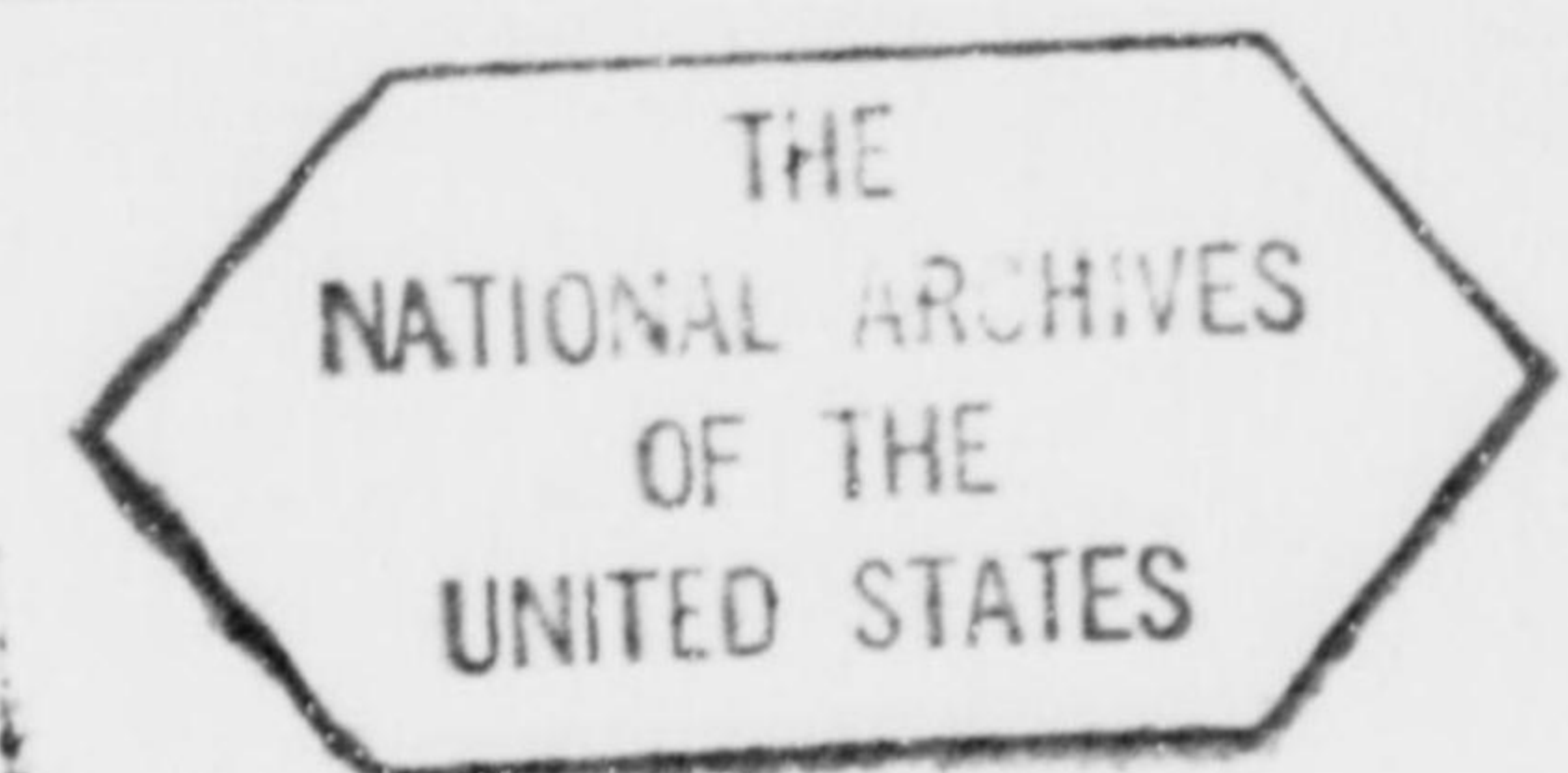


**GHQ/SCAP Records(RG 331)**  
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CENSORSHIP CRACKS DOWN ON KOREAN PAPER...

31 Dec 50



AP WORLD SERVICE

ITEM 47 KOREAN NEWSPAPER UNDER CENSORSHIP

BY BILL VAUGH

SEOUL, DEC. 31--(AP)--THE EIGHTH ARMY CENSORSHIP ~~CRK~~ CRACKDOWN TODAY WAS EXTENDED TO KOREAN NEWSPAPERS AND INDIRECTLY TO GOVERNMENT STATEMENTS INsofar AS THEY MENTION THE NEW COMMANDER OF THE EIGHTH ARMY, LT. GEN. MATTHEW B. RIDGWAY.

COLONEL R.L. THOMPSON, EIGHTH ARMY PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER, ISSUED THE ORDER AFTER KOREAN<sup>W</sup> NEWSPAPERS, THOMPSON SAID, INCORRECTLY QUOTE GENERAL RIDGWAY WHEN HE GAVE A PEP TALK TO KOREAN TROOPS.

PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE IN A NEW YEAR'S DAY STATEMENT REFERRED TO THESE QUOTES.

THE REFERENCE WAS DELETED FROM AMERICAN WAR CORRESPONDENTS COPIES OF RHEE'S STATEMENT.

THOMPSON SAID HE HAD INSTRUCTED CLARENCE RYEE, PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER FOR THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA, THAT KOREAN NEWSPAPERS MUST SUBMIT TO HIS OFFICE ANY COPY QUOTING RIDGWAY BEFORE PUBLICATION.



PHILIPPINES -

Suit vs. Haussermann

31 Dec 50



FC-14

CINCINNATI, O., DEC 31-(INS)-JOHN W. HAUSSERMANN OF NEW RICHMOND, O., KNOWN AS THE "GOLD KING OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS," IS THE DEFENDANT SATURDAY IN A \$4,800,931.09 DAMAGE SUIT.

THE SUIT WAS FILED IN DISTRICT FEDERAL COURT IN CINCINNATI BY MRS. EDNAH SLADE PERKINS, NORWALK, CONN., WIFE OF EUGENE PERKINS, FORMER COUNSEL FOR THE BENGUET CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY OF THE PHILIPPINES.

THE SUIT IS THE LATEST IN A SERIES OF ACTIONS IN NEW YORK, CALIFORNIA AND OHIO COURTS BUT IS THE FIRST TO BE FILED IN A FEDERAL COURT.

HAUSSERMAN WAS NAMED PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER OF BENGUET, THE LARGEST GOLD-MINE ENTERPRISE IN THE ISLANDS BEFORE WORLD WAR II. HE AND HIS FAMILY WERE NAMED AS CHIEF OWNERS.

MRS. PERKINS CLAIMED THAT SHE, AND NOT HER HUSBAND, IS THE OWNER OF 144,000 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK IN THE COMPANY AND THAT NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA COURTS HAVE UPHELD HER ALTHOUGH HAUSSERMAN REFUSES TO RECOGNIZE THE RULINGS.

THE BENGUET STOCK IS WORTH \$2 A SHARE BUT, ACCORDING TO HER PETITION, SHE WOULD HAVE RECEIVED \$10 A SHARE IF HAUSSERMAN HAD NOT ACTED AGAINST HER.

MRS. PERKINS CONTENDS SHE WAS MISLED AS TO HER RIGHTS IN THE PHILIPPINE COURTS AND THAT IN 1930 SHE WAS CONFINED SEVEN DAYS IN A PHILIPPINE JAIL AND LATER HELD FOR A TIME IN AN ISLAND ASYLUM.

THE TOTAL SUIT INCLUDES MONEY FOR HER STOCK, DIVIDENDS DUE, COST OF LITIGATION AND ALSO \$2,000,000 FOR HER TIME IN JAIL AND THE INSANE ASYLUM AND \$1,000,000 EXEMPLARY DAMAGES.

ITEM

mm 07.18 tt



Gen. MacArthur's  
NEW YEAR'S DAY STATEMENT

30 Dec 50  
and  
31 Dec 50



FOR AUTOMATIC RELEASE AT 8x 4 P.M. SUNDAY, TOKYO TIME

BY RUTHERFORD POATS

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

TOKYO, DEC. 31 —(UP)— GENERAL MACARTHUR TOLD THE JAPANESE IN A NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE THAT "SELF-PRESERVATION" MAY REQUIRE THEM TO REARM AND "MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE."

IN THE STRONGEST STATEMENT <sup>HE</sup>/HAS MADE ON THE EXPLOSIVE ISSUE OF JAPANESE REARMAMENT, MACARTHUR SAID IT WILL BE JAPAN'S "DUTY" TO ABANDON ITS OCCUPATION INSPIRED EXPERIMENT IN PACIFISM AND SHOULDERS ARMS WITH OTHER FREE NATIONS IF "INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER THE LIVES OF MEN."

HE ADDED, "IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS." AND HE ASSURED THE JAPANESE IN A PHRASE APPARENTLY AIMED AT WORLD WAR II VICTIMS OF HIDEKI TOJO'S AGGRESSION THAT IF THIS COUNTRY IS THREATENED, "JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS OF THE PACIFIC AREA."

PRIME MINISTER SHIGERU YOSHIDA, LEADER OF THE MAJORITY LIBERAL PARTY, AND CHIEFS OF THE SOCIALIST PARTY LAST WEEK DECLARED THAT JAPAN NEED NOT CONSIDER SCRAPPING THE "NO WAR" PROVISIONS OF ITS CONSTITUTION NOW. PUBLIC OPINION POLLS HAVE SHOWN STRONG POPULAR OPPOSITION TO REARMAMENT.

MACARTHUR SAID "YOUR CONSTITUTION RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. THIS CONCEPT REPRESENTS ONE OF THE HIGHEST, IF NOT THE HIGHEST IDEAL THE MODERN WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN AND WHICH ALL MEN MUST IN DUE COURSE EMBRACE IF CIVILIZATION IS TO BE PRESERVED. THIS SELF-IMPOSED LIMITATION HAS METICULOUSLY GUIDED YOUR THOUGHT AND ACTION ON THE PROBLEM OF NATIONAL SECURITY EVEN DESPITE THE MENACES OF GATHERING STORMS."

(MORE) LN 230 A



ADE EMBARGOES MACARTHUR, TOKYO (POATS) X X X STORMS

MACARTHUR CONTINUED, "IF, HOWEVER, ~~XXX~~ INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER THE LIVES OF MEN, IT IS INHERENT THAT THIS IDEAL MUST GIVE WAY TO THE OVERWEANING LAW OF SELF-PRESERVATION AND IT WILL BECOME YOUR DUTY WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN CONCERT WITH OTHERS WHO CHERISH FREEDOM TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE. IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS BUT SHOULD IT, JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS OF THE PACIFIC AREA."

HE SAID JAPAN HAS "PROVED ITS RIGHT TO EQUAL PARTNERSHIP IN THE FAMILY OF FREE NATIONS OF THE EARTH" AND SHOULD HAVE A PEACE TREATY IN 1951.

"I SINCERELY TRUST THAT THIS YEAR WILL BRING TO NEW JAPAN THE BLESSINGS OF COMPLETE POLITICAL FREEDOM THROUGH A TREATY EFFECTIVELY ERASING THE REMAINING SCARS OF WAR AND THAT THEREAFTER A JAPANESE NATION FIRMLY ROOTED IN THE IMMUTABLE CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL MORALITY, ECONOMIC FREEDOM AND SOCIAL JUSTICE EVOLVED FROM A BLEND OF IDEAS AND IDEALS OF THE WEST AND YOUR OWN HALLOWED TRADITIONS AND TIME HONORED AND UNIVERSALLY RESPECTED CULTURE MAY BE COUNTED UPON TO EXERCISE A PROFOUND INFLUENCE UPON THE COURSE OF DESTINY IN ASIA."

MACARTHUR SAID THE JAPANESE HAD "MET THE CHALLENGE OF A FLAMING ASIA WITH CALM DELIBERATION, UNRUFFLED COMPOSURE AND QUIET DETERMINATION.

HE ADDED, "DESPITE INCREASED INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS THIS LAND HAS BEEN AN OASIS OF ~~TRANQUILITY~~ TRANQUILITY AND PROGRESS."

THE TEXT OF MACARTHUR'S MESSAGE FOLLOWS:

(MORE) LN 235 A



THIRD EMBARGOES MACARTHUR, TOKYO (POATS) X X X FOLLOWS:

"TO THE PEOPLE OF JAPAN:

"AS THE DAWN OF ANOTHER YEAR BREAKS UPON NEW JAPAN, EVERY JAPANESE CITIZEN MAY REVIEW THE PAST WITH SATISFACTION AT PROGRESS ACHIEVED, AND LOOK FORWARD WITH ADDED SELF-ASSURANCE TO THE DIFFICULT TESTS WHICH LIE AHEAD. FOR THIS LAND IN THE PAST YEAR HAS WITNESSED ADVANCES IN EVERY FIELD OF HUMAN AND SOCIAL ENDEAVOR AND THE JAPANESE CITIZEN HAS UNDOUBTEDLY EMERGED WITH ADDED INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY AND HIGHER PERSONAL DIGNITY.

"FROM THIS PERIOD OF TRIAL HAS, INDEED, COME A MEASURE OF THE MORAL STATURE OF THE JAPANESE NATION AND PEOPLE WHO HAVE MET THE CHALLENGE OF A FLAMING ASIA WITH CALM DELIBERATION, UNRUFFLED COMPOSURE AND QUIET DETERMINATION.

"POLITICALLY, ECONOMICALLY AND SOCIALLY JAPAN HAS CONTINUED TO MAKE UNINTERRUPTED AND SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS TOWARD THE GOAL OF NATIONAL STABILITY. REPRESENTATIVE DEMOCRACY IN ITS ADDED MATURITY NOW STANDS AS XXXX GUARDIAN OVER THE RIGHTS AND LIBERTIES OF THE PEOPLE, AND IMPRESSIVE STRIDES HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AUTONOMOUS RESPONSIBILITY.

"UNDER THE IMPETUS WHICH ALONE SPRINGS FROM THE PURSUIT OF FREE PRIVATE COMPETITIVE ENTERPRISE, PRODUCTION IN AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRY HAS ACHIEVED NEW POST-WAR HIGHS AND JAPAN HAS AGAIN BEEN ABLE SUCCESSFULLY TO OPERATE UNDER A GOVERNMENT FISCAL POLICY CENTERING ON A TRULY XXXX BALANCED BUDGET, CURTAILMENT OF SUBSIDIES, AND SOUND CREDIT PRACTICES. FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE WAR'S END THE INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION EXCEEDED THE 1932-36 BASE LEVEL BY AN APPRECIABLE MARGIN.

(MORE) LN 245 A



FOURTH EMBARGOES MACARTHUR , TOKYO (POATS) X X X MARGIN

"IN FOREIGN TRADE, IMPRESSIVE AND ENCOURAGING GAINS ALSO WERE MADE, THE VOLUME OF EXPORTS EXCEEDING BY ABOUT 50 PERCENT THE VOLUME ACHIEVED DURING THE PREVIOUS YEAR, WITH THE GAP BETWEEN IMPORTS AND EXPORTS BEING FURTHER NARROWED TO A VERY HEARTENING DEGREE.

"SOCIALY, PROGRESS HAS BEEN NO LESS NOTABLE. XXX DESPITE INCREASED INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS, THIS LAND HAS BEEN AN OASIS OF TRANQUILITY AND PROGRESS. IT HAS FULLY MERITED THE RESPECT AND FAITH OF MEN OF GOODWILL EVERYWHERE AND PROVED ITS RIGHT TO EQUAL PARTNERSHIP IN THE FAMILY OF FREE NATIONS OF THE EARTH.

"YOUR CONSTITUTION RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. THIS CONCEPT REPRESENTS ONE OF THE HIGHEST, IF NOT THE HIGHEST IDEAL THE MODERN WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN AND WHICH ALL MEN MUST IN DUE COURSE EMBRACE IF CIVILIZATION IS TO BE PRESERVED. THIS SELF-IMPOSED LIMITATION HAS METICULOUSLY GUIDED YOUR THOUGHT AND ACTION ON THE PROBLEM OF NATIONAL SECURITY, EVEN DESPITE THE MENACE OF GATHERING STORMS.

"IF, HOWEVER, INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE ~~THE~~ PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER THE LIVES OF MEN, IT IS INHERENT THAT THIS IDEAL MUST GIVE WAY TO THE OVERWEANING LAW OF SELF-PRESERVATION AND IT WILL BECOME YOUR DUTY WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN CONCERT WITH OTHERS WHO CHERISH FREEDOM TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE.

"IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS, BUT SHOULD IT, JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS OF THE PACIFIC AREA.

(MORE)

LN 250 A



FIFTH EMBARGOES MACARTHUR, TOKYO (POATS) X X X AREA

"I SINCERELY TRUST THAT THIS YEAR WILL BRING TO NEW JAPAN THE BLESSINGS OF COMPLETE POLITICAL FREEDOM THROUGH A TREATY EFFECTIVELY ERASING THE REMAINING SCARS OF WAR, AND THAT THEREAFTER, A JAPANESE NATION FIRMLY ROOTED IN IMMUTABLE CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL MORALITY, ECONOMIC FREEDOM AND SOCIAL JUSTICE EVOLVED FROM A BLEND OF IDEAS AND IDEALS OF THE WEST AND YOUR OWN HALLOWED TRADITIONS AND TIME-HONORED AND UNIVERSALLY RESPECTED CULTURE, MAY BE COUNTED UPON TO EXERCISE A PROFOUND INFLUENCE UPON THE COURSE OF DESTINY IN ASIA."

LN 257 A



TY-2

TOKYO, DEC. 31-(INS)--GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR WILL TELL THE JAPANESE PEOPLE IN A NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE THAT THEY MAY HAVE TO REARM IN SELF-PRESERVATION.

TEXT OF THE SUPREME COMMANDER'S MESSAGE TO THE OCCUPIED NATION, WHICH HAS BEEN DISTRIBUTED TO JAPANESE NEWSPAPERS BUT NOT TO UNITED NATIONS CORRESPONDENTS IN JAPAN, WILL BE RELEASED AT 4 P.M. SUNDAY (11 P.M. SATURDAY PST.)

