NEW ORLEANS DAILY BEE.
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TERMS OF THE BEE.
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The Semi-Weekly is published every Tuesday and Saturday. Subscription, $5 per annum, invariably in advance.
Rates of Advertising—Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion, $1 50 per square; each subsequent insertion, 75 cents per square.
First or Editorial Page, transient advertisements, each insertion, $1 50 per square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals to be charged as new, each insertion.
First, or Editorial Page, monthly advertisements, each square, $30 net per month.
Regular advertisers, who advertise largely, shall be allowed such discount from the above named transient rates as may be agreed upon.
In no case shall such discount exceed 25 per cent.
Business Notices of Advertisements to be charged 20 cents net per line, each insertion.
All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.
All advertisements not marked for any number of insertions will be published six times.
All bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.
Weekly Edition.
TERMS—PREPAYABLE.....$3
NEW ORLEANS:
FRIDAY MORNING, NOV. 17, 1871.

Amusements This Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—Mme. Ostas and her Comic Opera Company. "The Daughter of the Regiment."

ST. CHARLES THEATRE—"Rebellion," with Mr. Forrest.

EVASION OF THE IMPEACHMENT PROCESS.

The impeachment process is intended not only to effect the removal from office of those who have been guilty of misconduct in the exercise of their functions, and thus to take away their power to repeat the offense, but also to punish the guilty officer by disqualification from again holding any office of honor, trust or profit in the State. Now was it the intention of the framers of the present Constitution of Louisiana to suffer an officer who had rendered himself liable to impeachment, to avoid the consequences of such a proceeding by simply resigning his office? If this were the case, then an officer who has committed impeachable offenses is not disqualified from again holding a place of trust, honor or profit unless he has been impeached, tried and convicted. He avoids the disqualification which accompanies conviction of the impeachable offense by resigning in advance. A Judge of the Supreme Court, for instance, knowing he was to be impeached, might resign in advance of the action of the Legislature against him and thus escape trial and sentence. He would still be qualified for re-appointment to the same or another office. There is no word or clause in the Constitution of this State which could prevent the impeachment and trial of an officer who has resigned. In the Constitution of Georgia certain words have been found which seem to authorize impeachment even should the offender have resigned his office. Article 4 of the Constitution of that State contains the following declaration:

"The House of Representatives has the sole power to impeach all persons who shall, by bribery, or any other corrupt means, attempt to bribe, or shall be guilty of any misbehavior, or shall be guilty of any other high crime or misdemeanor, or violation of their oaths of office, or any other offence, which shall make it appear that the public good requires the impeachment, or shall be guilty of any other offence, which, in the judgment of the House, shall render it necessary to impeach, while he is in office, or after he shall have resigned, or be out of office."

We acknowledge receipt, through Mr. L. A. Barange, of an invitation to be present at a fancy dress ball to be given by the Grenata Literary Association, at Grenata, on Saturday evening, November 25th. Also of invitations to attend a grand fancy dress ball, to be given for the benefit of the Widows' and Orphans' Relief Fund, by Oreyka Tribe No. 1, I. O. R. M., on Saturday evening, November 18, at Turner's Hall.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Observations.

OFFICE OF THE SIGNAL SERVICE, NEW ORLEANS, NOV. 16, 1871.

	7:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	7:00 P.M.
Barometer	30.00	29.97	30.00
Thermometer	58	66	61
Dew Point	54	58	57
Humidity	86	74	86
Direction of Wind	N. E.	N. E.	N. E.
Velocity of Wind	4	6	4
Force of Wind	1	2	1
Rain	0.00		

Weather cloudy.

Mean barometer, 30.00. Mean temperature, 62. Maximum temperature, 66. Minimum temperature, 58. Total rainfall, 0.00.

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all the military posts in the Department of the Gulf.

