



COL. NORTH'S DEATH

Supposition That His Sudden Death was Due to Accidental Poisoning.

He was a Magician Whose Touch Turned Everything to Gold—His Humble Origin.

London, May 8.—The death of Col. John Thomas North, known throughout the world as the "Nitrate King," is the subject of much speculation...

Col. North's racing losses, it is said, were more than \$500,000, and his income is supposed to have been more than \$500,000 a year.

Witnesses were drilled. Trusty and Caric Evans were questioned by a Hatter Street Detective.

Bell's mysterious fall. The son of Thomas Bell meets with a queer coincidence.

Cecil Rhodes' position. He paved the way for every Cabinet member before leaving England.

How to Treat a Wife. (From Pacific Health Journal.) First, get a wife; second, be patient.

THE WORLD'S BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

Hunyadi János

"A Bottle of Hunyadi János" is one of the first necessities of the household.

CAUTION: None genuine without the signature of the firm "Andreas Saxelehner" on the label.

A Prescription

For the tired washerwoman. Will save her nerves and prevent that "tired feeling."

1 TUB, 2 PAILS of INDURATED FIREWARE MAKE. (Light, Unbreakable, Durable)

DIRECTIONS:—Make use of every wash day.

The E. B. Eddy Co., Ltd, Hull, Que.

IT BROKE UP THE CHURCH.

Rev. Dr. Brown's Pulpit Will be Sold to Strangers.

San Francisco, May 8.—The officers of the First Congregational church, of which Rev. Dr. Brown was formerly pastor, have decided to sell the property at Post and Market streets.

You can hardly realize that it is medicine when taking Carter's Little Liver Pills; they are very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

PRETTY HIGH FLYING KITES Boys Can Send Their Messengers Two Miles High Easily.

Washington City, May 8.—If the boys of the country take advantage of their summer holidays, they will be flying kites, which will be far ahead of those used by the youngsters of a generation ago.

San Francisco, May 7.—Fredrick Bell, son of a millionaire, died at his home in the city of San Francisco.

Col. North was impulsive, liberal and generous; in person he was of medium height and moderately stout.

He was a magician whose touch turned everything to gold—his humble origin.

Witnesses were drilled. Trusty and Caric Evans were questioned by a Hatter Street Detective.

Bell's mysterious fall. The son of Thomas Bell meets with a queer coincidence.

Cecil Rhodes' position. He paved the way for every Cabinet member before leaving England.

How to Treat a Wife. (From Pacific Health Journal.) First, get a wife; second, be patient.

Foot is now well and I have been greatly benefited otherwise I have increased in weight and am in better health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

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LEGAL NOTICES

Estate of John Clark Pursuant to the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1894," and Amending Act, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that by Indenture dated the 24th day of May, 1896, John Clark, of Victoria, British Columbia, shopkeeper, assigned all his personal estate, effects and credits, which might be vested and sold under execution, and all his real estate, under assignment, and all his real estate, under assignment, and all his real estate, under assignment.

The said deed was executed by the said John Clark and the said trustees on the 24th day of May, 1896, and the said trustees accepted the trusts created by the said deed.

All persons having claims against the said John Clark are required to forward full particulars thereof, duly certified, on or before the 1st day of June, 1896, and persons indebted to the said John Clark are required to pay such debts positively to the undersigned.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the Government street, Victoria, on the 12th day of May, 1896, at the hour of 2:30 in the afternoon.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1896. RICHARD HALL, GRAHAM CAMPBELL, Trustees.

Notice. In the matter of the Estate of John Dyer, deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of John Dyer, deceased, are required to send particulars thereof, duly certified, on or before the 1st day of June, 1896, and persons indebted to the said John Dyer are required to pay such debts positively to the undersigned.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the Government street, Victoria, on the 12th day of May, 1896, at the hour of 2:30 in the afternoon.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1896. RICHARD HALL, GRAHAM CAMPBELL, Trustees.

Notice of Assignment. Pursuant to the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1894," and Amending Act, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas Wild Fletcher, of the Government street, Victoria, British Columbia, dealer in sewing machines, pianos and organs, has been made an assignee of his and the personal property of the said John Dyer, deceased, under assignment, and all his real estate, under assignment, and all his real estate, under assignment.

The said deed was executed by the said John Dyer and the said assignee on the 24th day of May, 1896, and the said assignee accepted the trusts created by the said deed.

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Notice of Assignment. Pursuant to the "Creditors Trust Deeds Act, 1894," and Amending Act, 1895.

Notice is hereby given that Philip Thomas Johnston, of the City of Victoria, carrying on business at No. 11 Douglas street, in the City of Victoria, under the firm name of P. T. Johnston & Co., seed merchant and nurseryman, has been made an assignee of his and the personal property of the said John Dyer, deceased, under assignment, and all his real estate, under assignment, and all his real estate, under assignment.

The said deed was executed by the said Philip Thomas Johnston and the said assignee on the 24th day of May, 1896, and the said assignee accepted the trusts created by the said deed.

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VETERINARY

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate of the Veterinary College, London, England.

J. J. SPARRAW, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate of the Veterinary College, London, England.

SCAVENGERS. JULIUS WEST GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc.

WANTS. WANTED—Scrap potatoes. Must be cheap. Apply E. N. Times office.

HOUSE WANTED—With not less than 10 or 12 rooms, must be conveniently situated. Rent must be low. Give particulars and address expected on one year's lease with option to purchase, to or three years. Address "N. O. P." Times office.

INFORMATION WANTED—Of William Henry Lee, a native of the Township of Marlborough, Ont., aged about 50; 5 ft. 3 in or 2 ft. 6 in; formerly wore dark brown hair and dark eyes; speaks English and French; born about eight years ago; was in British Columbia. His brother is anxious to correspond with him. Address JAMES LEE, Almonte, Ont. (M-F-14)

TWO GOOD COWS for sale. Apply Apply to Ross Bay. m-18

BEAUTIFUL flowering plants, 20 for \$1 for cash only during one week at J. T. Higgins, Florist, Cadboro Bay road, Cadboro Bay, B. C. m-14

FOR SALE—A well bred 4-year-old horse, suitable for saddle or carriage. Apply 101 Douglas street. m-14

GOOD WOOD FOR SALE—Orders can be left with Beaumont Hooper, Broad street, or W. McNeill at E. & N. station. m-14

FOR SALE—Cows, good milkers, James Meldrum, Douglas street, near FORTUNE. m-14

FOR SALE—A portion of the N. & S. Standard Agricultural Society's land in South Saanich, consisting of 20 acres more or less, about 20 acres clear, never falling streams of water. For further particulars apply to the secretary, H. E. Halston, Tofino, B. C. m-14

CORNER LOT and two dwellings on E. corner of Douglas and Market streets, near fountain. This property must be sold, only a bargain for some one. Geo. W. Haynes, 9 Terrace street. m-14

FOR SALE—Old, respectable trade; suitable for young capital. Apply J. C. Times office. m-14

FOR SALE—A bargain. The Victoria Hotel, 71 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. in good running order; for particulars apply to F. J. Dawley, P. O. Box 286, or on the premises. m-14

FARMING LAND FOR SALE—See front. Cheap. 101 Douglas street. m-14

FOR SALE—A Peterboro canoe, carpet and cushions. Price \$50. Apply E. J. P. m-14

TO LET. TO LET—No. 167 Pandora avenue, near door to Mr. P. J. Claxton; two-story, eight rooms; modern conveniences; electric light; perfect order; also hot water furnace. Apply Dalby & Claxton. m-14

TO LET—Furnished house, to quiet locality, less than five minutes' ride from post office; suitable for small family; rent very moderate. Address E. Times office. m-14

TO LET—Nicer furnished rooms single or en suite, also housekeeping rooms. Apply the Balmain, Douglas street. m-14

MISCELLANEOUS. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—An investment is offered, strictly profitable, capital required from \$2,000 to \$5,000. Address for particulars "Business," Times office. m-14

PIANOFORTE OR SINGING taught by lady recently from the Royal Academy of Music, London, and from Trinity College, London. For terms apply Mrs. Paulson, 405-410 Michigan street. m-14

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS—set in type. Use this paragraph, not by any other word each insertion, and are published at the Times office each day of publication up to 1 p. m. m-14

A & W WILSON. PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Sell Gas and Water. Dealers in best foreign and domestic gas and water pipes. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 121. m-14

For Sale or To Let. Splendid Farm, 80 acres, for sale or to let at Spanish. Fine house, barn and chicken house (holds 100 chickens). 30 acres ready to plough; remainder good for grazing. Apply A. HARMAN & CO., 30 Broad Street. m-14

JEWELLERS, ETC. American Waterbury \$1. ANSONIA ALARMS, GERMAN ALARMS, 100. Guaranteed two years. S. A. STODDART. The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 28-19 WATER STREET. Clean Waterbury thoroughly for \$25. New Waterbury \$25. Balance and work for 12 months. Genuine guarantee of work for 12 months. REALS TIGHT WANTED. UNDERTAKERS. OHAS HAYWARD (Established 1881).

GEORGE R. MAXWELL

The Opposition Candidate for Burrard at His First Public Meeting.

His Views on the Issues Before the Electors—Mr. Cotton's Ingratitude.

At the opposition meeting in Vancouver on Tuesday evening to rally the nomination of Mr. George R. Maxwell for Burrard district, Mr. Maxwell spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman and electors of Burrard district: My nervousness to-night may call for some explanation, and I may best illustrate it by a story I once heard of an Irishman who on the night before the battle of Waterloo was shaking and trembling, as many a good and many a brave man has done under similar circumstances.

Lord Wellington came along, and seeing where Pat Dorel his country was, he enquired what was the matter. "Why," said Pat, "I'm shakin' to be at 'em." (Laughter.) "That may be true later on. I must wait to see what Richmonds are in the field. I must confess that I rise with considerable trepidation this evening to thank you for nominating me as your candidate, to fight your battles in the conflict which we have begun. Against my earnest wishes, expressed in speech and letter, you gave me a unanimous nomination. I wanted to retire, to stay with my good people, and had so decided, but when you would take no denial, and when you expressed your desires in so emphatic a way, I had to bow to your wishes, and accept the honor which you proffered to me. You know I did not seek it; you know I did not ask in any shape or form one single delegate to vote for me, and when it came to me in the way in which it did I felt then, and I feel now, that there was an urgent call from a large portion of my respected fellow-citizens, for me to fight their political battle. (Hear, hear.)

