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STATE OF OREGON

PAMPHLET

Containing Cuts and Statements of

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES

Who filed petitions for election or nomination with the
Secretary of State, together with arguments
filed favoring certain of said
candidates

For submission to the Republican Voters
of the State of Oregon

at the

PRIMARY NOMINATING ELECTION

MAY 15, 1914

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

Compiled and Issued by
BEN W. OLCOTT
Secretary of State

LAW AUTHORIZING THIS PUBLICATION:

(Section 3489, Lord's Oregon Laws.)

Statements, etc., to be Printed, Bound, and Distributed.

* * * * * All of the statements filed for and against all the candidates for nomination to each office shall be printed in the order in which candidates' names are grouped under the title to their offices on the official ballot at the nominating election. In preparing said pamphlets for printing the Secretary of State shall compile the copy for the same in such form as to make it most convenient for the State Printer to print and bind under one cover, separately for each political party, the statements only of candidates to be voted for by members of that party for nomination in the same electoral district or division; that is to say, the statements and arguments of all candidates seeking Republican votes in Multnomah County for nomination by the Republican party to State and district offices, for a district comprising one county or more, shall be printed and bound under one cover, and the same with the Democratic and any other party required to nominate its candidates at said nominating election. The same method shall be applied in printing the pamphlets for all other counties and districts, but no picture, statement or argument for or against any candidate for nomination shall be included in the copy of said pamphlet going to any county where such candidate is not to be voted for. * * * * *

(Laws 1913, chap. 207, p. 396.)

RALPH E. WILLIAMS
Candidate of the Republican Party for
National Committeeman



*Present Republican National
Committeeman, Seeking Re-election.*

PORTLAND, Oregon, April 10, 1914.
To the Republicans of Oregon:

This is a Republican year, or will be if the Republican voters will stand by the principles of the Republican party. The non-partisan bunk which has been handed to us, and which has placed Democrats in nearly every important office in this State and Nation, should be taken at its true value. We are now reaping the result of Democratic misrule in the financial stringency that besets us. The administration's weak and vacillating foreign policy is discrediting us with the world at large. Our local conditions are very similar, with the result that we are suffering from lack of business confidence, and unless some change is soon made, conditions will be worse. We should be sure that in electing Republicans we are electing men who believe in Republican principles, and not Republicans for office only.

A most important office is that of Republican National Committeeman. The committeeman should be a man of ability and standing, and in accord with the principles of the party, one who can work in harmony with a Republican President, and in whom the President can place confidence; therefore one of his own party should be selected.

Honorable Ralph E. Williams is the present incumbent, and his record shows that he was one of the strong men of the National Committee, and he is entitled to every Republican vote for re-election. As there is no salary attached to the office, it calls for a man who is financially able to perform its duties, and one who can spend his time and energy in the discharge of the duties of the office.

C. W. Ackerson registered as a Progressive on January 8, this year, and on March 14 last, changed his registration to Republican, and immediately filed his declaration for nomination for Republican National Committeeman, clearly showing that his change of politics was for office only, as within twenty-four hours after he became a Republican he was a candidate for one of the most important offices in the gift of the party. The average man is fair-minded, and every consideration of fair play calls for the selection of a man for this important office, who is and has been a consistent Republican, and who has given of his time and energy in the interest of the Republican party, and not a new convert who becomes a Republican just the day before he announced his candidacy for office. As consistent Republicans, we should vote for a man whose Republicanism is unquestioned.

CHAS. B. MOORES.

(Information furnished by Chas. B. Moores.)

ROBERT A. BOOTH

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for United States
Senator



I am a native Oregonian, 56 years of age, and my entire life has been spent in the state. I know its people, and their needs.

I have been a laborer and an employer of labor—a producer from the farm and the factory. I believe in protection to the American laborer, and products of the American farms and pastures.

I believe in hastening and extending reclamation of arid lands and in a system of rural credits that will assist the farmer in obtaining, improving and cultivating the soil, and assisting him in marketing its products.

I believe in protecting the lives and property of American citizens, wherever they may rightfully go or lawfully conduct their business.

In becoming a candidate I am not seeking to gratify personal ambition. I have no greater desire than to acceptably serve the people of Oregon. If elected, I will work constantly for the development of the State, and the best interests of the people without favor to class or locality.

If our laborers are to be profitably employed, and our products find satisfactory markets, credit must be restored and general confidence re-established. All interests must be treated fairly and each be properly related to the other. It is time to construct and not tear down. Laws can be so framed and so executed as to give profitable existence to industry without oppression to the people. Whatever ability or experience I possess will be given ungrudgingly, if elected, in the furtherance of the principles herein enunciated.

ROBERT A. BOOTH.

W. C. HAWLEY

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Congressman,
First Congressional District



"NO INTERESTS TO SERVE BUT
THE PUBLIC INTERESTS."

—Hawley.

In presenting Hon. W. C. Hawley as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congress, we confidently believe we are submitting to the voters a native of Oregon who has proven himself to be an industrious, capable, effective and faithful public servant.

Mr. Hawley has secured for the rivers and harbors of the District, exclusive of the Columbia, over \$1,750,000, and in authorizations over \$200,000; for all purposes, including public buildings, over \$4,100,000; will add nearly \$2,000,000 for rivers and harbors and over \$250,000 for other purposes at this session; has aided hundreds of settlers and miners in getting patents; secured opening several hundreds of thousands of acres of public land to entry; has under way legislation modifying cultivation requirements of homestead law; was the first to urge giving entrymen right of appeal to courts; made fight carrying Oregon and California Railroad land grant legislation through the House.

As a national legislator he has proven safe, honorable, practical and active in legislation for the public good, such as Direct Election of United States Senators, Railroad Rate Regulation, Corporation Tax, Income Tax, White Slave, Enforcement of Anti-Trust Laws, Postal Savings Bank, Parcel Post, Anti-Gambling in Farm Products, Labor, National Corrupt Practices, Bureau of Mines, Panama Canal (with free tolls for American coastwise ships and excluding railroad-owned ships), creation of Department of Labor, and Children's Bureau, National Eight-Hour Law for Laborers and Mechanics, and many other acts of great national importance.

He is an active and influential member of the House of Representatives and favors progressive and moral legislation generally, promoting the welfare of the people, preserving their rights and increasing their prosperity; a moderate protective tariff on competitive products; exclusion of undesirable immigration; agricultural credits; development of our agricultural and natural resources; adequate pensions for veterans and their widows; further river and harbor improvement; more public buildings, thorough control of corporations; better mail facilities and pay to employees; protecting our dairy industries; Federal aid for roads; needed labor legislation; vocational education; Bureau of Markets; and farm extension work.

W. J. CULVER,
A. A. LEE,

MRS. FANNIE BISHOP,
MRS. R. J. HENDRICKS.

W. H. BYARS,

(Information furnished by W. J. Culver, et al.)

B. F. JONES

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Congress,
First Congressional District



To the Voters of the First Congressional District

We, the undersigned friends of B. F. Jones who is a candidate for nomination at the primaries, on the Republican ticket, for Representative in Congress for the said district, beg to submit for the favorable consideration of the voters, our recommendations.

B. F. Jones was born in Douglas County, Kansas, in 1858. Came to Oregon in 1870 with his widowed mother and settled on a homestead on what is now a portion of the town of Toledo. Two years later his mother died, and he worked for ranchers and farmers until he was eighteen, going to public schools during the winter months.

From 1876 to 1893 he worked in the logging camps, on the stock range and at steamboating. From 1893 to 1898 he was county clerk of Lincoln County, during which time he studied law and was admitted to practice in 1897, since which time he has been in active practice.

Represented Polk and Lincoln Counties in the Legislature three terms. Appointed Register of the United States Land Office at Roseburg by President Taft December 18, 1909, serving four years.

While a member of the Legislature in 1903, he introduced what was known as the car shortage or demurrage bill. It was defeated, and in 1907 he again introduced it, and being a member of the Committee on Railroads, got it incorporated in the Railroad Commission Bill, which became a law. At the same session he introduced and secured the passage of a law providing for the Directors', Parent-Teachers' meetings. He also at the same session introduced the Jones Free Locks Bill, which became a law, appropriating \$300,000, contingent upon the government appropriating a like sum, for the purpose of building new, or purchasing the old locks at Oregon City, and the operating of the same free to the people by the government. The government having failed to appropriate any money for that purpose, at the 1909 session he again introduced a bill continuing the said appropriation of \$300,000 for another two years, contingent upon the government making a like appropriation to purchase the locks. Since that time the government has appropriated this sum and has taken the locks over, and navigation on the Willamette River is now free to all.

At the 1907 session he introduced a resolution to provide for the amending of the constitution to allow women the right of suffrage. It passed the House, but received only seven votes in the Senate.

During the 1909 session he introduced a bill which became a law, repealing a former act of the Legislature granting to the Willamette Valley and Coast Railroad Company all the tide and overflowed lands on the Alsea, Siletz and Yaquina Bays.

In 1908, upon his own motion and at his own cost, he commenced suits against the Wells Fargo and Pacific Express Companies of Oregon for a reduction of express rates. Both these suits were decided in favor of the shippers, and a reduction of twenty per cent was made in the Oregon rates.

