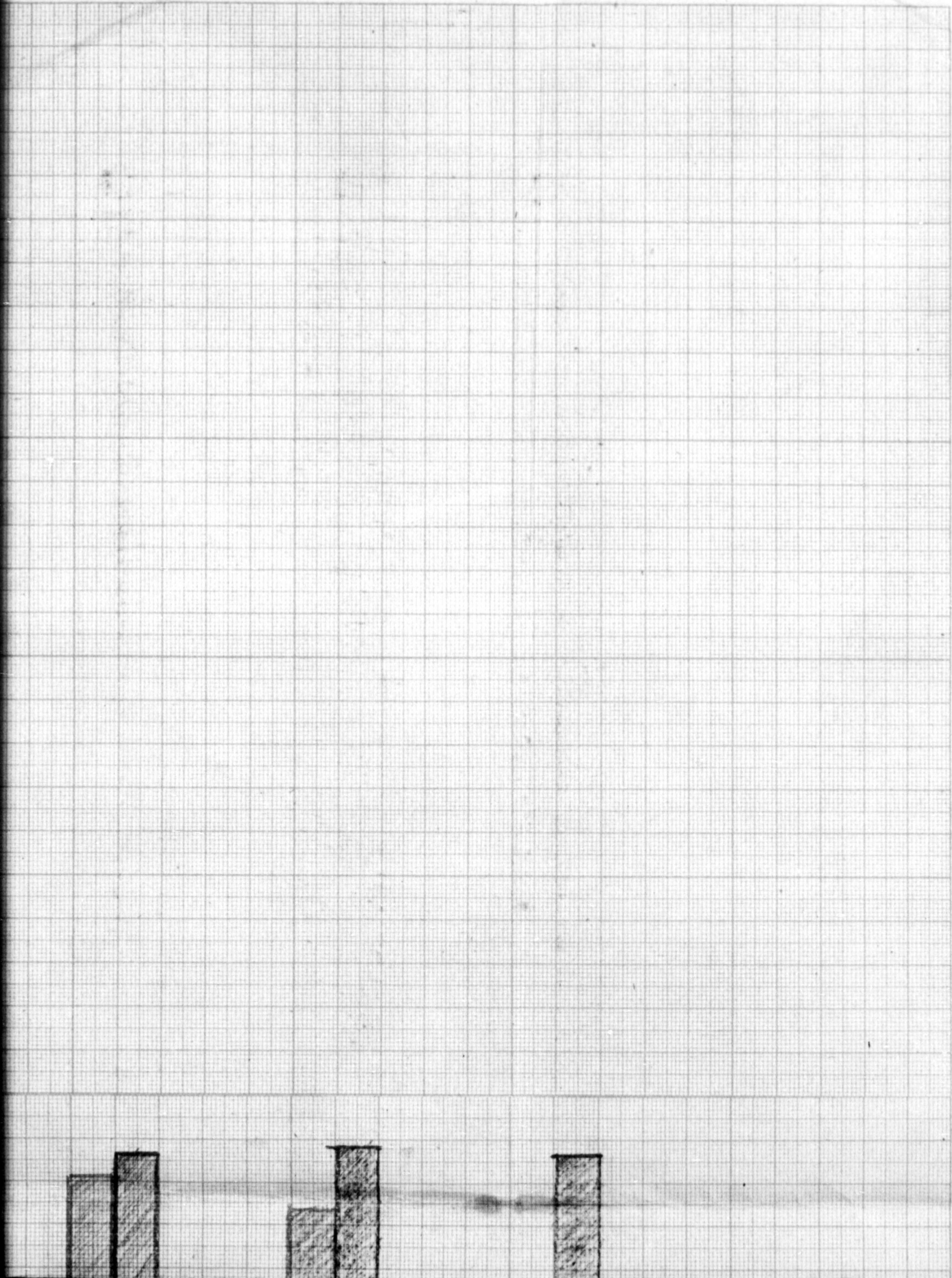
Gonorrhoea

