

THE FARMERS



ALMANAC.

FOR

1850.

PHILADELPHIA:

J. HOLLOWBUSH,

23 North Front Street.

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847/2
2/3

In this year there are two Eclipses—both at the Sun

1st. Annular eclipse at the SUN, on the 12th of February, at 1 o'clock 18 minutes in the morning. *Invisible* in America and Europe, but visible in Asia and Africa, and in and near the Equator.

2d. Total eclipse at the SUN, on the 7th of August, at 4 o'clock 22 minutes in the afternoon. *Invisible* here. Total eclipse visible on the Pacific ocean, in and near the Equator.

MOVEABLE FEASTS.

Septuagesima Sunday, - - -	February 27
Quinquagesima, or Shrove Sunday, - - -	February 10
Ash Wednesday, or 1st day of Lent, - - -	February 13
Palm Sunday, - - - - -	March 24
Maundy Thursday, - - - - -	March 28
Good Friday, - - - - -	March 29
Easter Sunday, - - - - -	March 31
Ascension Day, or Holy Thursday, - - -	May 9
Whit Sunday, - - - - -	May 19
Trinity Sunday, - - - - -	May 26
Advent Sunday, - - - - -	December 1
Sundays after Trinity, - - - - -	- - - 26

CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Solar Cycle, - - - - -	11
Lunar Cycle, or Golden Number, - - -	8
Epact, - - - - -	17
Dominical Letter, - - - - -	F
Roman Indiction, - - - - -	8
Julian Period, - - - - -	6563

EMBER DAYS.

- 1st, on the 20th of February.
- 2d, on the 22d of May.
- 3d, on the 18th of September.
- 4th, on the 18th of December.

VERNAL EQUINOX, on the 20th of March, at 5 o'clock 52 minutes in the evening.

SUMMER SOLSTICE, on the 21st of June, at 2 o'clock 49 minutes in the afternoon.











AUTUMNAL EQUINOX, on the 23d of September, at 4 o'clock 49 minutes in the morning.

WINTER SOLSTICE, on the 21st of December, at 10 o'clock 27 minutes in the evening.

CHARACTERS OF THE CONSTELLATIONS:

♈ Aries, the ram.	♌ Leo, the lion.	♐ Sagittarius, the bowman
♉ Taurus, the bull.	♍ Virgo, the virgin.	♑ Capricornus, the goat.
♊ Gemini, the twins.	♎ Libra, the balance.	♒ Aquarius, the butler
♋ Cancer, the crab.	♏ Scorpio, the scorpion.	♓ Pisces, the fishes.

ASTRONOMICAL CHARACTERS EXPLAINED:

 New Moon.	 Full Moon.	 First Quarter.	 Last Quarter.
 Moon's ascend. Node, or Dragon's head.	 Moon's Descension.		
 Moon's descend. Node, or Dragon's tail.	 Moon in apogee—furthest from the earth		
 Moon's Ascension.	 Moon in perigee—nearest to the earth.		

PLANETS AND ASPECTS:

♄ Saturn,	♀ Venus,	♃ Conjunction, or planets in the same longitude.
♃ Jupiter,	☿ Mercury,	* Sextile, when they are 60 degrees apart.
♂ Mars,	♁ Earth, ☾ Moon,	□ Quartile, when they are 90 degrees distant.
☉ Sun,	♃ Herschel,	△ Trine, when they are 120 degrees distant.
		♁ Opposition, when they are 180 deg. distant.

THE FARMER'S ALMANAC.



THE DEAD SHOT.—*A Story of Pioneer Life.*

The crispy Autumnal air had begun to color the foliage of the forests, and the green leaves were but sparsely scattered upon the boughs of the trees. A myriad of gay hues decked the woods, but the atmosphere was raw and chilly, except at noon-day, and yet the lover of nature who chanced to be abroad might readily find enough of the beautiful to while away an hour in raptures, in gazing at the fading, but still gorgeous loveliness of the scene where our sketch opens.

It was in the year of 1810, before any settlement of consequence had been made in Ohio, that a family went from New York state, to reside upon a branch of the Great Miami; it consisted of the parents and two children, a son and daughter—the eldest fifteen, the other numbering less than half a score of years of age. The land they selected, was a wild but lovely spot in the Valley, and but a few weeks elapsed after their arrival, ere a small but comfortable log hut had been erected, beneath the shadow of the forest's edge; and Roger Gray very soon "cleared" a respectable patch about him, which he had sown with spring grain.

The region was a romantic vale, and far down to the southward, the river flowed by in majestic silence. The spot had been well chosen by Roger for agricultural purposes, but the new-comers had been there scarcely a week, ere they found that the neighborhood

was often visited by wild beasts—for several sheep had been destroyed in the night, and the howl of the wolf had been repeatedly heard, at a distance, in the lonely evenings. The nearest neighbor of the emigrant, was one Farmer Holland, an "eastern man," also, where Gray's family had remained during the erection of their cabin, and his house was full a mile distant to the westward.

Mr. Holland had but one child—a son, some twenty years of age: who had been brought up literally "in the woods," but a braver heart or kinder disposition than that of young Wallace, could not be found in the State. His father was one of the original "buckeye" pioneers, and Wallace had seen and encountered all the rude treatment and every day hardships incident to a twenty years residence in the back woods.

But his arm was a practised one—he had met the wily red man in hostility, and conquered him—he had grappled with the fiery wolf and the huge bear of that region, and destroyed them—he had been accustomed to danger and peril, and toil, from his infancy—and he was well acquainted with the turmoils and troubles of a life in the West. His old rifle and his dog were his constant companions, and Wallace never ventured into the forest without one or both of them. The stay of Fanny Gray at the cabin of his father, though

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter 5th, at 3 o'clock 26 min. in the morning.
 New Moon 13th, at 6 o'clock 8 min. in the morning.
 First Quarter 21st, at 4 o'clock 29 min. in the morning.
 Full Moon 27th, at 7 o'clock 40 min. in the evening

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st cloudy; 2d, 3d moderate; 4, 5 south-west wind, rain; 6, 7 clear, west and north-west wind; 8 to 11 changeable; 12, 13 snow; 14, 15 more snow; 16, 17 very cold; 18 pleasant; 19, 20 cloudy, snow; 21 to 24 clear, cold; 25, 26 cloudy, snow; 27, 28 north-west wind, very cold; 29, 30, 31 pleasant, moderate.

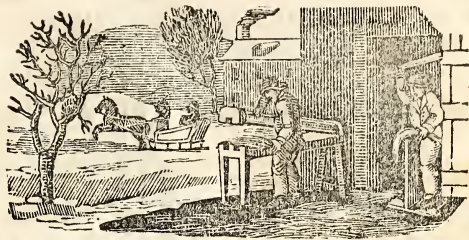
brief, had a queer effect upon Wallace. He very rarely met with *women* in that lonely country, and though he could not account for it after she left the humble dwelling which had sheltered them, temporarily, he had a strange and longing desire to visit her father's cabin.

There was daily something he could do for old Mr. Gray, some advice he could give, some handiwork he could perform, some help he could render to the novice in the woods, which he deemed would prove acceptable to her father; and at almost any time, for weeks, you might have found Wallace at Mr. Gray's settlement. He met Fanny there; he shewed her a thousand novelties which she never dreamed of, in the vicinity; he played with her brother Frank—whom she dearly loved—in short, he found occasion to pass a great deal of time at Mr. Gray's, where he performed many a good office for the father, while he enjoyed a rapturous pleasure in the society of his pretty and affectionate daughter.

On a bright afternoon, it had been their custom oftentimes to wander away together in the woods, or to the margin of the river. Fanny was a dear lover of the picturesque, and in the towering, massive forests—by the rim of the gentle stream—abroad upon the hillocks—she constantly met with some new feature, some brighter spot in nature, than she had hitherto seen, to reward her search and gratify her fondness for the sublime or beautiful; until at last, familiar with the neighborhood, she would saunter away alone, or in company only with her little brother—though she had often been cautioned never to leave the cabin out of sight, in her roamings.

But autumn came. Eight months had elapsed since Roger Gray came to reside in the spot where he had now located himself, and as the day was fine, Fanny ventured forth rather later in the afternoon than was her wont, and with her brother clinging on her arm, she trotted away towards a small hill, some quarter of a mile distant, a favourite haunt of hers, latterly, and quite within the bound of her parent's restriction—for from its summit, which she frequently climbed, she could always see the smoke which curled from the

(Fa.)



chimney of her father's hut. With a light step and a merry heart, she hastened to the wood close by, and in a few minutes the children were out of sight.

Scarcely had they disappeared, when Wallace made his appearance, rifle in hand, before the entrance to Gray's dwelling.

'Come in,' said Roger, kindly.

'Not now, please you.'

'Why not?'

'Nothing. Where is Miss Fanny?'

'She has just gone flower-hunting.'

'I only wanted to say that she had better avoid the mound yonder—where she loves to sit so often.'

'What's the matter, Wallace?'

'Not much,' continued the youth. 'I passed there yesterday evening, and at the east side of the hill, you remember, there is a narrow cleft between the two rocks which form the bluff.'

'Yes, I recollect—a sort of cave.'

'So it seems, though I never knew it before.'

'Well what of the cleft, Wallace?'

'Nothing, sir, particular. That is, you see I've been through these grounds, a good many years, and I know a panther when I see him.'

'A what?' exclaimed Gray, starting to his feet.

'A panther, sir. I can tell him, even though I see nothing but his tail.'

'Well, Wallace?' continued Gray, anxiously.

'Well, then; coming home last evening, I saw a panther's tail—the pointed end of it—projecting from the crevice of that cliff, and I've come to caution Miss Fanny to stay at home this afternoon, while I go and get a shot at him, if I can—quiet Belch?' continued Wallace, turning to the fine prairie dog that had accompanied his master along, but whose quick ear had detected a noise in the distance, which neither Roger Gray nor Wallace had caught.

'Down! I say—Belch,' continued Wallace as the dog again sent forth a sharp growl.

'My God!—what is that!' exclaimed Roger Gray an instant afterwards, turning deadly pale and springing to the doorway. But Wallace had heard it too—and without uttering a syllable, he dashed madly toward the forest, followed by Belcher close at his heels. The terror stricken father was instantly upon

FEBRUARY, 2d Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month, Days, &c.	Moon South.		High Water.	Moon R. & S.		Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun. Slow.	Sun rises.		Sun sets.		O. st/le			
		h	m		h	m				h	m	h	m				
Friday	1 <i>Bridget</i>	3	44	5	56	10	32	♄ 15	♄	♄	sets 9, 31	14	7	0	5	0	20
Saturd.	2 <i>Candle M's</i>	4	31	6	42	11	34	♄ 28	♄	♄	♄ ris. 6, 58	14	6	59	5	1	21
5.) Sexagesima.		Luke 8.					Day's length 10 hours 4 minutes.										
Sunday	3 <i>Blasius</i>	5	18	7	30	morn	♄ 11	♄	♄	♄	♄ 3d ♃ ris. 8, 22	14	6	58	5	2	22
Mond.	4 <i>Veronica</i>	6	4	8	16	12	35	♄ 23	♄	♄	♄ ♂ so. 8, 10	14	6	56	5	4	23
Tuesd.	5 <i>Agathy</i>	6	50	9	2	1	32	♄ 5	♄	♄	♄ Orion south 8, 32	14	6	55	5	5	24
Wedn.	6 <i>Dorothy</i>	7	37	9	49	2	29	♄ 17	♄	♄	♄ Sir. south 9, 19	14	6	54	5	6	25
Thurs.	7 <i>Richard</i>	8	24	10	36	3	22	♄ 29	♄	♄	♄ ♂ ♀ ☉ inferior ☾	14	6	53	5	7	26
Friday	8 <i>Solomon</i>	9	12	11	24	4	11	♄ 11	♄	♄	♄ ☽ in apogee	14	6	52	5	8	27
Saturd.	9 <i>Appolonia</i>	9	58	12	10	4	56	♄ 23	♄	♄	♄ ♂ Ceres ☉	15	6	51	5	9	28
6.) Quinquagesima.		Luke 18.					Day's length 10 hours 20 minutes.										
Sunday	10 <i>Scholastica</i>	10	47	12	49	5	42	♄ 5	♄	♄	♄ ♄'s eye so. 6, 51	15	6	50	5	10	29
Mond.	11 <i>Euphrosin.</i>	11	33	1	28	6	19	♄ 17	♄	♄	♄ ☽ ♂ ♀ ♀	15	6	48	5	12	30
Tuesd.	12 <i>Shrove Tu.</i>	12	19	2	7	sets	♄ 29	♄	♄	♄	♄ 12th ☉ Ecl. invis.	15	6	47	5	13	31
Wedn.	13 <i>Ash Wed.</i>	1	5	2	53	6	48	♄ 11	♄	♄	♄ Arctur ris. 9, 9	15	6	46	5	14	Feb.
Thurs.	14 <i>Valentine</i>	1	51	3	39	7	49	♄ 23	♄	♄	♄ Spica ris. 10, 0	14	6	45	5	15	
Friday	15 <i>Faustine</i>	2	36	4	24	8	49	♄ 6	♄	♄	♄ ♄ sets 8, 42	14	6	44	5	16	3
Saturd.	16 <i>Julianus</i>	3	23	5	11	9	51	♄ 19	♄	♄	♄ ♂ ☽ ☿ ♀ Ceres	14	6	42	5	18	4
7.) Invocavit.		Matt. 4.					Day's length 10 hours 38 minutes.										
Sunday	17 <i>Constant.</i>	4	10	5	58	10	54	♄ 2	♄	♄	♄ ♂ south 7, 30	14	6	41	5	19	5
Mond.	18 <i>Concordia</i>	5	0	6	48	11	59	♄ 15	♄	♄	♄ ♃ ris 7, 15	14	6	39	5	21	6
Tuesd.	19 <i>Susanna</i>	5	52	7	40	morn	♄ 29	♄	♄	♄	♄ 19th ☉ en. ☿	14	6	38	5	22	7
Wedn.	20 <i>Emberday</i>	6	49	8	37	1	4	♄ 13	♄	♄	♄ Reg. so. 11, 45	14	6	37	5	23	8
Thurs.	21 <i>Eleonora</i>	7	48	9	36	2	10	♄ 27	♄	♄	♄ ♂ ☽ ♂	14	6	36	5	24	9
Friday	22 <i>Washin. b.</i>	8	48	10	36	3	11	♄ 12	♄	♄	♄ Orion so. 7, 24 ☾	14	6	35	5	25	10
Saturd.	23 <i>Serenus</i>	9	48	11	36	4	10	♄ 27	♄	♄	♄ Sirius so. 8, 13	14	6	33	5	27	11
8.) Reminiscere.		Matt. 15.					Day's length 10 hours 56 minutes.										
Sunday	24 <i>St. Matth.</i>	10	49	12	37	5	4	♄ 11	♄	♄	♄ Moon in perigee.	13	6	32	5	28	12
Mond.	25 <i>Victor</i>	11	46	1	22	5	53	♄ 26	♄	♄	♄ ♄ ♄ sets 8, 5	13	6	31	5	29	13
Tuesd.	26 <i>Nestor</i>	morn	2	7	rises	♄ 11	♄	♄	♄	♄	♄ 26th ☽	13	6	29	5	31	14
Wedn.	27 <i>Leander</i>	12	40	2	52	7	10	♄ 25	♄	♄	♄ ♃ ris. 6, 38	13	6	28	5	32	15
Thurs.	28 <i>Romanus</i>	1	33	3	45	8	17	♄ 9	♄	♄	♄ Vesta stationary	13	6	27	5	33	16

♀ Venus is Morning Star until the 2d of March, at 8 o'clock 6 min. in the evening—then Evening Star until the 16th of Dec., at 10 o'clock 51 min. in the forenoon—then again Morning Star until the end of the year. *Venus is called the reigning planet this year.*

The calculations of this Almanac are made to solar or apparent time; to which add the equation in the 7th column, when the Sun is slow, and subtract it when fast, for true clock time.

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter 3d, at 8 o'clock 7 min. in the evening.
 New Moon 12th, at 1 o'clock 18 min. in the morning.
 First Quarter 19th, at 3 o'clock 1 min. in the after'n.
 Full Moon 26th, at 6 o'clock 49 min. in the morning.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st cloudy, snow; 2, 3 coldest days; 4, 5, 6 clear and cold; 7, 8 snow; 9, 10 cloudy; 11, 12, 13 mostly clear; 14, 15 changeable; 16 rain; 17 to 20 clear, north-west wind; 21, 22, 23 cloudy, rain; 24, 25 pleasant; 26 cloudy and rain; 27, 28 moderate, pleasant.

his trail, for the wild shriek they heard came from his daughter's lips.

"Help—father! Wallace, help!" screamed the girl at the top of her lungs, and "sister Fanny, help!" yelled the boy as he clung in desperate fright to her dress—for, as they approached the favourite spot on which the gentle girl had delighted to rest, there emerged from the crevice of the rock, a huge animal of the panther species, which nimbly mounted the little hill side, within thirty yards of the wanderers, and crouching upon its belly, lay prepared to spring from the ascent upon the defenceless children.

The monster lashed the sod with his tail, and growled, as it gazed upon the horror-struck girl, who dared not turn to flee, well knowing that such a course would be fatal. and in her mad despair, she could only shriek for succor, which she had no thought however, was near her! But there was a quick rustling in the under growth behind her, though she heard it not, and in an instant after, old Belcher passed them in hot haste.

"Down, Fanny—down!" shouted the brave Wallace, who had come up at the same moment, and saw her peril, but could not fire to advantage.—Belcher bounded up the side of the bluff, sprang upon the beast, but in a moment, was disabled by the fierce clutch of the now enraged and disappointed panther, who for an instant stood over the prostrate dog, in triumph.

"Down!" shouted the young marksman again, and Fanny Grey exhausted with the fright and excitement sank upon the ground. A sharp ring echoed through the forest, and the savage beast reeled forward, and plunged headlong to the base of the bluff, pierced through the brain by a bullet from Holland's unerring rifle.

The father heard the report—he sprang wildly to the spot—and in another moment, pressed his children frantically to his heart. They were safe—unharmcd.

Three years, subsequently to this adventure, I chanced to be travelling down the Ohio river. On its brink there stood a neat little dwelling, an humble spot, tenanted by a youthful couple, who had been but recently married, and from their lips I gathered the above facts. The occupants of that pretty dwelling were Wallace and Fanny—now Mr. and Mrs Holland.

(Fa.)



TRANSPLANTING EVERGREENS.

It seems not very material whether evergreen trees are transplanted in April, May, or June. They may be made to live in either of these months, when they are properly taken up and set; and as it is all-important to take up a sod with the tree, it may be as well to transplant this kind early in the season before plowing commences.

It is not necessary to take up a long root with a fir, a hemlock or a pine; but it is absolutely necessary to take up a sod with the roots; and sods will adhere to them better at this season of the year, than when the earth is more dry.

There is not much risk in taking firs from good nurseries, for the multitude of fibrous roots that are found in every direction, hold enough earth to insure their growth. But pines or firs taken from forests have but very few roots, and they need more care.

The bark that covers the roots of pines and other evergreens, is very thin and tender, and when the trees are pulled up and set, as we set apple trees, the bark comes off, and not one tree in fifty survives. Long roots are not needed, and the trees may be taken up by cutting around at a distance of twelve inches from the trunk, when that is not more than five feet in height.

These trees and clumps of earth may be set when the earth is wet, for there is not the same need of spreading out the roots and keeping them separate, as there is when trees are taken up without earth. Yet it is important in all cases to keep the earth loose, and light, and free from weeds around them.

LEMON TART.—Pare, rather thick, the rinds of four lemons, which boil tender in two waters, and beat fine. Add to this four ounces of blanched almonds, cut thin, four ounces of lump sugar, the juice of the lemons, and a little grated peel. Simmer to a syrup; when cold, turn it into a shallow tart-dish, lined with a rich thin puff-paste, and lay bars of the same over. As soon as the paste is baked, take it out.

WORTH TRYING.—An almost instantaneous cure for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and all ailments of that class, will be found, by taking a large tablespoon full of common table salt, and two teaspoons full of vinegar. Put it into a halt pint of hot water, and drink it as warm as possible. Although unpleasant to drink, you will find relief as soon as the nau-
 seousness of the draught has passed away.

