

Still to the Front

WITH THE NEWEST GOODS AND VERY BEST VALUES OF EVERYTHING IN THE JEWELLERY LINE...



Challoner, Mitchell & Co., 41 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Mining Shares

We have the exclusive sale for Victoria of the Treasury Stock of the following Trail Creek Companies...

H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y. MINING BROKERS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Cheap, a one horse wagon, in good condition. Apply to... TO LET—Well furnished house...

NOTICE.

All claims against the British ship "Erol" are to be presented to the master or to Robert Ward & Co. on or before September 15th.

ALEXANDER H. SMITH, Master.

Ideal Provision Store, 95 YATES STREET. HUMPHREY & POTTINGER, Props.

J. PIERCY & CO. IMPORTERS OF Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods AND CLOTHING.

SHORT NOTICE SALE. On Monday, September 14th, at 2 p.m.

FURNITURE. The contents of a six roomed cottage, of fair quality and in good order...

MORE TROUBLE BREWING. Fears for a Renewal of the Recent Outbreaks in Constantinople.

Constantinople, Sept. 11.—Fears are entertained here of a renewal of the recent disorders. These apprehensions have caused a panic among the general public.

ENGINEER INGLIS REWARDED. Presentation to the Hero of the Attempted Train Robbery.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.—Engineer E. F. Inglis, the hero of Webster's, who saved his passengers from robbery by killing Bandit Morgan on Sept. 5, was called before J. A. Fillmore...

A Slice of this Earth. We Pay Men's Wages, Guarantee First Class Work.

Greenwood, Smith & Randolph, Printers and Bookbinders.

INJURED INNOCENCE

Honest, Pure-Minded Sir Charles Tupper is Placed Under a Cloud.

Bankers Conclude Their Convention—Montreal Herald Changes Hands.

The B. C. Delegation Interview the Government With the Greatest Success.

Ottawa, Sept. 11.—The debate on the estimates yesterday was culminated by a little bit between Mr. Lister and Sir Charles Tupper. Mr. Lister hinted that it was not improbable that later events would show that Sir Charles benefited in a pecuniary sense when in London by the negotiation of a certain loan.

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THE NILE EXPEDITION

The Anglo-Egyptian Forces Are Now in Full Swing Towards Dongola.

A Searing Tale of British Pluck, Endurance and Perseverance.

Interesting Description of Gunboats Which Will Play Such an Important Part.

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ACROSS THE BORDER

Chicago Cashier Arrested for Embezzlement—Fillmore's Laura Seized.

Big Hod Carriers Strike Ended—Erasmus Wiman Upheld in the Courts.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 11.—Charles V. Bryan, cashier of the Detroit custom house, was arrested last night, charged with the embezzlement of government money. The shortage to which he confessed, were due to speculations.

Portsmouth, Ohio, Sept. 11.—Minnie Flanagan, aged 5 years, a daughter of Michael Flanagan, an engineer on the Findlay, Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad, came near committing suicide by swallowing carbolic acid, but prompt attention saved her life.

Chicago, Sept. 11.—The strike of 20,000 hod carriers has ended in an almost complete victory for the men. Few words were wasted in the resolution adopted by the Masons and Builders' Association, which puts an end to the largest and most stubbornly fought strike in the building trades this year.

New York, Sept. 11.—Justice Smith dissolved the suit brought by Edward B. Huber against Erasmus Wiman to have the assignment made by Wiman in favor of David Bennett King set aside on the ground of fraud.

RESOLUTIONS GALORE

Being Presented for Consideration at the Session of the Trades Union Congress.

A Resolution Asking for Complete Amnesty to All Political Prisoners Carried.

Edinburgh, Sept. 11.—At yesterday's session of the British Trades Union Congress there was a lively debate over the resolution of the National Sailors' and Firemen's Union, asking for a complete amnesty to all political prisoners.

The Amalgamated Musicians' Union presented a motion that the competition with civilian musicians by army, navy and police bandsmen is unjust, and it instructs the parliamentary committee to adopt measures to assist civilian musicians to put an end to this grievance.

Madrid, Sept. 11.—It is reported here that an additional force of 25,000 men is about to be organized for service in Cuba if necessary.

Zerwart, Switzerland, Sept. 11.—Prof. Brunet, while ascending the Jynkama with two guides, fell from a glacier and was killed.

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The intelligence department reports that the derwishes are gathering in force north of Dongola, and clashes between the derwishes and Anglo-Egyptian scouts are expected at any moment.

Thus the advance of the British-Egyptian expedition up the river Nile, with Dongola, if not Khartoum, as the objective point, is now in full swing after months of struggling with heat and cholera, during which the work of railroad building and passing the gunboats in sections up the river and over caravans has been carried on incessantly by the troops, under the direction of British officers, a number of them having already given up their lives as a sacrifice to the task undertaken.

The operations began in March last, when troops were hurried up the Nile to Wady Halfa, the southernmost post. Although the railroad runs to Bahari, about 40 miles south from Wady Halfa, since that time the railroad, desert campaign line has been extended to Akashah, 50 miles from the latter place to Abarrat, about 75 miles. In the first seven days of the campaign 1,000 men, in every way fully equipped, moved southward, and in spite of great difficulties in the transportation there are now some 15,000 men, not including natives, employed in the transport service, moving south with a flotilla of about 15 stern-wheel gunboats, some of them towing over 200 other boats and barges loaded with supplies, ammunition, etc.

This fleet will keep up constant communication with Abarrat, now the base from which the expedition is operating. At every station between Abarrat and Wady Halfa, hospitals for the care of the wounded and sick have been established; in a word, Sudanah, or the commander of the Anglo-Egyptians, Sir Herbert H. Kitchener, an officer who is thoroughly versed in desert warfare, and a man of great dash and gallantry, have left nothing undone which might promote the success of the campaign against the sultan of the Sudan, Abdul-Lah El Taleha, otherwise Abd-el-Khalifa, who claims to be the successor of the famous El Mahdi, who caused the British so much trouble years ago.

It is looked upon as more than probable that the gunboats will play a very important part in the campaign. They are from 100 to 175 feet long, have 20 to 27 feet beam, only draw two feet of water when fully loaded, are able to make 14 miles an hour and carry a large number of men and munitions, etc., containing many more men.

