RAILROAD TIME TABLE

S. F. and S. M. Electric R. R. TIME TABLE FOR BADEN LINE.

Leaving Time from Baden Station. 9:02 A. M. 9:40 " 10:20 " 11:00 " 11:40 "

TIME CARD.

Steamer leaves Jackson St. Wharf, San Francisco, for wharf at Abattoir, South San Francisco, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 P. M. Returning Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, carrying freight and passengers both

POST OFFICE.

Postoffice open from 7 a. m., to 7 p. m. Money order office open 7 a. m., to 6 p. m. Sundays.

MAIL CLOSES. E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Episcopal services will be held by the Rev. Geo. Wallace every Sunday, in Grace Church, Afternoon Services at 4 p. m. two Sundays in each month, and Evening Services at 7:30 p. m. two Sundays in each month, alternating. See local column. Sunday School at 3:00 p.m. Regular Choir practice every Friday evening at 7:45 p m.

MEETINGS.

Progress Camp, No. 425, Woodmen of the World, meets every second and tional law Congress cannot create the fourth Wednesday, at Journeymen office of collector at Manila until a Butchers' Hall.

Hose Company No. 1 will meet every Friday at 7:30 p. m. at the Court room.

men Butchers' Protective and Benevolent Association, will meet every customs duties under the military Tuesday at 8 p. m., at Journeymen Butchers' Hall.

DIRECTORY OF COUNTY OFFICERS.

Distalant of good !	Officello.
JUDGE SUPERIOR	COURT
Hon. G. H. Buck	
P. P. Chamberlain	
F. M. Granger DISTRICT ATTOR	Redwood City
H. W. Walker	
C. D. Hayward	
J. F. Johnston	
J. H. Mansfield	Redwood City
Geo. Barkersuperintendent of	
Miss Etta M. Tilton	Redwood City
Jas. Crowesurveyor	
W P Gilbort	Redwood City

EPITOME OF RECORDS.

Deeds and Mortgages Filed in the Recorder's Office the Past Week. Alexander Butchart to James Butchart. quarter of acre. C. H. Westphal to H. W. Westphal, 226.83 aeres.

Bowie Ratate Company to D. Bromfield, lot 15. block 20, Western Addition to San Mateo.

Nettie Harrison to W. E. Tourtellotte, lot 8, block 16, Milbrea Villa Tract.

D. Bromfield and wife to Walter Henderson, lot 15, block 20, Western Addition to San Mateo.

son, lot 15, block 20, Western Addition to San Matee

J. H. P. Howard and wife to Walter Henderson, lot 2, block 20, San Mateo

Fauny Gadsby to B. M. Delafield, lots 62 and 63, block 6, Castle Tract Homestd.

John Valladao and wife to Wm. Pringle, lot 6, Block 7, Spanishtown

Amadee Kehlberger to Charles West Richards, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, block 113, Abbey Homestead 2,500

MORTGAGES. Louise D. Haggett and Forest F. Haggett to San Mateo Mutual B.& L. Ass'n lots 5 and 12, block 20, Western Addition to San Mateo.

The advancement of the mining industry in Jalisco, Mexico, is ascribed to the unusual influx of modern machinery, for the most part American, and the reopening of buried Spanish mines in various parts of the States, mainly by American capitalists.

Several experienced beet sugar growers from Lehi, Utah, have bought farms at La Grande, Oregon, in order to raise beets for the factory at that place. graded according to value. The protest

Twenty-seven carloads of oranges were shipped from Redlands, Cal., during the week ending June 2. The total shipments to date are 1334 cars. the soil.

TO HOLD PHILIPPINES.

President and Cabinet Alive to for Montrose, speaking at Leeds the the Exigencies of the Situation.

POWERS MAY BECOME INVOLVED.

Colonel J. F. Evans of San Francisco to Be Collector of Customs at Manila.

treasury officials with his ability in this line. He has often had occasion to appear before the treasury in cases affecting customs duties, and little by little those officials who have for years been connected with the customs branch of the department have come to regard him as a thoroughly informed and capable man. He did not seek the position of customs collector at Manila: indeed, he was greatly surprised when Secertary Gage summoned him to the department. The two were together for a considerable time, and the situation in the Philippines with regard to the levy and collection of customs

duties was fully discussed.

Colonel Evans has not yet signified that he will accept the post. In order for him to do so it will be necessary for him to be appointed an officer of the volunteer army. Under internatreaty of peace is concluded between Spain and the United States. But the President, as commander of the army, Lodge San Mateo No. 7, Journey- can appoint him an officer and invest him with power to levy and collect government soon to be established in the Philippines by General Merritt. This will probably be done and Colonel Evans will draw the salary of a colonel or a major.

It is understood that it is the present intention of the administration to continue the rates of duty now in vogue in the islands but certain internal duties that are now regarded as opppressive by the people there will be abolished. Spain taxes everything tangible and some things that are not. Taxes are levied and collected on occupations, sales and possession of property, on manufactures, and on certain kinds of amusements, including cock-fighting. All of these internal taxes will be abolished. Neither will there be internal taxes on liquors or tobacco, as in this country. Spirituous, malt or ufacture is one of the principal industries, but the present intention is not to levy a tax on the manufacture of tobacco, but to derive all revenues from importations and exportations. The former amount to about \$27,000,000 and the latter about \$33,000,000, according to treasury figures.

The levy and collection of an export tax would indeed present a anomalous situation, for the constitution of the United States expressly prohibits such a tax, but under a military form of government, such as will be instituted and enforced in the Philippines, no regard need be paid to the constitution, for the islands will not virtually be part or parcel of the United States and they will be exempt from the operation of our constitution and laws and subject only to the will of the President, who, being supported by the American arms, will be an absolute dictator.

Vigorous Protest From Japan. Washington.-Japan has entered a strong protest against the duty on tea and rushed to Tacoma before July 1st, creased materially, while those of beef, provided for in the war revenue bill. The protest was sent to the State Department and by it forwarded to the conference committee. The protest is the same time hurry the boats along able. based on the ground that a uniform for service in embarking troops to Maduty of 10 cents a pound on all teas, cheap or dear, will ruin Japan's tea trade with the United States. Japan, it says, would not object to a duty

was submitted as a result of instruc-

tions sent from the Japanese Foreign

London.-The Right Hon. John Morley, Liberal member of Parliament other evening and referring to the recent speech of the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain at Birmingham on the subject of an Anglo-Saxon alliance, said that he did not believe a word o all the "gloomy talk about England's Notwithstanding the War No Such Adisolation and threatening prospects' unless she secured an alliance with Germany or America.

the opinion that the exigencies of the situation will compel us to hold them permanently.

It is certain that the Philippines will never revert to Spain. It is believed with the situation of the Philippines will never revert to Spain. It is believed with the situation of the Philippines will never revert to Spain. It is believed without the situations with the United States could be entered upon Statistics make it apparent that the

The President has decided to appoint good, it will indeed be the dawn of being in 1881 and 1892. Compared with

treasury expert, by resaon of frequent visits to Washington, covering a long period of years, has impressed the more inexpressible calamity can befall the year will amount to nearly \$1,000,-

MORLEY FAVORS NO ALLIANCES. REMARKABLE EXPORTS

History of the Country.

"England's naval power is gigantie, Washington.—The farmers of the her financial resources and credit are United States are drawing upon other Washington.—That the administration has not yet decided to embark upon the new and untried experiment of colonial acquisition is certain, but it is equally true that the President of colonial acquisition is certain, but tury.

it is equally true that the President tury.

and his Cabinet, after discussing the intimate relations with the United \$799,328,232, will be surpassed by the discussion of the Philippines, are of intimate relations with the United record of the year which closes with

that popular sentiment in this country without taking into consideration the agricultural exports of the year will be considerably in excess of \$800,000,000, Carpenter and General Jobbing The European powers are likely to become involved in a quarrel over the Liberal party."

The European powers are likely to become involved in a quarrel over the Liberal party."

The Vote 45 considerably in excess of \$800,000,000, the total for the year being likely to reach \$835,00,0000. Never before Philippines, and it is expected that the natural conclusion of this contention will be our permanent tenure of the islands.

Proceding to discuss the kind of alliance intended, Mr. Morley said:

"If it is an alliance for peace and harmonious co-operation for the mutual much as \$700,000,000, the two occasions in the islands. The President has decided to appoint a collector of customs at Manila, and it is learned from a high source that Colonel J. F. Evans of San Francisco will be the man. Indeed, he has already been tendered the appointment. Colonel Evans, the veteran ment. Colonel Evans, the veterant tended of the best and wirest men to the first and 1892. Compared with the last fiscal year the increase in exports of agricultural products will be fully \$150,000,000, and compared with the preceding year, the increase will be over \$250,000,000, while the total will be fully 50 per cent in excess of the preceding year, the increase will be over \$250,000,000, while the total will be fully 50 per cent in excess of the preceding year, the increase will be over \$250,000,000, while the total will be fully 50 per cent in excess of the preceding year, the increase will be over \$250,000,000, while the total will be fully 50 per cent in excess of the preceding year.

Exchange for Breadstuffs.

THIS YEAR A RECORD BREAKER.

vancement Has Been Shown in the

Seattle (Wash.)-The owners of the

steamer Centennial, which was chartered by the Government as a trans-Foreign Gold For Farmers in port for Manila and rejected, are not companies that hereafter no news con-They telegraphed to Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn that the claim of the vessel's unseaworthiness could not legrams and private messages. The be supported if a dry dock examination order applies to all movements of veswere had. They proposed such an ex- sels and troops, whether the subject amination by a committee of three, they to select one, the department another and these two the third member of the committee. Unless the Government agrees to a reinspection it is probable that a suit will be commenced against the Government for the charter

> If you do not want it, the greatest of bargains is not cheap.

Washington.-General Greely, Chief Signal Officer, United States Army, has issued a general order to the cable disposed to accept the decision of the cerning the movements of American examining board at San Francisco. vessels or of American troops would be permitted to be sent to foreign countries. The order covers both press cab-

> matter of the dispatch offered has been published in this country or not. The Roseburg Review reports that a Mr. Eldredge of Ogden, Utah, is looking up the prospects of locating a creamery in the vicinity of Roseburg.

He has a creamery which he would like to move to Roseburg if inducements are held out in the nature'of \$800 to cover the expense of moving.

J. L. WOOD,

Work.

Estimates Made, Plans Drawn.

Orders Solicited.

FRANK MINER, AT

Contractor FOR

Grading and Teaming-work

II II OF ALL KINDS. No. 1 Crushed Rock for Roadways, Sidewalks and Concrete. Shells for Sidewalks. Sand for plastering. Sand and Gravel for Concrete.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Office and Stables, Lux Avenue, Between Armour and Juniper Avenues South San Prancisco, Cal.

GRAND AVE., near Postoffice, BADEN, CAL.

This is the Only Store SEL

Dry Goods and Fancy Goods; Boots and Shoes: Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Crockery and Agate Ware; Hats and Caps,

SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

Give Us a Call and be Convinced.

M. F. HEALEY,

Hav, Grain and Feed. II II Wood and Coal. !! !! !!

ALL KINDS OF TEAMING.

Moderate Charges. Prompt Service. LINDEN AVENUE.

Leave Orders at Postoffice.

PIONEER GROCERY **CEORGE KNEESE**

Groceries . and . Merchandise . Generally.

BAKERY.

Choice Canned Goods.

Smoked Meats.

FAMILY WINES AND LIQUORS.

My stock is extra choice and my prices cheaper than city prices.

My Order Agent and Delivery Wagons visit all parts of South San Francisco and the country adjacent daily. All orders promptly filled.

GEO. KNEESE,

206 GRAND AVENUE.

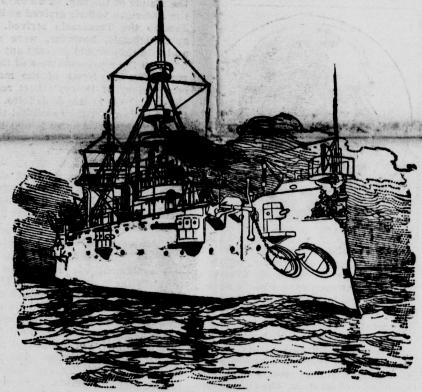
EIKERENKOTTER

GROCERIES, HARDWARE. BOOTS & SHOES CROCKERY. MEN'S CLOTHING ETC., ETC., ETC.

Free Delivery.

Our wagons will deliver goods to the surrounding country free of charge. We are prepared to fill the largest

Drugs and Medicines. Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.



ARMORED CRUISER NEW YORK

The New York is smaller but faster than the Brooklyn. knots, her displacement 8,200 tons, and she cost \$3,000,000. inch and twelve 4 inch guns and 16 guns of smaller caliber.

themselves in the unrest and intrigue stuffs have participated in this increase. of militarism, which are the torment Of wheat the value of the exports of and scourge of the Old World."

many's policy is "doutdes," and asked: 50 per cent in value. May exports of vinous liquors are not manufactured to "What are we going to give Germany corn were larger than those of any any extent. Tobacco raising and man- to induce her to run risks for the sake other month in the history of the of our trade?

> tinued, "that Germany was the great will pass the 200,000,000 bushel line, trade rival of England, and that it was the total in only three preceding years Germany who started the conflagration having reached 100,000,000 bushels. in China."

Saving the Duty on Tea.

of the Government's securing these \$8,000,000. steamers for use as transports it is inferred that the vessels may be loaded popularity with our toreign customers, with tea at the nearest available point the exports of beef cattle being insaving thousands of dollars duty, which would go to Uncle Sam after the war failed to show any increase—in most revenue law became operative and at cases a decided falling off being notice-

Yellow Fever in Mississippi.

Washington.-There is some apprehension here over the outbreak of seven to 227,434,375 pounds in in the correscases of yellow fever at McHenry, ponding ten months of 1898; salted Miss., and steps have been taken not beef shows a fall of 37 per cent for the Miss., and steps have been taken not only to check the spread of the fever year, and canned beef from 46,349,006

the fiscal year 1898 will be more than Referring to a possible alliance be-double those of the fiscal year 1897, tween England and Germany, Mr. Mor- while the increase in flour will be ley reminded his hearers that Ger- nearly 50 per cent, and of corn nearly country, while the total exports of 'It must be remembered," he con- corn for the year, for the first time, Cornmeal, oats and oatmeal and rye Summing up the whole situation, show a striking increase, the gain in Mr. Morley said: "Regarded in cool oatmeal being more than 60 per cent and sober common sense, this policy of alliances in the East or the West amounts to nothing."

outlier being more than 60 per cent over last year, and that of oats 100 per cent, while in rye the gain is also phenomenally large.

"Provisions"-in which term are included beef, hog and dairy products-Tacoma (Wash.)—It is reported here also show a marked increase, the total that importers are making a quiet and exports of provisions for the year being extraordinary effort to hurry all the tea likely to reach \$160,000,000 in value. possible into America before the pros- Most of this increase, however, is in pective high war duty shall become hog products—exportations of bacon, effective and that probably at least which were \$34,187,147 in value last four of the Northern Pacific Steamship year, being likely to reach \$44,000,000 Company's fleet of tea steamers would this year, and lard showing a similar arrive here this month, an exception-ally large number. In view of the fact 000,000 this year, or a gain of nearly

first ten months of the fiscal year were 379,663, against 310,478 in the corresponding month of last year, while fresh beef in the same period fell from 242,- orders. 168,034 pounds in ten months of 1897 Who refuses to toil has no right to from McHenry, but to prevent any pounds in the ten months of 1897 to possibility of an epidemic in the South.

Her speed is 21 She carries six 8

Live beef seems to be gaining in

THE ENTERPRISE.

E .E. CUNNINGHAM Editor and Proprietor.

The rainy season in Cuba, we infer, begins a little later than the Dewey season in Manila.

The taking of a few more islands will change the Spanish estimate from pigs to hogs.

Spain's wisest course is to begin over again by planting a schoolhouse in the shadow of every church.

"We are a degenerate race," said a member of the Spanish Cortes to that body. Agreed to without debate.

"Good morning; have you had a crisis to-day?" is getting to be the proper form of salutation in European coun-

The average length of a whale's jawbone is seven feet, which proves that he was originally designed for a politician.

Though our soldiers are most patriotic, many would rather kiss a sweetheart's cheek in camp than smell powder in the field. It cannot be said, however, that Ad-

binnacle of fame until a 5-cent cigar is named after him. The first effect of the war will be to extend the source of supplies so that

miral Dewey has reached the highest

rily be a Kentuckian. Since the coffee and sugar trusts have combined to furnish those staples, nothing appears left for the country

henceforth a colonel need not necessa-

but to find itself in hot water. If the yellow journals of New York ever get into financial straits they can take their headline type and set up

Any European nation desiring any thing in the island line after the present unpleasantness is over should address the United States State Depart-

ment-island bureau.

complete job printing establishments.

We have the distinguished honor and pleasing satisfaction of belonging to a nation that has about twelve times as much fighting material as could possibly be used in almost any sort of war.

According to a New York stool pigeon for the police, a "criminologist" is a student of human nature who knows how to extort money at both ends of his jobs. "Criminologists" have no business this side of Russia.