Gentlemen, I will not disguise the fact that I have been passing through a great struggle; that I have been fighting one of those battles which must be fought upon the battlefield of the heart; and the seeming instability of which I have been accused, was but the instability which is ever characteristic of those who realize both the nobility of the claimants who are pressing their respective claims, and the gravity of the step dependent upon a choice. The battle demands a leader. There are principles to be enunciated, facts to be declared, wrongs to be denounced, injustices to be exposed, attacks to be made—all for the purpose of routing the enemy. I step forward thus in obedience to your call to become your standard bearer, and I can assure you that nothing will be wanting on my part to lead you on to a grand and glorious victory. (Cries of approbation.) One small matter has touched my heart, gentlemen. That is the manly and unselfish treatment, kindness and loyalty which I have received from my competitors, Mr. Templeton and Mr. Dawson. (Hear, hear.) I know a great many honor them for their integrity and uprightness of character, and it must have been pleasing to them to have such a manifestation of public favor—such as they received. Mr. Templeton is well known in this city; has been all through a public-spirited citizen; has been the recipient of many marks of public favor, and there is not the slightest doubt but that if he had been chosen to lead the forces of the opposition party, he would have raised such a dust in the field as would have discomfited our foes. (Applause.) Mr. Dawson is a young citizen, and not so well known, but he is known among his friends as a fluent speaker, a sound thinker and a jolly good fellow. His strength at the convention was creditable to his gifts, and had he been chosen I have not the slightest doubt but that our political enemies would have found in him a foe man worthy of their steel. (Hear, hear.) You will find it otherwise. You turned towards my humble self, and in doing so you gave me two staunch and loyal lieutenants, who will stand by my side all through the contest and who will do not a little to gain that victory which your chairman says is sure and certain. (Applause.)

Gentlemen, I thank you, and when the time comes when your fellow citizens ask you to do some service for them, you can count upon me as one of your unflinching friends, who will strain every nerve to give you the honor which is your due. (Applause.) Gentlemen, I suppose that one of the things which is sure to come to a man who stands in my position is criticism. I don't disapprove of criticism. Properly done, it may perform a needed service. I suppose that most of you know that Mr. Cotton treated me in an editorial. That is worth something. To know that there has been in the thoughts of an intellectual and political giant, degrading his thoughts, filling his dreams with loathly specters, and murdering sleep, is surely a matter of great moment, and shows the strength of the opposition party. If the nomination of your candidate caused such a tremor to pass through the editor in his sanctum, I have no consolation to give, because if I disturb him before I speak at all, it disturbs him worse on the 23rd of June. (Laughter and applause.) In an editorial article now in it is far from friendly. I will not dissect it in the meantime; but gentlemen, I will ask you, Mr. Cotton the man to deal thus with me? (Cries of "no, no.") Some of you will remember that two years ago, when he was helpless, and could do nothing for himself, when he was under a cloud, such as few men get into—(Laughter.) This is not a matter for levity, gentlemen. I am stating facts—I joined with many of you in putting him where he is to-day. You remember how I fought, remembering my own position, my own health, my own health, how I was abused, and yet gentlemen, this man turns round at a moment when he is called upon to answer what I did to him, and takes upon a matter which was none of his business, and tries through that to stir up who had been one of his truest friends. Gentlemen, I say with Shakespeare:

I hate ingratitude more in a man than lying, falsehood, flattery, drunkenness, or any fault of mine, whose source corruption is. Ingratitude our first blood.

Mr. Chairman, I will not deny that I am ambitious. I have been ambitious all my life; but I know you will not blame me for that. I was taught to be ambitious. The men and the women who spoke to me; the poems I learned; the books I read, all taught me to aspire. One of the men who most influenced me in my youth was Benjamin Disraeli. What did he say to me? "The youth who does not look up will look down; and the spirit that does not soar is destined to sink." I tell you that it was the teaching and example which this great chieftain gave me that roused the slumbering forces of my life, that urged me to books, in school, to the university, to struggle and to discipline, and here I am, still ambitious. (Applause.) But not for office, not for money, not for honor; but to be service to my fellow men. What if I should say I am ambitious to be prime minister of Canada. Would you fault me? (Laughter and cries of "go ahead; get there.") Many a more unlikely thing has happened, and many a more unlikely man has got there. (Laughter.) I tell you I would not give a cent for a man or the chance of a man who is ambitious. So long as poetry tells us about a man—

Who breaks his birth's inviolable bar, And grasps the skirts of happy chance; And grasps the blows of circumstance, And grapples with his evil star, Who makes by force his merit known, And lives to clutch the golden key, To mould a mighty state's decrees, And shape the whispers of a throne.

nonense to say that that man should be dumb. In British Columbia a minister is classed among lunatics, and criminals. His class is the only class of sane and decent men exempted from having and enjoying any gift in the power of the people to bestow. I hold that it is an injustice, a wrong which no other individual would like done to him. When, therefore, a minister has to cease from being a man; when he has to become a nonentity, then, I say, you cannot have men to fill that position. Gives them the rights and the privileges which are given to other men, and you will get men; yes, the best men, to minister unto them. (Hear, hear.) Farther, my view of what is sacred, and what is secular, is different from a great many people. I do not believe in that classification. I believe it is false. Everything that concerns the well-being of the people and our country, to me is sacred. What will lighten their burden; what will give them a fair share of what they earn; what will make their homes happier; their comforts pleasanter, and their joys more numerous, is sacred. What will lessen the struggle for existence; what will lift men up to a higher, material and intellectual plane, and what will diffuse Heaven's profuse gifts more righteously among men, all to me is sacred. (Hear, hear.) I have no patience with those who tell me that my work is to drill men for Heaven, and let earthly things

expressed, or rather, if you give me the chance, I want to get at the chief place in our Dominion, where the people can be benefited, that I may have the opportunity of putting my beliefs into tangible shape, and that I may be enabled to help every good man, and every good effort to benefit Vancouver city, British Columbia, and this grand Dominion which we all love so dearly. (Cheers and applause.) It will be evident to you, gentlemen, that I take a noble view of my politics. The idea is abroad that the politics of our country is a dirty business, that it is a sort of a swamp, full of pestilential miasmas, and that a good man endures both his health and his reputation to go near. Now, if such were true, do you not see that both those who have made the government of our country such a disreputable business, and those who keep it disreputable, are guilty of a serious crime. If the best men of our country can't touch politics without hurting themselves, then so much the worse for our country. Gentlemen, I regard that as a slander; I believe it to be false, and because I believe it to be false, I feel that the best men anywhere can be engaged in no nobler work than in legislating so as to promote the best interests of the people. But if this was true, that our political life is so corrupt, then the demand comes with all the greater force, that the best men should be patriotic enough to offer their services to do away with

over the battle rages and wages, there let them fight with all their might, out for party, but for the good of the country. One of the poets cries aloud: Give us men, men whom the spoils of office cannot buy. And with these Canada will go on year by year prospering and to prosper. (Applause.) Continuing, Mr. Maxwell said that he was preparing the way for future remarks. If they went into the matter they would find that politics is the science of government. Some of the science it might be well to note. In realizing the nobility underlying true principles, one thing was uppermost—that justice should be characteristic of good government. (Hear, hear.) Cicero told them that the aim of all the laws of the government was for the public good. When good was not in the air, that government was not good and was no use to the people living under it. Many governments in the past have been turned out of power by perpetrating an injustice. The people were being suffered usually and would stand all manner of abuses, but to tolerate "injustice" never. Under the present paternal government of this Dominion they saw the people's rights given to monopolists. They saw Canada hold in the hands of monopolists. They saw a new kind of slavery. (Applause.) When the interests of the few were allowed to take precedence over those of the many, just so long as the govern-

Some of the gentlemen who had spent money in this manner could get sent to prison, but get back to parliament and were welcomed by the princely nabobs of the Conservative party. (Shame and hear, hear.) There must be some expression of dissent against this some purification of rights, some display of resistance and fight, and that this shall not exist. They must say that they must be governed by honest principles and fight to glorify the honor of the country. They would find that morality was a great element in politics, and Plato and Aristotle confirmed this. He asked what morality was in a man who would vote just because it was in the interests of the party. They had an instance of this only a few weeks ago, when members of parliament voted for the remedial bill, voting against their conscience, having in sight a fat jacket or some other office as a reward. What morality could exist under such conditions? Indignation should be shown at such tactics, and they should send into the cool shades of opposition these men until they could learn the duty of governing better. They had sown and now must reap the whirlwind. (Loud applause.) He would have more to say upon this and other subjects and was only paying the way for future work. (Hear, hear.) A lot had been said in the papers of the kind of man wanted, and he, the speaker, had wondered where such a man could be found. He could think of no one. He had tried to do his duty here for five years and had tried to work in the interests of all, as had been occasionally demonstrated. It was said that a poor man should not be elected as the representative of Burrard district; if so, this was bad. (Laughter.) He had no money. Men like Disraeli, Alexander Mackenzie, and others would never care held the positions of honor from the people they did if only rich men were wanted. (Hear, hear.) Disraeli said: "I have got no money, but I can stand on my head." (Cheers and loud applause.) He, the speaker, had spent all the money he could earn on his head, and he placed all this at their disposal in helping forward all their interests. (Applause.) "Their editor" wanted to get his platform and so he had to say whether he was fish or fowl. (Laughter.) He could not see what difference it made to Mr. Cotton what his platform was, but he would inform the editor that it was not his platform that was under discussion, but the platform or misdeeds of the government. Mr. Cotton would have all he could do in the next few weeks to attend to that and he would see that he was kept busy. But the government was left, and the speaker only regretted that he had not been at the funeral. They had had a big succession of men in the past few years. If Sir John Macdonald had been alive the Conservative party would not have been in the mud as now. (Applause.) They had had Sir John Thompson. They had had the brains and the head and they had the "Bovells" lately. (Sustained laughter and cheers.) He said that they had the "Bovells," and now only one was left as a doctor who had prescribed to help the dominant party into the grave. (Cheers.) The indignities, the sins of omission and commission were going down, and he had to tell Mr. Cotton that he would have little time to go into this, the speaker's platform, as he would have all he could do to explain away his sins of his party. If he was enabled to go to Ottawa his feet would be on solid ground as far as Manitoba's rights were concerned. (Cheers.) That was a live issue yet. If he was returned there would be no more uncompromising man in what he held as an attitude—no compromise—no compromise. (Hear, hear.) One plank he would oppose, the importation of Chinese slaves. (Applause.) If returned, in regard to schools he would go bolus bolus for secular education. (Applause.) He would try and bind the ties with the mother country more closely, ties which never should have been broken, which never support preferential trade. He had, he thought, sounded the bugle that the war had begun, and he asked them to fight hand-in-hand and shoulder-to-shoulder. If they did this on the 23rd of June, he would not be lost or even least. He relied on their efforts to place him at the top of the poll and be the first number for the Burrard district. (Continued applause.)



"Help! help! Meredith, Chapleau, Hugh John, Pelletier, somebody—anybody—in the name of God, help, and be quick about it!"

