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SIXTH REPORT

OF THE

UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

1890 to 1932

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
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FOREWORD

This report contains, with the exception of a comparatively small number, all the decisions rendered by the board from its organization in 1890 through June, 1932, and supersedes all previous reports. Not included in this report are such decisions as have either been vacated, or, being revised, have been replaced by new decisions listed under the revised name or spelling.

Several thousand earlier decisions for features and places in the United States, Alaska, and the Philippine Islands have been amplified, brought up to date, and made to agree in form and content with the decisions rendered in recent years.

So great have been the changes since 1914 in the geographic nomenclature of the Eastern Hemisphere that the board deemed it advisable to vacate all the names as given in the fifth and earlier reports for places and features not within the United States and its outlying territories and possessions. In place of these a new list has been drawn up comprising some 2,500 of the more important names, which are in accord with the changes which have taken place since the World War. These new decisions, printed in 1932 in a separate pamphlet with the title, "First Report on Foreign Geographic Names," have been consolidated in this volume with domestic names in one alphabetical arrangement.

In the fifth report the Philippine and the Hawaiian names were each separately listed at the close of that volume. In the present report, however, they are interspersed alphabetically with other names.

The Board welcomes the views of map makers and of all others who are interested in geographic nomenclature as to how its decisions may be made of greater service.

UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

[Officers and members, June 30, 1932]

Chairman.—FRANK BOND.

Secretary.—JOHN J. CAMERON.

Executive Committee.—SAMUEL W. BOGGS, Chairman; FRANK BOND, JOHN J. CAMERON, J. N. B. HEWITT, and R. S. PATTON.

CLARENCE E. BATSCHELET, Geographer, Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.

SAMUEL W. BOGGS, Geographer, Department of State.

FRANK BOND, General Land Office, Department of the Interior.

Lieut. Col. HENRY T. BULL, Chief, Geographic Branch, General Staff, War Department.

EDWARD E. CARTER, Assistant Forester, Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.

Rear Admiral W. R. GHERARDI, Hydrographer, Hydrographic Office, Navy Department.

J. N. B. HEWITT, Bureau of American Ethnology, Smithsonian Institution.

EDWARD A. HUSE, Government Printing Office.

Lieut. Col. LAWRENCE MARTIN, Chief, Division of Maps, Library of Congress.

OLIVER M. MAXAM, Chief, Division of Operations, United States Coast Guard, Treasury Department.

Capt. R. S. PATTON, Director, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Department of Commerce.

GEORGE R. PUTNAM, Commissioner of Lighthouses, Department of Commerce.

Dr. HELEN M. STRONG, Geographer, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce.

NELSON A. TACY, Superintendent, Division of Postmasters, Post Office Department.

Maj. JOSEPH H. WHEAT, Secretary, Board of Surveys and Maps, United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior.

EXECUTIVE ORDERS

The United States Geographic Board (originally called the United States Board on Geographic Names) was created, and its functions have been prescribed, by the Executive orders which are quoted below.

1. EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 27–A OF SEPTEMBER 4, 1890.

As it is desirable that uniform usage in regard to geographic nomenclature and orthography obtain throughout the Executive Departments of the Government, and particularly upon the maps and charts issued by the various departments and bureaus, I hereby constitute a Board on Geographic Names and designate the following persons, who have heretofore cooperated for a similar purpose under the authority of the several departments, bureaus, and institutions with which they are connected, as members of said board:

Prof. Thomas C. Mendenhall, United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, chairman.

Andrew H. Allen, Department of State.

Capt. Henry L. Howison, Lighthouse Board, Treasury Department.

Capt. Thomas Turtle, Engineer Corps, War Department.

Lieut. Richardson Clover, Hydrographic Office, Navy Department.

Pierson H. Bristow, Post Office Department.

Otis T. Mason, Smithsonian Institution.

Herbert G. Ogden, United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Henry Gannett, United States Geological Survey.

Marcus Baker, United States Geological Survey.

To this board shall be referred all unsettled questions concerning geographic names which arise in the departments, and the decisions of the board are to be accepted by these departments as the standard authority in such matters.

Department officers are instructed to afford such assistance as may be proper to carry on the work of this board.

The members of this board shall serve without additional compensation, and its organization shall entail no expense on the Government.

BENJ. HARRISON.

2. EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 399 OF JANUARY 23, 1906.

It is hereby ordered that there be added to the duties of the United States Board on Geographic Names, created by Executive order, dated September 4, 1890, the duty of determining, changing, and fixing place names within the United States and insular possessions, and it is hereby directed that all names hereafter suggested for any place by any officer or employee of the Government shall be referred to said board for its consideration and approval before publication.

In these matters, as in all cases of disputed nomenclature, the decisions of the board are to be accepted by the departments of Government as the standard authority.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

3. EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 493 OF AUGUST 10, 1906.

The official title of the United States Board on Geographic Names is changed to United States Geographic Board.

In addition to its present duties, advisory powers are hereby granted to this board concerning the preparation of maps compiled, or to be compiled, in the various bureaus and offices of the Government, with a special view to the avoidance of unnecessary duplications of work; and for the unification and improvement of the scales of maps, of the symbols and conventions used upon them, and of the methods of representing relief. Hereafter, all such projects as are of importance shall be submitted to this board for advice before being undertaken.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

4. EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 3206 OF DECEMBER 30, 1919 (extract).

So much of the Executive order of August 10, 1906, as grants additional advisory powers to the United States Geographic Board is hereby rescinded and these additional powers are transferred to the Board of Surveys and Maps.

WOODROW WILSON.

5. EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 5658 OF JUNE 24, 1931 (extract).

For the purpose of securing greater uniformity in the form and style and for the better safeguarding of the texts of Executive orders and proclamations, Executive Order No. 5220 of November 8, 1929, entitled "Uniform Style and Safeguarding of Proclamations and Executive Orders," is hereby rescinded and superseded by the following regulations.

1. The draft Executive orders and proclamations shall be prepared as follows:

* * * * * * *

(*b*) The spelling of geographic names shall conform to the most recent decisions of the United States Geographic Board (see Executive Orders No. 27–A of September 4, 1890, and No. 399 of January 23, 1906).

HERBERT HOOVER.

6. EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 6247 OF AUGUST 10, 1933 (extract).

In order to avoid misunderstanding and confusion, to secure greater uniformity in the form and style, and for the better safeguarding of the texts of Executive orders and proclamations, Executive Order No. 5658, dated June 24, 1931, is hereby rescinded and superseded by the following regulations.

1. The draft Executive orders and proclamations shall be prepared as follows:

* * * * * * *

(*b*) The spelling of geographic names shall conform to the most recent decisions of the United States Geographic Board (see Executive Orders No. 27–A of September 4, 1890, and No. 399 of January 23, 1906).

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

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PART I

GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

I. CHARACTERISTICS OF GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

Geographic names, like roads and boundaries, are superimposed by man upon the surface of the earth. They constitute a revealing and important record of human migration and settlement, and afford insight into the history, the language, the economic and social structure, and the religious faith of a people.

Although geographic names may have little or no relation to natural physical features, they inevitably bear the impress of one or more languages. A single spot may be known, at different times, or by different people at the same time, by several geographic names which are wholly dissimilar in origin and form (e. g., Manhattan and Nieuw Amsterdam).

Geographic names generally reveal the nationality or mother tongue of their authors—unless they have been so modified as to obscure their origin, in which case they usually reveal the language of those who modify them. In Great Britain, for example, there are groups or patches of names of Roman, Celtic, Danish, Saxon, and Norman origin. In the United States there are thousands of Spanish names in the Southwest, numerous French names and French spellings of Indian names throughout the original colonies and the area of the Louisiana purchase, a trail of Dutch names in eastern New York and New Jersey, and many other linguistic groups both from the colonial period and of recent origin.

It is convenient to group and study geographic names as descriptive names, nondescriptive names, personal names, transplanted geographic names, names commemorating a date or an event, religious and social names, casual and whimsical names, metamorphosed names, and mixed types of names.

1. DESCRIPTIVE NAMES

All names which are conferred on account of some characteristic of the place or feature which is named may be regarded as descriptive even though the characteristic may be of minor importance. Names such as Blue Ridge, Colorado, Detroit, Green Bay, Iceland, Lac qui Parle, Painted Desert, Rocky Mountains, Sawtooth Range, Sierra Nevada, Tierra del Fuego, and Vermont are descriptive of some physical feature or characteristic. Sometimes shape is emphasized, as with Moosehead Lake (Maine). Sometimes the reference is to vegetation, as with Florida and the numerous Pine Mountains, Juniper Points, and Cottonwood Creeks. Many of the American names of

Indian origin are descriptive, as Connecticut, *the long river*. The meaning of the greater part of the American Indian place-names is lost, but many of the names are nevertheless descriptive in origin. Some descriptive names, such as Flathead and Nez Perce, describe the people living in the region, rather than some physical feature of the region. Similarly, Yugoslavia means South-Slavia, or land of the South Slavs.

2. NONDESCRIPTIVE NAMES

(*a*) *Personal names* are frequently given in honor of some great or prominent person, or of an early settler. There are approximately 450 towns, counties, townships, streams, and mountains in the United States named Washington. Other well-known personal names in the United States include Baltimore, Bessemer, Bismarck, Cleveland, Custer, Delaware, Houston, Hudson, Lincoln, and Scranton. Carolina and Georgia are derived from personal names.

(*b*) *Transplanted geographic names*, such as Boston, Cambridge, and Gloucester (Mass.), Albany, Troy, Utica, and Syracuse (N. Y.) and Rome (Ga. and N. Y.), Cumberland Mountains, and Jordan River (Utah), have no relation to local physical features, and their derivation in the country from which they are transplanted has little or no significance in relation to the region to which they are transplanted. Such names frequently bear a clear imprint of the history and characteristics of the early settlers.

(*c*) *Names commemorating an event* are sometimes given, particularly the date of discovery, e. g., Christmas Island (Pacific Ocean), Christmas Mountain and Creek (Alaska), Easter Island, Sunday Creek (Montana), Mount St. Elias (discovered on St. Elias day), Natal, Rio de Janeiro. Council Bluffs commemorates the councils of Lewis and Clark with the Indians at certain bluffs on the Missouri River.

(*d*) *Religious names* reflect the religious sentiment and fervor of discoverers or early settlers. Such names as Bethlehem, Bethany, and Bethel are found in many parts of the United States. Philadelphia may perhaps be regarded as belonging to this category. Many Catholic names are in honor of saints, e. g., St. Augustine, St. Louis, San Francisco, Santa Barbara. Others are nonpersonal but of religious significance, such as Los Angeles, Trinidad, Concepción, Santo Domingo, Santa Fe, Providence (city and river), and Zion Canyon.

(*e*) *Casual and whimsical names* are usually the names of small villages or minor physical features, for example Fair Play, Harmony, Unity, Necessity, Economy, Charity, Solitude, Surprise, Pork and Beans, Vigor, Virtue, and World's End.

(*f*) *Metamorphosed names.* Key West is a corruption of the Spanish "Cayo Huesco," meaning "bone reef." Tombigbee is a corruption of "itombi-ikbi," meaning "where coffins are made."[1] Ozark is a modification of the French "Aux Arcs." There are a number of such names in the United States, usually small and unimportant. Many of the important names in foreign countries have gone through one or more metamorphic transformations, examples of which may be found on pp. 31–32.

3. MIXED TYPES OF NAMES

Mixed types of names ending in -burg, -field, -ford, -ham, -ton, and -ville, may be regarded as semidescriptive. The descriptive suffix is frequently preceded by a personal name. Examples are Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, Brantford, Charleston, Galveston, Nashville. The names Constantinople and Indianapolis are somewhat similar. Sangre de Cristo, and Mount of the Holy Cross are names which are both descriptive and religious. There are composite names of many types, embracing combinations of various types of nondescriptive names with practically all types of descriptive names.

[1] See p. 14 for further information relating to this name.

II. PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN NAMING GEOGRAPHIC FEATURES

1. PROBLEMS DIRECTLY INVOLVED

When the United States Geographic Board, or any similar body, is called upon to render a decision concerning a geographic name, it may have to consider:

(*a*) A choice between two or more current names, and

(*b*) The spelling of the name which is adopted.

In the majority of instances only the question of spelling presents itself.

(*a*) Choice of Geographic Names

In the newer and less populated regions, two or more place-names for a single town or natural feature may persist for a considerable time. Slow crystallization of local usage ordinarily brings order out of such chaos, but the action of geographic boards and local bodies at least hastens the process, and provides a welcome authority to be followed by official and private publishers. In parts of the United States and to a greater degree in Alaska, variant usage persists, just as it does in portions of Asia, Africa, and South America. In Manchuria, for example, it is not unusual to find for the same town from two to four dissimilar names of Chinese, Mongolian, Russian, Japanese, or Korean origin, e. g., Sincheng, Petuna, Bodune, Fuyu. In such cases the selection of a geographic name is sometimes quite difficult.

When a name is to be conferred in an uninhabited region, or in an area whose population speaks an unwritten language, the selection may be relatively simple. Preference is now usually given to names indigenous to the region (Indian names in America, Eskimo names in Alaska, Bantu names in parts of Africa, etc.), when any are found, rather than to names transplanted from other countries. In the modern viewpoint, Massachusetts, Ohio, and Nebraska, as indigenous Indian names, are more fortunate than such transplanted names (in the United States) as Boston, New London, and St. Louis. But in the unpopulated Antartic, Little America is not inappropriate.

In general the name which has survived or which is clearly established in local usage is the name which the United States Geographic

Board chooses to make the subject of a decision. Occasionally the local population may be induced to adopt a name which avoids or reduces duplication, or which better accords with the source from which the name is derived or with accepted standards of orthography, in which case the board may depart from current local usage, in the hope or with the assurance that local usage will follow suit.

(*b*) Preferred Spelling of Geographic Names

Modern standards are intolerant toward two or more spellings of a single geographic name. One insists on knowing whether to write Pittsburgh or Pittsburg, Dumfoundling or Dumfounding, Doña Ana or Dona Ana, Marseille or Marseilles, Manáos or Manãos, Purgatoire or Picketwire.

In the absence of legal authority for the spelling of a name, as in legislative acts or city charters, the spelling adopted by the board is that which predominates in local usage; where local usage is not sharply defined the spelling adopted is that which is most consistent with the names or words from which it is derived and which most nearly conforms to accepted general standards of orthography.

2. RELATED PROBLEMS

(*a*) Pronunciation

No study of geographic names can well ignore the matter of pronunciation. In some cases gradual changes in pronunciation have led to radical changes in spelling. In any event, people want to know how to pronounce geographic names, and it is often difficult at a distance to ascertain the pronunciation in common local use.

Since questions relating to pronunciation have seldom been referred to the United States Geographic Board, the board has hitherto given little consideration to the problem. It has recently been pointed out, however, that the indication of pronunciation of geographic names (including the position of principal and secondary stresses) would be much appreciated by users of the board's reports, and that Americans as well as foreigners are frequently at a loss to know how to pronounce American names. It has been decided, therefore, to indicate pronunciation in those cases in which the correct pronunciation does not appear to be obvious. There has not been opportunity to make a general application of this rule in the preparation of the present report of the Geographic Board, but it is intended to follow the practice in the future.

The fact that there are in English so many sounds for the same letter, and so many ways of indicating the same sound, makes it

difficult to formulate a simple and generally understood method of indicating pronunciation. Probably none of these difficulties produce greater inconvenience than those relating to the vowel sounds in such common words as *ail* and *aisle*, *ah* and *at*, *marine* and *pin*, *food* and *foot*. The transliteration table which the board has adopted, principally for use in spelling certain classes of foreign geographical names, and so far as practicable for the spelling of names of American-Indian origin, does not provide for certain vowel sounds which are of frequent occurrence in English. It has appeared advisable, therefore, to employ a table or set of symbols to indicate pronunciation which differs somewhat from the table for use in the transliteration of foreign languages.

A scientific phonetic alphabet constitutes an ideal pronunciation table. In a phonetic alphabet there should be one symbol for each sound and for one sound only, and each sound should be represented by one symbol and by one symbol only. A phonetic alphabet for English sounds alone must contain not less than 40 characters or symbols. In order to provide for sounds in all of the principal languages an international phonetic alphabet must contain at least 50 or 60 characters. Many of the letters or symbols in any such alphabet must differ from any alphabet in common use in any country, and therefore will be intelligible only to the student of phonetics.

Rather than use a strictly scientific pronunciation table, such as that of the Association Phonétique Internationale, the pronunciation table which it has been found expedient to use (see pp. 72–73) was based upon symbols with which English-speaking people are believed to be thoroughly familiar. It is hoped that it will prove sufficiently accurate for practical purposes, and much more generally useful than a scientific table containing numerous characters with which the majority of the users of the board's reports are unacquainted.

For further remarks on pronunciation problems see the section on "Characteristics of alphabets based upon the Latin alphabet," on pages 25–28.

(*b*) Hyphenation

Since it is often necessary in printed or typewritten matter to divide a geographic word at the end of a line, the matter of correct hyphenation of geographic names is of practical concern to Government departments and establishments, and to private users of the board's reports. The correct place for the dividing of a geographic name depends largely upon the language or derivation of the name. In the United States, names of any origin whatever would ordinarily be hyphenated in accordance with general rules for the hyphenation of English words. But in an African name like *Kilimanjaro*, where

the letters *nj* are inseparably associated in a single syllable, the name should be hyphenated not *Kiliman-jaro*, but *Kilima-njaro*. When it seems desirable to do so, it is the intention of the board to indicate the hyphenation of geographic names on which decisions are rendered.

(*c*) Adjectives Derived From Geographic Names

Inquiries are occasionally addressed to the board concerning the correct adjective form derived from a geographic name. For example, it has been asked whether the adjective meaning *of or pertaining to Panama* is *Panaman*, *Panamaian*, or *Panamanian*, and whether to say *Yugoslav* or *Yugoslavian*, *Czechoslovak* or *Czechoslovakian*.

Such questions may more appropriately be answered by lexicographers. But when it is found that the dictionaries give variant forms (and sometimes do not agree with one another), and when a specific question is referred to the Geographic Board by a Federal department or establishment, the board has come to regard the matter as within the scope of its activity.

3. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN MAKING DECISIONS CONCERNING AMERICAN NAMES AND FOREIGN NAMES

Except where mountains, rivers, or other natural features lie partly in the United States and partly in Canada or in Mexico, there are certain practical differences with reference to the decisions which the board makes concerning geographic names in the United States and its possessions, and geographic names in foreign countries.

In the actual *making* of a decision, the board usually finds that in respect of American names there is either (1) a conflict between two or more names or spellings in local usage (in which case one of the forms is almost invariably chosen) or (2) a name is altogether lacking (in which case a name must be supplied, usually upon the recommendation of the Federal department, or of the State geographic board, which is interested in the case). In making a decision concerning a foreign geographic name, however, the board usually finds that there is an established form in the language of the country in which it is found (e. g., Firenze and Wien), and not infrequently there is in addition an English conventional form which may differ appreciably from the official name (Florence and Vienna, in the preceding examples). In such cases the board simply decides what form or forms are most appropriate for use by Government departments in the United States. In respect of domestic geographic features, the Geographic Board *names* the place, whereas, in respect to foreign places, the board simply *ascertains* which of the established forms is preferred for official use in this country.

There is likewise a difference in the *effect* of the board's decisions concerning geographic names in the United States and possessions, and in foreign countries. Its decisions relating to place-names in the United States and outlying territories are generally accepted, not only throughout the United States but in other parts of the world as well. In dealing with foreign geographic names, however, the board is aware that its decisions are chiefly of domestic interest, but by cooperation with national boards in other countries and by sanctioning spellings most widely and properly followed it attempts to avoid unnecessary variations in usage among English-speaking countries.

III. NAMES IN THE UNITED STATES AND ITS POSSESSIONS

1. GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF AMERICAN NAMES

Because of the variety and relative proportions of the geographic names derived from Indian dialects and from the various European linguistic strains, geographic names in the United States as a whole and in its various parts, have distinctive characteristics.

With the exception of the names of political divisions, geographic names in this country have not, as a rule, been bestowed by any formal authority. Natural features—rivers, lakes, mountains, capes, etc.—and unchartered towns, have received their names originally from explorers, early settlers, and surveyors, and these names have been perpetuated by common consent. The names of States, counties, and municipalities of all classes, on the other hand, have been adopted either by legislative enactment or charter, and are therefore authoritative.

Differences of usage exist to a large extent not only in the names of natural features and unincorporated places, but to a very limited degree in those of organized bodies of population whose names have been given by formal authority. These differences have originated in numerous ways.

In the early history of the various parts of the United States different exploring expeditions, ignoring or ignorant of the work of their predecessors, gave new names to features already named. This occurred frequently in Alaska, where it has occasioned great difficulty.

It often happens in the case of the larger geographic features, such as mountain ranges, rivers, etc., that different names have been applied locally in various parts, and that these various names have become well settled in local usage.

Further divergences arose, and some of them still persist, due to the fact that in early days the railroads frequently adopted names for their stations which differed from those of near-by towns or villages.

Transplanted names.—Names which colonists bring from their homeland are usually assigned, through sentiment, without reference to topographic similarity or to geographical relationship. The names of English origin in New England are scattered over the country in an arrangement most bewildering to an Englishman. Compare, for example, the directions and relative distances apart, in England and in Massachusetts, of Norfolk and Suffolk (counties), and of the cities

of Boston, Cambridge, Plymouth, and Gloucester. The same topsy-turvy arrangement of transplanted names may be observed in the Scandinavian names in Minnesota, and in the German and Irish names in Pennsylvania.

Casual, whimsical, and freakish names are numerous in certain parts of the United States. Examples are Cathole Mountain, Lick Skillet, Magnet (to attract settlers), Pandora, and Why Not. Because of their slight importance no further heed need be paid to them.

2. NAMES OF INDIAN ORIGIN

In America during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, English spelling was notoriously unsettled and capricious. In early colonial records a common English word may be spelled in two or more different ways by the same writer, even on the same page. Consequently one can not expect to find consistency in the spelling of names of American Indian origin as they were transcribed by the colonists and their early descendants.

Many of the sounds occurring in the vocables of the American Indian languages were strange to the early colonists. Some of these sounds were quite unknown to the European languages spoken by the early colonists. Hence, the utterance and the proper apprehension of those sounds were naturally subject in a peculiar manner to the influence of two effective causes of phonetic change and corruption, namely, (1) otosis, or the mishearing and misapprehension of the sounds uttered by the native American Indians, and (2) the tendency to compression and abbreviation of words in order to achieve ease of utterance. Conversely, the effect of these two causes was also influenced by the phonetics peculiar to the vernacular language of the recorder—whether it was Swedish, Dutch, French, English, Spanish, or Russian. Such a recorder had a strong tendency to imagine that he heard the sounds peculiar to his own mother tongue, and the available records bear clear testimony to this fact. Indeed, some sounds common to the native American Indian languages were not apprehended at all, which often became the source of false identification of terms with other quite unrelated words. Even some compilers of American Indian dictionaries and grammars have committed this fault.

Hence it is that little uniformity or consistency in the spelling of American Indian names is found; nor could it be expected under the circumstances.

Unfortunately, it is not generally known, even by modern students of American history, that north of Mexico, at the period of colonization, there were not less than 45 stocks of Indian languages which were radically distinct one from another. There were usually several dialects of a single stock, numbering in at least one instance as high

as 75, forming a grand total of more than 650 distinct and variant speech forms. Further, it must be kept in mind that the vocables of this multiplicity of dialects could not be correctly transcribed by the use of the Latin alphabet alone; to do so the alphabet must be amplified by the addition of numerous diacritical devices.

Of the more than 600 dialects north of Mexico less than 100 are represented to-day in any vocabulary, word-list, or grammatic sketch. And in most instances the latter contains less than 200 words.

To illustrate, in the region south of the Potomac River and east of the Blue Ridge Mountains there is a single vocabulary of more than 150 words to represent the languages of the numerous tribes of the Algonquian stock discovered by Capt. John Smith, and to-day no living being speaks a word of these languages. This leaves scant material for the place-name etymologist.

Hence, those records which were made with an unexpanded Latin alphabet are palpably incomplete and inaccurate. And it is the use of such faulty material by the white people and the American Indians as well, which produces many of the difficult problems which confront the United States Geographic Board in making its decisions on the use of native American Indian names submitted to it for official action.

A very few examples must suffice to illustrate the foregoing generalizations:

The first is taken from the field of Iroquoian speech. The history of the Mohawk name, Tehoseroron, for Buffalo Creek, N. Y., is a good instance of the way native Indian words and place names become unintelligibly corrupted in passing from dialect to dialect of a common stock of languages, giving rise consequently to plausible definitions not at all deducible from the original word form. So the Mohawk *Tehoseroron* becomes *Deo'selō'lon* in the Oneida, *Deo'tro'wen'* in the Cayuga, *Niyuwiçru'rĕñ'* in the Tuscarora, and *Dyo'syō'wĕñ* in the Seneca. The usual meaning assigned to these several forms of a common term is "place of basswoods." For this definition there is reason for believing that the French name of what is Buffalo Creek, found on Pouchot's map of 1758, namely, "R. boiblanc," is responsible. Lewis H. Morgan believed "splitting the fork," the correct meaning. The Mohawk word through its fuller form gives the correct clue to its meaning; namely "there it is oil-covered," referring to the petroleum which was found on many streams and water pools in western New York. This oil became known as Seneca oil and acquired some repute as a curative agent among both the whites and the natives.

The highly anglicized name Conestoga has an instructive history. The Jesuit Fathers in Canada heard from their Huron Indian allies of a cognate tribe dwelling toward New Holland, whom they named the

Andastoerrhonon (for Yandasto'ye'roñ'non'). There are no less than 60 written and printed forms of this name. On *Tabula Novae Franciae*, Anno 1660, a P. Creuxio, S. J., is found this legend, "Andastoei sue Natio Perticarum," i. e., *the Conestoga* or *Nation of the poles.*" This is, however, erroneous. The name is a translation of the Delaware River name, Susquehanna. Both signify "roily or muddy river." Among the many fanciful renderings of the word Susquehanna is one which solemnly derives it from the Latin; *sus* meaning a swine, *que* meaning and, and Hanna (a woman's name), i. e., Hanna and her pig.

The long ca cade or rapids near the confluence of the Ottawa River with the St. Lawrence was called by the Algonquian people of that region *Quinnitchuan* or *Quenechouan* which means literally "it is a long cascade or rapids." But through mishearing the French Canadians changed this to *Quinze Chiens*, i. e., Fifteen Dogs.

The name Niagara was not a name applied to the river or the falls of that name by the native Huron Indians. It was the name of a place near the mouth of the Niagara River which is to-day called Youngstown. Its correct original meaning is "bottomlands bisected." Although the popular significance assigned to it is "the neck," or more fancifully, "the neck as if in anger."

Tombigbee, the name of a river in Alabama and Mississippi, might possibly be considered as being named after a son of Mr. Bigbee. The name, however, is of Indian origin, and has reference to a singular mortuary custom which was practiced by the Choctaw and many other tribes. The bones of the corpses were collected and carefully cleaned of their flesh. The detached portions of flesh were cast in some designated river or stream, and the bones thus cleaned were placed in boxes or coffins. Places were thus known by the fact that boxes were made there. In Choctaw, *itombi* means a box or coffin; *ikbi* to make, construct; so with a locative affix, *itombi-ikbi*, means "place where coffins are made."

In Minnesota the name Crow Wing is not at all a combination of the words "crow" and "wing," but was artificially derived from the Chippewa place name *Kakâkiwing*, i. e., "at the place of the raven," meaning "where ravens abound." The first three syllables signify "a raven, "*iw* means "is," and *ing* "at the place of." The noun is an onomatope. The noun was mistakenly represented by the word "crow," and the substantive verb added to the locative was transformed into the English noun "wing." Examples of this character could be multiplied by the score.

A list of 132 spellings of Winnipesaukee, the name of a lake in New Hampshire, has been compiled by Mr Hammond, assistant editor of the State Papers of New Hampshire. The tribal name Mohawk appears in literature in at least 142 distinct spellings; the

tribal name Oneida in 103, and the name Seneca in 110 distinct forms.

The student of American Indian place names, in view of facts like these, should have recourse to a wide comparative study of the cognate dialects of a stock of languages from which a name is believed to have come, perchance to find therein the needed material to supply the desired definition.

It will be appreciated, from the foregoing remarks, that, in the great majority of cases, it is futile to attempt to recover and to restore the original form of many native American Indian place names.

3. TRENDS IN ADOPTING NEW NAMES AND IN CHANGING OLD NAMES

The present trend in adopting new names is to choose those which are *short, euphonious, and in keeping with the character and traditions of the region*—a movement which in recent years has received added impetus with the creation of State geographic boards, which serve as reviewing bodies for names proposed in their respective States.

A good example of this tendency may be found in the activity of a small group of men in naming unnamed peaks and other natural features near Denver, Colo., a few years ago. In attempting to find Indian names they went to Wyoming and got the Arapaho Indians who knew the region, and took them over the ground. The names which the Indians used for geographical features were taken down on a phonograph. Then the committee transcribed these names and in some instances used the full Indian name, e. g., Kawaneechee; in other cases they used an abbreviated form; and in still other instances they translated the Indian name into English, e. g., Great Tracks, and Never Summer Mountains. Where they had no Indian name they assigned either a historical name (e. g., for some man prominent in Colorado history), or the name of some local animal, bird, or flower. The great majority of the names which were assigned at that time have now become established in local usage, and a number have been referred to, and adopted by, the Geographic Board.

There is a tendency toward the *elimination of names that are casual, whimsical, or freakish.* As an example of efforts in this direction being made by State geographic boards, there may be cited a list of seven names received in a letter from a State board, accompanied by copies of resolutions passed by the various county bodies at the time of adopting the new names. Crooked Lake No. 1 had been changed to Manuka; Crooked Lake No. 2 to Wequos; Mud Lake to Moriah; Farm Lake to Tecon; Mud Lake to Jewell; Sucker Lake to Nawakaa; and Silver Lake (because of duplication) to Horicon. Six of the new names are of Chippewa origin.

In abandoning unattractive and odd names in favor of more dignified and attractive names, Dishwater Pond gives place to Mirror Lake, Widow's Tears Falls to Bridalveil Falls. And Polite seems better personified as Frenchman.

When the Geographic Board is requested to change a name it is necessary to ascertain whether a few interested parties, merely to further personal or selfish ends, are simply attempting to "put the name over," or whether there is such a genuine desire on the part of the majority of the population directly concerned as to assure a change of "local usage" in favor of the proposed name. Thus Goat Island, near San Francisco, has been officially displaced in favor of an earlier Spanish name, Yerba Buena, and the Geographic Board reversed its earlier decision on Goat Island when informed that local authorities, the newspapers, and finally the California legislature, decreed the adoption of the more euphonious name.

While it is highly desirable that dignified and appropriate place-names be adopted when new names are required, *it is frequently of doubtful wisdom to remove well-established names simply because they do not seem attractive to the present generation.* Many of the geographic names of the Old World are of humble origin, and they are no less interesting and acceptable on that account. Thus Kwenlun is said to mean "onion mountains," and Calicut is believed to be derived from an earlier form which meant "rooster fort."

Caution is therefore desirable when a change of name is under consideration. A name well established should not be disturbed without convincing reason, and the Geographic Board can usually take no cognizance of a *proposed* change, but waits until a change has been effectively made, when it records the established change.

Caution in making changes of names which are found in the Southwest, for example, is highly commendable; here is spirited objection to the modernization and anglicization of old names. As one society wrote in 1918:

> One of the charms of the Southwest is the romance connected with its old history. We fear that much that is beautiful in this way will be destroyed unless the old names be retained. Indeed it was one of the avowed purposes of this society to see that the old place names in this State be preserved and that any new names given shall be in keeping with the character and the traditions of the Southwest. There is already in this State a tendency on the part of some people both to modernize and anglicize the old names and to impart names which have no reference to the traditions of the State. We are greatly opposed to this tendency.

4. CRITERIA AND STANDARDS OF THE UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD IN RENDERING DECISIONS CONCERNING DOMESTIC NAMES

(*a*) Choice of Name and Spelling

(1) SELECTION OF A SINGLE NAME AND SPELLING

Whenever a question concerning a geographic name in the United States is referred to the Geographic Board, it is obvious that a decision must be rendered which sanctions a single name, and only one spelling of the name.

A reasonable exception has been made in the case of a county and town in New Hampshire, in which the local usage (post office, railroad station, newspapers, etc.) is Hillsboro, whereas the legal form of the name, based on the act of incorporation, etc., is Hillsborough. In this instance the board could not state that one form is correct to the exclusion of the other. The decision accordingly sanctions both forms, indicating that one is local usage, and that the other is the usage in legal documents. It is not unlikely that other exceptions of this character may occasionally be found necessary.

(2) USE OF ACCENTS AND DIACRITICAL MARKS

The question is occasionally raised whether, in the spelling of an American geographic name of foreign origin, an accent or diacritical mark should be retained. Against such practice it may be argued that the English alphabet contains no modified letters. It is true, however, that a number of common words of foreign origin are frequently, though not invariably, written with the appropriate diacritical mark, e. g., attaché, blasé, café, exposé, façade, rôle.

In the act of incorporation the original form of the name "Cañon City" (Colo.) was spelled "Canon City," which is, therefore, the legal spelling. In fact the name is usually written "Canon City" locally, although commonly pronounced "Canyon City." The decision of the board is for the legal spelling, "Canon City," but in several other decisions in other States the anglicized spelling "canyon" is employed.

In 1931 the Geographic Board was requested to make a decision on the proper spelling of a name of an archeological ruin in New Mexico which, in scientific journals, encyclopedias, and other publications, has usually been written "Peñasco Blanco"—a name of Spanish origin meaning "large white rock." The board corresponded with members of its advisory committee, and with a number of individuals living in the Southwestern and Western States, suggesting the reasons for and against each of the possible spellings of the first

word—"Peñasco," "Penyasco," and "Penasco." Each letter from the board contained the following paragraph:

> May I add that the general question on which your advice is sought has reference only to such domestic names as are rather frequently spelled with diacritical marks or accents, and does not involve names which, though originally of foreign origin, have become so anglicized that they have long since lost all diacritical marks and foreign letters.

The consensus of opinion in the Southwest was that in special cases such as Peñasco Blanco, the Spanish "ñ" should be retained, rather than omit the tilde and write simple "n," or substitute "ny" as an approximate equivalent. The replies from men in the North and East were generally opposed to the use of "ñ" though several favored its use in exceptional cases such as this.

In view of the fact that at least occasionally local usage is found to favor the preservation of spellings which retain diacritical marks, it seems inadvisable for the United States Geographic Board to take a position in rendering decisions which discourages, and in the Federal departments prevents, the use of the forms which are more correct from the viewpoint of their origin and derivation. The reasonable procedure, therefore, seems to be for the Geographic Board to sanction both forms in some of the exceptional cases where the diacritical mark is retained in local usage.

(3) ELIMINATION OF INCONSISTENCIES

There are in the United States, as in other countries, inconsistencies in the spelling of geographic names. For example, both "burg" and "burgh" are found, one in Harrisburg, the other in Pittsburgh. Similar divergence is found in "center" and "centre," and in the suffix "boro" and "borough."

In 1891 (the second year of its existence) the board undertook to effect some reforms in geographic nomenclature which seemed highly desirable. It was found, however, in a rather large number of instances that local usage was firmly established and would not change to accord with the proposed reform in spelling. In some cases the board has had occasion to reconsider an early decision and to adopt a spelling conforming to local usage.

When a new Executive order was signed by President Roosevelt, January 23, 1906, somewhat enlarging the responsibilities of the Geographic Board, the board adopted and issued a circular of "principles," some of which were similar to the "rules" for reform in spelling which had been adopted in 1891. It must be understood, however, that these are followed simply as guiding *principles*, not as rules, from which the board reserves the liberty to depart whenever in its judgment it deems it advisable to do so.

(*b*) Principles Relating to Geographic Names in the United States and Outlying Territories

Euphonious and suitable names of Indian, Spanish, or French origin should be retained.

Names suggested by pecularities of the topographic features designated—such as their form, vegetation, or animal life—are generally acceptable, but duplication of names, especially within one State, should be avoided. The names "Elk," "Bald," "Beaver," "Cottonwood," "Mill," "Moose," "Muddy," and "Round" are altogether too numerous.

Names of living persons should be applied very rarely, and in general only those of great eminence should be thus honored. No personal names should be attached because of relationship, friendship, or personal interest, nor should names of obscure persons be given. Names of eminent men now dead may be thus perpetuated, particularly those of early explorers, naturalists, geologists, topographers, etc.

Long and clumsily constructed names and names composed of two or more words should be avoided. It is a foregone conclusion that such names will usually not be adopted by the public. If the name selected consists of more than one word, the words should be combined if practicable.

The multiplication of names for different parts of the same feature, such as a river or mountain range, should be avoided. Only one name should be applied to a stream or mountain range throughout its entire length; in the case of a river the name should usually follow up its longest branch.

The naming of forks, prongs, branches, etc., as "east fork" or "north prong" of a river, should be avoided unless there is a special reason for it. In most cases, independent names should be given to a river's branches.

That spelling and pronunciation which is sanctioned by local usage should, in general, be adopted.

Where names have been changed or corrupted, and such changes or corruptions have become established by local usage, it is not usually advisable to attempt to restore the original form.

Where a choice is offered between two or more names for the same place or locality, all sanctioned by local usage, that which is most appropriate and euphonious should be adopted.

The possessive form should be avoided whenever it can be done without destroying the euphony of the name or changing its descriptive application.

In names ending in "burgh" the final "h" should be dropped, if possible.

The word "center," as part of a name, should be spelled as above and not "centre," unless local usage or legal documents require the latter.

The use of hyphens in connecting parts of names should be discouraged.

The letters "C. H." (courthouse) appended to the names of county seats should be omitted, if possible.

It is desirable to avoid the use of the words "city" and "town" as parts of names.

(c) Form and Content of Decisions

The earlier decisions of the United States Geographic Board usually indicated only the spelling of a name on which a decision was rendered, followed by information sufficient for the identification of the place or feature to which the name applied. The range of problems presented to the board has increased, however, and it has come to be realized that the information obtained by the board, frequently through correspondence with persons locally acquainted with the history of the name, is of considerable value in itself. The published decisions of the board are therefore amplified, when pertinent information is available, to include the following: (1) Spelling, (2) thing named, (3) location, (4) pronunciation and hyphenation (when not self-evident), (5) rejected names and forms of names, and (6) history and derivation of the name.

5. STATE GAZETTEERS AND A NATIONAL GAZETTEER

In corresponding with the governors of the several States in 1927, the chairman of the United States Geographic Board expressed the hope that a State geographic board might be created in each of the States in which none exists, and that each board would make the compilation of a State gazetteer one of its chief functions.

There are now geographic boards, commissions, or similar bodies, in more than 30 States, authorized by the States to make special studies of local geographic names. A number of the boards are now at work in the preparation of State gazetteers, while others are accumulating material which awaits legislative help toward securing needed clerical assistance to put the material into manuscript form.[1]

Rhode Island is the first State to complete its gazetteer. More than 5,000 names were considered by the Rhode Island Geographic Board. Of these more than 3,000, the majority of which had appeared in literature or on maps of the earlier periods, had become obsolete, or applied to features too trivial to warrant formal decisions perpetuating them. Most of the obsolete names will be found as cross ref-

[1] See also pp. 58-59 on cooperation between the United States Geographic Board and the various State geographic boards.

erences in the gazetteer. The approved names, numbering about 1,900, have all been carefully edited to conform in content and style with the decisions of the United States Geographic Board, and were published late in 1932.

It is hoped, when all the State gazetteers have been published, to gather these up in one volume which will serve as a National gazetteer. With some of the State boards now engaged in the compilation of State gazetteers, and with the appropriation by Congress of money for the publication of the gazetteer of Rhode Island, it is believed that the groundwork for the eventual publication of a national gazetteer has been laid.

6. NAMES IN TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS

Geographic names in the outlying territories and possessions of the United States deserve special consideration.

(*a*) Philippine Names

The Philippine Committee on Geographical Names was constituted by Executive Order No. 95, issued by the Civil Governor, William H. Taft, on November 5, 1903, to discharge, in regard to the Philippine Islands, duties similarly performed by the United States Geographic Board.

The creation of such a committee had been recommended by a former chairman of this board, who believed that a local organization could deal far more understandingly with Philippine names than could the board in the United States.

With the issuance of the executive order of the President on January 23, 1906, adding to the duties of the board that of determining, changing, and fixing place-names within the insular possessions of the United States, the Philippine committee, in doubt as to its authority to act, temporarily ceased functioning.

Upon being assured that the executive order referred to was not intended to relieve the committee of its duties and that the United States Geographic Board desired the full cooperation of the committee monthly meetings were resumed in 1909.

The decisions of the Philippine committee are not binding in the United States proper, but only in the Philippine Islands. When its decisions, however, have been accepted by the board, such acceptance makes them the authorized spelling for official use in the United States.

The decisions of the committee have usually been accepted without question. In turn, this board refers practically all questions coming to it relating to geographic names in the Philippines.

In general, the Philippine committee follows the procedure, and so far as possible the policies, of this board. The committee's procedure in the past has been as follows:

After a name was presented for decision, the secretary sent out cards of inquiry to provincial governors, treasurers, registrars of deeds, presidents, parish priests, school superintendents, and private citizens of intelligence and repute. The replies were first considered by the executive committee, and its conclusions, with the accompanying correspondence, were reported to the full committee and a majority vote then settled the form to be adopted.

In the list of decisions of the United States Geographic Board published in this report there are embodied some 3,000 Philippine names which have been adopted by the Philippine committee, a large part of which have appeared in the Official Gazette. Many of these have been printed by this board from time to time, either in the form of special reports, or included in its regular reports.

The board has profited very much by the cooperation it has received from the Philippine committee, in revising and bringing up to date the Philippine names which appeared in our fifth report, and in forwarding a list of municipalities corrected to 1931.

(*b*) Alaskan Names

Alaskan names are submitted for the board's consideration nearly every month. They come principally from the Geological Survey, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, and the Forest Service, all of which are engaged in making maps of Alaska or of parts thereof.

Local names are adopted wherever possible. Where these are local Indian names, the topographer is requested to ascertain, with the aid of white men familiar with the region, a spelling which will approximate as closely as possible the native pronunciation.

The majority of Alaskan names now in use are to be found in the "Geographic Dictionary of Alaska" which was published in 1901, following a resolution adopted soon after the board was created, appointing two of its members to serve as a committee to collect and publish such material.

A second edition of this dictionary was issued in 1906 by another member of the board, who later became its secretary.

Names in the first edition numbering 6,300 with 2,800 cross references, and in the second totaling 9,300 with 3,300 cross references, were approved and adopted by the board in 1901 and 1906, respectively. There are about 2,000 Alaskan names in the current report.

(*c*) Hawaiian Names

A committee to serve in an advisory capacity to the United States Geographic Board concerning place names in the Hawaiian Islands

was appointed by the Governor of Hawaii on January 5, 1912, the governor serving as chairman of the committee. The other members of the committee were appointed because of their general knowledge of the Hawaiian language and Hawaiian names throughout the Territory.

The 900 Hawaiian names incorporated in this volume have all been investigated and approved by the Hawaiian Advisory Committee.

The Hawaiian committee forwards from time to time decisions relating to names of places within the Territory and in turn receives for its views all questions brought to the board's attention regarding the correct orthography of geographic names in the Hawaiian Islands.

(*d*) Names in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands

There are included in this report about 200 names of places and features in Puerto Rico, and about 100 in the Virgin Islands of the United States.

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IV. FOREIGN GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

1. INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

There has been a growing interest in foreign geographic names, especially since the beginning of the World War, which has been accelerated by commercial expansion, increased travel in foreign countries, and the development of new instrumentalities of communication. Furthermore, the spelling of foreign names has become more complicated, owing to changes in the sovereignty of one-seventh of the area of Europe, and to the growth of nationalistic feeling which has sometimes expressed itself in the change of familiar place names to forms characteristic of the languages of the countries concerned.

The spelling of foreign geographic names presents several problems which are only vaguely understood by the general public. In the following pages an attempt is made to contribute to a better comprehension of the problems involved. A background is thus provided for an understanding of the policy adopted by the United States Geographic Board with reference to foreign geographic names.

2. CONSIDERATION OF THE PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN SPELLING FOREIGN GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

(*a*) Outline of the Problems Involved

The spelling of geographic names, for use in text matter and on maps in another language, presents problems which can not always be readily solved. The courses which may be followed when foreign geographic names must appear in English-language publications are outlined below.

(1) *With reference to geographic names in countries using a Latin alphabet*, there is a choice between the following forms:

(*a*) The *local form* of the name exactly as it is spelled in the language of the country concerned.

Examples: Warszawa [Warsaw], Wien [Vienna], Köln [Cologne].

(*b*) The most appropriate *English form:*

(*1*) *A conventional English* form which is familiar through long usage. It may or may not be related to the name in local use. Such names exist for only a comparatively small number of important foreign cities and provinces.

Examples: Naples [Napoli], Leghorn [Livorno], Bavaria [Bayern].

(*2*) *Transliteration* (letter for letter) of the names in local use into approximate English sound equivalents—if such respelling suggests more accurately to English-speaking readers the correct pronunciation in the language of the country concerned.

Examples: Tsetinye [Cetinje], Nish [Niš].

(*3*) *Translation* into English of such foreign names (comparatively few in number) as may be appropriately translated.

Example: Ore Mountains [Erzgebirge].

(2) *With reference to geographical names in countries not using a Latin alphabet* it is obvious that they must be spelled in Latin characters and must, therefore, be transliterated into approximate English sound equivalents—except for occasional conventional English forms already in use.

Many persons maintain that the most satisfactory rule with reference to names in countries in which the Latin alphabet is used is that which is indicated by the second alternative—namely, to use conventional English names where they exist, and to transliterate (or occasionally to translate) other local forms into their English equivalents. Others, more particularly those engaged in foreign business, who have practical reasons for favoring the forms in local use and who are less concerned with traditional practice, favor the first alternative—namely, the use of the local forms of foreign names. A brief examination of the problems involved is necessary.

(*b*) Linguistic and Theoretical Problems

(1) Characteristics of alphabets which are based upon the Latin alphabet

It would be much simpler if the English alphabet were a phonetic alphabet—an alphabet in which each letter designates a single sound and in which each sound is invariably represented by the same letter. *Much confusion, in English and in other modern languages, arises from the fact that the alphabets in which they are written are*

based upon the ancient Latin or Roman alphabet, whereas nearly all such languages have sounds which are foreign to ancient Latin.[1]

In some languages, as in English, an expedient is adopted of representing a sound or a succession of sounds foreign to Latin by assigning to two or more letters of the alphabet a sound value quite different from that of the sum of the letters taken singly; in other languages additional letters are introduced into the alphabet by adding a diacritical mark to a Latin alphabet letter. Thus, for example, we have in English *sh* (as in *ship*), while the same sound is represented in French by *ch*, in German and Danish by *sch*, in Polish by *sz*, in Rumanian by *ş*, and in Croatian and Bohemian by *š*. Similarly, we frequently use in English the two letters *ch* (as in *chair*) for what closely resembles the sound of *t* plus *sh*, which is represented in French by *tch*, in German by *tsch*, in Italian and Rumanian by *c* (before *e* or *i*), in Polish by *cz*, in Magyar (Hungarian) by *cs*, and in Croatian and Czech (Bohemian) by *č*.

In English we have no letter or combination of letters in actual use for the sound common to *fusion* and *azure*, but the sound is frequently indicated by *zh* since it is equal to *sh* when voiced. In French, however, it is represented by *j*, in Polish by *ż*, in Magyar by *zs*, and in Croatian and Czech by *ž*. In English we assign to the letter *j* a consonant value which is practically that of *d* plus *zh* (as in *jury*), which is rendered as *dj*, logically enough, in French, and as *dsch* in German. Rather oddly, in English we use *wh* (as in *what*) for the sound of *h* plus *w*, but we should not be surprised to find in the official romanization of Chinese the reversed but logical order of the letters in such spellings as *Hwangchow* and *Anhwei*.

We should therefore be prepared to find in foreign languages (some of which contain sounds very difficult for an American to imitate) combinations of letters with special sound values, and letters modified by diacritical marks. The table on the opposite page illustrates the variety of the means of representing a few of the non-Latin sounds in several of the European languages.

One notable characteristic of English, which must be kept in mind when trying to pronounce foreign words, is *the tendency in English to pronounce single vowels as diphthongs.* Thus what we frequently call the "long *a*" as in *date* is the sound of *eh* plus *ee*. Similarly, the

[1] It should not be overlooked, moreover, that ancient Latin was written in twenty-two letters. It lacked the consonants *j*, *v*, and *w*; and *k* was not used as a regular letter in the alphabet, *c* being almost invariably employed for the sound of *k*.

TABLE OF EQUIVALENT SOUND VALUES

ILLUSTRATING THE VARIETY OF MEANS EMPLOYED IN REPRESENTING SOUNDS NOT OCCURRING IN THE LATIN LANGUAGE

English	French	German	Dutch	Italian	Czech (Bohemian)	Polish	Rumanian
sh (*ship*)	ch	sch	sj	sc before *e* and *i*	š	sz	ş.
ch (*chair*)	tch	tsch	tj	c before *e* and *i*; cc	č	cz	c before *e* and *i*.
zh (*fusion*)	j[3]				ž	ż, rz	j.
j[3] (*jury*)	(g before *e*, *i*, *y*); dj	dsch[1], dj[1]	dj	g before *e* and *i*; gg	dž	dz, dż	g before *e* and *i*.
u[4] (*boot*)	ou before a consonant	u	oe	u	u, ů	ó, u	u.
v[4] (*van*)	v	w	w	v	v	w	v.
w[4] (*we*)	ou before a vowel	u before a vowel		w[1]		ł	
y (consonant, *yet*)	y	j[3]	j[3]	j[3]	j[3]	i (before a vowel), j[3]	*i* (before a vowel), y[1].
ly (*will-you*)	lh[2]			gl before *i*			
ny (*canyon*)	gn	nj		gn	ň	ń	

[1] In foreign words only.

[2] Infrequent.

[3] It should be remembered that *j* is a comparatively modern variation of *i*, due to the fact that the Latin *i* was used both as a vowel and as a consonant with the equivalent of the English *y* in *yet*. In several languages the *j* has retained the consonant value of *y*. The English use of *j* for the sound in *judge* is due to the change of the value of *j* in Old French from the *y* sound (as in *yet*) to the sound of *j* (as in *judge*). Modern French has changed the value of the Old French *j* (as in *judge*) to that of *zh* (as in *azure*).

[4] The letters *u*, *v*, *w* are all derived from the single Latin letter *u*. The vowel sound of *u* (as in *boot*) did occur in Latin; the fact that it was not the only sound of the Latin *u-v* accounts for its inclusion here. The letter *v* was a graphic Latin variation representing the same sound, used chiefly as a capital letter, being better suited to the chisel in inscriptions on stone. The letter *v* was commonly called "single *u*" in English (as *w* is called "double *u*") until the seventeenth century. The typographical offshoots or variants of the Latin *u-v* have been adopted for different sound-values in different languages.

so-called "long *i*" as in *ride* is equal to *ah* plus *ee*. Likewise, the so-called English long *o* as in *froze* is commonly pronounced as the sum of the two vowels in *fro ooze*, slurred together. In many languages, however, each vowel represents a single, simple sound; that is, a sound which may be prolonged indefinitely without variation.

The numerous sound-values for which a single English vowel is employed (e. g., the *a* in *fate*, *fare*, *fall*, *fat*, *far*, and *afire*), and the equally numerous means of representing a single sound (e. g., *veto*, *meet*, *meat*, *mien*, *conceive*, and *machine*), frequently necessitate respelling ordinary English words in order to indicate how to pronounce them. Greater uniformity and simplicity of the vowel

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sounds in such languages as Italian, Spanish, and German make it unnecessary for the makers of dictionaries of such languages to respell words in order to indicate the pronunciation except in rare instances.

On account of the lack of phonetic significance of English vowels, the general rule for the English transliteration of languages which are written in a non-Latin alphabet, and of those which have not been reduced to writing, has come to be: *Vowels as in Italian, consonants as in English.* The approximate sound values of four of the Italian vowels are familiar through the music scale names *do*, *re*, *mi*, *fa*, and the *u* has the vowel sound in *rude* or *boot*.

(2) TRANSLITERATION

The spelling of many names, as found in foreign languages (particularly some of those employing diacritical marks), does not suggest to the English-speaking reader a pronunciation which he can attempt with ease or confidence. Some of these names may be respelled in such a way as to suggest the approximate pronunciation to a person who speaks English. The English language is not spoken at all uniformly, however, even throughout the United States, and likewise the local form of a geographical name is sometimes differently pronounced in different parts of the country in which it is found. Possibly by concerted effort and with the help of the radio, uniformity of pronunciation of each language may some day be effected. But it will probably always be true that change will be the law of life for a spoken language. And we can not ignore, at the present time, the wide dialectical differences of many languages, including English. Precise transliteration of foreign names in a manner to indicate the local pronunciation is therefore exceedingly. difficult if not altogether impossible.

But when the spelling of place-names within the United States and England does not suggest the pronunciation which generally prevails in the region concerned, how can we expect to respell the names of foreign cities in order to indicate their pronunciation? When *Worcester* (Mass.) and *Wooster* (Ohio) are pronounced identically, when *Cholmondeley* is pronounced *Chumly*, when *Hereford* is pronounced *Heh-reh-furd*, and *Hertford* is pronounced *Harfurd*, and when the simple spelling *Quy* does not indicate that it is pronounced *Kwy* to rhyme with *why*, how can we insist that *Cetinje* be respelled *Tsetinye* in order that the English-speaking reader may know how to pronounce the name?

It would not be reasonable to respell or transliterate the geographical names in foreign countries on a map of Europe, for example, since a map is in no sense a pronunciation table. To respell the names on a map of Yugoslavia in order to assist in pronunciation would

logically require respelling many names on a map of the United States. American school children are taught how to pronounce Chicago, Worcester, Gloucester, Poughkeepsie, Reading, Sioux City, Spokane, Tucson, Gila, and scores of other names which may be said not to be pronounced as they are spelled. It is reasonable to suggest, therefore, that as school children are taught an increasing number of names in foreign countries they shall be taught how they are pronounced, without systematically respelling them in the textbooks and on the maps which they use.

The effect of transliteration may be most readily appreciated by an American when he sees familiar American geographical names transliterated into a foreign language, thus:

German: Jonkers; Djamaica.
Polish: Waszyngton; Filadelfja.
Croatian: Šikago; Mišigan; Wičita.

A convenient and practical guide to transliteration may be found in "Alphabets of Foreign Languages" (second edition, 1933), by the Permanent Committee on Geographical Names for British Official Use.[1]

(3) ACCENTS AND DIACRITICAL MARKS

As indicated above, several languages represent sounds foreign to ancient Latin by Latin-alphabet letters which have been modified by the addition of diacritical marks. Such modified letters usually are treated as separate letters of the alphabet. Thus in Swedish, *å*, *ä*, and *ö* are separate letters, which are placed at the end of the alphabet, after *z*. The same sort of thing is true of those Slavic languages which are written in Latin characters, and of Rumanian and many other languages. In Croatian, for example, we find as separate letters in the order given, *c* (pronounced *ts*), *ć* (pronounced *ty* as in *nature*), and *č* (pronounced *ch* as in *chair*).

The suggestion is not infrequently made that the spelling of foreign geographical names be followed exactly as found in the language of the country concerned, except that diacritical marks be omitted. Recourse to such an expedient is indefensible, since it results in serious misspelling of names, some letters being altogether omitted from the alphabet and others being substituted for them.

But in order to avoid the necessity of writing a letter with a diacritical mark, it would be necessary to transliterate the letter into English sound equivalents. Thus *č* in Croatian would have to be written *ch*. To transliterate a letter which bears a diacritical mark,

[1] Published by the Royal Geographical Society, Kensington Gore, London, S. W. 7, price 7s. 6d.: may be obtained in the United States from Rand, McNally & Co., National Press Building, Washington, D. C.; price $2.00.

however, necessitates the transliteration of unmodified letters in the same word. For example, *Crnač* can not be written *Crnach* but must be written *Tsernach* if transliterated at all. But to transliterate a name bearing one or more diacritical marks, and not to transliterate a name in the same language which bears no diacritical marks, would be illogical. Therefore, if *Crnač* is transliterated, *Cetinje* (also in Croatian) must be transliterated *Tsetinye.*

It would be unreasonable to expect that the average American would learn the sound significance of very many foreign alphabet letters modified by diacritical marks. It is requiring almost as much, however, to expect persons who have not studied foreign languages to know the pronunciation of words in languages which have no diacritical marks whatever. Thus, it is hardly more surprising to find that *Crnač* is pronounced *Tsernach* than to learn that *Ouaga-dougou* [French, in West Africa] is pronounced *Wagadugu.*

The conclusion to which the preceding remarks all point is that if the local forms of names in foreign languages are to be followed at all they must be written exactly as they occur in the appropriate language, including all accents and diacritical marks.

(4) TRANSLATION

Some names may be translated from one language to another. It is highly desirable that the meaning of foreign names be understood when the meaning is significant. It is another thing, however, to insist upon substituting an English translation for the name in the language of the country concerned. It is well to know that *Tierra del Fuego* means "land of fire"; and that therefore, just as the Germans sometimes call it *Feuerland*, so in English we might call it *Fireland.* Similarly, while the German name *Erz Gebirge* is rather widely known outside Germany, it is well, even for a person unacquainted with German, to know that the name means *Ore Mountains.*

Indian names in the United States have interesting and significant meanings, but no one would seriously propose substituting *Big River* for *Mississippi.*

We have in the United States numerous non-English geographical names of European origin, chiefly Spanish and French, but it is not suggested that they be translated into English. Thus we say *Terre Haute* rather than *High Land*, and *Baton Rouge* instead of *Red Stick. Santa Fé* might be translated *Holy Faith*, and *Los Angeles* means *The Angels.* If we do not translate into English the names within our own borders (and may we never attempt it!) why should we translate the names in foreign countries? Neither would it be argued, for example, that the Dutch *Willemstad* [in Curaçao]

should be translated *William City* and thus lose the character of the country to which it belongs.

The following examples of the translation of English into foreign languages (or combined transliteration and translation) illustrate the effect of translation:

Polish: Jezioro Górne [Lake Superior]; Nowy Jork [New York]; Przylądek Książe Walji [Cape Prince of Wales].

Italian: Città del Lago Salato [Salt Lake City]; Nuova York [New York]; San Luigi [St. Louis]; Capo Principe di Galles [Cape Prince of Wales]; Montagne Rocciose [Rocky Mountains].

German: Salzseestadt [Salt Lake City]; Oberer See [Lake Superior].

The practical desirability of *knowing* the meaning of a comparatively small number of words, chiefly nouns and adjectives, in several foreign languages is appreciated perhaps best in locating, on maps, features containing such words as "lake," "river," and "cape," in the language of the country concerned.[1] It is convenient to know, for instance, that "kiang" and "ho" mean "river" in Chinese, and in this manner that "Sikiang" means "west river." To know that "río" means "river" in Spanish and that "nyanza" means "lake" in Bantu dialects, should save one from using such illiterate duplications as "Rio Grande River" and "Lake Victoria Nyanza."

We do not overlook the "law of hybrid composition," as it is sometimes called, which accounts for the frequent duplications of meanings in well-established geographical names. The theory is that—

> when the same territory has been subject to the successive occupancy of nations speaking different languages, or different dialects of the same language, the earliest settlers called the river, on whose banks they dwelt, by a word signifying in their own language "the water," or "the river." As language changed through conquest, or in the lapse of ages, this word was taken for a proper name, and another word for "river" or "water" was superadded. This process of superimposition may have been repeated again and again by successive tribes, and thus ultimately may have been formed the strange aggregations of synonymous syllables which we find in so many river names.
>
> . . . In the name of *Brindon Hill*, in Somersetshire, we have first the Cymric *bryn*, a hill. To this was added *dun*, a Saxonized Celtic word, nearly synonymous with *bryn;* and the English word *hill* was added when neither *bryn* nor *dun* were any longer significant words. . . .

[1] The *Glossary of Geographical and Topographical Terms* by Alexander Knox (Edward Stanford, London), contains several thousand words commonly found in geographical names, in European, Asiatic, African, and other languages and dialects, alphabetically arranged, and indicates the language and the meaning of each term. *Stielers Hand-Atlas* contains a large table of similar terms, arranged in parallel columns, one of which is in English. In the *Atlante Internazionale del Touring Club Italiano* (Italian Touring Club Atlas) the back of each map sheet carries a very useful list of generic terms, in the language or languages of the regions covered, translated into Italian, the utility of which is by no means limited to those who read Italian. *The Story Key to Geographic Names* by O. D. von Engeln and Jane McKelway Urquhart (D. Appleton and Co., New York), gives in text form the derivation and meaning of many geographical names, and contains an alphabetical index.

> Trajan's bridge, over the Tagus, is called the *La Puente de Alcantara* . . . *Al Cantara* means "the bridge" in Arabic, and *La Puente* means precisely the same thing in Spanish. In the case of the city of *Nagpoor* [Nagpur, in India] we have *nagara*, a city, and *pura*, a city.
>
> —Isaac Taylor: *Words and Places*, 4th ed., 1873, pp. 140–142.

The growth of names by accretion in the past, however, does not justify duplication of names to-day, in forms such as "Hwang-ho River" and "Lake Victoria Nyanza." In the nature of the case, the day of such growth is nearly past.

(5) COMMON NOUNS

It will now be readily appreciated that the question of the transliteration of common nouns meaning "mountain," "river," "cape," etc., presents special difficulty. This is particularly true in a region which is divided among two or more European powers, but in which a single native language prevails.

North Africa and the Near East, in which Arabic is the native language, furnishes the best example. Thus, the Arabic noun for "mountain" is *jebel* (English transliteration). Accordingly, *Jebel Harir*, near Aden, is so spelled in English. The French transliteration *djebel*, and the Italian transliteration *gebel*, represent the same Arabic sounds as the English *jebel*. In Egypt, however, the official romanization is *gebel*, but it represents a different pronunciation of the same Arabic characters which is prevalent in Egypt, the *g* being pronounced hard as in *get*.

In choosing a rule to be followed with reference to such common nouns as *jebel* (mountain) and *wadi* (watercourse, dry in summer) the choice is frequently between (1) transliterating the common noun uniformly into English, and (2) accepting the transliteration in the language of the governing country. The first alternative would result in mixed transliteration such as *Jebel Ouenza*, in which *Jebel* is English and *Ouenza* is French. (According to Geographic Board rules, as explained later, a proper name such as *Ouenza* in French territory would be spelled in the French transliteration, instead of being retransliterated into English as *Wenza*.) The second alternative results in a variety of spellings for the same Arabic word, as *jebel*, *djebel*, and *gebel*.

The Geographic Board prefers the second of the two alternatives—namely, spelling both the common and the proper nouns according to the usage of the governing country—rather than introducing uniformity in common nouns which would result in discordant combinations. According to this rule, *Jebel Harir* (English), *Djebel Ouenza* (French), and *Gebel Nefusa* (Italian), should be spelled as here indicated, in preference to using the English form *jebel* in all instances.

(6) HYPHENATION

In dividing a foreign geographical name at the end of a line, the hyphen should always be placed between syllables in accordance with proper usage in the language concerned, rather than in accordance with rules applying to English words. Therefore no general rule can be given which is applicable to all foreign languages. One general caution may be given: Never divide vowels which are inseparable in a foreign language (e. g., *oe* and *aoe* in Dutch), or combinations of consonants which are regarded as a simple consonant in the language concerned (e. g., *ch*, *ll*, and *rr*, all three of which are independently alphabetized in Spanish), or combinations of English consonants required in transliterating a single character in a foreign language (e. g., *shch*—pronounced as in *parish church*—for the Russian Щ). Thus *Taoe-noe-sa*, *Ca-llao*, *Bla-go-ve-shchensk*, *Kilima-njaro*, *Tanga-nyika*.

An understanding of the characteristics of certain sounds and their occurrence in syllables in foreign languages will enable one to appreciate, for instance, that *Tokyo* is so spelled rather than *Tokio*, because in Japanese *kyo* (and likewise *kyu*) occurs as a single and indivisible syllable. *To-kyo*, *Kyo-to*, *Kyu-shu*, for example, are pronounced as words of two rather than three syllables.

(7) HYBRID SPELLINGS

In a number of instances spellings of foreign geographical names have gained wide currency which are an objectionable combination of the spellings in two languages. For example, the official Dutch spelling of a Malay name in Java, *Soerabaja*, is properly transliterated into English sound equivalents as *Surabaya* (pronounced Sōō-rah-bah′yah). Such composite spellings as *Soerabaya* are unjustifiable, and they should be avoided.

Similarly, the half-Spanish, half-Portuguese form, *San Paulo*, which is occasionally used for São Paulo (in Brazil), should be avoided.

(8) ADJECTIVE AND SUBSTANTIVE FORMS

The relation of the English adjective and substantive forms, such as *Florentine*, *Neapolitan*, and *Viennese*, to conventional English forms and to the local official forms of the place names should not be overlooked. In some cases they are nearer to the conventional English names, but in others the reverse is true.

Florentine more closely resembles the French and conventional English *Florence* than the Italian *Firenze*, but it still more closely resembles the Latin *Florentia* from which it is derived. *Neapolitan*, on the other hand, is nearer to the Italian *Napoli* than to the French and conventional English *Naples*, but it is still nearer to the Greek *Neapolis* ("new city") to which all the later forms owe their origin.

The question of policy regarding the use of local official forms and conventional forms is discussed in preceding pages. The existence or nonexistence of an adjective or substantive form which more nearly resembles either the local form or the conventional English form, as the case may be, can hardly be urged, however, as a sufficient reason for a choice of the substantive form if a broad general policy is to be established.

(*c*) Practical Problems

(1) MAINTAINING HISTORICAL CONTINUITY

Many geographical names have long been known in English-speaking countries by names foreign to the language of the country concerned. Thus the Italian city known as *Roma* in Italian has long been known in English in the French form *Rome*. The Austrian city of *Wien* is likewise known to English-speaking peoples by the Italian name *Vienna*. The Polish city of *Lwów*, which was under Austrian rule for more than a century, is known in English-speaking countries by the German name *Lemberg*. Similarly, the Baltic port city in Latvia, in former Russian territory, has been known in English by the German name *Libau*, rather than by the Lettish name *Liepaja*, or the Russian name *Libava*. Several important cities in Germany are known in English-speaking countries by their French names, for example *Cologne* for *Köln*, *Munich* for *München*. Other names have a distinctly English form, such as *The Hague* for the Dutch name *'s Gravenhage*. Names long in use have been officially changed since the World War for example, *Kristiania* (*Christiania*) in Norway, to *Oslo*, and *Revel*, in Estonia, to *Tallinn*.

Such forms as *Naples*, *Vienna*, *Lemberg*, and *Cologne* will not quickly disappear from English literature. They have their roots well in the past and will doubtless persist even though the local official forms (e. g., *Napoli*, *Wien*, *Lwów*, and *Köln*) may become much more commonly used.

(2) INSURING THE DELIVERY OF MAIL IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES

In addressing a letter to a foreign country, the letter is more certain to be delivered properly and promptly if the address is written *in the language of the country to which it is going.* The name of the *country*, however, may better be given in the *English form*, as it facilitates handling on the part of postal employees in the United States up to the time when it is loaded on to the proper steamer. A letter addressed to Livorno, Italy, may be more promptly delivered than one addressed to Leghorn, just as a letter addressed

in Italy to Salt Lake City, Utah, is likely to be delivered more speedily than one addressed to Città del Lago Salato.

(3) TRADE AND BUSINESS CONSIDERATIONS

The use of the local official forms of geographic names on letters and publications intended for use in foreign countries creates a good impression, which is favorable to the transaction of business. When an American banking firm finds it worth while to publish for distribution in England and Canada an edition of a report differing from the American edition in the substitution of typical English spellings such as *cheque*, *labour*, and *specialise*, simply in order to create a better impression upon the recipient, one may appreciate the practical business consideration of using such local official names as *Napoli* and *Wien* on letters and in publications intended for foreign readers.

(4) SIMPLICITY AND UNIFORMITY AS DESIDERATA

It would appear desirable always to use a single name for a given city, but the fact is that many important foreign cities have long been known by different names in different countries and that a certain degree of confusion will continue—at least until the public can be educated to the equivalence of different names.

An extensive correspondence conducted by the Committee on Foreign Geographic Names appointed by the United States Geographic Board reveals a marked tendency on the part of publishing houses and business firms to use the local official forms rather than the English conventional forms of geographical names. The person unacquainted with the practical considerations for using the local names, baffled perhaps by the occasional occurrence of some form which is new to him (e. g., *Livorno*), may plead in the interest of simplicity and uniformity for using nothing but the conventional forms where such exist. On the other hand, the person interested in practical trade considerations, reasoning also in behalf of simplicity and uniformity, may propose dropping altogether, as soon as possible, the familiar forms, such as *Naples* and *Vienna*, and adopting the official forms such as *Napoli* and *Wien*.

(5) USAGE OF INTERNATIONAL ATLASES, ETC.

Several foreign atlases which have long been published for sale and use in other countries have maintained a policy of spelling the names of cities, provinces, rivers, etc., in countries foreign to the country of publication exactly as spelled in the language of the country concerned. Only the names of countries have regularly appeared in the language of the country in which the atlas was published.

Thus in a German atlas, although *Vereinigte Staaten* appears instead of *United States*, the names *New York*, *St. Louis*, *Lake Superior*, *Rocky Mountains*, *New Mexico*, etc., are spelled in English because it is the official language of the United States. The same is true of a recent Italian atlas, in which *Stati Uniti* (*United States of America*) is given as the name of the country, although State and local names are given in the American form, even to spelling out the word "river."

Some of the largest American publishers of maps and atlases have in recent years adopted this same policy, and it now promises to become the almost universal practice of the countries in which the Latin alphabet is employed.

(6) THE CHOICE BETWEEN ALTERNATIVE FORMS

In the next succeeding section it is indicated (on p. 37) that where there is a conventional English name which differs from the local official form, the decisions of the Geographic Board give both forms. In such instances the board does not undertake to indicate a preference for either the local official form or the conventional English form, and it can give no better general suggestion than to say "The choice of the form of the name should be made with proper regard for the purposes for which the particular publication is intended."[1]

In some instances it is suggested that it may be found desirable—in connection with a particular publication, in making up a mailing list, etc.—to adopt a preference for the local official forms in one country, and for the conventional English forms in another. The practical considerations in favor of using, for the city in Germany, the German name *Köln* rather than the French name *Cologne*, for example, may be greater than those in favor of using, for the city in the Irish Free State, the Gaelic name *Baile Atha Cliath* rather than the more familiar name *Dublin* (which is also of Celtic origin).

3. POLICY ADOPTED BY THE UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

(*a*) Outline of Policy

The United States Geographic Board, while officially concerned only with rendering decisions to be followed by the departments and establishments of the Federal Government, is aware of the fact that its published decisions and policies inevitably receive attention from the general public—publishing houses, business concerns, and individuals. Desiring to make its decisions useful to the largest possible number, and acceptable both to scholars and business men, the board

[1] See also the note following Rule 3, on p. 48.

finds it necessary, in some instances, to indicate, not a single form as correct and proper, but two alternative forms, the choice depending upon the context and the nature of the publication in which it is to be employed. It is impossible, for instance, for the board to say either, use *Vienna* but not *Wien*, or use *Wien* but not *Vienna*, because either is correct, and the choice should be made to conform to the requirements of the occasion.

The Geographic Board has adopted six rules for the spelling of foreign geographical names (see pp. 47–49). Briefly, these rules state that the several types or forms of names are to be employed as follows:

(1) *Conventional English names:* For "countries" (Rule 1); for international geographic features in certain instances (Rule 2); and, alternatively, for certain local names (Rules 3 and 6).

(2) *Local official names:* For local names in countries in which a Latin alphabet is used (Rule 3), including the use of accents and diacritical marks (Rule 4).

(3) *Transliteration* of non-Latin alphabet names: (*a*) According to official transliteration where such is provided (Rule 5); or (*b*) according to a letter-for-letter transliteration scheme where an official transliteration is not provided (Rule 6).

Where the use of both a conventional English form and the local form is authorized, there remains for the board the minor question as to which form shall be placed first in its published list of decisions. For example, should the entry read *Wien* (*Vienna*) with a cross reference under *Vienna*, or *Vienna* (*Wien*) with a cross reference under *Wien?*

With reference to this question of the *order* of the names, it may be noted in favor of placing the conventional forms first that the majority of those who use the publication know the conventional name of a foreign city or province, and therefore where to look for the main entry. In favor of placing the local or official form first it may be stated that no other form exists in the majority of cases and that, therefore, it is a simpler procedure to place all main entries under the local official forms. Also, that people who see such a name as *Wien* upon a map of a foreign country, or on a foreign letterhead, or in a foreign statistical publication, and who do not know that *Wien* is the official German name of the city which we commonly call *Vienna*, will find the information in which they are interested under the name which puzzles them, rather than having to look for it after finding a cross reference.

The consensus of opinion of the publishing houses, business concerns, and individual geographers to whom the committee has written being in favor of the policy of *placing the local official form first* (followed in parentheses by the conventional form where such exists),

the Geographic Board has adopted that policy in preparing its lists of decisions. This applies, of course, only in those instances in which both a local official form and a conventional English form are given, and does not apply to the names of countries, of international geographic features, etc., for which only the conventional English form is given.

There are, however, a number of regional names which it has seemed necessary to treat in a somewhat exceptional manner—more as if they were the names of "major territorial divisions, such as countries, self-governing dominions, colonies, and protectorates" than as if they were subdivisions of the country to which they now belong. Instead of giving only the conventional English name in boldface, as for names of "countries," the local official name has been added in boldface type, because such names partake somewhat in character both of "major territorial divisions" (conventional English, by Rule 1, p. 47), and "local geographic names" (choice between local official and conventional English names, by Rule 3, p. 48). It has seemed appropriate, however, to depart from the usual form of entry. For example, in listing the decision on the region of which the conventional English name is "Croatia," and of which the local official (Croatian) name is "Hrvatska," the entry reads "Croatia or Hrvatska."

(*b*) Differences between the Policies of the United States Geographic Board and the P. C. G. N.

The majority of the decisions of the United States Geographic Board relate to the United States and its possessions, and such decisions of the board are widely accepted by the general public in the United States, and by other governments. The decisions rendered by the Permanent Committee on Geographical Names for British Official Use (P. C. G. N.), on the other hand, relate wholly to foreign countries, and are much more numerous than those which the United States Geographic Board has had occasion to render concerning geographic names foreign to the United States and its possessions.

It is, of course, desirable to avoid the establishment of appreciably divergent practice in the English-speaking countries with reference to the spelling of foreign geographical names. The policy which has recently been adopted by the United States Geographic Board differs very little from that of the P. C. G. N., principally in two respects—one relating to the rules for spelling, and the other to the transliteration system—with a few additional differences in the transliteration of Russian.

The difference between the rules adopted by the two boards relates to the spelling of "native" names in the colonies and possessions of

European powers other than Great Britain. The P. C. G. N. rule is that such names shall be transliterated into English, e. g., that *Djibouti* be transliterated *Jibuti*. According to the United States Geographic Board Rule 3, "native" names, as well as names of European origin, in the colonies and possessions of European countries, are to be spelled in accordance with the official usage of the governing country—except that where a conventional English form has already become established, a choice is allowed between the two forms.

The difference with reference to the transliteration system relates to the use of *j* and *zh* in transliterating certain languages which do not employ the Latin alphabet, and is explained in footnotes 4 and 7 appended to the transliteration table, pages 70 and 71.

In the great majority of cases the forms of foreign geographic names preferred by the American and British boards agree. Where the decisions of the two boards differ, the difference is frequently due to the fact that the United States Geographic Board, in conformity with its rule number 3, desires to authorize the use of either the local official form or the conventional English form, and therefore finds it expedient to publish both forms together. However, the United States Geographic Board has, in some instances, rendered decisions with reference to foreign geographical names which have previously been covered by identical decisions of the P. C. G. N., and in the future will continue the practice, in order to make them more readily available in the United States. In order to avoid unnecessary duplication, and at the same time to utilize the excellent and more voluminous work of the P. C. G. N., the United States Geographic Board has adopted a rule of procedure [1] which provides that, in the absence of a specific decision on its own part, the decision of the P. C. G. N. is to be followed in certain cases.

(*c*) Policy with Reference to Certain Languages

There are several languages and alphabets which present special problems. The more important of these are treated briefly below. In all cases there are general policies of the Board which underlie the practice which is followed.

Transliteration not for retransliteration.—One of these general policies relates to transliteration. There are two alternatives in transliterating from one alphabet to another: (1) to transliterate in such a way that it is possible to retransliterate into the original language; and (2) to transliterate with disregard for the possibility of retransliterating into the original. To take Russian as an example, there are 31 letters in the Russian alphabet as it is now written, and until recently there were 36. If the first alternative were fol-

[1] See the rule of procedure to be followed in absence of a published decision, pp. 49–51.

lowed, so that when a Russian word had been transliterated into English one might retransliterate back into Russian in the original spelling, it would require a separate English letter, or a distinctive combination of letters, for each of the Russian characters. This would involve the introduction of letters or characters in the English alphabet especially designed for transliterating Russian. There are, for example, 3 Russian letters (formerly 5) with sound values approximating that of the English letter "i," and if retransliteration were made possible it would of course require a separate letter (possibly differentiated by diacritical marks) for each of these characters. Such practice would be of little use except to individuals who themselves read Russian readily, while it would confuse and annoy the great majority of persons who tried to read the transliteration.

The general rule for transliterating into English—which is followed, for example, not only by the United States Geographic Board and the P. C. G. N., but also by practically all publishers of atlases and gazetteers—is to use only the letters of the English alphabet and combinations thereof which are logical and distinctive, and not to attempt to make it possible to retransliterate from English into the original language. The same sort of procedure is generally followed in transliterating from any language to another language, for example, from Bulgarian to German, or from English to Greek.

Use of accents and diacritical marks.—A second general rule of the Geographic Board is to avoid the use of accents and diacritical marks in transliterating from a non-Latin alphabet into English—in the absence of an official transliteration. This rule may be regarded as a corollary of the rule which is explained in the preceding paragraphs, since the principal advantage to be gained by using diacritical marks would be to facilitate retransliteration into the original language. Where a government provides an *official transliteration* into Latin characters, as in the case of Egypt, the Geographic Board follows the official transliteration, including the use of diacritical marks. In other words, official transliterations into a Latin alphabet are followed exactly as if they constituted the sole alphabet of the country concerned. (See pp. 29–30 for discussion of the use of accents and diacritical marks in Latin alphabets.)

In the succeeding sections relating to certain languages, reference is made to the use of diacritical marks in transliterating Greek, and to their omission in the romanization of Japanese.

(1) RUSSIAN

The table for transliteration from Russian, adopted and followed by the Geographic Board, is given below. In the decisions of the board a letter-for-letter transliteration in accordance with this table is given first, followed by the conventional English form (in paren-

theses) wherever such form is recognized by good usage; both forms are shown in boldface type.

For Russian names for which a board decision is lacking, an English form may be transcribed direct from the Russian characters with the aid of this transliteration table.

RUSSIAN TRANSLITERATION TABLE [1]

	Russian		English		Russian		English
1	А	а	a	18	Р	р	r
2	Б	б	b	19	С	с	s
3	В	в	v	20	Т	т	t
4	Г	г	g	21	У	у	u
5	Д	д	d	22	Ф	ф	f
6	Е	е	e [2]	23	Х	х	kh
	Ё	ё	e	24	Ц	ц	ts
7	Ж	ж	zh [3]	25	Ч	ч	ch
8	З	з	z	26	Ш	ш	sh
9	И	и	i	27	Щ	щ	shch
10	І	і [4]	i	28	Ъ	ъ [5]	omit
11	Й	й	i Omit after ы, и, or i, at the end of a word.	29	Ы	ы	y [6]
				30	Ь	ь	omit
12	К	к	k	31	Ѣ	ѣ [7]	e
13	Л	л	l	32	Э	э	e
14	М	м	m	33	Ю	ю	yu
15	Н	н	n	34	Я	я	ya
16	О	о	o	35	Ѳ	ѳ [8]	f
17	П	п	p	36	Ѵ	ѵ [9]	i

[1] For the Russian script characters (frequently used on Russian maps) and notes on the pronunciation of Russian, see "Alphabets of Foreign Languages." (cited above, p. 29), Russian table, pp. 37–39.

[2] "Ye" at the beginning of a word, in the R. G. S. II table.

[3] "J" in the R. G. S. II table—"pronounced as *zh* or French *j*." See *post*, p. 42, and the general transliteration table and footnotes 4 and 7 thereto, pp. 70 and 71.

[4] Recently abolished, and replaced by **и**.

[5] Recently abolished.

[6] "I" in the R. G. S. II table—" 'hard,' almost a guttural ŏi."

[7] Recently abolished, and replaced by "e"; "ye" in the R. G. S. II table.

[8] Recently abolished, and replaced by ф.

[9] Very rare; recently abolished.

Although in the transliteration of Russian geographic names which are of non-Slavic origin, departures are frequently made from strict transliteration of the Russian spellings,[1] the Geographic Board has followed its transliteration table without exception, thus applying the system uniformly throughout the U.S.S.R.

[1] It is frequently indicated (in tables for the transliteration of Russian) that Russian forms of non-Slavic names are not to be transliterated strictly in accordance with the transliteration table (those of western European origin being most generally so treated), but are to be given in their original form, or transliterated direct from the alphabet of the language to which they belong. It is very difficult to ascertain when such exceptions are called for, however, and the Geographic Board has not made them. When such transliterations result in unfamiliar forms, the conventional English forms are given (in parentheses) in boldface type.

For notes on the transcription of non-Slavic names in Russian, see "Alphabets of Foreign Languages" (cited above), Russian table, pp. 37–39.

For the Russian дж the Geographic Board sanctions the use of either "dzh" or "j,"[1] and for the Russian кс[2] either "ks" or "x." As conforming to the "local official" forms, the spellings with the letter-for-letter transliterations ("dzh" and "ks") are given first. The spellings with "j" and "x" respectively conform to the "conventional English" forms, and follow (in parentheses). This policy applies to recently adopted Russian geographic names, for which there is as yet no established conventional English form—for example, Gandzha (Ganja).

If at some future date a Latin alphabet is adopted which replaces the Cyrillic alphabet, or if a system of romanized spellings is placed on a basis of official equality with those in the Cyrillic alphabet,[3] the transliteration table given above will, in all probability, require revision. For the present, at least, it should serve a useful purpose, because of its simplicity in application and its adaptation to the somewhat simplified Cyrillic alphabet which is now in use.

The Geographic Board differs from the P. C. G. N. in the transliteration of Russian in certain particulars.[4] These differences relate to the Russian char-

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[1] The Geographic Board differs from the P. C. G. N. in the transliteration of certain non-Latin alphabets (Russian, Bulgarian, and Chinese) in restricting the use of "j" to the sound of the English *j*. In the R. G. S. II System, since *j* is employed in the transliteration of the Russian ж, it is necessary to use "dj" for the Russian дж.

[2] A single letter in one alphabet frequently represents a sound, or a combination of sounds, for which there is no equivalent single letter in another alphabet, and which must therefore be represented by two or more letters as illustrated below:

Russian	English	Russian	English
(1) ж	zh (in azure)	(5) щ	shch
(2) ц	ts	(6) дж	j (= dzh)
(3) ч	ch (in chair)	(7) кс	x (= ks)
(4) ш	sh (in ship)		

In transcribing Russian into the English alphabet there is no alternative, in the first four examples, to the use of two letters, and in the fifth example to the use of four letters. A general problem arises as to the extent to which, conversely, a single English letter may be used in representing a sound which in another language is represented by two or more letters—except when it is philologically unsound to do so, as when the letters belong to different syllables.

In common practice the single English letter is frequently so employed—for example, "x" for Russian кс in Alexandrov, Alexandropol, and Alexin.

Generally, the two-letter combinations do not occur in Russian except in words of non-Slavic origin. Thus the "j" sound is found in Russia principally in names of Tatar and Turki origin, such as Джанкой (Jankoi or Dzhankoi, a Tatar name in the Crimea) and Джаркентъ (Jarkent or Dzharkent, a Turki name in Russian central Asia). The equivalence of дж and "j" is evident from the fact that they are used in Russian and English, respectively, in transliterating words foreign to both languages, e. g., Jidda (Arabic), Jask (Persian), Rajputana (Hindi, in India), and Kulja (Turki, in Chinese territory).

[3] Tables have recently been adopted in the U. S. S. R. for transliteration of several languages of the Soviet Union into the Latin alphabet, but none has been adopted for "Great Russian" or any of the more closely related languages. The Geographical Society of the U. S. S. R. is understood to be engaged in the preparation of such a table, which may sometime, perhaps, obtain an official status.

[4] The Russian е is invariably transliterated "e" by the Geographic Board, for the sake of uniformity and simplicity, and because even when it is the first letter of a Russian name it is frequently transliterated "E," instead of "Ye" as called for by the R. G. S. II table.

The Russian Ѣ has been abolished, and has been replaced by e in current publications; it is therefore desirable to regard the Ѣ (wherever it is still found) as having been replaced by e, and to transliterate it "e," instead of "ye" as has heretofore been customary.

The Russian ы has been transliterated "y" instead of "i" because its sound is quite different from that of the other letters which are transliterated by "i," and because "y" is so widely used in this connection.

The footnotes to the table sufficiently explain the other differences between the practice of the Geographic Board and the P. C. G. N. in the transliteration of Russian.

acters e (at the beginning of a word), ж, й (only with reference to the occasions when it is omitted in transliteration), ы, and ъ—Nos. 6, 7, 11, 29, and 31 in the table which is reproduced above.

(2) GREEK

"The transliteration of Greek presents peculiar difficulties owing to the conventional forms that have been established by familiarity with the ancient language."[1] For the sake of maintaining these conventions the R. G. S. II table for the transliteration of Greek departs in a number of particulars from the general transliteration table (which is reproduced on pp. 69–72 with minor modifications).

In the transliteration of the "local official" Greek names, the United States Geographic Board employs the table for the transliteration of Greek which has been published by the P. C. G. N.[2] This includes the use of the macron over the letter "e" [ē] in transliterating "η," to differentiate it from the unmodified "e" which is used in transliterating the Greek "ε". The macron is not to be confused with a pronunciation symbol. The "η," transliterated "ē," is believed to have been pronounced in ancient Greek like the diphthong "ei" in "eight," but in modern Greek it is like "e" in "be" or "seal."

(3) TURKISH

The Government of Turkey adopted in 1928 a new Turkish alphabet, in Latin characters, consisting of 28 letters. It differs from the English alphabet in that it omits *q*, *w*, and *x*, and adds the consonants *ç* and *ş* and the vowels *ı* (without a dot), *ö*, and *ü*. The forms *ğ*, *â*, *î*, and *û* are also employed but are not considered as separate letters of the alphabet.[3] Since the new alphabet is in Latin characters (with several modified letters), in reality no transliteration problem arises. The United States Geographic Board uses the new Turkish alphabet with all its accents and diacritical marks in accordance with its general rule.

One or two letters of the new alphabet, however, call for special comment. As indicated above, there are two letters similar to the English "i," one with a dot (above the capital letter as well as above the small letter), and one without a dot (small letter as well as capital). The official Turkish names İstanbul (conventionally Constantinople) and İzmir (conventionally Smyrna) both have a dot over the capital "I."

Comment may be made on another letter of the new Turkish alphabet. The letter *c* in the new alphabet is the equivalent of the English *j*.

[1] "Alphabets of Foreign Languages" p. 51. See *ante*, page 29.
[2] Ibid., pp. 52–54.
[3] See "The New Orthography in Turkey," by J. H. Reynolds, secretary of the P. C. G. N., in the Geographical Journal, vol. 74 (1929), pp. 72–74.

The related voiceless sound of the English *ch* is written *ç* in the new Turkish alphabet. As an example of the change which is occasioned by the introduction of these new characters, the familiar spelling "Chatalja" becomes "Çatalca" in the new orthography.

(4) JAPANESE

In Japan there are two systems of transcribing the Japanese language into roman characters, namely, the Hepburn system and the system recently devised by the Nippon Romazikwai (Roman Letter Association of Japan).[1] Until a few years ago the Hepburn system was the only one in general use, both in Japan and in other countries, and it continues to be generally used to-day, by certain of the departments of the Japanese Government (including some which publish maps), by the railways, post offices, and newspapers in Japan, and in diplomatic circles. The Nippon Romazikwai system, however, is also used by certain of the departments of the Japanese Government (including some which publish maps).

The Geographic Board, in the numerous cases in which the two Japanese systems differ, has selected the Hepburn system of spelling, and has not adopted the Nippon Romazikwai spelling as an alternative spelling in local usage. The Nippon Romazikwai spelling is given, however, in the text accompanying the decision (not in boldface type), and is alphabetically cross-referenced.

It is not claimed for the Nippon Romazikwai system that the spellings indicate the pronunciation more accurately. The differences between the two systems, which relate to 15 out of a total number of Japanese syllables variously estimated from 47 to 72, are given below. It may be noted that a difference in the initial letter is involved in 9 of the 15 syllables and sometimes in a tenth (dzu).

Hepburn	Nippon Romazikwai system	Hepburn	Nippon Romazikwai system
cha	tya	jo	zyo or dyo
chi	ti	ju	zyu or dyu
cho	tyo	sha	sya
chu	tyu	shi	si
dzu	zu or du	sho	syo
fu	hu	shu	syu
ja	zya or dya	tsu	tu
ji	zi or di		

There is also the syllable *zu* which, although not found in Hepburn's dictionary, has long been widely used, which is written *du* by the Nippon Romazikwai.

In addition to the differences of spelling, there is a difference in the accent mark, the Nippon Romazikwai using the circumflex [^] where the Hepburn system uses the macron [¯]. In the decisions

[1] See the article on "The Official Romanization of Japanese," by J. H. Reynolds, secretary of the P. C. G. N., in the Geographical Journal, vol. 72 (1928), pp. 360–362.

of the Geographic Board these diacritical marks have been omitted from Japanese geographic names.

The extent of the differences in the two systems may be appreciated from the following examples taken, respectively, from the Hepburn and the Nippon Romazikwai systems: Fukui, Hukui; Himeji, Himedi; Jinsen, Zinsen; Shimizu, Simidu; and Tōkyō, Tôkyô.

(*d*) Spellings Selected in the Board's Decisions

For the majority of foreign geographic names there is only one spelling, which is used not only in the country itself but in foreign countries. This is not true, however, for a comparatively small but relatively important group of names where, in addition to the name in the language of the country itself, commonly known as the "local official" name, there is a different conventional name or spelling in English, French, German, etc.

In some countries, however, the spelling of geographic names has not crystallized; in several countries, in fact, the alphabet itself is undergoing change, usually in the direction of simplification by the elimination of certain letters or combinations of letters. Furthermore, the official publications of bilingual or polylingual countries do not always indicate a preference for a single form. As has been stated above (p. 44), there are at present in Japan two systems of romanization, which are equally official, some departments of the Japanese Government using one, other departments using the other. In some countries, e. g., Albania, there are variations in the endings of a name to signify the definite article and the indefinite article.

It is therefore sometimes necessary for the Geographic Board to choose between two or more forms in the language of the country concerned, and in such cases the board usually selects a single spelling for the authorized local official form.

Where there is a conventional English name differing from the local official name there is, not infrequently, variation in English usage. In such instances the board selects a single spelling which is believed to conform to the most widely accepted or the most clearly justifiable usage.

Because of these considerations, therefore, the Geographic Board, in its decisions relating to foreign geographic names, usually indicates (in boldface type) either a single spelling, or a choice between a single local official form and a single conventional English form.

(*e*) Pronunciations Indicated in the Board's Decisions

In indicating the pronunciation of foreign geographic names the policy of the board is to indicate the pronunciation as accurately as possible in those cases in which the sounds are not radically unlike

those of English. In other cases an attempt is made to indicate only the approximate pronunciation of unfamiliar sounds.

The pronunciation key on page 72 conforms very closely to the system with which the majority of Americans are believed to be familiar. In the opinion of the board, to use a more specific key for the sake of indicating greater accuracy in pronunciation of sounds essentially different from those of the English language would appear to be pedantic, and would be much less useful to the majority of persons who use the board's reports.

In the case of Spanish and Portuguese names, however, especially in the Latin-American countries, an effort has been made both to ascertain the local pronunciation, from those who have long resided in the areas concerned, and to represent the local pronunciation as accurately as is possible by means of the pronunciation key which the board has adopted.

(*f*) Alphabetical Position of Letters Modified by Diacritical Marks

It has already been pointed out in the section on "Accents and Diacritical Marks" (p. 29) that in several of the alphabets which are derived from the Latin alphabet, the letters which are modified by diacritical marks are alphabetized separately. For example, in Swedish, although *a* and *o* have the same positions in the alphabet as in English, the letters *å*, *ä*, and *ö* all follow the letter *z* at the end of the alphabet. Likewise, *ć*, *č*, *š*, and *ž* in Croatian, *ñ* in Spanish, and numerous similar letters in other languages, are alphabetized independently of the unmodified letters. In Spanish the digraphs *ch*, *ll*, and *rr* are alphabetized independently of *c*, *l*, and *r*, respectively; similarly the Croatian digraphs *dž*, *lj*, and *nj* are alphabetized independently; other pairs of letters are regarded as single letters in various alphabets.

In using alphabetical lists of geographical names published in the language of a foreign country, therefore, such as postal guides and indexes of national atlases, one should know the alphabetical positions of the letters which are modified by diacritical marks, and of the pairs of letters which are regarded as single letters. But in international lists of geographical names, such as the International Postal Guide and the indexes of "international" atlases, the custom is to alphabetize all letters according to the alphabetical rules of the language of the country in which the publication is issued.

The alphabetization of names in the list prepared by the United States Geographic Board accords with that of other international lists. Therefore, *å*, *ä* and other modifications of *a* are all merged with the unmodified *a*, although the diacritical marks are shown

exactly as found in the language of the countries concerned. Similarly, foreign digraphs such as *ch*, *cs*, and *cz* are not treated as digraphs, but are alphabetized under the first letter in what would be their normal English alphabetical positions.

(*g*) New Decisions Supersede all Previous Decisions

The decisions of the United States Geographic Board which appear in this report supersede all previous decisions of the board with reference to foreign geographical names. Many of the decisions which are published in the fifth report of the United States Geographic Board (1921) were rendered before the World War and do not take account of the political changes since 1918. Some of them require revision only in the definition and description of the term, others in the spelling itself.

The present report, however, is intended to cover all of the previous decisions relating to foreign names, except a few which were of only temporary importance at the time of their adoption. It includes in addition many foreign geographic names which have not been covered by previous decisions of the board. It is for these reasons that all previous decisions with reference to foreign geographical names are to be regarded as canceled, being superseded by this report and by future decisions of the United States Geographic Board.

4. RULES FOR THE SPELLING OF FOREIGN GEOGRAPHIC NAMES, FOR OFFICIAL USE IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Adopted by the United States Geographic Board, May 1, 1929; Revised December 7, 1931

1. The names of major territorial divisions, such as countries, self-governing dominions, colonies, and protectorates, shall regularly be spelled in accordance with conventional English usage. It is permissible for the departments of the Government, however, to use the local official name (in the language of the country concerned) when such practice is clearly preferable.

Examples: The regular practice is to use Germany, *not* Deutschland; Finland, *not* Suomi. The name of a foreign country, in the language of the country itself, is *not* found in boldface type in the decisions of the board, but in the body of the paragraph which follows, where it is indicated, for example, with reference to the country which we commonly call Finland, that the Finnish name is Suomi. As is implied in the rule, however, it is permissible to use the local official name, when such practice is clearly preferable, exactly as if the name were printed in boldface type.

2. The names of geographic features (rivers, mountains, deserts, lakes, etc.) common to two or more major territorial divisions in which the official languages are different, shall be spelled in accord-

ance with conventional English usage,[1] but the local official form employed within a given country may be used parenthetically wherever it seems desirable.

Example: The Danube, known as the Donau in Germany, as the Dunav in Bulgaria, etc., may be written as follows: Danube River; Danube (Donau) River; Danube (Dunav) River; etc.

3. Local geographic names in each country, dominion, colony, protectorate, or possession, in which a Latin alphabet[2] is habitually or alternatively used, shall be spelled in accordance with local official usage;[3] except that in cases where there is a conventional English form which differs from the official name,[4] the departments of the Government may use either or both forms which are printed in boldface type in the decisions of the United States Geographic Board; if both forms are used together, either may be placed first, the other following in parentheses.

NOTE.—Where the conventional English form—sometimes a transliteration—differs from the local official form, the trend both in the United States and abroad is toward the adoption of the local official forms and the more restricted use of the conventional English forms of foreign geographic names. In accordance with Rule 3 each department of the Government has the option of determining whether it shall adopt a standard practice with reference to all of its publications (using either the local official form or the conventional English form), or whether, with reference to each publication, the choice of the form of the name shall be made with due regard for the purposes for which the particular publication is intended. In the published decisions of the United States Geographic Board, for convenience of reference, the local official form is regularly given first, followed in parentheses ( ) by the conventional English form, e. g., "Wien (Vienna)."

Examples: Firenze is the name by which a city in Italy is regularly and officially known in Italy; the conventional English name is Florence. According to this rule the city may be indicated in any of the four following ways: Firenze; Florence; Firenze (Florence); or Florence (Firenze).

Ouagadougou—official name of a town in French West Africa—will be so spelled, rather than in the English transliterated form, Wagadugu which simply indicates to English-speaking people the approximate pronunciation.

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[1] The names of international geographical features common to countries in which the same language is spoken do not, however, raise the problem covered by Rule 2, and should be spelled in accordance with Rule 3 as if they were local rather than international names. The Sierra de Perijá may be cited as an example—the crest being followed by the Colombia-Venezuela boundary, and the official language in both countries being Spanish.

[2] Including Latin alphabets which have extra or modified letters; e. g., č ł, ä, in Croatian, Polish, and Swedish, respectively.

[3] According to this rule, all geographical names in colonies, protectorates, etc., shall be spelled in accordance with the official spelling of the governing country.

[4] For example, Vienna for Wien, Prague for Praha, and The Hague for 's Gravenhage

4. Accents and diacritical marks shall be retained in all local geographic names in which they are commonly employed in the accepted spellings—official, if any—in the language or languages of the country concerned.

Examples: Åbo, Alagôas, Cepões, Curaçao, Köln, Niš, Sète.

5. Geographic names in countries which have a non-Latin alphabet (e. g., Egypt) or no alphabet (e. g., China), but which provide an official transliteration into Latin characters (e. g., post or survey services), shall be spelled in accordance with such official transliteration.

Examples: Gîza; Qena; Anhwei; Yünnanfu.

6. Geographic names in countries which have a non-Latin alphabet (e. g., Greece) or no alphabet (e. g., Japan), but which do not provide an official transliteration into Latin characters, shall be spelled in accordance with the transliteration table adopted by the United States Geographic Board (pp. 69–72).[1] In case there is a conventional name which differs from that commonly employed in the country concerned, either the conventional name, or the transliteration of the name in local use, or both names, may be employed.

NOTE.—The transliteration table indicates the Latin-alphabet letters to be used in expressing the sound values in languages which come under this rule. The sounds represented by letters in the non-Latin alphabets may be obtained in the transliteration table for the language concerned (e. g., Greek) which is found in "Alphabets of Foreign Languages"; [2] this is to be followed in making a letter-for-letter transliteration (except that in the transliteration of Russian the table on p. 41 is to be used).

The note which follows Rule 3 applies equally to the alternative use of conventional English and local official names which are covered by Rule 6.

Examples: Isfahan (in Persia); Jidda (in Arabia).

PROCEDURE IN ABSENCE OF A PUBLISHED DECISION (FOR USE IN EDITING MS. AND CORRECTING PROOF)

The foregoing rules embody the broad principles by which the United States Geographic Board is governed in rendering its decisions concerning foreign geographic names—cities, provinces, rivers, mountains, etc. Furthermore these rules, in the absence of specific decisions by the United States Geographic Board, are to be

[1] This table is a slight modification of the transliteration system adopted by the Permanent Committee on Geographical Names for British Official Use generally known as the "R. G. S. II System"; see footnotes 4 [j] and 7 [zh], on pp. 70 and 71 respectively, for the differences in the two transliteration systems. See text preceding the transliteration table for explanation of how it is to be used.

[2] Published by the Royal Geographical Society, Kensington Gore, London, S. W. 7, price 7s. 6d.; may be obtained in the United States through Rand, McNally & Co., National Press Building, Washington, D. C., price $2.00.

followed by the departments and establishments of the Government, as their "standard authority,"[1] so far as available materials make it feasible to do so. If the Geographic Board has not yet rendered a decision with reference to a foreign geographic name, and if it is not clear what the spelling would be in accordance with the preceding six rules, in editing manuscript and correcting proof the rule of procedure given below should be followed.

In the absence of a decision by the board use the following authorities (and in case of doubt communicate with the secretary of the board):

For local official forms—(these are contained in the publications indicated below[2] which are to be used in the order given, the search to end when the name is found):

(1) National postal guide of country concerned (if available).[3]

(2) International postal guide (Dictionnaire des Bureaux de Poste, publié par le Bureau International de l'Union Postale Universelle),[4] *to be used only with reference to names of cities, towns, and provinces in countries which use a Latin alphabet* (caution to be exercised in using these names because the French form rather than the local official form is occasionally given);[5] *not* to be used with reference to names of cities, etc., in countries which do *not* use a Latin alphabet, since they are given in French rather than English form;[6] *not* to be used for names of countries, colonies, etc.[7]

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[1] The Executive order of September 4, 1890, creating the United States Geographic Board, contains the following paragraph: "To this board shall be referred all unsettled questions concerning geographic names which arise in the departments, and the decisions of the board are to be accepted by these departments as the standard authority in such matters"; see *ante*, p. v.

[2] See Geographic Board authorized list of available foreign publications containing local official names.

[3] Postal guides published in foreign countries may be purchased from G. E. Stechert & Co., 31 East Tenth Street, New York.

[4] May be purchased from G. E. Stechert & Co., 31 East Tenth Street, New York (price $4.50); supplements are issued from time to time.

[5] For countries which use a Latin alphabet, the names of provinces and other political divisions of a country, and the names of cities and towns, are *generally* given in the International Postal Guide in the language of the country.

[6] For example, suppose that it be desired to ascertain the correct English transliteration of the name of the Russian city which is spelled "Oufa" in the International Postal Guide. Suppose that no decision had been rendered by the United States Geographic Board. There being no official Russian postal guide, the International Postal Guide would be followed next in sequence if it were not for the fact that the Russian language is not written in a Latin alphabet. The International Postal Guide is to be followed for names in countries using non-Latin alphabets, however, only when the French and English transliterations coincide. Distinctly French forms (*ou, dj, tch,* etc.) which appear in the International Postal Guide in such instances should therefore be replaced by English equivalents (*u, j* or *dzh, ch,* etc.). Instead of using the French transliteration "Oufa," therefore, the anglicized form "Ufa" should be employed.

[7] The names of countries, colonies, etc., regardless of language or alphabet, are regularly given in French.

(3) Lists of names prepared by the Permanent Committee on Geographic Names for British Official Use (P. C. G. N.)[1]—the local official form is usually found in the body of the paragraph, *not* in boldface type at the beginning.

For conventional English forms:

Lists of names prepared by the P. C. G. N.[1]—the form in boldface type.

Whenever the decisions or the rules of the Geographic Board permit the use of either the local official or the conventional English form, the problem in editing manuscript and reading proof is not to choose between the two forms, but only to verify or correct the spelling of the particular form used by the originating office or department.

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[1] Published for the P. C. G. N. by the Royal Geographical Society, Kensington Gore, London, S. W. 7, price 6d. each; may be obtained in the United States from Rand, McNally & Co., National Press Building, Washington, D. C. (price, 15 cents each). Regional lists only (e. g., "Second General List of European Names," "First List of Names in Fiji") are issued from time to time by the P. C. G. N. These lists usually give the form of the name in the language or languages of the country, and occasionally also in other languages, notably French and German; in cases in which the language of the country is written in a non-Latin alphabet the name is given in non-Latin characters followed by a transliteration into Latin characters.

PART II

THE UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

I. HOW THE GEOGRAPHIC BOARD WORKS

1. HOW DECISIONS ARE MADE

Cases which come to the board for decision receive careful examination, first generally by the secretary who consults printed authorities such as mother maps, gazetteers, local histories, atlases, etc.

A study of all the early maps, and of subsequent maps taken at varying periods, furnishes much of the general data as to the derivation of the name, its changes in form, and the extent to which it has been used locally to designate a certain feature or group of features.

Maps often provide the only means of tracing chronologically the various changes in form and spelling. Not only do they usually antedate State and local gazetteers and histories, but for a number of States where such sources are either lacking or out of date they represent the best readily available means of determining the history of a name.

If the examination of maps shows also features or places with names somewhat similar to that under investigation, the scope of the study is extended to include such names.

Especial inquiry is made, usually through correspondence, to learn local usage, or predominant usage if two or more names are in use. Local usage is usually obtained from State geographic boards, or from local officials such as State, county, or town officers, postmasters, historical societies, and residents who are familiar with local conditions. This information derived from correspondence is often supplemented by the oral testimony of individuals having personal knowledge of the name under consideration. The information needful for deciding may be obtained quickly, or it may take months.

When this research work is completed the results are tabulated upon printed cards. These cards (usually prepared one for each place or feature), together with all correspondence, maps, and other informative data relating thereto, are then referred to the executive committee. The committee examines the card, and the correspondence, maps, and other evidence connected therewith, and each member records his preference by initialing on the card the name or spelling preferred by him. Thus there is a record vote of the executive committee. The finished cards thus initialed, with all papers, maps, etc., pertaining to them, are submitted to the board at its first regular meeting thereafter and considered one by one.

In order that it might dispose of the large number of cases which were frequently submitted by the executive committee it soon became the usual practice of the board to accept the judgment of the executive committee whenever it is unanimous and by acquiescence or unanimous consent to approve the committee's recommendation, thus eliminating a time-consuming vote on each name so recommended. Sometimes, however, the unanimous recommendation of the executive committee is questioned, and in such cases the member having special knowledge, or acting for a department or bureau having special interest, requests delay and further study, or a reference to an interested department or bureau, before reconsideration and final action by the board. When the members of the executive committee have not agreed unanimously in favor of a single name or form of name, a formal vote is taken and, a quorum being present, a majority vote decides.

Should the data submitted in support of any name recommended by the executive committee be considered inadequate, the board returns the case to the secretary or to the executive committee, or refers it to some especially qualified or interested member, for additional information.

The decision when reached is placed at the top of the card, in printed or typed form, and the card is stamped *Approved*, with the date of approval. This completes the case and the decision card is filed alphabetically and becomes the easily consulted record of the official name adopted by the board. The correspondence connected with each case, including petitions, maps, etc., if any, also are filed for future reference. A reduced copy of one of these cards is printed on the opposite page.

2. COOPERATION IN THE STUDY OF GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

(*a*) Advisory Committee

The study of geographic names impinges upon the fields of the geographer, the historian, the linguist, and the lexicographer. For this reason, the United States Geographic Board has, within recent months (1931), enlisted the cooperation of a number of individual geographers, historians, and lexicographers who are particularly competent to advise the board on certain matters of general principle and policy, relating both to domestic and foreign geographic names such as the preparation of a pronunciation table, and the style and form of the board's decisions which should prove most satisfactory to users of the board's reports. The advisory committee is an unofficial body whose members usually give their views in writing, for

UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

Adopted name: *Indian Wells*

Thing named: *Valley, in Kern, Inyo, and San Bernardino Counties, California.*

Approved June 2, 1920

Names	Authorities
Salt Wells Valley	*Wheeler Survey, sheet 65 (D) Expds. 1871 & 1876.*
" " "	*G. L. O. Map of Cal., 1891, 1900, 1907, 1918.*
" " "	*Death Valley Expd., Map 1891.*
" " "	*State mining bureau, Map of Cal., 1891, 1911.*
" " "	*Map of Cal., Whitaker & Ray, San F., 1895.*
Brown Valley	*G. S., Searles Lake sheet, 1915.*
" "	*Forest Service, Map of Sequoia Forest, 4 mi.=1 in., 1919.*
Indian Wells Valley	*Report on—Conservation Com., State of Cal., Rept., 1912.*
" *formerly called Salt Wells Valley.*	" " " " " " " , p. 404.
Indian Wells Valley	*G. S. Bull. 580, pp. 269–270, & Pl. VII, 1915.*
Inyo-Kern Valley	*Hearing Rec., Com. on Public Lands, H. R. 406, 66th Cong. 1st Sess., 1919, Water supply of Los Angeles, pp. 129, 130, 132, 133, 202.*
Local Usage	
Indian Wells Valley	*F. E. Smith, County Clerk, Kern Co., Bakersfield, Cal.*
" " "	*Howard N. Gill, Postmaster, Brown, Kern Co., Cal.*
" " "	*E. C. Siebenthal, Postmaster, Leliter, Kern Co., Cal.*
" " "	*F. H. Hill, Postmaster, Inyokern, Kern Co., Cal. (He prefers Inyokern.)*

Submitted by *U. S. G. S.*

Date *May 28, 1920*

This card prepared by *Jas. McCormick*

Recommendation of Executive Committee

Indian Wells	*FB*
" "	*CSS*
" "	*CHN*
" "	*JMcC*

consideration of the board, without coming together for meetings. The present membership is listed below:

ADVISORY COMMITTEE, UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

[June 30, 1932]

Mr. P. W. Carhart, Editor, Merriam-Webster Dictionaries, Springfield, Mass.

Dr. C. H. Grandgent, Professor of Romance Languages, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.

Mr. W. L. G. Joerg, Research Editor, American Geographical Society of New York, New York.

Dr. Wellington Jones, Professor of Geography, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

Dr. Edmond S. Meany, Professor of American History, University of Washington, Seattle, Wash.

Dr. C. Hart Merriam, Research Associate, Smithsonian Institution (E. H. Harriman Fund), and Trustee, National Geographic Society, Washington, D. C.

Dr. Edward Sapir, Professor of Anthropology and Linguistics, Yale University, New Haven, Conn.

Dr. Frank H. Vizetelly, Editor, Funk and Wagnalls New Standard Dictionary, New York, N. Y.

(*b*) Domestic Names [1]

Problems involved in the study of geographic names in the United States are nevertheless simpler on the whole than the problems connected with place-name study in the Old World. It would seem desirable, however, that studies of American place names be made somewhat analogous to the scholarly studies of the origin of geographic names in Great Britain which are being made and published by the English Place-Name Society, through voluntary assistance and support. In some of the Scandinavian countries the study of place names is being made with State support. It may be that, owing to the nature of the problem in the United States, and the volume of the work to be done, such studies may well be made, to a considerable degree by associations of historians, geographers, and other specialists.

State geographic boards.—Evidence of inestimable value to the geographer or specialist is being rapidly lost in the United States, especially that which must be obtained by word of mouth from early settlers in the West. Since the most effective and satisfactory study of geographic names is made in an application of general principles to intensive study of local names, and since the present local usage is of great importance in connection with making a decision concerning any geographic name, the United States Geographic Board has in recent years, as stated above, encouraged the creation of a State geographic board in each of the States of the United States.

[1] See pp. 15–16 on "Trends in adopting new names and in changing old names," and pp. 17–20 on "Criteria and standards of the United States Geographic Board in rendering decisions concerning domestic names."

These State boards are composed principally of historians, geologists, and other individuals who have been personally interested in the study of local place names. In States in which there is a geographic board which is functioning, the United States Geographic Board usually does not make a decision concerning a name within the State without first ascertaining the views of the State board.

In this way the study of place names in the United States is expedited and much valuable information acquired before it is too late. Without greatly increasing the work of the board, the volume of the decisions is appreciably increased, and the decisions become more adequate and authoritative. The national board can assist the State boards in developing the most effective method of study, and can correlate their activities. Names adopted by State boards, when they are adopted by the United States Geographic Board are brought together in a single alphabetical arrangement, with uniformity of style and form, and also, to a considerable degree, with equal standards of excellence.

Among the most useful activities of the State boards are the efforts being made to eliminate duplicate names where their proximity makes for confusion. How great a field this constitutes may be judged by noting that in the State of New York there are at least 71 ponds and lakes known by the name Mud and 60 by the name Little. Among the names given to mountains and peaks most commonly duplicated in California are Sugarloaf with 26 examples, Black with 21, and Bald with 18. In Wisconsin, for instance, there are 35 Long Lakes, 28 Bass Lakes, 27 Twin Lakes, 24 Round Lakes, 22 Pine Creeks, and 20 Hay Creeks. As typical of the work being done by the State boards in this direction there may be cited a complete list of names for natural features in Sawyer County, Wis., approved by the State board, in which the names of 9 lakes in that county, formerly known as Bass, have been changed to Ashegon, Blue Gill, Indian, Little Buck, Perch, Placid, Twenty-seven, Windigo, and Weirgor.

(c) Foreign Names

The United States Geographic Board has established cooperation and agreeable relations with the analogous committee in Great Britain, the Permanent Committee on Geographical Names for British Official Use. The "P. C. G. N.," as it is frequently called, has, since its organization in 1919,[1] devoted itself to the study of geographical names outside the British Isles, confined thus far within the Eastern Hemisphere. It has published a general transliteration table, and separate transliteration tables for more than 50 languages. The volume of its decisions relating to foreign geographical names is several

[1] See the Geog. Jour., vol. 57 (1921), pp. 35-43, for an account of the organization, etc., of the P. C. G. N.

times as great as the number of similar decisions which the United States Geographic Board has thus far rendered. The transliteration table adopted by the United States Geographic Board differs in only two minor particulars from that of the P. C. G. N., and the policies of the two boards as they relate to foreign geographical names are in general accord. The advantage of this cooperation is that divergent usage in the English-speaking countries is reduced practically to a minimum.

There is very close cooperation between this board and the Geographic board of Canada in matters of common interest. Where the feature to be named lies in the two countries, it is the practice for the board to suggest a name and spelling, forwarding at the same time a statement as to local usage, and as to the origin and history of the name. The naming of features along the international boundary between British Columbia, Yukon, and Alaska has been in recent years an important phase of the joint activities of the two boards.

The Canadian Board also serves as an authority to whom this board directs inquiries of a general nature, received from Governmental and private sources, relating to the geography and nomenclature of Canada.

II. HISTORY OF THE GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

1. BRIEF HISTORY OF THE BOARD

The United States Geographic Board owes its origin to the need of the departments and bureaus of the Federal Government for uniformity and authority in the naming of geographic features in the United States—on maps and charts, and in the text of reports and documents. Difficulties had been experienced because, in many instances, local usage had not crystallized, and there was no agency to choose between names competing for the same place. There was no authority to approve new names which were lacking. It frequently occurred that the same bureau had used different names or forms of the name at different times and in different publications. Confusion prevailed. Changes in printing plates were expensive.

In the winter of 1889–90 the matter became the subject of interdepartmental conference among representatives of the various Federal departments most deeply interested, and it was decided to attempt the removal of a serious and growing evil in the publications of the Government. A voluntary association of 10 representatives of several interested bureaus was formed early in the year 1890, and later in the same year President Harrison by Executive order made it an official "Board on Geographic Names," specifying that "all unsettled questions concerning geographic names which arise in the departments" were to be referred to the board, and that "the decisions of the board are to be accepted by these departments as the standard authority in such matters." [1]

In the early years of its existence the Geographic Board confined its activities to the settlement of specific disputes regarding the choice and the spelling of names presented to it by the various Government departments and establishments. The problems presented to the board have gradually come to embrace all aspects of the study of geographic names, so that the scope of the work of the board now embraces the entire field of geographic nomenclature.

The board, during the period 1890–1932, has rendered decisions on approximately 32,000 geographic names, of which about 14,000 are in the United States, 15,500 in Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Philippine Islands, and other outlying possessions, and about 2,500 in foreign countries.

[1] The complete text of the Executive order appears on p. v.

As has already been indicated, the Geographic Board has adopted a body of general principles relating to domestic geographic names, and has been instrumental in the creation of geographic boards and committees in the various States. Interest in the study of geographic names has been fostered. An advisory committee has been organized, in order to be able to obtain more adequate assistance from specialists in related fields of study. Cooperation with geographic boards and committees in foreign countries has been established.

2. MEMBERSHIP OF THE BOARD, 1890 TO 1932

The past and present representatives of the various departments, bureaus, and establishments, constituting the membership of the United States Geographic Board from its creation on September 4, 1890, to June 30, 1932, are listed below:

Department and bureau	Name	Term of service
Agriculture, Department of	Hyde, John	Nov. 20, 1899, to Sept. 26, 1905.
	Merriam, C. Hart	Dec. 4, 1905, to Jan. 7, 1925.
Forest Service	Plummer, Fred G	June 4, 1908, to Aug. 15, 1913.
	Greeley, W. B	Jan. 12, 1914, to June 2, 1920.
	Sherman, E. A.[1]	Oct. 2, 1918, to Oct. 1, 1919.
	Barnes, Will C	June 2, 1920, to Nov. 1, 1929.
	Carter, Edward E	Nov. 2, 1929, to date.
Commerce, Department of:[2]		
Census, Bureau of the	Sloane, Charles S	Mar. 3, 1904, to Nov. 3, 1923.
	Batschelet, Clarence E	Oct. 13, 1924, to date.
Coast and Geodetic Survey[3]	Mendenhall, Thomas C	Sept. 4, 1890, to June, 1894.
	Ogden, Herbert G	Sept. 4, 1890, to Feb. 25, 1906.
	Braid, Andrew	Mar. 2, 1906, to Jan. 3, 1919.
	McGuire, James W	Jan. 28, 1919, to Dec. 4, 1926
	Patton, R. S	Dec. 4, 1926, to date.
Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Bureau of:	Strong, Helen M	Oct. 26, 1925, to date.
Lighthouses, Bureau of	Howison, H. L	Sept. 4, 1890, to Oct. 4, 1892.
	Johnson, Arnold B	Dec. 22, 1892, to Feb. 2, 1912.
	Putnam, George R	Jan. 24, 1912, to date.
Geographic Board, United States	Barnes, Will C.[4]	Nov. 2, 1929, to July 15, 1930.
	Cameron, John J.[4]	July 16, 1930, to date.
Government Printing Office	Brian, H. T	Nov. 18, 1899, to Jan. 2, 1906.
	Robinson, C. M	Jan. 3, 1906, to Nov. 13, 1907.
	Kidd, Frank A	Nov. 21, 1907, to Nov. 7, 1911.
	Ziegler, Harry W	Nov. 7, 1911, to Sept. 11, 1913
	Payne, James E	Sept. 11, 1913, to July 6, 1921.
	Young, Charles E	July 6, 1921, to July 19, 1924.
	Huse, Edward A	Aug. 2, 1924, to date.

[1] Substitute for W. B. Greeley during absence on war duty.
[2] Formerly Department of Commerce and Labor.
[3] Formerly in Treasury Department.
[4] Secretary, on salary from the Geographic Board.

Department and bureau	Name	Term of service
Interior, Department of the:		
General Land Office	King, Harry	June 21, 1893, to Jan. 7, 1903.
	Bond, Frank [1]	May 1, 1903, to date.
Geological Survey	Baker, Marcus	Sept. 4, 1890, to Dec. 12, 1903.
	Gannett, Henry	Sept. 4, 1890, to Nov. 5, 1914.
	Marshall, Robert B	Feb. 1, 1915, to Mar. 5, 1920.
	McCormick, James	Mar. 5, 1920, to Feb. 27, 1930.
	Wheat, Joseph H	Feb. 28, 1930, to date.
Library of Congress	Martin, Lawrence	July 16, 1924, to date.
Navy, Department of the	Clover, Richardson	Sept. 4, 1890, to June 20, 1893.
	Sigsbee, Charles D	June 20, 1893, to Apr. 6, 1897.
	Craig, Joseph E	May 15, 1897, to Jan. 30, 1900.
	Todd, Chapman C	Feb. 5, 1900, to Nov. 2, 1901.
	Southerland, Wm. H. H	Nov. 9, 1901, to Mar. 8, 1904.
	Hodges, Harry M	Mar. 8, 1904, to June 2, 1906.
	Rogers, Charles C	Nov. 7, 1906, to May 30, 1908.
	Littlehales, Geo. W	Nov. 7, 1906, to Sept. 3, 1908.
	Stewart, Charles W	Sept. 3, 1908, to July 1, 1920.
	Winterhalter, Albert G	May 30, 1909, to Feb. 8, 1910.
	Knapp, John J	Feb. 8, 1910, to June 7, 1912.
	Cooper, George F	Aug. 8, 1912, to May 6, 1914.
	Washington, Thomas	May 6, 1914, to June 3, 1916.
	Snowden, Thomas	July 3, 1916, to Nov. 10, 1917.
	Schroeder, Seaton	Nov. 10, 1917, to Apr. 8, 1919.
	Simpson, Edward	Apr. 8, 1919, to Dec. 18, 1919.
	Chandler, Lloyd H	June 14, 1920, to July 14, 1921.
	de Steiguer, Louis R	July 14, 1921, to Jan. 20, 1922.
	Bassett, Frederick B	Jan. 20, 1922, to Oct. 9, 1925.
	Crossley, Walter S	Oct. 10, 1925, to Oct. 7, 1927.
	Kempff, Clarence S	Oct. 8, 1927, to July 15, 1930.
	Gherardi, Walter R	July 16, 1930, to date.
Post Office Department	Bristow, P. H	Sept. 4, 1890, to Feb. 7, 1893.
	Fenton, G. G	Feb. 9, 1893, to May 24, 1895.
	Haake, A. von	Apr. 15, 1897, to Dec. 6, 1911.
	Hildreth, David M	Oct. 28, 1912, to Oct. 11, 1920.
	Ellsworth, Goodwin D	June 2, 1913, to Feb. 7, 1922.
	Robinson, J. H	Oct. 11, 1920, to Feb. 7, 1922.
	Morgan, Lorel N	Feb. 7, 1922, to Mar. 23, 1930.
	Roberts, A. C	Nov. 23, 1922, to Apr. 30, 1932.
	Tacy, Nelson A	Mar. 24, 1930, to date.
Smithsonian Institution	Mason, O. T	Sept. 4, 1890, to Nov. 5, 1908.
Bureau of American Ethnology	Hodge, Frederick W	Nov. 5, 1908, to Mar. 19, 1918.
	Hewitt, J. N. B	Mar. 19, 1918, to date.
State, Department of	Allen, Andrew H	Sept. 4, 1890, to Nov. 23, 1905.
	Denby, Charles	Dec. 13, 1905, to Apr. 18, 1907.
	McNeir, William	May 24, 1907, to June 5, 1921.
	Martin, Lawrence	June 5, 1921, to July 16, 1924.
	Boggs, Samuel W	Nov. 17, 1924, to date.
Treasury, Department of the	Mills, John S	Dec. 4, 1905, to Oct. 31, 1928.
	Vaughn, Dan C	Nov. 20, 1928, to June 18, 1929.
United States Coast Guard	Maxam, Oliver M	Nov. 7, 1929, to date.

[1] Chairman, on salary from the Geographic Board, Sept. 21, 1926, to date.

Department and bureau	Name	Term of service
War, Department of	Turtle, T	Sept. 4, 1890, to Sept. 19, 1894.
	Knight, J. G. D	Dec. 12, 1894, to Apr. 2, 1895.
	Goethals, G. W	Apr. 2, 1895, to Mar. 21, 1899.
	Lusk, J. L	Mar. 21, 1899, to Mar. 14, 1903.
	Patrick, Mason M	Mar. 14, 1903, to Aug. 3, 1903.
	Judson, William V	Aug. 3, 1903, to Mar. 11, 1904.
	Kutz, C. W	Mar. 11, 1904, to Nov. 29, 1905.
	Beach, W. D	Nov. 29, 1905, to Sept. 19, 1910.
	Potts, R. D	Nov. 8, 1906, to Apr. 12, 1907.
	Jones, Thaddeus W	May 1, 1907, to Oct. 17, 1912.
	Root, Edwin	Sept. 19, 1910, to Dec. 8, 1910.
	Boughton, Daniel H	May 26, 1911, to Oct. 17, 1912.
	McMahon, John	Oct. 17, 1912, to Oct. 26, 1914.
	Macomb, M. M	Oct. 26, 1914, to Apr. 14, 1916.
	Van Deman, Ralph H	Apr. 14, 1916, to June 7, 1918.
	Churchill, Marlborough	June 7, 1918, to Oct. 1, 1919.
	Norvell, Guy S	Dec. 21, 1921, to Oct. 29, 1922.
	Palmer, Bruce	Dec. 5, 1922, to Aug. 5, 1924.
	McEntee, Girard L	Nov. 21, 1924, to Aug. 10, 1925
	Dengler, Frederick L	Aug 29, 1922, to Dec. 5, 1922. Aug 10, 1925, to Oct. 1, 1926.
	Pegram, John C	Oct. 1, 1926, to Apr. 1, 1928.
	Terrell, John P	May 1, 1928, to Mar. 4, 1931.
	Bull, Henry T	Mar. 5, 1931, to date.

III. BY-LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

[Originally adopted November 4, 1890; amended June 3, 1931]

ARTICLE I.—*Name*

The official title of this organization is "The United States Geographic Board." (Executive order dated August 10, 1906.)

ARTICLE II.—*Officers*

The officers shall consist of a chairman, a secretary, and an assistant secretary, all of whom shall be elected by ballot, and an executive committee of five members, three of whom shall be appointed by the chairman with the concurrence of the board; and the chairman and the secretary shall be members, ex officio, of the committee. All officials of the board shall serve for one year or until their successors are chosen and enter upon duty.

ARTICLE III.—*Duties of officers*

SECTION 1. The chairman of the board is its executive officer. He shall exercise general supervision over the work of the board, its officers, committees, and employees. He shall prepare estimates for all appropriations necessary for the maintenance and successful prosecution of the work of the board, and shall explain such estimates to the Bureau of the Budget and the committees on appropriations of the Congress. All expenditures of funds appropriated for the board shall have the prior approval of the chairman acting for the board.

The chairman shall preside at the meetings and shall certify to the decisions of the board. He shall appoint all committees not specifically named by the board and shall assign necessary miscellaneous duties not specifically assigned under this article. During the absence of the chairman from any meeting, the chairman of the executive committee shall act as chairman and preside at that meeting and certify to decisions then rendered.

SEC. 2. The secretary shall record the proceedings of the board and shall keep a record that will show the decisions and other actions of the board upon cases submitted to it, with reference to the papers filed in each case. Following each meeting of the board at which decisions are rendered, he shall, as soon as possible, cause such decisions to be printed. He shall maintain files of original papers, or copies of them, that may be presented in each case, conveniently arranged for reference. A card record of each decision rendered, being convenient, satisfactory, and easily examined, shall, as far as possible, be maintained. He shall conduct such research work as may be necessary to inform the board, as fully as may be, of available facts relating to cases not otherwise easily decided. He shall conduct general correspondence and shall receive communications presented for the consideration of the board. All cases which have received preparatory consideration by him and are deemed ready for action shall be submitted to the chairman of the executive committee in time for that committee to examine the papers in each case and prepare recommendations for the consideration of the board at its next meeting. Correspondence of concern to the board, relating to

matters not connected with cases that may be under consideration, shall be transmitted to the executive committee as their character may require, or as may hereafter be provided. All vouchers covering expenditures by the board shall be signed by the secretary, in accordance with title 5, section 117, United States Code.

SEC. 3. During temporary absence of the secretary, the assistant secretary shall serve as acting secretary; he shall act as disbursing agent and sign such vouchers as may be necessary to meet matured obligations of the board, and shall perform such other duties of the secretary as the board shall require.

SEC. 4. The executive committee shall receive all communications deemed ready for its consideration and requiring decisions by the board; shall examine the papers relating to each case and submit to the board recommendations regarding them; or it may arrange for further study and investigation of a case before it is submitted to the board. The chairman of the committee shall report all committee recommendations and make such explanations as may be necessary to an understanding of each case. The executive committee may take jurisdiction over emergency cases and render decisions therein; but action thus taken shall be reported to the board for its information and concurrence at the first regular meeting held thereafter.

ARTICLE IV.—*Meetings*

The board shall hold regular meetings on the first Wednesday of each month, excepting the months of July, August, and September. Special meetings may be called by the chairman or by the executive committee. A majority of the board shall constitute a quorum, and a majority vote of the quorum present shall be necessary for the transaction of business coming before the board. The order of business shall, in general, conform to the rules ordinarily used by similarly organized boards or assemblies.

ARTICLE V.—*Amendments*

These by-laws may be amended at any regular or special meeting by a majority vote of all the members of the board, provided that all members, in person or by mail, have been furnished with a copy of the proposed amendment at least four weeks previous to the time when the vote is taken.

STANDING RULE

The regular hour of meeting shall be 9.30 a. m.

PART III

DECISIONS OF THE UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD, 1890–1932

I. TRANSLITERATION TABLE

The "R. G. S. II System," which is reproduced below, is to be used as the basis for *spelling* only in the transliteration of *non-Latin alphabets;* with reference to languages which employ the so-called *Latin alphabet* it is to be used, ordinarily, simply as a *guide to pronunciation.*

The broad features of the R. G. S. II System are:

(*a*) Vowels are pronounced as in Italian and consonants as in English;

(*b*) Every letter is pronounced, and no redundant letters are used.

"The [R. G. S. II] system aims at giving a close approximation to the *local* pronunciation; but it is recognized that in some languages, notably Russian, Greek, and Arabic, the necessity for letter-for-letter transliteration often renders this impossible."

The "R. G. S. II System," as here reproduced by the United States Geographic Board, differs from the original system in only one particular (see footnotes 4 and 7, pp. 70 and 71, respectively) so far as *sound values* are concerned. The *explanations* of the sound values have been modified and amplified, in a number of instances, largely because in the United States the pronunciation of words given as examples in the published "R. G. S. II System" differs somewhat from the pronunciation of the same words in Great Britain.

TRANSLITERATION TABLE

"R. G. S. II System," Slightly Modified by the U. S. Geographic Board

a	Long and short, as in *lāvă* (pr. lahvah)_____	Somāli, Bukhāră.[1]
ä	Chiefly in Teutonic languages; almost equivalent to *e* (*q. v.*)_____	Mähringen, Eichstätt.
ai [2]	The sound of the two Italian vowels; normally diphthongal, almost as in English *aisle, ice*__	Wadai; Shanghai.
au	The two Italian vowels; normally diphthongal, almost as *ou* in *out*_____	Sakau; Bauchi.
aw	When followed by a consonant, or when terminal, as in *awl, law*_____	Dawna, Saginaw.
b	As in English.	
c	Not to be used, but always replaced by *k* or *s;* except in the compound *ch,* and in many conventionally spelled words, as Calcutta, Celébes_____	Kabul, Serang.
ch	As in *church;* never *tch* or *tsch* for this sound___	Chad, Naroch.
d [2 3]	As in English.	

[1] The long and short symbols given here are merely for explanation, not for use; they indicate, not different sounds, but *different time and stress* given to a single sound.

[2] Pronounced differently in Greek: See "Alphabets of Foreign Languages," second edition (Royal Geographical Society, London, 1933).

[3] See note at end on *Liquid sound.*

dh	Soft (i. e., sonant) *th* as in *they*; a slight *d* sound sometimes preceding it in Semitic languages	Dhuvu; Riyadh.
e [2]	Long as in *eh?;* short as in *bet.* (For the *e* sound in the French *je*, see note at end on the "neutral vowel")	Gēlo; Mafēking.[1]
(ee)	Used for *i* (*q. v.*) only in a few conventional names	Darjeeling, Keelung.
ei [2]	The two Italian vowels, normally diphthongal, almost as in *weight*	Beirut, Raheita.
(eu)	Not used to designate a single sound.	
f	As in English; *ph* must not be used for this sound (except in Greek; see *ph*)	Mustafa, Maidan-i-Naftun.
g	Hard, as in *get, gift*, never as in *gem, gin*	Gedáref, Gilgit.
gh	Soft (i. e., sonant), guttural, the Arabic *ghain* (ġ)	Dagh, Baghdad.
h	Used only when sounded; or in the compounds *ch, dh, gh, kh, sh, th, zh*	Hankow, Ahmadabad.
i	Long as in *marine*	Fījī.[1]
	Short as in *piano* (not as in *pin*)	Kĭbonde.[1]
j [4]	As in *judge*	Juba, Ujiji.
k	As in English: hard *c* should never be used (except in conventionally spelled words)—thus, not Corea, Cabul, but	Korea, Kabul.
kh	Hard, aspirated guttural (i. e., surd velar fricative), as in the German *doch* or the Scottish *loch* (not as in *lock*)	Khan, Sebkha.
l [3], m, n [3]	As in English.	
ng	Has three separate sounds:	
	(1) as in *vanguard*	In-gássana.
	(2) as in *finger* (see also *ngg* below)	Bongo.
	(3) as in *singer*	Ng-ami, Tong-a.
	If necessary to distinguish, a hyphen may be placed, as in van-guard, sing-er.	
ngg	May be used for the sound of *ng* (*q. v.*) as in *finger*, e. g. in transliterating Arabic-Malay words in which separate characters are used for the *ng* and *g* sounds	Trengganu, Banggai.
o	Long as in *both;*[5] short as in *rotunda*	Angōla, Kigōma; Ŏhiŏ, Mexicŏ.[1]
ö	As in German; equals the French *eu* in *peu;* or nearly the English sound in *fur*	Gömle, Yeniköi.
(oo)	Used for *u* (*q. v.*) only in a few conventional names, chiefly Indian and Chinese	Poona, Foochow.

[1] The long and short symbols given here are merely for explanation, not for use; they indicate, not different sounds, but *different time and stress* given to a single sound.

[2] Pronounced differently in Greek: See "Alphabets of Foreign Languages," second edition (Royal Geographical Society, London, 1933).

[3] See note at end on *Liquid sounds.*

[4] The United States Geographic Board differs from the "P. C. G. N." in restricting the use of *j* to the sound of the English *j;* in the R. G. S. II System *j* is also employed "in transliteration of Russian, Bulgarian, and Chinese, where it equals *zh*, or the French *j*." See p. 42 for practice of the Geographic Board in the use of *j* in transliterating Russian.

[5] The true Italian *o* is broader than this; almost as in *broth* (= R. G. S. II *aw*).

oi [2]	The Italian vowels; normally diphthongal as in *oil*. If necessary for pronunciation, a hyphen may be inserted, as in Tro-itskoi	Hanoi.
ou [2]	Dissyllabic, and not as in English nor as in French; nearly as in *toast* uttered slowly, or the vowel sounds in *no ooze*	Zlatoust.
ow	Represents, as a diphthong, nearly the *au* sound (above) *only* in the romanization of Chinese. Conventional	Hankow.
p	As in English.	
ph	As in *loophole*	Chemulpho.
	Not to be used for the *f*-sound, except in Greek, or conventionally	Paphos, Haiphong.
q	Represents *only* the Arabic Qaf (ق) and the Hebrew Koph (ק): *i. e.* a guttural *k* a little harder than the *k*-sound in *card*	Qena, 'Iraq.
(qu)	Should never be employed to represent the sound of *kw:* thus, not Namaqua, Quorra, but	Namakwa, Kworra.
r [3]	As in English; should be distinctly pronounced.	
s	As English *ss* in *boss*, not as in *these* or *pleasure*	Rosario, Masikesi.
sh	As in *shall;* never *ch* nor *sch* for this sound	Shanghai.
t [3]	As in English.	
th	Hard (i. e., surd) *th* as in *thick*, not as in *this*	Tharmida.
u	Long as in *rude*, or as *oo* in *boot;* short as in *pull*	Zūlū; Rŭanda.[1]
ü	As in German; equals the French *u*, as in *tu* (Fr.)	Ůsküb.
v, w, x	As in English.	
y [2]	Always a consonant, [6] as in *yard;* it should not be used as a terminal vowel, *e* or *i* being substituted; *e. g.* not Kwaly or Wady but	Kwale, Wadi. Kikuyu, Maya.
z	As in *gaze*, not as in *azure.*	
zh [7]	As the *s* in *treasure*, the *z* in *azure*, or the French *j* in *je*	Zhob, Azhdaha.

NOTES

The doubling of a vowel or a consonant is only necessary when there is a distinct repetition of the single sound, and should otherwise be avoided | Nuulua, Moorea, Jidda, Muhammad.

Accents should not generally be employed in transliteration; but in order to indicate or emphasize the

[1] The long and short symbols given here are merely for explanation, not for use; they indicate, not different sounds, but *different time and stress* given to a single sound.

[2] Pronounced differently in Greek: see "Alphabets of Foreign Languages," second edition (Royal Geographical Society, London, 1933).

[3] See note at end on *Liquid sounds.*

[6] Exception is made by the Geographic Board in the transliteration of Russian. See the Russian transliteration table (p. 41), and reasons for the use of *y* as a vowel, p. 42, footnote 4.

[7] The United States Geographic Board differs from the "P. C. G. N." in employing *zh* for this sound in *all* languages, whereas in the R. G. S. II System *j* is used for this sound in Russian, Bulgarian, and Chinese.

stress, an acute accent may be used ..... Saráwak, Qántara, Tongatábu.

A long or short mark over a vowel (*e. g.* ā, ŏ) should only be used (and that sparingly) when without it there would be danger of mispronunciation ..... Kūt, Hashīn, Angŏra.

Hyphens will not be used except to indicate pronunciation and with the Persian *izafat*(*-i-*) ..... Mus-hil; Pusht-i-Kuh.

Inverted comma and apostrophe.—The inverted comma (') is employed only to represent the Arabic *'ain*, ع, and the Hebrew *'ayin*, ע. The apostrophe (') in foreign words indicates a liquid sound (see below).

Liquid sounds.—The occasional "liquid" or "palatalized" sound of *d*, *l*, *n*, *r*, *t*, etc. (as in *d'you*, *rebellion*, *canyon*, *clarion*, *best yet*, etc.) is as a rule sufficiently represented by a following *y;* where, however, owing to a following consonant, or to the letter in question coming at the end of a word, the *y* is inapplicable, the liquid sound will be represented by an apostrophe, thus: *d'*, *l'*, *n'*, *r'*, *t'*, etc.

The "neutral vowel."—The "indeterminate" or "neutral" vowel sound (*er*), i. e., the sound of *a* in *marine*, *e* in *crater*, *i* in *tapir*, *o* in *connect*, *ou* in *curious*, *u* in *decorum*, etc., *e* in French *je*, or the often unwritten vowel (ـَ *Fat-ha*,) in Arabic, etc., is represented as a rule by *a*, as in Basra, Hawiya; but sometimes by *e*, when the sound approximates more to *e* than to *a*, as Meshed, El Gezira.

(In any guide to pronunciation issued by the Permanent Committee on Geographic Names, the "neutral vowel" is represented generally by the italic *e:* occasionally also by italic *a* or *u*.)

This sound must not be confused with *e-mute*, where the *e* is not sounded at all.

Nasal vowels.—In illustrating the pronunciation of French, Portuguese, Polish, etc., nasal vowels, the nasalization will be represented by a small capital N, as Czestochowa, pr. ChänNstokhóva.

For the pronunciation of particular languages, see "Alphabets of Foreign Languages," second edition (Royal Geographical Society, London, 1933) cited *ante*, p. 29.

II. PRONUNCIATION KEY [1]

Letter or symbol	Examples of sound values
ă	*a*t, b*a*t, b*a*ffle.
ā	*a*te, *ei*ght, gr*ea*t, w*ai*t (=the diphthong ĕ+ē).
a̲, aw, ô	*aw*l, t*a*ll, h*au*l, *or*.
ä, ah	c*a*lm, *a*h, *a*rt, f*a*ther.
à	*a*sk.
â, ê	f*a*re, *ai*r, b*ear*, th*ere*, h*eir*.
a, *e*	the "indeterminate" or "neutral" vowel sound, as in m*a*rine, cr*a*ter, t*a*pir, c*o*nnect, curi*ou*s, decor*u*m.
[c]	[only in the compound *ch*; elsewhere replaced by *k* or *s*.]
ch	*ch*urch, wa*tch*, ques*ti*on.

[1] The pronunciation key differs from the transliteration table (which see, on pp. 69–71), with reference to vowel sounds only. The diacritical marks here employed are selected from those with which Americans are generally familiar. The letters and symbols in the pronunciation key do not provide for all the recognized shades of vowel sounds in English, to say nothing of the sounds in many foreign languages. They are believed to be sufficient to indicate (to a person of English speech who is not versed in phonetics and foreign languages) the approximate pronunciation of geographic names in any language. The key is made simple in order to make it unnecessary to refer to it in the majority of instances. For a discussion of the problems involved in indicating pronunciation, see pp. 7–8.

Letter or symbol	Examples of sound values
d	*do*, had (the voiced counterpart of *t*).
dh	*this*, *that* (the voiced counterpart of *th* in *thick*, *thin*; *see th*).
e, ĕ, eh	*get*, *says*, *said*, *head*, *eh*, b*u*ry.
ē, ee	b*e*, b*eet*, *sea*, mach*ine*.
ê, â	th*ere*, h*eir*, f*are*.
e, *a*	the "indeterminate" or "neutral" vowel sound, as in m*a*rine, crat*er*, tap*ir*, c*o*nnect, curi*ous*, decor*um*.
f	*f*ine, enou*gh*, *ph*antom.
g	*g*et, *g*ift, *g*host (never as in gem, gin).
h	used only when sounded, as in *h*ot; or in compounds *ch*, *dh*, *sh*, *th*, *zh*; or to modify a vowel sound, as in *ah*, *eh*.
hw	*wh*en, *wh*at, *wh*ich (i. e., the sound of *h*+*w*).
i, ĭ	b*i*t, rh*y*thm, b*u*sy.
ī	b*i*te, *ai*sle, h*ei*ght, t*y*pe (=the diphthong *ä*+*ē*).
j	*j*u*dg*e.
kh	hard aspirated guttural, as in Scottish *loch* (not as in *lock*), or Ger. *ach*.
ks	bo*x*.
kw	*qu*eer, *qu*ick.
ɴ	indicates nasal tone (as in French) of preceding vowel; e. g., bo*n* (bôɴ), e*n*semble (äɴ-säɴ′bl).
ŋ, ng	i*n*k, sin*g*er.
ŋg, ngg	fin*g*er.
ŏ	n*o*t, *o*dd, wh*a*t.
ó	g*o*, h*o*tel, fl*ow*, s*ou*l, b*oa*t, d*oo*r, b*eau*.
ô, aw, a̱	n*o*rth, *aw*l, h*au*l, t*all*.
oi	*oi*l, b*oy*.
o͞o, u	f*oo*d, wh*o*, r*u*le, tr*ue*.
o͝o	f*oo*t, p*u*t, w*ou*ld.
ow	n*ow*, *ou*t, s*au*erkr*au*t (=the diphthong *ah*+*o͞o*.)
rr	a distinctly trilled or "rolled" sound of *r*.
s	*s*o, mi*ss*, nice, *s*cene.
sh	*sh*ip, di*sh*, mac*h*ine, nat*i*on, *s*ugar.
t	i*t*, no*t*e (the voiceless counterpart of *d*).
th	*th*ick, *th*in (the voiceless counterpart of *dh*).
ū	*you*, c*u*be, f*ew*, v*iew*.
u, o͞o	r*u*le, f*oo*d.
ŭ	*u*p, *u*ndone, bl*oo*d, t*ou*ch.
ü	men*u* (as in French), *ü*ber (as in German).
û	f*ur*, *ur*n.
v	*v*al*v*e.
w	*w*e, s*w*im.
y	*y*et, *y*ellow.
y′	consonant sound of *y* as in *yet*, not followed by a vowel sound.
z	*z*ebra, di*zz*y, ha*s*.
zh	azure, lei*s*ure, vi*s*ion (the voiced counterpart of *sh*).

III. ABBREVIATIONS

abbrev.	abbreviation.
adj.	adjective.
admin.	administrative.
Ala.	Alabama.
Alb.	Albanian.
anc.	ancient.
Ariz.	Arizona.
Ark.	Arkansas.
Armen.	Armenian.
A.S.S.R.	Autonomous Socialist Soviet Republic.
B.C.	British Columbia.
bdy.	boundary.
Belg.	Belgian.
bet.	between.
Br.	British.
Bulg.	Bulgarian.
B.W.I.	British West Indies.
cap.	capital.
cen.	central.
Chin.	Chinese.
co.	county.
colloq.	colloquial(ly).
Colo.	Colorado.
com.	common(ly).
Conn.	Connecticut.
conv.	conventional(ly).
Cz.	Czech (Bohemian).
Dan.	Danish.
D.C.	District of Columbia.
Del.	Delaware.
dept.	department: département (Fr.), departamento (Sp.).
dist.	district.
div.	division.
e.	eastern.
E.	East.
e.g.	exempli gratia (Lat., for example).
elev.	elevation.
Eng.	English.
equiv.	equivalent.
erron.	erroneous(ly).
esp.	especially.
Est.	Estonian.
etc.	et cetera.
exc.	except.
ext.	extreme.
Finn.	Finnish.
Fla.	Florida.
Fr.	French.
freq.	frequent(ly).
Ga.	Georgia.
geog.	geographical.
Geor.	Georgian.
Ger.	German.
govt.	government.
Gr.	Greek.
Gt. Brit.	Great Britain.
Heb.	Hebrew.
hist.	historical(ly).
I(s).	Island(s).
Icel.	Icelandic.
i.e.	id est (Lat., that is).
Ill.	Illinois.
ind.	independent.
Ind.	Indiana.
intl.	international.
Ital.	Italian.
Jap.	Japanese.
Jew.	Jewish.
Kans.	Kansas.
km.	kilometer(s).
Kurd.	Kurdish.
Ky.	Kentucky.
La.	Louisiana.
lat.	latitude.
Lat.	Latin.
Lett.	Lettish (Latvian).
lit.	literal(ly).
Lith.	Lithuanian.
loc.	local(ly).
long.	longitude.

Mag.	Magyar (Hungarian).
Mass.	Massachusetts.
Md.	Maryland.
mer.	meridian.
Mex.	Mexican.
mi.	mile(s).
Mich.	Michigan.
Minn.	Minnesota.
Miss.	Mississippi.
Mo.	Missouri.
mod.	modern.
Mont.	Montana.
mt.	mount.
mt(s).	mountain(s).
n.	northern.
N.	North.
N.C.	North Carolina.
N.Dak.	North Dakota.
ne.	northeast(ern).
Neb.	Nebraska.
Neth.	Netherland ("Dutch").
Nev.	Nevada.
N.H.	New Hampshire.
N.J.	New Jersey.
N.M.	New Mexico.
Nor.	Norwegian.
nw.	northwest(ern).
occ.	occasional(ly).
off.	official(ly).
Oreg.	Oregon.
orig.	original(ly).
Okla.	Oklahoma.
Pa.	Pennsylvania.
P.C.G.N.	Permanent Committee on Geographical Names for British Official Use.
Per.	Persian.
P.I.	Philippine Islands.
P.M.	Principal meridian.
Pol.	Polish.
Port.	Portuguese.
pr.	pronounced.
P.R.	Puerto Rico.
prop.	proper(ly).
prov.	province.
pt.	point.
q.v.	quod vide (Lat., which see).
R.	range.
rep.	republic.
rev.	revised.
R.I.	Rhode Island.
Rum.	Rumanian.
Russ.	Russian.
R.R.	railroad.
s.	southern.
S.	South.
S.C.	South Carolina.
S.Dak.	South Dakota.
sec.	section.
Serb.	Serbian.
se.	southeast(ern).
Sp.	Spanish.
S.S.R.	Socialist Soviet Republic.
St.	Saint.
Ste.	Sainte.
sw.	southwest(ern).
Swed.	Swedish.
T.	township.
Tenn.	Tennessee.
ter.	territory, territorial.
Tex.	Texas.
Tps.[1]	townships.
tr.	translated, translation.
translit.	transliterated, transliteration.
Ts.[1]	townships.
Turk.	Turkish.
Ukr.	Ukrainian.
U.S.G.B.	United States Geographic Board.
U.S.S.R.	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.
Va.	Virginia.
var.	variant(s).
viz.	videlicet (Lat., namely).
Vt.	Vermont.
w.	western.
W.	West.
Wash.	Washington.
W.I.	West Indies.
Wis.	Wisconsin.
W.Va.	West Virginia.
Wyo.	Wyoming.

[1] Tps. is the preferred form; Ts. was allowed to stand in decisions already in prin

IV. SIXTH GENERAL LIST OF GEOGRAPHIC NAMES DECISIONS, 1890–1932

NOTE.—Names in **boldface** type are approved decisions of the United States Geographic Board. When two names are printed in **boldface** type, that which is regularly given first (in the case of foreign geographic names) is the local official form, being followed in parentheses by the conventional English form, e. g., **Wien (Vienna)**. The departments of the Government are authorized to use either form or both forms which are printed in **boldface** type. Each department of the Government has the option of determining whether it shall adopt a standard practice with reference to all of its publications (using either the local official form, or the conventional English form), or whether, with reference to each publication, the choice of the form of the name shall be made with due regard for the purposes for which the particular publication is intended. The trend, both in the United States and abroad, is toward the adoption of the local official forms and the more restricted use of the conventional English forms of foreign geographic names.

A name preceded by an asterisk (*) is *a revision of the most recently published decision*. In some instances, the only revision consists in the addition of one or more accents or diacritical marks. When the second of two alternative names is a revision, an asterisk is shown before that name only under its cross-reference entry.

Cross-reference names in **boldface** type are alternative names or spellings the use of which is approved by decisions of the Geographic Board. Cross-reference names in *italics* are rejected names or spellings. Cross-reference names in ordinary roman type (e. g., La Haye) are foreign geographic names in a language other than that of the country concerned, e. g., the French name of a city in the Netherlands.

Names in parentheses, ( ), printed in roman type, following a word such as "bay," "creek," "lake," or "peak" designating a geographic feature, e. g., "Ourand: peak (Mount Ourand), indicate the form of the name in common or local use, and may be used if preferred.

Spellings followed by a dagger (†) are English transliterations from a non-Latin alphabet.

The latitude and longitude are given with a sufficient degree of accuracy to facilitate finding names on a map readily; longitude is indicated from Greenwich.

The decisions contained in the present report comprise an accumulation of the decisions in the several reports and numerous monthly publications of the United States Geographic Board from its organization in 1890 to June 30, 1932—except those superseded by later decisions, and a few which have been vacated. Because of the urgent need for the present report, and in order to reduce the cost to a minimum, it has not been possible to edit these decisions so as to constitute a harmonious whole. As a result, there is some variation in method of expression, capitalization, punctuation, and forms of abbreviation. Such differences have been allowed to remain, as they do not misrepresent the facts which are set forth. For example, "latitude" is sometimes spelled in full, sometimes abbreviated "lat.," and sometimes the word is omitted and therefore understood from the use of the figures given. Variations in numerical form occur, as in 145° 32′ .9 W. which is the same as 145° 32′ 54″ W., inasmuch as .9 of 1′ is equal to 54″. Latitude always precedes longitude. The expressions "elevation," "altitude," and number of feet "high" have the same meaning; p. m. means post meridian; and certain words such as "county" and "territory" are either written out in full or abbreviated.

For the rules of the Geographic Board relating to foreign geographic names, see pp. 47–49; for information concerning diacritical marks on foreign geographic names see pp. 29–30. For alphabetical position of letters modified by diacritical marks see pp. 46–47.

The alphabetical order of decisions and cross references is that which is ordinarily employed in gazetteers, atlases, encyclopedias, and other general works of reference. Geographic names consisting of two or more words are regarded as compound names, and are therefore arranged alphabetically as if they were hyphenated or written solid. Where a cross reference and a decision are of the same spelling, the cross reference follows the decision entry.

A

Aachen: pr. ä′khen; city, w. Germany; Fr. Aix-la-Chapelle; 50° 45′ N., 6° 2′ E.

Aahoaka: hill, elevation 805 feet, between North and South forks of Wailua River, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Aaka: ridge, south side of Honuaula Valley, near lat. 21° 58′ 45″ N., long. 159° 35′ W., southwestern slope of Kauai, T. H.

Aakukui: gulch, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Aalborg: city, n. Jutland, Denmark; 57° 1′ N., 9° 55′ E.

Aalplaus: see Alplaus.

Aarhus: city, mainland of cen. Denmark; 56° 11′ N., 10° 15′ E.

Aaron: creek on the mainland, southeastern Alaska, at head of Blake Channel, Ernest Sound, near lat. 56° 22′ N., long. 131° 58′ W. (Not Aaron's nor Oerns.)

Abaco and Cays: pr. ä-bä′kō and kā′ēs; island, the Bahamas; 26° 15′ N., 77° 15′ W.

Abagadasset: point, Kennebec River, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Abagadusset.)

Abajo: mountains, west of Monticello, San Juan County, Utah.

Abajo: peak, easternmost and highest of group in Abajo Mountains, San Juan County, Utah.

Abajo Peak: see South, peak, Utah.

Abalan: Abalon: see Abatan, P. I.

Abamgamock: see Abamgamook.

Abamgamook: lake, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 45° 07′ N., long. 68° 10′ W. (Not Abamgamock nor West.)

Abancay: see Abangay, P. I.

Abandon: creek, Boundary County, Idaho, rising in sec. 21, T. 63 N., R. 3 W., Boise meridian, and tributary to Caribou Creek in sec. 7 of the same township and range. (Not Caribou.)

Abandon: mountain, Boundary County, Idaho, NW. ¼ sec. 15, T. 63 N., R. 3 W., Boise meridian, on border of Pend Oreille National Forest. Name is descriptive of the remote and deserted aspect of this fire-stricken area.

Abangay: barrio, Janiuay Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Abancay.)

Abatan: river, southwest part of Bohol, discharging into Maribojoc Bay, P. I. (Not Abalan nor Abalou.)

Abbajona: see Aberjona.

Abbeg: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Abbig.)

Abbess: island, southeastern Alaska, north end of San Alberto Bay, near lat. 55° 33′ 30″ N., long. 133° 10′ 30″ W., at entrance to Shinaku Inlet, 3 miles west of Klawak. So named after boat *Abbess*, owned by Robert Scott, former fox farmer on the island.

Abbey, The: see Glenmont.

Abbig: see Abbeg, P. I.

Abbot: creek, Jefferson County, Oreg., in T. 12 S., R. 9 E., Willamette meridian, rising about 4 miles northwest of Allens Ranch and flowing into the Metolius River at the southeastern corner of T. 11 S., R. 9 E., Deschutes National Forest. (Not Eagle.) Named after Henry Larcom Abbot, Lieut., U. S. Engineers, who in 1855, as second in command of a

military expedition, led a detachment which explored the Metolius district, and, it is believed, followed up the creek now named in his honor.

Abbot: peak (Mount Abbot), altitude 13,736 feet, Fresno and Inyo Counties, Calif., in the Sierra Nevada, near lat. 37° 23′ N., long. 118° 47′ W. (Not Abbott.)

Abbot: Abbots: see Abbott, butte, Oreg.

Abbotsford: see Abbottsford.

Abbott: butte, point on divide near the county line between Douglas and Jackson Counties, Oreg. (Not Abbot nor Abbots.)

Abbott: see Abbot, peak, Calif.

Abbottsford: village, St. Clair County, Mich. (Not Abbotsford nor Abbottsville.)

Abbottsville: see Abbottsford.

Abejilan: see Abihilan, P. I.

Abelo: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Avelo.)

Abercrombie: mountain (Mount Abercrombie), altitude 7,200 feet, Stevens County, Wash., on west side of Pend Oreille River, in sec. 35, T. 40 N., R. 42 E., Willamette meridian. (Not Baldy.) Name given by Joint Resolution No. 1 of the Legislature of the State of Washington, approved April 24, 1931, in honor of Col. W. R. Abercrombie, United States Army, who, in 1879 and 1883, as a lieutenant, while making surveys of the Pend Oreille River called attention to the natural resources of that section; and who has been closely identified with the development of the region in which this mountain is located.

Abercrombie: peak, east slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, altitude 8,182 feet, in sec. 34, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about one mile southeast of Dry Canyon, and about the same distance southwest of Willow Spring. Reported to be named after early prospector in Gold Hill.

Aberdeen: county and seaport, n. e. Scotland; 57° 9′ N., 2° 6′ W.

Aberdeen: rock, in the middle of Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, 1¼ miles east of Bush Point, near lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 153° 11′ W. Probably named from the whaling ship *Aberdeen.*

Aberjona: river, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Abbajona.)

Aberque: see Abiqua.

Abessinien: see Ethiopia.

Abiaca: see Abiacha.

Abiacha: creek, tributary to Yazoo River, Carroll County, Miss. (Not Abiaca, Abyache, Abyatche, Abyatchie, nor Coila Abiacha.)

Abiathar: peak, altitude 10,800 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 02′ W., near northeast corner. Named by the United States Geological Survey, 1885, for Charles Abiathar White, paleontologist, who resigned from the service, 1892.

Abihid: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Abihio nor Abijid.)

Abihilan: barrio, Garcia Hernandez Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Abejilan nor Abijilan.)

Abihio: Abijid: see Abihid, P. I.

Abijilan: see Abihilan, P. I.

Abineau: see Abino.

Abino: point, in Canada, near east end of Lake Erie. (Not Abineau nor Albino.)

Abiqua: creek, northern part Marion County, Oreg. (Not Aberque nor Alberqua.)

Able: see Sawlog, creek, Mont.

Åbo: see Turku.

Aboit: see Aboite.

***Aboite:** railroad station, Allen County, Ind. (Not Aboit.)

Abojan: see Obuhan, P. I.

Abolo Chitto: Abolochitto: see Hobolochitto.

Abra de Ilog: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Abraham: see Abram.

Abraham: Abrahams: see Abrams.

Abram: creek, in Grant and Mineral Counties, W. Va. (Not Abraham.)

Abram's: see Shimmo.

Abrams: pond, Eastbrook and Franklin Towns, Hancock County, Me. (Not Abraham, Abrahams, nor Abram's.)

Abruzzi: pr. ä-brōōt'sē; former division of Italy, cen. Italy.

Absaroka Range: mountains in and near Yellowstone National Park, Mont. and Wyo. (Not Shoshone, Snow, nor Yellowstone.)

Absecon: bay, beach, city, and inlet, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Absecom.)

Abucay: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Abucayan: barrio, Balambau Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Abukayan.)

Abukayan: see Abucayan, P. I.

Abulug: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon.

Abuyog: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Abyache: Abyatche: Abyatchie: see Abiacha.

Abyssinia: see Ethiopia.

Acabomock: see Acabonack.

Acabonack: harbor in Easthampton, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Acabomock.)

Acadia: mountain, between Somes Sound and Echo Lake, Acadia National Park, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Robinson.)

Accident: canyon, Tooele County, Utah, about lat. 40° 14′ N., long. 113° 52′ W., northwest slope of Dutch Mountain, about halfway between Royal Gulch and Trail Gulch. Local name for this canyon.

Accomac: village, Accomac County, Va. (Not Drummondtown.)

Accra: seaport town, Gold Coast Colony, Africa; 5° 37′ N., 0° 10′ W.

Accrington: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 46′ N., 2° 21′ W.

Accusilian: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Aunsilian nor Acrillan.)

Acequia: village, Douglas County, Colo. (Not Ascequia.)

Achenchik: see Chandalar.

Acherk: see Sanak, harbor, Alaska.

Achteedeedung: see Portage, creek, Alaska.

Acken: dock, Raritan River, Middlesex County, N. J. (Not Acken's.)

Acklins Island: pr. ăk'lĭns; island, the Bahamas; 22° 30′ N., 74° W.

Ackworth: see Acworth.

Acle: barrio, Mexico Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Acli.)

Acle: barrio, Tuy Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Acle: sitio, Umpucan Barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Akle.)

Acli: see Acle, P. I.

Acoakset: see Westport.

Acoma: township, McLeod County, Minn. (Not Aconia.)

Aconcagua: pr. ä-kōn-kä'gwä; prov., river, Chile, and volcano, Argentina.

Aconia: see Acoma.

Açores (Azores): Port. islands 1,000 mi. w. of Portugal; 38° 30′ N., 28° W.

Acquasco: see Aquasco.

Acquia: see Aquia.

Acre: pr. ä'kreh; territory, w. Brazil.

Acrillan: see Accusilian, P. I.

Acworth: town, Cobb County, Ga. (Not Ackworth.)

Ada: mountain (altitude 4,536 feet), eastern side of Baranof Island, about 2¼ miles from shore of Chatham Strait and 3½ miles north of head of Patterson Bay, lat. 57° 41′ N., long. 134° 42′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Adair: ridge, between Logging Lake and Anaconda Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Adalina: see Adelina.

Adam: island, Chesapeake Bay, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Adam's nor Adams.)

Adam: point (Point Adam), western end Kenai Peninsula, 7 miles northwest from Cape Elizabeth, lat. 59° 15′ N., long. 151° 59′ W., Alaska.

Adams: brook (Adams Run), Watson and Pleasant townships, Warren County, Pa., empties into West Branch, Tionesta Creek, in the northwest corner of lot 567 Allegheny National Forest. (Not Trout.)

Derives name from Adam Knupp, who formerly owned all the land through which the stream flows.

Adams: creek, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Adams's.)

Adams: township, Warren County, Ind. (Not J. Q. Adams.)

Adam's Creek: see Cunningham.

Adams Fall: ledge, New Haven Harbor, Conn. (Not Adam's Fall.)

Adan: see Aden.

Adana: vilayet and city, s. Turkey; 36° 55′ N., 35° 10′ E.

Adaoag: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Adauag.)

Adauag: see Adaoag, P. I.

Addahold: see Aderhold.

Addis Ababa: pr. ä′dĭs ä′bä-bä (nearly); capital of Ethiopia, e. Africa; 9° N., 38° 30′ E. (Not Adis Abbaba.)

Addison: glacier, west of Aialik Bay, near the head, lat. 59° 56′ N., long. 149° 49′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Adelaide: seaport, capital of S. Australia; 34° 56′ S., 138° 36′ E.

Adelina: town, Calvert County, Md. (Not Adalina.)

Aden: seaport and Br. protectorate, sw. Arabia; 12° 45′ N., 45° 12′ E. (Not Adan.)

Aderhold: ferry over Chattahoochee River, Campbell and Douglas Counties, Ga. (Not Addahold nor Daholt.)

Adiaw: sitio, Mabitac Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Adyao.)

Adirondack: mountains in northern New York. (Not Adirondac.)

Adis Abbaba: see Addis Ababa.

Adkins: see Atkins, bay, Me.

Administration: see Admiration.

Admiral Butakov: see Tkachen.

Admiralty: see Yakutat.

Admiralty: cove, northern shore of Admiralty Island, immediately west of Point Young, Stephens Passage, lat. 58° 10′ N., long. 134° 34′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Auke.)

Admiralty: creek, tributary to Admiralty Cove, northern shore Admiralty Island, Alaska. (Not Auke.)

Admiralty Inlet: that part of Puget Sound extending northward from Foulweather Bluff, near lat. 47° 57′ N., long. 122° 36′ W., to Juan de Fuca Strait, Washington.

Admiration: point, on the eastern slope of Park Road Ridge, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park, Tulare County, Calif. (Not Administration.)

Adobe: town, Madison County, Mont. (Not Adobetown.)

Adobetown: see Adobe.

Adquilo: see Agkilo, P. I.

Adrar: mountainous district in the western Sahara, Africa. (Not Aderar.)

Adrianople: see Edirne.

Adrianouthērai: see Balikesir.

Adrinople: see Edirne.

Adventure: creek, northwestern Alaska, on Arctic slope, southwest of Point Barrow, west branch of Utukok River, near its source and lat. 68° 50′ N., long. 161° 30′ W. A Geological Survey party, 1925, having taken the wrong way, unexpectedly arrived at mouth of this creek and had to turn back.

Adyao: see Adiaw, P. I.

Adzhigiol: see Ajigiol.

Aegean Sea: arm of the Mediterranean, bet. Greece and Asia Minor; Gr. Aigaion Pelagos;† Fr. Mer Égée; Ger. Ägäisches Meer; Ital. Mare Egeo.

Aektok: see Rootok.

Aeneas: creek, lake, mountain, and valley, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Eneas.)

Aetna: see Etna.

Afghanistan: country, Asia, bet. India, Persia, and Russia.

Afini: see Athēnai.

Afion-Kara-Hissar: see Afyon Karahisar.

Afium Karahisar: see Afyon Karahisar.

Afiun Qarahisar: see Afyon Karahisar.

Africa, French Equatorial: see French Equatorial Africa.

Afrique Equatoriale française: see French Equatorial Africa.

***Afton:** village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Home.)

Afusing: see Afusingdaga, P. I.

Afusing Batu: see Afusingbato, P. I.

Afusingbato: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Afusing Batu nor Afusing Bato.)

Afusingdaga: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Afusing nor Afusing daga.)

Afyon Karahisar (Afion-Kara-Hissar): vilayet and town, Turkey. Not Afium Karahisar, Afiun Qarahisar, Kara Hissar Sahib.

Agachuk: see Aguchik.

Agahao: see Aghao, P. I.

Ägäishes Meer: see Aegean Sea.

Agalitnak: see Hoholitna.

Agamak: see Agamok.

Agamgik: bay, indenting the north shore of Beaver Bay, Unalaska Island, lat. 53° 53′ N., long. 166° 20′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Food.)

Agamok: lake, sec. 36, T. 65, N., R. 6 W., Lake County, Minn. (Not Agamak.)

Agaña: city, capital of the American Island of Guam, in lat. 13° 30′ N., long. 144° 50′ E., and bay and river on same island. (Not Agana.)

Agangao: see Agtangao, P. I.

Agapa: see Agape, P. I.

Agape: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Agapa.)

Agapo: see Agoho, P. I.

Agashagok: see Bogoslof.

Agassa: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 1 and 2, T. 64 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest, 1 mile east of lower end of Big Lake. (Not Gassa.)

Agassiz: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in Agassiz Glacier, lat 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 08′ W., flowing north into Upper Kintla Lake. Named for Prof. Louis J. R. Agassiz, Swiss Scientist, in agreement with the name of the large glacier from which the stream flows.

Agassiz: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., lat. 48° 56½′ N., long. 114° 09′ W., on the east slope of Kintla Peak. One of three largest glaciers in park. Named for Prof. Louis J. R. Agassiz.

Agate: canyon, in the south wall of the Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconina County, Ariz., beginning near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 112° 18′ W., and draining northerly into the Colorado River.

Agate: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 52′ N., long 110° 18′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone River.

Agate: village, Floyd County Ga. (Not Cunningham.)

Agathla: volcanic peak, Navajo National Monument, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Aga-thla Needle.)

Aga-thla Needle: see Agathla.

Agattu: island, one of the western Aleutians, near the extreme western end, lat. 52° 26′ N., long. 173° 34′ E., Alaska.

Agbabadiang: see Agbadiang, P. I.

Agbadiang: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agbabadiang.)

Agbalo Tico: see Tiko, P. I.

Agbanauan: see Agbanawan, P. I.

Agbanawan: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agbanauan nor Agbauan.)

Agbauan: see Agbanawan, P. I.

Agbonod: see Agbunud, P. I.

Agbunod: see Agbunud, P. I.

Agbunud: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agbonod nor Agbunod.)

Agcanilan: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agcanlare nor Agcawilan.)

Agcanlare: see Agcanilan, P. I.

Agcawilan: see Agcanilan, P. I.

Agdahon: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agdajao nor Agdajon.)

Agdajon, Agdajao: see Agdahon, P. I.

Agdalipe: see Agdalipi, P. I.

Agdalipi: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agdalipe.)

Agec: see Agee.

Agee: village, Campbell County, Tenn. (Not Agec.)

Agency: creek, Missoula County, Mont. (Not Jones nor Mill.)

Agenuk: small round mountain, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, at the head of Kokwok River, lat. 59° 51′ N., long. 158° 26′ W.

Aggie: creek, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, a small tributary on east bank to Fish River, near lat. 64° 55′ N., long. 163° 15′ W.

Aggipah: peak, Lemhi County, Idaho, 4 miles east of Middle Fork Salmon River, 2½ miles southwest of Mount McGuire, near lat. 45° 10′ N. Chinook jargon name for Salmon River.

Aggugaddan: barrio, Penablanca Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Aguggaddan.)

Agguiri, Agguiric: see Agguirit, P. I.

Agguirit: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Agguiric.)

Agguirit: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Agguiri.)

Aghao: barrio, Maribojoc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Agahao nor Agjao.)

Aghik: small island east of Aghiyuk Island, lat. 56° 12′ N., long. 156° 43′ W., Semidi Islands, Alaska. (Not A'ghik.)

Aghiyuk: large island of the Semida Islands, lat. 56° 11′ N., long. 156° 46′ W., Alaska. (Not Aghi'yukh.)

Agipo: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Aguipo.)

Agjao: see Aghao, P. I.

Agkilo: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Adquilo nor Agquilo.)

Aglibacao: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Aglibarao nor Aglipacao.)

Aglibarao: see Aglibacao, P. I.

Aglipacao: see Aglibacao, P. I.

Agmailig: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agmilig.)

Agmilig: see Agmailig, P. I.

Agnes: cove on west side of Resurrection Bay about 5 miles north of Aialik Cape, lat. 59° 47′ N., long. 149° 35′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Agno: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Agoho: barrio, Calauag Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon: barrio, Peteros Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon: and barrio, Looc Municipality, Romblon Province, Tablas Island, P. I. (Not Agojo.)

Agoho: barrio, Calolbon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Agapo, Agojo, nor Agujo.)

Agojo: see Agoho, P. I.

Agoo: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Agouyak: see Egegik.

Agoway: see Aowa; North Aowa.

Agquilo: see Agkilo, P. I.

Agra: city, United Provinces, n. India; 27° 10′ N., 78° 10′ E.

Agram: see Zagreb.

Agsilab: barrio, Sapian Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agulab.)

Agtambe: see Agtambi, P. I.

Agtambi: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agtambe.)

Agtangao: barrio, Bangued Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Agañgao nor Agtangas.)

Agtangas: see Agtangao, P. I.

Agua Buena: spring; one-fourth mile south of Santa Rita Peak, Diablo Range, San Benito County, Calif.

Aguada: cove, 1,400 yards wide, between Isleta and Cruz Points, on south shore of Port Santa Cruz, west shore Suemez Island, southeastern Alaska.

Aguadulce: pr. ä-gwa-dŏŏl'seh; town, Panama; 8° 19′ N., 80° 25′ W.

Agua Dulce: see Alazan.

Aguan: pr. ä'gwän; river, Honduras.

Agua Prieta: see Whitewater Draw.

Aguascalientes: pr. ä-gwäs-kä-lē-ehn'-tehs; state and city, Mexico; 21° 50′ N., 102° 30′ W.

Aguchik: island, in head of Kukak Bay, Shelikof Strait, near lat. 58° 17′ N., long. 154° 17′ W., east coast of Alaska peninsula, Alaska. (Not Agachuk.)

Aguda: point, small peninsula, salient from southwest shore of Luispena Cay, Culebra Group, P. R. (Not Sharp.)

Aguggaddan: see Aggugaddan, P. I.

Aguilar: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Aguipo: see Agipo, P. I.

Aguirre: bay or cove, south of Aguirre Point, northwestern shore San Fernando Island, southeastern Alaska.

Agujo: see Agoho, P. I.

Agulab: see Agsilab, P. I.

Agulowak: short river, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, between Lake Aleknagik and Lake Nerka, lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 158° 30′ W.

Agulukpak: short river, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, between Lake Nerka and Lake Beverley, lat. 59° 35′ N., long. 158° 30′ W.

Agulukpak: see Nerka, lake, Alaska.

Aguri: see Agusi, P. I.

Agusi: barrio, Camalaniugan Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Aguri.)

Ägypten: see Egypt.

Ahern: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising lat. 48° 49′.25 N., long. 113° 46′ W., west entrance to Ahern Pass, flowing southwest into Mineral Creek. With the pass named for Lieut. George P. Ahern, who discovered and crossed over this pass in 1890.

Ahern: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., lat. 48° 50′.5 N., long. 113° 47′ W., head of South Fork, Belly River. Name borne by pass and creek, also, for Lieut. George P. Ahern, who discovered the pass in 1890; pass is about 1 mile southeast.

Ahern: pass, altitude 7,000 feet, Glacier National Park, on Continental Divide, between Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 46′ W. Named for Lieut. George P. Ahern, who discovered the pass in 1890.

Ahihi: point, between the mouths of Homaikawaa and Kamalomaloo Streams, near lat. 22° 07′, eastern coast of Kauai, T. H.

Ah-lash-ok: see Alatna.

Ahle: point, in Columbia River, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Ahle's.)

Ahmadabad: see Ahmedabad.

Ahmedabad: city, India; off. spelling Ahmedabad, frequently spelled Ahmadabad; 23° N., 72° 35′ E. (Not Ahmadabad.)

Ahnapee: river, Door and Kewaunee Counties, Wis. (Not Ahnepee.)

Ahnapee: Ahnepee: see Algoma, city, Wis.

Ahnepee: see Ahnapee, river, Wis.

Ahogado: rock, entrance to Cabullon Bight, P. R.

Ahole: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Ahoskie: creek, ridge, and town, Hertford County, N. C. (Not Ahoskey nor Ahosky.)

Ah-quay: see Akwe.

***Ahtanum:** creek, precinct, ridge, valley, and village, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Atanum.)

Ahuaeliku: peak, near lat. 21° 57′ N., long. 159° 34′ W., southwestern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Ahualiku nor Ahuaiki.)

Ahuaiki: Ahualiku: see Ahuaeliku, T. H.

Ahues: see Porcupine Bay, Alaska.

Ahukini: landing, on Hanamaulu Bay, Kauai, T. H.

Ahvenanmaa (Åland Islands): islands, Finland; Swed. Åland, pr. ōland; 60° 10′ N., 20° E.

Ahwahnee: see Wassamma.

Aialik: cape, end of Aialik Peninsula on eastern side of Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 42′ N., long. 149° 32′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Ajalik nor Ayalik.)

Aialik: peninsula, many lobed, 17 miles long, inclosing Aialik Bay on east and ending at south with Cape Aialik, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 48′ N., long. 149° 37′ W. Takes its name from the cape at the south end of the peninsula.

Aïdin: see Aydin.

Aïdínion: see Aydin.

Aïdo: spring, north half of sec. 35, T. 25 S., R. 17 E., Kern County, Calif.

Aiea: land division, in Government ownership, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Aiea: village, East Loch of Pearl Harbor, Oahu, T. H.

Aigaion Pelagos: see Aegean Sea.

Aiken: landing and swamp, James River, Chesterfield County, Va. (Not Aiken's.)

Aiken: see Akin.

Aiks: see Aix.

Ailanthus: see Alanthus.

Ailanthus: see Alanthus Hill.

Ailanthus Grove: see Alanthus Grove.

Aintab: see Gazi Antep.

Aisen: see Aysen.

Aisquith: see Asquith.

Aix: peak in Cascade Range, Yakima County, Wash., near lat. 46° 46′ N., long. 121° 15′ W. (Not Aiks.)

Aix-la-Chapelle: see Aachen.

Ajalik: see Aialik.

Ajmer: city, Ajmer-Merwara, n. w. India; 26° 35′ N., 74° 40′ E.

Ajmer-Merwara: Br. prov., n. w. India.

Akaba: butte (Mount Akaba), near south rim of the Grand Canyon, 5 miles south of the mouth of Kanab Creek, Coconino County, Ariz., from name of an Indian family.

Akaba: see Aqaba.

Akamagasaki: Akamagaseki: Akamagseki: see Shimonoseki.

Ak-Denghiz: see Balkhash.

Akenfongo: see Okefenokee.

Akhisar: town, Turkey; Gr. Azarion.† (Not Akhissar, Aq Hisar, Axari.)

Akhitdung: see Portage, creek, Alaska.

***Akin:** village, Montgomery County, N. Y. (Not Aiken.)

Akinkoka: creek, Ts. 35 and 36 N., R. 23 W., tributary to Whale Creek from south, Flathead County, Mont. (Not South Fork.)

Akita: city, n. Honshu, Japan; 39° 50′ N., 140° 10′ E.

Akle: see Acle, P. I.

Akoi: see Akwe.

Akokpak: small native village, on the south bank of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, about 1 mile below the mouth of the Mulchatna River, lat. 59° 38′ 30″ N., long. 157° 08′ W.

Akoun: see Akun.

Akoutan: see Akutan.

Akron: city, in Summit Co., Ohio, on the Cuyahoga River, near lat. 41° 05′ N., long. 81° 31′ W. Population in 1930, 253,653. (Pronounced, ăk′-rŭn).

Akun: island, one of the eastern Aleutians, lat. 54° 12′ N., long. 165° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Akoun.)

Akusha: island, largest and northernmost of Fivefinger Islands, near lat. 57° 18′ N. long. 133° 39′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Northwest Fivefinger.)

Akutan: bay, between Akutan and Akun Islands, lat. 54° 13′ N., long. 165° 46′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Akoutan.)

Akutan: small harbor indenting eastern end of Akutan Island, lat. 54° 08′ N., long. 165° 45′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska.

Akutan: island, largest of the Krenitzin Islands, lat. 54° 08′ N., long. 165° 54′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Akoutan.)

Akutan: pass, about 4 miles wide between Akutan Island and Unalga Island, lat. 54° 01′ N., long. 166° 05′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska.

Akutan: peak, volcano, altitude 4,100 feet near the center of Akutan Island, lat. 54° 08′ N., long. 165° 58′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska.

Akutan: village, on the north shore of Akutan Harbor, Akutan Island, eastern Aleutians, Alaska.

Akwe: river, southeastern Alaska, between Yakutat Bay and the Alsek delta, draining Chamberlain Glacier into Ustay River, near long. 138° 50′ W. (Not Ah-quay nor Akoi.)

Akwe: see Ustay, river, Alaska.

Alaas: see Alasas, P. I.

Alabama: river in Alabama formed by the junction of the Coosa and Tallapoosa Rivers on the Elmore-Montgomery Co. line, near lat. 32° 30′ N., long. 86° 17′ W., flowing thence SW. to join the Tombigbee River and form the Mobile River near lat. 31° 11′ N., long. 87° 58′ W. (Pronounced, ăl-ă-băm′-a.)

Alabama: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Tennessee, on the east by Georgia and Florida, on the south by Florida and the Gulf of Mexico, and on the west by Mississippi. Area 51,998 square miles. (Pronounced, ăl-ă-băm′-a.)

Alabat: municipality, Tayabas Province, Alabat, P. I.

Alabug: barrio, Tuao municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alubug.)

Alachehir: see Alaşehir.

Ala-Denghiz: see Balkhash.

Alagôas: pr. ä-lä-gō′äs; State and seaport, e. Brazil; city 9° 50′ S., 35° 49′ W.

Alajuela: pr. ä-lä-hweh′lä; prov. and city, n. Costa Rica; 10° 1′ N., 84° 14′ W.

Alakahi: stream, rising on northeastern slope of Kohala Mountains, tributary to Waipio River from the west, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Alakai: swamp, in extreme northern part of Waimea River Basin, draining southward through tributaries of Waimea River, T. H.

Alalakeiki: channel, 6 sea miles wide, between Kahoolawe and Maui Islands, T. H.

Alameda: creek, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, small tributary to Koyuk River, near lat. 65° 05′ N., long. 161° 00′ W.

Alaminos: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alaminos: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alamogordo: election precinct and town, Otero County, N. Mex. (Not Alamo Gordo.)

Alamoosook: lake, Orland Town, Hancock County, Me. (Not Great.)

Alamo Solo: spring, near center of sec. 2, T. 25 S., R. 18 E., Kern County, Calif.

Alamota: railroad station, Lane County, Kans. (Not Alomata.)

Alamuche: see Allamuchy.

Åland Islands: see Ahvenanmaa.

Alangalang: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Alanihao: see Alauihao, P. I.

Alanijao: see Alauihao, P. I.

Alanthus: town, Gove County, Kans. (Not Ailanthus.)

Alanthus: village, Franklin County, Ala. (Not Ailanthus.)

Alanthus: village, Culpeper County, Va. (Not Ailanthus.)

Alanthus Grove: village, Gentry County, Mo. (Not Ailanthus Grove.)

Alanthus Hill: village, Hancock County, Tenn. (Not Ailanthus.)

***Alapaha:** town, Berrien County, and river, rising in the south-central part of Georgia and flowing nearly south, passing into Florida and entering the Suwannee River. (Not Allapaha.)

Alarcon Terrace: low spur, extending southwest from Powell Plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 112° 28′ W.

Alargate: ledge and rocks, near western shore of San Fernando Island, ¼ mile south of Snail Island, in Portillo Channel, southeastern Alaska. (Not Alargate-alla, nor Sheer-off-there.)

Alargate-alla: see Alargate.

Alarka: see Yalaka.

Alasaguin: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Alasaquin.)

Alasaquin: see Alasaguin, P. I.

Alasas: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Alaas.)

Alaşehir (Alashehir): town, w. Turkey; Turk. Alaşehir (pr. alashehír); Fr. Alachehir; Ger. Alaschehir; 38° 21′ N., 28° 30′ E.

Alashehir: see Alaşehir.

Alashuk: see Alatna.

Alaska: peninsula, of southwestern Alaska, extending from vicinity of Iliamna Lake, lat. 59° N., long. 156° W., to Isanotski Pass, lat. 55° N., long. 163° 20′ W. (Not Aliaska.)

Alatakrok: river, including estuary at mouth, on Arctic coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, tributary on west bank Kuk River, Wainwright Inlet, near lat. 70° 27′ N., long. 160° W.

Alatna: river, large branch of the Koyukuk River, tributary to it from the northwest near lat. 66° 35′ N., long. 152° 44′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Ah-lash-ok, Alashuk, Al-lash-ook, Allatna, Allen, Allenkakat, nor Oklashok.)

Alauihao: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alanihao, Alanijao, nor Alauijao.)

Alauihao: barrio, Badian Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Alawihao.)

Alauihao: barrio, Manjuyod Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Alauijao.)

Alauijao: see Alauihao, P. I.

Alava: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alawihao: see Alauihao, P. I.

Alazan: bay, north arm of Baffin Bay, 2 or 3 miles wide, 7 miles long, Kleberg County, Tex. (Not Agua Dulce nor Callo De Laureles.)

Albania: kingdom, s. Europe; Alb. Shqypnië, variants Shqipnia, Shqipenia, Shqiperia, Shqipria; Fr. Albanie; Ger. Albanien; Ital. Albania; Serb-Croat, Albanija.

Albany: capital of New York, in Albany Co., on the Hudson River, near lat. 41° 40′ N., long. 76° 46′ W. Population, 1930, 127,358. (Pronounced, awl'bä-ni.)

Albay: municipality, Provincial Capital, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alberhill: village, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Alberhil.)

Alberqua: see Abiqua.

Alberta: falls, on Glacier Creek, below Glacier Gorge, in northwest corner sec. 24, T. 4 N., R. 74 W., Larimer County, Colo.

Alberta: prov., s. w. Canada; 55° N., 115° W.

Alberto: islands, group of 3 islands in the eastern side of San Alberto Bay, lat. 55° 32′ N., long. 133° 11′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Alberto: reef, southwest side of Alberto Island, San Alberto Bay, lat. 55° 32′ N., long. 133° 12′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Albino: see Abino.

Albion: mountain (Mount Albion) altitude 12,596 feet, 15 miles south of Longs Peak, near Lake Albion, Boulder County, Colo.

Alboroto: see Middle Fork, Piedra River, Colo.

Albuquerque: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Alcala: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alcala: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alcalde: see Waltham.

Alcalde Hills: foothills, east side of Diablo Range, between Los Gatos and Waltham Creeks, west and northwest of Coalinga, Calif.

Alcarraza: pass, ⅜ mile wide, 9 fathoms deep, between Fungy-Bow and Guares or Twin Rocks, 1⅜ miles northwest of Culebra Island, P. R.

Alcatraz: rock, off middle of entrance to Salina del Sur, P. R. (Not Rocas Alcatraz.)

Alchesay: canyon, near Roosevelt Dam, Maricopa County, Ariz., near lat. 33° 38′ N., long. 111° 12′ W.

Alchichna: see John, river, Alaska.

Alcove: canyon, southwest of Carrizo Mountains, draining to the head of Walker Creek, Apache County, Ariz.

Alcovy: mountain, in Walton County; village in Newton County; and river in Gwinnett, Jasper, Newton, and Walton Counties, Ga. (Not Ulcofauhachee.)

Alder: creek, Ts. 34 and 35 N., Rs. 7 and 8 E., rising near Frenchman Butte, and tributary to Fish Creek, Idaho County, Idaho.

Alder: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 110° 19′ W. A small lake located within The Promontory, the peninsula between the south and southeast arms of Yellowstone Lake.

Alder: rock, southeastern Alaska, awash at half tide, east side of Palma Bay, about 2 miles north of Astrolabe Point and 13 miles northwest of Cape Spencer, near lat. 58° 22′ N., long. 136° 56′ W. So called because the lighthouse tender *Alder* struck on this rock.

Alder Springs: village and Forest Service station, California National Forest, Glenn County, Calif. (Not Oriental.)

Aleamai: stream, on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea north of Papaikou, Hawaii, T. H.

Aleck: rocks, San Juan County, Wash., consisting of two rocky islets, on the south shore Lopez Island, near the entrance of Aleck Bay.

Alegria: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Alejauan: see Alihawan, P. I.

Aleksandropol: see Leninakan.

Aleksandrov (Alexandrov): city, 65 mi. n. e. of Moskva, Russia; 56° 28′ N., 38° 35′ E. Not Aleksandrovskoe.

Aleksandrovskoe: see Aleksandrov.

Alelele: stream, rising on southwestern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing southward into sea west of Kipahulu, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Alella: rocky islet, lat. 14° 00′ 22″ N., long. 123° 47′ 09″ W., about 2½ miles northwest of Sugarloaf Point, Lahuy Island, and 6 miles northeast of Tinajuagan Point, Caramoan Peninsula, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, Philippine Islands. (Not Black.)

Alenuihaha: channel, 26 sea miles wide, between Maui and Hawaii Islands, T. H.

Alep or **Haleb (Aleppo):** city, n. Syria; Arabic, Haleb;† Fr. Alep; Ital. and conv. Eng., Aleppo; Gr. Khalepion;† 36° 5′ N., 37° 20′ E.

Aleppo: see Alep.

Alessandretta: see Alexandrette.

Alessandria: city, Piedmont, n. w. Italy; 44° 54′ N., 8° 37′ E.

Alex: see Rocky, run, Idaho.

Alexander: archipelago, comprising group of coastwise islands between Dixon Entrance, 54° 40′ N., and Cross Sound and Icy Strait, 58° 25′ N., southeastern Alaska.

Alexander: lake, southeastern Alaska, on Admiralty Island, near Mole Harbor, draining through Beaver Lake to Hasselborg Lake, near lat. 57° 40′ N., long. 134° 10′ W. So named by the Alexander Alaska Expedition, University of California, 1907, after Annie M. Alexander.

Alexander: see Alexandria, township, Kans.

***Alexander City:** city. Tallapoosa County, Ala. (Not Alexander.)

Alexander Magee: run (Alexander Magee Run), Limestone Township, Warren County, Pa., heading in lot 5227 and flowing west into Allegheny River, Allegheny National Forest. (Not Lacy.) According to a county history, Alexander, the youngest son of James Magee, was born in 1808. He settled four miles above Tidioute Creek in Limestone Township.

Alexandretta: see Alexandrette.

Alexandrette or **Iskenderun (Alexandretta):** gulf and seaport, ext. n. w. Syria; Fr. Alexandrette; Arabic, Iskanderun;† Turkish, Iskenderun; Ital. Alessandretta; 36° 35′ N., 36° 15′ E.

Alexandria: seaport, n. Egypt; 31° 10′ N., 29° 50′ E.

Alexandria: township, Leavenworth County, Kans. (Not Alexander.)

Alexandropol: see Leninakan.

Alexandrov: see Aleksandrov.

Alexandrovsk: see Zaporozhe.

Alexauken: creek, tributary to Delaware River at Lambertville, and village, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Alexsocken.)

Alexsocken: see Alexauken.

Alf: island, northernmost one of a chain of islands in Uyak Bay, three-fourths mile southward of Amook Island, lat. 57° 24′ N., long. 153° 51′ W., Alaska.

Alf: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in sec. 21, T. 64 N., R. 16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Alfred Merritt, who with his brother, Leonidas, first discovered ore in this region.

Alfenique: reef, in entrance to Rincon Bay, P. R.

Alfonso: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alfred: see Chottei.

Al Furat: see Euphrates.

Algeciras: pr. äl-hā-thē′räs, locally äl-hā-sē′ra; seaport, s. Spain, near Gibraltar; Arabic, Al Jezira; 36° 8′ N., 5° 30′ W.

Alger (Algiers): seaport, n. Algeria; 36° 40′ N., 3° 5′ E.

Algeria: a possession of France, n. w. Africa; Fr., Algérie.

Algérie: see Algeria.

Algiers: see Alger.

Algodones: point (Point Algodones), 3 miles east-northeast from Point Lima, P. R. (Not Algodon nor Algodonos.)

***Algoma:** city, Kewaunee County, Wis. (Not Ahnapee nor Ahnepee.)

Alhambra Rock: dike, serrated black butte, on south bank San Juan River near long. 109° 50′ W., 3 miles southwest of Goodridge post office, San Juan County, Utah.

Alia: light, one-sixth mile south of Alia Point, northeastern coast of Hawaii Island, T. H. (Not Keawemoe, Makahanaloa, nor Pepeekeo.)

Aliaga: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Aliang: barrio, Ligao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Allang.)

Alianza: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mianza.)

Aliapaakai: see Salt Lake, T. H.

Aliaska: see Alaska, peninsula.

Alibago: barrio, Enrile Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, and Barrio, Ilagan Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alibagu.)

Alibago: barrio, Santa Barbara Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Alibagu: see Alibago, P. I.

Alibimgbimgan: Alibombungan: see Alibumbungan, P. I.

Alibumbungan: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alibimgbimgan nor Alibombungan.)

Alicante: pr. ä-lē-kän′tā; seaport and prov., s. e. Spain; 38° 21′ N., 0° 29′ W.

Alice: peak (Mount Alice), altitude 13,310 feet, Continental Divide, in sec. 10 of T. 3 N., R. 74 W., 3 miles southwest of Longs Peak, Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo.

***Alice:** lake, Lincoln County, Wyo., near T. 28 N., R. 117 W., Wyoming National Forest. Name believed to be a corruption of "Ellis," the given name of an early trapper. (Not Ellis nor Fish.)

Alice: see Rice, creek, N. Dak.

Alice, Mount: see Temple Crag.

Alidade: creek, northeastern Elmore County, Idaho, in unsurveyed T. 7 N., R. 11 E., Boise meridian, tributary to Johnson Creek from the south, heading east of Tackobe Mountain, Boise National Forest. Named after instrument used in mapping.

Aligarh: city, United Provinces, n. India, near Delhi; 27° 50′ N., 78° 15′ E. Not Koil.

Aligo: point, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska at south end of peninsula, 8 miles long, between Aialik Bay and Harris Bay, lat. 59° 38′ N., long. 149° 45′ W. Named from the native word said to mean "quartz of rock crystal," referring to the geological formation.

Alihawan: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Alijauan, Alijavan, nor Alijawan.)

Alihawan: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Alijanan, Alijauan, nor Alejauan.)

Alijanan: see Alihawan, P. I.

Alijara: see Ariara, P. I.

Alijauan, Alijavan, Alijawan: see Alihawan, P. I.

Alikula: bay, just east of Egg Harbor, north shore of Coronation Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 55′ N., long. 134° 18′ W. Indian name, meaning *night.*

Alilem: township, Ilocus Sur Province Luzon, P. I.

Alilim: see Alilinu, P. I.

Alilinu: barrio, Camalaniugan Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alilim nor Allilino.)

Alimoan: see Alimuan, P. I.

Alimsog: barrio, Libog Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alinsoc.)

Alimuan: barrio, Calveria Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alimoan.)

Alimvoak: see Malina, bay, Alaska.

Alinak: see Coville and Grosvenor.

Alinnu: see Alinunu, P. I.

Alinnunu: see Alinunu, P. I.

Alinsoc: see Alimsog, P. I.

Alinunu: barrio, Abulug Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alinnunu nor Alinnu.)

Aliomanu: land division, partly in Government ownership, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Alipaciauan: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Alipauauan.)

Alipauauan: see Alipaciauan, P. I.

Alipio: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Alipotos: see Aliputos, P. I.

Aliputos: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Alipotos.)

Alitagtag: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Al Jezira: see Algeciras.

Alkali: see Lenore, lake, Wash.

Alkali: see Crystal, creek, Wyo.

Alki: point, Puget Sound, near Seattle, Wash. (Not Battery, Me-kwah-mooks, nor Robert's.)

Alkires Mills: village, Lewis County, W. Va. (Not Alkire's Mill.)

Allagash: lake, plantation, river, and village, Aroostook County, Me. River extends into Piscataquis County. (Not Allaguash nor Allegash.)

Allaguash: see Allagash.

Allahabad: city, n. cen. India, on Ganges river; 25° 35′ N., 81° 55′ E.

Allakaket: site of the mission, Koyukuk River, opposite mouth of the Alatna River, near lat. 66° 35′ N., long. 152° 44′ W., Alaska.

Allamatona: see Pottersville.

Allamuchy: mountain, pond, and township, Warren County, N. J. (Not Alamuche.)

Allan Otty: shoal, 2 miles south by west from Bear Point, southwestern end of Wolfe Island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Allen Otty, Keill, nor Keill's.)

Allang: see Aliang, P. I.

Allapaha: see Alapaha.

Allart: see Machos Grandes.

Al-lash-ook: see Alatna.

Allatna: see Alatna.

Allawa: see Alloway, landing, Miss.

Allegany: township, Potter County, Pa.

Allegany: see Allegheny, mountains, U. S.

Allegash: see Allagash.

Alleghany: see Allegheny, mountains, U. S.

Allegheny: mountains in eastern part of United States. (Not Allegany nor Alleghany.)

***Allegheny:** river, chiefly in Pennsylvania, rising near lat. 41° 48′ N., long. 77° 52′ W., flowing n. w. into New York, near long. 78° 35′ W., recrossing into Pa. near long. 78° 57′ W., thence southwesterly, uniting with the Monongahela to form the Ohio River at Pittsburgh. (Pronounced, ăl-ē-gā′-nĭ.)

Allegrippis: ridge, Huntingdon County, Pa. (Not Allegrippes nor Allegripus.)

Allemagne: see Germany.

Allen: creek, tributary to Swiftcurrent Creek from the south, about 1 mile southeast of Many Glacier, Glacier National Park, Mont.

Allen: glacier, Baird Canyon, Copper River, lat. 60° 47′ N., long. 144° 41′ W., Alaska. (Not Baird.)

Allen: mountain, altitude 9,355 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., lat. 48° 45¾′ N., long. 113° 39′ W. Named in 1891 by George B. Grinnell and party for Cornelia Seward Allen, granddaughter of William H. Seward.

Allen: mountain, altitude 5,103 feet, Lewis County, Wash., in secs. 35 and 36, T. 14 N., R. 7 E. Named after the late Grenville F. Allen, forest supervisor.

Allen: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Allen: short river, Nushagak region, Alaska, connecting Lake Chikuminuk and Lake Chauekuktuli, lat. 60° 04′ N., long. 158° 40′ W. Named after Byron Allen, who with a partner was lost in the river about 1900.

Allen: see Alatna.

Allenbridge: village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Allen's Bridge, Cooter's Bridge, nor Gurley's Bridge.)

Allenkakat: see Alatna.

Allen Keill: see Allan Otty.

Allen Point: see Camano Head.

Allentown: see Camp Springs.

Alley: island, Hancock County, Me., in Western Bay, northwest of Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 24′ N., long. 68° 23′ W. So named for E. C. Alley, former owner of this island. (Not Alleys.)

Alleys: see Alley, island, Me.

Allilino: see Alilinu, P. I.

Allimatona: see Pottersville.

Alloway: creek and village, Salem County, N. J. (Not Alloways.)

Alloway: landing, on Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Allawa.)

Alloway: township, Salem County, N. J. (Not Upper Alloways Creek.)

Allum: see Alum, hill, Mass.

Alluvium: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 110° 12′ W., flowing into Yellowstone Lake (Southeast Arm.)

Alluwe: village, Nowata County, Okla. (Not Al-lu-we.)

Almagre: mountain, Ts. 14 and 15 S., R. 68 W., Teller County, Colo. (Not Bald.)

Almagro: municipality, Samar Province, Talajib, P. I.

Almahera: see Halmahera.

Almería: pr. äl-mä-rē′ä; seaport and province, s. e. Spain; 36° 50′ N., 2° 32′ W.

Almon: village, Newton County, Ga. (Not Almond.)

Almond: see Almon.

Almost-a-Dog: mountain, altitude 8,911 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., lat. 48° 37½′ N., long. 113° 37′ W.

Alo: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into Waiakomoi Stream from the east; water taken into Spreckels ditch at Alo division weir, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Alochaman: Alochoman: Alockaman: Alokomin: see Elokomin.

Aloguinsan: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Alolod: see Alulud, P. I.

Alomata: see Alamota.

Alpine: brook, emptying into west side Cow Creek, one-half mile south of Longs Peak Village, Larimer County, Colo.

Alpine: creek, T. 44 N., R. 6 E., tributary to Sisters Creek from southeast, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not East Fork of South Fork St. Joe River.)

Alpine: lake, Custer County, Idaho, 1½ miles northeast of Packrat Peak, drained by tributary to Redfish Creek.

Alpine: lakes, Fremont County, Wyo., group of three, possibly more, east slope Continental Divide, head of Bull Lake Creek, in unsurveyed T. 36 N., R. 106 W., sixth principal meridian, Washakie National Forest.

Alplaus: kill (or creek) and village, Schenectady County, N. Y. (Not Aalplaus.)

Alsace: region, n. e. France; the depts. of Bas-Rhin and Haut-Rhin; Fr. Alsace; Ger. Elsass.

Alsace-Lorraine: region, e. France; formerly German; Ger. Elsass-Lothringen. See also Alsace and Lorraine.

***Alsea:** precinct and village, Benton County; river, Benton and Lincoln Counties; and bay and precinct, Lincoln County, Oreg. (Not Alseya.)

Alsek: river. Large river in the St. Elias region, flowing into Dry Bay near lat. 51° 10′ N., long. 138° 12′ W., Alaska. (Not Altsek nor Altsekh.)

Alseya: see Alsea.

Alta: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 36, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Alta: peak, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 25, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Altai: mt. range, Outer Mongolia and Siberia.

Altman: Altman's: see Aultmans.

Alton: bay, southern side of Winnipesaukee Lake, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Merrymeeting.)

Altona: city near Hamburg, Germany; 53° 33′ N., 9° 55′ E.

Altsek: Altsekh: see Alsek.

Altyn: peak, altitude 7,900 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 39′ W. Named by the miners in 1896 or 1897. The mining town called "Altyn" was located at the junction of Canyon Creek and Swiftcurrent Creek, now submerged by Sherburne Lake.

Altyn: see Josephine, lake, Mont.

Alubug: see Alabug, P. I.

Alulayan: see Atulayan, P. I.

Alulud: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alolod.)

Alum: cave, altitude 4,917 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, Sevier County, Tenn., on south side of Mount Le Conte, near lat. 35° 38′ 30″ N., long. 83° 27′ 28″ W. Name, more than a century old, was given on account of the alum and Epsom salts deposited by the trickling streams of water.

Alum: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 35′ N., long. 110° 36′ W., flowing northeast into Yellowstone River.

Alum: hill, Sheffield Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Allum.)

Alum: pond, Sturbridge Town, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Pookookapog.)

Alvada: railroad station, Seneca County, Ohio. (Not Alveda.)

Alvarado: creek, Custer County, Colo., east slope Sangre de Cristo Range, in secs. 3, 4, 5, and 7, T. 23 S., R. 73 W., near lat. 38° 05′ N., long. 105° 33′ W. Named after forest ranger station on creek. (Not Spring Creek.)

Alveda: see Alvada.

Alverstone: peak (Mount Alverstone, altitude 14,493 feet), on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, 60 miles east of Mount St. Elias, northeast of Yakutat Bay and 2 miles north of Mount Hubbard, near lat. 60° 20′ N., long. 139° W. Named in 1908 after Lord Alverstone, boundary commissioner, 1903.

Amacuro, Delta: see Delta Amacuro.

Amagasaki: a suburb w. of Osaka, Japan; 34° 44′ N., 135° 25′ E.

Amaknak: rugged island, 4 miles long, altitude 1,640 feet, in southern part of Unalaska Bay, 53° 54′ N., long. 166° 32′.4 W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Amakhnak nor Amoknak.)

Amakuk: long narrow arm, on extreme west shore of Nerka Lake at the big bend, lat. 59° 35′ N., long. 159° 05′ W., Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska.

Amalu: stream rising on northwestern slope of west Maui, tributary to Honokawai Stream from the north, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Amargosa: range of mountains, Inyo County, Calif.

Amargosa Desert: see Death Valley.

Amarilla: point, between Thimble Cove and Fortaleza Bay, eastern shore Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Amasia: see Amasya.

Amassia: see Amasya.

Amasya (Amasia): vilayet and town, Turkey. (Not Amassia.)

Amatignak: island, altitude 1,921 feet, at western end of Andreanof group, lat. 51° 18′ N., long. 179° 07′ W., middle Aleutians, Alaska.

Amatuli: cove, anchorage on north side of East Amatuli Island, Barren Island group, lat. 58° 55′ N., long. 152° 00′ W., at entrance to Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Amatuli: see East Amatuli.

Amazon (river): see Amazonas.

Amazonas (Amazon): pr. ä-mä-zōn′äs; river, Brazil.

Amazonas (Brazil): pr. ä-mä-zōn′äs; state, w. Brazil.

Amazonas (Venezuela): pr. äm-ä-sōn′äs; territory, Venezuela.

Ambala: city, e. Punjab, n. w. India; 30° 25′ N., 76° 50′ E.

Ambler: see Montbrook.

Ambolon: Ambolong: see Ambulong, P. I.

Ambrose: channel, across Sandy Hook Bar, New York Harbor, near lat. 40° 30′ N., long. 74° 00′ W., formerly known as East Harbor, was renamed Ambrose Channel by an act of Congress, approved June 6, 1900.

Ambulong: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon: barrios in Miagao and Sara Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ambolong.)

Ambulong: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I. (Not Ambolon nor Ambolong.)

Amchitka: island, altitude 1,281 feet, of the principal islands of the Rat Island group, lat. 51° 30′ N., long. 179° 00′ E., western Aleutians, Alaska.

Amchitka: broad pass, about 50 miles wide leading through Aleutian Islands between the Andreanof and the Fox Islands, Alaska, centering near lat. 51° 40′ N., long. 179° 40′ W., and joining the Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea.

Amdal: see Aurdal.

Amee: small island, in Sitkalidak Strait, Kodiak Island, Alaska, at entrance to Amee Bay, near lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 153° 12′ W. Takes name from near-by bay.

Amelia: lake near Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Emelia.)

Amelia: see Arabella.

American: creek, Lincoln County, Mont., Kootenai National Forest, rising in southern part T. 65 N., R. 34 W., flowing north into Canada near boundary post 222. Proposed by the Canadian Pacific Railway, and recommended by the U. S. Forest Service. (Not Middle Fork of Hawkins.)

American: point, in sections 18 and 19, T. 168 N., R. 33 W., Lake of the Woods, Minn. (Not Lecair nor Currys Fishery.)

American: stream, tributary to Bumping River, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Miner Creek nor Miners Creek.)

***American Corner:** district and village, Caroline County, Md. (Not American Corners.)

American Point: see Magnusons.

Ames Ripple: light on Ohio River, Woods County, W. Va. (Not Ames's Ripple.)

Amethyst: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising on north slope of Amethyst Mountain, near summit, near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 15′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Amethyst: mountain, altitude 9,423 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 16′ W.

Amicalola: creek, falls, mountain, and village, Dawson County, Ga. (Not Amicolola nor Armacolola.)

Amiens: pr. ä′myăN; city on Somme river, almost ext. n. France; 49° 55′ N., 2° 20′ E.

Amite: town, Tangipahoa Parish, La. (Not Amite City.)

Ammerman: mountain, spur of the Davidson Mountains north of the Porcupine River lying across the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) center near lat. 68° 23′ N., long. 141° 04′ W., Alaska.

Amoguis: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Amoquis.)

Amok: see Amook.

Amoknak: see Amaknak.

Amook: island, (about 8 miles long) in Uyak Bay, lat. 57° 29′ N., long. 153° 52′ W., western coast of Kodiak Island, Alaska. (Not Amok nor Amuk.)

Amoquis: see Amoguis, P. I.

Amoy: seaport on Formosa Strait, Fukien prov., s. e. China; 24° 30′ N., 118° 15′ E.

Amphibious: see Beaver, creek, S. Dak.

Amphitheater: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 00′ W., flowing southwest, into Soda Butte Creek.

Amphitheater: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 18, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Amphitheater: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., on southeast slope of the Grand Teton. The lake is set in the bottom of a glacier cirque which amphitheater-like encompasses it on three sides.

Amphitheater: mountain, altitude 8,600 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 28′ W. Descriptive name.

Amphitheater: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 48′ N., long 110° 44′ W., 1 mile south of Beaver Lake.

Ampusungan: township, Mountain Province. (Subprovince Lepanto), Luzon, P. I.