MARCH, 3d Month,

Weeks & Days.	Month, Days, &c.	Moon South.		High Water.	Moon R. & S.		Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun. slow. m	Sun rises.		Sun sets.		O. style.	
		h	m		h	m				h	m	h	m		
Friday	1 <i>David</i>	2	22	4	34	9	12	♉ 23	♃	13	6	25	5	35	17
Saturd.	2 <i>Simplicius</i>	3	10	5	22	10	24	♉ 6	♂ ♀ ☉	12	6	24	5	36	18
9.) Oculi.		Luke 11.				Day's length 11 hours 14 minutes.									
Sunday	3 <i>Samuel</i>	3	59	6	11	11	24	♉ 19	♃	12	6	23	5	37	19
Mond.	4 <i>Adrian</i>	4	47	6	59	morn		♉ 1	♃	10	6	21	5	39	20
Tuesd.	5 <i>Frederick</i>	5	33	7	45	12	20	♉ 13	☾ 5th. ♀'s gr. el. west.	12	6	20	5	40	21
Wedn.	6 <i>Fridolin</i>	6	21	8	33	1	15	♉ 25	☾ ♀ rises 5 24	11	6	19	5	41	22
Thurs.	7 <i>Perpetua</i>	7	9	9	21	2	7	♉ 7	♃	11	6	17	5	43	23
Friday	8 <i>Philemon</i>	7	58	10	10	2	56	♉ 19	☾ in apogee	11	6	16	5	44	24
Saturd.	9 <i>Prudence</i>	8	45	10	57	3	40	♉ 1	♃	11	6	15	5	45	25
10.) Letare.		John 6.				Day's length 11 hours 34 minutes.									
Sunday	10 <i>Appolonia</i>	9	32	11	44	4	21	♉ 13	♃	11	6	13	5	47	26
Mond.	11 <i>Ernestus</i>	10	20	12	32	5	0	♉ 25	♃	10	6	12	5	48	27
Tuesd.	12 <i>Gregory</i>	11	5	1	10	5	33	♉ 7	♃	10	6	11	5	49	28
Wedn.	13 <i>Macedon</i>	11	52	1	48	☾ sets		♉ 20	☾ 13th. ♂-☾ ♀	10	6	10	5	50	Marca.
Thurs.	14 <i>Zacharian</i>	12	38	2	26	6	47	♉ 3	☾	9	6	8	5	52	
Friday	15 <i>Christoph.</i>	1	25	3	13	7	50	♉ 16	♃	9	6	7	5	53	
Saturd.	16 <i>Cyprianus</i>	2	12	4	0	8	53	♉ 29	♃	9	6	6	5	54	
11.) Judica.		John 8.				Day's length 11 hours 52 minutes.									
Sunday	17 <i>St. Patrick</i>	3	3	4	51	9	59	♉ 12	♃	9	6	4	5	56	5
Mond.	18 <i>Anshelmus</i>	3	5	5	43	11	4	♉ 26	♃	8	6	3	5	57	6
Tuesd.	19 <i>Joseph</i>	4	50	6	38	morn		♉ 10	♃	8	6	2	5	58	7
Wedn.	20 <i>Matrona</i>	5	47	7	35	12	10	♉ 24	☾ ☉ en. ♀ D'y &	8	6	0	6	0	8
Thurs.	21 <i>Benedict</i>	6	47	8	35	1	12	♉ 8	☾ 20th n't eq. ☾	7	5	59	6	1	9
Friday	22 <i>Paulina</i>	7	45	9	33	2	12	♉ 22	♂ ☾ ♂. Spring commences.	7	5	58	6	2	10
Saturd.	23 <i>Everard</i>	8	43	10	31	3	5	♉ 6	☾ Moon in perigee.	7	5	56	6	4	11
12.) Palm Sunday.		Matt. 21.				Day's length 12 hours 10 minutes.									
Sunday	24 <i>Gabriel</i>	9	40	11	28	3	51	♉ 21	♃	6	5	55	6	5	12
Mond.	25 An. B. V. M	10	34	12	22	4	35	♉ 5	♃	6	5	54	6	6	13
Tuesd.	26 <i>Emanuel</i>	11	26	1	4	5	13	♉ 19	♃	6	5	52	6	8	14
Wedn.	27 <i>Gustavus</i>	morn		1	46	☾ ris.		♉ 3	☾ 27th	6	5	51	6	9	15
Thurs.	28 Maun Th.	12	16	2	28	7	10	♉ 17	☾ ♀ sets 6, 15	5	5	50	6	10	16
Friday	29 Good Fri'y	1	7	3	19	8	13	♉ 1	♃	5	5	48	6	12	17
Saturd.	30 <i>Guido</i>	1	55	4	7	9	18	♉ 14	♃	5	5	47	6	13	18
13.) Easter.		Mark 16.				Day's length 12 hours 10 minutes.									
Sunday	31 <i>Eas Sund.</i>	2	45	4	57	10	17	♉ 27	♃	4	5	46	6	14	19

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter 5th, at 2 o'clock 54 min. in the after'n.
 New Moon 13th, at 6 o'clock 6 min. in the evening.
 First Quarter 20th, at 10 o'clock 47 min. in the even'g.
 Full Moon 27th, at 6 o'clock 15 min. in the evening.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

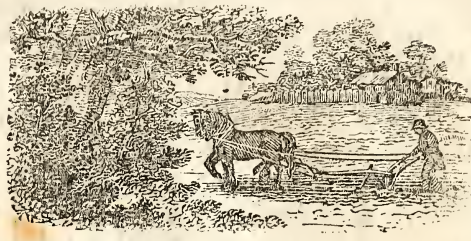
The 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th cold north-west wind; 5, 6, 7 clear; 8, 9 cloudy, snow or rain; 10, 11 windy; 12, 13 changeable; 14 rain; 15, 16, 17 changeable; 18, 19, 20 mostly clear; 21, 22 cloudy, rain; 23 to 26 pleasant; 27 stormy; 28, 29 cloudy; 30, 31 clear.

INFLUENCE OF IMAGINATION.

Many years ago a celebrated physician, author of an excellent work on the effects of imagination, wished to combine theory with practice, in order to confirm the truth of his propositions. To this end he begged the Minister of Justice to allow him to try an experiment on a criminal condemned to death. The minister consented, and delivered to him an assassin of distinguished rank. Our *savant* sought the culprit, and thus addressed him: "Sir, several persons who are interested in your family, have prevailed on the Judge not to require you to mount the scaffold, and expose yourself to the gaze of the populace; he has therefore commuted your sentence, and sanctions your being bled to death within the precincts of your prison. Your dissolution will be gradual and free from pain." The criminal submitted to his fate—thought his family would be less disgraced, and considered it a favor not to be compelled to walk to the place of public execution. He was conducted to the appointed room, where every preparation was made beforehand—his eyes were bandaged—he was strapped to a table—and at a preconcerted signal, four of his veins were gently pricked with the point of a pin. At each corner of the table was a small fountain of water, so contrived as to flow gently into basins placed to receive it. The patient believing that it was his blood he heard flowing, gradually became weak, and the conversation of the doctor in an under tone, confirmed him in his opinion. "What fine blood!" said one. "What a pity this man should be condemned to die; he would have lived a long time." "Hush!" said the other, and then approaching the first, he asked in a low voice, but so as to be heard by the criminal, "How many pounds of blood are there in the human body?" "Twenty-four. You see already ten pounds extracted. The man is now in a hopeless state." The physicians then receded by degrees, and continued to lower their voices. The stillness which reigned in the apartment, broken only by the dripping fountains, the sound of which was gradually lessened, so affected the brain of the poor patient, that, although a man of very strong constitution, he fainted and died *without having lost a drop of blood!*

ORANGE TARTLETS OR PUFFS.—Line patty pans; or roll paste, if for the latter. When baked, put in orange marmalade made with apple jelly.

(Fa.)



WET FEET.

I have only had three pair of boots for the last six years, (no shoes) and I think I shall not require any more for the next six years to come. The reason is that I treat them in the following manner; I put a pound of tallow and half a pound of rosin in a pot on the fire; when melted and mixed, I warm the boots and apply the hot stuff with a painter's brush until neither the sole nor the upper leather will suck in any more. If it is desired that the boots should immediately take a polish, dissolve an ounce of wax in spirits of turpentine, to which add a teaspoonful of lamp black. A day after the boots have been treated with the tallow and rosin, rub over them this wax in turpentine, but not before the fire. Thus the exterior will have a coat of wax alone, and shine like a mirror. Tallow or any other grease becomes rancid, and rots the stitching as well as leather; but the rosin gives it an antiseptic quality which preserves the whole. Boots and shoes should be so large as to admit of wearing cork soles. Cork is so bad a conductor of heat that with it in the boots the feet are always warm on the coldest stone floor.

THE VERDANT GROOMSMAN.

On no occasion do people seem more prone to commit blunders, and plunge themselves into embarrassing predicaments than at weddings. The following actually occurred in a neighboring town. In the midst of a crowd of witnesses, the clergyman had just completed that important ceremony which binds in the silver bonds of wedlock, two willing hearts, and stretched forth his hands to implore the blessings of heaven on the union. At this point, the groomsman, seeing the open hands reached out, supposed it was the signal for him to surrender the wedding fee which was burning in his pocket. Accordingly, just as the clergyman closed his eyes in prayer, he felt the pressure of two sweaty half-dollars on his open palms. The good man hesitated a moment, appalled at the ludicrousness of his situation, but at last coolly deposited the money in his pocket, and proceeded with his devotions.

"Oh, mother, a bee has stung me," said a beautiful little girl, as she came running in from the garden. "Never mind, child," replied the mother, "it mistook thee for a flower."

APRIL, 4th Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month, Days, &c.	Moon South.		High Water.	Moon R. & S.		Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun. S. rises.	Sun. sets.	O. style
		h	m		h	m					
Mond.	1 Easter M.	3 33	5 45	11 14	♉	9	♄	♄ south 10, 27	4 5	4 6	16 20
Tuesd.	2 Theodosia	4 21	6 33	morn	♉	21	♄	♀ sets 6, 56	4 5	4 6	17 21
Wedn.	3 Ferdinand	5 10	7 22	12 8	♉	3	♄	♂ sets 1, 24 ☾	3 5	4 6	18 22
Thurs.	4 Ambrose	5 59	8 11	12 59	♉	15	♄	4th	3 5	4 6	20 23
Friday	5 Maximus	6 46	8 58	1 44	♉	27	♄	Moon in apogee	3 5	3 6	21 24
Saturd.	6 Egesippus	7 34	9 46	2 26	♉	9	♄	☐ Vesta ☉	2 5	3 6	22 25
14.) 1st Sunday after Easter.					John 20.		Day's length 12 hours 46 minutes.				
Sunday	7 Aaron	8 20	10 32	3 4	♉	21	♄	♃ Regul. so. 8, 56	2 5	3 6	23 26
Mond.	8 Dionicius	9 6	11 18	3 39	♉	3	♄	Wega ris. 8, 38	2 5	3 6	25 27
Tuesd.	9 Prochorus	9 52	12 4	4 12	♉	15	♄	Castor south 6, 14	2 5	3 6	26 28
Wedn.	10 Daniel	10 38	12 46	4 44	♉	28	♄	♂ ♀ ☽	1 5	3 6	27 29
Thurs.	11 Julius	11 26	1 28	5 15	♉	11	♄	♂ ☽ ♀ ☽	1 5	3 6	28 30
Friday	12 Eustachius	12 15	2 10	sets	♉	24	♄	12th ♂ ☽ ☽	1 5	3 6	29 31
Saturd.	13 Justinus	1 4	2 52	7 55	♉	8	♄	♀ sets 7, 23	1 5	2 6	31
15.) 2d Sunday after Easter.					John 10.		Day's length 13 hours 4 minutes.				
Sunday	14 Tyburtius	1 57	3 45	9 3	♉	22	♄	♄ south 9, 32	faster 1 5	2 6	32 32
Mond.	15 Olympia	2 53	4 41	10 10	♉	6	♄	♂ sets 1, 0	1 5	2 6	33 3
Tuesd.	16 Calixtus	3 50	5 38	11 15	♉	20	♄	7*s sets 9, 31	1 5	2 6	35 4
Wedn.	17 Rudolph	4 49	6 37	morn	♉	4	♄	♂ ♀ ☉ superior ☾	0 5	2 6	36 5
Thurs.	18 Aeneas	5 47	7 35	12 16	♉	19	♄	☾ in perigee	1 5	2 6	37 6
Friday	19 Anicetas	6 45	8 33	1 10	♉	3	♄	19th ♀ s. 7, 37	1 5	2 6	38 7
Saturd.	20 Sulpitius	7 40	9 28	2 0	♉	17	♄	♄ ☉ enters ♄	1 5	2 6	39 8
16.) 3d Sunday after Easter.					John 16.		Day's length 13 hours 20 minutes.				
Sunday	21 Adolarius	8 34	10 22	2 42	♉	1	♄	Regulus south 8, 4	1 5	2 6	40 9
Mond.	22 Cajus	9 26	11 14	3 21	♉	15	♄	♄ south 8, 58	2 5	3 6	42 10
Tuesd.	23 St. George	10 16	12 4	3 55	♉	29	♄	Orion sets 10, 9	2 5	3 6	43 11
Wedn.	24 Albertus	11 5	12 46	4 28	♉	13	♄	Sir. sets 9, 34	2 5	3 6	44 12
Thurs.	25 Mark, Ev.	11 53	1 21	5 0	♉	26	♄	♀ sets 7, 51	2 5	3 6	45 13
Friday	26 Cletus	morn	2 11	rises	♉	9	♄	26th	2 5	3 6	46 14
Saturd.	27 Anastasius	12 41	2 53	8 12	♉	22	♄	Rigel sets 7, 25	2 5	3 6	48 15
17.) 4th Sunday after Easter.					John 16.		Day's length 13 hours 38 minutes.				
Sunday	28 Vitalis	1 31	3 43	9 9	♉	5	♄	Spica south 10, 55	3 5	4 6	49 16
Mond.	29 Sybilla	2 19	4 31	10 5	♉	17	♄	Antar. ris. 9, 31	3 5	4 6	50 17
Tuesd.	30 Eutropius	3 8	5 20	10 58	♉	29	♄	♀ in ♄	3 5	4 6	51 18

April

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter 4th, at 10 o'clock 33 min. in the morning.
 New Moon 12th, at 7 o'clock 35 min. in the morning.
 First Quarter 19th, at 4 o'clock 56 min. in the morning.
 Full Moon 26th, at 6 o'clock 9 min. in the morning.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

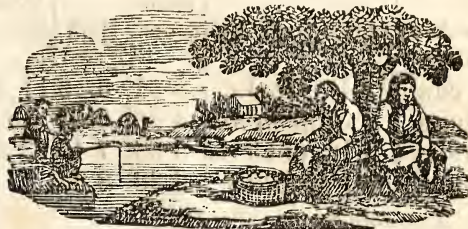
The 1st, 2d, 3d pleasant; 4, 5, 6 cloudy, rain; 7, 8, 9 pleasant; 10, 11 thunder; 12, 13 showers; 14, 15, 16 clear; 17, 18 cloudy, thunder-showers; 19, 20, 21 clear; 22, 23 warm; 24 rain; 25, 26 cloudy; 27, 28, 29 warm, pleasant; 30 cloudy.

THE SHEEP IN ITS VARIOUS FORMS.

Wise men regard with suspicious eye the assertions of those who profess to accomplish a variety of dissimilar effects by a single cause. It is customary to be jealous of the pretensions of a "Universal Restorative," "Heal all," or any other panacea warranted to cure diseases of all symptoms or all origins. And the proposal to adapt one breed of sheep to all circumstances of food, climate, and situation, making it answer all the purposes for which sheep are usually employed, seems justly to meet with similar distrust and suspicion.

From the varied habits of sheep, the widely different circumstances in which they are placed, and the opposite results which the several kinds are intended to produce, we are at once led to doubt the practicability of the scheme. We are induced still further to view the proposition as contrary to the order of nature when we consider the fact that there is scarcely any animal which appears under so many forms as the sheep. In Persia and other parts of the east it is found with a tail of twenty pounds weight; at the Cape of Good Hope, the tail is worth as much as all the rest of the carcass: there and in other parts of Africa, the sheep have clusters of horns, to the number of five or six. In Madagascar, the same horns and tails are to be seen, the ears hanging down like those of a hound.—About Aurenghabad, between Agra and Bengal, they are found without any horns at all, but so strong that being bridled and saddled, they carry children ten or twelve years of age. The (so called) sheep of Chili, somewhat resemble camels, being hair mouthed and hunch-backed, and they are used for carriage and field labor. Those of China are small, with short tails, which, however are lumps of fat. Terceñ, in his voyage to Surat, mentions sheep with bent snouts and pendent ears, with wool more coarse and stiff than goat's hair. In Africa to the north of the Cape of Good Hope, they never eat grass, only succulent plants and shrubs. In Thibet the sheep have large broad tails. In Natolia these tails are laid in carts on wheels. In Anspach, in Germany, a small sort exist, that are shorn twice a year, and also lamb every spring and autumn. In Juliers and Cleves, also, they are said to lamb twice a

(Fa.)



year, and bring two or three at a time—five have brought twenty-five lambs in a year. On the slave coast of Africa, sheep have no wool, "but," says the old Dutch traveller Bosman, "the want is supplied with hair, as that here the world seems inverted, for the sheep are hairy, and the men are woolly." This forms a sort of a mane, like that of a lion on the neck, and the same on the rump, with a bunch at the end of the tail. The Javanese sheep have tails weighing occasionally forty or fifty pounds, having a coat of red and white hair. Four-horned sheep are very numerous in several parts of Tartary, and a few have six horns with wattles under the throat.

INTUITIVE RELIGION.—A poor pious negro woman, being addressed by her teacher on the goodness of God, was asked whether she was not astonished at the mercy in giving his Son, and his condescension in giving that Son for her? She replied that she was not. Supposing that she was not sufficiently impressed with the subject, and defective in the fine feeling of gratitude, he continued to expatiate on the vastness and freedom of his love, with additional emphasis to his language and coloring to his subject, closing again with the question:

"What, are you not astonished at this?"

"No, massa!" was still the reply.

Turning upon her with a degree of impatience, he said,

"And why are you not astonished?"

"Why, massa, me no astonished, *because it be just like him!*"

A man with an enormous large mouth called on a dentist to get a tooth drawn. After the dentist had prepared his instruments and was about to commence operations, the man of mouth began to strain and stretch his mouth till he got it to a most frightful extent. "Stop, sir," said the dentist; "don't trouble yourself to stretch your mouth any wider, for I intend to stand outside of it to draw your tooth."

Two boys were going through a church-yard, one of them with a gun. They heard something in one of the trees, when the young sportsman fired, and down came a whacking big owl.

"Oh! Billy," said the other, "what have you did! You've gone and shot a cherubim!"

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter 4th, at 5 o'clock 4 min. in the morning.
 New Moon 11th, at 5 o'clock 49 min. in the evening.
 First Quarter 18th, at 10 o'clock 44 min. in the morn'g.
 Full Moon 25th, at 6 o'clock 49 min. in the evening.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, 2d pleasant; 3, 4 cloudy; 5 rain; 6, 7, 8 clear; 9 thunder; 10, 11 showers; 12, clear; 13, 14 thunder; 15, 16 clear; 17 cloudy, rainy; 18, 19, 20 clear, pleasant; 21 thunder; 22 rain; 23, 24, 25, clear; 26 changeable; 27, 28, 29 pleasant; 30, 31 changeable.

RULES IN RAISING POULTRY.

1. All young chickens, ducks, and turkeys, should be kept under cover, out of the weather during rainy seasons.

2. Twice or thrice a week, pepper, shallot, shives, or garlic, should be mixed up with their food.

3. A small lump of assafetida should be placed in the pan in which their water is given them to drink.

4. Whenever they manifest disease, by the drooping of the wings or any other outward sign of ill health, a little assafetida, broken into small lumps should be mixed with their food.

