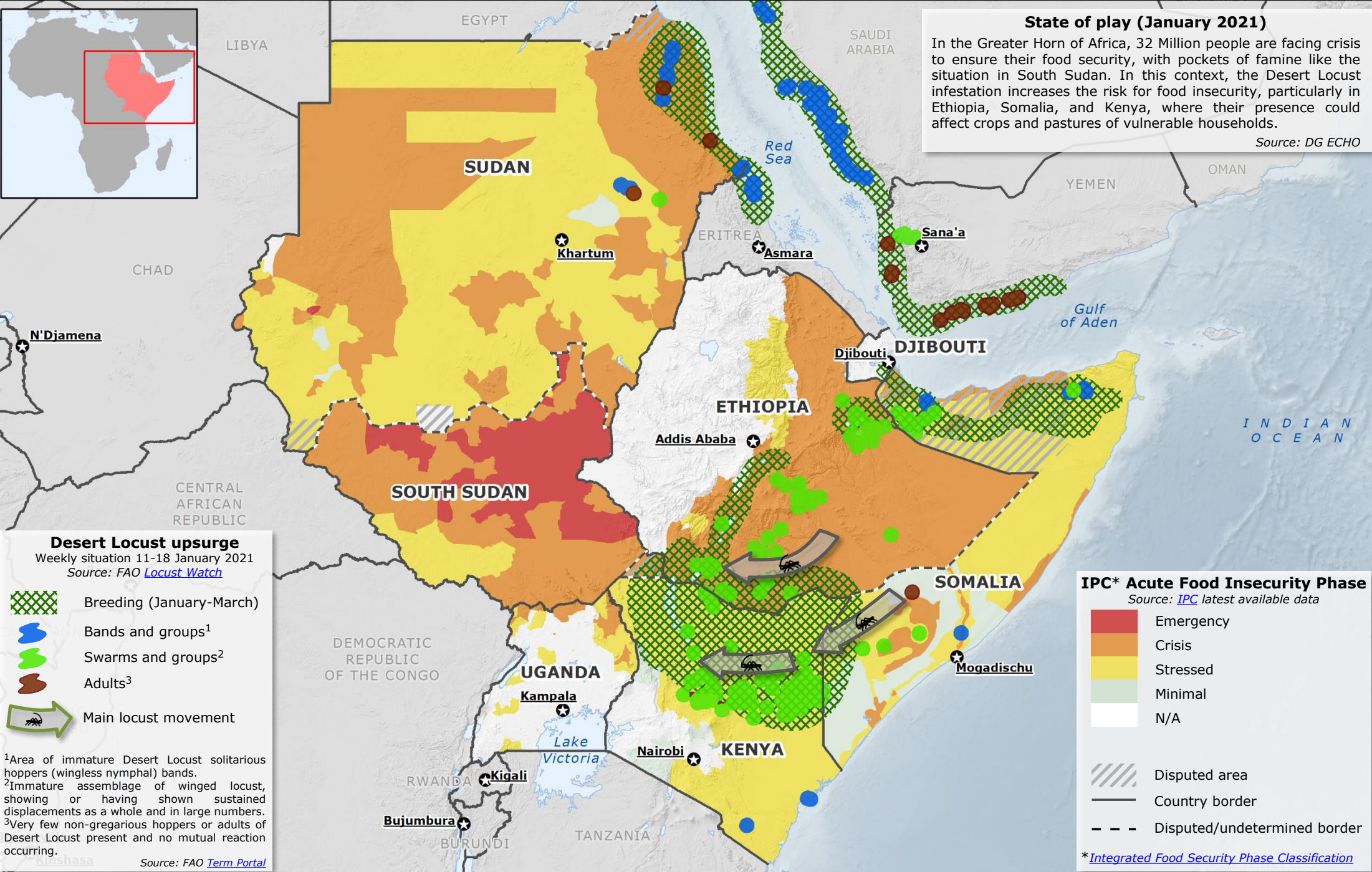
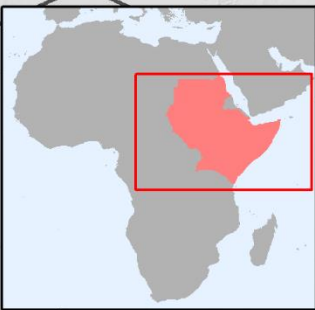


Greater Horn of Africa | Food insecurity and Desert Locust infestation

State of play (January 2021)

In the Greater Horn of Africa, 32 Million people are facing crisis to ensure their food security, with pockets of famine like the situation in South Sudan. In this context, the Desert Locust infestation increases the risk for food insecurity, particularly in Ethiopia, Somalia, and Kenya, where their presence could affect crops and pastures of vulnerable households.

Source: DG ECHO



Desert Locust upsurge
Weekly situation 11-18 January 2021
Source: FAO [Locust Watch](#)

- Breeding (January-March)
- Bands and groups¹
- Swarms and groups²
- Adults³
- Main locust movement

¹Area of immature Desert Locust solitary hoppers (wingless nymphal) bands.
²Immature assemblage of winged locust, showing or having shown sustained displacements as a whole and in large numbers.
³Very few non-gregarious hoppers or adults of Desert Locust present and no mutual reaction occurring.

Source: FAO [Term Portal](#)

IPC* Acute Food Insecurity Phase
Source: [IPC](#) latest available data

- Emergency
- Crisis
- Stressed
- Minimal
- N/A

- Disputed area
- Country border
- Disputed/undetermined border

**Integrated Food Security Phase Classification*