# REMARKS

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ON

A short NARRATIVE of an Extraordinary Delivery of Rabbets, perform'd by Mr. JOHN HOWARD, Surgeon at Guilford,

As publish'd

By Mr. St. AND RE, Anatomist to His Majesty.

WITH

RECANTATION.

THOMAS BRATHWAITE, Surgeon.

Si populus vult decipi decipiatur.

#### LONDON:

Printed for N. BLANDFORD at the London-Gazette, Charing-Cross. 1726.

(Price Six-pence.)



" Broshall



To the Learned and Profound

### Dr. MEAGRE.

SIR,



Reflect with Pleafure on your unwearied Endeavours to detect the Imposture of the Woman of

Godliman, and cannot enough admire the Rhetorick you wasted, and the Time and Courtship you lost upon the profligate Mary Tost: Neither ought your Condescension to be forgot, if it be true, that you try'd to kiss, tickle and cajole her out of the Consession.

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### DEDICATION.

fion she afterwards made. These and other weighty Confiderations toon determined me to choose a Man of your known Penetration and Sagacity for my Patron. Neither did I regard the Persuasions of some of my Friends, who advis'd me to dedicate to the Sooterkin Doctor, or to the Sage Grefshamite. And here I can't help congratulating with you on the Discovery of this wonderful Cheat, and on the Success of your no less wonderful Pill; and though some Pec ple that are not thoroughly convinc'd of the Importance of your medicinal Merit, may, upon this critical Occasion, call the Energy and Efficacy of your Pill in Question; yet for my Part I rejoyce with you, to think what a fair Opportunity you now have, of convincing the World of the specifick Harmlessnels of the Pillule, and of expatiating upon the stupendious Effects it boasts of:

### DEDICATION.

of: Nor shall my Endeavours be wanting, if requir'd, to do any Pills or Packets of yours the Justice they deserve. And notwithstanding it may seem to some prejudiced Persons to savour of Quackery in a Licentiate of the College, to make a Nostrum of a common mercurial Pill; yet it may not be impossible to find out some Examples at least in our Profession, to keep your Modesty in Countenance upon that Head: I am forry to saý that I have my felf met with an Elder in Surgery, every whit as eminent in the venereal Practice as your felf, though less learn'd, contending for the Merit of his furprizing Knack of making Wax-Candles; and I'm sure you cannot value your self more upon being a Pedagogue and a Pillmaker, than he does upon his being a manual Operator and Candle-dipper.

Neither do I think it any more inconsistent for a Doctor to have been

### DEDICATION.

an Usher of a School, than for a Dancing-Master to be an Anatomist, or a Surgeon to turn Wax-Chandler. I know you'll excuse this Digression, when you consider 'tis meant in Behalf of your Pill, and in Reverence to your singular Parts and peculiar Endowments; and therefore I shall not any longer chocque you with the Praise either of your Pill or your Person, but with suitable Humility, I beg leave to subscribe my self

Your Constant Admirer,

T. B.



## PREFACE:

T's well known that the Town has lately been amused with idle Relations by the Gullivers, St. Andres and

Howards of the Age; and it is as certain that these Amusements have been carried on in their respective Capacities, of Surgeons, Captains, Dancing-Masters, Anatomists, Men-mid-wives, Warreners, Coney-Catchers, &c. and they don't stick to tell us that there are Men of the Size of one's little Finger, and others Sixty Foot high, and that there are Flying Islands and Rational Horses; that Human Excrements may be reduced to their primitive

### PREFACE.

mitive Incredients, or at least may be changed into PORRACEOUS Matter, and that Mary Tost of Godliman has been delivered of Seventeen Rabbets; and that notwithstanding the Fraud is detected, an Account of the Delivery of the Eighteenth will be soon publish'd. When I reflect upon this strange Gallimatias, I am chagrin'd to think that the valuable Arts of Surgery and Anatomy must necessarily be brought into Contempt by such monstrous Relations. I his Consideration has induced me to lay open some of the gross Impositions, as far as they relate to the Profession; and as some of these Accounts are not only false, but even bordering on Farce, I am inclined to treat them in the Manner I think they deserve.