Each gunboat carries a twelve-pounder quick-firing Maxim gun, able to discharge a shot every three seconds. Mounted forward on an armored etaldeck amidships are a conning tower and electric searchlight, another lighter Maxim gun, seven to twenty feet above the water line, and the arrangement of these deadly boats is completed with two quick-firing six-pounders and six to eight more Maxims. Besides these guns, some of the larger gunboats carry 21-pounder Armstrongs, capable of delivering a very effective fire at long range. The hulls of the gunboats are constructed in sections, enabling them to be taken apart and put together again in a very short space of time.

Finally the soldiers on board stand in a shallow hull well protected by patches, which are capable of being folded for an admirable portable breastwork. The gunners ascend into the conning towers by a circular armored staircase, and, seated well above the banks of the Nile they can deliver a very destructive fire along both banks. The gunboats are manned by British sailors and soldiers.

Paris, Sept. 11.—A dispatch received here from Eden says the coast officials there have received information that two German vessels, loaded with arms for Zanzibar, have entered the Red Sea, and that strict instructions on the subject have been sent to the official referred to.

Berlin, Sept. 11.—Heri Oskar Schuster, director of the Norddeutscher Handels-Gesellschaft, has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement. The newspapers estimate the defalcations at from two million to three million marks. Other arrests are said to be impending.

If the Law... Prohibited

the wasteful extravagance of money, we would have a monopoly of the dry goods trade.

The indications are that this Sept. will show more goods sold here than in any former September in the history of this store. Increased Activity, Worthy Goods, Prices hardly ever before equalled, and Generous Advertising have overcome the inertia and depression of the time and the season. You can make money on the offerings of to-day and every day this week.

White Marella Quilts, 75x84 in. \$1.15
White Summer Blankets, 56x70 in. 1.00

KID GLOVES.

We have just to hand a case of FERRIN FERRIS' Kid Gloves. This Glove is the genuine article; not the spurious trash that has so spoiled the trade for the past year in this very choice article.

DRESS GOODS.

We have to hand in immense variety, Tweeds, Heather (Red and Green) Mixtures, Serges, and all the new styles for Autumn wear.

BLACK MATERIALS.

Beautiful styles in Crepons, at prices from 50c. to \$2.75 per yard. Henriettes, Cachemires, Serges, etc.

THE WESTSIDE.

7th September, 1896. J. HUTCHESON & CO.

RIGHT IN

He thought he was a goner, but the cat came back, sliding down the cellar door into OUR rain barrel of snags. If you play in our back yard we'll be good to you. We are climbing the apple tree of satisfaction, and swinging on the gate of perfection. Hand in hand, happy they go.

ROSS' BAR for... 50
MIXING for... 20c
ECLAIR for... 25c
WHITE ROSE and TRILBY TOILET, 3 sizes for... 55c

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO. Government Street.

Tenders.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital. Tenders for Supplies. Sealed tenders will be received for supplying the above institution from 1st October, 1896, to 31st July, 1897...

Mortgagee Sale

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture, dated 12th day of May, 1894, registered in the Victoria Land Registry Office in Charge Book Vol. 15 Page 8 No. 18410, tenders will be received for the undersigned, at 71 Langley street, Victoria, up to noon of the 11th day of September, for the purchase of all that piece or parcel of land situate on Galiano Island, in the district of Cowichan, British Columbia, being a portion of section 7, on said Island, containing 181 acres more or less.

Greenwood, Smith & Randolph, Printers and Bookbinders.

The Cheapest Yet Offered!

Ten minutes from Albion Iron Works or Power House. House of six rooms, in good condition; also cottage of three rooms, corner lot, city water, good drainage; the whole, if sold at once, for \$750. By payment of a quarter down terms can be arranged for balance in monthly payments or mortgages. HOUSES TO LET.

A Slice of this Earth

And are still able to give our customers better rates than those who claim to work at a fair profit. A trial order will convince you of the truth of this assertion.

Greenwood, Smith & Randolph, Printers and Bookbinders.

OTTAWA LETTER

Ottawa, Sept. 4.—For the first time in many years the interests of British Columbia have been brought to the attention of the government in such a way as to command proper consideration. That such would be the case if British Columbia sent five men to parliament instead of voting machines has always been maintained in this correspondence. Mr. Morrison, Mr. McInnes, Mr. Maxwell and Mr. Hootock have all been asked to show the government that the interests of their constituencies were shamefully neglected and required attention. When the supplementary estimates are brought down it will be seen that the government are fully awake to the true interests of the province. Hon. Mr. Prior, who was as dumb as an oyster during the Tory regime, if he were not abusing those who were endeavoring to secure justice to the province, has now found his voice and is beginning to ask questions. That Mr. Prior knew he was not doing his duty to the people who returned him can be shown from the following pertinent questions he asked in the house:

1. Has the government received any information as to the proceedings of the commission appointed by the late government to enquire into the best means of coming to a satisfactory settlement with the Indians on the Songhees Indian reservation?
2. If not, is it the intention of the government to instruct their commissioner to report forthwith?
The prime minister (Mr. Laurier)—In a dispatch of the 31st of January last, the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia transmitted a minute of his executive council embodying a resolution passed by the legislative assembly of that province during the then session, which resolution requested that the question of removal of the Songhees tribe of Indians from their reserve to a more suitable locality be referred to a special commission. By an order of His Excellency the Governor-General in council of the 1st of April last, a commissioner was named to act for the Dominion government. By a dispatch of 3rd of June last from the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia the Dominion government was apprised of the appointment of a co-commissioner; but it was at the same time intimated that the definition of the scope of the proposed special commission, as set forth in the aforesaid order in council of the 1st of April was not sufficiently clear. No instructions were given to the commissioners named by the governments to proceed, and consequently no report has been received from them. The question of defining the scope of the proposed commission is at present under consideration, and no instructions can be sent to the Dominion commissioner until an understanding is come to between the two governments as to the scope of the commission.

Mr. Prior asked: Is it the intention of the government to ask parliament during the present session to grant a subsidy to a railway running from Bute Inlet northward? If not, why not?