IT WAS LEARNED THAT MACARTHUR WILL SAY THAT RENUNCIATION OF WAR REPRESENTS AN IDEAL ALL MEN SOME TIME MUST ACCEPT TO SAVE CIVILIZATION BUT IF THE PRESENT THREAT TO FREEDOM PERSISTS THE JAPANESE MUST DROP THAT IDEAL IN FAVOR OF THE LAW OF SURVIVAL.

THE MESSAGE IS ALSO UNDERSTOOD TO EXPRESS BELIEF THAT THE JAPANESE PEACE TREATY WILL BE CONSUMMATED IN 1951 AND THAT JAPAN WILL EXERT A DEEP INFLUENCE ON ASIA'S FUTURE.

PREMIER SHIGERU YOSHIDA'S LIBERAL PARTY, CO-INCIDENT WITH DISTRIBUTION OF MACARTHUR'S MESSAGE, CALLED FOR AN EARLY PEACE TREATY AND "MEASURES OF SELF DEFENSE" AGAINST COMMUNIST AGGRESSION.

THE LIBERAL PARTY CALL MARKED AN ABRUPT SWITCH IN PARTY POLICY AS YOSHIDA, ONLY 24 HOURS EARLIER, HAD DENOUNCED A DEMAND FOR REARMAMENT MADE BY HITOSHI ASHIDA, LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY. YOSHIDA APPARENTLY HAD NO ADVANCE INFORMATION ON THE CONTENTS OF THE MACARTHUR MESSAGE.

THE LIBERAL PARTY'S NEWLY-ANNOUNCED FOREIGN POLICY PLATFORM CALLS FOR AN EARLY PEACE TREATY TO ALLOW JAPAN "TO PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN DEFENSE AGAINST COMMUNIST AGGRESSION BY ADOPTING MEASURES OF SELF-DEFENSE IN FULL COOPERATION WITH THE FREE NATIONS OF THE WORLD."

(MORE)



THE LIBERAL PARTY POLICY MAKERS FAILED TO SPECIFY WHAT THEY MEANT BY "MEASURES OF SELF-DEFENSE."

THE PLATFORM REJECTED EXPECTED ALLIED PROPOSALS FOR TERMINATING THE STATE OF WAR WITH JAPAN BY PROCLAMATION AND ASKED FOR A FULL PEACE TREATY.

CHAIRMAN RYUTARO NEMOTO OF THE LIBERAL PARTY'S POLITICAL AFFAIRS RESEARCH COMMITTEE TOLD NEWSMEN THAT ANY FURTHER DELAY IN SIGNING A PEACE TREATY WOULD BE "UNFORTUNATE FOR THE FREE WORLD AS WELL AS FOR THE JAPANESE PEOPLE."

HE ALSO EXPRESSED BELIEF THAT RUSSIA AND RED CHINA WILL "RESORT TO ALL POSSIBLE MEANS TO TURN JAPAN RED IN 1951."

HIS PARTY'S FOREIGN POLICY PLATFORM PREAMBLE STATED THAT "THE ENTIRE JAPANESE PEOPLE ARE DEEPLY CONCERNED WITH DEVELOPMENTS IN THE KOREAN CONFLICT."

JAPANESE REARMAMENT, FORBIDDEN BY THE PRESENT JAPANESE CONSTITUTION WHICH RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY, HAS BECOME A FRONT PAGE ISSUE IN JAPAN IN RECENT DAYS. TWO LEADING NEWSPAPERS, THE NIPPON TIMES AND MAINICHI HAVE JOINED WITH THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN CALLING FOR REARMAMENT.

THIS DREW FROM YOSHIDA FRIDAY THE STATEMENT THAT "IRRESPONSIBLE TALK" ABOUT JAPANESE REARMAMENT MIGHT "DELAY OUR CHANCES OF SECURING A PEACE TREATY."

YOSHIDA, CONTINUING THE REMARKS HE OBVIOUSLY WOULD NOT HAVE UTTERED HAD HE KNOWN WHAT WAS TO BE IN MACARTHUR'S NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE, SAID HE FEARED TALK OF REARMING JAPAN WOULD CAUSE UNEASINESS AMONG NEIGHBORS WHO HAD SUFFERED FROM PAST AGGRESSION.

(MORE)



THE NATIONAL DEMOCRAT POLICY, WHICH INCURRED YOSHIDA'S IRE, IS A FIVE POINT PROGRAM CALLING FOR:

1. AN EARLY END TO THE MILITARY OCCUPATION OF JAPAN.
2. INTENSIFIED REARMAMENT.
3. COMPLETE SOVEREIGNTY AND EQUALITY AMONG NATIONS FOR JAPAN.
4. A GUARANTEE OF JAPAN'S SECURITY.
5. AN ECONOMIC STRUCTURE GUARANTEEING SELF-SUFFICIENCY.

JAPAN, AT PRESENT, HAS NO ARMY OR AIR FORCE AND ONLY A FEW LANDING CRAFT AND MINESWEEPERS IN HER "NAVY."

SHE HAS A 75,000-MAN NATIONAL POLICE RESERVE, AUTHORIZED BY MACARTHUR JULY 8, IN THE PROCESS OF BEING ORGANIZED.

ITEM

MM 07.37 tt



TOKYO SERVICE H2BIZI (ADVANCE FOR RELEASE AT 1600 HOURS TOKYO TIME 12/31/52)

ITEM F MACARTHUR'S MESSAGE TO THE JAPANESE PEOPLE

BY TOM BRADSHAW

TOKYO, December 30, (AP)—General MacArthur today told the Japanese people that if "international lawlessness continues to threaten the peace" it will become their duty to "mount force to repel force".

That statement—contained in a New Year's message to Japan—carried subtly but definitely beyond the strongest thought yet expressed by MacArthur on the subject of Japanese rearmament.

Pointing out that the Japanese constitution "renounces war as an instrument of national policy," MacArthur praised Japan's social and political progress since the end of world war two and said that record has "proved its right to ~~enjoy~~ equal partnership in the family of free nations of the earth".

"This self-imposed limitation (banning rearmament)," MacArthur said, "has meticulously guided your thought and action on the problem of national security, even despite the menace of gathering storms."

"If, however, international lawlessness continues to threaten the peace and exercise dominion over the lives of men, it is inherent that this ideal must give way to the overwhelming law of self preservation and it will become your duty within the principles of the United Nations in concert with others who cherish freedom to mount force to repel force".

In his New Year's message to the Japanese people last December 31, MacArthur said Japan had the right to protect itself against unprovoked attack. He intimated at the same time, however, that there would be no change in Japan's rearmament situation.

That message was delivered six months before the communist-prompted drive across the 38th parallel to invade south Korea.

This year MacArthur's message came at a time when United Nations forces are awaiting ~~and~~ another communist offensive across that same boundary.

(more)



AP TOKYO SERVICE H2BIZI

first add item F macarthur's message x x x x that same boundary.

The Supreme Allied Commander ~~of~~ in the Pacific also expressed the "fervent hope" that the need will never arise for Japan to "mount force to repel force".

Should that time come, MacArthur said, "Japan's security will be their deep concern of all the other free nations of the Pacific area."

MacArthur's statement was expected to cause a furor not only in Japan, but in the United Nations and the world's diplomatic circles as well, particularly among the nations that felt the might of Japan's military and naval forces in World War Two.

To "mount force to repel force" could mean the re-establishment of a Japanese Army, Navy and the logistics or supply lines to back them up.

In 1947, MacArthur told correspondents that to permit Japan's even small military establishments would be "backtrack". His message last New Year's Day reversed that stand to the extent he said the Japanese had the right to defend themselves.

On this New Year's Day, 1951, <sup>in the past six months has</sup> the man who commanded a beleaguered Army and at the same time guided the reconstruction of a conquered land says:

"That nation may soon be needed to join in the fight against the Red flood tide in the Pacific."

(End advance for release at 1600 hours Tokyo time December 31)



GENERAL MACARTHUR'S NEW YEAR STATEMENT

31 Dec 50



(EDITOR'S NOTE: The following dispatch was written by Earnest Hoberrecht, United Press Manager for Japan, who has been covering Japanese affairs in Japan since 1945.)

BY EARNEST HOBERECHT

United Press Manager for Japan

TOKYO, Dec. 31--(UP)--Japan during 1951 may become a full partner of the United States with the role of helping maintain Democracy's Far East defense line.

General MacArthur's New Year message to the Japanese nation clearly indicates that Japanese rearmament -- now prohibited by the new Japanese constitution -- is a possibility.

The Supreme Commander said that if international lawlessness continues, it might be the "duty" of the Japanese to take up arms in self-defense.

General MacArthur also indicated that he expects the Japanese peace treaty to be signed in 1951. The United States has made it plain to Russia that she intends to go ahead with the treaty--with or without Soviet participation.

America also has said she will maintain troops in Japan. This announcement, coupled with earlier unofficial reports of plans for a Japanese-American military defense alliance, points to the very real possibility of a joint stand in Asia with the United States and Japan as equal partners.

(more)



ADD JAPAN IN 1951, TOKYO, (HOBRECHT) X X X PARTNERS.

Many Japanese believe there will be a peace treaty, then an alliance between Japan and the United States, and then the ~~xxxx~~ building up of Japan's defense forces. While the build up takes place, the U. S. will keep troops in Japan to ward off possible Russian attacks, some top Japanese speculate.

The American announcement of intentions to go ahead with the peace treaty was welcomed by the Japanese. They have been peaceful and ~~xxxx~~ cooperative during the long period of occupation---as General MacArthur has stated repeatedly. Even when American occupation troops were withdrawn to fight in Korea against Communist aggression, no trouble developed in Japan.

General MacArthur has been saying since early 1947 that the Japanese are entitled to a treaty. The ~~xxx~~ delay, as has been pointed out, has been due to Russia's attitude.

Under General MacArthur's occupation, the Japanese have been treated well. The Americans did not push the Japanese around and mistreat them as the Japanese did many of the people in areas they occupied during World War II. General MacArthur's policy has been to steer the Japanese back on the right road so they can again assume their proper place in the family of nations.

Since the beginning of the Occupation in 1945, the United States has poured millions of dollars into Japan. Much of this was to feed the Japanese. Had the American not brought in food, the Japanese would have gone hungry three months out of every year.

(over)



THIRD JAPAN IN 1951, TOKYO, (HOBERECHT) X X X YEAR.

Every year since the beginning of the Occupation, living conditions in Japan have improved. Japanese say living conditions are not as good today as they were before the China Incident of 1937, but they say conditions are better now than they were just before the outbreak of the Pacific War in 1941.

The lower classes of people, economically speaking, are enjoying a much improved living standard. The upper classes are not hurting. Only the middle class seems to be suffering the need for better housing and better clothing and enduring conditions lower than before. But even they are enjoying the constantly rising economic level.

Japan is now following the pattern of democratic nations and has a democratic government.

The new Japanese constitution is one of the finest and most modern of democratic documents in the world. The Emperor has been retained in a category somewhat like that of the King of England--but with absolutely no political power.

Women enjoy political equality. The turn out for general elections is higher than in the U.S.A. Tremendous civil service reforms have been instituted. A sweeping land reform program was carried out.

(more)



FOURTH JAPAN IN 1951, TOKYO, (HOBEBECHT) X X X OUT.

The vast majority of the Japanese are strongly anti-Communist. Their big fear--a traditional fear--is fear of a Russian invasion.

Almost all Japanese like the United States and the American way of life. With the exception of a short period during the Pacific War--~~which~~<sup>when</sup> the militarists were in power--the Japanese have traditionally liked the Americans and have always adopted American ideas. In this connection, the Occupation has had a tremendous influence on the Japanese.

New Japanese cars, although smaller, look like they might have been made in Detroit. Few traditional kimonos are seen; most Japanese dress in western style clothes. In downtown Tokyo it is difficult to say whether you are in Japan or a large American city---except the neon lights in Japanese characters are a little more difficult for most of us to read.



TY-5

RELEASE WITH GEN. MACARTHUR'S NEW YEAR STATEMENT

BY HOWARD HANDLEMAN

FAR EASTERN DIRECTOR, INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

TOKYO, DEC. 31--(INS)-- GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR TOLD THE JAPANESE PEOPLE SUNDAY THEY MAY HAVE TO REARM FOR SELF-PRESERVATION.

NO SINGLE STATEMENT OR EVENT IN THE TURBULENCE OF THE PAST SIX MONTHS HAS CARRIED WITH IT A GREATER SENSE OF THE IMMINENCE OF WORLD WAR THREE.

FOR GENERAL MACARTHUR THE HOPE OF CIVILIZATION WAS PERMANENT PEACE. FOR HIM THE JAPANESE CONSTITUTION WHICH RENOUNCED WAR AND ARMAMENT AS A NATIONAL POLICY WAS THE WAY TOWARD PEACE. AND FOR HIM THE GREATEST CONTRIBUTION OF HIS LONG LIFE OF SERVICE WOULD HAVE BEEN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A PERMANENT NEUTRALITY FOR A COUNTRY AS LARGE AND IMPORTANT AS JAPAN.

ONLY THE GREATEST SENSE OF URGENCY COULD HAVE MADE GEN. MACARTHUR EXPRESS DOUBTS THAT JAPAN COULD ACHIEVE THAT STATE OF PEACE.

THAT HE HAS EXPRESSED THAT DOUBT UNDERLINES THE IMMINENT DANGER OF THE OUTBREAK OF A GENERAL WAR MORE VAST IN SCOPE THAN ANYTHING HITHERTO EXPERIENCED BY MANKIND.

SOME YEARS AGO MACARTHUR PRIVATELY SAID HE WOULD RELIEVE ANY OF HIS OFFICERS WHO ADVOCATED REARMAMENT OF THE JAPANESE.

AT THAT TIME SOME OF HIS OFFICERS DID FAVOR SOME SORT OF REARMAMENT. BUT AT THAT TIME IN MACARTHUR'S EYES THE GREATEST SINGLE OPPORTUNITY FOR PERMANENT PEACE IN THE WORLD LAY IN THE EXAMPLE THAT COULD BE MADE THROUGH JAPAN.

AS WAR CLOUDS GATHERED LAST YEAR AND DURING THE FIRST PART OF 1950 MACARTHUR, AGAIN PRIVATELY, BEGAN TO EXPRESS SOME DOUBTS. ONCE HE TOLD AN INTERVIEWER THAT THE SITUATION WAS SUCH THAT ALL

XXXXXXXX

(MORE)



PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS AND HOPES HAD TO BE REEXAMINED.

THAT WAS BEFORE WAR AND THE GATHERING STRENGTH OF COMMUNISM ELSEWHERE IN THE WORLD FORCED GENERAL MACARTHUR TO DO SOME EXTREMELY PROFOUND REEXAMINATION PARTICULARLY ABOUT THE METHOD BY WHICH HE HOPED TO PROVIDE THE WORLD AN EXAMPLE THAT WOULD LEAD TO PERMANENT WORLDWIDE PEACE.

HE SUMMED UP THE RESULT OF HIS REEXAMINATION OF THIS ISSUE IN HIS NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE TO THE JAPANESE PEOPLE WHEN HE SAID:

"YOUR CONSTITUTION RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICE. THIS CONCEPT REPRESENTS ONE OF THE HIGHEST, IF NOT THE HIGHEST, IDEAL THE MODERN WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN AND WHICH ALL MEN MUST IN DUE COURSE EMBREACE IF CIVILIZATION IS TO BE PRESERVED.

"THIS SELF-IMPOSED LIMITATION HAS METICULOUSLY GUIDED YOUR THOUGH AND ACTION ON THE PROBLEM OF NATIONAL SECURITY, EVEN DESPITE THE MENACES OF GATHERING STORMS.

"IF, HOWEVER, INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER THE LIVES OF MEN, IT IS INHERENT THAT THIS IDEAL MUST GIVEWAY TO THE OVERWEANING LAW OF SELF-PRESERVATION AND IT WILL BECOME YOUR DUTY WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN CONCERT WITH OTHERS WHO CHERISH FREEDOM TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE.

"IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS, BUT SHOULD IT, JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS OF THE PACIFIC AREA."

FOR THE WORLD THAT WAS A STATEMENT OF THE IMMINENT THREAT OF DANGER AND TRAGEDY.

FOR MACARTHUR, PERSONALLY, IT WAS THE STATEMENT OF A MAN WHOSE HIGHEST HOPE IS THREATENED BY FORCES BEYOND HIS PURVIEW AND CONTROL.



TY-2

BY HOWARD HANDLEMAN - (SECOND STORY)

FAR EASTERN DIRECTOR, INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

TOKYO, JAN. 1--(MONDAY)--(INS)--VETERAN POLITICAL AND MILITARY OBSERVERS IN TOKYO CAME TO TWO CONCLUSIONS MONDAY AFTER A STUDY OF GENERAL MACARTHUR'S NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE TO THE JAPANESE PEOPLE. THEY ARE:

1-NO SINGLE STATEMENT OR EVENT IN THE TURBULENT PAST SIX MONTHS IN THE FAR EAST HAS CARRIED WITH IT A GREATER SENSE OF THE IMMINENT DANGER OF A THIRD WORLD WAR.

2--ONLY THE GREATEST SENSE OF URGENCY COULD HAVE MOTIVATED THE STATEMENT.

THE NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE ADDRESSED TO THE JAPANESE PEOPLE AND RELEASED SUNDAY TOLD THE JAPANESE IN EFFECT IT MAY BECOME THEIR "DUTY" TO REARM FOR SELF-PRESERVATION.

AND IT POINTED OUT THAT THE PRESENT JAPANESE CONSTITUTION RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY, AN IDEAL, MACARTHUR SAID, WHICH "ALL MEN MUST IN DUE COURSE EMBRACE IF CIVILIZATION IS TO BE PRESERVED.

THIS RENUNCIATION OF WAR MACARTHUR CALLED "ONE OF THE HIGHEST, IF NOT THE HIGHEST, IDEALS THE MODERN WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN."

IT REFLECTED HIS BELIEF-- AND HIS PAST WORDS -- THAT RENUNCIATION OF WAR AND ARMAMENTS BY JAPAN WAS SUCH A LOGICAL WAY TOWARD PERMANENT WORLD PEACE THAT EVENTUALLY ALL NATIONS WOULD ADOPT THE SAME COURSE.

(MORE)



FIRST ADD, (TY2) TOKYO, X X X COURSE.