IRA WADE, Abstracter and ex-County Clerk, Toledo, Oregon.

W. E. BALL, County Assessor of Lincoln County, Oregon.

C. E. HAWKINS, Attorney at Law, Toledo, Oregon.

G. B. McCCLUSKEY, Attorney and County Treasurer, Toledo, Oregon.

R. H. HOWELL, County Clerk, Toledo, Oregon, and ten others.

(This information furnished by Ira Wade, et al.)

WILLIAM A. CARTER

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor

*To the Republicans of Oregon:*

I am a candidate for Governor. My declaration is on file in the office of Ben W. Olcott, Secretary of State. It expresses the principles for which I stand and ask your support. They are substantially as follows:

For semi-annual or quarterly payment of taxes;

Cut off superfluous Boards and Commissions and oppose appropriations therefor;

To enable the Governor to veto separate items in appropriation bills;

To prohibit cold storage of food products for the purpose of maintaining high prices and monopoly until same have become unfit for use;

For the enforcement of all the laws fearlessly and impartially;

Better protection for the laborer and the home; the development and building up of our resources and industries.

I am not a member of any ring or clique; am a candidate of the people and will stand fearlessly and squarely on my platform and upon my record as a citizen and taxpayer of Oregon. I expect to serve all the people.

For the information of the women voters of Oregon, to whom I also respectfully address this communication, I beg to state that I am a husband and father, and as such realize that the little republic of the home has always played an important part in the larger republic of the town and county; that all are training schools for the still greater republics of the State and Nation; that the foundation of all is the little republic of the home, and the foundation of that home is the mother. The interests of that mother I shall always consider, in the belief that by so doing I shall best serve the real interests of all the people.

WILLIAM A. CARTER.

A. M. CRAWFORD
 Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



To the Republicans of Oregon:

I am now closing my third term as Attorney General. During my incumbency of that office I have won many important cases and secured hundreds of thousands of dollars of property and valuable rights for the people of this State.

A few important decisions follow:

In the case of *State v. Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company*, I established the validity of the initiative and referendum in the United States Supreme Court, and collected \$60,000 disputed taxes from corporations.

Washington v. Oregon (U. S. Supreme Court), saved Sand Island in Columbia River to Oregon, and fishing rights valued at several hundred thousand dollars.

Oregon v. United States, secured decision in United States Court of Claims, awarding Oregon \$193,000 for School Fund.

During my tenure of office I have learned the State's needs, and if elected Governor I can and will save the people of Oregon \$250,000 yearly without impairing efficiency. To instance, savings can be made by reducing appropriations as follows, without prejudice to the State's welfare:

Water Power Surveys, \$50,000; Immigration from Europe, \$30,000; Geology, \$30,000; Hygiene, \$10,000; Forestry, \$50,000; Public Accountant, \$17,500; Corporations, \$10,000 (only \$6,000 is directly appropriated for this Commission, but the expense is unlimited and paid out of license money formerly paid State Treasurer). Fish and Game, \$50,000. Reduce hunters' and anglers' license to 75 cents, no license to be required of women; amount at present annually collected and expended by Fish and Game Commission is over \$130,000.

Oregon has fifty-five Commissions and Boards, and similar reductions in all must result in lower taxes. I would abolish useless Commissions and consolidate those that should be retained; make taxes payable semi-annually, road taxes and one-half other taxes April 1, second half October 1, without penalty; property sold for taxes to be bid in by the State, owner to have first right to redeem; reasonable exemption from taxation and execution; permanent registration law; liberal support of schools and colleges; Federal aid for good roads, and other beneficial measures.

I have prepared amendment to Constitution allowing the Governor to veto items of appropriations and sections of laws, thus fixing responsibility for vicious appropriations on the Governor by making it his duty to veto same.

If you approve my record and believe my election to the office of Governor will mean better living conditions and an economic administration on business principles, I will be very grateful for your support.

A. M. CRAWFORD.

(This information furnished by A. M. Crawford.)

GRANT B. DIMICK

Oregon City, Clackamas County, Oregon.

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



BIOGRAPHICAL: Born on a farm near Hubbard, Marion County, Oregon, March 4, 1869, and was educated in the public schools, McMinnville College, and the State Normal School at Monmouth, Oregon; admitted to the bar by the Supreme Court in 1895 and located at Oregon City in 1896; served five terms as Mavor of Oregon City, three years as Deputy District Attorney, elected Presidential Elector on the Republican ticket in 1904, and County Judge of Clackamas County in 1906; now president of the Clackamas County Fair Association, owner of the Dimick Stock Farm at Hubbard, Oregon; own and publish the Western Stock Journal at Oregon City.

PRINCIPALS: First—I stand for a strict and rigid enforcement of every criminal statute.

Second—I favor equitable labor laws giving to the laborer just consideration.

Third—I am opposed to high and extravagant legislative appropriations and the constant creation of salaried boards and commissions which carry with them an army of employees to be paid by the tax-payers of the State. A large number of our present boards and commissions should be consolidated and the remaining should be abolished, and the work now done by those abolished to be placed in the hands of the State Board, consisting of the Governor, Secretary of State and State Treasurer.

Fourth—I stand for the constant improvement of our public school system free from extravagance, and should the Supreme Court of the United States declare a forfeiture of the lands now held by the Oregon & California Railroad Company, then and in that event I favor urging Congress to place those lands at the disposal of the irreducible state school fund of Oregon.

Fifth—I stand for the permanent improvement of public roads from the market centers into the agricultural districts, the same to be built under skilled management, so as to get full value for the money expended.

Sixth—I favor a constitutional amendment allowing the Governor to veto any one or more items in an appropriation measure without vetoing the entire measure.

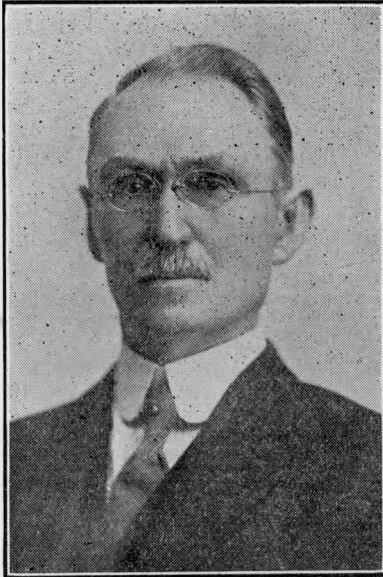
Seventh—High tax levies are usually the result of excessive appropriations and experimental legislation, and the most effective cure for that abuse is to be more careful in the selection of your legislative members.

Respectfully submitted,

GRANT B. DIMICK.

T. T. GEER

Portland

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor

Fifteen years ago the entire cost of our State Government was \$3 per capita—now it is \$9. Since it should cost no more per capita to govern a million people than a half million, this situation is the outgrowth of unwarranted extravagance. With this 300 per cent increase of taxes per capita has come a 300 per cent increase of complaints by the people against existing conditions. When I was Governor fifteen years ago the four principal State officers easily performed the work now requiring the services of Commissions and Boards almost without number. The way to lessen this is to return to a simpler government, with fewer officers and a radical curtailment of appropriations, which should not go a dollar beyond an amount sufficient to support the State institutions and the maintenance of the public credit.

I believe the liquor traffic should be entirely eliminated in Oregon in the interest of sobriety, increased mental and physical efficiency and improved business along better lines. This should be done not only in the interest of the man who thinks he cannot get along without a saloon, but tens of thousands of young men can thus be saved each year—and this is worth all the effort.

I am in favor of a law exempting homesteads from execution that will secure its home to every family without regard to indebtedness. The State and society are losers when a family is turned out of its home, no matter what the reason. I am in favor of the reclamation of the arid lands of Oregon under some method, thoughtfully prepared, that will be fair to the State at large and that will actually give water to the settlers.

I am in favor of a tax collection law similar to the one recently repealed, against which there was no public complaint anywhere; of a decided halt in the amount of new legislation, fewer officials, simpler government and the vigorous use of the executive veto if these ends cannot be otherwise secured to the people.

T. T. GEER.

(This information furnished by T. T. Geer.)

GUS C. MOSER

Of Portland.

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



I was born and reared on a farm in Buffalo County, Wisconsin; educated myself by my own efforts from the time I was fourteen years of age, and by teaching school and working on farms, doing carpenter work and carrying the hod, earned funds to acquire a legal education. Was admitted to the bar on June 1, 1894, and have practiced law in Portland ever since. Have always taken an active part in public affairs and have held several official positions.

Voted against present tax law in Senate.

I stand by my record as State Senator at the last session of the Legislature. *I worked and voted against the new tax law*, and favor a law making taxes payable semi-annually, without penalty.

Only five of the laws passed at that session were referred to the people by referendum petitions; four of these the people approved by overwhelming majorities, and I voted for them; the fifth was altogether defeated, and I voted against it in the Legislature.

I worked and voted for Senator Malarkey's minimum wage bill for women, providing for an impartial commission to fix the maximum hours of labor, and the minimum amount of pay.