### REMARKS, &c.

Hatever may be the Fate of the Author of the Narrative, I think my felf oblig'd, for the Sake of the Truth, not only to detect the Facts he has so gravely afferted, but also to help him in his intended Recantation in the best Manner I am able; and that nothing may be wanting on my Side, I shall endeavour to point out to him some of the absurd Passages of the Narrative, in the same Order and Light as they have occurr'd to me; and that his Recantation may be the more sincere and compleat, and for Fear he shou'd be too partial to himself, (as Authors generally are) I have carefully avoided Flattery; and on the other Hand, have endeavoured to give him my Remarks, in fuch a Manner as may be most useful to him in his Design of discrediting Mary Toft's Confession. B

fession, and of making his own Skill and Innocence the more plainly appear. And here I can't help taking Notice, that our Author, seeming to foresee the Occasion there might be for a Recantation, and being conscious to himself of the manifest Absurdity of his Relation. at the very Time he wrote it, assures us in the very first Page, " That Mr. " Howard, his Colleague, intended " shortly to publish the whole Account, " and prove every Circumstance of " it, by fuch Evidences as will put " this Matter out of all Possibility of "doubt." Happy had it been for St. Andre and his Coadjutor Howard, if they had not heard of the Depositions from Surry, and those of the Porter at the Bagnio and of their Patient Mary Toft. "But furely it cannot be doubted, but that all Persons that are not 66 governed by Prejudice, in Favour of the Author of the Narrative, or some worse Motive, will suspend their Belief of any Thing this Author has already afforted, or is like to affert on 66 this or any other Subject, 'till Facts come to their Knowledge by a more certain Way than by fuch flying Reports and abfurd Conjectures."

I chose to make use of his own Words to prevent Mistakes; and can't help taking Notice, with what Warmth he fets out with the Panegyric of his Brother Howard, and tells us of his known Probity, Character and Capacity; and adds farther, that he has practis'd Midwifery for above Thirty Years. Now, furely, if Brother Howard has any Gratitude left, he will not be behind-hand with the Narrative Writer in Complement, but must at least fay as much of his Brother-Warrener's known Probity, Character, and Capacity, &c. especially at this Time, when perhaps all that he can fay to that Purpose, will be little enough. But to return. The Author of the

Narrative goes on to confirm his Accounts by two Letters from his Brother Howard, the first dated the 6th of November; the Substance of which is, "That he had delivered the Woman of three more Rabbits, that the last of them had leap'd in her Belly for the "Space of eighteen Hours before it died, and that the Moment it was taken away, another was perceiv'd to struggle for Birth." A lively Instance of the Probity of Howard, and of

of the Readiness of his Associate to believe him! But we shall soon see how these worthy Operators, like their Rabbets, jump'd together both in their Opinions and Operations. But more of this after quoting the second Letter, which is as follows, viz.

#### SIR,

SINCE I wrote to you, I have taken or deliver'd the poor Wo-" man of three more Rabbets, all three half grown, one of them a dunn Rab-66 bet; the last leap'd twenty three Hours 66 in the Uterus before it dy'd. As soon 66 as the eleventh Rabbet was taken a-66 way, up leap'd the twelfth Rabbet, which is now leaping. If you have 66 any curious Person that is pleased to 66 come Post, may see another leap in 66 her Uterus, and shall take it from her 66 if he pleases; which will be a great 66 Satisfaction to the Curious. If she had 66 been with Child, she has but ten Days 86 more to go, fo I do not know how 66 many Rabbets may be behind. I have 66 brought the Woman to Guilford for better Convenience.

> I am, SIR, Your humble Servant, John Howard.

Upon the Credit of these two ingenious Letters, that appear to have neither Sense nor English in them, and that carry suspicious Marks almost in every Line, our celebrated Anatomist hyes down to his Brother Howard at Guilford; and to palliate the Matter, prevails on a worthy Gentleman to bear him Company; and there finds the Coney-breeder (as he fays) actually in Labour of the Fifteenth Rabbet; and after due Examination and patient Waiting for Labour-pains, he tells us "he DELIVE-RED her of the entire Trunk, stripp'd of its Skin, of a Rabbet of about Four Months Growth, in which the Heart and Lungs were contained, with the Diaphragm, entire" He tells us further, of his cutting off a Piece of them, and of his his trying of them in Water. A fine Opportunity of shewing his Probity if he had been so disposed! And then he goes on to fay, that the Lungs seem'd but just specifically lighter than Water, and that upon pressing them to the Bottom they rose again, but very flowly.