A great struggle arises in a woman's mind when she is asked what her new gown cost. She is always in doubt whether to cut the price in half and make you envy her the bargain or double it and make you envy her affluence.

Through his naked eye man sees less than 6,000 stars; through a powerful telescope he may see a hundred willion. Is there not a similar exaltation of all his faculties as they expand unfier true culture? The realm of truth is deep and vast, like the starry heav-

The more closely Admiral Dewey's victory in Manila Bay is studied, the closer becomes the evidence that it was due not so much to the peculiar possession of courage as to high scientific and professional training. An experienced English naval officer recently said that the contest at sea was less between ships than between men-a comment strikingly borne out in the battle off Cavite.

The world moves, but it does not move so fast as to carry the human being away from the things that are human. Call it atavism or what not, this civilized man is just as ready for fight as were his barbarous ancestors. More than they he has courage and endurance. The only difference between him and them is not in desire to fight, but in the reasons which he recognizes as worth a fight.

making war too deadly and expensive. equality with each. With a population The tendency of war implement inven- of about 30,000,000, she kept a permation is toward peace. Nations will continue to be prepared for war and, after men, with a compulsory reserve of one or two more deadly encounters, the 1,911,000. The members of this recivilized nations will conclude that the game is not worth the candle. Not that there will be disarmament. As long nineteen years in the army, which was as the world lasts there will be armaments. The stronger the armaments gies of the country. Besides this large the greater the peace of the world. Von Moltke was right. The millennial condition of entire disarmament has not yet been reached.

So finely are the scales of nature adjusted that it is probable every defect has its compensation near at hand. Man's part is to find it. In Kansas and Nebraska the rainfall is insufficient to supply the needs of agricultural vegetation. Nevertheless it has recently ben ascertained that an inexhaustible deposit of water lies directly below all the arld region; while the wind, nature's agent to lift the water, blows during the whole summer. It was from air registering one hundred degrees below zero that Nansen, by means of a windmill, wrested the power to light and heat his ice-bound Fram. The Kansas farmers should not be slow to conquer nature as Nansen did.

An interesting investigation has been made recently in one of our cities, as to the reasons why children of equally good capacity should rank so unevenly n their studies in the schools. Pains Were taken to learn from one class of

its out of school to enable judgment to be made. The investigation showed that thirteen boys were permitted to be on the streets at night as late as halfpast 9 o'clock. Not one of them ranked as high as thirtieth in the class. Another grade class of fifty-five was tried in the same manner; eight boys were habitually on the streets in the evenings. Not one of them ranked as high as fortieth in the class. Another class of thirty-five investigated showed that six were allowed the freedom of the streets at night, and every one of them had spent two or three years passing the fourth and fifth grades. One boy ing her salute of good-by to the flag of fifteen years of age had spent nine years in getting four and a half years of schooling. Investigation also showed that in these classes examined, 85 per cent. of the girls remain at home and read good books, and about one-third only of the boys ever read at all.

Dr. Frederick H. Wines, of Illinois, has been discussing the subject of the youth of the prisoners in the penal institutions of the United States, and his conclusions show that the convicts of the country are a more youthful set of men than it is generally supposed they are. Of the 82,329 prisoners in the country one-eighth are to be found in New York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts. The average age of the prisoners was under 31, and nearly onehalf were under 30, about a third under 25 and nearly one-eighth under 20. The average age of the public pauper is 57 years. The average age of a negro prisoner is 271/2 years, of a native white prisoner 30 years and of a foreign white prisoner 37 years and 9 months. The youth of these convicts raises the queries whether they are born criminals, and, if not, what has driven them to a life of crime at so early an age? If they have become evil-doers through force of circumstances, what proportion of them can be saved by proper treatment, so that they will become law-abiding citizens? It is a matter of no little importance that the Volunteers of America have undertaken to deal with all the questions involved in this condition of affairs, in a practical way, with a view to rescuing these young criminals when they shall have completed their term of servitude. The directors of this movement assume that is a sincere wish to live better lives, and that if the opportunity is given them very many will embrace it and become upright and reputable citizens. At the New York State reformatory at Elmira the system of manual training has been introduced to educate the degenerates to work, it being proved that they have been led into lives of crime through associations that have brought about a total abhorrence of honest labor. The system employed tends to a civilization of the will as well as the education of the hand, and so far it has been remarkably successful.

The so-called bread riots that lately took place in Milan and other cities of Italy indicated a condition of affairs that was more desperate than appeared on the surface. It is true that the people were suffering for bread, for it so happened that in every great wheat-producing country in the world the crop of 1897 was a short one. In Germany, France and England, where a considerable portion of the wheat consumed is usually of domestic production, almost the entire consumption had to be obtained abroad. The storehouses, besides the United States, from which those countries have depended for their wheat have been Russia, India, Egypt and Argentina, but last year Russia had no surplus to export, India had very little, Egypt next to none, and Argentina harvested only enough for home consumption. The result was that bread was dear and the people were hungry. Italy was in a worse situation than any of the countries importing wheat for domestic consumption. She had impoverished herself by attempting to maintain a standing as a military and naval power that was beyond her possibilities. What Germany and France did, Italy strove to duplicate. She wished to be classed as one of the great powers of Europe, and she drew the life blood out of her people in the attempt, realizing only failure. She entered into a triple alliance with Germany and Austria, The rapid progress of invention is and tried to maintain a position of nent peace establishment of 216,235 serve, while not constantly in service, were compelled to spend from three to a fearful drain on the productive enernumber of soldiers the Italian navy had 21,724 men on the active list and 19,600 on the reserve list, making a total of nearly 2,250,000 men who were not only withdrawn from the various industries of the kingdom, but had to be supported in idleness. The result was that general stagnation in business and enormous taxation were universal in the country, labor was unemployed, and those who found work receive starvation wages. The increase in the price of bread, even though small, brought want and hunger to people who are always on the verge of starvation. The high price of bread was only an incident that drove the people to riots which showed the really intolerable condition of affairs all over Italy. That country was attempt-

> Home for Cats. The forum of Augustus is used as the cats' home of Rome. All the superfluous tabbles are dropped over into !t, and they are kept alive by the charity of the people, who take them food.

ing to do what the frog did when it

sought to rival the ox, and possibly a

similar result may follow the attempt.

RECORD-BREAKING CRUISE OF THE PACIFIC-BORN WARSHIP.

Journey Equal to More than Half the Distance Around the Earth - Beset by Grave Dangers, but Was Always Ready for Trouble.

First to Round the Horn. When the Oregon started on her un paralleled cruise of 13,000 miles and steamed through the Golden Gate, firthat floats over the Presidio on March 19, Capt. Charles E. Clark and his crew were as much in ignorance of her ultimate destination as the rest of the world. Captain Clark was told to make Callao his first stopping place. The big vessel, with its tremendous load of guns and protecting turrets, ran into a heavy sea before it had got out of sight of California's promontories. The captain's orders did not provide for a return. The ship's prow had been headed for the coast of Peru and the course was never changed in spite of protracted bad weather. While many tons of steel were pounding on the Pacific the men who direct the game of war and use the warships as so many pieces at chess were debating what disposition should be made of the redoubtable floating battery. To "Fighting Bob" Evans was left the disposition of the big ship. "Dewey, with the Olympia, can lick the entire Spanish Asiatic squadron," was Evans' estimate, and the destination of the Ore-

gon was settled. Great anxiety was felt for the "pride of the navy" when April 1 came and she had not been sighted off the coast of Peru, as expected, but on April 8 the bold lines of the battleship were described off Callao. She had fought a long battle with the elements, but had come out victorious without a mark. The Oregon coaled at Callao and there Captain Clark received a sealed packet containing his orders. When the ship had headed about and steered into the open sea, Captain Clark communicated the story of the Maine's report and its reception by the American people to his men, in addition to the route of their excursion around Cape Horn. in the hearts of most of these men there | Officers and crew exercised the greatest precaution when war with Spain promised to become the sequel to the Maine disaster. The ship was given a coat of iron gray and her searchlight swept the horizon for hostile sails. The

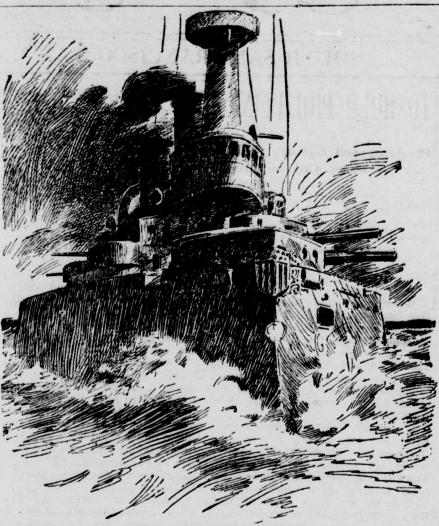


CAPT. CLARK OF THE OREGON.

rogress of the vessel southward after that storm-swept point.

fifty-five pupils enough about their hab- TRIP OF THE OREGON. the Atlantic Ocean she was joined by San Diego several days after the Oregon. Together they steamed northward. Captain Clark and the commander of the Marietta learned of the gellan. War had been declared April armor is divided as follows: Belt, 18

never thinking of a record-breaking cruise equal to more than half the distance around the earth's surface. The Oregon is supplied with bunkers that give her a coal capacity of 1,594 tons. This enables her to steam 4,500 miles events that had transpired while they without recoaling. The Oregon's comwere speeding from the Straits of Ma- plement of men numbers 473. Her



25, and the crews of both boats set up | inches; deck, 2% inches; barbettes, 17 a mighty cheer when they received the inches; turrets, 15 inches; casements, news of the capture of Spanish vessels | 6 inches. The main battery of the Ore-

off the coast of Cuba. Spain's crack torpedo boat, the Temerario, made a bluff at the Oregon, but immediately slunk away into the Bay of Montevideo and hid behind a peninsular when she got within observation distance of Uncle Sam's mighty sea fighter. The least inclination of the Temerario to disrespect the friendly character of the harbor would have resulted in the sinking of the Spaniard under five tons of steel projectiles into the waters of the bay. Two days after the American vessels arrived at Rio de Janeiro the Temarario arrived. Brazilian officials, however, were active and said they would prevent any clash between the representatives of the two governments. News of the magnifithe Americans in Rio de Janeiro. Within the harbor of Brazil's capital the Oregon and Marietta were joined by the dynamite cruiser Buffalo, recently purchased from that government.

Orders came from the Navy Department to proceed, and the fleet of three nals were interchanged when troops vessels steamed out of the harbor of had to be collected in order to resist at-Rio de Janeiro May 4. They were in- tack at any point threatened by the structed to stop at every cable port en Tartars or "outer barbarians." By route and receive instructions.

Oregon Built in the West.

leaving Callao was attended by great | All the material for the construction danger owing to storms, and for that and armament of the Oregon came reason the Oregon coaled in the Straits | from the far Western States. The iron of Magellan instead of attempting to mines of California, Oregon, Washingenter the harbor of Valparaiso. When ton, Nevada, Colorado, and New Mexthe joint resolution of Congress de- ico supplied the crude metal which was clared the Cuban people should be free afterward converted into steel for the and that Spanish sovereignty was at hull, great strips of armor and ponderan end on the Western continent, Cap- ous castings for the guns. The big battain Clark was only twenty-four hours | tleship was built by the Union Iron behind schedule time. The Oregon was Works, San Francisco. On her trial the first warship in history to round trip an average of 16.79 knots was maintained and 11,111 horsepower was

THE BATTLESHIP OREGON. gon consists of four 13-inch, eight 8inch and four slow-fire 6-inch guns. This outfit is not surpassed by any battleship in the world. The supplementary rapid-fire battery consists of twenty 6-pounders, six 1-pounders, four Gatlings, two field guns and three torpedo tubes.

Ancient Methods of Signaling.

The fabulous honor of being the first inventor of the art of signaling is bestowed by certain classical writers upon the ingenious Palamedes. This hero may have introduced improvements in detail, but it is certain that long before the time of the Trojan war the Egyptians and Assyrians, if not the Chinese and other nations of remote cent victory of Dewey's fleet reached antiquity-of whom monumental records alone remain to us-had developed regular methods of signaling by fire, smoke, flags, etc. The great wall, built by the Chinese

ages ago, and 1,500 miles long, is studded with towers. Between these sig-Maj. Boucheraeder and others it has been considered that the huge tower of Rabel was erected for similar as well as for a number of different purposes. That is to say, for the signaling not necessarily of any particular words or sentences, but of expected events, imperial decrees, military orders and other matters intended to be understood through conventional signals, whether of lights, flags, semaphores or other devices, by all the motley host of nationalities and languages of which the Chaldean empire was composed .- Corn-

The Lion of St. Mark.

The great lion of St. Mark is about to be restored to the doges' ancient palaces in Venice. This was the lion erected by Andrea Gritti, who became doge in 1523, and who, in the fifteen years of his rule, restored to his city all the possessions she held before the league of Cambrai. Gritti died in 1538. having won a threefold glory as patriot, soldier and statesman. He left behind him as his monument the famous high-relief figure of the lion, which adorned the middle gallery of the doges' palace on its best side. The lion stood at a height of twenty-three meters from the ground: its paw on the open gospel and the doge kneeling in prayer by its side, and where it remained until the break-up of the oligarchy and the vandalism of democratic Venice swept it away. In May, 1895, the Italian ministry of fine arts undertook the work of its restoration, and out of a large number of competing sculptors Signor Urbano Botasso was chosen to give the lion back to Venice. His work -a majestic lion and the doge in his robes of state kneeling by its side—is now complete, and will adorn the ancient palace of the doges in a few weeks .- Philadelphia Bulletin.

World's Great Cities. According to the latest authority on population the great cities of the world are, in the order of their size, as follows: London, with a population of 4.231.431; New York (Greater), 3,200,-000; Paris, 2,447,957; Berlin, 1,677,351; Canton, 1,600,000; Vienna, 1,364,548; Tokio, Japan, 1,214,113; Philadelphia. 1,142,653; Chicago, 1,099,850; St. Petersburg, 1,035,439, and Pekin, 1,000,000.

Very Shocking Drama. "Ain't that new drama simply dis-

rusting!" "Ain't it! The idea of that big, handome villain getting that dear little

heroine into that dark room and then not even attempting to kiss her."-Puck.

What has become of the old-fashion ed boy who had his nose held, and took castor oil?

PLUNK WENT THE WOLVES.

As Fast as They Came Marvin Chucked

Them Into a Well. George Marvin, a farmer living at the base of the Cohutta Mountains, had an adventure with wolves the other night which he will remember as long as he lives, for it was by the merest good fortune that he is alive to-day.

Marvin lives on one of those isolated mountain farms common in Gilmer and Fannin Counties and his nearest neighbor is about six miles away. He bought two pigs and put them in a pen near the house, and that night the mountaineer and his family retired at the usual hour. They were early awakened by the squealing of the pigs in the pen, and Marvin got up and rushed out to see what was the matter. As he approached the pen he observed quite a commotion about and discerned what appeared to be a number of large black dogs in and around the pen. He rushed to the pen and was immediately attacked by half a dozen or more wolves. He was wholly unprepared for such an encounter, and as the brutes sprang at his breast he could do nothing but knock them off with his fists, which he . did successfully for several moments. Marvin's great presence of mind

served him well at this juncture. He knew it would not do to stoop down in order to search for a club or any other weapon, thus incurring the risk of being immediately overpowered by the whole pack, but while beating the wolves off with his fists he walked slowly backward, feeling the ground with his feet, in the hope of stumbling upon an ax or some loose wagon spokes which he knew to be scattered about the yard. He failed to find anything, however, but soon stumbled against the sills which inclosed the open well.

A happy thought occurred to him, and, bracing himself beside the well, he flung the first wolf that leaped at him into it. A splash and a howl told him that he was rid of one enemy, but the others were renewing the attack with savage fury, and as they came at him one after another was dexterously landed in the well. When the fight was over, Marvin was almost dead from loss of blood, his clothing having been torn into shreds and numerous deep cuts made in his breast and arms by the claws and teeth of the animals. Upon examination of the well next morning it was found to contain the bodies of five full-grown wolves, the first seen in the immediate locality for five years .- Calhoun (Ga.) Correspondence Atlanta Constitution.

This Country's Marvelous Wealth. The Government returns of the grain crop of 1897 are now complete. They make almost a startling showing of the wealth of the country in soil produc-

Of corn we produced 1,902,967,933 bushels, for which the farmers received-for farm prices only are considered -no less than \$501,072,952, or about one-half the entire national debt. Of wheat we produced 580,140,168

bushels, which poured into the laps of the farmers the sum of \$428,547,121. Of oats we produced 698,767,809 bushels, yielding \$147,974,719.

Thus on three grain crops alone our tillers of the soil earned \$1,077,594,792. This does not include barley, hay, beef, mutton, wool, pork, eggs, chickens, garden vegetables, fruits, butter, milk, or any other of a hundred farm products that together greatly exceed these three recorded crops in value. It does not include the 7,000,000 bales of cotton, or the rice, or the tobacco, or anything else than three grain prod-

What a country ours is, to be sure. when one year's crops yield to the cultivators six or seven times our whole national debt! What limit shall be set to the power and glory of a country so marvelously fruitful?- New York

How the Bola Is Used.