Chancroid

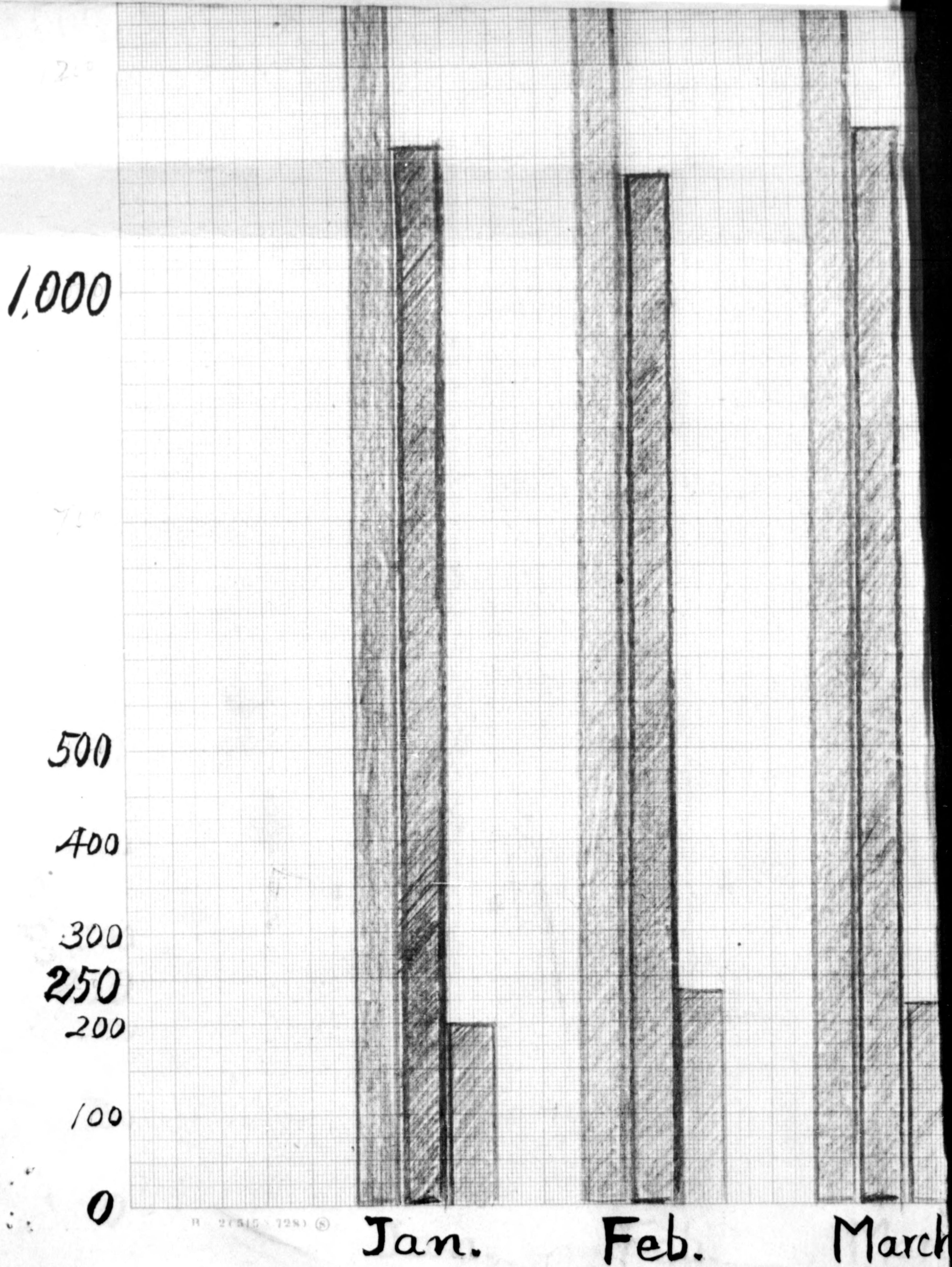
(1948)