So long will some men aspire, not to make their fellow men stepping stones for personal enrichment, but that they may be enabled to do the greatest good to the greatest number. (Prolonged applause.) I make one more personal reference. It has been represented, that the step I have taken is a backward one. I will shatter no one's idol, and whatever view a man takes of a minister, he is welcome to it. I have, however, one of my own. I regard the idea that a minister is too good to touch material questions. He is a man; he is a citizen. What affects other men and other citizens affects him. Bad government is as detrimental to his interests as to any other person. He has his rights like any other man. I question if any man reads more than he does. By education he is as well fitted to form an opinion, and to express his opinion, as any other one in the city. No man knows more about the people than he does. He meets them in their homes, talks with them; gets to know their habits, their hardships, their poverty, and their desires. No man is more in sympathy with the people than he is, for what impoverishes them impoverishes him. To me it is the very height of

what is a reproach to us. Readers of Greek history know something about the famous Aeneas, stable, and now Hercules, the strong, bold man, clean-cut, his feet infected chambers. That is one of the deeds for which we still praise and honor that wonderful man—one of the deeds which have given a place in the Pantheon of humanity. If our politics seem such a stable, then all the more need is it that we should call the best men wherever we can find them, to cleanse, to purify them, so as to make them an honor to us. It can be done, if you will, by your votes, say, Go and do it, we are with you. A distinguished German, nearly a hundred years ago, said there are more good people in the world than bad ones, and if the bad get the upper hand, then it is because the good are recumbent to their duty. I believe with all my heart that there are more good people than bad in Canada, and if the bad have ruled and governed us as in this political wilderness, then it is because the good and the honest men of this country have not stepped through. Do not tell me that the good should step out. I say they should step in and keep in, and when

ment decided not to legislate in the interests of the people of Canada as a whole, it lay to them to see that the government was opposed and the interests of all conserved. They must have legislation for the people, not for the few. (Hear, hear.) The government had got the idea that the party was the country. He believed in party to some extent, but never before principles. Honesty must be the base of all dealings, as they must remember that the people put their money into the hands of the government to spend wisely and well. The government could not expect to get all the votes, but they did not get all the money. (Laughter.) There was no difference between Mr. Templeton's dollar and Mr. Wilson's, the president of the senior Conservative party. They were the same, and he defied the finance minister to tell the difference. (Laughter.) When they saw the ministers going about the country and giving money to works of no particular use, but to see particular men (showed in a particular district, was their money being properly used? This was how the people's money was used, together with a great deal of money, and when spent for the benefit of all, not the few.

Some of the gentlemen who had spent money in this manner could get sent to prison, but get back to parliament and were welcomed by the princely nabobs of the Conservative party. (Shame and hear, hear.) There must be some expression of dissent against this some purification of rights, some display of resistance and fight, and that this shall not exist. They must say that they must be governed by honest principles and fight to glorify the honor of the country. They would find that morality was a great element in politics, and Plato and Aristotle confirmed this. He asked what morality was in a man who would vote just because it was in the interests of the party. They had an instance of this only a few weeks ago, when members of parliament voted for the remedial bill, voting against their conscience, having in sight a fat jacket or some other office as a reward. What morality could exist under such conditions? Indignation should be shown at such tactics, and they should send into the cool shades of opposition these men until they could learn the duty of governing better. They had sown and now must reap the whirlwind. (Loud applause.) He would have more to say upon this and other subjects and was only paying the way for future work. (Hear, hear.) A lot had been said in the papers of the kind of man wanted, and he, the speaker, had wondered where such a man could be found. He could think of no one. He had tried to do his duty here for five years and had tried to work in the interests of all, as had been occasionally demonstrated. It was said that a poor man should not be elected as the representative of Burrard district; if so, this was bad. (Laughter.) He had no money. Men like Disraeli, Alexander Mackenzie, and others would never care held the positions of honor from the people they did if only rich men were wanted. (Hear, hear.) Disraeli said: "I have got no money, but I can stand on my head." (Cheers and loud applause.) He, the speaker, had spent all the money he could earn on his head, and he placed all this at their disposal in helping forward all their interests. (Applause.) "Their editor" wanted to get his platform and so he had to say whether he was fish or fowl. (Laughter.) He could not see what difference it made to Mr. Cotton what his platform was, but he would inform the editor that it was not his platform that was under discussion, but the platform or misdeeds of the government. Mr. Cotton would have all he could do in the next few weeks to attend to that and he would see that he was kept busy. But the government was left, and the speaker only regretted that he had not been at the funeral. They had had a big succession of men in the past few years. If Sir John Macdonald had been alive the Conservative party would not have been in the mud as now. (Applause.) They had had Sir John Thompson. They had had the brains and the head and they had the "Bovells" lately. (Sustained laughter and cheers.) He said that they had the "Bovells," and now only one was left as a doctor who had prescribed to help the dominant party into the grave. (Cheers.) The indignities, the sins of omission and commission were going down, and he had to tell Mr. Cotton that he would have little time to go into this, the speaker's platform, as he would have all he could do to explain away his sins of his party. If he was enabled to go to Ottawa his feet would be on solid ground as far as Manitoba's rights were concerned. (Cheers.) That was a live issue yet. If he was returned there would be no more uncompromising man in what he held as an attitude—no compromise—no compromise. (Hear, hear.) One plank he would oppose, the importation of Chinese slaves. (Applause.) If returned, in regard to schools he would go bolus bolus for secular education. (Applause.) He would try and bind the ties with the mother country more closely, ties which never should have been broken, which never support preferential trade. He had, he thought, sounded the bugle that the war had begun, and he asked them to fight hand-in-hand and shoulder-to-shoulder. If they did this on the 23rd of June, he would not be lost or even least. He relied on their efforts to place him at the top of the poll and be the first number for the Burrard district. (Continued applause.)

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEAD ACHE DR. HANINGTON

Calendar for the month of May, showing days of the week and dates from 1 to 31.

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER Room 7, Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

SIR DONALD'S OPINION.

The Colonist affects to be greatly elated over Sir Charles Tupper's electoral defeat, and this morning roundly denounces Hon. Wilfrid Laurier for not having also issued a manifesto. The Colonist adds: "Can any man in Canada, whether he is Conservative or Liberal, Protestant or Catholic, say with truth and sincerity that the Hon. Mr. Laurier has been equally frank, open and honest in his utterances on political questions?"

CLEVER AND EXPEDIENT.

The irrepressible Sir Charles has been at it again. Here is what the Colonist's Winnipeg correspondent reports him as saying in an interview: "He had most reliable advices from all parts of the Dominion, all of the most encouraging character for the Conservative party, who would sweep the Maritime Provinces, have a large majority in Quebec, and Ontario would respond nobly, as for every Conservative seat in danger they were likely to capture one of the Liberals, who were building in the sand."

THE COLONEL'S BILL.

Three different apologists have appeared for Col. Prior's bill relating to Victoria polling districts, to wit, Mr. McPhillips, Senator Macdonald and the Colonist. Of these the only one to offer what may be termed a straight defence is the first named. The other two pointedly ignore the fact that Col. Prior's bill as it was introduced in the Senate provided that: "The returning officer shall forthwith, upon the receipt of the writ of election, sub-divide the polling district into not less than five and not more than six polling districts, and from the list of voters in force for the said polling district shall prepare and have printed for each of the polling districts so formed a separate voters' list."

It only, whereupon Senator McInnes and myself pointed out to the printer that district 10 required subdividing more than district 11. The bill was then amended to include both districts. The man who can reconcile Senator Macdonald's and Mr. McPhillips' apologies must be an expert. One says district No. 10 was most in need of relief and the other puts forward district No. 11.

It is a mistake, perhaps to call the Colonist's effort an apology; it is only a feeble, though windy, attack on "Joe Martin" and the "Grits."

As Senator Macdonald affects to speak with some authority on this matter we should like to ask him how it happened that this measure, said to be so much needed, was not introduced before the last week of the session, when parliament had already far more business than it could dispose of.

Why was not Senator McInnes' suggestion adopted, namely, that each of the two districts, 10 and 11, should be divided into two parts, city and rural? If that had been done nobody would have objected, and nobody can truthfully say that all needed relief would not have been afforded.

In conclusion we may ask why it was that certain of Col. Prior's friends here boasted of the measure he was to introduce as one that would help them and bring confusion on the Liberals.

There is one thing to be said in favor of Mr. Bowser, the candidate of the Conservatives in Vancouver. He is not afraid of discussion, as are the Victoria Tories. He invited his opponent, Mr. Maxwell, to attend his meeting last evening.

Little Sir Oliver is hard to beat. It is letting on a sure thing to name him as the winning side.

The only way to get rid of corruption is to turn the whole pack of corruptionists out and then disinfect the premises. Whitewashing won't do.

If there is a single man in this province who still believes in Tupper promises his relatives ought to have guardians appointed.

The friend of Sir Mackenzie Bowell ought to be the last people to vote for the men who kicked him out in public humiliation and with indecent rejoicing.

However gaily it enters, the country cannot afford another Tupper regime. Times are too hard for luxuries.

With one Conservative candidate fighting for five thousand dollars and the charms of Ottawa society, and the other for the privilege of playing dumb charades in the commons, it's going to be a stiff skirmish.

Winnipeg Free Press: If Sir Charles Tupper had visited Winnipeg when the invitation was first extended to him he would have received a welcome worthy of his great abilities and past services. It is not sure now that any good object is to be served by his coming. If it is to tell the people of Manitoba that another remedial bill is to be introduced unless the Manitoba government gets down on their marrow bones, he may find that his mission to the west is about the worst misfortune that could happen to his political friends.

BLINKER STRICTLY IN IT.

Looking a bit chirpy and well to tell de truth, boys, what wid de financial worry and anxiety of de Vernon trip and de majestic air of nonchalant which I is to assume when I passes de Elsee wardhiders on de street, I ain't quite at meself, and dat's a fact. But don't tink dis chicken's forgot de number of his telephone, not by a long chalk. As Collie used to tell Steve Gage, "It's a cold day when Blinker gits left." I kin der tumbled dat de core wat steered me up to Vernon was a preshus site smarter dan he looked—see! He tink I knows too much, and jist cools me into taking a sneak, but when he sees me turn up smiling again, he makes de best of a bad job, and he and me forms a coalition. You see he's right on de inside, and wid me to pull de strings we won't do a fling, we won't! It's dis way, Prior won de election by a bare one squeak, and he's been stuck in to a office where dere's a little patronage to dish out, de local Elsee ducklings naturally want to stand in wid der Kernel. Cos why? If he gits back, an' de party wid him, Blots is to be made deputy-inspector of sub-queens bicycles, dough he tink he ought to be collector of de port, and Swashbuckler Jimmy will git promoted to commander-in-Chief of de Sanich Rangers. So dey puts der heads together and figures out like dis. It's a dead sure they can't shoot two, and we'll just boom de Kernel and let Earle slide. And don't you tink fer a minute dat dey overlooked a point. In de official organ, it's been Kernel-did-dit and Kernel did dat, but nary a word about Earle. You'd tink de Kernel run de whole government to hear dem tell it, but Earle—oh! he's a good feller, dey don't tink! Dat's jist where dey's fooled, Earle's all right. He don't say much, but he tink a whole lot, and amongst de boys, he stands ace high, whilst de Kernel's got more enemies dan a rattlesnake in a Fresno pie pan. Earle come home de oder day, and how many brass bands did de Elsees have to meet him? Was Blots and de Elsee ex-coxy to de wharf to give him de glad hand? Not much dey wasn't, not by a blamed site. Dey'd have overlooked him altogether but he's got de long and very green, and dey mean to pull his leg, every strong wen de contribution, let's see round. But if we, and my part gits in my grand he'll give dem de glass stare, see. Their work's a little too coos, for between you an' me, de old man's as smart as Huxtableton, only a blamed site more honest. Well, so long. See you again, cos I've got to go and organize a Workman's Protection Association for de Probes Distribution of de Conservative Sock.



