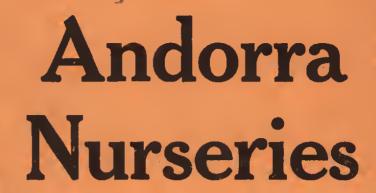
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PRICE LIST OF

SPECIMEN TREES

SHRUBS, ROSES

AND FRUIT

Spring, 1912

CANCELING ALL PREVIOUS LISTS

WHOLESALE

ON QUANTITIES OF TEN

SPECIAL:

SEE NOTES ON PAGES 20, 64 AND BACK COVER

SUPERIOR FERTILIZERS

For the Lawn, Garden or Farm

PRICES NET F. O. B. SHIPPING POINT

CANADA UNLEACHED HARD-WOOD ASHES (ANDORRA BRAND)

Are a complete fertilizer, replenishing worn-out soils, and, for the lawn or pasture, are economical and valuable. For the lawn, they are easy to handle, produce no offensive odors, are not unsightly, and, quickly leaching into the soil, the chemical properties are at once available for plant food.

Our ashes are selected only from the hard-wood districts of Canada, are carefully screened, and put in convenient packages. Apply at the rate of 1,000 to 1,500 lhs. per acre for top-dressing, or 2,000 to 2,500

lhs, for new lawns.

50-lb.bag 100-lb.bag 200-lb.bbl. Ton (10 bbls.) Cars, 15 to 20 tons \$1 00 \$1 50 \$2 50 \$20 00 At special prices.

PREPARED LIME

Where soils, from constant applications of manure, are sour and need a fertilizer to sweeten them, lime is a valuable agent. It quickly puts the soil in condition to assimilate plant-food. It frees the potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen already in the soil, and turns the nitro-

gen into the rich nitrates valuable for plant use.

Our prepared lime is fresh from the kilns, clean, well burnt, thoroughly decarbonized and especially prepared, so that it will go three times as far as the lump lime generally used, and is fine enough to run through a drill. Use 500 lbs. per acre.

100-lb, bag Cars, 12 to 25 tons \$1 25 \$12 00 \$10 per ton.

POTASH AND PREPARED LIME

Where potash is needed in addition to lime, this preparation will be found valuable. It contains 4% actual potash, equal to 8% of sulphate of potash, the prepared lime being used as a filler, and makes a valuable top-dresser for lawn, pasture, or grass lands. Apply at the rate of 500 lhs. per acre.

> 100-lb. bag Ton Cars, 12 to 25 tons \$1.50 \$14 00 \$12 00 per ton

PEAT

We have on hand a stock of carefully selected peat, suitable for potting or planting Rhododendrons and shruhs that need such soil. Sack of ahout 100 lbs., 75 cents. In sacks, \$13.50 per ton.

PURE GROUND BONE

A hrand of excellent quality. Analysis on request. 200-lb. bag Ton Cars, 15 to 30 tons \$3 50 \$32 00 Special price.

Andorra Nurseries

CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

OUR NURSERIES are extensive, covering six hundred acres, of which over three hundred are planted with trees and shrubs. They are easy of access, as Chestnut Hill is the terminus of branches of the Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia & Reading railroads, and the Chestnut Hill (City Line) trolley runs

from the stations to within three minutes' walk of the Nurseries.

QUALITY.—The trees and shrubs offered are grown in open, unsheltered ground, in a very exposed situation, which insures their hardiness, and on soil admirably adapted for forming robust plants having an abundance of roots. Special attention is called to the fact that our stock is grown a good distance apart in the rows, insuring heavier trees and shrubs than are gen-

SHIPPING SEASON opens about March 1 in the spring and August 15 in

the fall.

INSPECTION AND FUMIGATION.—Our stock is regularly inspected and certificate will be sent with each shipment. Stock will be fumigated when requested or when the State laws require it.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ORDERS.—All orders are accepted subject to the following terms and Write plainly and give explicit directions as to address and conditions. mode of shipment.

STOCK SELECTED by customers at the Nurseries will be charged according to the value of the trees chosen.

QUANTITY.—Lots of 5 and 50 will be furnished at the 10 and 100 rates respectively.

PACKING.—All goods are thoroughly packed, thus avoiding risk, if dc-

layed in transit. Packing charges are made at actual cost.

FORWARDING.—Shipments will be forwarded exactly as directed; but when without instructions, we will use our best judgment and forward by shortest and safest route. We recommend all herbaceous plants be shipped

RISK.—All goods are at purchaser's risk after they are delivered to the forwarding companies and we receive their receipt for the shipment in good

condition.

CLAIMS for damage while in transit must be made to the delivering company. Have delivering agent note the damaged condition on the freight

bill and present your claim through him promptly.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS.—All goods are guaranteed true to name, full count, up to grade, and in good condition when shipped. Any plant proving untrue to name will be replaced. Claims to receive consideration must be made within five days after receipt of goods. We give no guarantee of the life of stock.

TERMS, CASH WITH ORDER, except to persons who satisfy us as to

their responsibility.

Address all orders to

ANDORRA NURSERIES

WM. WARNER HARPER, Prop.

Local and Long Distance Telephone

CHESTNUT HILL. PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Telegraphic Address CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA

Cable Address "ANDORRA," PHILADELPHIA



Nursery Entrance and Office.

EVERGREEN TREES

Each Each	10
ABIES balsamea. Balsam Fir. 3 to 4 ft	
$\frac{4}{5}$ to $\frac{5}{6}$ ft	
5 to 6 ft 3 00	
Canadensis. See Tsuga Canadensis.	
concolor. White Fir. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
$\frac{4}{1}$ to $\frac{41}{2}$ ft	
$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{10}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
6 to 9 ft	
nobilis, var. glauca. Noble Silver Fir. 4 to 4½ ft 5 00	
$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{10}$ to 5 ft 6 00	
5 to 7 ft	
Nordmanniana. Nordmann's Fir. 3 ft 3 50	
2 to 21 ft	40 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{42}{50}$
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	57 50
$4^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 5° ft. Specimens	$-70 00 \\ -85 00$
$5 \cdot \text{ to } 5\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. Specimens} \dots + .\$10 \text{ to } 15 00$	SO 00
6 to 12 ft. Fine specimens. Prices on application.	
pectinata, European Silver Fir.	6
6 to 7 ft	-37.50
	$\frac{47}{90}$ $\frac{50}{90}$
8 to 10 ft	60 00
BIOTA orientalis. Oriental Arborvitæ. 5 to 6 ft 3 00	27 50
6 to 7 ft 4 00	37 50
6 to 7 ft. Very heavy 6 00	-55 00
7 to 9 ft	55 - 00
7 to 10 ft. Very broad and heavy\$7.50 to 15 00	

Each	10
BIOTA orientalis, var. aurea nana. 15 to 18 in	\$15 00
18 to 20 in	$-rac{17}{25} rac{50}{00}$
orientalis, var. aurea pyramidalis.	_0 00
3 to 4 ft 3 50	-32 50
4 to 5 ft	42 50
orientalis, var. compacta. Compact Chinese Arbor-	
vitæ. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	30 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{c} -35 \cdot 00 \\ -45 \cdot 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft 7 50	70 00
orientalis, var. conspicua. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{32}{50}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	37 50
6 to 7 ft	70 00
7 to 9 ft	
orientalis, var. elegantissima. Rollinson's Golden Arborvitæ. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	47 50
orientalis, var. filiformis; syn., Japonica. Thread-	
branched Arborvitæ. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	32 50
4 to 5 ft	
orientalis, var. semperaurescens. Ever-golden Arbor- vitæ. 4 to 5 ft	
5 to 7 ft	
CEDRUS Atlantica, var. glauca. Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar—	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 37 & 50 \end{array}$
6 to 7 ft	$\frac{31}{45} \frac{30}{00}$
7 to 8 ft	70 00
8 to 10 ft	
4 to 6 ft	
CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei. Fortune's Yew. 4 to 4½ ft 3 50	
5 to 6 ft. Very broad and heavy 5 00	
6 to 7 ft	27 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 27 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	-37 - 50
5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{c c} 47 & 50 \\ \hline 32 & 50 \end{array}$
ILEX opaca. American Holly. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	54 DU
4 to 6 ft	
JUNIPERUS Canadensis. Spreading Canadian Juniper—	0.00
12 to 15 in. spread	$\begin{array}{c} 9 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
18 to 24 in. spread 2 00	32 600
Canadensis, var. aurea; syn., Douglasi. Douglas'	0. 70
Golden Juniper. 12 to 15 in. spread 1 00 15 to 18 in. spread	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \ 50 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$
18 to 24 in. spread. Heavy	$15 \ 00$

	Each	10
JUNIPERUS Chinensis. Chinese Juniper. 3 ft	\$2 00	\$17.50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	'3 50 -	$32 \ 50$
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	4 00	37 50
5 to 6 ft	\dots 5 00	45 00
6 to 8 ft.	6 to 10 00	
Chinensis, var. argentea marginata. A	grand	
hardy variety. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	3 50	32 50
nardy variety. Zz to o it	.+ 4 50	$\frac{55}{42}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{12}{47} \frac{50}{50}$
4 to 4½ ft	\$6 to 7 50	41 00
5 to 6 ft	4	
7 to 8 ft. Specimens	0 10 19 00	
Chinensis, var. aurea. Golden Chinese Juni	per— . ↓ 3 50	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
4 to 5 ft		
5 to 6 ft	.+ 7 50	JE 50
Chinensis, var. Pfitzeriana. 18 to 20 in	\dots 2 00	17 50 20 00
22 to 24 in	\dots 2 50	$\frac{20}{47} \frac{00}{50}$
Chinensis, var. temina Reevesii. 5 to 0 it	.+ 5 00	47 50
communis. Common Upright Juniper—		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$ \star 2 50$	
4½ to 5 ft	♦ 3 50.	
communis, var. oblonga. 5 to 6 ft	.+ 4 50	$40 \ 00$
communis, var. Suecica. Swedish Juniper-		
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots$.+ 1 50	12 50
Fortunei. 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ ft		47.50
Japonica. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	5 00	45 00
5 to 6 ft	.+ 7 50	70 00
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden Japan Juniper		
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	+ 1 50	13 50
$2 \operatorname{to} 2\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{ft} \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$		22 50
$2 \operatorname{to} 2\frac{\pi}{2} \operatorname{to} 3 \operatorname{ft.} \dots \dots$		$\overline{32}$ $\overline{50}$
	+ 4 00	02 00
3 to 3½ ft		47 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	I 8 00	55 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	0 to 12 50	90 00
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft	19 in	
Japonica, var. nana aurea. Dwarf, 10 to	1 75	15 00
x 15 to 18 in. broad	1 10	10 00
recurva, var. squamata. Scaly-leaved-	A 1 50	13 50
8 to 10 in. x 10 to 12 in. spread	Y 1 775	$\frac{16}{16} \frac{50}{50}$
8 to 10 in. x 15 to 18 in. spread	Y 1 10	10 90
rigida. 7 to 12 ft	$60 \text{ to } 25 \begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 2 \end{array}$	
Sabina. Savin Juniper. 18 to 24 in	\dots 2 00	22 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	20	32 50
$\overline{3}$ to $\overline{3}\frac{1}{2}$ ft	6 00	9 <u>4</u> 90
Sabina, var. aurea variegata. Savin's	kolden	
Juniper. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	♦ 3 50	40 80
Sabina. var. mas. Prostrate, 12 to 15 m	♦ ± 50	$\frac{13}{20}$ 50
24 to 26 in	♦ 2 50	22/50
Sabina, var. tamariscifolia. 10 to 12 in. x	12 to	40.00
15 in, spread	♦ 1, 25,	$\frac{10}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
12 to 15 in. \times 15 to 18 in. spread	+ 1 75	15 00
Virginiana. Red, or Virginia Cedar. 3	to $3\frac{1}{2}$	
ft	+ 1 50	13 50
31 to 4 ft	+250	= 22.50
4 to 5 ft	♥ ठ २०	32/50
5 to 6 ft	TO B OF FE	
7 to 8 ft. Specimens	\$6 to 10 00	

I RICL DIST TOX STRING OF 1312	•
• Each	10
JUNIPERUS Virginiana, var. glauca. Blue Virginia Cedar—	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$27 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{32}{37}$ 50
5 to 6 ft	37 - 50
7 to 8 ft	
Virginiana, var. Kosteri. Spreading—	46 50
12 to 15 in. $\cdot \cdot \cdot$	$\frac{13}{20}$ $\frac{50}{50}$
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 23 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 2 30
Virginiana, var. Leei elegantissima. Golden Vir-	
ginian Cedar—	99 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra heavy	$\begin{array}{cccc} 32 & 50 \\ 42 & 50 \end{array}$
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Extra heavy	42 00
8 to 9 ft	
	13 50
Virginiana, var. pendula. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	TO 00
	2000
Virginiana, var. Schotti. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccc} 20 & 00 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{32}{45} \frac{30}{00}$
7 to 8 ft	3.7 00
PICEA alba. White Spruce. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 1 50	12 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{12}{17} \frac{50}{50}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{10000}{2000}$
5 to 6 ft 3 50	$= \bar{30} \ \bar{00}$
6 to 7 ft 5 00	
6 to 8 ft. Very fine specimens	
Alcockiana. Alcock's Spruce. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
5 to 8 ft. Specimens\$4 to 15 00	
Engelmanni. Engelmann's Spruce—	
4 to 7 ft	
excelsa. Norway Spruce. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	32 50
5 to 6 ft. Specimens 5 00	45 00
$\underline{6}$ to 7 ft. Specimens $\underline{6}$ $\underline{00}$	$\begin{array}{c} 57 \ 50 \\ 60 \ 00 \end{array}$
7 to 9 ft. Specimens	00 00
9 to 12 ft\$10 to 25 00	
excelsa, var. aurea. Golden Norway Spruce—	
3 to 4 ft	
excelsa, var. inverta. Weeping Norway Spruce-	
5 to 6 ft	
	99 80
excelsa, var. Remonti. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	32 50
orientalis. Eastern Spruce. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{22}{20}$ 50
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{32}{45} \frac{50}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Specimens	40 00
$\frac{4^{\frac{1}{2}}}{5}$ to 8 ft. Specimens	
	32 50
pinoupo. Spanish I iii ve i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	•)4 •)()
7 00 0 70	22 50
polita. Tiger's Tail Spruce. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	<u> </u>
8 to 10 ft	



Loading White Pines.	
Eacl	h 10
PICEA pungens. Colorado Spruee. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	0 \$37 50
3½ to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	-
4 to 3 lt	ŏ
6 to 10 ft	
pungens, var. glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce—	0 - 32 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Selected color	
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft. Selected color	0
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Selected color	0
5 to 10 ft. Selected color	U
pungens, var. Kosteriana. Koster's Blue Colorado	0 00 50
Spruee. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $\frac{2}{2}$ 50	0 - 22 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	0 - 32/50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Specimens	0
3 to 3⅓ ft. Specimens	
3½ to 4 ft. Specimens	0
4 to 5 ft Specimens	U
6 to 10 ft. Grand specimens	0
pungens, var. pendula. Weeping Blue Colorado Spruce-	
3 to 4 ft. Fine specimens	0
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Fine specimens	0
TINUS Austriaca. Enistrian Line. E et Eg Et et et et et e e	V
三	
95 to a fr	The second secon
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一件市 しけ りしましゃ とくりゅん しゅうりゅうしゅ リー・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・・	
5 to 8 ft	
Cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 3 0	
3^2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft $\frac{4}{2}$ 0	
₩ 4 to 4 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to 1 to	
$\vec{5}$ to $\vec{7}$ ft	10

FRICE LIST FOR STRING OF 1912	U
Each	10
PINUS excelsa. Bhotan Pine. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$2 50	\$22 50
$5 \text{ to } 5\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 4 00$	3750
$6 \text{ to } 7^2 \text{ ft}$ $5 00$	47 50
6 to 7 ft	
Koraiensis. Corean Pine. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	22 - 50
	22 00
monticola. Mountain White Pine. 5 ft 3 50	
Mughus. Dwarf Mountain Pine. 10 to 12 in 1 00	9 00
12 to 15 in	-12.50
15 to 18 in $ \uparrow$. $ \downarrow$ 2 00	17/50
18 in	
24 in 3 50	
ponderosa. Bull Pine. 5 to 6 ft.,	-32/50
7 to 8 ft	
rigida. Pitch Pine. 7 to 8 ft\$5 to 7 50	
10 to 12 ft\$10 to 15 00	
Strobus. White Pine. 8 to 10 in per 100, \$20	6 00
	8 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 50
$\frac{3}{12}$ to $\frac{4}{2}$ ft	17.50
$\frac{3^{\frac{1}{2}}}{4}$ to $\frac{4^{\frac{1}{1}}}{1}$ ft	$\frac{20}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
$\frac{4}{4\frac{1}{2}}$ to $\frac{5}{5}$ ft	$\frac{27}{27} \frac{50}{50}$
5 to 6 ft	$= \bar{3}\bar{2} / \bar{5}\bar{0}$
6 to 7 ft	, <u> </u>
7 to 9 ft	
The finest and best rooted stock in this country.	
sylvestris. Scotch Pine. 5 to 6 ft	
7 to 8 ft	
Tanyosho. Japanese Table Pine—	13 50
12 to 15 in	15 50
22 10.	00 50
PODOCARPUS Japonica. Japanese Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft \div . $2\frac{50}{2}$	$\frac{22}{20}$ 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	32 50
PSEUDOTSUGA Douglasi. Douglas' Spruce. 2 ft 1 00	9 00
4 to 5 ft	-32/50
5 to 6 ft	
7 to 8 ft	
RETINOSPORA ericoides. Heath-like Japan Cypress—	
15 to 18 in	= 6.00
1\frac{1}{2} to 2 ft. \dots \	8.50
2^{-} to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	-13/50
$\bar{3}$ to $3\frac{\pi}{2}$ ft	= 17/50
filifera. Thread-branched Japan Cypress—	
12 to 15 in	8.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	-32/50
3^{-} to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	-37.50
$3\frac{1}{5}$ to 4 ft. Specimens	
5 to 6 ft. Specimens	
7 to 8 ft. Specimens	
filifera, var. aurea. Golden Thread-branched	
Japan Cypress, 12 to 15 in 2 00	18 50
3 to 3½ ft. Specimens+10 00	

	⊩ae:	h 10
RETINOSPORA	leptoclada. Thuya-like Japan Cypress— 2 5 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 5 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 3 0 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 5	0 - 27.50
	$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	0 35 00
	3 to 4 ft	0
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{pmatrix} 0 & 22.50 \ 0 & 37.50 \ \end{bmatrix}$
	obtusa, var. compacta. Compact Obtuse- leaved Japan Cypress. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	0 13 50
	Japan Cypress. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	obtusa, var. nana. Dwarf Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress. 1 ft. $+$ 1 2 $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $+$ 2 5 2 ft. $+$ 3 0 $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $+$ 4 0 3 ft. $+$ \$5 to 7 5 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $+$ \$7.50 to 10 0 4 to 6 ft. Specimens $+$ \$15 to 20 0	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 22 & 50 \\ 0 & 27 & 50 \\ 0 & 37 & 50 \\ 0 & 0 & \end{array}$
	obtusa, var. nana aurea. Dwarf Golden Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress— $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$egin{array}{cccc} 00 & 27 & 50 \ 0 & 37 & 50 \ 0 & & & \end{array}$
	4 to 6 ft	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	plumosa. Plume-like Japan Cypress— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 1 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 2 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. 2 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 3 3 to 4 ft. 3 5 3 4 5	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