Is it the intention of the government to ask parliament during the present session to grant a subsidy to a railway running from Nanaimo to Comox, and thence northward? If not, why not?

The minister of marine and fisheries (Mr. Davies).—It is not the intention of the government to ask parliament to grant any railway subsidies during the present session.

Mr. Prior asked: Is it the intention of the government to take steps at once to improve the telegraph line from Victoria to Carnarvon Point, either by taking the line by another route or by doing more clearing on the present one?

The minister of public works (Mr. Tarte).—This matter is under serious consideration.

Mr. Prior asked: Is it the intention of the government to erect a new fish hatchery on the Fraser river this year, and also one on the Skeena river this year?

The minister of marine and fisheries (Mr. Davies).—No. Steps are being taken toward the selection of sites for hatcheries on both rivers.

Mr. Prior asked: First. Is it the intention of the government to ask parliament this session for the necessary funds to erect the following works in British Columbia: (1) Fog alarm at entrance to Victoria harbor? (2) Light beacon on Fiddle Reef? (3) Lighthouse at entrance to Vancouver Narrows? (4) Light on Sisters Island? (5) Pole light in Chemalun harbor? (6) Light beacon on Brotchie Ledge? Second. If so, is it the intention of the government to have these works carried out this year, at once?

The minister of marine and fisheries (Mr. Davies).—The necessity for erecting and constructing these public works to which the hon. gentleman's question refers has been lately pressed on the government by the members of British Columbia, and also by memorials which we have received from Messrs. Templeman and Milne, of Victoria. The arguments used in favor of many of these public works are very strong, and I am in hopes that when the hon. gentleman sees the supplementary estimates his heart will be somewhat gladdened—perhaps not as much as he expects.

Mr. Prior asked: Is it the intention of the government to provide by purchase, or otherwise, a steamer to be used for the purpose of putting a stop to the smuggling now going on between the United States and British Columbia; also to protect our deep sea fisheries in British Columbia from American poachers?

2. If so, will the vessel be ready for use this year?

The minister of marine and fisheries (Mr. Davies).—The question of fitting up the steamer Sir James Douglas for the purpose of patrolling the coast was under the consideration of the late ministry. It would require \$10,000 at least to make the necessary repairs to the hull and machinery and no appropriation has been made for the purpose. Consequently no action can be taken in the matter until the present ministry have the opportunity of fully considering it.

Why did not Mr. Prior attend to these matters when he was an alleged cabinet member? He evidently knew that the

government of which he was a supporter was neglecting the interests of the province and he had not one word to say about it. As already said, the supplementary estimates will show that the Liberal government intend rendering justice towards a much neglected province. SLAUGHTON.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY. Hypnotism Called in to the Aid of the Operator.

San Francisco Call: In the rooms of the Stomatological Club, at Post and Stockton streets, on Tuesday afternoon last, a clinic was held in the presence of nearly all the members, in which hypnotism was introduced as a substitute for anesthesia. It was an experiment and the experiment was successful to the highest degree, inasmuch that it is safe to say that it fixes the date of a subsidence of old and the beginning of entirely new methods in the operating rooms of San Francisco dentists.

Hypnotism is not a new thing in dentistry any more than it is in therapeutics. It has just landed in San Francisco, however—preceded, to be sure, by tales of great successes in Paris, Berlin, London and New York. That San Francisco dentists are fully alive to the progress that has been making in their science and eager to keep the best pace that is being made in the world,

"You cannot open them," said the professor, and he could not. "Open them," said the professor, and he did. "Place your hands together—there; you cannot take them apart," and he could not. "Now, when I count ten you will be fast asleep and your sense of feeling will have entirely left you, so that you will feel no pain."

The professor counted ten slowly and deliberately. The boy waited a moment and then opened his eyes, quite as wide awake as before. The professor smiled reassuringly and placing his hands upon the boy's head, with his thumb at the bridge of the nose, repeated his statement in quiet confidence. Still the boy looked up with wide-awake eyes. The terror of the red chair was upon him. Two or three times the chair was tried again, but it would not work. The doctors watched and waited patiently enough, but their comments and discussions, however quiet, were distracting. The professor saw his influence was slipping away. He took the boy out of the red chair and took him to a rocker in the corner, as unlike the red chair as possible. Still the boy's eyes would open. It began to look like a hopeless case. The doctors broke up in knots and talked of other things.

Finally it was suggested that the professor take the subject into a room apart and to themselves. He did so and the doctors waited—waited quite a little while. Then the separating door opened and the doctor entered, leading the boy, his eyes fast shut, impossible for

wholly removed and the cavity made clean for filling. And during those fifteen minutes the boy lay in the chair apparently as comfortable as though he were enjoying a siesta in a hammock. The professor had said at the beginning that there would be a minimum of blood flow from the operation. The doctor took up what little there was, the customary way with small pellets of absorbent cotton in the tooth. One of the doctors remarked that there seemed to be a good deal of saliva in the mouth. "I will stop it," said the professor, and he did so by merely speaking the word. When it was finished and the doctors had examined and approved and marvelled at the demonstration, the boy said, "I would like to open my eyes."

"Oh, certainly," said the professor. "You may open your eyes, but you will still remain without pain—without being susceptible to pain." The boy opened his eyes—as clear and as intelligent as when he had closed them. Then Doctor Frank S. Pagnu stepped up with a pair of forceps and from the other side of the afflicted mouth he pulled a tooth. It was well pointed and resisted at first and broke off. The doctor took another hold, pushed the forceps down hard upon the fragment remaining, twisted it in the socket so that dentists have, until it yielded and came out. It was then discovered to have an ulcerated root. "That should hurt you, boy." "Should it?" he answered. "Didn't you feel it?"

The clinic being at an end a general discussion of the mystery of hypnotism ran on for some time. "I will show you," said Professor Earley, "the difference in the amenability of the patient to the influence, now that fear of the dental operation is removed. All the surroundings were becoming alarming and distracting. 'Now, my boy,' said the professor, addressing young Bolton, 'take that chair over there in the corner—far from me as you can get. Sit down. That's right. When I count ten you will be sound asleep.' The professor counted ten and the boy was sound asleep. He was put to convincing tests that it was so."