Amran: see Omeira.

Amritsar: city, Punjab, n. w. India; 31° 50′ N., 74° 55′ E.

Amsterdam: seaport, Netherlands; constitutional capital (but not seat of government—see 's Gravenhage); 52° 21′ N., 4° 55′ E.

***Amu Darya (Oxus River):** river, Turkmen S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic), n. w. to Aral Sea; Persian, Amu River (darya); Russ. Amu Darya; conv. (Latin) Oxus; also formerly called Jihun or Jaihun.

Amuk: see Amook.

Amukhta: see Amukta.

Amukta: island, (altitude about 3,738 feet) the westernmost one of the eastern Aleutians, lat. 52° 29′ N., long. 171° 15′ W., Alaska. (Not Amukhta.)

Amukta: pass, between Amukta Island and Seguam Island lat. 52° 25′ N., long. 171° 40′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Amukhta.)

Amulung: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Amungan: barrio, Iba Municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Amur River or **Heilungkiang:** pr. ä-mo͝or′; river, bet. Manchuria and the U. S. S. R., and through the Far Eastern Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic), into the Sea of Okhotsk; Russ. Amur;† Chinese, Heilungkiang (kiang=river).

Amzi: see Treadwell, hamlet, Ga.

Anabuculan: see Annabuculan, P. I.

Anaconda: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 58′ W., on south slope of Anaconda Peak, flowing southwest into Flathead River. Named for the peak on which it rises.

Anaconda: peak, altitude 8,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 58′ W. Named by early miners.

Anaconda: see Pargon, river, Alaska.

Anaconda Range: mountain range, Montana, portion of the Continental Divide extending from a low pass a few miles southeast of Anaconda, westward and southward to the divide which forms the western boundary of Montana. (Not Sawtooth Range.)

Anacostia: river, D. C. and Md. (Not Eastern Branch.)

Anadolu: see Anatolia.

Anahao: barrio, Argao Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, and barrio, Odiongan Municipality, Romblon Province, Tablas Island, P. I. (Not Anajao.)

Anahola: bay, at mouth of Anahola Stream, northeast Kauai, T. H.

Anahola: land division, in Government ownership, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Anahola: stream, rising on northern slope of Pueo Peak, flowing eastward into Anahola Bay, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Anahola: village, Anahola Bay; Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Anahulu: stream, rising in northern Koolau Mountains, flowing northwestward into Waialua Harbor, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Anajao: see Anahao, P. I.

Anakeesta: mountain ridge (Anakeesta Ridge), altitude 6,000 feet, Sevier County, Tenn., Great Smoky Mountains, near lat. 35° 38′ N., long. 83° 26′ W. This name, of Cherokee origin, reported locally to mean "place of the balsams," was suggested by the nomenclature committee of the Tennessee Great Smoky Mountain Park Commission because of the heavy growth of balsam on the sides and top of this ridge.

Analostan: see Theodore Roosevelt, island.

Anan: bay, south shore Bradfield Canal, head of Ernest Sound, lat. 56° 12′ N., long. 131° 50′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Anan: lake, south shore Bradfield Canal, draining to Humpback Bay through Anan Creek, southeastern Alaska.

Anao: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Anapog: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Anapug.)

Anapug: see Anapog, P. I.

Anatolia (Asia Minor): region, w. Asia, comprising most of Asiatic Turkey; Fr. Anatolie; Ger. Anatolien; Gr. Anatolē; Ital. Anatolia; Turk. Anadolu: 39° N., 35° E.

Anayan: see Auayan, P. I.

Anayatan: see Annayatan, P. I.

Anchor: cove, small cove indenting east side of Day Harbor, lat. 60° 00′ N., long. 149° 06′ W. Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Timber.)

Anchor: passage, narrow passage in Behm Canal at eastern end of Bell Island, between the island and the mainland, lat. 55° 59′ N., long. 131° 24′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Anchorage.)

Anchorage: see Anchor, passage, Alaska.

Ancon: peak, altitude 2,725 feet, southeast of Ancon Point, western side of Woronkofski Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not West.)

Ancon: point, western shore of Woronkofski Island, Stikine Strait, southeastern Alaska. (Not High.)

Ancona: seaport, e. Italy; 43° 38′ N., 13° 30′ E.

Ancyra: see Ankara.

Anda: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Anda: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Cabarruyan, P. I.

Andagao: see Andagaw, P. I.

Andagaw: barrio, Kalibio Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Andagao.)

Andalucía (Andalusia): region, and ancient division, s. Spain; Fr. Andalusie; Ger. Andalusien.

Andalusia: see Andalucía.

Andaman: pr. ăn-dăm′ăn; islands, Br. India, in Bay of Bengal, comprising part of the prov. of the Andamans and Nicobars; 12° N., 93° E.

Andarayan: barrio, Solana Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Andrayan.)

Anderson: creek, Park County, Wyo., rising approx. in sec. 23, T. 47 N., R. 106 W., unsurveyed, and flowing northeasterly and then easterly to join Greybull River near the southeast corner of T. 48 N., R. 105 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not An-

derson Fork.) Named a number of years ago for A. A. Anderson, who had a ranch on this creek, prior to being made superintendent, 1902–1906, of the national forests adjacent to the Yellowstone National Park.

Anderson: creek, T. 30 N., Rs. 9 and 10 E., tributary to Meadow Creek from southwest below Butte Creek, Idaho County, Idaho.

Anderson: creek, T. 15 S., R. 36 E., tributary from the west to Little Malheur River in section 36, Grant County, Oreg. (Not Squaw.)

Anderson: glacier, crosses the international boundary (between Alaska and Yukon) from east about 60 miles north of Mount St. Elias, lat. 61° 09′ N., long. 141° 00′ W., and extends southwest to its junction with Chitina Glacier.

Anderson: peak, altitude 10,770 feet, 3 miles north of junction of Anderson and Tittmann Glaciers, lat. 61° 10′.6 N., long. 141° 04′ W., and 2 miles from the international boundary (between Alaska and Yukon).

Anderson Fork: see Anderson, creek, Wyo.

Andes, Los (the Andes): pr. los än′dehs; mountain system, w. South America extending from Panama to Cape Horn; known locally as "Cordillera de los Andes."

Andes, The: see Andes, Los.

Andorra: semi-independent principality, in Pyrenees bet. Spain and France; Fr. Andorre; Sp. Andorra; 42° 30′ N., 1° 35′ E.

Andrayan: see Andarayan, P. I.

Andreafski: see Andreafsky.

***Andreafsky:** post office, lower Yukon, Alaska, near lat. 62° 03′ N., long. 163° 10′ W., about 17 miles down the river from Mountain Village. (Not Andreafski.) Said to receive name from Andrea family, who settled here in early days and built Russian church.

Andreanof: group of islands in the middle of the Aleutian chain, extending from Seguam Pass on the east to the pass at 179° 45′ west longitude, Alaska. (Not Andreanowsky.)

Andreanowsky: see Andreanof.

Andros Island: pr. ăn′drôs; largest island, the Bahamas; 24° 30′ N., 78° W.

Angaki: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Lepanto), Luzon, P. I. (Not Angaqui.)

Angaqui: see Angaki, P. I.

Angat: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Angel: creek, Ouray County, Colo.

Angeles: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Angels Gate: peak, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 111° 59′ W. altitude, 6,756 feet.

Angers: pr. äN-zhā; city on lower Loire river, w. cen. France; 47° 30′ N., 0° 33′ W.

Angers: see Angus.

Angleterre: see England.

Anglo-Egyptian Sudan: British-Egyptian protectorate, n. e. Africa.

Angola: Portuguese colony, w. Africa. (Not Portuguese West Africa.)

Angora: see Ankara.

Angquiray: see Anquiray, P. I.

Anguilla: bay, about a mile wide, included between Anguilla Island on the north and east and Esquibel Island on the south, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 40′ N., long. 133° 35′ W.

Anguilla: island, about 3 miles long on the northwest side of the Gulf of Esquibel, lat. 55° 40′ N., long. 133° 34′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Anguilla: pr. än-gwē′lyä; island, Leeward Islands, B. W. I., 18° 15′ N., 63° W.

Anguilla: see Maurelle.

Anguk: island, about one-quarter mile in diameter, 7 miles inside entrance of Spiridon Bay, Kodiak Island, Alaska—largest island of a group—lat. 57° 38′ .6 N., long. 153° 42′ .4 W. Name reported to be native word for "big."

Angus: railroad station, Polk County, Minn. (Not Angers.)

Anhaon: see Anhauan, P. I.

Anhauan: barrio, Dauin Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Anhayan, Anjauan, nor Anjayan.)

Anhauan: barrio, Duenas Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Anjauan.)

Anhauan: barrio, Janiuay Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Anhauan: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Anhaon nor Anhauon.)

Anhauon: see Anhauan, P. I.

Anhayan: see Anhauan, P. I.

Anhui: see Anhwei.

Anhwei: prov., e. cen. China proper. Not Anhui, Nganhui, Nganhwei.

Aniakchak: bay, indenting the southern shore of Alaska Peninsula, north of Sutwik Island, lat. 56° 43′ N., long. 157° 28′ W., Alaska. (Not Aniakshak.)

Aniakchak: crater, 6 miles in diameter, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 25 miles northwest of Aniakchak Bay, near lat. 56° 55′ N. Name proposed by R. H. Sargent, U. S. Geological Survey, whose party discovered it in 1923.

Anibong: see Anibung, P. I.

Anibongan: Anibongon: see Anibungan.

Anibung: barrio, Burauen Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte: barrio, Infanta Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon: and barrio, Pagsanján Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anibong.)

Anibungan: barrio, Jaro Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Anibungon nor Aninongon.)

Anibungan: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, and Barrio, Hinatuan Municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Anibongan.)

Anibungan: barrio, Lianga Municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Anibungan: barrio, Santa Rita Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Anibongon.)

Anibungon: see Anibungan, P. I.

Anilao: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anilas.)

Anilao: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anilaw.)

Anilas: see Anilao, P. I.

Anilaw: see Anilao, P. I.

Animas: river, southwestern Colorado and northwestern New Mexico, tributary to the San Juan. (Not Las Animas, Rio de las Animas, nor Rio Las Animas.)

Anini: stream, about 1 mile east of Hanalei River, in long. 159° 28′ N., northern coast of Kauai, T. H.

Aninongon: see Anibungan, P. I.

Anita: point, north end of peninsula between Anita Bay and Zimovia Strait, Etolin Island, southeastern Alaska.

Anjauan: see Anhauan, P. I.

Anjayan: see Anhauan, P. I.

Ankara (Angora): vilayet and capital city, Turkey; Turk. Ankara (pr. ánkara); Gr. Ankyra;† Lat. Ancyra; 39° 50′ N., 32° 45′ E. Not Engüri.

Ankau: creek, south shore of deMonti Bay, southeast shore, Yakutat Bay, on mainland of Alaska, near lat. 59° 33′ N., long. 139° 50′ W. So named by Malaspino, 1791, after a Tlinkit chief. (Not Tawah.)

Ankeny Landing: light, on Columbia River, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Ankeny's.)

Anklin: meadows, Lassen Volcanic National Park, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 14, T. 31 N., R. 4 E., Mount Diablo meridian. These meadows were in the homestead entry of an early settler, named Anklin, now long deceased, and the name "Anklin Meadows" has been local usage many years.

Ankyra: see Ankara.

Ann: channel, at entrance to Atchafalaya Bay, La. (Not Anne.)

Anna: lake (about 3 miles long) west of and connected with Sister Lake and tributary to Klag Bay, north of Khaz Bay, Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 38′ N., long. 136° 04′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Anna: see Annie.

Annabuculan: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Annabulculan nor Anabuculan.)

Annabulculan: see Annabuculan, P. I.

Annafatan: barrio Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Anna Herman: see Paoha.

Annahootz: mountain, 4,700 feet high, 2½ miles northeast of Nakwasina Passage, Baranof Island, Alaska, Tongass National Forest, near lat. 57° 17′, N. long. 135° 18′ W. "Annahootz and his tribe protected the white population from the natives under Katlian, a rival chief. He always enjoyed the respect and confidence of the Navy administration and was many times rewarded for his friendly acts."

*Annam: a protectorate, e. part of Fr. Indochina.

Annapolis: capital of Maryland, in Anne Arundel Co., on the Severn River, near lat. 39° 00′ N., long. 76° 30′ W. Population, 1930, 12,531. Pronounced, ăn-năp′-ō-lĭs.)

Annayatan: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anayatan.)

Anne: see Ann.

Annette: lake, at head of Humpback Creek, west of Silver Peak, King County, Wash.

Annex: creek, on west shore of Taku Inlet, Alaska, near lat. 58° 19′ N., long. 134° 07′ W.

Annex: lakes, two, about 1 mile inland, on northwest shore Taku Inlet, head of Annex Creek, mainland of Alaska, near lat. 58° 19′ N., long. 134° 07′ W.

*Annie: creek (and spring), Klamath County, Oreg., in Crater Lake National Park, flowing southeasterly from the spring located near lat. 42° 52′ N., long. 122° 10′ W., into Wood River. (Not Anna.) Named in 1865 for Miss Annie Gaines, who was one of the first two white women to reach the waters of Crater Lake.

Anokeseba: see Nokasippi.

Anolid: see Anulid. P. I.

Anoling: see Anuling, P. I.

Anoling 2°: see Anuling 2°, P. I.

Anoling 3°: see Anuling 3°, P. I.

Anonang: barrio, Rapu-Rapu Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anunang.)

Anonimo: key, mangrove-islet, 800 yards NE. of Boca Chica Key, lat. 24° 35′ 57″, long. 81° 41′ 38″, Florida Keys. (Not Noname nor No-Name.)

Año Nuevo: bay, island, and point, San Mateo County, and creeks, San Mateo and Santa Cruz counties, Calif. (Not New Year.)

Anos: see Anus, P. I.

Another: river, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, rising in Alaska Range, west of and entering Kenibuna Lake. This name given in 1927, because of the many new rivers discovered in that region.

Anquiray: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Angquiray nor Anquira.)

Ansel: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 3, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Ansley: island, Swanson Harbor, north side of Icy Strait at junction with Chatham Strait, lat. 58° 13′ N., long. 135° 07′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Astley.)

Antakiya: see Antioche.

Antamok: barrio and creek, about 5 miles east of Baguio, Mountain Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Atimok nor Antomock.)

Antananarivo: see Tananarive.

Antelope: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 26′ W., flowing northeasterly into Yellowstone River. Named by Washburn party, 1870.

Antelope: flats, Teton County, Wyo., in Ts. 43 and 44 N., R. 115 W., sixth principal meridian, east of Snake River.

Antelope: hills, low group in SW. ¼ T. 27 S., R. 20 E., and N. ½ T. 28 S., R. 20 E., Kern County, Calif.

Antelope: spring, in the House Range, Millard County, Utah, near lat. 39° 22′ N., long. 113° 17′ W.

Antelope: see Nickwall, creek, Mont.

Antelope: see Tamarack, creek, Oreg.

Antelope: see Elk Antler, creek, Wyo.

Antequera: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Antes: creek, rising in northwest part of Lycoming County, Pa., south bank of west branch Susquehanna River, in Nippenose and Limestone Townships, joining west branch of Susquehanna, east of Antes Fort. (Not Nippenose.) After Col. John Henry Antes, who erected a fort and grist mill near the mouth of this creek in 1776.

Anthony: lakes, drained by Anthony Fork, northwest part Baker County, Oreg. (Not North Powder.)

Anthony: ponds, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not S. Anthony nor St. Anthony.)

Anthony: see Antone.

***Anthonys Nose:** mountain, east side Hudson River, Cortland Town, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Anthony's Nose.)

Anthracite: see Ohio Peak, Colo.

Anticline: ridge, spur of Diablo Range, running southeast from southeast point of Joaquin Ridge, Fresno County, Calif.

Anticosti: island at mouth of St. Lawrence estuary, Canada; 49° N., 63° W.

Antigua: pr. än-tē'gwä; island and presidency, Leeward Islands, B. W. I.; 17° N., 61° 45′ W.

Antimonan: municipality, Tabayas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Antioch: see Antioche.

Antioche or **Antakiya (Antioch):** town, n. w. Syria; Arabic and Turkish, Antakiya; Fr. Antioche; Ger. Ital. and Lat. Antiochia; Gr. Antiokheia;† 36° 5′ N., 36° 12′ E.

Antioquia: pr. än-tē-ō'kē-ä; dept. and city, Colombia; 6° 20′ N., 76° 10′ W.

Antipolo: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Burgos nor Nuestra Señora de Antipolo.)

Antipolo: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Antler: peak, altitude 10,200 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 50′ W. (Not Bell's.)

Antler: river, mainland of southeastern Alaska, emptying into Berners Bay from the east, near lat. 58° 49′, long. 134° 55′.

Antley: creek, rising in sec. 18, T. 36 N., R. 23 W., tributary to Yakinikak Creek from south, Flathead County, Mont.

Antofagasta: pr. än-tō-fa-gäs'tä; prov. and seaport city, n. Chile; 24° S., 70° 10′ W.

Antoine: creek and valley, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Antwine.)

Antomock: see Antamok, P. I.

Antone: mountain, Rupert Town, Bennington County, Vt. (Not Anthony.)

Antung: port, Liaoning prov., s. Manchuria; at mouth of Yalu River; 39° 59′ N., 124° 30′ E.

Antwerp: see Antwerpen.

Antwerpen or **Anvers (Antwerp):** seaport, n. Belgium; Flemish (and Ger.), Antwerpen, pr. änt-vêr-pĕn; Fr. Anvers, pr. än-vâr'; 51° 13′ N., 4° 25′ E.

Antwine: see Antoine.

Anulid: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon: barrio, Malasiqui Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon: and barrio, Mangaldan Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anolid.)

Anuling: barrio, Candijay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon: and barrio, Infanta Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anoling.)

Anuling 2°: barrio, Camiling Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anoling 2°.)

Anuling 3°: barrio, Camiling Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anoling 3°.)

Anunang: see Anonang, P. I.

Anus: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon: barrio, Los Banos Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon: barrio, Macaleon Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon: and barrio, Tayabas Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anos.)

Anvers: see Antwerpen.

Anvil: small bay, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, on south shore of upper arm of Lake Nerka, lat. 59° 33′ N., long. 158° 46′ W.

Anvil Rock: sharp rocky crest below Cowlitz Cleaver, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Anvil Spring: canyon, Inyo County, Calif., drains Butte Valley, into Death Valley, near lat. 35° 56′ N., long. 117° 08′.6 W.

Anzoátegui: pr. än-sō-ät′eh-gē; state and city, Venezuela; 9° N., 64° W.

Aomori: seaport, ext. n. end of main island, Japan; 40° 55′ N., 140° 40′ E.

Aowa: creek, Dixon County, Nebr. (Not Agoway, Ayowa, nor South.)

Aowa: see North Aowa.

***Apache:** four or five closely grouped peaks (Apache Peaks), Gila County, Ariz., south of Salt River and east of Pinal Creek, the principal peak in group located in lat. 33° 31′ 35″ N., long. 110° 43′ 48″ W. (Not Apache Mountains nor Sierra Apache.)

Apache: gap, 26 miles east of Mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz., on Apache Trail, near lat. 33° 30′ N., long. 111° 34′ W.

Apache: peak, altitude 12,873 feet on the Continental Divide, 13 miles south of Longs Peak, in center of sec. 11, T. 1 N., R. 74 W., Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo.

Apache Mountains: see Apache, peaks, Ariz.

Apalachee: bay on the gulf coast of Florida. (Not Appalachee.)

Apalachee: river and town, Morgan County, Ga. (Not Appalachee.)

Apalachicola: bay and city, Franklin County, and river, Florida. (Not Appalachicola.)

Apalit: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Aparri: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Apatite: hill, Auburn City, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not Mount Apatite nor Mount Appetite.)

Apatot: barrio, Badoc Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Apatut nor Apatut-Darat.)

Apatot: barrio, Balaoan Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Apatut.)

Apatot: barrio, San Esteban Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Apatut: see Apatot, P. I.

Apatut-Darat: see Apatot, P. I.

Apeldoorn: pr. ä′pĕl-dōrn; city e. cen. Netherlands; 52° 13′ N., 5° 58′ E.

***Apennines:** see Appennino.

Apgar: mountains, highest summit, altitude 6,500 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 34′ N., long. 114° 05′ W., watershed on right bank of Flathead River, below and north of junction of Middle and South Forks.

Apgars Corner: see Bissell.

Aphoon: see Apoon.

Apia: seaport capital of w. Samoa; 13° 50′ S., 171° 50′ W.

Apoapuraguan: point, lat. 9° 20′ 0″, long. 118° 30′ 9″, and river, lat. 9° 20′ 0″, long. 118° 30′ 6″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Apollinaris: mineral spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on right bank of Obsidian Creek, 10 miles south of Mammoth Hot Springs, near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 45′ W.

Apollonia Village, Rusk County, Wis. (Not Appollonia.)

Apollo Temple: peak, altitude 6,261 feet; in the Grand Canyon Natl. Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 111° 53′ W.

Aponegansett: see Apponaganset.

Apoon: mouth and pass, the northeastern pass of the Yukon Delta, Yukon River, Alaska. Position of mouth, lat. 63° 03′ N., long. 163° 22′ W. (Not Aphoon, Aproon, nor Uphoon.)

Apostle: group of islands, lat. 47° N., long. 90° 30′ to 91° W., Lake Superior, Ashland and Bayfield Counties, Wis.

Appalachee: see Apalachee, bay, Fla.; river and town, Ga.

Appalachian Mountains: include all the eastern mountains of the United States, from Alabama to northern Maine.

Appalachian Plateau: includes the entire plateau forming the western member of the Appalachian Mountain system, known in the North as the Allegheny Plateau and in the South as the Cumberland Plateau.

Appalachicola: see Apalachicola.

Appekunny: creek, tributary to Swiftcurrent Creek from the north, about one-half mile below Altyn, Glacier National Park, Mont.

Appekunny: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 39′ W., on Appekunny Creek, three-fourths of a mile north of west end of Lake Sherburne.

Appekunny: mountain, 9,053 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 113° 39′ W. The Indian name of J. W. Schultz.

***Appennino (Apennines):** mtn. chain, traversing Italian peninsula.

Appetite, Mount: see Apatite.

Appistoki: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 21′ W., flowing northeast and northwest around Appistoki Peak into Two Medicine Lake. High peak near by and waterfall on stream also bear this Indian name.

Appistoki: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 21′ W., on Appistoki Creek, north slope of Appistoki Peak. Indian name of mountain on which creek rises.

Appistoki: peak, altitude 8,135 feet, in Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 21′ W.

Apple: group of islands in northern part of Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 04′ N., long. 135° 25′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Iabloshnie, Middle, nor Sredni.)

Apple: see Kasiana.

***Apple Creek:** village, Wayne County, Ohio. (Not Applecreek.)

Appledore: island, one of the Isles of Shoals, Me. (Not Hog.)

Applegate: glacier, eastern side head of Port Nellie Juan, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Applegate: island, mouth of Port Nellie Juan, Prince William Sound, lat. 60° 37′ N., long. 148° 09′ W., Alaska.

Applegate: peak, Klamath County, Oreg., in Crater Lake National Park, on south rim of Crater Lake, near lat. 42° 54′ N., long. 122° 06′ W. Named in 1869, in honor of Capt. O. C. Applegate, an early pioneer. The board when naming Vidae confused the cliff feature with Applegate Peak, stating "Not Applegate Peak." Vidae Cliff is 1 mile south of that peak.

Appollonia: see Apollonia.

Apponaganset: bay, river, and village, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Aponegansett.)

Apra: harbor (Port Apra), island of Guam. (Not Harbor of Apra, Harbor of San Luis d'Apra, Port of Apra, Port San Luis d'Apra, P. San Luis d'Apra, Pto. de San Luis de Apra, nor San Luis d'Apra Harbor.)

April: creek, in Brooks Range, northern Alaska, tributary from southeast to head of Killik River, south branch of Colville River, near lat. 68° N., long. 154° 30′ W.

Aproon: see Apoon.

Apua: land division, in Government ownership, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Apure: pr. ä-pōō′reh; state and river, Venezuela.

Aqaba: gulf, n. end of Red Sea; Arabic, Bahr (i. e., gulf) el 'Aqaba;† 29° N., 34° 40′ E. (Not Akaba.)

Aq Hisar: see Akhisar.

Aquasco: village, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Acquasco.)

Aqui: see Onaqui.

Aquia: creek and landing on Potomac River, Stafford County, Va. (Not Acquia.)

Aquila: pr. ä′kwē-lä; prov. and city, cen. Italy; 42° 22′ N., 13° 22′ E.

Aquilaquilao: see Aquiliquilao, P. I.

Aquiliquilao: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Aquilaquilao.)

Arabia: large s. w. peninsula of Asia.

Arabian Saudian Kingdom: see Saudi Arabia.

Aracajú: pr. ä-rä-kä-zhōō′; city, e. Brazil, capital, State of Sergipe; 10° 55′ S., 37° 4′ W.

Arad: city, ext. w. Rumania; 46° 11′ N., 21° 19′ E.

Aragan: see Aragon, P. I.

Arago: cape, Coast Guard station, and lighthouse, Coos County, Oreg. (Not Gregory.)

Aragon: barrio, Cabugao Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Aragan.)

Aragon: barrio, Cateel Municipality, Davao Province, Mindanao; and barrio, San Nicolas Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Aragua: pr. ä-rä′gwä; state, Venezuela.

Araguaia or **Araguaya:** pr. är-ä-gwī′-yä; river, Brazil.

Aram: see Syria.

Aramburu: canyon, sec. 13, T. 30 S., R. 20 E., Kern County, Calif.

Aranguel: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Arranguel.)

Arapaho: creek, rising in Arapaho Pass, near Arapaho Peak, flowing northwest into Colorado River, Grand County, Colo. (Not East Fork nor South Fork of Grand River.)

Arapaho: national forest, adjoining Rocky Mountain National Park, Colo., on the west and south. (Not Arapahoe.)

Arapahoe: city, Furnas County, Nebr. (Not Arrapahoe.)

Arapahoe: see Spicer.

Arauco: pr. ä-row′kō; city, Chile; 37° 16′ S., 73° 25′ W.

***Aravaipa:** canyon, creek, and valley, Graham and Pinal Counties, and village, Graham County, Ariz. (Not Aravapai, Aravaypa, Arayaipa, Arivaipa, Arivapah, Arivapai, nor Arivaypa.)

Arayaipa: see Aravaipa.

Arayat: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Arbe: see Rab.

Arcada: rock (130 feet high), near west shore Baker Island, lat. 55° 22′ 08″ N., long. 133° 40′ 22″ W., southeastern Alaska.

Arc Dome: mountain, altitude 11,775 feet, of the Toyabe Range, Nye County, Nev., near lat. 38° 50′ N., long. 117° 25′ W. (Not Bald.)

Arch: rock, San Francisco Bay, Calif. (Not Bird.)

Arch: see Matagusu.

Archangel: see Arkhangelsk.

Archbold: railroad station, Fulton County, Ohio. (Not Archibald.)

Archer: mountain, Idaho County, Idaho, near lat. 45° 55′ N., long. 114° 56′ W. After a trapper who lost his life by a fall from a cliff on this mountain, and whose grave is there.

Archer: railroad station, O'Brien County, Iowa. (Not Archer's Grove.)

Archer: village, Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Archer's nor Wheatland.)

Archer's Grove: see Archer, railroad station.

Archibald: see Archbold.

Archuleta: see Jemez Springs.

Arco: hills, Butte County, Idaho, west and south of the tributary entering Wood Canyon from the southeast, principally in Ts. 4 and 5 N., Rs. 27 and 28 E., Boise meridian.

Ardagan: see Ardahan.

Ardahan: town, Turkey. (Not Ardagan, Ardakhan.)

Ardakhan: see Ardahan.

Ardennes: pr. är-dĕn′; dept. n. e. France, and forested region, s. e. Belgium and n. e. France.

Ardila: village, Houston County, Ala. (Not Ardilla.)

Arecibo: port (Port Arecibo), northern coast, P. R.

Arena: cove, opening into large bay indenting southern shore Suemez Island, southeastern Alaska.

Arena: creek, flowing into San Luis Lakes, Alamosa and Saguache counties, Colo. (Not Meadow, Rito Arena, Rio Arenas, nor Sand.)

Arena: point, Mendocino County, Calif. (Not Arenas.)

Arenas: bank, off Point Arenas, Vieques Island, P. R. (Not Point Arenas.)

Arenas: see Arena, point.

Arequipa: pr. ä-reh-kē′pä; dept. and city, s. Peru; 16° 20′ S., 71° 25′ W.

Arevalo: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Arey: cove, south end Schoodic Peninsula, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 20′ N., long. 68° 04′ W. So named for T. and J. Arey, who lived on this cove in 1860. (Not Areys.)

Arezzo: pr. ä-ret′sō; city, n. cen. Italy; 43° 25′ N., 11° 53′ E.

Argao: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Argentina: pr. är-jĕn-tē′na; rep. S. America; Fr. République Argentine; Ger. Argentinien; Ital. and Sp. Argentina.

Argentine, République: see Argentina.

Argentinien: see Argentina.

Arguello: point, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Arguelia.)

Argyrokastron: see Gjinokastër.

Ariadne: small island and adjacent cove, in West Arm of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 28′ N., long. 150° 31′ W.

Ariara: island, about 1½ miles northeast of Linapacan Island, Palawan, P. I. (Not Alijara.)

Arickaree: see Arikaree, river, Colo.

Ariel: point, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 00′ W.

Arikara: see Arikaree, peak, Colo.

Arikaree: peak, altitude 13,147 feet, on the Continental Divide, 14 miles south of Longs Peak, in SE. ¼ sec. 14, T. 1 N., R. 74 W., Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo. (Not Arikara.)

Arikaree: river, tributary to Republican River, Kit Carson, Lincoln, Washington, and Yuma Counties, Colo., Cheyenne County, Kans., and Dundy County, Nebr. (Not Arickaree.)

Arima: pr. ä-rē′ma; town, Trinidad, B. W. I.

Aringay: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Arivaipa: Arivapah: see Aravaipa.

Arivaypo: see Arivaipa.

Arizona: town, Claiborne Parish, La. (Not Arizonia.)

Arizona: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Utah, on the east by New Mexico, on the south by Mexico, and on the west by California, Nevada, and Mexico. Area 113,956 square miles. (Pronounced ăr-ĭ-zō′-na.)

Arkansas: river, rising in Lake County, Colo., near lat. 39° 22′ N., long. 105° 17′ W., flowing southeasterly through Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma, and Arkansas, into the Mississippi River, near lat. 33° 48′ N., long. 91° 07′ W. (Pronounced, ark′-en-saw.)

Arkansas: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Missouri, on the east by Tennessee and Mississippi, on the south by Louisiana and Texas, and on the west by Texas and Oklahoma. Area, 53,335 square miles. (Pronounced, ark′-en-saw.)

Arkansas Post: town, Arkansas County, Ark. (Not Post of Arkansas.)

Arkhangelsk (Archangel): seaport, on White Sea, n. U. S. S. R. (Russia); 64° 35′ N., 40° 50′ E.

Arlee: see McLeod, peak, Mont.

Armacolola: see Amicalola.

Armavir: city, near Caucasus mts., U. S. S. R. (Russia); 45° 0′ N., 41° 8′ E.

Armells: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., formed in T. 4 N., R. 40 E., Montana principal meridian, by the junction of its east and west forks and empties into Yellowstone River in T. 6 N., R. 39 E. This is an old and well-established name.

Armenia: barrio, Dimasalang Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Masbate Island, P. I. (Not Arminia.)

Armenia: ancient kingdom, w. Asia; a constituent republic of Transcaucasian S. F. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); Armenian, Hayasdan; Fr. Arménie; Ger. Armenien; Russ. Armeniya.†

Armige: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Armigo.)

Armigo: see Armige, P. I.

Arminia: see Armenia, P. I.

Armitage: island, San Juan County, Wash., one-half mile northeast of the southern point of Blakely Island, on the western side of Rosario Strait.

Armour: peak, Mount Armour, altitude 8,776 feet, lat. 59° 54′ 15″, long. 138° 42′ 22″, international boundary, Alaska and Canada. After John D. Armour, judge, Supreme Court of Canada, and one of the original Canadian members of the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal in 1903.

Armstrong: island and lighthouse in Mississippi River, near Hannibal, Mo. (Not Armstrong's.)

Armstrong: village, Bath County, Va. (Not Cloverdale.)

Army: pass, Tulare and Inyo County boundary, near lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 118° 14′ W., east boundary Sequoia National Park.

Arnhem: city, s. cen. Netherlands; 51° 59′ N., 5° 55′ E.

Arnica: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., draining marsh below Beach Lake, flowing south into West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake.

Arno: river, n. cen. Italy, w. through Firenze and Pisa.

Arnold: landing, Mississippi River, Carroll County, Ill. (Not Arnold's.)

Aromahan: see Arumahan, P. I.

Aroroy: municipality, Masbate Province, Masbate, P. I.

Arranguel: see Aranguel, P. I.

Arrapahoe: see Arapahoe, city, Nebr.

Arrecife: islets, group off Arrecife point at entrance to Port Real Marina, western side Portillo Channel, southeastern Alaska.

Arrow: lake, Lake County, Minn., south of Lake Insula, in secs. 6, 7, and 18, T. 62 N., R. 7 W. Descriptive name proposed by the Forest Service.

Arrow: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 53′ W.

Arrow: lake and river, tributary to Pigeon River, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, near international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Arrow Canyon: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 39′ W., flowing northeasterly into Lava Creek. This creek rises in the north end of a marsh, its waters flowing north. At the south end of the marsh, 1 mile distant, another stream arises, unnamed, whose waters flow south. These waters meet again at the mouth of the Yellowstone River, those of Arrow Canyon through Lava Creek, Gardiner and Yellowstone Rivers, and those of the unnamed creek through Solfatara Creek, Gibbon, Madison and Missouri rivers.

Arrowhead: lake, San Bernardino County, Calif., T. 2 N., R. 3 W., formed by damming Little Bear Creek, near lat. 34° 15′ N., long. 117° 11′ W. (Not Little Bear Lake.)

Arrowhead: mountain, altitude 11,200 feet, sec. 29, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Park County, Colo.

Arrowhead: mountain, 47 miles from Mesa, on Apache Trail, Maricopa County, Arizona.

Arrowhead Pool: small lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 47′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., the eastern of three lakes draining southeast into Jenny Lake—a small lake with outlines suggesting a flint arrowhead.

Arrowhead Springs: village, San Bernardino County, Calif. (Not Arrow Head Springs.)

Arroyo Cavelano: see Cayetano.

Arroyo Ciervo: gulch and intermittent stream, heading at Ciervo Mountain and draining northeastward through the dry hills, entering San Joaquin Valley in n. e. corner of sec. 29, T. 16 S., R. 14 E., Fresno County, Calif.

Arroyo Covelano: see Cayetano.

Arroyo de los Torreones: Arroyo de los Torrijo: see Torreones.

Arroyo del Valle: see Arroyo Valle.

Arroyo Hondo: creek, first large one in foothill belt north of Cantua Creek, emptying into San Joaquin Valley about 4 miles north of the latter creek, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Dry.)

Arroyo las Gatos: see Los Gatos.

Arroyo Quito: see Campbell, creek, Calif.

Arroyo Valle: stream, Alameda and Santa Clara Counties, Calif. (Not Arroyo del Valle.)

Arroyo Verde: see Lewis and Pranty.

Arsenal: see Greenleaf.

Artemisia: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lower (north) end of Upper Geyser Basin, on right bank of Firehole River.

Arthur: peak, altitude 10,426 feet, eastern boundary of Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in approx. lat. 44° 25′ 50″ N., long. 110° 02′ 45″ W. Named in honor of President Arthur, who in 1883 was the first President to enter the park.

Arthur Lake: see Fairview, lake, Pa.

Artigas: pr. är-tē′gäs; dept. and city, Uruguay; 32° 28′ S., 53° 18′ W.

Artist: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on right of Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone River, ¾ mile below the Lower Falls. (Not Lookout.)

Artists Paintpots: mud springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at south end of Gibbon Meadows, on left bank of Gibbon River, near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 110° 44′ W.—small basins of colored, boiling mud.

Artlewis: glacier, Alaska, from extreme northwest corner of British Columbia, crosses boundary about lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 138° 55′ W., continues southerly 10 miles, and joins Nunatak Glacier.

Artvin: vilayet and town, Turkey. (Not Artwin.)

Artwin: see Artvin.

Arumahan: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Aromahan.)

Arvada: town, Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Arvado.)

Arvon: see Arvonia.

Arvonia: village, Buckingham County, Va. (Not Arvon.)

Asahigawa: city, cen. Hokkaido, Japan; 43° 47′ N., 142° 20′ E.

Asasi: see Asissi, P. I.

Asassi: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Asasi nor Assassi.)

Asbestos: canyon, in north wall of Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz. beginning near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 111° 56′ W., draining south into the Colorado River.

Ascequia: see Acequia.

Ascheeshna: see John.

Ascombs: see Asquith.

Asdum: barrio, San Vicente Municipality, Camarines Norte Province Luzon, P. I. (Not Asdun.)

Asdun: see Asdum, P. I.

Ash: butte, altitude 7,556 feet, Lassen County, Calif., 2 miles southeasterly from Butte Lake, in sec. 26, T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Ash: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in sec. 6, T. 3 S., R. 36 E., Montana principal meridian, and with West Ford, Tullock forms Tullock Creek in sec. 29, T. 1 S., R. 36 E.

Ash: peaks, three in number, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 19 and 20, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., near middle of Ash Peaks Ridge, Sequoia National Park.

Ashanola: see Ashnola.

Asharoken Beach: sandy isthmus joining Eatons Neck to Long Island, Huntington Town, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not East Beach.)

Ashbee: harbor, Roanoke Island, Dare County, N. C. (Not Ashby's.)

Ashby's: see Ashbee.

Ashettimoyawk: see Tawas, lake, Mich.

Ashkhabad: capital of Turkmen S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); formerly Poltoratsk; 37° 57′ N., 58° 23′ E. (Not Ashqabad, Askabad.)

Ashland: see Center, township, Kans.

Ashland: see Hayden, railroad station, Md.

Ashland: see Chequamegon, bay and point, Wis.

Ashmun: peak (Mount Ashmun), altitude 6,450 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary 2½ miles northeast of Kelsall River, near long. 136° 11′ W. After R. N. Ashmun, United States section, International Boundary Commission.

Ashnola: river, Okanogan County, Wash., and British Columbia, Canada. (Not Ashanola, Ashtnulon, Na-is-nu-lah, Naisnuloh, Nais-nu-loh nor Naisnulho.)

Ash Peaks Ridge: mountain divide, Tulare County, Calif., in Sequoia National Park, watershed between Kaweah River and North Fork and Yucca Creek, from the mouth of North Fork of Kaweah River northeast to Colony Peak. (Not Park Road Ridge.)

Ashport: village, Lauderdale County, Tenn. (Not Ash Port.)

Ashqabad: see Ashkhabad.

Ashtnulon: see Ashnola.

Ashton-under-Lyne: city, Lancashire, England; suburb of Manchester; 53° 30′ N., 2° 6′ W.

Asia Minor: See Anatolia.

Asingan: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Askabad: see Ashkhabad.

Askwalli: see Nisqually.

Aslom: barrio, Dagami Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Aslom: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, and Barrio, Naval Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Aslum.)

Aslum: see Aslom, P. I.

Asneconic: pond, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Asnyconick.)

Asnières: pr. ä′nyâr; a n. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 54′ N., 2° 17′ E.

Asnyconick: see Asneconic.

Asotin: creek and town, Asotin County, Wash. (Not Asotan nor Assotan.)

Aspen: brook, tributary from south to Thompson River, 3 miles west of Estes Park Village, Larimer County, Colo.

Aspen: creek, Dolores County, Colo., small tributary to the Rio Dolores.

Asquith: island, in Honga River, about 2 miles south of Crapo, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Aisquith nor Ascombs.)

Assam: a Br. prov., and an Indian state, n. e. India; 26° N., 93° E.

Assanpink: see Assunpink.

Assassi: see Asassi, P. I.

Assiniboia: district of Canada. (Not Assinniboia.)

Assiut: see Asyût.

Assotan: see Asotin.

Assunpink: creek, Monmouth and Mercer Counties, N. J., rises in Millstone Township, flows northwest and southwest and empties into Delaware River at Trenton. (Not Assanpink.) Name derived from the Delaware, A'sinniping, meaning, "at the stone river."

Aster: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., flowing northeast, northwest, west and southwest into Lewis River.

Aster: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in Aster Park, near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 22′ W., flows north into Paradise Creek.

Aster: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 24, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Aster Park: valley, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Astley: see Ansley.

Astrakhan: city at mouth of Volga river, on Caspian Sea, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 46° 15′ N., 48° 10′ E.

Astringent: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 18′ W., flowing southeast into Pelican Creek.

Astrolabe: bay, southeastern Alaska, on the east side of Palma Bay and about 2 miles north of Astrolabe Point, near lat. 58° 23′ N., long. 136° 54′ W. Named by Davidson after one of the French exploring ships, the *Astrolabe* under La Perouse in 1786.

Astrolabe: group of small rocks, southeastern Alaska, about 330 yards off Astrolabe Point, near lat. 58° 20′ N., long. 136° 54′ W. So named on recommendation of Coast Survey field party, 1926.

Astrolabe: peninsula, southeastern Alaska, terminating at Astrolabe Point, near lat. 58° 22′ N., long. 136° 54′ W. So named on recommendation of the Coast Survey.

Asturias: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Asunción: pr. ä-sōōn-sē-ōn′; capital city of Paraguay; 25° 30′ S., 57° 30′ W.

***Aswân:** town, on the Nile, Egypt, near famous dam; 24° 5′ N., 32° 57′ E.

Asyût: city on Nile river, n. Egypt, 27° 12′ N., 31° 11′ E. (Not Assiut.)

Atacama: pr. ä-tä-kä′mä; desert, and prov. n. Chile.

Atacosa: see Atascosa.

Atala: see Attalla.

Atalante: see Mori.

Atalaya: Atalayan: see Atulayan, P. I.

Atanum: see Ahtanum.

Atascosa: county in Texas. (Not Atacosa.)

Atene: see Athēnai.

Athabaska: river, cen. Alberta, and lake, n. e. Alberta; 59° N., 110° W.

Athēnai (Athens): capital of Greece; Gr. Athēnai;† Intl. postal guide, Athinai; Fr. Athènes; Ger. Athen; Ital. Atene; Russ. Afini;† 38° N., 23° 45′ E.

Athens: see Athēnai.

Atherton: landing, Mississippi River, near Cairo, Pulaski County, Ill. (Not Atherton's.)

Athinai: see Athēnai.

Äthiopien: see Ethiopia.

Atimok: see Antamok, P. I.

Atka: island, one of the middle Aleutians, lat. 52° 10′ N., long. 174° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Atkha.)

Atkha: see Atka.

Atkins: bay, at mouth of the Kennebec River, Me. (Not Adkins.)

Atkins: peak, altitude 10,900 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 110° 05′ W., on new eastern boundary, act March 1, 1929. Named by the United States Geological Survey, 1885, for John D. C. Atkins, Indian Commissioner, 1885–1888.

Atkisson Dam: lighthouse on Kanawha River, Kanawha County, W. Va. (Not Atkisson's Dam.)

Atkulik: island, near entrance to Chignik Bay, lat. 56° 16′ N., long. 157° 44′ W., south side of Alaska Peninsula. (Not Atkunk.)

Atkunk: see Atkulik.

Atlanta: capital of Georgia, in Fulton Co., on the Chattahooche River, near lat. 33° 45′ N., long. 84° 24′ W. Population in 1930, borough—270,367; as enlarged, 360,692. (Pronounced ăt-lăn′*ta*.)

Atlantic: creek, draining the east or Atlantic slope of Triple Divide Peak, on the Continental Divide, into Cut Bank Creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont.

Atlántico: pr. ät-län′tē-kō; dept., Colombia.

Atlantis: island, St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Jack.)

Atmo: mountain, 2,674 feet high, west shore Katmai Bay, southeast coast Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 58° N.

Atok: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Atoko: point, on the Grand Canyon rim, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 111° 56′ W.

Atolayan: Atoloyan: see Atulayan, P. I.

Atrato: pr. ä-trä′tō; river, n. Colombia.

Atsion: see Mullica.

***Attalla:** precinct and town, Etowah County, Ala. (Not Atala nor Attala.)

Attention: peak, altitude 5,030 feet, east of Mosquito Creek, sec. 33, T. 44. N., R. 8. E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Attou: see Attu.

Attu: island, largest and farthest west island of the western Aleutians, lat. 52° 55′ N., long. 173° E., Alaska. (Not Attou.)

Atulayan: barrio, Sagnay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Atolayan nor Atoloyan.)

Atulayan: island, in Lagonoy Gulf, Luzon, P. I. (Not Alulayan, Atalaya, nor Atalayan.)

Atulu: see Atulut, P. I.

Atulut: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Atulu.)

Auau: channel, 7 sea miles wide, between Lanai and Maui Islands, T. H.

Auayan: barrio, Sipocot Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Anayan.)

Aubrey: see Aubry.

Aubry: village, Johnson County, Kans. (Not Aubrey.)

Auchee Hatchee: see Little Ocmulgee.

Aucilla: river and town, Jefferson County, Fla. (Not Ocilla.)

Auckland: seaport, n. e. North Island, New Zealand; 36° 52′ S., 174° 46′ E.

Auger: see Augur.

Auglaize: see Glaze, township, Mo.

Auglaize: township, Camden County, Mo.

Auglaize: township, Laclede County, Mo.

Auglaize: see Grandglaize.

Augsburg: city, Bavaria, s. Germany; 48° 20′ N., 10° 53′ E.

Augspurger: mountain, altitude 3,384 feet, Skamania County, Wash., northwest corner sec. 17, T. 3 N., R. 9 E., 4 miles north of Columbia River. (Not Bald.) Named after Stanley R. Augspurger, of Dayton, Columbia County, Wash., formerly field assistant in the U. S. Forest Service, who lost his life in the World War.

Augur: lake, Chesterfield Town, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Auger.)

Augusta: capital of Maine, in Kennebec Co., on the Kennebec River, near lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 69° 50′ W. Population in 1930, 17,198. (Pronounced aw-gŭs′ta.)

Augusta: see Sipapu.

Augustine: bay, north side of Cape Augustine, western coast Dall Island, near lat. 54° 57′ 40″ N., southeastern Alaska.

Augustine: large island 3,970 feet high and about 7 miles in diameter, situated in western part of Cook Inlet, Alaska. Lat. 59° 22′ N., long. 153° 26′ W. (Not Augustin nor St. Augustine.)

Augustine: rocks, about 6 miles southerly from Augustine Island, lat. 59° 14′ N., long. 153° 23′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Sea Otter.)

Auk: small bay, on west side of Port Bainbridge, Alaska, near lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 148° 25′ W.

Auke: bay, indenting mainland east of Point Louisa just north Fritz Cove, northern end Stephens Passage, lat. 58° 21′, long. 134° 40′, Alaska.

Auke: lake, on mainland, southeastern Alaska, east shore Auke Bay, northwestern entrance to Stephens Passage, near lat. 58° 23′ N., long. 134° 38′ W. Named after a Koluschan Indian Tribe in Stephens Passage, Douglas and Admiralty Islands.

Auke: see Admiralty, creek, Alaska.

Aultmans: run, branch of Conemaugh River, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Altman nor Altman's.)

Aunsilian: see Accusilian, P. I.

Aupuk: creek, northern Alaska, tributary on the south bank of Colville River, near long. 154° 20′ W. Named after Ensign Howard's Eskimo guide "Owpuk," 1886.

Aurdal: township, Otter Tail County, Minn. (Not Amdal.)

Aurice: lake, lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 28′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Aurora: point, southeastern Alaska, on southwest side of Dall Island, between Wolk Harbor and Liscome Bay, near lat. 54° 41′ N., long. 132° 48′ W.

Au Sable: point, river, and township, Iosco County, Mich. (Not Point au Sable.)

Au Sable: point, south shore of Lake Superior, Alger County, Mich. (Not Point au Sable.)

Ausable: town, Clinton County, and river, Essex and Clinton Counties, N. Y. (Not Au Sable.)

Au Sable: see Hamlin, lake, Mich.

Austin: pr. ôs′tĭn; capital of Texas, in Travis Co., on the Colorado River, near lat. 30° 18′ N., long. 97° 40′ W.

Austin: point, east side Columbia River, at mouth of Lewis River, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Austin's nor Austins.)

Austin: see St. Catherine, lake and mountain, Vt.

Austin: see Vandalia, W. Va.

Austin Pass: see Heather, meadow.

Austins: see Austin, point.

Austin Springs: village, Washington County, Tenn. (Not Austin's Springs.)

Australia: continent; a Br. dominion.

Austria: republic, cen. Europe; Ger. Österreich; Fr. Autriche; Ital. Austria; Cz. Rakousko; Croat, Austrija; Mag. Ausztria. For territorial changes since 1919, see Bohemia, Bucovina, Carniola, Dalmatia, Galicia, Kärnten, Küstenland, Morava, Niederösterreich, Schlesien, Steiermark, Tirol; see also Bosna, Hercegovina, and Burgenland.

Austria, Lower: see Niederösterreich.

Austria, Upper: see Oberösterreich.

Austrija: see Austria.

Auszig: see Ústí.

Ausztria: see Austria.

Au Train: bay, island, lake, point, and river, Alger County, Mich. (Not Train.)

Autriche: see Austria.

Autumn: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 19′ N., long. 113° 25′ W., flowing south into Bear Creek.

Autumn Creek: stream, small one between Elk Mountain and Blacktail Hills, Flathead County, Mont.

Auwahi: land division, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Aux Cayes: pr. ō-kī; city, Haiti; 18° 11′ N., 73° 44′ W.

Auyaoyao: barrio, Tigaon Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cuyaoyao, S. Francisco, San Francisco Cuyaoyao, nor San Francisco y Auyaoyao.)

Avalanche: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat 43° 42′ N., long. 110° 47′ W., drained by Taggart Creek. This is one of the several Teton Canyons in which avalanches are of daily occurrence.

Avalanche: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in Sperry Glacier, many tributaries, flowing northwest through Avalanche Lake into McDonald Creek.

Avalanche: gorge, near headwaters of Rainbow Creek, southeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Avalanche: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 48′ W.

Avalanche: peak, altitude 10,085 feet, Fresno County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, 2 miles south of Kings River Canyon, near lat. 36° 46′ N., long. 118° 35′ W. (Not Palmer Mountain.) So named by John Muir in 1891, but on some maps applied to the peak a mile and a half southeast, called Palmer Mountain.

Avalanche: peak, altitude 10,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 30′ N., long. 110° 09′ W., on new eastern boundary, act March 1, 1929.

Avalanche Basin: park, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 48′ W., 1 mile below (N. W.) Sperry Glacier. So named because of the avalanches falling from Sperry Glacier at upper end.

Avalanche Peak: see Palmer, mountain, Calif.

Avelo: see Abelo, P. I.

Avenal: creek, traversing McLure Valley, Kings County, Calif. (Not Avendale nor Dicks.)

Avenal: gap, in southern part of Kettleman Hills, lat. 35° 50′ N., Kings County, Calif.

Avenal: ridge, south end of Diablo Range, between Antelope and McLure Valleys, Kern and Kings Counties, Calif.

Avendale: see Avenal, creek.

Averic: lake, Stockbridge Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Mountain Mirror.)

Avery: ledge, off Cape Ann, Essex County, Mass. (Not Avery's.)

Avery: point, at mouth of Thames River, New London County, Conn., near lat. 41° 18′ N., long. 72° 06′ W. (Not Avery's.)

Avery: river, eastern shore Port Wells, Prince William Sound, at entrance to College Fiord, near lat. 61° N., long. 148° W., Alaska.

Avery: rock, Machias Bay, Washington County, Me., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 67° 20′ W. (Not Avery's.)

Avignon: pr. ä′vē′nyoN; city on lower Rhone River, s. France; 43° 55′ N., 4° 50′ E.

Avisadero: point, San Francisco Bay, San Francisco City, Calif. (Not Avisadera.)

Avlon: see Vlorë.

Avloniya: see Vlorë.

Avoca: lake, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not Snake.)

Avon: valley, separating Garnet Range from Continental Divide, Powell County, Mont. (Not Blackfoot Country nor Nevada Valley.)

Awaawapuhi: stream and valley, near long. 159° 40′ 30″, northwestern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Awapuhi.)

Awaawa River: see Nualolo, stream, T. H.

Awapuhi: see Awaawapuhi, T. H.

Awatobi: historic pueblo and spring, south of Keam Canyon, Navajo County, Ariz.

Awatubi: creek, Coconino County, Ariz., entering west side of Marble Gorge, Grand Canyon, between Kwagunt Butte and Awatubi Crest, near lat. 36° 14′N.

Awatubi Crest: peak, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 111° 50° W.

Awawaloa: see Olympus, T. H.

Awehi: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing southeastward, entering Wailuku Stream from the north, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Awini: stream, rising on northern slope of Kohala Mountains, flowing northward into sea east of Honokane Gulch, Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Awuna: river, northern Alaska, tributary on north bank Colville River, near lat. 69° 07′ N., long. 155° 27′ W.

Axari: see Akhisar.

Axel Lind: island (about 1 mile long) east of Bald Head Chris Island in northwestern part of Prince William Sound, lat. 60° 47′ N., long. 147° 44′ W., Alaska. (Not Bald Head Chris.)

Ayacucho: pr. ī-ya-kōō′chō; dept. and city, Peru; 12° 50′ S., 74° 18′ W.

Ayalik: see Aialik.

Ayaoilao: see Ayaoiyao, P. I.

Ayaoiyao: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ayaoilao.)

Aydın (Aïdin): vilayet and town, Turkey; Turk. Aydın (the "ı" is written without a dot); Gr. Aïdínion.†

Aylesworth: peak, Mount Aylesworth, altitude 9,310 feet, northeast of Yakutat Bay, lat. 59° 55′ 21″, long. 138° 47′ 50″; international boundary Alaska and Canada.

Aylett: village, King William County, Va. (Not Aylett's.)

Ayogan: barrio, Pili Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ayugan.)

Ayowa: see Aowa: North Aowa.

Ayr: county and seaport, s. w. Scotland; 55° 27′ N., 4° 37′ W.

***Aysen:** pr. ī-sehn′; prov. and river, Chile; 45° 18′ S., 72° W. (Not Aisen.)

Ayres: island, Mesquite Bay, Calhoun County, Tex. (Not Ayre's.)

Ayugan: see Ayogan, P. I.

Ayuquitan: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Azalea: see Azalia.

Azalia: town, Monroe County, Mich. (Not Azalea.)

Azalia: village, Bartholomew County, Ind. (Not Azalea.)

Azansosi: mesa, 6 miles south of Arizona-Utah boundary, Navajo County, Ariz.

Azarion: see Akhisar.

Azerbaidzhan (Azerbaijan): pr. ä-zer-bī-jän′; a constituent republic of the Transcaucasian S. F. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia).

Azerbaijan: pr. ä-zer-bī-jän′; region and prov., n. Persia.

Azerbaijan (Russian): see Azerbaidzhan.

Azof: see Azov.

Azores: see Açores.

***Azov:** sea (connected with the Black Sea), and town near mouth of the Don River, U. S. S. R. (Russia). (Not Azof.)

Aztec Amphitheater: large pocket in the south wall of the Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 27′ W.

Azua: pr. ä-sōō′a; town, Dominican Republic; 18° 25′ N., 70° 44′ W.

B

Baao: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Babaguin: see Bagbaguin, P. I.

Bab al Mandeb: see Bab el Mandeb.

Babatngon: municipality and river, northern coast of Leyete, P. I. (Not Babatugon nor Babatungon.)

Babatugon: Babatungon: see Babatngon, P. I.

Babaynan: see Babayuan, P. I.

Babayoan: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Babay-oan.)

Babayuan: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Babaynan nor Babuyan.)

Babbs: island, Ohio River, near East Liverpool, Columbiana County, Ohio. (Not Babb's.)

Babcock: see Winnapaug.

Bab el Mandeb: strait bet. Red Sea and Gulf of Aden; Arabic name meaning "gate of tears"; 12° 30′ N., 43° 30′ E. (Not Strait of Bab el Mandeb, Bab al Mandeb.)

Baberton: see Barberton.

***Babol (Barfrush):** town, near Caspian Sea, n. Persia; off. Babol; formerly Barfrush; 36° 40′ N., 52° 55′ E. (Not Barforoush.)

Baboon: see Bardon.

Baboquivari: mountains, peak, and valley, Coronado National Forest, Pima County, Ariz. (Not Baboquiverai.)

Babuyan: channel, between Babuyan Islands and Luzon, P. I.

Babuyan: see Babayuan, P. I.

Baby: glacier, small one, northwestern coast of Prince William Sound, between College Fiord and head of Unakwik inlet, near lat. 61° 57′ N., long. 147° 40′ W., Alaska.

***Baby:** islets, six rocky islets in Akutan Pass, lat. 54° 00′ N., long. 166° 04′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Gull nor Sea Gull.)

Baby: lake, east of South Fork Divide, southern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Bacacay: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagacay.)

Bacagan: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bacajan.)

Bacajan: see Bacagan, P. I.

Bacalan: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Baualan.)

Bacang: bank, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Bacarra: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Baccuit: see Bacuit, P. I.

Bachao: see Bakhaw, P. I.

Bachauan: see Bakhawan, P. I.

Bachaw: see Bakhaw, P. I.

Bache: reef, near Cabulauan Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I.

Bache: see Evans, island, Alaska.

Bachelor: brook, Hampshire County, Mass. (Not Batchelor.)

Bachelor: island, Columbia River, near mouth of Lewis River, Clark County, Wash. (Not Bachelors.)

Bachelor: point, near Oxford, Talbot County, Md. (Not Bachelor's.)

Bachelor: see Batchelor, creek, Mont.

Bachewauaung: see Batchawana.

Bacjao: see Bakhaw, P. I.

Bacjauan: see Bakhawan, P. I.

Bacjaw: see Bakhaw, P. I.

Bacjawan: see Bakhawan, P. I.

Back: see Sasanoa.

Backbone: mountain, Garrett County, Md., and Preston and Tucker counties, W. Va. (Not Great Back Bone.)

Backers: see Baker, brook, Pa.

Backgarden: creek and pond, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Back Garden, Bear Garden, nor Big Pond.)

*__Backhouse__: river, Yukon, Canada, east of Clarence River, about long. 140° 30′ W., Arctic coast, near and east of international boundary (between Alaska and Canada). (Not Blackhouse nor Herschell.)

Back Range: headland, western side Iniskin Bay, northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Back Wye: see Wye, and Wye East.

Baclayan: see Baclayon, P. I.

Baclayon: barrio, Santa Barbara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, and barrio, Zumarraga Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Baclayan.)

Baclayon: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Bacnotan: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

*__Bacolod__: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baculod nor Baculud.)

Bacolod: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon: and barrio, Ilagan Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baculud.)

*__Bacolod__: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baculud nor Banculud.)

Bacolod: barrio, Tandag Municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Baculod.)

Bacolod: provincial capital, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Bacolor: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bacon: creek, tributary to Skagit River northeast of Diobsud Creek, Skagit County, Wash.

Bacon: inlet in Long Bay, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Bacon's.)

Bacon: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bacon: see Bacong, P. I.

Bacong: barrio, Anda Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bakong.)

Bacong: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Bacon.)

Bacon Rind: creek, Yellowstone National Park, near northwest corner, in Idaho area, emptying into Gallatin River, near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 111° 05′ W.

Bacon's: see Bacon, inlet, N. C.

Bacons Quarter: branch, Henrico County, Va. (Not Beacon Quarter.)

Bacoor: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bacsalan: see Baksalan, P. I.

Bactrian: point, mainland, southeastern Alaska, in Boca de Quadra, north side of entrance to Marten Arm, near lat. 55° 07′ N., long. 130° 44′ W. Has a striking resemblance to a two-hump camel.

Bacuit: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baccuit.)

Bacuit: settlement, Palawan Province, Palawan, P. I.

Baculod: Baculud: see Bacolod, P. I.

Bacun: see Bakun, P. I.

Bacuranan: barrio, Passi Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bauiranan nor Bauranan.)

Bad: river, tributary to the Missouri, South Dakota. (Not Wakpa Shicka nor Wak-pa-chicha.)

Badajoz: municipality, Romblon Province, Tablas, P. I.

Badbaranan: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Badcaranan.)

Badcaranan: see Badbaranan, P. I.

Baddiang: see Badiang, P. I.

Badeau: see Bodcau.

Baden: state, and city (off. Baden-Baden), s. w. Germany; 48° 48′ N., 8° 12′ E.

Baden-Powell: peak (Mount Baden-Powell), Los Angeles County, Calif., altitude 9,389 feet, in sec. 7, T. 3 N., R. 8 W., San Bernardino meridian, about a mile northeast of the head of Iron Fork, Angeles National Forest. (Not North Baldy.) Named in honor of the founder of the Boy Scout movement. New name given to the eastern of the two North Baldys located within 2 miles of each other.

Badger: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to North Fork of Boise River from east, between McLeod Creek and Ballantyne Creek.

Badger: creek, Sheridan County, Wyo. and Powder River and Rosebud Counties, Mont., formed in sec. 23, T. 57 N., R. 81 W., sixth principal meridian, by junction of its south and north forks, flows northwest into Tongue River in sec. 35, T. 9 S., R. 40 E., Montana principal meridian.

Badger: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 110° 12′ W., flowing into Yellowstone River from the east.

Badger: flat, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 10, T. 31 N., R. 5 E., on Old Emigrant Road, southeast of Badger Mountain.

Badger: mountain, altitude 7,129 feet, Shasta County, Calif., 5 miles west of Prospect Peak, in secs. 4 and 5, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.

Badger: mountain, altitude 6,156 feet, secs. 31 and 32, T. 43 N., R. 8 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Badger: pass, Continental Divide, 2 miles southeast of Muskrat Pass, Flathead and Pondera counties, Mont.

Badian: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Badiang: barrio, Cebu Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Baddiang.)

Badiang: barrio, Santa Barbara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay P. I. (Not Badiañgan.)

Badiang: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Badyang.)

Badiangan: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I (Not Badiangon.)

Badiangan: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Badyangan.)

Badiañgan: see Badiang, P. I.

Badiangon: see Badiangan, P. I.

Badio: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Padio.)

Badoc: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bad Route: creek, Prairie and Dawson counties, Mont., formed by the junction of its east and middle forks, in sec. 35, T. 15 N., R. 51 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Yellowstone River in sec. 12, T. 13 N., R. 53 E. Name given to a rather fertile valley, which was a "bad route" during the Indian days.

Bad Tom: mountain, altitude 5,612 feet, sec. 15, T. 47 N., R. 4 E, on divide between St. Joe and Cœur d'Alene Rivers, Shoshone County Idaho.

Badwater: creek, Fremont and Washakie Counties, Wyo., rises in T. 40 N., R. 87 W., sixth principal meridian, flows in a general southwest direction and tributary to Big Horn River in T. 4 N., R. 6 E., Wind River meridian.

Badyang: see Badiang, P. I.

Badyangan: see Badiangan, P. I.

Baffin: bay and islands, northeastern part of North America. (Not Baffin's.)

Bagabag: municipality, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bagac: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bagacay: barrio, Borbon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Bagakay.)

Bagacay: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Zagacay.)

Bagacay: barrio, San José Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bogacay.)

Bagacay: see Bacacay, P. I.

Bagagnan: barrio, Lupi Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagagñan nor Bagognan.)

Bagagñan: see Bagagnan, P. I.

Bagakay: see Bagacay, P. I.

Bagalangit: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balangit.)

Bagalumbi: see Magalumbi, P. I.

Baganga: municipality, Moro Province, Davao District, Mindanao, P. I.

Bagasbas: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagsabas.)

Bagbaguin: barrio, Bigaa Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Babaguin.)

Bagbaguin: barrio, Polo Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Babaguin.)

Bagdad: see Baghdad.

Baggao: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Baggers: point, Indian River, Brevard County, Fla. (Not Drover's nor Grover's.)

Baghari: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bagjari.)

Baghdad: city on Tigris river, capital of Iraq; 33° 15′ N., 44° 25′ E. (Not Bagdad.)

Bagit: see Bahit, P. I.

Bagjari: see Baghari, P. I.

Bagnen: barrio, Bauko Municipality, Mountain Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bago: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Bagognan: see Bagagnan, P. I.

Bagohan: see Baguhan, P. I.

Bagom: see Bagong, P. I.

Bagombayan: see Bagumbayan, P. I.

Bagon: see Bagong, P. I.

Bagonbayan: see Bagumbayan, P. I.

Bagong: barrio, Bigaa Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagon nor Bagom.)

Bagong: barrio, Angat Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagon.)

Bagong Bayan: see Bagumbayan, P. I.

Bagong Cambangay: barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Bag-ong Cambangay.)

Bagongpooc: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagonpooc.)

Bagongpooc: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagong-Pooc nor Bagongpook.)

Bagong-Pooc: Bagongpook: see Bagongpooc, P. I.

Bagongtubig: barrio, Calaca Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagon Tubig.)

Bagon Tubig: see Bagongtubig, P. I.

Bagot: peak (Mount Bagot), altitude 7,148 feet, lat. 59° 20′ 41″ N., long. 135° 01′ 46″ W., international boundary, Alaska and Canada. After Sir Charles Bagot, British Ambassador to Russia and a plenipotentiary at St. Petersburg in 1882, in negotiations regarding the Alaskan boundary.

Bagsabas: see Bagasbas, P. I.

Baguhan: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bagohan.)

Baguhan: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Bagujan.)

Baguilana: see Baguilaua, P. I.

Baguilaua: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baguilana.)

Baguio: barrio, Tayabas Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Baguio: city, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Bagujan: see Baguhan, P. I.

Bagulin: township, La Union Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Bagumbayan: barrio, Ligao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagombayan nor Bagonbayan.)

Bagumbayan: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagombayan, Bagun bayan, nor Bagun Bayan.)

Bagumbayan: barrio, Tiwi Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagombayan nor Bagonbayan.)

Bagumbayan: sitio, Paete Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagombayan nor Bagungbayan.)

Bagumbayan: sitio, Santa Maria Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagonbayan nor Bagong Bayan.)

Bagun bayan: Bagun Bayan: Bagungbayan: see Bagumbayan, P. I.

Bagunot: see Bagunut, P. I.

Bagunut: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bagunot nor Bungunut.)

Baha: barrio, Balayan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baja.)

Bahama: pr. ba-hä′ma; British archipelago of coral islands, e. and s. e. of Florida, and n. of Cuba; Fr., Ger., and Ital., Bahama; Br. Bahamas or Bahama Islands.

Bahaybare: barrio, Meycauayan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bahay-Pari.)

Bahay-Pari: see Bahaypare, P. I.

Bahi: barrio, Albuquerque Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Baje nor Baji.)

Bahi: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Baji.)

Bahi: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baje nor Baji.)

Bahia: pr. bä-ē′ä; state, e. Brazil.

Bahia (city): see São Salvador.

Bahía Blanca: pr. bä-hē′a blän-cä; seaport city, s. e. Argentina; 38° 40′ S., 62° 15′ W.

Bahia de la Magdalena: see Magdalena, bay, Calif.

Bahia Grande de la Cruz: see Calvary.

Bahian: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Baji-an nor Bajian.)

Bahia Pequeña de la Cruz: see Cruz, bay, Virgin Islands.

Bahit: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bagit.)

Bahit: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bajit.)

Baïazid: see Bayazit.

Baiè de Monti: see Yakutat.

Baie Drif: see Druif.

Baigaichi: see Zilditloi.

***Baikal:** pr. bī-käl; lake, and mts., Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 55° N., 108° E.

Bai Lake: see Laguna de Bay, P. I.

Bailan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Baylan.)

Baile Atha Cliath (Dublin): capital, Irish Free State; 53° 20′ N., 6° 15′ W.

Bailey: village, Tazewell County, Va. (Not Bailey Switch nor Fannie.)

Bailey: see Baileyton.

Bailey: see Baileys.

Bailey Harbor: see Captain Harbor.

Baileys: harbor, west coast Lake Michigan, Door County, Wis. (Not Bailey nor Bailey's.)

***Baileys Harbor:** town and village, Door County, Wis. (Not Bailey Harbor nor Bailey's Harbor.)

Bailey Switch: see Bailey, village, Va.

Baileyton: village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Bailey nor Laurel Gap.)

Bainbridge: island, about 15 miles long, lat. 60° 06′ N., long. 148° 10′ W., in southwestern part of Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Bainbridge: passage, about 9 miles long, northwest of Bainbridge Island and between it and the mainland, lat. 60° 08′ N., long. 148° 10′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Bainbridge: point, marking the northern end of Bainbridge Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 12′ N., long. 148° 04′ W.

Bainbridge: deep bay or inlet (Port Bainbridge), 10 miles long, at extreme southwest corner of Prince William Sound, lat. 60° 04′ N., long. 148° 20′ W., Alaska.

Bainbridge: island, Kitsap County, Wash., about 9 miles long (nautical), near central portion of Puget Sound; center of island near lat. 47° 39′ N., long. 122° 32′. 5 W. Named in 1841, by the Wilkes Expedition in honor of Capt. William Bainbridge, hero of the *Constitution* and *Java* action, in the War of 1812.

Baird: see Allen, glacier, Alaska.

Bais: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Baja California: pr. bä′hä käl-ē-fôr′-nē-ä; territory and gulf, w. Mexico.

Bajasid: see Bayazit.

Baje: see Bahi, P. I.

Bajesid: see Bayazit.

Baji: see Bahi, P. I.

Baji-an: see Bahian, P. I.

Bajit: see Bahit, P. I.

Bajo del Rio: see River, shoal, P. R.

Baked: mountain, altitude 3,717 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 8 miles west of Mount Katmai, near lat. 58° 17′ N., long. 155° 12′ W.

Baker: bay, at entrance Columbia River, Pacific County, Wash. (Not Baker's nor Bakers.)

Baker: brook (Baker Run), Clinton County, Pa., rises in western part of Noyes Township, near lat. 41° 14′ 40″ N., long. 77° 45′ W., and flows into West Branch, Susquehanna River, in Grugan Township. (Not Backers.) Name approved by Pennsylvania Geographic Board.

Baker: city, Baker County, Oreg. (Not Baker City.)

Baker: creek, tributary to Sumner Strait, north end Prince of Wales Island, 1½ miles east of Baker Point, southeastern Alaska.

Baker: glacier, on the north side of Harriman Fiord on arm of Port Wells, lat. 61° 04′ N., long. 148° 21′ W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska.

Baker: gulch, secs. 27 and 28, T. 28 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Baker: island, in lat. 0° 13′ N., long. 176° 31′ W., Pacific Ocean. (Not Nantucket, New Nantucket, nor Phœbe.)

Baker: island, Fishers Island Sound, Conn. (Not Baker's.)

Baker: island, Frenchman Bay, Me. (Not Baker's.)

Baker: island, in Ohio River, near Wellsville, Columbiana County, Ohio (Not Baker's.)

***Baker:** mountain, Gila County, Ariz., in secs. 26, 27, 33, and 34, unsurveyed T. 6 N., R. 14 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, in Sierra Ancha Mountains, Tonto National Forest. (Not Fray Marcos as given in Fifth Report.) Named after J. H. Baker, who first erected a cabin on this mountain.

Baker: mountain, sec. 28, T. 3 S., R. 12 E., Park County, Mont.

Baker: pass, southern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Baker: pond, Chesterfield Town, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Baker, Hubbard, nor Parks.)

Baker: shoal in Delaware River, Salem County, N. J. (Not Joe Baker's.)

Baker: see Rugged Island, Alaska.

Baker: see Judd, creek, Mont.

Baker: Baker's: see Pollys, creek, Miss.

Baker City: Baker, city, Oreg.

Baker Mills: see Bakers Mills.

Bakers: island, off Salem Harbor, Mass. (Not Baker nor Baker's.)

Baker's: see Baker.

Bakers Mills: village, Warren County, N. Y. (Not Baker Mills nor Baker's Mills.)

Bakhaw: barrio, Tabaco Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bachao nor Bacjao.)

Bakhaw: barrio, Gasan Municipality, Tayabas Province, Marinduque, P. I. (Not Bachao, Bachaw, nor Bacjao.)

Bakhaw: barrio, Kalibo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, and barrio, Jordan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bacjao nor Bacjaw.)

Bakhaw: barrio, Almagro Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Bachao nor Bacjao.)

Bakhawan: barrio, Concepcion Municipality, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I. (Not Bachauan nor Bacjawan.)

Bakhawan: barrio, Sara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bacjauan.)

Baklan: rocks, lat 42° 41′ N., long. 131° 15′ E., coast of Siberia. (Not Balkan.)

Bakong: see Bacong, P. I.

Baksalan: barrio, Cabusao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bacsalan nor Baxsalan.)

Baku: pr. bä-kōō′; capital of Azerbaijan, Transcaucasian S. F. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); in oil field on peninsula in Caspian Sea; 40° 25′ N., 49° 50′ E.

Bakun: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Amburayan), Luzon, P. I. (Not Bacun.)

Balabud: see Bulabud, P. I.

Balactasan: see Balaktasan, P. I.

Balafrush: see Barfrush.

Balaktasan: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Balactasan.)

Balamban: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Balanac: see Balanak, P. I.

Balanak: barrio, Janiuay Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, Magdalena Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balanac.)

Balanak: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balanac.)

Balancas: see Balankas, P. I.

Balanga: municipality, Provincial Capital, Bataan Province, Luzon P. I.

Balangiga: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Balangit: see Bagalangit, P. I.

Balanini: see Balauini, P. I.

Balankas: barrio, Polo Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balancas.)

Balanni: barrio, Faire Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balauin.)

Balaoan: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Balaogan: barrio, Bula Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balasgan nor Blaogon.)

Balasan: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Balasgan: see Balaogan, P. I.

Balauin: see Balanni, P. I.

Balauini: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balanini.)

Balayan: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Balboa: bay, indenting southern shore of Alaska Peninsula, immediately north of the Shumagin Islands, near lat. 55° 30′ N., long. 160° 35′ W., Alaska. (Not Portage.)

Balboa: pacific entrance of the Panama Canal, Canal Zone, Isthmus of Panama. (Not La Boca.)

Balcan: see Volcan, mountains, Calif.

Balchasch: see Balkhash.

Balcom: pond, in southwestern part of Town of Norfolk, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Batcom nor Dolphin.)

Bald: head, in Cape Fear River, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Ball.)

Bald: hill, altitude 2,178 feet, about 1 mile east of Oil Bay and same distance north-northwest of Oil Point, northern shore Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 39′ N., long. 153° 14′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Bald: hill, 250 feet high, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, ¼ mile east lower end Seal Cove Pond, near lat. 44° 17′, long. 68° 24′. Notes of the Coast and Geodetic Survey show that in 1902 this hill was entirely bare. (Not Oak Hill.)

Bald: island, southwest of Crotch Island, West Penobscot Bay, Me.

Bald: mountain, altitude 5,280 feet, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, the high west end of spur between the head of Thorofare River and Sunrise Creek, lat. 63° 22′ 50″ N., long. 150° 14′ W. This name is carried in many local mining claims.

Bald: mountain, Yosemite National Park, Tuolumne County, Calif. (Not Wade's.)

Bald: mountains, Cocke, Greene, and Unicoi Counties, Tenn., and Haywood, Madison, and Yancey Counties, N. C., forming the common boundary line of North Carolina and Tennessee from the Pigeon River, near lat. 36° 04′ 20″ N., long. 82° 24′ 30″ W., to the Nolichucky River, near lat. 35° 46′ 15″ N., long. 83° 05′ 50″ W. On 25 of 40 miscellaneous maps, 1795–1930, the section of these mountains between Pigeon River and the French Broad River bears no name; and the names on 15 maps vary between Iron, Great Iron, Smoky, and Great Smoky. There is also some recent usage of Max Patch, but that name has not become established.

Bald: rock, Frenchman Bay, Me., off the northeast coast of Mount Desert Island, 2 miles north of Bar Harbor. (Not the Nub.)

Bald: see Glassford, hill, Ariz.

Bald: see Almagre, mountain, Colo.

Bald: see Blair, mountain, Colo.

Bald: see Sticker, mountain, Idaho.

Bald: see Barker, mountain, Me.

Bald: see Arc Dome, mountain, Nev.

Bald: see Rafinesque, mountain, N. Y.

Bald: see Rice, mountain, N. Y.

Bald: see Ireland, mountain, Oreg.

Bald: see Outerson, mountain, Oreg.

Bald: see Rodley, butte, Oreg.

Bald: see Spanish, peak, mountain, Oreg.

Bald: see Augspurger, mountain, Wash.

Bald: see Blum, peak, Wash.

Bald: see Kennaday, peak, Wyo.

Bald Dome: see Everett, mountain, Mass.

Bald Eagle: peak, sec. 6, T. 27 N., R. 31 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not Hayes.)

Bald Head: promontory on northern side of Norton Bay, lat. 64° 45′ N., long. 161° 30′ W., Norton Sound, Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Castle Rock, Isaacs Point, Point Ennis, nor Point Inglestat.)

Bald Head: see Deuce, island, Alaska.

Bald Head Chris: island, small, 2 miles northwest from Dutch group, lat. 60° 47′ N., long. 147° 51′ W., in northwest part of Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Bald Head Chris: see Axel Lind.

Bald Knob: see Pinnacle, mountain, S. C.

Bald Mountain: See Glassford, hill, Ariz.

Bald Peak: see Eagle, cliff, Wash.

Bald Peak: see Spokane, mountain, Wash.

***Bald Porcupine:** one of the Porcupine Islands in Frenchman Bay, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 68° 11′ W. (Not Round.)

Baldy: bay, on west side of Tlevak Strait, between Reef Point and High Point, lat. 55° 03′ N., long. 132° 59′ W., Alaska.

Baldy: creek, T. 35 N., R. 107 W., near Mount Baldy, Fremont County, Wyo.

Baldy: mountain, Yukon, Canada, about latitude 64° N., near international boundary.

Baldy: peak, T. 6 N., R. 26 E., Apache County, Ariz. (Not Thomas.)

Baldy: see Wrightson, mountain, Ariz.

Baldy: see San Antonio, mountain, Calif.

Baldy: see Blair, mountain, Colo.

Baldy: see Old Baldy, Colo.

Baldy: see Engel, mountain, Idaho.

Baldy: see Elkhorn, peak, Mont.
Baldy: see Yainax, butte, Oreg.
Baldy: see Abercrombie, mountain, Wash.
Baldy Mount: see Spokane, mountain, Wash.
Bâle: see Basel.
Baleares, Islas (Balearic Islands): pr. băl-e-ăr'ik; island group, Mediterranean Sea, province of Spain; Fr. Iles Baléares.
Bale de Monti: see Yakutat.
Balentine: see Ballentine.
Balentiouac: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balintiuac, Valentionan, nor Valentiouac.)
Baler: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.
Balet: see Balit, P. I.
Balete: barrio, in Arayat and San Fernando Municipalities, Pampanga Province, Luzon: and barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Catanduanes, P. I. (Not Baliti.)
Balete: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon: barrio, Calumpit Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Buiacan Province, Luzon: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay: and barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.
Balete: barrio, Imugan Municipality, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon: and barrio, Pinamalayan Municipality, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I. (Not Balite.)
Balete: barrio, Pura Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balite nor Valete.)
Balete 1°: barrio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balite 1°.)
Bali: pr. bä-lē; island, Netherland India, just E. of Java; 8° 30′ S., 115° E.
Baliangao; municipality, Misamis Occidental Province, Mindanao, P. I.
Balibago: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balibajo.)
Balibajo: see Balibago, P. I.
Balighot: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Baligjot.)
Baligjot: see Balighot, P. I.
Balıkesir: vilayet and town, w. Turkey; the first "i" is written without a dot; Gr. Adrianouthērai;† Ger. Balikesri; 39° 39′ N., 27° 58′ E. (Not Balikesr, Bali-Kessir, Karassi.)
Balikesr: see Balıkesir.
Bali-Kessir: see Balıkesir.
Balilihan: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Balilijan.)
Balilijan: see Balilihan, P. I.
Balimbing: see Balingbing, P. I.
Balincaguin: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.
Balingasag: municipality, Misamis Oriental Province, Mindanao, P. I.
Balingbing: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balimbing.)
Balingtan: see Balingtang, P. I.
Balintang: channel and island, north of Luzon, P. I. (Not Balingtan.)
Balintiuac: see Balentiouac, P. I.
Balit: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Balet.)
Balite: see Balete, P. I.
Balite 1°: see Balete 1°, P. I.
Baliti: see Balete, P. I.
Baliuag: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.
Balizo: see Caliso, P. I.
***Balkhash:** lake, Kazak A. S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); also called Ak-Denghiz or Ala-Denghiz; Ger. Balchasch; 45°-47° N., 74°-78° E.
Ball: see Bald, head, N. C.
Ball: see Shoal, creek, Wyo.
Ballarat: city, w. cen. Victoria, s. e. Australia; 37° 35′ S., 144° 00′ E.
Ballenas: see Bolinas.
Ballengers: see Ballinger.
Ballentine: village, Richland County, S. C. (Not Balentine.)
Ballentine: see Korelock.
Ballesteros: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.
Ballina: see Webster Station.
Ballinger: creek, Fluvanna County, Va. (Not Ballengers.)

Balloon Dome: mountain, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Dome nor Great Dome.)

Balls Cross Roads: see Ballston.

Balls Head: see Baldhead.

***Ballston:** village, Arlington County, Va. (Not Balls Cross Roads.)

Ballston: see Ballston Spa.

Ballston Spa: village, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not Ballston.)

Ballyclough: town, Dubuque County, Iowa. (Not Bally Claugh.)

Balocbaloc: see Balokbalok, P. I.

Balocuan: see Balucuan, P. I.

Balod: see Balud: Bolod, P. I.

Balogo: see Balugo, P. I.

Balokbalok: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balocbaloc.)

Balolo: see Bololo, P. I.

Balongay: see San Jose, P. I.

Balot: see Balut, P. I.

Balsa: see Balza, P. I.

Balsam: mountain, forming border of Swain County and Haywood County, N. C., an extended ridge centering near lat. 35° 39′ N., long. 83° 12′ W., common county boundary 14 miles. Tricorner Knob is at its junction with main divide of Great Smoky Mountains. This is one of the oldest names in this region.

Balsam: mountain, in the Catskills, Greene County, N. Y. (Not Sheril nor Sherill.)

Baltic Sea: large sea, northern Europe.

Baltimore: city in Maryland, on the Patapsco River, near lat. 39° 18′ N., long. 76° 37′ W. Population in 1930, 805,753. (Pronounced, bawl′tĭ-môre.)

Baltimore: glacier, northwest of head of Harvard Arm of College Fiord, lat. 61° 19′ N., long. 147° 47′ W., a branch of Radcliffe Glacier, which is tributary to Harvard Glacier, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Baluang: see Buluang, P. I.

Baluchistan: pr. bä-lōō-chi-stăn′; Br. prov. and native states, India, n. w. of India proper; 28° N., 65° E.

Balucuan: barrio, Sigma Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay; and barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Balocuan.)

Balud: barrio, Dalaguete Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: barrio, Milagros Municipality, Masbate Province: barrio, Pambujan Municipality, Samar Province, Samar: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: and barrio, Santa Margarita Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Balud: barrios in Barugo and Capoocan Municipalities, Leyte Province, Leyte: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay: and barrio, Dumangas Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Balod.)

Balud Norte: barrio, Santa Barbara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Balugo: barrio, Pasacao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balogo.)

Balungao: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Balungay: see San Jose, P. I.

Balut: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balot.)

Balza: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balsa.)

Bamban: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bambang: municipality, Neuva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bamberg: city, n. Bavaria, s. Germany; 49° 52′ N., 10° 52′ E.

Bambon: see Bombon, P. I.

Bamgag: see Bangag, P. I.

Bamilad: see Banilad, P. I.

Bampas: see Bumpass, cove.

Bamu: see Gamu, P. I.

Banaao: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Bontoc), Luzon, P. I.

Banaba: Banabá: see Banaba Norte, P. I.

Banaba Norte: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Banaba nor Banabá.)

Banaga: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baniaga.)

Banagan: point, east coast of Pagbilao Grande Island, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Banahao: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Banahaw nor Banajao.)

Banahaw: see Banahao, P. I.

Banajao: see Banahao, P. I.

Banan: see Bauan, P. I.

Banang: see Bauang, P. I.

Banao: barrio, Baganga Municipality, Davao Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Banaw.)

Banard: see Barnard, railway station, N. J.

Banat: region, between the Maros and the Danube, formerly in Hungary; now comprising parts of Rumania and Yugoslavia; also called "The Banat of Temesvar"; Mag. Bánát.

Banate: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Banaue: settlement, mountain, province (subprovince Ifugao), Luzon, P. I.

Banaw: see Banao, P. I.

Banayoyo: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bancabanca: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Banca banca, Banca Banca, nor Bangcabangca.)

Bancadala: see Bukandala, P. I.

Bancal: see Bangkal, P. I.

Banco: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bangco, Bangko, nor Banko.)

Banco de Rhode: see Rohde, P. I.

Bancoro: see Bancuro, P. I.

Bancroft: mountain, on the county line between Clear Creek and Grand Counties, Colo., southern part of sec. 29, T. 2 S., R. 74 W. (Not Lomand's, Millar's, nor Perry Peak.)

Bancroft: village, Middlefield Town, Hampshire County, Mass. (Not Middlefield.)

Banculud: see Bacolod, P. I.

Bancuro: sitio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bancoro.)

Bandar Abbas: seaport, s. Persia; 27° 15′ N., 56° 20′ E. Not Bender Abbas.

Bandera: mountain, altitude 5,255 feet, sec. 4, T. 22 N., R. 10 E., north of Bandera on Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, King County, Wash.

Banderma: see Bandırma.

Bandırma (Panderma): town, Turkey; Turk. Bandırma (the "i" is written without a dot); Gr. Panormos.† (Not Banderma.)

Bandit: peak, altitude 12,474 feet, T. 6 S., R. 73 W., 1 mile south of Rosalie Peak, Park County, Colo.

Bane: see Bani, P. I.

Banga: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Bangac: see Bangag, P. I.

Bangag: barrio, Camalaniugan Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bangac.)

Bangag: barrio, Solana Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bamgag.)

Bangalore: city, s. India, capital of Mysore; 12° 55′ N., 77° 30′ E.

Bangar: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bangcabangca: see Bancabanca, P. I.

Bangcal: see Bangkal, P. I.

Bangcal Pugad: see Bangkal Pugad, P. I.

Bangcal Sinubli: Bangca-Sinubli: see Bangkal Sinubli, P. I.

Bangco: see Banco, P. I.

Bangias: barrio, Calauan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Banguias.)

***Bangka (Banka):** island, Neth. India, e. of Sumatra; 2° 15′ S., 106° E.

Bangkal: barrio, Balasan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, Jimalalud Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Bancal nor Bangcal.)

Bangkal: barrio, Leon Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bangcal.)

Bangkal: barrio Meycauayan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bancal.)

Bangkal: sitio, Carmona Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bancal nor Bangcal.)

Bangkal Pugad: barrio, Lubao Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bangcal Pugad.)

Bangkal Sinubli: barrio, Lubao Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bangca-Sinubli nor Bangcal Sinubli.)

Bangkirohan: see Bankiruhan, P. I.

Bangko: see Banco, P. I.

Bangkok: capital of Siam, and port, on Menam river; formerly Siayuthia; 13° 45′ N., 100° 30′ E. (Not Bankok.)

Bang-Malaque: see Batong Malaki, P. I.

Bango: see Baugo.

Bang's: see Cushing.

Bangtail: creek, T. 1 N., Rs. 8 and 9 E., tributary to Shields River from west, Park County, Mont. (Not Rabbit.)

Bangued: municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bangui: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Banguias: see Bangias, P. I.

Bani: barrio, Tinambac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bane.)

Bani: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Baniaga: see Banaga, P. I.

Banialuca: see Banja Luka.

Banilad: barrio, Nasugbu Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bamilad.)

Banister: river, tributary to Dan River, Halifax and Pittsylvania Counties, Va. (Not Bannister.)

Banja Luka: town, Bosnia, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Banja Luka, pr. banya luka; Ital. Banialuca; 44° 46′ N., 17° 10′ E.

Banka: see Bangka.

Bankerohan: see Bankiruhan, P. I.

Bankiruhan: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bankerohan, Banquerohan, nor Banquiruhan.)

Bankiruhan: barrio, Calauag Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bangkirohan.)

Banko: see Banco, P. I.

Bankok: see Bangkok.

Banks, The: see Grand Banks.

Banlas: see Banlasan, P. I.

Banlasan: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Banlas.)

Bannack: see Bannock, village, Mont.

Bannack City: see Bannock.

Banneshee: see Bannister.

Bannister: creek, Nassau County, N. Y. (Not Banneshee nor Raneshed.)

Bannister: see Banister.

Bannock: peak, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 54′ N., long. 110° 52′ W. (Not Morris Mountain.)

Bannock: precinct and village, Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Bannack, Bannack City, nor Bannock City.)

Bannock Falls: waterfalls, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., about half mile northwest of Bradley Lake. Named for the Bannock Indians who formerly roamed over and occupied this region and now live on the Fort Hall Indian Reservation, Idaho.

Banquerohan: Banquiruhan: see Bankiruhan, P. I.

Bantam: river, branch of the Shepaug River from the northeast, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not East Branch Shepaug nor Shepaug.)

Bantaranan: see Butauanan, P. I.

Bantay: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bantayan: municipality, Cebu Province, Bantayan, P. I.

Bante: see Banti, P. I.

Banti: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bante.)

Bantigue: see Bantigui, P. I.

Bantigui: barrio, Pagbilao Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bantigue nor Batengui.)

Bantog: see Bantug, P. I.

Bantug: barrio, Asingan Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon: barrio Cuyapo Municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon: barrio, La Paz Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon: barrio, Talavera Municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon: and barrio, Victoria Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bantog.)

Bantug: barrio, Angadanan Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon: and barrio, Tarlac Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bantug: barrio, Echague Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bantug Norte.)

Bantug Norte: see Bantug, P. I.

Bantywater: see Binnewater.

Bao: barrio, Catmon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Bao Catmon, Bao Sogod, nor Baw.)

Bao: barrio, Kitubud Municipality, Cotabato Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Bau.)

Bao: barrio, Ormoc Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Baoang: see Bauang, P. I.

Bao Catmon: see Bao, P. I.

Baohogan: see Baohugan, P. I.

Baohugan: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Baohogan, Baojugan, nor Buaojogan.)

Baojugan: see Baohugan.

Bao Sogod: see Bao, P. I.

Baptist: see Bautista.

Baquia: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baquid nor Baquio.)

Baquid: Baquio: see Baquia, P. I.

Barancuag: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baranquiag.)

Barandilla: sitio, Santa Maria Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Brandilla.)

Barangauon: Baranghanon: Baranghauon: see Baranghawon, P. I.

Baranghawon: barrio, Tabaco Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Barangauon, Baranghanon, Baranghauon, nor Barangnauon.)

Barangnauon: see Baranghawon, P. I.

Baranof: island, Alexander Archipelago, center near lat. 57° N., long. 135° W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Baranoff nor Baranov.)

Baranquiag: see Barancuag, P. I.

Barataria: bay, Plaquemines Parish, La. (Not Barrataria.)

Barayang: see Barayong, P. I.

Barayong: barrio, Ligao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Barayang.)

Barbadoes: see Theodore Roosevelt, island.

Barbados: pr. bär-bā′dōs; island, Windward Islands, B. W. I.; 13° 15′ N., 59° 30′ W.

Barbasa: población of Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Barbaza.)

Barbaza: see Barbasa, P. I.

Barbed: point, southwest end of Drummond Island, Chippewa County, Mich. (Not Crab Island.)

Barber: mountain, altitude about 3,300 feet, San Diego County, Calif., in approx. lat. 32° 41′ 30″ N., long. 116° 43′ 30″ W., in sec. 13, T. 17 S., R. 2 E., San Bernardino meridian, Cleveland National Forest.

Barber: point, Lake Champlain, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Barber's.)

Barbers: point, southwest corner of Oahu, T. H. (Not Laeloa.)

Barberton: village, Clark County, Wash. (Not Baberton.)

Barbre: landing, on Red River, Pointe Coupee Parish, La. (Not Barbre's.)

Barbuda: pr. bär-bōō′dä; island, Leeward Islands, B. W. I.; 17° 40′ N., 61° 40 W.

Barcelona: bank, neck, and point, Easthampton Town, Suffolk County, Long island, N. Y. (Not Russell's.)

Barcelona: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Barcelona: province and leading seaport, n. e. Spain; 41° 30′ N., 2° 10′ E.

Bard: village, Hanson County, S. Dak. (Not Burton.)

Barden: railroad station, Eagle Creek Township, Scott County, Minn. (Not Bardon.)

Bardon: lake, near southern boundary, Douglas County, Wis. (Not Baboon, White Bee, nor White Fish.)

Bardon: see Barden.

Bare: mountain, Nye County, Nev., in T. 13 S., Rs. 2 and 3 E., about 5 or 6 miles southeast of towns of Bullfrog and Ryolite, on west side Crater Flat. (Not Bear.)

Bareilly: city, e. of Delhi, n. cen. India; 28° 20′ N., 79° 20′ E.

Barens: see Barents.

Barents: bay, northwest of David Point, near west end St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Barens, Baye de Guillaume Barents, Regis, nor Willem Barentses.)

Bare Portage: see Kettle Falls.

Barera: see Barrera, P. I.

Baretto's: see Barretto.

Barforoush: see Babol.

Barfrush: see Babol.

Bari: pr. bä′rē; seaport, s. e. Italy; 41° 8′ N., 16° 51′ E.

Bari: see Buri, P. I.

Barihan: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Barijan.)

Barijan: see Barihan, P. I.

Barili: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Barillo: see Barrel.

Baring: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 38′ W., flowing southeast into St. Mary Lake, near head. Named prior to 1891 for one of the London bankers, "Baring Brothers."

Baring: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 41′ N., long. 113° 38′ W., on Baring Creek. Stream named for one of the London bankers.

Baring: mountain, east of Baring Village, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Big Index, East Index, nor Index.)

Barire: see Bariri, P. I.

Bariri: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay: and barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Bariri: barrio, Miagao Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Barire.)

Bariu: see Bariw, P. I.

Bariw: barrios, Albay Municipality and Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bariu.)

Barker: mountain, Newry Town, Oxford County, Me. (Not Bald nor Black.)

Barker: point, the east head of Manhasset Bay, Long Island, N.Y. (Not Barker's.)

Barker: village, Delaware County, Pa. (Not Felton.)

Barking Sands: range of sand hills extending half a mile northward from Nohili Point, west Kauai, T. H. When thoroughly dry these sands emit a variety of resonant sounds whenever the grains are disturbed.

Barking Town: e. suburb of London, England; 51° 23′ N., 0° 5′ E.

Barklay Cabin: gulch, Mesa County, Colo., in T. 51 N., R. 15 W. N. M. meridian, rising near center of sec. 32, flowing northeast joining Keith Creek near center sec. 32, T. 15 S., R. 99 W., 6th principal meridian. (Not Rose Creek.)

Barklay Cabin Gulch; see Corral, gulch, Colo.

Barkley: township, Jasper County, Ind. (Not Berkley.)

Barling: small bay, in Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, just west of Sitkalidak Narrows, on which the village of Old Harbor, Kodiak Island, is situated, near lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 153° 18′ W. (Not Old Harbor.)

Barlow: light and point, north side Columbia River, northeast of Walker Island, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Barlows.)

Barlow: peak, altitude 9,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 11′ N., long. 110° 22′ W. Named by the United States Geological Survey, 1895, for Capt. J. W. Barlow who was the leader of the military expedition of 1871, which traveled with the Hayden party, and recording many discoveries, went around Yellowstone Lake.

Barlow: see Lone, mountain, Alaska.

Barlows: see Barlow, Wash.

Barmen: see Wuppertal.

Barnabas: rock, in eastern entrance to Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, 2 miles northward of Cape Barnabas, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 11′ N. long. 152° 54′ W. This is for the cape which was so named by Captain Cook, 1778.

Barnaby: see Stahl.

Barnard: glacier, western shore College Fiord, south of Wellesley Glacier, lat. 61° 10′ N., 147° 56′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Barnard: mountain (Mount Barnard), altitude 14,003 feet, Tulare and Inyo Counties, Calif., near lat. 36° 47′ 45″ N., long. 118° 19′ W., on Sierra crest and east boundary Sequoia National Park. So named in honor of Edward E. Barnard (1857–1923), astronomer.

Barnard: peak, altitude 8,214 feet, lat. 59° 05′ 58″ N., long. 136° 58′ 07″ W., Alaska, on the international boundary between British Columbia and Alaska. Named after Edward Chester Barnard, late U. S. Commissioner, International Boundary Commission.

Barnard: railroad station, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Banard.)

Barnaul: pr. bär-nä-o͝ol′; city, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 53° 20′ N., 83° 48′ E.

Barnes: lake, southwest of Stevenson Island, between Lake Bay and Sweet Lake, lat. 56° 00′ N., 132° 57′ W., northeastern part of Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Barnes: landing, on Mississippi River, near Greenville, Washington County, Miss. (Not Barnes's.)

Barnes: see Barren, run, Pa..

Barnett: run, near Bridgeport, Harrison County, W. Va. (Not Barnet.)

Barnett: see Burnett, creek, Colo.

Barnett: see Hamilton, run, Pa.

Barnsley: city, Yorkshire, England, near Sheffield; 53° 33′ N., 1° 29′ W.

Barnsley: creek, Bartow County, Ga. (Not Barnsly's nor Tom.)

Barnwell Place: light, in Savannah River, Beaufort County, S. C. (Not Barnwell's.)

Baroda: an Indian state, and its capital, w. India; 22° 25′ N., 73° 20′ E.

Baron: lakes (two), Boise County, Idaho, source of Baron Creek.

Baron: peak, altitude 10,307 feet, Boise-Custer County line, Idaho, between forks of Baron Creek, near lat. 44° 07′ 26″.8 N., long. 115° 02′ 43″.7 W.

*__Baron__: township, Adair County, Okla. (Not Barren nor Barron.)

Baronett: peak, altitude 10,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 06′ W. Named, 1878, for C. J. Baronett, famous scout and guide, and builder of the first bridge across the Yellowstone River, 1871.

Barotac Nueva: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Barquisimeto: pr. bär-kē-sĭ-meh′tō; city, Venezuela; 10° 0′ N., 69° 25′ W.

Barrack: mountain, Canaan Town, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Garruck.)

Barra do Rio Negro: see Manaus

Barranquilla: pr. bär-rän-kē-lyä; port city, Colombia, on the Magdalena River; 11° N., 74° 55′ W.

Barrataria: see Barataria.

Barre: see Barree.

Barree: township, Huntingdon County, Pa. (Not Barre.)

Barrel: valley, in center of T. 26 S., R. 17 E., Kern County, Calif. (Not Barillo nor Barril.)

Barrel: see Barrilla, mountain and spring, Tex.

Barrel Neck: see Barron Neck, point, Md.

Barren: river, tributary to Green River, Allen, Barren, Butler, and Warren Counties, Ky. (Not Big Barren.)

Barren: run, branch of Jacobs Creek, Westmoreland County, Pa. (Not Barnes.)

Barren: see Little Barren, river, Ky.

Barren: see Baron, township, Okla.

Barren: see Borron, creek, Wyo.

Barrera: barrio, Lupi Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Barera.)

Barrett: pond, Austerlitz Town, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Trout.)

Barrett, Mount: see Chiefs Head, peak, Colo.

Barretto: cove and point, East River, N. Y. (Not Baretto's.)

Barrier: glacier, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, heading on the western slopes of Mount Spurr, flowing south toward Chakachamna Lake.

Barrier: range, Alaska, Peninsula, Alaska, on east side of Katmai Creek, near lat. 58° 10′ N.

Barrier Buttes: peaks (a line of), on southeastern rim of Lost Basin, Flathead County, Mont.

Barril: see Barrel, valley, Calif.

Barrilla: mountain and spring, in Reeves, Jeff Davis, and Pecos Counties, Tex. (Not Barrel, nor Barrillo.)

Barron: see Baron, township, Okla.

Barron Neck: point, Choptank River, Talbot County, Md. (Not Barrel Neck.)

Barrow, or Barrow-in-Furness: seaport, Lancashire, England; 54° 7′ N., 3° 14′ W.

Barrows: see Ben Barrows.

Barstow: rock, in Mattapoisett Harbor, west shore of Buzzards Bay, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Barslow.)

Barthelemy: settlement, Washington Parish, La. (Not Barthelmy.)

Bartholdf Park: Bartholdt Park: Bartholf Park: see Glacier, basin, Colo.

Bartlett: glacier, northeastern part of Kenai Peninsula near Tunnel Station, Alaska Railroad, about 13 miles south of head of Turnagain Arm, lat. 60° 38′ N., long. 149° 02′ W., Alaska.

Bartlett: reef, Long Island Sound, near New London, Conn. (Not Bartlett's.)

Bartlett: river, Alaska, emptying into Bartlett Cove, Glacier Bay, from the north, near lat. 58° 25′ N., long. 135° 50′ W., Tongass National Forest. Takes name from cove at its mouth.

Bartlett Haystack: peak, in the White Mountains, Bartlett Town, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Silver Spring.)

Barton: peak, altitude 10,400 feet, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, west side Deadman Canyon, near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 118° 36′ W. (Not Mount Moraine.) Proposed by the Sierra Club, after James Barton, a local stockman.

Barton Landing: light, in Ohio River near Golconda, Pope County, Ill. (Not Barton's Landing.)

Bartow: see Suquamish.

Bartsville: see Batesville.

Barugo: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Barwell: small island, 414 feet high, one-half mile south of Cape Resurrection, east side of Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 51′ N., long. 149° 17′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Cape.)

Basac: see Basak, P. I.

Basak: barrios, in Ayuquitan, Bais, Canoan, and Guiljugan Municipalities, Oriental Negros Province, Negros: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island: barrios, Catmon, Cebu, Compostela, Mandane, Opon, Pardo, and Sibonga Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu: barrio, Bukidnon Province, Agusan Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Basac.)

Basalt: cliffs, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 111° 51′ W., and 111° 53′ W.

Basalt: hill, altitude 1,687 feet, in T. 10 S., R. 8 E., south of eastern end Pacheco Pass, Diablo Range, Merced County, Calif.

Basaltic: see Black, mountain, Colo.

Bascaco: see Basdaco, P. I.

Bascaran: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baskaran, Bazcaran, nor Bazcoran.)

Basco: municipality, Batanes Province, Batan, P. I.

Basco: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Basdaco: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bas-daco nor Bascaco.)

Basdio: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bas-dio nor Basdiyo.)

Base: see Cliff, point, Alaska.

Based: see Basud, P. I.

Basel: city, ext. n. Switzerland, on the Rhine; Fr. Bâle or Basle; Ger. Basel; Ital. Basilea; 47° 35′ N., 7° 32′ E.

Basey: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Bashapish: see Bashbish.

Bashbish: brook, falls, and mountain in Mount Washington Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Bash Bish nor Bashapish.)

Basiano: see Basiao, P. I.

Basiao: barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Basiano.)

Basic City: town, Augusta County, Va. (Not Basic.)

Basil: see Piin.

Basilea: see Basel.

Basin: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., flowing southeast into Snake River.

Basin: mountain, altitude 7,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 33′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Basin: see Washington Mountain, brook, Mass.

Basin, The: see Caldera, P. R.

Basin of Mines: see Minas Basin.

Basin Pond: see Washington Mountain, brook, Mass.

Basin Ranges: all those lying between the plateau region on the east, the Sierra Nevada and Cascade Range on the west, and the Blue Mountains of Oregon on the north, including the Wasatch Range.

Baskaran: see Bascaran, P. I.

Basket: bay, indenting the eastern shore of Chichagof Island, about 12 miles north of Point Hayes, lat. 57° 40′ N., long. 134° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kakagin nor Kook.)

Baskett: slough, heading in Boyle Lakes and draining into Rickreall Creek, 2 miles east of Rickreall, Polk County, Oreg. (Not Mud.)

Basle: see Basel.

Basod: see Basud, P. I.

Basra: city near head of Persian Gulf, Iraq; 30° 35′ N., 47° 04′ E. (Not Bassorah, Busrah.)

Bass: canyon, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, beginning near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 23′ W., draining northeast into the Colorado River.

***Bass:** island, southwest Sacketts Harbor, Henderson Bay, Lake Ontario, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Snake.)

Bass: see Crane Valley, lake, Calif.

Bass: see Cedar, lake, Ind.

Basseterre: pr. bäs-sĕ-tĕr′; city, St. Kitts, Leeward Islands, B. W. I.; 17° 19′ N., 62° 43′ W.

Bassett: channel, St. Clair River, Mich. (Not Bassett's.)

Bassett: creek, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Bassett's.)

Bassett: railroad station, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Harrisonville nor Harrisonville Station.)

Bassimenau: see Basswood.

Bassorah: see Basra.

Bass Tomb: see Holy Grail Temple.

Basswood: lake, partly in Lake County, Minn., lying across the international boundary line. (Not Bassimenau, Bois Blanc, nor Whitewood.)

Bastile: glacier and ridge, northern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Basud: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Based.)

Basud: municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Basod.)

Bat: creek, Monroe County, Tenn. (Not Batt, Bot, nor Butt.)

Bat: lake, west of Witch Lake, sec. 23, T. 45 N., R. 30 W., Republic Township, Marquette County, Mich. (Not Marsh nor Mud.)

Batac: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Batalay: barrio, Bato Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sabang.)

Batangas: municipality, provincial capital, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Batasan: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Batasan-Island.)

Batasan-Island: see Batasan, P. I.

Batauanan: see Butauanan, P. I.

Bataupan River Bogue: see Batupan.

Batavia: seaport, capital of Neth. India, n. w. Java; 6° 10′ S., 106° 45′ E.

Batawpan Bogue: see Batupan.

Batbatan: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ysla de Batbatan.)

Batchawana: bay, island, and river, east end of Lake Superior, Ontario, Canada. (Not Bachewauaung nor Batchewana.)

Batchelder: creek, small tributary to Neuse River, Craven County, N. C., about 4 miles west of New Bern. (Not Batchelor's.)

Batchelder: column, Bechler River Canyon, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Batchelor: creek, Custer County, Mont., in T. 12 N., Rs. 46–47 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Custer Creek from the west. (Not Bachelor.)

Batchelor: see Bachelor, brook, Mass.

Batchelor's: see Bachelor.

Batchelor's: see Batchelder, creek.

Batchewana: see Batchawana.

Batcom: see Balcom.

Batell: see Battelle.

Batengui: see Bantigui, P. I.

Bateria: point (Point Bateria) on eastern coast, near Fajardo, P. R. (Not Punta de la Bateria.)

Bates: island, Missouri River, Franklin and Gasconade Counties, Mo. (Not Bates's.)

Batesville: city, Ripley County, Ind. (Not Bartsville.)

Bath: city, Somersetshire, England; 51° 23′ N., 2° 21′ W.

Bath: see Trout Creek.

Bath Alum: village, Bath County, Va. (Not Bathalum.)

Bathtub: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 300 feet southwest of Black Growler steam vent in Norris Geyser Basin. A small geyser playing at intervals of a few minutes when active, otherwise boiling violently but throwing out no water.

Bato: municipality, Albay Province (subprovince Catanduanes), Catanduanes: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Batoan: see Batuan, P. I.

Batobalain: see Batobalani, P. I.

Batobalani: barrio, Paracale Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Batobalain.)

Batong Malaki: barrio, Los Banos Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bang-Malaque, Batong Malaque, nor Batong Malaqui.)

Batong Malaque: Batong-Malaqui: see Batong Malaki, P. I.

Baton Rouge: capital of Louisiana, E. Baton Rouge Company, on the Mississippi River, near lat. 46° 49′ N., long. 91° 10′ W. Population in 1930, 30,729. (Pronounced, băt′-ŭn rōōzh.)

Batsell: landing, Mississippi River, New Madrid County, Mo. (Not Batsell's.)

Batt: see Bat, creek, Tenn.

Battelle: district Monongalia County, W. Va. (Not Batell.)

Battery: creek, Beaufort County, S. C., opening on west bank of Beaufort River at Port Royal, and heading a mile west of Beaufort. (Not Jericho for upper part.)

Battery: point, the eastern head of Sarana Bay, on south shore of Akutan Island, lat. 54° 02′ N., long. 165° 53′ W., Eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Kaianak, Liberty Cap, nor South Head.)

Battery: see Alki, point, Wash.

Battie: mountain, Camden Town, Knox County, Me. (Not Beattie nor Beatty.)

Battle: butte, about 10 miles west of Spokane, T. 24 N., R. 41 E., Spokane County, Wash. (Not Wright.)

Battle: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 1, T. 18 S., R. 29 E., flowing southwest into South Fork, Kaweah River.

Battle: creek, southern Saskatchewan, Canada, and northern Montana, United States, flowing into Milk River near Chinook, Mont. (Not North Fork nor North Fork Milk River.)

Battle: glacier, crosses boundary from Alaska eastward into British Columbia at lat. 59° 39′ N., 17 miles northwest of Alsek River.

Battle: mountain, 2½ miles northeast Longs Peak, Larimer County, Colo.

Battle: see Botella, P. R.

Battlement: mountain, lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 31′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Battleship: island, San Juan County, Wash., east side Haro Strait, south side west entrance of Spieden Channel, 1¼ miles northwest of northwest end San Juan Island. (Not Morse.) Local descriptive name.

Battleship: mountain, T. 38 N., R. 109 W., south of Sheep Mountain, Fremont County, Wyo.

Battuquit: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Jose o Battuquit.)

Batuan: barrio and bay, San Fernando Municipality, Ticao Island, Sorsogon Province, P. I. (Not Batoan.)

Batuan: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Batulao: mountain, about 13 kilometers (8 miles) northwest of Balayan, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tanaun Peak.)

Batum: pr. bä-to͝om′; seaport, e. end of Black Sea, Transcaucasian S. F. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 41° 40′ N., 41° 35′ E.

Batupan: river, tributary to Yalobusha River, Grenada and Montgomery Counties, Miss. (Not Bataupan River Bogue, Batawpan Bogue, Batupan Bogue, nor Batupon Bogue.)

Bau: see Bao, P. I.

Baua: see Bawa, P. I.

Baualan: see Bacalan, P. I.

Bauan: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Banan.)

Bauan: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bauang: barrio, Laoang Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Banang, Baoang, nor Bawang.)

Bauang: barrio, San Remigio Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Buuang.)

Bauang: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bauco: see Bauko, P. I.

Baugo: township, Elkhart County, Ind. (Not Bango.)

Bauguen: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Baui: see Bawi, P. I.

Bauiranan: see Bacuranan, P. I.

Bauit: see Bawi, P. I.

Bauko: township, Mountain Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bauco.)

Baulenas: see Bolinas.

Baultoff: creek, rising in Alaska, flowing northeast across the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 62° 07′ N., long. 141° 00′ W., and emptying into Beaver Creek at lat. 62° 09′.5 N., long. 140° 59′.6 W.

Bauranan: see Bacuranan, P. I.

Bautista: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bautista: peak, altitude 2,040 feet, summit of San Juan Bautista Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Baptist.)

Bavaria: see Bayern.

Baw: see Bao, P. I.

Bawa: barrio, Gerona Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, and barrio, Pura Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baua.)

Bawang: see Bauang, P. I.

Bawi: barrio, Angadanan Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baui nor Bauit.)

Bawi: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Baui.)

Baxsalan: see Baksalan, P. I.

Baxter: peak, Garfield County, Colo., near range line between T. 4 S., R. 88 and 89 W., near lat. 39° 40′ N., long. 107° 19′ W. So named for Steve Baxter, who lived in vicinity over 42 years. (Not Quartzite.)

Baxter: peak, altitude 5,267 feet, Piscataquis County, Me., on Mount Katahdin, about 1 mile west of Chimney Peak, near lat. 45° 54′ 20″ N., long. 68° 55′ W. (Not Monument.) Named by a resolution of the Legislature of the State of Maine, signed by the Governor of that State on April 2, 1931, in honor of Percival P. Baxter, former Governor of Maine, who took a leading part in the creation of the Mount Katahdin State Park, and who in 1931 donated Mount Katahdin to the State of Maine.

Bay: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bay: see Bays, mountain, Tenn.

Bayabud: barrio, Tuy Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bayudbod nor Bayudbud.)

Bayambang: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bayanden: Bayandon: see Bayandong, P. I.

Bayandong: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bayanden nor Bayandon.)

Bayang: barrio, Ajuy Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bayang.)

Bayansubay: barrio, Binangonan Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bayan Subay nor Janosay Bayan Subay.)

Bayard: peak (Mount Bayard), altitude 6,547 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, near lat. 56° 07′ N., long. 130° 06′ W. Named after Thomas F. Bayard, 1828–1898, American statesman.

Bayazid: see Bayazit.

Bayazıt (Bayazid): vilayet and town, Turkey; Turk. Bayazıt (the "i" is written without a dot). Not Baïazid, Bajasid, Bajesid, Karaköse.

Baybay: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Baye de Guillaume Barents: see Barents.

Bayern (Bavaria): state, s. Germany. See also Saar Basin Territory, and Rheinpfalz.

Bay Head: borough, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Bayhead.)

Bay Key Biscayne: see Biscayne, bay, Fla.

Baylan: see Bailan, P. I.

Bayley: bay, eastern extremity Basswood Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Baylis: lake, secs. 4 and 5, T. 66 N., R. 16 W., St. Louis County, Minn.

Bayneeche Creek: see South Fork, Michigan.

Bayo: see Bayo Grande, P. I.

Bayoan: see Buyuan, P. I.

Bayoc: see Bayog, P. I.

Bayocain: see Bayucain Ib, P. I.

Bay of Chaleurs: see Chaleur.

Bay of Islands: bay, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, the northeast branch of Naknek Lake, near lat. 58° 40′ N: long. 155° 40′ W.

Bay of Isles: indenting the eastern side of Knight Island at lat. 60° 24′ N., long. 147° 39′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Bay of Naples: see Brandy.

Bayog: barrio, Los Banos Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bayoc.)

Bayogo: barrio, Meycauayan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bayugo.)

Bayo Grande: barrio, Dao Municipality. Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bayo.)

Bayombong: township, Provincial Capital, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bayou La Batre: precinct and town, Mobile County, Ala. (Not Bayou Labatra, nor Bayou Le Batre.)

Bayou Rigolettes: see **Rigolets.**

Bayoya: see Bayoyan, P. I.

Bayoyan: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bayoya.)

Bayport: town, Hernando County, Fla. (Not Bay Port.)

Bays: mountain in eastern Tennessee. (Not Bay.)

Bayside: see Point Comfort.

Bayucain Ib: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bayocain nor Bayucain.)

Bayudbod: Bayudbud: see Bayubud, P. I.

Bayugo: see Bayogo, P. I.

Bay View: village, on Great Hog Neck, Long Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Bayview.)

Bazaar: township and village, Chase County, Kans. (Not Bazar.)

Bazar: see Bazaar.

Bazcaran: Bazcoran: see Bascaran, P. I.

Beach: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., about 5 miles north of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake.

Beach: see Stone, canyon, Calif.

Beach: see Breach, inlet, S. C.

Beach Ridge: railroad station, Niagara County, N. Y. (Not Hall's Station.)

Beacon Quarter: see Bacons Quarter.

Beacon Rock: basaltic pile on north bank Columbia River, near Pierce Island, Skamania County, Wash. (Not Castle Rock.)

Bead: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 1,000 feet west of Hot Lake, Lower Geyser Basin. Named by Prof. T. B. Comstock, geologist of Jones expedition, 1873, who described its beautifully beaded tube.

Beak: point, southeastern Alaska, west side of Dall Island, south side entrance to Gold Harbor, near lat 54° 54′ N., long. 133° 05′ W. The point resembles a fowl's head with open beak.

Beal: island, near Knubble Bay, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Beale.)

Beale Point: a western promontory of Powell Plateau, in the Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 17′ N., long. 112° 27′ W.

Bean: island and point, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 68° 12′ W. So named on recommendation of Coast and Geodetic Survey from the name of a pioneer family. (Not Beans.)

Bean Gap: see Beans.

Beans: gap, Grainger County, Tenn. (Not Bean Gap nor Beans Station.)

Beans: see Bean, island and point, Me.

Beans Station: see Beans, gap, Tenn.

Bea Ogwa: canyon, of Big Horn River, south of Thermopolis, passing through Bridger and Owl Creek Mountains, Hot Springs County, Wyo. (Not Big Horn nor Wind River.)

Bear: creek, Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Turkey.)

Bear: creek, small tributary of the Rio Dolores from the southeast, rising in T. 37 N., R. 11 W., of New Mexico meridian, Montezuma County, Colo. (Not Bear River nor South Fork Dolores River.)

Bear: creek, Ts. 31 and 32 N., Rs. 13, 14, 15, and 16 E., tributary to Selway River from east, Idaho County, Idaho.

Bear: creek, T. 46 N., R. 6 E., between Clear and Turkey Creeks, tributary to Loop Creek from south about 2 miles above Falcon, Shoshone County, Idaho

Bear: creek, secs. 14, 15, 22, and 27, T. 168 N., R. 35 W., flowing into Lake of the Woods at the Northwest Angle Inlet, Minn.

Bear: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 21′ N., long. 113° 24′ W., flowing southeast to south boundary crossing and thence southwest into Middle Fork of Flathead River. Finding these waters flowing westward, convinced John F. Stevens, in December, 1889, that he had crossed the Continental Divide through the long sought *Marias Pass*, soon to be used by the Great Northern Railway.

Bear: creek, tributary to Odell Creek, Madison County, Mont. (Not Burger.)

Bear: creek, flowing in a northerly direction and emptying into Wallowa River, in T. 1 N., R. 42 E., Wallowa County, Oreg.

Bear: creek, Lincoln County, Wyo. (Not Sickle.)

Bear: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 11′ W., flowing west into Turbid Lake.

Bear: glacier (large), on western side Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 57′ N., long. 149° 34′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Bear: island, St. Johns River, Brevard County, Fla. (Not Bear Mound, Orange Mound, nor Rock.)

Bear: lake drained by Bear Creek, about 5 miles north of head of Resurrection Bay, lat. 70° 12′ N., long. 149° 22′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Salmon.)

Bear: lake, Shasta County, Calif., one of the Cluster Lakes, in sec. 27, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.

Bear: mountain, 7,204 feet high, in the northern part of Idaho County, Idaho, 4 miles south of Lochsa River, near lat. 46° 26′ N., long. 114° 54′ W. (Not Beargrass.)

Bear: peak, Alaska, altitude 14,850 feet, at head of Anderson Glacier, about 11 miles south of Klutian Glacier and 5 miles west of international boundary, lat. 61° 17′ N., long. 141° 08′ W.

Bear: valley, southeastern Valley County, Idaho, drained by Bear Valley Creek, tributary of the Middle Fork of Salmon River, centering near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 115° 20′ W., Payette National Forest. Not to be confused with Bear Valley in Bear Lake County, Idaho, and in Rich County, Utah.

Bear: see Bruin, bay, Alaska.

Bear: see Kelsall, river, Alaska.

Bear: see Ursus, cove, Alaska.

Bear: see Comanche, lake, Colo.

Bear: see Indian, creek, Colo.

Bear: see Rito Oso, creek, Colo.

Bear: see Yampa, river, Colo.

Bear: see Beartown, mountain, Mass.

Bear: see Pines, river, Mass.

Bear: see Big Bear, creek, Mont.

Bear: see Burger, creek, Mont.

Bear: see Gorge, creek, Mont.

Bear: see Kismet, creek, Mont.

Bear: see Oso, creek, Mont.

Bear: see Bare, mountain, Nev.

Bear: see Big, canyon creek, Oreg.

Bear: see Jackson, creek, Oreg.

Bear: see Sheep, creek, Oreg.

Bear: see Moose, creek, Wyo.

Bear Creek Spine: see Bear Creek Spire.

Bear Creek Spire: peak, altitude 13,705 feet, in the Sierra Nevada, near lat. 37° 22′ N., long. 118° 46′ W., Fresno and Inyo Counties, Calif. (Not Bear Creek Spine.)

Bearfoot: see Beresford.

Bear Ford: see Bearfort.

Bearfort: mountain, Passaic County, N. J., and Orange County, N. Y. (Not Bear Ford, Bearfoot, Bearport, Greenwood, nor Longpond.)

Bear Garden: see Backgarden.

Beargrass: see Bear, mountain, Idaho.

Bearhead: mountain, altitude 8,405 feet, on the Continental Divide, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 21′ W.

Bear Lodge: mountains, Crook County, Wyo. (Not Bearlodge.)

Bear Mound: see Bear, island, Fla.

Bearpaw: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 50′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., about 1 mile south of west arm of Jackson Lake.

Bearpaw: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 32, T. 15 S., and sec. 5, T. 16 S., R 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Bearpaw: mountain, Blaine County, Mont. (Not Bear's Paw.)

Bearport: see Bearfort.

Bear River: see Bear, creek, Colo.

Bear's: see Berner's, river, Alaska.

Bear's: see Marias, river, Mont.

Bearse: rock, in Centerville Harbor, Barnstable County, Mass., near lat. 41° 37′ N., long. 70° 23′ W. (Not Bearses.)

Bear's Paw: see Bearpaw.

Beartooth: mountain, Colorado. (Not Red Hill.)

***Beartown:** mountain, Great Barrington Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Bear.)

Beartrack: cove, eastern shore Glacier Bay, north of Beardslee Islands, near lat. 58° 35′ N., long. 130° 50′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Beartrap: bay, indenting eastern shore of Port Gravina, near its head, lat. 60° 45′ N., long. 146° 04′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Beasley: see Fourth.

Beaslick: see Beeslick.

Beast, The: dike, erosion form near Red Lake, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Beattie: city, Marshall County, Kans. (Not Beattee.)

Beatyestown: village, Warren County, N. J. (Not Beattystown.)

Beaucephalia: see Bucephalia.

Beauclerc: bluff and village, St. Johns River, Duval County, Fla. (Not Buckley.)

Beauford: see Demarcation Bay, Alaska.

Beaufort: lagoon, between Siku Point and Humphrey Point, long. 141° to 142° 30′ W., Arctic coast, northern Alaska. (Not Beaufort Bay.)

Beaufort: see Demarcation, Alaska.

Beaufort Bay: see Beaufort Lagoon, Alaska.

Beaulieu: see Beulah.

Beautemps: see Fairweather.

Beautiful Isle: isle, in West Arm, Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 150° 34′ W.

Beauty Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 800 feet southeast of Giant Geyser, right bank of Firehole River, near middle of Upper Geyser Basin.

Beauvais: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in T. 6 S., R. 28 E., Montana principal meridian, flows northeast for 15 miles, then almost due east 15 miles, emptying into Big Horn River in T. 4 S., R. 32 E., opposite St. Xavier. (Not Beauvis.) Name appears on map made by Father De Smet in 1851. Said to be named for a French trapper.

Beauvis: see Beauvais, creek, Mont.

Beaver: brook, tributary from north to Souhegan River, Hillsboro County, N. H. (Not Quohquinapassakessamanagnog, Quohquinapassakessananagnog, Quohquinapassakessanannaquog, nor Quoh-quinna-passa-kessana-nag-nog.)

Beaver: brook, Morris County, N. J. (Not Beaver Dam.)

Beaver: creek, Ts. 39 and 40 N., Rs. 6 and 7 E., rising east of Berta Hill and tributary to North Fork Clearwater River from south, Clearwater County, Idaho.

Beaver: creek, T. 55 N., R. 8 W., emptying into Lake Superior at Beaver Bay post office, Lake County, Minn.

***Beaver:** creek, Custer and Fall River Counties, S. Dak. (Not Amphibious.)

Beaver: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 20′ N., long. 110° 29′ W., flowing south into Heart Lake.

Beaver: lake, southeastern Alaska, on Admiralty Island, between Lake Alexander and Lake Hasselborg, draining into Hasselborg Lake, near lat. 57° 40′ N., long. 134° 10′ W. So named by the Alexander Alaska Expedition, University of California, 1907.

Beaver: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., 6 miles north by west from Norris Geyser Basin, on Mammoth-Norris Junction Road. Named by Norris, 1879.

Beaver: peak, altitude 5,361 feet, sec. 35, T. 54 N., R. 2 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Beaver: river, from the junction of the Mahoning and Shenango Rivers to the Ohio River, Lawrence and Beaver Counties, Pa.

Beaver: see Douglass, reef, Alaska.

Beaver: see Nutras, creek, Colo.

Beaver: see Hemlock, creek, Idaho.

Beaver: see Big, creek, Alabama and Mississippi.

Beaver: see Crozier, creek, Mont.

Beaver: see Beaver City, Nebr.

Beaver: see North Canadian River, N. Mex.

Beaver: see Cricket, range, Utah.

Beaver: see Beaverdam, lake, Wis.

Beaver City: city and precinct, Furnas County, Nebr. (Not Beaver nor Beavercreek.)

Beavercreek: see Beaver City.

Beaver Creek: see Beaver River, Utah.

Beaverdam: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 24′ N., long. 110° 05′ W., flowing southwest into southeast arm of Yellowstone Lake.

Beaverdam: lake, Dodge County, Wis., in T. 12 N., Rs. 13 and 14 E., fourth principal meridian. (Not Beaver nor Beaver Dam.)

Beaver Dam: see Beaver, brook, N. J.

Beaver Dick: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 47′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., between Leigh Lake and Jenny Lake. (Not String.) Name recommended in place of String which locally is regarded with disfavor. Name given by F. V. Hayden, in 1878, for Richard Leigh, famous early trapper, whose sobriquet was "Beaver Dick." Hayden also gave the name Leigh to a larger lake 1 mile north.

Beaverhead: mountain range (Beaverhead Range), extending to the northwest from the pass near Monida, Mont., forming the boundary between Idaho and Montana, and also for the most of its length the Continental Divide, terminating at Nez Perce Pass on the north.

Beaver River: stream, Beaver and Millard Counties, Utah. (Not Beaver Creek.)

Beaver River: see Cricket.

Bebee: see Beebe.

Beberon: see Beberron, P. I.

Beberron: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Beberon, Biberhon, nor Bidirron.)

Becharof: lake (36 miles long), lat. 57° 56′ N., long. 156° 26′ W., in northeastern part of Alaska Peninsula. (Not Betcharef.)

*__Bechevin__: bay, lat. 55° 00′ N., long. 163° 20′ W., between Unimak Island and the end of Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Isanotski nor Issannakh.)

Bechler: creek, tributary to Stump Creek, on north bank, ¼ mile above mouth Boulder Creek, Caribou County, Idaho.

Bechler: falls, Bechler River, near junction with Falls River, Cascade Corner, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Bechler: river, emptying into Falls River near southwest corner of Yellowstone National Park, Wyo. (Not Bechler's.)

Bechler's: see Bechler.

Becket: town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not North Becket.)

Beckley: city, Raleigh County, W. Va. (Not Raleigh, C. H.)

Beckley: pond, Norfolk Town, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Blakeley nor Blakley.)

Beckwith: pass, through Sierra Nevada near Chilcoot, Plumas County, Calif. (Not Beckwourth.)

Bécs: see Wien.

Becs Scies: see Betsie.

Bed: see Red, creek, Colo.

Bedal: creek, tributary to South Fork Sauk River, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Bedel.)

Bedding: see Reddens.

Bede: mountain, altitude 3,255 feet, about 2 miles east of Point Bede, lat. 59° 18′ N., long. 151° 56′ W., western end of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Bedel: see Bedal.

Bedford: county and ci y, cen. England; 52° 8′ N., 0° 27′ W.

Bedivere: point, on canyon rim of Kaibab Plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 14′ W.

Bedloe: island, New York Harbor, Hudson County, N. J. (Not Bedlow.)

Bee: see Twin, lakes, Calif.

Beebe: pond, Hubbardton Town, Rutland County, Vt. (Not Bebee.)

Beecher: creek, Edinburg Town, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not Beecher's, Beechers, Butler, nor Butlers.)

Beechey: point, on the Arctic coast of northern Alaska, lat. 70° 28′ N., long. 149° 00′ W., (Not Beechy.)

Beechtown: see Frenchton.

Beechy: see Beechey.

Beef: see Buffalo, river, Wis.

Beehive: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near south end of Upper Geyser Basin, about 300 yards north of Old Faithful Geyser. Named by Washburn party, 1870, because of the symmetry of its cone.

Beehive: island, one of the Chiswell Islands at entrance to Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 149° 37′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Beehive: pinnacle, Cowlitz Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash

Bee Hives: buttes, west of Dry Wash, San Juan County, Utah.

Beer: hill, Wawarsing Town, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Good Beer.)

Beeslick: brook and pond, in Salisbury, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Beaslick, Beestick, nor Nancook.)

Begashibito: canyon, Coconino County, Ariz.

Behestian: township, Ouachita County, Ark. (Not Behrstian.)

Behring: see Yakutat Bay, Alaska.

Behring: see Bering.

Behrstian: see Behestian.

Beirne: village, Clark County, Ark. (Not Bierne.)

Beirut: see Beyrouth.

Beith: landing on Mississippi River, Desha County, Ark. (Not Beith's.)

Beit Lahm: see Bethlehem.

Békéscsaba: pr. beh-kĕsh-chaw-ba; city, e. Hungary; 46° 39′ N., 21° 5′ E.

Bekihatso: lake, Navajo Indian Reservation, lat. 36° 02′ N., long. 109° 40′ W., Apache County, Ariz. (Not Pra ga at zo nor Pragaatzo.)

Bel Alton: railroad station, Charles County, Md. (Not Cox.)

Belden: see Corner, pond, N.Y.

Belden Dock: light in Whitehall Narrows, Benson Town, Rutland County, Vt. (Not Belden's Dock.)

Belém (Pará): pr. beh-lehn′, pä-rä′; seaport capital of Pará, n. e. Brazil; 1° 30′ S., 48° 20′ W.

Belew: creek, Jefferson County, Mo. (Not Belews nor Bellews.)

Belew Creek: town, Jefferson County, Mo. (Not Belew's Creek nor Bellews Creek.)

Belews: see Belew.

Belew's Creek: see Belew Creek.

Belfast: city and seaport, Northern Ireland; 54° 35′ N., 5° 56′ W.

Belford: lake, T. 34 N., R. 107 W., east of Fayette Lake, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Bennett.)

Belfort: pr. bĕl-fōr′; city, e. France, 47° 40′ N., 6° 55′ E.; and pass between Rhone and Rhine river basins.

Belgian Congo: colony, equatorial Africa; Fr. Congo Belge; Flemish, Belgisch Congo.

Belgisch Congo: see Belgian Congo.

Belgrad: see Beograd.

Belgrade: see Beograd.

Belgrado: see Beograd.

Belgreen: village, Franklin County, Ala. (Not Belle Green.)

Belitoeng or **Billiton:** island, Neth. India, near Bangka; Dutch, Belitoeng or Billiton; conv. Eng. Belitong or Billiton; 2° 50′ S., 108° E.

Belitong: see Belitoeng.

Belize: pr. beh-lēs′; seaport capital, Br. Honduras; 17° 20′ N., 88° 2′ W.

Belknap: mountain, the central one of three peaks in the Belknap Mountains, Gilford and Gilmanton towns, Belknap County, N. H., the northern peak being named Gunstock and the southern, Whiteface.

Belknap: mountains, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Gunstock nor Suncook.)

Belknap: see Frank, island, Wyo.

Belkofski: bay, cape, and village, on south shore of Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Position of bay, lat. 57° 06′ N., long. 162° 09′ W.) Cape at eastern side of entrance to bay and village about 1 mile northeast of cape. (Not Belkoffski, Belkoffsky, nor Belkovsky.)

Belkovsky: see Belkofski.

Bell: island, Currituck Sound, Currituck County, N. C. (Not Bell's.)

Bell Air: see Belle Ayr.

Bellaire: lake, Antrim County, Mich., in T. 29 N., R. 8 W., south of city of Bellaire. So named on recommendation of local officials and residents. (Not Grass.)

Belle Ayr: mountain and village, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Belle Air, nor Belleayre.)

Bellecenter: town, Logan County, Ohio. (Not Belle Centre.)

***Belle Center:** village, in Richland Township, Logan County, Ohio. (Not Belle Centre nor Bellecenter.)

Belle Flower: see Bellflower.

Bellefontaine: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 800 feet southwest of Fountain Geyser, Lower Geyser Basin. One of a group of small geysers of which one or more are usually in eruption.

Belle Fourche: river, Wyoming and South Dakota. (Not North Fork of Cheyenne.)

Belle Green: see Belgreen.

Belle Isle: small island in Strait of Belle Isle, bet. Newfoundland and Labrador; 51° 15′ N., 56° 15′ W.

Belleisle: strait, most northerly of the two channels which connect the Gulf of St. Lawrence with the Atlantic Ocean. Separates Labrador from Newfoundland. (Not Belle Isle.)

Belle Isle (South): see Bell.

Bellemont: village, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Bellmont.)

Belleplain: village, Cape May County, N. J. (Not Belle Plain.)

Belle Plaine: township, Norton County, Kans. (Not Belle Plain.)

Bellepoint: town, Concord Township, Delaware County, Ohio. (Not Bell Point, Belle Point, nor Bellpoint.)

Bellevernon: borough, Fayette County, Pa. (Not Belle Vernon.)

Belleview: township, Washington County, Mo. (Not Bellevue, Bellview, nor Belview.)

Bellevue: township, Morrison County, Minn. (Not Belle Vue.)

Bellevue: see Bellvue.

Bellevue: see Belleview.

Bellevue Junction: see Bellvue.

Bellews: see Belew, creek, Mo.

Bellews Creek: see Belew, creek, town, Mo.

Bellflower: village, McLean County, Ill. (Not Belle Flower.)

Bellmont: precinct and village, Wabash County, Ill. (Not Belmont.)

Bellmont: see Bellemont.

Bellmore: see Belmore.

Bello Horizonte: pr. behl′ō-rē-zōn′-teh; city, capital of state of Minas Geraes, Brazil; 19° 54′ S., 44° W.

Bellpoint: Bell Point: see Bellepoint.

Bells: point, in Mississippi River, Pemmiscot County, Mo. (Not Bell's.)

Bells: river, Nassau County, near Fernandina, Fla. (Not Belt's.)

Bell's: see Antler, peak, Wyo.

Bell's: see Bell, island, N. C.

Bell's: see Bills, island, Me.

Bells Rock: lighthouse, in York River, King and Queen County, Va. (Not Bell's Rock.)

Bellton: town, Hall County, Ga. (Not Belton.)

Bellview: see Belleview.

Bellvue: precinct and town, Larimer County, Colo. (Not Bellevue nor Bellevue Junction.)

Belly: river, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., formed by junction of North and South Forks, near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., flowing northeast crossing international boundary about long. 113° 01′ W.—an important stream, ultimately discharging its waters, through larger streams, into Hudson Bay.

Belmont: see Bellmont.

Belmore: village, Putnam County, Ohio. (Not Bellmore.)

Beloit: glacier, Blackstone Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 39′ N., long. 148° 42′ W. After Beloit College, Wis.

Belostok: see Białystok.

Belted: peak, most northerly summit of Belted Range, Nye County, Nev.

Belton: hills, altitude 6,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 56′ W.

Belton: see Bellton, town, Ga.

Belton: see Theodore Roosevelt, pass, Mont.

Belt's: see Bells, river, Fla.

Belview: see Belleview.

Bemis Heights: hill and village, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not Bemus Heights.)

Bem-od: see Bonod, P. I.

Bemus Heights: see Bemis Heights.

Benares: city, United Provinces, n. India, on the Ganges river; lat. 25° 20′ N., long. 83° E.

Ben Barrows: hill, Hebron Town, Oxford County, Me. (Not Barrows, Ben Barrow's, nor Ben Burrow's.)

Bench: lake, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 21, T. 30 N., R. 5 E., about 1½ miles southeasterly from White Mountain.

Bench: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 55′ W.

Bench: lake, glacial, on shelf of Tatoosh Range, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Bench: valley, Fresno County, Calif., near lat. 36° 57′ N., long. 118° 28′ W.

Ben Deer: Bendeir: see Bendire.

Bendel: island, between Big Koniuji and Nagai Islands, Shumagin Group, lat. 55° 05′ N., long. 159° 48′ W., Alaska. (Not Morse.)

Bendeleben: mountain, altitude 3,760 feet, in Seward Peninsula about 40 miles north of Norton Sound, lat. 65° 10′ N., long. 164° 04′ W., Alaska. (Not Berdeleben.)

Bendeer: see Bendire.

Bender: see Brender.

Bender Abbas: see Bandar Abbas.

Bendier: see Bendire.

Bendigo: city, Victoria, s. e. Australia; gold mines; 36° 40′ S., 144° 20′ E.

Bendire: creek and mountain, Malheur County, Oreg. (Not Ben Deer, Bendeer, Bendeir, nor Bendier.)

Ben D' Urban: Ben Durban: see D'Urban.

Benecia: see Benicia.

Benga: see Bunga, P. I.

Bengal: Br. prov., India, and bay bet. India proper and Burma.

Bengies: point and railroad station, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Benjies.)

Benguela: bay, city, and province, Angola, Africa. (Not Benguella.)

Beni: pr. beh'nē; river, n. Bolivia.

Benicia: city and township, Solano County, Calif. (Not Benecia.)

Benin Water: see Binnewater.

Benito: shoal, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Benjamin Place: light in Whitehall Narrows, about 2 miles from Whitehall, Lake Champlain, Ruthland County, Vt. (Not Benjamin's Place.)

Benjies: see Bengies.

Benkelman: village and township, Dundy County, Nebr. (Not Benkleman.)

Ben Lomond: hill or mountain, Warren County, Tenn. (Not Ben Lomand nor Mount Lemond.)

Ben Muir: see Ben Ure.

Bennay: mountain, altitude 11,781 feet, T. 4 N., R. 77 W., Grand County, Colo. (Not Gravel.)

Benner: creek, Plumas County, Calif., rises 1 mile east of Mount Harkness, in sec. 26 (unsurveyed), T. 30 N., R. 6 E., and flows south.

Bennet: cove, on south end of Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., opposite Long Ledge (which is also known as The Nubble), near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 68° 18′ W. So named for Nathaniel Bennet, early settler, who lived on this cove. (Not Bunkers nor Mullens.)

Bennet: see Burnetts.

Bennet's: see Bennett, point, Md., and creek, Va.

Bennets Water: see Binnewater.

Bennett: creek, Nansemond County, Va. (Not Bennet's.)

Bennett: creek, Park County, Wyo., rising in the northeast part of unsurveyed T. 57 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, and flowing easterly to join Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River in T. 57 N., R. 102 W. (Not Little Rock Creek.)

Bennett: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 7, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., flowing west into Battle Creek, crossing west boundary of Sequoia National Park. After William F. Bennett, a stockman of this locality in the seventies.

Bennett: peak, San Juan County, N. Mex., in secs. 31 and 32, T. 8 N., R. 2 W., Navajo meridian.

Bennett: point, Eastern Bay, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Bennet's nor Bennett's.)

Bennett: village, Lancaster County, Nebr. (Not Bennet.)

Bennett: see Belford.

Bennetts: creek, rising in Gates County and emptying into Chowan River, N. C. (Not Bennett.)

Bennetts: see Burnetts, Calif.

Bennett's: see Bennett, point, Md.

Bennie Water: see Binnewater.

Benning: suburb and post office, Washington, D. C. (Not Bennings.)

Benny Pierre: see Pierre, creek, N. Dak.

Benoni: point, Choptank River, Talbot County, Md. (Not Benonies.)

Bentinck: see Steele.

Bentley: railroad station, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Bentley Springs.)

Bentley: see Watchman.

Bentley Springs: see Bentley.

Bentleysville: see Bentleyville.

***Bentleyville:** borough, Washington County, Pa. (Not Bentleysville.)

Benton: pond, Otis Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Parish.)

Bentons Ferry: village, Marion County, W. Va. (Not Benton Ferry.)

Benué: Benuwi: see Binue.

Ben Ure: island, San Juan Archipelago, San Juan County, Wash. (Not Ben Muir nor Big Tenif.)

Benville: landing, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Wynee.)

***Beograd (Belgrade):** capital of Yugoslavia; Fr. Belgrade; Ger. Belgrad; Ital. Belgrado; Mag. Belgrád; 44° 50′ N., 20° 30′ E.

Bera: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Berdeleben: see Bendeleben.

Berdichev: city, Ukraine, s. w. U. S. S. R. (Russia); 49° 55′ N., 28° 35′ E.

Berenda: slough and village, Madera County, Calif. (Not Berendo nor Berrendo.)

Beresford: lake, Volusia County, Fla. (Not Bearfoot.)

Bergama: town, Turkey; anc. Gr. Pergamon; mod. Gr. Pergamos; Lat. Pergamum. (Not Pergame, Pergamo.)

Bergamo: pr. bĕr′gä-mo; prov. and city, Lombardy, n. w. Italy; 45° 41′ N., 9° 43′ E.

Bergen: seaport, s. w. Norway; 60° 20′ N., 5° 20′ E.

Bergenfield: borough, Bergen County, N. J. (Not Bergen Fields nor Bergenfields.)

Berger: small cove or bay on the west side of Nuka Island, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 59° 20′.5 N., long. 150° 45′ W. Takes its name from the island at mouth of cove.

Bering: glacier, extensive glacier about 10 miles northeast of Controller Bay and Cape Suckling, lat. 60° 15′ N., long. 143° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Behring.)

Bering: island, one of the Komandorski group, U.S.S.R., lat. 55° 00′ N., long. 166° 15′ E., in Bering Sea. (Not Behring.)

Bering: sea, extensive sea bounded by Alaska, Aleutian Islands, Siberia, and Bering Strait. (Not Behring nor Kamchatka.) So named after Capt. Commander Ivan Ivanovich Bering, to whose exploration, in 1741, we owe our first knowledge of what is now Alaska. Bering himself, his ancestors for five generations at least, and his descendants spell the name Bering.

Bering: strait, about 53 miles wide, between Cape Prince of Wales, Alaska, and East Cape, Siberia, connecting the Arctic Ocean with Bering Sea, lat. 66° 00′ N., long. 169° 00′ W. (Not Behring nor Kamchatka.)

Bering: see Controller, bay, Alaska.

Berkeley Heights: railroad station, Union County, N. J. (Not Berkley Heights.)

Berkley: see Barkley.

Berlin: capital of Germany; 52° 31′ N., 13° 24′ E.

Berlin: mountain, Williamstown, Berkshire County, Mass., and Berlin town, Rensselaer County, N. Y. In New York State known as Mount McComber; in Massachusetts as Berlin Mountain; Williams College people call it Mount Hopkins.

Berlin (Ontario): see Kitchener.

Berlin Centre: see Center Berlin.

Berlin Mountain: see Berlin.

Bermejo: pr. behr-meh′hō; river, n. Argentina.

Bermuda: largest island in group known as the Bermudas, a Br. colony, 700 mi. s. e. of New York city; 32° 20′ N., 64° 45′ W.

Bern (Berne): capital of Switzerland; Fr. Berne; Ger. Bern; Ital. Berna; 47° N., 7° 28′ E.

***Bern:** creek, rising in Canada, flowing westward across international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 66° 24′ N., long. 141° 00′ W., and joining Black River near lat. 66° 28′ N., long. 141° 24′ W., Alaska.

Bern: township, Berks County, Pa. (Not Berne.)

Bern: see Berne.

Berna: see Bern.

Bernard: mountain, altitude, 1,073 feet, western one of two peaks, Southwest Harbor Town, Acadia National Park, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Western.)

Bernard: see Teddy Bear.

Bernard: see Bernards.

Bernardo: see San Dieguito, river.

***Bernards:** township, Somerset County, N. J. (Not Bernard.)

***Berne:** town, Adams County, Ind. (Not Bern.)

Berne: town and village, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Bern.)

Berne: see Bern.

Berners: river, mainland of Alaska, empties into north end Berners Bay, near lat. 58° 50′ N., long. 135° 00′ W. "A bay which I named Berners Bay about 4 miles across," Vancouver, July, 1794. (Not Bears.)

Bernville: borough, Berks County, Pa. (Not Berneville.)

Berrendo: see Berenda.

Berreyesa: see Berryessa.

Berry: cove, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 68° 20′ W. So named for C. Berry, early resident. (Not Berrys.)

Berry: pr. bĕr′rĭ; islands, the Bahamas.

Berry: trail, down south wall of Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., beginning near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 111° 59′ W., extending to the Colorado River.

Berry: see Grandview, trail, Ariz.

Berryessa: village, Santa Clara County, Calif. (Not Berreyesa, nor Beryessa.)

Beryessa: see Berryessa.

Berrys: see Berry, cove, Me.

Beryl: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near mouth of Gibbon Canyon at south end (upper) of Norris Geyser Basin.

Besançon: pr. be-zän-soN′; city, near the Juras, e. cen. France; 47° 15′ N., 6° 2′ E.

Besao: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Bontoc), Luzon, P. I.

Besboro: island in the eastern part of Norton Sound, lat. 64° 08′ N., long. 161° 18′ W., Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Besborough.)

Beshta: bay, west side Cook Inlet, near head, indenting southeast coast Moquawkie Indian Reservation, between Granite Point and North Foreland, lat. 61° 01′ N., long. 151° 15′ W., Alaska.

Besse: see Locke, mountain, Me.

Betatakin: prehistoric cliff dwellings, Navajo National Monument, Navajo County, Ariz.

Betcharef: see Becharof.

Bethal: see Bethel, township and village.

Bethel: mountain (Mount Bethel), altitude 12,696 feet, Clear Creek County, Colo., near lat. 39° 42′ 35″ N., long. 105° 52′ 40″ W. (Not Little Professor.) In honor of Ellsworth Bethel, 1863–1925, distinguished naturalist, Denver.

Bethel: township and village, Berks County, Pa. (Not Bethal nor Millersburg.)

Bethel: township, Fulton County, Pa. (Not Bethal.)

Bethlehem or **Beit Lahm:** town, Palestine, 5 mi. s. of Jerusalem; Arabic, Beit Lahm;† 31° 43′ N., 35° 10′ E.

Bethlehem Reach: lighthouse, Ohio River, 29 miles above Louisville, Trimble County, Ky. (Not Bethlehem's Reach.)

Bethune Pass: see Grapevine Canyon, Nev.

Betsey: see Betsie.

Betsey Bell: mountain, near Staunton, Augusta County, Va. (Not Betsy Bell.)

Betsie: lighthouse, point, and river, Benzie County, Mich. (Not Becs Scies nor Betsey.)

Betsy Bell: see Betsey Bell.

Bettles: bay, and glacier draining into it; western shore Port Wells, near lat. 60° 56′ N., long. 148° 17′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Bettles: island, easternmost one of the islands in Elrington Passage, one-half mile off the north end of Elrington Island, lat. 60° 03′ N., long. 148° 00′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Betts Chute: two lighthouses, Mississippi River, Winona County, Minn. (Not Bett's Chute.)

Betun: see Biton, P. I.

Beula: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., 12 miles south of Shoshone Lake and 4 miles northwest of south entrance to park.

Beulah: village, Pueblo County, Colo. (Not Buelah.)

Beulah: village, on Vernon River, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Beaulieu, Bewlie, nor Bula.)

Beuthen: pr. boi′ten; city, ext. s. e. Ger. Silesia; 50° 21′ N., 18° 58′ E.

Bevans: village, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Peter's Valley.)

Bevenhoulsberg: see Beverhoutberg.

Beverhoubtberg: Beverhoudsberg: see Beverhoutberg.

Beverhout: point, west angle of peninsula projecting 550 yards on east side of Nazareth Bay, 1,000 yards westnorthwest of Deck Point, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Beverhoutberg: hill, altitude 545 feet, and old estate on summit, ⅓ mile south of Susannaberg, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bevenhoulsberg, Beverhoubtberg, nor Beverhoudsberg.)

Beverley: lake, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, approximately lat. 59°, long. 159°. (Not Beverly.)

Beverly: see Beverley, lake, Alaska.

Bewlie: see Beulah, village, Ga.

Bey-Oghlu: see Beyoğlu.

Beyoğlu (Pera): pr. bei-oh-lu, nearly; Turkey in Europe, division of İstanbul (Constantinople); 41° 03′ N., 29° 00′ E. Not Bey-Oghlu.

***Beyrouth (Beirut):** pr. beh-root; seaport, s. Syria, and capital of the Lebanon; 33° 53′ N., 35° 30′ E.

Bezhick: lake, St. Louis County, Minn. in secs. 9 and 16, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest—Chippewa Indian name meaning "one".

Béziers: pr. bā-zyā; city near the Mediterranean, s. France; 43° 2′ N., 3° 15′ E.

Bhagalpur: city, Bihar and Orissa, n. India, on the Ganges river; 25° 15′ N., 87° E.

Bhutan: state or country, e. Himalayas, n. of Assam, India; 27° 30′ N., 90° 30′ E.

Białystok: pr. byä-wĭs′tok; Ger. Bjelostock; Russ. Belostok;† city, n. Poland; 53° 8′ N., 23° 9′ E.

Bianco, Monte: see Blanc, Mont.

Bibber: Bibbers: see Bustins.

Bib Creek: see Princess, bay, Virgin Islands.

Biberhon: see Beberron, P. I.

Bibon: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 26 and 27, T. 66 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest—Chippewa Indian name meaning "winter."

Bical: see Bikal, P. I.

Bickley Mill: village, Russell County, Va. (Not Bickley's Mills.)

Bidahochi: butte and spring, near Indian Wells, Navajo County, Ariz.

Bidarka: point, between Boulder and Landlocked Bays, Copper Mountain Peninsula, lat. 60° 49′ N., long. 146° 38′ W., eastern shore Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Copper Mountain.)

Biddle: pass, Jefferson County, Oreg., within Warm Springs Indian Reservation, in sec. 30, T. 10 S., R. 9 E., on the divide between Milk and Parker Creeks at the east foot of Mount Jefferson. Named in honor of the late Henry J. Biddle, a notable man in Oregon and probably one of the first white men to visit this pass.

Bidirron: see Beberron, P. I.

Bidwell: see Butte, lake, Calif.

Biel: city on Bieler See (Lake Biel) n. w. Switzerland; Fr. Bienne; 47° 10′ N., 7° 15′ E.

Bielefeld: pr. bē′le-felt; city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 52° 2′ N., 8° 30′ E.

Bieli: rock, in northern part of Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 05′ N., long. 135° 30′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Bieller: light, Mississippi River, Tensas Parish, La. (Not Bieller's.)

Bienne: see Biel.

Biequi: see Vieques.

Bierne: see Beirne.

Bierney: creek, rising in sec 4, T. 26 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Flathead Lake from northwest, north of Stoner Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Bierstadt: mountain, altitude 14,046 feet, 1½ miles southwest of Mount Evans, 9 miles south of Georgetown, south middle of T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Clear Creek County, Colo.

Big: creek, Alabama and Mississippi, rises near lat. 31° N., long. 88° 20′ W., Mobile County, Ala, and joins the Escatawpa River in southeastern Jackson County, Miss. (Not Beaver.)

Big: creek, rising in sec. 29, T. 32 N., R. 21 W., flowing northwest and northeast and emptying into Flathead River in T. 33 N., R. 20 W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not Chilson.)

Big: creek, Park County, Wyo., rises in northern part of unsurveyed T. 53 N., R. 106 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southeasterly to join North Fork, Shoshone River, about 17 miles, air line, above the dam which forms the Shoshone Reservoir, Shoshone National Forest. (Not Crag.)

Big: hill, altitude 4,000 feet, about 1 mile from northern shore Bruin Bay, Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 24′ N., long. 154° 05′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Big: rock (bares 15 feet), about ½ mile off first prominent point to westward of Oil Bay and 1 mile east of Pomeroy Island, northern shore Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 153° 21′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Big: see Kadashan, bay, Alaska.

Big: see Hazel Green, creek, Calif.

Big: see Rainbow, lake, Colo.

Big: see Panther, creek, Idaho.

Big: see Great, brook, Me.

Big: see Stoner, creek, Mont.

Big: see Clear, creek, Oreg.

Big: see Whigg, ridge, Tenn.

Big: see McKinney, bayou, Tex.

Biga: see Viga, P. I.

Biga: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Viga.)

Bigaa: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Vigaa.)

Bigaa: barrio, Cabuyao Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Vigaa.)

Bigaa: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Santa Cruz Bigaa.)

Bigaa: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bigaan: barrio, Sipocot Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Vigaan.)

Big Annemessex: river, tributary to Chesapeake Bay, eastern Maryland. (Not Big Annemessic.)

Big Arroya: creek, in Sequoia National Park, Tulare County, Calif., rising near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 118° 32′ W., flows southeast into Kern River. (Not Jenny Lind.)

Big Baldy: see Elkhorn, peak, Mont.

Big Barren: creek and village, Claiborne County, Tenn. (Not Bigbarren.)

Big Barren: see Barren, river, Ky.

Big Bay de Noc: bay, Delta County, Mich. (Not Big Bay de Noque nor Big Bay de Nocquet.)

Big Bear: creek, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, tributary to Inglutalik River, near lat. 65° 00′ N., long. 160° 30′ W.

Big Bear: creek, Ts. 3 and 4 S., Rs. 4 and 5 E., tributary to Gallatin River south of South Cottonwood Creek, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Bear nor McCameron.)

Big Bear: mountain, altitude 5,612 feet, south of Three Fingers Mountain and north of Windy Pass, Snohomish County, Wash.

Big Bear: see Holbrook, creek, Colo.

Big Bird: lake, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, draining into the west side of Deadman Canyon, near lat. 36° 35′ 30″ N., long. 118° 36′ W. (Not Dollar.) Name suggested by tracks of a large bird on the shore. On some maps called Dollar Lake, but the lake is irregular in outline, not round.

Big Blue: hills, Diablo Range, extending along San Joaquin Valley from Cantua Creek on northwest to Joaquin Ridge on southeast, Fresno County, Calif.

Big Blue: river, Marshall and Pottawatomie Counties, Kans., Butler, Gage, Hamilton, Polk, Saline, Seward, and York Counties, Nebr. (Not East Fork of Blue River nor North Fork of Big Blue River.)

Big Blue: see West Fork, Big Blue River.

Big Bone Cave: see Bone Cave.

Big Boulder: see Taylor, ridge, Wash.

Big Brook: see Mulhockaway.

Big Branch: creek (Big Branch), Archuleta County, Colo., in T. 34 N., R. 1 E., N. Mex. meridian, minor tributary to Rio Blanco, San Juan National Forest.

Big Buck: mountain, altitude 8,797 feet, Elmore County, Idaho, near lat. 42° 59′ 08″ N., long. 115° 12′ 49″ W.

Big Bumblebee: see Bumblebee, creek, Idaho.

Big Bywy: see Bywy.

Big Canon Creek: see Clavey Creek.

***Big Canyon:** creek, flowing in a northwesterly direction and emptying into Wallowa River in T. 2 N., R. 41 E., Wallowa County, Oreg. (Not Bear, Deep Canyon, Little Minam, nor Sheep.)

Big Capon: see Cacapon, river.

Big Cataluche: see Cataloochee.

Big Cedar: gulch, secs. 13, 14, and 15, T. 26 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not N. P.)

Big Cedar: see Goddard.

Big Chazy: see Great Chazy.

Big Chickies: see Chickies, creek, Pa.

Big Chiquesalunga: see Chickies, creek, Pa.

Big Clear Pond: see Clear, lake, N. Y.

Big Coolee: see Mauvais Coulee.

Big Cottonwood: meadows, near Owens Lake, Inyo County, Calif. (Not Diaz.)

Big Coulee: see Mauvais Coulee.

Big Cub: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet north of Behive Geyser, in Lion group, Upper Geyser Basin on right bank of Firehole River. The names Lion, Lioness, and Cubs, were given by Superintendent Norris in 1881. In 1871, Captain Barlow called them "The Chimneys," and Comstock, geologist of Captain Jones's party, 1873, "The Trinity."

Big Devil: see Devil, peak, Nev.

Big Dick: creek, T. 46 N., R. 6 E., tributary to North Fork St. Joe River from east near Kyle, village, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Big Diomede: island, Bearing Strait, lat. 65° 48′ N., long. 169° 06′ W., Alaska. (Not Noo-nar-book, Ratmanof, nor Ratmanoff.)

Big Emery: see Emery.

Big Five: lakes, group of five, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 4 and 5, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not The Five Lakes.)

Big Flats: town, Chemung County, N. Y. (Not Bigflats.)

Big Fork: river, tributary to Rainy River, near Laurel, Itasca, and Koochiching Counties, Minn. (Not Bigfork.)

Big Game: ridge, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., extending northwest and southeast across south boundary of park into bend of Snake River, 3 miles south of Heart Lake, near long. 110° 25′ W. The highest summit, Mount Hancock, altitude 10,100 feet, is within the park.

Big Goose: see Goose, creek, Wyo.

Big Hamilton: see Hamilton, run, Pa.

Big Hatchie: see Hatchie.

Big Hole: divide, from the Montana-Idaho boundary line, T. 8 S., R. 16 W., to the Grasshopper Valley, T. 6 S., R. 13 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Bloody Dick.)

Big Hole: peak, Sanders County, Mont., at the head of Big Hole Creek and Big Hole Basin, in secs. 4 and 5, T. 21 N., R. 27 W., Cabinet National Forest.

Big Hole: river, rising in Beaverhead Mountains of Bitterroot Range and forming most of the northern boundary of Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Wisdom.)

Big Horn: county, Wyo. (Not Bighorn.)

Bighorn: lake, Fresno County, Calif., south slope Silver Divide, west slope Sierra Nevada, at source of North Fork Mono Creek, near lat. 37° 28′ N., long. 118° 56′ W.

Bighorn: pass, altitude 8,900 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., over Gallatin Range at the head of Panther Creek. The trail running west from Sevenmile Bridge across Gardiner River to Gallatin River uses this pass.

Bighorn: peak, altitude 7,200 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 114° 01′ W.

Big Horn: peak, altitude 10,100 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Park County, Mont., near lat. 45° 04′ N., long. 111° 03′ W.

Bighorn: plateau, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 37′ N., long. 118° 23′ W., Sequoia National Park. (Not Sandy.)

*__Big Horn__: river, from the junction of Popo Agie and Wind Rivers, Fremont County, Wyo., to its mouth in Yellowstone River, Treasure and Yellowstone Counties, Mont. (Not Bighorn nor Wind.)

Bighorn: see Bea Ogwa.

Bighorn Basin: park, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 27′ W., crossed by the trail through Dawson Pass.

Bighorn Crags: a range of mountains, Lemhi County, Idaho, east of Middle Fork of Salmon River, west of Clear Creek, and north and west of Wilson Creek, extending northeastward from the lower part of Wilson Creek to Salmon River near the mouth of Panther Creek.

Big Index: see Baring, mountain, Wash.

Big Jarrells: creek, tributary to Hopkins Fork, Boone County, W. Va. (Not Big Jarrolds.)

Big Jarrolds: see Big Jarrells.

*__Big Knife__: portage, between Knife and Seed Lakes, Rainy River district, Ontario, Canada, near the Minnesota-Ontario boundary.

Bigler Mill: landing, and village, York River, York County, Va. (Not Bigler's Mill.)

Biglick: township, Hancock County, Ohio. (Not Big Lick.)

Big Loblockee: see Loblockee.

Big Lodge: mountain, lat. 48° 10′ N., long. 113° 12′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Big Loop: see Loop, creek, W. Va.

Big Lost: creek, T. 29 N., R. 23 W., northern one of two creeks, Flathead County, Mont.

Big Marsh: creek, rising in Cascade Range near center T. 26 S., R 6 E., flowing northward through Big Marsh to junction with Crescent Creek, sec. 20, T. 24 S., R. 7 E., Klamath County, Oreg.

Big Metamoning: see Big Monon.

Big Monon: creek, tributary to Tippecanoe River, Pulaski and White Counties, Ind. (Not Big Metamoning, Big Metamonong, nor Monong.)

Big Muscallonge: see Muscallonge.

Big Ogeechee: see Ogeechee, river, Ga.

Big Owl: hill, on west side of Cow Creek immediately south of the Larimer County line, in Boulder County, Colo.

Big Pilgam: see Pilgrim, creek, Mont.

Big Pond: see Backgarden: Fairview.

Big Professor: see Sniktau.

Big Pucketa: Big Pucketta: see Pucketa.

Big River: see Kwikpuk, river, Alaska.

Big River: see Tlikakila, river, Alaska.

Big River: see Middle Fork, Flathead, river, Mont.

Big Sable: see Hamlin, lake, Mich.

Big Shanty: see Kennesaw.

Big Sheep: creek, rising in British Columbia, crossing international boundary about long. 117° 56′ W., tributary to Columbia River near Northport, Stevens County, Wash. (Not Sheep, White Sheep, nor Yonelsin.)

Big Simmons: Big Simon: Big Simons: see Simon.

Big Sioux: river in South Dakota, forming part of the Iowa-South Dakota boundary, rising in Sec. 33, T. 122 N., R. 57 W., of fifth principal meridian, flowing south into Missouri River, near lat. 42° 48′ N., long. 97° 15′ W. (Pronounced, bĭg sōō′.)

Big Sodus: see Sodus.

Big Spring: creek, Marshall County, Ala. (Not Gunter's.)

Big Stone: city and township, Grant County, S. Dak.: and lake, Grant and Roberts Counties, S. Dak., and Big Stone County, Minn. (Not Bigstone.)

Big Stone: county in Minnesota. (Not Bigstone.)

Big Tenif: see Ben Ure.

Big Timber: creek, Sweet Grass County, Mont., heads in Crazy Mountains, approx. in sec. 35, T. 4 N., R. 11 E., Montana principal meridian, and flowing in a general southeasterly direction, enters Yellowstone River approx. in sec. 12, T. 1 N., R. 14 E.

Big Tobyhanna: see Tobehanna.

Big Turkey: see Turkey, creek, Colo.

Big Wea: creek, tributary to Wabash River, rising in southern part Tippecanoe County, Ind. (Not Wea, Wildcat, nor Wild Cat.)

Big Wheeling: see Wheeling, creek, W. Va.

Big Wind: see Wind, river, Wyo.

Big Wood: river, rising in Pioneer Mountains, a part of Sawtooth Mountains, Blaine County, uniting with Snake River in T. 6 S., R. 13 E., Boise meridian, in Gooding County, Idaho. (Not Malad, Malade, nor Wood.)

Bihar and Orissa: a prov., Br. India.

Bihis: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mojon.)

Biisk: pr. bēēsk; city on Ob River, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 52° 35′ N., 85° E. (Not Bisk, Biysk.)

Bijah: spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 17 miles south of Mammoth Hot Springs, at right of road to Norris Basin.

Bijou: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 150 feet north of Giant Geyser, in Upper Geyser Basin, west bank of Firehole River.

Bikal: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bical nor Vical.)

Bikal: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon: barrio, Lal-lo Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon: and barrio, Mabalacat Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bical.)

Bikaner: city, Rajputana, n. w. India; 28° 5′ N., 73° 15′ E.

Biking: barrio, Dauis Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Biquing.)

Bilar: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Bilbao: pr. bĭl-bä′ō; seaport, n. Spain, on Bay of Biscay; 43° 15′ N., 2° 58′ W.

Bilberry: island, St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Billberry nor Chokeberry.)

Bilibinuang: see Bilibinwang, P. I.

Bilibinwang: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bilibinuang.)

Biliran: municipality, Leyte Province, Biliran, P. I.

Bilisan: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bil-isan.)

Bill: creek and peak, Coos County, Oreg., in sec. 36, T. 29 S., R. 14 W., Willamette meridian. (Not Bills.)

Bill: see Junction, island, Alaska.

Bill Hunter: creek, Carbon County, Wyo., in sec. 6, T. 12 N., R. 80 W., sixth principal meridian, Medicine Bow National Forest. (Not Sixmile.) Named for "Uncle" Bill Hunter, an early settler in vicinity of creek.

Billberry: see Bilberry.

Billie's: see Billys.

Billings: glacier, Passage Canal, Prince William Sound, lat. 60° 51′ N., long. 148° 35′ W., Alaska.

Billings: hill, Hancock County, Me., on west side of Mount Desert Island, southeast of Sawyer Cove, near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 68° 25′ W. Name of family who lived on the island.

Billiton: see Belitoeng.

Bills: small island, Hancock County, Me., in Merchant Row, north of Isle au Haut, lat. 44° 06′.4 N., long. 68° 38′ W. (Not Bell's.)

Bill's: see Tuthill.

Billy: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, first tributary to Middle Fork of Boise River, from the north above Rock Creek.

Billy: Billy's: see Pone.

Billys: island, at the northwestern extremity of Bloodsworth Island, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Billie's nor Billy's.)

Bilolo: see Bilulo, P. I.

Biltabito: settlement and spring, San Juan County, N. Mex., near lat. 36° 52′ N., long. 109° 00′ W.

Bilulo: barrio, Orion Municipality, Batan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bilolo.)

Bill Williams: see Williams, river, Ariz.

Bimans: see Bynum.

Bimerick: creek, Ts. 33 and 34 N., R. 8 E., tributary to Lochsa River from the north, Idaho County, Idaho. (Not Little Bear nor White Bear.)

Bimini: pr. bĭ-mĭn′ĭ; island, the Bahamas; 25° 46′ N., 79° 18′ W.

Binahaan: barrio, Ragay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binahan nor Binijan.)

Binahan: see Binahaan, P. I.

Binalaba: see Binalabag, P. I.

Binalabag: island, Linapacan Strait, south of Dicabaito Island and northeast of Palawan, P. I. (Not Binalaba.)

Binalbagan: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Binalonan: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Binambang: see Binangbang, P. I.

Binan: municipality, Laguna Province Luzon, P. I.

Binan: see Binang, P. I.

Binanagnan: see Binauangan, P. I.

Binanangan: see Binauangan, P. I.

Binang: barrio, Pagsanjan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binan.)

Binangbang: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Binambang.)

Binangig: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Binanguig.)

Binangonan: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Binangonan: Binangonan de Lampon: see Infanta, P. I.

Binangtuan: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Binangtu-an nor Binantuan.)

Binanguig: see Binangig, P. I.

Binanogan: see Binanugan, P. I.

Binantuan: see Binangtuan, P. I.

Binantucan: see Binuntucan, P. I.

Binanuaan: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binanuan nor Binonuaan.)

Binanuan: see Binanuaan, P. I.

Binanugan: barrio, Valderrama Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Binanogan.)

Binaobanan: Binaobaoan: Binaobauan: see Binaobawan.

Binaobawan: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Binaobanan, Binaobaoan, nor Binaobauan.)

Binas: see Biwas, P. I.

Binauangan: barrio, Capalonga Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binanagnan nor Binanangan.)

Bingham: cove, southeastern Alaska, with narrow inlet, spreading to extreme width of 1 mile, but choked with islets, in lat. 58° 05′N., northwestern part of Yakobi Island.

Bingham: peak, altitude 2,180 feet, lat. 58° 01′ 35″ N., long. 136° 29′ 51″ W., northeast of Surge Bay, and 2 miles from west coast of Yakobi Island, southeastern Alaska.

Binijan: see Binahaan, P. I.

Binmaley: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Binnanga: see Binuangan, P. I.

Binnewater: pond, Greenville Town, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Bantywater, Bennets Water, Benin Water, nor Bennie Water.)

Binnewater: see Vessup.

***Binney:** creek, north of Cedar Creek, tributary to Slate Creek from east, northern part sec. 12, T. 46 N., R. 4 E., Boise meridian, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Binogsacan: see Binogsakan, P. I.

Binogsakan: barrio, Guinobatan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binogsacan.)

Binontocan: Binontucan: see Binuntucan, P. I.

Binonuaan: see Binanuaan, P. I.

Binoyan: Binoyoán: see Binoyoan, P. I.

Binoyoan: barrio, Nabua Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binoyan nor Binoyoán.)

Binuangan: barrio, Obando Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binnanga.)

Binubusan: barrio, Lian Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bumbusan.)

Binum: see Bynum.

Binuntucan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Binantucan, Binontocan, nor Binontucan.)

Bío-Bío: pr. bē′ō bē′ō; prov. and river, Chile.

Biorka: channel, southeastern Alaska, main passage through Necker Islands, east of Biorka Island, west coast Baranof Island, near lat. 56° 50′ N., long. 135° 30′ W.

Biorka: island, Alaska, lat. 56° 52′ N., long. 135° 32′ W., near Sitka Sound, one of the Necker Islands. (Not Wadzis.)

Biorka: reef, at southern point of entrance to Sitka Sound, lat. 56° 52′ N., long. 135° 26′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Biorka: see Sedanka, cape and island, Alaska.

Bique: see Vique.

Biquing: see Biking, P. I.

Birch: hills, altitude 7,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 110° 53′ W.

Birch: lake, between Basswood and Carp Lakes, Lake County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary between Minnesota and Ontario.

Birch: lake, St. Louis and Lake Counties, Minn., drained by the South Kawishiwi River, principally in Ts. 61 and 62 N., Rs. 11, 12, and 13 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest.

Birch: see Steamboat, island, N. H.

Birch Cooley: township, Renville County, Minn. (Not Birch Coolie.)

Birch Creek: valley of Birch Creek, Lemhi, Clark, and Butte Counties, Idaho, extending in a southeasterly direction from the divide near Gilmore to the Snake River Plain in or near T. 8 N., R. 31 E., Boise meridian.

Birchdale: township, Todd County, Minn. (Not Birch Dale.)

Birchrunville: village, West Vincent Township, Chester County, Pa. (Not Birch Run Ville nor Birch Runville.)

Bird: see Arch, rock, Calif.

Bird: see Bird City, Kans.

Bird: see Nihoa, island, T. H.

Bird: see Pajarito, peak, N. Mex.

***Bird City:** city, Cheyenne County, Kans. (Not Bird.)

Birds: point, on Mississippi River, near Cairo, Mississippi County, Mo. (Not Bird's.)

Birdseye: town, Dubois County, Ind. (Not Birds Eye.)

Birkenhead: city, Cheshire, England, opposite Liverpool; 53° 24′ N., 3° 2′ W.

Birmingham: city, cen. England; 52° 28′ N., 1° 55′ W.

Birmingham: pr. ber′-mĭng-hăm; city in Jefferson County, Ala., on Village Creek, near lat. 33° 31′ N., long. 86° 52′ W. Population in 1930, 257,657.

Birthday: creek, northern Alaska, north side Colville River, small tributary on north bank Awuna River, near lat. 69° 15′ N., long. 156° 38′ W.

Birthday: pass, northern Alaska, north of Colville River, between the headwaters of Birthday and Kigalik Creeks.

Birthday: see Stimpsons.

Biscay, Bay of: part of Atlantic Ocean bet. France (near Brest) and Spain (C. Ortegal). Fr., Golfe de Gascogne, applies to s. e. part of the Bay of Biscay.

Biscayne: bay, Dade County, Fla., opening into Atlantic Ocean. (Not Key Biscayne Bay nor Bay Key Biscayne.)

Biscayne: creek, connecting Dumfounding Bay with the northern extremity of Biscayne Bay, Dade County, Fla., near lat. 25° 56′ N. (Not Biscayne River, Dumfoundling River, nor Snake Creek or River.)

Biscoe: creek, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Briscoe's.)

Biscuit: geyser basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., small basin crossed by Little Firehole River, near lat. 44° 30′ N., long. 110° 52′ W.

Biscuit: knob, altitude 940 feet, 2 miles north Hunter Bay, southwestern coast Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Bishop: light, Mississippi River, Perry County, Mo. (Not Bishop's.)

Bishop and Clerks: light, Nantucket Sound, Mass. (Not Bishop and Clerk's.)

Bishop Head: cape and town, Hooper Strait, Chesapeake Bay, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Bishop's Head.)

Bishop's: see Bishop.

Bisk: see Biisk.

Bismarck: archipelago E. of New Guinea Island, administered by Australia as part of the mandated Ter. of New Guinea; formerly called New Britain archipelago.

***Bismarck:** pr. bĭz′märk; capital of North Dakota, in Burleigh County, on the Missouri River, near lat. 46° 49′ N., long. 100° 47′ W. Population in 1930, 11,090.

Bismarck: town and township, Cuming County, Nebr. (Not Bismark.)

Bismarck: township, Platte County, Nebr. (Not Bismark.)

Bismarck: township, Sibley County, Minn. (Not Bismark.)

Bismarck: village, Grant County, W. Va. (Not Bismark.)

Bison: mountain, Tarryall Mountains, Park County, Colo.

Bison: mountain, Glacier County, Mont.

Bison: peak, altitude 8,800 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 14′ W.

Bissell: village, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Apgars Corner.)

Bitaogan: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Vistaogan, Vitaogan, nor Vitaugan.)

Bitaoy: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pitaoy.)

Bitlis: town, Turkey; 38° 29′ N., 42° 00′ E. (Not Bitliss.)

Bitliss: see Bitlis.

Bito: barrio, Siruma Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Vito.)

Bitolj: pr. bítōl′; city, ext. s. Yugoslavia; Bulg. Bitolya;† Gr. Monasterion;† Turk. Monastir;† 41° 2′ N., 21° 20′ E.

Biton: sitio, Ginangra Barrio, Magallanes Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Betun, Vetun, nor Vitun.)

Bitsihuitsos: butte, Navajo Indian Reservation, west of Chinle Valley, lat. 36° 25′ N., Apache County, Ariz. (Not Pitsehytso.)

Bitter: creek, Kern County, Calif. An intermittent stream heading in southwestern corner of T. 11 N., R. 24 W., S. B. M., and flowing diagonally toward the northeast across the township.

Bitter: creek, Wyo. and Mont., rises in Campbell County, in T. 56 N., R. 73 W., sixth principal meridian, tributary to Powder River in T. 9 S., R. 48 E., Montana meridian, Powder River County.

Bitter: see Five Mile, creek, Mont.

Bitterroot: river, rising in Beaverhead Mountains of the Bitterroot Range, flowing north through Ravalli County and emptying into Clark Fork about 4 miles west of Missoula, Missoula County, Mont. (Not Bitter Root.)

Bitter Root: see Bitterroot, river, Mont.

Bitter Root: see Clark Fork, stream, Mont.

Bitter Root: see North Piney Creek, Wyo.

Bitterroot Range: lofty ridge forming part of the boundary between Idaho and Montana, extending from the crossing of Clark Fork near lat. 48° 00′ N., to Monida, the crossing of the Oregon Short Line Railroad, near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 112° 18′ W., including all spurs.

Bitterwater: creek, heading in southeastern corner of T. 28 S., R. 18 E., San Luis Obispo County, and flowing into the San Joaquin Valley in northwest quarter, T. 27 S., R. 19 E., Kern County, Calif.

Bitterwater: valley, of Bitterwater Creek, from southwestern corner of T. 27 S., R. 18 E., to its debouchment, Kern County, Calif. (Not Palo Prieto.)

Biuas: see Biwas.

Bivalve: railroad station, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Long Reach.)

Bivouac: peak, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 52′ N., long. 110° 49′ W. Named by a party of mountaineers who made the first ascent in 1930, after being compelled to spend a night at the foot of the peak without food or bedding.

Biwas: barrio, Tanza Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binas nor Biuas.)

Biysk: see Biisk.

Bjelostock: see Białystok.

Black: butte, altitude 8,208 feet, Tehama County, Calif., 3 miles southeast of Brokeoff Mountain, in sec. 26, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Black: buttes, between Deming and Thunder Glaciers, Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Black: canyon, on Salt River, Maricopa County, Arizona, near lat. 33° 32′ N., long. 111° 27′ W.

Black: lake, Ts. 35 and 36 N., Rs. 1 and 2 E., Cheboygan County, Mich. (Not Cheboygan.)

Black: lake, in Glacier Gorge, sec. 35, T. 4 N., R. 74 W., southwest corner of Larimer County, Colo.

Black: mesa, a table-land chiefly in the northern one-third of the Hopi Indian Reservation, in Apache, Coconino, and Navajo Counties, Ariz., lat. 36° 20′ N., long. 110° 24′ W. (Not Zilh-le-jini nor Zilthe-le-Jini.)

Black: mountain, altitude 2,090 feet, about 35 miles southwest of Resurrection Bay on the southeast coast of Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 32′ N., long. 150° 12′ W., Alaska.

Black: mountains, Mohave County, Ariz. (Not Ute.)

Black: mountain, Park County, Colo., in T. 15 S., R. 74 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Basaltic.)

Black: mountain, sec. 22, T. 4 S., R. 10 E., Park County, Mont.

Black: mountain, 2 miles east of Bear Lake, Rich County, Utah. (Not Kimballs Peak nor Lakeview Peak.)

Black: point, Harford County, Md., on west side of Chesapeake Bay and at west side of entrance to Spesutie Narrows, lat. 39° 26′.1 N., long. 76° 06′.2 W. (Not Mulberry.)

Black: point, on north side of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, at the first big bend about 16 miles from Snag Point, lat. 58° 53′ 30″ N., long. 157° 59′ W. Just north of this point the course of the river is north and south.

Black: reef, about 1 mile east North Head, entrance Iliamna Bay, northern shore Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 153° 32′ W., southwestern coast, Cook Inlet, Alaska.

*__Black:__ river and village near mouth, lat. 62° 20′ N., long. 165° 20′ W., Yukon Delta, Alaska. (Not Kipniak nor Kipniuk.)

Black: river, draining Black Lake, and flowing into Cheboygan River, Cheboygan County, Mich. (Not Cheboygan nor Lower Black.)

Black: river, Clark County, Wis. (Not Poplar.)

Black: rock, awash, in west side of Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 34′ N., long. 136° 08′ W., southwestern coast of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Black: see Dead, mountains, Calif.

Black: see Madera, peak, Calif.

Black: see Barker, mountain, Me.

Black: see Chapman, peak, N. C.-Tenn.

Black: see Sandwich, mountain, N. H.

Black: see Alella, P. I.

Black: see Blacks, fork, Utah-Wyo.

Black: see Seminoe, canyon, Wyo.

Black: see Swarte, kill, N. Y.

Black Bear: creek, head of Union Bay, Ernest Sound, western part Cleveland Peninsula, lat. 55° 42′ N., long. 132° 10′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Blackberry: river, Litchfield County, Conn., formed in town of Norfolk, flows west and joins Housatonic River west of Canaan. (Not Blackburn nor Blackbury.)

Blackbird: Blackbird Station: see Forest, railroad station, Del.

Black Bluff: precinct, Sumter County, Ala. (Not Blacks Bluff.)

Black Brook: see Blake, creek, Wis.

Blackburn: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 45′ N., 2° 29′ W.

Blackburn: mountain, altitude 16,140 feet, 120 miles northeast of mouth of Copper River, lat. 60° 44′ N., long. 143° 27′ W., Alaska.

Blackburn: see Blackberry.

Black Butte: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Gallatin and Park Counties, Mont., rising near lat. 45° 04′ N., long. 111° 04′ W., flowing southwest into Gallatin River.

Black Butte: meadows, northeast corner Tehama County, Calif., one-half mile north of Black Butte, in sec. 23, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Black Butte: peak, top of Gravelly Range, T. 11 S., R. 2 W., Madison National Forest, Madison County, Mont. (Not Pyroxene.)

*__Black Butte:__ river, California, rising in T. 20 N., R. 8 W., Glenn County, tributary to Middle Fork Eel River from southeast in sec. 28, T. 23 N., R. 11 W., Mendocino County. (Not Poopoteyuk, nor South Fork of Middle Fork Eel.)

Black Butte: see Cone, mountain, Calif.

Black Butte: see Prospect, peak, Calif.

Black Butte: see Wintoon, butte, Calif.

Blackcreek: township, Mercer County, Ohio. (Not Black Creek.)

Blackdome: peak, sec. 15, T. 42 N., R. 5 E., between Cedar and Foehl Creeks, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Blackfeet: Indian tribe and reservation.

Blackfeet: see Blackfoot, glacier, Mont.

Blackfoot: this spelling, and not Blackfeet, to be used in all cases except where the tribe or reservation are designated.

*__Blackfoot:__ glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., on north side of Continental Divide, north slope of Blackfoot Mountain, near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 40′ W. (Not Blackfeet.)

Blackfoot: mountain, altitude 9,597 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 40′ W.

Blackfoot: see Taylor, mount, Idaho.

Blackfoot: see Garnet, range, Mont.

Blackfoot Country: see Avon.

Black Fork: river, Tucker County, W. Va., lying between the towns of Hendricks and Parsons. So named on recommendation of the West Virginia Historical Society.

Black Giant: a peak, altitude 13,312 feet, Fresno County, Calif., on Black Divide, west slope Sierra Nevada, T. 9 S., R. 30 E., near lat. 37° 07′ N., long. 118° 34′ W. (Not Goode, which see.)

Black Growler: steam vent, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 150 feet south of Valentine Geyser, close to road, Norris Geyser Basin.

Blackhall: mountain, Carbon County, Wyo., in sec. 2, T. 12 N., R. 83 W., Hayden National Forest. Named after James Blackhall, for 20 years supervisor of the Medicine Bow National Forest. (Not Old Rocky, Pelham, Rocky, nor Snowy Mountain.)

Black Hawk: county, Iowa. (Not Blackhawk.)

Blackhawk: lake, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Downing.)

Blackhawk: mountain, altitude 9,998 feet, 1½ miles northwest of Douglas Peak, secs. 12 and 13, T. 3 S., R. 72 W., 5 miles east of Blackhawk, on the line between Gilpin and Jefferson Counties, Colo.

Black Hawk: township, Black Hawk County, Iowa. (Not Blackhawk.)

Blackhawk: village, Meade County, S. Dak. (Not Black Hawk.)

Blackhawk: see Black Hawk.

Blackhead: peak, in San Juan Mountains, Archuleta County, Colo. (Not Corona.)

Black Head: see Makahoa, T. H.

Blackhorse: creek, south of Carrizo Mountains, draining east into Red Wash, Apache County, Ariz.

Blackhouse: see Backhouse.

Blackinton: village, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Blackington.)

Blackistone: see Blakistone.

Black Jack: peak, altitude 6,027 feet, sec. 34, T. 45 N., R. 8 E., between Bruin and Tumbledown Creeks, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Black Kaweah: a peak, altitude 13,752 feet, Tulare County, Calif., on west slope Sierra Nevada, the northwesternmost of the three Kaweah peaks, near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 31′ W.

Black Knob: butte, north bank of Little Colorado River, Coconino County, Ariz.

Blacklick: railroad station and township, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Black Lick.)

Blackman: stream, flowing from Chemo Pond, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Chemo nor Nichols.)

Black Moshannon: creek, east branch Mashannon Creek, Centre County, Pa. (Not Little Black Moshannon, Little Moshannon, nor Little Mushanon.)

Black Pinnacle: butte, east of Canyon del Muerto, and south of Tunitcha Mountains, Apache County, Ariz.

Black Point: pond, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Ukiesa nor Uquiesa.)

Blackpool: seaport, Lancashire, England; 53° 49′ N., 3° 3′ W.

Black Pool: see Little Round, pond, Me.

Black Pool: see Round, pool, Me.

Blackrock: hill, altitude 502 feet, 1,020 meters north of Red Point, eastern part St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Black Rock, Sortklip, nor Zwartklip.)

Black Rock: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 6, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park. So named because of a band of black rock in noticeable contrast to red and white formations near by.

Blackrock: peak, T. 17 N., R. 22 W., on divide between Ninemile Creek and former Flathead Indian Reservation, Missoula and Sanders Counties, Mont.

Black Rock: range of mountains, west of Black Rock Desert, Humboldt County, Nev. (Not Harlequin Hills.)

Blacks: island, in Ohio River, near New Cumberland, Hancock County, W. Va. (Not Black's.)

Black Sand: geyser basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., small basin on west side of Upper Geyser Basin.

Black Sand Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near north end of Black Sand Basin along road from Firehole River to basin northwest border Upper Geyser Basin.

Blacks Creek: see Blacks, fork, of Green River, Wyo.

Black Sea: inland sea bet. Europe and Asia Minor; Lat. Pontus Euxinus; Fr. Mer Noire; Ger. Schwarzes Meer; Russ. Chernoe More.†

***Blacks Fork:** a tributary of Green River, Lincoln, Sweetwater, and Uinta Counties, Wyo., and Summit County, Utah. (Not Black nor Blacks Creek.)

Blackstock: railroad station, Chester County, S. C. (Not Black Stocks.)

Black Stocks: see Blackstock.

Blackstone: bay, large bay 12 miles long, branching off from the mouth of Passage Canal, northwestern part of Prince William Sound, Alaska. Mouth of bay in lat. 60° 47′ N., long. 148° 27′ W.

Blackstone: point, southern side Blackstone Bay, at junction with Passage Canal, lat. 60° 46.5 N., long. 148° 24′ W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska,

Blacktail: creek, T. 54 N., R. 3 E., tributary to Deer Creek from north, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Blacktail: creek, secs. 30, 31, and 32, T. 3 S., R. 11 E., tributary to Davis Creek, from northwest, Park County, Mont.

Blacktail: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., rises in sec. 18, T. 11 N., R. 34 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Great Porcupine Creek in sec. 16, T. 9 N., R. 37 E. (Not West Blacktail.) Said to be named from the fact that blacktail deer were found along this creek some 50 years ago.

Blacktail: hills in Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 19′ N., long. 113° 24′ W., about 2 miles southwest of Marias Pass.

Blacktail: mountains, SE. ¼ T. 26 N., R. 22 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Blacktail: principal valley in Powell Plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 112° 25′ W.

Blacktail Deer: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 52′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., flowing north into Yellowstone River.

Blackwall: mountain, Ouray County, Colo.

Blackwalnut: point, north point of entrance to Choptank River, Talbot County, Md. (Not Lows.)

Blackwalnut: see Grays Island, Md.

Black Warrior: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near Firehole Lake at east side of Lower Geyser Basin.

Blackwell: glacier, Ts. 28 and 29 N., R. 32 W., Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Van Buren.)

Blackwells: island in East River, New York City, N. Y. (Not Blackwell's.)

Blagoveshchensk: city, on the Amur river, Far Eastern Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); Ger. Blagowjeschtschensk; 50° 25′ N., 127° 30′ E. (Not Blagovyeshchensk.)

Blagovyeshchensk: see Blagoveshchensk.

Blain: borough, Perry County, Pa. (Not Blaine.)

Blaine: peak (Mount Blaine), altitude 6,346 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, near lat. 56° 15′ N., long. 130° 32′ W., After James G. Blaine, 1830–1893, American orator and statesman.

Blaine: see Emmons, glacier, Alaska.

Blaine: see Mount Sneffels, peak, Colo.

Blair: mountain, White River, National Forest, Garfield County, Colo., in sec. 19, T. 3 S., R. 89 W. For the late James A. Blair, United States Forest Supervisor, accidentally killed June 18, 1928, in the performance of official duty. (Not Bald nor Baldy.)

Blair Gap: village, Sullivan County, Tenn. (Not Blairs Gap.)

Blake: brook, Epsom Town, Merrimack County, N. H. (Not Blake Cass Pond, Hall, nor Mountain.)

Blake: short creek, near center of Waupaca County, Wis. (Not Black Brook nor Blake's.)

Blake: island, at south end of Blake Channel at junction with Bradfield Canal, lat. 56° 13′ N., long. 131° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Ham.)

Blake Cass Pond: see Blake, brook, N. H.

Blake Hall: see Blake, brook, N. H.

Blakeley: see Beckley.

Blakeley: see Blakely.

Blakely: hill, altitude 1,060 feet, San Juan County, Wash., on northeast shore Blakely Island, Rosario Strait, Local usage Blakely Peak.

Blakely: railroad station, Scott County, Minn. (Not Blakeley.)

Blakely: rock, in Puget Sound, 7 miles west from Seattle, Kitsap County, Wash. (Not Blakeley.)

Blakely: township, Geary County, Kans. (Not Blakeley.)

Blake Mountain: see Blake, brook, N. H.

Blake Point: peninsula, forming the west head, Sippican Harbor, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Charles Neck.)

Blakistone: island, in Potomac River, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Blackistone.)

Blakley: see Beckley.

Blanc, Mont: pr. môn bläN′; highest peak of the Alps, bet. France and Italy; Fr. Mont Blanc; Ital. Monte Bianco; 45° 48′ N., 6° 50′ E.

Blanco: cape, lat. 21° N., western coast Africa. (Not South Cape Blanco.)

Blanco: cape, Curry County, Oreg. (Not Orford.)

Blanco: see Sword, point, Florida.

Bland: village, county seat of Bland County, Va. (Not Seddon.)

Blanquizal: islands, small group in the northeastern part of Gulf of Esquibel off the west coast of Prince of Wales Island, lat. 55° 37′ N., long. 133° 24′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Blaogon: see Balaogan, P. I.

Blaze: mountain, Madison County, Mont., approximately in sec. 19, T. 5 S., R. 3 E., and sec. 24, T. 5 S., R. 2 E., Gallatin National Forest. So named because the mountain is marked with a white strip from the snow in a narrow draw on its western exposure which does not melt during the summer.

Blennerhassett: island, in Ohio River near Parkersburg, Wood County, W. Va. (Not Blennerhassett's.)

Blgariya: see Bulgaria.

Blichton: see Blitchton.

***Bligh:** reef, with least depth of 7 feet, about 2 miles west of Bligh Island, lat. 60° 50′.5 N., long. 146° 53′.5 W., northeastern part of Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Bligh Island Reef.)

Bligh Island Reef: see Bligh, reef, Alaska.

Blinders: rocks, awash at low tide, in Round Bay, 200 meters off point east of Elk Bay, eastern part St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Blissfield: township and village, Lenawee County, Mich. (Not Blissville.)

Blissville: see Blissfield.

Blitchton: village, Marion County, Fla. (Not Blichton.)

Blizzard: mountain, Elmore County, Idaho, near lat. 43° 52′ 30″ N., long. 115° 04′ 43″ W.

Block: light, Mississippi River, Perry County, Mo. (Not Block's.)

Blockton: see Blocton.

Blocton: precinct, Bibb County, Ala. (Not Blockton.)

Blodget: hill, in Coeymans Town, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Blodgett.)

Bloemfontein: city, Orange Free State, Union of S. Africa; 29° 8′ S., 26° 10′ E.

Bloodsworth: island, in Chesapeake Bay, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Bloodsworth's.)

Bloody Dick: see Big Hole, divide, Mont.

Bloomfield: town, Greene County, Ind. (Not Bloomington.)

Bloomfield: see South Bloomfield.

Blooming Grove: township, Richland County, Ohio. (Not Bloomingrove.)

Bloomington: see Bloomfield, Ind.

Bloomington: see South Bound Brook, N. J.

Blossom: lakes (group of lakes), Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 10, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park. Named after C. W. Blossom, park ranger.

Blount: creek, emptying into Pamlico River from southward, Beaufort County, North Carolina. (Not Blount's Bay nor Blounts Creek.)

Blount's Bay: Blount's Creek: see Blount.

Bloyd: mountain, Washington County, Ark. (Not Bloyed nor Bloyd's.)

Bloyed: see Bloyd.

Blue: creek, heading on north slope of Blue Mountain, T. 32 N., R. 30 W., Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Falls.)

Blue: fiord, branching off the southern side of Port Nellie Juan, near lat. 60° 29′ N., long. 148° 16′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Blue: lake, Shasta County, Calif., 1 mile southwest of Loomis Peak, in sec. 8, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Blue: lake, on shelf, east side Glacier Gorge, sec. 36, T. 4 N., R. 74 W., Larimer County, Colo.

Blue: see Cheaha, mountain, Ala.

Blue: see Quartzite, canyon, Ariz.

Blue: see Vaca, mountains, Calif.

Blue: see West Fork Big Blue, river, Nebr.

Blueberry: hill, Woburn City, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Mount Pleasant.)

Bluebird: creek, T. 37 N., Rs. 25 and 26 W., tributary to Wigwam Creek at its junction with Wolverine Creek, Lincoln County, Mont.

Bluebird: lake, in secs. 26 and 27, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., draining into Ouzel Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Bluefields: see Escondido.

Bluehill: township, Sherburne County, Minn. (Not Blue Hill.)

Blue Jay: see Blue Joe, creek.

Blue Joe: creek, Boundary County, Idaho, and Kootenay District, British Columbia, rises in sec. 6, T. 64 N., R. 4 W., Boise meridian, tributary from the southwest to Boundary Creek into which it empties, just north of the Canadian line, in approximate long. 116° 49′ W. This name is shown on the map of the International Boundary Commission, 1908. (Not Blue Jay.)

Blue Lake: canyon, Shasta County, Calif., 1 mile southwest of Loomis Peak, in secs. 5, 6, 7, and 8, T. 30 N., R. 4 E., drained by North Fork of Bailey Creek.

Blue Mountain: see Mount Sutro, Calif.

Blue Mountain: see Mount Vaca, Calif.

Blue Mountains: includes all the mountains of northeastern Oregon and extending into Washington to the bend of Snake River, with the exception of the Wallowa Mountains.

Blue Point Towhead: post light, Mississippi River, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not Blues' Point Tow-Head.)

Blue Ridge: mountains, including the ridge extending from a few miles north of Harpers Ferry to northern Georgia.

Blue River: see Keysor.

Blue Store: village, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Blue Stores.)

Bluff: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 38′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., flowing northwest into Sour Creek.

Bluff: lake, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 18, T. 30 N., R. 6 E., three-fourths mile east of Pilot Mountain.

Bluff: point, the eastern head of Mumford Cove, Fishers Island Sound, Conn. (Not Fishing Rocks.)

Bluff: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on west shore of west thumb of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 27′ N.

Bluff: see Crag, point, Alaska.

Bluff: see Fishing Rocks, point, Conn.

Bluff: see Bluff City, Kansas.

Bluff: see Roundtop, island, N. Y.

Bluff City: city, Harper County, Kans. (Not Bluff.)

Bluffdale: town, Greene County, Ill. (Not Bluff Dale.)

Bluffs, The: see Stony Ledge.

Bluiya: see Nan.

Blum: peak (Mount Blum), Whatcom County, Wash., approximately in unsurveyed sec. 27, T. 38 N., R. 10 E., Mount Baker National Forest. (Not Bald.) Named in honor of John Blum, airplane pilot, who accomplished exceptional work on fire patrol, during 1930–1931, particularly over the Mount Baker National Forest and who was killed in 1931 in an airplane accident near Snoqualmie Pass.

Blumenau: pr. blo͞o-mĕn-ow′; town, Santa Catharina, Brazil; 26° 56′ S., 49° 07′ W.

Blunts: point, Hancock County, Me., on northwest coast of Mount Desert Island, at entrance to Northeastern Branch, near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 68° 20′ W. Personal name. (Not Blunt.)

Blunts: pond, Hancock County, Me., in Lamoine Township, near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 68° 19′ W.

Blunts: reef, off Cape Mendocino, Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Blunt's.)

Blunts: see Smith Island, Wash.

Boac: municipality, Marinduque Province, P. I.

Boangan: see Buangan, P. I.

Board Camp: see Garfield, creek, Calif.

Boaz: mountain, sec. 34, T. 39 S., R. 3 W., Jackson County, Oreg. (Not Buck.)

Bobbins: see Robins, island, N. Y.

Bobbs: see Bobs.

Boboy: see Bubug, P. I.

Bobon: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Bobonsoran: barrio, Ligao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bobonsuran nor Bobunsuran.)

Bobonsuran: see Bobonsoran, P. I.

Bobrof: Bobrovoi: Bobrow: see Douglas, reef, Alaska.

Bobs: creek, Lincoln County, Mo., rises near center of T. 50 N., R. 1 E., fifth principal meridian, flowing southeast into Mississippi River. (Not Bobbs nor Bob's.)

Bobulusan: see Bubulusan, P. I.

Bobunsuran: see Bobonsoran, P. I.

Boca Ciega: bay, extending northwest from Tampa Bay entrance, Gulf coast, Pinellas County, Fla., near lat. 27° 40′. (Not Boca Ceiga.)

Boca Juana: point, northern coast of Puerto Rico. (Not Boca Juan.)

Bocal: see Bukal, P. I.

Bocan: see Bokan.

Bocaobocao: see Bucaobucao, P. I.

Boca Raton: town, Palm Beach County, Fla. (Not Boca Ratone, Bocaraton, nor Bocaratone.)

Bocas del Toro: pr. bō′käs dehl tō′rō; prov. and town, Panama; 9° 20′ N., 82° 15′ W.

Bocaue: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bocboc: see Bolboc, P. I.

Bochum: pr. bōkh′um; city, Westphalia, Ruhr valley, w. Germany; 51° 3′ N., 7° 10′ E.

Bockatonorton: see Brockatonorton.

Bocken: see Leduck.

Bodcau: bayou or creek, Lafayette County, Ark., and Webster and Bossier Parishes, La. Local usage in Arkansas is creek; in Louisiana, bayou. (Not Badeau, Bodcaw, nor Bodecau.)

Boden See: see Constance, Lake of.

Bodie: island, east of Roanoke Island, Dare County, N. C. (Not Body's.)

Bodkin: see Long, point, Va.

Bodwitch: point, northwest end Estero Island, Lee County, Fla. (Not Bowditch.)

Bodys: see Bodie.

Boemia: see Bohemia.

Bog: creek, Yellowstone Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 41′ N., long. 110° 22′ W., flowing westerly into Sour Creek.

Bogacay: see Bagacay, P. I.

Bogachiel: river, Clallam and Jefferson Counties, and village, Jefferson County, Wash. (Not Bosachiel.)

Bogastow: brook, in Ashland, Holliston, and Sherborn Townships, Middlesex County, Mass., flowing southeast into Charles River. (Not Boggestow nor Boggistere.)

Boggestow: see Bogastow.

Boggistere: see Bogastow.

Boggs: island, Ohio River, Belmont County, Ohio. (Not Boggs'.)

Boghaz: see Bosporus.

Bogho: see Bugho, P. I.

Bognabong: see Bongabong, P. I.

Bognalon: see Bungalon, P. I.

Bogo: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Bogoslof: island, small, in Bering Sea about 35 miles northwesterly from Unalaska Island, Alaska. Lat. 54° N., long. 168° W. (Not Agashagok nor Saint John Bogoslof.)

Bogotá: pr. bō-gō-tä′; capital city, Colombia; 4° 40′ N., 74° 15′ W.

Bogtongnapolo: see Bogtongnapulo, P. I.

Bogtongnapulo: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bogtongnapolo.)

Bogue: see Coatue.

Bogue-Hays: see Hays, stream, Miss.

Bogy: post light, Mississippi River, Ste. Genevieve County, Mo. (Not Bogy's.)

Bohême: see Bohemia.

Bohemia: historic region, now comprising the western part of Czechoslovakia (see Čechy); in 1914, a part of Austria (Böhmen); Cz. Čechy; Fr. Bohême; Ger. Böhmen; Ital. Boemia; Pol. Czechy. See also Čechy.

Bohemian Forest or **Böhmer Wald:** mt. range divide bet. Bavaria (Germany) and Czechoslovakia; Ger. Böhmer Wald; Cz. Česky Les.

Böhmen: see Bohemia.

Böhmer Wald: see Bohemian Forest.

Bohol: strait, between Bohol and Cebu, P. I.

Bohrow: see Douglas, reef, Alaska.

Boiassu: see Boyassu.

Boidarkin: see Kutchuma.

Boil: see Mohican.

Boiling: river, outlet of Mammoth Hot Springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on west bank of Gardiner River, nearly 1½ miles northeast of Mammoth Hot Springs.

Boiling: spring, Navajo County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., in the Navajo Indian Reservation.

Boiling Springs: lake, Plumas County, Calif., in sec. 27, T. 30 N., R. 5 E. (Not Hot nor Lake Tartarus.)

Boilston: see Boylston.

Bois Blanc: see Basswood.

Bois Brule: river, Douglas County, Wis. (Not Brule.)

Bois Brule: see Brule.

Bois d'Arc: creek, tributary to Blue River from the northwest, sec. 28, T. 5 S., R. 9 E., Bryan County, Okla.

Bois d'Arc: small creek, flowing southeast, in Ellis County, Tex.

Bois d'Arc: town, Greene County, Mo.

Bois d'Arc: township, Montgomery County, Ill.

Bois d'Arc: see East Fork Trinity: Straight, creek, Okla.

Bois de Sioux: river, Minn., N. Dak., and S. Dak., flowing north from Lake Traverse to Wahpeton, where it joins Otter Tail River to form Red River. Forms part of the boundary between Minnesota and the Dakotas. (Not Boise de Sioux, Bois des Sioux, Sioux Wood, nor Siouxwood.)

Bois-le-Duc: see 's Hertogenbosch.

Boise: capital of Idaho, in Ada County, on the Boise River, near lat. 43° 36′ N., long. 116° 14′ W. Population in 1930, 21,544. (Pronounced boy′ze.)

Boise Basin: area of rolling topography, Boise County, Idaho, consisting of the drainages of Moore and Grimes Creeks above their confluence. (Not Idaho Basin.)

Boise de Sioux: see Bois de Sioux.

Bokan: mountain, southeastern Alaska, altitude 2,430 feet, 2 miles northwest of head of West Arm of Kendrick Bay, southern part Prince of Wales Island. (Not Bocan.)

Boken: see Leduck.

Bokes: creek, Ohio, rising in the northeastern part of Logan County, and flowing southeast across Union County to the west bank of Scioto River in Delaware County. (Not Boke's, Boque's, nor Boques.)

***Bokes Creek:** township, Logan County, Ohio. (Not Bokescreek.)

Bokhara: see Bukhara.

Bokod: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Boko-hodotlish: see Dot Klish.

Bolalacao: see Bulalacao, P. I.

Bolam: creek and glacier on Mount Shasta, Calif. (Not Bulam.)

Bolan: creek, lake, and mountain, southern part Josephine County, Oreg. (Not Bolland nor Bollon.)

Bolan: pass, n. e. Baluchistan, n. w. India, 29° 45′ N., 67° 35′ E.

Boland: see Bolden.

Bolaobalite: barrio, Tinambac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bulaobaliti.)

Bolanuan: see Bulawan, P. I.

Bolar: village, Bath County, Va. (Not Boler Springs.)

Bolboc: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bocboc nor Boloboc.)

Bolbolo: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bol-Bolo.)

Bolcan: see Volcan, mountains, Calif.

Bolden: run, Franklin Township, Fayette County, Pa. (Not Boland.)

Bolens: see Bowlens.

Boler Springs: see Bolar.

Boli: see Buli, P. I.

Bolinao: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bolinas: bay, township, and village, Marin County, Calif. (Not Ballenas nor Baulenas.)

Boliran y Pooc: see Pooc, P. I.

Bolitas: see Bulls Head.

Bolivar: railroad station, Jackson County, Ala. (Not Widow's.)

Bolívar (Colombia): pr. bō-lē′vär; dept. and city, Colombia, 1° 48′ N., 77° 13′ W.

Bolívar (Venezuela): pr. bō-lē′vär; State and city, Venezuela; 8° 8′ N., 63° 55′ W.

Bolivia: pr. bō-le′vyä; rep. S. America; Fr. Bolivie; Ger., Ital., Sp. Bolivia.

Bolivie: see Bolivia.

Bolland: see Boland.

Bollier: see Bullion.

Bollilising: see Bullillising, P. I.

Bollon: see Bolan.

Boloboc: see Bolboc, P. I.

Bolod: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balod.)

Bologna: pr. bō-lōn′yä; prov. and city, n. cen. Italy; 44° 29′ N., 11° 20′ E.

Bololo: barrio, Libon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balolo.)

Bolon: island, Douglas County, Oreg., in Umpqua River, at mouth of Smith River, near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 124° 06′ W. (Not Bolon's, Bone, nor Bowline.)

Bolos: see Volos.

Bolsa de Chamisal: land grant, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Bolsa de Chemisal nor Chemisal.)

Bolshoi: island, in Nazan Bay, Atka Island, Middle Aleutians, lat. 52° 12′ N., long. 174° 10′ W., Alaska. (Not Bomshoi nor Large.)

Bolshoi: see Manby.

Bolton: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 35′ N., 2° 26′ W.

Bolzano: pr. bōl-tsä′no; prov. and city, n. Italy; Ger. Bozen, 46° 31′ N., 11° 22′ E.

Bombay: Br. prov. (Presidency), and its capital city, w. India; 18° 55′ N., 72° 5′ E.

Bombay Hook: point, Delaware River, Kent County, Del. (Not False Liston's Point.)

Bombon: barrio, Magarao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bambon.)

Bombon: see Bonbon, P. I.

Bombonon: see Bonbonon, P. I.

Bompas: see Bonpas.

Bompass: see Bumpass, cove.

Bomshoi: see Bolshoi.

Bona: see Bona Cerca, P. I.

Bonacan: see Bunakan, P. I.

Bona Cerca: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bona.)

Bonanza: peak, altitude 9,500 feet, of the Cascade Range, in Chelan County, Wash., near lat. 48° 15′ N., long. 120° 46′ W. (Not Mt. Goode nor North Star Mountain.)

Bonaventure: town, near Savannah, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Bone Venture.)

Bonbon: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bombon.)

Bonbonon: barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bombonon.)

Bonbrook: creek, Cumberland County, Va. (Not Bondbrook.)

Boncocan: see Bongcocan, P. I.

Boncombe: see Buncombe.

Boncucan: see Bongcocan, P. I.

Bond's: see Bondsville.

Bondbrook: see Bonbrook.

Bondin: township, Murray County, Minn. (Not Bowdin.)

Bondo: see Bondoc, P. I.

Bondoc: point and town, southern part of Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bondo nor Bondog.)

Bondog: see Bondoc, P. I.

***Bondsville:** village, Palmer Town, Hampden Count, Mass. (Not Bondville nor Bond's.)

Bon Durban: see D'Urban.

Bondville: see Bondsville.

Bone: lake, Polk County, Wis., in T. 35 N., R. 16 W., fourth principal meridian. (Not Bonet.)