I favor a similar law providing for an impartial commission without compensation, to fix the maximum hours of labor for men in the various industrial occupations—this in preference to a flat eight-hour law.

I favor further good roads legislation with State aid, so that we may have cheaper transportation from the farms and producers in every direction.

I favor the reduction of taxes by consolidation of various Commissions, or the abolishment thereof, and placing their duties into the hands of the State Board, and by the reduction of the expenses of conducting the various departments of the State.

I favor suitable appropriations for our State educational institutions, and the continued improvement of our great bulwark--the public school system.

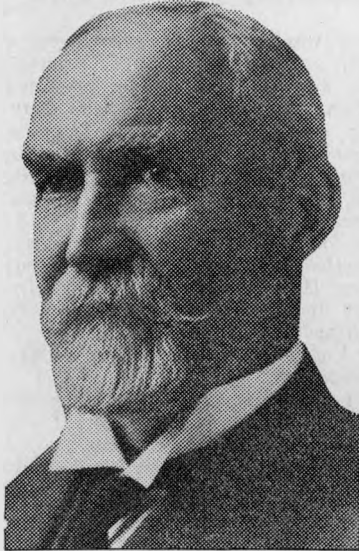
And, above all, I favor the vigorous and efficient enforcement of all the criminal statutes, including those regulating or prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors, and this I shall do with firmness and impartiality. The rich, the poor, the great, the humble, the capitalist, the laborer, shall be measured by the same standard, and each shall answer for his own acts.

GUS C. MOSER.

(Information furnished by Gus C. Moser.)

JAMES WITHYCOMBE

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Governor



To the Republicans of Oregon:

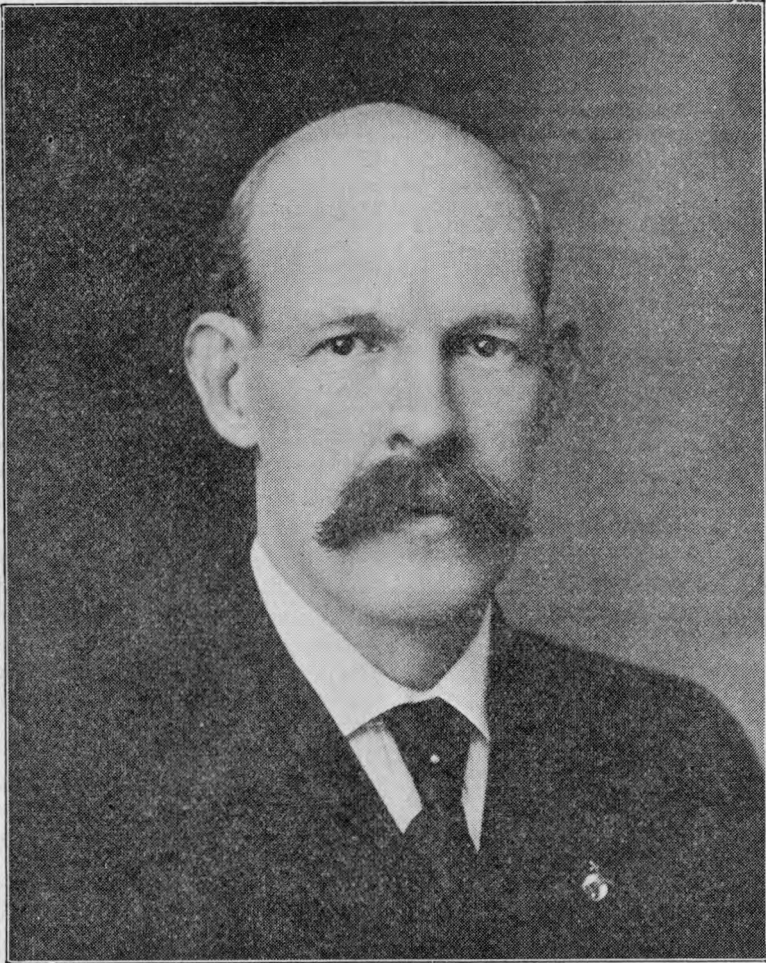
We take this means of commending to your consideration the claim of Dr. James Withycombe to the Republican nomination for Governor. He has resided for 43 years in the State of Oregon, and is acquainted with the people, with their thought, their aspirations and their necessities. Some men claim to know the State of Oregon, and to be in touch with its people because they visit the principal County Seats several times a year. Dr. Withycombe's touch with the people extends to the remotest sections of the State, and to all classes and conditions of his fellow-men. For 16 years he was in charge of the Oregon Agricultural Experiment Station at Corvallis. He has done more than any other citizen of Oregon to introduce scientific methods into agriculture, horticulture, dairying and the growth of livestock.

He is a man of the strictest integrity, the highest sense of honor and the broadest patriotism. He possesses the most important of all qualifications—good common sense. In his personal characteristics he is genial, approachable and companionable. If he were elected Governor of the commonwealth, every citizen of the State could have his ear.

He is a man of high civic ideals, and would bring to the service of the the people an earnest determination to give them the best that was in him. He has the courage to say "no" and to do right. He has committed himself to a policy of retrenchment and economy in the expenditure of public money, and Dr. Withycombe's declaration of a policy is an assurance that the policy would be carried out if he were elected.

Dr. Withycombe is a Republican because he believes in the principles of the Republican party. He has served the party and the people loyally, and is in a position to render yet better service in the office to which he aspires.

JOHN ALLEN, Corvallis,
A. H. CARSON, Grants Pass,
JAMES KYLE, Stanfield,
RAY GOODRICH, Eugene,
DR. J. P. TAMIESIE, Hillsboro,
P. H. SCHULDERMAN, Portland,
WALLACE MCCAMANT, Portland,
A. W. TROW, Ontario.
CARLE ABRAMS, Salem.



THOS. B. KAY

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for State Treasurer

Pledges himself to continue his present efficient administration of his office, and as a member of the Board of Control and other commissions to insist on economy, efficiency and observance of law in the administration of all State Institutions. As a member of the Legislature, Mr. Kay introduced and secured the passage of the Flat Salary Law, under which, during his three years of service as State Treasurer, he has collected and turned into the General Fund of the State, as interest on state deposits, the sum of \$47,006.22, no part of which would the State have received under the old system.

THOS. B. KAY.

(Information furnished by Thos. B. Kay.)

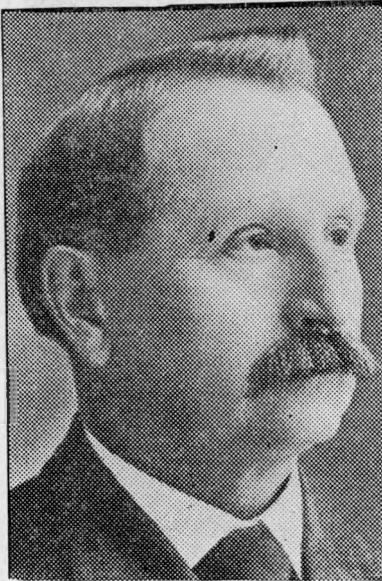
HENRY J. BEAN

Of Umatilla County
(Present Incumbent)

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the
Supreme Court

MOTTO: *Equal justice to poor and rich.*

Four justices to be nominated.



SALEM, Oregon, April 10, 1914.

To the Republican Voters of Oregon:

Ladies and Gentlemen—I wish to state that I am a candidate for the Republican nomination to the office of Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Oregon. I began the practice of law at Pendleton, Oregon in 1881. Having served as district attorney two terms, and as circuit judge of the Sixth Judicial District, comprised of Umatilla and Morrow counties, and having been elected in 1910 to the position I now hold as a member of the Supreme Court, I feel that my record is an "open book." I appreciate the favors shown me by the people of this State, and hope that I have in no way failed in the execution of the trust committed to my care, and that I may have the continued confidence

of the electors of the State. I respectfully ask *your* support for the nomination for a *second term* at the Republican Primary Election, May 15, 1914. I have been a Republican all my life, and believe that, if nominated, I shall be re-elected. I should be glad to *do the work*.

I firmly believe in the Direct Primary Law, and in the right of the people to enact their own laws, in the interest of the morals, education and welfare *of the citizens* of the State, and for the uplift of humanity; and that when such laws are adopted they should be strictly enforced. This constitutional privilege of the electors of Oregon should be sacredly guarded by the courts. I am,

Very respectfully,

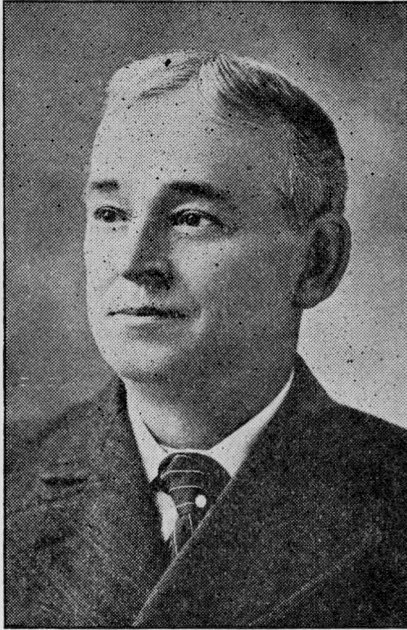
Yours for Good Government,

HENRY J. BEAN.