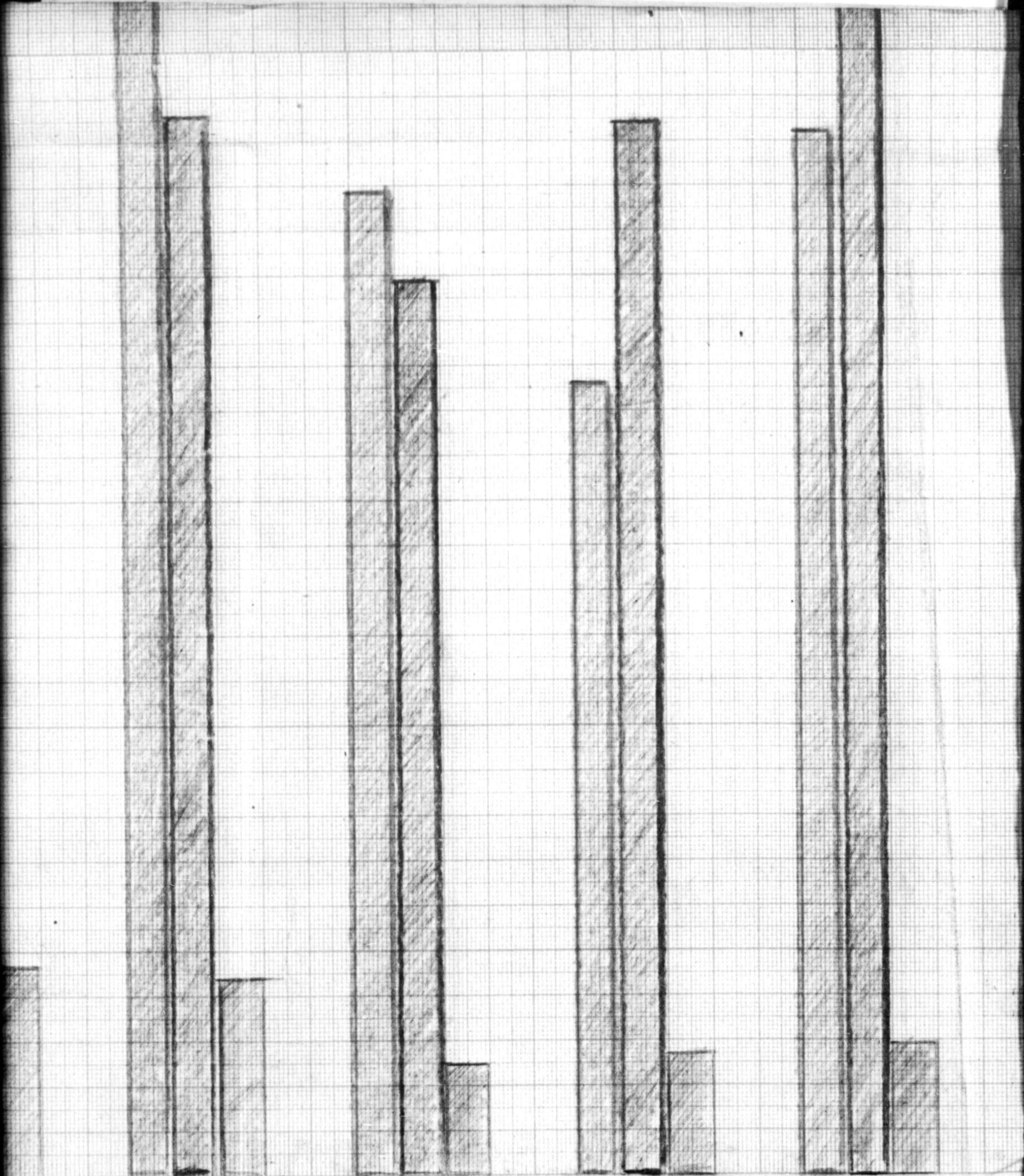












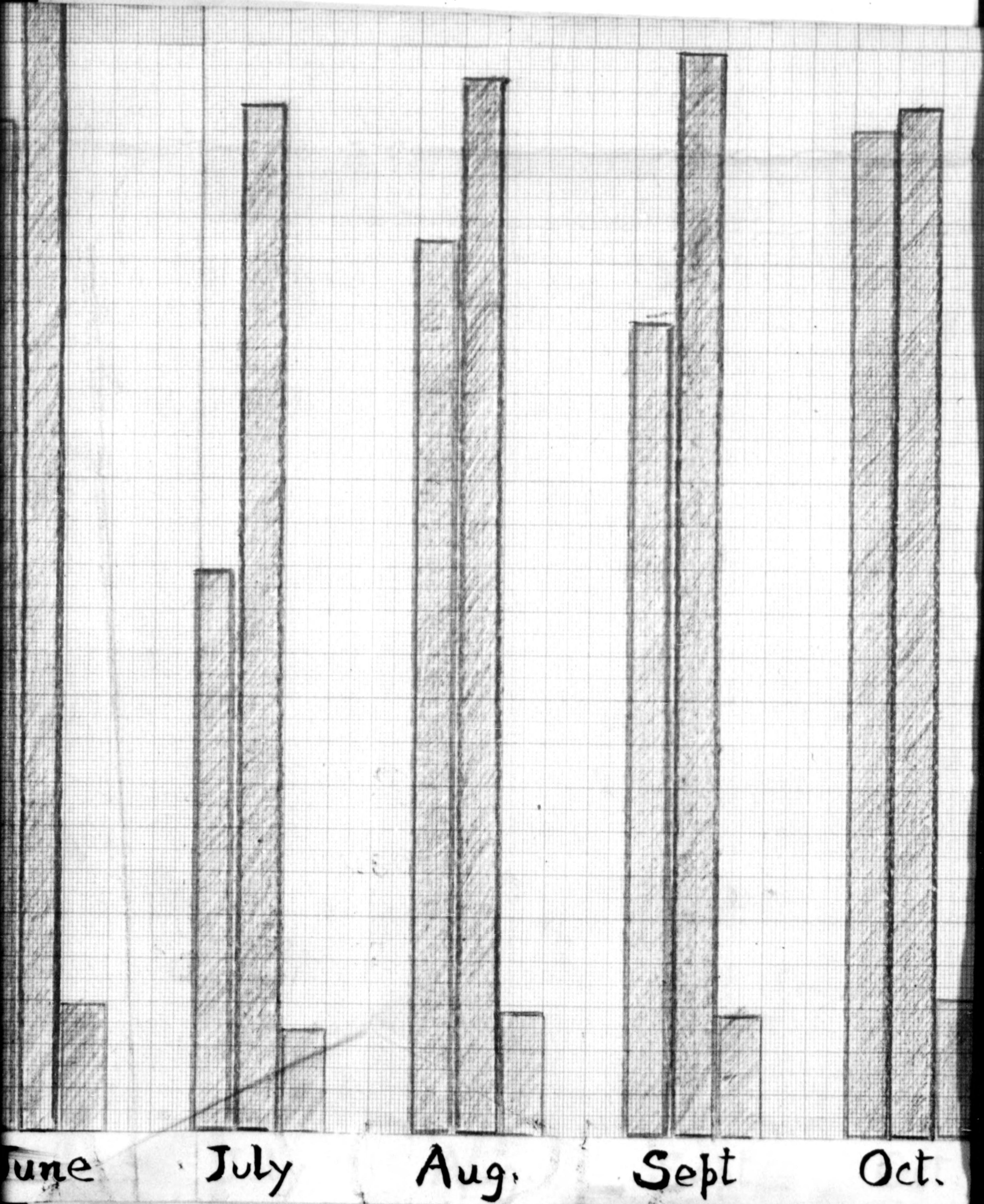
March

April

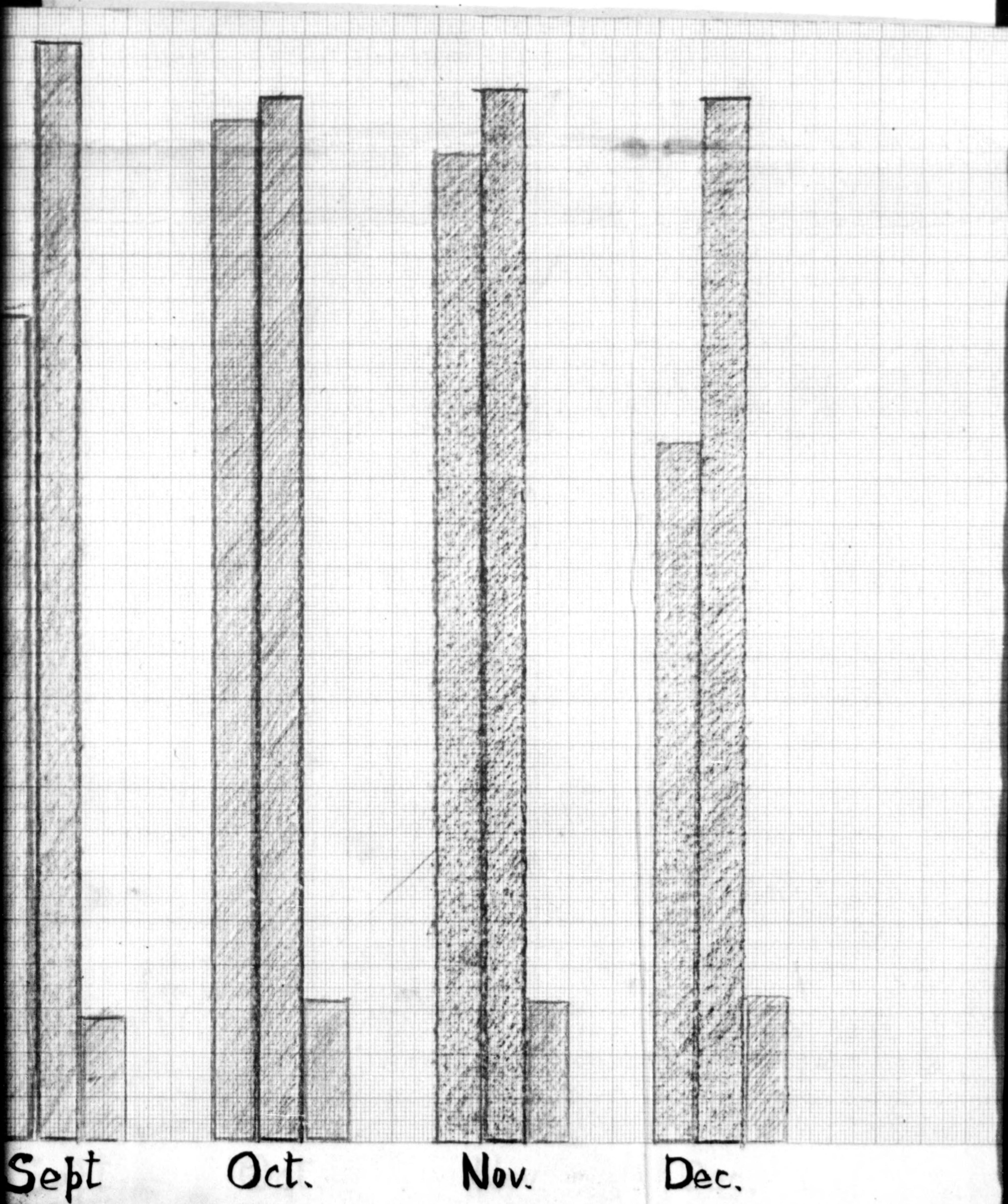
May

June

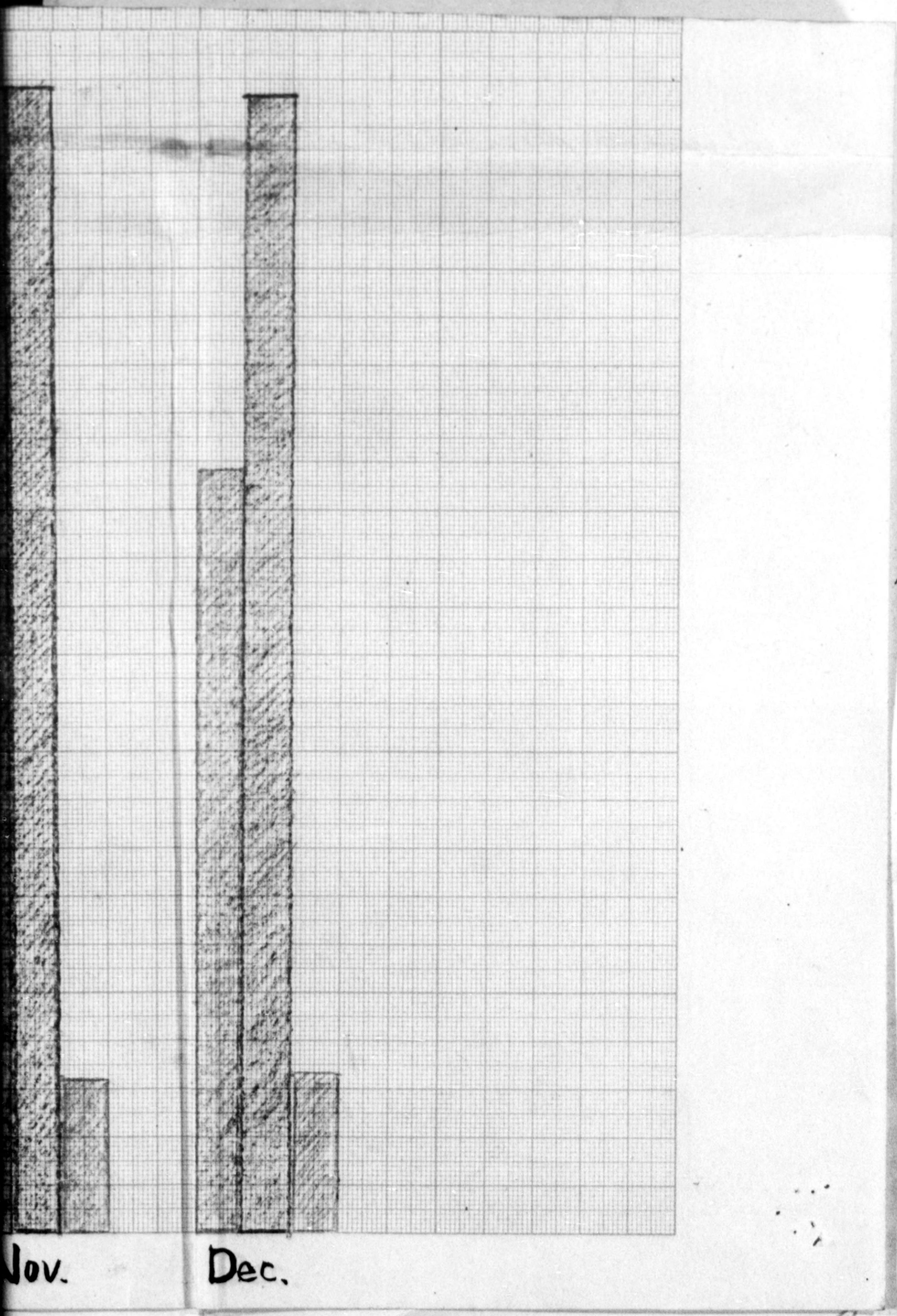












Nov.

Dec.



23 March, 1949

TO : Dr. A.R. Manitoff, Chief of Public Health Sect., T.M.G.T.

FROM : C.D.C. Sect., Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.

SUBJECT : Report of number of street-walkers under medical treatment at Tachikawa Hospital as of March 18 by police district of apprehension.

Date of apprehension	No. hospitalized	Number of street-walkers apprehended by police district						
		JAMA		Horse Cavalry				
		Tachikawa district	Tachikawa City	Hachioji City	Higashi-Fuchunurayama dist.	Fuchumachi	Musashino City	