"Now," said the professor, "when you awake and have talked with these gentlemen in your normal condition you will fall asleep again immediately upon seeing me draw my watch from my pocket." Then the professor snapped his fingers and told him to wake up. He came to instantly. He was questioned as to how he felt and the conversation became general. Professor Earley casually drew his watch while the boy was looking his way, and the latter instantly dropped over asleep. The doctors present, as stated, made themselves certain that the demonstration was in all particulars just what it seemed. On Wednesday morning, young Bolton went to the office of Dr. Levkowitz and had that sensitive tooth filled without feeling any pain, the "post hypnotic suggestion," as they call it, holding good. All the dentists present at the



was made evident by the number in attendance and the interest manifested in the clinic.

The demonstration was arranged by Dr. M. W. Levkowitz. His subject was a boy of 17, Alfred Boulton, a native of Victoria, B. C., but who has returned but a few weeks from a residence of some years in Honolulu. He was an admirable subject for a test of the possibilities of applied hypnotism, in that he was a bright-eyed, intelligent lad of nervous temperament, and in that he had a couple of very sore teeth.

J. B. Earley, a teacher of hypnotism, was present to make the magic passes and show the congregated doctors how easily it might be done. The clinic began shortly after 4 o'clock, the subject or patient being placed in the red-plush chair, so full of terrors to the tooth-aching contingent, and all of which terrors were to be driven away by the wave of a hand.

But the thing was an experiment, and the terrors have been long entrenched in that red chair. They laughed at this mild attempt to dislodge them—at first they did.

The chair was placed in a wide bay window that extends out from an upper floor immediately at the corner—the southeast corner of Post and Stockton streets. There was plenty of light and a platform step surrounded the chair, and on these the members of the society were gathered, full of interest. The boy took his place and Prof. Earley told him to close his eyes. He did so,

him to open them, but still not asleep. He was led to the chair, and the professor told the doctors to go ahead.

"This boy is not asleep," said the professor. "He is in a semi-conscious state, but he has no feeling. You can work with him with perfect freedom." He spoke to the boy. "Now, my boy, you will feel no pain whatever. Do not think of the dentist; think of me; no harm will come to you; you need have no fear; lie there quietly and dream pleasant dreams."

Dr. Levkowitz began to work with no more ado. The boy responded to his instructions, opening his mouth wide and holding it as desired. He had what the dentists call a "fungoid growth of the pulp" of a back molar. That is to say, the "nerve," as it is popularly called, was exposed and had filled up the large cavity of a decayed tooth.

As explained afterward by the doctor "This is a most sensitive and painful condition. To touch such a tooth under ordinary conditions will cause great pain, and dentists do not attempt to work with such a tooth until after two or three days, and then with iodine and arsenic. The pulp bleeds profusely upon the slightest touch. Now, I wished to demonstrate that with the patient under the influence of hypnotism this painful and distressing growth could be removed quickly and without pain."

The doctor began digging into the sensitive tooth with his cold steel instruments with speed and certain touch. In fifteen minutes the growth had been

"Oh, yes; I felt you were pulling my tooth, but it did not hurt."

"Such a tooth ordinarily is very painful in being drawn," explained the doctor. "For fifteen minutes, and sometimes an hour, after pulling an ulcerated tooth the patient usually suffers greatly. It is certainly a convincing demonstration of the great beneficence of hypnotism in dentistry that this patient did not. Furthermore, I felt his pulse when he took a seat in the chair under the hypnotic influence and it was beating wildly. During the progress of this ordinarily painful operation it quieted down until it became entirely normal."

But this was not the end of the demonstration. The operation for the day being finished, the boy said, "I would like to be released now; I want my sense of feeling."

"Certainly," said the professor. "I will give you that again." But to show the doctors that the subject's entire body was without feeling he ran a needle through the flesh of the arm and drew it away without any blood following.

"No," he said, "you have your sense of feeling all except in your teeth that have been operated upon. They will remain painless until the operation is over and they have healed up. You are to go up to Dr. Levkowitz's office to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock and this tooth will be filled. It will give you no pain whatever—remember that. Now you have your sense of feeling again, except as I have said."

clinic and aware of the circumstances are agreed that the results are nothing less than wonderful and that they mean a revolution in the science of dentistry.

"It means that by a wave of the hand a patient having a painful operation to go through may be set at ease. It means much for both the dentist and the suffering public," said one of them.

The Stomatological Club is a rather exclusive organization and its members were at first blush greatly opposed to having the fact made public that it had lent itself to a countenancing of hypnotism. Dr. Levkowitz explained this feeling:

"We know, as scientific men, the trend of the times and the necessity of keeping pace with them if we are to keep in the race at all. Dr. Bernheim's work in the hospitals of France is familiar to all well-informed practitioners—his success, the wonderful results he has attained. We know all the charlatanism that obtains in this mystic art, and we know that the public at large, generally less well informed in scientific matters than the practitioners, is inclined to be wary of men who practice it. While we feel it our duty to investigate it, we do not wish the impression to go abroad that the members of the Stomatological Club are rushing into hypnotism as a fad. We approach the subject with the conservative care of a scientific proposition. We feel that it would be a great beneficence to a patient if the pain of the dentist's chair might be done away with by a word.

But, while we have had a number of experiments of the kind at the club rooms, I am free to say that this of Professor Earley is the only one that has proved entirely convincing as to the utility of hypnotism in the science of dentistry. All persons may not be hypnotized, however. Dr. Bernheim himself, I believe, brings under the influence only about 80 per cent. of those he attempts. And, at all events, the consent of the patient must be obtained. As I say, with the Stomatological Club it is a scientific experiment."

Disease attacks the weak and debilitated. Keep yourself healthy and strong by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Aunt Dorothy—How many commandments are there, Johnny? Johnny (glibly)—Ten. Aunt Dorothy—And, now, suppose you were to break one of them? Johnny (tentatively)—Then there'd be nine.



CURE SICK HEADACHE. Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Droopiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, etc. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

HEADACHE. Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, which also corrects all disorders of the stomach, restores the liver and regulates the bowels. Even if they only cure!

