

REMOVAL.

SULPHUROUS BATHS. DOCTOR RENOUS, has the honor of informing his colleagues and the inhabitants of New-Orleans and of Louisiana, that he has removed his establishment of Sulphurous Baths from...

It is generally known, how much benefit is obtained by sulphurous bath in cutaneous diseases, rheumatic complaints, psoriasis and other serious complaints, it is needless to quote here the numerous instances of immediate cure and relief afforded by the application of that remedy.

Mr. Renou has availed himself of his removal, in constructing a new apparatus and making his establishment free from any kind of reproach that could have been made to the former one.

The room for the reception of white people is totally separate from the one fixed for negroes.

His new lodgings afford him the means of receiving a certain number of sick persons wishing to board at his house.

He has provided a spacious hospital, and his home being situated in a retired part of the town less crowded with houses than elsewhere, makes the situation perfectly wholesome.

Prices for 12 Baths, \$ 16 .. For treatment of negroes per day, 1 ..

Doctor Renou will however take with the persons who will apply to him all possible arrangements.

During the last year of his practice in Paris, Doctor Renou has been intimate with the celebrated Dr Ducamp inventor of the most efficient method of curing ischuria (retention of urine), and he had especially addicted himself to the treatment of that disease; he has now in his possession a complete collection of all the instruments necessary thereto. He may ensure to those persons affected with the above complaint, who will apply to him, a prompt and safe cure from his method of treatment.

Oil, wine, and Olive. The subscribers have just received and offer for sale 90 bottles Marcellis claret; 98 baskets olive oil; 40 boxes Olives—entirely to debentors.

J. W. ZACHARIE & Co. 85 Royal st. Jan 15

DISTRICT COURT, SATURDAY 9th February, 1828. In motion of HENRY D. DENNY, Esquire, of Counsel for N. B. Le Breton, Respondent of the Creditors of the Insolvent, on filing a tableau of distribution in this case; it is ordered by the Court that the Creditors of the said N. B. Le Breton, as well as all others interested herein should appear before the Court on Saturday, the 23d day of the present month, when the said Tableau of distribution should be homologated and confirmed according to law.

TREASURY OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA February 7, 1828. THIS Office has been removed to the former Convent of the Ladies of St. Ursula. The entrance is opposite Mr. Joseph Le Carpentier's dwelling house. The Office will be open every day from 10 o'clock A. M. until 2 P. M.

NOTICE.—The Office of the Treasurer of the Parish of Orleans is now in the former Convent of the Ladies of St. Ursula, in the same room with the State Treasury.

HELVETIC INSTITUTION. In order to give greater latitude to his system of instruction, Mr. De Fernex has invited, as a teacher, Mr. J. W. Wheelwright, a young man recommended to him by his friends, and well known by his talents as his former pupil. Having been graduated at the University of New-England, he is well qualified to take charge of the whole course of instruction. The instruction of Mr. De Fernex will that offer to young men the double advantage of preparing them to be admitted into the colleges of the United States, and of affording them a complete course of education adapted to the commercial and ordinary pursuits of life.

Commandants des bateaux-vapeur ou de tout autre embarcation, sont prevenus de se point recevoir à leur bord un mulâtre esclave nommé BURCKET âgé d'environ 18 ans, et de 5 pieds 7 pouces au-dessus de la taille, de figure agréable, et étoit foudré sur l'échelle pour avoir été surpris en train de voler, lorsqu'il étoit retenu dans une des prisons de cet Etat. Et si ledit esclave est hors de cet Etat, 200 piastres seront données à quiconque l'aurait reconnu passant ou travaillant à bord d'un steam-boat, ou de tout autre embarcation, après tout fois que le fait sera prouvé devant une Cour compétente de cet Etat.

AVENDRE par M. BERTOULIN.—Kirch Wasser, Eau-de-Vie d'Auday, Guignolet, Anizette le Marie Brizard, Sardines à l'huile et au beurre. Pâtis de Pierre truffés, de saux foie gras, tranches de Saumon frais, et sardines crues. 20 Fév.

THE EYE.

NEW-ORLEANS WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27 1828.