Nov. 26, '48	1	1						
Jan. 24, '49	1	1						
Feb. 11 "	1		1					
" 13 "	1		1					
" 21 "	2	2						
" 22 "	1		1					
" 23 "	1		1					
" 24 "	2		2					
" 25 "	1		1					
" 26 "	1		1					
" 27 "	4	3		1				
Mar. 2 "	2	2						
" 3 "	1	1						
" 4 "	3	1	1				1	
" 5 "	6	1	1			4		
" 6 "	12	11	1					
" 8 "	3	1	2					
" 9 "	9	8	1					
" 10 "	3	1			2			
" 11 "	4	4						
" 12 "	5	1	3			1		
" 13 "	7	7						
" 14 "	2		2					
" 16 "	2	1	1					
Total	78	46	23	1	2	1	4	1

*To Dr. Manitoff 3 p.m. 23rd*  
*From Dr. Yosano*



*V.D.*

*AK*

March 23, 1949

TO : Dr. A.R. Manitoff, Chief of Public Health Sect., T.M.G.T.

FROM : C.D.C. Sect., Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.

SUBJECT: Report of number of street-walkers under treatment at (National) Tachikawa Hospital as of March 18 by district of apprehension.

*No treatment after 18th March*

District of apprehension	Number of street-walkers apprehended
Tachikawa District Police-station	46
Tachikawa City Police-station	23
Hachioji City Police-station	1
Higashi-murayama District Police-station	2
Fuchu District Police-station	1
Fuchu-machi Police-station	4
Musashino City Police-station	1
Total	78

(JAMA)

(Horse Cavalry)

H. Yosano, Chief of C.D.C. Sect., Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.



March 23, 1949

TO : Dr. A.R. Manitoff, Chief of Public Health Sect., T.M.G.T.  
 FROM : C.D.C. Sect., Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.  
 SUBJECT : Report of number of street-walkers under treatment at  
 (National) Tachikawa Hospital as of March 18 by district  
 of apprehension.

District of apprehension	Police-station in charge	Street-walkers apprehended
Tachikawa districts	Tachikawa District Police-station	46
Tachikawa City	Tachikawa City Police-station	23
Hachioji City	Hachioji City Police-station	1
Higashi-murayama districts	Higashi-murayama District Police-station	2
Fuchu districts	Fuchu District Police-station	1
Fuchu-machi	Fuchu-machi Police-station	4
Musashino City	Musashino City Police-station	1
Total		78

(JAMA)

(Horse Cavalry)

H. Yosano, Chief of C.D.C. Sect.,  
 Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.



TO : Public Health Sect., T.M.G.T.  
 FROM : C.D.C. Sect., Health Bureau, Tokyo-to.