5. Chickens which are kept from the dunghill while young, seldom have the gapes; therefore it should be the object of those who have the charge of them, so to confine the hens as to preclude their young from the range of the barn or stable yards.

6. Should any of the chickens have the gapes, mix up small portions of assafetida, rhubarb, and pepper, in fresh butter, and give each chicken as much of the mixture as will lie upon one-half the bowl of a small tea spoon.

7. For the *pip* the following treatment is judicious:—take off the indurated covering on the point of the tongue, and give twice a day for two or three days, a piece of garlic the size of a pea. If garlic cannot be obtained, onion, shallot or shives will answer, and if neither of these be convenient, two grains of black pepper, to be given in fresh butter, will answer.

8. For the *snuffles*, the same remedy as for the gapes will be found highly curative—but in addition to them, it will be necessary to melt a little assafetida in fresh butter, and rub the chicken about the nostrils, taking care to clean them out.

9. Grown up ducks are sometimes taken off rapidly by convulsions. In such cases, four drops of rhubarb and four grains of cayenne pepper, mixed in fresh butter, should be administered. Last year we lost several by this disease, and this year the same symptoms manifested themselves among them, but we arrested the malady without losing a single duck, by a dose of the above medicine to such as were ill. One of the ducks was at the time paralysed, but was saved.

(Fa.)



A STORY FOR THE LADIES.—When I was a little boy, I remember one cold winter's day I was accosted by a smiling man with an axe on his shoulder: "My little man," said he, "has your father a grindstone?" "Yes, sir," said I. "You're a fine little fellow—will you let me grind my axe upon it?" said he. Pleased with his compliment of 'fine little fellow,' "O yes, sir, it's down in the shop," I answered. "And will you, my man," said he, tapping me on the head, "get a little hot water?" "How could I refuse! I ran and soon brought a kettle full. "How old are you—what is your name?" continued he, without waiting for a reply, "I am sure you are one of the finest lads that ever I have seen; will you just turn a few minutes?" Ticked with this flattery, like a little fool, I went to work, and bitterly did I rue the day. It was a new axe, and I toiled and tugged till I was almost tired to death. The school bell rang, and I could not get away; my hands were blistered, and it was not half ground. At length, however, the axe was sharpened, and the man turned to me with "Now, you little rascal, you have played the truant; scud to school, or you'll rue it." Alas! thought I, it was hard enough to turn the grindstone this cold day; now to be called "a little rascal" was too much. It sunk deep into my mind, and I have often thought of it since.

When I have seen a man of doubtful character patting a pretty girl on the cheek, praising her sparkling eye and ruby lips, and giving her a sly squeeze—beware, my girl, thinks I, or you will find, to your sorrow, that you have been turning the grindstone for a villain.

A Home Thrust at the extracted nuisance of street smoking:—

I knew by the smoke that so lazily curled
 From his lips 'twas a loafer I happened to meet,
 And I said, "If a nuisance there be in the world,
 'Tis smoking segars in a frequented street;"
 'Twas night, and the ladies were gliding around,
 And in many an eye shone the glistening tear,
 But the loafer puffed on, and I heard not a sound,
 Save the short hacking cough of each smoke-smitten dear.

JUNE, 6th Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month Days, &c.	Moon South.		High Water.	Moon R. & S.		Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun Fast.	Sun rises.		Sun sets.		O style
		h	m		h	m				h	m	h	m	
Saturd.	1 Nicodemus	4 59	7 11	morn	♌ 25	♀ sets 9, 8			3 4	40 7	20 20	20		
22.) 1st Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 16.			Day's length 14 hours 40 minutes.									
Sunday	2 Marcellus	5 44	7 56	12 16	♌ 7	♌ 2d ♃ s. 12, 44			2 4	40 7	20 21	21		
Mond.	3 Erasmus	6 28	8 40	12 47	♌ 19	♌ ♂ sets 11, 16			2 4	39 7	21 22	22		
Tuesd.	4 Darius	7 12	9 24	1 17	♌ 1	♌ □ ♃ ☉			2 4	39 7	21 23	23		
Wedn.	5 Bonifacius	7 57	10 9	1 46	♌ 14	♌ † ris. 1, 56			2 4	39 7	21 24	24		
Thurs.	6 Artenius	8 44	10 56	2 17	♌ 27	♌ ♂ ☽ ♀ sets 9, 14			2 4	38 7	22 25	25		
Friday	7 Lucretia	9 34	11 46	2 50	♌ 11	♌ Antares south 9, 8			2 4	38 7	22 26	26		
Saturd.	8 Medardus	10 27	12 39	3 28	♌ 25	♌ Spica south 8, 12			1 4	37 7	23 27	27		
23.) 2d Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 14.			Day's length 14 hours 40 minutes.									
Sunday	9 Barnimus	11 24	1 31	4 10	♌ 10	♌ ♂ ♀ ☉ inferior			1 4	37 7	23 28	28		
Mond.	10 Flavius	12 25	2 23	sets	♌ 25	♌ 10th			1 4	37 7	23 29	29		
Tuesd.	11 Barnabas	1 27	3 15	8 45	♌ 10	♌ ☽ in per. ♂ ☽ ♀ ☾			1 4	36 7	24 30	30		
Wedn.	12 Basilides	2 29	4 17	9 52	♌ 25	♌ Polux sets 10, 3			1 4	36 7	24 31	31		
Thurs.	13 Tobias	3 30	5 18	10 43	♌ 9	♌ ♀ sets 9, 21			4 3	6 7	24 24	24	June	
Friday	14 Heliseus	4 25	6 13	11 24	♌ 24	♌ ♂ ☽ ♂			4 3	5 7	25 25	25		
Saturd.	15 Vitus	5 19	7 7	morn	♌ 8	♌ ♃ sets 11, 55			4 3	5 7	25 3	3		
24.) 3d Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 15.			Day's length 14 hours 50 minutes.									
Sunday	16 Rolandus	6 10	7 58	12 1	♌ 22	♌ 16th ♀ s. 9, 23			0 4	35 7	25 4	4		
Mond.	17 Nicander	6 57	8 45	12 36	♌ 6	♌ † ris. 1, 12			0 4	35 7	25 5	5		
Tuesd.	18 Arnolphus	7 45	9 33	1 5	♌ 19	♌ Regulus s. 10, 57			1 4	35 7	25 6	6		
Wedn.	19 Gervasius	8 30	10 18	1 36	♌ 2	♌ Antar. south 10, 29			1 4	35 7	25 7	7		
Thurs.	20 Sylverius	9 17	11 5	2 7	♌ 15	♌ Spica south 7, 22			1 4	35 7	25 8	8		
Friday	21 Raphael	10 4	11 52	2 40	♌ 28	♌ ☉ ent. ☽ long. day			1 4	34 7	26 9	9		
Saturd.	22 Achatius	10 52	12 40	3 16	♌ 10	♌ Sum'r commences.			1 4	35 7	25 10	10		
25.) 4th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 6.			Day's length 14 hours 50 minutes.									
Sunday	23 Agrippina	11 41	1 21	3 57	♌ 22	♌ ♀ sets 9, 25			2 4	35 7	25 11	11		
Mond.	24 John, Bapt.	morn	2 1	rises	♌ 4	♌ 24th			2 4	35 7	25 12	12		
Tuesd.	25 Elogius	12 29	2 41	8 18	♌ 16	♌ Arctur south, 7, 53			2 4	35 7	25 13	13		
Wedn.	26 Jeremiah	1 17	3 29	9 0	♌ 28	♌ ☽ in apo. † r. 12, 37			2 4	35 7	25 14	14		
Thurs.	27 7 Sleepers	2 4	4 16	9 38	♌ 10	♌ ☽ ♂ sets 10, 19			3 4	35 7	25 15	15		
Friday	28 Leo	2 50	5 2	10 12	♌ 21	♌ ♃ sets 11, 5			3 4	35 7	25 16	16		
Saturd.	29 St. Peter	3 35	5 47	10 43	♌ 3	♌ Regulus sets 10, 12			3 4	36 7	24 17	17		
26.) 5th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 5.			Day's length 14 hours 48 minutes.									
Sunday	30 Lucina	4 19	6 31	11 13	♌ 15	♌ Polux sets 8, 49			3 4	36 7	24 18	18		

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter 2d, at 10 o'clock 35 min. in the evening.
 New Moon 10th, at 2 o'clock 8 min. in the morning.
 First Quarter 16th, at 5 o'clock 11 min. in the after'n.
 Full Moon 24th, at 8 o'clock 59 min. in the morning.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, cloudy; 2, 3, 4 clear; 5 thunder; 6, 7, 8 showers; 9, 10 pleasant; 11 thunder; 12, 13 pleasant; 14 cloudy; 15, 16 clear; 17, 18 thunder; 19, 20, 21 clear; 22, 23 changeable; 24, 25 clear; 26 to 29 clear, pleasant; 30 cloudy.

CHILDREN.

BY MRS. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

"A little child shall lead them."

One cold market morning I looked into a milliner's shop, and there I saw a hale, hearty, well-browned young fellow from the country, with his long cart-whip, and a lion shag-coat, holding up some little matter, and turning it about in his great fist. And what do you suppose it was? A baby's bonnet! A little, soft, blue, satin hood, with a swan's-down border, white as the new-fallen snow, with a frill of rich bronze around the edge.

By his side stood a very pretty woman, holding with no small share of pride, the baby—for evidently it was a baby. Any one could read that fact in every glance as they looked at each other, and at the little hood, and then at the large, blue, unconscious eyes, and fat, dimpled cheeks of the little one. It was evident that neither of them had ever seen a baby like that before.

"But really, Mary," said the young man, "is not three dollars very high?"

Mary very prudently said nothing, but taking the hood, tied it on the little head, and held up the baby. The man looked, and grinned, and without another word, down went the three dollars, (all that the last week's butter came to,) and, as they walked out of the shop, it is hard to say which looked the most delighted with the bargain.

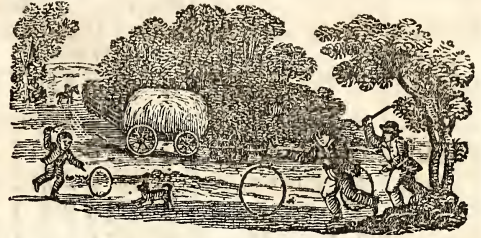
"Ah," thought I, "A little child shall lead them!"

Another day, as I passed a carriage-factory, I saw a young mechanic at work on a wheel. The rough body of a carriage stood beside him—and there, wrapped up snugly, all hooded and cloaked, sat a dark-eyed girl, about a year old, playing with a great shaggy dog. As I stopped, the man looked up from his work, and turned admiringly towards his little companion, as much as to say, "See what I have got here!"

"Yes," thought I, "and if the little lady ever gets a glance from admiring swains, as sincere as that, she will be lucky."

Ah, these little children!—little witches!—pretty even in all their thoughts and absurdities!—winning, even in their sins and iniquities! See, for example,

(Fa.)



your little fellow in a naughty fit; he has shaken his long curls over his deep blue eyes—the fair brow is bent in a frown—the rose-leaf lip is pushed up in infinite defiance—and the white shoulders thrust naughtily forward. Can any but a child look so pretty even in their naughtiness?

Then come the instant change—flashing smiles and tears—as the good comes back all in a rush, and you are overwhelmed with protestations, promises and kisses. They are irresistible too, these little ones. They pull away the scholar's pen—tumble about his papers—make somersets over his books, and what can you do? They tear up newspapers, litter the carpets, break, pull and upset, and then jabber unintelligible English in self-defence—and what can you do for yourself?

"If I had a child," says the precise man, "you should see!"

He *does* have a child—and his child tears up his papers, tumbles over his things, and pulls his nose, like all other children—and what has the precise man to say for himself? Nothing! He is like everybody else—"a little child shall lead *him*!"

Poor little children, they bring and teach us human beings more good than they get in return. How often does the infant, with its soft cheek and helpless hand, awaken a mother from worldliness and egotism to a whole world of a new and higher feeling. How often does the mother repay this, by doing her best to wipe off, even before the time, the dew and fresh simplicity of childhood, and make her daughter too soon a woman of the world, as she has been.

The hardened heart of the worldly man is touched by the guiltless tones and simple caresses of his son, but he repays it in time, by imparting to his boy all the crooked tricks and hard ways, and callous maxims, which have undone himself.

Go to the jail—the penitentiary, and find there the wretch most sullen, brutal, and hardened. Then look at your infant son.

Such as he is to you, such to some mother was this man. That hard hand was soft and delicate—that rough voice was tender and lisping; fond eyes followed as he played, and he was rocked and cradled as something holy. There was a time when his heart,

JULY, 7th Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month, Days, &c.	Moon South.		High Water.	Moon R. & S.		Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun. Slow. m	Sun rises.		Sun sets		O. style
		h	m		h	m				h	m	h	m	
Mond.	1 Theobald	5	2	7 14	11 43	♋	27 ♀ sets 9, 23		3 4	36 7	24 19			
Tuesd.	2 <i>Visit V. M.</i>	5	46	7 58	morn	♋	10 ♀ sets 9, 23		4 4	36 7	24 20			
Wedn.	3 Cornelius	6	31	8 43	12 12	♋	23 ♀ sets 9, 23		4 4	37 7	23 21			
Thurs.	4 INDEPEND.	7	18	9 30	12 43	♋	6 ♀'s gr. elong. west		4 4	37 7	23 22			
Friday	5 Demetrius	8	8	10 20	1 16	♋	19 ♀ ris. 12, 4		4 4	37 7	23 23			
Saturd.	6 <i>John Huss</i>	9	3	11 15	1 55	♋	3 <i>Regul.</i> sets 9, 42		4 4	38 7	22 24			
27.) 6th Sunday after Trinity.		Trinity.			Matt. 5.		Day's length 14 hours 44 minutes.							
Sunday	7 Edelburga	10	1	12 13	2 41	♋	18 ♀ sets 9, 54		4 4	38 7	22 25			
Mond.	8 Aquilla	11	1	1 7	3 34	♋	3 ♀ sets 9, 34		5 4	39 7	21 26			
Tuesd.	9 Zeno	12	4	2 1	sets	♋	18 ♀ sets 9, 34		5 4	39 7	21 27			
Wedn.	10 <i>J. Calvin b.</i>	1	7	2 35	8 25	♋	3 Dog days begin		5 4	40 7	20 28			
Thurs.	11 Pius	2	8	3 56	9 14	♋	18 ♀ sets 9, 34		5 4	40 7	20 29			
Friday	12 Henry	3	5	4 53	9 54	♋	3 ♀ sets 9, 34		5 4	41 7	19 30			
Saturd.	13 <i>Margaret</i>	3	59	5 47	10 32	♋	18 ♀ sets 9, 34		5 4	41 7	19 30			
28.) 7th Sunday after Trinity.		Trinity.			Mark 8.		Day's length 14 hours 36 minutes.							
Sunday	14 Bonavent	4	49	6 37	11 4	♋	2 ♀ sets 9, 15		5 4	42 7	18 2			
Mond.	15 <i>Swithin</i>	5	37	7 25	11 36	♋	16 ♀ sets 9, 34		6 4	43 7	17 3			
Tuesd.	16 Hilary	6	24	8 12	morn	♋	29 ♀ sets 9, 34		6 4	43 7	17 4			
Wedn.	17 Alexius	7	21	9 9	12 6	♋	12 <i>Spica</i> sets 10, 56		6 4	44 7	16 5			
Thurs.	18 Maternus	7	58	9 46	12 49	♋	25 ♀ in ♍		6 4	45 7	15 6			
Friday	19 Ruffina	8	46	10 34	1 14	♋	7 <i>Rigel</i> ris. 3, 42		6 4	46 7	14 7			
Saturd.	20 Elijah	9	34	11 22	1 53	♋	19 ♀ ris. 11, 6		6 4	46 7	14 8			
29.) 8th Sunday after Trinity.		Trinity.			Matt. 7.		Day's length 14 hours 26 minutes.							
Sunday	21 Praxedes	10	22	12 10	2 35	♋	1 <i>Antar.</i> so. 8, 18		6 4	47 7	13 9			
Mond.	22 <i>Mary Mag.</i>	11	10	12 52	3 21	♋	13 <i>Altair</i> south 11, 38		6 4	48 7	12 10			
Tuesd.	23 Apollinar.	11	58	1 34	4 9	♋	25 ♀ enters ♋		6 4	49 7	11 11			
Wedn.	24 Christiana	morn		2 16	rises	♋	7 ♀ enters ♋		6 4	50 7	10 12			
Thurs	25 <i>St. James</i>	12	45	2 57	8 12	♋	19 ♀ enters ♋		6 4	50 7	10 13			
Friday	26 <i>St. Anne</i>	1	30	3 42	8 44	♋	1 ♀ sets 9, 2		6 4	51 7	9 14			
Saturd.	27 Martha	2	14	4 26	9 15	♋	13 ♀ sets 9, 25		6 4	52 7	8 15			
30.) 9th Sunday after Trinity.		Trinity.			Luke 16.		Day's length 14 hours 14 minutes.							
Sunday	28 Pantaleon	2	58	5 10	9 44	♋	25 <i>Regul.</i> sets 8, 14		6 4	53 7	7 16			
Mond.	29 Beatrix	3	42	5 54	10 13	♋	7 <i>Rigel</i> ris. 3, 1		6 4	54 7	6 17			
Tuesd.	30 Upton	4	25	6 37	10 43	♋	19 ♀ enters ♋		6 4	55 7	5 18			
Wedn.	31 Germanus	5	11	7 23	11 14	♋	2 ♀ enters ♋		6 4	56 7	4 19			

MOON'S PHASES.

Last Quarter 2d, at 12 o'clock, 46 min. in the after'n.
 New Moon 9th, at 9 o'clock 16 min. in the morning.
 First Quarter 16th, at 1 o'clock 30 min. in the morn'g.
 Full Moon 24th, at 12 o'clock 12 min. in the morning.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, 2d thunder; 3, 4 showers; 5, 6, 7 clear; 8 cloudy; 9, 10 thunder-gust; 11 pleasant; 12 showers; 13, 14, 15 pleasant; 16 to 19 clear, pleasant; 20, 21, 22 changeable; 23, 24 pleasant; 25, 26 cloudy, rain; 27, 28 clear; 29, 30 cloudy with thunder; 31 changeable.

soft and unworn, might have opened to questionings of his Maker, and been sealed with the seal of heaven. But harsh hands seized it—and all is over with him forever.

So of the tender weeping child—he is made the callous, heartless man; of the all-believing child, the sneering sceptic; of the beautiful and modest—the shameless and abandoned; and this is what the world does for the little one.

There was a time when the Divine One stood upon the earth, and little children sought to draw near to him. But harsh human beings stood between him and them, forbidding their approach. Ah, has it not always been so? Do not even we, with our hard and unsubdued feelings—our worldly and unscriptural habits and maxims—stand like a dark screen between our child and its Saviour, and keep even from the choice bud of our hearts, the radiance which might unfold it for paradise? “Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not,” is still the voice of the Son of God—but the cold world still closes round and forbids. When of old the disciples would question their Lord of the higher mysteries of his kingdom, he took a little child, and set him in the midst, as a sign of him who would be greatest in the kingdom of heaven. That gentle teacher still remains to us. By every hearth and fireside, Jesus still sets the little child in the midst of us!

Wouldst thou know, O parent, what is that faith which unlocks heaven? Go not to wrangling polemics, or creeds and forms of theology; but draw to thy bosom thy little one, and read in that clear and trusting eye, the lesson of eternal life. Be only to thy God as thy child is to thee, and all is done. Blessed shalt thou be indeed—“a little child shall lead thee.”

“It aint that I'm so much a-fear'd o' dyin'; but I don't much like the idea of meetin' my wife.”

“Make yourself easy on that score, my friend, your wife was an excellent woman.”

“Oh—ah—I see—I'm glad on't; I was only a thinkin' that—maybe—she might know the truth of some o' the stories I used to choke her with—that's all.”

(Fa.)



A GOOD SHOT.

