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STATE OF OREGON

Statements of Republican Candidates

FOR NOMINATION OR ELECTION AT THE

Primary Election May 16, 1930

Published by Authority

Compiled and Issued by
HAL E. HOSS
Secretary of State

FOREWORD

This publication is authorized by section 4116, Oregon Laws, as amended by section 2, chapter 112, General Laws of Oregon, 1929.

It contains only the names of those candidates for nomination for or election to the various offices to be voted upon at the primary election, May 16, 1930, who have submitted statements and portrait cuts for publication and paid the prescribed charges therefor.

Many candidates have not taken space in the pamphlet.

As required by law, statements of candidates for each office are printed in this pamphlet in the order in which their names are grouped under the title to their offices on the official ballots—that is, alphabetically.

The pamphlet is mailed only to registered Republican voters whose names have been furnished to the secretary of state by the county clerks of the several counties of Oregon. (Section 4117, Oregon Laws, as amended by section 3, chapter 112, General Laws of Oregon, 1929.)

The official ballots for the several counties containing a complete list of the names of all Republican candidates for nomination for or election to the several offices are prepared and printed by the respective county clerks, who also assign the candidates' ballot numbers.

HAL E. HOSS,

Secretary of State.

CHARLES F. WALKER

Republican, Candidate for National Committeeman



I believe in and will support the principles of the Republican party and will endeavor by every honorable effort to insure the election of the candidates of the party nominated at the Republican primary.

I shall consider it my obligation to my party and my duty to the state of Oregon to cooperate with Oregon's delegates in congress to secure such legislation and enforcement as will advance and protect what I believe to be the best interests of the state.

I believe in such fundamental legislation as has safeguarded the foundations of Americanism;

—in clean, efficient and economical administration of public office by able, honest, fearless men and women;

-in an impartial, dignified, and fearless enforcement of the laws;

—in the development of our natural resources whereby we may profit by the wealth afforded us in mountains, land, streams, and fortunate circumstance;

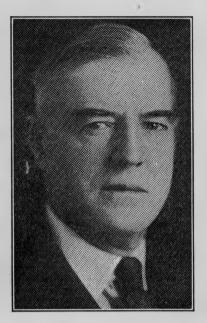
—in a perspective that recognizes even more than material forces, in order that we may not only enjoy the rewards of today, but also chart a safe path of progress for tomorrow.

CHARLES F. WALKER.

341 Salmon (at Broadway), Portland, Oregon.

RALPH E. WILLIAMS

Republican, Candidate for National Committeeman



Distinguished alike for his unswerving loyalty to the Republican party and faithful devotion to his duties as vice-chairman and senior member of the Republican National Committee, Ralph E. Williams, of Portland, is an outstanding example of the influential position which public and party officials attain when their constituents continue them in office.

In the entire history of the Republican National Committee, there has never been a better illustration of the beneficial influence which accrues from seniority in office, than that furnished by Mr. Williams last March on the occasion of the adoption by the United States senate of the tariff on Canadian softwood lumber.

Both of Oregon's senators, Charles L. McNary and Frederick Steiwer, have acknowledged their appreciation of Mr. Williams' valuable cooperation in that hardfought contest, which resulted in a victory by a vote of 39 to 38, reversing a previous adverse vote of 39 to 34.

It was the contact which Mr. Williams has had with national leaders of the Republican party ever since he became national committeeman in 1908 that en-

abled him to render such efficient assistance to both Oregon senators by winning influential support for the cause of Oregon and Washington lumber, the most important industry of the Pacific Northwest. His standing with the National Committee is evidenced by the fact that in 1929 he was elected Acting Chairman by unanimous vote of its 48 members.

It was that same extensive acquaintance with influential public men and Washington affairs which enabled Mr. Williams, again in cooperation with the Oregon delegation in congress, to assist in having Portland designated as the site for the United States Veterans' Hospital, now housing 352 ex-service men and 312 employes, and aiding in obtaining an appropriation of \$1,350,000 therefor.

Realizing that our state as a whole will benefit by the growth of Portland as a port, Ralph E. Williams, a native son of Oregon, has devoted many months of his time in furtherance of the Oregon delegation's efforts to obtain government-owned vessels on favorable terms as an addition to Portland's fleet of cargo carriers.

No doubt the voters of the Republican party will take advantage of the opportunity afforded by the coming primary election to demonstrate by an overwhelming vote their appreciation of Mr. Williams' untiring service for his state and party.

CITIZENS' COMMITTEE, By MARY A. BERRY, Secretary.

CHARLES L. McNARY

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for United States Senator



Since entering the senate 13 years ago Charles L. McNary has become a national figure. He now holds the high position of assistant floor leader, a position of great prestige, which will eventually lead to the leadership of the senate.

He is chairman of the committee on committees, which is the most powerful committee in congress, as it selects the chairmen and personnel of all the regular committees. He is chairman of the committee on agriculture and forestry; the ranking member of the committee on commerce, which passes on all river and harbor improvements and controls the merchant marine; the ranking member of the committee on irrigation and reclamation, and of the committee on manufacturers, and a member of the committee on public lands and surveys, all of which committees are of great importance to Oregon.

During the 13 years that Senator McNary has been in the senate, Oregon has received appropriations totaling more than

\$75,000,000. Segregated, these appropriations in round numbers are as follows:

Rivers and harbors	\$18,000,000
Irrigation and reclamation	
Federal aid roads project	
Forest roads and tracts	8,000,000

Included in the agricultural appropriations are funds appropriated for the protection of livestock, poultry, horticulture, forestry research and protection, market reports, control of insect pests and for the dairy industry.

It was through his indefatigable labors that the farm bill, organizing the farm industry of the country, was finally enacted.

It was through the invaluable work of Senator McNary that the army engineers were finally persuaded to adopt a channel from Portland to the sea, 35 feet in depth and 500 feet in width, which will give Portland a harbor equal to any on the coast.

Since Senator McNary's reelection in 1924 the senate has passed four acts reducing taxes, thereby affecting a saving of several million dollars to the taxpayers of Oregon. Senator McNary participated prominently in the enactment of these measures.

The senator also participated prominently in supporting legislation liberalizing the laws affecting the World war veterans, thus making eligible for relief additional thousands of wounded ex-service men, extending the benefits

of hospitalization, providing regional offices, increasing compensation to widows and children and supplying generally a better medium for securing relief. He believes, however, that there is still great need for improving the conditions of ex-service men and is giving support to pending legislation beneficial to the veterans and their dependents and endorsed by the various veterans' organizations. Conformable to this policy he has given exceptional support to pension legislation to all veterans of past wars.

Senator McNary maintains that government employes are entitled to a fair wage and the protection of adequate retirement legislation and has con-

tinuously fought for all legislation having these objects in view.

He has sponsored the cause of peace by voting for the Kellogg pact, the World Court and for the limitation of armaments consistent with national safety.

He has supported progressive social legislation for infant hygiene and

maternal protection.

He now has pending before the committee on irrigation and reclamation in the senate a bill patterned after the Boulder Canyon act to develop five hundred thousand horse-power at Umatilla rapids on the Columbia river, the money to be furnished by the government and to be returned from gross earnings. This development will insure greater industrial expansion for Oregon and the Northwest and will provide electrical power at a very low figure.

Senator McNary also introduced and obtained the passage of a bill in the senate, transferring the receipts of the federal government obtained from fishing licenses at Sand island to the bureau of fisheries, to be used in the propagation of fish and the strengthening of the industry which will give employment to labor and assure the continuation of canneries.

After laboring continuously many months for a protective duty on lumber, Senator McNary led the fight in the senate which resulted in the adoption of a lumber tariff.