ESTABLISHMENT OF A METHOD TO INSURE LASTING PEACE WAS IN MACARTHUR'S EYES HIS GREATEST OPPORTUNITY IN JAPAN. TO ESTABLISH THE IDEAL OF PEASE AS THE BASIC LAW OF A LAND OF 85,000,000 PEOPLE WAS TO HIM HIS GREATEST OPPORTUNITY OF A HALF-CENTURY'S CAREER.

THE FACT HE HAS NOW EXPRESSED DOUBT THAT THE WORLD IS READY TO PERMIT JAPAN TO ACHIEVE THE GOAL OF PERMANENT NEUTRALITY SYMBOLIZES MANY THINGS.

TO MACARTHUR PERSONALLY IT SYMBOLIZES A THREAT TO HIS DEEPEST HOPE AND HIS DEEPEST CONVICTION.

TO THE WORLD IT MEANS THAT IN MACARTHUR'S EYES THE DANGER OF A GENERAL WAR BROADER IN SCOPE THAN ANY YET EXPERIENCED BY MANKING IS URGENT, IMMINENT AND FEARFUL.

SOME YEARS AGO EARLY IN THE OCCUPATION MACARTHUR SAID PRIVATELY THAT HE WOULD RELIEVE ANY OFFICER ON HIS STAFF WHO ADVOCATED REARMAMENT OF THE JAPANESE.

EARLY IN 1950 BEFORE THE KOREAN WAR BROKE OUT, MACARTHUR SAID PRIVATELY WAR CLOUDS WERE GATHERING SO FAST ALL PREVIOUS CONVICTIONS AND HOPES HAD TO BE REEXAMINED.

AT THAT TIME HE SAID MEN MUST APPROACH ALL PROBLEMS WITH AN OPEN MIND AND SOLVE THEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH A STANDARD OF VALUES DICTATED BY REALITIES, NOT BY HOPES BORN OF PAST SITUATIONS.

MACARTHUR'S NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE TO THE JAPANESE PEOPLE SHOWED HE HAS REEXAMINED PROFOUNDLY HIS FONDEST HOPE AND FOUND THAT ITS REALIZATION MAY BE DEFERRED INDEFINITELY BY "INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS."

(MORE)



SECOND ADD, (TY2) TOKYO X X X LAWLESSNESS."

BUT IT MUST HAVE BEEN A BITTER PILL FOR THE SOLDIER-STATESMAN TO SWALLOW WHEN HE FELT FORCED TO WRITE TO THE JAPANESE:

"YOUR CONSTITUTION RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. THIS CONCEPT REPRESENTS ONE OF THE HIGHEST --- IF NOT THE HIGHEST --- IDEALS THE MODERN WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN AND WHICH ALL MEN MUST IN DUE COURSE EMBRACE IF CIVILIZATION IS TO BE PRESERVED.

"THIS SELF-IMPOSED LIMITATION HAS METICULOUSLY GUIDED YOUR THOUGHT AND ACTION ON THE PROBLEM OF NATIONAL SECURITY, EVEN DESPITE MENACES OF GATHERING STORMS.

"IF, HOWEVER, INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER LIVES OF MEN, IT IS INHERENT THAT THIS IDEAL MUST GIVE WAY TO THE OVERWEANING LAW OF SELF-PRESERVATION. AND IT WILL BECOME YOUR DUTY, WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS, IN CONCERT WITH OTHER WHO CHERISH FREEDOM TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE.

"IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS, BUT SHOULD IT, JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS OF THE PACIFIC AREA."

ITEM

WN10730TT



TY-6

~~FOR RELEASE AT 4:00 P.M. TUESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1951~~

BY HOWARD HANDLEMAN (SECOND STORY

FAR EASTERN DIRECTOR, INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

TOKYO, DEC. 31--(SUNDAY)--(INS)--GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR TOLD THE JAPANESE PEOPLE IN A NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE TODAY THAT THEY MAY HAVE TO REARM IF "INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE."

THE SUPREME UNITED NATIONS COMMANDER ALSO EXPRESSED THE HOPE THAT A PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN WILL BE SIGNED IN 1951.

THE GENERAL SAID THAT WHILE JAPAN'S CONSTITUTION EXPRESSLY RENOUNCES WAR IT MAY "BECOME YOUR DUTY WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS. . . TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE."

SIGNIFICANT IN ITS TIMING, PREMIER SHIGERU YOSHIDA'S LIBERAL PARTY ANNOUNCED ONLY A FEW HOURS BEFORE MACARTHUR'S MESSAGE WAS MADE PUBLIC THAT IT FAVORS AN EARLY TREATY TO CLEAR THE WAY FOR "MEASURES OF SELF DEFENSE."

ONLY 24 HOURS PREVIOUSLY YOSHIDA HIMSELF HAD DENOUNCED A PROPOSAL OF AN OPPOSITION PARTY FOR REARMING OF JAPAN.

MACARTHUR'S MESSAGE, ADDRESSED "TO THE PEOPLE OF JAPAN," SAID:

"YOUR CONSTITUTION RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. THIS CONCEPT REPRESENTS ONE OF THE HIGHEST, IF NOT THE HIGHEST IDEAL THE MODERN WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN AND WHICH ALL MEN MUST IN DUE COURSE EMBRACE IF CIVILIZATION IS TO BE PRESERVED.

"THIS SELF-IMPOSED LIMITATION HAS METICULOUSLY GUIDED YOUR THOUGHT AND ACTION ON THE PROBLEM OF NATIONAL SECURITY, EVEN DESPITE THE MENACE OF GATHERING STORMS.

(MORE)



"IF, HOWEVER, INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER THE LIVES OF MEN, IT IS INHERENT THAT THIS IDEAL MUST GIVE WAY TO THE OVERWHELMING LAW OF SELF PRESERVATION AND IT WILL BECOME YOUR DUTY WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN CONCERT WITH OTHERS WHO CHERISH FREEDOM TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE.

"IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS, BUT SHOULD IT, JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS IN THE PACIFIC AREA."

IN CONNECTION WITH HIS HOPE THAT A PEACE TREATY WILL BE SIGNED IN 1951, MACARTHUR ASSERTED:

"DESPITE INCREASED INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS, THIS LAND HAS BEEN AN OASIS OF TRANQUILITY AND PROGRESS. IT HAS FULLY MERITED THE RESPECT AND FAITH OF MEN OF GOODWILL EVERYWHERE AND PROVED ITS RIGHT TO EQUAL PARTNERSHIP IN THE FAMILY OF FREE NATIONS OF THE EARTH."

HE EXPRESSED THE WISH THAT "NEW JAPAN" AFTER THE SIGNING OF A TREATY "MAY BE COUNTED UPON TO EXERCISE A PROFOUND INFLUENCE UPON THE COURSE OF DESTINY IN ASIA."

MACARTHUR CREDITED THE JAPANESE WITH POLITICAL, ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL GAINS AND SAID THEY "HAVE MET THE CHALLENGE OF A FLAMING ASIA WITH CALM DELIBERATION, UNRUFFLED COMPOSURE AND QUIET DETERMINATION."

PREMIER YOSHIDA'S LIBERAL PARTY CALLED FOR AN EARLY PEACE TREATY IN ORDER TO ALLOW JAPAN "TO PLAY AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN DEFENSE AGAINST COMMUNIST AGGRESSION BY ADOPTING MEASURES OF SELF-DEFENSE IN FULL COOPERATION WITH FREE NATIONS OF THE WORLD."

(MORE)



THE PARTY REJECTED EXPECTED PROPOSALS FOR TERMINATION OF THE STATE OF WAR BY ALLIED PROCLAMATIONS INSTEAD OF A FULL TREATY.

CHAIRMAN RYUTARO NEMOTO OF THE PARTY'S POLITICAL AFFAIRS RESEARCH COMMITTEE TOLD NEWSMEN SATURDAY HE BELIEVES RUSSIA AND RED CHINA WILL "RESORT TO ALL POSSIBLE MEANS TO TURN JAPAN RED IN 1951."

THE PARTY'S NEW PLATFORM REPRESENTED A SHARP REVERSAL OF THE STAND TAKEN BY YOSHIDA ONLY A DAY EARLIER WHEN HE TERMED TALK OF REARMING "IRRESPONSIBLE," EXPRESSED FEAR IT WOULD DELAY SIGNING OF A TREATY AND WOULD CAUSE UNEASINESS AMONG NEIGHBORS WHO HAD SUFFERED FROM JAPAN'S PAST AGGRESSION.

TWO LEADING JAPANESE NEWSPAPERS, THE NIPPON TIMES AND MAINICHI, HAVE COME OUT IN THE PAST FEW DAYS IN FAVOR OF JAPANESE REARMING.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY HAS URGED REARMING, AN EARLY TREATY AND EARLY END OF MILITARY OCCUPATION OF THE COUNTRY.

ITEM

MM 12.19 tt



TY-3

( FOR AUTOMATIC RELEASE AT 4:00 P. M. TOKYO TIME )

TOKYO, DEC. 31--(SUNDAY)--(INS)--FOLLOWING IS THE FULL TEXT OF  
GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR'S NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE TO THE PEOPLE OF JAPAN:  
"TO THE PEOPLE OF JAPAN:

"AS THE DAWN OF ANOTHER YEAR BREAKS UPON NEW JAPAN, EVERY JAPANESE  
CITIZEN MAY REVIEW THE PAST WITH SATISFACTION AT THE PROGRESS ACHIEVED,  
AND LOOK FORWARD WITH ADDED SELF-ASSURANCE TO THE DIFFICULT TESTS  
WHICH LIE AHEAD.

"FOR THIS LAND IN THE PAST YEAR HAS WITNESSED ADVANCES IN EVERY  
FIELD OF HUMAN AND SOCIAL ENDEAVOR AND THE JAPANESE CITIZEN HAS  
UNDOUBTEDLY EMERGED WITH ADDED INDIVIDUAL LIBERTY AND HIGHER PERSONAL  
DIGNITY. FROM THIS PERIOD OF TRIAL HAS, INDEED, COME A MEASURE OF THE  
MORAL STATURE OF THE JAPANESE NATION AND PEOPLE WHO HAVE MET THE  
CHALLENGE OF A FLAMING ASIA WITH CALM DELIBERATION, UNRUFFLED  
COMPOSURE AND QUIET DETERMINATION.

"POLITICALLY, ECONOMICALLY AND SOCIALLY JAPAN HAS CONTINUED TO MAKE  
UNINTERRUPTED AND SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS TOWARD THE GOAL OF NATIONAL  
STABILITY. REPRESENTATIVE DEMOCRACY IN ITS ADDED MATURITY NOW STANDS AS  
A GUARDIAN OVER THE RIGHTS AND LIBERTIES OF THE PEOPLE, AND IMPRESSIVE  
STRIDES HAVE BEEN MADE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF AUTONOMOUS RESPONSIBILITY.

"UNDER THE IMPETUS WHICH ALONE SPRINGS FROM THE PURSUIT OF FREE COM-  
PETITIVE ENTERPRISE, PRODUCTION IN AGRICULTURE AND INDUSTRY HAS  
ACHIEVED NEW POSTWAR HIGHS AND JAPAN HAS AGAIN BEEN ABLE SUCCESSFULLY  
TO OPERATE A GOVERNMENT FISCAL POLICY CENTERING ON A TRULY BALANCED  
BUDGET, CURTAILMENT OF SUBSIDIES, AND SOUND CREDIT PRACTICES.

(MORE)



FIRST ADD (TY-3) TOKYO--MESSAGE

XX PRACTICES.

"FOR THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE WAR'S END, THE INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION EXCEEDED THE 1932-36 BASE LEVEL BY AN APPRECIABLE MARGIN.

"IN FOREIGN TRADE, IMPRESSIVE AND ENCOURAGING GAINS ALSO WERE MADE, THE VOLUME OF EXPORTS EXCEEDING BY ABOUT 50 PER CENT THE VOLUME ACHIEVED DURING THE PREVIOUS YEAR, WITH THE GAP BETWEEN IMPORTS AND EXPORTS BEING FURTHER NARROWED TO A VERY HEARTENING DEGREE.

"SOCIALLY, PROGRESS HAS BEEN NO LESS NOTABLE. DESPITE THE INCREASED INTERNATIONAL TENSIONS, THIS LAND HAS BEEN AN OASIS OF TRANQUILITY AND PROGRESS. IT HAS FULLY MERITED THE RESPECT AND FAITH OF MEN OF GOODWILL EVERYWHERE AND PROVED ITS RIGHT TO EQUAL PARTNERSHIP IN THE FAMILY OF THE FREE NATIONS OF THE EARTH.

"YOUR CONSTITUTION RENOUNCES WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. THIS CONCEPT REPRESENTS ONE OF THE HIGHEST, IF NOT THE HIGHEST IDEAL THE MODERN WORLD HAS EVER KNOWN AND WHICH ALL MEN MUST IN DUE COURSE EMBRACE IF CIVILIZATION IS TO BE PRESERVED.

"THIS SELF-IMPOSED LIMITATION HAS METICULOUSLY GUIDED YOUR THOUGHT AND ACTION ON THE PROBLEM OF NATIONAL SECURITY, EVEN DESPITE THE MENACE OF GATHERING STORMS.

"IF, HOWEVER, INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER THE LIVES OF MEN, IT IS INHERENT THAT THIS IDEAL MUST GIVE WAY TO THE OVERWHELMING LAW OF SELF-PRESERVATION AND IT WILL BECOME YOUR DUTY WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN CONCERT WITH OTHERS WHO CHERISH FREEDOM TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE.

"IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS, BUT SHOULD IT, JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS IN THE PACIFIC AREA.

(MORE)



SECOND ADD (TY-3) TOKYO--MESSAGE

XX AREA.

"I SINCERELY TRUST THAT THIS YEAR WILL BRING TO NEW JAPAN THE BLESSINGS OF COMPLETE POLITICAL FREEDOM THROUGH A TREATY EFFECTIVELY ERASING THE REMAINING SCORES OF WAR, AND THAT THEREAFTER, A JAPANESE NATION FIRMLY ROOTED IN IMMUTABLE CONCEPTS OF POLITICAL MORALITY, ECONOMIC FREEDOM AND SOCIAL JUSTICE EVOLVED FROM A BLEND OF IDEAS AND IDEALS OF THE WEST AND YOUR OWN HALLOWED TRADITIONS AND TIME-HONORED AND UNIVERSALLY RESPECTED CULTURE, MAY BE COUNTED UPON TO EXERCISE A PROFOUND INFLUENCE UPON THE COURSE OF DESTINY IN ASIA."

(SIGNED:)

DOUGLAS MACARTHUR.

ITEM

MM 09.46 tt



AP TOKYO SERVICE

Item C INDECISION AMONG WESTERN POWERS HAMPERS OPERATIONS IN KOREA

BY RUSSELL BRINES

TOKYO, Dec. 31--(AP)--General MacArthur has told the Western Powers again that, whether they like it or not, they are at war with communist China.

The Chinese he says have thrown ~~xxx~~ two-fifths of their armed strength into the Korean battle and have backed it with the largest war chest in Chinese history.

Peiping radio says the battle plan is "annihilation" of the United Nations forces. This is the same propaganda radio which clearly warned a heedless world that the Chinese would intervene in Korea.

The General has made it clear that he regards Peiping's aggression as part of long planned cooperation with the Kremlin to conquer Asia. The Chinese he suggests ~~intend~~ intend to fight an all out war in Korea that can be halted only if ~~xx~~ their goal is achieved by easier political methods.

The ~~talkative~~ talkative Peiping radio confirmed that viewpoint this week by rejecting any cease fire that did not yield Korea to the communists.

Against this array of might and determination, stubborn and angry United Nations troops have been digging in for a holding war shadowed by the indecision of the Western Powers.

The weight of that indecision is being felt at the front. Allied troops have been told generally they are going to stay in Korea but they don't know for how long. ~~Neither~~ Neither do they know what kind of a war they will be permitted to fight.

General MacArthur's latest series of statements on their decisions of "enormous scope" which sent China into battle once again raised the question which is troubling everyone in the war zone:

When will the allies retaliate against China and Manchuria?

He made it clear that time is getting short for what many military men consider is a recognition of the inevitable---that a "new war" has started.

--more--



AP TOKYO SERVICE

first add item C indecision among western powers

x x x has started.

General MacArthur reported that the Chinese hordes are flanked by a reconstituted North Korean army greater in size than the force which pinned down allied troops during the days of the old Pusan perimeter.

A total of 1,350,000 communists are ready for battle, with millions more in potential reserve. They include an aggregate of 167,000 North Koreans, swept back into battle array or in training from the army that once was ~~xxxx~~ considered crushed.

Peiping has taken over direction of the war, General MacArthur said. It began moving its troops toward the front months before the allies ~~xxxxxxx~~ crossed the 38th parallel.

The communist regime reportedly is ready to spend \$8,000,000,000 ~~in~~ (B) for this year's fighting—three times more than last year.

The Chinese capitalized on the "privileged sanctuary" of Manchuria to build up strength and slip into North Korea the vanguard of their assault ~~x~~ forces. Communist protests against aerial violation of that border helped screen the ~~xxxx~~ thrust.

The initial plan was to destroy allied forces ~~xxxx~~ "with one mighty extended blow," General MacArthur said. This failed, he added, because a U.N. offensive touched off the Chinese attack before it was fully cocked.

The withdrawal of the Eighth Army and X Corps from the Chinese trap—with casualties but in condition to fight again—ended the first phase of the new war.

The second is the long anticipated red assault on allied defenses fronting <sup>four</sup> the 38th parallel and a drive toward Seoul. General MacArthur predicted ~~these~~ days ago (Thursday) it might begin between January 1 and January 10.

The results of that drive may determine to a considerable extent how the remainder of this lopsided war will be fought.

-more-



AP TOKYO SERVICE

second add item C indecision among western powers

x x x be fought.

It will match the massed firepower of the allies against the massed manpower of the attackers. If gunfire can cut down assault strength sufficiently, the time that allied troops can continue to hold Korea may be lengthened.

The attack may show whether the Chinese intend to assault in waves--and pile up their dead in doing so---or whether they will proceed with more caution and take more time.

It may show what use the Chinese intend to make of their air force.