“It is now,” said Von Wyk, “more than two years since, in the very place where I stand, I ventured to take one of the most daring shots that ever was hazarded. My wife was sitting within the house near the door, the children were playing about her, and I was without, busied in doing something to a wagon, when suddenly, though it was mid-day, an enormous lion appeared, came up, and laid himself quietly down in the shade, upon the very threshold of the door! My wife, either frozen with fear, or aware of the danger attending any attempt to fly, remained motionless in her place, while the children took refuge in her lap. The cry they uttered attracted my attention, and I hastened towards the door; but my astonishment may well be conceived, when I found the entrance to it barred in such a way. Although the animal had not seen me, unarmed as I was, escape seemed impossible; yet I glided gently, scarcely knowing what I meant to do, to the side of the house, up to the window of my chamber, where I had set my rifle in the corner close by the window, so that I could reach it with my hand; for the opening was too small to admit of my having got in; and still more fortunately, the door of the room was open, so that I could see the whole danger of the scene. The lion was beginning to move, perhaps with the intention of making a spring. There was no longer any time to think; I called softly to the mother not to be alarmed and, invoking the name of the Lord, fired my piece. The ball passed directly over the hair of my boy's head, and lodged in the forehead of the lion, immediately above his eyes, which shot forth, as it were, sparks of fire, and stretched him out on the ground, so that he never stirred!”

By Gum.—The New Haven boat leaves New York at an early hour, and the passengers generally come at the last minute, in a desperate hurry. One day last week, a lady and her husband stepped on board just as they were drawing in the plank, but just then she remembered that she had forgotten something, and screamed out—

“Goodness, George, I must go back to the Astor House; I have left my teeth in the wash-bowl!”

Punch says the best season for gold digging is—when you are in the vein.

AUGUST, 8th Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month, Days, &c.	Moon South.		High Water.	Moon R. & S.		Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun. Slow.	Sun rises.		Sun sets		O. style
		h	m		h	m				h	m	h	m	
31.) 10th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 19.			Day's length 14 hours 0 minutes.									
Thurs.	1 <i>Lammas d.</i>	5 57	8 9	11 51	♉	15	♁	1st ♀ sets 8, 54		6 4	5 7	7 3	20	
Friday	2 Stephen	6 49	9 1	morn	♉	28	♁	♃ sets 9, 3		6 4	5 8	7 2	21	
Saturd.	3 Augustus	7 44	9 56	12 32	♉	12	♁	♃ stationary		6 4	5 9	7 1	22	
32.) 11th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 18.			Day's length 13 hours 46 minutes.									
Sunday	4 Dominick	8 41	10 53	1 18	♉	27	♁	♂ sets 8, 45	☾	6 5	0 7	0 23		
Mond.	5 Oswald	9 42	11 54	2 14	♉	12	♁	♃ ris. 10, 4		6 5	1 6	5 24		
Tuesd.	6 <i>An. of Ch.</i>	10 45	12 57	3 18	♉	27	♁	♂ ♀ ♃		6 5	2 6	5 25		
Wedn.	7 Godfrey	11 47	1 46	sets	♉	12	♁	♁ ♁ in per. ec. inv.		5 5	3 6	5 26		
Thurs.	8 Emily	12 47	2 35	7 45	♉	27	♁	♁ 7th per. ♀		5 5	4 6	5 27		
Friday	9 Ericus	1 45	3 33	8 33	♉	12	♁	<i>Altair</i> sou. 10, 17		5 5	5 6	5 28		
Saturd.	10 <i>St. Lawr.</i>	2 39	4 27	8 52	♉	26	♁	♂ ♁ ♂ ♃ ♀		5 5	6 6	5 29		
33.) 12th Sunday after Trinity.		Mark 7.			Day's length 13 hours 30 minutes.									
Sunday	11 Titus	3 30	5 18	9 36	♉	11	♁	<i>Spica</i> sets 9, 18		5 5	7 6	5 30		
Mond.	12 Clara	4 19	6 7	10 7	♉	25	♁	♀ sets 8, 37		5 5	8 6	5 31		
Tuesd.	13 Hildebert	5 8	6 56	10 41	♉	8	♁	♃ sets 8, 24		5 5	9 6	5 1		
Wedn.	14 Eusebia	5 55	7 43	11 14	♉	21	♁	♁ 14th ♂ ♂ ♃		4 5	10 6	5 0		
Thurs.	15 <i>Ass'n V. M.</i>	6 44	8 32	11 54	♉	4	♁	♁ sets 8, 17		4 5	12 6	4 8	3	
Friday	16 Rochus	7 32	9 20	morn	♉	16	♁	♃ ris. 9, 21		4 5	13 6	4 7	4	
Saturd.	17 Bertram	8 21	10 9	12 35	♉	28	♁	<i>Wega</i> so. 8, 46	☾	4 5	14 6	4 6	5	
34.) 13th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 10.			Day's length 13 hours 14 minutes.									
Sunday	18 Agapetus	9 9	10 57	1 20	♉	10	♁	Dog days end		4 5	15 6	4 5	6	
Mond.	19 Sebaldu	9 57	11 45	2 8	♉	22	♁	♀ in ♃		3 5	16 6	4 4	7	
Tuesd.	20 Bernard	10 45	12 33	3 0	♉	4	♁	♁ in apo. ♂ s. 8, 4		3 5	17 6	4 3	8	
Wedn.	21 Rebecca	11 31	1 2	3 56	♉	16	♁	♃ <i>Sirius</i> ris. 3, 36		3 5	18 6	4 2	9	
Thurs.	22 Philibert	morn	1 40	rises	♉	28	♁	♁ 22d		3 5	20 6	4 0	10	
Friday	23 Zaccheus	12 16	2 28	7 22	♉	10	♁	♁ enters ♁		2 5	21 6	3 9	11	
Saturd.	24 <i>St. Barth.</i>	1 1	3 13	7 51	♉	22	♁	<i>Orion</i> ris. 1, 10		2 5	22 6	3 8	12	
35.) 13th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 10.			Day's length 13 hours 14 minutes.									
Sunday	25 Ludovicus	1 44	3 56	8 20	♉	4	♁	<i>Wega</i> south 8, 16		2 5	23 6	3 7	13	
Mond.	26 Samuel	2 28	4 40	8 51	♉	16	♁	♂ ♁ ♃		2 5	25 6	3 5	14	
Tuesd.	27 Gephard	3 14	5 26	9 21	♉	29	♁	♀ sets 8, 15		1 5	26 6	3 4	15	
Wedn.	28 <i>St. Augus.</i>	4 0	6 12	9 55	♉	12	♁	♂ ♀ ♃		1 5	27 6	3 3	16	
Thurs	29 <i>Ino's decol.</i>	4 49	7 1	10 31	♉	25	♁	♁ Ant. s. 10, 12		1 5	28 6	3 2	17	
Friday	30 Benjamin	5 39	7 51	11 14	♉	8	♁	♁ 30th		1 5	29 6	3 1	18	
Saturd.	31 Paulina	6 34	8 46	morn	♉	22	♁	<i>Spica</i> sets 8, 4		0 5	31 6	2 9	19	

MOON'S PHASES.

- Last Quarter, the 1st, at 12 o'clock 5 minutes in the morning.
- New Moon, the 7th, at 4 o'clock 23 minutes in the afternoon.
- First Quarter, the 14th, at 12 o'clock 35 minutes in the afternoon.
- Full Moon, the 22d, at 4 o'clock 0 minutes in the afternoon.
- Last Quarter, the 30th, at 9 o'clock 6 minutes in the morning.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, 2, 3 clear, pleasant; 4, 5 changeable; 6, 7 pleasant; 8, 9, 10 cloudy, rain; 11 thunder; 12, 13 cloudy; 14, 15, 16 clear; 17, 18, 19 mostly clear; 20 cloudy; 21, 22, 23 clear, dry; 24, 25 thunder; 26, 27 cloudy, rainy; 28 to 31, clear, pleasant.

OUR WONDROUS ATMOSPHERE.

The atmosphere rises above us with its cathedral dome, arching towards the heaven, of which it is the most familiar synonyme and symbol. It floats around us like that grand object which the apostle John saw in his vision, 'a sea of glass like unto crystal.' So massive is it, that when it begins to stir, it tosses about ships like playthings, and sweeps cities and forests like snow-flakes to destruction before it.—And yet it is so mobile, that we have lived years in it before we can be persuaded that it exists at all, and the great bulk of mankind never realize the truth that they are bathed in an ocean of air. Its weight is so enormous, that iron shivers before it like glass; yet a soap-ball sails through it with impunity, and the tiniest insect waves it aside with its wings. It ministers lavishly to all the senses. We touch it and it touches us. Its warm south winds bring back color to the pale face of the invalid; its cool west winds refresh the fevered brow, and make the blood mantle in our cheeks; even its north blasts brace into new vigor the hardened children of our rugged climate. The eye is indebted to it for all the magnificence of sunrise, the full brightness of mid-day, and the clouds that cradle near the setting sun.—But for it the rainbow would want its triumphal arch, and the winds would not send their fleecy messengers on errands around the heavens. The cold ether would not shed snow-feathers on the earth, nor would drops of dew gather on the flowers. The kindly rain would never fall, nor hail-storm nor fog diversify the face of the sky. Our naked globe would turn its tanned and unshadowed forehead to the sun, and one dreary monotonous blaze of light and heat dazzle and burn up all things. Were there no atmosphere, the evening sun would in a moment set, and without warning plunge the earth in darkness. But the air keeps in her hand a sheath of his rays, and lets them slip but slowly through her fingers;



so that the shadows of evening are gathered by degrees, and the flowers have time to bow their heads, and each creature has space to find a place of rest, and to nestle to repose.—In the morning the garnished sun would at one bound burst from the bosom of night, and blaze above the horizon; but the air watches for his coming, and sends at first but one little ray to announce his approach, and then another, and by and by a handful, and so gently draws aside the curtain of night, and slowly lets the light fall on the face of the sleeping earth, till her eyelids open, and like man, she goeth forth again to her labor till the evening.—*Q. Rev.*

The Cocoa-tree of the South-sea Islands.

The blessings this tree confers upon the inhabitants are incalculable. Year after year the Islander reposes beneath its shade, both eating and drinking of its fruits; he hatches his hut with its boughs, and weaves them into baskets to carry his food; he cools himself with a fan platted from the young leaflets, and shields his head from the sun by a bonnet of the leaves; sometimes he clothes himself with the cloth-like substance which wraps around the base of the stalks, whose elastic rods, strung with filberts, are used as a taper; the larger nuts, thinned and polished, furnish him with a beautiful goblet; the smaller ones, with bowls for his pipes; the dry husks kindle his fires; their fibres are twisted into fishing-lines and cords for his canoes; he heals his wounds with a balsam compounded from the juice of the nut; and with an oil extracted from its meat, embalms the bodies of the dead.

The noble trunk itself is far from being valueless. Sawn into posts, it upholds the islander's dwelling; converted into charcoal, it cooks his food; and supported on blocks of stone, rails in his lands. He impels his canoes through the water with a paddle of the wood, and goes to battle with clubs and spears of the same hard material.

TO PREPARE CHANBERRIES FOR TARTS.—Simmer them in moist sugar, without breaking, twenty minutes; and let them become cold before used. A pint will require nearly three ounces of sugar. The Russian and American sorts are larger and better flavored than the English.—The juice, when expressed from the baked fruit, and sweetened, makes a fine drink in fevers. Stewed with sugar they are excellent with bread.

SEPTEMBER, 9th Month.

Weeks Days.	Month Days, &c.	Moon		Moon R. & S.	Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun Rise.	Sun sets.	Sun sets.	O. style
		South. h m	High Water. h m							
35) 14th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 17.			Day's length 12 hours 56 minutes.					
Sunday	1 Egidius	7 33	9 45	12 6	♋ 6	♀ sets 8, 7 ☾	0 5	32 6	28 20	
Mond.	2 Eliza	8 34	10 46	1 6	♋ 20	♂ sets 7, 16	0 5	33 6	27 21	
Tuesd.	3 Mansuetus	9 34	11 46	2 10	♋ 6	♂ ♂ sets 7, 30	1 5	35 6	25 22	
Wedn.	4 Moses	10 35	12 47	3 21	♋ 20	Moon in perigee	1 5	36 6	24 23	
Thurs.	5 Nathaniel	11 34	1 33	4 35	♋ 6	☾ ris. 8, 0	1 5	37 6	23 24	
Friday	6 Magnus	12 31	2 19	SETS	♋ 20	☾ 6th 7* r. 9, 13	2 5	39 6	21 25	
Saturd.	7 Regina	1 24	3 12	7 37	♋ 5	♂ ♀ ♂	2 5	40 6	20 26	
36.) 15th Sunday after Trinity.		Matt. 6.			Day's length 12 hours 38 minutes.					
Sunday	8 Nat. V. M.	2 14	4 2	8 9	♋ 19	Sirius ris. 2, 30	2 5	41 6	19 27	
Mond.	9 Bruno	3 6	4 54	8 46	♋ 3	♂ ♀	3 5	42 6	18 28	
Tuesd.	10 Pulcheria	3 55	5 43	9 20	♋ 16	♀ sets 7, 5	3 5	44 6	16 29	
Wedn.	11 Protus	4 44	6 32	9 57	♋ 29	Orion ris. 12, 4	3 5	45 6	15 30	
Thurs.	12 J. Wickliffe	5 34	7 22	10 39	♋ 12	☾ ♀'s gr. el. east	4 5	46 6	14 31	
Friday	13 Amatus	6 24	8 12	11 23	♋ 25	☾ 13th	4 5	48 6	12 32	
Saturd.	14 El. H. Cr'ss	7 12	9 0	MORN	♋ 7	Ant. sets 9, 14 ☾	4 5	49 6	11 33	
37.) 16th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 7.			Day's length 12 hours 20 minutes.					
Sunday	15 Nicetas	8 2	9 50	12 10	♋ 19	♀ sets, 7, 46	5 5	50 6	10 3	
Mond.	16 Euphemia	8 48	10 36	1 3	♋ 0	☾ in apo. ♂ s. 6, 58	5 5	51 6	9 4	
Tuesd.	17 Lampertus	9 35	11 23	1 54	♋ 12	♂ ♂ ☉ Vesta	5 5	53 6	7 5	
Wedn.	18 Emberday	10 21	12 9	2 51	♋ 24	♂'s Eye ris. 9, 48	6 5	54 6	6 6	
Thurs.	19 Micleta	11 6	12 48	3 49	♋ 6	Rigel ris. 11, 50	6 5	55 6	5 7	
Friday	20 Jonas	11 51	1 28	4 47	♋ 18	☾ Arc. sets 9, 31	7 5	57 6	3 8	
Saturd.	21 St. Matth.	morn	2 8	rises	♋ 1	☾ 21st	7 5	58 6	2 9	
38.) 17th Sunday after Trinity.		Luke 14.			Day's length 12 hours 2 minutes.					
Sunday	22 Maurice	12 35	2 47	7 1	♋ 13	♂ ♀ ☽	7 5	59 6	1 10	
Mond.	23 Josea	1 20	3 32	7 32	♋ 26	☉ en. ♂ d. & n. eq.	8 6	0 6	0 11	
Tuesd.	24 St. Jn. con.	2 7	4 19	8 6	♋ 9	Fall commences	8 6	2 5	58 12	
Wedn.	25 Cleophas	2 55	5 7	8 43	♋ 22	♀ sets 7, 33	8 6	3 5	57 13	
Thurs.	26 Justina	3 46	5 58	9 24	♋ 5	♂ ♀ ♂ ♂ ☉	9 6	4 5	56 14	
Friday	27 Cosmus	4 40	6 52	10 9	♋ 19	♂ sets 6, 32	9 6	6 5	54 15	
Saturd.	28 Wencesl's	5 35	7 47	11 6	♋ 2	☾ 28th ☾	9 6	7 5	53 16	
39.) 18th Sunday after Trinity.		Matt. 22.			Day's length 11 hours 44 minutes.					
Sunday	29 St. Michael	6 35	8 47	morn	♋ 16	Antares sets 8, 21	10 6	8 5	52 17	
Mond.	30 Jerome	7 36	9 45	12 6	♋ 0	Sirius ris. 1, 11	10 6	10 5	50 18	

JUPITER, the largest planet of the solar system, appears on the 26th above and with the Sun in conjunction, rises and sets with the Sun, and can at this time not be seen.

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon, the 6th, at 12 o'clock 17 minutes in the morning.
 First Quarter, the 13th, at 3 o'clock 10 minutes in the morning.
 Full Moon, the 21st, at 7 o'clock 29 minutes in the morning.
 Last Quarter, the 28th, at 4 o'clock 41 minutes in the afternoon.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, 2d clear; 3, 4 changeable; 5, 6, 7 clear; 8 rain; 9, 10, 11 clear; 12, 13, 14 clear and dry; 15, 16, 17 changeable; 18, 19, 20 clear and pleasant; 21 showers; 22, 23, 24 changeable; 25, 26, 27 clear; 28 thunder; 29, 30 clear.

SCRAPS.

A PUZZLED PROFESSOR.—In the class of which Daniel Webster was a member, there was an individual noted for his waggyery. One day, the Professor of Logic was endeavoring to substantiate that "a thing remains the same, notwithstanding a substitution in some of its parts." Our wag, who had been exercising the Yankee art of whittling, at length held up his jack-knife, inquiring:

"Supposing I should lose the blade of my knife, and should get another made and inserted in its place—would it be the same knife that it was before?"

"To be sure," replied the Professor.

"Well, then," the wag continued, "suppose I should then lose the handle, and get another, would it be the same knife still?"

"Of course!" the Professor again replied

"But if somebody should find the old blade and the old handle, and should put them together, what knife would that be?"

We never learned the Professor's reply.

Sacredness of Tears.—There is a sacredness in tears.—They are not the mark of weakness, but of power. They speak more eloquently than ten thousand tongues. They are the messengers of overwhelming grief, of deep contrition and unspeakable love.

Oh! speak not harshly of the stricken one, weeping in silence! Break not the deep solemnity by rude laughter, or intrusive footsteps. Scoff not if the stern heart of manhood is sometimes melted to tears of sympathy; they are what helps to elevate him above the brute. I love to see tears of affection. They are painful tokens, but awful pleasure! If there were none on earth to shed a tear for me, I should be loth to live; and if no one might weep over my grave, I could never die in peace.—*Dr. Johnson.*

COLD.—Accommodation notes are, it appears, sometimes given as a mere means of "raising the wind;" at least this was the case when one which was sent a few days ago to



Mr. ———, one of our best known notaries, for "notice of non-payment." Happening to know the drawer, the worthy officer called upon him in person. The former, seeing him approach his residence, met him at the door, and welcomed him in.

"I am glad to see you, Mr. ———."

"So am I you," replied the officer. "I have a note of yours sent to me for protest."

"Ah! very well; do you get anything for the job?"

"Certainly, I shall get one dollar and thirty-seven and a half cents, if you do not pay the note now."

"Indeed! Well, I'm glad that somebody gets paid for it, for, when I gave it, I did not expect anybody would ever get a cent for it, for I haven't a dollar in the world."

The notary instantly recollected an errand in the next street.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—A wag in a country bar-room, where each man was relating the wonderful tricks they had seen performed by Signor Blitz and the rest of the conjuring family, expressed his contempt for the whole tribe, declaring that he could perform any of their tricks, especially that of beating a watch in pieces and restoring it whole.

It being doubted, he demanded a trial. Several watches were at once produced for the experiment.

"There," said he, "there are the pieces."

"Yes," all exclaimed, "now let's see the watch."

He used mysterious words, shook up the fragments, and at length put down the pestle and mortar, observing,

"Well, I thought I could do it, but by George, I can't!"

FACTS USEFUL TO BE KNOWN.—Water when hot, dissolves more salt, sugar, &c., than when it is cold. Hence the utility of pouring hot salt and water over articles to prepare them for pickling; and hot syrup upon preserved fruits; for the salt or sugar that would crystallize as the liquid cooled, is taken up by the fruit &c., which by being heated also absorbs more than it could be made to do if it were put on cold.

ORANGE TARTLETS OR PUFFS.—Line patty pans; or roll paste, if for the latter. When baked, put in orange marmalade made with apple jelly.

WORTH REMEMBERING.—Incorrect learning, like counterfeit money, is worth nothing. He who climbs highest, may fall farthest.

