## MASON'S

## MONTHLY

## Coin and Stamp

## COLLECTORS’



## 

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# MASON'心 <br> GOIN AND STAMP GOLLECTORS: <br> $\mathbb{M} \mathbb{A} \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{N}$. 

Vol. II.
NOVEMBER, 1868.
No. 8.

ANTIQUARIAN IRESEARCIIES IN NORTII AMERICA.

By M. W. Dickeson, M. D.<br>Number II.-Continued.

The fifth was a male of large stature, with his head eompressed, and three, fourths of an ineh thick. Around the neck lay two preces of pottery, one a

basin, and the other a jug, the neek carved into the form of an Indian's head, with the opening at the mouth. On the ehest lay several implements of war, paints, mullers, and a beautifully earved pipe ; in front of the bowl stands a bear, well executed.

Several skeletons, promiscuously thrown together, without regard to position, heading each way, were the next which attraeted our attention, and were no doubt the common order, from their carcless burial. We examined several heads, but did not find one showing evidence of fracture from weapons, as they would, if they had been eaptive foes. Neither was there the conformation or delicacy of struc-
ture, belonging to the female ; nor were there more than one flat head among them.
The bodies now became very numerous, so much so, as to forbid minute. examination at the time, the broken remains of thirty bodies being exposed. They lay in lines (except the last deseribed group) and pairs, facing each other without any regard to sex, as their position would lead to suppose. We found as often a pair of males, as a male and female.
The day beginning to decline, we hurried through the examination of the bodies remaining, and in every

instance finding pottery about the neck, but mostly broken, as the mere pressure of the earth had fractured many of the finest specimens. Out of about ninety speeimens dug up, thirty-
two only were obtained whole. Many more might have been saved, had they been left several hours exposed to the sun, and allowed to harden before they were displaced ; but, in the earth, at the slightest loueh they crumbled to picees. The vesscls found with the females were, in most eases, upside down and empty.

The number generally found with each subject variced from two to four. In the case of the dwarf, however, there were seven, and they of more finished workmanship than others. This fact, with the circumstance of the quantity of burnt bones found with him, seems to designate him as a personage of some importance among his tribe. Whether he was a prophet or a potmaker, seems a. doubtful point. The weapons of war, and the stone ornaments did not differ much in material. The spear and arrow points were of chaleedony, mavaeulite, quartz, agate, \&c., and a selacious rock, filled with the fossil remains of the Enerinite, Orthocerate, de. The remarkable conformation of the head above described, shows that its owner might have been a captive; or a medicine man, tortured by a eunning mother, in infancy, to give him a strange appearance, and instructed, through youth up to manliood in all the arts and influences needful to sway the benighted and superstitious mind of his race.

We gathered up our relies and took a. kind farewell of our friend; mounted our horses and made for the town.

Thus ended the day's exploration of this old and eurious record of the existence of a dead nation.

## FOSSIL SKULLS.

Among the subjeets diseussed at the recent meeting at Chicago of the Ameriean Association for the Ad-
vancement of Scienee, was that of the Fossil Human Skull. A paper on the "Fossil human skull of Calaveras county, California, " by professor J. D. Whitney, was read.

The professor exhibited the pieee of skull in question, whieh consisted of a section comprising the face, and running diagonally across, so as to include one ear cavity. The upper and baek portion of the skull were lost, as was one side. With the skull were exhibited several bones from other portions of the human body, which were fount in connection with the skull. The Professor procceded to diseuss the evidenee as to its position in the roeks, and eoneluded that the skull had really been found in such a position as to warrant the belief that the lara strata above it had been deposited sinee the skull had found its place there. In the skull was found a snail belonging to a genus now in existence in the Sicrra Nevada mountains, and in the mouth a bone with a lole through it, as if it had been used as an ornament. From his investigations, the Professor inferred that the superincumbent mass of trachytic ashes and gravel in alternate layers, which was above the skull, belonged to the pliocene or post-pliocene epoch of geology, which indicates a mueh greater antiquity for man than has usually been assigned to him. It places his creation anterior to the glacial epoch, and to the closing cra of the voleanie cruptions in California. The time that lias clapsed since the deposition of the skull eannot be stated in years. An approximation ean only be ciphered out by arehæologists and geologists, after long study of the cireumstances connected with its deposition.