Stations.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	State of Weather.
New Orleans	30.00	58	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Mobile	30.00	60	N. E.	6	Cloudy
Vicksburg	30.00	58	N. E.	6	Cloudy
Shreveport	30.00	54	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Little Rock	30.00	52	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Fort Smith	30.00	52	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Fort Gibson	30.00	52	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Fort Sill	30.00	52	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Fort Clark	30.00	60	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Fort Brown	30.00	62	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Galveston	30.00	62	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Indianola	30.00	62	N. E.	4	Cloudy
Brownsville	30.00	62	N. E.	4	Cloudy

Lieut. Col. A. J. Dallas, Chief Signal Officer.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 73 CHARTRES STREET. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 17, 1871. 45th YEAR—Vol. XLV.—Whole—15,5018

BY TELEGRAPH.

(To the New Orleans Bee.)

FOREIGN NEWS.

Rumors Regarding Jules Favre's Appointment.

Fatal Colliery Explosion at Wegan.

Late and Important from China and Japan.

HOME NEWS.

President Grant Preparing his Message.

Committee of Seventy Framing New Charter for New York.

John Mitchell's Suit Against General Dix.

Tweed's Indictment by the Grand Jury Denied.

Damages by Late Storms.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

London, Nov. 16.—An explosion occurred today at Wegan Colliery; buildings were locked and the people rushed panic stricken to the streets. Fortunately the explosion occurred after the working hours had left only 6 persons were killed. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Heavy gales prevail on the British coast, and several casualties are reported. No American vessels are mentioned.

The Legrete, from Cardiff for Havana, was abandoned in a sinking condition at Barnstable Bay, and will be a total wreck. The crew were saved.

London, Nov. 16.—Money plenty in Germany and rapidly drifting into American securities.

Germany will early next year, redeem thirty millions of the coinage of the war loans—half of it in Jacobs and Friedrichsdorf.

London, Nov. 16.—Thomas Dakin, formerly Lord Mayor of London, has been knighted.

Kennebecker, Canada, Nov. 16.—A fishing boat was towed on shore this morning belonging to Kenneth McCauley and Maguire Smith, of Southampton.

Vienna, Nov. 16.—The Bohemian Diet still refuses to send Deputies to the Reichsrath. The Imperial Government is discussing a proposition to have elections open to the people of Bohemia, so that they may choose and send Delegates to the Reichsrath, without the intervention of the Provisional Diet.

Brussels, Nov. 16—Various reports have been in circulation in regard to Jules Favre, some stating that he had been appointed Envoy to Belgium, and others that he would be sent to London on a mission of special importance.

A dispatch to the *Independance Belge* from Paris, states that no appointment has yet been made, but it is understood that the question of sending M. Favre Ambassador of France to Great Britain is under consideration in the French Cabinet.

Vienna, Nov. 16—Count Andrassy, the new Premier and the Hungarian Minister to this Court, have dined together and exchanged visits several times since the elevation of the former to the Ministry.

Athens, Nov. 16—Greece and the King has prorogued the session of the Chambers for one month.

Berne, Nov. 16.—The corporate authorities of Geneva have resolved to revive and enforce to their fullest extent within the city limits the Federal laws prohibiting the sale of lottery tickets and lotteries within the Confederation. These laws have not for a long time been practically observed.

Prague, Nov. 16—Evening—Imperial decrees have been received from Vienna, ordering an immediate election of members of the Austrian Reichsrath directly by the people of Bohemia. The usual notifications of the holding of an election will at once follow.

Shanghai, Oct. 22, *via San Francisco*, Nov. 16—John Mackinn, British Consul, died at Shanghai, on the 9th inst.

Baron Richthofen has started to explore the extreme northwest of China.

More than 500 slaves were lost at Muras by the typhoon of September 12.

S. Munster Lawes has returned to Pekin.

The Corean population seems to have been given up.

The rains continue in the north, within the last two days the water has been higher than at any previous date, 20,000 square miles of territory have been inundated and 1000 people were drowned in New Chinang.

Consul General Seward has returned from his visit to the North.

Rice and other crops are coming, growing out of the Shansi-Fun rumors, have subsided.

Political difficulties are brewing in the province of Hunan and a formidable insurrection is imminent.

The bulk of the tea crop has been brought to market, and there has been an advance in the price of all grades.

Silk is also higher, and the cotton crop is especially short. The markets for foreign goods have been active. Freights have been good for vessels to all quarters.