OCTOBER, 10th Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month Days, &c.	Moon		Moon R. & S.	Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun <small>East.</small>	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	O. style
		South. h m	High Water.							
Tuesd.	1 Remigius	8 32	10 44	1 13	♉ 15	♀ sets 7, 26	10 6	11 5	49 19	
Wedn.	2 <i>Ch. Col.</i>	9 29	11 41	2 23	♉ 0	Moon in perigee	11 6	12 5	48 20	
Thurs.	3 Jairus	10 24	12 36	3 34	♉ 14	Orion ris. 10, 45	11 6	13 5	47 21	
Friday	4 Francis	11 17	1 21	4 46	♉ 28	♃ ♃	11 6	15 5	45 22	
Saturd.	5 Placidus	12 11	2 6	sets	♉ 13	♀ 5th ♃ ♃ <i>Vesta</i>	12 6	16 5	44 23	
40.) 19th Sunday after Trinity.		Matt. 9.			Day's length 11 hours 26 minutes.					
Sunday	6 Fides	1 3	2 51	6 49	♉ 27	♀ gr. elong. east.	12 6	17 5	43 24	
Mond.	7 Amelia	1 52	3 40	7 23	♉ 11	♂ sets 6, 9	12 6	19 5	41 25	
Tuesd.	8 Pelagius	2 42	4 30	7 59	♉ 25	♂ ♃ ♀ ♀ sets, 7, 19	13 6	20 5	40 26	
Wedn.	9 Dionysius	3 34	5 22	8 41	♉ 8	* rise 7, 14	13 6	21 5	39 27	
Thurs.	10 Gereon	4 24	6 12	9 24	♉ 20	♂ ♃ ☉ ♃ so. 11, 55	13 6	23 5	37 28	
Friday	11 Burkhart	5 14	7 2	10 12	♉ 3	12th ☾	13 6	24 5	36 29	
Saturd.	12 Veritas	6 3	7 51	11 2	♉ 15	Alt. so. 6, 34	13 6	25 5	35 30	
41.) 20th Sunday after Trinity.		Matt. 22.			Day's length 11 hours 6 minutes.					
Sunday	13 Coloman	6 51	8 39	11 54	♉ 27	<i>Sirius</i> ris. 12, 23	14 6	27 5	33 33	
Mond.	14 Fortuna	7 39	9 27	morn	♉ 9	♂ ♃ in apogee	14 6	28 5	32 32	
Tuesd.	15 Hedwick	8 25	10 13	12 51	♉ 20	♀ sets 7, 13	14 6	29 5	31 33	
Wedn.	16 <i>Gallus</i>	9 9	10 57	1 47	♉ 2	♃ south 11, 25	14 6	30 5	30 4	
Thurs.	17 Florentine	9 54	11 42	2 44	♉ 14	<i>Antar.</i> sets 7, 15	15 6	32 5	28 5	
Friday	18 <i>St. Luke E.</i>	10 38	12 26	3 43	♉ 26	<i>Wega</i> sets 1, 46	15 6	33 5	27 6	
Saturd.	19 Ptolomy	11 23	1 4	4 43	♉ 9	Orion ris. 9, 47	15 6	34 5	26 7	
42.) 21st Sunday after Trinity.		John 4.			Day's length 10 hours 50 minutes.					
Sunday	20 Felicianus	morn	1 42	rises	♉ 22	20th ♂ ♃ ♃ ♃	15 6	35 5	25 8	
Mond.	21 Ursula	12 9	2 21	6 11	♉ 5	♂ ♃ ☉	15 6	37 5	23 9	
Tuesd.	22 Cordula	12 58	3 10	6 48	♉ 18	<i>Aldebaran</i> r. 7, 44	15 6	38 5	22 10	
Wedn.	23 Severinus	1 49	4 1	7 27	♉ 1	☉ enters ♉	16 6	39 5	21 11	
Thurs.	24 Salome	2 42	4 54	8 11	♉ 15	♀'s gr. elong. west.	16 6	41 5	19 12	
Friday	25 Crispin	3 36	5 48	9 4	♉ 29	♀ ris. 4, 51 ☾	16 6	42 5	18 13	
Saturd.	26 Amandus	4 34	6 46	10 5	♉ 14	♀ sets 7, 3	16 6	43 5	17 14	
43.) 22d Sunday after Trinity.		Matt. 18.			Day's length 10 hours 32 minutes.					
Sunday	27 Sabina	5 34	7 46	11 9	♉ 28	27th ♂ ♀ <i>Vesta</i>	16 6	44 5	16 15	
Mond.	28 <i>Simon Jud.</i>	6 32	8 44	morn	♉ 12	♄ 7* ris. 6, 3	16 6	45 5	15 16	
Tuesd.	29 <i>H. Zwing's</i>	7 28	9 40	12 6	♉ 26	♃ in perigee	16 6	47 5	13 17	
Wedn.	30 Serapion	8 23	10 35	1 26	♉ 10	<i>Altair</i> south 5, 26	16 6	48 5	12 18	
Thurs.	31 <i>Hallow Ev.</i>	9 15	11 27	2 35	♉ 24	<i>Procyon</i> ris. 10, 51	16 6	49 5	11 19	

The planet SATURN is opposite to the sun on the 10th, is nearest to the earth, and will shine in full splendor during the night.

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon, the 5th, at 9 o'clock, 44 minutes in the morning.
 First Quarter, the 12th, at 9 o'clock 18 minutes in the evening.
 Full Moon, the 20th, at 10 o'clock 0 minutes in the evening.
 Last Quarter, the 27th, at 11 o'clock 48 minutes in the evening.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, 2, 3, 4 pleasant; 5, 6, 7 cloudy, rain; 8, 9, 10 clear; 11, 12 changeable; 13, 14, 15 cloudy; 16, 17, 18 mostly clear; 19 thunder; 20, 21, 22 cloudy, changeable; 23, 24, 25 pleasant; 26, 27 cloudy; 28, 29 rain; 30, 31 clear and pleasant.

WEATHER PROGNOSTICATOR.

A TABLE for foretelling the Weather through all the Lunations of each Year.

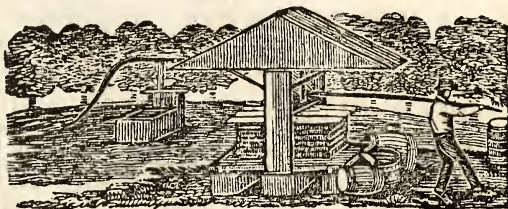
This table and the accompanying remarks are the result of many years' actual observation; the whole being constructed on a due consideration of the attraction of the Sun and Moon, in their several positions respecting the earth; and will, by simple inspection, show the observer what kind of weather will most probably follow the entrance of the Moon into any of her quarters, and that so near the truth, as to be seldom or never found to fail.

If the new moon, first quarter, full moon, or last quarter happens	IN SUMMER.	IN WINTER.
Between midnight & 2 in the morn.	Fair.	Hard frost unless the wind be s. or s. w.
Between 2 & 4 morn.	Cold, with frequent showers.	Snow and stormy.
Between 4 & 6 morn.	Rain.	Rain.
Between 6 & 8 morn.	Wind and rain.	Stormy.
Between 8 & 10 morn.	Changeable. . . .	Cold rain, if wind be west, snow, if east.
Between 10 & 12 morn.	Frequent showers.	Cold and high wind.
At 12 o'clock at noon & 2 in afternoon.	Very rainy.	Snow or rain.
Betw. 2 & 4 in afternoon.	Changeable.	Fair and mild.
Betw. 4 & 6 in afternoon.	Fair.	Fair.
Betw. 6 & 8 in afternoon.	Fair, if wind n. w. Rainy, if s. or s. w.	Fair and frosty, if wind n. or n. e. Rain or snow if s. or s. w.
Betw. 8 & 10 in afternoon.	Ditto.	Ditto.
Betw. 10 & midnight.	Fair.	Fair and frosty.

Observations.—1st. The nearer the time of the Moon's change, First Quarter, Full and Last Quarter are to Midnight, the fairer will the weather be during the seven days following.

2. The space for this calculation occupies from ten at night till two next morning.

3. The nearer to mid-day, or noon, these phases of the moon happen, the more foul or wet weather may be expected during the next seven days.



4. The space for this calculation occupies from ten in the forenoon to two in the afternoon. These observations refer principally to the summer, though they affect spring and autumn nearly in the same ratio.

5. The moon's change, first quarter, full moon and last quarter happening during six of the afternoon hours, that is, from four to ten, may be followed by fair weather; but this is mostly dependent on the wind, as it is noted in the table.

6. Though the weather, from a variety of irregular causes, is more uncertain in the latter part of autumn, the whole of winter, and the beginning of spring, yet, in the main, the above observations will apply to those periods also.

MEDICAL USES OF SALT.

In many cases of disordered stomach, a teaspoon full or salt taken three times a day, is a certain cure. In violent internal aching, termed cholice, add a tablespoon full of salt to a pint of cold water, drink it and go to bed; it is one of the speediest remedies known. The same will revive a person who seems almost dead from a heavy fall, &c. In an apoplectic fit no time should be lost in pouring salt and water down the throat, if sufficient sensibility remains to allow swallowing; if not, the head must be sponged with cold water until the senses return, when salt and water will completely restore the patient from the lethargy. In the fit, the feet should be placed in warm water, with mustard added, and the legs briskly rubbed, all bandages removed from the neck, &c. and a cool apartment procured, if possible. In many cases of severe bleeding at the lungs, when other remedies fail, Dr. Rush found two teaspoons full of salt completely stayed the flow of blood. In cases of bite from a mad dog, wash the part with strong brine for an hour, then bind on some salt with a rag. In toothache, warm salt and water held to the part, and renewed two or three times, will relieve in most cases. If the gums be affected, wash the mouth with brine; if the teeth be covered with tartar, wash them twice a day with salt and water. In swelled neck, wash the part with brine, and drink it also twice a day, until cured. Salt will expel worms if used in the food in moderate degree, and aid digestion; but salt meat is injurious if much used.

A SLIGHT PUZZLE.—An orchard contained 36 trees in six equal rows of six each. Six of the trees died, still there was an equal number in each row both ways.

SAFE SEAL.—A letter closed with the white of an egg cannot be opened by the steam of boiling water, like a common wafer, as the heat only adds to its firmness.

NOVEMBER, 11th Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month Days, &c.	Moon		Moon		Moon's place.	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun <small>East.</small>	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	O. style
		South.	High	R. & S.	h						
Friday	1 <i>All Saints</i>	10 4	12 16	3 43	8	♄ 8 ♀	sets 6, 57	♃ 2	16 6	51 5	9 20
Saturd	2 <i>All Souls</i>	10 55	12 58	4 51	22	♄ 22 ♂	♃ 2 rises 4, 5		16 6	52 5	8 21
44.)	23d Sunday after Trinity.			Matt. 22.		Day's length 10 hours 14 minutes.					
Sunday	3 Theophilus	11 45	1 40	♃ sets	6	♃ 6	♃ 3d,		16 6	53 5	7 23
Mond.	4 Charlotte	12 35	2 23	5 58	19	♃ 19	♃ ♂ ♃		16 6	54 5	6 23
Tuesd.	5 Malachi	1 25	3 13	6 36	2	♃ 2	♃ south 10, 1		16 6	55 5	5 24
Wedn.	6 Leonard	2 16	4 4	7 18	15	♃ 15	<i>Sirius ris.</i> 10, 50		16 6	56 5	4 25
Thurs.	7 Engelbert	3 7	4 55	8 4	28	♃ 28	♀ sets 6, 50	♃	16 6	57 5	3 26
Friday	8 Cecelia	3 57	5 45	8 53	11	♃ 11	<i>Regul. ris.</i> 12, 22		16 6	58 5	2 27
Saturd.	9 Theodore	4 46	6 34	9 46	23	♃ 23	<i>Orion ris.</i> 8, 25		16 6	59 5	1 28
45.)	24th Sunday after Trinity.			Matt. 9.		Day's length 10 hours 0 minutes.					
Sunday	10 <i>Mar. Luth.</i>	5 34	7 22	10 41	5	♃ 5	♀ shines brightest		16 7	0 5	0 29
Mond.	11 <i>Mar. Bish.</i>	6 20	8 8	11 37	16	♃ 16	♃ 11th, ♃ in apo.		16 7	14	59 30
Tuesd.	12 Jonas	7 5	8 53	morn	28	♃ 28	♀ sets 6, 43		16 7	24	58 31
Wedn.	13 Winebert	7 49	9 37	12 34	10	♃ 10	<i>Androm. so.</i> 9, 47		16 7	34	57
Thurs.	14 Levin	8 31	10 19	1 31	22	♃ 22	<i>Fomal south</i> 7, 31		15 7	44	56
Friday	15 Leopold	9 16	11 4	2 28	4	♃ 4	<i>Arctur ris.</i> 3, 35		15 7	54	55
Saturd.	16 Ottomarus	10 1	11 49	3 29	17	♃ 17	♃ ♂ ♃		15 7	64	54
46.)	25th Sunday after Trinity.			Matt. 24.		Day's length 9 hours 46 minutes.					
Sunday	17 Alpheus	10 48	12 36	4 31	0	♃ 0	♃ ♂ ♃		15 7	74	53
Mond.	18 Gelasius	11 38	1 18	5 33	13	♃ 13	♀ sets 6, 32		15 7	84	52
Tuesd.	19 <i>Elizabeth</i>	morn	2 0	♃ ris.	27	♃ 27	♃ 19, ♃ ris. 3 15		14 7	94	51
Wedn.	20 Amos	12 30	2 42	6 5	11	♃ 11	<i>Rigel ris.</i> 7, 53		14 7	104	50
Thurs.	21 <i>Off. V. Mar</i>	1 27	3 39	6 57	25	♃ 25	<i>Altair sets</i> 10, 26		14 7	114	49
Friday	22 Alphonsus	2 26	4 38	7 54	10	♃ 10	♃ ent. ♃		14 7	124	48
Saturd.	23 Clement	3 25	5 37	8 58	24	♃ 24	<i>Moon in perigee</i>		13 7	124	48
47.)	26th Sunday after Trinity.			Matt. 25.		Day's length 9 hours 24 minutes.					
Sunday	24 Chrisogen.	4 24	6 36	10 6	8	♃ 8	<i>Sirius ris.</i> 9, 37		13 7	134	47
Mond.	25 Catharine	5 22	7 34	11 13	22	♃ 22	7*s so. 11, 37		13 7	144	46
Tuesd.	26 Conrad	6 14	8 26	morn	6	♃ 6	♃ 26th		13 7	154	45
Wedn.	27 Jehoshaph.	7 6	9 18	12 21	20	♃ 20	♀ sets 6, 6		12 7	164	44
Thurs.	28 Guntherus	7 57	10 9	1 30	4	♃ 4	♃ ♀ ♃ superior		12 7	174	43
Friday	29 Saturn	8 46	10 58	2 37	18	♃ 18	♃ ♂ ♃		12 7	174	43
Saturd.	30 <i>St. Andrew</i>	9 33	11 45	3 42	1	♃ 1	<i>Orion ris.</i> 6, 57		11 7	184	42

The planet MARS is on the 29th in conjunction with the Sun, is above and rises and sets with the Sun, and cannot therefore this and the next month be seen.

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon, the 3d, at 9 o'clock 29 minutes in the evening.
 First Quarter, the 11th, 6 o'clock 4 minutes in the evening.
 Full Moon, the 19th, at 11 o'clock, 23 minutes in the forenoon.
 Last Quarter, the 26th, at 7 o'clock 21 minutes in the morning.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, clear; 2, 3, 4 cloudy, rain; 5 changeable; 6, 7 cloudy, rain; 8, 9, 10 changeable; 11, 12 cloudy; 13, 14 mostly clear; 15, 16 cloudy; 17, 18 changeable; 19, 20, 21 pleasant; 22 cloudy, rain; 23, 24, 25 clear and cold; 26 changeable; 27, 28, 29 pleasant, moderate; 30 cloudy.

RECIPES.

FOR PICKLING BEEF. Use seven pounds of salt—two pounds of sugar—one ounce of pearl-ash—three ounces of saltpetre, pulverized—six pods of red pepper, broken, if you have them—six gallons of soft water. Dissolve the materials in a cold state. Before laying in the meat, sprinkle salt over the bottom of the cask. After the meat is carefully packed, put the pickle over it so as to cover it, and let it remain in the pickle until it is used. In hot weather a little more salt should be used at discretion, and the *pickle renewed every four weeks.*

FOR PICKLING AND SMOKING PORK. Use fourteen pounds of salt—six ounces of saltpetre, pulverized—two ounces of pearl-ash—four pounds of sugar or one quart of molasses—twelve pods of red pepper broken up, if you have them, twelve gallons of soft water. The whole of the above is to be well mixed together in a cold state, and put on the meat as hereafter directed. The above quantity of ingredients will make pickle sufficient to cover about four hundred pounds of pork, closely packed.

Process.—Let the pork be neatly trimmed; then salt it down *very slightly*, with just enough of the preceding composition for the pickle, the water excepted, to preserve it, using more or less in the proportions specified, according to the quantity of pork. Let it remain in this condition eight or ten days. Then put on the pickle cold, having previously drawn off through a tap in the vessel above the lower hoop, the bloody pickle extracted by the first preparation. All the pork should be covered by the pickle. If the weather be warm, the pickle should be put on in three days after the pork is salted down.

For light swine, the pork should remain in the pickle four weeks, for middle-sized five weeks, and for large size six weeks. At the end of this time, take the pork out of the pickle, dip each piece into clean cold water, and hang it away in an airy smoke-house, the hams with the hocks downwards. Let it dry one or two days before applying smoke. The



smoke should be made with *green* hickory or maple, or other hard wood, cut into chips. No *dry* wood should be used.—Throw into your chips some pods of red pepper if you have them, daily. Smoke should be made only once in 24 hours. If you have no garden pepper-pods to throw into the fire, use Cayenne at the rate of one bottle to 1000 pounds of pork, commencing with it at the beginning. The smoke should be continued from three to four weeks.

WORTH TRYING.—An almost instantaneous cure for Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, and all ailments of that class, will be found, by taking a large tablespoon full of common table salt, and two teaspoons full of vinegar. Put it into a half pint of hot water, and drink it as warm as possible. Although unpleasant to drink, you will find relief as soon as the nau-sousness of the draught has passed away.—*N. Y. Sun.*

TO TAKE OUT PAINT FROM A DRESS.—After a paint-spot has dried, it is extremely difficult to remove it. When fresh, (having wiped off as much as you can) it may be taken out by repeated applications of spirits of turpentine or of spirits of wine, rubbed on with a soft rag or a flannel. Ether also will efface it, if applied immediately. If the paint has been allowed to harden, nothing will take it off but spirits of turpentine, rubbed on with perseverance.

LEMON TART.—Pare, rather thick, the rinds of four lemons, which boil tender in two waters, and beat fine. Add to this four ounces of blanched almonds, cut thin, four ounces of lump sugar, the juice of the lemons, and a little grated peel. Simmer to a syrup; when cold, turn it into a shallow tart-dish, lined with a rich thin puff-paste, and lay bars of the same over. As soon as the paste is baked, take it out.

ORANGE TART.—Squeeze, pulp and boil two Seville oranges tender; weigh them, add double of sugar; beat both together to a paste, and then add the juice and pulp of the fruit, and the size of a walnut of fresh butter, and beat all together. Choose a very shallow dish, line it with a light puff crust, and lay the paste of orange in it. You may ice it.

The moments fly—a minute's gone!
 The minutes fly—an hour is run!
 The day is fled—the night is here!
 Thus flies a week, a month, a year!

DECEMBER, 12th Month.