	4.0
RETINOSPORA plumosa, var. argentea. 2 to 2½ ft\$1 50	$10 \\ 12 50$
RETINOSPORA plumosa, var. argentea. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{$12}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots 3 50$	$\overline{32}$ $\overline{50}$
4 to 5 ft 4 00	37 - 50
plumosa, var. aurca. Golden Plume-like	4 00
Japan Cypress, 12 in	$\frac{4}{00} \frac{00}{00}$
12 to 18 in	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 00 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{1}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft $\frac{3}{2}$ 00	27 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Specimens	$\frac{32}{50}$
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	37/50
5. to 12 ft. Specimens	8 50
4 to 5 ft	0 00
plumosa, var. sulphurea. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	15 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Very heavy	
4 to 5 ft. Very heavy	
squarrosa. Squarrosc-leaved Japan Cypress— $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 250$	22 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{22}{27} \frac{50}{50}$
$\frac{3}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	$30 \ 00$
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens 5 00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Specimens\$6 to 7 50	
7 to 10 ft. Heavy specimens\$15 to 35 00 This is excellent stock; exceptionally	
broad, bushy and low-branched.	
SCIADOPITYS verticillata. Umbrella Pine. 2 to 2½ ft 3 50	32 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	45 00
$3\frac{1}{4}$ to 4 ft	72 50
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
TAXUS baccata. English Yew. 2 ft 1 50	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Specimens	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 ft. Specimens	
baccata, var. aurea. Golden English Yew-	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
baccata, var. Dovastoni. Dovaston's Yew—	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft. Specimens	
Yew. 4 to 5 ft. Specimens	
5 to 7 ft. Specimens	
baccata, var. elegantissima. Elegant English Yew—	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 4 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
# to 0 1t	

		lach	10
	accata, var. erecta, Erect English Yew— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. + . \$2 $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. + . \$4 to 5	3 50	\$32 50
ba	Yew. 3 to 5 ft	7 50	
ba	ccata, var. erecta, Overeynder. (Form similar to Fastigiata.) 4 to 6 ft	2 50	
ba	accata, var. fastigiata. Irish Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 50 7 50	22 50 32 50 60 00
ba	2 ft. \$\frac{2}{2\frac{1}{2}}\$ ft. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to 4 ft. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to 6 ft. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to 10 to 10	3 50 0 00	
	5 to 6 ft. { NEW } \$7.50 to 10 to 10 ft. \$15 to 20 to 10 to 10 to 12 in.) 00) 00	
ba	ccata, var. Washingtoni aurea. Washington's Golden English Yew. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 50 7 50	
Ca	anadensis, var. aurea. Golden Canadian Yew— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. + . \$6 to 3 ft. + . \$6 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. + . \$10 to 1	7 50	32 50
cu	Ispidata.Abrupt-leaved Japan Yew. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft2ft $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	3 50	
	uspidata, var. brevifolia. 12 to 15 in. $\frac{1_2}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $\frac{1}{2}$	2 00 2 50 3 50 5 00	18 50
CU	uspidata, var. capitata. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	
THUJOPS	18 borealis; syn., Cupressus Nutkænsis. Yellow or Sitka Cypress—	- 00	42.00
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5 00 7 50	45 00 70 00
	borealis, var. latifolia glauca. Glaucous Sitka Cypress. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens 4 to 6 ft. Specimens 4 to 4 ft. Specimens 4 to 4 ft. Specimens 4 to 4 ft. Specimens 4 ft.	5 - 00	-45 00
	borealis, var. pendula. Drooping Sitka Cypress— 4 to 5 ft	3 00 6 00	

TRICE EIGH TOR STRING OF 1812	10
THUYA occidentalis. American Arborvitæ— Each	10
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$8 50
5 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 25	10 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	-12 50
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	19 00
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft.; very heavy	$\frac{22}{27}$ 50
5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 27 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
$\frac{5\frac{1}{2}}{6}$ to 6 ft.; very heavy	$\frac{52}{37} \frac{50}{50}$
7 to 8 ft.; very heavy	42 50
8 to 9 ft. Specimens	
10 to 12 ft. Specimens\$8 to 12 50	
occidentalis, var. aurea. George Peabody's Arborvitæ—	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	12 50
3^2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	= 20.00
4 to 5 ft	37 50
5 to 6 ft 5 00	-45 00
7 to 10 ft. Specimens	
occidentalis, var. Douglasi. 5 to 6 ft	
6 to 8 ft	
8 to 9 ft	
occidentalis, var. erecta viridis. 3 ft 2 50	-22/50
occidentalis, var. globosa. Globe Arborvitæ—	
2 ft	-17/50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22/50
occidentalis, var. Hoveyi. Hovey's Golden Arborvitæ—	
2 ft 1 50	99. 70
$\frac{\overline{2}_{\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$ ft. Very heavy	$22 \ 50$
3 ft. Very heavy	90 50
occidentalis, var. Lobbi. Lobb's Arborvitæ. 5 to 6 ft. 3 50 6 to 7 ft	32 50
0 00 1 200 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	22 50
occidentalis, var. Lobbi aurea. 4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 22 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{21}{32} \frac{50}{50}$
occidentalis, var. plicata pyramidalis. 5 to 6 ft	02 00
occidentalis, var. pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvite—	
6 to 8 ft	
occidentalis, var. recurva nana. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. \div . \$3.50 to 4 00	
3 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
OT 10 T 11 Venuentana Venuentana	
occidentalis, var. Vervæneana. Vervæne's Arborvitæ— 3½ to 4 ft	32 50
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	$\frac{32}{37} \frac{50}{50}$
5 to 6 ft	47 50
6 to 7 ft. Heavy specimens	70 00
6 to 7 ft. Heavy specimens	90 00
9 to 10 ft\$15 to 20 00	
occidentalis, var. Wareana. Siberian Arborvitæ-	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{22}{50}$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	32 50
4 ft	
5 ft.; very heavy	70.00
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft.; very heavy	111 00

THUYA occidentalis, var. Wareana aurea. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	
5 to 6 ft	
	75 6 00
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } $	00 - 7.50
	50 - 12 50
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{31}{2}$ ft. GRAND \bigstar . per 100, \$135 $\frac{1}{2}$	
3½ to 4 It. } (2 (
$\begin{array}{c} 4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \\ 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 5 \text{ ft.} \end{array}$ STOCK $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$	
$5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft. \(\) \(
The finest and largest stock offered.	50
Canadensis, var. gracilis. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50
Canadensis, var. Sargenti pendula. Weeping Hemlock-	
2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Specimens	00
Caroliniana. Southern Hemlock. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft $+$ 3 (90
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50
4 to 5 ft. Specimens	50
5 to 6 ft. Specimens \star \$7.50 to 15 (
6 to 7 ft. Specimens	
Hookeriana. Alpine Hemlock. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 4 (
5 to 6 ft	
Sieboldi. Japanese Hemlock. 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft	



Showing Fibrous Roots of Hemlock.



A Block of Box Bush and Evergreens.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

LIVER STITLE	
ANDROMEDA Catesbæi. See Leucothoë. Each	10
floribunda. 12 in. Broad and heavy+\$1 50	\$13 50
12 to 15 in. Broad and heavy 1 75	16 00
15 to 18 in. Broad and heavy	-18 50
Japonica. 12 to 15 in	10 00
	$\frac{10}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
18 to 20 in	18 50
20 to 24 in	20 00
AZALEA amæna. 12 to 15 in	8 50
15 to 18 in. Bushy	-12/50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy	-17.50
$2\frac{3}{2}$ ft. Specimens	
amæna, var. Hinondigiro. Bright carmine-	
10 to 12 in	7.50
12 to 15 in	1 00
	18 50
Indica alba. Pure white. 18 to 20 in	$\frac{22}{20}$ 50
20 to 22 in.,	$32\ 50$
22 to 24 in	47 50
BUXUS Japonica; syn., Fortunei. Japanese Box. 1 to 1½ ft 1 50	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	
3 to 4 ft. Specimens\$3.50 to 7 50	
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden Japanese Box-	
12 to 15 in	9 00
15 to 18 in	$12 \ 50$
11 to 10 III CDECIAI	15 00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	$\frac{22}{20}$ 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$32 \ 50$
Japonica, var. rotundifolia. Round-leaved—	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Very broad and bushy	
4 to 5 ft. Bush shape	
5 to 6 ft. Pyramids	

ANDORRA NURSERIES

BUXUS Japonica, var. rotundifolia glauca. 1½ ft	10
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{r} \$13 50 \\ 55 00 \end{array}$
3½ to 4 ft	
bushy per 100, \$40 75 $\frac{1^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ ft per 100, \$80 1 25	$\frac{6}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
2, II. Extra bushy 175	16 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	32 50
95 II. FIXITA BUSHY Specimens A C OO	$\frac{40}{55} \frac{00}{00}$
3 4 to 42 H. 19xtra bushv. Specimens ♦ \$7.50 to 10.00	00 00
sempervirens. Pyramids. Andorra-grown—	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ It. Extra bushy. Specimens	30 00
3 ft. Extra bushy. Specimens $+$ 4 50 $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy. Specimens $+$ 6 00	40 00
$\frac{4}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy. Specimens \$7.50 to 10.00	55 00
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Extra bushy. Specimens. \$7.50 to 10 00 5 to 6 ft. Extra bushy. Specimens. \$12.50 to 25 00 sempervirens. "Globe-shaped"—	
12 in. x 12 in	16 50
$\Delta = 0.00$	$\frac{10}{18} \frac{50}{50}$
sempervirens. Standards. Andorra-grown— 1½ ft. stems, 10 to 12 in. heads	10 50
2 1t. stems, 12 to 13 in, heads 4 9 00	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 16 & 50 \\ 18 & 50 \end{array} $
\triangle 11. Stems. 18 to 20 in heads \triangle 4 or	$\frac{37}{50}$
2 ft. stems, 22 to 26 in. heads	
Semperations, var. anthistituda 9 ff	16 50
sempervirens, var. arborescens. Tall Tree Box— 3 to 3½ ft	45 50
$4\bar{z}$ to 5 it	47 50
somper virens, var. argentea marginata. Silver-finned	40 50
Box. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. $1\frac{50}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $1\frac{50}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Semperations, var. Manusworthi is to state 🔺 🔥 🗥	37 50
Sempervirens, var. latifolia. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. $+$. \$3.50 to 5 00 $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	42/50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
sempervirens, var. myrtifolia. Myrtle Leaf—	# A F A
$\frac{2}{2\frac{1}{2}}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \ 50 \\ 32 \ 50 \end{array}$
5 to 5 it	
sempervirens, var. salicifolia. 2 ft. 175 $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 300	$\begin{array}{ccc} 16 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$
3.10.35 ff	21 00
sempervirens, var. suffruticosa. Dwarf Box Edging— 3 to 4 in	,
5 to 5 m 7 per 100, \$10,00 ; ner 1,660 \$60 - 25	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 1 50 \end{array}$
9 to tim★ner 100 \$12.50 : nor 1.000 \$90 - 25	$2 \overset{\circ}{00}$
CERASUS Laurocerasus Caucasica. Caucasian Laurel— 2 to 3 ft \$2.50 to 3 50	
Laurocerasus, var. Schipkænsis. 1 ft 1 00	9 00
$\frac{2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ it.}}{2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ it.}}$	$22 \ 50$
CHAMÆDAPHNE calyculata. Leather Leaf—	, 9 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft per 100 \$75 1 50	12 50
COTONEASTER buxifolia. 1 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$
(1)	0 00

TRICE EIST FOR STRING OF 1912	11
Each	10
CRATÆGUS Pyracantha, var. Lelandi. Lelandis Evergreen	
Thorn. 2 ft	\$7.50
DAPHNE Cneorum. 3-year	6 00
EUONYMUS radicans and variegata, See Trailing Plants.	
Japonica. Japan Euonymus—	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	6 00
	0 00
Japonica, var. argentea. Silver-leaved. 1½ to 2 ft	0.00
	6 00
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden-leaved. 15 to 18 in. 75	6 00
ILEX crenata, Japanese Holly—	
$\frac{1}{2}$ ft	-12/50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	17 50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	40 00
crenata, var. buxifolia. Box-leaved—	90.50
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. Specimens	9 <u>2</u> 90
crenata, var. Fortunei. Fortune's Holly—	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3° ft	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$
$3\frac{3}{2}$ to 4 ft	45 00
4 to 5 ft	10 00
crenata, var. latifolia. Broad-leaved Japanese Holly-	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 - 50
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$32 \ 50$
4 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$4 to 7 50	
crenata, var. microphylla. Small-leaved Japanese Holly-	
12 to 15 in. Bushy+per 100, \$501 00	8 50
15 to 18 in. Bushy	10 00
$\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. Bushy	15 00
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{2}$ ft	$22 \ 50$
$\frac{3}{4}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy specimens\$3.50 to $\frac{5}{2}$ 00 to $\frac{5}{2}$ ft. Heavy specimens\$7.50 to $\frac{12}{2}$ 50	
KALMIA letitatia Drawatia Tawal	
KALMIA latifolia. Mountain Laurel—	40 50
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 17 & 50 \end{array}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps	$\frac{11}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Heavy clumps	$\frac{22}{28} \frac{50}{50}$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps	$3\overset{2}{0}\overset{5}{0}$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy clumps	47 50
LAURELS. See Cerasus Lauroeerasus.	
LEUCOTHOE Catesbæi. Drooping Andromeda—	
12 to 15 in. Clumps $+$ per 100, \$60 1 00	8 50
15 to 18 in. Clumps+per 100. \$75 1 50	12 50
18 to 24 in. Clumps	15 00
MAHONIA Aquifolium. Holly-leaved—	
18 to 24 in	$\frac{9}{9} \frac{90}{00}$
24 to 30 in	$13 \ 50$
Japonica. Japanese Mahonia—	10 50
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{12}{18} \frac{50}{50}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3^2 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 18 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
OSMANTHUS ilicifolia. 3 to 5 ft\$2.50 to 5 00	9 <u>4</u> 90



Rhododendrons at Andorra.

RHODODENDRONS

HYBRID VARIETIES — ANDORRA-GROWN

Our fall offering of Rhododendrons consists of many thousand plants, in fifty varieties, and in a range of sizes from one to five feet. These are acclimated—Andorra-grown stock—in the hardiest varieties. They are grown in open, unsheltered ground, with northern exposure, and the windswept hills of Andorra are not kind to anything of a tender nature, so that you may depend upon Andorra-grown Rhododendrons being of the hardiest, and supplied with excellent balls of fibrous roots.

Each	10
Catawbiense Hybrids Assorted. Our selec-	
	\$10 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $+$. per 100, \$110 1 50	12 50
	17 50
Prices on application.	
Abraham Lincoln. Rosy crimson—	45 111
Album alagans White	15 00
	15 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	20 00
$\frac{3}{21}$ to $\frac{31}{2}$ ft	$32 \ 50$
Alex Dancer Light scarlet\$5.50 to 10 00	
	15 00
Anna Parsons. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 50	12 50
Atrosanguineum. Dark scarlet—	F 4 F F 0
	$\begin{bmatrix} 17 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{bmatrix}$
	$\frac{10}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$3.50 to 7.50	
Boule de Neige White 11 to 2 ft	17 50
	Catawbiense Hybrids Assorted. Our selection of varieties— 15 to 18 in

*	MICE EIGH TON OF MING OF 1012	10
	Each	10
RHODODENDRONS,	Candidissimum. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$1 75	\$15 00
	2 ft	17 50
	Caractacus. Purplish crimson— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	15.00
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
	$2_{\frac{1}{2}}$ to $3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ft. Specimens\$3.50 to 7 50	20 00
	Charles Bagley. Bright red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50
	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 250$	$\frac{22}{10}$
	Charles Dickens. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00 2 ft 2 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
	Delicatissimum. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft $1\frac{75}{75}$	$\frac{22}{15} \frac{30}{00}$
	2 ft 2 25	$\frac{1}{20} \frac{1}{00}$
	Emily Parsons. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	12 50
A	Everestianum. Rosy lilac. 15 to 18 in 1 75	$\frac{15}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
	18 to 20 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 20 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$
N	General Grant. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{17}{17} \frac{50}{50}$
	2 ft	22 - 50
D	Giganteum. Rosy crimson. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 25	$\frac{20}{15} \frac{00}{50}$
	H. W. Sargent. Scarlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00 H. H. Hunnewell. Dark crimson—	17 50
0	Open, 18 in 2 00	17 50
	J. Marshall Brooks. Scarlet. 12 to 15 in. 1 25	10 00
R	John Spencer. Rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 150	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
	John Walter. Rich crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 00 2 ft 2 50	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \end{array}$
R	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
	Kettledrum. Deep red. 2 ft 3 50	$32\ 50$
A	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	45 00
	Lady Armstrong. Pale rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
	2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	20 00
	15 to 18 in	12 50
G	Luciferum. Clear white, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50
	2 to 4 ft\$2.50 to 10 00 Michael Waterer. Scarlet-crimson—	
R	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	15 00
	Mrs. H. Ingersoll. Rose-lilae—	20 00
0	15 to 18 in	$\frac{22}{10} \frac{50}{20}$
	Mrs. Jno. Clutton. White. 15 to 18 in 1 25 Mrs. Milner. Crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
W	2 ft	$\frac{15}{17} \frac{50}{50}$
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 50	
N	Old Port. Plum. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{17}{20}$ 50
• •	2 ft	$\frac{22}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 27 & 50 \end{array}$
	3^2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$4 to 5 00	
	$\frac{4}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
	Parson's grandiflorum rubrum. Bright pink— $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 00	17 50
	$2^{\frac{12}{2}}$ to $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ft	$\frac{1}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
	President Lincoln. Crimson—	
	$\frac{1^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 17 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \end{array}$
	2 ft	24 90
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	15 00