(Information furnished by Henry J. Bean.)

HENRY L. BENSON

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the
Supreme Court



My boyhood days were spent in Portland, Oregon, where I received my early education at the old Portland Academy. I afterwards attended the University of the Pacific at San Jose, Cal., where I received my literary degrees.

I was admitted to practice as an attorney over thirty-five years ago. Have served two terms as prosecuting attorney of the district comprising Jackson, Josephine, Klamath and Lake counties. Was afterwards elected Circuit Judge, and am now serving my fourteenth year on the bench.

I am in sympathy with legislation to avoid protracted delays in litigation, and favor a speedy plan for disposing of court business. I welcome the demand that statutes should be

interpreted without mysticism in their logic or reasoning, and it has been and is my policy to accord a fair and liberal construction to all laws.

I have lived in Oregon the greater part of my life. My experience on the bench has brought me in contact with problems peculiar to each section of the State, but more particularly the public lands, mining, livestock and irrigation matters, in which I have always taken a deep interest.

The constitutionality of the ten-hour law, for the protection of the laborer, was upheld by me, and sustained by the Supreme Court in a recent decision.

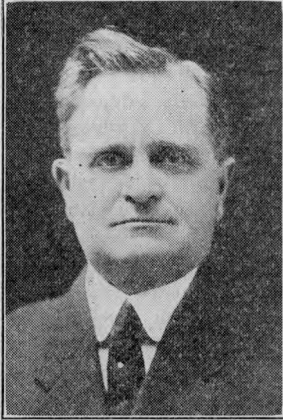
For over thirty years Southern Oregon has had no representation on the Supreme Bench, and I am the only candidate for this office from this portion of the State.

There are FOUR to be nominated for Justices of the Supreme Court, at the Republican Primaries on May 15th, and I submit my candidacy for your earnest consideration.

HENRY L. BENSON.

T. J. CLEETON

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court



Born in Missouri, began teaching at 19, chosen school superintendent at age of 22; came to Oregon in 1891, located in Columbia County; worked in a sawmill, taught school, elected county school superintendent, then the Legislature; admitted to the bar in 1894, elected prosecuting attorney in 1896, serving two terms, moved to Portland in 1901, practiced law, appointed county judge, elected county judge in November, 1910, being endorsed by Republican and Democratic parties, president of Judges and Commissioners' Association for two terms, became circuit judge for Multnomah County in 1913.

MY PLATFORM: I stand for a reformed procedure in our courts, namely: "To eliminate technicality and delay in hearing and deciding cases, to recognize and give effect to the principle that laws were made to serve the people and protect the welfare

of society; determine matters upon the strength and merit of the cause rather than on the strength of the plea, consider justice superior to precedent, interpret law in the light of modern conditions and the needs of society, with justice the sole aim and end." This is best shown by some of my recent decisions.

THE MINIMUM WAGE—Passed by the last Legislature, to protect health and morals of women and children working in factories and stores. My decision was the first judicial determination of this question in the United States. This law was contested on grounds of constitutionality; upheld by me, sustained by the Supreme Court.

THE ABATEMENT LAW—Empowers prosecuting attorneys to bring suit for abatement as a nuisance against any disorderly house. This act, being contested in my court upon its constitutionality, was upheld by me and not appealed.

THE COMMISSION MERCHANTS' ACT—Passed in 1913, to protect farmers, dairymen and horticulturists, in their dealings with commission merchants, by requiring them to take out license and give bond, and prescribing penalties for violations thereof. This law was opposed by commission merchants on grounds of constitutionality. I upheld the act. This case was appealed to the Supreme Court, where it is now pending.

THE TAX PENALTY LAW—Passed by the last Legislature, amending the tax law, providing a penalty of one per cent a month be imposed on taxes unpaid after April 1, 1913. This matter came before me on petition, asking that the treasurer of Multnomah County, acting as tax collector, be restrained from collecting penalty on unpaid taxes after April 1, and prior to September 1, one-half of which has been paid prior to April 1. The provisions of the act requiring a one per cent per month penalty on all taxes unpaid after April 1 was held by me to be inoperative and invalid, on grounds that the tax law specifically states that all taxes not paid prior to September 1 were then delinquent, and not before. I found that no penalty could be imposed before the tax became delinquent, and granted the restraining order as prayed for.

My motto is: "Less delay, less technicality, and more justice in our courts."

T. J. CLEETON.

(This information furnished by T. J. Cleeton.)

P. H. D'ARCY

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the
Supreme Court



I was born in Brooklyn, New York. Brought by my parents to Salem in pioneer days, my parents being one of the pioneer families of that city. Have lived in Salem since that time. Am a graduate in the Classical Course of the Willamette University. Was elected Municipal Judge and Mayor of Salem. Have practiced law for more than thirty years, having been engaged as an attorney in some of the most important civil and criminal cases tried in our courts. Am ex-president of The Oregon Pioneer Association and at the present time one of its Board of Directors. Was a practical printer in my youth, having worked at the business for ten years.

Am an honorary member of Salem
Typographical Union No. 210.

If nominated and elected one of the Justices of the Supreme Court, expect to adhere to the matters set forth in my petition on file in the Secretary of State's office, wherein I say:

"If I am nominated and elected I will, during my term of office, advocate law reform, adhere strictly to principles of justice in the decisions I may render. Will administer the law without fear or favor. I desire that the following words be placed on the nominating ballot, after my name: 'Law reform, fair and impartial decisions, justice to all.'"

P. H. D'ARCY.

LAWRENCE T. HARRIS

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court.



To the Republicans of Oregon:

Judge Lawrence T. Harris, candidate for Justice of the Supreme Court, was born September 13, 1873, at Albany, Oregon; graduated from the University of Oregon in 1893, and from the law department of the University of Michigan, 1896; represented Lane County in the Legislature in 1901 and 1903; was elected Speaker of the House in session of 1903; practised law in Eugene from 1896 to 1905, when he was appointed Circuit Judge to fill a newly created office in the Second District, embracing Coos, Curry, Douglas, Benton, Lincoln, and Lane Counties; in 1906 was nominated and elected without opposition to the same office; and in 1912, after serving six more years was nominated in the primary election by both the Republican and Democratic parties without opposition, and elected without opposition. All the lawyers of Lane County, 64 in number, have voluntarily pledged themselves without dissent to his candidacy.

A Circuit Judge comes into more intimate contact with the people, and his practical administration of justice is subject to a closer and more constant scrutiny by all classes of persons than perhaps the duties of any other office. An experience of nine years on the circuit bench, therefore, which has met the approval of all parties and classes, both lawyers and laymen, in such a signal manner, is very high evidence, both of the judicial qualifications of Judge Harris, and of his personal standing and character in the community where he lives. His honor, courage and probity of character and his demonstrated impartiality in the administration of justice to all persons coming into his court, whether of high or humble station, and the evidence of these qualities afforded by the approval of his own people, who know him best in his own home, constitute the best evidence in his behalf.

L. E. BEAN,
HELMUS W. THOMPSON,
G. F. SKIPWORTH,
CHARLES A. HARDY,
O. H. FOSTER,
E. R. BRYSON,
RICHARD SHORE SMITH,
S. D. ALLEN,
JESSE G. WELLS,
HOWARD M. BROWNELL,

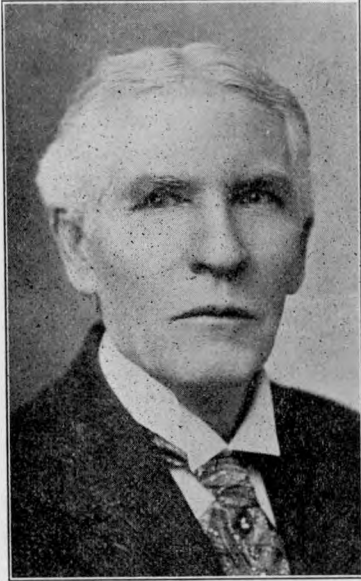
J. S. MEDLEY,
W. W. CALKINS,
ALIEN EATON,
E. O. POTTER,
M. VERNON PARSONS,
H. E. SLATTERY,
J. M. DEVERS,
FRED E. SMITH,
I. N. HARBAUGH,
S. P. NESS,

A. C. WOODCOCK,
J. BILYEU,
GEORGE B. DORRIS,
JOHN M. WILLIAMS,
A. E. WHEELER,
J. M. TRAVIS,
C. A. WINTERMEIER,
JAY L. LEWIS,
B. J. HAWTHORNE,
W. B. DILLARD.

THOMAS A. McBRIDE

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the
Supreme Court

(At the Primaries May 15, 1914)



Judge McBride is a native son of Oregon, having been born in Yamhill County in 1847. He was educated in the common schools and at McMinnville College. Was admitted to practice in the supreme court in 1870. In 1882 he became district attorney for the Fifth Judicial District, and continued in that office by successive elections until 1892, when he was elected circuit judge of the same district, where he served by successive elections until 1909, when he was appointed to the supreme bench to succeed Justice Robert S. Bean, resigned; and at the succeeding election in 1910 he was chosen as one of the justices of the supreme court, and is now chief justice.

