45. The KAKUSHIN SEINEN TO (The Renovation Youth Party)

The Party was formed by SANO Masashi and so on after the outbreak of the last war. Although we can only guess the ideological tendency of the Party which is likely to awaken the youth in this country through the spirit of the Japanese clasics, judging from SANO's personal way of thinking, we have no data from which we know its activities in detail.

46. The GAKUTO SHISEI KAI (The Students Loyalty Association)

The Association was a juridical foundation which was formed by NAGATA Hidejiro, the chief director, in February, 1935, in order to make the students of all universities and colleges render services to establish the DAITOA KYOEI KEN (The Great Asia Co-existence Hemisphere), through the trainning of them.

Its chief activity was to select the elite from each school throughout the country and to send them to Manchuria and the South Sea Area so that they may learn the actual circumstances in the area through the meetings with the student of the area. Afterwards it was affiliated with the DAI NIPPON KOA DOMEI (The Great Japan Asia Development Alliance). After all the Association was an organization which aimed to enhance the

standard of the public welfare and general culture.

47. The TAIWAN NANPO KYOKAI (The Formosa Southern Association)

The Association was formed by SAITO Ju, the President, in order to investigate the situation of the South Sea Area around 1939. There had not been any other notable activities except for the publication of the organ "The South China and the South Sea".

By the way, the Association was regarded in the nature is one of agencies of the Formosa General Supervisory Government. In July, 1941, it merged into the KOA DOMEI (The Asia Development Alliance).

48. The TOA KENSETSU KYOKAI (The Far East Construction Association)

The Association was formed, centering around SEKINE Gumpei, Rear-Admiral, to research the situation of each area of Asia and besides to create the friendly relationship among the members.

Because of the financial embarrassment, however, its activity was rather lethargic except for holding lecture meetings from time to time.

June 25, 1951. I.D. 540

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On Organizations which are to be cancelled of their designation among Organizations which were decided to be dissolved in accordance with Imperial Ordinance No. 101 of 1946 and Organizations Control Order.

We hereby beg that the under-mentioned Organizations among the Organizations which were decided to be dissolved by Home Minister, Premier and Attorney-General, in accordance with Imperial Ordinance No. 101 of February 23, 1946 and Organizations Control Order of April 4, 1949, as Organizations of ultra-nationalism or terrorism, shall be cancelled of their designation for the reason under-stated.

As this matter needs juridical disposition, a draft of an Ordinance is now under investigation.

(Reason)

As the under-mentioned Organizations are not extreme of their character and their activity is slow and also their system and structure are on a small scale, the continuance of designation as Organizations to be dissolved is not just, referring to the present situation.

It is also considered that they would not be of any obstruction to the democratization of Japan in the future, even if they were cancelled of their designation.

We, therefore, consider to be moderate to cancel of their designation this time.

a 1. AJIA TAIRIKU-KYOKAI

2. DAI NIPPON KINNO KAI

a 3. DAITOA KENSETSU KOKUMIN UNDO KENKYU KAI

a 4. DAI TOA KENSETSU KYUKAI

a 5. DOJIN KAI

6. HOKKAIDO KOKUMIN DOJO

7. JIHEN SHORI KENKYUKAI

8. KINNO GOKOKU KAI

a 9. KOA MEKKYO RENMEI

a 10. KOA UNDO DOSHI KAI

11. KOKOKU DOSHI KAI

12. KOKUMIN SEIKATSU KENKYUKAI

13. NAGASAKI SOSEI SHA

14. NAN O KAI

15. NIPPON SHISO KENKYU KAI

16. SAGAKEN ISHIN DOSHI KAI

a 17. SEI KYO SHA

18. SEI MEI JUKU

19. SEINEN AJIA DOMEI

20. SEISEN KANSHO KAI

21. SHIN TO JUKU

22. TATEYAMA JUKU

a 23. TOA SHIN CHITSUJO KENKYUKAI

24. TOA SHISOSEN KENKYUKAI

25. TOKO KAI

26. TOKYO SOSEI KAI

a 27. TONAN AJIA MINZOKU KAIHO DOMEI

28. TOYAMA [illegible] SEINEN TOSEI KAI
N NIPPON KOKUMIN TOKKOTAI SOHONBU

29. ZOKA[illegible]

30. AOMORIKEN KINNO SEINEN DOMEI

a 31. DAINIPPON KEIKOKU RENMEI

b	32	DAINIPPON GENRON HOKOKU
	33	KAMIKAZE TOKKO KOZOKU TAI
	34	KEN-SHIN JUKU
	35	KOKUKU UNDO DOMEI
	36	KOKUCHU DAN
b	37	KOKUSAI HANKYO RENMEI
b	38	KOKUSAI SEIKEI GAKKAI
	39	KOMIN JISSEN KYOGIKAI
	40	KONAN SEINEN JUKU
	41	SEISEN MEICHO KOKUMIN UNDO SOHONBU
	42	SEKAI KOKA KAI
	43	SHISHIN RYO
b	44	SONJO DOSHI KAI
	45	KAKUSHIN SEINEN TO
a	46	GAKUTO SHISEI KAI
a	47	TAIWAN NANPO KYOKAI
	48	TOA KENSETSU KYOKAI

(a) indicates Organizations which participated in DAINIPPON KOA DOMEI

(b) indicated Organizations described in Attachment A of Memorandum.

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COPY.

July 9th, 1951 I.D. 650.

Organizations to be depurged, among
organizations designated to be dissolved,
on the basis of the Imperial Ordinance
No. 101 of 1946 and the Organizations
Control Order.

As to subject we have already had the honour to submit to you report dated June 25, 1951, No. I. D. 540. In addition to them, it seems to appriate that organizations mentioned in the Annexed Paper will be granted to be depurged.

ANNEXED PAPER

1.	DAI AJIA KYOKAI	x		*
2.	DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU	x		*
3.	DAITOA KYOKAI	x	o	*
4.	DAITOA SEINEN TAI	x		
5.	DAN KEN KAI	x		
6.	KINNO ISHIN DOMEI	x		
7.	TAISHI DOSHI KAI	x		*
8.	TEN CHU JUKU	x		
9.	TOA KYOKAI	x		
10.	DAIWA KURABU	x		
11.	AJIA SEINEN SHA	x		
12.	DAIDO JUKU	x		
13.	DAINIPPON KINNO DOSHIKAI	x		
14.	DAITOA SEINEN DOMEI	x		
15.	KODO ISHIN JUKU	x		
16.	MITATE JUKU	x		
17.	SHINTO JUKU	x		
18.	TOTEN JUKU	x		
19.	TOTEN KAI	x		
20.	YUSHI JUKU	x		
21.	DAINIPPON YUKOKAI	x		
22.	NIHON KOITO DOSHIKAI	x		

23.	GENRI NIHON SHA		
24.	DAINIHON DOSHIKAI		*
25.	SHIN NO JUKU	x	
26.	NIHON SUMERA TO	x	
27.	NIHON FASCIST RENMEI		
28.	KAIKO SHA	x	
29.	SUIKO SHA	x	
30.	KAIJIN KAI	x	

Note: Mark o shows organizations listed on Appendix A, Memorandum.

Mark * shows organizations participated in DAI NIPPON KOA DOMEI (Great Japan Promotion Alliance).

Mark x shows organizations listed on Item 3, Paragraph 1, Annexed List, Minister's Ordinance of Home Affairs, No. 1, 1947.

1. DAIAJIA KYOKAI (Greater Asia Society)

March, 1933, this society was formed by a party of former soldiers and civilians with Prince KONOE and others as principal founders, with MATSUI Iwane as chairman and with researchers for races, historians deplomats, etc. as the constituent members, aiming at being a successor of the spirit of the "Greater Asia Principle" advocated by SUN Wen, Chinese thinker, and at making cooperation in culture and with Asian nations. Its character was a cultural research organization. It published the organ paper, DAIAJIA SHUGI (Greater Asia Principle), held at all times meetings for the study of politics, culture, society, economy, etc. in the districts of Asia, receiving some grant from the Foreign Ministry, and made other cultural activity. When the DAINIPPON KOA DOMEI (Greater Japan's Asia Development Alliance) was established in 1941, however, the society amalgamated with this alliance.

2. DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU (Great Asia Pioneer School)

March, 1942, this school was established, for the pupppose of cultivating pioneers, by ODA Jusso, who keenly felt the necessity of cultivating and despatching pioneers to the Southern area according to the development of the then war situation, in Fukuoka Prefecture and Tokyo Metropolis.

The constituent members were not more than twelve in number. It was a mere local training organ, and an organization formed by taking advantage of the situation.

3. DAITOA KYOKAI (Greater East Asia Association)

This association was formed for the purpose of collecting fundamental materials for the policy to get the will of both the government and the people understood each other under the idea of reforming the domestic political structure in accordance with the classics of our country in March, 1932, owing to the advocation by IWATA Hajime. The constituent members, however, were not more than thirty six in number. It made no activity worthy of notice. This organization was analgamated, when the Greater Japan's Asia Development Alliance was established in 1941.

4. DAITOA SEINEN TAI (Greater East Asia Youth Corps)

This corps was a government organization which was formed in January, 1941, by amalgamating a few other organizations with East Asia Section, Imperial Rule Assistance Association, as nucleus and with MIKI Akitaka as the head in order to discharge the duty which the Young Men's Corps of the KOA KOKUMIN UNDO (Asia Development People's Movement) was to take charge of according to the decision reached by the Cabinet Conference at that time.

Consequently, the constituent members amounted to about seven hundred in number, but it actually made no activity worthy of notice but putting the place of meeting in order on the occasion of speech meetings held under the anspices of the Asia Development Alliance, as well as going camping a few times for the purpose of the phisical training of the members.

5. DAN KEN KAI (Man Health Society)

This society being stimulated by the Sino-Japanese Incident, was formed by interested people in Wakayama Prefecture with FURUYAMA Shinji as nucleus in August, 1938, in order to eternally establish the Sine-Japanese bloc and to establish universal eternal peace. It was an local organization and had twenty-five constituent members including the chairman. Its activities were nothing but to have once held a prefectural people's ralley, to have published declaration and written demand a few times and to have once held a lecture meeting to criticize on the situation. The society give us a strong impression of one established by taking advantage of the situation.