To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria:

Gentlemen: We respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election for the House of Commons, at which we will be candidates in the interest of the Opposition party.

In our opinion the time has arrived when, for the welfare of Canada and to ensure a revival of prosperity in this constituency and throughout the Dominion, a change in the federal administration is absolutely necessary.

We fully endorse the Opposition platform, adopted at the Ottawa convention in June, 1893. As the candidates of that party we are opposed to the ruinous fiscal policy which has now had a trial of eighteen years, and are of opinion that the "highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing any injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade and hasten a return of prosperity to our people, and to that end we believe that the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government."

We believe in provincial rights, and will oppose centralism in any form towards the provinces of the Dominion in respect to matters upon which they have been entrusted with the powers to legislate. In the matter of the Manitoba School Question we are of opinion that the offer of the Greenway government to amend the school law that the clergyman or representative of any denomination would have the right to impart religious instruction in the public schools, at stated times, was a most reasonable one, and that it ought to have been accepted by the majority as a compromise and by all parties as a liberal and adequate compliance with the judgment of the privy council. We are still in hope that, along these lines and under the policy of conciliation of Mr. Laurier—to whom all Canada is now looking for a final settlement of this disturbing question—the strife and intolerance which are provoked by denominational differences and religious fanaticism will forever disappear from the arena of Canadian politics, at least in so far as the public school system of our country is concerned.

We will support a progressive railway policy, and if elected will strongly urge the importance of assisting a trunk line to open up the great country in the northern part of British Columbia, by which a transcontinental line would traverse a rich and yet uninhabited region.

We are opposed to the "bleeding process" whereby the province of British Columbia has been forced for years to contribute to the Dominion treasury in customs, excise, fishery and other dues, and to eastern monopolists, over two million dollars a year in excess of the sum returned to us for all purposes.

We believe that it is possible to administer public affairs absolutely free from the scandals that have been a marked characteristic of the rule of the present and late administrations, and will support no man or set of men that will shield criminals, whitewash hoodlums, or condone corruption in high places.

We believe in Canada and have faith in her future. Her progress has been retarded by a ruinous tariff and by maladministration in every department of the public service. High taxation has been crushing the energies of her people, who have been leaving the country at the rate of one hundred thousand a year to find in the United States opportunities to live denied them at home. Bad government has checked, to an extent simply incalculable, her progress, but it has not only because it had not time in eighteen years irretrievably ruined both the people and the country. With an electorate influenced by principle and right, there is still great hope for our country, and especially for this province with its immense natural wealth and magnificent opportunities for expansion.

Keeping in mind, then, the great issues upon which you will be called to pronounce a verdict—remembering the non-progressive state of the country, the unfair treatment which British Columbia has received, the failure of the protective tariff, the debasement of Canadian political life by ministers of the crown, and all minor questions—we respectfully invite you to consider if the time has not come for the electors of Victoria to demand that the old order of things shall be reversed and that a new and a better system of government shall be inaugurated in its stead.

Faithfully yours, W. TEMPLEMAN, G. L. MILNE.

Patronize Home Industry.

Buy British Columbia Creamery Butter. The finest in the market. Try it and be convinced. Each block marked M. & E. A full stock always on hand at IDEAL PROVISION STORE, 95 Yates Street - D. E. Fottiger, Mgr.

Advertisement for Reputation Dress Goods, Millinery and Parasols. Text: "Reputation is secured by long experience of fairness and honesty and lost by a few mistakes. We see to it that every article in our store is a reputation builder. If there is a flaw or fault in the stock we do not know it. Just now we would talk of our New Things in Dress Goods, Millinery and Parasols. We much desire the Ladies of this city to find out by examination how careful we are to say exactly what we mean, neither more nor less. Remember, all the Newest, Nearest Articles in the Dry Goods and Millinery line are here at unsurpassed values. JOHN PARTRIDGE, LANDSDOWNE HOUSE, 86 YATES STREET."

Advertisement for THE MINSTREL FESTIVAL. Text: "THE MINSTREL FESTIVAL, VICTORIA THEATRE, FRIDAY and SATURDAY May 8 & 9. The Victoria Amateur MINSTRELS. DIRECTOR—JOHN M. FINN. Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieut-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, the Commander-in-Chief, Rear Admiral Stephenson, Lieut. Col. Rawlinson, R.M.A., the Deputy Adjutant General, Major Mulhead, R.E., and Lieut-Col. Prior and officers of the 6th Regiment, C.A. For the benefit of the Band Fund of the 6th Regiment. The Consummation of Superb Minstrelry! SEE: The Gorgeous First Part; 8 End Men; 16 Dancers; 35 Choristers; The Delightful Serpentine; The Broovies' Frolic; The Intricate Military Manoeuvres and Plantation Pastimes. A model production of exclusive features. PRICES—21, 25c, 50c, and 25c—Reserved seats at Jamieson's."

Advertisement for FLIES. Text: "FINEST ENGLISH and Scotch Varieties From 50c to 30¢ a dozen. Largest and Handsomest assortment in British Columbia. All classes of Fishing Tackle. Complete stock of Cricket and Lawn Tennis goods. HENRY SHORT & SONS, 415-1st 72 Douglas street."

Advertisement for NEW Dining Room, Bedroom, Parlor, Hall Suites. Text: "Baby Buggies—the newest models. Full lines of Carpets, Crockery, Glassware and General Furnishings at rock-bottom prices. B. C. Furniture Co., Government street. JACOB SEHL, Manager."

Advertisement for DENTISTRY. Text: "One-Half the Usual Prices. For one month longer DR. MOODY will continue to give his services at the prices so advertised last month. This is owing to the very great demand that has been made upon his time—many patients having had to be turned away; so until the 1st of May these prices will hold good! Valuable base plates, perfect adaptation to the mouth. Full Set of Teeth, \$10.00. Very Best Set of Teeth, \$10.00. Five Teeth, 5.00. Gold Filling, 2.00. Amalgam Filling, 1.00. Cement Filling, 1.00. Extracting Teeth, 50. Children's Teeth, 25. Cleaning Teeth, 1.00. The very best workmanship and material guaranteed. REMEMBER the best workmanship and the latest appliances and methods used in my office. The same work for which before the cut double the amount was charged. By aid of Electric Resistor work can be done just as well in the evenings. Dr. H. P. MOODY, Graduate of Philadelphia Dental College and Hospital of Oral Surgery. NORTH THE ADDRESS—Moody Block, Cor. Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria B.C. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT."

Advertisement for BICYCLISTS. Text: "\$1.50 TO BICYCLISTS \$1.50. Ocean Accident and Guarantee Company, Limited, OFFER. Bicycle Accident Tickets for \$1.50. GIVING BENEFITS AS UNDER: \$1,000 for death, or the loss to two eyes, or two hands, or two feet, or a hand and a foot by a bicycle accident. \$333 for the loss of a hand, or a foot, or an eye by a bicycle accident. \$5 weekly for total disablement by a bicycle accident, or caused by Typhoid, Typhus or Scarlet Fever, or Smallpox, weekly for partial disablement by a bicycle accident. APPLY... Robert Ward & Co., Ltd., General Agents for British Columbia. WM. WILSON, Prest. R. T. WILLIAMS, Secy."

Advertisement for Freeburn Gold Mining Company, Limited Liability. Text: "Incorporated Under the Act of 1890, and Amending Acts. Capital, \$500,000, in Shares of \$1 Each. Trustees: Wm. Wilson, Jno. Irving, L. Goodacre. The above company was incorporated for the purposes of purchasing and developing the Freeburn mineral claim, situated near Rossland, B.C. The Freeburn lies immediately east of the Nest Egg ground and adjoins the Homestake on the north, the Gopher being southeast and Palo Alto northeast of it. There are three well defined ledges of ore on the claim, two running easterly and westerly and one north and south, varying in width from three to twenty feet. W. A. Crane, who examined the property, states: 'The north vein is no doubt the Nest Egg vein, and appears true and strong, but it is as yet untouched. I also examined all strikes and found them correct, leaving no flaw in title. The claim is admirably situated for working purposes, and will, I am sure, respond to development and prove a very valuable property. I have been mining and examining mines for fifteen years, and have found all the physical conditions favorable for the Freeburn to rank with our best mines.' H. Stevenson, superintendent of the Homestake and Nest Egg mines, states: 'With proper development I would look to see this property (the Freeburn) becoming valuable as a gold producer, its ores increasing in size and value as depth and development are attained. The fact of the railroad now being built across the claim adds to its value materially, as it gives a very cheap output for its ores. Its adjoining the Homestake on the north adds materially to its worth.' J. J. Heneger, a practical miner and mine owner, makes an affidavit in which occurs the following statements: 'The Freeburn has upon it three well defined ledges of gold bearing rock. Two of the said ledges are about three hundred feet apart and running in an easterly and westerly direction, and one crossing the said two ledges on the property, and extending north and south the whole length of the property and crossing right through the Homestake. I find the Freeburn property correctly staked and located with assessment work done and recorded for the current year, and that there are no adverse stakes or other locations or contests in regard to this property. The topography of the Freeburn is similar to the Homestake and all indications point to the fact that the Freeburn with proper development will become a valuable gold mine, the ledges being from three to twenty feet wide on the surface. After a most careful examination of the Freeburn on three different locations, I am convinced that it is one of the most promising and remarkable properties in the camp.' Preliminary sales of shares have already been made of Freeburn stock, among the purchasers being Wm. Munie, Thos. Shorthol, James Dunsmuir, J. H. Turner, C. E. Pooley, and a number of others. The control of the stock is altogether in Victoria, the vendors retaining one-fifth. The head office of the company is in Victoria and the management of its affairs is in the hands of responsible men, so that purchasers of stock are fully assured that their interests will be thoroughly protected. It is the intention of the company to at once proceed with the practical development of the mine and W. J. Sutton, mining engineer, of the Michigan school of mines, will immediately make an examination of the property so that work will be directed to the best advantage. It is believed that development will uncover a large body of rich ore, for it is a well demonstrated fact in mining that where a vein is intersected by a cross vein, as in the case of the Freeburn, pay ore is certain to exist. A limited number of the shares of the Freeburn company's stock are now for sale at the rate of ten cents per share. These are vendor's shares and are fully paid up. Applications for same may be made at 10 o'clock Monday morning at the office of the secretary, No. 5, Williams building, Broad street or by letter to the same address."

Did You Ever?