So great is Judge McBride's popularity in his own district that at the last election he ran for circuit judge, not a single vote was cast against him, either in the primaries or at the election. Judge McBride's record on the circuit and supreme bench is one of which the state may well be proud. He has a natural sense of justice which precedent or technicality cannot overcome, and his keen analytical mind eminently qualifies him for a place on the supreme bench.

J. C. MORELAND.

CHARLES L. McNARY

Now on the Bench.

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the Supreme Court



Four Supreme Court Justices are to be nominated at the May primaries, and I am a candidate to succeed myself.

I am a resident of Salem, and have been a Republican all my life.

I was born of pioneer parents on a farm in the Willamette Valley forty years ago.

After acquiring my early education in the common schools, and my collegiate and legal education by supporting myself, I entered upon the practice of law in Salem more than fifteen years ago.

For a number of years I was assistant district attorney for the Third Judicial District, and for six years—in fact until I became a member of the Supreme Court, was dean of the Willamette College of Law.

Born and raised on a farm, I have always been interested in the farming and fruit industries, and, in addition to owning farm properties in the Willamette Valley, I am now, and have been for a number of years, president of the Salem Fruit Union.

During the time I have been a member of the Supreme Court I have endeavored to interpret the law as a progressive science rather than as a rule too old to be corrected, if found inapplicable to present-day conditions.

I believe that the value of law lies in its proximity to reason, in its certainty and universality, and that its abuse consists in the blind adherence to a rule that savors of iniquity simply because it is a judicial decision.

I believe that the first duty of a court is to decide the law correctly so far as it lies within the human mind, and that its next duty is to smite that rule of law which is unjust, however well it may be buttressed by judicial precedent.

That, in brief, is my legal doctrine.

If you approve of my course on the bench I shall be grateful for your influence and vote at the primaries on May 15.

CHARLES L. McNARY.

(Information furnished by Charles L. McNary.)

SAMUEL T. RICHARDSON
Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Justice of the
Supreme Court



The subject of this sketch was born July 8, 1857, near Scio, Oregon. He is now a resident and practicing attorney in Salem. Receiving his education at the Willamette University, he was admitted to the bar in 1884, and practiced continuously for 30 years. Has been an instructor in law for 27 years and is now dean of schools in Salem and Portland. Was chairman of Law Commission to revise Judicial Procedure.

Mr. Richardson's parents died when he was but ten years of age, he having been entirely upon his own resources since that time. From teaching in a country school, Mr. Richardson, by studious application to the law, has earned the reputation of being an industrious, conscientious and exceptionally well-informed lawyer and is known to be a most careful advisor. He has kept during 30 years' practice a complete and exhaustive system of annotation which covers all cases of Oregon procedure and of such other states as may bear upon Oregon decisions. Mr. Richardson also has law offices in Portland where he is practicing with his son.

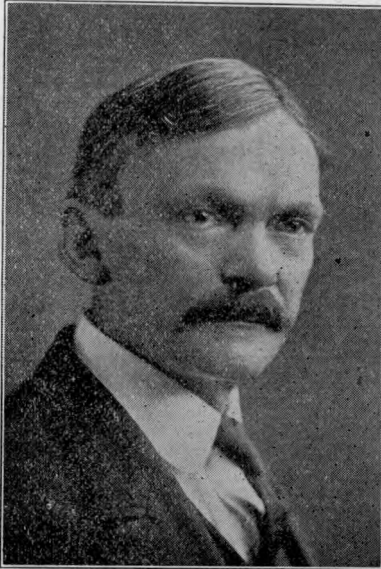
If nominated and elected he will consider that the right to be fully heard is sacred and imperatively necessary to an intelligent decision. He will endeavor to read the record and briefs in each case before trial. He will regard the arguments on behalf of litigants indispensable aids to enable the court to arrive at a just decision, and will suspend judgment until all parties are accorded a fair opportunity to be heard. No pending cause shall be discussed by him, excepting in the presence of opposing counsel, in open court.

FRED R. WATERS.

(Information furnished by Fred R. Waters.)

GEORGE M. BROWN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Attorney General



To the Republicans of Oregon:

"Believing that my long experience and duty faithfully performed as district attorney of the Second Judicial District entitled me to political advancement, I have entered the contest for the office of Attorney General of Oregon at the Republican primary election, on a platform of true law enforcement.

"If I am nominated and elected I will, during my term of office as Attorney General of the State of Oregon, administer the duties of this high office economically, diligently, courageously and conscientiously, without fear or favor.

"A career of wide experience as district attorney guarantees that the State's interests will be loyally guarded and the laws enforced with justice to the weak and the strong, the poor and the rich, regardless of class or creed. My only master shall be the sovereign State of Oregon.

"I have prosecuted crime relentlessly, yet with a spirit of mercy towards the weak and the young.

"My record as a law enforcing officer is my platform. I have been a lifelong Republican.

"My campaign slogan is: 'Law enforcement, lower taxes, more economy, guaranteed by my record as district attorney.'

"My record as a prosecuting officer extends back to 1894, when I was chosen district attorney of the judicial district comprising Benton, Coos, Curry, Lane, Douglas and Lincoln Counties. I held this office, with the exception of two years, until 1907, when my district was reduced to three counties, including Coos, Curry and Douglas. In 1908, and again in 1912, I was nominated at the direct primary elections, and was re-elected at each election by the largest majority ever accorded a candidate in this section of the State. Later, the county attorney law became effective, and I am now serving as district attorney of Douglas County.

"Have been president of the Douglas County Bar Association for several years.

"I was graduated from the Willamette University in 1885, taking the degree of Bachelor of Science, then taught school and studied law until admitted to the bar in 1891.

"I have made a record as a genuine law enforcer. and enter this campaign upon my record of things accomplished. My long official career is probably explained by the fact that I have ever acted upon the belief that the officer advances his party most who serves the people best."

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGE M. BROWN,

(Information furnished by George M. Brown.)

GEO. N. FARRIN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Attorney General



Mr. George N. Farrin was born May 21, 1868, in Coos County, Oregon. He received his early education in the public schools, studied law while teaching school, afterwards taking a law course in the University of California, and practiced his profession in Oregon for the past nine years, coming to Portland in 1911.

Mr. Farrin owes allegiance to no clique, trust, corporation, and as a candidate for the office of Attorney General, he submits the following declaration of principles:

EIGHT-HOUR DAY:

He believes that the best interests of our State demands the enactment of a law providing for a universal eight-hour day, for all work, public and private, with the exception of agricultural pursuit.

\$1,500 EXEMPTION:

He is in favor of exemption from taxation and execution to the extent of \$1,500.

SCHOOL:

He is in favor of free text books, liberal appropriations for the Oregon Agricultural College, State University and Normal School.

TAX REFORM:

He favors an amendment of the tax laws so as to permit the payment of taxes quarterly, without interest or penalty.

GOOD ROADS:

He favors good roads, permanently built, is opposed to the building of roads with convict labor, believing that our citizens should be given a chance to do this work, thereby solving to some extent the problems of the unemployed.

RAILROAD LAND GRANT:

If the railroad land grants are forfeited as a result of the suits now pending, Mr. Farrin favors the sale of said lands, the proceeds thereof to be used to build good permanent roads throughout the State.

PACIFIC HIGHWAY:

Mr. Farrin favors Federal aid in building permanent hard surface highways throughout the State.

GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP OF PUBLIC UTILITIES:

He is in favor of State and municipal ownership of all public utilities.

PROHIBITION:

He is opposed to State-wide prohibition, but favors local option and home rule, and the strict enforcement of the laws regulating the liquor traffic.

FRANK G. MICELLI,
R. ALEXANDER,
S. A. ARATA.

FRANK S. GRANT

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Attorney General



Frank S. Grant, who is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Attorney-General, is 40 years of age and has been actively engaged in the practice of law in Oregon for 18 years. Mr. Grant is especially qualified, by experience, for this office. For three years he was chief deputy City Attorney, and for three years was City Attorney of Portland. While serving in this office Mr. Grant conducted some of the most important litigation in the history of the city. The famous Broadway Bridge case, which involved the constitutionality of the Initiative and Referendum law, and the fiercely fought case against the Southern Pacific, in which the City of Portland sought to prevent the operation of steam trains on Fourth Street, were ably and successfully argued by Mr. Grant before the Supreme Court of the United

States. As City Attorney he advised with the various departments of the city government and rendered innumerable written opinions involving a great variety of legal questions. When acting in an advisory capacity he always showed good judgment and a wide knowledge of the city's needs. His written opinions uniformly showed painstaking preparation and marked ability. Nor has Mr. Grant's experience been confined to the civil side of the law. As City Attorney it was his duty to prosecute violators of the penal or criminal ordinances of the city, which he did fearlessly and without favor, and yet with that degree of mercy which is always conducive of the best results.