RHODODENDRONS, purpureum elegans. Purple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$2 00 3 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$3.50 to 10 00	\$17 50
purpureum grandiflorum. Purple—	
1 KO	13/50
roseum elegans. Good rose. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 150	$13 \ 50$
N 2 ft 2 00	17 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	32 50
D 3 to 5 ft. Specimens\$7.50 to 25 00	
roseum superbum. Clear rose. 2 ft 2 00	$\frac{17}{20}$ $\frac{50}{50}$
$Z_{\frac{1}{2}}$ II $3 \ 90$	32 50
\mathbf{R} 3 ft	22 50
R Sir John Seabright. Purple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1 75	$1\overline{5}$ $0\overline{0}$
A NATIVE VARIETIES — ANDORRA-GROWN	
Each	10
Catawbiense. 1½ to 2 ftper 100, \$80\$1 25	$\begin{array}{c} \$10 \ 00 \\ 17 \ 50 \end{array}$
	$\frac{11}{22} \frac{50}{50}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	۱,۶۹۶ ستوست <u>.</u>
\mathbf{R} 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. Specimens } \ldots \\$\\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$10 \text{ to } 20 \ 00 \end{array}	
maximum (theat Laurel	
O 1½ to 2 ft 1 25	11 00
\mathbf{W} 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 200	17 50 27 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 It	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$oldsymbol{N}$ 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{37}{47} \frac{50}{50}$
4^2 to 5 ft	60 00
Collected Rhododendron maximum by the carload.	
DWARF VARIETIES ANDORRA-GROWN	
DWARF VARIETIES — ANDORRA-GROWN Each	10
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$ 13 50
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 13 50
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 13 50 20 00
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50
Each RH0D0DENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$2 00 Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in. \$1 50 imbricata. 12 to 15 in. 1 50 myrtifolium. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 2 50 odoratum. Fragrant. 12 to 15 in. 2 00 15 to 18 in. 2 50	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50
Each RH0D0DENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$2 00 Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in. \$1 50 imbricata. 12 to 15 in. \$2 50 odoratum. Fragrant. 12 to 15 in. \$2 50 00 15 to 18 in. \$2 50 24 in. \$3 00 precox. 12 to 15 in. \$1 50 punctatum. Dotted. 15 to 18 in. \$4 50	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50
Each RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft. \$2 00 Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in. 1 50 imbricata. 12 to 15 in. 1 50 myrtifolium. 1½ to 2 ft. 2 50 odoratum. Fragrant. 12 to 15 in. 2 50 punctatum. Dotted. 15 to 18 in. ‡ 50 punctatum. Dotted. 15 to 18 in. ‡ 50 Wilsonianum. 12 to 15 in. 2 50 Wilsonianum. 12 to 15 in. 2 50 YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. 3-year 35	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00
Each RH0D0DENDRON Hammondi. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \$2 00 Hirsutum. 12 to 15 in. \$1 50 imbricata. 12 to 15 in. \$2 50 myrtifolium. \$1 to 18 in. \$2 50 odoratum. Fragrant. \$1 to 15 in. \$2 50 \$2 in. \$2 50 punctatum. Dotted. \$1 to 18 in. \$1 50 YUCCA filamentosa. Adam's Needle. 3-year 35 4-yr 50	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00
RH0D0DENDRON Hammondi	\$13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00
### RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off
RHODODENDRON Hammondi	\$13 50 13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off
RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft. \$2 00	\$13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off bove the 10 \$8 50
### RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off bove the 10 \$8 50 12 50
### RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off bove the 10 \$8 50
### RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 4 digging, ound off bove the 10 \$8 50 12 50 15 00
### RHODODENDRON Hammondi. 1½ ft	\$13 50 20 00 17 50 20 00 25 00 25 00 13 50 20 00 17 50 2 00 digging, ound off bove the 10 \$8 50 12 50



Straight Norway Maples in Wide Rows. Each Tree a Specimen.

Each Tree a Specimen.					
ACER	12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$	to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in to 3 in	$\dots 250$	10	100
A	12 to 14 ft.; 3 4 to 6 in. Spe rapid grower for im	to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in eimens mediate effects.		\$30 00	
	dasycarpum, var. W Cut-leaved 10 to 12 ft.; 2	ierli laciniatum. Silver Maple— to 2½ in	2 50		
	12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ Negundo. Ash-leave	in	3 50	9 00	
	10 to 12 ft.; 2 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ 12 to 14 ft.; 3	to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. Bush to 3 in. Bush to 4 in	y 1 50 y 2 50 \$3.50 to 5 00	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array} $	
	Pennsylvanicum. 5 platanoides. Norwa		+ 1 50		
	8 to 10 ft.; 1; 10 to 12 ft.; 1; 10 to 12 ft.; 2; 12 ft.; 2; 12 to 14 ft.; 2; 12 to 14 ft.; 2; 14 to 16 ft.; 3; 14 to 16 ft.; 3; 14 to 16 ft.; 3; 14 to 16 ft.; 4; 14 to 20 ft.; 4; Norways.	$egin{array}{lll} & & & & & & & \\ 1 & & & & & & & \\ 2 & & & & & & \\ 1 & & & & & & \\ 2 & & & & & \\ 2 & & & & &$	+2 00+2 50+3 00+3 50+4 00+4 50+6 00+7 50 7.50 to 10 00 pecimen nd well		150 00 175 00 200 00 225 00 250 00 300 00 400 00 475 00 550 00

ACED	Each	10	100
AUEN	Maple S to 10 ft.; 1½ in\$1 75 S to 10 ft.; 1½ in\$1 75 S to 10 ft.; 1½ in	\$15 00 22 50 32 50 37 50	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \ 50 \\ 17 \ 50 \\ 22 \ 50 \end{array}$	
	8 to 10 ft.; $\hat{1}\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
	Broad-headed specimen trees. rubrum. Red or Searlet Maple. 6 to 7 ft 1 00 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 2 00 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	8 50 12 50 17 50	
	saccharinum. Sugar Maple. 8 to 10 ft. 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. 1 75 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. 2 00 12 to 14 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. 2 50 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. 3 50 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in. 5 00	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \\ 17 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \\ 45 & 00 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 90 & 00 \\ 125 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \\ 200 & 00 \\ 275 & 00 \\ \end{array}$
	14 to 16 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{4}$ in\$5 to 10 00 14 to 16 ft.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in\$12.50 to 35 00 Specimen low-branched trees of heavy caliper and good tops. Prices on application.		
	spicatum. Mountain Maple. 3 to 4 ft. 75 4 to 5 ft. 1 00 1 50 5 to 6 ft. 1 50 1 50 Tataricum. var. Ginnala. Tartarian Maple.	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 00 \\ 8 & 50 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$	50 00 60 00
	2 ft	3 50 6 50 9 00 10 00	35 00 50 00 60 00
	JAPANESE MAPLES	10	100
	polymorphum. 3 to 5 ft. Heavy\$2 to 5 00 polymorphum, var. atropurpureum. Bloodleaved Japan Maple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	13 50 18 50 32 50	100

ACER polymorphum, var. atropurpureum dissectum. Weeping Cut-leaf Blood-leaved—	10	100
1½ ft	\$22 50	
polymorphum, var. aureum. Golden Japan Maple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 2 50 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
ing Japan Maple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	22 50	
3 to 4 ft		
### ### #############################	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
Hippocastanum, var. alba flore pleno. Double White-Flowered Horse-chest-		
nut. 8 to 9 ft.; 2 in 2 50 9 to 10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50 10 to 11 ft.; 3 in $+$ \$5 to 7 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$	
11 to 12 ft.; $3\frac{1}{4}$ to 6 in\$7.50 to 25 00		
Hippocastanum, var. Bujotii—		
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. $+$. \$3.50 to 5 00 10 to 12 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in $+$ \$5 to 7 50		
Hippocastanum, var. rubicunda. Red-		
flowered Horse-chestnut—		
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	22 - 50	
10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 3.50	-32/50	
10 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	37 - 50	
parviflora. See $Shrubs$.		
Allanthus glandulosa. Ailanthus, or Tree of		
Heaven—		
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	10 00	
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 50	-12/50	\$100.00
ALNUS glutinosa. European, or Black Alder—	F 00	n=
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 1 00	$\begin{array}{c} 5 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \ 00 \\ 75 \ 00 \end{array}$
10 to 12 ft.; $\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{2}$ in 1 50 incana. 10 to 12 ft.; $\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{21}{2}$ in 1 50	$\frac{12}{10} \frac{30}{00}$	75 00
incana, var. laciniata. 8 to 9 ft 1 50	$1\overset{\circ}{2}\overset{\circ}{50}$	10 00
AMELANCHIER Canadensis. Shad Bush		
2 to 3 ft	3 50	
ANDROMEDA. See Oxydendron. ARALIA. Chinese Angelica Tree—		
elata, var. foliis argentea marginata.		
8 to 10 ft 1 50	$13 \ 50$	
10 to 12 ft	-20 00	
Japonica. 3 to 4 ft. 50 4 to 5 ft. 75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	
10 to 12 ft	0 00	
pentaphylla. See A canthopanax spinosa—		
spinosa. 3 to 4 ft 50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	6 00	
10 10 12 11 2 00		

Each Person F. William W. D. J.	10	100
BETULA alba. European White Weeping Birch—6 to 8 ft\$1 25		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
alba, var. laciniata pendula. Weeping Cut-		
leaved White Birch. 6 to 7 ft 1 50		
lenta. Sweet Birch. 6 to 7 ft. 1 00 8 to 10 ft. 1 50	\$ 7 50 12 50	
lutea. Yellow Birch— 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 50	19 50	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$	
papyrifera. Paper, or Canoe Birch— 7 to 8 ft		
nigra; syn., rubra. Red Birch. 7 to 8 ft. 1 00	8 50	\$60.00
8 to 10 ft	-13/50	<i>ф</i> 00 00
	$22 \ 50$	150 00
BROUSSONETIA papyrifera. Paper Mulberry— 8 to 10 ft 1 50	12 50	
CARAGANA. (Siberian Pea Tree.) Standards in	12 00	
varieties. 4 to 5 ft 2 50	20 00	
CARPINUS Americana; syn., Caroliniana. American		
Hornbeam. 4 to 5 ft. Bushy. 1 00	$\frac{7}{10} \frac{50}{00}$	$\frac{50}{2} = \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft. Bushy	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 13 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 75 & 00 \\ 85 & 00 \end{array}$
6 to 7 ft. Bushy	$\frac{20}{27} \frac{00}{50}$	$150 \ 00$
Betulus. European Hornbeam—	21 00	
4 to 5 ft. Bushy 75	6 00	40 00
5 to 6 ft. Bushy	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 50 \\ 18 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 75 & 00 \\ 100 & 00 \end{array}$
8 to 10 ft. Bushy 3 50	$\frac{10}{30} \frac{90}{00}$	100 00
CARYA alba. (Hickory.) $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	5 00	
tomentosa. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	7 50	
CASTANEA Japonica. Japan Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
vesca. Spanish Chestnut. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
CATALPA bignonioides. 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50	30 00	
bignonioides, var. aurea. Golden Catalpa—	¥	
4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50	
Bungei. Bunge's Catalpa. Standards—7 ft		
Kæmpferi. Japanese Catalpa. 6 to 8 ft. 1 50	12 50	
speciosa. Western Catalpa. 6 to 8 ft. 1 00	7 50	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 1 50	13 50	
CEDRELA Sinensis. Chinese Cedrela—		
8 to 10 ft		

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912		25
Each	10	100
CELTIS occidentalis. Nettle Tree. 7 to 8 ft\$1 25	\$10 00	\$75 00
9 to 10 ft	12 50	90 00
10 to 12 ft 2 00	17 50	
CERASUS Padus. European Bird Cherry-		
5 to 7 ft	6 00	
serotina. Wild Black Cherry—	45 50	
14 to 16 ft	17 50	
Avium, var. alba plena. Double White-	13 50	
flowering Cherry. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 50 Avium, var. rosea plena. Double Pink-	20 00	
flowering Cherry. 4 to 5 ft 1 50	13/50	
Avium, var. rosea pendula. Pink Weeping		
Japan Cherry. 4 to 5 ft 2 50		
7 ft. Specimens 5 00 Sieboldi, var. rubra plena. 4 to 5 ft 1 50		
CERCIS Canadensis. Red Bud, American Judas—		
3 to 4 ft 50	4 00	
4 to 5 ft	$\bar{6}$ $\ddot{0}\ddot{0}$	
5 to 6 ft 1 00	7 50	
6 to 7 ft	10 00	
Japonica. See Shrubs.	2 52	
CERCIDIPHYLLUM Japonicum. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft $\frac{1}{1}$ 00	$\begin{array}{c} 8 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	100 00
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{12}{17} \frac{50}{50}$	100 00
8 to 9 ft 2 50	$\frac{11}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	
CLADRASTIS tinctoria (Virgilia lutea). Yellow		
Wood. 6 to 8 ft 1 50	13 50	100 00
8 to 10 ft 2 00	17 - 50	150 00
10 to 12 ft 2 50	$22 \ 50$	
CORNUS. See, also, Shrubs.		
florida. White Dogwood— $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.; very fine 1 00	7 50	
4 to 5 ft.; very fine 1.25	10 00	60 00
5 to 6 ft.; very fine I 50	$12 \ 50$	75 - 00
6 to 7 ft.; very fine 1 75	15 00	
7 to 8 ft.; very fine	$\frac{22}{27}$ 50	
8 to 10 ft.; very fine	27 50	
Dogwood. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 50	12 50	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	20 00	
4 to 5 ft. Bushy		
5 to 6 ft. Bushy		
One of the most beautiful of		
ornamental trees.		
florida, var. pendula. Weeping Dog-		
wood—		
7 to 10 ft. Rare		
CRATÆGUS Carrieri. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	$\frac{7}{10} \frac{50}{20}$	
5 to 6 ft 1 25	$\frac{10}{19} \frac{00}{50}$	
6 to 7 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
coccinea. 4 to 5 ft	22 00	
6 to 7 ft		
cordata. Washington Thorn		
4 to 5 ft 1 00	8 50	

	Each	1	0	100
CRATÆGUS Crus-galli. Cockspur Thorn— 2 to 3 ft	\$0.50	\$4	00	
mollis. Scarlet Haw. 7 to 8 ft Oxyacantha. English Hawthorn—	3 50			
4 to 6 ft	1 00	8	50	
4 to 5 ft		10	00	
Paul's Double Scarlet— 4 to 5 ft	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{00}{50}$	9	00	
10 to 12 ft. Standards\$3.50 to Oxyacantha, var. rosea flore pleno. Double Pink Hawthorn—	7 50			
4 to 5 ft		10	00	
CYTISUS Laburnum. Golden Chain. 3 to 4 ft			00	
4 to 5 ft			00 50	
DIOSPYROS Virginica. Persimmon. 10 to 12 ft		10	50	
FAGUS ferruginea. American Beech—	100			
$\frac{3}{2}$ ft				
4 ft		18		
sylvatica. European Beech. 3 to 4 ft 4 to 5 ft			$\frac{00}{50}$	
5 to 6 ft				
6 to 7 ft	-3.50	-32	50	
7 to 8 ft\$3.50 to	$\frac{7}{15}$ $\frac{50}{00}$			
9 to 10 ft. Specimens\$10 to sylvatica, var. asplenifolia. Fern - like	19 00			
Beech—				
3 to 4 ft				
4 to 5 ft.				
sylvatica, var. pendula. Weeping Beech— 4 to 5 ft				
6 to 7 ft	-5 - 00			
14 to 16 ft.; 2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. Speci-				
mens\$15 to	25 00			
All recently transplanted.				
sylvatica, var. purpurea. Purple Beech— 4 to 5 ft	1 50	12	50	
5 to 6 ft	-2.50	-22	50	
$\underline{6}$ to $\underline{7}$ ft				
7 to 8 ft				
11 to 12 ft				
12 to 14 ft. Specimens\$10 to	$35 \ 00$			
sylvatica, var. purpurea pendula. Weeping				
Purple Beech— $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 ft	2 50			
sylvatica, var. purpurea major. Large leaf—				
6 to 7 ft	-3/50			
7 to 8 ft\$5 to	7 50			
sylvatica, var. Riversi. Rivers' Blood-leaved	0 40			
Beech. 6 to 7 ft	$-3 - 50 \\ -4 - 00$			
8 to 10 ft				



An Avenue of Sweet Gums (Liquidambar), at Andorra.

Each	10	100
FRAXINUS Americana. White Ash. 8 to 10 ft\$1 25	\$10 00	
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 50	$12\ 50$	\$100 00
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	$\frac{12}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	d\. ±00 00
	$\frac{27}{27} \frac{50}{50}$	
14 to 16 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in	21 00	
14 to 16 ft.; 3 to 4 in\$4 to 5 00		
excelsior. European Ash—		
6 to 8 ft		
8 to 10 ft		
Ornus. Flowering Ash. 7 to 8 ft 2 50	-22/50	
8 to 10 ft. Heavy 3 50°		
viridis. Green Ash. 5 to 6 ft 50	3 50	
GLEDITSCHIA aquatica. Water Locust. 7 to 8 ft 2 00	$15\ 00$	
8 to 10 ft		
triacanthos. Honey Locust—		
5 to 8 ft	6 Ò0	
5 to 6 ft	$12\ 50$	
7 to 8 ft	14 00	
GLYPTOSTROBUS. See Taxodium.		
GYMNOCLADUS Canadonsis. Kentucky Coffee Tree	4	
8 to 10 ft	-17 50	
10 to 12 ft 2 <u>50</u>	-22 - 50	
JUGLANS nigra. Black Walnut. 3 to 4 ft 75	5 00	35/00
7 to 8 ft	8 50	75 00
8 to 10 ft 2 00		
regia. English Walnut-		
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in		
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50		
Val DEUTEDIA noniquista Vennich Tree		
KŒLREUTERIA paniculata. Varnish Tree—	18 50	
6 to 8 ft	$\frac{16}{27} \frac{50}{50}$	
$8 \text{ to } 10 \text{ ft.} \dots 3 00$	21 50	
10 to 12 ft. Heavy\$4 to 5 00		

28	ANDORRA NURSERIES		
	Each	10	100
			100
LAKIX Europ	æa. European Larch. 6 to 8 ft\$1 25	\$10 00 12 50	\$85 00
	to 10 ft 1 50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 13 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	\$00 UU
	0 to 12 ft. 250		
	epsis. Japanese Larch. 10 to 12 ft 2 50	$\frac{22}{27} \frac{50}{50}$	
	to 14 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 27 \ 50 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$	85 00
LIQUIDAMBA	R. Sweet Gum. 6 to 7 ft. Fine 1 50	$\begin{array}{c} 12 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	89 00
	7 to S ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. Fine 4 2 50	$\frac{22}{32} \frac{50}{50}$	
	S to 9 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. Fine. $+$. 3 50	$\frac{32}{45} \frac{30}{00}$	
LIDIADENDO	10 to 12 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 5 00	$\frac{45}{7} \frac{60}{50}$	
FIRIUDENDRU	ON Tulipifera. Tulip Tree. 5 to 6 ft 1 00	10 00	
	7 to 8 ft	$\frac{10}{16} \frac{50}{50}$	
NO.	8 to 9 ft	10 90	
	Tulipifera, var. fastigiata—		
MACNOLIA	12 to 14 ft 4 00		
MAGNOLIA.	Native Sorts—		
	acuminata. Cucumber Tree—	7 50	
	5 to 6 ft 1 00	. 50	
	glauca. Sweet or Swamp Magnolia— 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
	grandiflora. Evergreen Magnolia—		
	$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 2 50$		
	macrophylla. Great-leaved Magnolia—		
	5 to 6 ft 3 50		
	6 to 7 ft 5 00		
	tripetala. Umbrella Tree. 6 to 8 ft 1 25	9 00	85 00
	8 to 10 ft	12 50	
	10 to 12 ft 2 00		
	Chinese Sorts—		
	alba superba. White—		
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2 50	$22 \ 50$	
	Alexandriana. 4 to 5 ft. $\dots \uparrow \dots 3 50$		
	5 to 6 ft. $\cdot \cdot \cdot$		
	8 to 10 ft		
	conspicua. White—	20 50	
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 350	$\frac{32}{45}$ 50	
	5 to 6 ft	45 00	
	7 to 8 ft		
	Kobus. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots \frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$		
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
	21 to 4 st		
	$ 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots, + \dots, 3 50 \\ 5 \text{ to } 6 \text{ ft.} \dots, 55 \text{ to } 7 50 $		
	7 to 8 ft		
	Norbertiana Hybrid. Norbert's Magnolia-		
	3 to 4 ft		
	7 to 8 ft		
	purpurea; syn., obovata. Purple Magnolia-		
	4 to 5 ft. 250		
	5 to 6 ft		
	Soulangeana Hybrid. Soulange's Magnolia—	-	
	4 to 5 ft		
	6 to 7 ft		
	sneciosa. 4½ to 5 ft ♦ ♦ 5.50 to 5 00		
	etallata evn Halleana. Hall's Jabanese	00.50	
	Megnolia 2 II 4.00	$\frac{22}{29}$ $\frac{50}{50}$	
	94 ft	$32 \ 50$	
	2 to 3½ ff		
	4 to 7 ft\$10 to 15 00		



An Avenue of "Andorra-grown" Oriental Planes. (See page 30).

