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# BULBS <br> TREES, SHRUBS AND PLANTS FOR FALL PLANTING 


HOLM \& OLSON. INC.
ST.PAUL QR MINN.

## Things You Should Remember

Best Time to Order. As promptly after receiving the price-list as possible.
When We Ship. Fall bulbs are ready for shipment September i to 15 . Trees, shrubs, etc., October 1 . Peonies and Iris, September I to 15 .
H. \& O. Prices. Our prices are based on "H. \& O. Quality," the best money can buy or produce, hence do not be deceived through cheap seed catalogs offering quantity rather than quality.
Cash with Order. Orders should be accompanied by cash. It requires time and expense at a busy season to look up credits.
How to Ship. Bulbs can go by express or parcel post. If by parcel post, postage should always be added to order. Trees and shrubs should be sent by express and freight.
Bulb Orders. Orders for bulbs accompanied by cash amounting to $\$ 5$, or over, will be delivered free
You Should be Careful. No matter how often you write us, always sign your name in full; give post office and state; write your order carefully and plainly, and do not mix with your letter.

## The Park Nurseries

Every patron living out of the city should arrange, when visiting St. Paul or Minneapolis, to visit the Nurseries. It will be an education. You can learn more of the "H. \& O. Quality" in one hour than it is possible for us to convey to you in books. Throughout the city you can see the living pictures that we have used to illustrate our work.

To Reach the Nurseries: From any down-town point take the St. Clair-Hope Street Car. This line takes you within two blocks of the Nurseries. Coming from Minneapolis, take Selby-Lake Car, change at Snelling cross-town line to Grand Avenue Car; get off at Lexington and walk south to St. Clair. If motoring, take Summit Avenue to Lexington Boulevard, and south to St. Clair. Our Superintendent is always on hand, willing to explain everything to you.

## Beautifying Your Grounds

Our Landscape Men cover the entire Northwest. We do not solicit orders, and have no agents; we offer our patrons Service. We will design your grounds, advise you how they should be treated, and furnish you a plan that you can work out. It is not necessary to do it all at one time, but when finished you have something of beauty, and that will harmonize with your home. When necessary, we furnish men to superintend the planting so that everything is placed properly, and is planted properly. Hence you see the service is complete. We design, plan, furnish the material, and superintend the planting. No other firm in the West can furnish you this service.

## Collections for Tulip-Beds

The arrangement of the following beds will give very striking results. The beds are 6 feet in diameter and require 156 bulbs, planted 5 inches apart each way. These combinations can be changed, if desired.

Bed A
Bed B
Bed C


These collections must be sent by express or freight, charges not prepaid.


Copyright, rofor, liy Holm of Olson, Inc.


Baron Van Thuyll Grande Blanche La Grandesse Lady Derby
Transiorred from the Eiblary

## Quality Hyacinths

Culture Outdoors. Plant the bulbs 6 inches deep, very uniformly, that they may come into bloom at the same time. A good method is to remove about 4 inches of the soil, level the bed carefully and plant the bulbs 6 inches apart each way, pressing the earth firmly and evenly over the bulbs.

Culture in Glasses. Special glasses are manufactured for the culture of Hyacinths, the bulb fitting in the top. These glasses should be filled with fresh water, also some gravel, and if at hand, some charcoal.

Culture in Pots. Hyacinths are grown successfully by planting in pots. Use good, rich soil, with plenty of manure. Place some pieces of broken pots in the bottom for drainage, and use 4 - or 5 -inch pots. Firm the bulb well in the soil, allowing the top of it to stand just a little above the soil. If flowers are wanted for Christmas, the bulbs should be planted in September.

## EXTRA-LARGE DUTCH HYACINTHS



## Add 20 cts. per doz. for postage, if to be sent by mail

First-Size Dutch Hyacinths, 10 cts. each, 90 cts. per doz., $\$ 7.50$ per 100. Add 15 cts. per dozen for postage, if to be sent by mail.
Second-Size Dutch Hyacinths, 6 cts. each, 65 cts . per doz., $\$ 5$ per 1oo. Add ro cts. per dozen for postage.

| Mixed Hyacinths |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Doz. | $\$ 8{ }^{100}$ |
| First-size bulbs, mixed. | 75 | 600 |
| Second-size bulbs, mixed | 50 | 4 00 |

## French Roman Hyacinths

White. Largest size. Splendid for indoor blooming and easily grown. 6 cts. each, 60 cts. per doz., $\$ 4.5^{0}$ per 100 .

Hyacinth Glasses. Glasses for holding single bulbs, 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz. If by parcei post add io cts.; by express at purchaser's expense.


Pink Beauty

## Selected Early Tulips

The length of the flower-stem is indicated by figures; the time of blooming by letters ( E, early; L, late), so that you can select varieties of the same height and time of blooming.

Culture Outdoors. Any good garden soil, prepared by spading to a depth of 12 inches, is suitable. Plant the bulbs 5 inches apart and about 4 inches deep. The soil must be equally placed over the bulbs, so they will come up at the same time. Firm the earth well about the bulbs and mulch the beds during the winter.

Culture in Pots. Place six to eight bulbs in a 6 -inch pot; set in the dark for a time. If you have a number of pots, take them from the dark room at intervals, so they bloom at different times.


## Extra-Fine Mixed Single Tulips

 



Darwin Tulips, Madame Krelage

## DARWIN TULIPS

A distinct type of Single Late Tulips, with immense, bowl-shaped flowers of well-rounded form, growing on tall, thick stems from 2 to 3 feet in height. The very brilliant colors, ranging from almost pure white through all the shades of pink and purple to a most intense red, together with the long stems, make them unsurpassed for cutting.

This type is admirably suited for planting in borders of shrubs and perennials. The blooms give life and color to any garden. The varieties offered are the best of the type, selected from a large list, and give all the different colorings.


## DOUBLE TULIPS

The Double Tulips are used for both bedding and forcing. Their large, peony-like blossoms are highly ornamental, coming into bloom a little later than the single sorts, and lasting considerably longer in flower. They make their best display when planted in groups and beds, but are not so highly colored as the single sorts.



## OLD DUTCH TULIPS

## Bybloems, with white ground. Doz. Best for naturalizing ..... \$0 30 Ioo Bizarres, with yellow ground. Best <br> for naturalizing <br> $30 \quad 250$

## SELECTED PARROT TULIPS

These brilliant Tulips are noted for their immense, showy flowers with beautifully fringed or cut petals and varied colors, and so named because of their oddity. The flowers come in May, have long stems and are fine for cutting. In four shades, 30 cts . per doz., $\$ 2$ per 100 .
Add 5 cts . per dozen on Tulips for postage, if to be sent by mail

## LATE-FLOWERING TULIPS

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bouton d'Or. ${ }^{12} \mathrm{~L}$. Deep golden.... \$0 30 \$2 50 |  |
| Caledonia. Io L. Bright orange-scarlet. 35250 |  |
| Gesneriana lutea. Io L. Beautiful yellow |  |
| Gesneriana spathulata. io L. Crimson. $35 \quad 250$ Golden Crown. ıo L. Yellow, red edge. 25200 |  |
|  |  |
| Isabella. 12 L . Carmine, rose, and white. . . 30 |  |
| La Candeur. I4 L. Pure white......... 503 |  |
| Mrs. Moon. 14 L. Large; yellow; fine. 604 |  |
| Picotee. I2 L. Pure white................ . 30 |  |
| Scarlet Mammoth. I2 L. Scarlet; |  |
|  |  |

Add 5 cts. per dozen for postage, if to be sent by mail

## SELECTED CROCUS

Can be planted in the grass or as a border for beds of perennials or around the edge of beds of other bulbs. When planted in sheltered locations they flower in March. They can be planted anywhere in the lawn, and after blooming the tops can be cut with a lawn-mower without injuring the bulbs.