As City Attorney his aim was to expedite all of the legal business of the city and conduct his office economically by preventing, as far as possible, the delays and expense of unnecessary litigation. He believes that the same policy can be successfully applied to the office of Attorney-General.

Mr. Grant's experience as a lawyer, and his training as Portland's City Attorney, especially fit and qualify him for the office of Attorney-General. If nominated and elected he will render to the State the same faithful and efficient service he gave to the people of Portland.

FRED L. EVERSON.

(This information furnished by Fred L. Everson.)

J. J. JOHNSON

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Attorney General



The people of the State of Oregon have been in the habit of giving little attention to the office of Attorney General, perhaps because the office seemed so far removed from the interests of the individual citizen. This attitude is not in the interest of efficiency in public office, for the Attorney General comes in close touch with the enforcement of law affecting the rights of every man and woman, and it is to him that a law is first referred for construction. How important it is then that the man charged with such important functions in government should be trained for the work, should have a judicial mind, and should have the honesty and integrity to construe the law and to enforce the law without fear or favor, broadly and justly.

Training will not make an able lawyer—it requires a natural bent toward analysis and clear reasoning faculties to begin with. Experience will not make an able lawyer—it requires honesty of purpose and vision as well. Honesty will not make an able lawyer—it requires close association with the common people, strict attention to business, earnest study of the problems which confront men and women in every walk of life, as well.

For 24 years J. J. Johnson, who seeks the nomination on the Republican ticket for Attorney General, has practiced law in Oregon, and he has shown by his success and his activity in all public affairs that he understands the problems of the people from the viewpoint of the citizen as well as from the viewpoint of the lawyer. By temperament, by experience, by education, by success in his work for law enforcement and for justice in the courts, he is peculiarly fitted to serve as Attorney General.

A native son of Oregon, Mr. Johnson was one of the early workers in the cause of equal suffrage, and year after year he gave of his time and effort to bring about acknowledgment of the right of women to vote. At the same time he has been active in the educational and organization work among the farmers of Oregon, leading a movement for broader life on the farm and for a chance for the boy and girl.

In making this statement on behalf of J. J. Johnson we are mindful of our responsibility to the voters of the State, and we believe we are doing a service when we urge men and women to vote for him.

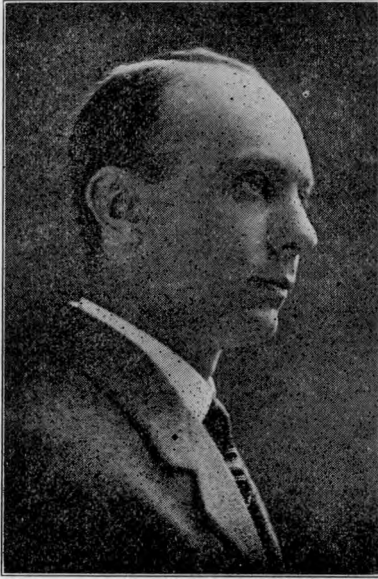
AUSTIN T. BUXTON,
B. G. LEEDY,
A. I. MASON,
A. S. DRESSER,
S. F. BALL,
T. J. NEWBILL,

A. H. HARRIS,
MRS. CLARA H. WALDO,
MRS. H. R. REYNOLDS,
MRS. L. GEE,
ISAAC I. STAPLES,

C. D. HUFFMAN,
A. F. MILLER,
A. P. DAVIS,
J. W. BLACK,
C. H. WELCH.

WM. P. LORD

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Attorney General



In announcing my candidacy for Attorney General on the Republican ticket and asking for the suffrage of the people, I do so on a platform, the pledges of which I will treat as not idle talk, but as sacred promises to be fulfilled. I am a native of Oregon and a life-long resident of this State. I was educated in the public schools at Salem, later graduating from the Willamette College of Law. After practicing law at Salem for several years I removed to Portland and became associated with the firm of Powers & Lord, with which I am still connected. I was actively engaged in the compilation of Lord's Oregon Laws, the present legal code of this State. Among leading public cases in which I have assisted as counsel may be mentioned that against the Pacific States Telephone Company, in which the constitutionality of the initiative and referendum was upheld; the case against the Warner

Valley Stock Company in which many thousand acres of the public domain were returned to the people; the case against the Corvallis & Eastern in which I appeared for the State Railroad Commission, winning many additional facilities for the passengers of that road, and was actively interested in fighting to secure the Crater Lake road for the people of Southern Oregon.

If elected I will stand for law enforcement and for strict economy in the administration of the affairs of the State. I will unswervingly fulfill each pledge of my platform, which is as follows:

"If nominated and elected, I will, during my term of office, prosecute suits to regain vast tracts of public lands wrested from the people by speculators; demand speedy reclamation of arid lands and preservation of the rights of settlers. I will raise no clamor for special assistants, and will make no deals with corporations or special interests. I am opposed to useless commissions and extravagance at State institutions. I favor enforcing public rights in water-front and tidelands; the election of non-partisan judiciary, and laws protecting women and children wage earners. I am in favor of tax exemptions, and will advocate new laws regulating tax collections, and abolish payment of tax penalties."

My office will be open at all times to the people and legislators alike, to furnish every assistance in formulating legislation for the reduction of taxation and abolition of worthless and useless commissions and offices.

WM. P. LORD.

JOHN H. LEWIS

(Present State Engineer.)

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for State Engineer



To the Republican Voters of Oregon:

Do you realize the value of water?

It is our greatest natural resource, and is still largely property of the public. To promote irrigation and water power development and to protect the public interest in this resource is the chief work of the State Engineer.

Judge Robert Eakin of our Supreme Court said in a published interview, that "State Engineer John H. Lewis has done wonderful work for the state in working for the adoption of our present code of water laws."

Without precedent to follow, a system of water titles has been devised during my term in office, which is generally considered as a model for other states. That the people have confidence in this system is shown by the fact that in

five years plans for the construction of works costing over \$51,000,000 have been examined and approved by me. The fees more than pay the running expense of the State Engineer's office.

Experience promotes efficiency. I am asking a second elective term in order that I may still further perfect this system. My plans to this end have recently received national recognition. The paper which secured this is now used as a text on water law at the University of Washington.

Was born in Multnomah County; secured my engineering education at Stanford and Cornell Universities; studied law and have been admitted to practice in Oregon. Am married and have two little girls.

Prior to my appointment by Governor Chamberlain in 1905, when the office of State Engineer was created, I had two and one-half years' experience in railroad work and served an equal period with the U. S. Reclamation Service in Oregon.

My plan for harnessing Celilo Falls, and for assisting the dry farmers of Eastern Oregon in planning large scale irrigation development has been approved by both State and Nation, and joint work is now under way. At my suggestion, Secretary Lane allotted \$450,000 for construction work in the Deschutes Valley.

If nominated and elected, it will be my policy:

- To see that settlers on Carey Act projects get a square deal;
- To discourage all wild-cat irrigation development;
- To see that existing water rights are speedily recorded and protected;
- To encourage friendly co-operation between the State and the Nation;
- To promote intensive cultivation of our soil by men of limited means;
- To conduct the office economically and on strict business lines, without fear or favoritism, in the interest of the whole people.

JOHN H. LEWIS.

(Information furnished by John H. Lewis.)

L. R. STOCKMAN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for State Engineer

To the Republicans of Oregon:



I was born in Wisconsin in 1876, educated in the schools of the State and graduated from Wisconsin State University, in civil and hydraulic engineering, in 1902. I have practiced my profession successfully for twelve years, and have spent ten years in irrigation engineering in five different states and Canada. I have been connected with some of the largest irrigation enterprises in the United States and Canada, and in this connection I have been in responsible charge of some of the most important features of this work.

In the truest sense, the office of State Engineer is not a political one, and should not be conducted with a view of furthering the political fortunes of any man or set of men. The State Engineer belongs to all the people, and a competent, experienced man should receive the support of all the people regardless of their party affiliations.

I am not a politician, but a practicing engineer. I am opposed to all red tape and believe that the office of State Engineer should be run on a strictly business basis. People have a right to expect assistance and education rather than interference from the office.

Oregon is typically an agricultural State, and every legitimate means should be put forth to get settlers on the lands.

In the future development of our State there will, of necessity, be a great amount of construction work. This will require expert and practical supervision, which supervision can only be successfully directed by an engineer of practical experience. Such supervision cannot be properly directed by inexperienced men or men who have spent their professional lives in nothing beyond investigations and reports. My twelve years' experience in engineering and responsible charge of construction work in connection with the building of railroads, roads, canals, ditches, tunnels and dams has fitted me to assume the duties of State Engineer and administer the affairs of the office economically, efficiently and for the best interest of all the people.

My residence in Oregon has, through the practice of my profession, brought me in contact with farmers, irrigationists and capitalists who are trying to develop our resources and has put me in a position to know the needs and rights of the people. These rights must be fully settled and protected to the end that no vested right shall be impaired and capital will become interested in the development of our arid sections.