Each	10
MORUS alba. White Mulberry. 5 to 6 ft\$1 00	\$6 00
alba, var. Tatarica alba. White-fruited Russian Mulberry. 6 ft 1 00	
alba, var. Tatarica rubra. Red Russian Mulberry. 6 ft	
alba, var. Tatarica pendula. Teas' Weeping Mulberry. 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; 2-yr. heads	32 50
NEGUNDO. See Acer.	
NYSSA sylvatica. Sour Gum. 2 ft	5 00
OSTRYA Virginica (Ironwood). 6 to 8 ft	12 50
OXYDENDRUM arboreum; syn., Andromeda arborea. Sorrel	
Tree. 2 to 3 ft. 1 00 3 to 4 ft. 1 50 4 to 5 ft. 2 00 5 to 6 ft. 2 50 6 to 7 ft. 3 00 7 to 8 ft. 3 50	9 00 13 50 18 50 22 50
PARROTIA Persica. Persian Iron Tree. 5 to 6 ft 2 50	
PERSICA vulgaris, var. alba plena. Double White-flowering Peach. 4 to 5 ft	7 50
vulgaris, var. sanguinea plena. Double Red-flowering Peach. 4 to 5 ft 1 00	7 50

THE STATE OF THE S		
PLATANUS occidentalis. American Buttonwood—	10	100
8 to 10 ft	\$\ \\$\ \\$\ \\$\ \\$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
Buttonwood. 6 to 8 ft. 1 00 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. 1 23 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. 1 50 10 to 12 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in. 1 73 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. 2 50 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in $+$ 3 50 14 ft.; 3 to 4 in. Specimens. \$5 to 10 00	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$50 00 85 00 115 00 150 00 175 00
POPULUS alba, var. Bolleana. Bolle's Poplar— $10 \text{ to } 12 \text{ ft.} \dots \dots 2 50$ $12 \text{ to } 14 \text{ ft.}; 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.} \dots 3 50$ monilifera; syn. Carolinensis. Carolina	20 00	
Poplar. 8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in 1 00 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 1 50 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 50 nigra, var. fastigiata. Lombardy Poplar—	$0 - 10 \cdot 00$	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in	5 10 00 0 13 50 18 50	$\begin{array}{c} 90 & 00 \\ 125 & 00 \\ 150 & 00 \end{array}$
PRUNUS. See, also, Cerasus. Pissardii. Purple Plum. 4 to 5 ft 1 00 triloha. Flowering Plum. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50	8 50 3 50	
PTELEA trifoliata. Hop Tree. 4 to 6 ft. 35 6 to 7 ft. 50 7 to 9 ft. 75	4.50	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
PTEROSTYRAX hispidum (Halesia hispida). 8 to 10 ft 1 50	12 50	
PYRUS. See, also, Shrubs. atrosanguinea. 5 to 6 ft	12 50	
5 to 6 ft	6.00	
flowering Crab. 4 to 5 ft ★ 2 50 Parkmani; syn., Halliana. Parkman's Crab— 3½ to 4 ft		
Scheideckeri (Double-flowered). 4 to 5 ft 1 2: Toringo (Dwarf Crab). 4 to 5 ft 1 2:	$5 - 10 \cdot 00$	
QUERCUS alba. White Oak. 6 to 7 ft 1 50 7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 1 70 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	$egin{matrix} 16 & 00 \ 22 & 50 \end{matrix}$	
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in) 32 50))	

TRICE EIST TOR STRING OF 1912	•	-
Each	10	100
QUERCUS coccinea. Scarlet Oak. 6 to 7 ft\$1 25	\$10 00	
7 to 8 ft	13 50	
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in	17 50	
9 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	22/50	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in\$2.75 to 5 00		
12 to 14 ft. Specimens\$7.50 to 10 00		
macrocarpa. Mossy Cup Oak—		
8 to 9 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 2 50		
palustris. Pin Oak—		
6 to 7 ft. Low-branched 1 00	8 50	
7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. Low-branched 1 25	10 00	
8 to 9 ft \cdot 14 to 2 in Low-branched, 1.50	13 50	
9 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. Low-branched 2 50 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in. Low-branched 3 50	$\frac{22}{20}$ $\frac{50}{00}$	
10 to 12 ft.; 24 to 3 in. Low-branched 3 50 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 34 in	$\begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 00 \\ 37 & 50 \end{array}$	
Extra heavy specimens. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to	01 00	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ in. cal., well-rooted		
and good tops\$7.50 to 15 00		
pedunculata, var. Concordia. Golden Oak—		
8 to 10 ft 5 00		
Prinus. Rock Chestnut Oak. 7 to 8 ft 1 25	10 00	
8 to 10 ft 1 50	13 50	
10 to 12 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	$\begin{array}{c} 18 & 50 \\ 22 & 50 \end{array}$	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	00 کئ	
12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in\$3.50 to 5 00 Excellent for street planting.		
Robur. English Oak. 6 to 8 ft.; 2 in 1 00	8 50	
8 to 10 ft.: 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in	$12\overline{50}$	
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	$\frac{20}{20}$	
12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in 3 50	$32 \ 50$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. cal. Specimens. \$5 to 10 00		
Robur, var. fastigiata. Pyramidal English Oak. 8 to 10 ft 3 50		
10 to 12 ft		
rubra. Red Oak. 7 to 8 ft	13 50	
8 to 10 ft.: 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 2 00	17 50	
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 2 00 10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 3 00	27 - 50	
12 to 14 ft. Specimens\$5.50 to 10 00		
velutina, var. tinctoria. Black Oak—	10.00	
6 to 8 ft	$10 \ 00 \ 15 \ 00$	
	$\frac{18}{18} \frac{50}{50}$	
10 to 12 ft.; $\overset{?}{2}$ to $\overset{?}{2}$ in 2 00 12 to 14 ft.; $\overset{?}{2}$ to $\overset{?}{2}$ in	$\overline{22}$ $\overline{50}$	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. Specimens	27 50	
RHUS glabra. Smooth Sumac. 4 to 5 ft 50	$\frac{4}{9} \frac{00}{90}$	\$35 00
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{6}{8} \frac{00}{50}$	$\frac{50}{75} \frac{00}{00}$
7 to 8 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \ 50 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$	75 00
0 to 10 11.	12 00	
glabra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Sumac—	5 00	40 00
$\frac{2\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.} \dots 75}{3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots 100}$	750	60 00
Osbecki. 4 to 5 ft	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	$\bar{8}$ $\bar{50}$	

Each 10	100
8 RHUS typhina. Staghorn Sumae. 4 to 5 ft	
6 to 8 ft	
SALISBURIA adiantifolia. Ginkgo, or Maidenhair Tree. 7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in. 1 25 10 00 7 to 8 ft.; $1\frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in 1 25 10 00 8 to 9 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 1 50 13 50	
9 to 10 it.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in 2 00 17 50	\$125 00
SALIX alba. White Willow. 6 to 7 ft	
10 to 12 ft	
Babylonica, var. dolorosa. Wisconsin Weeping Willow. 12 to 14 ft. Heavy. 2 50 22 50 caprea. Pussy Willow. 7 to 8 ft 1 00 7 50	
caprea. Pussy Willow. 7 to 8 ft. 1 00 7 50 8 to 10 ft. 1 50 12 50	$\frac{40}{75} \frac{00}{00}$
incana. Rosemary Willow. 5 to 6 ft 75 6 00 lutea. Golden Willow. 12 to 14 ft.; 3 to	50 00
3¼ in	
Willow→ 8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft	
7 to 8 ft	
Willow. 12 to 14 ft. Heavy 3 50 Wentworth. 8 to 10 ft	
10 to 12 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
Japonica, var. pendula. Weeping Sophora—	
6 to 8 ft. Specimens	
7 to 8 ft	
7 to 8 ft	
Mountain Ash. 6 to 7 ft 1 50 TAXODIUM distichum. Deciduous Cypress—	
• 5 to 6 ft	
6 to 7 ft	
7 to 8 ft · 11 to 2 in 1 50 12 50	
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	
12 to 14 it.; 5 to 4 m 7 \$5 to 10 00	10
argentea; syn., tomentosa. Silver-leaved Linden—	10
8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	\$22 50 32 50
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3^{-1} in. Specimens	40 00 60 00

Each	10
TILIA platyphyllos. Large-leaved Linden	
7 to 8 ft.; 1\frac{3}{4} to 2 in	\$12,50
vulgaris; syn., European Linden— 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in	15 00
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in 2 50	22350
12 to 14 ft.; 3 to 3½ in. Specimens\$4.50 to 7 50 vulgaris, var. pyramidalis laciniata. Pyramidal Cut-	an Alf
leaf. 12 to 14 ft.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	32,50
ULMUS Americana. American Elm—	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in per 100, \$100	$1250 \\ 17.50$
* 12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{4}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in per 100, \$200 \bigstar 2 50	$\frac{11.30}{22.50}$
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	= 27.50
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in	$32\sqrt{50}$
campestris. English Elm. 8 to 10 ft.; 2 to $2\frac{1}{4}$ in 1 50	13, 50
10 to 12 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	25/00
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{5}{4}$ to 3° in	32 50
Specimens. 3 to 4 in	P
English Elm—	**
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in	32 50
12 to 14 ft.; $2\frac{3}{4}$ to 3^{-} in	54 90
campestris, var. Wheatley's (Cornish) Elm—	
12 to 14 ft	$\begin{array}{ccc} 22 & 50 \\ 32 & 50 \end{array}$
14 to 16 ft 3 50 scabra; syn., Dampieri; fastigiate form—	5 <u>4</u> 50
10 to 12 ft.: $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in	32 50
scabra; syn., montana. Scotch, or Wych Elm—	
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	
12 to 14 ft.; 3 to $3\frac{1}{4}$ in	32 50
14 to 16 ft.; $3\frac{1}{4}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ in	42 50
14 to 16 ft.; $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in\$5 to 7 50 scabra, var. pendula. Camperdown Elm—	
6 ft	
scabra, var. purpurea. Purple Wych Elm-	13 50
8 to 10 ft.; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in	$\frac{15}{17} \frac{50}{50}$
$12 \text{ to } 14 \text{ ft.}; 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ in.} \dots 3 50$	$32 \ 50$
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS	
DECIDOOOS SIIROBS	
Each 10	100
ABELIA rupestris. 1 ft	
ACANTHOPANAX spinosa (Aralia pentaphylla)— $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	\$20 00
4 to 5 ft 35 3 00	$\overset{\mathtt{v}}{25}\overset{\mathtt{o}}{00}$
ÆSCULUS parviflora; syn., Pavia macrostachya—	60 00
2 ft	85 00
$\frac{2}{3}$ ft	150 00
ALTHEA. See Hibiscus.	25 00
AMELANCHIER Botryapium. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	49 00
0 10 1 11 11 11 11 10 00 10 10 10 10 10	



Partial View of Nursery Grounds from Top of Main Nursery.

Each		100
AMORPHA canescens. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0 35	\$2 50	\$15 00
fragrans. 5 to 6 ft 50	3.50	-30 00
fruticosa. $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft	3.00	
6 to 7 ft	$4 \ 00$	30 - 00
AMYGDALUS (Almond). See Prunus.		

NATIVE AZALEAS, ANDORRA-GROWN Clean, Bushy, Transplanted Stock.

otean, Dusny, Plansplanted Stock.		
Each	10	100
AZALEA arborescens. Fragrant White Azalea—		
12 to 15 in. Bushy clumps\$1 00	\$9 00	\$80.00
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	13 50	125 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy clumps 2 00	$18 \ 50$	$150\ 00$
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps $\frac{2}{2}$ 50	22 50	175 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy clumps 3 50	30 00	$250\ 00$
calendulacea. Flame Azalea. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	80 00
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	$13\ 50$	125 00
18 to 24 in. Bushy clumps 1 75	15 00	135 00
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{2}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps $\frac{2}{2}$ 50	$\frac{10}{22} \stackrel{00}{50}$	$\frac{100}{200} \frac{00}{00}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	22 00	400 00
Canadensis (Rhodora). 1 ft. Bushy 1 00	8 50	75 00
$\frac{1_2}{2}$ to 2 ft. Bushy $\frac{1}{2}$ 00	$18\ 50$	$150 \ 00$
nudiflora. 12 to 15 in 1 00	$\frac{10.00}{9.00}$	100 00
15 to 18 in. Clumps	$1\overset{\circ}{3}\overset{\circ}{50}$	115 00
$\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps	$\frac{15}{15} \frac{90}{00}$	$\frac{115}{125} \frac{00}{00}$
$\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps	$\frac{10}{20} \frac{00}{00}$	175 00
Vaseyi. Southern Azalea. 12 to 15 in 1 00	9 00	110 00
15 to 18 in	13 50	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps 200	$\frac{13}{18} \frac{50}{50}$	15 0 00
$\overline{2}^2$ ft. Bushy clumps $\overline{2}$ 50	$\frac{10}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{100}{200} \frac{00}{00}$
viscosa. White Azalea—	22 30	200 00
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps 1 50	13 50	115 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps	$\frac{13}{18} \frac{50}{50}$	
2 ft. Bushy clumps		150 00 175 00
w to Dusty Clumps 2 00	22/50	175 00

MOLLIS and GHENT AZALEAS

TO CO	ach	10	100
AZALEA mollis. 1½ ft. Named sorts\$1	25	\$10 00	100 \$90-00
2 ft. Bushy. Named sorts 1	50	13 50	$125 \overset{\circ}{00}$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy. Named sorts 2	00	17 50	
$\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Unnamed 1	-00	9 00	85.00
2 ft. Unnamed 1	25	10 00	90 00
Pontica (Ghent). 1½ ft. Named sorts 1	25	10 00	90.00
2 It. Bushy Named corts 1	50	12/50	$120 \ 00$
$z_{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3 it. Bushy	50	22/50	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \text{Bushy } \dots \$2.50 \text{ to } 3$	50		
Yodogama. 15 to 18 in	75	15 00	
BACCHARIS halimifolia. Groundsel Shrub-			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	3 50	25/00
BENZOIN odoriferum. Spice Bush. 2 to 2½ ft	35		
$\begin{array}{c} 3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \dots \end{array}$	50	$\begin{array}{cccc} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{20}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4° ft	75.	$\frac{1}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	35 00
4 to 5 ft 1	00	750	50 00
BERBERIS (Barberry). Dulcis. 1 to 1½ ft	50	4 00	35 00
		± 00	99 00
ilicifolia. Holly-leaved. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	27 50
$\frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ to 3 ft	<u>50</u>	4 00	35 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	6 00	40 00
Japonica. (not Mahonia). $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	5 00	40 00
Thunbergii. 12 to 15 in	25	1 75	12 50
10 10 18 in	$\overline{35}$	$=$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{50}$	$1\overline{5}$ $0\overline{0}$
1½ tt.; broad and very heavy	50	3.50	$20 \ 00$
2 ft.; broad and very heavy	$\underline{60}$	4 50	$25 \ 00$
1) 4 a 1) 1 C1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1	75	$\frac{6}{0} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{50}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
	00	9 00	75 00
vulgaris. Common Barberry—			
$\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{I}}$ ($\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{I}}$ $\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{I}}$	$\frac{50}{co}$	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
3^2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{60}{75}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5 \ 00 \\ 6 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 35 & 00 \end{array}$
			99 00
The state of the s	75	6 00	•
Vulgaris, var. purpurea. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	17 50
$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{1}$ ft	50	$\frac{3}{50}$	25/00
	60	4 00	$\frac{30}{00}$
	$\frac{75}{00}$	$\frac{6}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	35 00
CALLICARPA purpurea. Beauty Fruit—	UU	1 90	40 00
$\Omega = A - A$	75	6 00	40.00
CALYCANTHUS floridus. Allspice, or Sweet Shrub-	10	0 00	40 00
	50	4.00	90.00
$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	75	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
CARAGANA arborescens. Siberian Pea—	.0	0 00	99 00
$\Omega = \Omega + \Omega = \Omega$	50	3 50	17 50
	75	$\frac{3}{6} \frac{30}{00}$	40 00
CARYOPTERIS Mastacanthus. Blue Spirea—		3 00	10 00
	35	2 50	15 00
			20 00