Our selection is the best; the extra-large, well-selected bulbs will produce large flowers of all shades of white, yellow, and blue.

|  | Doz. | 100 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baron von Brunow. Blue. . . \$0 20 \$ I oo \$8 00 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Madam Mina. Striped ........ . 20 I oo 8 oo |  |  |  |
| Mount Blanc. White........... |  |  |  |
| Purpurea grandiflo large; blue. | a. Extra <br> 20 |  |  |
| King of the Whites | White... 30 |  | 1200 |



The price per dozen includes postage
Bulb Fiber. The growing of bulbs indoors gives one much pleasure during the winter months, and Bulb Fiber. best of all, gives you blossoms that will remain for a long season, or that can be cut for any purpose. When growing bulbs in this manner it is wise to give them the best condition that can be made for their growth so that they will produce the best possible flowers. Bulb Fiber is the material that does the work; it is clean, odorless, holds moisture, and contains plant-food such as the bulbs need. Qt. Io cts. 4 qts. 35 cts., pk. 65 cts., bus. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.

## ANEMONES, Poppy-Flowered

If planted in the fall in wet or moist places they will bloom in early spring.

Doz. 100
Single. Mixed colors. \$0 20 \$ $\mathrm{I}^{50}$
Double. Mixed colors .................... . . 252 oo
Double and Single, Mixed............. . . . 25 i 75

## CHIONODOXA (Glory-of-the-Snow)

Flowers of beautiful azure-blue, with pure white centers. 30 cts. per doz., $\$ 2$ per ioo.

## CROWN IMPERIALS

Red, Yellow and Orange. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2$ per doz.

## FRITILLARIAS

Lily-like in growth and very effective as a potplant. 30 cts. per doz., postpaid; $\$ 2$ per 100 .

## FREESIA

Valuable on account of the beauty of the flowers, fragrance, and freedom of bloom. Doz. 100 California-grown . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0$ I $_{5} \$ 100$
French-grown. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25 I 75
Purity. Almost pure white............. 35250

## IXIAS

Ixias, Mixed. For indoor culture. I5 cts. per doz., \$. 25 per 100 .

## OXALIS

These lovely flowers are among the most popular and can be used in many ways.
Cernua lutea (Buttercup). Yellow. 30 cts. per doz., $\$ 2.50$ per 100 .


## SELECTED NARCISSI (The Spring Daffodil)

The Narcissi are among spring's earliest flowers, and there is no reason why we should not partake of the pleasures they bring with the first warm days of spring. The Narcissi grow in almost any location, doing well in sunny or shady places, and it matters not if wet or dry. They continue to bloom year after year, increasing in size and effectiveness. They are valuable to place in the border of perennials or shrubbery, where they can be left undisturbed, and for naturalizing in the grass. For forcing, treat the same as tulips, planting them in pots. The flowers assume many forms, and present charming combinations of white, gold, orange, sulphur, and pure yellow.

## DOUBLE NARCISSI



## SINGLE NARCISSI

Empress. (Trumpet.) Yellow Each Doz. 100 and white. Extra size. ...... . \$o o6 \$0 $50 \$ 3$ oo First size......................... 05 40250
Emperor. (Trumpet.) Large; yellow. Extra size. . . . . . . . . . . . . o6
$50 \quad 300$ First size.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05
Glory of Leyden. Double; yellow............................. . . 30 300
Golden Spur. (Trumpet.) Deep yellow trumpet. Extra size. . o7 $60 \quad 500$ First size....................... . . . 05
King Alfred. New. Uniform clear yellow.
$50 \quad 500$
Madame de Graaff. White..... I5 I 50 Io oo
Madame Plemp. Yellow and white. $\begin{array}{lll}06 & 60 \quad 400\end{array}$

## SINGLE NARCISSI, continued

Mimilei Talma. New. Golden Each Doz. $1 \boldsymbol{\text { o }}$ yellow.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$0 I5 \$1 50
Sir Watkin. Yellow cup.

| Extra size.................... . . 07 | $60 \$ 350$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| First size.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05 | 50300 |
| rinceps. (Trumpet.) Sulphurwhite and yellow.. . . . . . . . . . . 04 | 40 |
| ictoria. (Trumpet.) White with yellow trumpet. . . . . . . . . . . . . 06 | $50 \quad 300$ |
| Sion. Pure yellow.... . . . . . . 04 |  |

## BUNCH-FLOWERED NARCISSI

Each stem has a number of flowers.
Aspasia. Pure white with yel- Each Doz. ioo low eye; very large, with three
to four flowers ............... \$0 $05 \$ 040 \$ 300$
Barrii conspicuus. Yellow,
orange cup; large.............. 03 . 25 I 50
Elvira. Pure white with yellow eye; free bloomer, flowers borne on long stems. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 05
$40 \quad 300$
Glory. White, orange cup; fine. $07 \quad 60400$
King Edward VII. White with red-edged cup..
$07 \quad 60 \quad 400$
Mrs. Langtry. White........... o3 25 I 50
Poeticus (Pheasant's Eye). Pure white, orange cup............. o3 25 I 50
Poeticus ornatus. White, orange
сир................................ 0550250

## NARCISSUS POLYANTHUS

This type of Narcissus is beautiful, free-flowering, and sweet-scented; one of the best for forcing, but not good for outdoor planting. Plant in pots, or place in a bowl with water and pebbles.
Grand Monarque. New. Each Doz.
White........................ \$0 15 \$1 50
Grand Soleil d'Or. New. Yellow. I5 I 50
Paper-White Grandiflora.
Selected, extra-large bulbs...... o5 $50 \$ 300$ Add 10 cts. per dozen for postage

## JONQUILS

A species of Narcissi, with fragrant, bright yellow flowers, which are borne in great abundance. Suitable for house and garden culture. Requires the same treatment as Narcissi. Perfectly hardy. Campernelle major. Double; Each Doz. roo
pure yellow; extra fine...... \$0 1o \$1 oo \$750
Campernelle rugulosus. Yellow o3 30200
Jonquil, Single. Yellow......... $03 \quad 25$ I 50
Jonquil, Double. Yellow....... o5 503 oo

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\text { Add } 10 \text { cts. per dozen for postage }
$$

## CHINESE SACRED LILY

The bulbs grow nicely in pots of soil, but the quickest way to get them into bloom is to set them in a bowl of water with a few pebbles to hold them in place. Each bulb sends up from five to ten flowerstems, producing great clusters of large, pure white, wax-like blossoms with yellow centers and delicious fragrance. Some blooms are single, others double, but all equally beautiful. Our bulbs come direct to us from China.

> Each Doz. roo

Extra-size bulbs............. . $\$ 0$ I5 \$1 50 \$12 00
First-size bulbs. . . . . . . . . . . . . I2 I oo 8 oo
Add 20 cts. per dozen for postage, if wanted by mail

## SELECTED LILIES

No herbaceous border, shrubbery border or garden is complete without these charming flowers. For beauty of color and magnificence of form the Lily stands above most other flowers.

Auratum (Gold-banded) Each Doz.
Auratum (Gold-banded) . . . . . . . . . . . . \$0 20 \$200
Speciosum album. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20 200
Speciosum rubrum. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20200
Tigrinum f.-pl. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . I5 I 50 Selected bulbs of largest size. Delivery of the above cannot be made until the end of November.
Candidum (Madonna Lily). Ready Each Doz. the latter part of August. . . . . . . . . . \$o I5 \$I 50

## EASTER LILIES

Each Doz.
roo
Harrisii (Bermuda)... . . . . . . \$0 20 \$2 00
Longiflorum multiflorum..... I5 I 50
Longiflorum giganteum...... 20200
Longiflorum formosum. Early. 20200
LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY...... I5 I 50 \$10 oo

## RANUNCULUS (Double Buttercup)

Rich in coloring and profuse bloomers. Bulbs are tender, should be well mulched. 15 cts. per doz., $\$ 1.50$ per 100. Add 10 cts. per doz. for postage.