Bone: river, emptying into Willapa Bay, between Stony Point and Palix River, Pacific County, Wash. (Not Querquellin nor Querquillin.)

Bone: see Bolon.

Bone Cave: village, Van Buren County, Tenn. (Not Big Bone Cave.)

Bonehead: hill, sec. 11, T. 44 N., R. 5 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Bonell: gulch, Mariposa County, Calif., in secs. 3, 4, 10, and 11, T. 3 S., R. 18 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Bonnel.)

Bonesecours: see Bon Secour.

Bonet: see Bone Lake, Wis.

Boneta: see Bonita, point.

Bone Venture: see Bonaventure.

Bonga: lake, Lake County, Minn., 1 mile west of Sand River, in sec. 14, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest.

Boñga: Bonga: see Bunga, P. I.

Bongabon: barrio, point and river, east coast of Mindoro, P. I.

Bongabon: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bongabong: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P.I. (Not Bognabong nor Boñgaboñg.)

Boñgaboñg: see Bongabong, P. I.

Bongahan: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island. (Not Bongahon nor Bongajan.)

Bongahon: see Bongahan, P. I.

Bongajan: see Bongahan, P. I.

Bongan: see Bunga, P. I.

Bongboñgan: Bongbongan: see Bungbungan 1, P. I.

Bongbongan: see Bungbungan, P. I.

Bongcocan: barrio, Lila Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Boncocan, Boncucan, nor Buncucan.)

Bon Homme: county and precinct, S. Dak. (Not Bonhomme.)

Bonilla: see Smith, island, Wash.

Bonita: lake, Marion County, Fla., just west of Lake Weir, in T. 17 S., R. 23 E., secs. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15. (Not Little Lake Weir.)

Bonita: point, at entrance to San Francisco Bay, Marin County, Calif. (Not Boneta.)

Bonito: canyon, at Fort Defiance, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz., near lat. 35° 48′ N., long. 109° 00′ W. (Not Bonita.)

Bonn: city on the Rhine above Köln, w. Germany; 50° 45′ N., 7° E.

Bonner: county, Idaho. Formed March, 1907, from part of Kootenai County.

Bonne Terre: city, St. Francois County, Mo. (Not Bonneterre nor Bontear.)

Bonneville: mountain (Mount Bonneville), Wallowa County, Oreg., 3½ miles south of Wallowa Lake in T. 4 S., R. 45 E., near lat. 45° 14′ N., long. 117° 13′ W. (Not Middle.) In honor of Capt. Benjamin L. V. Bonneville, 1795?–1878.

Bonnie Doon: village, Santa Cruz County, Calif. (Not Bonny Doon.)

Bonod: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bem-od.)

Bonpas: creek, Edwards, Richland, and Wabash Counties: and township, Richland County, Ill. (Not Bompas nor Bonpass.)

Bon Secour: bay, precinct, and river, Baldwin County, Ala. (Not Bonsecours, Bonsecours, nor Bon Secours.)

Bonsecours: see Bon Secour.

Bonte: peak, altitude 7,778 feet, Plumas County, Calif., 1¾ miles southeast of Juniper Lake, in sec. 24, T. 30 N., R. 6 E. (Not Bontes.)

Bontear: see Bonne Terre.

Bontes: see Bonte.

Bontoc: township, Provincial Capital, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Bookers Mills: see Buchers Mills, Pa.

Boo-koo-dot-klish: see Dot Klish.

Boon: railroad station, Wexford County, Mich. (Not Boone.)

Boorman: creek, eastern part of T. 28 N., R. 23 W., east of Ashley Lake, Flathead County, Mont.

Boot: island, south of Coryell Island, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Bootjack.)

Booth: point, Mississippi River, Dyer County, Tenn. (Not Booth's.)

Boothbay: harbor, town, and village, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Booth Bay.)

Boothby Hill: village, Harford County, Md. (Not Boothbyhill.)

Boothpoint: light, on Mississippi River, Dyer County, Tenn. (Not Booth's Point.)

Booth's: see Booth.

***Boothspoint:** village, Dyer County, Tenn. (Not Boothpoint nor Booths Point.)

Bootjack: see Boat.

Boot Lake: see Miners, lake and river, Alaska.

Bootle: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 28′ N., 3° 1′ W.

Bo-oy: see Booy, P. I.

Booy: barrio, Tagbilaran Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bo-oy.)

Boques: see Bokes.

Boquet: see Bouquet.

Borabod: barrio, Calabanga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Burabod.)

Borabod: barrio, Pamplona Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Burabod.)

Borabud: see Burabud, P. I.

Borac: see Burak, P. I.

Borah: peak, altitude 12,655 feet, Custer County, Idaho, in sec. 6, T. 9 N., R. 23 E., B. M., in the Pahsimeroi Mountains, Lemhi National Forest. Proposed by the Idaho Geographic Board, after William Edgar Borah, United States Senator from Idaho.

Borås: city, s. w. Sweden; 57° 42′ N., 12° 59′ E.

Borbon: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Bordeau: see Bordeaux.

Bordeaux: mountain, altitude 1,270 feet, lat. 18° 20′ N., long. 64° 43′ 38″ W., St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bordeau nor Bourdeaux.)

Bordeaux: point, 500 meters west of Bordeaux Bay and 740 meters north of Bordeaux Hill, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bourdeaux.)

Bordeaux: pr. bôr-do′; seaport on the Garonne, s. w. France; 44° 50′ N., 0° 30′ W.

Borden: mountain, altitude 2,560 feet, in the town of Savoy, Mass., near lat. 42° 36′ N., long. 73° 02′ W., southeast of Savoy Center, at the head of Chickley River, in the Savoy State Forest. So named by the Massachusetts Geographic Board to perpetuate the memory of Simeon Borden, 1798–1856, distinguished engineer, who conducted the State triangulation survey in 1830.

Borden Flats: lighthouse and sunken bank, Mount Hope Bay, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Borden's Flats.)

Borgem: see Leduck.

Borgerhout: a suburb of Antwerpen, Belgium; 51° 13′ N., 4° 26′ E.

Borneo: island, E. Indies, Netherland and British.

Borneo, British: n. and n. w. parts of Borneo, comprising British North Borneo, Brunei, and Sarawak.

Bornholm: the ext. e. island of Denmark; 55° 10′ N., 15° E.

Borol: see Burol, P. I.

Borongan: port and town, east coast of Samar, P. I. (Not Borongon.)

Borongon: see Borongan, P. I.

Borron: creek, Park County, Wyo., one of the heads of Elk Fork of the North Fork, Shoshone River, Shoshone National Forest. (Not Barren.) Named for a former resident, prospector, and guide in this region.

Bosachiel: see Bogachiel.

Bosna (Bosnia): region, Yugoslavia; formerly a ter. of Austria-Hungary; Bosnia, conv. and Ital. for Serb-Croat Bosna; Fr. Bosnie; Ger. Bosnien.

Bosnia: see Bosna.

Bosnie; Bosnien: see Bosna.

Bostedt: see Bostick.

Bostick: creek, secs. 16, 21, 28, 29, and 32, T. 162 N., R. 32 W., fifth principal meridian, flowing into Four Mile Bay of Lake of the Woods just west of mouth of Rainy River, Minn. (Not Bostedt, Bostic, Bostik, Buster, nor Bustig.)

Boston: capital of Massachusetts, in Suffolk and Middlesex Counties, on Massachusetts Bay, near lat. 42° 22′ N., long. 71° 04′ W. Population in 1930, 787,271. (Pronounced, bôs′-tŭn.)

Bostwick: bay, in Gardiners Bay, east end of Long Island, N. Y. (Not Bostwick's.)

Bostwick: point, projecting from east side Gravina Island into Nichols Passage, forming north side of mouth of Bostwick Inlet, lat. 55° 14′ N., long. 131° 41′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Bot: see Bat, creek, Tenn.

Botananan: see Butauanan, P. I.

Botany: peak, southeastern Alaska, on Admiralty Island, 6 miles southwest of Mole Harbor, near lat. 57° 36′ N., long. 134° 10′ W. So named by Allen E. Hasselborg, because of variety of wild flowers growing on the mountain.

Botany: point, salient on northern side Botany Bay, 1,100 meters northeast of western end St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Nordwest-Pent, Northwest, Pointe du Nord-oueste, nor Target.)

Botauanan: see Butauanan, P. I.

Botella: cay, 70 yards long, between Mangrove Harbor and Caldera Basin midway between Water Cay and Navarro Point, eastern shore of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Battle, Boutelle, nor Cayo de la Botella.)

Bothell: town, King County, Wash. (Not Sothell.)

Bothnia, Gulf of: n. extension of Baltic Sea, bet. Sweden and Finland.

Botijuela: rock, 2 feet high, at northwest end of Washer Reef, 2⅝ miles northwest of Culebra Island, P. R.

Botolan: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Boton: see San Antonio, P. I.

Bottle: portage, between Iron Lake and Lac LaCroix, Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary between Minnesota and Ontario. (Not Portage des Flacons.)

Bottom: creek, north fork Burnt Cabin Creek, T. 51 N., R. 2 W., Kootenai County, Idaho.

Bottrop: city, Westphalia, near Essen, w. Germany; 51° 31′ N., 6° 54′ E.

Boucher: trail on south wall of the Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., enters the canyon near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 14′ W., descending to the Tonto trail near the Colorado River.

Bougere: landing, Mississippi River, and village, Concordia Parish, La. (Not Bougére's.)

Bougher: town, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Centerton.)

Boulder: county seat of Jefferson County, Mont. (Not Boulder Valley.)

Boulder: creek, southeastern Alaska, tributary to Eagle River, from north, near lat. 58° 33′ N., long. 134° 48′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Boulder: creek, Matanuska Valley, 40 miles northeast of Knik Arm of Cook Inlet, tributary to Chickaloon River near lat. 61° 50′ N., long. 148° 26′ W., Alaska. (Not Schoonhoven nor Schoonoven.)

Boulder: creek, tributary to Tanana River from the north, near lat. 65° 01′ N., long. 151° 33′ W., central Alaska. (Not Fish nor Guthna.)

Boulder: creek, on south wall of Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near lat. 36° 03′ W., flows northeast into the Colorado River.

Boulder: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 44′ N., long 113° 38′ W., on northeast slope of Mount Siyeh, flowing northeast into Swiftcurrent Creek across park boundary.

Boulder: creek, Park County, Wyo., about 10 miles long, rising near lat. 44° 03′ N., long. 109° 36′ W., flowing first northeasterly and then northwesterly to join South Fork, Shoshone River, near the east side of unsurveyed T. 49 N., R. 106 W., sixth principal meridian, Shoshone National Forest.

Boulder: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 58′ N., long. 114° 05′ W., on northeast slope of Boulder Peak.

Boulder: glacier, southeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Boulder: mountain, altitude 8,500 feet, consisting of two peaks, 4 miles south of Boulder, in secs. 13 and 14, 23 and 24, T. 1 S., R. 71 W., Boulder County, Colo.

Boulder: mountain, at head of West Boulder River, secs. 29 and 30, T. 5 S., R. 11 E., Park County, Mont.

Boulder: mountains, Custer and Blaine Counties, Idaho, the crest forming part of the line between said counties and also the divide between the drainages of Big Wood River and the East Fork of Salmon River, extending from Ryan Peak on east to the point near Galena where the Hailey-Stanley road crosses the divide.

Boulder: peak, altitude, 8,500 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat 48° 58′ N., long. 114° 05′ W.

Boulder: ridge, altitude 6,400 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont, between Lake Sherburne and Boulder Creek, center, near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 33′ W.

Boulder: river, Sweet Grass County, Mont., rises in southeastern part of unsurveyed T. 7 S., R. 12 E., Montana principal meridian, flows in a general northeast direction to the Yellowstone River in sec. 12, T. 1 N., R. 14 E., mostly in Absaroka National Forest.

Boulder: see Karpa, island, Alaska.

Boulder: see Rollins, pass, Colo.

Boulder: see Yokeak.

Boulder Field: small park between and north of Storm Peak and Mount Lady Washington, Larimer County, Colo.

Boulder Valley: see Boulder, county seat, Mont.

Bouldyr: see Buldir.

Boulogne or **Boulogne-sur-Mer:** pr. bōō-lōn′y′; seaport on Strait of Dover, n. e. France; 50° 45′ N., 1° 40′ E.

Boulogne-sur-Seine: a s. w. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 50′ N., 2° 14′ E.

Boundary: channel, of the Potomac River, between Virginia shore and Columbia Island, just above the Highway Bridge, Washington, D. C.

Boundary: creek, Alaska, about 10 miles in length, the valley of which lies immediately north of Kluchman Mountain, northerly tributary of Taku River which it enters at a point approximately three-fourths miles downstream from international boundary monument No. 90, lat. 58° 35′ N., long. 133° 40′ W., Tongass National Forest. This is the local name.

Boundary: creek, tributary to Yukon River from the west, near international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), lat. 64° 41′ N., long. 141° 00′ W., Alaska.

Boundary: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., in Hudson Glacier, flowing east, near international boundary, into Waterton Lake.

Boundary: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising 1 mile northeast of "0" Mile Post, on west boundary, near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 111° 05′ W., flowing south into Bechler River.

Boundary: lake, on international boundary, T. 164 N., R. 74 W., Bottineau County, N. Dak., and T. 1 N., R. 21 W., Souris district, Manitoba, Canada.

Boundary: mountain ridge, altitude 5,219 feet, United States and Canada, crossed by the international boundary at 117° 14′ 39″ W., the American portion of which ridge is in sec. 4, T. 40 N., R. 44 E., Willamette meridian, Pend Oreille County, Wash. Name adopted in cooperation with the Geographic Board of Canada.

Boundary: mountains, altitude 9,400 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., on international boundary, near long. 114° 13′ W.

Boundary: ridge, Coconino County, Ariz., forming the north boundary of the Grand Canyon, west of Marble Gorge, near lat. 36° 19′ N.

Boundary: see Chuska, mountains, Ariz., N. Mex.

Boundary: see Lone, peak, Nev.

Boundary: see South Boundary.

Bouquet: mountain, river, and village, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Boquet.)

Bourbois: township, Gasconade County, Mo. (Not Burbois.)

Bourbonnais: village, Kankakee County, Ill. (Not Bourbonnais Grove.)

Bourdeaux: see Bordeaux, Virgin Islands.

Bourdour: see Burdur.

Bourgas: see Burgas.

Bourne: landing, about 2 miles west of Ranier, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Bournes.)

Bournemouth: seaport resort, Hampshire, s. England; 50° 43′ N., 1° 53′ W.

Bournes: see Bourne.

Bouronov: see Burunof.

Boursa: see Bursa.

Boussole: bay, southeastern Alaska, on the east side of Palma Bay and north of Astrolabe Bay, near lat. 58° 23′ N., long. 136° 56′ W., Named after one of the French exploring ships, the *Boussole* under La Perouse, who touched this coast in his explorations in 1786.

Boussole: promontory, altitude 660 feet, southeastern Alaska, between Astrolabe and Boussole Bays, on east side of Palma Bay, near lat. 58° 23′, long. 136° 56′. (Not False Island Head, Islet nor Knob.) Named after one of the French exploring ships, the *Boussole*, in the expedition of La Perouse.

Boussole: see Manby.

Boutelle: see Botella.

Bovido: creek or bay, west arm of Baffin Bay, between Kleberg and Kennedy Counties, Tex. (Not Laguna Salado.)

Bovini: see Bovoni.

Bovoni: cay, marshy island, terminating in two 75-foot humpels, separating Mangrove Lagoon from Jersey Bay, southeastern part St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bovini.)

Bow: lake, Lake County, Minn., south of Fisher Lake, in secs. 1, 2, 3, and 4, T. 63 N., R. 7 W. Descriptive name proposed by the Forest Service.

Bowdin: see Bondin.

Bowditch: see Bodwitch.

Bowen: village, Hancock County, Ill. (Not Bowensburg.)

Bowen Anchorage: small bay, on east side of Day Harbor, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 149° 04′ W. Named in honor of William H. Bowen, oiler on the Coast and Geodetic Survey steamer *Surveyor* who was drowned at Seward, Alaska, October 3, 1927, in an heroic effort to

rescue two of his shipmates thrown in the water by the swamping of their skiff.

Bowensburg: see Bowen.

***Bowers Mill:** village, in the western part of Lawrence County, Mo. (Not Bower Mills nor Bowers Mills.)

Bowie Point: light, Mississippi River, Concordia Parish, La. (Not Bowie's.)

Bowlens: creek and mountain, Yancey County, N. C., near lat. 35° 52′ N., long. 82° 16′ W. (Not Bolens.)

Bowlers: ledge, rock, and wharf, Rappahannock River, Essex County, Va. (Not Bowler's).

Bowl Factory: see Hamilton Run, Pa.

Bowline: see Bolon.

Bowman: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 58′ N., long. 114° 04′ W., flowing southwest through Bowman Lake into Flathead River.

Bowman: lake, one of the larger mountain lakes, nearly 7 miles long, one-half mile wide, elevation 4,020 feet and 256 feet deep, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 114° 10′ W.

Bowmans: see Dolly Boarmans.

Bowmans: Bowman's: see Falmouth Inner.

Bowser: creek, flowing into Oil Bay at lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 153° 19′ W., northwestern side of Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Box: creek, in Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 20′ N., long. 113° 14′ W., flows northerly into the South Fork of Two Medicine Creek. (Not Canyon.)

Box: see Fish Creek, canyon, Ariz.

Box Butte: county and precinct, Nebr. (Not Boxbutte.)

Box Elder: county, Utah. (Not Boxelder.)

Box Elder: creek, Dawson and Wibaux Counties, Montana, rises in T. 15 N., R. 59 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Yellowstone River in T. 18 N., R. 57 E.

Box Elder: see Watkins.

Boxes: see Fryingpan, cove, Md.

Boyacá: pr. bō-yä-kä′; dept. and city, Colombia; 5° 40′ N., 73° 40′ W.

Boyassu: island and light, Para Estuary, State of Para, Brazil. (Not Boiassu, Boiassú, Boy-Assú, Buiussu, Buiussú, nor Buyassu.)

Boyd Tavern: village, Albemarle County, Va. (Not Boyds nor Boyd's Old Tavern.)

Boyer: Bluff, north end of Washington Island, Green Bay, Door County, Wis. (Not Boyer's.)

Boykins: district and town, Southampton County, Va. (Not Boykin's)

Boylston: creek and village, Henderson County, N. C. (Not Boilston.)

Boyne City: city, Charlevoix County, Mich.

Boyoan: see Buyuan, P. I.

Boysag: point, on the north rim of the Grand Canyon, 2½ miles north of the mouth of Havasu Creek, Mohave County, Ariz. So named from an Indian word for *bridge*, as the point can be reached only by a small artificial bridge.

Bozen: see Bolzano.

Brabant: prov., Belgium.

Brace: mountain, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Not Monument.)

Brackel: see Brakel.

Brackett: creek, Gallatin and Park Counties, Mont., heads approx. in sec. 35, T. 2 N., R. 6 E., Montana principal meridian, Gallatin National Forest, and flows easterly to Shields River, in approx. sec. 4, T. 1 N., R. 9 E.

Brackett: creek, Prairie County, Mont., with source in sec. 29, T. 16 N., R. 49 E., and tributary to Cedar Creek in sec. 15, T. 13 N., R. 50 E., Montana principal meridian. Named for Oscar Brackett, an old-time Indian fighter and pioneer.

Brackett: see Brackettville.

***Brackettville:** town, Kinney County, Tex. (Not Brackett.)

Bracy: cove on southern coast Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. So named for John Bracy, early resident. (Not Bracy's.)

Braddock: bay and point, Lake Ontario, Monroe County, N. Y. (Not Braddock's nor Manitou.)

Bradford: city, Yorkshire, England; 53° 47′ N., 1° 45′ W.

Bradford: landing and light, Kanawha River, Kanawha County, W. Va. (Not Bradford's.)

Bradford: see Turner Center.

Bradley: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 45′ W. Named by F. V. Hayden, and shown on many maps in his reports on the geological and geographical surveys of the Territories, 1878.

Bradley: landing on Mississippi River, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not Bradley's.)

Bradley Reserve: light, Indian River, Brevard County, Fla. (Not Bradley's Reserve.)

Bradleys: see Bradley, Ark.

Bradshaw: creek, T. 9 S., R. 47 E., tributary to Powder River from west near the Montana-Wyoming boundary, Powder River County, Mont.

Brady's: see Brandy, run, Pa.

Braggadocio: town, Pemiscot County, Mo. (Not Braggadocia.)

Brahmaputra: river, Tibet and India, to the Bay of Bengal; called the Tsangpo in Tibet.

Brahma Temple: peak, altitude 7,554 feet, in the Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 14′ W.

***Brăila:** pr. brä-ē′la; city on lower Danube, e. Rumania; Russ. Brailov;† 45° 20′ N., 27° 50′ E. (Not Ibrail.)

Brailov: see Brăila.

Brakel: creek, Chenango and Cortland Counties, N. Y. (Not Brackel nor Braket.)

Braket: see Brakel.

Bramadero: bay, western coast, between Point Guanajibo and Point Arenas, P. R. (Not Brancadero.)

Brancadero: see Bramadero.

Branch: river, rising in Brown County and entering Manitowoc River about 6 miles from its mouth, Manitowoc County, Wis. (Not Center nor Centre.)

Branch, The: see Otter, brook, N. H.

Branch of Ashuelot River: see Otter, brook, N. H.

Brandenberg: see Brandenburg, town, Ky.

Brandenburg: city, s. w. of Berlin, and Prussian province, Germany.

Brandenburg: town, Meade County, Ky. (Not Brandenberg.)

Brandilla: see Barandilla, P. I.

Brandon: railroad station, Dekalb County, Ala. (Not Collbran.)

Brandy: pond, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Bay of Naples.)

Brandy: run, Erie County, Pa. (Not Brady's.)

***Brandy:** village, Culpeper County, Va. (Not Brandy Station.)

Brandy Station: see Brandy, village, Va.

Brannack: see Brannock.

***Brannock:** bay, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Brannack, Brannocks, nor Bronnack.)

Brant: island, Buzzards Bay, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Brants.)

Brant Island: cove, Buzzards Bay, Plymouth County, Mass.

Brants: see Brant.

Brashear: town, Adair County, Mo. (Not Brashears.)

Brasil: see Brazil.

Brasíle: see Brazil.

Brasilien: see Brazil.

Braşov: pr. brashōv; city, s. e. Transylvania, cen. Rumania; Mag Brassó; Ger. Kronstadt; 45° 38′ N., 25° 34′ E.

Brass: channel, between Outer and Inner Brass Islands, north of St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.

Brassó: see Braşov.

Bratislava: city, s. Czechoslovakia, on the Danube; Ger. Pressburg; Mag. Pozsony; 48° 12′ N., 17° 08′ E.

Braunschweig (Brunswick): city and state, cen. Germany; city, 52° 18′ N., 10° 32′ E.

Bravo, Río: see Rio Grande.

Bray: village, Hancock County, Tenn. (Not Brays.)

Brazil: pr. brăzĭl′; rep., S. America; Fr. Brésil; Ger. Brasilien; Ital. Brasíle; Port. and Sp. Brasil.

***Brazos:** river of Texas, formed near lat. 33° 15′ N., long. 100° 00′ W., by the junction of its Salt and Double Mountain Forks, flowing SE. into the Gulf of Mexico near lat. 28° 57′ N., long. 95° 18′ W. Pronounced, brăz′ŏs. (Not Salt Fork for section between Double Mountain and Clear Forks.)

Breach: inlet, Charleston County, S. C. (Not Beach.)

Breaker No. 2: see Middle, breaker, Alaska.

Breaker No. 3: see Khaz, breaker, Alaska.

Breaux Bridge: town, St. Martin Parish, La. (Not Breaux.)

Breckenridge: city, Caldwell County, Mo. (Not Breckinridge.)

Breckinridge: peak, altitude 12,845 feet, Clear Creek County, Colo., on east slope Continental Divide, a mile southeast of Mount Flora, near lat. 39° 48′ N., long. 105° 43′ W. So named October 4, 1860, by E. H. N. Patterson (Sniktau) and Capt. J. R. White, for John C. Breckinridge, Vice President of the United States, 1857–1861.

Breckinridge: see Breckenridge, city.

Breda: pr. brā-dä; city, s. cen. Netherlands; 51° 34′ N., 4° 48′ E.

Breds: see Reeds, creek, W. Va.

Breed: see Tanginak, islet, Alaska.

Breed Pond: see Silver, lake, N. H.

Breeze: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on south shore of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 110° 29′ W.

Bremen: seaport on Weser river, n. w. Germany; 53° 5′ N., 8° 50′ E.

Bremo: see Bremo Bluff.

Bremo Bluff: village, Fluvanna County, Va. (Not Bremo nor Bremos Bluff.)

Brender: canyon, T. 23 N., R. 18 E., Chelan County, Wash. (Not Bender.)

Brenner: pass, Italian-Austrian frontier, in the Tirol; 19 mi. s. and e. of Innsbruck, Austria; R. R., Venice to Munich; 47° N., 11° 30′ E.; elev. 4,470 ft.

Brentford: town, Middlesex, England, a w. suburb of London; 51° 30′ N., 0° 19′ W.

Brenton: reef, at entrance to Narragansett Bay, Newport County, R. I. (Not Brenton's.)

Brentwood: lake, east of Great Arm of Whale Bay, lat. 56° 43′ N., long. 135° 49′ W., Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Brescia: pr. brā′shä; prov. and city, Lombardy, n. w. Italy; 45° 30′ N., 10° 15′ E.

Brésil: see Brazil.

Breslau: city on the Oder, Silesia, s. e. Germany; Ital. Breslavia; Pol. Wrocław; 51° 6′ N., 17° 2′ E.

Brest: pr. brĕst; city, Brittany, n. w. France; 48° 25′ N., 4° 30′ W.

Bretagne: see Brittany.

Breteche: creek, Park County, Wyo. rising in T. 51 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, and flowing north into North Fork, Shoshone River, above the Shoshone Reservoir. (Not Britisher.) Named for an early settler, Paul Breteché, of French ancestry. The original pronunciation of the name was Breteshay; the present local pronunciation, Britisher.

Breton: island and sound, Gulf of Mexico, southeast of New Orleans, La. (Not Isle au Breton.)

Brevoort: lake, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Brevort nor Brevoart.)

Breward's: see Broward.

Brewer: mountain, altitude 462 feet, Hancock County, Me., ½ mile north of Eagle Lake, near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. Named for Daniel Brewer, who lived near this mountain. (Not Brewers, Dan Brewers, nor Interlaken Hill.)

Brewer: pond, Penobscot County, Me., near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 68° 45′ W. (Not Orrington Great.)

Brewer: see Garfield, lake.

Brewers: bay, southern coast St. Thomas Island, intersected by long. 64° 58′ 40″ W., Virgin Islands. (Not Bruce, Bruer's, John Brewer's, nor John Bruce's.)

Brewers: see Brewer, mountain.

*Brewster: precinct and town, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Bruster.)

Brian: point, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Bryan.)

Briary: cove, Talbot County, Md. (Not Briery.)

Brickyard: brook, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Tilsey.)

Brickyard: creek, Beaufort County, S. C. (Not Brick Yard.)

Brickyard: see Nesenkeag.

Bridal Veil: see Feather Plume, falls, Mont.

Bridge: bay, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., small western extension of north shore of Yellowstone Lake. (Not Bridge Creek.) Named for Bridge Creek, which empties into the bay and so called by Hayden, 1871, because of a natural bridge of trachyte, which crosses the creek about 1 mile above mouth.

Bridge: canyon, on south bank of Colorado River near long. 111°, San Juan County, Utah.

Bridge: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 33′, long. 110° 29′ W., flowing east into Bridge Bay of Yellowstone Lake.

Bridge: small glacier, Tongass National Forest, Alaska, extending in the form of a narrow tongue from an extensive ice cap, which covers the summits of ridges 5,000 feet in elevation, northwesterly to the bottom of the valley of Hidden Creek, which it bridges in lat. 58° 25′ N., long. 133° 41′ W. The toe of the glacier abuts against the lower slopes of the southeasterly side of Mount Swineford. Name suggested as descriptive of the unique relationship of this glacier to the canyon of Hidden Creek, which it spans transversely.

Bridge: see Lisa, point, Alaska.

Bridge: see Williams, creek, Idaho.

Bridge: see Bridges, creek, Va.

Bridge Creek: see Bridge, bay, Wyo.

Bridge House: see Cosumne.

Bridgeport: pr. brij'port; city in Fairfield County, Conn., on Long Island Sound, near lat. 41° 11′ N., long. 73° 12′ W. Population in 1930, 147,206.

Bridger: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., rises in T. 41 N., R. 90 W., sixth principal meridian, and joins Badwater Creek in T. 38 N., R. 91 W. Named after Capt. Jim Bridger, celebrated Indian fighter and pioneer, who was camped here with his soldiers.

Bridges: creek, emptying into Potomac River above Wakefield, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Bridge.)

Bridgetown: pr. brĭj'-town; cap. and seaport city, Barbados, Windward Islands, B. W. I.

Brier: spring, in Grapevine Mountains, Nye County, Nev. (Not Wild Rose.)

Briery: see Briary.

Brigadier's: see Sears.

Briggs Landing: post light, Illinois River, Schuyler County, Ill. (Not Brigg's Landing.)

Bright Angel: canyon, creek, and point, Grand Canyon of the Colorado, Coconino County, Ariz.

Brightman: see Winnapaug, pond, R. I.

Brighton: city, seaside resort, Sussex, s. England; 50° 50′ N., 0° 9′ W.

Brighton: town, Adams County, Colo. (Not Hughes.)

Brilby: see Riley, peak, Colo.

Brilliant: glacier, eastern side of Unakwik Inlet, lat. 61° 08′ N., long. 147° 27′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Brim: Brims: see Leinster.

Brimstone: basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 110° 12′ W., about 1½ miles east of Southeast Arm of Yellowstone Lake, at head of Alluvium Creek.

Brindisi: pr. brēn'dē-zē; prov. and seaport, ext. s. e. Italy; 40° 35′ N., 17° 50′ E.

Bringier: post light, Mississippi River, Ascension Parish, La. (Not Bringier's.)

Brisbane: seaport, Queensland, ext. e. Australia; 27° 30′ S., 153° 00′ E.

Briscoe: see Bristow, Va.

Briscoe's: see Biscoe.

Bristoe: see Bristow, village, Va.

Bristol: city, w. England; 51° 27′ N., 2° 35′ W.

Bristow: creek, T. 32 N., Rs. 29 and 30 W., tributary to Kootenai River from the west, Lincoln County, Mont.

***Bristow:** village, Prince William County, Va. (Not Briscoe nor Bristoe.)

Bristow: see Warland.

Britannia: railroad station, near Taunton, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Brittannia.)

Britisch Guayane: see British Guiana.

British: mountain range (small), near Arctic coast, crossed by international boundary, lat. 69° 10′ N., long. 141° 00′ W., between Alaska and Canada.

British Columbia: w. prov. of Canada.

Britisher: see Breteche, creek, Wyo.

British Guiana: pr. gē-än′a; British colony, n. South America; Fr. Guyane britannique; Ger. Britisch Guayane; Ital. Guiana britannica.

British Honduras: pr. brĭt′ĭsh hŏn-dōō′ras; Br. colony, Central America.

British Somaliland: A protectorate, e. Africa.

Brittannia: see Britannia.

Brittany or **Bretagne:** peninsula, region and ancient province, n. w. France; Fr. Bretagne. pr. bre-tän′y′.

Britton's: see Linda, island.

Brno (Brünn): city, w. cen. Czechoslovakia; Ger. Brünn; 49° 12′ N., 16° 38′ E.

Broad: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 18′ W., flowing west of north into Yellowstone River, outlet for White, Tern, and Fern Lakes. Named by Capt. J. W. Barlow, 1871, leader of military expedition.

Broad: island, in Peril Strait near its junction with Hoonah Sound, lat. 57° 35′ N., long. 135° 23′ W., southwestern Alaska. (Not Crosswise nor Poperechnoi.)

Broad: pass, between Chulitna and Jack Rivers near lat. 63° 20′ N., long. 149° 05′ W., Alaska. (Not Caribou.)

Broad: see Burunof.

Broadhead: see Brodhead, town, Ky.

Broadhead: see Brodhead, creek, Pa.

Broadkill: creek, Sussex County, Del. (Not Broadkiln.)

Broadkiln: see Broadkill.

Broad Marsh: river, Wareham Town, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Great Marsh nor Johnsons.)

Broadtop: Broad Top: see Broad Top City.

***Broad Top City:** borough, Huntingdon County, Pa. (Not Broadtop nor Broad Top.)

Broadwater: county, Mont. (Not Broad Water.)

Brockatonorton: bay, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Bockatonorton nor Parkers.)

Brockman: see Poverty.

Brockway: reach, in Connecticut River, Conn. (Not Brockway's.)

Brodhead: creek, Monroe County, Pa., rises in Coolbaugh Township, flows southeast into Delaware River in Smithfield Township. (Not Broadhead.) Probably named for Daniel Brodhead, who settled on this stream prior to the Revolution and a member of a family distinguished in the early history of the county and State.

Brodhead: mountain, in the northwestern corner of Abbott township, Potter County, Pa. So named by the Pennsylvania Geographic Board and the United States Geographic Board, jointly, in honor of Gen. Daniel Brodhead, 1725–1809, officer in the Revolution, famed as an explorer in western Pennsylvania and for the negotiation of important Indian treaties.

Brodhead: town, Rockcastle County, Ky. (Not Broadhead.)

Brohawn: see Poverty.

Broken: mountain, altitude 4,600 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 3 miles west of Mount Katmai, near lat. 58° 16′ N., long. 155° 03′ W.

Broken: point, on southwestern side of Uganik Bay, western coast of Kodiak Island, 3¾ miles east of Miners Point, lat. 57° 53′ N., long. 153° 37′ W., Alaska. (Not Low.)

Broken Crater: hill, sec. 9, T. 7 S., R. 41 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

Broken Egg: spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 900 feet southwest of Great Fountain Geyser, extreme south end of Lower Geyser Basin. This spring is shaped like an egg set on end with top broken off.

Broken Falls: waterfalls, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 45′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., on unnamed creek, about 1 mile southwest of Jenny Lake. Name suggested by plunge of the water being interrupted halfway down by a protruding shelf of rock.

Broken Hill: famous mining camp, w. New S. Wales, Australia; 32° 00′ S., 141° 35′ E.

Brokeoff: meadows, Shasta County, Calif., 1 mile northwest of Brokeoff Mountain, along South Fork of Bailey Creek, in sec. 17, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Brokeoff: mountain, altitude 8,232 feet, Shasta and Tehama Counties, Calif., in sec. 20, T. 30 N., R. 4 E., 4 miles southwest of Lassen Peak. (Not Mount Lassen.)

Brokman: see Poverty.

Bromberg: see Bydgoszcz.

Bromfield: see Giltner.

Bromley: a. s. e. suburb of London, England; 51° 32′ N., 0° 1′ W.

Broncho: see Bronco, creek and village, Calif.

Bronco: butte, eastern end of Horse Mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz., just south of Salt River and north of Apache Trail.

Bronco: creek and village, Nevada County, Calif. (Not Broncho.)

Bronnack: Bronnacks: see Brannock.

Bronson: creek, rises near southwest corner of T. 4 N., R. 6 W., fourth principal meridian, Hancock County, Ill., flowing east into Crooked Creek. (Not Brown, Brunce's, nor Bruses.)

Bronx Kill: body of water, between Bronx Borough and Randalls Island, New York City, N. Y. (Not Bronx Kills.)

Brook: see Brooks, creek, Md.

Brooke: village, Stafford County, Va. (Not Brookes.)

Brookhaven: village, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Brook Haven.)

Brooks: bar, in Ohio River, Brown Co., Ohio, near Maysville, Ky. (Not Brooks's.)

Brooks: creek, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Brook.)

Brooks: falls, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near south shore Naknek Lake, on outlet of Lake Brooks, near lat. 58° 33′ N. (Not Salmon.)

Brooks: island, in San Francisco Bay, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Rocky nor Sheep.)

Brooks: lake (Lake Brooks), Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, south of and draining northeasterly into Naknek Lake, near lat. 58° 10′ N., long. 156° W. (Not Tom.)

Brooks: range, the chain of mountains in northern Alaska forming the watershed between the Yukon Basin on the south and the Arctic Coast on the north, extending from Kotzebue Sound eastward to the international boundary, and embracing subordinate groups and ridges such as De Long Mountains, Baird Mountains, Endicott Mountains, part of the British mountains, and others. So named in honor of the late Alfred Hulse Brooks (1871–1924), chief Alaskan geologist, United States Geological Survey, from July, 1903, to his death, November 22, 1924, and previously, 1898–1903, as geologist, engaged in Alaskan explorations.

Brooks: see Brookside.

Brooks: see Kontrashibuna, lake, Alaska.

Brooks: see Midway, islands, T. H.

Brooks Point: post light, Mississippi River, Alexander County, Ill. (Not Brooks's.)

Brookside: village, Madison County, Ill. (Not Brooks.)

*__Brooksville:__ town, Bracken County, Ky. (Not Brookville.)

Brothers: see Hermagos.

Brothers, The: see Hermanos.

Brothersvalley: township, Somerset County, Pa. (Not Brothers Valley.)

Broughton: bluff, Multnomah County, Oreg., a rocky point 400 feet high, on east bank of Sandy River, opposite Troutdale, south bank Columbia River. So named in honor of Lieut. William Broughton, of Vancouver's expedition, whose explorations of the Columbia River, 1792, ended a few miles above this point.

Brousse: see Bursa.

Broward: islands, Nassau River, Duval County, Fla. (Not Breward's nor Doctor's.)

Broward: river, Duval County, Fla. flowing southeast, emptying into St. Johns River, near the center of T. 1 S., R. 27 E. (SE. ¼ sec. 16), Tallahassee meridian. (Not Cedar Creek.) Named by the commissioners of Duval County, by resolution reported April 1, 1926. After the Broward land grant confirmed by United States Supreme Court in 1842.

Brown: creek, flowing into the western side of Cook Inlet about 11 miles southwest of Chinitna Bay, lat. 59° 41′ N., long. 153° 08′ W., Alaska.

Brown: mountain, western side of Nuka Passage, lat. 59° 20′ N., long. 150° 52′ W., Kenia Peninsula, Alaska.

Brown: mountain, altitude 8,541 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 49′ W. Probably named for Louis Brown, early settler in Montana, who married a Flathead squaw and became identified with that tribe.

Brown: pass, altitude 6,500 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 02′ W. The trail from Waterton Lake to Bowman Lake crosses the Continental Divide through this pass. Probably named for Louis Brown, squawman, who joined the Flathead Tribe.

Brown: peak, altitude 2,768 feet, northern side Ursus Cove, Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 33′ N., long. 153° 42′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Brown: see Bronson, creek, Ill.

Brown: see Indian Wells.

Brown: see Sugarloaf, mountain, N. Y.

Brown: see McConnell, island, Wash.

Brown Mills: see Browns Mills.

Browns: creek and island in St. Johns River, Duval County, Fla. (Not Brown's.)

Browns: creek, Ts. 8 and 9 S., R. 13 W., tributary to Painter Creek, Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Right Fork.)

Browns: head, in Fox Island Thorofare, Knox County, Me. (Not Brown's.)

Browns: island, in Ohio River near Steubenville, Jefferson County, Ohio. (Not Brown's.)

Browns: peak, Albany County, Wyo., in sec. 8, T. 16 N., R. 79 W., Medicine Bow National Forest. Named after Judge M. C. Brown, who was for a long time interested in mining in the Snowy Range region.

Browns: reef, in Long Island Sound, near New Haven, Conn. (Not Brown's.)

Browns: see Norumbega, mountain, Me.

Brown's: see Whitin, brook, N. H.

Brown's: see Liliendal, Virgin Islands.

Browns Bank: shoal, in Plymouth Harbor, Mass. (Not Brown's Bank.)

Browns Creek: township, Jewell County, Kans. (Not Brown's Creek.)

Browns Mill: see Cemochechobee.

Browns Mills: village, Pemberton Township, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Brown Mills nor Browns Mills-in-the-Pines.)

Browns Valley: village, Traverse County, Minn. (Not Brown Valley nor Brown's Valley.)

Brown's Valley: see Browns Valley.

Brown Valley: see Browns Valley, village, Minn.

Bruce: Bruer's: see Brewers.

Bruin: bay, northwest coast of Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 22 N., long. 154° 00′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Bear.)

Bruin: creek, Ts. 44 and 45 N., R. 8 E., tributary to St. Joe River from the northeast, Shoshone County, Idaho, (Not Bear.)

Bruin: point, on west side Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, west of Bear Mountains and about 1 mile south of Cape Lookout, near lat. 55° 05′ N., long. 133° 14′ W.

Brule: river, forming part of boundary between Michigan and Wisconsin. (Not Bois Brule.)

Brule: see Miramonte.

Brule: see Bois Brule.

Brunce's: see Bronson.

Brundage: peak (Mount Brundage), altitude, 6,464 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary east of Taku Inlet, near lat. 58° 16′. After Frank H. Brundage, United States section, International Boundary Commission.

Brunei: Br. protectorate n. w. Borneo, and its capital; 4° 50′ N., 115° E.

Brunet: river, tributary to Chippewa River, Sawyer County, Wis. (Not Brunette nor Burnett.)

Brunette: see Brunet.

Brünn: see Brno.

Brunot: island, in Ohio River, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Brunot's.)

Brunswick: see Braunschweig.

Brunswick Center: village, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Center Brunswick.)

Brusa: see Bursa.

Bruses: see Bronson.

Brushy: creek, Forsyth County, N. C. (Brushy Fork), rises in township of Middle Fork, flows south, is joined by Frazier Creek and empties into Middle Fork, Muddy Creek, on eastern limits of Winston-Salem.

Brushy: peak (Brushy Mount), altitude 4,911 feet, Sevier County, Tenn., in Great Smoky Mountains, near lat. 35° 40′ 40″ N., long. 83° 26′ W.

Brushy Fork: stream, Scioto Township, Jackson County, Ohio. (Not Stump Hill Creek.)

Brushy Fork: see Little Scioto.

Brushy Ridge Creek: see Corral, gulch, Colo.

Brussa: see Bursa.

Brussel, Brussels: see Bruxelles.

Bruster: see Brewster.

Bruxelles or **Brussel** (**Brussels**): capital of Belgium; Fr. Bruxelles, pr. brüxel in Belgium, brüsel in France; Flem. Brussel; Ger. Brüssel; 50° 50′ N., 4° 20′ E.

Bryan: see Brian.

Bryan: see Minatare.

Bryant: lake, Eden Prairie Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Long.)

Bryant: peak, King County, Wash., altitude 5,900 feet, west slope Cascade Range, the first peak SSE. of Chair Peak and three-fourths of a mile from it, near lat. 47° 27′ N., long. 121° 27′ W. After the late Sidney Bryant, of Seattle, mountaineer.

Bryn Mawr: village, San Bernardino County, Calif. (Not Brynmawr.)

Bryson: town, Swain County, N. C. (Not Bryson City nor Charleston.)

Bualagao: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bulagao.)

Buangan: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Boangan.)

Buaojogan: see Baohugan, P. I.

Bubb: see Little Nelchina.

***Bubble:** pond, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., elevation 325 feet, about one-quarter mile southeast of Eagle Lake, in Acadia National Park, near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 68° 14′ W. (Not Turtle Lake.)

Bubble: see Pemetic, mountain, Me.

Bubog: see Bubug, P. I.

Bubucal: see Bubukal, P. I.

Bubug: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bobog nor Bubog.)

Bubukal: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bubucal.)

Bubukal: sitio, Santa Maria Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bubucal.)

Bubulusan: barrio, Guinobatan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bobulusan.)

Bubuyan: see San Ignacio, P. I.

Bucal: see Bukal: Bukol, P. I.

Bucandala: see Bukandala, P. I.

Bucaobucao: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bocaobocao.)

Bucaramanga: pr. bo͞o-kä-rrä-män'-gä; city, state of Santander, n. Colombia; 7° 10′ N., 73° 25′ W.

Bucareli: bay, large, on western side of Prince of Wales Island and enclosed on the west by Baker, Lulu, and San Fernando Islands. Lat. 55° 23′ N., long. 133° 22′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Bucarelli, Buccarelli, nor Bukareli.)

Bucarest: see Bucureşti.

Bucatunna: creek, Clarke and Wayne counties, and town, Wayne County, Miss. (Not Buckatanna, Buckatonna, Buckatunna, nor Puckatunna.

Bucay: municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Buccarelli: see Bucareli.

Bucephalia: township, Foster County, N. Dak. (Not Beaucephalia, nor Bucephallia.)

Bucharest: see Bucureşti.

Buchers Mills: a small community in Pleasant Township, Warren County, Pa. (Not Bookers Mills.) Named after one Buchers, who ran a sawmill at this place.

Buck: creek, rising southwest of China Cap and tributary to North Fork Catherine Creek from east, Union County, Oreg. (Not Squaw.)

Buck: creek, tributary to Gallatin River from west about 3 miles below Eldridge, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Canyon.)

Buck: mountain, altitude 1,383 feet, San Juan County, Wash., on the base of the eastern peninsula of Orcas Island, 2 miles northwest of Mount Constitution.

Buck: mountain, altitude 11,400 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., on west boundary near lat. 43° 41′ N., long. 110° 49′ W.

Buck: river, Sandisfield Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Buck Hill nor Buckhill.)

Buck: see Carleton, island, N. Y.

Buck: see Boaz, mountain, Oreg.

Buck: see Cleawox, lake, Oreg.

Buck: see Leduck, islet, Virgin Islands.

Buck: see Magens Bay, Virgin Islands.

Buckalew: bluff, St. Johns River, Putnam County, Fla. (Not Buckalew's.)

Buckatanna: Buckatonna: Buckatunna: see Bucatunna.

Buck Canyon: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in Buck Lake in secs. 19 and 20, T. 15 S., R. 31 E., flowing southwest into Middle Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 14, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Buckete: island, across the channel from American Point, Northwest Angle Inlet, Ontario, Canada. (Not Bucketé nor Indian Reserve No. 31G.)

Buckeye: township, Stephenson County, Ill. (Not Buck Eye.)

Buck Eyeland: see Buck Island.

Buckhead: creek, flowing 2½ miles, tributary to Canepatch Creek, Ossabaw Island, Bryan County, Ga. (Not Buck Head.)

Buckhead: town, Morgan County, Ga. (Not Buck Head.)

Buck Hill: see Buck, river, Mass.

Buckhorn: creek, rising in T. 7 N., R. 73 W., tributary to Thompson River near Wildes Station in T. 5 N., R. 70 W., Larimer County, Colo. (Includes what was formerly known as Elk Creek.)

Buckhorn: lake, southeastern Alaska, 1½ miles west of and draining into Carroll Inlet opposite Shoal Cove, Revillagigedo Island.

Buckhorn: town, Brown County, Ill. (Not Buck Horn.)

Buck Island: creek, Albemarle County, Va. (Not Buck Eyeland.)

Buckland: river, tributary to Kotzebue Sound, lat. 66° 10′ N., long. 161° 07′ W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Kunguk.)

Buckles: lake, Archuleta County, Colo., southern of two small lakes at head of Big Branch, in sec. 35, T. 34 N., R. 1 E., New Mexico meridian. Named locally for the builder of the dam across the outlet.

Buckles: mountain, altitude 4,733 feet, sec. 16, T. 52 N., R. 2 W., Kootenai County, Idaho.

Buckley: peak (Mount Buckley), altitude 6,500 feet, the southern of the three knobs, the central one of which is known as Clingmans Dome and the northern as Mount Love, Great Smoky Mountains, on the border of Sevier County, Tenn., and Swain County, N. C., near lat. 35° 33′ 15″ N., long. 83° 30′ W. Named by Prof. A. Guyot, prior to 1860, in honor of S. B. Buckley, naturalist, friend, and some time colaborer.

Buckley: see Beauclerc.

Buckner: landing, on Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not Buckner's.)

Buck Rock: peak, Douglas County, Oreg., near lat. 43° 09′ N., long. 123° 06′ W.

Bucks: see Weldon, canyon.

Buckskin: see Kaibab, gulch.

Bucol: see Bukol, P. I.

Bucovina (Bukovina): province, Rumania; formerly an Austrian crownland; Ger. Bukowina; Fr. Bukovine; Rum. and Ital. Bucovina.

***Bucureşti (Bucharest):** pr. bukuresht(ĭ); capital of Rumania; Fr. Bucarest; Ger. Bukarest; 44° 25′ N., 26° 10′ E.

Budapest: pr. búdapesht; capital of Hungary, on the Danube; 47° 30′ N., 19° 5′ E.

Budd: inlet, Puget Sound, Thurston County, Wash., in Ts. 18 and 19 N., R. 2 W., Willamette meridian. (Not Budd's.)

Budd: reef, Long Island Sound, southwest from Norwalk, Conn. (Not Budd's.)

Buddha Temple: peak, altitude 7,218 feet, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 06′ W.

Budd's: see Budd.

Budějovice, České: See České Budějovice.

Budweis: see České Budějovice.

Buel: lake, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Six Mile.)

Buelah: see Beulah, Colo.

Buell Park: valley, north of Fort Defiance, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Buells Park.)

Buena: railroad station, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Buena Vista.)

Buena Ayres: see Buenos Aires, village, Ariz.

Buenaventura: barrio, San Pablo Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Buenaventura.)

Buenaventura: pr. bweh-nä-vehn-tōō′rä; seaport, Colombia; 3° 55′ N., 77° 11′ W.

Buena Vista: creek, main watercourse of Buena Vista Valley, Kern County, Calif.

Buena Vista: hills, low ridge extending from northeast quarter of T. 32 S., R. 24 E., northwesterly to middle of T. 31 S., R. 23 E., Kern County, Calif.

Buenavista: municipality, Iloilo Province, Guimaras, P. I.

Buena Vista: valley, lying between two ranges comprising Buena Vista Hills and Elk Hills, Kern County, Calif.

Buena Vista: see Buena.

Buenos Aires: pr. bweh′nōs ī′rehs, capital, seaport, and prov., Argentina; 34° 40′ S., 58° 30′ W.

Buenos Aires: village, T. 21 S., R. 8 E., Pima County, Ariz. (Not Buena Ayres.)

Buenos Aires: barrio, Carmen Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Buenos-Aires nor Buenosaires.)

Buenos Ayres: see Corral Hollow, creek, Calif.

Buentiempo: see Fairweather.

Buffalo: city in Erie Co., New York, on Lake Erie, near lat. 42° 53′ N., long. 78° 54′ W. Population in 1930, 573,070. (Pronounced, buf′-ā-lō.)

Buffalo: creek, Guilford County, N. C. rises about a mile east of Guilford, town of Friendship, flows south of Greensboro, joined by North Buffalo Creek in the southeastern end of town of Madison, and empties into Reedy Fork in town of Washington, Guilford County. (Not South Buffalo.)

Buffalo: creek, rises in Campbell County, Wyo., in T. 58 N., R. 73 W., sixth principal meridian, and tributary to Powder River in Powder River County, Montana, in sec. 22, T. 8 S., R. 48 E., Montana principal meridian.

Buffalo: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° 11′ N., long. 110° 15′ W., flowing south into Slough Creek. Named by exploring party, 1867.

Buffalo: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 111° 05′ W., one-half mile east of west boundary of park, draining south through tributary of Bechler River into Falls River.

Buffalo: peak, Tarryall Mountains, Park County, Colo. (Not Freemans.)

Buffalo: plateau, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., crossed by north boundary of park, near long. 110° 14′, to 110° 23′, drained on the west chiefly by Hellroaring Creek and on the east and south by Buffalo and Slough Creeks.

Buffalo: river, rising in Newton County, and emptying into White River in Baxter County, Ark. (Not Buffalo Fork of White River.)

Buffalo: river, rises in Jackson County, Wis., flows west across northern end of Trempealeau County into Buffalo County, and then southwest, joining the Mississippi River at Alma, Wis. (Not Beef.)

Buffalo: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., left bank of Firehole River near north end of Lower Geyser Basin.

Buffalo: see North Buffalo.

Buffalo Fork of White River: see Buffalo, river, Ark.

Buffalo Gap: town, Custer County, S. Dak. (Not Buffalogap.)

Buffalohide: see Rawhide, creek, Wyo.

Buffalo Horn: creek, tributary to Gallatin River from east, T. 9 S., R. 4 E., Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Murray.)

Buffalo Woman: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 35′ W. Name of Blackfoot Indian.

Bugason: see Bugasong, P. I.

Bugasong: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bugason.)

Bugasongan: see Bugasungan, P. I.

Bugasungan: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bugasongan nor Bugonangan.)

Bugby Hole: Columbia River, Oreg. (Not Bugby's Hole.)

Bughdan: see Moldavia.

Bugho: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Bugjo.)

Bugho: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bogho nor Bug-jo.)

Bug-jo: Bugjo: see Bugho, P. I.

Bugle: creek, Bonner County, Idaho, rises in sec. 24, T. 64 N., R. 4 W., Boise meridian, and flows into Caribou Creek in sec. 23, T. 63 N., R. 4 W. (Not West Fork, Caribou.)

Bugle: mountain, altitude 9,209 feet, Elmore-Boise County line, Idaho, near lat. 44° 02′ 28″.4 N., long. 115° 08′ 24″.4 W.

Bugle: ridge, Bonner County, Idaho, principally in Ts. 63 and 64 N., R. 4 W., Boise meridian, forming divide between Caribou and Bugle creeks. So named because Bugle Creek borders it on west side.

Bugñalon: see Bungalon, P. I.

Bugonangan: see Bugasungan, P. I.

Bugsoc: barrio, Sierra-Bullones Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bugson.)

Bugson: see Bugsoc, P. I.

Buguias: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Buhanginan: sitio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Buhanguinan.)

Buhanguinan: see Buhanginan, P. I.

Buhi: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Buiussu: see Boyassu.

Bukal: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon: barrio, Calamba Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon: barrio, Magdalena Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon: and barrio, Sariaya Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bucal.)

Bukal: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bucal.)

Bukal: barrio, Calatagan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bocal, Bucal, nor Vocal.)

Bukal: barrio, Longos Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bucal.)

Bukal: barrio, Pila Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bucal.)

Bukal: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bucal.)

Bukal: sitio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bucal.)

Bukandala: barrio, Imus Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bancadala nor Bucandala.)

Bukaran: see Burakan, P. I.

Bukareli: see Bucareli.

Bukarest: see Bucuresti.

***Bukhara:** city and region, Uzbek S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 39° 48′ N., 64° 25′ E. Not Bokhara.

Bukol: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bucal nor Bucol.)

Bukovina: see Bucovina.

Bukowina: see Bucovina.

Bula: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bula: see Beulah, village, Ga.

Bulabud: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Balabud.)

Bulac: see Bulak, P. I.

Bulacan: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bulacnin: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bulainin.)

Bulagao: see Bualagao, P. I.

Bulaho: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bulajo nor Bulayo.)

Bulainin: see Bulacnin, P. I.

Bulajo: see Bulaho, P. I.

Bulak: barrio, Dalaguete Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Bulac.)

Bulalacao: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bolalacao.)

Bulalacao: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bululacao.)

Bulalacao: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Bulam: see Bolam.

Bulan: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bulaobaliti: see Bolaobalite, P. I.

Bulaua: Bulauan: see Bulawan, P. I.

***Bulawan:** barrio, Lupi Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bolauan nor Bulauan.)

Bulawan: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

***Bulawan:** point, northern coast Linapacan Island, P. I. (Not Bulaua nor Bulauan.)

Bulayngan: see Buluangan, P. I.

Bulayo: see Bulaho, P. I.

Buldir: island (1,145 feet high), one of the western Aleutians about 60 miles northwest of Kiska Island, lat. 52° 23′ N., long. 176° E., Alaska. (Not Bouldyr.)

Buldur: see Burdur.

Buldyr: see Karpa.

Bulgaria: kingdom, Europe; Bulg. Blgariya;† Fr. Bulgarie; Ger. Bulgarien; Turk. Bulgaristan.†

Bulger: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., south of and close to Grand Geyser, near central part of Upper Geyser Basin.

Bulger Head: see Bunker Head.

Buli: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Boli.)

Bulihan: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bulijan.)

Bulihan: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bulijan.)

Bulijan: see Bulihan, P. I.

Bull: bay, Albermarle Sound, Washington County, N. C. (Not Bulls'.)

Bull: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., rising in T. 8 N., R. 43 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Yellowstone River in T. 6 N., R. 44 E.

Bull: island, Calibogue Sound, Beaufort County, S. C. (Not Bull's.)

Bull, The: see Gooseberry Island.

Bullard: peak, 7,862 feet high, Greenlee County, Ariz., Crook National Forest, in T. 1 S., R. 32 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, a few miles west of the New Mexico State line. Named for John Bullard, of Silver City, N. Mex., who, in November, 1870, while in command of a party of citizens, was following a group of Apaches who had raided the town of Silver City, and in the fight, which took place near the foot of this peak, lost his life.

Bullards: boat landing, Alaska, on the east shore of Taku Inlet at the mouth of Taku River, in lat. 58° 26′ N., long. 133° 56′ W. Tongass National Forest. The landing is at the ranch of Ben Bullard, first permanent white settler in the district.

Bulldog: canyon, southeast of South Peak, opening into Montezuma Creek, San Juan County, Utah, near southeast corner of the state.

Bullfrog: peculiar formation about 34 miles from Mesa, near Apache Trail, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Bullhead: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 44′ W. This is the third lake above Swiftcurrent Lake.

Bullhead: mountain, Warren County, N. Y. (Not Bull Head.)

Bull Head: see Bulls Head.

Bullier: creek, Ts. 137 and 138 N., tributary to Little Missouri River from west, in T. 137 N., R. 102 W., Billings and Golden Valley Counties, N. Dak. (Not Bullion.)

Bullilising: barrio, Villaviciosa Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bollilising.)

Bullion: butte, T. 137 N., Rs. 103 and 104 W., Billings County, N. Dak. (Not Bollier.)

Bullion: see Bullier.

Bullitt: bayou, Mississippi River, La. (Not Bullitt's.)

Bullitt Bayou: town, Concordia Parish, La. (Not Bullitt's Bayou.)

Bull Lake: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., heads in Alpine Lakes and flows easterly to join Wind River in sec. 7, T. 3 N., R. 2 W., Wind River meridian.

Bullock: point, Providence River, Bristol County, R. I. (Not Bullock's.)

Bullock: see Hoffler.

Bull Run: town, Northumberland County, Pa. (Not Mandata.)

Bull's: see Bull, island.

Bulls Head: point, at entrance to Suisun Bay, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Bolitas nor Bull Head.)

Bullshoe: mountain, lat. 48° 14′ N., long. 113° 14′ W., Pondera County, Mont. (Not Elk.)

Bulshi River: see Tlikakila.

Buluang: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Baluang.)

Buluangan: barrio. Valderrama Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Buluañgan nor Bulayngan.)

Buluañgan: see Buluangan, P. I.

Bululacao: see Bulalacao, P. I.

Bulusan: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Bumagcat: barrio, Tayum Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dumagcat.)

Bumblebee: creek, T. 50 N., R. 1 E., tributary to Little North Fork Cœur d'Alene River from the north, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Big Bumblebee.)

Bumblebee: peak, altitude 4,744 feet, sec. 15, T. 50 N., R. 1. E., head of Bumblebee Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Bumbpers: see Bumpas, hot springs.

Bumbusan: see Binubusan, P. I.

Bumecbeg: barrio, Tubo Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Supo-Bimmecbec.)

Bumkin: island, Hingham Bay, Hull Town, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Pumpkin.)

Bumpas: hot springs, Shasta County, Calif., about 2½ miles south of Lassen Peak, in sec. 14, T. 30 N., R. 4 E. (Not Bumbpers nor Bumpass.)

Bumpas: mountain, altitude 8,760 feet, Shasta County, Calif., 2 miles south of Lassen Peak, in sec. 14, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Bumpass: see Bumpas.

Bumpass Cove: hamlet, Washington and Unicoi counties, Tenn., near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 82° 30′ W. (Not Bampas nor Bompass.)

Bumping: lake and river, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Taneum nor Tanum.)

Bumyok: high ridge, about 5 miles long, Nushagak region, Alaska, north of the outlet of Nerka Lake, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 158° 45′ W. This is a well-known local native name.

Bunacan: see Bunakan, P. I.

Bunakan: barrio, Madridejos Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

***Bunakan:** barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Bonacan nor Bunacan.)

Buncalot: see Bungkalot, P. I.

Buncombe: creek, Marshall County, Okla. (Not Boncombe.)

Buncucan: see Bongcocan, P. I.

***Bunga:** barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Benga, Boñga, nor Bonga.)

Bunga: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bonga.)

Bunga: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bonga nor Bongan.)

Bunga Ilaya: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bunga-Ilaya.)

Bunga-Ilaya: see Bunga Ilaya, P. I.

Bungalon: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bognalon nor Bugñalon.)

Bunga-mar: see Bungamar, P. I.

Bungamar: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bunga-mar.)

Bunganock: brook and pond, Hartford Town, Oxford County, Me. (Not Bungarmock, Bungermuck, nor Bungernut.)

Bungarmock: see Bunganock.

Bungbungan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bongbongan.)

Bungbungan 1: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bongbongan nor Bongboñgan.)

Bungcalot: see Bungkalot, P. I.

Bungermuck: see Bunganock.

Bungernut: see Bunganock.

Bunggee: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., Superior National Forest, in sec. 34, T. 66 N., R. 12 W., near lat. 48° 10′ N., long. 91° 50′ W.

Bungkalot: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Buncalot nor Bungcalot.)

Bungsi: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bunsi.)

Bungsuan: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bunsuan.)

Bungul: see Rungus, P. I.

Bungunut: see Bagunut, P. I.

Bungus: see Rungus, P. I.

Bunker Head: point, Hancock County, Me., on south side Great Cranberry Island, near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. So named for Aaron Bunker, who settled near this point in 1790. (Not Bulger Head nor Red Rocks.)

Bunker Neck: point, on north coast of Little Cranberry Island, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 68° 14′ W. Family name. (Not Bunkers.)

Bunkers: see Bennet, cove, Me.

Bunkers: see Bunker Neck, Me.

Bunnell: cliff and point, south wall of Little Yosemite, on line between secs. 21 and 28, T. 2 S., R. 23 E., Yosemite National Park, Calif.

Bunsen: peak, altitude 8,100 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 56′ N., long. 110° 43′ W. Named by Coast and Geodetic Survey, 1872, for Robert Wilhelm Bunsen, eminent chemist and physicist who investigated the action of geysers and first explained the phenomenon.

Bunsi: see Bungsi, P. I.

Bunsuan: see Bungsuan, P. I.

Bur: point, southern side of Passage Canal at western side of entrance to Shotgun Cove, lat. 60° 48′ N., long. 148° 34′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Burabad: Burabod: see Burabud, P. I.

Burabod: see Borabod, P. I.

Burabud: barrio, Laoang Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Borabud nor Burabod.)

Burabud: barrio, San Antonio Municipality, Samar Province, Samar: barrio, San Isodro Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte: and barrio, Santa Margarita Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Burabud: barrio, Sorsogon Municipality, Sorsogon Province (Rizal Vista), Luzon, P. I. (Not Burabad nor Burabod.)

Burabud: barrio, Sorsogon Municipality, Sorsogon Province (Roro Vista), Luzon, P. I. (Not Burabod.)

Burac: see Burak, P. I.

Buracan: see Burakan, P. I.

Burak: barrio, Maasin Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, and barrio, Tolosa Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Burac.)

Burak: barrio, Salcedo Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Borac nor Burac.)

Burakan: barrio, La Paz Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Bukaran.)

Burakan: barrio, Sagnay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Buracan.)

Burauen: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Burbois: see Bourbois.

Burdeos: barrio and bay, eastern coast Polillo Island, Polillo Municipality, Tayabas Province, P. I. (Not Burdeus.)

Burdette: township and village, Hand County, S. Dak. (Not Burdett.)

Burdette: see Burnett.

Burdeus: see Burdeos, P. I.

Burdur: vilayet and town, Turkey Fr. Bourdour. Not Buldur.

Bureau: village, Bureau County, Ill. (Not Bureau Junction.)

Burem: village, Hawkins County, Tenn. (Not Burem's Store.)

Burem's Store: see Burem.

Burford: lakes, Jicarilla Indian Reservation, Rio Arriba County, N. Mex. (Not Stinking Lake.)

Burgas: seaport and bay, Bulgaria, on Black Sea; Fr. Bourgas; 42° 30′ N., 27° 30′ E.

Burgenland: new province, Austria, comprising ter. transferred by Hungary in accordance with treaties of St. Germain (1919) and Trianon (1920); does not include Sopron (q. v.). Sometimes called West Hungary.

Burger: small creek, Madison County, Mont., tributary to Bear Creek, near lat. 45° 18′ N., long. 111° 42′ W. (Not Bear.)

Burger: see Bear, creek, Mont.

Burgos: see Antipolo, P. I.

Buri: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Bari.)

Burias: pass, between Burias Island and Luzon, P. I.

Burke: island and slough, in Columbia River, about 6 miles south of Kalama, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Burke's.)

Burkett: mount (Mount Burkett), altitude 9,600 feet, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 11′ N., long. 132° 18′ W. In memory of Lieut. Eugene F. Burkett, member of the Alaskan aerial survey expedition of the Navy Department, 1926, and second in command of the Alaskan aerial survey detachment, 1929, who was killed, in the performance of official duty.

Burma: Br. prov., India, e. of Bay of Bengal.

Burned Wagon: gulch, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 45′ W. A picturesque name which has been generally used in Jackson Hole for some 20 years.

Burnesville: see Burnsville.

Burnett: creek, Dolores County, Colo. Not Barnett nor Burdette.)

Burnett: see Brunet.

Burnetts: canyon, Nevada County, Calif. (Not Bennet nor Bennetts.)

Burnett's Creek: see Burnettsville.

Burnettsville: town, White County, Ind. (Not Burnett's Creek.)

Burnham: island, Mississippi River, near Santa Fe, Alexander County, Ill. (Not Santa Fe.)

Burnhamsville: township, Todd County, Minn. (Not Burnhamville.)

Burning Bear: creek, Park County, Colo., rising in Collier Mountain, tributary to West Geneva Creek from west.

Burnley: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 48′ N., 2° 14′ W.

Burns: creek, Dawson and Richland Counties, Mont., rises in T. 21 N., R. 53 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows southeast into Yellowstone River in T. 19 N., R. 57 E. (Not South Fork, Burns.) Named, according to local authorities, for one John Burns, who lived here in the early eighties and who had a post office and stage barn.

Burns Creek: see North Fork, Burns, creek, Mont.

Burnside: river, Skidaway Island, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Burside.)

Burns Summit: see Fourth of July, summit.

Burnsville: township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Burnesville.)

Burnt: canyon, Lincoln County, Nev., west slope Highland Range, in secs. 28 and 29 of T. 1 N., R. 66 E., near lat. 37° 55′ N., long. 114° 35′ W. (Not One Wheel.)

Burnt: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 45′ N., long. 110° 10′ W., flowing northwest into Yellowstone River.

Burnt: hill, 175 feet high, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, about 1 mile east of West Tremont, ½ mile northeast of Duck Cove, near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 68° 22′ W. (Not Gibbon nor Gilboa.)

Burnt: island, North Haven Town, East Penobscot Bay, Knox County, Me. (Not Treasure.)

Burnt: ledge, Hancock County, Me., bare at low water, about one-half of a mile northeast of Burnt Island, at north end of Isle au Haut, lat. 44° 06′ N., long. 68° 36′4 W. (Not Burnt Island Ledge nor Channel Rock.)

Burnt: ridge (low hills), Teton County, Wyo., in Jackson Hole, T. 44 N., R. 115 W., sixth principal meridian, south of Jackson Lake; extends northwest and southeast about 3 miles.

Burnt: see Gareloi, island, Alaska.

Burnt: see Redoubt, volcano, Alaska.

Burnt: see Gilboa, hill, Me.

Burnt: see One Wheel canyon, Nev.

Burnt: see Dead Point, creek, Oreg.

Burnt: see Falls, creek, Wyo.

Burntbridge: creek, Clark County, Wash. (Not Burnt Bridge nor Marble.)

Burnt Cabin: creek, T. 51 N., Rs. 1 and 2 W., tributary to Little North Fork Cœur d'Alene River, Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Teepee.)

Burnt Camp: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 7, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., flowing southwest into South Fork of Kaweah River, crossing west boundary of Sequoia National Park.

Burnt Coat: see Swan.

Burnt Corral: creek, tributary to Salt River from south at Squaw Flat, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Burnt Mill: see Callaway.

Burnt Point: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 19, T. 15 S., R 29 E., flowing southwest into North Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 36, T. 15 S., R. 28 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Cow.)

Burol: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Borol.)

Burr: point, northern end Augustine Island, Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 153° 24′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Burro: butte (Mount Burro), on the south rim of the Grand Canyon, 6 miles southeast of Supai village, Coconino County, Ariz. Name of an Indian family.

Burro: small canyon, on north wall of Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 21′ W.

Burro: canyon, Las Animas County, Colo., near lat. 37° 10′ N., long. 104° 40′ W. (Not Cañada Burro nor Cañada del Burro.)

Burro: spring, in Oraibi Wash, Navajo County, Ariz.

Burr Oak: city, Jewell County, Kans. (Not Burroak.)

Burrows: bay and island, Rosario Strait, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Burrow's.)

***Bursa (Brusa):** vilayet and city, Turkey, w. Anatolia; Gr. Prousa;† Fr. Brousse; 40° 10′ N., 29° 3′ E. Not Boursa, Brussa.

Burside: see Burnside.

Burton: see Bard.

Burton-on-Trent: city, Staffordshire and Derbyshire, England; 52° 48′ N., 1° 37′ W.

Buruanga: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Burunof: cape, the southern point of entrance to Sitka Harbor, lat. 56° 59′ N., long. 135° 23′ W., Alaska. (Not Bouronov, Burunoff, Broad, nor Tolstoi.)

Bury: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 36′ N., 2° 18′ W.

Busby: canyon, Tooele County, Utah, about lat. 40° 14′ N., long. 113° 50′ W., northeast slope of Dutch Mountain, about one mile east of Royal Gulch. Named for J. C. Busby, who was actively interested in the development of a prominent mine in this vicinity.

Busby: island, close to the north end of Bligh Island, lat. 60° 53′ N., long. 146° 48′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Fox.)

Busby: see west, bay, Alaska.

Buschmann: creek, emptying into Hugh Smith Lake from the east, about lat. 55° 05′ N., long. 130° 36′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Bushman.)

Bush: bluff, Elizabeth River, Norfolk County, Va. (Not Bush's.)

Bush: harbor, Long Island Sound, near Greenwich, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Rocky Neck.)

Bushman: see Buschmann.

Bushnell: peak (Mount Bushnell), Sanders and Mineral counties, Mont., on Cabinet-Lolo divide, on section line between secs. 23 and 24, T. 20 N., R. 30 W., Cabinet National Forest. (Not Lookout.) Named in memory of Ralph Bushnell, former superintendent of the Cabinet National Forest.

Bushnell: see West Minneapolis.

Bushtop: islet, rocky, off the northwest end of Anguilla Island, near lat. 55° 42′ N., long. 135° 35′ W., Bocas de Finas, southeastern Alaska.

Busrah: see Basra.

Buster: see Bostick.

Bustig: see Bostick.

Bustings: see Little Bustins.

Bustins: island, Casco Bay, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Bibber nor Bibbers.)

Buswang: barrio, Calivo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Busuang.)

Butauanan: barrio, Siruma Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Botananan nor Botauanan.)

Butauanan: island, off the east coast of Luzon, P. I. (Not Bantaranan nor Batauanan.)

Butcha: see Lobutcha.

Butler: canyon, east of Elk Ridge, and Creek, draining into San Juan River, San Juan County, Utah. (Not Cottonwood.)

Butler: see Beecher, creek, N. Y.

Butler: see Hinckley, lake, N. Y.

Butler Hole: channel or trough, Barnstable County, Mass., bounded by Bearse and Shovelful Shoals on north and west, and by Pollock Rip and Stonehorse Shoal on south and east; passing 1 mile southeast of Monomoy Point. (Not Butler's Hole.)

Butlers: town, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Butler's Tavern, Harwood, nor Obligation.)

Butler's: see Juniper, point, Mass.

Butlers: see Beecher, creek, N. Y.

Butler's Hole: see Butler Hole.

Butler's Tavern: see Butlers, town, Md.

Butt: see Bat, creek, Tenn.

Butte: city, county seat of Silver Bow County, Mont. (Not Butte City.)

Butte: creek, T, 43 N., Rs. 5 and 6 E., tributary to Little North Fork Clearwater River from southwest, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Indian.)

Butte: creek, tributary from west to East Fork Elk Creek, in sec. 3, T. 25 N., R. 34 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Butte: lake, Lassen County, Calif., in secs. 10 and 15, T. 31 N., R. 6 E. (Not Bidwell, Feather, nor General Bidwell.)

Butte: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on east shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 32′ N., at the foot of Lake Butte.

Butte: valley, Inyo County, Calif., about 10 miles long and about 2 miles wide, draining into Death Valley, centering near lat. 35° 59′ N., long. 117° 03′ W., in unsurveyed Ts. 23–24 S., R. 46 E., Mount Diablo meridian. So called from the isolated butte near its western edge.

Butte, The: isolated crested butte, altitude 4,761 feet, Inyo County, Calif., near western edge of Butte Valley, Panamint Range, near lat. 35° 52′.5 N., long. 117° 04′.2 W.

Buttercup Park: valley at head of Paradise Creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Buttonmold: ledges, ¼ mile west of Fuller Rock and ¼ mile SSW. Small Point, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Button-mold.)

Buttress: range, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 12 miles west of Mount Katmai, near long. 155° 18′ N.

Buttsville: see Buttzville, N. J.

Buttzville: railroad station, Ransom County, N. Dak. (Not Butzville.)

Buttzville: railroad station, Warren County, N. J. (Not Buttsville nor Butzville.)

Butuan: municipality, Provincial Capital, Agusan Province (subprovince Butuan), Mindanao, P. I.

Butzville: see Buttzville.

Buuang: see Bauang, P. I.

Buyassu: see Boyassu.

Buyoan: see Buyuan, P. I.

Buyoc: see Duyoc, P. I.

Buyuan: barrio, Candijay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Bayoan nor Buyoan.)

Buyuan: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Ambos Camarines Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Boyoan.)

Buzzards: bay, Massachusetts. (Not Buzzard's.)

By Wy: By Wyah: see Bywy.

Bydgoszcz: pr. bid′goshch; city, n. w. Poland; Ger. Bromberg; 53° 9′ N., 18° E.

Byelostok: see Białystok.

Byelski: see Belkof.

Bynhams: see Bynum.

Bynum: railroad station and run, Harford County, Md. (Not Bimans, Binum, nor Bynhams.)

Byram: see Chester, harbor.

Bywy: creek, tributary to Big Black River, Choctaw County, Miss. (Not Big Bywy, Big Bywyah, By Wy, By Wyah, nor Bywyah.)

Byzantium: see Istanbul.

C

Caamaño: see Camano.

Caamgan: see Caauigan, P. I.

Caatsban: see Katsbaan.

Caauigan: barrio, Talisay Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caamgan nor Cauigan.)

Caba: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabadbaran: municipality, Surigao, Mindanao, P. I.

Cabadiangan: see Kabadiangan, P. I.

Cabagakian: Cabagaquian: see Kabagakian, P. I.

Cabalian: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Cabilian.)

Caballo: bay, on south shore Corregidor Island, P. I.

Caballo: see Cavallo, point, Calif.

Caballo Colorado: see Cabellos Colorados, P. R.

Cabambanan: see Cabanbanan, P. I.

Cabanatuan: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabanbanan: barrio, Pagsanjan municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabambanan.)

Cabanbanan: barrio, San Vicente Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabambanan.)

Cabancaban: see Kabankalan, P. I.

Cabancalan: see Kabankalan, P. I.

Cabangahan: Cabangajan: see Kabungahan, P. I.

Cabangan: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabangcaban: Cabangcalan: Cabangkalan: see Kabankalan, P. I.

Cabaroan: barrio, Manabo Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabaruan.)

Cabaroan: barrio, San Esteban Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabarvan nor Cabaruan.)

Cabaroan: barrio, Solana Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabaruan.)

Cabaruan: bay, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Cabaruan: see Cabaroan, P. I.

Cabarvan: see Cabaroan, P. I.

Cabasi: see Kabasi, P. I.

Cabatbatan: see Kabatbatan, P. I.

Cabatuan: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Cabawfa: see Tchoutacabouffa.

Cabayan: see Kabayan, P. I.

Cabayogan: see Cabayugan, P. I.

Cabayugan: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Cabayugan: barrio, Janiuay Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabayogan.)

Cabayugan: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabuyugan.)

Cabayugan: barrio, Mangatarem Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabazon: see Cabezon.

Cabcaben: barrio, Mariveles Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabcabin.)

Cabcabin: see Cabcaben, P. I.

Cabellos Colorados: point, on north shore Vieques Island, Puerto Rico, near long. 65° 23′ 25″ W. (Not Caballo Colorado.)

Cabezon: Indian reservation, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Cabazon, Cabezone, nor Cabezons.)

Cabezos: see Crespos Heads.

Cabianan: see Cabiaun, P. I.

Cabiao: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabiaun: barrio, San Remigio Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P.I. (Not Cabianan nor Caviauan.)

Cabidian: Cabidyan: see Kabidian, P. I.

Cabilanan: see Kabilaoan, P. I.

Cabilang Bay: Cabilang baybay: see Cabilang Baybay, P. I.

Cabilang Baybay: barrio, Carmona Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabilang Bay nor Cabilang baybay.)

Cabilao: see Kabilao, P. I.

Cabilaoan: see Kabilaoan, P. I.

Cabilauan: see Kabilaoan: Kabilaoan E.: Kabilaoan O, P. I.

Cabilauan E: see Kabilaoan E, P. I.

Cabilawan: see Kabilaoan, P. I.

Cabilian: see Cabalian, P. I.

*Cabin: creek, heading at the east foot of Mount Meeker and emptying into the west side of Cow Creek in sec. 8, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., Boulder County, Colo. (Not South Fork of Cabin Creek.)

Cabin: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 110° 07′ W., flowing west into Yellowstone River.

Cabin: gulch, Musselshell County, Mont.

Cabin: meadow, in Sequoia National Park, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 54′ N., long. 118° 52′ W. (Not Guttrie.)

Cabin: point, on northeast side of Hood Bay, 4 miles inside entrance, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 23′ long. 134° 28′. (Not Village.) Changed to Cabin Point because of another Village point at north side of entrance to Chaik Bay, a few miles distant.

Cabin: rock, east of Cow Creek, and ½ mile southeast Longs Peak Village, sec. 26, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., Larimer County, Colo.

Cabin: see Yalik, bay, Alaska.

Cabin: see Cow, creek, Colo.

Cabin: see Deer, creek, Idaho.

Cabin: see Sherwood, creek, Oreg.

Cabinet: mountains, separating Kootenai River from Clark Fork, in western Montana and northern Idaho, and limited on north by that part of Kootenai River between Jennings and Bonners Ferry; on west by the Purcell Trench; on southwest by Clark Fork; on east and northeast by Flathead River from bend near Jocko to mouth of Little Bitterroot Creek; up that stream to its head, over Haskell Pass and along old abandoned line of Great Northern Railway, down to Jennings.

Cabin John: creek, Cecil County, Md. (Not Captain John's.)

Cable Crossing: Coconino County Ariz. Three wire cables are suspended across the gorge of the Colorado River, upon which travels a car.

Cable Eddy: post light, Ohio River near Steubenville, Jefferson County, Ohio. (Not Cable's Eddy.)

Cabo: see Cobo, P. I.

Caboan: see Cabooan, P. I.

Cabo de las Lomas: see Lomas.

Cabog: see Cabug, P. I.

Cabol-an or Pandanon & Cabul-an: see Pandanon & Cabulan, P. I.

Cabolaw: see Kabulao, P. I.

Cabolijan: see Cabulihan, P. I.

Cabol-Loan: Caboloan: Caboluan: see Cabuluan, P. I.

Cabooan: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I (Not Caboan.)

Cabotagan: see Cabutagan, P. I.

Cabots: see Cobbetts.

Cabrasto: see Cabresto.

*Cabresto: peak, altitude 12,600 feet, Taos County, N. Mex., southeast of Venada Peak, Sangre de Cristo Range. (Not Cabrasto.)

Cabrita: hill, altitude 210 feet, 340 meters from Cabrita Point, eastern end St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Cabrite, nor Cabrito.)

Cabrita: see Cabrithorn.

Cabritaberg: ridge, 216 feet high, comb of peninsula projecting southward ½ mile, terminating in headland on west side of Mosquito Bay, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Cabrittaberg nor Cabriteberg.)

Cabrite: see Cabrita.

Cabrithorn: point, south end of peninsula forming east shore of Lameshure Bay, 1¼ miles NNW. of Ram Head, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Cabrit horn, Cabrita, Cabrite, nor Capricorn.)

Cabrittaberg: see Cabritaberg.

Cabu: see Gabu, P. I.

Cabubuhayan: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabubupayan.)

Cabubupayan: see Cabubuhayan, P. I.

Cabudboran: see Cabudburan, P. I.

Cabudburan: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabudboran.)

Cabug: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabog.)

Cabugao: barrio, Milaor Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabugao: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Kabugao.)

Cabugao: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabulao: see Kabulao, P. I.

Cabulauan: island, about 15 miles east of Linapacan Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I. (Not Sombrero.)

Cabulihan: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabolijan, Cabulijan, nor Cabulyan.)

Cabulijan: see Cabulihan, P. I.

Cabuloan: see Cabuluan, P. I.

Cabuluan: barrio, Bangued Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caboloan nor Cabuloan.)

Cabuluan: barrios, in Leon and Oton Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Caboloan.)

Cabuluan: barrio, Santa Catalina Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabol-Loan nor Caboloan.)

Cabuluan: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabuloan.)

Cabuluan: barrio, Urdaneta Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caboluan.)

Cabulyan: see Cabulihan, P. I.

Cabungaan: Cabunga-an: see Kabungaan, P. I.

Cabungahan: see Kabungahan, P. I.

Cabusao: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabutagan: barrio, Lupi Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabotagan.)

Cabuyao: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabuyco, Cabuyio, nor Cabuyiw.)

Cabuyao: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cabuyao: sitio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabuyeo nor Cabuyes.)

Cabuyco: see Cabuyao, P. I.

Cabuyes: Cabuyio: Cabuyiw: see Cabuyao, P. I.

Cabuyugan: see Cabayugan, P. I.

Cacadir: barrio, Claveria Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cadcadiz.)

Cacapon: pr. *ka*-kā′pon; mountain, Hampshire and Morgan Counties, W. Va. (Not Cape Capon.)

Cacapon: pr. *ka*-kā′pon; river, Hardy, Hampshire, and Morgan Counties, W. Va. (Not Big Capon, Capecapon, Capon, Great Cacapon, nor Great Capon.)

Cacaquabic: see Kekekabic.

Cacaway: island and point, Langford Bay, Kent County, Md. (Not Cacawa.)

Cacequi or **Cacequy:** pr. kä-seh-kē′; town, Brazil, in state of Rio Grande do Sul; 29° 49′ S. 54° 52′ W.

Cache: bay, western end Saganaga Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario.

Cache: creek, tributary to Fish River, about 35 miles north of Golofnin Bay, near lat. 64° 58′ N., long. 163° 02′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska.

Cache: creek, Alaska, tributary to White River, near lat. 61° 45′ N., international boundary.

Cache: creek, Chaffee County, Colo. (Not Cash.)

Cache: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 109° 57′ W., flowing southwest into Lamar River. Named, 1863, because a large party of prospectors had concealed their baggage after the Indians had stolen all of their horses.

Cache: mountain, altitude, 9,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Park County, Wyoming, near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 109° 59′ W.

Cache la Poudre: river, rising in Larimer County, Colorado, running southeastward and entering the South Platte River near Greeley, Weld County. (Not Cache, North Fork of the Arkansas, nor Powder.)

Cacili: see Kasili, P. I.

Cacoosing: creek, Berks County, Pa., tributary on southwest bank of Tulpehocken Creek, and separating Lower Heidelberg Township from Spring Township. (Not Gogoosing.)

Cactus: point, 3,701 feet high, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 26, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park.

Cactus: see Yucca, creek, Calif.

Cactus: see Yucca, mountain, Calif.

Cactus: see Yucca, ridge, Calif.

Cadcadiz: see Cadcadir, P. I.

Caddo: lake, Harrison and Marion Counties, Tex., and Caddo Parish, La. (Not Fairy nor Ferry.)

Cadillac: lake, west of Cadillac city, Wexford County, Mich. (Not Little Clam.)

Cadillac: mountain, highest point in Acadia National Park, near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 68° 14′ W., Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Green nor Mount Newport.)

Cadimajan: see Kadimahan, P. I.

Cádiz (Cadiz): gulf, bay, province, and an Atlantic seaport, s. w. Spain; 36° 29′ N., 6° 18′ W.

Cadiz: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Cadoldolan: see Caduldulan: Kaduldulan, P. I.

Cadoldulan: see Kaduldulan, P. I.

Cadolonan: Cadolunan: see Cadulunan, P. I.

Cadotte: pass, in main range of Rocky Mountains, T. 16 N., R. 6 W., Lewis and Clark County, Mont. (Not Cadott, Cadott's, nor Cadotte's.)

Caduldulan: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cadoldolan.)

Cadulunan: barrio, San Remigio Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cadolonan nor Cadolunan.)

Cady: creek, rising east of Cady Pass and flowing into Little Wenatchee River in sec. 22, T. 28 N., R. 14 E., Chelan County, Wash.

Cady: see West Cady.

Caen: pr. kän; city, Normandy, n. France; 49° 12′ N., 0° 18′ W.

Caesar Creek: township, Dearborn County, Ind. (Not Cedar Creek.)

Caesarea: see Kayseri.

Cagamotan: see Cagamutan, P. I.

Cagamutan: barrio, Palapag Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Cagamotan.)

Cagamutan: barrio, Santa Barbara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Cagay: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Kagay.)

Cagayancillo: settlement, Palawan Province, Cagayan, P. I.

Cagayan Jolo: see Cagayan Sulu, P. I.

Cagayan Sulu: island, in Sulu Sea, P. I. (Not Cagayan Jolo.)

Cagbacong: see Kagbakong, P. I.

Cagban: see Cagbang, P. I.

Cagbang: barrio, in Cabatuan and Santa Barbara Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cagban.)

Cagbang: barrios, in Miaga and Oton Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Cagbibi: barrio, Pamplona Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cagbivi nor Cagvivi.)

Cagbivi: see Cagbibi, P. I.

Cagbogna: Cagbugña: see Cagbugna, P. I.

Cagbugna: barrio, Gainza Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cagbogna, Cagbugña, nor Cagbunga.)

Cagis: see Kedges.

Cagliari: pr. käl-yä-rē; prov. and seaport, s. Sardegna, Italy; 39° 13′ N., 9° 7′ E.

Cagoncognan: see Cagongcognan, P. I.

Cagongcognan: barrio, Ligao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cagoncognan.)

Cagumitan: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cagunitan.)

Cagunitan: see Cagumitan, P. I.

Cagvivi: see Cagbibi, P. I.

Cahaba: precinct and railroad station, Dallas County, and river, Ala. (Not Cahawba.)

Cahabaan: barrio, Talisay Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cajabaan.)

Cahawba: see Cahaba.

Cahigam: see Cahigan, P. I.

Cahigan: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cahigam.)

Cahilo: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cajilo.)

Cahoon: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 10, T. 18 N., R. 30 E., flowing north into Horse Creek in sec. 27, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named after an early settler, whose cabin was on the right bank of this creek.

Cahoon: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 8 and 9, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. After George Cahoon, early settler, who had a cabin here.

Cahuenga: see Santa Monica.

Cahuilla: see Coahuila, creek, Calif.

Caibigan: see Kaibigan, P. I.

Caibiran: municipality, Leyte Province, Biliran, P. I. (Not Caybiran.)

Caicos: pr. kī'kos; four islands, B. W. I.; 21° 40′ N., 72° W.

Caiffa: See Haifa.

Cailos: see Calios, P. I.

Cain: see Gain.

Caines: head, bold headland on west side of Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 59′ N., long. 149° 24′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Cainguin: see Kaingin, P. I.

Cairanan: see Cairauan, P. I.

Cairauan: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cairanan nor Cairauan Lendero.)

Cairauan Lendero: see Cairauan, P. I.

Cairntoul: see Carrantuchill.

Cairo: pr. kī'rō; capital of Egypt, on lower Nile; 30° 2′ N., 31° 13′ E.

Caititinga: see Kaytitinga, P. I.

Caiyan: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ca-iyang nor Caiyang.)

Caiyang: Ca-iyang: see Caiyan, P. I.

Cajabaan: see Cahabaan, P. I.

Cajidiocan: municipality, Capiz Province, Sibuyan, P. I.

Cajilo: see Cahilo.

Cakepoulin: creek, Franklin Township, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Cakepaulins.)

Cal.: Cala.: see Calif.

Calabaces: see Calabasas.

Calabagas: barrio, San Vincente Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calabogas nor Catabagas.)

Calabanga: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Calabasas: arroyo, peak, and township, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Calabaces nor Calabazas.)

Calabasita: see Kalabasita, P. I.

Calabaza: see Lusaran, P. I.

Calabazas: creek, Sonoma County, Calif. (Not Calabezas nor Calebezas.)

Calabazas: see Calabasas.

Calabezas: see Calabazas.

Calabian: see Kalakabian, P. I.

Calabogas: see Calabagas, P. I.

Calabornay: barrio, Paracale Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calaburnay.)

Calaboso: see Calabozo, P. I.

Calabozo: barrio, Binan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calaboso.)

Calaburnay: see Calabornay, P. I.

Calaca: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Calacab: see Kalakab, P. I.

Calacabian: see Kalakabian, P. I.

Calaccab: see Kalakab, P. I.

Calachuche: barrio, Pagsanjan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calasichi, Calasuche, nor Calusiche.)

Cala del Sueno: see Sueno.

Caladesi: island, on west coast of Florida, T. 28 S., R. 15 E., Tallahassee meridian; forms part of west shore of St. Josephs Sound, Pinellas County, near lat. 28° 00′ N., long. 28° 05′ W. (Not Hog Island nor St. Joseph's Key.)

Calafangan: see Calapangan, P. I.

Calagbagnan: barrio, Sipocot Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calagbagñan nor Calagbangan.)

Calagbagñan: Calagbangan: see Calagbagnan, P. I.

Calaguiman: barrio, Samal Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calaguinan.)

Calaguinan: see Calaguiman, P. I.

Calairns: see Karankawa, bayou or lake, Tex.

Calais: pr. kăl′ā; seaport, ext. n. France; 50° 58′ N., 1° 50′ E.

Calamagui: see Salomagui, P. I.

Calamba: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Calambat: barrio, Lagayan Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calambaty.)

Calambaty: see Calambat, P. I.

Calamias: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calamyas.)

Calamity: creek, southeastern Alaska, tributary to Carroll Inlet from the east 7 miles from the head, Revillagigedo Island.

Calampinan: see Calampinay, P. I.

Calampinay: barrio, Sipocot Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calampinan.)

Calamut: lake, Douglas County, Oreg. (Not Calumet.)

Calamyas: see Calamias, P. I.

Calanaga: see Kalanaga, P. I.

Calancanan Norte: see Calancawan Norte, P. I.

Calancanan Sur: see Calancawan Sur, P. I.

Calancauan Norte: see Calancawan Norte, P. I.

Calancauan Sur: see Calancawan Sur, P. I.

Calancawan: see Calancawan Norte, P. I.

Calancawan Norte: barrio, Indian Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calancanan Norte, Calancauan Norte, Calancawan, nor Calangauan Norte.)

Calancawan Sur: barrio, Indian Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calancanan Sur, Calancauan Sur, nor Calangauan Sur.)

Calangauan Norte: see Calancawan Norte, P. I.

Calangauan Sur: see Calancawan Sur, P. I.

Calanit: see Calawit, P. I.

Calansayan: see Kalansayan, P. I.

Calantas: see Kalantas, P. I.

Calantocan: see Calantucan, P. I.

Calantucan: sitio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calantocan.)

Calaocalaoan: see Kalawkalawan, P. I.

Calaocan: see Kalaokan, P. I.

Calapan: township, provincial capital, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Calapangan: barrio, Gattaran Municipality, Caganyan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calafangan.)

Calape: barrio, Daan-Bantayan Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Kalape.)

Calape: barrio, Hinigaran Municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, and barrio, Wright Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Calapi.)

Calape: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Calapi: see Calape, P. I.

Calapooya: creek, Douglas County, and mountains, Douglas and Lane Counties, Oreg. (Not Calapooia nor Callapooya.)

Calapooya: stream, tributary to Willamette River, western part Linn County, Oreg. (Not Calapooia, Callapooia, nor Callapooya.)

Calasiao: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Calasichi: see Calachuche, P. I.

Calasuche: see Calachuche, P. I.

Calauag: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Calauat: see Calawat, P. I.

Calaucalanan: see Kalawkalawan, P. I.

Calauit: see Calawit, P. I.

Calauitan: see Calawitan, P. I.

Calavacita: see Kalabasita, P. I.

Calawat: barrio, Indan Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calauat.)

Calawit: barrio, Atimonan Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calauit, Culauit, nor Culawit.)

Calawit: barrio, San José Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calanit nor Calauit.)

Calawitan: barrio, Candaba Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calauitan.)

Calawitan: barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulucan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calauitan nor Kalawitan.)

Calayan: barrio, Aparri Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Calayogan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Calayugan.)

Calayucay: barrio, Libog Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Kalayucay.)

Calayugan: see Calayogan, P. I.

Calbayog: town and river, Samar Province, west coast of Samar, P. I. (Not Calbayoc, Calbayok, nor Kalbayok.)

Calbiga: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Calcutta: city, Bengal, India, Ganges river delta; 22° 30′ N., 88° 30′ E.

Caldas: pr. käl′däs; dept., Colombia.

Caldera: basin, sheltered anchorage, 200 by 600 yards across, with narrow entrance, south of Mangrove Harbor, west of Water Cay, Culebra Island, P. R. (Not The Basin.)

Caldera: reef, of coral, 660 yards long and over 300 yards wide, between Water Cay and Viento Point, inclosing Caldera Basin, at east end of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not La Caldera.)

Caldwells: landing and village on the Hudson River, opposite Peekskill, Rockland County, N. Y. (Not Jone's Point.)

Cale: barrio, Dingras Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, and barrio, Dumangas Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cali.)

Cale: barrio, Guimbal Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, and barrio, Ragay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cale: barrio, Tanaunan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cate.)

Calebezas: see Calabazas.

Caledonia, New: see Nouvelle Calédonie.

Caleta de la Princesa: see Princess, bay, Virgin Islands.

Calf: islands, Long Island Sound, near Port Chester, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Calves, Echo, nor Shin.)

Calf: see Opechee, island, Me

Calfee: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 109° 59′ W., flowing west into Lamar River. Named for H. B. Calfee, noted park photographer.

Calgary: city, s. Alberta, Canada; 51° 5′ N., 114° 5′ W.

Calhoun: see Fort Calhoun.

Cali: pr. käl′ē; city, Colombia; 3° 25′ N., 76° 40′ W.

Cali: see Cale, P. I.

Caliat: see Kuliat, P. I.

Calibang: island, about 4½ miles west of Linapacan Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I. (Not Calibangbagan.)

Calibangbagan: see Calibang, P. I.

Calibo: see Kalibo, P. I.

Calichosa: hill, northward of Guayanilla Harbor, P. R.

Calicut: seaport, s. w. India; 11° 15′ N., 75° 45′ E.

Calif.: abbreviation of the state name of California. (Not Cal. nor Cala.)

California: creek, Yenta District, Alaska, joins Sunflower Creek about 5½ miles above mouth of Bonanza Creek, lat. 62° 29′ N., long. 151° 40′ W. (Not Idaho.)

California: point, San Francisco Bay, Marin County, Calif. (Not California City nor Munroe.)

California: a State of the United States, bounded on the north by Oregon, on the east by Arizona and Nevada, on the south by Mexico, and on the west by the Pacific Ocean. Area, 158,297 square miles. (Pronounced, kăl-ĭ-fôr′-nĭ-a.)

California City: see California, point.

Calimbahan: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Calimbajan.)

Calimbajan: see Calimbahan, P. I.

Calingaan: barrio, Sevilla Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Calinga-an.)

Calinginan: barrio, Sevilla Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Calinguian.)

Calinguian: see Calinginan, P. I.

Calios: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cailos nor Callos.)

Caliso: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Balizo nor Calizo.)

Calison: barrio, Calumpit Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calizon.)

Calispel: see Kalispell.

Calituban: barrio, Talibon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Isla de Calituban.)

Calizo: see Caliso, P. I.

Calizon: see Calison, P. I.

Callam: see Clallam.

Callao: pr. kä-lyä′ō; seaport city, w. Peru; 12° 2′ S., 77° 4′ W.

Callapooia: Callapooya: see Calapooya.

Callaway: bayou, north side of East Bay, Bay County, Fla. (Not Burnt Mill nor Laughton's.)

Calletano: see Cayetano.

Callinjer: see Kalinjar.

Callisto: promontory, southeastern Alaska, 1,515 feet high, on west side of Resurrection Bay, east of Bear Glacier, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 149° 28′ W. Named for a nymph in mythology who was changed into a bear and set in the heavens as "Ursa Major."

Callo De Laureles: see Alazan.

Callongan: see Callungan, P. I.

Callos: see Calios, P. I.

Callungan: barrio, Sanchez Mira Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Callongan.)

Caloc: see Calog, P. I.

Calog: barrio, Abulug Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caloc.)

Calolbon: municipality, Albay Province, Catanduanes, P. I.

Calolojon: see Katolohan, P. I.

Calonasan: Calonasan Norte: see Calunasan Norte, P. I.

Calonasan Sur: see Calunasan Sur, P. I.

Caloocan: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Caloong: see Coloong, P. I.

Caloosa: see Caloosahatchee.

Caloosahatchee: river, Glades, Hendry and Lee counties, Fla. (Not Caloosa.)

Calsadang Bago: barrio, Inms Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carsadang Bago nor Carzadang Bago.)

Caltanissetta: pr. käl-tä-nēs-set′tä; prov. and city, cen. Sicilia, Italy; 37° 26′ N., 14° 7′ E.

Calubcob: see Kalubkob, P. I.

Calubcub: Calubcub 1°: see Kalubkob 1°, P. I.

Calubsob: see Kalubkob, P. I.

Calumbuyan: barrio, Calatagan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lumang-Bayan.)

Calumet: see Calamut.

Calumpit: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Calunasan Norte: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Calonasan nor Calonasan Norte.)

Calunasan Sur: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Calonasan Sur.)

Calungasan: see Calungusan, P. I.

Calungusan: barrio, Orion Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calungasan.)

Calunuran: see Kalunuran, P. I.

Calupcub: see Kalubkob, P. I.

Calupcup: see Kalubkob, P. I.

Calusiche: see Calachuche, P. I.

Caluya: township, Mindoro Province, Caluya, P. I.

Calvary: bay, sheltered, southwestern part St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bahia Grande de la Cruz, Great Cruz, Gross Crux, Store Cruytz, and Store Krys.)

Calver Plaat: island, Hudson River, near Coeymans, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Calver's Plaat.)

Calvert: town, Marshall County, Ky. (Not Calvert City.)

Calves: islands, Connecticut River, New London County, Conn. (Not Calves's.)

Calves: see Calf, islands, N. Y.

Calvey: township, Franklin County, Mo. (Not Calvy.)

Calvy: see Calvey.

Calypso: falls, sec. 29, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., on Cony Creek, south of North St. Vrain Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Calzada: barrio, Balayan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cazada.)

Camagacay: see Comagaycay, P. I.

Camagon: see Camagong, P. I.

Camagong: barrio, Alabat Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon: and barrio, Mabita Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Camagon.)

Camagong: barrio, Oas Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Camagon.)

Camagong: barrio, Sorsogon Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Kamagong.)

Camagüey: pr. käm-ä-gwā′ē; prov. and city, Cuba; 21° 25′ N., 78° W.

Camalagui: see Salomagui, P. I.

Camalaniugan: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P.I.

Camalig: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Camaligan: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Camambogan: see Camanbugan, P. I.

Camambugan: see Camanbugan, P. I.

Camambungan: see Camanbugan, P. I.

Camanbugan: barrios in Balasan Dingle, and Santa Barbara Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Camambugan.)

Camanbugan: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Camambugan.)

***Camanbugan:** barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Camambogan nor Camambugan.)

Camanbugan: barrio, Urbiztondo Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Camambogan, Camambugan, nor Camambungan.)

Camance: Camanci: see Kamansi, P. I.

Camancijan: see Camansihan, P. I.

Camangahan: barrio, Bugasong Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Camangajan nor Camanghan.)

Camangajan: see Camangahan: Kabungahan, P. I.

Camanghan: see Camangahan, P. I.

Camangianan: see Camangyanan, P. I.

Camangyanan: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Camangianan nor Kamangyanan.)

Camano: island, separating Saratoga Passage, Skagit Bay, Possession Sound and Port Susan, Island County, Wash. (Not Caamaño nor McDonough's.)

Camano Head: point, southern end Camano Island, Island County, Wash. (Not Allen Point.)

Camansi: see Kamansi, P. I.

Camansihan: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Camancijan nor Camansijan.)

Camansijan: see Camansihan, P. I.

Camaron: cape, northern coast Honduras. (Not Cameron.)

***Camas:** creek, rising in Elmore County and uniting with Big Wood River at Hot Springs, Camas County, Idaho. (Not Malad nor Malade River.)

Camas: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 55′ W., in Ruger Lake, flowing southeast through Camas Lake and southwest through Arrow, Trout, and Rogers Lakes into Flathead River. (Not Mud.) Camas is the Indian name of a small onion which grows in the States of Montana, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.

Camas: lake, Glacier National Park. Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 54′ W.

Camas: ridge, 5,400 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 59′ W., watershed between Camas and Dutch Creeks.

Camas Prairie: plain of Camas Creek, Camas and Elmore counties, Idaho, extending westward for over 40 miles from a point about 5 miles above confluence of that stream with Big Wood River. It is bounded on the north by the Smoky and Soldier mountains, on the south and west by the Mount Bennett Hills.

Camas Prairie: see Latah.

Camayaan: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Camaya-an nor Camayaon.)

Camaysa: barrio, Santa Rita Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Camayse.)

Camaysa: barrio, Tayabas Municipality, Tabayas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Camayse: see Camaysa, P. I.

Cambacol: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canbacol.)

Cambaguio: barrio, Bais Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Cambanjau nor Kambagyo.)

Cambaguio: barrio, Villareal Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Cambaguis: see Cambakis, P. I.

Cambakis: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cambaguis, Cambaques, nor Cambquis.)

Cambanjau: see Cambaguio, P. I.

Cambaques: see Cambakis, P. I.

Camberwell: a div. of London, England; 51° 28′ N., 0° 4′ W.

Camboac: see Cambuak, P. I.

Camboak: see Cambuak, P. I.

***Cambodge (Cambodia):** a protectorate, s. w. part of Fr. Indochina.

Cambodia: See Cambodge.

Cambquis: see Cambakis, P. I.

Cambridge: city, and county (Cambridgeshire), England; 52° 12′ N., 0° 7′ E.

Cambridge: city, in Middlesex Co., Massachusetts, adjoins Boston on the north; seat of Harvard University. Population in 1930, 113,560. (Pronounced kām′brĭdj.)

Cambuac: see Cambuak, P. I.

Cambuak: barrio, Sikatuna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Camboac, Camboak, nor Cambuac.)

Cambugason: see Kambugason, P. I.

Cambuyo: see Kambuyo, P. I.

Camden: city in Camden Co., N. J., on the Delaware River, near lat. 39° 56′ N., long. 75° 07′ W. Population in 1930, 117,172. (Pronounced kăm′dĕn.)

Camel: mountain, double peak, altitude 2,010 and 2,020 feet, southeastern Alaska, west coast Baranof Island, 1 mile north of Mount Kliuchef, near lat. 56° 51′ 30″ N.

Camel Back: see Simpson, mountains, Utah.

Camel's Back: see Devils Head.

Cameron: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., lat. 49° 00′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., on international boundary.

Cameron: meadow, Lassen County, Calif., in sec. 3, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Cameron: trail, Grand Canyon of the Colorado, Ariz.

Cameron: see Camraon.

Cameron: see West Fork Mill, creek, Mont.

Cameroon: mts., Br. mandated ter. of Cameroons, w. Africa.

***Cameroons:** Br. mandated ter., w. equatorial Africa (part of former Ger. Kamerun), administered with Nigeria.

Cameroons (French): See Cameroun.

***Cameroun (Cameroons):** Fr. mandated ter., w. equatorial Africa; part of former Ger. Kamerun; 4° N., 12° E.

Camicia: glacier, Alaska, northeast of Valdez, east of Valdez Glacier, near lat. 61° 09′ N., long. 146° 08′ W. So named for the late Dr. L. S. Camicia, optician and watchmaker at Valdez, who measured the retreat of Valdez Glacier nearly every year from 1898 to 1911.

Camiling: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Camiros: see Kamiros, P. I.

Camotes: sea, between Leyte, Bohol, and Cebu, P. I.

Camp: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 113° 50′ W., flowing west, then north, into Waterton River close to Waterton Lake. This little stream rises on north slope of Mount Cleveland, the loftiest peak in the park.

Camp: islands, Winnipesaukee Lake, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Follets nor Follot.)

Camp: peak, Pelican Ridge, NE. ¼ of sec. 29, T. 5 S., R. 42 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

Campagan: see Campagao, P. I.

Campagao: barrio, Bilar Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Campagan.)

Campaign: creek, crossing Apache Trail ½ mile west of Pinto Creek, Gila and Maricopa Counties, Ariz.

Campania: pr. käm-pän′yä; ter. division, s. Italy.

Campanula: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 58′ W., flowing into Gneiss Creek, 1½ miles east of park boundary. (Not Prospect.) Named for the wild flower (meaning "little bell"), of which the bluebell is a widely distributed variety.

Campatod: see Campatud, P. I.

Campatud: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Campatod.)

Campbell: creek, Santa Clara County, Calif., near lat. 37° 18′ N., long. 121° 54′ W. (Not Arroyo Quito nor Quito.)

Campbell: island, Cape Fear River, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Campbell's.)

Campbell: lake, east side Columbia River, east of Fales Landing, Clark County, Wash. (Not Campbells.)

Campbell: landing, Illinois River, Greene County, Ill. (Not Campbell's.)

Campbell: mountain, 8,207 feet high, Glacier National Park, Mont., near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 113° 56′ W.

Campbell: see Tunp.

Campbells: see Campbell.

Campbells Fork: see Dinwoody.

Campbellsville: village, Giles County, Tenn. (Not Campbellville.)

Camp Coogan: bay, eastern part of Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 00′ N., long. 135° 14′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Camp Kogan, Kadiak, nor Nachlezhnia.)

Campeche: pr. käm-peh′cheh; state, seaport city, and bay, s. Mexico; city, 19° 47′ N., 90° 32′ W.

Campers: creek, emptying into north side North St. Vrain Creek, 2 miles northwest of Allens Park Village, Boulder County, Colo.

Camp Hagerman: village, Warren County, Ohio. (Not Hageman.)

Campinas: pr. käm-pe′näs; town, Brazil, in state of São Paulo; 22° 50′ S., 47° 5′ W.

Camp Kogan: see Camp Coogan.

Camp Muir: saddle, Cowlitz Cleaver, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Campobello: town and township, Spartanburg County, S. C. (Not Campobella.)

Camp Springs: town, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Allentown.)

Camptonville: village, Yuba County, Calif. (Not Comptonville.)

Camsombol: see Cansombol, P. I.

Camugao: see Kamugao, P. I.

Canaan: see Megunticook, lake, Me.

Canaan: see Kanan, P. I.

Cañada Burro: Cañada del Burro: see Burro, canyon, Colo.

Canada del Corte de Madera: land grant 4 miles southwest of Leland Stanford Junior University, San Mateo County, Calif.

Canada del Rincon: land grant 2 miles north of Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz County, Calif.

Canada de Raymundo: land grant 5 miles east of Halfmoon Bay, San Mateo County, Calif.

Canada Larencita: see Lorencito.

Canadarago: lake, Otsego County, N. Y., near lat. 42° 50′ N., long. 75° 00′ W. (Not Schuyler.)

Canada Verde: small canyon 3 miles south of Halfmoon Bay, and land grant to south, San Mateo, Calif.

Canadian: river, rising in Colfax County, N. M., flowing generally eastward through northwestern parts of Texas and Oklahoma, tributary to the Arkansas River from west, in Muskogee County, Okla. (Not Red or Canadian, nor Upper Canadian.)

Canagon; Can-agong: see Canagong, P. I.

Canagong: barrio, Sikatuna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canagon nor Can-agong.)

Çanakkale boğazi: see Dardanelles.

Canal de Haro: see Haro.

Canal de Luis-Pena: see Luispena, cay, P. R.

Canal de Nuestra Señora del Rosario: see Rosario, strait, Wash.

Canal Dover: see Dover, city, Ohio.

Canal Limpio: see Dutchcap.

Canal Winchester: village, Franklin County, Ohio. (Not Winchester.)

Canal Zone: pr. ka-năl zōn; leased zone in Rep. of Panama; governed by United States.

Canaman: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Canan: see Kanan, P. I.

Cananay: see Canauay, P. I.

Canan-caan; Canang-caan: see Canangcaan, P. I.

Canangcaan: barrio, Corella Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canang-caan.)

Canangcaan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Canan-caan.)

Canapitsit: passage between Cuttyhunk and Nashawena Islands, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Canapitsett.)

Canapnapan: barrio, Corrella Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canapuapan.)

Canapuapan: see Canapnapan, P. I.

Canaris:. see Carneros, spring, Calif.

Canary: see Carneros, spring, Calif.

Canatoga: creek, Steuben County, N. Y., in town of Rathbone, 1½ miles east of the village of Rathbone, flowing south to north bank of Canisteo River, 2½ miles below the village. (Not Helmer.)

Canauan: see Canawan, P. I.

Canauay: island and light, Janabatas Channel, north coast of Leyte, P. I. (Not Cananay.)

Canaville: see Caneyville.

Canawan: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Canauan nor Cn-auan.)

Canayan: see Cauayan, P. I.

Canayaon: see Kanayaon, P. I.

Canbacol: see Cambacol, P. I.

Canberra: capital and federal ter. of Australia; 35° 20′ S., 149° 10′ E.

Cancatac: see Cangcatac, P. I.

Candaba: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Candabong: see Kandabong, P. I.

Candagas: barrio, Sierra-Bullones Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cundagas.)

Candahar: see Kandahar.

Candame: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Candami.)

Candami: see Candame, P. I.

Candelaria: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Candelaria: municipality Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Candia (city): see Ērakleion.

Candia (island): see Krētē.

Candijay: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Candlewood: lake, Fairfield and Litchfield Counties, Conn., made by dam on Rocky River just above its mouth in Housatonic River. Name given commemorates the use of pitch pine wood, used in early days as candles and torches.

Candolao: see Canduao, P. I.

Candon: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Candongao: see Candungao, P. I.

Canduao: barrio, Valencia Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Candolao.)

Candungao: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Candongao.)

Cane: mountain, Yancey County, N. C., near lat. 35° 57′ N., long. 82° 21′ W. (Not Caney nor Caney River.)

Cane: river, Yancey County, N. C. (Not Caney.)

Cane: village, Yancey County, N. C. (Not Cane River.)

Cane: see Cone, mountain, Calif.

Canea: see Khania.

Cane Creek: see Offutt.

Canée, La: see Khania.

Canela: see Canelo.

Canelo: hills, T. 22 S., R. 17 E., Santa Cruz County, Ariz. (Not Canela nor Canille.)

Cane River: see Cane, village.

Cane Spring: see Lone, peak, Nev.

Caney: creek, heading in southeast corner of Greenfield Township, Elk County, Kans., flowing in a general southeasterly course and uniting with Caney River, in Washington County, Okla.

Caney: creek, Hawkins County, Tenn. Rises near lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 82° 57′ W., flowing southwest into the Holston River. (Not Cany.)

Caney: river, heading in southwest corner of Union Center Township, Elk County, Kans., flowing southward to Cedarville, thence southeastward to Elgin, Kans., and thence southward to Verdigris River, in Rogers County, Okla.

Caney: see Cane, mountain, and river, N.C.

Caney Branch: village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Cany Branch.)

Caney River: see Cane, mountain, N.C.

Caneyville: township, Chautauqua County, Kans. (Not Canaville.)

Canfields Corners: see Lounsberry.

Cang-Actol: see Kangaktol, P. I.

Cang-aktol: see Kangaktol, P. I.

Cangcatac: barrio, Corella Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cancatac.)

Cangmaya: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canmaya.)

Canhanay: see Kanhaway, P. I.

Canhauay: see Kanhaway, P. I.

Canhayupan: see Canhayupon, P. I.

Canhayupon: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canhayupan.)

Canille: see Canelo.

Caniogan: see Caniugan, P. I.

Caniugan: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caniyugan nor Caniogan.)

Caniyugan: see Caniugan, P. I.

Canjulao: see Kanhulao, P. I.

Canlangit: barrio, Sierra-Bullones Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canlanguit nor Catangit.)

Canlanguit: see Canlangit, P. I.

Canmanico: see Canmaniko, P. I.

Canmaniko: barrio, Valencia Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canmanico.)

Canmaya: see Cangmaya, P. I.

Cannelville: village, Muskingum County, Ohio. (Not Connelville.)

Canning: peak (Mount Canning), altitude 6,927 feet, lat. 59° 14′ 50″ N., long. 134° 41′ 59″ W., international boundary, Alaska and Canada. After Right Hon. George Canning, British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, 1822, who carried on British negotiations with Russia regarding the Alaskan boundary.

Cannochee: see Canooche.

Cannon: mount (Mount Cannon), altitude 8,800 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 47′ W.

Cannon: see Profile.

Cannonball: river, tributary to Missouri River, N. Dak. (Not Cannon Ball nor North Fork of Cannon Ball.)

Cannon Ball: see Cedar, creek, N. D.

Cannouchee: see Canooche.

Canoas: creek, southwest corner Fresno County, Calif., flowing easterly from Diablo Range into Kettleman Plain, Kings County, Calif.

Canoba: see Kanoba, P. I.

Canococ: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canoc-oc nor Can-oc-oc.)

Canodlong: barrio, Cebu Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Can-Odlong.)

Canoe: see Povorotni, island, Alaska.

Canoe: see Lost, creek, Calif.

Canolin: Canoling: see Kanoling, P. I.

Cañon: see Canyon, creek, Wyo.

***Canon City:** city, Fremont County, Colo. (Not Canyon.)

Cañon de Largo: see Long, canyon.

Canonicut: see Kanomika.

Canoochee: river, Emanuel, Candler, Bullock, Evans, Bryan, and Liberty counties, Ga. (Not Cannochee nor Cannouchee.)

Canopao: see Kanopao, P. I.

Canos y Ylas de la Cruz: see Cruz Island, Alaska.

Canova: township and town, Miner County, S. Dak. (Not Conova.)

Cansinang: see Kansiwang, P. I.

Cansiwang: see Kansiwang, P. I.

Cansojay: see Kansuhay, P. I.

Cansombol: barrio, Bilar Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cansumbol nor Camsombol.)

Cansoso: see Cansuso, P. I.

Cansuagiiet: see Cansuagit, P. I.

Cansuagit: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cansuagiiet, Cansuaguet, nor Cansuaguit.)

Cansuaguet: Cansuaguit: see Cansuagit, P. I.

Cansujay: see Kansuhay, P. I.

Cansumbol: see Cansombol, P. I.

Cansuso: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cansoso.)

Cantabaco: Cantabuko: see Kantabako, P. I.

Cantagay: see Kantagay, P. I.

Cantames: see Cantamis, P. I.

Cantamis: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cantames nor Cantam-is.)

Cantigdas: barrio, Batuan Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cantigras.)

Cantigras: see Cantigdas, P. I.

Cantilan: municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Canton: city in Stark Co., Ohio, on Nimishillen Creek, near lat. 40° 48′ N., long. 81° 22′ W. Population in 1930, 105,524. (Pronounced, kăn′-tŭn.)

Canton: seaport, capital of Kwangtung prov., s. China; Chinese, Shengcheng, or Kwang-chowfu; 23° 7′ N., 113° 15′ E. (Not Puyün.)

Can-too-oa: see Waltham.

Cantoyoc: see Kantoyok, P. I.

Cantril: railroad station, Van Buren County, Iowa. (Not Cantrill.)

Cantua: see Waltham.

Cantwell: see Nenana.

Canuck: see West Fork, Hawkins.

Canupao: see Kanopao, P. I.

Cany: creek at head of Matagorda Bay, lat. 28° 47′ N., long. 95° 37′ W., Tex. (Not Craney.)

Cany: see Caney, creek, Tenn.

Cany Branch: see Caney Branch.

Canyon: creek, T. 54 N., R. 1 W., tributary to Cedar Creek from east, Bonner County, Idaho.

Canyon: creek, Kootenai County, Idaho, the south fork of Nicholas, west bank Little North Fork Cœur d'Alene River, near lat. 47° 48′ N. long. 116° 31′ W. (Not South Fork Canyon Creek.)

Canyon: creek, draining southern portion T. 43 N., and northern portion T. 42 N., Rs. 7 and 8 E., tributary to Little North Fork Clearwater River in sec. 12, T. 42 N., R. 6 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not East Fork.)

Canyon: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 39′ W., in Siyeh Glacier, flowing north into Lake Sherburne, through Cracker Lake.

Canyon: creek, T. 1 N., Rs. 8 and 9 E., tributary to Shields River, Park County, Mont. (Not Wood.)

Canyon: creek, Stillwater and Yellowstone Counties, Mont., rises in T. 1 N., R. 23 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Yellowstone River in sec. 25, T. 1 S., R. 25 E.

***Canyon:** creek, tributary to Nooksak River form north, Whatcom County, Wash. (Not Cowap nor Cowsap.)

Canyon: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., rises in sec. 4, T. 32 N., R. 89 W., sixth principal meridian, and joins Deer Creek in sec. 21, T. 36 N., R. 90 W. There are no canyons in this creek. (Not Cañon.)

Canyon: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 110° 41′ W., flowing southwest into Gibbon River.

Canyon: see Long Canyon, creek, Idaho.

Canyon: see Tom Lavin, creek, Idaho.

Canyon: see Box, creek, Mont.

Canyon: see Buck, creek, Mont.

Canyon: see Ennis, lake, Mont.

Canyon City: see Canon City.

Canyon de Chelly: canyon, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not de Chelly.)

Canyon del Muerto: canyon, lined with ruins, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not del Muerto.)

Canyon Diablo: see Lawton, canyon.

Canyon Lorenzo: see Lorencito.

Canyon of Lodore: canyon of the Green River, Moffat County, Colo. (Not Ladore.)

Caoayan: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Capacnusan: see Capucnasan, P. I.

Capacuan: Capacuhan: Capacujan: see Kapakuhan, P. I.

Capaculan: see Kapakulan, P. I.

Capacwan: see Kapakuhan, P. I.

Capagan: see Capagao, P. I.

Capagao: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Capagan.)

Capahosic: landing and village, Gloucester County, Va. (Not Cappahosack.)

Capakulan: see Kapakulan, P. I.

Capaloa: see Kapaloa, creek, Alaska.

Capalonga: municipality, Ambos Camarines Province, Luzon, P. I.

Capangan: see Kapangan, P. I.

Capangian: see Kapangian, P. I.

Capangihan: see Kapangian, P. I.

Capangijan: see Kapangian, P. I.

Caparangan: see Kaparangan, P. I.

Capas: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cape—: for the headlands and promontories that are ordinarily designated by the word **Cape—**, see the decisions under their own proper names, as Royal, cape, etc. Towns and other civil divisions will be found under Cape (Cape Breton, Cape May, etc.).

Cape: see Barwell.

Cape Ann: see Gloucester, harbor, Mass.

Cape Breton: island, n. e. Nova Scotia, e. Canada; 46° 30′ N., 61° W.

Capecapon: see Cacapon, river, W. Va.

Cape Cod: lighthouse, on highlands of Truro, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Cape Cod Highland.)

Cape Dall: see Dall.

Cape Final: point, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north rim of Canyon, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 110° 55′ W.

Cape Horn: see Rincon, pass, Ariz.

Cape Jesus-Mary: see Incarnation.

Capel: township, Sioux County, Iowa. (Not Copel.)

Capella: bay, on south side of Cape Cays, 2 miles south of St. Thomas Virgin Islands, near long. 64° 54′ W.

Capella: group of two islands, 60 yards apart, 2 miles south of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Cape May: harbor, Cape May County, N. J., on the southeast coast in and near the city of Cape May. (Not Cold Spring Harbor nor Cold Spring Inlet.)

Cape May Court House: county seat, Cape May County, about 12 miles northeast of Cape May City, N. J. (Not Cape May.)

Cape May Point: borough, Cape May County, N. J. (Not Sea Grove.)

Cape Neddick: light, York County, Me. (Not Cape York Nubble nor York Nubble.)

Cape Nushugak: see Nushugak.

Caper: peak, in Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 30′ W.

Cape Rosier: village, Hancock County, Me. (Not Cape Rozier.)

Cape Royal: point, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north rim of canyon, near lat. 37° 07′ N., long. 111° 57′ W.

Capers: creek, inlet, and island, southwest of Bulls Bay, Charleston County, S. C. (Not Caper.)

Cape Solitude: point, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on canyon rim about 1 mile south of the mouth of Little Colorado River, near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 111° 48′ W.

Capetown: joint capital, Union of S. Africa; 33° 55′ S., 18° 25′ E.

Cape York Nubble: see Cape Neddick.

Cap Haitien: pr. kăp āē′sĭ-ĕn; seaport city, Haiti; 19° 45′ N., 72° 11′ W. (Not Cape Haitien.)

Capilihan: Capilijan: see Kapilihan, P. I.

Capis: see Capiz, P. I.

Capiz: municipality, Province, and River, on north shore of Panay Island, P. I. (Not Capis nor Kapiz.)

Capocesto: see Primošten.

Capocnasan: see Capucnasan, P. I.

Capon: see Cacapon, river.

Cappahosack: see Capahosic.

Capricorn: see Cabrithorn.

Cap Rouge: see Redhook.

Captain: harbor on north shore, Long Island Sound, near Greenwich, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Great Captain's Island nor Little Captain's Island.)

Captain Cook: point, extending into Pacific Ocean, on Lane-Lincoln County line, Oreg., about 1 mile south of Cape Perpetua, near lat. 44° 16′ 30″ N., long. 124° 07′ W. Name proposed by the Oregon Geographic Board in honor of Capt. James Cook of the Royal Navy, who visited this region in March, 1778, and who was the first Englishman, of whom we have detailed knowledge, to visit the coast of Oregon.

Captain Harbor: cove, northeast end Belkofski Bay, lat. 55° 10′ N., long. 162° 06′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Bailey Harbor.)

Captain John's: see Cabin John.

Captains: bay, about 3¼ miles long, three-quarters mile wide, the most southerly arm of Unalaska Bay, lat. 53° 51′ N., long. 166° 35′ W., Unalaska Island, eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Captains Harbor, Port Levashef, nor St. Paul.) So named in honor of Captain Levashef, who wintered in this bay in 1768–69.

Captains: see Unalaska, bay.

Captains Harbor: see Captains, bay, Alaska.

Capucnasan: barrio, Milaor Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Capacnusan nor Capocnasan.)

Capul: municipality, Samar Province, Capul, P. I.

Car: see Carr, lake.

Carabangan: see Caralangan, P. I.

Carabasset River: see Carrabassett.

Carabobo: pr. kär-ä-bō′bō; state, Venezuela.

Caracaljo: see Carasaljo.

Caracas: pr. kä-rä′käs; capital city, Venezuela; 10° 30′ N., 66° 55′ W.

Caracoles: island, entrance to Rincon Bay, P. R.

Caraga: municipality, Moro Province, Davao District, Mindanao, P. I.

Caragmag: see Caragnag, P. I.

Caragnag: barrio, Calolbon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caragmag, Caragnay, Carañgac, nor Carognog.)

Caragnay: see Caragnag, P. I.

Caragomihan: barrio, Baras Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caragomijan.)

Caragomijan: see Caragomihan, P. I.

Caralangan: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carabangan nor Carallangan.)

Carallangan: see Caralangan, P. I.

Caramoan: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Caranchahua: see Karankawa, bay, Texas.

Carañgac: see Caragnag, P. I.

Caranisan: see Carauisan 1., P. I.

Carankaway: see Karankawa, bay, point, and reef, Tex.

Carapeguá: pr. kär-a-pā-gwä′; city, Paraguay.

Carapolis: see Coraopolis.

Caraquet: bay, parish, river, and village, Gloucester County, New Brunswick, Canada. (Not Caraquette.)

Caraquette: see Caraquet.

Carasaljo: lake, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Caracaljo.)

***Caratunk:** plantation and village, Somerset County, Me. (Not Carratunk nor Carritunk.)

Carauisan I: barrio, San Remigio Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Caranisan nor Carauisan.)

Caravelas: pr. kä-rä-vĕ′las; town, Brazil, in state of Bahia; 17° 42′ S., 39° 9′ W.

Carberry: creek, formed by Steve and Sturgis forks, and tributary to Applegate River, T. 41 S., R. 4 W., Jackson County, Oreg. (Not Steamboat.)

Carbon: butte, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 111° 51′ W.

Carbon: creek, northwestern Alaska, tributary on the east bank of Utukok River, near lat. 69° 16′ N., long. 159° 40′ W. Named in reference to a landmark in the vicinity.

Carbon: creek, Coconino County, Ariz., entering Marble Gorge, Grand Canyon, on the west side, near lat. 36° 09′ N. Carbon Butte lies between the two north forks of this stream.

Carbon: glacier, discharging into Carbon River, northern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Carbon: lake, southeastern Alaska, draining to head of Cascade Bay, east coast Baranof Island, near lat. 57° 2′ N., long. 134° 47′ W.

Carbon: peak (Mount Carbon), Elk Mountains, Gunnison County, Colo. (Not Castle, nor Mount Ohio.)

Carbon: river, heading in Carbon Glacier, tributary to Puyallup River, Pierce County, Wash.

Carcar: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Carchuche: see Carsuche, P. I.

Cardenas: butte, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 111° 51′ W. (Not Gardenas.)

Cárdenas: pr. kär′dā-näs; seaport, n. w. Cuba; 23° 5′ N., 81° 15′ W.

Cardenas Aisle: see Conquistador Aisle.

Cardiff: city and seaport, s. Wales; 51° 30′ N., 3° 12′ W.

Cardona Island: shoal, Ponce Harbor, P. R.

Careless: creek, entering Musselshell River from the north, 1½ miles below Fish Creek, Golden Valley and Wheatland Counties, Mont. (Not Elk nor Swimming Woman.)

Carenero: eastern point (Point Carenero), entrance to Ponce Harbor, P. R. (Not Carenaro.)

Carenero: northern point (Point Carenero), at entrance to Port Real, P. R.

Caret: bay, ½ mile east of Vluck Point, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Carets, Carrett, nor Karet.)

Caret: point, on east side of Caret Bay, marked by 5-foot rock, with 286-foot hill, 300 yards southeast, on north shore of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Carets: Carrett: see Caret, bay.

Carey: creek, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Garey.)

Carey: railroad station, Morris County N. J. (Not Cary nor Cary's.)

Carey: see Cary.

Carey Camp: post light, Whitehall Narrows, Lake Champlain, Washington County, N. Y. (Not Carey's Camp.)

Careyville: see Caryville.

Caribou: creek, Boundary and Bonner counties, Idaho, rises in sec. 31, T. 64 N., R. 3 W., Boise meridian, and flows southwest into that part of the Priest River, which is known locally as The Thorofare, in T. 62 N., R. 4 W. Includes what is shown on some maps as East Fork, Caribou.

Caribou: pass, Alaska Range, eastward from head of Holitna River, lat. 63° 15′ N., long. 148° 48′ W., Alaska.

Caribou: see Broad, pass, Alaska.

Caribou: see Abandon, creek, Idaho.

Caribou: see Green, creek, Mont.
Caricanti: see Curecanti Needle.
Caricaran: see Karkaran, P. I.
Caridad: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Carridad.)
Carigara: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.
Carigno: see Caringo, P. I.
Carigsa: Carigša: see Karigsa, P. I.
Carigza: see Karigsa, P. I.
Carilt-nu: see Kahiltna.
Caringa: see Caringo, P. I.,
Caringo: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carigno, Caringa, nor Cariñgo.)
Carinthia: see Kärten.
Carleton: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Buck nor Carlton.)
Carleton: see Spokane, mountain, Wash.
Carlin: Carlin Spring Station: Carlin's: see Glencarlyn.
Carlisle: city, Cumberland county, n. w. England; 54° 54′ N., 3° W.
Carlisle: railroad station, Fillmore County, Nebr. (Not Walters.)
Carlson: see Snider.
Carlsruhe: see Karlsruhe.
Carlton: see Carleton.
Carmans: creek and river, Brookhaven Town, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Carman's nor Connecticut.)
Carmcu: see Carmen, P. I.
Carmen: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nuestra Señora del Carmen.)
Carmen: barrio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carmcu.)
Carmen: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.
Carmen: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.
Carmichael: see White Tail.
Carmichaels: borough, Greene County, Pa. (Not Carmichael nor Carmichael's.)
Carminos: see Kamiros, P. I.
Carmona: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.
Carnaris: Carnaros: see Carneros, spring.
Carnasa: see Carnaza.
Carnaza: creek, flowing southwesterly across east half of T. 28 S., R. 17 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Carnasa.)
Carnelian: cliff, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 114° 01′ W., on north slope of Vulture Peak. Descriptive name, due to color.
Carnelian: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 30′ W., flowing into north Tower Creek.
Carneros: canyon, Kern County, Calif. heading in northeast quarter of T. 29 S., R. 19 E., extending northeasterly into sec. 20, T. 28 S., R. 20 E., where it enters the San Joaquin Valley. (Not McLean.)
Carneros: spring, sec. 5, T. 29 S., R. 20 E., Kern County, Calif. (Not Canaris, Canary, Carnaris, nor Carnaros.)
Carnes: see Signal Mountain, Ga.
Carngdug: see Carugdug, P. I.
Carniola or **Kranj:** former Austrian crownland, Krain, now comprising parts of Yugoslavia and Italy; Ger. Krain, pr. krīn; Serb-Croat, Kranj; Fr. Carniole; Ital. Carniola.
Caroga: creek, Fulton and Montgomery Counties; lake and town, Fulton County, N. Y. (Not Garoga.)
Carogcog: see Karogkog, P. I.
Carognog: see Caragnag, P. I.
Carol: point, projection separating Limestone Bay from Sprat Bay, Water Island, south of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.
Caroline: island group, w. Pacific, under Japanese mandate; formerly German; Ger. Karolinen; 3° to 6° N., 137° to 163° E.
Caroline Bridge: see Owachomo.
Caromangay: barrio, San Jose, de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Carromangay.)
Carompit: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carumpit nor Carunpit.)
Caronkaway: see Karankawa, bay or lake.

Caronoan: see Caronuan, P. I.

Caronuan: barrio, Lapog Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caronoan.)

Caronuan: barrio, Rosario Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Carp: lake and portage, west of Knife Lake, Lake County, Minn., Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary.

Carp: see Elbow, lake, Mich.

Carp: see Leelanau, lake, Mich.

Carpates: see Carpathian Mts.

***Carpathian Mts.:** mt. range, s. cen. Europe; Cz. and Pol. Karpaty; Fr. Carpates; Ger. Karpaten; Hung. Karpátok; Rum. Carpaţii.

Carpathian Ruthenia: see Podkarpatská Rus.

Carpaţii: see Carpathian Mts.

Carpenter: bar, in Ohio River, near Marietta, Washington County, Ohio. (Not Carpenter's.)

Carpenteria: see Carpinteria.

Carpenter's: see Carpenter.

Carpentersville: railroad station, Putnam County, Ind. (Not Carpenterville.)

Carpinteria: creek, landing, and village, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Carpenteria.)

***Carquinez:** bay, point, and strait connecting Suisun and San Pablo Bays, Calif. (Not Carquines, Karquenas, nor Karquines.)

Carr: cape, long. 131° 40′ E., Wilkes Land, Antarctic Continent. Discovered and named by Capt. Wilkes in 1840.

Carr: lake, Pottawattamie County, Iowa. (Not Car.)

Carr: landing, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not Carr's.)

Carr: slough, west side Columbia River, near Prescott, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Carr's.)

Carrabassett: stream, Franklin and Somerset Counties, Me. (Not Carabasset River, Carrabasset, Seven Mile Brook, nor Sevenmile River.)

Carranglan: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Carratunk: see Caratunk.

Carrett: see Caret.

Carridad: see Caridad, P. I.

Carrington: island; Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near northwest shore of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake. Named for Campbell Carrington, zoologist.

Carriso: see Carrizo, mountains, Ariz.

Carriso: see Lithodendron, wash, Ariz.

Carritunk: see Caratunk.

Carrizo: creek, Las Animas and Baca counties, Colo., rising near north boundary of T. 32 S., R. 52 W., sixth principal meridian, flowing southeast into Cimarron River, Okla., and *spring*, Baca county, Colo.

Carrizo: mountain (Mount Carrizo), north of West Carrizo Creek, Baca and Las Animas counties, Colo.

Carrizo: mountains, northeastern part Apache County, Ariz. (Not Carriso.)

Carrizo: see Lithodendron.

Carroll: creek, tributary to head of Carroll Inlet from the north, Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska.

Carroll: glacier, reaching the sea at head of Queen Inlet, lat. 59° 05′ N., long. 136° 40′ W., Glacier Bay, southeastern Alaska. (Not Woods.)

Carroll: island, in Mississippi River, near Belleview, Calhoun County, Ill.: also island in Mississippi River near St. Louis, Mo. (Not Carroll's.)

***Carrollton:** town, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Carrolton.)

Carromangay: see Caromangay, P. I.

Carr's: see Carr.

Carrs Run: post light, Ohio River, near Pomeroy, Meigs County, Ohio. (Not Carr's Run.)

Carry: see Cary.

Cars: see Kars.

Carsadang Bago: see Calsadang Bago, P. I.

Carson: capital of Nevada, in Ormsby Co., on the Carson River, near lat. 39° 10′ N., long. 119° 45′ W. Population in 1930, 1,596. (Pronounced, kär′-sŭn.)

Carson: creek, Seward Peninsula, a small creek on west coast of North Bay, about 20 miles north of Cape Darby, entering the bay at Portage Roadhouse, lat. 64° 29′ N., long. 162° 35′ W.

Carson: mesa, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 109° 40′ W.

Carson: see Corson, peak, Utah.

Carsuche: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carchuche.)

Cartagena: pr. kär-tä-heh′nä; seaport city, Colombia; 10° 28′ N., 75° 34′ W.

Cartagena: pr. kär-tä-heh′nä; Mediterranean seaport, prov. of Murcia, s. e. Spain: 37° 40′ N., 1° 5′ W.

Cartago: pr. kär-tä′go; prov. and city, Costa Rica; 9° 51′ N., 83° 55′ W.

Cartecay: river and town, Gilmer County, Ga. (Not Carticary nor Carticay.)

Carter: fall, lowest on Paradise River, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Carter: glaciers, eastern side Continental Divide, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont.

Carter: landing, on Ohio River, above Cloverport, Breckinridge County, Ky. (Not Carter's.)

Carter: mountain, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 07′ N., long. 113° 55′ W.

Carter Nubble: hill, altitude, 480 feet Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, west of Echo Lake, near lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 68° 20′ W. Local name, after J. and Samuel Carter, early residents. (Not Carters.)

Carters: see Carter Nubble.

Carter's: see Carter, landing, Ky.

Carticary: Carticay: see Cartecay.

Cartoogechaye: creek, Macon County, N. C., rising near lat. 35° 05′ N., long. 83° 29′ W., flowing northeast into the Tennessee River. (Not Cartoogaja, Cartoogajay, Wahyah, nor Wayah.)

Cartoogechaye: see Wayah, creek, N.C.

Cartwright: island, south of Gardiners Island, East Hampton Town, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Ram.)

Carugdug: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Carngdug.)

Carumpit: Carunpit: see Carompit, P. I.

Carver: ledge, east of Laireys Island, West Penobscot Bay, Me.

Carvers: harbor, Fox Islands, Knox County, Me. (Not Carver's.)

Cary: lake, Whitney Preserve, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not Carey nor Carry.)

Cary; Cary's: see Carey, N.J.

Caryville: village, Campbell County, Tenn. (Not Careyville.)

Carzadang Bago: see Calsadang Bago, P. I.

Cas: cay, ¼ mile east-northeast of Patrick Point, inclosing Jersey Bay on south, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Kees Eyland.)

Casaan: see Kasaan.

Casabe: shoal, fringes coast from Point Melones to Point Aguila, P. R. (Not Cazabe.)

Casablanca: city, Fr. zone, Morocco, n. w. Africa; Arabic, Dar-el-Beida; 33° 37′ N., 7° 35′ W.

Casadepaga: river, 30 miles northeast of Cape Nome, near lat. 64° 50′ N., long. 164° 15′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Casa-de-paga nor Koksuktapaga.)

Casalingan: see Casalogan, P. I.

Casalngan: see Casalongan, P. I.

Casalogan: barrio, Paracale Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Casalingan, Casalugan, nor Casulugan.)

Casalongan: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Casalngan nor Casolongan.)

Casalugan: see Casalogan, P. I.

Casay: see Kasay, P. I.

Cascade: creek, tributary from southwest to East Fork Elk Creek, sec. 3, T. 25, N., R. 34 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Cascade: creek, flowing into Galatin River, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Ole Olson.)

Cascade: creek, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., flows southeast from Lake Solitude, near lat. 43° 48′ N., long. 110° 51′ W. into Jenny Lake. (Not Glacier.) Name proposed to supersede the name Glacier, which is a misnomer as this stream is a clear mountain torrent.

Cascade: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 31′ W., flowing west of south into Yellowstone River, draining Cascade Lake. Named by Washburn party, 1870.

Cascade: glacier, head of Barry Arm, Port Wells, near lat. 61° 09′ N., long. 148° 12′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Cascade: lakes, eastern side Annette Island, ½ mile from west shore Cascade Inlet, near lat. 55° 10′ N., long. 130° 24′ W., Revillagigedo Channel, southeastern Alaska.

Cascade: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 45′ N., long. 110° 31′ W., 2½ miles northwest of the Lower Falls of the Yellowstone River.

Cascade: mountain, altitude 5,000 feet between East and West Forks Miller Creek, T. 25 N., R. 11 E., King County, Wash.

Cascade: springs, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 9, T. 30 N., R. 5 E., at head of East Fork of Hat Creek, northeast end of White Mountain.

Cascade: see Cave, creek, Calif.

Cascade: see Cascade Springs, village, S. Dak.

Cascade Acres: cascades on Falls River, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Cascade Range: limited on the south by the gap south of Lassen Peak and extending northward into British Columbia.

Cascades of the Firehole River: waterfall, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Firehole River, near lat. 44° 37′ N., long. 110° 52′ W.

Cascade Springs: village, Fall River County, S. Dak. (Not Cascade.)

Cash: see Cache, creek, Colo.

Cashai: see Cashie.

Cashaqua: see Keshequa.

Cashie: river, Bertie County, N. C. (Not Cashai.)

Cashier: town and valley, Jackson County, N. C. (Not Cashier Valley.)

Cashier Valley: see Cashier.

Cashmere: see Kashmir.

Casica: see Kasika, P. I.

Casiguran: municipality, Sorsogon, Luzon, P. I.

Casiguran: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Casili: Casiling: see Kasili, P. I.

Casimiro: see Webber, peak, Ariz.

Casincingan: Casingsingan: see Casinsingan, P. I.

Casinsingan: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Casingsingan nor Casincingan.)

Caskaty: see Coskata.

Casmalia: hills, Santa Barbara County, Calif., extending from Harris Canyon northwest to Point Sal, near lat. 34° 48′ N., long. 120° 30′ W.

Casolongan: see Casalongan, P. I.

Caspers: see Finley.

Cassel: see Kassel.

Casselman: river, rising in Garrett County, Md., tributary to Youghiogheny River from the east at Confluence, Somerset County, Pa. (Not Casselman's nor Castle man's.)

Casselman's: see Casselman.

Cassidy: see Cassity.

***Cassity:** stream and village, Randolph County, W. Va. (Not Cassidy nor Thorn.)

Castac: see Castaic.

***Castaic:** creek, post office, railroad station, and canyon, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Castac.)

Castamoni: see Kastamonu.

Casteel: see Castile.

Castile: run, Greene County, Pa. (Not Casteel.)

Castile: town, Wyoming County, N. Y. (Not Castle.)

Castilla: municipality, Sorsogan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Castillejos: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Castillo del Morro: see Morro Castle.

***Castle:** cape, southeast coast of Alaska Peninsula, the south point of entrance to Chignik Bay, near lat. 56° 15′ N. (Not Tuliumnit.)

Castle: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 1, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., flowing north into Middle Fork Kaweah River, in sec. 14, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Castle: creek, Archuleta County, Colo., in secs. 4 and 5, T. 34 N., R. 2 E., near lat 37° 13′ N., long. 106° 45′ W., approximately 1 mile east of South Fork White Creek. (Not South Creek.)

Castle: creek, Natrona County, Wyo., rises in sec. 28, T. 39 N., R. 80 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows into Salt Creek in sec. 36, T. 40 N., R. 79 W. Derives its name from a rock named Frewen Castle by the early cowboys.

Castle: creek, Park County, Wyo., emptying into Boulder Creek from the southeast, near lat. 44° 11′ N., long. 109° 32′ W., Shoshone National Forest.

Castle: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 700 yards northwest of Old Faithful Geyser, in Upper Geyser Basin. Named by Lieutenant Doane, with the Washburn party, 1870, because its cone resembled a partially ruined old feudal castle.

Castle: mountain, Meagher County, Mont., near lat. 46° 30′ N., long. 110° 40′ W. (Not Elk.)

Castle: peak, north of Mother Mountains, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Castle: river, Alaska, entering Duncan Canal from the west on Kupreanof Island, abreast of the Castle Islands, near lat. 56° 40′ N., long. 133° 18′ W., Tongass National Forest. Islands so named, 1887, by Commander Charles M. Thomas, U. S. N.

Castle: rock, altitude 5,765 feet, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, west of the foot of Sunset Glacier, lat. 63° 21′ 50″ N., long. 150° 17′ W. Very large irregular rocks on this peak give it the appearance, from a distance, of an old castle.

Castle: rock, La Plata County, Colo.

Castle: see Carbon, peak, Colo.

Castle: see Castile, town, N. Y.

Castle Dome: mountain, altitude 5,316 feet, Maricopa County, Ariz., near the southeast corner of unsurveyed sec. 11, T. 2 N., R. 11 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, in approx. lat. 33° 32′ N., long. 111° 12′ W., Tonto National Forest.

Castle Gate: precinct and town, Carbon County, Utah. (Not Castle gate.)

Castleman: Castleman's: see Casselman.

Castle Rock: town and post office, Cowlitz County, Wash., on Cowlitz River, about 17 miles above its mouth. So named by William Huntington, 1858, from a huge castle-like rock on his homestead. (Not Castlerock.)

Castle Rock: see Bald Head, Alaska.

Castle Rock: see Beacon Rock.

Castle Rocks: a two-pointed summit, altitude 9,150 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 34, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Castlewood: see Sleepers.

Castor: peak, 10,800 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Park County, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 109° 58′ W.

Castries: pr. käs′trēs; town, Santa Lucia, Windward Islands, B. W. I.; 13° 59′ N., 61° 1′ W.

Castrop-Rauxel: city, Westphalia, Germany; 51° 30′ N., 7° 20′ E.

Casulugan: see Casalogan, P. I.

Cat: island, in St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Chat, Isle aux Chats, nor Macks.)

Cat: island, the Bahamas; 24° 20′ N., 75° 30′ W.

Cat: passage, between Cat Island and northeast corner Duke Island, Felice Strait, lat. 55° 00′ N., long. 131° 15′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Cat: see Cub, island, Alaska.

Cat: see Gato, creek, Colo.

Catabagan: see Catabangan, P. I.

Catabagas: see Calabagas, P. I.

Catabangan: barrio, Ragay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Catabagan.)

Catacoonamug: brook, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Catacunamuc.)

Catacunamuc: see Catacoonamug.

Cataggaman: Cataggaman Nuevo: see Cataggamman Nuevo, P. I.

Cataggamman Nuevo: barrio, Tuguegaro Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cataggaman nor Cataggaman Nuevo.)

Cataingan: municipality, Masbate, Province, Masbate, P. I.

Çatalca (Chatalja): town, Turkey in Europe; Turk. Çatalca (pr. chatálja); Fr. Tchataldja; Ger. Tschataldja.

Catalonia: see Cataluña.

Cataloochee: creek, township, and village, Haywood County, N. C. (Not Cataluche, Cataluchee, nor Cattaloochee.)

Cataloochee: mountain, Haywood County, N. C. (Not Big Cataluche nor Big Cataluchee.)

Catalow: see Catlow.

Cataluche: Cataluchee: see Cataloochee.

Cataluña (Catalonia): ancient principality ext. n. e. Spain; 42° N., 2° E.

Catamount Hills: see Granite, hills, Colo.

Catanauan: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Catandognanon: see Catandonganon, P. I.

Catandonganon: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines, Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Catandognanon nor Catandugnanon.)

Catandugnanon: see Catandonganon, P. I.

Catangit: see Canlangit, P. I.

Catania: pr. kä-tä′nyä; prov. and seaport, e. Sicilia, Italy; 37° 20′ N., 15° E.

Catanzaro: pr. kä-tän-dzä′rō; prov. and city, s. Italy; 38° 55′ N., 16° 39′ E.

Cataract: cove, about one-half of a mile wide, 1 mile long, on east side of Harris Bay, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 42′.5 N., long. 149° 50′ W. Name describes spectacular cascades falling over 1,000-foot cliffs at north end of cove.

Cataract: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 42′ W., on west slope of Cataract Mountain, flowing northeast through Lake Josephine into Swiftcurrent Lake.

Cataract: creek, tributary to Carbon River from west, south of Mother Mountains, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Cataract: mountain, altitude 8,000 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 41′ W.

Cataract: see Havasu.

Catarman: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Catatonk: creek and railroad station, Tioga County, N. Y. (Not Catatunk.)

Catayauan: barrio, Lal-lo Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Catayuan.)

Catayuan: see Catayauan.

Catbalogan: municipality, Provincial Capital, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Catbow: brook, tributary to Connecticut River, Essex County, Vt. (Not Cat Bow, Cat Paw, nor Cats Paw.)

Catch: see Ketch.

Cate: see Calc, P. I.

Cateel: municipality, Davao Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Catel.)

Catel: see Cateel, P. I.

Caterskill: see Kaaterskill.

Catfish: see Yahara.

Cat Fish Hole: see Ogleton.

Catharine: town and township, Ellis County, Kans. (Not Catherine.)

Catharine: town, Schuyler County, N. Y. (Not Catherine.)

Catharine: township, Blair County, Pa. (Not Catherine.)

Catharine Mills: see Catlin Mill, creek, N. Y.

Catharines Crown: a summit of Nittany Mountain, Union County, Pa., White Deer Township, at long. 77° W. So named on recommendation of the Pennsylvania Geographic Board, in honor of Catharine Smith, widow with 10 children, who in colonial days built and operated a grist mill and a gun-boring mill 7 miles east of this summit, at mouth of White Deer Creek.

Cathedral: crag, near Baker Pass, southern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Cathedral: creek, rising in Canada, flowing across International Boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 65° 12′.3 N., long. 141° 00′ W., and tributary to Nation River, Alaska.

Cathedral: peak, 9,000 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 52′ W.

Cathedral: peak, 10,600 feet altitude, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 35′ N., long. 110° 06′ W., on new eastern boundary.

Cathedral: ridge, along west fork of Ladd Creek, T. 2 S., R. 9 E., Hood River County, Oreg.

Cathedral: rocks, on south wall of Yosemite Valley, Yosemite National Park, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Cathedral Point.)

Cathedral: small island, in Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 153° 08′ W. The island resembles a cathedral.

Cathedral: see Deborah.

Cathedral Peaks: see Mendicant, ridge, Colo.

Cathedral Point: see Cathedral, rocks, Calif.

Cathedral Rock: a peak of the Bighorn Crags, Lemhi County, Idaho, about 10 miles east of Middle Fork Salmon River, at the head of Wilson and Clear creeks, near lat. 45° 08′ N.

Cathedral Rocks: the crest of Little Tahoma Peak, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Catherine: see Catharine.

Cathlapootle: see Lewis, river, Wash.

Cat Hole Creek: see Ogleton.

Catiao: sitio, Longos Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gatiao.)

Caticlan: barrio, Buruanga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Catulan.)

Catipohan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Catipojan.)

Catipojan: see Catipohan, P. I.

Catlen: village, Dekalb County, Tenn. (Not Catlen Mills.)

Catlen Mills: see Catlen.

Catlin Mill: creek, Schuyler County, N. Y. (Not Catharine Mills.)

Catlo: see Catlow.

Catlow: valley, southern part of Harney County, Oreg. (Not Catalow nor Catlo.)

Catman: see Cotmon, P. I.

Catmon: barrios, in Burauen and San Isidro Municipalities, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Katmon.)

Catmon: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Katmon.)

Catmon: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Catmonan: see Catmunan, P. I.

Catmondaan: barrio, Catmon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Catmon-daan, Daan Catmon, nor Katmon Daan.)

Catmunan: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Catmonan.)

Catmunan: barrio, Dulag Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Catolohan: see Katolohan, P. I.

Cat Paw: Cats Paw: see Catbow.

Cattaloochee: see Cataloochee.

Cattaro: see Kotor.

Cattegat: see Kattegat.

Cattle Queen: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 48′ W., flowing southwest into Mineral Creek.

***Catubeg:** reef, in Albay Gulf, eastern coast of Luzon, P. I. (Not Catubig nor Katubeg.)

Catubig: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Catubig: see Catubeg, P. I.

Catugan: barrio, Valencia Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Catug-an nor Catugao.)

Catugao: see Catugan, P. I.

Catulan: see Caticlan, P. I.

Catulojan: see Katolohan, P. I.

Catunganan: Catungauan: see Katungauan, P. I.

Cauayan: barrio, Baliangao Municipality, Misamis Occidental Province, Mindanao, and barrio, Gumaca Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cawayan.)

Cauayan: barrio, Catarman Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Kawayan.)

Cauayan: barrio, Dalaguete Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cawayan, Kauayan, nor Kawayan.)

Cauayan: barrio, Libagon Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Cawayan nor Kawayan.)

***Cauayan:** barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cawayan.)

Cauayan: barrio, Manito Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Kauayan.)

Cauayan: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Canayan.)

Cauayan: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Canayan.)

Cauayan: barrio, Tacloban Municipality, Leyete Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Kauayan nor Kawayan.)

Cauayan: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cauayan: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

***Cauayanan:** barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Cawayanan.)

Cauyanbugtung: barrio, Candaba Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cawayan Gugtung.)

Cauayanin: barrios, in Infanta and Pitogo Municipalities, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Kawayanin.)

Cauca: pr. kow′kä; dept. and river, w. Colombia.

Caucas: see Caucus.

Caucogomoc: Caucogomuc: see Caucomgomoc.

Caucomgomoc: lake and stream, Piscataquis County, Me. (Not Caucogomoc, Caucogomuc, nor Cauquomgomoc.)

Caucus: shoal, at entrance to Pensacola Bay, Fla. (Not Caucas.)

Caudiat: see Cauguiat, P. I.

Cauguiat: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Caudiat.)

Cauigan: see Caauigan, P. I.

Cauit: see Kawit, P. I.

Caulk: landing and point, Mississippi River, Desha County, Ark. (Not Caulk's.)

Cauquomgomoc: see Caucomgomoc.

Causojay: see Kansuhay, P. I.

Causten's: see Causton.

Causton: bluff, Wilmington River, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Causten's.)

Cautín: pr. kow-tēn′; prov. and city, Chile; 38° 32′ S., 72° 20′ W.

Caution: passage, along east side of Skinner Island, south of Bertha Bay, on west coast of Chichagof Island, Alaska, near lat. 57° 47′ N., long. 136° 21′ W. The passage is not itself "cautious" but, being narrow and dangerous, its navigation demands "caution." (Not Coutous.)

Cavalla: See Kavalla.

Cavallo: point, San Francisco Bay, Marin County, Calif. (Not Caballo.)

Cavan: see Caven.

Cavanal: mountain and railroad station, Le Flore County, Okla. (Not Kavanaugh.)

Cavancalan: see Kabankalan, P. I.

Cavasi: see Kabasi, P. I.

Cave: cove, indenting western side of Outer Brass Island, Virgin Islands.

Cave: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 19, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., flowing southeast into Yucca Creek in sec. 28, Sequoia National Park. (Not Cascade.)

Cave: falls on Falls River just below the mouth of Bechler River, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Cavelano: see Cayetano.

Caven: point, shore of upper New York Bay, Hudson County, N. J. (Not Cavan nor Caven's.)

Cave Springs: village, Elk County, Kans. (Not Cavesprings.)

Caviauan: see Cabiaun, P. I.

Cavilauan: see Kabilaoan, P. I.

Cavit: see Kawit, P. I.

Cavite: municipality, Provincial Capital, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cavite: see Kawit, P. I.

Cawayan: see Cauayan, P. I.

Cawayanan: see Cauayanan, P. I.

Cawayan Gugtung: see Cauayanbugtung, P. I.

Cawit: see Kawit, P. I.

Cawit North: see Kawit, P. I.

Cawit South: see Kawit, P. I.

Cawker: city, Mitchell County, Kans. (Not Cawker City.)

Cawnpore: city, United Provinces, n. cen. India, on Ganges river; 26° 25′ N., 80° 20′ E.

***Caxambas:** bay, hill, pass, Gulf coast, southern Florida, Collier County, near Cape Romano and lat. 25° 54′. (Not Caximba, Caximbas, nor Caximbo Espanola.)

Caximba: Caximbas: see Caxambas.

Caximbo Espanola: see Caxambas.

Cayam: see Kayam, P. I.

Cayan: see Kayam, P. I.

Cayan: see Kayan, P. I.

Cayangnan: see Cayanguan, P. I.

Cayanguan: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cayangnan.)

Cayanlog: see Quianlog, P. I.

Caybiran: see Caibiran, P. I.

Cayenne: pr. kī-ĕn′; capital city and seaport, Fr. Guiana; 5° N., 52° 20′ W.

Cayetano: creek, Alameda County, Calif. (Not Arroyo Cavelano, Arroyo Covelano, Calletano, nor Cavelano.)

Cay-Lanay: see Caylaway, P. I.

Caylaway: barrio, Nasugbu Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cay-Lanay.)

Cayman: islands belonging to Jamaica, B. W. I., 19° 20′ N., 81° 20′ W.

Cayo Comandante: see Comandante.

Cayo de la Botella: see Botella.

Cayo del Agua: Cayo Porto Real: see Cayo Real.

Cayo de Luis-Pena: see Luispena, cay, P. R.

Cayo Real: southeastern side of Port Real, Vieques Island, P. R. (Not Cayo del Agua, Cayo Porto Real, Real Cay, nor Water Cay.)

Cayote: see Coyote, Nebr.

Caypombo: see Kaypombo, P. I.

Cayquiuit: see Kaykiwit, P. I.

Cay Sal and Labos: pr. kē säl and lă′bōs; island, the Bahamas.

Caysasay: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caysaysay.)

Caysaysay: see Caysasay, P. I.

Caysio: see Kaysio, P. I.

Caytambog: see Kaytambog Norte, P. I.

Caytitinga: see Kaytitinga, P. I.

Cazabe: see Casabe.

Cazada: see Calzada, P. I.

Ceará: pr. seh-ä-rä′; state, e. Brazil.

Ceará (city): see Fortaleza.

Cebu: municipality, Provincial Capital, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Čechy (Bohemia): pr. chékhi; w. province, Czechoslovakia; formerly a part of Austria, called Böhmen. See also Bohemia.

Cecil: mountain, Alaska, altitude 3,255 feet, about lat. 56° 38′ N., long. 134° 40′ W., eastern side Baranof Island about 1¼ miles from shore Chatham Strait, about 6 miles north Point Patterson and 1¾ miles from head of Patterson Bay, Alaska.

Cedar: small drainage canyon, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., above the Grand Canyon rim near the southeast corner of the park, draining east into Little Colorado River.

Cedar: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 10, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., flowing into Yucca Creek in sec. 8, Sequoia National Park.

Cedar: creek, south of Binney Creek, rising on northwest slope of Storm Mountain, tributary to Slate Creek from southeast, sec. 12, T. 46 N., R. 4 E., secs. 18 and 20, T. 46 N., R. 5 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Cedar: creek, Prairie County, Mont., rises in sec. 32, T. 16 N., R. 48 E., Montana principal meridian, flows southeast and with Cherry Creek forms Maynadier Creek in sec. 23, T. 13 N., R. 50 E.

Cedar: creek, tributary to Cannonball River, N. Dak. (Not Cannon Ball nor South Fork of Cannon Ball.)

Cedar: island, southeast of Laireys Island, West Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Lairey nor Southdown.)

Cedar: lake, T. 32 N., R. 2 W., Starke County, Ind. (Not Bass.)

Cedar: mountain, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., about half mile from the eastern park boundary and 3 miles north of southeast corner.

Cedar: point, southern shore, East Bay, Bay County, Fla. (Not East Point.)

Cedar: river, Duval County, Fla., rising in western part of sec. 25, T. 2 S., R. 26 E., flowing southeast, entering Ortega River, in sec. 5, T. 3 S., R. 26 E., south of Lakeside Park. Named by the commissioners of Duval County, by resolution reported April 1, 1926. (Not Cedar Creek.)

*__Cedar:__ river, rising in sec. 1, T. 105 N., R. 17 W., of the 5th P. M., in Dodge Co., Minnesota, flows southerly, entering Iowa near long. 93° 00′ W., into the Iowa River in Louisa Co., near lat. 41° 17′ N., long. 91° 20′ W. (Not Red Cedar.)

Cedar: spring, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 112° 11′ W.

Cedar: see Channahatchee, creek, Ala.

Cedar: see Mannering, creek, Idaho.

Cedar: see Upper Cedar, point, Md.

Cedar: see Fan, mountain, Mont.

Cedar: see Maynadier, creek, Mont.

Cedar: see Pennock, mountain, Wyo.

Cedar Beach: point, Great Hog Neck, east end of Long Island, N. Y.

Cedar Creek: railroad station, Cass County, Nebr. (Not Cedarcreek.)

Cedar Creek: see Broward, river.

Cedar Creek: see Cedar, river, Fla.

Cedar Creek: see Caesar Creek, Ind.

Cedar Grove: see Seeley, town, N. J.

Cedar Keys: city, Levy County, Fla. (Not Cedar Key.)

Cedar Log: creek, Ts. 12 and 13 N., Rs. 25 and 26 W., tributary to West Fork Fish Creek from southeast, Mineral County, Mont.

Cedar Point: city, Chase County, Kans. (Not Cedarpoint.)

Cedartown: militia district and town Polk County, Ga. (Not Cedar Town.)

Cedarvale: city, Chautauqua County, Kans. (Not Cedar Vale.)

Cedros: see Cerros.

Ceho-Slovacia: see Czechoslovakia.

Ceiba, La: see La Ceiba.

Celebes: island, Neth. India, and sea n. thereof; Dutch, Celebes or Selébès.

Celeron: see Celoron.

Celina Grand Reservoir: see St. Marys, lake, Ohio.

Celoron: village, Chautauqua County, N. Y. (Not Celeron.)

Cemochechobee: creek, Clay and Randolph Counties, Ga. Not Browns Mill, Cemochechobbee, Cemocheechobee, nor Comochechebbee.)

Centennial: mountains, forming boundary line between Montana and Idaho, from Red Rock Pass, just west of Henrys Lake, Idaho, to Beaver Canyon, near Monida, Mont. (Not Henry's Lake.)

Centennial Cone: mountain, lat. 39° 45′ N., long. 105° 21′ W., Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Sheep.)

Centeotl: headland (Point Centeotl), Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 27′ W.

Center: creek, head of East Fork Sixmile Creek, lat. 60° 40′ N., long. 149° 15′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Divide.)

Center: ditch, diversion from Puohokamoa Stream, east Maui, extending westward across country on a gentle grade to Nailiilihaele Stream at the intake of Haiku and Lowrie Ditches, T. H.

Center: island, in Oyster Bay, Long Island Sound, N. Y. (Not Hog.)

Center: township, Clark County, Kans. (Not Ashland.)

Center: village, Tooele County, Utah. (Not Centre nor Centreville.)

Center: see Centre, county, Pa.

Center: see Branch, river, Wis.

Center Bartlett: village, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Glen.)

Center Berlin: railroad station, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Berlin Centre.)

Center Brunswick: see Brunswick Center.

Center Hall: see Centre Hall.

Centerline: road, running through center of St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Centerport: borough, Berks County, Pa. (Not Centre Port.)

Centers: point, Merrymeeting Bay, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Senter's.)

Centerton: see Bougher.

Centerview: town, Johnson County, Mo. (Not Centreview.)

Centerville: harbor, south shore of Cape Cod, Mass. (Not New.)

Centerville: see Opahwah, butte, Calif.

Centerville: see Meadows, town, Md.

Centerville: see Rock Cave, town, W. Va.

Central: plateau, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., between Yellowstone River drainage on the east and Madison River drainage on the north and west, mean elevation approximately 8,200 feet. (Not Highland.)

Central: village, Anderson County, Kans. (Not Central City.)

Central City: town, Gilpin County, Colo. (Not Central.)

Central City: see Central, village, Kans.

Centralia: mountain, altitude 9,800 feet, 7 miles northeast of Blackhawk, 1¼ miles northwest of Golden Peak, in SE. ¼ sec. 31, T. 2 S., R. 71 W., Jefferson County, Colo.

Centre: county, in central Pennsylvania. (Not Center.)

Centre: see Branch.

Centre: see Center, village.

Centre Hall: borough, Centre County, Pa. (Not Center Hall.)

Centre Port: see Centerport.

Centreview: see Centerview.

Centreville: see Center, village, Utah.

Centreville: see Fentress, village, Va.

Ceram: island, one of the Moluccas, Neth. India, and sea north thereof; Dutch, Ceram or Séran. (Not Serang.)

Cerberus: mountain (Mount Cerberus), 3,687 feet high, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 10 miles west of Mount Katmai, near Katmai Pass and lat. 58° 15′ N., long. 155° 12′ W.

Cerion: key, 160 yards wide, in lat. 24° 41′ 04″, long. 81° 13′ 40″, Florida Keys.

Cernaŭţi: pr. cherna-úts(i); city, Bucovina, n. Rumania; Ger. Czernowitz; Pol. Czerniowce; Ukr. Chernivtsi;† 48° 20′ N., 25° 50′ E.

Cerrilo: see Cerrito.

Cerrito: creek, between Alameda and Contra Costa Counties, Calif. (Not Cerrilo.)

Cerro Azul: pr. seh′rrō ä-sōōl′, seaport, Peru; 12° 59′ S., 76° 39′ W.

Cerro Blanco: see Sierra Blanca.

Cerro Bonito: ridge, Diablo Range, dividing valley of Pimental Creek from Panoche Valley, San Benito County, Calif.

Cerro del Temporal: see Windy, hill, Ariz.

***Cerro Gordo:** township, Lac qui Parle County, Minn. (Not Cerrogordo.)

Cerro Largo: pr. seh′rrō lär′gō; dept., Uruguay; 32° 30′ S., 54° 30′ W.

Cerros: island, off west coast of Lower California. (Not Cedros.)

Cerulean: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 114° 03′ W. At the head of Quartz Valley and on three sides bordered by precipitous mountain walls 2,000 to 4,000 feet high. Area about 100 acres.

Cerulean: mountain, between Bowman and Quartz Lakes, Flathead County, Mont.

Cervantes: settlement, Mountain Province (subprovince Lepanto), Luzon, P. I.

Césarée: see Kayseri.

České Budějovice: pr. chěs'keh búdyěyovētseh; city, Czechoslovakia, in s. Bohemia; Ger. Budweis; 48° 59′ N., 14° 28′ E.

Československo: see Czechoslovakia.

Česky Les: see Bohemian Forest.

Cetinje: pr. tsětĭnyĕ; town, s. w. Yugoslavia; former capital of Montenegro; Ital. Cettigne; 42° 24′ N., 18° 55′ E.

Cette: see Sète.

Cettigne: see Cetinje.

Ceylon: Br. island colony, s. e. of India proper; 8° N., 80° E.

Cha: canyon and creek, south bank San Juan River, near long. 110° 50′ W., San Juan County, Utah.

Chabarowsk: see Khabarovsk.

Chabats: see Šabac.

Chaca: Chaco: see Chacra.

Chaco: plateau and river, McKinley and San Juan counties, N. Mex. (Not Rio Chaco.)

Chaco, El (the Chaco): region, S. America; part is in Argentina, but larger part is claimed by Bolivia and Paraguay.

Chacra: mesa, eastern part of McKinley County, N. Mex. (Not Chaca nor Chaco.)

Chacuaco: creek, branch of Purgatoire River, and canyon, Las Animas County, Colo. (Not Chaquaqua, Chaquaquo, nor Chiquaqua.)

***Chadds Ford:** village, post office, and railroad station in Delaware County, Pa. (Not Chads Ford.)

Chads Ford: see Chadds Ford.

Chadwick: hill, 454 feet high, San Juan County, Wash., on southeastern extremity of Lopez Islands, northwest shore of Watmough Bight. Local usage, Mount Chadwick, after a settler.

Chadwick: pond, Haverhill City, Essex County, Mass. (Not Little.)

Cha-ez-kla Rock: see Chaistla.

Chaffin: bluff, James River, Henrico County, Va. (Not Chafin's nor Chapin's.)

Chafin's: see Chaffin.

Chagoopa: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising one-fourth mile northeast of summit of Mount Kaweah, in sec. 23, T. 16 S., R. 32 E., flowing southeast into Kern River in sec. 16, T. 17 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park. For an old Piaute Indian chief.

Chagoopa: falls, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 5, T. 17 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Shagoopah.)

Chagoopa: plateau, Tulare County, Calif., southeast of Kaweah Peaks Ridge between Kern River and Red Spur Creek on the east and Big Arroyo on the west, Sequoia National Park.

***Chagulak:** volcanic island, 4,300 feet high, 6 miles northeast of Amukta Island, lat. 52° 35′ N., long. 171° 10′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Chugul.) In order to avoid the confusion arising from the presence in the same general vicinity of three islands by the name Chugul, two of these have been changed to Chagulak and Segula, which have been used in the past as variants of Chugul.

Chain: lakes, T. 35 N., R. 107 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Chaistla: butte, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Cha-ez-kla Rock.)

Chakachamna: lake, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, about 14 miles long, near lat. 61° 12′ N., long. 152° 35′ W. Native name for this lake.

Chakachatna: river, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, outlet of Lake Chakachamna, flowing southeast into McArthur River, 2 miles above its mouth, on west side Trading Bay, Cook inlet. Native name of this river.

Chakatonkno: see Chokotonk.

Chalcedony: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 15′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Chaleur: bay, an inlet of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, between New Brunswick and Quebec, Dominion of Canada. (Not Chaleurs nor Bay of Chaleurs.)

Chaleurs: see Chaleur.

Chalk: mountains, Archuleta County, Colo., a ridge about 6 miles long and 12,000 feet altitude forming divide between headwaters of Rio Blanco and Navajo River, near lat. 37° 09′ N., long. 106° 45′ W., running northeast from Navajo Peak. Local name, which has reference to their chalky formation and also to the fact that the flood waters from these mountains are almost white.

Chalk: see Princeton, peak, Colo.

Chalk: see Laughingwell, branch, Tenk.

Chalkstone: see Johnson, creek, S. Dan.

Chalybeate Spring: see Cottaquila.

Chamelecón: pr. chä-meh-leh-kōn′; river, Honduras.

Chamisal: mountain, altitude 2,598 feet, east of Shelter Cove, 3 miles ESE. from Pt. Delgado, lat. 40° 00′ 52″, long. 124° 00′ 13″, Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Chamiza, Chemisal, Chemise, nor Chemiss.)

Chamiza: see Chamisal.

Champlain: mountain, located southeast of Flying Squadron Mountain, Acadia National Park, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Newport.)

Champlain: see Great Chazy.

Champlin: see Simpson, mountains, Utah.

Champlin: see West Tintic, mountains, Utah.

Chanatta: Chanatte: see Chinati.

Chance: cove and lagoon, on north side McArthur Pass, Alaska, near lat. 59° 29′ N., long. 150° 19′ W.

Chandalar: lake, lat. 67° 30′ N., long. 148° 30′ W., drained by Chandalar River tributary to Yukon River below Porcupine River near lat. 66° 38′ N., long. 147° 00′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Achenchik, Chand-lar, Chandlar, Chan d'lar, Gens de Large, nor Tadrandike.)

Chandernagor: see India, French.

Chandik: Chandike: Chandindu: see Klondike, river, Alaska.

Chan d'lar: see Chandalar.

Chand-lar: Chandlar: see Chandalar.

Chandler: bay, west of Roque Island, Washington County, Me. (Not Chandler's.)

Chandler: lake and river, northern Alaska, on the north slope of Brooks Range, draining north to Killik River, near long. 153° 25′ W.

Chandler: landing on Red River, Pointe Coupee Parish, La. (Not Chandler's.)

Chandler's: see Langlee.

Chaney: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 50′ W. *near summit on northeast slope of* Continental Divide.

Chaney: see Lamphier.

Changan: see Sian.

Changchun: city, Kirin prov., Manchuria; also called Kwanchengtze; 43° 55′ N., 125° 10′ E.

Changsha: capital city, Hunan prov. cen. China; 28° 10′ N., 113° E.

Chania: see Khania.

Chankliut: island, near Chignik Bay. lat. 56° 09′ N., long. 158° 07′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska.

Channahatchee: creek, Elmore County, Ala., rising near southwest corner of T. 20 N., R. 19 E., St. Stephens meridian, flows easterly into Tallapoosa River. (Not Cedar.)

Channel: mountain, altitude, 8,700 feet, Yellowstone National Park, near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 110° 23′ W., between Heart Lake and South Arm of Yellowstone Lake, on the Continental Divide.

Channel: small dry rock, Hancock County, Me., in channel about 1¼ miles north of the north end of Isle au Haut, lat. 44° 06′.5 N., long. 68° 36′ W. (Not Middle Ledge.)

Channel: British group of islands in English Channel; 49° 30′ N., 2° 30′ W.

Channel: see Chatham, island.

Channel Rock: see Burnt, ledge, Me.

Chanter's: see Goose Pond.

Chaol: canyon, south branch Navajo Canyon, 20 miles east of Colorado River, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Dortch.)

Chaos: lava beds, Shasta County, Calif., in secs. 7, 8, 17, and 18, T. 31 N., R. 4 E.

Chaos Crags: rough, broken mountains, Shasta County, Calif., chiefly in secs. 21 and 22, T. 31 N., R. 4 E., 2 miles north of Lassen Peak.

Chapace: Chapaka: see Chopaka.

Chaparral: gulch and railroad station, Yavapai County, Ariz. (Not Chaparal.)

Chapeau: see Gull, islands.

Chapel: see Kershaw, creek, N. C.

Chapel: see Woodland, village, Md.

Chapin's: see Chaffin.

Chapman: peak, altitude 9,375 feet, just north Browns Pass, between Wurdeman Lake and Logan Glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont.

Chapman: peak (Mount Chapman), 6,425 feet high, Great Smoky Mountains National Park, Swain County, N. C., and Sevier County, Tenn., about 2 miles southwest of Mount Guyot, near lat. 35° 41′ N., long. 83° 17′ W. Named for David C. Chapman, whose initiative and persistent activity through many years was largely responsible for the establishment of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, by the act of Congress, approved May 22, 1926. (Not Black, Old Black, nor The Black.)

Chapman: shoal, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Chapman's.)

Chapman: see Hay, creek, Mont.

Chapman Dock: light, Whitehall Narrows, Lake Champlain, N. Y. (Not Chapman's Dock.)

Chapman's: see Chapman, shoal.

Chapowamsic: see Chopawamsic.

Chappaquoit: point, at entrance of Hogg Island Harbor, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Chappaquoit Island, Chassaquoit Point, nor Hog Island.)

Chappaquoit Island: see Chappaquoit.

Chaquaqua: Chaquaquo: see Chacuaco.

Charbonneau: creek, McKenzie County, N. Dak., rises in sec. 14, T. 148 N., R. 102 W., fifth principal meridian and flows in a general northwest direction to the Yellowstone River into which it empties in sec. 35, T. 151 N., R. 104 W. Named by Lewis and Clark for their interpreter, Charbonneau, the husband of Sacagawea.

Charcoal: creek, tributary to Sumner Strait, 6 miles east of Baker Point, north end Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Charkow: see Kharkov.

Charles: creek, Warren County, Tenn. (Nor Charley.)

Charles: reef, in Madison Harbor, Long Island Sound, near Madison, Conn. (Not Charles's.)

Charles: river, in eastern Massachusetts. (Not Quinobin.)

Charles Neck: see Blake Point.

Charleston: capital of West Virginia, in Kanawha Co., on the Kanawha River, near lat. 38° 20′ N., long. 81° 37′ W. Population in 1930, 60,408. (Pronounced, chärlz′tŭn.)

Charleston: peak, Clark County, Nev., in T. 19 S., R. 56 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Timber.)

Charleston: township, Tioga County, Pa. (Not Charlestown.)

Charleston: see Spring, mountains, Nev.

Charleston: see Bryson, town, N. C.

Charles Town: magisterial district and town, Jefferson County, W. Va. Agreeable to wish of citizens of Charles Town, to avoid confusion with Charleston, Kanawha County, W. Va. (Not Charlestown.)

Charlestown: township, Redwood County, Minn. (Not Charleston.)

Charlestown: see Charleston, township.

Charlevoix: lake (Lake Charlevoix), 14 miles long, Charlevoix County, Mich., draining to Lake Michigan, northwest coast of lower peninsula. (Not Long nor Pine.) The change from Pine Lake was made at the request of the county board of supervisors.

Charley: see Charles, creek, Tenn.

Charlies: creek, near South Aberdeen, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Charlies River.)

Charlotte: see Rochester, harbor, N. Y.

Charlotte Amalia: Charlotte Amalie: see St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.

Charlton: landing, southern point of Sauvie Island, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Charltons.)

Charlton Flat: an open area, Los Angeles County, Calif., in southeast part of T. 3 N., R. 11 W., near Pine Mountain, Angeles National Forest. Named after the late R. H. Charlton, who was supervisor of the Angeles National Forest for more than 20 years, 1905–1925. (Not Pine Flats.)

Charltons: see Charlton.

Charpentier: see Rendu.

Charput: see Harput.

Charred: creek, tributary to Vermilion River from southwest, in sec. 11, T. 24 N., R. 29 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Charter Hall: point, Cecil County, Md., on east side of small bay at head of Chesapeake Bay, about 2 miles east of mouth of Susquehanna River, lat. 39° 33′.1 N., long. 76° 02′.1 W. (Not Shadow Hall.)

Charybdis: butte, above the north wall of Granite Gorge, at the mouth of Tuna Creek, Coconino County, Ariz.

Chase: see Nesenkeag.

Chase's: Chases: see Little Nesenkeag.

Chasm: lake, northeast side Longs Peak, in East Gorge at head of Roaring Fork, sec. 6, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., Boulder County, Colo.

Chassaquoit Point: see Chappaquoit.

Chastain: village, in Baxter County, Ark. (Not Chastine.)

Chastine: see Chastain.

Chat: cove, two-thirds of a mile wide, 1 mile long, 1 mile west of Cape Aialik, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 43′, long. 149° 34′. Takes name from island in front of the cove.

Chat: island (470 feet high), eastern side of entrance to Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 42′ N., long. 149° 34′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Chat: see Cat, island, N.Y.

Chatahospee: creek, tributary from the east to Tallapoosa River, Chambers and Tallapoosa Counties, Ala. (Not Chattahospee, Hoolethlocco, Hoolethloces, Hoolethloco, nor Hootethlocco.)

Chatalja: see Çatalca.

Chatata: creek, Bradley County, Tenn. (Not Chateetee.)

Chatcolet: lake, creek, and town, Benewah County, Idaho, at southern extremity Cœur d'Alene Lake, in T. 46 N., Rs. 3 and 4 W., Cœur d'Alene National Forest. (Not Chatgolet nor St. Joseph.)

Chateetee: see Chatata.

Chatgolet: see Chatcolet.

Chatham: borough, Kent county, England, 30 mi. e. s. e. of London; 51° 23′ N., 0° 31′ E.

Chatham: island, in the middle of Port Chatham, lat. 59° 12′ N., long. 151° 46′.8 W., western end Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Channel.)

Chatooga: see Chattooga.

***Chattahoochee:** river, chiefly in Georgia, rising near Georgia-S. Carolina boundary, flowing S. forming south half of Ga.-S. C. boundary, uniting with the Flint River on the Florida-Georgia boundary line to form the Apalachicola River. (Pronounced, chăt-tā-hōō′-chē.)

Chattahospee: see Chatahospee.

Chattanooga: city, in Hamilton Co., Tennessee, on the Tennessee River, near lat. 35° 04′ N., long. 85° 19′ W. Population in 1930, 119,539. (Pronounced, chăt-ā-nōō′-ga.)

Chattooga: ridge, Jackson County, N. C., and Oconee County, S. C.: township, Oconee County, S. C.: river, forming part of the South Carolina-Georgia boundary line. (Not Chatooga nor Chatuga.)

Chaucer's: see Goose Pond.

Chaudiere: see Kettle Falls, Minn.-Ont.

Chaudiere: see Koochiching, falls, Minn.-Ont.

Chauekuktuli: large lake, about 20 miles long, north of Nuyakuk Lake, Nushagak region, Alaska, lat. 60° 03′ N., long. 159° 00′ W.

Chaufchivak: hill (Mount Chaufchivak), Nushagak region, Alaska, at the foot of Chauekuktuli Lake, lat. 60° 03′ N., long. 158° 32′ W. This is the local name reported by natives and verified by a local authority.

Chautauqua: city, Chautauqua County, Kans. (Not Chautauqua Springs.)

Chautauqua: lake, Dane Prairie Township, Otter Tail County, Minn. (Not Lye.)

Chautauqua: lake, Chautauqua County, N. Y.

Chautauqua Springs: see Chautauqua, Kans.

Chavaiyan: barrio, Sabtang Municipality, Batanes Province, Sabtang Island, Batan Islands, P. I. (Not Chavayan.)

Chavayan: see Chavaiyan, P. I.

Chawappa: see Chiwapa.

Chazy: see Great Chazy.

Cheaha: mountain, Clay County, Ala. (Not Blue, Che-aw-ha, Chehaw, Chehaw-haw, nor Shinbone.)

Cheat: river, Tucker County, W. Va., formed by junction of Shavers Fork and Black Fork, at town of Parsons, W. Va., near lat. 39° 05′ N., long. 79° 41′ W., flowing northwest into Pennsylvania, entering Monongahela River at village of Point Marion, Fayette County, near lat. 39° 45′, long. 79° 55′.

Cheatbeck: creek, T. 11 S., R. 41 E., Bannock County, Idaho. (Not Sheepback.)

Che-aw-ha: see Cheaha.

Cheboygan: river, draining Mullett Lake and emptying into Mackinac Strait, Cheboygan County, Mich.

Cheboygan: see Black, lake and river, Mich.

Cheboygan: see McLeod, bay, Mich.

Checagon: see Chicagon.

Checats: creek, Alaska, entering Checats Cove from the east, on the mainland, near lat. 55° 30′ N., long. 130° 50′ W., Tongass National Forest. Reported by Commander Jefferson F. Moser, 1897 and 1901, as native name.

Checayon: see Chicagon.

Check: see Cheek, landing, Ark.

Checock: see Chekok.

Chediski: mountain, Navajo County, Ariz., in T. 9 N., R. 15½ E., about 1 mile long, rising to a height of about 1,000 feet, in the northwest part of Fort Apache Indian Reservation. Apache Indian name, meaning "long white rock."

Cheek: landing, Mississippi River, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not Check.)

Che kok: see Chekok.

***Cheektowaga:** town, Erie County, N. Y. Revised description.

Cheenik: creek, entering Golofnin Bay at Cheenik, near lat. 64° 33′ N., long. 163° 00′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska.

Cheesequake: creek, Madison Township, Middlesex County, N. J. (Not Cheese, nor Chesquakes.)

Chefonte: see Chefuncte.

Chefoo: seaport, Shantung prov., n. e. China proper; 37° 35′ N., 121° 24′ E. (Not Chifu.)

Chefuncte: river, St. Tammany Parish, La. (Not Chefonte nor Tchefuncta.)

Chehalis: point, southern side entrance to Grays Harbor, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Hanson nor Peterson.)

Chehaw: Chehaw-haw: see Cheaha.

Chekiang: maritime prov., China; Fr. Tche-kiang; Ger. Tsche-kiang.

Chekok: bay, and creek tributary thereto, northern shore of Iliamna Lake, west of Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Checock, Cheekok, nor Chikak.)

Cheliabinsk: see Chelyabinsk.

Chelsea: see Pines, river, N. J.

Cheltenham: borough, Gloucestershire, England; 51° 57′ N., 2° 5′ W.

Chelyabinsk: pr. chĕl-yä′-binsk; city just e. of s. end of the Urals, Ural Oblast, Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); Fr. Tcheliabinsk; Ger. Tscheljabinsk; 55° 10′ N., 61° 10′ E. (Not Cheliabinsk.)

Chemehuevi Point: headland, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, 1 mile west of Bass Camp, Coconino County, Ariz.

Chemisal: see Bolsa de Chamisal.

Chemisal: Chemise: Chemiss: see Chamisal.

Chemnitz: pr. kem'nits; city, state of Saxony, s. cen. Germany; 50° 50′ N., 12° 55′ E.

Chemo: pond, Penobscot County, Me., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 68° 35′ W. (Not Nichols.)

Chemo: see Blackman, stream, Me.

Chemquasabamtic: see Chemquasabamticook.

Chemquasabamticook: lake and stream, Piscataquis County, Me. (Not Chemquasabamtic nor Chemquassabamticook.)

Chemulpho: see Jinsen.

***Chemulpo:** see Jinsen.

Chemung: lake (Lake Chemung), Livingston County, Genoa Township, Mich., in T. 2 N., R. 5 E. (Not Long.) In the Delaware tongue it means "Great Loon."

Chenango: valley of the Chenango River, Madison, Chenango, and Broome Counties, N. Y.

Chenango Creek: see Sangerfield.

Cheney: creek, McKenzie County, N. Dak., rises in T. 148 N., R. 104 W. tributary to Yellowstone River on border of North Dakota and Montana, in T. 149 N., R. 104 W., fifth principal meridian. (Not Cheyene.) According to local authorities, named for an old timer and Indian fighter, William Cheney.

Chengtu: capital city, Szechwan prov., w. China proper; 30° 45′ N., 104° 15′ E.

Chengwatana: township, Pine County Minn. (Not Chengwatona.)

Chenoweth: creek, tributary to Columbia River, west of The Dalles, Wasco County, Oreg. (Not Chenowith.)

Chenstokhov: see Częstochowa.

Chenuis: creek, tributary to Carbon River from east, flowing along northern boundary Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Chenuis: mountain, east of Carbon River, south of Chenuis River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Cheoah: mountains, river, and village, Graham County, N. C. (Not Cheowah.)

Cheoah: see Teyahallee.

Cheops Pyramid: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 112° 07′ W.

Cheops Pyramid: see Signal, butte.

Cheowah: see Cheoah.

Chepalis: see Copalis.

Chepat: creek, T. 35 N., R. 24 W., tributary to Stillwater River from east, Lincoln County, Mont.

Chepinoxet: see Chepiwanoxet.

Chepiwanoxet: island, Greenwich Bay, Warwick town, Kent County, R. I. (Not Chepinoxet, Chiponaug, Chippanogset, nor Chippewanoxett.)

Cheputnacook: see Chiputneticook.

Chequamegon: bay and point, Lake Superior, Ashland County, Wis. (Not Ashland nor Shagwamigon.)

Cherbourg: pr. shĕr-bo͝or′; seaport, n. France; 49° 40′ N., 1° 37′ W.

Cherebusco: see Churubusco.

Cheribon: pr. chĕ-rĕ-bon′; city, Java, Neth. India; Dutch, Cheribon or Tjirebon; 6° 45′ S., 108° 33′ E.

Chernabura: island, small island 100 feet high, about 15 miles northeast of Sanak Island and east of Unimak Island, lat. 54° 37′ N., long. 162° 22′ W., near end of Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Chernobour.)

Chernivtsi: see Cernăuti.

Chernobour: see Chernabura.

Chernoe More: see Black Sea.

Chernof: glacier, western slope Kenai Mountains, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 150° 32′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Cherry: creek, Garrett County, Md. (Not Cherry Tree.)

Cherry: creek, Ts. 2, 3, and 4 S., Rs. 1 and 2 E., tributary to Madison River, Madison County, Mont. (Not Mill.)

Cherry: creek, Prairie County, Mont., rises in sec. 9, T. 14 N., R. 46 E., and with Cedar Creek forms Maynadier Creek in sec. 23, T. 13 N., R. 50 E., Montana principal meridian.

Cherry: see Maynadier, creek, Mont.

Cherry Creek: village, White County, Tenn. (Not Cherrycreek.)

Cherryhill: township, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Cherry Hill.)

Cherry Tree: point, Harford County, Md., on west side of Chesapeake Bay, near lat. 39° 25′.3 N., long. 76° 07′.3 W. (Not Stone.)

Cherry Tree: see Cherry Creek, Md.

Cherrytree: borough, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Cherry Tree.)

Cherrytree: town and township, Venango County, Pa. (Not Cherry Tree.)

Cherson: see Kherson.

Cherubusco: see Churubusco.

Chesapeake City: town, Cecil County, Md. (Not Chesapeake.)

Cheshire: county, w. England (=Chester county).

Cheshnina: river, tributary to the Copper River from the east near lat. 61° 43′ N., long. 144° 44′ W., Alaska. (Not Cheshni.)

Chesnimnus: creek, northern part Wallowa National Forest, Wallowa County, Oreg. (Not Chesninimus.)

Chesninimus: see Chesnimnus.

Chesquakes: see Cheesequake.

Chestatee: militia district and river Lumpkin County, Ga. (Not Chostatee nor Chosteta.)

Chester: city, Cheshire, w. England, 12 mi. s. of Liverpool; 53° 12′ N., 2° 55′ W.

Chester: harbor (Port Chester), mouth of Byram River, Long Island Sound. (Not Byram.)

Chester, county: see Cheshire.

Chesterfield: city, Derbyshire, England; 53° 15′ N., 1° 25′ W.

Chesterfield Factory: see Spofford.

Chestimacha: see Grand, lake, La.

Chestnut: ridge, Pa. and W. Va., extending northeastward from Cheat River in Preston County, W. Va., to the town of Indiana, Indiana County, Pa. Name goes back to the revolutionary days. Location approved by the Pennsylvania Geographic Board.

Chestnut: see Maple, branch, Tenn.

Chestnuthill: township, Monroe County, Pa. (Not Chestnut Hill.)

Chestua: see Chestuee.

Chestuee: creek, Monroe, McMinn and Polk counties, Tenn., flowing southwest into Hiwassee River. (Not Chestua.)

Chetco: river, emptying into the Pacific Ocean near Harbor, Curry County, Oreg. (Not Chetko.)

Chetemacha: Chetimaches: see Grand, lake, La.

Chetko: see Chetco.

Chettro Kettle: archeological ruins of pueblo type, Chaco Canyon National Monument, San Juan County, N. Mex., about one-fourth mile east of Pueblo Bonito. Name given by Lieut. J. H. Simpson, United States Army, who, in his report describing the military expedition into the Navajo country, 1849, gave the first authentic account of the prehistoric ruins in Chaco Canyon.

Cheval: island, on southwest side of Harding Gateway, Resurrection Bay near lat. 59° 46′ N., long. 149° 31′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Horse.)

Chevelon: butte, altitude 6,935 feet, Navajo County, Ariz., in T. 15 N., R. 14 E. (Not Chevalons, Chevellons, nor Shevlons.)

Chevelon: fork, rising in Coconino County, Ariz., near Promontory Butte, flowing northeast through a very deep, rough canyon, into Navajo County, into the Little Colorado River, at Hardy Station, on the Santa Fe, in T. 18 N., R. 17 E. (Not Chevalon, Chevellon, Chevlon, nor Shevellon.) Named after an early trapper and scout.

Chevlon: see Chevelon, fork, Ariz.

Chewack: creek, tributary from the north to Methow River at Winthrop, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Che-wuch, Che-wuck, Chiwak, nor North Fork.)

Chewonki: creek, tributary to Montsweag Bay from north, between Young Point and Chewonki Neck, Lincoln County, Me.

Che-wuch: Che-wuck: see Chewack.

Cheyene: see Cheney, creek, N. Dak.

Cheyenne: capital of Wyoming, in Laramie Co., on Crow Creek, near lat. 41° 08′ N., long. 104° 49′ W. Population in 1930, 17,361. (Pronounced, shī-ĕnn′.)

Cheyenne: river of South Dakota and Wyoming, tributary to the Missouri. (Not Sheyenne nor Shyenne.) Not to be confused with Sheyenne River of North Dakota, tributary to the Red River.

Cheyenne: see Sheyenne.

Chezhindeza: canyon, and mesa, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz.

Chiachi: islands, about 50 miles northeast of Shumagin Islands, near lat. 55° 52′ N., long. 159° 07′ W., on the south coast of Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Chiacht.)

Chiapas: pr. chē-ap′as; state and city s. Mexico; 16° 39′ N., 92° 58′ W.

Chicacomico: see Chicamacomico, river.

Chicacoon: see Chicone.

Chicago: city in Cook Co., Illinois, on Lake Michigan, near lat. 41° 51′ N., long. 87° 39′ W. Population in 1930, 3,375,329. (Pronounced, shĭ-kaw′-gō.)

Chicago: creek, rising near Chicago Peak, flowing northwest and draining into Copper Gulch, in sec. 21, T. 27 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Chicagon: lake and slough, Iron County, Mich. (Not Checagon, Checayon, nor Chicgon.)

Chicakaclachno: see Tlikakila.

Chicamacomico: life-saving station north of Cape Hatteras, N. C. (Not Chickamicomico.)

Chicamacomico: river, tributary to Transquaking River, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Chicacomico, Chicimacomico, Chickamacamico, nor Chickamacomico.)

Chicaskia: township, Harper County, Kans. (Not Chikaskia.)

Chicaskia: see Chikaskia, township, Kans.

Chicgon: see Chicagon.

Chichagof: harbor, indenting north shore of Attu Island, near lat. 52° 56′ N., long. 173° 15′ E., western Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Tchitchagoff.)

Chichitnok: river, Nushagak Region, Alaska, lat. 60° 25′ N., long. 157° 18′ W., tributary of the Nushagak River from the north. Well known locally by this name.

Chicimacomico: see Chicamacomico.

Chickadee: pond, small, in sec. 25, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., on Ouzel Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Chickamacamico: see Chicamacomico.

Chickaming: see Chikaming.

Chickasabouge: see Chickasaw.

Chickasaw: creek, Mobile County, Ala. (Not Chickasabouge.)

Chickasonoxie: see Chikasanoxee.

Chickawaka: see Chickawaukie.

Chickawaukie: pond, Rockland City and Rockport Town, Knox County, Me. (Not Chickawaka nor Cichicwaukie.)

Chicken: island on east side of Lathouche Passage, 3½ miles southward from Point Grace, lat. 60° 02′ N., long. 147° 56′ W., Alaska.

Chicken: ridge, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., watershed between South Arm of Yellowstone Lake and Heart Lake, extending north and south. The highest summit on this ridge is Overlook Mountain, 9,400 feet.

Chickeswalungo: see Chickies, creek.

Chickies: creek, tributary to Susquehanna River near Chickies Village, Lancaster County, Pa. (Not Big Chickies, Big Chiquesalunga, Chickeswalungo, Chickisalungo, Chikiswalungo, Chiquasatunga, Chiques, Chiquesatonga, nor Chiquesatunga.)

Chickies: ridge of hills, rock, and town, Lancaster County, Pa. (Not Chikiswalungo nor Chiques.)

Chickisalungo: see Chickies, creek.

Chiclayo: pr. chē-clä′yō; city, Peru; 6° 42′ S., 79° 54′ W.

Chico Martinez: creek, T. 29 S., R. 20 E., Kern County, Calif.

Chicomuxen: creek, Charles County, Md. (Not Chicomaxen.)

Chicone: creek, tributary to Nanticoke River, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Chicacoon nor Chiquone.)

Chicorica: creek, Colfax County, N. Mex., small intermittent stream flowing southwest into the Canadian River. (Not Chicorico, Chico Rico, nor Sugarite.)

Chief: lake, Marquette County, Mich., in secs. 5 and 8, T. 45 N., R. 30 W., Michigan meridian. (Not Trout.) Change of name approved by board of supervisors of Republic Township and adopted by Michigan State Committee on Geographic Names.

Chief: mountain, 9,056 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 113° 36′ W., on east boundary of the park. Called "The Old Chief" by the Indians "who recognized its resemblance to an old warrior."

Chief Joseph: mountain, Wallowa County, Oreg., west and southwest of Wallowa Lake, in T. 3 S., R. 44 E., near lat. 45° 17′, long. 117° 15′. (Not Joseph Tunnel Mountain.) In honor of the famous chief of the Nez Percés.

Chief Mountain: see St. Mary, lake and river, Mont.

Chief Mountain: see Waterton, lake, Mont.

Chiefs Head: peak, altitude 13,579 feet, in sec. 2, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., 1½ miles southwest of Longs Peak, sloping west to the Continental Divide, Boulder County, Colo. (Not Chief's Head, Shoshone Peak, nor Mount Barrett.)

Chiengmai: city, n. w. Siam; 18° 50′ N., 99° E. Not Kiangmai, Zimme.

Chifu: see Chefoo.

Chigul: see Chugul, Alaska.

Chihli: see Hopeh.

Chihli, Gulf of: See Pohai.

Chihuahua: pr. chē-wä-wä; state and city, n. Mexico; 28° 40′ N., 106° 3′ W.

Chikak: see Chekok.

Chikamin: creek, T. 28–9 N., R. 17 E., Chelan County, Wash.

Chikamin: peak, elevation about 7,000 feet, head of Gold Creek, 2 miles east of Huckleberry Mountain, Kittitas County, Wash.

Chikamin: ridge, Kittitas County, Wash., east of Alaska Mountain, extending east of south of Chikamin Peak toward Park Lakes.

Chikaming: township, Berrien County Mich. (Not Chickaming.)

Chikapanagi: point, on the south rim of Grand Canyon, 3½ miles south of the mouth of Kanab Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. Name of an Indian family.

Chikasanoxee: creek, Chambers County, Ala. (Not Chickasonoxie.)

Chikaskia: river, in Kansas and Oklahoma. (Not Chicaskia.)

Chikaskia: township, Kingman County, Kans. (Not Chicaskia.)

Chikaskia: township, Sumner County, Kans. (Not Chicaskia.)

Chikaskia: see Chicaskia.

Chikiswalungo: see Chickies.

Chikootna: creek, Natanuska Valley, Alaska, in lat. 61° 49′ N., long. 148° 08′ W., a south flowing tributary of Meadow Creek. This is the local native name.

Chikuminuk: lake, about 13 miles long, north of Chauekuktuli Lake, Nushagak region, Alaska, lat. 60° 12′ N., long. 159° 00′ W.

Chilanoialna: see Chilnualna.

Chilchinbito: canyon and creek, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County; Ariz., near lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 110° W. (Not Chil-Chi-vi-to.)

Chil-Chi-vi-to: see Chilchinbito.

Chilco: mountain, altitude 5,625 feet, Ts. 52 and 53 N., R. 2 W., north of Leiberg-Athol Trail, Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Circle.)

Chilco: see South Chilco.

Chilcoot: see Chilkoot.

Childs: lake, Highlands County, Fla.

Childs: railroad station, Cecil County, Md. (Not Child.)

Chile: pr. chē'leh; rep., w. South America; Fr., Sp., Ger. Chile; Ital. Chilì.

Chilhowee: mountain and town, Blount County, Tenn. (Not Chilowee.)

Chilì: see Chile.

Chili Cortal: see Chilicotal.

Chili Corte: Chili Cotel: see Chilicotal.

Chilicotal: mountain and spring, Brewster County, Tex. (Not Chili Cortal, Chili Corte, nor Chili Cotel.)

Chilikadrotna: river, Clark Lake region, southwestern Alaska, one of the principal tributaries of the Mulchatna River, joining that river from the east, about lat. 60° 35′, long. 155° 27′. (Not Chilikandresten.)

Chilikandresten: see Chilikadrotna.

Chilipitin: creek, Maverick County, Tex., rising near lat. 28° 51′ N., long. 110° 14′ W., flows southeast about 7 miles, into Chacon Creek. (Not Chilpotin nor Chiltipin.)

Chiliwist: creek, tributary from northwest to Okanogan River 2½ miles below Malott, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Chiliwhist, Chilliwhist, Chilliwist, nor Chilowist.)

Chilkat: pass, in British Columbia near the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) about 25 miles northwesterly from the head of Taiya Inlet, Alaska. (Not Tsl-Kaht.)

Chilkat: peninsula, mainland of southeastern Alaska, south of Haines, dividing Chilkat and Chilkoot inlets, head of Lynn Canal, near lat. 59° 10′, long. 135° 25′, Tongass National Forest. (Not Yayik.) Name is the same as that of river and inlet which separate peninsula from mainland to the west.

Chilkat: river, flowing southeast 50 miles into Chilkat Inlet of Lynn Canal, at lat. 59° 14′ N., long. 135° 32′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Tsl-Kaht.)

Chilkoot: creek, T. 6 S., Rs. 22 and 23 E., draining Chilkoot Lake to east bank Crane Valley Creek Madera County, Calif. (Not Willow.)

Chilkoot: pass, about 14 miles north of the head of Taiya Inlet, Alaska, at the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), lat. 59° 41′.5 N., long. 135° 14′ W. (Not Chilcoot nor False Chilkat.)

Chilkoot: village, at mouth of Chilkoot River, head of Chilkoot Inlet, near lat. 59° 20′ N., long. 135° 34′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Chilcoot.)

Chillán: pr. chē-lyän′; city Chile; 36° 34′ S., 72° 9′ W.

Chilligan: river, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, rising in Alaska Range, near lat. 61° 27′, long. 153° 33′, flowing southeast, entering an unnamed lagoon, on north side, near west end of Chakachamna Lake. After Chilligan, a Tyonek chief, who built a cabin on this river about 1896.

Chillivhist: Chilliwist: see Chiliwist.

Chilnoalna: see Chilnualna.

Chilnualna: creek and falls, Yosemite National Park, Mariposa County, Calif., in T. 4 S., R. 21 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Chilanoialna, Chilnoialny, nor Chilnoalna.)

Chilnucook: see Chiputneticook.

Chiloé: pr. chē-lō-eh′; island and prov. Chile; island, 41° 52′ S., 74° W.

Chilowist: see Chiliwist.

Chilpotin: see Chilipitin, creek, Tex.

Chilson: see Big, creek, Mont.

Chilson Bend: lighthouse in White hall Narrows, Lake Champlain, Washington County, N. Y. (Not Chilson's.)

Chilson Lake: see Eagle, lake, N.Y.

Chimakski: see Chiniak, bay.

Chimney: see Picacho.

Chimney Cone: quiescent geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on right bank of Firehole River about 600 feet south of Grand Geyser in Upper Geyser Basin.

Chimney Rock: creek, tributary to Lower Deer Creek from southwest, secs. 19, 20, and 30, T. 2 S., R. 15 E., and sec. 25, T. 2 S., R. 14 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont. (Not Spring.)

China: creek, T. 26 N., R. 1 E., tributary to Salmon River from west near Lucille, Idaho County, Idaho.

China: ditch, diverting water from the west side of Hanalei River, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

China: republic, e. Asia.

China: see Corral, creek, Idaho.

Chinaman: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on left bank of Firehole River about 500 feet north of Old Faithful Geyser, Upper Geyser Basin.

China Sea, or South China Sea: sea bet. China, Taiwan, Indochina, and the Philippine Islands; Chin. Nan Hai (i. e. southern sea); Jap. Nan Kai. See also East China Sea.

Chinati: mountain, Presidio County, Tex. (Not Chanatta nor Chanatte.)

Chincapin: see Chinquapin, Calif.

Chingtao: see Tsingtao.

Chiniak: bay, large bay indenting the northeast coast of Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 42′ N., long. 152° 20′ W., Alaska. (Not Chimakski nor Tchineyak.)

Chiniak: cape, the easternmost point of Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 38′ N., long. 152° 10′ W., Alaska. (Not Greville, Hermogenes, St. Hermogenes, Spruce, Tolstoi, Tuniak, nor Yellovoi.)

Chinkapin: see Chinquapin.

Chinkiang: city, Kiangsu prov., China, on the Yangtze river; 32° 10′ N., 119° 33′ E.

Chinle: settlement and valley, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Chin Lee nor Chinlee.)

Chinlini: canyon, heading on west side of Carrizo Mountains, draining to Walker Creek, Apache County, Ariz.

Chinook: pass, T. 16 N., R. 10 E., crossing the summit of the Cascade Range, at head of Chinook Creek, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce and Yakima Counties, Wash. (Not McQuellan.)

Chinquapin: settlement, Yosemite National Park, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Chincapin nor Chinkapin.)

Chinquapin: village, Duplin County, N. C. (Not Chinkapin.)

Chinquapin: see Indian, creek, Calif.

Chipmonk: see Chipmunk.

Chipmunk: creek and railroad station, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Chipmonk nor Chipmunck.)

Chipmunk: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 110° 12′ W., flowing northwest crossing Two Ocean Plateau, into South Arm of Yellowstone Lake.

Chipoak: see Upper Chippokes.

Chiponaug: see Chepiwanoxet.

Chipp: river, in northernmost Alaska, the western outlet of Ikpikpuk River, into Admiralty Bay, Dease Inlet, near long. 155° W. (Not Ikpikpuk nor Ikpikpung.)

Chipp: see Ikpikpuk.

Chippanogset: see Chepiwanoxet.

Chippean: canyon, between Elk Ridge and Mount Linnaeus, San Juan County, Utah.

Chippewa: creek, tributary from east to South Fork Bull River in SE. ¼ sec. 14, T. 28 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Chippewanoxett: see Chepiwanoxet.

Chiputneticook: chain of lakes above Vanceboro, on international boundary, between Washington and Aroostook Counties, Me., and New Brunswick, Canada. (Not Cheputnacook, Chilnucook, Grand, Kcheputnatakook, Schoodic, nor Umquemenkag.)

Chiquaqua: see Chacuaco.

Chiquasatunga: see Chickies, creek, Pa.

Chiques: Chiquesatonga: Chiquesatunga: see Chickies.

Chiquito: see Little Colorado.

Chiquone: see Chicone.

Chirikof: cape, southeastern Alaska, peninsular headland, and peak, altitude 1,670 feet, west coast Baker Island, near lat. 55° 18′, long. 133° 41′. Named after Capt. Alexei Ilich Chirikof, commanding the St. Paul, companion ship of Bering's St. Peter.

Chirikof: island, about 80 miles southwest of Kodiak Island, Alaska, near lat. 55° 50′ N., long. 155° 40′ W. (Not Ugamok.)

Chisana: glacier, at head of Chisana River, near lat. 62° N., long. 142° 15′ W., Alaska. (Not Tanana.)

***Chishima (Kurile Islands):** island group, Japan, bet. Hokkaido and Kamchatka; Jap. Chishima (the "myriad islands"); alternate Jap. off. romanization, Tisimarettô; conv. (from Russ.) Kurile Islands. Not Chishima Is.

Chişinău (Kishinev): capital of Bessarabia; Rum. Chisinău, pr. kishinau; Ger. Kischinew; Russ. Kishinev;† Ukr. Kishiniv;† 46° 55′ N., 28° 50′ E.

Chispa: hills, Nye County, Nev.

Chistianstad: see Christiansted.

Chita: pr. chē-tä′; city, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); on Trans-Siberian R. R.; Fr. Tchita; Ger. Tschita; 51° 55′ N., 113° 55′ E.

Chitimacha: see Grand, lake, La.

Chitina: glacier, crosses the international boundary (between Alaska and Yukon) about 50 miles north of Mount St. Elias and joins Logan Glacier.

Chitnak: cape, south side of St. Lawrence Island, near lat. 13° 18′ N., long. 170° 10′ W., Alaska. (Not Shitnak.)

Chitré: pr. chē-treh′; town, Panama.

Chittenden: mountain (Mount Chittenden), altitude 10,000 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 10′ W. Named by the United States Geological Survey (Gannett), 1878, for George B. Chittenden, long a member of the Survey.

Chivato: mountain, Bernalillo County, N. Mex. (Not Chivota nor Chivoto.)

Chivota: see Chivato.

Chivoto: see Chivato.

Chiwa: see Khiva.

Chiwak: see Chewack.

Chiwahwah: see Chiwapa.

Chiwapa: creek, tributary to West Fork Tombigbee River, Lee and Pontotoc Counties, Miss. (Not Chawappa, Chiwahwah, Chowappa, nor Chowwappa.)