ALL DOTTING TO TO THE DOTTING		
Each	10	100
CEANOTHUS Americanus. Jersey Tea. 1½ to 2 ft\$0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	$25\ 00$
$\overline{2}_{2}^{1}$ to $\overline{3}^{2}$ ft	4 00	2003
Americanus, var. Fendleri.—		
$1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 2 \text{ ft.} \dots + \dots + \dots + \dots = 75$		
CEPHALANTHUS occidentalis.—		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	2 50	20 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\tilde{3}$ $0\tilde{0}$	$25\ 00$
4^2 to 5 ft	$4\ \ 00$	30 00
CERCIS. See, also, Deciduous Trees.		
Japonica. Japan Judas-		
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 75$	5 00	35 00
CHIONANTHUS Virginica. White Fringe—		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy'	4 50	
3 to 4 ft. Bushy	$7 \overset{\circ}{00}$	50 00
4 to 5 ft. Bushy 1 00	$\dot{8}\ \check{5}\check{0}$	60 00
$\overline{5}$ to $\overline{6}$ ft. $\overline{1}$ $\overline{25}$	$10\ 00$	$75\ 00$
7 to 8 ft 1 75	15 00	
CLETHRA alnifolia: Sweet Pepperbush—		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 50	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3^2 ft. Broad and bushy 50	$\bar{3}$ $\check{0}\check{0}$	
3^2 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Broad and bushy 60	$4 \ 00$	
COLUTEA arborescens. Bladder Senna—		
4 to 5 ft	3 00	20 00
5 to 6 ft	$4\ \ 00$	$\tilde{2}\tilde{5}$ $\tilde{0}\tilde{0}$
6 to 7 ft	$\vec{6}$ $\vec{0}\vec{0}$	30 00
COMPTONIA asplenifolia. Sweet Fern. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. 35	3 00	$25 \begin{array}{c} 00 \\ \end{array}$
CORCHORUS Japonicus. Single Globe Flower—	9 00	20 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3 50	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{5}{5} \frac{30}{00}$	
Japonicus, fl. pl. (Double Kerria)—	0 00	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \dots$	3 50	30 00
Japonicus, var. variegata. (Variegated	0 00	90 00
Leaves). 2 ft 50	3 50	30 00
	5 50	30 00
CORNUS. See, also, <i>Trees</i> . alba. Siberian Red-twigged Dogwood—		
ama. Sherian Ked-twigged Dogwood— $1\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 2 \text{ ft.} \dots 25$	2 00	15 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 1t	$\frac{1}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{10}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.; very heavy	$\stackrel{\mathtt{T}}{6}\stackrel{\mathtt{00}}{00}$	$\frac{29}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	750	30 00
alba; syn., Siberica, var. aurea variegata—	. 55	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft		
alba, var. elegantissima. Golden-leaved—		
3 to $3\frac{1}{9}$ ft	3 00	
4 to 5 ft	$6\ 00$	
alternifolia. 3 to 4 ft	$4 \overset{\circ}{00}$	
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{1}{5}$ $\overset{\circ}{00}$	40 00
6 to 7 ft	ő ŏŏ	50 00
Kousa (Benthamia Japonica)—		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
$\begin{array}{c} \text{Notisa} & \text{(Bertmanna Saponica)} \\ \text{2} & \text{to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} & \dots & \\ & & & & & \\ \end{array}$	8 50	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	12 50	
Mas. Cornelian Cherry. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 50	$\overline{3}$ 50	
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft.; very heavy	6 00	35 00
$\frac{4}{5}^2$ to 6 ft. $\dots \dots 1$ 00	750	50 00
6 to 10 ft. Specimens. +. \$1.50 to 2 50		
to go the openion of the same		

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912	37
CORNUS paniculata. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\begin{array}{cccc} 10 & & 100 \\ 00 & $35 & 00 \\ 00 & 45 & 00 \\ 50 & 60 & 00 \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00 00 00 00 35 00 00 00 00 00 35 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	50 40 00 00 00 25 00
3½ to 4° ft	
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 00 & 20 & 00 \\ 50 & 25 & 00 \\ 00 & 35 & 00 \end{array}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	00
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 & 20 & 00 \\ 50 & 30 & 00 \\ 00 & 40 & 00 \\ 50 & 60 & 00 \end{array}$
COTONEASTER Simonsii. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	00 25 00 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 & 25 & 00 \\ 00 & & & \\ 00 & 40 & 00 \\ 00 & 50 & 00 \end{array}$
crenata, var. Pride of Rochester— $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{5}$ to 4 ft	00 40 00 50 00 40 00
5 to 6 ft	50 25 00
crenata, var. Wellsi. 3 to 4 ft	00 40 00 00 50 00 00 25 00 00 40 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 00 \\ 50 & 50 & 00 \\ 00 & 25 & 00 \\ 00 & 35 & 00 \\ 50 & 50 & 00 \\ \end{array}$

	*** *	4.0	400
DEUTZIA gracilia vera recon 0 to 01 ft	Each	10	100
DEUTZIA gracilis, var. rosea. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	\$0.75	$\frac{$6}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	\$35 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	$\frac{1}{25}$	$\frac{7}{2} \frac{50}{00}$	$\frac{50}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
Lemoinei. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; very heavy	35	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{20}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
$\frac{3}{3!}$ to $\frac{31}{4!}$ ft.; heavy	• 50	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	$\begin{array}{c}5 & 00\\7 & 50\end{array}$	35 .00
4 to 5 ft Lemoinei, var. compacta. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	$\frac{1}{3} \frac{50}{00}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 40 & 00 \\ 20 & 00 \end{array}$
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 50	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{30}{75}$	$\frac{1}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{35} \frac{00}{00}$
parviflora. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{50}{50}$	99 00
scabra. $3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	35	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	25 00
4 to 5 ft	50	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	$\frac{40}{40} \frac{00}{00}$
DIERVILLA (Weigela) florida, var. amabilis-	• •	3 00	
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots$	50	3 50	
6 to 7 ft	75	6 00	40 00
florida; syn., rosea. 3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	25/00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	$30 \ 00$
florida, var. candida. $2 ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft. } \dots$	50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	. 75	5/00	
florida nana, yar. aurea variegata—	FO	4.00	80.00
$\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	59	4 00	30 00
4 to 5 ft	7 5	6 00	40 00
florida, var. Sieboldi alba. 4 to 5 ft	75	9.00	07 00
floribunda Lavallei. 3 to 4 ft	35	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
Japonica (syn., hortensis), var. flori-	50	4 00	30 00
bunda. 3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	25 00
5 to 6 ft	75	$\frac{1}{5} \frac{00}{00}$	200
Japonica, var. Eva Rathke. $2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} + \dots$	$3\overline{5}$	$\ddot{3}$ $\ddot{0}\ddot{0}$	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	3 50	25 00
3 to 4 ft	75	6 00	$=$ $\overline{30}$ $\overline{00}$
Japonica, var. nivea. White. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	50	4 00	3,, 2,,
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	5 00	
Japonica, var. rubra. 5 to 6 ft	50	4 00	30 00
6 to 7 ft	75	5 00	40 00
Grænewegeni. 4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	-30 - 00
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	40 00
Greenewegeni, var. mad. Contourier. (11y-	~ =		
brid). 3 to 4 ft	$\frac{35}{2}$	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	80.00
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft Stoltznoni 21 to 4 ft.	75	$\frac{5}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	40 00
Grænewegeni, var. Steltzneri. 3½ to 4 ft.	$\frac{50}{60}$	4 00	90.00
$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \dots$	$\begin{array}{c} 60 \\ 75 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5 to 6 ft	19	0 00	40 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	35	3 00	
$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	50	4 00	
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	40 00
Verschaffelti. 2½ to 3 ft	35	3 00	$\frac{10}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{50}{50}$	4 00	30 00
6 to 7 ft	75	$\hat{6}$ $\hat{00}$	40 00
sessilifolia. 2½ to 3 ft	25	2 00	
る to o掉 It	50	$\overline{3}$ $\overline{50}$	25/00
4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	$\overline{35}$ $\overline{00}$
trifida. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912		39
Each	10	100
ELÆAGNUS angustifolia. Oleaster. 5 to 6 ft\$0 50	3.0	
6 to 8 ft		
6 to 8 ft		
ter, 5 to 4 It. Bushy 19	\$5.00	\$35 00
$\frac{4}{5}$ to $\frac{5}{6}$ ft. Bushy $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{00}{25}$	$\frac{8}{10} \frac{50}{00}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 50 & 00 \\ 60 & 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	$\frac{10}{7} \frac{00}{50}$	00 00
	18 50	
EUONYMUS alatus. Cork-barked. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{13}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\frac{1}{32} \frac{50}{50}$	
One of the most ornamental of		
flowering and fruiting shrubs.		
Americana. Strawberry Bush—	0.00	o= 00
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots 35$	3 00	25/00
Europæus. Spindle Tree. 4 to 5 ft 50 5 to 6 ft	4 00	
	1 00	
EXOCHORDA grandiflora. Pearl Bush. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50 5 to 6 ft	4 00	35 00
6 to 8 ft.; with ball 1 50	12^{-50}	30 00
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell) Fortunei. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 35	3 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	3 50	
4 to 5 ft.; very heavy 75	4 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy 1 00	$\frac{5}{2}$ 00	$\frac{35}{2}$
6 to 7 ft.; very heavy 1 50	12 50	$\frac{75}{50} \frac{00}{00}$
Fortunei, var. aurea variegata. 3 to 4 ft. 75 intermedia. 2 to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 2 \ 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
intermedia. 2 to 3 ft	$\frac{2}{4} \frac{30}{00}$	25 00
4 to 5 ft	$\tilde{5}$ $\tilde{0}\tilde{0}$	3 0 00
5 to 6 ft 1 00	7 50	40 00
suspensa. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	20 00
$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ to $\frac{4}{2}$ ft	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 00 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \ 00 \\ 50 \ 00 \end{array}$
5 to 7 ft.; very heavy 1 00 viridissima. 2 to 3 ft 25	$2 \stackrel{90}{00}$	90 00
3 to 4 ft.; very heavy; extra 35	$= \bar{3} \ \check{0}\check{0}$	25 00
4 to 5 ft.; very heavy; extra 50	4 00	$30 \ 00$
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy; extra 75	6 00	50 - 00
HALESIA tetraptera. 5 to 6 ft	6 00	
HAMAMELIS Japonica. Japanese Witch Hazel—	4 6 6	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{4}{c} \frac{00}{00}$	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3° ft	$\begin{array}{c} 6 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	
5 to 6 ft.; heavy	$\frac{400}{600}$	50 00
6 to 7 ft.; heavy 1 00	$7\ \ 50$	60 00
HIBISCUS Syriacus. Althea; Rose of Sharon—		
alba plena. 5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
Boule de Feu. 5 to 6 ft	5 00	40 00
cœrulea plena. 5 to 6 ft	$\frac{5}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{40}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
Comte de Flandre. 4 to 5 ft	$egin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \ 5 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 25 & 00 \\ 40 & 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
Jeanne d'Arc. 3 to 4 ft 50	$\frac{1}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$25 \begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 00 \end{array}$
4 to 5 ft	5 00	30 00
5 to 6 ft	6 00	50 00
Lady Stanley. 4 to 5 ft. $\dots 50$	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	30 00
5 to 6 ft 75	6 00	50 00

	Each	10	100
HIBISCUS purpureus folis argenta marginata-			
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		$\begin{array}{c} \$3 \ 00 \\ 4 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft		$\frac{4}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	$\bar{5}$ 00	30 00
violacea (semi-plena). 5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	40 00
HIPPOPHAE rhamnoides. See $Buckthorn$. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	2 50	20 00
HYDRANGEA arborescens. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	4 00	30 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	6 00	50 00
arborescens, var. grandiflora— 3 to 4 ft	75	6 00	50 00
Hortensis, var. Imperatrice Eugenie—		\$	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; 4-in. pot			
Hortensis, var. Otaska. 3-year Hortensis, var. Japonica. 1 ft		6 00	
paniculata. 4 to 5 ft	35	3 00	5= 00
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy	$\frac{50}{75}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \ 00 \\ 50 \ 00 \end{array}$
paniculata grandiflora. 3 to 3½ ft		$\frac{6}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	25/00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	6 00	$\frac{35}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; extra heavy		$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 50 & 00 \\ 60 & 00 \end{array}$
$4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft.; extra heavy quercifolia. Oak-leaved—	.t. 90	1.2 00	00 00,
$2 ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft. } \dots$	1.00	8 50	75 00
HYPERICUM aureum. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 3 to 4 ft		$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
calcinum. Aaron's Beard. 1 ft		4 00	$20 \ 00$
hircinum. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 50	$25 \ 00$
Moserianum hybridum. Gold-Flower— 12 to 15 in		2 50	20 00
patulum. 12 to 15 in	35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$	$15\ 00$
prolificum. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
ILEX Sieboldi. Red-fruited. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 1 50 \end{array}$	$13 \begin{array}{c} 500 \\ 50 \end{array}$	
Sieboldi. White-fruited. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft $+$	1 50	13 50	
verticillata. Winter Berry. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		$\begin{array}{ccc} 2&00\\3&00 \end{array}$	25 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 3 to 4 ft		$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{35}$ $\frac{00}{00}$
ITEA Virginica. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 00	$\frac{25}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
3 to 4 ft	75	6 00	40 00
12 to 15 in	50	3 50	$25 \ 00$
KERRIA. See Corchorus.	~ ~	2 50	20 00
LESPEDEZA bicolor. 4 to 5 ft	W A	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{20}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
Sieboldi; syn., Desmodium Japonicum—			
Heavy clumps	35 50	3 00	
Sieboldi, var. alba. Heavy clumps LIGUSTRUM Amurense. Amoor Privet. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	20 00
3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
6 to $\overline{8}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 50	
8 to 9 ft\$1.50 to ciliatum. Sold by many for Ibota—	, 2 90		
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Broad and heavy	50	3 50	$\frac{25}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
3½ to 4 ft. Broad and heavy	$\frac{60}{75}$	$\begin{array}{c}4~00\\5~00\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 to 5 ft. Broad and heavy 5 to 6 ft. Broad and heavy	4 00	$\frac{5}{7} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{39}{40} \frac{00}{00}$

A RICE EIGH TON STRING OF 1912	41
LIGUSTRUM Ibota. The true upright form— Each 10	100
$2 ext{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} ext{ ft.}$	\$12 ¹⁰⁰ 50
$\frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}{3}$ to $\frac{3}{3}$ ft	15 00
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft 50 $\frac{3}{3}$ 50	$\frac{13}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
$\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{5}{2}$ ft.; heavy	$\frac{20}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
$ \frac{5}{5} $ to $ \frac{6}{6} $ ft. $ \frac{1}{6} $	
6 to 7 ft 1 00 8 50	50 00
lbota, var. Regelianum. Regel's—	75 00
$1 \cdot 1 \cdot 4 \circ 1 \cdot 1$	
	OF 00
$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{4}$ to $\frac{4}{2}$ ft	$\frac{25}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
	$\frac{35}{30} \frac{00}{30}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60 00
media. 4 to 5 ft	80.00
media. 4 to 5 ft	$30 \ 00$
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.: bushy 1000 \$40 4 25 1 no	
	7 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft.; bushy 1000, \$60 \(\) 1 50 3 to 3\(\) ft.; bushy 1000, \$75 \(\) 60 \(\) 250	10 00
	15 00
$\frac{3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4}{60}$ ft.; bushy 1000, \$100 $+$ 60 4 00	$20 \ 00$
4 to 5 ft.; bushy	$35 \ 00$
\sim	
Grand stock. All our Privet	
has been transplanted and cut	
back; is extra heavy, and will give	
immediate hedge effects.	
Sinensis. Chinese Privet. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 50 3 50	
$\frac{3\frac{1}{2} \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.}}{6}$ ft	,
vulgaris. Common Privet. 2 to 3 ft 35 2 50	15 00
Vulgaris. Common Privet. 2 to 3 ft. 35 2 50 3 to 4 ft. 50 3 00	25/00
4 to 5 ft	30 00
Chinese Fragrant Bush	
Honeysuckle. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 25 2 00	
3 to 4 ft	27 50
4 to 5 ft.; heavy	$\frac{1}{40} \begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 00 \end{array}$
5 to 6 ft.; heavy $\dots 75$ 6 00	$\tilde{50}$ $\tilde{00}$



A Portion of the Propagating Grounds at Andorra.

		10	1.00
	ach	10	100
LONICERA Morrowi. Japanese Bush Honeysuckle—	50	\$3 00	\$25 00
3 to 4 ft\$6 4 to 5 ft	75	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	35 00
5 to 6 ft		6 00	40 00
Ruprechtiana. 3 to 4 ft	$\tilde{50}$	3 50	$25 \ 00$
4 to 5 ft	7 5	$5 \ 00$	35 00
5 to 6 ft	00	7 50	50 - 00
Standishi. Standish's Honeysuckle—	-	0.00	
$\underline{}$ 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. \ldots	$\frac{75}{25}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 6 & 00 \ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	
Tatarica, assorted. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 50 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 2 & 50 \ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	$25 \ 00$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30 00
	l. 00	6 00	40 00
Tatarica (rubra). 3 to 4 ft	50	-3.50	30 00
4 to 5 ft	75	500	35/00
Tatarica, var. alba. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	$\frac{3}{9}$ $\frac{60}{90}$	90.00
3 to 4 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 75 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \ 50 \\ 6 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30 & 00 \\ 40 & 00 \end{array}$
4 to 5 ft.; heavy 5 to 6 ft	$1 \stackrel{13}{00}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 50 \\ 7 & 50 \end{array}$	50 00
Tatarica, var. bella albida. 3 to 4 ft	50	$\frac{1}{4} \frac{90}{00}$	$\frac{25}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
4 to 5 ft	75	$\bar{5}$ 00	-35 00
5 to 6 ft	1 00	7 50	50 00
Tatarica, var. gracilis. 4 to 5 ft	75	600	$\frac{30}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft	$1 \begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{7}{2} \frac{50}{00}$	50 00
Tatarica, var. Unrysantnera. 3 to 4 it	$\frac{35}{50}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \ 00 \\ 3 \ 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
4 to 5 ft 5 to 6 ft	7 5	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\frac{30}{40} \frac{00}{00}$
Tatarica, var. splendens. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	$25\ 00$
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	35 00
5 to 6 ft	1 00	7 50	50 00
LYCIUM Chinense. Matrimony, Vine. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	-35	$\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{50}{5}$	15 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	3 50	$\frac{20}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
MYRICA cerifera. Wax Myrtle. 1½ to 2 ft	$\frac{50}{75}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	0 00	40 00
PAVIA parviflora. See Æsculus, under Shrubs.			
PHILADELPHUS coronarius. Mock Orange— 2 to 2½ ft	35	3 00	20 00
$3 \text{ to } 4 \text{ ft.} \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots$	50	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75	$\tilde{6}$ $\tilde{0}\tilde{0}$	50 00
coronarius, var. aureus. Golden	per 43		
Mock Orange. 2 to 3 ft.	50	4 00	
coronarius, var. Avalanche—	50	4 00	
$2 \text{ to } 2\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots$	50	4 00	
coronarius, var. primulæ florus— 2 to 2½ ft	50	4 00	
grandiflorus. 3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	
4 to 5 ft	75	$\frac{6}{9}$	30 00
5 to 6 ft	1 00	7 50	40 00
	1 50	$\frac{12}{4} \frac{50}{90}$	60 00
Lemoinei. (Hybrid). 3 to 4 ft	50	4 00	$\begin{array}{c} 30 \ 00 \\ 20 \ 00 \end{array}$
Lemoinei, var. erectus. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 50 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{20}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	$\frac{50}{35}$	$\frac{4}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{30}{20} \frac{00}{00}$
*Mt. Blanc. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 3 to 4 ft	75	$5 \overset{\circ}{00}$	35 00
Zeyheri, var. speciosissimus—			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	$\frac{25}{40}$ 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft 5 to 6 ft	1 00	7 50	40 00
*			