Try the effect of a handful of Sea Salt dissolved in the morning bath as a tonic. 10c. a package.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Prov. vital News in a Condensed Form.

Mrs. Elizabeth Martin, relict of the late Thomas Martin, died yesterday at her residence, Esquimaux road. The deceased lady was a native of England.

Monuments, Headstones and caskets are very cheap at Stewart's. Be sure to get the prices before buying elsewhere. Cor. Yates & Blanchard streets.

Last night the celebration finance committee decided to make an appropriation of \$500 for yacht races. These races are to be sailed on Saturday, May 23, so as not to interfere with the sham battle or the rowing regatta.

The annual examination of candidates for public school teachers' certificates will be held in Victoria, Vancouver and Kamloops commencing on Friday, July 3. All candidates for first class grade A certificates, including graduates, are required to attend in Victoria.

An attempt was made a few days ago to burn a two-story unoccupied house on Lansdowne road, owned by Mr. John Magner. Someone broke into the building and set fires in several of the rooms. The floors and walls were scorched but the fire was not hot enough to burn the wood.

Two foreign companies, organized to assist in the development of the mineral wealth of the province, give notice of incorporation in the B. C. Gazette. One is the Van Ande Coppe and Gold Co., of Seattle, with a capital of \$5,000,000, and the other is the Knight-Simpson Gold Mining Co., of Spokane, with a capital stock of \$500,000.

There was a large attendance at Castle Hall yesterday afternoon, when Mrs. Ida Weaver, the chief officer of the Rathbone Sisters, instructed the members of Behrens Temple in lodge work. In the evening Mrs. Weaver was banqueted at the Queen's hotel. Over fifty sat down to the very prettily decorated tables and spent several pleasant hours.

The Cook vs. Mesher and Patching vs. Mesher assault cases were not heard in the police court this morning. Patching failed to appear against Mesher, and as he was also the principal witness for the prosecution in the Cook case, both had to be remanded until the 15th instant. It is understood that Patching does not wish to go on with the case, but having laid the information he will have to appear or be liable for contempt.

Whiskey brought another couple of Indians and two Chinamen to the police court this morning. The Indians were fined \$5 each for drunkenness and one of the Chinamen \$5 for two months for supplying liquor to the Indians. The case of the other Chinaman arrested for the same offence was adjourned until Monday. It is a mistake to believe that fines imposed upon Indians are paid. Most of those fined go to jail in default of payment.

In the current issue of the B. C. Gazette, notice of incorporation is given of the Victor Gold Mining Machinery Co., Ltd., Vancouver. The promoters and provisional trustees are C. S. Douglas, George L. Allen, and Alexander Bethune, and the capital stock \$500,000. Another company giving notice is the Banker Hill and Blackwood Mining Co., also of Vancouver. Its promoters are Messrs. E. E. Evans, C. E. Dunbar, Osborne Plunkett, and MacIver Campbell, and the capital stock is \$500,000.

At the meeting of the Jubilee hospital board last evening, the different reports for the past month were received and adopted. The cost per day for each patient during April was \$1.75, the increase in the average over the previous month being due to the smaller number of patients. Twentythree patients were received during April, the total number treated being 49, of whom 23 were free. Donations were gratefully acknowledged from Mrs. Nicholas, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Gibbons, Mr. G. H. Byrnes, Mr. Galpin, Mr. Daulton, St. Saviour's church, Mr. Joshua Davies and Mr. Elford.

Since wheeling has become such a rage and many of the riders are anything but careful there is more necessity for a civic by-law dealing with them. Very few of the riders have lanterns on their wheels, and bells are seldom used. Despite this, in the more dense portion of the city the sidewalks are used and several accidents have resulted. On Wednesday evening a gentleman while walking along Fernwood road was knocked down by a wheelman and received a rather serious shock. True, the wheel was broken, but that was little comfort for the injured man. Another complaint, this time from the wheelman, has been recorded. A few evenings ago a mischievous party sent

Highland Light, Mass., May 7.—A dispatch just received reports another wreck on Cape Cod. A large three-masted schooner has been driven ashore at Cakoon Hollow, about ten miles from where the unknown ship is ashore. The crew of the Cakoon Hollow station had prepared to go to the assistance of the steamship but have turned their attention toward the schooner. The gale is increasing and it is doubtful if assistance can be rendered until the fog clears.

Port Townsend, Wa., May 8.—The crew of the schooner Robert Seales, from Seattle for Shanghai with lumber, untied twenty miles out from port. The captain and officers drove the crew aft at the point of the pistol, keeping guard over them until the vessel arrived here, where a new crew was obtained and the mutineers put ashore.

Hall Bros., of Port Blakely, have laid the keel for the first five-masted schooner ever built on the Pacific coast. It is being constructed for Captain Kirkwood, a well known Puget Sound ship master. When finished the craft will carry 1,500,000 feet of lumber.

Will be found an excellent remedy for sick headache, Carter's Little Liver Pills. Thousands of letters from people who have used them prove this fact. 75c. a box.

Trout rods and flies, see our fine stock at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

A little maiden of seven years attended the wedding of an older brother. The Episcopal service, heard for the first time, made a deep impression on her mind. A few days after she called to see the bride, and found her sitting on her husband's lap. Looking at them wistfully for a few moments she exclaimed: "Oh, yes, I see—to have and to hold."—New York Journal.

lured a lot of tacks on the Beacon Hill track, as a result of which some treads were punctured.

Boys, read the ad. of Gilmore & McCandless.

Ladies, a fine line of A1 scissors and shears at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

The opposition central committee rooms are now located in the Balmoral Block, Douglas street.

It is probable that the Victoria fire department will send a hose team to Nanaimo to compete in the firemen's races during the celebration.

The regular meeting of the Victoria Teachers' Association was held in the Y.M.C.A. hall this afternoon. Papers relating to school work were read and discussed.

Capt. Shend, and Lieut. Higgins, the newly appointed officers of the local corps of the Salvation Army arrived in the city from Vancouver last evening. Adjutant Macdonald, the district officer, is expected next week.

The celebration committee issued today a mammoth poster descriptive of the different events in connection with the celebration. The poster is headed by a lithograph showing men-of-war attacking the fortifications at Macaulay's Point.

Every dollar in cash spent in our store entitles the purchaser to guess the weight of the block of soap—the nearest guess wins the "Cleveland" swell special bicycle, lady's or gentleman's, boy's or girl's. S. N. Reid, 122 Government street.

Six hundred bicycle sweaters arrived at Geo. H. Jackson's this morning—all sizes, makes and shades. Every dollar purchase entitles you to a chance at the Dayton bicycle. Buy a sweater and have a try. Over 1,000 tickets now in, but the last man stands as good a show as the first.

Samuel Henderson was charged in the police court this morning with neglecting to support his wife. The case was adjourned until Monday. Warrants were issued for vagrants who failed to appear in answer to summonses. They have evidently left the city, for which blessing the police are thankful for.

The case of Nicholson vs. Guttman is being tried this afternoon before Chief Justice Dr. Dr. Nicholson, the owner of the schooner Kilmory, is suing Guttman for damages for failure to carry out an agreement as to the charter of the schooner. Guttman denies that he ever chartered the vessel and has entered a counter suit for money advanced to Nicholson.

In the supreme court chambers today an order was made for the trial before a judge and a special jury of the case of King and Carmody vs. Johnston and Earle. This case arises out of the sale of the Cowichan saw-mill and timber limits. Messrs. Johnston and Earle were the assignees of the estate of Hughitt & McIntyre, the former owners of the mill. Messrs. King and Carmody sold the property to the M. M. Boyd Company and they are now suing for commission, \$4,000, being five per cent. of the purchase price.

Yesterday at Nanaimo Jasper Higgins, who was recently arrested by Constable Hutchinson on Denman Island, was arraigned before Judge Harrison under the speedy trial act and pleaded guilty to the first of five charges, namely: Breaking into Eccles' house; stealing Fletcher's boat; breaking into D. Cowie's place and stealing a watch; breaking jail at Alberni; and stealing two pairs of government blankets. His honor sentenced him to three years' imprisonment with hard labor. The judge warned the prisoner that the remaining four charges might at some subsequent period be brought up against him.

Corona Photos

At \$3.00 per Dozen

Is something new, so do not miss the chance, as it is only for a month.

SKENE LOWE, 63 Government Street.

ITS BACK IS BROKEN

Belligerent Natives at Bulawayo Can be Brought to Time With Little Trouble.

Hon. Cecil Rhodes Makes a Promise to Teach Them an Everlasting Lesson.

Cape Town, May 8.—The advance of the imperial troops beyond Mafeking has been cancelled on Cecil Rhodes' statement that the back of the rebellion was broken and that their assistance was not required at Bulawayo.

Guelown, May 7th, via Cape Town. May 8.—Two Cape "boys" have arrived from Bulawayo. They report that 40 white persons have been compelled to stop there through the loss of their cattle. The messengers also report that these men are holding their own against the enemy. The "boys" had several narrow escapes from being shot. Cecil Rhodes stopped here with his column on the way from Salisbury to the relief of Bulawayo. He made an address to the people of Guelown, in which he said that he should lose no time in thoroughly thrashing the rebels and giving them an everlasting lesson.

"We will attack the enemy massed at Mavin," Mr. Rhodes said, "within a week at two, and will then proceed to Bulawayo with the smallest possible delay."

Mr. Rhodes intends, he said, to remain in Rhodesia until the rebellion is crushed.

London, May 8.—It is understood that several directors of the British South Africa Chartered Company will resign unless the resignation of Cecil Rhodes is accepted.

The house of commons was crowded this afternoon, due to the fact that the vote on the colonial estimates was to be taken, and that it was to be made the occasion of an important exchange of questions and answers upon South African affairs.

The Liberal leader, Sir Wm. Harcourt, asked the government to make a statement regarding the raid into the Toppavai. In so doing he said the opposition had heretofore not unduly pressed the government on this important matter, but they thought that the time had arrived for the house to be informed of the government's intention in the east. Responsible directors of the British South Africa Co. at Cape Town and Johannesburg were, he said, some of the raid, and Dr. Jameson was only their subordinate. The government, the speaker claimed, was responsible for the acts of the Chartered Co. to the nation and the world. (Applause from the opposition benches.)

Continuing, Sir Wm. Harcourt remarked that parliament of the company were trying to impose on the credulity of the people, the raid was an impulsive action, to protect the people of Johannesburg against outrage. But he could not think of anything more revolting than the low, slangy ephigrams which showed the true aspect of affairs. Sir William Harcourt then proceeded to allegorize the telegram exchanged between Cecil Rhodes, Col. Rhodes, Rutherford Harris, Alfred Beit, Lionel Phillips, Dr. Jameson and others just previous to the invasion of the territory of the South African republic. Later the opposition leader eulogized the promptness, decision and courage of the colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, and dwelt upon the course of the Chartered Company, declaring that it compromised Great Britain's reputation.

Sir William Harcourt also said that he did not believe Cecil Rhodes was actuated by a desire of gain, but on the other hand, he seems to have been actuated by a greed of power. The speaker remarked that he had noticed with regret the deterioration of the morals of the English press in dealing with the subject.