6. KINNO ISHIN DOMEI (Loyal Restoration Alliance)

This alliance was formed with scores of members seceded

from the Koto Branch, KENGOKU KAI (National Foundation Society) and with support given by NAGAI Ryokichi, by ISHII Jokichi who had been chairman of the said Branch and seceded from the society in order to complete the national restoration in accordance with the spirit of the foundation of the country of Japan. The alliance, however, did nothing but published thirty thousand copies of pamphlets headed TAIGI MEIBUN (True Relations of Sovereign and Subjects) in the early days of its formation. Thereafter, it turned into a liaison office of NAGAI Ryokichi, ISHIWATA Santatsu, OMORI Yusei, and so on, and it came to exist only in name.

7. TAISHI DOSHI KAI(China Problem Society):

This organization was formed with IIDA Iwakusu and IWATA Ainosuke as its leading promoters, stimulated by the outbreak of the China Incident in July, 1937, with a view to contributing to the accomplishment of the war objectives by the united efforts of the Government and the people. It had 13 constituent members and showed such activities as to hold mass rallies to advocate the settlement of the Incident as well as to make public its statements or resolutions for that purpose. Judging from its character, however, it was but an organization which had availed itself of the situation. It dissolved itself and was merged with DAI NIPPON KOA DOMEI(Great Japan Rising Asia Alliance) in the end, as soon as the latter was established in July, 1941.

8. TENCHU JUKU (Sky Support Pillar Academy):

This organization was formed by HOSHINO Shincho in Sumiyoshi Ward, Osaka City, but there is no datum or material through which we can have a knowledge of the purpose of its formation, structure and the activities of this organization.

This organization is regarded as one-man party.

9. TOA KYOKAI (East Asia Society):

This organization was formed by YAWATA Hakudo, SUZUKI Zen-ichi and two others in October, 1937, with a view to contributing to the establishment of the national defence system necessitated by the outbreak of the China Incident and the cultural interchange among the East Asian Nations, as well as to publishing various investigation materials and reports on those problems. This organization was, in short, one of the so-called subordinate organizations of the Government Offices, which had desired to take part in the construction work in the Continent through their cooperation with the Authorities concerned in the accomplishment of the China Incident.

10. DAIWA KURABU (Great Harmony Club):

This organization was formed by TAKEI Sadamitsu and some others in July, 1942 with TANABE Soei as its President, with a view to promoting friendship among the distinguished nationalists in those days. It had only 10 constituent members, but showed very little activity of its own. Members did nothing but to meet together occasionally to exchange views with each other.

11. AZIA SEINEN SHA (Asia Young Men's Society):

This organization was an organization whose name was changed as such in July, 1942 from KOA SEINEN UNDO HOMBU (Headquarters of Rising Asia Youth Movement) which had been previously established with KODAMA Yoshio as its leading promoter for the purpose of starting " a new East Asia construction movement", hand in hand with some young people in the renascent China. It had 19 constituent members, but showed no peculiar activity but to publish its organ paper entitled "TAIGI" (the Great Justice).

12. DAIDO JUKU (Cardinal Principle Academy):

This organization was formed in February, 1932 by KAWAKAMI Toshiharu, Chief of the Youth Section of DAI NIPPON SEISAN TO (Great Japan Production Party) with young members of the Production Party as the objects of its invitation into this organization.

It had only 6 constituent members and showed no other activity than to publish its monthly organ paper "ISHIN DAMASHII" (the Renovation Spirit) with a circulation of 1,500 every month.

13. DAI NIPPON KINNO DOSHI KAI (Great Japan Loyal Comrades' Association).

This organization was established in December 1942 by such persons as FUJITA Kaoru, YAMAGUCHI Churoku and TSUNEOKA Ryutaro in order to develop loyalist movements to meet the war-time situation at home and abroad, with 3 branches besides its headquarters and the total membership consisting of 91 persons. Later, it came to clearly assume the character of an anti-Communist organization, insisting to abandon the South theatre operations of Japan to engage exclusively in an anti-Soviet war. Further, it was brought under the oppression of the military police due to its assertion for the pulling down of the Tojo Cabinet.

14. DAI TOA SEINEN DOMEI (Young Men's Alliance of Great East Asia).

This organization was founded in October 1940 by MATSUKI Yoshikatsu, who was reverently inspired by a Royal rescript, in order to establish an East-Asian co-prosperity zone based on the traditions of East-Asian races, with its total membership consisting of 12 persons. However, its activity was only limited to the advocacy of racial combination in East Asia through its members' casual attendance at such meetings as inauguration ceremonies of similar organizations.
Thus, with its scale and system which was very small, it was one of the "opportunist organizations" that were then prevalent.

15. KODO ISHIN JUKU (Royalists' Renovation Academy).

This organization was founded by TODA Seiichi, president of the KODO ISHIN KAI (Royalists' Renovation Society), on January 21, 1934 in Wakamatsu City, Fukushima Prefecture in order to bring up those who would engage in the renovation movement which was based on a purely Japanese spirit; its membership consisted of only 7 persons. At a time, this organization was in connection with a radical group of officers of the Wakamatsu Army Corps; but after their arrest or transference owing to cases of revolt and the like, activities of this organization became entirely dull, and it came to be extinct for a time about the year of 1936. Later, in the year of 1937, it resumed its existence, but the disaccordance in opinion of its principal members made its activity almost unnoticeable..

16. MITATE JUKU (Imperial Shield Academy).

This organization was founded by SHIRAI Tameo, general manager of the DAI NIPPON ISSHIN KAI (Great Japan Renovation Society), in November 1941 in order to bring up those high-spirited youths that wanted to play an active rôle as oversea emmigrants. On February 6, 1942 it forwarded by mail 500 copies of a print "Introduction of the MITATE JUKU," which it prepared, to persons concerned with its friendly organizations, besides which action, however, no activity was actually attempted by this organization. The membership of this organization consisted of only 4 persons.

17. SHINTO JUKU (Eastern Prosperity Academy).

This organization was established with 7 principal members including its head as a national training institute for the discipline of mind and body and to preserve the traditional spirit of the TOHO KAI (Eastern Society), when the latter organization was reformed in August 1940 by NAKANO Seigo and others. However, it came to withdraw its official application for being an organization, after holding only one time a training course for its members for a period of 5 days.

18. TOTEN JUKU (Eastern Academy).

This organization was established in March 1935 in Hachinoe City, Aomori Prefecture, with former members of the SHINTO JUKU (Eastern Prosperity Academy) KUMANO Asagoro and NAGAHATA Kikumatsu as its central persons, with the view of developing an enlightenment movement among the young men of the local area. The activity of this organization, which retained a small membership of 25 or so, was no more than a local one, only being recognized in casual training, mental and physical, held for its member persons besides participating in the movement for clarifying the national constitution.

19. TOTEN KAI (Eastern Sky Society).

This organization, having been established on September 8, 1945 at Mito City, Ibaraki Prefecture making KIKUCHI Goichi the chief secretary, was one of the so-called local organizations. The Constituent members of it, excluding the chief secretary, were numbered to amount to only twenty one (21) persons and there was no remarkable movement in it.

20. YUSHI JUKU (Gallant Figure Academy),

This organization was what IWASA Toraichiro who was a war correspondent at the time of the China Incident established at Toyama City in November, 1940 to make a self-renovation being charmed with a work of Dr. HIRAIZUMI Tooru. He occasionally held a spiritual training lecture meeting gathering around sixty (60) students but those which were remarkable among such meetings were only twice. This was a so-called local organization.

21. DAINIHON YUKO KAI (Great Japan Development Society).

This organization was such that SENSHIN JUKU (Spirit Purification Academy) which was established in Osaka City by TOKUDA Soichiro and had been making the pure Japanistic youth movement had been only remaned by MORIYAMA Yasunaka and others and had been making the interior renovation its aim. There had been no such one which was perceived a concrete movement and its constituent members amounted only two (2) persons.

22. NIHON KOITO DOSHIKAI (Japan Corp Banner Comrade Society).

This organization was such one which, making SHIOZUKA Nobuya the President of it and making the publication and the exchange of thought of the youth in the whole country who were buring in the construction of their fatherland as its aim, was established in Kumamoto Prefecture in May 1946. Due to the fact that there had been twenty five (25) those who gave up the Preparatory Course of the Military Officers' Academy in the middle among the one hundred and forty (140) constituent members, it being recognized an organization which would brew a militarism was ordered to be dissolved. But there was no such movement which attracted our attention.

23. GENRI NIPPON SHA (Principle Japan Co.)

This organization was such magazine publishing Co. which had been established to publish the magazine GENRI NIPPON (Principle Japan) in November, 1925 by Professor MINOTA Muneyoshi of Keio University expecting the extirpation of the communistic thought simulaneously with that he makes a criticism upon it from the stand of the pure Japanese thought as such thought had been prevailing in the country at that time. The object of the company was the publication movement and its constituent members amounted to only six (6) persons.

24. DAINIHON DOSHIKAI (Great Japan Comrade Society)
former NICHIDOKU DOSHI KAI (Japanese-German
Comrade Society)

This organization was such one that NICHIDOKU DOSHI KAI which MATSUMOTO Noriaki had been superintending was renamed on July 10, 1940 and its object was to dispose to the ideological war of home and foreign by its intellectural mobilization. And its movement was limitted in the sphere of the proposition of the conclusion of anti-Comintern Pact among Japan, German and Italy by means of the publication of the organ and the holding of the training meeting of the anti-Communistic elements. It had no color of ultra-nationalism and made no movement which had been remarkable in its appearance.

25. SHINNO JUKU (Devine Farmers Academy)

This organization was formed under the lead of TOISHI Kiyoshi, president of this Academy, on August 26, 1942. Its aim existed in discipline of young elements, for the purpose of realization of new generation of SHOWA. Its sphere of activity was limited in Niigata prefecture and its structure was of small scale, consisting of 28 persons contained its president, superintendent and councillors.

26. NIHON SUMERA MIKUNI TO (Japan Imperial Party).

This party was formed on March 1946, under the leadership of WADA Takuo, president, Its former name was DAITOA SEINEN RENMEI (Great East Asia Young Men's Alliance). Its activity was coloured with nuance of sayings and doings centering on the Emperor, ~~and~~addegree. However, its activity was comparatively mild and its organization structure was of a small scale, consisting of 78 persons contained the president.