The bola, as shown winding about the legs of a big emu in the picture, is favorite weapon among the herdsmen



CATCHING AN EMU.

of the Argentine Republic, who use it as dexterously as our own cowboys use the lariat. The bola will throw cattle as well as big birds.

Fill Teeth with Glass. The latest use for glass is instead of

gold as a material for stopping decaying teeth. It answers splendidly, and is far less conspicuous than the yellow metal. Of course, it is not ordinary glass, but is prepared by some new patented process which renders it soft and malleable

He Can Answer Questions.

A curious character in Paris is a man who makes his living by strolling along the boulevards and making wagers at the cafes that he can answer correctly any question that relates to the history of France. He always wins the bet.

"Thirteen" Superstitions.

Citizen Train, of New York, calls attention to the fact, in rebuttal of the 18 superstitions, that there are 13 letters in George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Andrew Johnson and Zachary

Always give the devil his due but it's better to keep out of his debt.



MAP SHOWING OREGON'S LONG TRIP.

On the Lookout for Trouble. Captain Clark was warned by cable of the dangers that lay in his path and answered that he was ready to engage the entire Spanish fleet if his superiors | The displacement of the Pacific-born so desired. A brief summary of the joint resolutions were sent him for the entertainment of his men, together with a "tip" that a declaration of war make her more seaworthy. When the and actual hostilities would be forth- Oregon was constructed she was in-

developed, 2,111 in excess of the con-

In size the Oregon is only surpassed by one ship in the navy-the Iowa. monster is 10,288 tons. The excess weight of the Iowa comes from her high decks, which are supposed to coming. When the Oregon turned into tended for coast service, her designers

ANIMALS UNDERGROUND. Burrowing as It Is Performed by Various

Species of Mammala. Ventilation, or rather the want of it, must be a difficulty in the underground life of almost all mammals. The rabbit and the rat secure a current of aid by forming a bolt hole in connection with their system of passages, but the fox, the badger and many of the field voles and mice seem indifferent to any such precaution. There is no doubt that whatever gave the first impulse to burrow, many animals look upon this, to us most unpleasant exertion, as a form of actual amusement. It also confers a

right of property. Prairie dogs constantly set to work to dig holes merely for the love of the thing. If they cannot have a suitable place to exercise their talent in, they will gnaw into boxes or chests of drawers, and there burrow, to the great detriment of the clothes therein contained. In an inclosed prairie dog "town" they have been known to mine until the superincumbent earth collapsed and buried the greater number. A young prairie dog, let loose in a small, gravel floored house, instantly dug a hole large enough to sit in, turned round in it and bit the first person who attempted to touch him. Property gave him courage, for before he had been as meek as a mouse.

It is noticeable that the two weakest and least numerous of our mice, the do not multiply or maintain their numbers, like the burrowing mice and voles. But the fact that there are members of seems to indicate that the habit is an acquired one.

row at other times form burrows in acter. Among these nursery burrows martin, the kingfisher and the shelwell as when the mother is allowed to of white mousseline de soie, the fou- right-hand model here. It was rose make a burrow on the sunny side of a straw stack. In time she will work this five or six feet into the stack and keep the puppies at the far end, while she lies in the entrance. Vixens either dig or appropriate a clean burrow for their cubs, which is a natural habit, or, at any rate, one acquired previously to the use of earth by adult foxes. -London Spectator.

MYSTIFYING A CONDUCTOR.

The Determined Woman Wanted Him to Find Her Nephew. She had a look of determination in her face as she stood on the corner of

Main and Court streets in Auburn and signaled for an electric car. The car stopped and the woman ad-

vanced to the steps. "Where be you goin?" said she.

"Figure 8," said the conductor.

"Figure 8."

"Ate what?" said she. "Who said anything about eatin? Be you goin past my nephew James Strout's house?' "Dunno," said the conductor. "All aboard.

'You hol' on, young man," said the woman. "Don't you get excited. Don't you know Jim Strout? He lives on Rural avenue, and he's expectin me today." 'We go College street," said the con-

In the meantime the motorman was stamping on the gong and passengers chiffon. were getting interested.

"All aboard," was the courteous sugall aboard.

"Well, I never!" said the woman. you kin do. You can hold your horses till I git my gripsack.' And they did, and the conductor

helped her aboard with it, and on College street, near Skinner, she saw a family in a team, and she gave a yell that shut off the electricity quicker than a cat catches a rat. It was her nephew.

Such are the tender ministrations of fate that watch over resolute women. -Lewiston Journal.

The Difference.

"Why are some statues made life size and some heroic size?"

"A life size statue represents a man as big as he was, and a heroic size statue represents him as big as he thought he was."-Chicago Record.

Animals are often able to bear very protracted fasting. In the Italian earthquakes of 1795 two hogs were buried in the ruins of a building. They were taken out alive 42 days later, but very lean and weak.

Appetite---Strength. Without the First You Cannot Have The Last.

Hood's Sarsaparilla gives both. It gently tones and strengthens the stomach and gives digestive power, creates an appetite, and invigorates the whole system. It strengthens the nerves and gives sweet, re-

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$.

MIRROR OF FASHION.

APPAREL NOW IN VOGUE IN NEW YORK.

First Bright Warm Days Bring Out the Summer Finery-The Butterfly Feather Boa Again.

Spring Styles from Gotham New York correspondence



RIGHT, warm days bring out all the long-delayed finery, and at the first hint of summer mildness the fashionable woman appears on the street without any overcovering. As soon as the sunshine lets her she is going to wear the daintiest and most summery dresses. She may make a concession to severity in her headgear, but she will befrill her foulard or India silk with lace and will

wear a yoke that is all gossamer white, even if under it she is bundled in her winter flannels, which let us hope she is, as there is no tellling at what moment the thermometer may tumble down into the bulb again. Beside, the initial is one of these hurried-out dresses. It was blue and white India silk the skirt banded with white lace, as indormouse and the harvest mouse, do not dicated, lace also trimming the sleeves. burrow, but make nests, and that these edging the yoke and furnishing small made are often made with self finish epaulettes. The yoke was white chiffon and collar and belt were blue satin.

The accordion-pleated butterfly bow very closely allied species, some of is a favorite finish to a high-necked which do burrow, while others do not, bodice, and is so cleverly made that it of trimming. Let us hope this does not allows the chin to dip down upon the snug cross tie, while the spreading become the stylish method of trimming rupt us, and there is some truth in it. In this connection it is worth noting ends rise at either side to outline the that many animals which do not bur-pretty cheeks and to lift the puff of be demanded so freely as it is now in hair at the ears. Such bows are worn which to conceal and protect their indoors, as well as out, and on gowns young, or, if they do burrow, make a so dressy as to be well outside the different kind of a more elaborate charclassification of street attire. Such was the dress put at the left in this are those of the dog, the fox and sand- group. This was blue foulard figured old place and then putting on more of with white. The skirt opened at each it. The length to which this notion drake. Foxhound litters never do so side of the front over pleated panels has already passed is shown by the

t by which to fasten this jacket secured by using rolls of the cloth twisted to serve as loops, one end of the loop being fastened under one button while the loop slipped over the opposite button. The goods of this dress was saffron whipcord, black velvet giving the turned-down collar, and a linen chemisette coming above that. Topping all was one of the newest de-Bow-Lattice Work Trimming-The velopments of the stock, which has already experienced a great many variations. It was a black taffeta scarf, all edged with narrow frills of white lace. This was tied about a linen collar that turned over a little at the top. Gowns



SAMPLE BY CURRENT STANDARDS.

with which the linen collar is to be at the wrists.

In this tailor rig it will be seen that there was just a suggestion of lattice work in the arrangement of the bands indicate that lattice barring is not to tailor rigs; or that, if it is, it may not other dresses. If it ever came to be used in any such way, there would result an amount of trimming for tailormades that would exceed that we had when we were putting on braid in any



lard edges being held with jeweled pink silk, the lattice work big black buttons and white silk cord loops. The velvet, ribbon jewels ornamenting the

blouse waist was also slashed at each side of the front to show smaller panaround the back, was of tucked white

In the second of these pictures the bow may be said to have added an outgestion of the conductor. "If you are door touch. The gown was pink bagoing with me, madam, get aboard. We don't keep a directory and we don't sell with insertions of white lace surmountstamps, and I am not acquainted with ed by ruchings of white mousseline de James Strout of Rural avenue, but if sole. The bodice had a deep lace yoke. you want to ride around the figure 8, with epaulettes over the sleeves, all edged with mousselfne ruches, and down the front ran four bands of lace "Well, young man, there's one thing insertion alternating with narrow lace ruches. Ruby velvet gave the belt. ostrich filaments stripped from the Strap finish for tailor dresses is as



TO THIS TRIMMED SKIRTS HAVE COME. Straps of the same material as the dress, the edges being left "torn," are now not only used to re-enforce the seams of a gown, and to finish the edges at wrist, collar and so on, but straps are sewed on for ornamentation much as ribbon might be in a more dressy frock. As the tailor rig of today's picture indicates, buttons again appear as trimming for "tailor" dresses. Resort to them is to be regretted

when they only serve to hold down the

squares. Folded black satin gave collar and belt, the bodice closing at the els, and the yoke, which also extended side beneath a fluffy lace jabot. In some dresses of this sort spangles dot the squares of the interlacings, while again knots of ribbon are used, and when little ends are left loose the effect is very pretty, but when the cloud. squares are thus finished there should with insertions of white lace surmount- not be as many of them as there are in this model Two other new wrinkles are put in

this sketch. One is the feather boa, which each season we try to get along without, and yet it bobs up again. Now it is very fluffy, made usually of long quill and mounted on chiffon or ribbon. Usually an inside collar of chiffon, with good bargains. a fall of lace is attached to the boa, and so all danger of its slipping or being lost is avoided. The boa is always becoming and it fills up about the ears, outlining the oval of the face quite as well as any of the recent inventions in the way of bows and frills. The other new idea is a development of one that has been in evidence some time. But shown here is the pronouncedly freakish limit to which the downtipped hat has come. It is now permitted a woman to wear a hat that shows its entire trimming and presents the appearance of a tilted pie, even when the wearer's head is carried normally. Some disk hats are trimmed in the very center of the top, their entire round showing from the top. The back reveals a second story to the hat, or shall it be called a basement, all thickly set with rows offlowers, upon which the disk rests at the back in order to present the correct slant. Copyright, 1898.

A Wise Landlubber.

"No, I never read war news at home." "Why not?"

"My wife is one of the most curious persons in the world and would be sure to ask me to explain the meaning of barbettes, machine guns and the other technical terms they sprinkle through the accounts. I want her to keep on thinking I know all about it."

Proof. She-Am I first in your affections, He-Yes, darling, you know I've se ends of straps. But a pretty frogging my bike.

BIG GUNS SHORT-LIVED.

Back to the Shop After the One Hundredth Firing.

"The life of a gun is one of the most unsatisfactory things about it," remarked an ordnance officer in discussing the war question, "and though a number of experiments have been made in connection therewith there is no absolute cer tainty as to the results. A general rule has been arrived at which is thought to be on the safe side of the matter, and that is that the modern steel gun should not be fired more than 100 times. After that, it matters not what the emergeney may be, it is safer to dismantle the gun and send it back to the shop than to risk firing it, for the explosion of a gun is a decidedly and extensively dangerous occurrence to all in its immediate locality. The firing of a gun causes the steel to crystallize, and thereby becomes brittle as a file. So far as has yet been discovered, there is no remedy for it. It is not exactly a total loss after a gun has become dead, for the steel can be used for thousands of things in the way of bolts, braces and the like for new work and for re-"A modern gun is an expensive affair,

running from \$75,000 away up. It is equally expensive to keep it in operation, the cost for each cartridge sent from it being over \$1,000, which does not include the putting of the gun on its emplacement or taking it down, nor the thousands of dollars necessarily expended in paying salaries and subsistence of the officers and men who operate it. This crystallization of the metal is one of the mysteries of the science of ordnance. The gun could be revivified to some extent by heating it to a white heat and allowing it to cool off slowly, but the treatment is not exactly satisfactory or even approximately certain as to results. It has been said of us as of other nations, that if we kept every gun we own in actual firing operation for even twenty-four hours the powder and shell bill would bank-This crystallization of the metal is not confined to guns, however. The same thing occurs in the journals or axles used on the railroad cars. It is for that reason that careful railroads put on new axles every five or six years. In Europe there are laws upon the subject, though it is custom with us. In Germany it is unlawful to use an axle on passenger cars more than four years, though the limitation on freight cars is not so rigid. As with the oftfired gun, the steel in the journal becomes so brittle by the crystallization in consequence of its use that it is liable to snap in a dozen pleces any time after its life is ended."-Washington

RAM'S HORN BLASTS.

Warning Notes Calling the Wicked to



EAR and love are Envy bites its keeper. Opport unity

may trip a giant. Hunger and ambition are hard to rock to sleep. Unbelief's morning star never rises. A good name is made, not be-

towed. Public opinion is never tongue-tied. The abuse of health is veiled suicide. Every heart has a thorn and a throne. The man who thinks leads the crowd. Carmel faith leads to Carmel victory. The grumbler blows out his own

lamp. Small boats must keep near the

shore. If you can't be a sun, don't be a

Heart wisdom is ahead of book learn-

Man never makes truth; he only dis-

covers it. The man above suspicion lives above

the stars.

Ignorance and witchcraft are fast friends.

It is hard for bad motives to drive

The farm and the garden are the best

gold diggings. Compared to eternity, this life is as

the last gasp of the dying.

Discretion is not cowardice, neither is blatant volubility courage.

Exuberant patriotism is often used as a cloak by knavish politicians.

A prayer for guidance on election day is quite as appropriate as on Sunday. Weeds thrive best in richest soil. This applies to churches as well as to

fields and gardens. Lot not only "pitched his tent toward Sodom," but he was found living right down town when destruction came.

"Consistency, thou art a jewel." Imagine a saloon keeper horrified at the desolation wrought by Spain in Cuba. Through the cloud of imminent war, "a prudent man forseeth the evil," but that does not hinder him from doing

The Costliest Bean on Earth.

his duty.

It is not generally known that the vanilla bean is the costliest bean on earth. It grows wild, and is gathered by the natives in Papantla and Misantla, Mexico. When brought from the forests these beans are sold at the rate of £2 5s per 1,000, but when dried and cured they cost about £2 5s per pound. They are mainly used by druggists, and last year over 90,000,000 beans were imported into this country.

No girl can successfully chew peanut brittle and nurse a case of disappointed love at the same time.

Stopped the Fight.

"Well," said Bliggs while sitting up in bed talking with the family lawyer, "I'll tell you all about it, but not a word to any one else, mind you. I'm a sight and scarred up like the hero of a German university, but I'suppose it's

something to be alive. "You know the governor has been urging me to strike out and see what I could do for myself. He'd advance the money, to be charged against my share of the estate of course. I kept my eye open and I saw a chance that was worth fortune in one plunge. A couple of fellows in our set had a falling out, with which I think jealousy had something to do, and agreed to put on the gloves as a safe and honorable way of settling their differences. They had a private hall, and it didn't require two thoughts on my part to convince me that a reproduction of their mill would make a hit and fortune. To make sure I provided myself with both a vitascepe and a veriscope. I had a big pile of films on hand for the occasion, and you know that these films are of celluloid. The janitor was my fellow conspirator.

"About the third round, and while we were getting along swimmingly, there was an explosion like the blowing up of a dynamite factory, the select andience stampeded, the principals hustled down the back stairs and the pelice found me unconscious under a wreck. Something had set that celluloid off, and I'll never know what did it. No one else has a theory. Just tell the governor that I made a bad investment."-Detroit Free Press.

The only soap which the Hindoos of the orthodox type employ is made entirely of vegetable products. But soap is little used in India, being almost an unknown luxury with the natives.

A single female frog will produce 1,000 eggs at a time. Frogs subsist on insects and are themselves devoured by a variety of other animals.

THE CHINESE FLAG.

The standard of the Celestial Empire is a very queer looking affair. It represents the most grotesque of green dragons on a yellow ground. The latter is suggestive not only of the national complexion, but also of that of a sufferer from biliousness. To remove this unbecoming tint from the complexion, use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which will speedily regulate your liver, prevent malaria, and remedy dyspepsia, nervousness, rheumatism and kidney complaint.

Kitty—Why not ask for papa's consent tonight, dear? You will have to face the music some time. Jack (gloomily)—It's not the music, but the musician that I'm afraid of.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Ten thousand testimonials of cures. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Sent by mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Jasper-Whenever a great man dies Longhair wri'es a poem about him. Jumpuppe-Well, I must commend his consideration in not writing it before the great man dies.

BEWARE OF CINTMENTS FOR CA-TARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY.

As mercuty will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derauge the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists, price 75c, per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FRKE \$2.00 trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 930 Arch St., Philadelphia Pa

I never used so quick a cure as Piso's Cure for Consumption. — J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1895.

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than a century as a delicious, nutritious, & and flesh-forming beverage, has our 3 well-known

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NONE OTHER GENUINE.