Newburg, N. Y., May 8.—A cablegram received in this city from Cape Town, South Africa, announces that Oscar Paulson, of Newburg, has been killed in an accident. Paulson was one of four men who left Newburg January 7 last for the gold fields of South Africa. He leaves a family here.

HILDRETH'S HEAVY SENTENCE. He Gets Imprisonment for Life—His Companions' Punishment.

Rome, N. Y., May 8.—J. W. Watson Hildreth was today convicted of murder in the second degree for his train wrecking escapade, and sentenced to imprisonment for life. His companions, Plato and Hibbard, pleaded guilty of manslaughter. In the first degree, and were sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment each on two indictments, or 40 years apiece.

Mr. D. P. Davis, a prominent physician and merchant of Goshen, Va., has this to say on the subject of rheumatism: "I take pleasure in recommending Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, as I know from personal experience that it will do all that is claimed for it. A year ago this spring my brother was laid up in bed with inflammatory rheumatism and suffered intensely. The first application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm eased the pain and the use of one bottle completely cured him. For sale by all druggists. Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver."

Twenty more "Idols" just arrived at Weller Bros.

A Lenten of the Church of England tells the story of his Cambridge days. He is young-looking and always wears a white tie. When he got his fellowship, full of pride and consciousness, he went to call upon the Master of College. He rang the bell, and when the door opened, was about to present his card, when he was seized by the foreman, who had his eyes over him, saying: "All right, young man. You're too late. I got the place yesterday."—Tit-Bits.

TOO JOLLY JACKS

Fight in a Shanghai Saloon Between Men of H. M. S. Spartan and U. S. S. Petrel.

Knives Were Drawn and Used Freely—The British Sailors Were Aggressors.

San Francisco, May 8.—A serious conflict, which began with champagne bottles and ended in knives, took place at Shanghai between some of the crew of the United States gun boat Petrel and the British cruiser Spartan, shortly before the Petrel sailed for this port, where she is now at anchor. The row was caused by the big British cruiser Spartan throwing its searchlight on the Petrel in such a manner that it was interpreted as an insult. Captain Murray wrote a curt note to the commander of the Spartan, and in return received a letter of apology. Next day eight or ten of the Petrel's men were seated in an upper room of a saloon when a number of the Spartan's men entered the bar room. The Yankees were drinking and singing patriotic songs, and the biggest man in the British crew suggested throwing the Yankees through the windows. The British tars accordingly started up stairs, but none of them reached the top. The door above them was suddenly opened and through it came a shower of glasses, bottles and champagne cases, which had been stored in the little room. When everything which could be seized as a weapon was gone, the American sailors came flying down stairs and the battle became a hand-to-hand conflict. Knives were drawn and used freely, and the English forces were badly cut up. When they were finally routed half a dozen of their men lay bleeding on the floor. The British consul subsequently held an official enquiry into the affair and the court decided against the Spartan's crew.

SLAVES AND SLAVERY. As late as 1860, 40,000 African slaves were annually transported from the Dark Continent to Cuba. The number of slaves emancipated in the United States by Lincoln's proclamation in 1862 was 3,000,000. A doctor brought in the slave markets at Rome from 1850 to 1860, according to his recollection, that he had seen 1,000,000 slaves transported from Africa to the Americas. Chinese parents, unable or unwilling to provide for their children, sell them to whomsoever will buy. Among the Jews all slaves, except such as desired to remain in servitude, went free at the Jubilee year. In 1840 all serfs in the Austro-Hungarian district were liberated, their owners being held in government debt. In the Roman slave markets slaves were always sold naked, and those that were not warranted sound were a cap. In 1820 A. D. the Christian captives taken by the Turks were organized into the celebrated Corps of Janissaries. In 1872 Sir Bartle Frere made his journey to Zanzibar in order to suppress the slave trade in that part of Africa. Over twenty centuries before the Christian era slavery existed as an institution in Arabia, Mesopotamia and Egypt. In 1879 an English convention with Egypt was made to suppress the slave trade and mitigate the horrors of slavery. After a Roman victory slaves were often sold on or near the battle field, in great numbers, for a few cents each. Roman slaves were often educated men. The doctors, musicians, actors and men of other callings were often slaves. Another use for wood pulp has been discovered. It may be mixed with coloring matter, and makes an excellent paint for use on all metallic surfaces. It is impervious to heat and moisture. This might be especially used on steel ships. It would seem as though the uses of wood pulp were inexhaustible. Popular Science News.

DIED. HILL.—At the residence of Mr. David Stevens, Lake District, on the 6th inst., Mrs. Kate Hill, daughter of W. A. Hill, of H.M.S. Customs, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., aged 49 years. Funeral will take place on Saturday, the 11th inst., at 2 p.m. from above residence, and at 2 p.m. from Cedar Hill church.

To Save Money... Is the aim of every careful housewife and hundreds of them are doing it by buying a better Tea for 50c, than they used to pay 40c for. If you wish to follow their example.

Buy Our "Gem" blend. The price is 50c per pound, and it is put up only by

Victoria Tea House, 97 Government Street, Corner Tronca Avenue.

NEW Cloth Styles. A FEW WORDS TO THE MAN WHO WOULD BE WELL DRESSED AT MODERATE COST IS SUFFICIENT THAT IS—SEE CREIGHTON'S NEW GOODS BEFORE BUYING YOUR SUMMER SUIT.

CREIGHTON, 56 Government Street.

Men Kill Their Chances

For starting a bank account by saying twice what they ought for Clothing. We'll save you one-half the usual cost. Come in to-day and try one of our Suits on. \$6 for a good Dark Tweed Suit; \$7 will buy a little better Suit of good heavy Brown or Grey Tweed; \$8.50 will pay for a whole suit of splendid Dark Navy and Grey Tweed. And no matter what price you pay, you'll find the Suits are of all wool material, carefully made. Must be satisfactory, or your will be refunded.

CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

FOOTWEAR FOR BIKERS

MEN'S LOW LEYCLE SHOES. MEN'S LACED BICYCLE SHOES WITH ELASTIC SIDES. LADIES' BICYCLE BOOTS WITH LEGGINGS ATTACHED IN BLACK OR TAN. THE NICEST LOT IN TOWN TO PICK FROM. PRICES RIGHT.

A. B. ERSKINE, COR. GOVERNMENT & JOHNSON STREETS.

Our Stock of Fine Footwear

WE HAVE THE VERY NEWEST STYLES IN Ladies' and Gents' Fine American and Canadian Footwear in Black and Colored.

SEE OUR WINDOWS...

GILMORE & McCANDLESS 35 and 37 Johnson Street.

Bankrupt Stock of Perry & Turner.

GOOD STOVES FOR LITTLE MONEY.

J. L. Beckwith & Co. 42 Johnson Street.

PURE PRESERVES

And not cheap jams, and should Try OKELL & MORRIS'. Perfection in Preserves. Sold by every Grocer in the city.

The Dayton Bicycle \$25 Reward.

Has been promptly recognized by the most fastidious riders as the highest attainment of modern cycle construction. In it is found that perfection of design which combines the highest degree of beauty and grace with the maximum strength and safety. A critical examination by any discriminating rider will bring the conviction that it is...

THE BEST WHEEL....

Beeston-Humber Cylcory, Wellington J. DOWLER, C.M.C. Victoria, B. C., April 29th, 1896.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR.

PRICES CREAM BAKING POWDER

THE MOST PERFECT MADE.

4 pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

PRESSURE OF WATER.

A Diving Bell Crushed in the Depths of Lake Michigan.

Lying on its side in Best, Fox & Co's scumpan, like a giant that has met a superior foe in a struggle to the death...

The box was planned by Herbert Schon, a brass moulder of this city. It is, or may be called a cube, six feet in dimensions...

The makers followed the directions of the inventor, who had estimated that the pressure at a depth of 250 feet could not make an impression on the creature of his fancy...

In the lower city preparations for testing the Schon bell were completed by Mr. Lutz, Schuman and Samuel Harner...

With this point settled, the more important one, whether or not the vessel could withstand the pressure of deep water, was the concern of the friends of the box...

Finally all arrangements were completed and with the bell on a big scumpan and a steam boiler in the boat, a tug headed the explorers seaward.

The chart showed that the bed of the lake at Milwaukee is gradually from the shore, and when the tug had traveled nearly twelve miles the depth of water was considerably more than 200 feet.

Then the word was given, and the column allowed the big bronze box to sink. The Schon bell, as it was called, was lowered to the bottom...

Another large shipment of red fish arrived and later enquiries just received by Walter Bros.

tion to use it in locating wrecks, and afterward, by the use of the telephone, to direct the work of workers on the surface...

A TONGUELESS MAN TALKS. A remarkable case of special interest to the medical world exists at Bradford, Pa.

With these gone, according to general belief, speech would be impossible. Yet Dr. Williams can speak and speak quite well.

Examination of peculiarities in their pronunciation of certain letters wherein Dr. Williams and several of his descendants agreed, but were at variance with most other people...

Do Not Do This. Do not be induced by any other if you have made up your mind to take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients.

VICTORIA MARKETS. Retail Quotations for Farmers' Produce Carefully Corrected.

Victoria, May 8.—During the past few days, a large quantity of fresh island butter of excellent quality has been placed on the market.

Wheat, per ton, \$5.00 to \$5.25. Oats, per ton, \$3.00 to \$3.25. Corn, whole, 45 to 50.

Apples, per box, \$1.00 to \$1.25. Peaches, per box, \$1.50 to \$1.75. Strawberries, per bushel, \$1.00 to \$1.25.

Another large shipment of red fish arrived and later enquiries just received by Walter Bros.

On Breezy Days

Wear a cape hood with Quilted Fibre Chamois

You'll find it just right in weight and perfect in style. The Montreal Quilting Co. make it up ready for use and it can be bought at all leading stores.



Don't expect good results from imitations, the real FIBRE CHAMOIS was patented March, 1890.

READ

THE PROVINCE. A Province I will give thee.—ANY. & CO.

OFFICES AT VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER, B.C.

Table with 2 columns: Contents. Includes Men and Things, Parliament and Bar, The Library, Agriculture, Mining, Editorials, Gossip and Gossip, Sport, Miscellaneous, Fills and Furbelows, Original Story, Correspondence, Prize Puzzles, Chess Draught.

Published by 'THE PROVINCE' LIMITED LIABILITY. Subscription for Canada and the United States \$2.00. Other Countries, \$2.50.

per \$1.00 annum. per 5c. copy.

WHERE FLAGS ARE MADE. In the color-hall of the Chatham dockyard, England, 18,000 flags are made yearly.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry. Nelson & Fort Sheppard Ry. All rail to Nelson, B.C.

No Trouble

To furnish information about Splendid Service offered via "The Northwestern Line" from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Milwaukee and Chicago.

the doctors approve of Scott's Emulsion.

