Nº AA 38527 Form 15 H 25-2609-34-BA STATE OF NEW YORK Department of Health of The City of New York BUREAU OF RECORDS 1 PLACE OF DEATH STANDARD CERTIFICATE OF DEATH Register No ... or DIVORCED 16I hereby certify that the foregoing partic-5A WIFE HUSBAND OF ulars (Nos. 1 to 15 inclusive) are correct as near 6 DATE OF BIRTH OF DECEDENT.... as the same can be ascertained, and I further certify (Day) (Month) that deceased was admitted to this institution, on If LESS than 7 AGE February 15 1935, that I last 1 day,....hrs. saw her alive of the 17 day of Ju 1935, that A he died on the 18 8 OCCUPATION noue BE July 1935 about 10:50 o'clock A. (a) Trade, profession or particular kind of work. M. or P. M., and that I am unable to state definitely (b) General nature of industry, business or establishment in which employed (or employer) the cause of death; the diagnosis during her last illness was: (c) No. of years so occupied. CERTIFICATE BIRTHPLACE RESERVED W. S. (State or country) duration 2 yrs. 5 mos How long in U. S. (if of for-eign birth) (B) How long resident in City of New York Contributory. (Secondary) 10 NAME OF 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (State or country) 12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER OF DECEDENT 17 I hereby certify that I have this \_\_\_\_\_day of .....19....., performed an autopsy 13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER upon the body of said deceased, and that the cause of (State or country) h.....death was as follows: 14 Special INFORMATION required in deaths in hospitals and institutions and in deaths of non-residents and recent residents. INFORMANT: Where was disease contracted, if not at place of death? Signature... Pathologist. FILED BURIAL

## TO PHYSICIANS

1. The attending physician must furnish a certificate to the Department of Health within 36 hours after death, and where death has resulted from infectious or contagious disease a certificate must be furnished by him forthwith (Sanitary Code, Sections 33 and 90).

2. All physicians practicing in The City of New York (including those in public institutions)

must be registered in the Bureau of Records (Sanitary Code, Section 218).

3. If a person dies from criminal violence or by a casualty or by suicide, or suddenly while in apparent health, or when unattended by a physician or in prison, or in any suspicious or unusual manner, it shall be the duty of any citizen who may become aware of the death of any such person to report such death forthwith to the office of the Chief Medical Examiner, and to a police officer who shall forthwith notify the officer in charge of the station house in the police precinct in which such person died. Any person who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to report such death or who without written order from a medical examiner shall wilfully touch, remove or disturb the body of any such person, or wilfully touch, remove, or disturb the clothing, or any article upon or near such body, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. (Inserted by Laws 1915, Chapter 284, Section 2. In effect January 1, 1918.)

4. Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following

diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death:

Phlebitis. Hemorrhage. Meningitis, Abortion. Metritis. Pyaemia, Cellulitis, Gangrene, Miscarriage. Septicaemia, Childbirth, Gastritis. Peritonitis. Tetanus. Ervsipelas. Convulsions,

(Any one of these may be the result of an injury, and thus be a subject for investigation by a Medical Examiner. If it is not, the certificate should make that fact plain.)

5. No certificate giving "Heart failure," "Dropsy," or other mere symptom as the sole cause of death will be accepted, unless accompanied by a satisfactory written explanation.

6. Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton Mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile Factory.

TO UNDERTAKERS

1. No burial permit can be obtained without a proper certificate.

2. Certificates must be written throughout in black ink.

3. No certificate will be accepted which is mutilated, illegible, inaccurate, or any portion of which has been erased, interlined, corrected or altered, as all such changes impair its value as a public record.

I hereby certify that I have been employed, without any solicitation on my part or that of

any other person, as undertaker herein by	Jahn N. L	Smith	
of 110 Morningsile &	Brief the	Consen	
and the nearest surviving relative or next of	kin of the deceased. The	statement is made to obta	in Allaha
a permit for the burial or cremation of the	remains of the decased.	VAH. 617	000 /11
	(Signature)	une Hit	Won
	Business Address	40-W-5	5
		1911.	1

If another undertaker in your employ is to take personal charge of the work in the care, preparation or other disposition of such dead human body, give his name and State License number.

State License No.

Permit Number (Undertaker's) 0 9