Now it is plain to the Experience of every Body conversant in these Enqui-

ties,

ries, that the Lungs of all Fætus Animals that have not breathed fink in Warer; and that if ever an Animal has breath'd, tho' never fo small an Instant, their Lungs as constantly swim, and are as light or lighter than Cork: Whereas our Anatomist is with much ado brought to own that these Lungs were lighter than Water, and that they rose from the Buttom but with Difficulty. A plain Proof that these Lungs belong'd not to a Fætus that died before the Birth, but to one that had breath'd; and of our Author's Aversion to own it; and fure if he had not a Design to gloss over this Matter, he would not have infinuated that thefe-Lungs differ'd from the Lungs of Rabbets that had liv'd and breath'd some time.

The next Thing he mentions, is the Largeness of the Heart, and that the Foramen Ovale was entirely open. This puts me in Mind of the Parts of the Rabbets that I took out of the Operator's Coney-Basket at the Bagmio, where I found a Hole forced thro' the Verge of the Foramen Ovale in two of the mangled Trunks that, to use his Phrase, he exhibited at the Bagmio, to confirm the

the Truth of the extraordinary Delivery, even at the very Time the Detection of the Fraud was depending: A fingular Instance both of his Probity

and Modesty!

He then goes on to shew his Skill in Comparative Anatomy; and asserts, that "these Lungs were remarkably smaller "and of a much darker Colour than "commonly the Lungs of such Rab-"bets which have breath'd for some "Time. In order to explain these Difficulties in his Recantation, I would advise him to own fairly that he is utterly ignorant of the Size of Rabbets Lungs, or that he knew very well that these were Parts of natural Rabbets that had lived and breath'd; but that he thought sit to colour the Cheat, and to represent them otherwise.

Next comes a material Affertion indeed, viz. "No Person but my self "touch'd her from the first Time that "I had examin'd her, to the Time of her being delivered by me;" and consequently, we must be apt to think that no Body could convey the Pieces of Rabbets into the Vagina without his Privity. This Passage I think it behoves our Author to clear up well in his

Recantation, otherwise the censorious World will be apt to have Recourse to the Depositions of Mary Toft, to set

this Matter in its true Light.

But he is somewhat beholden to his Friend Sir Richard Maningham, who tells us in the 10th Page of his Diary, that St. Andre in Discourse with him at Guilford, added, "That had he not delivered the Woman of Part of a Rapbet from the very Uterus "itself, the Circumstance of the Piece of Hog's-Bladder would have induced him to suspect the Fraud as well "Sir Richard himself. And again in 17th Page of the said Diary, Sir Richard tells us, "that St. Andre was "convinc'd that he he had taken a "Rabbet from the Uterus."

He then proceeds to a second Examination of the Woman, and says, "he found that in the Course of the Fallopian Tubes there were some Inequalities, but more sensibly on the right Side of her Belly." If our Author had been feeling the Cornua Uteri of a pregnant Doe-Rabbit, or of some other parturient Animal, he might possibly have felt the Inequalities he mentions; but sure he is the first Man that ever felt

felt Inequalities in the Fallopian Tubes of a Woman thro' the out side of her Belly. He then favours us with his Conjectures that the Rabbets were bred in these fame Fallopian Tubes; and his Zeal for the Credibility of this Imposture, carries him so far as to account for the Woman's Agitations and for the pretended Exclusion; and to shew us his Skill in Midwifery, he tells us, there was no Blood nor Water issued from the Vagina; a likely Sign of a Delivery! when every old Woman knows there never was a Delivery without both. He then talks of Milk in one Breaft, and yellowish Serum in the other; and without staying for the Remainder of the Rabbet, our Author leaves the Woman to be delivered of the lower Part of a Male-Rabbet by the Nurse; and in order to account thorowly for this absurd Labour, he fays, he found it to tally with the Trunk, which he had before extracted. Hethen tells us he found five or fix Pellets in the Rectum of this Animal, much of the same Colour and Consistence as the common Dung of a Rabbet; the like he fays was observed of those Rabbets which had come away before. 'Tis a little strange

strange that these Rabbets should have Pellets in their Dung if they had never fed: What Pity it is, our Narrative-Writer should have so little Skill in Anatomy, or so bad a Memory. but on he goes, and tells us notwithstanding, that there was a dirty-colour'd Mucus, of the Nature of that constantly found in the Bowels of all Fætus Animals, besides the Pellets of Dung, in which Mr. Ablers afterwards found small Bits of Hay, Straw, and Corn; and then he would have us believe, that he found a very slender brittle white Body, which in Shape was like very small Fish Bones: which I would earnestly advise our Author to pick very clean in his Recanta-tion, that the Town may digest his Narrative the better. The next Paragraph is too remarkable not to quote entire.