Commenting upon the senator's accomplishments for the lumber industry the Oregon Voter in its issue of March 22, 1930, said:

"We have heard so much of the McNary-Haugen bill that we sometimes overlook other legislation to which the name of Oregon's senior senator was attached from the time of its inception. There are the following, now laws: McNary-Clarke law, McNary-Woodruff law, McNary-McSweeney law.

"These three laws were supported by the lumber industry and it was McNary who assisted in their original drafting, helped get them through the lower house, got them through the senate and aided in securing their approval by the president. Constructive in purpose they not only established new policies for the federal government in relation to timber and forestry but carried with them large appropriations.

"To date under these three bills and the McNary clauses in the forestry appropriation bills federal expenditures already have aggregated nearly \$30,000,000. During this year and the next two years they will amount to

approximately \$10,000,000 a year for this legislation.

"Other new legislation sponsored by McNary in behalf of lumbermen carries expenditures amounting to an additional \$10,000,000 a year for the

next 10 years.

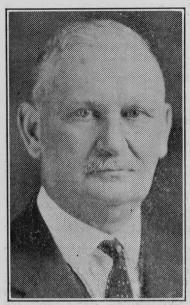
"Regardless of the merits of this legislation or its ultimate benefits to the lumber industry it can not be gainsaid that McNary's industry, prestige and leadership were largely responsible for getting it through congress. As a legislative achievement it ranks in first magnitude."

Senator McNary's splendid record of achievement, together with his powerful committee appointments, influence and prestige in the senate is a guaranty of even greater service in the future for the development of Oregon and for the welfare of its people.

E. M. PAGE, Campaign Manager.

W. C. HAWLEY

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Congressman, First District



"No interests to serve but the public interests."

With great earnestness and confidence we commend to the voters of the district the renomination of that honored and distinguished man, Congressman W. C. Hawley, as of vital importance to the district, the state and the nation.

HAWLEY AS NATIONAL LEADER. On March 31, 1928, the house of representatives unanimously elected him chairman of the ways and means committee, the most important and powerful committee of congress. This is the first time in our history this chairmanship has been held by a member from the western half of the United States. He is also chairman of the joint committee on internal revenue taxation, and chairman of the Republican caucus of the house.

MONEY FOR PUBLIC IMPROVE-MENTS. He has been most successful in securing for the district by appropriations and allotments more than \$34,000,000, and has had provided by law over \$9,500,000 more to be paid and expended in the district. He is a most profitable public servant.

RIVERS AND HARBORS. The harbor of Coos bay approaches completion. Also the Tillamook, Nehalem, Coos, Umpqua, Siuslaw, Yaquina and Clatskanie rivers, St. Helens harbor and Willamette river above Portland, are all being improved, and work will be continued until finished. He has the confidence of the committee on rivers and harbors. The 33 projects favorably reported by the engineers have all been adopted. Four more projects are included in the pending bill. He has also rendered invaluable assistance in the adoption of the projects for improving the lower Columbia river. The Skippanon channel and other waterways are receiving diligent attention. For many years he has been a member of the voluntary committee which has increased the appropriations for rivers and harbors.

NEW INDUSTRIES. Because of his success in river and harbor developments and in other ways, an increasing number of industries have been established in the district, with large payrolls, and a consequent growth in population and wealth has resulted.

RELIEF FOR OREGON TAXPAYERS. His service on the committee on ways and means has enabled him to secure repeal of taxes or reduction in rates.

HE KEEPS WELL INFORMED. During the recesses of congress he travels continually over the district, ascertaining its needs and the wishes of the people. He has rendered innumerable services to individuals and communities, arising out of such visits.

ROADS. He was one of the originators of the policy of federal aid for road construction, under which Oregon has received large sums of money. The designation of the Roosevelt highway as a primary road was largely due to his efforts. He has aided in securing increased funds for forest roads,

believes the federal government should construct these connecting roads, and is confident that federal aid for roads will be continued, with increased appro-

priations.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS. Prior to 1913, he had public buildings for Albany, Roseburg and Medford, and an increase for Eugene. Had the former policy been continued, he would have had eight other cities provided for. He was an active factor in enacting the new policy, under which Corvallis has been given a federal building; others will follow.

OTHER IMPROVEMENTS. He had large appropriations made for improvement of Crater Lake National park. Material appropriations are being made for the Oregon caves. His bill for a memorial building at Champoeg is favorably reported. Other betterments are receiving his dili-

gent attention.

MONEYS FOR COUNTIES. During the 69th congress, his bill, which the official records show as the only bill to pass either house, was enacted by congress, giving 17 counties already about \$6,000,000, and which will yet receive over \$10,000,000 more.

FARM RELIEF. He has labored constantly in the interests of agriculture. He was selected as a member of the joint committee that framed the federal farm loan act. He believes the real solution of the present farm problem is to afford the producer a remunerative price for his products, with reasonable stability in prices from year to year.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL. This bears Mr. Hawley's name and readjusts such rates of duty as investigation proved necessary to protect American agriculture, labor and industry. As it passed the house May 28, 1929, it provided increased duties for nearly every Oregon product and the highest rates

for agriculture ever included in any tariff.

RELIEF FOR VETERANS. In addition to supporting legislation increasing pensions, he has, by special acts and services, secured pensions for thousands of veterans and their dependents, so that the monthly payments made to them from the federal treasury constitute one of the largest, if not the largest, payrolls in the district. He has a leading part in the adjusted compensation legislation, and later prepared and reported several important amendments, greatly increasing its value to the veterans of the World War. He has secured further legislation for their benefit at this session.

OTHER ACTIVITIES. He has had provision made for protecting the water supply of several cities. He gives prompt and effective attention to all requests for assistance or service, made by communities or individuals. Our district has many needs and requires federal appropriations in large amounts. Because of this our representative should render national as well as local service. But he allows nothing to interfere with his work for the district. His high position in our government has proven of extreme importance and

benefit to us.

AS A NATIONAL LEGISLATOR. He has had an unusually important part, because of his acknowledged leadership in the initiation and enactment of legislation of the greatest importance, including the emergency tariff and the tariff of 1922, which gave agriculture greater protection than preceding acts; the revenue acts of 1921, 1924, 1926, 1928 and 1929 which reduced taxation more than \$2,400,000,000 annually, causing revival of business and industry. He was especially appointed a member of the committee that framed the budget system; and a large number of other acts of great benefit to the country

VOTE FOR HIM. Space permits only a brief and inadequate summary of his accomplishments, but his record in support of legislation for social betterment, and, in general, all legislation upbuilding the state and nation and for the public good and well-being of the people, his faithful adherence to the interests of the people, his sound judgment, wide information, untiring industry, long experience, recognized leadership and high standing, assure con-

tinued successful work, profitable to all our people.

DARWIN BRISTOW, F. M. FRENCH, J. A. THORNBURGH, S. S. SMITH, W. U. DOUGLAS, RONALD C. GLOVER.

J. E. BENNETT

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



Born on a farm in Missouri, 1891. Married to Gladys R. Nickerson of Vernonia, Oregon. We have three children. Eighteen years a Portland merchant. Substantial taxpayer in Oregon. Am a Mason, Oddfellow, Elk, Woodman, Artisan, Eagle.

Elected representative by a vote of 55,000. Elected state senator in 1928 by a vote of 73,000. Member following committees: Ways and means; chairman rules. Senate: Chairman commerce navigation, assessments and taxation, public lands, municipal affairs.

Supported relief bill for Eastern Oregon wheat farmers; opposed bill requiring sheriff tags to ship meat products to market; opposed expense money bill for legislators; supported home rule bill for Portland.

Author of the law changing the registration of automobiles from January to July; this law keeps \$7,000,000 in circulation in the winter months, is an aid to business and is a more convenient time for the purchaser, will return an additional quarter million yearly to highway fund.

Author law providing means of filling vacancies in legislature, caused by

death or resignation, an emergency and economy measure.

Author of senate resolution 22 to develop the Columbia river and tributaries, both navigation, irrigation and power.