WILL & FINCK CO'S. SPRING EYE GRAIN BAG NEEDLE

Plain or with Cutter. The Best Needle in the Market. Used by all Sack Sewers. For Sale by all general Mdse. Stores or by Will & Finck Co., 920 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

BUY THE CENUINE

MANUFACTURED R CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. EF NOTE THE NAME.



TO WOMEN FROM

Mrs. Joseph Peterson, Warren, Pa.

"I have suffered with womb trouble over fifteen years. I had inflammation, enlargement, and displacement of the

womb. "The doctor wanted me to take treatments, but I had just begun taking Mrs. Pinkham's

Compound, and my husband said I had better wait andseehow much good that would do me. was so sick when I began with her medicine, I could hardly be on my

feet. I had the

backache constantly, also headache, and was so dizzy. I could not walk around, and I could not lie down, for then my heart would beat so fast I would feel as though I was smothering. I had to sit up in bed nights in order to breathe. I was so weak I could not do anything. I have now taken several bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and used three packages of Sanative Wash, and can say I am perfectly cured. I do not think I could have lived long if Mrs. Pinkham's medicine had not helped me."

Mail Orders filled the day received.

"Summer Specials,"

Our book that tells what will be worn this Spring and Summer-just what you want-profusely illustrated-free on application to

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THE ENTERPRISE.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY E. E. CUNNINGHAM, Editor and Prop

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Advertising; rates furnished on applica-

OFFICE-Postoffice Building, Cor. Grand and Linden Avenues, SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, [CAL. Branch Office, 202 Sansome St., San Francisco, Room 4, third floor.

SATURDAY JUNE 18.

When the Spanish regulars meet our boys in blue the Dons will learn that John Brown's body is still marching

Two hundred and five for and ninetyfour against is the way the House of Representatives stood on Hawaiian annexation, and the people would give even a larger majority had they an opportunity to vote upon the question.

The piebald political aggregation of Populists, silver Republicans and Bryan-Bland Democrats are wrestling with the question of fusion or nonfusion. It makes little difference what they do; with or without fusion they are doomed to defeat. The elections next fall will be a repetition of the recent contest in Oregon only on a larger

The Supervisors have wisely decided to publish the delinquent tax list in the papers of the county parceling out the amount of each township and giving the papers published in such townships the work. This is a wise proceeding, as it enables all to read the list, and if affected in any way to govern themselves accordingly. The list allotted Santa Clara township will be found elsewhere. - Santa Clara Journal.

We think the plan would work well in San Mateo county. Suppose our Supervisors give it a trial.

By a vote of more than two to one, the popular branch of Congress has passed the Hawaiian annexation resolution. Should the Sugar Trust minority in the Senate defeat the measure by obstruction and in defiance of the popular will, President McKinley, in the exercise of his authority as Commanderin-Chief of the Army and Navy, and as a war measure will be justified in raising our flag over the islands. The indications are that the Senate will save resort to this extreme by passing the resolution.

There is at present an urgent demand for more dwellinghouses in this place. Everyday there is some fresh inquiry for a house to rent. Not only are all the cottages and dwelling houses fully occupied, but there is not a flat or suite of rooms vacant in any of the tenement blocks of the town. The growth of population has filled all the buildings to their utmost capacity. This demand for more room must be met and supplied; for, if it is not, this town will receive a backset which it may take years to recover from. Within a few days there will be not less than one hundred skilled workmen added to our population. These men are builders who will come here for the specific purpose of working upon the construction of the Fuller paint and oil factory buildings, and, while most of these men will undoubtedly seek accommodations in the hotels and boarding houses of our town, there will be, as there always is in such cases, a certain proportion who will have families and who will bring their families with them, provided they can find room for them. Some of these will settle here with the view of making this their permanent home. These men will shortly be followed by the permanent employes of W. P. Fuller & Co., of whom a large per centage are men with families. The steady increase of the business of the Western Meat Company is adding constantly to the demand for more houses. The other industries located here are also growing. The building of dwelling houses in this town for rent offers a profitable and perfectly safe investment for capi-

The demand at present exceeds the supply and this demand will be largely increased within the next six months.

This matter concerns the property owners of our town above all others, and it is time they should take hold of it in earnest.

ports that eighty families have moved from Kansas to Minnesota to raise sugar beets in the vicinity of the new beet sugar factory near Minneapolis.

but made a world of fuss afterward, though how it all came out the sergeant did not develop, nor was it necessary.—

Prederic Remington in Harper's Magasine. The Northwestern Agriculturist re-

ENGLAND'S PREMIER.

WHAT IT MEANS TO BE THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER.

Nowhere Else In the World Is There Any Position at Once So Powerful and So Anomalous-The Office Is Without Legal Foundation.

Nowhere else in the world is there any position at once so powerful and so anomalous. So long as he remains prime minister the premier of the United Kingdom is possessed of more real power than any single individual, unless it be the czar or the president of the United States.

Yet, great as is the power of prime

In theory the prime minister is only a privy councilor at the head of a department of state who is specially in the sovereign's confidence and who usually presides at an informal gathering happen to hold offices of state-a gathering which is called the cabinet. That is the furthest which the legal pedant of our thought would dare to go. Yet, of far more than the mere chairman of the cabinet.

The cabinet, no doubt, has a great once it is certainly not true now that England is governed by a committee of 15 or 16 persons.

The prime minister, as a rule, makes his cabinet. He is commissioned by the queen to form a cabinet, because he is the man whom she considers to possess the confidence of a majority of the house of commons. He forms his cabinet by asking certain members of the two houses to hold the great offices of state. He might do this in one day and with out consulting any one.

As a matter of fact, what usually happens is this: As soon as the commission to form a government has been received, the prime minister takes into together over the other names. When a man is decided upon, he, as a rule, joins the conclave and helps to consult as to men and places, and so the cabinet gradually evolves itself. No doubt, as generally happens in this world, the prime minister's choice is never really

Certain men must be in the cabinet, whatever happens, and hence they may be said not to be chosen by the premier, but to be ministers in their own right. In spite, however, of this, the fact that they are asked to serve by the premier makes them feel his superiority. When the cabinet is made, the theory of the unwritten constitution is that the cabinet governs. In reality it seldom does anything of the kind.

however, it knows everything that is in attracting insects to going on it can exercise a great deal of bearing on the theory of the insect origin indirect power. The previous knowl of flowers is obvious."-London Times. edge that the majority of the cabinet would like or dislike a particular policy has a great influence, but still the cabinet does not rule. The prime minister summons, presides over and largely controls the cabinet meetings. If a vacancy occurs, be fills it up, and so can promote from the lower to the higher

offices. Then he can and does confer with his colleagues in regard to the business of their departments, and so has a hold their refusals. A Washington woman upon the whole machine of government. Sir Robert Peel saw every member of his cabinet separately every day. Again, other morning with a much done over if there be a difference between two other members of the government, the premier decides. If there be an irreconcilable difference between himself and a minister, it is the minister and not

the premier who resigns. Lastly, the prime minister can, by resigning himself, dissolve the whole ministry. These things, small in themselves, taken together, make the prime minister's position what it is. He makes and can unmake a cabinet. He presides over it, and he has the right to advise in regard to every department, exercised, and he has secured to him beforehand the support of the rank and file or of any cabinet if it comes to a struggle between him and a colleague, because the rank and file know that if the premier is beaten he has it in his power to upset the whole machine of government.

Hence the voices of those who want to keep in office are always found on the side of the premier.—Pearson's tling a plumber's bill last night when I the side of the premier. -Pearson's

Weekly.

One Veteran Without a Pension. I sat on a hill with a sergeant who knew history and horses. He remem bered Pansy, which had served 16 years in the troop and a first rate old horse then, but a d-d inspector with no soul came browsing around one day and condemned that old horse. Government recently published decree, on Sept. 6. got a measly \$10-or something like On that day the young woman, with that. This ran along for a time, when right hand raised, in the presence of one day they were trooping up some the states general, will pledge herself lonely valley, and, behold, there stood to the following formula, which is a Pansy, as thin as a snake, tied by a strange contrast to the oaths adminiswickieup. He greeted the troop with joyful neighs. The soldiers asked the perors: captain to be allowed to shoot him, but of course he said no. I could not learn lands to observe and always maintain if he winked when he said it. The col. the fundamental law. I pledge myself umn wound over the hill, a carbine to defend and to preserve with all my rang from its rear, and Pansy lay down in the dust without a kick. Death is to protect public and private liberty better than Indian for a horse. The and the rights of all my subjects and to thing was not noticed at the time,

CANNY INSECT WORKERS.

They Fertilize Flowers For Strictly Utili-

A correspondent writes: "The theory of the origin of flowers by the selection of insects is one which has attracted much attention both in scientific circles and from the general public. Set forth by Darwin in the 'Origin of Spacies,' it has been largely developed in a series of interesting publications by Sir himself. Without recalling for the mo-John Lubbock and Mr. Grant Allen. Some fresh and interesting light has now been thrown on it by a series of experiments recently carried out by Professor Plateau of the University of Ghent. Professor Plateau has arrived at the conclusion that insects are indifferent to the colors of the flowers they visit, and that they are guided to them minister, the office has no foundation on in a very subordinate way by sight. law. The prime minister is quite as un- The experiments on which the Belgian known to the law as is the cabinet. If professor bases his farreaching conclua legal pedant, blind to all facts not in sions are briefly these: Having covered the statutes or the textbooks of the the brightly colored flowers of single common law, were asked to define the dahlias in his garden with hits of green office of prime minister and to describe leaf, he found that they were still visitthe cabinet, he would be utterly at a ed by insects. This seemed so much at variance with the generally received view that insects are attracted to flowers chiefly by their color that Professor Plateau instituted a prolonged series of experiments and observations to put the matter still further to the proof. The of certain of the privy councilors who result has been to confirm and strengthen the conclusions drawn from the first experiments. Cutting off the brightly colored corollas of such flowers as lobelia, evening primrose, foxglove, etc., course, the prime minister is, in fact, he found the remaining green parts were still visited. Again there are some brightly colored flowers which are seldom or never visited by insects owing deal of power, but even if it were true to their lack of honey. Notable among these is the scarlet geranium of our garden. But when a little honey was placed on geranium flowers bees came to them at once, those blossoms which had not received honey being passed over.

"Other conspicuous flowers were tried in a similar way with like results. The experiment of removing the honey bearing parts of a flower and leaving the brightly colored part, which was sup-posed to be attractive, was also tried with the single dahlia. Its inner florets were removed, leaving the conspicuous outer ones, a piece of yellow leaf being placed in the center. No insects went to these honeyless flowers. But as soon as a drop of nectar was placed on them his confidence the two or three who will they visited them as freely as before. hold the chief offices, and they talk Again, Professor Plateau made artificial flowers with pieces of green leaf, each furnished with a little honey. These were freely visited by insects. But artificial flowers made of colored material were neglected, even when supplied

with honey. "In further support of his views Professor Plateau is able to bring forward the following facts as to the habits of insects in visiting flowers: They will pass freely and with apparent indifference from one color to another of varieties of the same species growing together in our gardens; they visit a great number of green and greenish colored flowers; there are many small and inconspicuous flowers which are also freely visited. Such is a brief outline of Professor Plateau's observations and ex-Each cabinet minister has very great periments, from which he believes himpower in his own department, but the cabinet as a cabinet can do little. Since, that sight plays a very subordinate part

AVOIDING "A TOUCH."

One Woman's Cheerful Method of Deny ing a Polite Request.

Men have something to learn from women in the art of warding off 'touches' for coin. Women respond to such requests about once in every thousand times, but they are scientific in with a reputation as a borrower turned up at the home of one of her friends the story about a persistent and threatening dressmaker and the usual request for the loan-"pay it back tomorrow, certain"-of \$5.

"Why, my dear, certainly," was the pleasant response to her carefully rehearsed little yarn. "You poor thing, you! Just wait till I run up stairs and get my purse.'

She ran up stairs. The male head of the house happened to be in the room where she kept her purse. He saw her dig the purse out of a chiffonier drawer and deliberately remove a wad of bills though this right is of course seldom from it, leaving about 37 cents in silver and copper in the change receptacle. The man was mean enough to lean over the stair railing when his wife went down stairs to the parlor with her flattened pocketbook in her hand.

"Oh, I'm so sorry, Mrs. X.," he heard her say, "but I really thought I had the money. I find, though, that John, as usual, has been at my pursewas half asleep—and the mean thing has only left me enough for car fare. Too bad! Of course, you know, if I had it," etc. - Washington Post.

Queen Wilhelmina's Oath.

The coronation of the young queen of Holland will take place, according to a

"I swear to the people of the Netheremploy for the preservation and advancement of individual and general prosperity all the means which the laws place at my disposal as the due of an upright queen. And may God aid me in my work."

New York English.

We have been told by a keen and intelligent observer who has returned to this city after a sojourn of two years abroad that the average New Yorker is becoming very careless with his English; not only does he jumble his words together in every conceivable sequence, but he makes a gesture to supply a noun or verb and rattles off slang the analogy of which is often intelligible only to ment any specific examples, we believe our friend to be correct. He does not go far enough, however; there is another side. If the New Yorker at times tries to get an idea out in the fewest possible words, on other occasions he is tediously tautological and prolix. One has only to keep an open ear in a car ride up town to find confirmation for this. Here, as though relaxing the exigency of economy of speech that has been prac ticed while discussing affairs all day, needless and endless repetitions take place and the obnoxious "I say" introduces half the phrases that are uttered. We haven't any explanation to make, however, or remedy to offer.-New York Times.

The Coin Came Back. "I have once or twice read how small the world was," said a young fellow, 'and once or twice I have seen stories of the same kind I am going to tell. I confess I never believed them, but now I know better. Last summer, when in New York on my annual visit, I was struck with a sudden whim and Grand Avenue, scratched my initials on a 25 cent piece.

cutting into the silver deep enough to make a lasting impression. I paid for a cigar in the Hoffman House with the coin and guyed myself with being foolish. I had forgotten all about the quarter when I entered a Carrollton car and gave a half dollar to the conductor. Imagine my surprise when he handed me in change the 25 cent piece I spent in the Hoffman House! I think I will keep the coin now and ever more as a curiosity," and the speaker pulled the money from his pocket and showed it in veri-

Original Sources.

fication of his story .-

Mrs. De Style-Dear me! What a lot of society news you've got hold ofeven to a full description of Miss Tiptop's Paris trousseau! Where did you hear it all?

Miss De Style-At the symphony con cert.-New York Weekly.

IF YOU WANT

MEAT

Ask your butcher for meat from the great Abattoir at South San Francisco, San Mateo County.

CHOICEST

Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

THOS. BENNERS, Prop.

Next to P. O.

50 YEARS'

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS
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Anyone sending a sketch and description may lickly ascertain our opinion free whether an rention is probably patentable. Communicans strictly considential. Handbook on Patents the free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive icial notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.

omely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a our months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & CO. 361Broadway, New York

VENUS OIL CO.

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Coal Oil and Gasoline at Lowest Market Prices.

Leave Orders at

Drug Store, GRAND AVENUE.

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BAR CLASS

Wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

Well Appointed Billiard Parlor.

J. E. ROGERS, Prop.

Grand Avenue, next to Cor. Grand and San Bruno Ave

for Home Circle Grocery List.
for 40-page Hardware Catalogue.
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for sample 1898 Wall Paper.
for Sample Ladies' or Gents' Suits.
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All free. Money Saved on Every Order

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House Broker.

--- NOTARY PUBLIC

OFFICE AT POSTOFFICE.

Corner - Grand - and - Linden - Avenue

SOUTH: SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

for rent. The Butchers' picnic proved a suc-

cess in every way. New stock of goods at the People's

in town Tuesday.

W. E. Wagner drove up from San Mateo Tuesday. "The home market is always with

you; stay with it.' District Attorney H. W. Walker paid our town a brief visit Tuesday.

Mr. Laydon, of Darby, Laydon & Co., contractors, was in town Tuesday.

Tom Horn (Long Tom) has enlisted in the California Heavy Artillery.

nevolence in supporting home indus-Let us have an auxiliary Red Cross

"There is more business than be-

matter?

avenues the past week.

Bruno avenue a new coat of paint.

Rev. George Wallace will hold serday), at 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at

to build thirty tenant dwelling houses of four to five rooms each in this town

Mrs. H. J. Vandenbos left on Sunday last to spend a couple of months in the country at Calientee in Sonoma county. Will Card left on Tuesday for Salem,

Oregon, where he will spend some weeks while regaining health and strength. A moonlight excursion on the bay

will be given on the evening of July a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 2d. Full particulars will be given in 25c. 50c. Sample and booklet free. box, cure guaranteed. our next issue.

Mrs. Ellen O'Day went down to Redwood City on Wednesday to attend the wedding of Mr. C. N. Peterson and Miss Lillie La Stofker.

The Hackett dredger is at work and expect to complete the contract wards of seventy-five guests assembled early in the coming week.