"Between fix and seven the same E"vening we again visited her; we had
not been there long, before she fell
into violent Labour-Pains, insomuch
that sour or five Persons cou'd hardly
consine her to an Arm-Chair: As soon
as the Violence of the first Pain was
fomewhat abated, I examined her as
before, and sound the Vagina persectly
clear;

" clear; and the Orifice of the Uterus

" fo far closed, as not to admit of the

" little Finger. I constantly stood be-

" fore her, nor did any Person whatso-

" ever touch her, during that Time.

" After three or four very strong Pains,

" that lasted several Minutes, I deli-

" vered her of the Skin of the above-

" said Rabber, rolled and squeezed up

" like a Ball, without the least Mois-

" ture or Blood about it; upon which

" she recover'd of her Pain.

" From that Time I did not stir from

" before her; nor did I withdraw my

" Hand, but to deliver the Skin to a

" Stander-by.

How our Author will reconcile his not stirring from her, nor withdrawing his Hand, but to deliver the Skin to a Stander-by, withthe Innocence he professes in the Advertisement of his intended Recantation, which I have subjoyn'd, is as difficult for me to imagine, as not to believe what Mary Toft has declared on that Head.

And now, to crown the Work, he again delivers her of the Head of a Rabbet with the Furr on; also without Blood or Moisture; nay, we don't so much as hear of Butter or Pomatum to

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facilitate the Labour, and make the

Trick more glib.

Now to recapitulate. We find St. Andre delivers her first of the Trunk, then the Nurse delivers her of the lower Part of a Male Rabbet; he in his Turn takes out the Skin, rolled and squeezed up like a Ball, (a pretty Conveyance) and last of all comes the Head with the Furr on; wherein I afterwards observ'd at the Bagnio, that the Cartilages that cover the Processes of the Occiput, were notch'd with some sharp Instrument; and indeed to do the Operator Justice, (whoever he was) the Head seemed to be dexterously separated; and I very much question, whether Mary Toft, even with Howard's Assistance, could have done it so well.

And here I can't help declaring my Astonishment, to think that our Anatomist could possibly overlook the many Incisions and Lacerations, both of the Abdominal and other Muscles of the mangled Fragments that were pretended to be deliver'd from the Uterus of Mary Toft, which I observed at the Bagnio; and besides took Notice, that the Feet of almost all the Rabbets were cut off to prevent scratching: So careful were some of the Coney-catch-

ers of hurting the poor innocent Rabbetbreeder.

Then to shew us that he was aware of more Rabbets, he tells us, " That at " Parting he found those Lumps, which " still were in the same Place as before " mentioned; " Another Difficulty to reconcile with his Innocence! And now he comes to his sham Monster, which he fays, did not appear to be a perfect Rabbet in all its Parts, three of the Feet being like the Paws of a Cat, the Stomach and Intestines like those Parts in the fame Animal, as also the Shape and Figure of the Thorax, the Lungs and Heart of which, he fays, were entirely out of their natural Situa-66 tion, and squeezed out between the upper Ribs and Vertebræ of the Neck, to which Part our Anatomist fays they strongly grew and adhered." I luckily had an Opportunity of detecting this particular Fraud my self; for whilst our Operator was shewing his Monster last Thursday Sen'night in the Dining-room of the Bagnio, in the Presence of Dr. Stewart and Mr. Geekie, jun. the Surgeon, and Mr. Barnivelt the Apothecary, and several other Gentlemen, I convinc'd those

those Gentlemen, and I believe the Monster-monger himself, that there was no Adhesion of the Heart and Lungs to the Vertebræ of the Neck and upper Ribs, as he afferted; but rather, that fome ingenious Person, a Well-wisher to the Cheat, had reversed the Heart and Lungs, and Squeez'd them out of their natural Cavity, in order to make a precended Monster; and in the Presence of these Gentlemen I return'd the Parts to their natural Situation before our Author's Face, tho' he was pleafed to fay I could not. But Mr. St. Andre, more loth to own the Truth than feem to agree with his boasted Innocence, would still cavil, and pretended that the Blood-Vessels were not rightly difposed, 'till I shewed the contrary both to himself and to the other Gentlemen, just after he had opened the Thorax, by cutting thro' the Sternum: And upon asking for the Head of this Monster, he shewed me the Skull of a Rabbet; which, he faid, his Brother Howard assured him belonged to the Trunk of the Cat I had before examined. A proper Evidence for that Purpose! In order to make this Imposture appear the more plausible, I suppose some of the ingeni-