The above laws are constructive and of great benefit to Oregon. I believe this experience gained in legislative work, coupled with my business training, qualifies me for the office of governor.

I stand for honesty, economy and efficiency in government.

Believe that an income tax patterned after federal law with like exemptions and one-half the rate should be enacted, the intangibles and excise tax repealed.

State work should be done with a view to the employment of men instead of machines. Home industry should be supported, streams should be regulated that the supply of fish may not be exhausted.

The 18th amendment is of great benefit to the people and should be intelligently enforced. The independent merchants and manufacturers are of more benefit to their community and state than is the chain store, and any protection the state can give them is merited.

Favor state development of water power with due regard to taxpayers' interest. Bond issues should be discouraged. The merging of banks should be stopped. Banks that gamble on Wall street to the detriment of local and state welfare should not be favored as depositories of state funds. The public service commission is of little benefit to the people and should be abolished in favor of home rule.

I have the utmost confidence in the future of Oregon, but we need common sense action, self-praise will do no good. Prosperity is what we want, the kind of prosperity we want is the kind wherein the people are able to live decently, lay aside a few dollars for a rainy day and be able to enjoy the common luxuries of life.

To this end I will work if elected governor of Oregon.

Slogan: "Senator, businessman, progressive, author Columbia river development and July automobile registration laws." SENATOR J. E. BENNETT.

HARRY L. CORBETT Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



I was born in Oregon July, 1881, over 48 years ago. I am married and have five children. My people were among Oregon's early pioneers.

I have had an extensive business training. This includes direction of many business and manufacturing enterprises. I have operated a farm, directed a livestock business, developed an irrigation property.

I have served four sessions in the state senate, was president of that body in 1927, and have twice been acting governor of Oregon in the absence of the late Governor Patterson from the state.

During the World war I was state chairman of two Red Cross drives, state chairman of the National Council of Defense, and was in military training preparing to follow my two brothers into service when the Armistice was signed in 1918. I was president of the Portland Chamber of Commerce for two terms. I am now president of the Pacific International Livestock Exposition.

My family has been affiliated with the First Presbyterian church since that body was organized.

I aspire to the office of governor because I should like to be of service to the state in which I was born, which my ancestors helped to develop and in which my children will live after me. As governor, \bar{I} shall endeavor to bring the following things to pass:

LAW ENFORCEMENT

I will enforce the laws with sincerity and justice and will appoint no man to enforce a law who does not observe that law.

TAXES

I will use ceaseless vigilance to prevent waste in state expenditures. I will be ready to spend a tax dollar for progress if convinced that the state will receive full value for it. I shall support the state budget commission in order to maintain an intelligent aid in state expenditures. I shall urge further supervision of assessments and laws that will equalize tax inequalities.

HIGHWAYS

I believe in the steady completion of our highway program. I shall continue to oppose interfering with the duties of the highway commission for purposes of political logrolling. Except to meet new federal aid, I shall continue to oppose the issuance of more road bonds until I am assured they cannot become a burden on real property. The state will pass the peak of its road bond retirement in 1932, and I hope that greater aid may then be given our program of market roads.

GAME

Eastern states derive great benefit and revenue from their game resources. Game, game fish and streams are among Oregon's greatest assets. They must be preserved and protected. The game commission should be permitted to conduct a continuing policy of preservation and propagation. Game commissioners should be appointed without regard to politics, with due regard to location, and with the aid of organizations interested in game propagation and protection.

STATE DEVELOPMENT

I shall try to give intelligent leadership to problems of state development. All sections of this state must be given equal rights to develop their particular resources.

Greater development will spread our present tax burden, will increase the opportunity for all to prosper and will bring new people, new money and new industries to Oregon.

Our growing timber must be sanely taxed and our mature timber protected from foreign competition in order to preserve it as an asset for the future as well as for the immediate present.

Oregon shipping will be a delivery-wagon for our products, an advertisement for our resources and a means of research in the things we can best produce, manufacture and ship.

I will endeavor to aid the expansion and establishment of manufacturing and thus provide a better opportunity for wage earners.

Agriculture is one corner-stone of the state's prosperity. The state will prosper in like measure as agriculture prospers. Farmers are both producers and consumers, and I shall call upon every agency in the state for research, recoperation and for better marketing in order to aid agricultural development.

STANDARDS

Mediocre products are a drug on the market. Better standards for Oregon products will bring wider markets and higher prices. Our state agencies must be used to raise the quality of our products and promote better standards and more profitable marketing.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Regulation of utilities is a public function. The state is the most powerful body created by the people. It is more powerful than the utilities which are created within it, and I am in favor of strengthening its power of regulation. I am opposed to the state giving up its power of regulation because this means stepping backward into the past of unregulated competition and political corruption. I wish to appoint a commission as Governor Roosevelt has done in New York state, to advise on the problems of utility valuations and earnings and on the feasibility of making our water power resources produce a real revenue for the state.

COLUMBIA RIVER

The Columbia river is waiting for the development of power, irrigation and commerce. These assets of the river must be utilized. Public or private investment must develop this water power resource to supply Oregon with electric energy capable of furnishing cheap power to new industries. I pledge every effort to the support of this development.

EDUCATION

Our educational system stands high but must be made to rank among the highest in the nation.

Its foundation is in our public schools. These schools are dependent in no small measure upon the training given teachers in our normal schools. Its future depends upon a wise and liberal support of our state college and university. The state board of higher education will continue to have my support.

WELFARE

Oregon has emerged from pioneer days into industrial expansion. It is headed for great development. We must be prepared to meet an influx of people and the problems of congested population. An intelligent health, educational and welfare program will avoid the mistakes of older communities. Our state and private agencies must cooperate to provide the best education and the highest standards of health, recreation and welfare laws. We face three major tragedies in our industrial civilization: one, the tragedy of unprotected childhood; the others the tragedies of uncared for old age and seasonal unemployment. We must endeavor to find a solution for all of these problems.

If elected, I will not be obligated to make any appointment in return for political support.

I will make every appointment on the basis of merit.

I will work for the greater development and welfare of Oregon.

These things I shall take upon myself as a serious duty and a solemn pledge to the people of the state.

HARRY L. CORBETT.

CHARLES HALL

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



To the Voters:

Oregon needs a business man for governor.

Charles Hall, now senator from Coos and Curry counties for the third consecutive term, is the logical man.

Mr. Hall has been a resident of the state and prominently identified with its growth for more than a quarter of a century. He came here as a youth heeding the call of the west and, starting at the bottom, worked his way upward until he is one of the state's leading business executives.

One of his first jobs in Oregon was humbly digging a sewer in Portland. Later he taught school at Clatskanie, and worked in a drug store for an uncle. There for the first time he was introduced to an Oregon girl, Ann English, who is now Mrs. Hall and mother of their four children.

His early life included, also, timber cruising. From his various tasks he accumulated sufficient funds to attend the University of Michigan. He returned to the state in 1906 and acquired a drug store at Hood River. There he began his career as a citizen, sold on the brilliant future of Oregon, and for a time

was president of the commercial club. This experience led him to become one of the principal organizers of the Oregon State Chamber of Commerce, and he was its first president.

Going to Coos county, he took over a struggling rural telephone system which was under-capitalized and facing the problem of serving a rapidly growing but widely scattered area. He built it up to a high state of efficiency and it became widely known for the friendly relations maintained with its customers, and its low rates.

A determined organizer and builder, he founded the Bank of Southwestern Oregon; also The American Bank of Marshfield.

Mr. Hall in 1922 lost the nomination for governor on the Republican ticket by 521 votes.

He is a staunch advocate of the state cooperating with existing agencies in an energetic, united program for attracting industries, homeseekers, and tourists to the state.