27. NIHON FASCIST RENMEI (Japan Fascists' Alliance)

This Alliance was formed on January 26, 1932, under the leadership of NOJIMA Tatsuji, chairman of Central Executive Committee of the Alliance, aiming at realization of the imperial rule, based on the renovation principle. This Alliance published about 1000 copies of monthly organ paper "FASCISM". In spite of program to hold research or lecture meeting, the alliance did not executed any plan, being far from any superficious activities.

This Alliance was spontaneously dissolved on April 15, 1934. Its structure was of a small scale consisting of 23 persons contained the chairman.

28. KAIKOSHA (Army Officers' Association)

This organization was established on February 1877, for the purpose of friendship and welfare of army officers and of military personnel. Its structure was granted to be a juridicial foundation corporation on July 1924. Moreover, on August 1932, all the same assaciations throughout this country were consolidated in a single unit, being reorganized RIKUGUN KAIKOSHA.

Since then, its governor was honoured by a member of the Imperial Family. The presidency was occupied by the Minister of Army, vice-presidency, by the Vice-Minister of Army. Thus, its structure was of the nationwide character, playing the role for welfare and well-being of military men and personnel.

29. SUIKO SHA (Navy Officers' Association).

This organization was established for the purpose of friendship and welfare of navy officers, on March 1876, being granted a juridical foundation corporation. Its presidency was occupied by the Minister of Navy, its vice-presidency, by vice-Minister of Navy. Its consistuent members were navy officers, cadets and naval high rank civilians.

This management of this organization was maintained by membership-fee system, for the purpose of welfare and well-being of naval personnel, corresponding to KAIKOSHA (Army Officers' Association).

30. KAIJIN KAI (Ocean Benevolence Society)

This organization was established for the purpose of welfare and well-being of warrant officers on October 3, 1938, as a juridical foundation corporation. Since then various organizations concerned in the naval stations and auxiliary naval ports and meeting halls for warrant officers were gradually annexed and united into this organization. Its president was seated by the Minister of Navy and vice-president, by the vice-Minister of Navy.

This organization is one of the so-called officially authorized welfare institutes.

List of Category C Organizations

		Rejected	Passed	Pending	Total
1.	AIKOKU KINROTO (C)	10	0	1	11
2.	AIKOKU SHA (C)	8	3	0	11
3.	Branch of AIKOKU SHA (A)	0	60	0	60
4.	AJIA SEINEN SHA (C)	9	0	0	9
5.	AJIA TAIRIKU KYOKAI (B)	6	2	0	8
6.	AIKYO JUKU (Local) (C)	6	0	0	6
7.	AIKYO KAI (Local) (C)	11	0	0	11
8.	AOMORIKEN KINNO SEINEN DOMEI (Local) (A)	0	5	0	5
9.	CHUWA KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Local) (B)	-	-	-	-
10.	DAI AJIA KYOKAI (B)	7	2	0	9
11.	DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU (Local) (B)	1	1	0	2
12.	DAIDO JUKU (Local) (B)	1	1	0	2
13.	DAI NIPPON GENRON HOKOKU KAI (A)	12	17	0	29
14.	DAI NIPPON GOKOKU GUN (C)	7	0	0	7
15.	DAI NIPPON ISSHIN KAI (C)	18	0	0	18
16.	DAI NIPPON [illegible]EIKOKU (A)	7	4	0	11
17.	DAI NIPPON KINNO DOSHI KAI (A)	1	23	0	24
18.	DAI NIPPON KINNO KAI (A)	1	9	0	10
19.	DAI NIPPON KODO KAI (A)	6	8	1	15
20.	DAI NIPPON SEINENTO HOMBU (C)	18	5	0	23
21.	DAI NIPPON SEISANTO (C)	29	1	0	30
22.	DAI NIPPON SEKISEIKAI (C)	14	10	0	24
23.	DAI NIPPON SEKISEIKAI HOMBU (C)	8	0	0	8
24.	DAI NIPPON SHINPEITAI (C)	5	0	0	5
25.	DAI NIPPON YUKOKAI (Local) (A)	0	2	0	2

26. DAI TOA KENSETSU KOKUMIN UNDO KENKYUKAI (A)	0	1	0	1
27. DAI TOA KENSETSU KYOKAI (A)	1	1	0	2
28. DAI TOA KYOKAI (B)	3	6	0	9
29. DAI TOA SEINEN DOMEI (B)	5	6	0	11
30. DAI TOA SEIMENTAI (A)	1	7	0	8
31. DAITO JUKU (C)	12	0	0	12
32. DAITO SHA (C)	5	0	0	5
33. DANKEN KAI (Local) (A).	1	10	0	11
34. DOJINKAI (A)	77	17	0	24
35. DOKURITSU SEINEN SHA (C)	8	0	0	8
36. FUKUSHIMA HIMOROGI JUKU (Local) (C)	1	0	0	1
37. GENRI NIHON SHA (C)	4	0	0	4
38. GENYO SHA (A)	1	22	0	23
39. HOKKAIDO KOKUMIN DOJO (Local) (A)	0	26	0	26
40. IKKEN KINNO UNDO (Local) (C)	3	0	0	3
41. ISSHIN JUKU (Local) (C)	11	0	0	11
42. ISHIN KORON SHA (C)	9	0	0	9
43. JIKISHIN DOJO (C)	7	0	0	7
44. JIHEN SHORI KENKYU KAI (A)	0	1	0	1
45. JIKYOKU KYOGIKAI (B)	22	8	0	30
46. JINMU KAI (B)	5	9	0	14
47. KABAWA KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
48. KAKO SHA (A)	-	-	-	-
49. KAIJIN KAI (A)	-	-	-	-
50. KAKUMEI SO (C)	4	0	0	4
51. KAKUSHIN SEIMEI TO (A)	0	9	0	9
52. KAMIKAZE TOKKO KOZOKU TAI (B)	1	0	0	1
53. KANNAGARA KENKEI (C)	9	0	0	9
54. KENKOKU KAI (A)	1	5	0	6

55. KENSHIN JUKU (Local (A)	0	1	0	1
56. KETSUMEI DAI (C)	13	0	0	13
57. KINKEI GAKUIN (A)	1	12	0	13
58. KINNO GOKOKUKAI (B)	3	2	0	5
59. KINNO ISHINDOMEI (A)	1	5	0	6
60. KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (C)	16	0	0	16
61. KINNO IBARAGI CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
62. KINNO KYOTO CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
63. KINNO OKAYAMA CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
64. KINNO OSAKA CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
65. KINNO TSUSHIMA DOJO (local) (A)	-	-	-	-
66. KOA UNDO DOSHIKAI (A)	0	5	0	5
67. KOA MEKYO RENMEI (B)	5	1	0	6
68. KODO ISSHIN JUKU (Local) (A)	0	1	0	1
69. KOBOYOKUSAN SEINEN REMMEI (C)	6	0	0	6
70. KOKOKU DOSHIKAI (B)	7	6	1	14
71. KOKOKU UNDO DOMEI (B)	3	14	1	18
72. KOKUCHU DAN (Local)(A)	0	5	0	5
73. KOKUNIN SEIKATSU KENKYUJO (Local) (A)	0	4	0	4
74. KOKURYUKAI (B)	8	9	0	17
75. KOKUSAI HANKYO RENMEI (C)	7	1	0	8
76. KOKUSAI SEIKEI GAKKAI (A)	0	5	0	5
77. KOKUSAKU SHA (C)	1	0	0	1
78. KOKUSUI DOMEI (C)	17	0	0	17
79. KOKUSUI TAISHU TO (C)	17	0	0	17
80. KOKUSUI TAISHU TO TEISHIN TAI (C)	6	0	0	6
81. KOKUTAI YOGO RENGOKAI (B)	8	24	1	33
82. KOMATSU KINNO [redacted] MUSUBI (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
83. KOMIN JISSEN KYOGIKAI (A)	0	2	0	2

84. KONAN SEINEN JUKU (Local)(A)	1	1	0	2
85. KURASHIKISHI KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
86. MEIRIN KAI (B)	26	13	0	39
87. MEIRIN KAI RENGOKAI (A)	0	6	0	6
88. MITATE JUKU (C)	2	0	0	2
89. MITO HIMOROGI JUKU (Local) (C)	1	0	0	1
90. MIZUHO KURABU (B)	20	14	0	34
91. NAGASAKI SOSEI KAI (Local) (A)	0	5	0	5
92. NANSO KAI (A)	0	5	0	5
93. NIPPON FASSHISUTO REMMEI (C)	5	0	0	5
94. NIPPON KOITO DOSHI KAI (Local) (A)	0	1	0	1
95. NIPPON SHISO KENKYU KAI (B)	4	2	0	6
96. NIPPON SUMERA TO (Local) (B)	1	0	0	1
97. OKAYAMASHI KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-
98. ONASHI KAI (B)	3	2	1	6
99. SAGAKEN ISHIN DOSHI KAI (Local) (A)	0	4	0	4
100. SEIKYO SHA (B)	1	2	0	3
101. SEIMEI JUKU (Local)(B)	1	0	0	1
102. SEINEN AJIA DOMEI (A)	0	1	0	1
103. SEISEN KANSHO KAI (A)	0	5	0	5
104. SEISEN KANTETSU DOMEI (C)	13	0	1	14
105. SEISEN MEICHO KOKUNIN MUNDO HONBU (C)	7	0	1	8
106. SEKAI KOKA KAI (A)	1	2	0	3
107. SHINANO HIMOROGIJUKU (Local) (A)	0	1	0	1
108. SHINTEI TAISHU TO (C)	8	0	0	8
109. SHINNO JUKU (Local) (C)	12	0	0	12
110. SHINTO JUKU (A)	1	7	0	8
111. SHIRIN SO (C)	1	0	0	1
112. SHISHIN KYO (A)	0	1	0	1
113. SHIZAN JUKU (Local) (C)	3	0	0	3