Weeks & Days.	Month Days, &c.	Moon South.		High Water.	Moon R. & S.		Moon's place. sign, de	Remarks and miscellaneous Particulars.	Sun East.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	O style
		h	m		h	m			m	h	m	
48.) 1st Sunday in Advent.					Matt. 21.		Day's length 9 hours 22 minutes.					
Sunday	1 Longinus	10 22	12 34	4 47	♉	15	♀ sets 5, 51	11 7	19 4	41 19		
Mond.	2 Candidus	11 11	1 15	5 51	♉	28	Regul, ris. 10, 38	10 7	19 4	41 20		
Tuesd.	3 Cassianus	11 59	1 56	sets	♉	11	♁ 3d ♂ ♃ ♄ ♀	10 7	20 4	40 21		
Wedn.	4 Barbara	12 50	2 38	5 48	♉	24	♁ ♃ ♄ ♀	10 7	21 4	39 22		
Thurs.	5 Abigail	1 41	3 29	6 35	♉	6	♁ ♃ ♄ ♀ sets 5, 34	9 7	21 4	39 23		
Friday	6 St. Nichol.	2 31	4 19	7 28	♉	18	♁ ris. 2, 22	9 7	22 4	38 24		
Saturd.	7 Agathon	3 19	5 7	8 21	♉	0	Sirius ris. 8, 41	8 7	22 4	38 25		
49.) 2d Sunday in Advent.					Luke 21.		Day's length 9 hours 16 minutes.					
Sunday	8 Con. V. M.	4 6	5 54	9 18	♉	12	♁ Aldeb. so. 11, 27	8 7	22 4	38 26		
Mond.	9 Joachim	4 51	6 39	10 14	♉	24	Moon in apogee	7 7	23 4	37 27		
Tuesd.	10 Judith	5 34	7 22	11 11	♉	6	♀ in ♋	7 7	23 4	37 28		
Wedn.	11 Barsabas	6 17	8 5	morn	♉	18	♁ 11th ♂ ♃ ♄ ♀	7 7	23 4	37 29		
Thurs.	12 Otilia	6 59	8 49	12 8	♉	0	♁ Fomal s. 9, 33	6 7	24 4	36 30		
Friday	13 Lucy	7 43	9 31	1 5	♉	12	♁ ♃ ♄	6 7	24 4	36		
Saturd.	14 Nicasius	8 27	10 15	2 6	♉	25	7*s south 10, 4	5 7	24 4	36	Dec.	
50.) 3d Sunday in Advent.					Matt. 11.		Day's length 9 hours 10 minutes.					
Sunday	15 Ignatius	9 15	11 3	3 7	♉	8	♁ ris. 1, 54	5 7	25 4	35 3		
Mond.	16 Ananias	10 5	11 53	4 10	♉	31	♁ ♃ ♄ inferior	4 7	25 4	35 4		
Tuesd.	17 Lazarus	11 1	12 49	5 12	♉	5	Orion ris. 5, 43	4 7	25 4	35 5		
Wedn.	18 Emberday	11 59	1 36	6 22	♉	19	♁ ♃ stationary	3 7	25 4	35 6		
Thurs.	19 Abraham	morn	2 23	rises	♉	4	♁ 18th	3 7	25 4	35 7		
Friday	20 Ammon	12 59	3 11	6 30	♉	19	♁ ♃ ♄	2 7	25 4	35 8		
Saturd.	21 St. Thom.	1 59	4 11	7 37	♉	4	♁ ♃ en. Shortest. day.	2 7	26 4	34 9		
51.) 4th Sunday in Advent.					John 1.		Day's length 9 hours 10 minutes.					
Sunday	22 Beata	2 59	5 11	8 49	♉	19	Wint'r commences	1 7	25 4	35 10		
Mond.	23 Dagobert	3 58	6 10	9 59	♉	3	♀ ris. 6, 18	1 7	25 4	35 11		
Tuesd.	24 Adam, Eve	4 52	7 4	11 9	♉	17	♁ ris. 1, 25	0 7	25 4	35 12		
Wedn.	25 CHRISTMAS	5 43	7 55	morn	♉	1	♁ 25th	0 7	25 4	35 13		
Thurs.	26 Stephen	6 31	8 43	12 15	♉	15	♁ ♂ ♃ ♄	1 7	25 4	35 14		
Friday	27 Jno. Evan.	7 20	9 32	1 21	♉	28	♁ ris. 1, 15	1 7	24 4	35 15		
Saturd.	28 H. Innoc's	8 7	10 19	2 26	♉	12	♁ ♃ south 6, 28	2 7	25 4	35 16		
52.) Sunday after Christmas.					Luke 2.		Day's length 9 hours 12 minutes.					
Sunday	29 Noah	8 55	11 7	3 29	♉	25	Sirius south 12, 6	2 7	24 4	36 17		
Mond.	30 N. Copern.	9 44	11 56	4 31	♉	8	♀ ris. 5, 34	3 7	24 4	36 18		
Tuesd.	31 Sylvester	10 32	12 44	5 29	♉	20	♁ in per. ♂ ♃ ♄	3 7	24 4	36 19		

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon, the 3d, at 12 o'clock 5 min. in the afternoon.
 First Quarter 11th, at 3 o'clock 25 min. in the after'n.
 Full Moon 18th, at 11 o'clock 51 min. in the morning.
 Last Quarter 25th, at 4 o'clock 12 min. in the afternoon.

Conjecture of the weather for each day.

The 1st, 2, 3, pleasant; 4, 5 snow; 6, 7, 8 cloudy; 9, 10 clear, cold; 11, 12 changeable; 13 snow; 14 to 17 clear and cold; 18, 19 cloudy and snow; 20, 21, 22 clear, cold; 23, 24 moderate; 25, 26 clear; 27, 28, 29 changeable; 30 cloudy; 31 snow.

ADVICE IN POULTRY KEEPING.

The Editor of the Agricultural Gazette gives the following hints, which appear to be good and reliable. His rules are:

1. To have two breeds, a few to hatch and rear the chickens, and twice their number of what are called everlasting layers—meaning, we presume, the Spanish black-fowl, with a white top-knot, if any thing rather under size.

2. He gets a hatch out as early as possible in the Spring, and says, if well kept "they never cast their feathers" like old birds, and if they begin to lay in autumn, lay more or less all winter, it being understood, however, that they are to be warmly housed, and get animal food as well as lime.

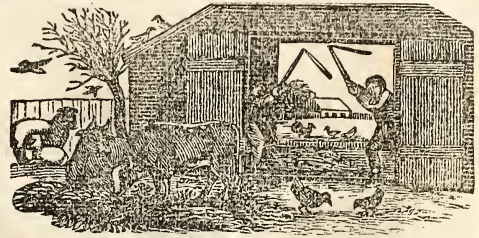
3. Never to keep old fowls (none but favorite fowls ought to be kept more than two years). Old birds lay larger eggs than pullets, but not nearly so many.

4. To give them the best barley he could get, (query, would not Indian corn do as well?) and as much as they could pick up, once a day in summer, and twice in winter. They are not only more profitable well kept, but the eggs are better. But there are no hen's eggs, says one, equal to the turkeys or the guinea fowls' eggs.

TO FATTEN FOWLS OR CHICKENS IN FOUR OR FIVE DAYS.

—Set rice over the fire with skimmed milk, only as much as will serve one day. Let it boil till the rice is quite swelled out; you may add a teaspoonfull of sugar, but it will do well without. Feed them three times a day in common pans; give them only as much as will quite fill them at once. When you put fresh, let the pans be set in water, that no sourness may be conveyed to the fowls, as that prevents them from fattening. Give them clean water, or the milk of the rice to drink; but the less wet the latter is, when perfectly soaked the better. By this method the flesh will have a clear whiteness which no other food gives; and when it is considered how far a pound of rice will go, and how much time is saved by this mode, it will be found to be as cheap as barley-meal, or more so. The pen should be daily cleaned, and no food given for sixteen hours before poultry be killed.

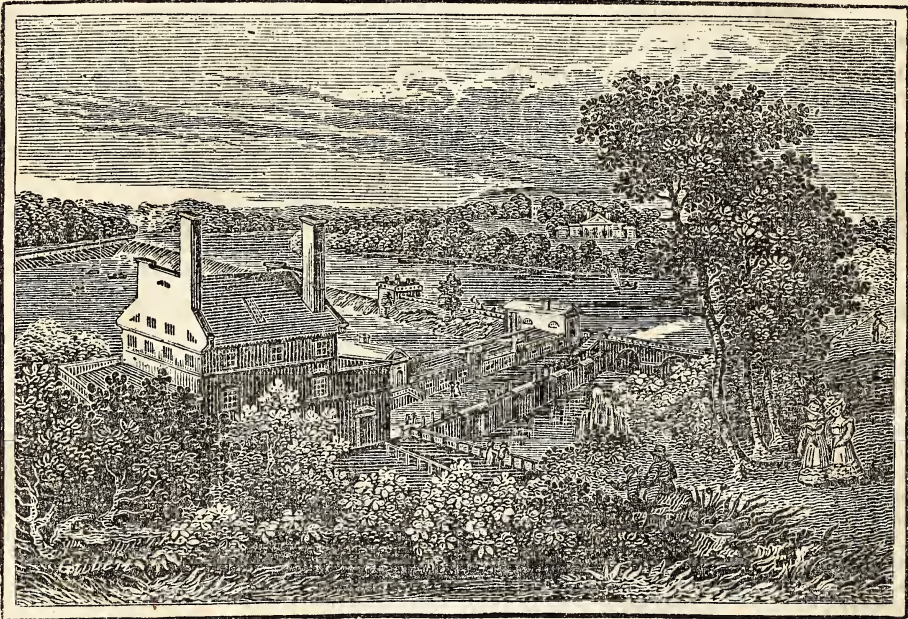
(Fa.)



SOOT AS A MANURE.—We copy from the journal of the English Royal Agricultural Society, giving an account of the mode of cultivation and use of soot, by Mr. Dimmery.

"The general price is sixpence per bushel; the quantity used on the farm is upwards of three thousand bushels a year, one half of which is applied to the *potato*, and the other to the *wheat crop*.' A large flock of sheep gives 'tail-dress,' preparatory to turnips, which follow the wheat, and intervene between it and the potatoes. It is not the present object to enter into any further particular routine, but merely to make use of the preceding quotation as a prelude to the question of soot as a manure. We have not,' says Mr. Morton, 'been able to obtain from Mr. Dimmery any idea of *how* soot acts in producing such effects, as it evidently does both on the potatoe and wheat crop; the effect of it is particularly evident on the wheat, for however sickly it looks in the spring, its color and the vigor of its growth is changed in a few days after it has been applied.' Whatever may be thought of the limited and special applicability of soot, yet where it *does* suit, and is proved by continuous facts to be eminently useful, even when applied in quantity so small as twenty-five bushels to the acre, in such places it is, to all available intents and purposes, the very compound itself which comprises the essentials of the vaunted, mystified preparation of carbon, that now bores the imagination. Soot is the purest carbonized product of mineral coal; it contains oily and volatilized resinous matters, and, above all, a fixed neutral salt of ammonia, which is perfectly soluble in watery menstrua, but retentive of its ammonia till a more powerful alkali displace it; then, as by mixture with lime, potass or soda, the volatile ammonia is liberated, and revealed by its pungent odor. Without asserting what may or may not be the components of any nostrum, we unhesitatingly offer a strong opinion of the efficacy of soot—an efficacy not to be rivalled or surpassed by any known preparation whose chief component is free carbon."

ITCH OR MANGE.—Swine often suffer greatly from this disease. In its worst stages the skin becomes almost an entire sore, and the animal is distressedly irritated by the inveterate itching. It constantly rubs itself, becomes poor, and if not relieved, dies. An ointment of lard and sulphur, if thoroughly applied all over the body, and rubbed in, will generally cure the complaint. It is well to give sulphur with the food also.



FAIRMOUNT WATERWORKS.

The Philadelphia Waterworks were begun in the spring of 1799, by constructing a large house, for water power, near the banks of the Schuylkill, southward of High street, (of which see a picture,) and also, another edifice of marble, at the Centre square, as a receiving fountain, (of which also see a picture.) It was an ornamental structure; but with some it nevertheless bore the disparaging name of "the pepper box," in allusion to its circular form and appearance. These works had at first but little encouragement; and to induce moneyed men to adventure their capital, they were offered water free of rent for a term of years. As late as 1803, only 960 dollars was the rental of the water, although nearly 300,000 dollars had then been expended on the enterprise. At the same time, one hundred and twenty-six houses were receiving the water, free of cost. In 1814, there were two thousand eight hundred and fifty dwellings receiving the water, and paying a rent of 18,000 dollars. In that year, the cost of raising the water was 24,000 dollars. In 1818, the steam engine at Fairmount was set in operation, and raised the water at a saving of 8000 dollars, still leaving an expense of 16,000 per annum; but in 1827, such were the improvements introduced, that the expense of raising the water was but 1478 dollars, while the water rents from the city and districts had risen to 33,560 dollars, and this is still rapidly increasing. In the eventual success of these

measures we owe much to the skill and perseverance of J. S. Lewis and Frederic Graff, names which will be always identified with the origin and the renown of a lasting public benefit.

Our great benefactor, Franklin, early foresaw the need of a fresh supply of water for Philadelphia, and recommended the Wissahiccon creek for that object; but that, now that the city has so much increased in population, would be drained dry in a week.

There was little or no desire expressed by the citizens of Philadelphia, for any other than their good pump-water, till after the yellow fever of 1793. Then, when the mind was alive to every suggested danger of ill health, the idea of pump-water being no longer good found its increasing supporters. But after river water was introduced, many were still very slow and reluctant to give up their icy-cold well water, for the tepid waters of Schuylkill. Numerous pits, however, for other purposes, in time destroyed the former pure taste of the pump-water, and led finally to their total abandonment, and the consequent increased patronage to the present necessary waterworks.

The great cry with every one is "Go on! go on!" just as if the world was a travelling post. How astonished they will be when they get to Heaven, to find the angels, who are much wiser than they, laying no schemes to be made archangels.

The Coon Hunt, or a Fency Country.

'Tis really astonishin what a monstrous sight of mischief ther is in a pint of rum. If one of 'em was to be submitted to a analization, as the doctors call it, it would be found to contain all manner of devilment that ever entered the hed of man, from cussin and stealin up to murder and whippin his own mother, and nonsense enuff to turn all the men in the world out of their senses. If a man's got any badness in him, it'll bring it out jest as sassafras tea does the measles, and if he's a good for nothin sort of a feller, without no bad traits in pertickeler, it'll bring out all his greenness. It affects different people in different ways—it makes some men monstrous brave and full of fight, and some it makes cowards—some it makes rich and happy, and some poor and miserabel; and it has a different effect on different people's eyes—some it makes see double, and some it makes so blind that they can't tell themselves from a side of bacon. One of the worst cases of rum-foolery that I've heard of for a long time, tuk place in Pineville last fall.

Bill Sweeney and Tom Culpepper is the two greatest old coveys in our settlement for coon-huntin. The fact is, they don't do much of anything else, and when they can't ketch nothin you may depend coons is scarce. Well, one night they had everything reddy for a regular hunt, but owin to some extra good fortun, Tom had got a pocket-pistol, as he called it, of reglar old Jim-makey, to keep off the rumatics. After takin a good startin horn, they went out on their hunt, with their lite-wood torch a blazin, and the dogs a barkin and yelpin like forty thousand. Evry now and then stoppin to wait for the dogs, they would drink one another's helth, till they begun to feel very comfortable, and chatted away bout one thing and another, without mindin much which way they was gwine. Bimeby they cum to a fence. Well, over they got, thout much difficulty.

"Who's fence is this?" ses Bill.

"'Taint no matter," says Tom, "let's take suthin to drink."

After takin a drink they went on, wonderin what on yearth had cum of the dogs. Next thing they cum to was a terrible muddy branch. After pullin through the briers and gettin on tother side, they tuck another drink, and after gwine a little ways they cum to another branch, and a little further they cum to another fence—a monstrous high one this time.

"Whar upon yearth is we got to, Culpepper?" ses Bill, "I never seed sich a heap of branches and fences in these parts."

"Why," ses Tom, "it's all old Sturlin's doins—you know he's always bildin fences and making infernal improvements, as he calls 'em. But never mind—we's through them now."

"Guess we is," ses Bill; "here's the all-firedest tall fence yet."

Shure enuff, thar they was right agin another fence.

By this time, they begun to be considerable tired and limber in the gints, and it was sich a terrible high fence—Tom drapped the last piece of the torch, and thar they was in the dark.

"Now you is done it," ses Bill.

Tom know'd he had, but he thought it was no use to grieve over spilled milk, so ses he, "Never mind old hoss—cum ahead, and I'll take you out," and the next minit kerslash he went into the water.

Bill hung on to the fence with both hands like he thought it was slewin round to throw him off.

"Hellow, 'Tom," ses he, "whar in the world is you got to?"

"Here I is," ses Tom, spoutin the water out of his mouth, and coffin like he'd swallowed something. "Look out, thar's another branch here."

"Name o'sense, whar is we?" ses Bill. "If this isn't a fency country, dad fetch my buttons."

"Yes, and a branchy one too!" ses Tom; "and the highest, and deepest, and thickest that I ever seed in my born days."

"Which way is you?" ses Bill.

"Here, rite over the branch."

The next minit in Bill went, up to his middle in the branch.

"Cum ahead," ses Tom, "let's go home."

"Cum thunder! in such a place as this, whar a man haint more'n got his cote-tail unhitched from a fence, fore he's over his head and ears in the water."

After gettin out and feelin about in the dark a little, they got together agin. After takin another drink, they sot out for home, denouncin the fences and the branches, and helpin one another up now and then; but they hadn't got more'n twenty yards fore they brung up all standin in the middle of another branch. After gettin thro' the branch and gwine about ten steps, they was brung to a halt by another fence.

"Dad blame my pictur," ses Bill, "if I don't think we is bewitched. Who upon yearth would bild fences all over creation this way?"

It was but a ower's job to get over this one, but after they got on the top they found the ground on tother side thout much trouble. This time the bottle was broke, and they cum monstrous near having a fight about the catastrofy. But it was a very good thing, it was, for after crossin two or three more branches, and climbin as many more fences, it got to be daylight, and they found out that they had been climbin the same fence all night, not more'n a hundred yards from whar they first cum to it.

Bill Sweeney ses he can't account for it no other way but that the licker sort o' turned their heds, and he says he does really believe if it hadn't gin out they'd been climbin that same fence, and wadin that same branch till yit. Bill promised his wife to jine the Temperance Society if she won't never say no more bout that Coon Hunt.

McMAHON SATISFIED.

I made one of four hundred interesting individuals, who sailed for Lisbon, in the Bermuda transport, and after being tossed about for ten days, we were obliged to put back—the sea went down and we found ourselves lying comfortably in the harbor of Cork.

“Come Mr. Medicot,” said the skipper to me, “we shall be here for a couple of days to refit; you had better go ashore and see the country.”

I sprang to my legs with delight; visions of cowslips, larks, daisies and mutton-chops, floated before my excited imagination; and in ten minutes I found myself in that pleasant little inn at Cove, which, opposite to Spike Island, rejoices in the name of Goat and Garters.

“Breakfast waiter,” said I; “a beefsteak—fresh beef, mark ye; fresh eggs, bread, milk, and butter, all fresh.” No more hard tack, thought I; no salt butter, but a genuine land breakfast.

“Up stairs, no. 4, sir,” said the waiter indicating the way by flourishing a dirty napkin.

Up stairs I went, and in due time the appetizing little *dejeuner* made its appearance. Never did a minor’s eye revel over his broad acres with more complacent enjoyment, than did mine skim over the mutton and muffin, the teapot, the trout, and the deviled kidney, so invitingly spread out before me. Yes, thought I, as I smacked my lips, this is the reward of virtue; pickled pork is the probationary state that admirably fits us for future enjoyments. I arranged my napkin upon my knee, seized my knife and fork, and proceeded to dissect a beefsteak. Scarcely, however, had I touched it, when, with a loud crash, the plate smashed beneath it, and the gravy ran piteously across the cloth. Before I had time to account for the phenomenon, the door opened hastily, and the waiter, rushed into the room—his face beaming with smiles, while he rubbed his hands in ecstasy of delight—

“It’s all over, sir,” said he, “glory to God, it’s all done.”

“What’s over? What’s done?” inquired I, with impatience.

“Mr. McMahon is satisfied,” replied he, “and so is the other gentleman.”

“Who and what the devil do you mean?”

“It’s all over, I say,” replied the waiter again—“*he fired into the air.*”

“Fired into the air! Was there a duel in the room below stairs?”