His platform briefly outlined says: "If nominated and elected, I shall: Effect an efficient business administration. Formulate a definite program of industrialization and development. Propose tax relief by attracting new citizens and levying on new forms of wealth. Urge speedier highway construction. Support the McNary Umatilla power measure and acquisition of unappropriated power sites. Protect and develop public schools and higher educational institutions. Give every possible assistance to agriculture. Effect law enforcement and speedy justice. Give fuller recognition to value of fish and game. Provide intelligent control of public utilities. Industrialize Oregon."

A Business Man for Governor.

HALL FOR GOVERNOR CLUB, By L. D. FELSHEIM, Chairman.

GEORGE W. JOSEPH

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



Senator George W. Joseph is a Republican candidate for the nomination as governor on his record of service to the public in the senate and on a platform of constructive principles of vital importance to the state and its people.

In his platform he advocates:

First—Freedom of speech and justice.

Second—Abolishment of the public service commission.

Third—Government, state or municipal development of our water power resources without cost to the taxpayers.

SACRED CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS

Article 1 of the Bill of Rights of the Federal Constitution reads:

"Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances."

It was John Wilkes, the great English patriot, who, in the eighteenth century, led the fight to write into the fundamental law of the English speaking countries the sacred guarantee of free speech.

In his heroic struggle to achieve this victory for humanity, Wilkes suffered both imprisonment and exile.

No right was deemed by the fathers of our government more sacred than the right of freedom of speech.

The guarantee of free speech was virtually made a condition of entry of four of the original states into the Union.

Daniel Webster, who was perhaps America's greatest constitutional lawyer, called the right of free speech "a home-bred right," a "fireside privilege."

SUPPRESSION A DOUBLE WRONG

Free speech is the dread of all tyrants, and it is the first right they attempt to destroy.

The right to hear is just as sacred as the right to speak.

Consequently the suppression of free speech constitutes a double wrong for it violates the right of one to speak and the people to hear.

Unless every citizen is free to utter his thoughts and opinions, liberty is meaningless and government but an empty name.

Although it was contemplated by Wilkes and the fathers of our government that the freedom of speech should be unrestricted, this sacred right has many times since been subjected to onslaught.

This information furnished by Joseph for Governor Club; Rufus C. Holman, president, Wm. A. Dalziel, executive secretary.)

ATTEMPTED ABRIDGMENT OF RIGHT

Recently a tyrannical judge undertook to punish a Cleveland editor who had criticized his decision, and Justice Vickery of the Court of Appeals, in nullifying the decision, declared:

"A free people must have a free press and must have the right to speak freely their thoughts."

Commenting on this decision the Oregon Journal, on March 9 last, said:

"Judges are not infallible.

"'Because a man gets on the bench it does not mean that he has changed his temperament or his liability to get excited.'

"The quoted statement is by a judge in the court of appeals at Cleveland, Ohio.

JUDICIARY NOT SACRED

"Continuing his comment reversing Judge Walther, Chief Justice Vickery

'If a judge could set himself above the rest of mankind and sit in judgment on grievances in which he is the injured party, we would establish a dangerous precedent.

"'It is better for a judge to be ruffled and agitated than it is to close the

mouth of the speaker to the public.

"It is better that the press be free, speech be free, the right of assemblage be free, and the right to air views be free, rather than that they be uttered in fear and trembling.'

"Judges are entitled to full respect so long as their conduct is fit. But

there is nothing sacred about them."

DISBARRED FOR CRITICIZING JUDGES

Recently the people of Oregon witnessed the extraordinary spectacle of three circuit judges sitting as referees and recommending that Senator George W. Joseph be disbarred for life for criticizing the conduct and decisions of two judges of the Oregon supreme court. The three referees were appointed by the supreme court to sit on grievances in which the two supreme court judges claimed to be injured parties. The prosecutors of Senator Joseph were also named by the supreme court and now the supreme court itself sits in final judgment on these same recommendations for the disbarment of Mr. Joseph on the same grievances in which two of its members claim to be injured parties.

A TERRIFIC PENALTY

The Oregon Journal on March 13, last, in part, said:

"Many good Oregon citizens were greatly surprised at the recommendations. Numbers were astounded. Not a few were shocked. Some were pleased.

"Permanent disbarment is a terrific penalty for one who has practiced his profession for a generation and who has lived a life along lines that brought

him election with heavy majorities to three terms in the state senate.

"Permanent disbarment, with its mandate that he shall lay aside the life work that he loved and labored in since youth, is a grim interdiction to a lawyer in view of the offense with which Senator Joseph is charged, and a very grave position for a court or any committee of judges to assume.

FREEDOM OF SPEECH INVOLVED

"At the same time, the element of free speech is closely entwined in the controversy. Much of the debate originated in a political campaign. How far is the committee of judges or the high court, if it is to follow the committee's recommendations, going to go in declaring that judges are immune from criticism even in an election as candidates for public office?

"Judges are not infallible. They must not be set up in a sacred realm of

their own, high above discussion and analysis by the electorate.

DECISION MUZZLES ELECTORATE

"Meanwhile, if Senator Joseph wronged any members of the supreme court of Oregon they have a legal remedy. In this country there is a legal remedy for every wrong—when the courts are what they ought to be. In the eyes of fair-minded and red-blooded men, it would be more like the spirit of the United States, far more like the soul of the big, broad West, for members of the high court whom Mr. Joseph has aggrieved to seek the usual legal remedy than to take refuge behind their temporary power and put him beyond the pale by permanent disbarment."

If the recommendations of the referees are to be made the law of the land, judges, as the Oregon Journal says, will "be set up in a sacred realm of

their own, high above discussion and analysis by the electorate."

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Because under the interpretation of the courts that the right to regulate utilities creates the obligation of the municipality involved to guarantee the utilities a reasonable income, the public service commission is charged with a task impossible of performance with any benefit to the people.

Although the public utility law was passed to protect the public, its construction by the courts has made it a bulwark of protection for the utilities and stripped the municipalities of the right to contract for rates with the

utilities.

It matters not who the personnel of the commission may be for it is enjoined by judge-made law from regulating the public utility companies for the benefit of the people. The solution for the problem is the abolishment of the commission, thereby restoring to the municipalities the right to enter into contracts with the utilities, placing them on the same basis as private business, enjoying their profits or bearing their losses, as the case may be.

WATER POWER DEVELOPMENT

Senator Joseph stands for government, state or municipal development of

our water power resources without cost to the taxpayers.

Briefly stated, the senator's plan contemplates the issuance and sale of public utility certificates payable only out of the earnings of the utility itself, which plan is identical with the one under which the Tacoma municipal power plant was constructed.

Approximately two-thirds of the water power resources of the nation are

located west of the Rocky mountains.

Washington leads all states in water power possibilities, California is

second and Oregon third.

While Oregon ranks third in potential power, it is thirty-third in use of electricity.

California ranks third in use of electrical energy and Washington tenth. California, Washington and other states have been developing and utilizing their water power while Oregon has permitted its power resources to lie idle.

Moreover the rates for private water power developed in Oregon are so high when compared with the municipal power rates of Washington and California, that industries are locating in these two states and avoiding and abandoning Oregon.

The difference in the rate under private and municipal power development

is staggering.

The average price per K.W.H. for private power is 7.4 cents, while municipal plants charge only 2.4 cents.

If Oregon is to keep pace with California and Washington it must also develop cheap municipal power for industrial and domestic use.

In the Columbia river Oregon has the greatest single power resource in the world and yet not a single horse power has been developed on this river. And what would the development of this cheap power bring to Oregon? Industrial and commercial supremacy forever.

(This information furnished by Joseph for Governor Club; Rufus C. Holman, president, Wm. A. Dalziel, executive secretary.)

HAS SPLENDID LEGISLATIVE RECORD

Senator Joseph was first elected to the state senate in 1910.

On entering his initial session, in 1911, he fearlessly attacked a political machine that had held sway over legislative matters for years.