On the other hand it may force the decision that fighting men think the west has been reluctant to make. The strength for the attack has been flowing from Manchuria, still a closed domain. The Chinese Nationalists are still held in check.

General MacArthur has made it plain he considers he is fighting a war with one hand tied behind him and as long as he is doing so the best that can be expected is to hold off his opponent.

He is pressing for a decision. The Chinese and their allies apparently do not intend to wait for one.



AP TOKYO SERVICE

ITEM 1 JAPANESE SOON MAY HAVE TO FIGHT.

BY RUSSELL BRINES.

TOKYO, DEC. 31 -- (AP) -- GEN. MACARTHUR TOLD THE JAPANESE PEOPLE TODAY THEY SOON MAY HAVE TO SHOULDER ARMS WITH OTHER UNITED NATIONS TO OPPOSED COMMUNISM.

THE GENERAL SAID IN HIS ANNUAL NEW YEAR'S MESSAGE THAT IF JAPAN IS THREATENED BY ATTACK "IT WILL BECOME YOUR DUTY WITHIN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE UNITED NATIONS IN CONCERT WITH OTHERS WHO CHERISH FREEDOM TO MOUNT FORCE TO REPEL FORCE."

SOME JAPANESE BELIEVE THEIR ISLANDS ARE ON THE EDGE OF OPEN ATTACK. THE MAJORITY BELIEVE THAT THE ALLIED LOSS OF KOREA WOULD OPPOSE THE ARCHIPELAGO TO CONSTANT DANGER OF ASSAULT.

(MORE)



AP TOKYO SERVICE

FIRST ADD ITEM I BRINES INTERPRETIVE X X X OF ASSAULT

THE NEW YEAR OPENED WITH RENEWED NERVOUS TALK IN THIS COUNTRY THAT COMMUNIST WARPLANES MIGHT YET HIT AT THE JAPANESE AIRFIELDS MOUNTAINING ALLIED ASSAULTS ON KOREAN TARGETS.

GEN. MACARTHUR GAVE NO INDICATION IN HIS STATEMENT WHETHER HE THOUGHT JAPAN WAS MENACED SUFFICIENTLY NOW TO PERMIT THE OPEN REARMAMENT WHICH MANY APPREHENSIVE JAPANESE BELIEVE NECESSARY.

BUT HE SAID IN EFFECT THAT WHILE THE DEMOCRACIES WILL CONTINUE TO PROTECT THESE ISLANDS, JAPAN CANNOT EXPECT THEM TO DO IT ALONE.

THE GENERAL WENT FARTHER THAN EVER BEFORE IN AGREEING WITH THE JAPANESE THAT THEIR NO-WAR CONSTITUTION WAS AN INADEQUATE DYKE AGAINST A TUMULTUOUS EAST.

AFTER PRAISING IT AS AN IDEAL, HE SAID, "IF, HOWEVER, INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS CONTINUES TO THREATEN THE PEACE AND TO EXERCISE DOMINION OVER THE LIVES OF MEN, IT IS INHERENT THAT THIS IDEAL MUST GIVE WAY TO THE OVERWEANING LAW OF SELF-PRESERVATION...." AND THE JAPANESE WILL BE DUTY-BOUND TO FIGHT FOR THEMSELVES. "IT IS MY FERVENT HOPE THAT SUCH AN EVENTUALITY WILL NEVER COME TO PASS, BUT SHOULD IT, JAPAN'S SECURITY WOULD BE THE DEEP CONCERN OF ALL THE OTHER FREE NATIONS OF THE PACIFIC AREA."

GEN. MACARTHUR IN ALL OF HIS PUBLIC STATEMENTS IS CAUGHT IN THE WEB OF OFFICIAL POLICY SURROUNDING THE POST-WAR ADMINISTRATION OF JAPAN. HE CANNOT BLUNTLY TELL THE JAPANESE TO BEGIN BUILDING DEFENSES, LEST COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA OR THE CONCERN OF WAR-SCARRED PACIFIC NEIGHBORS CREATE AN INTERNATIONAL FURORE TOO BIG TO STOP.

(MORE)



AP TOKYO SERVICE

SECOND ADD ITEM 1 MX BRINES INTERPRETIVE X X X TO STOP

BUT MACARTHUR IS THE LAST MAN TO EXPECT THAT "INTERNATIONAL LAWLESSNESS" WILL HALT OF ITS OWN ACCORD.

AGAINST THE BACKGROUND OF FLAMING KOREA, MACARTHUR SEEMED TO BE TELLING JAPAN AND THE WESTERN WORLD THAT NOW IS THE TIME TO STRIP AWAY THE BARRIERS THAT KEEP JAPAN MILITARILY IMPOTENT.

NO ONE CAN PREDICT THE EVENTUAL OUTCOME IN KOREA. NO ALLIED OFFICIAL WILL TALK OF EVACUATION.

BUT IF THE PENINSULA IS LOST, A MAMMOTH COMMUNIST ARMY WILL BE POISED ~~XXXXXX~~ ABOUT 100 MILES FROM THE NEAREST POINT OF THE JAPANESE ARCHIPELAGO. A SOVIET FORCE OF UNDETERMINED SIZE AND STRENGTH LONG HAS PRESSED AGAINST THE NORTHERN EDGE OF THESE ISLANDS. THE MAINLAND IS WITHIN BOMBING DISTANCE.

THUS FAR THE WEAPONS OF A MODERN BUT OUTNUMBERED UNITED NATIONS FORCES HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO HOLD BACK THE TIDE OF A RECKLESS ENEMY IN KOREA, ALTHOUGH HIS CASUALTIES HAVE BEEN TERRIFIC.

UNITED NATIONS FORCES NEED MANPOWER IN KOREA AND THEY WILL NEED MANPOWER IF THE NECESSITY EVER COMES TO DEFEND JAPAN.

GEN. MACARTHUR MAKES NO SUGGESTION OF USING JAPANESE TROOPS IN OFFENSIVE ACTION AS HAVE OTHER AMERICAN OFFICERS. BUT IT IS COMMON MILITARY PRUDENCE FOR HIM TO IMPLY THAT DEFENSIVE FORCES MUST BE RAISED AND TRAINED WELL IN ADVANCE OF AN EMERGENCY, EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT USED.

(MORE)



AP TOKYO SERVICE

THIRD ADD ITEM I BRINES INTERPRETIVE X X X X NOT USED.

THE FALL OF KOREA MIGHT MAKE IT TOO LATE TO SAVE A HELPLESS JAPAN.

THE GENERAL'S STATEMENT ALSO OUTLINED A GENERAL PATTERN OF PROCEDURE: ABROGATION OF THE NO-WAR ~~EX~~ CLAUSE IN THE CONSTITUTION, CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY, JAPAN'S ADMISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS AND FORMAL INTERNATIONAL AUTHORITY FOR IT TO RAISE A FORCE AS PART OF THE UN TROOPS IN THE FAR EAST.

THIS PROCEDURE WOULD COMPLETE THE CYCLE FOR JAPAN, AS THE EUROPEAN CRISIS HAS DONE FOR ~~EX~~ GERMANY.

FOR THOSE ON THE EDGE OF WAR, THE GENERAL'S STATEMENT IMPLIED THE NEED FOR HASTE. MOST JAPANESE PROBABLY WILL AGREE WITH THAT.

-FHS 1458-



AP ~~XXXXXXXX~~ TOKYO SERVICE

Item F THIRD KOREAN ROUNDUP

BY OLEN CLEMENTS

TOKYO, Dec. 31--(AP)--General MacArthur told the Japanese people today it was their duty to rearm if they are threatened with direct attack.

It was the Allied Supreme Commander's annual New Year's message and went far beyond anything he has said before on the subject.

General MacArthur's world shaking statement came as Allied ~~arm~~ armies sparred in the cold of Korea with communist forces. The opposing armies were playing a grim game of ~~hide and seek~~ hide and seek with death being the penalty ~~for~~ of those found.

There was ~~now~~ an ominous lull on the Korean battlefield, a lull that might portend the outbreak of a great new battle for the Asian peninsula.

The U.S. Eighth Army in Korea reported Sunday that communist Chinese forces already massed above the 38th parallel in the Kaesong and Yonchon areas were ~~concentrating~~ concentrating in a third spot near the center of the 150 mile long peninsula battleline.

An Eighth Army spokesman quoted intelligence sources as saying "Chinese communist troops from the Wonsou area are heading south to the Kwachon vicinity."

Other developments indicating a possible red drive against the center of the United Nations line included coordinated guerrilla activity south of Hongchon.

Against this background of red aggression across the ~~Sea of Japan~~ Sea of Japan General MacArthur said:

"If.....international lawlessness ~~continues~~ continues to threaten the peace .....it will become your duty within the principles of the United Nations in concert with others who cherish ~~freedom~~ freedom to mount force to repel force.

"It is my fervent hope that such an eventuality will never come to pass but should it, Japan's security would be the deep concern of all the other free nations of the Pacific area."

~~and so on~~ -more-



AP TOKYO SERVICE

first add item F third korean roundup

x x x pacific area."

The statement created a furor in Japan which still remembers the bombs of the last war. Japanese make no secret of their fear the communists may bomb Tokyo from Asian bases.

Chinese and North Korean communists deepened their dent in the allied lines across Korea Saturday. They brought up more artillery and some attack armor into attack position on the western front for an expected all out smash at Seoul in the first days of the New Year.

The increasing red pressure on Lt. Gen. Matthew B. Ridgway's Eighth Army and other allied forces in Korea was reflected in the air yesterday. Showing more air strength than at any time of the six months old Korean war, the reds struck at U.S. fighter planes with their largest ~~maximum~~ force.

Forty Russian designed MIG-15s attacked 16 new U.S. F-86 Sabres and came off second best. Two MIGs were damaged and no American plane was harmed.

A few hours earlier near the Manchurian border city of Sinuiju four F-80s drove off four MIGs in a roaring dog fight that cost the reds one MIG for certain and possibly a second.

From the central portion of the Korean battlezone to the Sea of Japan coast on the east the reds were mounting strength. They drove back temporarily a few allied outposts but have not attacked in great strength.

In the eastern battle area the reds were up to 13 miles south of the 38th parallel. They had one force of 2,000 men just 10 miles inland and another of 5,000 men 30 miles ~~inland~~ inland.

General MacArthur in his last communique spoke of enemy strength up to 10,000 men in the general vicinity of Yongpo.

U.S. Fifth Air Force planes spotted enemy tanks and other armor slipping across 38th parallel around red held Kaesong to the northwest of almost deserted Seoul.

Other red artillery was reported sighted 36 miles due north of Seoul.

-more-



AP ~~WIRE~~ TOKYO SERVICE

second add item F third korean roundup

x x x x north of seoul.

American airmen reported they knocked out or damaged 20 field pieces, a tank and nine half-tracks in the nearly 500 sorties flown yesterday by ~~FEAF~~ FEAF and Fifth Air Force.

The power of the air force also was directed at enemy troops and buildings. Nearly 500 troops were said to have been killed or wounded in direct plane attacks on troops. Seven hundred ~~forty~~ fifty buildings also were bombed and strafed.

As the reds mounted strength their intent became more clear. Their plans apparently call for a plunge into South Korean along the same lines they employed in June and July.

Then they poured down the center of the peninsula and in the west overrunning Seoul.

The eastern buildup of reds, possibly a feint through the rugged country, nevertheless, had all the appearance of another thrust at the ~~main~~ hidden allied line which the reds have been seeking.

-t11326-



REACTIONS TO U.S. NOTE TO RUSSIA

29 Dec

30 Dec

and

31 Dec



NEW YORK, Dec. 31 --(UP)-- THE NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE SAID EDITORIALY SATURDAY THAT THE UNITED STATES NOTE TO MOSCOW "EFFICIENTLY DISPOSED OF " THE RUSSIAN ALLEGATION THAT A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN WOULD VIOLATE WARTIME AGREEMENTS.

THE EDITORIAL ADDED, "IN RESPECT TO MAINTAINING FOREIGN TROOPS IN JAPAN, THE AMERICAN ANSWER WAS SIMILARLY POINTED. ...WHILE RED CHINA DEFIES UNITED NATIONS AND UNITED STATES FORCES TO GAIN ITS ENDS, CAN THERE ~~XXX~~ BE ANY LOGICAL OR FAIR OBJECTION TO JAPAN MAKING AGREEMENTS WITH FRIENDLY STATES IN SELF DEFENSE?"

MRS. ANNE O'HARE McCORMICK'S EDITORIAL COLUMN IN THE NEW YORK TIMES OBSERVED "THE PROSPECT NOW IS THAT A PEACE TREATY FOR JAPAN WILL BE CONCLUDED LONG BEFORE THERE CAN BE ANY KIND OF SETTLEMENT IN GERMANY...PRIME MINISTER YOSHIDA'S ELOQUENT AND WELL REASONED APPEAL FOR A TREATY MERITS CAREFUL CONSIDERATION IN THIS COUNTRY BECAUSE IT HELPS FILL GAPS IN OUR VERY CASUAL KNOWLEDGE OF JAPAN.

"ALSO, IF THE PRIME MINISTER SPEAKS FOR THE MAJORITY, THE LIBERAL POINT OF VIEW HE EXPRESSES IS ENCOURAGING EVIDENCE OF THE GROWTH OF DEMOCRACY AND THE WILL TO PEACE IN A NATION THAT SUFFERED A TERRIBLE DEFEAT BECAUSE ITS FORMER LEADERS WERE POSSESSED AS IS COMMUNIST CHINA ~~TERRIBLE~~ TODAY BY THE IDEA OF CONQUERING ASIA."



NEW YORK, Dec. 31 --(UP)-- THE SCRIPPS HOWARD NEWSPAPERS SAID EDITORIALY SATURDAY THAT THE UNITED STATES' WARNING TO RUSSIA THAT A PEACE SETTLEMENT WITH JAPAN WILL BE MADE WITHOUT SOVIET PARTICIPATION UNLESS THE RUSSIANS MODIFY THEIR POSITION "WOULD HAVE BEEN A SENSIBLE AND REALISTIC DECISION THREE YEARS AGO."

"TODAY, IT IS THREE YEARS TOO LATE," THE EDITORIAL SAID. "THE ISSUE NOW IS WHETHER JAPAN IS TO BE DEFENDED AGAINST COMMUNISM OR ABANDONED IN THE EVENT OF RED ATTACK."

"THAT QUESTION MUST BE ANSWERED VERY SOON IF JAPAN IS NOT TO BECOME ANOTHER KOREA. IF JAPAN IS TO BE DEFENDED, THEN THE JAPANESE MUST BE REARMED SO THEY CAN HELP DEFEND THEMSELVES. WE DO NOT BEGIN TO HAVE ENOUGH TROOPS TO DO THE JOB ALONE."

"THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS WANT PRE-TREATY NEGOTIATIONS TO WORK OUT THEIR REPARATIONS AGAINST JAPAN. THERE ISN'T TIME FOR ANYTHING LIKE THAT."

"THE YALTA AND POTSDAM AGREEMENTS HAVE LOST ALL MEANING ~~BECAUSE~~ BECAUSE OF RUSSIA'S POSTWAR POLICIES AND SHOULD HAVE NO ~~XXX~~ BEARING ON THE PRESENT SITUATION. THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS WERE NOT FORMAL PARTICIPANTS IN THE WAR AND HAVE NO RIGHT TO A VOINCE IN ITS SETTLEMENT. ...ANY CLAIMS INDIA HAS AGAINST JAPAN CAN BEST BE SETTLED BY NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THOSE TWO COUNTRIES."

"THE PHILIPPINES HAVE A LEGITIMATE CASE. BUT ANY REPARATIONS THEY MIGHT COLLECT UNDER PRESENT ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ CIRCUMSTANCES WOULD ~~BE~~ IN FACT BE PAID BY THE UNITED STATES. IT WOULD BE CHEAPER FOR US TO MAKE THEM A DIRECT GRANT FROM THE UNITED STATES TREASURY....WE MUST HAVE ASIAN ALLIES IF ASIA IS TO BE DEFENDED AGAINST THE COMMUNISTS."

(MORE) LN 120 A



ADD PEACE TREATY, NEW YORK X X X COMMUNISTS

"OUR PROSPECTIVE ALLIES IN THE WESTERN PACIFIC ARE AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, THE PHILIPPINES, JAPAN AND NATIONALIST CHINA...ONLY THE LAST THREE COUNTRIES CAN MAKE IMPORTANT MANPOWER CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE CAUSE. OUR PATH MUST BE TO THAT PATTERN IF WE INTEND TO TAKE A STAND AGAINST THE REDS ANYWHERE ~~XXX~~ BEYOND THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS."

LN 125 A



BY TAD SZULC  
UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

NEW YORK, Dec. 30--(UP)-- MOST OF THE UNITED NATIONS DELEGATIONS OF THE COUNTRIES WHICH ARE MEMBERS OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION EXPRESSED SATURDAY TACIT APPROVAL OF A UNITED STATES NOTE TO RUSSIA IN WHICH THE STATE DEPARTMENT SERVED NOTICE IT MIGHT GO AHEAD WITH A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY WITHOUT SOVIET PARTICIPATION.

THE DELEGATES WHO HAVE BEEN CONSULTING FOR THE LAST THREE MONTHS WITH UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVES HERE ON THE PROSPECTS OF THE JAPANESE PEACE TREATY DID NOT OFFER COMMENT FOR ATTRIBUTION, BUT MOST EXPRESSED BELIEF THAT THE AMERICAN MOVE WAS A LOGICAL STEP TO TAKE FOLLOWING THE DISCLOSURE OF THE SOVIET ATTITUDE ON THE MATTER.

IT WAS BELIEVED THAT ~~XX~~ THE MAJORITY OF THESE COUNTRIES -- ASIATIC AS WELL AS EUROPEAN -- WOULD BE WILLING TO BACK THE UNITED STATES IF NECESSARY ON THE SIGNING OF THE PEACE TREATY WITHOUT RUSSIA, BUT DIPLOMATIC SOURCES WERE QUICK TO POINT OUT THAT SUCH ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROCEDURE DID NOT NECESSARILY IMPLY APPROVAL OF THE SPECIFIC AMERICAN IDEAS FOR THE TREATY.