Yokohama, Oct. 23, *via San Francisco*, Nov. 16—The Mikado is recovering his usual cheerfulness and is appearing freely in public.

Minister Delong is travelling extensively through Japan, and is visiting the volcanoes and all points of interest.

The new Governor of Yokohama entertained the foreign Consuls at dinner, and made radically progressive speeches.

The steamship Alaska will sail from Yokohama about the 24 of November, with a full cargo of tea, already engaged.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Nov. 16—The President is working on his annual message; access to him is difficult.

WEATHER REPORT.

Washington, Nov. 16—The low barometer which was Wednesday evening central in New York and Massachusetts has moved to the eastward of Cape Cod. Brisk northwest winds continue on the middle Atlantic coast and rain has followed the snow of last night in western Pennsylvania and New York. The area of highest pressure extends from Tennessee to Michigan. The storm which was probably central in Oregon and Washington territory Tuesday midnight apparently took central near the area of low pressure with cloudy weather between Colorado and Minnesota. Northerly winds are reported from Lake Superior. Southeast winds and the attending weather in Iowa.

PROBABILITIES.

The low pressure in the Missouri Valley will probably move into Iowa, with northerly winds, increasing to a gale by Friday night on Lake Michigan, and on Lake Superior. Southerly winds will follow, obtaining weather and possibly rain from Illinois to Louisiana and westward. Cooler weather will follow from Mississippi to Alabama and in the South Atlantic districts. Northwesterly winds back to southerly, with diminishing force, and clearing up weather in the Middle and Eastern States. Dangerous winds are not anticipated on the Atlantic coast in Florida. Cautionary signals continue for Eastern New York and Nantucket, Cape May, Baltimore, New York and London.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

New York, Nov. 16—The Committee of Seventy are giving their exclusive attention to framing a new city and election law, and similar matters for the Legislature's attention. Ex-Gov. Salomon is Chairman of the sub-committee. The committee have secured quarters corner of Fourth Avenue and Seventeenth street.

There is considerable talk of running ex-Mayor Havemeyer for the Mayoralty in the spring, if the new charter is then in office.

Ex-Gov. Seymour to-day had a long conference with Sam. L. Courtney, chairman of the Appeals Hall Democratic Committee, relative to the organization of the Democratic elements in the city and state.

It is known that Gov. Seymour is anxious for a consolidation of the party here, with a view of aiding the corruptionists of Tammany from the future workings of a party.

The Board of Fire Underwriters have taken measures for the removal of an indeterminate number of empty oil and gasoline barrels near coherency, at the intersection of South and Clinton streets, which is said to endanger the safety of millions of dollars' worth of property.

New York, Nov. 16.—An Albany special says Governor Hoffman met the Democratic State Senators at Troy to-day, to consider the propriety of calling an extra session of the Legislature, to pass the new reform charter, already drafted by Comptroller Tilden and others, for New York and Brooklyn.

One more death from cholera occurred at the Bank Hospital to-day.

The Pacific mail matter has been adjusted. Alden B. Stockwell was chosen President, and F. W. G. Bellows Vice-President. The resignation of Clews and Lockwood was accepted, when they were made individual stockholders and re-elected directors.

New York, Nov. 16.—John Mitchell gained a point to-day in the suit against General Dix for alleged imprisonment, Judge McCunn, denying the motion to transfer to the United States Court, for the reason that it did not come under the laws of Congress of 1863 or 1866, the arrest having occurred June 14th, 1865, which was a subsequent date to that fixed by the Presidential proclamation at the close of the rebellion.

District Attorney Garvin denies the report of Tweed's indictment by the Grand Jury, saying the case has not been brought before them.

The rumor that Tom Fields had resigned his seat in the Assembly is untrue.

New York, Nov. 16.—The residence of Mr. Nathan, who was so mysteriously murdered, is being converted into a gambling hell.

New York, Nov. 16.—A London dispatch says great consternation prevails at Hyde Park in consequence of the caving of earth over Oxford mine. Building badly shaken. No persons injured.

It is estimated that £10,000,000 sterling, belonging to the French Government, is on deposit in London and held for payment of German indemnity.