LATEST FROM GREECE. The brig Phæbe-Ann, which arrived at New York, from Smyrna, brings the following intelligence: When the news of the battle of Navarin reached Smyrna, on the 28th of October, a great deal of anxiety was manifested, and the vessels of war in the harbour, moved as close as practicable to the shore, and every preparation was made for embarking the European inhabitants in case of any excesses being made by the Turks.

The next day, the English and French merchants moved most of their property on board, and all made ready to escape. The police, and general good order of the city, was not however disturbed; for an inland courier had been immediately despatched to the capital within a few days, by express. We learn that the most admirable good order prevailed there, and that the Divan had assembled to take into consideration what was to be done.—Negotiation had been entered into with the Am'asodor, and it is confidently hoped that peace will be concluded. Perfect confidence has not, however, been quite restored. The vessels in the harbour are still loaded with goods of the French and English. The Greeks are now attacking Scio, and have possession of all the Islands excepting the Castle, which they are bombarding from the heights of Tortoli which commands it—they have 27 vessels strictly blockading the place, the Castle it is said is not well supplied with provisions, and may be expected to fall pretty soon. Piracies are an every day thing; we are led to believe that the European squadron may take some steps to put it down, particularly as their treaty turns on that, and for motives of humanity which has caused already the shedding of a great deal of blood, which, however, being Turkish, they believe is nothing but meritorious.

From the Morea we are without news for some time past; Ibrahim Pacha, from the last accounts, was laying waste the country—he will be obliged now to evacuate it; the cause of the Greeks is now, probably, gained, and it may be presumed they will be furnished from Europe with every material for forming some good kind of government, which is most devoutly to be wished.

The Hydra paper mentions, that the clergy of that Island having been called upon to republish a list of the families reduced to want by soldiers killed and disabled in the war, have reported a total of 1,100 persons. For their relief Mr. Miller has sent from Poros 9230 lbs of Indian corn, which is to be distributed from the magazine.

The U. S. Frigate Constitution was in port, and would remain until the result of the negotiation at Constantinople was known. Several Americans were on board the ship Harriet, which was bound for this port with the schooner.

The schooner of war, was at Smyrna, when the capture of the brig Phæbe-Ann, reached Smyrna on the 24th of October. The U. S. ship Lexington proceeded to Smyrna, and took possession of the vessel and most of her cargo, returned with her to Smyrna on the 10th Nov. and gave her in charge to the former captain and crew.

The Phæbe-Ann, was captured by a Greek privateer, on her outward passage, and taken to Napoli de Malcedo, where the privateer belonged. The owner, seeing that the Phæbe-Ann was American property, expressed his regret at the capture, and insisted upon giving her up—the officers of the privateer refused, and after having a quarrel with the owner, carried their prize to another port, took out the cargo and released the vessel.

The Phæbe-Ann left Smyrna with a convoy of 43 sail of vessels. On entering the passage between the Islands of Tino and Miconi, discovered the shores lined with piratical boats—and at night missed several of the convoy, which it was feared were cut off by the pirates.—N. Y. American.

From the Philad. Nat. Gazette. The Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between the United States and Sweden, concluded at Stockholm on the 4th of July last, has been ratified by the Senate; and the Ratifications were exchanged on the 18th inst. by the Secretary of State on the part of United States, and by the Baron de Stackelberg, Chargé d'affaires of his majesty the king of Sweden and Norway, on the part of his government. The treaty, in extenso, is contained in the National Intelligencer of Wednesday.

Negroes in Canada.—The Montreal Gazette mentions that great number of negroes, probably from Kentucky, have settled in the western part of Upper Canada, where they have introduced

the culture of Tobacco, and in six years raised the export from almost nothing to 5 or 600 hogheads.

From the New York American. A large number of amateurs of both sexes, but the greater proportion of the tender sex, were disappointed on Saturday, at the non-execution of Miller. Several hundreds from the city and the adjacent country, had taken up their line of march at an early hour, and in their best attire, through very muddy roads, to the expected scene of their gratification; and their mortification and disappointment were extreme, as the rumour of a confirmed confirmation among them that there was to be no hanging.