February 28, '49

DAILY NUMBER OF V.D. PATIENTS ADMITTED TO YOSHIWARA HOSPITAL

DATE	December, '48			January, '49			February, '49		
	No.hos- pitalized	No.dis- charged	No.re- maining	No.hos- pitalized	No.dis- charged	No.re- maining	No.hos- pitalized	No.dis- charged	No.re- maining
	No.remaining at end of Nov.----- 44			No.remaining at end of Dec.----- 33			No.remaining at end of Jan.----- 106		
1	59	3	100	0	0	33	0	9	97
2	0	11	89	0	0	33	3	23	77
3	0	35	54	0	0	33	0	0	77
4	0	2	52	0	0	33	5	21	61
5	2	0	54	1	9	25	0	0	61
6	11	9	56	0	1	24	13	0	74
7	15	0	71	0	1	23	7	17	64
8	0	18	53	1	0	24	13	0	77
9	79	21	111	0	0	24	0	30	47
10	52	27	136	0	4	20	0	9	38
11	4	42	98	45	10	55	0	6	32
12	0	0	98	1	9	47	0	1	31
13	4	40	62	41	26	62	0	0	31
14	29	5	86	14	6	70	7	5	33
15	2	15	73	89	8	151	22	1	54
16	0	21	52	3	0	154	0	4	50
17	52	25	79	4	22	136	36	23	63
18	6	0	85	0	8	128	1	8	56
19	0	0	85	0	45	83	11	10	57
20	2	36	51	0	1	82	0	0	57
21	0	11	40	7	12	77	0	6	51
22	8	15	33	5	7	75	1	4	48
23	6	0	39	0	0	75	0	0	48
24	44	13	70	24	11	88	32	3	77
25	0	10	60	0	4	84			
26	51	0	111	31	39	76			
27	0	24	87	0	2	74			
28	1	1	87	84	35	123			
29	6	62	31	0	0	123			
30	0	0	31	19	0	142			
31	2	0	33	2	38	106			
Total	435 (44)	446	2167	371 (33)	298	2283	151 (106)	180	1361
			67.9			73.6			56.7



DAILY NUMBER OF V.D. PATIENTS ADMITTED TO TOYOFAMA HOSPITAL

DATE	December, '48			January, '49			February, '49		
	No.hos- pitalized	No.dis- charged	No.re- maining	No.hospi- talized	No.dis- charged	No.rema- ining	No.hospi- talized	No.dis- charged	No.re- maining
	No.remaining at end of Nov.----- 31			No.remaining at end of Dec.-----44			No.remaining at end of Jan. ----- 67		
1	5	13	23	5	15	34	9	12	64
2	9	7	25	0	0	34	3	9	58
3	56	6	75	6	11	29	8	15	51
4	49	6	113	16	0	45	67	19	99
5	65	1	182	61	9	97	1	0	100
6	4	41	145	10	22	85	3	0	103
7	9	15	139	10	15	80	0	9	94
8	3	80	62	10	15	75	9	31	72
9	0	12	50	15	12	78	18	16	74
10	0	8	42	0	33	45	8	12	70
11	0	2	40	22	2	65	45	18	97
12	9	0	49	42	23	84	1	14	84
13	28	15	62	3	4	83	5	0	89
14	0	8	54	9	30	62	1	21	69
15	7	37	24	16	17	61	11	21	59
16	3	5	22	23	0	84	53	4	108
17	2	10	14	28	10	102	2	28	82
18	4	2	16	6	0	108	0	22	60
19	19	0	35	10	51	67	0	16	44
20	0	3	32	1	13	55	31	0	75
21	0	1	31	7	23	39	0	14	61
22	2	6	27	16	23	32	4	0	65
23	17	19	25	48	2	78	18	0	83
24	34	6	53	6	4	80	4	2	85
25	14	13	54	33	7	106			
26	0	0	54	20	43	83			
27	17	31	40	8	1	90			
28	31	21	50	7	31	66			
29	23	3	70	0	13	53			
30	15	24	61	1	1	53			
31	1	18	44	23	9	67			
Total	426 (31)	413	1718 55.4	462 (44)	439	2120 68.4	301 (67)	283	1846 76.9