GOOD.
Coin bussness looking up.

## THE UNIQUE WASHINGTON CENT.

Wm. Few Smith, Esq., of Camden, N. J., is the lucky proprictor of the unique Washington coin, described in a previous number of this Magazine. This gentleman is said to lave the finest collection of cents in the country, and judging by the few specimens of the early dates, we have seen, we feel little hesitation, in saying there is good reason for this statement.

## PECULIARITLES OF AMERI-

## CAN COINS.

We are preparing a new series of papers in reference to the types and varieties of American Coinage, (entirely diseonnected from the series so ably cdited by $\$$ ), and shall commence the initiatory number with the 1793 cent, to be followed in chronological order, until the scries are complete.

## TYPES AND VARIETIES OF THE 1793 CENT.

We are preparing an article for publication in this journal, concerning the distinct types and varieties, of the U. S. Cent of 1793. If the reader, subscriber, or friends of either, have in their possession, or know of a 1793 cent, from which a rubbing can be obtained, and will take the trouble, to send us on the impression, we will be very thankful for their kindness. We wish to give the owner's name of every distinct type, or noticeable variation -obverse or reverse--and, if within our means, to present a cut of each cent, with the variation pointed out by notes and references.

Send on rubbings of any and all cents of the above date, from which a distinct impression can be obtained. It is our purpose, also, to follow up the
complete series of cents, 1793 to 1857 , and give all the types and varieties of cach.

## THE RANDALI COLN SALE.

A full account of this sale will appear in the next number. From present appearances, the sale will be well attended, and no doubt prove successful in a pecuniary point of view. Catalogues have been forwarded to every subseriber of this magazine. The early date of going to press, (October 25th), prevents any extended remarks, in reference to the coin sale, as all • calculations of attendance, success, \&e., are based upon supposition. Our readers can have a priced catalogue of this sale, upon remitting one dollar to this office.

GREAT MICKLEY SALE IN N.Y. Nov., 1867.-Continued. Part I. American Series. PATTERN PIECES. (Continued.)
Feuchtwanger's Three Cent Picce, 1837, arms of New York; very fine, almost proof, scarce. $\$ 150$.

Feuchtwanger's Cents, 1837, five pieces, all fine, different varicties. 25 c .

Feuchtwanger's Cent, struck from two reverse dies, "One Cent" on both sides; very fine, rare. $\$ 175$.
Half-Cents worth of pure copper, 1837, fine. 10 c .

Flying Eagle Dollar, 1338 ; original, brilliant proof, extremely rare. \$4500

Half-Dollar, 183S; obv. head of Liberty; rev. a flying eagle ; one of the earliest impressions, being from the die before it was injured by breaking, brilliant proof, rare. \$600.

Half-Dollar, 1838, head of Liberty; rev. spread eagle ; brilliant proof, rare. $\$ 850$.

IIalf-Dollar, 1838, Liberty scated; rev. flying eagle ; brilliant proof. One of the rarest of the Pattern serics, brought in the MeCoy sale S59. ©25.

Half-Dollar, 1838, Liberty seated; rev. an eagle, engraved by Gobrecht, holding in the right talon an olive branch, and in the left four arrows, "United States of America, Malf-Dol. lar." Proof, very rare. \$8300.

Malf-Dollar, 1838, Liberty seated; rev. eagle with shield, olive branch in the right talon, three arrows in the left, "United States of America, 50 Cents." Having never seen, or heard of this picee, I believe it to be quite as rare as the preceding, brilliant proof. $S 7500$.
The five lots last described constitute the only known set of pattern half-dollars of this date?