## SCILLA SIBIRICA

Early spring-flowering bulbs; dwarf habit, with drooping, bell-shaped blossoms. Brilliant blue. 25 cts. per doz., postpaid; $\$ \mathbf{I} .75$ per 100, $\$$ I4 per I,000.

## GIANT SNOWDROPS

The earliest of spring flowers, admired for the snow-white, drooping blossoms. Succeed well in any soil and should not be disturbed after planting.
Elwesi. 15 cts. per doz., postpaid; \$1.25 per 100 .
Nivalis. Double. 20 cts. per doz., postpaid; $\$$ I. 50 per 100 .

## SPANISH IRIS

Beautiful and very effective in the house for forcing; or in the garden.

Doz. 100

British Queen. White................... . . 25 I 50
Darling. Dark blue... .................... . . . . 25 I 50
Philometa. Pale blue...................... 25 I 50

## Add 5 cts. per dozen for postage

## TRILLIUM GRANDIFLORUM

Succeeds well in partially shaded locations; bloom increases in beauty each year. Io cts. each, \$I per doz. Add io cts. per doz. for postage.


## FLOWER-POTS

No. 185 Standard
4-inch. . . \$o o4 \$0 40
6-inch.... Each Doz.
4 -inch. . . \$0 o4 \$0 40 7-inch. ...... . 10 I oo
5 -inch. .... o5 50 -inch....... . I5 I 50
No. 186 Bulb-Pans. Suitable for Tulips and other bulbs. Prices same as standard pots, from $5-\mathrm{in}$. up. No. 187. ( $3 / 4-$ size.) Suitable for bulbs. Prices same.


## Attractive Pottery Bowls Filled with Bulbs

To acquaint our trade properly with the advantage of growing bulbs for the house in Fiber we have special Pottery Bulb-bowls. Drainage is not necessary.
No. I Bulb-bowl with 6 tulip bulbs. . . . . . . . . $\$ 1$ i 00
No. 2 Bulb-bowl with 9 tulip bulbs........... I 50
No. 3 Bulb-bowl with 6 Polyanthus Narcissi. I 75
No. 4 Bulb-bowl with 8 Polyanthus Narcissi. 200
No. 5 Bulb-bowl with 4 Dutch Hyacinths... 200 Order by Number
If to be sent by parcel post, add 15 cts. for postage on Nos. 1, 2, and 3, and 25 cts. on Nos. 4 and 5


An artistic planting of Maples, Evergreens, Shrubs and Vines

## Ornamental Trees

For Fall Planting. We do not advise the planting of all varieties of trees in fall, but those that can be planted will make and give you a better and larger tree the coming year.

The season for shipping begins October I, and usually ends November 15. Our trees are dug fresh from the nursery row, and shipped without being stored.

Transplanted Trees. The question is often asked, "What do you mean by transplanted trees." Just this: We are not what is termed a "commercial nursery;", we grow nursery stock from a landscape standpoint, making a specialty of ornamental stock for beautifying city and country homes. The trees and shrubs you have been in the habit of buying we transplant into nursery rows, setting them twice and three times the usual distance apart, cutting them back to make them put on a bushy head and heavier stem, and, most important, a better root-system. Such nursery stock, when planted in your ground, withstands the shock of transplanting much better than the ordinary, and responds much more quickly, giving you results that are more satisfactory.

What are Specimen Trees? This question is often asked. Specimen trees are selected specimens that have been transplanted from time to time, and have grown into a large size, and can be moved safely, giving quick results. Ordinarily, the large trees in a nursery are "culls" left over, or unsold, but the fact that they have never been transplanted makes them of little or no value.

| Ash, American White <br> (Fraxinus Americana). | Each | ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }^{100}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . .$. \$0 75 \$6 oo \$50 00 |  |  |  |
| 8 to 10 ft ., $\mathrm{I} 1 / 4$ to $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$ diam., transplanted... | I oo | 8 oo | 7500 |
| Io to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I} 1 / 2$ to 2 in . diam. | 150 |  | 10000 |
| Specimen trees, trans planted, <br> 2 to 5 in. diam. . . . . $\$ 2$ to | IO |  |  |

Box Elder (Acer Negundo). See Ash-leaved Maple.
Birch. Should not be planted in fall.
Butternut (Juglans cinerea). Each


Catalpa speciosa (Western Catalpa). 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . . . \mathrm{C} \quad 50 \quad 400 \quad 3000$
8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{I} 1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diam.,
transplanted............
Io to 12 ft ., $13 / 4$ to 2 in . diam., transplanted..... 2 oo I5 OO 12500
Specimen trees, transplanted......... $\$ 5$ to 1500

## Cherry, American Bird

(Cerasus serotina).
6 to 8 ft .
75
600
50 oo
8 to 10 ft., $I 1 / 2$ to $\mathrm{I} 3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted. I 00

8 oo 75 oo


The Norway Maple makes a solid mass of deep green foliage-an effective shelter from the summer sun ORNAMENTAL TREES, continued

Hackberry (Celtis occiden- Each talis). 6 to 8 ft ., trans. \$1 00 8 to 10 ft., $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diam., tr. I 50 Specimen trees, $\mathrm{tr} . \$ 2.50$ to 15 oo

## Horse - Chestnut, White

 (Esculus Hippocastanum).6 to 7 ft ., transplanted... I 50 I2 00 7 to 8 ft ., transplanted.... 2 oo 18 oo Specimen trees., tr. $\$ 3.50$ to 1500
Horse-Chestnut, Ohio Buckeye) ( $E s c u l u s$ glabra). 7 to 8 ft., trans. 2 oo Specimen trees, tr. $\$ 3.50$ to 1500
Linden, American (Tilia Americana). 6 to 8 ft , tr. $75-600$
 ioto $12 \mathrm{ft}, \mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diam., tr. 2 oo 18 oo For larger sizes, see "Creating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr... $\$ 5$ to 25 oo
Linden, European (Tilia Europea). Prices same as American Linden.
Maple, Ash-leaved (Acer Negundo). 6 to 8 ft .
8 to Io ft., transplanted. IO to 12 ft ., $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
50 & 4 & \text { oo } & 30 \\
75 & 6 & 00 \\
75 & 50 & 00
\end{array}
$$

For larger sizes, see "Creating Your Landscape."
Maple, Norway (Acer plitanoides). 6 to 8 ft .
8 to 10 ft ., transplanted. I 50 I2 00 I 10 OO
Io to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted. .....
For larger sizes see "Creating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr. . $\$$ Io to 25 oo
Maple, Schwedler's Redleaved (Acer platanoides Schrvedleri). 5 to 6 ft. ,tr. I 501200
6 to 8 ft ., transplanted... 2 oo 18 oo 8 to 10 ft ., transplanted... 3 oo 2500 For larger sizes, see "Creating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr. . \$Io to 25 oo
Io IOO $\$ 8$ oo $\$ 70$ oo 1200 IIO OO

Maple, Silver (Acer dasy-Each carpum). 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . . . .$. . \$0 50 8 to 10 ft ., transplanted... I oo 10 to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diam-
eter, transplanted...... I 50 I2 oo ino oo
For larger sizes, see "Creating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, trans. $\$ 5$ to 2500
Maple, Sugar, Hard or Rock (Acer saccharum). 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .$. . . I
$800 \quad 70$ oo
8 to 10 ft., transplanted... I 50 I 200 I 10 oo
Io to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted...... 250