Chiwawa: river, tributary to Wenatchee River from north, Chelan County, Wash.

Chkazhin: see Katzehin.

Chlachatsch: see Pyramid, island, Alaska.

Chlora: point, Choptank River, Talbot County, Md. (Not Cloras.)

Chocalog: see Chockalog.

Chocetopa: creek, forest reserve, hills, pass, precinct, and village in southwestern Colorado. (Not Cochetopah.)

Chochechiwick: Chochichawick: see Cochichewick.

Chockalog: pond, Uxbridge Town, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Chocalog.)

Chockowinity: see Chocowinity.

Chocó: pr. chō-kō′; intendencia, Colombia; 5° 20′ N., 77° W.

Chocolate: see Chocolay.

Chocolate Pots: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in Gibbon Canyon of Gibbon River—small hot springs, along and even out in the river, having small cones coated with algae and iron, looking like chocolate.

Chocolay: river, Marquette County, Mich. (Not Chocolate.)

Chocowinity: bay, creek, town, and township, Beaufort County, N. C. (Not Chockowinity.)

Choctawhatchee: bay in Florida, and river in Alabama and Florida. (Not Choctawhatchie.)

Chocton: see Cohocton.

Choga: creek, Macon County, N. C. (Not Chogeo.)

Chogeo: see Choga.

Choimulpo: see Jinsen.

Choiskia: see Chuska, mountains.

Chokeberry: see Bilberry.

Chokotonk: river, tributary to head of Clark Lake near lat. 63° 18′ N., long. 170° 10′ W., Alaska. (Not Chakatonkno, Chokotongkna, Chokotonkna, Chokotontna, Chokotunkna, Choktonkna, nor Copper.)

Chokotonkna: Chokotontna: Chokotunkna: Choktonkna: see Chokotonk.

Cholla: canyon, Gila County, Ariz.

Chollas: see Las Choyas.

Cholon: city, Fr. Indochina, adjacent to Saïgon; 10° 45′ N., 106° 30′ E.

Choluteca: pr. chō-lo͞o-teh′ka; prov., city, and river, Honduras; 13° 20′ N., 87° 11′ W.

Chopace: see Chopaka.

Chopaka: mountain, Okanogan County, Wash., in T. 40 N., Rs. 24 and 25 E., Willamette meridian. (Not Chapace, Chapaka, Chopace, Tchopahk, nor Tcho-park.)

Chopawamsic: creek, between Prince William and Stafford Counties, Va. (Not Chapowamsic.)

Chorro: creek, principal tributary emptying into Morro Bay, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not San Luisito.)

Chosen (Korea): pr. chō-sen′; Japanese ter., e. Asia; Korean, Chyosyön; alternate Jap. off. romanizations, Chōsen and Työsen; Eng. Korea, conv. for Chin. Kaoli; Fr. Corée. Not Corea.

Chostatee: Chosteta: see Chestatee.

Choteau: creek and village, Mayes County, Okla. (Not Chouteau.)

Choteau: see Chouteau.

Choumagin: see Shumagin.

***Chouteau**: county, Montana. (Not Choteau.)

Chouteau: see Choteau.

Chowappa: see Chiwapa.

Chowder: ridge, northern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Chowee Et: see Chowiet.

Chowiet: island, one of the Semidi group of islands, near lat. 56° 01′ N., long. 156° 41′ W., Alaska. (Not Chowee Et.)

Chowwappa: see Chiwapa.

Chrisler: see Crysler.

Christchurch: seaport, n. e. South I land, New Zealand; 43° 25′ S., 172° 40′ E.

Christian: cove, inner basin of Cruz Bay, western shore of St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Christians.)

Christiania: see Oslo.

Christians: see Christian.

Christiansen: canyon, west slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in secs. 7 and 8, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., and sec. 12, T. 9 S., R. 19 W., about half mile northwest of North Peak, and about 2 miles northeast of Chadman Spring. Reported to be named after early rancher along Deep Creek.

Christiansted: town, St. Croix Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Christianssted, Chistianstad, Christianstæd, nor Christianstaed.)

Christie: creek, T. 26 N., R. 1 E., tributary to Salmon River from west, Idaho County, Idaho. (Not Christie's.)

Christina: lake, Fremont County, Wyo., in sec. 7, T. 30 N., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian, head of Little Popo Agie River, Washakie National Forest. Said to have been named for the wife of a Swedish prospector in the early mining days.

Christine: falls, Van Trump Creek, above wagon road to Paradise Park, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Christmas: creek, small stream having its head in Christmas Mountain and flowing into Ungalik River, eastern shore of Norton Bay, Norton Sound, Alaska.

Christmas: mountain, northeast of junction of Bonanza Creek and Ungalik River, east of Norton Bay, Norton Sound, Alaska.

Christs: see Thunder, butte, Colo.

Chromatic: moraine, terminal moraine of glacier near Bastile Ridge, northwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Chromatic Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet southeast of Giant Geyser, right bank of Firehole River, near middle of Upper Geyser Basin.

Chrome: bay, between Claim and Kelp Points, Port Chatham, lat. 59° 12′ N., long. 151° 49′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Chrystal: see Crystal, creek, Wyo.

Chuar: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 111° 49′ W.

Chuar: creek, Coconino County, Ariz., Grand Canyon National Park, rising near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 111° 53′ W., flowing southeast into Colorado River. "After one of Powell's Kaibab Indians 'Chuarooumpeak,' the young chief of the Kaibab Band, usually called Frank by the settlers and Chuar by his own people. He was a remarkably good man." Dellenbaugh, "A Canyon Voyage."

Chubut: pr. chōō-bōōt′; prov. and river, Argentina.

Chuckatuck: creek and village, Nansemond County, Va. (Not Chucatuck.)

*__Chuckey:__ village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Chuckey City, Chucky, Fullen, Fullen's, nor Fullens.)

Chudskoe: see Peipus.

Chugach: passage, between Kenai Peninsula and Pearl and Elizabeth Islands, east side of entrance to Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Chugach: see Kenai, peninsula, Alaska.

Chugachik: see Kachemak.

Chugal: see Segula, island, Alaska.

Chugatch: see Prince William, sound, Alaska.

Chuginadak: island, southeastern and largest island of the islands of Four Mountains, lat. 52° 50′ N., long. 169° 45′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Tchuginadak.)

*__Chugul:__ island, about 6 miles southeast of Great Sitkin Island, near lat. 51° 56′ N., long. 175° 52′ W., middle Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Chigul nor Tchigul.)

Chugul: see Chagulak, island, Alaska.

Chugul: see Segula, island, Alaska.

Chula: village, Amelia County, Va. (Not Chula Depot.)

Chulitna: see Holitna.

Chumpstick: see Chumstick.

Chumstick: creek, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Chumpstick.)

Chung'u: see Seishu.

Chungking: city, Szechwan prov., w. China proper, on Yangtze River; 29° 30′ N., 106° 5′ E.

Chung Up: see Kingston, mountains.

Chunju: see Zenshu.

Chuquisaca: pr. chōō-kē-sä′cä; dept. Bolivia; 21° S., 63° W.

Church: butte, altitude 8,800 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 23′ N., long. 113° 31′ W. Descriptive name.

Church: island, Currituck Sound, N. C. (Not Church's.)

Church: mountain, T. 40 N., R. 7 E., Whatcom County, Wash., 5 miles south of international boundary (between Washington and British Columbia).

Church: see Churn.

Church's: see Church, island.

Churdan: town, Greene County, Iowa. (Not Churdantown.)

Churn: creek, Kent County, Md. (Not Church.)

Churubusco: village, Clinton County, N. Y., in the town of Clinton. (Not Cherebusco nor Cherubusco.)

Chusca: Chushgai: see Chuska.

*__Chuska:__ mountains, on the boundary between Arizona and New Mexico north and northwest of Gallup but not including the Carrizo Mountains. (Not Boundary, Choiskai, Chusca, nor Chushgai.)

Chuska: plateau, stretching in a northerly and southerly direction along the Arizona-New Mexico boundary from a little south of Carrizo Mountains southward nearly to Gallup and embracing the heads of Canyon de Chelly and Canyon del Muerto; limited on the west by Chinle Valley and on the east by Chuska Valley.

Chutla: peak, altitude 6,000 feet, near western end Tatoosh Range, about ¼ mile southeast Eagle Peak, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Chuyak: see Shuyak.

Chyosyŏn: see Chosen.

Chypre: see Cyprus.

Cichicwaukie: see Chickawaukie.

Cienega: creek, southeastern corner of sec. 26, T. 11 N., R. 24 W., Kern County, Calif.

Cienega del Gabilan: land grant, San Benito County, Calif. (Not Sienega del Gabilan.)

Cienfuegos: pr. sē-an-fweh'gōs; seaport city, s. Cuba; 22° 15′ N., 80° 30′ W.

Ciervo: hills, Calif., around Ciervo Mountain, Diablo Range, comprising that portion of foothill belt extending from Cantua Creek to Tumey Gulch, Fresno and San Benito counties.

Cieszyn: pr. tsye'shin; district and town, s. w. Poland; in former Austrian Silesia; Cz., Těšín; Ger., Teschen; 49° 46′ N., 18° 36′ E.

***Cimarron:** river, chiefly in Okla., upper reaches called Dry Cimarron on many Tp. plats of New Mexico, rising near west boundary of T. 30 N., R. 29 E., N. Mex. Mer., New Mexico, flowing thence northeasterly into Okla. and across the S. E. corner of Colo., thence E. and S. E., crossing and recrossing the Kansas-Okla. boundary and flowing into the Arkansas River near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 96° 18′ W. (Pronounced, sĭm-a-rōn′.) (Not Seme-rone.)

Cimirara: see Semirara, P. I.

Cincinnati: city in Hamilton County, Ohio, on the Ohio River, near lat. 39° 06′ N., long. 84° 29′ W. Population in 1930, 449,331. (Pronounced sĭn-sĭn-ăt′-ĭ.)

Cinder Cone: mountain, 6,913 feet high, Lassen County, Calif., 1½ miles southwest of Butte Lake, in sec. 16, T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Cinebar: see Cinnabar.

Cinnabar: creek, Lewis County, Wash., in T. 13 N., R. 23 E., Willamette meridian. (Not Cinebar.)

Cinnamon: butte, T. 27 S., R. 6 E., about 5 miles northeast of Diamond Lake, Douglas County, Oreg.

Cipro: see Cyprus.

Circle: bay, semicircular indentation just below East Point, southeastern coast Woronkofski Island, lat. 56° 23′ N., long. 132° 26′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Circle: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 6, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Circle: see Chilco.

Circleville: see Scircleville.

Cirenaica (Cyrenaica): Ital. colony, n. Africa, part of Libya.

Citadel: mountain, altitude 9,024 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 39′ W. Descriptive name.

Citadel Peaks: ridge, 7,200 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 113° 55′ W., a row of sharp points near northeast end of Porcupine Ridge, 2 miles southwest of Waterton Lake.

Citico: creek and village, Monroe County, Tenn. (Not Cittico.)

Città Vaticano: see Vatican City.

Cittico: see Citico.

Civitavecchia: pr. chē-vē-tä-vĕ-kyä; chief port of Roma, Italy; 42° 6′ N., 11° 48′ E.

Clagett: butte, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., about 1½ miles southwest of Mammoth Hot Springs. Named for Judge William H. Clagett, who drafted the original bill to create the Yellowstone National Park, embodying the famous expression of purpose "for the benefit and enjoyment of the people" carved on the arch of the north gateway of the park.

Clahona: see Klahini.

Claiborne: island, in Mississippi River, Iberville Parish, La. (Not Claiborne's.)

Claim: point, western point at entrance to Port Chatham, lat. 59° 12′ N., long. 151° 49′.5 W., western end Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Clallam: bay, county, river, and precinct, Wash. (Not Callam.)

Clam: see San Clemente, island, Alaska.

Clam: see Goose, point, Md.

Clam: see Mitchell, lake, Mich.

Clapp: pond, Washington Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not West.)

Claremont: glacier in Port Nellie Juan, Prince William Sound, Alaska, about 4 miles southwest of Taylor Glacier. Approximate position, lat. 60° 30′ N., long. 148° 40′ W.

Clarence: river, on the Arctic Coast, near the international boundary between Canada and Alaska, flowing into the ocean near longitude 140° 55′ W.

Clarence King: peak (Mount Clarence King), altitude 12,909 feet, Tulare County, Calif., approximate lat. 36° 50′ N., long. 118° 26′3 W., about 2 miles north of Mount Gardiner, in unsurveyed T. 13 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Forest. Named by the Brewer party of the Whitney Survey, 1864, for Clarence King, distinguished pioneer in American geology and organizer and first chief, 1879–1881, of the United States Geological Survey.

Clarence King: see Copeland, mountain.

Clarendon Hills: railroad station, Hyde Park, Norfolk County, Mass. (Not Clarendon Hill.)

Clark: county, in southwestern Washington. (Not Clarke.) Spelling changed in conformity with an act of the legislature of the State of Washington, approved December 23, 1925. Named after William Clark of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

Clark: cove, Hancock County, Me., on northwest coast of Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 24′ N., long. 68° 21′ W. Named after early residents. (Not Clarks nor Northwest.)

Clark: creek, tributary to Grande Ronde River from east, northeastern part Union County, Oreg. (Not Clarks.)

Clark: creek, Wilkes County, Ga.

Clark: ditch and point, Delaware Bay, Kent County, Del. (Not Clarke nor Clarke's.)

Clark: point, at entrance to Southwest Harbor, and Ridge, Southwest Harbor Town, Hancock County, Me. (Not Clarke, Clarke's, nor Clarkes.)

Clark: point, Buzzards Bay, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Clark's.)

*__Clark__: town and township, Coshocton County, Ohio. (Not Clark's.)

Clark: see Clarksville, borough, Pa.

Clark: see Northwest, cove, Me.

Clarke: point, city of Chicago, Lake Michigan, Ill. (Not Clarke's.)

Clarke: Clarke's: Clarkes: see Clark; Clark Fork.

Clarke's: see Clarke, point, Ill.

Clarkesville: see Clark Hill.

Clark Fork: stream, heading near Butte, Mont., flowing northwest through Montana, Idaho, and Washington, and emptying into Columbia River in Canada near the international boundary. (Not Bitterroot, Clarke, Clarks, Deer Lodge, Hell Gate, Missoula, nor Silverbow River.)

Clarkhill: see Clarks Hill.

Clarks: see South Fork Catawba, river, N. C.

Clarks: Clark's: see Nutter.

Clarks Fork, Yellowstone: river, Park, Carbon, and Yellowstone counties, Mont., and Park County, Wyo., rises south of Granite Peak, near lat. 45° 09′ N., long. 109° 49′ W., flows southeasterly into Wyoming, nearly to the south line of T. 56 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, and northeasterly and northerly into Montana to its junction with the Yellowstone River in T. 2 S., R. 24 E., Montana principal meridian. Named for Capt. William Clark, who with his party in 1806 were among the first white men to see this river.

*__Clarks Hill__: town, Tippecanoe County, Ind. (Not Clarkhill nor Clarksville.)

Clarksville: borough, Mercer County, Pa. (Not Clark nor Clarkesville.)

Clason: point, extremity of Cornell Neck, west side Westchester Creek entrance, Bronx Borough, New York, N. Y. (Not Clausen, Clawson, nor Cornell's.)

Clatskanie: city, creek, and precinct, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Klaskain, Klaskania, nor Klaskonine.)

Clatson: see Necanicum.

Claude: lake, northern end Revillagigedo Island, about 2 miles south of Claude Point, Behm Canal, southeastern Alaska.

Clausen: see Clason.

Clauter: see Clouter.

Claveria: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Clavey Creek: stream, Tuolumne County, Calif., rising in T. 4 N., R. 19 E., tributary to Tuolumne River west of Hunter Bend, T. 1 S., R. 17 E. (Not Big Canon Creek, Clavey River, nor Middle Fork Tuolumne.)

Clavey River: see Clavey Creek.

Clawson: see Clason.

Clawter: see Clouter.

Claybanks: town, Oceana County, Mich. (Not Clay Bank.)

Clealum: see Cle Elum.

Clear: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising on Walhalla Plateau, near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 111° 58′ W., flows southwest into the Colorado River within the Granite Gorge.

Clear: creek, rising in NE. corner T. 13 S., R. 35 E., and flowing northwest to Middle Fork John Day River, Grant County, Oreg. (Not Big.)

Clear: creek, rising in Clear Lake and tributary to Sauk River, Ts. 31 and 32 N., Rs. 9 and 10, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not North Fork of Clear.)

Clear: creek, Johnson and Sheridan Counties, Wyo., formed by the junction of North Clear and South Clear Creeks in sec. 7, T. 50 N., R. 83 W., sixth principal meridian, and empties into Powder River in T. 57 N., R. 76 W.

Clear: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 09′ W., outlet of Sylvan Lake and flowing west into Yellowstone Lake.

Clear: lake or pond, Lake Clear, Harrietstown Town, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Big Clear Pond nor Clear Pond.)

Clear: lake, T. 22 S., Rs. 12 and 13 W., Douglas County, Oreg. (Not Jarvis.)

Clear: see Cleare, cape, Alaska.

Clear: see Rosaunt, creek, Alaska- B. C.

Clear: see Dry Fork, Clear, creek, Oreg.

Clear: see Spencer, creek, Oreg.

Clear: see Spring, lake, Utah.

Clear Creek: falls, on Clear Creek near Green River, T. 38 N., R. 108 W., northwest of Slide Falls, Fremont County, Wyo.

Cleare: cape, southwestern end of Montague Island near lat. 59° 46′ N., long. 147° 53′ W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska. (Not Clear nor Southwest.)

Clear Fork: eastern branch Cowlitz River, rising in western part Cascade Range, forming a junction with the Ohanapecosh River in T. 14 N., R. 10 E., Lewis County, Wash.

Clear Fork: stream, chiefly in Raleigh County, W. Va. (Not Clear Fork of Coal River.)

Clearing: point, southern extremity of island on west side of Rough Channel, Khaz Bay, near lat. 57° 35′.6 N., long. 136° 08′.3 W., southeastern Alaska.

***Clear Lake:** city and township, Deuel County, S. Dak. (Not Clearlake.)

Clearport: village, Fairfield County, Ohio. (Not Clear Port.)

Clearspring: township, Lagrange County, Ind. (Not Clear Springs.)

Clearwater: creek, tributary from north to Middle Fork of Nooksack River, Whatcom County, Wash.

Clearwater: township and village, Wright County, Minn. (Not Clear Water.)

Clearwater: see Eau Claire.

Cleaveland: landing, on Columbia River east of Fisher Island, Wahkiakum County, Wash. (Not Cleavelands.)

Cleaves: north point of entrance to Greenport Harbor, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Cleaves'.)

Cleawok: see Cleawox.

Cleawox: lake, T. 19 S., R. 12 W., Lane County, Oreg. (Not Buck nor Cleawok.)

***Cle Elum:** city, lake, precinct, and river, Kittitas County, Wash. (Not Clealum.)

Cleft: precipice (The Cleft), 500 feet high, Hancock County, Me., on southeast side of Day Mountain, Mount Desert Island, northeast of Seal Harbor, near lat. 44° 18′, long. 68° 14′. (Not Day Mountain.)

Clem: see San Clemente, island, Alaska.

Clemenceau: post office and railroad station, Yavapai County, Ariz., on the Verde River, in sec. 3, T. 15 N., R. 3 E. (Not Verde.) First called Verde. After the World War name changed to Clemenceau in honor of the great Frenchman. Clemenceau, in his will, left to the town "a vase designed by Chaplet in a light lilac color which will be found on the shelf above the mirror in my study."

Clement: Clemente: see San Clemente, island, Alaska.

Clemente: see San Clemente, canyon, Calif.

Clements: mountain, altitude 8,764 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 45′ W. on county boundary and Continental Divide.

Clendenin: village, Kanawha County, W. Va. (Not Clendennin.)

Clepsydra: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near Fountain Geyser, central area of Lower Geyser Basin. Named by T. B. Comstock, 1873, geologist with Captain Jones's party, because like the ancient water clock it marked the passage of time.

Clermont-Ferrand: pr. klĕr-môn′ fĕ-räN′; city, s. cen. France; 45° 45′ N., 3° 2′ E.

Cletomus: see Kletomus.

Cleva: bay, southeastern Alaska, on northwest coast of Long Island, near lat. 54° 55′ N., long. 132° 46′ W.

Cleveland: city, in Cuyahoga Co., Ohio, on Lake Erie, near lat. 41° 31′ N., long. 81° 41′ W. Population in 1930, 900,430. (Pronounced, klēv′ land.)

Cleveland: mount (Mount Cleveland), altitude 10,438 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 113° 51′ W. Highest mountain in the park, and summit of Lewis Range. Named for President Cleveland.

Clichy: a n. w. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 54′ N., 2° 18′ E.

Cliff: creek, Tulare County, Calif., source in Spring Lake, southeast corner sec. 1, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., flowing northwest into Middle Fork, Kaweah River, in sec. 18, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Cliff: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 12′ N., long. 110° 00′ W., flowing westerly into Yellowstone River.

Cliff: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet north of Emerald Pool, Black Sand Basin.

Cliff: lake, southeastern Alaska, draining to the head of West Arm of Patterson Bay, lat. 56° 32′, long. 134° 44′, Baranof Island.

Cliff: lake, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 8, T. 30 N., R. 5 E., one-fourth mile north of White Mountain summit.

Cliff: point, on southeastern shore of Pearse Island, near lat. 54° 48′ N., long. 130° 21′ W., Portland Inlet. Southeastern Alaska. (Not Base nor Rose.)

Cliff City: see Cliffs.

Cliffs: point, Chester River, Kent County, Md. (Not Cliff City, Cliff's, nor Starts.)

Clifton Heights: borough, Delaware County, Pa. (Not Clifton.)

Clingmans Dome: mountain, altitude 6,642 feet, Sevier County, Tenn., and Swain County, N. C., on Great Smoky Mountains divide and common State boundary line, near lat. 35° 34′ 30″ N., long. 83° 30′ W. Clingmans Dome together with Mount Buckley and Mount Love were named by Prof. Arnold Guyot about 1860, for Buckley and Love who were with Clingman when the mountain was first measured in 1858. For Thomas Lanier Clingman, sol-

dier, mountain climber, and geologist and representative in Congress, 1843-1858, and U. S. Senator, 1858–1861.

Clinton: gulch, secs. 23 and 26, T. 25 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Clinton: town, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Surratsville.)

Clinton, Mount: see Pierce.

Clitherall: township, and village, Otter Tail County, Minn. (Not Clitheral.)

Cloquet: village, Carlton County, Minn. (Not Colquet.)

Clorado: see Little Colorado.

Cloras: see Chlora.

Cloud: canyon, Roaring River, south branch Kings River, Ts. 14 and 15 S., Rs. 31 and 32 E., Tulare County, Calif. (Not Cloudy, Copper, nor Deadman.)

Cloud: see Cuyamaca, peak, Calif.

Cloudcroft Peaks: mountain group in the bend of Coal Creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont. near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 34′ W.

Cloudveil Dome: mountain, altitude 12,300 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 49′ W. This is a dome-shaped summit, frequently cloud-veiled, located midway between Nez Perce Peak and South Teton.

Cloudy: cape and mountain, southeastern Alaska, east extremity of rocky promontory at southwest side of Two Arm Bay entrance, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 35′ N., long. 150° 06′ W. So named because the peak 1,809 feet high, one-half mile west of cape, is usually draped in low-hanging clouds.

Cloudy: see Cloud and Deadman.

Clough: cave, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 19, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. So named in honor of William O. Clough (1851–1917), who discovered this cave in 1885.

Clouter: creek, Berkeley County, near Charleston, S. C. (Not Clauter nor Clawter.)

Clover: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 34, T. 14 S., R. 30 E., flowing southwest and south into Marble Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 19, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not East Fork.)

Clover: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 46′ N., long. 110° 10′ W., flowing south and northeast into Lamar River.

Clover: small rock, on south side of Spiridon Bay, southwestern Alaska, northwest side of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 39′ N., long. 153° 50′ W. The rock in shape resembles a three-leaf clover.

Clovercreek: village, Highland County Va. (Not Clover Creek nor McClungs Mill.)

Cloverdale: see Armstrong, village.

***Clover Lick:** village, Pocahontas County, W. Va. (Not Cloverlick.) Revision of previous decision.

Cluj: pr. kluzh; city, Transylvania, n. w. Rumania; Ger. Klausenburg; Mag. Kolozsvár; 46° 44′ N., 23° 33′ E.

Cluster: lakes, Shasta County, Calif., in secs. 23, 24, 25, 26, and 27, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.

Cluster: see Custer, creek, Mont.

Clyde: harbor, (Port Clyde) Knox County, Me. (Not Herring Gut.)

Clyde; river, s. Scotland, flowing through Glasgow.

Clydebank: city, Dumbarton County, s. Scotland, near Glasgow; 55° 55′ N., 4° 30′ W.

Cn-auan: see Canawan, P. I.

Coachella: valley, part of the desert lying immediately northwest of the Salton Sea, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Conchilla.)

Coahuila: creek, Indian reservation, mountain, valley, and village, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Cahuilla nor Coahuilla.)

Coahuila: pr. kō-ä-wē′la; state, cen. Mexico; 27° N., 102° W.

Coahulla: creek, Bradley County, Tenn. (Not Cooyehuttee.)

Coal: creek, Glacier National Park. Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 36′ W., flowing southeast, southwest, and west into Middle Fork of Flathead River. Named for the Tertiary coal beds near its mouth.

Coal: creek, tributary to Glacier Creek, Whatcom County, Wash.

Coal: creek, rising in T. 34 N., R. 23 W., flowing east and northeast and emptying into Flathead River, sec. 20, T. 34 N., R. 20 W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not Long Jeff.)

Coal: see Coke, creek, Mont.

Coal: see Cole, creek, Mont.

Coal: see Paget, creek, Mont.

Coal Creek: peak (altitude 8,490 feet), in sec. 12, T. 2 S., R. 71 W., about 1 mile north of Coal Creek, ⅕ mile southwest of Plainview Station, Jefferson County, Colo.

Coal Harbor: see Coleharbor, town, N. Dak.

Coal Pit: see Pine, creek, Mont.

Coal River: see Paint, mountain, W. Va.

Coal Road Draw: see Frees.

Coanjock: see Coinjock.

Coast Ranges: extend northward into Canada and southward into Lower California. They include mountains west of Puget Sound, and the Willamette, Sacramento, and San Joaquin Valleys, and southwest of the Mohave Desert.

Coatbridge: town, Lanark County, s. Scotland, e. of Glasgow; 55° 50′ N., 4° 5′ W.

Coatepeque: pr. kō-ä-teh-peh′keh; town, Guatemala.

Coatue: beach and point, Nantucket, Mass. (Not Bogue, First, nor Hanloetoe.)

Cobalt: lake, Glacier County, Mont.

Cobán: pr. kō-bän′; city, Guatemala; 15° 40′ N., 90° 25′ W.

Cobats: see Cobbetts.

Cobb: island, lighthouse, neck, and point, Charles County, Md. (Not Cobb's.)

Cobb: island, on the Atlantic coast of Northampton County, Va. (Not Cobb's.)

Cobbatts: Cobbet: Cobbett: see Cobbetts.

Cobbetts: pond, Windham Town, Rockingham County, N. H. (Not Cabot's, Cobats, Cobbats, Cobbet, Cobbett, Cobets, Corbetts, nor Cubages.)

Cobb Mountain Range: see Miyakma.

Cobb's: see Cobb.

Cobets: see Cobbetts.

Cóbh (Queenstown): seaport, s. Ireland, County Cork; 51° 53′ N., 8° 15′ W.

Cobham: see Lower Chippokes.

Cobi: see Ube, P. I.

Coblenz: see Koblenz.

Cobo: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabo nor Cubo.)

Cobourg: see Coburg.

Cobun: creek, Monongalia County, W. Va. (Not Cobun's nor Coburns.)

Coburg: town, Montgomery County, Iowa. (Not Cobourg nor Coburgh.)

Coburn: creek, on west bank Snake River, Teton County, Wyo., in T. 39 N., Rs. 116 and 117 W., near lat. 43° 20′ N. (Not Fall.) This stream is one of several creeks and rivers in that vicinity which have been called Fall or Falls. For this reason the board has renamed it after the late Rufs Coburn, who located the first ranch on the creek.

Coburns: see Cobun.

Cochabamba: pr. kō-chä-bäm′bä; dept. and city, Bolivia; 17° 20′ S., 66° 20′ W.

Cochechae, Cochechea, Cochecho: see Cocheco.

Cocheco: river, Strafford County, N. H. (Not Cochechae, Cochechea, Cochecho, Cuttchechoe, Kechceachy, Kecheachy, nor Quochecho.)

Cochetopah: see Chocetopa.

Cochichewick: lake, North Andover Town, Essex County, Mass. (Not Chochechiwick, Chochichawick, nor Great Pond.)

***Cochinchine (Cochinchina):** s. part of Fr. Indochina.

Cochrane: point, at confluence of Cochrane Bay, Passage Canal, and Port Wells, lat. 60° 46′ N., long. 148° 22′ W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Cocili: see Kosili, P. I.

Cock: see South Fowl.

Cockburn: island, in northern part of Lake Huron, Manitoulin District, Ontario. (Not Little Manitou.)

Cockburn: see Mount Marion, village, N. Y.

Cockenoe: island, the easternmost of the Norwalk Group, Long Island Sound, Conn. (Not Cockenoe's.)

Cockle: see Cockrell.

Cockle Creek: see Silver Lake, N. C.

Cockles Harbor: see Coecles.

Cockpit: point in Potomac River, Prince William County, Va. (Not Cock Pit.)

Cockrell: creek, Northumberland County, Va. (Not Cockle.)

Cockroach: see Shellmound.

Cockscomb: peak, Cathedral Range, Sierra Nevada, near lat. 37° 50′ N., long. 119° 23′ W., in Yosemite National Park, on boundary between Mariposa and Tuolumne Counties, Calif.

Coco: barrio, Pasacao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cuco.)

Cocoanut Grove: see Coconut Grove.

Cocohatchee: river, Collier County, Fla., in T. 48 S., R. 25 E., 3 miles south of Bonita Springs, flowing northwesterly to Gulf of Mexico. (Not Corkscrew nor Horse Creek.)

Cocoloba: cay, islet 36 feet high, east of Fish Bay, 85 yards from southern shore St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Fish.)

Coconino: plateau, Coconino County, Ariz., southeast of the Grand Canyon, near lat. 35° 54′ N., long. 111° 50′ W. (Not Colorado.)

Coconut Grove: town on Biscayne Bay, 7 miles south of Miami, Dade County, Fla. (Not Cocoanut Grove.)

Cocopa: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 112° 15′ W.

Cocoraqu: Cocoraqui: see Cocoraque.

Cocoraque: butte, T. 14 S., R. 10 E., Pima County, Ariz. (Not Cocoraqu' Cocoraqui, nor Corcoraque.)

Codoldolan: see Kaduldulan, P. I.

Codornices: creek, Berkley, Alameda County, Calif. (Not Cordonices.)

Cody: peak, altitude 10,250 feet, on eastern border of Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in approx. lat. 44° 29′ 50″ N., long. 110° 01′ 30″ W. Named for William F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), scout and Indian fighter.

Coecles: arm of Gardiners Bay, Shelter Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Coecle Harbor Inlet, Coecle's Harbor Inlet, Coeclis Inlet, nor Cockles Harbor.)

***Cœur d'Alene:** mountain (Mount Cœur d'Alene), 4,400 feet high, Kootenai County, Idaho, Cœur d'Alene National Forest, in sec. 23, T. 49 N., R. 3 W. (Not Sticker.) A beautiful green mountain in full view from the city of Cœur d'Alene, the citizens of which asked for the change from Sticker.

Cœur d'Alene: river in Shoshone and Kootenai Counties, Idaho, rising in the extreme northern part of Shoshone County, and flowing southeast and southwest into Cœur d'Alene Lake. Sections of the river as here defined have been called North Fork, Deep Creek, and East Fork (of North Fork.)

Coeymans: bar in Hudson River, Creek, and Town, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Coeyman's.)

Coffee: landing, Tennessee River, Hardin County, Tenn. (Not Coffee's.)

Coffee: see David, point, Virgin Islands.

Coffeepot Canyon: creek, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 30 and 31, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Coffee's: see Coffee, Tenn.

Cogaminch: see Kunjamuk.

Coghill: river, debouching on the eastern shore of College Fiord, near lat. 61° 05′ N., long. 147° 55′ W., northwestern coast Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Cogon: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, and barrios, in Cebu, Dumanjug, and Opon Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Kogon.)

Cogton: Cogtong: see Kogtong, P. I.

Cogtua: see Meade, river, Alaska.

Cohabadia: see Cohobadiah.

Cohahuilla: see Coahuila.

Cohasset: harbor, narrows, rocks, and town, Norfolk County, Mass. (Not Cohassett.)

Cohobadiah: creek, Cleburne and Randolph Counties, Ala. (Not Cohabadia nor Hobadijah.)

Cohocton: river rising near the northern boundary of Steuben County, uniting with the Tioga to form the Chemung River, N. Y. (Not Chocton nor Conhocton.)

Coila Abiacha: see Abiacha.

Coimbatore: city, Madras, s. India; 11° 0′ N., 77° 0′ E. Not Koimbatur.

*__Coinjock:__ bay, western shore Currituck Sound, Currituck County, N. C. (Not Coanjock nor Coinjack.)

Cojedes: pr. kō-heh′dehs; state, river, and town, Venezuela.

Coke: creek, T. 2 S., R. 8 E., tributary to Billman Creek from south, Park County, Mont. (Not Coal nor Eldridge.)

Cokesbury: village, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Cokesburg.)

Colabaugh: see Collaberg.

Colase: Colasi: see Culasi, P. I.

Colauen: Colauin: see Culauin, P. I.

Colawen: Colawin: see Culauin, P. I.

Colby: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 16, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., on north boundary Sequoia National Park. So named in honor of William E. Colby, former president of the Sierra Club.

Colchagua: pr. kōl-chä′gwä; prov. Chile, 34° 30′ S., 71° W.

Colchester: seaport, Essex, England; 51° 52′ N., 0° 50′ E.

Cold: bay, indenting the south shore of Alaska Peninsula, north of the Sanak Islands, near lat. 55° 05′ N., long. 162° 32′ W. (Not Frozen nor Morozofskoi.)

Cold: creek, T. 25 S., R. 73 W., tributary to Sand Creek from east, San Isabel National Forest, Saguache County, Colo. (Not North Bear.)

Cold: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 35′ N., long. 110° 07′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Cold: see Colt, ledge, Me.

Cold: see Gilbreath, spring, Wash.

Cold Boiling: lake, Shasta County, Calif., sec. 13, T. 30 N., R. 4 E. (Not Soda.)

Cold Spring: hill, Placer County, Calif. (Not Gold Spring.)

Cold Spring: see Cape May Harbor, N. J.

Cold Spring Inlet: see Cape May, N. J.

Cold Spring Knob: peak, altitude about 5,000 feet, Sevier County, Tenn., and Swain County, N. C., near lat. 35° 34′ 40″ N., long. 83° 36′ 30″ W., at junction of Miry Ridge and the main divide of the Great Smoky Mountains. Local name of long standing, given on account of spring of cold water near the summit.

Coldwater: mountain near Anniston, Calhoun County, Ala. (Not Polecat Ridge.)

Coldwater: river, Yazoo Bottom, Miss. (Not Cold Water nor Copasaw.)

Cole: creek, Carbon County, Mont., rises in northwestern portion of T. 4 S., R. 22 E., and flows northerly to empty into Yellowstone River, in sec. 35, T. 2 S., R. 22 E., Montana principal meridian. (Not Coal.) Named for an early settler, Jack Cole, who in 1877 lived across the Yellowstone River from the mouth of this creek.

Cole Branch: post light, Ohio River, Greenup County, Ky. (Not Cole's Branch.)

Cole Ferry: shoal and lighthouse, St. Lawrence River, Canada, north of Oakpoint, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Cole's Ferry.)

Coleharbor: town, on Soo Railroad, McLean County, N. Dak. For W. E. Cole, of the Soo Line. (Not Coal Harbor.)

Coleman: glacier, which feeds Glacier Creek, northern slope of Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Coleman: pinnacle, on ridge extending from Mount Baker, northeasterly to Mount Shuksan, the divide between headwaters of Wells Creek and those of Swift Creek, Whatcom County, Wash.

Colerain: town and township, Bertie County, N. C. (Nor Coleraine.)

Colerain: Coleraine: see Colrain, town, Mass.

Coleridge: village, Cedar County, Nebr. (Not Cooleridge.)

Coles: brook, chiefly in Middlefield, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Cole's.)

Cole's Branch: see Cole Branch.

Cole's Ferry: see Cole Ferry.

Colfax: peak, one of Black Buttes group, southwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Coliat. see Kuliat, P. I.

Colima: pr. kō-lē′ma; state and city, Mexico; 19° 15′ N., 103° 42′ W.

Collaberg: lake and mountain, Cortlandt Town, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Colabaugh nor Collabergh.)

Collago: see Kollago, P. I.

Collamore: ledge of sunken rocks on Massachusetts coast, near Scituate. (Not Colomore.)

Collbran: see Brandon.

College: point, in College Fiord, separating the fiords formed by the Harvard and Yale glaciers, near lat. 61° 12′ N., long. 147° 46′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

College: see Dorseys, creek, Md.

College: see Sequatchie College, village, Tenn.

College Point: village, Queens County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Strattonport.)

Collier: ledge off south coast of Cape Cod, near Hyannis, Mass. (Not Collier's.)

Collings: mountain, T. 40 S., R. 4 W., Jackson County, Oreg. (Not Collins.)

Collingsworth: county in Texas. (Not Collinsworth.)

*__Collins:__ mountain (Mount Collins), altitude 6,255 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, Swain County, N. C., and Sevier County, Tenn., on the State boundary line, about 2½ miles northeast of Clingmans Dome, near lat. 35° 35′ N., long. 83° 28′ W. (Not Kephart.) On October 3, 1928, the board named this mountain "Mount Kephart," but under the terms of a joint agreement between authorized representatives of North Carolina and Tennessee, approved by Mr. Kephart, the name "Mount Kephart" has been transferred to a higher summit about 5½ miles northeast of this location.

Collins: see Collings.

Collins: see Kephart, mountain, North Carolina and Tennessee.

Collins: Collinson's: see Cummings, creek, Md.

Collinsworth: see Collingsworth.

Cöln: see Köln.

Colo: see Kulo, P. I.

Cologne: railroad station, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Germania.)

Cologne: see Köln.

Colombia: pr. kō-lōm′bē-ä; rep, S. America; Fr. Colombie; Ger. Columbien; Ital. and Sp. Colombia.

Colombie: see Colombia.

Colombo: seaport and capital of Ceylon; 7° N., 79° 45′ E.

Colombo: see Columbus.

Colomore: see Collamore.

Colón: pr. kō-lōn′; seaport city, Caribbean coast, Panama; 9° 22′ N., 79° 54′ W.

Colón, Archipiélago de (Archipiélago de Galápagos): pr. kō-lōn′; pr. gä-lä′pä-gōs; islands in Pacific Ocean near and belonging to Ecuador; prov. Ecuador.

Coloncogong: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines, Sur Province. Luzon, P. I. (Not Colongcogon, nor Colongogong.)

Colonel Bob: mountain, altitude 4,500 feet, Grays Harbor County, Wash., in unsurveyed sec. 17, T. 23 N., R. 8 W., near the head of Bunch Canyon, Olympic National Forest. Named in 1893 in honor of Robert G. Ingersoll (1833–1899), celebrated lawyer, lecturer, and free thinker.

Colonels: see Purnell.

Colong: see Kolongkolong, P. I.

Colongan: see Culungan, P. I.

Colongcogon: Colongogong: see Coloncogong, P. I.

Colongcolong: see Kolongkolong, P. I.

Colongogong: see Coloncogong.

Colonia: railroad station, Middlesex County, N. J. (Not Houtenville.)

Colonia: pr. kō-lō′nē-ä; dept. and city, Uruguay; 34° 28′ S., 57° 50′ W.

Colonnade: cliff, of columnar basalt along lower end of South Mowich Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Colonnade: falls (two waterfalls), Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Bechler River, near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 110° 57′ W.

Colonnade, The: high terrace, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 07′ W.

Colony: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 1 and 12, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park.

Colony: peak, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 4, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. To commemorate settlement of "Kaweah Cooperative Commonwealth Colony," organized to lumber the giant redwoods in 1886.

Coloong: barrio, Polo Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caloong.)

Colorada: see Little Colorado.

Colorado: pr. kōl-ō-rä′dō; river, s. Argentina.

Colorado: river, flowing through Colorado, Utah, Arizona, and Mexico, and forming a part of the east boundary of Nevada and California; formerly known as Colorado River and Grand River. It includes the stream in Grand County, Colo., formerly known as the North Fork of Grand River. Its source, near Lulu Pass on east slope of Mount Richthofen, is in T. 6 N., R. 75 W., Grand County, Colo. (The name of the Grand River was changed to the Colorado by act of Congress, approved July 25, 1921, and by the Colorado State Legislature on March 24, 1921.)

Colorado: river in Texas, rising in Dawson Co., near lat. 32° 43′ N., long. 101° 58′ W., flows thence southeast into Matagorda Bay, of the Gulf of Mexico. (Pronounced kôll-ō-răd′ō.)

Colorado: state of the United States, bounded on the north by Nebraska and Wyoming, on the east by Nebraska and Kansas, on the south by New Mexico and Oklahoma, and on the west by Utah. Area, 103,948 square miles. (Pronounced kôll-ō-răd′ō.)

Colorado: see Coconino, plateau, Ariz.

Colorado: see Front Range, Colo.-Wyo.

Colquet: see Cloquet.

***Colrain:** town, Franklin County, Mass. (Not Colerain nor Coleraine.)

Colt: ledge, Hancock County, Me., with 7 feet of water over it, about 2 miles eastward of Isle au Haut and south of Great Spoon Island, lat. 44° 01′ N., long. 68° 34′ W. (Not Cold.)

Colt: pier, below Hartford, Connecticut River, Conn. (Not Colt's.)

Colter: peak, Lincoln County, Wyo., near the south boundary of the Yellowstone National Park and southwest of Yellowstone Lake. Named for John Colter, trapper, who was a member of the Lewis and Clark expedition and later in this neighborhood "ran-the-gauntlet" and escaped from the Indians. (Not Coulter.)

Colton: see Cotton.

Columbia: capital of South Carolina, in Richland County, on the Congaree River, near lat. 34° 00′ N., long. 81° 02′ W. Population in 1930, 50,211. (Pronounced kō-lŭm′bĭ-a.)

Columbia: island, in the Potomac River, District of Columbia, south of Theodore Roosevelt Island and north of Boundary Channel.

Columbia: river, rising in Canada, but chiefly in Washington and between Washington and Oregon, crosses international boundary near long. 117° 38′ W., flowing SW. across Washington, thence, as two-state boundary, from a point near intersection of the 46th parallel of

lat. with the 119th meridian of long. to the Pacific Ocean. (Pronounced kō-lŭm'bĭ-a.)

Columbia Crest: snow dome, highest summit, at conjunction of rims of two summit craters, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Columbia Finger: mountain peak, Yosemite National Park, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Columbia's Finger.)

Columbien: see Colombia.

Columbine: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 110° 09′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone Lake (South East Arm).

Columbine: falls, on Roaring Fork, in East Gorge, 1 mile northeast of Longs Peak, on the line between Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo.

Columbine: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 7, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park. So named because of abundance of wild columbine growing around lake.

Columbus: capital of Ohio, in Franklin Co., on the Scioto River, near lat. 40° 00′ N., long. 83° 02′ W. Population in 1930, 289,056. (Pronounced kō-lŭm'-bŭs.)

Columbus: glacier, crosses the international boundary (between Alaska and Yukon) near lat. 60° 24′ N., extends westward and touches northern slope of Mount St. Elias. (Not Colombo.)

Colville: river, in Northern Alaska. (Not Colvile.)

Comaang: see Cumaang, P. I.

Comagaycay: barrio, Milaor Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Camagacay.)

Comanche: gulch, Ts. 50 and 51 N., R. 3 E., Gunnison County, Colo. (Not Piccadune.)

Comanche: lake, T. 44 N., R. 12 E., Custer County, Colo. (Not Bear.)

Comanche: point, in the Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on eastern rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 111° 48′ W.

Comanche: see Pagoda.

Comandante: shoal, about 1 mile south of Caballo Blanco, P. R. (Not Cayo Comandante.)

Comar: spring, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz., near south boundary of T. 25 N., R. 18 E., Gila and Salt River meridian.

Comayagua: pr. kō-mä-yä'gwä; dept. and city, Honduras; 14° 30′ N., 87° 34′ W.

Comb: ridge, Apache, and Navajo Counties, Ariz., and San Juan County, Utah.

Combahee: river between Colleton County and Beaufort and Hampton Counties, S. C.

Comer's Lake: see Tecon, lake, Mich.

Comet: peak, Pinal County, Ariz., near the northwest corner of T. 2 S., R. 11 E., Crook National Forest, Gila and Salt River meridian, approx. in lat. 33° 17′ 30″ N., long. 111° 16′ 05″ W.

Comfort: cove, southeastern shore Port Gravina, near lat. 60° 43′ N., long. 146° 06′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Commodore Point Shoal: post light, St. Johns River, East Jacksonville, Duval County, Fla. (Not Commodore's Point Shoal.)

Como: city, and lake, n. w. Italy; 45° 47′ N., 9° 5′ E.

Como: town, Panola County, Miss. (Not Como Depot.)

Comochechebbee: see Cemochechobee.

Comon: see Comun, P. I.

Compass: point, low, rocky projection, opposite Rotto Cay, on southern shore of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Comptonville: see Camptonville.

Comptroller: see Controller.

Comun: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Comon.)

Conaquenessing: see Connequenessing.

Conasauga: creek, Polk and McMinn Counties, and village, Polk County, Tenn. (Not Connasauga nor Connesauga.)

Conasauga: river, chiefly in northern Georgia. (Not Connasauga nor Connesauga.)

Conasauga: town, Gilmer County, Ga. (Not Connasauga nor Connesauga.)

Conaskonk: point, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Conaskonck.)

Conbert: see Convert.

Concan: village, Uvalde County, Tex. (Not Con Can.)

Concepción: pr. kōn-sehp-syōn′; prov. and city, Chile; 36° 50′ S., 73° 10′ W.

Concepción: pr. kōn-sehp-syōn′; city, Paraguay.

Concepcion: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Concepcion: township, Mindoro Province, Maestre de Campo, P. I.

Concepcion: township, Mountain Province, Luzon, P. I.

Conception: point, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Concepcion.)

Concha: cove or bay, ¼ mile wide, 1,000 to 1,400 yards NNE. of Soldado Point, Culebra Island, P. R.

Conchilla: see Coachella.

Conconully: lake, Ts. 35 and 36 N., R. 25 E., Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Salmon.)

Conconully: see Salmon, creek, Wash.

Concord: capital of New Hampshire, in Merrimac County, on the Merrimac River, near lat. 43° 12′ W., long. 71° 32′ W. Population in 1930, 25,228. (Pronounced, kŏn′-kôrd.)

Concordia: bay, east side Kiddle Point, ⅝ mile northwest of Ram Head, southern coast of St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Saltpanne nor Zoutpan.)

Concordia: glacier, Blackstone Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 41′ N., long. 148° 44′ W. So named for Concordia College, Milwaukee, Wis.

Concunully: see Salmon, creek, Wash.

Conde: see Condes, P. I.

Condes: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Conde.)

Condon: peak, altitude 4,985 feet, 4 miles south-southeast of San Benito Mountain, at headwaters San Benito River on northwest, and White Creek on southeast, San Benito County, Calif.

Cone: mountain, west of Windy Bay, lat. 59° 13′.5 N., long. 151° 38′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Cone: mountain, 8 miles west of Mount Shasta, Siskiyou County, Calif. (Not Black Butte, Muir Butte, nor Sugar Loaf.)

Cone: mountain, on east bank of Stikine River near the Alaska-Canada boundary, near lat. 51° 21′ N., long. 131° 43′ W., Canada. (Not Cane.)

Cone, The: peak, altitude 2,740 feet, 1½ miles west of head of Ursus Cove, lat. 59° 31′.5 N., long. 153° 50′ W., Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Cone: see Kern-Kaweah, river, Calif.

Conedogwinet: Conedoquinet: see Conodoguinet.

Coneeto: see Conetoe.

Conemaugh: river, from its source in Cambria County to its junction with Loyalhanna Creek, Pa. (Not Kiskiminitas.)

Cone Mountain: see Wintoon, Calif.

Conequenessing: see Connoquenessing.

Conetoe: creek, Edgecombe and Pitt Counties, Upper and Lower Townships: and town, in Edgecombe County, N. C. (Not Coneeto, Coneto, Congeto, nor Keneighton.)

Conewago: township, Adams County, Pa. (Not Conowago.)

Conewango: creek, town, and village, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Connewango.)

Coney: island, Kings County, N. Y., at entrance to New York Harbor, near lat. 35° N., long. 74° W. So named in 1682 because of number of rabbits found here. Dutch map, 1682, shows it as Konynen Eyland; literally, rabbit island.

Confucius Temple: butte, altitude 7,128 feet in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 13′ W.

Congamunck: see Kunjamuk.

Congeto: see Conetoe.

Conglomerate: creek, Matanuska Valley, Alaska, in lat. 61° 47′ N., long. 148° 06′ 30″ W. Name suggested because of a conglomerate formation along this creek.

Congo: river, cen. Africa to the Atlantic, at 6° S.

Congo Belge: see Belgian Congo.

Congress: see Meadow, mountain, Me.

Congress Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 300 feet west of Nuphar Lake, near north end of Norris Geyser Basin.

Conhocton: see Cohocton.

Con Hook: point, on Hudson River, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Con's Hook.)

Conia: see Konya.

Conifer: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 4, 9, and 16, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Coniho: see Conoho.

Conimicut: lighthouse, Providence River, R. I. (Not Kinnimicut.)

Coning: point, southeastern Alaska, on east side Long Island, near lat. 54° 50′ N., long. 132° 38′ W.

Conkling: the northern point of entrance to Southold Bay, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Conkling's.)

Connasana: see Connesena.

Connasauga: see Conasauga.

Connasene: see Connesena.

Connecticut: river, rising in New Hampshire near the international boundary, which, in its course southward, connects Third, Second, and First Connecticut lakes, forms the New Hampshire-Vermont boundary, crosses Massachusetts and Connecticut, and empties into Long Island Sound at approximately lat. 41° 17′ N., long. 72° 20′ W. (Pronounced, kŏn-nĕt′-ĭ-kŭt.)

Connecticut: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Massachusetts, on the east by Rhode Island, on the south by Long Island Sound, and on the west by New York. Area, 4,965 square miles. (Pronounced kŏn-nĕt′-ĭ-kŭt.)

Connecticut: see Carmans.

Connelville: see Cannelville.

***Conners:** creek, emptying into Detroit River opposite Belle Isle, Wayne County, Mich. (Not Conner, Conner's, Connor's, Connors, nor Tremble's.)

Conners Creek: village, Wayne County, Mich. (Not Conner's Creek nor Connors Creek.)

Connesauga: see Conasauga.

Connesena: creek, Bartow County, Ga. (Not Connasana nor Connasene.)

Connett: point, north side of Buzzards Bay, between Angelica Point and Pease's Point, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Cordwood, Dunn's nor Nye's.)

Connewango: see Conewango.

Connoquenessing: borough and township, Butler County, and Creek, Beaver, Butler, and Lawrence Counties, Pa. (Not Conaquenessing, Conequenessing, nor Conoquenessing.)

Connor: see Connorville.

Connor's: Connors: see Conners.

Connors Creek: see Conners Creek.

Connorville: railroad station, Jefferson County, Ohio. (Not Connor nor Connorsville.)

Connotten: Connotton: see Conotton.

Conns: creek, Rush and Shelby Counties, tributary to Flatrock Creek, near Waldron, Ind. (Not Coon nor Mud.)

Conodoguinet: creek, Cumberland and Franklin Counties, Pa. (Not Conedogwinet nor Conedoquinet.)

Conoho: creek and village, Martin County, N. C. (Not Coniho nor Goose Nest.)

Conolton: see Conotton.

Conoquenessing: see Connoquenessing.

Conotton: creek, Carroll, Harrison, and Tuscarawas County, Ohio. (Not Connotten, Connotton, Conolton, nor One Leg.)

Conova: see Canova.

Conowago: see Conewago.

Conquioto: see Conquista, P. I.

Conquista: barrio, Lal-lo Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Conquioto.)

Conquistador Aisle: a short section of the inner canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 29′ W. (Not Cardenas Aisle.)

Con's Hook: see Con Hook.

Constance, Lake of: Austria-Germany-Switzerland; Fr. Lac de Constance; Ger. Boden See or Bodensee; Ital. Lago di Costanza.

Constant: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., draining into Tantatus Creek, near north end of Norris Geyser Basin.

***Constanţa:** pr. constantsa; chief Rumanian seaport on the Black Sea; 44° 10′ N., 28° 40′ E. Not Constanza.

Constantine: city, n. e. Algeria; 36° 21′ N., 6° 35′ E.

Constantine: harbor, northern shore of Amchitka Island, near lat. 51° 24′ N., long. 179° 22′ E., western Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Constantin.)

Constantinople: see İstanbul.

Constanza: see Constanţa.

Consumne: see Consumnes.

Contact: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, tributary of the upper Thorofare River from the southwest, lat. 63° 22′ 47″ N., long. 150° 15′ W. This name is suggested as an important geologic contact lies along the valley of this creek.

Contact: glacier, Port Nellie Juan, near lat. 60° 30′ N., long. 148° 28′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Contant: point, salient on northwestern side Great Cruz Bay entrance, 600 meters south Contant Estate, western side St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Continental: creek, Boundary County, Idaho, rising in sec. 25, T. 65 N., R. 5 W., Boise meridian, and tributary to Priest River S. ¼ sec. 13, T. 65 N., R. 5 W., Kaniksu National Forest. So named because of its source near Continental Mountain.

Continental: creek, heading in Kootenai Pass, tributary to McDonald Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Continental: mountain, altitude 6,725 feet, Boundary County, Idaho, on border of Kaniksu and Pend Oreille national forests, in unsurveyed sec. 36, T. 65 N., R. 5 W., Boise meridian. The name is applied to the summit and not to the entire ridge surrounding the head of Blue Joe Creek as shown on some maps.

Contlechebna: see Kontrashibuna.

Contoocook: pond, Jaffrey and Rindge Towns, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Long.)

Contoohatchee: see Econlockhatchee.

Controller: bay, near mouth of Copper River, lat. 60° 05′ N., long. 144° 14′ W., Alaska. (Not Bering nor Comptroller.)

Convert: creek, north of the Tanana, tributary to Preacher Creek, near lat. 65° 48′ N., long. 145° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Conbert.)

Conway: town, Taylor County, Iowa. (Not Conwa.)

Cony: peak, 9,638 feet high, Boise County, Idaho, near lat. 44° 03′ 49″.1 N., long. 115° 05′ 19″.9 W.

Cook: extensive inlet, about 180 nautical miles long, on south coast of Alaska, center near lat. 60° 10′ N., long. 152° 00′ W. (Not Cook's nor Kenai Bay.)

Cook: peak (over 9,500 feet high), Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 34′ W. (Not Storm.) In honor of C. W. Cook, early pioneer of Montana and member of the Folsom-Cook party which explored the Yellowstone region in 1869.

Cook: slough, southeast end Youngs Bay, near Astoria, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Cook's nor Cooks.)

Cooke: township, Cumberland County, Pa. (Not Cook.)

Cookeville: town, Putnam County Tenn. (Not Cookville nor Cooksville.)

Cook's: Cooks: see Cook, slough, Oreg.

Cooksville: see Cookeville.

Cookville: see Cookeville.

Cooleridge: see Coleridge

Cooley: pass, in Abajo Mountains between Abajo Peak and Jackson Ridge, San Juan County, Utah.

Coolidge: mountain (Mount Coolidge); 6,000 feet elevation, Custer County, S. Dak., in sec. 35, T. 3 S., R. 6 E. So named in honor of President Calvin Coolidge, by concurrent resolution of South Dakota Legislature, approved July 1, 1927. (Not Lookout nor Sheep.)

Coon: see Conns.

Coon Butte: see Crater Mound.

Cooper: bluff, southern point of entrance to Oyster Bay Harbor, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Cooper's.)

Cooper: island, near Waterford, Wahkiakum County, Wash. (Not Coopers.)

Cooper: the western point of entrance to Budd Inlet, Puget Sound, Thurston County, Wash. (Not Cowper.)

Cooper: river, rising on eastern slope Cascade Range, flowing through Cooper Lake to Cle Elum River, Kittitas County, Wash.

Cooper: see Quebec, village, Tenn.

Cooper Bar: post light, Ohio River, Jefferson County, Ind. (Not Cooper's.)

Coopers: see Cooper, island.

Coopers: see Cooper, bluff.

Cooper's: see Cooper Bar.

Coorg: Br. prov., s. India; 12° 30′ N., 75° 30′ E.

Coos: bay and river, Coos County, Oreg. (Not Coose nor Koos.)

Coosa: see Coosaw.

Coosaw: river, Beaufort County, S. C. (Not Coosa.)

Coose: see Coos.

***Cooter:** town and township, Pemiscot County, Mo. (Not Coutre.)

Cooter's Bridge: see Allenbridge.

Cooyehuttee: see Coahulla.

Copalis: head, near Grays Harbor, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Chepalis.)

Copán, Santa Rosa de: See Santa Rosa de Copán.

Copas: point, Gulf of California, southern side of entrance of Topolobampo Harbor, Sinaloa, Mexico. (Not Shell.)

Copasaw: see Coldwater, river, Miss.

Cope: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 112° 12′ W.

Copel: see Capel.

Copeland: lake, sec. 14, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., north side of North St. Vrain Creek, about 2 miles northwest of Allens Park Village, Boulder County, Colo.

Copeland: moraine, north side North St. Vrain Creek Valley, 2 miles northwest Allens Park Village, Boulder County, Colo.

Copeland: mountain, altitude 13,176 feet, in sec. 35, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., just east of the Continental Divide, 5 miles southwest of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo. (Not Clarence King, Kiowa, nor Tyndall.)

Copely: see Copley.

Copenhagen: basin, T. 13 S., R. 42 E., and Canyon, T. 12 S., R. 41 E., Bear Lake County, Idaho. (Not Copenhaver.)

Copenhagen: see Köbenhavn.

Copenhagen: see Geneva, town, Utah.

Copenhaver: see Copenhagen, Idaho.

Coperas: see Copperas Cove.

Copley: township and village, Summit County, Ohio. (Not Copely.)

Copp: see Copps, island, Conn.

Copp: see Wingate, brook, N. H.

Copper: bay, indenting west coast of Knight Island, near southern end of island, lat. 60° 16′ N., long. 147° 53′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Copper: canyon, in the south wall of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, 3 miles north of Bass Camp, Ariz.

Copper: canyon and stream tributary to San Juan River, near long. 110° 30′ W., San Juan County, Utah.

Copper: creek, T. 65 N., Rs. 2 and 3 E., tributary to Moyie River from east between Addie and Eastport, Boundary County, Idaho.

Copper: mountain, in northeastern part of Lemhi County, Idaho, 5 miles south of Shoup, Salmon River, near lat. 45° 19′ N., long. 114° 17′ W. (Not Copper King.)

Copper: see Chokotonk, river, Alaska.

Copper: see Kletsan, creek, Alaska.
Copper: see Cloud and Deadman.
Copper: see Copperas, creek, Ill.
Copperas: creek, tributary to Mississippi River, Rock Island County, Ill. (Not Copper.)
Copperas Cove: town, Coryell County, Tex. (Not Coperas.)
Copper Basin: depression, southern Custer County, Idaho, chiefly in Ts. 5 and 6 N., R. 22 E., Boise meridian, near head of the East Fork of Big Lost River, Lemhi National Forest.
Copper King: see Copper, mountain, Idaho.
Copper Mountain: gravel bar, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, between Thorofare River and Grant Creek, lat. 63° 24′ 40″ N., long. 150° 22′ 30″ W.
Copper Mountain: peninsula, about 3 miles long, projecting into Port Fidalgo from the north and terminating with Bidarka Point, centering near lat. 60° 50′ N., long. 146° 37′ W., northeastern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.
Copper Mountain: see Bidarka, point, Alaska.
Copper Mountain: see Eielson.
Copps: island, one of the Norwalk Group, Long Island Sound, Conn. (Not Copp nor Copp's.)
Copps: see Wingate.
Coquille: city, Coos County, Oreg. (Not Coquille City.)
Coquimbo: pr. kō-kēm′bō; prov. and seaport city, cen. Chile; 29° 58′ S., 71° 21′ W.
Coral na Montre: Coralnaumunti: see Corralnamunti, P. I.
Coraopolis: borough, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Carapolis.)
Corbette: see Corvette.
Corbetts: see Cobbetts.
Corcoran: mountain (Mount Corcoran), altitude 14,042 feet, on east boundary of Sequoia National Park and summit of the Sierra Nevada, Inyo and Tulare counties, Calif., near lat. 36° 31′ 30″ N., long. 118° 14′ 20″ W., about 5 miles southeast of Mount Whitney. (Not Langley, Mount Whitney No. 1, Old Mount Whitney, nor Sheep Rock.) Restatement of location as given in decision of 1891. Named in honor of W. W. Corcoran, philanthropist, of Washington, D. C.
Corcoraque: see Cocoraque.
Cordeal: railroad station, Citrus County, Fla. (Not Hartshorn.)
Cordell: post light, Mississippi River, Issaquena County, Miss. (Not Cordell's.)
Cordillera: see Cordilleras.
Cordillera de los Andes: see Andes, Los.
Cordilleras: the entire western mountain system of North America. (Not Cordillera.)
***Córdoba:** pr. kôr′dō-bä; prov. and city, Argentina; 31° 22′ S., 64° 15′ W.
***Córdoba:** province and city, s. Spain; Fr. Cordoue; city 37° 52′ N., 4° 50′ W.
Cordoba: see Cordova, P. I.
Cordonices: see Codornices.
Cordova: barrio, Amuling Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cordoba.)
Cordova: see Orca.
Cordwood: see Connett.
Corea: see Chosen.
Corée: see Chosen.
Corella: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.
Corioman: see Currioman.
Cork: city and county, Irish Free State; 51° 55′ N., 8° 30′ W.
Corkscrew: see Cocohatchee, river, Fla.
Cornelius: creek, Henrico County, Va. (Not Wilton.)
Cornell's: see Clason.
Corner: bay, on south shore of Tenakee Inlet, Chichagof Island, Alaska, near lat. 57° 44′ N., long. 135° 07′ W.
Corner: pond between Long Lake and Catlin Lake, Long Lake Town, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not Belden.)
Cornfield: see Garden, island, Minn.
Cornucopia: see Wallowa, mountain.
Cornwallis: see Johnston.
Coron: township, Palawan Province, Busuanga, P. I.
Corona: see Blackhead.
Corona Carrillo: reef, near Zancudo Cay, P. R.

Coronado: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 111° 57′ W.

Coronado Plateau: see Marcos Terrace.

Corona Larga: shoal, western coast, southward of Las Coronas, and northwestward of Resuello Shoals, P. R.

Corporal: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 400 feet southwest of Monarch Geyser in Norris Geyser Basin.

Corpus Christi: pass, between Padre and Mustang Islands, Tex. (Not Corpus Christi Inlet.)

Corral: creek, T. 26 N., R. 1 W., rising in Crooks Corral Basin, tributary to Snake River from east, Idaho County, Idaho. (Not China nor Crooks Corral.)

Corral: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in sec. 15, T. 6 S., R. 37 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Rosebud Creek in sec. 23, T. 5 S., R. 38 E. So named because it is said to resemble a corral at its head.

Corral: gulch, Mesa County, Colo., in T. 51 N., R. 15 W., N. M. Mer., rising east side sec. 22, flowing northeast between Keith Creek and Barklay Cabin Gulch, joining Barklay Cabin Gulch near south line sec. 32, T. 15 S., R. 99 W., 6th P. M. (Not Barklay Cabin Gulch, Brushy Ridge Creek, nor Rose Creek.)

Corral: meadow, Shasta County, Calif., on Kings Creek, in secs. 14 and 15, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Corral Hollow: creek, San Joaquin County, Calif., heading in mountainous region western side Oso Ridge, draining northwestward to Tesla, near which it turns sharply, flowing easterly and emptying into San Joaquin Valley. (Not Buenos Ayres.)

Corralnamonti: Corral na Munti: see Corralnamunti, P. I.

Corralnamunti: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Coral na Montre, Coralnaumunti, Corral na Munti, nor Corralnamonti.)

Corregidor: cove, on north shore of Corregidor Island, P. I.

Corrientes: pr. kōr-rē-ehn′tehs; city, Argentina; 27° 28′ S., 58° 48′ W.

Corsair: gorge, Georges Bank, east of Cape Cod, near lat. 41° 23′ N., long. 66° 10′ W., from 8 to 10 miles long, with a maximum depth of 420 fathoms in a portion of the bank that has a general depth of from 70 to 80 fathoms. Gorge lies directly across the track of vessels bound for New York. Named after *Corsair II*, a yacht donated by Mr. J. P. Morgan for the use of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, which, in the summer of 1930, was assigned to a survey of Georges Bank, when the gorge was discovered.

Corse (Corsica): Fr. island in the Mediterranean, s. e. of France; 42° N., 9° E.

Corsica: see Corse.

Corson: peak (Mount Corson), altitude 9,577 feet, Daggett County, northeastern Utah, in Phil Pico Mountains, Uinta Mountains, near lat. 40° 58′ N., long. 109° 56′ W. So named by the King Survey, in 1871 or 1872 probably, after First Lieut. Asst. Surg. (afterwards Major, retired) Joseph Kirby Corson, 1836–1913, then stationed at Fort Bridger, Wyo. (Not Carson nor Phil Pico.)

Cortadilla: barrio, Famy Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Kortadilla.)

Cortes: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Cortland: township and village, De Kalb County, Ill. (Not Courtland.)

Cortland: see Courtland, city and township, Kans.

Cortland: see Cortlandt, S. Dak.

Cortlandt: railroad station and township, Edmunds County, S. Dak. (Not Cortland nor Mina.)

Corumbá: pr. kō-rōōm-bä′; town, cen. Brazil, in state of Matto Grosso; 15° 59′ S., 48° 42′ W.

Coruña, La (Corunna): pr. lä korúnya; seaport, and province, ext. n. w. Spain; Fr. La Corogne; old Eng., The Groyne; 43° 23′ N., 8° 25′ W.

Corunna: see Coruña, La.

Corvette: ledge, Johns Bay, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Corbette.)

Corwin: cape, the southeasternmost point of Nunivak Island, Bering Sea, lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 165° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Vasilief.)

Coryell: island, east of Government Island, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Coryell's nor Ile Richard.)

Coshaqua: see Keshequa.

Cosili: see Kosili, P. I.

Cosinera: rock, Port Arecibo, 400 yards southwest by west from Point Morillos, P. R.

Coskata: beach, life-saving station, and pond, Nantucket, Mass. (Not Caskaty nor Croskaty.)

Cosners: see Mays.

Costanza, Lago di: See Constance, Lake of.

Costa Rica: pr. cō′stä rē kä; rep. Central America; Fr. Costa-Rica; Ger. and Ital. Costarica; Sp. Costa Rica.

Costarica: see Costa Rica.

Cosumne: village, Sacramento County, Calif. (Not Bridge House, Cosumnes, Howells, nor McCosumne.)

Cosumnes: river, Amador, Eldorado, and Sacramento Counties, and township, Sacramento County, Calif. (Not Consumne, Cosumni, Mokesumne, nor Mokosumne.)

Cosumnes: see Cosumne.

Cosumni: see Cosumnes.

Cotabato: town, near mouth of Mindanao River, Cotabato Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Cottabato nor Kota-Bato.)

Cotamy: see Katama.

Coteau des Prairies: plateau, in extreme eastern South Dakota and southwestern Minnesota, maintaining an altitude of about 2,000 feet and forming the divide between the waters of James River on the west and Minnesota River on the east, beginning a little west of Traverse and Big Stone Lakes, and occupying parts of Marshall, Roberts, Grant, and Deuel Counties, S. Dak.; thence crossing into Minnesota and traversing Lincoln, Pipestone, Noble, and Jackson Counties.

Coteau du Missouri: narrow plateau beginning in northwest corner of North Dakota between Missouri River and River des Lacs and Souris River and running southeast and south, with its southern limit not well defined; and its western escarpment forming the bluffs of the Missouri.

Côte d'Ivoire: see Ivory Coast.

Côte française des Somalis: see French Somaliland.

Cote sans Dessein: township, Callaway County, Mo. (Not Cote Sans Dissein.)

Cotmo: see Cutmo, P. I.

Cotmon: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Catman.)

Cotopaxi: pr. kō-tō-pä′gē; volcano, n. Ecuador; 0° 40′ S., 78° 33′ W.

Cotta: see Cuta, P. I.

Cottabato: see Cotabato, P. I.

Cottage City: see Oak Bluffs.

Cottaquila: mountain, end of ridge immediately north of White Plains, Calhoun County, Ala. (Not Chalybeate Spring, Klebiate Spring, nor Piedmont Springs.)

Cottbus: city, Brandenburg, e. Germany; also spelled Kottbus; 51° 46′ N., 14° 20′ E.

Cotteral: brook, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Cotterall's.)

Cotterals: see Cottrell.

Cotterell: glacier, west side of Port Nellie Juan, near lat. 60° 34′ N., long. 148° 37′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Cotton: township, Switzerland County, Ind. (Not Colton.)

Cottongrass: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 22′ W., flowing northwest into Sour Creek.

Cottonwood: canyon and creek, directly west of Shay Mountain, draining north and west into Colorado River, San Juan County, Utah.

Cottonwood: coulee, rising in southwest corner Saskatchewan, Canada, flowing southeast, entering United States lat. 49°, near long. 107° 58′, joining Whitewater Creek, Phillips County, Mont., in sec. 24, T. 37 N.,

R. 29 E. Name chosen in cooperation with Geographic Board of Canada.

Cottonwood: creek, 2 miles east of Roosevelt Village, Gila and Maricopa Counties, Ariz.

Cottonwood: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 111° 59′ W., near rim of south wall of canyon, drains north into Colorado River.

Cottonwood: creek flowing into McClure Valley, from northern part of T. 25 S., R. 17 E., Kern and Kings Counties, Calif.

Cottonwood: creek, left-hand branch of San Luis Creek, Saguache County, Colo. (Not Wildcherry.)

Cottonwood: creek, Carbon County, Mont., rises in sec. 1, T. 5 S., R. 24 E., Montana principal meridian, flows northwest to Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River, in which it empties in sec. 19, T. 3 S., R. 24 E. (Not Five Mile.)

Cottonwood: creek, northern part of Park County, Mont., in T. 2 N., Rs. 9 and 10 E., and T. 3 N., Rs. 10 and 11 E., draining a small glacier on west slope of Crazy Mountains southwest to Shields River, near lat. 45° 57′ N., long. 110° 30′ W. (Not Pine.)

Cottonwood: creek, Adams County, Nebr. (Not Dry.)

Cottonwood: creek, Hot Springs and Big Horn Counties, Wyo., rising in the southwestern portion of T. 45 N., R. 102 W., sixth principal meridian, flowing southeast and northeast, and emptying into Big Horn River in T. 45 N., R. 94 W. (Not Meeyero from its junction with Grass Creek.)

Cottonwood: creek, Sublette County, Wyo., formed by junction of its North Fork and Little Cottonwood Creek, in T. 33 N., R. 112 W., sixth principal meridian, flowing southeast into Green River. (Not Lander nor Marsh.)

Cottonwood: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° 02′ N., long. 110° 30′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone River.

Cottonwood: mountain, T. 6 N., R. 8 W., south of Orofino Mountain and northeast Dry Cottonwood Creek, Deer Lodge County, Mont.

*__Cottonwood:__ point, Clark County, Washington, on northern shore of Columbia River, about 2 miles southeast of Washougal. This is the name used locally. (Not Vancouver.)

Cottonwood: see Dok, point, Alaska.

Cottonwood: see Smith, peak, Calif.

Cottonwood: see Craig Draw, creek, Colo.

Cottonwood: see Reed, creek, Colo.

Cottonwood: see Horkan, creek, Mont.

Cottonwood: see Middle Cottonwood, creek, Mont.

Cottonwood: see North Cottonwood, creek, Mont.

Cottonwood: see South Cottonwood, creek, Mont.

Cottonwood: see Washington, pass, N. Mex.

Cottonwood: see Butler, canyon, Utah.

Cottrell: key, 8 miles west-northwest of Key West, Fla. (Not Cotterals.)

Cotuit: river, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Santuit.)

Cou-e-lis-ke: see Cowlitz.

Cougar: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 110° 51′ W., flowing west and northwest uniting with Grayling Creek to form North Fork of Madison River.

Cougar: peak, Sanders County, Mont., at the head of Cougar Gulch, in sec. 24, T. 23 N., R. 30 W., Cabinet National Forest. Takes name from near-by gulch.

Cougar Divide: watershed, east of Dead Horse Creek, Whatcom County, Wash.

Coulter: creek, south of Heart Lake, emptying into Snake River about lat. 44° 08′, long. 110° 32′, Yellowstone National Park and Teton County, Wyo. (Not Colter.)

Coulter: see Colter.

Coulterville: township and village, Randolph County, Ill. (Not Coultersville.)

Council: butte, southern Oregon, Klamath County, on south bank Sprague River, 2 miles northeast of Yainax subagency, in sec. 15, T. 36 S., R. 11 E., near lat. 42° 26′ N., long. 121° 24′ W. (Not Yainax.)

Countryman: creek, Stillwater and Sweet Grass counties, Mont., rises in the southeastern portion of T. 2 S., R. 17 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows easterly to empty into Yellowstone River in sec. 14, T. 2 S., R. 19 E., Montana principal meridian. (Not Countrymans.) Probably named for Horace Countryman, who in 1875 with Hugo Hoppe moved to the mouth of the Stillwater River.

County Line: creek, tributary from southeast to Tallapoosa River, Chambers and Tallapoosa Counties, Ala. (Not Moore, Moore's, Mooses, nor Ware.)

County Line: railroad station, Orleans County, N. Y. (Not County-line.)

Courthouse: creek, Ouray County, Colo.

Courthouse Rock: mountain, Cheyenne County, Nebr. (Not Court House Rock.)

***Courtland:** city and township, Republic County, Kans. (Not Cortland.)

Courtland: see Cortland.

Coutous: see Caution, passage, Alaska.

Coutre: see Cooter.

Cove: see Cove City.

Cove, The: see Cutchogue.

Cove City: township, Crawford County, Ark. (Not Cove.)

Coveda Mission: see Coweta.

Coventry: borough, Warwickshire, cen. England; 52° 25′ N., 1° 33′ W.

Cove of Stony Beach: see Hunters Beach, cove, Me.

Coveta Mission: see Coweta.

Coville: lake (Lake Coville), Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, northeast of Naknek Lake, draining into Lake Grosvenor, near lat. 58° 45′ N., long. 155° 40′ W. (Not Alinak nor Savonoski.)

Cow: creek, a large salmon stream, southeastern Alaska, on north shore Revillagigedo Island, tributary to Behm Narrows, a mile south of Claude Point, near lat. 55° 55′ N., long. 131° 23′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Cow: creek, heading near Longs Peak Village and emptying into north side North St. Vrain Creek, sec. 16, T. 3 N., R. 72 W., Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo. (Not Cabin.)

Cow: see Burnt Point, creek, Calif.

Cow: see Horse, creek, Calif.

Cowap: see Canyon, creek, Wash.

Cowardin: run and village, Bath County, Va. (Not Cowarden's.)

Cowecha: see Cowiche.

Coweset: see Greenwich, bay, R. I.

Coweta: town, creek, and township, Wagoner County, Okla. (Not Coveda Mission, Coveta Mission, nor Cowetah.)

Cowgulch: creek, Yellowstone County, Mont., rises in eastern part of T. 6 N., R. 28 E., Montana principal meridian, and empties into Railroad Creek in sec. 32, T. 4 N., R. 31 E.

Cowiche: creek and village, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Cowecha, Cowitchee, Cowyche, nor Kah-wi-chi.)

Cowles: lake, Piscataquis Co., Me., in Northwest Basin, near monument line, in T. 3, R. 10. Name given by the monument line surveyors, under Edwin Rose, 1833, the first visitors to this basin.

Cowles: see Engelmann Peak.

Cowlitz: county, pass, and river, Washington. (Not Cou-e-lis-ke.)

Cowlitz: glacier, discharging into Cowlitz River, southeastern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Cowlitz: park, high valley northeast of Cowlitz Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Cowlitz: see Muddy Fork.

Cowlitz: see Ohanapecosh, hot springs.

Cowlitz Chimneys: high rock towers east of Mount Rainier, on divide between White River and Cowlitz River drainage, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Cowlitz Cleaver: narrow rocky ridge on arrete, descending from Gibraltar Rock between Cowlitz and Nisqually Glaciers, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Cow Neck: see Manhasset.

Cowpasture: river, Alleghany and Bath Counties, Va. (Not Cow Pasture nor Cow-pasture.)

Cowper: see Cooper, point, Wash.

Cowsap: see Canyon Creek, Wash.

Cowskin: see Elk, river, Okla.

Cowyard: anchorage, in Duxbury Bay, Mass. (Not Cow-Yard.)

Cowyche: see Cowiche.

Cox: creek and neck, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Coxe nor Coxe's.)

Cox: island east of Florence and south of Acme, in Siuslaw River, Lane County, Oreg.

Cox: see Bel Alton.

Coxe: glacier, at head of Barry Arm, Port Wells, near lat. 61° 07′ N., long. 148° 07′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Coxe: Coxe's: see Cox, Md.

Cox Ripple: shoal, in Ohio River near Wellsburg, Brooke County, W. Va. (Not Cox's.)

Cox's: see Cox Ripple.

Coxsackie: see Nutten Hook.

Coxsons: Coxton: Coxton's: see Croxton.

Coyote: canyon, Inyo County, Calif., about 7 miles long leading west to Panamint Valley, centering near lat. 35° 52′ N., long. 117° 07′ 12″ W., in unsurveyed T. 24 S., R. 45 E., Mount Diablo meridian, about a mile north of Goler Canyon.

Coyote: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 23, T. 18 S., R. 32 E., flowing southeast and east into Kern River in sec. 21, T. 18 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park.

Coyote: creek, debouching in south end San Francisco Bay, Alameda and Santa Clara Counties, Calif. (Not Coyote River.)

Coyote: lake, T. 34 N., R. 107 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Coyote: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 26, T. 18 S., R. 32 E., on south boundary Sequoia National Park.

Coyote: peaks, group of five, Tulare County, Calif., at extreme southern point of Sequoia National Park boundary, around corner to Tps. 18 and 19 S., Rs. 32 and 33 E. Elevation of highest peak, 10,900 feet.

Coyote: precinct and railroad station, Dawson County, Nebr. (Not Cayote.)

Coyote: ridge, Inyo County, Calif., between Coyote Creek and Bishop Creek, near lat. 37° 12′ N., long. 118° 33′ W.

Coyote River: see Coyote, creek, Calif.

Cozian: reef, off Nismeni Point, Peril Strait, near lat. 57° 34′ N., long. 135° 26′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kozian nor Nikolas.)

Cozy: cove, just eastward of Amee Bay, Alaska, Sitkalidak Strait, Sitkalidak Island, near lat. 57° 11′ N., long. 153° 11′ W. (Not Snug.)

Crab: bay, on south shore Tenakee Inlet, Chichagof Island, Alaska, near lat. 57° 44′ N., long. 135° 20′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Crab: bay, eastern side Annette Island near junction of Revillagigedo Channel and Felice Strait, lat. 55° 06′.5 N., long. 131° 22′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Crab: creek rising in Lincoln County, Wash., flowing westward near town of Ephrata, Grant County, and emptying into Alkali Lake, except during flood waters when it drains south through Willow Lake Draw to Parker Horn of Moses Lake, thence to Columbia River at Beverly. (Not Upper Crab.)

Crab: island, extending during low-water periods to Barbed Point, Drummond Island, Chippewa County, Mich.

Crab: see Vieques.

Crab Grass: see Taylor, creek, Fla.

Crab Island: shoal, south of west end of Drummond Island, Chippewa County, Mich.

Crab Island: see Barbed, point, Mich.

Crab Run: see Crabtree, creek, Md.

Crabtree: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 17′ W., flowing west into Whitney Creek, 2¾ miles above its mouth in Kern River, Sequoia National Park.

Crabtree: creek, Garrett County, Md. (Not Crab Run.)

Crabtree: ledge, Sullivan Harbor, Hancock County, Me. (Not Crabtree's.)

Crabtree: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 21′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Crabtree's: see Crabtree, ledge, Md.

Cracker: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 39′ W., drained by Canyon Creek, into Lake Sherburne. Named for the Cracker Jack Mine at the base of the cliffs of Mount Siyeh on upper shore of the lake; not operating.

***Cracow:** see Kraków.

Crader Field: post light, Illinois River, Calhoun County, Ill. (Not Crader's.)

Crafts: hill, Lebanon Town, Grafton County, N. H. (Not Grafts nor Mount Lebanon.)

Crag: lake, secs. 1 and 12, T. 7 S., R. 41 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

Crag: lake, NW. ¼ sec. 33, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Crag: point, on eastern shore of Kizhuyak Bay, lat. 57° 52′ N., long. 152° 41′ W., northern part of Kodiak Island, Alaska. (Not Bluff nor Otrubistoi.)

Crag: see Big, creek, Wyo.

Crags, The: cliffs, sec. 20, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., northwestern side Twin Sisters Mountains, Larimer County, Colo.

Crags, The: group of five or six rugged peaks, from 9,000 to 9,300 feet high, between Grayling and Campanula Creeks, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 57′ W.

Craig: bar in Ohio River, near Veney, Switzerland County, Ind. (Not Craig's.)

Craig: creek, flowing into Clarence River near its mouth, Yukon, Canada.

Craig: pass, 8,262 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., over continental divide at head of Spring Creek. Named for Mrs. Ida Craig Wilcox, 1891, the first tourist to cross the pass.

Craig: see El Tule.

Craig Draw: creek, Uncompahgre National Forest, San Miguel County, Colo., in T. 45 N., R. 12 W. (Not Cottonwood.)

Craig's: see Craig, bar.

Craigs: see Virginia, peak.

Craigville: railroad station, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Craigsville.)

Crain: see Crane, creek, Mont.

Craiova: pr. krī-ōva; city, s. w. Rumania; 44° 18′ N., 23° 48′ E.

Cranberry: creek, southern end of Goose Bay, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Goose.)

Cranberry: see Cranbury.

Cranberry Island Passage: see Western Way.

Cranberry Peak: see Trumbull.

Cranbury: township and village, Middlesex County, N. J. (Not Cranberry.)

Crandall: creek, Park County, Wyo., rising in the Absaroka Range, near lat. 44° 48′ N., and flowing northeast into Clark Fork, near the upper end of Clark Fork Canyon. (Not Marble nor Timber, at source.) The principal north branch of this, locally called North Fork, is labeled Crandall Creek on some maps.

Crandall Corners: village, in Easton, Washington County, N. Y. (Not Crandalls Corners.)

Crane: creek, Richland County, Mont., rises in sec. 5, T. 21 N., R. 56 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Yellowstone River at Craine in sec. 12, T. 21 N., R. 58 E. (Not Crain nor Cranes.) Named for the earliest homesteader on this creek, who spelled his name Crain.

Crane: island, south of Laireys Island, West Penobscot Bay, Me.

Crane: see Domke.

Crane Eater: town, Gordon County, Ga. (Not Craneeater.)

Cranes: see Crane, creek.

Crane Valley: lake (reservoir), T. 7 S., R. 22 E., Madera County, Calif. (Not Bass.)

Craney: island and lighthouse, Elizabeth River, near Norfolk, Va. (Not Crany nor Crayne.)

Craney: see Cany, creek, Tex.

Crany: see Craney.

Crater: bay, about ¾ by 1½ miles, on east side of Harris Bay, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 42′ N., long. 149° 48′ W. So named because of its being encircled by ridges of igneous rock.

Crater: butte, 7,275 feet high, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 6, T. 30 N., R. 6 E., midway between Twin Lakes and Horseshoe Lake.

Crater: flat, between Bear and Yucca Mountains, Nye County, Nev.

Crater: lake, southeastern part Annette Island, midway between Tamgas Mountain and the shore of Felice Strait, lat. 55° 03′.5 N., long. 131° 23′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Crater: moraine, where Boulder Glacier discharges from Summit Crater, southeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Crater: mountain, sec. 14, T. 5 S., R. 41 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

Crater: peak, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, near lat. 61° 16′ N., long. 152° 15′ W., on southeastern flank of Mount Spurr, which is itself an active volcano. Name proposed by Capps and Sargent, 1927, who discovered this crater.

Crater: peak, rocky knoll on rim of North Crater, central summit Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Crater: see Mowich, lake.

Crater Hills: see Sulphur, mountain, Wyo.

Crater Mound: butte or mound in T. 19 N., R. 12½ E., Arizona. (Not Coon Butte, Crater Mountain, nor Meteorite Mountain.)

Crater Mountain: see Crater Mound.

Craters of the Moon: hills and broken country, Butte and Blaine counties, Idaho, underlain by remarkably fresh basaltic lava in and around the Craters of the Moon National Monument, south of Martin.

Craven: shoal, in New York Lower Bay, Richmond County, N. Y. (Not Craven's.)

Crawfish: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 11′ N., long. 110° 43′ W., flowing southeast into Lewis River.

Crawford: creek and landing on Mississippi River, Cape Girardeau County, Mo. (Not Crawford's.)

Crawford: landing on Ohio River near Huntington, W. Va. (Not Crawford's.)

Crawfordville: city, Taliaferro County, Ga. (Not Crawfordsville.)

Crayne: see Craney.

Crazy: creek, Park County, Wyo., tributary to Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River from the north, rising in sec. 3, T. 57 N., R. 107 W., unsurveyed, sixth principal meridian. (Not Crazy Woman.) So named, it is said, from the fact that the creek is mostly on high ground and not in a canyon.

Crazy Woman: see Crazy, creek, Wyo.

Creek: see Medicine, lake, Mont.

Crefeld: see Krefeld.

Creigh: see Greig.

Cremation: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near lat. 36° 03′ N., long. 112° 04′ W., on south wall of canyon, drains north into the Colorado River.

Cremation: see Shoshone, point, Ariz.

Cremona: prov. and city, n. Italy; 45° 18′ N., 10° 2′ E.

Cresap: bend, in Ohio River, and village, Marshall County, W. Va. (Not Cressap's.)

Crescendo: creek, Ts. 41 and 42 N., R. 6 E., tributary to Little North Fork Clearwater River from north above Cedar Creek, Clearwater and Shoshone Counties, Idaho.

Crescent: cliff, Shasta County, Calif., 1¼ miles west of Lassen Peak, in sec. 33, T. 31 N., R. 4 E.

Crescent: crater, 8,632 feet high, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 26, T. 31 N., R. 4 E., 1½ miles northeast of Lassen Peak.

Crescent: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 5, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., flowing south into Middle Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 18, Sequoia National Park.

Crescent: creek, rising in Crescent Lake, sec. 13, T. 24 S., R. 6 E., flowing eastward about 20 miles to junction with East Fork of Deschutes River, Klamath County, Oreg.

Crescent: hill, 8,400 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 28′ W.

Crescent: lake, Flagler and Putnam Counties, Fla. (Not Dunn.)

Crescent: mountain, altitude 8,900 feet, secs. 10 and 11, T. 2 S., R. 71 W., 2 miles west of Plainview Station and 12 miles northeast of Blackhawk, Jefferson County, Colo.

Crescent: mountain, altitude 8,590 feet, Powell County, Mont., in sec. 19, T. 18 N., R. 14 W., Montana meridian, on border of Flathead and Lolo national forests.

Crescent: ridge, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on the north rim of canyon and western border of the Kaibab Plateau, near lat. 36° 17′ N., long. 112° 14′ W.

Crescent: see Lower Quartz, lake, Mont.

Crespos Heads: cluster of shoals, 300 yards across, least depth 7 feet, in outer portion of South Channel, 1,200 yards SSE. of Breeze Point, Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Cabezos, Crespos, Los Crespos, nor Reef Heads.)

Cressap's: see Cresap.

Cresswell: see Creswel.

Crested: see Wosnesenski.

Crested Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 250 feet north of Castle Geyser, left bank of Firehole River, in Upper Geyser Basin.

Crestone: creek, Saguache County, Colo. (Not Crestones.)

Crestone: peaks, Sangre de Cristo Range, Saguache County, Colo. (Not Three Tetons.)

Creswell: town, Washington County, N. C. (Not Cresswell.)

Creta: see Krētē.

Crete: see Krētē.

Crevice: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° 06′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone River. (Not Crevice Gulch.)

Crevice Gulch: see Crevice, creek, Wyo.

Crewe: borough, Cheshire, England; 53° 7′ N., 2° 30′ W.

Cricket: range of mountains, east of Sevier Lake, Millard County, Utah. (Not Beaver nor Beaver River.)

Crims: island, Columbia River, Columbia County, Oreg., in T. 8 N., R. 4 W., near long. 123° 09′ W. (Not Gull.) Named after James F. Crim, who purchased a homestead on the island in 1864.

Crispen: island or fast-land, abutting on left bank Turtle River, just below Cowpen Creek, Glynn County, Ga. (Not Crispin.)

Crispin: see Crispen.

Cristina: barrio, Tapas Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Maria Cristina.)

Cristina: see Maria Cristina, P. I.

Crittenden: peak, altitude 6,400 feet, sec. 15, T. 46 N., R. 7 E., Idaho-Montana State line, Shoshone County, Idaho, and Missoula County, Mont. Named for Errol D. Crittenden, formerly employed in the St. Joe National Forest, who lost his life in the military service in France.

Crna Gora: see Montenegro.

Croatan: sound, connecting Albermarle and Pamlico Sounds, Dare County, N. C., near lat. 35° 53′ N., long. 75° 43′ W. (Not Croetan.)

Croatia or **Hrvatska:** region, n. w. Yugoslavia; formerly Hungarian; Serb-Croat, Hrvatska, pr. khĕrvätskä; Fr. Croatie; Ger. Kroatien; Ital. Croazia; Mag. Horvátorszag.

Croazia: see Croatia.

Crochet: see Crotched.

Crocker: peak, altitude 12,448 feet, Fresno and Mono Counties, Calif.

Crocker: Crocker's: see Sequoia.

Crocker Flat: area lying mostly in secs. 19 and 30, T. 31 S., R. 22 E., Kern County, Calif.

Crocker's: see Sequoia.

Crockson: see Croxton.

Croetan: see Croatan.

Cromeset: ledge and neck, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Cromesett.)

Cronstadt: see Kronstadt.

Crook: landing in Mississippi River, 5 miles above Ste. Genevieve, Mo. (Not Crook's.)

Crook: point, Pacific coast, southwestern part of Curry County, Oreg. (Not Crooks.)

Crooked: creek, small tributary from the west to Chandalar River, about lat. 67° 09′ N., long. 148° 50′ W., Alaska. (Not West Fork.)

Crooked: creek, Carbon County, Mont., and Big Horn County, Wyo., heads on the south slope of the Pryor Mountains in sec. 32, T. 7 S., R. 27 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows southeasterly to empty into Big Horn River in sec. 30, T. 58 N., R. 94 W., sixth principal meridian.

Crooked: creek, Yellowstone County, Mont., rises in northwest quarter of T. 4 N., R. 26 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Yellowstone, east of Shepherd, in western part of T. 2 N., R. 28 E. (Not Dry.)

Crooked: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 110° 17′ W., flowing north, west, and south into Snake River.

Crooked: pr. cro͝ok'ed; island, the Bahamas; 22° 45′ N., 74° 10′ W.

Crooked: lake, between Basswood and Iron Lakes, Lake and St. Louis Counties, Minn., Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary between Minnesota and Ontario.

Crooked: see Ragged, island, Alaska.

Crooked: see Elbow, lake, Mich.

Crooked Lake No. 1: see Manuka, lake, Mich.

Crooked Lake No. 2: see Wequos, lake, Mich.

Crook's: see Crook, landing, Mo.

Crooks: see Crook, point, Oreg.

Crooks Corral: see Corral, creek, Idaho.

Crookston: see Croxton.

Croom: town, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Croome.)

Croom Station: railroad station, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Croome Station.)

Croose: see Kruzof.

Crop Grass: see Taylor, creek, Fla.

Cropseyville: village, Brunswick Town, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Cropserville.)

Crosier's: see Sevarte.

Croskaty: see Coskata.

Cross: see Krestof, island and sound, Alaska.

Cross: see Guess, creek, Tenn.

Cross: see Lac LaCroix.

Crossett: pond, Fort Ann Town, Washington County, N. Y. (Not Lake Juvet.)

Cross Islands: see Cruz.

Crossley: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 113° 46′ W., traversed by Middle Fork, Belly River.

Crossley: ridge, highest peak on ridge, 9,400 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., short spur extending northeast from Mount Merrit to Crossley Lake, near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 113° 46′ W.

Cross Rip: shoal, Nantucket Sound, Mass.

Crosswise: see Broad, island, Alaska.

Crotch: island, Deer Island Thorofare, Hancock County, Me. (Not Thurlow.)

Crotch: island, southwest of Laireys Island, West Penobscot Bay, Me.

Crotched: mountain, Hillsboro County, N. H. (Not Crochet nor Crotchet.)

Crow: creek, Park County, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 30′ N., long. 110° 09′ W. flowing east into North Fork of Shoshone River. In area eliminated from park by act of March 1, 1929.

Crow: dock, Raritan River, N. J. (Not Crow's.)

Crow: see Korga, island, Alaska.

Crow: see Wilton, creek, Mont.

Crowfoot: ridge, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., beginning at Three Rivers Peak, Gallatin Range, running northwest as watershed between Gallatin River and Grayling Creek.

Crowl: see Reed, railroad station, Pa.

Crown: peak, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, on the crest of the glaciers about 18 miles west of Chenega Island, near lat. 60° 19′ N., long. 148° 46′ W. Descriptive name.

Crowninshield: point, Hancock County, Me., at western entrance to Seal Harbor, near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. Named for Rear Admiral A. S. Crowninshield, United States Navy, who owned the land on this point in the early eighties. (Not Dodge nor Dodges.)

Crow's: see Crow, dock.

Crow's Nest: mountain near West Point, Orange County, N. Y.

Croxson's: see Croxton.

Croxton: run, Knox Township, Jefferson County, Ohio. (Not Coxton, Coxton's, Coxsons, Crockson, Crookston, nor Croxson's.)

Croydon: a s. suburb of London, England; 51° 23′ N., 0° 6′ W.

Crozier: creek, Beaverhead County, Mont., in secs. 12 and 13, T. 3 S., R. 13 W., and secs. 17 and 18, T. 3 S., R. 12 W., Montana meridian, tributary to Wise River, Beaverhead National Forest. (Not Beaver.) Named after a deceased mining locator in the Elkhorn mining district.

Crozier: settlement, San Juan County, N. Mex., near the southeast corner of T. 7 N., R. 3 W., Navajo meridian.

Crumbaugh: lake, Shasta County, Calif., 3 miles southeast of Lassen Peak, in sec. 24, T. 30 N., R. 4 E. (Not Crumbo.)

Crumbo: see Crumbaugh.

Crunigen: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 1, T. 17 S., R. 29 E., flowing south into East Fork of Kaweah River, Sequoia National Park.

Cruso: town, Haywood County, N. C. (Not Crusoe.)

Cruz: bay, coasters' harbor at western extremity of St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bahia Pequeña de la Cruz, Galge or Gallows, Klein Crux, Lille Crux, nor Little Cruz.)

Cruz: group of islands, about 1½ miles long, in San Christoval Channel, northeast of San Fernando Island, lat. 55° 33′.5 N., long. 133° 18′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Cross Islands.)

Cruz: pass, passage between Cruz Islands and San Fernando Island, lat. 55° 33′ N., long. 133° 19′ W., Southeastern Alaska.

Crysler: island, in the St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Chrisler, Dark, nor Lawrence.)

Crystal: cave, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 28, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. Discovered by Medley and Webster in 1918.

Crystal: cliffs, Lassen County, Calif., one-half mile northeast of Juniper Lake, in sec. 15, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Crystal: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, long tributary of Glacier Creek on east edge of Muldrow Glacier, lat. 63° 22′ 20″ N., long. 150° 22′ W. The water in this creek is unusually clear for this region.

Crystal: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising on Kaibab Plateau, near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 112° 07′ W., flows west of south into the Colorado River, within the Granite Gorge. (Not West Fork.)

Crystal: creek, Gunnison County, Colo., rising near lat. 36° 39′ N., long. 107° 24′ W., flowing southwest into the Gunnison River. (Not Rio Contrario.)

Crystal: creek, rising near Shell Mountain, tributary to Davis Creek from northwest, sec. 35, T. 3 S., R. 11 E. Park County, Mont.

Crystal: creek, Big Horn County, Wyo., in Ts. 54–56 N., Rs. 92–94 W., sixth principal meridian, tributary to Big Horn River. (Not Alkali nor Chrystal.) Known to some extent as Alkali Creek because stream passes through alkali formation. In 1904 a "Chrystal" post office was established here.

Crystal: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 19′ W., flowing north into Lamar River.

Crystal: falls, three falls, total height 129 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Cascade Creek, near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 110° 30′ W. Named by the Washburn exploration party, 1870.

Crystal: lake, Lassen County, Calif., one-half mile east of Juniper Lake, in sec. 15, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Crystal: lake, Tulare County, Calif., sec. 13, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., in eliminated area just outside Sequoia National Park.

Crystal Spring: village, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Crystal Springs.)

Cseh-Szlovákia: see Czechoslovakia.

C. Talaungan: C. Talaongan: see Talaungan, P. I.

Cuajiniquilapa, or shortened form, **Cuilapa:** pr. kwä-hē-nē-kē-lä′pä or kwē-lä′pä; town, Guatemala; 14° 14′ N., 90° 20′ W.

Cuarzo: see Quartzite, canyon, Ariz.

Cub: creek, Boise County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to Bear River, from the north, just below Rocky Creek.

Cub: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 30′ N., long. 110° 09′ W., flowing west into Yellowstone Lake.

Cub: island, in Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 12′, long. 153° 12′. (Not Cat.)

Cub: see Palmer, peak, Oreg.

Cuba: pr. ku′ba; loc. pr. kōō′bä; island rep., W. I.; Fr., Ital., and Sp., Cuba; Ger., Kuba or Cuba.

Cuba: see Cube, mountain.

Cubages: see Cobbetts.

Cuba Landing: village, Humphreys County, Tenn. (Not Cubia.)

Cube: mountain, altitude 2,927 feet, Orford Town, Grafton County, N. H. (Not Cuba.)

Cube: point, northwestern part of Marquette Island, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Cube's, Cubes, nor Kechetotawnon.)

Cubi: point and shoal, Subic Bay, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cuby, Kuby, nor Kubi.)

Cubia: see Cuba Landing.

Cubits Gap: lighthouse, Mississippi River, Plaquemines Parish, La. (Not Cubitt's.)

Cubo: see Cobo, P. I.

Cuby: see Cubi, P. I.

Cucaracha: passage between Las Cucarachas and Los Farallones, P. R.

Cuchara: see Cucharas.

Cucharas: river, Pueblo County, Colo., rising in T. 31 S., R. 69 W., Huerfano County, tributary to Huerfano River about 27 miles south of Pueblo, sec. 16, T. 24 S., R. 24 W. (Not Cuchara.)

Cuchillo Negro: creek, Sierra County N. Mex., formed by the junction of Fairview and Poverty Creeks, at the town of Winston, flowing generally southeast, entering the Rio Grande about 2 miles below the Elephant Butte Dam and above the town Hot Springs. (Not Cuchillo.) Named after an Apache Indian chief, killed by United States troops at Apache Pass, Ariz., in 1862.

Cuco: see Coco, P. I.

Cucumber: reef, southeastern Alaska; on Keku Strait, about 8 miles southeast of Point Hamilton, near lat. 56° 47′ N., long. 133° 46′ W. So named because of its shape.

Cúcuta: pr. kōō′kōō-tä; city, state of Norte de Santander in n. Colombia; 7° 47′ N., 72° 50′ W.

Cuddy Peak: see Frazier Mountain, Calif.

Cudian: barrio, Iuisan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cudiang.)

Cudiang: see Cudian, P. I.

Cuenca: pr. kwehn′kä; city, Ecuador; 2° 53′ S., 79° 9′ W.

Cuenca: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cuerno Verde: see Greenhorn, mountain, Colo.

Cuerno Verde: see Wet, mountains, Colo.

Cugtong: see Kogtong, P. I.

Cuiabá or **Cuyabá:** pr. koo-yä-bä′; capital, state of Mato Grosso, w. Brazil; 15° 40′ S., 56° 10′ W.

Cuilapa: see Cuajiniquilapa.

Culajao: see Kulahao, P. I.

Culasi: barrio, Ajuy Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Colasi.)

***Culasi:** barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Colasi, Kolasi, nor Kulasi.)

Culasi: barrio, Samboan Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Colase nor Kolasi.)

Culasi: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Culauin: barrio, Argao Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Colauin nor Colawin.)

Culauin: barrio, Pastrana Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Colauen nor Colawen.)

Culauit: Culawit: see Calawit, P. I.

Culcross: bay, indenting northern coast of Culcross Island, lat. 60° 45′ N., long. 148° 10′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Culcross: island, eight miles long, center near lat. 60° 42′ N., long. 148° 10′ W., in northwestern part of Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Grant.)

Culebra: sound, averaging ¾ mile wide, inclosed by chain of cays and reefs off eastern end of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not The Sound.)

Culebra: see Gaillard.

Culebra: see Sangre de Cristo.

Culebrita: roads, sheltered anchorage in deepest part of Culebra Sound, southwest of summit of Culebrita Cay, off eastern end of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not The Sound.)

Culhane: brook, Martins Location, Coos County, N. H., approx. lat. 44° 19′.3 N., long. 71° 15′ W., tributary from west to Peabody River, White Mountain National Forest. (Not Madison.) In local usage stream has long been known as Culhane, for Patrick Culhane, former owner of the land through which the stream flows.

Culiat: see Kuliat, P. I.

Culis: see Kulis, P. I.

Cullago: see Kollago, P. I.

Cullasagee: see Cullasaja.

***Cullasaja:** creek and village, Macon County, N. C. (Not Cullasagee nor Sugartown.)

Cullat: see Kuliat, P. I.

Cullio: see Cullit, P. I.

Cullit: barrio, Lal-lo Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cullio.)

Culo: see Kulo, P. I.

Culpeper: town, Wilcox County, Ala. (Not Culpepper.)

Cultihan: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cultijan.)

Cultijan: see Cultihan, P. I.

Cultus: lake, southwestern part of Deschutes County, Oreg.

Culu: see Kulo, P. I.

Culungan: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Colongan.)

Cumaang: barrio, Tobigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Comaang.)

Cumaná: pr. kōō-mä-nä′; seaport city, Venezuela; 10° 26′ N., 64° 0′ W.

Cumberland: river, formed in Harlan Company, Ky., at the union of its Clover and Poor Forks, near lat. 36° 52′ N., long. 83° 20′ W., flowing westerly, crossing then recrossing the Kentucky-Tennessee boundary, thence northwest into the Ohio River near lat. 37° 09′ N., long. 88° 25′ W. (Pronounced kŭm′-ber-lănd.)

Cumberland Entrance: see St. Marys Entrance.

Cuming: township, Dodge County, Nebr. (Not Cumming.)

Cumings: see Cummings, village, N. Dak.

Cumming: see Cuming.

Cummings: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., high on west slope of Logging Peak, flowing southwest into Quartz Creek. Named for early settler on Quartz Creek, about a mile below mouth.

Cummings: creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Collins nor Collinson's.)

***Cummings:** village, Ervin Township, Traill County, N. Dak. (Not Cumings.)

Cummings: see Tackawasick.

Cummings: Cummins: see Fish Meadow.

Cundagas: see Candagas, P. I.

Cundinamarca: pr. kōōn-dē-nä-mär′-ka; dept., Colombia.

Cundiz: see Cundy.

Cundy: harbor, ledge, and points, Casco Bay, Harpswell Township, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Cundiz.)

Cungermuck: see Kunjamuk.

Cunningham: creek, gap, and village, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not Adam's Creek.)

Cunningham: see Agate, village, Ga.

Cupertino: see Stevens, creek, Calif.

Cure: see Kure, island, T. H.

Curecanti: creek, Gunnison County, Colo. (Not Vincennes.)

Curecanti Needle: short ridge, knife-edged, Gunnison County, Colo., extending north and south across T. 48 N., R. 5 W., New Mexico meridian. (Not Caricanti, Currecanti, nor Curricanti.)

Curianas Islands: see Hidong, P. I.

Curicó: pr. kōō-rē-ko′; prov. and city, Chile; 34° 58′ S., 71° 11′ W.

Curitiba: pr. kōō-rē-tē′bä; city, s. Brazil, capital, state of Paraná; 25° 26′ S., 49° 16′ W. (Not Curityba.)

Curityba: see Curitiba.

Curles: neck of land on James River, Henrico County, Va. (Not Curl's.)

Curlew: creek, lake, and village, Ferry County, Wash. (Not Karamin nor Karamip.)

Curlew: islands, St. Bernard Parish, La., in the Gulf of Mexico south of Chandeleur Islands, near lat. 29° 38′, long. 88° 58′.

Curley Bear: mountain, altitude 8,000 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 27′ W., 2½ miles southeast of St. Mary Lake (not Kootenai Mountain). Named for Blackfeet chief, to avoid confusion with Kootenai Peak.

Curl's: see Curles.

Curly Bear: mountain, lat. 48° 12′ N., long. 113° 05′ W., Pondrea County, Mont.

Currant Lake: see Current Lake.

Currecanti: see Curecanti Needle.

Current Lake: village, Murray County Minn. (Not Currant Lake.)

Curricanti: see Curecanti Needle.

Currioman: bay, arm of Nomini Bay, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Corioman.)

Currys Fishery: see American, point, Minn.

Curtain: falls, between Crooked and Iron Lakes, St. Louis County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

Curupira: pr. kōō-rōō-pē′rä; mts. on boundary bet. Amazonas Territory, in Venezuela, and Brazil.

Cusco: pr. kōōs′kō; city, s. Peru; 13° 30′ S., 72° 10′ W. Usual Eng., Fr., and Ger. spelling, Cuzco.

Cush Cushion: creek, in Greene Township, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Cush-Cushion, Cushcushion, nor Cushian.)

Cushing: island, Portland Harbor, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Bang's nor Cushing's.)

Cushman: see Narada.

Cushman Crest: peak, between Nisqually River and Van Trump Creek; most prominent feature on southern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Cushman's Brook: see Middle Branch.

Cusick: mountain, Wallowa County, Oreg., Wallowa National Forest, in sec. 18, T. 5 S., R. 45 E., W. M. Named for William Cusick, pioneer botanist of the Blue Mountains. Many plants of the region have been named "Cusichu" in his honor.

Cusili: see Kosili, P. I.

Custer: creek, Prairie and Custer counties, Mont., rises in T. 13 N., R. 46 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Yellowstone River in T. 11 N., R. 49 E. (Not Cluster.)

Custer: mount (Mount Custer), altitude 8,700 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., 1¼ miles south of international boundary.

Cut: creek, Coos County, Oreg., flowing into the Pacific Ocean about 3½ miles north of Coquille River, near lat. 43° 11′ N., long. 124° 24′ W. (Not The Lagoons.)

Cuta: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cotta.)

Cutangcauayan: see Cutangeawayan, P. I.

Cutangcawayan: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cutangcauayan.)

Cut Bank: creek and town, Glacier County, and pass, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont. (Not Cutbank nor Cut-bank.)

Cutch: native state, Bombay, w. India; gulf, and shallow basin or seasonal marsh called the Rann of Cutch (Great, and Little); 23° N., 70° E. Not Kutch, Katch.

Cutchogue: harbor, Little Peconic Bay, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not The Cove.)

Cutcutan: barrio, Valencia Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cutentan.)

Cutentan: see Cutcutan, P. I.

Cutmo: barrio, Sipocot Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cotmo.)

Cutnose: creek, Randolph County, Ala. (Not Cutnoe nor Cut Nose.)

Cutoff: dredged channel at mouth of Patapsco River, Md. (Not New Cut Off.)

Cutoff: peak, altitude 10,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on north boundary, near long. 110° 07′ W.

Cuttchechoe: see Cocheco.

Cutt-off: see Ribeyre.

Cuyabá: see Cuiabá.

Cuyamaca: peak, east of San Diego, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Cloud.)

Cuyaoyao: see Auyaoyao, P. I.

Cuyapo: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Cuyler Dike: post light, Hudson River, near Albany, N. Y. (Not Cuyler's Dike.)

Cuyo: township, Palawan Province, Cuyo, P. I.

Cuyo East: pass, between Cuyo Islands and Panay, P. I.

Cuyo West: pass, between northeastern Palawan and Cuyo Islands, P. I.

Cuzco: see Cusco.

Cyclamen: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 7, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park. Name suggested by the many wild flowers, primroses of the genus *Cyclamen*, growing near this lake.

Cyclone: peak, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 114° 19′ W.

Cycuan: see Sequan.

Cypern: see Cyprus.

Cypress: lake, southwest of Saganaga Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake County, Minn., international boundary. (Not Otter Track.)

Cypress: rock, in Rosario Strait, Washington Sound, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Rock Island.)

Cypress Rock: see Towhead.

Cyprus: Br. island, ext. e. Mediterranean Sea; Fr. Chypre; Ger. Cypern; Gr. Kypros;† Ital. Cipro.

Cyrenaica: see Cirenaica.

Czechoslovak: adjective, of or pertaining to Czechoslovakia. Not Czecho-Slovak, Czechoslovakian.

Czechoslovakia: republic, cen. Europe; Cz. Československo, pr. chĕ′skō-slō-vĕn-skō; Fr. Tchécoslovaquie; Ger. Tschechoslowakei; Magyar, Cseh-Szlovákia; Pol. Czechosłowacja; Rum. Ceho-Slovacia.

Czechy: see Čechy.

Czerniowce: see Cernăuţi.

Czernowitz: see Cernăuţi.

Częstochowa: pr. chĕN-stō-khô′va; city, s. w. Poland; Ger. Tschenstochau; Russ. Chenstokhov;† 50° 49′ N., 19° 5′ E.

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Daanbantayan: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Daan Bantayan.)

Daanbanua: see Daangbanua, P. I.

Daan Catmon: see Catmondaan, P. I.

Daangbanua: barrio, Balasan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Daan Baua nor Daanbanua.)

Daanglungsod: barrio, Alcoy Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Daan Lungsod nor Daang Lungsod.)

Daanglungsod: barrio, Bato Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, and barrio, Medellin Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Daang Lungsod.)

Daanglungsod: barrio, Gigaquit Municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, and barrio, Gingoog Municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Daan Lungsod.)

Daanglungsod: barrio, Oslob Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Da-Anglunsod, Daan-Longsod, Daan Longsud, Daan Lungsud, nor Daang Lungsod.)

Daanglungsod: barrio, Toledo Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Daan-Lonsod nor Daan Lungsod.)

Daangtabogon: barrio, Tabogon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not D. Tabogon, Daan Tabogon, nor Daang Tabogon.)

Daan Longsud: Daan Lungsod: Daan Lungsud: see Daanglungsod, P. I.

Dabba: see Dabbac, P. I.

Dabbac: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dabba.)

Dąbrowa Górnicza: pr. doN-bro′va gur-nē′cha; city, s. w. Poland; Ger. Dombrowa; 50° 19′ N., 19° 11′ E.

Dacanglao: see Dacanlao, P. I.

Dacanlao: barrio, Calaca Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dacanglao.)

Dacca: city, Bengal, India; 23° 50′ N., 90° 20′ E.

Dachlazug: see Dalasuga.

Dacolangbolo: see Daculangbolo, P. I.

Dacosta: railroad station, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not DaCosta nor Decosta.)

Dacotan: creek, lat. 9° 23′ 1″, long. 118° 32′ 1″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Daculangbolo: barrio, Daet Municipality, Norte Camarines Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dacolangbolo, Daculang Bolo, nor Daculang-Bolo.)

Dadasoa: spring, 6 miles north of Tohachi, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Dado: bank, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Daet: municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Daeyshoo: see Deshu.

Dagami: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Dagany: gap through Pyramid Hills connecting McLure Valley and south end of Kettleman Plain, Kings County, Calif.

Dagenham: suburb of London, England, in Essex; 51° 33′ N., 0° 10′ E.

Dagotdotan: Dagotdutan: see Dagutdutan, P. I.

Dagupan: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Dagutdutan: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dagotdotan nor Dagotdutan.)

Daha: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, and barrio, Maasin Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Daja.)

Daha: barrio, San Isidro Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Dahat: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dajan, Dajat, nor Dajot.)

Dahican: see Dahikan, P. I.

Dahikan: islands, off Mambulao, east coast of Luzon, P. I. (Not Dajican nor Dajikan.)

Dahikan: sitio, Lumban Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dahican.)

Dahilig: barrio, Gainza Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dalulig.)

Dahlasuk: see Dalasuga.

Daholt: see Aderhold.

Daihagan: see Dayhagan, P. I.

Dailey: Daily: see Keith.

Daine: see Dayni, P. I.

Dairen: port, Kwantung Leased Territory, s. Manchuria; Jap. Dairen; Chin. Talien or Talienwan; Russ. Dalny;† 38° 55′ N., 121° 40′ E.

Daisy: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., north center of Upper Geyser Basin, about 1,200 feet west of Firehole River.

Dait: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Dalt.)

Daja: see Daha, P. I.

Dajan: see Dahat, P. I.

Dajat: see Dahat, P. I.

Dajican: Dajikan: see Dahikan, islands, P. I.

Dajot: see Dahat, P. I.

Dakavak: bay and lake, southwestern Alaska, between Katmai Bay and Amalik Bay, Shelikof Strait, in Katmai National Monument, near lat. 58° 00′ N., long. 154° 40′ W., east coast Alaska Peninsula. (Not Tagalack, Tagalak, nor Takkala.)

Dakila: see Daquila, P. I.

Dakit: island and sitio, Dimasalang Municipality, Masbate Island, Sorsogon Province, P. I. (Not Daquitdaquit nor Raquitdaquit.)

Dakota: see James.

***Dakota City:** town, Humboldt County, Iowa. (Not Dakota nor Dakotah.)

Dala: see Dalasingay, P. I.

Dalaguete: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Dalanig: Dalaoig: see Dalauig, P. I.

Dalasingay: barrio, Pototan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dala, Dala Singay, nor Singay Dala.)

Dalasuga: island, southeastern Alaska, 550 yards long, narrow, joined to shore at low tide, south end forming prominent point, ½ mile northwest of Seduction Point, east side of Chilkat Inlet entrance. (Not Dachlazug, Dahlasuk, Datlasuk, nor Dautlsuk.)

Dalauig: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dalanig nor Dalaoig.)

***Daley:** brook, secs. 29, 31, and 32, T. 69 N., R. 20 W., and secs. 5 and 6, T. 68 N., R. 20 W., flowing northward into Kabetogama Lake, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Daly nor Daly's.)

Daley: lake, Tillamook County, Oreg., in secs. 12 and 13, T. 5 S., R. 11 W., about 12 rods from the ocean, near long. 45° 08′. (Not Fletcher.) Local name after a pioneer.

Daley: see Keith.

Dalhogan: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Daljogan.)

***Daliao:** bank and town, Davao Gulf, southeastern coast of Mindanao, P. I. (Not Daliaon, Daliaun, nor Deliaon.)

Daljogan: see Dalhogan, P. I.

Dall: point, about 11 miles south of Cape Romanzof, western Alaska, south of the Yukon River mouth and north of Nunivak Island. Lat. 61° 36′ N., long. 166° 06′ W. (Not Cape Dall.)

Dallas: city, in Dallas Co., Texas, on West Fork of Trinity River, near lat. 32° 48′ N., long. 96° 47′ W. Population in 1930, 260,397. (Pronounced dăl′-ŭs.)

Dalles: see The Dells.

Dalmacija: see Dalmatia.

Dalmatia: railroad station, Northumberland County, Pa. (Not Georgetown.)

Dalmatia: region, e. Adriatic coast; former Austrian province, now comprising parts of Yugoslavia and of Italy (small part); Ger. Dalmatien; Fr. Dalmatie; Ital. Dalmazia; Serb-Croat, Dalmacija, pr. däl-mäts'ēya.

Dalmatien: see Dalmatia.

Dalny: see Dairen.

Dalopaon: see Dalupaon, P. I.

Dalt: see Dait, P. I.

Dalton: trail, leading from Chilkat River, Alaska, northwest 90 miles to Dalton Post, British Columbia, thence 220 miles north to Fort Selkirk, Yukon.

Dalton: see Turner, glacier, Alaska.

Dalton: see Dolton, village, Ill.

Dalulig: see Dahilig, P. I.

Dalupaan: see Dalupaon, P. I.

Dalupaon: barrio, Pasacao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dalopaon nor Dalupaan.)

Daly: creek, tributary to Skalkaho Creek from north, sec. 24, T. 5 N., R. 19 W., Ravalli County, Mont. (Not North Fork of Skalkaho.)

Daly: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Gallatin County, Mont., rising near lat. 45° 06′ N., long. 111° 07′ W., flowing southwest into Gallatin River.

Daly: see Keith.

Daly Brook: Daly's: see Daley, brook.

Damangan: see Dammang, P. I.

Damanhûr: city, Nile delta, n. Egypt; 31° 3′ N., 30° 28′ E.

Damão: see India, Portuguese.

Damariscove: island, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Damriscove.)

Damas or **Esh Sham (Damascus):** city, s. Syria; Lat. and conv. Eng., Damascus; Arabic, Dimishq,† or Esh Sham;† Fr. Damas; Ger. Damaskus; Heb. Dammeseq;† Ital. Damasco; 33° 30′ N., 36° 15′ E.

Damascus: see Damas.

Damayan: barrio, Sapian Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Damayane nor Damayang.)

Damayane: Damayang: see Damayan, P. I.

Dame: point, St. Johns River, Duval County, Fla. (Not Dame's.)

Dameas: island, in Lake Champlain, Grand Isle County, Vt. (Not Diadama.)

Dame's: see Dame.

Dammang: barrio, Camalaniugan Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Damangan.)

Dammeron: marsh, Great Wicomico River, Northumberland County, Va. (Not Dammeron's.)

Dampas: barrio, Tagbilaran Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Pampas.)

Damriscove: see Damariscove.

Dana: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on the south wall of the canyon, near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 112° 14′ W.

Danacbunga: see Danakbunga, P. I.

Danaili: barrio, Abulug Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dana-Yli, Dana Ili, nor Dana-Lli.)

Danakbunga: barrio, Botolan Municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Danak-Bunga nor Danacbunga.)

Danala: see Tauala, P. I.

Dana-Lli: see Danaili, P. I.

Danao: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Danauan: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dauanan.)

Dana-Yli: see Danaili, P. I.

Dan Brewers: see Brewer, mountain.

Dancalan: barrio, Paracale Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dangcalan.)

Dancalan: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dangcalan.)

Dancey: flat and point, St. Johns River, St. John County, Fla. (Not Dancey's.)

Dancing: see Limestone, Mont.

Dancing Woman: see War Man, creek, Mont.

Dänemark: see Denmark.

Daneo: see Danio, P. I.

Dangcalan: see Dancalan, P. I.

Danger: see Opasni, point, Alaska.

Danger: see Pogibshi, point, Alaska.

Danglas: municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Danglayan: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Danlayan.)

Dangola: see Dangula, P. I.

Dangula: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dangola.)

Danhagan: see Dayhagan, P. I.

Daniel: creek and island, Berkeley Co., near Charleston, S. C. (Not Daniels nor Mitchells.)

Danimarca; see Denmark.

Danin: see Danio, P. I.

Danio: barrio, Pila Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Daneo nor Danin.)

Daniss: see Dans.

Danlayan: see Danglayan, P. I.

Danlog: see Danlog Mayor, P. I.

Danlog Mayor: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Danlog.)

Danmark: see Denmark.

Dans: mountain and rock, Allegany County, Md. (Not Daniss nor Dan's.)

Dansalan: municipality, Moro Province, Lanao District, Mindanao, P. I.

Dansol: see Donsol, P. I.

Dantzig: see Danzig.

Danube: river, s. Germany to the Black Sea; Ger. Donau; Cz. and Pol. Dunaj; Mag. Duna; Serb-Croat and Bulg. Dunav; Rum. Dunărea; Ital. Danubio; Russ. Dunai.†

Danubio: see Danube.

Danvers: river, Essex County, Mass. (Not Essex Branch.)

Danvers New Mills: see Danversport.

Danversport: village, Essex County, Mass. (Not Danvers New Mills.)

Danville: railroad station, Warren County, N. J. (Not Great Meadows.)

Dan Wiley: creek (Dan Wiley Branch), Johnson County, Tenn., tributary of Beaverdam Creek, Unaka National Forest, rising on northwest slope Iron Mountain, flowing northwest into Beaverdam Creek. (Not Hogback nor Sugar Camp.) So named after Dan Wiley, a timber contractor, who cut the timber on this stream about 1914–15.

Danzig (Free City of): territory on Gulf of Danzig, Baltic Sea; Ger. (off.) name, (Die Freie Stadt) Danzig; Pol. (Wolne Miasto) Gdańsk; Fr. (La Ville Libre de) Dantzig; Lith. Giedainys; 54° 20′ N., 18° 40′ E.

Dao: barrio, Dauis Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Da-o.)

Dao: barrio, Mabalacat Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dau.)

Dao: barrio, Tagbilaran Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Pao.)

Dao: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Dao: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Dapa: municipality, Surigao Province, Siargao, P. I.

Dapdap: barrio, Rapu-Rapu Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dap-Dap.)

Dapdapan: barrio, Sapian Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dapdapang.)

Dapdapang: see Dapdapan, P. I.

Dapitan: municipality, Moro Province, Zambonga District, Mindanao, P. I.

Daquila: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dakila.)

Daquitdaquit: see Dakit, P. I.

Dardanelles or **Çanakkale boğazi:** strait bet. Aegean and Marmara seas, Turkey; Turk. Çanakkale boğazi; Ger. Dardanellen; Gr. Ellēspontos† (Hellespont), or Dardanellia;† Ital. Dardanelli; 40° 15′ N., 26° 30′ E.

Dar-el-Beida: see Casablanca.

Darjeeling: town, Bengal, n. India, on e. border of Nepal; 27° N., 88° 25′ E.; elev. 8,000 ft.

Dark: pond, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Farnum nor Forum.)

Dark: see Dusk, islands, Alaska.

Dark: see Crysler, island, N. Y.

Darkey Springs: village, White County, Tenn. (Not Darkey Spring.)

Darling: village, Delaware County, Pa. (Not Darlington.)

Darlington: city, Durham county, n. e. England; 54° 32′ N., 1° 34′ W.

Darmstadt: city, capital of Hessen, Germany; 49° 50′ N., 8° 38′ E.

Darnall: point and landing, Mississippi River, Lake County, Tenn. (Not Darnall's.)

Darrah: village, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Darrah's nor Snow Creek.)

Darrow: town, Ascension Parish, La. (Not Darrowville.)

Dartmouth: glacier, eastern side of College Fiord, at head of Coghill River and south of Yale Glacier, near lat. 61° 10′ N., long. 147° 38′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Darwin: creek, a headwater of Bishop Creek, heading in Mount Darwin, Inyo County, Calif.

Darwin Plateau: terrace, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on the south wall of the canyon, near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 23′ W.

Daschu: see Deshu.

Dasmarinas: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pérez Dasmariñas nor Perez-Dasmariñas.)

Dasol: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Datlasuk: see Dalasuga.

Dau: see Dao, P. I.

Dauanan: see Danauan, P. I.

Daufuskie: island, Beaufort County, S. C. (Not Dawfuskie.)

Daugava: see Düna.

Daugavpils (Dvinsk): city on Daugava (Düna) river, s. e. Latvia; Ger. Dünaburg; Lith. Daugpilis; Pol. Dyneburg; Russ. Dvinsk;† 56° N., 26° 30′ E. Not Dwinsk.

Daugherty: see Dougherty, township.

Daugpilis: see Daugavpils.

Dauin: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Dauis: barrio, Caluya Municipality, Mindoro Province, Mindoro: barrio, Carmen Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: and barrio, Gasan Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dawis.)

Dauis: municipality, Bohol Province, Panglao, P. I.

Dauphin: island, at entrance of Mobile Bay, Ala. (Not Dauphine.)

Dautlsuk: see Dalasuga.

Davao: municipality, Davao Province, Davao District, Mindanao, P. I.

Davastation: see Pogromni.

Davenport: see Devenport.

Davenport's: see Davids.

David: point, bluff-angle on southern shore, 1¼ miles southeast of west point of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Coffee, Pulbedam, Riks, nor Ryks-Davids.)

David: pr. dä-vēd′; town, Panama; 8° 28′ N., 82° 24′ W.

David Douglas: mount (Mount David Douglas), 6,253 feet high, Lane County, Oreg., north side Salt Creek Valley, west slope Cascade Range, near lat. 43° 39′ N., long. 122° 10′ W. In honor of David Douglas, 1798–1834, famous Scottish botanist.

Davids: island, Long Island Sound, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Davenport's.)

Davidson: creek, Alaska, about 9 miles in length, a westerly flowing stream that enters Taku Inlet at a point in lat. 58° 21′ N., long. 133° 59′ W., Tongass National Forest. Named in honor of the late Charles E. Davidson, who served as United States Surveyor-General and ex-officio Secretary of Alaska from October 18, 1913, to August 8, 1919, on which date he was drowned in Taku Inlet. Sometimes known as Bear Creek.

Davidson: landing, Ohio River, Lawrence County, Ohio. (Not Davidson's.)

Davidson: peak (Mount Davidson), San Miguel Hills, San Francisco, Calif.

Davidson: mountains, lat. 64° 00′ N., long. 135° 00′ W., between Ladue River Valley and McQuesten Lakes, Yukon, Canada. (Not Franklin.)

Davidsons: see Davisson.

Davies: creek, southeastern Alaska, south end Berners Bay, east shore Lynn Canal, east branch of Cowee Creek, near lat. 58° 39′ N., long. 134° 53′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Daviess: see Davis, township.

Davis: bay, Pasquotank River, Pasquotank County, N. C. (Not Davis's.)

Davis: creek, tributary from the east to Bitterroot River in sec. 12, T. 11 N., R. 20 W., Missoula County, Mont. (Not Doris.)

Davis: creek, rising in Davis Lake, sec. 24, T. 22 S., R. 7 E., flowing underground about 2 miles, emerging as springs, thence eastward about 6 miles to junction with Deschutes River, Deschutes County, Oreg.

Davis: lake, Fresno County, Calif., west slope of the Sierra Nevada, west of Wanda Lake and 2½ miles north of Martha Lake, near lat. 37° 08′, long. 118° 44′. Named after the late George R. Davis, of the United States Geological Survey, who was in charge of the Pacific Division, Topographic Branch.

Davis: landing, Mississippi River, near Girardeau, Mo. (Not Davis's.)

Davis: ledge, entrance to Salem Harbor, Mass. (Not Davis's.)

Davis: point, San Juan County, Wash., southwest shore of Lopez Island, Washington Sound, the northwest point of entrance to Davis Bay, near lat. 48° 27′ 30″ N., long. 122° 57′ W.

Davis: pond, Piscataquis County, Me., in T. 3, R. 9, in Northwest Basin about ½ mile west of Harvey Ridge and east of Lake Cowles, near monument line. Name given by the monument line surveyors, under Edwin Rose, 1833, the first visitors to this basin.

Davis: rock, at entrance to Tebenkof Bay, near lat. 56° 29′ N., long. 134° 14′ W., southeastern Alaska. So named in honor of a member of Vancouver's expedition, 1794.

Davis: township, Fountain County, Ind. (Not Daviess.)

Davis: see Shaw Branch, stream, Mo.

Davis: see Governors, island, N. H.

Davis Creek: see Montpelier, creek, Idaho.

Davis New South: see Davis South.

Davisson: run, tributary to West Fork River from the west, 2 miles southwest of Clarksburg, Harrison County, W. Va. (Not Davidsons.)

Davisson: run, branch of Simpson Creek, near Bridgeport, Harrison County, W. Va.

Davis South: shoal off Nantucket, Mass. (Not Davis New South nor New South.)

Davistown: see Egoniaga.

Davitte: railroad station, Polk County, Ga. (Not Davittes, Davitt's nor Davitts.)

Davols: see Devol.

Dawfuskie: see Daufuskie.

Dawis: see Dauis, P. I.

Dawn Mist: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 55′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., on South Fork Belly River, one-half mile below Elizabeth Lake. Original name Morning Dew, according to R. A. Rickard, guide.

Dawson: pass, 7,500 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier counties, Mont., across Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 28′ W.

Dawson: see Rock, creek, Oreg.

Day: mountain, 610 feet high, Hancock County, Me., northeast of Seal Harbor and northwest of The Cleft, near lat. 44° 18′N., long. 68° 14′W. Local name.

Dayagan: see Dayhagan, P. I.

Dayay: see Dyea.

Dayay: see Taiya, inlet.

Dayhagan: barrio, Aroroy Municipality, Masbate Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Danhagan nor Dayjagan.)

Dayhagan: barrio, Ormoc Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Daihagan nor Dayagan.)

Dayhagan: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dayjagan nor Daytagan.)

Dayhagan: barrio, Sigma Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dayhagon nor Dayjagan.)

Dayhagon: see Dayhagan, P. I.

Dayjagan: see Dayhagan, P. I.

Day Mountain: see Cleft, precipice, Me.

Dayni: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Daine.)

Daytagan: see Dayhagan, P. I.

Dayton: city, in Montgomery Co., Ohio, on the Miami River, near lat. 39° 46′ N., long. 84° 12′ W. Population in 1930, 200,225. (Pronounced dāy′-tŭn.)

Dayton: see Twin Lakes.

Deacons: Deacons Pond: Deacon's Pond: see Falmouth Inner.

Dead: mountains, San Bernardino County, Calif. (Not Black.)

Dead: see Silver Birch, lake, Wis.

Dead Deer: canyon, Lincoln County, Nev., east slope Highland Range, in T. 1 S., R. 66 E., near lat. 37° 53′ N., long. 114° 34′ W.

Dead Horse: creek, tributary to North Fork of Nooksack River, between Big Cougar and Skyline Divides, near Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Dead Horse: ridge, between Big and Coal creeks, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 114° 15′ W.

Dead Horse Inlet: see Gerritsen.

Deadman: bend, in Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Deadman's.)

Deadman: canyon, west branch Roaring River, south branch Kings River, Ts. 14 and 15, S., R. 31 E., Tulare County, Calif. (Not Cloudy nor Copper.)

Deadman: island, Ohio River, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Deadman's.)

Deadman: island, San Juan County, Wash., near the southwestern shore of Lopez Island, in the narrows between Lopez Island and the southeastern extremity of San Juan Island.

Deadman: point, Penobscot Bay, 1½ miles from Rockport, Knox County, Me. (Not Deadman's.)

Deadman: reach, in Peril Strait, southeastern Alaska, southwest of Nismeni Point between Hoggatt Reefs and the eastern shore. Lat. 57° 33′ N., long. 135° 29′ W. (Not Deadman's nor Deadmans.)

Deadman: slough, north bank Chena Slough, Fairbanks region, Alaska, lat. 64° 51′ N., long. 147° 50′ W. (Not Jennie nor Jennie M.)

Deadman: see Cloud, canyon, Calif.

Deadman: see Ruckel, creek, Oreg.

Deadman Island: Deadmans Island: see Reservation, point, Calif.

Deadmans: see Deadman.

Deadmans Riffle: rapids, between Gold and Galligan Lagoons and Barnes Lake, lat. 56° 00′ N., long. 132° 58′ W., northeastern part Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Dead Ox: see Ox.

Dead Point: creek, tributary to West Fork Hood River, Hood River County, Oreg. (Not Burnt nor Dry Point.)

Dead Tree: point, southwestern coast of Heceta Island 1⅜ miles northwestward of White Cliff, lat. 55° 45′ N., long. 133° 39′.7 W., southeastern Alaska.

Deakyneville: landing, New Castle County, Del. (Not Deakynesville.)

Deal: island, Tangier Sound, Chesapeake Bay, Somerset County, Md. (Not Deil's nor Devil's.)

Dean: creek, west of Goulding Creek, Musselshell County, Mont. (Not Dennis nor Dewey.)

Dean: island and landing, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not Dean's.)

Dean: peak, Mohave Co., Ariz., on east side Hualpai Mountains, in T. 20 N., R. 15 W., about 12 miles southeast of Kingman. (Not Deane.) Named after William (Bill) Dean, an early day prospector, who located the Dean mine, 1877, near this peak.

Deane: see Dean, peak, Ariz.

Deanewood: railroad station, District of Columbia. (Not Deanwood.)

Deaneyville: see Deanyville.

Dean's: see Dean, island.

Deanwood: see Deanewood.

Deanyville: village, Hempstead County, Ark. (Not Deaneyville.)

Dearborn: see Deranof, rock, Alaska.

Dearborn: see Steamboat, mountain, Mont.

Deardorff: creek, southeastern part Grant County, and mountain, on the boundary between Grant and Baker Counties, Oreg. (Not Deardroff.)

Deardroff: see Deardorff.

Dearing: city, Montgomery County, Kans. (Not Deering.)

Dearing: landing, Missouri River, Callaway County, Mo. (Not Dearing's.)

Death: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 40′ N., long. 110° 50′ W., gorge between Buck Mountain and Prospectors Mountain, draining southeast into Phelps Lake.

Death: gulch, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 07′ W., tributary of Cache Creek. Name based on local legend.

Deathdoor: bluff, Green Bay, Door County, Wis. (Not Death's Door.)

Death Valley: valley, Inyo County, Calif., near lat. 36° 40′ N., long. 117° 04′ W. (Not Amargosa Desert nor Lost Valley.)

Debauch Mountain: peak, prominent landmark on the divide between the Shaktolik and Unalaklik Rivers near Norton Bay, Alaska, approximate position lat. 64° 35′ N., long. 159° 55′ W. (Not West.)

Debebekid: lake, Navajo County, Ariz., in Hopi Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 22′ N., long. 110° 12′ W. (Not Te-ye-ba-a-kit.)

De Berniere: see Littleton.

Debolt: town, Douglas County, Nebr. (Not De Bolt Place, Debolt Place, nor De Bott.)

Deborah: mountain, Alaska Range, about lat. 63° 38′ N., long. 147° 15′ W., near head of Little Delta River, Alaska. (Not Cathedral nor Wickersham.)

Debrecen: city, n. e. Hungary; 47° 30′ N., 31° 25′ E. Not Debreczen.

Debreczen: see Debrecen.

Debris: creek, small branch of Ole Creek heading in Skeleton Mountain, Flathead County, Mont.

***Deccan:** main peninsular part of India. Not Dekkan.

Deceiper: creek, Clark County, Ark. (Not Decepier, Deceyper, nor Deciper.)

De Chelly: see Canyon deChelly.

De Chute: see Deschutes, river.

Decision: passage, connecting waters of Sumner Strait with those of Chatham Strait, near lat. 56° N., long. 134° 08′ W., between Cape Decision at southern end Kuiu Island and Spanish Islands in Tongass National Forest, Alaska.

Decision: point, between Passage Canal and Blackstone Bay, lat. 60° 48′ N., long. 148° 28′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Decosta: see Dacosta.

Decros: point, eastern entrance to Matagorda Bay, Matagorda County, Tex. (Not Decrow's.)

Decrow's: see Decros.

Deep: canyon and creek, San Juan County, Utah, near lat. 37° 48′ N., long. 109° 42′ W.

Deep: cove, in entrance to Patterson Bay opposite Point Patterson, southeastern shore Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Deep: creek, rising in sec. 12, T. 32 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Flathead River from west, in sec. 34, T. 33 N., R. 20 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Deep: creek, one of the three large tributaries to Warner Lake, Lake County, Oreg. (Not Warner.)

Deep: creek, tributary to Glacier Creek, between Coal and Little Creeks, Whatcom County, Wash.

Deep: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 45′ N., long. 110° 10′ W., flowing southwest and northwest into Yellowstone River. Named by Capt. Wm. A. Jones, 1873, leader of a military expedition.

Deep: see Pinta, bay, Alaska.

Deep: see Redoubt, lake, Alaska.

Deep: see Owl, creek, Mont.

Deep: see Pardee, creek, Mont.

Deep Canyon: see Big Canyon.

Deep Creek: see Cœur d'Alene, river, Idaho.

Deep Creek: see Smith, river, Mont.

Deep Water: Deepwater: see Surveyors, creek.

Deer: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 25, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park, flowing north into East Fork of Kaweah River.

Deer: creek, Ts. 53 and 54 N., R. 3 E., tributary to Deep Creek from north, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Cabin.)

Deer: creek, Ts. 38 and 39 N., Rs. 12 and 13 E., tributary to Kelly Creek, Clearwater County, Idaho.

Deer: creek, Dawson County, Mont., formed in T. 17 N., R. 53 E., Montana principal meridian, by the junction of its North and South forks, and tributary to Yellowstone River in T. 16 N., R. 56 E.

Deer: creek, Fremont and Natrona counties, Wyo., rises in sec. 22, T. 33 N., R. 88 W., sixth principal meridian and empties into Poison Creek in sec. 25, T. 37 N., R. 91 W.

Deer: lake, draining into west side Deep Cove at entrance to Patterson Bay, lat. 56° 31′, long. 134° 40′, southeastern shore Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Deer: lake, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 2, T. 30 N., R. 5 E., about 1½ miles southeast of Hat Mountain.

***Deer:** passage, south coast Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, between Deer Island and Bold Cape, near long. 162° 17′. (Not Deer Island Passage.)

Deer: ridge, in angle between Cow and North St. Vrain Creeks, beginning about 2½ miles north of Allens Park Village, Colo.

Deer: see Klondike, river, Alaska.

Deer: see Stag, bay, Alaska.

Deer: see Hamilton, creek, Calif.

Deer: see Timber Gap, creek, Calif.

Deer: see Points, creek, Colo.

Deer: see Derr, creek, Idaho.

Deer: see Lynx, creek, Idaho.

Deer: see Spotted Louis, creek, Idaho.

Deer: see Fourtown, lake, Minn.

Deer: see Pugh, creek, Wash.

Deerhead: township, Barber County, Kans. (Not Deer Head.)

Deering: see Dearing, Kans.

Deer Island: passage, south coast Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, between Deer Island and Bold Cape, near long. 162° 17′ W.

Deer Island Passage: see Deer, passage, Alaska.

Deer Island Thorofare: strait, between islands in Penobscot Bay, Me.

Deer Lick: creek, La Plata County, Colo.

Deer Lodge: county, Mont. (Not Deerlodge.)

Deer Lodge: see Clark Fork.

Deerpark: town, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Deer Park.)

Deerwood: township and village, Kittson County, Minn. (Not Deer Wood.)

Defoor: ferry, across Chattahoochee River, Fulton County, Ga. (Not Defoore's.)

***Degognia:** township, Jackson County, Ill. (Not Degonia.)

Degonia: see Degognia.

De Grasse: see Grass, river.

Degroff: village, Cayuga County, N. Y. (Not De Groff.)

De Groff: see Klag, island, Alaska.

Deil's: see Deal.

Dejah: see Dyea, town, Alaska.

Dejah: see Taiya, inlet, Alaska.

De Kalb: counties, in Alabama, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, and Tennessee. (Not Dekalb.)

Dekkan: see Deccan.

DeLacy: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., flowing southeast into Shoshone Lake. Named by Norris, 1880, for Walter DeLacy, leader of a large party of mineral prospectors, in 1863, who discovered the Shoshone Geyser Basin, at the head of Shoshone Lake.

DeLacy: see Madison, lake, Wyo.

Delana: township, Humboldt County, Iowa. (Not Delano.)

Delancey Point: ledge, Larchmont Harbor, Long Island Sound, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Delancey's Point.)

De Langle: mountain, altitude, 3,160 feet, southeastern Alaska, about 4½ miles north of Astrolabe Point and 1 mile north of Boussole Bay, near lat. 58° 25′ N., long. 136° 55′ W. Named after De Langle, commander of the ship *Boussole* of the La Perouse expedition, 1786.

Delano: see Delana.

Dela Paz: see La Paz, barrio, P. I.

De Las Pulgas: see Pulgas.

De Laux: see D'Lo.

Delavan: township and village, Faribault County, Minn. (Not Delevan.)

Delavan: see Delevan, Calif.

Delaware: river, forming in part the boundaries of Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and New York, begins at the junction of its East and West Branches near NE. corner of Pennsylvania, flowing southerly into Delaware Bay. (Pronounced, dĕl′-a-wâr.)

Delaware: river, Atchison, Brown, and Jefferson Counties, Kans. (Not Grasshopper.)

Delaware: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Pennsylvania, on the east by New Jersey, Delaware Bay and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south and west by Maryland. Area, 2,370 square miles. (Pronounced dĕl′-a-wâr.)

***Delaware Water Gap:** borough, Monroe County, Pa. (Not Delaware Watergap.)

Del Campo: peak, head of Weden Creek, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Flag.)

Del Carmen: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Del Carmon.)

Del Carmon: see Del Carmen, P. I.

Del Encuentro: see Encuentro, P. I.

***De Leon Springs:** precinct, Volusia County, Fla.

Delevan: village, Colusa County, Calif. (Not Del Evan nor Delavan.)

Delevan: see Delavan, Minn.

Delft: city, s. of The Hague, Netherlands; 52° N., 4° 22′ E.

Delhi: pr. dĕl′ī; Br. prov. and city, the capital of India; 28° 35′ N., 77° 20′ E.

Deliaon: see Daliao, P. I.

De-Lieu: see D'Lo.

Delight: lake, east of McCarty Glacier, lat. 59° 33′ N., long. 150° 18′ W. Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Dell: creek, Park County, Wyo., in unsurveyed Ts. 47 and 48 N., R. 108 W., tributary from south to Thorofare Creek, sixth principal meridian, Teton National Forest.

Dell: creek, Sublette County, Wyo. (Not Hamilton.)

Dellroy: village, Carroll County, Ohio. (Not Dell Roy nor Delroy.)

Dells, The: rapids, Wisconsin River, Adams, Columbia, Juneau, and Sauk Counties, near Kilbourn, Wis. (Not Dalles nor The Dalles.)

del Muerto: see Canyon del Muerto.

Delnazini: spring, San Juan County, N. Mex. (Not Del nazini nor Tiznat-zin.)

Del Norte: peak, Rio Grande County, Colo., in the San Juan Mountains, in T. 37 N., R. 4 E., New Mexico principal meridian. (Not Pintada.)

Del Norte: see Mesa, mountain.

De-Loach: see D'Lo.

Delonde: creek, secs. 2 and 3, T. 1 S., R. 73 W., Boulder County, Colo. (Not DeLonde, Magloire DeLande, nor Magloire DeLonde.)

Delray: village, Wayne County, Mich. (Not Del Rey, Delrey, nor Delrey Junction.)

Del Remedio: see Remedio, P. I.

Del Rey: see Delray.

Delroy: see Dellroy.

Delta: creek, on the mainland, tributary to Thomas Bay, Frederick Sound, from the east near mouth of Patterson River, southeastern Alaska.

Delta: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 47′ W., on east slope of the Grand Teton.

Delta Amacuro: pr. dehl′tä äm-ä-kōō′rō; territory, Venezuela; 8° 28′ N., 60° 30′ W.

Delusion: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 24′ N., long. 110° 28′ W., between West Thumb and Flat Mountain Arm of Yellowstone Lake. So named because it was once believed to be an arm of Yellowstone Lake.

Delyle: creek, T. 55 N., R. 2 E., tributary to Clark Fork from southwest a short distance west of Cabinet Town, Bonner County, Idaho. (Not Twin.)

Demarcation: bay, west of Demarcation Point, about long. 141° 20′ W., Arctic Coast of Alaska. (Not Beauford nor Beaufort.)

***Demers:** ridge, T. 33 N., R. 20 W., south of Coal Banks, lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 114° 10′ W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not Mud Lake.)

Deming: glacier, Whatcom County, Wash., on southwestern slope of Mount Baker, near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 121° 46′ W. (Not Glacier Creek.)

Demont's: see Dochet.

De Motte Park: a glade valley, Coconino County, Ariz., on Kaibab Plateau, north rim of the Grand Canyon, near long. 112° 15′ W. (Not V T Park.) So named by Maj. J. W. Powell, August, 1872, after a member of his expedition, Prof. Harvey C. De Motte.

Denabeto: see Tenebito.

Denerica: see Dinrika, P. I.

Den Haag: see 's Gravenhage.

Denis: bay, small reefy cove, east of Perkins Cay, northwest shore St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Dunis nor Dunnis.)

Denisli, Denislü: see Denizli.

Denison: mountain (Mount Denison), on Alaska Peninsula, 4 miles southwest of Kukak Volcano, lat. 58° 25′ N., long. 154° 27′ 29″ W. So named after Denison University, Granville, Ohio.

Denison: township, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Dennison.)

Denizli: vilayet and town, Turkey. Not Denisli, Denislü.

Denmark: kingdom, Europe; Dan., Nor., and Swed. Danmark; Fr. Danemark; Ger. Dänemark; Ital. Danimarca.

Dennis: see Dean, creek, Mont.

Dennis Hump: mountain, T. 5 N., R. 80 W., Jackson County, Colo. (Not Ryder.)

Dennis Hump: see Little Haystack.

Dennison: peak, elevation 7,275 feet, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 118° 47′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Dennison: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., in south half, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., divide between Kaweah and Tule River drainages, Sequoia National Park.

Dennison: see Denison.

Denny Horn: Denny Tooth: see The Tooth.

Denrica: see Dinrika, P. I.

Densford: post light, Mississippi River, Tipton County, Tenn. (Not Densford's.)

Dents: see Dentsville.

Dentsville: town, Charles County, Md. (Not Dents.)

Denver: capital of Colorado, in Denver Co., on the South Platte River, near lat. 39° 46′ N., long. 105° 00′ W. Population in 1930, 287,644. (Pronounced, dĕn′-ver.)

***De Pere:** city and town, Brown County, Wis. (Not Depere.)

Depujols: see Despujols, P. I.

Depuy: creek, T. 32 N., R. 20 W., tributary to Canyon Creek west of McGinnis Creek from north, Flathead County, Mont.

Deranof: island, at western end of Afognak Strait, which is between Afognak Island and Whale Island, lat. 57° 58′ N., long. 152° 54′ W., Alaska. (Not Dearborn nor Egg.)

Deranof: rock, about 8 feet high, 200 yards southward of Deranof Island, Kupreanof Strait, Alaska.

Derby: pr. där′bĭ; city, and county (Derbyshire), England; 52° 56′ N., 1° 30′ W.

Derby: mountain, altitude 6,800 feet, sec. 9, T. 3 S., R. 15 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont.

Derby: peak, approximate altitude 11,800 feet, about sec. 10, T. 1 S., R. 87 W., between headwaters of Middle and North Derby Creeks, Garfield County, Colo.

Derby: wharf, Salem Harbor, Essex County, Mass. (Not Derby's.)

***Dering:** small harbor and point at north side of entrance on northwest side of Shelter Island, Long Island, Suffolk County, N. Y., lat. 41° 05′.4 N., long. 72° 21′ W. (Not Derring.) Named for family conspicuous in the early history of Shelter Island.

Derr: creek, T. 55 N., R. 2 E., south side Clark Fork near Clark Fork Town, Bonner County, Idaho. (Not Deer.)

Derring: see Dering, harbor and point, N. Y.

Derringer: see Dieringer.

Derrumba: mountain (altitude 1,370 feet), southeastern Alaska, north shore Bocas de Finas, 3 to 5 miles northwest of Point Desconocida, Heceta Island.

Derry: see Londonderry.

Dersch: meadow, Shasta County, Calif., on East Fork of Hat Creek, in sec. 32, T. 31 N., R. 5 E., about 3½ miles northeast of Lassen Peak.

De Schee: Deschee: see Deshee.

Deschutes: national forest, Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Paulina.)

Deschutes: river, heading in Lava Lake near center of T. 19 S., R. 8 E., Deschutes County, flowing southerly then northeasterly into Columbia River, Oreg. (Includes West Fork.)

Deschutes: river, Thurston County, Wash. (Not De Chute.)

Desdemona: town, Eastland County, Tex. (Not Desdemonia.)

Desert: mountain, Juab County, Utah.

Desert Facade: cliff, above and half mile east of Marble Gorge of the Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 14′ N., long. 111° 49′ W.

***Desert View:** point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon near lat. 36° 02′ 30″ N., long. 111° 49′ W. (Not Navajo.)

Desha: canyon and creek, near long. 110° 50′, entering San Juan River Canyon from south side San Juan River, northeast base of Navajo Mountain, 5 miles west of Piute Canyon, San Juan County, Utah.

Deshee: river, tributary to Wabash River, Knox County, Ind. (Not De-Schee nor Deschee.)

Deshler: see Harbor, island, N. Y.

Deshu: isthmus, Chilkat Peninsula, crossed by the portage from Haines on Portage Cove, Chilkoot Inlet, to Chilkat Inlet, southeastern Alaska. (Not Daschu nor Daeyshoo.)

De Smet: city, Kingsbury County, S. Dak. (Not Desmet.)

Des Moines: capital of Iowa, in Polk Co., near lat. 41° 35′ N., long. 93° 38′ W. Population in 1930, 142,469. (Pronounced dā-moin′.)

Des Moines: river, formed by the junction of its East and West Forks in Humboldt Co., Iowa, near lat. 42° 40′ N., long. 94° 12′ W., flowing SE. into the Mississippi River, at SE. corner of the State, and forming a part of the Iowa-Missouri boundary line. (Pronounced dā-moin′.)

Des Mortes: see Tete des Morts.

De Soto: city, Jefferson County, Mo. (Not Desoto.)

De Soto: see West Rome.

Despair: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 24′ N., long. 113° 26′ W.

Des Plaines: river, Cook, Lake, and Will Counties, Ill., and Kenosha County, Wis.; and city, Cook County, Ill. (Not Desplaines.)

Despoto Dagh: see Rhodope.

Despujol: see Despujols, P. I.

Despujols: barrio, Cagayan Municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Depujols nor Dispohol.)

Despujols: barrio, Odiongan Municipality, Romblon Province, Romblon, P. I. (Not Despujol.)

Dessau: city on the Elbe, state of Anhalt, cen. Germany; 51° 50′ N., 12° 15′ E.

Desterro: see Florianopolis.

Detached: glacier, western shore Harriman Fiord, at northeastern margin of Surprise Glacier, near lat. 61° 05′ N., long. 148° 29′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Detler: see Ditlef.

Detlev's: see Ditlef.

Detroit: city in Wayne Co., Michigan, on the St. Clair River, near lat. 42° 20′ N., long. 83° 04′ W. Population in 1930, 1,573,985. (Pronounced dē-troit′.)

Detroit: mountains, Juab County, Utah.

Detroit: river, flowing southerly from Lake St. Clair into Lake Erie, and forming part of international boundary between United States and Canada. (Pronounced, dē-troit′.)

Deuce: island, in eastern side of Khaz Bay, at the end of a group of islands extending northwestward from Khaz Head. Lat. 57° 34′ .3 N., long. 136° 05′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Bald Head.)

Deutsches Reich: see Germany.

Deutschland: see Germany.

De Vaca Terrace: spur of Marcos Terrace, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 27′ W.

Devall Bluff: see De Valls Bluff.

***De Valls Bluff:** town, Prairie County, Ark. (Not De Vall's, De Vall Bluff, nor Duvall's.)

Deva Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 02′ W.

Devenport: creek and village, Warren County, Tenn. (Not Davenport.)

Devers: bay, southeast of Chocolate Hole, between Samsy and Buhvun Points, southwestern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Samsy.)

Devil: peak, Mariposa County, Calif., in northeast corner of T. 5 S., R. 19 E., Mount Diablo Meridian. (Not Devil's nor Signal.)

Devil: peak, near southern end Spring Mountain, Clark County, Nev. (Not Big Devil, Diablo Grande, Lookout, nor Mount Diablo.)

Devil: run, tributary to West Fork Trout Creek from southwest, sec. 34, T. 24 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Devil: see Tumalt, creek, Oreg.

Devils: creek and island, Mississippi River, Lee County, Iowa. (Not Devil's.)

Devils: elbow, southeastern Alaska, a short and dangerous turn in the channel of Keku Strait (Rocky Pass) near lat. 56° 38′ N., long. 133° 41′ W.

Devils: island, one of the Apostle Islands, Lake Superior, Ashland County, Wis. (Not Devil's.)

Devils: point, Pensacola Bay, Escambia County, Fla. (Not Devil's.)

Devil's: see Deal, island, Md.

Devil's: see Devil, peak, Calif.

Devil's: see Nails, creek, Tenn.

Devils Den: rock formation in sec. 20, T. 25 S., R. 18 E., Kern County, Calif.

Devils Desk: a peak, on Alaska Peninsula, 2½ miles northeast of Kukak Volcano, near lat. 58° 28′ 24″ N., long. 154° 18′ 24″ W. Descriptive name given on recommendation of the United States Geological Survey.

Devils Elbow: post light, near Palatka, St. Johns River, Fla. (Not Devil's Elbow.)

Devils Elbow: post lights, Illinois River, Fulton and Mason Counties, Ill. (Not Devil's Elbow.)

***Devils Head:** mountain, lat. 39° 15′ N., long. 105° 07′ W., Douglas County, Colo. (Not Camel's Back, Platte, nor Warrens Crag.)

Devils Kitchen: hot springs, Plumas County, Calif., on Hot Springs Creek, in sec. 21, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Devils Nose: cape, Lake Ontario, Monroe County, N. Y. (Not Devil's Nose.)

Devils Paw: mountain, about lat. 58° 43′ 40″ N., long. 133° 50′ 21″ W., international boundary, Alaska and British Columbia.

Devils Pulpit: rock, Whitehall Narrows, Washington County, N. Y. (Not Devil's Pulpit.)

Devil's Slide: see Tumalt.

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Devils Wharf: post light, Connecticut River, Middlesex County, Conn. (Not Devil's Wharf.)

Devilwater: creek, flowing northeasterly through north half of T. 28 S., R. 19 E., Kern County, Calif. (Not Devil Water.)

Devol: pond, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Davols.)

De Vree's: see Islais.

Dewey: see Dean, creek, Mont.

***De Witt:** city, Carroll County, Mo. (Not Dewitt.)

De Witt: county, Ill. (Not Dewitt.)

Dewitt Bar: post light, Ohio River, Meigs County, Ohio. (Not De Witt's Bar.)

Dewogibito: see Greasewood.

Dewsbury: city, Yorkshire, n. England, 53° 42′ N., 1° 37′ W.

Deza: headland, McKinley County, N. Mex. (Not Tezah.)

Diabase: see Diobsud.

Diablo: peak (altitude 3,555 feet), western side of Nuka Bay, lat. 59° 31′.5 N., long. 150° 41′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Diablo: range of mountains in California, extending from Carquinez Strait southeast to Antelope Valley in northwest Kern County. (Not Monte Diablo, Mount Diablo, Range, nor Sierra del Monte Diablo.)

Diablo: see Lawton, canyon, Ariz.

Diablo, Mount: Diablo Grande: see Devil, peak, Nev.

Diadama: see Dameas.

Diamantina: pr. dē-ä-män-tē′nä; town, state of Minas Geraes, Brazil; 18° 15′ S., 43° 36′ W.

Diamond: mesa, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 118° 22′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Diamond: peak, altitude 7,969 feet, Shasta County, Calif., about 3 miles southwest of Lassen Peak, in sec. 22, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Diamondale: see Dimondale.

Diamond Head: tufa-cone crater, forming most southern point of Oahu, just east of the city of Honolulu; the rim of the crater is a complete circle, with the highest point on the south side (elevation, 761 feet); lighthouse and military reservation from which firing of all forts on Oahu can be directed. T. H. (Not Leahi.)

Diana Temple: narrow mesa, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near south rim of canyon and near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 112° 17′ W. (Not No Man's Land.)

Diarbekir: see Diyarbekir.

Diarbekr: see Diyarbekir.

Diari-Békir: see Diyarbekir.

Dias: creek and village, Cape May County, N. J. (Not Dyers.)

Diaz: see Big Cottonwood.

Dibble: see Sugarloaf, mountain, N. Y.

Dibblee: point, about 6 miles east of Rainier, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Dibblees.)

Dice: head, Castine Harbor, Hancock County, Me. (Not Dice's.)

Dick: see Dix, river, Ky.

Dickey: lake and river, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Dickodochtedar.)

Dickey: peak, sec. 28, T. 2 N., R. 11 W., Silverbow County, Mont. (Not Ralston.)

Dickins: peak, altitude 6,155 feet, lat. 56° 15′ 49″ N., long. 130° 42′ 16″ W., 3½ miles southeast of Unuk River, 4½ miles southwest of the international boundary, southeastern Alaska. Named after the late E. F. Dickins, of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, surveyor, American section, Boundary Survey, 1893 and 1895.

Dickinson: see Thumb, cove, Alaska.

Dickodochtedar: see Dickey, Wash.

Dicks: see Avenal, creek, Calif.

Dicks: Dick's: see Dix, river, Ky.

Dickson: gulch, head of South Creek, and pass, between heads of Recapture Creek and South Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

***Dickson City:** borough, Lackawanna County, Pa. (Not Dickson.)

Diclum: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province Panay, P. I. (Not Didum.)

Dictator: ledge, ⅓ mile SSW. Linekin Neck, west of Gangway Ledge, Lincoln County, Me.

Diddell: railroad station, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Not Didell.)

Didi: point, northern shore East Bay, about longitude 85° 31′, Bay County, Fla. (Not Piney.)

Didum: see Diclum, P. I.

Dieringer: village, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Derringer.)

Difficulty: creek, Ouray County, Colo.

Digwood: swamp, about half mile below Wakefield Wharf, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Dogwood.)

Dijon: pr. dē-zhôn′; city, e. cen. France; 47° 20′ N., 5° 1′ E.

Dike: ridge, Hinsdale County, Colo.

Dikranakerd: see Diyarbekir.

Dikris: see Tigris.

Dillard: creek, left-bank tributary to Turtle River, 1 mile above Hermitage Point, Glynn County, Ga. (Not Dillard's nor Oakgrove.)

Dillard: wharf, opposite mouth of Chickahominy River, James River, Va. (Not Dollard's.)

Dillard: Dillard Mill: see Indian, creek, N. C.

Dillard's: see Dillard, creek.

Dille: bottom and railroad station, Belmont County, Ohio. (Not Dillie, Dillies, Dillon's nor Dilly's.)

Dille: see Dilles Bottom.

Dillen: village, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Dillin.)

Diller: peak (Mount Diller), altitude 9,086 feet, Shasta County, Calif., 2½ miles southwest of Lassen Peak, in sec. 16, T. 30 N., R. 4 E. So named in honor of J. S. Diller, veteran geologist of the U. S. Geological Survey, who made many valuable contributions to the geology of the Lassen Peak region.

Dilles Bottom: village, Belmont County, Ohio. (Not Dille, Dille's, Dillie, Dillies, nor Dilly's.)

Dillie: Dillies: see Dille: Dilles Bottom.

Dillin: see Dillen.

Dillingham: hill or ridge, northeast of North Auburn Village, Auburn Town, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not Maple Hill.)

Dillon's: see Dille.

Dilly's: see Dille: Dilles Bottom.

Dimasagua: see Limasawa, P. I.

Dimasalang: municipality, on eastern shore of Masbate Island, P. I.

Dimasana: Dimasaua: see Limasawa, P. I.

Dimer: Dimers: see Dymer.

Dimiao: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Dimondale: village, Eaton County, Mich. (Not Diamondale.)

Din: point, northeast extremity of Savana Island, 2 miles west of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Dinaga: barrio, Naga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Liniaga.)

Dinagat: municipality, Surigao Province, Dinagat, P. I.

Dinagat: sound, between Dinagat and Siargao Islands, P. I.

Dinalupihan: pueblo, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Dine Bito: see Tenebito.

Dingen: see Dingin, P. I.

Dingin: barrio, Pagsanjan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dingen.)

Dingle: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Dinglestadt: glacier, western slope Kenai Mountains, near lat. 59° 48′ N., long. 150° 36′ W., Kenai Peninsula.

Dingras: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Dinne: mesa, Apache County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 51′ N., long. 109° 24′ W.

Dinrica: see Dinrika, P. I.

Dinrika: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Denerica, Denrica, nor Dinrica.)

Dinsmore: see San Ysidro.

Dinwiddie: see Dinwoody.

Dinwoody: creek and lakes, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Campbells Fork, Dinwiddie, nor Dinwoodie.)

***Diobsud:** creek, rising near Mount Watson, and tributary to Skagit River from west, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Diabase nor Diosub.

Dippy: island, in the north end of Ogden Passage, between Chichagof Island and Herbert Graves Island, lat. 57° 41′ .6 N., long. 136° 07′ .6 W., southeastern Alaska.

Dirickson: creek, Sussex County, Del. (Not Herring nor Williams.)

Dirt: see Mud, glacier, Alaska.

Dirty: glacier, eastern shore of Harriman Fiord at its head, near lat. 60° 57′ N., long. 148° 25′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Dirty Devil: see Fremont, river.

Disappointment: cape, at mouth of Columbia River, Pacific County, Wash., in fractional T. 9 N., R. 11 W., Willamette meridian.

Disappointment: creek, northwestern Alaska, tributary to Utukok River, from the south, near lat. 69° 09′ N., long. 159° 42′ W.

Disappointment: peak, just below summit of Glacier Peak, on the southwest ridge, Snohomish County, Wash.

Discovery: point, southern side entrance to Snug Harbor, eastern coast of Knight Island, lat. 60° 14′ N., long. 147° 43′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Discovery: point, Klamath County, Oreg., in Crater Lake National Park, on west rim of Crater Lake, near lat. 42° 56′ N., long. 122° 10′ W. So named because reported to have been the place from which the lake was first seen by a white man.

Discovery Bay: see Snug, harbor, Alaska.

Disdis: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Dishroon: post light, Mississippi River, Tensas Parish, La. (Not Dishroon's.)

Dishwater Pond: see Mirror, lake, N. H.

Disk: island, small, 677 feet high, most southerly one of three islands off the north end of Knight Island, lat. 60° 29′ .5 N., long. 147° 40′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Dismal: lake, sec. 31, T. 44 N., R. 7 E., at head Bluff Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Dispohol: see Despujols, P. I.

District of Columbia: federal district of the United States, in which the capital city, Washington, is situated. (See Washington, capital).

Dita: rock, 7-foot spot, marked by a high breaker, and sometimes exposed, ⅞ mile northwest of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not High Breaker nor Piedra Dita.)

Ditlef: point, south end of peninsula, between Rendezvous Bay and Fish Bay, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Detler, Detlev's, Ditless, nor Dittless.)

Ditless: see Ditlef.

Ditto: two small islands, 30 feet high and about 600 feet apart, in middle of Spiridon Bay, Kodiak Island, Alaska, about 8 miles inside the entrance, lat. 57° 39′ N., long. 153° 41′ W. Name given because these islands are nearly the same size and shape.

Diu: see India, Portuguese.

Diver: bay, southeastern Alaska, west side of Dall Island, near lat. 55° 10′ N., long. 133° 13′ W. Named after group of islands on south side entrance to bay.

Diver: point, southeastern Alaska, north side entrance to Diver Bay, near lat. 55° 11′ N., long. 133° 14′ W.

Divide: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 28′ W., flowing north into St. Mary River. This stream for 4 miles is east boundary of the park.

Divide: lake at head of Hyak Creek, King County, Wash.

Divide: lake, T. 33 N., Rs. 105 and 106 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Divide: mountain, 8,647 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 24′ W., a landmark on eastern park boundary. Named in the act of Congress fixing the west boundary of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation. (29 Stat. 321.)

Divide: see Center, creek, Alaska.

Divide: see Traverse, peak, Alaska.

Dividend: see Dividing, creek, Va.

Dividing: creek, Northumberland County, Va. (Not Dividend.)

Dividing: see La Trappe.

Divino Rostro: barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Verino Rostro.)

Division: small island about one-quarter mile long, in middle of Nuka Passage, off north end of Nuka Island, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 150° 42′ W. So named by Coast Pilot Section, Coast and Geodetic Survey, because it stands nearly in the middle of passage.

Dix: point, western side Goose Cove, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Dix's, Nutter, nor Nutter's.)

Dix: point, St. Marys River, Mich. (Not Dix's.)

Dix: river, Boyle, Garrard, Lincoln, Mercer, and Rockcastle Counties, Ky. (Not Dick, Dick's, Dicks, nor Dyck's.)

Dix: Dix's: see Nutter, point, Me.

Dix: see Swinburne, island, N. Y.

Dixon: glacier, western slope Kenai Mountains, near lat. 59° 41′ N., long. 150° 55′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Dixon: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 114° 01′ W., draining north into Lake Francis, on west face of The Sentinel (mountain).

***Diyarbekir (Diarbekr):** vilayet and town, Turkey; Arm. Dikranakerd;† 37° 50′ N., 40° 10′ E. Not Diarbekir, Diari-Békir.

Djailolo: see Halmahera.

Djanik: see Samsun.

Djeddah: see Jidda.

Djibouti (Jibuti): seaport, Fr. Somaliland, n. e. Africa; Fr. Djibouti; Ger. Djibuti; Ital. Gibuti; 11° 34′ N., 43° 9′ E.

Djibuti: see Djibouti.

Djidda: see Jidda.

Dlo: see D'Lo.

***D'Lo:** village, 2 miles northwest of Mendenhall, Simpson County, Miss. (Not De-Laux, De-Lieu, Dlo, De-Loach, Dlow, DLow.)

Dlow; DLow: see D'Lo.

***Dnepr (Dnieper):** pr. dnyĕ'per; river, s. w. U. S. S. R. (Russia), flowing into the Black Sea; Russ. Dnepr; † Ukr. Dnipro; † Ger. Dnjepr; Pol. Dniepr.

Dnepropetrovsk (Dniepropetrovsk): pr. dnyĕ-pro-pyĕ-trovsk; formerly Ekaterinoslav; city at rapids of the Dnieper, cen. Ukraine U. S. S. R. (Russia); 48° 28′ N., 34° 35′ E. Not Yekaterinoslav.

Dnestr (Dniester): river, s. e. Poland, and bet. Ukraine and Bessarabia to the Black Sea; Pol. Dniestr; Rum. Nistrul; Russ. Dnestr,† pr. dnyĕ-ster; Ukr. Dnister.†

Dnieper: see Dnepr.

Dniepropetrovsk: see Dnepropetrovsk.

Dniester: see Dnestr.

Dnjepr: see Dnepr.

Doag: see Dogue.

Doane: mountain (Mount Doane), altitude 10,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 24′ N., long. 110° 10′ W. Named by the Washburn party, 1870, for Lieut. G. C. Doane, commander of the military escort of this expedition, who madethe first official report upon the wonders of the Yellowstone region.

Doane: point, and lake, Willamette River near Willbridge, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Doanes.)

Dobbs Ferry: village, on Hudson River, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Dobb's Ferry.)

Dobelbower Landing: post light, Columbia River, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Dobelbower's.)

Dobrigno: see Dobrinj.

Dobrinj (Dobrigno): bay, Krk island, n. w. Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Dobrinjski zaliv = Dobrinj bay; Ital. Dobrigno, pr. dōbrēnyō.

Dobrinjski zaliv: see Dobrinj.

Dobrogea (Dobruja): region bet. the Danube and the Black Sea, s. e. Rumania; Rum. Dobrogea, pr. dóbrojya; Ger. Dobrudscha.

Dobrudscha: see Dobrogea.

Dobruja: see Dobrogea.

Dochet: island, St. Croix River, Washington County, Me. (Not Demont's nor St. Croix.)

Dockum: village, Dickens County, Tex. (Not Dockum's Ranch.)

Doctor: island, low and sandy, on Arctic Coast near Point Barrow and long. 155° 55′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Martin.)

Doctor Merry: post light, Mississippi River, Muscatine County, Iowa. (Not Dr. Merry's.)

Doctor's: see Broward, islands, Fla.

Dodge: point, Hancock County, Me., on southwest coast of Mount Desert Island, Tremont town, at southern entrance to Seal Cove, near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 68° 25′ W. After John S. Dodge, who was elected selectman at Bass Harbor, August 9, 1848. (Not Dodges.)

Dodge: see Crowninshield.

Dodge: see Dodge City, Kans.

Dodge: see Taylor, creek, Mont.

*__Dodge City:__ city, Ford County, Kans. (Not Dodge.)

Dodges: see Crowninshield.

Dodges: see Dodge.

Doe: island, San Juan County, Wash., southeastern shore of Orcas Island, just southeast of the south point of Doe Bay entrance.

Doe Bay Mountain: see Pickett.

Dofflemyer: light and point, at entrance to Budd Inlet, Puget Sound, Thurston County, Wash. (Not Dofflemyer's.)

Dog: bay, between northern shore Duke Island and western shore Dog Island, Felice Strait, lat. 54° 59′ N., long. 131° 20′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Dog: see Escatawpa, river, Alabama and Mississippi.

Dog: see Long, creek, Alaska.

Dog: see St. Sauveur, mountain, Me.

Dog: see Rainbow, lake, Mont.

Dogcal: see Dugkal, P. I.

Dogfish: see Koyuktolik, bay, Alaska.

Dogfish: see Liberty, bay, Wash.

Dogshead: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 110° 36′ W., flowing south into Lewis Lake.

Dogue: creek, Fairfax County, Va. (Not Doag.)

Dogungan: see Dugungan, P. I.

Dogwood: see Digwood.

Dok: point, on north bank of Chilkat River, 1 mile below Zimovia Point, southeastern Alaska. (Not Cottonwood nor Dokhaku.)

Dokhaku: see Dok.

Dollar: see Big Bird, lake, Calif.

Dollard's: see Dillard, wharf.

Dollarson: see Donaldson, creek.

Dollers: point on south bank of James River, below Chickahominy River, Surry County, Va. (Not Doller's nor Duller's.)

Dollison: see Donaldson, creek.

Dolly: hill, 70 feet high, Hancock County, Me., on southeast coast *Great Cranberry Island*, near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. (Not Dollys.)

Dolly Boarmans: creek, western side Wicomico River, Charles County, Md. (Not Bowmans, Dolly Boamans, Fenwick, nor Fenwiks.)

Dollys: see Dolly.

Dolly Varden: creek, branch of Middle Fork Flathead River, Flathead County, Mont.

Dolon Nor: see Tolunnoerh.

Dolores: mountain, Dolores County, Colo., a peak of the San Miguel Mountains, near lat. 37° 52′ N., long. 108° 12′ W. (Not Dunns Peak.)

Dolores: municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Dolores: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Dolores: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Dolores: river, Dolores Mesa, Montezuma, Montrose, and San Miguel Counties, Colo., and Grand County, Utah.

Dolores: see Lusaran, P. I.

Dolphin: see Balcom.

*__Dolton:__ village, Cook County, Ill. (Not Dalton, Dolton's Station, nor Dolton's.)

Dolton's: Dolton's Station: see Dolton.

Dombrowa: see Dąbrowa Górnicza.

Dome: canyon, Millard County, Utah, in House Range, near lat. 39° 22′ N., long. 113° 18′ W.

Dome: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 27, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., flowing north into Middle Fork, Kaweah River in sec. 16, Sequoia National Park.

Dome: islets, southeastern Alaska, two in number, each 200 feet high, 1,600 yards northwest of Anguilla Island and 1,100 yards southwest of Twocrack Island, near lat. 55° 41′ 30″ N., Maurelle group.

Dome: mountain, 9,900 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 50′ W.

Dome: see Balloon Dome, mountain, Calif.

Domengine: creek, heading near Joaquin Rocks, draining southeastern arm of Ragged Valley, and emptying into San Joaquin Valley, Fresno County, Calif.

Dominica: pr. dō-mē-nē′ka, island, Leeward Islands, B. W. I., 15° 30′ N., 61° 20′ W.

Dominican Republic: pr. dō-mĭn′ĭ-kan rē-pŭb-lĭc; rep., W. I.; Fr. République Dominicaine; Ger. Dominikanische Republik; Ital. and Sp., República Dominicana.

Dominikanische Republik: see Dominican Republic.

Domke: creek, lake, and mountain, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Crane, Dumkie, Dumpky, nor Round.)

Domkirk: rock, with twin steeple-shaped crags, 100 yards southeast of Virgin Point, at south extremity of Savana Island, Virgin Islands.

Domuclay: see Dumuclay, P. I.

Domulog: see Dumulog, P. I.

Domurog: see Dumurug, P. I.

Don: river, s. U. S. S. R. (Russia) to Sea of Azov.

***Doña Ana:** county, N. Mex., and town in county of same name. (Not Dona Ana.) The Secretary of State of New Mexico advises that the spelling with the Spanish ñ appears in the act creating the county and is the present correct legal form.

Donahoe: see Donohoe.

Donalds: town and township, Abbeville County, S. C. (Not Donaldsville.)

Donaldson: creek, Caldwell County, Ky., rising near lat. 37° 12′ N., long. 88° 00′ W., flows northeasterly into Tradewater River. (Not Dollarson nor Dollison.)

Donaldson: mountain, altitude 4,215 feet, three-quarters of a mile southwest of Mount Seward, in the Seward Mountains, Adirondack Mountains, Harrietstown, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not North Mount Seward nor Mount North Seward.) Named after Alfred Lee Donaldson, 1866–1923, of Saranac Lake, author.

Donaldsville: see Donalds.

Donau: see Danube.

Donavan: see Donivan.

Doncaster: city, Yorkshire, n. England; 53° 32′ N., 1° 7′ W.

***Donets:** river, tributary of the Don, s. U. S. S. R. (Russia). Not Donetz.

Donetz: See Donets.

Dongsol: see Donsol, P. I.

Donivan: creek, tributary to Tombigbee River, Itawamba and Prentiss Counties, Miss. (Not Donavan, Donnivan, Dunavan, nor Meadow.)

Donkey: hills, eastern end Custer County, Idaho, between the heads of Pahsimeroi Valley on the north and Little Lost River Valley on the south, chiefly within T. 10 N., R. 25 E., and T. 11 N., Rs. 24 and 25 E.

Donnaha: railroad station, Forsyth County, N. C. (Not Donnoha.)

Donnivan: see Donivan.

Donnoha: see Donnaha.

Donoho Battery: see Fishing Battery.

Donohoe: railroad station, Westmoreland County, Pa. (Not Donahoe nor Donohue.)

Donsol: barrio, Pototan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dansol nor Dongsol.)

Donsol: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Doody: mount (Mount Doody), 8,830 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 35′ W., the highest of the Cloudcroft Peaks group.

Doolth: mountain (altitude 2,120 feet), northwest of Klag Bay, about midway between bay and Ogden Passage, lat. 57° 40′ .5 N., long. 136° 06′ .5 W., Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Dulth.)

***Doornyk:** see Tournai.

Dora: island, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, 980 yards long, 400 feet high, southerly of Twin Islands, south entrance to Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 39′.5 N., long. 149° 43′ W. Named after the steamship *Dora*, which plied these waters in 1912 and earlier.

Dora: passage, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, 1½ miles wide and 4 miles long, between Harbor Island on east and Twin Islands on west, forming south entrance to Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 149° 42′ W. Named from steamship *Dora*.

Dora: reef, sunken rock 3 miles southwesterly from Pearl Island of the Chugach Islands, lat. 59° 05′ N., long. 151° 48′ W., at eastern side of entrance to Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Doran: mountain (Mt. Doran), prominent summit southwest of Point Doran, west side of Port Wells, lat. 61° 01′ N., long. 148° 15′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Doran: point (Pt. Doran), at junction of Barry Arm and Harriman Fiord, Port Wells, lat. 61° 04′ N., long. 148° 10′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Dordrecht: pr. dôr′drekht; river port near Rotterdam, s. w. Netherlands; 51° 48′ N., 4° 40′ E.

Doris: see Davis, creek, Mont.

Dorlon: see Gregory.

Dorothea: bay, between Dorothea and Ruy Points, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Dorothea: point, projecting between Dorothea and Hull Bays, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Dorpat: see Tartu.

Dorrance: township, Luzerne County, Pa.

Dorrity: see Dougherty, coulee, Mont.

Dorrity: creek and post light, Mississippi River, Scott County, Mo. (Not Dorrity's.)

Dorseys: creek, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not College, Dorsey, Dorsey's, nor Graveyard.)

Dorst: creek, Tulare County, Calif., Sequoia National Park, rising in sec. 29, T. 14 S., R. 30 E., flowing southwest uniting with Stony Creek to form North Fork of Kaweah River. For Capt. J. H. Dorst, United States Army, first superintendent (acting) of the park, 1891–92.

Dortch: see Chaol.

Dortmund: city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 31′ N., 7° 27′ E.

Dory: creek, at North Foreland, Moquawkie Indian Reservation, flowing into west side of Cook Inlet, Alaska, at Moquawkie, near lat. 61° 02′.4 N., long. 151° 11′ .5 W.

Dorylaeum: see Eskişehir.

Dos Cabezas: group of peaks, Cochise County, Ariz., of the Dos Cabezas Mountains, near lat. 32° 10′ N., long. 109° 40′ W. (Not Dos Cabezos.)

Dospad Dagh: see Rhodope.

Dossett: village, Anderson County, Tenn. (Not Dosset nor Dossetts.)

Dot: island, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in the entrance to West Thumb, midway between Rock and Wolf Points, Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 25′ W.

Dot Klish: canyon, between lat. 36° long. 110° and lat. 36° 30′, long. 111°, Cononino and Navajo Counties, Ariz. (Not Blue, Boo-koo-dot-dlish, nor Boko-hodotlish.)

Doty: cove, indenting eastern shore of Admiralty Island, Alaska, Stephens Passage, near lat. 58° 07′ N., long. 134° 12′ W.

Double: cove, north shore of Khaz Bay, indenting Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 36′ N., long. 136° 03′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Portage.)

Double: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 24′ N., long. 113° 39′ W.

Doublet Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 550 feet north of Beehive Geyser, in Upper Geyser Basin.

***Dougherty:** coulee, branch of Halfbreed Creek, Musselshell County, Mont. (Not Dorrity.)

Dougherty: township, Cerro Gordo County, Iowa. (Not Daugherty.)

Douglas: bay, indenting south coast of Kupreanof Island, Sumner Strait, near lat. 56° 28′ N., long. 133° 17′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Douglass.)

Douglas: creek, Albany and Carbon Counties, Wyo., heading to the south of Snowy Range, in T. 15 N., R. 79 W., sixth principal meridian, and emptying into the North Platte in T. 13 N., R. 81 W., Medicine Bow National Forest. This is an old name, well established for over half a century.

Douglas: island, just north of Deer Island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Picnic.)

Douglas: mountain (Mt. Douglas), altitude 7,064 feet, 10 miles west of Cape Douglas, entrance to Cook Inlet, lat. 58° 51′ N., long. 153° 32′ W., Alaska.

Douglas: reef, northwestern part Shelikof Strait, 5½ miles southward from Cape Douglas, lat. 58° 45′ N., long. 153° 17′ W., Alaska. (Not Beaver, Bobrof, Bobrovoi, Bobrow, Bohrow, nor Sea Otter.)

Douglas: town and village, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Douglass.)

Douglas: township, Stafford County, Kans. (Not Douglass.)

Douglas: see President.

Douglass: see Douglas.

Douro or **Duero:** river, n. Spain and Portugal, w. to Atlantic Ocean, forming part of Sp.-Port. boundary; Port. Douro; Sp. Duero.

Dova: bay, southeastern Alaska, east coast of Long Island, near lat. 54° 55′ N., long. 132° 43′ W. Coined from the last four letters of Cordova.

Dove: see Doves.

Dover: capital of Delaware, in Kent Co., on Jones Cr., near lat. 39° 09′ N., long. 75° 32′ W. Population in 1930, 4,800. (Pronounced dō′-ver.)

***Dover:** city, Tuscarawas County, Ohio. (Not Canal Dover.)

Dover: seaport, on Strait of Dover, s. e. England; 51° 8′ N., 1° 18′ E.

Doves: cove in Bush River, Harford County, Md. (Not Dove nor Dove's.)

Dovre: peak, Tillamook County, Oreg., in sec. 11, T. 3 S., R. 7 W. Named after a village and mountain plateau in the Province of Christiansand, Norway.

Dovre: township, Kandiyohi County, Minn. (Not Dowe.)

Dow: creek (Dow Prong), Sheridan County, Wyo., rises in sec. 35, T. 54 N., R. 82 W., sixth principal meridian, and joins Dutch Creek in sec. 32, T. 56 N., R. 82 W.

Dowe: see Dovre, township, Minn.

Dowing: see Downing.

Downer: glacier, Alaska, east of College Fiord, near lat. 61° 16′ N., long. 147° 40′ W. After the Milwaukee-Downer College for Women, Milwaukee, Wis.

Downey: lake, Highland Township, Oakland County, Mich. (Not Haskin nor Haskins.)

Downey: peak, altitude 6,024 feet, sec. 36, T. 52 N., R. 3 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Downing: creek, Gilmer County, Ga. (Not Dowing.)

Downing: see Blackhawk, lake, Minn.

Downing: see Randall, railroad station, N. Y.

Dowsett: see Maro, reef, Hawaiian Islands.

Dox Castle: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 20′ W.

Drač: see Durrës.

Drag: small island at western entrance to Chichagof Pass, and just off southwestern point of Woronkofski Island, lat. 56° 21′ N., long. 132° 33′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Drag Channel Sedge: see Drag Sedge.

Dragon: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising on the Kaibab Plateau, near lat. 36° 19′ N., long. 112° 08′ W., flows southwesterly into Crystal Creek about 2½ miles below Dragon Head. (Not East Fork.)

Dragon, The: plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 14′ N., long. 112° 10′ W.

Dragon Head: butte, Grand Canyon of the Colorado, Coconino County, Ariz.

Dragons Mouth: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near Mud Volcano, about 5 miles below (N. W.), outlet of Yellowstone Lake, on left bank of river.

Dragoon: Dragoon Fork: see Sycamore.

Drag Sedge: an island of marsh, Ocean County, N. J., in the southeastern part of Little Egg Harbor Township, south limit Little Egg Harbor, between the north ends of Story Island and Hither Island. (Not Drag Channel Sedge nor, as previously charted, Hither Island.)

Dragston: town, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Dragstown.)

Drake: lake, Plumas County, Calif., in sec. 28, T. 30 N., R. 5 E., about 3 miles southeasterly from White Mountain.

Drakensberg: high mountains, ext. s. e. Africa; 29° S., 29° E.

Drakes: point, between Putnams Peak and Vacaville, Solano County, Calif. (Not Drakes Peak.)

Drakesville: town and township, Davis County, Iowa. (Not Drakeville.)

Drau: see Drava.

Drava: river, w. tributary of the Danube, Austria, and Yugoslavia; Fr. Drave; Ger. Drau; Ital. and Serb-Croat, Drava; Mag. Dráva.

Drave: see Drava.

Drawgun: see Sacarma.

Drayton: island, Lake George, northeastern Florida. (Not Rembert.)

Dresden: city on Elbe river, state of Saxony, s. cen. Germany; 51° 3′ N., 13° 45′ E.

Drew Chute: post lights, Mississippi River, near Burlington, Iowa. (Not Drew's.)

*__Drewrys:__ bluff, Chesterfield County, Va., south bank of James River, 9 miles south of Richmond. (Not Drewry nor Drewry's.)

*__Drewrys Bluff:__ village, Chesterfield County, Va. (Not Drewry Bluff.)

Drew's: see Drew Chute.

Drif: Drift: see Druif.

Driftwood: creek, northwestern Alaska, on the Arctic slope, southwest of Point Barrow, east branch Utukok River, near its source and lat. 68° 50′ N., long. 161° W.

Dripping: spring, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 15′ W.

Drisco: shoal, in Green Bay, Delta County, Wis. (Not Drisco's.)

Dr. Merry's: see Doctor Merry.

Dromore: lake, T. 1 N., R. 22 W., Souris district, near International Boundary, Manitoba, Canada.

Drop: creek, Boise County, Idaho, tributary to South Fork Payette River from the north at upper end of Elk Lake. Stream drops over canyon walls.

Drover's: see Baggers.

Drue: see Druif.

Druid: peak, altitude 9,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 55′ N., long. 110° 11′ W.

Druif: bay, 340 yards wide, on west shore of Water Island, south of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Baie Drif, Drif, Drift, Drue, Druyf, nor Ensenada de Drif.)

Drum: gulch, Musselshell County, Mont.

Drumming: creek, branch of Lodgepole Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Drummond: creek and light, St. Johns River, near Jacksonville, Fla. (Not Drummond's.)

Drummond: island, northern part of Lake Huron, Mich. (Not Drummond's.)

Drummond: see Garnet, range, Mont.

Drummond Plateau: terrace, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, extending from Montezuma Point to Darwin Plateau.

Drummond's: see Drummond.

Drummondtown: see Accomac.

Drury's: see Drewry.

Druyf: see Druif.

Dry: bay, small, indenting northwest coast of Cook Inlet 3 miles southwest of Chinitna Point, lat. 59° 41′ N., long. 135° 08′ W., Alaska.

Dry: creek, rises near Montana-Wyoming border, in Campbell County, in T. 58 N., R. 74 W., sixth principal meridian, and tributary to Powder River in Powder River County, in sec. 19, T. 9 S., R. 48 E., Montana principal meridian, about 400 yards north of Bitter Creek.

Dry: creek, Teton County, Mont., in T. 29 N., R. 12 W., Lewis and Clark National Forest. (Not Red Poacher.) Former name, Red Poacher, given to creek directly west, which carries water the year around.

Dry: creek, Ts. 5 and 6 S., R. 7 E., tributary to Yellowstone River from northwest near Daileys, Park County, Mont.

Dry: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., rises in the central part of unsurveyed T. 37 N., R. 106 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northeasterly to empty into Wind River in sec. 12, T. 4 N., R. 4 W., Wind River meridian.

*__Dry__: pass, southeastern Alaska, less than one-half mile long, at the narrows in the northwest part of El Capitan Passage.

Dry: wash, heading at southern base Mount Linnaeus and draining south into Butler Canyon, San Juan County, Utah.

Dry: see Hayward Strait, Alaska.

Dry: see Arroyo Hondo, creek, Calif.

Dry: see Linda, creek, Calif.

Dry: see Tumey Gulch, arroyo, Calif.

Dry: see Flying Squadron, mountain, Me.

Dry: see Crooked, creek, Mont.

Dry: see Tuscor, creek, Mont.

Dry: see Cottonwood, creek, Nebr.

Dryad: creek, small branch of Middle Fork Flathead River, Flathead County, Mont.

Dryad: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 30′ W., about 4 miles north of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake.

Dry Anglais: Dry Anglaise: see Dry Auglaize.

Dry Auglaize: creek, Camden and Laclede counties, Mo., rising in T. 35 N., R. 16 W., fifth principal meridian, flows northerly into Grand Auglaize Creek, in T. 38 N., R. 15 W. (Not Dry Anglais nor Dry Anglaise.)

Dry Bay: see Sukoi, bay, Alaska.

Dry Cottonwood: see Fifteen Mile, creek, Wyo.

Dry Creek: stage station, midway between Cody and Meeteetse, Park County, Wyo.

Dry Creek: see Tumey Gulch.

Dryden: post light, Mississippi River, near Grand Tower, Jackson County, Ill. (Not Dryden's.)

Dry Fork: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 28′ W., flowing east into Two Medicine Creek.

Dry Fork, Clear: creek, rising in northern part Twp. 13 S., Range 35½ E., and flowing northwest to Clear Creek, Grant County, Oreg. (Not Clear.)

Dry Glaize: see Grandglaize, creek, Mo.

Dry Gulch: see Tonasket.

Drynob: town, Laclede County, Mo. (Not Dryknob.)

Dry Piney: creek, branch of Green River from the west in T. 28 N., Lincoln and Sublette Counties, Wyo. (Not Feather nor Piney.)

Dry Point: see Dead Point.

Dry Romer: see Romer Shoal.

D. Tabogon: see Daangtabogon, P. I.

Dublin: pond, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Monadnock.)

Dublin: see Baile Atha Cliath.

Du Bois: city, Clearfield County, Pa. (Not Dubois.)

Duboistown: borough, Lycoming County, Pa. (Not Du Boistown.)

Dubrovnik (Ragusa): town and dist., s. Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Dubrovnik; Ital. Ragusa: 42° 39′ N., 18° 9′ E

Dubrovnik II: see Gruz.

Duchesne: river, from source to junction with Green River, Duchesne and Uinta Counties, Utah. (Not Du Chesne.)

Duck: bay, eastern shore of Marquette Island, northwest of Wisner Point, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Muscallonge or Wisner's.)

Duck: creek, Kent County, Del. (Not Old Duck.)

Duck: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 45′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., flowing westerly into Maple Creek.

Duck: islands, in Quoddy Roads, New Brunswick, Canada, near Eastport, Me.

Duck: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., one-half mile west of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 35′ W.

Duck: see Mackinac, bay, Mich.

Duck: see Lake, valley, Nev.

Duck Creek: see Smyrna, river, Del.

Duckett: ridge, east of Dry Wash and southeast of Mount Linnaeus, San Juan County, Utah.

Duck's: see Leduck.

Dudley: city, Worcestershire, England, near Birmingham; 52° 31′ N., 2° 10′ W.

Duero: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

***Duero:** see Douro.

Duff: peak (Mount Duff), altitude, 7,170 feet, lat. 59° 50′ 36″ N., long. 138° 40′ 42″ W., on the international boundary, Alaska and British Columbia. Named after Judge Lyman Duff, of the Supreme Court of Canada, junior counsel before the Boundary Commission.

Duff: see Magnolia, Colo.

Duff Bar: post light, on Neville Island, Ohio River, 7 miles below Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Duff's Bar.)

Duffield: see Turner, glacier, Alaska.

Dugayong: see Dugayung, P. I.

Dugayung: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dugayong.)

Dugcal: see Dugkal, P. I.

Dug Hill: village, Putnam County, Tenn. (Not Dughill.)

Dugi (Lunga): island, n. Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Dugi; Ital. Lunga or Grossa; 44° N., 15° E.

Dugkal: barrio, Camaligan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dogcal nor Dugcal.)

Dugugnan: see Dugungan, P. I.

Dugungan: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dogungan nor Dugugnan.)

Dugway: range, northern continuation of the Thomas Range, Juab and Tooele Counties, Utah. (Not Thomas.)

Duhat: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dujat.)

Duhat: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dujat.)

Duhatan: barrio, Balayan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dujatan.)

Duisburg-Hamborn: city, Rheinprovinz, w. Germany, at mouth of the Ruhr; formerly Duisburg and Hamborn; 51° 26′ N., 6° 45′ E.

Duitschland: see Germany.

Dujat: see Duhat, P. I.

Dujatan: see Duhatan, P. I.

Dulag: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Dulce: pr. dōōl′seh; river, Guatemala.

Duller's: see Dollers.

Dulom Bayan: see Dulongbayan, P. I.

Dulongbayan: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dulom Bayan.)

Dulth: see Doolth.

Duluth: city, in Saint Louis Co., Minnesota, on Lake Superior, near lat. 46° 48′ N., long. 92° 06′ W. Population in 1930, 101,417. (Pronounced dū-lōōth′.)

Duma: see Dume.

Dumagcat: see Bumagcat, P. I.

Dumaguete: municipality, Provincial Capital, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Dumalag: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Dumangas: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Dumanjug: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Dumaran: settlement, Palawan Province, Dumaran, P. I.

Dumarao: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Dumatad: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dumatud.)

Dumatud: see Dumatad, P. I.

Dume: point, north head of Santa Monica Bay, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Duma nor Dumetz.)

Dumfounding: see Dumfoundling, bay, Fla.

Dumfoundling: small bay, Dade County, Fla., immediately north of Biscayne Bay, near lat. 25° 56′ 48″ N., long. 80° 08′ W. (Not Dumfounding.) The names Dumfounding and Dumfoundling have appeared on maps since the eighties.

Dumfoundling River: see Biscayne, creek.

Dumkie: see Domke.

Dummun: barrio, Gattaran Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Dumun.)

Dumolog: see Dumulog, P. I.

Dumpky: see Domke.

Dumplin: creek and village, Jefferson County, Tenn. (Not Dumpling.)

Dumpling: mountain, altitude 2,520 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, on south shore Naknek Lake, near lat. 58° 35′ N., long. 155° 51′ W.

Dumpling: see Dumplin.

Dumpling Rock: light, in Buzzards Bay off New Bedford, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Round Hill.)

Dumuclay: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Domuclay.)

Dumulog: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Domulog nor Dumolog.)

Dumun: see Dummun, P. I.

Dumurug: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Domurog.)

Düna (Western Dvina): river, w. U. S. S. R. (Russia) and Latvia to Gulf of Riga; Ger. Düna; Lett. Daugava; Russ. Dvina† or Zapadnaya Dvina† (Western Dvina).

Duna: see Danube.

Dünaburg: see Daugavpils.

Dunai: see Danube.

Dunaj: see Danube.

Dunanda: falls, on Boundary Creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Dunărea: see Danube.

Dunav: see Danube.

Dunavan: see Donivan.

Duncan: point, Mississippi River, East Baton Rouge Parish, La. (Not Duncan's.)

Duncan: see McLeod, bay, Mich.

Duncan Inlet: stream, branch of the Siuslaw River, T. 18 S., R. 11 W., running south by west to the mouth of Bernard Creek, Lane County, Oreg. (Not Duncan Slough.)

Duncan's: see Duncan.

Duncan Slough: see Duncan Inlet.

Dundee: seaport, Forfar county, e. cen. Scotland; 56° 30′ N., 2° 58′ W.

Dunedin: seaport, s. e. South Island, New Zealand; 45° 45′ S., 170° 30′ E.

Dunfee: peak (Mount Dunfee), altitude 7,070 feet, Esmeralda County, Nev., near lat. 37° 17′4 N., long. 117° 19′ W., in T. 7 S., Rs. 41–42 E., Mount Diablo meridian. Named by the Board of County Commissioners of Esmeralda County, January, 1932, in honor of John William Dunfee, deceased, who . . . "was very closely identified with the region in question for many years in its active development and the name meets with the general approval of those living in the vicinity and throughout Esmeralda County."

Dunfermline: city, Fife county, Scotland; 56° 5′ N., 3° 28′ W.

Dungan: Dungon: see Dungun, P. I.

Dungun: barrio, Abulug Municipality, Cagayan Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Dungun: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Dungan.)

Dungun: barrio, Jaro Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, and barrio, Sara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dungon.)

Dunis: see Denis.

Dunkirk: town, Calvert County, Md. (Not Smithville.)

Dunlap's Island: see Wawatosa.

Dunloup: creek, Fayette and Raleigh Counties, and village, Fayette County, W. Va. (Not Dun Loup, Dunloop, Upper Loop, nor Wiper Loop.)

Dunn: creek, St. Johns River, near Jacksonville, Duval County, Fla. (Not Dunn's.)

Dunn: see Crescent, lake, Fla.

Dunn: see Dunns, peak, Calif.

Dunnis: see Denis.

Dunns: peak, jutting into Vaca Valley, on the east side, midway of the valley, Solano County, Calif. (Not Dunn, Parks, nor Smith.)

Dunn's: see Connett.

Dunns Peak: see Dolores, mountain, Colo.

Dunn's: see Dunn.

Du Noir: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., formed by junction of West Du Noir and East Du Noir creeks in sec. 4, T. 43 N., R. 108 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southerly to join Wind River in sec. 14, T. 42 N., R. 108 W.

Dunraven: pass, altitude 8,800 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 27′ W., at fork of Chittenden Road, Lower Falls to Tower Falls, and over Mount Washburn. Takes name from nearby peak.

Dunraven: peak, altitude 9,700 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 28′ W. Named for the Earl of Dunraven whose European publications, on the wonders of the park, made them known to the world.

Dunville: hollow, near Woodford Village, Bennington County, Vt. (Not Dunnville.)

Dunwoody Basin: park, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 35′ W., on Elk Creek between Wolftail Mountain and Cloudbursts Peaks.

Du Page: county, Ill. (Not Dupage.)

Dupanduyan: see Duyanduyan.

Dupax: township, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Duplain: town and township, Clinton County, Mich. (Not Du Plain.)

***Du Quoin:** city, post office, and precinct, Perry County, Ill. (Not Duquoin.) This is the spelling used locally and accords with that found in the act of incorporation.

Duran: Duran's: Durans: see Durants.

Durango: pr. dōō-rän′gō; state and city, cen. Mexico; 24° N., 104° 40′ W.

Durants: point, south side Pungo River opposite Belhaven, Hyde County, N. C. (Not Duran, Duran's, nor Durans.)

Durazno: pr. dōō-räs′nō; dept. and city, Uruguay; 33° 24′ S., 56° 38′ W.

Durazzo: see Durrës.

D'Urban: mountain (Mount D'Urban), altitude 3,000 feet, on the international boundary, between Coos County, N. H., and Frontenac District, Quebec. (Not Ben D'Urban, Ben Durban, nor Bon Durban.) Named Ben D'Urban, 1842, or before, apparently after Sir Benjamin D'Urban (1777–1849), lieutenant general, British Army, who was appointed governor and commander in chief of the Cape of Good Hope in 1842. In 1843 he occupied Natal, creating a new British colony and leaving his name to its chief town, Durban.

Durban: seaport, Natal, S. Africa; 29° 50′ S., 30° 55′ E.

Durësi: see Durrës.

Durfee: post light, Mississippi River, Monroe County, Ill. (Not Durfee's.)

Durloe: bay, midway between Hognest Point, and Lind Point, Cruz Bay Quarter, western coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Little Cinnamon.)

Durrell: brook, in the towns of Albany and Tamworth, Carroll County, N. H., an east branch of Paugus Brook, rising at south base of Mount Chocorua. Name suggested by the "Durrell Clearing," for a family that settled there.

Durrës (Durazzo): chief seaport of Albania; Alb. Durrës; variants Durësi and Durssi; Ital. Durazzo, pr. du-rät-so; Serb-Croat, Drač, pr. dräch; 41° 20′ N., 19° 25′ E.

Durssi: See Durrës.

Durungao: barrio, Balayan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Dusk: group of small islands, on north side of entrance to Kiliuda Bay, Alaska, about 1 mile inside entrance southeast coast of Kodiak Island, one-fourth mile southwest of Ermine Point, near lat. 57° 17′ N., long. 152° 53′ W. (Not Dark.)

Düsseldorf: city, Rheinprovinz, on the Rhine, w. Germany; 51° 14′ n., 6° 45′ E.

Dutch: creek, La Plata County, Colo.

Dutch: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 57′ W., in the northern Dutch Lake, flowing southwest into Flathead River.

Dutch: creek, Sheridan County, Wyo., rises in sec. 10, T. 54 N., R. 81 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northwest into Prairie Dog Creek in sec. 34, T. 57 N., R. 83 W.

Dutch: harbor, 1¾ miles long, ½ mile wide, on eastern side of Amaknak Island, in Unalaska Bay, west of Iliuliuk Bay, lat. 53° 54′ N., long. 166° 31′.5 W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska.

Dutch: ridge, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 114° 02′ W., watershed between Anaconda and Dutch Creeks.

Dutchcap: passage, 1⅓ miles wide, 24 fathoms deep, south of Cockroach Cay, Virgin Islands. (Not Canal Limpio.)

Dutch East Indies: see Netherland India.

Dutch Harbor: village, at southwest end of harbor described above.

Dutch Lakes: ponds, at head of Dutch, creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Dutch Guiana: see Surinam.

Dutch New Guinea: See Netherland New Guinea.

Dutton: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., at southern rim of Powell Plateau, near lat. 36° 17′ N., long. 112° 23′ W.

Dutton: plateau, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Duvall's Bluff: see De Valls Bluff.

Duwamish: river and village, near Seattle, King County, Wash. (Not Dwamish.)

Duxbury: point and reef, coast Marin County, Calif.

Duyan: barrio, Gulanga Municipality, Davao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Duyan: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Duyun.)

Duyanduyan: barrios, in Cabatuan and Santa Barbara Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Dupanduyan.)

Duyoc: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Buyoc.)

Duyun: see Duyan, P. I.

Dvina (Northern Dvina): river, n. U. S. S. R. (Russia), to the White Sea; Ger. Dwina; Russ. Severnaya Dvina,† meaning Northern Dvina.

Dvina, Western: see Düna.

Dvinsk: see Daugavpils.

Dwamish: see Duwamish.

Dwasa Kill: creek, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not D. Waus Kill nor Dwaas Kil.)

D. Waus Kill: see Dwasa Kill.

Dwina: see Dvina.

Dwinsk: see Daugavpils.

Dyar: rock, Crater Lake National Park, Douglas and Klamath Counties, Oreg., about ½ mile south of Crater Lake, on crater rim, near lat. 42° 54′ N., long. 122° 07′ W. (Not Dyer.)

Dyck's: see Dix.

Dyea: port of entry and town at head of Lynn Canal, near lat. 59° 30′ N., southeastern Alaska. (Not Dayay, Dejah, Taiya, nor Tyya.)

Dyer: island, in Portsmouth, between Prudence Island and Rhode Island. (Not Dyers nor Dyres.)

Dyer: see Dyar.

Dyer: see Romanzof, cape, Alaska.

Dyers: see Dias.

Dyer's: see Dyer.

Dyersville: town, Dubuque County, Iowa. (Not Dyerville.)

Dymer: light, located at Dymer Creek Flats, Fleets Bay, Lancaster County, Va. (Not Dimer, Dimers, Dimer's, nor Dymer's.)

Dyneburg: see Daugavpils.

Dyushambe: see Stalinabad.

E

Ead's: see Simmons, island.

***Eagan:** township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Egan.)

Eagen: mountain, Boundary County, Idaho, Pend Oreille National Forest, in secs. 22 and 23, T. 57 N., R. 1 E. So named for a pioneer, who lived at the foot of this mountain for 40 years.

Eagle: cliff, altitude 750 feet, Cypress Island, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Bald Peak.)

Eagle: creek, T. 38 N., R. 110 W., tributary to Green River from west, Sublette County, Wyo.

Eagle: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 27, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., in area eliminated from Sequoia National Park.

Eagle: lake, about 1½ miles long, Hancock County, Me., in Bar Harbor Township, near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. So named by Frederick Church, artist, 1855, because of the many eagles he saw flying over this lake. (Not Great.)

***Eagle:** lake, Essex County, N. Y., near lat. 43° 53′ N., long. 73° 35′ W. (Not Chilson Lake, Long Pond, nor Paragon Lake.)

Eagle: high mountain, Nushagak region, Alaska, between head of Kulki and Nuyakuk lakes, lat. 59° 50′ N., long. 158° 55′ W. Numerous bald eagles were observed on this mountain during the summer of 1931.

Eagle: peak, altitude 9,211 feet, Shasta County, Calif., 1 mile southwest of Lassen Peak, in sec. 10, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Eagle: peak, northwest end Tatoosh Range, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Eagle: peak, altitude 10,800 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 20′ N., long. 110° 02′ W.

Eagle: river, on east side Lynn Canal, mainland of Alaska, near lat. 58° 32′ N., Tongass National Forest.

Eagle: river, flowing into Knik Arm, about 9 miles northeast Anchorage, near lat. 61° 20′ N., long. 149° 44′ W., Alaska. (Not Yukla, nor Yuklahitna.)

Eagle: see Abbot, creek, Oreg.

Eagle: see Eagle Crag.

Eagle: see Wallowa, mountains, Oreg.

Eagle Cliff: rocky wall, northern side North Mowich River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Eagle Crag: mountain, east of Stikine River, Alaska, near the Alaska-Canada boundary line, lat. 56° 55′ N., long. 131° 42′ W. (Not Eagle.)

Eagle Creek: village, Overton County, Tenn. (Not Eaglecreek.)

***Eagle Grove:** city and township, Wright County, Iowa. (Not Eagle Grove Junction nor Eaglegrove.)

Eaglehead: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont. near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 36′ W.

Eaglenest: key, ⅜ mile long, 2 miles north of Boca Chica, in lat. 24° 38′ N., long. 81° 42′ W., Monroe County, Fla.

Eagle Plume: mountain, altitude 8,700 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 33′ N., long. 113° 25′ W. Name of a Blackfoot Indian chief.

Eagle River: see Turtle, creek.

Eagle Rocks: cliffs, altitude about 5,600 feet, on state line, Tenn.-N. C., near lat. 35° 39′ N., long. 83° 17′ 30″ W., and at the junction of Katalska Ridge and the main divide of the Great Smokies.

Eagle Scout: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 14, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., flowing west into Granite Creek in sec. 16, one-fourth mile below Eagle Scout Peak on Great Western Divide, Sequoia National Park. (Not North Fork.)

Eagle Scout: peak, altitude 12,060 feet, northeastern part Tulare County, Calif., on Great Western Divide, 1¾ miles north of Mount Lippincott and 2¾ miles west of Kaweah Peaks, in sec. 12, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 34′ W. First climbed July 15, 1926, by a party of three Eagle Scouts and Francis P. Farquhar, of San Francisco.

Eagles Rest: mountain, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 54′ N., long. 110° 46′ W. Name suggested by sight of a bald eagle perched on a tree on this mountain.