114.	SONJO DOSHI KAI (C)	12	0	0	12
115.	SUIKOSHA (A)	-	-	-	-
116.	TAIA GIMEI (C)	9	0	0	9
117.	TAIKA KAI (C)	11	0	0	11
118.	TAIKO SHA (C)	8	0	0	8
119.	TAISHI DOSHI KAI (C)	8	1	0	9
120.	TATEYAMA JUKU (Local) (A)	0	1	0	1
121.	TEKKETSU SHA (C)	7	0	0	7
122.	TENCHU JUKU (Local) (C)	1	0	0	1
123.	TENKAN DAKAI KISEIKAI (B)	1	4	0	5
124.	TENKO KAI (C)	10	0	0	10
125.	TENSHO GIDAN (C)	4	0	0	4
126.	TOA KYOKAI (B)	2	1	0	3
127.	TOA RENMEI (A)	2	9	0	11
128.	TOA SHINCHITSUJO KENKYU KAI (A)	-	-	-	-
129.	TOA SHISOSEN KENKYUJO (A)	0	3	2	5
130.	TOHO DOSHI KAI (A)	2	8	0	10
131.	TOHO KAI (A)	2	19	0	21
132.	TOKOKAI (Local) (C)	1	0	0	1
133.	TOKYO SOSEI KAI (A)	0	3	0	3
134.	TONAN AJIA MINZOKU KAIHO DOMEI (A)	1	1	0	2
135.	TOTEN JUKU (C)	5	0	0	5
136.	TOTEN JUKU (A)	0	8	0	8
137.	TOTEN KAI (Local) (A)	0	8	0	8
138.	TOYAMA SEINEN YUSHIKAI (Local) (A)	0	1	0	1
139.	TSUYAMA KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Local)(A)	-	-	-	-
140.	WAKE KINNO MAKOTOMUSUBI (Local (A)	-	-	-	-
141.	YAMABO KURABU (C)	5	1	0	6
142.	YAMATO MUSUBI (Including DAI NIPPON TO) (A)	1	8	0	9
143.	YATSUKA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Local) (A)	-	-	-	-

144.	YONEZAWA HIMOROGI JUKU (Local) (A)	0	2	0	2
145.	YUSHI JUKU (Local) (A)	0	1	0	1
146.	YUZON SHA (B)	4	5	0	9
147.	ZENNIPPON KOKUNIN TOKKO SCHANBU (A)	0	4	0	4
148.	ZEN NIPPON SEINEN KURABU (C)	16	0	0	16
	Total	648	538	10	1,196

		Passed	Rejected	Pending	Total
1.	DAI NIPPON DOSHI KAI	9	5	0	14
2.	DAIWA KOKOKU UNDO HOMBU	6	1	0	7
3.	GAKUTO SHISEI KAI	5	1	0	6
4.	GYOCHI SHA	9	5	0	14
5.	KOKUHON SHA	6	7	1	14
6.	SHIBA IKKA	3	0	0	3
	Total	43	21	1	65

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Idihara K, I.D. Second (1) (Jul.21, 1951) (748)679 I.

July 24, 1951

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: G. S., G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Rank of organizations designated to be dissolved, on the basis of the Imperial Ordinance No. 101, of 1946 and the Organizations Control Order.

On the basis of the Imperial Ordinance No. 101, dated February 23, 1946 as well as of the Organizations Control Order dated April 4, 1949, 234 organizations were designated to be dissolved by the Minister of Home Affairs, the Prime Minister and the Attorney-General, by reason of being ultra-nationalistic, terroristic and anti-democratic organizations. The order of these organizations were ranked as mentioned in the annexed paper.

As far as these dissolved organizations were concerned, we have investigated their purposes, character, structure, number of their constituent members, their activities, their criminal cases and nature in terroristic organizations, number of purgees and their influence upon the public.

If the character of the organizations was extremely eccentric and if their activities were positive and when there were many criminal cases, in case of terroristic organizations, and if their structure and formation were of large scale and if these organization committed such special crimes as rebellion, riot, and murder, these above organizations were put at the primary rank as the high degree dissolution reason, being arranged, in order, from the high rank reason to the gradual low one.

II. None.

III. None.

Masumi Takahashi

For Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

ANNEXED PAPER

1. Order of So-called Right-wing Groups.

Order	Name of Organization	Remark
1.	血盟団 KETSUMEI DAN (Blood Allied Corps).	
2.	大東塾 DAITO JUKU (Eastern Academy).	
3.	大日本神兵隊 DAI NIPPON SHIMPEI TAI (Great Japan Divine Soldier Corps).	
4.	愛国社 AIKOKU SHA (Patriotic Society).	
5.	瑞穂倶楽部 MIZUHO KURABU (Fresh Rice Plant Club).	
6.	愛郷塾 AIGO JUKU (Native Place Loving Academy).	
7.	愛郷会 AIGO KAI (Native Place Loving Society).	
8.	勤皇まことむすび KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBE (Loyalty True Solidality).	
9.	鶴鳴荘 KAKUMEI SO (The House of the cry of the Crane).	
10.	関根組 SEKINE GUMI (Sekine Group).	
11.	大日本生産党 DAINIHON SEISAN TO (Great Japan Production Party).	
12.	桜会 SAKURA KAI (Cherry Society) (Includes KOZAKURA KAI (Small Cherry Society)).	
13.	明倫会 MEIRIN KAI (Higher Ethics Society).	
14.	維新公論社 ISHIN KORON SHA (Restoration Public Opinion Society).	
15.	大日本赤誠会 DAINIHON SEKISEI KAI (Great Japan True-Hearted Society) 大日本青年党 (Includes DAI NIHON SEINEN TO (Great Japan Youth Party)).	
16.	大日本一新会 DAINIHON ISSHIN KAI (Great Japan Renovation Society).	
17.	玄洋社 GEN YO SHA (Dark Ocean Society).	
18.	東亜連盟 TOA REMMEI (East Asia League) (Means TOAREMMEI DOSHI KAI (East Asia League Comrades Association) TOAREMMEI KYOKAI (East Asia League Society)).	協会

國粹大衆党
19. KOKUSUI TAISHU TO (Ultranationalist People's Party).
國粹同盟
20. KOKUSUI DOMEI (Ultra-nationalist Alliance).
黒龍会
21. KOKURYU KAI (Black Dragon Society).
奥州梅家一家
22. OSHU UMENOYA IKKA (Oshu Umenoya Group).
やまとむすび
23. YAMATO MUSUBI (Yamato Solidality).
(Includes DAINIHON TO (Great Japan Party)).
大日本興亜同盟
24. DAINIHON KOA DOMEI (Great Japan Asia Development Alliance).
太政官香川縣支部
25. DAJOKAN KAGAWA KEN SHIBU (Cabinet Kagawa Prefectural Branch).
熊谷桝屋総本家
26. KUMAGAYA MASUYA SOHONKE (Kumagaya Masuya General Headquarters)
(Includes ARAI GUMI HONKE (Arai Group Headquarters) and UCHIDA GUMI (Uchida Group)).
瀬戸一家内田組
27. SETO IKKA (Seto Group)
(Alias, KAWASHIMA GUMI (Kawashima Group)).
香月青年同志会組
28. KAZUKI SEINEN DOSHI KAI (Kozuki Young Comrade Society).
久留米露店商組合
29. KURUME ROTENSHO KUMIAI (Kurume Stall-keeper Association)
(Alias, HARAGUCHI IKKA (Haraguchi Group)).
杉連会岡本分家野原組
30. SANTO KAI OKAMOTO BUNKE NOBARA GUMI (Santo Society, Okamoto Branch, Nobara Group).
幸平一家
31. KOHEI IKKA (Kohei Group).
奥州梅屋一家和田組
32. OSHU UMENOYA IKKA WADA GUMI (Oshu Umenoya Group Wada Group).
高寅組
33. TAKATORA GUMI (Takatora Group).
志波一家
34. SHIBA IKKA (Shiba Group).
北原組
35. KITAHARA GUMI (Kitahara Group).
土戸田一家
36. DOSHIDA IKKA (Doshida Group).
串田組
37. KUSHIDA GUMI (Kushida Group).
柳一家
38. YANAGI IKKA (Yanagi Group).

39. 村上組
MURAKAMI GUMI (Murakami Group).

40. 牛島一家
USHIJIMA IKKA (Ushijima Group).

41. 丸唐組
MARUKARA GUMI (Marukara Group).

42. 現金屋一派
GENKIN YA IPPA (Genkinya Clique).

43. 和田一家
WADA IKKA (Wada Group).

44. 新日本義人党
SHINNIHON GIJIN TO (New Japan Righteous Man Party).

45. 山口一家
YAMAGUCHI IKKA (Yamaguchi Group).

46. 岡組
OKA GUMI (Oka Group).

47. 寄居一家 角田二代目 森田組
YORII IKKA TSUNODA NIDAIME MORITA GUMI (Yorii Group, Tsunoda the Second, Morita Group).

48. 通称津村組
TSUSHO TSUMURA GUMI (Alias Tsumura Group)
(IMAGAMI NAKAHARA MASANOSUKE IKKA AKIZUKI SHIRO KOBUN TSUMURA IKKA (IMAGAMI NAKAHARA Masanosuke Group, AKIZUKI Shiro's follower TSUMURA Group)).
今神中原正之助一家秋月四郎配分津村一家

49
50. 奥州西海家横田一家分家阿部組
OSHU NISHIUMIYA YOKOTA IKKA BUNKE ABE GUMI
(Oshu Nishinoumi Group, Yokota Group Branch, Abe Group).

51. 浜本組
HAMAMOTO GUMI (Hamamoto Group).

52. 福神一家
FUKUSHIN IKKA (Fukushin Group).

53. 竜一家
RYU IKKA (Tatsu Group).

54. 山村組
YAMAMURA GUMI (Yamamura Group).

55. 卯辰一家
UDATSU IKKA (Unotatsu Group).

56. 寺本組
TERAMOTO GUMI (Teramoto Group).

57. 侠心会
KYOSHIN KAI (Chivalry Society).

58. 諸藤一家
MOROFUJI IKKA (Morofuji Group).

59. 松永一家
MATSUNAGA IKKA (Matsunaga Group).

60. 近藤組
KONDO GUMI (Kondo Group).

50 林田組
HAYASHIDA GUMI (Hayashida Group)
(HAYASHIDA KOGYOSHA (Hayashida Performance Company)
林田興行社

61. 寺内組
TERAUCHI GUMI (Terauchi Group).

62. 吉川組
YOSHIKAWA GUMI (Yoshikawa Group).

63. 浦上一家
URAGAMI IKKA (Uragami Group).

64. 荻島組
OGISHIMA GUMI (Ogishima Group)
(Alias, OGISHIMA IKKA (Ogishima Group)).

65. 大化会 荻島一家
TAIKA KAI (Great Change Society).

66. 天行会
TENKO KAI (Heavenly Action Society).

67. 建国会
KENKOKU KAI (National Foundation Society).

68. 天津巨
AMATSU KYO (Amatsu Religious Sect.).