FOR A LONG TIME THESE NATIONS HAVE REFUTED SOVIET DEMANDS THAT A JAPANESE TREATY BE WRITTEN BY THE BIG FOUR WITH RUSSIA HOLDING THE RIGHT OF VETO. THEY ARE KNOWN TO FAVOR AN ALTERNATE COURSE OF SIGNING PEACE IN A CONFERENCE OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION -- THE COUNTRIES WHICH PARTICIPATED IN THE WAR AGAINST JAPAN -- INCLUDING THE SOVIET UNION IF SHE DESIRED TO PARTICIPATE. BUT THE SOURCES STRESSED THIS IS A LONG WAY FROM AGREEMENT ON THE PROCEDURE TO THE ACTUAL HOLDING OF SUCH A PEACE CONFERENCE AND EVEN FURTHER TO AGREEMENT ON HOW ~~XXXX~~ THE PEACE SHOULD BE WRITTEN. (MORE)

DS655P



ADD JAPANESE PEACE, NEW YORK (SZULC) X X X WRITTEN.

THUS, CERTAIN GOVERNMENTS FEEL IT MIGHT BE MORE APPROPRIATE TO DELAY THE HOLDING OF SUCH A PEACE CONFERENCE UNTIL SETTLEMENT OF THE PRESENT FAR EASTERN CRISIS.

OTHERS BELIEVE COMMUNIST CHINA SHOULD BE PRESENT AT THE CONFERENCE -- AND THIS OBVIOUSLY CANNOT BE ACCOMPLISHED UNTIL THE PEKING GOVERNMENT IS ACCEPTED TO GENERAL INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCES.

ONE SOURCE SAID IT MIGHT BECOME EASIER TO ORGANIZE SUCH A CONFERENCE IF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY APPROVES 12-NATION PROPOSALS TO DEBATE ALL OUTSTANDING FAR EASTERN ISSUES AMONG A GROUP OF POWERS THAT WOULD INCLUDE RUSSIA AND COMMUNIST CHINA.

SUCH A GENERAL CONFERENCE WOULD DOUBTLESS INCLUDE AN EXCHANGE OF IDEAS ON JAPAN, BUT UNITED NATIONS CIRCLES DOUBT WHETHER SUCH A RESOLUTION WOULD BE APPROVED IN VIEW OF PEKING'S CONTINUED DEFIANCE OF THE WORLD ORGANIZATION'S CEASE-FIRE ORDERS.

THESE DELEGATIONS FEEL THAT TO TAKE UP THE PROBLEM OF A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY WITHOUT UNITED NATIONS PROGRESS TOWARDS A GENERAL SETTLEMENT OF THE FAR EASTERN SITUATION WOULD BE TAKING THINGS "OUT OF THEIR CONTEXT."

THEIR ATTITUDE WOULD CHANGE ONLY IF THEY BECAME FULLY SATISFIED THAT NO SUCH SETTLEMENT IS POSSIBLE IN THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE.

ANOTHER PROBLEM WORRYING DIPLOMATS IS THE UNITED STATES PROPOSAL FOR THE REARMAMENT OF JAPAN. MANY DELEGATES INCLUDING AUSTRALIA'S FOREIGN MINISTER PERCY C. SPENDER OPPOSED ARMING OF JAPAN. (MORE) OS710P



THIRD JAPANESE PEACE, NEW YORK SZULC) X X X X JAPAN.

BUT SOURCES POINT OUT THIS WAS THE ATTITUDE PREVAILING PRIOR TO THE CHINESE INTERVENTION IN KOREA.

THERE HAS BEEN LITTLE OFFICIAL COMMENT FROM GOVERNMENTS ON THE QUESTION OF JAPAN SINCE THE CHINESE CROSSED THE YALU RIVER INTO KOREA AND IT HAS BEEN SUGGESTED HERE THAT THIS AND OTHER ASIATIC DEVELOPMENTS MAY DETERMINE POLICY SHIFTS IN MANY CAPITALS.

THE GROWING COMMUNIST MENACE IN THE FAR EAST IS BRINGING THE REALIZATION TO MANY GOVERNMENTS THAT NOTHING SHOULD BE LEFT UNDONE TO ASSURE THE MOST EFFECTIVE POSSIBLE DEFENSE OF THEIR COUNTRIES , XXXXXXXX AND IT IS A CONSIDERATE MILITARY OPINION THAT JAPAN -- AND ITS MANPOWER -- MAY BECOME ONE ~~XXXXX~~ OF ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS IN THE FAR EASTERN DEFENSE.

BUT IT IS BEING RECOGNIZED THAT JAPAN CAN HARDLY EXPECTED TO MAKE A POWERFUL EFFORT OF HER OWN UNLESS SHE RECEIVES ENCOURAGEMENT, AND BY THAT IS MEANT PLACING HER ON A FOOTING OF EQUALITY WITH OTHER ALLIES.

THE UNITED STATES BELIEVES THIS CAN BE ACHIEVED BY GRANTING HER PEACE TREATY SOON. THUS A PARALLEL IS BECOMING MORE COMPLETE BETWEEN THE DIPLOMATIC AND MILITARY SITUATIONS OF JAPAN AND GERMANY.

BOTH COUNTRIES ARE REGARDED AS ESSENTIAL FOR ~~XXXXXX~~ DEMOCRATIC ~~XXXXX~~ DEFENSE AND IT IS CONCEDED IN BOTH CASES THAT LITTLE CAN BE EXPECTED FROM THE TWO GOVERNMENTS AND THEIR PEOPLES UNLESS SOMETHING IS DONE FOR THEM IN THE FIRST PLACE.

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID THE ONLY DIFFERENCE SEEMS TO BE THAT ~~XXXXX~~ A FULL MEASURE OF RECOGNITION CAN BE GIVEN TO JAPAN THROUGH A PEACE TREATY WHILE IT IS IMPOSSIBLE IN THE GERMAN CASE. (MORE)

DS725P



FOURTH JAPANESE PEACE, NEW YORK (SZULC) X X X X CASE.

DURING THE SEPTEMBER CONFERENCE OF THE BIG THREE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS HERE IT WAS AGREED THAT IT WOULD NOT BE ADVISABLE TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE WITH GERMANY BECAUSE IT WOULD CREATE POSSIBLY A PERMANENT SPLIT BETWEEN THE EASTERN AND WESTERN ZONES -- SOMETHING NO ONE DESIRES.

THIS IS WHY IT HAS BEEN DECIDED TO GRANT GERMANY A THOROUGH REVISION OF HER OCCUPATION STATUS WITH THE LIFTING OF NUMEROUS CONTROLS AND TO STUDY ENDING OF THE TECHNICAL STATE OF WAR WITH GERMANY.

THIS GEOGRAPHIC IMPEDIMENT DOES NOT EXIST IN THE JAPANESE CASE AND THERE IS NO REASON WHY A PEACE TREATY SHOULD NOT BE CONCLUDED -- PROVIDED ALL THOSE CONCERNED SUCCEED IN FINDING A SOLUTION FOR THE PROBLEMS CONNECTED WITH IT.

SOME DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID, HOWEVER, IT IS LIKELY THAT A PROCEDURE SIMILAR TO THE ONE ADOPTED IN GERMANY WOULD BE PROPOSED FOR JAPAN, SHOULD DIPLOMATIC CONSIDERATIONS OF LARGER ORDER MAKE IT IMPOSSIBLE FOR CERTAIN GOVERNMENTS TO ACCEPT AN IMMEDIATE PEACE TREATY.

THEY SAID SUCH A SOLUTION MIGHT PERMIT JAPAN TO COOPERATE TO THE FULL EXTENT WITH THE ALLIES WITHOUT FORGING WHAT COULD BE A PREMATURE CONSIDERATION OF THE PROBLEMS OF FORMOSA, THE PESCADORES, THE BONINS AND RYUKYUS, ALL INTIMATELY TIED TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CURRENT INTERNATIONAL SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST.

MOST DELEGATES AGREED, HOWEVER, THAT "SOMETHING" WOULD MOST LIKELY BE DONE FOR JAPAN IN THE FIRST MONTHS OF THE NEW YEAR.

— 09745P



PARIS, Dec.30--(UP)-- THE INFLUENTIAL NEWSPAPER LE MONDE EXPRESSED BELIEF THAT MOSCOW AND PEKING COULD NOT ACCEPT A PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN ALONG THE LINES DEFINED BY THE UNITED STATES IN ITS LATEST NOTE TO RUSSIA.

LE MONDE SAID, "THE AMERICAN NOTE, ILLUMINATING THE POINT OF VIEW OF THE UNITED STATES, SHOWS IN AN ABRUPT WAY ITS OPPOSITION TO THAT OF THE OTHER SIDE."

A FRONT-PAGE EDITORIAL SAID, "AFTER ITS PUBLICATION ONE CANNOT SEE HOW MOSCOW AND PEKING COULD ADHERE TO A PEACE TREATY ON THE TERMS OF WASHINGTON....APPARENTLY CONSIDERING KOREA AS LOST IT (THE UNITED STATES) WOULD STAY IN FORMOSA AND JAPAN AND MAKE THE ISLAND LINE THE LAST BARRIER AGAINST COMMUNIST AGGRESSION IN EAST.ASIA."

..LG0745AM



AP WORLD SERVICE H2 B1 Z1 BULLETIN:

ITEM 18 SPLIT BETWEEN U.S. AND RUSSIA OVER JAPAN TREATY SEEN

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, DEC. 30—(AP)—A FINAL SPLIT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES OVER DRAFTING A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY APPEARS ALMOST INEVITABLE.

AN EXCHANGE OF NOTES BETWEEN THE TWO POWERS, THE LATEST RELEASED HERE THURSDAY NIGHT, DISCLOSED SEVERAL MAJOR POINTS OF CONFLICT WHICH DIPLOMATS DOUBT CAN BE RESOLVED. THE UNITED STATES SHOWS EVERY INTENTION OF PRESSING FOR A TREATY REGARDLESS OF RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE.

THE AMERICAN NOTE RELEASED WEDNESDAY NIGHT ANSWERED A HALF A DOZEN QUESTIONS WHICH THE SOVIET UNION HAD PUT TO THIS GOVERNMENT ON NOV. 20 REGARDING AMERICAN INTENTIONS ON A PEACE SETTLEMENT.

—MORE



AP WORLD SERVICE H2 B1 Z1

FIRST ADD ITEM 18 BULLETIN: SPLIT BETWEEN U.S. RUSSIA ON TREATY  
X X SETTLEMENT.

POINTS OF DIFFERENCE WHICH NOW EMERGE FROM THE EXCHANGE  
ARE MAINLY THESE:

1--THE UNITED STATES REJECTS RUSSIA'S CONTENTION THAT ANY OF THE GREAT POWERS SHOULD HAVE A VETO OVER THE TREATY. THIS MEANS THAT IF RUSSIA WILL NOT GO ALONG ON TERMS ACCEPTABLE TO THIS AND OTHER FRIENDLY NATIONS, THEN THE UNITED STATES IS PREPARED TO GO FORWARD WITHOUT RUSSIA.

2--THE UNITED STATES IS GOING AHEAD WITHOUT CONSULTING COMMUNIST CHINA, DESPITE RUSSIA'S EMPHASIS ON RED CHINESE INTEREST IN JAPAN. IT IS POINTED OUT WASHINGTON HAS NO DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH THE PEIPING REGIME. MOREOVER, THERE IS NO CURRENT PROSPECT SUCH RELATIONS WILL BE ESTABLISHED.

3--THE UNITED STATES CONSIDERS IT IS "REASONABLE" FOR JAPAN TO PARTICIPATE WITH THIS AND WITH OTHER NATIONS IN ARRANGEMENTS FOR A JAPANESE DEFENSE WHICH "COULD INCLUDE PROVISION FOR THE STATIONING IN JAPAN OF TROOPS OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER NATIONS".

4--THE UNITED STATES IS STANDING BY ITS PROPOSAL FOR A FUTURE DECISION EITHER BY THE GREAT POWERS OR BY THE UNITED NATIONS, ON THE STATUS OF FORMOSA. THIS IS U.S. POLICY DESPITE THE 1943 CAIRO AGREEMENT THAT FORMOSA SHOULD BE RESTORED TO CHINA. THE RUSSIANS INTERPRET THAT AS MEANING COMMUNIST CHINA.

THIS COUNTRY'S VIEWS ABOUT FORMOSA AS PRESENTED TO MOSCOW APPEARS TO BE THAT BECAUSE OF THE CHINESE AGGRESSION IN KOREA AGAINST THE UNITED NATIONS FORCES, UN CONSIDERATIONS NOW TAKE PRECEDENCE OVER THE CAIRO DECLARATION.

---F2145



WITH  
~~EXHIBIT~~ AMERICAN NOTE

BY DONALD J. GONZALES

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29--(UP)--THE KOREAN WAR HAS INCREASED UNITED STATES INTEREST IN WRITING AN EARLY PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN THAT WOULD PERMIT JAPANESE REARMAMENT AND ALLOW THE STATIONING OF AMERICAN TROOPS IN THE ISLANDS.

AMERICAN AUTHORITIES SAID FRIDAY THE GOVERNMENT CONSIDERS A BROAD PEACE TREATY A MATTER OF "URGENCY," PARTICULARLY IN VIEW OF THE WHOLESALE CHINESE RED INTERVENTION IN KOREA AND THE OMINOUS THREAT ~~IN~~ PEKING'S INTENTIONS POSE FOR JAPAN.

THE UNITED STATES INTEREST IN JAPAN'S FUTURE AS A DEFENSIVE OUTPOST IN THE PACIFIC WAS PUT FORTH THURSDAY IN A NOTE HANDED TO SOVIET UNITED NATIONS DELEGATE JACOB MALIK IN NEW YORK. THE 1,300-WORD AMERICAN NOTE WAS A REPLY TO THE SOVIET REQUEST OF NOVEMBER 20 FOR MORE DETAILS ON AMERICAN PEACE PLANS, SUBMITTED TO RUSSIA AND ~~IN~~ OTHER NATIONS ON OCTOBER 26.

THE AMERICAN TROUBLES WITH MOSCOW OVER THE JAPANESE TREATY TERMS ARE NOT THE ONLY HURDLES TO BE CLEARED BEFORE FORMAL PEACE NEGOTIATIONS BEGIN. INDIA HAS EXPRESSED THE VIEW THAT RUSSIA AND RED CHINA SHOULD PARTICIPATE. ~~IN~~ IT HAS QUESTIONED JAPANESE REARMAMENT.

THE PHILIPPINES WANTS PRE-TREATY NEGOTIATIONS TO WORK OUT HER REPARATIONS CLAIMS AGAINST JAPAN.

MORE



ADD WITH AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON, (GONZALES) X X X JAPAN

AUSTRALIA, THE UNITED KINGDOM, NEW ZEALAND AND OTHER NATIONS  
HAVE ASKED QUESTIONS ABOUT THE AMERICAN VIEWS CIRCULATED INITIALLY  
ON OCTOBER 26.

THE PROBLEMS SUGGEST THE UNITED STATES MAY NOT GET A TREATY AS  
SOON AS OFFICIALS WOULD LIKE. HENCE THERE IS TALK IN OFFICIAL  
~~AMERICAN~~ CIRCLES OVER THE ADVISABILITY OF GOING AHEAD ON NEGOTIATIONS OF  
SEPERATE BUT PARALLEL PACTS. THESE MIGHT BE INCORPORATED LATER  
INTO A FINAL TREATY.

--HC1805P--



Stories and  
TEXT OF U.S. NOTE TO RUSSIA  
barring Soviet veto over Jap. Peace Treaty

Dec 29



AP WORLD SERVICE H2B1Z1

ITEM 62 TEXT OF U.S. NOTE TO RUSSIA

WASHINGTON, DECEMBER 29 --(AP)-- HERE IS THE TEXT OF THE UNITED STATES NOTE TO RUSSIA BARRING ANY SOVIET VETO OVER A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY:

THE FOLLOWING AIDE MEMOIRE WAS DELIVERED TO MR. JACOB A. MALIK IN NEW YORK THURSDAY AFTERNOON:

"ON NOVEMBER 20 OF THIS YEAR MR. MALIK PRESENTED TO MR. DULLES AN AIDE MEMOIRE EXPRESSING THE DESIRE OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT FOR CLARIFICATION OF A NUMBER OF POINTS IN A TENTATIVE UNITED STATES STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES RESPECTING A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY GIVEN TO MR. MALIK BY MR. DULLES ON OCTOBER 26. AFTER CAREFUL STUDY OF THE SOVIET AIDE ~~MEMOIRE~~ MEMOIRE OF NOVEMBER 20, THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT HAS CONCLUDED THAT MOST OF THE QUESTIONS RAISED BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT HAVE IN FACT BEEN ANSWERED BY THE STATEMENT OF PRINCIPLES GIVEN TO MR. MALIK ON OCTOBER 26. HOWEVER, IN ORDER TO DISPEL ANY POSSIBLE MISUNDERSTANDING, THE POINTS RAISED BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT ARE FURTHER DISCUSSED AS FOLLOWS:

"1. THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT HOPES THAT ALL NATIONS AT WAR WITH JAPAN WILL PARTICIPATE IN THE CONCLUSION OF PEACE. THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT, HOWEVER, CONCEDE THAT ANY ONE NATION HAS A PERPETUAL POWER TO VETO THE CONCLUSION BY OTHERS OF PEACE WITH JAPAN. THE ARTIME DECLARATION OF JANUARY 1, 1942, REFERRED TO BY THE SOVIET UNION, WAS DESIGNED TO ASSURE THAT ALL NATIONS AT WAR WITH JAPAN, OR WITH THE OTHER AXIS POWERS OR THEIR ASSOCIATES, WOULD CONTINUE TO FIGHT UNTIL VICTORY HAD BEEN WON. THAT THEY DID.

---MORE---



AP WORLD SERVICE H2B1z1

ADD ITEM 62 TEXT OF U.S. NOTE TO X X X THEY DID.

THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT ACCEPT THE THESIS, OFTEN PUT FORWARD BY THE SOVIET UNION, THAT THERE CANNOT BE PEACE EXCEPT ON TERMS THAT ONE POWER DICTATES. JAPAN, AFTER ITS DEFEAT, HAS NOW FOR OVER FIVE YEARS LOYALLY COMPLIED WITH THE AGREED TERMS OF SURRENDER AND IS ENTITLED TO PEACE. THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE GLAD TO KNOW WHETHER IT IS THE VIEW OF THE SOVIET UNION THAT THERE CAN NEVER BE ANY PEACE WITH JAPAN UNLESS TERMS CAN BE FOUND WHICH ARE FULLY SATISFACTORY TO EACH ONE OF THE 47 NATIONS WHICH SIGNED OR ADHERED TO THE DECLARATION OF JANUARY 1, 1942.

"2. THE CAIRO DECLARATION OF 1943 STATED THE PURPOSE TO RESTORE MANCHURIA, FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORES TO THE REPUBLIC OF CHINA. THAT DECLARATION, LIKE OTHER WARTIME DECLARATIONS, SUCH AS THOSE OF YALTA AND POTSDAM, WAS IN THE OPINION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SUBJECT TO ANY FINAL SETTLEMENT WHERE RELEVANT FACTORS SHOULD BE CONSIDERED. THE UNITED STATES CANNOT ACCEPT THE VIEW, APPARENTLY PUT FORWARD BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT, THAT THE VIEWS OF OTHER ALLIES NOT REPRESENTED AT CAIRO MUST BE WHOLLY ~~IGNORED~~ IGNORED. ALSO THE UNITED STATES BELIEVES THAT DECLARATIONS, SUCH AS THAT ISSUED AT CAIRO MUST NECESSARILY BE CONSIDERED IN THE LIGHT OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER, THE OBLIGATIONS OF WHICH PREVAIL OVER ANY OTHER INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT.

-----MORE-----



AP WORLD SERVICE H2B1z1

SECOND ADD ITEM 62 TEXT OF U.S. NOTE TO X X X AGREEMENT.

"3. THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DOES NOT UNDERSTAND THE REFERENCE BY THE SOVIET UNION TO 'TERRITORIAL EXPANSION' IN CONNECTION WITH THE SUGGESTION THAT THE ~~RYUKYU~~ RYUKYUS AND BONIN ISLANDS MIGHT BE PLACED UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS ~~TRUSTEESHIP~~ TRUSTEESHIP SYSTEM, WITH THE UNITED STATES AS ADMINISTERING AUTHORITY.

~~---~~(MORE)~~---~~

--VMT 1230



SUBSTITUTE

IN AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON (ROPER), PLS SUBSTITUTE  
FOLLOWING FOR FIRST PARA,

THE UNITED STATES THURSDAY SERVED NOTICE ON RUSSIA IT  
INTENDS TO PUSH FORWARD WITH ITS EFFORTS FOR A JAPANESE  
PEACE TREATY WITH OR WITHOUT SOVIET PARTICIPATION.

UPA/TOKYO

L60950AM



BULLETIN

BY JAMES E. ROPER

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29--(UP)-- THE UNITED STATES BLUNTLY INFORMED RUSSIA THURSDAY IT INTENDS TO KEEP ITS TROOPS IN JAPAN INDEFINITELY AND WILL NOT ALLOW THE SOVIET UNION TO "VETO" A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY DRAFTED ON THAT BASIS.

THIS UNITED STATES POSITION WAS SPELLED OUT IN A NOTE HANDED TO RUSSIAN UNITED NATIONS DELEGATE JACOB MALIK IN WHICH NEW YORK THURSDAY ~~XNM~~ REJECTED THE RUSSIAN PROTEST RECEIVED HERE NOVEMBER 20. *///*

(MORE) ..LG0855AM



ADD AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON (ROPER) XXXXX NOVEMBER 20

THE AMERICAN NOTE SAID WORLD PEACE AND SECURITY ENVISAGED AT POTSDAM HAS NOT BEEN ACHIEVED AND IRRESPONSIBLE MILITARISM HAS NOT BEEN DRIVEN FROM THE WORLD.

THUS, IT SAID IT IS ONLY "REASONABLE" FOR JAPAN TO "PARTICIPATE WITH THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER NATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND COLLECTIVE DEFENSE."

THESE ARRANGEMENTS, THE NOTE SAID, COULD INCLUDE PROVISIONS FOR STATIONING IN JAPAN OF "TROOPS OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER NATIONS."

HIGH UNITED STATES OFFICIALS HAVE SAID PREVIOUSLY THE UNITED STATES DEFINITELY WILL SEEK A TREATY THAT PROVIDES FOR UNITED STATES TROOPS TO MAINTAIN BASES IN JAPAN. BUT IT NEVER HAS BEEN SAID SO BLUNTLY IN A FORMAL DIPLOMATIC NOTE.

ON THE QUESTION OF DRAFTING A PEACE TREATY, THE NOTE SAID THE UNITED STATES WISHES ALL NATIONS WHICH FOUGHT AGAINST JAPAN - INCLUDING RUSSIA - WILL HELP TO WRITE THE TREATY. BUT IT SAID, "THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT CONCEDE THAT ANY ONE NATION HAS PERPETUAL POWER TO VETO CONCLUSION BY OTHERS OF PEACE WITH JAPAN."

MORE



THIRD AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON (ROPER) XXXX JAPAN

PRELIMINARY DISCUSSIONS OF THE TERMS FOR A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY ARE NOW BEING HELD IN NEW YORK AMONG THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER NATIONS WHICH TOOK PART IN THE PACIFIC WAR.

AMERICAN OFFICIALS ARE PRESSING FOR AN EARLY PEACE CONFERENCE AND ARE PREPARED TO GO AHEAD WITH IT EVEN IF RUSSIA BOYCOTTED IT AS IT IS EXPECTED TO DO.

THE UNITED STATES NOTE BRUSHED ASIDE RUSSIA'S SUGGESTION THAT A TREATY BE WRITTEN PRIMARILY BY THE UNITED STATES, RUSSIA, BRITAIN AND COMMUNIST CHINA. THE UNITED STATES COMMENT WAS THAT THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT RECOGNIZE THE CHINESE RED REGIME AS A GOVERNMENT.

OTHER POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES REPLY WERE:

1. THE UNITED STATES WILL SEEK A PEACE TREATY THAT DOES NOT LIMIT JAPAN'S PEACE-TIME ECONOMY AND WHICH GIVES JAPAN FULL ACCESS TO SOURCES OF RAW MATERIALS AND TO PARTICIPATION IN WORLD TRADE.

2. THE UNITED STATES WILL SEEK STRATEGIC UNITED NATIONS TRUSTEESHIP OVER THE RYUKYU AND BONIN ISLANDS, FORMERLY HELD BY JAPAN, AND DOES NOT CONSIDER THIS "TERRITORIAL EXPANSION" AS CHARGED BY RUSSIA.

..Lq0910AM



*lead to Gene Whitman*

FOURTH AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON (ROPER) XXXX RUSSIA

THE UNITED STATES SAID THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER "EXPRESSLY CONTEMPLATED EXTENSION OF THE TRUSTEESHIP SYSTEM TO TERRITORIES WHICH MAY BE DETACHED FROM ENEMY STATES AS RESULT OF THE SECOND WORLD WAR AND CERTAINLY THE TRUSTEESHIP SYSTEM IS NOT TO BE EQUATED WITH TERRITORIAL EXPANSION."

THE AMERICANS, LIKEWISE, REFUSED TO BACK DOWN FROM THEIR POSITION THAT THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER FORCES "COULD" UNDER TREATY PROVISIONS REMAIN IN JAPAN TO DEFEND THAT COUNTRY AGAINST THE THREAT OF AGGRESSION.

THE RUSSIANS HAD ASKED IN THEIR AIDE MEMOIRE WHETHER THE UNITED STATES CONTEMPLATED THAT "EVEN AFTER THE CONCLUSION OF A PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN AMERICAN MILITARY, NAVAL AND AIR FORCE BASES WILL BE MAINTAINED ON THE TERRITORY OF JAPAN."

THE UNITED STATES REPLIED, "IT IS THE VIEW OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT THAT UPON CONCLUSION OF A PEACE SETTLEMENT THE MILITARY OCCUPATION OF JAPAN WOULD CEASE."

IT SAID, HOWEVER, THAT THE FACT THAT "IRRESPONSIBLE MILITARISM HAS NOT BEEN DRIVEN FROM THE WORLD WOULD, AT THE SAME TIME, MAKE IT REASONABLE FOR JAPAN TO PARTICIPATE WITH THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER NATIONS IN ARRANGEMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND COLLECTIVE SELF-DEFENSE, SUCH AS ARE ENVISAGED IN THE UNITED NATIONS CHARTER AND PARTICULARLY ARTICLE 51 THEREOF."



FIFTH AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON (ROPER) XXX THEREOF."

THIS IS AN ARTICLE ON COLLECTIVE SECURITY UNDER WHICH THE  
NORTH ATLANTIC PACT WAS DRAFTED AND PRESUMABLY IMPLIED  
AMERICAN WILLINGNESS TO SEE A PACIFIC PACT WITH JAPANESE  
PARTICIPATION.

(MORE LATER) ..LG1000AM



SIXTH AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON (ROPER) XXXX PARTICIPATION

THE NOTE SAID THESE COLLECTIVE SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS "COULD INCLUDE PROVISION FOR STATIONING IN JAPAN OF TROOPS OF THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER NATIONS."

THE UNITED STATES SIDESTEPED A SOVIET QUESTION WHETHER POST-TREATY JAPAN SHOULD BE PERMITTED TO HAVE AN ARMY, NAVY AND AIR FORCE. THE RUSSIANS HAD RECALLED THAT THE 13-NATION FAR EASTERN COMMISSION IN JUNE 1947 BANNED JAPANESE REARMAMENT COMPLETELY.

THE STATE DEPARTMENT NOTE POINTED OUT THAT THE FAR EASTERN COMMISSION WAS SET UP TO MAKE POLICY FOR JAPAN ONLY UNTIL THE TREATY WAS SIGNED AND THAT ITS DECISIONS WOULD NOT BE BINDING AFTER THAT UNLESS THEY WERE FORMALLY INCORPORATED IN THE PACT.

THE UNITED STATES ALSO REJECTED RUSSIA'S CONTENTION THAT THE FATE OF FORMOSA, THE PESCADORES, SOUTH SAKHALIN AND THE KURILE ISLANDS WAS NOT FIT SUBJECT FOR A PEACE CONFERENCE SINCE THE CAIRO DECLARATION HAD AWARDED FORMOSA AND THE PESCADORES TO CHINA AND THE OTHER TWO TO RUSSIA.

THE AMERICANS SAID THE CAIRO DECLARATION "LIKE OTHER WARTIME DECLARATIONS, SUCH AS THOSE OF YALTA AND POTSDAM, WAS IN THE OPINION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT SUBJECT TO ANY FINAL PEACE SETTLEMENT WHERE ALL RELEVANT FACTORS COULD BE CONSIDERED."

MORE



SEVENTH AMERICAN NOTE, WASHINGTON (ROPER) XXXX CONSIDERED."

THE RUSSIANS HAD ASKED WHY THE AMERICAN PEACE PLAN SAID NOTHING "CONCERNING THE NECESSITY OF ENSURING FOR THE JAPANESE PEOPLE OPPORTUNITY TO DEVELOP FREELY ITS PEACE-TIME ECONOMY."

THE AMERICAN NOTE SAID THE UNITED STATES WANTED NO RESTRICTIONS ON JAPAN'S PEACE-TIME ECONOMY AND RECALLED <sup>THE</sup> LARGE AMOUNTS OF REHABILITATION AID WASHINGTON HAS SENT JAPAN SINCE THE SURRENDER.

CONCERNING THE IMPLICIT SOVIET ASSERTION THAT THE UNITED STATES APPEARED WILLING TO GO AHEAD WITH A TREATY WITHOUT RUSSIA IF THE SOVIET UNION REFUSED TO AGREE TO THE AMERICAN POSITION, THE STATE DEPARTMENT SAID, "JAPAN AFTER ITS DEFEAT HAS NOW FOR OVER FIVE YEARS LOYALLY COMPLIED WITH AGREED TERMS OF THE SURRENDER AND IS ENTITLED TO PEACE. THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE GLAD TO KNOW WHETHER IT IS THE VIEW OF THE SOVIET UNION THAT THERE CAN NEVER BE ANY PEACE WITH JAPAN UNLESS THE TERMS CAN BE FOUND WHICH ARE FULLY SATISFACTORY TO EACH ONE OF THE 47 NATIONS WHICH SIGNED OR ADHERED TO THE DECLARATION OF JANUARY 1, 1942."

..LG1020AM



BULLETIN

FIRST LEAD AMERICAN NOTE

BY JAMES E. ROPER

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29--(UP)-- THE UNITED STATES THURSDAY SERVED NOTICE ON RUSSIA IT INTENDS TO PUSH FORWARD WITH ITS EFFORTS FOR A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY WITH OR WITHOUT SOVIET PARTICIPATION.

THE UNITED STATES POSITION WAS SPELLED OUT IN A NOTE HANDED TO THE RUSSIAN UNITED NATIONS DELEGATE, JACOB MALIK, IN NEW YORK THURSDAY. IT REJECTED THE RUSSIAN PROTEST RECEIVED HERE NOVEMBER 20.

THE SOVIET NOTE HAD ACCUSED THE UNITED STATES OF PLANNING TO SIGN A SEPARATE PEACE TREATY WITH JAPAN AND SEEK PERMANENT UNITED STATES MILITARY BASES IN JAPAN. RUSSIA SAID BOTH MOVES WERE CONTRARY TO THE POTSDAM AGREEMENT.

(PICKUP EARLIER STORY AT 3RD PGPH, BEGINNING XXX THE AMERICAN NOTE SAID WORLD PEACE AND SECURITY XXX ETC.)



~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

AP WORLD SERVICE H2B1Z1

ITEM 50 SOVIET VETO OVER A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY BARRED

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, DECEMBER 29 --(AP)-- THE UNITED STATES  
IN A NEW NOTE TO RUSSIA THURSDAY, BARRED ANY SOVIET VETO OVER A  
JAPANESE PEACE TREATY.

IN EFFECT, THIS GOVERNMENT KEPT THE WAY OPEN TO GO  
AHEAD IN COOPERATING WITH OTHER NATIONS -- BUT WITHOUT RUSSIA IF  
NECESSARY -- ON THE COMPLETION OF A JAPANESE TREATY. IT EXPRESSED  
HOPE, HOWEVER, THAT RUSSIA WOULD COOPERATE.

THE NOTE WAS HANDED TO RUSSIA'S U.N. REPRESENTATIVE,  
JACOB MALIK, IN NEW YORK THURSDAY AFTERNOON AND THE TEXT WAS RELEASED  
HERE BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT. IT WAS AN ANSWER TO HALF A DOZEN  
QUESTIONS RAISED BY RUSSIA REGARDING PROPOSALS FOR A JAPANESE  
TREATY WHICH AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVE JOHN FOSTER DULLES HAD  
DISCUSSED WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF MORE THAN A DOZEN NATIONS AT  
UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS DURING THE FALL.

--VMT 935



BY JOHN A. REICHMANN

INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE STAFF CORRESPONDENT

WASHINGTON, DEC. 29-(INS)- THE UNITED STATES BLUNTLY INFORMED RUSSIA THURSDAY THAT IT WILL NOT ACCEPT ANY SOVIET VETO IN DRAFTING A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY.

IN ADDITION, THE U. S. DECLARED THAT THE YALTA AND POTSDAM AGREEMENTS ON THE DISPOSITION OF TERRITORIES AND THE DEMILITARIZATION OF JAPAN ARE NOT BINDING BUT SUBJECT TO DECISIONS AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE FOR JAPAN.

THE U. S. POSITION WAS PUT FORWARD IN A NOTE TO JACOB MALIK, SOVIET REPRESENTATIVE AT THE UNITED NATIONS. MALIK HAD SUBMITTED A SERIES OF QUESTIONS FROM HIS GOVERNMENT. THESE WERE IN REPLY TO JOHN FOSTER DULLES, REPUBLICAN FOREIGN POLICY ADVISOR IN CHARGE OF SPEEDING THE JAPANESE TREATY, WHO HAD SET FORTH A TENTATIVE DRAFT OF THE TREATY TO ALL INTERESTED POWERS.

THE NOTE MADE THESE POINTS "IN ORDER TO DISPEL ANY MISUNDERSTANDING,"

1. BECAUSE THE "NEW ORDER OF PEACE, SECURITY AND JUSTICE" HAS NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED AND BECAUSE "IRRESPONSIBLE MILITARISM HAS NOT BEEN DRIVEN FROM THE WORLD," THE STATIONING IN JAPAN OF U. S. AND OTHER NATIONS' TROOPS IS JUSTIFIED.

2. THERE IS NOTHING IN THE POTSDAM OR YALTA DECLARATIONS WHICH FORBID THE DISPOSITION OF MINOR JAPANESE ISLANDS IN THE PEACE TREATY. CONSEQUENTLY, THEIR DISPOSITION CAN AND SHOULD BE TAKEN UP AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE.



FIRST ADD, (RU24) REICHMANN, WASHINGTON I R I CONFERENCE.

3. RUSSIA'S REFERENCE TO "TERRITORIAL EXPANSION" IN A U. S. TRUSTEESHIP OF THE RYUKYU AND BONIN ISLANDS IS UNWARRANTED SINCE THE U. N. CHARTER PROVIDES FOR SUCH TRUSTEESHIP.

4. MOSCOW'S CONCERN OVER THE REVIVAL OF JAPAN'S PEACETIME ECONOMY IS LIKEWISE UNCALLED FOR SINCE THE U. S. HAS CONTRIBUTED HEAVILY TO THE RESTORATION OF THAT COUNTRY'S CIVILIAN PRODUCTION.

5. THE CAIRO AGREEMENT ON RESTORING MANCHURIA, FORMOSA, AND THE PESCADORES TO CHINA WAS SUBJECT TO ANY FINAL PEACE SETTLEMENT, AND, IN ANY EVENT, MUST BE SUBJECT TO THE U. N. CHARTER, "THE OBLIGATIONS OF WHICH PREVAIL OVER ANY OTHER INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT."