Mr. L. Blanchett has put up a temporary building on his lot, which he host and hostess to the mow of the will occupy for the time, and eventually use it as an outhouse:

The first steps in the construction of the Fuller buildings were taken yesterday. Quite a force of men commenced work on the concrete work for was made of bales of have and around the foundations of several large build-

On Tuesday last, in the Justices' Court, August Schoen plead guilty to o'clock an elegant lunch was served in false pretenses and was sentenced to dancing was resumed and continued county jail.

care whether it is infantry, cavalry or esque novelty of the place of entertainthe navy, so he gets to Manila and a ment, and the well-known hospitality chance to smell powder in the service of the host and hostess, made every of his country.

The Entinal club of Oakland, in its beautiful yacht, paid our town a visit on Sunday last. The party of ladies and gentlemen made the tour of the big packing-house and other places of interest about town.

The directors of the Fuller Company were down yesterday with the pile contractor arranging for driving piles for the foundations of their two large warehouses, which are to be located on each side of the slip.

the wharf construction around the druggists. Fuller slip. This work is being pushed, as several carloads of lumber are now en route for the Fuller build-

The Western Meat Company being the lowest and best bidder, has secured the contract to furnish meat to the State at San Quentin. Over 450,000 ments of green deciduous fruits pounds of beef per annum is required, amounted to 72,350 tons against 57,not including mutton, lamb, ham, bacon, etc.

On Monday Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Lynd received a telegram announcing the death of Mrs. Lynd's sister at amounted to 76,159 tons against 48,-Marysville, and Mrs. Lynd and her 522 tons in 1896. The heaviest shipdaughter, Miss Minnie Jones, left on ments of dried fruit prior to last year 12:49 p. m. train on Monday to attend were in 1895, when they amounted to

The Western Meat Company has made a contract with the Government for feeding our soldiers, which calls for from ten to twenty thousand pounds of beef per day. It is to the credit of our Government that all meat is re-

quired to be A No. 1 Select. The railroad grade leading to the new Fuller factory site has been completed. The grade has been made wide enough to admit of a wagon road alongside of the railroad track, and hereafter wagons can travel to the Fuller site by way of the Pottery an was the highest number for any prethus avoid the steep hill on the old

The number of animals slaughtered at the abattoirs last week surpassed any previous week in the history of the

were killed and sheep and lambs in proportion. On Saturday 204 head of cattle were slaughtered. The business of the meat company is increasing very rapidly.

The surveyors sent down by the W.

P. Fuller Co. completed their work on Sunday in proving up the grading done by John Kelso for the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company. In the entire tract of over nine acres, upon which are cuts over 30 feet deep through solid rock, the grade did not vary at any place more than a half James Horn, of Redwood City, was inch. The surveyor in charge declared he had never seen a finer piece of work | Sapling Stake Annexed by Lalla Rookh, or work more conscientiously done. We can truthfully say that while Mr. Kelso had many difficulties and discouragements to contend with in the way of numerous land slides and an extraordinary rise in the price of feed, etc., he faithfully performed his work and completed his contract and main- nel mate of the champion hound, For tained the reputation which long ago earned for him the title of "Honest Park. Ingleside's triple stake-winner John Kelso."

ler factory buildings, was in town Sun- Knapp, Tod Sloan and Skyball with day. Mr. Kern has been investigating such ease that the talent plunged on with regard to places for boarding and him at any odds. Moondyne led to Society here. Who will move in this lodging for his employes, masons, car- the hare, took the turn and his backers penters, plumbers, painters, etc. He were lining up to the cashier's box says that there will be more than one when he missed in a drive. Firm says that there will be more than one Frank Clawson circulated a petition hundred of these skilled workmen Friend got in then and scored enough for sewers on Baden and Commercial steadily employed on his work for the points to get the flag by a slight marnext six months. He is solicitous gin. John Indegand has given the exter- about accommodations for these men, ior of his Palo Alto building on San as he does not intend to have any of thing coming their way in the precedthem board in camp. He will not ing courses, the only marked exceptions On Tuesday Harvey Knight enlisted have a boarding camp in connection in the Fourteenth Regiment United with his work. The situation should R, who was on the shortend at 2 to 1, States Infantry destined for the Philip- be taken advantage of by our hotel and and of Metallic by Skyball. Lalla boarding house people. This is only Rookh's victory in the sapling stake the advance guard of the new forces over Lottie M was a lucky one. The vices at Grace Church tomorrow (Sunwill be followed by a much larger force of permanent workers, many of whom will want homes and all of whom must youngster was at a disadvantage when Wanted.—Some one or more persons have places to eat and sleep.

A SURE THING FOR YOU.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Bilousness, sick again, it means they re satisfied. The headache, furred tongue, fever, piles people of the United States are now and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver, the rate of two million boxes a year, Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonder- and it will be three million before ful new liver stimulant and intestinal New Year's. It means merit proved, tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to that Cascarets are the most delightful cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are bowel regulator for everybody the year All druggists.

THE BARN STORMERS.

Quite a novelty in the way of parties was introduced by Mr. and Mrs. George clearing a channel into the Fuller slip R. Sneath last Friday evening. Upat their handsome residence early in the evening and were escorted by the large hay barn. Everything in the mow had been carefully and tastefully The muster roll of minute men at this place bears the names of Pete Broner, Irving Daly, H. Q. Tilton, J. G. Stout and Herman Karbe. and banners. The room for dancing was very large and easily accommothe room similar arrangement had been made for the guests. Everybody danced; they couldn't help it. At 11 the charge of obtaining money under an adjoining room, and thereafter three months' imprisonment in the until well after midnight. The party was a most enjoyable one. The spa-Will Green left on Thursday to en- cious lawn, with its brilliant decoralist in the army. Will says he don't tions of Chinese lanterns, the picturone feel thoroughly at home, and enter into a hearty participation in the evening's pleasures.

EVERYBODY SAYS SO.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box Darby Laydon & Co., with a large of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. force of men, are rushing the work of Sold and guaranteed to cure by all

Shipments of Fruit From California.

The annual report of Gen. N. P Chipman to the California State Board of Trade on the shipments of fruit products and vegetables from California shows that for the past year the ship-638 tons in 1896. In 1894 the shipments of green deciduous fruits were the largest on record, 90,692 tons.

The shipments of dried fruits in 1897 61,386 tons.

The shipments of citrus fruits amounted to 98,547 tons, a slight falling off from the previous year.

Of raisins the shipments were 39,065 tons against 34,434 tons the previous year. The shipments of nuts were 5,-808 tons, the heaviest on record.

The shipments of canned fruits were by far the largest on record, 93,464 tons.

The total number of carloads of fruits, vegetables, and their products shipped from the State in 1897 was 48,072, against 45,257 carloads in 1895, which vious year.

TO CURE CONSTIPATION FOREVER.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. Western Meat Company. Nine hundred and sixty-eight head of beef cattle druggists refund money.

Firm Friend Defeats the Ingleside Crack.

EXCITING CLIMAX TO A SERIES OF ROYAL CONTESTS.

Who Cleverly Outfoots Lottle M. in the Final.

Fully 4000 people witnessed the defeat yesterday of the heretofore invincible Moondyne by Firm Friend, a ken-Freedom, in the final course at Union ohn Kelso."

was a 4 to 1 favorite. He had outfooted such clever flyers as Van

The wise ones practically had everybeing the defeat of Jester by Johnnie latter ran rings around St. Gertrude, but the hare that was slipped was the strongest during the afternoon and the she joined her little sister in the slips. -S. F. Chronicle.

TWO MILLIONS A YEAR.

When people bur, try, and buy buying Cascarets Candy Cathartic at

OLD SMOKESTACKS.

An Article For Which There Is Always a

Among the very great variety of things that may be bought at secondhand are smokestacks of iron or of steel. It may be that an establishment puts in a bigger boiler and wants a bigger stack. If it is using a steel or an iron stack, the old one is taken down carefully and a new one set up. The old stack may be sold to a dealer in secondhand boilers and machinery, or the owner may keep it and sell it himself to somebody that wants a secondhand smokestack. If it is sold to a dealer, he may remove it to his own yard, or it may be that the original owner keeps it books by themselves as a result of my on his premises until the dealer has A manufacturer may move from one place to another and sell the old plant, or parts of it. Here would be a secondhand smokestack. Secondhand stacks are bought by various users. It may be that the smokestack of an establishment is worn out and that the boiler is not and that a secondhand stack would last out the life of the boiler. In such a case the user would get a secondhand stack if he could find one suitable. Secondhand stacks may be used with various temporary plants set up by contractors and others. A smokestack may be blown down in a windstorm and the user supply the place of it with one bought secondhand.

as much as a brick stack. A secondhand iron stack costs about half as much as a new one. Stacks of metal are made now usually of steel. The steel used costs now less than wrought iron. There is an increasing use of steel instead of brick stacks. Steel stacks up to 6 and 7 feet in diameter would be classed as portable stacks; larger stacks would be of more or less permanent character. Steel smokestacks are now made up to 18 feet in diameter. Very large smokestacks may be lined with brick.

Secondhand smokestacks up to 2 feet in diameter are likely to be found in stock in the yard of the dealer in secondband boilers and machinery, and he is likely to have stacks of larger sizes else- tire to their dwellings: -Pittsburg Diswhere. There is always a demand for patch. secondhand smokestacks.—New York

Curious Policies.

Accident insurance policies have taken many curious shapes, ranging from the penny in the slot to the coupon in is insured for \$50 for a period of 70 days. The annual cost of this amount of insurance is about 75 cents a year, insurance is specifically set aside for the defraying of funeral expenses in the event of accidental death .-

The republic of Uruguay has more newspapers in proportion to its population than any country in the world.

BEAUTY IS BLOOD DEEP.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets -beauty for ten cents. All drugigets, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

SHE WON BEAUTIFULLY.

They boarded an east bound Market street car at Forty-first street. It was after 1 o'clock in the morning, and he wanted to smoke, having probably just dined or supped at a ball which was being given in the neighborhood. She didn't want to smoke and she didn't IS NOW IN OPERATION AT want to be separated from him.

"Come on inside the car," she plead-

"No," he answered. "I am going to moke. Go inside yourself, and when 1 have finished my cigar I will join you." But this didn't suit her.

"If you stay out here to smoke," she retorted, "I'll stay right with you." He looked at her a moment, and then evidently concluded that she was bluffing. Pulling out a big cigar, he lighted it, and, settling himself comfortably against the dashboard of the car, he began to pull away as if his life depended upon it. Nothing daunted, she took a place alongside of him and calmly fold-ing her arms started up a lively con-

versation. The spectacle was an odd one, and attracted the attention of every passenger in the car as well as of those who got on at various corners. He tried to urge her inside the car a number of times, but she refused to go. In this fashion the two rode across the bridge and half way to city hall before he weakened. The anticipated jeers of the people he knew would be on Market street in the center of the city were too much for him, and, throwing away the biggest end of his cigar, he sullenly said, "Well, if you won't go inside without me I suppose I'll have to trot along." Then he took a seat away up in the front end, and she settled herself beside him. Meanwhile the whole car smiled audibly.-Philadelphia Inquirer.

WHAT IT COSTS TO SMOKE,

A Library Which Materialized From Tabooed Five Cent Cigars.

"How can you afford all these books?" asked a young man, calling upon a friend. "I can't seem to find spare change for even the leading magazines." "Oh, that library is only my one cigar a day,' " was the reply.

"What do you mean," inquired the

visitor. "Mean? Just this: When you advised me to indulge in an occasional cigar several years ago, I had been reading about a young fellow who bought books with money that others would have burned in cigars, and I thought I would try to do the same. You may remember that I said I should allow myself one cigar a day?"

"Yes, I recall the conversation, but don't quite see the connection."

"Well, I never smoked, but I put by the price of a 5 cent cigar every day, and conviction of person or person and as the money accumulated 1 maliciously damaging its property. bought books-the very books you see." books cost no more than that! Why,

there are dollars' worth of them." "Yes, I know there are. I had six years more of my apprenticeship to serve when you advised me 'to be a drugg sts refund money. man.' I put by the money, which, at 5 cents a day, amounted to \$18.25 a year, or \$109.50 in six years. I keep those apprenticeship cigar money, and if you'd done as I did you would by time have saved many, many more dolprices, 1/4@1/2 higher.

Provisions are in good demand at prices. better off in health and self respect be steady prices.

LIVESTOCK—The quoted prices are **

sounding the farfamed "Ranz des Vaches," or cow song, and this is of a very solemn and impressive nature.

When the sun has set in the valley and the snowy summits of the mountains gleam with golden light, the herdsman who dwells upon the highest hab-A steel or iron stack costs about half itable spot takes his horn and pronounces clearly and loudly through it, as through a speaking trumpet, "Praise the Lord God." As soon as the sound is heard by the neighboring herdsmen they issue from their huts, take their Alpine horns and repeat the same words. This frequently lasts a quarter of an hour, and the call resounds from all the mountains and rocky cliffs around.

FRESH MEAT — Wholesale Butchers' prices for whole carcasses:

Beef—First quality steers, 6@6%c; second quality, 5½@5½c; First quality, cows and heifers, 5@5½c; second quality, 3½@4c.

Veal—Large,5½@6½c; small, 6½@7½c.

Mutton—Wethers,7½@8c; ewes, 7@7½c; lambs, 8@8½c.

Dressed Hogs—6½@7c.

PROVISIONS—Hams, 9½@10½c; pienic hams, 6½c: Atlanta ham, 6½c: New nounces clearly and loudly through it,

When silence again reigns, the herdsmen kneel and pray with uncovered heads. Meantime it has become quite dark. "Good night!" at last calls the highest herdsman through his horn. The words resound from all the mountains, the horns of the herdsmen and the cliffs, and the mountaineers then re-

Thrifty George Curzon.

The Hon. George Curzon, who married beautiful Miss Leiter, is decidedly canny. He recently rented a country mansion furnished, but without the family plate, and so was compelled to provide condensity for the horse. He is a country than on 5-lb tins. Canned Meats—Prices are per case of 1 dozen and 2 dozen tins: Corned Beef, 2s \$2 60; 1s \$1 50; Roast Beef, 2s \$2 60; 1s, the weekly newspaper, but the limit provide candlesticks for the house. He \$1 50. has been reached in London, where the purchaser of a book of cigarette paper purchaser of a book of cigarette paper bushaser of cigare lease he would take these candlesticks off his hands at two-thirds of what they cost. The agent demurred at first, but provided the holder of the novel policy when he discovered that they were 15 is not a cigarette fiend. The amount of in number, of japanned tin and cost 40 cents each, he selemnly agreed to pay \$4 for the lot when Curzon leaves.

> Variations on an Ancient Theme "My wife," said the tall, lantern jawed man, "is as womanly a woman as you could find, but she can hammer nails like lightning."

"Wonderful," sang the chorus. "Lightning," the tall, lantern jawed man continued, "seldom strikes twice in the same place."-Cincinnati En

quirer. The Austrian government has a Hun garian opal 3% inches long and 2% inches thick. It weighs 17 ounces and is worth \$300,000. The fire opal, of a hyacinth red to a honey yellow, with firelike reflections of bright light, is valued at from \$5 to \$10 per carat.

It Cost Him the Better Part of a Cigar to Learn Politeness. UNION COURSING PARK

COURSING PARK In the World

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

Ladies and Children Free.

Bricks for Business Blocks, Dwellings,

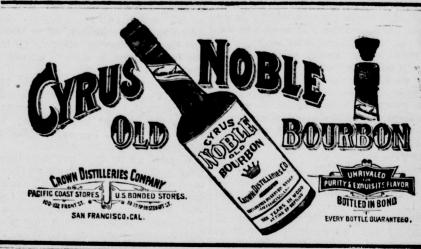
ROADWAYS, CISTERNS, SIDEWALKS, SEWERS, FOUNDATIONS, MAN-TELS, CHIMNEYS

At Kiln prices. Now is the time to build brick houses. Why not have the best for your money.

Plans and Estimates of Brick Blocks and Dwellings Furnished on Application at Prices to Suit.

BRICK BADEN

South San Francisco, Cal.



REWARD!!!

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company offer a reward of \$10 for information leading to arrest and conviction of person or persons

"You don't mean to say that your EDUCATE YOUR BOWELS WITH CASCA-RETS.

> Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c., 25c. If C. C. C. fail.

MARKET REPORT.

CATTLE-Market is firm.

The Alpine Good Night.

Among the lofty mountains and elevated valleys of Switzerland the Alpine horn has another use besides that of Switzerland the Alpine horn has a switze

No. 2 Cows and Heilers 4½@5c. thin cows, 3@4c
Hogs—Hard, grain-fed, 130 lbs and over 4½@5c; under 130 lbs. 4½@4½ rough heavy hogs, 3½@4c.
Sheep—Desirable Wethers, dressing 50lbs and under,3.50@3.75c; Ewes, 3@3½c.
Lambs—\$1.75 to \$2.00 per head, or 4@4½c.

live weight.
Calves—Under 250 lbs, alive, gross weight, 3c@31/4; over 250 lbs 3@31/4c. FRESH MEAT — Wholesale Butchers'

PROVISIONS—Hams, 9½@10½c; pienic hams, 6½c; Atlanta ham, 6½c; New York shoulder, 6½c.