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ous Persons that were at the Bottom of the Cheat, had cut a Cat to Pieces in like Manner with the Rabbets, and withal to make the Delivery appear the more

extraordinary.

After a tedious Detail of our Author's Dissections of the Rabbets, he tells us, "that tho' these Animals were exactly like those that undergo the " Changes that happen to Adult Ani-66 mals by Food and Air, yet they car-66 ried with them the strongest Marks 66 of Fætus's, even by such Parts as 66 cannot exist in an Adult, and with-66 out which a Fætus cannot possibly be supposed to live"; and yet he has before afferted in Page the 17th and 18th of his Narrative, "That he could 66 not discover in any of the Livers he 46 examined, the Ductus Venosus, nor the Implantation of the Umbelical Vein'; without which Ducts it's impossible for a Fætus to exist a Moment, and indeed it is equally impossible for a Fætus to be form'd without them. If our Author can make these Things tally with Skill in Anatomy and Innocence, for my Part I shall be willing to believe the Narrative without the help of a Recantation to explain it. But to go on with the Show, he farther endeavours to prove, in the strongest Terms possible, that these Animals were of a particular Kind, and not bred in a natural Way; and I wish, for the Credit of these two clever Operators, that they don't prove to be of as particular a Kind themselves when Mary Tost's Confession appears.

There's another Passage I cannot pass by; where he says, "That there will "be no Doubt remaining of what he

" has been before afferting, even with

" the least knowing in these Matters,

when those Parts which are subser-

" vient to the Circulation of the Blood

" and Nourishment, between an Adult

"Creature and its Fætus, are brought

" away; which I am fully fatisfy'd, " fays he, must shortly happen, or if re-

" tained, be the Cause of this Woman's "Death." An ugly Conjecture! If the Fraud had not been detected, who knows but the Persons that are said to have poison'd the Anatomist, might

have bestow'd a Cast of their Office on poor innocent Mary Toft?

He then proceeds to inform us, that all these Facts were verify'd before his Majesty on Saturday the 26th of No-vem-

vember, by the Anatomical Demonstration of the First, Third, Fifth and Ninth of these Animals; which he says were compared with the Parts of two natural Rabbets, the one of the Age of sour Months, and the other of sive Days, Dr. Steigerthal and Dr. Tesser being present. How true this Verisication was, those gentlemen are best able to tell us, and I hope they'll take a proper Time to do it, to the Edistication of his Majesty's Anatomist, and to the Honour of his Recantation. But here it may not be improper to consult Mr. Ablers Postscript, viz.

"Monsieur St. Andrè having asserted in his Narrative (pag. 20.)" that all the Facts, as by him there related, were verissed before his Majesty on Saturday, Nov. 26. Dr. Steiger-"thal and Dr. Teisser being present, I was desired by Dr. Steigerthal, to inform the Publick in his Name, that he all along suspected this whole Assert to be a Fraud and Imposture; and was far from thinking the comparative Anatomy, which is there mention'd by Mr. St. Andrè, any ways sa-

tisfactory to verifie his Assertions.

CYRIACUS AHLERS.

Decemb. 8. 1726.

After this, our Author tells us, "that "with all convenient Speed he will " publish the Anatomy of these præter-" natural Rabbets, with their Figures "taken from the Life, and compared " with the Parts of Rabbets of the same "Growth, that the Differences before-"mentioned may be fully understood." But I hope I have in some Measure saved him the Trouble; and that the Publick will very readily excuse his delaying these Prints, till his Account of the Delivery of the 18th Rabbet is ready to come out. Our Author, still intent upon his Comparative Anatomy, and not considering how he has embarrassed his Recantation, goes on to acquaint us of the Difference he found between two common Rabbets, that he fays he difsected before Mr. Molyneux, and those he calls the præternatural ones.