Eahua: see Kahua, T. H.

Ealing: town, M ddlesex, England, a w. suburb of London; 51° 30′ N., 0° 19′ W.

East: arm, the eastern arm of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 150° 27′ W.

East: butte, altitude 6,470 feet, sec. 2, T. 42 N., R. 5 E., one of the three peaks on Monumental Buttes Ridge, Shoshone County, Idaho.

East: lake, Lassen County, Calif., 2¼ miles east of Juniper Lake, in sec. 24, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

East: peak, altitude 2,100 feet, about 1 mile north Circle Bay, Woronkofski Island, lat. 56° 28′ N., long. 132° 26′ W., southeastern Alaska.

East: river, Gunnison County, Colo. (Not Slate.)

East: see Mansell, mountain, Me.

East: see Orient, point, Alaska.

East: see Thompson, creek, Mont.

Eastaboga: see Estaboga.

East Amatuli: island, one of the largest at the eastern end of the Barren Island Group, lat. 58° 55′ N., long. 152° 00′ W., Alaska. (Not Amatuli.)

Eastanaula: see Oostanaula.

Eastatoe: ford, gap, and township, Transylvania County, N. C., and creek, Pickens County, S. C. (Not Estatee nor Estatoe.)

East Beach: see Asharoken Beach.

East Blacktail: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., rises in north central part of T. 12 N., R. 37 E., and empties into Great Porcupine Creek in sec. 29, T. 10 N., R. 37 E.

East Boothbay: village, Lincoln County, Me. (Not East Booth Bay.)

East Boulder: river, Sweet Grass County, Mont., heading near the center of unsurveyed T. 5 S., R. 13 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows in a general northerly direction to enter Boulder River approx. in sec. 33, T. 2 S., R. 13 E. (Not East Fork, Boulder.)

Eastbourne: city, Sussex, England on the English Channel; 50° 48′ N., 0° 15′ E.

East Branch: see Otter, brook, N. H.

East Branch, Chenango River: see Sangerfield.

East Branch Olentangy River: see Whetstone, creek, Ohio.

East Branch, Shepaug: see Bantam; Marshepaug.

East Cahaba: see Little Cahaba.

East Chenango River: see Sangerfield.

East China Sea: sea bet. China, Japan, and Taiwan; Chin. Tung Hai (i. e. eastern sea); Jap. Tō Kai. See also China Sea.

East Chugach: island, easternmost of the three Chugach Islands, lat. 59° 07′ N., long. 151° 28′ W., Alaska. (Not Ulugat.)

East Douglas: railroad station, Worcester County, Mass. (Not East Douglass.)

East Douglass: see East Fork Kuskokwim.

East Du Noir: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., rises near the northwest corner of T. 44 N., R. 108 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southerly to a junction with West Du Noir Creek to form Du Noir Creek, Washakie National Forest.

Eastend: settlement and Moravian school, east of Hanson Bay, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not East End, Oostende, nor Ostend.)

Easter: creek, in Brooks Range, northern Alaska, a southeast branch of Killik River, 11 miles below April Creek, near lat. 68° 10′ N., long. 154° W. Valley surveyed by Geological Survey party during Easter week, 1924.

Easterly: island, lat. 55° 53′ 36″ N., long. 132° 05′ 25″ W., in Ernest Sound, southeastern Alaska. (Not Oval.)

Eastern Branch: see Anacostia.

East Flattop: mountain, altitude, 8,340 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 31′ W. (Not Flattop.) Descriptive prefix added to avoid confusion with Flattop and West Flattop, west of Continental Divide.

East Fork: see Little Cahaba, stream, Ala.

East Fork: see Dragon, creek, Ariz.

East Fork: see Clover, creek, Calif.

East Fork: see Canyon, creek, Idaho.

East Fork: see Coeur d'Alene, Idaho.

East Fork: see Falls, creek, Idaho.

East Fork: see Thompson, river, Mo.

East Fork: see Weasel, creek, Mont.

East Fork: see Little Deschutes, Oreg.

East Fork: see Paradise Dry, canyon, Utah.

East Fork: see Stockade Beaver, Wyo.

East Fork, Bad Route: creek, Prairie and Dawson Counties, Mont., rises in sec. 1, T. 16 N., R. 49 E., Montana principal meridian and joins Bad Route Creek in sec. 35, T. 51 E., R. 15 N.

East Fork, Big Goose: see East Goose, creek, Wyo.

East Fork, Bitterroot: river, from its source in T. 2 N., R. 16 W., to its junction with Bitterroot River, Ravalli County, Mont. (Not South Fork of East Fork of Bitterroot.)

East Fork, Boulder River: see East Boulder, river, Mont.

East Fork, Floodwood: see Floodwood.

East Fork, Hat: creek, Shasta County, Calif., in Tps. 30 and 31 N., R. 5 E.

East Fork, Kaweah: river, Tulare County, Calif., rising in Franklin Lakes, secs. 25 and 30, T. 17 S., Rs. 31 and 32 E., flowing westerly into Kaweah River in T. 17 S., R. 29 E., one-half mile south of Sequoia National Park.

East Fork Kern River: see Wallace (creek and lake), Calif., and Wright (creek and lakes), Calif.

East Fork, Kuskokwim: river, Alaska, tributary to the North Fork, Kuskokwim River from the east, near its mouth, near lat. 63° 08′ N., long. 154° 06′ W. (Not East Douglass.)

East Fork, Lewis: river, rising in southwest part of Skamania County, Washington, near lat. 45° 50′ N., long. 122° 10′ W., flowing west via La Center, entering Lewis River about 4 miles from Columbia River, near the line between Ts. 4 and 5 N., R. 1 W., W. M. (Not South Fork.)

East Fork Little North Fork Clearwater River: see Sawtooth.

East Fork Minam: see Trout, creek, Oreg.

East Fork, O'Fallon: creek, Carter and Fallon counties, Mont., rises in T. 3 N., R. 58 E., Montana principal meridian, and joins O'Fallon Creek in T. 4 N., R. 56 E.

East Fork of Blue River: see Big Blue.

East Fork of Firehole River: see Nez Perce.

East Fork of Grand River: see Arapaho.

East Fork of Hawkins: see Hawkins, creek, Mont.

East Fork of Nisqually River: see Kautz, creek, Wash.

East Fork of North Fork St. Joe River: see Loop.

East Fork of South Fork of St. Joe River: see Alpine.

East Fork of the Yellowstone: see Lamar.

East Fork Sweetwater: see Little Sweetwater.

East Fork, Trail: creek, Big Horn and Powder River Counties, Mont., rises in central part of T. 9 S., R. 45 E., Montana principal meridian, flows west into Trail Creek in eastern part of T. 9 S., R. 43 E.

***East Fork, Trinity:** river, tributary to Trinity River, Collin, Dallas, Kaufman, and Rockwall Counties, Tex. (Not Bois d'Arc.)

East Fork, Wind: river, Fremont County, Wyo., rises in sec. 28, T. 45 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southerly to join Wind River approx. in sec. 27, T. 6 N., R. 6 W., Wind River meridian. (Not North Fork, Wind River.)

East Fork Winnemucca: see Surface.

East Gallatin: river, tributary to Gallatin River, Gallatin County, Mont.

East Geuda Springs: see Geuda Springs.

East Glacier: creek, tributary to Cook Inlet from the northwest at northern side of entrance to Chinitna Bay, near lat. 59° 53′ N., long. 152° 56′ W., Alaska.

East Goose: creek, Johnson and Sheridan Counties, Wyo., rises in approx. sec. 19, T. 52 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northerly to a junction with West Goose Creek to form Goose Creek, Bighorn National Forest. (Not East Fork, Big Goose.)

East Gorge: canyon of Roaring Fork, heading on the northeast side of Longs Peak, and extending east about 3 miles. Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo.

East Grand: see Thompson, river, Mo.

East Ham: a suburb of London, England, in Essex; 51° 32′ N., 0° 3′ E.

East Harbor: see Pilgrim, lake, Mass.

East Helena: town, Lewis and Clark County, Mont. (Not Easton nor Prickly.)

East Highlands: village, San Bernardino County, Calif. (Not East Highland.)

East Houndsfield: see Hounsfield.

East Index: see Baring, mountain.

East Kirby: creek, Hot Springs County, Wyo., rises in sec. 16, T. 41 N., R. 91 W., sixth principal meridian, and joins West Kirby Creek in sec. 13, T. 42 N., R. 92 W., to form Kirby Creek. (Not South Fork, Kirby.)

Eastlake: town, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not East Lake.)

East Lothian: county, s. Scotland; formerly Haddingtonshire.

East New Market: election district and village, Dorchester County, Md. (Not East Newmarket nor New Market.)

Easton: see Eaton, point, Me.

Easton: see East Helena, village, Mont.

East Point: see Cedar, point, Fla.

Eastport: village, Pickett County, Tenn. (Not Spurrier.)

East Prospect: see Prospect, peak, Calif.

East Prussia: see Ostpreussen.

East Razor: creek, branch of Razor Creek, Yellowstone County, Mont.

East Rockhill: see Rockhill.

East Rosebud: creek, Carbon and Stillwater counties, Mont., heads in the mountainous country southeast of Granite Peak, and flows northeasterly to a junction with West Rosebud Creek in T. 4 S., R. 18 E., Montana principal meridian, to form Rosebud Creek.

East San Lorenzo: island, eastern large island of the San Lorenzo Islands, Gulf of Esquibel, 55° 35′.8 N., 133° 36′.4 W., southeastern Alaska.

East Springfield: see Shadow, brook, N. Y.

East Sulphur: creek, Shasta and Tehama Counties, Calif., a northeast branch of Mill Creek, in T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

East Swamp: see Unami.

East Tensleep: creek, Johnson, Big Horn and Washakie Counties, Wyo., rises in sec. 9, T. 49 N., R. 85 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southwesterly to a junction with West Tensleep Creek to form Tensleep Creek, Bighorn National Forest.

East Tintic: mountains, Juab, Toole, and Utah Counties, Utah. (Not Tintic Hills.)

East Torrey: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., joins Torrey Creek from the south approx. in sec. 28, T. 40 N., R. 106 W., sixth principal meridian, Washakie National Forest.

East Twin: bay, eastern of two bays indenting the northern coast of Perry Island, lat. 60° 44′ N., long. 147° 57′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

East Virgil: see Gridley.

East Windsor: town in Canada. (Not Ford City.) Change by order Ontario Railway and Municipal Board, and effective June 1, 1929.

Eaton: point, Camden Harbor, Knox County, Me. (Not Easton.)

Eaton: see Fish, river, Alaska.

Eaton: see Niukluk, river, Alaska.

Eatons Neck: light and point, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Eaton's Neck.)

Eau Claire: city, county, and river in Wisconsin. (Not Clearwater nor Eauclaire.)

Eau Pleine: town, Portage County, Wis. (Not Eau Plaine.)

Ebenecook: harbor, Sheepscot Bay, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Ebenicook.)

Ebenezer Station: see Graymont.

Ebenicook: see Ebenecook.

Ebro: river, n. e. Spain, to the Mediterranean.

Ebro: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 110° 20′ W.

Eccles: borough, Lancashire, England, 53° 29′ N., 2° 20′ W.

Ecell: see Ezel.

Echague: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

Echinus: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 1,600 feet southwest of Nuphar Lake, 300 feet east of Monarch Geyser, Norris Geyser Basin.

Echo: creek, Lane County, Oreg.

Echo: lake, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 2, T. 30 N., R. 5 E., and sec. 35, T. 31 N., R. 5 E., about 1½ miles southeast of Hat Mountain.

Echo: lake, Passaic County, N. J. (Not Macopin.)

Echo: peak, altitude 9,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 53′ W.

Echo: see Calf.

Echo Cliffs: rocky wall south of Cataract Creek, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Echo Rock: pinnacle, projecting above névé fields west of Carbon Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Eckhart Mines: village, Allegany County, Md. (Not Eckart Mines.)

Econijaga: see Egoniaga.

Econlockhatchee: river, in Orange and Seminole counties, Fla., rising in southeastern part of Orange County and flowing north and east into St. Johns River, Seminole County. (Not Contoohatchee, Econlochatchee, Econlockhatchie, nor Econtockhatchee.)

Economic Geyser Crater: quiescent geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near center of Upper Geyser Basin, right bank of Firehole River, about 700 feet therefrom.

Econtockhatchee: see Econlockhatchee.

Ecorce: Ecorces: see Ecorse.

Ecorse: river, township, and village, Wayne County, Mich. (Not Ecorce, Ecorces, nor River aux Ecorces.)

Ecosse: see Scotland.

Ecuador: pr. eh′kwä-dōr; rep. South America; Fr. Equateur; Ital. Equatore; Sp. Ecuador.

E-cun-fin-cau: see Okefenokee.

Edaho: mountain, altitude 9,643 feet, Boise-Elmore County line, Idaho, Boise National Forest, near lat. 44° 00′ N., long. 115° 08′ W.; a Nez Perce Indian word meaning "light at sunrise" or "light on the mountains." The State name of Idaho is said to be derived from this word.

Eden: creek, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 25 and 36, T. 17 S., R. 29 E.

Eden: mountain park, between two upper forks of Ladd Creek, T. 2 S., R. 9 E., northwest slope Mount Hood, Hood River County, Oreg.

Eden: see Edon.

Edes: lake (Lake Edes), 2½ miles long, Broad Pass, Alaska, beside The Alaska Railroad, near lat. 63° 18′ N., long. 149° 10′ W. After William C. Edes, 1856–1922, chief engineer and chairman, Alaskan Engineering Commission, 1914–1920. (Not Summit.)

Edessa: see Urfa.

Edgartown Great: pond, on Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Herring.)

Edgecumbe: see Kruzof.

***Edgemont:** township and village, Delaware County, Pa. (Not Edgmont.)

Edgewater: railroad station, Cayuga County, N. Y. (Not Edgwater.)

Edgmont: see Edgemont.

Edina: village, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Edina Mills.)

Edinburg: gap, between Powells and Short Mountains, Shenandoah County, Va. (Not McInturf.)

Edinburgh: capital of Scotland; 55° 55′ N., 3° 12′ W.

Edinburghshire: see Midlothian.

Edirne (Adrianople): vilayet and town, Turkey; Bulg. Odrin;† Gr. Adrianoupolis;† Fr. Adrinople; Ger. Adrianopel; Ital. Adrianopoli; 41° 40′ N., 26° 35′ E.

Edison: railroad station, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Ogden Mine.)

Edison: slough, Skagit County, Wash., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 122° 24′ W. (Not North Samish nor Samish.)

Edmiston: spring, Columbia County, Washington, Umatilla National Forest, in sec. 23, T. 8 N., R. 40 E. So named for J. E. Edmiston, pioneer attorney of Columbia County. (Not Mud.)

Edmond: see Edwards, point, Wash.

Edmonds: city, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Edmunds.)

Edmund: see Mud, lake, N. Y.

Edmondson: mountain, McDowell County, N. C., near lat. 35° 36′ N., long. 82° 13′ W. (Not Edmonson nor Edmundson.)

Edmonton: capital of Alberta, Canada; 53° 40′ N., 113° 30′ W.

Edmonton: a n. suburb of London, England; 51° 36′ N., 0° 4′ W.

Edmund: see Mud, lake, N. Y.

Edmunds: glacier, between North and South Mowich Glaciers, western slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Edmund's: see Tarrant, creek, Va.

Edmunds: see Edmonds, Wash.

Edmunds: see Edwards, point, Wash.

Edmunds: see South Mowich, glacier, Wash.

Edmundson: see Edmondson.

Edna: creek, eastern part T. 34 N., R. 26 W., tributary to Fortine Creek from northwest, Lincoln County, Mont.

Edna: lake, Boise County, Idaho, near head of South Fork, Payette River. So named by fish-planting party.

Edon: village, Williams County, Ohio. (Not Eden.)

Edwards: creek, Duval County, Fla. (Not Eward's, Samples, nor Starrett's.)

Edwards: mountain, altitude 9,055 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 47′ W.

Edwards: point, Galveston Bay, Tex. (Not Edward's.)

Edwards: point, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Edmond nor Edmunds.)

Edwards: township, Ogemaw County, Mich. (Not Edward.)

Edwin: see Kachina.

Eehui: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, entering sea near Honohina, T. H.

Eel: river, Lake, Mendocino, Trinity, and Humboldt Counties, Calif., rises in Mendocino County, T. 20 N., R. 10 W., Mount Diablo meridian, flows southeast, southwest, and northwest, and empties into the Pacific Ocean in Humboldt County, near lat. 40° 38′ N., long. 124° 10′ W. Extending the name Eel to the source of the longest branch eliminates the names South Eel River and Sand Creek and also removes the confusion arising from the proximity of the South Eel River and South Fork Eel River. (Not South Eel River south of Dos Rios.)

Eesti, Eestimaa: see Estonia.

Egan: see Eagan.

Égée, Mer: see Aegean Sea.

Egegak: see Egegik.

Egegik: river, draining westward from Becharof Lake to Bristol Bay, and village at mouth of river, Alaska Peninsula. Position of village near lat. 58° 14′ N., long. 157° 19′ W. (Not Agouyak, Egegak, Igagik, Igiagik, Ougagouk, Ugagik, Ugaguk, nor Ugiagik.)

Egeo, Mare: see Aegean Sea.

***Egg:** island, about 2 miles off the northeastern point of Sedanka Island and to the eastward of Unalaska Island, lat. 53° 51′ N., long. 166° 03′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Galgalgin, Iachnoi, Joitschoi, Kigalgin, Ugalgal, nor Ugalgan.)

Egg: see Deranof, island, Alaska.

Egg: see Oval, rock, Alaska.

Egg Harbor: see Egg Harbor City, N. J.

Egg Harbor: see Great Egg, inlet, N. J.

***Egg Harbor City:** city, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Egg Harbor.)

Egg Island Passage: see Sedanka, pass, Alaska.

Egitto: see Egypt.

Eglise: rock, Gallatin County, Mont., in secs. 13 and 24, T. 7 S., R. 2 E. So named because the rock resembles a French cathedral.

Egloffstein: butte, Navajo County, Ariz., east of Jadito Creek, Hopi Indian Reservation, near lat. 35° 38′ N., long. 110° 15′ W.

Egmont: channel, Hillsborough County, Fla., the northernmost and most important channel into Tampa Bay from the Gulf of Mexico. (Not Egmont Bar nor North.)

Egmont Bar: see Egmont.

Egoniaga: creek, Calhoun County, Ala. (Not Davistown nor Econijaga.)

Egypt: kingdom, n. e. Africa; Arabic, Misr;† Fr. Egypte; Ger. Ägypten; Ital. Egitto.

Eide: see Evans, creek, Wyo.

Eielson: mountain (Mount Eielson), Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, lat. 63° 22′ 46″ N., long. 150° 19′ 35″ W., having three points, altitude 5,861 feet, formerly Copper Mountain. (Not Copper Mountain.) In 1930 Congress gave the name Mount Eielson to the mountain locally known as Copper Mountain, "in honor of the pioneer work in aviation performed in Alaska and the North by Carl Ben Eielson."

Eight Mile: creek, Park County, Mont., tributary from west to Yellowstone River in sec. 14, T. 5 S., R. 8 E., Montana principal meridian, Absaroka National Forest.

Eindhoven: pr. īnd′hō-vĕn; city, s. Netherlands; 51° 26′ N., 5° 30′ E.

Ekanfinaka: see Okefenokee.

Ekaterinburg: see Sverdlovsk.

Ekaterinodar: see Krasnodar.

Ekaterinoslav: see Dnepropetrovsk.

Eke: crater peak, elevation 4,500 feet, a few miles north of Puu Kukui, west Maui, T. H.

Ekuk: bluff, near Ekuk, Nushagak Bay, lat. 58° 48′ N., long. 158° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Eyuk, cape, nor Eyuk, point.)

Ekwok: native village, on the west bank Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, about 6 miles north of the junction of Kokwok and Nushagak Rivers, lat. 59° 21′ N., long. 157° 28′ W.

Elaine Castle: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 112° 17′ W.

Elba: island, Italy, near w. coast; 42° 46′ N., 10° 15′ E.

Elbe: river, Czechoslovakia and Germany, to North Sea near Hamburg.

El Beni: pr. ehl beh′nē; dept. Bolivia; 14° S., 64° W.

Elberfeld: see Wuppertal.

Elbing: seaport, E. Prussia, n. e. Germany; 54° 13′ N., 19° 25′ E.

Elborus: see Elbrus.

Elbow: bay, southeastern Alaska, east coast of Long Island, near lat. 54° 54′ N., long. 132° 40′ W. The bay, in shape, resembles an elbow.

Elbow: creek, tributary to South Badger Creek, Pondera County, Mont.

Elbow: lake, 4 miles east of mouth of Thunder Bay River, Alpena County, Mich. (Not Carp nor Crooked.)

Elbow: lake, at head of South Fork of Nooksack River, Whatcom County, Wash.

Elbow: lake, T. 36 N., R. 108 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Elbow: mountain, lat. 48° 11′ N., long. 113° 07′ W., Pondera County, Mont.

Elbow: passage, between Klag Bay and Ogden Passage, western coast of Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 37′ N., long. 136° 26′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Elbow: point, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, on eastern side of Lake Nerka, at which point the course of the lake sharply changes, lat. 59° 32′ N., long. 158° 56′ W.

Elbow: see Lindbergh, lake, Mont.

***Elbrus:** mountain, in the Caucasus, s. U. S. S. R. (Russia); highest in Europe; 43° 15′ N., 42° 25′ E. Not Elborus, Elbruz, Elburz.

Elbruz: see Elbrus.

Elburz: mts., s. of Caspian sea, n. Persia.

Elburz: see Elbrus.

El Capitan: island, about 2¾ miles long, three-fourths mile wide, in south end of El Capitan Passage, southeastern Alaska, lat. 55° 56′ N., long. 133° 19′.3 W. This is the largest island in the passage.

El Capitan: passage, separating Prince of Wales Island from Kosciusko Island, and extending from Sea Otter Sound to Shakan Strait, southeastern Alaska.

Elco: see Elko.

Elden: mountain, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 111° 36′ W. (Not Elden Mesa nor Mount Elden.)

Elden: township, Dickey County, N. Dak. (Not Eldin.)

Elden Mesa: see Elden.

***Elderon:** town and village, Marathon County, Wis. (Not Eldron.)

Eldin: see Elden, N. D.

Eldon: lake, arm of Raquette Lake, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not Elizabeth nor Ellen.)

Eldorado: mountain, altitude 8,300 feet, SW. ¼ sec. 36, T. 1 S., R. 71 W., 13½ miles northeast of Blackhawk on the line between Boulder and Jefferson Counties, Colo.

***Eldorado:** township, Harlan County, Nebr. (Not Lewisburg.) Name changed from Lewisburg in 1891.

Eldridge: glacier, southeastern slope Alaska Range, near headwaters Chulitna River, near lat. 62° 58′ N., long. 150° 00′ W., Alaska.

Eldridge: mountain, near lat. 45° 08′ N., long. 115° 24′ W., northern part Valley County, about a mile south of Elk Summit, Idaho.

Eldridge: see Coke, creek, Mont.

Eldridge Mill: village, Buckingham County, Va. (Not Eldridges.)

Eldron: see Elderon.

Eleanor: creek, Yosemite National Park, Tuolumne County, Calif., creates and is the outlet of lake of same name, located in secs. 35 and 36, T. 2 N., R. 19 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Lake River.)

Eleanor: the most northerly island of the three in Prince William Sound, just north of Knight Island, lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 147° 35′ W., Alaska.

Eleanor: lake (Lake Eleanor), Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on east entrance road, near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 09′ W.

Electric: peak, Sangre de Cristo Range, Custer and Saguache Counties, Colo.

Electric: peak, altitude 11,155 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 45° 01′ N., long. 110° 50′ W. Named by United States Geological Survey in 1872. Mr. Gannett of Hayden party, leader of the mountain climbers, ascended in an electrical storm and suffered from extraordinary electrical phenomena, compelling descent.

Eleele: ditch, diverting water from the west side of Wahiawa Stream for cane irrigation, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Eleele: village, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Eleele Harbor: see Hanapepe, bay, T. H.

Eleele Landing: see Port Allen, T. H.

Elena: bay, north arm of Tebenkof Bay, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 29′, long. 134° 06′. So named after the vessel *Elena* in which Tebenkof sailed for Sitka in 1835, to carry on explorations in Alaska.

Elenia; Elenina: see Yelenina.

Elephant: peak, NE. ¼ sec. 19, T. 27 N., R. 31 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Elephant Back: mountain, altitude 8,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 35′ N., long. 110° 26′ W. Named by Hayden, 1871, because of rounded form of summit and almost vertical sides.

Elephants Back: see Washburn, range, Wyo.

Elephants Head: mountain, eastern shore, head of Thomas Bay, Frederick Sound, near lat 57° 06′ N., southeastern Alaska. (Not Elephant Head.)

Elephants Nose: hill, elevation, 1,075 feet, about midway between Woronkofski and Wedge points, Woronkofski Island, lat. 56° 25′ .06 N., long. 132° 30′.04 W., southeastern Alaska.

Eleuthera: pr. ē-lōō-thē′ra; island, the Bahamas; 25° 10′ N., 76° 10′ W.

Elf: point, eastern entrance, Columbia Bay, near lat. 60° 56′ N., long. 147° 03′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

El Fraile: see Fraile.

Elger: bay, in Camano Island, Island County, Wash. (Not Algers.)

El Habesha: see Ethiopia.

Elijah: mountain (Mount Elijah), Josephine County, Oreg., in approximately sec. 14, T. 40 S., R. 6 W., Willamette meridian, about half mile southwest of Lake Mountain, overlooking Oregon Caves National Monument, Siskiyou National Forest. Name proposed by residents of Williams Creek district in honor of Elijah J. Davidson, well-known pioneer in southern Oregon, who in 1874 discovered the caves.

Elilakok: small native camp, on east bank of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, about 19 miles above Ekwok Village, lat. 59° 32′ N., long. 157° 07′ 30″ W.

Eliot: glacier, Alaska, tributary of Harvard Glacier, on west side, north of Radcliffe Glacier, near lat. 61° 20′, long. 147° 41′. So named for the late President Charles W. Eliot of Harvard University.

Elisavetpol: see Gandzha.

Eliza: lake, on south end of Admiralty Island, draining to west shore Eliza Harbor, near lat. 57° 12′, long. 134° 20′, southeastern Alaska.

Elizabeth: city, in Union County, New Jersey, on the Kill van Kull (channel), west of Staten Island, near lat. 40° 40′ N., long. 74° 13′ W. Population in 1930, 114,557. (Pronounced, ē-lĭz′-ā-bĕth.)

Elizabeth: island, the westernmost of the Chugach Islands, lat. 59° 09′ N., long. 151° 51′ W., Alaska. (Not Cape Elizabeth.)

Elizabeth: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 44′ W., traversed by South Fork, Belly River.

Elizabeth: mountain, altitude 3,325 feet, about lat. 56° 40′ N., long. 134° 40′ W., eastern side Baranof Island, about 1½ miles from shore Chatham Strait and about 7½ miles north of Point Patterson, southeastern Alaska.

Elizabeth: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 23, T. 15 S., R. 31 E., on north boundary, Sequoia National Park. Named for his wife by Stewart Edward White, 1906.

Elizabeth: see Eldon.

Elizabethtown: town, Bartholomew County, Ind. (Not Elizabeth Town.)

Elizavetgrad: see Zinovievsk.

Elizaville: village, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Ellerslie.)

Elk: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 16, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., flowing south into Kaweah River, in sec. 27, Sequoia National Park.

Elk: creek, La Plata County, Colo.

Elk: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 34′ W., on west slope of Cloudcroft Peaks, flowing southwest into Coal Creek.

Elk: creek (Elk Fork), Park County, Wyo., tributary of North Fork, Shoshone River from the southwest, in unsurveyed Ts. 50–52 N., Rs. 106–107 W., sixth principal meridian, Shoshone National Forest. (Not Wapiti River.)

Elk: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 55′ N., long. 110° 29′ W., flowing northeasterly into Yellowstone River.

Elk: hills, range almost wholly included in T. 30 S., R. 23 E.; T. 30 S., R. 24 E.; T. 31 S., R. 23 E.; and T. 31 S., R. 24 E., Kern County, Calif.

Elk: island, Teton County, Wyo., in Jackson Lake, near south end, lat. 43° 51′ N., long. 110° 40′ W. (Not Pine nor Warren.) So named because it is a feeding ground for moose, which swim out to it from Moose Bay.

Elk: lake, Beltrami County, Minn. (Not Glazier.)

Elk: mountain, 7,835 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 19′ N., long. 113° 27′ W.

Elk: park, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., nearly level tract between Norris Geyser Basin and Gibbon Meadows, along Gibbon River.

Elk: peaks, altitude 10,605 feet, Boise-Custer County line, Idaho, near lat. 44° 01′ 28″.8 N., long. 115° 02′ 11″.7 W. These are high jagged peaks east of Elk Lake.

Elk: point, a hill 960 feet high, Washington County, Oreg., sec. 1, T. 1 S., R. 1 W., near the western boundary of the city of Portland and lat. 45° 31′ N., long. 122° 45′ W. (Not Pointers.)

Elk: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on east shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 16′ W., just below the mouth of Clear Creek.

Elk: river, Delaware County, Okla., and McDonald County, Mo. (Not Cowskin.)

Elk: see Jordan, creek, Idaho.

Elk: see Elk City, city, Kans.

Elk: see Bullshoe, mountain, Mont.

Elk: see Careless, creek, Mont.

Elk: see Castle, mountain, Mont.

Elk: see Limit, creek, Mont.

Elk: see North Fork Elk, creek, Oreg.

Elk: see Sims, creek, Mont.

Elkahatchee: creek, Coosa and Tallapoosa Counties, Ala. (Not Elkehatchee nor Elkhatchee.)

Elkanah: see Tahosa.

Elk Antler: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 110° 29′ W., flowing northeast into Yellowstone River. (Not Antelope.)

***Elk City**: city, Montgomery County, Kans. (Not Elk.)

Elk Creek: see Buckhorn, creek, Colo.

Elk Falls: city, Elk County, Kans. (Not Elkfalls.)

El Khalil: see Hebron.

Elkhart: stream, flowing through Kendallville, Noble County, Ind.

Elkhart: see Elkhart Lake, village, Wis.

Elkhart Lake: village, Sheboygan County, Wis. (Not Elkhart nor Elkheart Lake.)

Elkhatchee: see Elkahatchee.

Elkheart Lake: see Elkhart Lake.

Elkhorn: hills, extending northwesterly across T. 11 N., R. 25 W., S. B. M., San Luis Obispo County, Calif.

Elkhorn: peak, Jefferson County, Mont. (Not Baldy, Big Baldy, nor Elkhorn Baldy.)

Elkhorn Grove: town and township, Carroll County, Ill. (Not Elk Horn Grove.)

Elkhorn Scarp: terrace-like escarpment extending from southeast corner of T. 11 N., R. 25 W., northwesterly across T. 12 N., R. 26 W., S. B. M.; T. 32 S., R. 22 E., M. D. M.; and T. 32 S., R. 21 E., into southwest quarter of T. 31 S., R. 21 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif.

El Khulil: see Hebron.

Elkins: landing, Mississippi River, Scott County, Mo. (Not Elkins's.)

***Elk Lick**: township, Somerset County, Pa. (Not Elklick.)

Elko: town, Barnwell County, S. C. (Not Elco.)

Elk Point: city and township, Union County, S. Dak. (Not Elkpoint.)

Elk Tongue: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° N., long. 110° 08′ W., flowing southwest and northwest into Slough Creek.

El Kuds: see Jerusalem.

Elkugu: island, southeastern Alaska, forming Cape Edward, near west coast Herbert Graves Island and lat. 57° 40′ 40″. Indian name of Cape Edward.

Ellas: see Greece.

Ellemeham: mountain, T. 40 N., Rs. 25 and 26 E., Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Ellemachun, Ellomachan, nor Mount Ellemeham.)

Ellen: see Eldon.

Ellen Wilson: lake, at western end of Gunsight Pass, Continental Divide, lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 45′ W., Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont. (Not Lake Louise.)

Ellerslie: see Elizaville.

Ellicott: creek, Erie County, N. Y. (Not Ellicotte.)

Ellicott City: city, Howard County, Md. (Not Ellicott nor Ellicotts Mills.)

Ellicotts Mills: see Ellicott City.

Ellicottville: village, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Ellicottsville.)

Elliot: point, Puget Sound, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Elliott.)

Elliot: see Elliott, creek.

Elliott: bay, near Seattle, King County, Wash. (Not Dwamish.)

Elliott: creek, tributary to the Kotsina River from the east, lat. 61° 40′ N., long. 144° 14′ W., Copper River Valley, Alaska. (Not Elliot.)

Elliott: landing, Columbia River, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Elliott's.)

Elliott: township, Sanborn County, S. Dak. (Not Elliot.)

Elliott: see Elliot Point, Wash.

Elliott Knob: mountain peak, Augusta County, Va. (Not Rogers.) This mountain has been locally known for many years as Elliott's Knob.

Elliott's: see Elliott, landing.

Ellis: cliff, Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Ellis'.)

Ellis: island, New York Harbor, N. Y. (Not Ellis'.)

Ellis: reef, Stonington Harbor, Conn. (Not Ellis'.)

Ellis: see Alice, lake, Wyo.

Ellisville: county seat, Jones County, Miss. (Not Ellisville Depot.)

Ellomachan: see Ellemeham.

***Ellsinore:** town, Carter County, Mo. (Not Elsinore.)

Ellsworth: glacier, head of Day Harbor, lat. 60° 05′ N., long. 149° 02′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Ellsworth: mount (Mount Ellsworth), 8,595 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

El Maghreb el Aqsa: see Morocco.

***El Monte:** city and township, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Elmonte nor Monte.)

El Morro: see Morro.

Elmwood: town and township, Saline County, Mo. (Not Elm Wood.)

Elmwood Place: village, Hamilton County, Ohio.

Elochoman: Elockaman: Elokoman: see Elokomin.

Eloi: point, south end of long marshy neck separating Lake Eloi from Eloi Bay, St. Bernard Parish, La.

Elokomin: river, Ts. 9 and 10 N., Rs. 5 and 6 W., Wahkiakum County, Wash. (Not Alochaman, Alochoman, Alockaman, Alokomin, Elochoman, Elockaman, nor Elokoman.)

Elovoi: islet, in Peril Strait, lat. 57° 34′ N., long. 135° 28′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Fir-tree, Spruce, nor Yelowoi.)

Elovoi: see Uzinki.

Elowah: falls, McCord Creek, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Kelley.)

El Paso: city, in El Paso Co., Texas, on the Rio Grande, near lat. 31° 45′ N., long. 106° 30′ W. Population in 1930, 101,975. (Pronounced, ĕl-păz′-ō.)

El Pinole: see Pinole.

El Quds esh Sherif: see Jerusalem.

***El Reno:** city and township, Canadian County, Okla. (Not Elreno.)

Elrington: island, southwestern part of Prince William Sound, lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 148° 06′ W., Alaska.

Elrington: passage, between Elrington Island and Evans Island, lat. 60° 00′ N., long. 148° 05′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

El Salvador or **Salvador:** pr. ehl säl′vä-dôr; rep., Central America. Not San Salvador.

Elsass: see Alsace.

Elsass-Lothringen: see Alsace-Lorraine.

El Sereno: a peak, altitude 2,587 feet, Santa Clara County, Calif., 2 miles southwest of Los Gatos, east slope Castle Rock Range, in sec. 24, T. 8 S., R. 2 W., lat. 37° 13′ N., long. 122° 02′ W.

Elsinore: see Ellsinore, Mo.

Elsinore: see Elsmore, Kans.

Elsmore: city and township, Allen County, Kans. (Not Elsinore.)

El Sombroso: a peak, altitude about 3,000 feet, Santa Clara County, Calif., on summit of Sierra Azul, about 5 miles southeast of Los Gatos, in sec. 6, T. 9 S., R. 1 E., near lat. 37° 11′ N., long. 121° 55′ W.

Elson: lagoon, enclosed by a chain of islands eastward from Point Barrow, lat. 71° 20′ N., long. 156° 00′ W., Arctic Coast of Alaska. (Not Tashuk, Tasuk, nor Tas′ yuk.)

El Terremoto de Enmedio: El Terremoto de Guanica: see Enmedio.

El Tule: village, T. 11 N., R. 28 E., Apache County, Ariz. (Not Craig.)

Elusive: creek, northwestern Alaska, on the south bank of Utukok River, near lat. 69° 25′ N., long. 160° W.

Elves Chasm: narrow canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 27′ W., and near mouth of Royal Arch Creek which drains Aztec Amphitheater.

Ely: range, Lincoln County, Nev., extending northwest from long. 114° 25′ to long. 114° 30′ W., near the town of Pioche, and lat. 37° 55′ N. (Not Ely Mountains or Pioche Hills.)

Ely: see Fairview, range, Nev.

Ely Mountains: see Ely.

Elysian Fields: meadows between Moraine Park and Sluiskin Mountains, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Emanuel: barrio, Cuenca Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Emmanuel.)

Embarras: see Zumbro.

Emelia: see Amelia.

Emerald: bay, eastern side Ernest Sound, lat. 55° 53′ 20″ N., western shore Cleveland Peninsula, southeastern Alaska.

Emerald: cove, eastern side Columbia Bay, lat. 60° 57′ N., long. 147° 02′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Emerald: isle, in Passage Canal west of Trinity Point, lat. 60° 48′.2 N., long. 148° 34′.8 W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Green Island.)

Emerald: islet, one mile off the southwest coast of Heceta Island, near White Cliff, lat. 55° 43′.9 N., long. 133° 40′.8 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Green Island.)

Emerald: lake, Shasta County, Calif., a mile and a half southwest of Lassen Peak, in secs. 10 and 15, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Emerald: lake, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, on headwaters of Marble Fork, Kaweah River, just north of Alta Peak, near lat. 36° 36′ N., long. 118° 40′ W.

Emerald: lake, north of Hicks Peak, sec. 23, T. 6 S., R. 12 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont.

Emerald: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near center of Norris Geyser Basin.

Emerald Point: headland on the southwest margin of Rainbow Plateau, Coconino County, Ariz.

Emerald Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at south end of Black Sand Basin, one of the most beautiful of the Upper Geyser Basin springs, color, green.

Emerson: peak (Mount Emerson), west of College Fiord, lat. 61° 06′.6 N., long. 148° 02′ W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska.

Emery: gap, Roane County, and river, Morgan and Roane Counties, Tenn. (Not Big Emery, Emerys, nor Emory.)

Emesa: see Homs.

Emgeten: island, in Sitka Harbor, lat. 57° 00′ N., long. 135° 19′.6 W., Alaska. (Not Emheleni.)

Emheleni: see Emgeten.

Emigrant: hill, southeastern point of Pyramid Hills, sec. 24, T. 25 S., R. 18 E., Kern County, Calif.

Emigrant: pass, Shasta County, Calif., on Old Emigrant Road, at south base of Raker Peak, between Hat Creek and Lost Creek, in sec. 24, T. 31 N., R. 4 E., and sec. 30, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.

Emigrant: wash, Inyo County, Calif., southwest of Mesquite Flat, in Death Valley, near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 117° 20′ W.

Emmanuel: see Emanuel, P. I.

Emmen: city, n. e. Netherlands; 52° 47′ N., 6° 53′ E.

Emmet: railroad station and township, Nevada County, Ark. (Not Emmett.)

Emmet: town and township, Holt County, Nebr. (Not Emmett.)

***Emmett:** township and village, St. Clair County, Mich. (Not Emmet.)

Emmons: creek, rising in T. 26 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Truman Creek from east, Flathead County, Mont.

***Emmons:** glacier, discharging into White River, northeastern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Blaine, White River, nor Winthrop.)

Emory: see Emery.

Empire: city and precinct, Coos County, Oreg. (Not Empire City.)

Emponay: see Stoney.

Ems: river, ext. n. w. Germany, to North Sea, near Emden.

Encuentro: barrio, Siniloan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Del Encúentro.)

Endeavor: railroad station, Marquette County, Wis. (Not Merritts Landing.)

Enders: village, Dauphin County, Pa. (Not Jacksonville.)

Endicott: see Brooks, range, Alaska

Eneas: peak, Boundary County, Idaho, Pend Oreille National Forest, in sec. 20, T. 64 N., R. 1 W. Named after Eneas, a prominent member of the Kootenai Tribe of Indians, who lived near this peak for many years.

Eneas: see Aeneas.

Enfield: town, Middlesex, England, n. of London; 51° 40′ N., 0° 4′ W.

Engano: point, southeastern Alaska, 1 mile north of Cape Edgecumbe, Kruzof Island, near lat. 57° 50′ N. Cape Edgecumbe was called Cabo del Engaño (deceit or deception) by Maurelle, 1775.

Engel: mountain, sec. 19, T. 47 N., R. 1 W., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Baldy.)

Engelmann: canyon, near Colorado Springs, El Paso County, Colo. (Not Ingleman's.)

Engelmann: see Sniktau.

Engelmann Peak: mountain, about 2¾ miles northwest of Silver Plume Mountain, Clear Creek County, Colo. (Not Cowles.)

England: division of Great Britain; Fr. Angleterre.

England: see Englund.

English: bay, indenting the eastern shore of Unalaska Island, lat. 53° 55′ N., long. 166° 15′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Samganuda.)

English Channel: narrow sea bet. England and France; Fr. La Manche; Ger. Der Kanal.

Englishman: bay, northeast of Roque Island, Washington County, Me.

Englund: village, Marshall County, Minn. (Not England.)

Engüri: see Ankara.

Enisei (Yenisei): pr. yĕn-ē-sĕ′ē; river, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic), to the Arctic Sea.

Enlow: creek (Enlow Fork), principally in Pa., rising near lat. 40° 00′ N., long. 80° 21′ 10″ W., forming in part the boundary of Washington and Greene Counties, Pa., flows southwest and with North Fork, Wheeling Creek, forms Wheeling Creek in Marshall County, W. Va. Verification of this spelling is found in an act of

the legislature of 9th of February, 1796, in which Greene County was set off from Washington County. Spelling adopted by the Pennsylvania Geographic Board. (Not Enslow.)

Enmedio: reef, northeast of Corral Cay, eastern side of Falucho Pass, P. R. (Not El Terremoto de Enmedio, El Terremoto de Guanica, nor Terremoto Cay.)

Enmedio: shoal, entrance to Boqueron Bay, P. R.

En Nasira: see Nazareth.

Ennis: lake, artificial, created by dam constructed across Madison River several miles below Ennis Town, Madison County, Mont. (Not Canyon.)

Ennis: town, Madison County, Mont. (Not Enniss.)

Ennis, Point: see Bald Head, promontory, Alaska.

Enrile: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Enschede: pr. ĕn'skhā-dĕ; city, e. Netherlands; 52° 14′ N., 6° 54′ E.

Ensenada de Drif: see Druif.

Ensenada (de) Fulladosa: see Fulladosa.

Ensenada de Santa Isabel o del Uvero: see Ubera.

Ensenada las Pardas: see Pardas.

Ensenada la Yegua: see Yegua.

Ensinagan: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ensenagan nor Eusiñagan.)

Enslow: see Enlow.

Ensly: post light, Mississippi River, Shelby County, Tenn. (Not Ensley.)

Entente: creek, T. 45 N., R. 8 E., rising in Bitterroot Mountains near Montana boundary line, tributary to Quartz Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Entiat: river, Chelan County, Wash. (Not En-ti-at-kwa nor Entiatqua.)

Entrance: see Nachalni, point, Alaska.

Entrance: see Table, island, Alaska.

Entrance: see Tanani, point, Alaska.

Entrance: see Ustia, point, Alaska.

Entre Rios: pr. ehn'treh rē'ōs; prov. Argentina; 32° S., 59° W.

Entry: cove, eastern end Passage Canal, west of Pigot Point, lat. 60° 48′ N., long. 148° 22′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Enzeli: see Pahlevi.

Epaulet: mountain, altitude 13,500 feet, consisting of two peaks, 10 miles southeast of Georgetown, SE. corner T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Clear Creek County, Colo.

Ephrata: borough and township, Lancaster County, Pa. (Not Ephratah.)

Eppes: creek and island, James River, Charles City County, Va. (Not Eppes'.)

Equateur: see Ecuador.

Equatore: see Ecuador.

Ērakleion (Candia): seaport, Crete, s. Greece; Gr. Ērakleion;† Intl. postal guide, Iraclion; Arabic, Khandax;† Fr. Candie; Ital. Candia; 35° 21′ N., 25° 7′ E. (Not Heraklion, Megalokastron.)

Eramosh: lake, on International Boundary, east of Metigoshe Lake, T. 164 N., R. 74 W., Bottineau County, N. Dak., and Souris district, Manitoba, Canada. (Not Kippax nor Ross.)

Erdahl: township, Grant County, Minn. (Not Erdal.)

Erdély: see Transilvania.

Erfurt: city, prov. of Saxony, cen. Germany; 51° N., 11° 2′ E.

Ergeri: see Gjinokastër.

Erickson: peak, altitude 7,990 feet, Cochise County, Ariz., lat. 31° 45′ 43″ N., long. 109° 17′ 01″ W., in T. 19 S., R. 30 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Coronado National Forest. Named for Neil Erickson, who was a pioneer and ranger for many years on this division of the Coronado National Forest and who was retired after 25 years of active service.

Ericsson: mountain (Mount Ericsson), altitude 13,625 feet, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 118° 25′ W., on north boundary Sequoia National Park and on Kings-Kern Divide. Named by Prof. B. C. Brown, 1896, for the inventor of the Monitor. Prof. Brown and wife first climbed this peak.

Erie: city, in Erie Co., Pennsylvania, on Lake Erie, near lat. 42° 08′ N., long. 80° 05′ W. Population in 1930, 115,922. (Pronounced ē'-rē.)

Eritrea: Italian colony, on Red Sea, e. Africa.

Erivan: capital of Armenia, Transcaucasian S. F. S. R. Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 40° 15′ N., 44° 35′ E.

Ermine: point, on western side of entrance to Santa Flavia Bay, an arm of Kiliuda Bay, Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 17′ N., long. 152° 53′ W. Named because of numerous ermine seen around the base of the cliffs at this point.

Errol: island, St. Bernard County, La., near lat. 29° 36′ N., long. 89° 00′ W., the most southern of the Chandeleur Islands group. (Not Grand Gosier.)

Ersingan: see Erzincan.

Ervin: township, Howard County, Ind. (Not Erwin.)

Erwin: see Ervin.

Erzegovina: see Hercegovina.

Erzerum: see Erzurum.

Erz Gebirge or **Ore Mountains**: mt. range bet. Germany and Czechoslovakia; Ger. Erz Gebirge or Erzgebirge (freq. used as conv. Eng. name); Eng. translation, Ore Mts.; Cz. Krušné hory (same meaning); 50° 30′ N., 13° E.

Erzincan (Erzinjan): vilayet and town, Turkey; Turk. Erzincan (pr. erzinján); Armen. Yerznka.† (Not Ersingan.)

Erzinjan: see Erzincan.

Erzurum (Erzerum): vilayet and town, Turkey; Fr. Erzéroum; Armen. Karin;† 39° 50′ N., 41° 20′ E.

***Esbon**: city and township, Jewell County, Kans. (Not Ezbon.)

Escalante: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near the southeast corner of the park and lat. 36° 03′ N., long. 111° 51′ W.

Escalante: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Escarpment: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 11′ N., long. 110° 00′ W., flowing west into Yellowstone River.

Escatawpa: river, Alabama and Mississippi, rising near lat. 31° 30′ N., long. 88° 25′ W., Washington County Ala., flows southwest through George and Jackson Counties, Miss., into Pascagoula Bay. (Not Dog.)

Escaut: see Scheldt.

Eschscholtz: bay, at eastern end of Kotzebue Sound, lat. 66° 19′ N., long. 161° 30′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Escholtz.)

Es-cim-en-zeen: see Eskimenzin.

Escondido: pr. ehs-kōn-dē′dō; river, Nicaragua. Not Bluefields.

Escudilla: mountain, altitude 10,691 feet, Apache County, Ariz., near State line Apache National Forest, in Ts. 6 and 7 N., Rs. 30 and 31 E. (Not Escudillo.)

Escudillo: see Escudilla.

Escuintla: pr. ehs-kwēnt′lä; dept. and town, w. Guatemala; 14° 15′ N., 90° 48′ W.

Esh Sham (city): see Damas.

Esh Sham (ter. and state): see Syria.

Eshamy: bay, about 4½ miles long, western side of Knight Island Passage, short distance north of Point Nowell, lat. 60° 28′ N., long. 148° 00′ W., western part Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Eshamey.)

Eshamy: peak, altitude about 2,500 feet, located about 3 miles north of Eshamy Bay, west side northern entrance to Knight Island Passage, Alaska, near lat. 60° 29′ N., long. 148° 05′ W.

Eski-Chéhir: see Eskişehir.

Eskimenzen: Eskimenzene: see Eskimenzin.

Eskimenzin: spring, Pinal County, Ariz., about 10 miles east of Winkelman, near lat. 33° 00′ N., long. 110° 36′ W. (Not Es-cim-en-zeen, Eskimenzen, nor Eskimenzene.)

Eskişehir (Eskishehir): vilayet and town, Turkey, w. Anatolia; Fr. Eski-Chéhir; Ger. Eskischehir; anc. Lat. Dorylaeum; 39° 44′ N., 30° 30′ E.

***Eskishehir**: see Eskişehir.

Esmeralda: mountain, altitude 1,970 feet, west of Port San Antonio, Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Espagne: see Spain.

España: see Spain.

Espanha: see Spain.

Espejo: spring, Coconino County, Ariz.

Esperanza: barrio, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Espina: hill, Nye County, Nev. (Not Sugarloaf.)

Espirito Santo: pr. eh-spē′rē-tō sän-tō; state, e. Brazil.

Esquagama: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 6 and 31, Ts. 62 and 63 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "last lake," recommended by the United States Forest Service.

Esquibel: island, southern one of the Maurelle group, Gulf of Esquibel, lat. 55° 38′ N., long. 133° 35′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Essen: city, Rheinprovinz, in Ruhr Valley, w. Germany; 51° 25′ N., 6° 58′ E.

Essex Branch: see Danvers.

Essowah: point, southeastern Alaska, west side Dall Island, at south entrance to Essowah Harbor, near lat. 54° 46′ N., long. 132° 54′ W.

Estaboga: creek, district, and town, Talladega County, Ala. (Not Eastaboga.)

Estafania: see Estefania, P. I.

Estatee: Estatoe: see Eastatoe.

Estefania: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Estafania.)

Estero: bay, point, and river, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Esteros nor Estros.)

Estero: pass, between the mainland and northwest end Estero Island, Lee County, Fla. (Not Matanzas.)

Estes Cone: mountain, in sec. 21, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., 1½ miles northwest Longs Peak Village, Larimer County, Colo.

Estevan: see Stephen Aisle.

Estey: see Esty.

Esther: point, southwestern part Esther Island, lat. 60° 48′ N., long. 148° 09′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Esther: rock, in Port Wells, about a mile west of Point Esther, lat. 60° 48′ N., long. 148° 11′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Esthonia: see Estonia.

Estija: see Estonia.

Estland: see Estonia.

Estonia: republic, on Gulf of Finland, Europe; Est. Eesti or Eestimaa; Finn. Vironmaa; Fr. Esthonie; Ger. Estland; Lett. Igaunija; Lith. Estija; Pol. Estonja; Russ. Estoniya.† Not Esthonia.

Estoniya: see Estonia.

Estonja: see Estonia.

Estros: see Estero.

Esty: glen, north of Ithaca, N. Y. (Not Estey.)

Ètawî: see Etowah.

Etchepuk: river, tributary to Fish River from east, entering stream near lat. 65° N., long. 163° W., southern part of Seward Peninsula, Alaska.

Ethan's: see Willey.

Ethel: lake, Clear Creek County, Colo.; east slope Mount Flora, sec. 1, T. 3 S., R. 75 W., near lat. 39° 49′ N., long. 105° 44′ W. So named "by some early settlers in honor of Ethel Guanella, whose grandfather, Paul Lindstrom, was the first settler above [the town of] Empire."

Ethiopia: kingdom, e. Africa; often called Abyssinia; Amharic, Ityopya;† Fr. Ethiopie and Abyssinie; Ger. Äthiopien and Abessinien; Ital. Etiopia and Abissinia; Arabic, El Habesha.†

Etivluk: river, northern Alaska, on north slope Brooks Range, a south branch of Colville River, near long. 156° W. Eskimo name.

Etna: town and township, Siskiyou County, Calif. (Not Etna Mills.)

Etna: volcano, e. Sicilia, Italy; Lat. Aetna; 37° 50′ N., 14° 55′ E.

Etna Mills: see Etna.

Etolin: large island, about 30 miles long, southeast of Zarembo Island, lat. 56° 08′ N., long. 132° 25′ W., Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Etoline.)

Etowah: river, Dawson and Lumpkin Counties, Ga. (Not Ètawî, Etowa, nor Hightower.)

Ettrain: creek, tributary to Nation River from the east, crossing the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 65° 27′ N., long. 141° 00′ W.

Eubée: see Evvoia.

***Euboea:** see Evvoia.

Eucebia: see Uceba.

Euharlee: creek, Polk and Bartow Counties, Ga., and town, Bartow County, Ga. (Not Euharley.)

Eunice: lake, in cirque at head of Meadow Creek, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Euon: barrio, Sevilla Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island. (Not Ewon.)

Euphrates: river, Anatolia, Syria and Iraq, to Persian Gulf; Arabic, Al Furat;† Armenian, Yeprad;† Fr. Euphrate; Ger. Euphrat; Hebrew, Ferath.†

Eureka: channel, on the east side of Cordova Bay, between Barrier Islands and Prince of Wales Island, lat. 54° 47′ N., long. 132° 23′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Eureka Pass.)

Eureka: see Wayanda.

Eureka Pass: see Eureka.

Eusiñagan: see Ensinagan.

Euxinus, Pontus (Euxine Sea): see Black Sea.

***Eva:** point, at northern side of entrance to Rudyerd Bay, Behm Canal, lat. 55° 32′.5 N., long. 130° 52′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Slide.)

Evangeline: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 55′ W.

Evans: creek, Albany County, Wyo., Medicine Bow National Forest, in secs. 21, 27, 28, T. 13 N., R. 78 W. (Not Eide nor South Fox.) Named in memory of Jack Evans, former forest ranger.

***Evans:** large island, southwestern part of Prince William Sound, between Elrington and Bainbridge Islands, Alaska. (Not Bache, Flemming, nor Hoodoo.)

Evans: point, at northeast end of Evans Island, on east side of Shelter Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 08′ N., long. 147° 55′ W.

Evans: see Sawmill, bay, Alaska.

Evans: see Tolmie, Creek, Wash.

Evans Landing: post light, Ohio River, and hamlet, Harrison County, Ind. (Not Evan's Landings.)

Evansville: city, in Vanderburg Co., Indiana, on the Ohio River, near lat. 37° 59′ N., long. 87° 36′ W. Population in 1930, 103,151. (Pronounced, ĕv′-ans-vĭl.)

Evarts: see Everts, mountain, Wyo.

Evasha: see Ivishak.

Evelyn: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 2, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named after Evelyn Clough, sister of William O. Clough, discoverer of Clough Cave.

Everest, Mount: world's highest mt., el. 29,141 ft.; Himalayas, Nepal-Tibet border; 28° N., 87° E.

Everett: mountain, Mount Washington Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Bald Dome, Taughanuc, nor Washington.)

Evergreen: mountain, sec. 2, T. 3 S., R. 14 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont. (Not Green.)

Evers: creek, T. 31 N., R. 23 W., tributary to Logan Creek from west, Flathead County, Mont.

Everts: mountain (Mount Everts), altitude 7,900 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 46′ W. Named by Washburn party, 1870, for Everts, a member who was lost and found after 30 days of harrowing experiences. (Not Evarts.)

Evolution Amphitheater: pocket in south wall of canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., at the head of Copper Canyon, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 23′ W.

Evvia: see Evvoia.

***Evvoia (Euboea):** large island, Greece; Gr. Evvoia,† pr. év-via; Fr. Eubée; Ital. Negroponte; 38° 30′ N., 24° E. Not Evvia.

Ewa: district, in city and county of Honolulu; political subdivision in south-central Oahu, T. H.

Ewa Mill: town, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Ewan: town, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Ewan's Mills.)

Eward's: see Edwards, creek, Fla.

Ewon: see Euon.

Excalibur: a sharp thin ridge, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., about 400 feet high, on the north wall of the canyon, near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 112° 15′ W.

Excelsior: glacier, north of Johnstone Bay, lat. 60° 00′ N., long. 148° 47′ W., south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Exeter: city, Devon, s. w. England; 50° 42′ N., 3° 32′ W.

Explorer: basin, southeastern Alaska, south side of entrance to Tebenkof Bay, near lat. 56° 26′ N., long. 134° 14′ W. So named after the vessel *Explorer.*

Explorers Monument: butte, Grand Canyon National Monument, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 27′ W., near base of north wall of canyon. (Not Marcos Monument.)

Exuma and Cays: pr. ex-ūm-a and kā′ēs; island, the Bahamas, 23° 30′ N., 75° 50′ W.

Eyack: see Eyak.

Eyak: lake and native village at western edge of Copper River Delta and east of Orca Inlet, near lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 145° 41′ W., Alaska. (Not Eyack, Eyuk, Ighiak nor Ikhiak.)

Eyuk: see Ekuk.

Eyuk: see Eyak.

Ezbon: see Esbon.

Ezel: town, Morgan County, Ky. (Not Ecell nor Ezell.)

F

Faben: point, northwest corner Mercer Island, in Lake Washington, King County, Wash. (Not Faben's, Rabenes, nor Rabins.)

Faben's: see Faben.

Fabrica: barrio, San Vicente Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pabrica.)

Fabrica: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tabrica.)

Fachan: see Fatshan.

Fackler: railroad station, Jackson County, Ala. (Not Flackler.)

Factory: creek, Lawrence and Wayne Counties, Tenn. (Not Factor's nor Factory's.)

Factory: hill, altitude 9,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 110° 32′ W. So named because of its resemblance, on a frosty morning, to a factory in an active factory town.

Factory's: see Factory, creek.

***Faeröerne (Faeroe Is., The Faeroes):** island group n. of Scotland, belonging to Denmark; Dan. Faeröerne (lit. tr. The Faer Islands); Faeroese, Föroyar; Icelandic, Faereyjar; Ger. Die Fär Oer.

Fah-kah-hatchee: see Fakahatchee.

Fahkahnatcheea: see Fakahatchee.

Fairbank: town and township, Sullivan County, Ind. (Not Fairbanks.)

Fairchild: mountain, altitude 13,502 feet, Front Range, Rocky Mountain National Park, Larimer County, Colo., in southwest corner of T. 6 N., R. 74 W., sixth principal meridian.

Fairchilds: chute, creek, and island No. 114, Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Fairchild's.)

Fairfield: mountain (Mount Fairfield), altitude 3,660 feet, just north of Cape Fairfield, south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 148° 51′ W.

Fairfield: peak, altitude 7,260 feet, Shasta County, Calif., 8 miles northeast of Lassen Peak, in sec. 30, T. 31 N., R. 6 E. So named in honor of the late Asa M. Fairfield, pioneer settler in Lassen County, educator, and author Pioneer History of Lassen County.

Fairfield: see Salmon Falls, village, Mass.

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Fairgrove: town and township, Tuscola County, Mich. (Not Fair Grove.)

Fairhaven: landing, Chesapeake Bay, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Fair Haven.)

Fairhaven: see Little Sodus.

Fairlee: creek and town, Kent County, Md. (Not Farley's nor Forley's.)

Fairlie: see Hedges, Ky.

Fairman: lake, draining west to Quartz Creek, a tributary to Kenai Lake from the north, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 149° 35′ W.

Fairplay: town, Park County, Colo. (Not Fair Play.)

Fairport: village, Lake County, Ohio. (Not Fairport Harbor.)

Fairview: lake, Pike County, Pa. (Not Big Pond nor Lake Arthur.)

Fairview: range, Lincoln County, Nev., northwest of Bristol Range, between lat. 38° 10′ N., and 38° 15′ N., near long. 114° 40′ W. (Not Ely.)

Fairview: see Ferrell.

Fairview Dome: mountain, altitude 9,737 feet, Yosemite National Park, Tuolumne County, Calif., in sec. 6, T. 1 S., R. 20 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Soda Spring Dome nor Soda Springs Butte.)

Fairweather: peak (Mount Fairweather), altitude 15,399 feet, lat. 58° 54′ 16″, long. 137° 31′ 30″, international boundary, Alaska and Canada. (Not Beautemps, Buentiempo, Gutwetterberg, Horoshi Pogodi, Schönwetterberg, nor Tanaku.)

Fairweather: see Fayerweather.

Fairy: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 31′ N., long. 110° 55′ W., flowing northeast into Firehole River. Named by Captain Barlow, 1871, from nearby falls.

Fairy: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on a small tributary of Fairy Creek, near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 53′ W. Named by Capt. J. W. Barlow, 1871, commander of the military expedition.

Fairy: see Caddo.

Fairyland: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Juts.)

Fairy Springs: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on left bank of Fairy Creek, west side of Lower Geyser Basin.

Faiyum: see Fayûm.

Fajardo: point (Point Fajardo), on eastern coast off Fajardo, P. R. (Not Punta de Fajardo.)

Fajardo: town, eastern Puerto Rico. (Not Fayjardo.)

Fakahatchee: river, Collier County, Fla., emptying into Chokoloskee Bay, 11 miles east of Cape Romano. (Not Fah-kah-hatchee, Fahkah-natcheca, nor Fakanachia.)

Falcon: arm, branch of Slocum Arm, indenting southwestern side Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 32′ N., long. 135° 58′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hawkes.)

Falcon: cape, Clatsop County, Oreg (Not False Tillamook.)

Falcón: pr. fäl-kōn′; state, Venezuela.

Falkner: island, Long Island Sound, New Haven County, Conn. Discovered by the Dutch captain, Adrien Block, in 1614, and named by him "Valcken Eylandt" (Falcon Island). This Dutch name was corrupted by the English to Fawkner's Island, Falkner's Island, and Falkland's Island.

Fall: see Coburn, creek, Wyo.

Fall: see Hoback, canyon and river, Wyo.

Fall: lake, principally in Lake County, Minn., in Ts. 63 N., R. 11 W., fourth principal meridian, the western limit of the Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest.

Fallen Moon: lake, Fresno County, Calif., on Middle Fork Dougherty Creek, 3½ miles southeast of Middle Fork Kings River, near lat. 36° 55′ N., long. 118° 37′ W.

Falling: glacier, on southeastern side of Port Nellie Juan, near lat. 60° 29′ N., long. 148° 35′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Falling: mountain, altitude 3,600 feet, Alaska peninsula, Alaska, 8 miles west of Mount Katmai, near Katmai Pass and lat. 58° 15′ N., long. 155° 10′ W.

Falling Ice: glacier, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., on southeast slope of Mount Moran, near lat. 43° 50′ N., long. 110° 46′ W. This is the steepest glacier in the range, the lower portion being broken into ice cascades.

Fallon: see O'Fallon, creek, Mont.

Fall River: city, Greenwood County, Kans. (Not Fallriver.)

Fall River: city, in Bristol Co., Massachusetts, on Mount Hope Bay, near lat. 41° 42′ N., long. 71° 10′ W. Population in 1930, 115,301. (Pronounced, fawl rĭver.)

Fall River: see Falls, creek, Calif.

Falls: bay, about 2 miles south of Main Bay and about 6 miles south of entrance to Port Nellie Juan, lat. 60° 31′ N., long. 148° W., eastern coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Falls: creek, tributary to Trail Creek from the east, lat. 60° 25′.8 N., long. 149° 22′.4 W., near its junction with Kenai Lake, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Falls: creek, Yosemite National Park, Tuolumne County, Calif., rising in Dorothy Lake, at the most northern point of the Park, in sec. 20, T. 4 N., R. 22 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, flows southwesterly into the Hetch Hetchy Reservoir on the Tuolumne River. (Not Fall River.)

Falls: creek, T. 51 N., R. 4 E., tributary to Big Creek from northeast, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not East Fork.)

Falls: creek, tributary to Swamp Creek from east, in sec. 34, T. 26 N., R. 31 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Falls: creek, rising in T. 35 N., R. 106 W., flowing through Timico, Horseshoe, and Burnt Lakes to junction with Pole Creek, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Burnt.)

Falls: lake, on the mainland, on Cascade Creek, about 1½ miles east of Thomas Bay, Frederick Sound, near lat. 57°, southeastern Alaska.

Falls: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising in lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., flowing west and southwest into Henrys Fork, in Idaho.

Falls: see Blue, creek, Mont.

Fallsburgh: town and village, Sullivan County, N. Y. (Not Fallsburg.)

Falls River: basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., crossed by Falls and Bechler Rivers at southwest corner of park.

***Falmouth Inner:** harbor, Falmouth Town, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Bowmans, Bowman's, Deacons, Deacons Pond, nor Deacon's Pond.)

False: cove, east shore Warren Island, a mile north of Warren Cove, Warren Channel, east side Sumner Strait entrance, Alexander Archipelago, Alaska, near lat. 55° 54′ N. So named because often entered by mistake for Warren Cove.

False: see Mission.

False Bottom: creek, Lawrence and Butte counties, S. Dak., rising near the southeast corner of unsurveyed T. 5 N., R. 2 E., Black Hills meridian, flows thence northerly into the Belle Fourche River at Belle Fourche.

False Chilkat: see Chilkoot, pass.

False Island Head: see Boussole, promontory, Alaska.

False Liston's Point: see Bombay Hook.

False Mount Calder: see Red Bay.

False Tillamook: see Falcon, cape.

Falsto: see Taloto, P. I.

Faluch: see Falucho.

Falucho: pass, between Media Luna Reef on the west, and Corral Cay and Enmedio Reef on the east, Puerto Rico. (Not Faluch, La Pasa del Medio, nor Middle Passage.)

Famosa: barrio, San Jacinto Municipality, Ticao Island, Sorsogon Province, P. I. (Not Formosa nor Formoza.)

Famy: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Fan: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 54′ W., flows west into Gallatin River.

Fan: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 300 feet south of Morning Glory Spring close to right bank of Firehole River, Upper Geyser Basin.

Fan: mountain, Madison County, Mont., in sec. 19, T. 6 S., R. 2 E., Montana meridian, Gallatin National Forest. (Not Cedar.) Approved name is older and better established locally than Cedar.

Fancher: railroad station, Orleans County, N. Y. (Not Murray.)

Fanduco: reef, eastern side, entrance to Guayanilla Harbor, P. R.

Fang: prominent point, on the north side of Port Hobron, Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 11′ N., long. 153° 10′ W.; descriptive name.

Fannie: see Bailey, village, Va.

Fanning: southern point of entrance to Greenport Harbor, Suffolk County, Long Island. (Not Fanning's.)

Fantastic: lava beds, Lassen County, Calif., southeast base of Cinder Cone, in T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Faraby: island, North Landing River, Currituck County, N. C. (Not Faraby's.)

Farallon: bay, indenting Dall Island, on west side of Tlevak Strait about 2 miles north of Boreas Point, lat. 55° 11′.7 N., long. 133° 05′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not South Bay.)

***Farallon:** islands, off San Francisco Bay, Calif. (Not Farallones nor Marallone.)

Farallon: see Malaraya, P. I.

Farewell: see Pyramid, island.

Farill: railroad station, Cherokee County, Ala. (Not Farrill.)

Farley's: see Fairlee.

Farlin: see Voorheesville.

Farlow: ridge, extending southwest from Mount Chocorua, White Mountains, town of Albany, Carroll County, N. H. Named after the late Prof. William Gilson Farlow, Ph. D., 1844–1919, professor of cryptogamic botany, Harvard University, whose scientific studies brought him frequently to this spot.

Farm: see Tecon, lake, Mich.

Farmington: river, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Tunkis.)

Farnam: hill and railroad station, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Farnham nor Farnums.)

Farnham: peak, altitude 7,260 feet, in northernmost Idaho, Boundary County, on west side Kootenai River, near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 116° 30′ W. Name suggested by that of Farnham Creek, on its east slope.

Farnham: rock, Cape Cod Bay, Plymouth County, Mass.

Farnham: see Farnam.

Farnum: see Dark.

Farnums: see Farnam.

Fär Oer, Die: see Faeröerne.

Farrill: see Farill.

Faslan: see Taslan, P.I.

Fassett: point, Sinepuxent Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Fassetts nor Henrys.)

Fatshan: city, Kwangtung prov., s. China, near Canton; 23° 2′ N., 113° 10′ E. Not Fachan.

Fattig: creek, west of Musselshell, Musselshell County, Mont. (Not Thaddy.)

Faulkner: village, Charles County, Md. (Not Lothair.)

Fault: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, small tributary of the upper Thorofare River from the west, lat. 63° 22′ 30″ N., long. 150° 41′ W. An important geologic fault occurs along this creek.

Fault: point, marking east side of entrance to Day Harbor, south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 149° 08′ W. So named in 1928, because of two prominent faults in the cliff line of the point giving the crest a saw-tooth appearance.

Fauna: creek, northwestern Alaska, on south slope Brooks Range, tributary on west bank of Aniuk River, near lat. 68′ 15° N., long. 157° 15′ W.

Fawcett: mount (Mount Fawcett), altitude 6,213 feet, southeastern Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary 16 miles southeast

of the elbow of Stikine River, near lat. 56° 33′ N., long. 131° 28′ W. Named after the late Thos. Fawcett, D. T. S., Canadian section, International Boundary Commission.

Fawn: creek, emptying into Arctic Ocean near Return Islands, long. 148° 35′ W., northern Alaska.

Fawn: creek, about 1 mile long, tributary to the north side of Roaring Fork, sec. 2, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., Boulder County, Colo.

Fawn: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 54′ W., flowing northeasterly into Gardiner River.

Fawn: island, between Mosman Point and Burnett Inlet, lat. 56° 03′.2 N., long. 132° 30′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Fawn: pass, altitude 9,200 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 56′ N., long. 110° 54′ W., over Gallatin Range at head of Fawn Creek.

Fawn: see Little Elk, creek, Mont.

Fay: creek, northwestern Alaska, on north slope of Brooks Range, a small tributary on west bank Etivluk River, near lat. 68° 24′ N., long. 157° W.

Fay: peak, Mother Mountains, overlooking Spray Park, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Fayerweather: island, near Bridgeport, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Fairweather.)

Fayjardo: see Fajardo, town, P. R.

Fayûm (Faiyum): oasis city, w. Egypt; 29° 15′ N., 30° 47′ E.

Fearless: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 200 feet southwest of Monarch Geyser, Norris Geyser Basin.

Feather: lake, Shasta County, Calif., one of the Cluster Lakes, in secs. 25 and 26, T. 31 N., R. 5 E., about 2 miles northeast of Hat Mountain.

Feather: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., most northern of Goose Lakes group, in Lower Geyser Basin.

Feather: rock, southeastern Alaska, 5 feet high, near lat. 55° 41′ 30″, long. 133° 41′ 10″, 2¾ miles southwest of Heceta Island.

Feather: see Butte, lake, Calif.

Feather: see Snag, lake, Calif.

Feather: see Dry Piney, creek, Wyo.

Feather Plume: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 43′ W. So named in 1921 or prior. (Not Bridal Veil nor Horse Tail.)

February: village, Washington County, Tenn. (Not Febuary.)

Febvre: see Galena.

Fedar: creek, Bonner County, Idaho, minor tributary to Granite Creek from the northeast, located in sec. 36, T. 62 N., R. 5 W., and sec. 1, T. 61 N., R. 5 W., Boise meridian, Kaniksu National Forest. Named for Charles Fedar (pronounced with accent on the last syllable) who was a well-known trapper in the region.

Feliciana: see Icacos, point, P. R.

Felton: see Barker, village, Pa.

Fen: see Swamp, lake, Ariz.

Fenankaten: barrio, Awang Municipality, Cotabato Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Fenankaten-Sifarran.)

Fenankaten-Sifarran: see Fenankaten, P. I.

Fengtien: see Liaoning.

Fengtienfu: see Mukden.

Fenn: mountain, altitude 8,014 feet, Idaho County, Idaho, near lat. 46° 11′ N., long. 115° 12′ W. So named in honor of the late Maj. Frank Alfred Fenn, who was one of the first superintendents of forestry in the West and was influential in the development of the Forest Service.

Fenno: small creek, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, entering River Bay on south side of Lake Nerka, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 158° 45′ W.

Fenns Peak: see Heyburn.

Fentress: village, Norfolk County, Va. (Not Centreville.)

Fenwick: island, mouth of South Edisto River, Colleton County, S. C. (Not Fenwick's.)

Fenwick: island, lighthouse, and shoal, Cape Henlopen, Del. (Not Fenwick's.)

Fenwick: Fenwik: see Dolly Boarmans.

Fern: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., draining north through Broad Creek into Yellowstone River, near lat. 44° 41′ N., long. 110° 17′ W.

Ferna: see Ferne, lake, Minn.

Fernández, Juan: see Juan Fernández.

Fernandina Entrance: see St. Marys Entrance.

Fernando de Noronha: pr. fehr-nän′-do nō-rō′nyä; island n. e. of Brazil, belonging to Brazil; 3° 40′ S., 32° 25′ W.

Fernbank: hamlet, Hamilton County, Ohio. (Not Fern Bank.)

Ferne: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 21, 22, 27, 28, T. 62 N., R. 7 W., about 2 miles northeast of Isabella Lake, Superior National Forest. (Not Ferna.) In memory of a man named Fernelund, who worked on the forest in early days.

Ferrara: prov. and city, n. Italy; 44° 50′ N., 11° 35′ E.

Ferrell: town, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Fairview.)

Ferris: fork, a tributary from east to Bechler River, 4 miles from the source, southwestern corner Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Ferro Mont: see Kenvil.

Ferrum: creek, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, entering West Arm of Nuka Bay near lat. 59° 32′ N., long. 150° 40′ W. The Latin name for iron. (Not Iron.)

Ferry: see Caddo, lake, La. and Tex.

Ferry: see Hurst, creek, Md.

Fès: see Fez.

Fessup's Bight: see Vessup.

Feurabush: railroad station, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Furabush.)

Feuri Spruyt: creek, Coeymans Town, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Sprayt Kill.)

Fever: Fevre: see Galena, river, Wis.

Fez: city, Morocco, n. w. Africa; Fr. Fès or Fez; 34° N., 4° 55′ W.

Fickett: glacier, Alaska, west of Copper River, near lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 145° 00′ W. So named for the late Fred W. Fickett, private, United States Army, who saw this glacier when he accompanied Lieut. Henry T. Allen, 1885.

Fickett: see John, river, Alaska.

Fiddler: ledge, Fox Island, Thorofare, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Fidler's.)

Field: point, Long Island Sound, near Greenwich, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Horse Neck.)

Fife: village, Goochland County, Va. (Not Fife's.)

Fifteen Mile: creek, Park, Big Horn, and Washakie Counties, Wyo., rises in southwestern corner of T. 49 N., R. 99 W., sixth principal meridian, and empties into Big Horn River at Worland in T. 47 N., R. 93 W. (Not Dry Cottonwood.)

Fifteenth Cavalry: pass, in Butig Mountains, about 124° 18′ east longitude and 7° 40′ north latitude, Mindanao, P. I.

Figarok: see Tigara.

Figueredo: creek, 10 miles east of Fort Defiance, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Fiji: pr. fē-jē; island group n. of New Zealand, a Br. crown colony; 18° S., 178° E.

Filemon: bank, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Filiba: see Plovdiv.

Filipinas: see Philipinnas.

Filipopol: see Plovdiv.

Filladoza: see Fulladosa.

Filley: mountain, Otis Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Tilley.)

Fillylu: see Pony, creek, Mont.

Filtz: see Phillips, lake, Me.

Final: point (Cape Final), Coconino County, Ariz.

Finchley: a n. w. suburb of London, England; 51° 36′ N., 0° 10′ W.

Finch's: see Tweed, island, Conn.

Finch's Island: see Red, rock, Conn.

Finderne: railroad station, Somerset County, N. J. (Not Findern.)

Findley: township, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Finley.)

Finger: point, west coast Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, the east point of entrance to Port Banks, Whale Bay, near lat. 56° 38′ N.

Finholloway: Finholoway: see Penholoway.

Finistère: see Finisterre.

Finisterre: cape, ext. n. w. Spain; 42° 50′ N., 9° 20′ W. Not Finistère.

Finland: republic, n. Europe; Finn. Suomi; Swed. Finland; Fr. Finlande; Ger. Finnland.

Finlande: see Finland.

Finland, Gulf of: arm of Baltic Sea, bet. Finland, Estonia, and the Soviet Union (Russia).

Finley: run, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Caspers, Shimp's, Stretche, nor Stretch's.)

Finley: see Findley.

Finley Landing: post light, Mississippi River, near Waupeton, Dubuque County, Iowa. (Not Finley's.)

Finn: branch of Little Piney Creek, Dent and Phelps Counties, Mo. (Not Nichols.)

Finnland: see Finland.

Finns: point, Delaware River, Salem County, N. J. (Not Finn's.)

Finski: bay and point on eastern side of bay of same name, lat. 60° 54′ N., long. 147° 06′ W., Glacier Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Fionia; Fionie: see Fyn.

Fipaz: see Tipas, P. I.

Fire: cove, south shore Neets Bay, Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska, just south of sounding "47" and about 2 miles from extreme head of the bay, near lat. 55° 46′, long. 131° 32′, Tongass National Forest.

Fire: cove, indenting the peninsula east of Harris Bay and east of Granite Island, lat. 59° 39′ N., long. 149° 47′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Fire: see Misfire.

Firebrand: pass, across Continental Divide, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 23′ N., long. 113° 20′ W.

Firehole: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., on the east edge of Lower Geyser Basin. So called because under favorable atmospheric conditions, arising globular masses of mixed air and superheated steam, below the water surface resemble flames of fire.

Firehole: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 110° 51′ W., flowing north, uniting with the Gibbon River to form the Madison River. Name dates back to 1830; known to Bonneville and his men.

Firehole Spring: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet southwest of Great Fountain Geyser, in Lower Geyser Basin.

Firenze (Florence): pr. fē-rĕn′tsā; prov. and city, Italy; Fr. Florence; Ger. Florenz; 43° 46′ N., 11° 15′ E.

First: see Coatue, beach and point, Mass.

First: see Fish, point, Mich.

First: see Shoals, point, Alaska.

Firth: river, flowing into the Arctic Ocean opposite Herschel Island, Yukon, Canada.

Fir-tree: see Elovoi.

Fish: creek, on the mainland, Alaska, entering Salmon River from the northeast, 5 miles from its mouth, and 5 miles from Hyder, near lat. 56° N., long. 130° W., Tongass National Forest.

Fish: creek, Maricopa County, Ariz., rising near lat. 33° 27′ N., long. 111° 12′ W., flows northwest into Salt River.

Fish: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 34′ N., long. 114° 06′ W., flowing northeast and southeast into Lake McDonald.

Fish: creek, Sublette, Fremont, and Lincoln Counties, Wyo., rising near summit of Continental Divide in T. 40 N., R. 108 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northwest into the "Gros Ventre River." (Not Fishermans.)

Fish: dock, St. Clair River, St. Clair County, Mich. (Not Fish's.)

Fish: lake, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Thompson.)

Fish: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 52′ W.

Fish: point, Tuscola County, Mich. (Not First.)

Fish: river, rising in the Bendeleben Mountains, emptying into Golofnin Sound at the head of Golofnin Bay, Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Eaton nor Niukluk.)

Fish: see Boulder, creek, Alaska.

Fish: see Ketchikan, creek, Alaska.

Fish: see Niukluk, river, Alaska.

Fish: see Metigoshe, lake, Canada.

Fish: see George, creek, Colo.

Fish: see Ocquionis, creek, N. Y.

Fish: see Miller, lake, Oreg.

Fish: see Cocoloba, cay, Virgin Islands.

Fish: see Pysht, Wash.

Fish: see Retreat, lake, Wash.

Fish: see Alice, lake, Wyo.

Fish Creek: canyon, of Fish Creek, Maricopa County, Ariz., near Apache Trail, lat. 33° 32′ N., long. 111° 20′ W. (Not Box.)

Fish Creek: mountain, Maricopa County, Ariz., in unsurveyed secs. 17, 18, 19, and 20, T. 2 N., R. 11 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Tonto National Forest.

Fish Creek: see Price, river, Utah.

Fisher: creek, tributary to Sumner Strait, 7 miles east of Baker Point, north end Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Fisher: island, Illinois River, Greene County, Ill. (Not Fisher's.)

Fisher: island, Columbia River about 2 miles west of Mount Solo, Wahkiakum County, Wash. (Not Fishers.)

Fisher: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 1 and 2, T. 63 N., R. 7 W. Name has reference to surrounding trapping ground for fisher, a member of the weasel family.

Fisher: township and village, Polk County, Minn. (Not Fisher Landing.)

*__Fisher:** village, on Columbia River, about 8½ miles above Vancouver, Clark County, Wash. (Not Fishers, Fishers Landing, nor Fishers Wharf.)

Fisher Creek: village, Hawkins County, Tenn. (Not Fishers Creek.)

Fisher Landing: see Fisher, township Minn.

Fisherman: cove, near lat. 55° 01′ N., western shore Dall Island, southeastern Alaska.

Fisherman: point, right bank of Indian River, near Melbourne, Brevard County, Fla. (Not Fisherman's.)

Fisherman: shoal, Lake Michigan, 9 miles east of Washington Island, Door County, Wis. (Not Fisherman's.)

Fisherman Island: passage, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Fisherman's Island.)

Fishermans: see Fish, creek, Wyo.

Fisherman's Peak: see Whitney, Calif.

Fishers: island, Long Island Sound, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Fisher's.)

Fishers: Fisher's: see Welch, island, N. H.

Fishers Landing: see Fisher, village, Wash.

Fishers Point: range lights, Delaware River, near Philadelphia, Pa. (Not Fisher's.)

Fishers Wharf: see Fisher, village, Wash.

Fishery: creek, on west coast Admiralty Island, Alaska, near lat. 57° 46′ N., between Marble Bluff and Fishery Point. Named after Fishery Point, a short distance north.

Fishes: see Fish Point.

Fishing Battery: lighthouse, in Chesapeake Bay, near entrance to Susquehanna River. (Not Donoho Battery.)

Fishing Cone: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about the middle of west shore of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake, one-quarter mile north of boat landing.

Fishing Rocks: point, the western head of Mumford Cove, Fishers Island Sound, Conn. (Not Bluff.)

Fishing Rocks: see Bluff, point, Conn.

Fish Lake: see High Rock, mountain, Oreg.

Fish Lake: see Lake, creek, Idaho.

Fish Meadow: brook, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not Cummins nor Cummings.)

Fish Point: ledge, Portland Harbor, Me. (Not Fishes.)

Fish's: see Fish.

Fishtail: creek, Stillwater County, Mont., joins West Rosebud Creek from the west and southwest in sec. 28, T. 4 S., R., 18 E., Montana principal meridian.

Fishtail: see Paguekwash, point, Ariz.

Fishtail: see West Rosebud, Mont.

Fiske: butte, northeast of Spencer Terrace, Coconino County, Ariz.

Fitler: landing and point, Mississippi River, Issaquena County, Miss. (Not Fitler's.)

Fitts: see Phillips, lake, Me.

Fitz: island, mouth of Kimshan Cove, lat. 57° 41′.3 N., long. 136° 06′.3 W., Chichagof Island, Alaska.

Fitz: see Phillips, lake, Me.

Fitzsimmons: creek, T. 35 N., Rs. 23 and 24 W., rising west of Whitefish Mountain and tributary to Stillwater River from east, Lincoln County, Mont.

Fiume: pr. fyo͞o′mā; seaport, ext. n. e. Italy; 45° 21′ N., 14° 24′ E.

Five-finger: rapids in Lewes River, Yukon, Canada. (Not Five Finger.)

Five Lakes, The: see Big Five.

Five Mile: creek, Carbon County, Mont., rises in sec. 24, T. 5 S., R. 24 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River in sec. 13, T. 4 S., R. 23 E.

Five Mile: creek, Yellowstone County, Mont., rises in sec. 5, T. 2 N., R. 25 E., Montana principal meridian, and empties into Yellowstone River, in sec. 7, T. 1 N., R. 27 E. (Not Bitter.)

Five Mile: see Cottonwood, creek, Mont.

Five Points: see Richwood.

Flackler: see Fackler.

Flag: island, Multnomah County, Oreg., in the Columbia River, at southeast end of Gary Island, opposite Cottonwood Point, in secs. 28, 29, T. 1 N., R. 4 E., W. M. Named in honor of Lieut. W. R. Broughton, of the British ship *Chatham*, who under Captain Vancouver, on October 30, 1792, landed on this remnant of a large island, since divided by changes in the channel, raised the flag, and took possession of it.

Flag: see Del Campo.

Flaggtown: see Flagtown.

Flagler: town, Marion County, Iowa. (Not Flagler's.)

Flagtown: railroad station and village, Somerset County, N. J. (Not Flaggtown.)

Flagtown: see Frankfort.

Flamingo: lagoon, 1,000 yards long, just south of Flamingo Bay, northwest part of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Lago, Laguna de los Flamencos, nor Laguna de Flamingos.)

Flanagan Mills: village, Cumberland County, Va. (Not Flanagans Mill.)

Flat: cove indenting southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, near head of Slocum Arm, lat. 57° 28′ N., long. 135° 50′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Shoal.)

Flat: creek, branch of Snake River from the east, T. 40 N., Teton County, Wyo. (Not Little Gros Ventre River.)

Flat: mountain, Sandwich Range, Carroll County, N. H.

Flat: mountain, 9,000 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 110° 26′ W.

Flat: see Manzanita, island, N.Y.

Flathead: lake, northwestern Montana. (Not Pend d'Oreille nor Selish.)

Flathead: mountains, Montana, rather low, lying east and northeast of the Cabinet Mountains and having a common boundary with them from mouth of Little Bitterroot Creek to Jennings; bounded on west by Kootenai River from Jennings to the International Boundary, and on

northeast and east by a zone of depression followed by present line of Great Northern Railway from Kalispell to Kootenai River, and occupied farther south by Flathead Lake and Flathead River.

*Flathead: river, rising in East Kootenay County, British Columbia, about 35 miles east of Fernie, flowing south into United States, entering and forming Flathead Lake in Flathead County, Mont., joining Clark Fork in T. 19 N., R. 21 W., near Dixon. (Not Flathead River.)

Flatiron: ridge, Shasta and Plumas Counties, Calif., forming the divide between Kings Creek and Hot Springs Creek, in T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Flat Mountain: arm, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., small south shore extension of Yellowstone Lake between West Thumb and South Arm. Takes name from near-by mountain.

Flatrock: creek, rising in Henry County, flowing through Decatur, Rush, and Shelby Counties, tributary to Driftwood River, at Columbus, Bartholomew County, Ind. (Not Flat Rock.)

Flatrock: township, Henry County, Ohio. (Not Flat Rock.)

Flattop: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 51′ W., flowing southeast into Mineral creek.

Flat Top: mountain, near boundary between Carbon and Sweetwater Counties, Wyo. (Not Table nor Washakie.)

Flattop: mountain, 6,800 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 51′ W. Descriptive name.

Flattop: mountain, T. 36 N., R. 109 W., southeast of New Fork Lakes, Fremont County, Wyo.

Flattop: see East Flattop.

Flawhill: see Snow Hill.

Flax: see Little Colorado.

Fleet: point, at mouth of Great Wicomico River, Northumberland County, Va. (Not Fleet's.)

Flemer: peak (Mount Flemer), altitude 4,700 feet, 2½ miles south of Stikine River, 5 miles WNW. of Mount Cote, near lat. 56° 37′ 40″, long. 131° 60′, southeastern Alaska.

Fleming: see Prince of Wales, passage, Alaska.

Flemming: island, at north end of Prince of Wales Passage, between Bainbridge Island and Evans Island, lat. 60° 10′ N., long. 148° 02′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Gage.)

Flemming: see Bainbridge, island and passage, Alaska.

Flemming: see Evans, island, Alaska.

Flemming: see Gage, island, Alaska.

Flensburg: seaport, e. Jutland peninsula, n. Germany; 54° 45′ N., 9° 30′ E.

Flent: point, western entrance Columbia Bay, near lat. 60° 56′ N., long. 147° 09′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Flint.)

Fletcher: landing, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not Fletcher's.)

Fletcher: see Daley, lake, Oreg.

Flett: glacier, northwestern lobe of Russell Glacier; discharging into Spray Creek, northern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Flicker: creek, tributary to Sumner Strait from north end of Prince of Wales Island, 3 miles east of Point Baker, southeastern Alaska.

Flinsch: peak, altitude 9,225 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 28′ W.

Flint: city, in Genesee Co., Michigan, on the Flint River, near lat. 41° 03′ N., long. 83° 40′ W. Population in 1930, 156,422.

Flint: creek, tributary to Los Pinos River, Hinsdale County, Colo. (Not Flint Fork.)

Flint: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 46′ N., long. 110° 11′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Flint: see Flent.

Flint Creek Range: mountains, Deer Lodge, Granite, and Powell counties, Mont., bounded on the west by a valley which is occupied by Flint and Trout Creeks, on the north and east by the valley of Clark Fork of the Columbia, and on the south by the depression which contains Georgetown Lake and part of Warm Springs Creek.

Flint Fork: see Flint, creek, Colo.

Floating Turtle: see Luxapalila.

Floodwood: creek, source in southern part T. 43 N., tributary to Breakfast Creek from north, T. 41 N., R. 4 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not East Fork Floodwood nor Twin Springs.)

Flora: creek, northwestern Alaska, on south slope Brooks Range, tributary on southeastern bank of Aniuk River, near lat. 68° 13′ N., long. 157° W.

Flordelis: barrio, Milaor Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Flordilis.)

Flordilis: see Flordelis, P. I.

Florence: mountain (Mount Florence), east of Farewell Gap, Tulare County, Calif. (Not Mount Needham.)

Florence: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 42′ W., on unnamed creek draining Twin Lakes, at north base, Fusillade Mountain.

Florence: see Firenze.

Florenz: see Firenze.

Flores: island, Netherland India, and sea north of it.

Flores: pr. flō′rehs; dept., Uruguay; 33° 35′ S., 57° W.

Floresta: see Florista, P. I.

Florianópolis: pr. flō-rē-än-ō′pō-lĭs; seaport city, capital, state of Santa Catharina, Brazil; 27° 40′ S., 48° 30′ W. Not Desterro.

Florida: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Alabama and Georgia, on the east by the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by the Straits of Florida and the Gulf of Mexico, and on the west by the Gulf of Mexico and Alabama. Area, 56,665 square miles. (Pronounced, flôr′-ĭ-da.)

Florida: pr. flō-rē′dä; dept. and city, Uruguay; 34° 7′ S., 56° 14′ W.

Floridablanca: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Florida River: stream tributary to Animas River, La Plata County, Colo. (Not Rio Florida.)

Florista: barrio, Jovellar Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Floresta.)

Flotilla: island, near lat. 55° 36′, long. 133° 38′, 1½ miles WSW. of Esquibel Island, Maurelle Islands, southeastern Alaska.

Flotilla: lake, lat. 48° 04′ N., long. 113° 23′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Flour: creek, Hancock and Schuyler Counties, Ill. (Not Flower.)

Flourville: village, Washington County, Tenn. (Not Floursville.)

Flower: see Flour.

Fluted Rock: butte, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz., in T. 2 N., R. 7 W., Navajo meridian, about 10 miles northwest of Fort Defiance. (Not Zilh-Tusayan.)

Fly: creek, Ts. 43 and 44 N., R. 8 E., heading south of Peggy Peak and draining the southern one of Twin Lakes, tributary to St. Joe River, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Fly: see Horsefly, creek, Mont.

Flye: point, Blue Hill Bay, Hancock County, Me. (Not Flye's.)

Flye Point: ledge, Blue Hill Bay, Hancock County, Me. (Not Flye's Point.)

Flying Squadron: mountain, northeast of and next to Cadillac Mountain, National Monument, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Dry.)

Flynns Knoll: shoal, in entrance to New York Harbor. (Not Flynn's Knoll.)

Flytrip: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to Middle Fork of Boise River from east, in southeast corner T. 7 N., R. 11 E., heading between Glens Peak and Snowyside Mountain. So named by mapping party camped on this stream while on a fly trip.

Foggia: pr. fod'ja; prov. and city, e. Italy; 41° 27′ N., 15° 34′ E.

Foggy: peak, altitude about 6,700 feet, with glacier on eastern slope, northeast of Monte Cristo Town, Snohomish County, Wash.

Foggy: see Semidi.

Fogleman: chute and post light, Mississippi River, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not Fogleman's.)

Fokien: see Fukien.

***Foldahl**: township and village, Marshall County, Minn. (Not Foldal.)

Foldal: see Foldahl.

Folkestone: borough, Kent county, s. e. England, near Dover; 51° 7′ N., 1° 6′ E.

Follet: Follets: see Camp.

Folsom: peak, altitude 9,200 feet, Yellowstone National Park, near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 33′ W. Named by the United States Geological Survey, 1895, for David E. Folsom, leader of 1869 expedition.

Folsom: *railroad station, Atlantic* County, N. J. (Not Germantown nor New Germany.)

Folsom: railroad station, Mills County, Iowa. (Not Henton nor Henton's.)

Fond de Humacao: see Port Humacao.

Fondeadero del Sudoeste o el Canal: see Luispena, channel, P. R.

Fondulac: township, Tazewell County, Ill. (Not Fond du Lac nor Frontenac.)

Fontana: see Spring, creek, Ariz.

Foochow or **Minhow**: city, capital of Fukien prov., China, near mouth of Min river; old Chinese name Minhow recently restored officially, to supersede Foochow. 26° 15′ N., 119° 20′ E. Not Fuchow, Fuchau.

Food: see Agamgik.

Fool: creek, Sheridan County, Wyo., emptying into North Tongue River in sec. 17, T. 56 N., R. 88 W., sixth principal meridian, Bighorn National Forest. The name probably originated from the prevalence of grouse, commonly referred to as "fool hens" on this drainage.

Fools: lake, Lake County, Minn., 1 mile west of Sand River, in sec. 11, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. Two forest officers, lost at night, camped on the lake shore in the water and mud with nothing to eat and no bedding. In the morning they came upon their camp only a little way from the water.

Foot: creek, Brown County, S. Dak. (Not Foote.)

Foot Island: see Latouche.

Forage: mountain, altitude 5,550 feet, sec. 36, T. 44 N., R. 5 E., and sec. 31, T. 44 N., R. 6 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Forbes: bay, Pasquotank River, Pasquotank County, N. C. (Not Forbes'.)

Ford: arm, branch of Slocum Arm, indenting southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 33′ N., long. 136° 00′ W., Alaska.

Ford: butte, San Juan County, N. Mex., in sec. 33, T. 8 N., R. 2 W., Navajo meridian, about 2 miles east of Bennett Peak.

Ford: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 15′ W., flowing southwest into Flathead River.

***Ford**: village, Dinwiddie County, Va. (Not Fords Depot.)

Ford City: see East Windsor.

Forde: peak (Mount Forde), altitude 6,880 feet, southeastern Alaska, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking peak 161 on the international boundary between British Columbia and Alaska, west of Tarr Inlet, near lat. 59° 02′ N., long. 137° 14′ W. Proposed by the Geographic Board of Canada for John Preston Forde, engineer of the Public Works Department of the Dominion Government, who visited Tarr Inlet, Glacier Bay, in 1925 and 1928 and measured the recession of the glacier at head of the inlet.

Ford Point: post light, Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Ford's Point.)

Fords Depot: see Ford, village, Va.

Fords Ferry: post light and village, Ohio River, Crittenden County, Ky. (Not Ford's Ferry.)

Ford's Point: see Ford Point.

Fords Store: see Winchester.

Forest: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., flowing southwest and southeast into Snake River.

Forest: lake, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Humphrey's Pond.)

Forest: lake, Tehama County, Calif., one-half mile southeast of Brokeoff Mountain, in sec. 21, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Forest: lake, Woodbury Town, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Slaughter's Pond.)

Forest: railroad station, New Castle County, Del. (Not Blackbird nor Blackbird Station.)

Forest City: precinct, Sarpy County, Nebr. (Not Forest nor Forrest City.)

Forest City: see Forrest City, Ark.

Forest Divide: watershed, between Boulder and Sulphur Creeks, southeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Forest Hills: village, within the city limits of Boston, Mass. (Not Forest Hill.)

Forestport: town and village, Oneida County, N. Y. (Not Forrest Port.)

Forest Springs: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 28′ W.

Forestville: township and village, Fillmore County, Minn. (Not Forrestville.)

Forestville: village, Chautauqua County, N. Y. (Not Forrestville.)

Forge: river, Brookhaven Town, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Mastic.)

Fork: rocks, off the north end of Prudence Island, Portsmouth, Newport County, R. I. (Not Fort.)

Forked Tongue: see Tongue, creek.

Forks: see Cheektowaga.

Forks of Cascade: see Mineral, natural park.

Forks of Water: see Strait Creek.

Forley's: see Fairlee.

Forli: pr. for-lē′; prov. and city, Italy, near e. coast; 44° 13′ N., 12° 3′ E.

***Formosa:** see Taiwan.

Formosa: Formoza: see Famosa, P. I.

Foroan: see Horoan, P. I.

Föroyar: see Faeröerne.

***Forrest City:** city, St. Francis County, Ark. (Not Forest City nor Forrest.)

Forrest City: see Forest City.

Forrester: point, St. Johns River, Putnam County, Fla. (Not Forrester's.)

Forrest Port: see Forestport.

Forrestville: see Forestville.

Forster: canyon and rapids, in the Grand Canyon of Colorado River, 2 miles above Fossil Bay, Coconino County, Ariz. So named after the late W. J. Forster, who traversed this part of the river.

Forster: mountain, lat. 48° 12′ N., long. 113° 29′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Fort: islet, northeasternmost of the Nichols Islands, lat. 55° 10′.6 N., long. 132° 58′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Fort: see Fork, rocks, R. I.

Fort: see Fortberg, hill, Virgin Islands.

Fortaleza: bay, north side of Fortaleza Point, eastern shore Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Fortaleza: lake, discharging into Fortaleza Bay, Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Fortaleza: ridge, altitude 1,050 feet, southward of Fortaleza Lake and westward of Fortaleza Point, Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Fortaleza (Ceará): pr. fōr-tä-lā′za (sā-a-rä′); seaport city, Brazil, capital state of Ceara; 3° 50′ S., 38° 30′ W.

Fortberg: hill, altitude 426 feet, summit of small peninsula separating Coral Harbor from Hurricane Hole, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Fort.)

*Fort Calhoun: township and village, Washington County, Nebr. (Not Calhoun.)

Fort-de-France: pr. fort-de-frans'; seaport capital of Martinique, Fr. W. I.; 14° 35′ N., 61° 5′ W.

Fort Duchesne: military reservation and village, Uintah County, Utah. (Not Fort Du Chesne.)

Fort Duval: see Hog, island, Mass.

Fortescue: beach, creek, landing, and neck, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Fortesque.)

Fortesque: see Fortescue.

Fort Hunter: village, Dauphin County, Pa. (Not Rockville.)

Fortification: bluff, rising abruptly 1,200 feet from the water's edge, midway between Tignagvik Point and entrance to Bruin Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Fortification: mountain, T. 35 N., R. 108 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Fort Loramie: village, Shelby County, Ohio. (Not Loramie.)

Fort Myer: military post, Arlington County, Va. (Not Fort Meyer.)

Fort Myers: city, Lee County, Fla. (Not Myers.)

Fort Monroe: Elizabeth City County, Va. (Not Fortress Monroe.) On February 8, 1882, the Secretary of War ordered that the works at Old Point Comfort be called Fort Monroe, and not Fortress Monroe.

Fort Recovery: village, Recovery Township, Mercer County, Ohio. (Not Recovery.)

Fortress Monroe: see Fort Monroe.

Fortuna: point, at northernmost extremity of Klokachef Island, on south side of Fortuna Strait at its seaward entrance, southeastern Alaska, lat. 57° 25′ N., long. 135° 53′.8 W.

Fortuna: reefs—sunken rocks with a few awash, marked by kelp and breakers, southeastern Alaska, extending 1 mile WNW. from Fortuna Point, Klokachef Island, lat. 57° 25′.4 N., long. 135° 55′.1 W.

Fortuna: see Klokachef.

Fortunes Rocks: settlement, York County, Me., on the coast about 3 miles southwest of Fletcher Neck and 7 miles southeast of Biddeford, York County, Me., near lat. 43° 25′ N., long. 70° 23′ W. (Not Fortune Rock.) Named after Francis Fortune, a young sailor on a vessel shipwrecked near this place about 1794.

Fort Washington: point Hudson River, New York City, N. Y. (Not Jeffrey's Hook.)

Fort Wayne: city, in Allen County, Ind., on the Maumee River, near lat. 41° 05′ N., long. 85° 08′ W. Population in 1930, 114,946. (Pronounced fôrt wān.)

Fort William: port, Ontario, Canada, on w. Lake Superior, adjacent to Port Arthur; 48° 20′ N., 89° 20′ W.

Fort Wool: Hampton Roads, Va. (Not Rip-Raps.)

Fort Worth: city, in Tarrant County, Tex., on West Fork of Trinity River, near lat. 32° 47′ N., long. 97° 20′ W. Population in 1930, 160,892. (Pronounced fôrt wŭrth.)

Fort Wrangel: see Wrangell, town, Alaska.

Fortymile: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 20′ W., flowing northeast into Two Medicine Creek, crossing east boundary.

Fortyonemile: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 18′ W., on east slope of Bison Mountain, flowing northeast into Two Medicine Creek.

Forum: see Dark.

Fossil: mountain, 10,800 feet high, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 39′ N., long. 110° 55′ W. Named because of its sedimentary rocks rich in fossils, correcting the popular impression that there are no fossils in the Teton Mountains.

Fossil Forest: petrified tree remains, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 52′ N., long. 110° 14′ W., on west side of Lamar River.

Foster: creek, Powder River and Custer Counties, Mont., rises in T. 1 S., R. 47 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Tongue River from south in sec. 1, T. 3 N., R. 46 E. According to local authorities, named for one Foster who lived at the mouth of this creek.

Foster: gulch, Carbon County, Mont.

Foster: landing and town, Ohio River, Bracken County, Ky. (Not Foster's.)

Foster: peak (Mount Foster), altitude 7,122 feet, lat. 59° 47′ 47″ N, long. 135° 28′ 40″ W, International Boundary, southeastern Alaska and Canada. After Hon. John W. Foster, formerly Secretary of State of the United States; who, as "Agent of the United States," participated in the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal in London in 1903.

Foster: see Taku.

Foster's: see Foster, Ky.

Foul: bay, midway between Main Bay and entrance to Port Nellie Juan, lat. 60° 34′.5 N., long. 148° 04′ W., eastern coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Foulweather: cape, Lincoln County, Oreg., near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 124° 04′ W., 6 or 7 miles north of Yaquina Head.

Fountain: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near middle of east side of Lower Geyser Basin.

Fountain Paint Pot: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near middle of Lower Geyser Basin, boiling masses thick, colored mud.

Fourche Maline: fork of Poteau River, Latimer and Le Flore Counties, Okla. (Not Fourche Malene nor Malin.)

Fourche a Polite: see Frenchman, creek.

Four Gables: peak, Fresno, and Inyo Counties, Calif., near lat. 37° 18′ N., long. 118° 42′ W.

Fourmile: creek, emptying into Beaver Creek, near lat. 62° 00′ N., International Boundary (between Alaska and Canada.)

Fourmile: gulch, secs. 27 and 34, T. 26 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not Four Mile.)

Fourmile: island, northern bank Caloosahatchee River, Lee County, Fla. (Not Four Mile.)

Four Mile: see Tamarack, creek, Mont.

Fourmile: see Talawanda, creek, Ohio.

Four Peaks: mountain, altitude 7,645 feet, summit of the Mazatzal Range, 10 miles west of Roosevelt Dam, Gila and Maricopa Counties, Ariz.

Fourteen Mile: See Nemote.

Fourth: glacier, east of head of Russell Fiord, near lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 139° 08′ W., Alaska. (Not Beasley.)

Fourth of July: creek, eastern shore of Resurrection Bay, lat. 60° 05′.5 N., long. 149° 22′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Godwin River.)

Fourth of July: summit, at head of Fourth of July Creek, sec. 6, T. 49 N., R. 1 W., Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Burns Summit.)

Fourtown: lake, St. Louis and Lake Counties, Minn., in Ts. 64–65 N., Rs. 11–12 W., near lat. 48° 05′ N., long. 91° 48′ W., from intersection of four towns in south portion of lake. (Not Deer.)

Fowl: portage, from South Fowl Lake to Pigeon River, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

Fowler: creek, on southwest corner Young Bay, Admiralty Island, Alaska, near lat. 58° 09′ N., long. 134° 42′ W., Tongass National Forest. Named for Guy Fowler, who took up a homestead at the mouth of this creek.

Fowler: lake, about 1½ miles southwest of Kelso, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Fowler's.)

Fox: creek, Richland County, Mont., rises in northeastern part of T. 23 N., R. 54 E., Montana principal meridian, flows southeast and northeast into Yellowstone River in T. 22 N., R. 59 E. (Not South Fork, Fox.)

Fox: creek, Schoharie County, N. Y. (Not Foxe's.)

Fox: peak, on line between Granite and Ravalli Counties, Mont.

Fox: see Busby, islands, Alaska.

Fox: see Marble, island, Alaska.

Fox: see Renard, island, Alaska.

Fox: see Gorman, creek, Mont.

Fox Hole: creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Fox's Hole.)

Fragante: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Fragrante.)

Fragrante: see Fragante, P. I.

Fraile: point (Point Fraile), five-eighths of a mile north of Point Icacos, P. R. (Not El Fraile.)

Franca: see Tranca, P. I.

Francaise: see French.

France: republic, w. Europe; Ger. Frankreich; Ital. Francia.

Francesville: town, Pulaski County, Ind. (Not Franesville.)

Francia: see France.

Francis: bay, 1 mile wide, inclosed on north by Whistling Cay, and Mary Point, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Mary's Point.)

Francis: island, lying in passage between eastern extremity of Wolfe and western extremity of Grindstone Islands, St. Lawrence River, Ontario, Canada. (Not Hickory.)

Francis: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 00′ W., traversed by Olson Creek.

Francis: see Francs, creek, Wyo.

Franciscan: creek, flowing northeasterly across SE. ¼ T. 26 S., R. 17 E., Kern County, Calif.

Francs: creek (Francs Fork), Park County, Wyo., rises near center of T. 46 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, southeast of Francs Peak and flows northeasterly into Greybull River, Shoshone National Forest. (Not Francis nor Franks.) Named for a pioneer of the region, Otto Franc.

Francs: peak, Park County, Wyo., in approx. lat. 43° 58′ N., long. 109° 20′ W., in secs. 10 and 16, T. 46 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, Shoshone National Forest. Named for the pioneer, Otto Franc.

Franesville: see Francesville.

Frank: island, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., largest island in Yellowstone Lake located in south central part, near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 22′ W. Named, 1871, for a brother of Henry Elliott, a member of Hayden expedition. (Not Belknap.)

Frank: ledge, New London Harbor, Conn. (Not Frank's.)

Frank: see Profile, mountain, N. H.

Frankfort: capital of Kentucky, in Franklin Co., on the Kentucky River, near lat. 38° 14′ N., long. 84° 14′ W. Population in 1930, 11,626. (Pronounced frănk′-fŭrt.)

Frankfort: township and village, Will County, Ill. (Not Frankfort Station.)

Frankfort: village, Somerset County, N. J. (Not Flagtown.)

Frankfort Station: see Frankfort, Ill.

*__Frankfurt, Frankfurt-am-Main (Frankfort on the Main):__ city, Hessen-Nassau, Germany; 50° 8′ N., 8° 40′ E.

*__Frankfurt, Frankfurt-an-der-Oder (Frankfort on the Oder):__ city, Brandenburg, Germany; 52° 22′ N., 14° 30′ E.

Frank Landing: post light, Ohio River, Perry County, Ind. (Not Frank's.)

*__Franklin:__ borough, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Franklin Furnace.)

Franklin: lakes, two in number, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 25 and 30, T. 17 S., Rs. 31 and 32, headwaters of East Fork of Kaweah River, in eliminated park territory. Name derived from the "Lady Franklin" mine located in this vicinity in the seventies.

Franklin: town, Lee County, Iowa. (Not Franklin Centre.)

Franklin: see Davidson, mountains, Canada.

Franklin: see Franklintown, Pa.

Franklin Centre: see Franklin, Iowa.

Franklin Furnace: see Franklin, N. J.

Franklintown: borough, York County Pa. (Not Franklin.)

Frank Miles: see Lower Stillwater.

Frankreich: see France.

Franks: see Francs, creek, Wyo.

Frank's: see Frank, ledge.

Frank's: see Frank Landing.

Franskmand: see French, bay.

Französische Guyana: see French Guiana.

Fraser: precinct, river, and village, Grand County, Colo. (Not Frazer nor Frazier.)

Fraser: river, cen. Br. Columbia to the sea near Vancouver.

Frauen: see Henley.

Fray Marcos: see Baker, mountain, Ariz.

Frazer: point, Hancock County, Me., on west coast Schoodic Peninsula, east side Winter Harbor, near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 68° 05′ W. (Not Frazer's.)

Frazer: valley, partly inclosed in hills south of Frazer Springs and lying mostly in secs. 2 and 3, T. 30 S., R. 21 E., Kern County, Calif.

Frazer's: see Frazer, point.

Frazer: Frazier: see Fraser, Colo.

Frazier: creek, Forsyth County, N. C., rises in Middle Fork Township, drains Winston Lake and joins Brushy Creek southwest of that lake.

Frazier: mountain, Ventura County, Calif., in T. 8 N., R. 20 W., San Bernardino meridian. (Not Cuddy Peak.)

Frazier: mountain, altitude 5,076 feet, secs. 8 and 17, T. 5 S., R. 7 E., Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Shell Rock.) Named after Donald Frazier, United States forest guard, who died in military service during the Great War.

Frazier: point, Winyah Bay, Georgetown County, S. C. (Not Frazier's.)

Frazier: see Freese, Me.

Frederic: village, Polk County, Wis. (Not Frederick.)

Frederica: see Frederika.

Frederichstaed: Frederichsted: see Frederiksted.

Frederick: see Frederic.

Frederika: town and township, Bremer County, Iowa. (Not Frederica.)

Frederiksted: town, St. Croix Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Frederichstæd, Frederichsted, Frederikssted, Frederikstaed, nor Friederichsted.)

Fredonia: see Fredonyer.

Fredonyer: pass, Lassen County, northeast of Mountain Meadows Valley, and about 16 miles southwest of Susanville, Calif. (Not Fredonia.)

Fredrikshald: see Halden.

Freds: islands, in Cobscook River, Trescott Town, Washington County, Me. (Not Old Fred's, Tread, nor Tred.)

Freeman: rock, at entrance to Mud Hole Channel, near Great Wass Island, Washington County, Me. (Not Freeman's Ledge nor Freeman's Rock.)

Freemans: see Buffalo, peak, Colo.

Freeman's Ledge: see Freeman.

Freeman's Rock: see Freeman.

Freemantle: mountain (Mount Freemantle), altitude 2,605 feet, northeast of Point Freemantle, near lat. 60° 56′.6 N., long. 146° 59′ W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska.

Freemason: islands, Chandeleur Sound, St. Bernard Parish, La. (Not Freemason Keys.)

Freeo: bayou, Dallas and Ouachita Counties, and township, Ouachita County, Ark. (Not Frio.)

Freeport: see West Seattle.

Frees: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., on the south bank of Odell Creek, east bank Tongue River, near lat. 45° 24′ N., long. 106° 18′ W. (Not Coal Road Draw.) After an old homesteader who lived at mouth of creek.

Freese: island, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Frazier, nor Freese's.)

Freetown: capital of Sierra Leone; chief seaport on w. coast of Africa; 8° 30′ N., 13° 15′ W

Freezeout: mountains, Carbon County, Wyo., between North Platte River on the west and Muddy Creek on the east and Sage Creek and Muddy Creek on the northwest and Medicine Bow River on the south. (Not Shirley.)

Freiburg (Germany): city, Baden, s. w. Germany; 50° 55′ N., 13° 22′ E.

Freiburg (Switzerland): see Fribourg.

Fremantle: outer port of Perth, W. Australia; 32° 3′ S., 115° 45′ E.

Fremont: canyon, North Platte River, Carbon County, Wyo., between Pathfinder Dam and Alcova Canyon, lat. 42° 30′ N., long. 106° 45′ W., in T. 29 N., R. 83 W., sixth principal meridian. Named in honor of Gen. J. C. Fremont, "The Pathfinder," who in 1843 in an attempted descent of this canyon lost his boats and equipment.

Fremont: river, Garfield and Wayne Counties, Utah, tributary to Colorado River from northwest. (Not Dirty Devil.)

Fremont: town and township, Steuben County, Ind. (Not Fremount.)

Fremont: see Gabilan.

Fremont Morse: peak (Mount Fremont Morse), altitude 6,732 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary east of Taku Inlet, near lat. 58° 23′ N. After Fremont Morse, United States section, International Boundary Commission.

Fremount: see Fremont, Ind.

French: bay, 1 mile ESE of Muhlenfels Point, south coast of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Française, nor Franksmand.)

French: creek, tributary to Icicle Creek from south, Chelan County, Wash. (Not South Fork, Icicle.)

French: hill, Peru Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not French's.)

French: point, Mississippi River, Fulton County, Ky. (Not French's.)

French: see Little Wilson, pond, Me.

French: see North Fork Fish, creek, Mont.

French: see Wrench, creek, Mont.

French Camp: village, Choctaw County, Miss. (Not French Camps.)

French Equatorial Africa: Fr. possession, cen. Africa; Fr. Afrique Equatoriale française.

French Frigate: shoal, 16 miles long, northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago, near lat. 23° 50′ N., long. 166° 12′ W. (Not French Frigates.)

French Guiana: pr. ge-ăn-a; Fr. colony, S. America; Fr. Guyane française; Ger. Französische Guyana; Ital. Guiane francese; Eng. French Guiana.

French India: see India, French.

Frenchman: bay, Hancock County, Me., northeast of Mount Desert Island. (Not Frenchmans.)

Frenchman: creek, Ste. Genevieve County, Mo. (Not Fourche a Polite nor Polite.)

Frenchman: creek, tributary to Republican River, Chase, Hayes, and Hitchcock Counties, Nebr., and Phillips County, Colo. (Not Frenchmans, North Fork, Whiteman's, nor White Man's.)

French's: see French, hill.

French Somali Coast: see French Somaliland.

French Somaliland: a colony, e. Africa; Fr. Côte française des Somalis (i. e., French Coast of the Somalis); sometimes called French Somali Coast.

French Sudan: colony in west N. Africa; Fr. Soudan français.

Frenchton: village, Upshur County, W. Va. (Not Beechtown nor Frenchtown.)

Frenepiquant: bayou, connecting Lake Fortuna with Breton Sound, St. Bernard Parish, La. (Not Frene Piquant nor Frenne Picant.)

Frenes, Point aux: see Point aux Frenes.

Frenne Picant: see Frenepiquant.

Fresh: see Lilly, pond, Me.

Freya Castle: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 111° 56′ W., on north wall of canyon.

Friar: head, Long Island Sound, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Friar's.)

Friar: point, Mississippi River, Coahoma County, Miss. (Not Friars Point.)

Fribourg: canton and city, w. cen. Switzerland; Fr. Fribourg; Ger. Freiburg; Ital. Friburgo.

Friburgo: see Fribourg.

Fridley: peak, T. 5 S., R. 6 E., Gallatin and Park Counties, Mont.

Friederichsted: see Frederiksted.

Friendly: reach, of the Columbia River, in Multnomah County, Oreg., and Clark County, Wash., extending 8 miles, from Kelley Point, mouth of Willamette River, upward to long. 122° 37′ W. So named by Lieut. William Robert Broughton, of Vancouver's expedition, December, 1792, in commemoration of the friendly behavior of an old Indian chief.

Friendly Is.: see Tonga.

Friends: landing, Kanawha River, Kanawha County, W. Va. (Not Friend's.)

Friesland: pr. frēz′lănd; prov., n. e. Netherlands.

Frio: see Freeo.

Frisian: islands, coast of n. Netherlands, n. w. Germany, and w. Denmark.

Fritter: cove, about 1 mile southwest of South Craig Point, eastern coast of Zarembo Island, lat. 56° 22′ .5 N., long. 132° 39′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Frog: group of mountains, Nushagak region, Alaska, between the north and south arms of Nerka Lake, lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 158° 50′ W. This is a well-known local name.

Frog: rock, eastern side Ogden Passage, Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 38′.6 N., long. 136° 09′.6 W., southeastern Alaska.

Frog: see Gorder.

Frondoso: hill, altitude 476 feet, summit of Luispena Cay, Culebra Group, P. R. (Not Frondoso Pico o Cerro nor Vertice de Luis-Pena.)

Frondoso Pico o Cerro: see Frondoso.

Front: hill, east of Mayaguez, south shore of Mayaguez River, west coast of P. R.

Front: point, southeast coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, about 5 miles northeast of Cape Gore, lat. 59° 16′ N., long. 150° 53′ W. Name suggested by Coast Pilot Section, Coast and Geodetic Survey, because this point forms the front range with Point Gore for vessels coming out of Nuka Passage.

Frontenac: see Fondulac.

***Front Range:** mountains, Colorado and Wyoming, including on the north the Laramie Range as far as the crossing of the North Platte River in Wyoming, and on the south, the Pikes Peak Group. (Not Colorado.)

Front Wye: see Wye and Wye East.

Frost: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 38′ N., long. 110° 02′ W.

Frosty: creek, on mainland at head of Frosty Bay, Seward Passage, Ernest Sound, near lat. 56° 04′ N., long. 131° 58′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Frozen: lake, sec. 2, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., draining north into Black Lake, Larimer County, Colo.

Frozen: see Cold, bay, Alaska.

Froze to Death: creek, Rosebud and Treasure Counties, Mont., rising in northwestern part of T. 9 N., R. 34 E., Montana principal meridian, and emptying into Yellowstone River in southeastern corner of T. 7 N., R. 36 E. So named over fifty years ago.

Frustum: see Kit Carson, peak, Colo.

Fryingpan: cove, Eastern Neck Island, Kent County, Md. (Not Boxes nor Frying Pan.)

Fryingpan: creek, heading in Fryingpan Glacier, tributary to White River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Fryingpan: glacier, discharging into Fryingpan Creek, eastern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Frying Pan: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 18 miles south of Mammoth Hot Springs, at right of road to Norris Basin, a small spring which "stews" continuously like a frying pan on a hot stove.

Frys: point, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 29, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. For Walter Fry who after counting 2,000 rings on a redwood stump entered the first protest against cutting down any more of the big trees. (Not Fry's.)

Fuchau: see Foochow.

Fuchow: see Foochow.

Fudger: see Fudges.

Fudges: creek, Cabell County, W. Va. (Not Fudger.)

Fudges Creek: village, Cabell County, W. Va. (Not Fudger.)

Fugates Hill: village, Russell County, Va. (Not Fugate Hill nor Fugate's Hill.)

Fugu: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jugu.)

Fugu: barrio, Solano Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Juga nor Tugu.)

Fukien: maritime prov., s. e. China proper. (Not Fokien.)

Fukui: city, w. cen. of main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Hukui; 36° 3′ N., 136° 15′ E.

Fukuoka: seaport, n. Kyushu island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Hukuoka; 33° 32′ N., 130° 27′ E.

Fulker: island and shoal, Croatan Sound, Dare County, N. C. (Not Fulker's nor Fulkner's.)

Fulladosa: cove, 180 yards wide, within bay ¼ mile wide, length 850 yards, opening into Great Harbor just inside Colorada Point, Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Ensenada (de) Fulladosa nor Filladoza.)

Fullen: Fullen's: Fullens: see Chuckey.

Fuller: rock, south of Kettle Point in Providence River off East Providence shore, R. I.

Fultons: falls, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, a small tributary on east bank of Katmai Creek, near lat. 58° 08′ N.

Funchal: seaport capital of Madeira islands (Port.); 32° 38′ N., 16° 58′ W.

Fundado: barrio, Canaman Municipality, Ambos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jundado.)

Fünen: see Fyn.

Funeral: mountains, part of Amargosa Range, Inyo County, Calif.

Fünfkirchen: see Pécs.

Fungi: passage, strait or cut, between Whistling Cay and Mary Point, northern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Funnel: creek, about 5 miles long Alaska, tributary to the Tatonduk River from the north, entering the latter about 1½ miles northwest of the international boundary; location of mouth of creek approximately lat. 65° 00′ 11″ N., long. 141° 01′ 52″ W. So named because of its open upper valley, and its constricted canyon-like lower valley.

Funston: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in Moraine Lake in sec. 12, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., flowing east into Chagoopa Creek in sec. 8, T. 17 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park. After James Funston, who in 1870 owned and grazed many sheep in this vicinity.

Funston: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in Kern Canyon, secs. 4 and 9, T. 18 S., R. 33 E., near the mouth of Laurel Creek, Sequoia National Park.

Furabush: see Feurabush.

Furgeson Lane: narrow reach in Ohio River, near St. Mary's, Pleasants County, W. Va. (Not Furgeson's Lane.)

Furnace: small bay, about 1½ miles long, Cecil County, Md., at head of Chesapeake Bay, about 2 miles east of mouth of Susquehanna River, lat. 39° 33′.3 N., long. 76° 02′.3 W., south of town of Principio Furnace. It is suggested by a local authority that Principio Furnace is a corruption of Principal Furnace. In 1722 there was a consolidation of two iron works in this vicinity. (Not Principio Creek.)

Furnace: see Wononskopomuc.

Fur Seal: see Pribilof.

Fürth: city, near Nürnberg, Bavaria, s. Germany; 49° 28′ N., 11° E.

Fusan (Pusan): seaport, s. e. Chosen; alternate Jap. off. romanizations, Fusan and Husan; 35° 5′ N., 129° E.

Fusillade: mountain, altitude 8,747 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 44′ W.

Fyen: see Fyn.

***Fyn:** pr. fün; island, Denmark; Fr. Fionie; Ger. Fünen; Ital. Fionia; Swed. Fyen; 55° 20′ N., 10° 30′ E.

G

Gaba: barrio, Rapu-Rapu Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Goba.)

Gabao: barrio, Santiago Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gabaw.)

Gabaw: see Gabao, P. I.

Gabbro: lake, Lake County, Minn., in central part of T. 62 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest. (Not Gabro.) Named for a type of igneous rock lining its shores.

Gabe Rock: mountain and springs, Banner County, Nebr. (Not Gabes Rock nor Gate Rock.)

Gabilan: peak and range, between Monterey and San Benito Counties, and creek in Monterey County, Calif. (Not Fremont nor Gavilan.)

Gabimichigami: lake, Lake County, Minn. (Not Gobbemichigamme, Gobbemichigomog, nor Michigamme.)

Gable: creek, heading in Four Gables Peak, a south branch of Pine Creek, draining Round Valley, Inyo County, Calif.

Gable: mountain, altitude 9,200 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 55′ N., long. 113° 40′ W.

Gabon: barrio, Talisay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gabun.)

Gabro: see Gabbro.

Gabu: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabu.)

Gabugao: see Cabugao, P. I.

Gabun: see Gabon.

Gaffney: city, Cherokee County, S. C. (Not Gaffney City.)

Gagabutan: see Gaggabutan, P. I.

Gage: small island, ½ mile north of Flemming Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 11′ N., long. 148° 01′ W. (Not Flemming.)

Gage: see Flemming, island, Alaska.

Gaggabutan: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gagabutan.)

Gahara: see Yahara.

Gahonon: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gajonon.)

Gaillard: cut, portion of Panama Canal through the Continental Divide, Isthmus of Panama. (Not Culebra.)

Gain: island, small, near entrance to Snug Cove, Gambier Bay, Admiralty Island, near lat. 57° 27′ N., long. 133° 54′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Cain.)

Gaines: township and village, Genesee County, Mich. (Not Gaines Station nor Gaines Village.)

Gainza: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Gajonon: see Gahonon, P. I.

Gako: see Gakona.

Gakona: river, tributary to the Copper River from the northward, near lat. 62° 18′ N., long. 145° 20′ W., Alaska. (Not Gako.)

Galahad Point: headland, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 112° 15′ W.

Galamayamo: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Galamayano.)

Galamayano: see Galamayamo, P. I.

Galankin: island, and group of islands, Sitka Harbor, lat. 57° 01′ .8 N., long. 134° 19′ .5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Peschani nor Sandy.)

Galápagos: see Colón, Archipiélago de.

***Galaţi:** pr. gäläts(i); city on the Danube, e. Rumania; Fr. and Ger. Galatz; 45° 30′ N., 28° E.

Galatia: township and village, Saline County, Ill. (Not Gallatia.)

Galatz: see Galaţi.

Galbraith Springs: village, Hawkins County, Tenn. (Not Galbraith's Springs.)

Galena: river, Jo Daviess County, Ill. and Lafayette County, Wis. (Not Febvre, Fever, nor Fevre.)

Galena Bay: settlement, head of Galena Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, lat. 60° 55′ N., long. 146° 35′ W.

Galena Chain: lakes, between Slate and Table Mountains, northeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Gales: ledge and point, near Salem, Mass. (Not Gale's.)

Galesville: village, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Galloways nor West River.)

Galgalgin: see Egg, island, Alaska.

Galge: see Cruz, bay, Virgin Islands.

Galicia: a region in n. w. Spain.

Galicia: a former Austrian crownland now comprisiing s. part of Poland. Ger. Galizien; Pol. Galicja.

Galicja: see Galicia (in Poland).

Galimuyod: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Galizien: see Galicia (in Poland).

Gallagher: see Gallaher.

Gallaher: township, in eastern part of Clinton County, Pa. (Not Gallagher nor Gallauher.)

Gallatia: see Galatia.

Gallatin: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 52′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., head of Gallatin River, on north slope of Three Rivers Peak. Named for Albert Gallatin, distinguished statesman.

Gallatin: peak (Mount Gallatin), altitude 5,098 feet, on the Alaska-British Columbia boundary, west bank Stikine River, near lat. 56° 45′ N. After Albert Gallatin, statesman, diplomat, public financier, ethnologist—one of the United States commissioners who negotiated the treaty of Ghent.

Gallatin: range, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., watershed between Gallatin and Gardiner Rivers. Named after the river, for Albert Gallatin, distinguished statesman, which was so named by Lewis and Clark, 1805. The river rises in Gallatin Lake, on the west slope of the range.

Gallatin: river, rising in Gallatin Lake in Gallatin Range, Yellowstone National Park, and emptying into Missouri River, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not West Gallatin.)

Gallats: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 26, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Gallauher: see Gallaher.

Galle: seaport, s. w. Ceylon; 6° 20′ N., 80° 12′ E.

Galliher: point and post light, Skagit Bay, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Galliher's.)

Gallipoli: see Gelibolu.

Gallivans: see Ponce de Leon, bay.

***Galloo**: islands and lighthouse, east end of Lake Ontario, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Galloup.)

Gallop: see Galop, island, N. Y.

Gallopp: creek, tributary to Nooksack River, Whatcom County, Wash.

Galloup: see Galloo.

Galloways: see Galesville.

Gallows: see Cruz, bay, Virgin Islands.

Galltown: see Vanderpool.

Gallups: island, Boston Harbor, Suffolk County, Mass. (Not Galop, Gallup, nor Gallup's.)

Galop: island, St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Gallop, Galoup, Ile aux Galops, Isle au Gallop, nor Isle au Galop.)

Galop: see Gallups, island, Mass.

Galoup: see Galop.

Gambia: shoal, in the northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago, near lat. 28° 07′ N., long. 176° 38′ W. (Not Gambier.)

Gambier: see Gambia.

Game: pass, sec. 26, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., on western slope Twin Sisters Mountains, Larimer County, Colo.

Gamu: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bamu.)

Ganargua: creek, Wayne County, N. Y. (Not Ganargwa, Gnargwa, nor Mud.)

Gand: see Gent.

Gandara: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Gandzha (Ganja): formerly Elisavetpol; city, Azerbaijan, Transcaucasian S.F.S.R., Soviet Union (Russia); 40° 43′ N., 46° 20′ E.

Ganges: river, n. India, e. and s. to Bay of Bengal.

Gangngo: see Gangugo, P. I.

Gangugo: barrio, Camalaniugan Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gangngo.)

Ganja: see Gandzha.

Gann: see Gans.

Gannet: rocks, Centerville Harbor, south shore of Cape Cod, Mass. (Not Garnet or Gurnet.)

Gannett: hills, limited by Stump, Tygee, Sage, Crow, and Preuss Creeks and Star Valley, Caribou County, Idaho, and Lincoln County, Wyo.

Gannett: peak (Mount Gannett), altitude 9,620 feet, Alaska, in Chugach Mountains, north of Harriman Fiord near lat. 61° 13′ N., long. 148° 12′ W. So named for Henry Gannett, of the United States Geological Survey.

Gannett: peak, altitude 13,785 feet, 9½ miles n. of Fremont Peak, Wind River Range, Continental Divide, Fremont and Sublette Counties, Wyo. Name given to mountain in 1906.

Gannvalley: village, Buffalo County, S. Dak. (Not Gann Valley.)

Ganonocan: see Ginonocan, P. I.

Gans: town and township, Sequoyah County, Okla. (Not Gann.)

Gaognan: barrio, Sipocot Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gaogñan nor Gaongan.)

Gaogñan: see Gaognan, P. I.

Gaongan: see Gaognan, P. I.

Gaos: see Gaus, P. I.

Gap: point, southeastern Alaska, projecting into Tebenkof Bay, near lat. 56° 28′ N., long. 134° 08′ W. Named because of the gap near the end of this point.

Gapan: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Garber: see Jarre.

Garces: mesas, Coconino County, Ariz.

Garces Terrace: low spur, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County Ariz., extending west from "Powell Plateau," near lat. 36° 17′ N., long. 112° 28′ W.

Garcia Hernandez: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Garden: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 08′ W., flows east of north into the Colorado River, about one mile west of Bright Angel Creek.

Garden: island, secs. 22, 23, 25, 26, and 27, T. 166 N., R. 33 W., Lake of the Woods, Minn. (Not Cornfield.)

Gardenas: see Cardenas.

***Garden City:** county seat, Finney County, Kans., on the Arkansas River, in T. 24 N., Rs. 32 and 33 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Garden.)

Garden Plain: city, Sedgwick County, Kans. (Not Gardenplain.)

Garden Valley: town and river plain, Boise County, Idaho, at the confluence of the Middle and South forks of the Payette River.

Garden Wall, The: precipice, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., precipitous west slope of Continental Divide, near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 44′ W.

Gardinas: see Grodno.

Gardiner: canyon, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., cut by Gardiner River, about 2 miles above mouth, extending to a point east of Bunsen Peak.

Gardiner: peak (Mount Gardiner), altitude 12,903 feet, Tulare County, Calif., approximate lat. 37° 48′.3 N., long. 118° 26′.4 W., about 2 miles south of Mount Clarence King, in unsurveyed T. 13 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Forest; and small creek which flows into Kings River. (Not Gardner.) Named "Gardiner" by Whitney Survey, 1864, in honor of James Terry Gardiner, who was a member of that survey.

Gardiner: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., flows northeast 3½ miles, southeast 8 miles, to junction with Obsidian Creek, northerly, crossing park boundary, flowing into Yellowstone River. Probably named for a trapper.

Gardiner: see Gardner, pinnacles.

Gardiners: bay, island, and point, east end of Long Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Gardner's.)

Gardiner's: see Gardner, lake.

Gardner: see Gardiner, peak, Calif.

Gardner: lake, East Machias, Marion, and Whiting Towns, Washington County, Me. (Not Gardiner's, Gardners, nor Gardner's.)

Gardner: pinnacles, in the northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago, near lat. 25° N., long. 168° W. (Not Gardner Island nor Gardiner.)

Gardner Point: mountain, 7,100 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 08′ W.

Gardner's: see Gardiner.

Gareloi: island (volcanic, altitude 5,334 feet), in western part of Middle Aleutians, lat. 51° 47′ N., long. 178° 52′ W., Alaska. (Not Burnt nor Gorely.)

Garey: see Carey, creek.

Garfield: creek, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 20, 21, and 22, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park, empties into South Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 20. (Not Board Camp.)

Garfield: grove, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 28, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named in honor of James A. Garfield, twentieth President of the United States.

Garfield: lake, Monterey Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Brewer.)

Garfield: see Guilford.

Gariep: see Vaal.

Garlan: see Garlang, P. I.

Garlang: barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Garlan.)

Garnet: small canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 25′ W.

Garnet: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 47′ W. Garnets up to 2½ inches in diameter occur at the head of the canyon and are more common here than elsewhere in the range.

Garnet: hill, altitude 7,000 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 26′ W.

Garnet: point, extremity of marshy neck extending 1,600 yards northwest of Ryer Island, Suisun Bay, Solano County, Calif. (Not Long Point.)

Garnet: range, between Blackfoot and Clark Fork Rivers, in Granite, Missoula, and Powell Counties, Mont. (Not Blackfoot nor Drummond.)

Garnet: ridge, long. 109° 45′ W., Apache County, Ariz., and San Juan County, Utah.

Garnet: see Gannet, rocks.

Garoga: hamlet, Ephratah Town, Fulton County, N. Y. (Not Garoga Hamlet.)

Garoga: see Caroga.

Garrett: hill, Middletown Township, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Garret nor Garrett's.)

Garrett: island, at mouth of Susquehanna River, Cecil County, Md. (Not Watson.)

Garrett's: see Garrett, hill.

Garrison: channel, Hillsborough County, Florida, along south water front of city of Tampa, between this and Seddon Island, and connecting the channels east and west of the island. (Not Hendry and Knight.)

Garrison: lake, Curry County, Oreg., about 1 mile northeast of town of Port Orford. (Not Garrison Lagoon.) Named after a pioneer who was one of the first three men to settle in this vicinity.

***Garrison:** village, Philipstown Town, Putnam County, N. Y. (Not Garrison-on-Hudson, Garrisons, Garrison's, nor Garrison's Landing.)

Garrison Lagoon: see Garrison, lake, Oreg.

Garrison-on-Hudson: Garrison's Landing; see Garrison, N. Y.

Garruck: see Barrack.

Garry: creek, emptying into the Arctic Ocean near Cape Halkett, near long. 152° 17′ W., northern Alaska.

Garryowen: creek, tributary to the Inglutalik River from the east, south of Little Bear Creek, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 65° 00′ N., long. 160° 20′ W.

Garvanza: village, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Garvanzo.)

Gary: city, in Lake Co., Indiana, on Lake Michigan, near lat. 41° 36′ N., long. 87° 20′ W. Population in 1930, 100,424. (Pronounced, gâr'ĭ.)

Garza: creek, flowing easterly into Kettleman Plain, crossing boundary between Fresno and Kings Counties, Calif. (Not Las Garzas.)

Garzas: islets, 1¼ miles eastward of Point Puerto Neuvo, P. R.

Gasan: municipality, Tayabas Province, Marinduque, P. I. (Not Gazan.)

Gascogne: see Gascony.

Gascogne, Golfe de: see Biscay, Bay of

Gascony or **Gascogne:** region and ancient province, ext. s. w. France; Fr. Gascogne; pr. gȧs-kōn'y'. See also Biscay, Bay of.

Gassa: see Agassa.

Gassaway: Gassaways: see Van Deventer.

Gata: islets, off Point Carenero, P. R. (Not Gatas.)

Gata: see Gato.

Gatagama: point, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon, 3½ miles southeast of the mouth of Kanab Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. So named from an Indian family.

Gatas: see Gata.

Gatch: falls, Linn County, Oreg., in sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 7 E., Santiam National Forest, on Marion Creek, tributary to North Santiam River. (Not Gooch.) Named for Prof. Thomas M. Gatch, well-known pioneer educator.

Gate: see Toll Gate.

Gate, The: small pass between Elbow Passage and Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 36′.6 N., long. 136° 06′ W., west coast of Chichagof Island, Alaska.

Gate, The: see Hunts, peak, Me.

Gate of Canso: passage, arm of Great Harbor, between Devils Foot Island and Long Neck, Woods Hole, Barnstable County, Mass.

Gate Rock: see Gabe Rock.

Gates: canyon, Vaca Mountains, Solano County, Calif., near lat. 38° 18′ N., long. 122° 06′ W.

Gateshead: city, Durham county, n. England, on Tyne river, opposite Newcastle; 54° 50′ N., 1° 36′ W.

Gateway: creek, small branch of Strawberry Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Gatiao: see Catiao, P. I.

Gato: creek, Conejos and Rio Grande Counties, Colo. (Not Cat, Gata, nor Los Gatos.)

Gattaran: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Gatton: creek, eastern side Willamette River, flowing from Ramsey Lake, about 4 miles from mouth of river, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Gratton.)

Gatún: pr. gä-tōōn'; lake, Canal Zone, Panama.

Gauntlet: island, 500 yards long, 55 feet high, three-eighths mile east of Cape Cross, Yakobi Island, southeastern Alaska. So named on account of its shape.

Gaus: barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Gaos.)

Gavanski: islands, group of two islands, immediately in front of Old Sitka Harbor, Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 08′ N., long. 135° 25′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Harbor.)

Gavilan: see Gabilan.

Gaviota: rock, 40 feet high, near lat. 55° 24′ N., long. 133° 40′ W., largest of a group, ¾ mile off west shore Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Gävle: seaport, e. cen. Sweden, on Gulf of Bothnia; 60° 30′ N., 16° 50′ E.

Gawain Abyss: small canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 16′ W., draining southwest from rim of Kaibab Plateau.

Gaya: city, Bihar and Orissa, India; 24° 45′ N., 85° E.

Gazan: see Gasan, P. I.

Gazi antep (Aintab): vilayet and town, Turkey; 37° 4′ N., 37° 25′ E. (Not Ghazi-Aïntab.)

Gdańsk: see Danzig.

Gdynia: pr. gdĭn′ya; artificial seaport on Bay of Danzig, Poland; 54° 38′ N., 18° 35′ E.

Gedney: channel, entrance to New York Lower Bay, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Gedney's.)

Gedney: mountain, 7,326 feet altitude, Idaho County, Idaho, near lat. 46° 09′ N., long. 115° 16′ W. (Not Lookout.) So named as it is situated between the forks of Gedney Creek.

Geduhn: mount (Mount Geduhn), altitude 8,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 58′ W.

Geelong: seaport, near Melbourne, s. Australia; 38° 20′ S., 144° 25′ E.

Gees: point, Hudson River, West Point, N. Y. (Not Gee's.)

Geestemünde: see Wesermünde.

Geikie: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near base of south wall of canyon, and near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 16′ W. (Not Geike Monument.)

Gelerang Cauayan: see Gelerangcawayan, P. I.

Gelerangcauayan: see Gelerangcawayan, P. I.

Gelerangcawayan: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gelerang Cauayan nor Gelerangcauayan.)

Gelibolu (Gallipoli): town, Turkey in Europe; conv. (Ital.) Gallipoli, derived from Gr. Kallipolis.† (Not Guélibolou.) Not to be used for the peninsula without the word Peninsula.

Gellison: see Jellison.

Gelsenkirchen: city, Ruhr valley, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 30′ N., 7° 5′ E.

Gem: lake, small one northwest of Snow Lake, T. 23 N., R. 10 E., King County, Wash.

Gem Pool: extinct geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near north end of Upper Geyser Basin.

Genamoan: see Ginamoan, P. I.

General: creek, Placer County, Calif. (Not Sugar Pine.)

General Bidwell: see Butte, lake, Calif.

Gênes: see Genova.

Geneva: (city and canton): see Genève.

Geneva: lake, bet. Switzerland and France; Fr. Lac Léman; Ger. Genfer See; Ital. Lago di Ginevra.

Geneva: mountain, altitude 12,325 feet, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., between East and West Geneva Creeks, Park County, Colo.

Geneva: town, Boxelder County, Utah. (Not Copenhagen nor Mantua.)

Genève (Geneva): canton and city, ext. s. w. Switzerland; Fr. Genève; Ger. Genf; Ital. Ginevra; 46° 12′ N., 6° 10′ E.

Genevra: mountain, altitude 13,037 feet, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 118° 26′ W., on north boundary of Sequoia National Park and on Kings-Kern Divide.

Genf: see Genève.

Genfer See: see Geneva.

Genoa: village, Wayne County, W. Va. (Not Genoah.)

Genoa: see Genova.

Genova (Genoa): gulf, prov., and seaport, n. w. Italy; Fr. Gênes; Ger. Genua; 44° 20′ N., 8° 58′ E.

Gensan (Wonsan): seaport, e. coast, Chosen; Jap. Gensan or Genzan; Korean, Wonsan; 39° 10′ N., 127° 30′ E.

Gens de Large: see Chandalar.

Gent or **Gand (Ghent):** city, n. Belgium; Flemish (and Ger.), Gent; Fr. Gand; 51° 6′ N., 3° 42′ E.

Gente Hermosa: see Swains.

Genti: bay, north or landward portion of Reef Bay, from which it is separated by coral reefs and a motor-boat channel, southeastern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Genzan: see Gensan.

Geode: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 30′ W., flowing north into Yellowstone River.

Geode: see Oxbow.

Geographic: harbor, in the head of Amalik Bay, Shelikof Strait, south coast Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 58° 07′ N.

George: creek, Larimer County, Colo., in T. 11 N., Rs. 73 and 74 W. So named for George Clark, an early settler in this vicinity. (Not Fish.)

George: inlet, branch of Carroll Inlet, southern shore Revillagigedo Island, lat. 55° 20′ N., long. 131° 29′ W., southeastern Alaska.

George: lake, St. Marys River, Chippewa County, Mich., and Ontario, Canada. (Not St. George.)

George: peak, 1½ miles north Chitina Glacier, Alaska, lat. 61° 03′ N., near the international boundary (between Alaska and Yukon).

***George:** river, first large tributary to Kuskokwim River from the north, entering about 30 miles west of the Holitna, about lat. 61° 55′ N., long. 157° 46′ W., Western Alaska. (Not Yukwonilnuk.)

George: see St. George, fort, Me.

George: see Georges, island, Mass.

George: see Georges, Pa.

Georges: bank, east-southeast of Cape Cod, Atlantic Ocean, and shoal in same, lat. 41° 40′ N., long. 67° 45′ W. (Not St. George's.)

Georges: creek, tributary to Monongahela River from east at New Geneva, Fayette County, Pa. (Not George.)

Georges: creek, tributary to the Potomac River, Allegany County, Md. (Not George's.)

Georges: island, Boston Bay, Suffolk County, Mass. (Not George nor St. Georges.)

Georges: islands, Muscongus Bay, Knox County, Me. (Not George's nor St. George's.)

Georges: rock, east of Sheffield Island, Long Island Sound, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not George's.)

***Georges:** township, Fayette County, Pa. (Not George.)

Georgetown: capital and seaport city, Br. Guiana; 6° 50′ N., 58° 20′ W.

Georgetown: township and village, Clay County, Minn. (Not George Town.)

Georgetown: see Taborton, village, N. Y.

Georgetown: see Dalmatia, Pa.

Georgia: constituent republic, Transcaucasian S. F. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); Georgian, Sakartvelo;† Russ. Gruziya;† Fr. Géorgie; Ger. Georgien.

Georgia: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by North Carolina and Tennessee, on the east by South Carolina and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by Florida, and on the west by Florida and Alabama. Area, 59,265 square miles. (Pronounced jôr′-jĭ-a.)

Georgia: strait, between Vancouver Island, British Columbia, and the mainland, Whatcom County, Wash. (Not Gulf of Georgia.)

Georgian: large bay, n. e. Lake Huron, Ontario; 45° 30′ N., 81° W.

Georgiana: hill (Mount Georgiana), altitude 1,315 feet, southeastern Alaska, summit of Cape Georgiana and about five-eighths of a mile east of its extreme point, northwest end of Kruzof Island, lat. 57° 19′.7 N., long. 135° 50′.5 W. Takes name from near-by cape.

Gera: city, Thüringen, Germany; 50° 52′ N., 12° 5′ E.

Gerdine: mountain (Mount Gerdine), altitude 12,600 feet, Mount Spurr district, central Alaska, near lat. 61° 35′ 30″ N., long. 152° 28′ 30″ W. Named in honor of the late Thomas Golden Gerdine, former topographic engineer of the United States Geological Survey, who made several outstanding reconnaissance trips in Alaska.

Gerle: creek and settlement, Eldorado County, Calif. (Not Gurley.)

German: township, Harrison County, Ohio. (Not Germano.)

German: see Germano.

Germania: creek, Custer County, Idaho, rises in unsurveyed T. 7 N., R. 15 E., and empties into East Fork Salmon River in T. 8 N., R. 17 E., Boise meridian.

Germania: see Cologne.

Germano: village, German Township, Harrison County, Ohio. (Not German, Jefferson, nor New Jefferson.)

Germano: see German.

Germantown: see Folsom.

Germany: republic, cen. Europe; Ger. Deutsches Reich, Deutschland; Fr. Allemagne; Cz. Německo; Dan. Tyskland; Dutch, Duitschland; Ital. Germania, Mag. Nemetország; Pol. Niemcy. For territorial changes in 1919, see notes under Preussen, Bayern, Alsace-Lorraine, and Saar Basin Territory.

Gerona: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Gerritsen: inlet, between Barren Island and Plumb Beach, Brooklyn Borough, New York City, N. Y. (Not Dead Horse Inlet.)

Gerster: gulch, Tooele County, Utah, about lat. 40° 12′ N., long. 114° 00′ W., about mile long, drains northeast into Deep Creek, about 1½ miles north of White Sage Flat, and about 3½ miles southwest of Twin Peaks. Named after family reported to have settled present town of Gold Hill.

Gerty: town, Hughes County, Okla. (Not Guertie nor Raydon.)

Gerusalemme: see Jerusalem.

Gesi: see Gosi, Luzon, P. I.

***Geuda Springs:** city, Cowley and Sumner Counties, Kans. (Not East Geuda Springs nor Geuda.)

Geulich: see Gulich.

Geyser: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 41′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., flowing northwest into Gibbon River.

Geyser Springs: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at east end of Paintpot Hill, south end of Gibbon Meadow, near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 11° 44′ W.

Ghats: low mts., s. India (Western Ghats, and Eastern Ghats), on w. and e. margins of the Deccan.

Ghazi-Aïntab: see Gazi Antep.

Ghent: see Gent.

Ghost: group of high pinnacle rocks, on north shore of Sitkalidak Strait. Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 13′ N., long, 153° 03′ W.

Ghost: peak, altitude 6,830 feet, east of Coolwater Mountain, in approximate sec. 33, T. 33 N., R. 9 E., Idaho County, Idaho.

Giaffa: see Jaffa.

Giant: forest, Tulare County, Calif., in and adjacent to sec. 6, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named by John Muir in 1875.

Giant: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near center of Upper Geyser Basin, close to left bank of Firehole River. Named by the Washburn party, 1870.

Giant Castle: mountain, Park County, Wyo., altitude approximately 10,100 feet, near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 01′ W. (Not Sailor Peak.) Named by Capt. William A. Jones, in command of exploration party, 1873.

Giantess: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near south end of Upper Geyser Basin, 1,200 feet northeast of Old Faithful, and 3,800 feet southeast of Giant Geyser, right bank, Firehole River. Named by Washburn party, 1870.

Giappone: see Japan.

Gibaca: see Hibaka, P. I.

Gibbes: peak (Mount Gibbes), altitude about 6,600 feet, Yancey County, N. C., in the Black Mountains, 2 miles southwest of Mount Mitchell. (Not Gibbs.) It was so named about 1852, after Dr. Robert Wilson Gibbes, 1809–1866, of Columbia, S. C., who was the first to measure its altitude.

Gibbon: canyon, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., extending about 5 miles down Gibbon River, beginning just below Monument Geyser Basin.

Gibbon: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 80 feet high, on Gibbon River, between mouths of Secret Valley and Canyon Creeks, near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 46′ W. Takes name from the river.

Gibbon: hill, 8,600 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 42′ W., in bend of Gibbon River.

Gibbon: meadows, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Gibbon River, about 2 miles above, or southwest, of Norris Geyser Basin.

Gibbon: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 45′ N., long. 110° 32′ W., flowing southwest uniting with the Firehole River to form the Madison River, traverses Grebe Lake. Named by Hayden, 1872, for Gen. John Gibbon, who first explored this river. (Not Gibbons Fork.)

Gibbon: see Burnt, hill, Me.

Gibbon: see Gilboa, hill, Me.

Gibbons Fork: see Gibbon, river, Wyo.

Gibbons: Gibbons Glade: see Little Sandy.

Gibbs: point, North Landing River, Princess Anne County, Va. (Not Gibb's.)

Gibbs: see Gibbes.

Gibilterra: see Gibraltar.

Gibraltar: Br. colony and fortress, s. Spain, 36° 10′ N., 5° 20′ W.; strait connecting Mediterranean Sea and Atlantic Ocean, least width 8½ mi.; Ital. Gibilterra.

Gibraltar: rock, massive and square cut, on southeastern side Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Gibraltar: town, Union County, N. C. (Not Gibralter.)

Gibraltar: village, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Gibralter.)

Gibraltar: village, Wayne County, Mich. (Not Gibralter.)

Gibraltar: see San Rafael, P. I.

Gibson: lake, Iron County, Mich., in sec. 21, T. 44 N., R. 33 W., Michigan meridian. (Not Lost.) New name suggested by Michigan Geographic Board in honor of the first white settler, who came to Amasa and to this lake.

Gibson: landing, Mississippi River, Concordia Parish, La. (Not Gibson's.)

Gibson City: city, Ford County, Ill. (Not Gibson.)

Gibson's: see Gibson, landing.

Gibuti: see Djibouti.

Gidda: see Jidda.

Giedainys: see Danzig.

Giesboro: point, Potomac River, D. C. (Not Giesborough.)

Gifu: city, cen. part main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Gihu; 35° 30′ N., 136° 45′ E.

Gig: pass, southeastern Alaska, between islets, into Ogden Passage, west coast Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 37′ N., long. 136° W.

Gig: see Weskeag.

Gigaquit: municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Gignaroy: see Mabalodbalod Gignanoy, P. I.

Gihu: see Gifu.

Gihulngan: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Guiljugan.)

Gijón: pr. hē-hōn′; seaport, province of Oviedo, n. Spain; 43° 25′ N., 5° 40′ W.

Gila: river, chiefly in Arizona, rising near lat. 33° 25′ N., long. 107° 52′ W., in Sierra Co., N. Mex., flows southwesterly into and across Arizona, entering the Colorado River near the southwest corner of the state. (Pronounced, hē′-la.)

Gilbert: bay, about 5 miles long, the south arm of Port Snettisham, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 59′ N., long. 133° 44′ W. Proposed by the Coast and Geodetic Survey, in honor of the late Dr. Charles H. Gilbert, prominent ichthyologist.

Gilbert: chute, island, and landing, Mississippi River, Marion County, Mo. (Not Gilbert's.)

Gilbert: creek, Park County, Wyo., draining into Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River from the north in the eastern portions of Ts. 57–58 N., R. 107 W., sixth principal meridian, Shoshone National Forest. (Not Rock.) Named for an early settler in this region.

Gilbert: lake, 4 miles long, 8 miles east of Trap Point, Behm Canal, 3 miles south of Chickamin River, southeastern Alaska, lat. 55° 47′ N., long. 130° 50′ W. After the late Dr. Charles H. Gilbert, prominent ichthyologist, who contributed largely to the scientific knowledge of the salmon fisheries of Alaska.

Gilbert: mountain, altitude 13,232 feet, Fresno and Inyo Counties, Calif.

Gilbert: peak (Mount Gilbert), altitude 9,550 feet, north of Harriman Fiord, lat. 61° 10′.2 N., long. 148° 16′.5 W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska.

**Gilbert:* see Sweetheart, lake, Alaska.

***Gilbertville:** town, Black Hawk County, Iowa. (Not Gilbertsville.)

Gilboa: hill (Mount Gilboa), 160 feet high, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, ½ mile north of Burnt Hill and 1 mile northwest of West Tremont, near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 68° 22′ W. The biblical name of a range of hills in Palestine where Saul was overwhelmed by the Philistines. (Not Burnt nor Gibbon.)

Gilboa: see Burnt, hill, Me.

Gilbreath: spring, Columbia County, Washington, Umatilla National Forest, in sec. 26, T. 9 N., R. 40 E. Named for Mrs. Margaret H. Gilbreath, 1859—first white woman to settle in the county, and whose home was the first church and school location. (Not Cold.)

Gilchrist: wharf, on the north side of entrance to Thunder Bay River, Alpena County, Mich. (Not Gilchrist's.)

Gildehouse: village, Franklin County, Mo. (Not Gildehaus.)

Gilden: see Gilliland.

Gilette: see Gillette.

Gilford: post light, Illinois River, Calhoun County, Ill. (Not Gilford's.)

Gilkey: harbor, South Islesboro, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Gilkey's.)

Gillam: town and township, Jasper County, Ind. (Not Gillman.)

Gillespie: creek, Ohio County, W. Va. (Not Gillaspies, Glasby, nor Glyspsie.)

Gillette: railroad station, Morris County, N. J. (Not Gilette.)

Gillett Grove: town and township, Clay County, Iowa. (Not Gillett's.)

Gilleys: see Gillie.

Gillford: township, Wabasha County, Minn. (Not Guilford.)

Gilliam: landing, Mississippi River, Jefferson County, Miss. (Not Gilliam's.)

Gillie: creek, Henrico County, Va. (Not Gilliss nor Gilleys.)

Gilliland: canyon, in Glass Mountains, Brewster County, Tex. (Not Gilden, Gillion, nor Gillon.)

Gillingham: town, Kent county, England, s. e. of London; 51° 24′ N., 0° 34′ E.

Gillion: Gillon: see Gilliland.

Gilliss: see Gillie.

Gillman: see Gillam.

Gillmore: creek and town, Wolfe County, Ky. (Not Gilmore.)

Gilman: city, Sugar Creek Township, Harrison County, Mo. (Not Gilman City.)

Gilmanton: town and village, Buffalo County, Wis. (Not Gilmantown.)

Gilmore: village, Allegany County, Md. (Not Midland Junction nor Tannery.)

Gilmore: see Gillmore.

Gilolo: see Halmahera.

Giloma: see Hitoma, P. I.

Giltner: railroad station, Hamilton County, Nebr. (Not Bromfield.)

Gimaga: see Himaga, P. I.

Gimogan: see Himugaan, P. I.

Gin: gulch, west of Bull River, secs. 22, 23, and 26, T. 27 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Gina: see Guia, P. I.

Ginacot: see Guinacot, Bohol, P. I.

Ginagra: see Ginangra, P. I.

Ginamoan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Genamoan nor Ginamuan.)

Ginamuan: see Ginamoan, P. I.

Ginangra: barrio and river, Magallanes Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ginagra.)

Ginapo: see Hinaponggamay, P. I.

Ginapo Daco: see Hinapongdaku, P. I.

Ginatilan: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Gindacpan: barrio, Talibon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guingdacpan.)

Gindi: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guindi nor Hindi.)

Ginevra (city and canton): see Genève.

Ginevra, Lago di: see Geneva (lake).

Gingoog: municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Ginguyuran: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guingoyoran, Guingoyuran, nor Guinguyuran.)

Ginictan: barrio, Atavas Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jinictan, Ginietas, nor Gunitan.)

Ginietas: see Ginictan, P. I.

Ginigaran: see Hinigaran, P. I.

Ginoban: barrio, Sevilla Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guinob-an nor Guinoban.)

Ginonocan: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ganonocan nor Jinonocan.)

Ginoragnan: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ginorangan.)

Ginorangan: see Ginoragnan, P. I.

Ginos: see Kios, P. I.

Ginsularan: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guinsolaran nor Guinsuluran.)

Gintu: island, about 1½ miles southwest of Linapacan Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I. (Not Guintungauan.)

Ginunangan: see Hinunangan, P. I.

Giroan: see Hiraan, P. I.

Gironde: pr. zhē-rôNd′; estuary, Garonne and Dordogne rivers, w. France.

Gish: bay, 3 miles west of Cora Point, on north shore of Coronation Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 55′ N., long. 134° 12′ W.

Gists: see Guess.

Gitnang Bayan: sitio, Paete Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guit-ng-Bayan.)

Gitoma: Gitona: see Hitoma, P. I.

Giwang: barrio, Guindulman Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guio-ang, Guioang, nor Guiuang.)

Giwang: barrio, Alcoy Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Guiwang.)

Giwang: barrio, Imugan Municipality, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guiuang.)

Giwanon: barrio, Baclayon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guinanon, Guiuanon, nor Guiwanon.)

Giwanon: barrio, Maribojoc Municipality: and barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guiuanon nor Guiwanon.)

Giwanon: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Guiuanon.)

Giwanon: barrio, Ginatilan Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Guiuanon nor Guiwanon.)

Gjinokastër (Argyrokastron): town and district, s. Albania; Alb. Gjinokastër; pr. gyē-nō-käs-ter; Gr. Argyrokastron,† pr. aryirókastron; Turk. Ergeri;† 40° 5′ N., 20° 10′ E.

Glacier: basin, in valley of Glacier Creek, NW. quarter T. 4 N., R. 73 W., Rocky Mountain National Park, Larimer County, Colo. (Not Bartholdf Park, Bartholdt Park, nor Bartholf Park.)

Glacier: creek, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., flows from Teton Glacier, near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., southeast into Cottonwood Creek. Named because of the milky color of its water which is characteristic of all streams originating at the terminus of flowing ice fields.

Glacier: gorge, draining north from the west side of Longs Peak, Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo.

Glacier: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 12, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., south boundary Sequoia National Park.

Glacier: peak, on rim of Crater Lake, Oreg. (Not Maxwell nor Shag.)

Glacier: see Cascade, creek, Wyo.

Glacier: see Deming, creek, Wash.

Glacier: see Hillman, peak, Oreg.

Glacier: see Johnson, lake, Calif.

Glacier: see Mount Wilson, Colo.

Glacier: see Placer, river, Alaska.

Glacier Basin: park, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 47′ W., near headwaters of Sprague Creek.

Glacier Brook: see Snow, creek, Calif.

Glacier Island: rocks, between South Tahoma and Tahoma Glaciers, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Glacier Mountain: see Wilson, peak.

Glacierpeau: see Glazypeau.

Glacier View: mountain, sec. 16, T. 33 N., R. 20 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Glacier Wall: cliff, northern side McDonald Creek, below the bend, Flathead County, Mont.

Gladbach-Rheydt: city, w. Germany, in Rhine-Westphalian industrial region; comprises former München-Gladbach, Rheydt, Odenkirchen, and smaller communities, united in 1929; 51° 12′ N., 6° 26′ E.

Gladbeck: city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 34′ N., 6° 45′ E.

Gladdens: run, rising in Southampton Township, Somerset County, and tributary to Wills Creek, Bedford County, Pa. (Not Kennell Mill, Kennell's Mill, nor Runnell's Mill.)

Glade: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., draining Hering Lake, flowing southeast, crossing south park boundary, long. 110° 44′ W., into Snake River.

Gladstone: village, Henderson County, Ill. (Not Gladston.)

Glaize: see Grandglaise: Grandglaize.

Glasby: see Gillespie.

Glasgow: city and seaport, w. Scotland; 55° 50′ N., 4° 15′ W.

Glasier: see Johnson, lake, Calif.

Glasscock: island and towhead, Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Glasscock's.)

Glassford: hill, altitude 6,161 feet, Yavapai County, Ariz., about 6 miles northeast of Prescott, in sec. 17, T. 14 N., R. 1 W., Gila and Salt River meridian, lat. 34° 35′ 18″ N., long. 112° 22′ 58″ W., Prescott National Forest. (Not Bald Mountain.) Named in honor of Col. William A. Glassford, who in the early eighties as lieutenant used this hill as a heliograph station for sending messages to Baker Butte thence eastward to Fort Union in New Mexico.

***Glastenbury:** town, Bennington County, Vt. (Not Glastonbury.)

Glastonbury: town, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Glastenbury.)

Glaucophane: ridge, separating Little Panoche and Panoche Valleys, extending from foot of main range at Vasquez Creek to southwest corner Panoche Hills, San Benito County, Calif.

Glave: see Kelsall.

Glaze: township, Miller County, Mo. (Not Auglaise.)

Glaze: see Grandglaise: Grandglaize.

Glazier: see Elklake, Minn.

Glazier Pole: Glazierpeau: see Glazypeau.

***Glazypeau:** creek, a branch of the Ouachita; and mountain, Garland County, Ark. (Not Glacierpeau, Glazier Pole, Glazierpeau, Glazy Pole, Glazypole, nor Glazypool.)

Gleiwitz: city, Silesia, ext. s. e. Germany; 50° 17′ N., 18° 40′ E.

Glen: creek, Yellowstone National Park, rising near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., flowing southeast and northeast, into Gardiner River.

Glen: lake, Lassen County, Calif., a mile east of Juniper Lake, in secs. 14 and 23, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Glen: see Center Bartlett, village, N. H.

Glencarlyn: railroad station, Arlington County, Va. (Not Carlin, Carlin Spring Station, nor Carlin's.)

Glendale: township and village, Scott County, Minn. (Not Glendule.)

Glendower: see Shandon.

Glendule: see Glendale.

Glen Ellyn: village, Milton Township, Du Page County, Ill. (Not Glenellyn.)

Glen Eyrie: canyon, and stream flowing into it, and locality, El Paso County, Colo. (Not Gleneyrie.)

Glen Grouse: city, Cowley County, Kans. (Not Glengrouse.)

***Glen Haven:** town and village, Grant County, Wis. (Not Glenhaven.)

Glenmont: railroad station, Bethlehem Town, Albany County, N.Y. (Not The Abbey.)

Glenn: peak (Mount Glenn), altitude 9,601 feet, Alaska, northeast of College Fiord, near lat. 61° 21′ N., long. 147° 24′ W. So named for the late Lieut. E. F. Glenn, United States Army, who carried on explorations in College Fiord, 1898.

Glenn: rocks, Ohio River, near Martinsville, Wetzel County, W. Va. (Not Glenn's Rocks.)

***Glenn Dale:** post office, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Glenndale.) Named after John Glenn.

Glenns: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 113° 48′ W., traversed by Middle Fork of Belly River.

Glenns: run, Ohio County, W. Va. (Not Glen's.)

Glenn's Rocks: see Glenn, rocks.

Glenns Run: village, Ohio County, W. Va. (Not Glens.)

Glenosborne: Glen Osborne: see Osborne.

Glenosburn: see Osborne.

Glenpark: railroad station, Lake County, Ind. (Not Kelley.)

Glen's: see Glenns, run.

Glens: see Glenns Run.

Glenview: railroad station, Morris County, N. J. (Not Whitehall nor Whitehall Station.)

Glenwood: canyon, Grand River, at Glenwood Springs, Garfield County, Colo. (Not Grand River.)

Glenwood: village and terminus of volcano branch of Hilo Railroad, about 9 miles from Kilauea Volcano, T. H.

Globe: city, on Pinal Creek, Gila County, Ariz.

Gloucester: pr. glŏs'ter; city, and county (Gloucestershire), w. England; 51° 50′ N., 2° 15′ W.

Gloucester: harbor, Essex County Mass. (Not Cape Ann.)

Glyspie: see Gillespie.

Gnadenhutten: village, Tuscarawas County, Ohio. (Not Gnaden'n.)

Gnargwa: see Ganargua.

Gnat: lake, sec. 21, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., drained by Fairy Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Gneiss: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 57′ W., flowing southwest and west into Cougar Creek, 1¾ miles west of park.

Gnesen: township, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Guesen.)

Goa: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Gôa: Port. ter., w. coast of India; capital city, Nova Gôa, India; 15° 35′ N., 74° E.

Goat: creek, draining Goat Lake, west of Mount Wow, and tributary to Nisqually River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Goat: harbor, on east side of Puget Bay, south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 60° N., long. 148° 30′ W. So named in 1928 because of the numerous wild goats found in this vicinity.

Goat: island, western end Sukkwan Strait, between North and South Passes, near lat. 55° 12′ N., long. 132° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Goats nor Goat's.)

Goat: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 35′ W., on northeast slope of Goat Mountain, draining northeast into Roes Creek. So named on recommendation of the National Park Service.

Goat: lake, in saddle west of Mount Wow, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Goat: mountain, Lemhi County, Idaho, 2 or 3 miles east of Middle Fork, Salmon River, near lat. 45° 12′ N.

Goat: mountain, altitude 8,816 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 35′ W.

Goat: see Snow, peak, Idaho.

Goat: see Street, creek, Mont.

Goat: see Yerba Buena, island, Calif.

Goathaunt: mountain, 8,603 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 113° 51′ W.

Goat Mountain: see McLeod, peak, Wash.

Goats: Goat's: see Goat, island, Alaska.

Goba: see Gaba, P. I.

Gobbemichigamme: Gobbemichigomog: see Gabimichigami.

Gobernación de Tierra del Fuego: see Tierra del Fuego.

Gobi, The: desert, mostly in Mongolia; Chinese, Kwopi Shamo. Not Gobi Desert.

Gobi Desert: see Gobi, The.

Goblin: see Hoodoo.

Goddard: creek, Ts. 31 and 32 N., Rs. 6 and 7 E., tributary to Selway River from southwest, Idaho County, Idaho. (Not Big Cedar nor Lower Cedar.)

Goddard's: see Lubberland.

Godwin: glacier, east of Resurrection Bay, near head, lat. 60° 06′.5 N., long. 149° 17′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Godwin River: see Fourth of July, creek, Alaska.

Goff: eastern point of entrance to Napeague Harbor, Long Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Goffs.)

Goffe: see Hicks, island, N. Y.

Gogon: barrio, Goa Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Halauig Gogon.)

Gogoosing: see Cacoosing.

Goiás or **Goyaz:** pr. goi-äz′; state, cen. Brazil.

Going Snake: village, Adair County, Okla. (Not Goingsnake.)

Going-to-the-Sun: mountain, altitude 9,594 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 38′ W.

Gold: flat, Nye County, Nev., west of Quartzite Mountain, near lat. 37° 30′ N., long. 116° 30′ W.

Gold and Galligan: lagoon, between Barnes and Sweet Lakes, northeastern part of Prince of Wales Island, near lat. 55° 58′ N., long. 132° 58′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Gold Coast: Br. colony, w. Africa, on the Gulf of Guinea; 6° N., 1° W.

Golden: see Goulding, creek, Mont.

Golden Horn: northern of two long narrow arms at the western end of Lake Beverley, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 42′ N., long. 158° 55′ W.

Golden Trout: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising near Cottonwood Pass, on the Sierra Nevada, near lat. 36° 27′ N., long. 118° 13′ W., flows southwest into Kern River on the Sequoia National Park Boundary. (Not Volcano nor Whitney.)

Golden Trout: see Whitney, meadows, Calif.

***Goldfield:** mountains, Maricopa county, Ariz., in T. 2 N., Rs. 7–8 E., Gila and Salt River meridian. (Not Harosoma nor Orohai, two names given in Fifth Report for these mountains.)

Gold Hill: railroad station, Lee County, Ala. (Not Gold Mine, Gold Ridge, nor Goldhill.)

Golding: post light, Mississippi River, near Bellevue, Jackson County, Iowa. (Not Golding's.)

Goldman: town, Tensas Parish, La. (Not Goldman's.)

Gold Mine: see Gold Hill.

Gold Queen: basin and gulch, southeast Abajo Peak, draining to South Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

Gold Ridge: see Gold Hill.

Goldsboro: see Goldsborough, spring and creeks, Md.

*Goldsborough: creek, tributary to Miles River from east, Talbot County, Md. (Not Goldsboro nor Goldsborough's.)

*Goldsborough: creek, tributary to Tred Avon River from east near Oxford, Talbot County, Md. (Not Goldboro's, Goldsboro, Goldsborough's, nor Otwell.)

*Goldsborough: spring, east of Miles River and north of Goldsborough Creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Goldsboro.)

Gold Spring: see Cold Spring.

Goler: canyon, Inyo County, Calif., heads at the southwest end of Butte Valley, and leads west to Panamint Valley, near lat. 35° 52′.6 N., long. 117° 08′.7 W. (Not Goler Wash.)

Goler Wash: see Goler, canyon, Calif.

Goleta: point, southwest of Goleta, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Pelican.)

Goleta: point, Puerto Rico, on north shore Vieques Island, the east point at entrance to Port Negro, near long. 65° 21′ 20″ W. (Not Punta Negra.)

Golofnin: bay and sound, off Norton Sound, lat. 64° 30′ N., long. 163° 00′ W., Alaska. (Not Golofnine nor Golovin.)

Golog: see Gulod, P. I.

Golovin: see Golofnin.

Golts: railroad station, Kent County, Md. (Not Golt.)

Gomel: city, near Dnieper river, White Russian S. S. R. Soviet Union (Russia); 52° 25′ N., 30° 55′ E. (Not Homel.)

Gompertz: channel, between East Foreland and North Foreland, Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Gonaïves: pr. gō-nä-ēf′; city, Haiti; 19° 23′ N., 72° 39′ W.

Gonob: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Gon-ob.)

Gonzaga: bay, lat. 29° 45′ N., approximate, near Point Final, east coast Lower California. (Not San Luis Gonzaga nor San Luis Gonzales.)

Gonzales: barrio, Tubao Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Gonzales: barrio, Umingan Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Gonzales: see Gonzalez, P. I.

Gonzalez: barrio, Pangil Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gonzales.)

Gooch: see Gatch, falls, Oreg.

Good: creek, tributary to Big Creek from northwest, in sec. 35, T. 35 N., R. 30 W., Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Middle Fork Big.)

Good: creek, extending from Elk Mountain to its junction with Logan Creek, in T. 31 N., R. 23 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Goodale: pass, Fresno County, Calif., in Silver Divide just east of Silver Pass, west slope Sierra Nevada, between the valleys of Mono and Fish Creeks, near lat. 37° 28′ N., long. 118° 55′ W.

Good Beer: see Beer.

Goodbys: creek, Duval County, Fla. (Not Goodbys Lake, Goodsby's, nor Mosby.)

Goode: peak (Mount Goode), altitude 10,600 feet, northwest of College Fiord, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 61° 20′ N., long. 148° 00′ W. After R. U. Goode, geographer, United States Geological Survey, in charge of the Pacific division, topographic branch, at the time the first work in Alaska was executed.

Goode: peak (Mount Goode), altitude 13,068 feet, on crest of Sierra Nevada, Fresno and Inyo Counties, Calif., near lat. 37° 08′ N., long. 118° 35′ W. The culminating peak of Black Divide, properly called Black Giant, nearly 5 miles west of the peak here described, has also been called Mount Goode. See Black Giant.

Goode: see Black Giant, peak, Calif.

Goode: see Bonanza, peak, Wash.

Goodenow: see Goodnow.

Good Hope: cape, s. w. tip of Africa; Dutch, Kaap de Goede Hoop; Port. Cabo de Boa Esperança: 34° 20′ S., 18° 30′ E.

Good Intent: town, Atchison County, Kans. (Not Goodintent.)

Goodluck Island: see Hither, island. N. J.

Goodluck Sedge: an island of marsh, Ocean County, N. J., in the southeastern part of Little Egg Harbor Township, south of Little Egg Harbor, between the south ends of Story Island and Hither Island. The island previously charted as "Goodluck Island" is here called Hither Island.

Goodnow: mountain, pond, and river, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Goodenow nor Goodwin.)

Goodrich: pond, near Pittsfield, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Sylvan.)

Goodrich: post light, Mississippi River, East Carroll Parish, La. (Not Goodrich's.)

Goodridge: rocks, San Juan River, 25 miles below Bluff, San Juan County, Utah.

Goodsby's: see Goodbys.

Goodwill: village, Cumberland County, Tenn. (Not Johnson Stand.)

Goodwin: mountain, altitude 7,250 feet, T. 3 N., R. 5 W., south of Pony Creek and northeast Lower Whitetail Park, Jefferson County, Mont.

Goodwin: see Goodnow.

Googins: ledge, Hancock County, Me., in Eastern Bay, north of Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 68° 18′ W. Family name. (Not Googin's.)

Goos: see Goosmus.

Goose: creek, in the northeastern part of Clearwater County, Idaho, on the western slope of Bitterroot Range, draining Goose Lake, southwest to Lake Creek which flows northwest into the north fork of Clearwater River. (Not Goose Lake.)

Goose: creek, Sheridan County, Wyo., formed by the junction of East Goose and West Goose Creeks in sec. 9, T. 54 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northeasterly to empty into Tongue River in T. 57 N., R. 84 W. (Not Big Goose.)

Goose: group of lakes, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 51′ W., near center of Lower Geyser Basin.

Goose: point, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Clam.)

Goose: pond, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Lake May.)

Goose: see Nellag, island, Alaska.

Goose: see Swan, lake, Me.

Goose: see Cranberry, creek, N. Y.

Gooseberry Island: ledge, entrance to Burnt Coat Harbor, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not The Bull.)

***Goose Lake:** village, Clinton County, Iowa. (Not Gooselake.)

Goose Lake: see Goose, creek, Idaho.

Gooseneck: point, southeastern Alaska, south side entrance to Gooseneck Harbor, near lat. 54° 52′ 5″, long. 133° 03′.

Goose Pond: brook, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Chanter's nor Chaucer's.)

Gooskee: see Gooski.

Gooski: lake and prairie, Marion County, Fla. (Not Gooskee, Gooskie, nor Goosky.)

Goosmus: creek, Ferry County, Wash. (Not Goos nor Koosmus.)

Gorcha: see Korçë.

Gorda: point (Point Gorda), on eastern coast, P. R. (Not Punta Gorda.)

Gorder: lake, Scott Township, Stevens County, Minn. (Not Frog.)

Gordon: ferry and landing, Mississippi River, Jackson County, Iowa. (Not Gordon's.)

Gordon: see Gun, island, N. H.

Gordon: see Loon, island, N. H.

Gordon: see Wahkeena, falls, Oreg.

Gorely: see Gareloi.

Goreville: town and township, Johnson County, Ill. (Not Goresville.)

Gorge: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, tributary of Thorofare River flowing westerly, lat. 63° 25′ 50″ N., long. 150° 16′ W. So called for a deep gorge through which it flows near its mouth.

Gorge: creek, tributary to West Fork, Mill Creek from west, secs. 13, 14, and 15, T. 7 S., R. 9 E., Park County, Mont. (Not Bear.)

Gorge: lake, T. 36 N., R. 108 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Gorham: mountain, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me.

Gori: point, on southern shore of Raspberry Island, north of Kodiak Island, Alaska, lat. 57° 59′ N., long. 153° 03′ W. (Not Mountain.)

Gorica: see Korçë.

Goritsa: see Korçë.

Gorizia: pr. gō-rē′tsē-ä; prov. and seaport, n. e. Italy; 45° 56′ N., 13° 40′ E.

***Gorki:** city on the Volga River, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 56° 20′ N., 43° 55′ E. Until 1932, Nizhni Novgorod; resolution passed on October 9, 1932, by Presidium of the Central Executive Committee of the U. S. S. R. changing name in honor of Maxim Gorki, the writer.

Görlitz: city, Silesia, e. Germany; 51° 10′ N., 15° E.

Gorman: creek, Beaverhead County, Mont., in secs. 31, 32, and 33, T. 3 S., R. 12 W., Montana meridian, emptying into Wise River, Beaverhead National Forest. (Not Fox.)

Gorret: rock, bare 2 feet, 100 yards off southwest point of Dutchcap Cay, lat. 18° 22′ 48″ N., long. 65° 03′ 52″ W. Virgin Islands.

Gose: see Gosi, P. I.

Goshen: town, Rockbridge County, Va. (Not Goshen Bridge.)

Goshkevicha: see Chosan.

Gosi: barrio, Tuguegarao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gesi.)

Gosi: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Gose.)

Gosier: island, lat. 29° 31′ N., long. 89° 05′ 50″ W., 4 miles ENE. of Breton Island, Plaquemines Parish, La.

Goson: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

***Göteborg:** seaport, s. w. Sweden; 57° 43′ N., 11° 58′ E. Not Gothenburg.

Gothenburg: see Göteborg.

Gothic: mesa and wash, Apache County, Ariz., and San Juan County, Utah.

Gothic Wash: see Walker, creek, Ariz.

Gothland: see Gotland.

Gotland: large Swedish island, in Baltic, also spelled Gottland; 57° 45′ N., 18° 45′ E. Not Gothland.

Gottland: see Gotland.

Gotts: see Great Gott and Little Gott, islands, Me.

Gottschee: see Kočevje.

Gould: mount (Mount Gould), altitude 9,541 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., on county boundary and Continental Divide. Named by G. B. Grinnell, 1887, for George H. Gould, a hunting companion.

***Goulding:** creek, to the west of Halfbreed Creek, Musselshell County, Mont. (Not Golden nor Goulden.)

Goulding: harbor, southeastern Alaska, north end Portlock Harbor, west coast Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 47′ N. (Not Pinta, bay.) So named by Portlock, 1787.

Gourd: island, southeastern Alaska, entrance to Waterfall Bay, west coast of Dall Island, near lat. 54° 56′ 3″ N., long. 133° 08′ 5″ W. In shape the island resembles a gourd.

Government: island, east of La Salle Island, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Ile William nor Ile Williams.)

Government: well, on Apache Trail about 1½ miles beyond Superstition Mountains, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Government: see Lapham, hill, Wis.

Governors: island, New York Harbor. (Not Governor's.)

Governors: island, Winnipesaukee Lake, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Davis nor Governor's.)

Governor's: see Governors.

Goyaz: see Goiás.

Grace: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 114° 00′ W.

Grace: mountain, 2,630 feet high, southeastern Alaska, on Dall Island, about 1¼ miles west of Grace Harbor, near lat. 54° 55′, long. 132° 57′.

Grace Coolidge: creek, Custer County, S. Dak., rising in T. 3 S., R. 5 E., flowing northeast joining Battle Creek in southeast corner T. 2 S., R. 7 E., 2 miles southwest of Hermosa. So named in honor of Mrs. Calvin Coolidge, by concurrent resolution of Legislature of South Dakota, approved July 1, 1927. (Not Squaw.)

Grace Harbor: bay, on west side of Tlevak Strait near its junction with Kaigani Strait, lat. 54° 54′.5 N., long. 132° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Gradec: see Graz.

Gradual: point, northern side Passage Canal, about 1 mile west of Poe Bay, lat. 60° 49′ N., long. 148° 33′ W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Graffam: island, off the coast of Knox County, Me., near lat. 43° 59′ N., long. 69° 06′ W. After Jacob Graffam, original owner of the island. (Not Grafton nor Graffum.)

Graffum: see Graffam.

Grafton: see Graffam.

Grafton: see Grayton.

Grafts: see Crafts.

Graham: mountain, altitude 5,717 feet, T. 49 N., Rs. 2 and 3 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Grama: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of Canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 13′ W.

Grambocola: see Grambokola.

Grambokola: hill and peninsula, between Mosquito and Krum Bays, southern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Grambocola.)

***Grampians, The (Grampian Hills):** mtn. range, crossing Scotland, s. w. and n. e.

Granada: pr. grä-nä′dä; city, Nicaragua; 11° 58′ N., 85° 58′ W.

Granada: pr. grä-nä′-dä; province and city, s. Spain; Sp. Granada; Fr. Grenade; Ital. Granata; 37° 13′ N., 3° 41′ W.

Gran Bretagna: see Great Britain.

Grand: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., central part of Upper Geyser Basin, on right bank of Firehole River, about 1,300 feet south of Giant Geyser, erupts 15 to 30 minutes every 10 to 12 hours to height of 200 feet. Named by Hayden party, 1871.

Grand: lake, 35 miles long, on Atchafalaya River, Iberia, St. Martin, and St. Mary Parishes, La. (Not Chestimacha, Chetemacha, Chetimaches, Chitimacha, nor Sorrel.)

Grand: lake, Aroostook County, Me (Not Schoodic.)

Grand: park, on table-land between West Fork of White River and Huckleberry Creek, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Grand: portage, between Pigeon River and Grand Portage Bay, Cook County, Minn., near International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

Grand: river, northern tributary to Missouri River, northwestern Missouri and southwestern Iowa. From source downward it traverses Union and Ringgold Counties, Iowa, Worth, Gentry, Daviess, and Livingston Counties, Mo., and is the boundary between Carroll and Chariton Counties, Mo. (Not West Grand nor West Fork Grand.)

Grand: see Neosho, river, Kans.-Okla.

Grand: see South Grand, river, Mo.

Grand: see Thompson, river, Mo.-Iowa.

Grand: see Wolfe.

Grand Anglais: Grand Anglaise: Grand Auglaize: see Grandglaize, creek, Mo.

Grand Bahama: pr. grănd ba-hā′ma; island, the Bahamas.

Grand Banks: elevated submarine plateau, extending southeast from the coast of Newfoundland, Atlantic Ocean. (Not Grand Bank, Great Bank of Newfoundland, nor Banks, The.)

***Grand Canyon:** the great canyon of Colorado River, nearly 280 miles long, in Coconino and Mohave Counties, Ariz., extending from the mouth of Paria River and Lees Ferry nearly to the mouth of Grapevine Wash.

Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone: picturesque gorge, Yellowstone National Park, great gorge of the Yellowstone River, between the Lower Falls and about 1 mile below the mouth of Tower Creek. Discovered by John Colter, 1807.

Grande: pr. grän'deh; river, Nicaragua.

Grande, Rio: see Rio Grande.

Grande Bretagne: see Great Britain.

Grande Pointe au Sable: see Big Sable.

Grande Ronde: see Grand Ronde.

***Grandglaise:** village, Jackson County, Ark. (Not Glaize, Glaze, nor Grand Glaize.)

Grandglaize: creek, Miller and Camden Counties, Mo. (Not Auglaize, Dry Glaize, Glaize, Glaze, Grand Anglais, Grand Anglaise, Grand Auglaize, nor Wet Glaize.)

Grand Gosier: see Errol.

Grand Liard: bayou (Bayou Grand Liard), Plaquemines Parish, La. (Not Laird.)

Grand Manitoulin: see Manitoulin.

Grand Neuf: see Long, portage, Minn.-Ont.

Grand Pacific: glacier, at head of Tarr Inlet, tributary to Reid Inlet, lat. 59° 05′ N., long. 137° 05′ W., Glacier Bay, Alaska. (Not Johns Hopkins.)

Grand Portage: bay, northern shore Lake Superior, near International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Grand Prismatic: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in Lower Geyser Basin at south end. Noted for remarkable prismatic coloring.

Grand Rapids: city, in Kent Co., Michigan, on the Grand River, near lat. 42° 58′ N., long. 85° 40′ W. Population in 1930, 168,650. (Pronounced, grănd răp'-ĭdz.)

Grand Reservoir: see St. Marys, lake, Ohio.

Grand River: see Glenwood, canyon.

***Grand Ronde:** village, Polk County, Oreg. (Not Grande Ronde.)

Grand Teton: mountain, altitude 13,747 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 48′ W. This is the highest mountain in the State, with the exception of Gannett Peak, and the most northern and loftiest of the "Trois Tetons" of the early French trappers.

Grandview: town and township, Louisa County, Iowa. (Not Grand View.)

Grandview: town and township, Washington County, Ohio. (Not Grand View.)

Grandview: township and village, Edgar County, Ill. (Not Grand View.)

***Grandview:** trail, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., down south wall of canyon from Grandview Point near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 111° 59′ W., to the Colorado River. (Not Berry.)

Grandview: village, Spencer County, Ind. (Not Grand View.)

Grange: village, Fleming County, Ky. (Not Grange City.)

Granite: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 37′ N., long. 110° 50′ W., crosses south boundary of park about 2 miles southwest of Phelps Lake.

Granite: cape, southern end Granite Island, lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 149° 46′ W., south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Granite: cove, western side of Columbia Bay, near lat. 60° 58′ N., long. 147° 10′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Granite: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, heading on the north slope of Mount Eielson and flowing north of Thorofare River, lat. 63° 24′ N., long. 150° 18′ 30″ W. This is a local name.

Granite: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 25, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., flowing northwest into Middle Fork, Kaweah River in sec. 17, Sequoia National Park.

Granite: creek, Bonner County, Idaho, formed by the junction of its north and south forks in T. 62 N., R. 5 W., Boise meridian; tributary to Priest Lake in T. 61 N., R. 4 W.

Granite: creek, Teton County, Wyo., rising near lat. 43° 26′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., flows southerly into Hoback River. (Not Scholing.)

*__Granite:__ gorge of the Colorado River, in Grand Canyon, about 41 miles long, from 16 to 57 miles below the mouth of Little Colorado River, Coconino County, Ariz. (See also Middle Granite and Lower Granite.)

Granite: group of hills, Teller County, Colo. (Not Catamount Hills.)

Granite: island, about 5 miles long, at entrance to Harris Bay, lat. 59° 38′ N., long. 149° 49′ W., south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Granite: islands, group of three, southeastern Alaska, west of Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 36′. Descriptive name suggested by Coast Survey field party, 1925.

Granite: lake, between Pine and Round Lakes, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Granite: park, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 48′ W., near west entrance to Swiftcurrent Pass. Named by early prospectors and trappers who mistook the outcrop of lava for granite.

Granite: pass, Larimer County, Colo., between Mount Lady Washington and Battle Mountain, in sec. 31, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., sixth principal meridian.

Granite: passage, 4½ miles long, on northeast side of Granite Island, dividing it from the peninsula east of Harris Bay, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 39′ N., long. 149° 48′ W.

Granite: peak, in southwestern part of Carbon County, Mont., in approx. lat. 45° 09′ N., long. 109° 49′ W., at the head of Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River, Absaroka National Forest. Said to be the highest point in Montana.

Granite: point, forming upper end of Trading Bay and southwest corner of Moquawkie Indian Reservation, lat. 61° 00′ .5 N., long. 151° 21′ W., west side Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Granite: see West Fork, creek, Alaska.

Granite: see Muddy, creek, Colo.

Granite: see Orogrande, creek, Idaho.

Granite: see Wallowa, mountains, Oreg.

Granite: see Seminoe, dam site, Wyo.

Granite Basin: lake, on Revillagigedo Island, about 1¾ miles northeast by east of Ketchikan Village, southeastern Alaska. (Not Granite Basin Lake.)

Granite Gorge: the granite-walled deeper canyon of the Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., beginning near long. 111° 57′ W., and continuing down the Colorado River to and beyond Huxley Terrace, a total distance of about 40 miles.

Granite Mountain: see Pilot Knob.

Granite Park: cirque and hanging valley, Inyo County, Calif.

Granny Run: post light, Ohio River, Meigs County, Ohio. (Not Granny's Run.)

Grant: prominent cape, on west side of Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 25′.3 N., long. 154° 43′.3 W., Alaska. Named after the Revenue cutter *Grant* by the Coast and Geodetic Survey field party in the survey of 1919.

Grant: creek, southeastern Alaska, large mainland stream, tributary from the north to Burroughs Bay, Behm Canal, near lat. 56° 2′ N., long. 131° 12′ W.

Grant: lagoon, about 1 mile long, on west coast of Kodiak Island, Alaska, and about 3 miles northeast of Cape Grant, lat. 57° 28′ N., long. 154° 39′ W.

Grant: lake, east of Trail Lakes, near lat. 60° 09′ N., long. 149° 17′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Grant: peak, altitude 10,750 feet, the summit of Mount Baker, forming north rim of Summit Crater, Whatcom County, Wash.

Grant: see Culcross, island, Alaska.

Grant Farm: island, Indian River, near Micco, Brevard County, Fla. (Not Grant's Farm.)

Grants Pass: city, Josephine County, Oreg. (Not Grant's Pass.)

Grantsville: city and precinct, Tooele County, Utah. (Not Grantville nor Grantsville City.)

Grapevine: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near rim on the south wall of the canyon, near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 112° 00′ W., flows thence northerly into the Colorado River.

Grapevine: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., in T. 6 S., R. 29 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows east into the Big Horn River in about sec. 8, T. 6 S., R. 31 E.

Grapevine: mountains, part of Amargosa Range, north of Boundary Canyon, Inyo County, Calif.

Grapevine Canyon: pass, Amargosa Range, Esmeralda and Nye Counties, Nev. (Not Bethune Pass.)

Grass: creek, Ts. 64 and 65 N., Rs. 3 and 4 W., tributary to Boundary Creek near the International Boundary, Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Meadow.)

Grass: creek, Hot Springs County, Wyo., rising in sec. 20, T. 45 N., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian, flows easterly to join Cottonwood Creek near center of T. 45 N., R. 96 W.

Grass: river, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not De Grasse, Grasse, nor La Grasse.)

Grass: see Bellaire, lake, Mich.

Grass: see Simpson, mountains, Utah.

Grasse: see Grass, river, N. Y.

Grasshopper: see Delaware.

Grassy: point, St. Johns River, South Jacksonville, Duval County, Fla. (Not Heddrick nor Hendricks.)

Grassy: see Hendricks, point, Fla.

Grassy: see Horseshoe, lake, Calif.

Grassy: see Oglethorpe.

Grassy Glade: pasture, Lane County, Oreg. (Not Horse.)

Grassy Knob: see Oglethorpe.

Gratton: see Gatton.

Gratz: see Graz.

Grave: lake, Fremont County, Wyo., in unsurveyed secs. 2–3, T. 33 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, drained by Little Wind River. Name has its origin in the fact that one Bill Hobbs while prospecting here around 1905 found a grave near the lake in which he thought some one had been recently buried. In it, however, he found a sheepherder's dog.

Grave: see Grove, township, Minn.

Gravel: mountain, altitude 5,890 feet, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, at the head of Gorge Creek, lat. 63° 25′ 30″ N., long. 150° 11′ 45″ W. A curious gravel bank was discovered on top of this mountain by members of the Geological Survey party.

Gravel: see Bennay.

Gravelly: island, east of Boot Island, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Ile aux Cochons.)

Gravelly: range of mountains, lying north of Centennial Valley just east of Ruby River, south of Virginia City, and west of Madison Valley, Madison National Forest, Madison County, Mont.

Gravelly: see Lookout, point, Mich.

Gravenhage, 's: see 's Gravenhage.

Graves, The: group of rocks, entrance to Boston Harbor, Mass. (Not Graves Ledge.)

Graves, The: ledge of rocks, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Graves.)

Gravette: railroad station, Benton County, Ark. (Not Gravett.)

Graveyard: point, northern shore Port Fidalgo, lat. 60° 48′.5 N., long. 146° 33′.5 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Graveyard: see Dorseys, creek, Md.

Graveyard: see Kingsland, reach, Va.

Graveyard: see Peratovich, island, Alaska.

Gravina Rocks: rocky islets, Port Gravina, lat. 60° 40′ N., long. 146° 16′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Gravosa: see Gruž.

Gray: cliff, on the east side at the entrance to Seldovia Harbor, about 1 mile southward of Seldovia Point, lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 151° 43′.5 W., Alaska.

Gray: creek, emptying into Anan Lagoon, south shore Bradfield Canal, head of Ernest Sound, lat. 56° 11′ N., long. 131° 49′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Gray: glacier, southeastern Alaska, 10 miles northwest of Hyder, head of Portland Canal, draining to north bank of Thumb Creek, near lat. 56° N., long. 130° 10′ W. So named in reference to the gray bowlders of which its moraine is composed.

Gray: peak in Yosemite National Park, Madera County, Calif., near lat. 37° 40′ N., long. 119° 25′ W. (Not Hayes.)

Gray: peak, altitude 10,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 53′ W.

Gray: rock, 3 feet out at high water, lat. 57° 35′ N., long. 136° 07′ W., Khaz Bay, Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Gray Bull: Graybull: see Greybull.

Grayling: creek, northwestern Alaska, on north bank of Colville River, near lat. 69° 05′ N., long. 158° 30′ W. In reference to the fact that the United States Geological Survey expedition, 1925, caught their first grayling here.

Grayling: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising in lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., flowing northwest and then southwest into Madison River, outside the park.

Graymont: village in Erie County, N. Y. (Not Ebenezer Station.)

Grayrock: peak, San Juan County, Colo.

Grays: island in marsh near Elliott, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Blackwalnut.)

Grays: lake, Caribou and Bonneville Counties, Idaho. (Not Gray's, John Day, John Gray, nor John Grays.)

Grays: peak, altitude 5,010 feet, sec. 18, T. 46 N., R. 7 E., between Turkey and Ward Creeks, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Grays: post light, Mississippi River, Scott County, Mo. (Not Gray's nor Lacroix.)

Grays: reef, north end of Lake Michigan, Mich. (Not Gray's.)

Grays: see Greys, creek, Del.

Gray's: see Grays.

Graysburg: see Milburnton.

Graysill: mountain, San Juan County, Colo.

Grayton: town, Charles County, Md. (Not Grafton.)

Graz: pr. gräts; city, s. e. Austria; Serb-Croat, Gradec, pr. grädets; 47° 3′ N., 15° 28′ E. Not Gratz, Gräz.

Greasewood: spring, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Dewogibito.)

Great: brook, Lovell and Stoneham Towns, Oxford County, Me. (Not Big.)

Great: hill, 540 feet high, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, directly west of town of Bar Harbor, near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 68° 14′ W. (Not Great Pond Hill.)

Great: point, Nantucket Island, Mass. (Not Sandy.)

Great: see Alamoosook, lake, Me.

Great: see Eagle, lake, Me.

Great: see Sebascodegan, island, Me.

Great: see Winthrop, head, Mass.

Great Back Bone: see Backbone.

Great Bank of Newfoundland: see Grand Banks.

Great Bay: see Winnisquam.

Great Bear: lake, n. w. Canada; 66° N., 121° W.

Great Bend: city, Barton County, Kans. (Not Greatbend.)

Great Britain: island comprising England, Wales, and Scotland; Fr. Grande Bretagne; Ger. Groszbritannien; Ital. Gran Bretagna.

Great Cacapon: Great Capon: see Cacapon, river, W. Va.

Great Captain: island, Long Island Sound, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Great Captain's.)

Great Captain's Island: see Captain.

Great Chazy: river, draining Chazy Lake to Lake Champlain, Clinton County, N. Y. (Not Big Chazy, Champlain, nor Chazy.)

Great Cruz: see Calvary.

Great Diamond: island, Portland Harbor, Me. (Not Great Hog.)

Great Dome: see Balloon Dome.

***Great Egg:** bay, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Great Egg Harbor.)

***Great Egg:** inlet, between Atlantic and Cape May Counties, N. J. (Not Egg Harbor nor Great Egg Harbor.)

***Great Egg:** river, Camden and Gloucester Counties, flowing southeasterly through Atlantic County, and entering Great Egg Bay, N. J. (Not Great Egg Harbor, Innskeeps, Inskeeps, nor Inskeep's.)

Greater Walachia: see Muntenia.

Great Fountain: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near southeast border of Lower Geyser Basin.

Great Gott: island, Hancock County, Me., south of Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 12′ N., long. 68° 20′ W. Local name, after David Gott, former owner. (Not Gotts.)

Great Head: point, on western side Great Cranberry Island, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 68° 17′ W. (Not High Head.)

Great Hog: see Great Diamond.

Great Hogback: see Toxaway.

Great Hog Neck: Southold Town, Suffolk County, N. Y.

Greathouse: peak, altitude about 8,700 feet, near the south boundary of Fergus County, Mont., in the Great Snowy Mountains, on the west side of Half Moon Pass, near lat. 46° 46′ N., long. 109° 21′ W. (Not Half Moon.) So named in honor of R. L. Greathouse, district forest ranger in the Big Snowy Mountains, 1913–1917, who died from injuries received in the World War.

Great Kanawha: see Kanawha.

Great Krum: see Krum.

Great Manchas: see Machos Grandes.

Great Marsh: see Broad Marsh.

Great Meadows: see Danville.

Great Moose Lake: see Moose, pond, Me.

Great Neck: creek, Amityville, Babylon Township, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y., on north side of Great South Bay, lat. 40° 40′ N., long. 73° 23′ W. Name shown erroneously on some maps as Strongs which is the first creek immediately east.

Great Neck: peninsula, north end of Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Sippican Neck.)

Great Nesenkeag: see Nesenkeag.

Great New: see Long, portage, Minn.-Ont.

Great Northside: see Magens.

Great Peedee: see Pee Dee.

Great Piute Wash: see Piute, valley and wash, Calif.

Great Pond: see Cochichewick, lake, Mass.

Great Pond: see Eagle, lake, Me.

Great Pond Hill: see Great, hill, Me.

Great Porcupine: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., rises in T. 12 N., R. 35 E., Montana principal meridian, flows southeast into the Yellowstone River in T. 6 N., R. 39 E.

Great Sitchin: see Great Sitkin.

Great Sitkin: island, altitude 5,033 feet, lat. 52° 04′ N., long. 176° 06′ W., Andreanof group, Middle Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Great Sitchin.)

Great Slave: lake, n. w. Canada; 61° N., 114° W.

Great Smoky: mountains, Great Smoky Mountains National Park, N. C., and Tenn., the lofty watershed extending centrally in a northeasterly direction through the park from the Little Tennessee River, near lat. 35° 27′ 45″ N., long. 83° 57′ 30″ W., to the Pigeon River, near lat. 35° 46′ 15″ N., long. 83° 05′ 50″ W. The first written reference to the name Smoky is probably that found in the act of cession, passed in 1789 by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, which in delimiting the boundaries of North Carolina and of what is now the State of Tennessee stated, ". . . thence along the highest ridge of the said mountain to the place where it is called Great Iron or Smoky Mountain."

Great Sodus: see Sodus.

Great Tisbury: see Tisbury Great.

Great West: see Shinnecock.

Great Western: divide, Tulare County, Calif., north and south ridge through the middle of Sequoia National Park which delimits the drainage of Kern River on the west and Kaweah River on the east.

Great Wicomico: river, Northumberland County, Va. (Not Wicomico.)

Great Wicomico: see Wicomico.

Great Yarmouth: see Yarmouth.

Grebe: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 45′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., center of catchbasin for headwaters of Gibbon River.

Greble: town, Lebanon County, Pa. (Not Greenville.)

Grèce: see Greece.

Grecia: see Greece.

Greece: republic, s. Europe; Gr. Ellas,† anc. Hellas;† Fr. Grèce; Ger. Griechenland; Ital. Grecia.

Greely: point, eastern side of entrance to Taku Inlet, lat. 58° 12′ N., long. 134° 04′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Greeley.)

Green: creek, tributary to Spread Creek from south, in sec. 24, T. 36 N., R. 34 W., Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Caribou.)

Green: lake, in sec. 1, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., at head of Glacier Gorge, 1 mile west of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Green: lake, Hancock County, Me. (Not Reed's.)

Green: ledge, extensive, Hancock County, Me., about 1 mile east of Stimson Neck, west side of Jericho Bay, lat. 44° 11′.4 N., long. 68° 33′ W. (Not Green Island Ledge.) Found on original surveys by Coast and Geodetic Survey in 1874 and 1876–77.

Green: mountain, altitude 2,385 feet, southeastern Alaska, 1¼ miles southeast of Point Cosmos, Kuiu Island, near lat. 56° 20′ N., long. 134° 15′ W. In reference to the prominent green top of this mountain.

Green: mountain, on plains at base of Front Range, Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Hendricks Peak nor Mount Hendricks.)

Green: mountains in Vermont. (Not Green Mountain Range.)

Green: point, the northern point of entrance to Pyramid Harbor, lat. 59° 11′ N., long. 135° 29′ W., Lynn Canal, Alaska. (Not Pyramid nor Zelonoi.)

Green: point, on mainland near mouth of Stikine River, lat. 56° 33′ N., long. 132° 21′ W., Alaska. (Not Zelonoi nor Zelony.)

Green: prominent point, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, on east edge of Muldrow Glacier, lat. 63° 22′ 40″ N., long. 150° 22′ 37″ W. A well-known local name.

Green: pond, Warren County, N. J. (Not Green's.)

Green: river, rising in Lincoln Co., Kentucky, near lat. 37° 28′ N., long. 84° 42′ W., flows thence westerly into the Ohio River near lat. 37° 54′ N., long. 87° 30′ W.

Green: river, chiefly in Wyoming and Utah, the largest tributary of the Colorado, rising near summit of Wind River Range of the Continental Divide, Sublette Co., Wyo., near lat. 43° 09′ N., long. 109° 40′ W., flows N. W. about twenty miles, thence southerly, entering Utah near long. 109° 35′ W., and after making a small loop in Colorado, continues southwest in Utah to its confluence with the Colorado River near lat. 38° 11′ N., long. 109° 54′ W.

***Green:** township, Clinton County, Pa. The name is spelled Green on the headstone over the grave of Capt. Harry Green, near Loganton, Pa., for whom the township is supposed to have been named. (Not Greene.)

Green: township, Grant, Hancock, Madison, Marshall, Noble, and Randolph Counties, Ind.; Harrison and Wayne Counties, Ohio; Indiana County, Pa. (Not Greene.)

Green: see Lone Spruce, rock, Alaska.

Green: see Cadillac, mountain, Me.

Green: see Evergreen, mountain, Mont.

Green: see Greene.

Green: see Griers, hollow, Pa.

Greenback: peak, altitude 5,555 feet, in the Sierra Ancha, Gila County, Ariz.

***Greenbank:** village, Pocahontas County, W. Va. (Not Green Bank.)

Green Bay: city, Brown County, Wis. (Not Greenbay.)

Greenbury: light and point, Severn River, near Annapolis, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Greenbury's.)

Greencastel: see Greencastle, city, Ind.

Greencastle: borough, Franklin County, Pa. (Not Green Castle.)

Greencastle: city, Sullivan County, Mo. (Not Green Castle.)

Greencastle: city and township, Putnam County, Ind. (Not Greencastel.)

Greencastle: village, Fairfield County, Ohio. (Not Green Castle.)

Greene: railroad station, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not Green's.)

Greene: town and township, Jay County, Ind. (Not Green.)

Greene: township, Wayne County, Ind. (Not Green.)

Greene: see Green.

Greenesville: see Greensville.

Greeneville: town, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Greenville.)

*Green Hill:** town, Lauderdale County, Ala. (Not Greenhill.)

Greenhorn: mountain, Wet Mountains, Huerfano County, Colo. (Not Cuerno Verde.)

Greenhorn: see Wet.

Greening: island and ledge, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, at entrance to Somes Sound, near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 68° 18′ W. Family name. (Not Greening's.)

Green Island: see Emerald, islet, Alaska.

Green Island Ledge: see Green, ledge, Me.

Greenlake: railroad station, Hancock County, Me. (Not Green Lake.)

Greenland: large island, n. e. N. America; Danish, Grönland.

Greenland: spring, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north rim of canyon where Bright Angel Creek drops into the canyon, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 00′ W.

Greenland: see Walhalla.

Greenlane: borough, Montgomery County, Pa. (Not Green Lane.)

Greenleaf: point, lat. 38° 52′ N., long. 77° 01′ W., District of Columbia. (Not Arsenal nor Greenleaf's.)

Green Mountain Range: see Green, mountains, Vt.

Greenock: city, Renfrew county, w. Scotland, w. of Glasgow; 55° 56′ N., 4° 45′ W.

Greenpoint: glacier, southeastern Alaska, 12 miles northwest of Hyder, head of Portland Canal, southeast branch of Through Glacier, near lat. 56° 01′ N., long. 130° 18′ W. The shoulders on either side where it joins the main glacier are marked by a green covering of trees.

Green River: village, King County, Wash. (Not Greenriver.)

Green Run Inlet: life-saving station, Worcester County, Md. (Not Green Run.)

Greens: bayou or lake, West Bay, Galveston County, Tex. (Not Green's.)

Greens: cove, Hudson River, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Green's.)

Greens: creek, rising near Kershaw Village, tributary to Smith Creek from the west, Pamlico County, N. C. (Not Kershaw.)

Greens: ledge, off Sheffield Island, Norwalk Harbor, Conn. (Not Green's.)

Green's: see Greene, Ala.

Greens: see Griers.

Greensfork: township, Randolph County, Ind. (Not Greens Fork.)

Greens Store: post light, Mississippi River, Concordia Parish, La. (Not Green Store.)

Greensville: county, Va. (Not Greenesville nor Greenville.)

Greenvale: township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Green Vale.)

Green Village: railroad station, Franklin County, Pa. (Not Greenvillage.)

Greenville: district and city, Meriwether County, Ga. (Not Greeneville.)

Greenville: see Greble, town, Pa.

Greenville: see Greeneville, town, Tenn.

Greenville: see Greensville, county, Va.

Greenville: see Marcella, town, N. J.

Greenwich: bay, east arm of Narragansett Bay between Warwick Neck and Potowomut, R. I. (Not Cowesett.)

Greenwood: town, Taylor County, Wis. (Not Green Wood.)

Greenwood: see Bearfort.

Greer: town, Greenville County, S. C. (Not Greer's Depot.)

Greers: see Griers.

Gregg: stream, main fork of the Bechler River, southwest corner Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising at approximate lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 110° 49′ W., and joining with Phillips Fork and Ferris Fork at Three River Junction to form Bechler River. Named in honor of William C. Gregg, who has aided greatly in stimulating public interest in the Yellowstone National Park.

Gregory: point, east side Norwalk River entrance, ½ mile above mouth, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Dorlon.)

Gregory: see Arago.

Greig: cape, west shore of Alaska Peninsula, lat. 57° 45′ N., long. 157° 43′ W., at entrance to Bristol Bay, Alaska. (Not Creigh nor Grey.)

Grenada: pr. greh-nä′dä; island, Windward Islands, B. W. I.; 12° 10′ N., 61° 40′ W.