New York, Nov. 16.—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce this afternoon a resolution recommending that the Government pay liberal compensation for carrying mails to all suitable lines of American steamers sailing to foreign ports, was offered and discussed to adjournment.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 16.—Schooner O'Gorman went ashore last night in lake Ontario, one mile west of the Genesee river. Another schooner is reported ashore further west.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—A meeting of the policy holders of the suspended Insurance Companies was held here last evening. F. N. Arnold, presiding. Wm. J. Calhoughy said he had made up his mind that it was the duty of the merchants of Chicago to determine the relations between them and the Insurance Companies; especially in view of the immense differences existing between the proposed settlement and its published assets. He proposed that a committee be sent to New York with instructions to take a full investigation.

There was as much disposition in New York to drive hard bargains as in Chicago. I thought an offer of a fairer settlement than 35 per cent should be made.

Mr. Stillman, of New York, said there was no other feeling in New York, than that the 100 per cent due the Chicago sufferers; that Manhattan and security companies would probably pay from 60 to 70 per cent.

A committee of ten was then appointed to report a plan of action to be submitted at a future meeting.

Chicago, Nov. 16.—The *Evening Journal* has it on trustworthy authority that the Grand Jury now in session has the matter of the death of Coy, Grosvenor under investigation, and after a careful and thorough examination of all the facts bearing upon the case, they have reached the unanimous conclusion there was no good ground for an indictment, either against young Grosvenor, or his father.

Omaha, Nov. 16.—It is reported that General Hancock will be placed in command of the Platte, with headquarters in this city.

Ware & Co., bankers of this city, today obtained a verdict of $10,000 against the Adams Express Company for money stolen on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad by bushwackers during the war.

Portsmouth, N. H., Nov. 16.—The storm continues, but the tide is not so high as yesterday. The beaches and road at the ocean and Rye and Hampton are seriously injured. The railways have been in train over the Eastern road since the storm commenced. United States steamship Speedwell has assisted several distressed schooners.

Rockland, Me., Nov. 16.—The severest gale known for many years commenced on Friday night, and still continues. The sea ran higher in the harbor yesterday than has been known since 1855; both steamers, which were lying at Lamoine, parted their wharves and shipping in port also suffered some damage.

Cape May, Nov. 16—Wind northeast, with a heavy sea running. The propeller Enterprise went aground this morning.

Boston, Nov. 16—Eastern roads have suffered badly by the storm, and are being rapidly repaired.

Collingwood, Ont., Nov. 16.—Steamers Moonlita and Waubano are both wind-bound here. The storm is still raging, and it is very cold.

Owen Sound, Ont., Nov. 16.—Tug Sam Lewis went ashore during the storm at Cape Crocker, and is supposed to be wrecked and her crew lost.

Owen Sound, Ontario, Nov. 16.—When the gunboat Prince Alfred cut the schooner Field Flower adrift, off Cabate Head, there were on board the captain and mate and four men. The weather was so thick that the captain of the gunboat could not see the schooner, and thought she had cleared. He cut her adrift to save his own vessel. When the weather permits, the gunboat will again go in search of the disabled vessel.

Niagara, Nov. 16.—Schooner Geo. Foster went ashore near the mouth of the river yesterday. Crew all saved.

San Francisco, Nov. 16.—Ellen Wanda, an English girl, died last night from the effects of a bullet wound, which she had taken in mistake for arsenic. She was in the habit of using arsenic for her complexion.

San Francisco, Nov. 16.—Arrived: German bark August, from Shanghai, with tea.

There is a company forming here for the purpose of land to enter into the cultivation of cotton, sugar and coffee, in Navigators' Islands.

Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—The first snow this winter fell last night.

Pension Agent Calhoun has resigned. He admits the defalcation.

Portland, Nov. 16.—The roads have been so solid since the storm of Wednesday, from Bangor to Boston. A train went through a culvert. None killed, several hurt.

New York, Nov. 16.—The storm signals which were taken down as soon were replaced at 2 o'clock.

Macon, Ga., Nov. 16.—There was ice and a killing frost this morning all through this section of the country.

Vicksburg, Nov. 16.—There has been heavy frosts for the last three days. No yellow fever here; safe for absentees to return.