At this session Senator Joseph introduced a resolution recommending the adoption of the woman suffrage amendment, and also a bill creating a state

highway board which paved the way for our splendid highway system.

In 1920, when the old machine sought again to gain control of the senate, Mr. Joseph again became a candidate and was triumphant. This contest marked the end of the old machine rule in the senate.

It was in the 1921 session that Senator Joseph introduced his first constitutional amendment for cheap water power—a cause which he has since

aggressively championed.

In 1924 he was reelected and in the 1925 session led a group of senators which blocked an attempt to plunge the state's fishing and game resources

into a quagmire of politics.

Although Mr. Joseph introduced a number of constructive measures, it was more as a champion of honest legislation and a foe of dishonest legislation than as an author of laws, that he distinguished himself during his senatorial career.

SENATOR SELF-MADE MAN

Senator Joseph was born in a log cabin in Modoc county, California, in 1872, of Scotch-Irish parentage.

The father, Edwin Worthington Joseph, was a native of Zanesville, Ohio,

and of a Presbyterian family.

The mother, Delilah Jane Heath, was a daughter of Reverend George W. Heath, after whom Mr. Joseph was named. Reverend Heath was a pioneer Methodist minister and one of Mr. Joseph's prize possessions is a cane presented to Reverend Heath by the Methodist church of Buena Vista when he was riding the circuit in Oregon.

When Mr. Joseph was a youngster he moved with his parents to Chewau-

can valley, Lake county, Oregon, where his father ran a sawmill.

Ambitious for a high school education, the boy herded sheep for two years to earn the necessary money. Entering the Lakeview high school at the age of 16, he worked for his board and lodging, graduating in 1889.

Following his graduation he began the study of law in Lakeview. In the early 90's Mr. Joseph came to Portland to resume his law study in the office of

Watson, Hume & Watson.

He was admitted to the bar in 1893 and has been in the practice continu-

ously since, excepting a year or so when he mined in the Yukon.

Always interested in agriculture, Senator Joseph is the owner of a dairy farm on the Columbia river and has been a member of the Grange for years.

Mr. Joseph married Miss Bertha L. Snell of Drain, Oregon, October 7, 1903, and to the union was born a son, George W. Joseph, Jr., graduate of the University of Oregon, and now practicing law with his father's firm.

Oregon needs Senator Joseph in the executive chair—needs him to clean house politically and to develop its greatest and idle resource—water power.

JOSEPH FOR GOVERNOR CLUB, By RUFUS C. HOLMAN, President, WM. A. DALZIEL, Executive Secretary.

A. W. NORBLAD

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



SLOGAN: HATS OFF TO THE PAST . COATS OFF FOR THE FUTURE.

Albin Walter Norblad was born in Malmo, Sweden, 1881. He came to America with his parents at the age of about seven, settling in Grand Rapids, Michigan. At the age of nine years he began working as a newsboy, carrying morning and evening newspapers in Grand Rapids until he was 13 years of age, when he went to Chicago. Shortly afterwards he was employed in a large foundry in Chicago. where he worked making fires for blast furnaces, then as an office boy, bill clerk, salesman, etc.

Circumstances made it necessary that he take correspondence courses, study at night school, and night business college, and thus he acquired his high school education. He graduated from Midland university and night school with the degree of A. B., and thereafter he graduated from the Chicago Law school in 1902 with the degree of LL.B. During the time he was studying at Midland university and the Chicago Law school, he paid for his schooling and supported himself by working at night as a newspaper reporter.

In 1906 he was married to Edna Lyle COATS OFF FOR THE FUTURE. Cates, who is a native of Wisconsin of Revolutionary stock. They have two children: Albin Walter, Jr., now a senior at the University of Oregon, and Eleanor Lyle, a sophomore in the Salem

high school.

From 1905 to 1908 he served as district attorney of Delta county, Michigan, and resigned that position to come to Astoria, Oregon, where he has since continuously practiced law as a member of the firm of Norblad & Hesse.

He has held many positions of public trust and responsibility. He was city attorney of Astoria from 1910 to 1915; president of the Astoria chamber of commerce for four years; a founder of the Port of Astoria in 1910, and attorney for that port from 1910 to 1916. He is now, and for the past 12 years, has been a member of the Astoria board of education. He has been for many years a member of the Astoria library board. He represented Clatsop county in the state senate through four regular and two special sessions, and in 1929 was elected president of the senate by a practically unanimous vote of his 29 colleagues, including two of the senators who are now candidates for governor. Only one senator voted against him. They all knew that such election was equivalent to making him lieutenant governor, and after eight years of service in the senate this vote of his colleagues may well be considered a testimonial by them to his honesty, integrity and executive ability.

Governor Norblad has always been a devoted fraternalist and active in civic and business affairs. He and his family are all active members of the

Presbyterian church.

Governor Norblad was elevated to the office of governor by reason of the untimely and unfortunate death of Governor Patterson late in December last. Governor Patterson had been giving to the people a splendid business administration of that office, and Governor Norblad promptly pledged himself to and has faithfully carried out the policies of his predecessor. In the few months that he has served as our governor he has demonstrated his ability and his knowledge of the needs of the people. He has advocated, and is carrying out

constructive and progressive policies and his pleasing and dynamic personality give assurance that under his leadership Oregon will soon acquire the high

position to which she is justly entitled.

In his speeches he has been vigorously and intelligently advocating real development. Oregon has been standing still or growing very slowly while our sister states to the north and south have been going ahead by leaps and bounds. Why should this be so? We have all and more of the natural advantages of either Washington or California, but we have done little to develop them, or to sell them to the world. We have climate, scenery, timber, minerals, water power, agriculture and grazing lands and everything necessary to make a great and prosperous commonwealth, but we have been asleep.

Oregon is suffering from ultra-conservatism. Too many of our wealthy citizens are content with preserving inherited wealth for themselves and their posterity and seem to have neglected opportunity to contribute a fair share of

their fortunes in aiding the development of our wonderful state.

Governor Norblad early this year appointed an economic conference and much progress has already been made. He will crowd to rapid completion our designated highway program in all parts of the state, and our present annual tourist harvest will soon rise from about \$23,000,000 toward the \$400,000,000 reaped annually by California from tourists. He will leave nothing undone to secure capital for the development of our industries and our varied resources and to create payrolls and prosperity. In short, "He will put Oregon on the map," as he has already done to a marked degree in a few short months.

The following are some of the declarations found in Governor Norblad's

platform:

TAXES

"Taxes have become a burden to the people of Oregon. The tax situation is interfering with the development, progress and prosperity of the state. It is my hope and my intention to reduce taxes through careful supervision of the state's budget and expenditure of appropriations, together with a liberal use of the veto power of the governor applied to useless legislative appropriations."

AGRICULTURE

"Farming is Oregon's basic industry. When the farmer is prosperous all other lines of business and industry are correspondingly benefited. Through organization, cooperation and improved marketing conditions the farmer is slowly making progress and he shall have every assistance I can give at any time to improve his condition."

ENFORCEMENT OF LAW

"The lack of enforcement of law breeds disrespect for all law and it is necessary to the success of organized government that all laws be rigidly, impartially and intelligently enforced by officers who themselves believe in law enforcement. During my incumbency it shall be my purpose to appoint law enforcement officials of the highest character, ability and integrity to enforce all of our laws."

UNEMPLOYMENT

"I am in hearty accord with President Hoover's policy to aid the unemployed. I have urged the agencies of the state government having in charge the work on public improvements to arrange their plans so as to care for the unemployed during the low peak of employment. My appeal to employers of labor throughout the state for cooperation and assistance in this regard has met with a hearty response and much progress has been made."

In view of the foregoing a sense of fair play would seem to demand that Governor Norblad, now that he is in office, should be given the opportunity

to serve a full term.