ACHE. Ache they would be almost previous to them who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head!

is the name of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action cleanse all who use them. In vials at 25 cents, five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York. Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER PURE & WHOLESOME

...ALL GOES...

"Merry as a Marriage Bell" IN HOMES WHERE

White Star Baking Powder IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.

WHITE STAR BAKING POWDER THE LARGEST DEMAND IN CANADA

The Fountain of Life



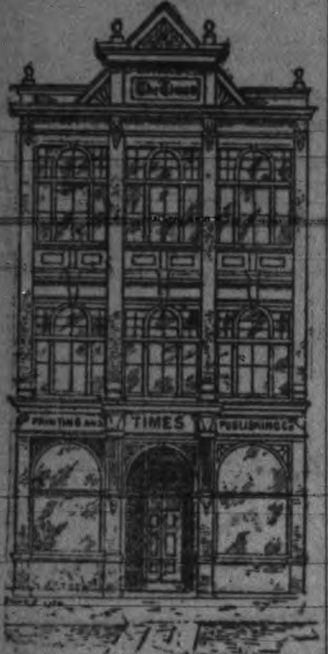
GREAT HUDYAN Hudyan cures the prevalent complaint of the body. Hudyan cures certain cases of lung weakness. Hudyan cures nervous debility, nervousness. 37-39, 31-33 Circulars and Testimonials. HUDYAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE, Stockton, Harlan and Ellis Streets, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

SEPTEMBER.

Calendar table for September 1896 with days of the week and dates.

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER

Room 7, Board of Trade Building.



The Daily Times.

ANOTHER INDEPENDENT.

Speaking as a business man, Mr. Robertson, the Independent Conservative member for East Toronto, could see nothing to condemn in the raising of money by warrants for the purpose of paying the salaries of the civil servants, who would otherwise have gone unpaid.

Speaking as an independent member and a lawyer, Mr. Dalton McCarthy took the same view. He pointed out that when the warrants were issued the government was limited to a very few possible courses. It could have left the salaries unpaid, but that course would have dishonored the country and repelled the disgrace of last session, when the late government had allowed affairs to get into such a condition that even the char-women of the house were not paid their wages.

The experience of the schooner Aurora seems to show yet more plainly the spirit in which American officers enforce the Behring Sea regulations. Any circumstance will serve with them as a means of sending a Canadian schooner out of the sea and stopping her owner's operations.

A special meeting of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of Great Britain will be held in Southampton on the 15th and 16th of this month, 8th St.

Stafford Northcote, C.B., M.P., in the chair. The London Chamber has given notice of moving that the time has now arrived when the government may properly consider the desirability of appointing competent officers to the more important colonies and possessions for the purpose of reporting on their agricultural, commercial, mineral and industrial development.

Montreal Witness: Mr. Mills, the Liberal statesman, who is a recognized constitutional authority, was triumphantly declared by the Conservative press to have advised Mr. Laurier not to accept the responsibility for the governor-general's course in declining the advice of the Upper government.

FREE TRADE.

One of the most curious phenomena of opinion just now is the belief, real or affected, that free trade is an acknowledged failure, and that even Cobden, if he were now alive, would renounce his own creed. Why should Cobden renounce his own creed? The one nation which has embraced his policy, Great Britain, has flourished economically and financially above all the other nations of the earth.

If you are tired taking the large, old-fashioned, gripping pills, try Carter's Little Liver Pills and take some comfort. A man can't stand everything. One pill a dose. Try them.

Mr. Philanthro—How long have you been blind, my poor man? Mendicant—Ever since the man I bought this stand from retired from the business.

CHASE & SANBORN'S Seal Brand Coffee is the "finest grown." For perfect results follow directions in each can. Packed ground or unground in cans only.

CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON, MONTREAL, CHICAGO.

Communications.

SECRECY IN THE COUNCIL.

To the Editor:—I see by your report that Mr. Partridge failed to carry his motion about suppressed communications. For his consolation I can assure him he has a large percentage of the public in his favor, but we feared he would not be successful. Had he asked for all communications to the council to be read probably the result would have been different, especially as I note from his remarks that he has at least seen part of some other communications, but seemed in doubt if he had seen all (a well-founded doubt). Can all the members see this private correspondence or is Mr. Partridge specially favored, or if he can demand to see it, why his motion? I fear there is great truth after all in what one hears so often, that the mayor or the medical health officer can at any time with five minutes' talk twist him round their fingers.

Take the last smallpox scare. It was currently reported the next day that 8 cases had been removed, which from day to day grew until people declared they knew for certain that there were 23 cases in the hospital. All the time there was only one. So badly scared were some that they went out crawling by families; others who had friends visiting them made each other good bye and fled by the first boat. Visitors called for their hotel bills and left. Now had our authorities published the true state of affairs daily, as they do in any well regulated city, this could not have occurred, as the public would have had confidence, since there was no need for fear with our isolation hospital and proper care of suspects.

THE AVERAGE PAY OF AN ORGANIST IN ENGLAND appears to be only \$5 a week, if computations of a certain English musical critic are to be relied on; but it is said that places at this compensation are so much in demand that there is not likely to be any increase in the remuneration.

A cathedral in a small Italian town offers the organist the sum of \$200 annually, and for this he is expected to play for at least two services every day and spend some of his spare time in teaching the children in the church school. Three hundred dollars is the salary which an English church advertises for an organist of a daily service. Some of the churches in towns of average size pay only \$200, and others offer as little as \$100. The best of the English salaries are those paid at the cathedrals, and sometimes a residence is furnished also. These places are worth from \$1,000 to \$1,400 a year, and are scarce.

In comparison with the pay of good organists here these salaries seem absurdly small, and it is a curious thing that English should compensate their church musicians at a lower rate than Italy. The actual figures may not be lower than the Italian salaries, but the cost of living is so much less in Italy that the pay there is proportionally higher.

25 cents cures Catarrhal Headache. " " Incipient Catarrh. " " Hay Fever. " " Catarrhal Deafness. Cold in the head in 10 minutes. " " Post Breach caused by Catarrh.