St. Louis, Nov. 16.—Committees have been appointed to secure the meeting of both the Democratic and Republican National Conventions at this place.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

London, Nov. 16 — Evening.—Consols closed 93¼. Bonds 97½. Tallow 49s 3d.

Paris, Nov. 16.—Rentes 56f and 60c.

Liverpool, Nov. 16.—Evening.—Cotton closed firm; middling to dock for him. Orleans 9¾ d 9¾ d. Sales to-day 15,000 bales, of which 4000 were for export and speculation.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 16.—6s, of 1881, 117¼; 5-20s, of 1862, 111½; 64, 111¾; 65, 111¾; new, 111¾; 67s, 114¾; 68s, 114¾; 10-40s, 107.

New York, Nov. 16.—Sales of futures to-day 11,800, as follows: November 18¾c; December 18¾c, 18 7-16; 18¾@18¾c; January 18 9-16c, 18¾; 18 11-16c; February 18¾c, 18 11-16c, 18 13-16@18¾c; March 19c; April 19¼c, 19 3-16@19¼c.

New York, Nov. 16—Evening.—Cotton closed firm; sales 2519 bales; middling uplands 18¾c; Orleans 19¼c. Freights active and firmer.

New York, Nov. 16—Evening.—Money closed easy, 3@4. Discounts 6@12. Sterling strong, 9½. Gold heavy, 11½@11¾. Governments not very active but weak and advance; 2-20s of 1862, 111¾. State bonds dull and heavy; Virginias steady; Tennessees weaker on second call; new South Carolinas sold on first call at 20, and on second call at 20. Cotton, 20. Tennessee, 67½; new, 67¾; Virginia, 59¾; new, 66; Louisiana 6s, 65; new, 65; Louisiana 7s, 75; Alabama 5s, 98; 8s, 95; Georgia 6s, 87; North Carolina, 38; new, 19; South Carolina, 71½; new, 20.

New York, Nov. 16—Coffee quiet and firm. Rio 21@24c. Sugar quiet and firm; fair to good refining quoted at 8@8½c. Cuba 8¾@9¼c. Molasses—foreign dull; New Orleans 37@45c. Rice quiet. Freights—Wheat per sailing per steam 7¾@8c.

Galveston, Nov. 16—Cotton firm; good ordinary 15½c; net receipts to-day 839 bales; exports to Great Britain 3732; coastwise 878; sales 1000; stock 31,221.

Mobile, Nov. 16.—Cotton dull; middlings 17¾c; net receipts 1296 bales; exports coastwise 300; sales 250; stock 32,443.

Memphis, Nov. 16.—Cotton firm; middlings 17¾c; receipts to-day 1595 bales; exports 2500.

Charleston, Nov. 16.—Cotton steady; middlings 17¾c. Net receipts to-day 2059; sales 800; stock 20,166 bales.

Savannah, Nov. 16.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 17¾c. Net receipts to-day 3001; exports to Great Britain 3910; sales 2800; stock 59,075 bales.

Wilmington, Nov. 16.—Cotton quiet; middlings 17¼c. Net receipts to-day 203; sales 50; stock 4166 bales.

Baltimore, Nov. 16.—Cotton quiet; middlings 18¼@18¾c; net receipts to-day 90; gross 310; exports coastwise 425; sales 275; stock 5481 bales.

Philadelphia, Nov. 16.—Cotton firm; middlings 18¾c.

Boston, Nov. 16.—Cotton strong; middlings 19¾c; net receipts to-day, 684 gross 2000; sales 600; stock 800 bales.

St. Louis, Nov. 16.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middlings 18¾c. Flour higher and in active demand. 10@20 higher for low and medium grades—superfine unchanged. Corn, extra supplies, 2@3c. Oats higher 2@2c. Wheat higher and in active demand. No. 2 red fall $1 40. No. 3 red winter $1 38. Corn in fair demand. No. 2 mixed in elevator 38c. Oats active and higher 41@42c. Rye firmer at 70@72c. Tobacco—sales 24 hogsheads, planters' lugs from common to good fine and fancy.