POTENTILLA fruticosa. Shrubby Cinquefoil— Ea	eh	10	100
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0		\$3 00	\$20 00
$\frac{2}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{3}$ ft	50	3 50	φ 2 0 00
3 to 34 ft	$\frac{30}{75}$	4 00	30 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	19	4 00	90 00
PRUNUS amygdalus communis. Flowering Almond—			
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	75	5/00	
amygdalus communis, var. rosea—			
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	75	5/00	
PYRUS arbutifolia. Chokeberry. 3 to 4 ft	50	3.50	
arbutifolia, var. brilliantissima. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ fl	50	$35\widetilde{0}$	30 00
21 to 3 ft	75	$\frac{5}{5} \frac{30}{00}$	40 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35		$\frac{40}{25} \frac{00}{00}$
normanua, var. myra. O to og It			(iii) 00
3½ to 4 ft	50	3.50	
RHAMNUS cathartica. Buckthorn. 3 to 4 ft	35	3.00	
4 to 5 ft	50 -	-3.50	= 20.00
6 to 7 ft	75	$4 \ 00$	-30 - 00
RHODOTYPUS kerrioides. White Kerria—			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	3 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{4}$ to 4 ft	50	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
$3\frac{4}{2}$ to 4 ft		$\frac{400}{600}$	
F to C the Wery Heavy	75		$\frac{40}{50} \frac{00}{00}$
	00	7.50	50 - 00
RHUS aromatica. Fragrant Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50 -	4 00	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	75	6.00	40 00
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1$	$0\overline{0}$	7.50	50 00
copallina. Shining Sumac. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3.00	$25\ 00$
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	$\frac{20}{30} \frac{00}{00}$
1 to 5 ft			
4 to 5 ft	75	$\frac{6}{9} \frac{90}{50}$	$\frac{40}{60} \frac{00}{00}$
6 to 7 ft	00 -	8 50	60 00
Cotinus. Mist, or Smoke Tree. 2 to 3 ft	35	3 00	
$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{31}{2}$ ft	50	-4.00	= 30.00
5 to 6 ft	75	-6.00	
6 to 8 ft	00 -	7.50	
Cotinus, var. atropurpurea. Purple Mist-			
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	50	4 00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	75	600	
6 to 7 ft	50	0 00	
DIDES alleaum Caldan Commant 91 to 4 ft		0 00	
RIBES aureum. Golden Currant. 3½ to 4 ft	35	3 00	
4 to 5 ft	50	4 00	2
Gordonianum. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	$3 \ 00$	-25/00
ROBINIA hispida. Rose Acacia. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	20 00
RUBUS Canadensis. 2 to 3 ft.	35		
odoratus 91 to 9 to		$\frac{2}{9} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{12}{10} \frac{50}{50}$
odoratus. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	25	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	12 50
3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	15 00
SAMBUCUS Canadensis. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	20 00
Melanocarpus. 3 to 4 ft	00	8 50	
5 to 6 ft 1	50	12 50	
nigra, var. aurea. Golden Elder-	.,(,	.12 00	
2 to 3 ft	50	3 50	* 25 00
4 to 5 ft Vory boars	60	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{30}{00}$	me ou
4 to 5 ft. Very heavy 5 to 6 ft. Very heavy			$\frac{35}{40}$ 00
o to o it. Very neavy	75	5 00	40 00
nigra, var. laciniata. Cut-leaved Elder—	0-1		
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35		
3 to 4 ft	50		
racemosa. Red-fruited—			•
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	50	3 00	15 00
3 to 4 ft	75	$6\ 00$	35 00
	00	8 50	50 00
	00	3 60	70 00

	ach	10	100
SPIRÆA arguta. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{35}{50}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{ccc} \$20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
Billardii. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	25 00
4 to 5 ft	50	$3 \ 50$	$30 \ 00$
Bumalda. 2 ft	35	3 00	,
$rac{2rac{1}{2}}{3}$ ft. Heavy 3	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 75 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	
Bumalda, var. Anthony Waterer	••	0 00	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy	35	3 00	20 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Heavy 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 75 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
callosa. Fortune's Spirea. 4 to 5 ft	50	3 50	30 00
callosa, var. alba. 2 to 3 ft	35	3 00	20 00
Hyb. Margarite. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	25 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	50	4 00	30 00
Japonica, var. Fortunei rosea. 2 to 3 ft	5 0	3 50	
Lindleyana. 4 to 5 ft	75	5 00	35 00
opulifolia. 3 to 4 ft	35	3 00	$\begin{array}{cc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
4 to 5 ft	$\frac{50}{75}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	50 00
7 to 9 ft 1		10 00	75 00
opulifolia, var. aurea. Golden-leaved—	95	9.00	95 00
4 to 5 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \ 00 \\ 4 \ 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \end{array}$
6 to 7 ft. Heavy	75	6 00	40 00
prunifolia flore pleno. Bridal Wreath—	0-	11.00	05 00
2 to 3 ft	35 35	$\frac{3}{3} \frac{00}{00}$	25 00
Reevesiana. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{50}{50}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30 00
5 to 6 ft	75	6 00	35 00
salisifolia. 2 to 3 ft	35	2 00	15 00
Thunbergii. Thunberg's Spirea—	35	3 00	20 00
$\frac{1\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 ft	50 50	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$	30 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Very heavy	7 5	6 00	
Van Houttei. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	35	4.00	
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft. 1 $\{FINE\}$ 1	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 75 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}4~00\\5~00\end{array}$	35 00
	00	8 50	$\frac{50}{75} \frac{00}{00}$
6 to 7 ft		12 50	75 00
STAPHYLEA Colchica. Bladder Nut. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{35}{50}$	$egin{array}{ccc} 3&00 \ 4&00 \end{array}$	35 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	75	$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	40 00
STEPHANANDRA flexuosa. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	25 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Heavy	50	4 00	30 00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Heavy	75	6 00	50 00
STYRAX Japonica. 2 to 3 ft	50 75	$\frac{4}{6} \frac{00}{00}$	
3 to 4 ft	100	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \ 00 \\ 7 \ 50 \end{array}$	50 00

	TRICE DIOT TOR OF RING OF 1012	•	10
	Each	10	100
SYMPHOR	ICARPUS racemosus. Snowberry-		
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$0 50	\$3 50	
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	5 00	\$30 00
	vulgaris. Coral Berry—		4 0
	2 to 3 ft 35	3 00	15 00
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4 00	20 - 00
	$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Heavy 75	$6 \ 00$	$25 \ 00$
	4 to 5 ft. Heavy 1 00	7 00	-30 - 00
SYRINGA	Chinensis; syn., Rothomagensis. Rouen		
	Lilac. 3 to 4 ft 50	3 50	25/00
	4 to 5 ft 75	5 00	$\tilde{3}\tilde{5}$ $\tilde{0}\tilde{0}$
	Japonica. 6 to 7 ft	$1\overset{\circ}{2}\overset{\circ}{5}\overset{\circ}{0}$	00 00
	Josikæa. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\overline{7}$ 50	
	4 to 42 it 1 50	12 50	
	Josikæa, var. H. Zabel. 3 to 4 ft. \dots 1 50		
	Persica. 3 to 4 ft 50		
	Persica, var. alba. 4 to 5 ft	6 - 00	30 - 00
	Persica, var. laciniata. 4 to 5 ft 35		
	villosa. 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50	$\frac{4}{2} \frac{00}{2}$	
	o to 6 it. Specimens 1 50	12 50	25 22
	villosa, var. Emodi. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{3}{9} \frac{00}{00}$	-25 00
	vulgaris. Common Lilac. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 35	$\frac{3}{4} \frac{00}{00}$	25/00
	$\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{6}$ ft.; very heavy	$\begin{array}{c}4~00\\22~50\end{array}$	
	5 to 6 ft	24 00	
	vulgaris alba. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 50	4 00	35 00
	4 to 5 ft	7 50	$\frac{36}{60} \frac{00}{00}$
	vulgaris, named varieties—	• 00	00 00
	Charles X. Single, reddish purple—		
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	3 50	$30 \ 00$
	$\frac{3}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{2}$ ft	6 00	
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 0 00	
	5 to 6 ft\$1.50 to 3 50		
	Frau Bertha Dammann. Single, white—		
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft		
		19 50	
	purple. 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft	12 50	
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 00	
	Marie LeGraye. Single, white	1 00	
	$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	6 00	
	3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	8 50	
	4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1 50	12 50	
	Marc Micheli. Double, lilac-blue—		
	4 to 5 ft	12 50	
	Michael Buchner. Double, pale lilac	2 00	
	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{2}$ to 3 ft	$\frac{6}{10} \frac{00}{10}$	
	Procedure Cornet Double light like	12 50	
	President Carnot. Double, light lilac—	10.50	
	4 to 5 ft	12 50	
	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	4 00	
	$3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to $3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ft	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	60 00
	$\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{4}{2}$ ft	$12\ 50$	85 00
	5 to 6 ft	$\frac{12}{22} \frac{50}{50}$	00 00
	Senator Volland. Double, red—	50	
	3 to 4 ft 1 00	8 50	

79-	. 7	10	100
SYRINGA Souvenir de Ludwig Spæth. Single red—	ен	10	100
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots \0	75 \$6	00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{4}$ ft	00 - 7	50	
$4 \text{ to } 4\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.} \dots 1$		2 50	
Verschaffelti. Single Dark Red. 4 to 5 ft. 1	00 8	5 50	
TAMARIX Africana; syn., parviflora—			
		00	
		5 00	207 OO
		8 00 - 8 1 00	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
		5 00	35 00
		F 00	30 00
		5 00	35 00
VACCINIUM corymbosum. Swamp Huckleberry—			
	50 5	3 50	
VIBURNUM acerifolium. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	50 - 5	3 00	25 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		Š ŎŎ	40 00
cassanoides. White Rod—			
$3 \text{ to } 3\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft. } \dots$		$\frac{3}{2}$	
		7 50 7 50	
6 to 7 ft			9000
dentatum. Arrow-wood. $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft 4 to 5 ft.; heavy		3 00 3 50	$\frac{30}{40} \frac{00}{00}$
		$\frac{2}{50}$	$75\ 00$
6 to 7 ft 2		7 50	
dilatatum Japan Bush Cranberry—			
$\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft		£ 00	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	20 10) 00	
Lantana. Wayfaring Tree— 3½ to 4 ft.; heavy	50 4	4 00	35 00
4 to 5 ft.; heavy		3 ŏŏ ==	40 00
5 to 6 ft.; very heavy 1	00	8 50	60 00
Lentago. Sheep-berry. 2 to 3 ft		4 00	30 00
$\frac{4}{5}$ to $\frac{5}{6}$ ft		j 00 2 50	$\frac{40}{75} \frac{00}{00}$
5 to 6 ft		$\begin{array}{ccc} 8 & 50 \\ 2 & 50 \end{array}$	19 00
molle. 2 to 3 ft.		4 00	
4 to 5 ft	_	3 00	
5 to 6 ft 1	00	8 50	75 00
6 to 7 ft 1	50 . 13	2 50	100 00
Opulus. High Cranberry Bush-	E0 9	2 50	-90 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft		$egin{smallmatrix} 3 & 50 & -4 \\ 4 & 00 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$	=30 00 35 00
4 to 5 ft. Fine		3 00	50 00
5 to 6 ft. Fine	00	8 50	$75 \ 00$
6 to 7 ft 2	00 20	0 00	$150 \ 00$
Opulus, var. sterile. Guelder Rose—	50	4 00	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		4 00 6 00	40 00
5 to 6 ft		7 50	50 00
plicatum. Japanese Snowball—			
3 to 4 ft		6 00	40 00
4 to 5 ft 1	00	7 50	60 00

FRICE LIST FOR STRING OF 1912	
Each 10	100
VIBURNUM plicatum, var. tomentosum. Siugle Japan	
Snowball. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft\$0 35 \$3 00	\$25 00
3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35 00
4 to 5 ft.; extra fine $\frac{35}{500}$	45 00
5 to 6 ft. Specimens. Fine 1 00 7 50	
6 to 7 ft. Specimens. Fine 2 50 20 00	15 0 00
A beautiful shrub, deserving	
extensive planting.	
prunifolium. Black Haw—	
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
4 to 6 ft	
Sieboldi. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft	
$3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft	
$4\frac{7}{2}$ to 5 ft	
VITEX Agnus-castus. Chaste Tree. 4 to 5 ft 50 3 00	20 00
XANTHOCERAS sorbifolia. 3 to 4 ft	
4 to 5 ft	
YANTHORRHIZA aniifolia Shrub Yellow Boot—	
5 to 6 in. In clumps 25 2 00	$12 \ 50$
5 to 6 in. In clumps 25 2 00 6 to 8 in. In clumps 35 2 75 10 to 12 in. In clumps 50 3 50	17 50
10 to 12 in. In clumps \dots 50 3 50	$20 \ 00$
12 to 18 in. In clumps 75 5 00	30 00
22 00 20 110 110-1	
REEDS and GRASSES	
KEEDS and GIVASSES	
Each	10
ARUNDO Donax. Clumps\$0 50	\$3 50
BAMBUSA Metake	3 50
ELYMUS glaucus	1 50
ERIANTHUS Ravennæ	$-\frac{7}{3}$ 50
EULALIA Japonica, and vars. variegata, gracillima univittata,	
zehrina. Clumps 50	3 50
FESTUCA glauca. 3-in. pots	1 50
PHALARIS arundinacea, var. variegata. Ribbon Grass 25	1.50
UNIOLA latifolia	1 50
Onion, individual international internationa	
VINES, CLIMBING and TRAILING PLA	DTM
VINES, CLIMBING and I RAILING I LA	1415
Thorn	10
Each	\$3.50
ACTINIDIA polygama. 5-in. pots\$0 50	
AKEBIA quinata. From 5-in. pots	$\frac{3}{2} \frac{50}{50}$
AMPELOPSIS quinquefolia. Virginia Creeper. 4-in. pots 50 3-year. field-grown: heavy	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	2 00
quinquefolia, var. Engelmanni. 4-in. pots; heavy. 35 3-year, field-grown; heavy	3 (11)
5-Vear Held-grown Heavy	$\frac{3}{2} \frac{00}{00}$
0 30001, 11014 810 11-1	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston	2 00
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston Ivv: 4-in. pots; heavy	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{00}{00}$
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston Ivy; 4-in. pots; heavy	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston Ivy; 4-in. pots; heavy	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{00}{00}$
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston Ivy; 4-in. pots; heavy	2 00 3 00 2 00 6 00
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston Ivy; 4-in. pots; heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \ 00 \\ 3 \ 00 \\ 2 \ 00 \\ 6 \ 00 \\ \end{array}$
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston Ivy; 4-in. pots; heavy	2 00 3 00 2 00 6 00 2 00 3 00
tricuspidata; syn., Veitchi. Japan, or Boston Ivy; 4-in. pots; heavy	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 6 & 00 \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} 2 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \\ \end{array}$

Each	10
CELASTRUS scandens. False Bitter-sweet—	@9 = 0
2 to 3 ftper 100, \$15\$0 50 3 to 5 ft.; heavy; field-grown	\$3 50 5 00
CLEMATIS coccinea. 4-in. pots	3 00
Flammula. Sweet Clematis. 5-in. pots	$\frac{3}{7} \cdot 50$
Large-flowering varieties. — Fairy Queen, Gem,	
Henryi, Jackmani, Jackmani var. alba,	
Jeanne d'Are, Duchess of Edinburgh, Ker-	
mesina, Lady Neville, Lilacina floribunda, Madame Van Houtte, Miss Bateman, Presi-	
dent	4 00
paniculata. 2-year; heavyper 100, \$15 30	$\frac{2}{9}, \frac{50}{50}$
5-in. pots; fine	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 50 \\ 4 & 00 \end{array}$
DOLICHOS. See Pucraria.	T 00
EUONYMUS radicans. 1 ft.; field-grownper 100, \$15 25	1 75
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.; field-grown per 100, \$20 35	2.50
radicans, var. variegata. 8 to 10 in	$\overline{2}$ $\overline{00}$
radicans, var. Carrieri (large leaf)—	4.00
1½ to 2 ft	4 00
HEDERA Helix. English Ivy. 4-in. potsper 100, \$15 25	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{50}$
LATHYRUS latifolius. Everlasting Pea	2 50
LONICERA Japonica. Honeysuckle. 4-in. pots	$\frac{2}{3} \frac{50}{00}$
Japonica, var. brachypoda; syn., flexuosa. Field-	
grown 35	$\frac{3}{2} \frac{00}{00}$
Japonica, var. aurea reticulata. 4-in. pots 35	3 00
Japonica, var. Chinensis. Purplish green foliage— 4-in. pots	2 00
Heavy, field-grown	3.00
Japonica, var. Halleana. 4-in. pots	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$
5-in. pots	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
sempervirens, var. fuchsioides. Scarlet Trumpet—	9 00
5-in. pots 50	3 50
PERIPLOCA Græça. Silk Vine. Field-grown	3 00
5-in. pots	4 00
PUERARIA Thunbergiana. Kudzu Vine	$\begin{array}{c} 7 & 50 \\ 3 & 50 \end{array}$
VITIS æstivalis. Summer Grape	$\frac{5}{3} \frac{50}{50}$
Labrusca. Fox Grape. 4-in. pots	3 50
riparia. Frost Grape	3 50
WISTARIA Chinensis. Chinese Wistaria—	40.50
2 to 3 ft.; in large pots	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
Chinensis (Standards). 4 to 5 ft	30 00
Chinensis, var. alba. Field-grown. 4 to 6 ft 2 50	22 50
6 to 7 ft	30 00
frutescens. 4 to 5 ft	22 50
magnifica. 5 to 6 ft.; field-grown\$1.50 to 2 50	22 ()(/
multijuga. 3 to 4 ft.; field-grown	12 5 0
4 to 6 ft.; field-grown\$1.50 to 3 50 multijuga, var. alba. Field-grown. 3 to 4 ft 1 00	
4 to 6 ft\$1.50 to 3 50	
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PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1912	49
FRUIT DEPARTMENT	10
APPLES, Summer—Early Harvest, Golden Sweet, Red Astrachan, Summer Rambo, Sweet Bough, Benoin, Yellow Transparent.	10
Autumn—Fall Pippin, Gravenstein, Maiden's Blush, Smokehouse, Wealthy.	
Winter—Baldwin, Belle-fleur, Fallawater, King of Tompkins County, Northern Spy, Rhode Island Greening, Styman's Winesap, York Imperial.	
5 to 7 ft.; \(\frac{3}{2}\) to 1 in. cal	\$6 00
Siberian, Transcendent. 5 to 7 ft	6 00
Empress Eugenie, May Duke, Late Duke, Montmorency, 5 to 6 ft	10 00
Tartarian. Governor Wood, Napoleon Bigarreau, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Windsor. 5 to 6 ft	10 00
Spanish Chestnut. See under Deciduous Trees. Hybrid Chestnut. Paragon, Numbo. 4 to 5 ft 1 50 Japan Chestnut. 3 to 4 ft	12 50
Walnut, Black. See Juglans nigra, under Dcciduous Trees. PEACHES—Belle of Georgia, Fitzgerald, Fox's Seedling, Crawford's Late, Elberta, Mountain Rose, Morris White, Oldmixon Free, Stump the World, Susquehanna, Troth's Early, Wheat-	
PEARS, Summer—Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Doyenne d'Ete. Autumn and Winter—Beurre d'Anjou, Buffum, Duchesse a'Angouleme, Howell, Kieffer's Hybrid,	3 50
Lawrence, Rutter, Seekel, Sheldon, Worden-Seckel. 5 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{cc} 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
PLUMS, Japanese—Abundance, Burbank, Chahot, Satsuma. 5 to 6 ft	7 50
European—Giant Prune, Imperial Gage, Lombard. QUINCES—Champion, Orange. 3 to 4 ft	6 00
SMALL FRUITS	
Each Place File III II I	10
BLACKBERRIES—Eldorado, Erie, Kittatinny, Rathbun, Snyder, Wilson Juniorper 100, \$3	\$ 0 50
CURRANTS, Red—Cherry, Fay's Prolific; White—White Grape; Black—Lee's Prolific \$0 25	2 00
GOOSEBERRIES, Red—Houghton, Industry; Green—Downing, Smith's Improved	2 00
Brighton, Catawba, Delaware; White—Green Mountain, Niagara, Pocklington, 2-year 25 A few varieties, extra heavy 50	2 00 3 00
RASPBERRIES, Black—Gregg; Red—Cuthbert, Columbian Ruby; Yellow—Golden Queen, per 100, \$3	50

10

STRAWBERRIES, Early—Bederwood, Marshall; Medium—Bubach, Glen Mary, Sharpless, Late—Brandywine, Gandy, Runners, per 100, \$2: per 1,000, \$7.50. Potted plants, per 100, \$3 to \$4.