25 cents secures Chase's Catarrh Cure with perfect blower enclosed in each box. Sold by all dealers.

Art squares in all sizes at Weller Bros. These goods give an increasing satisfaction and we recommend them, as pretty, inexpensive and durable carpets. We know that is just what you want.

"Mrs. Hobbs, does your husband dance attendance on you when you go away together?" "Dance attendance? I can hardly get him to walk."



CHASE & SANBORN'S Seal Brand Coffee is the "finest grown." For perfect results follow directions in each can. Packed ground or unground in cans only. CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON, MONTREAL, CHICAGO.

A BY-LAW.

To Authorize the Sale of Lands Within the City of Victoria Upon Which Taxes Have Been Due and in Arrear for Two Years.

Whereas it is expedient that all lands or improvements or real property within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, upon which municipal taxes have been due and in arrear for two years, shall be sold, and the proceeds applied in the reduction of such taxes:

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed whenever taxes on any land or improvements or real property have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list (in duplicate) of all the lands or improvements or real property liable under the provisions of this by-law, to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set opposite to the same, and the Mayor shall authenticate such list by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Corporation, and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereto annexed, under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land or improvements or real property for the arrears due thereon with his costs.

2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands or improvements or real property for taxes, to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land, nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land or improvements or real property.

3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands or improvements or real property to be sold, and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this by-law to be paid to him, and shall cause a copy of such list to be printed for a period of one month preceding the date of such intended sale in some newspaper published in the City of Victoria.

4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands or improvements or real property for the taxes on a day, a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

5. The Collector shall, at least two months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the post office to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due, and that the property is to be sold for arrears so due, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown, a notice to the same effect shall be posted upon the land intended to be sold, and also, at least two months before the time of sale, post a notice similar to the above advertisement in some convenient and public place, that is to say, at the Council Chambers, Victoria, and in the Post Office Building, Victoria.

6. The day of sale shall be the thirty-third day after the first publication in a newspaper of such list, exclusive of the day of such publication, except in case the said thirty-third day shall fall on a Sunday or holiday, in which case such sale shall take place on the following day at the Council Chambers, in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at twelve o'clock noon.

7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands or improvements or real property no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time.

8. If the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction as much of the land or improvements or real property as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale and the collection of the taxes, selling in preference such part as he may consider best for the owner to sell first, and in offering such lands or improvements or real property for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portion of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.

9. If the Collector fails at such sale to sell such land or improvements or real property for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale adjourn the same until a day he publicly named by him, not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjournment he shall give notice by advertisement in the newspaper in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands or improvements or real property for any sum he can realize. Provided that in event of the price offered for any lot or section at such adjourned sale being less than the amount of arrears of taxes, the Collector shall have power, if he think fit, to sell such lands or improvements or real property in the name of and on behalf of the said Corporation.

10. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay the Collector the amount of the purchase money, the Collector shall forthwith put up the property for sale.

11. Immediately after every sale the Collector shall return a list of the arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation, and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.

12. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sums collected by him as aforesaid.

13. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 20th day of June, A.D. 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed the Council this 3rd day of July, A.D. 1896.

(L.S.) ROBERT BRAVEN, Mayor. WELLINGTON J. DOWLING, C. M. C.

READ

THE PROVINCE

Published by "THE PROVINCE" LIMITED LIABILITY, Subscription for Canada and the United States \$1.00 Other Countries, \$2.00

Table of Contents listing various sections like Parliament and Bar, The Library, Agriculture, Mining, Editorials, Dates and Books, Sport, Miscellaneous, Fills and Furbelows, Original Story, Correspondence, Prize Puzzles, Chess, Draught.

Look out for the

Carnival Number.

Kootenay Mines.

LATEST INFORMATION OF New Finds, Transfers, Shipments of Ore Developments, WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF Stock and Share Prices

The Miner.

The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of MR. GEO. SHEDDEN, Agent for Victoria and Vancouver B.C.

Board of Public School Trustees, OF VICTORIA, B. C.

Notice is hereby given that all pupils attending the High School of the age of sixteen (16) years or over will be required to produce to the Principal of the High School a permit signed by the Secretary of the Board.

The above permit is obtainable at the office of the Secretary of the Board, 25 Fort Street, Victoria, B. C.

Notice is also given that from and after Thursday, the 11th inst., no new pupils will be admitted during the present term to the primary or 8th Grade of the City Public Schools.

In accordance with Article 3, of the Rules and Regulations for the Government of Public Schools in British Columbia, the Public Schools of this city will re-open on Monday, the 15th August, 1896, at 9 a.m.

By order, B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

PROGRESS IN CHINA.

As showing the spirit of progress that is abroad in the "Flowery Kingdom," it is interesting to learn that the Tao Ai of Shanghai has recently issued a proclamation...

It will be easily understood why the merchants would allow their money to be invested in the contemplated enterprises rather than suffer an examination...

It is stated in the proclamation that the loan which should revert to the merchants at Soochow has been, in accordance with government direction...

"It is not necessary to make a hard and fast choice of some branch of industry, such as the manufacture of piece goods or silk fabrics. There is plenty of profit to be derived from other industries...

DIAMONDS AS WASTE PRODUCT.

"That the manufacturers of hard steels may be attended by a by-product in the shape of diamonds," says the industries and Iron (July 31), "is a consideration which has not yet been reduced to any practical element...



Let never maiden think however fair She is not fair in new clothes than old. But all clothing interlined with Fibre Chamois preserves its original stylish stiffness...

The price has been reduced to 25c. a yard, and it is as important as ever to see the label when buying...

Advertisement for Times P. & P. Co., featuring the headline 'Clean! Truthful! Wideawake!' and 'Do You Read It?'. It includes the address 'Times Building, Broad Street, VICTORIA, B. C.' and 'W. TEMPLEMAN, Mgr.'

WEDDING CEREMONIES. The usage by which the priest, joining the hands of the man and woman after their consent to the marriage, with such words as 'Ei ego vos coniungo'...

Advertisement for Sequah's Remedies, stating 'Can be Obtained from your Chemist' and 'TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE'. It mentions 'PUBLICLY TESTED' and 'and proved to be superior to any other'.