2250
Specimen trees, trans. $\$ 5$ to 25 oo
Maple, Tartarian, Dwarf (Acer Tataricum Ginnala).
2 to 3 ft .
$\begin{array}{lllll}50 & 400 & 30 & 00\end{array}$
3 to 4 ft., bushy, trans... . $75 \quad 600 \quad 5000$
4 to 5 ft ., bushy, trans.... I 501200 100 00
For larger sizes, see "Creating Your Landscape."
Maple, Wier's (Acer dasycarpum Wieri).
6 to 8 ft ., transplanted . . $\quad 75 \quad 600 \quad 50$ oo 8 to 10 ft ., transplanted... I 25 Io 00 IO to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I} 1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted...... 200 1800 17000 Specimen trees, tr. $\$ 7.50$ to 2500 Mountain Ash, American (Sorbus Americana).
6 to 8 ft ., transplanted... $75 \quad 600 \quad 5000$
8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted...... I 50 I2 oo ilo 0 ,

## Mountain Ash, European

 (Sorbus aucuparia).6 to 8 ft ., transplanted... $75 \quad 600 \quad 5000$
8 to io ft., transplanted... I OO $800 \quad 70$ oo
Io to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted...... I 50 I2 oo 110 oo
For larger sizes, see "Cre-
ating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr. $\$ 7.50$ to 2000
Mountain Ash, Oak-leaved
(S. quercifolia). 6 to 8 ft . I oo

8 to 10 ft ., transplanted. I 50
Specimen trees, trans. \$5 to I 5 oo


A street planting of young American Linden trees

Oaks. See "Creating Your Each Landscape" for prices.
Poplar, Balsam, or Balm of Gilead (Populus balsamifera). 8 to 1o ft., tr. $\$ 0 \quad 75 \quad \$ 6$ oo $\$ 50$ oo
to to 12 ft ., $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted..... I oo 8 oo 70 oo
For larger sizes, see "Creating Your Landscape.'
Specimen trees, trans. $\$ 5$ to io oo
Poplar, Bolleana (Populus Bolleana). 6 to 8 ft . tr. . i oo 8 oo 70 oo
8 to io ft., transplanted... I 50 I2 оо 110 оо
Io to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}$. diam., transplanted
$200 \quad 18$ oo
For larger sizes see "Creating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr. \$1o to zo oo
Poplar, Carolina (Populus monilifera). 6 to 8 ft .tr.
8 to io ft., transplanted.
Io to I 2 ft ., $\mathrm{I}^{1 / 2}$ in. diam-
eter, transplanted
For larger sizes, see "Cre-
$50 \quad 4$ oo $\quad 25$ оо

For larger sizes, see "Cre-, ating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr. $\$ 5$ to 15 oo

## Poplar, Lombardy (Populus

 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { fastigiata. } \text {. } 6 \text { to } 8 \text { ft., tr. } & 75 & 6 & \text { oo } & 50 & \text { oo } \\ \text { to } 10\end{array}$8 to 10 ft , transplanted... I oo 8 oo 70 oo

For larger sizes, see "Creating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr... $\$ 5$ to 25 oo
Poplar, Norway (Populus

8 to io ft., transplanted...
Io to 12 ft ., I I $/ 2 \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted....... I 50 I2 oo 110 oo

Poes, continued
10 $\quad 100$ For larger sizes, see "Cre-" ating Your Landscape."
Specimen trees, tr..$\$ 5$ to $\$ 15$ oo
Sumac, Smooth (Rhus glabra). 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . \quad 50 \quad \$ 400$
5 to 6 ft., transplanted.... $75 \quad 6$ oo
Sumac, Cut-leaved (Rhus typhina). 3 to 4 ft ., tr...

504 oo 4 to 5 ft ., transplantcd....
$75 \quad 6$ oo
Walnut, Black (Juglans nigra). 6 to 8 ft ., trans. I oo 8 oo
8 to io ft., transplanted... I $50 \quad 1200$
Willow, Golden (Salix vitellina a urea). 6 to 8 ft ., tr. $\quad 50 \quad 4$ oo $\$ 30$ oo 8 to io ft., transplanted... I oo 8 oo 70 oo Io to 12 ft ., $\mathrm{I} 1 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diameter, transplanted...... I 50 I2 oo 110 oo
Specimen trees, tr. $\$ 3$ to io оо
Willow, Laurel (Salix pen-
tandra). 6 to 8 ft., trans. $\quad 50 \quad 4$ oo 30 oo
8 to 10 ft., transplanted... r oo 8 oo 70 oo
Io to I 2 ft ., $\mathrm{I} / 2 \mathrm{in}$. diam-
eter, transplanted...... i 50 I2 oo ino oo Specimen trees, tr. $\$ 3$ to io oo
Willow, Niobe (Salix Niobe)
Weeping. 6 to 8 ft ., tr.. I oo 8 oo 70 oo 8 to Io ft., transplanted... I 50 I2 oo 110 oo Specimen trees, tr. . $\$ 3$ to 15 oo

## Weeping Trees

Most weeping trees are best transplanted in spring. See list in "Creating Your Landscape."

## Evergreens

This class of trees should not be transplanted in the Northwest in the fall. See "Creating Your Landscape," for list of varieties.

## LECTURES

We are frequently requested to give talks before clubs, societies, etc., on different phases of Landscape Gardening. We have Landscape Architects who are schooled in this work, having lantern-slides covering the arrangement of grounds, illustrating beautiful effects, showing the before and after results. Write us as far in advance as possible for date, telling us character of meetings and about what you desire. We have hundreds of slides to choose from.

HOLM \& OLSON, Inc., Landscape Architects


Shrubs of medium height in the foreground, with taller growers against the house, harmonize with this type of building

## Deciduous Shrubs

## FOR FALL PLANTING

The following list of Shrubs can be planted in this latitude in the fall very satisfactorily; in fact, you will have better results the following summer from fall planting.

Nursery-Row Shrubs. We are asked how they differ from other shrubs. Nursery-row shrubs are those that are planted 6 to 8 inches apart in the row when they come from the seedling or cutting bed. They have one, two and three stems,-just what you get from other nurseries.

Transplanted Shrubs. These are the nursery-row plants dug and transplanted into rows, set $11 / 2$ to 2 feet apart, and cut back so they may make a bushy top and a good root-system. It takes two years to accomplish this, but we get a plant of more than double value. They transplant with much less loss, and give a great deal better satisfaction. Ask any of our patrons.

Specimen Shrubs. Are large, fully developed plants that give results from the time they are planted. They are moved from time to time, and can be taken up with a ball of earth the same as evergreens. We can supply these in all sizes of most varieties. They range in price from $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 7.50$ each.