“Yes sir,” said the waiter, with a benign smile.

“That will do,” said I, as, seizing my hat, I rushed out of the house, and, hurrying to the beach, took a boat for the ship. Exactly half an hour had elapsed since my landing, but even those short thirty minutes had full as many reasons, that, altho’ there may be a few more amusing, there are some safer places to live in than the Green Island.

POWER OF IMAGINATION.—An honest New England farmer started, on a very cold day in winter, with his sled and oxen, into the forest, half a mile from home, for the purpose of chopping some wood. Having felled a tree he drove the team alongside, and commenced chopping it up. By an unlucky hit he brought the whole bit of the axe across his foot with a sidelong stroke. The immense gash so alarmed him as to deprive him of all strength. He fell, the warm blood filling his shoe. With great difficulty he succeeded in rolling himself on to the sled, and started the oxen for home. As he reached the door he called eagerly for help. His terrified wife and daughter, with much effort lifted him into the house, as he was wholly unable to help himself, saying his foot was nearly severed from his leg. He was laid carefully on the bed, groaning all the while very bitterly. His wife hastily prepared dressings, and removed the shoe and sock, expecting to see a desperate wound, when lo! the skin was not even broken. Before going out in the morning he wrapped his feet in *red flannel*, to protect them from the cold; the gash laid this open to view and he thought it flesh and blood. His reason not correcting the mistake, all the pain and loss of power which attended a real wound followed. Man often suffers more from imaginary evils than real ones.

A coroner was lately roused from his slumber by a rather naughty set of wags. ‘What’s the matter?’ inquired the official, protruding his white night-capped head at the window. ‘We want you to hold an inquest instantly!’ replied one of the party. The dignitary thought ‘the world’ of his office, and now the *fast* opportunity of exercising its functions presented itself. He consequently blustered down to the door, rubbing his hands, and exclaiming: ‘Well, gentlemen, conduct me to the spot.’ ‘O, you can hold it here, sir,’ answered the spokesman. ‘What! have you disturbed the corpse?’ cried the horrified coroner. ‘Not at all, sir,’ was the rejoinder; ‘the subject has been here for some time. We just want you to hold an inquest over “the *dead* of the night!”’

ENDORSEMENT A NOTE.—Our clergymen are much interrupted in their devotions by notes sent up to the pulpit to offer up for sick persons—to return thanks for a well person—for blessings, and blessings in expectation—and for every child born, a note is to be sent up to the minister. One of our Wall street brokers was quite sick, and nearly gone. “Father,” said his son, by his bedside, “shall we send in a note for you to-day?” “Yes,” feebly responded the old man, while a gleam of ‘Change kindled up for an instant his glazing eye; “yes, my son, and ask Parson Jones if he will endorse the note; he knows that I’m good for it.”

WHAT IS A MONUMENT ?

“ You know, perhaps,” writes a Pennsylvania correspondent, “ that about a year or so ago, the proceedings of the Washington Monument Society at Washington received a sudden impetus. Among other measures adopted to procure sufficient funds for the completion of the edifice, was that of appointing an agent in each Congressional district throughout the United States, who was furnished with lithographs of the future monument, which were presented to such gentleman as chose to subscribe. Our district is a German one, and the agent, when he called on me, told me many amusing anecdotes of the difficulties he had met with while endeavoring to overcome the habitual parsimony of the people. Among others he mentioned the following, which I have retained.

He called one day at the house of a very wealthy farmer in the upper end of Dauphin County. The whole family were soon assembled to look at the beautiful pictures. In the meantime, the agent exerted all his eloquence to induce the steady old German to “ plank his tin.” He portrayed the services of Washington to his country; he dwelt, in glowing terms, upon the gratitude we should all feel for them. Suddenly the farmer broke silence :

“ What is all dis for ?”

The agent began again :

“ You know who Washington was ?”

“ Yes, he was the first President; he licked the British, didn't he ?”

“ Yes, that's the man; and this monument is to be erected as a fitting testimonial of the eternal gratitude of his countrymen.”

The anticipated subscriber studied the plate attentively.

“ Well,” said he, “ I won't pay anything toward it; I don't see no use to build a house mit sich a d—d big chimney.”

The agent immediately “ dispersed.”

PUZZLED.—The author of “ Ship and Shore,” Rev. Walter Colton, mentions in his work a restless out-of-place sailor, of whom he remarks, that on the day of the final resurrection he will doubtless be seen coming out of somebody else's grave. We thought of this singular illustration just now, on hearing of the remark of a drunken fellow who had been placed by his companions in a coffin, and conveyed to a neighboring church-yard, and there left alone until he should awake from his maudlin trance. When he awoke, after three or four hours, the wags who were peeping and listening behind a broad grave-stone saw him raise his head slowly up, look vaguely around him at the silent monuments, exclaiming as he did so: “ Well I'm either the first one riz or else I'm d—dly belated.”

A PANTHER.

My friend, while on his visit, was hunting in the wilderness of timber spread over that vast country, with an old and experienced hunter, when to his horror it was soon discovered that they were pursued by an enormous panther. Suddenly the animal broke cover. On he came upon them, bounding like a cat, making tremendous leaps. What should they do? It was hazardous to discharge their pieces, as that would enrage the panther the more if they should chance to miss, or only wound without disabling him. What should they do? There was no time for premeditation. A certain, horrid death stared my friend in the face. His young blood froze—his hair stood on end.

The hunter, however, was a man well informed in the nature and habits of the animal. Seeing a large tub or cask near by, which had been left there probably by some wandering emigrant, he seized my friend by the shoulder and dragged him behind it, telling him, as he did so, that the panther never leaped upon its object when concealed from its view.

There they were, crouching behind the tub, the panther gradually rounding up to them. Suddenly, as soon as the “ varmint” was near enough, they raised the tub in an inverted position and pitched it right on top of him, and then mounted guard to keep it down.

The panther finding himself thus entrapped, kept up a most fearful noise—more terrific than the roaring of Mt. Vesuvius. The hunter soon devised a way by which he got the panther's tail through the bung-hole. “ Come, bear a hand,” said he, and let's tie a knot in his tail;” which was soon done.

“ Now,” said the hunter—“ now for your life ”—and off they started, running for their lives.—They had'nt gone far, however, before they heard a tremendous noise like a tornado. They looked behind and there saw the panther running in a contrary direction, lashing the timber with the tub at his tail, as if the very devil was after him.

My friend could'nt help smiling at the spectacle; and ever since, whenever he sees a panther going about in menageries, he can't keep from laughing at the odd trick of the tub.—*Cor. Mobile Herald*

How to CAST OFF.—On being way-laid by a gossiping, troublesome fellow on your way up to dinner, walk by him as if lost in thought, and if he tails on, as the wretches often do, walk by your own door as if you were going further; and then suddenly recollecting yourself, stop, look surprised at your own forgetfulness, and ask him if he hadn't better step in—turning away as the words reach him, lest he might jump at the chance; or you might say, “ bless me, won't you go back, and take your meal with us to day ?”

HOUSEKEEPERS' RECEIPTS.

Beef-Steak pie.—Take some slices of tender beef mixed with fat; those from the rump are the best. Season them with pepper and salt, and roll each slice up in a small bundle, or lay them flat in the dish. Put in a little gravy or cold water, and a little flour for thickening. Cover as above directed, and bake in an oven for about an hour.

Veal Pie.—Take chops from the back ribs or loin, and take out the bones. Lay the chops flat in the dish, and strew over each layer a mixture of minced parsley, flour, pepper, and salt. Add a little gravy, which may be made from the bones. Cover as above directed, and bake for rather more than an hour, for veal requires to be well dressed.

Apple Pie.—Pare and take out the cores of the apples, cutting each apple into four or eight pieces, according to their size. Lay them neatly in a baking dish, seasoning with brown sugar, and any spice, such as pounded cloves and cinnamon, or grated lemon-peel. A little quince marmalade gives a fine flavor to the pie. Add a little water, and cover with puff paste, as above directed. Bake for an hour.

Gooseberry Pie.—Pick the heads and stems from unripe or hard gooseberries, and rub them with a towel to clean them. Fill the dish with them, and add a considerable quantity of brown sugar, with a very little water. Cover as above directed, and bake for upwards of an hour. Some persons stew the gooseberries in sugar before putting them in the dish, in which case they require less baking.

Cranberry, Raspberry, and other Tarts.—Cranberries, raspberries, and other small fruits, may be made into pies in the same manner as gooseberries. All require to be picked and wiped, and to have sufficient sugar to sweeten them. The dish should also be well filled, and raised higher in the middle than the edges, for the fruits diminish considerably in baking.

Mince Pie.—Mince pie is a composition of meat, fruit, various spices and seasonings, and also spirits. The following is a properly proportioned mixture:—Take and mince a pound of beef suet, and a pound of roast beef, or dressed fresh bullock's tongue; also a pound of apples pared and cored; minced separately from the suet and meat; a pound of currents washed and picked, a pound of stoned and chopped raisins, an ounce of ground cinnamon, half an ounce of ground ginger, an ounce of orange and an ounce of lemon-peel, and a little salt; half a pound of raw sugar, one nutmeg grated, two glasses of brandy and two of sherry. Mix all these ingredients together, and lay the bottom of your dish or small tin pans with paste; fill these with the mince, and then cover them with puff paste. Put in the oven, and bake for half an hour. If the whole of the mixture be not used, what remains over

(Fa.)

will keep for a long time, if placed in a close jar. Some persons do not put any meat in their mince pies.

Plum Pudding.—A plum pudding may be made either rich or plain, according to the quantity of fruit and spices put into it. The following is the direction for making what would be considered in England a *good Christmas pudding*:—Take a pound of good raisins and stone them; a pound of currants, which wash, pick and dry; a pound of rich beef suet minced, and a pound of stale bread crumbs, and half a pound of flour. Mix the bread, flour, and suet in a pan. Beat six eggs in a basin, and add to them about half a pint of sweet milk. Pour this egg and milk into the pan with the suet and flour, and beat it well with a flat wooden spoon for some time. Then stir in the currants and raisins, mixing well as you proceed; mix in also a quarter of a pound of candied orange and lemon-peel, cut into thin small pieces, an ounce of powdered cinnamon, half an ounce of powdered ginger, a nutmeg grated, and a little salt. Next add a glass of rum or brandy. The pudding is now made, and ready to be either baked or boiled, according to taste. If to be baked, butter your tin or basin, and put the pudding into it and bake in an oven for an hour and a half, or nearly two hours. If it be boiled, pour it into a cloth; tie the cloth, allowing a little room to swell if made of bread, and boil for six hours. Serve with caudle sauce.

Currant Pudding.—An excellent family pudding may be made of the following ingredients:—A pound of minced suet, a pound of bread crumbs or flour, three quarters of a pound of currants, washed and picked, a little powdered cinnamon and grated nutmeg, and a very little salt. Beat two eggs, and add as much milk to them as will wet the whole. Mix all together, tie in a cloth as previously directed, and boil for three hours. Serve with caudle, or any simple sweet sauce.

Hard Dumpling.—This is the plainest of all puddings, and is sometimes served with boiled salt beef. It is also sometimes cut in slices and placed in the dripping-pan below roasting meat, for about half an hour before the meat is dished. Take a quarter of a pound of suet minced very fine; mix it with a pound of flour; add a little salt, and wet it with water to the consistency of dough. Divide it into small dumplings, and put them into boiling water, and boil for an hour and a half, taking care that they do not stick to the bottom of the pot. No cloth is used.

Bread and Butter Pudding.—Cut several slices of bread rather thin; butter them on one side; put a layer of them in a pudding pan or dish, and a layer of currants above; then another layer of bread, and so on till the dish is full. Beat four eggs, with a little ground cinnamon and nutmeg, also some sugar. Add milk to this, till there is sufficient to fill up the dish. Then pour it over the bread, and allow it to stand for a time to soak. It will now be ready for either baking or boiling, as directed for bread puddings.

SITTINGS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA COURTS.

- Adams*—4th Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov.
Allegheny—4th Mon. of March, 3d Mon. of June, 4th Mon. of Oct. and Dec.
Allegheny—DISTRICT COURT—4th Mon. of Jan., April, July, and Nov.
Armstrong—3d Mon. of March and Sept., 2d Mon. of June and Dec.
Beaver—1st Mon. of June and Sept., 3d Mon. of Nov., and 2d Mon. of March. Adjourned courts as often as necessary.
Bedford—4th Mon. of April and Aug., 2d Mon. of Nov., 1st Mon. of Feb.
Berks—1st Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov. 3 weeks.
Blair—3d Mon. of March, July, Oct., and Dec.
Bradford—1st Mon. of Feb., May, Sept., and Dec. Three weeks.
Bucks—4th Mon. of April, 2d Mon. of Sept., Dec., and Feb. Two weeks.
Butler—2d Mon. of June, Sept., Dec., and 4th Mon. of March. Adjourned courts as often as necessary.
Cambria—1st Mon. of Jan., April, July, and Oct.
Carbon—3d Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov. One week.
Centre—4th Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov.
Chester—Last Mon. of Jan., April, July, and Oct.
Clarion—1st Mon. of May, Sept., Dec., and Feb.
Clearfield—Mondays next following 4th Mon. in Jan., April, Aug., and Nov., to continue one or more weeks.
Clinton—2d Mon. following courts of Clearfield, to continue or more weeks.
Columbia—3d Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov.
Crawford—2d Mon. of Feb., 1st Mon. of April, 2d Mon. of Aug. and Nov., to continue one week.
Cumberland, 2d Mon. of Jan., April, Nov., and 4th Mon. of Aug.
Dauphin.—3d Mon. of Jan., Aug., and Nov., and 4th Mon. of April.
Delaware—4th Mon. of Feb., May, Aug., and Nov.
Elk—3d Mon. of Dec., Feb., May, Sept. One week.
Erie—1st Mon. of Feb., May, Aug., and Nov. Additional courts, last Mon. of June, April, and Oct.
Fayette—1st Mon. of March, two weeks, 1st Mon. of June, (which court may dispense with 1st Mon. of Sept. and Dec. Two weeks.
Forest—4th Mon. of May, Sept., Dec., and Feb. One week.
Franklin—2d Mon. of April and Aug., the last Mon. of Oct., 3d Mon. of Jan. Two weeks.
Green—2d Mon. of May, Aug., Nov., and 3d Mon. of March.
Huntingdon—2d Mon. of April, Aug., Nov., and Jan. Two weeks.
Indiana—4th Mon of March, June, Sept., and Dec.
Jefferson—2d Mon. of May, Sept., Dec., and Feb. One week.
Juniata—1st Mon. of Feb., May; for Sept., 2d Mon succeeding Perry Co., and 1st Mon. of Dec.
Lancaster—3d Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov. Two weeks. Court to sit sixteen weeks each year, by adjournment at such time as they may think proper.
Lawrence—Mondays next succeeding after the courts in Mercer. One week.
Lebanon—1st Mon. of Jan., Aug., and Nov., two weeks, 4th Mon. of April
Lehigh—Monday next following the 4th Mon. in Jan., April, Aug., and Nov. Two weeks.
Luzerne—1st Mon. of April, Aug., Nov., and Jan. Two weeks.
Lycoming—Mondays next following the 4th Mon. in Jan., April, Aug., and Nov., to continue two weeks.
McKean—Mondays after the court in Potter Co.
Mercer—1st Mon. of April, 4th Mon. of June, 3d Mon. of Sept. and Dec. Adjourned courts when necessary
Mifflin—1st Mon. of April, Aug., Nov., and Jan.
Monroe—4th Mon. of Feb., May, Sept., and Dec. One week.
Montgomery—3d Mon. of Feb., May, Aug., and Nov.
Northampton—3d Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov. Two weeks.
Northumberland—1st Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov. Two weeks.
Perry—1st Mon. of Jan., April, Aug., and Nov.
Philadelphia—1st Mon. of March, June, and Dec., and 3d Mon. of Sept., to continue from term to term, according to the discretion of the court.
Pike—3d Mon. of Feb., May, Sept., and Dec. One week.
Potter—2d Mon. after 4th Mon. of Feb., May, Sept., and Dec. One week.
Schuylkill—1st Mon. of March, June, Sept., and Dec. Four weeks.
Sullivan—3d Tuesday of Feb., 1st Tuesday of June, 4th Tuesday of Sept., and 3d Tuesday of Dec.
Somerset—Monday next succeeding the days fixed for the commencement of Bedford Co. courts.
Susquehanna—3d Mon. of April, Aug., Nov., and Jan.
Tioga—4th Mon. in Feb., May, Sept., and Oct. 1 week.
Union—Monday next following after the termination of the courts in Huntingdon.
Venango—4th Mon. of February, April, Aug., and Nov. One week.
Warren—Mondays next following 4th Mon. of Feb., June, Aug., and Nov.
Washington—3d Mon. of Feb., two weeks, 3d Mon. of May, 4th Mon. of Aug., and 3d Mon. of Nov.
Wayne—1st Mon. of Feb. May, Sept. and Dec. 1 week.
Westmoreland—Mondays preceding the last Mon. in Feb., May, Aug., and Nov. Two weeks.
Wyoming—Mondays succeeding the courts in Susquehanna.
York—4th Mon. in Jan., April, Aug., and Nov. Two weeks.

Virginia Courts.

VIRGINIA.

COUNTY AND CORPORATION COURTS.

First Monday—Albemarle, Alexandria, Boone, (except March, June, August, and Nov.) Carroll, Charlotte, Franklin, Gloucester, Greensville, Henrico, Isle of Wight, Lynchburg, Marion, Montgomery, Ohio, (except June & Nov.) Powhatan, Princess Anne, Prince William, Richmond, Spotsylvania, Wayne, (in March, June, Aug. and Nov.)

Second Monday—Berkeley, Botetourt, Buckingham, Caroline, Campbell, Chesterfield, Culpeper, Hancock, Henry, James city, Jackson, King and Queen, Kanawha, Lewis, Louisa, Loudoun, Lunenburg, Mathews, Mercer, Nansemond, Northampton, Northumberland, Preston, Rappahannock, Richmond city, Stafford, Tyler, and Wythe.

Third Monday—Alleghany, Amherst, Barbour, Dinwiddie, Essex, Fairfax, Floyd, (except March and Aug.) Goochland, Harrison, Jefferson, Lancaster, Lee, Logan, Marshall, Mecklenburg, Monroe, Norfolk, Pittsylvania, Prince Edward, Roanoke, Rockingham, Southampton, Staunton, Warren, Wood, York.

Fourth Monday—Augusta, Bedford, Brunswick, Clarke, Cumberland, Doddridge, Fauquier, Fluvanna, Giles, Gilmer, Grayson, Greenbrier, Halifax, Hampshire, King William, Middlesex, Monongalia, Morgan, Nelson, Norfolk city, Orange, Page, Patrick, Putnam, Randolph, Surry, Taylor, Washington, Westmoreland, Wetzel, Williamsburg.

Monday before first Tuesday—Frederick, Hardy, Rockbridge.

Monday before second Tuesday—Nicholas, Shenandoah.

Fourth Monday in April, and first Monday afterwards—Mason.

Last Monday—Accomack, Brooke.

First Tuesday—Pocahontas, Ritchie.

Second Tuesday—Bath.

Fourth Tuesday—Hanover.

Tuesday after first Monday—Russell.

Tuesday after second Monday—Scott, Wayne, (except March, June, August, and Nov.)

Tuesday after third Monday—Smyth.

Tuesday after fourth Monday—Cabell, (except March, June, August and Nov.) Wirt.

Wednesday after third Monday—Braxton.

Wednesday after last Monday—Tazewell.

First Thursday—King George, Nottoway, Sussex.

Second Thursday—Fredericksburg, New Kent, Prince George, Warwick.

Third Thursday—Charles city, Petersburg.

Fourth Thursday—Amelia, Elizabeth city, Madison.

Thursday after first Monday—Appomattox, Cabell, (in March, June, August and Nov.) Pulaski.

Thursday after second Monday—Danville, Greene.

Friday after third Monday—Boone, (for March, June, Aug. and Nov.)

Thursday after third Monday—Highland.

Thursday after 1st Tuesday—Pendleton.