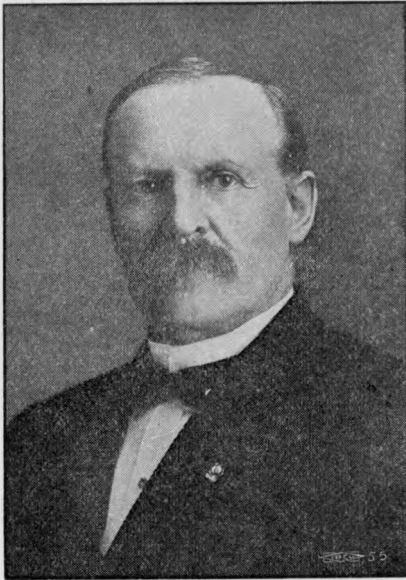
If you want a competent and experienced engineer, one who will conduct the office on a strict business basis, in the interest of all the people, without fear or favor, and without favoring one section over another, your influence and vote on May 15 will be appreciated.

L. R. STOCKMAN.

(Information furnished by L. R. Stockman.)

O. P. HOFF

Republican, Candidate for Re-Nomination for Commissioner
of Labor Statistics and Inspector of Factories
and Workshops



MY OATH OF OFFICE IS
MY PLATFORM.

MY RECORD IS YOUR
GUARANTY.

MY EXPERIENCE IS YOUR
PROTECTION.

I CLAIM FOR MY ADMIN-
ISTRATION:

The enactment and enforce-
ment of factory laws which have
saved lives, limbs and health of
laborers.

The prosecution and convic-
tion, without fear or favor, of
violators of the laws, which it
is my duty to enforce, strictly in
accordance with their interpre-
tation by the courts.

The most careful use of the
public money at my disposal,
which is proven by the fact that
while all the revenues that
come from the operation of the

factory inspection law may be used in its administration, I have turned
into the State Treasury since January 1, 1911, \$9,680.20, which amount
has helped that much to lessen the burden of taxes. (See Treasurer's
Report.)

It has been my policy to help innumerable workers to avoid litigation
by furnishing them needed advice and assisting them in settling wage
troubles by personal adjustment with their employers.

The bureau as it exists today as a factor for better conditions, is my
work, in which I have been assisted by able deputies.

I present to you a record of work performed—not promises. Through
experience I have learned the needs of our state—the needs of employers
and employees—and none understand better than I the reason why these
two should work together for efficient service, better conditions and more
industries.

O. P. HOFF.

(Information furnished by O. P. Hoff.)

J. A. MADSEN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Commissioner of
Labor Statistics and Inspector of Factories
and Workshops



The work of the State Labor Commissioner touches the lives of thousands of toilers every day. The duties of the Commissioner, as laid down by statute, deal with the great problems of factory inspection, with housing in logging camps and isolated districts, with the welfare of the toilers from one end of the State to the other. No other State officer comes so closely into the lives of wage-earners; no official can do more good to the cause of labor in protecting manhood and womanhood, in protecting childhood.

In the coming opening of the Panama Canal new problems will come into the industrial life of Oregon. Just what these problems will be, and how they will affect the life of the people now here, will be shown as time goes by. But it is apparent that the welfare of the immigrant who is certain to come to the "land of promise" will be directly in the keeping of the State Labor Commissioner and the organizations in the

field prepared to aid him. How important it is, then, that a man thoroughly conversant with the problems of the toiler, deeply sympathetic with the struggles of the weak for a chance to live respectably, strong in the purpose to help the unorganized through his wide experience with the organized, should be honored by the people of Oregon by giving into his hands the office of Labor Commissioner.

In endorsing the candidacy of J. A. Madsen for the Republican nomination for State Labor Commissioner we are hoping to aid a man who has given his life to the cause of the toiler, by broadening the field in which he works, by giving power to his hands to bring about much needed reforms in the interest of the weak and helpless in industry. J. A. Madsen has had an unusual experience extending over a period of 20 years in Portland, during which time he has worked as a longshoreman, as a leader in the labor movement, as a commissioner named by Governor West to prepare the Compensation Law, and as an honored official of the International Longshoremen's Association.

Madsen stands for the square deal; he has always stood for it. He stands for the square deal for women and for men, for worker and for employer. He believes in universal liberty, in the universal ballot, in the universal need of emphasizing the human element in industry. We believe in him and urge the people of Oregon to elect him.

T. H. BURCHARD,
E. J. STACK,
BEN OSBORNE,
A. H. HARRIS,

W. N. GATENS,
A. E. BARNES,
HENRY E. MCGINN,
G. W. STANLEY,
JAMES MAGUIRE,

MRS. L. GEE,
P. R. POLLOCK,
JOHN HOFFMAN,
ROBERT ORR,

(Information furnished by T. H. Burchard and others.)

FRANK J. MILLER

Republican, Candidate for Re-nomination for Commissioner
of the Railroad Commission



Present chairman of the Railroad Commission, serving his first term as a member of that body, Frank J. Miller's platform is the record he has made for conscientious service, his sense of justice, and his experience in dealing with difficult questions of public regulation.

Vast increase of work has come to the Commission since telephone, water, light, gas and street railway companies were placed under its jurisdiction, and in the solution of problems new in the policy of Oregon, Chairman Miller has gained a specialized knowledge that is of particular value at this time.

Mr. Miller served one term in the State Senate as joint senator from Linn and Marion Counties and another as joint senator from

Linn and Lane Counties. He was appointed Railroad Commissioner by the late Governor Benson, succeeding the Hon. Oswald West, who had been elected Governor. He has had seven years' experience in railroad service, in the operating and constructing departments.

The motto of "Safety First" was adopted at his suggestion when he first became Commissioner. Under this policy hundreds of hazards have been eliminated and traveling conditions made more safe and comfortable.

The Supreme Court of Oregon in an opinion rendered December 26, 1911, said: The infrequency of appeals from orders of the Commission "indicates that the Commissioners, selected by the people of this State to see that the rights of the public in matters of transportation are properly protected, have performed that duty fairly and faithfully."

Encouraging investment and promoting prosperity by fair treatment on the one hand; preventing discrimination and unreasonable rates on the other, while securing the highest possible degree of service, consistent with such rates, are principles Mr. Miller has steadily pursued. His past record is the best evidence of future good service.

H. H. COREY.

HAL D. PATTON

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Commissioner of the Railroad Commission



"Improvement of the Public Service for the Benefit of All."

"If I am nominated and elected, I will, during my term of office, labor unceasingly to make the Railroad Commission of greater service by encouraging the building of more railroads, steam, electric and traction lines that will further develop the agricultural, manufacturing and livestock interests of the State, and all its cities and towns. Thus, I would assist in building up industries, giving employment to labor, establishing payrolls and creating markets for the products of the soil, all of which will make up the foundation of prosperity everywhere."

The above is the slogan and platform of Hal D. Patton, born in Salem in 1872, and a resident of that city most of his life.

Has been engaged in the book and stationery business with his brother, E. Cooke Patton, in Salem for the past twenty-five years, succeeding his father, Hon. T. McF. Patton, who was one of Salem's oldest and best business men.

Represented Marion County in the House in 1909, and in the Senate in 1911 and 1913.

Introduced optional free school-book bill of last session, which became a law. Favored and worked for many other progressive measures.

Opposed useless legislation generally and was always watchful of the people's interests.

First president Young Men's Republican Club of Salem, where he performed much efficient service.

First secretary Salem Business Men's League, and was instrumental in securing lower rates on gas.

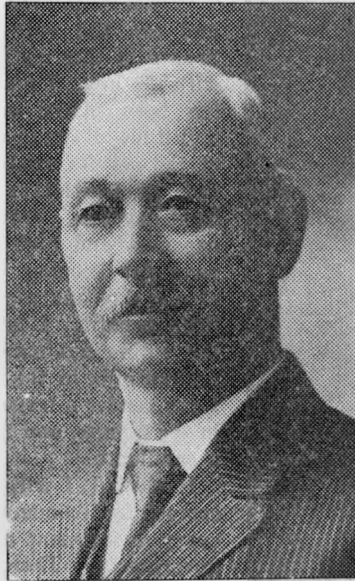
First, last and always progressive; of sound business judgment; quick to grasp a situation and prompt to act upon it; clear-minded and free from prejudice, he is pre-eminently qualified for the position of Commissioner of the Railroad Commission.

JOHN H. CRADLEBAUGH.

(Information furnished by John H. Cradlebaugh of Salem.)

C. P. BISHOP

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for State Senator, First Senatorial District, Comprising Marion County



In allowing my name to come before the Republican voters of Marion County for State Senator, I do so with some feelings of modesty and not without the earnest solicitation of a large number of representative citizens in different sections of the county. I am not now, nor never have been, a persistent or continuous office seeker.

I believe that the business of the State or county should be conducted with the same prudence and diligence as that of a corporation or private concern, and will, if elected, as far as it may be possible, endeavor to conduct the office of State Senator on those lines. I favor the enactment of as few new laws as possible.