H.C. Name.	Director.	Section Chief.	Doc-tors	V.D. Doc.	Part time Doc.	Total	Notes
Kanda	1	1	2			4	
Kojimachi	1	1	2	1	(1)	5 (5)	
Chuo	1	1	5+1	1	(1)	9 (10)	
Nihombashi	1	1	1			3	
Shiba	1		2+1	1		5	
Azabu	(1)	1	2			3	
Akasaka	1	1	1+1			4	
Ushigome	1	1	1			3	
Yotsuya	(1)	1	2+1		(1)	4 (6)	
Yodobashi	1		2			3	
Koishikawa	1	1	2+3			7	
Hongo	(1)	1	1+1			3 (4)	
Shitaya	1	1	2	1		5	
Asakusa	(1)	1	1			2 (3)	
Mukoijima	1	1				2	
Honjo	1	1	1			3	
Fukagawa			1+2			4	
Joto	1		1			2	
Shinagawa	1	1	2	1		5	
Ebara	1	1	1			3	
Meguro	1	1	3			5	
Ohmori	1	1	1			3	
Kamata	1	1	1			3	
Setagaya	1		3+1	1		6	
Kinuta	1	1	1			3	
Sgibuya	1	1	2+1			5	
Nakano	1	1	2			4	
Suginami	1	1	5+1			8	
Toshima	1		3			4	
Ohji	1	1	1			3	
Takinogawa	1		1			2	
Arakawa	1	1	2			4	
Itabashi	1	1	1+2			5	
Nerima	1		2			3	
Atachi	1	1		1	(1)	3 (4)	
Katsushika	1	1	2			4	
Edogawa	1	1	1		(1)	3 (4)	
Minamitama	1	1	1			3	
Nishitama	1	1,	1			3	
Kitatama I	1	1				2	
Kitatama II	1	1	1			3	
TOTAL	37 (35+2)	33 (25+8)	81 (64+17)	7	(5)	158 (131) (27)	167 (140) (27)



A. O. Obara

## Prevention of V. D.

Dr. Obara

## 1. Spread of V.D.

- 1) Number of V.D. patients and morbidity per 100,000 population in 1947 (Investigated on 1 Oct. 1947)

	Syphilis		Gonorrhoea		Soft chancre		Lymph. ing.		Total
	No. of Patients	Morbidity	P.	M.	P.	M.	P.	M.	
Japan	147432	188.8	212126	271.6	40664	52.1	924	1.2	401146
Tokyo	8115	162.4	8984	179.8	1999	40.0	28	0.6	19126

- 2) Result of the examination by the serum reaction of syphilis

a) Result of the examination in 1948 by the serum reaction of syphilis in Niigata prefecture (examined by the Health Bureau of Niigata prefecture with Wasserman reaction and Murata reaction)

Examined — 31625 Positive per centum — 3.06%

b) Result of the examination in 1948 by the serum reaction of syphilis in Gumma prefecture. (Examined by the Health Bureau of Gumma prefecture with Murata reaction)

Examined — 11170 Positive per centum — 6.38%

- 3) Mortality, Morbidity and Suckling mortality of syphilis in 1947

	Mortality per 100,000	Morbidity per 100,000	Suckling mortality per 1,000 born
Japan	5.72	188.8	0.37
Tokyo	6.83	162.4	0.44

- 4) Number of prostitutes and street girls

a) Number of prostitutes (1 April 1948)

	Geigi	Shakufu	Settaifu	Jokyu	Dancer	Others	Total
Japan	10,608	16,287	32,637	7019	6,456	44,807	117,814
Tokyo	2,268		2,047		758		5,073

b) Presumptive number of street girls (20 May 1948)

Japan 28,860  
Tokyo 6,000

## 2. Social Origin of V.D. spread

V.D. are the contagious diseases and have the peculiarity as the social diseases. And we can understand V.D. by knowing the social origin of V.D. spread. The social origin of V.D. spread is the sexual intercourse of unmarried. And it is analysed in two forms as following;

1. Prostitution
2. Promiscuity

The program of V.D. control and prevention must include the program for these social origins.



### 3. Program of V.D. control and prevention

#### a) Report system of V.D. patients

The venereal diseases prevention law has been enforced, but V.D. patients have not been reported enough. The health center must urge the doctors in the district to report.

#### b) V.D. Clinic institutions

All health centers have had V.D. clinic but the original duties have not been understood thoroughly. The doctor of V.D. clinic must act understanding his duties and having public health mind.

#### c) Contact tracing

The contract tracing is the best method to find patients, but it has many difficulties and obstacles. And yet we must do best for it.

#### d) Health education

In the health center

Patients education

Re-education of personnels,  
especially public health nurses.

Out of the Health

Inhabitants education

center

Cooperation of the doctors in the  
district

#### e) Program for the prostitutes

The present time there is not the laws and regulations to stop the prostitution. And we must control the prostitution by the 11 article of the V.D. Prevention law and rise the health knowledge of the prostitutes by the health education.