Thursday after 2d Tuesday—Fayette.

First Saturday—Winchester.

Thursday before third Monday—Floyd, (in March and Aug.)

Wednesday after first Monday—Ohio, (for June and Nov.)

QUARTERLY COURTS.

January, April, July and October—Richmond city.

February, April, July and October—Hanover.

February, May, August and November—Rockingham, Petersburg.

February, May, July and October—Clarke, Cumberland, Grayson, Madison, Pulaski, Tazewell, Wetzel, Wirt.

March, June, August and October—James city, Powhatan.

March, May, July and November—Fredericksburg.

March, May, August and October—Augusta, Bath, Greenbrier, Highland, Lynchburg, Sussex, York.

March, June, September and November—Alexandria, Morgan, Northampton, Pendleton.

March, May, August and November—Accomack, Amelia, Appomattox, Bedford, Brooke, Brunswick, Buckingham, Charlotte, Chesterfield, Charles city, Culpeper, Dinwiddie, Elizabeth, Essex, Fauquier, Fluvanna, Gloucester, Goochland, Henrico, James city, King and Queen, King William, Lancaster, Mathews, Middlesex, Nelson, New Kent, Nottoway, Northumberland, Orange, Page, Preston, Prince Edward, Prince George, Rappahannock, Richmond county, Surry, Warren, Westmoreland, Winchester.

March, June, August and November—Alleghany, Albemarle, Amherst, Bath, Barbour, Berkeley, Botetourt, Braxton, Boone, Cabell, Campbell, Carroll, Caroline, Doddridge, Fairfax, Fayette, Floyd, Franklin, Frederick, Giles, Greenbrier, Greene, Hampshire, Hardy, Halifax, Harrison, Henry, Isle of Wight, Jackson, Jefferson, Kanawha, King George, Lee, Lewis, Loudoun, Logan, Louisa, Lunenburg, Lynchburg, Mason, Marion, Mercer, Monroe, Marshall, Mecklenburg, Monongalia, Montgomery, Nansemond, Nicholas, Norfolk city, Ohio, Pittsylvania, Pocahontas, Prince William, Princess Anne, Putnam, Pulaski, Randolph, Ritchie, Roanoke, Rockbridge, Russell, Scott, Shenandoah, Smyth, Stafford, Spotsylvania, Staunton, Southampton, Taylor, Tyler, Washington, Wayne, Williamsburg, Wood, Wythe.

February, May, July and November—Patrick.

January, April, June and October—Hancock.

February, June, August and November—Gilmer, Wood.

March, June, August and December—Warwick.

October; Greensville, 27th April, 1st Nov.; Southampton, 2d May, 7th Nov.; Surry, 10th May, 25th Nov.; Isle of Wight 16th May, 15th Oct.; Princess Anne, 25th May, 22d Sept.; Norfolk city, 1st June, 15th Nov.

Second Circuit—Dinwiddie, 23th March, 17th Sept.; Prince George, 4th April, 4th Oct.; Nottoway, 10th April, 11th October; Brunswick, 17th April, 26th Sept.; Sussex, 24th April, 27th Oct.; Amelia, 9th May, 17th Oct.; Petersburg, 15th May, 15th Nov.

Second District—Third Circuit—Geo. P. SCARBURGH, Judge—Elizabeth city, 20th April, 24th Oct.; York, 26th April, 0th Oct.; Warwick, 2d May, 4th Nov.; James city, 5th May, 7th Nov.; Northampton, 23d May, 1st Oct.; Accomack, 3d June, 5th Oct.

Fourth Circuit—JOHN B. CHRISTIAN, Judge—Middlesex, 10th April, 9th Oct.; Mathews, 12th April, 12th Oct.; Gloucester, 18th April, 17th Oct.; King and Queen, 9th May, 7th Nov.; Essex, 16th May, 14th Nov.; King William, 21st May, 19th Nov.

Third District—Fifth Circuit—JOHN T. LOMAX, Judge—Caroline, 20th March, 8th Sept.; Lancaster, 1st April, 28th Oct.; Northumberland, 6th April, 23d Oct.; Richmond, 12th April, 18th Oct.; Westmoreland, 18th April, 13th Oct.; King George, 24th April, 8th Oct.; Spotsylvania, 8th May, 15th Sept.

Sixth Circuit—JOHN SCOTT, Judge—Loudoun, 16th April, 22d Oct.; Fauquier, 8th May, 2d Oct.; Prince William, 22d May, 16th Oct.; Fairfax, 4th June, 5th Nov.; Alexandria, 11th June, 12th Nov.; Stafford, 20th June, 21st Nov.

Fourth District—Seventh Circuit—Jno. B. CLOPTON, Judge—Chesterfield, 25th March, 22d Oct.; Hanover, 3d April, 1st Oct.; Goochland, 17th April, 20th Sept.; Powhatan, 1st May, 4th Nov.; Charles city, 18th May, 18th Nov.; New Kent, 28th May, 26th Nov.

Eighth Circuit—D. A. WILSON, Judge—Cumberland, 22d Mar., 22d Aug.; Buckingham, 4th April, 4th Sept.; Campbell, 8th May, 8th Oct.; Appomattox, 21st May, 21st Oct.; Lynchburg, 23d May, 23d Oct.

Fifth District—Ninth Circuit—Wm. LEIGH, Judge—Halifax, 1st April, 1st Sept.; Charlotte, 17th April, 17th Sept.; Prince Edward, 26th April, 26th Sept.; Lunenburg, 4th May, 4th Oct.; Mecklenburg, 12th May, 12th Oct.

Tenth Circuit—N. M. TALLIAFERRO, Judge—Floyd, 19th March, 20th August; Carroll, 26th March, 27th Aug.; Bedford, 5th April, 5th Sept.; Patrick, 21st April, 21st Sept.; Henry, 1st May, 1st October; Franklin, 9th May, 9th Oct.; Pittsylvania, 22d May, 22d Oct.

Sixth District—Eleventh Circuit—R. H. FIELD, Judge—Fluvanna, 1st April, 1st Sept.; Louisa, 10th April, 10th Sept.; Rappahannock, 20th April, 20th Sept.; Orange, 1st May, 1st Oct.; Madison, 12th May, 12th Oct.; Culpeper, 4th June, 22d Oct.; Greene, 18th June, 19th Nov.

Circuit Superior Courts of Law and Chancery.

First District—First Circuit—RICHARD H. BAKER, Judge—Norfolk, 1st April, 28th Sept.; Nansemond, 16th April, 12th

Oct.; Greensville, 27th April, 1st Nov.; Southampton, 2d May, 7th Nov.; Surry, 10th May, 25th Nov.; Isle of Wight 16th May, 15th Oct.; Princess Anne, 25th May, 22d Sept.; Norfolk city, 1st June, 15th Nov.

Second Circuit—Dinwiddie, 23th March, 17th Sept.; Prince George, 4th April, 4th Oct.; Nottoway, 10th April, 11th October; Brunswick, 17th April, 26th Sept.; Sussex, 24th April, 27th Oct.; Amelia, 9th May, 17th Oct.; Petersburg, 15th May, 15th Nov.

Second District—Third Circuit—Geo. P. SCARBURGH, Judge—Elizabeth city, 20th April, 24th Oct.; York, 26th April, 0th Oct.; Warwick, 2d May, 4th Nov.; James city, 5th May, 7th Nov.; Northampton, 23d May, 1st Oct.; Accomack, 3d June, 5th Oct.

Fourth Circuit—JOHN B. CHRISTIAN, Judge—Middlesex, 10th April, 9th Oct.; Mathews, 12th April, 12th Oct.; Gloucester, 18th April, 17th Oct.; King and Queen, 9th May, 7th Nov.; Essex, 16th May, 14th Nov.; King William, 21st May, 19th Nov.

Third District—Fifth Circuit—JOHN T. LOMAX, Judge—Caroline, 20th March, 8th Sept.; Lancaster, 1st April, 28th Oct.; Northumberland, 6th April, 23d Oct.; Richmond, 12th April, 18th Oct.; Westmoreland, 18th April, 13th Oct.; King George, 24th April, 8th Oct.; Spotsylvania, 8th May, 15th Sept.

Sixth Circuit—JOHN SCOTT, Judge—Loudoun, 16th April, 22d Oct.; Fauquier, 8th May, 2d Oct.; Prince William, 22d May, 16th Oct.; Fairfax, 4th June, 5th Nov.; Alexandria, 11th June, 12th Nov.; Stafford, 20th June, 21st Nov.

Fourth District—Seventh Circuit—Jno. B. CLOPTON, Judge—Chesterfield, 25th March, 22d Oct.; Hanover, 3d April, 1st Oct.; Goochland, 17th April, 20th Sept.; Powhatan, 1st May, 4th Nov.; Charles city, 18th May, 18th Nov.; New Kent, 28th May, 26th Nov.

Eighth Circuit—D. A. WILSON, Judge—Cumberland, 22d Mar., 22d Aug.; Buckingham, 4th April, 4th Sept.; Campbell, 8th May, 8th Oct.; Appomattox, 21st May, 21st Oct.; Lynchburg, 23d May, 23d Oct.

Fifth District—Ninth Circuit—Wm. LEIGH, Judge—Halifax, 1st April, 1st Sept.; Charlotte, 17th April, 17th Sept.; Prince Edward, 26th April, 26th Sept.; Lunenburg, 4th May, 4th Oct.; Mecklenburg, 12th May, 12th Oct.

Tenth Circuit—N. M. TALLIAFERRO, Judge—Floyd, 19th March, 20th August; Carroll, 26th March, 27th Aug.; Bedford, 5th April, 5th Sept.; Patrick, 21st April, 21st Sept.; Henry, 1st May, 1st October; Franklin, 9th May, 9th Oct.; Pittsylvania, 22d May, 22d Oct.

Sixth District—Eleventh Circuit—R. H. FIELD, Judge—Fluvanna, 1st April, 1st Sept.; Louisa, 10th April, 10th Sept.; Rappahannock, 20th April, 20th Sept.; Orange, 1st May, 1st Oct.; Madison, 12th May, 12th Oct.; Culpeper, 4th June, 22d Oct.; Greene, 18th June, 19th Nov.

* Judge Gholson, recently deceased

Courts in New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland.

Twelfth Circuit—L. P. THOMPSON, Judge—Amherst, 23d March, 24th Aug.; Rockbridge, 12th April, 12th Sept.; Nelson, 29th April, 29th Sept.; Albemarle, 15th May, 15th Oct.; Augusta, 1st June, 1st Nov.

Seventh District—Thirteenth Circuit—ISAAC B. DOUGLASS, Judge—Clarke, 12th May, 12th Oct.; Hampshire, 10th April, 18th Sept.; Berkeley, 27th April, 27th Sept.; Morgan, 6th May, 6th Oct.; Jefferson, 15th May, 15th Oct.; Frederick, 13th June, 13th Nov.

Fourteenth Circuit—DANIEL SMITH, Judge—Warren, 30th March, 30th Aug.; Shenandoah, 4th April, 4th Sept.; Page, 14th April, 14th Sept.; Hardy, 21st April, 21st Sept.; Pendleton, 2d May, 2d Oct.; Rockingham, 8th May, 8th Oct.

Eighth District—Fifteenth Circuit—BENI. BETTLE, Judge—Lee, 2d April, 3d Sept.; Scott, 9th April, 10th Sept.; Russell, 16th April, 17th Sept.; Tazewell, 23d April, 24th Sept.; Smyth, 30th April, 1st Oct.; Washington, 7th May, 8th Oct.

Sixteenth Circuit—JAMES E. BROWN, Judge—Grayson, 1st April, 1st Sept.; Wythe, 8th April, 8th Sept.; Pulaski, 20th April, 20th Sept.; Mercer, 30th April, 1st Oct.; Monroe, 7th May, 8th Oct.; Giles, 14th May, 15th Oct.; Montgomery, 21st May, 2d Oct.

Ninth District—Seventeenth Circuit—EDWARD JOHNSON, Judge—Roanoke, 22d March, 23d Aug.; Botetourt, 1st April, 1st Sept.; Alleghany, 18th April, 18th Sept.; Bath, 25th April, 25th Sept.; Pocahontas, 2d May, 2d Oct.; Highland, 8th May, 9th Oct.; Greenbrier, 14th May, 15th Oct.

Eighteenth Circuit—GEORGE H. LEE, Judge—Fayette, 30th March, 30th Aug.; Nicholas, 7th April, 7th Sept.; Braxton, 12th April, 12th Sept.; Lewis, 20th April, 20th Sept.; Randolph, 12th May, 12th Oct.; Harrison, 20th May, 27th Oct.; Taylor, 20th May, 20th Oct.; Kanawha, 20th June, 20th Nov.; Putnam, 15th June, 15th Nov.

Tenth District—Nineteenth Circuit—DAVID MCOMAS, Judge—Ritchie, 27th March, 24th Aug.; Wood, 16th March, 30th Aug.; Boone, 20th May, 20th Oct.; Jackson, 10th April, 10th Sept.; Mason, 20th April, 20th Sept.; Cabell, 30th April, 30th Sept.; Wayne, 11th May, 11th Oct.; Logan, 17th May, 17th Oct.; Gilmer, 2d April, 16th Aug.; Wirt, 10th March, 12th Aug.

Twentieth Circuit—JOS. L. FRY, Judge—Preston, 30th March, 30th Aug.; Monongalia, 6th April, 6th Sept.; Marion, 15th April, 15th Sept.; Marshall, 27th April, 27th Sept.; Wetzel, 17th May, 17th Oct.; Tyler, 11th May, 11th Oct.; Doddridge, 5th May, 5th Oct.; Brooke, 24th May, 24th Oct.; Ohio, 5th June, 5th Nov.; Hancock, 1st June, 1st Nov.; Barbour, 22d March, 22d Aug.

Twenty-first Circuit—P. A. NICHOLAS, Judge—Henrico and City of Richmond, Criminal Terms, 17th April, 27th Oct.; Civil Terms, 8th May, 15th Nov.

Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond Circuit—JOHN ROBERTSON, Judge—1st Jan., 1st June.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Eastern—In the City of Richmond—From 15th Oct. to 16th Dec., inclusive; from 5th Jan. to 5th March; from 1st April to 14th May.

Western—At Lewisburg, Greenbrier county—To commence on the second Monday in July.

SPECIAL COURT—Commences at the State Court-house in Richmond, on the day after the General Court adjourns, unless such adjournment be on Saturday, in which case the Special Court shall commence on the Monday following.

GENERAL COURT—At Richmond—Last Monday in June and first Monday in December.

NEW JERSEY COURTS.

U. STATES' COURTS—Circuit Courts for the 3d Circuit, are held at Trenton, for the District of New Jersey, the 1st of April and 1st of Oct., except when these days fall on Sunday, then the Court opens on the 2d.

District Courts are held for the District of East Jersey, at New Brunswick, the second Tuesday of March and Sept.; at Burlington, for West Jersey, the third Tuesday of May and November.

A correct Calendar of Courts held in New Jersey, as prescribed by Act of 1845, on the following Tuesdays.

Chancery & App.	3 Jan.	3 April	3 July	3 Oct.
Sup. Court	3 Mar.	3 June	3 Sept.	3 Dec.
Atlantic	1 Jan.	1 April	1 July	1 Oct.
Bergen	1 Mar.	2 June	2 Sept.	2 Dec.
Burlington	1 Feb.	1 May	1 Aug.	1 Nov.
Camden	3 Feb.	3 May	3 Aug.	3 Nov.
Cape May	1 Feb.	1 May	1 Aug.	1 Nov.
Cumberland	2 Mar.	1 June	1 Aug.	1 Dec.
Essex	2 Feb.	2 May	2 Aug.	2 Nov.
Gloucester	4 Feb.	4 May	4 Aug.	4 Nov.
Hudson	4 Feb.	4 May	4 Aug.	4 Nov.
Hunterdon	2 Feb.	2 May	2 Aug.	2 Nov.
Mercer	1 Mar.	1 June	1 Sept.	1 Dec.
Middlesex	3 Feb.	3 May	3 Aug.	3 Nov.
Monmouth	1 Feb.	1 May	1 Aug.	1 Nov.
Morris	3 Feb.	3 May	3 Aug.	3 Nov.
Passaic	1 Mar.	1 June	1 Sept.	1 Dec.
Salem	3 Feb.	3 May	3 Aug.	3 Nov.
Somerset	4 Feb.	4 May	4 Aug.	4 Nov.
Sussex	1 Feb.	1 May	1 Aug.	1 Nov.
Warren	1 Mar.	1 June	1 Sept.	1 Dec.

DELAWARE COURTS.

Time of holding Courts—SUPERIOR COURT AND COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE.—This Court is held as follows: **Sussex County**—At Georgetown, on the 2d Monday in April, and the 2d Monday in Oct., in each year. **Kent County**—At Dover, on the 4th Monday in April, and the 4th Monday in October, in each year. **Newcastle County**—At Newcastle, on the 2d Monday after the April Term in Kent county, and on the 3d Monday in November, in each year.

COURT OF CHANCERY AND ORPHANS'

COURT—These Courts are held together in each of the three counties, at the following times: **Newcastle County**—At Newcastle, on the 3d Monday in February, and the 3d Monday in September, in each year. **Kent County**—At Dover, on the 1st Tuesday after the 4th Monday in March, and the 4th Monday in Sept., in each year. **Sussex County**—At Georgetown, on the 1st Tuesday after the 2d Monday in March, and the 1st Tuesday after the 3d Monday in Sept., in each year.

COURT OF ERRORS AND APPEAL—This Court is held at Dover on the 1st Tuesday in June, annually.

COURTS OF MARYLAND.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Western Shore—Annapolis, 3d Monday in June, and 1st Monday in December.
Eastern Shore—Easton, 1st Monday in June, and 3d Monday in November.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

Sits on the 2d Tuesday of March, 3d Tuesday of July, 4th Tuesday of Sept., and 1st Tuesday of Dec.

COUNTY COURTS.

Charles—Port Tobacco, 3d Monday in March and Aug.
St. Mary's—Leonardstown, 3d Monday in March and November.
Prince George's—Upper Marlborough, 1st Monday in April, and 2d Monday in October.
Cecil—Elkton, 1st Monday in April, and 3d Monday in October.
Kent—Chestertown, 3d Monday in March and Sept.
Queen Ann's—Centreville, 1st Monday in May and November.
Talbot—Easton, 3d Monday in May and November.
Calvert—Prince Fredericktown, 2d Monday in May and October.
Anne Arundel—Annapolis, 3d Monday in April, and 4th Monday in October.
Montgomery—Rockville, 1st Monday in March, and 2d Monday in November.
Caroline—Denton, 2d Monday in March and October.
Dorchester—Cambridge, 1st Monday in April, and 4th Monday in October.
Somerset—Princess Anne, 3d Monday in May and November.
Worcester—Snowhill, 1st Monday in May, and 2d Monday in November.
Frederick—Frederick city, 4th Monday in February and October.
Washington—Hagerstown, 4th Monday in March, and 3d Monday in November.
Alleghany—Cumberland, 3d Monday in April, and 2d Monday in October.
Harford—Bel-Air, 2d Monday in March and August.
Baltimore—For City Civil business—1st day of January, May and September.
Baltimore—For County business—1st Monday in April and November.
Baltimore's City Criminal Court—1st Monday in February, June and October.

ANATOMY OF MAN'S BODY AS SAID TO BE GOVERNED BY THE TWELVE CONSTELLATIONS.

Arms,
♊ GEMINI.

Heart,
♌ LEO.

Reins,
♎ LIBRA.

Thighs,
♐ SAGITTARIUS

Legs,
♑ AQUARIUS.

The Feet,
♒ PISCES.



The Head and Face,
♈ ARIES.

Neck,
♉ TAURUS

Breast,
♋ CANCER.

Bowels,
♍ VIRGO.

Secrets,
♏ SCORPIO.

Knees,
♑ CAPRICORN.

SHORT ALMANAC FOR THE YEAR 1850.

Being after the fourth of July the 75th of American Independence.

April.	March.	Feb'y.	Jan'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.	Sund'y.
28	29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
27	28	29	30	31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
31	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
24	25	26	27	28	29	30	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
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