Grenade: see Granada [Spain].

Grenell: island, in St. Lawrence River, and village on same, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Grennell, Grinnell, nor Stuart.)

Grenoble: pr. grĕ-nō′bl; city, s. e. France; 45° 12′ N., 5° 45′ E.

Grenzmark Posen-Westpreussen: pr. grents′märk pō′zen vĕst-proi′sen; province ("Border march"), Prussia, e. Germany, comprising parts of the former provinces of Posen and Westpreussen (q. v.).

Greville: see Chiniak, cape, Alaska.

Grey: see Greig.

Grey Blanket: small creek, Big Horn County, Mont., in T. 6 S., Rs. 36–37 E., tributary to Little Horn River near Little Horn. Said to be named for a Crow Chief, who used to live at the mouth of the creek.

Greybull: river, Park and Big Horn counties, Wyo., rises in the northern part of T. 45 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, and flowing in a general northeasterly direction, empties into the Big Horn River in T. 52 N., R. 93 W.

Greybull: town, Big Horn County, Wyo. (Not Gray Bull, Graybull, nor Grey Bull.)

Grey Horse Hill: ridge, dividing Buckhorn and Quicksand Creeks, Breathitt and Knott Counties, Ky.

Greyling: creek, Alaska, flowing into Tonsina Lake from the west, about a mile south of its mouth at lat. 61° 31′ N., long. 145° 31′ W. Name from local trappers and prospectors.

Greys: creek, Worcester County, Md., and Sussex County, Del. (Not Gray's, Grey's, nor Riley's.)

*__Greys:__ river, Lincoln County, Wyoming. (Not John Day, John Days, John Day's, nor John Grays.)

Gridley: creek, east of Virgil Creek, and flowing east into Tioughnioga River at Messengerville, Cortland County, N. Y. (Not East Virgil nor Gridley Hollow.)

Gridley Hollow: see Gridley.

Griechenland: see Greece.

Griers: hollow, Franklin County, Pa. (Not Green, Greens, nor Greers.)

Griffin's: see Penascal, point, Tex.

Grijalva: pr. grē-häl′va; river, Mexico.

Grijalvo: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gryalbo.)

Grim: see Grimms Landing, village, W. Va.

Grimesville: see Oxon Hill, Md.

Grimms Landing: village, Mason County, W. Va. (Not Grim.)

Grims: see Crims, island, Oreg.

Grimsby: seaport, Lincolnshire, on the Humber, England; 53° 32′ N., 0° 3′ W.

Grindel: point, South Islesboro, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Grindel's.)

Grindell: see Grindle, Grindool.

Grindel's: see Grindell.

Grindle: creek and pocosin, Pitt County, N. C. (Not Grindell nor Grindool.)

Grindle: see Grindool.

Grindool: railroad station, Pitt County, N. C. (Not Grindell nor Grindle.)

Grindool: see Grindle.

Grinnell: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., a series of cascades between Grinnell Glacier and Grinnell Lake.

Grinnell: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 44′ W., on northwest slope of Mount Gould, and below The Garden Wall. Named for George B. Grinnell, probably prior to 1891.

Grinnell: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 42′ W. Named for George Bird Grinnell by Lieut. J. H. Beacon, 1887.

Grinnell: mount (Mount Grinnell), altitude 8,838 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 47′ N., long. 113° 44′ W. Named in 1887, by Lieut. J. H. Beacon, for George B. Grinnell.

Grinnell: point, altitude 7,500 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 41′ W., precipitous terminal of northeast slope of Mount Grinnell. (Not Stark.)

Grinnell: see Grenell.

Griswold: canyon and creek, connecting western end of the Vallecitos with Panoche Valley, San Benito County, Calif.

Griswold: hills, separating the Vallecitos from Panoche Valley, extending from Griswold Canyon eastward to canyon of Silver Creek, San Benito County, Calif.

Grizzly: creek, Jackson County, Colo., rises south of Rabbit Ears Mountain, in T. 5 N., R. 82 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northeast and joins with Little Grizzly Creek, in approx. sec. 29, T. 8 N., R. 80 W., to form the North Platte River.

Grizzly: creek, Ts. 7 and 8 S., Rs. 10 and 11 E., emptying into Hell Roaring Creek about 3 miles above mouth of Horse Creek, Park County, Mont.

Grizzly: lake, sec. 30, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Grizzly: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., about 6½ miles northwest of Norris Geyser Basin.

Grizzly: mountain, altitude 9,070 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier County boundary, Mont., near lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 24′ W., on Continental Divide.

Grizzly: peak, altitude 9,700 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 110° 11′ W.

Grodno: city, n. Poland, on Niemen river; Russ. Grodno;† Lith. Gardinas; 53° 40′ N., 23° 40′ E.

Groesbeck: city, county seat of Limestone County, Tex. (Not Groesbeeck.)

Groesbeeck: see Groesbeck.

Grog: ledge, Hancock County, Me., with bare islet, south of Buckmaster Neck, Deer Isle, lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 68° 38′ W. (Not Grog Island Ledge.) So named on original surveys by the Coast and Geodetic Survey in 1872, 1877, and 1878.

Grog Island Ledge: see Grog, ledge, Me.

Groningen: pr. grō′nĭng-ĕn; city, n. e. Netherlands; 53° 13′ N., 6° 33′ E.

Grönland: see Greenland.

Gross: point, the west point of entrance to Orland River, Hancock County, Me. (Not Gross', Leach's, nor Spark's.)

Grossa: see Dugi.

Gross Crux: see Calvary.

Grosse: point, on Canadian shore near outlet of Lake Superior. (Not Grossepoint.)

***Grosse Pointe:** township and village, Wayne County, Mich. (Not Grosse Point, Grossepoint, nor Grossepointe.)

Grassepoint: see Grosse.

Grosswardein: see Oradea.

Grosvenor: lake (Lake Grosvenor), Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, the lower of two lakes near head of Naknek Bay and lat. 58° 40′ N. (Not Alinak nor Savonoski.)

Groszbritannien: see Great Britain.

Grotto: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 1,000 feet north by west from Giant Geyser on west bank of Firehole River, north center, Upper Geyser Basin, near bridge. Named by Washburn party, 1870.

Groundhog: meadows, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, on Golden Trout Creek, 5 miles east of Kern River, near lat. 36° 22′ N., long. 118° 19′ W. (Not Volcano.)

Groundhog: see Porcupine, islands, Alaska.

Grouse: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 110° 22′ W., flowing north and northeast into South Arm of Yellowstone Lake.

Grouse: creek and ridge, northwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Grouse: see Lemman.

Grove: neck, between Sassafras River and Pond Creek, Cecil County, Md. (Not Rich.)

Grove: township, Sterns County, Minn. (Not Grave.)

Grove: see West Fork Hawkins.

Grove City: village, Franklin County, Ohio. (Not Grove.)

Grover's: see Baggers.

Groyne, The: see Coruña, La.

Grozny: city near Caspian Sea, North Caucasian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 43° 20′ N., 45° 42′ E.

Grubb Towhead: light, Tennessee River, Marshall County, Ky. (Not Grubb's Towhead.)

Gruž (Gravosa): town, Dalmatia, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Gruž, pr. gruzh; also called Dubrovnik II; Ital. Gravosa; 42° 40′ N., 18° 5′ E.

Gruziya: see Georgia.

Gryalbo: see Grijalvo, P. I.

Guadalajara: pr. gwäd-ä-lä-hä′rä; city, cen. Mexico, 20° 40′ N., 103° 20′ W.

Guadaloupe: see Guadalupe.

Guadalquivir: pr. gwä-dhäl-kē-vēr′; river, s. Spain, to the Atlantic east of Cádiz.

Guadalupe: county, New Mexico. (Not Guadaloupe.)

Guadalupe: lagoon, post office, railway station, and town, Santa Barbara County, river, Alameda and Santa Clara counties, and land grant, San Luis Obispo and Santa Barbara counties, Calif. (Not Guadaloupe nor Guadelupe.)

Guadalupe: river, emptying into San Antonio Bay, Tex. (Not Guadeloupe.)

Guadalupe: see Shelikof, bay, Alaska.

Guadeloupe: pr. gwäd-a-lo͞op′; Fr. island, Leeward Islands, W. I.; 10° 10′ N., 61° 40′ W.

Guadelupe: see Guadalupe.

Guagua: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Guaira, La: see La Guaira.

Guajatoyan: creek, Las Animas County, Colo. (Not Guayatolla nor Wahatoya.)

Gualala: river and village, Mendocino County, Calif. (Not Wallholla.)

Guanacaste: pr. gwän-ä-käs′teh; prov., Costa Rica; 10° 30′ N., 85° 20′ W.

Guanajibo: channel, along western coast, inside outlying shoals from Point Aguila to Mayaguez Bay, P. R.

Guanajuato: pr. gwä-nä-hwä′to; state, Mexico, and its capital; 21° N., 101° 17′ W.

Guanape: pr. gwä-nä′peh; river, Honduras.

Guard: see Hive.

Guardhouse, The: mountain, 9,300 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties on Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 55′ N., long. 114° 01′ W. Descriptive name.

Guárico: pr. hwär′ē-kō; state, river, and town, Venezuela.

Guatemala: pr. gwä-ta-mä′lä; rep. and its capital; Fr., Ger., Ital., and Sp., Guatemala; 14° 36′ N., 90° 27′ W.

Guayama: reef, south and southeast of Point Figuras, P. R.

Guayanabo: see Guaynabo.

Guayanilla: reef, western side, entrance to Guayanilla Harbor, P. R.

Guayaquil: pr. gwī-yä-kēl′; seaport, city, and gulf, Ecuador; city, 2° 10′ S., 79° 50′ W.

Guayatolla: see Guajatoyan.

Guaymas River: see San Antonio, creek, Calif.

***Guaynabo:** river, west of San Juan, P. R. (Not Guayanabo nor Rio de la Plata.)

Gubat: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Guélibolou: see Gelibolu.

Guerrero: pr. geh-rreh′rō; state, s. w. Mexico.

Guertie: see Gerty.

Guesen: see Gnesen.

Guess: creek, Sevier County, Tenn. (Not Cross nor Gists.)

Guia: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Gina.)

Guiana britannica: see British Guiana.

Guiane francese: see French Guiana.

Guiane olandese: see Surinam.

Guibuangan: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guibungan Daan nor Guibuangan Dacu.)

Guibuangan Dacu: Guibungan Daan: see Guibuangan, P. I.

Guide: island, Tlevak Strait, nearly midway between Cayman Point and Halibut Nose, lat. 55° 13′ N., long. 133° 04′ .2 W., southeastern Alaska.

Guide: rock, just south of Twin Island on western side of entrance to Smooth Channel, Khaz Bay, Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 35′ .5 N., long. 136° 06′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Guide: rocks, awash, ½ mile north of the Narrows, northern end Eureka Pass, Cordova Bay, southeastern Alaska.

Guijarral: group of low hills, between Anticline Ridge and Kettleman Hills, Fresno County, Calif.

Guijisan: see Guisihan, P. I.

Guilarte: point (Point Guilarte), Port Patillas, nearly 1 mile northeast of Point Figuras, P. R.

Guilarte: shoal, Port Patillas, off Point Guilarte, P. R.

***Guild:** lake, western side Willamette River, about a mile below Portland, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Guilds.)

Guilder: brook and pond, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Undine.)

Guilds: see Guild.

Guile: see Gull, brook, N. Y.

Guilford: township, Hendricks County, Ind. (Not Garfield.)

Guilford: see Gillford.

Guilib: see Kilib, P. I.

Guiljugan: see Gihulngan, P. I.

Guilmette: gulch, Tooele County, Utah, west slope of Deep Creek Mountains, in sec. 19, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about 1½ miles southeast of Chadman Spring. Named for early prospector in this region.

Guimacut: see Guinacot, Cebu, P. I.

Guimbal: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Guimbangaan: see Guinbangaan, P. I.

Guinabcaban: see Kinabkaban, P. I.

Guinacot: barrio, Danao Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Guimacut nor Guinakot.)

Guinacot: barrio, Guindulman Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ginacot.)

Guinacutan: barrio, Labo Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guinamton.)

Guinakot: see Guinacot, Cebu, P. I.

Guinamton: see Guinacutan, P. I.

Guinanon: see Giwanon, P. I.

Guinaponan: see Kinaponan, P. I.

Guinasayan: see Kinasayan, P. I.

Guinatoan: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Quinato-an.)

Guinat-oyan: see Kinatuyan, P. I.

Guinayangan: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Guinbangaan: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guimbangaan nor Guinbungan.)

Guinbangaan: barrio, San José de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guimbangaan.)

Guinbungan: see Guinbangaan, P. I.

Guindi: see Gindi, P. I.

Guindulman: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Guinea: large open gulf, w. of equatorial Africa.

Guinea, New: see New Guinea.

Guinevere Castle: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 111° 46′ W.

Guingdacpan: see Gindacpan, P. I.

Guingoyoran: Guingoyuran: Guinguyuran: see Ginguyuran, P. I.

Guinigaran: see Hinigaran, P. I.

Guinoban: Guinob-an: see Ginoban, P. I.

Guinobatan: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Guinoguitan: see Kinokitan, P. I.

Guinotos: see Guinutos, P. I.

Guinsolaran: Guinsuluran: see Ginsularan, P. I.

Guintas: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Quintas.)

Guintungauan: see Gintu, P. I.

Guinutos: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guinotos.)

Guioang: Guio-ang: see Giwang, P. I.

Guipot: see Kipot, P. I.

Guisi: see Lusaran, P. I.

Guisihan: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guijisan nor Guisijan.)

Guisijan: see Guisihan, P. I.

Guisin: see Guising, P. I.

Guising: barrio, Gattaran Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guisin.)

Guitan: see Kitang, P. I.

Guit-ng-Bayan: see Gitnang Bayan, P. I.

Guiuacloy: see Hiuacloy, P. I.

Guiuan: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Guiuang: see Giwang, P. I.

Guiuanon: see Giwanon, P. I.

Guiwang: see Giwang, P. I.

Guiwanon: see Giwanon, P. I.

Gulf: see Gulph, creek, Pa.

Gulf of Georgia: see Georgia, strait.

Gulich: township, in the southeastern corner of Clearfield County, Pa. (Not Geulich.)

Gull: brook, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Guile.)

Gull: islands, near Isle Royale, Lake Superior. (Not Chapeau.)

Gull: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on west shore of Yellowstone Lake, just below Bridge Bay, near lat. 44° 32′ N.

Gull: see Baby, islets, Alaska.

Gull: see Crims, island, Oreg.

Gulod: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Golod.)

Gulph: creek, Chester County, Pa., rising near Strafford, flowing generally northeast through Delaware and Montgomery Counties, entering Schuylkill River opposite city of Conshohocken. (Not Gulf.) This is the historical spelling which local residents wish to preserve.

Gulph Mills: village, Montgomery County, Pa., on north bank of Gulph Creek.

Gumaca: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Gumareng: barrio, Piat Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gumarueng.)

Gumarueng: see Gumareng, P. I.

Gumry: see Leninakan.

Gum Swamp: see Little Ocumulgee.

Gun: island, eastern one of two west of Melvin Village, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Gordon, Loon, nor Twin.)

Gun: see Loon.

Gunboat: rock, southeastern Alaska, in Biorka Channel, Necker Islands, off west coast Baranof Island, near lat. 56° 49′ 42″ N., long. 135° 30′ 48″ W. Descriptive name recommended by Coast Survey field party, 1925.

Gunflint: lake, second below "Height of Land," Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary, between Minnesota and Ontario. (Not Gun Flint.)

Gunitan: see Ginictan, P. I.

Gunn: lake, southwestern slope Gunn Peak, T. 27 N., R. 10 E., Snohomish County, Wash.

Gunnison: river in Colorado, formed in sec. 22, T. 51 N., R. 1 E., N. M. meridian, in Gunnison Co., by the junction of the Slate and Taylor Rivers, flowing thence south, west, and northwest into the Colorado River at Grand Junction, near lat. 39° 05′ N., long. 108° 35′ W. (Pronounced gŭn′-ĭ-sŭn.)

Gunnison Plateau: see San Pitch, mountains.

Gunsight: creek, southeastern Alaska, east shore Carroll Inlet, 4 miles north of Shoal Cove, Revillagigedo Island, near lat. 55° 30′ N., long. 131° 20′ W.

Gunsight: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., traversed by St. Mary River on trail through Gunsight Pass.

Gunsight: mountain, 9,250 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 46′ W. Descriptive name.

Gunsight: pass, about 7,000 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., across Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 44′ W.

Gunstock: see Belknap, mountains.

Gunter's: see Big Spring.

Gunther Castle: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 111° 52′ W.

Gurenad: see Gurengad, P. I.

Gurengad: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gurenad.)

Gurley: see Gerle.

Gurley's Bridge: see Allenbridge.

Gurnet: point and rock, Plymouth Harbor, Mass.

Gurnet: see Gannet, rocks.

Gusdagane: point, southeastern Alaska, south extremity of peninsula 320 feet high, extending ⅝ of a mile southeast from Klinkwan, southwestern coast Prince of Wales Island.

Guthna: see Boulder, creek, Alaska.

Guttenberg: city, Clayton County, Iowa. (Not Guttenburg.)

Guttenberg: town, Hudson County, N. J. (Not Guttenburg.)

Guttrie: see Cabin, meadow, Calif.

Gutwetterberg: see Fairweather.

Guyam: see Guyan Este, P. I.

Guyandot: mountain and river, W. Va., and district and town in Cabell County, W. Va. (Not Guyandotte.)

Guyandotte: see Indian Guyan.

Guyane britannique: see British Guiana.

Guyane française: see French Guiana.

Guyane néerlandaise: see Surinam.

Guyan Este: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guyam.)

Guyot: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in lat. 36° 32′ N., long. 118° 20′ W., flowing southwest near east base of Mount Guyot into Rock Creek, Sequoia National Park.

Guyot: flat, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 32′ N., long. 118° 21′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Guyot: mountain (Mount Guyot), altitude 12,305 feet, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 31′, long. 118° 22′. So named in honor of Arnold H. Guyot (1807–1884), distinguished Swiss geologist and geographer.

Guyot: peak (Mount Guyot), altitude 6,621 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, on border between Sevier County, Tenn., and Haywood County, N. C., near lat. 35° 42′ 20″ N., long. 83° 15′ 30″ W. Named by Prof. S. B. Buckley, prior to 1859, in honor of the celebrated geographer, Arnold Guyot, who made the first comprehensive survey of this region and who did much to stimulate public interest in these mountains.

Guyot: see West Tintic.

Gwinna: falls, on Ferris Fork of Bechler River, third above Three River Junction, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Győr: city, n. w. Hungary; Ger. Raab; 47° 41′ N., 17° 38′ E.

Gypo: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 6, T. 65 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. Named for an old gypo (woodcutters) camp, which still stands in the vicinity of lake.

Gypsum: creek, Carbon County, Mont., and Big Horn County, Wyo., heads approx. in sec. 30, T. 8 S., R. 27 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows southeasterly to empty into Crooked Creek in sec. 29, T. 58 N., R. 95 W., sixth principal meridian.

Gypsum: mountain, altitude 11,500 feet, T. 38 N., R. 109 W., southwest of Sheep Mountain, Fremont County, Wyo.

Gypsum: see Red, hill, Wyo.

Gypsy: island, one-fourth mile northeast of Vivian Point, opposite Wells Island, St. Lawrence River, N. Y.

H

Haaeleele: see Haeleele, T. H.

Haag: see 's Gravenhage.

Haarlem: pr. här'lĕm; city, near Amsterdam, Netherlands; 52° 22′ N., 4° 39′ E. Not Harlem.

Habana: pr. hä-bä'na; cap. and seaport city, Cuba. Not Havana.

Habay: barrio, Bacoor Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jabay.)

Habbacayan: see Nabbacayan, P. I.

Haboyana: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jabonaya nor Jaboyana.)

Hachinoe: see Hachinohe.

Hachinohe: city, n. part main island, Japan; alternative Jap. off. romanizations, Hachinoe, Hatinohe; 40° 30′ N., 141° 29′ E.

Hachioji: city, cen. part main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Hatiôzi; 35° 30′ N., 139° 20′ E.

Hackataia: see Hakataia.

Hacker: bend, Mississippi River, Alexander County, Ill. (Not Hacker's.)

Hackett: point, Annapolis Roads, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Hackett's.)

Hackney: an e. div. of London, England; 51° 33′ N., 0° 3′ W.

Haddingtonshire: see East Lothian.

Hadley: point, Hancock County, Me., on northwest coast of Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 68° 20′ W. Family name. (Not Hadleys.)

Hadlock: cove, Hancock County, Me., on west coast of Little Cranberry Island, near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. Local name, after early settlers in this vicinity. (Not Hadlock's.)

Hadon: see Haydon, peak, Alaska.

Hadweenzic: river, tributary to the Yukon River, on right bank between Chandalar and Dall Rivers, near lat. 66° 33′ N., long. 146° 45′ W., Alaska. (Not Orensic.)

Haeleele: ridge and valley, lat. 22° 05′ 30″, near northwestern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Haaeleele.)

Haena: caves, in cliff on Haena coast, north Kauai, T. H.

Haena: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Haena: point, most northerly point to the west of Hanalei, near long. 159° 34′ W., northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kaaulamapoko.)

Haga: see Naga, Luzon, P. I.

Hagan: post light, Missouri River, Cole County, Mo. (Not Hagan's.)

Hagelbargers: pass, southeastern slope Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 8 miles north of Dakavak Bay, near long. 154° 43′ W.

Hageman: see Camp Hagerman.

Hagemeister: island, large, about 16 miles long, on north shore of Bristol Bay, at entrance to Togiak Bay, lat. 58° 44′ N., long. 160° 52′ W., Alaska. (Not Hagenmeister.)

Hagen: city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 22′ N., 7° 28′ E.

Hagenmeister: see Hagemeister.

Hagikikan: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jaguicjican, Jaguieguican, Jaguiquican, nor Jaquiquikan.)

Hagnaya: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jagnaya nor Tagnaya.)

Hagnaya: barrio, San Remigio Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: and barrio, Sibulan Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Jagnaya.)

Hagonoy: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Hague: mountain, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 00′ W., nearly midway between Saddle and Little Saddle Mountains on old east boundary. So named for Dr. Arnold Hague.

Hague, The: see 's Gravenhage.

Hagues: peak, altitude, 13,562 feet, Front Range, secs. 13 and 14, T. 6 N., R. 74 W., Larimer County, Colo.

Haguimit: barrio, Duenas Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jaguimit.)

Haguimit: barrio, La Carlota Municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Jaguimit nor Taguimit.)

Haguimitan: barrio, Passi Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jaguimitan.)

Hahalawe: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing southeastward into sea east of Kipahulu, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Hahlhagu: see Kalhagu.

Hahn: Hahn's Peak: see Hahns Peak.

Hahns Peak: mountain, precinct, and village, Routt County, Colo. (Not Hahn, Hahn's Peak, nor Hantz.)

Haidar Pasha: see Haydarpaşa.

Haifa: seaport, n. w. Palestine; Fr. Caiffa; 32° 50′ N., 35° E. (Not Haifa.)

Haiku: ditch, about 30 miles long, heading in Nailiilihaele Stream near Kailua, extending westward across country on a rather steep grade to cane lands in the vicinity of Spreckelsville and Puunene, intercepting all streams on the way, east Maui, T. H.

Haiku: land division, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Haiku: land division, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Haiku: village, just east of Maliko Gulch, Maui, T. H.

Hainan: island, s. China, part of Kwangtung prov.

Haines: see Kootenai, pass, Mont.

Haipuaena: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Haiti: pr. hā′tē; rep., W. I.; Fr. Haïti; Ger. and Ital. Haiti; Sp. Haití.

Haiti (island): see Hispaniola.

Haitien, Cap: see Cap Haitien.

Haiyona: see Hauani.

Hakalau: bay, at mouth of Hakalau Gulch, east Hawaii, T. H.

Hakalau: land division, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hakalau: stream, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing northeastward into sea at Hakalau, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hakalau: village, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hakataia: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in the north wall of the canyon, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 23′ W. (Not Hackataia.)

Hakodate: seaport, s. tip of Hokkaido, Japan; 41° 46′ N., 140° 35′ E.

Halahula: see Halaula, T. H.

Halan: see Halang, P. I.

Halang: barrio, Binan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Halan nor Jalang.)

Halang: barrio, Lumban Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talang.)

Halang: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon and barrio, Amadeo Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jalang.)

Halauig Gogon: see Gogon, P. I.

Halaula: locality, lat. 22° 07′ N., near eastern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Halahula.)

Halawa: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Halawa: land division, eastern Molokai, T. H.

Halawa: stream, rising at about 3,000 feet elevation, flowing northeastward into sea through Hawala Gulch, eastern Molokai, T. H.

Halawa: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward through Halawa Gulch to East Loch of Pearl Harbor, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Halawig: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jalanig Tugas, Jalauig, Jalawig, nor Talanig.)

Halcomb: see Holcomb.

Halden: city, s. e. Norway; name officially changed from Fredrikshald, effective Jan. 1, 1928; 59° 10′ N., 11° 20′ E.

Hale: passage, San Juan Archipelago, San Juan County, Wash. (Not Hale's.)

Hale: point, Mississippi River, Lauderdale County, Tenn. (Not Hale's Point.)

Haleakala: crater, east Maui, T. H.; largest extinct crater in the world; area, 19 square miles; circumference, 20 miles; extreme length, 7.48 miles; extreme width, 2.37 miles, elevation of summit, 10,032 feet; depth, 2,000 feet.

Haleb: see Alep.

Halehaku: land division, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Halehaku: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northward into sea through a deep gulch, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Haleiwa: village, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Halemanu: peak, elevation, 3,700 feet at upper end of Waimea Canyon, Kauai, T. H.

Halemanu: stream, westernmost tributary to Waimea River, upper Waimea basin, Kauai, T. H.

Halemaumau: pit and lake of fire in floor of Kilauea Crater, Hawaii, T.H.; level and dimensions of lake vary from time to time; ordinarily, level is about 250 feet below the rim of the pit, and the dimensions, 250 by 400 feet.

Hale's: see Hale, passage, Wash.

Hale's Point: see Hale, point, Tenn.

Halethorpe: village, in the southern part of Baltimore County, Md. (Not Halethorp.)

Halfbreed: creek, entering Musselshell River at Roundup, Musselshell County, Mont. (Not Half Breed nor Wild Horse.)

Halfmoon: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 47′ W. drains into Nyack Creek.

Halfmoon: lighthouse and shoal, Galveston Bay, Tex. (Not Half Moon.)

Half Moon: mountains, T. 34 N., R. 108 W., south of Half Moon Lake, Fremont County, Wyo.

Halfmoon: township, Center County, Pa. (Not Half Moon.)

Halfmoon: town and village, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not Half Moon.)

Half Moon: see Greathouse.

Halfway: hill, sec. 21, T. 45 N., R. 7 E., between Battle and Moline Creeks, and halfway between Avery and Conrads Crossing, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Midway.)

Halfway: rock, Casco Bay, half mile south of Mackworth Island, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Mackworth.)

Halfway: see Knapp, point.

Halibut: see Sanak, island, Alaska.

Halifax: city, Yorkshire, England; 53° 43′ N., 1° 51′ W.

Halifax: seaport, capital of Nova Scotia, e. Canada; 44° 39′ N., 63° 35′ W.

Haligue: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Haligui nor Jaligue.)

Haligui: see Haligue, P. I.

Haliknuk: see Hoholitna.

Halkett: cape, near long. 152° W., north coast of Alaska. (Not Halket.)

Hall: point, Hancock County, Me., on Flanders Bay, near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 68° 08′ W. After W. Hall, who lived on this point in 1860. (Not Halls.)

Hall: town, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Halls.)

Hallam: borough, York County, Pa. (Not Hellam.)

Hallam: see Hellam.

Hallback: mountain, Yancey County, N. C. (Not Hallbach, Hogback, nor Horlbach.)

Halle: city, Prussian Saxony, Germany, on Saale river; 51° 30′ N., 12° E.

Hallegate: see Hell Gate, channel.

Hallenback: Hallenbeck: see Hollenbeck.

Hallets: point, East River, N. Y. (Not Hallet, Holck, nor Hollets.)

Hallocks: see Paradise, point, N. Y.

Hallowat: creek, T. 33 N., Rs. 21 and 22 W., tributary to Big Creek from northwest, Flathead County, Mont.

Halls: see Hall.

Hall's Station: see Beach Ridge.

Halmahera: island, one of the Moluccas, Netherland India; also called Djailolo (Dutch) or Jailolo: 0° 45′ N., 128° E. (Not Almahera, Gilolo, Jilolo.)

Hälsingborg: seaport, s. w. Sweden; formerly Helsingborg; 56° 4′ N., 12° 45′ E.

Halstead: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 12, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., flowing south into Marble Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 25, Sequoia National Park. (Not Suwanee River.)

Halstead: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., sec. 13, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. Named after Sam Halstead, 1872–1890, who pastured horses in this vicinity.

Halton: see Holton.

Halutu: peninsula and ridge between Taiyasanka Harbor and Taiya Inlet, north of Taiya Point, southeastern Alaska.

Ham: cove, east side of Dall Island, Alaska, opposite Howkan Village, near lat. 54° 53′ N., long. 132° 51′ W. (Not Sawmill.) So named after Mrs. J. M. Ham, of New York, who financed the Howkan Presbyterian Mission.

Ham: see Blake, island, Alaska.

Hamabad: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jamabad nor Jambad.)

Hamadan: prov. and town, n. w. Persia; 34° 50′ N., 48° 15′ E.

Hamakua: district, Hawaii County, political subdivision in northern Hawaii, T. H.

Hamakua (New): ditch, diverting water from branches of Waipio River at about 1,000 feet elevation, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hamakua (New): ditch, east Maui, T. H., begins at Alo division weir at the west end of Koolau Ditch, taking two-thirds of the Koolau Ditch water; extends westward across country on a gentle grade to serve the higher cane lands above Hamakuapoko, and the area to the west, intercepting all streams from Nailiilihaele westward.

Hamakua (Old): ditch, east Maui, T. H., intake, originally in Nailiilihaele Stream, now abandoned as far as Lupi, where it crosses the New Hamakua Ditch; extends westward from Lupi across country on steep grade to cane lands near Hamakuapoko.

Hamakua (Upper): ditch, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H., diverting water from branches of Waipio River at a high elevation for fluming and irrigation purposes.

Hamakualoa: old district on northeast slope of Haleakala Mountain, east Maui; now included in Makawao District, T. H.

Hamakuapoko: old district, northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, east Maui; now included in Makawao District, T. H.

Hamakuapoko: village, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Hamamatsu: city, s. coast of main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Hamamatu; 34° 40′ N., 137° 45′ E.

Hamamatu: see Hamamatsu.

***Hambden:** town and township, Geauga County, Ohio. (Not Hampden.)

Hamblen: township, Brown County, Ind. (Not Hamblin.)

Hambleton: island, in Broad Creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Willy.)

Hamblin: see Hamblen.

Hamborn: see Duisburg-Hamborn.

Hambrook: Hambrook's: see Hambrooks.

Hambrooks: bar, near southern shore of Choptank River, about 1½ miles northwest of Cambridge, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Hambrook nor Hambrook's.)

Hamburg: seaport, on the Elbe, n. Germany; 53° 34′ N., 10° E.

Hamburg: village, west bank of Tennessee River, Hardin County, Tenn. (Not Hamburgh Landing.)

Hamden: village, Vinton County, Ohio. (Not Hamden Junction.)

Hamheung: see Kanko.

Hamhun: see Kanko.

Hamid-Abad: see Isparta.

Hamidrik: point, on the south rim of Grand Canyon, 4½ miles southeast of the mouth of Kanab Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. Name of an Indian family.

Hamilo: bario, Nasugbu Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jamibo nor Jamilo.)

Hamilo: cove and point, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jamelo.)

Hamilton: pr. hăm′ĭl-tŭn; capital and seaport, Bermuda; 32° 18′ N., 64° 42′ W.

Hamilton: city, Ontario, Canada, at w. end of Lake Ontario; 43° 15′ N., 79° 50′ W.

Hamilton: city, Lanark county, s. Scotland; 55° 46′ N., 4° 2′ W.

Hamilton: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 13, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., flowing north of west into Middle Fork Kaweah River, in sec. 3, draining Hamilton Lakes, Sequoia National Park. Named for James Hamilton. (Not Deer.)

Hamilton: lakes, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, at head of Deer Creek, Middle Fork Kaweah River, near lat. 36° 34′ N., long. 118° 34′ W.

Hamilton: mountain, altitude 5,070 feet, sec. 9, T. 52 N., R. 1 E., Kootenai County, Idaho.

Hamilton: run, a branch of Mahoning Creek, Porter Township, Jefferson County, and West Mahoning Township, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Barnett, Big Hamilton, nor Bowl Factory.)

Hamilton: see Dell, creek, Wyo.

Hamilton: see Lemman, creek, Idaho.

***Hamlin:** lake, Mason County, Mich. (Not Au Sable, Big Sable, nor Sauble.)

Hamlin: ridge, separating North Basin from South Basin of Mount Katahdin, Piscataquis County, Me.

Hamm: city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 40′ N., 7° 48′ E.

Hammer: see Hamner, creek, Oreg.

Hammersmith: a w. division of London, England; 51° 30′ N., 0° 14′ W.

Hamner: creek, Lane County, Oreg., tributary on west bank of North Fork, Willamette River, near lat. 43° 52′ N., long. 122° 25′ W. (Not Hammer.) Local name—after a family of early settlers.

Hamoraoan: see Hamoraon, P. I.

Hamoraon: island and sitio, Dimasalang Municipality, Masbate Island, P. I. (Not Hamoraoan nor Jamoroan.)

Hampden: see Hambden.

Hamulauon: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jamul-auon nor Jamulauon.)

Hamuranon: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Hamuraoan.)

Hamuraoan: see Hamuranon, P. I.

Hamurawon: barrio, Bulan Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jamorauon nor Jamorawon.)

Hamurawon: barrio, Naval Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Jamorauon nor Jamuraon.)

Hana: bay and landing, eastern end of Maui, T. H.

Hana: district, Maui County, political subdivision in southeastern Maui, T. H.

Hana: village, at east end of Maui, T. H.

Hanahanapuhi: see Hanahanapuni, T. H.

Hanahanapuni: hill, near lat. 22° 03′, long. 159° 25′ 30″, eastern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Hanahanapuhi.)

Hanakaoo: land division, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Hanakapiae: see Hanakapiai, T. H.

Hanakapiai: land section and stream, near long. 159° 36′, northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Hanakapiae.)

Hanakoa: stream, flowing northward into sea, Napali Section, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanalei: bay, mouth of Hanalei River, north Kauai, T. H.

Hanalei: district, Kauai County, political subdivision in northern Kauai, T. H.

Hanalei: land division, chiefly in Government ownership, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanalei: stream, rising on northern slope of Waialeale Peak, flowing northward into Hanalei Bay, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanalei: village, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanamaulu: bay, mouth of Hanamaulu Stream, east Kauai, T. H.

Hanamaulu: ditch, diverting water from the south side of South Fork of Wailua River, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Hanamaula.)

Hanamaulu: land division, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanamaulu: stream, debouching in Hanamaulu Bay, Kauai, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kapaia Stream.)

Hanamaulu: village, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanapepe: bay, near long. 159° 36′ W., indenting southwestern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Eleele Harbor.)

Hanapepe: ditch, diverting water from Hanapepe and Hiloa streams, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanapepe: falls, Hanapepe River, 362 feet high and about 8 miles from the sea, Kauai, T. H.

Hanapepe: land division, in Government ownership, Koloa and Waimea Districts, Kauai, T. H.

Hanapepe: river, forming boundary between Koloa and Waimea Districts, rising on southern slope of Kawaikini Peak, and flowing southwestward into Hanapepe Bay, T. H.

Hanapepe: village, Hanapepe Valley, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Hanauatan: see Nanauatan, P. I.

Hanawai: see Hanawi, T. H.

Hanawana: stream, rising on the northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northward into sea, just west of Kailua, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Hanawi: stream, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing eastward into sea between Papaikou and Pepeekeo, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Hanawai.)

Hanawi: stream, rising on eastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, supplying water to Nahiku Ditch, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Hanby Mill: hamlet, Blount County, Ala. (Not Hanby's Mill nor Hanbys Mill.)

Hance: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rises near south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 111° 57′ W., flowing north into the Colorado River.

Hancock: mountain (Mount Hancock), altitude 10,100 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 110° 25′ W. Named by Capt. J. W. Barlow, 1871, for Gen. W. S. Hancock, who as commanding officer, Department of Dakota, aided park explorations.

Handayan: barrio, Jetafe Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Jandayan nor Tandayan.)

Handkerchief Pool: Thermal Spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near center of Black Sand Basin, about 300 feet northeast of Emerald Pool.

Handong: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jandong.)

Hangchow: seaport, capital of Chekiang prov., China; 30° 15′ N., 120° 7′ E.

Hanging: glacier, on north side Shuksan Mountain, east of Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Hanging Gardens: park, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., at the head of Reynolds Creek, just south of Logan Pass. Descriptive name.

Hanging Woman: creek, rises in Sheridan County, Wyo., in T. 56 N., R. 79 W., sixth principal meridian, flows north through Big Horn County, Mont., and tributary to Tongue River at Birney in T. 6 S., R. 43 E., Montana meridian, Rosebud County. According to local authorities, a sister of Bobtail Horse and Hollow Wood, after having been scolded by her mother, hung herself from a tree located on this creek.

Hangman: Hangmans: see Latah.

Hanikan: see Okahanikan.

Hankow: city, Hupeh prov., cen. China, on Yangtze river; 30° 35′ N., 114° 18′ E.

Hanloetoe: see Coatue.

Hanna: glacier, west slope of Mount McKinley, near lat. 63° 05′ N., long. 151° 15′ W., Alaska. (Not Peters.)

Hanna: island and reef, Galveston Bay, Tex. (Not Hannah's.)

Hannacrois: creek, Albany and Greene Counties, N. Y. (Not Hennercroix.)

Hannah's: see Hanna.

Hannican: see Okahanikan.

Hannover (Hanover): city, and Prussian prov., n. w. Germany; Fr. Hanovre; 52° 20′ N., 9° 40′ E.

Hano: settlement, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz.

Hanoï: capital, Fr. Indochina, and river port; 21° N., 105° 45′ E.

Hanopol: barrio, Balilihan Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Janopol nor Tanopol.)

Hanover: see Hannover.

Hanover: see Hanoverton.

Hanoverton: village, Columbiana County, Ohio. (Not Hanover.)

Hanseatic: see Hans Lollik.

Hansen: Hanson: see Henson.

Hans Lollik: rock, 200 yards across, awash, always breaking, 700 yards southeast of south end of Hans-Lollik Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Hanseatic, Hansnetik, nor White Horse.)

Hansnetik: see Hans Lollik.

Hanson: lake, T. 30 N., R. 7 E., Snohomish County, Wash. (Not McAllester nor McAllister.)

Hanson: see Chehalis.

Hantz: see Hahns Peak.

Hanyang: city, Hupeh prov., cen. China, on Yangtze river, adjacent to Hankow; 30° 34′ N., 114° 18′ E.

Haper's: see Harper.

Happy: cove, southeastern Alaska, on east side Tebenkof Bay, near lat. 56° 30′ N., long. 134° 09′ W.

Harbert: landing and point, Mississippi River, Tunica County, Miss. (Not Harbert's.)

Harbin: city, Kirin prov., Manchuria, on Sungari river; Russ. Kharbin;† 45° 45′ N., 126° 40′ E.

Harbor: island, 3½ miles long, containing harbor, in middle of entrance to Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 149° 40′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Harbor: island, Casco Bay, Phippsburg Town, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Horse.)

Harbor: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Deshler.)

Harbor: see Gavanski.

Harbor Beach: city and harbor, Huron County, Mich. (Not Harbor of Refuge nor Sand Beach.)

Harborcreek: township and village, Erie County, Pa. (Not Harbour Creek.)

Harbor of Apra: see Port Apra.

Harbor of Refuge: see Harbor Beach.

Harbor of San Luis d'Apra: see Port Apra.

Harbour: pr. här'bôr; island, the Bahamas.

Harbour Creek: see Harborcreek.

Harburg (Elbe): see Harburg-Wilhelmsburg.

Harburg-Wilhelmsburg: city, Hannover, near Hamburg, n. Germany; 53° 28′ N., 9° 58′ E. Not Harburg (Elbe).

Harden: lake and ranch, Tuolumne County, Calif. (Not Hardin, Hardins, Hardin's, nor Rardin.)

***Hardenbergh:** town, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Hardenburg.)

Hardenburg: see Hardenbergh.

Hardesty: village, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Queen Anne.)

Hardin: point, Mississippi River, Lee County, Ark. (Not Hardin's.)

Hardin: see Haxall.

Hardin: see Harden.

Harding: beach, Nantucket Sound, Chatham, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Harding's.)

Harding: ledge off Point Allerton, Boston Harbor, Mass. (Not Harding's.)

Harding: peak (Mount Harding), about 3 miles north of McDonald Lake and McDonald Peak, about sec. 26, T. 20 N., R. 19 W., in Mission Range, Lake County, Mont. (Not Teton.)

Harding Gateway: a passage, 5 miles wide, between Rugged Island and Cheval Island, principal entrance to Resurrection Bay, southern shore of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. Named in honor of Warren Gamaliel Harding, President of the United States.

Harding's: see Harding, beach and ledge.

Hardins: bluff, east side James River, Charles City County, Va. (Not Hardy's.)

Hardins: Hardin's: see Harden.

Hardins: see Hardin.

Hardiston: see Hardyston.

Hard Luck: creek, rising in Canada, flowing westward across the International Boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 65° 05′ N., long. 141° W., and joining Cathedral Creek in Alaska.

Hardluck: small bay, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, on the north shore of Lake Beverley, just east of Peace River, lat. 59° 41′ N., long. 158° 41′ W.

Hardover: point, north end of Nuka Island, marking a sharp turn in Nuka Passage, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 150° 43′ W. So named because it is necessary to put the helm hard over in making the turn in the passage.

Hardshift: see Hardship.

Hardship: branch of Pocomoke River, Worcester County, Md. (Not Hardshift.)

Hardtack: island, Willamette River, Multnomah County, Oreg., in southerly part of Portland, centering near lat. 45° 29′ N., long. 122° 39′ 30″ W., about 200 yards southeast of Ross Island. The original name of this island was Hardhack for the *spiraea Douglasii* that grows on it. Name approved by Oregon Geographic Board.

Hardware: village, Fluvanna County, Va. (Not Vallena.)

Hardys: pond, Waltham, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Hardy, Mead, nor Means.)

Hardy's: see Hardins.

Hardyston: township, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Hardiston.)

Harewood: railroad station, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Harewood Park.)

Harford: township and village, Susquehanna County, Pa. (Not Hartford.)

Harietta: see Harrietta.

Harkleroad: landing, Mississippi River, near Fritz, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not Harkleroad's.)

Harkness: mountain (Mount Harkness), altitude 8,039 feet, Plumas County, Calif., about a mile south of Juniper Lake, in unsurveyed sec. 27, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Harlem: see Haarlem.

Harlequin Hills: see Black Rock, range.

Harlow: island, Mississippi River, Monroe County, Ill. (Not Harlow's.)

Harman Marsh: pond, Sheffield Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Harmon.)

Harmon: see Harmon Marsh.

Harmony: islands, southeastern Alaska, Tongass National Forest, group of seven islands, off west coast of Prince of Wales Island, on the east side of Tonowek Bay, near lat. 55° 43′ N., long. 133° 25′ W.

Harnai: light and point, western coast of India. (Not Herni.)

Harney: peak, Black Hills, Pennington County, S. Dak. (Not Harney's.)

Haro: strait, international boundary line between San Juan County, Wash., and Vancouver Island. (Not Canal de Haro.)

Harosoma: see Goldfield, mountains, Ariz.

Harper: landing, Illinois River, Calhoun County, Ill. (Not Harper's.)

Harpers Ferry: town, Jefferson County, W. Va. (Not Harper's Ferry.)

Harpersville: see Harpursville.

Harperville: village, Scott County, Miss. (Not Harpersville.)

Harpoon: glacier, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, lying near lat. 61° 23′ N., long. 152° 22′ W., about 9 miles long. So named because the glacier in shape resembles a harpoon.

Harpout: see Harput.

Harpursville: village, Colesville Town, Broome County, N. Y. (Not Harpersville nor Harpurville.)

Harput: town, Turkey. Not Charput, Harpout, Kharput.

Harriete: see Harrietta.

Harrietta: village, Wexford County, Mich. (Not Harietta, Harriete, nor Harriette.)

Harriette: see Harrietta.

Harrington: point, dividing the east and west arms of Nuka Bay, Alaska, near lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 150° 30′ W. Local name proposed by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party.

Harrington's: see Herrington.

Harris: bay, southeastern Alaska, on east side of Chatham Strait, near lat. 56° 19′ N., long. 134° 17′ W.

Harris: bay, indenting south coast of Kenai Peninsula, 7 miles west of Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 149° 53′ W., Alaska.

Harris: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 58′ N., long. 114° 14′ W., on north slope of Parke Peak.

Harris: lake, Archuleta County, Colo., the northern of two small lakes at head of Big Branch, in sec. 26, T. 34 N., R. 1 E., New Mexico meridian. Believed to be named for a Mr. Harris who originally did some work on this outlet.

Harris: peak (Mount Harris), altitude 6,392 feet, lat. 59° 15′ 28″ N., long. 136° 29′ 19″ W., at head of Muir Glacier, on the International Boundary, Alaska and British Columbia. After D. R. Harris, C. E., Canadian section, Boundary Survey, in Chilkat District, 1904.

Harris: peninsula, southwestern Alaska, about 10 miles long, between Aialik Bay and Harris Bay, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 43′ N., long. 149° 48′ W.

Harris: post light, Mississippi River, Fulton County, Ky. (Not Harris'.)

Harris Branch: stream, tributary to Flat River near Elvins, St. Francois County, Mo. (Not Harris' Branch, Kennedy Branch, Pattersons Branch, nor Tolman Branch.)

Harris' Branch: see Harris Branch.

Harrisburg: capital of Pennsylvania, in Dauphin Co., on the Susquehanna River, near lat. 40° 15′ N., long. 76° 53′ W. Population in 1930, 80,339. (Pronounced hâr′ĭs-berg.) (Not Harrisburgh.)

Harrisburg: lake, Stony Creek Town, Warren County, N. Y. (Not Harrisburgh, Kenyon, Mott, nor Mud.)

Harrisburgh: see Harrisburg, lake, N. Y.

Harrison: creek, Manitoba, Canada, and partly in sec. 15, T. 168 N., R. 35 W., Minnesota, flowing into Lake of the Woods at the Northwest Angle Inlet, on international boundary Line between Ontario and Minnesota. (Not Harrison's.)

Harrison: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in Harrison Glacier, near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., flowing southwest through Harrison Lake into Middle Fork of Flathead River.

Harrison: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 44′ W., on south slope of Mount Jackson, and fed by Walton Mountain on the west. Separated from Blackfoot Glacier (on the north slope of the Continental Divide) in summer by a few feet of bare red rock.

Harrison: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 46′ W., traversed by Harrison Creek.

Harrison: pass, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 118° 24′ W., north boundary Sequoia National Park. Named for Ben Harrison, who erected stone monument in the pass in the early eighties.

Harrison: town, Tallahatchie County, Miss. (Not Harrison Station.)

Harrison's: see Harrison, creek, Minn.

Harrisons Station: see Harrison, town, Miss.

Harrisonville: Harrisonville Station: see Bassett, N. J.

Harrisville: see Jenkins, town, N. J.

***Harsens:** island, mouth of St. Clair River, St. Clair County, Mich. (Not Harsons nor Herson.)

Harsons: see Harsens.

Harstene: see Harstine.

Harstine: island, Ts. 19, 20, and 21 N., Rs. 1 and 2 W., Puget Sound, Mason County, Wash. (Not Harstene, Hartstein, Hartstene, nor Hartstine.)

Hart: island, Chesapeake Bay, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Hart's.)

Hart: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Hart: see Heart, island, N. Y.

Hart: see Heart, lake, peak, and river, Wyo.

Hart: see Heart Lake Geyser, Wyo.

Hartford: capital of Connecticut, in Hartford Co., on the Connecticut River, near lat. 41° 46′ N., long. 72° 41′ W. Population in 1930, 163,818. (Pronounced, härt'fûrd.)

Hartford: see Harford.

Hartford: see Hartford City.

***Hartford City:** town, Mason County, W. Va. (Not Hartford.)

Hartley: lake, T. 164 N., Rs. 73 and 74 W., Bottineau and Rolette Counties, N. Dak., and T. 1 N., R. 21 W., Souris district, Manitoba, Canada.

Hart's: see Hart, island, N. Y.

Hart's: see Tuthill, cove, N. Y.

Harts Draw: canyon and wash, between Horsehead and North Peaks, opening north into Spring Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

***Hartselle:** city and precinct, Morgan County, Ala. (Not Hartsells.)

Hartsells: see Hartselle.

Hartsgrove: town and township, Ashtabula County, Ohio. (Not Harts Grove.)

Hartshorn: see Cordeal.

Hartstein: Hartstene: Hartstine: see Harstine.

Harvey: lake, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Harvey's.)

Harvey: town, Clay Township, Marion County, Iowa. (Not Harveyville.)

Harveyville: see Harvey.

Harwood: see Butlers.

Hasaam: see Hasaan, P. I.

Hasaan: barrio, Balingasag Municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Jasaan.)

Hasaan: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Hasaam nor Jasaan.)

Hasbidito: creek, spring, and valley, Navajo Indian Reservation, northwest of Lukachukai Mountains, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Hospitito.)

Hasenclever: hill, Herkimer County, N. Y. (Not Hassencleaver.)

Haska: creek, 1½ miles long, torrent falling from between peaks over 4,000 feet altitude, to southwest shore of McClellan Flats, Chilkat Inlet, Alaska. (Not Hask Falls.)

Haskell: creek, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Haskel nor Haskill.)

Haskell Flats: village, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Haskel Flats.)

Hask Falls: see Haska.

Haskill: see Haskell.

Haskin: Haskins: see Downey, lake, Mich.

Hasselborg: creek, southeastern Alaska, on Admiralty Island, near lat. 57° 35′ N., long. 134° 16′ W., outlet of Hasselborg Lake to Kootznahoo Inlet, Chatham Strait.

Hasselborg: lake, southeastern Alaska, on Admiralty Island, near lat. 57° 40′ N., long. 134° 16′ W. After Allen E. Hasselborg, who was guide to Alexander Alaska expedition, 1907.

Hassencleaver: see Hasenclever.

Hassiping: see Nassiping, P. I.

Hastings: city, Sussex, England; 50° 5′ N., 0° 36′ E.

Hat: creek, Shasta County, Calif., a south branch of Pit River, lat. 40° 30′ to 41° N., near long. 121° 30′ W.

Hat: island, Chichagof Pass, off mouth Circle Bay, Woronkofski Island, lat. 56° 22′.5 N., long. 132° 25′.5 W., southeastern Alaska.

Hat: mountain, altitude 7,695 feet, Shasta County, Calif., about 5 miles easterly from Lassen Peak, and 2½ miles southeast of Hat Creek, in sec. 34, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.

Hatch: point, Perkins Island, Kennebec River, near Richmond, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Hatche.)

Hatch: see Thatch.

Hatchee: see Hatchie.

Hatcher: village, Madison District, Cumberland County, Va. (Not Willis.)

Hatchett: reef, east of mouth of Connecticut River, Long Island Sound. (Not Hatchett's.)

***Hatchie:** river, rising in northern Mississippi and flowing into the Mississippi River in Tipton County, Tenn. (Not Big Hatchie nor Hatchee.)

Hatinohe: see Hachinohe.

Hatiôzi: see Hachioji.

Hatsett: rock, Edgartown Harbor, Martha's Vineyard, Mass.

Hattie: rock, north side of Augustine Bay entrance, western coast Dall Island, southeastern Alaska.

Hatunuan: see Natunuan, P. I.

Hauani: creek, Marshall County, Okla. (Not Haiyona nor Hiayona.)

Haunapueo: stream, tributary to Umauma Stream, eastern slope of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, T. H.

Haunted: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, draining into Phantom Creek, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 07′ W.

Haupu: peak, altitude 2,280 feet, Kolao-Lihue Divide, Kauai, T. H. (Not Haupo.)

Hauula: land division, partly in Government ownership, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Hauula: settlement, 31 miles from Honolulu, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Hauula: stream, rising in northern Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into sea, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H. (Not Hauulu.)

Havana: see Habana.

Havasu: canyon and creek, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Cataract.)

Havasupai: Indian reservation within Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 42′ W. (Not Havasup-pai, Supai, Yava Supai, nor Yavai Sup-pai.)

Havre, Le: seaport, on Seine estuary, n. France; 49° 30′ N., 0° 8′ E.

Hawai: see Haway, Calif.

Hawaii: county, Territory of Hawaii, at southeastern end of group; includes only Hawaii Island.

Hawaii: island, T. H., at southeast end of group, 134 sea miles from Honolulu; consists of several mountain peaks 20 to 25 miles apart, with high intermontane areas; highest point, 13,825 feet; roughly triangular in shape; 90 miles long and 75 miles wide; area 4,015 square miles.

Hawaiian: islands, North Pacific Ocean. (T. H.) (Not Sandwich.)

Haward: see Hayward, Minn.

Haway: meadows, Inyo County, Calif. (Not Hawai.)

Hawi: village, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hawili: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Janili, Jauili, Jawili, nor Tauili.)

Hawk: see Kekekabic.

Hawkes: see Falcon, arm, Alaska.

Hawkeye: town, Fayette County, Iowa. (Not Hawk Eye.)

Hawkins: creek, Lincoln County, Mont., Kootenai National Forest, rising in northern part T. 65 N., R. 34 W., flowing north entering Canada between boundary posts 223 and 224. (Not East Fork, Hawkins.)

Hawkins: pass, altitude about 9,000 feet, Union County, Oreg., on boundary between Whitman and Wallowa National Forests, and the headwaters of the West Fork of the Wallowa and the Imnaha Rivers, in sec. 12, T. 5 S., R. 44 E. Named for Albert Hawkins of Portland, Oreg., well-known writer, historian, and enthusiastic explorer of the Northwest, especially Oregon.

Hawkins: peak (Mount Hawkins), altitude 10,000 feet, Alaska, near lat. 60° 41′ N., long. 143° 29′ W., in Chugach Mountains, east of Copper River. Named for E. C. Hawkins, engineer, who built the Copper River and Northwestern Railway.

Hawkins: point, Patapsco River, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Hawkin's.)

Hawknest: see Hognest.

Hawley: mountain, secs. 12 and 13, T. 6 S., R. 12 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont.

Hawlings: river, Montgomery County, Md. (Not Hawling's nor Hollands.)

Hawthorn: precinct and town, Alachua County, Fla. (Not Hawthorne.)

Haxall: landing, James River, Charles City County, Va. (Not Hardin.)

Hay: creek, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 44 N., R. 15 W., flows southwest and empties into Lower Tamarack River in T. 42 N., R. 16 W.

Hay: creek, north of Coal Creek Ridge, rising in sec. 10, T. 34 N., R. 23 W., flowing in generally eastern direction and emptying into Flathead River in sec. 2, T. 34 N., R. 21 W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not Chapman.)

Hay: landing, Mississippi River, Issaquena County, Miss. (Not Hays.)

Hay: peak (Mount Hay), altitude 8,838 feet, lat. 59° 14′ 30″ N., long. 137° 36′ 23″ W., International Boundary, Alaska and Canada. After Hon. John Hay, formerly Secretary of State of the United States, who negotiated the treaty providing for the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal in 1903.

Hay: see Nicolet.

Hayasdan: see Armenia.

Haybanga: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jaybanga nor Taybanga.)

Haydarpaşa (Haidar Pasha): Asiatic suburb of İstanbul (Constantinople), Turkey; Turk. Haydarpaşa (pr. hīdarpasha); Fr. Haïdar Pacha; Ger. Haidar Pascha.

Hayden: island, in Columbia River, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Shaw's, Shaws, nor Vancouver.)

Hayden: lake, Madison Town, Somerset County, Me. (Not Madison.)

Hayden: railroad station, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Ashland.)

Hayden: valley, elevation 7,800 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at east base of Central Plateau and left bank of Yellowstone River, chiefly, near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 30′ W. So named for F. V. Hayden, 1829–1887, eminent geologist.

Hayden: see Haydon.

Hayden Row: village, town of Hopkinton, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Hayden Rowe.)

Haydens Fork: see Nez Perce.

Haydon: peak (Mount Haydon), first one to the southwest and 3 miles from summit of Mount St. Elias, lat. 60° 16′ N., long. 141° 00′ W., Alaska. (Not Hadon, Hayden nor Mount Huxley.)

Hayes: see Bald Eagle, peak, Mont.

Hayes: see Gray, peak, Calif.

Hayes: see Hays, township.

Hayford: peak (Mount Hayford), altitude 6,440 feet, southeastern Alaska, 6 miles west of Portland Canal, near lat. 55° 44′ N. So named in honor of John Filmore Hayford (1868–1925), late director of the College of Engineering, Northwestern University, and previously, 1898–1909, Chief Division of Geodesy, United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Hayley: see Mount Haley, township, Mich.

Haynersville: village, Brunswick Town, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Haynerville.)

Haynes: mountain, north of Madison Plateau and south of Madison River, T. 54 N., R. 117 W., Yellowstone National Park, Wyo. In honor of the late Frank Jay Haynes, a noted park pioneer.

Haypiece: hill, altitude 335 feet, east of Krum Bay, southern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Hays: stream, tributary to Big Black River, Carroll and Montgomery Counties, Miss. (Not Bogue-Hays, Philamon Hays, nor Philimon Hays.)

Hays: township, York County, Nebr. (Not Hayes.)

Hays: see Hay, landing.

Haystack: butte, 7,405 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 44′ W.

Haystack: mountain, between Green Gulch and Big Beaver Creek, sec. 1, T. 22 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Haystack: see Little Haystack.

Haystack: see Mellenthin, peak, Utah.

Hayward: strait, separating Krestof and Kruzof Islands, and uniting Krestof and Sitka Sounds, lat. 57° 09′ N., long. 135° 33′ W., southeastern Alaska. This decision divides the strait or passage between Sitka and Salisbury Sounds into two sections, calling the southern part Hayward and northern part Sukoi. The Board's former decision applied the name Hayward to the entire length of the strait.

***Hayward:** town, Alameda County, Calif. (Not Haywards, Hayward's, Haywards Station, nor Haywood.)

Hayward: township and village, Freeborn County, Minn. (Not Haward.)

Hayward: see Sukoi, strait, Alaska.

Haywards: Haywards Station: Haywood: see Hayward, Calif.

***Hazel:** township, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Hazle.)

Hazel Dell: township, Pottawattamie County, Iowa. (Not Hazle Dell.)

Hazelet: mountain (Mount Hazelet), 1,850 feet high, Controller Bay region, Alaska, near lat. 60° 12′ N., long. 144° 27′ W. In honor of George C. Hazelet, pioneer citizen of Alaska.

Hazel Green: creek, Tuolumne County, Calif., rising in sec. 17, T. 2 S., R. 19 E., Mount Diablo meridian, flows northwest into the South Fork of Tuolumne River. (Not Big.)

***Hazel Green:** township and village, Delaware County, Iowa. (Not Hazle Green.)

Hazelhurst: see Hazlehurst.

Hazelpatch: creek and railroad station, Laurel County, Ky. (Not Hazle Patch nor Hazle-Patch.)

***Hazelton:** city and township, Barber County, Kans. (Not Hazleton.)

***Hazelton:** town and township, Buchanan County, Iowa. (Not Hazleton.)

Hazelton: see Hazleton.

***Hazelwood:** town, Hamilton County, Ohio. (Not Hazlewood.)

Hazen: see Table, mountain, Calif.

Hazlehurst: city and district, Jeff Davis County, Ga. (Not Hazelhurst.)

Hazleton: city, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Hazelton.)

Hazleton: see Hazelton, Iowa.

Hazlewood: see Hazelwood.

Head, The: mountain, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 16′ W.

Head of Passes: lighthouse, Delta of the Mississippi River, La. (Not Head of the Passes.)

Head of Tranquility: see Little Hauken.

Heady: creek, forming boundary between Southampton Village and the Shinnecock Indian Reservation, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Header.)

Heagan: mountain, Waldo County, Me. (Not Heagen.)

Heart: island in St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Hart nor Hemlock.)

Heart: lake, Shasta County, Calif., a mile northwest of Brokeoff Mountain, in sec. 19, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Heart: lake, Hinsdale County, Colo.

Heart: lake, NE. ¼ sec. 33, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Heart: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 29′ W. (Not Hart.)

Heart: peak, 8 miles north of Cody, Park County, Wyo. (Not Hart.)

Heart: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., outlet of Heart Lake, emptying into Snake River, 3 miles south of lake. (Not Hart.)

Heart Lake Geyser: basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., along Witch Creek, draining into Heart Lake, near lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 110° 31′ W. (Not Hart.) Discovered by the Washburn party, 1870.

***Heather:** island, in Charlestown, Washington County, R. I., at the east end of Ninigret Pond. (Not Stevens.) Change of name from Stevens, as given in Official Gazetteer of Rhode Island, approved by Rhode Island Geographic Board.

Heather: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 23, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named by Superintendent White in 1925.

Heather: meadow, Whatcom County, Wash., 9 miles northeast of Mount Baker and north side Austin Pass, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 121° 40′ W. (Not Austin Pass.)

Heather Wash: watercourse, begins near Mescalero Point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near south rim of canyon, and lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 112° 17′ W., draining southwest into Havasu Creek.

Heaven: Heavens: see Long, pond, N. Y

Heavens: peak, altitude 8,994 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 51′ W.

Hebgen: lake, artificial, made by dam on Madison River, Madison National Forest, Gallatin County, just west of Yellowstone National Park, Mont.

Hebrides: island group, n. w. Scotland.

Hebrides, New: see New Hebrides.

Hebron or **El Khalil:** town, s. cen. Palestine; Arabic, El Khalil;† 31° 30′ N., 35° 5′ E. Not El Khulil, Khalil-el-Rahman.

Heckman: island, Missouri River, Mo. (Not Heckman's.)

Heddrick: see Grassy.

Hedgehog: hill, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not North Mountain.)

Hedges: mountain, approximate altitude 7,200 feet, in the southeastern part of Lewis and Clark County, Mont., 7 miles northeast of the Missouri River, near lat. 46° 45′ N., long. 111° 40′ W. After the late Cornelius Hedges, a public-spirited citizen of Helena, Mont., who was instrumental in establishing Yellowstone National Park.

Hedges: peak, altitude 9,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 29′ W. Named, 1895, for Cornelius Hedges, member of Washburn expedition, 1870, and who wrote many articles advocating the creation of a national park.

Hedges: village, Clark County, Ky. (Not Fairlie, K. U. Junction, nor L. E. Junction.)

Hedjaz: see Hejaz.

Heeia: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Heeia: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into Kaneohe Bay, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Heeia: village, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Heerlen: pr. hār′lĕn; city, s. Netherlands; 50° 54′ N., 6° E.

Hefty: peak, altitude 7,047 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary east of Skagway, near lat. 59° 27′ N. After J. G. Hefty, United States section, International Boundary Commission.

Heidelberg: pr. hī′dĕl-burg; city, Baden, s. w. Germany; 49° 25′ N., 8° 42′ E.

Height of Land: mountain, Warren County, N. Y. (Not Hight of Land.)

Heijo (Pyengyang): city, n. w. Chosen; alternate Jap. off. romanizations, Heijo and Heizyô; Korean, Pyengyang; 39° N., 126° E. Not Phyongyang, Pienyang, Pyöng-yang.

Heilungkiang: n. province of Manchuria.

Heilungkiang (river between Manchuria and the U. S. S. R.): See Amur River.

Heizyô: see Heijo.

Hejaz: state, Arabia, part of the kingdom of Saudi Arabia; capital, Mecca. Not Hedjaz, Hijaz.

Helderberg: village, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Helderburg.)

Helemano: ditch, diverting water from Poamoho and Helemano streams, Oahu, T. H.

Helemano: stream, rising in northern Koolau Mountains, flowing northwestward into Kaiaka Bay, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Helen: lake, southeastern Alaska, head of Santa Anna Inlet, northern part of Cleveland Peninsula.

Helen: lake, Shasta County, Calif., 1½ miles south of Lassen Peak, in secs. 11 and 14, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Helen: lake, at head of south Fork of Belly River, Glacier County, Mont.

Helen: mountain, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont.

Helena: capital of Montana, in Lewis and Clark Co., on Last Chance Gulch, near lat. 46° 36′ N., long. 112° 00′ W. Population in 1930, 11,803. (Pronounced, hĕl′-ĕ-na.)

Helena: creek, rising in Helena Lake, and tributary to Clear Creek, T. 31 N., R. 10 E., Snohomish County, Wash. (Not South Fork, Clear.)

Helgoland: Germany; island, North Sea; 54° 15′ N., 7° 55′ E. Not Heligoland.

Helianthus: passage, southeastern Alaska, between Explorer Basin and Tebenkof Bay, near lat. 56° 27′ N., long. 134° 11′ W. After the Coast and Geodetic Survey launch *Helianthus.*

Heligoland: see Helgoland.

Helio: see Watchman.

Heliotrope: ridge, between Bastile and Grouse Ridges, northwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Hellam: township, York County, Pa. (Not Hallam.)

Hellam: see Hallam.

Hellas: see Greece.

Hellespont: see Dardanelles.

Hell Gate: channel in Hudson River, opposite Coeymans, between Upper and Lower Schodack Island, N. Y. (Not Hallegate nor Schodack.)

Hell Gate: narrow passage in East River, N. Y.

Hell Gate: see Clark Fork.

Hell Roaring: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° 10′ N., long. 110° 18′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone River.

Hell Roaring: mountain, 8,300 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 45° 01′ N., long. 110° 27′ W.

Hells Half Acre: Niagara River, N. Y. (Not Hell's Half Acre.)

Hells Half Acre: see Midway Geyser.

Helmer: creek, Steuben County, N. Y., a mile east of Cameron Mills, one-fourth of a mile west of and parallel to the east boundary of the town of Cameron and in north part of town of Rathbone.

Helmer: see Canatoga.

Helmet, The: peak, western part of secs. 6 and 7, T. 8 S., R. 2 E., Madison County, Mont. (Not Mount Washington.)

Helms: see William, village, Va.

Helsingborg: see Hälsingborg.

Helsingfors: see Helsinki.

Helsinki (Helsingfors): capital of Finland; Swed. Helsingfors; 60° 12′ N., 24° 58′ E.

Hemlock: creek, Ts. 36 and 37 N., Rs. 7 and 8 E., rising near Hemlock Buttes, tributary to Weitas Creek from the southwest, Clearwater and Idaho Counties, Idaho. (Not Beaver, Hemlock Butte Beaver, nor Weitas-Beaver.)

Hemlock: gulch, secs. 16 and 21, T. 26 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Hemlock: pass, elevation about 4,800 feet, leading from head of Denny Creek to Melakwa Lake, King County, Wash.

Hemlock: see Heart, island, N. Y.

Hemlock Butte Beaver: Hemlock, creek.

Hen: see North Fowl.

Henderson: bay, Lake Ontario, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Henderson's.)

Henderson: creek, T. 18 N., Rs. 29 and 30 W., tributary to St. Regis River from the south near Henderson, Mineral County, Mont. (Not Little Twelve Mile nor Little Twelvemile.)

Henderson: precinct and village, Adams County, Colo. (Not Island Station.)

Hendley: railroad station, Furnas County, Nebr. (Not Hendly.)

Hendon: a n. w. suburb of London, England; 51° 36′ N., 0° 13′ W.

Hendricks: head and light, Sheepscot River, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Hendrick's.)

Hendricks: point opposite Jacksonville, St. Johns River, Fla. (Not Grassy.)

Hendricks: see Grassy, point, Fla.

Hendricks: see Green, mountain, Colo.

Hendrick's: see Kendrick, creek, Tenn.

Hendricks Peak: see Green Mountain, Colo.

Hendrik: bay or cove, 400 yards wide, with beach and coconut grove, on east side of Santa Maria Bay, north shore of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Henrick nor Sorgenfri.)

Hendry and Knight: see Garrison, channel, Fla.

Heney: creek, about 2 miles south of Cordova, Alaska, flowing west into Orca Inlet, near lat. 60° 30′ N., long. 145° 47′ W. After Michael J. Heney, pioneer railroad builder in Alaska.

Heney: peak, altitude 3,150 feet, about 2½ miles south of Cordova, Alaska, near lat. 60° 30′ N., long. 145° 44′ W.

Henkel: mount (Mount Henkel), altitude 8,700 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 113° 41′ W. Named for settler, Henkel, locally known as "Joe Bush."

Henley: cay, largest of three Durloe Cays, off northwestern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Frauen.)

Hennercroix: see Hannacrois.

Henness: branch, Mariposa County, Calif., just west of Yosemite National Park, a small tributary of Merced River. (Not Hennessy, Ward's, nor Wilsons.)

Henrici Landing: post light on Sauvie Island, Columbia River, 3 miles above St. Helens, Oreg. (Not Henrici's.)

Henrick: see Hendrik.

Henry: mount (Mount Henry), altitude 8,870 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 21′ W.

Henry: see Winter, point, Mich.

Henry Clay: peak (Mount Henry Clay), 7,434 feet high, on the Alaska-British Columbia boundary, between Klehini and Tsirku Rivers, near lat. 59° 22′, long. 136° 29′. Named after Henry Clay, 1777–1852, American orator and statesman.

Henry Fork: see Henrys Fork.

Henry Magee: run, Limestone Township, Warren County, Pa., heads in lot 5,225 and flows west to Allegheny River, Allegheny National Forest. (Not Waid.) Named for one who was prominent locally before the Civil War, and active in the organization of Limestone Township.

Henrys: see Fassett.

Henrys Fork: river, rising in Henrys Lake, emptying into Snake River, in T. 5 N., R. 38 E., Fremont and Madison Counties, Idaho. (Not Henry Fork nor North Fork, Snake River.)

Henry's Hunting Ground: see Indian Henrys Hunting Grounds.

Henrys Lake: mountains, extending from Red Rock Pass, Fremont County, Idaho, to Madison Plateau, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Henry's Lake: see Centennial.

Henson: creek and village, Hinsdale County, Colo. (Not Hansen, Hanson, Hensen, nor Honsen.)

Henton: Henton's: see Folsom.

Heraklion: see Ērakleion.

Herat: city, n. w. Afghanistan; 34° 30′ N., 62° 10′ E.

Herbert: peak (Mount Herbert), altitude 6,090 feet, lat. 59° 45′ 59″ N., long. 138° 37′ 30″ W., International Boundary, Alaska and Canada. After Right Hon. Sir Michael H. Herbert, British Ambassador to the United States during early part of Alaskan Boundary Tribunal, who signed and also assisted in framing the treaty by which the tribunal was created.

Herbert: river, tributary to Eagle River, from the south, Alaska, near lat. 58° 32′ N., long. 134° 45′ W., Tongass National Forest. The glacier which this river drains was named by Mansfield, 1890, after Hon. Hilary A. Herbert, Secretary of the Navy.

Herbert Graves: island, southeastern Alaska, south of Portlock Harbor, between Kukkan Bay and Ogden Passage, in approximate lat. 57° 39′ to 43′ N., and long. 136° 12′ W.

Herbst: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., 1 mile south of international boundary.

Hercegovina: pr. hertsegovē′na; a part of Yugoslavia, formerly in Austria-Hungary; Fr. Herzégovine; Ger. Herzegowina; Ital. Erzegovina. Not Herzegovina.

Heredia: pr. eh-reh′dē-ä; prov. and city, n. Costa Rica; 10° 1′ N., 84° 8′ W.

Heriman: see Herriman.

Hering: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 09′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., about 4 miles west by north from south entrance. Named by the United States Geological Survey, 1878, for Rudolph Hering, topographer of the Hayden Survey.

Herington: city, Dickinson County, Kans. (Not Herrington.)

Hermagos: islets, in Gulf of Esquibel, just off the northern end of San Fernando Island, lat. 55°34′.4 N., long. 133° 25′.4 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Brothers nor Los Hermagos.)

Herman: creek, tributary to Columbia River above Cascade Locks, Hood River County, Oreg. (Not Hermann.)

Hermannstadt: see Sibiu.

Hermanos: islets in the middle of the eastern end of San Christoval Channel, Bucareli Bay, lat. 55° 34′.2 N., long. 133° 17′.6 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not The Brothers.)

Hermit: basin and creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 14′ W.

Hermitage: point, upstream angle at confluence of Cowpen Creek with Turtle River, Glynn County, Ga.

Hermogenes: see Chiniak, cape, Alaska.

Hermosa: cliffs, La Plata County, Colo., near lat. 37° 30′ N., long. 107° 51′ W.

Hermosa: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Hernani: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Herne: a suburb of Bochum, Westphalia, Germany; 51° 32′ N., 7° 12′ E.

Herni: see Harnai.

Hero: lake, sec. 21, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Herod: point, north shore of Long Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Herod's.)

Heron: see Herron.

Herriman: village, Salt Lake County, Utah. (Not Heriman.)

Herring: point, on west side of Herring Bay, northwest end of Knight Island, lat. 60° 29′ N., long. 147° 47′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Herring: see Dirickson, creek, Del.

Herring: see Edgartown Great Pond, Mass.

Herring: see Honeygo, run, Md.

Herring Gut: see Clyde.

Herrington: run, Garrett County, Md. (Not Harrington's.)

Herrington: see Herington.

Herron: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., flowing southeast into DeLacy Creek. (Not Heron nor West Fork.)

Herschel: island in Arctic Ocean north coast of Canada, near Alaska boundary. (Not Hershel.)

Herschell: see Backhouse.

Hershel: see Herschel.

Hershey Chute: post light, Mississippi River, near Fairport, Muscatine County, Iowa. (Not Hershey's.)

Herson: see Harsens.

Hertogenbosch, 's: see 's Hertogenbosch.

Herzegovina: see Hercegovina.

Herzegowina: see Hercegovina.

Hesperus: mountain, between La Plata and Montezuma Counties, southwestern Colorado. (Not Hesperis.)

Hess: creek, Yamhill County, Oreg., flowing south in the eastern part of the city of Newberg to the north bank of Willamette River. (Not Hess Branch, Hess Mill Creek, nor Mill Creek.) Local name, after owner of mill on stream in the early fifties.

Hesse: see Hessen.

Hessen (Hesse): state, w. Germany.

Hessen-Nassau (Hesse-Nassau): Prussian province, w. Germany.

Hetch Hetchy: valley, Yosemite National Park, Tuolumne County, Calif., in T. 1 N., R. 20 E., Mount Diablo meridian. The Hetch Hetchy Reservoir, in the valley, furnishes water supply for San Francisco. (Not Hetch-Hetchy nor Hetch Hetchey.)

Hewes: point and ledge, Islesboro Harbor, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Hughes.)

Hewlett: the western point of entrance to Manhasset Bay, Nassau County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Hewlett's.)

Hewlett: point, on Columbia River, about 6 miles below Vancouver, Clark County, Wash. (Not Hewletts.)

Hewlett: village, Hanover County, Va. (Not Hewlett's.)

Heyburn: mountain, altitude 10,880 feet, Sawtooth Range, near Redfish Lake, Custer County, Idaho. (Not Fenns Peak nor Tower Rock.)

Hiawassee: see Hiwassee.

Hiawatha: lake, Minnetrista Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Whale Tail nor Whaletail.)

Hiayona: see Hauani.

Hibaka: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Gibaca nor Jibaca.)

Hibaras: see San Isidro, P. I.

Hibonauan: see Hibunawan, P. I.

Hibonawan: see Hibunawan, P. I.

Hibriten: mountain, 6 miles from Lenoir, Caldwell County, N. C. (Not High Brighton nor Turkey Cock.)

Hibunauan: see Hibunawan, P. I.

Hibunawan: barrio, Baybay Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Hibunauan.)

Hibunawan: barrio, Burauen Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Hibonawan nor Hibonauan.)

Hicacos Cay: see Icacos Cay.

Hicacos Point: see Icacos, point.

Hicaholahala: Hicaholahia: see Hickahala.

Hickahala: creek, tributary to Coldwater River, Tate County, Miss. (Not Hicaholahala, Hicaholahia, Hickahall, nor Hickahate.)

Hickahall: see Hickahala.

Hickahate: see Hickahala.

Hickman: landing, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not Hickman's.)

Hickory: see Francis, island, Canada.

Hicks: gulch, west slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in sec. 16, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., extending northeast into North Pass Canyon about ½ mile east of South Peak. Named for family long associated with mining developments in this region.

Hicks: island at entrance to Napeague Harbor, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Goffe.)

Hidalgo: pr. ē-däl'gō; state, cen. Mexico.

Hidden: bay, eastern coast of Culross Island, lat. 60° 42′ N., long. 148° 07′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Hidden: brook, secs. 2, 3, and 4, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., emptying into Cabin Creek, 4 miles southeast of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Hidden: cove, opening from eastern end of Slocum Arm, indenting southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 28′ N., long. 135° 50′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Hidden: creek, Alaska, approximately 10 miles in length, entering a lake lying at the foot of Wright Glacier at a point in lat. 58° 29′ N., long. 133° 40′ W., Tongass National Forest. So named because the canyon and valley occupied by this stream are hidden from view by surrounding mountains.

Hidden: creek, a small creek in Gallatin County, Mont., Gallatin National Forest, flowing north from Hidden Lake in sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 4 E., into Portal Creek in sec. 19, T. 6 S., R. 5 E. This stream flows through a deep, narrow canyon and is seldom noticed.

Hidden: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 41′ N., long. 113° 45′ W., outlet of Hidden Lake, flowing southwest into Avalanche Creek.

Hidden: falls, southeastern Alaska, 170 feet high, at head of Kasnyku Bay, near lat. 57° 13′ N., long. 134° 54′ W., east shore Baranof Island.

Hidden: harbor, in head of Kinak Bay, southeast coast Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near long. 154° 30′ W.

Hidden: lake, Shasta County, Calif., near east boundary of county, 1 mile southwest of Snag Lake, in sec. 5, T. 30 N., R. 6 E. (Not Twin Lakes.)

Hidden: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 2, T. 19 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Hidden: lake, Gallatin County, Mont., Gallatin National Forest, in sec. 36, T. 6 S., R. 4 E., its outlet is Hidden Creek.

Hidden: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 41′ N., long. 113° 45′ W.

Hidden: point, southeastern Alaska, the north point at the entrance to Hidden Inlet, Portland Canal, Tongass National Forest.

Hidden: waterfalls (Hidden Falls), Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 46′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., on Glacier Creek of Park and Forest Service maps.

Hidden Falls: lake, draining into head of Kasnyku Bay, east shore Baranof Island, lat. 57° 13′ N., long. 134° 54′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Hidong: island, group of five small rocks, about 1¼ miles east of Patoyac Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I. (Not Curianas Islands.)

Higbee: canyon, Otero County, Colo. (Not Reilly's.)

Higgon: cape, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Kiphiggon nor Tilton's.)

High: hill in Huntington town, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Jayne's nor West.)

High: islet, about 65 feet high at entrance to Port Laguimanoc, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

High: see Ancon, point, Alaska.

High: see Natoa, island, Alaska.

High: see Pine Top, mountain, Calif.

High: see St. Margarettes, island, N. Y.

High Breaker: see Dita.

High Brighton: see Hibriten.

High Head: see Great Head, point, Me.

Highland: hot springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 38′ N., long. 110° 38′ W., on tributary of Alum Creek and near top of Central Plateau.

Highland: lake, Winchester town, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Long.)

Highland: lake, Stoddard, Cheshire County, and Washington, Sullivan County, N. H. (Not Long, Stacey, nor Stacy Pond.)

Highland: peak, 9,395 feet high, Lincoln County, Nev., highest point of Highland Range, in sec. 3, T. 1 S., R. 66 E., near lat. 37° 54′ N., long. 114° 35′ W.

*__Highland:__ village, San Bernardino County, Calif. (Not Highlands.)

Highland: see Central, plateau, Wyo.

Highlands: see Highland, Calif.

High Rock: mountain, Douglas County, Oreg., near lat. 43° 02′ N., long. 122° 30′ W. (Not Fish Lake.)

Hight of Land: see Height of Land.

Hightower: see Etowah.

Hiilawe: falls, about 1,700 feet high, Waipio Gulch, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Hijaz: see Hejaz.

Hiko-Bukta: see Koyuktolik.

Hilda: creek, on south shore Douglas Island, Alaska, near lat. 58° 14′ N., long. 134° 30′ W., northeast of Point Hilda.

Hildesheim: city, s. Hannover, w. cen. Germany; 52° 10′ N., 9° 58′ E.

Hilea: land division, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hilea: village, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hilham: village, Overton County, Tenn. (Not Hillham.)

Hill: peak, altitude 7,177 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary east of Port Snettisham, near lat. 58°. Named after Jesse Hill, United States section, International Boundary Commission.

Hilland: see Holland.

Hillary: see Hillery, Ill.

Hill City: city, Graham County, Kans. (Not Hill.)

Hill City: precinct and town, Pennington County, S. Dak. (Not Hill.)

Hiller: see Hilliar.

Hillerman: rock, Ohio River, Massac County, Ill. (Not Hillerman's.)

Hillery: creek, tributary to Turtle River at Blythe Island, 1 mile above Hermitage, Glynn County, Ga.

Hillery: village, Vermilion County, Ill. (Not Hillary nor Hilliary.)

Hillham: see Hilham.

Hilliar: township, Knox County, Ohio. (Not Hiller, Hilliard, nor Hillier.)

Hilliard: village, Franklin County, Ohio. (Not Hilliards.)

Hilliard: see Hilliar.

Hilliard: see Hilliards.

Hilliards: village, Washington Township, Butler County, Pa. (Not Hilliard nor Hilliard's.)

Hilliary: see Hillery, Ill.

Hillier: see Hilliar.

*__Hillman:__ peak, Klamath County, Oreg., on west rim of Crater Lake, Crater Lake National Park. (Not Glacier.)

Hills: point, Sturgeon Bay, Door County, Wis. (Not Hill's.)

Hillsboro: channel, Hillsborough County, Fla., in Hillsboro Bay, from Tampa Bay to junction at south end Seddon Island. (Not Hillsboro Bay.)

*__Hillsboro (Hillsborough):__ county and town, New Hampshire; legal form Hillsborough; local usage, followed by the postal service and railroads, Hillsboro.

Hillsboro: see Hillsborough, Fla.

Hillsboro Bay: see Hillsboro, channel, Fla.

Hillsboro River: channel, Hillsborough County, Fla., in mouth of Hillsboro River, Tampa Harbor.

Hillsborough: see Hillsboro, N. H.

Hillsborough: county, Fla. (Not Hillsboro.)

*__Hillsgrove:__ town and township, Sullivan County, Pa. (Not Hills Grove.)

Hillsview: lake, Mecosta County, Mich., in Township of Colfax, in secs. 3 and 10, T. 15 N., R. 9 W. (Not Mud.) Resolution adopting new name passed by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Mecosta, and approved by the Michigan State Committee on Geographic Names.

Hilltonia: town, Screven County, Ga. (Not Hiltonia.)

Hilo: bay, at mouth of Wailuku River, east Hawaii, T. H.

Hilo: harbor, Hawaii Island, T. H.

Hilo: peak, altitude 5,760 feet, sec. 29, T. 44 N., R. 6 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Hilo: town, Hilo Bay, Hawaii, T. H.

Hilo, North: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in central Hawaii, T. H.

Hilo, South: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in eastern Hawaii, T. H.

Hiloa: stream, tributary to Hanapepe Stream from the west, below Hanapepe Falls, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Hilongos: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Hiltonia: see Hilltonia.

Hilversum: city, 16 mi. s. e. of Amsterdam, Netherlands; 52° 13′ N., 5° 10′ E.

Himaga: barrio, Goa Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Gimaga.)

***Himalayas, The**: pr. hi-mā′la-yas; more properly The Himalaya; mt. system, India, Tibet, Nepal, and Bhutan.

Himamailan: see Himamaylan, P. I.

Himamaylan: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Himamailan, Jimamailan, nor Jimamaylan.)

Himedi: see Himeji.

Himeji: city, near Kobe, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Himedi; 34° 50′ N., 134° 45′ E.

Himes: pass, at head of Himes Creek, sec. 20, T. 25 N., R. 29 W., Lincoln and Sanders Counties, Mont.

Himilian: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Jimili-an, Jimilian, nor Timilian.)

Himugaan: river, in northern part of Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Gimogan.)

Hinacloy: see Hiuacloy, P. I.

Hinalinan: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jinalinan.)

Hinalinan: barrio, Bugasong Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jinalinan nor Linalinan.)

Hinalinan: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jinalinan nor Tinalinan.)

Hinalua: see Makaokahai, T. H.

Hinanangan: see Hinunangan, P. I.

Hinapo: see Hinaponggamay, P. I.

Hinapongdaku: barrio, Maasin Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Ginapo Daco nor Hinapong Daku.)

Hinaponggamay: barrio, Maasin Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Ginapo, Hinapo, nor Hinapong Gamay.)

Hinatuan: municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Hinchinbrook: large island and cape at its southwestern extremity on east side of entrance to Prince William Sound, lat. 60° 24′ N., long. 146° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Hinchinbroke.)

Hinchinbrook: lighthouse, on Cape Hinchinbrook, lat. 60° 14′.2 N., long. 146° 39′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Hinchinbrook: principal entrance to Prince William Sound, lying between Hinchinbrook and Montague islands, lat. 60° 17′ N., long. 146° 50′ W., Alaska.

Hinckley: lake, Wilmurt Town, Herkimer County, N. Y. (Not Butler.)

Hinckley: peak (Mount Hinckley), altitude 4,615 feet, southeastern Alaska, 2½ miles southwest of Hyder, head of Portland Canal, near lat. 55° 53′ N., long. 130° 03′ W. After Earl Hinckley, of Hyder, who, in the summer of 1926, was killed by a fall from a cliff on this peak.

Hinckley Point: spit, St. Lawrence River, N. Y. (Not Hinckley's Point.)

Hinckley's: see Hinkley.

Hindang: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Hindenburg: city, Silesia, ext. s. e. Germany; 50° 19′ N., 18° 47′ E.

Hindi: see Gindi, P. I.

Hindu Amphitheater: basin, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 12′ W.

Hindu Kush: mt. range e. Afghanistan and n. w. India.

Hingotanan: see Hingutanan, P. I.

Hingutanan: barrio, Talibon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Hingotanan.)

Hinigaran: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, west coast of Negros, P. I. (Not Ginigaran, Guinigaran, nor Jinigaran.)

Hinkle: village, Upshur County, W. Va. (Not Hinkles Mills nor Hinkleville.)

Hinkley: bend, Missouri River, Franklin County, Mo. (Not Hinckley's nor Hinkle.)

Hinsacho: see Huisache.

Hinunangan: bay, east coast, and town, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Ginunangan, Hinanangan, Hinonangan, nor Hinunanga.)

Hinundayan: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Hio: hill, altitude 162 feet, town of Southwest Harbor, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., about 1 mile southwest of Manset.

Hiraan: barrio, Carigara Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Giroan, Hira-an, nor Jiraan.)

Hiroshima: seaport, s. w. part of main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Hirosima; 34° 28′ N., 132° 30′ E.

Hirosima: see Hiroshima.

Hirst: see Kimshan.

Hirst: see Mine, cove, Alaska.

***Hispaniola:** island, West Indies, comprising the Dominican Republic and the Republic of Haiti; located between latitude 17° 30′ and 20° N., and longitude 68° 20′ and 74° 30′ W. The island was discovered and named La Isla Española by Columbus in 1492 and its name subsequently became latinized as Hispaniola. On American foreign maps Hispaniola was extensively used, especially between 1550 and 1850, and in recent years its use has been revived because of the lack of a well-established distinctive name in any language relating to the entire island. (Not Haiti nor Santo Domingo.)

Hit: see Hitt, wash, Ariz.

Hitchcock: twin lakes, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 34′ N., long. 118° 19′ W., Sequoia National Park, 1½ miles west of Whitney Pass. (Not Twin Lakes.)

Hitchcock: landing, Ohio River, Scioto County, Ohio. (Not Hitchcock's.)

Hitchcock: mountain (Mount Hitchcock), 2 miles southwest of Mount Whitney, Tulare County, Calif.

Hither: island, of marsh, Ocean County, N. J., in the southeastern part of Little Egg Harbor Township, south of Little Egg Harbor and next east of Story Island and Hither Channel. (Not Goodluck Island, as previously charted.)

Hither Island: see Drag Sedge.

Hitoma: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Giloma, Gitoma, nor Gitona.)

Hitt: wash, Yavapai County, Ariz., rising in sec. 6, T. 17 N., R. 5 W., on east slope of Santa Maria Mountains, flowing east into Williamson Valley, near Simmons, in T. 17 N., R. 3 W. (Not Hit.) After James Hitt, who lived near this stream, 1880.

Hiuacloy: barrio, Goa Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guiuacloy nor Hinacloy.)

Hive: island, small, 1,070 feet high, on eastern side of entrance to Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 53′ N., long. 149° 22′.5 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Guard nor Sugar Loaf.)

Hiwassee: town, Towns County, Ga. (Not Hiawassee.)

Hiwassee: island in Tennessee River at mouth of Hiwassee River, Meigs County, Tenn., and River in eastern Tennessee, western North Carolina, and northern Georgia. (Not Hiawassee.)

Hiwassee: village, Cherokee County, N. C. (Not Hiawassee.)

Hiyu: creek, Boise County, Idaho, tributary to Tenmile Creek from south, near the head.

Hlohahle: Hlohah le: see Lohali.

Hludasetsk: see Ludaseska.

Hoaeae: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Hoalua: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northward into sea, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

***Hoback:** canyon and river, Lincoln and Sublette Counties, Wyo. (Not Fall.)

Hobadijah: see Cohobadiah.

Hobart: seaport, capital of Tasmania, Australia; 42° 55′ S., 147° 20′ E.

Hobokenville: see Lenox.

Hobolochitto: stream, tributary to Pearl River, Pearl River County, Miss. (Not Abolo Chitto, Abolochitto, nor Hobolo Chitto.)

Hobomoc: pond in Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Hobomack.)

Hobomoco: see Hocomonco.

Hobong: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jobon nor Supang.)

Hockett: lakes, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 13, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named for John B. Hockett, pioneer of 1849, and trail builder.

Hockett: meadows, Tulare County, Calif., in T. 18 S., secs. 12 and 13, R. 30 E., and secs. 7 and 18, R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Hocktaheen: see Hoktaheen.

Hocomonco: pond, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Hobomoco.)

Hodgdon: ranch, Tuolumne County, Calif., west of Yosemite National Park, in sec. 2, T. 2 S., R. 19 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Hodgedons nor Hodgeson.)

Hodges: rock, Centerville Harbor, Mass. (Not Hodge.)

Hodgeson: see Hodgdon.

Hodgkins: peak, altitude 5,526 feet, near lat. 58° 36′ N., long. 134° 02′ W., 6 miles northwest of Taku Inlet, southeastern Alaska. Named after Capt. William Chandler Hodgkins, U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Hódmezővásárhely: pr. hōdmězövä-särhěl′; city, s. e. Hungary; 46° 25′ N., 20° 16′ E.

Hodzana: river, tributary to the Yukon River, on right bank, between Chandalar and Dall Rivers, near lat. 66° 24′ N., long. 147° 24′ W., Alaska. (Not Hosiana.)

Hoffler: creek, Nansemond and Norfolk Counties, Va. (Not Bullock nor Hoflar's.)

Hoffman: island, Lower Bay, Richmond Borough, N. Y. (Not Hoffmann.)

Hoffman: landing, Columbia River, near Kalama, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Hoffman's.)

Hoffman: mountain (Mount Hoffman), altitude 7,815 feet, Lassen County, Calif., 1¼ miles southeast of Snag Lake, in sec. 34, T. 31 N., R. 6 E., and secs. 2 and 3, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Hoffman: see Huffman, town, Ala.

Hoffman: see Snow, creek, Calif.

Hoffmann: peak, in Sierra Nevada, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Hoffman.)

Hoffmann: see Hoffman.

Hoffman's: see Hoffman, landing.

Hofstad: creek, emptying into Vixen Inlet from east, northwestern coast Cleveland Peninsula, near lat. 55° 47′ N., long. 132° 00′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Hog: island, San Jacinto Bay, Harris County, Tex.

Hog: island and point, extreme northeastern part, Surry County, Va., extending into James River. Name "Hog Isle," first appears in Capt. John Smith's History of Virginia and is also shown on his map.

Hog: point, at mouth of Patuxent River, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Hog Island.)

Hog: small island, in town of Hull, Plymouth County, Mass., about ½ mile east of the village of Hull, northeast part of Hingham Bay, near lat. 42° 18′ N., long. 70° 54′ W. (Not Fort Duval, Little Hog, nor Park.)

Hog: see South Branch, river, Conn.

Hog: see Appledore, island, Me.

Hog: see Center, island, N. Y.

Hog: see Queneska, island, Vt.

Hog Island: see Caladesi, island, Fla.

Hogan: bay, on east side of Knight Island, 2½ miles northward of Point Helen, lat. 60° 11′.5 N., long. 147° 45′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Hogan: point, southeastern Alaska, south end Hogan Island, and north point of entrance to South Passage into Portlock Harbor, west coast Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 41′ N.

Hogansaani: spring, west of Carrizo Mountains, in valley of Walker Creek, Apache County, Ariz.

Hogan's Dome: see Wamelo Rock.

***Hogatza:** river, tributary to the Koyukuk River, near lat. 66° 01′ N., long. 155° 27′ N., Alaska.

Hogback: see Hallback, mountain, N. C.

Hogback: see Dan Wiley, creek, Tenn.

Hog Back: see Sunset, island, Vt.

Hogg: point, on west side of Bainbridge Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 05′ N., long. 148° 18′ W.

Hogg: see Santiam, pass, Oreg.

Hog Island: see Chappaquoit, point, Mass.

Hog Island: see Hog, point.

Hog Island: see West Falmouth, harbor, Mass.

Hog Neck: see North Haven.

Hogness: see Hognest.

Hognest: point, northern end rocky peninsula projecting ¾ mile from northwestern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Hawknest, Hogness, nor Hogsnest.)

Hog Point: post light, Ohio River, Perry County, Ind. (Not Hog's.)

Hog Run: post light, Ohio River, Marshall County, W. Va. (Not Hog's.)

Hogsnest: see Hognest.

Hoh: river and head, Jefferson County, Wash. (Not Hooch.)

Ho-holiknuk: see Hoholitna.

Hoholitna: river, east branch of Holitna River, principal tributary to the Kuskokwim River from the south, western Alaska. Position of mouth near lat. 61° 30′ N., long. 157° 10′ W. (Not Agalitnak, Haliknuk, nor Ho-holiknuk.)

Hokatena: see Wild, river, Alaska.

***Hokkaido:** large n. island of Japan (also called Yezo), and northern division of the empire, including Yezo, the Kuriles, and adjacent islets. Not Yeso, Jesso, Hokushu.

Hoko: falls and river, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Okho.)

Hoktaheen: cove, indenting northwest coast of Yakobi Island, about 1.4 miles southward from Cape Bingham, lat. 58° 04′.3 N., long. 136° 33′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hocktaheen nor Kochtaheene.)

Hokukano: land division, partly in Government ownership, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hokumahoe: stream on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea north of Papaaloa, Hawaii, T. H.

Hokushu: see Hokkaido.

Holbrook: creek, T. 28 S., R. 73 W., Alamosa County, Colo. (Not Big Bear nor North Bear.)

Holbrook: ledge, Linekin Bay, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Holland's.)

Holck: see Hallets.

Holcomb: island and town, Dunklin County, Mo. (Not Halcomb.)

Holder: see Quebec, village, Tenn.

Holdrege: city, Phelps County, Nebr. (Not Holdredge.)

Hole in the Rock: hill, easternmost of the Papago Buttes, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Hole-in-the-Wall: falls, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont. near lat. 48° 58′ N., long. 114° 04′ W., near the head of Bowman Creek, which disappears then reappears in a wall opening, plunging down therefrom.

Hole in the Wall: a hole in the rock on the east side of Great Abaco Island, Bahamas. (Not Hole in the Rock nor Hole in Wall.)

Holgate: arm, west side of Aialik Bay, into which Holgate Glacier flows, lat. 59° 49′ N., long. 149° 47′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Holgate: glacier, flowing into Holgate Arm, Aialik Bay, near lat. 59° 51′ N., long. 149° 52′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Holgate: promontory, southwestern Alaska, 1,435 feet high, on west side of Aialik Bay, inclosing Holgate Arm on north and east, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 49′ N., long. 149° 46′ W.

Holiday: shoal, east coast of Puerto Rico, in middle of Vieques Sound, near lat. 18° 13′ N., long. 65° 23′ W. Discovered on a legal holiday in 1903 by Capt. R. L. Faris of the Coast Survey.

Holiknuk: see Holitna.

***Holitna:** river, principal tributary to Kuskokwim River from south about lat. 61° 40′ N., long. 157° 12′ W., western Alaska. (Not Chulitna, Holiknuk, Hoolitna, Hulitna, Hulitnak, Hulitno, Khulitno, nor Kulitnak.)

Holland: township, Kandiyohi County, Minn. (Not Hilland.)

Holland: see Netherlands.

Holland Fork: stream, Hamilton Township, Jackson County, and Madison Township, Scioto County, Ohio. (Not Little Scioto River.)

Holland Island: bar and town, Chesapeake Bay, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Holland's Island.)

Hollands: see Hawlings, river, Md.

Holland's: see Holbrook, ledge, Me.

Holland Station: see Kincaid.

Hollenbeck: river, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Hallenback nor Hallenbeck.)

Hollets: see Hallets.

Hollister: mountain, altitude 4,320 feet, secs. 11 and 14, T. 52 N., R. 3 W., Kootenai County, Idaho.

Hollow: bight, southern side Passage Canal, about midway between Decision Point and Neptune Point, and west of Squirrel Point, northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Holmes: mountain (Mount Holmes), altitude 10,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 53′ W. (Not Mount Madison.)

Holmes: railroad station, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Not Reynoldsville nor Reynoldsville Station.)

Holongahog: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jalonggajog, Jolangajog, Jolongajog nor Talongajog.)

Holt Bar: post light, Ohio River, 3 miles below Rome, Perry County, Ind. (Not Holt's Bar.)

Holton: town, Marathon County, Wis. (Not Halton.)

Holualoa: village, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Holy Grail Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 17′ N., long. 112° 18′ W. (Not Bass Tomb.)

Holyoke: glacier, western shore College Fiord, south of Barnard Glacier, near lat. 61° 09′.5 N., long. 147° 57′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Homaikaua: see Homaikawaa, T. H.

Homaikawaa: stream, debouching on eastern coast of Kauai, near lat. 22° 07′, T. H. (Not Homaikaua.)

Homapon: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jomapon nor Jumapan.)

Home: see Afton.

Homel: see Gomel.

Homers Nose: mountain, elev. 9,005 ft., Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 5, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named for John Homer in 1872, pioneer 1853.

Homer Youngs: peak (Mount Homer Youngs), Beaverhead County, Mont. near the Idaho Boundary and lat. 45° 19′ N., long. 113° 40′ W. Named after Homer S. Youngs, of the Forest Service, who lost his life in the World War.

Homestead: village, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Homs: city, cen. Syria; Lat. Emesa; 34° 45′ N., 36° 45′ E.

Honan: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of north wall of canyon near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 111° 58′ W.

Honan: prov. cen. China proper.

Honaunau: bay, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honaunau: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honaunau: village, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hondo: see Honshu.

Honduras: pr. hŏn-dū′ras; off. on-doo′räs; rep. Central America; Fr., Ger., Ital., Sp., Honduras.

Honey: see Honeycomb.

Honeybrook: borough and township, Chester County, Pa. (Not Honey Brook.)

Honeycomb: creek, Marshall County, Ala. (Not Honey.)

Honeygo: run, branch of Whitemarsh Run, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Herring nor Horning.)

Hong Kong: Br. colony on island and coast of s. China; off. name of city, Victoria; 22° 15′ N., 114° 10′ E. Not Hongkong.

Hongrie: see Hungary.

Honohina: land division, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honohina: village, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honoipu: landing, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honokaa: town, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honokahau: see Honokohau, T. H.

Honokahua: land division, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Honokahua: stream, rising on northwestern slope of west Maui, flowing northwestward, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Honokaia: land division, in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honokane: land division, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honokane: stream, rising on northern slope of Kohala Mountains, flowing northward into sea through Honokane Gulch, Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honokawai: see Honokowai.

Honokohau: ditch, 13 miles long, diverting water from Honokohau and Honolua streams, West Maui, T. H. (Not Honokahau.)

Honokohau: land division, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H. (Not Honokahau.)

Honokohau: land division, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Honokahau.)

Honokohau: stream, rising on northern slope of West Maui near the summit and flowing northward into sea, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H. (Not Honokahau.)

Honokohau: village, north coast of west Maui, T. H.

Honokowai: ditch, diverting water from south side of Honokowia Stream, west Maui, T. H. (Not Honokawai.)

Honokowai: land division, in Government ownership, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H. (Not Honokawai.)

Honokowai: stream, rising on northwestern slope of west Maui, flowing northwestward into sea, receiving the flow of Amalu Stream from the north, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H. (Not Honokawai.)

Honokua: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honolewa: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing southeastward into sea, near Wailua, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Honolii: stream, rising on upper eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing southeastward into sea a few miles north of Hilo, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honolua: landing, on north coast of west Maui, T. H.

Honolua: stream, rising on northwestern slope of west Maui, flowing northwestward into sea, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Honolulu: city (capital and metropolis of Hawaiian Islands); county in Territory of Hawaii, including only the island of Oahu; district, in city and county of Honolulu; and harbor on south coast of Oahu.

Honomalino: land division, partly in Government ownership, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Honomilino.)

Honomanu: land division, in Government ownership, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Honomanu: stream, rising high up on northern slope of Haleakala, flowing northeastward into sea through a very deep gulch, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Honomilino: see Honomalino, T. H.

Honomu: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea south of Honomu post office, Hawaii, T. H.

Honomu: village, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honop: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jonob nor Jonop.)

Honopou: stream, rising on the northern slope of Haleakala, flowing northward into sea, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Honouliuli: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Honouliwai: land division, in Government ownership, southeastern Molokai, T. H.

Honsen: see Henson.

Honshiu: see Honshu.

Honshu: main island of Japan. Not Honshiu, Hondo.

Honuapo: village, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honuaula: homestead section, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Honuaula: old district, in the southwestern part of east Maui; now included in Makawao District, T. H.

Hooch: see Hoh.

Hoochinoo: see Kootznahoo.

Hood: bay, tributary to Chatham Strait and indenting west coast of Admiralty Island, lat. 57° 25′ N., long. 134° 33′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hootz.)

Hood Canal: western arm of Puget Sound, extending from Tala Point, Jefferson County, and Foulweather Bluff, Kitsap County, to Clifton, Mason County, Wash. (Not Hood's.)

Hoodoo: peak, on new eastern Yellowstone National Park boundary, Park County, Wyo., near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 109° 52′ W.; a basin at the west foot of the peak, and a creek rising on the eastern slope of the peak flowing northeast. (Not Goblin.)

Hoodoo: see Evans, island, Alaska.

Hoodoo Cascades: falls, on Cascade Creek, Gallatin County, Mont.

Hood's: see Hood Canal.

Hooghly: river and town, Bengal, India. Not Hugli, Hoogly.

Hoogly: see Hooghly.

Hook: arm, southeastern Alaska, on Dall Island, near lat. 55° 07′ N., long. 133° 10′ W. So named because of shape.

Hook: glacier, on north slope of Mount Denison, Alaska Peninsula, at the source of Savonoski River, near lat. 58° 30′ N., long. 154° 30′ W. Descriptive name.

Hookena: land division and village, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hoolawa: stream, rising on the northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northward into sea, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Hoolehua: land division, in Government ownership, northern Molokai, T. H.

Hoolethlocco: Hoolethloces: Hoolothloco: see Chatahospee.

Hoolitna: see Holitna.

Hoonah: harbor, island, point, post office, and native village, in or near Port Frederick, Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska. Harbor in Port Frederick, near lat. 58° 06′ N., long. 135° 27′ W.; island, on west side of entrance to port, south shore Icy Strait, near lat. 58° 11′ N., long. 135° 30′ W.; point, three-fourths mile southeastward of Inner Point Sophia; post office and native village, on harbor of same name. (Not Hooniah.)

Hoonah: sound, Peril Strait, indenting southern shore of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska, mouth near lat. 57° 37′ N., long. 135° 30′ W. (Not Hooniah.)

Hooniah: see Hoonah, Alaska.

Hooniah: see Tenakee.

Hooniah Hot: see White Sulphur, springs.

***Hoopa:** village, Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Hupa.)

Hoopa: see Hupa.

***Hoopa Valley:** Indian reservation, Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Hupa Valley.)

Hoopah: see Hupa.

Hooper: creek, tributary from the east to South Fork San Joaquin River, at lat. 37° 28′ 30″ N., Fresno County, Calif.

Hooper: island and strait, Chesapeake Bay, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Hooper's.)

Hooper: peak, altitude 12,322 feet, Fresno County, Calif.

Hooper's: see Hooper.

Hoopuloa: village, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Hoosac: Hoosack: see Hoosic.

Hoosatonic: see Housatonic.

Hoosic: river in Massachusetts, New York, and Vermont, tributary to the Hudson. (Not Hoosac, Hoosack, nor Hoosick.)

Hoosnoff: see Kootznahoo.

Hootethlocco: see Chatahospee.

Hootz: see Hood.

Hoover Field: post light, Illinois River, Pike County, Ill. (Not Hoover's.)

Hop: creek, Musselshell County, Mont.

Ho-pah: see Hupa.

***Hopeh:** prov., n. e. China proper; formerly Chihli. Not Hopei.

Hopei: see Hopeh.

Hopewell: creek, Berkeley County, S. C., emptying into Beresford Creek, from north, one-half mile east of Martin Creek, near lat. 32° 54′ N., long. 79° 53′ W. (Not Sanders.) Takes name from the Hopewell plantation.

Hopewell: see Spencers Wharf.

Hopi: buttes, Navajo County, Ariz., south of Hopi Indian Reservation, near lat. 35° 25′ N., long. 110° 18′ W. (Not Rabbit Ear Mountain.)

Hopi: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 09′ W. (Not Rowes.)

Hopkins: creek, branch of Mono Creek, Fresno County, Calif.

Hopkins: peak, altitude 12,300 feet, Fresno County, Calif.

Hopkins, Mount: see Berlin, mountain, Mass.

Hoquiam: river, tributary to Grays Harbor, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Hoquiamts.)

Horicon: lake (Lake Horicon), Otsego County, Mich., in secs. 1, 2, 11, and 12, T. 28 N., R. 4 W. (Not Silver.) The change from Silver Lake was made at the request of the State Committee on Geographic Names.

Horkan: creek, T. 1 S., R. 48 E., tributary to Little Pumpkin Creek from southwest, Powder River County, Mont. (Not Cottonwood.)

Horlbach: see Hallback.

Horn: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon rising near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 112° 09′ W., flows northerly into the Colorado River.

Hornblower: see Horniblow.

Horn, Cape: see Hornos, Cabo de (Horn, Cape).

***Horniblow:** point, Chowan County, N. C. (Not Hornblower, Horniblow's, nor Skinners.)

Horning: see Honeygo.

Hornos, Cabo de (Cape Horn): cape, s. extremity of S. America, on Horn Island off Tierra del Fuego; 55° 59′ S., 67° 12′ W.

Hornsea: seaport, Yorkshire, England; 53° 54′ N., 0° 10′ W.

Horoan: barrio, Tiwi Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Foroan nor Joroan.)

Horoshi Pogodi: see Fairweather.

Horrell: precinct, Frontier County, Nebr. (Not Howell.)

Horse: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 3, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., empties into East Fork Kaweah River in sec. 21, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Cow.)

Horse: creek, emptying into north side North St. Vrain Creek, sec. 13, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., about 6 miles southeast of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Horse: creek, Ts. 8 and 9 S., Rs. 10 and 11 E., emptying into Hell Roaring Creek in sec. 6, T. 9 S., R. 11 E., Park County, Mont.

Horse: creek, Big Horn County, Wyo., rises in southern part of T. 55 N., R. 90 W., sixth principal meridian, and tributary to Shell Creek in sec. 27, T. 53 N., R. 91 W., about one-half mile west of Shell, Bighorn National Forest. Local tradition says stockmen in early days used this creek to run the ranch saddle horses on.

Horse: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., tributary of Wind River from the north, entering that stream near Dubois, in sec. 7, T. 41 N., R. 106 W., sixth principal meridian, and heading under the divide between the Wind River drainage and that of the South Fork, Shoshone River, approx. in unsurveyed sec. 32, T. 45 N., R. 107 W.

*__Horse:__ mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz., in unsurveyed SE. ¼ T. 3 N., R. 10 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Tonto National Forest. (Not Vaquero Mesa.)

Horse: see Cheval, island, Alaska.

Horse: see Grassy Glade, pasture, Oreg.

Horse: see Harbor, island, Me.

Horse: see Horsefly, creek, Mont.

Horse: see Lieutenant, island, Mass.

Horse Creek: butte, in northwestern part of Lemhi County, Idaho, overlooking Horse Creek watershed to the west, 8 miles northeast of Long Tom Mountain, near lat. 45° 27′ N., long. 114° 27′ W.

Horse Creek: see Cocohatchee, river, Fla.

Horsefly: creek, Montrose County, Colo. (Not Muache.)

Horsefly: creek, T. 3 N., R. 9 E., tributary to Shields River from the east, west of Crazy Mountains, Park County, Mont. (Not Fly nor Horse.)

Horsehead: peak, between Harts Draw Wash and North Canyon, San Juan County, Utah.

Horse Island: creek, Phillips Island, Beaufort County, S. C. (Not Moss.)

Horse Island: see Sebasco.

Horse Neck: see Field.

Horseshoe: hill, altitude 8,200 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 41′ W. So named because the mountain in shape resembles a horseshoe.

Horseshoe: lake, Shasta County, Calif., a mile and a half northwest of Juniper Lake, in sec. 8, T. 30 N., R. 6 E. (Not Grassy nor Twin Lakes.)

Horseshoe: peak, lat. 48° 04′ N., long. 113° 25′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Horseshoe: range lights, mouth of Schuylkill River, Philadelphia County, Pa. (Not Horse Shoe.)

Horseshoe: shoal, Chesapeake Bay, near Hampton Roads, Va. (Not Horse Shoe.)

Horseshoe Mesa: bench, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 01′ N., long. 111° 59′ W.

Horse Tail: see Feather Plume, falls, Mont.

Horsethief: trail, Ouray County, Colo.

Horsetooth: peak, altitude 10,400 feet, northwest corner sec. 15, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., about 3 miles southeast of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Horton: lighthouse, neck, and point, Southold Town, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Horton's.)

Horus Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 11′ W.

Horvátorszag: see Croatia.

Hoseanna: creek, tributary to Nenana River, near lat. 63° 55′ N., long. 149° 00′ W., Central Alaska. (Not Lignite.)

Hosiana: see Hodzana.

Hoskinnini: mesa, San Juan County, Utah, 20 miles east of Navajo Mountain, near lat. 37° 03′ N., long. 110° 30′ W.

Hospitito: see Hasbidito.

Hot: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., just below Firehole Lake, near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 48′ W. This is said to be the largest lake of hot water in the park.

Hot: see Boiling Springs, lake, Calif.

Hotaling: island, Hudson River, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Houghtaling.)

Hotauta: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near base of north wall of canyon, lat. 36° 14′ N., long. 112° 12′ W.

Hotevila: settlement and spring, Navajo County, Ariz., Hopi Indian Reservation, T. 29 N., R. 16 W., Gila and Salt River meridian.

Hot Springs: creek, Plumas and Shasta Counties, Calif., northwest fork of Warner Creek, in T. 30 N., Rs. 5 and 6 E.

Houchnou: see Kootznahoo.

Houghs: neck, south side Boston Bay, Quincy, Norfolk County, Mass. (Not Hough nor Hough's.)

Houghtaling: see Hotaling.

Hound: island, northern part of Keku Strait, near lat. 56° 52′.4 N., long. 133° 55′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Round.)

Hounsfield: town, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not East Houndsfield.)

Housatonic: river, Connecticut and Massachusetts, and village, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Hoosatonic nor Ousatonic.)

House: rock, Curry County, Oreg., three-fourths mile northwest of Cape Ferrelo, near lat. 42° 06′ N., long. 124° 22′ W., in T. 40 S., R. 14 W.

House: see Kings, mountain, Alaska.

House Rock: rock, valley, and wash, Coconino County, Ariz., on eastern edge of Kaibab National Forest and west side of House Rock Wash, in sec. 35, T. 39 N., R. 3 E. House Rock consists of two large rocks standing like an inverted "V" near a spring where in 1871 members of the Powell Grand Canyon party spent the night. The next morning with charcoal they printed the words "House Rock Hotel" on the face of one of the rocks. The valley lies east of the Kaibab Plateau.

House Springs: town, Jefferson County, Mo. (Not House's Spring.)

Houston: city, in Harris Co., Texas, on Buffalo Bayou, near lat. 30° 48′ N., long. 95° 23′ W. Population in 1930, 292,349. (Pronounced, hū′-stŭn.)

Houston: county, Ga. (Not Houstoun.)

Houtenville: see Colonia, N. J.

Hove: suburb of Brighton, Sussex county, s. England; 50° 50′ N., 0° 11′ W.

How: town, Oconto County, Wis. (Not Howe.)

Howard: bend, Missouri River, St. Charles and St. Louis Counties, Mo.

Howard: hills, northwestern Alaska in Brooks Range, forming the divide between Aniuk and Etivluk Rivers, near lat. 68° 15′ N., long. 157° W. In honor of Ensign W. L. Howard, later rear admiral, retired, who, as a member of Lieutenant Stoney's expedition, explored this region in 1886, from Kobuk River to the Arctic Coast and Point Barrow.

Howard: pass, northwestern Alaska, in the Howard Hills between the headwaters of Aniuk and Etivluk Rivers, near lat. 68° 14′ N., long. 157° 03′ W. Named after Ensign W. L. Howard.

Howard: peak (Mount Howard), Wallowa County, Oreg., 2 miles southeast of the head of Wallowa Lake, in T. 23 N., R. 45 E., near lat. 45° 16′, long. 117° 11′. (Not Signal.) In honor of Gen. O. O. Howard, 1830–1909.

Howard: post light, Mississippi River, near Canton, Lewis County, Mo. (Not Howard's.)

***Howard Lake:** village, Wright County, Minn. (Not Howard.)

Howard's: see Howard, post light.

Howcan: see Howkan, narrows and strait.

Howe: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 57′ W., flowing southwest and southeast into Fish Creek. Named for an early settler.

Howe: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 59′ W., on west slope of Howe Ridge, traversed by Howe Creek.

Howe: ridge, altitude 5,000 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 57′ W., between Howe Creek on the west and Lake McDonald.

Howe: see How.

Howe Cave: see Howes Cave.

Howell: cove, Delaware River, about 1 mile southeast of League Island, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Howell's.)

Howell: island, Missouri River, St. Charles County, Mo. (Not Howell's.)

Howell: mesa, Coconino County, Ariz.

Howell: peak, Millard County, Utah, in the House Range, near lat. 39° 18′ N., long. 113° 21′ W.

Howell: see Horrell.

Howells: see Cosumne.

Howell's: see Howell.

Howes: cave, Cobleskill Town, Schoharie County, N. Y. (Not Otsgaragee Cavern.)

Howes Cave: village, Cobleskill Town, Schoharie County, N. Y. (Not Howe Cave, Howecave, Howe's Cave, nor Hows Cave.)

Howkan: narrows, narrowest part of Howkan Strait, between Dall Island and Long Island, near lat. 54° 52′ N., long. 132° 49′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Howcan.)

Howkan: reef, eastern side of Howkan Narrows immediately in front of Howkan Village, near lat. 54° 52′ N., long. 132° 48′.4 W., southeastern Alaska.

Howkan: strait, between Dall Island and Long Island, near lat. 54° 53′ N., long. 132° 50′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Howcan.)

Howkan: village (abandoned), on Long Island, eastern side of Howkan Narrows, near lat. 54° 52′ N., long. 132° 48′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Jackson.)

Howlet: hill, Onondaga County, N. Y. (Not Howlett nor Howlit.)

Howlet Hill: village, Onondaga Town, Onondaga County, N. Y. (Not Howlett Hill nor Howlit Hill.)

Howlit: see Howlet.

Howlit Hill: see Howlet.

Howlock: mountain, just north Mount Thielsen, Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Walker.)

Hoyonhoyon: barrio, Tigaon Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Joyonjoyon nor Loyonjoyon.)

Hoyt: mountain, altitude 4,862 feet, sec. 26, T. 45 N., R. 4 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Hoyt: peak, east of Yellowstone Lake, in Yellowstone National Park. (Not Outlook.)

Hoytsville: see Hoytville, Ohio.

*__Hoytville:__ village, Wood County, Ohio. (Not Hoytsville.)

Hrvatska: see Croatia.

Hsingan: see Sian.

Hsuchou: see Süchow or Süchow, Sze.

Huagdan: barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Inagdan, Juagdan, nor Tuagdan.)

Huaipai: see Hualpai.

Huaji: cliff, southeastern Alaska, altitude 1,100 feet, marked by landslide, 2½ miles north of Cape Chacon, southeastern coast Prince of Wales Island. (Not Huajikaowas.)

Huajikaowas: see Huaji.

Hua-Ka: see Ua Huka.

Hualalai: mountain, elevation, 8,275 feet, western Hawaii, T. H. Like Mauna Kea, it has no crater on its summit.

Hualapai: see Mooney, falls.

Huali: see Koheo, T. H.

Hualpai: Indian reservation, Coconino and Mohave Counties, and mountain and village, Mohave County, Ariz. (Not Huaipai nor Hualapai.)

Hualpai: see Mooney, falls.

Huancayo: pr. hwän-kī'yō; city, Peru; 12° S., 75° 4′ W.

Huarás: pr. hwä-räs'; city, Peru; 9° 32′ S., 77° 32′ W. Not Huaraz.

Huaraz: see Huarás.

Hubas: barrio, Jaro Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte: and barrio, Malitbog Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Jubas.)

Hubasan: barrio, Allen Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Jubasan.)

Hubasan: barrio, Hinundayan Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Hubay: barrio, Lilaon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Jubay nor Ubay.)

Hubay: barrio, San Isidro Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Jubay.)

Hubbard: see Baker, pond, N. H.

Hubbs: landing, Ohio River, Marshall County, W. Va. (Not Hubbs'.)

Hubli: city, s. w. India, e. of Gôa; 15° 18′ N., 75° 10′ E.

Huckleberry: basin, head of Huckleberry Creek, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Huckleberry: creek, southeast of Grand Park, tributary to White River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Huckleberry: island, Long Island Sound, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Whortleberry.)

Huckleberry: lake, Tehama County, Calif., in sec. 4, T. 29 N., R. 4 E.

Huckleberry: mountain, altitude 6,590 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 114° 08′ W., at north end of Apgar Mountains.

Huddels: see Ulmsteads.

Huddersfield: city, Yorkshire, England; 53° 40′ N., 1° 50′ W.

Huddle; Huddle's: see Ulmsteads.

Hudlow: creek, T. 52 N., Rs. 1 and 2 W., tributary to Little North Fork Coeur d'Alene River from west, Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not South Canyon.)

Hudsen's: see Hudson, bayou, Fla.

Hudson: bayou, directly south of Sarasota, Sarasota County, Fla. (Not Hudsen's.)

Hudson: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., head of Boundary Creek.

Hudson: river, chiefly in New York, rising in Essex Co., near lat. 44° 09′ N., long. 74° 03′ W., flows south into the Upper Bay of New York Bay, forms New York-New Jersey boundary for about twenty miles above its mouth. (Pronounced, hŭd'-sŭn.)

Hudson: see Little Choptank.

Hudson Bay: large bay, n. Canada.

Hudson Bay: creek, draining the north or Hudson Bay slope of Triple Divide Peak, on the Continental Divide, into Red Eagle Creek, a tributary of St. Mary Lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont. (Not Norris.)

Hudsunoo: see Kootznahoo.

***Hué:** capital of Annam, Fr. Indochina; 16° 30′ N., 107° 20′ E.

Huehue: village, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Huelo: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northward into sea, west of Huelo Village, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Huelo: village, east Maui, T. H.

Huerhuero: creek and land grant, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Huer-Huero, Huer Huero, nor Huero Huero.)

Huerta de Romauldo: land grant, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Huerta de Romualdo.)

Huerto: see Middle Fork, Piedra River, Colo.

Huffman: town, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not Hoffman.)

Hugenot: see Huguenot.

Hughes: railroad station, Butler County, Ohio. (Not Hughs.)

Hughes: see Brighton, town, Colo.

Hughes: see Hewes, Me.

Hughes Bar: post light, Ohio River, 10 miles below Louisville, Ky. (Not Hughes'.)

Hughs: see Hughes.

Hugli: see Hooghly.

Huguenot: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Hugenot, Pike, nor Proctor.)

Huguenot: see Pike, island.

Huguenot Head: mountain spur on northwest face Champlain Mountain, Acadia National Park, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me.

Huila: pr. hwē'lä; dept., s. w. Colombia, and a volcano therein.

Huisache: creek or bayou, flowing south 12 miles, and cove into which it empties, north side Cox Bay, eastern part Lavaca Bay, Calhoun County, Tex. (Not Hinsacho nor Wesatch.)

Huitzil: headland (Point Huitzil), Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 29′ W.

Hukui: see Fukui.

Hukuoka: see Fukuoka.

Hulakon: river, southeastern Alaska, tributary to Unuk River from north, at head of Burroughs Bay, Behm Canal.

Hulberton: village, Orleans County, N. Y. (Not Hulburton.)

Huleia: stream, rising on eastern slope of main divide, flowing southeastward to Nawiliwili Bay, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Huliilii: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea near Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Hulitna: see Holitna.

Hulitnak: see Holitna.

Hulitno: see Holitna.

Hull: bay, ½ mile wide, west of Magens Bay, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Little Northside.)

Hull: city, Yorkshire, England, on the Humber; formerly Kingston upon Hull; 53° 43′ N., 0° 20′ W.

Hull: town, Quebec, Canada, a suburb of Ottawa; 45° 26′ N., 75° 44′ W.

Hull: see Tropaco.

Hull Cove: see Hulls Cove.

Hulls: cove, northeast coast Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 25′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. After Samuel Hull, early settler in this vicinity. (Not Hull nor Hull's.)

Hulls Cove: town, on northeast coast of Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 25′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. (Not Hull Cove.)

Hulti: see Le Conte, bay and glacier.

Hulugan: sitio, Malabon Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Julugan.)

Hulutao: seaport, Liaoning prov., s. Manchuria; 40° 42′ N., 120° 55′ E.

Humacao: port (Port Humacao), southeast coast, inside Santiago Cay, P. R. (Not Fond. de Humacao.)

Humagikhik: barrio, Badajoz Municipality, Romblon Province, Tablas, P. I. (Not Humaguichic.)

Humagikhik: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Humaguikhik, Jumaguicjic, nor Jumaguigjic.)

Humaguichic: Humaguikhik: see Humagikhik, P. I.

Humarap: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jumarap.)

Humarap Norte: barrio, Paete Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Humarap Sur: barrio, Paete Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Humber: river, estuary formed by Ouse and Trent rivers, e. England.

Humboldt: river in Nevada formed in Elko Co., near lat. 40° 55′ N., long. 115° 33′ W., by the junction of its East Fork and North Fork, flowing thence southwesterly in Elko, Eureka, Landes, and Humboldt counties, into Humboldt Sink on the Churchill-Pershing Co. line. (Pronounced, hŭm'-bōlt.)

Humboldt: township and village, Coles County, Ill. (Not Humbolt.)

Hump, The: peak, altitude 12,900 feet, St. Elias Range, about 6 miles west of summit of Mount St. Elias, near lat. 60° 19′ N., long. 141° 05′ W., Alaska.

Humpback: creek, eastern shore, Orca Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Hunchback.)

Humpback: creek, Alaska, entering Mink Bay, Boca de Quadra, from the east, at the head and draining Humpback Lake, near lat. 55° 01′ N., long. 130° 42′ W., Tongass National Forest. This stream is a famous spawning place of the "Humpback" salmon.

Humpback: lake, southeastern Alaska, drained by Humpback Creek, to head of Mink Bay, Boca de Quadra, about lat. 55° 1′, long. 130° 40′.

Humpback: mountain, altitude 4,839 feet, west of Humpback Creek, King County, Wash.

Humphreys: mountain (Mount Humphreys), altitude 11,000 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 110° 04′ W. Named by Capt. J. W. Barlow, 1871, for Gen. A. A. Humphreys, then Chief of Engineers, U. S. Army.

Humphreys: see Zoar.

Humphreys Peak: see San Francisco, peak.

Humphrey's Pond: see Forest, lake, N. H.

Hump Mountain: see Ouray Peak.

Humptulips: river and village, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Humptolups, Hum-tu-lups, nor Um-ta-lah.)

Humuula: land division, in Government ownership, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Humuya: pr. hōō-mōō′yä; river, Honduras.

Hunan: prov., s. cen. China.

Hunchback: see Humpback, creek, Alaska.

Hunchback: see Oso, peak, Colo.

Hunchun: city, s. e. Kirin prov., Manchuria; 42° 54′ N., 130° 25′ E.

Hungary: kingdom, s. cen. Europe; Mag. Magyarország; Fr. Hongrie; Ger. Ungarn; Serb-Croat. Madiarska; Cz. Maďarsko; Ital. Ungheria; Pol. Węgry; Rum. Ungaria.

Hungary, West: see Burgenland.

Hunger's Mother: see Hungry Mother.

Hungo Pavie: archeological ruins of pueblo type, Chaco Canyon National Monument, San Juan County, N. Mex., 2 miles above Pueblo Bonito, on the north side of Chaco Canyon. Name given by Lieut. J. H. Simpson, United States Army, who, in his report describing the military expedition into the Navajo country, 1849, gave the first authentic account of the prehistoric ruins in Chaco Canyon.

Hungry Hollow: see Hungry Mother.

Hungry Mother: creek, near Marion, Smyth County, Va. (Not Hunger's Mother, Hungry Hollow, nor Hungrys Mother.)

Hunt: ledge. Boston Harbor, Mass. (Not Hunt's.)

Hunt: mountain, northeastern one of Elkhorn Spur, Blue Mountains, Baker County, Oreg.

Hunt: mountain (Mount Hunt), altitude 10,700 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 38′ N., long. 110° 52′ W. Named for Wilson P. Hunt, leader of the Hunt-Astor party in 1811, which crossed the Teton Mountains a few miles south of this peak.

Hunter: bar, north side channel of Columbia River, about 1 mile southeast Sandy Island, and Station, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Hunter's nor Hunters.)

Hunter: peak, Pitkin County, Colo., approximate altitude 13,400 feet, in sec. 32, T. 11 S., R. 85 W., Holy Cross National Forest. After the late Gerald M. Hunter, who served as deputy forest supervisor, Holy Cross National Forest.

Hunter: town, Little Mahanoy Township, Northumberland County, Pa. (Not Raker.) Original name of town was Hunter, which was changed to Raker about 50 years ago. The old name was restored some 30 years ago when the post office was removed. Name approved by Pennsylvania Geographic Board.

Hunters: creek, rising south of Longs Peak, and emptying into north side North St. Vrain Creek, sec. 21, T. 3 N., R. 1, about 2 miles northwest of Allens Park Village, Boulder County, Colo. (Not Hunter's Creek.)

Hunters: point, East River, Queens County, N. Y. (Not Hunter's.)

Hunters: Hunter's: see Hunter, bar.

Hunters Beach: cove, Hancock County, Me., on southeast side of Mount Desert Island, east of Seal Harbor, at mouth of Hunters Brook, near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 68° 13′ W. This beach was a favorite hunting ground in the early days. (Not Cove of Stony Beach nor Stony Beach.)

Hunters Beach Brook: see Hunters Brook, stream, Me.

Hunters Brook: stream, Hancock County, Me., rising east of Pemetic Mountain, in lat. 44° 20′ N., long. 68° 14′ W., flowing into Hunters Beach Cove. (Not Hunters Beach Brook.)

Hunter's Creek: see Hunters, creek, Colo.

Hunters Draw: creek, tributary to Vermilion River from southwest, in sec. 3, T. 24 N., R. 29 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not Little.)

Huntington: peak, altitude 12,393 feet, Fresno and Mono Counties, Calif.

Huntley: village, McHenry County, Ill. (Not Huntley Grove.)

Hunts: peak, Sangre de Cristo Range, on the boundary between Saguache and Fremont Counties, Colo.

Hunts: peak, end of spur extending west from highest top of Mount Katahdin, Piscataquis County, Me. (Not The Gate.) Named for Irving Hunt, "who opened up the country southwest of Mount Katahdin to the sportsman and mountain climber."

Hunt's: see Hunt, ledge.

Huntsville: village, Randolph County, Ind. (Not Untsville.)

Hupa: mountain, Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Hoopa, Hoopah, Hopah, Hupâ, Hupô, Noh-tin-oah, nor Up-pa.)

Hupa: see Hoopa.

Hupa Valley: see Hoopa Valley.

Hupeh: prov., cen. China. Not Hupei.

Hupei: see Hupeh.

Hupi: barrio, Gubat Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jupi.)

Hupi: barrio, Santa Cruz, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jopi nor Jupi.)

Hupô: see Hupa.

Hurd: peak, Sierra Nevada, near lat. 37° 08′ N., long. 118° 34′ W., southwest of Long Lake, Inyo County, Calif.

Hurd: railroad station, Morris County, N. J. (Not Hurdtown.)

Hurd: see Weldon, brook, N. J.

Hurdtown: see Hurd, railroad station, N. J.

Hurricane Vent: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 300 feet southeast of Constant and Whirligig Geysers, Norris Geyser Basin, near north end.

Hurryon: creek, tributary to Rogue River from the east, Douglas County, Oreg.

Hurst: creek, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Ferry.)

Husan: see Fusan.

Hussey, The: rock, entrance to Casco Bay, Me. (Not Hussey Rock.)

Hutli: see Le Comte, bay and glacier, Alaska.

Huxley: peak, altitude 12,560 feet, 8¼ miles north 73° west, from summit of Mount St. Elias, lat. 60° 19′.7 N., long. 141° 09′.5 W., Alaska.

Huxley: see Haydon, peak, Alaska.

Huxley Plateau: see Huxley Terrace.

Huxley Terrace: plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 22′ W. (Not Huxley Plateau nor Observation.)

Hvar (Lesina): island and town, Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Hvar; Ital. Lesina; 43° 7′ N., 16° 45′ E.

Hwang Hai (Yellow Sea): sea bet. n. e. China and Chosen. Not Hwang Hai Sea.

Hwang Hai Sea: See Hwang Hai.

Hwang Ho (Yellow River): large river, n. China. Not Hwang-ho River.

Hwang-ho River: see Hwang Ho.

Hyak: creek, heading in Hyak Lake, flowing east and emptying into Coal Creek at Hyak Station, east portal of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad tunnel, Kittitas County, Wash.

Hyak: lake, small one at 3,700 feet elevation near divide just south of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul tunnel, Kittitas County, Wash.

Hyak: see Lodge, creek, Wash.

Hyalite: creek, Gallatin County, Mont., rising near Hyalite Peak, in southeast corner T. 5 S., R. 6 E., flowing northwest, entering Gallatin River, in sec. 32, T. 1 N., R. 5 E. So named because of the mineral hyalite which is found in the peak at the head of this creek. The change from Middle was made at the request of local officials and citizens. (Not Middle.)

Hyalite: peak, T. 5 S., R. 6 E., near Giants Head Mountain, Gallatin County, Mont.

Hyattville: town, Liberty Township, Delaware County, Ohio. (Not Hyatt's, Hyatts Station, Hyattsville, nor Hytts.)

Hyde: creek, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 19′ N., long. 113° 10′ W., flows thence northwest into the South Fork of Two Medicine Creek.

Hyderabad: native state, India (the Nizam's dominions), and its capital city (often called Hyderabad-Deccan); 17° 15′ N., 78° 30′ E.

Hyderabad or **Hyderabad, Sind**: city, Sind, Bombay presidency, India, on lower Indus river; 25° 25′ N., 68° 30′ E.

Hyderabad-Deccan: see Hyderabad (native state).

Hyndman: peak, altitude 12,078 feet, border of Blaine and Custer Counties, Idaho, in unsurveyed sec. 19, T. 5 N., R. 20 E., Boise meridian. Named locally for Major Hyndman, early prominent pioneer mining operator in this region.

Hyrum: city, Cache County, Utah. (Not Hyram.)

Hytts: see Hyattville.

I

Iabloshnie: see Apple.

Iachnoi: see Egg, island, Alaska.

Iamonia: lake and town, Leon County, Fla. (Not Jamony.)

Iao: stream, rising near summit of west Maui, flowing eastward through deep canyon and valley into sea, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Iao: valley, west Maui; length (above Wailuku), about 5 miles; width, 1 to 2 miles; depth, near head, about 4,000 feet; elevation of Puu Kukui, overlooking valley, 5,790 feet; called the "Yosemite of Hawaii," T. H.

Iaroslavl: see Yaroslavl.

***Iaşi (Jassy)**: pr. yäshi; district and city, n. e. Rumania; 47° 10′ N., 27° 37′ E.

Iatt: lake, Ts. 7 and 8 N., R. 3 W., Grant Parish, La. (Not Jatt nor Yatt.)

Iba: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Yba.)

Iba: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Yba.)

Iba: municipality, Provincial Capital, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Ibaan: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Ibabang Luquin: barrio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lukin, Luquin, nor Ybabang Luquin.)

Ibabang Palina: barrio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palina nor Ybabang Pailina.)

Ibabang Sungi: barrio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sunga, Sungi, nor Ybabang Sungi.)

Ibabao: barrio, Cuenca Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ybaboa.)

Ibagué: pr. ē-bă-geh′; city, Colombia, capital department of Tolima; 4° 29′ N., 75° 26′ W.

Ibajay: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Ibana: Ibang: see Ivana, P. I.

Ibapah: peak, east slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, altitude 8,291 feet, in secs. 16 and 17, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about ½ mile southeast of South Peak and about 1 mile south of North Pass Canyon. Named after town in Deep Creek Valley to the west.

Ibid: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ybid.)

Ibohos: barrio, Sabtang Municipality, Batanes Province, Sabtang Island, Batan Islands, P. I. (Not Ivohos nor Ybujos.)

Ibrail: see Brăila.

Ica: pr. e′kä; dept. and city, Peru; 14° 4′ S., 75° 39′ W.

Icacos: point, 1 mile north of Point Guayânes, P. R. (Not Hicacos Point nor Pt. Feliciana.)

Icacos Cay: island, eastern coast P. R. (Not Hicacos Cay nor Leacos Cay.)

Icathluik: see Niukluk.

Ice: creek, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, entering Lake Aleknagik on the southeast side, about 9 miles from the foot of the lake, lat. 59° 20′ N., long. 158° 46′ W.

Iceberg: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in Iceberg Lake, near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 45′ W., flowing northeast into Wilbur Creek.

Iceberg: island, San Juan County, Wash., in Outer Bay, one-fourth mile north of Iceberg Point, south end Lopez Island.

Iceberg: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 45′ W. Named by George Bird Grinnell in 1890 because of the masses of ice that float, even in midsummer, in the waters of the lake.

Iceberg: lake, one of Galena Chain Lakes, Whatcom County, Wash.

Iceberg: point, Lopez Island, San Juan County, Wash. (Not Jennis.)

Iceland: island kingdom, n. Atlantic; Icel. Ísland; Dan., Ger., and Nor. Island; Fr. Islande; Ital. Islanda.

Ichang: city, Hupeh prov., cen. China proper, on Yangtze river; 30° 40′ N., 111° 25′ E.

Ic-Ic: see Ikik, P. I.

Icicle: creek, rising in Josephine Lake, eastern slope of Cascade Range, 2 miles southeast of Stevens Pass, flowing south and east to Wenatchee River, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Nacicle.)

Icicle: see Leland.

Iconium: see Konya.

Ida: pass, immediately west of Foggy Mountain, T. 29 N., R. 11 E., Snohomish County, Wash.

Idaho: creek, Yentna district, joining Stern Gulch from the southwest, about 8 miles above the mouth of Bonanza Creek, Alaska, lat. 62° 35′ N., long. 151° 42′ W.

Idaho: state of the United States, bounded on the north by Montana and Canada, on the east by Montana and Wyoming, on the south by Utah and Nevada, and on the west by Oregon and Washington. Area, 83,888 square miles. (Pronounced ī′dā-hō.)

Idaho: see California, creek, Alaska.

Idaho Basin: see Boise Basin, Idaho.

Ida Lewis: rock, south of Goat Island in Newport Harbor, R. I. Named in honor of Ida Lewis, lighthouse keeper, who rescued many lives. (Not Lime.)

Idamacio: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ydamacio.)

Idiacacan: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ydiacacan.)

Idio: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ydio.)

Idlewild: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Maple.)

Iflaq: see Walachia.

Igagik: see Egegik.

Igalik: island, low and sandy, at entrance to Dease Inlet, lat. 71° 13′ N., long. 154° 58′ W., Arctic Coast, northern Alaska. (Not Ikalu nor Ikalue.)

Igaunija: see Estonia.

Igbalangao: barrio, Bugasong Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Igbalañgao nor Ygbalangao.)

Igbalañgao: see Igbalangao, P. I.

Igbalogo: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygbalogo.)

Igbancal: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygbancal.)

Igbobon: barrio, Patnongon Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygbobon nor Ygbobong.)

Igbogacay: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygbocagay.)

Igbonglo: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygbonglo.)

Igcabuad: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygcabu-ad.)

Igcadac: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygcadac.)

Igcado: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygcado.)

Igcalauagan: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygcalauagan.)

Igcapuyas: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygcapuyas.)

Igcasicad: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Igcasicag nor Ygcasicad.)

Igcasicag: see Igcasicad, P. I.

Igcococ: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygcococ.)

Igdalaguet: see Igdalaguit, P. I.

Igdalaguit: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ygdalaguit.)

Igdalaguit: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Igdalaquit nor Igdalquit.)

Igdalaguit: barrio, Miagao Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Igdalaguet.)

Igdalaquit: see Igdalaguit, P. I.

Igdalquit: see Igdalaguit, P. I.

Igdanglug: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Igdanlog, Igdanlug, nor Ygdanlug.)

Igdanlog: see Igdanglug, P. I.

Igdanlug: see Igdanglug, P. I.

Igdorarog: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygdorarog.)

Ighiak: see Eyak.

Igiagik: see Egegik.

Igitkin: island, immediately southeast of Great Sitkin Island, lat. 52° 00′ N., long. 175° 55′ W., Andreanof Group, middle Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Igitkhin.)

Igitna: river, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, rising in Alaska Range, near lat. 61° 13′ N., long. 153° 23′ W., flowing east and then south, entering Kenibuna Lake from the north. Native name.

Iglamot: see Iglanot, P. I.

Iglanot: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Iglamot.)

Iglinab: barrio, Valderrama Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Yglinab.)

Ignacio: see Electra, lakes, Colo.

Ignalook: Ignaluk: see Little Diomede.

Ignatief: see Mendenhall.

Igpalge: see Igpalgi, P. I.

Igpalgi: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Igpalge, Ygpalge, nor Ygpalhi.)

Igpalgi: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Igpalge.)

Igsoro: barrio, Bugasong Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygsoro.)

Igtomarum: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Igtumarum.)

Igtugas: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ygtugas.)

Igtumarum: see Igtomarum, P. I.

Iguait: see Iwahig, P. I.

Iguig: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Iguirindon: barrio, San Remgio Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Iguirindum, Iquirindon, nor Yguirindon.)

Iguirindum: see Iguirindon, P. I.

Igushik: ridge (prominent), on western side of Igushik River, Nushagak Bay, Alaska, lat. 58° 45′ N., long. 158° 55′ W.

Ihuahig: see Iwahig, P. I.

Ijoot: see Izhut.

Ikagluik: mountain (Mount Ikagluik), altitude 4,500 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, southeast of head of Naknek Lake, east side of Ukak River, near lat. 58° 27′ N., long. 155° 07′ W.

Ikak: see Ukak.

Ikalik: see Ikolik.

Ikalu: Ikalue: see Igalik.

Ikhiak: see Eyak.

Ikik: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ic-Ic, Ik-Ik, nor Yk-Ik.)

Ik-Ik: see Ikik, P. I.

Ik-ku-go-ak: see Ikugoak.

Iklutpak: see Niukluk.

Ikogmut: mission and village on Yukon River, near lat. 61° 47′ N., long. 161° 21′ W., Alaska. (Not Ikogmute.)

Ikolik: cape, western coast of Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 17′ N., long. 154° 47′ W., Alaska. (Not Ikalik.)

Ikonion: see Konya.

Ikpikpuk: river, on the Arctic coast of Alaska, east of Point Barrow, flowing northward from the confluence of two branches in lat. 70° 22′ N., to Smith Bay, Arctic Ocean, near long. 154° 20′ W. The western outlet of this river, tributary to Admiralty Bay, Dease Inlet, is Chipp River. (Not Chipp nor Ikpikpung.) Eskimo name meaning big bank.

Ikpikpuk: see Chipp.

Ikpikpung: see Chipp and Ikpikpuk.

Ikti: cape, southern coast of Alaska Peninsula about 20 miles southwest of Chignik Bay, lat. 56° 00′ N., long. 158° 26′ W., Alaska. (Not Itkhi.)

Ikugoak: river, tributary to Selawik River, near lat. 66° 35′ N., long. 160° 08′ W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Ik-ku-go-ak.)

Ilabas: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Llabas.)

Ilagan: municipality, Provincial Capital, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

Ilamnay: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ulamnay.)

Ilaod: see Ilauod, P. I.

Ilaor: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ylaor.)

Ilaud: see Ilauod, P. I.

Ilauod: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ylanod.)

Ilauod: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ilaod, Ilaud, nor Ylaud.)

Ilayaiuisan: barrio, Iuisan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ilaya Iuisan, Ilaya Ivisan, Ylayaivisan, nor Ylaya-Yvisan.)

Ilaya Ivisan: see Ilayaiuisan, P. I.

Ile aux Cochons: see Gravelly, island.

Ile aux Galets: island, near north end of Lake Michigan. (Not Skilligallee.)

Ile aux Galops: see Galop.

Ile Isidore: see Island No. 8.

Ile Richard: see Coryell.

Ile William: Ile Williams: see Government, island.

Ilford: urban district, Essex county, England, suburb of London; 51° 33′ N., 0° 3′ E.

Ili: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ilo nor Yle.)

Iliamna: bay, western coast Cook Inlet, near lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 153° 30′ W., Alaska.

Iliamna: lake, large, west of Kamishak Bay, Cook Inlet, near lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 155° 05′ W., Alaska.

Iliamna: town, on Iliamna River, about 12 miles northwest of Iliamna Bay, west side Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Iliamna: volcano, 10,017 feet high, west side of Cook Inlet and north of Chinitna Bay, lat. 60° 02′ N., long. 153° 06′ W., Alaska.

Ilian: see Ilihan, P. I.

Iligan: municipality, Lanao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Ilihan: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ilijan.)

Ilihan: barrio, Kabakan Municipality, Cotobato Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Ilian.)

Ilihan: barrio, Romblon Municipality, Romblon Province, Romblon; and barrio, Santo Niño Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Ilijan nor Ylijan.)

Ilihan Norte: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ilijan Norte nor Ylijan Norte.)

Ilihan Sur: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ilijan Sur nor Ylijan Sur.)

Ilijan: see Ilihan, P. I.

Ilijan Norte: see Ilihan Norte, P. I.

Ilijan Sur: see Ilihan Sur, P. I.

Ilio: point, northwest point of the Island of Molokai, T. H. (Not Ka Lae o ka Ilio nor Kalaeokailio.)

Ilioulíouk: see Iliuliuk, village.

Iliuliuk: bay, about 1½ miles long, southeasterly arm of Unalaska Bay, on east side of Amaknak Island, near lat. 53° 54′ N., long. 166° 30′ W., Alaska. See Iliuliuk Harbor.

Iliuliuk: harbor, small bay half mile long, one-quarter mile wide, inclosed on west by Amaknak Island and joining Iliuliuk Bay on west, lat. 53° 52′.8 N., long. 166° 32′.9 W., Unalaska Island, eastern Aleutians, Alaska.

Iliuliuk: village, at head of Iliuliuk Harbor, Unalaska Island, lat. 53° 52′.6 N., long. 166° 32′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Ilioulíouk nor Unalaska.)

Illilouette: creek and falls, Yosemite National Park, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not South Canyon Creek nor Tu-lu-la-wi-ak.)

Illilouette: ridge, near the upper end of Yosemite Valley, Yosemite National Park, Mariposa County, Calif.

***Illinois:** creek, Gunnison County, Colo., heads in central portion of T. 13 S., R. 81 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows westerly and southwesterly to join Taylor River in sec. 33, T. 13 S., R. 82 W. (Not West Elk.) This name now used locally first appears in records of Wheeler Survey.

Illinois: river, in Illinois formed in Grundy Co., by the junction of the Desplaines and Kankakee Rivers, near lat. 41° 24′ N., long. 88° 16′ W., flowing southwest into the Mississippi River about twenty miles above the mouth of the Missouri River. (Pronounced, ĭll-ĭ-noi′.)

Illinois: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Wisconsin, on the east by Indiana, on the south by Kentucky and Missouri, and on the west by Iowa and Missouri. Area, 56,665 square miles. (Pronounced, ĭll-ĭ-noi′.)

Illinois: see Oolenoy, creek, S. C.

Illinois: see West Elk, creek, Colo.

Illuru: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ylluru.)

Ilo: pr. ē′lō; city, Peru; 17° 40′ S., 71° 22′ W.

Ilo: see Ili, P. I.

Ilog: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ylog.)

Ilog: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Iloilo: municipality, Provincial Capital, Iloilo, Panay, P. I.

Ima: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 19, T. 64 N., R. 7 W., Superior National Forest. Lake known by this name for the past 10 years or more.

Imaao: barrio, Pili Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ymaao.)

Imaculada Concepcion: see Inmaculada Concepcion, P. I.

Imamawo: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ymamao nor Ymamauo.)

Imataca: mts. e. Venezuela. (Not Imataka, Mataca.)

Imataka: see Imataca.

Imibulan: see Inicbulan, P. I.

Imoc: barrio, Calauan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Imuc nor Ymoc.)

Imourouk: see Imuruk.

Imphal: city, Manipur state, Assam, India; 24° 44′ N., 93° 58′ E. (Not Manipur.)

Imuc: see Imoc, P. I.

Imugan: township, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Imuruk: lake, about 32 miles south of Kotzebue Sound, lat. 65° 36′ N., long. 163° 12′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Imourouk.)

Imus: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Inabanga: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Inabasan: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ynabasan.)

Inabnit: mountain (Mount Inabnit), Park County, Mont., Beartooth National Forest, in sec. 8, T. 8 S., R. 17 E., M. P. M. (Not Snow Glacier.) After Mr. Fred Inabnit, a prominent citizen of Billings, Mont., who for more than 30 years explored and mapped the mountains in this region.

Ina Coolbrith: mountain (Mount Ina Coolbrith), altitude 8,302 feet, Lassen, Plumas, and Sierra counties, Calif., in Tahoe National Forest, near lat. 39° 41′ 45″ N., long. 120° 08′ 30″ W. (Not Summit.) Named by the California State Geographic Board for Ina Donna Coolbrith, former poet laureate of California, who arrived in California at the age of 11 with a party guided by Jim Beckwith, for whom the adjacent pass, 6 miles north was named.

Inagauan: river, lat. 9° 33′ 7″ N., long. 118° 39′ 8″ E., eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Inagdan: see Huagdan, P. I.

Inagua: pr. ē-nä′gwä; islands, the Bahamas; 21° 15′ N., 73° 10′ W.

Inai-Awan: see Inao-Awan, P. I.

Inakpuk: native camp, on the west bank of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, 17½ miles above Ekwok Village, lat. 59° 31′ 30″ N., long. 157° 09′ 30″ W.

Inaoauan: see Inao-Awan, P. I.

Inao-Awan: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Inai-Awan, Inaoauan, nor Inauauan.)

Inarado: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Inorado.)

Inauauan: see Inao-Awan, P. I.

Incarnation: point, east of Steamboat Bay, north shore Noyes Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Cape Jesus-Mary nor Punta de Jesus-Maria.)

Inchwagh: lake, Livingston County, Mich. (Not Nitchwage nor Michuaga.)

Indan: municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Indang: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Index: mountain, 1½ miles from Index Town, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not West Index.)

Index: see Baring, mountain, Wash.

India: region s. Asia, comprising Br. India and native states, and Fr. and Port, India.

India, French: five small colonies in India; Pondichéry, Chandernagor, Karikal, Mahé, and Yanaon.

India, Portuguese: three small possessions in India; Gôa, Damão, and Diu.

Indiada: cove, behind Indiada Island, between Rosa and Isleta Points, south shore Port Santa Cruz, west shore Suemez Island, southeastern Alaska.

Indian: creek, west of Stevenson Island, connecting Barnes Lake with Whale Passage at the junction of the latter with Kashevarof Passage, northeastern part of Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Indian: creek, Moquawkie Indian Reservation, just above North Foreland, west side Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Shorty, Shortys, nor Shorty's.)

Indian: creek, Yosemite National Park, Calif., rising in sec. 21, T. 3 S., R. 21 E., Mount Diablo meridian, flows northwesterly into Merced River, a half mile west of the park boundary line. (Not Chinquapin.)

Indian: creek, tributary to Bear Creek from south, Clear Creek County, Colo. (Not Bear, Roeder, South Fork Bear, nor Yankee.)

Indian: creek, eastern shore Biscayne Bay, latitude 25° 48′ to 25° 51′ N., Dade County, Fla.

Indian: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 114° 10′ W., flowing south into Flathead River.

Indian: creek, Yellowstone County, Mont., rises in southeastern part of T. 2 S., R. 28 E., flows north and northwest to Pryor Creek into which it empties in southwestern portion of T. 1 S., R. 28 E. The old name of stream was Dead Indian.

Indian: creek, Chowan County, N. C. (Not Dillard nor Dillard Mill.)

Indian: creek, Hardin and Wayne Counties, Tenn. (Not Reinness, Reinse's, nor Reinses.)

Indian: creek, heading west of Abajo Peak, San Juan County, Utah.

Indian: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 52′ W., flowing northeast into Gardiner River.

Indian: gap, Great Smoky Mountains, on border between Swain County, N. C., and Sevier County, Tenn., near lat. 35° 36′ 30″ N., long. 83° 27′ 15″ W. A prehistoric Indian trail crossed the mountains through this gap, which has been variously called Grassy, Lufty, Road, and Wares.

***Indian:** lake, Schoolcraft County, Mich. (Not Manistique, West Monistique, nor Monistique.)

Indian: pass, altitude 7,600 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., across Lewis Range, Middle Fork Belly River to Pass Creek, near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 52′ W.

Indian: peak, near northern border of Lemhi County, Idaho, 3½ miles northwest of Ulysses, Indian Creek, near lat. 45° 30′ N., long. 114° 13′ W. (Not Jackass.)

Indian: ridge, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., watershed between Bowman and Indian Creeks, near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 114° 12′ W.

Indian: see Butte, creek, Idaho.

Indian: see Lint, slough, Oreg.

Indian: see Oil, lake, Mont.

Indian: see Sapinero.

Indiana: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Michigan, on the east by Ohio, on the south by Kentucky, and on the west by Illinois. Area, 36,354 square miles. (Pronounced ĭn-dē-ăn′-a.)

Indiana: see Sapinero.

Indianapolis: capital of Indiana, in Marion Co., on West Fork of White River, near lat. 39° 48′ N., long. 86° 07′ W. Population in 1930, 364,073. (Pronounced ĭn-dē-ăn-ăp′-ō-lĭs.)

Indian Castle: see Nowadaga.

Indian Creek: rapids, in Indian Creek, west of Stevenson Island, northeast part Prince of Wales Island, lat. 56° 02′ N., long. 132° 58′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Indian Grave: mountain, altitude 4,352 feet, prominent landmark near international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), lat. 65° 35′ N., long. 141° 01′ W., Alaska.

Indian Guyan: creek, Gallia and Lawrence Counties, Ohio. (Not Guyandotte nor Indian Guyandotte.)

***Indian Henrys Hunting Ground:** park region between South Tahoma Glacier and Kautz Creek, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Henry's Hunting Ground.)

Indian Hill: see Shellmound, bay, Fla.

Indian Kentucky: creek, rising in Ripley County, tributary to Ohio River, in Jefferson County, Ind. (Not Kentucky.)

Indianola: precinct and village, Sanpete County, Utah. (Not Indiaola.)

Indian Oldtown: see Old Town, Me.

Indian Paintbrush: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 48′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., drains northeast into Leigh Lake. The Indian Paintbrush, State flower of Wyoming, forms scarlet meadows in the lower portion of the canyon.

Indian Pass: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 113° 52′ W., head of Pass Creek, at west entrance of Indian Pass.

Indian Pond: see Squaw, lake, Wyo.

Indian Reserve No. 31 G: see Buckete.

Indian Ridge: village, Grainger County, Tenn. (Not Indianridge.)

Indian Spring: militia district, Butts County, Ga. (Not Indian Springs.)

Indian Springs: village, Sullivan County, Tenn. (Not Indian Spring.)

Indian Wells: valley, Kern, Inyo, and San Bernardino Counties, Calif. (Not Brown, Inyo-Kern, Inyokern, nor Salt Wells.)

Indias Españolas: see Philippine, P. I.

Indore: native state, cen. India, and its capital; 22° 50′ N., 75° 55′ E.

Indus: river, Tibet and n. w. India, s. w. to the Arabian Sea.

Induyong: barrio, Pidigan Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Induyuñg nor Ynduyong.)

Induyuñg: see Induyong, P. I.

Infanta: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Infanta: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Binangonan nor Binangonan de Lampon.)

Ingersol: see Lachbuna.

Ingleman's: see Engelmann.

Inglestat Point: see Bald Head, promontory, Alaska.

Ingot: island, middle one of three, north of Knight Island, lat. 60° 31′ N., long. 147° 38′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Ingraham: glacier, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash., on east slope of Mount Rainier, merging with Cowlitz Glacier, near lat. 46° 50′ N., long. 121° 42′ W. (Not Serviss.)

Ingram Bar: post light, Tennessee River, Trigg County, Ky. (Not Ingram's Bar.)

Inicbulan: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Imibulan.)

Iniskin: bay, north shore Kamishak Bay, west shore Cook Inlet, lat. 59° 39′ N., long. 153° 27′ W., Alaska.

Iniskin: island, about 1 mile off eastern side mouth of Iniskin Bay, northern coast Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, lat. 59° 37′.5 N., long. 153° 26′ W., Alaska.

Iniskin: river, head of Iniskin Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, lat. 59° 47′ N., long. 153° 28′ W., Alaska.

Iniskin: rock, about 1 mile off mouth Iniskin Bay, and same distance west Iniskin Island, northern coast Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Iniskin: shoal, about 1¼ miles off mouth Iniskin Bay and 1⅛ miles south 75° west from Iniskin Island, northern coast Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Initao: municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Inkpot: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., close to Washburn Hot Springs, 2½ miles south of Mount Washburn.

Inkwell: spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., right bank of Firehole River, near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 51′ W.

Inland Waterways: see Intracoastal Waterway.

Inlet: see Siuslaw.

Inmaculada Concepcion: barrio, Loay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Imaculada Concepcion, Inmaculeda Concepcion, nor Ymaculado Concepcion.)

Inn: brook, tributary to Cow Creek, from the west at Longs Peak Village, Larimer County, Colo.

Inner: point, southeastern shore of Kruzof Island, Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 05′ .6 N., long. 153° 34′ .4 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Rocky nor Second.)

Inner Manchas: coral reef or bank, on north side of entrance to Mayaguez Bay, P. R. (Not Inner Machos.)

Innsbruck: city, w. Austria on Inn River; 47° 17′ N., 11° 24′ E.

Inopacan: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Inorado: see Inarado, P. I.

Inosloban: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ynosloban.)

Inside Route: see Intracoastal Waterway.

Inskeeps: Inskeep's: see Great Egg, river.

Inspiration: point, on Apache Trail where road swerves to the right at Roosevelt Dam, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Inspiration: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., left bank of Yellowstone River Canyon, 1½ miles below the Lower Falls.

Inspiration Point: a summit 7,200 feet high, Lassen County, Calif., one-half mile north of Juniper Lake, in sec. 10, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Intampilan: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Yntampilan.)

Intankoon: see Intun.

Inter: glacier, discharging into Inter Fork Creek, northeastern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Inter: see Inter Fork.

Interbay: peninsula, between Hillsboro and Old Tampa Bays, Fla.

***Inter Fork:** creek, tributary to White River, draining Inter Glacier, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Inter.)

***Interlachen:** town, Putnam County, Fla. (Not Inter Lachen nor Interlaken.)

Interlaken Hill: see Brewer, mountain.

Intermittent: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, tributary of Glacier Creek from the west, half a mile south of Green Point, lat. 63° 22′ 20″ N., long. 150° 22′ W. The lower course of this creek flows intermittently through the gravels at the east edge of Muldrow Glacier.

Intracoastal Waterway: the continuous series of connecting bodies of water within the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico coasts between Boston, Mass., and the Rio Grande, Tex., authorized by acts of Congress. (Not Inland Waterways nor Inside Route.)

Intun: cone or hill, the southernmost of three conical hills on Cape Chacon, Dixon Entrance, southeastern Alaska. (Not Intunkun nor Intankoon.)

Intungidi: hill, altitude over 400 feet, the middle one of three conical hills on Cape Chacon, just north of Intun Cone or Hill, Dixon Entrance, southeastern Alaska.

Intunkun: see Intun.

Inuya: creek, T. 36 N., R. 24 W., rising near Inuya Pass and tributary to Whale Creek from northwest, Flathead County, Mont.

Invercargill: seaport, ext. s. of South Island, New Zealand; 46° 20′ S., 168° 30′ E.

***Inyan Kara:** creek, mountain, and precinct, Crook County, Wyo. (Not Inyankara.)

Inyo-Kern: Inyokern: see Indian Wells.

Iola: see Itola.

Ionia: town and township, Jewell County, Kans. (Not Iona.)

Ionia: village, Dixon County, Nebr. (Not Iona.)

Ionia: village, Ontario County, N. Y. (Not Millers Corners.)

Ionian Sea: part of the Mediterranean bet. Greece and s. Italy; Ital. Mar Ionio.

Iopē: see Jaffa.

Iotla: creek, Macon County, N. C. (Not Iola.)

Iowa: river in Iowa rising in Hancock Co., near lat. 43° 05′ N., long. 93° 35′ W., flows southeast into the Mississippi River, near lat. 41° 10′ N., long. 91° 02′ W. (Pronounced, ī′-ō-wa.)

Iowa: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Minnesota, on the east by Wisconsin and Illinois, on the south by Missouri, and on the west by Nebraska and South Dakota. Area, 56,147 square miles. (Pronounced, ī′-ō-wa.)

Iowa: see North Aowa.

Iowa City: see Iowa Hill.

Iowa Hill: village, Placer County, Calif. (Not Iowa City.)

Ioway: see North Aowa.

Ipil: barrio, Talibon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ypil.)

Ipil: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ypil.)

Ipil: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ypil.)

Ipnavik: river, northwestern Alaska on north slope of Brooks Range, tributary on south bank of upper Colville River, near long. 156° 30′ W.

Ipsut: creek, tributary to Carbon River from southwest, north of Mother Mountains, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Ipsut: saddle, northwest of Castle Peak, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Ipswich: city, Suffolk county, e. England; 52° 5′ N., 1° 10′ E.

Iquique: pr. ē-kē′keh; seaport city, n. Chile; 20° 19′ S., 70° 10′ W.

Iquirindon: see Iguirindon, P. I.

Iquitos: pr. ē-kē′tōs; city, e. Peru; 3° 45′ S., 73° 10′ W.

Iraclion: see Ērakleion.

Iraga: barrio, Solana Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Yraga.)

Irak: see Iraq.

Iran: see Persia.

Iraq: properly written ʻIraq;† country, w. Asia; includes area commonly called Mesopotamia. Not Irak.

Irawaddy: see Irrawaddy.

Iraya: see Iraya Norte, P. I.

Iraya Norte: barrio, San Vicente Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Iraya nor Yraya Norte.)

Iraya Sur: barrio, San Vicente Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Yraya Sur.)

Ireland: mountain, altitude 8,330 feet, T. 8 S., R. 36 E., on dividing line between Baker and Grant Counties, Oreg. (Not Bald.)

Ireland, Northern: since 1920, six of nine counties of the province of Ulster.

Ireland: see Island, creek, Md.

Iriga: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Iris: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Bechler River, near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 110° 57′ W.

Irish: cove, southern shore Port Fidalgo, lat. 60° 46′ N., long. 146° 27′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Irish Canyon: creek, T. 31 N., R. 105 W., tributary to East Fork River from east, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Winow.)

Irish Free State: Br. dominion, cen. and s. Ireland; Irish, Saorstát Eireann.

Irish Sea: arm of the Atlantic, bet. Ireland and Great Britain.

Irkutsk: city near Lake Baikal, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 52° 12′ N., 104° 35′ E.

Irocin: see Irosin, P. I.

Iron: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 54′ W., flowing east and north into Firehole River.

Iron: lake, west of Crooked Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Iron: mountain, Jackson County, Colo., Colorado National Forest, in T. 6 N., R. 76 W. (Not Lulu.)

Iron: mountains, Carter and Johnson counties, Tenn., and Washington, Wythe, Grayson, and Smyth counties, Va., extending northeast from the Doe River, near lat. 36° 17′ 30″ N., long. 82° 10′ 30″ W., to approx. lat. 36° 35′ 30″ N., long. 81° 00′ W. Many old maps and some recent ones show the name Iron has been applied not only to different sections of the Great Smoky divide but also to much of the ridge between the Tennessee River and the Stone Mountains, forming North Carolina-Tennessee boundary north of the Watauga River. But many of these maps, especially those of recent years, show the Iron Mountains ridge as described above—a well-defined watershed about 80 miles long, of which about 31½ miles are in Tennessee and 48½ miles in Virginia. This ridge is crossed by two streams only, the Watauga River in Tennessee and Laurel Creek in Virginia, the latter at a point about 1 mile north of the North Carolina-Virginia boundary. The ridge in part is the common boundary between Smyth and Grayson counties and Grayson and Wythe counties, Va.

Iron: spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on right bank of Gibbon River, just above mouth of Secret Valley Creek.

Iron: see Ferrum, creek, Alaska.

Iron: see Triple, creek, Alaska.

Iron Creek: see Miniatulik.

Iron Knoll: Iron Mountain: see Trachyte Knob.

Iron Mountains: see Unaka, mountains, N. C. and Tenn.

Ironwood: see McCoy.

Ironwork: brook, Sheffield town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Iron Work.)

Irosin: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Irocin.)

Irrawaddy: river, Burma. Not Irawaddy.

Irucan: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Yrucan nor Yruian.)

Irvin: see Irwin.

Irvine: mount (Mount Irvine), altitude 13,790 feet, Inyo County, Calif., east side of main crest Sierra Nevada, north of Mount Mallory and northwest of Mount Le Conte, near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 16′ W. Norman Clyde, who climbed this peak in 1925, proposed the name in honor of A. C. Irvine, who perished on Mount Everest in 1924.

Irving Hale: peak (Mount Irving Hale), altitude 11,747 feet, Grand County, Colo., in sec. 18, T. 2 N., R. 74 W., sixth principal meridian, Arapaho National Forest, about 2½ miles south of Rocky Mountain National Park. Named by the Colorado Geographic Board in honor of Gen. Irving Hale, 1861–1930, whose services, both military and civil, were exceptionally meritorious.

Irwin: township, Venango County, Pa. (Not Irvin.)

Isa: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 110° 44′ W. Named by the Northern Pacific R. R., 1893, for Miss Isabel Jelke.

Isaac: creek, branch of St. Jones Creek, Kent County, Del. (Not Isaacs.)

Isaacs Point: see Bald Head.

Isabel: creek, mountain and valley, Santa Clara County, Calif. (Not San Isabel nor Santa Ysabel.)

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Isabel: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 30′ W.

Isabel: point, San Francisco Bay, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Izabel nor Potrero.)

Isabela: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Isabella: creek, tributary to East Fork, Bull River from east, in sec. 11, T. 27 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Isabella: river, between Bald Eagle and Isabella Lakes, Ts. 61 and 62 N., Rs. 8 and 9 W., Lake County, Minn. (Not Isabelle.)

Isabella: see McCays.

Isabelle: see Isabella.

Isal de Volcan: see Volcan, P. I.

Isanotski: see Bechevin, bay, Alaska.

Isanotski: see Pogromni, volcano, Alaska.

Isbayat: see Itbayat, P. I.

***Isfahan:** pr. ĕsfahan; prov. and city, w. Persia; 32° 45′ N., 51° 40′ E. Not Ispahan, Isphahan.

Ishawooa: creek, Park County, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 109° 49′ W., flows easterly along north base of Ishawooa Mesa into Shoshone River. (Not Isha-wood.)

Ishawooa: mesa, Park County, Wyo., on eastern slope of Absaroka Range, near lat. 44° 11′ N., long. 109° 38′ W. (Not Ishawood.)

Ishoot: see Izhut.

Ishqodra: see Shkodër.

Isidor: hill, altitude 830 feet, 1 mile eastward of St. Isidor Point, Lulu Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Isidoro.)

Isidoro: see Isidor.

Isis Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 08′ W.

Iskanderun: see Alexandrette.

Iskenderun: see Alexandrette.

Iskoot: see Iskut.

Iskut: mountain (altitude 4,000 feet), east of Stikine River, near lat. 56° 41′ N., long. 131° 41′ W., British Columbia, Canada. (Not Iskoot nor Skoot.)

Iskut: river tributary to the Stikine near lat. 56° 46′ N., long. 131° 46′ W., British Columbia, Canada. (Not Iskoot nor Skoot.)

Isla de Calituban: see Calituban, P. I.

Isla del Puerco: see Puerca Island.

Isla de Pinos: island, West Indies, near west end of Cuba. (Not Isle of Pines nor Pinos.)

Islais: creek, San Francisco County, Calif. (Not De Vree's.)

Island, Islanda, Islande: see Iceland.

Island: cove, opening from Slocum Arm, indenting southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 29′ N., long. 135° 52′ W., Alaska.

Island: creek, emptying into Fishing Bay, about 4 miles northeast of Elliott, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Ireland.)

Island: lake, Lassen County, Calif., 2 miles east of Juniper Lake, in sec. 24, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Island: lake, west of Sheep Mountain, sec. 33, T. 1 S., R. 87 W., Garfield County, Colo.

Island Ford: see Isleford.

Island No. 8: north of Government Island, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Ile Isidore.)

Island Portage: see Pine, lake, Minn.-Ont.

Island Station: see Henderson, village, Colo.

Isle: point, eastern entrance Burnett Inlet, Etolin Island, lat. 56° 02′ N., long. 132° 29′ W., Alaska.

Isle a la Crosse: see Lime.

Isle au Breton: see Breton.

Isle au Gallop: Isle au Galop: see Galop.

Isle aux Chats: see Cat.

Isle Derniere: island, Gulf Coast, Terrebonne Parish, La. (Not Last.)

Isle Mary: see Mary, island, N. Y.

Isle of Pines: see Isla de Pinos.

Isleford: village, Warren County, Tenn. (Not Island Ford.)

Isle of Springs: see Sweet.

Isle Royal: see Isle Royale.

***Isle Royale:** island, northwest part of Lake Superior, Mich., about 44 miles long, in lat. 48° N., long. 89° W. (Not Isle Royal.) Local usage strongly favors the spelling with the "e."

Islesboro: town, Waldo County, Me. (Not Islesborough.)

Islet: see Boussole, promontory, Alaska.

Islington: pr. ĭz'lĭng-tun; a n. div. of London, England; 51° 32′ N., 0° 6′ W.

Ismail: city on the Danube, near mouth, e. Rumania; 45° 21′ N., 28° 46′ E. Not Tuchkov.

Ismid: Ismit: see Izmit.

Isog: river, lat. 9° 30′ 5″ N., long. 118° 37′ 8″ E., eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Ispahan: see Isfahan.

Isparta: vilayet and town, Turkey; Gr. Spartē† (pr. sparti). Not Hamid-Abad, Izparta, Sparta.

Isphahan: see Isfahan.

Isquah: see Issaquah.

Issannakh: see Bechevin.

Issaquah: creek and town, King County, Wash. (Not Isquah nor Issquah.)

İstanbul (Constantinople): vilayet and city (former capital), Turkey; Turk. İstanbul (the capital "I" is written with a dot above it); mod. Gr. Konstantinoupolis;† Fr. and conv. Eng. Constantinople; Ger. Konstantinopel; Bulg. Tsarigrad;† anc. Gr. Byzantion;† Lat. Byzantium; 41° 1′ N., 29° E.

Istria: peninsula, n. e. Italy; formerly Austrian.

Itajahi or Itajahy: pr. ē-tä-zhä-ē′; seaport, Brazil, in state of Santa Catharina; 26° 53′ S., 48° 39′ W.

Itajahy: see Itajahi.

Italia: see Italy.

Italian Somaliland: a colony, e. Africa; Ital. Somalia Italiana; frequently called Italian Somalia.

Italie, Italien: see Italy.

Italy: kingdom, s. Europe; Ital. Italia, pr. ē-täl'yä; Fr. Italie; Ger. Italien.

Itasca: lake, Clearwater County, Minn., in T. 143 N., R. 36 W., sixth principal meridian, near source of Mississippi River, which flows through it.

Itbayat: municipality, Batanes Province, Itbayit, P. I. (Not Isbayat.)

Itkhi: see Ikti.

Itkillik: river, tributary to Colville River, from east at head of the Delta, near lat. 70° 04′ N., long. 151° W., northern Alaska.

Itlogan: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ytlogan.)

Itoc: barrio, Capalonga Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ytoc.)

Itogon: township, Mountain Province (subprovince, Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Itomang: barrio, Talisay Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Itumang nor Ytomang.)

Itsami: ledge, Puget Sound, near Olympia, Thurston County, Wash. (Not Itsania.)

Itsania: see Itsami.

Itulan: barrio, Pasacao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ytulan nor Ytulano.)

Itum: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ytum.)

Itumang: see Itomang, P. I.

Ityopya: see Ethiopia.

Iuahit: Iuhuit: Iualit: see Iwahig, P. I.

Iuisan: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ivisan.)

Ivan: river, north side of head of Cook Inlet, about 3 miles below mouth of west branch of Susitna River, lat. 61° 15′ N., long. 150° 45′ W., Alaska. (Not Lewis.)

Ivana: township, Batanes Province, Batan, P. I. (Not Ibana, Ibang, nor San Jose de Ibana.)

Ivanovo-Voznesensk: city, n. e. of Moskva, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 57° 5′ N., 41° 2′ E.

Ivanpah: see Ivanpatch, spring, Ariz.

Ivanpatch: spring, Mohave County, Ariz., about 20 miles west of Dixie National Forest, at head of Andrus Canyon, near lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 113° 30′ W. (Not Ivanpah.)

Ives: mesa, Navajo County, Ariz., near lat. 35° 06′ N., long. 110° 27′ W.

Ives: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on southwestern rim of Powell Plateau, near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 112° 27′ W.

Ivisan: see Iuisan, P. I.

Ivisaruk: river, including estuary at its mouth, northwest coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, tributary on west bank of Kuk River, Wainwright Inlet, near lat. 70° 18′ N., long. 160° W.

Ivishak: river, Arctic plateau, an upper left fork of Sagavanirktok River, northern Alaska, lat. 68° 30′ N., long. 150° W. (Not Evasha.)

Ivohos: see Ibohos, P. I.

Ivory Coast: Fr. colony, w. Africa, on the Gulf of Guinea; Fr. Côte d'Ivoire.

Iwahig: river and town, near Puerto Princesa, Palawan Island, P. I. (Not Yuahit, Iguait, Iuahit, Iuhuit, Iualit, nor Ihuahig.)

***Ixtacihuatl:** pr. és-tä-sē′wä-tl; volcano, elev. 17,343 ft., Mexico; 19° 15′ N., 98° 40′ W.

Izaak Walton: mount (Mount Izaak Walton), altitude about 11,900 feet, Fresno County, Calif., north slope Silver Divide, west slope Sierra Nevada, near head of Fish Creek, and lat. 37° 29′ N., long. 118° 54′ W. Proposed by the Sierra Club, in honor of the author of "The Compleat Angler."

Izabel: see Isabel, point, Calif.

Izhut: bay, 8 miles long, indenting southeastern shore of Afognak Island, near lat. 58° 09′ N., long. 152° 14′ W., Alaska. (Not Ijoot, Ishoot, Pentecost, Shariepof, nor Whitsuntide.)

Izhut: cape, southeastern shore of Afognak Island, near lat. 58° 06′ N., long. 152° 21′ W., Alaska.

Izhut: Izhutskaia: see King, cove, Alaska.

İzmir (Smyrna): vilayet and city, w. Turkey; Turk. İzmir (the capital "I" is written with a dot above it); conv. (Lat.) Smyrna, for Gr. Smyrnē† (pr. smirni); Fr. Smyrne; Ital. Smirne; 38° 25′ N., 27° 10′ E.

İzmit or Kocaeli: town, in vilayet Kocaeli (pr. koja-eli), Turkey; the capital "I" in İzmit is written with a dot above it; Gr. Nikomēdeia.† Not Ismid, Ismit, Koja-Ili.

Izparta: see Isparta.

J

Jabalpur: see Jubbulpore.

Jabay: see Habay, P. I.

Jabonaya: Jaboyana: see Haboyana, P. I.

Jacalitos: creek, western Fresno County, south of Jacalitos Hills, Calif.

Jacalitos: hills, south of Coalinga, between Jacalitos and Waltham Creeks, Fresno County, Calif.

Jack: creek, in Eagle and Garfield Counties, and spring, in Garfield County, Colo., draining to north bank Deep Creek, northwest side Colorado River, in T. 4 S., R. 87 W., near lat. 39° 42′ N., long. 107° 06′ W. (Not Jackass.)

Jack: creek, Sublette County, branch of Hoback River from the east, T. 38 N., Wyo. (Not Lynx.)

Jack: see Atlantis, island, N. Y.

Jack: see Jacks, creek, Md.

Jack: see Thacker, creek, Ala.

Jackass: see Indian, peak, Idaho.

Jackass: see Jack, creek, Colo.

Jackknife: ledge, 1 mile southwest Morse Point, Sagadahoc County, Me.

Jacks: creek, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Jack nor Jack's.)

Jackson: camp, Abajo Mountains, near head of Recapture Creek, on west side, San Juan County, Utah.

Jackson: capital of Mississippi, in Hinds Co., on the Pearl River, near lat. 32° 18′ N., long. 90° 09′ W. Population in 1930, 48,282. (Pronounced, jăk′-sŭn.)

Jackson: creek, Ts. 1 and 2 S., Rs. 7 and 8 E., tributary to East Gallatin River from northeast about 2 miles west of Bozeman Pass, Gallatin and Park counties, Mont. (Not Middle.)

Jackson: creek, tributary to South Umpqua River from the east, T. 30 S., R. 1 W., Douglas County, Oreg. (Not Bear Creek nor South Fork of South Umpqua River.) Named after Clarence W. Jackson, United States forest officer, accidentally killed in the performance of official duty.

Jackson: hole (valley), lake, and village, Teton County, Wyo. (Not Teton.)

Jackson: mount (Mount Jackson), altitude 10,023 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 44′ W.

Jackson: ridge, extending from Cooley Pass on the east to Mount Linnaeus on the west, San Juan County, Utah.

Jackson: see Howkan, village, Alaska.

Jackson Mount: see Llao, rock, Oreg.

Jackson's Cabin Knob: see Jacksons Knob.

Jacksons Knob: peak, altitude 5,760 feet, east of Fishhook Creek, sec. 21, T. 44 N., R. 5 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Jackson's Cabin Knob.)

Jacksonville: city, in Duval Co., Florida, on the St. John's River, near lat. 30° 20′ N., long. 81° 39′ W. Population in 1930, 129,809. (Pronounced jăk′-sŭn-vĭl.)

Jacksonville: see Enders.

Jacks Point: post light, Ohio River, Hardin County, Ill. (Not Jack's.)

Jackstraw: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Jacmel: pr. zhäk-mel′; seaport city, Haiti; 18° 13′ N., 72° 32′ W.

Jacob: rock, 80 feet high, on southwest side Necker Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 47′ N., long. 135° 30′ W. Reported as local name.

Jacobs: creek, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Jacob nor Jacob's.)

Jadito: canyon and spring, Navajo County, Ariz., in Hopi Indian Reservation, T. 27 N., R. 20 E., Gila and Salt River meridian. (Not Jetty-to.)

Jaen: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Jaena: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tacna.)

Jaffa or **Yafa:** seaport, Palestine; Arabic, Yafa;† Fr., Ger., and conv. Eng. Jaffa; Gr. Iopē;† Heb. Yāfō;† Ital. Giaffa; Lat. Joppe (conv. Joppa); 32° 2′ N., 34° 45′ E.

Jaffna: seaport, ext. n. Ceylon; 9° 45′ N., 80° E.

***Jaffrey:** point, the southern point of entrance to Portsmouth Harbor, N. H. (Not Jaffray nor Jerry's.)

Jagna: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Jagnaya: see Hagnaya, P. I.

Jaguariahyva: pr. zhä-wä-rēä-ē′vä; town, Brazil, in state of Paraná; 24° 15′ S., 49° 49′ W. Not Jajuaryahiva.

Jaguicjican: see Hagikikan, P. I.

Jaguieguican: see Hagikikan, P. I.

Jaguimit: see Haguimit, P. I.

Jaguimitan: see Haguimitan, P. I.

Jaguiquican: see Hagikikan, P. I.

Jaihun: see Amu Darya.

Jailolo: see Halmahera.

Jaipur: native state, Rajputana, India, and its capital; 26° 57′ N., 75° 50′ E. Not Jaypur.

Jajuaryahiva: see Jaguariahyva.

Jakey: lake, Lassen County, Calif., 1¾ miles northeast of Juniper Lake, in sec. 11, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Jakeys: creek (Jakeys Fork), tributary of Wind River, Fremont County, Wyo., rising near the southwest corner of T. 40 N., R. 107 W., sixth principal meridian, and flowing in general northeasterly direction to join Wind River approx. in sec. 27, T. 41 N., R. 106 W., Washakie National Forest. A corruption of the name of a cattle brand, "J. K.," used by J. K. Moore, an early settler and trader in the locality.

Jakutat: see Yakutat.

Jalajala: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Jalandhar: see Jullundur.

Jalang: see Halang, P. I.

Jalanig Tugas: Jalauig: Jalawig: see Halawig, P. I.

Jalapa: pr. hä-lä'pä; city, Mexico; 19° 28′ N., 96° 56′ W.

Jalapa: village, Monroe County, Tenn. (Not Jallappa.)

Jalisco: pr. hä-lēs'kō; state, w. cen Mexico.

Jallappa: see Jalapa.

Jalonggajog: see Holongahog, P. I.

Jamabad: see Hamabad, P. I.

Jamacao: land grant and village, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Jamacha.)

Jamaica: pr. ja-mā-ka; Br. island colony, W. I., Eng., Ger., and Ital. Jamaica; Fr. La Jamaïque; 18° N., 77° W.

Jamalagon: see Tamalagon, P. I.

Jamboree: bay, west coast Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, on south side and 2 miles from entrance of Crawfish Inlet, near lat. 56° 44′ N.

Jamelo: see Hamilo, P. I.

James: creek, Jamestown, Boulder County, Colo. (Not Jim.)

James: island, eastern shore of Chesapeake Bay, at south point of entrance to Little Choptank River, Dorchester County, Md. (Not St. James'.)

James: lagoon, at head of East Arm, Nuka Bay, west of McCarty Glacier lat. 59° 34′ N., long. 150° 25′ W. Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

James: mount (Mount James), altitude 9,365 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 30′ W.

***James:** river, rising in sec. 24, T. 149 N., R. 72 W., of 5th P. M., Wells Co., North Dakota, flows southeast, entering South Dakota near long. 98° 10′ W., thence south across the State into the Missouri River near lat. 42° 48′ N., long. 97° 15′ W. (Pronounced, jāms.)

James: river, in Virginia, formed in northern Botetourt Co., near lat. 37° 47′ N., long. 79° 46′ W., by the junction of Jackson and Cowpasture Rivers, flowing thence east and southeast into Chesapeake Bay. (Pronounced, jāms.)

James: see Jims.

James: see Satellite.

Jamez: see Pajarito, peak.

Jamibo: see Hamilo, P. I.

Jamilo: see Hamilo, P. I.

Jamindan: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Jamony: see Iamonia.

Jamoraon: see Hamoraon, P. I.

Jamorauon: Jamorawon: see Hamurawon, P. I.

Jamul-auon: Jamulauon: see Hamulauon, P. I.

Jamuraon: see Hamurawon, P. I.

Jandayan: see Handayan, P. I.

Jandong: see Handong, P. I.

Janes Island: light, Tangier Sound, Somerset County, Md. (Not Jane's.)

Janesville: mountain, altitude 2,555 feet, on Annette Island, northeast from Port Chester, near lat. 55° 09′ .06 N., long. 131° 31′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Janeville.)

Jangalan: see Tangalan, P. I.

Janik: see Samsun.

Janili: see Hawili, P. I.

Janiuay: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Janopol: see Hanopol, P. I.

Janosay Bayan Subay: see Bayansubay, P. I.

Japan: empire, e. Asia; Jap. Nihon, conv. Nippon; Fr. Japon; Ital. Giappone; Russ. Yaponiya.†

Japan: sea bet. Japan and Chosen.

Japon: See Japan (empire).

***Japurá:** pr. zhä-pōōr-ä; river, Brazil; 1° 40′ S., 66° W. Not Yapura.

Jaquiquikan: see Hagikikan, P. I.

Jarelds: Jariolds: see Jarrels.

Jaro: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Jaro: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Jarosa: canyon and creek, Las Animas County, Colo. (Not Jaroso.)

Jarosław: pr. yaróswaf; dist. and town, s. Poland; Ger. Jaroslau; Ukr. Yaroslav;† 50° 5′ N., 22° 40′ E.

Jaroslawl: see Yaroslavl.

Jaroso: see Jarosa.

Jarre: Creek, Douglas County, Colo., in T. 8 S., R. 68 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northerly into the South Platte River. (Not Garber nor Jug.)

***Jarrells:** creek, tributary to West Fork Coal River and ridge, Boone County: and village, Raleigh County, W. Va. (Not Jarrolds.)

Jarrels: creek, Muhlenberg County, Ky. (Not Jarelds, Jariolds, Jarrolds, Jarylies, nor Jerreles.)

Jarrolds: see Jarrels.

Jarvis: glacier, rises in British Columbia, moves southeast, crosses International Boundary about lat. 59° 26′ N., long. 136° 28′ W., and flows into Jarvis Creek, southeastern Alaska.

Jarvis: see Clear, lake, Oreg.

Jarylies: see Jarrels.

Jasaan: see Hasaan, P. I.

Jasper: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 18′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Jassy: see Iaşi.

Jatt: see Iatt.

Jauili: see Hawili, P. I.

Java: island, Neth. India, and sea north thereof.

Jawbone: creek, Tuolumne County, Calif., rises in sec. 13, T. 2 N., R. 18 E., Mount Diablo Meridian, flowing south into Tuolumne River. (Not Pile.)

Jawili: see Hawili.

Jaxartes: see Syr Darya.

Jaybanga: see Haybanga, P. I.

Jaybird: lake, western coast Latouche Island, near lat. 60° N., long. 147° 58′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Jayne's: see High, hill, N. Y.

Jaypur: see Jaipur.

Jaysee: see Trail, creek, Mont.

Jeanie: cove or bay, indenting the southern end of Montague Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 59° 50′ N., long. 147° 36′ W. Proposed by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party, 1928, for the steamship *Jeanie*, which, in 1906, struck a rock in this cove.

Jeanie: point, on east side of Jeanie Cove, southern end of Montague Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 59° 50′ N., long. 147° 33′ W.

Jedda: See Jidda.

Jeff: creek, Marion County, Oreg., Santiam National Forest, tributary to Whitewater Creek, draining Russel Glacier on west slope of Mount Jefferson, flowing west and entering Whitewater Creek in sec. 24, T. 10 S., R. 7 E. (Not Jefferson.)

Jeffers: glacier, on south slope of Mount Olympus, draining to Queets River, Jefferson County, Wash. So named after Joseph C. Jeffers, photographer of Olympia, who in 1924, was killed by a fall from a cliff at the source of this glacier.

Jeffers: village, Scott County, Tenn. (Not Jeffries.)

Jefferson: creek, Jefferson County, Oreg., on Warm Springs Indian Reservation, forming part of the boundary between the Indian reservation and the Deschutes National Forest, rising on south slope of Mount Jefferson, flowing southeast, entering Metolius River in sec. 35, T. 11 S., R. 9 E.

Jefferson: pass, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 114° 02′ W. Named for Thomas Jefferson, early prospector and hunter.

Jefferson: township, Madison County, Ohio.

Jefferson: see Germano.

Jefferson: see Jeff, creek, Oreg.

Jefferson: see West Jefferson.

Jefferson City: capital of Missouri, in Cole Co., on the Missouri River, near lat. 38° 36′ N., long. 92° 12′ W. Population in 1930, 21,596. (Pronounced jef′ĕr-sŭn sĭt′-ĭ.)

Jefferson Coolidge: peak (Mount Jefferson Coolidge), altitude 6,560 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, near lat. 56° 06′, long. 130° 15′. After T. Jefferson Coolidge, American minister to France from 1892 to 1893, and one of the American members of the British-American Joint High Commission at Quebec in August, 1898, for the discussion of the Alaska boundary.

Jefferson Range: see Tobacco Root.

Jeffrey: eastern point of entrance to Branford Harbor, New Haven County, Conn. (Not Jeffrey's.)

Jeffrey's Hook: see Fort Washington.

Jeffries: see Jeffers.

Jellison: cape, Penobscot Bay, Waldo County, Me. (Not Gellison.)

Jelly: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet southwest of Fountain Geyser, Lower Geyser Basin.

Jemes: see Jemez, pueblo and stream, N. Mex.

Jemes: see Pajarito, peak, N. Mex.

Jemes Hot Springs: see Jemez Springs.

Jemez: pueblo, Sandoval County, N. Mex. (Not Jemes.)

Jemez: stream, branch of the Rio Grande, Sandoval County, N. Mex. (Not Jemes, Rio de Jemes, Rio Jamez, Rio Jemez, nor San Diego.)

Jemez: see Pajarito, peak.

Jemez Springs: precinct and village, Sandoval County, N. Mex. (Not Archuleta, Jemes Hot Springs, nor Jemez Hot Springs.)

Jena: pr. yā′na; city, Thüringen, s. cen. Germany; 50° 56′ N., 11° 35′ E.

Jenkins: lake or pond, Altamont Town, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Lake Madeleine.)

Jenkins: rock, St. Marys River, below St. Mary Falls, Ontario. (Not Jenkins'.)

Jenkins: town, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Harrisville nor Jenkins Neck.)

Jenkins Neck: see Jenkins, town.

Jennertown: borough, Somerset County, Pa. (Not Jennerstown.)

Jennie: Jennie M.: see Deadman, slough, Alaska.

Jennings: northwest point of Shelter Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Rocky nor Stearns.)

Jenning's: see Spilmans.

Jennings: see Swains.

Jennis: see Iceberg, point, Wash.

Jenny: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 46′ N., long. 110° 44′ W. Named by F. V. Hayden, and shown on many maps in his reports on the Geological and Geographical Surveys of the Territories, 1878.

Jenny Lind: see Big Arroyo.

Jerez: pr. hĕ-rāth′; officially Jerez de la Frontera; city 10 mi. n. of Cádiz, s. Spain; 36° 40′ N., 6° 10′ W.

Jericho: see Battery, creek, S. C.

***Jerico Springs:** city, Cedar County, Mo. (Not Jerico nor Jericho.)

Jeromeville: village, Ashland County, Ohio. (Not Jeromesville.)

Jerreles: see Jarrels.

Jerry: lake, Cook County, Minn., in secs. 14 and 23, T. 64 N., R. 5 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. This is the name used locally.

Jerrys: gulch, opening into east side Bitterroot River, T. 4 N., Rs. 20 and 21 W., Ravalli County, Mont. (Not Squaw Creek.)

Jerry's: see Jaffrey.

Jersey City: city, in Hudson Co., N. J., on the Hudson River, near lat. 40° 46′ N., long. 74° 03′ W. Population in 1930, 315,642. (Pronounced jer′ zĭ sĭt′-ĭ.)

Jerusalem or **El Quds esh Sherif:** capital of Palestine; Arabic, El Quds esh Sherif;† Ital. Gerusalemme; 31° 46′ N., 35° 14′ E. (Not El Kuds, Kouds.)

Jesd: see Yezd.

Jesso: see Hokkaido.

Jesup: town, Wayne County, Ga. (Not Jessup.)

Jesus Maria River: see San Antonio, creek, Calif.

Jet: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 250 feet southwest of Fountain Geyser, in Lower Geyser Basin.

Jetafe: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Jetay: see Tetay, P. I.

Jette: peak (Mount Jette), altitude 8,466 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, southeast of Mount St. Elias, near lat. 60°, long. 139°. Named in 1908 after L. A. Jette, Canada, boundary commissioner, 1903.

Jetty-to: see Jadito.

Jewel: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in Biscuit Basin, at north end of Upper Geyser Basin, west bank of Firehole River, 500 feet north of mouth of Little Firehole River.

Jewell: lake (Lake Jewell), Alcona County, Mich., in secs. 4, 5, 32, and 33, Ts. 26 and 27 N., R. 7 E. (Not Mud.) The change from Mud Lake was made at the request of the State Committee on Geographic Names.

Jewett: hill, Cayuga County, N. Y. (Not Jewitt.)

Jewett: see Jouett.

Jewitt: see Jewett.

Jhansi: city, United Provinces, India; 25° 30′ N., 78° 40′ E.

Jibaca: see Hibaka, P. I.

Jibuti: see Djibouti.

Jicarilla Point: headland, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, 6 miles southeast of Bass Camp, Ariz.

Jidda: seaport of Mecca, on the Red Sea, w. Arabia; Fr. Djeddah; Ger. Djidda; Ital. Gidda; 21° 35′ N., 39° 10′ E. Not Jedda.

Jihun: see Amu Darya.

Jilolo: see Halmahera.

Jim: see James.

Jimamailan: Jimamaylan: see Himamaylan, P. I.

Jimenez: municipality, Occidental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Jimili-an: Jimilian: see Himilian, P. I.

Jims: the eastern head of Baileys Mistake Harbor, Washington County, Me. (Not James.)

Jinalinan: see Hinalinan, P. I.

Jinictan: see Ginictan, P. I.

Jinigaran: see Hinigaran, P. I.

Jinonocan: see Ginonocan, P. I.

Jinsen (Chemulpo): seaport of Keijo (Seoul), Chosen; alternate Jap. off. romanizations, Jinsen and Zinsen; Korean, Chemulpo; 37° 30′ N., 126° 30′ E. Not Chemulpho, Choimulpo.

Jipapad: municipal district, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Jiraan: see Hiraan, P. I.

Jitomir: see Zhitomir.

Jiwata: see Jurata, P. I.

J. O.: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 29, T. 14 S., R. 30 E., on north boundary Sequoia National Park. So named because of two letters "J. O." carved on tree in early days.

Jo: see Pratts, island, Me.

Joanna: see Teyahalee.

Joaquin: ridge, Spur of Diablo Range, between Cantua and Los Gatos Creeks, Calif.

Joaquin: rocks, three prominent ones of massive sandstone, crest of Joaquin Ridge, Diablo Range, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Tres Piedras.)

Jobon: see Hobong, P. I.

Jockeach: see Yokeak.

Jocko: see McLeod, peak, Mont.

***Jo Daviess:** township, Faribault County, Minn. (Not Jo Davies nor Joe Daviess.)

Jodhpur: native state, Rajputana, India, and its capital; 26° 15′ N., 73° E.

Joe: stream, Wawayanda Town, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Joe Jee.)

Joe: see Pratts, island, Me.

Joe Baker's: see Baker, shoal, N. J.

Joe Brown Spit: see Sandy, point, Wash.

Joe Daviess: see Jo Daviess.

Joe Hill: creek, Stillwater County, Mont., in Ts. 3–4 S., R. 20 E., tributary to Stillwater River, Montana principal meridian. (Not Sawmill.) Named for an old Indian fighter and trapper, who lived on this creek.

Joe Jee: see Joe.

Joe Ney: slough, off South Slough, Coos Bay, Coos County, Oreg. (Not Joe Neys.)

Jogutscha: see Pogromni.

Johannesburg: city, Transvaal, Union of S. Africa; 26° 12′ S., 28° 5′ E.

John: river, tributary to the Koyukuk River from the north, near lat. 66° 55′ N., long. 151° 48′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Alchichna, Ascheeshna, Fickett, nor Totsenbetna.)

John: rock, 90 feet high, on southwest side Necker Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 46′ N., long. 135° 28′ W. Reported as local name 1925.

John Brewer's: John Bruce's: see Brewers.

John Day: see Grays, lake.

John Day: John Days: John Day's: see Greys, river.

Johney Sedge: see Middle, island, N. J.

John F. Stevens: canyon, Flathead County, Mont., traversed by the south boundary of Glacier National Park between Marias Pass and Belton, near lat. 48° 19′ N., long. 113° 21′ W. For John F. Stevens, C. E., who on December 11, 1889, located and explored the low pass across the Continental Divide. This pass was known to the Indians but there was no record of a white man having knowledge of its location until Stevens, alone, went to and through it. A westward flowing stream convinced him of his success.

John Gray, John Grays: see Grays, lake.

John Grays: see Greys, river.

John Jay: peak (Mount John Jay), 7,501 feet altitude, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, 4½ miles south of Leduc River, near lat. 56° 08′. After John Jay, 1745–1820, American statesman, diplomat, and jurist.

John Long: mountains, in Granite County, Mont., that section of the Sapphire Mountains bounded on the north by Clark Fork, on the west and southwest by the valley of Rock Creek, and on the east and southeast by the valley of Flint Creek and Trout Creek. Named in memory of John Long, pioneer miner in these mountains. See Sapphire, mountain, Mont.

Johnny Sedge: an island of marsh, Ocean County, N. J., in the southeastern part of Little Egg Harbor Township, south of Little Egg Harbor and on west side of Barrel Channel. The island hitherto charted as "Johney Sedge" is here called Middle Island and this, the next island southwest, is separated from it by Johnny Thorofare.

Johns: bay and island, west of Pemaquid Neck, Lincoln County, Me. (Not John's.)

Johns: creek, tributary to Quartz Creek from the east, near lat. 60° 34′ N., long. 149° 36′ W., Moose Pass gold district, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Johns: island, Hancock County, Me., southwest of Opeche Island, Blue Hill Bay, near lat. 44° 11′ N., long. 68° 30′ W.

Johns Hopkins: see Grand Pacific.

Johnson: cove, in Clarence Strait, indenting western shore of Etolin Island, northeastward of Screen Islands, near lat. 56° 06′ N., long. 132° 41′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Johnson: creek, Valley County, Idaho, tributary to East Fork of South Fork, Salmon River, at the town of Yellow Pine, in T. 19 N., R. 8 E., Payette National Forest. (Not Johnston.) After H. W. Johnson, pioneer trapper in this region.

Johnson: creek, tributary to Logan Creek in sec. 26, T. 31 N., R. 24 W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not North Fork of the South Fork of Stillwater River.)

Johnson: creek, Hanson County, S. Dak. (Not Chalkstone nor Johnsons.)

Johnson: island, Sandusky Bay, Ottawa County, Ohio. (Not Johnson's.)

Johnson: island and landing, Mississippi River, Calhoun County, Ill. (Not Johnson's.)

Johnson: lake, Yosemite National Park, Madera County, Calif., in sec. 24, T. 4 S., R. 22 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Glacier nor Glasier.)

Johnson: landing, Mississippi River, Lauderdale County, Tenn. (Not Johnson's.)

Johnson: peak (Mount Johnson), altitude 12,850 feet, Fresno and Inyo Counties, Calif., on the crest of the Sierra Nevada, between Mount Gilbert and Mount Goode, near lat. 37° 08′ N., long. 118° 35′ W. So named after the late Willard D. Johnson, of the United States Geological Survey.

Johnson: point, Branford Harbor, New Haven County, Conn. (Not Johnson's.)

Johnson: see Lewis, peak, Calif.

Johnson City: see Johnson Creek.

Johnson Creek: village, Jefferson County, Wis. (Not Johnson City.)

Johnsons: see Broad Marsh.

Johnson's: see Johnson.

Johnson Shoal: post light, Kanawha River, Putnam County, W. Va. (Not Johnson's Shoal.)

Johnson Stand: see Goodwill.

Johnston: island, belonging to Hawaii, 600 to 800 miles southwest of the main group, near lat. 16° 45′ N., long. 169° 32′ W. (Not Cornwallis nor Johnstons.)

Johnston: town, Edgefield County, S. C. (Not Johnson.)

Johnston: see Johnson, creek, Idaho.

Johnstone: bay, east of Resurrection Bay, in lat. 59° 57′ N., long. 148° 47′ W., between Fairfield and Junken Capes, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Johnstons: see Johnston, island.

Johnsville: village, Bucks County, Pa. (Not Johnsonville.)

Joice: island, Suisun Bay, Solano County, Calif. (Not Joice's nor Joyce.)

Joitschoi: see Egg.

Jolangajog: see Holongahob, P. I.

Jolo: bay, islands, and town, Philippine Islands, P. I. (Not Joló, Sug, Sulu, nor Suluk.)

Joló: see Jolo, P. I.

Jolongajog: see Holongahog, P. I.

Jomapon: see Homapon, P. I.

Jonah: bay, indenting the western shore of Unawik Inlet, near lat. 61° N., long. 147° 37′ W., northern coast of Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Jones: creek, Park County, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 10′ W., flowing east into North Fork of Shoshone River. Named for Capt. W. A. Jones, an engineer officer, United States Army, who first explored the stream in 1873.

Jones: pass, altitude 9,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 10′ W., one-half mile south of Mount Chittenden, and 5½ miles east of Yellowstone Lake, at head of Jones Creek. Named for Capt. W. A. Jones, 1873, in command of first party to cross the Absaroka Range.

Jones: peak, altitude 8,415 feet, Cochise County, Ariz., in lat. 31° 47′ 85″ N., long. 109° 14′ 27″ W., in T. 19 S., R. 30 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Coronado National Forest. Named locally because of the tragic death of a 17 year old boy who lost his life in this vicinity in 1923 while on his way to join a forest fire crew.

Jones: point, Potomac River, Alexandria, Va. (Not Jones's.)

Jones: see Agency, creek, Mont.

Jones': see St. Jones, river, Del.

Jonesboro: town, Washington County, Tenn. (Not Jonesborough.)

Jones Island: beacons, Savannah River, Beaufort County, S. C.

Jones Mill: village, Dekalb County, Tenn.

Jone's Point: see Caldwells.

Jonob: see Honop, P. I.

Jonop: see Honop, P. I.

Jopi: see Hupi, P. I.

Joppa; Joppe: see Jaffa.

Jordan: cove, Long Island Sound, near Waterford, New London County, Conn. (Not Whitestone.)

Jordan: creek, T. 53 N., R. 3 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Elk.)

Jordan: mount (Mount Jordan), altitude 13,316 feet, Tulare County, Calif., on crest of Kings-Kern Divide, west slope Sierra Nevada, near lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 118° 27′ W. Named in honor of Dr. David Starr Jordan, former president of Stanford University.

Jordan: point, Coos Bay, Coos County, Oreg. (Not Jordans.)

Jordan: point, James River, Prince George County, Va. (Not Jordan's.)

Jordan: village, Waterford Town, New London County, Conn. (Not Waterford.)

Jordan: see Penobscot.

Jordan Run: village, Grant County, W. Va. (Not Jordanrun.)

Joroan: see Horoan, P. I.

Joseph: peak, altitude 10,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 53′ W. Named by the Geological Survey, 1885, for Chief Joseph, famous Nez Perce leader of Indian war, 1877.

Joseph: see Chief Joseph, mountain, Oreg.

Joseph Hess: see Hess.

Josephine: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 47′ N., long. 113° 41′ W., traversed by Cataract Creek. (Not Altyn.) Named, probably, for Josephine mine on lower Mount Grinnell slope.

Josephs Coat: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on left bank of Broad Creek, near lat. 44° 46′ N., long. 110° 19′ W.

***Joshin (Songjin):** coastal town, Chosen; alternate Jap. off. spellings, Joshin and Sondin; Korean, Songjin; 40° 38′ N., 129° 10′ E.

Joshua: point, near Guilford, New Haven County, Conn. (Not Joshua's.)

Joshua: see Yucca.

Jouett: creek, Clark County, Ky. (Not Jewett nor Jouett's.)

Jourdan: river, Hancock County, Miss., formed in southern part of T. 7 S., R. 15 W., St. Stephens meridian, by the junction of several streams, and empties into the Bay of St. Louis. Named probably for a family who lived in this vicinity. This spelling found on nearly all maps published 1820–1890.

Jovellar: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Joyce: see Joice.

Joyner Marsh: Joyners: see Marsh.

Joyonjoyon: see Hoyonhoyon, P. I.

J. Q. Adams: see Adams, Ind.

Juagdan: see Huagdan, P. I.

Juan de Fuca: strait, between Vancouver Island, British Columbia, Canada, and Washington. (Not Fuca, San Juan de Fuca, nor Strait of Fuca.)

Juan Fernández: pr. hwän fehrnän′dehs; group of three islands west of Chile; 33° 36′ S., 78° 55′ W.

Juban: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Jubas: see Hubas, P. I.

Jubasan: see Hubasan, P. I.

Jubay: see Hubay, P. I.

Jubbulpore: city, Cen. Provinces, India; 23° 15′ N., 80° E. (Not Jabalpur.)

Jud: see Judd.

Judd: creek, T. 5 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Bitterroot River from west, Ravalli County, Mont. (Not Baker nor Jud.)

Jug: see Jarre.

Juga: Jugu: see Fugu, P. I.

Jugorsche: see Yugor.

Jugoslavia, Jugoslavija: see Yugoslavia.

Jugoszlávia: see Yugoslavia.

Jug Tavern: see Winder.

Jukchana: see Yukon.

Julius: town, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not Julious.)

Jullundur: city, Punjab, India; 31° 19′ N., 75° 18′ E. (Not Jalandhar.)

Julugan: see Hulugan, P. I.

Jumanguicjic: Jumaguigjic: see Humagikhik, P. I.

Jumapan: see Homapon, P. I.

Jumarap: see Humarap, P. I.

Jumpoff, The: cliffs, altitude about 6,000 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, in Sevier County, Tenn., located on the northern end of Mount Kephart, near lat. 35° 38′ N., long. 83° 23′ 30″ W., a name long used locally.

Juna: see Yukon.

Junco: lake, NE. ¼ sec. 34, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., just east of Continental Divide, 5½ miles southwest of Longs Peak, draining into Ouzel Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Junction: butte, altitude 6,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 56′ N., long. 110° 23′ W. (Not Square.)

Junction: canyon and creek, opening from south near junction of Colorado and San Juan Rivers, San Juan County, Utah.

Junction: island, in Lisianski Inlet near the junction with Lisianski Strait, lat. 58° 00′ N., long. 136° 19′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Bill.)

Junction: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 118° 25′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Junction: pass, Inyo and Tulare Counties, Calif., through main crest of Sierra Nevada, between Junction Peak and Mount Keith, near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 118° 21′ W. Opened 1915, by construction of section of John Muir Trail, and took name from Junction Peak, which was so named by J. N. LeConte, 1896.

Junction: peak, altitude 13,903 feet, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 118° 22′ W., at junction of Kings-Kern Divide with Sierra crest, on north boundary Sequoia National Park. Named by J. N. LeConte in 1896.

Junction: peak, altitude 6,308 feet, sec. 1, T. 43 N., R. 7 E., northwest of Twin Lakes, Shoshone County, Idaho.

***Junction City:** city, Geary County, Kans. (Not Junction.)

***Junction City:** town, Boyle County, Ky. (Not Junction.)

Junction Point: see Magruder, mountain, Idaho.

Jundado: see Fundado, P. I.

Jundiahy: pr. zhōōn-dyä-ē′; town, n. e. Brazil, in state of Maranhão; 23° 12′ S., 46° 52′ W.

Juneau: creek, tributary to Mills Creek from the east, near lat. 60° 40′ N., long. 149° 27′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Junior.)

Jungle: creek, rising in Canada, flowing westward across the International Boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 65° 29′ N., long. 141° W., and joining the Nation River near lat. 65° 31′ N., long. 141° 09′ W., Alaska.

Jün Ho: see Pei.

Junior: see Juneau.

Juniper: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 31′ N., long. 110° 37′ W., flowing north into Spruce Creek.

Juniper: lake, Lassen and Plumas Counties, Calif., in secs. 15, 16, 21, 22, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

***Juniper:** point, Woods Hole Harbor, Falmouth Town, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Butler's, Parker's, nor Parkers Neck.)