Bacon—Ex. Lt. S. C. bacon. 12c; light S. C. bacon, 11¾c; med. bacon, clear, 8½c; Lt. med. bacon, clear, 9c; clear light, bacon, 10½c; clear ex. light bacon, 10½c; clear ex. light bacon, 10½c.

Beef—Extra Family, bbl, \$12 50; do, hf-bbl, \$6 50; Extra Mess, bbl, \$9 50; do hf-bbl, \$5 00.

bbl, \$6 30; Extra Mess, bbl, \$6 30; bbl \$5 00. Pork—Dry Salted Clear Sides, heavy, 8½c; do, light, 8½c; do, Bellies, 9½c; Extra Clear, bbls, \$17 50; hf-bbls, \$9 50; Soused Pigs' Feet, hf-bbls, \$4 25; do, kits, \$1 20. Lard—Prices are \$ b:

Tcs. 1/2-obts. 50s. 20s. 10s. 5s. Compound 51/4 51/4 51/4 51/4 51/4 6 61/4 Cal. pure 73/4 8 8 81/4 81/4 81/4 11 3-15 tins the price on each is 1/3c higher

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The Best in the City.

Finest Wines, Liquors & Cigars.

Bowling Alley and Summer Garden in connection with the Hotel.

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THE CALIFORNIA

Bush St., near Kearny, S. F.



THE CALIFORNIA HOTEL

European Plan Reasonable Rates

Centrally located, near all the principal places of amusement.

THE CALIFORNIA'S TABLE D'HOTE. Lunch from 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m. 75 ets.

THE BEST CUISINE IN THE METROPOLIS.

A. F. KINZLER, Manager.

Beer*, Ice

-WHOLESALE-

THOS. F. FLOOD, AGENT.

For the Celebrated Beers of the

Wieland, Fredericksburg,

United States, Chicago,

Willows and

South San Francisco BROWERIES

THE UNION ICE CO.

SOUTH SAM PRANCE Preprietor. Grand Avenue

MAY ON THE MARSHES.

Gilded with buttercups, with frost of Wild lilies-of-the-valley, the marshy

Glimmered with blue-flags countless all between

Me and the brimming stream's long line of light. And all the sweet air laughed as to

sprite, And danced and reigned with music crystalline.

With trilled and tittering melody, faint and keen, Where in the flags the marsh-wren

woke delight-Delight to break my heart; for when I

turned To meet your dark-eyed smile, to see

your face Reflect the light wherewith the sunse burned. Only the dark-eyed flags smiled up at me Only the green was touched with golden

grace. And only the marsh-wren thrilled my tears to see. -Century.

KEEPING STEP.

"Go away; it's no use, Mab," said Prisey Cartwright to her sister. "The thing has been settled ages ago so far as I am concerned. Hush up, nowhush up!"

"Ages ago!" Mab echoed, refusing to "hush up." "I believe it must be ages ago. Well, if you persist in this unreasonable course,"

"I don't persist any more than you. Look at how you did with Tom Vanduren."

"That was a long time ago. I didn't do it for an example, either. And you said at the time you wouldn't do as much for me. Then you went and did the very same thing, after all."

"Don't care," Prisey said doggedly. "I will not marry off and leave you for any man under the canopy of heaven." "Then, my dear, since we cannot get

our suitors to keep step, so to speak, we might as well make arrangements for a quiet and dignified old maidhood. Let's buy a parrot or something, Prisey."

The front door bell rang while the two young women were discussing their mutual affairs in their own room on the second floor. Just as Mab's brilliant suggestion for the purchase of a parrot had thrown both the suitors into a fit of laughter the servant girl of the boarding-house appeared at their door with a square envelope addressed to Mab.

"The boy says he's to wait for an answer."

"Here, Prisey," said Mab as soon as she had glanced at the signature, "this must be for you. It's addressed to meyes-no-wait a minute."

Then she read to herself: "My Dear Mab-Do you intend going out this evening? If not, will you see me at 8:30? I have something to say to you of the greatest importance-to my-

self, at least. "JULIUS CLEMENT." "Here, Prisey, read this." And Mab handed the letter to her sister. "What do you think he means?" Then she added, speaking gently, to avoid being heard by the servant girl, who was waiting at the door, "Do you think he's

got us mixed up?" As Prisey read the note her blue eyes widened in amazement, but she only said, "You're keeping Jane waiting,

Mab turned suddenly toward the door. "Tell the boy 'Yes.'" she said. "That's all the answer there is."

The door having closed behind the servant, there was a silence of some moments between the two sisters. They seemed to take the incident in contrast ing ways. The brunette, Mab, stared as a child might stare at an elder sister -Prisey was her elder sister-who has met with a calamity and perplexes by her coolness under it. Prisey went on with her occupation, which happened to be pulling feathers from an old hat to rearrange them on a new one.

These two orphan girls had been alone together in the world for so long that each expected to understand every inmost feeling of the other by intuition. "Don't you care?" Mab said at last.

"I?" said Prisey, looking up from her feathers for one moment. "What for? Why shouldn't he?"

"Was I right, Prisey?" "Perfectly right, child."

At the appointed hour Mr. Clement rang the ball and asked for Miss Mabel Cartwright.

"Did you say Miss Mabel?" Jane

"Yes, Miss Mabel.

Jane really felt uncertain as to whether Mr. Clement's memory had not played him a trick.

"So you have something of the greatest importance to say to me?" Mab asked him when she had taken a very straight chair opposite her visitor.

"Er-yes, Miss Mab. I hope you won't hurry me, though. Did I say 'the greatest importance' in that note I sent you? Oh, well-

"To you, I think you said. But I don't want to hurry you. It's very sloppy out of doors, isn't it?' '

"Oh, now, don't make fun of me!" "How?" asked Mab innocently. "Because I asked if it was sloppy?"

"I might as well come to the point," said Clement. "Look here, Miss Mab; of course you know what happened last night-at the Jernay's-to me, I mean." Mab only fixed her dark eyes on him

and when he hesitated said, "Go on." "Well, I want to know if-if you think-that is, if I have your sym-

pathy." Julius Clement had a fine mustache, which curled with boldness and grace, and which he always stroked and pulled when he was in doubt or in deep thought. On this occasion he was in

both, and he acted accordingly. "Do you need a great deal of sympathy?" Mab asked him.

I do." Clement answered. He had already worn out his first embarrassment and was beginning to warm to his subject. "Perhaps I ought to consider myself fortunate, rather."

"Oh, may I ask-" "Of course you may. I suppose you know what answer I got?"

"Well, no." "Just so." He laughed nervously. But then I found out something-I think."

"What did you find out?" "If your sister said 'No' it was because-it wasn't because-it was because-because she wants always to be with you, just as you are? There! Am I right?"

Mab had a way of tightening her lips which Prisey called "shutting up herself all to herself." She went through

this process now. "We were talking of buying a parrot," she said, very seriously, after a

little pause. "A parrot? What for?" "For our amusement and consola-

tion." Clement laughed at this idea so heart-

ily that Mab began to wonder. "Tell me seriously," Clement said, "isn't it something to know that somebody cares for you-even if-"

"Mr. Vanduren to see Miss Mabel Cartwright," Jane Interrupted, opening the door at this point in the interview. "Mr. Vanduren!" Mab exclaimed, not concealing her surprise.

"Oh, I-er-I intended to tell you," said Clement. "He arrived in town today, you know. You hadn't heard?"

There was some embarrassment in the meeting between this young artist and the girl who, in the language of common report, had "given him the mitten" nearly two years before. Vanduren had taken himself off to Mexico and Central America, alleging an irresistible longing to sketch nature in those parts.

"You quite surprised us," said Mab as she shook hands with the bearded last arrival, "and very pleasantly. When did you get back? Prisey will be so glad to see you again. Let me

go up and tell her you are here." Without prolixity it would be impossible to describe Vanduren's manner of receiving this suggestion. There was more than mere embarrassment, there was annoyance. Something seemed to have gone wrong. Mab saw this much, but was not clear as to what was wrong. Clement smiled a very proper, conventional smile and stroked his mustache. Vanduren mumbled something which Mab felt perfectly at liberty to take for assent. Accordingly Mab left the room and the two men stood face

to face. "You seem amused, Clement," said Vanduren, breaking the silence.

"Well, why shouldn't I?" Clement answered. "What did I tell you to-day? Of course, you didn't tell me you would be here so soon-very first evening, you know.

"I didn't think it necessary to advise you of all my movements beforehand," sand Vanduren, coldly, while he stood before the mantelpiece critically examining an applique drapery.

"That's right, Vanduren-quite right. Now, before they come down, let me tell you something." Vanduren turned quickly and faced the other man. "We have no time to lose," Clement went on, speaking hurriedly. "You may not know it, but you are my 'god out of the machine'-that's a classic allusion, you know. I'll explain it another time. See here, I knew well enough you'd be here to-night. That was why I told you I was coming. Now you want me to get

out, don't you?" For answer Vanduren only stared. "Yes, you do. Miss Prisey won't come

down." "How do you know that?"

"Never mind. No time now for argument. I only want to make a straightforward proposition to you. If I get out of this will you promise to propose to Miss Mab this very night? Yes or

"Well, I'll be-shot!" Vanduren exclaimed in an undertone.

"Yes, I know," said Clement. "It does seem a queer and quaint idea, but there'll be time for explanation later.

Yes or no?" A rustle of skirts could be heard on the stairs.

"Yes," said Vanduren, making his de cision hurriedly, as one who leaps in the dark. "Good for you-for us both." Clement

whispered to him as the skirts came nearer the door of the sitting-room. "And tell her to take a day or two to think it over-not to hurry.'

Mab, opening the door. "Prisey has a headache. You are going to be here some time, are you not-in the city? That's right. She told me to say she very glad to hear of your return."

The rest for ten or fifteen minutes was small talk, about traveling and art, Mexico and volcanoes. Then Clement, in conformity with his promise, "got out of that."

Next afternoon the two girls were together again in their room. Prisey was turning over a letter that had come to her through the mail.

"I think you might let me see it," said Mab. "I let you see mine yesterday." At last, after some hesitation, Prisey, without speaking, handed her sister the

letter, which read: "You must not think me overbold if I refuse to take your 'No' for an answer and come back again within forty-eight hours of my defeat at the Jernay's. Something leads me to the conviction that this is a specially favorable chance for me to 'try again.' Will you reconsider your decision, or is there really no hope for me?

"In the latter case mercifully end my suspense by an early answer.

"JULIUS CLEMENT." "I wonder what he means by some-

"I don't know whether I ought to say [thing,' " Prisey remarked as Mab handed her back the letter.

Mab was shutting herself up to herself to think.

"I tell you what, Prisey. That man is knew very well that Tom was coming here last night. It was a plot to force Tom Vanduren's hand. If I thought Tom was half as clever-

"But as it is?" Prisey interrupted, putting an arm about her younger sister's neck. "As it is? What?"

"Why, Prisey, I think they're keeping step at last. Don't you?" "Then we needn't advertise for a parrot?" said Prisey.

And the two sisters wrote two little notes that evening. Mab's note was to Vanduren, and it said: "Come and get your final answer to-morrow at 8 o'clock p. m." Prisey's was longer. But the effect of the two communications was much the same.

The two sisters and their two suitors kept step admirably a few weeks later to the tune of the wedding march.-Chicago Chronicle.

WHAT A WOMAN DID.

To Europe Six Times in Twelve Years -Learned Six Languages.

A plucky American woman, who began to support herself at eighteen, has shown how a poor school teacher can see Europe to the best advantage in twelve years, says the Philadelphia Times. Earning a small salary in a public school, she has taken private pupils and lived frugally, and has been able to go to Europe every other year for a two months' holiday.

Her first journey was made to England and Scotland, and was enjoyed so keenly that she planned another one, and saved money for it during the next two years. The second tour was through France, Belgium and Holland, and in order to travel comfortably she learned French during her leisure

Returning to her school work, she be gan to study German, and at the end of two years was ready for a journey up the Rhine and to Vienna, and thence through Dresden and Berlin to Bremen. With renewed ardor she plunged into the study of Italian, and at the end of two years she started for Rome. She made the round of the Italian cities, and spent a fortnight in Switzerland. Two years afterward she was in Spain, and was able to speak the language.

During the last year she has made her sixth journey to Europe, traveling through Denmark, Norway and Sweden to Russia, and spending a fortnight in Moscow. She carried with her a fair knowledge of Swedish, and not only knew the Russian alphabet so as to read the street signs, but could make her own bargains with drosky drivers and go about without a guide.

In the course of twelve years she has ada six fourneys to Surone learned to speak six modern languages, and she has supported herself entirely by her earnings as a school teacher, and has paid every penny of her traveling expenses. Starting with a painstaking study of the language of the country which she was to visit, and also preparing herself by a course of reading, she has made the best possible

use of her time abroad. The reward for all this energy and perseverance has come in her thirtieth year. Her knowledge of foreign languages has fitted her for broader work as a teacher, and she has left the public schools to take a position as instructor in French, German and Italian

in a high school for young women. There may be higher aims than those ordinarily involved in foreign travel, but the persistency of this American girl in carrying out her plans is worthy of praise. It is a great gain in any human life, if it is governed by a definite purpose and keeps that purpose steadily in mind.

What For?

One of the most curious branches of a certain London theatrical wig-maker's business is the painting and erasing of black eyes. Just as many hundreds of discolored eyes have been hidden by his art as those made for stage purposes. "A short time ago," said the wig-maker to an interviewer, "a man rushed into my office and said he wanted me to paint him a fine black eye-one that would not be distinguishable from "I'm so sorry, Mr. Vanduren," sald a genuine one. I was surprised and amused. 'Whatever do you want that for? I asked. 'Well,' he said hesitatingly, 'it's like this, you see. Before I left this morning I had a tiff with my wife, hopes you'll come again soon. She was and she actually went so far as to strike me in the face. I know she repented it immediately afterwards; but I want to teach her a lesson. So just make me up as good a black eye as possible, please, and when I get home, I will show her what her temper was responsible for.' "

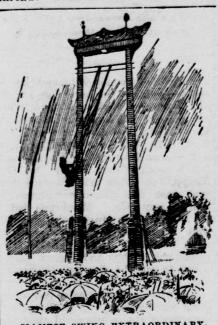
Rain for Plants. Rain does plants comparatively little good until it enters the soil, where it can be absorbed by their roots. A daily record of the amount of water in the soil would indicate whether the indications were favorable or otherwise for certain crops. There is a plan for burying specially constructed electrodes in the soil, in order that by measuring the resistance to the passage of a current through the soil the amount of moisture can be ascertained. This method was suggested by the necessity of grounding thoroughly telephone and telegraph lines. If the terminals are not continually in a moist soil the lines do not work during dry seasons.

The favorite punch of the modern pugilist is served in a glass.

THIS IS INDEED A SWING.

Ninety Feet High, and Speeds at Mile-a-Minute Gate.

The enterprising Yankee who should no fool." Mab paused a while for furth- erect a swing of the dimensions of the er meditation. "Yes," she went on, "it one shown in this picture would make will take a pretty sagacious woman to a fortune in a season-if he wasn't armanage Mr. Clement. He sees into rested the first day he started his danthings, does Mr. Clement. Came here gerous apparatus. What do you think last night to ask for my sympathy, eh? of flying through the air at the rate of Forgot to mention that Tom Vanduren a mile a minute, suspended by a mere was in town. My dear Priss, that man thread? That is what the Slamese



SIAMESE SWING EXTRAORDINARY.

trapezists do. It is not so professional as some of the performances seen in

this country. The exciting spectacle of two men, literally risking their necks in midair, is seen only at the Siamese harvest festivals, at which all Siam congregates. The attention of the crowd is directed to the performance of the swinging games by a great blare of trumpets. The swing itself is like any ordinary child's swing, except for its enormous size. The pillars are over ninety feet high, and the seat of the swing is about halfway between the ornamented cross-bar and the ground.

Fair Cuban Eager for War. Miss Fredisvinda Sanchez, of Ibo City, Fla., was the first Cuban young lady to volunteer from this country to go with the Red Cross Society. Miss Sanchez is the belle of Ibor City, a suburb of Tampa, inhabited mostly by



thinkfill - 1

MISS FREDISVINDA SANCHEZ. people of Cuban extraction. She has taken great interest in the struggle of the insurgent leaders. She declared that if she couldn't go as a nurse to care for the wounded she would take a rifle and join the Cuban arms, and she

is a good shot. Sending Messages at Sea. This is the way messages are sent from ship to ship during the daytime.