69. 金鶏学院
KINKEI GAKUIN (Golden Pheasant Institute).

70. 大韓民国居留民団宮城縣本部
DAIKAN MINKOKU KYORYUMINDAN MIYAGIKEN HOMBU
(Miyagi Prefectural Headquarters, Great Korean People's Republic Settlement Corporation).

71. 神武会
JIMMU KAI (Jimmu Society).

72. 愛国勤労党
AIKOKU KINRO TO (Patriotic Industrious Party).

73. 行地社
GYOCHI SHA (Gyochi Society).

74. 中和勤皇まことむすび
CHUKA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBE (Chuwa Loyalty Sincerity Solidality).

75. 統天塾
TOTEN JUKU (Control Heaven Academy).

76. 直心道場
JIKISHIN DOJO (Righteous Training Place).

77. 新鋭大衆党
SHIN EI TAISHU TO (Fresh Masses Party).

78. 大韓民国建国促進青年同盟塩釜支部 DOMEI
DAI KAN MINKOKU KENKOKU SOKUSHIN SEINEN KOMEI SHIOGAMA SHIBU (Shiogama Branch, Great Korean People's Republic National Foundation Expeditement Youth Alliance).

79. 紫山塾
SHIZAN JUKU (Shizan Academy).

80. 国本社
KOKUHON SHA (National Basis Society).

81. 天関打開期成会
TENKAN DAKAI KISEI KAI (Heaven Warrier Break Open Association).

82. KOA SEINEN UNDO HOMBU (Asia Development Youth Movement Headquarters).

83. DAIWA HOKOKU UNDO HOMBU (Daiwa Patriotic Movement Headquarters).

84. KODO YOKUSAN SEINEN RENMEI (Imperial Rule Assistance Young Men's Alliance).

85. ISSHIN JUKU (One Hearted Academy).

86. MITO HIMOROGI JUKU (Mito Himorogi Academy).

大行社
87 DAIKO SHA (Daiko Society)

猶存社
88 YUZON SHA (Yuzon Society)

大直会
89 ONAOSHI KAI (ONAOSHI Society)

日本反共連盟大鴬青年部
90 NIHON HANKYO RENMEI OZURU SENENBU (Japan Anti-Communist League's Ozuru Youth Section).

鹿野組
91 SHIKANO GUMI (Shikano Group)

南海の松一派
92 NANKAI NO MATSU IPPA (Nankai no Matsu Clique)

藤田組
93 FUJITAGUMI (Fujita Group)---commonly called Former Sekine Group)

千東救済会
94 SENZOKU KYUSAI KAI (Senzoku Relief Society) ---formerly called War-Victims Relief Society.

小西組
95 KONISHI GUMI (Konishi Group)

長野組
96 NAGANO GUMI (Nagano Group)

日本天狗党
97 NIHON TENGU TO (Japan Long-Nosed Goblin Party)

大島組
98 OSHIMA GUMI (Oshima Group)

森田組
99 MORITA GUMI (Morita Group)

波止場一家
100 HATOBA IKKA (Port Group)---another name: Fushiki Rogue's Group.

星櫻塾
101 SEIO JUKU (Star and Cherry Academy)

白龍社
102 HAKURYU SHA (White Dragon Society)

新日本青年党
103 SHIN NIHON SEINEN TO (New Japan Youth Party)

浅草厚生寮
104 ASAKUSA KOSEI RYO (Asakusa Welfare Dormitory)

戦災者更生会
105 SENSAISHA KOSEI KAI (War-Victims' Welfare Society)

大日本護國軍
106 DAINIHON GOKOKU GUN (Greater Japan Father-land Defence Army)

鉄血社
107 TEKKETSU SHA (Blood and Iron Society)

天劍党
108 TENKEN TO (Heavenly Sword Party)

独立青年党
109 DOKURITSU SEINEN TO (Independent Youth Party)

大說社
110 DAITO SHA (Daito Society)

皇道眞理会
111 KODO SHINRI KAI (Imperial Road Truth Society)

水戸学研究会
112 MITOGAKU KENKYU KAI (Mito Doctorine Research Society).

一縣勤皇運動
113 IKKEN KINNO UNDO (Prefectural Loyal Move-ment)

勤皇まことむすび茨城地方事務局
114 KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI IBARAKI CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Loyalist True Solidarity's Ibaraki Local Bureau)

勤皇まことむすび大阪地方事務局
115 KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI OSAKA CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Loyalist True Solidarity's Osaka Local Bureau)

勤皇まことむすび 岡山地方事務局
116 KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI OKAYAMA CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Loyalist True Solidarity's Okayama Local Bureau)

勤皇まことむすび津島道場
117 KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI TSUSHIMA DOJO (Loyalist True Solidarity's Tsushima Training Institute)

勤皇まことむすび京都地方事務局
118 KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI KYOTO CHIHO JIMUKYOKU (Loyalist True Solidarity's Kyoto Local Bureau)

岡山勤皇まことむすび
119 OKAYAMA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Okayama Loyalist True Solidarity)

和気勤皇まことむすび
120 WAKE KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Wake Loyalist True Solidarity)

小松勤皇まことむすび
121 KOMATSU KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Komatsu Loyalist True Solidarity)

八束勤皇まことむすび
122 YATSUKA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Yatsuka Loyalist True Solidarity)

倉敷市勤皇まことむすび
123 KURASHIKI SHI KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Kurashiki City Loyalist True Solidarity)

津山勤皇まことむすび
124 TSUYAMA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Tsuyama Loyalist True Solidarity)

香川勤皇まことむすび
125 KAGAWA KINNO MAKOTO MUSUBI (Kagawa Loyalist True Solidarity)

米沢ひもろぎ塾
126 YONEZAWA HIMOROGI JUKU (Yonezawa Himorogi Training Institute)

信濃ひもろぎ塾
127 SHINANO HIMOROGI JUKU (Shinano Himorogi Training Institute)

福島ひもろぎ塾
128 FUKUSHIMA HIMOROGI JUKU (Fukushima Himorogi Training Institute)

天津巨崇敬庁
129 AMATSUKYO SUKEI CHO (Amatsu Religeous Sect Worship Office)

天津巨神明宮教会
130 AMATSUKYO SHINMEIGU KYOKAI (Amatsu Religeous Sect God's Light Shrine)

大日教崇敬院
131 DAINICHI KYO SUKEIIN (Dainichi Religeous Sect Worship Chapter)

大日教分教会シオン教会
132 DAINICHI KYO BUNKYOKAI SHION KYOKAI (Dainichi Religeous Sect Branch-Chapter's Shino Chapter)

万教帰一「道のつどい」
133 BANKYO KIICHI "MICHI NO TSUDOI" (All Religeous Sects' Coordination Society's "Assembly of Road")

槙原運命学研講所
134 MAKIHARA UMMEIGAKU KENKOJO (Makihara Human Fata Research Institute)

神皇の道本部
135 JINNO NO MICHI HONBU (Loyal Road Headquarters)

國体擁護連合会
136 KOKUTAI YOGO RENGO KAI (National Institution Protection League)

東方会　振東社
137 TOHO KAI (Toho Party), including SHINTO SHA (Shinto Society)

東方同志会
138 TOHO DOSHI KAI (Far Eastern Comrades Association)

時局協議会
139 JIKYOKU KYOGIKAI (Current Affairs Discussion Society)

大日本皇道会
140 DAINIPPON KODO KAI (Great Japan Imperial Morality Association)

全日本青年倶楽部
141 ZEN NIPPON SEINEN KURABU (All-Japan Youth Club)

敬愛同胞連盟
142 KEIAI DOJUN RENMEI (Human Love and Fraternity Association)

朝鮮民主國防義勇団
143 CHOSEN MINSHU KOKUBO GIYUDAN (Korean Democratic National Defence Volunteers)

明倫会連合会
144 MEIRIN KAI RENGO KAI (Meirin Society's Association)

神性神連盟
145 KANNAGARA RENMEI (Divine League)

大亜義盟
146 DAIA GI MEI (Great Asia Righteous League)

聖戦貫徹同盟
147 SEISEN KANTETSU DOMEI (Holy War Completion Alliance)

士林荘
148 SHIRIN SO (Shirin Group)

天照義団
149 TENSHO GIDAN (Sun Goddess Righteous Group)

國策社
150 KOKUSAKU SHA (National Policy Society)

大日本同志会
151 DAINIPPON DOSHI KAI (Greater Japan Comrade Society)

大日本勤皇同志会
152 DAINIPPON KINNO DOSHI KAI (Great Japan Loyalist Comrades Society)

大亜細亜協会
153 DAI AJIA KYOKAI (Greater Asia Society)

日本すめら党(日本皇道党)
154 NIPPON SUMERA TO (Japan Imperial Road Party)

大東亜青年隊
155 DAITOA SEINEN TAI (Greater Asia Youth Corps)

大東亜青年同盟
156 DAITOA SEINEN DOMEI (Greater Asia Youth League)

勤皇維新同盟
157 KINNO ISHIN DOMEI (Loyal Restoration Alliance)

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日本ファシスト連盟
158 NIPPON FASHISUTO REMMEI (Japan Fascist Alliance)
御楯塾
159 MITATE JUKU (Imperial Shield Academy)
皇道維新塾
160 KODO ISHIN JUKU (Imperial Road Restoration Academy)
神農塾
161 JINNO JUKU (Divine Agricultural Academy)
偕行社
162 KAIKO SHA (Army Officers' Association)
水交社
163 SUKO SHA (Navy Officers' Association)
海仁会
164 KAIJIN KAI (Oceanic Benevolence Society)
大和倶楽部
165 YAMATO KURABU (Yamato Club)
雄誌塾
166 YUSHI JUKU (Heroism Academy)
東天塾
167 TOTEN JUKU (Eastern Heaven Academy)
東天会
168 TOTEN KAI (Eastern Heaven Society)
振東塾
169 SHINTO JUKU (Shinto Academy)
対支同志会
170 TAISHI DOSHI KAI (Anti-China Comrade Society)
日本鯉塾同志会
171 NIPPON KOITO DOSHIKAI (Japan KOITO Comrade Society)
男健会
172 OTAKEBI KAI (Manly Society)
アジア青年社
173 AJIYA SEINENSHA (Asia Youth Society)
大東亜協会
174 DAITOA KYOKAI (Greater East Asia Association)
原理日本社
175 GENRI NIPPON SHA (Japan Principle Society)
大道塾
176 DAIDO JUKU (Great Road Academy)

177. 東亜協会
TOA KYOKAI (East Asia Association).