Juniper: ridge of Diablo Range (between Los Gatos and Waltham Creeks), Fresno County, Calif.

Junipero Serra: peak, Coast Range, T. 20 S., R. 5 E., secs. 33 and 34, Monterey County, Calif. (Not Santa Lucia.)

Juno Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 111° 53′ W.

Jupi: see Hupi, P. I.

Jupiter Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 111° 53′ W.

Jura: knob, San Juan County, Colo.

Jura: mt. range, e. France, and w. Switzerland.

Jurata: lake, south coast of Cagayan, Sulu Island, P. I. (Not Jiwata.)

Jushambe: see Stalinabad.

Juticalpa: pr. hōō-tē-käl′pä; city, Honduras; 14° 43′ N., 85° 50′ W.

Jutland: railroad station, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Midvale.)

Jutland: see Jylland.

Juts: see Fairyland.

Juvet, Lake: see Crossett.

Jylland (Jutland): peninsular mainland of Denmark; Dan. Jylland, pr. yülan; Fr. Jutland; Ger. Jütland.

K

Kaahakini: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea just south of Hakalau post office, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaahukuula: hill, near lat. 21° 58′ N., long. 159° 28′ W., southeastern Kauai, T. H. (Not Kauhuula.)

Kaakaaniu: land grant, long. 159° 20′ 30″ W., northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kaakaanui.)

Kaakaanui: see Kaakaaniu, T. H.

Kaala: peak, elevation 4,030 feet, Waianae Range, west Oahu; highest point on island of Oahu, T. H.

Kaalaea: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaalaea: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing eastward into Kaneohe Bay, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaanapali: landing, west coast of west Maui, T. H.

Kaanapali: old district, north side of west Maui, now included in Lahaina and Wailuku Districts, T. H.

Kaapahu: homestead section, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaapuna: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaaterskill: cove, creek, and falls in the Catskills, Greene County, N. Y. (Not Caterskill.)

Kaaulamapoko: see Haena, point, T. H.

Kaawalii: stream, in large deep gulch on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, most northern permanent stream running continuously in Hilo district, south of Waipio Stream, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kawalii.)

Kaawaloa: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kabadiangan: barrios, in Alcantara and Lilaon Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cabadiangan nor Kabadyangan.)

Kabadiangan: barrio, Maasin Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Kabadiangan: barrio, Laoang Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Cabadiangan.)

Kabadyangan: see Kabadiangan, P. I.

Kabagakian: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabagakian, Cabagaquian, nor Kabagaquian.)

Kabagaquian: see Kabagakian, P. I.

Kabangkalan: see Kabankalan, P. I.

Kabankacalan: see Kabankalan, P. I.

***Kabankalan:** barrio, Sevilla Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Cabancalan nor Cabangcaban.)

Kabankalan: barrio, Mandaue Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cabangkalan, Cabangcalan Kabangkalan, nor Kabankacalan.)

Kabankalan: barrio, Ararroy Municipality, Masbate Island, P. I. (Not Cabancaban nor Cabancalan.)

Kabankalan: barrio, Lazi Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, P. I. (Not Cabangcalan nor Cabancalan.)

Kabankalan: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Cabancalan nor Cavancalan.)

Kabanof: rock, Alaska, Tongass National Forest, north of Harmony Islands and south of Heceta Island, in Tonowek Bay, near lat. 55° 44′ N., long. 133° 25′ 5″ W. Named after Kabanof, a Russian, who was killed in the massacre at Old Sitka.

Kabasi: barrio, Ligao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabasi nor Cavasi.

Kabatbatan: barrios, in Dumanjug and San Fernando Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cabatbatan.)

Kabayan: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabayan.)

Kabetogama: lake, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Kabatogama, Kabet-Togo-ma, nor Kabetogame.)

Kabidian: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabidian, Cabidyan, nor Kabidyan.)

Kabidyan: see Kabidian, P. I.

Kabilao: barrio, Balasan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabilao.)

Kabilaoan: barrio, Baratoc Nuevo Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabilanan nor Cabilauan.)

Kabilaoan: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabilauan, Cavilauan, nor Kabilawan.)

Kabilaoan: barrio, Manaoag Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cabilaoan nor Cabilawan.)

Kabilaoan E: barrio, Santa Barbara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabilauan E. nor Cabilauan.)

Kabilaoan O: barrio, Santa Barbara Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabilauan.)

Kabilawan: see Kabilaoan, P. I.

Kabugao: see Cabugao, P. I.

Kabul: the capital of Afghanistan; 34° 35′ N., 69° E.

Kabulao: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabolaw nor Cabulao.)

Kabungaan: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabunga-an nor Cabungaan.)

Kabungahan: barrio, Mandaue Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cabangahan nor Cabangajan.)

Kabungahan: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabangahan nor Cabangajan.)

Kabungahan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cabangahan nor Cabungahan.)

Kabungahan: barrio, Siaton Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Cabangajan nor Camangajan.)

Kabustasa: lake, west of Echo Lake, T. 66 N., R. 17 W., St. Louis County, Minn.

Kachaldelk: see Rosaunt.

Kachauik: river, entering Golofnin Sound at lat. 64° 36′ N., long. 163° 06′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska.

Kachemak: large bay, 30 miles long, eastern side Cook Inlet, indenting the western end of Kenai Peninsula near lat. 59° 35′ N., long. 151° 45′ W., Alaska. (Not Chugachik nor Kachekmak.)

Kachess: lake and river, Kittitas County, Wash. (Not Ka-ches, Karlzeez, nor Katchass.)

Kachina: natural bridge (little), San Juan County, Utah, in Natural Bridges National Monument, near lat. 37° 36′ N., long. 110° 00′ W. (Not Edwin nor Little Bridge.)

Kadashan: bay, on south shore Tenakee Inlet, Chichagof Island, Alaska, near lat. 57° 43′ N., long. 135° 13′ W., Tongass National Forest. So named after Paul K. Kadashan, an Indian, who applied for this land as a homestead in 1915. (Not Big Bay.)

Kadiak: see Camp Coogan, bay, Alaska.

Kadiak: see Kodiak, island, Alaska.

Kadimahan: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cadimajan.)

Kadischle: Kadishle: see Norris, glacier, Alaska.

Kaduldulan: barrio, Cabatuan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cadoldolan.)

Kaduldulan: barrio, Miagao Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cadoldolan nor Codoldolan.)

Kaduldulan: barrio, San Joaquin Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cadoldulan.)

Kaehulua: stream, flowing eastward into sea, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kaena: land division, in Government ownership, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaena: point, western end of Oahu, T. H.

Kagay: see Cagay, P. I.

Kagbacong: see Kagbakong, P. I.

Kagbakong: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cagbacong nor Kabgacong.)

Kagoshima: city, s. Kyushu island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Kagosima; 31° 35′ N., 130° 30′ E.

Kagosima: see Kagoshima.

Kaguyak: village, northwestern shore of Shelikof Strait, about 25 miles southwest of Cape Douglas, near lat. 58° 35′ N., long. 153° 52′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Kayayak.)

Kahakuloa: land division, in Government ownership, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Kahakuloa: point, at mouth of Kahakuloa Valley, northeast coast of west Maui, T. H.

Kahakuloa: stream, rising on northern slope of west Maui, flowing northeastward into sea, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Kahakuloa: village, at mouth of Kahakuloa Valley, east Maui, T. H.

Kahaluu: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kahana: bay, at mouth of Kahana Stream, east Oahu, T. H. (Not Kehana.)

Kahana: land division, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kahana: stream, tributary to Olokele River from the north, in central Waimea basin, Kauai, T. H.

Kahana: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into Kahana Bay, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kahana: village, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kahanahaiki: land division, in Government ownership, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Kahanui: land division, central Molokai, T. H.

Kahaualea: land division, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kahauiki: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu; U. S. Military Reservation, T. H.

Kahaula: see Kapaula, T. H.

Kahauloa: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kahawaihapapa: gulch, east of Nahiku, east Maui, T. H.

Kahikinui: old district, on the southeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, east Maui, now included in Hana District, T. H.

Kahili: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kahili: peak, elevation 3,016 feet, on the main divide at the head of Huleia River, Kauai, T. H.

Kahiltna: glacier and river, tributary to Yentna River, Mount McKinley region, lat. 62° 30′ N., long. 151° 15′ W., Alaska. (Not Carilt-nu, Kahilitna, Kahlitna, Kalidtna, nor Kariltna.)

Kahina Pokii: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kahina Pukii.)

Kahlitna: see Kahiltna.

Kahoma: ditch, diverting water from north side of Kahoma Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Kahoma: stream, rising on western slope of west Maui, flowing westward into sea, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Kahoolawe: island, in public ownership south of Maui and 6 sea miles distant; highest point, 1,472 feet; area 44 square miles; included in Makawao District, Maui County, T. H.

Kahtete: see Katete.

Kahua: land division, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Eahua.)

Kahuku: land division, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kahuku: land division, extending from sea to summit of Mauna Loa, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kahuku: point, northern end of Oahu, T. H.

Kahuku: village, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H. Northern terminus of Oahu Railroad, 69½ miles from Honolulu by rail.

Kahului: bay and harbor, northern coast of Maui, T. H.

Kahului: town, on Kahului Harbor, Maui, T. H.

Kahumayhumayan: barrio, Danao Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Kahurnoi: see Kekurnoi.

Kah-wi-chi: see Cowiche.

Kaiaka: bay, at mouth of Kaukonahua Stream, northwest Oahu, T. H.

Kaianak: see Battery, point, Alaska.

Kaibab: gulch, Kane County, Utah, on Kaibab Plateau, draining to west bank Paria River, near lat. 37° 05′ N., long. 112° 00′ W. (Not Buckskin.)

Kaibab: plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., north of canyon, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 07′ W.

Kaibigan: barrio, Lupi Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caibigan.)

Kaibito: plateau and spring, in northern part Coconino County, Ariz., and Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 111° 18′ W. (Not Kai Peto.)

Kaieie: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea near Papaikou, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaeiewaho Channel: see Kauai, T. H.

Kaifeng: subpostal district of Peiping, China.

Kaiholena: land division, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaijo (Songdo): town, Chosen; Jap. Kaijo, Korean, Songdo; 37° 58′ N., 126° 45′ E.

Kaili: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Haleakala, flowing southeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

***Kailiu:** cape, near long. 159° 35′ W., northwestern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Ka Lae o Kailio, Kalaeokailio, Kalawokailo, Lae Kailiu, nor Lae Kalioi.)

Kailua: bay, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kailua: bay, mouth of Kailua Stream, east Oahu, T. H.

Kailua: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kailua: settlement, east of Huelo, east Maui, T. H.

Kailua: stream, rising high up on northern slope of Haleakala, flowing northeastward into sea, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Kailua: stream, rising in southern Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into Kawainui Swamp, and thence into the sea, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kailua: village, on Kailua Bay, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaimuki: hill, elevation 291 feet, and residential section of Honolulu, Oahu, T. H., just back of Diamond Head.

Kainaliu: village, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaingen: see Kaingin, P. I.

Kaingin: sitio, Kawit Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cainguin nor Kaingen.)

Kai o Kalohi: channel, 7 sea miles wide, between Lanai and Molokai Islands, T. H.

Kaipapau: land division, partly in Government ownership, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaipapau: stream, rising in northern Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into sea, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaiparowits: peak, northwest edge of Kaiparowits Plateau, Garfield County, Utah. (Not Kaiparowitz.)

Kaiparowits: plateau, a broad tableland west of the Colorado River, between Escalante and Paria Rivers, Kane and Garfield Counties, Utah. (Not Kaiparowitz.)

Kai-Peto: see Kaibito.

Kaisaria: see Kayseri.

Kaiserslautern: city, Rheinpfalz, s. w. Germany; 49° 27′ N., 7° 45′ E.

Kaiser-Wilhelm Spitze: see Kilimanjaro.

Kaiukhlipalik: see Kiukpalik.

Kaiwi: channel, 23 sea miles wide, between Molokai and Oahu Islands, T. H.

Kaiwiki: land division, in Government ownership, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kakaako: section of Honolulu on the water front, east of harbor, Oahu, T. H.

Kakagin: see Basket.

Kakhonak: bay, lake, river, and village; bay, south shore of Iliamna Lake; river, tributary to same; lake, drained by river; village, south shore of Iliamna Lake, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 154° 40′ W., Alaska. (Not Kakonak nor Kokonak.)

Kaknau: creek, southeastern Alaska, flowing into Palma Bay, just east of Icy Point, near lat. 58° 24′ N., long. 137° 05′ W. Indian name from the village located in this valley.

Kaknu: see Kenai, river.

Kakonak: see Kakhonak.

Kaksu: river, northwestern Alaska, on the Arctic slope, north of the upper Colville River, flowing northeast near lat. 69° 30′ N., long. 158° 30′ W. Eskimo name adopted in 1925.

Kakuak: see Kokwok, river, Alaska.

Kakuhan: range, southeastern Alaska, parallel to east shore of Lynn Canal, distant 1½ miles, with several peaks over 5,000 feet.

Kakul: point, western entrance to Peril Strait, lat. 57° 18′.5 N., long. 135° 41′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kekul.)

Kakwok: see Kokwok, river, Alaska.

Kalabacita: see Kalabasita, P. I.

Kalabasita: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Calabasita, Calavacita, nor Kalabacita.)

Kalaccab: see Kalakab, P. I.

Kalackab: see Kalakab, P. I.

Ka Lae: extreme southern point of Hawaii, T. H.

Ka Lae o Kailio: Kalaeokailio: see Kailiu, cape, T. H.

Ka Lae o ka Ilio: Kalaeokailio: see Ilio, T. H.

Ka Lae o ka Laau, Kalaeokalaau: see Laau, T. H.

Kalaheo: gulch, near long. 159° 32′ 30″ W., southern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kawaihaka.)

Kalaheo: land division, partly in Government ownership, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Kalahiki: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kalakab: barrio, Angadanan Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P.I. (Not Calaccab.)

Kalakab: barrio, Echague Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calacab, Kalaccab, nor Kalackab.)

Kalakabian: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Calabian nor Calacabian.)

Kalala: land division in Government ownership, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kalalau: stream, flowing northward into sea through the deep and narrow canyon of the same name, Napali Section, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kalaloch: creek, Jefferson County, Wash., emptying into Pacific Ocean near lat. 47° 36′ N., and group of shore rocks opposite same.

Kalamaula: land division, in Government ownership, south central Molokai, T. H.

Kalanaga: barrio, Rapu-Rapu Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calanaga nor Kalanoga.)

Kalanoga: see Kalanga, P. I.

Kalansayan: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calansayan.)

Kalansayan: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calansayan.)

Kalantas: barrio, Casiguran Municipality, Neuva Ecija Province, Luzon: barrio, Floridablanca Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon: and barrios, in Macalelon and Tayabas Municipalities, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calantas.)

Kalaoa: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea north of Papaikou, Hawaii, T. H.

Kalao-Kalauan: see Kalawkalawan, P. I.

Kalaokan: barrio, Balayan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calaocan.)

Kalapaki: land division, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Kalapana: village, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kalape: see Calape, P. I.

Kalauao: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kalauao: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward into East Loch of Pearl Harbor, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kalaupapa: land division, in Government ownership, northern Molokai, T. H.

Kalaupapa: landing and town, of leper settlement, northern Molokai, T. H.

Kalavala: see Kalevala.

Kalawao: county, Territory of Hawaii, including only the leper settlement on the peninsula, north coast of Molokai.

Kalawao: land division, in Government ownership, northern Molokai, T. H.

Kalawitan: see Calawitan, P. I.

Kalawkalawan: barrio, Manito Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calaocalaoan, Calaucalanan nor Kalao-Kalauan.)

Kalawokailo: see Kailiu, cape, T. H.

Kalayucay: see Calayucay, P. I.

Kalbayok: see Calbayog, P. I.

Kaleetan: peak, elevation about 6,100 feet, lying about 1 mile north and slightly west of Chair Peak, King County, Wash. (Not Ka-lee'-tan.)

Ka-lee'-tan: see Kaleetan.

Kal-e-gu-ri-che-ark: see Kallarichuk.

Kalehuahakihaki: peak, elevation, 3,548 feet, Waimea River basin, Kauai, T. H.

Kalena: peak, elevation, 3,507 feet, Waianae Range, west Oahu, T. H.

Kalepa: ridge, elevation, 700 feet, near the sea, eastern Kauai, T. H.

Kalevala: township, Carlton County, Minn. (Not Kalavala.)

Kalhagu: bay, or cove, east side of Chilkat Inlet, Alaska, ¼ mile wide, east of Kalhagu Point, 2¼ miles northwest of Seduction Point. (Not Hahlhagu nor Skunkcabbage.)

Kaliali: see Kalialinui, T. H.

Kalialinui: land division, Makawao and Wailuku Districts, Maui, T. H. (Not Kaliali.)

***Kalibo:** municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Calibo nor Kalibu.)

Kalidtna: see Kahiltna.

Kalifonsky: Indian village, eastern shore Cook Inlet, about 2 miles north of mouth of Kasilof River, and 7½ miles south of mouth of Kenai River, Alaska.

Kaligagan: small island, between Tigalda and Ugamak Islands, Krenitzin Group, near lat. 54° 09′ N., long. 164° 55′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Sealion.)

Kalignak: see Koliganek, Alaska.

Kalihi: arm of the ocean on south coast of Oahu, T. H.

Kalihi: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Kalihi: section, Honolulu City, Oahu, T. H.

Kalihi: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward into Kalihi Inlet, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Kalihika: see Kalihikai, T. H.

Kalihikai: land grant, long. 159° 27′ W., Hanalei District, northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kalihika.)

Kalihiwai: bay, mouth of Kalihiwai Stream, north Kauai, T. H.

Kalihiwai: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kalihiwai: river, rising on western slope of Pueo Peak, flowing northward into Kalihiwai Bay, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kalihiwai: village, Kalihiwai Bay, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kalinin: until Nov. 1931, Tver; city, U. S. S. R. (Russia), n. w. of Moskva; 56° 50′ N., 35° 45′ E.

***Kalinin:** bay, south shore of Salisbury Sound, indenting northern coast of Kruzof Island, near lat. 57° 20′ N., long. 135° 47′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kalinina.)

Kalinjar: hill and town, in Bandasa, Banda District, Bundelkand, British India. (Not Callinjer nor Kalleenjur.)

Kalisch: see Kalisz.

***Kalispell:** city, Flathead County, Mont. (Not Calispel nor Kalispel.)

Kalisz: pr. kálish; Ger. Kalisch; city, w. Poland; 51° 45′ N., 18° 5′ E.

Kalkun: cay, rocky, steep, narrow, bifid, 73 feet high, 275 yards long, 20 to 30 yards wide, in middle of Savana Passage, Virgin Islands. (Not Turkey.)

Kallarichuk: river, first large tributary to Kobuk River from the north above Squirrel River, lat. 67° 06′ N., long. 159° 48′ W., Alaska. (Not Kal-e-gu-ri-che-ark nor Reed.)

Kalleenjur: see Kalinjar.

Kallipolis: see Gelibolu.

Kallisto: see Callisto, promontory, Alaska.

Kaloko: land division, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaluakoi: land division, western Molokai, T. H.

Kaluanui: ditch, heading in Opana Stream, well up the mountain slope, extending westward across country to junction with New Hamakua Ditch, above Hamakuapoko, east Maui, T. H.

Kaluanui: land division, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaluanui: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into sea, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kalubkob: barrio, San Rafael Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calubcob.)

Kalubkob: barrio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calubcob, Calubsob, Calupcub, nor Calupcup.)

Kalubkob 1°, Kalubkob 2°: barrio, Bolkob, Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calubcub 1° nor Calubcub.)

Kalunuran: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calunuran.)

Kama: auwai, or old Hawaiian ditch, diverting water from south side of Iao Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Kamagong: see Camagong, P. I.

Kamaio: see Kamalo, T. H.

Kamakou: peak, elevation, 4,958 feet, at the head of Pelekunu and Wailau Gulches, Molakai, T. H.

Kamalo: land division, southern Molokai, T. H. (Not Kamaio.)

Kamalomalo: see Kamalomaloo, T. H.

Kamalomaloo: land section and stream near lat. 22° 08′ N., eastern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kamalomalo nor Kamamoloo.)

Kamananui: ditch, diverting water from north side Anahula Stream, Oahu, T. H.

Kamananui: land division, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Kamangyanan: see Camangyanan, P. I.

Kamansi: barrio, Carigara Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Kamansi: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Camance nor Camanci.)

Kamansi: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Camance, Camanci, nor Camansi.)

Kamansi: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Camansi.)

Kamaoa: land division, in Government ownership, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kamaole: land division, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Kambagyo: see Cambaguio, P. I.

Kambugason: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cambugason.)

Kambuyo: barrio, Garcia Hernandez Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cambuyo.)

Kamchatka: peninsula, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); bet. Okhotsk and Bering Seas.

Kamchatka: see Bering, sea and strait, Alaska.

Kamenehune: ditch, diverting water from the west side of Waimea River, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Kamerun: see Cameroun and Cameroons.

Kamiloloa: land division, in Government ownership, south-central Molokai, T. H. (Not Kamilolo.)

Kamiros: barrio, Banate Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Kamiros: barrio, Barotac Viejo Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Camiros nor Carminos.)

Kamoamoa: land division, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kamoku: land division, in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kamooloa: ditch, diverting water from the south side of Kamooloa Stream, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Kamooloa: stream, tributary to Huleia Stream from the north, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Kamugao: barrio, Borbon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Camugao.)

Kamugao: barrio, Kakankalan Municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Kan: see Kane, islets, Alaska.

Kanaha: ditch, diverting water from the south side of North Fork of Wailua River, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

***Kanaha:** stream, Lahaina district, Maui, T. H., rising on western slope of West Maui, flowing westward into Kahoma Stream. (Not Lahainaluna.)

Kanaio: land division, in Government ownership, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Kanakti: see Konokti.

Kanal, Der: see English Channel.

Kanan: barrio, La Paz Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Canan.)

Kanan: barrio, Paniqui Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Canaan nor Canan.)

***Kanawha:** river in West Virginia, formed in Fayette Co. by the junction of New and Meadow Rivers near lat. 38° 10′ N., long. 81° 12′ W., flowing thence northwest into the Ohio River, near lat. 38° 50′ N., long. 82° 08′ W. (Pronounced, kăn′-ăh-wăh.) (Not Great Kanawha.)

Kanayaon: barrio, Garcia Hernandez Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canayaon.)

Kanazawa: city, n. coast of main island, Japan; 36° 35′ N., 136° 37′ E.

Kandabong: barrio, Anda Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Candabong.)

Kandabong: barrio, Manjuyod Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Candabong.)

Kandahar: city, s. Afghanistan; 31° 45′ N., 65° 45′ E. Not Candahar, Qandahar.

Kane: group of islets, in northern end of Neva Strait, near lat. 57° 19′.4 N., long. 135° 40′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kan.)

Kane: Kane's: see Keenes.

Kaneha: ditch, diverting water from the north side of Kealia Stream, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kaneohe: bay, on east coast of Oahu, T. H., receiving drainage from Heeia, Kahaluu, Kalaea, Kaneohe, Waiahole, Waihee, and Waikane Streams.

Kaneohe: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaneohe: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into Kaneohe Bay, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaneohe: village, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaneville: town and township, Kane County, Ill. (Not Kanesville.)

Kang Actol: see Kangaktol, P. I.

Kang Aktol: see Kangaktol, P. I.

Kangaktol: barrio, Dumanjug Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cang-Actol, Cang-aktol, Kang Actol, nor Kang Aktol.)

Kanhauay: see Kanhaway, P. I.

Kanhaway: barrio, Guindulman Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canhanay, Canhauay, nor Kanhauay.)

Kanhaway: barrio, Borongan Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Canhauay.)

Kanhulao: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canjulao nor Kanjulao.)

Kaniksu: mountain, Boundary County, Idaho, in secs. 7 and 18, T. 65 N., R. 4 W., Boise meridian, just south of the international boundary line at approximate long. 116° 55′ W., Kaniksu National Forest. This was the Indian name of Father Roothaan, Jesuit priest, who did missionary work in Washington and Idaho, and who is reported to have been buried in Priest Lake.

Kanjulao: see Kanhulao, P. I.

***Kanko (Hamheung):** coastal city, Chosen; alternate Jap. off. spellings, Kanko and Hamhun; Korean, Hamheung; 39° 56′ N., 127° 45′ E.

Kanoba: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canoba nor Kanuba.)

Kanokti: see Konokti.

Kan-Olin: see Kanoling, P. I.

Kanoling: barrio, Candijay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canolin, Canoling, nor Kan-Olin.)

Kanoling: barrio, Carmen Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canoling nor Can-Oling.)

Kanomika: island, Tisbury Great Pond, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Canonicut nor Qua-nom-i-ca.)

Kanopao: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Canopao nor Canupao.)

Kansas: river, formed by Smoky Hill and Republican Rivers, Kansas. (Not Kanzas nor Kaw.)

Kansas: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Nebraska, on the east by Missouri, on the south by Oklahoma, and on the west by Colorado. Area, 82,158 square miles. (Pronounced kăn′-zăs.)

Kansas City: city in Wyandotte Co., Kansas, on the Missouri River, near lat. 39° 06′ N., long. 94° 38′ W. Population in 1930, 122,327. (Pronounced kăn′-zăs sĭt′ĭ.)

Kansas City: city, in Jackson Co., Missouri, on the Missouri River, near lat. 39° 06′ N., long. 94° 37′ W. Population in 1930, 399,484. (Pronounced kăn′-zăs sĭt′ĭ.)

Kansiwang: barrio, Guindulman Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cansinang nor Cansiwang.)

Kansu: prov., n. w. China proper.

Kansuhay: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cansojay, Cansujay, Causojay, nor Kansujay.)

Kansujay: see Kansuhay, P. I.

Kantabako: barrio, Naga Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cantabaco.)

Kantabako: barrio, Toledo Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cantabuko.)

Kantagay: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cantagay.)

Kantoyok: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Cantoyoc.)

Kantoyok: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cantoyoc nor Kantuyok.)

Kantuyok: see Kantoyok, P. I.

Kanuba: see Kanoba, P. I.

Kanzas: see Kansas, river.

Ka-o-e-che-ark: see Kawichiark.

Kaohe: land division, in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H., includes summit of Mauna Kea and land westward to summit of Mauna Loa.

Kaoheiki: stream, on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea north of Waikaumalo Stream, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaolak: river, Arctic coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, the west branch at the head of Kuk River, near lat. 70° N., long. 159° 47′ W. Eskimo name.

Kaoli: see Chosen.

Kaonoulu: land division, Makawao and Wailuku Districts, Maui, T. H.

Kaowahi: see Lae o Kaonohi.

Kapaa: land division, in Government ownership, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kapaa: stream, rising on eastern slope of Kapehuala Peak, flowing eastward into sea, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kapaa: village, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kapaa: see Kealia, river, T. H.

Kapaakea: land division, in Government ownership, south-central Molokai, T. H.

Kapaalalaea: see Kapalaalaea, T. H.

Kapaau: village, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kapaheehee: stream, on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea north of Honomu post office, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kapahehe.)

Kapahi: ditch, diverting water from the south side of Kapaa Stream, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kapahulu: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Kapaia: village, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Kapaia Stream: see Hanamaulu, T. H.

Kapakuhan: barrio, Batac Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Capacwan.)

Kapakuhan: barrio, Hinundayan Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Capacuhan.)

Kapakuhan: barrio, Palapag Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Capacuhan nor Capacujan.)

Kapakuhan: barrio, Paracale Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Capacuan.)

Kapakulan: barrio, Dumanjug Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Capaculan nor Capakulan.)

Kapakulan: barrio, Milagros Municipality, Masbate Province. (Not Capaculan.)

Kapalaalaea: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala, flowing northward into sea east of Halehaku Gulch, Makawao District, Maui, T. H. (Not Kapaalalaea.)

Kapalake: Kapalakea: see Kapalikea, T. H.

Kapalama: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Kapalama: section, Honolulu City, Oahu, T. H.

Kapalaoa: peak, elevation, 3,436 feet, on main divide east of Hanapepe Falls and west of Kilohana Crater, near lat. 22° N., long. 159° 30′ W., Kauai, T. H. (Not Kapaloa.)

Kapalikea: hill, near lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 159° 31′ W., northern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kapalake nor Kapalakea.)

Kapaloa: creek, Alaska, entering the Arctic Ocean, just south of Cape Dyer, about midway between Cape Lisburne and Point Hope. (Not Capaloa.)

Kapaloa: see Kapalaoa, T. H.

Kapangan: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I. (Not Capangan.)

Kapangian: barrio, Lambunao Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Capangian.)

Kapangian: barrio, Tacloban Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Kapangian: barrio, Tolosa Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Capangijan, Kapangi-an, nor Capangihan.)

Kapapala: land division, in Government ownership, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaparangan: barrio, Orani Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caparangan.)

Kapaula: stream, rising on eastern slope of Haleakala, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H. (Not Kahaula.)

Kapeha: see Kapehu, stream, T. H.

Kapehu: stream, on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea just north of Pepeekeo post office, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kapeha.)

Kapehu: stream, on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea just north of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Kapehu: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing southeastward into Wailuku Stream from the north, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kapehuaala: peak, elevation, 3,130 feet, on Kapaa-Kalihiwai Divide, near lat. 22° 07′ N., long. 159° 25′ W., Kauai, T. H. (Not Kapehuala.)

Kapehuala: see Kapehuaala, T. H.

Kapilihan: barrio, Ibahay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Capilihan, Capilijan, nor Kapilijan.)

Kapilijan: see Kapilihan, P. I.

Kapiz: see Capiz, P. I.

Kapoho: land division and village, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kapua: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kapuai: see Nohili, T. H.

Kapue: stream, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing southeastward into sea at Papaikou, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kapuhi: see Kepuhi, T. H.

Kapungan: see Kibungan, P. I.

Karachi: seaport, Sind, Bombay, India; 24° 55′ N., 67° E.

Kara Dagh: see Montenegro.

Karafuto: s. half of Sakhalin island, a possession of Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanizations, Karafuto and Karahuto.

Kara Hissar Sahib: see Afyon Karahisar.

Karahuto: see Karafuto.

Karakoram: mt. range, n. border of Kashmir, India.

Karaköse: see Bayazit.

Kara Kum or Qara Qum: desert, Turkmen S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); Russ. Kara Kum, † for Turk. Qara Qum, † meaning "black sands."

Karamin: Karamip: see Curlew, Wash.

Karankawa: bay, north side Matagorda Bay, Calhoun and Jackson Counties, Tex. (Not Caranchahua nor Carankaway.)

***Karankawa:** bayou or lake, Galveston Bay, Tex. (Not Calairns nor Caronkaway.)

Karankawa: point and reef, near Galveston, Tex. (Not Carankaway.)

Karassi: see Balikesir.

Karet: see Caret, bay, Virgin Islands.

Karheen: pass, between Sea Otter Sound and Tonowek Bay, southwestern shore Tuxekan Island, Southeastern Alaska.

Karigsa: barrio, Magarao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carigsa, Carigśa nor Carigza.)

Karikal: see India, French.

Kariltna: see Kahiltna.

Karin: see Erzurum.

Karkaran: barrio, Rapu-Rapu Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caricaran.)

Karlovac: town, n. w. Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Karlovac, pr. karlovats; Mag. Karolyváros; Ger. Karlstadt; 45° 32′ N., 15° 33′ E.

Karlsruhe: capital of Baden, s. w. Germany; 49° 2′ N., 8° 25′ E. (Not Carlsruhe.)

Karlstadt: see Karlovac.

Karlzeez: see Kachess.

Karmuk: point, northwestern coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow on the south shore at head of Wainwright Inlet, and at entrance to Kuk River, near lat. 70° 36′ N., long. 159° 46′ W.

Karner: brook, Egremont Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Rarner.)

Kärnten (Carinthia): prov., Austria; the province included, prior to 1919, small ter. now comprising parts of Yugoslavia and Italy; Fr. Carinthie; Ital. Carinzia; Serb-Croat, Koruška; Slovene, Koroška.

Karogkog: barrio, Rapu-Rapu Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Carogcog.)

Karolinen: see Caroline.

Karolyváros: see Karlovac.

Karpa: island, northernmost of the Shumagin Islands, near lat. 55° 31′ N., long. 160° 03′ W., Alaska. (Not Boulder nor Buldyr.)

Karpaten: see Carpathian Mts.

Karpátok: see Carpathian Mts.

Karpato-Ruthenien: see Podkarpatská Rus.

Karpaty: see Carpathian Mts.

Karquenas:Karquines: see Carquinez.

Karrsville: town, Warren County, N. J. (Not Karrville.)

Kars: vilayet and town, Turkey; Armen. Vanand.† Not Cars, Qars.

Karta: see Kasaan.

Karthaus: township and village, Clearfield County, Pa. (Not Kerthaus.)

Kasaan: bay, western side of Clarence Strait, indenting eastern shore of Prince of Wales Island, near lat. 55° 25′ N., long. 132° 12′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Casaan, Karta, Kasa-an, nor Karzarn.)

Kasaan: island, Kasaan Bay, Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 30′ N., long. 132° 20′ W., Tongass National Forest. (Not Long.) Name changed to avoid confusion with another island of the same name off the southwestern coast of Prince of Wales Island.

Kasay: barrio, Dalaguete Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay: and barrio, Mulanay Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Casay.)

Kaschau: see Košice.

Kaseiganah: see Saganaga.

Kashega: small bay and unimportant point about 3 miles to the northward, western side of Unalaska Island, bay in lat. 53° 28′ N., long. 167° 04′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Kashuga.)

Kashkuhluhaku: see Kaskulu.

Kashmir: native state, n. India; 34° N., 76° E. (Not Cashmere.)

Kashuga: see Kashega.

Kasiana: group of islets, northern end of Sitka Sound, near lat. 57° 05′ N., long. 135° 24′.7 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Apple.)

Kasica: see Kasika, P. I.

Kasika: barrio, Anda Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Casica nor Kasica.)

Kasili: barrio, Camalaniugan Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Casili.)

Kasili: barrio, Mandaue Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cacili, Casili, nor Casiling.)

Kasili: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Kasily.)

Kasili: barrio, Santo Domingo Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cacili nor Casili.)

Kasilof: cape, eastern shore of Cook Inlet, lat. 60° 22′ N., long. 151° 23′ W., western part of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska; river (outlet of Tustumena Lake), mouth about 2 miles northeast of the cape; village, at mouth of river. (Not Kassilow, Kussilof, nor Kussilow.)

Kasily: see Kasili, P. I.

Kaskanak: small native settlement (Kaskanak Village), Nushagak region, Alaska, at lower end of Tikchik Lake, lat. 59° 56′ N., long. 158° 09′ W. Name given by local natives and spelling verified by local authority.

Kaskanak: village, north bank of Kvichak River, 10 miles below outlet of Iliamna Lake, Alaska. (Not Kaskanakh, Kaskinakh, nor Koskanok.)

Kaskaskia: river, in Illinois, rising in Champaign Co., near lat. 40° 09′ N., long. 88° 17′ W., flows thence southwest into the Mississippi River, near lat. 37° 58′ N., long. 89° 57′ W. (Pronounced, kăs-kăs′kĭ-a.)

Kaskulu: point, sharp projection from east shore at McClellan Flats, head of Chilkat Inlet, Alaska. (Not Portage nor Kashkuhluhaku.)

Kaslokan: point, east shore Cold Bay, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, three-fourths mile south of Kelp Point and Lenard Arm, near lat. 55° 06′ N., long. 162° 31′ W.

Kasnyku: falls, Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, 300 feet high, at extreme southern end Kasnyku Bay, visible from Chatham Strait, near lat. 57° 11½′ N., long. 134° 50′ W.

Kasnyku: lake draining into the southern end of Kasnyku Bay, east shore Baranof Island, near lat. 57° 11′ N., long. 134° 51′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Kassa: see Košice.

Kassel: city w. cen. Germany; 51° 17′ N., 9° 30′ E. (Not Cassel.)

Kassilow: see Kasilof.

Kastamonu (Kastamuni): vilayet and town, Turkey; 41° 16′ N., 34° E. (Not Castamoni, Kastamouni, Qastamuni.)

Kastamouni: see Kastamonu.

Katahdin: falls, Piscataquis County, Me., on southwest slope of Mount Katahdin, in T. 3, R. 10, one-fourth mile east of The Owl.

Katahdin: mountain, Piscataquis County, Me. (Not Ktaadn.)

Kataka: mountain, altitude 12,430 feet, sec. 22, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Park County, Colo.

Katalla: bay, about 10 miles northwest of Controller Bay, near lat. 60° 10′ N., long. 144° 31′ W.; town on the north side of the bay; slough, emptying into the bay; and river, draining into the slough, Alaska.

Katama: bay and point, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Cotamy.)

Katch: see Cutch.

Katchamadragga: see Ketchepedrakee.

Katchass: see Kachess.

***Kates Needle:** mountain, altitude 10,002 feet, on International Boundary, west of Stikine River, near lat. 57° 08′ N., long. 132° 02′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kates Needles.)

Katete: river, tributary to the Stikine River, from the east, near lat. 56° 40′ N., long. 131° 49′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kahtete nor Kwahteetah.)

***Katlian:** bay, indenting western shore of Baranof Island, at the head of Sitka Sound, near lat. 57° 08′ N., long. 135° 23′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Katliana, Katlianofa, nor Kotleana.)

Katlian: peak (Mount Katlian), 4,200 feet high, highest point on Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, 2½ miles east of Katlian Bay, near lat. 57° 09′ N., long. 135° 12′ W., about 20 miles north of Sitka. So named from the name of an Indian chief, Katlian, the principal chief at Sitka at the time of its settlement by the Russians.

Katmai: canyon and lakes, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, on and drained by Katmai Creek.

Katmandu: capital of Nepal; 27° 50′ N., 85° 20′ E.

Katmon: see Catmon, P. I.

Katmon Daan: see Catmondaan, P. I.

Katolohan: barrio, Alcoy Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Catolohan.)

Katolohan: barrio, Dalaguete Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P.I. (Not Calolojon, Catulojan, nor Katulujan.)

Katowice: pr. katovē'tseh; Ger. Kattowitz; city, s. w. Poland; 50° 16′ N., 19° 1′ E.

Katsbaan: village, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Caatsban.)

Katschadelch: see Rosaunt.

Katsehin: see Katzehin.

Kattegat: arm of North Sea bet. Denmark and Sweden; Dan. Kattegat; Swed. Kattegatt. Not Cattegat.

Kattegatt: see Kattegat.

Kattowitz: see Katowice.

Katubeg: see Catubeg, P. I.

Katulujan: see Katolohan, P. I.

Katungauan: barrio, Guindulman Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Catunganan, Catungauan, nor Katungawan.)

Katungawan: see Katungauan, P. I.

Katzehin: river, tributary to Chilkoot Inlet, from the east, near lat. 59° 12′ N., long. 135° 17′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Chkazhin nor Katsehin.)

Kau: desert section, south of Kilauea Volcano, Kapapala Land Division, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kau: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in southern Hawaii, T. H.

Kauai: channel, 63 sea miles wide, between Kauai and Oahu Islands, T. H. (Not Kaieiewaho Channel.)

Kauai: county, Territory of Hawaii, at northwest end of main group; includes Kauai and Niihau islands and a few small islets.

Kauai: island, northwest end of main group, 98 sea miles from Honolulu; single mountain, highest point, 5,170 feet; nearly circular, 25 to 30 miles across; area, 547 square miles; called the "Garden Island," T. H.

Kauaikanana: Kauaikanane: see Kauaikinana, T. H.

Kauaikinana: stream, tributary to Poomau River from the north, upper Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H. (Not Kauaikanana nor Kauaikanane.)

Kauaula: ditch, diverting water from north side of Kauaula Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Kauaula: stream, rising on western slope of west Maui, flowing westward into sea, Lahaina District Maui, T. H.

Kauayan: see Cauayan, P. I.

Kau-Hilo: ditch, proposed for taking water from Hilo District around by the volcano into Kau District, T. H.; approximate length, 100 miles.

Kauhola: point, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kauhuuhuula: land division, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kauhuuhuulu.)

Kauhuula: see Kaahukuula, T. H.

Kauiki Head: point, south of Hana Bay, east coast of Maui, T. H.

Kauit: see Kawit, P. I.

Kaukonahua: stream, formed by junction of North and South Forks of Kaukonahua Stream, flowing northwestward into Kaiaka Bay, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaukonahua, North Fork: stream, rising in Central Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward, joining South Fork of Kaukonahua Stream to form Kaukonahua Stream, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaukonahua, South Fork: stream, rising in Central Koolau Mountains, flowing westward, joining North Fork of Kaukonahua Stream to form Kaukonahua Stream, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Kaulakahi: channel, 15 sea miles wide, between Kauai and Niihau Islands, T. H. (Not Kumukahi.)

Kaulanamauna: land division, in Government ownership, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaumalapau: harbor and light, west coast Island of Lanai, T. H., 3½ miles north of Cape Kaea, near lat. 20° 07′ N., long. 157° W. (Not Kaumalapa'u nor Kaumalapu.)

Kaunakakai: harbor, south-central coast of Molokai, T. H.

Kaunakakai: land division, south-central Molokai, T. H.

Kaunamano: land division, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kaunas: capital of Lithuania; Russ. Kovno;† Pol. Kowno; 54° 50′ N., 23° 50′ E.

Kaunuohua: peak, elevation 4,535 feet, at head of Pelekunu Gulch, Molokai, T. H.

Kaunuohua: ridge, forming northern boundary of Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Kaupo: gap, in the southeastern end of Haleakala Crater, east Maui, T. H.

Kaupo: old district, southern slope of Haleakala, east Maui, T. H.; now included in Hana District.

Kaupo: village, southern coast of east Maui, T. H.

Kaupulehu: land division, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kautz: creek, heading in Kautz Glacier; tributary to Nisqually River from north, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not East Fork of Nisqually River nor Kautz Fork.)

Kautz: glacier, discharging into Kautz Creek, southern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Kautz Fork: see Kautz, creek, Wash.

Kavalla: seaport, n. e. Greece; 40° 58′ N., 24° 25′ E. Not Cavalla.

Kavanaugh: see Cavanal.

Kavit: see Kawit, P. I.

Kaw: see Kansas, river.

Kawaiele: Kawaieli: see Waieli locality, T. H.

Kawaihae: bay, South Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kawaihae: land division, partly in Government ownership, and village, South Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kawaihaka: see Kalaheo, T. H.

Kawaihapai: land division, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Kawaihau: district, Kauai County, political subdivision in northeastern Kauai, T. H.

Kawaikini: peak, elevation 5,170 feet, south of Waialeale Peak, Kauai, T. H.

Kawaikoi: stream, tributary to Waimea River, rising in Alakai Swamp, flowing southwestward to Poomau River, upper Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Kawailoa: land division, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Kawainui: stream, tributary to Waipio River, rising on northeastern slope of Kohala Mountains, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kawainui: stream, rising on upper eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing eastward into sea, south of Pepeekeo, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kawainui: swamp, in Kailua Stream Basin, draining into Kailua Bay, east Oahu, T. H.

Kawaipapa: gulch near Hana, east Maui, T. H.

Kawaipapa: land division, in Government ownership, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Kawaipuiia: see Kawaipuua, T. H.

Kawaipuua: stream, near lat. 22° N., long. 159° 33′ 30″ W., southern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kawaipuiia.)

Kawalii: see Kaawalii, T. H.

Kawasaki: suburb s. of Tokyo, Japan.

Kawayan: municipality, Leyte Province, Biliran, P. I.

Kawayan: see Cauayan, P. I.

Kawayanin: see Cauayanin, P. I.

Kaweah: basin, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 10, 11, 14, and 15, T. 16 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Kaweah: mount (Mount Kaweah), altitude 13,815 feet, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, the southeasternmost of the Kaweah Peaks, near lat. 36° 31′ 30″ N., long. 118° 29′ W.

Kaweah: river, Tulare and Kings counties, Calif., its many tributaries arising on west slopes of Great Western Divide, and draining the west half of Sequoia National Park. Named after a Yokuts tribe of Indians.

Kaweah Peaks: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., lofty spur of Great Western Divide, beginning in sec. 30, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., and extending southeast about 6 miles, thence northeast 3 miles embracing Kaweah Peaks and other high summits unnamed.

Kawela: land division, south central Molokai, T. H.

Kawi: stream, tributary to North Fork Wailua River from the north, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Kawichiark: river, tributary to Selawik River, near lat. 66° 35′ N., long. 159° W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Ka-o-e-che-ark.)

Kawishiwi: lake, Lake County, Minn., in T. 62 N., R. 6 W., fourth principal meridian, drained by the Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest. Pronounced Kă wish′ĭ wī or Kăsh′ă wāy.

Kawishiwi: river, Lake County, Minn. drains lake of same name in T. 62 N., R. 6 W., flows north to T. 63 N., R. 6 W., thence west to Fall Lake in T. 63 N., R. 11 W. Pronounced Kă wish′ ĭ wī or Kăsh′ ă wāy.

Kawit: barrio, Boac Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cauit nor Cawit.)

Kawit: barrio, Manito Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cavit, Cavite, nor Kavit.)

Kawit: barrio, Medellin Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Cauit, Cawit North, Cawit South, nor Kauit.)

Kawit: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cauit.)

Kawit: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Kawumkan: district, Klamath Indian Reservation, Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Kawumcan.)

Kay: branch, Camden County, N. J. (Not Key nor Key's.)

Kayak: entrance, between Kayak and Wingham Islands, east of mouth Copper River, lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 144° 23′ W., Alaska.

Kayak: island, east of mouth of Copper River and southwest of Cape Suckling, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 144° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Kayes.)

Kayam: barrio, Garcia Hernandez Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cayam nor Cayan.)

Kayan: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Bontoc), Luzon, P. I. (Not Cayan.)

Kayapa: township, Nueva Viscaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Kayar **Sarga** *Mount:* see Kearsarge.

Kayayak: see Kaguyak.

Kayenta: see Tyende.

Kayes: see Kayak.

Kayhatin: see Willow Springs, canyon, Ariz.

Kay-i-you: see Marias.

Kaykiwit: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cayquiuit.)

Kaypombo: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caypombo, Cay Pombo, nor Kay Pombo.)

Kayseri (Kaisaria): vilayet and town Turkey; Fr. Césarée; Ger. Kaisarie; 38° 40′ N., 35° 25′ E. Not Caesarea, Qaisariye.

Kaysio: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caysio, Cay Sio, nor Kay Sio.)

Kaysville: city and precinct, Davis County, Utah. (Not Maysville.)

Kaytambog Norte: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caytambog.)

Kaytitinga: barrio, Alfonso Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caititinga nor Caytitinga.)

Kaywae: see Kiawah.

Kazan: pr. kä-zän′; city on the middle Volga, capital, Tatar A. S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 55° 45′ N., 49° 5′ E.

Kazarn: see Kasaan.

Kazvin: prov. and town n. w. Persia; 36° 15′ N., 50° E.

Kcheputnatakook: see Chiputneticook.

Keaalau: stream, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing northeastward into sea, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Keaau: land division, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Keaau: land division, in Government ownership, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Keaau (Nine Miles): village, several miles south of Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.

Keag: see Weskeag.

Keahalaka: see Keahialaka, T. H.

Keahialaka: land division, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Keahalaka.)

Keahole: western point of Hawaii, T. H.

Keahua: stream, tributary to North Fork of Wailua River from the north, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Keahuolu: land division, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kealaikahiki: channel, 16 sea miles wide, between Lanai and Kahoolawe Islands, T. H.

Kealakekua: bay and land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kealakekua: village, near Kealakekua Bay, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kealia: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kealia: land division, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kealia: stream, near lat. 22° 06′ N., rising on eastern slope of Puec Peak, flowing eastward and entering Kapaa Stream from the north, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Kapaa.)

Kealia: village, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Keam: canyon and settlement, Navajo Indian Reservation, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Keams.)

Kean: Keane: see Keene, creek, Oreg.

Keanae: land division, in Government ownership, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Keanae: stream, formed by East and West Branches, rising high up on northeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain; flowing northeastward into sea near Keanae Village, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Keanae: village, northern coast east Maui, T. H.

Keanapuka: hill, near lat. 22° 10′ N., long. 159° 37′ W., northwestern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Ke Ana Puka.)

Ke Ana Puka: see Keanapuka, T. H.

Keaoopu: stream, tributary to Anahola Stream from the north, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Kearney: see Kearny, creek, lakes, Wyo.

*Kearny: creek, Johnson County, Wyo., rises approx. in sec. 3, T. 51 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northeasterly through the larger of Kearny Lakes, emptying into South Piney Creek in sec. 13, T. 52 N., R. 85 W., Bighorn National Forest. (Not Kearney nor North Fork South Piney.) Named for Gen. Philip Kearny.

*Kearny: lakes, Johnson County, Wyo., one lake about a mile long and a smaller lake in sec. 30, T. 52 N., R. 85 W., sixth principal meridian, Bighorn National Forest. Named for Phil Kearny, the soldier. Name first applied to the fort on lower Piney Creek in the late sixties. It was later given to these lakes. Not Kearney.

Kearny: town, Hudson County, N. J. (Not Kearney.)

Kearsarge: mountain, Warner Town, Merrimack County, N. H. (Not Kyar Sarga Mount.)

Kearsarge: see Pequawket.

Keauhou: bay, North Kona District Hawaii, T. H.

Keauhou: land division, including larger part of Kilauea Crater, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Keauhou: land division, North and South Kona Districts, Hawaii, T. H.

Keauhou: village, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Keawemoe: see Alia, T. H.

Kechceachy: Kecheachy: see Cocheco

Kechetotawnon: see Cube, point.

Kecskemét: pr. kech-kĕmĕt; city, cen. Hungary, on the Tisza river; 46° 54′ N., 19° 44′ E.

*Kedges: straits, connecting Tangier Sound with Chesapeake Bay, between South Marsh and Smith Island, Somerset County, Md. (Not Cagis nor Kedge.)

Keebler Crossroads: village, Washington County, Tenn. (Not Keebler's Cross Roads.)

Keechelus: lake, head of Yakima River, Kittitas County, Wash. (Not Kitch-e-lus.)

Keefe: peak, altitude about 13,500 feet, Pitkin County, Colo., between Maroon and Conundrum Creeks, sec. 5, unsurveyed T. 12 S., R. 85 W., near lat. 39° 03′ N., long. 106° 55′ W. Named in honor of Lieut. Thomas V. Keefe, formerly of the Forest Service, who lost his life in the World War.

Keefer: slough (Keefer Cutoff), on the east side of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, which leaves the river about 8½ miles below the confluence of the Kokwok and Nushagak Rivers and joins the river again about 14½ miles above Black Point, just before the river turns abruptly to the west at about lat. 58° 54′ N., long. 157° 40′ W.

Keegan: Keegans: see Kegan.

Keeghik: Keejik: see Kijik.

Keei: land division, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Keekwulee: falls, on Denny Creek, about ¾ of a mile from South Fork Snoqualmie River, King County, Wash. (Not Keek'-wu-lee.)

Keek'-wu-lee: see Keekwulee.

Keen: see Keene, Nebr.

Keene: creek, tributary to Jenny Creek from west, southeastern corner Jackson County, Oreg. (Not Kean, Keane, nor Keen.)

Keene: creek, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 43 N., R. 16 W., flows southwest into Lower Tamarack River in T. 42 N., R. 17 W.

Keene: railroad station, Kearney County, Nebr. (Not Keen.)

Keenes: point, eastern side of Honga River, about 3 miles northeast of Fishing Creek, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Kane, Kane's, nor Keene's.)

Ke-en-ta: see Tyende.

Kees Eyland: see Cas.

Keet Seel: cliff dwellings, Navajo County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 45′ N., long. 110° 32′ W. (Not Kit sil.)

Keg: point, east side of Dall Island, 1 mile north of Ham Cove, lat. 54° 54′ N., long. 132° 51′ W., southeastern Alaska. Named after near-by triangulation station. (Ham Cove was formerly Sawmill Cove.)

Keg: spring, Juab County, Utah. (Not Marmaduke.)

Keg: see McDowell.

Kegan: lake, Crystal Village, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Keegan nor Mooney.)

Kegan: lake, Rosemount Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Keegans.)

Kegik: see Kijik.

Kehana: see Kahana, bay, T. H.

Keighley: city, Yorkshire, England, 53° 53′ N., 1° 55′ W.

***Keijo (Seoul)**: capital of Chosen, alternate Jap. off. romanizations, Keijo and Keizyô; Korean, Seoul, 37° 45′ N., 127° E. Not Söul.

Keill: Keill's: see Allan Otty.

Keith: brook, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not Dailey, Daily, Daley, nor Daly.)

Keith: see Pontiac.

Keizyô: see Keijo.

Kekaha: ditch, diverting water from the east side of Waimea River, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Kekaha: village, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Kekekabic: lake, Lake County, Minn. (Not Cacaquabic nor Hawk.)

Kekul: see Kakul.

Kekur: peninsula, southwest coast of Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, separating Byron Bay from the ocean, near lat. 56° 23′ N.

Kekur: point, southeastern Alaska, midway between First Kekur and Second Kekur, southwest shore Kekur Peninsula, southwest coast Baranof Island, near lat. 56° 21′ N.

Kekur: point, in eastern side of Kizhuyak Bay, near lat. 57° 51′ N., long. 152° 48′ W., Kodiak Island, Alaska. (Not Kekurnoi nor Pillar.)

Kekurnoi: cape, western coast of Shelikolf Strait, north of Cold Bay, lat. 54° 44′ N., long. 155° 19′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Kahurnoi, Nelupaki, nor Nukakalkak.)

Kekurnoi: see Kekur, point.

Kekwakwan: see Lac LaCroix.

Kelana: ditch, diverting water from north side of Iao Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Kelgaya: bay, southeastern Alaska, between Kelgaya and Battery Points, west shore Chilkoot Inlet, near lat. 58° 13′ N.

Kelgaya: point, rocky tongue on west shore of Chilkoot Inlet, ⅜ mile above Battery Point, Alaska. (Not Ketlgahya nor Ketlrachta.)

Kelley: point, Multnomah County, Oreg., on southwest bank of Columbia River, at southeast side Willamette River mouth. So named in honor of Rev. Hall Jackson Kelley, 1790–1874, "Prophet of Oregon," who planned, about 1829, to build a trading city on this point.

Kelley: see Elowah, falls, Oreg.

Kelley: see Glenpark.

Kelley: see Kelly, mountain, W. Va.

Kelley: see Kelly, village, Wis.

Kelleys: island, Sandusky Bay, Lake Erie, Erie County, Ohio. (Not Kelley's.)

Kelleys: see Kelly, island.

Kelleys Island: reef and town, Sandusky Bay, Lake Erie, Erie County, Ohio. (Not Kelley's Island.)

Kelleyville: see Kellyville.

Kelly: canyon, west slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in secs. 19 and 20, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about 1½ miles southeast of Chadman Spring.

Kelly: island, Delaware Bay, Kent County, Del. (Not Kelleys nor Kelly's.)

Kelly: mountain at head of Orca Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, lat. 60° 40′ N., long. 145° 30′ W.

Kelly: mountain, altitude, 6,911 feet Plumas County, Calif., about 3 miles southwest of Juniper Lake, in sec. 31, T. 30 N., R. 6 E. Named after the head of the Kelly family, first settlers in the vicinity.

Kelly: mountain, between Randolph and Upshur Counties, W. Va. (Not Kelley.)

Kelly: village, Marathon County, Wis. (Not Kelley.)

Kelly: see McCord, creek, Oreg.

Kelly's: see Kelly, island.

Kellyville: township and town, Creek County, Okla. (Not Kelleyville.)

Kelp: point, one-half mile northeastward of Claim Point, Port Chatham, eastern side of entrance to Cook Inlet, Alaska, lat. 59° 12′.5 N., long. 151° 48′.5 W.

Kelp: point, east shore Cold Bay, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, the south point of entrance to Lenard Arm, near lat. 55° 07′ N., long. 122° 31′ W.

Kelsall: river, draining Kelsall Lake into Chilkat River, near lat. 59° 20′ N., long. 136° 30′ W., southeastern Alaska and British Columbia. (Not Bear, Glave, Tschilket, nor West Fork of Chilkat.)

Kelsey: town, Watauga County, N. C. (Not Kelsy.)

Kemuk: prominent mountain, Nushagak region, Alaska, at the head of Kokwok River and about 15 miles south of the lower end of Tikchik Lake, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 158° 00′ W. This is a well known local name of long standing.

Kenai: fort, post office, and village at mouth of Kenai River on eastern coast of Cook Inlet, lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 151° 16′ W., Alaska. (Not Kenay.)

Kenai: peninsula, between Cook Inlet, Prince William Sound and Gulf of Alaska, extending from the narrow neck between Passage Canal and Turnagain Arm to longitude 152° W. (Not Kenay nor Chugach.)

Kenai: river, draining Skilak and Kenai Lakes into Cook Inlet near lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 151° 16′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Kaknu.)

Kenai Bay: see Cook, inlet, Alaska.

Kenay: see Kenai.

Kenchafoonee: see Kinchafoonee.

Kendrick: creek, Sullivan County, Tenn. (Not Hendrick's nor Kendrick's.)

Kenebec: see Kennebec.

Keneighton: see Conetoe.

Kenesaw: see Kennesaw.

Kenia: see Kenya.

Kenibuna: lake, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, near lat. 61° 10′ N., long. 152° 55′ W., west of Shamrock Glacier.

Kennaday: peak, Medicine Bow National Forest, Carbon County, Wyo., in sec. 8, T. 17 N., R. 81 W. Named in honor of Jack Kennaday, forest ranger. (Not Bald.)

Kennebec: river, Somerset, Kennebec, and Sagadahoc Counties, Me., flowing south from Moose Head Lake, near lat. 45° 40′ N., long. 69° 42′ W., into the Atlantic Ocean. (Not Kenebec.)

Kennedy: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 113° 41′ W., head of South Fork of Kennedy Creek.

Kennedy Branch: see Harris Branch.

Kennell Mill: Kennell's Mill: see Gladdens.

***Kennesaw**: mountain and town, Cobb County, Ga. (Not Kenesaw nor Big Shanty.)

Kenneto: see Kennyetto.

Kennett: city, Dunklin County, Mo. (Not Kennett's.)

Kenney: village, De Witt County, Ill. (Not Kenny.)

Kennicott: glacier and river, Copper River region, Alaska, draining to north bank Nizina River, near lat. 61° 30′ N., long. 143° W. So named "in honor of Robert Kennicott, 1836–1866, pioneer in Alaskan exploration, who was director of the scientific corps of the Western Union Telegraph expedition in 1865 and sacrificed his life in the undertaking."

Kenny: see Kenney.

***Kennyetto**: creek, Fulton County, N. Y. (Not Kenneto.)

Kent: small creek, Boundary County, Idaho, located mostly in the north half of T. 62 N., R. 3 W., Boise meridian, draining to the north between Temple Mountain and Kent Peak.

Kent: island and point, Chesapeake Bay, opposite Annapolis, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Kent's.)

Kent: peak, approx. altitude 7,000 feet, Boundary County, Idaho, in sec. 11, T. 62 N., R. 3 W., Boise meridian. Named for an old trapper, who was once lost in these parts.

Kent: village, Fluvanna County, Va. (Not Kents Store.)

Kenteschobe: place or triangular area on east side of a great bend on South Fork, Eel River, west of mouth of Elk Creek, Humboldt County, Calif.

Kent's: see Kent, Md.

Kents Store: see Kent, Va.

Kentucky: river, in Kentucky, formed in Lee Co., by the junction of its North and Middle Forks, near lat. 37° 35′ N., long. 83° 40′ W., flowing thence northwest into the Ohio River, near lat. 38° 41′ N., long. 85° 11′ W. (Pronounced kĕn-tŭck′-e.)

Kentucky: state of the United States, bounded on the north by Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio; on the east by West Virginia and Virginia; on the south by Tennessee; and on the west by Missouri, Illinois, and Indiana. Area, 40,598 square miles. (Pronounced kĕn-tŭck′-e.)

Kentucky: see Indian Kentucky.

Kenvil: railroad station, Morris County, N. J. (Not Ferro Mont, Ferro Monte, McCainsville, nor Vannatta.)

Kenwood: creek, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, tributary to Koyuk River from the south, between East Fork and Peace River, near lat. 65° 10′ N., long. 161° 05′ W.

Kenya: Br. colony and protectorate, e. Africa; formerly Br. E. Africa Protectorate. Not Kenia.

Kenyon: see Harrisburg, lake, N. Y.

Keokea: land division, in Government ownership, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Keokea: point, southern side of Hilo Bay, Hawaii, T. H.

Keokuk: dam, across Mississippi River, between Keokuk, Iowa, and Hamilton, Ill.

Keokuk: lake, formed by Keokuk Dam across Mississippi River, between Keokuk, Iowa, and Hamilton, Ill.

***Kephart:** mountain (Mount Kephart), altitude 6,400 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, Swain County, N. C., and Sevier County, Tenn., on the state boundary line, about 8 miles northeast of Clingmans Dome, near lat. 35° 38′ N., long. 83° 24′ W. The location of Mount Kephart, by decision of October 3, 1928, near lat. 35° 35′ N., long. 83° 28′ W., was transferred to the new location (above) under a joint agreement between authorized representatives of North Carolina and Tennessee. The mountain selected, with Mr. Kephart's approval, for the transfer has borne the name "Mount Collins," shown on official and other maps for more than 30 years, but the petitioners urged that the name Collins should be restored to its original but long abandoned summit. (Not Mount Collins.)

Kephart: see Collins, mountain, North Carolina and Tennessee.

Kepler: cascades 80 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Firehole River, near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 110° 49′ W. Named by Norris, 1881, for Kepler Hoyt, son of Territorial Governor John W. Hoyt.

Kepuhi: point, western shore of Wainiha Bay, northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kapuhi.)

Kerby: village, Josephine County, Oreg. (Not Kerbyville.)

Kerman: prov. and city, s. c. cen. Persia; 30° 30′ N., 57° 5′ E. Not Kirman.

Kermanshah: prov. and city, w. Persia; 34° 10′ N., 47° E.

Kern: canyon, Tulare County, Calif., in Ts. 16, 17, 18, 19 S., R. 33 E., largely in Sequoia National Park.

Kern: hot spring, Tulare County, Calif., in Kern Canyon just below mouth of Rock Creek, near lat. 36° 29′ N., long. 118° 24′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Kern: point, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 24 and 25, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

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Kern: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., spur of Great Western Divide from Milestone Mountain southeast 3½ miles to Kern Point in east half of T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Kern: river, Tulare County, Calif., source in numerous unnamed lakes, chiefly in unsurveyed Ts. 14 and 15 S., R. 33 E., just south of Kings-Kern Divide, Sequoia National Park, flowing south into marshes of Kern and Buena Vista Lakes, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 118° 08′ W. Named by John C. Fremont in 1845 for Edward M. Kern, topographer and artist of Fremont's third expedition.

Kern: see Soda Springs.

Kern-Kaweah: river, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 5, T. 16 S., R. 32 E., flowing northwest, northeast, and southeasterly into Kern River in unsurveyed sec. 32, T. 15 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Cone.)

Kerr: mountain, sec. 24, T. 26 N., R. 22 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Kershaw: creek, tributary to Greens Creek from the northwest, Pamlico County, N. C. (Not Chapel.)

Kershaw: see Greens, creek, N. C.

Kerthaus: see Karthaus.

Keshequa: creek, Allegany and Livingston Counties, N. Y. (Not Cashaqua, Coshaqua, Kishaqua, nor Kushaqua.)

Keski: small island, near north end of El Capitan Passage and immediately west of El Capitan Island, southeastern Alaska, lat. 55° 55′.7 N., long. 133° 20′.2 W. Name, reported as derived from native word meaning east or morning, given to this island because it is on the east side of a group of small islands.

Kessler: mountain and triangulation station near Fayetteville, Washington County, Ark. (Not Kestler.)

Ketch: brook, tributary to Scantic River, Hartford and Tolland Counties, Conn. (Not Catch.)

Ketchebedokee: see Ketchepedrakee.

Ketchepedrakee: creek, rising on eastern slope Blue Ridge Mountains, Clay and Randolph Counties, flowing in easterly direction across northern part of county and emptying into Tallapoosa River north of Owen Crossing, Randolph County, Ala. (Not Katchamadragga, Ketchebedokee nor Kitchepedrache.)

Ketchikan: creek, flowing into Tongass Narrows at Ketchikan, Revillagigedo Island, lat. 55° 20′ N., long. 131° 38′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Fish.)

Ketchikan: lake, about 1½ miles northeast by north from Ketchikan Village, source of Ketchikan Creek, Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska.

*__Ketchikan__: village, on Tongass Narrows, southwestern coast of Revillagigedo Island, lat. 55° 20′ N., long. 131° 39′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kitchikan.)

Ketik: river, Arctic coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, east branch at the head of Kuk River, near lat. 70° 05′ N., long. 159° 35′ W.

Ketlgahya: see Kelgaya.

Ketlrachta: see Kelgaya.

Ketok: mountain, near Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, about 6 miles east of Koliganek Village, lat. 59° 51′ N., long. 157° 22′ W.

Ketowke: mountain, sec. 29, T. 33 N., R. 24 W., east of Sunday Creek and south of Point of Rocks, Flathead County, Mont.

Ketoy: see Whale, island, Alaska.

Kettintelbe: place, including ranch and redwood grove, on east side South Fork, Eel River, Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Phillipsville.)

Kettle: peak, elevation 10,038 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 28, T. 14 S., R. 30 E., on north boundary Sequoia National Park.

*__Kettle Falls__: falls and portage, between Namakan and Rainy Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Bare Portage nor Chaudiere.)

Kettleman: plain and hills, between Kettleman Plain and Tulare Lake, Fresno and Kings Counties, Calif. (Not Kittleman.)

Kevuleek: Kevulik: see Kivalina.

Key: see Kay.

Keyapaha: county and precinct, Keyapaha County, Nebr., and river, Nebr. and S. Dak. (Not Keya Paha.)

Key Biscayne Bay: see Biscayne, bay.

Keyes: see Keys.

Keyhole: pass, between Longs Peak and Storm Peak, Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo.

Keyport: borough, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Key Port.)

Key's: see Kay.

Keys: pond, Sweden, Oxford County, Me. (Not Keyes.)

Keyser: see Manrissa.

Keysor: creek, Nebr., central part of Butler County, emptying into Big Blue River, in southern part of county. (Not Blue River, Little Blue River, nor North Fork of Blue River.)

Keystone: bay and point, on Keweenaw Peninsula, Keweenaw County, Mich. (Not Union Bay.)

Keystone: creek, Ts. 17 and 18 N., Rs. 26 and 27 W., tributary to Clark Fork from northeast, Mineral County, Mont. (Not Spring Gulch.)

Keystone: see Shenandoah, peak, Nev.

Key West: city, Monroe County, Fla. (Not Keywest.)

Khabarovsk: capital city, Far Eastern Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic), on lower Amur river; Ger. Chabarowsk; 48° 40′ N., 135° 10′ E.

Khaibar: see Khyber.

Khalepion: see Alep.

Khalil-el-Rahman: see Hebron.

Khandax: see Ērakleion.

Khania (Canea): seaport, Crete, s. Greece; Gr. Khania;† Intl. postal guide, Chania; Fr. La Canée; Ital. Canea; 35° 30′ N., 24° 1′ E.

Kharbin: see Harbin.

***Kharkov:** capital city, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); Ger. Charkow; Ukr. Kharkiv;† 50° N., 36° 15′ E.

Kharput: see Harput.

***Khartoum:** capital of Anglo-Egyptian Sudan; on the Nile; 15° 30′ N., 32° 30′ E. Not Khartum.

Khartum: see Khartoum.

Khaz: bay, indenting southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 30′ N., long. 136° 08′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Khaz: breakers, on a reef, bare at low water, lying 3½ miles westward from Khaz Head, lat. 57° 31′ N., long. 136° 07′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Breaker No. 3.)

Khaz: head, southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, bluff headland about 1900 feet high, between Slocum Arm of Khaz Bay and the sea, southeastern Alaska.

Khaz: rugged and mountainous peninsula, southeastern Alaska, about 10 miles long, extending northwest from southern part of Chichagof Island between Slocum Arm and the Pacific Ocean, ending at Khaz Head, position of center, lat. 57° 29′ N., long. 135° 56′ W.

Kherson: seaport, mouth of Dnieper river, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); Ger. Cherson; 46° 40′ N., 32° 35′ E.

Khiva: city, Uzbek S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); Ger. Chiwa; 41° 30′ N., 60° 18′ E.

Khulitno: see Holitna.

Khutz-n'hu: see Kootznahoo.

Khwain: see Kwain.

***Khvostof:** island, one of the Rat Islands, western Aleutians, Alaska, near lat. 51° 58′ N., long. 178° 19′ E. (Not Khwostof.)

Khwostof: see Khvostof.

Khyber: important pass, ext. n. w. India, el. 6,825 ft.; 34° 10′ N., 71° 10′ E. Not Khaibar.

Kiaiakua: stream, flowing northward into sea, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kialagvik: bay, east side Alaska Peninsula, near Mount Becharof, Alaska. (Not Kialagvit.)

Kialagvik: see Wide, bay, Alaska.

Kiamichi: mountains, Le Flore County; river, Choctaw, Le Flore, and Pushmataha Counties; and township, Pushmataha County, Okla. (Not Kiamitia nor Kimishi.)

Kiangan: settlement, Mountain Province (subprovince, Ifuago), Luzon, P. I. (Not Quiangan.)

Kiangmai: see Chiengmai.

Kiangsi: prov., s. e. cen. China proper.

Kiangsu: prov., e. China proper.

Kiawah: island and river, west side Stono Inlet, Charleston County, S. C. (Not Kaywae, Kiawaw, nor Kyewaw.)

Kibo: see Kilimanjaro.

Kibungan: township, Mountain Province (subprovince, Benguet), Luzon, P. I. (Not Kapungan.)

Kichik: see Kijik.

Kickapoo: township and village, Leavenworth County, Kans.

Kid: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, tributary to Queens Creek from north above King Creek.

Kidds Humbug: point, Hudson River, Rockland County, N. Y. (Not Kidd's Humbug.)

Kief: see Kiev.

Kiel: seaport, e. end of Kiel canal, Germany; 54° 20′ N., 10° 10′ E.

Kielce: pr. kyéltse; city s. w. Poland; 50° 50′ N., 20° 40′ E.

Kienstra: landing and town, Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Kienstra's.)

***Kiev:** city, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); Ukr. Kiyiv;† Ger. Kijew; Pol. Kijów; 50° 20′ N., 30° 25′ E. Not Kief.

Kigaktowruk: see Kikitaruk.

Kigalgin: see Egg.

Kigalik: creek, northern Alaska, large western tributary at head of Ikpikpuk River, near lat. 69° 22′ N., long. 155° W. Name has reference to old Eskimo rendezvous village visited by Ensign Howard, 1886.

Kihalani: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea north of Papaaloa, Hawaii, T. H.

Kihei: village, south of Kahului Harbor, west coast of east Maui, T. H.

Kiholo: bay, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kijew: see Kiev.

***Kijik:** river, southwestern Alaska, entering Lake Clark, on the west shore about 28 miles above the lower end of that lake. (Not Keeghik, Keejik, Kichik, nor Nikhkak.)

Kijów: see Kiev.

Kikala: stream, tributary to Honolii Stream, near Hilo, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kikola.)

Kikiktak: see Kikitaruk.

Kikitak: see Kikitaruk.

Kikitaruk: village, Kotzebue Sound, Alaska. (Not Kikitak, Kikiktaruk, nor Kigaktowruk.)

Kikola: see Kikala, T. H.

Kilau: stream, eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Laupahoehoe Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Kilaua: see Kilauea, crater, T. H.

Kilauea: bay, at mouth of Kilauea Stream, northeast Kauai, T. H.

Kilauea: crater, southeastern slope of Mauna Loa, elevation, nearly 4,000 feet; largest active crater in the world, containing the Pit, Halemaumau, with its lake of fire, south-central Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kilaua.)

Kilauea: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kilauea: stream, rising on northern slope of Namahana Peak, flowing northward into Kilauea Bay, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kilauea: village, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kilbay: barrio, Ragay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Quilbay.)

Kilbourne: township and village, Mason County, Ill. (Not Kilbourn.)

Kilfoil: township, Custer County, Nebr. (Not Kilfail.)

Kilib: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guilib nor Quilib.)

Kiligwa: river, northwestern Alaska, north slope of Brooks Range, tributary on south bank of upper Colville River, near lat. 69° N., long. 158° 30′ W. Eskimo word for the fossil ivory, in reference to a mastodon tusk found on this river by the United States Geological Survey expedition, 1925.

Kilimanjaro: pr. kil-ē-mä-nja'rō; mt., Kenya Colony, highest in Africa; consists of two peaks, the higher, Kibo (first named Kaiser-Wilhelm Spitze) and Mawenzi; 3° S., 37° E.

Kiliuda: rock, at entrance to Kiliuda Bay, Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, three-fourths mile southwest of Ermine Point, near lat. 57° 16′ N., long. 152° 53′ W.

Kilkalit: see Latouche, island and passage.

Kilkenny: township and village, Le Sueur County, Minn. (Not Kilkeny.)

Killamacue: creek, T. 8 S., R. 37 E., tributary to Rock Creek from west, Baker County, Oreg. (Not Kilmerque.)

Killdevil: hills, Currituck County, N. C. (Not Kill Devil.)

Killer: bay, on west side of Day Harbor, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 57′ N., long. 149° 14′ W. So named by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party, who witnessed a fight here between a whale and a killer whale.

Killik: river, northern Alaska, on north slope of Brooks Range, a large south branch of Colville River, near long. 153° 40′ W.

Kill Van Kull: channel, north of Staten Island, Hudson County, N. J., and Richmond County, N. Y. (Not Kill von Kull.)

Kilmarnock: city, Ayr county, Scotland, 20 mi. s. of Glasgow; 55° 38′ N., 4° 32′ W.

Kilmerque: see Killamacue.

Kilohana: point, elevation 4,023 feet, northern edge of Alakai Swamp overlooking Wainiha Canyon, Kauai, T. H.

Kilohana: tufa crater, elevation 1,100 feet, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Kimbal: city, Neosho County, Kans. (Not Kimball.)

Kimball: peak (Mount Kimball), Pima County, Ariz., southwest slope of Santa Catalina Mountains, lat. 32° 22′ 30″ N., long. 110° 52′ 50″ W., about 3 miles southwest of Cathedral Rock, Coronado National Forest. So named in honor of Fred E. A. Kimball, 1863–1930, prominent citizen of Tucson, who was actively interested in the protection of natural areas.

Kimball: see Kimbal.

Kimball: see Laurel, canyon, Calif.

Kimballs Peak: see Black, mountain, Utah.

Kimberley: reef, east of Falkner Island, Long Island Sound, Conn. (Not Kimberley's.)

Kimishi: see Kiamichi.

Kimmalasag: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Quimmalasag nor Quim-Malasag.)

Kimmerly: creek, T. 32 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Canyon Creek from northwest, west of Depuy Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Kimmundy: see Kinmundy.

***Kimshan:** cove, sma'l one on western side Chichagof Island, approximate lat. 57° 41′ 15″ N., long. 136° 06′ 40″ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hirst nor Mine.)

Kinabiti: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Kinaviti, Quinaviti, nor Quinavitt.)

Kinabkaban: barrio, Dao Munic pality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guinabcaban nor Quinabcaban.)

Kinagbaan: barrio, Jagna Municipality: and barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Quinagba-an nor Quinagbaan.)

Kinalansan: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Quinalansan nor Quinalausan.)

Kinamatayang-Cabayo: Kinamatayan Kabayo: see Quinamatayang Kabayo, P. I.

Kinaponan: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guinaponan, Quinapon-an nor Quinaponan.)

Kinasayan: barrio, Altavas Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guinasayan, Quinasay-an, Quinasayan, nor Quinasaysay.)

Kinastillohan: barrio, Tabaco Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Quinastillohan nor Quinastillojan.)

Kinatuyan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Guinat-oyan nor Quinatoyan.)

Kinaviti: see Kinabiti.

Kinayuya: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Quinayuga nor Quinayuya.)

Kincaid: railroad station, Chattooga County, Ga. (Not Holland Station.)

Kinchafoonee: river, Lee and Sumter Counties, Ga. (Not Kenchafoonee, Kinchatoonee, nor Kinchefoonee.)

Kinderhook: see Wyomanock.

King: cove, indenting northern part of the eastern coast of Afognak Island, abreast of Marmot Island, lat. 58° 11′.5 N., long. 152° 03′ W., Alaska. (Not Izhut, Izhutskaia, Ujut, nor Uyut.)

King: island, Bering Strait, near lat. 65° N., long. 168° W., Alaska. (Not Kings, Oooghe-a-book, nor Ukivok.)

King: landing, Ohio River, Clark County, Ind. (Not King's.)

King: mountain, T. 4 S., R. 44 E., Rosebud County, Mont.

King-a-ghe: see Kingegan.

King Arthur Castle: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 112° 16′ W.

King Crest: short ridge, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., extending southwesterly from southern rim of Powell Plateau, near lat. 36° 17′ N., long. 112° 23′ W.

Kingegan: village (Wales P. O.), extreme end of Cape Prince of Wales, Bering Strait, lat. 65° 37′ N., long. 168° 05′ W., Alaska. (Not King-a-ghe.)

Kingfisher: see Ogishkemuncie.

Kingman: canyon pass, 7,230 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 56′ N., long. 110° 44′ W. Name given to the picturesque canyon of Glen Creek, for Lieut. D. C. Kingman, U. S. Army, who built the tourist road through the canyon, 1884–1885.

Kings: creek, Shasta and Plumas Counties, Calif., north branch of Warner Creek, in T. 30 N., Rs. 4, 5, and 6 E., rising a mile south of Lassen Peak.

Kings: glacier, near head of Port Nellie Juan, lat. 60° 26′ N., long. 148° 38′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Kings: mountain, east bank of Matanuska River, 40 miles northeast of Knik Arm of Cook Inlet, lat. 61° 45′ N., long. 148° 31′ W., Alaska. (Not House.)

Kings: river, head of Port Nellie Juan, near lat. 60° 26′ N., long. 148° 44′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

***Kings**: river, Fresno and Kings Counties, Calif. (Not King nor King's.)

Kings: see Philips, point and town, Fla.

King's: see Ryer, island, Calif.

King Salmon: bay, Alaska, on west shore of head of Seymour Canal, Admiralty Island, near lat. 58° 00′ N., long. 134° 16′ W., Tongass National Forest.

King Salmon: river, a large western tributary of the Upper Nushagak River, Alaska, flowing into the Nushagak, 32 miles air line north of Koliganek Village, lat. 60° 35′ N., long. 157° 14′ W. This is a well known local name.

Kings Creek: falls, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 17, T. 30 N., R. 5 E. on Kings Creek.

Kings-Kern: divide, Tulare County, Calif., part of north boundary Sequoia National Park from Junction Peak on Sierra Nevada, west to Thunder Mountain on Great Western Divide. The watershed between Kings River and Kern River drainage.

Kingsland: point, Hudson River near Tarrytown, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Kingsland's.)

Kingsland: reach, James River, Va. (Not Graveyard.)

Kingston: mountains, California and Nevada. (Not Chung Up nor Resting Spring.)

Kingston: seaport capital of Jamaica; 18° N., 76° 50′ W.

Kingston upon Hull: see Hull.

Kingstown: capital, St. Vincent Island, Windward Islands, B. W. I.; 13° 10′ N., 61° 14′ W.

Kinmundy: city and township, Marion County, Ill. (Not Kimmundy.)

Kinnerly: peak, altitude 9,900 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 58′ N., long. 114° 10′ W.

Kinnickinnic: Kinnickinnick: Kinnikinic: see Kinnikinnic.

Kinnikinic: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., southeast of the Grand Teton, below Amphitheater Lake. The shiny-leafed little shrub, Arctostaphylos (Bearberry), said to be called Kinnikinic by the Indians, grows in abundance about its shores.

Kinnikinnic: river, St. Croix County, Wis. (Not Kinnickinnic, Kinnickinnick, nor Kinnikinic.)

Kinnikinnick: creek and village, Ross County, Ohio. (Not Kinnickinnick.)

Kinnimicut: see Conimicut.

Kinnimiki: creek, T. 32 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Skookoleel Creek from south, Flathead County, Mont.

Kinokitan: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Guinoguitan, Kinoquitan, nor Quinoguitan.)

Kinsale: village, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Kin Sale.)

Kintire: township, Redwood County, Minn. (Not Knitire.)

Kintla: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 05′ W., in small glacier, flowing northwest, west, and southwest through Kintla lakes, into Flathead River.

Kintla: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 114° 11′ W., southwest slope of Kintla Peak.

Kintla: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center near lat. 48° 58′ N., long. 114° 19′ W. One of the larger mountain lakes; length nearly 6 miles, two-thirds mile wide, 4,000 feet high.

Kintla: peak, altitude 10,100 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 10′ W.

Kioka: see Kiokee.

Kiokee: creek, Dougherty County, Ga. (Not Kioka.)

Kiolakaa: land division partly in Government ownership, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Kiomakaa.)

Kiomakaa: see Kiolakka, T. H.

Kios: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ginos nor Quios.)

Kioto: see Kyoto.

Kiowa: peak, altitude, 13,101 feet, about a mile east of Continental Divide, 14½ miles south of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Kiowa: see Copeland, mountain, Colo.

Kip: creek, small tributary to North Badger Creek, Pondera County, Mont.

Kip: see Maple, island, N. Y.

Kipahoehoe: land division, in Government ownership, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kipahulu: old district, southeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, east Maui; now included in Hana District, T. H.

Kipahulu: village, southern coast of east Maui, T. H.

Kipapa: ditch, diverting freshet water from east side of Kipapa Stream, Oahu, T. H.

Kipapa: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southward, joining Waikakalaua Stream to form Waipahu Stream, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Kiphiggon: see Higgon.

Kipniak: Kipniuk: see Black, river, village, Alaska.

Kipot: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guipot nor Quipot.)

Kipp: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising on south slope of Mount Kipp, near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 51′ W., flowing southwest and southeast into Mineral Creek.

Kipp: mount (Mount Kipp), altitude 8,800 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 50′ W. Named for Capt. James Kipp, who built Fort Piegan at the mouth of Marias River in 1831, a trading post.

Kippax: see Eramosh.

Kipu: land division, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Kiragnay: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Quiragnay, Quirangay, nor Quirañgay.)

Kirby: creek, Hot Springs County, Wyo., formed by the junction of its West and East Forks in sec. 13, T. 42 N., R. 92 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northwest into Big Horn River in sec. 33, T. 44 N., R. 94 W. Said to be named for an old trapper.

Kirby: creek, western channel of Eagle Creek, west of Richland, Baker County, Oreg. (Not Little Eagle.)

Kirby: see Lake, creek, Wyo.

Kirghiz: steppe region, and an autonomous Soviet Socialist republic, Asia; Turk. Qirghiz.†

Kirid: see Krētē.

Kirin: prov. China (Manchuria), and city (ancient capital of the Manchus).

Kirkcaldy: seaport, Fife county, Scotland, on Firth of Forth; 56° 7′ N., 3° 10′ W.

Kirker: landing, Ohio River, Mason County, Ky. (Not Kirker's.)

Kirker: pass, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Kirkers, Quercus, nor Quereus.)

Kirk-Kilissa: see Kirklareli.

Kırklareli (Kirk-Kilissa): vilayet and town, Turkey in Europe; Turk. Kırklareli (the first "i" is written without a dot); Bulg. Lozen;† Gr. Saranta Ekklēsiai.†

Kirman: see Kerman.

Kischinew: see Chişinău.

Kishaqua: see Keshequa.

Kishenehn: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in British Columbia, Canada, crossing international boundary, near long. 114° 22′ W., flowing southwest into Flathead River.

Kishinev: see Chişinău.

Kishiniv: see Chişinău.

Kiska: island, about 22 miles long, western one of the Rat Islands, lat. 52° N., long. 177° 30′ E., western Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Kyska.)

Kiskiminetas: junction, town and railroad station, in Allegheny Township, Westmoreland County, Pa., on the Pennsylvania Railroad at the junction of the Kiskiminetas and Allegheny Rivers. (Not Kiskiminitas.)

***Kiskiminetas:** river, formed at town of Saltsburg, in Conemaugh Township, Indiana County, Pa., by junction of Loyalhanna Creek and Conemaugh River, flowing northwest, entering Allegheny River in Westmoreland County opposite town of Freeport. (Not Kiskiminitas.)

***Kiskiminetas:** township, Armstrong County, Pa. (Not Kiskiminitas.)

Kiskiminitas: see Conemaugh.

Kiskiminitas: see Kiskiminetas.

Kismet: creek, tributary to Marten Creek from northwest, in sec. 32, T. 25 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not Bear nor Zechinder.)

Kispest: a s. e. suburb of Budapest, Hungary; 47° 29′ N., 19° 7′ E.

Kisselen: bay, at the head of Beaver Bay, Unalaska, lat. 53° 43′ N., long. 166° 33′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Kissialiak nor Worsham.)

Kissialiak: see Kisseln.

Kitang: barrio, Pasacao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Guitan nor Quitang.)

Kitatinny: see Kittatinny.

Kit Carson: peak, Sangre de Cristo Range, Custer and Saguache Counties, Colo. (Not Frustum.)

Kitch-e-lus: see Keechelus.

Kitchen: brook, Cheshire Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not West.)

Kitchener: city, s. Ontario, Canada; formerly Berlin; 43° 25′ N., 80° 35′ W.

Kitchepedrache: see Ketchepedrakee.

Kitchikan: see Ketchikan, village.

Kitoi: see Whale.

Kits: see Kitt, peak, Ariz.

Kit sil: see Keet Seel, Ariz.

***Kitt:** peak, Pima County, Ariz., in T. 17 S., R. 7 E., in Quinlan Mountains, Papago Indian Reservation. (Not Kitts nor Kits.) Named for Mrs. Wm. F. Kitt.

***Kittatinny:** mountains, northern part of New Jersey. (Not Kitatinny.)

Kitten: pass, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, between the Outer and Rabbit Islands of Pye Islands, near lat. 59° 21′ N., long. 150° 23′ W.

Kittiwake: see Whale.

Kittleman: see Kett'eman.

Kittredge: lake, western side Willamette River, below Guild Lake, and 2½ miles below Portland, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Kittredges.)

Kitts: see Kitt, peak, Ariz.

Kitts Hummock: sandy hillock, shore of Delaware Bay, Kent County, Del. (Not Kitt's Hammock nor Kittshammock.)

Kittyhawk: bay, Albemarle Sound, Currituck County, N. C. (Not Kitty Hawk.)

Kiukpalik: island, in northwestern side of Shelikof Strait, about 18 miles southwest of Cape Douglas, lat. 56° 36′ N., long. 153° 34′ W., Alaska. (Not Kaiukhlipalik.)

Kiungchow: city, Hainan island, Kwangtung prov., s. China; 20° N., 110° 20′ E.

Kiushiu: see Kyushu.

Kiushu: see Kyushu.

Kivalina: river, entering the Arctic Ocean at lat. 67° 51′ N., long. 164° 48′ W., Alaska. (Not Kevuleck, Kevulik, Kivalena, Kivalinagmiut, Kiv-a-lin-yah, Kiveleena, Kivelow, Kivilenya, nor Kuveleek.)

Kivalinagmiut: see Kivalina.

Kivandeba: lake, sec. 34, T. 64 N., R. 6 W., Lake County, Minn.

Kiveleena: see Kivalina.

Kivelow: see Kivalina.

Kivilenya: see Kivalina.

Kiwanda: cape, Tillamook County, Oreg. (Not Sand Cape.)

Kiwassa: lake, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Lonesome Pond.)

Kiyiv: see Kiev.

Kjøbenhavn: see Köbenhavn.

***Kjölen:** mtn. range bet. Sweden and Norway.

Klag: bay, north of Khaz Bay and west of Anna Lake, southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 38′ N., long. 136° 05′.6 W., connected with Khaz Bay by Coleman Passage and The Gate, southeastern Alaska. (Not Klagh.)

Klag: island, south end of Klas Bay, between bay and Coleman Passage, Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 37′.3 N., long. 136° 05′.6 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Degroff.)

Klagh: see Klag, bay, Alaska.

Klaheela: see Klehini.

Klaheena: see Klahini.

Klahini: river, tributary to Burroughs Bay, Behm Canal, lat. 56° 03′ N., long. 131° 04′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Cahona nor Klaheena.)

Klahostah: see Sail, rock, Wash.

Klaipeda (Memel): seaport, Lithuania; Ger. Memel; 55° 40′ N., 21° 5′ E.

Klamath: see Link.

Klaskain: Klaskania: Klaskonine: see Clatskanie.

Klausenburg: see Cluj.

Klebiate Spring: see Cottaquilla.

Kleheena: see Klehini.

Klehini: river, tributary to Chilkat River, flowing southeast across the International Boundary Line, near lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 136° 22′ W., British Columbia and southeastern Alaska. (Not Klaheela, Kleheena, Kluheena, Kluheeny, Kluhini, nor Tlehini.)

Klein: see Kline, Pa.

Klein: see Kline, W. Va.

Klein Crux: see Cruz.

Klethla: valley, Coconino and Navajo Counties, Ariz., chiefly in Hopi Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 27′ N., long. 110° 45′ W. (Not Klethla.)

Kletomus: creek, draining Moose Lake, T. 33 N., Rs. 21 and 22 W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not Cletomus.)

Kletsan: creek, flowing northward from Yukon, Canada, crossing the International Boundary (between Alaska and Canada) in lat 61° 39′.7 N., and joining the White River at lat. 61° 44′.3 N., long. 141° 01′ W., Alaska. (Not Copper, Klet-san-dek, nor Klutson.)

Kletsan: see Natazhat, glacier, Canada-Alaska.

Klet-san-dek: see Kletsan.

Klikakillah: see Tlikakila.

Klikaklik: see Latouche.

Klim: creek, northern Alaska, on the south slope of Brooks Range, tributary on the east bank of Nimiuktuk River, Noatak River, near lat. 68° 29′, long. 160°.

Kline: gap, Grant County, W. Va. (Not Klein.)

Kline: township, Schuylkill County, Pa. (Not Klein.)

Klinefelter Wash: see Piute.

Klinkwan: see Koianglas, village, Alaska.

Kliuchef: peninsula, southeastern Alaska, west coast Baranof Island, in vicinity of Hot Springs Bay and Mount Kliuchef, near lat. 56° 51′.

Klokachef: island and point on the southwestern end, lat. 57° 04′.5 N., long. 135° 53′ W., entrance to Salisbury Sound, southeastern Alaska. (Not Fortuna, Klokatcheff, nor Vincent.)

Klokacheff: see Salisbury, sound.

Klondike: river, tributary to Yukon River, and village, Yukon, Canada, near the International Boundary Line. (Not Chandik, Chandike, Chandindu, Deer, Klondyke, nor Reindeer.)

Klondike: village, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Klondyke nor Worthville.)

Klondike, The: valley, Piscataquis County, Me., at head of Wassataquoik stream, west of Mount Katahdin.

Klondyke: see Klondike.

Kluheena: Kluheeny: Kluhini: see Klehini.

Klumma Gutta: Klumu Gutta: see Taku.

Klutlan: glacier, rises in Alaska, flows eastward and crosses the International Boundary (between Alaska and Yukon) near latitude 61° 27′ N.

Klutson: see Kletsan, creek, Canada-Alaska.

Klutson: see Natazhat, glacier, Canada-Alaska.

Klutter: mountain, a ridge 4 miles long and 8,700 feet in altitude, Archuleta County, Colo., T. 33 N., R. 1 W., New Mexico meridian, near lat. 37° 06′ N., long. 106° 57′ W., San Juan National Forest. Local name given for one of the first settlers in the region.

Klutuk: creek, entering Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, from the west, about half mile below village of Ekwok, lat. 59° 22′ N., long. 157° 28′ W.

Knapp: landing, Columbia River, Clark County, Wash. (Not Knapp's.)

Knapp: see Manzanita, island.

Knapp: point, about ½ mile below Knapp Landing, Columbia River, Clark County, Wash. (Not Halfway.)

Knife: lake, between Carp and Cypress Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake Co., Minn., International Boundary.

Knight: see Lower.

Knitire: see Kintire.

Knob: see Boussole, promontory, Alaska.

Knobly: mountain, Grant and Mineral Counties, W. Va. (Not Knobley.)

Knob Noster: city, Johnson County, Mo. (Not Knobnoster.)

Knoll: prominent one, 500 feet high, on western side entrance to Iniskin Bay, lat. 59° 39′ N., long. 153° 28′.5 W., northern coast Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Knoll: see Nichols, point, Alaska.

Knowat: see Nowat.

Knox: post light, Illinois River, Scott County, Ill. (Not Knox's.)

Knox Bar: post light, Ohio River Beaver County, Pa. (Not Knox's Bar.)

Knoxville: city, in Knox Co., Tennessee, on the Tennessee River, near lat. 35° 58′ N., long. 83° 55′ W. Population in 1930, 105,797. (Pronounced, nŏks′-vĭl.)

Knub: hill (altitude 1,840 feet), just west of Dry Bay, northern shore Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 153° 11′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Knubble: bay, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Nubble.)

Koaie: stream, rising on western slope of main divide, flowing southwestward to Waimea River, through a deep, picturesque canyon which extends nearly to its source, north-central Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Kobe: pr. kō-bĕ; seaport, s. coast of main island; Japan; alternative Jap. off. romanization, Kōbe or Kôbe; 34° 40′ N., 135° 10′ E.

Köbenhavn (Copenhagen): capital of Denmark; Dan. Köbenhavn or København, formerly Kjøbenhavn; Fr. Copenhague; Ger. Kopenhagen; 55° 40′ N., 12° 35′ E.

København: see Köbenhavn.

Koblenz (Coblenz): city, Rhine prov., Prussia, Germany; Ger. Koblenz, formerly Coblenz; Fr. Coblence; 50° 20′ N., 7° 35′ E.

Kobuk: river, large, tributary to Hotham Inlet, east of Kotzebue Sound, lat. 66° 45′ N., long. 161° 45′ W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Kowak, Putnam, Kooak, Kubuk, nor Kuvuk.)

Kocaeli: see Izmit.

Kočevje: pr. kochevye; district and town, n. w. Yugoslavia; Ger. Gottschee; 45° 39′ N., 14° 51′ E.

Kochi: seaport, s. Shikoku island, Japan; alternate Japanese off. romanization, Kôti; 33° 35′ N., 133° 30′ E.

Kochtaheene: see Hoktaheen.

***Kodiak:** island, large, south of Cook Inlet and east of Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, center near lat. 57° 30′ N., long. 153° 30′ W. (Not Kadiak.)

Kofu: city, cen. part of main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Kôhu; 35° 45′ N., 138° 35′ E.

Koggiung: village, at mouth of Kvichak River, near lat. 59° 02′ N., long. 156° 50′ W., Alaska. (Not Kogiung.)

Kogon: see Cogon, P. I.

Kogton: see Kogtong, P. I.

Kogtong: barrio, Candijay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cogton, Cogtong, Cugtong, nor Kogton.)

Kohala: ditch, diverting water from the west side of Awini and Honokane Streams, Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kohala: mountains, deeply eroded on northern slopes; highest elevation, 5,489 feet, northern Hawaii, T. H.

Kohala: village, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kohala, North: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in northern Hawaii, T. H.

Kohala, South: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in northwestern Hawaii, T. H.

Kohala (upper): ditch, diverting water at a high elevation from Honokane Stream, Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Koheanu: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea just north of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Koheaka.)

Koheo: point, near long. 159° 34′, W. southern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Huali.)

Koholalele: land division and landing, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kôhu: see Kofu.

Koianglas: abandoned Haida Indian village, east of Pond Bay, on western shore of Long Island, Kaigani Strait, Alexander archipelago, Alaska, in approximately lat. 54° 48′ N., long. 132° 42′ W. (Not Klinkwan nor Korahunglus.)

Koiawe: stream, tributary to Waipio River, rising on northern slope of Kohala Mountains, entering Waipio River from the west, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Koil: see Aligarh.

Koimbatur: see Coimbatore.

Koip: peak and ridge, on boundary between Mono and Tuolumne Counties, Calif. (Not Ko-it.)

Ko-it: see Koip.

Koja-Ili: see Izmit.

Kokand: city, Uzbek S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 40° 30′ N., 71° E.

Kokee: stream, tributary to Waimea River from the north, upper Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Koko Head: two tufa craters, elevation of higher, 1,205 feet; elevation of lower, 644 feet, southeast Oahu, T. H.

Kokonak: see Kakhonak.

Kokosing: river, Coshocton and Knox Counties, Ohio. (Not Kokoshing, Owl Creek, nor Vernon.)

Koksuktapaga: see Casadepaga.

Kokura: seaport, ext. n. Kyushu island, Japan; 33° 50′ N., 130° 55′ E.

Kokwok: river, tributary from the northwest to the Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, at approximately lat. 59° 15′ N., long. 157° 28′ W. (Not Kakuak nor Kakwok.)

Kola: peninsula bet. the White Sea and the Arctic Sea, n. w. U. S. S. R. (Russia).

Kolasi: see Culasi, P. I.

Kolea: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Kolekole: pass, between Leilehua Military Reservation and Lualualei Valley on the south, Waianae Range, west Oahu, T. H.

Kolekole: stream, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing eastward into sea a short distance north of Honomu post office, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kolelemook: lake, Springfield, Sullivan County, N. H. (Not Station Pond.)

Koliganek: native village, on the west bank of the Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, at the mouth of Nuyakuk River, in lat. 59° 28′ 30″ N., long. 157° 31′ W. (Not Kalignak.)

Kollago: barrio, Lagayan Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Collago nor Cullago.)

Köln (Cologne): city on the Rhine, w. Germany; Ger. Köln or Cöln; Fr. and conv. Eng. Cologne; 50° 57′ N., 6° 55′ E.

Koloa: district, Kauai County; political subdivision in southern Kauai east of Hanapepe River and south of Haupu Ridge, T. H.

Koloa: land division, landing, and village, Koloa District, south Kauai, T. H.

Koloa: stream, rising on southern slope of main divide, flowing southward into sea, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Kolongkolong: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Colong, Colongcolong, nor Kolong Kolong.)

Kolozsvár: see Cluj.

Kol-u-gru'a: see Meade, river.

Komo: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on the west rim of Walhalla Plateau, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 01′ W.

Kona, North: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in western Hawaii, T. H.

Kona, South: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in southwestern Hawaii, T. H.

Konahuanui: peak, elevation, 3,105 feet, south of Nuuanu Pali Pass, Koolau Range, east Oahu, T. H.

Konarut: mountain, altitude 4,918 feet, Nushagak region, Alaska, between the upper end of Nuyakuk and Chauekuktuli lakes, lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 159° 17′ W. Reported as a native name meaning "the source."

Kongmoon: seaport, Kwangtung prov., s. China, near Hong Kong; also called Pakhai; 22° 31′ N., 113° 5′ E. Not Kongmun.

Kongmun: see Kongmoon.

Konia: see Konya.

Konieh: see Konya.

Königsberg: cap., E. Prussia; n. e. Germany; Pol. Krolewiec; 54° 45′ N., 20° 30′ E.

Königshütte: see Królewska Huta.

Konink: point, 220 yards east of Caret Bay and 200 yards north of 286-foot hill, northern shore of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Koniougi: see Koniuji.

Koniuji: island, altitude 1,113 feet, northwest of Atka Island near lat. 52° 13′ N., long. 175° 10′ W., middle Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Koniougi.)

Konkapot: river, Berkshire County, Mass., and Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Mill.)

Konochti: see Konokti.

Konohiki: stream, flowing eastward into sea, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Konokti: mountain, western side Clear Lake, Lake County, Calif. (Not Kanakti, Kanokti, Konochti, nor Uncle Sam.)

Konstantinopel; Konstantinoupolis: see Istanbul.

Kontlalhevena: Kontlechebna: see Kontrashibuna.

Kontrashibuna: lake, east of Clark Lake, near lat. 60° 12′ N., long. 154° 05′ W., drained by Tanalian River, Alaska. (Not Brooks, Contlechebna, Kontlalhevena, Kontlechebna, Kumthrashibuna, Kunthrashiboona, nor Kunthrashibuna.)

Kontrashibuna: see Tanalian.

Konwakiton: glacier, Mount Shasta, Siskiyou County, Calif. (Not McCloud.)

Konya (Konia): vilayet and town, Turkey; Ital. Conia; Gr. Ikonion;† Lat. Iconium; 37° 50′ N., 32° 25′ E. Not Konieh, Qonia.

Koo: see Kuk.

Kooak: see Kobuk.

Koochiching: county, Minn. (Formed December, 1906, from part of Itasca County.)

Koochiching: falls, Rainy River, near Fort Frances, Koochiching County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Chaudiere.)

Koogrock: see Kougarok.

Koogrook: see Kugrupaga.

Kook: see Basket, bay.

Kook: see Kuk.

Kook-pow-rook: see Kukpowruk.

Koolau: ditch, beginning at weir near Kopiliula, at mouth of Nahiku Ditch, extending westward across country to division weir at Alo Stream, intercepting the streams east of Honomanu Stream, east Maui, T. H.

Koolau: gap, north rim of Haleakala Crater, east Maui, through which later lava streams poured into Keanae Valley, T. H.

Koolau: old district, northeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, east Maui; now included in Hana District, T. H.

Koolauloa: district, in city and county of Honolulu; political subdivision in northeastern Oahu, T. H.

Koolaupoko: district, in city and county of Honolulu; political subdivision in southeastern Oahu, T. H.

Koonthrashiboona: see Tanalian.

Koopee: creek, T. 36 N., Rs. 23 and 24 W., tributary to Whale Creek from north between Inuya and Ninko Creeks, Flathead County, Mont.

Koopowra: see Kuparuk.

Koos: see Coos.

Koosmus: see Goosmus.

Kootenai: pass, over Continental Divide, lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 54′ W., Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont. (Not Haines.)

Kootenai: peak, 8,517 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 113° 56′ W.

Kootenai: river, Idaho, and Montana. (Not Kootanie, Kootenie, Kootienay, nor Swan.)

Kootenai Mountain: see Curly Bear.

Kootenai: see Mission Range, Mont.

Kootienay: see Kootenai, river.

Koo-to-ark: Kootoark: see Kutuk.

Kootsno: see Kootznahoo.

Kootznahoo: inlet, about 10 miles long, tributary to Chatham Strait, indenting west side of Admiralty Island, near lat. 57° 31′ N., long. 134° 36′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hoochinoo, Hoosnoff, Houchnou, Hudsunoo, Khutz-n'hu, Kootsnoo, Koutsnou, nor Kutznou.)

Kopenhagen: see Köbenhavn.

Kopiliula: stream, rising on northeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Kopsi: creek, T. 36 N., R. 24 W., tributary to Bluesky Creek from south, Lincoln County, Mont.

Korahunglus: see Koianglas, village, Alaska.

Korelock: village, Ontonagon County, Mich. (Not Ballentine nor Lake Gogebic.)

Korçë (Koritsa): town, s. Albania; Alb. Korçë or Korça, pr. kôrcha; Gr. Korytsa;† Serb-Croat, Gorica, pr. goritsa. Not Gorcha, Goritsa, Korcha.

Korcha: see Korçë.

***Korea:** see Chosen.

Korga: small island in Redoubt Bay, Sitka Sound, Alaska, near lat. 56° 56′ N., long. 135° 24′ W. (Not Crow.)

Koritsa: see Korçë.

Koriyama: city, Fukushima prefecture, main island, Japan; 37° 25′ N., 140° 25′ E.

Koroška: see Kärnten.

Korovin: bay, northwestern side of Atka Island, near lat. 52° 16′ N., long. 174° 26′ W., middle Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Korovinski.)

Kortadilla: see Cortadilla, P. I.

Koruška: see Kärnten.

Korytsa: see Korçë.

Košice: pr. kō′shē-tse; city, e. Czechoslovakia; Mag. Kassa; Ger. Kaschau; 48° 42′ N., 21° 15′ E.

Kosili: barrio, Bangued Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cocili, Cosili, or Cusili.)

Koskanok: see Kaskanak.

Kostroma: city on the Volga, n. e. of Moskva, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 57° 40′ N., 40° 50′ E.

Kota-Bato: see Cotabato, P. I.

Kotchin: see Cochin.

Kôti: see Kochi.

Kotleana: see Katlian.

Kotor (Cattaro): town, s. Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Kotor; Ital. Cattaro; 42° 25′ N., 18° 46′ E.

Kottbus: see Cottbus.

Kotzebue: sound, northwest coast of Alaska, Arctic Ocean, on and near the Arctic Circle, north side of Seward Peninsula, east and southeast of Cape Espenberg and Cape Krusenstern. So named by Kotzebue in 1816.

Kou: see Kuiu.

Kouang-Tchéou-Wan: see Kwangchowan.

Kouds: see Jerusalem.

Kougarok: river, tributary to the Kuzitrin near lat. 65° 15′ N., long. 164° 34′ W.; mining district; mining town, near lat. 65° 16′ N., long. 164° 34′ W.; mountain, altitude 2,787 feet, near lat. 65° 41′ N., long. 165° 12′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Koogrock, Kougrok, Kugrock, Kugruk, nor Kugruk City.)

Kougukuk: see Turner, river.

Koujulik: see Kujulik.

Koukouai: stream, rising on southwestern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing southeastward into sea near Kipahulu, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Kouloulak: see Kulukak.
Koumloun: see Kumliun.
Koutsnou: see Kootznahoo.
Kovno: see Kaunas.
Kowak: see Kobuk.
Kowloon: mainland city, part of Br. colony of Hong Kong; 22° 20′ N., 114° 10′ E.
Kowno: see Kaunas.
Koyoukut: see Koyukak.
Koyuktolik: bay, about 4 miles westward of Port Chatham, east side of Cook Inlet, lat. 59° 14′ N., long. 151° 46′ W., Alaska. (Not Dogfish nor Hiko-Bukta.)
Koyuktulik: see Kuiutulik.
Koyukuk: mountain, on north bank of Yukon River, just below the mouth of Koyukuk River, Alaska. (Not Koyoukut.)
Koyukuk: river, tributary to the Yukon River, near lat. 64° 55′ N., long. 157° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Koyoukut.)
Kozian: see Cozian.
Krabbepan: point, near center of Fortuna Bay, at foot of 300-foot hill, south shore of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.
***Kragnes:** township, Clay County, Minn.
Krain: see Carniola.
Krakau: see Kraków.
***Kraków (Cracow):** prov. and city, s. w. Poland; ancient cap. of Poland; Pol. Kraków, pr. krä′kŭf; Fr. Cracovie; Ger. Krakau; 50° 5′ N., 19° 55′ E.
Kranj: see Carniola.
Krasnodar: formerly Ekaterinodar, city on Kuban river, North Caucasian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 45° 2′ N., 39° E.
Krasnoyarsk: city, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic), on Yenisei river, and on Trans-Siberian R. R.; 56° 5′ N., 92° 55′ E.
Krause: lagoon, area of pools, channels, mudbanks, and mangrove islets, southern coast St. Croix Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Krusse.)
Krause: point, near long. 64° 46′ W., on southern coast of St. Croix Island, Virgin Islands.
Kreevija: see Russia.
Krefeld: pr. krā′felt; Rheinland; w. Germany; 51° 23′ N., 6° 30′ E. Not Crefeld.
Kremenchug: city on Dnieper river, Ukrainian S. S. R. Soviet Union (Russia); 49° 5′ N., 33° 25′ E.
Kresson: town, Camden County, N. J. (Not Milford.)
Krestof: island, north end of Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 11′ N., long. 135° 30′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Cross, Krestoff, nor Krestov.)
Krestof: sound, enclosed by Krestof, Kruzof, and Partofshikof Islands, lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 135° 35′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Cross, Krestoff, nor Krestov.)
Krestov: see Krestof.
Krētē (Crete): island, s. Greece; Gr. Krētē;† Fr. Crète; Ital. Creta; old Turk. Kirid.† (Not Candia.)
Kreyenhagen: foothills, west side of Kettleman Plain, western Fresno and Kings Counties, Calif.
Krishka: island, west coast Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, on south side of Whale Bay, at Great Arm entrance, near lat. 56° 36′ N.
Krishna Shrine: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 111° 57′ W.
Kristiania: see Oslo.
Krk (Veglia): island and town, ext. n. Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Krk, pr. kerk; Ital. Veglia, pr. velya; 45° 5′ N., 14° 35′ E.
Kroatien: see Croatia.
Krolewiec: see Königsberg.
Królewska Huta: pr. kruléfska húta; Ger. Königshütte; city, s. w. Poland; 50° 18′ N., 18° 58′ E.
Kronstadt: fortress and seaport, n. w. U. S. S. R. (Russia), on island in Gulf of Finland, near Leningrad; 59° 55′ N., 29° 35′ E. (Not Cronstadt.)
Kronstadt (Rumania): see Braşov.
Krugloi: point, southernmost one of Halleck Island, north of head of Sitka Sound, near lat. 57° 11′ N., long. 135° 27′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Round.)

Krum: bay, deep inlet, 150 yards wide, 800 yards long, between hills at Regis and Mosquito Points, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Great Krum nor Store-Krum.)

Krusenstern: cape, northern side entrance to Kotzebue Sound, near lat. 67° 07′ N., long. 163° 40′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Kruzenstern.)

Krušné hory: see Erz Gebirge.

Krusse: see Krause.

Kruzenstern: see Krusenstern.

Kruzof: island, about 21 miles long, west of Baranof Island and enclosing Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 10′ N., long. 135° 43′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Croose, Edgecumbe, Pitt, San Jacinto, St. Lazaria, Sitka, nor Tleekh.)

Ktaadn: see Katahdin, mountain.

Kuakan: point, northern extremity of Deer Island, east of Ernest Sound, southeastern Alaska.

Kuangchou: see Kwangchowan.

Kuba: see Cuba.

Kubi: see Cubi, P. I.

Kubuk: see Kobuk.

Kuby: see Cubi.

Kucher: creek, northern Alaska, tributary from south to Etivluk River, a south branch of Colville River, near long. 155° 45′ N.

Kue-ga-rack: see Kugarak.

Kuenlun: see Kunlun.

Kugak: see Kukak.

Kugarak: river, tributary to the Selawik River, from the north, near the Arctic Circle and long. 159° W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Kue-ga-rack.)

Kugat: see Kukak.

Kugidach: see Pogromni.

Kugrock: see Kougarok.

Kugruk: river, flowing into Kotzebue Sound just east of Cape Deceit, lat. 66° 03′ N., long. 162° 40′ W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Swan.)

Kugruk: Kugruk City: see Kougarok.

Kugrupaga: river, flowing into the Arctic Ocean at long. 166° 45′ W., Seward Peninsula, northwestern Alaska. (Not Koogrook nor Kugruk.)

Kuiaha: stream, rising on northwestern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing into sea east of Maliko Gulch, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Kuikuiula: see Kukuiula, T. H.

Kuiu: island, large, about 65 miles long, of the Alexander Archipelago, west of Kupreanof Island, center near lat. 56° 28′ N., long. 134° 03′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kou.)

Kuiutulik: river, entering Norton Bay 3½ miles northeast of Bald Head, lat. 64° 46′ N., long. 161° 24′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Koyuktulik.)

Kujulik: bay, southeastern side of Alaska Peninsula, immediately north of Chignik Bay, lat. 56° 36′ N., long. 157° 50′ W., Alaska. (Not Koujulik.)

K. U. Junction: see Hedges.

Kuk: river, on the northwest coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, tributary to Wainwright Inlet, near long. 159° 46′ W. It includes the estuary extending from Karmuk Point, 30 miles south, and the stream to the junction of Kaolak and Ketik Rivers. (Not Kook nor Koo.) Eskimo name meaning *river*.

Kukaiau: land division and village, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kukak: bay and village, east coast Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 58° 20′. (Not Kugak nor Kugat.)

Kukak: volcano, on the east coast of Alaska Peninsula, 10 miles northwest of Kukak Bay, Shelikof Strait, near lat. 58° 27′ 09″ N., long. 154° 21′ 40″ W. (Not Kugak nor Kugat.)

Kukkan: bay, small, indenting southwestern side of Herbert Graves Island, western coast of Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 40′ N., long. 136° 14′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Kukkan: passage, southeastern Alaska, along south shore Herbert Graves Island, connecting Kukkan Bay with Ogden Passage, near lat. 57° 40′.

Kukpowruk: river, flowing into the Arctic Ocean between Cape Lisburne and Icy Cape, near lat. 69° 43′ N., long. 162° 55′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Kook-pow-rook.)

Kukuihaele: village, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kukuipahu: land division, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Kukuiula: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing southeastward into sea west of Kipahulu, Hana District, Maui, T. H. (Not Kuikuiula.)

Kula: old district, western slope of Haleakala Mountain, east Maui; now included in Makawao District, T. H.

Kulahao: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Culajao nor Kulajao.)

Kulajao: see Kulahao, P. I.

Kulanakii: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, Hawaii; entering sea near Maulua Gulch, T. H. (Not Kulanakii (Papaa) nor Papaa (Kulanakii).)

Kulasi: see Culasi, P. I.

Kuliat: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Culiat nor Cullat.)

Kuliat: barrio, Caloocan Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Caliat nor Culiat.)

***Kuliat:** barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Coliat nor Culiat.)

Kulich: see Kulichkof.

Kulichavak: see Kvichavak.

Kulichkof: islet, and reefs near by, in Sitka Sound, lat. 56° 59′.5 N., long. 135° 26′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kulich, Kulitch, Kulitzkoff, nor Snipe.)

Kuliouou: land division, partly in Government ownership, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Kulis: barrio, Hermosa Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Culis.)

Kulitch: see Kulichkof.

Kulitnak: see Holitna.

Kulitzkoff: see Kulichkof.

Kuliugmiut: see Kuliuk.

***Kuliuk:** cape, west side of Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 48′ N., long. 153° 56′ W., Alaska. (Not Kuliugmint.)

Kullichaha: see Kully Chaha.

Kulliinla: village, McCurtain County, Okla. (Not Kulli Inla.)

Kulluspelm: see Pend Oreille.

***Kully Chaha:** township, Le Flore County, Okla. (Not Kullichaha.)

Kulo: barrio, Bago Municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Culo nor Culu.)

Kulo: barrio, Dinalupihan Municipality, Batan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Colo.)

Kulo: barrio, Pulupandan Municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Culo.)

Kulukak: bay, northern shore of Bristol Bay, near lat. 58° 53′ N., long. 159° 43′ W., Alaska. (Not Kouloulak.)

Kulun: see Urga.

Kumamoto: city, w. Kyushu island, Japan; 32° 50′ N., 130° 45′ E.

Kumliun: cape, southern shore of Alaska Peninsula, north side of Chignik Bay, lat. 56° 31′ N., long. 157° 50′ W., Alaska. (Not Koumloun nor Kumtiak.)

Kümri: see Leninakan.

Kumthrashibuna: see Kontrashibuna.

Kumtiak: see Kumliun.

Kumukahi: cape, extreme eastern point of Hawaii, T. H.

Kumukahi: see Kaulakahi, T. H.

Kumunuiakea: stream, on lower southeastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea near Papaikou, Hawaii, T. H.

Kuna: ditch, diverting water from the east side of Hanalei River, Hanelei District, Kauai, T. H.

Kuna: river, northwestern Alaska, on north slope of Brooks Range, tributary on south bank of upper Colville River, near lat. 68° 55′ N., long. 157° 50′ W. Eskimo word said to mean "goose," in reference to the many geese seen here by the United States Geological Survey expedition, 1925.

Kunakaiole: see Kuunakaiole, T. H.

Kungok: river, including estuary at mouth on Arctic coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, on east bank Kuk River, Wainwright Inlet, near lat. 70° 27′, long. 159° 30′. Eskimo name.

Kunguk: see Buckland.

Kunjamuk: creek, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not Cogaminck, Congamunck, Cungermuck, nor Kunjamuc.)

***Kunlun:** mts., Tibet and Sinkiang. (Not Kuenlun, Kwenlun.)

***Kunming:** see Yünnanfu.

Kunthrashiboona: Kunthrashibuna: see Tanalian.

Kunthrashiboona: Kunthrashibuna: see Kontrashibuna.

Kuparuk: river, debouching on Arctic Coast 40 miles east of Colville River, near long. 148° 45′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Koopowra nor Kupowra.)

Kupowra: see Kuparuk.

Kupreanof: island, large, 52 miles long by 28 miles wide, lat. 56° 45′ N., long. 133° 25′ W., of the Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Kupreanoff.)

Kupreanof: mountain, altitude 2,426 feet, southern side of Kupreanof Strait, westward of Dry Spruce Bay, lat. 57° 56′ N., long. 153° 06′.5 W., Kodiak Island, Alaska.

Kupreanof: point, southern shore of Alaska Peninsula, northeast of the Shumagin Islands, near lat. 55° 34′ N., long. 159° 37′ W., Alaska. (Not Kupreanoff.)

Kupreanof: strait, 20 miles long, between Raspberry, Afognak, and Kodiak Islands, lat. 58° 00′ N., long. 153° 10′ W., Alaska.

Kure: island, in the northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago near lat. 28° 25′, long. 178° 25′. (Not Cure, Ocean, nor Papapa.)

Kure: seaport, s. w. part of main island, Japan; 34° 15′ N., 132° 32′ E.

***Kurile Islands:** see Chishima.

Kurilski Ostrova: see Chishima.

***Kuroshio:** Japanese or "Black" current, Pacific Ocean. Not Kuroshiwo, Kurosio.

Kuroshiwo: Kurosio: see Kuroshio.

Kursk: city, s. of Moskva, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 51° 44′ N., 36° 15′ E.

Kurtistown: see Olaa, T. H.

Kurume: city, n. Kyushu, Japan; 33° 20′ N., 130° 30′ E.

Kurupa: creek, northern Alaska, tributary on the south bank of Colville River, near long. 155° W.

Kusalvak: see Kusilvak.

Kushaqua: see Keshequa.

Kushiro: seaport, e. Hokkaido, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Kusiro; 42° 57′ N., 144° 30′ E.

Kusilvak: island, Yukon Delta, Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Kusalvak.)

Kusiro: see Kushiro.

Kuskokwim: large bay indenting western Alaska from the northeast shore of Bering Sea, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 162° 20′ W.; and large river flowing into the bay from the north. (Not Kuskoquim.)

Kussilof: see Kasilof.

Kussilow: see Kasilof.

Küstenland: former "Coast Province" of Austria, now comprising ter. of Italy and of Yugoslavia (small part).

Kutais: city, Georgia, Transcaucasian S. F. S. R. Soviet Union (Russia). 42° 19′ N., 42° 44′ E.

Kutanie: see Waterton, lake.

Kutch: see Cutch.

Kutchuma: group of islets, Sitka Harbor, near lat. 57° N., long. 135° 18′.6 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Boidarkin nor Kutchiuma.)

Kutloot: see South, island, Alaska.

Kutoark: Kutuark: see Kutuk.

Kutuk: river, tributary to Alatna River from the north near lat. 67° 32′ N., long. 154° 08′ W., Alaska. (Not Koo-to-ark, Kootoark, Kutoark, nor Kutuark.)

Kutusoff: see Kutuzof.

Kutuzof: cape, on northern shore of Alaska Peninsula, 22 miles northeast of Port Moller near lat. 56° 17′ N., long. 160° 20′ W., Alaska. (Not Kutusoff.)

Kutzkatna: creek, Matanuska Valley, Alaska, lat. 61° 49′ 30″ N., long. 148° 05′ W. Reported to be native word for canyon.

Kutznou: see Kootznahoo.

Kuunakaiole: point, near long. 159° 36′ 30″ W., southern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kunakaiole.)

Kweleek: see Kivalina.

Kwuk: see Kobuk.

***Kvichavak:** river, between Kuskokwim and Yukon Rivers and tributary to the Kuskokwim from the west, western Alaska. (Not Kulichavak.)

Kvikhpak: see Yukon.

Kwagunt: butte and creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 14′ N., long. 111° 50′ W.

Kwagunt: canyon, of Kwagunt Creek, Coconino County, Ariz., entering Marble Gorge of Grand Canyon on west side, near lat. 36° 15′ N.

Kwahteetah: see Katete.

Kwain: lake, southeastern part Annette Island, about 1 mile southwest of Kwain Bay, lat. 55° 04′.7 N., long. 131° 24′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Khwain.)

Kwanchengtze: see Changchun.

Kwangchow: see Kwangchowan.

***Kwangchowan (Kwangchow):** Fr. leased territory on s. coast of China; Fr. alternate spelling, Kouang-Tchéou-Wan; 21° 15′ N., 110° 30′ E. Not Kuangchou, Kwang-chow-wan, Quang-tchéou.

Kwang-chowfu: see Canton.

Kwang-chow-wan: see Kwangchowan.

Kwangsi: prov., s. China.

Kwangtung: prov., s. China. Not Kwantung.

Kwangtung: (leased territory): see Kwantung Leased Territory.

Kwantung Leased Territory: portion of Liaotung peninsula, Manchuria, leased to Japan. Not Kwangtung.

Kwantung (province): see Kwangtung.

Kweichau: see Kweichow.

Kweichow: prov., s. w. China proper. (Not Kweichau.)

Kweiyang: city, Kweichow prov., s. w. China proper; 26° 30′ N., 106° 50′ E.

Kwenlun: see Kunlun.

Kwichpack: Kwichpak: see Yukon.

Kwikpak: channel or pass, northwest pass of the Yukon River Delta, mouth in lat. 63° 07′ N., long. 164° 35′ W., parallel to Kawanak Pass, Alaska.

Kwikpuk: river, Kuskokwim District, lat. 63° N., long. 155° W., Alaska. (Not Big River nor Kwikpukna.)

Kwinak: village, eastern shore of Kuskokwim Bay, mouth of Kanektok River, lat. 59° 44′ N., long. 161° 50′ W., Alaska. (Not Kwinhagamut nor Quinhagak.)

Kwinhagamut: see Kwinak.

Kwopi Shamo: see Gobi, The.

Kyewaw: see Kiawah.

Kyoto: city, w. main island, Japan; more correctly written Kyōto; alternative Jap. off. romanizations, Kioto, Kyôto; 35° N., 135° 45′ E.

Kypros: see Cyprus.

Kyska: see Kiska.

Kyushu: s. large island of Japan. (Not Kiushiu, Kiushu, Kyushyu.)

Kyushyu: see Kyushu.

L

La Abra: plain or valley, T. 17 S., R. 7 W., Pima County, Ariz.

Laau: point, the southwest point of the island of Molokai, T. H. (Not Ka Lae o ka Laau nor Kalaeokalaau.)

Laauokala: eastern point of entrance to Waimea River, near long. 159° 40′, Kauai, T. H.

Labac: barrio, Calauan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon: barrios, in Cuenca and Lipa Municipalities, Batangas Province, Luzon: and barrio, Naic Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Labac: barrio, Pangil Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Labak.)

Labadie: creek and railroad station, Franklin County, Mo. (Not Labaddie.)

Labak: see Labac, P. I.

Labangan: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Labangan: barrios, in Cebu and Tabogon Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Labangon.)

Labangon: see Labangan, P. I.

La Barge: creek, tributary to Salt River east of Willow Springs Creek, near Mormon Flat, about 30 miles from Mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Labarge: see Laberge.

Labayug: barrio, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Labbeng: barrio, Cabugao Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Labbeng: barrio, Kayapa Municipality, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Labeng.)

Labbeng: barrio, Sanchez Mira Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Labeng: see Labbeng, P. I.

***Laberge:** lake, Yukon District, Canada. (Not Labarge nor Lebarge.)

Labo: municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

La Boca: see Balboa, Panama.

Laboon: see Labuon, P. I.

Labouchere: island, entrance to Labouchere Bay, Sumner Strait, lat. 56° 17′.6 N., long. 133° 40′.3 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Ship.)

Labrador: mainland ter. of Newfoundland, e. of Quebec.

Labuon: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Laboon nor Labu-on.)

La Caldera: see Caldera, reef.

La Canée: see Khania.

La Carlota: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Lacarpe: creek, Ottawa County, Ohio. (Not La Carpe nor Lacarne.)

Lac des Quatre Cantons: see Lucerne (lake).

Lac des Roches: see Rock, lake, N. D.

Lace: river, mainland of Alaska, emptying into Berners Bay, near lat. 58° 50′ N., long. 134° 56′ W.

La Ceiba: pr. lä sā′bä; city, n. Honduras; 15° 46′ N., 86° 50′ W.

Lacey Lane: post light, Ohio River, Cabell County, W. Va. (Not Lacey's.)

Lachbuna: lake, west side of Clark Lake, and tributary to it, near long. 155° W., Alaska. (Not Ingersol nor Lawsbina.)

Lachine: town, s. Quebec, Canada; on canal on the St. Lawrence around Lachine rapids; 45° 25′ N., 73° 40′ W.

La Cholla: see Las Choyas.

Lackawaxen: river, Pike County, Pa. (Not Lackawaxen Creek.)

Lac LaCroix: lake, between Iron and Loon lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Cross, Kekwakwan, Lake La-Croix, Nameukan, Namoukan, Nequa-kaun, Nequaquon, nor Nequawkaun.)

Lac La Mar: see Parent.

Lac la Pluie: see Rainy.

Lacock: bar, Ohio River, near Freedom, Beaver County, Pa. (Not Lacock's Bar.)

La Corogne: see Coruña, La.

La Coruña: see Coruña, La.

La Creole River: see Rickreall.

Lacroix: see Grays, post light, Mo.

La Croix: see Lac La Croix.

La Crosse: city and county, Wisconsin. (Not Lacrosse.)

Lac qui Parle: township and village, Lac qui Parle County, Minn. (Not Lac-qui-parle.)

Lac Superieur: see Superior, lake.

Lacundi: see Lagundi, P. I.

Lacy: see Alexander Magee, brook, Pa.

Lacygne: city, Linn County, Kans. (Not La Cygne.)

Ladder: island, on north side of Kiliuda Bay, Alaska, Kodiak Island, about 3 miles inside the entrance, near lat. 57° 18′ N., long. 152° 55′ W. Suggested because there was a native's ladder for scaling the cliffs, hanging at the south end of this island.

Ladhiqiye: see Lattaquié.

Ladikiya: see Lattaquié.

Ladoga: pr. lä′do-ga; lake, bet. s. e. Finland and U. S. S. R. (Russia); 61° N., 31° E.

Ladore: see Canyon of Lodore.

Ladron: see Ladrones.

Ladrones: islands, group at Trocadero Bay entrance, Bucareli Bay, long. 133° 05′, southeastern Alaska. (Not Ladron nor Robber.)

La Du: post light, Columbia River, and precinct, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not La Du's nor La Due.)

Ladue: river, Alaska, tributary to White River, Canada, at lat. 63° 09′ N., long. 140° 27′ W., crossing International Boundary at lat. 63° 16′ N., long. 140° W. (Not La Due.)

Lady: island, Columbia River, abreast of Camas Town, 14 miles above Vancouver, Clark County, Wash. (Not Ladys.)

Lady Washington: peak (Mount Lady Washington), sec. 31, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., about a mile northeast of Longs Peak, Larimer County, Colo.

Lae Kailiu: Lae Kalioi: see Kailiu, Cape, T. H.

Lae Kaonohi: see Lae o Kaonohi, T. H.

Lae Lipoa: point, near lat. 22° 08′, eastern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Lae o Makalea nor Papaloa.)

Laeloa: see Barbers, point, T. H.

Lae o Kaonohi: cape, near long. 159° 33′ 20″, northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Lae Kaonohi nor Kaowahi.)

Lae o Makahoa: see Makahoa, T. H.

Lae o Makalea: see Lae Lipoa, T. H.

Lae Oniea: see Pohakuloa, T. H.

Lafayette: city, Lafayette Parish, Louisiana. (Not La Fayette.)

Lafayette: tidal river, entering Norfolk Harbor at mouth of Elizabeth River just north of Norfolk, Va. (Not Tanner Creek nor Tanner's Creek.)

Lafayette: town, Chambers County, Ala. (Not La Fayette.)

Lafayette: town, Chippewa County, Wis. (Not La Fayette.)

Lafayette: town, Christian County, Ky. (Not La Fayette.)

Lafayette: township, Bremer County, Iowa. (Not La Fayette.)

Laferty: railroad station, Belmont County, Ohio. (Not Lafferty.)

Laffingal: hamlet, Cherokee County, Ga. (Not Laffing Gal nor Laughing Gal.)

Lafourche: bayou (Bayou Lafourche), in Ascension, Assumption, and Lafourche Parishes, southeastern Louisiana. (Not La Fourche.)

Lafourche: parish and village, southeastern Louisiana. (Not La Fourche.)

Lagadlarin: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lagaldarin.)

Lagaldarin: see Lagadlarin, P. I.

Lagangilang: township, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lagayan: township, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lagben: barrio, Lagangilang Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Layben.)

Lagnatong: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Langatong nor Langatoñg.)

Lago: see Flamingo.

Lagoma: bay, northeastern cove of Roller Bay, west coast Noyes Island, southeastern Alaska.

Lagona: see Laguna Beach.

Lagonoy: municipality, Ambos Camarines Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lagoon: point, prominent salient on western shore Coral Bay, ⅔ mile north Sabbat Point, St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Lagoon, The: small lake, Coos County, Oreg., in center of sec. 32, T. 27 S., R. 14 W.

Lagoons, The: see Cut, creek, Oreg.

La Gorce: mountain (Mount La Gorce), altitude 3,315 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, on north shore Iliuk Arm of Naknek Bay, near lat. 58° 33′ N., long 155° 30′ W.

La Grand: township, Douglas County, Minn. (Not La Grande.) Named after La Grand Blythe, an early settler.

La Grange: district and town, Oldham County, Ky. (Not Lagrange.)

Lagrange: town, Lagrange County, Ind. (Not La Grange.)

Lagrange: town, Penobscot County, Me. (Not La Grange.)

La Grasse: see Grass, river, N. Y.

Lagtangan: see Lagtangon, P. I.

Lagtangon: barrio, Maribojoc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Lagtangon: barrio, Sevilla Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Lagtangan.)

La Guaira: pr. lä gwī'ra; city, seaport for Caracas, Venezuela; 10° 38′ N., 66° 54′ W.

Laguan: Lagugan: see Laoang, P. I.

Laguimbanua: Laguinba Este: Laguinbanua: Laguinbanuan: Laguinba Oeste: see Laguingbanua, P. I.

Laguingbanua: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Laguimbanua, Laguinbanua, nor Laguinbanuan.)

Laguingbanua: barrio, Lezo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Laguinba Este, Laguinba Oeste, nor Laguinbanua.)

Laguio: barrio, Ragay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Loguis.)

Laguna: province, central Luzon, P. I. (Not La Laguna.)

Laguna: stream, Amador and Sacramento Counties, Calif. (Not The Laguna nor Willow Creek.)

Laguna: see Laguna Beach.

***Laguna Beach:** city, Orange County, Calif. (Not Lagona nor Laguna.)

Laguna de Bay: lake, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bai Lake.)

Laguna de Flamingos: see Flamingo.

Laguna de la Merced: see Merced.

Laguna de los Flamencos: see Flamingo.

Laguna Madre: large bay, Nueces, Kleberg, Kennedy, Willacy, and Cameron counties, Tex., on southern coast from Corpus Christi Bay, near lat. 27° 40′ N., to the mouth of the Rio Grande. (Not Laguna Del Madre.)

Laguna Salado: see Bovido.

Laguna Seca: creek, Merced County, Calif., heading in center of T. 12 S., R. 10 E., draining foothills between Ortigalito and Little Panoche Creeks, and emptying into the San Joaquin Valley. (Not Salt nor Wildcat.)

Lagundi: barrio, Quingua Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lacundi.)

Lagunitas: creek, rising on north slope Mount Tamalpais and emptying into head Tomales Bay, Marin County, Calif. (Not Paper Mill.)

Lahaina: district, Maui County; political subdivision in west Maui, including Lanai Island, T. H.

Lahaina: roadstead and village, on west coast of west Maui; formerly the old capital of the Hawaiian Kingdom, T. H.

Lahainaluna: see Kanaha, stream, T. H.

***La Harpe:** city, Allen County, Kans. (Not Laharpe.)

La Haye: see 's Gravenhage.

Lahore: city, Punjab, India; 31° 45′ N., 74° 20′ E.

L'Aia: see 's Gravenhage.

Laibach: see Ljubljana.

Laie: bay, northeast coast of Oahu, T. H.

Laie: land division and village, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Laird: see Grand Liard; Petit Liard.

Lairey: see Cedar, island, Me.

Laireys: island, northern one of White Islands Group, West Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Lairey's nor Pole.)

Lairson: see Larison.

Lake: butte, 8,600 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 31′ N., long. 110° 16′ W.

Lake: creek, Carbon County, Mont., flows into Rock Creek near the south line of T. 8 S., R. 19 E., Montana principal meridian. (Not Lake Fork.) There are several lakes on its headwaters.

Lake: creek, Hot Springs County, Wyo., rises in central part T. 42 N., R. 90 W., sixth principal meridian and empties into Kirby Creek in sec. 9, T. 43 N., R. 92 W. (Not Kirby.)

Lake: creek, in the Mount McKinley region, Alaska, tributary to Yentna River from the north, 10 miles below Skwentna River, near lat. 61° 55′ N., long. 150° 58′ W. (Not Mentalik.)

Lake: creek, tributary to Los Pinos River, Hinsdale and La Plata Counties, Colo. (Not Lake Fork.)

Lake: creek, in the northeastern part of Clearwater County, Idaho, rising in Fish Lake on the west slope of Bitterroot Mountains and flowing northwest into Clearwater River. (Not Fish Lake.)

Lake: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 33′ N., long. 113° 25′ W., flowing east into Cut Bank Creek (South Fork).

Lake: mountain, Salmon River Mountains, Lemhi County, Idaho, at head of Lake Creek, 4 miles northwest of Williams Lake, near lat. 45° 02′ N., long. 114° 05′ W.

Lake: valley, east of Schell Creek and Ely Ranges, extending northward from Pioche to Geyser, Lincoln County, Nev. (Not Duck nor Patterson Wash.)

Lake: see Leake, township, Ark.

Lake: see Lake City, township, Kans.

Lake: see Middle Piney, creek, Wyo.

Lake Bay: creek, southeast of Stevenson Island, connecting Barnes Lake with Lake Bay, northeastern part Prince of Wales Island, near lat. 56° 01′ N., long. 132° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska.

***Lake City**: township and village, Barber County, Kans. (Not Lake.)

Lake Creek: see Rainbow, river, Alaska.

Lake Fork: see Lake, creek, Mont.

Lake Gogebic: see Korelock, Mich.

Lake Mary: valley, T. 20 N., R. 8 E., Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Little.)

Lake of the Crags: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 47′ N., long. 110° 47′ W., the western of three lakes draining southeast into Jenny Lake—a lake lying far above timberline and surrounded on all sides but the east by bristling crags.

Lake of the Isles: lake, Wells Island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Waterloo.)

Lake of the Sun: see Ozette.

Lake of the Woods: lake, on international boundary, Kenora and Rainy River Districts, Ontario, and Lake of the Woods and Roseau counties, Minn.

Lake of the Woods: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 43′ W., 5 miles north of Norris Geyser Basin.

Lake Park: village, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Lakepark.)

Lakeport: town and township, Woodbury County, Iowa. (Not Lake Port.)

Lake River: see Eleanor.

Lakes: see Plateau, creek, Mont.

Laketown: township, Carver County, Minn. (Not Lake Town.)

Lake 27: see Robinson, lake, Mich.

Lake Victoria Nyanza: see Victoria, Lake.

Lakeview: village, Covington County, Ala. (Not Lake View.)

Lakeview Peak: see Black, mountain, Utah.

Lakeville: township and village, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Lake Ville.)

Lakolaho: creek, T. 32 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Big Creek from south, west of Kinnimiki Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

La Laguna: see Laguna, P. I.

Lalakea: land division, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Lalamilo: land division, in Government ownership, South Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Lalanigan: Lalauigan: see Lalawigan, P. I.

Lalawigan: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lalauigan.)

Lalawigan: barrio, Samal Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lalauigan.)

Lalawigan: barrio, Borongan Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Lalanigan nor Lalauigan.)

La Linea: see Linea, La.

Lal-lo: Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lalloc.)

Lalud: barrio, Goa Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Salud.)

Lamac: see Lamak, P. I.

Lamacan: see Lamakan, P. I.

Lamak: barrio, Dumanjug Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu.

Lamak: barrio, Hilongas Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Lamac.)

Lamak: barrio, Mandaue Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Lamac nor Lamoc.)

Lamakan: barrio, Argao Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Lamacan nor Lamocan.)

Lamakan: barrio, Sibonga Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Lamacan.)

Lamaloloa: land division, partly in Government ownership, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Lamangbayan: see Lumangbayan, P. I.

Lamar: canyon, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Lamar River, near lat. 44° 55′ N., long. 110° 18′ W., about 6 miles above mouth of river.

Lamar: river, Yellowstone National Park and Park County, Wyo. (Not East Fork of the Yellowstone.)

Lamarck: creek, a headwater of Bishop Creek, heading in Lamarck Mountain, Inyo County, Calif.

Lamarck: mountain, Inyo County, Calif.

Lamb: gulch, eastern slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in secs. 27 and 28, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about 1 mile south of Sheep Canyon. Reported to be named after early prospector in Gold Hill District.

Lambert: point, Elizabeth River, Norfolk County, Va. (Not Lambert's.)

Lambert Dome: see Lembert Dome.

Lamberts: cove, Vineyard Sound, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Lombards nor Lumbards.)

Lambeth: a s. div. of London, England; 51° 30′ N., 0° 7′ W.

Lameshur: bays and estate, southern coast St. John Island, intersected by long. 64° 48′ 25″ W, Virgin Islands. (Not Lamesure.)

Lamesure: see Lameshur.

Lamine: township and village, Cooper County, Mo. (Not La Mine.)

Lamington: river and town, Somerset County, N. J. (Not Lammington.)

Lamitar: Lamitas: see Lemitar.

Lammington: see Lamington.

Lamoc: see Lamak, P. I.

Lamocan: see Lamakan, P. I.

***La Monte:** city and township, Pettis County, Mo. (Not Lamonte.)

Lamott: coulee, branch of Goulding Creek, Musselshell County, Mont.

***La Motte:** town, Jackson County, Iowa. (Not Lamotte.)

***La Moure:** county and city, La Moure County, N. Dak. (Not L'Moure nor Lamoure.)

La Moure: see Ryan, township, N. Dak.

Lampa: creek, tributary to Coquille River from south, T. 28 S., R. 13 W. Coos County, Oreg.

Lamphere Dock: post light, Hudson River, Greene County, N. Y. (Not Lamphere's Dock.)

Lamphier: lake, sec. 11, T. 51 N., R. 3 E., Gunnison County, Colo. (Not Chaney.)

Lamplugh: glacier, ice tongue on southern side of Reid Inlet, Glacier Bay, between Johns Hopkins and Reid Glaciers, Alaska. After G. W. Lamplugh, English geologist, who visited Glacier Bay in 1884.

Lanai: island, in private ownership south of Molokai, west of Maui, more than 50 sea miles southeast of Honolulu; 18 miles long, 10 miles wide; highest point, 3,400 feet; area 139 square miles included in Lahaina District, Maui County, T. H.

Lanao: barrio, Bangui Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lanao: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Lanaw.)

Lanaw: see Lanao.

Lanawan: barrio, Pastrana Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Linawan.)

Lancashire: county (=Lancaster county) n. w. England.

Lancaster: city and seaport, Lancashire, England; 54° 4′ N., 2° 50′ W.

Lancaster: see Winter, point, Fla.

Lancaster county: see Lancashire.

Lancelot Point: headland, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near north rim of canyon, and lat. 36° 19′ N., long. 112° 17′ W.

Lanchow: city, capital of Kansu prov., n. w. China proper; 36° 15′ N., 103° 50′ E.

Landan: see Pandan, P. I.

Landenberg: village, Chester County, Pa. (Not Landenburg.)

Lander: see Cottonwood, creek, Wyo.

Landerdale: see Lauderdale.

Landes: pr. länd; coastal dept. and natural region, ext. s. w. France.

Landmark: peak, altitude 6,240 feet, sec. 10, T. 43, N., R. 6 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Land Mark.)

Landmark, The: mountain, 8,800 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 42′ W.

Landsdown: see Lansdowne.

Lands End: cape, Cornwall county, ext. s. w. England; 50° 5′ N., 5° 45′ W.

Landsman: creek, rising in southwest corner Kit Carson County, Colo., tributary to the Republican River from the southwest. The name is of German origin. Not Lastmans, Launchman, nor Lostmans.

Lane: peak, three-pointed, altitude 6,000 feet, in Tatoosh Range, rising ⅓ mile northwest of Cliff Lake, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. After the late Franklin K. Lane, former Secretary of the Department of the Interior.

Lane's: see Mosher.

***Lanford Station:** town, Laurens County, S. C. (Not Langford's Station.)

Langatoñg: Langatong: see Lagnatong, P. I.

Langbay: see Vessup.

Langdon: glacier, near head of Port Nellie Juan, near lat. 60° 25′ N., long. 150° 58′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Langell: valley, Ts. 40 and 41 S., Rs. 13 and 14 E., southern part Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Langells.)

Langell Valley: village, T. 41 S., R. 14 E., southern part Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Langells Valley.)

Langells: see Langell.

Langensee: see Maggiore.

Langford: creek and town, Kent County, Md. (Not Lankford's.)

Langford: mountain (Mount Langford), altitude 10,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 25′ N., long. 110° 18′ W. Named by the Washburn party, 1870, for N. P. Langford, first superintendent of the Yellowstone National Park, and who made the first authentic sketch of the Yellowstone Lake from the summit of this mountain.

Langford's Station: see Lanford Station.

Langhery: see Laughery.

Langiden: township, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Langlee: island, Hingham Harbor, Mass. (Not Chandler's nor Langley.)

Langley: see Corcoran, mountain, Calif.

Langrells: creek, 4 miles east of Elliott, tributary to Nanticoke River, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Langrell's, Longrell, nor Longrells.)

Langs Pond: see Mirror, lake, N. H.

Langtang: see Lantang, P. I.

Languis: see Lankis, P. I.

Lanham: railroad station, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Lanhams.)

Lanihuli: peak, elevation, 2,781 feet, north of Nunanu Pali Pass, Koolau Range, east Oahu, T. H.

Lankford's: see Langford.

Lankis: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Languis nor Lanquis.)

Lankiwa: barrio, Binan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lanquigua, Lanquiua, nor Lanquiwa.)

Lanquigua: see Lankiwa, P. I.

Lanquis: see Lankis, P. I.

Lanquiua: Lanquiwa: see Lankiwa, P. I.

Lansdowne: railroad station, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Landsdown nor Lansdown.)

Lansing: capital of Michigan, in Ingham Co. on the Grand River, near lat. 42° 46′ N., long. 84° 34′ W. Population in 1930, 78,397. (Pronounced, lăn′-sing.)

Lansing: lake (Lake Lansing), Ingham County, Mich., north of Haslett, in sec. 11, T. 4 N., R. 1 W. (Not Pine.) Name approved by resolution of board of supervisors, Ingham County, and State Committee on Geographic Names, April 22, 1930.

Lantang: barrio, Valencia Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P.I. (Not Langtang.)

Laoaan: see Lawaan, P. I.

Laoac: see Laoak, P. I.

Laoac Este: see Laoak (Este), P. I.

Laoag: see Laog, P. I.

Laoag: municipality, Provincial Capital, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Laoak: barrio, Tayug Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Laoac.)

Laoak (Este): barrio, Manaoag Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Laoac, Laoac Este, nor Loac.)

Laoang: bay, island, and town, northern coast of Samar, P. I. (Not Laguan nor Lagugan.)

Laodicea; Laodikeia: see Lattiquié.

Laog: barrio, Angat Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Laoag.)

Laomou-Ho: see Lwan.

Lapacan: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Lapakan.)

Lapakan: see Lapacan, P. I.

La Pasa del Medio: see Falucho.

La Paz: barrio, Carmen Municipality, and barrio, Cortes Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Dela Paz.)

La Paz: municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

La Paz: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

La Paz: pr. lä päs′; prov. and city, Bolivia; 16° 40′ S., 68° W.

La Peregrina: see Swains.

La Perouse: pinnacle, 120 feet high, off the center of the southwestern edge of French Frigate Shoal, northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago, near lat. 23° 46′ N., long. 166° 18′ W. After Jean François de Galaup de la Pérouse, great French navigator, who discovered it in 1786.

Lapham: hill, Delafield Town, T. 7 N., R. 18 E., Waukesha County, Wis. (Not Government.)

Laplace: see Schoolcraft.

Lapland: region inhabited by the Lapps, northern Norway, Sweden, Finland, and Russia. Not Lappland.

La Plata: pr. lä plä′tä; seaport city, Argentina; 34° 54′ S., 57° 59′ W.

La Plata: river, tributary to San Juan River, southwestern Colorado and northwestern New Mexico. (Not Plata nor Rio la Plata.)

Laplata: village, Deaf Smith County, Tex. (Not La Plata.)

La Platte: river, tributary to Lake Champlain from east, at Shelburne, Chittenden County, Vt. (Not La Platt, La Plotte, Laplop, Laplotte, Platt, nor The Plot.)

Lapo: see Lapog: Lupi, P. I.

Lapoel: point, southern shore Lake Crescent, sec. 32, T. 30 N., R. 9 W., Clallam County, Wash. (Not Pancake.)

Lapog: bay, and municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lapo.)

Lapolapo: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lapo-Lapo nor Lapo Lapo.)

Laporte: borough and township, Sullivan County, Pa. (Not La Porte.)

La Porte: city, La Porte County, Ind. (Not Laporte.)

Laporte: see La Porte City.

***La Porte City:** town, Blackhawk County, Iowa. (Not Laporte.)

Lappland: see Lapland.

La Purisima: see La Purisima Concepcion, P. I.

La Purisima Concepcion: barrio, Calabanga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not La Purisima.)

La Purisima Concepcion: land grant, Santa Clara County, Calif. (Not La Purissima Concepcion.)

Lara: pr. lä'rä; state, n. cen. Venezuela.

La Rancheria: see Rancheria.

Larch: butte, Clearwater County, Idaho, in sec. 24, T. 37 N., R. 7 E., Boise meridian, Clearwater National Forest. (Not Tamarack.) The close proximity of Tamarack Butte and Tamarack Ridge has been a source of confusion in fire-control work. Larch (western larch) is the official common name for the tree Larix occidentalis, sometimes erroneously called tamarack.

Larch Point: peak at head of Larch Creek, sec. 27, T. 23 N., R. 31 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Larena: municipality, Oriental Negros Province (subprovince Siquijor), Siquijor, P. I.

Large: see Bolshoi.

Large Bridge: see Sipapu.

Larison: creek and peak, Lane County, Oreg., on west bank of Middle Fork, Willamette River, near lat. 43° 42′ N., long. 122° 28′ W. (Not Lairson nor Larrison.) Local name after George Larison, an early settler.

Larkenlund: see Reseau.

Larken's Ferry: see Larkins Ferry.

Larkins: creek, rising in Larkins Lake, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., flowing northwesterly, emptying into Little North Fork Clearwater River, sec. 13, T. 42 N., R. 6 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Larkins: lake, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., south of Larkins Creek; Shoshone County, Idaho.

Larkins Ferry: post light, Ohio River, Owensboro, Ky. (Not Larken's Ferry.)

La Romana: pr. lä ro-män'a; town, Dominican Republic.

Larrison: see Larison.

Larsen: see Latax.

***La Rue:** village, Marion County, Ohio. (Not Larue.)

Larzatita: island, westernmost island in San Christoval Channel, lat. 55° 34′.8 N., long. 133° 19′.7 N., Alaska.

Lasa: see Lhasa.

Lasaan: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lazaam nor Laza-an.)

***La Salle:** city, county, and township, La Salle County, Ill. (Not Lasalle.)

Las Alamos: see San Antonio, creek, Calif.

Las Animas: see Purgatoire, river, Colo.

Las Animas: see Animas, river, N. Mex.

Las Casetas: village, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Las Casitas nor Los Casitos.)

Las Choyas: valley, near San Diego, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Chollas, La Cholla, nor Las Chollas.)

Las Garzas: see Garza.

Las Gatas: see Los Gatos.

Lashkar: city, cen. India; 26° 15′ N., 78° 15′ E.

Lasiocarpa: ridge, northern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Las Moras: creek, mountain, and spring, Kinney County, Tex. (Not Los Moras.)

Las Palmas: see Palmas, Las.

Las Penasquitas: see Los Penasquitos.

La Spezia: see Spezia, La.

Las Pinas: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Las Pulgas: see Pulgas.

Lassen: peak, southeastern part Shasta County, Calif. (Not Mt. Lassen.)

Lassen: see Brokeoff.

Lassion: see Lisianski, island.

Last: see Isle Derniere.

Las Tablas: pr. läs täb'läs; town, Panama; 7° 52′ N., 80° 23′ W.

Las Tampas: see Las Trampas.

Last Chance: creek, rising in Yukon, Canada, flowing across the international boundary in lat. 64° 50′ N., and joining the Yukon River, near Eagle, at lat. 64° 51′.3 N., long. 141° 05′ W., Alaska.

Las Tiendas: see Tent Hills.

Lastmans: see Landsman.

Las Trampas: creek, peak, and ridge, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Las Tampas nor Sugarloaf.)

La Syrie: see Syria.

Latah: creek, tributary to Spokane River from southeast, at Spokane, Spokane and Whitman Counties, Wash., and Benewah County, Idaho. (Not Camas Prairie, Hangman, Hangmans, Hangman's, nor Lautaw.)

Latakia: see Lattaquié.

Latax: rocks, chain of three islets, 60, 50, and 30 feet high, with uncovering reefs, 3 or 4 miles north of Shuyak Island, east of north entrance to Shelikof Strait, Alaska. (Not Larsen nor Sea-Otter.)

Lätimaa: see Latvia.

Latimer: reef, near Fishers Island, Long Island Sound, N. Y. (Not Latimer's.)

Latintown: see Lattintown.

Latir: peak, altitude 12,467 feet, northeast of Venado Peak, Sangre de Cristo Range, Taos County, N. Mex.

Latis Langua: see Terlingua.

Latona: village, King County, Wash. (Not Loosna.)

Latouche: highest point on southeast side of Latouche Island, 2,255 feet high, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 59° 59′, long. 147° 55′.

Latouche: island, large, in southwestern part of Prince William Sound, lat. 60° N., long. 147° 55′ W., Alaska. (Not Foot Island, Klikaklik, nor Kilkalit.)

Latouche: passage, about 10 miles long, between Latouche Island and Elrington and Evans Islands, lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 147° 59′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Foot, Klikaklik, nor Kilkalit.)

Latouche: post office and village, northwestern shore of Latouche Island, near lat. 60° 03′ N., long. 147° 54′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Latourell: falls and prairie, Multnomah County, Oreg., in T. 1 N., R. 5 E., Willamette meridian. (Not Latourelle.)

***La Trappe:** creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Dividing nor Trappe River.)

La Trinidad: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

La Trinité: see Trinidad.

Lattaquié or **Ladhiqiye** (**Latakia**): pr. latakia; seaport, and capital of the Govt. of Lattaquié, n. w. Syria; Arabic, El Ladhiqiya† or Ladhiqiye;† Fr. Lattaquié; Gr. Laodikeia;† Lat. Laodicea; 35° 32′ N., 35° 58′ E. Not Ladikiya.

Lattintown: village, Marlboro Town, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Latintown nor Lattingtown.)

Latvia: republic, n. Europe, bet. Estonia and Lithuania; Lett. (and Lith.) Latvija, pr. látveya; Est. Lätimaa; Fr. Lettonie; Swed. and Ger. Lettland; Pol. Łotwa.

Latvija: see Latvia.

Laua: see Lawa, P. I.

Laua-an: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Laua-an: see Lawaan, P. I.

Lauacan: see Luakan, P. I.

Lauaguin: see Lawagin, P. I.

Lauan: see Lawaan, P. I.

Lauang-Bato: see Lawangbato, P. I.

Lauang Cupang: see Lawangkupang, P. I.

Laucan: see Luakan, P. I.

Lauderdale: town, St. James Parish, La. (Not Landerdale.)

Lauderick: creek, Harford County, Md. (Not Loderick, Luckwick, nor Ludwig.)

Lauderick: see Swaderick.

Laughery: township, Ripley County, Ind. (Not Langhery.)

Laughing Fish: see Rock, river, Mich.

Laughing Gal: see Laffingal.

Laughingwell: branch, tributary to Beaverdam Creek, Johnson County, Tenn., rising on northwest slope of Iron Mountain, near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 81° 49′ W., flowing northwest into Beaverdam. (Not Chalk.) After a man named Laughingwell who had a hunting camp near the head of the stream many years ago.

Laughton's Bayou: see Callaway.

Lauin: see Lawin, P. I.

Lauis: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Islands, P. I. (Not Lavis nor Lawis.)

Launchman: see Landsman.

Launiupoko: ditch, diverting water from north side of Launiupoko Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Launiupoko: land division, privately owned, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Launiupoko: stream, rising on southwestern slope of west Maui, flowing southwestward into sea, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Laupahoehoe: land division, in Government ownership, *Hamakua District*, Hawaii, T. H.

Laupahoehoe: land division, partly in Government ownership, and village, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Laupahoehoe: stream, entering sea through a deep gulch of the same name at Laupahoehoe, eastern slope of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, T. H.

Lauramie: township, Tippecanoe County, Ind. (Not Laurance.)

Laurel: canyon, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Kimball.)

Laurel: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 10. T. 18 S., R. 32 E., flowing into Kern River in sec. 4, T. 18 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park.

Laurel: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 47′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., about three-quarters mile west of Beaver Dick Lake. The mountain slopes below this lake are densely grown with Ceanothus, commonly called laurel in this region.

Laurel: run, Garrett County, Md. (Not Little Laurel Run.)

Laurel: see Quarry, creek, Tenn.

Laurel Gap: see Baileyton.

Lausanne: city on Lake Geneva, s. w. Switzerland; Ital. Losanna; 46° 32′ N., 6° 40′ E.

Lautaw: see Latah.

Lau-ting-hyen: see Lotinghsien.

Lava: butte and canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 111° 50′ W.

Lava: creek, tributary to Clarence Strait, 3 miles south of Salmon Bay, northeastern shore of Prince of Wales Island, near lat. 56° 16′, southeastern Alaska.

Lava: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., flowing northerly into Gardiner River.

Lava: lake, head of Cascade Creek, Gallatin County, Mont.

Lava Creek: canyon, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., *extends on Lava* Creek for 1½ miles above its junction with Gardiner River Canyon.

Lava Divide: watershed, between Park and Rainbow Creeks, southeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

La Valle: creek, Missoula County, Mont., with a narrow drainage basin, flowing from approx. sec. 22, T. 15 N., R. 19 W., Montana meridian, southwesterly to the plain of Clark Fork, in T. 14 N., R. 20 W. (Not Ravalli nor Valley.) The approved name is supported by local usage.

***La Valle:** town and village, Sauk County, Wis. (Not Lavalle.)

Lavalleja: pr. lä-vä-lyeh′hä; dept. Uruguay; 31° 2′ S., 57° 3′ W.

La Valleta: see Valletta.

Lavandera: rocks (two), between Cabeza de Perro and Inner Piraguas Rock, P. R.

La Vega: pr. lä vā′ga; town, Dominican Republic; 19° 18′ N., 70° 29′ W.

La Verkin: creek, Iron and Washington counties, Utah, rising in T. 39 S., R. 11 W., Salt Lake meridian, flows southwest into the Rio Virgin. (Not Le Verken.)

La Veta: peak, Huerfano County, Colo., Sangre de Cristo Range, near lat. 37° 36′ N., long. 105° 06′ W. (Not Veta.)

Lavezares: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Lavis: see Lauis, P. I.

Lavisa: see Levisa Fork.

La Vista: point, St. Johns River, Duval County, Fla. (Not Philips nor Phillip's.)

Lawa: barrio, Meycauayan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Laua.)

Lawa: barrio, Obando Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Laua.)

Lawaan: barrio, Alcantara Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Lawaan: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Lawaan: barrio, Dumanjug Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Laua-an, Lauaan, nor Lawaan.)

Lawaan: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Lawaan: barrio, Laoang Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Laoaan nor Lauaan.)

Lawaan: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay P. I. (Not Laua-an, Lauaan, nor Lauan.)

Lawaan: barrio, Tagum Municipality, Davao Province, Mindanao: and barrio, Talisay Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Lawaan: barrio, Wright Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Lauaan.)

Lawagin: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Precinct, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lauaguin, nor Lawaguin.)

Lawaguin: see Lawagin, P. I.

Lawai: land division, stream, flowing southward into sea, and village, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Lawangbato: barrio, Polo Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lauang-Bato nor Lawang Bato.)

Lawangbato: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lauang-Bato, Lauang Bato, nor Lawang Bato.)

Lawangcupang: see Lawangkupang, P. I.

Lawang Dato: see Lawangbato, P. I.

Lawangkupang: barrio, La Paz Municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lauangcupang nor Lawangcupang.)

Lawangkupang: barrio, San Antonio Municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lauang Cupang, Lawang-Kupang, nor Leauang Cupang.)

Lawin: sitio, Kawit Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lauin, nor Sawin.)

Lawis: see Lauis, P. I.

Lawrence: glacier, Blackstone Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 41′ N., long. 148° 38′ W. Named for Lawrence University, Appleton, Wis.

Lawrence: point, north shore of Long Island, near Astoria, Queens County, N. Y. (Not Lawrence's.)

Lawrence: see Crysler.

Lawsbina: see Lachbuna.

Lawson: lake, Coeymans Town, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Lawton.)

Lawsons Run: see Lostmans.

Lawton: see Lawson.

Layben: see Lagben, P. I.

Layog: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Layug.)

Layug: see Layog, P. I.

Lazaam: see Lasaan, P. I.

Laza-an: see Lasaan, P. I.

Lazi: municipality, Oriental Negros Province (subprovince Siquijor), Siquijor, P. I.

Lazy Lady: island, St. Albans Bay, Lake Champlain, Vt. (Not Ram.)

Leaches: see Wallace, lake.

Leach's: see Gross.

Leachville: see Leechville.

Leacos Cay: see Icacos Cay.

Lead: see Middle Beaver, creek, Wyo.

Leah: see Red Buttes.

Leahi: see Diamond Head, T. H.

Leake: township, Nevada County, Ark. (Not Lake.)

Leamington: precinct and town, Millard County, Utah. (Not Lemington.)

Leantavitch: see Leontovich.

Learnard: glacier, north of Passage Canal, Prince Willaim Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 47′ N., long. 148° 44′ W. (Not Longfellow.) After Lieut. H. G. Learnard, United States Army.

Leauang Cupang: see Lawangkupang, P. I.

L'eau qui Court: see Niobrara.

Lebanon: see Toonigh, village, Ga.

Lebanon: see Wyomanock, creek, N. Y.

Lebanon, Mount: see Crafts, hill, N. H.

Lebarge: see Laberge.

Lebjo: see Libho, P. I.

***Le Boeuf:** township, Erie County, Pa. (Not Leboeuf.)

Lecair: see American, point, Minn.

Lecce: pr. lā′chā; prov. and city, s. e. Italy; 40° 23′ N., 18° 11′ E.

Leche: creek, Archuleta County, Colo. San Juan National Forest, rising in sec. 31, T. 34 N., R. 2 E., flowing northwest, joining Blanco River in sec. 1, T. 34 N., R. 1 E. Waters of this creek are very white or milky. (Not White.)

Lechner: glacier, eastern shore Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 56′ N., long. 149° 39′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Le Conte: bay, tributary to Frederick Sound, east of Mitkof Island, near lat. 60° 44′ N., long. 132° 31′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hulti, Hutli, nor Thunder.)

***Le Conte:** canyon on upper waters of Middle Fork Kings River, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Leconte.)

***Le Conte:** divide, separating upper waters of San Joaquin River from Kings River, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Leconte.)

Le Conte: glacier, at head of Le Conte Bay near lat. 56° 49′ N., long. 132° 25′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hulti, Hutli, nor Thunder.)

Le Conte: mountain (Mount Le Conte), altitude 13,960 feet, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 15′ W., on Sierra crest, east boundary of Sequoia National Park. Named for Prof. Joseph Le Conte, distinguished scientist, 1823–1901.

Le Conte: peak (Mount Le Conte), altitude 6,593 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, Sevier County, Tenn., near lat. 35° 39′ 20″ N., long. 83° 27′ W. This very large mountain has three tops which Guyot named Mount Le Conte, Curtis, and Safford. The last two have been superseded by Cliff Top and Myrtle Point. So named by Prof. Arnold Guyot, prior to 1860, honoring Prof. Joseph Le Conte, famous geologist, who acted as observer of a stationary barometer during some of Guyot's explorations in this region.

Le Conte Plateau: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 19′ W.

Lectin: see Liktin, P. I.

Leduck: cay or islet, ½ mile southeast of Sabbat Point, midway between Moor Point and Ram Head, Coral Bay entrance, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bocken, Boken, Borgem, Buck, Duck, Duck's, nor Peter le Ducks.)

Lee: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 55′ N., long. 113° 38′ W., flowing northerly, crossing east boundary near northeast corner of park and international boundary.

Lee: point, western extremity of rocky peninsula ⅜ mile long, forming westernmost projection of Thatch Cay, Virgin Islands. (Not Sotavento nor West.)

Lee: post light, Mississippi River, Lake County, Tenn. (Not Lee's.)

Lee: ridge, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., low divide between Belly River and Lee Creek, south of the international boundary, northeast corner of park.

Lee: see Lees.

***Lee Center:** township and village, Lee County, Ill. (Not Lee.)

Leeches: see Wallace, lake.

Leechville: village, Beaufort County, N. C. (Not Leachville.)

Leeds: creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Leed.)

Leeds: city, Yorkshire, England; 53° 48′ N., 1° 35′ W.

Leedstown: village, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Leeds Town.)

Leedumaa: See Lithuania.

Leek: see Thacker.

Leelanau: county, Michigan. (Not Leelanaw.)

Leelanau: lake, Leelanau County, Mich. (Not Carp.)

Lees: ferry, Coconino County, Arizona, on the Colorado River, about 40 miles above the Grand Canyon National Park, near lat. 36° 48′ N., long. 111° 38′ W. (Not Lee nor Lee's.)

*Lees: village, Bledsoe County, Tenn. (Not Lee nor Let.)

*Leesville: village, Carroll County, Ohio. (Not Leesburgh.)

Leetin: see Liktin, P. I.

Leeuwarden: pr. lā′wär-dĕn; city, n. e. Netherlands; 53° 12′ N., 5° 47′ E.

Leevining: canyon, creek, and peak, Mono County, Calif. (Not Levining nor Vining.)

Leghorn: see Livorno.

Le Havre: see Havre, Le.

Lehe: see Wesermünde.

Lehi: precinct, Utah County, Utah.

Lehi: see Lehi City.

Lehi City: city, Utah County, Utah. (Not Lehi.)

Lehmasters: see Lemaster.

Lehunua: islet and point, eastern shore of Chilkat Inlet opposite Kochu Island, near lat. 58° 09′, southeastern Alaska. (Not Lehunuwu nor Tlekunuwu.)

Lehu-nuwu: see Lehunua.

Leiberg-Athol: trail, T. 52 N., R. 2 W., Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Leiberg.)

Leicester: pr. lĕs′ter; city, Leicestershire, cen. England; 52° 35′ N., 1° 10′ W.

Leiden: city, Netherlands; 52° 9′ N., 4° 30′ E. (Not Leyden.)

Leigh: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 49° 49′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., at base of south slope of Mount Moran.

Leigh: pr. lē; city, Lancashire, England; 53° 29′ N., 2° 31′ W.

Leigh: creek, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., rising near lat. 43° 49′ N., long. 110° 52′ W., and flowing easterly into Leigh Lake.

Leigh: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 49′ N., long. 110° 44′ W. Named by F. V. Hayden, for Richard Leigh, famous trapper and guide, universally known by the sobriquet "Beaver Dick."

Leinster: bay, ¾ mile wide, north shore of St. John, Virgin Islands, near long. 64° 44′. (Not Brim nor Brims.)

Leipsic: river, Kent County, Del. (Not Little Duck Creek.)

Leipzig: city, state of Saxony, Germany; 51° 18′ N., 12° 20′ E.

Leitch: wharf, Patuxent River, Calvert County, Md. (Not Leitches.)

L. E. Junction: see Hedges.

Leland: creek, rising in lake on northern slope Granite Mountain, eastern slope Cascade Range, flowing northeast about 4 miles to Icicle Creek, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Icicle.)

Leleiwi: point, east of Hilo Bay, Hawaii, T. H.

Lelian: see Lilian, P. I.

Léman, Lac: see Geneva.

Le Mans: see Mans, Le.

Lemaster: railroad station, Franklin County, Pa. (Not Lehmasters nor Lemasters.)

Lemay: lake, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Le May.)

Lemberg: see Lwów.

Lembert Dome: a mountain, altitude approx. 9,400 feet, Tuolumne County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, northeast side Tuolumne Meadows and of junction Dana and Lyell Forks Tuolumne River, near lat. 37° 53′ N., long. 119° 21′ W. (Not Lambert Dome.)

Lemery: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lemhi Range: mountains, between Lemhi and Pahsimeroi Rivers and Birch Creek and Little Lost River, Idaho.

Lemington: see Leamington.

Lemitar: precinct and town, Socorro County, N. Mex. (Not Lamitar, Lamitas, nor Limitar.)

Lemly: rocks, western side entrance to Union Bay, Ernest Sound, lat. 55° 46′ N., long. 132° 17′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Lemley.)

Lemman: creek, Latah County, Idaho, draining south to Palouse River, in T. 41 and 42 N., R. 4 W., near long. 116° 50′ W. (Not Grouse nor Hamilton.)

Lemmon: see Lemon.

Lemolo: falls, North Umpqua River, Douglas County, Oreg.

Lemon: island, Multnomah County Oreg., in Columbia River, 7 miles northeast of Portland, near west end of Government Island and long. 122° 34′ W. (Not Lemmon.) Local name, after Peter Lemon, former owner.

Lemond: see Ben Lomond, hill or mountain, Tenn.

Lemon Fair: river, Addison County, Vt. (Not Lemonfair nor Lemonfare.)

Lempa: pr. lehm′pä; river, El Salvador.

Lena: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 20′ W.

Lena: pr. lyĕ′nä; river, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic), to Arctic Sea.

Lengyelország: see Poland.

Leninakan: town, Armenia, Transcaucasian S. F. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); formerly Alexandropol or Aleksandropol;† Armenian Kumri;† 40° 48′ N., 43° 50′ E. Not Gumry.

Leningrad: pr. lyéningrad, city, capital of the Leningrad Oblast, U. S. S. R. (Russia); until 1918, capital of Russia. Formerly St. Petersburg; conv. for Sankt Peterburg; popular Russ. Peterburg. Officially changed from St. Petersburg to Petrograd August 31, 1914. Changed from Petrograd to Leningrad January 26, 1924; 59° 55′ N., 30° 15′ E.

Lenkija: see Poland.

Lenore: lake, about 8 miles long, Ts. 22, 23, and 24 N., Rs. 26 and 27 E., W. M., Grant County, Wash. (Not Alkali.)

Lenox: village, Madison County, N. Y. (Not Hobokenville nor Lenox Furnace.)

Leo: island, in Klag Bay, Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 38′ N., long. 136° 05′.7 W., southeastern Alaska.

Leo: lake, 1,000 yards long, southeastern Alaska, draining into Leo Anchorage through a short outlet (Leo Creek), southwest part of Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 25′.7 N., long. 135° 51′.2 W.

Leon: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

León: pr. leh-ōn′; city, Mexico; 21° 5′ N., 101° 50′ W.

León: pr. leh-ōn′; city, Nicaragua; 12° 29′ N., 86° 51′ W.

Leonai: see Leonia.

Leonardville: city, Riley County, Kans. (Not Leonard.)

Leonia: railroad station, Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Leonai.)

Leontovich: cape, northern side of Alaska Peninsula, near lat. 55° 38′ N., long. 162° 18′ W., Alaska. (Not Leantavich.)

Leopol: see Lwów.

Leopoldina: pr. lĕō-pōl-dē′nä; town, Brazil, in state of Pernambuco; 7° 49′ S., 39° 50′ W.

Lepeuli: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Lerken: bay or cove, on southwestern shore Magens Bay, 500 meters northeast Lerkenlund Hill and Estate, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Leroux: spring, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Le Roux.)

Leroux: wash, Navajo County, Ariz., near lat. 35° 00′ N., long. 110° 09′ W. (Not Le Roux.)

***Le Roy:** town and village, Genesee County, N. Y. (Not Leroy.)

Leroy: township, Ingham County, Mich. (Not Le Roy.)

***Lesbos:** see Mytilini.

Lesina: see Hvar.

Lesser Walachia: see Oltenia.

Lester: post light, Mississippi River, Fulton County, Ky. (Not Lester's.)

Le Sueur: county, Minnesota. (Not Lesueur.)

Le Sueur: creek, tributary to Minnesota River from the east, T. 112 N., R. 25 W., Le Sueur County, Minn. (Not Lesueur.)

Le Sueur: river, tributary to Blue Earth River from east, T. 108 N., R. 27 W., Freeborn, Waseca, and Blue Earth Counties, Minn. (Not Lesueur.)

Lesvos: see Mytilini.

Let: see Lees, village, Tenn.

Lethe: river (River Lethe), 12 miles west of Mount Katmai, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, the middle branch of Ukak River.

Lettland: see Latvia.

Lettonie: see Latvia.

***Letts:** town, Louisa County, Iowa. (Not Lettsville.)

Leuin: see Lewin, P. I.

Levallois-Perret: pr. *le*-vál-wä-pe-re; a n. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 53′ N., 2° 17′ E.

Levashef: port or anchorage (Port Levashef), at the head of Captains Bay, southerly arm of Unalaska Bay, lat. 53° 50′ N., long. 166° 36′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. Named after Capt.-Lieut. Michael Levashef, who wintered in Captains Bay, 1768–69.

Levashef, Port: see Captains, bay, Alaska.

Leveaux: mountain, altitude 1,625 feet, Cook County, Minn., in sec. 11, T. 59 N., R. 4 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Cosmer M. Leveaux, employee in the Superior National Forest, who was killed in action in France in 1918, while a member of the A. E. F.

Le Verken: see La Verkin.

Levining: see Leevining.

Levisa Fork: stream, west fork of Big Sandy River, Ky. and Va. (Not Lavisa nor Louisa.)

Lewelling: creek, T. 52 N., Rs. 1 and 2 W., tributary to Little North Fork Coeur d'Alene River from west, Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Middle Canyon.)

Lewes: river, one of the tributaries of the upper Yukon, Canada. (Not Lewis.)

Lewin: barrio, Lumban Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Leuin.)

Lewis: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Lewis River, 1 mile south of outlet of Lewis Lake.

Lewis: a group of three lakes, each about 15 acres in area, Tuolumne County, Calif., in secs. 1 and 12, T. 4 N., R. 20 E., Mount Diablo meridian, in approx. lat. 38° 14′ N., long. 119° 43′ W. Named in honor of Bert Lewis, an employee of the Forest Service, who died in France May 27, 1918, as the result of being gassed in action.

Lewis: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 110° 36′ W. So named for Meriwether Lewis, in command of the Lewis and Clark expedition, 1804–1806.

***Lewis:** peak (Mount Lewis), altitude 12,250 feet, Mono County, Calif., on most eastern point of Yosemite National Park, on the crest of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, 1¾ miles southeast from Mono Pass, and 1½ miles northeast from Parker Pass, in T. 1 S., R. 25 E. (Not Johnson.) Named in memory of the late W. B. Lewis, superintendent of the Yosemite National Park for 11 years.

Lewis: peak, altitude 5,580 feet, about 2 miles southwest of Barlow Pass, T. 29 N., R. 10 E., Snohomish County, Wash.

Lewis: range, Glacier National Park, Continental Divide, south boundary of park to Mount Kipp, thence north to point in lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 113° 50′ W., 2½ miles east of Waterton Lake, Flathead-Glacier County boundary on Continental Divide. Named for Lewis, of Lewis and Clark Expedition, 1804–1806.

Lewis: river, north side head of Cook Inlet, about 5 miles west of west branch of Susitna River, lat. 61° 14′ N., long. 150° 49′ W., Alaska.

Lewis: river, rising in the northeastern part of Skamania County, Wash., near lat. 46° 14′ N., long. 121° 33′ W., on the northwest slope of Mount Adams, and flowing southwest via Cougar into the Columbia River about 14 miles below the mouth of the Willamette River, in T. 4 N., R. 1 W. (Not Cathlapootle nor North Fork of Lewis River.) Named after A. Lee Lewis, who had a homestead about 7 miles from its mouth.

Lewis: river, small stream rising in Shoshone Lake, flowing into Snake River, 2 miles north of southern boundary of the Yellowstone National Park, Wyo. (Not Snake.)

Lewis: see Ivan, river, Alaska.

Lewis: see Lewes, river, Canada.

Lewis: see Weden, creek, Wash.

***Lewis and Clark**: county, Mont. (Not Lewis and Clarke.)

***Lewis and Pranty**: small intermittent stream, Maricopa County, Ariz., in northern part of T. 2 N., R. 11 E., emptying into Fish Creek in approx. sec. 11, T. 2 N., R. 10 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, unsurveyed. (Not Arroyo Verde.) Messrs. Lewis and Pranty were two old-timers who first settled on this creek.

Lewisburg: see Eldorado, township, Nebr.

Lewis Cass: peak (Mount Lewis Cass), altitude 6,864 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia Boundary, 14 miles northwest of Unuk River, near long. 131° 05′ W. After Lewis Cass, 1782–1866, American statesman, diplomat, soldier, and author.

Lewis Fork: see Snake.

Lewisham: pr. lo͞o′ ĭsh-*am*; a s. e. div. of London, England; 51° 27′ N., 0° 1′ W.

Lewstone: creek, T. 8 N., R. 70 W., Larimer County, Colo. (Not Lew Stone.)

Leyden: see Leiden.

Leyte: gulf, south of Samar and east of Leyte, P. I.

Leyte: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Leyton: pr. lā′*tun*; town, Essex county, England, 5 mi. n. e. of London; 51° 34′ N., 0° 1′ W.

Lezo: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

***Lhasa**: capital city, Tibet; 29° 50′ N., 91° E. Not Lasa, Lhassa.

Lhassa: see Lhasa.

L'Hommedieu: shoal, in Vineyard Sound, Mass. (Not Lhommedieu.)

Liakhof: Liakhov: Liakov: see Great Liakof.

Liambasan: see Linambasan, P. I.

Lianga: bay and town, Surigao Province, east coast of Mindanao, P. I. (Not Liangan.)

Liaoning (Fengtien): province, Manchuria. Name officially changed from Fengtien to Liaoning, in 1929. Not Shengking.

Liaotung: peninsula, s. Manchuria, and gulf w. of it.

Libac: see Libag, P. I.

Libacao: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Libag: barrio, Tuguegarao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Libac.)

Libao: see Liboo, P. I.

Libau: see Liepāja.

Libava: see Liepāja.

Libbey: glacier, south of Mount St. Elias, northeast of Chaix Hills, tributary to Agassiz Glacier, a tributary of Malaspina Glacier, Alaska. (Not Libby.) In memory of William Libbey, of Princeton University, distinguished scientist, geologist, geographer, writer, and soldier. Named by Topham in 1888.

Libby: islands, Machias Bay, Washington County, Me. (Not Libbey.)

Libby: see Libbey, glacier, Alaska.

Liberato: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Libirato.)

Liberec (Reichenberg): city, n. Bohemia, Czechoslovakia; Cz. Liberec, pr. lēberets; Ger. Reichenberg; 50° 47′ N., 15° 3′ E.

Liberia: republic, w. Africa; 7° N., 10° W.

Liberia: pr. lē-beh'rē-ä; town, Costa Rica; 10° 39′ N., 85° 27′ W.

Liberty: bay, northwestern arm Port Orchard, Puget Sound, Kitsap County, Wash. (Not Dogfish.)

Liberty: mountain (altitude 5,678 feet), just south of Windy Pass, Snohomish County, Wash.

Liberty Cap: hot spring cone, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., a few hundred yards north of Mammoth Hot Springs.

Liberty Cap: sharp, snow-covered eminence, altitude about 14,000 feet, on northwestern side of summit platform, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Liberty Cap: see Battery, point.

Liberty Hill: village, Grainger County, Tenn. (Not Libertyhill.)

Libho: barrio, Bato Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lebjo, Libjo, nor Siyio.)

Libho: barrio, Sikatuna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Libjo.)

Libho: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Libjo.)

Libho: barrio, Infanta Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon: barrio, Manjuyod Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros: and barrio, Polillo Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Libjo.)

Libia: see Libya.

Libirato: see Liberato, P. I.

Libjo: see Libho, P. I.

Libmanan: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Liboan: see Liloan, P. I.

Libog: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Libon: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Liboo: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Libao nor Libo-o.)

Libtong: barrio, Meycauayan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ligton.)

Libya: Italian possession, n. Africa, comprising the colonies of Cirenaica and Tripolitania; Ital. Libia, or Libia Italiana.

Libya: see Libia.

Licab: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lick: see Salt, creek.

Lickenhole: see Lickinghole.

Licking: creek tributary to Carroll Inlet from the east 7 miles from the head of the inlet, Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska.

Lickinghole: creek, Hanover County, Va. (Not Lickenhole.)

Licod: see Likod, P. I.

Licolico: barrio, Sevilla Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Lico-lico nor Licoluo.)

Licoluo: see Licolico, P. I.

Lictin: see Liktin, P. I.

Lidel: see Lytle.

Lidlidda: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Liechtenstein: pr. lēkh'ten-shtīn; small principality bet. Switzerland and Austria; 47° 10′ N., 9° 32′ E.

Liége or **Luik**: city, e. Belgium; Fr. Liége, pr. lē-ĕzh'; Walloon, Lige; Flemish, Luik; Ger. Lüttich. 50° 40′ N., 5° 33′ E. Not Liege.

Liegnitz: pr. lēg'nits; city, Silesia, s. e. Germany; 51° 12′ N., 16° 12′ E.

Liepāja (Libau): seaport, w. Latvia; Ger. Libau; Lith. Liepoja; Russ. Libava;† 56° 35′ N., 21° 5′ E.

Liepoja: see Liepāja.

Lietuva: see Lithuania.

Lieutenant: island, Wellfleet Harbor, Cape Cod Bay, Mass. (Not Horse.)

Ligao: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lige: see Liége.

Light House: see Pilot, rock, Alaska.

Lightning: creek, Boise County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to North Fork of Boise River from west, between Cow and Marten Creeks. (Not Marten.)

Lightning: ridge, extending southeast from sec. 16, T. 43 N., R. 7 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Lightning: see Ross, creek.

Lignite: see Hoseanna.

Lignumvitae: key, ⅔ mile in diameter, 1 mile north Lower Matecrumbe Key, lat. 24° 54′ N., long. 80° 42′ W., Florida Keys.

Ligton: see Libtong: Ligtong, P. I.

Ligtong: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ligton.)

Liguria: former division, Italy, n. w. coast; largest city, Genova.

Ligurian Sea: part of the Mediterranean bet. Corsica, n. Italy, and s. e. France; Fr. Mer Ligurienne; Ital. Mare Ligure.

Lihue: district, Kauai County, Political subdivision in southeastern Kauai, T. H.

Lihue: ditch, diverting water from south side of Waiahi Stream, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Lihue: town, Lihue District, Kauai; county seat of Kauai County, T. H.

Likes: creek, Thumb Cove, Resurrection Bay, lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 149° 18′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Likod: barrio, Cebu Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: and barrios, in Jaro and Tanauan Municipalities, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Licod.)

Liktin: barrio, Calolbon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lectin, Leetin, nor Lictin.)

Lilian: barrio, Famy Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lelian nor Lili-an.)

Liliendal: estate, 940 yards west of Signal Hill and about 1,500 yards south of Ensomhed, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Brown's nor Lilliendal.)

Liliendal Col: saddle on main ridge (altitude, 1,089 feet), 360 yards south of Liliendal Estate, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Lilio: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Liliput: creek, tributary to Cape Fear River, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Lilyput.)

Lille: pr. lēl; city, n. France; 50° 40′ N., 3° E.

Lille Crux: see Cruz, bay.

Lillie: see Twin Sisters, mountains, Colo.

Lilliendal: see Liliendal.

Lilly: borough, Cambria County, Pa.

Lilly: pond, Rockport Town, Knox County, Me. (Not Fresh nor Lily.)

Lilly: towns, in Illinois, Ohio, and Missouri. (Not Lily.)

Lilly Dale: see Lily Dale.

Liloan: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Liluan.)

Liloan: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Liboan.)

Liloan: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Liloan: municipality, Leyte Province, Panaon, P. I.

Liluan: see Liloan, P. I.

Lily: lake, sec. 14, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., at south foot of Lily Mountains, 5 miles southeast of Long Peak, Larimer County, Colo.

Lily: lakes between Moose and Mountain Lakes, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary, (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Lily: mountain, secs. 13 and 14, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., 6 miles northeast of Longs Peak, Larimer County, Colo.

Lily: see Lilly, pond, Me.

***Lily Dale:** village, Chautauqua County, N. Y., in the town of Pomfret. (Not Lilly Dale, Lillydale, nor Lilydale.)

Lilypad: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 111° 01′ W., near southwest corner.

Lilyput: see Liliput.

Lima: pr. lē′mä; capital of Peru; 12° 2′ S., 77° 2′ W.

Lima: reef, ½ mile east by south from Point Lima, P. R.

Limahuli: stream, flowing northward into sea, near long. 159° 35′ Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Limaluli.)

Limaluli: see Limahuli, T. H.

Limasawa: island, south of Leyte, P. I. (Not Dimasagua, Dimasana, Dimasaua, Limasagna, Limasana, Limasaoa, Masanga, nor Masaua.)

Limburg: prov., s. Netherlands.

Lime: island, St. Marys River, Mich. (Not Isle a la Crosse.)

Lime: see Ida Lewis, rock, R. I.

Lime Kiln: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., in Ts. 6–7 S., R. 31 E., minor tributary to Big Horn River, Montana principal meridian. (Not Little Kiln.) According to local authorities, when Fort C. F. Smith was built in 1866, limestone was brought down and burned at the side of this creek.

Lime Mountain: peak, prominent landmark, T. 20 N., R. 23 E., Navajo County, Ariz.

Limerick: See Luimneach.

Limerock: mountain, sec. 1, T. 5 S., R. 41 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

***Lime Springs:** village, Howard County, Iowa. (Not Lime Spring, nor Limesprings.)

Limestone: creek, southeastern Alaska, on mainland, tributary at head of Limestone Inlet, Stephens Passage, near lat. 58° 02′ N., long. 133° 56′ W. Named by Meade, 1869, "from a remarkable looking streak on the side of the mountain forming the west side of the inlet."

***Limestone:** creek, east of Lonesome Creek, tributary to Big Badger Creek from south, Pondera County, Mont. (Not Dancing.)

Limestone Hill: see West Seneca.

Limit: creek, tributary to West Fork Mill Creek from east, sec. 19, T. 7 S., R. 10 E., and sec. 24, T. 7 S., R. 9 E., Park County, Mont. (Not Elk.)

Limit: point, Cavite Province, extreme west Luzon, P. I.

Limitar: see Lemitar.

Limod: see Lincod, P. I.

Limoges: pr. lē-mōzh′; city, s. w. cen. France; 45° 45′ N., 1° 15′ E.

Limón: pr. lē-mōn′; prov. and seaport city, Costa Rica; 10° N., 83° 2′ W.

Limtal: see Luntal, P. I.

Linaban: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Linabon.)

Linabauan: see Linabuan, P. I.
Linaban, P. I.

Linabuan: barrio, Calivo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Linabauan nor Linabwan.)

Linabwan: see Linabuan, P. I.

Liñaga: see Liniaga, P. I.

Linalinan: see Hinalinan, P. I.

Linambasan: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Liambasan.)

Linampongan: see Linampungan, P. I.

Linampungan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Linampongan.)

Linao: barrio, San Isidro Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Linaw.)

Linaon: barrio, Cauayan Municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Linaoan.)

Linaoan: see Linaon, P. I.

Linares: pr. lē-nä′rehs; city, Chile; 35° 49′ S., 71° 44′ W.

Linares: pr. lē-nä′rehs; city, s. Spain; 38° 7′ N., 3° 39′ W.

Linauan: see Linawan, P. I.

Linaw: see Linao, P. I.

Linawan: barrio, Anda Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Linauan.)

Linawan: barrio, Odiongan Municipality, Romblon Province, Tablas, P. I. (Not Linauan.)

Linawan: see Lanawan, P. I.

Lincod: barrio, Maribojoc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Limod nor Lincud.)

Lincoln: capital of Nebraska, in Lancaster Co., on Salt Cr., near lat. 40° 48′ N., long. 96° 44′ W. Population in 1930, 75,933. (Pronounced, link′-un.)

Lincoln: city, Lincoln County, Kans. (Not Lincoln Center City.)

Lincoln: city, Lincolnshire, England; 53° 15′ N., 0° 35′ W.

Lincoln: creek, northern part of Hamilton, Seward, and York Counties, Nebr. (Not North Fork of Big Blue River, West Branch of Big Blue River, nor West Fork of Big Blue River.)

Lincoln: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 44′ W., on west slope of Mount Jackson, flowing southwest through Ellen Wilson and Lincoln Lakes into Middle Fork, Flathead River. (Not Little St. Mary.) Because of confusion the name Little St. Mary, applied to creek, falls, and lake on west side of Continental Divide, is discontinued and Lincoln adopted.

Lincoln: falls, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 46′ W., on Lincoln Creek, between Lincoln Lake and Ellen Wilson Lake. (Not Little St. Mary.)

Lincoln: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 46′ W., 1½ miles southwest of Gunsight Pass, traversed by Lincoln Creek. (Not Little St. Mary.)

Lincoln: peak, 7,400 feet altitude, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 47′ W.

Lincoln: peak, one of Black Buttes Group, southwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Lincoln Center City: see Lincoln, city, Kansas.

Lincolnville: see Megunticook.

Lincud: see Lincod, P. I.

Lind: point, north tip of projection north of Little Cruz Bay, western coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Linda: creek, Rancho del Paso, Sacramento County, Calif. (Not Dry.)

Linda: island, St. Lawrence River, 2½ miles northwest of St. Lawrence Village, Cape Vincent Township, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Britton's.)

Lindbergh: lake, Missoula County, Mont., Flathead National Forest, at head of Swan River Valley, in T. 19 N., R. 17 W. So named in honor of Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, who camped several days on this lake in 1927. (Not Elbow.)

Lindeman: lake, near the headwaters of the Yukon River, lat. 59° 48′ N., long. 135° 02′ W., British Columbia, Canada. (Not Lindemann nor Linderman.)

Lindesnes (The Naze): cape, ext. s. Norway; Nor. formerly Lindesnäs or Lindesnaes; 58° N., 7° 2′ E.

Lindon: see Lyndon.

Lindsborg: city, McPherson County, Kans. (Not Lindsburg City.)

Linea, La: city, s. Spain, near Gibraltar; 36° 10′ N., 5° 19′ W.

Lingayen: municipality, provincial capital, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Liniaga: barrio, Canaman Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Liñaga.)

Liniaga: see Dinaga, P. I.

***Link:** river, about 1¼ miles long, Klamath County, Oreg., connecting Upper Klamath Lake with Lake Ewauna. (Not Klamath.)

Linlithgowshire: See West Lothian.

Linn: railroad station, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not Linns, Linn's Crossing, nor Lynns.)

Linnaeus: peak (Mount Linnaeus), westernmost one of Abajo Mountains San Juan County, Utah. (Not West Mountain.)

Linns: Linn's Crossing: see Linn.

Linnton: precinct and village, western side Willamette River, about 7 miles below Portland, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Linton.)

Lint: creek, Lincoln County, Oreg., rises in T. 14 S., R. 11 W., Willamette meridian, and flows north into slough of same name.

Lint: slough, Alsea Bay, Lincoln County, Oreg., southeast of town of Waldport, into which Lint Creek empties, near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 124° 03′ W. (Not Indian.)

Lintoan: see Lintuan, P. I.

Linton: see Linnton.

Lintuan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Lintoan.)

Linz: city on the Danube, n. Austria; 48° 18′ N., 14° 15′ E.

Lion: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet north of Beehive Geyser, Upper Geyser Basin, on right bank of Firehole River, one of important group of four.

Lion: gulch, sec. 27, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., southeastern slope Estes Cone, Larimer County, Colo.

Lion: gulf, arm of the Mediterranean, s. coast of France, w. of Marseille; Fr. Golfe du Lion. (Not Lions, Lyons.)

Lion: lake and rock, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 30, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Lion: mountain, about 2 miles southeast of Black Butte, T. 11 S., R. 2 W., Madison National Forest, Madison County, Mont.

Lione: see Lyon.

Lioness: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet north of Beehive Geyser, in Upper Geyser Basin, on right bank of Firehole River, in Lion group.

Lions Head: mountain, altitude of western summit 5,492 feet, eastern shore of Lynn Canal, 6 miles north of Berners Bay, near lat. 58° 52′ N., southeastern Alaska. (Not Lionhead.)

Lions Head: mountain, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Lyons Head.)

Lipa: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lipahan: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lipajan.)

Lipajan: see Lipahan, P. I.

Lipan: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 02′ N., long. 111° 51′ W.

Lippincott: mountain, altitude 12,263 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 24, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., in Sequoia National Park, on Great Western Divide.

Lisa: point, northern extremity of group of islands in Tebenkof Bay, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 26′ N., long. 134° 09′ W. (Not Bridge.) After the triangulation station Fox on this point. Russian meaning "fox."

***Lisboa (Lisbon):** seaport, capital of Portugal; Port. Lisboa, pr. lēzh-bóa; Fr. Lisbonne; Ger. Lissabon; Ital. Lisbona; 38° 44′ N., 9° 15′ W.

Lisbon: see Lisboa.

Lisbona: see Lisboa.

Lisbonne: see Lisboa.

Liscome: point, on southwest side Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, on west side Liscome Bay, near lat. 54° 41′ N., long. 132° 51′ W.

Lisianski: inlet, straight arm, joining Cross Sound at lat. 58° 07′ N., long. 138° 28′ W., and running 21 miles southeast into Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Lisianski: island, in the northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago, near lat. 26°, long. 173° 50′. (Not Lassion, Lisiansky, nor Pell.)

Lissabon: see Lisboa.

Litauen: see Lithuania.

Lithia Springs: town, Douglas County, Ga. (Not Salt Springs.)

***Lithodendron:** wash, Apache, and Navajo Counties, Ariz., in Ts. 19 and 20 N., R. 24 E., and Ts. 18 and 19 N., R. 23 E., Gila and Salt River meridian. (Not Carriso nor Carrizo.)

Lithuania: republic, n. Europe; Lith. Lietuva, pr. lē-eh-tōō′va; Est. Leedumaa; Russ. Litva;† Pol. Litwa; Swed. and Ger. Litauen; Fr. Lithuanie.

Lithuanie: see Lithuania.

Little: creek, tributary to Glacier Creek, Whatcom County, Wash.

Little: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Little: spring, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Stokes.)

Little: see Chadwick, pond, Mass.

Little: see Hunters Draw, creek, Mont.

Little: see Lake Mary, valley, Ariz.

Little: see Mattabesset, river, Conn.

Little: see Park, river, Conn.

Little Aiktalik: see Sundstrom, island, Alaska.

Little Amicalola: creek, tributary to Amicalola Creek about a mile southeast of Emma, Dawson County, Ga. (Not Little Amicolola nor Little Armacolola.)

Little Annemessex: river, Somerset County, Md. (Not Little Annemessic.)

Little Applegate: river, tributary to Applegate River, Jackson County, Oreg. (Not North Fork Applegate.)

Little Armacolola: see Little Amicalola.

Little Baht: harbor, northern shore Zarembo Island, between Baht Harbor, and Point Craig, and about 1 mile to westward of the latter, lat. 56° 27′ N., long. 132° 46′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Little Baldy: mountain, altitude 8,043 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 15, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park.

Little Barren: river, tributary to Green River, Green County, Ky. (Not Barren.)

***Little Bay de Noc:** bay, Delta County, Mich. (Not Little Bay d'Enoc, Little Bay de Noque, Little Bay des Noquet, nor Little Bay d'Enoquet.)

Little Bear: creek, tributary to the Inglutalik River from the east, south of Big Bear Creek, eastward of Norton Bay, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 65° 00′ N., long. 160° 30′ W.

Little Bear: creek, Ts. 3 and 4 S., Rs. 4 and 5 E., tributary to Bear Creek from the south, Gallatin County, Mont.

Little Bear: see Tobin, creek, Colo.

Little Bear: see Vance, creek, Colo.

Little Bear: see Bimerick, creek, Idaho.

Little Bear Lake: see Arrowhead, lake, Calif.

Little Bearpaw: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 17, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Wet.)

Little Beaver: creek, Columbiana County, Ohio, and Beaver County, Pa.

Little Beaver: see South Beaver, creek, S. Dak.

Little Beaver: see Stockade Beaver, creek, Wyo.

Little Big Horn: Little Bighorn: see Little Horn.

Little Black Moshannon: see Black Moshannon.

Little Blanche: see Rock, creek, Alaska.

Little Blue: dome, Tulare County, Calif., near center of sec. 1, in T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Little Blue River: see Keysor.

Little Bridge: see Kachina.

Little Brown's: see Parkman.

Little Buffalo: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 23′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone River.

Little Bumblebee: creek, T. 50 N., R. 1 E., west of Bumblebee Creek, tributary to Little North Fork Coeur d'Alene River from northwest, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Little Bustins: island, southwest of Bustins Island, Casco Bay, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Bustings.)

Little Cacapon: river, Hampshire County, W. Va.

Little Cahaba: stream, branch of Cahaba River, Jefferson and Shelby Counties, Ala. (Not East Cahaba, East Fork, nor Mill Creek.)

Little Camas Prairie: basalt plateau, eastern end of Elmore County, Idaho, southeast of South Fork of the Boise River and northwest of Mount Bennett Hills, chiefly in T. 1 S., R. 9 E., Boise meridian.

Little Captain's Island: see Captain.

Little Cascade: creek, La Plata County, Colo.

Little Catawba: see South Fork Catawba, river, N. C.

Little Champion: creek, tributary to Champion Creek from the east, near lat. 64° 31′ N., long. 141° 38′ W., Alaska.

Little Chatahospee: creek, tributary to Chatahospee Creek, Chambers County, Ala. (Not Little Chattahospee, Little Hoolethlocco, Little Hoolethloco, nor Little Hootethlocco.)

Little Chickies: creek, north branch Chickies Creek, Lancaster County, Pa. (Not Little Chickisalungo, Little Chicques, Little Chiquesalunga, nor Little Chiquesatunga.)

Little Chief: lake, Marquette County, Mich., in secs. 7 and 8, T. 45 N., R. 30 W., Michigan meridian. (Not Trout.) Change of name adopted by supervisors of Republic Township, and approved by Michigan State Committee on Geographic Names, March 11, 1932.

Little Chief: mountain, altitude 9,542 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 36′ W.

Little Chiquesalunga: Little Chiquesatunga: see Little Chickies.

Little Choptank: river, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Hudson.)

Little Cinnamon: see Durloe.

Little Claire: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 28 and 29, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park. So named in 1900 by Ralph Hopping party, for Hopping's little daughter, later Mrs. Talbot, of Redding, Calif.

Little Clam: see Cadillac, lake.

Little Coeur d'Alene River: see North Fork, Coeur d'Alene.

Little Colorado: river, tributary to the Colorado River, Apache, Coconino, and Navajo Counties, Ariz. (Not Colorada, Chiquito, nor Flax.)

Little Cowlitz: see Williwakas, creek.

Little Crater: hill, SE. ¼ sec. 34, T. 6 S., R. 41 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

Little Cruz: see Cruz, bay.

Little Cub: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet north of Beehive Geyser, in Lion group, Upper Geyser Basin, on right bank of Firehole River.

Little Cultus: lake, southwestern part of Deschutes County, Oreg.

*__Little Deschutes:__ river, Deschutes and Klamath Counties, Oreg., rising in the Cascade Range, in southeast part of T. 26 S., R. 6½ E., flowing northeast about 50 miles to east bank Deschutes River, in T. 20 S., R. 11 E. (Not East Fork.)

Little Diamond: island, Portland Harbor, Me. (Not Little Hog.)

Little Diomede: island, in Bering Strait, southeast of Diomede Island, near lat. 65° 43′ N., long. 168° 55′ W., western Alaska. (Not Ignalook, Ignaluk, nor Ratmanoff.)

Little Dog: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 22′ N., long. 113° 27′ W.

Little Dragon: short spur, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., extending south from rim of Kaibab Plateau, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 09′ W.

Little Dry: run, Wythe County, Va., tributary of Dry Run, rising north side Iron Mountain, near Comers Rock, flowing northeast, entering Dry Branch. (Not North Fork of Dry Run.)

Little Duck Creek: see Leipsic.

Little Eagle: creek, rising in southeastern part T. 6 S., R. 44 E., and flowing south to Eagle Creek in T. 8 S., R. 45 E., Baker County, Oreg. (Not Little Fork.)

Little Eagle: see Kirby, creek, Oreg.

Little Egg: inlet, Atlantic and Ocean Counties, coast of New Jersey. (Not Little Egg Harbor, New, nor Tucker's Cove.)

Little Elk: creek, La Plata County, Colo.

Little Elk: creek, heading in T. 6 N., R. 11 E., and flowing northeast to Musselshell River, Meagher and Wheatland Counties, Mont. (Not Fawn nor North Fork Little Elk.)

Little Falls: city and town, Herkimer County, N. Y. (Not Littlefalls.)

Little Firehole: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., outlet for marsh lands near lat. 44° 31′ N., long. 110° 57′ W., flowing easterly into Firehole River.

Little Five: lakes, group of five, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 25 and 30, T. 16 S., Rs. 31 and 32 E., respectively, Sequoia National Park.

Little Flattop: mountain, T. 36 N., R. 109 W., southeast of Flattop Mountain, Fremont County, Wyo.

Little Fork: river, tributary to Rainy River at Pelland, T. 70 N., R. 25 W., Koochiching County, Minn.

Little Fork: see Little Eagle.

Little Gott: island, Hancock County, Me., in Eastern Bay, north of Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 12′, long. 68° 20′. Local name, after David Gott, former owner. (Not Gotts.)

Little Gray: ridge, T. 5 S., Rs. 42 and 43 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

Little Grays: see Little Greys.

Little Greys: river, Lincoln County, Wyo. (Not Little Grays nor Little John Days.)

Little Grizzly: creek, Jackson County, Colo., drains Lake Grizzly, in sec. 1, T. 6 N., R. 83 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northeast and joins with Grizzly Creek in sec. 29, T. 8 N., R. 80 W., to form North Platte River.

Little Gros Ventre River: see Flat, creek, Wyo.

Little Half Moon: lake, T. 34 N., R. 108 W., near Half Moon Lake, Fremont County, Wyo.

Little Hauken: branch, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Head of Tranquility nor Tranquility.)

Little Haystack: mountain, secs. 20 and 21, T. 5 N., R. 80 W., Jackson County, Colo. (Not Dennis Hump nor Haystack.)

Little Hog: see Hog, island, Mass.

Little Hog: see Little Diamond.

Little Hog Neck: see Nassau.

Little Hoolethlocco: Little Hootethlocco: see Little Chatahospee.

***Little Horn:** river, tributary to Big Horn River, Montana and Wyoming. (Not Little Big Horn nor Little Bighorn.)

Little Horse: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., tributary of Horse Creek, rising approx. in sec. 22, T. 43 N., R. 107 W., sixth principal meridian, and flowing southerly to a confluence with Horse Creek in sec. 31, T. 42 N., R. 106 W.

Little Jarrells: creek, tributary to Big Jarrells Creek, Boone County, W. Va. (Not Little Jarrolds.)

Little Joe: creek, Ts. 17 and 18 N., R. 28 W., tributary to St. Regis River near St. Regis, Mineral County, Mont. (Not Little St. Joe.)

Little Joe: mountain, altitude 7,052 feet, on Idaho-Montana State line, Shoshone County, Idaho, and Mineral County, Mont., at head of Little Joe Creek, Mont., near lat. 47° 09′ N.

Little John Days: see Little Greys.

Little Kern: river, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 36, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., flowing southeast into Kern River near the north boundary of T. 21 S., R. 33 E.

Little Kiln: see Lime Kiln, creek, Mont.

Little Klamath: see Lower Klamath.

Little Knife: portage, between Cypress and Knife Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Little Kootenai: see Waterton, river, Mont.

Little Lakes: valley, drained northward by Rock Creek, Inyo County, Calif.

Little Lake Weir: see Bonita, lake.

Little Lamar: river, Yellowstone National Park, Park County, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 109° 53′ W., flowing westerly into Lamar River.

Little Laurel Run: see Laurel.

Little Manitou: see Cockburn.

Littlemark: island, Winnipesaukee Lake, entrance to Alton Bay, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Little Mark nor Little Mink.)

Little Menan: see Petit Manan.

Little Minam: river, flowing in a northerly direction and emptying into Minam River in T. 2 S., R. 41 E., Union County, Oreg. (Not Little Minum.)

Little Minam: see Big Canyon.

Little Mink: see Littlemark.

Little Minum: see Little Minam.

Little Mission: creek, Park County, Mont., heads near the line between T. 3 S., R. 11 E., and T. 3 S., R. 12 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Mission Creek from the southeast in sec. 33, T. 2 S., R. 11 E.

Little Missouri: river, chiefly in North Dakota, rising in sec. 14, T. 53 N., R. 68 W., of 6th P. M., Wyoming, Cook Co., flows NE. across SE. corner of Montana and NW. corner of South Dakota, thence N. and E. in North Dakota into the Missouri River, near lat. 47° 36′ N., long. 102° 14′ W. (Pronounced, lĭt′-ĕl mĭs-zōō′-rĭ.)

Little Moshannon: Little Mushanon: see Black Moshannon.

Little Mud Lake: see Munuscong, channel, Mich.

Little Muklung: river, entering Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, from the north, lat. 59° 03′ N., long. 158° 18′ W., the mouth of which is about 4½ miles east of the town of Dillingham.

Little Munuscong Lake: see Munuscong, channel.

Little Naked: see Storey, island, Alaska.

Little Navajo: river, Archuleta County, Colo., rising between V Mountains and the Chalk Mountains, in T. 33 N., R. 2 E., New Mexico meridian, tributary to Navajo River in T. 32 N., R. 1 E., San Juan National Forest.

Little Nelchina: river, tributary to Nelchina River from north, about lat. 61° 57′ N., long. 146° 54′ W., west side Copper River Valley, Alaska. (Not Bubb, Nelchina, nor Taiklano.)

Little Nesenkeag: brook, tributary to Merrimack River from the east, Hillsborough County, N. H. (Not Chase's, Chases, Massenteean, Mossenteean, nor Reed's.)

Little Noquashinski: see Nakwasina.

Little North Fork: see Little North Santiam.

Little North Fork: see North Fork, Coeur d'Alene, river.

Little North Santiam: river, rising in T. 8 S., R. 5 E., tributary to North Santiam River (near Mehama, Marion County, Oreg.). (Not Little North Fork.)

Little Northside: see Hull, bay.

Little Ocmulgee: stream, Bleckley, Dodge, Telfair, Twiggs, and Wheeler Counties, Ga. (Not Auchee Hatchee nor Gum Swamp.)

Little Ogeechee: river, rising in Effingham County, and tributary to Green Island Sound, Ossabaw Sound, Chatham County, Ga.

Little Ogeechee River: see Ogeechee, creek.

Little Panoche: creek and valley, draining east flank Diablo Range north of Panoche Valley, Fresno and San Benito Counties, Calif. (Not Panochita.)

Little Pilgrim: creek, Powder River County, Mont., in Ts. 3–4 S., Rs. 53–54 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Powder River.

Little Pine Island: see Piney, point, Fla.

Little Platte: stream, Clay, Clinton, and Platte Counties, Mo. (Not Smiths, Smith Fork Platte River, nor South Fork Platte River.)

Little Popo Agie: river, Fremont County, Wyo., source in Christina Lake, T. 30 N., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows easterly and northeasterly to join Popo Agie River near Hudson.

Little Porcupine: creek, principally in Rosebud County, Mont., rises in T. 13 N., R. 38 E., and tributary to the Yellowstone River in northeastern part of T. 6 N., R. 41 E., Montana principal meridian. One of the oldest names in this vicinity.

Little Powder: river, Campbell County, Wyo., and Powder River County, Mont., rises in sec. 19, T. 51 N., R. 71 W., sixth principal meridian, and joins Power River, in secs. 20 and 29, T. 4 S., R. 52 E., Montana principal meridian.

Little Professor: see Bethel, mountain.

Little Puffin: bay, on southwest coast of Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, a mile southeast of Puffin Bay, near lat. 56° 14′ N.

Little Quadrant: mountain, 9,800 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 51′ W.

Little Rattle Snake: Little Rattlesnake: see Sleepers.

***Little Redfish:** lake, northeast of Heyburn Mountain, between Redfish Lake and Salmon River, draining into Salmon River, Custer County, Idaho. (Not Squaw.)

Little Robinson: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 111° 05′ W., flowing southwest into Robinson Creek, southwest corner of park.

Little Rock: capital of Arkansas, in Pulaski County, on the Arkansas River, near lat. 34° 45′ N., long. 92° 16′ W. Population in 1930, 81,679. (Pronounced, lit′-ĕl rôck.)