GIVING AND RECEIVING SIGNALS. and the officers on the bridge are reading like signals coming from the other

Where a Battle Was Fought. An antique earthen vessel of Spanish design, half filled with gold dust, dug with other valuables from the ground in an uninhabitable spot in the Indian Territory, is the latest discovered evidence to corroborate an old Indian tradition to the effect that one of the most cruel battles ever fought on American soil was an engagement between the Spaniards and the native Indians that has never been recorded in history. T. B. Powell, of Webber's Falls, while breast, it will bear a man up for hours. walking in his yard, stumbled on what he found to be a peculiarly shaped earthen vessel. He dug it up, and found it to contain about fifty old Spanish and American coins, some of which dated as far back as 1726. His curiosity having been excited, he excavated in the spot, and found a much larger vessel of the same shape, containing what proved to be more than a gallon of pure

gold dust. It has long been an Indian tradition that in the last part of the eighteenth century, or the first of the nineteenth, the native Indians of what is now the territory, and the encroaching Spaniards from the South, fought an awful battle in the territory, and that the In- to war as he pretends to the reporters of coffee.

dians were so badly routed that they retreated with great loss of life, and never returned to retrieve the valuable jewelry and gold they had buried near the battle-field just before the engagement to prevent the Spaniards from obtaining it in case of their success. In the past few years the territory in the neighborhood of Webber's Falls, a little town near Chelsea, has become inhabited by the whites, and so frequently have relics of the ancient Spaniards and the Indians been unearthed that the Indian story of the battle has gained credence in that section.

The Triumph of "Danny." Several years before the discovery of oil at Pithole an Irishman named Mc-Carthy and his son Dan came to this country from the Emerald Isle, says Bazar. Dan was a young man of 20, but his father looked upon him as a mere boy, and seemed to take delight

in ridiculing him before people. "Yis, Dan is a good by," he would say sarcastically, "but, Danny, me b'y, yez'll niver set the river on fire."

This was his stock of witticism, and it annoyed Dan very much, but he did his best and soon surprised the old gentleman by securing a lucrative job.

"Yis, Danny has a job all right," he said; "it's a dollar and a half a day, but the b'y'll niver set the river on fire. Not

When oil was found at Pithole, Dan hurried to the scene, and was soon earning unusually large wages as a teamster. All the petroleum was drawn in barrels, and teams were in great demand. He saved his money, bought an acre of land, and soon had a well drilled that was producing 100 barrels of oil per day at \$10 per barrel. The older McCarthy joined him, saw the well, received a liberal gift of money, and then shook his head ominously.

"'Tis a good thing, Danny," he croaked; "ye're doin' well; but mark me wourds, yez'll niver set the river on

A few days later a flood wrecked one of Dan's small wooden tanks, the oil ran down the river, and there was great excitement. As Dan and his father stood on the bank watching the oil float away, Dan drew a match and lighted it. "Father," he said coolly, "the next toime yez say Oi'll niver set the river on fire, plaze remimber that Oi had a chance wanst, and-and didn't do ut,

Then he blew out the match.

A Fickle Weathercock.

An old saying, "Fickle as a weathercock," once received a striking refutation in the experience of Dr. W. E. Channing. The famous Boston preacher, being of a feeble constitution, was led to go to extremes in protecting himself against the cold, penetrating air of the winter in Boston; at such times nothing would induce him to go out of the house, even in a carriage, if the wind was from the east.

A friend not having heard from Dr. Channing for three weeks, notwithstanding that the weather had been unusually mild and agreeable, feared that he might be ill and called at his home to inquire. He found Channing in his library, the sun streaming through the closed windows, and a blazing fire in the grate; the room was almost suffocating. The doctor himself seemed in his usual health and spirits. Naturally, the visitor asked why he was not enjoying the soft air and sunshine. Channing shook his head and said: "Impossible, my friend. I dare not, and you know I never venture out of doors in an east wind."

"But the wind has been in the south for the last three weeks!" urged his friend.

"You are greatly mistaken," rejoined the doctor. "Look at the weather vane!" and he pointed triumphantly to the weathercock of a neighboring church. "But that vane has not moved for the

last three weeks. It wants oiling," was the response The good doctor had been kept a prisoner for three weeks by a rusty weath.

ercock!-Youth's Companion. Cooking Meals by a Volcano.

A volcano is not generally looked upon as affording comfort to the weary climber, but a party of four mountaineers derived warmth and succeeded in cooking their meals by the volcanic heat in the crater of Mount Ranier. They ascended the mountain and a storm came on, which broke into a hurricane after they had crawled over the rim of the great crater. The steam which ascended from the hot, sulphurladen springs served to cook some prunes and to soften hard tack, which they had brought with them. The hurricane raged for four days and three nights, and they were kept prisoners, not being able to descend on account of the storm. During this period they cooked their food and managed to keep themselves warm through the volcanic heat in the crater.

Hats as Life Preservers.

It is generally known that when a person falls into the water a common felt hat can be made use of as a life preserver. By placing the hat upon the water, rim down, with the arm round it pressing it slightly to the

Couldn't See It.

"I don't see where I come in on your cheme," said Uncle Silas to the fire insurance agent. "If I pay you a hundred dollars I lose the hundred; and if my house burns down I lose the house. Seems as if I was doomed anyhow!"-Harper's Bazar.

An Ancient Tub.

An old Roman tub well has been discovered at Silchester. It is in a comparatively perfect state of preservation, though 1,000 years have elapsed since it was made.

Possibly no man is as anxious to go

NEED NO WAGONS.

Colombo Washerwomen Carry Great

Loads of Linen on Their Heads. The Chicago laundress with a good custom is quite apt to have her own cart and horse to collect the washing she does at home, says the Daily News. In Colombo it is different. There the washerwoman packs the linen into one



WASHERWOMAN OF COLOMBO.

huge bundle fully as large as herself and, putting it on her head, calmly walks off with it, in no wise inconvenienced by the weight. Usually she takes it to the bank of some stream and rubs the clothes on flat stones. Modern tubs and patent wringers have no charms for her.

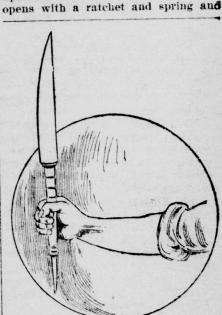
Fort Along the Trocha. The Spanish trocha in Cuba is a form

of fortification running along the coast



SPANISH USE OF BARBED WIRE. for fifty miles, with a jungle on either side, in which barbed wire is used extensively. The picture shows one of the forts along the trocha.

Ugly Weapon Used by Spanish. The navajo is carried by almost every Spaniard not of the upper classes. It



THE NAVAJO. has a blade long and ugly. The weapon is used with the blade up and the ripping wound it inflicts is frequently

Right Way to Cut a Cable. When the Havana cable was "cut" the men who performed the task did no sever the parts completely, but left



accompanying sketch. So with the

Manila cable. There is an art in doing

everything-a right way and a wrong. Queer Kinds of Fuel.

In Southern California, in the pea districts, peach stones are not uncommonly used as fuel. They are sold at the canneries by the wagon load. Peach stones burn freely and make very good fire. On the homeward voyage of vessels in the cocoanut trade cocoanuts are used for fuel, as they are also while the vessel is lying at her wharf discharging, not sound nuts, but such as are decayed and not salable. The nuts are broken before they are put into the stove. Cocoanuts burn

freely and make a good hot fire. How to Detect Chicory. Coffee which is suspected of containing chicory may be sprinkled on the surface of a glass of clear water. Cof-

fee floats, while the chicory, bein heavy, sinks, leaving a brown tra through the water. Chicory is soft to the touch and will crumble between the fingers, unlike the hard, gritty particle.

WHAT IS GOING ON IN THE RE-LIGIOUS WORLD.

News Notes from All Lands Regarding Their Religious Thought and Movement-What the Great Denominations Are Doing.

The Dignity of Life. T OW trivial seem the circumstan-L ces that sometimes unexpectedly come to us, and give, under the providence of God, direction and impulse to our lives! Truly we 'live and move and have our being" in God. The slightest change in our human relations, the falling of

an autumnal leaf, the shadows lengthening around us at eventide, the pale, sad face of the sufferer whom we casually meet by the way-these, with ten thousand other incidents in life, are profoundly significant. God watches every one of them. Intent upon our highest good. He approaches us and influences us by the smallest events; nothing is overlooked affairs is always in love. And these slightest variations in our human lives, so insignificant-less visible in their effects than the unobserved ripple that breaks upon the shore-are suddenly invested with wondrous meaning when we rightly view them. These variations are made, in the divine thought, the connecting links through which our whole subsequent lives become resplendent.

When we go forth each day to our appointed tasks, what consecration and divine trusts should mark our choices! How near to Him should we live! How painstaking to seize all those little threads of influence which are secretly woven into the texture of life; little in human thought, but mighty, so often, in the formation of character in ourselves and others! How can we live a single hour without prayer? How we ought to cherish habits of charity toward all, increasing the sum of human happiness by our godly cheerfulness, stimulating the virtuous, helping the weak, sympathizing with the distressed, advocating the cause of the oppressed! In this way it will be found that the Master meets us daily in the way, going before us in everything to direct our steps. Thus, in companionship with Him, we shall be always ready to hear Him speak the final words: "Well done, thou good and faithful servant; thou hast been faithful over a few things, I will make thee ruler over many things; enter thou into the joy of thy Lord!"

Living at Our Best,

Do not try to do a great thing; you may waste all your life waiting for the opportunity which may never come. But since little things are always claiming your attention, do them as they come, from a great motive, for the glory of God, to win his smile of approval, and to do good to men. It is harder to plod on in obscurity, acting thus, than to stand on the high places of the field, within the view of all, and to do deeds of valor at which rival armies stand still to gaze. But no such act goes without the swift recognition and the ultimate recompense of Christ.

To fulfill faithfully the duties of your station; to use to the uttermost the gifts of your ministry; to bear chafing annoyances and trivial irritations as martyrs bore the pillory and stake; to find the one noble trait in people who try to molest you; to put the kindest construction on unkind acts and words; to love with the love of God even the unthankful and evil; to be content to be a fountain in the midst of a wild valley of stones, nourishing a few lichens and wild flowers, or now and again a thirsty sheep; and to do this always, and not for the praise of man, but for the sake of God-this makes a great life .- F. B. Meyer.

A Little Sermon. Be strong to hope, O Heart! Though day is bright, The stars can only shine In the dark night. Be strong, O heart of mine, Look toward the light.

Be strong to bear, O Heart! Nothing is vain; Strive not, for life is care. And God sends pain; Heaven is above, and there

Be strong to love, O Heart! Love knows not wrong; Didst thou love, creatures even Life were not long; Didst thou love God in heaven, Thou wouldst be strong.

-Adelaide Anne Proctor.

The Making of Character. Do not let us suppose that character requires great circumstances for the making. Character can be made in poor circumstances. There are huge manufactories in this country, with magnificent machinery, with chimneys belching forth clouds of black smoke, to pollute the air, where they turn out carpets of most wonderful aspects, which would almost make you ill to look at, and which perish quickly in the poing. Far away in the East, in some poor little hut, an Hastern workman is working with threads of many colors beside him; he has been toiling for years, and when he has finished he will have turned out a single square of such beautiful coloring and such perfect workmanship that when it comes to this country it will be bought at a great price, and the owner's great grandchildren will see it fresh and beautiful. So much for the great manufactory and upon our own affairs.

CHAT OF THE CHURCH | the whirling wheels and the noise and the smoke; so much for the quietness | FOR LITTLE FOLKS. | a long tube, like a thin stick, only holand obscurity of a single workman!-Rev. John Watson, D. D. (Ian Mac-

> Attentive to Duty. "Are you not afraid to live here?" said a visitor to a lighthouse keeper. "It is a dreadful place to be constantly in."

> "No," replied the man, "I am not afraid; we never think of ourselves here."

"Never think of yourselves! How is that?"

"We know that we are perfectly safe and only think of having our lamps brightly burning, and keeping the reflectors clear, so that those in danger

may be saved." That is what Christians ought to do. They are safe in a house built on a Rock which cannot be moved by the wildest storm; and, in a spirit of holy unselfishness, they should let their light gleam across the dark waters of sin, that they who are imperiled may be guided into the harbor of eternal safety.-Ram's Horn.

What to Say in Trouble.

In time of trouble say: First-He brought me here; it is by his will that I am in this straight place;

in that I will rest. Next-He will keep me in his love, and give me grace in this trial to behave as his child.

Then-He will make the trial a blessby Him. His ordering of our minutest ing-teaching me the lessons he means me to learn, and working in me the grace he intends for me.

Last-In his own good time he can bring me out again-and how and when he knows

say: I am here-1. By God's appointment. 2. In his keeping. 8. Under his training. 4. For his time.-Rev. Andrew Murray.

Convert Making Truth.

There can be no effective gospel minlstry without the atonement of Calvary. There can be no truly successful missionary or evangelical operations without the blood of the Crucified. There can be no soul-saving work in the home, or in the Sabbath school, or in the church or in the community, and a half he has been in the possession where the atonement of Christ is ignored or despised. Only he who truly and fully presents and magnifies the sacrifice of Christ has the assurances of a harvest of salvation benefits .-Presbyterian.

Prayer Better than Worry. There is not much gain in thinking about the things over which one can have no control. It is better to leave them prayerfully with God. The man who tries to think of such things worries. He is worried about his health and about the weather and about his family, and about the wickedness of the world, until he has learned the lesson of prayer. Then he does the best

he can each day and leaves the rest with God. Truth Is Truth. There are times in the history of every individual, as well as every church, where things look blue. When there is a going back on the truth once attained. and when the ordinances of worship are corrupted, and when men who once spoke out against the inroads of corruption become silent as the grave, it looks blue for the rest of the faithful ones But no matter who comes or who goes,

Subjects of Thought. Ennui is a malady for which the only remedy is work; pleasure is only a palliation.

truth is truth, and God is true to it .-

Christian Instructor.

They pass best over the world who trip over it quickly, for it is but a bog -if we stop we sink.

If we could be happy, we should open our ears when among the good and shut them when among the bad.

What men want is not talent, it is purpose; in other words, not the power to achieve, but the will to labor.

True goodness is like the glowworm in this, that it shines most when no eyes except those of heaven are upon it. Temperance and labor are the two best physicians of men; labor sharpens

him from indulging in excess. Studying human nature from a disinterested point of view is one thing. Remarking its rise and fall from an interested standpoint is another.

the appetite, and temperance prevents

Consciousness of error is to a certain extent a consciousness of understanding; and correction of error is the plain-

est proof of energy and mastery. There is a great difference between being in the world and having the world in us. Let a ship be in the water and it is all right, but let the water be

in the ship and down she goes. No man lives without jostling and being jostled. In all ways he has to elbow himself through the world, giving and taking offense. His life is a battle in so far as it is an entity at all.

Man postpones or remembers. He does not live in the present, but with reverted eye laments the past, or, heedless of the riches that surround him, stands on tiptoe to foresee the future, He cannot be happy and strong until he, too, lives with nature in the present, above time.

Heroes of principle are the demand of the hour-men who believe something and who will not swerve from what they believe, and who are not time-servers, weather cocks, fickle and variable; these are the characters most necessary to-day to the stability and

progress of society. It is a very poor record when night comes if we have been spending every hour of the day with our thoughts bent wholly upon our own pleasure or profit. If this is a sad way to spend one day, how much worse is it when we spend a week, a month, a year, selfishly bent

A COLUMN OF PARTICULAR IN-TEREST TO THEM.

Something that Will Interest the Juvenile Members of Every Household -Quaint Actions and Bright Sayings of Many Cute and Cunning Children.

Sleepy Heads and Wide Awakes. Oh, the sleepy head girls, they nap in a

Heigh ho.

Nap in a row! Annie and Fannie and Bessie and Flo, Oh, the sleepy head girls! Dollies neglected and duties forgot, Never a wide awake girl in the lot, Never a lassie to pin or to sew, Oh, the sleepy head girls!

Oh, the sleepy head boys, they nod in a row!

Heigh ho,

Nod in a row! Freddie and Neddie and Jimmie and Joe, Oh, the sleepy head boys! Horses and implements lying at hand, Never a wide awake boy in the band, Never a laddie to plow and to sow, Oh, the sleepy head boys!

Oh, the wide awake folks, they dance in

a row! Hip! Ho!

Dance in a row! Annie and Fannie and Jimmie and Joe, Wide awake girls and boys! For all the sleepy heads left with the

dark. And lassies and laddies are up with the lark,

Freddie and Neddie and Bessie and Flo, Wide awake girls and boys! -Cleveland Plain Dealer

The Oldest Animal on Earth.

In the days when Elizabeth was at the height of her power there was born a turtle in the island of Aldabra, which is situate between Madagascar and Mozambique. That tortoise is still alive and in good health. Shakspeare, Cecil, Raleigh and Essex have voted with the silent majority, but the turtle is still only a possibility of steaks and soup. He is the oldest living animal on the face of the earth. For a century of a family in Mauritius, whose ances-



A CONTEMPORARY OF SHAKSPEARE.

tors brought him from his native Aldabra. Experts say that he is at least 300 years old. Besides being the oldest animal alive, he is the largest turtle the reply, "she said you was the sweetin the world and measures 5 feet 6 inches over his shell. When he stands up he is 3 feet high and the breadth of his shell is 2 feet 6 inches.

The other day Walter Rothschild brought him to England and presented him to the zoological gardens.

A Brave Act Rewarded.