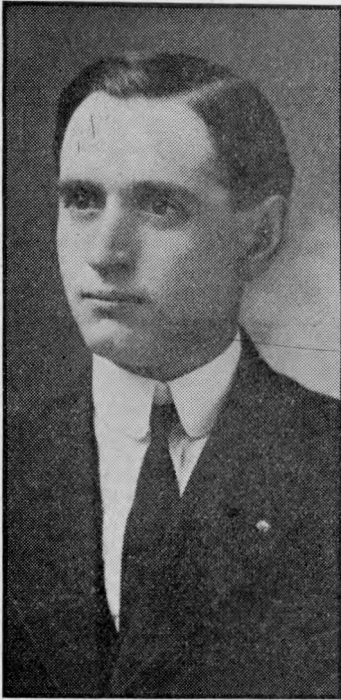
Pertaining to the payment of taxes, I would favor that a law be enacted making them payable in two installments.

I have been a resident and taxpayer of Marion County for 25 years, and in asking the support of the Republican voters I pledge that I have no interests to serve but the interests of the people.

C. P. BISHOP.

JAMES G. HELTZEL

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for State Senator, First Senatorial District, Comprising Marion County



I am a lawyer residing at Salem and am the only candidate for the Senate in this district who is familiar with the law. I realize the burden that has been placed on the people by a multitude of unimportant laws. Some of the results arising from this multitude of legislation are a complicated legal system, crowded courts, large expenses and high taxes. The public pays for keeping the courts working almost day and night and receives but little benefit. I hold the 1913 record for voting against appropriations and useless bills in the House. I feel that I can render a larger and better service in the Senate, and for that reason I am a candidate.

If elected, I will work for measures compelling economy and efficiency in every department of State and county government. There are many useless commissions which cost thousands of dollars to maintain and they should be abolished. Among these commissions is the Fish and Game Commission, which employs a small army of officials and costs hundreds of thousands of dollars

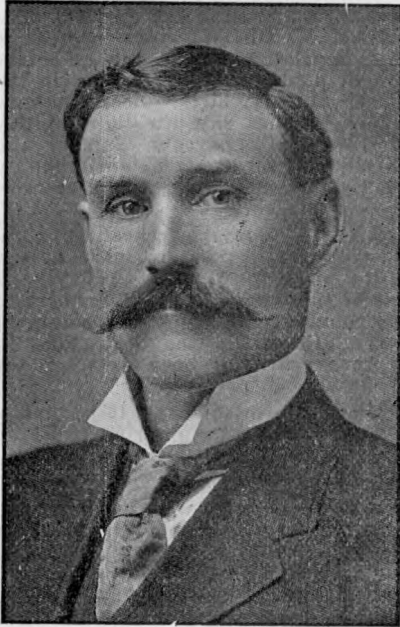
to maintain, and instead of doing good to the average person, is a constant menace and expense. I believe it should be abolished. I will oppose all schemes for additional taxation, of whatever nature or kind. I believe that one-half the taxes should be payable in the spring and the other half in the fall without penalty or interest. I believe that high taxes and the fear of radical legislation is now, and has been for several years, preventing people and industries and capital from coming to the State of Oregon. I believe that low taxes is one of the best advertisements that Oregon could have to induce people to come here.

I believe that organized labor and capital, as well, should be treated fairly.

JAMES G. HELTZEL.

S. A. HUGHES

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for State Senator, First Senatorial District, Comprising Marion County



*To the Voters and Taxpayers of
Marion County, Oregon:*

In presenting myself to you as a candidate for nomination to the office of State Senator, I do so with a full realization and appreciation of the great responsibility that one must assume in accepting such a position. Having served as Representative in the House during two sessions of the Legislature, I feel that my past experience will enable me to render you valuable service. If we are to get any relief from the great burden of taxation, we must elect men to the Legislature whom we can depend upon to stand pat to keep down our appropriations to the least possible amount compatible with good service in our State and county institutions. If you will examine the records of the 1909 and 1913 sessions of the Legislature, of which I was a member, you will find my record to be decidedly along this line. While I do not lay any claim to perfection, I

have always been in close touch with the laboring class of which I am one myself, and I have always encouraged legislation that would have a tendency to benefit and elevate my fellow creatures. I believe that all laws should be equitable and just and that no discrimination should be made between capital and labor. I recognize the fact that the great hop and fruit industries of Oregon must have the privilege of employing help at a wage that conforms with the price received for their product and must be allowed to work such hours as is necessary to harvest their crop without being penalized by unjust laws. Our State is now overburdened with unnecessary commissions and officials whose salaries are clearly out of proportion with that of the men and women who have to toil under less favorable conditions. Some of these commissions might well be abolished and others consolidated and duplications should be avoided as much as possible, thus materially reducing our taxes, a burden which is becoming almost unbearable. If we can not elect a sufficient number of men to the Legislature who will pledge themselves to assist in relieving the present condition, I believe the people will be compelled to initiate such remedial legislation as will insure relief from the oppressive conditions now existing. I do not promise that if nominated and elected I will bring about such desired reforms because no one man can do it alone, but I do promise upon my honor as a man that I will do all within my power to correct the evils and abuses that now exist.

S. A. HUGHES.

(Information furnished by S. A. Hughes.)

SAM H. BROWN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative,
First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



SAM H. BROWN, who aspires to the legislature, has never before sought public office. He lives in the house of his birth, near Gervais, where he first saw the light of day in 1874. His parents, Samuel and Elizabeth Brown, came to Oregon in 1849, and were well known and respected pioneers.

After a thorough schooling, Sam, the younger, set out to make a way in the world for himself. Today he is one of the most successful farmers in the county. He is one of the largest berry growers in the State, and in another year will have a payroll of about \$12,000 per year.

His platform follows. It is simple, terse and has the right ring to it:

"To the Republicans of Marion County:

"I am not loaded with pet nostrums to cure everything under the sun. If elected I will try to furnish a little horse sense.

"I stand for fewer laws and a lower tax rate;

"A legislature that sets a good example for economy by eliminating its own petty clerkship grafts;

"A sane tax law that will enable people to pay their taxes in installments;

"A registration law that will do away with the nuisance of registering more than once;

"A road law that will insure an equitable distribution of the road burden and an economical expenditure of road money;

"I'm for cutting down the mushroom inspector crop;

"Less officialism and more efficiency;

"A reinforced backbone and the courage to vote 'no.'

"SAM H. BROWN."

Sam Brown couldn't be a politician if he wanted to. He believes too much in speaking right out in meeting and calling a spade a spade. If he is chosen for the legislature, Marion County will have a representative of exemplary habits and established good morals; a man of the people whose interests are with them, and especially with the farmer, whose welfare he has incessantly worked for.

E. M. CROISAN.

GEO. F. RODGERS.

A. C. LIBBY

Jefferson, Marion County, Oregon, R. F. D. No. 2

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative,
First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



I am a native son, am 44 years old and have lived all my life on a farm near Jefferson. I am at present retained as a Federal juror, and for that reason it will be impossible for me to make an extensive canvass. In the discharge of my public acts, I cheerfully invite the people to examine my record.

1. If I am nominated and elected, I will always vote to increase the people's power.

2. Liberal support of our public schools.

3. But few new laws; correct and repeal the old ones.

4. Oregon has about 40 boards and commissions (one of the principal causes of high taxes.) I favor the abolishment of all unnecessary commissions and the consolidation of others.

5. Taxes payable in installments. Present law repealed.

6. Road supervisors elected.

7. No increase of salaries of officers.

8. This editorial from the Evening Telegram of February 2, 1909, explains my attitude:

"Tip Enough for Me.

"The people of Oregon, at the June election, by 68,000 to 19,000, voted down the proposition to raise our salaries to \$10 a day, and that is tip enough for me. I vote no.' The foregoing is the language of Representative Libby, explaining his opposition to a proposed increase of salary for Legislators. If the people show themselves fully alive to the situation, those lawmakers who choose to increase their own compensation in express opposition to the popular will, should be convinced, later on, that the words of Representative Libby are words of wisdom.

"That's tip enough for me,' said Representative Libby; and Representative Libby shows in that statement that he has a line on what the people, in vindication of their own dignity, should, and probably will demand and insist upon."

A. C. LIBBY.

(Information furnished by A. C. Libby.)

IVAN GLENWOOD MARTIN

Republican, Candidate for Nomination for Representative,
First Representative District, Comprising Marion County



I was born January the 20th, 1881, and spent my early boyhood days in the State of California, graduating from the California public schools and the Santa Rosa Business College. I moved to Salem in 1898, spent four years a student of Willamette University. I then entered the newspaper field and served upwards of two years as a reporter and city editor of the Daily Capital Journal of Salem. After which I took up the study of law, and after four years' study in the University of California, graduated from the law department of that institution. Have been practicing law in the city of Salem for the past two years. I have been a legal resident of Salem,

Oregon, for the past fifteen years, and am a taxpayer in three counties of Oregon.

If I am chosen to the office to which I aspire, I shall ever strive to increase the power of the people and reduce taxes. I believe that useless commissions should be abolished; also others consolidated. I believe in a reasonable exemption from taxation and execution; taxes payable semi-annually, without penalty; property sold for taxes to be bid in by state owner having the first right to redeem. Liberal support of public schools and colleges; road supervisors to be elected; and no salaries to be raised during the term of office.

IVAN G. MARTIN.

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Republican Party
MARION COUNTY
Primary Election, 1914

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