STRIKING AT THE SOVIET DEMAND THAT THE VETO SHOULD BE ACCEPTED AT ANY PEACE CONFERENCE, THE NOTE SAID:

"THE U. S. GOVERNMENT HOPES THAT ALL NATIONS AT WAR WITH JAPAN WILL PARTICIPATE IN THE CONCLUSION OF PEACE. THE U. S. DOES NOT, HOWEVER, CONCEDE THAT ANY ONE NATION HAS THE PERPETUAL POWER TO VETO THE CONCLUSION BY OTHERS OF PEACE WITH JAPAN."

THE NOTE PAID TRIBUTE TO JAPAN'S LOYALTY TO ITS SURRENDER OBLIGATIONS, BUT IT REJECTED THE COMMUNIST CHINESE PEOPLES REPUBLIC AS A MEMBER OF THE PEACE CONFERENCE BECAUSE THE U. S. HAS NOT YET RECOGNIZED THAT REGIME.

IT CONCLUDED:

"IT IS THE EARNEST HOPE OF THE U. S. THAT THE CLOSE ATTENTION WHICH THE GOVERNMENT OF THE SOVIET UNION HAS GIVEN TO THE PEACE PROPOSALS OF THE U. S. IN RELATION TO JAPAN SIGNIFIES THE DESIRE AND INTENTION OF THE S. U. (CQ) NOT ONLY TO ENTER INTO DISCUSSIONS OF A PEACE TREATY FOR JAPAN BUT TO ACT IN COOPERATION WITH OTHER NATIONS AT WAR WITH JAPAN TO MAKE PEACE A REALITY."

ITEM

WH10930TT







JAPANESE REACTION TO U.S. STAND ON PEACE TREATY

29 Dec



## BULLETIN

BY EARNEST HOBERECHT

UNITED PRESS MANAGER FOR JAPAN

TOKYO, Dec. 29--(UP)-- THE JAPANESE NATION WELCOMED NEWS THAT THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO GO AHEAD WITH EFFORTS FOR A JAPANESE PEACE TREATY EVEN IF RUSSIA DOES NOT PARTICIPATE.

THE JAPANESE ALSO WELCOMED NEWS THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL MAINTAIN TROOPS IN THIS COUNTRY WHICH IS NOT IN POSITION TO DEFEND ITSELF AND WHICH HAS RENOUNCED THE RIGHT TO ITS OWN MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

AT ONE TIME, THE JAPANESE WERE HOPING THE UNITED STATES TROOPS WOULD BE WITHDRAWN FROM THEIR COUNTRY BUT THE KOREAN WAR HAS BROUGHT ABOUT A CHANGE IN THIS. ONE OF THE BIGGEST JAPANESE FEARS TODAY - AS TRADITIONALLY - IS FEAR OF A RUSSIAN INVASION.

MANY JAPANESE INTERPRETED THE AMERICAN NOTE AS CLEAR INDICATION THE UNITED STATES INTENDS TO DEFEND JAPAN AND THAT THE JAPANESE CAN COUNT ON AMERICAN PROTECTION.

MORE



ADD JAPANESE REACTION, TOKYO (HQBRECHT) XXXX PROTECTION

PREMIER SHIGERU YOSHIDA, NOW AT HIS COUNTRY HOME IN OISO, COULD NOT BE REACHED IMMEDIATELY FOR COMMENT BUT HE ALREADY HAS MADE IT CLEAR IN THE PAST THAT JAPAN WANTS TO LINE UP WITH THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONS. HE IS EXPECTED TO HAIL THE NEWLY-REVEALED AMERICAN STAND.

THE UNITED PRESS, HOWEVER, WAS ABLE TO CONTACT CHIEF CABINET SECRETARY KATSUO OKAZAKI.

HE SAID THE "REASONING OF THE AMERICAN NOTE IS CORRECT" AND THAT HE THINKS THE JAPANESE PEOPLE WILL BE GLAD TO HEAR OF IT.

QUESTIONED ON THE JAPANESE REARMAMENT ISSUE, OKAZAKI SAID HE COULD NOT COMMENT. HE SAID JAPANESE WAS IN NO POSITION TO GIVE IDEAS ON THIS MATTER. HE SAID REARMAMENT OF JAPAN WAS A MATTER FOR THE UNITED STATES AND OTHER COUNTRIES CONCERNED TO DECIDE.

REGARDING KERMENKX ISLANDS FORMERLY HELD BY JAPAN, SUCH AS OKINAWA AND THE BONINS, THE CABINET SECRETARY SAID JAPANESE WILL ADHERE TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE POTSDAM DECLARATION WHICH LIMITED JAPAN TO THE FOUR MAJOR ISLANDS OF JAPAN PROPER AND SUCH SMALLER ISLANDS AS DESIGNATED BY THE AGREEMENT.

MORE



THIRD JAPANESE REACTION, TOKYO (HOBERECHT) XXX AGREEMENT

MEANWHILE, OBSERVERS HERE POINTED OUT THAT IF THE UNITED STATES GOES AHEAD WITH THE JAPANESE PEACE TREATY WITHOUT RUSSIAN PARTICIPATION, IT WOULD BE NECESSARY TO KEEP UNITED STATES TROOPS HERE TO PREVENT THE RUSSIANS FROM CLAIMING THE RIGHT TO SEND HERE THEIR OWN FORCES UNDER THE GUISE OF CONTINUING THE OCCUPATION.

THUS FAR, THERE HAS BEEN NO OFFICIAL REACTION FROM GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, BUT INFORMED QUARTERS THOUGHT HE WOULD BE VERY PLEASED BY THIS LATEST MOVE. THEY POINTED OUT MACARTHUR HAD BEEN PUSHING THE JAPANESE TREATY FOR SOME TIME AND HAD BEEN ADVOCATING IT PUBLICLY SINCE EARLY 1947.

HIGH OCCUPATION OFFICIALS POINTED OUT THAT IN THE MIDST OF THE TURMOIL AND STRIFE IN THE FAR EAST, JAPAN STILL IS ONE OF THE MOST PEACEFUL AND ORDERLY PLACES IN THE WORLD. ONE OFFICIAL SAID IT IS A TRIBUTE BOTH TO THE JAPANESE AND GEN. MACARTHUR'S POLICY THAT JAPAN COULD REMAIN SO PEACEFUL AND ORDERLY EVEN WHEN MOST OF THE OCCUPATION FORCES HAVE BEEN WITHDRAWN TO FIGHT ON THE CONTINENT OF ASIA.

JAPANESE ECONOMIC EXPERTS SAID TODAY'S MOVE BY WASHINGTON WILL HAVE A GOOD EFFECT IN JAPANESE ECONOMY "IN THE LONG RUN."

MORE



FOURTH JAPANESE REACTION, TOKYO (HGBERECHT) XXXX RUN."

- JAPANESE BUSINESS LEADERS SAID THE MOVE WOULD ENCOURAGE ANTI-COMMUNIST FEELING IN JAPAN AND WOULD STRENGTHEN THE SPIRIT OF ANY JAPANESE WHO HAVE BEEN MORE OR LESS "ON THE FENCE."

...LG1210PM



FIFTH JAPANESE REACTION, TOKYO (HOBERECHT) XXX FENCE."

SHIZUO SAITO, CHIEF OF THE INFORMATION SECTION OF THE JAPANESE FOREIGN MINISTRY, SAID THE UNITED STATES ACTION IN CONNECTION WITH A PEACE TREATY WAS "ACCORDING TO EXPECTATIONS."

HE SAID HE DOES NOT BELIEVE THE AMERICANS WILL BE HURT BY SOVIET ATTACKS OR CONTINUED STATIONING OF UNITED STATES TROOPS IN JAPAN AFTER A PEACE PACT WAS SIGNED.

SAITO SAID HE THINKS THE MATTER IS INDEPENDENT OF PEACE TALKS AND WILL NOT BE A SUBJECT AT THE PEACE CONFERENCE. HE WAS OF THE OPINION THAT THE UNITED STATES WILL CONSIDER THE MATTER ANEW WITH JAPAN AS A SOVEREIGN NATION ON ANOTHER OCCASION.

HE SAID ALTHOUGH THERE HAVE BEEN RUMORS OF THE UNITED STATES DECLARING THE END OF THE STATE OF WAR WITH JAPAN BECAUSE OF DELAYS IN THE PEACE TREATY, THIS LINE OF THINKING IS NOW UPSET BY THE AMERICAN NOTE TO RUSSIA.

SAITO SAID THE SLIGHT DELAY DUE TO PROCEDURAL MATTERS CONNECTED WITH REQUESTS FOR CLARIFICATION BY AUSTRALIA AND OTHERS ARE LIKELY TO BE OVERCOME NOW THAT THE UNITED STATES HAS STARTED THE BALL ROLLING BY SENDING THE NOTE TO RUSSIA.

..LG1220PM



CORRECTION

IN JAPANESE PEACE TREATY, TOKYO (HOBERECHT), 7TH PGH,  
PLEASE MAKE IT READ:

X X X XHAXHXHEMXXHXKX X X X HE SAID JAPANXXX WAS IN NO  
POSITION TO X X X

(NOT X X X X JAPANESE X X X AS SENT)

UPA/

Tokyo

03020P



NO FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF UNITS IN KOREA  
Gen. MacArthur announced.

29 Dec



AP TOKYO SERVICE

ITEM A NO FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF UNITS IN KOREA—HEADQUARTERS  
BY ROBERT EUNSON

TOKYO, DEC. 29—(AP)—THERE WILL BE NO FURTHER  
IDENTIFICATION OF ALLIED GROUND UNITS IN KOREA OTHER THAN EIGHTH ARMY  
OR UNITED NATIONS FORCES, GEN. MACARTHUR' ANNOUNCED THURSDAY NIGHT.

IN THE PAST UNITED NATIONS FORCES HAVE BEEN "OFF THE  
RECORD" EXCEPT WHEN THEY WERE IN CONTACT WITH THE ENEMY. THIS WAS  
THE SAME PROCEDURE FOLLOWED IN ALL THEATERS DURING WORLD WAR II.  
THE BLACKOUT ON UNITS APPARENTLY MEANT THAT FIGHTING WAS IMMINENT  
ON THE WESTERN FRONT.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT THAT NO UNITS BELOW ARMY LEVEL WOULD  
BE IDENTIFIED WAS MADE BY A REPRESENTATIVE OF GEN. MACARTHUR'S  
PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER.

IT IS EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

—F155



SOVIET PROTESTS

Japanese Courts being given criminal and  
Civil jurisdiction over UN nationals....

29 Dec



## BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29--(UP)-- THE SOVIET UNION THURSDAY PROTESTED THE RECENT FAR EASTERN COMMISSION DECISION GIVING JAPANESE COURTS CRIMINAL AND CIVIL JURISDICTION OVER UNITED NATIONS NATIONALS IN THAT COUNTRY.

SOVIET AMBASSADOR ALEXANDER PANYUSHKIN TOLD A FEC MEETING THE DECISION WAS "ILLEGAL" BECAUSE IT WAS ADOPTED DURING THE ABSENCE OF THE RUSSIAN REPRESENTATIVE ON THE COMMISSION.

THE DECISION WAS ADOPTED SEPTEMBER 22 AT A TIME WHEN THE SOVIET UNION WAS BOYCOTTING THE COMMISSION IN PROTEST AGAINST CONTINUED PRESENCE ON THE BODY OF THE CHINESE NATIONALIST REPRESENTATIVE.

MAXWELL HAMILTON, AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVE ON THE FEC AND ALSO CHAIRMAN OF THE GROUP, SAID, "THE WILFUL ABSENCE OF ANY MEMBER OF THE COMMISSION DOES NOT INVALIDATE ANY DECISIONS TAKEN."

PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER 22 JAPANESE COURTS HAD ONLY LIMITED CIVIL JURISDICTION OVER ALLIED NATIONALS IN JAPAN. THE UNITED STATES SPONSORED THE MOVE TO GIVE THEM COMPLETE JURISDICTION IN AN EFFORT TO REDUCE RESTRICTIONS UNDER WHICH THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT MUST WORK PENDING A PEACE TREATY.

MORE



ADD FEC, WASHINGTON XXXX TREATY

FEC MEMBERS SAID THEY ASSUMED RUSSIA WOULD HAVE VETGED  
THE ACTION IF PANYUSHKIN HAD BEEN AT THE MEETING SINCE THE  
SOVIET UNION PREVIOUSLY INDICATED IT RESENTS JAPANESE JUDGES  
HAVING JURISDICTION OVER RUSSIAN NATIONALS IN JAPAN.

..Lg0615AM



Prime Minister ATLEE SEEKS TO PERSUADE Canada,  
Australia, New Zealand and South Africa to  
RECOGNIZE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT OF CHINA....

29 Dec



BY HAROLD GUARD

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

LONDON, DEC. 29 --(UP)-- OFFICIAL SOURCES SAID THURSDAY PRIME MINISTER CLEMENT ATTLEE WILL SEEK TO PERSUADE CANADA, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND AND SOUTH AFRICA TO RECOGNIZE THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT OF CHINA AT THE COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE OPENING HERE JANUARY 4.

ATTLEE WAS SAID TO BELIEVE FULLY THAT A UNITED COMMONWEALTH MIGHT BE ABLE TO INDUCE THE PEKING REGIME TO NEGOTIATE A FAR EASTERN SETTLEMENT. IF ALL COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES RECOGNIZE THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT, ATTLEE WAS SAID TO FEEL THEY WILL SUCCEED IN ASSURING COMMUNIST PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI THAT THE WESTERN WORLD DOES NOT INTEND TO ATTACK THE PEKING "PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC."

BRITAIN, INDIA, PAKISTAN~~XXX~~ AND CEYLON ALREADY HAVE RECOGNIZED PEKING.

THE PRIME MINISTERS OF ALL COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES WILL ATTEND THE LONDON MEETING.

LN 1250 A



ADD PEACE BID, LONDON (GUARD) X X X MEETING

AS THE BASIS FOR HIS APPROACH TO THE NEW PEACE BID, ATTLEE WILL HAVE THE FACT THAT ALL COMMONWEALTH MEMBERS ARE ON RECORD IN FAVOR OF A CEASEFIRE IN KOREA FOLLOWED BY NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT.

ATTLEE IS EXPECTED TO BE SUPPORTED BY INDIAN PRIME MINISTER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU IN CONTENTION THAT THE UNITED NATIONS' FAILURE TO ACCEPT THE "REPRESENTATIVE NATURE" OF THE PEKING GOVERNMENT IS "UNREAL."

BOTH BRITAIN AND INDIA ARE KNOWN TO BE OPPOSED TO THE UNITED STATES POLICY REGARDING "NEUTRALIZATION" OF FORMOSA AND TO FAVOR THE PEKING GOVERNMENT'S CLAIM TO THE ISLAND IN ACCORDANCE WITH TERMS OF THE CAIRO DECLARATION OF 1943.

ATTLEE INTENDS TO EXPLAIN THE "REALISM" OF THE COMMONWEALTH SPEAKING WITH ONE VOICE AND PURSUING ONE POLICY TO AVOID THE ~~KXXXXX~~ ALTERNATIVE OF A THIRD WORLD WAR, OFFICIAL SOURCES SAID.

LN 105 A



Elizabeth Gray Vining on return to States.....

HAS GREAT ADMIRATION FOR GEN. MacARTHUR

29 Dec



THIRD ADD, (PO1) BRYN MAWR X X X WEEK.

TWICE A WEEK I HAD THE GREAT PRIVILEGE OF TEACHING ENGLISH TO THE EMPRESS. THOSE WERE SOME OF THE HAPPIEST HOURS IN JAPAN, AND I MISS THEM VERY MUCH.

AFTER FOUR YEARS I FELT THAT I HAD GIVEN THE CROWN PRINCE WHATEVER I HAD TO GIVE AND THAT IT WAS TIME FOR ME TO COME HOME.

DURING THE YEARS THAT I WAS IN TOKYO, I CAME TO HAVE GREAT ADMIRATION AND RESPECT FOR GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR AND FOR HIS POLICY IN JAPAN.

LIVING AMONG THE JAPANESE AS I DID, I HAD AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO UNDERSTAND HOW GENUINELY THE JAPANESE PEOPLE RESPECTED AND TRUSTED GEN. MACARTHUR.

THE EXTENT OF THEIR LOYALTY CAN BE GAUGED BY THE FACT THAT AFTER AMERICAN TROOPS WERE WITHDRAWN FROM JAPAN AND SENT TO KOREA THERE WERE NO OUTBREAKS OR UNREST OF ANY KIND.

JAPAN WAS STANDING BY THE GENERAL AND THE UNITED NATIONS.

AMERICANS SHOULD ALSO FEEL GRATEFUL TO THE EMPEROR BOTH FOR HIS DETERMINATION TO SURRENDER IN 1945, WHICH SAVED COUNTLESS AMERICAN LIVES, AND ALSO FOR HIS FRIENDLY AND COOPERATIVE ATTITUDE TO THE OCCUPATION, WHICH HAS BEEN AN EXAMPLE TO ALL THE JAPANESE PEOPLE AND HAS UNDOUBTEDLY BEEN A FACTOR IN THE FINE RELATIONSHIP THAT HAS DEVELOPED BETWEEN THE TWO FORMER ENEMIES, JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES.

ITEM

WNI0645TT



FC-7

BRYN MAWR, PA., DEC 29-(INS)-ELIZABETH GRAY VINING, WHO RECENTLY SERVED AS TUTOR TO THE JAPANESE CROWN PRINCE, DESCRIBED THE JAPANESE PEOPLE THURSDAY AS "AWFULLY CONCERNED ABOUT THE SUFFERING IN KOREA."

MRS. VINING, TALL, SLIM PHILADELPHIA AUTHORESS, TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE AT BRYN MAW COLLEGE THAT THE JAPANESE ARE GRATEFUL FOR THE UNITED NATIONS STAND IN KOREA, AND FEEL THAT THE SUFFERING THERE "IS FOR THE PROTECTION OF JAPAN."

"THEY FREQUENTLY SEND GIFTS TO AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN KOREA, DONATE BLOOD, AND VISIT THE SOLDIERS WHO ARE HOSPITALIZED IN JAPAN," SHE ADDED.