Flying Eagle Dollar, 1839 ; brilliant proof, original, and excecdingly rare. 83.500.

Half-Dollars, 1839 ; head of Liberty, surrounded by stars, dies by Gobrecht; splendid moof in silver, one of the rarest of the Putterns. 82500.

Three Cent Picee, 1849 ; obv. like the ITalf-Dime ; rev. figure 3 ; brilliant prof, extremely rare. $\$ 650$.

Three Cent Piece, 1849 ; obv. like the last; rev. IIl. ; splendid proof, fifty per eent, silver, rare. \$750.

Frold Ring Dollar, 1849 ; square hole in the eentre, fine proof, rare, 8650.
frold Ring Dollar, 18.50; obv. "Unifor States of America; " rev. plain ; "xtremely rare. \$1350.

Frold Ping Malf-Dollar, 18.50; design similar to the last, extremely rare. 3 Wi 0 。

Three Cent Picec, 1850, Liberty cap; monf, rare. $\$ 225$.

Ring Cent, 1850, one tenth silver, miginal proof, very rare. \$1 25.
ling Cent, 1850, without date; jronf, rare. «̌2. 0.

Trial impression from the reverse die of the Pattern Malf-Dollar of 1838, the Gobrecht eagle. $\$ 125$

Pattern Three Cent Picec, a circular piece of metal stamped III. \$1 12.

Pattern Cent of the same design as the last, and equally beautiful one if the rarest of Pattern Pieces. $\$ 100$.

Half-Eagle, 1843, struck in copper. 50 c .

Quarter-Dollar, 1844, struck in eopper. 38e.

Dollar, 1851; a splendid original impression, extremely rare. $\$ 3000$.

Cent, 18.51 ; obv. Liberty seated; rev. " 1 cent," within a wreath ; nickel, very fine indeed, and rare. $\$ 125$.

Nickel Planchet for striking the last picce. 2 ひ̌c.

Ring Dollar, 18.52 ; splendid proof in gold, original and very rare. 55.50

Ring Dollar, 1852, "U. S. A.;" pattern for a Gold Dollar, struek in silver ; proof, rare. \$3 25.

Three Cent Pieec, 1853, coiner April 10th; the first coinage of this denomination, of standard silver ; none issued for some time after. 2.5 c .

Cent, 1853 ; obv. head of Libecty: rev. "One Cent" within a wreath ; nickel, proof, rare, \$300.

IIalf Dime of 18.54 ; struck on a thiek Niekel planehet, similar to that used for striking the last piece; unique, $\$ 3.12$

Cent, 1854, head of Liberty ; splendid proof, searec. \$1 75.

## MMPEACMMENT TICKETS.

A few sets of these tickets, (original). can be liad at $\$ 1$ per set of four colors. or 50 c . each.

HISTORY OF AMERICAN MEDALS.
This work is nearly completed, and will be commenced in the Jamuary number.

ROWLAND MILL NOT TIE FIRST DEVISER OF A LENNY POST.
It may be fondly imagined by some of our readers that Sir Rowland Inill was the first deviser of a penny post. Notling can be further from the truth. He took up an old idea, worked it out zealously, and brought it to a successful issue. As far back as 1683, one Robert Murray, an enterprising upliolsterer, of London, bethought himself of a new way to make a fortune, and set up a penny post in the City. Though there were no Spooners or Whalleys in Parliament in those days, yet the ultra-Protestant party denounced it as "a device of the Jesuits," and vowed that Mr. Murray's bags, if opened, would be found to be full of Roman Bulls and Papal Indulgences. Whether this outcry alarmed him we know not; but Murray appears to have assigned his idea and "plant" to a man named Dockwra, who, though prosecuted by the Crown for invading its monopoly, contrived to hold his own so far as to get a pension of $£ 200$, and with it the Controllership of the "London District Post," of whicli Murray must be regarded as the founder. But before many years were over, Mr. Dockwra was suspended on acount of complaints, among which was one to the effect that " many a time he had hazarded the life of a patient when physic was sent by a doctor or apothecary." It appears, then that, while we send only boxes of pills and powders, the penny post of 200 years ago would carry draughts from St. Bartholomew's to the Strand or to West-minster.-London Times.