NORBLAD FOR GOVERNOR COMMITTEE, KENNETH D. HAUSER, Chairman. SAMUEL POWELL, Secretary.

A. W. NORBLAD

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



GOVERNOR NORBLAD AS WE KNOW HIM

Democratic—Progressive—Constructive— Dynamic

Governor "Al" W. Norblad is best known in Astoria and Clatsop county, where he has lived for 20 years. We, his neighbors, therefore, feel best qualified to speak as to his character and ability.

Fundamentally he is a man of action, one who moves fast and strikes hard to get results. He has an unusual mental alertness which is coupled with great physical vigor, and this combination makes him aggressive, virile, dynamic. A bit impetuous of speech at times, perhaps, but sane and orderly when he applies his mind to a problem. He proceeds upon the principle that nothing takes the place of hard work, and he has seemingly

an unlimited fund of working energy. He has been extremely successful as a practicing attorney and has been identified with several large business enterprises..

We have known him in many public capacities, as port attorney, city attorney, school board member, state senator, president of the Astoria chamber of commerce, and on innumerable community undertakings, and have always found him trustworthy and peculiarly effective.

His personality is vivid; his ultra-democracy is no pose for political purposes. He came up from the ranks and has never lost his contact with the average man, in whatever humble lot the latter may be cast. He is genuinely friendly, broad, sympathetic and tolerant.

His private life is above reproach. His obligations to his family have always been his first consideration.

We know him. We like him. We believe in him. And we have no hesitancy in telling the people of Oregon that, if they retain him as governor, he will prove a capable leader for the state and that his administration will furnish the power necessary to push Oregon forward in the march of progress.

This is the message from the citizens of Al Norblad's home county.

GOVERNOR A. W. NORBLAD CLUB, of Astoria, Oregon,
By C. W. LAUGHLIN, Chairman.
R. F. MOORE, Secretary.

(This information furnished by Governor A. W. Norblad Club, of Astoria, Oregon; C. W. Laughlin, chairman, R. F. Moore, secretary.)

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JAMES U. CAMPBELL

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court, Position No. 5



He was born on Prince Edward Island, Canada, August 29, 1866; received his education at Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, P. E. I. He has been a continuous resident of Oregon since August 15, 1888, and was admitted to the bar of Oregon in 1893.

Judge Campbell's experiences in the various phases of life equip him admirably for a position as one of the justices of the supreme court of Oregon. He has worked as a laborer and mechanic, has taught school, has practiced law, has served as deputy district attorney and as city attorney of Oregon City, has served as a member of the Oregon state legislature and he now is, and has been circuit judge of the fifth judicial district of the state of Oregon for the past 21 years.

Judge Campbell was a volunteer during the Spanish-American war and saw active service in the Philippines with the Second Oregon Regiment.

During his term of office as circuit judge he has disposed of over 17,000 cases, of which less than one per cent have been appealed to the supreme court, which appeals have resulted in comparatively few reversals.

In addition to his duties as circuit judge he has during the past three years handled the probate and juvenile work of his judicial district.

During his long years of experience as a circuit judge he has been assigned to preside in nearly every judicial district in this state, but more especially in the county of Multnomah where he is very frequently called to preside.

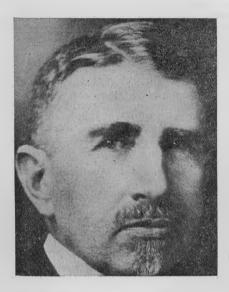
The attorneys of Clackamas county who have practiced before him daily and know him well, unanimously endorse his candidacy for the supreme bench and take great pleasure in furnishing this information to the voters of Oregon knowing that the people of this state will learn to appreciate his fine and sterling qualities as a man and a jurist.

The foregoing endorsement was unanimously adopted by the Clackamas County Bar association.

CLACKAMAS COUNTY BAR ASSOCIATION, By O. D. EBY, President. WM. HAMMOND, Secretary.

GEORGE S. SHEPHERD

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court,
Position No. 5



"What do you read, my lord?" Polonius inquired. "Words, words, words," said Hamlet.

The same inquiry and the same answer may be brought to date in much we read of legal opinions and the rules for submitting our problems on appeal. We need more direct and simple procedure, more consideration given to the merits of a cause and less attention given to complex forms. There is need of rules in any game but there is no need for them to be so complex and mysterious that the real merits may be lost in the cross currents of confusing forms.

I have had ample and varied experience in our own courts and have visited the courts of other countries, above and below the equator, and can

realize the shortcomings of the present system which has failed to keep pace with the progress of other lines. The more simple we make resort to law, the more just and satisfactory will it become.

I have always striven to be of service in the development of our state, and have associated myself with those seeking reform in legal procedure, but I am aware that real success can only be attained from the inside. This candidacy is a necessary part of the process. If elected I dedicate myself unreservedly to plain and understandable procedure and to prompt and just decision in all cases before the court.

GEORGE S. SHEPHERD.

Mr. Shepherd:

After 49 years of legal practice, I am in full accord with your stand for "Direct and Simple Legal Procedure" and sincerely believe this cause will be greatly advanced by your election as supreme judge.

MARTIN L. PIPES, 757 Vista Avenue, Portland, Oregon.

CHARLES A. HOWARD

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Superintendent of Public Instruction



Charles A. Howard was elected superintendent of public instruction in November, 1926, and has now served a little over three years in that office. The statement concerning him which appeared in the voters' pamphlet previous to his election contained the following paragraph:

"If elected Mr. Howard states that he will (1) conduct the state department of public instruction in a businesslike manner; (2) use the powers of the office to encourage and promote the observance of business principles in the handling of the financial matters of local school systems and state institutions; (3) use the results of the most complete investigations available in determining desirable revisions of the course of study in the direction of thoroughness of method and definiteness of content; (4) continue to study Oregon educational needs, both rural and urban, in order that a wise and constructive educational policy may be carried out."

The following are some of the things that Superintendent Howard has accomplished during the last three years in line with this statement of policies:

(1) The procedure in connection with the certification of teachers, one of the big jobs of the department, has been thoroughly reorganized with a resulting 40 per cent reduction in correspondence involved and with improved efficiency; (2) a standard system of budgeting and accounting has been introduced in all the schools of the state. Studies of school finances and particularly the status of school bond issues have been made possible by detailed reports which Mr. Howard has called in, with the result that Oregon school officers and school executives are now giving more careful attention than ever before to this important phase of school administration; (3) the voluntary service of some of the ablest school people of the state has been and is now being used in the revision of courses of study; (4) the following are among the groups which have made definite contributions in the direction of educational progress through conferences called by Superintendent Howard: The county school superintendents, high school principals, a committee of executives on small high school organization, presidents of normal schools, and heads of teachertraining departments of colleges and universities of the state.

It is Mr. Howard's intention, as long as he remains at the head of the state department of education, to promote educational and financial effectiveness in school administration, to use the conference method in the promotion of improved and unified procedure, and to retain "a deeper understanding and a fuller appreciation of Oregon" as one of the items in the state's educational

program.

O. L. WILLIAMS.

SAM H. BROWN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Senator, First Senatorial District, Comprising Marion County.



An experienced legislator; having served four sessions in the senate, and two in the house of representatives, I am a candidate to succeed myself for the office of state senator from Marion county.

I am intensely interested in the welfare of our state and its people, for it is not only the place of my birth, but the place where my parents together with the other pioneers hewed from a wilderness that those who came later might have a decent place in which to live.

My record is an open book, during the sessions I have been constantly on the job and have never dodged an issue.

While I have always worked in the interest of the right thinking people, I took an especial interest in the welfare of the producing class, the men and women of the soil; their problems are my problems, and while I have worked untiringly in their interest in legislative assemblies where I sometimes thought they were forgotten I always kept in mind and respected the rights of others.

If I am favored by nomination and election by the voters of Marion county, I will during my term of office serve them to the very best of ability, and in the future as in the past always be mindful of those who pay the bills.