Advertisement for Advertising, stating 'Success' and 'THE TIMES, "Honest Advertising" and "Quick Results" are synonymous terms'.

Advertisement for Carriage Maker, listing 'BLACKSMITH, ETC.' and 'Broad Street, between Johnson and Park Streets'.

Advertisement for Still the Fastest, featuring 'GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY' and 'ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST'.

Advertisement for No Trouble, offering 'Splendid Service offered via "The Northwestern Line" from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Milwaukee and Chicago'.

Advertisement for F. W. PARKER, 'Puget Sound Agent, Seattle', mentioning 'Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows'.

Advertisement for Victoria & Sidney R'y, listing train schedules for 'Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.' and 'Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.'.

Advertisement for Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y, listing 'Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.' and 'Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.'.

Advertisement for General Steamship Agency, listing 'THROUGH TICKETS To and From All European Points' and 'FROM MONTREAL'.

Advertisement for CANADIAN PACIFIC RY., stating 'The only transcontinental route operating its own elegantly fitted sleeping and tourist cars to'.

Advertisement for Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED), listing 'Time Table No. 27, Taking Effect June 21st, 1896'.

Advertisement for ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY., listing 'TIME TABLE NO. 26' and 'To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Saturday March 21st, 1896'.

Advertisement for Str. JOAN, listing 'L. P. LOCKER, Master' and 'Calls as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order'.

Advertisement for Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y, listing 'The magnificent steamers City of Pough, Walla Walla and Umatilla ply between Victoria, B.C. and SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT'.

Advertisement for Str. JOAN, listing 'L. P. LOCKER, Master' and 'Calls as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may order'.

Advertisement for Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y, listing 'The magnificent steamers City of Pough, Walla Walla and Umatilla ply between Victoria, B.C. and SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT'.

Advertisement for Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line, listing 'HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN' and 'F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y'.

Advertisement for The Oceanic Steamship Company, listing 'Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails' and 'HONOLULU, CHINA and JAPAN'.

Advertisement for SS. "ROSALIE", listing 'Leaves Victoria Daily at 10 a.m. except Sunday' and 'J. K. DEVLIN, Agent'.

Advertisement for NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R., listing '2--DAILY TRAINS--2' and 'Spokane, St. Paul, Duluth, Grand Forks, Winnipeg'.

Advertisement for THROUGH TICKETS, listing 'To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and All Points East and South'.

Advertisement for Puget Sound Points, listing 'TAKE THE FINE STRAMER' and '"City of Kingston"'.

Advertisement for Spokane Falls & Northern Ry., listing 'NELSON & FONT SHEPPARD RY.' and 'ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.'

Advertisement for THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY, listing 'Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Harco'.

British Columbia.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The British Columbia Fruit Exchange shipped on Wednesday a carload of fruit, chiefly plums, to the Northwest.

FORT HAMMOND.

Fort Hammond, Sept. 10.—The weather has been exceedingly smoky for the past few months, and forest fires have been raging in this neighborhood very extensively.

Your correspondent was informed by the secretary of Loyal Fraser Valley lodge, No. 91, C. O. F., that the annual ball given under the auspices of this lodge would be held in their hall on Friday evening, October 25th, 1896.

The annual harvest thanksgiving services will be held in St. John's church (Anglican), Maple Ridge, on Sunday, Sept. 27. It is understood that even-ings will be full choral. His Lordship the Bishop of Westminster, is expected, besides others of the clergy.

The farmers are very busy threshing their grain, which has turned out a fair crop notwithstanding the very dry season.

Occidental lodge, Manchester, U. of Victoria, has surrendered its charter and some of the members are joining the local lodges of the Canadian Order of Odd Fellows, which is affiliated with the Manchester U. I. understand that there is only one lodge left in B. C. of the M. U., all others having become defunct.

VANCOUVER.

Local Chinamen have made extensive preparations to welcome Li Hung Chang tomorrow. A triumphal arch of immense size is being erected at the Canadian Pacific depot and a plentiful supply of fireworks have been obtained.

Mr. Montefiore—Why keep the cook, when you know that Mr. Flower was not coming?

Mr. Montefiore—He is an Irish gentleman, residing in England.

The Under-Sheriff—It seems to me that this is only a question of dollars. It is a pity you cannot come to some arrangement.

Mr. Montefiore—He is an Irish gentleman, residing in England.

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20th of August. However, he received a letter from Mr. Turner, on behalf of Mr. Flower, saying that he would be unable to start until the 25th. On Sept. 28th plaintiff was informed that Mr. Flower was not going on the expedition, but he had been put to considerable expense in connection with the affair, and having made the arrangements, was unable to get another engagement, and the hunting season of 1895 was therefore a blank to the plaintiff. He had to come all the way from British Columbia to pursue his claim.

The plaintiff was called, and said his name was Arthur Burr Fenwick, and he resided at Fort Steele, British Columbia. He got his horses and plant all ready for the hunting expedition, which was to last from August 20 to the beginning or end of November. It was necessary to take five pack horses and a saddle horse for each man, and all the accessories for camping out. He had to engage a cook, and was unable to do this unless he promised the man a two months' engagement. The cook's wages were \$60 a month, and witness held a receipt from the cook, Tom Ray, for \$120. Then there were the expenses at Harrison's hotel, Fort Steele, while waiting for Mr. Flower, and the expenses of shoeing the horses. He was unable to get any employment until the 27th of November.

The Under-Sheriff—Where were you to start from?

Plaintiff—Harrison's hotel at Fort Steele.

Cross-examined—Witness lived about 25 miles from Harrison's hotel. He stayed at the hotel the whole time he was waiting for Mr. Flower.

Mr. Montefiore—Why stay at the hotel; is there no telegraph?

Plaintiff—No, not for one hundred miles.

Mr. Montefiore—Is there no post?

Plaintiff—Only once a week. It was necessary for myself and the cook to stay at the hotel all the time. Plaintiff further said that he claimed two and a half months' pay at \$300 a month, the cook's wages, \$120; \$50 for hotel and shoeing and other expenses; about \$950 in all. He admitted that his original claim was much less than that, but he could get no reply to his application, and now thought he was entitled to his full pay. He kept horses all the year round, and when not hunting was a miner.