By the bye, it may have struck others, as it did us, that there was strange inconsistency last week in some of our city papers, which in the same breath that they lamented the publicity of executions, and exhorted the sheriff to do all that depended upon him, to abate the ordinary exhibition and parade, took care at the very time to give notice of the day and hour at which the execution was to take place—thus inviting the publicity they affected to deplore. The first and most effectual reform in this matter would be that the newspapers should abstain from noticing in advance any such matters; and after the law had been fulfilled, should barely announce that fact, without any dying speeches, or elaborate descriptions.

[From English Journals.]

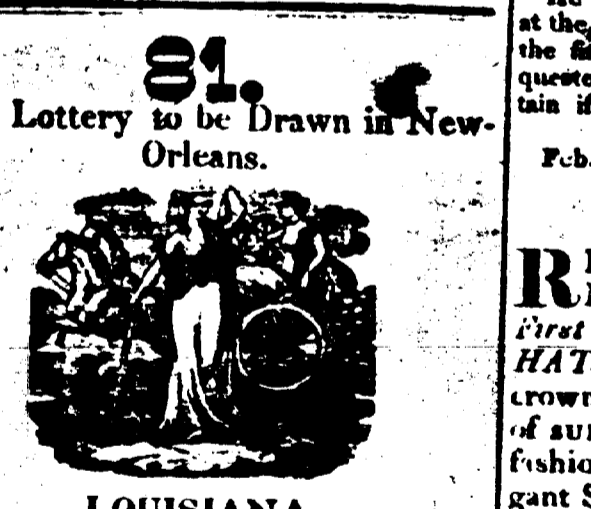
Penang Gazette have been received to the 12th of May, and the Malacca Observer of the 10th of April. From the Chinese news contained in the latter, it appears that the rebellion in Tartary is far from being suppressed, and supplied and reinforcements to a great extent are required by the army. In an engagement near Aksu, the leaders of the rebels are reported to have been annihilated, not one of them having escaped. His Imperial Majesty anticipated, therefore, that the advance of the army to Cashgar and Yarkand would not be a matter of any difficulty. In an article dated Canton, there is a description of his Majesty, which is rather curious, if actually contained in any public record. "The emperor, (it says) is now in his 46th year. In early life he was passionately fond of martial exercises, archery, horsemanship, &c. To increase his muscular strength he took medicinal preparations, called strengthening pills, which occasioned the loss of his teeth. He is tall, lank, hollow-checked, black-visaged, toothless, and consequently prominent chin."

The General Palmer has arrived from Madras, whence he sailed about the 15th July, and brings intelligence of the death of Thomas Munro, the Governor of the Presidency. Sir Thomas Munro, it will be recollected was about to be superseded in the government of Madras by Mr. Lushington, and it forms a somewhat remarkable coincidence that his death occurred about the same time that his successor left England. It is understood to have been determined on by the Board of Control, that a new Presidency for India, to be termed that of "Central India," shall forthwith be established, which will make a splendid addition to the patronage in that Peninsula already at the disposal of Government.

ELOPEMENT.—We learn from a recent number of the Cheltenham Chronicle that at a late hour on the night of Monday se'night, Mr. G. Russell, chief officer of police, was sent to the house of Lady—, of that town, to consult upon the most efficacious method that could be adopted for the recovery of her daughter, who had eloped the same evening. Mr. R. recommended an immediate pursuit, but, as a preliminary measure, an inquiry was first made at the different posting-houses in the town, from which it was discovered that a chaise had been hired from the George Hotel, by a young lady, who took the Gloucester road, and who, in the course of her journey, contrived to exchange her female habiliments for those of the bolder sex. On this intelligence Mr. R. proceeded with all speed to Gloucester, where he contrived to learn the fair fugitive had taken a chaise for Stroud, from the Booth Hall Inn; thither, accordingly, Mr. R. repaired, and soon discovered the object of his anxious search was safely lodged at the Golden Heart, a name of happy omen for these fair runaways who are ready to sacrifice "all for love," and think the "world well lost" in such a cause. The denouement of the scene was now fast approaching; Mr. R. commenced his search, but by an unlucky mistake entered the chamber of a lady who had arrived in the town for the purpose of meeting her husband, whom she expected; as may be anticipated, this untimely intrusion produced a violent effect on the nerves of the poor lady, who in the agitation of the moment uttered sundry exclamations of terror and alarm, to the great discomfort of Mr. R. who is far too gallant and considerate