Respectfully submitted,

SAM H. BROWN (The Gervais Farmer.)

P. O. RILEY

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Senator, First Senatorial District, Comprising Marion County



Dr. P. O. Riley of Hubbard, editor of the Enterprise and president of the Marion County Federated Community clubs, is a candidate for senator from Marion county. Dr. Riley has been and is an indefatigable worker for all of the Willamette valley and has been successful in every community work which he has undertaken. He is capable, safe and conscientious and a most convincing speaker. He is opposed to extravagant legislation and if elected senator will undoubtedly give the people a worthy administration. Riley is well known all over the state of Oregon and is a man who will represent Marion county in the best possible manner.

Opposed to extravagant legislation.

Favor fewer laws and better enforced.

On the job all the time for Marion county.

RILEY-FOR-SENATOR CLUB, By HY. EVERDING, Secretary.

FRANK W. SETTLEMIER

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Senator, First Senatorial District, Comprising Marion County



Member of the 1925, 1927 and 1929 sessions of the legislature.

Voted against the increase of salaries of all state officers. My vote was not intended to apply to the other fellow, alone, but to myself as well, for I refused to accept the increased pay of legislators voted by resolution.

Do all I can to hold down taxes, for I know what this means as mine are a trifle over \$6 per day.

Parents came across the plains, by ox team in 1849, settling in Marion county and resided therein during balance of their lives.

Make no extravagant promises in order to gain your support, but if nominated and

elected will have your interests at heart as I have in the past.

"All of the members of the 1927 session accepted the \$5 a day for 47 days they voted themselves, excepting Representatives S. A. Miller of Umatilla and F. W. Settlemier of Marion in the house. * * * It is now up to the state to demand restitution of the \$235 illegally grabbed by each of the 87 legislators. An attempt should be made to collect the same. Few who refused to reimburse the state without law suit could be reelected."—Capital Journal.

"F. W. Settlemier of Woodburn, quiet, canny, extraordinarily effective, announces he will be a candidate. He has served as representative; has faculty of getting on inside and making things happen the way he wanted them to. Present head of pioneer nursery family; has habit of success; those who know him find it difficult to imagine he can be defeated in anything he decides to undertake, and he is widely known."—Oregon Voter.

FRANK W. SETTLEMIER.

ROMEO GOULEY

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



Slogan: "A farmer who knows the burden of increased taxation."

Born and raised on a farm near Brooks in Marion county.

A taxpayer, man of family and a successful practical farmer.

Served as precinct committeeman for the Republican party for the past eight years.

Member of the 1929 session of the legislature.

Served as vice-chairman on roads and highways committee and if elected will be in a position to encourage early construction of North Santiam road.

A member of the game committee and will work to take the game commission out of politics.

Served 13 sessions of the legislature in a clerical capacity.

Served as road supervisor in district 17 for 19 years.

If nominated and elected will put forth my best efforts in behalf of economical and businesslike legislation and will work diligently to kill unnecessary and freak bills.

ROMEO GOULEY.

IVAN G. MARTIN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County

Served five legislative sessions; tax-payer three counties.



I was born on a farm in the Ozarks of Missouri and spent my boyhood in the rural communities of Missouri and California. In 1897 I graduated from the business college in Santa Rosa, California. A number of years after the death of my father, my mother married C. L. Watt, a pioneer of Marion county, Oregon, and in 1898 I moved with them to Salem, where I have since resided. I attended Willamette university for five years and was for about three years city editor of the Capital Journal. I was secretary of the Salem Floral society for two years and have been secretary of the Musicians' association of Salem for the past 14 years, a member of the First Christian church and the Salem band for 25 years, am a member of the Salem chamber of commerce and a number of fraternal organizations to which memberships I refer merely to show my interest in civic and fraternal work. My record in the legislature and as a private citizen, I believe, will prove that I supported my country and the men in the service during the war to the best of my ability.

I received my law degree from the University of California and have practiced law in Salem for the past 15 years. I served Marion county in the 1917, 1919 and 1921 sessions and two special sessions of the legislature. Among the bills I sponsored are the dower and curtesy law at the request of the grange, the Oregon fruit label bill requiring fruit packed in Oregon to bear the Oregon label, legislation requiring nonresident college students to pay tuition; the insurance code introduced by the insurance committee of which I was a member for the five sessions I served. If elected, I will oppose any raise of salaries of state officials. I favor equitable distribution of taxes, believing that each citizen should pay something to the state for the protection he receives, however, all money received from the intangibles tax (the exemption of which should be raised to at least \$500 income) or other new sources of revenue should be applied to reduce taxes on real estate and not be spent in maintaining new commissions, new departments, and new expenses, the creation of which I oppose. I favor the reduction of the public service commission to one member, which will save to the taxpayers the sum of \$8,000 each year. I believe that your legislative delegation should contain at least one attorney. Such attorney would doubtless be a member of the laws committee by which much important legislation is considered.

If you believe that owing to my experience and my legislative record I should represent your interests in the next legislative session, I will appreciate your support. I will perform the duties of the office to the best of my ability and will at all times solicit your advice and help.

IVAN G. MARTIN.

LEE McALLISTER

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



HISTORY

Present incumbent seeking re-election. Native of Marion county. Educated in the public schools and colleges of Oregon. Left Willamette university to enter the World war and saw service in front-line trenches. Now engaged in the realty and farming business.

LEE McALLISTER'S PLATFORM

Common sense methods in state business.

Fewer laws and more respect for law.

Help the farmer. His prosperity is the state's prosperity.

Build the North Santiam highway.

Keep the automobile license department in Salem.

Repeal the Eddy bills; give the man who drinks Salem water a vote on the Salem water question and all similar questions.

Slogan: "Just plain business; no freak laws."

LEE MCALLISTER.

JAMES W. MOTT

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



To the Republican Voters of Marion County:

In announcing my candidacy for state representative from Marion county, I submit to the voters the following biographical sketch and digest of my legislative record:

BIOGRAPHY

Raised in Salem, coming here when five years old with parents, the late Dr. W. S. Mott and Willetta M. Mott. Attended Salem public schools, University of Oregon, and Columbia university, New York, graduating 1909. Engaged for several years in newspaper work. Graduated Willamette university law school 1917. Commenced practice of law at Astoria same year. Closed law office 1918 and enlisted in navy, returning and resuming practice 1919. Married, 1919, to Ethel L. Walling of pioneer Oregon family. Elected city attorney of Astoria, 1920. Elected representative from Clatsop county, 1922. Reelected 1924 and 1926. Candidate for Republican nomination for congress, 1928. Returned to Salem, establishing law offices here in January, 1929. Property owner and taxpayer of Marion county. Have two daughters in Salem public schools. Church affiliation. Presbyterian.

Member American Legion, Kiwanis, Elks, W. O. W., County and State Bar associations, Salem chamber of commerce, and other civic and fraternal organizations.

LEGISLATIVE RECORD

Secured during my three sessions as representative the enactment of every piece of legislation in which my former district was interested.

Author and sponsor of the following Oregon laws: The act abolishing fish-wheels, which preserved a ten-million-dollar public resource from extinction, and secured to the people of Oregon the common right of fishery; the Astoria fire relief law, which carried the largest appropriation ever granted by any state to a municipality; the 1925 insurance revenue law, which gave the state an additional revenue of \$300,000 per year from foreign companies without increasing the burden of state taxation (H. B. 240); the first Oregon reforestation bill to pass the house and senate (H. B. 416, 1925 session), and many other important and difficult measures affecting the state at large.

At the next session of the legislature several measures of vital importance to Marion county will be presented, one of which is a bill which I propose to introduce, if elected, designating the North Santiam highway as a state highway and providing for its immediate construction by federal forest road funds.

SLOGAN:

"Effective service, based on an established record as a legislator."