| Amelanchier alnifolia (Juneberry) |  | 10 | Currant, Pink. (RibesGordonianum). Each | ro |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 to 24 in., nursery row.... . . . . . . \$o |  | \$200 | 18 to 24 in., nursery, row. . . . . . . . \$0 25 | \$200 |
| 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row | 35 | 300 | 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . . 35 | 300 |
| 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted | 50 | 4 оо | 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted...... . . . . . . 50 | 4 оо |
| Barberry, Green (Berberis vulgaris). |  |  | 3 to 4 ft ., transplanted........... . . 75 | 600 |
| 18 to 24 in., nursery row. | 25 | 200 | 4 to 5 ft ., transplanted........... . I I oo | 8 о0 |
| 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row | 35 | 300 | Currant, Yellow (Ribes aureum). |  |
| 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. | 50 | 400 | Prices same as Pink Currant. |  |
| 3 to 4 ft ., transplanted. | 75 | 600 | Currant, Mountain (Ribes alpinum). |  |
| Barberry, Purple (Berberis purpurea). Prices same as Green Barberry. |  |  | I8 to 24 in., nursery row.......... . . 35 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted | 300 600 |
| Barberry, Thunberg's Japan (Berberis Thunbergii). |  |  | Dogwood, Golden-bark (Cornus aurea). |  |
| 12 to 18 in., nursery row. | 25 | 200 | 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. $\qquad$ 35 |  |
| 18 to 24 in., nursery row. | 30 | 250 | 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 50 |  |
| 18 to 24 in., transplanted. | 35 | 3 oo | 2 to 3 ft., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75 | $4{ }^{4} 00$ |
| 24 to 30 in., transplanted......... | 50 | 4 00 | 3 to 5 ft ., transplanted.............. . . . I 00 | 8 \% |
| Buffalo Berry (Shepherdia argentea). I 8 to 24 in., nursery row. . . . . . . . |  | 0 | Dogwood, Red-Twigged (Cornus Si - |  |
| 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. | 35 | 300 | birica alba). |  |
| 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. | 50 | 400 | Price same as Golden-bark Dog- |  |
| 3 to 4 ft ., transplanted. | 75 | 600 | wood. |  |
| Buckthorn, Common (Rhamnus catharticus). |  |  | Dogwood, Red Osier (Cornus stolonifera). |  |
| 18 to 24 in., nursery row. | 25 | 200 | Price same as Golden-bark Dog- |  |
| 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row | 35 | 300 | wood. |  |
| 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. | 50 | 4 00 | Dogwood, Silver (Cornus Sibirica va- |  |
| 3 to 4 ft ., transplanted. | 75 | 600 | riegata). |  |
| Buckthorn, Carolina (Rhamnus Caroliniana). |  |  | 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . 50 |  |
| Prices same as Common Buckthorn. |  |  | 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . . 75 3 to 4 ft., transplanted......... |  |



The Barberry hedge gives a sense of privacy. and harmonizes with the Shrubs at the house foundation

## DECIDUOUS SHRUBS. continued

Elder, Cut-leaved (Sambucus nigra

| Cinita). | Each | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row | \$0 35 | \$3 |
| 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. | 50 | 4 oo |
| 3 to 4 ft ., transplanted. | 75 |  |
|  |  |  |

Elder, Golden (Sambucus aurea).
Prices same as Cut-leaved Elder.
Elder, Red-berried (S. racemosus)
Prices same as Cut-leaved Elder.
Euonymus Americana (Burning Bush).
$\begin{array}{ll}2 \text { to } 3 \mathrm{ft} \text {., transplanted.............. . . } & 50 \\ 3 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{ft} \text {., transplanted........... } & 75\end{array}$
400
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted...............
læagnus argentea (Russian Olive).
$\begin{array}{lll}2 \text { to } 3 \mathrm{ft.} \text {, nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . . . . } & 35 \\ 2 \text { to } 3 \mathrm{ft.} \text {, transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . } & 75 \\ 3 \text { to } 4 \mathrm{ft.} \text {, transplanted......... }\end{array}$
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.
Elæagnus angustifolia.
Prices same as Argentea.
Forsythia, Fortune's (Forsythia Fortunei). 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row...
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted............ . . 50
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . . 75 4 to 5 ft ., transplanted.............. I 00
Forsythia suspensa (Golden Bell). Prices same as Fortune's Forsythia.
Honeysuckle, Red Tartarian (Lonicera Tatarica)
2 to 3 ft ., nursery row
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted 50
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.
75
4 to 5 ft., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . I oo
Honeysuckle, Pink Tartarian (Lonicera rosea).
Prices same as Red Tartarian.
Honeysuckle, White Tartarian (Lonicera alba).
Prices same as Red Tartarian.
Honeysuckle, Morrow's (Lonicera Morrowi).
Prices same as Red Tartarian.
Hydrangea, Large-flowered ( $H y$ drangea paniculata grandifora).
2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. ............. . . . $\quad 35$
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted........... 50
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.
75

Hydrangea, Tree
3 to 4 ft., transplanted.... . . . . . . . $\$ 00_{0}^{\text {Each }} 75 \quad \$ 6{ }^{10}{ }_{00}$
4 to 5 ft ., transplanted........ . . . . I oo 8 oo
Hydrangea, Snowball (Hydrangea arborescens grandiflora)
18 to 24 in., nursery row........... . .
$75 \quad 600$
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted............. . I oo 8 oo
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.... ........ 1 I 50 $125^{\circ}$

Lilac, Common Purple (Syringa vulgaris).
2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . . 35 3 oo
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted............. . 50 . 400
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.............. . $75 \quad 600$
4 to 5 ft ., transplanted............. . I oo 8 oo
Lilac, Common White (Syringa vulgaris alba).
Prices same as Purple Lilac.
Lilac, Persian (Syringa Persica).
Prices same as Purple Lilac.
Lilac, Giant Tree (Syringa Japonica).
2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . .
$50 \quad 400$
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted.............. . . . $75 \quad 6$ oo
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.............. . I oo 8 oo
Lilac, Hungarian (Syringa Josikaa).
Prices same as Giant Tree Lilac.
Lilac, Himalayan (Syringa villosa).
Prices same as Giant Tree Lilac.
Lilac, French Named Varieties.
See "Creating Your Landscape" for list.
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted.............. . . 756 oo
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.............. . . i oo 8 oo
4 to 5 ft ., transplanted.............. I 50 I2 50
Matrimony Vine (Lycium Chinense).

| 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 35 | 3 oo |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft}$. transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . | 50 | 4 oo |
| 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} .$, transplanted. . . . . . | 75 | 60 |

Plum, Double-flowering (Prunus triloba).
$\begin{array}{lllll}2 \text { to } 3 \text { ft., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . . } & 50 & 40 \\ 3 & \text { oo } \\ 3 & \text { to } 4 \text { ft., transplanted. . . . . . . . }\end{array}$
Siberian Pea Tree (Caragana arborescens). 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row... 353 oo
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . $5^{5}$. 4 oo
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.
75

Snowball, Common (Viburnum Opu-Each
lus sterile). 2 to 3 ft., nursery row. $\$ 0 \quad 35 \quad \$ 300$
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted.............. 50 . 4 оо
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted............... . . $75 \quad 600$
4 to 5 ft ., transplanted............. . I oo 800
Snowball, Wayfaring Tree (Viburnum Lantana).
Prices same as Common Snowball.
Snowball, High Bush Cranberry (Viburnum Opulus).
Prices same as Common Snowball.
Snowberry, Red (Symphoricarpos vulgaris). 2 to 3 ft ., nursery row.
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted
35300

3 to 4 ft ., transplanted.
Snowberry, White (Symphoricarpos racemosus).
Prices same as Red Snowberry.
Spiræa, Anthony Waterer. Dwarf. 18 to 24 in., nursery row........... 353 oo 18 to 24 in., transplanted........... 50 . 400
Spiræa arguta.
2 to 3 ft., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . . . 35 oo
2 to 3 ft., transplanted.............. 50 . 400
3 to 4 ft., transplanted. ............. . . 756 oo
Spiræa aurea (Golden Spirea).
Prices same as Arguta.
Spiræa Billardii.
Prices same as Arguta.
Spiræa Bumalda. Dwarf.
I8 to 24 in., nursery row.......... . . 35300
I8 to 24 in., transplanted.......... . 50 400
Spiræa callosa alba. Dwarf.
I 8 to 24 in., nursery row........... 35300
I8 to 24 in., transplanted........... 50 . 4 oo
Spiræa callosa rubra.
Prices same as Callosa alba.
Spiræa Douglasii.
2 to 3 ft., nursery row. ............ 35 . 300
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted. . . . . . . . . . . . 50 50 4 oo
3 to 4 ft., transplanted.............. . 75600
Spiræa opulifolia.
Prices same as Douglasii.
Spiræa prunifolia.
Prices same as Douglasii.