ESCULENT ROOTS

ASPARAGUS—Barr's Mammoth. Per 100, \$1.50; per 1.000, \$7.50. RHUBARB—Best varieties. Per 10, \$1.50; per 100, \$10.

ROSES

N. B.—Potted unless noted. Special prices per hur	dred.	
AUSTRIAN BRIERS—Harrison's Yellow and Persian Yellow. \$ SWEETBRIER—Rosa rubignosa HYBRIDS Penzance Briers—Amy Robsart, Anne of Geierstein, Brenda, Flora McIvor, Lady Penzance, Lord	Each 0 40 40	10 \$3 50 3 50
Penzance, Meg Merrilies, Minna	50	4 50
tiflora, nifida, rubrifolia, field-grown	35	3 00
CLIMBING—Baltimore Belle, The Dawson, Dorothy Perkins, Lady Gay, Prairie Queen Setigera. Prairie Rose. 2 to 2½ ft.; field grown Ramblers—Crimson, White, Pink and Yellow, The	50 35	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 50 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$
EVERBLOOMING Hybrid Teas—Bessie Brown, creamy white; Betty, ruddy gold; Captain Christy, flesh; Caroline Testout, rose; Countess of Caledon, carmine; Duchesse of Albany, deep pink; Gladys Harkness, salmon-pink; Gruss an Teplitz, crimson; Kaiserine Auguste Victoria, primrose; Killarney, pink; La France, rose; Madame Rayary, vellow;	40	3 50
Souvenir du President Carnot, flesh-rose; Viscountess Folkestone, creamy pink	50	4 50
Malmaison (Bourbon). flesh; White Maman Cochet (Tea), white	50	4 50
Woss—Blanche Moreau, white; Crimson Globe, deep crimson; Zenobia, rose	50 50	4 00
	*717	1 00

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PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF 1	912	,	51
RUGOSA ROSES			
ROSA rugosa. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft\$0 2\frac{1}{2}\$ to 3 ft 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft rugosa, var. alba. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft 2\frac{1}{2}\$ to 3 ft rugosa hybrids atropurpurea—Atropurpurea, Blanc Double de Coubert, Conrad F. Meyer, Madame Georges Bruant, Madam		\$3 00 4 00 6 00 4 00 6 00	\$20 00 \$5 00 50 00 25 00 50 00
Charles Worth, Mrs. A. Waterer. Pot- grown	50	4 00	
WICHURAIANA ROSES			
ROSA Wichuraiana. The Trailing Rose. 2 to 3 ft\$0 2 to 3 ft. In 4-in. pots	25 35	\$2 00 3 00	\$25 00
Perfection, Universal Favorite. In pots. SINGLE ROSES, Dickson's Hybrids—New Irish Beauty, Irish Glory, Irish	50	3 50	
Modesty, Irish Bright- ness	75	6 00	
HARDY HERBACEOUS I	וכ	ANTS	
Ea ACHILLEA filipendulina (Noble Yarrow). July.	cn	10	100
Golden Yellow. 2 ft\$0 millefolium roseum (Rosy Milfoil).	15	\$1 25	\$10 00
July to September. Pink. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	1 5	1 25	
ptarmica (The Pearl). All summer. White. 2 ft	15	1 25	10 00
tomentosum (Woolly Yarrow). June. Yellow. 1 ft.	25	2 00	
ACONITUM Fischeri (Monkshood). Beptember and October. Blue. 3 ft.	35	2 50	15 00
Lycoctonum (Wolf's Bane). June to September. Yellow. 3 ft	35	2 50	
ACANTHUS mollis (Bear's Breech). August and September. Rose. 3 ft	35	2 50	40 50
AJUGA Genevensis. May. Bright Blue. 6 in reptans rubra (Bugle). May. Purplish	25	1 50	12 50
blue. 6 in	25	1 50	12 50
colors. 4 to 6 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
ALYSSUM rostratum, June and July. Golden Yellow. 1 ft.	35	2 50	
saxatile compactum (Golden Tuft). May and June. Yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ANCHUSA Italica, var. Dropmore. New (Alkanet). May and June. Blue. 3 to 4 ft	7 5	6 00	
ANEMONE (Windflower) Japonica. September Red.			10 50
2 to 3 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & 50 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
Japonica, var. Queen Charlotte. Fall. Rose. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Japonica, var. Lady Ardilaun. Fall. White. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00



Partial view of Herbaceous Plantations

ANEMONE Japonica, var. Whirlwind. Fall. Pure	Each	10	100
white 2 to 3 ft	0 25	\$2 00	\$15 00
Pennsylvanicum. June and July. White, 1 to 2 ft.	25	$\tilde{1}$ $\tilde{5}\tilde{0}$	12 50
Pulsatilla (Pasque Flower). May. Violet-pur-			0
ple. 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
sylvestris. May. Pure white. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
ANTHEMIS tinctoria (Chamomile). June to Sep-			
tember. Golden Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	1 0 00
AQUILEGIA baicalense. May to July. Blue and			
white. 18 in	25	1 50	12 50
Canadensis, (Common Columbine). May to	0.4		4.0.00
July. Scarlet and Yellow. 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Chrysantha. May to August. Golden Yellow.	~-	0.00	40 50
3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
cærulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine). May	05	9.00	10.70
to July. Blue. 18 in	25	2 00	12 50
flabellata, var. nana alba. April to June.	OF.	2 00	
White. 1 ft	25	2 00	
nivea grandiflora. April to June. White.	25	2 00	12 50
2 to 3 ft	ال	2 00	12 90
vulgaris fl. pl. May to July. White to blue.	25	2 00	12 50
1½ to 2 ft Sorver vollow	_ 0	2 00	12 00
truncata. May and June. Scarlet, yellow-	25	2 00	12/50
tipped. 2 ft	20	_ 00	22 00
White. 4 in	25	1 50	10 00
alpina fl. pl. Double	35	$\tilde{2}$ $\tilde{5}\tilde{0}$	
ARENARIA montana, var. grandiflora (Sandwort).			
May and June. White. 6 in	25	1 50	12 50
Tittly tittle couldn't have			

	1017		
	Each	10	100
ARMERIA maritima, var. alba (Thrift). Sum-	\ O=	04 F0	# 40 00
mer. White. 9 in\$	0.25°	\$1.50	\$10 00
maritima, var. splendens. Summer Rose. 9 in.	25	1 50	12 50
ARTEMISIA abrotanum (Old Man). Silvery white	0=	1 50	40.00
foliage. 2 ft	25 25	1 50	10 00
Stelleriana (Old Woman). Silvery foliage. 2 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). July and August. Orange. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
ACTED claimed Tune and Tule Dunels A:			
ASTER alpinus. June and July. Purple. 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
Amelius elegans. September and Oetober. Blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy) amethystinus. Septem	<u> </u>	4 T 90	10.00
ber and October. Amethyst. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
grandiflorus. October and November. Violet-	20	1 90	10.00
blue. 2 ft	35	2 50	20 00
blue. 2 ft			
White. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Madonna. September and October. White, 4 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Novæ Angliæ. September and October. Purple.	O=		40.00
4 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Novæ Angliæ, var. rubra. September and	25	1 50	10.00
Oetober. Bright rose. 4 ft	20	1 50	10 00
1½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
Robert Parker. September and October. Laven-	29	1 90	.1.0 00
der. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
Tataricus. Oetober and November. Purple. 5 ft.	$\overline{25}$	$\overline{1}$ $\overline{50}$	10 00
Trinervius. October and November. Violet-	2		
purple. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	25	1 50	$10 \ 00$
white uneen September and October. White.	25	7 50	10.00
4 ft		1 50	10 00
ASTILBE Japonica (Spirea). June. White. 1½ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
ASTRANTIA major (Masterwort). June and July.	۵۳	0 50	00.00
Pale pink. 1 ft	25	2 50	20 00
AUBRETIA Hendersoni (False Wall Cress). April.	OF	1 20	10 FO
Purplish violet. 4 in	25	1 50	12/50
BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo). June and July.	25	1 50	10.00
Dark blue. 2 ft	40	1 90	10 00
2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
BELEMCANDA Chinensis; syn., Pardanthus. June.		1 00	30 00
Orange-red. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
BELLIS perennis (English Daisy) May. White and		2 00	10 00
pink. 6 to 8 in	25	1 50	10 00
BETONICA. See Stachys.			
BOCCONIA cordata (Plume Poppy). July and			
August. White. 5 ft	25	1 50	12 50
BOLTONIA asterioides (False Chamomile). August			12 00
and September. White. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
latisquama. August and September. Light			
lilac. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
CALIMERIS incisa (Starwort). July to September.	~~	-	-0-1
Light blue. 18 in	25	1 50	10 00

	Each	10	100
CALLIRHOË involucrata (Poppy Mallow). All			
summer. Rosy crimson. 1 ft	25	\$1.50	\$10 00
June to September. Blue. 9 in	25	1 50	10 00
9 in	25	1 50	10 00
Mærheimi. May to July. White. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft persicifolia (Peach Bells). June and July.	35	2 50	
Blue. 18 inpersicifolia alba. June and July. White. 18 in	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{c}1 & 50\\1 & 50\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
pyramidalis (Chimney Bellflower). August and			
September. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
June and July. Dark purple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	
CERASTIUM tomentosum. June and July. White.	25	1 50	12 50
CERATOSTIGMA plumbaginoides (Plumbago). October and November. Blue. 6 in	25	2 00	15 00
CHELONE Lyoni (Turtlehead). August and Septem-		_ ,,,	19 00
ber. Rose-purple. 2 ft	35	2 50	
September. White, 2 ft	35	2 50	
CHRYSANTHEMUM leucanthemum hybridum (Shasta Daisies). Alaska, California, Wes-			
tralia. All summer. White. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
maximum, var. Triumph (Moonpenny Daisy). July to October. White. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Nipponicum. September and October. White.	35	2 50	
Pompon Varieties. Fall. All colors. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Pompon Varieties, Heavy Stock	$\frac{25}{9}$	$\frac{2}{1} \frac{00}{50}$	15 00
CHRYSOGONUM Virginianum (Golden Joint). June.	25	1 50	10 00
Yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
CHRYSOPSIS villosa (Golden Aster). September. Yellow. 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
CIMICIFUGA acerinum. August and September. White. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	2 50	
Dahurica (Bugbane). August and September.			
White. 2 to 3 ftracemosa (Snakeroot). July. White. 3 to 5 ft.	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}2\ 50\\1\ 50\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
CINERARIA. See Artemisia.		- 00	7- 20
CLEMATIS crispa (Leather-flower). June to September. Layender. 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Davidiana. August and September. Blue.	25	1 50	12 50
Fragrant. 3 ft			
2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ber and October. Deep blue. 18 in	25	1 50	12 50
convallaria majalis (Lily-of-the-Valley). May and June. White. 6 to 9 in	25	2 00	15 00
COREOPSIS lanceolata (Tickseed). June to October.	15	1 25	10 00
Golden yellow. 2 ft			
ber. Pink. 1 to 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF	1912		55
	Each	10	100
DELPHINIUM Chinense (Larkspur). July to Sep-	\ n=	01 50	@10 00
tember. Blue. 1½ ft\$6 Chinense, var. album. July to September. White.	25	\$1 50	\$10 00
1 ½ ft	25	1 50	10 00
elatum (Bee Larkspur). June to August. Blue.	25	1 50	10 00
formosum (Larkspur). June to September. Deep blue. 4 ft	25	1 50	10 00
DIANTHUS barbatus (Sweet William). May to July.	<u> </u>	7 90	10 00
Mixed colors. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
deltoides (Maiden Pink). June. Pink. 4 in	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
latifolius. June. Red. 1 ft June. 1 ft. plumarius (Hardy Pinks). May and June. 1 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\frac{10}{15} \frac{00}{00}$
Varieties:		_ ~ ~ ~	2000
Delicata. Rose, with fringed petals.			
Delicata. Rose, with fringed petals. Laura Wilmer. White, with maroou center. Her Majesty. White.			
Mrs. Sinkins. White.			
Stanislaus. Violet-rose, with crimson center.			
DICENTRA eximia (Seal-flower). June to August. Pink. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
spectabilis (Bleeding-heart). May and June.			
Pink. 2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	12 50
DICTAMNUS fraxinella (Gas Plant). June. Purple.	35	2 50	15 00
fraxinella, var. alba. June. White. 3 ft	35	$\overline{2}$ $\overline{50}$	$\vec{15}$ $\vec{00}$
DIGITALIS ambigua (Foxglove). July and August.	OF	0.00	4 = 00
Pale yellow. 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00
purpurea, var. gloxiniæflora. June and July. Mixed colors. 4 to 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00
DORONICUM Austriacum. April and May. Yellow.			1000
2 ft	35	2 50	1 5 00
plantagineum, var. excelsum. April to June. Yellow. 2 ft	35	2 50	15 00
ECHINACEA purpurea (Purple Cone-flower). July to			
September. Rosy purple. 3 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ERIGERON speciosus (Fleabane). June to August. Violet-blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
ERYNGIUM amethystinum (Sea Holly). July to			10 00
September. Amethyst-blue. 2 ft	35	2 50	
EUPATORIUM ageratoides (White Snakeroot). September and October White 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
tember and October. White. 3 ft	$\tilde{25}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	12 90
EUPHORBIA corollata (Spurge). July to Septem-	~~	4 440	
ber. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
FEVERFEW, Little Gem. June to October. White.	25	1 50	10 00
FUNKIA Fortunei (Day Lily). July to August. Blue.			
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 50	$\frac{12}{10}$ $\frac{50}{50}$
ovata. July to August. Deep blue. 1½ to 2 ft. subcordata, var. grandiflora. September. White.	25	1 50	12 50
Fragrant. 2 ftJuly and	25	2 00	15 00
undulata, var. media picta variegata. July and August. Lilac. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
ALUSUSC, LIMAC, A Therefore the control of the cont	20	7 00	12 00

GAILLARDIA grandiflora (Blanket-flower). June to	Cach	10	100
GALEGA officinalis (Goat's Rue). July and August	25	\$1 50	\$10 00
officinalis, var. alba. July and August. White.	25	1 50	10 00
GERANIUM sanguineum (Cranesbill) June to San-	25	1 50	10 00
tember. Red. 1½ ft GEUM coccineum (Avens). June and July. Scarlet.	25	1 50	
Heldrechi. June. Orange. 18 in	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{c}2~00\\2~00\end{array}$	$\frac{15}{15} \frac{00}{00}$
GILLENIA trifoliata (Bowman's Root) Rose and	$\overline{25}$	$\overline{2}$ $\widecheck{00}$	15 00
GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath) July	35	2 50	
HELENIUM, pumilum (Speezewort) July to Octo	25	1 50	12 50
autumnale, var. superbum. July to October	25	1 50	10 00
grandicephalum, var. striatum. August to Octo-	25	1 50	10 00
Hoopesi. All summer. Orange-vellow. 2 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}2~00\\2~00\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflowers) giganteus. August to October. Pale yellow. 6 to 10 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Maximiliana. September. Deep yellow. 6 to 8 ft. mollis. September and October. Golden yellow.	25 25	1 50	10 00
## ft multiflorus fl. pl. July and August. Golden yellow. 4 ft	25 25	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
yellow, 6 ft	25	1 50 1 50	10 00
rigidus. July to October. Golden yellow. 3 ft.	25	$\vec{1}$ $\vec{50}$	10 00
rigidus, var. Wolly Dodd. September. Deep	25	1 50	10 00
HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana. June to October. Orange-	25	1 50	10 00
yellow. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
White. 6 in	35 35	$\begin{array}{ccc} 3 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	
HEMEROCALLIS Dumortieri (Yellow Day Lily). June and July. Orange-yellow. 2 ft flava. June. Yellow. 2 ft	25 25	1 50	12 50
tawny Day Lily). July and August. A tawny vellow $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25 25	1 50 1 50	12 50 12 50
July and August, Conperv vellow 24 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Lemon-yellow. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	12 50
blue. 6 in	25	1 25	10 00
tember, Coral-red, 18 in	25	2 00	15 00
sanguinea, var. alba. Juue to September. White. 18 in.	25	2 00	



A field of Japanese Iris at Andorra

INDICONS wilitaria Tana ta Santandan Buffarallan	lach	10	100
HIBISCUS militaris. June to September. Buff-yellow.	25	\$2 00	
Moscheutos (Mallow). July to September.		•	****
Rose, 5 ft Eva July to Son	25	1 50	\$10 00
Moscheutos, var. Crimson Eye. July to September. White. 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00
HOLLYHOCKS. See Althæa rosea.			
IBERIS sempervirens (Candytuft). April and May.	25	1 50	10 00
White, 6 in	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	10 00
INULA Britannica (Fleabane). July to September.			
Light yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
IRIS. For Special Descriptive Lists, consult Calendar of Hardy Perennials.			
atroviolacea. May. Dark violet. 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	35	3 00	40 HA
cristata. April and May. Light blue. 6 in	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	12 50
Florentina. May. Tinted white. Fragrant. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft Germanica. May. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 00
lævigata; syn., Kæmpferi (Japanese Iris). June			
and July. Our selection, all colors. $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\frac{2}{2} \frac{00}{00}$	15 00
Customer's selection	$\begin{array}{c} 35 \\ 35 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	25 00
Pallida, var. speciosa. June. Indigo-blue.			
2 to 3 ft	35	$\frac{3}{9} \frac{00}{00}$	$\frac{25}{15} \frac{00}{00}$
Pseudacorus. June. Yellow. 2 to 3 ft pumila nova. May. Various colors. 8 to 10 in.	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}2~00\\1~50\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 15 & 00 \\ 12 & 50 \end{array}$
Sibirica. May and June. Bright blue. 1½ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
Sibirica, var. alba. June. White. 2 ft. Rare. +	35	$\frac{3}{1} \frac{00}{50}$	$\frac{25}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
Sibirica, var. orientalis. May. Deep blue. 1½ ft. tectorum. May. Bright lilac. 1 ft	$-25 \\ 25$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 10 & 00 \\ 15 & 00 \end{array}$
totorum. May, Dugut mac. 1 10	20	2 00	10 00