to give unnecessary alarm to one of the softer sex, even in the execution of his official duty. In the midst of the confusion and disturbance occasioned by this mal-a-propos intrusion, the chambermaid hastened up stairs to the scene of action to enquire the cause of the uproar, when observing from the manner of the lady, and the consistency of her statement, that she could not be the object of Mr. R.'s inquiry, she immediately recollected (with the characteristic quickness of her profession) that a fair and delicate young gentleman had arrived there that evening, who wore earrings, circumstance which she had mentioned to her mistress as somewhat unusual, but which she set down as the last new fashion imported from the Continent. The truth now flashed upon her mind and she conducted Mr. R. to the chamber of the fair Knight-Errant, who however, had, in the mean-time, deserted her couch and taken refuge beneath it, on hearing the approaching dim. In the hurry of the moment, however, she had suffered one of her delicate feet to protrude from its hiding place, which immediately attracted the eye of Mr. R. by its whiteness and symmetry, and induced him to request its possessor to favour him with a view of the figure to which it formed so appropriate an appendage: the request was refused rather peremptorily at first, but Mr. R. in a manner so persuasive, that the reluctant fair one agreed to a capitulation on the terms of Mr. R.'s retiring from the room, observing, that he would only have a similar task to undertake again, as she was determined to take the first opportunity to effect a similar flight, but with measures better adapted to ensure the success of her enterprise. Our fair readers are doubtless most anxious by this time to learn something of the interesting Romeo, for whose sake these "moving accidents," and these perilous adventures, were so resolutely encountered; but here we confess with regret, that we are somewhat at fault; true it is, a young gentleman was at the Golden Heart, upon whom Mr. R.'s suspicion naturally fell, as the hero of the romance, and the chosen companion in this amorous flight; but the gentleman strenuously disclaimed the honor intended for him, and persisted in declaring, that he had never seen the lady before, and produced several letters from highly respectable individuals as vouchers for his character and veracity. Under these circumstances, Mr. R. did not feel himself authorized to detain the gentleman, and he accordingly set out with his disconsolate and disappointed charge, whom he deposited safely under the maternal roof, whose protection she was so anxious to relinquish and so reluctant to return to.

LOUISIANA Catholic Church Lottery, FIRST CLASS—FOR 1828. To be Drawn positively on Saturday, 8th of March, 1828.



SCHEME. 1 PRIZE of \$7,000 is \$7,000 1 " " 6,000 " 6,000 1 " " 5,000 " 5,000 1 " " 4,000 " 4,000 1 " " 3,000 " 3,000 1 " " 2,720 " 2,720 6 " " 1,700 " 6,000 12 " " 500 " 6,000 156 " " 70 " 10,920 780 " " 10 " 7,800 7,800 " " 5 " 39,200 8,760 Prizes, 24,360 Tickets. \$97,440 15,000 Blanks.

Price of Tickets, 5 dollars, Haves 2 dollars 50 cts. Quarters 1 dollar 25 cents. To be had in a great variety of Numbers, at

BENNETT'S Truly Lucky Lottery Office, No 81 Chartres Street, New-Orleans; Where was sold in the third class of the PUBLIC SCHOOL LOTTERY. No. 7551—12,000 dollars, one half sold to a Gentleman in this City. Also, tickets in the Louisiana State Lottery, to be drawn on the 22d March. CAPITAL PRIZES: 15,000, 12,000, 10,000, 8,000, &c. Price of Tickets TEN dollars—shares in proportion. Feb 21

NEXT WEEK. THE FIRST CLASS—FOR 1828. Catholic Church Lottery, HIGHEST PRIZES: \$7000, 6000, 5000, 4000, 3000, 2720, And 6 of 1,000 Total amount \$97440 Tickets 5 dollars, packages of 10 do. 50 dollars—warranted 20 dollars—Certificates of do. 33 dollars—Shares of each in proportion.

