

# THE BEE.

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[From the Journal of Commerce.]

**Birds from Colombia.**—By the brig Major, Captain Headrick, arrived yesterday from Cartagena, we have received Bogota papers to the 17th July. We had before receive Cartagena papers to the 19th July, which coincided with dates to the 18th ib.

The *Gaceta de Colombia*, of the latest date, contains a circular from the Secretary of State at Bogota, addressed to the Intendant of Cundinamarca, informing that whereas various merchants have been known to defraud the public revenue, by escaping the custom house duties, it is ordered that henceforth all goods that may be transported into the interior shall pay the duties at the place of destination.

Advises on the 22d May had reached Bogota, from Bolivia. After considerable resistance the military at Chuquisaca had been suppressed. The ill-fated Gen. Lanza, so highly distinguished for his important services in the revolutionary war, lost his life in that bloody affray. During the entire of their contest the Bolivians evinced the deepest zeal for the preservation of their institutions and a singular determination for anarchy, and its promoters.

No less sincere is their regret for the misfortunes which has happened to the Marshals of Ayacucho, who, in an engagement that took place on the 10th April, was deprived of his right arm. The Peurquin-Chacaltaya at the head of 5,000 men, had invaded the Bolivian territory, with a view to reduce it to a colony of Peru, and speedily expected at La Paz.

The Bolivians hope to be able to repel the invaders, and to prevent the subversion of their country, notwithstanding their recent withdrawal from Colombia. They are daily expecting reinforcements from the exterior, without which, as their army is greatly inferior in point of numbers, and particularly the Americans, they must necessarily retreat. Gen. Gutierrez, President of the Constitutional Council, has taken command of the irregular forces, and marched to give the Peruvians battle. The inferiority of his troops compared with the number of his opponents, leaves little hope of success to the Bolivians.

The disorganized Chacaltaya army of 5,000 men, however, during their march, had, many persons killed, and as Gen. Sucre, on account of his wound, is incapacitated from discharging his presidential functions, Dr. Jose Maria Vaca de Urquiza, Major-General Vizcarra, Comandant of Division, transferred to the command of the following day, terminating their appointment with every class of persons in Buenos Ayres. His political and military qualities have gained him the confidence of most of the enemies, and particularly the Americans, of whom he is very fond. On his first arrival, he landed in Baltimore, where he buried his father, who had died in the service of the Argentine, and very lately.

The Bolivian squadron is the largest in South America, and is generally divided into two or three divisions; one of Buenos Ayres, the other of Callao, and the third of La Plata, consisting of the following ships: they are liable to be found, as they are pretty small sloops, and seldom get under weigh at night. They had several fast vessels on the river—the Chilean frig. (formerly the Ariel of Brazil), the frig. Niger (formerly of Brazil), and a three-masted schooner, (formerly the Graciosa of Britain,) under Commanding officer, Col. Gutierrez, and General Gutierrez, who are pretty generally supposed to be his son.

The English frigate Thetis, now of war, having arrived off Buenos Ayres on the 24th July, Gen. Portocarrero, was sent to her in the Matanzas.

**NOTICE TO PARENTS.**

Appartement près du bureau de l'Amable. S'abonner à l'Amable.

L'Amable devient, ce vendredi 5 octobre, un journal quotidien.

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