## Spiræa Reevesii.

Prices same as Douglasii.
Spiræa Reevesii flore pleno. Each sо
Prices same as Douglasii.

## Spiræa sorbifolia.

Prices same as Douglasii.
Spiræa Thunbergii.
18 to 24 in., nursery row.......... . \$o $35 \$ 3$ oo
18 to 24 in., transplanted........... 50 . 400
Spiræa Van Houttei (Bridal Wreath).
2 to 3 ft., nursery row............. . 35 00
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted.............. . . 50 . 400
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted............... $75 \quad 600$
4 to 5 ft ., transplanted............. . i oo 8 oo
Sumac, Cut-leaved (Rhus glabra laciniata).
I8 to 24 in., nursery row........... 50 . 400
I8 to 24 in., transplanted........... 75600
Syringa, Avalanche (Philadelphus hybrida). 2 to 3 ft ., transplanted.
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted
$\begin{array}{lll}50 & 400 \\ 75 & 6 & 00\end{array}$
Syringa, Golden Dwarf (Philadelphus aurea).
12 to 18 in., nursery row........... $50 \quad 400$
I2 to 18 in., transplanted...........
75600
Syringa grandiflora (Philadelphus grandiflorus).
2 to 3 ft., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . . 35 300
$\begin{array}{llll}2 \text { to } 3 \mathrm{ft} \text {., transplanted................ } & 50 & 4 \text { oo } \\ 3 \text { to } 4 \text { ft., transplanted........... } & 75 & 6 & 00\end{array}$
3 to 4 ft., transplanted................ $75 \quad 6$ 00
Syringa Lemoinei (Philadelphus Lemoinei).
Prices same as Grandiflora.
Syringa, Mock Orange (Philadelphus coronarius).
Prices same as Grandiflora.
Tamarix Odessana.
2 to 3 ft ., nursery row.............. 50 . 400
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted.
600
3 to 4 ft., transplanted............. . I 00 . 800
Tamarix hispida æstivalis.
Prices same as Odessana.
Weigela.
Should be planted in the spring.

## Climbing Vines <br> \section*{FOR FALL PLANTING}

Ampelopsis Engelmanni (Engel- Each io mann's Ivy). Clings to brick, stone or plaster.
2 yrs., nursery row. . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$0 35 \$3 00 2 yrs., transplanted.................. . . 50 oo 3 yrs., transplanted.................. . . 75600
Ampelopsis quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper).
Prices same as Engelmann's Ivy.
Celastrus scandens (Bittersweet).
Prices same as Engelmann's Ivy.
Honeysuckle, Scarlet Trumpet (Lonicera sempervirens).
2 yrs., strang, transplanted......... $50 \quad 400$
3 yrs., strong, transplanted........ . 75600
Matrimony Vine. See Shrubs.
Vitis, or Hardy Wild Grape.
2 yrs., transplanted................ . . 50 . 400
3 yrs., transplanted................. . . 75600
Vitis, Beta (Grape).
2 yrs., transplanted................. 75600
3 yrs., transplanted................. . . . 1 oo 8 oo

## Deciduous Hedges

## FOR FALL PLANTING

Barberry, Thunberg's (Berberis
I2 to 18 in., nursery row......... \$1 50 \$12 00
I8 to 24 in., nursery row.......... . 2 oo 17 oo
18 to 24 in ., transplanted.......... 2502000
24 to 30 in., transplanted........... $350 \quad 2500$
Buckthorn (Rhamnus catharticus).
18 to 24 in., nursery row......... I 50 I 1200
I 8 to 24 in., transplanted......... 200 1500
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted............ . . $250 \quad 2000$
3 to 4 ft., transplanted............. 3 oo 2500
4 to 5 ft., transplanted. .......... . . 5 oo 40 oo
Dogwood, Red-twigged (Cornus Sibirica alba).
Prices same as Buckthorn.
Honeysuckle, Red Tartarian (Lonicera Tatarica).
Price same as Buckthorn.
Olive, Russian (Elcagnus argentea).
I8 to 24 in., transplanted.......... 2 oo 1700
2 to 3 ft ., transplanted............. 2502000
3 to 4 ft ., transplanted............. 350 . 30 on
Siberian Pea (Caragana arborescens).
Prices same as Russian Olive.


The charm of the old-fashioned garden can be created only by the use of hardy perennials

## Hardy Perennials

Usually fall is a good season for setting out these plants, but they should be mulched and planted early rather than late in the season.

Peonies and Irises are best planted in September. They will bloom the following spring.
The prices for Perennials vary somewhat, but all varieties not marked with a star are as follows:

$$
\text { 1-yr., } 15 \text { cts. each, } \$ 1.50 \text { per doz.; 2-yrs., strong, } 25 \text { cts. each, } \$ 2.50 \text { per doz. }
$$ Varieties marked with star, 1 -yr., 25 cts. each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz.; 2 -yrs., 50 cts. each, $\$ 5$ per doz.

Note.-While we grow the very finest Perennials, and agree to deliver them in good condition, they are sold with the understanding that should any fail to grow it is the purchaser's loss. Owing to the low prices at which they are sold, we cannot guarantee them to grow, and all orders are accepted on these conditions.

Achillea, Boule de Neige (Ball of Snow).
Achillea, Ptarmica, The Pearl.
Aconitum Starkianum (Monkshood).
Agrostemma (Rose Campion).
Ægopodium podograria variegatum (Bishop's Weed).
Alyssum saxatile compactum (Golden Tuft).
*Anchusa Italica, Dropmore Variety.
Anthemis tinctoria Kelwayi (Hardy Marguerite).
Aquilegia Canadensis (Columbine).
Aquilegia chrysantha (Golden-spurred Columbine).
Aquilegia cærulea (Rocky Mountain Columbine). Arabis alpina (Rock Cress).
Armeria formosa (Sea Pink).
Aster, Hardy, Named Varieties.
Baptisia australis (Fàlse Indigo).
Bleeding Heart. See Dielytra.
Bocconia cordata (Plume Poppy).
Boltonia asteroides (False Chamomile).
Boltonia latisquama.
Campanula Carpatica (Bellflower, or Harebell). Campanula Carpatica alba.
Campanula glomerata (Clustered Bellflower).
Campanula calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer Canterbury Bell).
Centaurea montana. (Perennial Cornflower). Clematis, Shrubby.
*Clematis Davidiana.
*Clematis recta.
Chrysanthemum maximum.
Chrysanthemum hybridum, Shasta Daisy. *Chrysanthemum hybridum, Alaska Daisy. Coreopsis grandiflora.

Coreopsis lanceolata (Tickseed).
Delphinium Chinense (Larkspur).
Delphinium Chinense album.
*Delphinium Belladonna.
Delphinium formosum.
Delphinium, Siberian Hybrids.
*Dielytra spectabilis (Bleeding Heart).
Dianthus barbatus (Sweet William).
Dianthus deltoides roseus (Hardy Pink).
Dianthus deltoides albus (Hardy Pink).
Dracocephalum Virginianum album (Dragon's Head).
Erigeron Coulteri.
Eupatorium Fraseri.
*Ferns, Hardy.
Funkia cærulea (Plantain Lily).
Funkia undulata variegata (Variegated Day Lily).
*Funkia subcordata grandiflora (White Day Lily).
Gaillardia grandiflora (Blanket Flower).
Golden Glow. See Rudbeckia.
Gypsophila paniculata (Baby's Breath).
*Gypsophila paniculata fl. pl. Double.
Helenium autumnale superbum.
Helenium pumilum magnificum.
Helianthus giganteus (Ifardy Sunflower).
Helianthus, Meteor.
Helianthus, Soleil d'Or.
Heliopsis Pitcheriana (Orange Sunflower).
Heliopsis, Miss Mellish.
Hemerocallis flava (Lemon Day Lily).
Hemerocallis Middendorfii.
Hemerocallis Thunbergii.