LOUISIANA LOTTERY, SEVENTH CLASS: To be Drawn on Saturday the 22nd MARCH. HIGHEST PRIZES: \$15,000, 12,000, 10,000, 8,000, 6,000, &c. 6 of \$2000 and 6 1000 Total amount \$194,200 TICKETS, \$10—PACKAGES OF 10 do. \$100 Warranted \$40, Certificates of do. \$60—Shares of each in proportion. Apply at MALCOLM'S Office No. 86 Chartres street, Sign of the Wheel of Fortune, or at 132 do. Opposite the Exchange.

BARBET'S LOTTERY OFFICE, No. 37 St. Louis street, opposite Beaudry's Coffee-House. LIST of the drawing of the 3d class of the Catholic Church Lottery, 1-7-26-29 Persons holding prize tickets are requested to call and receive the cash, or renew them in next Catholic Church Lottery—First Class, for 1828. To be drawn positively on the 25th of March, 1828.

SCHEME. 1 prize of 7,000, of 6,000, of 5,000, of 4,000, of 3,000, of 2,720, 6 of 1000, 12 of 500, 156 of 70, 780 of 10 Tickets, 5 dollars. Halves 2 dollars 50 cents Quarters 1 dollar 25 cents. P. V. BARBET, This Office, No. 37 St. Louis Street, opposite Hewitt's Coffee House, is always open to transact all sorts of Exchange, on foreign monies, either in double bills, imperial coin or sovereigns, and uncurrent money at the lowest discount.

81, BENNETT'S Prize List of the Drawing of the 3d Class OF THE Catholic Church Lottery, Numbers drawn were—1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 1, 7, 26, 29 Persons holding prize Tickets are respectfully invited to call and receive the cash or renew them in either of the two next Lotteries to be drawn on the 8th March—Price of Tickets—Shares in proportion. The next Louisiana State Lottery will draw prizes 15000, 12000, 10000, 8000 dollars.—Price of Tickets, 10 dollars, shares in proportion.

THE Subscriber having been in danger by the loss of his watch, and a great many gun barrels and fire arms are missing; persons having received said articles are requested to return them to him, wishing to ascertain if any has been stolen. He begs also those persons who took fire-arms at the City Guard, or elsewhere, on the night of the 1st, thinking to be their own, are also requested to return them to him, wishing to ascertain if any has been stolen. ADOLPHE BUNART. Feb. 8-3

BEAVER HATS. RECEIVED by ship Illinois, from New-York, FORTY CASES of First Quality black and drab BEAVER HATS, of the high, low, and medium crowns, with long and short naps—all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, and of the latest fashions.—Also, several dozens of elegant SEAL DRAB HATS, which will be sold at wholesale or retail, on reasonable terms.—NICHOLS & KEELER, Jan. 28 18 Canal-st.

Chapeaux de Castor. Reçus par le navire Illinois, de New-York. 40 caisses de CHAPEAUX noirs et de brun, de première qualité, de formes hautes, basses, et moyennes, à poils longs et courts; tous de qualités supérieures, et des dernières modes.—De plus, plusieurs douzaines de CHAPEAUX dits Seal-Drab, qu'on vendra en gros et en détail, à des termes raisonnables. NICHOLS & KEELER. 28 Janvier. 18, rue Canal

Mr. J. C. G... jardinier-Bertriste, planteur et tailleur d'arbres et de vignes, établit toutes sortes de jardins neufs et répare les vieux; il exécutera tous les plans qui lui seront présentés; ayant appris à travailler sous les meilleurs maîtres jardiniers d'Europe, et ayant constamment exercé cet art, même dans ce pays depuis plusieurs années; il a une parfaite connaissance de la culture des végétaux indigènes et exotiques. Il prendra des arrangements avec la personne qui voudra l'employer au mois. Pour renseignements, s'adresser à Mde. Matouvy et M. Wiloz, rue d'Orléans, face au Café Davis, et à M. St.-George, encourageur des rues de la Levée et Versailles. 25 Janv