178. 大亜拓士義塾
DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU (Great Asia Pioneer Righteous Academy).

179. 大日本猶興会
DAINIPPON YUKO KAI (The Great Japan Yuko Association).

180. 天柱塾
TENCHU JUKU (Heaven Pillar Academy).

181. 尊攘同志会
SONJO DOSHI KAI (Loyalist Comrades Society).

182. 國際反共連盟
KOKUSAI HANKYO REMMEI (International Anti-Communist League).

183. 聖戦明徴國民運動総本部
SEISEN MEICHO KOKUMIN UNDO SOHONBU (Sacred War Clarifying National Movement Headquarters).

184. 聖戦完勝会
SEISEN KANSHO KAI (Society for Complete Triumph of Holy War).

185. 政教社
SEIKYO SHA (Religion and Politics Society).

186. 日本思想研究会
NIPPON SHISO KENKYU KAI (Society for the Study of Japanese Thought).

187. 興亜滅共連盟
KOA MEKKYO REMMEI (Asia Development and Anti-Communist League).

188. 勤皇護国会
KINNO GOKOKU KAI (Defense Loyalist Society).

189. 大日本勤皇会
DAI NIPPON KINNO KAI (Great Japan Loyalist Society).

190. 皇國運動同盟
KOKOKU UNDO DOMEI (Imperial Country Movement Alliance).

191. 皇國同志会
KOKOKU DOSHI KAI(Imperial Country Comrades Society).

192. 全日本國民特攻隊総本部
ZEN NIPPON KOKUMIN TOKKOTAI SOHONBU (General Headquarters of All Japan Special Attack Corps).

193. 北海道國民道場
HOKKAIDO KOKUMIN DOJO (HOKKAIDO Peoples' Training Institute).

194. 國民生活研究所
KOKUMIN SEIKATSU KENKYUJO (People's Livelihood Research Institute).

195. 同仁会
DOJIN KAI (Equal Benevolence Society).

196. 東南亜細亜民族解放同盟
TONAN AJIYA MINZOKU KAIHO DOMEI (South-east Asia Racial Liberation Alliance).

197. 大日本経國連盟
DAI NIPPON KEIKOKU REMMEI (Great Japan Statecraft Alliance).

198. 大日本言論報国会
DAI NIPPON GENRON HOKOKU KAI (Literary Patriotic Society).

199. 学徒皇誠会
GAKUTO SHISEI KAI (Students' Loyalty Society).

200. 国際政経学会
KOKUSAI SEIKEI GAKUKAI (International Politics and Economics Institute).

201. 革新青年党
KAKUSHIN SEINEN TO (Renovation Youth Party).

202. 富山青年有志会
TOYAMA SEINEN YUSHI KAI (Toyama Young Comrades Society).

203. 神風特攻後続隊
KAMIKAZE TOKKO KOZOKUTAI (KAMIKAZE Special Attack Succeeding Corps).

204. 世界皇化会
SEKAI KOKA KAI (World Japanization Society).

205. 台湾南方協会
TAIWAN NANPO KYOKAI (Formosa Southern Association).

206. 東亜建設協会
TOA KENSETSU KYOKAI (East Asia Construction Association).

207. 大東亜建設協会
DAITOA KENSETSU KYOKAI (Great Asia Construction Association).

208. 大東亜建設国民運動研究会
DAITOA KENSETSU KOKUMIN UNDO KENKYUKAI (Great Asia Construction National Movement Research Society).

209. 青年亜細亜同盟
SEINEN AJIA DOMEI (Youth Asia Alliance).

210. 皇民実践協議会
KOMIN JISSEN KYOGI KAI (Imperial Subject Action Discussion Association).

211. 東亜新秩序研究会
TOA SHINCHITSUJO KENKYU KAI (Society for the Study of the East Asian New Order).

212. 東亜思想戦研究所
TOA SHISOSEN KENKYUJO (Research Institute for East Asia Thought War).

213. 顕真塾
KENSHIN JUKU (Truth Revelation Academy).

214. 国柱団
KOKUCHU DAN (National Pillar Group).

215. 振東塾
SHINTO JUKU (East Prosperity Academy).

216. 東光会
TOKO KAI (East Light Society).

217. 興南青年塾
KONAN SEINEN JUKU (South Development Youth Academy).

218. 青森県勤皇青年同盟
AOMORIKEN KINNO SEINEN DOMMEI (Aomori Prefecture Loyal Youth Alliance).

219. 佐賀県維新同志会
SAGAKEN ISHIN DOSHI KAI (Saga Prefecture Imperial Rule Restoration Comrades Society).

220. 聖明塾
SEIMEI JUKU (Holy Purity Academy).

221. 長崎創生会
NAGASAKI SOSEI KAI (Nagasaki Genesis Society).

222. 東京創生会
TOKYO SOSEI KAI (Tokyo Genesis Society).

223. 興亜運動同志会
KOA UNDO DOSHI KAI (Asia Development Comrades Society).

224. 南朋会
NANHO KAI (Southern Bag Bird Society).

225. 事変処理研究会
JIHEN SHORI KENKYU KAI (Society for the Study of Management of the Incident).

226. 至心寮
SHISHIN RYO (Sincere Heart Dormitory).

227. 立山塾
TACHIYAMA JUKU (Tachiyama Academy).

228. 亜細亜大陸協会
AJIYA TAIRIKU KYOKAI (Asian Continent Association).

II. Order of the So-called Left-wing Organization.

Order	Name of Organization	Remark
1.	在日本朝鮮人連盟 ZAINIPPON CHOSENJIN REMMEI (Korean League in Japan)	
2.	在日本朝鮮人青年同盟 ZAINIPPON CHOSENJIN MINSHU SEINEN DOMEI (Korean Democratic Youth Alliance in Japan)	
3.	日本共産党 TOKYOTO 東京都新宿区委員会 NIPPON KYOSANTO SHINJUKU KU IINKAI (Japan Communist Party Tokyo Shinjuku Ward Committee)	
4.	日本共産党大日本印刷細胞 NIPPON KYOSANTO DAINIPPON INSATSU SAIBO (Japan Communist Party Great Japan Printing Company's Cell.)	
5.	日本共産党東宝撮影所細胞 NIPPON KYOSANTO TOHO SATSUEIJO SAIBO (Japan Communist Party TOHO Studio's Cell).	
6.	全国労働組合連絡協議会 ZENKOKU RODO KUMIAI ~~REMMEI~~ RENRAKU KYOGIKAI (National Liaison Council of Labor Unions)	

8th Meeting 17 July

Screened Category C and Attorney-General's Designation

	Number of Persons Screened	Number of Persons Passed	Number of Persons Rejected	Pending
Category C	897	570	297	30
Attorney-General's Designation	305	45	253	7
Total	1,202	615	550	37

9th Meeting 20 July

Rescreened Category C and Attorney-General's Designation

	Number of Persons Screened	Number of Persons Passed	Number of Persons Rejected	Pending
Category C	897	523	368	6
Attorney-General's Designation	305	43	261	1
Total	1,202	566	629	7

Rescreened Category D and G

MIYATA, Mitsuo	from rejected to passed
OGURA, Masatsune	"
OTA, Kozo	"
YAMACKA, Mannosuke	"

Enclosure 8

3rd draft.

) Sayoshi.) 4, I.D. First (3) Jun., 25, 1951) (675) 569 .M.

July 10, 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Partial Amendment to the Organizations Control Order. (Second Report)

With reference to partial amendment to be effected, as reported previously, to the Organizations Control Order, we further intend to carry out such amendment, for the reason stated in Annexed Paper 1, as shown in the draft in Annexed Paper 2, on which plan we should be pleased to hear the opinion of your quarter.

Masami Takahashi
for Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Annexed Paper 1.

Statement of Reason.

The present amendment is founded on the reason that, with respect to such organizations that have been dissolved under the provisions of Article 4 of the Organizations Control Order but whose purposes and activities were not of so extreme nature, it is necessary that some new prescription should be provided making it possible to cancel for the future the effects of their dissolution that are due to provisions of Articles 5, 11 and 14 of the same Order.

Annexed Paper 2.

July 9, 1951.

(Draft of) Cabinet Order Relating to
Partial Amendment to the Organizations
Control Order.

In accordance with the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 542 of 1945 (Relating to Orders to Be Issued in Consequence of the Acceptance of the Potsdam Declaration), the Cabinet hereby institutes this cabinet order:

The Organizations Control Order (Cabinet Order No. 64 of 1949) shall be partially amended as follows.

The following shall be added next to Article 4 of the said Order:

"(Cancellation of effects resulting from dissolution)

Article 4-(2).

In case the Attorney-General has deemed, with respect to an organization that was dissolved under the provisions of the preceding Article, that the further continuance of the effects of its dissolution that are due to provisions of Articles 5, 11 and 14 is unjustifiable, he may make the designation which cancels such effects for the future.

2. When a designation has been made as to an organization

in accordance with the provisions of the preceding paragraph, the provisions of Articles 5, 11 and 14 shall be inapplicable to that organization as from the day of such designation.

However, it does not preclude the effect of any official dispositions that have been effected as to the organization prior to such designation.

3. The designation herein mentioned shall be effected through its publication in the Official Gazette.

In Article 5, "preceding Article" shall be amended as "Article 4."

Supplementary Provisions.

1. This cabinet order shall be enforced as from the day of its promulgation.

2. The Cabinet Order No. 238 of 1948 (relating to the custody and disposition of properties belonging to dissolved organizations) shall be partially amended as follows:

The following shall be added next to Article 20 of the said Order.

"Article 20-(2).

The designation made in accordance with the provisions of Article 4-(2), Paragraph I of the Organizations Control

Order shall have no influence on the application of the present Order in relation to properties of the organization concerned."