Robertson remarked that he had given testimony before the Grand Jury, under oath, but indicipating Mr. Lamenberg told you that I could not substantiate that testimony." He stated, subsequently: "I will explain the matter. I had an animosity to Vigers and concocted the letter which I signed and sent to the Mayor. Three of us composed the letter from animosity, and I was chosen to lay the matter before the Mayor and Council."

The District Attorney asked that the letter be read. As the witness had trifled with the Grand Jury and the Court and really confessed that he had concocted a falsehood, there was no other course to pursue.

Mr. Castellanos objected. The State could not impeach its own witness.

The Court ordered the letter to be read.

The witness acknowledged his signature to the letter but said he was not sworn to the truth of the statements therein.

The letter, so far as it relates to this case, in substance, that M. T. Robertson had drawn money fraudulently from the city and gave it to Vigers, and that he (Robertson) had to account to the fraud or he would lose his place.

The District Attorney abandoned the prosecution, and the jury gave a verdict of not guilty, whereupon Vigers was discharged.

Wells, proceeds was then entered as to Louis Kenner, the third party, accused of being concerned in the alleged offenses.

William Walney, arraigned upon the indictment charging him with having murdered Gottfried Buss, at the corner of Rampart and Congress streets, on the 7th ult., was arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

Pablo Delasortas, charged with having murdered Antonio Francisco, at the Powder House, on the 27th ult., pleaded not guilty.

The case of James Lindsay, alias Clinton, and James W. Smith, accused of having murdered E. F. Chandler, near the Jackson Railroad Depot, on the 27th ult., was continued to Thursday next.

The case of M. F. Rogers, accused of murdering Albert Mayer, at the corner of Magnolia and Felicity streets, on the 17th of July last, was continued to the 11th of next month.

Seventh District Court—The annexed decision, which is interesting to the commercial community, has been rendered by Judge Colleau:

The Crescent City Rice Mill Company, a corporation of Louisiana, Twenty-four steamships with two million and five hundred thousand bushels of coal for Louisville and below departed to-day, and prove to be quite an important. It is thought the rise is about at an end for the present.

Evansville, Nov. 16.—Weather clear and cold. The river has risen 2 inches in 36 hours. Cairo and Evansville passed down for New Orleans at 11 A. M. Business reviving.

Cairo, Nov. 16.—Arrived — Carrie V. Kountz and Grand Tower, from St. Louis. Departed—Carrie V. Kountz, for New Orleans, at 4 P. M. The river has risen 1 inch in the past 24 hours. Weather clear. Thermometer 44.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

Southwest Pass, Nov. 16—6 P. M.—Barometer 30.10. Wind northeast, light. Arrivals.

Sailed—Ship Chilliancwallah.

(Previous Dispatches.)

New York, Nov. 16.—Jas. Fisk, Jr., has been held in $500 bail for trial on the charge of attempting to induce Helen Mansfield, a colored servant, to answer falsely.

Havana, Nov. 16—The steamer Porto Rico landed reinforcements from Spain at Santiago de Cuba.

Portland, Me., Nov. 16.—The storm of night before last submerged the Island of Jerusalem.

Louisville, Nov. 16.—A search of Taylor's house Taylor, colored, implicated in the murder of the Park family, shows that he had been receiving stolen goods, which the Chicago fire. Several other negroes have been arrested as implicated in the murder of the Park family.

New York, Nov. 16.—There is a vessel in the offing supposed to belong to the Russian fleet, but she cannot make shore on account of the gale.

The first snow of the season fell here this morning.

Highlands, Nov. 16.—Another Russian vessel is anchored outside the bar.

New York, Nov. 16.—Details of the storm Tuesday and high tides show heavy losses of property. The lower portions of cities were washed building blown down. A schooner at Norwich, Ct., demolished a barn in its progress inland.

Thirteen new cases of cholera were received yesterday on the hospital ship Dale.

Hon. Ben Wade stated in his lecture last evening that Congress would doubtedly favor a high tariff, and would be indorsed by the popular will of the West. He favors the re-election of President Grant, and predicts a grand prosperity to the country.

Two counterfeiters and a sailor, charged with mutiny, escaped from the Tombs street jail last night. They were aided by outsiders.