Such a planting as this is within the means of any home-owner. The garden of Mrs. Dr. C. E. Smith

## HARDY PERENNIALS, continued

*Hollyhocks, Double. In colors.
*Hollyhocks, Single, Allegheny.
Iris. See list of varieties.
Linum perenne (Flax). Lily-of-the-Valley.
Lupinus polyphyllus (Lupine).
Lychnis Chalcedonica (London Pride).
Lychnis Haageana.
Mentha spicata (Spearmint).
Monarda didyma (Oswego Tea).
Monarda, Cambridge Scarlet.
Myosotis palustris semperflorens (Forget-menot).
Peonies. See special list.
Papaver orientale (Oriental Poppy).
Phlox. See special list.
Physostegia Virginica (False Dragonhead) Physostegia alba.

## Physostegia rubra.

Platycodon album (Japanese Bellflower). Platycodon grandiflorum.
Platycodon Mariesi.
Pyrethrum roseum (Feverfew).
Pyrethrum uliginosum (Great Ox-eye Daisy).
Ranunculus repens (Buttercup).
Rudbeckia laciniata (Golden Glow).
*Rudbeckia maxima.
Rudbeckia Newmanii.
Sedum spectabile (Brilliant Stonecrop).
Sedum acre (Golden Mass).
Stokesia cyanea (Cornflower Aster).
Statice latifolia (Sea Lavender).
Veronica spicata (Speedwell).
Veronica Virginica.
Viola (Violets).
*Yucca filamentosa.


The Peony rivals the rose in color, and continues in bloom for a month or more


The great trusses of the Phlox bend and sway in summer's breezes

## Peonies

See "Creating Your Landscape" for descriptions, and how to plant.

## White

Roots, each Clumps, each

| Alba sulphurea. | . ${ }^{0} 50$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Couronne d'Or. | 75 |
| Duchesse de Nemours. | 75 |
| Festiva. | 50 |
| Festiva maxima. | 75 |
| Golden Harvest | 75 |
| Jeanne d'Arc | 50 |
| La Tulipe. | 75 |
| Madame Calot. | 75 |
| Madame Crousse. | 75 |
| Madame de Verneville. | I 00 |
| Marie Lemoine. | 75 |
| M. Dupont | 75 |
| Queen Victoria | 50 | oo to $\$ 2$ oo

Couronne d'Or............ 75 I 50 to 250

Festiva maxima. . . . . . . . . . 75
Golden Harvest. ......... . 75
Jeanne d'Arc............. . . 50
Madame Calot. . . . . . . . . . . 75
Madame Crousse........ 75
Madame de Verneville... I oo
M. Dupont. ............... . . . 75

Queen Victoria........... . . 50

## Pink

| 5 | 50 |  |  | 2 | oo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albert Crousse. . . . . . . . . 2 oo | oo | 3 | 50 to | 5 | 00 |
| Baroness Schrœeder...... 3 oo |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delicatissima............ . 7 | 75 |  | 50 to | 2 | 50 |
| Edulis superba..... . . . . . 5 | 50 | 1 | 50 to |  | 50 |
| Faust... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5 | 50 | 1 | 50 to | 2 | oo |
| Fragrans................ . . 5 | 50 |  | 50 to | 2 | оо |
| Lady Leonora Bramwell. $5^{\circ}$ | 50 | 1 | 50 to |  | 50 |
| Livingstone. . . . . . . . . . . I oo | oo |  | 50 to |  | 50 |
| Madame Boulanger...... 7 | 75 | 2 | oo to | 3 | oo |
| Madame Camille Bancel. I oo |  |  | 50 to |  | оо |
| Pottsii alba....... . . . . . . I oo | oo | $2$ | 50 to |  |  |
| ulcherr |  |  |  |  |  |

## Red

| Au | 75 | 2 | oo to |  | oo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Delachei. | 50 | 1 | 50 to | 2 | 50 |
| Edouard And | 75 | 2 | oo to | 3 | oo |
| Felix Crousse | 75 | 2 | oo to | 3 | оо |
| Lee's Grandiflora rubra. | 50 |  | 50 to |  |  |
| Louis Van Hou | 50 |  |  |  |  |
| Madame Bucquet | 50 |  |  |  | 50 |
| Madame Mechin. | 75 |  |  |  | - |
| Officinalis rubra |  |  |  |  |  |

## RED PEONIES, continued

Roots, each Clumps, each

## Richardson's Rubra su-

perba................ \$o 75 \$2 oo to \$3 oo Rubra triumphans...... 75 I 50 to 200 Tenuifolia................. 50 I 50 to 200

Japan Tree Peonies...... I 50
Unnamed Peonies. . 25 cts ., 35 cts . and 50 cts . each.

## Hardy Phlox

The finest and most useful of herbaceous plants. See "Creating Your Landscape" for better descriptions, and how to plant.
Baron Van Dedem. Scarlet-blood- Each Doz.



The garden Iris rivals the orchid in dainty coloring and markings

## HARDY PHLOX, continued

| General von Heutz. Salmon-red, Each white center. $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Doz. } \\ & \$ \mathrm{I} 50 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| Goliath. Brilliant carmine-red center. | 25 | 250 |
| Strong | 50 | 500 |
| Hermine. Pure white | 15 | 150 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| F. G. von Lassburg. Purest white. | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| Henri Murger. Pure wh | I 5 | I 50 |
| Strong | 25 | 250 |
| Jeanne d'Arc. Pure white; late | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| La Vague. Silvery rose | I 5 | 150 |
| Strong | 25 | 250 |
| Miss Lingard. White; dwarf; earliest. | 20 | 200 |
| Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 25 | 250 |
| Mme. Paul Dutrie. Lilac-rose. | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong | 25 | 250 |
| Mrs. Arthur Baker. Fine salmon | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong | 25 | 250 |
| Mrs. Jenkins. Whit | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| Madame Bezanson. Deep crimson. | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| Pantheon. Salmon-rose | 15 | 150 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| R. P. Struthers. Carmine, claret eye. | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong.......... | 25 | 250 |
| Selma. Pink, cherry-red eye. . . . . . . | 25 | 250 |
| Strong. | 50 | 5 00 |
| Tapis Blanc. Pure white; dwarf. | 15 | I 50 |
| Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 25 | 250 |
| Richard Wallace. Cherry-red, violet |  |  |
| center | I 5 | I 50 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| Von Hochberg. Crimson. | I 5 | 150 |
| Strong. | 25 | 250 |
| Wolfgang von Goethe. Clear pink, white eye | I 5 | I 50 |
| Strong.... | 25 | 250 |

[^0]
## German Iris

See "Creating Your Landscape" for instruction how to plant, and descriptions of varieties in full.
Aurea. Pure chrome-yellow. . . . . . . . . Fach I5 \$I 50 Strong............................... $25 \quad 250$
Bridesmaid. White, shaded silvery

$$
\text { lilac. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 15 \text { I } 50
$$

Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $25 \quad 250$
Darius. Lemon-yellow, falls lilac, margined white................. 15 I 50
Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $25 \quad 25$

Edith. Plumbago-blue, falls purple... I5 I 50 Strong
Fairy. Ivory, changing to pure white. Strong.
$25 \quad 25$
Ftrong.... ................................. $50 \quad 500$
Florentina. White and lavender.... I5 I5 in 50
Strong
25
Her Majesty. Lilac-pink and reddish lilac.