Mr. Edison, who is known all over e world as a great electrician. poor boy. He sold newspapers, he ran errands, he did everything an honest boy could do to support himself. The following story, relating to an event in his boyhood, shows that he was a brave

One summer forenoon, while the train was being taken apart and made up anew, a car was uncoupled and sent down the track with no brakeman to control it. Edison, who had been looking at the fowls in the poultry yard, turned just in time to see little Jimmie on the main track throwing pebbles

danger. He dropped his papers on the platform, seized the child in his arms, and threw himself off the track, face downward, in sharp, fresh gravel ballast, without a second to spare. As it was the wheel of the car struck the heel of

over his head, utterly unconscious of

his boot. "I was in the ticket office," says the child's father, "and, hearing a shriek, ran out in time to see the train hands bringing the two boys to the platform." Having no other way of showing his gratitude, the agent said:

"Al, if you will stop off here four days in the week, and keep Jimmie out of harm's way until the mixed train returns from Detroit, I will teach you

telegraphing."

"Will you?" said Edison. "I will."

He extended his hand and said: "It's a bargain," and so Edison became a telegrapher.—Selected.

"Goldie-dear." My Latest Pet. Guess what he is, children. He has pretty, bright wings; yet he is not a bird. He eats honey like a bee; but he has no sting. He washes his face like a kitten; yet is no cat. His head is something like that of a grasshopper; but he cannot jump. What can he be! He has a proboscis-like tube through which he eats, and he walks on four legs like an elephant; yet he is only a beautiful butterfly, with a black spot

on each wing! He flew into my room one warm spring day, when I had doors and windows open. But the very next day it snowed, and poor Goldie had to remain a prisoner. For a full week the weather kept very cold, and he sat motionless on the sitting-room window, where he could get what sunshine there was. But by and by he began to droop, and I began to wonder if he was not hungry. But what could I give him to eat? Did butterflies eat honey like bees? I asked. It certainly would do no harm to try, and as I had none in the house I boiled

tell you what it's for. The armless wonder, who writes with some sugar and water together in a

spoon, and as soon as it was cool gave his toes, to never handy with the pen.

done, he began to fly about the window-panes, as if he wanted to get out, but I did not let him, as he was better It does not do to handle a butterfly, so in the evening I always made him walk on a bit of thin board, and set it with him on the mantelpiece in the warmest part of the room. He then would fold we might take his word for all this?"

his wings up straight, and remain till By and by I got him some honey, and thought I had done great things for him; but it must have been too sweet for him, or else he ate too much of it (he did not tell me which), for he died at reviews."

Willie, aged 4, had a new baby brother. The first time he saw him he walked around him two or three times viewing him critically and asked: "Say, mamma, what did that kid say when the Harry, aged 5, was reading aloud to his mother about a ship and came a pity," said a lady, "that he doesn't across a passage saying: "And she steamed down the river." "Why is a player. Samson was the first actor

ship called 'she,' Harry?" asked his mother. "Well, I guess it's because she has to have a man to boss her," was the "Oh, papa," exclaimed little 4-year old Ned, "look what a bright star!" "Yes." replied the mather, "and it is three times as large as our earth." "Oh, no, it isn't," said Ned. "Why do you He found them depressed. "How are doubt it?" asked his father. "Because if it was it would keep the rain off," Little 3-year-old Bessie was watching

her mother drive a nail one day, when the latter accidentally bruised her thumb and exclaimed: "Oh, my gracious!" "Why did 'ou say zat?" asked Bessie. "I don't know. What should I say?" queried her mother. "Well," said Bessie, after a moment's reflection, The little 4-year-old daughter of a minister was visiting and at dinner found the carving was about to begin

without the customary grace. Calling out loudly: "Wait a minute," she folded her hands and, bowing her head, repeated "Now I lay me," etc., all the The celebrated Massimo family in way through. This done, she raised her head and waving her hand to the carver, said: "Now you can let her go." There is a little 5-year-old girl in Chi-

cago who evidently appreciates her mother partly because she is her mother and partly because of self-appreciation. "Mamma," she said the other morning, "guess what Mabel's mamma said about you at the party last night." 'I don't know, I'm sure. What was it, dear?" asked her mother. "Why," was est little girl's mother in Chicago."

A STATESMAN OF RUSSIA.

low; this he put right into the sweet

drop, and sucked till he had enough.

spring and tucked it away (I think

under his nose), and began washing his

face with both forefeet at once. This

off indoors while it was so cold.

soon after-Youth's Companion.

barber sheared all his hair off?"

Out of the Mouths of Babes.

morning.

reply.

was the logical reply.

"'ou might say ze 'mandments."

Then he curled it up like a tiny watch-

How a Great Reaction Was Caused by Constantine Pobedonostzeff.

Ambassador Andrew D. White contributes to the Century a sketch of "A Statesman of Russia," Constantine Pobedonostzeff, Procurator-General of the Most Holy Synod. After speaking of the death of Alexander II. at the time when he was granting Iberal institutions, Mr. White says

At his death the sturdy young guardsman became the Emperor Alexander III. It is related by men conversant with Russian affairs that at the first meeting of the imperial councilors, Loris-Melikoff, believing that the young sovereign would be led by filial reverence to continue the liberal policy to which the father had devoted his life, made a speech taking this for granted, and that the majority of the councilors seemed fully in accord with him, when suddenly there arose in the council this tall, gaunt, scholarly man, who, at first very simply, but finally with burning eloquence, presented a different view.

According to the chroniclers of the period, Pobedonostzeff told the Emperor that all so-called liberal measures, including the constitution, were a delusion; that, however such things might be suited to Western Europe, they were not suited to Russia; that the constitution of that empire had been from time immemorial the will of the autocrat. directed by his own sense of responsibility to the Almighty; that no other constitution was possible in Russia; that this alone was fitted to the traditions, the laws, the ideas of the hundred millions of various races under the sway of the Russian scepter; that in other parts of the world constitutional liberty, so called, had already shown itself an absurdity-socialism, with its plots and bombs, appearing in all quarters, attempts making against rulers of nations everywhere, and the best of presidents having been assassinated in the very country where free institutions were supposed to have taken the most complete hold. He insisted that the principle of authority in human government was to be saved, and that this principle existed as an effective

force only in Russia. This speech is said to have carried all before it. As its immediate result came the retirement of Loris-Melikoff, followed by his death, not long afterward, upon the Riviera; the entrance of Pobedonostzeff among the most cherished councilors of the Emperor; and, as the consequence of this, the suppression of the constitution, the discouragement of every liberal tendency, and that complete reaction which is in full force at the present hour.

Nine out of every ten men whose names are signed to a petition couldn't

When Tom Sheridan was reading Euclid with his tutor, he found it very tedious, and after a time he asked: 'Was Euclid a good man?" The tutor did not know. "Was he an honorable, truthful man?" "We know nothing to the contrary." "Then don't you think

When the Athenaeum Club was first founded, Croker, one of its founders, was urgent that no man should be admitted who had not in some way distinguished himself in literature. Soon after he proposed the Duke of Wellington, when some one said: "The duke has never written a book." "True," replied Croker; "but he is a capital hand

A clever remark made at a London dinner not long ago is reported by the Bazar's correspondent. They were talking of George Alexander, the English actor, and some one remarked that his rea! name was Samson. "What who brought down the house!"

A Scotchman living in London recently ran across two of his countrymen, and took them with him to a big public dinner. In his hospitality he sent to their table champagne, and yet more champagne, and after a time went to see personally how they were faring. you getting on?" he asked. The reply came: "Oh, we're gettin' on fine, but we're verra fateeggit with thae mineral waters."

A judge of the Bombay high court, who is pompous in manner and never forgets that he is a judge, was walking up and down the platform of a small railway station up-country just before taking his seat in the train. At that moment a hot and perspiring Englishman rushed on to the platform and said to the judge: "Is this the Bombay train?" The judge coldly remarked: "I am not the station master." The other man at once retorted: "Then, confound you sir, why do you swagger

Rome, who claim descent from Quintus Fablus Maximus, the dictator, have just celebrated, as they do annually, the anniversary of the restoration to life of Paolo Massimo, who died in 1583 and was miraculously revived by St. Philip Nerl. It was to the grandfather of the present Prince Massimo that Napoleon put the question: "And are you so sure you really are descended from Quintus Fabius Maximus?" "Well," answered the prince calmly, "they have been saying so here in Rome for the last two thousand years."

A certain novelist, who recently received from a lady an unstamped letter asking the loan of his book, on the plea that she could not obtain it at the booksellers' in her own town, sent her a reply worded as follows: "Dear Madam: In the town where you reside there appears to be a lack of all sorts of things which are easily procurable elsewhere -not only my recent work, but also of postage stamps for letters. I have in my possession, it is true, the book you desire to obtain, and also the stamps to pay its carriage, but, to my regret, I am without the necessary string to make it into a parcel. If you can supply me with a piece I am at your serv-

A temperance lecturer once addressed an unconvinced audience in Kentucky. and when he made the announcement that the effect of alcohol is to shorten life, he was astonished to see an old man rise at the back of the hall and shout, "You're a llar!" "Why?" inquired the advocate of Adam's ale. Because, sir, I've been drinking for seventy-five years, and I'm ninety and am likely to live to be 100. I am strong enough to lick you if you'll step outside." "Oh, no doubt, sir. You're an exception, sir. If you keep on drinking"-the lecturer paused. "What?" asked the impatient old toper. "If you keep on drinking, you'll have to be shot on judgment day."

When the Methodist conference at Lawrence, Kan., was almost ready to close, some of the ministers were discussing the appointments, and agreed among themselves that everything was coming out satisfactorily, the appointments having been all fixed up. Then another preacher bade his brethren not to be too sure. "For," said he, "I was in conference with Bishop Fowler once, and we fixed everything up, and then the bishop asked to be allowed to commune with God awhile. The rest of us retired, and from the condition in which we found the appointments when we came back, I should say that, if the bishop talks with God again today, he is likely to break that slate of ours into pieces so small that we can't write our names on 'em.'

Sir William Rowan Hamilton, professor of astronomy in the Dubin University, used to recall, with a humorous melancholy, his first meeting with his predecessor, Bishop Brinkley, when, said he. "I am afraid I offended him." Hamilton was a youth of eighteen, and sat next him at some public luncheon. They did not speak, and the younger man felt that good manners required him to break the silence. His eye happened to rest on a large map of Van Diemen's Land, hanging on the wall. "My lord," said he, turning to the bish-"were you ever in Botany Bay?" The bishop turned to him with a look of severe displeasure. "Eat your soup, sir!" thundered the old gentleman; "eat your soup!" And then it occurred to

was asking whether he had ever been "transported," for at that time Botans Bay was where desperate criminals were sent.

MISTAKES OF INSECTS.

Present Day Naturaliets Dony That They Reason.

Few scientific prejudices have been more difficult to overcome than that which removes from animals the ressoning faculty, and probably many years will yet elapse before it will be recognized that all animals which come under ordinary observation are endowed with the same kind of faculty, although developed in various degrees of a descending scale, which distinguishes man and the so-called higher organisms. The bee and ant have been frequently held up as the best exponents of the instinct class, and more recently of the "exceptional" animals which developed reasoning powers; and it was a rude shock, not only to the layman, but as well to the scientist, when Sir John Lubbock, as the result of an almost endless series of experiments, aunounced a few years ago that these animals were "sadly wanting" both in their instinctive and intellectual traits. In other words, there were many times when both instinct and intelligence erred for them. Some most remarkable instances of

the erring of instinct among insects have frequently been noted by naturalists, and they add an interesting chapter to the physiology of sense. One of these was the case of a butterfly, which persisted in visiting the artificial flowers on a lady's bonnet, mistaking them for the natural product. Another, and perhaps more striking, instance of fault is noted by the distinguished French entomologist, M. R. Blanchard, and concerns a species of sphinx moth, which entered a hotel room in the half obscurity of early morning, and was found to flit with direct intent to definite parts of walls and ceilings. These were decorated with paintings of leaves and flowers, and to the latter the insect approached in repeated attacks, thrusting forward its proboscis, as though intent upon intruding it into the opened cups of the beguiling flowers. After repeated failures and the resulting discouragement, the effort was given up, and the sphinescaped by the window outs case of self-decopion is interesting in another way, inasmuch as it proves that it is not always the sense of smell, but at times that of sight, which directs insects to their flowers.-Washington THE REAL PROPERTY. Star.

Mysterious Defects in Engines. Defects often develop in steam engines and other machines that are very mysterious in their origin, and call for great ingenuity in detecting the cause. Unless a man in charge of an engine develops habits of close observation he is likely to be easily beaten when anything unusual takes place.

We read lately of a tendency to run away of a Corliss engine, which was a great mystery for a time. The engine would speed up for a few moments without any apparent cause and drop back to its normal speed without anything being done. The engine was taken apart and examined carefully, and particular attention was devoted to the governor, but nothing wrong could be found. One day, while the engineer was looking at the engine. it suddenly speeded up about fifty revolutions above the normal, and before the steam could be shut off it dropped back to the regular speed. The engine was stopped, the governor again taken apart, the valve mechanism examined and a minute inspection made over the whole machine and nothing could be found the matter.

Some of the people about were beginning to think that this erratic engine was acting outside of natural laws and that a real mystery surrounded the tendency to run away. By accident the engineer grasped the governor belt and was surprised to find that the pulley turned on the shaft. The pulley was of the common kind, made in two pieces and bolted together, being held to the shaft by the friction of the parts. The bolts had worked loose and permitted the pulley to turn on the shaft at

short intervals. When hearing about this mystery the surprise we experienced was that the engineer did not thoroughly examine that pulley after he had looked at the

Tabby Takes the Elevator.

The Philadelphia bourse is the home of a very intelligent cat. This tabby, which is coal black, without a single white spot upon her, has a fondness for traveling in the elevator. She is perfectly at home there, and travels up and down many times daily. She goed to the door of the elevator shaft and mews until the car comes along and takes her on. The various elevator men are very careful of her, for she is a great mouser, and in the bourse, as in other big buildings, mice are troublesome. These little pests frequently destroy valuable documents supposedly safely stowed away in desks and draw ers. Tabby notifies the elevator men what floor she desires to get off upon by mewing loudly as the car comes to the particular story. In this way she makes a tour of inspection of the entire building.—Philadelphia Record.

Weeds Killed by Electricity. Effectricity is used to destroy weeds in a new device which can be used on an ordinary mowing machine, one wire of the dynamo being attached to the cutting bar and the other ground through one of the wheels, so that the weeds are cut when damp a curre of electricity enters each root a

burns it as the top is cut. The confidence man is an adept at making farming profitable.

You can never tell what a woman Hamilton that the bishop thought he a jury is going to do.

TO MANUFACTURERS

Who desire a location combining every feature conducive to prosperity, sufficiently near to San Francisco to enjoy all the privileges of a site in the metropolis, and yet sufficiently remote to escape the heavy taxation and other burdens incident to the city.

Where a ship canal enables vessels to discharge their cargoes on the various wharves already completed for their accommodation.

Where large ferry boats enter the large ferry slip now in use, and land passengers, freight and whole trains of cars. Where an independent railroad system gives ample switching privileges to every industry.

Where a private water-works plant, with water mains extending throughout the entire manufacturing district, supplies an abundance of pure artesian water at rates far below city prices.

Where some of the largest industries in the State are today located and in full operation.

Where hundreds of thousands of dollars have already been spent in perfecting the locality for manufacturing purposes.

Where the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company own THIRTY-FOUR HUNDRED acres of land and Seven Miles of

Water Front on the San Francisco Bay, and on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Where, in fact, rail, wharf and other privileges are unexcelled for manufacturing purposes by any other locality on the coast.

If you desire such a location come and see what we have in South San Francisco, San Mateo County.

For further information call or address

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.

202 SANSOME ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

TO HOME-SEEKERS

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company, comprising many San Francisco, Chicago and New York capitalists, created in San Mateo county a new town site known as South San Francisco. This town site is situated on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and also on the Southern Pacific Bay Shore Railroad, soon to be finished; it is also at the terminus of the San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railway.

South San Francisco was platted as a town just prior to the great financial panic of 1893 and 1894; during all that period of financial wreck and ruin, when almost every new enterprise and many old-established institutions were actually swept out of existence, she has held her own and is to-day a prosperous community with a population of nearly eight hundred people.

Upwards of \$2,000,000 in cash have been expended in laying the foundation of this new town. Most of the streets have been graded, curbed and sewered, miles of concrete sidewalk laid, trees planted along the main highways, and a water-works plant completed, giving an abundant supply of pure artesian water for every purpose. But the foundation laid in what is known as the manufacturing district of this town site constitutes above all others the most positive guarantee for the future of South San Francisco

There is no stability nor permanency so absolute respecting real estate values, and the future growth of any community like that which is based upon industries giving employment to men. The facilities created by the founders of South San Francisco have already secured to her several large manufacturing enterprises, and will soon secure many more; this means not only an increase in population, but an enhancement in real estate values.

South San Francisco has passed the experimental stage, and is now an established town. Many of her lot owners who have properly improved their holdings are even to-day realizing from ten to twenty per cent net on their investments. How many communities as new as South San Francisco can make this boast?

An independent community in itself, with its own supporting elements, and at the same time close to the metropolis of California, and in the direction in which San Francisco must necessarily grow, already reached by some of the city's street car service, and certain to be on the line of any new railroad entering San Francisco, South San Francisco presents to-day opportunities for investment among the safest and best on the Pacific Coast.

Detail information cheerfully furnished. Address

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