JAMES W. MOTT.

MARK A. PAULSON

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



To the Republican Electors of Marion County:

For your kindly consideration in soliciting your vote in order that you may the better weigh my worth and capabilities, I present the following which was published in the Oregon Voter, January 1, 1927:

"Representative Mark A. Paulson, a Silverton attorney of fine connections and pleasing personality, led the Marion county legislative ticket last November. A part of this splendid political strength may be attributed to the consistent plugging by the county papers for a delegation composed not entirely of Salem residents. But we suspect that the major portion of his vote found its inspiration in the reputation that he has established for sterling character, mental poise and ability as an attorney.

Representative Paulson was born in Buena Vista county, Iowa; raised on a farm

in Minnesota; educated in rural schools; taught school at an early age to acquire means to continue his education at the University of Minnesota, Des Moines university, and graduate work in political science and education at the University of Oregon; Paulson, after coming to Oregon in 1908, served three years as superintendent of Harrisburg schools; read law in office of Colonel A. E. Clark, Portland; entered army service, 1918, after two years as city recorder, Silverton; taught history in Walla Walla high school, then was principal of Hubbard and Bend high schools prior to his resumption of law practice in Silverton.

Representative Paulson is a member of Elks and Masonic fraternities and American Legion."

Slogan: "A square deal for Oregon."

Respectfully submitted,

MARK A. PAULSON.

OTTO K. PAULUS

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



I was born in Salem, Oregon, December 18, 1893, and have resided in Salem, Oregon, all of my life. I am the fourth son of Christopher Paulus, an old-time resident of Marion county.

After my graduation from Willamette university in 1918 I spent a year at Capital Business college and then became associated with the Marion Automobile company of this city. I spent eight years in the automobile and garage business in Salem, during which time I studied law and received my law degree from Willamette university and was admitted to the bar in 1925. I severed my connection with the Marion Automobile company in 1927 and went east to study law at Harvard university for a year and, upon my return, entered active practice of the law at Salem, Marion county, Oregon.

If nominated and elected I will, during my term of office, earnestly en-

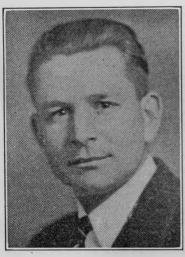
deavor to serve my native state and county honestly and creditably. I will oppose any further encroachment upon the automobile owners of the state and diversion of automobile moneys for other than road purposes. I believe in taxing properties which are now entirely escaping taxation and will favor legislation to join the sister states of Washington and California in some attempt to control the slaughter of salmon off of our coasts by trollers. I favor economy in state expenditures and sane and practical legislation.

Slogan: "Alert, earnest and conscientious attention to the people's business."

OTTO K. PAULUS.

ROBEY S. RATCLIFFE

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



My home has been in Salem and Marion county for 22 years. Graduated at Salem high school and Willamette University College of Law. Entered practice of law in 1926. Before entering practice of law worked for several state departments including bonus commission, automobile department, tax department and penitentiary.

I served in the United States navy during the World war and at the present time I am first lieutenant, Oregon National Guard, and the Officers Reserve Corps.

It appears logical that law makers should be familiar with law construction and law effects. My law education, years of practice and knowledge of the functioning of several state departments assist in qualifying me in this regard and assure

the voter that only sane and fair bills covering state legislation will be supported by me.

The people of the state of Oregon come first. Likewise legislation upon matters pertaining to Oregon materials, products and labor. I favor protection of our natural resources and also encourage their development. I desire to promote the use of local labor and local products whenever possible. I wish to encourage the building up of old industries and the bringing in of new to increase our payrolls and to furnish livelihood for our own citizens.

I favor property tax reduction, not only because it will give the state more permanent and stable citizens who will own homes but because it will more equitably shift the tax burden to the other 75 per cent of the population who do not at present pay property tax but who are content to allow the 25 per cent to carry the burden. Personally, I pay taxes on both farm and city property and realize what the taxpayer is up against.

Careful and considerate fish and game legislation is needed. Due regard must be given to both the game and the sportsman. A fair bag limit with a proper open season. I favor sensible game laws simply outlined and defined.

I will give prompt, fearless and efficient attention to legislative business with the one idea in mind to serve the people and not the combines, cliques, groups or alliances.

Slogan: "Modern and sane business with equitable taxation."

ROBEY S. RATCLIFFE.

W. CARLTON SMITH

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



Dr. W. Carlton Smith is a native son of Marion county, born at Jefferson, Oregon, April 17, 1874. He was educated in the public schools of Marion county and attended and graduated from the University of Oregon and later graduated from the University Medical college of Kansas City in medicine. He immediately returned to Salem, where for 27 years he has been actively engaged in the practice of medicine,

For two years he served in the World war with the rank of major, commanding the 363d Field Hospital with the 91st Division both in France and Belgium. Dr. Smith has been very active in the American Legion organization at Salem, and was the first commander of Capital Post No. 9.

He is a member of the Masonic lodge, having served as a master, and is also a member of the Elks lodge, having served as exalted ruled and district deputy of that organization.

Dr. Smith has at all times discharged the duties of citizenship by taking an active part in, or supporting the civic and public movements that tend toward the upbuilding and advancement of this state and her

industries, and through his association with various state institutions he has acquired a wide knowledge of their workings. Dr. Smith was a representative in the thirty-fifth legislative assembly and was a member of the important ways and means committee and the public institutions committee. He took an active stand against the enlargement of useless bureaus and commissions, and was an active opponent of the appropriation of money unless same was actually needed for the conduct of state affairs.

In his platform Dr. Smith says:

"If elected I shall be in favor of enacting fewer laws with an impartial and rigid enforcement of those we now have.

"The revenue accruing from the intangible and excise taxes should continue as an offset to property tax, and advantage of this reduction should not be taken to increase appropriations.

"I shall continue to oppose the creation and enlargement of useless boards and commissions. They rarely make for more efficiency but usually hamper business and industry and only place more people on the public payroll.

"I believe business methods should be applied to affairs of the state."

Slogan: "Active representation for Marion county with fewer laws and impartial enforcement."

EDWIN KEECH.

OTTO J. WILSON

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative, First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



To the Republican Electors of Marion County:

I respectfully solicit the Republican nomination for state representative.

If honored by your nomination and elected, I will give the best I have in me towards faithful and efficient service.

Says the Oregon Voter, 1924:

"Salem's mayor is always a storm-center for controversy, as he is expected to keep taxes down in spite of the progressive element and keep the city improved and well governed regardless of how much money is available. Representative Wilson served as mayor during a term marked by the usual turmoil and survived without having lost his poise or urbanity. * * * Mr. Wilson has decided views on high taxes and also on road administration, views founded upon experience in

paying, levying and using. He doesn't obtrude himself, makes no pretentions at oratory, is disposed to be reasonable up to a certain point, knows how to express himself when necessary and is richly qualified by character, temperament, knowledge and experience to become an exceedingly valuable member of the legislature."

Says the Oregon Voter, April, 1926:

"Representative Wilson is a broad-minded legislator, for, although he is an automobile dealer, he voted for legislation opposed by some branches of his trade, and some legislation that has since proved to be of some nuisance to dealers; able to view a problem from other than the narrow confines of his own interest; pleasant, and anything but domineering; did not attempt to cut a wide swath either with new legislation or persistent participation in legislative lineups; cool, calm, and conservative."

Oregon Automotive Conference—representing 10 automotive associations, writes, dated March 16, 1926:

"Dear Mr. Wilson: The Oregon Automotive Conference feels that if you are to be a candidate for election to the next session of the Oregon legislature this body can offer you its support. We feel that your comprehension of the important subject of automotive legislation would be safely and sanely handled by you. Very truly yours,

"Oregon Automotive Conference, by J. A. Crittenden."

OTTO J. WILSON.

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