The Directors of the proposed Windsor Railroad have resigned and the employes dismissed.

San Francisco, Nov. 16.—The steamship Japan has arrived from Hong Kong, and brought 5005 packages of tea and silks, some of which are consigned to New York. Among the passengers are Armstrong, an American, died on the passage.

London, Nov. 16—Noon.—The Bank of England has reduced its rate of interest to 4 per cent. Bullion has increased £300,000. Consols 93⅝ ; 5-20s of 1862, 91¾.

Washington, Nov. 16.—The Pension Agent Calhoun, of Philadelphia, is short only a few thousand dollars. He is paying up the amount and resigning was allowed him, but his fastness makes his early removal probable.

Attorney General Kirkpatrick on the Tax of Corporations.

(From the Washington Patriot.)

On the 12th day of August, 1869, Mr. Alexander Magruder, United States Marshal of the Northern District of Florida, broke open the office in Jacksonville, and to try his hand at reconstruction, apply to the Attorney General for instructions, saying: "If, under some circumstances, I should be glad to have the aid of the military, and, if practicable, I would be glad to have instructions given to the military to aid me when necessary."

To this Mr. Evarts replied on the 20th of the same month, in a carefully prepared opinion, in which he instructed Mr. Magruder that the power of a United States Marshal is independent of the aid of the Sheriff, and that under this power to command all necessary assistance to enable him to discharge the duties of his office, "were not exempt in common with all the citizens."

But, says the Attorney General:

The special duty and authority in the execution of process issued to you must not be confounded with the duty and authority of expressing disorder and disserving the peace, which, *under our Government, belongs to the civil authorities of the States, and not to the civil authorities of the United States.*

This is the old democratic doctrine of state sovereignty, announced by the Attorney General of the Republic, one of the most accomplished lawyers of this or any other country, and an influential Republican statesman and office-holder.

The suppression of disorder and the preservation of the peace, said the distinguished Republican Attorney General, *under our Government*, belongs to the States. In south Carolina the State authorities are not safe, and the military forces are in possession.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Second District Court has ordered that the heirs of the late John Sidell be put in possession of all the property belonging to his succession, and that Thomas Allan Clarke, Esq., Executor, be discharged without inventory and without account.

The Mayor has addressed a communication to the Citizens' Association inviting the appointment of a committee of the organization to examine the affairs of the city, tendering them every facility in his power to aid such an examination and to place before them the situation of the corporation in such that a complete exposure of the kind is required to prevent disastrous consequences.

The city has taken an appeal from the decision of the Eighth District Court enjoining the corporation from imposing or collecting taxes on the holders of tickets of the Louisiana State Lottery.

A gag, or what appears to be a gag, exists in the Fire Department of the city, as has been observed during the last two days. It is seen in the western sky at an elevation of forty-five degrees.

Several hundreds of persons assembled last night to charivari a party residing at the corner of Chippowa and Josephine streets, who had just been married, were dispersed by the police shortly after the horn blowing and tin pan beating commenced.

First District Court—Thursday, Nov. 16.—Last summer the Mayor of the city suspended Mr. William Vigers, who, besides being clerk of the House of Representatives, was one of the Inspectors of Streets, in the employ of the departments of which Mr. Cockrem, as Administrator of Improvements, is the head. The Mayor suspended him upon charges that had drawn money from the treasury, fraudulently, by issuing fictitious names upon his pay rolls.

A criminal prosecution against Mr. Vigers, for obtaining money by false pretenses, was tried in this court today. The evidence adduced being that upon which the Mayor had suspended him for the Grand Jury indicted him.

The witness upon whom that testimony, voluntarily given, these proceedings were had is a colored man, M. T. Robertson, who was called to the stand the second, and when cross-indicted with some and Kenner for being fraudulent.

The Solicitor, being unable to elicit any material evidence from Robertson, he was allowed to answer leading questions, and he stated that he was twenty years old, and could neither read nor write.

Mr. Castellanos, cross-examined the witness as follows:

Q. Do you understand the obligation of an oath? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you know what it is to swear to a lie? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Do you know what it is to swear to the truth