PECULIARITIES OF AMERI-
CAN COINS, No. 9
Received too late for this number.

## NEW ISSUES.

## FINLAND.

Helsingfors local has had its colors changed, though not for the better. The green portion of the original stamp has been altered to brown; a blue bar replacing the red one.

## VENEZUELA.

The $\frac{1}{2}$ centavo, $\frac{1}{2}$ real, and 1 real current are now circulated with the peculiar scallop perforation adopted by some of the La Guaira labels.

## URUGUAY.

The green 10 centesimos of the existing type, with value impressed on the figure, is found in some instances crroneously printed CENIECDIOS.

## INDIA.

We have to announce a new 8 anna stamp for our India empire ; differing very slightly from the superseded stamp in apearance. The color, \&c., is much as before, with the elephant watermark ; the ear of Her Majesty's profile is not quite so conspicuous as before, and the crown is not like that formerly depicted.

## SUEZ CANAL COMPANY.

One of our Parisian contemporaries announces the appearance of a scries of half a dozen locals issued by this company. He concludes they are provisionals, promising further information on the subject next month.

The adhesive labels are four in number, poorly lithographed in color, on plain white unwatermarked paper, and are imperforate. They imitate in shape the current Egyptians; a central transverse oval bears a steamer, and the inscription CANAL MARITHE above, de suez below ; beneath which is the word postes ; figures of value stand
at each angle, values and colors :
1 centime, black.
5 " green.
20 " ${ }^{2}$ blue.
40 " pink.
The use of these stamps is strietly local ; confined to the inhabitants of the towns that have sprung up and been populated by the various classes of workmen employed during the progress of the works. The company had hitherto undertaken the correspondence of its dependents gratuitously, but have lately determined on realizing a profit thereby; henee the origin of these adhesives.

## RUSSIA.

The 20 kopee Russian envelopes, in lieu of blue as hitherto, are now printed pearl-grey.

## QUEENSLAND.

The lilac fourpenny of this colony, so recently emitted, is said to be now slate eolored.

## STRIATS SETTLEMENTS.

Pale brown (usually called bistre by the French writers, whieh by the way is one of the darkest browns found in our eolor boxes) seems a fashionable shade at present for postage stamps. The current 2 cents of British Columbia adopted it; and the same ineffective lue has been chosen for the same value in the permanent issue for the Malaeca peninsular and ajaeent territory. Some of the lower valued provisionals of the Settlements, we understand, are still in active serviee.

DANUBIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMIANY.
The 10 soldi of this company, formerly lilac, las now domed a green coat.

## PORTUGAL.

The perforated labels of this Kingdom have received an accession by the adjunction of the green 50 reis, which will be prepared also similarly for the dependencies of Madeira and the Azores.-Philatelist,

## DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

A new appearance for Maiti 25 c . postes. It is much more likely to be deceptive than genuine. The stamp is printed in pale yellow on plain white рарег.

## TRINIDAD.

The green sixpenny of this island sometimes bears the words too Late repeated, forming a St. Andrew's Cross. Pace the Pendragonites, this will form a recognized variety; and very probably careful examination will discover a shilling stamp similarly modified.

## GREECE.

We read it authoritatively announced that Greece has joined France, Italy, Switzerland, and Servia in adopting a decimal coinage. A new issue of postage stamps in aecordance therewith may therfore be eonfidently expeeted.

## BOLIVIA.

The exquisite stamps of this republic are reported to lave an accession in a black one of the existent type, bearing the strange value five hundred centavos!