	Each	10	100
KNIPHOFIA aloides (Red-hot Poker). August and September. Crimson. 3 ft	0 25	\$1 50	\$12 50
3 to 4 ft	35	2 50	15 00
Orange-searlet. 3 to 4 ft	35	2 50	15 00
LATHYRUS latifolius, var. albus (Hardy White Pea). Summer. Climbing	25	2.00	
latifolius, var. roseus. Summer. Rose. Climbing. latifolius, var. splendens. Summer. Climbing	$egin{array}{c} ar{25} \ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \\ 2 & 00 \end{array}$	15 00
latifolius, var. Pink Beauty. Summer. Bright	25 25	2 00	15 00
pink. Climbing LAVENDULA spica (Lavender). 15 to 18 in	25 25	$\frac{2}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13 \ 00 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$
vera (Lavender). 15 to 18 in	$\overline{25}$	$\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{50}{50}$	$1\overline{2}$ $5\overline{0}$
LIATRIS graminifolia (Blazing Star). August and September. Rosy purple. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
pycnostachya (Kansas Gay Feather). Septem-			
ber. Rosy purple. 4 to 5 ftspicata (Gay Feather). August and Septem	25	1 50	12 50
ber. Deep purple, 3 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
LILIUM Canadense (Meadow Lily). July. Shades of yellow. 2 to 4 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Philadelphicum (Wood Lily). July and August. Orange-searlet. 2 to 4 ft	25	2 00	15 00
speciosum, var. roseum (Japan Lily). July and August. Rosy white. 2 to 4 ft	25	2 00	15 00
tigrinum (Tiger Lily). August. Salmon-red. 3 to 4 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
LINUM Austriacum (Austrian Flax). June to			12 00
August. Bluish purple. 18 in perenne (Perennial Flax). June to September.	25	1 75	
Clear blue. 18 in	25	1 75	
and September: Searlet. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
and September: Searlet. 2 to 3 ft syphilitica (Blue Lobelia). August and September. Deep blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	
LYCHNIS Chalcedonica (London Pride). July to September. Vermilion. 2 to 3 ft	25	1 50	12 50
coronaria (Rose Campion). June and July. Crimson. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1 25	10 00
coronaria, var. alba. June and July. White.			
Haageana. June and July. Orange-searlet. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	25 25	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 25 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
vespertina, var. alba plena (White Campiou). May to September. White. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
viscaria (Catchfly). June and July. Red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft.	$\overline{25}$	1 50	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
viscaria, var. splendens. (German Catchfly). June and July. Pink. 15 in	25	1 50	12 50
LYSIMACHIA clethroides (Loosestrife). July to September, White. 1½ ft	25	1 25	10 00
nummularia (Moneywort). June to August. Yellow. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
LYTHRUM roseum superbum (Rose Loosestrife).			
July to September. Rose. 3 ft MERTENSIA pulmonarioides (Virginia Cowslip).	25	1 50	+ 12 50
May and June. Blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF	1912		59
	Each	10	100
MONARDA didyma (Oswego Tea). July and	20. 95	04 50	@ = (0,00
August. Searlet. 2½ ft	30 25	\$1 50	\$10 00
August. Searlet. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
didyma var. splendens. July and August. Crimson-scarlet. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
MYOSOTIS alpestris, var. Victoria. May and June			
Light blue. 6 to 9 in palustris (Forget-me-not). May and June.	25	1 50	10 00
Light blue. Spreading	25	1 50	1 0 0 0
NEPETA glecoma, var. variegata (Ground Ivy).	25	1 50	10 00
May. Purple. 6 in			
July. Yellow. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. fruticosa, var. Youngi (Young's Primrose). June. Lemon. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
June. Lemon. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
Frazeri. June. Rich yellow. 1½ ft	25	$\bar{2}$ $\bar{0}\bar{0}$	15 00
and July. Yellow. 1 ft	25	2 00	15 00
speciosa (White Primrose). June and July. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	10 00
OPHIOPOGON Jaburan, var. aureus variegatus	40	T 90	10 00
(Snake's Beard). September, Blue, 6 in	50	3 50	
PACHYSANDRA procumbens (Mountain Spurge). March to May. White or purple. Spreading.	25	1 50	12 50
terminalis. May and June. White, 8 in	25	1 50	12 50
PÆONIA. See our Calendar of Hardy Perennials for Special List.			
Chinensis, Double Varieties. Our selection. May	o=	0 00	0F 00
and June Our selection	$egin{array}{ccc} 35 \ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \ 00 \\ 12 \ 50 \end{array}$	25 00
Chinensis, Heavy Clumps. Our selection Chinensis, Single Varieties. Our selection	35	3 00	25 00
corallina. May. Single. Reddish purple Moutan (Tree Peony). May and June. Dif-	35	3 00	25 00
ferent colors	1 00	9 00	
Double; deep crimson	50	4 00	35 00
omeinalis, var. rosea plena. Early April.			99 00
Double; pinktenuifolia. Early April. Single; deep maroon.	100 - 50	$\begin{array}{c} 9 \ 00 \\ 4 \ 00 \end{array}$	
tenuitolia, var. plena. Early April. Double;			
triternata. April. Single. Bright red	$\begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 35 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cc} 4 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 \end{array}$	25 00
PAPAVER bracteatum. June. Blood-red. 4 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 50
nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). All summer. Many	25	1 50	10 00
colors. 1 ft			
let. 2 ft	25	2 00	12 50
PENTSTEMON barbatus, var. Torreyi (Torrey's			
Beard Tongue). June to August. Scarlet.	98	1 50	10.00
3 to 4 ft grandiflorus. June to August. Purplish blue.	2 5	1 50	10 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	2 5	2 00	15 00
White, 3 ft	25	2 00	
ovatus. July and August. Purplish blue.			
2 to 3 ft	25	2 00	

	Each	10	100
PHLOX amouna. May. Bright pink. 3 to 4 in\$0		\$1 50	\$10 00
Carolina. May and June. Rosy red. 1 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\stackrel{\varphi_1}{1} \stackrel{50}{50}$	φ10 00
divaricata (Wild Sweet William). May and	20	1 00	
June. Lavender. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
paniculata; syn., decussata (Perennial Phlox).	2.,	1 00	12 00
See the Calendar of Hardy Perennials for			
Special List. All colors	25	2 00	15 00
subulata (Mountain Pink). May and June.			2-7-00
Rose. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
subillata, var. alba. May and June. White.			
Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
subulata, var. atropurpurea. May and June.	~~		
Purple. Creeping	25	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	10 50
subulata, var. Illacina. May. Lilac. Creeping	25	1 50	$12 \ 50$
subulata, var. Nelsoni. May and June. Pure	25	1 50	10.00
white. Creepingsubulata, var. Model. May and June. Rosy	40	1 90	10 00
white. Creeping	25	1 50	10 00
DUVENCTECIA Virginiana (Tolas Throughhaud)	20	т 90	10.00
PHYSOSTEGIA Virginiana (False Dragonhead). August. Deep rose. 3 ft	25	1 50	
Virginiana, var. alba. August. White. 3 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.50 \\ 1.50 \end{array}$	10 00
Virginiana, var. speciosa. August. Pink. 3 ft.	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	10 00
	20	1 00	10 00
PLATYCODON grandiflorum (Balloon-flower). July.	25	1 50	
Blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	
grandiflorum, var. Mariesi. June to October.	2.,	1 90	
Blue. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
POLEMONIUM coeruleum (Jacob's Ladder). May to		1 00	12 00
July. Deep blue. 1½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
cæruleum, var. album. May to July. White.	200	2 00	19 00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	
PRIMULA acaulis (Primrose). May. Yellow.		_ 00	
6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12 50
capitata (Primrose) Deep lilac 9 in	$\overline{25}$	$\frac{1}{1} \frac{50}{50}$	$\frac{12}{12} \frac{50}{50}$
capitata (Primrose). Deep lilac. 9 in suaveolens (Cowslip). May. Yellow and	20	1 00	12 00
orange. 1 ft	25	1 50	12/50
veris (Polyanthus). May. Yellow and orange-			
crimson. 6 to 9 in	25	1 50	$12 \ 50$
vulgaris (English Primrose). May. Yellow.			
6 to 9 in	25	1 50	12/50
PYRETHRUM roseum (Feverfew). June and July.			
White, pink and red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
roseum II. pl. Named varieties. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	35	3 00	
RANUNCULUS aconitifolius fl. pl. (Crow's-foot).			
June. White, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	1.50	
acris fl. pl. (Yellow Bachelor's Buttons).	~		
June. Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	
repens (Double Buttercup). May to July.	0=	4 50	40.00
Yellow. 1 ft	25	1 50	10 00
ROSMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary). Scented	Q ==		
foliage	25	1 50	
RUDBECKIA laciniata, var. Golden Glow. July to			
September. Yellow. 8 ft	$\frac{25}{25}$	1 25	10 00
Newmani. August and September. Yellow, 1½ ft.	25	1 50	10 00
nitida (Cone-flower). August and September.	or-	1 50	10.00
Pale yellow. 5 ft	25	1 50	10 00

PRICE LIST FOR SPRING OF	1912		OI
	Each	10	100
SALVIA argentea. June. White, white foliage. 2 ft\$6 Caucasicum. July and August. Reddish purple.		\$1 50	\$10 00
3 ft.	25	1 50	10 00
pratensis (Meadow-sage). June to September.		.2 00	20 00
Deep blue. 2 to 3 ft	25	1.50	10 00
CANOLINADIA Considerate (Disciplina)	2009	.4 +707	30 00
SANGUINARIA Canadensis (Bloodroot). White.	OF.	4 MA	10.00
April. 6 in	25	1 50	10 00
SANTOLINA incana (Lavender Cotton). July.			
Deep yellow. 1 ft	-25	1 50	10 00
SAXIFRAGA cordifolia (Rockfoil). April to June.			
Rosy purple. 15 in	25	2 00	15 06
SCABIOSA Caucasica (Mourning Bride). Lav-		- 00	20 00
	35	2 50	15 00
ender-blue. June. 15 to 18 in	99	4 50	T9 00
SEDUM acre (Golden Moss). May and June. Yel-			
low. Spreading	25	1 25	10 00
album. July. White. 4 to 6 in	25	1 25	10 00
Rhodiola. August. Light pink. 1 ft	25	1 25	10 00
sexangulare (Stoneerop). June and July. Yel-			
low. 6 in	25	1 25	10 00
spectabile (Brilliant Stonecrop). September			
and October. Rose. 12 to 15 in	25	2 00	15 00
spectabile, var. atropurpurea. September and			
Oetober. Purplish crimson. 15 in	25	2 00	15 00
telephoides. July and August. Pink. 1 ft	$\overline{25}$	$\frac{1}{2} \stackrel{\circ}{00}$	15 00
CENTOIO diverses Queen Village 2 Ct			
SENECIO clivorum. Summer. Yellow. 3 ft	35	2 50	15 00
pulcher (Groundsel). July to October. Rosy	95	1 50	
purple. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	T 90	
SILENE Pennsylvanicum (Wild Pink). April and	~_		40.00
May. Rose or white. 9 in	25	1 25	10 00
SMILACINA racemosa (False Solomon's Seal).		•	
April. White. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	25	1 50	
SPIRÆA (Goat's Beard, or Meadowsweet) aruncus.			
June and July. White. 4 to 5 ft	35	2 50	15 00
filipendula fl. pl. June and July. White. 2 ft.	25	$\overline{1}$ 50	12 50
lobata. July. Pink. 3 to 4 ft	25	$\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{00}$	15 00
palmata. June and July. Deep erimson. 2 ft.	25	2 00	15 00
palmata, var. elegans. June and July. White;			
erimson anthers. 3 ft	25	2 00	
Ulmaria. June and July. White. 3 ft	25	2 00	
venusta. June and July. Deep pink. Fra-			
grant. 3 ft	25	2 00	
STACHYS Betonica; syn., Betonica rosea. July and			
August. Rose. 1 ft	25	1 50	12 50
STATICE Tatarica (Sea Lavender). June to August.		22 (70	22 00
Red. 15 to 18 in	25	1 50	10 00
latifolia (Great Sea Lavender). July and			
August. Deep blue. 2 ft	25	1 50	10 00
STOKESIA cyanea (Stokes' Aster) July to Octo-			
STOKESIA cyanea (Stokes' Aster). July to October. Lavender. 1½ ft	25	2 00	15 00
cyanea, var. alba. July to October. White.		2 00	10 00
1½ ft	50	3 50	
TANACETUM globiferum (Tansy), August. Golden	- 00	0.00	
yellow. 3 ft	25	1 50	10 00
20770444 0 70444444444444444444444444444	20	1 20	10 00

TUALIOTDIM edientifelium /35 3 D) T	Each	10	100
THALICTRUM adiantifolium (Meadow Rue). June. Yellow. 18 in	0 25	\$1 50	\$10 00
white. 2 to 4 ft	25	1 50	
polyganum (Tall Rue). June. White. 3 to 4 ft. purpurascens. June to August. Purple. 3 to	25	1 50	
4 ft	25	1 50	
THERMOPSIS Caroliniana. June. Yellow. 3 to	25	1 50	
mollis. May to July. Yellow. 2 to 3 ft THYMUS montanus, var. coccineus (Scarlet Thyme).	25	1 50	
May. Bright red. 4 in	25	1 50	
vulgaris (Common Thyme). May. Lilac. 1 to 2 ft	25	1 25	
TRADESCANTIA Virginiana (Spiderwort). June to October. Purple. 2 ft.	25	1 50	12 50
Virginiana, var. alba. June and July. White.	25	1 50	
TRILLIUM erectum (Wake Robin). March and		1 00	12 50
April. Purple. 9 to 12 in grandiflorum (Wood Lily). March and April.	25	1 50	
White. 9 to 12 in	25	1 50	
TROLLIUS Europæus (Globe-flower). May to August. Yellow. 2 ft	25	1 50	12 50
VALERIANA coccinea (Valerian). June to October. Reddish. 2 ft	25	1. 50	10.00
omcinalis (Hardy Heliotrope). June and July			10 00
Rose-pink. 2 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 10 & 00 \\ 10 & 00 \end{array}$
VERBASCUM Olympicum (Mullein). July to September. Yellow. 6 ft	25	1 50	12 50
VERNONIA Arkansana (Ironweed). August to Octo-			00 سد
ber. Red. 5 ft	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \\ 25 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}2~00\\2~00\end{array}$	
VERONICA longifolia, var. rosea (Speedwell). July to October. Rose. 1½ ft.	25		
longifolia, var subsessitis. August to Novom-		1 50	
ber. Deep blue. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft	25	2 00	15 00
Blue Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
Virginica. August to September. White. 4 ft.	25 25	$\begin{array}{c} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$	$\frac{10}{10} \frac{00}{00}$
VINCA minor (Periwinkle). May. Bright blue.			
Spreading	25	1 50	10 00
May. Purple and White. 4 in	25 25	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 50 \\ 1 & 25 \end{array}$	$\frac{12}{10} \frac{50}{00}$
MIACU	ا •سد	(فئد عد	10 00

A CALENDAR OF PERENNIALS

This booklet, in a revised edition, with monthly lists, and special lists of Phlox, Iris, Peonies and Chrysanthemums, will be found valuable in arranging hardy gardens.

FERNS

ADIANTUM pedatum (Maidenhair Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Moist, shaded positions. ASPIDIUM acrostichoides (Christmas Fern). 1 to 2 ft. Evergreen. Dry or

moist soils in shady places.

Felix-mas (Male Fern). 2 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

Goldianum. 2 to 4 ft. Semi-shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

marginale. Evergreen. 1 to 2 ft. Shaded positions, dry or moist soils.

ASPLENIUM Filix-femina (Lady Fern). 2 to 3 ft. Open or shaded positions,

in moist or dry soils.

BOTRYCHIUM Virginianum (Moonwort). 6 to 12 in. Shaded positions, moist or dry soils.

DICKSONIA punctilobula (Boulder Fern). 2 to 3 ft. For open positions;

forms large plantations.

ONOCLEA sensibilis (Sensitive Fern). 1 to 2 ft. For open planting and wet soils.

Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). 2 to 4 ft. For open positions, dry or moist soils.

OSMUNDA gracilis (Flowering Fern). 2 to 4 ft. Open or shaded positions, and moist soils.

Claytoniana. 2 to 5 ft. For open plantings, dry or moist soils, cinnamomea (Cinnamon Fern). 2 to 5 ft. For open or shaded positions, in wet soils.

WOODSIA obtusa. 6 to 12 in. Shady places, in moist soil.

WOODWARDIA angustifolia (Chain Fern). 1 ft. Open or shaded positions, in moist soils.

The above varieties, 25 cts. each, \$2 per 10, \$15 per 100.

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Forsythia viridissima 39

Hibiscus Syriacus 39

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We shall be pleased to name special prices for plants in quantity for hedging purposes.

EVERGREEN TREES

Z v Ek Ok Ek	III IIII		
Biota orientalis	Thuya occidentalis		
DECIDUOUS TREES			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Cratægus Oxyacantha		
EVERGREEN SHRUBS			
Azalea amœna	llex crenata microphylla		
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS			
Acanthopanax spinosa	Hippophae rhamnoides 40 Ligustrum Ibota, Regelianum, ovalifolium, vulgare 41		

Lonicera Tatarica

Rhamnus cathartica

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All trees and shrubs are measured as they stand in the Nursery before digging. In evergreen trees and in evergreen and deciduous shrubs the height is taken from the ground to the top of the plant.

Deciduous trees are measured from the ground to the top of the head, and the ealiper or diameter of the trunk is taken above the collar. Measurements are expressed thus: 10 to 12 ft. (height), $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. (ealiper).

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We have done the long waiting—you can secure at once specimens that will give immediate and permanent results.

AS AN EXAMPLE

Note in this Price List, page 21, Norway Maples, 14 to 20 ft. in height with trunks 4 to 10 in. in diameter. Specimen trees with broad tops and a system of fibrous roots that makes transplanting successful—trees that are sure to grow. Such trees simply "make your place."

AN IMPORTANT POINT

These specimen Trees and Shrubs are Andorra-Grown—they are here at our Nurseries where you may inspect them and reserve such as suit your purpose.

ANDORRA-GROWN MEANS QUALITY
OUALITY IN TREES MEANS SUCCESSFUL PLANTING