Mr. Montefiore—Why keep the cook, when you know that Mr. Flower was not coming?

Plaintiff—I had to promise him two months' engagement and had to pay him. A cook is very hard to get, as he has to act as packer as well.

Mr. Montefiore—What did you do after September 28th?

Plaintiff—I tried to get another job and could not. I always take two months out of the mines every year at the end of the fall in order to prevent myself getting "loaded."

The Under-Sheriff—Who is the defendant?

Mr. Montefiore—He is an Irish gentleman, residing in England.

The Under-Sheriff—It seems to me that this is only a question of dollars. It is a pity you cannot come to some arrangement.

Mr. Montefiore—He is an Irish gentleman, residing in England.

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The strength of the whole is in the healthfulness of the Parts.



Its great advantages are the thoroughness with which it accomplishes the work, its simplicity, and the ease with which it is used, but these words, tells of its usefulness.

No. 1 Nozzle and Shield with Outlet Tubing \$3.00 each. For use with any Bull Engine, Fountain Syringe or Combination.

No. 2 Nozzle, Shield Outlet Tubing, 2 qt. Fountain Syringe and 1 extra pipe complete in itself \$5.00 each. No. 3 Nozzle, Shield Outlet Tubing, 2 qt. Water Bottle with attachment for changing into a Fountain Syringe, complete in itself \$5.00 each.

If your druggist has not got these in stock we will mail you a catalogue free, upon receipt of the price.

ALPHA RUBBER CO., P. O. Box 28, Montreal, Manufacturers of Fine Rubber Goods.

A little pamphlet entitled "Sense" is sent free upon application. Send for it.

WORK FOR THE YEAR.

W. C. T. U. Adopt a Programme of Work for Coming Year.

A parlor social was given by the W.C.T.U. at the residence of Mrs. McLaughlin yesterday afternoon.

1. That the mothers of the W.C.T.U. secure the co-operation of the young people of the Christian societies in enforcing the prohibitory tobacco law; that literature on narcotics be distributed among the young people and anti-tobacco lectures formed among the children of the public schools on Sunday schools.

2. That a department of systematic giving be established, and that our unions be urged to carry on the raising of money to discontinue the W.C.T.U. work through banquets, fetes, etc.

3. That each union endeavor to secure, if possible, a promise from their members in patronize grocers who do not sell spirituous liquors, in preference to those who do, even though the latter may not be able to understand the former by the extra profit they make upon their liquors.

4. That in those places where scientific temperance is not a compulsory subject taught in the public schools, prizes may be offered by our unions for either the best examination in this subject or the best essay written on some phase of total abstinence.

5. That inasmuch as the newspaper is to a large extent the educator of the masses, your committees would suggest that conscientious painstaking efforts be made by our several unions in securing with bright, crisp, temperance news a part of a column in the daily or weekly news papers.

6. That each union endeavor to secure the appointment of a police matron in its locality, and that the provincial W.C.T.U. endeavor to secure such an appointment for the provincial jails.

7. That, in order to increase temperance knowledge, and secure W.C.T.U. members, we recommend the observance of membership day once a quarter, instead of once a year.

8. That every effort be made to educate the public mind to the beneficial effect which woman's enfranchisement will have in improving the morals of our country.

9. That we urge upon the local W.C.T.U.'s to take advantage of the opportunity of a change of government in the Dominion, to secure the prohibition in the manufacture and importation of alcohol, in any form, except for mechanical, scientific and medicinal purposes, inasmuch as the present leader of the government expressed his willingness to do all in his power for the prohibition of the liquor traffic as soon as it was the wish of the majority of the Canadian voters.

Sent to His Mother in Germany.

Mr. Jacob Eshensen, who is in the employ of the Chicago Lumber Co., at Des Moines, Iowa, says: "I have just sent some letters back to my mother in the old country, and I know from personal use to be the best medicine in the world for rheumatism, having used it in my family for several years. It is called Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It always does the work." 75-cent bottles for sale by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

RAPID BUTTER MAKER.

"A machine has been invented by a Swedish engineer, says the Medical Standard, which makes butter in one minute. Not only is time saved, but the butter is made absolutely pure and free from germs. The milk is heated in the sterilizer to 100 degrees F. From the sterilizer it is cooled to 60 degrees in cooling frames, through which ice water constantly passes, and which revolves with the revolving chamber at the rate of 6,000 revolutions a minute. Several advantages are claimed for this remarkable machine, which bids fair to create a revolution in butter-making upon a large scale. The process of butter-making is so rapid that there is very little chance of any germs that may exist in the atmosphere of the dairy getting into all, air must be forced out of the chamber of the machine by the extreme heat. When the butter is once pressed the possibility of germ impregnation is almost eliminated. Thus a wholesome and perfectly pure butter is produced. Another advantage is that milk can be converted into butter directly after being obtained from the cow."

These unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and depression should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made especially for weak, sleepless, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents.

—We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at For's, 78 Government street.

MUNICIPAL.

List of Lands and Improvements within the Corporation of the City of Victoria, to be sold for Taxes Interest and Costs on the 1st day of October, 1896, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock m., in pursuance of "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-Law, 1896," unless in the meantime the Arrears of Taxes, Interest and Costs due in respect of each Lot in the Schedule hereunder be paid.

Table with columns: Lot, Block, Section, Lands and Improvements, Assessed Owner, Registered Owner, Amount of Taxes, Interest, and Costs, and Date of Sale. The table lists numerous lots and their respective owners and tax details.

City Hall, Victoria, B. C. City Treasurer and Collector's Office, August 29th, 1896.

CHAS. KENT, Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C.

LEGAL NOTICES, NOTICE, Dental Notice, MEETINGS, NOTICE, NOTICE, NOTICE. This section contains various legal notices, including a dental notice from Dr. T. J. Jones, and several public notices regarding municipal matters and business opportunities.

THE WORLD'S BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER. Hunyadi János. "It is the laxative against Constipation and Congestions." (Dr. E. Mouin, Paris.) CAUTION: None genuine without the signature of the firm "Andreas Saxeheuer" on the label.