## SOUTII AUSTRALIA.

A totally changed series of stamps is said to be actually in preparation for this colony. We hope they will be really perforated ; not rouletted in the wretched way now used, rendering a perfeet specimen of rare oceurrence.

## PARAGUAY.

The new 5 centavos stamp of this country has been doubted and certified by tirns. The matter may now be finally settled on the side of acceptation, by the existence of a paragraph in a Paraguayan newspaper noticing its admission, and actually giving the designer's name.

## FRANCE.

Our previsions with respect to this country in another part of this magaznic have been verified by the issue of the 40 centimes, laureated type; and we are confidently informed, that the jo. green will have made its appearance under a similar guise, ere the publication of the present number. There will then remain the 1 centime only to complete the imperial latureated series.

## ST. HELENA.

A small number of the perforated sixpenny of this island have found their way hither, betokening the total exhaustion of the unperforated stock which so long continued to puzzle collectors.

Norway.
An unpretending local for Bergen is out, which we forbear fully chronicling till further information shall be received respecting it. It bears a large figure of vaiue on a white ground.

NATAL.
The color of the penny stamps of this colony is again changed. They are now of a rich deep pink.

## STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.

The 4 cents, same type as the now current 6 cents, has just appeared : it is bright pink.

MEXICO.
Several additions must be made to the overgrowing list of pestal impressions for this country. To the round

Guadalajara set must be added a 2 reales pink, dated 1867; a 2r. lilac, on plain and on fancy paper, the former of the same date, the latter being 1868; a 1 peso on plain paper, 1867 ; and a 4 reales on bluish tint. The 5 centavos bearing Maximilian's head is found chgraved, without inscription; and of the original Hidalgo type are known a $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{r}$. grey, a 1 r . black on green, 2 r . black on pink, and 4 r. red on yellow ; all both with and withont the Gothic letter inscriptions. There is also to be catalogued a 4 r . of the 3 rd emission, red on yellow, having uextco misprinted by crror of the compositor.

## máURTIUS.

To prevent collectors falling victims to the forgery of the long disused envelope of the Mauritius, chronicled last month, we purpose giving in our next number a correct representation of the falsity. Postage-stamp forgery must be a thriving trade, if we may judge from the enormous number in circulation. During a recent tour through some of the French provincial towns, we were horrified at the quanity of sheets filled witl falsitics, audaciously exposed for sale. Even in l'aris, except at the regular well-known and accredited deaiers, there are many more impostures than realities on view.-Philatelist.

## DESCRIPTION OF A UNIQUE WASIIINGTON PIECE.

(In possession of W.F.S. Phila). A Obversc.--Legend, "GEN. WASHINGTON." Head facing right; hair in knot or queuc; bust in military dress. Reverse.-Legend, "E. Pluribus Unum." Spread eagle with head to right, having open beak, right talon grasping an olive branch, and in left, thunderbolts: thirteen stars surrounding head; date 1791, considerably worn.

The whole piece is in fair condition.


## TO PHILATELISTS.

Arrangements have been made for a great improvement in the Stamp Department of this journal. We have secured the services of a capable and energetic gentleman, whose knowledge of stamps cannot, be excelled in America, and who will take entire charge of the stamp business.

## WANTED!

We wish to obtain a few copics of the Cataloguc of Mickley's Collection, sold by auction, October 28, 1867. Three Dollars in coins, will be given for each copy-priced or unpriced.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

Columbus Ga., Oct. 13th, 1868. Masne \& Co.,

I forward you by mail the first. volume of your magazine. In your last number, you expressed a desire to sccure several complete volumes, offering as an induccment, your second volume, in return. On these terms, I send the first to you. Do not for a moment suppose that I send it because I attach no importance to then. I consider my action in doing so, as really deserving of praise, for the self sacrificing spirit manifested.

Like many others in our unfortunate section of country, my means are limited. Too often, our pleasures and amusements have to be set aside, or sacrificed to honest duty.

