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INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Dec. No. 3311

Date 25 October 1947

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: Loose shorthand record, "Secret Meeting on the Development of North China." 84th Diet Session

Date: 29 January 1947 Original (X) Copy ( ) Language: Japanese

Has it been translated? Yes ( ) No (X)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL: Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Diet

PERSONS IMPLICATED: AOKI, Kazuo

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Greater East Asia War;  
Economic Control of China

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS:

Greater East Asia Minister AOKI explained that Japan's war strength must be increased further by developing the natural resources of China. This has been brought about by the difficulty encountered by Japan in the transportation of goods from the occupied South Sea Areas. Of interest may be the following excerpt from his speech:

"Then the cause of the increase of the prices of goods in China lies mainly in the shortage of goods caused by war, the lack of transportation, the increase of paper money, etc. I daresay that the inflation in China expresses the degree of her contribution to our fighting strength, because we can not supply goods from Japan proper and can only issue paper money instead of necessary goods for the Chinese people. Thus, we can let them share our risk of paying for war expenditures."

Analyst: 1st Lt Fred F. Suzukawa

Dec. No. 3311

H. Okazaki

Item 65

Title; Shorthand records of the 2nd Secret  
 Meeting of the <sup>Committee</sup> for the Bill of the revised  
 North China Development Company Law and  
 Central China Development Company Law held  
 on 29 January 1944.

Contents; State Minister AOKI's explanation  
 about the administrative problems of China.

The aim of our policy towards China consists  
 in the establishment of new relations with  
 China on the basis of the respect of Chinese inde-  
 pendence and the promotion of our increasing  
 war strength by developing ~~the~~ natural re-  
 sources and delivering goods in China un-  
<sup>difficult</sup> <sup>easily</sup> under ~~the~~ situation that Japan will not be  
 able to carry goods from the occupied South  
 Sea Area.

The main contribution of Chinese economy  
 to Japan is 5 million Ton coal for iron  
 in this fiscal year

manufacture, 3.6 million ton iron ore, 130 thousand ton fluor-spar, salt in CHANRU, SHANTUNG and HAICHOU, and cotton in north China.

The expenditure <sup>for the</sup> contracts paid by the National Treasury, other than the Budget, will be used as follows:

item.	amount yen
Iron Manufactur Industries	35,000,000
Production of Alumina in north China	300,000,000
Production of Aluminate	30,000,000
Mineral Magnesium	10,000,000
Others <sup>emergency</sup> facilities in North China	40,000,000
For smaller Blast Furnaces	80,000 000
Production of Alumina in Central China.	16,000,000
Production of Copper	20,000,000
Other facilities in Central China <sup>emergency</sup>	30,000,000
	900,000,000

We have produced 89 thousand ton pig-iron to March this year with 41 smaller blast furnaces in North and Central China, and establish a alumite factory at CHANTIEN in SHANTUNG Province. The difficulties of