3535
Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50 . 50
Julius Casar. Amber and deep purple. 15 I 50
Strong. . . ............................ $25 \quad 250$
$\begin{array}{ccccc}\text { Madame Chereau. White, frilled } \\ \text { with violet. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } & 25 & 50\end{array}$
Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35 35
Pallida Dalmatica. Lavender and blue.

35

50
Penelope. White, speckled violet....
Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
Sappho. Violet-blue and velvety $25 \quad 250$
purple......................... . . 3535
Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . ....... $50 \quad 5$ oo
Speciosa. Lavender-purple and red-
dish purple........................
25 $2^{50}$
$\begin{array}{clll}\text { dish purple. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } & 25 & 25 & 5^{\circ} \\ \text { Strong. . . . }\end{array}$
Unnamed, Assorted. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . I 5 I $5^{\circ}$


## Other Iris

Japanese (Iris Kaempferi)........... $35 \quad 35^{\circ}$
Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
Siberian. Rich blue .............. 15 I $5^{\circ}$
Strong. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25
Snow Queen (Iris Sibirica). White.. 25 Strong . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35 $355^{\circ}$


## Velvet-Sod Lawn Seed

One of the most essential parts of the country place and suburban home is a properly made and wellkept lawn. We have made careful study of the grasses required for best results, and the formulas of our various grass mixtures are based upon these experiments.

The days of laboriously making lawns from sod are rapidly passing away. Good lawns are now made from good grass seed-the essentials are a careful blending of varieties adapted to producing a thick turf with velvety appearance. Each variety in this composition has a special purpose; some make strong, fibrous roots, that take hold on the earth and hold it in position; others, of a creeping nature, quickly fill up the vacant spots; yet other sorts are used for their color value, besides kinds that are able to withstand heavy or excessive rains. Our Velvet-Sod Mixture is composed of the best, strictly pure seeds of hardy lawn gras es from America and Europe. It quickly produces a permanent lawn of rich green and luxuriant growth. If you need grass seed for only a small city yard, or a large lawn of acres, use this mixture.

QUANTITY OF SEED TO SOW.-One pound of our lawn grass seed will sow $10 \times 20$ feet, or 200 square feet. This is heavier than recommended by many seedsmen, but practical experience in making lawns in our landscape department has taught us to use sufficient seed, and the best that can be obtained

Note. Write for our booklet "The Essential Principles of Lawn Making."

## VELVET-SOD MIXTURE

Our Velvet-Sod Mixture will make a close, thick turf in a very few weeks, which maintains its beautiful, rich green the entire season. We know our mixture to be among the best on the market, and we ask our patrons to carefully consider this before placing their order. The weight of this mixture shows its extra-high quality, and it is entirely free from chaff. Our experience as landscape gardeners has taught us the best Lawn Grass Mixture for parks, cemeteries and private grounds. Lb. 30 cts ., 5 lbs . $\$ \mathrm{I} .5 \mathrm{O}$, io lbs. $\$ 2.75$, bus. (20 lbs.) $\$ 5$.

## CAPITAL CITY MIXTURE

This mixture is admirably adapted to all uses, but the quality of the seed is not so high as our VelvetSod Mixture; but, for ordinary sowing, will answer the same purpose. Lb. 25 cts., 5 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$, io lbs. $\$ 2.25$, bus. (2o lbs.) $\$ 4$.

## SHADY-SIDE MIXTURE

This will produce quickly an abundant and even growth of beautiful green grass. The grasses used in making this special mixture are only those that are well adapted to growing in the shade. Lb. 35 cts., 5 lbs. $\$ 1.75$, 10 lbs. $\$ 3.25$, bus. ( 20 lbs .) $\$ 6$.

## GOLF-LINK MIXTURE

This mixture is composed of grasses best suited for golf-links, and is the result of careful experi-
ments, as well as careful watching for several years of practical results on golf-links sown with our seed. Lb. 30c., 5 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$, Io lbs. $\$ 2.75$, bus. (2o lbs.) $\$ 5$.

## PUTTING-GREEN MIXTURE

The hardiest and finest low-growing grasses are contained in this mixture. It produces a beautiful and lasting green turf calculated to withstand hard tear and wear. Lb. 50 cts., $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2$, bus. (20 lbs.) $\$ 6$.

## TERRACE MIXTURE

A special mixture of grasses for sowing on terraces and hillsides, producing spreading roots, thus preventing heavy rains from washing out. Lb. 30 cts ., $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$, io lbs. $\$ 2.75$, bus. (20 lbs.) $\$ 5$.

## WHITE CLOVER

The best variety for lawns, as it forms a close herbage and remains green throughout the season. Sow in spring at the rate of six pounds to the acre when sown alone; half the quantity when sown with other grasses. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .35 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., 5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 3$.

## KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS

Especially suited to meadows and rich lands. It is the grass of the famous limestone soils of Kentucky, and is no less a favorite all through the northern states. A perfect lawn grass. Lb. 25 cts ., $5 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ \mathrm{I} .25$, io lbs. $\$ 2.25$, bus. (20 lbs.) $\$ 4$.

## OUR CUT-FLOWER DEPARTMENT

Flowers, the most beautiful gift of Nature, are appropriate for any and all occasions of a social nature, as well as for funerals, birthdays, gifts for the sick, and many other occasions. The proper arrangement of flowers is a study in itself, quite distinct from the growing of them. We have a large force of clerks who, by long experience in handling flowers and studying color combinations, are enabled properly to select and arrange flowers for any and all occasions.

We handle every variety of cut-flowers in their season that are known to the trade, and daily ship to all parts of the Northwest. Our shipping Department is well equipped, and we pack and ship flowers so that they will carry safely to any point when the time in transit does not exceed 36 hours.

## BRIDAL FLOWERS

Bouquets for Brides and Attendants are made up in a variety of ways, and of a great assortment of flowers. We issue a special catalog of these bouquets, which we will be pleased to mail on request.

## PARTY AND RECEPTION FLOWERS

Our large corps of experienced clerks study the wants of our patrons, and the latest styles in flowers and bouquets, and are prepared at all times to supply the most up-to-date creations in party bouquets.

## FUNERAL FLOWERS

We make a specialty of these, and employ expert help, who devote their entire time to the creating of new designs and arranging new effects in flowers for funeral occasions. We make any kind of Lodge Emblems or Designs on short notice.


## BOXES OF ASSORTED FLOWERS

For any and all occasions. These are made up of choice assorted flowers, put up in a neat attractive box as shown in picture, each box containing special values, at prices ranging from $\$ 2$ to $\$ 10$ each.

## FLOWERS DELIVERED ANYWHERE-ANY TIME

Through the Florists' Telegraph Association (a mutual arrangement with the leading florists of the country), we can deliver flowers in all cities of the country, and in any town where there is an express office, on short notice. This is at no additional expense to our customers, except the cost of telegram.

## PRICE-LISTS

We issue monthly price-lists of cut-flowers throughout the year, also a special price-list of cut-flowers and blooming plants for Christmas and Easter, a spring catalog of bedding and blooming plants, a catalog of wedding flowers, a catalog of funeral designs and bouquets, and special leaflets and price-lists of cut-flowers and their arrangements from time to time. Any of these price-lists may be had on application.

## IMPORTANT TO FLOWER BUYERS

There are no mail deliveries (except special-delivery letters) in St. Paul on Sundays or holidays. Mail orders sent to reach us on those days should have a special-delivery stamp attached to insure their being delivered. If there is any doubt about mail reaching us, your order had better be telegraphed or telephoned.

We do not recommend sending flowers by parcel post, and cannot be responsible for them when so shipped. When shipped by express, and the transit time does not exceed 36 hours, we guarantee safe arrival.


[^0]:    Our book, "Creating Your Landscape" contains complete descriptions of all the best kinds of Trees, Shrubs, Perennials, etc., and useful hints as to how to use them in the Northeast.