Believe me gentlemen. I fully appreciate the merits and the mission, of your magazine, and no one can more heartily desire your success than I. Can I do nothing in your line of business, that would forward your interest here?
F. H. T.

REPIIES TO CORRESPONDENCE.
S. R., Cmicago.-Scnt you first Impeachment Tickets. Could not spare more at the time. Have now a few sets. Shall we send more?
T. A., Jr., Wasminaton, D. C.We bourhtall the tickets we could find in private hands. Will pay 20 c . each. If you can possibly raise us ten sets do so. We are run down with orders. Unfortunately we sent one hundred tickets to England.
R. O. ; E. P. B. ; S. T. ; N. D. L. ; P. V. JR. and Others. - Your tickets will be sent immediately. Can spare you one each. We expect to raise the price in a short time, as we cannot obtain a supply.

Mrs. P. C. R., Newark. - Club re-ceiverl--magazines sent October 25. We embrace femalc numismatists in our cataloyue of collectors. Your party is the first organized of the "other sex" in the U. S. Success attend you, and may cach one of the club realise happiness and profit from the delightful study of numismatology.
G. M. P., Troy.-Send us on all the rubbings of all the different '93 cents, you can have access to. We also wish to obtain rubbings of the different varieties of all.other dates of the U. S. copper cents. We hope our correspondents, will favor us with their assistance, in making the "History of Varictics" as complete as possible.
W. P., Boston.-We do not know that W. E. W. of Roxbury, is a coin dealer, but have heard such is the fact. Write to him for information.
S. H. L. Newburyport.--The sale will cmbrace about nine hundred lots. We shall price a few catalogues at $\$ 1$ each after the salc.
L. R. H., Washington.-The stamps you describe are Essays; worth about 2 .5. cach.
II. A., Jr., New Yori.- $\$ 750$ was the highest price any U. S. coin reached at a public sale- 1804 Dollar.
T. T. ${ }^{*}$ B., Hartford.-Can send you any kind of stamp album you require.
L. W. D., ST. Louis.-Regret the sad aecident which happened you. Hope to hear of your speedy reeovery. Have written in reply to communication of Mr. George.
P. S., Dayton, O.-Every pieee in the Randall coin sale warranted genuine, unless otherwise deseribed in catalogue.
R. A. R., Newark.-There is a genuine ten cent rose stamp, (confederate) ; also a one cent yellow stamp.
S. V., Pontland.-Can send you a few sets of Impeachment Tickets; but not the number you require, as the demand will soou exceed the supplyjudging by the orders daily received.

Miss L. A.S.-Your eollection of stamps worth about fifteen dollars. Will forward the album and tiekets, as soon as we hear from you.
R. R., NEW YTORL.-Theranique Washington eent has been sold to a prominent collector in Camden, who values it at $\$ 300$. See notice elsewhere.
M. M.. Borton.--Bids received. We have received hids amounting to ahout live houdred dollars, and a portion of these bids may not be bona-fide. Ten per cent is not tro large a profit, for patties bearing the entire responsibility of purchases.

Trbleli, Pittsburg.-We have fisll half cents for you. There is a prospeet of another sale sometime in Decomber. Watchi the magazine for particulats. Weare pushine matters for an carly opening in $\stackrel{N}{ } . \mathrm{l}^{\circ}$.
R. M. W.--Have written you. An excellent chance offers for some person, understanding the business to take the Philadelphia rlepartment, and carry on the same with our aid and advice. Think of it. We require sufficient money to cover stock and fixtures. No bonus asked. It is our purpose to open a large Coin and Stamp Depot in N. Y. as soon as possible. Our prospective partuer, was badly injured in St. Louis, being struek with a "Dumb Bell, " near the temple. The injury may mrove fatal.

## PARTNER WANTED:

The gentleman who was to join us November 1st, having met with a serious-perhaps fatal accident-will not be able to take an intercst in our business. This leaves us in rather a perplexing position, as we had our work, (an improvement in the magazine), laid out for the new partner, who was in every way qualified for the task. We again ask for a partner, having some knowledge of coins, or stamps. A grood chance for a grood man.

## RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Wishing to remove our business to New Iork, we are prepared to arrange with a good. active and industrious man, to take the entire control of the Coin ind Stamp business in this city. A grood stock of Coins and Stamps; grood fixtures, iron safe, de., and a grood location at a low rent. Whoever lakes this chanee, will have the advantave of comecting with the New York Office, and will be supplied with, coins, stamps and publieations, nceessary for the suceessful prosecution of the enterprise. A few hundred dollar's required.

## J．COLVIN RANDALL＇S

#  At Putolic salo， 

# On Wednesday amt Thursday，Oct．28th and 29th， 

COMMENCING AT 3 P．MI．

A＇T THE RUOMS DF

## THOMAS BIRCII \＆SON， 1110 Chestnut Street，Philtcdelphia．

 pieces，Patterns，Colonials，Medits，Winhington I＇ieces，Cents，Half Cents，Foreign Silver and Copper Merlals，Cuins，\＆c

Many rate and very finm Conns will he fonnd in this collection．Also，some brilliant Proof sets，and other proot pieces．

Catalognes furmished on application th the Anctiourers．of to
MASON \＆CO．，No．NO N゙い：th TENTM St．，Philadelphia．

## Coins on Exhibition at 9 A．M．，cach day of Sale．

bids cin be forwarled fu blich \＆\＆oN，mul MASON \＆CO．．Philadelphia，aud EDW．ARD COGAN 100 Wrillian St．，New York．

## U．S．IMPEACHMENT TICKET

## Great Felic of the 19th Century

There tickets are verv beantilully rugraviorl，with cunpons attached．stamped，ummbered athl signed by the Dourkeeper of the sebate．and used at the＇llial of the l＇resident Warmatad genuine，and pmr－ chated directly liom Wimhiagtull．As the Goveru－ meut has the plate，they cannot be rarprinter．In sets of t，mailed for \＄1．Ol io rents cach Printediu 4 colores．

## U．S．FIFTEEN CKNT NOTES AN1） <br> U．S．SHIELDS．

Shichs magnificently engrabed by U S．＇Treasiny
 tomal comrency，inchadng two lise notes：red and green backs．Alao comtmang all the red hatios and Written signatures I＇t paral lon lian mio．

Price \＄6．：0．

## 

 17！3 to ls：
 persot．




 ざいだに！，がった！。




## 50,000 （17iosities FOR SALE．

This is a rate cullertion of Somth A nierican Miue－ 1：als．l＇etrifactions，from 600 tu 700 Birl skins，some of which are very lare，Insects，Wet aud Dry Prepalations．Nutnial itul Artiflcial Rarities，Indian and Goucho Implements of Wiu，Antediluvian Fos－ sils，Plenomenn，\＆e．Also，Fragments of the An－ cient＇Temples of Athens，and Curiosities in general， torether with some ． 000 pieces of Foreign Coin．

These articles were collected with the express in－ tention of opening a $\$$ nsenm．and offered a few mouths ago to the Commissioners of Ceutral Park， New Yurk，for $\$ 100000$ ：but as the proprietor iu－ tends to leave the United States，he will now dispose of the entire collect on for $22 \mathrm{j}, 000$ cash，or in parcels from slono to s5000，to suit pmichasers．

The ohjects can be seen at his residence．
N．B．－Take the Philadelpliar and Reading Cars ： Fon ont at Limerick Station，which is $21 / 2$ miles from the place．Adelrens．

## Dr．W．W．MORGAN． <br> Limerick，Muntgomery Co，Pa．

## RANDALL＇S SALE．

Priced Catalogues of this Sale mailed for $\$ 1.00$

Mason \＆Co， 50 N． 10 th St．

## FOREIGN COINS．



MASON \＆CO．