政令第　　号

団体等規正令の一部を改正する政令

内閣は、ポツダム宣言の受諾に伴い発する命令に関する件（昭和二十年勅令第五百四十二号）に基き、この政令を制定する。

団体等規正令（昭和二十四年政令第六十四号）の一部を次のように改正する。

第四條の次に次の一條を加える。

（解散の効果の解除）

第四條の二　法務総裁は、前條の規定により解散した団体について、第五條、第十一條及び第十四條の規定による解散の効果を存続させることが相當でないと認めるに至つたときは、その旨の指定をすることができる。

2　前項の規定による指定があつたときは、その指定を受けた団体については、その指定の日以後第五條、第十一條及び第十四條の規定は適用しない。但し、すでに行われた處分の効力を妨げるものではない。

3　第一項の法務総裁の指定の解除は、官報に公示して行う。

第五條中「前條」を「第四條」に改める。

できる。

2　前項の規定による指定があつたときは、その指定を受けた団体については、その指定の日以後第五條、第十一條及び第十四條の規定は、適用しない。但し、すでに行われた處分の効力を妨げるものではない。

3　第一項の法務総裁の指定の手続は、官報に公示して行う。

第五條中「前條」を「第四條」に改める。

附　則

1　この政令は、公布の日から施行する。

2　解散団体の財産の管理及び處分等に関する政令（昭和二十三年政令第二百三十八号）の一部を次のように改正する。

第二十條の次に次の一條を加える。

第二十條の二　団体等規正令第四條の二第一項の規定による指定の解除は、當該解散団体の財産に関するこの政令の適用に影響を及ぼすものではない。

理由

團体等規正令第四條の規定により解散した團体で、その目的及び行為が極端でなかつたものについて、同令第五條、第十一條及び第十四條の規定による解散の効果を将来に向つて解除するみちを開く必要があるからである。

July 9th , 1951 I.D. 690

Organizations to be depurged, among
organizations designated to be dissolved,
on the basis of the Imperial Ordinance
No. 101 of 1946 and the Organizations
Control Order.

As to subject we have already had the honour to submit to you report dated June 25, 1951, No. I. D. 540. In addition to them, it seems to appriate that organizations mentioned in the Annexed Paper will be granted to be depurged.

ANNEXED PAPER

1. DAI AJIA KYOKAI	x		*
2. DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU	x		*
3. DAITOA KYOKAI	x	o	*
4. DAITOA SEINEN TAI	x		
5. DAN KEN KAI	x		
6. KINNO ISHIN DOMEI	x		
7. TAISHI DOSHI KAI	x		*
8. TEN CHU JUKU	x		
9. TOA KYOKAI	x		
10. DAIWA KURABU	x		
11. AJIA SEINEN SHA	x		
12. DAIDO JUKU	x		
13. DAINIPPON KINNO DOSHIKAI	x		
14. DAITOA SEINEN DOMEI	x		
15. KODO ISHIN JUKU	x		
16. MITATE JUKU	x		
17. SHINTO JUKU	x		
18. TOTEN JUKU	x		
19. TOTEN KAI	x		
20. YUSHI JUKU	x		
21. DAINIPPON YUKOKAI	x		
22. NIHON KOITO DOSHIKAI	x		

23.	GENRI NIHON SHA	
24.	DAINIHON DOSHIKAI	*
25.	SHIN NO JUKU	x
26.	NIHON SUMERA TO	x
27.	NIHON FASCIST RENMEI	
28.	KAIKO SHA	x
29.	SUIKO SHA	x
30.	KAIJIN KAI	x

Note: Mark o shows organizations listed on Appendix A, Memorandum.

Mark * shows organizations participated in DAI NIPPON KOA DOMEI (Great Japan Promotion Alliance).

Mark x shows organizations listed on Item 3, Paragraph 1, Annexed List, Minister's Ordinance of Home Affairs, No. 1, 1947.

1. DAIAJIA KYOKAI (Greater Asia Society)

March, 1933, this society was formed by a party of former soldiers and civilians with Prince KONOE and others as principal founders, with MATSUI Iwane as chairman and with researchers for races, historians deplomats, etc. as the constituent members, aiming at being a successor of the spirit of the "Greater Asia Principle" advocated by SUN Wen, Chinese thinker, and at making cooperation in culture and with Asian nations. Its character was a cultural research organization. It published the organ paper, DAIAJIA SHUGI (Greater Asia Principle), held at all times meetings for the study of politics, culture, society, economy, etc. in the districts of Asia, receiving some grant from the Foreign Ministry, and made other cultural activity. When the DAINIPPON KOA DOMEI (Greater Japan's Asia Development Alliance) was established in 1941, however, the society amalgamated with this alliance.

2. DAIA TAKUSHI GIJUKU (Great Asia Pioneer School)

March, 1942, this school was established, for the purpose of cultivating pioneers, by ODA Jusso, who keenly felt the necessity of cultivating and despatching pioneers to the Southern area according to the development of the then war situation, in Fukuoka Prefecture and Tokyo Metropolis.

The constituent members were not more than twelve in number. It was a mere local training organ, and an organization formed by taking advantage of the situation.

3. DAITOA KYOKAI (Greater East Asia Association)

This association was formed for the purpose of collecting fundamental materials for the policy to get the will of both the government and the people understood each other under the idea of reforming the domestic political structure in accordance with the classics of our country in March, 1932, owing to the advocation by IWATA Hajime. The constituent members, however, were not more than thirty six in number. It made no activity worthy of notice. This organization was analgamated, when the Greater Japan's Asia Development Alliance was established in 1941.

4. DAITOA SEINEN TAI (Greater East Asia Youth Corps)

This corps was a government organization which was formed in January, 1941, by amalgamating a few other organizations with East Asia Section, Imperial Rule Assistance Association, as nucleus and with MIKI Akitaka as the head in order to discharge the duty which the Young Men's Corps of the KOA KOKUMIN UNDO (Asia Development People's Movement) was to take charge of according to the decision reached by the Cabinet Conference at that time.

Consequently, the constituent members amounted to about seven hundred in nunber, but it actually made no activity worthy of notice but putting the place of meeting in order on the occasion of speech meetings held under the anspices of the Asia Development Alliance, as well as going camping a few times for the purpose of the phisical training of the members.

5. DAN KEN KAI (Man Health Society)

This society being stimulated by the Sino-Japanese Incident, was formed by interested people in Wakayama Prefecture with FURUYAMA Shinji as nucleus in August, 1938, in order to eternally establish the Sine-Japanese bloc and to establish universal eternal peace. It was an local organization and had twenty-five constituent members including the chairman. Its activities were nothing but to have once held a prefectural people's ralley, to have published declaration and written demand a few times and to have once held a lecture meeting to criticize on the situation. The society give us a strong impression of one established by taking advantage of the situation.

6. KINNO ISHIN DOMEI (Loyal Restoration Alliance)

This alliance was formed with scores of members seceded

from the Koto Branch, KENGOKU KAI (National Foundation Society)
and with support given by NAGAI Ryokichi, by ISHII Jokichi
who had been chairman of the said Branch and seceded from the
society in order to complete the national restoration in ac-
cordance with the spirit of the foundation of the country of
Japan. The alliance, however, did nothing but published thirty
thousand copies of pamphlets headed TAIGI MEIBUN (True Relations
of Sovereign and Subjects) in the early days of its formation.
Thereafter, it turned into a liaison office of NAGAI Ryokichi,
ISHIWATA Santatsu, OMORI Yusei, and so on, and it came to exist
only in name.

7. 対支問志会 TAISHI DOSHI KAI(China Problem Society):

This organization was formed with 飯田巖棒 IIDA Iwakusu and 岩田愛之助 IWATA Ainosuke as its leading promoters, stimulated by the outbreak of the China Incident in July, 1937, with a view to contributing to the accomplishment of the war objectives by the united efforts of the Government and the people. It had 13 constituent members and showed such activities as to hold mass rallies to advocate the settlement of the Incident as well as to make public its statements or resolutions for that purpose. Judging from its character, however, it was but an organization which had availed itself of the situation. It dissolved itself and was merged with 大日本興亜同盟 DAI NIPPON KOA DOMEI(Great Japan Rising Asia Alliance) in the end, as soon as the latter was established in July, 1941.

8. 天柱塾
TENCHU JUKU (Sky Support Pillar Academy):

This organization was formed by HOSHINO Shincho 星野眞澄 in Sumiyoshi Ward, Osaka City, but there is no datum or material through which we can have a knowledge of the purpose of its formation, structure and the activities of this organization.

This organization is regarded as one-man party.

9. 東亜協会 TOA KYOKAI (East Asia Society):

This organization was formed by 八幡博堂 YAWATA Hakudo, 鈴木善一 SUZUKI Zen-ichi and two others in October, 1937, with a view to contributing to the establishment of the national defence system necessitated by the outbreak of the China Incident and the cultural interchange among the East Asian Nations, as well as to publishing various investigation materials and reports on those problems. This organization was, in short, one of the so-called subordinate organizations of the Government Offices, which had desired to take part in the construction work in the Continent through their cooperation with the Authorities concerned in the accomplishment of the China Incident.

10. DAIWA KURABU (大和倶楽部) (Great Harmony Club):

This organization was formed by TAKEI Sadamitsu (武井定光) and some others in July, 1942 with TANABE Soei (田辺宗英) as its President, with a view to promoting friendship among the distinguished nationalists in those days. It had only 10 constituent members, but showed very little activity of its own, members did nothing but to meet together occasionally to exchange views with each other.

11. アジア青年社
AZIA SEINEN SHA (Asia Young Men's Society):

This organization was an organization whose name was changed as such in July, 1942 from KOA 興亜
青年運動本部
SEINEN UNDO HOMBU (Headquarters of Rising Asia Youth Movement) which had been previously established with 児玉・誉士夫
KODAMA Yoshio as its leading promoter for the purpose of starting " a new East Asia construction movement", hand in hand with some young people in the renascent China. It had 19 constituent members, but showed no peculiar activity but to publish its organ paper entitled "TAIGI" (the Great Justice).

12. 大道塾 DAIDO JUKU (Cardinal Principle Academy):

This organization was formed in February, 1932 by 河上利治 KAWAKAMI Toshiharu, Chief of the Youth Section of 大日本生産党 DAI NIPPON SEISAN TO (Great Japan Production Party) with young members of the Production Party as the objects of its invitation into this organization.

It had only 6 constituent members and showed no other activity than to publish its monthly organ paper "維新魂 ISHIN DAMASHII" (the Renovation Spirit) with a circulation of 1,500 every month.

13. DAI NIPPON KINNO DOSHI KAI (Great Japan Loyal Comrades' Association).

This organization was established in December 1942 by such persons as FUJITA Kaoru, YAMAGUCHI Churoku and TSUNEOKA Ryutaro in order to develop loyalist movements to meet the war-time situation at home and abroad, with 3 branches besides its headquarters and the total membership consisting of 91 persons. Later, it came to clearly assume the character of an anti-Communist organization, insisting to abandon the South theatre operations of Japan to engage exclusively in an anti-Soviet war. Further, it was brought under the oppression of the military police due to its assertion for the pulling down of the Tojo Cabinet.