"THE JAPANESE NEVER HAD A HATRED OF AMERICA. I THINK THEY ALWAYS ADMIRERD AND RESPECTED THE AMERICANS. BUT WHEN THEY FOUGHT THEY FOUGHT HARD AND

BITTERLY BECAUSE THAT WAS THEIR NATIONAL CODE. AFTER THE WAR WAS OVER, I DON'T BELIEVE THEY HELD ANY BITTERNESS TOWARD US."

MRS. VINING CREDITED GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR AND HIS "VERY WISE POLICY" IN JAPAN, ALONG WITH THE GOOD CONDUCT OF THE FIRST SOLDIERS TO OCCUPY THE ISLAND COUNTRY, FOR THE CURRENT FRIENDLINESS BETWEEN THE TWO NATIONALITIES.

"THOSE FIRST COMBAT SOLDIERS INTO JAPAN WERE THE BEST AMBASSADORS WE HAVE HAD," SHE SAID.

"THEY ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE GOOD FEELING. THEY MADE A COMPLETE CONQUEST OF THE JAPANESE--NOT IN A MATERIAL SENSE--BUT IN A SOCIAL AND SPIRITUAL SENSE. THEY HAD SUFFERED AND THEY WERE MATURE."

THE SOLDIERS WHO WERE LATER STATIONED IN JAPAN "ARE NOT QUITE UP TO THE FIRST," MRS. VINING SAID. SHE EMPHASIZED, HOWEVER, THAT SHE FELT THIS WAS BECAUSE "THEY ARE SO AWFULLY YOUNG." (MORE)



FIRST ADD, (707) BRYN MAWR X X X YOUNG."

THERE IS A TREMENDOUS SEEKING TO UNDERSTAND DEMOCRACY IN JAPAN, PARTICULARLY AMONG THE YOUNGER GROUP," SHE CONTINUED. "THE IMPERIAL FAMILY IS VERY DEMOCRATIC."

THE FUTURE <sup>OF</sup> JAPAN, MRS. VINING BELIEVES, DEPENDS A GREAT DEAL ON THE ACTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONS. SINCE THE WAR, SHE POINTED OUT, JAPAN HAS ASSIMILATED AN ADDITIONAL SIX MILLION PERSONS, AND CANNOT BEGIN TO SUPPLY ITS OWN NEEDS.

THEREFORE, SHE SAID, MARKETS FOR JAPANESE GOODS MUST BE DEVELOPED SO THAT JAPAN IN RETURN CAN RECEIVE FOOD AND RAW MATERIALS.

"IF THE OTHER COUNTRIES DON'T SUPPLY MARKETS FOR HER PRODUCTS SO SHE CAN GET HER NEEDS," MRS. VINING DECLARED, "THEN SHE WILL BE PREY TO TOTALITARIANISM.

"THE COMMUNISTS THERE ARE ALWAYS ACTIVE, BUT I THINK THEY HAVE BEEN SET BACK IN THE LAST YEAR OR TWO."

MRS. VINING SAID SHE AGREES WITH THE LINE OF THINKING THAT IT IS "BETTER TO HAVE JAPAN AS AN IDEOLOGICAL ALLY THAN A MILITARY ALLY."

ITEM

107107



FC-1

(PRECEDE)--MRS. ELIZABETH GRAY VINING, AN AMERICAN ENGLISH TEACHER, HAS SPENT THE PAST FOUR YEARS IN TOKYO "OPENING DOORS ONTO A WIDER WORLD" FOR THE JAPANESE CROWN PRINCE. NOW BACK HOME, MRS. VINING TELLS IN THE FOLLOWING ARTICLE HOW SHE BELIEVES HER WORK WITH THE JAPANESE ROYAL FAMILY HAS BEEN INSTRUMENTAL IN DEVELOPING A "FINE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE TWO FORMER ENEMIES, JAPAN AND THE UNITED STATES." (END PRECEDE)

MRS. ELIZABETH GRAY VINING

(DISTRIBUTED BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE)

BRYN MAWR, PA., DEC 29--(INS)--I LEFT JAPAN BY THE FREIGHTER PETER MAERSK ON DEC. 4, AFTER MORE THAN FOUR YEARS OF TUTORING CROWN PRINCE AKIHITO AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THE IMPERIAL FAMILY.

MY WORK IN JAPAN BEGAN ON OCT. 15, 1946.

THE IDEA OF HAVING AN AMERICAN WOMAN GO TO JAPAN TO TUTOR THE CROWN PRINCE SO SOON AFTER THE WAR ORIGINATED WITH HIS MAJESTY, THE EMPEROR, WHO ASKED DR. GEORGE D. STODDARD, CHAIRMAN OF THE EDUCATION MISSION WHICH VISITED JAPAN IN THE SPRING OF 1946, TO FIND A SUITABLE PERSON,

THE OCCUPATION PERMITTED, BUT DID NOT SPONSOR THE PROJECT.

THROUGHOUT MY WORK IN JAPAN, I HAVE HAD AT ALL TIMES THE GREATEST POSSIBLE KINDNESS, COURTESY, AND COOPERATION FROM THE JAPANESE PEOPLE... AND I HAVE ALSO RECEIVED MANY COURTESIES...FROM OCCUPATION HEADQUARTERS.

THROUGHOUT MY WORK I HAVE HAD COMPLETE FREEDOM IN REGARD TO MY TEACHING. NO ONE, JAPANESE OR AMERICAN, HAS ATTEMPTED IN ANY WAY TO CENSOR OR CONTROL WHAT I HAVE TAUGHT.

AFTER MY ARRIVAL IN JAPAN, THE THEN MINISTER OF THE IMPERIAL HOUSEHOLD SAID TO ME, "WE WANT YOU TO OPEN DOORS ONTO A WIDER WORLD FOR OUR CROWN PRINCE."

(MORE)



FIRST ADD, (FC1) BRYN MAWR, X X I PRINCE."

SO, THOUGH MY SUBJECT WAS NOMINALLY ENGLISH I HAVE BEEN ABLE THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF ENGLISH TO USE BIOGRAPHY OF THE GREAT MEN AND WOMEN OF THE GREAT DEMOCRATIC WORLD, MATERIAL ABOUT THE UNITED NATIONS, HISTORY, LEGENDS, MANNERS, CUSTOMS, AND SO ON.

DURING THIS PAST AUTUMN, FOR INSTANCE, CROWN PRINCE AKIHITO HAS READ PILGRIM'S PROGRESS IN ENGLISH. WE HAVE ALSO READ AND DISCUSSED JULIUS CAESAR, THE UNITED NATIONS' DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS, GENEVIEVE FOSTER'S "GEORGE WASHINGTON'S WORLD," LOIS FISHER'S "YOU AND THE UNITED NATIONS," AND SO ON.

I HAVE BEEN ABLE TO INTRODUCE AMERICAN BOYS AND AN ~~AN~~ AUSTRALIAN BOY TO THE CROWN PRINCE AND VERY HAPPY FRIENDSHIPS HAVE RESULTED.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE CROWN PRINCE IS TAKEN BY A SMALL GROUP OF VERY DISTINGUISHED JAPANESE EDUCATORS; RESPONSIBILITY FOR HIS DAILY LIFE LIES WITH HIS CHAMBERLAINS WHO ARE ALL FINE AND DEVOTED MEN, UNIVERSITY GRADUATES CHOSEN FOR THEIR HIGH CHARACTER AND IDEALS...

THE CROWN PRINCE WAS A CHUBBY AND LOVABLE CHILD OF 12 WHEN I WENT TO JAPAN; NOW HE IS JUST 17, MATURE AND CHARMING. THE QUALITIES OF MIND AND CHARACTER WHICH WERE DISCERNIBLE IN THE CHILD ARE DEVELOPING MOST SATISFACTORILY IN THE YOUNG MAN.

HE IS A BOY OF UNUSUAL HONESTY AND DIRECTION. HE HAS A STRONG SENSE OF RESPONSIBILITY AND HE MEETS HIS OBLIGATIONS MANFULLY. ON ONE OCCASION A YEAR OR TWO AGO, HE WAS CHOSEN TO HEAD THE COMMITTEE TO PLAN A PRIMARY SCHOOL REUNION.

(MORE)



SECOND ADD, (F01) BRYN MAWR, X X X REUNION.

AFTER THE PARTY WAS SUCCESSFULLY OVER, THE CROWN PRINCE WAS NOT TO BE FOUND. HE WAS FINALLY DISCOVERED CLEARING UP THE ROOM IN WHICH THE MEETING HAD BEEN HELD. A FINE HORSEMAN, HE IS NOW PRESIDENT OF HIS SCHOOL RIDING CLUB AND DISCHARGES HIS DUTIES WITH ABILITY AND GRACE.

HE IS NOW IN THE 11TH GRADE OF THE PEERS SCHOOL WHICH IS NO LONGER RESTRICTED TO THE SONS OF PEERS BUT IS A PRIVATE SCHOOL ATTENDED BY A CROSS SECTION OF THE YOUTH OF TOKYO.

IN A CLASS OF '104 HE STANDS SCHOLASTICALLY WITHIN THE UPPER 10. IN ADDITION TO HIS REGULAR SCHOOL SUBJECTS; ENGLISH, FRENCH, SOCIAL STUDIES, JAPANESE LITERATURE, CHINESE CLASSICS, HE HAS PRIVATE LESSONS IN ENGLISH, FRENCH, MATHEMATICS, BIOLOGY, POETRY, AND HISTORY, BESIDES SPECIAL LECTURES FROM TIME TO TIME.

I TAUGHT HIS ENTIRE CLASS IN SCHOOL ONCE A WEEK; HAD AN ENGLISH LESSON ALONE WITH THE CROWN PRINCE ON ANOTHER DAY; AND ONCE EVERY WEEK HE AND TWO OF HIS CLASSMATES SPENT THE AFTERNOON AT MY HOUSE. WE HAD AN ENGLISH LESSON AND A TEA PARTY AND SOMETIMES GAMES. I ALSO SAW HIM FREQUENTLY ON UNSCHEDULED OCCASIONS.

HIS COMMAND OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE IS BY NO MEANS COMPLETE, BUT HE CAN SAY ALMOST ANYTHING HE REALLY WANTS TO AND HE CAN CARRY ON AN ORDINARY CONVERSATION WITHOUT TOO MUCH DIFFICULTY.

THE CROWN PRINCE HAS HIS OWN HOUSE IN TOKYO, WHERE HE LIVES WITH HIS CHAMBERLAIN, BUT THREE NIGHTS A WEEK HE SPENDS IN A SCHOOL DORMITORY WITH 19 OR 20 OTHER BOYS.

IT IS A VERY SIMPLE AND TO MY MIND VERY SPARTAN DORMITORY, BUT THE CROWN PRINCE LIVES THERE ON EXACTLY THE SAME TERMS AS THE OTHER BOYS.

BESIDES THE CROWN PRINCE, I TAUGHT HIS THREE SISTERS AND HIS YOUNGER BROTHER, PRINCE MASAHITO, ONCE A WEEK.

(MORE)



MACARTHUR OUTSTANDING NEWSMAKER OF 1950

(AP Poll)

29 Dec



AP WORLD SERVICE H2 B1 Z1

ITEM 14 MACARTHUR OUTSTANDING NEWS MAKER OF 1950

NEW YORK, DEC. 29—(AP)—GENERAL DOUGLAS  
MACARTHUR WAS THE OUTSTANDING NEWSMAKER OF 1950.

THE GREAT MILITARY LEADER WHO WAS CONFRONTED WITH TWO "IMPOSSIBLE" TASKS WITHIN SIX MONTHS WAS GIVEN HIS NEWS DESIGNATION BY EDITORS OF ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWSPAPERS IN A POLL ON THE YEAR'S OUTSTANDING PERSONALITIES.

THE FIRST "IMPOSSIBLE" ASSIGNMENT WAS TO GET ENOUGH TROOPS INTO SOUTH KOREA TO PREVENT THE NORTH KOREANS FROM OVER RUNNING THE ROCKY PENINSULA. HE SUCCEEDED.

THEN CAME "IMPOSSIBLE" ASSIGNMENT NO. 2. OUT OF SANCTUARY IN MANCHURIA WHICH GEN. MACARTHUR WAS NOT ALLOWED TO BOMB, CHINESE COMMUNISTS BOMBED HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF FRESH TROOPS AGAINST THE ALLIES. THIS UNFORESEEN DEVELOPMENT CREATED A NEW WAR, GEN. MACARTHUR SAID AS HE EXTRICATED HIS BADLY OUTNUMBERED TROOPS FROM ENCIRCLEMENT.



JAPAN POTENTIALLY AMERICA'S MOST EFFECTIVE ALLY

New York (AP)

29 Dec



AP WORLD SERVICE H2B1Z1

ITEM 46

JAPAN POTENTIALLY AMERICA'S MOST EFFECTIVE ALLY

BY RELMAN MORIN

NEW YORK, DECEMBER 29 --(AP)-- JAPAN, THE MOST DANGEROUS ENEMY WE AMERICANS EVER MET, IS POTENTIALLY OUR MOST EFFECTIVE ALLY ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD NOW.

IT WOULD BE NAIVE TO ASSUME THAT THIS WAS A RESULT OF OVERWHELMING AFFECTION OR ADMIRATION FOR THE UNITED STATES -- ALTHOUGH WE HAVE WON A CERTAIN DEGREE OF BOTH.

THE MORE COMPELLING REASONS ARE:

1. JAPAN'S INTEREST, POLITICALLY AND ECONOMICALLY, ARE TIGHTLY TIED WITH OUR OWN.

2. THE JAPANESE ARE NATURALLY ANXIOUS TO HAVE AN END TO THE OCCUPATION, TO RESUME NORMAL TRADE RELATIONS WITH THE REST OF THE WORLD, AND TO TAKE THEIR PLACE IN THE UNITED NATIONS.

3. HAVING HAD THREE WARS WITH CHINA AND RUSSIA, AND WITH A HIGH DEGREE OF HATRED AND SUSPICION FOR BOTH NATIONS EVEN WHEN THEY WERE NOT ACTUALLY AT WAR, THE JAPANESE ARE UNDER NO ILLUSIONS ABOUT THEIR OWN FATE IF THE TWO COMMUNIST GIANTS EVER BREAK LOOSE IN THE ORIENT.

THOSE ARE THE TRUE REASONS WHY JAPAN IS A POWERFUL POTENTIAL ALLY OF THE UNITED STATES, AND THE UNITED NATIONS, TODAY.

NATIONS HAVE NO PERMANENT FRIENDS, BUT THEY DO HAVE PERMANENT INTERESTS. OURS AND THE JAPANESE, AT THIS HOUR AT LEAST, ARE PRACTICALLY IDENTICAL. (MORE)

--VMT 834



AP WORLD SERVICE H2B1Z1

ITEM 49 ADD ITEM 46 JAPAN POTENTIALLY X X X IDENTICAL.

IN SPITE OF RUSSIAN PROPAGANDA CLAIMS, AND JAPANESE DESIRES, NO JAPANESE TROOPS ARE IN THE FIELD IN KOREA TODAY. WE ARE USING THE GREAT JAPANESE AIR AND NAVAL BASES IN FIGHTING THIS WAR. JAPANESE PERSONNEL ARE EMPLOYED AS GUARDS, MECHANICS, TRUCK DRIVERS AND IN MANY OTHER WAY.S

IT IS AN INDIGRUOUS FACT THAT THE MAIN UNITED NATIONS BASE FOR THE KOREAN WAR IS THE TERRITORY OF A NATION STILL, TECHNICALLY, AN "ENEMY."

AND ALTHOUGH IT WAS NECESSARY PRATICALLY TO STRIP THE COUNTRY OF OUR WHOLE GARRISON FORCES -- FOUR UNDER STRENGTH INFANTRY DIVISIONS -- THERE HAVE BEEB NO DISTURBANCES, NO INCIDENTS, NO EFFORTS BY THE JAPANESE TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THAT FACT. (THERE HAVE BEEN SOME OMINOUS OUTBREAKS FOMENTED BY KOREAN COMMUNISTS LIVING IN JAPAN.)

WHAT ARE THE RESULTS OF THE OCCUPATION? I DO NOT BELIEVE -- AND I PUT THIS IN THE FIRST PERSON BECAUSE IT IS A PERSONAL APPRAISAL -- THAT THE THEORY OR PRACTICE OF "DEMOCRACY" HAS PENETRATED VERY DEEPLY INTO JAPANESE CONSCIOUSNESS. SO FAR AS I COULD TELL, THE EMPEROR IS STILL THEIR GREAT SYMBOL OF AUTHORITY AND LEADERSHIP. THEIR TENDENCY STILL IS TO BELIEVE IN THE VALUE OF A RULING CLASS, RATHER THAN IN THE WISDOM OF THE MASSES.

---MORE---



AP WORLD SERVICE H2B1z1

ADD ITEM 49 JAPAN POTENTIALLY X X X THE MASSES.

SOME AMERICANS DISAGREE WITH THIS VIEW. ONLY TIME WILL TELL WHICH IS CORRECT.

BUT IN ITS PHYSICAL ASPECTS, THE OCCUPATION HAS BEEN ALMOST A MIRACLE, A STORY WITHOUT PRECEDENT ANYWHERE IN HISTORY.

AMERICAN ENGINEERS, DOCTORS, SCIENTISTS AND BUSINESSMEN -- IN SHORT, THE TECHNICIANS -- HAVE BROUGHT TO JAPAN A DEGREE OF COMFORT AND SAFETY NEVER BEFORE KNOWN. THEY HAVE OPENED WIDE NEW VISTAS.

THEY HAVE SHARPLY CUT BACK THE FORMER MORTALITY RATE OF INFANTS AND OLDER PEOPLE. A WHOLE NEW CONCEPT OF DIET, NUTRITION, THE PREVENTION OF DISEASE, AND PUBLIC HEALTH IN GENERAL, HAS COME INTO BEING. ON A PERSONAL BASIS, A GREAT MANY AMERICANS PROVIDE JAPANESE MOTHERS WITH FOOD FORTIFIERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN. THE RESULTS ALREADY ARE APPARENT.

IN TERMS OF CONSUMER GOODS, THERE ARE ACTUALLY MORE ARTICLES IN THE SHOPS THAN THERE WERE 10 YEARS AGO WHEN I LAST PREVIOUSLY SAW THE COUNTRY. YOU SEE MORE METALS AND MORE RUBBER GOODS, TIRES, FOR EXAMPLE.

---MORE---