In the Course of his Dissections he assures us, that he found the Lungs of a common Rabbet 20 times bigger than the same Parts of what he calls the præternatural one, tho' he agrees they were much of a Size, that is, about 4 Months

Growth.

Growth. Quære whether this Dissector ever saw a Fætus Rabbet four Months old? He tells us too, that his other common Rabbet was barely fifteen Days old; and yet he fays the Lungs of it were at least 8 times bigger than the Lungs of his præternatural one, (which was about the Size of one four Months old.) Sure our Author had his Microscopical Spectacles on when he magnissed his Objects at this prodigious Rate in his natural Rabbets; and must have been at a yast Distance from his præternatural Conies, when they diminish'd in a Vicessimal Proportion. But for my Part, who only view'd his præternatural Rabbets Lungs at the Bagnio with my naked Eye, I could discover nothing different in their Structure or Proportion from natural Rabbets. How far our Author's Optics may have been disordered, by Poison or too hard Study, he will do well to set forth in his promised Apology.

Our Author goes on with his Microscopical Observations; and in the Stomach and Intestines, pretends to observe, "that the Difference was so notoriously great from those he had examined, that even in the Sucking Rabbet, (he says) the Stomach and Coecum were at least three times larger than those Parts in the præternatural ones." Quære whether our Author makes a proper Allowance for the Pellets and Mucus he found in the Dung of his Fætus?

I much wonder, that with all this Penetration and Sharp-fightedness, he did not discover the Pieces of Hay, Straw, &c. that Mr. Ahlers and other Gentlemen discovered in the Fæces of his Animals; and it is as strange to me that our Author's Anatomy should all turn one way,

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and still in favour of an Event, that he said himself he has at length with much ado found

out to be an Imposture.

And that our Anatomist could take his Rabbets for Fætus's, when, as I hinted before, he does not so much as pretend to have discover'd in them either Umbelical Vein, or Arteries, or Urathus, or Ductus Venosus, all which are absolutely necessary to the very Being of a Fatus, is beyond my Conception; and how he came to take no notice of the longitudinal and oblique Incisions in the abdominal Muscles, and the Marks of Violence I observed in the torn Parts of the Viscera of the Abdomen, is equally amasing to me. But perhaps his next Book will account for these and other surprising Phænomena, that appear'd in his monstrous Fætus's.

We now come to our Author's second Journey to Guilford on the 22d of last Month, where, after a frivolous Account of Labourpains, &c. he rells us, that his Patient, Mary Toft, voided a piece of one of the Membranes of the Placenta, rolled up like Parchment; and that when it was extended, it measured about fix Inches over. In order to explain this Paffage, and farther to illustrate our Author's Probity and Innocence, I beg Leave to quote Sir Richard Maningham's Diary, Page the 11th and 12th.

" Mr. John Howard brought us, wrapt in a Paper, a Fiece of Membrane, which he " said he had just taken from the Woman, " and shew'd it us. I told him he ought to " have sent for me, that I might have taken " it away myself, being come down for that

" Purpose: To which he reply'd, 'twas true,

"but he believ'd there was more to come, "which I should take away before I return'd to London, or to that effect. Upon examin- ing the Membrane which he brought, it appear'd to me like a piece of Bladder, but he insisted it was a part of the Chorion, and that he had more of it at home." And indeed as Mr. Howard had foretold, Sir Richard, upon a second Visit to the Patient, sound a Piece of Membrane in a very particular Manner, which he mentions Page the 13th.

"I then touch'd her, and in the Vagina"
perceiv'd with my Forefinger and Thumb
fomewhat like a piece of Skin; but being

" willing to know whether it come out of the Uterus, I pressed my Finger on one side

"the said piece of Skin in the Vagina, to find if there was any part of that Skin or Mem-

" brane yet remaining within the Uterus, but " perceiving the Os Uteri close, as before, and

" in the same Form at I lest it last, I present-

" ly took out what lay in the Vagina, and up-

" on examining it, confess I was much sur-" priz'd, it appearing to me so like a Piece of

"Hog's Bladder, that I was not able to form

" any other Judgment of it, as I then told Mr. " Howard, Mr. St André, Mr. Limborch and

" all that were there present, assuring them

" that it was my Opinion that Membrane ne-

" ver came out of the Uterus.