For whom? For men and women who are weak, when they should be strong; for babies and children who are thin, when they should be fat.

Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE. Bellingham, B.C.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS To and From All European Ports. From Montreal: Allan Line, Sardinian, May 9; Allan Line, Numidian, May 10; Dominion Line, Anglian, May 10; Dominion Line, Labrador, May 10; Beaver Line, Lake Huron, May 12; Beaver Line, Lake Ontario, May 20.

From New York: Canadian Line, Lunenburg, May 9; American Line, Paris, May 13; American Line, St. Paul, May 13; White Star Line, Teutonic, May 13; Red Star Line, Noordland, May 13; Red Star Line, Arcturion, May 13; Anchor Line, Furness, May 10; North German Lloyd, Spree, May 10; North German Lloyd, Lahn, May 12; Allan State Line, State California, May 15; Allan State Line, State Nebraska, May 20.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Cariboo -AND- Kootenay Gold Fields. Passengers should leave Victoria for Kootenay points on Friday, Sunday and Tuesday nights, making direct connections for

Hakup, Three Forks, Sandon, Nelson, Robson, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth, Rossland, Trail Creek, Kaslo, AND ALL KOOTENAY POINTS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO. (LIMITED)

TIME TABLE NO. 27. Taking effect June 21st, 1896. VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday. Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE. Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 7 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock, Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Pender Island and Morosby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock. SOUTHERN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports to Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock, which sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 26. To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. Daily and Saturday. Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Esquimalt, 8:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. Ar. Wellington, 12:00 p.m.

GOING SOUTH. Daily and Saturday. Lv. Wellington for Victoria, 8:30 a.m. Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, 8:5 a.m. Ar. Victoria, 12:30 p.m.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STE. JOAN. L. P. LOCKE, Master. Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may desire.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO'Y

FOR ALASKA. ALKI. on or about May 12. CITY OF TOPKA, May 17 & June 1 & 10. QUEEN, June 6 and 21.

TRANSPORTATION.

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN. ALTHORE, 2,500 tons, due 29th May. ASLON, 4,200 tons, due 29th of June.

PUGET SOUND & CENTRAL AMERICA S.S. COY. S. S. TRANBIT—Sailing monthly for Central American ports.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y. Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents, IMPORTERS OF Japanese Rice, Silk and General N-reading.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows: Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.



Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Fishon St., San Francisco.

FOR HONOLULU ONLY. S. S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, May 23rd, 1896, at 10 a.m.

Points on Puget Sound. SS. "ROSALIE". Leaves Victoria Daily at 2 a.m. except Sunday.



2-DAILY TRAINS-2. Spokane, St. Paul, Duluth, Grand Forks, Winnipeg. Minneapolis, Fargo, Cranston, Helena.

Through Pullman Sleeping Cars. Elegant Dining Cars, Upholstered Tourist Sleeping Cars.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all points East and South. Also to China and Japan via Northern Pacific and C.P.R.

Puget Sound Points.

"City of Kingston". Speed, 16 knots. Tonnage, 1,447.

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British Columbia.

CHILLIWACK. Chilliwack Progress. The annual camp meeting at Chilliwack will open on Tuesday, 20th inst. A large attendance is anticipated.

Mr. Vance, who has been mining for several months at the little mountain, into which he has tunneled at various points, the last tunnel being 70 feet in length, believes from the rich looking specimens of ore he is now taking out that he has at last struck the right lead, but not having sufficient capital to fully develop his mine, will be obliged to place it on the market.

NANAIMO. Nanaimo, May 8.—The interest in the political situation is daily becoming keener. The Haalen party have called a meeting for Monday to select delegates for their proposed convention. In the meantime Mr. McInnes and Mr. Haegart are working energetically. Mr. McInnes's electoral address has created a decided sensation, and is conceded to be the finest resume of the political situation, from an opposition standpoint, yet published. It has already brought him prominence of the highest order from every part of the district, and he is looked upon by those who have known and followed Senator McInnes as a through "chip of the old block."

In the grand jury's presentation the following alludes to the Simpson case: "We further beg to call your attention to the fact that a great deal of comment has been made in regard to the case of H. A. Simpson, barrister of this city, versus certain justices of the peace at Union, B.C., and as the matter has not been investigated satisfactorily, in the minds of a great many persons in the community, we would respectfully request that you impress upon the judicial authorities the necessity of making such investigation as they shall deem fit."

Cressell & Foster, plumbers, have dissolved partnership, the former continuing the business and assumes all liabilities.

NEW WESTMINSTER. From Mr. R. M. Palmer, provincial inspector of fruit pests, it has been ascertained that so far the prospects are generally favorable for a good yield of fruit this season. Plums and cherries are already comparatively safe, the fruit being set. Although it is fully early to express like confidence in regard to apples and pears, the present conditions are conducive to a similar conclusion being shortly warranted.

Frym Surrey a well known resident brings information that although seedling has been retarded by overmuch wet weather, fair progress has on the whole been made with the work, and activity is now the rule. At Pitt Meadows, Hammond and Maple Ridge some difficulty has also been experienced in pushing on with farming operations, copious rain having delayed sowing. However, bright, mild, spring weather is now following the wintry spell, so that farmers hope to make more satisfactory progress in cropping their land.

REPORTS FROM THE DELTA are in effect that the fruit trees are in full bloom and that a good return may be looked for if no adverse conditions prevent. The season in that district is later than further inland. Encouraging news comes from Mission and Hatzic, where mild weather following the recent rains will, it is hoped, be experienced until the young fruit sets far enough forward to escape injury from frosts.

SYNOD OF B. C. The Meeting in Vancouver—Rev. E. D. McLaren Moderator.

Vancouver, May 7.—The opening exercises of the fifth Presbyterian synod of British Columbia took place last night in the First Presbyterian church, Hastings street. The Synod comprises the Presbyteries of Calgary, Kamloops, New Westminster and Victoria. There are 35 ministers and 40 missionaries in the Synod, and these are 220 churches within its boundaries, in which is a population of 18,000 and a membership of 4,000.

The Synod's first meeting was held in Vancouver with the Rev. D. MacLure as moderator; the second in Victoria with Rev. Thomas Scouler as moderator; the third at Calgary, with Rev. J. C. Herdman as moderator; and the fourth at Nanaimo, with Rev. A. B. Lee in the chair.

The attendance at last night's meeting was very good, and some other gentlemen will arrive to-day. Those present are as follows: Westminster Presbytery—Rev. J. M. McLeod, E. D. McLaren, A. Dunn, Thomas Scouler, Geo. R. Maxwell, J. Buchanan, E. K. McElroy, A. McGee, elders, J. T. Brown, A. Bethune, D. G. McDonald, Calgary Presbytery—Rev. J. C. Herdman, W. Black, Kamloops Presbytery—Rev. J. A. Wilson, Victoria Presbyteries—Rev. Dr. Campbell, J. A. Logan, D. MacLure, Alex. Tait, A. B. Winchester, W. L. Clay, T. H. Rogers and M. Swartout. In the absence of Rev. Mr. Lees, who has left the bounds of the Synod, the Rev. J. C. Herdman opened the proceedings and preached an able sermon on a text taken from 2 Cor. 3, "How shall not the administration of the Spirit be rather glorious?"

The clerk then called the roll, after which the moderator, Rev. Mr. Herdman, said that it was necessary to appoint a successor for Mr. Lees, in whose place he himself, by request, was going.

It was moved by Rev. D. MacLure, seconded by Rev. T. Scouler, that Rev. E. D. McLaren be appointed to fill that office. The motion was carried unanimously, and Rev. Mr. McLaren took the chair. He expressed his thanks for the confidence reposed in him. A vote of thanks was also passed to Mr. Herdman and Mr. Lees for services in the past, to which the former replied for himself and Mr. Lees.

Prayer of the heart, accompanied by the hands and feet, and other forms of devotion, are followed by Carver's Iron pills, made especially for the blood, nerves and complexion.

SULTAN'S SECURITIES.

Have Been Found—The Thieves Afraid to Negotiate Them. Butte, Mont., May 8.—The police have recovered a value containing over \$10,000 worth of negotiable paper belonging to Julian Sultan, a San Francisco cigar drummer, which was stolen from the Butte hotel Sunday night. The thieves had gained entrance to the room by means of a skeleton key. It is evident that they were afraid to negotiate the paper and left the value in a saloon, taking a mileage book from it, which they tried to sell, but escaped before the police had located them.

OVER FOUR MILLION DOLLARS

In Gold Shipped to Europe During the Present Week. New York, May 8.—Heldbach, Ickelheimer & Co. state that their gold shipments on the German steamer sailing to-day aggregate \$1,600,000. Baring, Magoun & Co. have engaged at the sub-treasury \$500,000 in gold, which they will ship to-morrow for account of Kidder, Peabody & Co., of Boston. The total shipments for the week thus far are \$4,350,000, and since April 4, \$8,000,000. In gold shipping houses it is stated that the price bid for gold for the continent has been made high enough to effect the slight increase in specie-freight rates ordered yesterday.

A SINECURE FOR SOMEBODY.

The American Cotton Company Looking Out for a Receiver. New York, May 8.—The American Trading Company, Ltd., one of the most extensive cotton firms in this country, has gone into the hands of a receiver. It is a voluntary proceeding for the dissolution of the corporation brought on behalf of the directors, Hugh R. Garden was appointed referee to hear an argument August 6 on an order to show cause why the corporation should not be dissolved. The liabilities amount to \$526,807; nominal assets, \$701,845; actual assets \$242,320.

WESTERN RAILROADS AGREE

On a Basis of Rates for Tourists and Other Parties. Chicago, May 8.—The western lines have reached an agreement on the question of party rates and mileage books with which they have been struggling so long. Their meeting adjourned Wednesday after deciding that they would allow party rates of 25 cents per mile for parties of from ten to nineteen people; for parties of twenty or over they will allow a rate of 2 cents per mile. In the mileage book question they took about the same action as was taken some time ago by the trans-Missouri lines. They declared in favor of a 2000 mile ticket to be sold at the price of \$50, with a rebate of \$10 on the receipt of the cover by the chairman of the Western Passenger Association.

WAS CAUGHT IN COLORADO.

A Chicago Woman Captures and Takes Home Her Runaway Husband. Denver, May 7.—In Colorado Springs yesterday afternoon at the request of the Denver police Arthur G. Wellington alias Wallace, of Chicago, was arrested and last night was brought to this city with Mrs. Annie Speed, also of Chicago, against whom a complaint was issued on late in the afternoon.

Wellington and Mrs. Speed are well known in Chicago society and Wellington was formerly connected with the Griffin car wheel company and for his services was paid a salary of \$15,000 a year. Several months ago, it is alleged, he left his family and with Mrs. Speed went to California, where, until a month ago they lived. Mrs. Wellington, learning of their whereabouts, came to Denver and caused their arrest. Last night the husband and wife came to an agreement and will return to Chicago to-day.

THE BLOCKADER BERMUDEA.