14. DAI TOA SEINEN DOMEI (大東亜青年同盟) (Young Men's Alliance of Great East Asia).

This organization was founded in October 1940 by MATSUKI Yoshikatsu (松木京勝), who was reverently inspired by a Royal rescript, in order to establish an East-Asian co-prosperity zone based on the traditions of East-Asian races, with its total membership consisting of 12 persons. However, its activity was only limited to the advocacy of racial combination in East Asia through its members' casual attendance at such meetings as inauguration ceremonies of similar organizations.
Thus, with its scale and system which was very small, it was one of the "opportunist organizations" that were then prevalent.

15. KODO ISHIN JUKU (Royalists' Renovation Academy).

This organization was founded by TODA Seiichi, president of the KODO ISHIN KAI (Royalists' Renovation Society), on January 21, 1934 in Wakamatsu City, Fukushima Prefecture in order to bring up those who would engage in the renovation movement which was based on a purely Japanese spirit; its membership consisted of only 7 persons. At a time, this organization was in connection with a radical group of officers of the Wakamatsu Army Corps; but after their arrest or transference owing to cases of revolt and the like, activities of this organization became entirely dull, and it came to be extinct for a time about the year of 1936. Later, in the year of 1937, it resumed its existence, but the disaccordance in opinion of its principal members made its activity almost unnoticeable..

16. 御楯塾
MITATE JUKU (Imperial Shield Academy).

This organization was founded by 白井 為雄 SHIRAI Tameo, general manager of the 大日本 一新会 DAI NIPPON ISSHIN KAI (Great Japan Renovation Society), in November 1941 in order to bring up those high-spirited youths that wanted to play an active rôle as oversea emmigrants. On February 6, 1942 it forwarded by mail 500 copies of a print "Introduction of the MITATE JUKU," which it prepared, to persons concerned with its friendly organizations, besides which action, however, no activity was actually attempted by this organization. The membership of this organization consisted of only 4 persons.

17. 振東塾 SHINTO JUKU (Eastern Prosperity Academy).

This organization was established with 7 principal members including its head as a national training institute for the discipline of mind and body and to preserve the traditional spirit of the 東方会 TOHO KAI (Eastern Society), when the latter organization was reformed in August 1940 by 中野正剛 NAKANO Seigo and others. However, it came to withdraw its official application for being an organization, after holding only one time a training course for its members for a period of 5 days.

18. 東天塾 TOTEN JUKU (Eastern Academy).

This organization was established in March 1935 in Hachinoe City, Aomori Prefecture, with former members of the 振東塾 SHINTO JUKU (Eastern Prosperity Academy) 熊野 KUMANO Asagoro 浅五郎 and 長畑菊松 NAGAHATA Kikumatsu as its central persons, with the view of developing an enlightenment movement among the young men of the local area. The activity of this organization, which retained a small membership of 25 or so, was no more than a local one, only being recognized in casual training, mental and physical, held for its member persons besides participating in the movement for clarifying the national constitution.

19. 東天会 TOTEN KAI (Eastern Sky Society).

This organization, having been established on September 8, 1945 at 水戸 Mito City, Ibaraki Prefecture making 菊地吾一 KIKUCHI Goichi the chief secretary, was one of the so-called local organizations. The Constituent members of it, excluding the chief secretary, were numbered to amount to only twenty one (21) persons and there was no remarkable movement in it.

雄楽塾'

20. YUSHI JUKU (Gallant Figure Academy),

This organizati0n was what 岩佐虎一郎 IWASA Toraichiro who was a war correspondent at the time of the China Incident established at 富山 Toyama City in November, 1940 to make a self-renovation being charmed with a work of Dr. 平泉 HIRAIZUMI 澄 Tooru. He occasionally held a spiritual training lecture meeting gathering around sixty (60) students but those which were remarkable among such meetings were only twice. This was a so-called local organization.

21. 大日本 獎勵会 DAINIHON YUKO KAI (Great Japan Development Society).

This organization was such that 洗心塾 SENSHIN JUKU (Spirit Purification Academy) which was established in 大阪 Osaka City by 徳田 惣一 TOKUDA Soichiro and had been making the pure Japanistic youth movement had been only remaned by 盛山 泰伸 MORIYAMA Yasunaka and others and had been making the interior renovation its aim. There had been no such one which was perceived a concrete movement and its constituent members amounted only two (2) persons.

22. 日本 鯉登同志会
NIHON KOITO DOSHIKAI (Japan Corp Banner Comrade Society).

塩塚
This organization was such one which, making SHIOZUKA 誠也
Nobuya the President of it and making the publication and the exchange of thought of the youth in the whole country who were buring in the construction of their fatherland as its aim, was established in 熊本 Kumamoto Prefecture in May 1946. Due to the fact that there had been twenty five (25) those who gave up the Preparatory Course of the Military Officers' Academy in the middle among the one hundred and forty (140) constituent members, it, being recognized an organization which would brew a militarism, was ordered to be dissolved. But there was no such movement which attracted our attention.

23. 原理日本社
GENRI NIPPON SHA (Principle Japan Co.)

This organization was such magazine publishing Co. which had been established to publish the magazine 原理日本
GENRI NIPPON (Principle Japan) in November, 1925 by 蓑田胸喜
Professor MINOTA Muneyoshi of Keio University expecting the extirpation of the communistic thought simulaneously with that he makes a criticism upon it from the stand of the pure Japanese thought as such thought had been prevailing in the country at that time. The object of the company was the publication movement and its constituent members amounted to only six (6) persons.

24. 大日本同志会
DAINIHON DOSHIKAI (Great Japan Comrade Society)
日独同志会
former NICHIDOKU DOSHI KAI (Japanese-German Comrade Society)

This organization was such one that NICHIDOKU DOSHI KAI which MATSUMOTO Noriaki had been superintending was renamed on July 10, 1940 and its object was to dispose to the ideological war of home and foreign by its intellectural mobilization. And its movement was limitted in the sphere of the proposition of the conclusion of anti-Comintern Pact among Japan, German and Italy by means of the publication of the organ and the holding of the training meeting of the anti-Communistic elements. It had no color of ultra-nationalism and made no movement which had been remarkable in its appearance.

25. SHINNO JUKU (Devine Farmers Academy)

This organization was formed under the lead of TOISHI Kiyoshi, president of this Academy, on August 26, 1942. Its aim existed in discipline of young elements, for the purpose of realizatioh of new generation of SHOWA. Its sphere of activity was limited in Niigata prefecture and its structure was of small scale, consisting of 28 persons contained its president, superintendent and councillors.

26. NIHON SUMERA ~~MIKUNI~~ TO (Japan Imperial Party).

This party was formed on March 1946, under the leadership of WADA Takuo, president. Its former name was DAITOA SEINEN RENMEI (Great East Asia Young Men's Alliance). Its activity was coloured with nuance of sayings and doings centering on the Emperor, to a degree. However, its activity was comparatively mild and its organization s tructure was of a small scale, consisting of 78 persons contained the president.

27. NIHON FASCIST RENMEI (Japan Fascists' Alliance)

This Alliance was formed on January 26, 1932, under the leadership of NOJIMA Tatsuji, chairman of Central Executive Committee of the Alliance, aiming at realization of the imperial rule, based on the renovation principle. This Alliance published about 1000 copies of monthly organ paper "FASCISM". In spite of program to hold research or lecture meeting, the alliance did not executed any plan, being far from any superficious activities.

This Alliance was spontaneously dissolved on April 15, 1934. Its structure was of a small scale consisting of 23 persons contained the chairman.

28. KAIKOSHA (Army Officers' Association)

This organization was established on February 1877, for the purpose of friendship and welfare of army officers and of military personnel. Its structure was granted to be a juridicial foundation corporation on July 1924. Moreover, on August 1932, all the same assaciations throughout this country were consolidated in a single unit, being reorganized RIKUGUN KAIKOSHA.

Since then, its governor was honoured by a member of the Imperial Family. The presidency was occupied by the Minister of Army, vice-presidency, by the Vice-Minister of Army. Thus, its structure was of the nationwide character, playing the role for welfare and well-being of military men and personnel.

29. 水交社
SUIKO SHA (Navy Officers' Association).

This organization was established for the purpose of friendship and welfare of navy officers, on March 1876, being granted a juridical foundation corporation. Its presidency was occupied by the Minister of Navy, its vice-presidency, by vice-Minister of Navy. Its consistuent members were navy officers, cadets and naval high rank civilians.

This management of this organization was maintained by membership-fee system, for the purpose of welfare and well-being of naval personnel, corresponding to KAIKOSHA (Army Officers' Association).

30. KAIJIN KAI (Ocean Benevolence Society)

This organization was established for the purpose of welfare and well-being of warrant officers on October 3, 1938, as a juridical foundation corporation. Since then various organizations concerned in the naval stations and auxiliary naval ports and meeting halls for warrant officers were gradually annexed and united into this organization. Its president was seated by the Minister of Navy and vice-president, by the vice-Minister of Navy.

This organization is one of the so-called officially authorized welfare institutes.

July 7 , 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Partial Amendment to the Organizations Control Order. (Second Report)

a. With reference to partial amendment to be effected, as reported previously, to the Organizations Control Order, we further intend to carry out such amendment, for the reason stated in Annexed Paper 1, as shown in the draft in Annexed Paper 2, on which plan we should be pleased to hear the opinion of your quarter.

b. In connection with the provision related to nullification of Article 11, etc., appearing in paragraph 2, Article 4 - (2) in the said draft, the view of this office is that:

Although no designation of purged persons can be done, after the date of cancellation of dissolution order on an organization issued under the provision of Article 4, by application of Article 11 to particularly specified members concerned with such organization, the

designation for purge as to officers and other members of such organization, which was already done, does not immediately become invalid upon the aforesaid cancellation of ordissolution order, as the requisite for such designation consists in that those persons who are purged under the provision of Article 4 are ones that have been concerned with an organization which is in the status of a dissolved one at the very time of such designation.

With respect to this kind of purged persons, we intend to arrange the matter so as their designation be cancelled by the Prime Minister in accordance with the provision of Article 4 - (2), Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

for Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.