"The Woman, Mary Toft, from whom I had taken it, seemed much concern'd at what I said, and cry'd. I ask'd her the Reason of her Crying, to which she gave me no Answer; but the Women about her said, it was because she supposed I thought her a

cc Cheat.

Upon this, Sir Richard, suspecting the Fraud, says, that he call'd for a Hog's Bladder, which it seems they had ready, and which added to his Jealousy; he tells us too, that he compared them, and that they were alike, and had both the same urinous Smell; he also informs us, that Mr. John Howard and Mr. St. Andre bid him have Patience, and he shou'd be satisfied; but it seems, Mr. St. Andre cou'd not then help owning, "That had he not actually delivered the Woman of Part of a Rabbit from the Uterus itself, this Circumstance would also have induced him to selieve the whole a Fraud."

But we see, that notwithstanding the Discovery of the foisting in of the Piece of Bladder into the Vagina, our Anatomist never pretends to suspect the Cheat any more either at Guilford or London, 'till other People found it out for him; but after this Affair of the Bladder, he publishes his Narrative, and varnishes over that Circumstance in the best Manner he is able, tho' Sir Richard told him at Guilford, "that he was convinced, " the Piece of Bladder was artfully conveyed " into the Vagina. Then Sir Richard farther tells " us, that warm Disputes arose amongst them, " and that Mr. St. Andre urged, that the De-" livery of the Bladder was not more fur-" prifing than his taking a Rabbet from the " Uterus; and our Narrative Writer after all the Disputes at Guilford, would have the Piece of Bladder pass for a Membrane of the Placenta, without taking the least Notice in his Narrative of Sir Richard Manningham's and Dr. Hamp's Suspicions; but goes on farther to tell us, " that she was a second Time dif" disburthened of a Membrane in Structure,

" Shape, and Size like the former.

The Probity and Veracity of this Affair may be a little more clear'd up by Dr. Hamp's Ad-

vertisement of the 13th Instant.

Whereas Mr. St. Andre in his Narrative lately published of an extraordinary Delivery of Rabbets, has made use of my Name: I do hereby declare that this has been done without my Knowledge and Confent; which I never should have given in a Matter, the Truth of which I did not believe.

London, Dec. 13, 1726. J. Hamp, M. D.

Our Author concludes his Narrative with his hearty Endeavours to afperse Mr. Ablers, who as well as Dr. Hamp and Sir Richard Manningham (to his Knowledge,) had suspected the Fraud even at Guilford; and for fear Mr. Ahlers should be believ'd, in blasting the Credit of the Imposture, or for some other Reason best known to himself, he publishes the Assidavits of the two Howards, of the Patient Mary Toft, and of 2 other Women: But as that Gentleman has fully answered them in his Presace and Book, and has gone a good Way towards explaining both Mr. Howard's and Mr. St. Andre's Conduct in this pretended Delivery, and in the producing the Assidavits abovemention'd, he has left me the less to say upon these extraordinary Proceedings.

I could have enlarged more upon the Anatomical Part of our Author's Book; but as I found he had taken Pains to milreprefent most of the Parts of his pretended præternatural Rabbets, I must have been under the Necessity of contradicting him almost in every Paragraph; therefore I only chose to single out the

most material Mistakes; not doubting but some others of the Profession will contribute their Assistance to expose our Author's Ignorance in Anatomy, or any other Motive that might have induced him to represent Facts in the

Manner he has done in the Narrative.

But after all, if the Author of the Narrative should be really sincere in his intended Recantation, (the coming out of which I own I have some Reason to doubt) I assure him solemnly, that I will assist him, as Leisure may permit, with my Advice gratis, that he may perfect the same to the Satisfaction of all Parties. And in the mean time, I shall have the Charity to believe, that he is capable of some sort of Resormation; and shall be very loth to think, like a prejudiced Person, that his Depositions Publish'd in the Gazette of Feb. 23. 1724. and in the Daily Post of the 4th of March sollowing, are of a Piece with his Extraordinary Narrative of the DELIVERY of the Rabbets.

### FINIS.

P. S. I believe it will not be amis for Mr. St. Andre to give his Reasons, in his next Book, for refusing to admit Mr. Gifford, my self, and several of the Profession, to the pretended Lahour of his Patient Mary Toft.

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of Mr. St. Andre's Narrative, viz.

The Account of the Delivery of the Eighteenth Rabbet shall be published by way of Appendix to this Account.