She is Reported to Have Again Eluded the Spanish Cruisers. New York, May 8.—A World dispatch from Havana, via Key West, Fla., says: There is great excitement throughout Cuba over the rumor that the Bermudea has landed her arms and men on the northern coast. It is said that while the cruiser Reina Mercedes waited for an insurgent expedition at the Hole in the Wall between Nassau and Abasco, the Bermudea took the outside route and escaped. She was pursued by a Spanish man-of-war, but was too fast to be caught. The Spanish commanders seem to realize the danger of having to face machine guns handled by trained American artillerymen. There is no trustworthy information about the whereabouts of the Bermudea. All statements about her landing are mere guesses.

Weyler insists that the rebel forts at Caguas must be taken at any cost and fresh troops have been sent to Honda Bay. The captain-general is beginning to appreciate the fact that his troops are bringing his military reputation into ridicule. General Maceo refuses to attack it, for the simple reason that he desires to remain in Pinar del Rio and control the province.

HE WANTS OTHERS TO KNOW.

Dear Editor: Please state in your valuable journal, that if any suffer from Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Lack of Energy and Ambition, Lost Manhood, Night Losses, etc., will write me in confidence, I will inform him by sealed letter, free of charge how to obtain a perfect cure. I ask for no money, having nothing to sell. I know how to sympathize with those sufferers, and am only too glad to be able to assist them. I promise everyone absolute secrecy and as I do not, of course, wish to expose myself either, I do not give my name. If you desire to get well, send stamp and address simply: P. O. Box 388, London, Ont.

We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

STRIKERS GO BACK TO WORK

And Many Families in Chicago Will Once More be Fed. Chicago, Ill., May 8.—The bridge and structural iron workers' strike, which has been in progress in this city since May 1st, has been declared off, the men having reached an agreement with the employers. The men go back to work for 42 1/2 cents per hour, and double pay for overtime; the union struck for 45 cents, the scale rate being 37 1/2 cents per hour.

TWAS THE OTHER WAY ROUND.

Cubans, and Not the Spanish, Won the Cacanepere Battle. Havana, May 8.—Details of the Cacanepere fight have been received, and show that the Cubans won a great victory and were not defeated, as the Spanish officials reported. Maceo was not present. The insurgents numbered 2000, under Delgado and Socarras, and occupied a strong fortified position. Their position was attacked by the Spaniards under General Godoy, who were repulsed repeatedly. Finally the insurgents charged and drove the Spanish, the latter retreating to Bohia Honda, being continually harassed. The Spanish loss was about 200 killed and nearly 200 wounded. The insurgent loss was slight, owing to the protection of the hills.

An attack has been made by insurgents upon the town of Esperanza, near Cienfuegos, and fourteen houses were burned. The Spanish soldiers made a brave defence, driving the rebels and preventing the entire destruction of the town. The insurgents lost 19 men killed and one taken prisoner.

BURDEN'S STOLEN JEWELS.

Extradition Granted the Prosecutor for the Two Thieves. London, May 8.—The extradition of Wm. Turner and Wm. Dunlop, two men arrested here on a charge of having stolen jewelry valued at \$400,000 from J. Townsend Burden, of New York, was granted at Bow Street police court to-day by the chief magistrate, Sir John Bridge. Counsel for Turner tried to show that his client did not know of the robbery, and that Dunlop was really the guilty man. The magistrate, however, overruled this plea and granted the extradition of the prisoners. Counsel for Dunlop said he did not wish to address the court.

Mr. Burden, in conversation with a representative of the Associated Press, said, as to the reward offered for the recovery of the jewelry, and concerning the right to which a question has arisen between Scotland Yard men and Streetor, the Bond Street jeweler to whom some of the stolen goods were offered, said the matter would be settled in New York when the other obtained possession of the jewels. The detectives were asked why the prisoners were able to leave New York with the jewels, and said that Mr. Burden seemed afraid to adopt any vigorous measure, as the men had no previous criminal record. Consequently it was added the New York detectives were unable to arrest and search the two men suspected. Mr. and Mrs. Burden sail for New York Saturday May 23rd.

HE WAS ERICSSON'S BACKER.

Cornelius S. Bushnell, the Millionaire, Died Last Night. New York, May 8.—Cornelius S. Bushnell, of New Haven, Conn., died at the San Remo hotel, New York city, last night at 67. His death was caused by heart failure, superinduced by an attack of the grip. The deceased had a world-wide reputation through his connection with John Ericsson, the inventor and furnished the latter with funds to build the famous Monitor. He maintained a large portion of his fortune in building the Union Pacific railroad, and was one of the road's first directors. He also furnished the necessary money to build the warship Destroyer, which was afterward sold to Brazil. Mr. Bushnell made and lost several fortunes.

WILL MR. WOOD BE THERE?

He Scores Dalton McCarthy, Who Proudly Issues a Challenge. Brockville, May 8.—At a meeting here Wednesday night Hon. J. P. Wood in reference to Dalton McCarthy, said it was the merest hypocrisy to assume an air of sincerity and say that he left the Conservatives because he could not stand their record. He said he had been a Conservative till he was nearly sixty years of age, when he turned like a dog—he used the term advisedly, for he had been a dog—out of the orders of the country—on those who had assisted him, and lifted him out of obscurity as a struggling laborer in Barrie, where he should have been a member of the bar. Mr. McCarthy called himself an N.P. man. The other night he was a Girl in all but name. The only explanation was that he was a crank, and it was a shame that fanatic sayings should be conveniently held and used as a shield at large. Mr. Wood said he did not want to be severe and would not say he would not say to Mr. McCarthy, face it, Dalton McCarthy has telegraphed Hon. Mr. Wood at Brockville, challenging him to be present at a meeting to-morrow at Prescott and request to his face the charges he made at Brockville.

Blood-purified, disease cured, sickness and suffering prevented—this is the record made each year by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

All Rambler bicycles have tubular reinforcements at the end of each tube, which produces a joint equal to the solid metal itself. Weiler Bros., agents.

Okell & Morris demon and green grape preserves are a luxury. Try them.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Archer Martin, Barrister-at-Law, Has Removed to 43 1/2 Gt. St., Reform Block.

Geo. W. Haynes

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO No. 9 Trounce Ave.,

Where he will be pleased to see any of his old friends. If you want to buy or sell property, rent a house, get a tenant, or negotiate loans, just give him a call.

Chase & Sanborn's Seal Brand Coffee. Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World. The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR. CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON, MONTREAL, CHICAGO.

Seagram's Whiskey. Apply to R. P. Rihet & Co., Ltd. VICTORIA WEST STEAM BAKERY.

WEILER BROS., The Great Western House Furnishers are showing the following lines: Spring Consignment Japanese Matting Suitable for floor coverings, daddos, etc. Choice selections. Rattan Furniture INCLUDING Chairs, Tables, Brackets, Baby Carriages, etc.

RAMBLER AND IDEAL BICYCLES. Make a careful examination of these wheels before deciding on a "bike."

WEILER BROS. 24th of May IS NEAR AT HAND AND YOU PUSH TO GET YOUR SHARE OF TRADE. PRINTER'S INK IS A PUSHER AND THE UNDERBIRD ADDRESS WILL TELL YOU WHERE IT IS CHEAPLY AND MOST EFFECTIVELY APPLIED.

PHIL. R. SMITH, PRINTER, BOOK-BINDER AND MANUFACTURING STATIONER. PENDRAY'S Prize Competition. This year I shall give 20 PRIZES for the 20 largest numbers of my Electric Soap Wrappers sent in to the B. C. Soap Works, Victoria, not later than October 1st next. CONDITIONS—The competition is open to any one. All wrappers must be whole and have the name of W. J. Pendray printed upon them. The wrappers filed in bundles, with owner's name and address, and stating number sent, must be delivered to the B. C. Soap Works, Victoria, carriage paid, not later than October 1st next. The winners' names will be published in the papers at an early date. Note—Pendray's Electric Soap is the very best on the market, and by buying Pendray's you support home industry and keep the labor at home. Ask your grocer for Pendray's Soap, and why use of these prizes. Twenty prizes, \$100; first prize, \$20; second prize, \$15; third prize, \$10; two prizes of \$7.50 each; four prizes of \$5 each; six prizes of \$2.50 each; one hundred dollars.

JOHN MESTON, CARRIAGE MAKER, BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad Street, between Johnson and Gore Streets. SING KUP, 24 Herald St., Victoria, B. C. INTELLIGENCE OFFICE. All kinds of Chinese labor supplied at shortest notice. Contracts taken.

Stearns Bicycles. Are handsome, light, durable. Such grace of design as is embodied in this "fast, easy-riding, much-liked" steamer model can only be secured by the most approved materials, finest material and skilled workmanship. The steamer will be the best bicycle it is possible to produce. Finished at your option in orange or black. Address now for beautiful new catalogue, "The Yellow Pages."

READING BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS OF VICTORIA MERCHANTS IN THE TIMES.

MUNICIPAL.

City of Victoria Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the assessment of 1906, as made by the assessor of the city of Victoria, will be held at the council chamber, city hall, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of June, A.D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a.m. WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, G.M.C. 28th April, 1906.

Notice.

Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Bidegate Walk is closed to Public Traffic. B. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Notice.

In the matter of the estate of A. J. Langley, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to send particulars thereof, duly verified, on or before the 17th day of May, 1906, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to W. H. Langley, 52 Langley St., Victoria. Dated the 17th day of April, 1906. M. W. FURWHIT DRAKE, J. M. HENDERSON, W. H. LANGLEY, Executors of the will of A. J. Langley, deceased. a17-1m

Mortgagee Sale.

Under and by virtue of the powers contained in an indenture of mortgage, dated 23rd day of May, A.D. 1891, which mortgage is registered in Charge Book, Vol. 9, Page 106, of the Land Registry Office at Victoria, there will be offered for sale by the undersigned, auctioneer, at his sales rooms, Bastion Square, on Friday, the 15th day of May, instant, at 12 o'clock noon, the following property, viz: All that piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, and known and numbered 122, as lot 41, sixty-one, in block 3, 4378, of the subdivision of section 14, 1st Victoria district, with houses thereon. For terms and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned. JOSEPH DAVIES Auctioneer. W. H. MARON, Attorney-in-Law for the Mortgagee, in Government Street.

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PRINTER, BOOK-BINDER AND MANUFACTURING STATIONER.

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SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from your Chemist. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. Don't forget, these Remedies have been PUBLICLY TESTED and proved to be superior to any other.

LOOK IT UP.

Yes, dear reader, they have been "looking it up," and now that the HOUSES ARE LET, EXCEPT THE BIG ONE, we are turning our attention to the arable acreage that we offer at prices to defy competition. Yes, MOUNT TOLMIE ESTATE, values have suffered, but by a favorable financial arrangement we are meeting the drop in prices. We must pay our part due taxes or be "SOLD UP."

Call for map and get particulars of FIVE and TEN acre plots, all ready for the plow, that will produce anything that will grow on Vancouver Island.

J. H. BROWNLEE, Financial Agent

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