Littlerock: creek, Park County, Wyo., tributary to Bennett Creek from the west, in T. 57 N., Rs. 102, 103, and 104 W., sixth principal meridian. Named for an Indian Scout, Littlerock, who was killed near this creek.

Little Rock Creek: see Bennett, creek, Wyo.

Little Rocky: creek, tributary to Peoples Creek, T. 28 N., R. 24 E., Blaine County, Mont. (Not South Fork Peoples.)

Little Round: pond, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, near lat. 68° 22′ N., long. 44° 22′ W., about 2¼ miles west of town of Mount Desert. (Not Black Pool.)

Littles: a tributary from west to Beechler River, 3 miles from the source; southwestern corner Yellowstone National Park, Wyo. (Not Little's.)

Little Saddle: mountain, 10,000 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 01′ W. (Not Saddle.)

Little St. Joe: see Little Joe.

Little St. Mary: see Lincoln, lake, Mont.

Little Salmon: stream, about four miles west of Salmon River, tributary to Lake Ontario, near Texas, Oswego County, N. Y. (Not Salmon.)

Little Sandy: creek, Fayette County, Pa., and Preston County, W. Va. (Not Gibbons nor Gibbons Glade.)

Little Sandy: lake, sec. 27, T. 31 N., R. 103 W., Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Sandy.)

Little Sarasota: see Sarasota.

Little Scioto: river, heading in Jackson County, and flowing into Ohio River, Scioto County, Ohio. (Not Brushy Fork.)

Little Scioto River: see Holland Fork.

Little Ship Rock: see Mitten Rock.

Little Simon: pond or lake, Altamont Town, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Lake Willbert nor Little Simons.)

Little Sodus: bay, Lake Ontario, Cayuga County, N. Y. (Not Fairhaven.)

Little Summit: point, altitude 3,700 feet, on Apache Trail, 25 miles from Roosevelt Dam, Gila County, Ariz.

Little Sunapee: lake, Merrimack County, N. H. (Not Twin Lakes.)

Little Swatara: creek, rises south of Blue Mountain, Berks County, Pa., forms boundary between Upper Tulpehocken and Bethel townships, and flows southwest to join Swatara Creek about 1 mile below Jonestown in Lebanon County. Name approved by the Pennsylvania Geographic Board.

Little Sweetwater: river, Ts. 29 and 30 N., Rs. 101 and 102 W., tributary to Sweetwater River from east, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not East Fork Sweetwater.)

Little Tahoma: high castellated peak separating Emmons and Ingraham Glaciers, eastern flank Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Little Tahunga: see Little Tujunga.

Little Timber: creek, Sweet Grass County, Mont., heading approx. in sec. 32, T. 3 N., R. 12 E., Montana principal meridian, and flowing southeasterly empties into Yellowstone River, approx. in sec. 19, T. 1 N., R. 14 E.

Little Tobehanna: creek, Schuyler County, N. Y. (Not Little Tobyhanna.)

Little Togiak: small narrow lake, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, near the southwestern corner of Lake Nerka, lat. 59° 35′ N., long. 159° 08′ W.

***Littleton:** railroad station, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not De Berniere.)

Little Tonsina: river, Alaska, tributary of Tonsina River, joining it about 4 miles south of Tonsina Post Office, at lat. 61° 37′ N., long. 145° 15′ W., and flowing northward along west side of Richardson Highway. (Not Mosquito.)

***Little Tujunga:** canyon, northeastern part San Fernando Valley, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Little Tahunga.)

Little Twelve Mile: Little Twelvemile: see Henderson, creek, Mont.

Little Valley: hills, Ts. 3 and 4 S., Rs. 41 and 42 E., Bingham and Bonneville Counties, Idaho.

Little Vermilion: lake, between Loon and Sand Point Lakes, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Vermillion.)

Little Wenatchee: river, rising in T. 29 N., R. 14 E., flowing into Wenatchee Lake, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Wenatchee nor Wenatchee Creek.)

Little White: see South Fork, White, river, S. Dak.

Little Willow: lake, Plumas County, Calif., in sec. 35, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Little Wilson: pond, Auburn and Turner Towns, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not French nor Ramsdell.)

Little Wind: river, Fremont County, Wyo., heading in southeastern part of T. 2 S., R. 5 W., Wind River meridian, dips southeasterly to Grave Lake, and flows in a generally easterly direction to its confluence with the Popo Agie River in T. 1 S., R. 3 E.

Little Winnipeg: see Winnipegosis.

Litva: see Lithuania.

Litwa: see Lithuania.

Liverpool: city and seaport, Lancashire, England; 53° 25′ N., 3° W.

Livingston: creek, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Livingston's nor Roeliff Jansen Kill.)

Livingstone: range, Glacier National Park, Continental Divide, from international boundary south to Trapper Peak, thence southeast to McDonald Creek.

Livius Pond: see Mirror, lake.

Livorno (Leghorn): prov. and city, Tuscany, Italy; Fr. Livourne; 43° 33′ N., 10° 17′ E.

Lizard: spring, 3 miles west of Fort Defiance, Apache County, Ariz.

Lizzie: see Metigoshe.

Ljubljana: pr. lyo͞ob-lyä-nä; city, Yugoslavia; Ger. Laibach; Ital. Lubiana; 46° 2′ N., 14° 30′ E.

Llabas: see Ilabas, P. I.

Llano Estacado: plateau, N. Mex. and Tex., near lat. 33° 00′ N., long. 103° 00′ W. (Not Staked Plain.)

Llanquihue: pr. lyän-kē′weh; former prov., which is now part of Chiloé prov., Chile; also a lake; 41° 15′ S., 72° 50′ W.

Llao: rock, rim of Crater Lake, Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Mount Jackson.)

Lloyd: harbor and neck, Huntington Bay, Long Island Sound, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Lloyd's.)

Lloyd: town and village, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Loyd.)

Loac: see Laoak (Este), P. I.

Loackhart: see Lockhart, township, Ind.

Loaxapallila: see Luxapalila.

Loay: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Lobitos: creek, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not Lobatos, Lobitas, nor Lobitus.)

Loblockee: creek, Lee County, Ala. (Not Big Loblockee, White's, nor Whites.)

Lobo: lake, Lake County, Minn., about ½ mile west of lower end of Sand River, in sec. 22, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest.

Lobo: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Loboo.)

Loboc: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Loboo: see Lobo, P. I.

Lobutcha: creek, tributary to Pearl River, Attala, Choctaw, Leake, and Winston Counties, Miss. (Not Butcha, Lobutchy, Yalabutch, Yellow, nor Yellow Butcha.)

Locarno, Lac de: see Maggiore.

Lochloy: village, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Lochsloy.)

Lockart's: see Lockhart, landing, Ohio.

Locke: mountain, Bethel Town, Oxford County, Me. (Not Besse.)

Locke: Lockes: see Locks.

Lockhart: landing and post light, Ohio River, Adams County, Ohio. (Not Lockart's.)

Lockhart: township, Pike County, Ind. (Not Loackhart.)

Locks: island, Winnipesaukee Lake, one-half mile northwest of Belknap Point, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Locke, Lock's, nor Thompsons.)

Lock Springs: village, Daviess County, Mo. (Not Lockspring.)

Lockwood Folly: inlet and river, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Lockwood's Folly.)

Locob: see Lucob, P. I.

Loctob: barrio, Valencia Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Loctub.)

Loctub: see Loctob, P. I.

Locus: see Mink.

Locust: see Middle, creek, Colo.

Locust: see Poplar, point, Md.

Locust Reach: see Ship Harbor, cove, Me.

Loderick: see Lauderick.

Lodge: creek, southern Alberta and Saskatchewan, Canada, and Montana, United States, flowing into Milk River near Chinook, Mont. (Not West Fork nor West Fork Milk River.)

*__Lodge__: creek, flowing westerly into South Fork of Snoqualmie River below mouth of Denny Creek, King County, Wash. (Not Hyak.)

Lodge: mountain peak (Mount Lodge), altitude 10,514 feet, 12 miles north of of Mount Fairweather, lat. 59° 06′ 16″ N., long. 137° 32′ 28″ W., international boundary, Alaska and Canada.

Lodge Grass: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., and Sheridan County, Wyo., rising in northwestern part of T. 57 N., R. 91 W., unsurveyed, sixth principal meridian, flowing northeast and tributary to Big Horn River in sec. 13, T. 6 S., R. 35 E., Montana principal meridian.

Lodgepole: creek, tributary to Morrison Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Lodgepole: creek, secs. 10, 15, and 16, T. 5 N., R. 11 E., tributary to Shields River from northeast, Meagher County, Mont.

Lodgepole: mountain, between Middle Fork Flathead River and Lodgepole Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Lodgepole: precinct and village, Cheyenne County, Nebr.; also creek, southwestern Nebraska, northeastern Colorado, and southeastern Wyoming. (Not Lodge Pole.)

Lodgepole: trail, T. 3 S., R. 14 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont.

Lodore: see Canyon of Lodore.

Łódź: pr. wudzh (nearly); city, w. Poland; 51° 46′ N., 19° 25′ E.

Lofoten: islands, n. Norway; 68° 30′ N., 15° E.

Log: meadow, Sequoia National Park, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 5, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Tharpe, Tharpe's Log, nor Wolverton.)

Logan: creek, heading in Haystack Butte and Logan Pass, and flowing west to McDonald Creek, at its bend, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont.

Logan: creek, Ts. 29 and 30 N., R. 24 W., tributary to Stillwater River from southwest, Flathead County, Mont. (Not South Fork of Stillwater River.)

Logan: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., at foot of Logan Glacier, near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., at head of Olson Creek. Logan was the first superintendent of park.

Logan: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 02′ W., the head of Olson Creek.

Logan: glacier, heads near Mount Logan and crosses the International Boundary about 38 miles north of Mount St. Elias, lat. 60° 51′ N., and flows into Chitina Glacier, Alaska.

Logan: mountain, lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 39′ W., 2 miles northeast of Blackfeet Mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont.

Logan: pass, altitude 6,600 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., crossing Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 43′ W.

Logan: peak, 2½ miles south of Logan River, near lat. 41° 43′ N., long. 111° 43′ W., 6 miles ESE. of Logan city, Cache County, Utah.

Logan Gap: post light, Ohio River, Brown County, Ohio. (Not Logan's Gap.)

Loganville: borough, York County, Pa. (Not Logansville.)

Logging: creek, Glacier National Park. Flathead County, Mont., rising on west slope of Trapper Peak, near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 58′ W., flowing southwest through Logging Lake, into Flathead River.

Logging: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont. center, near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 114° 05′ W. So named because of extensive logging operations years ago.

Logging: mountain, altitude 8,600 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 114° 03′ W.

Logging: ridge, between Quartz Creek on the north and Logging Creek and Lake on the south, Flathead County, Mont.

Logging Camp: bay, northern side Passage Canal about midway between Pigot Point and Poe Bay, near lat. 60° 50′ N., long. 148° 26′ W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Logie: see Logy.

Logohon: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Logojon, Logujon, nor Lugojon.)

Logojon: see Logohon, P. I.

Logta: see Lugta, P. I.

Loguis: see Laguio, P. I.

Logujon: see Logohon, P. I.

Logun: see Logung, P. I.

Logung: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Logun.)

Logy: creek, tributary to Satus Creek from the north, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Logie.)

Lohali: point, Apache County, Ariz., in Navajo Indian Reservation, about 15 miles southwest of Chinle, near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 109° 48′ W. (Not Hlohahle nor Hlohah le.)

Loire: pr. lwär; largest river in France, flowing w. to the Atlantic.

Lokasakad: spring, Navajo County, Ariz., in T. 23 N., R. 21 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, about 3 miles west of Indian Wells. (Not Lucacsaca.)

Lokaskal: spring, on Black Mesa, 18 miles north of Keams Canyon, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Lo kasa kad nor Lo kas a kal.)

Lolanko: river flat and splendid redwood grove on west side South Fork Eel River at mouth of Bull Creek, Humboldt County, Calif.

Lolo: bay, lat. 9° 22′ 0″, long. 118° 32′ 2″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Lolo: creek, between Idaho and Clearwater Counties, Idaho. (Not Lo-Lo nor Nahwah.)

Lolo: creek, pass, peak, trail and village, Missoula County, Mont. (Not Lo Lo, Lou-lou, nor Lou Lou.)

Lolomai: point, Navajo County, Ariz., in Navajo Indian Reservation at north end of Black Mesa, near lat. 36° 38′ N., long. 110° 20′ W.

Loma Atravesada: crest of the massive sandstone ridge between Arroyo Leona and Horsethief Canyon, Diablo Range, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Three Sisters.)

Loma de Gato: barrio, Marilao Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lomadegato.)

Lomampong: see Lomampung Balagbag, P. I.

Lomampung Balagbag: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lomampong nor Lomanpong.)

Lomand's: see Bancroft, mountain.

Lomanpong: see Lomampung Balagbag, P. I.

Lomas: point, tip of neck, projecting 300 yards from shore of Prince of Wales Island, west side Port Caldera entrance, southeastern Alaska. (Not Cabo de las Lomas nor Cape Lomas.)

Lombardia (Lombardy): former division, n. Italy; largest city, Milano.

Lombards: see Lamberts.

Lombardy: see Lombardia.

Lombog: barrio, Guindulman Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Lumbog.)

Lombok: island, Neth. India, e. of Java; 8° 45′ S., 116° 30′ E.

Lomboy: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Lumboy.)

Lomot: see Lumot, P. I.

Lompoc: terrace, on the Lompoc Grant, south of Surf, Santa Barbara County, Calif.

Lon: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 16 and 17, T. 64 N., R. 16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Leonidas Merritt, prospector, who, with his brother Alfred, was the original discoverer of ore in this region.

London: city, Ontario, Canada, bet. lakes Erie and Huron; 43° N., 81° 20′ W.

London: capital city, England; 51° 3′ N., 0° 7′ W.

London: see Loudon.

Londonderry: seaport, county Londonderry (or Derry), Northern Ireland; 55° N., 7° 28′ W.

London Grove: village and township, Chester County, Pa. (Not Londongrove.)

Lone: island, 2¼ miles long, 8 miles westward from Naked Island, lat. 60° 40′.5 N., long. 147° 46′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Long.)

Lone: mountain, altitude 2,130 feet, on and near north end of Admiralty Island, lat. 58° 18′ N., long. 134° 50′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Barlow.)

Lone: peak, Pershing County, Nev., in Augusta Mountains, T. 26 N., R. 39 E. (Not Boundary, Cane Spring, nor Lost.)

Lone: rock, near Chiswells Islands, near lat. 59° 54′ N., long. 149° 37′.5 W., off south shore of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Lone: see Phoca.

Lone Cabin: creek, T. 51 N., Rs. 1 and 2 W., south fork Burnt Cabin Creek, Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not South Fork.)

Lone Cliff: gulch, secs. 2 and 3, T. 25 N., and sec. 35, T. 26 N., R. 34 W., heading at Lone Cliff, Sanders County, Mont.

Lone Cone: peak, San Juan Mountains, Dolores and San Miguel Counties, Colo. (Not West Point.)

Loneman: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 40′ W.

Lone Pine: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 35, T. 15 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Lone Pine Prairie: meadow, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 114° 16′ W.

***Lonesome:** creek, east of South Badger Creek, tributary to Big Badger Creek from south, Pondera County, Mont. (Not Shelf.)

Lonesome: creek, McKenzie County, N. Dak., rises in sec. 30, T. 150 N., R. 100 W., fifth principal meridian, and flows northwest to Charbonneau Creek, in which it empties in sec. 31, T. 151 N., R. 102 W.

Lonesome Pond: see Kiwassa Lake.

Lone Spruce: rock, southeastern Alaska, at entrance of Sukkwan Strait, Cordova Bay, lat. 55° 12′ N., long. 132° 50′ W. (Not Green.)

Lone Star: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about one-half mile above mouth of Spring Creek, on left bank of Firehole River, near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 49′ W.

Long: canyon and creek, Las Animas County, Colo. (Not Cañon de Largo nor Long's.)

Long: canyon, between Bulldog Canyon and Verdure Creek, southeast of South Peak, draining into Montezuma Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

Long: channel, the inside passage between the west side of Knight Island and the east sides of Mummy and Squire Islands, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

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Long: creek, small tributary to Tokichitna River from the southwest, joining it about 1 mile above Home Lake, Alaska. (Not Dog.)

Long: creek, west branch Souris River, southeastern Saskatachewan, Canada, and Divide County, North Dakota.

Long: pr. lông; island, the Bahamas; 23° 20′ N., 75° 10′ W.

Long: ledge, including two small bare islands northeast of Bass Harbor Head, southern coast of Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 13′ N., long. 68° 18′ W. The ship *Grand Design* was wrecked on Long Ledge in the year 1740. (Not The Nubble.)

Long: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 28 and 29, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Long: point, northern shore East Bay, about long. 85° 36′, Bay County, Fla. (Not Oyster.)

Long: point, northeast point of Great Cranberry Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Manchester, Mayo's, nor Stanley.)

Long: point, Chincoteague Bay, Accomac County, Va. (Not Bodkin.)

Long: pond, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Heaven nor Heavens.)

Long: point, the southernmost extremity of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Stalley nor Stalley's.)

Long: portage, between Rose and Watap Lakes, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Grand Neuf nor Great New.)

Long: valley of the North Fork of Payette River, western Valley County, Idaho, extending from the low ridge which in T. 12 N., R. 3 E., Boise meridian, separates Long Valley from Round Valley north to Payette lakes.

Long: see Bryant, lake, Minn.

Long: see Charlevoix, lake, Mich.

Long: see Chemung, lake, Mich.

Long: see Contoocook Pond, N. H.

Long: see Highland, lake, Conn.

Long: see Highland, lake, N. H.

Long: see Kasaan, island, Alaska.

Long: see Lone, island, Alaska.

Long: see Longboat, key, Fla.

Long: see Mack, lake, Mich.

Long: see Neville, island, Pa.

Long: see Smoky, lake, Mich.

Long: see Squire, island, Alaska.

Long: see Tipsico, lake, Mich.

Long: see Upper Goose, pond, Mass.

Long: see Winnapaug, pond.

Long: see Wolfe, island.

Long: see Wononpakook, pond, Conn.

Long Bay: see Paugus, bay, N. H.

Long Beach: city, in Los Angeles Co., California, on San Pedro Bay, near lat. 33° 46′ N., long. 118° 11′ W. Population in 1930, 141,528.

Longboat: key, between New Pass and Longboat Inlet, Sarasota County, Fla. (Not Long nor Sarasota.)

Long Canyon: creek, Ts. 63, 64, and 65 N., R. 2 W., tributary to Kootenai River from south, Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Canyon.)

Long Cay: pr. lông kē; island, the Bahamas; 23° 20′ N., 75° 10′ W.

Longfellow: creek, heading on Longfellow Peak, tributary to McDonald Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Longfellow: peak, altitude 8,890 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 56′ W. So named by R. H. Sargent, 1904, topographer, United States Geological Survey. (Not Mount Ruger.)

Longfellow: see Learnard, glacier, Alaska.

Long Island: see Plantation.

Long Island Head: lighthouse, Boston Harbor, Mass. (Not Long Island.)

Long Jeff: see Coal, creek, Mont.

Long Knife: see Rice, creek, N. D.

Longley: pass, Tulare County, Calif., through crest of Great Western Divide, west slope Sierra Nevada, from basin of Roaring River to East Creek, near lat. 36° 41′ 30″ N., long. 118° 29′ W. So named, 1895, after Howard Longley, leader of the party that discovered it.

Long Liz: creek, T. 46 N., R. 6 E., tributary to North Fork St. Joe River from east, near Bogles Spur, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Longmeadow: town, Hampden County, Mass. (Not Long Meadow.)

Longos: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Long Point: see Garnet.

Long Point: see Ryer.

Longpond: see Bearfort.

Long Pond: see Eagle, lake, N. Y.

Long Reach: see Bivalve.

Longrell: Longrells: see Langrells.

Long's: see Long, canyon and creek, Colo.

Longs: peak, northwest corner of Boulder County, Colo. (Not Long's.)

Long Sault: rapids, below Manitou Rapids, Rainy River, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Koochiching County, Minn., International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

Longs Landing: post light, Ohio River, Henderson County, Ky. (Not Long's.)

Longsodaan: Longsoddaan: Lonsod-Daan: Longsod-daan: see Lungsoddaan, P. I.

***Longswamp:** township and village, Berks County, Pa. (Not Long Swamp.)

Long Tom: mountain, in the northwestern part of Lemhi County, Idaho, 4 miles north of Salmon River at the mouth of Middle Fork, near lat. 45° 22′ N., long. 114° 35′ W.

Lonoy: barrio, Sapian Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Lunoy.)

Lonsod Da-an: Lonsod-Daan: see Lungsoddaan, P. I.

Lontana: point, southerly salient of Suemez Island, long. 133° 20′, southeastern Alaska.

Looc: barrio, Opon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Look nor Lo-ok.)

Looc: bay, Batangas Province, Luzon: bay, Lubang Island: bay and point Samar Inlet, Masbate, P. I. (Not Loog, Lug, nor Luk.)

Looc: municipality, Capiz province (subprovince Romblon), and Port, Tablas, P. I.

Looc: see Looc Santander: Looc 1°: Looc Oslob, P. I.

Looc 1°: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Looc nor Look 1°.)

Looc Caceres: barrio, Oslob Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Look, Look Caceres, nor Look-Nueva Caceres.)

Looc Oslob: barrio, Oslob Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Looc, Look, nor Look Oslob.)

Looc Santander: barrio, Oslob Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Looc, Look, nor Look Santander.)

Loog: see Looc, P. I.

Look: see Loos: Looc Caceres: Looc Oslob: Looc Santander, P. I.

Lo-ok: see Looc, P. I.

Look 1°: see Looc 1°, P. I.

Look Caceres: see Looc Caceres, P. I.

Look-in: point, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Look In nor Lookin.)

Lookingglass: creek, Douglas County, Oreg.

Looking Glass: creek, Park County, Mont., in T. 2 N., Rs. 8–9 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Shields River.

Look Nueva Caceres: see Looc Caceres, P. I.

Look Oslob: see Looc Oslob, P. I.

Lookout: creek, T. 14 S., Rs. 35½ and 36 E., tributary to South Fork Burnt River from southwest, Baker County, Oreg. (Not Sheep.)

Lookout: creek and mountain, northwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Lookout: hill (Lookout Mountain), 680 feet high, San Juan County, Wash., the southern summit of Double Hill, on north part Orcas Island, three-eighths of a mile west of head of East Sound.

Lookout: mountain, altitude 10,744 feet, sec. 16, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., southeastern extremity of Meeker Ridge, 3½ miles southeast of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo. (Not The Lookout.)

Lookout: point, Arenac County, Mich. (Not Gravelly.)

Lookout: point, on Apache Trail about 41½ miles from Mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Lookout: ridge, northwestern Alaska, on north bank of Colville River, near lat. 69° 08′ N., between long. 157° 30′ and 159° 30′ W. Proposed by the United States Geological Survey expedition, 1925, in reference to the number of Eskimo lookout stations seen there.

Lookout: river, northwestern Alaska, north side Colville River, draining east end of Lookout Ridge to south bank of Awuna River, near lat. 69° 05′, long. 157°.

Lookout, The: see Lookout, mountain.

Lookout: see Artist, point, Wyo.

Lookout: see Bushnell, peak, Mont.

Lookout: see Coolidge, mountain, S. Dak.

Lookout: see Devil, peak, Nev.

Lookout: see Gedney, mountain, Idaho.

Lookout: see Tower, mountain, Oreg.

Lookout: see Watch, point, Alaska.

Lookout Ridge: headland, point of view on Navajo Mountains, south of Colorado River, near long. 110° 55′ W., San Juan County, Utah.

Look Santander: see Looc Santander, P. I.

Loomis: peak, altitude 8,553 feet, Shasta County, Calif., 2 miles west of Lassen Peak, in sec. 32, T. 31 N., R. 4 E. So named in honor of B. F. Loomis, early settler.

Loomis: see Lunice.

Loon: island, western one of two west of Melvil Village, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Gordon, Gun, nor Twin.)

Loon: lake, between Lac La Croix and Little Vermilion Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

Loon: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Loon: see Gun, island, N. H.

Loon Bay: see Paugus, bay, N. H.

Loop: creek, Fayette County, W. Va. (Not Big Loop nor Lower Loop.)

Loop: creek, T. 46 N., Rs. 6 and 7 E., tributary to North Fork St. Joe River from east, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not East Fork of North Fork St. Joe River.)

Loop: town, Cherokee County, Ala. (Not Pleasanton.)

Loop Loop: Loop-Loop: Looploop: see Loup Loup.

Loosa Hatchee: Loosa Hatchie: see Loosahatchie.

Loosahatchie: river, Fayette, Hardeman, and Shelby Counties, Tenn. (Not Loosa Hatchee, Loosa Hatchie nor Loosahatchee.)

Loosa Schoona: see Skuna.

Loosna: see Latona.

Loospililla: see Luxapalila.

Looxapillila: see Luxapalila.

Lopaus: point, Hancock County, Me., on southwest extremity Mount Desert Island, at western entrance to Bass Harbor, near lat. 43° 14′ N., long. 68° 22′ W. After Capt. A. Lopaus, who lived in this vicinity. (Not Lopau.)

Loper: see Myers, creek, N. Y.

Lopez: hill, 480 feet high, San Juan County, Wash., near the middle of Lopez Island. Local usage is Lopez Peak.

Lopez: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lopo: see Lupo, P. I.

Loramie: township, Shelby County, Ohio. (Not Loramie's.)

Loramie: see Fort Laramie.

Lorca: city, Murcia, s. e. Spain; 37° 42′ N., 1° 40′ W.

Lords: passage, east end of Fishers Island Sound, N. Y. (Not Lord's.)

Lordville: see Lowville.

Lorencito: canyon, Las Animas County, Colo. (Not Cañada Larencita nor Canyon Lorenzo.)

Lorente: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Lorraine: former kingdom, part later comprising division of France, afterward part of Alsace-Lorraine, Germany; now dept. of Moselle, France; Ger. Lothringen.

Lorriston: see Louriston.

Losa: island, 5 feet high, one-eighth mile long, 2 miles west-southwest of Cape Lynch, Heceta Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 46′, long. 133° 45′.

Los Angeles: city, in Los Angeles Co., California, on the Los Angeles River, near lat. 34° 03′ N., long. 118° 15′ W. Population in 1930, 1,233,561. (Pronounced, lŏs ăn′-jĕ-lĕs.)

Losanna: see Lausanne.

Los Banos: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Los Casitos: see Las Casetas.

Los Crespos: see Crespos Heads.

Los Farallones: bare rocks, about one-half mile northeast of Icacos Cay, P. R.

Los Gatos: creek, Diablo Range, western Fresno County, Calif. (Not Arroyo las Gatos, Las Gatas, nor Polvodero.)

Los Gatos: see Gato.

Los Hermagos: see Hermagos.

Los Moras: see Las Moras.

Los Penasquitos: canyon and land grant, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Las Penasquitas, Paguay, Penasquitos, nor Pinasquitos.)

Los Pinos: river, tributary to San Juan River, southwestern Colorado and northwestern New Mexico. (Not Pinos nor Rio de los Pinos.)

Los Piramidos: see Pyramid Hills.

Lossmans: see Lostmans.

Los Stancos: see Los Trancos.

Lost: branch, tributary to Big Beaver Creek from west, in sec. 15, T. 22 N., R. 32 W., Saunders County, Mont.

Lost: creek, Shasta County, Calif., rising on northeast slope of Lassen Peak and flowing northerly into Hat Creek. (Not Canoe.)

Lost: creek, draining into Rogue River, Douglas County, Oreg.

Lost: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 54′ N., long. 110° 29′ W., flowing northeast then northwest, into Elk Creek.

Lost: lake, north of Kenai Lake, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 60° 27′ N., long. 149° 31′ W., Alaska.

Lost: see Gibson, lake, Mich..

Lost: see O'Neill, creek, Mont.

Lost: see Portal, creek, Mont.

Lost: see Sleeman, creek, Mont.

Lost: see Lone, peak, Nev.

Lost: see Todd, lake, Oreg.

Lost Basin: valley, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 23′ N., long. 113° 25′ W.

Lost Boy: creek, Prairie County, Mont., rises in sec. 33, T. 13 N., R. 49 E., Montana principal meridian, and empties into the Yellowstone River in sec. 15, T. 12 N., R. 50 E. (Not Lost Man.) A boy lost in 1901 while looking for stock gave rise to name.

Lost Cannon: creek, Mono County, Calif., rises near lat. 38° 25′ N., long 119° 32′ W., flowing northeast into Mill Creek, in sec. 32, T. 8 N., R. 23 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Lost Canyon.)

Lost Canyon: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 8, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., flowing east into Big Arroyo in section 11, Sequoia National Park.

Lost Fork: stream, T. 53 N., R. 3 E., branch of Jordan Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Lost Horse: mountain, southern part sec. 4, T. 26 N., R. 31 W., on divide between Sanders and Lincoln Counties, Mont.

Lost Horse: see North Lost Horse.

Lostine: river, tributary to Wallowa River from the south near Lostine, Wallowa County, Oreg. (Not South Fork, Wallowa.)

Lostland: run, Garrett County, Md. (Not Lost Land nor Lostzand.)

Lost Man: see Lost Boy, creek, Mont.

Lostmans: river, Monroe County, Fla. (Not Lawsons Run nor Lossmans.)

Lostmans: see Landsman, creek, Colo.

Lost Mine: creek, west fork Burnt Cabin Creek, T. 51 N., R. 2 W., Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not West Fork.)

Los Trancos: creek, between San Mateo and Santa Clara Counties, Calif. (Not Los Stancos nor Stancos.)

Lost River: mountain range, eastern Custer County, Idaho, between Pahsimeroi and Little Lost Rivers on the east and Salmon River, Warm Spring Creek, and Big Lost River on the west, including at the southern end Howe Peak, in T. 5 N., R. 29 E., Boise meridian.

Lost Valley: see Death Valley.

Lostzand: see Lostland.

Los Yeguas: see Yeguas.

Lotaos: see Lutaos, P. I.

Lothair: see Faulkner.

Lothian: see East Lothian, Midlothian, West Lothian.

Lothringen: see Lorraine.

Lotus: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Walton.)

Lotwa: see Latvia.

Loudon: township, Carroll County, Ohio. (Not London.)

Lough Neagh: lake in northern Ireland. (Not Neagh.)

Louie and Scottie: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., in Ts. 9–10 N., Rs. 41–44 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to South Sunday Creek in northwestern part of T. 9 N., R. 44 E. (Not Louise and Scotty.)

Louise, Lake: see Ellen Wilson.

Louis: bay, at north end of Knight Island and the south end of Lower Passage, south of Disk Island, lat. 60° 28′.5 N., long. 140° 40′.5 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Louisa: see Levisa Fork.

Louise and Scotty: see Louie and Scottie.

Louisiana: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Arkansas and Mississippi, on the east by Mississippi and the Gulf of Mexico, on the south by the Gulf of Mexico, and on the west by Texas. Area, 48,506 square miles. (Pronounced, lōō-ē-zē-ăn′-a.)

Louisville: city, in Jefferson Co., Kentucky, on the Ohio River, near lat. 38° 15′ N., long. 85° 46′ W. Population in 1930, 307,808. (Pronounced, lōō′-ĭ-vĭl.)

Lou-Lou: see Lolo, creek, Mont.

Lounsberry: village, Tioga County, N. Y. (Not Canfields Corners.)

Loup Loup: creek, tributary to Okanogan River from the north, near Malott, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Loop Loop, Loop-Loop, nor Looploop.)

Louriston: township and village, Chippewa County, Minn. (Not Lorriston.)

Lovango Medio: see Mingo.

Love: peak, altitude about 6,500 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, Swain County, N. C., and Sevier County, Tenn., the northern of the three knobs, the central and highest of which is Clingmans Dome. Love is near lat. 35° 33′ 30″ N., long. 83° 30′ W. Named by Arnold Guyot, prior to 1860, for Dr. S. L. Love, of North Carolina, who accompanied General Clingman and Professor Buckley in 1858 when Clingmans Dome was first measured.

Love Ladies: Love Lady's: see Lovelady.

Lovelady: island, Barnegat Bay, lat. 39° 43′ 36″ N., long. 74° 08′ 31″ W., Union Township, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Love Ladies nor Love Lady's.)

Loveland: canyon of Thompson River above Little Dam, Larimer County, Colo. (Not Loveland Grand.)

Loveland Grand: see Loveland.

Lovell: Lovells: Lovell's: see Lovewell.

Lovelock: city, Pershing County, Nev. (Not Lovelocks.)

Lovetts: see Mink.

Lovewell: mountain in Washington town, Sullivan County, N. H. So named in honor of Capt. John Lovewell, 1725, who encountered many hostile Indians in this vicinity. (Not Lovell, Lovell's, nor Lovewell's.)

Lovewell: pond, Fryeburg Town, Oxford County, Me. (Not Lovell, Lovells, Lovell's, nor Lovewells.)

Loveyland: see Lubberland.

Low: mountain, altitude 5,357 feet, west of Denny Creek, between Denny and Granite Mountains, King County, Wash.

Low: point, on east side of Chilkoot Inlet, mainland of Alaska, near lat. 59° 16′ N.

Low: see Broken, point, Alaska.

Low: see Shoals, point, Alaska.

Lowell: city, in Middlesex Co., Massachusetts, on the Merrimac River, near lat. 42° 46′ N., long. 71° 10′ W. Population in 1930, 100,300. (Pronounced, lō′-ĕl.)

Lowell: glacier, Alaska, tributary of Harvard Glacier, on east side, north of Downer Glacier, near lat. 61° 18′ N., long. 147° 39′ W. Named for A. Lawrence Lowell, president of Harvard University.

Lowell: point, west side of Resurrection Bay, near head, lat. 60° 04′ N., long. 149° 26′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Lowell: see Renard.

Lowellville: village, Mahoning County, Ohio. (Not Lowell.)

Lower: passage, between north end of Knight Island and Disk and Ingot Islands, Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Knight.)

Lower Alloways Creek: township, Salem County, N. J. (Not Lower Alloway Creek.)

Lower Austria: see Niederösterreich.

Lower Black: see Black, river, Mich.

Lower Cedar: see Goddard.

Lower Chipoak: see Lower Chippokes.

Lower Chippokes: creek, Surry County, Va., rises near lat. 37° 06′ N., long. 76° 46′ W., and flows northeast into James River, west of Hog Island. (Not Cobham, Lower Chipoak, nor Lower Chippoak's.) From Wm. Strachey, 1609, *Histoire of Travaille into Virginia*, " . . . is for the most part in the government of Chopoke, at Chawapo, one of Pipiscoe's brothers."

Lower Dowry: creek and point, north side Pungo River, Beaufort County, N. C. (Not Lower Dowery.)

Lower Falls of the Yellowstone River: waterfall, 308 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Yellowstone River, near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 110° 30′ W.

Lower Foy: lake, NW. ¼ sec. 23, T. 28 N., R. 22 W., southwest of Kalispell and north of Fays Lake, Flathead County, Mont.

Lower Geyser: basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 51′ W., drained by Firehole River. First described by Washburn-Doane parties, 1870.

Lower Glacier: see Lower Scenic.

Lower Granite: gorge, of the Colorado River in the Grand Canyon, 50 miles long, from 98 to 148 miles below Granite Gorge, in Mohave County, Ariz., excepting the upper 6 miles, which is in Mohave and Coconino Counties.

Lower Granite: see Middle Granite.

Lower Herring: bay, indenting western side of Knight Island, lat. 59° 23′ N., long. 147° 51′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Lower Kings Creek: meadow, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 17, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Lower Klamath: lake, Klamath County, Oreg., and Siskiyou County, Calif. (Not Little Klamath.)

Lower Little Swatara: creek, rises in Township of Bethel, Berks County, Pa., in lat. 40° 32′ N., long. 76° 13′ 20″ W., and flowing in a general southwesterly direction joins Swatara Creek, on southern slope of Swatara Hill, in Pine Grove Township, Schuylkill County.

Lower Loop: see Loop, creek, W. Va.

Lower Patroon: island, Hudson River, Albany city, N. Y. (Not Patroon's Lower Island.)

Lower Quartz: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 114° 10′ W. (Not Crescent.)

Lower Sabao: lake in extreme northeastern end of T. 35, Hancock County, Me. (Not Sabac nor Sabio.) One of the four lakes distinguished locally either by numbers or by prefixes denoting relative size or position.

Lower Scenic: lake, on Surprise Creek below Upper Scenic Lake, 3 miles south of Scenic, King County, Wash. (Not Lower Glacier.)

Lower Stillwater: lake, secs. 18, 19, and 20, T. 32 N., R. 23 W., between Olney and Lupfer, Flathead County, Mont. (Not Frank Miles.)

Lower Tamarack: river, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 44 N., R. 17 W., flows south to T. 42, R. 17, and thence east and south to T. 41, R. 16, where it joins the St. Croix River. (Not Tamarack Creek nor Tamarack River.)

Lower Thoms: see Thomas, point, Md.

Lower Thorn: see Thomas, point, Md.

Lower Two Medicine: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 18′ W., upper end crossed by east Park boundary, traversed by Two Medicine Creek.

Lower Uwchlan: see Uwchlan.

Lowery: point, Rappahannock River, Essex County, Va. (Not Lowry's.)

Lowestoft: seaport, Suffolk county. ext. e. England; 52° 32′ N., 1° 43′ E.

Low Gap: creek, extreme southeastern part Josephine County, Oreg. (Not Whisky.)

Low Gap: see Mendocino.

Lowrie: ditch, heading in Nailiilihaele Stream, near Kailua at about the same elevation as Haiku Ditch, extending westward across country near Hamakuapoko, east Maui, T. H.

Lowrie Bar: post light, Ohio River, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Lowrie's.)

***Lowrys:** town, Chester County, S. C. (Not Lowrysville, nor Lowryville.)

Lowryville: see Lowrys.

Lows: see Blackwalnut.

Lowville: township and village, Murray County, Minn. (Not Lordville.)

Loyd: see Lloyd, town and village, N. Y.

Loyo: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Luyo.)

Loyonjoyon: see Hoyonhoyon, P. I.

Lozen: see Kirklareli.

Luakan: barrio, Dinalupihan Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lauacan nor Laucan.)

Lualailua: land division, in Government ownership, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Lualualei: land division, partly in Government ownership, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Lubang: township, Mindoro Province, Lubang, P. I.

Lubang: see Sabang, P. I.

Lubao: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lubao: see Lutao, P. I.

Lubberland: creek, Rockingham County, N. H., northwest side Great Bay, 1 mile east of Newmarket village. (Not Goddard's nor Loveyland.)

Lübeck: seaport, ext. s. w. Baltic Sea. n. Germany; 53° 50′ N., 10° 40′ E,

Lubiana: see Ljubljana.

Lublin: city, s. cen. Poland; Russ. Lyublin;† 51° 15′ N., 22° 34′ E.

Lubuagan: settlement, Mountain Province (subprovince Kalinga), Luzon, P. I.

Lucacsaca: see Lokasakad.

Lucas: bend, Mississippi River, 16 miles below Cairo, Ill. (Not Lucas's.)

Lucban: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lucca: prov. and city near Pisa, n. w. Italy; 43° 50′ N., 10° 29′ E.

Lucena: municipality, Provincial Capital, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lucerna: see Luzern.

Lucerne (city and canton): see Luzern.

Lucerne: lake, cen. Switzerland; Fr. Lac des Quatre Cantons; Ger. Vierwaldstättersee.

Lucknow: city, United Provinces, India; 26° 55′ N., 80° 55′ E.

Luckwick: see Lauderick.

Lucob: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Locob.)

Luçon: see Luzon, P. I.

Lucsohin: see Luksuhin, P. I.

Lucsuhin: see Luksuhin, P. I.

Ludaseska: creek, Alaska, effluent of Rainbow Glacier, on west side of Chilkat Inlet, 2½ miles northwest of Glacier Point. (Not Hludasetsk nor Tikudasetzk.)

Ludington: town, Eau Claire County, Wis. (Not Luddington.)

Ludlam: bay, beach, light, and thoroughfare, Cape May County, N. J. (Not Ludlam's.)

Ludowick: see Swaderick.

Ludwig: see Lauderick.

Ludwigshafen: city, Rheinpfalz; s. w. Germany; 49° 30′ N., 8° 25′ E.

Lug: Luk: see Looc, P. I.

Lugansk: city, ext. e. Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 48° 33′ N., 39° 16′ E.

Lugojon: see Logohon, P. I.

Lugta: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Logta nor Lugtae.)

Lugtae: see Lugta, P. I.

Luik: see Liége.

Luimneach (Limerick): city on the Shannon river, s. w. Irish Free State; 52° 40′ N., 8° 36′ W.

Luisiana: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Luispena: cay, 700 yards south of Stream Point and 2,000 yards west of Scorpion Point, Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Cayo de Luis-Pena nor Southwest Cay.)

Luispena: channel, ⅜ mile wide between Culebra and Luispena Cay, P. R. (Not Canal de Luis-Pena nor Fondeadero del Sudoeste o el Canal.)

Luk: see Looc, P. I.

Lukachukai: mountains, and creek, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz.

Luke: point, on east side Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, between Grace Harbor and Vesta Bay, near lat. 54° 56′ N., long. 132° 54′ W. So named in honor of Lieut. Frank Luke, aviator, who was killed in action in the World War.

Lukin: see Ibabang Luquin, P. I.

Luksuhin: barrio, Calatagan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lucsuhin.)

Luksuhin: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lucsohin nor Lucsuhin.)

Luksuhin: barrio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lucsohin nor Lucsuhin.)

Lulea: town, on Gulf of Bothnia, Sweden. (Not Luleo.)

Lulu: island, in Prince of Wales Archipelago, between Noyes, Naker, and San Fernando Islands, about lat. 55° 30′ N., long. 133° 30′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Lulu: mountain, Grand County, Colo., Colorado National Forest, in secs. 13 and 24, T. 6 N., R. 76 W., 6th P. M.

Lulu: see Iron, mountain, Colo.

Lum: post light, Mississippi River, Concordia Parish, La. (Not Lum's.)

Luma: sitio, Calauan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lumahai: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Lumahai: stream, rising on northern slope of Waialeale Peak, flowing northward into sea, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Lumang Bayan: see Lumangbayan, P. I.

Lumang-Bayan: see Calumbuyan, P. I.

Lumangbayan: barrio, Quingua Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lumang Bayan nor Lamangbayan.)

Lumangbayan: see Lumbangan, P. I.

Lumay: see Lunay, P. I.

Lumban: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lumbangan: barrio, Tuy Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lumangbayan.)

Lumbards: see Lamberts.

Lumbog: see Lombog, P. I.

Lumboy: see Lomboy, P. I.

Lumbuyan: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Lumlenyen.)

Lumlenyen: see Lumbuyan, P. I.

Lummi: bay, island, river, and village, Whatcom County, Wash.

Lumot: barrio, Calauan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lomot.)

Lum's: see Lum.

Luna: see Namacpacan, P. I.

Lunay: barrio, Magarao Municipality, Ambos Camarines Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lumay.)

Lunay: see Lunice.

Lundin: peak, eastern King County, Wash., in sec. 22, T. 23 N., R. 11 E., Willamette meridian, lying between Snoqualmie Mountain and Red Mountain, Snoqualmie National Forest. Named in honor of the late John Lundin, who was formerly district ranger in charge of the region in which this mountain is located.

Lundys Lane: village, Erie County, Pa. (Not Lundy's Lane.)

Lunga: see Dugi.

Lungchow: postal district, China.

Lungsodaan: see Lungsoddaan, P. I.

***Lungsoddaan:** barrio, Candijay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Longsoddaan, Longsodaan, Lonsod-Daan; nor Lungsod Daan.)

***Lungsoddaan:** barrio, Garcia Hernandez Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Longsoddaan, Longsoddaan, nor Lungsodaan.

***Lungsoddaan:** barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Longsodaan, Longsoddaan, nor Lungsodaan.)

Lungsoddaan: barrio, Hinundayan Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Lungsod Daan nor Lungsuddaan.)

***Lungsoddaan:** barrio, Sierro-Bullones Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Longsoddaan, Lonsod Da-an, nor Lungsodaan.)

Lungsuddaan: see Lungsoddaan, P. I.

Lunice: creek, Grant County, W. Va. (Not Loomis nor Lunay.)

Lunoy: see Lonoy, P. I.

Luntal: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Limtal.)

Lupac: see Lupak, P. I.

Lupak: barrio, Boac Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lupac.)

Lupak: barrio, Buluan Municipality, Cotabato Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Lupatatong: Lupatcong: see Luppatatong.

Lupfer: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 31′ W., small glacier on east slope of Mount Phillips, draining into Nyack Creek.

Lupi: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Lupine: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 35′ W., flowing north into Lava Creek.

Lupine: meadow, Teton County, Wyo., in Jackson Hole, near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., at south end of Jenny Lake. This sage-grown meadow becomes a veritable flower garden every summer, with the lupine the most abundant of the many species of flowers found in it.

Lupit: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Supit.)

Lupo: barrio, Altavas Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Lapo nor Lopo.)

Luppatatong: creek, in Keyport, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Lupatatong, Lupatcong, nor Luppatcong.)

Luque: pr. lo͞o′keh; town, Paraguay; 25° 19′ S., 57° 25′ W.

Luquin: see Ibabang Luquin, P. I.

Lusaran: point, on which Lusaran Light is situated, Guimaras Island, P. I. (Not Calabaza, Dolores, nor Guisi.)

Lusaran: Luzaran: see South Point, P. I.

Lusby: village, Calvert County, Md. (Not Lusbys.)

***Lusong:** barrios, in Luba and Manabo Municipalities, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Luzong.)

Lusong: barrio, San Nicolas Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Luzon.)

Lutac: see Lutak, P. I.

Lutak: barrio, Cabatuan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, Naga Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Lutac.)

Lutao: barrio, Calauag Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Lutaw.)

Lutao: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Lubao nor Lotao.)

Lutaw: see Lutao, P. I.

Luthersville: town, Meriwether County, Ga. (Not Lutherville.)

Luton: city, Bedfordshire, England, 25 mi. n. n. w. of London; 51° 53′ N., 0° 25′ W.

Lüttich: see Liége.

Luverne: city and township, Rock County, Minn. (Not Lu Verne.)

Luverne: town and township, Kossuth County, Iowa. (Not Lu Verne.)

Luxapalila: creek, tributary to Tombigbee River, in Lowndes County, Miss., and in Lamar, Fayette, and Marion Counties, Ala. (Not Floating Turtle, Loaxapallila, Loospililla, Looxapillila, Luxapallila, nor Luxapatilla.)

Luxapatilla: see Luxapalila.

Luxembourg: prov., Belgium; Fr. (off.) Luxembourg; Flemish (also off.), Luxemburg.

Luxembourg: see Luxemburg.

Luxemburg or **Luxembourg:** grand duchy and capital city, Europe; Fr. Luxembourg; Ger. Luxemburg. By the constitution, the use of French and German is optional and unrestricted. City, 49° 35′ N., 6° 12′ E.

Luxemburg: town and village, Kewaunee County, Wis. (Not Luxembourg.)

Luyo: see Loyo, P. I.

Luzaran: see South Point, P. I.

Luzern (Lucerne): canton, and city, cen. Switzerland; Ger. Luzern; Fr. Lucerne; Ital. Lucerna; 47° 5′ N., 8° 16′ E.

Luzon: barrio, Sigaboy Municipality, Davao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Luzon: largest of the Philippine Islands. (Not Luçon.)

Luzon: strait, between the Philippines and Taiwan (Formosa).

Luzon: see Lusong, P. I.

Luzong: see Lusong, P. I.

Luzuriaga: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Lwów: pr. lvoof; city, s. e. Poland; Ger. Lemberg; Fr. Leopol; Russ. Lvov;† Ukr. L'viv;† 49° 50′ N., 23° 55′ E.

Lydonia: island, southeastern Alaska, in north end of Surveyor Passage, between Herbert Graves Island and Chichagof Island and southeast of Portlock Harbor, near lat. 57° 43′ N.

Lydonia: mountain peak, altitude about 2,000 feet, approximate lat. 57° 43′ 20″ N., long. 136° 08′ 30″ W., Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Lydonia: point, southeastern Alaska, at southern foot of Mount Lydonia, west coast Chichagof Island, southeast of Portlock Harbor, at entrance to Black Bay, near lat. 57° 42′ 30″ N.

Lye: see Chautauqua, lake.

Lyell: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 03′ N., long. 112° 02′ W.

Lykens: town and township, Crawford County, Ohio. (Not Lykins.)

Lynch: see Lynches.

Lynches: river, rising in Union County, N. C., near the State line; flowing southeasterly and tributary to Pee Dee River about 5 miles east of Johnsonville, Williamsburg County, S. C. (Not Lynch nor Lynch's.)

Lynch's: see Lynches.

Lyndon: town, Juneau County, Wis. (Not Lindon.)

Lyndon: town, Sheboygan County, Wis. (Not Lindon.)

Lynhaven: see Lynnhaven.

Lynn: city, in Essex County, Mass., on Massachusetts Bay, near lat. 42° 29′ N., long. 70° 58′ W. Population in 1930, 102,327. (Pronounced lĭn.)

Lynn Canal: fiord, the great northern arm of Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Lynn Channel.)

Lynnhaven: bay, inlet, and village, Princess Anne County, Va. (Not Lynn Haven nor Lynhaven.)

Lynns: see Linn.

Lynx: creek, T. 34 N., Rs. 5 and 6 E., Boise meridian, tributary to South Fork Lolo Creek, Idaho County, Idaho. (Not Deer.)

Lynx: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 11′ N., long. 110° 11′ W., flowing southwest, south, east, and northeast, into Yellowstone River.

Lynx: small lake, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, about 2 miles long, just north of the lower arm of Lake Nerka, at about lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 158° 50′ W.

Lynx: see Jack, creek, Md.

Lynx: see South Horse, creek, Wyo.

Lyon: city, on the Rhône, s. e. cen. France; Ital. Lione; 45° 45′ N., 4° 50′ E. Not Lyons.

Lyon: creek, Knox County, Tenn. (Not Lyons.)

Lyons: peak, Siskiyou County, Calif., on divide between Modoc and Shasta National Forests, lat. 41° 34′ 46″ N., long. 121° 30′ 22″ W. (in unsurveyed sec. 12, T. 43 N., R. 4 E., Mount Diablo meridian). So named in honor of George Washington Lyons, 1880–1929, for 18 years a member of the Forest Service, who died as a result of an accident while performing his duties as Supervisor of the Modoc National Forest.

Lyons (city): see Lyon.

Lyons (gulf): see Lion.

Lyons: see Lyon, creek.

Lyons Head: see Lions Head, mountain.

Lytle: creek, Taylor and Callahan Counties, Tex., rising near lat. 32° 15′ N., long. 99° 35′ W., flowing northwest into Cedar Creek at Abilene. (Not Lidel.)

M

Maackworths: see Mackworth.

Maalaea: bay, southern side of peninsula, Maui, T. H.

Maalasas: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maalas-as.)

***Maas:** see Meuse.

Maasim: see Maasin, P. I.

Maasin: barrio, Malabon Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon: and barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maasim.)

Maasin: point, lat. 9° 30′ 3″, long. 118° 38′ 1″, and river, lat. 9° 22′ 2″, long. 118° 32′ 1″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Maastricht: pr. mäs′trĭkht; city, s. Netherlands; 50° 52′ N., 5° 39′ E.

Mabalacat: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mabalobalod Gigñaroy: Mabalobalod Gugnaroy: see Mabalodbalod Gignanoy, P. I.

Mabalodbalod Gignanoy: barrio, Tigoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mabalobalod Gigñaroy, Mabalobalod Gugnaroy, Gigñaroy, nor Salvacion.)

Mabalor: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mavalor.)

Mabatan: see Mabatang, P. I.

Mabatang: barrio, Abucay Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mabatan.)

Mabca: barrio, Sagnay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mab-Oa.)

Mabilog na Bundoc: Mabilognabondoc: see Mabilognabundoc, P. I.

Mabilognabundoc: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mabilog na Bundoc nor Mabilognabondoc.)

Mabini: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Mabitac: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mab-Oa: see Mabca, P. I.

Mabolo: barrio, Bacoor Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mambolo.)

Mabolo: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mambulo.)

Mabunglot: see Mabungtot, P. I.

Mabungtot: barrio, Langiden Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mabunglot.)

Mabuquiao: see Mambukiao, P. I.

Macabebe: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Macabogos: Macabugos: see Makabugos, P. I.

McAdenville: town, Gaston County, N. C. (Not McAdensville.)

McAdoo: creek, Posey County, Ind. (Not Macadoo.)

McAfee: town, Sussex County, N. J. (Not McAfee Valley.)

Macalacaliat: see Macallacallat, P. I.

Macalamcam: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Macalamcan.)

Macalamcan: see Macalamcam, P. I.

Macalelon: municipality, Tayaba Province, Luzon, P. I.

McAlester: city, Pittsburg County, Okla. (Not MacAlister, MacAllister, nor South McAlester.)

Macalingan: barrio, Lila Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Macolingan.)

MacAlister: see McAlester.

Macallacallat: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Macalacaliat.)

McAllester: McAllister: see Hanson.

MacAllister: see McAlester.

Macao: see Macau.

Macapá: pr. mä-kä-pä′; seaport, Brazil, in state of Pará; 0° 15′ N., 51° 15′ W.

McArdle: precinct, Douglas County, Nebr. (Not McCardle.)

McArthur: cove, on south side of McArthur Pass, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 150° 22′ W.

***McArthur:** creek, tributary to Ladue River, near International Boundary, lat. 63° 16′ N., long. 141° 02′ W., Alaska.

McArthur: mountain, altitude about 12,500 feet, Pitkin County, Colo., between Castle and Difficult Creeks, sec. 34, unsurveyed T. 11 S., R. 84 W., about lat. 39° 03′ N., long. 106° 45′ W. After the late Daniel McArthur, a pioneer of the Ashcroft region.

McArthur: pass, between Ragged Island of the Pye Islands and the mainland, lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 150° 21′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

McArthur: river, tributary to Trading Bay, west side Cook Inlet, lat. 60° 55′ N., long. 151° 43′ W., Alaska.

***Macassar:** see Makassar.

Macate: see Makato, P. I.

Macatimao: see Macatunao, P. I.

Macato: see Makato, P. I.

Macatunao: barrio, Mabitac Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Macatimao.)

Macau (Macao): Portuguese colony on island, s. China; Port. Macau; Chinese, Aomen; 22° 10′ N., 113° 35′ E.

McAuley: see McCauley.

McBlair: shoal, the northernmost of Nantucket Shoals, Mass. (Not McBlair's.)

McCainsville: see Kenvil.

McCall: see McColl.

McCameron: town and township, Martin County, Ind. (Not McCleameron.)

McCameron: see Big Bear, creek, Mont.

McCardle: see McArdle.

McCarty: glacier, head of east arm of Nuka Bay, lat. 59° 35′ N., long. 150° 20′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

McCarty: gulch, branch of Bear Creek, near Bear Creek town, Carbon County, Mont.

McCarty: lagoon, southeast of McCarty Glacier, lat. 59° 31′ N., long. 150° 19′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

McCauley: mountain, Columbia County, Pa. (Not McAuley.)

McCauley: village, Columbia County, Pa. (Not McAuley.)

McCays: village, Polk County, Tenn. (Not Isabella nor McKay.)

McCleameron: see McCameron.

McCleary: peak, 7,000 feet altitude, Pima County, Ariz., Coronado National Forest, near lat. 31° 44′ N., long. 110° 51′ W., in Santa Rita Mountains, about 6 miles north of Pima County line. Named after William B. McCleary, who located a ranch in this vicinity about 1879.

McClellandville: town, New Castle County, Del. (Not McClellandsville.)

***Macclenny:** precinct and town Baker County, Fla. (Not Maclenny nor McClenny.)

McClintock: peak, adjacent to Cutbank Pass, Glacier National Park, Mont.

McCloud: see Konwakiton, glacier, Calif.

McCloud: see McLeod, peak, Mont.

McClungs Mill: see Clovercreek.

McClure: bay, south side Port Nellie Juan, lat. 60° 31′ N., long. 148° 11′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

McClure: see Maclure, peak.

McClure Rock: rocky platform overlooking Paradise Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

McClures: see McLure.

McColl: town, Marlboro County, S. C. (Not McCall.)

McComber, Mount: see Berlin.

McConnell: island, San Juan County, Wash., largest of the Wasp Islands, in the northeast part of San Juan Channel, three-fourths mile south of the southwest end of Orcas Island. (Not Brown nor Wasp.) Named after Victor McConnell, first settler.

McConnelsville: village, Morgan County, Ohio. (Not McConnellsville.)

McCord: creek, tributary to Columbia River at Warrendale, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Kelly nor Pierce.)

McCosumne: see Cosumne.

McCoy: creek, Duval County, Fla. (Not Three Mile Branch.)

McCoy: mountain range, eastern Riverside County, Calif., near lat. 33° 45′ N., long. 115° 00′ W. (Not Ironwood.)

McCrohon: see Macrohon, P. I.

McCulloch: county in Texas. (Not McCullough.) Named for General Ben McCulloch.

McCullough: see McCulloch.

McCullough Bar: post light, Tennessee River, Stewart County, Tenn. (Not McCullough's.)

McCullum Ripple: post lights, Ohio River, near Cincinnati, Ohio. (Not McCullum's.)

McCune: town, Pike County, Mo. (Not McCune Station.)

McDermott: creek, Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 44 N., R. 16 W., and flows southwest into the Lower Tamarack River in T. 42 N., R. 17 W. (Not West Fork.)

McDermott: see Swiftcurrent, lake, Mont.

McDonald: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 57′ W., on northeast slope of Trapper Peak, flowing southeast 12 miles, then southwest into Middle Fork of Flathead River, through McDonald Lake.

McDonald: falls, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 52′ W., on McDonald Creek, one-fourth mile above Lake McDonald.

McDonald: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 55′ W. (Not Terry's.)

McDonald: see Yes.

McDonough's: see Camano.

McDougls: see Sheep, creek, Wyo.

McDowell: mountains, Juab County, Utah. (Not Keg.)

Macduff: peak, Lane County, Oreg., in approximately sec. 6, T. 17 S., R. 5½ E., Willamette meridian, Cascade National Forest, about 3 miles south of McKenzie Bridge and on the divide between Kings Creek and the east fork of the south fork of the McKenzie River. Named after the late Nelson F. Macduff, who was supervisor of the Cascade National Forest for over ten years.

Maceió: pr. mä-sā-ō′; seaport city, Brazil, capital, state of Alagôas; 9° 49′ S., 35° 40′ W.

McEldowney: bar in Ohio River, near New Martinsville, Wetzel County, W. Va. (Not McEldowney's.)

McElfish: creek, rising in Alaska and flowing southeast, crossing the International Boundary at lat. 63° 37′ N., long. 141° W., and joining North Fork of Ladue River in Yukon, Canada.

Maces Spring: village, Scott County, Va. (Not Mace Springs.)

McFarland: village, Dane County, Wis. (Not Macfarland.)

McGee: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 114° 07′ W., flowing east, northeast, and northwest into Camas Creek. Named for an early settler.

McGee: meadow, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 114° 02′ W., along McGee Creek. Named for early settler.

McGee: see McGee, township.

McGees: island, Illinois River, Morgan County, Ill. (Not McGee's.)

McGill: see Miguel, creek and meadow, Calif.

McGill: see Pinos.

McGinnes: town, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not McGinness.)

McGinnis: creek, rising in northwestern part of T. 32 N., R. 20 W., tributary to Canyon Creek from north near its junction with Flathead River, Flathead County, Mont.

McGinnis: creek, tributary to South Fork of Nooksack River, Skagit County, Wash.

McGinnis: mountain, mainland of Alaska, 4,240 feet high, near lat. 58° 27′ N., long. 134° 36′ W.

McGirts: see Ortega, river, Fla.

McGovern Gap: natural gateway in the hills, Kern County, Calif.

McGowan: landing, Columbia River, about ⅞ mile east of Fort Columbia, Pacific County, Wash. (Not McGowans.)

McGowan: peak, T. 10 N., R. 12 E., Custer County, Idaho.

McGraw: village, Cortland County, N. Y. (Not McGrawville.)

McGregors: landing, on Maalaea Bay, southern side of peninsula, Maui, T. H.

McGruder: see Magruder, mountain.

McGulpin: point, Mackinac Strait, Emmet County, Mich. (Not McGulpin's.)

McHenry: lake, southeastern Alaska, southwestern end Etolin Island, draining to head of McHenry Inlet, near lat. 56° 3′ N., long. 132° 22′ W.

McHenrys: peak, on Continental Divide, secs. 34 and 35, T. 4 N., R. 74 W., 2 miles northwest Longs Peak, between Grand and Larimer Counties, Colo. (Not McHenry's.)

Machiasport: village, Washington County, Me. (Not Machias Port.)

Machir: landing, Ohio River, Mason County, W. Va. (Not Machir's.)

Machos: see Machos Grandes.

Machos Chicos: see Manchas Chicas.

Machos Grandes: coral reef or bank, on south side of entrance to Mayaguez Bay, P. R. (Not Allart, Great Manchas, nor Machos.)

Machump: see Mechumps.

Macico: see Masico, P. I.

McIntire: see MacIntyre.

McInturf: see Edinburg.

MacIntyre: brook, mountains, and peak, Essex County, N. Y. (Not McIntire.)

McIntyre: landing, east side Sauvie Island, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not McIntyres.)

Mack: arch and reef, near Rogue River, Curry County, Oreg. (Not Mack's.)

Mack: lake, Alcona County, Mich., Huron National Forest, in T. 25 N., R. 3 E. Mack City, a thriving town, now obliterated except for a few depressions marking the location of old wells and cellars, once stood on the north shore of this lake. (Not Long.)

McKay: bay, Hillsborough County, Fla., the northeastern arm at head of Hillsboro Bay, Tampa Bay. Named after Capt. James McKay, who settled in Tampa about 1830, and established a shipping business.

McKay: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to North Fork of Boise River from east, between Ballantyne and Bayhouse Creeks. Local name, after pioneer sheep owner. Pronounced McKi to rhyme with "eye".

Mackay: creek, ferry, and island at north point of entrance to New Landing River, Currituck Sound, Washington County, N. C. (Not Mackeys.)

McKay: see McCays.

Mackay's: see Mackworth.

McKee: township in Adams County and creek in Adams, Brown, and Pike Counties, Ill. (Not McGee nor McKee's.)

Mackenzie: river, Canada, from Great Slave Lake to the Arctic Sea.

McKenzie Bridge: village, northeastern part Lane County, Oreg. (Not McKinzie Bridge.)

McKenzie Head: point, near Cape Disappointment, Pacific County, Wash. (Not McKenzie's Head.)

Mackey: point, Savannah River, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Mackey's.)

Mac Key: Mackeys: see Mackworth.

Mackikinock: see Muchakinock.

Mackinac: bay, east of Hessel, between south shore of Upper Peninsula and Marquette Island, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Duck nor Mackinaw.)

Mackinac: county and island, Michigan, and strait connecting Lakes Huron and Michigan. (Not Mackinaw nor Michilimackinac.)

Mackinaw: see Mackinac.

McKinley: See McKinney.

McKinney: bayou, a stream rising in Bowie County, northeastern Texas, flowing southeast, joining Red River in Arkansas in approximately T. 19 S., R. 27 W. (Not Big, McKinley, nor Mill.)

Mackinoe Strait: see Straits of Mackinoe.

McKinzie Bridge: see McKenzie Bridge.

McKittrick: valley, extending northwesterly through T. 30 S., R. 22 E., in which is located the town of McKittrick, Kern County, Calif.

McKittrick Summit: point, 4,323 feet high, in north half of sec. 30, T. 30 S., R. 21 E., Kern County, Calif.

Macklins: see Manklin.

McKnight: post light, Mississippi River, Dubuque County, Iowa. (Not McKnight's.)

Mackoy: landing and town, Ohio River, Greenup County, Ky. (Not Mackoy's.)

Macks: see Cat, island, N. Y.

Macks: see Tanaskan, bay, Alaska.

Mackworth: island and point, Casco Bay, Falmouth Town, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Maackworths, Mackay's, Mackey, Mackeys, nor Mackey's.)

Mackworth: see Halfway.

McLaughlin: see McLoughlin.

McLean: see Carneros, canyon, Calif.

Maclenny: see Macclenny.

McLeod: bay, Cheboygan County, Mich. (Not Cheboygan nor Duncan.)

McLeod: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to North Fork of Boise River from east between McPhearson and Badger Creeks. (Not McPhearson nor McPherson.)

McLeod: peak, Missoula County, Mont. (Not Arlee, Jocko, McCloud, nor McLeoud.)

***McLeod:** peak, 8,123 feet high, Okanogan County, Wash., in sec. 17, T. 37 N., R. 20 E., W. M., Chelan National Forest. (Not Goat Mountain.) Named after the late Angus McLeod, early pioneer in the Methow Valley.

McLeod: see McPhearson.

McLoughlin: peak, Cascade Range, lat. 42° 26′ N., Jackson, Oreg. (Not McLaughlin nor Pitt.)

Maclure: peak (Mount Maclure), sixtenths of a mile northwest of Mount Lyell, Madera and Tuolumne Counties, Calif., near lat. 37° 45′ N., long. 119° 17′ W. So named, before 1868, by the State Geological Survey of California, after William Maclure, 1763–1840, eminent Scotch geologist. (Not McClure.)

McLure: valley, in southwest corner Kings County, Calif. (Not McClures, McLures, nor Sunflower.)

McLures: see McLure.

McMahon: creek, Belmont County, Ohio. (Not McMahans, McMahan's, McMahon's, nor M'Mahon's.)

McMullen: cove, southwestern Alaska, 800 yards wide, 1,300 yards long, on west side of Aialik Bay, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 46′ N., long. 149° 46′ W. (Not McMullen Anchorage.) Named in honor of Captain McMullen, veteran pilot, who commanded the steamer *Dora.*

Macnair: island, St. Lawrence River, Canada, near Morristown, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Macnair's.)

Macolingan: see Macalingan, P. I.

Macomb: see South River, peak, Colo.

Macombo: see Macumbo, P. I.

Macong: see Mocong, P. I.

Macopin: see Echo.

Macorís, San Pedro de: see San Pedro de Macorís.

McPartland: mountain, altitude 9,900 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 52′ W.

McPhearson: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to North Fork of Boise River from east, between Arrastra Creek and McLeod Creek. Local name, after man who grazed sheep on this range for many years. (Not McLeod nor McPherson.)

McPhearson: see McLeod, creek, Idaho.

McPherson: see McLeod, creek, Idaho.

McPherson: see McPhearson, creek, Idaho.

McQuellan: see Chinook.

McRee: light station, Pensacola Bay, Fla. (Not McRae.)

Macrohon: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not MacCrohon.)

Macsville: township, Grant County, Minn. (Not Maesville.)

Mactang: see Nactang, P. I.

Macum: creek, Kent Island, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Macums.)

Macumbo: sitio, Paete Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Macombo.)

Madagascar: large island, s. e. of Africa; a Fr. colony; 20° S., 47° E.

Madarsko: see Hungary.

Madarulug: see Maddarulug, P. I.

Madcap: falls, Paradise River, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Maddaket: harbor, Nantucket Island, Mass. (Not Matacut.)

Maddarulug: barrio, Solana Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Madarulug.)

Madeira: Portuguese islands, 500 mi. s. w. of Portugal; 32° 40′ N., 16° 45′ W.

Madeira: pr. mä-dā′rä; river, Brazil.

Madeleine Lake: see Jenkins, lake or pond, N. Y.

Madera: peak, altitude 10,507 feet, Madera County, Calif., in unsurveyed secs. 31 and 32, T. 4 S., R. 24 E., Mount Diablo meridian, in approx. lat. 37° 32′ N., long. 119° 22′ 30″ W., Sierra National Forest. (Not Black.) Change in name suggested by a number of leading organizations in Madera County.

Madiarska: see Hungary.

Madica: see Madua Norte, P. I.

Madison: capital of Wisconsin, in Dane Co., on Mendota and Monona Lakes, near lat. 43° 05′ N., long. 89° 24′ W. Population in 1930, 57,897. (Pronounced măd′-ĭ-sŭn.)

Madison: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 110° 52′ W. (Not De Lacy.)

Madison: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., formed by junction of Gibbon and Firehole Rivers, near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 52′ W. Named by Lewis and Clark, 1805, for fourth President of the United States.

Madison: valley, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., nearly level tract bounded on north by Campanula and Gneiss Creeks and on south by Madison River and Plateau, crossed centrally north and south by east boundary of Idaho.

Madison: see Culhane.

Madison: see Hayden, lake, Me.

Madison: see Wheeling, island, W. Va.

Madison, Mount: see Holmes, mountain, Wyo.

Madison Plateau: high table-land, mean elevation 8,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., west of Firehole River, crossed by Continental Divide, approximately between lat. 44° 21′ and 44° 38′ N. and long. 110° 51′ and 111° 02′ W.

Madjuya: see Maduya, P. I.

Madoera (Madura): pr. mä-dō̄o̅′rä; island, Neth. India, n. e. of Java; politically attached thereto; 7° 5′ S., 113° 20′ E.

Madranca: barrio, San Jose de Buenavista Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Madrangca.)

Madrangca: see Madranca, P. I.

Madras: Br. prov., s. e. India, and capital city; 16° N., 81° E.

Madrid: capital city, and province, Spain; 40° 20′ N., 3° 45′ W.

Madrid: see Tijeras.

Mad River: town and township, Clark County, Ohio. (Not Madriver.)

Madson: mountain, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, north of Kenai Lake, lat. 60° 25′ N., long. 149° 25′ W.

Madua Norte: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Madica.)

Madura: city, Madras, ext. s. India; 9° 55′ N., 78° 15′ E.

Madura (island): see Madoera.

Maduya: barrio, Carmona Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Madjuya.)

Mad Wolf: mountain, altitude 8,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 34′ N., long. 113° 22′ W. Name of Blackfoot Indian.

Maebashi: city, cen. main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Maebasi; 36° 25′ N., 139° 5′ E.

Maebasi: see Maebashi.

Maes: see Meuse.

Maesville: see Macsville.

Magalalab: barrio, Enrile Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magalalag.)

Magalalag: see Magalalab, P. I.

Magalang: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magalan.)

Magalang Galang: Magalangalang: see Magalanggalang, P. I.

Magalanggalang: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magalang Galang nor Magalangalang.)

Magaldan: see Mangaldan, P. I.

Magallanes: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Magallanes: pr. mä-gä-lyän′ehs; prov., s. Chile.

Magallanes: seaport, Chile, on Strait of Magellan. Formerly Punta Arenas.

Magallanes, Estrecho de (Magellan, Strait of): strait, bet. Tierra del Fuego and mainland of S. America, extending across s. Chile.

Magallania: see Philippine, P. I.

Magalling: see Maguilling, P. I.

Magalolon: see Magalolong, P. I.

Magalolong: barrio, Longos Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magalolon.)

Magalumbi: island, off east coast of Panay, P. I. (Not Bagalumbi, Magatumbi, Nogalumbio, nor Ragalumbi.)

Magarao: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Magasaunag-Sapa: Magasaunang Sapa: see Magasawang Sapa, P. I.

Magasawang Sapa: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magasaunag-Sapa nor Magasaunang Sapa.)

Magatumbi: see Magalumbi, P. I.

Magcaragit: channel, island, and sitio, Dimasalang Municipality, Masbate Island, Sorsogon Province, P. I. (Not Magcaraguit, Magcaraquit, Magearagui, nor Mancaragat.)

Magcaraguit: Magcaraquit: see Magcaragit, P. I.

Magdalen: island, Hudson River, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Not Slippe Stein.)

Magdalena: bay, Lower California. (Not Bahia de la Magdalena.)

Magdalena: pr. mäg-dä-leh′nä; dept. and river, Colombia.

Magdalena: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Magdeburg: city on the Elbe, Prussian Saxony, Germany; 52° 10′ N., 11° 40′ E.

Magearagui: see Magcaragit, P. I.

Magee: see Perry Magee, brook, Pa.

Mageik: creek, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, heading in Katmai Pass and tributary on west bank of Katmai Creek, near lat. 58° 10′ N., long. 155° 02′ W.

Magellan, Strait of: See Magallanes, Estrecho de.

Magen: Magen's: see Magens.

Magens: bay; largest one on northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Buck, Great Northside, Magen, Magen's, nor Northside.)

Maggie: islands or hummocks, in marsh on east side Turtle River, three-fourths mile below Cowpen Creek, Glynn County, Ga. (Not Maggie's.)

Maggie's: see Maggie.

Maggiore: lake, n. w. Italy, and s. Switzerland; Ital. Lago Maggiore; Fr. Lac Majeur; also known as Langensee, Lac de Locarno, and (lake) Verbano.

Maghinao: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manghinao.)

Magindanao: see Mindanao, P. I.

Magloire DeLande: Magloire DeLonde: see Delonde.

Magnēsia: see Manisa.

Magnet: rock, a prominent black rock about three-eighths of a mile from the shore near Point Bede, and 1⅛ miles south by east from Flat Islets, lat. 59° 18′ N., long. 152° 01′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Magnetic: lake, west of Gunflint Lake, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary between Minnesota and Ontario.

Magnetogorsk: see Magnitogorsk.

Magnitogorsk: new city near s. end of Ural mts., U. S. S. R. (Russia); 53° 28′ N., 59° E. Not Magnetogorsk.

Magnolia: railroad station, Adams County, Colo. (Not Duff nor Schuyler.)

Magnuauay: see Maygnaway, P. I.

Magnusons: island, in secs. 23 and 24. T. 168 N., R. 34 W., Lake of the Woods, Minn. (Not American Point.)

Magobajay: see Magubahay, P. I.

Magos: see Mayos, P. I.

Magpagong: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Magpang-ong nor Magpag-ong.)

Magpang-ong: see Magpagong, P. I.

Magpie: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 110° 38′ W., flowing southwest into Nez Perce Creek.

***Magruder:** mountain, in Idaho County, Idaho, near lat. 45° 42′, long. 114° 50′. (Not Junction Point.) After Lloyd Magruder, a pioneer, who was murdered and his pack train robbed in the Bitterroot Range. Erroneously written McGruder.

Magruder: railroad station, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Tuxedo.)

Magsaquitsit: see Masaguitsit, P. I.

Magsingal: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Magsingal: see Masingal, P. I.

Maguayo: see Mariquita.

Magubahay: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Magobajay.)

Maguerrowock: see Magurrewock.

Maguilling: barrio, Piat Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magalling.)

Magurrewock: lakes, Town of Calais, Washington County, Me. (Not Maguerrowock nor Mugurrewock.)

Magyarország: see Hungary.

Mahabang: see Mahabangkahoy, P. I.

Mahabangbaybay: barrio, Badajoz Municipality, Romblon Province, Tablas, P. I. (Not Mahabang Baybay.)

Mahabangdahilig: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Dahilig.)

Mahabangdahilig: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Dahilig.)

***Mahabangkahoy:** barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang, Majabangcahoy, Majabang Cajoy, nor Majabangcajoy.)

Mahabangkahoy Balagbag: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Kahoy Balagbag.)

***Mahabanglodlod:** barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Lodlod.)

***Mahabangparang:** barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang-Parang, Mahabang Parang, nor M. Parang.)

Mahabangparang: barrio, Lucban Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Parang nor Majabang Parang.)

*Mahabangparang: barrio, Mabitac Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang-Parang nor Majabanparang.)

Mahabangparang: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Parang.)

Mahabangparang: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Parang.)

*Mahabangparang: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahabang Parang.)

Mahacot: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Majacot.)

Mahan: light, Ohio River, Hancock County, W. Va. (Not Mahan's.)

Mahanadyong: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahanaoyong nor Majanadiong.)

Mahanaoyong: see Mahanadyong, P. I.

Mahanlud: barrio, Sapian Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Mayanlud nor Majanlud.)

Mahanoy: see Red Cross, town, Pa.

Mahantongo: see Upper Mahantango.

Mahatao: municipality, BatanesProvince, Bataan, P. I.

Mahaulepu: land division, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Mahayahay: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mahayhay.)

Mahayhay: see Mahayahay, P. I.

Mahé: see India, French.

Mahenauli: see Mahinauli, T. H.

Maheo: see Puu Maheu, T. H.

Mahinauli: gulch, near lat. 21° 56′ N. long. 159° 38′ W., Waimea District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Mahenauli.)

Mahipon: sitio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Majipon.)

Mahkeenac, Lake: see Stockbridge Bowl.

Mahnisa: see Manisa.

Mahon: port and river, Delaware Bay, Kent County, Del. (Not Mahon's.)

Mähren: see Moravia.

Mährisch-Ostrau: see Moravská Ostrava.

Mahukona: village, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

*Maiden Creek: township and village, Berks County, Pa. (Not Maidencreek.)

Maidstone: city, Kent county, England, 25 mi. s. e. of London; 51° 16′ N., 0° 31′ E.

Mailepai: stream, rising on northwestern slope of west Maui; flowing northwestward, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Maili: stream, tributary to Honolii Stream from the south, southeastern slope of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, T. H.

Maimit: barrio, Famy Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mayimit.)

Main: bay, about 4 miles southeast of entrance to Port Nellie Juan, lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 148° 03′ W., northeastern coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Main: township, Columbia County, Pa. (Not Maine.)

Maindag: see Maindang, P. I.

Maindang: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Maindag.)

Maine: state of the United States, bounded on the north and east by Canada and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by the Atlantic Ocean, and on the west by New Hampshire and Canada. Area, 33,040 square miles. (Pronounced, mān.)

Maine: see Main.

Maineville: village, Warren County, Ohio. (Not Mainville.)

Maingan: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 4, 5, 8, and 9, T. 65 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "wolf."

Maingauay: see Maygnaway, P. I.

Main Ship: see Seddon.

Mainville: see Maineville.

Mainz: pr. mīnts; city on the Rhine, Hessen, s. w. Germany; Fr. Mayence; 49° 50′ N., 8° E.

Maiorca: see Mallorca.

Maisan: barrio, Polo Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maysan.)

Maito: spring, Apache County, Ariz., in Navajo Indian Reservation, about 10 miles northwest of Chinle, near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 109° 42′ W. (Not Mai to.)

Majabang Cajoy: see Mahabangkahoy. P. I.

Majabang Parang: see Mahabangparang, P. I.

Majabangcahoy: Majabangcajoy: see Mahabangkahoy, P. I.

Majabanparang: see Mahabangparang, P. I.

Majacot: see Mahacot, P. I.

Majanadiong: see Mahanadyong, P. I.

Majanlud: see Mahanlud, P. I.

Majayjay: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Majeur, Lac: see Maggiore.

Majipon: see Mahipon, P. I.

Major: run, Salem County, N. J. (Not Major's.)

Majorca: see Mallorca.

Majorque: see Mallorca.

Makabugos: barrio, Libon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Macabogos nor Macabugos.)

Makaha: land division, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Makahanaloa: land division, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Makahanaloa: see Alia, T. H.

Makahoa: western point of entrance to Hanalei Bay, Kauai, T. H. (Not Black Head nor Lae o Makahoa.)

Makaihuaa: see Makaihuwaa, T. H.

Makaihuwaa: hill, near southern shore of Hanalei Bay, lat. 22° 12′ long. 159° 31′ Kauai, T. H. (Not Makaihuaa nor Peapea.)

Makaka: land division, partly in Government ownership, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Makakahai: see Makaokahai, T. H.

Makana: hill, near lat. 22° 13′, long. 159° 35′, northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Makano.)

Makanalua: land division, in Government ownership, northern Molokai, T. H.

Makano: see Makana, T. H.

Makaokahai: point, near long. 159° 31′, southern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Hinalua nor Makakahai.)

Makapala: village, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Makapipi: stream, rising on eastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea near Nahiku, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Makapuu: point, at southeastern end of Oahu; site of lighthouse, T. H.

Makar: sitio, Bwayan Municipality, Cotabato Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Makassar (Macassar): strait bet. Celebes and Borneo, Neth. India; Dutch, also Makasser.

Makatad: see Makatar, P. I.

Makatar: sitio, Siniloan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Makatad.)

Makato: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Macate nor Macato.)

Makawao: district, Maui County, political subdivision in central east Maui, including Kahoolawe Island, T. H.

Makawao: land division, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Makawao: village, northwestern slope of Haleakala Mountain, Maui, T. H.

Makaweli: land division, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Makaweli: river, formed by Olokele and Mokuone streams, flowing southwestward, entering Waimea River from the east about a mile from the sea, southern Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Makaweli: village, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Makea: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea north of Pepeekeo post office, Hawaii, T. H.

Makena: village, western coast of east Maui, T. H.

Makhnati: island and group of islets, lat. 57° 02′ .4 N., long. 135° 23′ .2 W., Sitka Harbor, Alaska. (Not Mokhnatoi, Rough, Rugged, nor Wooded.)

Makiki: land division, in Government ownership, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Makiki: residential section, and Valley Honolulu, Oahu, T. H.

Makiki: stream, rising on the southern slope of Tantalus Hill, Koolau Range, flowing southward into sea, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Makinabang: barrio, Baliuag Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maquinabang.)

Makoewai: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea north of Pepeekeo post office, Hawaii, T. H.

Makouchinskoy: see Makushin.

Makua: land division, in Government ownership, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Makuaeae: see Mokuaeae, T. H.

Makuone: see Mokuone, T. H.

Makushin: bay, western side of Unalaska Island, lat. 53° 42′ N., long. 166° 55′ W.; cape, about 10 miles northward of the bay, lat. 53° 52′ N., long. 167° W.; valley, to the eastward of bay; village, on Makushin Point, north side of entrance to Makushin Bay; and volcano, altitude 5,691 feet, about 10 miles northward of the bay, lat. 53° 53′.2 N., long. 166° 55′.2 W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Makouchinskoy.)

Malabag: barrio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malabac nor Malubad.)

Malabang: municipality, Moro Province, Lanao District, Mindanao, P. I.

Malabbac: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malabbag.)

Malabbag: see Malabbac, P. I.

Malablabaga: see Malablabbaga, P. I.

Malablabbaga: barrio, La Paz Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malab-Labbaga nor Malablabaga.)

Malabon: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Malabon: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Malabor: barrio, Tibiao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Malavor.)

Malabuyoc: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Malacanang: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Malacañang nor Malacangan.

Malacangan: see Malacanang, P. I.

***Malacca**: seaport, w. coast of Malay Peninsula, and strait bet. the peninsula and Sumatra; Dutch, Malaka.

Malacomas: see Miyakma.

***Malad**: precinct and village, Oneida County, Idaho. (Not Malade.)

Malad: river, rising in Oneida County, Idaho, tributary to Bear River in Box Elder County, Utah. (Not Malade.)

Malad: Malade: see Big Wood, river, Idaho.

Malade River: see Camas, creek, Idaho.

Malaekahana: land division, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Málaga: seaport, province, and bay, s. Spain; 36° 45′ N., 4° 25′ W.

Malaga: see Malibu.

Malagabe: Malagaby: Malagab-y: see Malagabi, P. I.

Malagabi: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Malagabe, Malagaby, nor Malagab-y.)

Malagasan: Malagasang 1°: see Malagasang, P. I.

Malagasang 1°: barrio, Imus Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malagasan nor Malagasang.)

Malagñit: see Malaguit, P. I.

Malagui: see Malaki, P. I.

Malaguing Pulo: see Malakingpulo, P. I.

Malaguit: barrio, Paracale Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malagñit, Maloguit, nor Mologuit.)

Malainan Nuevo: Malaining Nuevo: Malainan Viejo: see Malainen, P. I.

Malainen: barrio, Naic Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malainan Nuevo, Malainan Viejo, nor Malaining Nuevo.)

Malaka: see Malacca.

Malaki: barrio, Lagangilang Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malagui nor Malaqui.)

Malaking Polo: see Malakingpulo, P. I.

Malakingpulo: barrio, Longos Municipality, Languna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malaking Polo.)

Malakingpulo: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malaguing Pulo nor Malaquingpulo.)

Malalatam: see Malalatan, P. I.

Malalatan: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malalatam.)

Malalimnalodlod: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malalim na Lodlod nor Malalim-na-Lodlod.)

Malalimnasanog: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malalim na Sanog, Malalim-na-sanog nor Malalimnasan-Og.)

Malamute: creek, rising in secs. 17 and 20, T. 44 N., R. 4 E., and tributary to Boulder Creek, sec. 3, T. 44 N., R. 4 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Malanao: barrio, Angadanan Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malannao nor Mallannao.)

Malanao: barrio, Lal-lo Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Malangeang: see Matangcong, P. I.

Malannao: see Malanao, P. I.

Malapadnaparang: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malapad na Parang nor Malapad-na-Parang.)

Malapai: see Malpais.

Malaqui: see Malaki, P. I.

Malaquingpooc: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malaquing Pooc nor Malaquing-Pooc.)

Malaquingpulo: see Malakingpulo, P. I.

Malaraya: mountain, on boundary between Batangas and Laguna Provinces, Luzon, and about 8 kilometers (5 miles) northeast of Lipa, P. I. (Not Malarayat nor Farallon.)

Malard: see Mallard, peak, Idaho.

Malaruhatan: barrio, Lian Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malarujatan.)

Malarujatan: see Malaruhatan, P. I.

Malasgao: river, lat. 9° 18′ 6″, long. 118° 29′ 7″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Malasiqui: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Malatia: see Malatya.

Malatya (Malatia): vilayet and town, Turkey.

Malauin: see Mulauin, P. I.

Malavor: see Malabor, P. I.

Malay States, Federated: Br. protected states, s. Malay Peninsula.

Malco: see Marco.

Malcolm: river, rising in Alaska and flowing northeast across the International Boundary at lat. 69° 09′.9 N., long. 141° W., thence in a northerly direction crossing the Boundary at lat. 69° 11′.3 N., and again at 69° 13′.1 N., thence northeasterly into the Arctic Ocean, in Yukon, Canada.

Maldonado: pr. mäl-dō-nä′dō; dept. and city, Uruguay. 34° 55′ S., 54° 55′ W.

Males: barrio, Guiguinto Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malis.)

Malgosa: canyon and creek, Coconino County, Ariz., entering the west side of Marble Gorge, Grand Canyon, on south side Malgosa Crest, near lat. 36° 15′ N.

Malgosa Crest: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 111° 50′ W.

Malheur: river, Oreg., rising in Strawberry Mountains, Grant County, and emptying into Snake River. (Not Middle Fork, Malheur River.)

Malheur: see North Fork Malheur.

Maliao: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Malio.)

Maliaualu: see Maliualu, P. I.

Maliba Sequit: see Malibu.

Malibili: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Milibili.)

Malibo: see Malibu, P. I.

Malibu: barrio, Bigaa Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon: and barrio, Tuy Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malibo.)

Malibu: creek, land grant, and point, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Malaga, Malibo, Maliba Sequit, nor Topanga Malibu Sequit.)

Malicsi: see Maliksi, P. I.

Maligan: see Maligang, P. I.

Maligang: river, lat. 9° 29′ 3″, long. 118° 36′ 8″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I. (Not Maligan.)

Maliko: stream, rising on northwestern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northwestward through a deep gulch into sea, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Maliksi: barrio, Bacoor Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malicsi.)

Malilipot: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Malimpangpang: see Malipanpang, P. I.

Malin: creek, secs. 16 and 21, T. 45 N., R. 7 E., east of Halfway Hill, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Molin nor Moline.)

Malin: see Fourche Maline.

Malina: bay, indenting northwestern shore Afognak Island, near lat. 58° 14′ N., long. 153° 07′ W., Kodiak Group, Alaska. (Not Alimvoak.)

Malina: point, southern side of Raspberry Island, 2 miles southeast of Raspberry Cape, lat. 58° 02′.3 N., long. 153° 22′ W., Kodiak Group, Alaska.

Malinao: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nalinao.)

Malinao: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malinaw.)

Malinao: barrio, Napaliran Municipality, Bukidnon Province (Municipal District), Mindanao, P. I. (Not Malinau.)

Malinao: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Malinao: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Malinau: Malinaw: see Malinao, P. I.

Malindog: see Malindug, P. I.

Malindug: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malindog.)

Malindug: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Malines or **Mechelen**: city bet. Antwerpen and Bruxelles, Belgium; Fr. Malines; Flemish, Mechelen; 51° 3′ N., 4° 27′ E.

Malio: see Maliao, P. I.

Maliobog: see Malitbog, P. I.

Malipampang: see Malipanpang, P. I.

Malipanpang: barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malimpangpang nor Malipampang.)

Malis: see Males, P. I.

Malitbog: barrio, Passi Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Maliobog nor Malitbug.)

Malitbog: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Malitbug: see Malitbog, P. I.

Maliualiu: see Maliwaliw, P. I.

Maliualo: see Maliualu, P. I.

Maliualu: barrio, Bacolor Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maliaualu.)

Maliualu: barrio, Tarlac Municipality, Tarlac Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Maliualo nor Malnialu.)

Maliwalew: see Maliwaliw, P. I.

Maliwalio: see Maliwaliw, P. I.

Maliwaliw: barrio, Dagami Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Maliwalew.)

Maliwaliw: barrio, Salcedo Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Maliualiu, Maliwalio, nor Meliobalio.)

Malka: bay, southeastern Alaska, southern arm of Malina Bay on west coast Afognak Island, near long. 153° W.

Mallannao: see Malanao, P. I.

Mallard: cove, mainland of southeastern Alaska, west shore Port Snettisham, near lat. 58° 02′ N., long. 133° 48′ W. (Not Mallard Bay.)

Mallard: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., outlet of Mallard Lake, near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., flowing northwest into Firehole River.

Mallard: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., 6 miles northwest of Shoshone Lake, draining northwest into Firehole River.

Mallard: peak, sec. 36, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., and lake east of peak, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Malard.)

Mallard Bay: see Mallard, cove, Alaska.

Mallascham: see Mellichamp.

Malleco: pr. mä-lyeh′ko; former prov. Chile; now part of Cautín prov.; 38° 10′ S., 72° 35′ W.

***Mallorca (Majorca):** largest Balearic island, Spain; Fr. Majorque; Ital. Maiorca; 39° 30′ N., 3° E.

Mallory: Mount (Mount Mallory), altitude 13,870 feet, Inyo and Tulare counties, Calif., on main crest of Sierra Nevada, less than a mile northwest of Mount Le Conte, near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 16′ W. Named in 1925 in honor of George Leigh Mallory, who perished on Mount Everest in 1924.

***Malmö:** seaport, ext. s. Sweden; 55° 35′ N., 13° E.

Malnialu: see Maliualu, P. I.

Malobago: barrio, Guinobatan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Molobago.)

Maloblob: see Malublub, P. I.

Maloguit: see Malaguit, P. I.

Malolos: municipality, Provincial Capital, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Malomot: see Malumot, P. I.

Malonao Island: small rock 30 feet high, about 1½ miles north of Batas Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I. (Not South Rock.)

Malosac: see Malusak, P. I.

Malpais: cliffs, rising directly above Apache Trail, 31½ miles from Mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Malpais: mesa, Esmeralda County, Nev., near lat. 37° 41′ N., long. 117° 15′ W. (Not Malapai.)

Malta: island, Mediterranean Sea, bet. Sicily and Africa; name also used for the British dependency of the Maltese Islands (Malta, Gozo, and Comino); Ital. Isole Maltesi (=Maltese Is.); capital, Valletta.

Malubad: see Malabag, P. I.

Malublub: barrio, Leon Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Malublub: barrio, Maasin Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Maloblob.)

Malumin: see Malummin, P. I.

Malummin: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malumin.)

Malumot: barrio, Paombong Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malomot.)

Malusac: see Malusak, P. I.

Malusak: barrio, Atimonan Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malusac.)

Malusak: barrio, Sexmoan Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon; P. I. (Not Malosac nor Malusac.)

Mamacock Creek: see Patauanset.

Mamajuda: island and lighthouse, Detroit River, Mich. (Not Mammy Judy.)

Mamaloa: see Manoloa, T. H.

Mamaloos: Mamaloose: see Memaloose.

Mamalos: see Memaloose.

Mambaboy: see Manbaboy, P. I.

Mambabuy: see Manbaboy, P. I.

Mambajao: municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Camiguin, P. I. (Not Manbajao.)

Mambog: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mambug.)

Mambolo: see Mabolo, P. I.

Mambug: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Manbug.)

Mambug: see Mambog, P. I.

Mambukiao: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay P. I. (Not Mabuquiao, Mambuquiao, nor Manbuquiao.)

Mambulao: municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mambulo: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nambolo.)

Mambulo: see Mabolo, P. I.

Mambuquiao: see Mambukiao, P. I.

Mamburao: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Mambusao: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Mameweta: see Mattituck.

Mammoth Hot Springs: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 43′ W., about 4½ miles south of north entrance to the park.

Mammy Judy: see Mamajuda.

Mamolokama: see Namolokama, T. H.

Mampili: see Manpili, P. I.

Mamporog: see Manpurog, P. I.

Mampurog: see Manpurog, P. I.

Mamuat: see Namuat, P. I.

Mamuco: see Namuco, P. I.

Mamunga: see Namunga, P. I.

Man, Isle of: a British island in Irish Sea; 54° 15′ N., 4° 30′ W.

Man: see Mann.

Mana: swamp, west end of Kauai, T. H.

Mana: Manaa: see Nohili, T. H.

Manabo: Municipality Abra Province, MLuzon, P. I.

Managase: see Managasi, P. I.

anagasi: barrios in Borbon and Tabogon Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Managase.)

Managua: pr. mä-nä′gwä; dept. and capital city, Nicaragua; 12° 10′ N., 86° 15′ W.

Manakacha: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 1¼ miles east of Supai village, Coconino County, Ariz. Name of an Indian family.

Manalo: see Manalu, P. I.

Manalu: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manalo.)

Manambrag: Manamrac: see Manamrag, P. I.

Manamrag: barrio, Calolbon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manambrag, Manamrac, nor Mananrog.)

Manana: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Manangle: barrio, Sipocot Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manaugli.)

Mananrog: see Manamrag, P. I.

Manaoag: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Manáos: see Manaus.

Manãos: see Manaus.

Manapla: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Manatick: Manatuck: see Manitick.

Manaugli: see Manangle, P. I.

Manaus or **Manáos:** pr. mä-nä′o͝os; city, Brazil, capital, state of Amazonas; on Rio Negro; 3° S., 60° W. Not Manãos, Barra do Rio Negro.

Manawaiiao: stream, rising on northwestern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northwestward into sea east of Maliko Gulch, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Manawainui: stream, rising on southern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing southward into sea west of Kipahulu, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Manbaboy: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mambaboy nor Mambabuy.)

Manbajao: see Mambajao, P. I.

Manbug: see Mambug, P. I.

Manbuquiao: see Mambukiao, P. I.

Manby: point, western side of entrance to Yakutat Bay, lat. 59° 43′ N., long. 140° 18′ W., Alaska. (Not Bolshoi, Boussole, nor St. Elias.)

Mancaragat: see Magcaragit, P. I.

Mancayan: see Mankayan, P. I.

Mancayo: barrio, Indan Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mangcayo.)

Manchas: coral reef or bank, north side of entrance to Mayaguez Bay, P. R. (Not Manchos Grandes.)

Manchas Chicas: coral reef or bank, on north side of entrance to Mayaguez Bay, P. R. (Not Machos Chicos.)

Manche, La: see English Channel.

Manchester: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 30′ N., 2° 13′ W.

Manchester: see Long, point, Me.

Manchita: point, behind Speck Rock, at west end of Playa Tortola, north shore of Culebra Island, P. R.

Manchos Grandes: see Manchas.

Manchouli: town, n. w. Heilungkiang prov., Manchuria, on Chinese Eastern R. R.; freq. called Station Manchuria.

Manchow: see Manchuria.

Manchuria: the three n. e. provinces of China; Chinese, Manchow or Tungsansheng; Fr. Mandchourie; Ger. Mandschurei; Jap. Manshu.

Manchuria, Station: see Manchouli.

Mandal: hill, altitude 277 feet, forming summit of Mandal Point, east side Mandal Bay, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Mandalay: city, Burma, 650 miles up the Irrawaddy; 22° N., 96° E.

Mandaloya: Mandaloyong: see San Felipe Neri, P. I.

Mandang: see Mandaug, P. I.

Mandata: see Bull Run.

Mandaue: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Mandaug: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Mandang.)

Mandchourie: see Manchuria.

Mandile: see Mandili, P. I.

Mandili: barrio, Candaba Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mandili: barrio, San Miguel Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mandile.)

Mandschurei: see Manchuria.

Manford: see Mannford.

Mangaldan: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magaldan.)

Mangat: see Maugat, P. I.

Mangatarem: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mangayanan: see Mangayauan, P. I.

Mangayauan: barrio, Canaman Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mangayanan.)

Mangcayo: see Mancayo, P. I.

Manghinao: see Maghinao, P. I.

Manguirin: barrio, Calabanga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manguiring.)

Manguiring: see Manguirin, P. I.

Manhagnay: barrio, Caramcan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manjaynay.)

Manhanip: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Manjanip.)

Manhasset: bay, neck, and village, north shore of Long Island, Nassau County, N. Y. (Not Cow Neck nor Sint Sink.)

Manhattan: arm, southeastern Alaska south arm of Sea Otter Harbor, lat. 55° 06′ N., west coast Dall Island.

Manhattan: lake, south shore Manhattan Arm, Sea Otter Harbor, near lat. 55° 05′ N., long. 133° 08′ W., Dall Island, southeastern Alaska.

Manheim: see Mannheim.

Maniania: ditch, diverting water from north side of Iao Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Manianiaula: see Manienieula, T. H.

Manienieula: hill, near lat. 21° 56′ 30″, long. 159° 36′ 30″, southwestern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Manianiaula.)

Manila: bay, city, and strait, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manilla.)

Manilacbo: see Manlacbo, P. I.

Maninang: barrio, Sapian Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Manmang.)

Maningning: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ysla de Maningning.)

Manipur: see Imphal.

Manisa: vilayet and town, Turkey; Gr. Magnēsía;† 38° 25′ N., 27° 40′ E. Not Mahnisa, Manissa, Saruhan.

Manissa: see Manisa.

Manistique: river and town, Schoolcraft County, Mich. (Not Monistique.)

Manistique: see Indian, lake, Mich.

Manitick: mountain, Granby Town, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Manatick, Manatuck, Manitook, Mannatuck, nor Mantick.)

Manito: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Manitoba: prov., cen. Canada, and a lake therein.

Manitook: see Manitick.

Manitou: lake, Fulton County, Ind, (Not Manitu.)

Manitou: precinct and town, El Paso County, Colo. (Not Manitou Springs.)

Manitou: rapids, Rainy River, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Koochiching County, Minn., International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Manitou: see Braddock, bay and point, N. Y.

Manitou: see Manitowish, river, Wis.

Manitoulin: island, northern part of Lake Huron, Ontario, Canada. (Not Grand Manitoulin.)

Manitou Springs: see Manitou.

Manitowish: river, headwater branch of Flambeau River, Iron and Vilas Counties, Wis. (Not Manitou nor Manuwish.)

Manitu: see Manitou.

Manizales: pr. män-ē-säl'ehs; city, Colombia; 5° 5′ N., 75° 36′ W.

Manjanip: see Manhanip. P. I.

Manjaynay: see Manhagnay, P. I.

Manjuyod: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Mankayan: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Bontoc), Luzon, P. I. (Not Mancayan.)

Manklin: creek, Worcester County, Md. (Not Macklins nor Manklins.)

Manlacbo: barrio, Valderrama Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Manilacbo.)

Manlaque: see Monlaki, P. I.

Manly: fall, Inyo County, Calif., about 26 feet, the upper and highest of five falls within a mile of the mouth of Redlands Canyon, western slope of Panamint Range, near lat. 35° 56′.5 N., long. 117° 11′.8 W. Named for William Lewis Manly, a member of the Death Valley Party of 1849.

Manly: pass, altitude about 3,000 feet, Inyo County, Calif., western slope of Slate Range, near lat. 35° 52′.5 N., long. 117° 16′.3 W. Named for William Lewis Manly, who played such a conspicuous rôle in the Death Valley Party of 1849, and who with Rogers went through this pass on the way to the coast for help.

Manly: peak, altitude about 7,000 feet, Inyo County, Calif., at the entrance to Redlands Canyon from Butte Valley, western slope Panamint Range, visible from the floor of Death Valley through the notch made by Anvil Spring Canyon, near lat. 35° 55′ N., long. 117° 07′.7 W. Named in honor of William Lewis Manly. This may have been the "high precipitous peak" mentioned by him in traversing Butte Valley in 1849.

Manly: town, Moore County, N. C. (Not Manly Station.)

Manmang: see Maninang, P. I.

Mann: creek, Washington County, Idaho. (Not Man.)

Mannatuck: see Manitick.

Mannering: creek, Benewah and Latah Counties, Idaho, draining south to Meadow Creek, in T. 42 and 43 N., R. 3 W., Boise meridian. (Not Cedar.)

Mannford: township and town, Creek County, Okla. (Not Manford.)

Mannheim: pr. män'hīm; city on the Rhine, Baden, s. w. Germany; 49° 30′ N., 8° 28′ E.

Mannheim: station, in the village of Franklin Park, Leyden Township, Cook County, Ill. (Not Manheim.)

Manning: sunken rock, lat. 60° 24′ N., long. 147° 34′.5 W., off Bay of Isles, Knight Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Manoa: land division and stream, on southern slope of Konahuanui Peak, Koolau Range, flowing southward into sea, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Manoa: residential section of Honolulu, in Manoa Valley, Oahu, T. H.

Manocmanoc: barrio, Buruanga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Manocnoc.)

Manocnoc: see Manocmanoc, P. I.

***Man-of-war:** key, Florida Bay, Florida, 7 miles offshore lat. 25° 02′, long. 80° 54′ 40″.

Manoloa: point, near long. 159° 30′ 30″, southern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Mamaloa.)

Manoloa: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Manomet: hill, point, and village, Plymouth County, Mass.

Manowaialee: land division, partly in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Manowaiopae: stream, entering sea south of Laupahoehoe Gulch, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Manpili: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mampili.)

Manpurog: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mamporog nor Mampurog.)

Manrissa: island, west side Norwalk River entrance, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Keyser.)

Mans, Le: pr. *le mäN′*; city n. w. cen. France; 48° N., 0° 15′ E.

Mansacol: see Mansacul, P. I.

Mansacul: barrio, Signa Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Mansacol.)

Mansano: see Manzana, P. I.

Mansell: mountain, eastern one of two peaks, Southwest Harbor Town, Acadia National Park, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not East.)

Mansfield: cape, southern shore of Kenai Peninsula, about 3½ miles eastward of entrance to Day Harbor, lat. 59° 57′ N., long. 149° 01′ W., Alaska.

Mansfield: city, Nottinghamshire, England; 53° 8′ N., 1° 12′ W.

Manshu: see Manchuria.

Mansker: post light, Mississippi River, Randolph County, Ill. (Not Mansker's.)

Mansûra: city, Nile delta, Egypt; 31° 2′ N., 31° 22′ E.

Mantick: see Manitick.

Mantigib: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Mantiguib nor Mantiquib.)

Mantiguib: see Mantigib, P. I.

Mantinao: see Matinao, P. I.

Mantiquib: see Mantigib, P. I.

Mantova (Mantua): prov. and city, n. Italy; Fr. Mantoue; 45° 9′ N., 10° 48′ E.

Mantua: see Mantova.

Mantua: see Geneva, town, Utah.

Manuahi: stream, tributary to Waimea River from the west, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Manuelito: spring and plateau, McKinley County, N. Mex., near lat. 35° 30′ N., long. 109° 00′ W.

Manuka: lake (Lake Manuka), Otsego County, Mich., in secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36, T. 30 N., R. 4 W. (Not Crooked Lake No. 1.) Name approved by Michigan State Committee on Geographic Names.

Manuka: land division, in Government ownership, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Manup: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Man-up-batan nor Man-up.)

Man-up-batan: see Manup, P. I.

Manu Temple: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 05′ W.

Manuwish: see Manitowish.

Manyaya: see Nanhaya, P. I.

Manzana: barrio, San José Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mansano.)

Manzanita: bay, east shore Revillagigedo Island, Behm Canal, Alaska, west side Wart Point, northwest of Manzanita Island, near lat. 55° 35′ N., long. 130° 58′ W., Tongass National Forest. For the lighthouse tender, Manzanita, detailed on international survey, 1901.

Manzanita: creek, near Wart Point, Behm Canal, near lat. 55° 35′ N., long. 130° 59′ W., east shore Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska.

Manzanita: creek, Shasta County, Calif., rising a mile southwest of Lassen Peak, and flowing northwest to Battle Creek.

Manzanita: island, St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Flat, Knapp, nor Manzenita.)

Manzanita: lake, Shasta County, Calif., 4½ miles northwest of Lassen Peak, on Manzanita Creek, in sec. 18, T. 31 N., R. 4 E.

Manzanita: see Table, mountain, Calif.

Manzenita: see Manzanita, island.

Mapaco: see Mapako, P. I.

Mapako: barrio, Guinobatan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mapaco.)

Mapandam: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Maple: branch, Johnson County, Tenn., tributary of Beaverdam Creek, rising on northwestern slope of Iron Mountain, near lat. 36° 36′ N., long. 81° 50′ W., in Unaka National Forest. (Not Chestnut.) So named from the heavy growth of maple trees on the lower part of the branch.

Maple: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 18, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., flowing north into Yucca Creek in section 7, Sequoia National Park.

Maple: creek, Yellowstone National Park, rising near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 54′ W., flowing southwest into Cougar Creek.

Maple: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Kip.)

Maple: see Maple City, Kans.

Maple: see Idlewild, island, N. Y.

***Maple City:** village, Cowley County, Kans. (Not Maple.)

Maple Hill: see Dillingham.

Maple Valley: village, King County, Wash. (Not Maplevalley.)

Mapulabeta: see Mapulangbato, P. I.

Mapulangbato: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Mapulabeta nor Mapulang Bato.)

Mapulanglupa: barrio, Bigaa Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mapulang-Lupa nor Mapulang Lupa.)

Mapulehu: land division, southeastern Molokai, T. H.

Maquinabang: see Makinabang, P. I.

Maraache: see Maraş.

Marabbob: see Marubbob, P. I.

Marabilla: see Maravilla, P. I.

Maracaibo: pr. mär-ä-kī′bō; seaport city and lake, Venezuela; 10° 37′ N., 71° 41′ W.

Marache: see Maraş.

Maracossic: creek, tributary to Mattaponi River, rising in Caroline County, and forming part of the boundary between Caroline and King and Queen counties, Va. (Not Marracossic, Marricossick, Massacocia, nor Mattacocy.)

Maracuru: see Marracuru, P. I.

Maragondon: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maragondong.)

Marague: barrio, Solana Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maraque.)

Marais des Cygnes: see Osage.

Maraksh: see Marrakech.

Marallone: see Farallon, islands.

Máramaros: former district (comitat), Hungary, now comprising parts of Czechoslovakia and Rumania; Cz. Marmaroš; Rum. Maramureş (q. v.).

Maramureş: pr. maramúresh; district and province, n. w. Rumania, comprising former Hungarian ter. of Szatmár (Satu-Mare) and part of Máramaros (q. v.).

Maranghi: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maraughe.)

Maranham: see Maranhão.

Maranhão: pr. mä-rän-yôN′; state, n. Brazil. (Not Maranham.)

Maranhão (city): see São Luiz.

Maraque: see Marague, P. I.

Mararison: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ysla de Mararison.)

Maraş (Marash): vilayet and town, Turkey; Fr. Marache or Maraache; Ger. Marasch; 37° 34′ N., 36° 55′ E.

Marash: see Maraş.

Maratooker: see Mattituck.

Maraughe: see Maranghi, P. I.

Maravilla: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Marabilla.)

Marayag: barrio, Libon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Marayog.

Marayog: see Marayag, P. I.

Marberry: see Marbury.

Marble: canyon, Inyo County, Calif., Panamint Range, near lat. 36° 37′ N., long. 117° 24′ W.

***Marble:** gorge (Marble Gorge), Coconino County, Ariz., the upper part of the Grand Canyon of Colorado River, from the head of Grand Canyon at the mouth of Paria River and Lees Ferry to the mouth of Little Colorado River. (Not Marble Canyon.)

Marble: island, large, east side of Davidson Inlet and north of Sea Otter Sound, lat. 55° 58′ N., long. 133° 27′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Fox.)

Marble: point, east side mouth of Mosman Inlet, lat. 56° 04′.5 N., long. 133° 31′ W., Etolin Island, Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska.

Marble: see Burntbridge, creek, Wash.

Marble: see Crandall, creek, Wyo.

Marble Canyon: see Marble Gorge.

Marble Fork Creek: see Marble Fork, Kaweah.

Marble Fork, Kaweah: river, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 8, T. 15 S., R. 31 E., in Sequoia National Park, flowing southwest, joining the Middle Fork in T. 16 S., R. 29 E. (Not Marble Fork Creek.)

Marburg: see Maribor.

Marbury: landing and point, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Marberry.)

Marc: point, rocky projection 70 yards northeast of Leading Hummock and 530 yards northwest of Cape Passage, northeast shore of Culebrita Cay, near Culebra Island, P. R.

Marcella: town, Morris County, N. J. (Not Greenville.)

March: see Morava.

Marchand: rock, St. Marys River, Mich. (Not Marchand's.)

Marco: town and pass, Lee County, Fla. (Not Malco.)

Marcos Monument: see Explorers Monument.

Marcos Terrace: spur, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., below Powell Plateau, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 26′ W. (Not Coronado Plateau.)

Marcou: mesa, Navajo County, Ariz., in T. 19 N., R. 19 E., Gila and Salt River meridian.

Marcus Baker: peak (Mount Marcus Baker) altitude 13,250 feet, in the Chugach Mountains, north of College Fiord, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 61° 26′ N., long. 147° 46′ W. Named after Marcus Baker, formerly of the Coast Survey, Geological Survey, and Carnegie Institution; author of the Geographic Dictionary of Alaska; and member of the United States Geographic Board from its foundation until 1903.

Marcus Cook: peak, altitude 5,806 feet, sec. 4, T. 46 N., R. 5 E., one of three peaks on Cedar Mountain, Shoshone County, Idaho. Named for Marcus Cook, a former employee of the United States Forest Service, who lost his life on the *Tuscania* in 1918.

Marcy: mountain peak, the highest point in the Adirondacks, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Tahawus.)

Mar de Jolo: see Sulu, P. I.

Mardin: vilayet and town, Turkey.

Marganza: see Morganza.

Margaret: lake, east of Dromore Lake, north of international boundary, T. 1 N., R. 22 W., Souris district, Manitoba, Canada.

Margaret: lake, near head of Middle Fork of Belly River, Glacier County, Mont.

Margaretsville: town, Northampton County, N. C. (Not Margarettsville.)

Margarita: pass, southern coast, 2½ miles southwest by south from Parguera, P. R.

Margerie: glacier, ice tongue on western side Tarr Inlet, in Glacier Bay, 1½ miles south of Grand Pacific Glacier, Alaska. (After Emmanuel de Margerie, famous French geologist, who visited Glacier Bay in 1913.)

Margrethe: lake, Crawford County, Mich., west of Grayling. Named for Mrs. Margrethe Hanson, the wife of Mr. Rasmus Hanson, who donated to the State, for a military reservation, the entire township on which this lake is located. (Not Portage.)

Marguerite: lake, southeastern section of Sandisfield town, near the Massachusetts-Connecticut boundary, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Simon Pond, nor Simons Pond.)

Maria: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Mariac.)

Maria: municipality, Oriental Negros Province (subprovince Siquijor), Siquijor, P. I.

Mariac: see Maria, P. I.

Maria Cristina: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Cristina.)

Maria Cristina: see Cristina, P. I.

Maria Langa: island, southward of Point Guayanilla, P. R. (Not Maria Langua nor Maria Langura.)

Maria Langua: Maria Langura: see Maria Langa.

Maria Mercedes: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Mercedes.)

Mariana: see Mariawa, P. I.

Marianao: pr. mä-rē-ä-na′o͞o; seaport city, Cuba; 23° 4′ N., 82° 28′ W.

Maria Navo: see Marinavo.

Marias: pass over the Continental Divide in Flathead and Glacier counties, Montana, on south boundary of Glacier National Park, near lat. 48° 19′ N., long. 113° 21′ W. Name derived from Marias River, named by Lewis in 1805.

Marias: river in Montana. (Not Bear's, Kay-i-you nor Maria's.)

Marias d' Ogee: see Meredosia.

Maria Theresiopel: see Subotica.

Mariaua: see Mariawa, P. I.

Mariawa: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mariana nor Mariaua.)

Maribojoc: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Maribor: town, n. w. Yugoslavia; Ger. Marburg; Ital. Marburgo; 46° 35′ N., 15° 40′ E.

Maricopa: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 09′ W. (Not Sentinel.)

Maricopa: see Sunset, valley, Calif.

Marie: lake, Fresno County, Calif.

***Marieville:** village, in North Providence, Providence County, R. I., about 1 mile northeast of Geneva. (Not Maryville.) Revision of name Maryville, as given in the Official Gazetteer of Rhode Island.

Marigne: see Marigni, P. I.

Marigni: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Marigne.)

Marikina: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mariquina.)

Marinab: sitio, Butag Barrio, Bulan Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Marinap.)

Marinap: see Marinab, P. I.

Marinavo: creek, north coast of Cuba. (Not Maria Navo.)

Marine: township and village, Washington County, Minn. (Not Marine Mills.)

Marion: creek, Alaska, tributary to Canyon Creek from west in Forty-mile region, lat. 64° 15′ N., long. 141° 10′ W. (Not Mariner nor Merriam.)

Mariposa: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 09′ N., long. 110° 04′ W., 11 miles south of Yellowstone Lake, on Two Ocean Plateau, Continental Divide.

Mariquina: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mariquina: river, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Mateo.)

Mariquina: see Marikina, P. I.

Mariquita: hill, altitude 302 meters, 6 miles northeast by one-half mile east from Cape Rojo Lighthouse, P. R. (Not Maguayo.)

Marirong: see Narirong, P. I.

Mariveles: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Marjum: pass, Millard County, Utah. House Range, near lat. 39° 15′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Mark: see Resolution.

Marlboro: township, Delaware County, Ohio. (Not Marlborough.)

Marmaduke: see Keg.

Marmot: cape, prominent high cape, southern head of Marmot Island, lat. 58° 10′ N., long. 151° 52′ W., Alaska.

Marmot: ridge, between Grouse Ridge and Black Buttes, western slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

***Maro:** submerged coral reef, rectangular in shape, about 13 and one-half nautical miles long, 5 miles wide, centered in lat. 25° 25′ N., long. 170° 35′ W., about 133 miles 280° true from Gardner Island, Hawaiian Islands. A survey in 1930–31 by the Coast and Geodetic Survey shows this to be not two but one reef. Of the two names used in the past, the name Maro is retained, which, given in 1820 by Captain Allen of the whaler Maro, has the priority over Dowsett of 52 years. Not Maro and Dowsett Reefs, decision, October, 1925, nor Dowsett, decision, October, 1924.

Maro and Dowsett: see Maro, reef, Hawaiian Islands.

Maroc: see Morocco.

Marokko: see Morocco.

Maronco: see Marungco, P. I.

Marquam: lake, 2¼ miles below mouth of Willamette River, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Marquam's.)

Marquette: glacier, Blackstone Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 40′ N., long. 148° 40′ W. Named for Marquette College, Milwaukee, Wis.

Marracossic: Marricossick: see Maracossic.

Marracuru: barrio, Enrile Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maracuru.)

***Marrakech (Marrakesh):** pr. marrá-kesh; city, Morocco, n. w. Africa; Fr. Marrakech; Sp. Merrakex; 31° 38′ N., 8° W. Not Morocco City Maraksh.

***Marrakesh** (city): see Marrakech.

Marrakesh (sultanate): see Morocco.

Marratooka: see Mattituck.

Marr Field: bar, Mississippi River. New Madrid County, Mo. (Not Marr's Field.)

Marrs Hill: township, Washington County, Ark. (Not Mars Hill.)

Marruecos: See Morocco.

Marseille: pr. mär-sâ′y′; city and seaport, dept. of Bouches-du-Rhône, s. e. France; Ital. Marsiglia; Sp. Marsella; 43° 18′ N., 5° 25′ E. Not Marseilles.

Marseilles: see Marseille.

Marsella: see Marseille.

Marr's Field: see Marr Field.

Marsh: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 112° 15′ W.

Marsh: creek, Klamath County, Oreg.

Marsh: pond, in Egremont Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (not Joyner Marsh, nor Joyners.)

Marsh: see Bat, lake, Mich.

Marsh: see Cottonwood, creek, Wyo.

Marsh: see Vaill, island, Me.

Marsha: bay, on the east side of Knight Island, 4½ miles southward from the Bay of Isles, lat. 60° 20′ N., long. 147° 41′ W., Alaska.

Marshall: mountain, Powell County, Mont., in sec. 29, T. 18 N., R. 14 W., Montana meridian, about 3 miles southwest of Crescent Mountain, Flathead National Forest.

Marshall: point, Potomac River, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Marshal.)

Marshall: point, West Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Marshall's.)

Marshall: pond, on the boundary between Hebron and Oxford Towns, Oxford County, Me. (Not Mathews, Mathew's, nor Matthews.)

Marshall's: see Marshall, point.

***Marshalltown:** city and township, Marshall County, Iowa. (Not Marshall.)

Marshapauge: see Tyler.

Marshapogge: see Marshepaug.

Marshelder: channel southwest of Story Island, Creek and Islands in Ocean County, N. J. (Not Marsh Elder.)

Marshepaug: river, branch of Shepaug River from Tyler Pond, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not East Branch Shepaug, Marshapogge, nor Mashepaug.)

Marshes: see Trap Hill.

Marsh Fork: stream, Raleigh County, W. Va. (Not Marsh Fork of Coal River.)

Marshyhope: creek, a branch of the Nanticoke River, Dorchester and Caroline counties, Md., and Kent and Sussex Counties, Del. (Not Marsh Hope, Marshy Hope, West Branch of Nanticoke River, West or Northwest Fork of Nanticoke, nor Northwest Prong of Nanticoke.)

Marsiglia: see Marseille.

Marston: creek, south part Park County, Wyo., on west bank Shoshone River, east slope Continental Divide, near lat. 43° 56′ N., long. 109° 47′ W. (Not Morrison.) Named after Judge C. A. Marston, of Cody, an early settler.

***Martell:** town, post office and railroad station, Lancaster County, Nebr. (Not Martel.) Named after James Martelle, a local resident.

Martell: town and village, Pierce County, Wis. (Not Martel.)

Marten: creek, north shore Bradfield Canal, 1½ miles east of Blake Channel, on the mainland, southeastern Alaska.

Marten: creek, Boise County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to North Fork Boise River from west, between West Fork Creek and Lightning Creek.

Marten: lake, drained by Marten Creek, Southeastern Alaska.

Marten: see Lightning, creek, Idaho.

Marten: see West Fork, creek, Idaho.

Martha: lake, lat. 37° 06′, long. 118° 44′, Fresno County, Calif.

Martha: lake, Snohomish County, Wash., in sec. 18, T. 31 N., R. 4 E., Willamette meridian. (Not Martha's nor Marthen's.)

Marthas Basin: valley, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 34′ W.

***Martha's Vineyard:** island, Dukes County, Mass., south of Buzzards Bay. (Not Marthas Vineyard.) The spelling with 's is that used locally and approved by Massachusetts Geographic Board.

Marthen's: see Martha, Wash.

***Martic:** township, Lancaster County, Pa. (Not Marticville.)

Martin: bay, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Martin's nor Selby's.)

Martin: creek, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, tributary on west bank of Katmai Creek, southeast of Mount Martin.

Martin: creek, Ts. 2 and 3 N., Rs. 17 and 18 W., tributary to East Fork Bitterroot River, Ravalli County, Mont. (Not North Fork of East Fork Bitterroot River.)

Martin: island, low and sandy, next east of Cooper Island, Arctic Coast, near lat. 71° 20′ N., long. 155° 20′ W., northern Alaska.

Martin: island, Columbia River, near Kalama, Wash. (Not Martin's.)

Martin: mountain and volcano (Mount Martin), Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 17 miles southwest of Mount Katmai, and 5 miles southwest of Mount Mageik, near lat. 58° 10′ N., long. 155° 17′ W.

Martin: reef, north end of Lake Huron, Chippewa County, Mich. (Not Martin's.)

Martin: see Doctor, island.

Martineau: hill, elevation 181 meters, 2¼ miles southwest by west from Point Mulas Lighthouse, P. R. (Not Point Martino.)

Martines: see Martinez, P. I.

Martinez: barrio, Tibiao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Martines.)

Martinique: pr. mär-te-nēk′; island possession of France, near Windward Islands, W. I.

Martins: see St. Martin, town, Md.

Martin's: see Martin.

Martins Industry: light vessel and shoal off Port Royal Sound, S. C. (Not Martin's Industry.)

Marubbob: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Marabbob.)

Marungco: barrio, Angat Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maronco.)

Marvin: island, Portsmouth Harbor, Rockingham County, N. H. (Not Marvin's, Shapely, nor Shapleys.)

Mary: bay, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at east extension of north shore of Yellowstone Lake. Named by H. W. Elliott, with James Stevenson on Hayden Survey, 1871 or 1872, for Miss Mary Force.

Mary: island, southwest of Excelsior Group, 2½ miles northwest of Alexandria Bay, St. Lawrence River, N. Y. (Not Isle Mary.)

Mary: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 110° 39′ W., near summit of Central Plateau on Mary Mountain. Named 1873 by tourist party for a member, Mary Clark. (Not Summit.)

Mary: mountain, altitude 8,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 110° 38′ W.

Mary: see Shelikof, bay, Alaska.

Marydel: railroad station on boundary line between Delaware and Maryland. (Not Marydell.)

Maryland: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Pennsylvania, on the east by Delaware and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south and west by Virginia, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia. Area, 12,237 square miles. (Pronounced mar′ĭ-lănd.)

Mary's Point: see Francis, bay.

Marys River: post light, Mississippi River, Randolph County, Ill. (Not St. Marys nor Wabash.)

Maryville: city, Blount County, Tenn. (Not Marysville.)

Maryville: see Marieville, village, R. I.

Masab: see Mesabi.

Masagana: barrio, Bigaa Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Masaganam.)

Masaganam: see Masagana, P. I.

Masaguitsit: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Masaquitsit nor Magsaguitsit.)

Masalocot: Masalucot: see Masalukot, P. I.

Masalukot: barrio, Candelaria Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Masalocot.)

Masalukot: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Masalucot.)

Masanga: see Limasawa.

Masantol: Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Masapan: see Masapang, P. I.

Masapang: barrio, Pila Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Masapan.)

Masaquitsit: see Masaguitsit, P. I.

Masaua: see Limasawa, P. I.

Masaya: pr. mä-sä′yä; city, Nicaragua; 12° N., 86° 2′ W.

Masbate: bay, northern coast, and town, Masbate, P. I. (Not Palanog nor Palanoc.)

Mascoma: lake and river, Grafton County, N. H. (Not Mascomey, Mascommey, nor Mascomy.)

Mascomey: see Mascoma.

Masgrao: see Masgrau, P. I.

Masgrau: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Masgrao.)

Mashepaug: see Marshepaug.

Mashhad: see Meshed.

Mashomack: southeast point of Shelter Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Mashomuck, Meshomac, nor Meshomuck.)

Mashongnivi: see Mishongnovi.

Masical: see Masical Grande, P. I.

Masical Grande: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Masical.)

Masico: barrio, Pila Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Macico.)

Masiit: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Masut.)

Masingal: barrio, Lal-lo Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Magsingal nor Maxingal.)

Masinloc: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Masisit: barrio, Sanchez Mira Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Massisit.)

Maskalonge: see Muskalonge.

Maskat: see Masqat.

Maslog: barrio, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Mason: island and point, entrance to Mystic River, Conn. (Not Mason's.)

Mason: island, junction of Illinois and Mississippi Rivers, Ill. (Not Mason's.)

Masonic: creek, emptying into Wallkill River, Wallkill Town, Orange County, N. Y.

Masonic Temple: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of Canyon near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 112° 21′ W.

Mason's: see Mason.

Mason's: see Theodore Roosevelt, island.

***Masqat (Muscat):** town, Oman, e. coast of Arabia; Arabic, Masqat.† (Not Maskat.)

Massa: prov. and city, n. w. Italy; 44° 30′ N., 11° 50′ E.

Massachusetts: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Vermont and New Hampshire, on the east by the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by the Atlantic Ocean, Rhode Island, and Connecticut, and on the west by Rhode Island and New York. Area, 8,266 square miles. (Pronounced măs-sā-chū′-sĕts.)

Massacocia: see Maracossic.

Massenteean: see Little Nesenkeag.

Massin: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Massisit: see Masisit, P. I.

Mastic: see Forge.

Mastiff: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 100 feet north of Giant Geyser, west bank of Firehole River, Upper Geyser Basin.

Mastodon: mountain, altitude 5,925 feet, secs. 4 and 5, T. 46 N., R. 4 E., near head West Fork Slate Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Masut: see Masiit, P. I.

Mataasnabayan: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mataas na Bayan.)

Mataasnacahoy: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mataas na Cahoy.)

Mataasnalupa: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mataas na Lupa.)

Mataasnalupa: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mataas na Lupa.)

Mataasnalupa: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mataas na Lupa.)

Matabag: see Matagbac, P. I.

Mataca: see Imataca.

Mata Caballos: reef, extends one-fourth mile southwest by south from Zancudo Cay, P. R.

Matacla: barrio, Goa Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Matacomba: Matacumba: see Matecumbe.

Matacut: see Maddaket.

Matadequin: creek, Hanover County, Va. (Not Matade Queen.)

Matagalpa: pr. mät-ä-gäl′pä; dept. and city, Nicaragua; 13° 11′ N., 85° 40′ W.

Matagbac: barrio, Nabua Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Matagbag.)

Matagbac: barrio, Tabaco Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Matabag.)

Matagbag: see Matagbac, P. I.

Matakessett: see Mattakeset.

Matalipni: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Matalipui.)

Matalipui: see Matalipni, P. I.

Matalom: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Matamoras: see New Matamoras.

Matangcong: barrio, Sigma Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Malangeang.)

Matanzas: pr., mä-tän′säs; prov. and seaport city, Cuba; 23° N., 81° 45′ W.

Matanzas: see Estero, pass, Fla.

Matapan: see Tainaron.

Mataphao: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay P. I (Not Matapjao.)

Matapjao: see Mataphao, P. I.

Mata Seca: Cay, southwestern side of Matei Island, P. R.

Matawan: creek, point, and town, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Mattawan, Matayan, nor Middletown.)

Matecumbe: two of the Florida Keys, distinguished as Upper and Lower, in Monroe County, Fla. (Not Matacomba, Matacumba, Matacumbe, Metacombe, nor Metacumbe.)

Mathews: point, Columbia River, 4 miles below Vancouver, Clark County, Wash. (Not Matthew's.)

Mathews: township, Kingsbury County, S. Dak. (Not Matthews.)

Mathews: village, Mathews County, Va. (Not Matthews.)

Mathews: Mathew's, see Marshall, pond, Me.

Mathias: creek, Ts. 33 and 34 N., R. 22 W., tributary to South Fork Coal Creek, from southwest, Flathead County, Mont.

Mati: town, at head of Pujada Bay, Moro Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Matti.)

Matikio: see Matikiw, P. I.

Matikiw: barrio, Pangil Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Matikio nor Matiquio.)

Matimbobong: barrio, San Ildefonso, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Matinbobon.)

Matinao: barrio, Maasin Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Mantinao nor Matinaw.)

Matinao: barrio, Sierra-Bullones Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Matin-ao.)

Matin-ao: Matinaw: see Matinao, P. I.

Matinbobon: see Matimbobong.

Matiquio: see Matikiw, P. I.

Matisnilla: see Rio Matasmillo.

Matkatamiba: canyon, on south bank, and rapids, in Colorado River—the first in Coconino County and the second in Coconino and Mohave Counties, Ariz., in the Grand Canyon 4 miles below the mouth of Kanab Creek. Named for an Indian family.

Matnog: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Matnor: river, lat. 9° 32′ 7″, long. 118° 39′ 1″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Mato Grosso or **Matto Grosso:** pr. mä′tō grō′sō; state, cen. Brazil.

Matojo: cay, rocky islet, off Point Resaca, northern shore of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Scrub.)

Matojo: point, sharp ledge at outer and northern extremity of Matojo Cay, north shore of Culebra Island, P. R.

Matomkin: see Metomkin.

Matsumoto: city, cen. main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Matumoto; 36° 15′ N., 138° E.

Matsuyama: city, Shikoku island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Matuyama; 33° 50′ N., 132° 45′ E.

Mattabesset: river, Hartford and Middlesex Counties, Conn. (Not Little, Mattabeset, Mattabessett, nor Sebethe.)

Mattacocy: see Maracossic.

Mattakeset: bay, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Matakessett.)

Mattamuskeet: lake, Hyde County, N. C. (Not Mattamuskett.)

Mattapoisett: harbor and village, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Mattapoiset.)

Mattaponi: river, in Eastern Virginia. (Not Mattapony.)

Mattawan: see Matawan.

Matthews: peak, Tunitcha Mountains, Apache County, Ariz.

Matthews: see Marshall, pond, Me.

Matthews: see Mathews, S. Dak.

Matthews: see Mathews, Va.

Matthew's: see Mathew's, point, Wash.

Matti: see Mati, P. I.

Mattingly: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, rises in unsurveyed T. 6 N., R. 13 E., Boise meridian, and flows southwest into Middle Fork, Boise in T. 6 N., R. 12 E.

Mattituck: pond, Southold Town, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Mameweta, Maratooker, nor Marratooka.)

Matto Grosso: see Mato Grosso.

Matu: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nato.)

Matumoto: see Matsumoto.

Matungao: barrio, Bulacan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Matungaw.)

Matungao: barrio, San Isidro Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Matungaw.)

Matungaw: see Matungao, P. I.

Matushka: island, southwestern Alaska, 2,000 yards long, 750 feet high, largest of Chiswell Islands group, south coast Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 36′.5 N., long. 149° 38′ W. Name is the Russian equivalent of mother.

Matuyama: see Matsuyama.

Mauanan: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mauban: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Maugat: barrio, Nasugbu Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mangat.)

Maugat: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mangat.)

Maugat: barrio, Tahauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mangat.)

Maui: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Mave nor Mawi.)

Maui: county, Territory of Hawaii, including the islands of Maui, Molokai, Lanai, and Kahoolawe.

Maui: island, T. H., southeast of Oahu and 72 sea miles from Honolulu, consisting of two high mountains connected by low peninsula 8 miles in width; highest point, 10,032 feet, in east Maui; irregular in shape, 48 miles long, 30 miles wide; area, 728 square miles.

Maulauin: barrio, Pagsanjah Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maulawen nor Molauin.)

Maulawen: see Maulauin, P. I.

Maule: pr. mow'leh; prov. Chile; 36° 5′ S., 72° 40′ W.

Maulua: bay, mouth of Maulua Gulch, East Hawaii, T. H.

Maulua: land division, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Maulua: stream, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing northeastward through a very deep gulch into sea, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Mauna Hau: Mauna Hou: see Maunahou, T. H.

Maunahou: mountain, near lat. 22° 13′ N., long. 159° 35′ W., northwestern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Mauna Hau nor Mauna Hou.)

Mauna Kea: mountain, northeastern Hawaii, T. H., elevation, 13,825 feet: highest island mountain in the world; does not culminate in a single prominent peak, but has a summit platform upon which rise many huge cinder cones.

Mauna Loa: mountain, south-central Hawaii, T. H.; elevation, 13,675 feet, unique in having a crater, Mokuaweoweo—the second largest active volcano in the world—sunk in its summit platform. (Not Mauna Roa.)

Mauna Loa: peak, elevation, 1,382 feet, west Molokai, T. H.

Maunalua: bay, between Diamond Head and Koko Head, on south coast of Oahu, T. H.

Maunalua: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Mauna Roa: see Mauna Loa, mountain, T. H.

Maunawili: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Maupin: landing, Kanawha River, Mason County, W. Va. (Not Maupin's.)

Maurelle: all islands between Iphigenia Bay and Gulf of Esquibel, from Bocas de Finas to passage north of Noyes Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Anguilla.)

Maurell's: see Murrell.

Mauritius: Br. island, e. of Madagascar; 20° S., 57° 50′ E.

Maury: island, Puget Sound, King County, Wash. (Not Maury's.)

Mauvais Coulee: creek, Benson, Towner, and Ramsey Counties, N. Dak. (Not Big Coolee nor Big Coulee.)

Mavalor: see Mabalor, P. I.

Mave: see Maui, P. I.

Mawenzi: see Kilimanjaro.

Mawi: see Maui, P. I.

Maxey: pond, Nantucket, Mass. (Not Maxcy.)

Maxfield: point, Lake Memphremagog, Orleans County, Vt. (Not Maxfield's.)

Maxingal: see Masingal, P. I.

Max Patch: see Bald, mountains, N. C. and Tenn.

Maxwell: see Glacier, peak, Oreg.

May: point (Point May) Brant Island, Buzzards Bay, Plymouth County, Mass.

May: see Goose, pond, Mass.

Mayabe: barrio, Tubo Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mayabo.)

Mayabo: see Mayabe, P. I.

Mayacabac: barrio, Dauis Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Mayacaban.)

Mayacaban: see Mayacabac, P. I.

Mayacmis: see Miyakma.

Mayaguana: pr. mä-yä-gwä′nä; island, the Bahamas.

May Anao: barrio, Tigaon Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mayanao.)

Mayanlud: see Mahanlud.

Maybe: creek, northern Alaska, large eastern tributary at head of Ikpikpuk River, near lat. 69° 20′, long. 154°.

May Day: township and village, Riley County, Kans. (Not Mayday.)

Mayence: see Mainz.

Mayesville: town and township, Sumter County, S. C. (Not Maysville.)

Maygnauay: see Maygnaway, P. I.

Maygnaway: barrio, Calolbon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Maingauay, Maygnauay, nor Magnuauay.)

Mayhew: village, Lowndes County, Miss. (Not Mayhew's Station.)

Mayimit: see Maimit, P. I.

Maylor Spit: post light, Whidbey Island, Island County, Wash. (Not Maylor's.)

Maynadier: creek, Prairie County, Mont., formed in sec. 23, T. 13 N., R. 50 E., Montana principal meridian, by the junction of Cherry and Cedar creeks, and empties into Yellowstone River in sec. 12, T. 12 N., R. 51 E. (Not Cedar nor Cherry.) Named for Lieut. H. E. Maynadier, who made an expedition from the Stockade, now Glendive, into the territory through which Maynadier Creek flows. Restoration of old name eliminates confusion as to whether Cherry Creek flows into Cedar Creek or vice versa.

Mayo: beach, Wellfleet Harbor, Cape Cod Bay, Mass. (Not Mayo's.)

Mayoga: see Mayuya, P. I.

Mayos: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I (Not Magos.)

Mayo's: see Long, point, Me.

Mayo's: see Mayo.

Mayoyao: settlement, Mountain Province (subprovince Ifugao), Luzon, P. I.

Mays: gap, Grant County, W. Va. (Not Cosners.)

Maysan: see Maisan, P. I.

Maysantol: barrio, Bulacan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Meysantal nor Maysantor.)

Maysantor: see Maysantol, P. I.

Maysville: see Kaysville.

Maysville: see Mayesville.

Mayuya: barrio, Guindulman Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Mayoga.)

Maywood: ridge, about 3½ miles long, west of Princeton, Granite County, Mont.

Mazama: falls, foot of Lasiocarpa Ridge, northern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Mazama: glacier (out of which flows main tributary of Wells Creek), northern slope of Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Mazama: park, southern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Mazama: ridge, between Paradise Valley and Stevens Canyon, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce and Lewis Counties, Wash.

Mazatenango: pr. mä-sä-tē-nän'gō; town, Guatemala; 14° 30′ N., 91° 34′ W.

Mazatlán: pr. mä-sät-län'; city, state of Sinaloa, and towns, states of Guerrero and Oaxaca, republic of Mexico; city, 23° 15′ N., 106° 30′ W.

Mazatzal: range, west of Tonto Creek and Roosevelt Reservoir, and north of Salt River to Deadmans Canyon, Gila, Maricopa, and Yavapai Counties, Ariz.

Mazomanie: town and village, Dane County, Wis. (Not Mazo Manie.)

Mead: lake, near head of South Fork, Piney Creek, Johnson County, Wyo., 3 miles east of Cloud Peak, in secs. 17 and 20, T. 51 N., R. 85 W., 6th P. M., Wyoming. (Not Meade.) Named in 1899 for Elwood Mead, first Territorial and State engineer of Wyoming; chairman State Water Supply Commission, Victoria, Australia, 1907–1915; and commissioner United States Reclamation Service, 1924.

Mead: see Hardys.

Meade: peak, Preuss Range, one-half mile south of corner of Ts. 10 and 11 S., Rs. 44 and 45 E., Caribou and Bear Lake Counties, Idaho. (Not Mead's, Mt. Preuss, nor Preuss.)

Meade: river, flowing into Dease Inlet, lat. 71° 15′ N., long. 155° 20′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Cogtua nor Kol-u-gru'a.)

Meade: see Mead, lake, Wyo.

Meaden: peak, Routt County, Colo., in sec. 5, T. 9 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, Routt National Forest. Named in honor of Marcy M. Meaden, a member of the Forest Service, who worked in the territory near this mountain and who died in the military service at Camp Dix, N. J.

Meadow: creek, Matanuska Valley, Alaska, tributary to Purinton Creek from the east, entering it near lat. 61° 49′ N., long. 148° 10′ W. Name given because creek flows through several meadows.

Meadow: creek, Ts. 63 and 64 N., Rs. 1 and 2 E., tributary to Moyie River from west, Boundary County, Idaho.

Meadow: creek, T. 15 N., Rs. 25 and 26 W., tributary to Clark Fork from southwest, Mineral County, Mont. (Not Weaver.)

Meadow: creek, south of Rock Creek, T. 29 S., R. 4 E., Douglas County, Oreg.

Meadow: creek, flowing southwest from Tolmie Peak, into Mowich River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Meadow: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 14′ W., flowing west into Yellowstone Lake.

Meadow: lake, T. 34 N., R. 108 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Meadow: mountain, altitude 11,634 feet, sec. 33, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., 2½ miles southwest Allens Park Village and 6 miles southeast of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Meadow: mountain, Warren Town, Knox County, Me. (Not Congress.)

Meadow: point, southwestern slope Mount Baker, near Deming Glacier, Whatcom County, Wash.

Meadow: see Arena, creek, Colo.

Meadow: see Donivan, creek, Miss.

Meadow: see Grass, creek, Idaho.

Meadow: see New Meadows, river, Me.

Meadow Creek: mountain, sec. 33, T. 4 S., R. 41 E., Bingham County, Idaho.

Meadows: town, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Centerville.)

Mead's: see Meade.

Means: see Hardys.

Meares: glacier, northern coast Prince William Sound, Alaska, terminating in the head of Unakwik Inlet, near lat. 61° 10′, long. 147° 30′.

Meares: island (largest), in the northern part of Meares Passage, and on the south side of Ulloa Channel, lat. 55° 16′ N., long. 133° 10′.5 W., Alaska.

Meat: mountain, altitude 3,190 feet, northwestern Alaska, on the Arctic slope, southwest of Point Barrow, between the headwaters of Colville and Utukok Rivers, near lat. 68° 56′ N., long. 160° 56′ W.

Mecan: river, entering Fox River at eastern boundary Mecan Town, Marquette County, Wis. (Not Mechan.)

Mecca: capital of the Hejaz, w. Arabia; Fr., and Intl. postal guide, La Mecque; Ger. Mekka; 21° 30′ N., 39° 45′ E.

Mechan: see Mecan.

Mechanic Valley: town, Cecil County, Md. (Not Mechanics Valley.)

***Mechanicville:** village, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not Mechanicsville.)

Mechelen: see Malines.

Mechescatauxin: see Sleeper.

Mechhed: see Meshed.

Mechum: creek, Albermarle and Fluvanna Counties, Va. (Not Mechunk nor Merchant.)

Mechumps: creek, Hanover County, Va. (Not Machump, Mechums nor Mechump.)

Mechunk: see Mechum.

Mecque, La: see Mecca.

Meda: pass, Esmeralda County, Nev., near lat. 37° 41′ N., long. 117° 12′ W.

Medellín: pr. meh-deh-lyēn′; city, Colombia; 6° 15′ N., 75° 45′ W.

Medellin: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Media Agua: creek, flowing approximately north through central part of T. 28 S., R. 19 E., Kern County, Calif.

Media Luna: reef, entrance to Rincon Bay, P. R.

Medicine: lake, Ts. 31 and 32 N., Rs. 56 and 57 E., Sheridan County, Mont. (Not Creek.)

Medicine: see Medicine Lodge.

Medicine Bow: mountains, Albany and Carbon Counties, Wyo., and Jackson and Larimer Counties, Colo.; extend from Cameron Pass, Colo., near the Continental Divide, 100 miles northwest to the Union Pacific Railroad in Wyoming; and include all the highlands from Laramie Basin on the east, to North Platte River and North Park on the west.

Medicine Bow: see Otter, creek, Mont.

Medicine Lodge: creek, rising in T. 12 S., R. 11 W., and tributary to Prairie Creek, T. 10 S., R. 11 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Sage.)

Medicine Lodge: creek, Big Horn County, Wyo., heads in the southern part of T. 52 N., R. 87 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southwesterly to empty into Paint Rock Creek in approx. sec. 1, T. 49 N., R. 90 W.

Medicine Lodge: peak, secs. 21, 22, 27, and 28, T. 12 S., R. 12 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Medicine.)

Medicine Owl: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in Medicine Owl Lake near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 29′ W., flowing northwest into Hudson Bay Creek. Name of a Blackfoot Indian chief.

Medicine Owl: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 29′ W. Name of a Blackfoot Indian chief.

Medio Mundo: passage, between Pineros Island and the shore, from Point Medio Mundo to Point Puerca, P. R. (Not Pasaje de Medio Mundo.)

Meechuek: see Miniatulik.

Meeker: mountain (Mount Meeker), altitude 13,911 feet, sec. 6, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., three-fourths mile southeast of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Meeker: ridge, extending 2 miles southeast from Mount Meeker to Lookout Mountain, southeast of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Meekins: neck, between Tar Bay and Honga River, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Meekin nor Meekin's.)

Meeren: see Steven, cay, Virgin Islands.

Meerut: city, United Provinces, India, near Delhi; 28° 55′ N., 77° 50′ E. Not Mirat.

Meeven: see Steven, cay.

Meeyero: see Cottonwood, creek.

Megalokastron: see Ērakleion.

Megunticook: lake, Camden Town, Knox County, Me. (Not Canaan nor Lincolnville.)

Mehollan: see Mulholland.

Mejico: see Mexico.

Mekka: see Mecca.

Meknès: city, n. w. French Morocco; 33° 54′ N., 5° 39′ W.

Mekong: river, China and French Indochina; and boundary of latter with Burma, and in part with Siam.

Me-kwah-mooks: see Alki.

Melakwa: lake, larger of two small lakes south of Chair Peak draining into Tuscohatchie Creek, King County, Wash. (Not Mel'-a-kwa.)

Melakwa: pass, between Chair and Kaleetan Peaks, T. 23 N., R. 10 E., King County, Wash.

Melbourne: capital, Victoria, Australia; 37° 48′ S., 144° 58′ E.

Meleda: see Mljet.

Meliobalio: see Maliwaliw, P. I.

Melita: see Mljet.

Mellen: see Millen.

Mellenthin: peak (Mount Mellenthin), San Juan County, Utah, in sec. 11, T. 27 S., R. 24 E., Salt Lake meridian, La Sal National Forest. (Not Haystack.) Named for Rudolph E. Mellenthin, former forest ranger, La Sal National Forest, who was shot to death near this peak, 1918, while attempting to apprehend two draft evaders. According to local authorities the peak has been known by this name for several years.

Mellichamp: branch, on south bank Wallace River, east bank Rantowles Creek, Stono River, Charleston County, S. C., near lat. 32° 46′ N., long. 80° 11′ W. (Not Mallascham.)

***Melon:** lake, Lake County, Minn., and Rainy River district, Ontario, Canada, westernmost of the three small lakes between Knife and Carp Lakes, between Seed Lake on the east and Carp Lake on the west.

Melozi: Melozikakat: Melozikaket: see Melozitna.

Melozitna: river, east of the Koyukuk River, tributary to the Yukon River near lat. 64° 45′ N., long. 155° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Melozi, Melozikakat, nor Melozikaket.)

Melton: ledge, New London Harbor, Conn. (Not Melton's.)

Melville: hill (Mount Melville), elevation 2,200 feet, San Mateo County, Calif., in sec. 8, T. 7 S., R. 3 W. Named in honor of Dr. Melville Best Anderson, Professor of English Literature in Stanford University.

Memaloose: island, Pend Oreille Lake, T. 56 N., R. 1 E., near the mouth of Clark Fork, Bonner County, Idaho. (Not Mamaloos, Mamaloose, Mamalos, nor Mamalose.)

Memaloose: islands, Columbia River, Umatilla and Wasco Counties, and Lake, Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Mamalos nor Mimaloose.)

Memel: see Klaipėda.

Memphis: city, in Shelby Co., Tennessee, on the Mississippi River, near lat. 35° 08′ N., long. 90° 04′ W. Population in 1930, 253,136. (Pronounced, měm′-fĭs.)

Mencius Temple: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 14′ W.

Mendenhall: cape, the southernmost part of Nunivak, island, lat. 59° 46′ N., long. 166° 08′ W., Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Ignatiet.)

Mendenhall: peninsula, on north shore of west end of Gastineau Channel, between Auke Bay and mouth of Mendenhall River, and opposite Fritz Cove, mainland of Alaska. Tongass National Forest. Named after Prof. T. C. Mendenhall, former superintendent, Coast and Geodetic Survey.

***Mendicant:** ridge, Gunnison County, Colo., a high barren ridge running northeast and southwest about 2½ miles long, near lat. 38° 38′ N., long. 107° 26′ W., in T. 51 N., R. 5 W., New Mexico principal meridian, Gunnison National Forest. (Not Cathedral Peaks.) Name appearing in atlas of Hayden Survey, is based on the story that an old prospector who frequented this region developed into a mendicant begging flour and tobacco from Indians and whites. The location of Cathedral Peaks, decision, 1906, has been a source of confusion and the name is not in local use.

Mendocino: pass, most important one through the Coast Range, sec. 2, T. 22 N., R. 10 W., Glenn and Mendocino Counties, Calif. (Not Low Gap.)

Mendoza: pr. mehn-dō'sä; prov. and city, cen. Argentina; 32° 50′ S., 68° 52′ W.

Menebek: see Mennebeck.

Meneka: peak, northern end Three Top Mountain, Shenandoah County, Va.

Mengku: see Mongolia.

Mennebeck: bay, 1,000 yards wide, northeast shore of St. John, Virgin Islands, near long. 64° 41′ W. (Not Menebek nor Mennebek.)

Menominee: city and county, Mich. (Not Menomonee.)

Menominee: river formed by the Michigamie and Brule Rivers, which unite on the boundary between Wisconsin and the upper peninsula of Michigan, flowing a SSE. direction and emptying into Green Bay. (Not Menominie.)

Menominee: see Menomonie.

Menominie: see Menominee.

Menomonee: see Menomonie.

Menomonee Falls: village, Waukesha County, Wis.

***Menomonie:** city and town, Dunn County, Wis. (Not Menominee nor Menomonee.)

***Menorca (Minorca):** n. island, Balearic Islands, Spain; Sp. Menorca; Fr. Minorque; Ital. Minorca; 40° N., 4° E.

Mentalik: see Lake, creek, Alaska.

Mequacumecum: Mequacumnecum: Mequa-cumte-cum: see Paint, river, Mich.

Merail: shoal, Corona Reef, P. R. (Not Piedra Almirall.)

Merced: lake, San Francisco County, Calif. (Not Laguna de la Merced.)

Mercedes: pr. mehr-seh'dehs; city, Uruguay; 33° 12′ S., 58° 5′ W.

Mercedes: see Maria Mercedes, P. I.

Mercer Reservoir: see Lake St. Marys.

Merchant: peak, altitude 5,827 feet, southwest of Townsend Peak, T. 27 N., R. 11 E., Snohomish County, Wash.

Merchant: see Mechum, creek, Va.

Merchant: see Townsend, mountain, Wash.

Meredosia: town, Morgan County, Ill. (Not Marais d'Ogee nor Meredosha.)

Mérida: pr. meh'rē-dä; city, s. e. Mexico; 20° 54′ N., 89° 40′ W.

Merida: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Mérida: pr. meh'rē-dä; state and city, Venezuela; 8° 16′ N., 71° 5′ W.

Meridan: peak, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 45° 01′ N., long. 110° 01′ W., very near the northeast corner of the park.

Meridian: city, Lauderdale County, Miss. (Not Meridan.)

Meridian: creek, northwestern Alaska, on the south bank of upper Colville River, near lat. 68° 59′ N., long. 159° 58′ W. Flows due north near meridian 160° W.

Meridian: township, McPherson County, Kans. (Not Meriden.)

Meriwether: canyon, Lewis and Clark County, Mont., on northeast bank Missouri River, 20 miles northeast of Helena, near lat. 46° 52′ N., long. 110° 53′ W. (Not Picnic.) Named in honor of Capt. Meriwether Lewis, who camped here on the night of July 19, 1805.

Merlin Abyss: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 112° 18′ W.

Mermentau: lake, prairie, river, and town, Acadia Parish, La. (Not Mermenteau, nor Mermenton.)

Mer Noire: see Black Sea.

Merrellton: railroad station, Calhoun County, Ala. (Not Merrelton.)

Merriam: bay, west of Bayley Bay, Basswood Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, near International Boundary. (Between Minnesota and Ontario.)

Merriam: mountain, of volcanic origin with crater (Merriam Crater), Coconino County, Ariz., in secs. 35 and 36, T. 23 N., R. 10 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, about 2 miles northeast of the boundary of the Coconino National Forest. Named in honor of C. Hart Merriam, naturalist, who is the author of Results of Biological Survey of San Francisco Mountain Region and Desert of Little Colorado in Arizona, 1890.

Merriam: peak (Mount Merriam), altitude 13,067 feet, Fresno County, Calif., near lat. 37° 19′, long. 118° 46′, in Sierra National Forest, about 2 miles southwest of Pine Creek Pass over Sierra Nevada. Proposed by California State Geographic Board, for Dr. C. Hart Merriam, 1855–, chairman, United States Geographic Board, 1914–1925; Chief, U. S. Biological Survey, 1885–1910; Fur Seal Commissioner to Alaska, 1891, and author of many scientific works.

Merriam: see Marion.

Merrill: ledge, near east bank Sheepscot River, 2½ miles above Cross River, Lincoln County, Me.

Merrill: mountain of volcanic origin with crater (Merrill Crater), Coconino County, Ariz., in sec. 12, T. 21 N., R. 10 E., and sec. 7, T. 21 N., R. 11 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, about 2 miles north of the Santa Fe Railway and a short distance north and east of the Coconino National Forest boundary. Named in honor of Dr. George P. Merrill, 1854–1929, formerly head curator of geology in the U. S. National Museum, the author of 60 papers on meteorites, and the first scientist to describe Meteor Mountain, which is in this vicinity.

Merrill: pass, elevation 3,180 feet, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, in the Alaska Range, between Another River and a stream entering Necons River from the east, near lat. 61° 11′ N., long. 153° 20′ W. After R. H. Merrill, a pioneer aviator of Alaska, who discovered this pass, and who was killed, 1929, while flying near Anchorage.

Merrill Shell Bank: lighthouse, Mississippi Sound, Miss. (Not Merrill's Shell Bank.)

Merrimac: town, Jefferson County, Iowa. (Not Merrimack.)

Merrimac: town, Orange County, Fla. (Not Merrimack.)

Merrimac: town, Taylor County, Ky. (Not Merrimack.)

Merrimac: town and village, Sauk County, Wis. (Not Merrimack.)

Merrimac: village, Butte County, Calif. (Not Merrimack.)

Merrimac: village, Essex County, Mass. (Not Merrimack.)

Merrimac: see Merrimack.

Merrimack: county in New Hampshire. (Not Merrimac.)

***Merrimack:** river, Mass. and N. H. (Not Merrimac.)

Merriman: bars, Ohio River, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Merriman's.)

Merritt: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 3 and 34, Ts. 63–64 N., R. 16 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. Named for Leonidas and Alfred Merritt, discoverers of ore in this region.

Merritt: mount (Mount Merritt), altitude 9,944 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 47′ W. So named in honor of Bvt. Maj. Gen. Wesley Merritt, in command of military expedition, 1891.

Merritts Landing: see Endeavor.

Merrymeeting: bay, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Merry Meeting.)

Merrymeeting: see Alton.

Mersey: river, England, w. past Manchester and Liverpool to Irish Sea.

Mersin (Mersina): vilayet and town, Turkey; Fr. Mersine.

Mersina: see Mersin.

Merten: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 26, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., flowing south into Middle Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 15, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Merten: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 26, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Mertensia: falls, sec. 23, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., 3 miles southwest of Longs Peak, on lake outlet, draining into south side of North St. Vrain Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Merthyr Tydfil: city, Glamorganshire, s. Wales; 51° 48′ N., 3° 28′ W.

Mesa: mountain, Saguache County, Colo. (Not Del Norte.)

Mesabi: range of hills in Northern Minnesota. (Not Masab.)

Mescalero: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 112° 17′ W.

Meschhed: see Meshed.

Meshamasic: Meshamasick: see Meshomasic.

Meshed: city, n. e. Persia; Fr. Mechhed; Ger. Meschhed; 36° 25′ N., 59° 25′ E. Not Mashhad.

Meshomac: see Mashomack.

Meshomasic: mountain, Portland and Chatham Towns, Middlesex County, Conn. (Not Meshamasic, Meshamasick, Meshomasick, Mesomersic, nor Somasick.)

Meshomuck: see Mashomack.

Mesomersic: see Meshomasic.

Mesquite: bay, Aransas County, Tex. (Not Mezquit.)

Mesquite: creek, Maricopa County, Ariz., a much branched intermittent stream joining Tortilla Creek from the north, approx. at lat. 33° 31′ 36″ N., long. 111° 22′ 56″ W., in unsurveyed T. 2 N., R. 9 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Tonto National Forest. So named from the abundance of small Mesquite trees or bushes along its course.

Mesquite: flat, about a square mile of comparatively flat area, bordering Mesquite Creek, chiefly in unsurveyed sec. 12, T. 2 N., R. 9 E., Maricopa County, Ariz., Gila and Salt River meridian, Tonto National Forest. Crossed by the Apache Trail. Covered by a thick stand of mesquite brush.

Mesquite: flat, Inyo County, Calif., in Death Valley, Ts. 14 and 15 S., R. 44 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Mesquite Valley nor Northwest Arm of Death Valley.)

Mèssico: see Mexico.

Messina: prov. and seaport, n. e. Sicilia, Italy; 38° 10′ N., 15° 30′ E.

Meta: pr. meh′ta; river, Colombia.

Metacombe: Metacumbe: see Matecumbe.

**Metcalf*: village, Thomas County, Ga. (Not Metcalfe).

Metelino: see Mytilini.

Meteorite Mountain: see Crater Mound.

Meter: bight, in Stikine Strait, indenting eastern shore of Zarembo Island, near lat. 56° 20′.5 N., long. 132° 40′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Methow: see Moyie.

Metigoshe: lake, on international boundary, T. 164 N., R. 75 W., Bottineau County, N. Dak., and T. 1 N., R. 22 W., Souris district, Manitoba, Canada. (Not Fish nor Lizzie.)

Metlako: falls, Eagle Creek, near east boundary line of Multnomah County, Oreg.

Metomkin: inlet and point, Potomac River, King George County, Va. (Not Matomkin.)

Mettawee: river, Washington County, N. Y., and Rutland and Bennington Counties, Vt. (Not Mettowee.)

Metz: city, on Moselle river, n. e. France; 49° 5′ N., 6° 10′ E.

Metzelaar: bay, in southern part of Grand Lake, Presque Isle County, Mich., in secs. 10, 14, and 15, T. 33 N., R. 8 E., Michigan meridian. (Not South Bay, Grand Lake.) Name adopted by the board of supervisors of Presque Isle County and approved by the State of Michigan Committee on Geographic Names, in honor of Dr. Jan Metzelaar, late of the State Conservation Department, who was drowned near this bay while making a fish survey of Grand Lake.

Meuse (Maas): river, France-Belgium-Netherlands, to the Rhine; Dutch, Maas; Flemish, Maes; Fr. Meuse, pr. mûz; Walloon, Mouse.

Mexico: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mexico: pr. mĕx′-ĭ-kō; off. meh′hē-kō; republic, North America; Fr. Mexique; Ger. Mexiko; Ital. Mèssico; Sp. Méjico or México.

***México (Mexico):** pr. meh'hē-kō; state, Mexico.

Mexico City: see México, D. F.

***México, D. F. (Mexico City):** pr. meh'-hē-kō; capital city, Mexico; 19° 26′ N., 99° 1′ W.

Mexiko: see Mexico.

Mexique: see Mexico.

Meycauayan: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Meyer: Meyers: see Myers.

Meysantal: see Maysantol, P. I.

Meysulao: barrio, Calumpit Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Meysulaw.)

Meysulaw: see Meysulao, P. I.

Mezquit: see Mesquite.

Mhoon: landing, Mississippi River, Tunica County, Miss. (Not Mhoon's.)

Miagao: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Miakka: river, rising in T. 22 E., R. 35 S., Manatee County, flowing southwesterly and southeasterly emptying into Charlotte Harbor, western coast of Florida. (Not Myakka.)

Miami: city in Dade Co., Florida, on Biscayne Bay, near lat. 25° 46′ N., long. 80° 12′ W. Population in 1930, 110,514. (Pronounced, mī-ăm'-e.)

Miami: see Miamitown.

***Miamitown:** village, in Whitewater Township; Hamilton County, Ohio. (Not Miami.) Note that the decision Miami, Township, Hamilton County, Ohio, is not changed.

Mianight: see Musketeers.

Mianza: see Alianza, P. I.

Michelltree: see Mitcheltree.

Michigamme: see Gabimichigami.

Michigan: river, Jackson County, Colo., rising in the northeast corner of T. 6 N., R. 76 W., and flowing northwest. (Not Middle Fork.)

Michigan: a state of the United States, bounded on the north and east by Canada, on the south by Indiana and Ohio, and on the west by Illinois and Wisconsin. Area, 57,980 square miles. (Pronounced mĭsh'-ĭ-găn.)

Michigan: see Michigan City.

***Michigan City:** city and township, Nelson County, N. Dak. (Not Michigan.)

Michilimackinac: see Mackinac.

Michipicoten: bay, island, and river, north shore of Lake Superior. (Not Michipicoton.)

***Michoacán:** pr. mē-chō-ä-kän'; state, Mexico; 19° N., 102° W.

Michuaga: see Inchwagh.

Middle: breaker, on a rock bare at low tide, lying about 2 miles west of Khaz Head, lat. 57° 31′ N., long. 136° 04′.6 W., between Khaz Breaker and the coast, Alaska. (Not Breaker No. 2.)

Middle: prominent cape, 1,000 feet high, on west side of Kodiak Island, Alaska, lat. 57° 21½′ N., long. 154° 47′ W. Name given because of the central location of this feature.

Middle: creek, Huerfano County, Colo. (Not Locust.)

Middle: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 110° 08′ W., flowing east into North Fork of Shoshone River.

Middle: group of islands, Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, midway of the north arm of Lake Nerka, just east of Anvil Bay, lat. 59° 34′ N., long. 158° 45′ W.

Middle: island, of marsh, Ocean County, N. J., in the southeastern part of Little Egg Harbor Township, south limit of Little Egg Harbor. (Not Johney Sedge.)

Middle: see Apple, islands, Alaska.

Middle: see Seredni, point, Alaska.

Middle: see Pioneer, creek, Colo.

Middle: see Woodrings, point, Fla.

Middle: see Hyalite, creek, Mont.

Middle: see Jackson, creek, Mont.

Middle: see Bonneville, mountain, Oreg.

Middle Beaver: creek, branch of Green River from the west, T. 35 N., Sublette County, Wyo. (Not Lead.)

Middle Branch: stream, tributary to Bog Brook from the north, Hebron Town, Oxford County, Me. (Not Cushman's Brook.)

Middlebranch: village, Stark County, Ohio. (Not Middle Branch.)

Middle Bridge: see Owachomo.

Middle Canyon: see Lewelling.

Middle Chugach: see Pearl, island, Alaska.

Middle Clear: creek, Johnson County, Wyo., heads in the central portion of T. 50 N., R. 85 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows easterly emptying into South Clear Creek about 2 miles above the mouth of that creek, Bighorn National Forest.

Middle Cone: hill, secs. 7 and 18, T. 7 S., R. 42 E., 1 mile northeast of China Hat, Caribou County, Idaho.

Middle Cottonwood: creek, Ts. 1 S. and 1 N., R. 6 E., tributary to East Gallatin River from northeast, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Cottonwood.)

Middle Crab: see Rocky Ford.

Middlecreek: township and village, Snyder County, Pa. (Not Middle Creek.)

Middlecreek: township, Somerset County, Pa. (Not Middle Creek.)

Middlefield: see Bancroft, village, Mass.

Middle Fork, Bad Route: creek, Prairie and Dawson counties, Mont., rises in sec. 17, T. 16 N., R. 49 E., Montana principal meridian, and with East Fork forms Bad Route Creek in sec. 35, T. 15 N., R. 51 E.

Middle Fork, Burns: creek, Dawson County, Mont., rises in T. 21 N., R. 53 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows into North Fork, Burns Creek, in T. 20 N., R. 56 E.

Middle Fork, Gallatin: river, Madison and Gallatin counties, Mont., rising in sec. 24, T. 6 S., R. 2 E., joining North Fork to form West Fork of Gallatin River, in sec. 35, T. 6 S., R. 3 E.

Middle Fork, Muddy: creek, Forsyth County, N. C., rises in the southern part of Kernersville Township, drains Salem Lake, flows through the city of Winston-Salem and empties into Muddy Creek about 2 miles east of Clemmons. (Not Salem.)

Middle Fork: see Michigan, river, Colo.

Middle Fork: see Middle Santiam, Oreg.

Middle Fork: see Table Rock Fork, stream, Oreg.

Middle Fork: see Waptus, river, Wash.

Middle Fork, Belly: river, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in Sue Lake, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 51′ W., flowing northeast and joining South Fork to form Belly River.

Middle Fork Catharine: see Squaw, creek, Oreg.

Middle Fork, Catherine: creek, rising on west slope of China Cap in Wallowa Mountains, and emptying into North Fork Catherine Creek, about 5 miles west of China Cap, Union County, Oreg.

Middle Fork Dig: see Good, creek, Mont.

Middle Fork, Eel: river, rising in sec. 5, T. 26 N., R. 10 W., Trinity County, tributary to Eel River at Dos Rios, Mendocino County, Calif. (Not North Fork of Middle Fork Eel.)

Middle Fork, Flathead: river, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 00′ N., long. 112° 53′ W., flows northwest, forming part of western boundary of the Glacier National Park and enters Flathead River near Belton. (Not Big River.)

Middle Fork, Kaweah: river, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 30, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., flowing westerly and joining the Marble Fork to form the Kaweah River, Sequoia National Park, in T. 16 S., R. 29 E.

Middle Fork, Malheur River: see Malheur.

Middle Fork of Hawkins: see American, creek, Mont.

***Middle Fork, Piedra:** river, rising in Mineral County, Colo., in T. 39 N., R. 2 W., New Mexico meridian, flowing south into Hinsdale County and joining the Piedra River in sec. 26, T. 37 N., R. 3 W., San Juan National Forest. (Not Alboroto nor Huerto.)

Middle Fork, St. Vrain: see Middle St. Vrain.

Middle Fork Tuolumne: see Clavey Creek.

Middle Foy: lake, sec. 23, T. 28 N., R. 22 W., south of Swaney Lake and north of Foy Lake, Flathead County, Mont.

Middle Glacier: creek, flowing into north side of Chinitna Bay, near lat. 59 ° 52′ N., long. 153° 10′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Middle Granite: gorge, of the Colorado River, in the Grand Canyon, about 4 miles long, from 8½ to 12½ miles below Granite gorge, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Lower Granite.)

Middle Ground: shoals, Quoddy Roads, Passamaquoddy Bay, Me. (Not Upper Middle Ground.)

Middle Ledge: see Channel, rock, Me.

Middle Passage: see Falucho.

Middle Piney: creek, branch of Green River from the west, T. 29, Sublette County, Wyo. (Not Lake.)

Middlepoint: village, Van Wert County, Ohio. (Not Middle Point.)

Middle Popo Agie: river, Fremont County, Wyo., rises on east slope of the continental divide approx. in unsurveyed sec. 34, T. 32 N., R. 103 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northeasterly with North Popo Agie River in sec. 9, T. 33 N., R. 99 W., to form Popo Agie River. Pronounced pō-pō′ä-zhē.

Middle Quartz: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 114° 09′ W.

Middle St. Vrain: creek, Boulder County, Colo., rising in sec. 3, T. 2 N., R. 74 W., sixth principal meridian, in St. Vrain Glaciers flows northeasterly into St. Vrain Creek. (Not Middle Fork, St. Vrain.)

Middle Santiam: river, eastern part Linn County, rising on western slope Cascade Range, and flowing westerly into South Santiam River just east of Foster, Oreg. (Not Middle Fork, South Fork, nor Santiam River.)

Middlesborough: see Middlesbrough.

Middlesbrough: pr. mid′lz-bru; city, Yorkshire, England, on North Sea; 54° 37′ N., 1° 15′ W. Not Middlesborough.

Middle Teton: mountain, altitude 12,700 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 49′ W.—the middle summit of the historic "Trois Tetons."

Middleton: peak (Mount Middleton) altitude 5,266 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, near lat. 56° 16′ N., long. 130° 37′ W. After Henry Middleton, 1771–1846, American minister to Russia, 1820-1830; negotiated treaty with Russia, 1824, regulating trade and fisheries in the Pacific Ocean and northwest coast of America, and establishing the line of 54° 40′ as the southern limit of Russian settlement.

Middleton: township, Wood County, Ohio. (Not Middletown.)

Middleton: see Shores.

Middletown: town, Henry County, Ind. (Not Middleton.)

Middletown: see Matawan.

Middletown: see Middleton, Ohio.

Midget: creek, T. 44 N., Rs. 8 and 9 E., between Simmons and Wahoo Creeks, tributary to St. Joe River from east, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Midgley: see Migley.

Midillü: see Mytilini.

Midland Junction: see Gilmore.

Midlothian: county, s. Scotland; formerly Edinburghshire.

Midnight: a small cove off Moonlight Bay, east side of East Arm of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 150° 21′ W.

Midvale: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 21′ W., on east slope of Mount Ellsworth, flowing east into Two Medicine Creek.

Midvale: see Jutland.

Midway: bay, in Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 13′ N., long. 153° 14′ W. (Not Sheep.) This bay is about midway of the length of Sitkalidak Strait.

Midway: islands, in the northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago, near lat. 28° 15′, long. 177° 20′. (Not Brooks.)

Midway: peak, 3,651 feet high, in sec. 4, T. 32 S., R. 22 E., Kern County, Calif.

Midway: valley, between Buena Vista Hills and the main Temblor Range, extending from south central part of T. 32 S., R. 24 E., northwesterly into north half of T. 31 S., R. 22 E., Kern County, Calif.

Midway: see Halfway.

Midway Geyser: basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., small tract on Firehole River, near mouth of Rabbit Creek, south end of Lower Geyser Basin. (Not Hells Half Acre.)

Migley: point, Lummi Island, Whatcom County, Washington Sound, Wash. (Not Midgley.)

***Miguel:** creek and meadow, Tuolumne County, Calif., a few miles west of Hetch Hetchy Valley, draining west through Eleanor Creek to Cherry Creek, a north branch of Tuolumne River, in T. 1 N., Rs. 19 and 20 E. (Not McGill.)

Mikchalk: small lake, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, lying between lakes Beverley and Kulik, lat. 59° 44′ N., long. 158° 50′ W.

Milagros: municipality, Masbate Province, Masbate, P. I.

Milan: see Milano.

***Milano (Milan):** prov. and city, Lombardia, n. Italy; Fr. and conv. Eng. Milan; 45° 28′ N., 9° 10′ E.

Milaor: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Milbank: city, Grant County, S. Dak. (Not Millbank.)

Milburn: see Millburn.

Milburnton: village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Graysburg.)

Miles: river, Talbot County, Md. (Not Millers nor St. Michaels.)

Miles City: creek, Custer and Fallon counties, Mont., in T. 6 N., Rs. 54–56 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to O'Fallon Creek, in R. 56 E. (Not Spring.)

Milestone: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 10, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., flowing east into Kern River in lat. 36° 38′ N., long. 118° 25′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Milestone: mountain, elevation 13,643 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 10, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., on north boundary of Sequoia National Park.

Milestone Bow: see Milestone Bowl.

Milestone Bowl: a glacial cirque on the south slope of Milestone Mountain, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Tulare County, Calif. (Not Milestone Bow.)

Milford: see Kresson.

Milgrove: see Millgrove.

Milham: see Millham.

Milheim: see Millheim.

Milibili: see Malibili, P. I.

Milinoket: Milinokett: see Millinocket.

Milk: creek, Linn County, Oreg., Santiam National Forest, a small stream draining Milk Creek Glaciers on west slope of Mount Jefferson, flowing west and entering Pamelia Creek in sec. 36, T. 10 S., R. 7 E., about 2½ miles west of Pamelia Lake. So named because of color of the water from glacial silt held in suspension.

Milk: river, chiefly in Montana, formed by the junction of its N. and S. Forks, in the Blackfeet Indian Reservation, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 00′ W., flowing thence N. E. into Canada, and east and southeast, again crossing the international boundary near long. 110° 35′ W., continuing southeast, through Hill, Blaine, Philips, and Valley counties, into the Missouri River.

Milk: see Mill, creek, Mont.

Milk Ranch: see Paradise, peak, Calif.

Mill: creek, Tehama County, Calif., rising in the northeastern corner of the county and flowing southeast to Sacramento River.

Mill: creek, T. 11 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Lolo Creek from south, Missoula County, Mont. (Not Milk.)

Mill: creek, T. 3 S., Rs. 2 and 3 E., tributary to Cherry Creek from east, Madison County, Mont.

Mill: creek, eastern slope of Cascade Range just east of Cascade Tunnel, tributary to Nason Creek, T. 26 N., Chelan County, Wash. (Not South Fork.)

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Mill: gulch, T. 51 N., R. 3 E., Gunnison County, Colo. (Not West Branch nor West Branch Gold Creek.)

Mill: see Konkapot, river, Conn.

Mill: see Rippowam, river, Conn.

Mill: see Cherry, creek, Mont.

Mill: see Agency, creek, Mont.

Mill: see McKinney, bayou, Tex.

Mill: see Millton, village, Utah.

Millard: precinct and village, Douglas County, Nebr. (Not Milliard.)

Millar's: see Bancroft, mountain.

Millbank: see Milbank.

Millbrook: see Shawangunk.

Millburn: creek and village, Nassau County, N. Y. (Not Milburn.)

***Millburn:** railroad station and township, Essex County, N. J. (Not Milburn.)

Millcreek: township, Clarion County, Pa. (Not Mill Creek.)

Millcreek: township, Lebanon County, Pa. (Not Mill Creek.)

***Mill Creek:** township, Coshocton County, Ohio. (Not Mill creek.)

Mill Creek: see Hess, creek, Oreg.

Mill Creek: see Little Cahaba, stream, Ala.

Mill Creek: see White Point, creek, Va.

Milldam: see Streeter.

Mille Lacs: county and lake, Minnesota. (Not Millelacs.)

Millen: bay, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Mellen nor Millens.)

Miller: canyon, Vaca Mountains, Solano County, Calif. (Not Pleasants.)

Miller: creek, heading in T. 6 N., R. 11 E., and tributary to Little Elk Creek from south, Wheatland County, Mont.

Miller: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 57′ W., flowing west into Lamar River. Named for a mountaineer who descended this stream in retreating from the Indians, 1870.

Miller: lake, head of north arm of Moira Sound, lat. 55° 08′.5 N., long. 132° 13′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Mitten nor Mitter.)

Miller: lake, in T. 27 S., R. 6½ E., Klamath County, Oreg., Deschutes National Forest, at the head of Miller Creek. (Not Fish.)

Miller: river, tributary to South Fork Skykomish River from south, King County, Wash.

***Miller:** village, Lawrence County, Ohio. (Not Millersport.)

Miller Flats: rolling uplands, lying mostly within NE. ¼ T. 27 S., R. 17 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif.

Miller Pond: see Oseetah.

Millers: see Putnam, peak, Calif.

Millers: see Miles, river, Md.

Millersburg: see Bethel, Pa.

Millers Corners: see Ionia.

Millersport: see Miller, village, Ohio.

Mill Fork: stream, T. 3 S., R. 11 E., tributary to Mission Creek from south, Park County, Mont.

Millgap: village, Highland County, Va. (Not Mill Gap.)

Millgrove: township, Steuben County, Ind. (Not Mill Grove nor Milgrove.)

Millham: brook, Marlboro, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Milham nor Williams.)

Millheim: borough, Center County, Pa. (Not Milheim.)

Milliard: see Millard.

Millicoma: river, Coos County, Oreg. (Not North Fork of Coos River.)

Millikens Bend: town, on Mississippi River, Madison Parish, La. (Not Milliken's Bend.)

***Millinocket:** lake, stream, and town, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Milinoket, Milinokett, Millinockett, Millinoket, nor Millinokett.)

Millport: village, Chemung County, N. Y. (Not Mill Port.)

Mills: creek, headwater tributary to Mono Creek, Fresno County, Calif.

Mills: lake, secs. 23 and 26, T. 4 N., R. 74 W., an expansion of Glacier Creek, in the lower end of Glacier Gorge, Larimer County, Colo.

Mills: moraine, from Mt. Lady Washington, about 2 miles east, extending along north side Roaring Fork, Larimer County, Colo.

Mills: mountain, 3,200 feet high, near lat. 59° 16′ N., long. 151° 32′ W., western end of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Mills: peak, altitude 13,352 feet, Fresno County, Calif., near lat. 37° 24′ N., long. 118° 47′ W.

Millspring: village, Jefferson County, Tenn. (Not Mill Spring.)

Millton: village, Tooele County, Utah. (Not Mill nor Milton.)

Milolii: gulch, Napali Section, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Milolii: land section, in Government ownership, western Kauai, T. H.

Milton: glacier, Blackstone Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 41′ N., long. 148° 44′ W. Named for *Milton College*, Milton, Wis.

Milton: village, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Woolford.)

Milton: see Millton.

Miltonvale: city, Cloud County, Kans. (Not Miltonville.)

Milwaukee: city in Milwaukee Co., Wisconsin, on Lake Michigan, near lat. 43° 03′ N., long. 87° 56′ W. Population in 1930, 572, 557. (Pronounced, mĭl-wăw′kĭ.)

Milwaukee: pass, between Chicago and St. Paul peaks, approximate sec. 25, T. 27 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Milwaukie: town, Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Milwaukee.)

Mimaloose: see Memaloose.

Mimbreno Point: headland, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, 8 miles southeast of Bass Camp, Coconino County, Ariz.

Mina: see Cortlandt.

Minalabac: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Minalabag.)

Minalayo: see Tatus, P. I.

Minalin: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Minam: river, Union and Wallowa Counties, and village, Wallowa County, Oreg. (Not Minum.)

Minanga: barrio, Piat Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Minanoja.)

Minanoja: see Minanga, P. I.

Minantoc: Minantog: see Minantok, P.I.

Minantok: sitio, Amadeo Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Minantoc nor Minantog.)

Minas: pr. mē′näs; city, Uruguay; 34° 21′ S., 55° 10′ W.

Minas Geraes: pr. mē′näs zheh-rä′esh; state, Brazil.

Minatare: reservoir, 12 miles northeast of Scottsbluff, Scotts Bluff County, Nebr. (Not Bryan.)

Mindalina: island, 260 yards long, 55 feet high, outermost point on south side of Squid Bay entrance, west coast of Yakobi Island, southeastern Alaska. A Russian name meaning "almond," given to this island because of its shape.

Mindanao: one of the Philippine Islands. (Not Magindanao.)

Mindanao: sea, between Mindanao, Negros, Bohol, and Leyte Islands, P. I.

Mindoro: see Sulu, P. I.

Mine: cove, eastern arm of Ogden Passage, Chichagof Island, Alaska. (Not Hirst.)

Mine: see Kimshan.

***Mine La Motte:** town, Madison County, Mo. (Not Mine Lamotte.)

Mine Lamotte: see Mine La Motte.

Miner: creek, tributary to Lake Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Miner: island, near the junction of Lisianski Strait and Lisianski Inlet, lat. 58° 00′ .6 N., long. 136° 20′ .3 W., Alaska.

Mineral: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 02′ N., long. 111° 57′ W., draining north into Colorado River.

Mineral: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 50′ W., flowing south into McDonald Creek. Named because of the discovery of ore in the region drained.

Mineral: natural park at main forks of Cascade River, T. 34 N., R. 13 E., Skagit County, Wash. (Not Forks of Cascade.)

Mineral: peak, altitude 11,535, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 13, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., in Sequoia National Game Refuge.

Miner Creek: see American, stream, Wash.

Miners: gulch, tributary to Vermilion River from southeast, in sec. 1, T. 24 N., R. 30 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not Short Creek.)

Miners: lake and river, northern shore Prince William Sound, near head of Unakwik Inlet, eastern side, and draining into Miners Bay, near lat. 61° 04′ N., long. 147° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Boot Lake.)

Miners: point, northwestern coast of Kodiak Island 4½ miles northeast of Cape Ugat, lat. 57° 53′ .8 N., long. 153° 44′ W., Alaska.

Miner's: see Sawtooth, peak, Calif.

Miners Creek: see American, stream, Wash.

Minglanilla: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Mingo: cay, ⅝ mile long, 194 feet high, between Lovango and Grass Cay, Virgin Islands. (Not Lovango Medio, Singó, nor Zingo.)

***Minhow:** see Foochow.

Miniatulik: stream, entering Norton Bay, southwest of Kwiniuk River, lat. 64° 48′ N., long. 161° 21′ W., Alaska. (Not Iron Creek nor Meechuek.)

Minister: see Minster.

Mink: creek, Marshall County, Ala. (Not Locus nor Lovetts.)

Minnabaug: see Winnapaug, pond.

Minneapolis: city, in Hennepin Co., Minnesota, on the Mississippi River, near lat. 45° 00′ N., long. 23° 16′ W. Population in 1930, 464,753. (Pronounced mĭn-ē-ap′-ō-lĭs.)

Minnechaug: mountain, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Minnechug nor Minnehaush.)

Minneota: village, Lyon County, Minn. (Not Minnesota.)

Minnesaka: creek, T. 41 N., R. 6 E., Clearwater County, tributary to Little North Fork Clearwater River in sec. 4 from south near the boundary line of Shoshone County, Idaho.

Minnesota: river, in Minnesota, flowing southeast from Big Stone Lake, on the Minnesota-South Dakota boundary line into the Mississippi River, between St. Paul and Minneapolis, near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 93° 10′ W. (Pronounced, mĭn-e-sō′tah.)

Minnesota: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by Wisconsin, on the south by Iowa, and on the west by North Dakota and South Dakota. Area, 84,682 square miles. (Pronounced, mĭn-e-sō′tah.)

Minnesota: see Minneota, village, Minn.

Minnewawa: lake (Lake Minnewawa), in T. 49 N., R. 23 W., Aitkin County, Minn. (Not Rice.)

Minorca: see Menorca.

Minorque: see Menorca.

Minots Ledge: lighthouse, Boston Bay, Mass. (Not Minot's Ledge.)

Minow: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Minuw.)

Minsk: capital city, White Russian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 53° 50′ N., 27° 35′ E.

Minster: village, Auglaize County, Ohio. (Not Minister.)

Minto: pass, altitude approximately 5,600 feet, on boundary line between Linn and Jefferson Counties, Oreg., in sec. 20, T. 12 S., R. 8 E., to the north of Three Finger Jack Mountain, in the Cascade Range. Named after John Minto, author and well-known citizen of Oregon.

Minum: see Minam.

Minute: see Minute Man.

Minute Man: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, in south central section of Norris Geyser Basin, about 600 yards southwest of Nuphar Lake. (Not Minute.)

Minuw: see Minow, P. I.

Miquelon: small island, s. of Newfoundland, part of Fr. colony of St. Pierre and Miquelon; 47° N., 56° 10′ W.

Mira: mountain, Esmeralda County, Nev., near lat. 37° 41′ N., long. 117° 13′ W.

Miraflores: village, Orange County, Calif. (Not Mira Flores.)

Mirage: see Sarcobatus.

Miramar: mount, southeastern Alaska altitude 2,000 feet, lat. 55° 19′ 17″ N., long. 133° 36′ 05″ W., Baker Island.

Miramonte: mountain, altitude 9,500 feet, 3 miles southwest of Miramonte Station, 8 miles northeast of Blackhawk, in sec. 12, T. 2 S., R. 72 W., at the west line of Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Brule.)

Miranda: pr. mē-rän′dä; state and city, Venezuela; 10° 10′ N., 66° 30′ W.

Mirat: see Meerut.

Mirey: brook, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Muddy nor Valley.)

Mirre: point, east coast of Neebish Island, St. Marys River, Mich. (Not Mirre's.)

Mirror: small bay, Nushagak region, Alaska, at the head of Nuyakuk Lake, lat. 59° 53′ N., long. 159° 05′ W. This bay is deep and very clear giving a remarkable reflection of the surrounding mountain tops.

Mirror: lake, Tuftonboro Town, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Dishwater Pond, Langs Pond, nor Livius Pond.)

Mirror: lake, Canaan and Orange Towns, Grafton County, N. H. (Not Mud Pond.)

Mirror: lake, sec. 28, T. 6 S., R. 13 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont.

Mirror: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 110° 10′ W., draining through Clover Creek, into Lamar River.

Mirror: plateau, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., altitude 9,400 feet, between Yellowstone River and Lamar River, but near to and parallel with Lamar River.

Mirror: pond, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 40′ W.

Mirror: see Shingle, pond, N. H.

Mirror Pool: extinct geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at north end of Upper Geyser Basin.

Miry: ridge, Sevier County, Tenn., on state line and centering near lat. 35° 35′ 30″ N., long. 82° 35′ 30″ W. Its junction with Great Smoky Mountains is known as Cold Spring Knob.

Misamis: municipality, Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Misericordia: barrio, Libog Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santa Misericordia nor Sta. Misericordia.)

Misfire: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, tributary to Middle Fork, Boise River from east, about 2 miles above Mattingly Creek. (Not Fire.)

Misheguk: mountain, altitude 4,890 feet, northwestern Alaska, north side Noatak River valley, near lat. 68° 15′ N., long. 161° 15′ W. Eskimo name reported in 1925.

Mishicott: town and village, Manitowoc County, Wis. (Not Mishicot.)

Mishongnovi: settlement, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Mashongnivi, nor Tseitsokit.)

Miskolc: pr. mis-kōlts; city, n. e. Hungary; 48° 10′ N., 20° 50′ E.

Misr: see Egypt.

Missak: bay, southeast coast Alaska Peninsula, Shelikof Strait, between Cape Atushagvik and Cape Kuliak, Alaska, near long. 154° 20′ W.

Missakianu: see Muchakinock.

Mission: bay, about 10 miles northwest San Diego, San Diego County, Calif. (Not False.)

Mission: creek, Park County, Mont., rises approx. in sec. 20, T. 3 S., R. 11 E., Montana principal meridian, and enters Yellowstone River in the southern part of T. 1 S., R. 11 E. So named probably because, under a provision of the treaty in 1868 between the United States and the Crow Indians, the Federal Government was to erect a "school house or mission building" on this creek.

Mission: flats, Kootenai County, Idaho, on north bank Coeur d'Alene River, 2 to 4 miles west of Cataldo, near lat. 47° 33′ N., long. 116° 24′ W. Name has reference to the remains of an old mission on the east side.

Mission Range: ridge, Lake and Missoula Counties, Mont., east and southeast of Flathead Lake, lat. 47° 40′ N., long. 114° 00′ W. (Not Kootenai.)

Mississagi: bay, island, river, and strait, northern end of Lake Huron, Ontario, Canada. (Not Mississagua, Mississauga, nor Mississaugah.)

Mississagua: Mississauga: Mississaugah: see Mississagi.

Mississinawa: township, Darke County, Ohio. (Not Mississinewa.)

Mississinawa: see Mississinewa.

Mississinewa: river, rising in Darke County, Ohio, and flowing through Delaware, Grant, Miami, Randolph, and Wabash Counties, Ind., to the Wabash River, near Peru. (Not Mississinawa nor Mississinnewa.)

Mississinnewa: see Mississinewa.

Mississippi: river, the largest in the United States, rising in Minnesota, near lat. 47° 08′ N., long. 95° 14′ W., flowing thence southerly, crossing Minnesota, forming parts of the Minnesota-Wisconsin, Iowa-Wisconsin, Iowa-Illinois, Illinois-Missouri, Missouri-Kentucky, Missouri-Tennessee, Arkansas-Tennessee, Arkansas-Mississippi, and Louisiana-Mississippi boundaries, and entering the Gulf of Mexico near lat. 29° 00′ N., long. 89° 00′ W. (Pronounced, mĭs-sĭs-sĭp′-pĭ.)

Mississippi: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Tennessee, on the east by Alabama, on the south by Louisiana and the Gulf of Mexico and on the west by Louisiana and Arkansas. Area 46,865 square miles. (Pronounced, mĭs-sĭs-sĭp′-pĭ.)

Missoula: see Clark Fork.

Missouri: river, formed in Montana, by the union of Jefferson, Madison, and Gallatin Rivers, in secs. 7 and 9, T. 2 N., R. 2 E., Montana Mer., flowing thence northerly to lat. 48° N., thence easterly into North Dakota and southeasterly through North Dakota and South Dakota, forming parts of the South Dakota-Nebraska, Nebraska-Iowa, Nebraska-Missouri, and Kansas-Missouri boundaries, and thence easterly across Missouri into the Mississippi River, near lat. 38° 49′ N., long. 90° 10′ W. (Pronounced, mĭs-zo͝o′-rĭ.)

Missouri: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Iowa, on the east by Illinois, Kentucky, and Tennessee, on the south by Arkansas and on the west by Oklahoma, Kansas, and Nebraska. Area, 69,420 square miles. (Pronounced mĭs-zo͝o′-rĭ.)

Mist: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 37′ N., long. 110° 10′ W., flowing northeast into Cold Creek.

Mitcham: a s. suburb of London, England; 51° 24′ N., 0° 10′ W.

Mitchell: creek, Wexford County, Mich., in secs. 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, T. 21 N., R. 10 W., emptying into Lake Mitchell. (Not Wheeler.) Name, changed from Wheeler Creek at the request of the State committee on geographic names, is in memory of William W. Mitchell, an influential citizen in the early history of this part of the State.

Mitchell: lake, west of Cadillac Lake, Wexford County, Mich. (Not Clam.)

Mitchell: landing and point, Mississippi River, Dyer County, Tenn. (Not Mitchell's.)

Mitchell: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 17, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Mitchell: mountain, altitude 5,037 feet, secs. 29 and 32, T. 5 S., R 7 E., Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Oak Grove.) Named for Roy Mitchell, United States Forest Service employee, who was killed while fighting fire in the Oregon National Forest.

Mitchell: town, Sheboygan County, Wis. (Not Mitchel.)

Mitchells: see Daniel.

Mitchellville: see Mullikin.

Mitcheltree: township, Martin County, Ind. (Not Michelltree.)

Mitgoff: see Mitkof.

Mitilini: see Mytilini.

Mitkof: island, east of Kupreanof Island, center near lat. 56° 37′ N., long. 132° 47′ W., Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Mitgoff.)

Mito: city, e. part of main island, Japan; 36° 30′ N., 140° 30′ E.

Mitrofania: bay, on south side of Alaska Peninsula, about 30 miles southwest of Chignik Bay near lat., 55° 57′ N., long. 158° 48′ W., Alaska. (Not Mitrofa.)

Mitrofania: harbor, in Mitrofania Bay, on north side of Mitrofania Island, Alaska.

Mitrofania: island, 6½ by 4½ miles in extent, immediately south of the Bay, lat. 55° 51′ N., long. 158° 49′ W., Alaska.

Mitrovica: pr. mitrovitsa; town, n. Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat and Mag. Mitrovica; Ger. Mitrowitz; 44° 58′ N., 19° 37′ E.

Mitrowitz: see Mitrovica.

Mitten: Mitter: see Miller, lake, Alaska.

Mittineague: village, West Springfield Town, Hampden County, Mass. (Not Mittineaque.)

Mitten Peak: see Pilot Rock, peak, Ariz.

Mitten Rock: butte, San Juan County, N. Mex. (Not Little Ship Rock.)

Mix: Mixs: see Weldon.

Miyakma: range of mountains, county boundary between southern Mendocino and northern Sonoma Counties on west, and Lake County on east, and extending from Cold Creek Canyon south to Mount St. Helena, Calif. (Not Cobb Mountain Range, Malacomas, Mayacmis, nor St. Helena Range.)

Miyazaki: seaport, s. e. Kyushu island, Japan; 31° 56′ N., 131° 26′ E.

Miyogan: see Niogan, P. I.

Mizpah: creek, Powder River and Custer counties, Mont., rises in T. 4 S., R. 48 E., Montana principal meridian, flows north into Powder River at Mizpah post office in T. 6 N., R. 51 E. (Not Mizpah River.) According to local authorities, named by an Army officer who lost his Masonic charm in this creek which had the name Mizpah engraved on it.

Mizpah River: see Mizpah, creek, Mont.

Mljet (Meleda): island, Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Mljet, pr. mlyĕt; Ital. Meleda; pr. méhlĕdah; anc. Melita; 42° 45′ N., 17° 30′ E.

Moa Ave: settlement, and spring, Coconino County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, in T. 32 N., R. 10 E., Gila and Salt River meridian.

Moalboal: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Moalboal: see Moalbual, P. I.

Moalbual: barrio, Zumarraga Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Moalboal nor Mualbual.)

Moanalua: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H. (Not Moanualua.)

Moanalua: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward into Kalihi Inlet, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Moanalulu: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Papaaloa, Hawaii, T. H.

Moanualua: see Moanalua, T. H.

Moaula: land division, partly in Government ownership, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Mobjack: bay, near mouth of York River, Gloucester County, Va. (Not Mob Jack.)

***Moçambique (Mozambique):** seaport, Mozambique, s. e. Africa; 15° 5′ S., 40° 35′ E.

Moclips: river, Quinault Reservation, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Nemotolipse.)

Mocong: barrio, Basud Municipality, Ambos Camarines Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Macong.)

Modena: prov. and city, n. Italy; Fr. Modène; 44° 40′ N., 10° 55′ E.

Modoc: see Yainax.

Modred Abyss: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, draining southwest from Crescent Ridge, the western edge of Kaibab Plateau.

Modu Manu: see Nihoa, T. H.

Moencopie: see Moenkopi.

Moenkopi: settlement and wash, Coconino County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 111° 14′ W. (Not Moencopie.)

Moffett: creek, tributary to Columbia River between Bonneville and Warrendale, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Moffatt.)

Mogpog: municipality, Marinduque Province, Marinduque, P. I.

Mohave: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 10′ W.

Mohave: see Mojave, Calif.

Mohave River: see Piute.

Mohawk: river, in New York, rising in Lewis Co., near lat. 43° 30′ N., long. 75° 29′ W., flowing thence southeasterly into the Hudson River above Troy and near lat. 42° 47′ N., long. 73° 42′ W. (Pronounced mō′-hawk.)

Mohawk Brook: see Morgan River.

Mohican: cape, the westernmost point of Nunivak Island, lat. 60° 12′ N., long. 167° 26′ W., Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Boil.)

Mohihi: stream, tributary from the east to Poomau River, upper Waimea basin, Kauai, T. H.

Mohlenfels: Molenveld: see Muhlenfels.

***Mojave:** desert, San Bernardino, Kern, and Los Angeles Counties, Calif., river, San Bernardino County, Calif., and unincorporated town in Kern County, Calif. (Not Mohave.) Pronounced mō-hä′vĕh. Revised spelling is that used in California.

Moji: seaport, ext. n. Kyushu island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Mozi; 33° 58′ N., 131° E.

Mojon: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mujon.)

Mojon: see Bihis: Mojon 1, P. I.

Mojon 1: barrio, Alitagtag Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mojon nor Muhon.)

Mojon 2: barrio, Alitagtag Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mokapu: point, or headland, off Kaneohe Bay, east Oahu, T. H.

Mokesumne: see Cosumnes.

Mokhnatoi: see Makhnati.

Mokihana: stream, rising east of Kalehuahakihaki Peak, flowing southwestward to Waimea River, south-central Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Mokosumne: see Cosumnes.

Mokpo: see Moppo.

Mokuaeae: island, long. 159° 24′ W., off northern coast Kauai, T. H. (Not Makuaeae.)

Mokuaweoweo: crater, on the summit of Mauna Loa, Hawaii, T. H.; elevation, about 13,500 feet; second largest active crater in the world; area, 3.70 square miles; circumference, 9.47 miles; length, 3.7 miles; width, 1.74 miles; intermittently active, the activity usually lasting only a few days.

Mokuho: see Moppo.

Mokuleia: land division, partly in Government ownership, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Moku Manu: see Nihoa, T. H.

Mokuone: stream, rising on western slope of Waialeale Peak, flowing southwestward to junction with Olokele River to form Makaweli River, central Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Mokuone: valley, near lat. 22° 02′, long. 159° 36′, southwestern part of Kauai, T. H. (Not Makuone.)

Molalla: river, Clackamas County, Oreg., rising in sec. 1, T. 8 S., R. 4 E., flowing northwest, entering Willamette River in sec. 20, T. 3 S., R. 1 E., near Canby, Oreg. (Not South Fork.)

Molauin: see Maulauin, P. I.

Moldau: see Moldavia.

Moldavia: region, e. Rumania (former principality); Rum. Moldova; Fr. Moldavie; Ger. Moldau; old Turk. Bughdan.†

Moldavie: see Moldavia.

Moldova: see Moldavia.

***Molena:** city, Pike County, Ga. (Not Molina.)

Mol Heron: creek, principally in Park County, Mont., rises near Montana-Wyoming border, near long. 110° 53′ W., and flows northeasterly to the Yellowstone River in sec. 24, T. 8 S., R. 7 E., Montana principal meridian, Yellowstone National Park, and Absaroka National Forest.

Molin: Moline: see Malin.

Molina: see Molena.

Molitor: town, Taylor County, Wis. (Not Monitor.)

Mollendo: pr. mō-lyehn′dō; seaport city, s. Peru; 17° 5′ S., 72° 2′ W.

Mollie's Nipple: see Tatow.

Mollusk: village, Lancaster County, Va. (Not Molusk.)

Molly: island, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at southwest corner of South East Arm of Yellowstone Lake. Named by the United States Geological Survey, for the wife of Henry Gannett, formerly of the Geological Survey.

Molly Wheaton's: see Wheaton run, N. J.

Moloaa: land division, partly in Government ownership, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Moloaa: stream, flowing northeastward into Moloaa Bay, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Molobago: see Malobaga, P. I.

Mologuit: see Malaguit, P. I.

Molokai: district, Maui County, political subdivision including Molokai Island, T. H.

Molokai: island, southeast of Oahu, T. H.; 52 sea miles from Honolulu; lies east and west, 40 miles long, 9 miles wide; highest point, 4,958 feet; area 261 square miles.

***Moluccas:** See Molukken.

***Molukken (Moluccas):** island group, Neth. India; often called Spice Islands.

Molusk: see Mollusk.

Mombasa: seaport city, Kenya, e. Africa; 4° 10′ S., 39° 40′ E.

Mompon: see Mongpong, P. I.

Mompong: see Mongpong, P. I.

Monaco: pr. mŏn′*a*-kō; small principality on Mediterranean Sea, surrounded landwardly by s. e. France; 43° 44′ N., 7° 24′ E.

Monaco (Germany): see München.

Monadnock: see Dublin, pond, N. H.

Monadnock Amphitheater: canyon Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 18′ W., drains into Colorado River.

Monagas: pr. mō-nä′gäs; state, Venezuela; 9° 30′ N., 63° 30′ W.

Monarch: creek, Tulare County, Calif., drains Monarch Lakes in secs. 13, 14, and 15, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., flowing west into East Fork of Kaweah River. (In area eliminated from Sequoia National Park.)

Monarch: lakes, two in number, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 13, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., just outside of Sequoia National Park, in eliminated area.

Monarch Geyser: crater, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in south center of Norris Geyser Basin, 600 yards southwest of Nuphar Lake, 100 yards southeast of Minute Man Geyser.

Monasterion: see Bitolj.

Monastir: see Bitolj.

Moncada: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mondragon: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Monegaw Springs: village, St. Clair County, Mo. (Not Monegan.)

Moneyhan: see Mooneyham.

Mongolia: region, comprising Inner and Outer Mongolia, n. China; Chinese, Mengku; Fr. Mongolie; Ger. Mongolei.

Mongpong: barrio, Barotac Nuevo Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Mompon nor Monpon.)

Mongpong: barrio, Duenas Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Monpon.)

Mongpong: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Marinduque Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mompong.)

Monistique: see Indian, lake, Mich.

Monistique: see Manistique, river and town, Mich.

Monitor: creek, rising at Monitor Peak, tributary to West Fork Mill Creek from southwest at its junction with Thompson Creek, secs. 26 and 34, T. 7 S., R. 9 E., Park County, Mont. (Not West Fork of the West Fork of Mill.)

Monitor: see Molitor.

Monlaki: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Manlaque, Monlaque, nor Monlaqui.)

Monlaque: Monlaqui: see Monlaki, P. I.

Mono: see Morro.

Monocline Ridge: hills, forming eastern front of higher portion Ciervo Hills, Diablo Range, between Arroyo Hondo and Tumey Gulch, Fresno County, Calif.

Monomoy: island, light, and point, Cape Cod, Mass. (Not Mononomy.)

Monong: see Big Monon.

Monongahela: river, chiefly in Pennsylvania, formed in Marion Co., West Virginia, by the junction of the West Fork and Tygarts Rivers, near lat. 39° 28′ N., long. 80° 10′ W., flowing thence northerly into Pennsylvania, near long. 79° 55′ W., and uniting with the Allegheny River at Pittsburgh, to form the Ohio River. (Pronounced, mō-nŏn-g*a*-hē′l*a*.)

Mononomy: see Monomoy.

Monpon: see Mongpong, P. I.

Monroe: borough and township, Bradford County, Pa. (Not Monroeton.)

Monroe: island, southeast of Rockland, Knox County, Me. (Not Munroe.)

Monroe: railroad station, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Monroe Corner nor Monroe Corners.)

Monroe: see Monroeville.

Monroeton: see Monroe, Pa.

Monroeville: railroad station, Salem County, N. J. (Not Monroe nor Monroeville Station.)

Monserat: see Monserrat, P. I.

Monserrat: barrio, Magarao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Monserat.)

Montague: island, large, about 42 miles long, lying at entrance to Prince William Sound, center near lat. 60° 05′ N., long. 147° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Montagu nor Tsukli.)

Montalban: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Montalvan: hill, 202 feet high, and point at southwest angle of (Little) Saba Island, lat. 18° 18′ 23″, long. 65° 00′ 08″, Virgin Islands.

Montana: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by North Dakota and South Dakota, on the south by Wyoming and Idaho, and on the west by Idaho. Area, 146,997 square miles. (Pronounced mŏn-tăn′*a*.)

Montara: mountain and point, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not Montora.)

Mont Blanc: see Blanc, Mont.

Montbrook: precinct and town, Levy County, Fla. (Not Ambler nor Phoenix.)

Montclair: town, Essex County, N. J. (Not Mont Clair.)

Monte: see El Monte.

Monte: Montealegre: see Monte Alegre, P. I.

Monte Alegre: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Monte nor Montealegre.)

Monte Alegre: barrio, San Francisco Municipality, Cebu Province, Luzon, P. I.

Monte Diablo: see Diablo.

Montcer: see Montier.

Montego Bay: town, Jamaica, B.W.I.; 18° 29′ N., 77° 58′ W.

Montenegro: former kingdom, incorporated into Yugoslavia since 1919; Montenegro is the Ital. equivalent of the Serbian name Crna Gora (pr. tserna gora), and of the Turk. Kara Dagh, both meaning Black Mountain.

Monte Rosa: see Rosa, Monte.

Monterrey: pr. mōn-teh-rreh′ē; city, n. e. Mexico; 25° 45′ N., 100° 20′ W.

Monterville: village, Randolph County, W. Va. (Not Monteville.)

Montevideo: pr. mōn-teh-vē-deh′ō; capital city, Uruguay; 34° 55′ S., 56° 11′ W.

Monteville: see Monterville.

Montezuma Point: headland, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, 3 miles southwest of Bass Camp, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Walapai Point.)

Montgomery: capital of Alabama, in Montgomery Co., on the Alabama River, near lat. 32° 22′ N., long. 86° 20′ W. Population in 1930, 66,079. (Pronounced, mŏnt-gŭm′ĕr-ĭ.)

Montgomery: creek, tributary to Forty-mile River from the south, lat. 64° 18′.5 N., long. 140° 58′.2 W., near International Boundary, Yukon, Canada.

Monti: see Monty.

Monticello: town, about 4 miles north of east of Abajo Mountains, San Juan County, Utah.

Montier: township and village, Shannon County, Mo. (Not Monteer.)

Montora: see Montara.

Montpelier: capital of Vermont, in Washington Co., on the Winooski River, near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 76° 36′ W. Population in 1930, 7,837. (Pronounced mŏnt-pē′-lĭ-ĕr.)

Montpelier: creek, branch of Bear River from the east, heading in the Preuss Range and passing through Montpelier, Bear Lake County, Idaho. (Not Davis Creek, Tullick's Fork, nor Tullocks Fork.)

Montpellier: city, near the Mediterranean, s. France; 43° 40′ N., 3° 55′ E.

Montreal: city and port, on St. Lawrence river, Quebec, e. Canada; 45° 35′ N., 73° 35′ W.

Montreuil: an e. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 52′ N., 2° 25′ E.

Montserrat: pr. mōn-sā-rät; Br. island, Leeward Islands, W. I.; 16° 42′ N., 62° 13′ W.

Montsweag: bay, river, and village, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Montseag.)

***Mont Vernon:** post office and town, Hillsborough County, N. H. (Not Mount Vernon.)

Monty: bay and point, Lake Champlain, Clinton County, N. Y. (Not Monti.)

Monument: beach and river, at head of Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Monumet.)

Monument: canyon and pass, Navajo County, Ariz., and valley, San Juan County, Utah.

Monument: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near rim of south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 11′½ W., flows north into Colorado River.

Monument: geyser basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 41′ N., long. 110° 46′ W.

Monument: mountain, Ts. 50 and 51 N., R. 1 W., between Little North Fork Cœur d'Alene River and Skookum Creek, Kootenai County, Idaho.

Monument: see Baxter, peak, Me.

Monument: see Brace.

Monumet: see Monument, Mass.

***Moodna:** creek, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Murderers nor Murdner's.)

Moolack: creek, Boise County, Idaho, tributary to Baron Creek from east, above forks.

Mooltan: see Multan.

Mooney: falls, Coconino County, Ariz., on Havasu Creek, Grand Canyon, a mile below Havasu Falls. (Not Hualapai nor Hualpai.)

Mooney: mountain (Mount Mooney), altitude 5,841 feet, Los Angeles County, Calif., in sec. 35, T. 3 N., R. 11 W., San Bernardino meridian, in approx. lat. 34° 18′ 30″ N., long. 118° 00′ 30″ W., Angeles National Forest. Named in honor of John L. Mooney, an employee of the Forest Service on the Angeles National Forest, who died in military service in France during the World War.

Mooney: see Kegan.

Mooneyham: branch of French Broad River, Cocke County, Tenn. (Not Moneyhan nor Mooneyhan.)

Moonlight: bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, on east side of East Arm of Nuka Bay, near lat. 59° 30′ N., long, 150° 22′ W.

Moonlight: see Oljeto.

Moore: creek, tributary to Madison River, Madison County, Mont. (Not Slade.)

Moore: point, Lake Erie, on Catawba Island, Ottawa County, Ohio. (Not Moore's.)

Moore: see County Line, creek, Ala.

Moore Dock: post light, Wells Island, St. Lawrence River, near Fisher Landing, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Moore's Dock.)

Moorefield: town, Switzerland County, Ind. (Not Moorfield.)

Moore's: see County Line, creek, Ala.

Moore's: see Moore, point, Ohio.

Moorfield: see Moorefield.

Moorfield River: see South Fork of South Branch Potomac River.

Moosabec Reach: lighthouse, Washington County, Me. (Not Moose-a-bec Reach.)

***Moose:** creek, tributary to the Matanuska from north, about 20 miles above mouth of latter, lat. 61° 40′ N., long. 149° 03′ W., Alaska. (Not Tsadaka.)

Moose: creek, Alaska, a westerly flowing stream joining the Taku River from the north at a point in lat. 58° 32′ N., long. 133° 50′ W., Tongass National Forest. This name which is well established locally was given because moose abound in this vicinity.

Moose: creek, Teton County, Wyo. (Not Bear.)

Moose: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., flowing northeast into Shoshone Lake.

Moose: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Crawfish Creek, near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 110° 41′ W.

Moose: gulch, sec. 34, T. 25 N., R. 29 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Moose: lake, Tulare County, Calif., Sequoia National Park, in secs. 19 and 20, T. 15 S., R. 31 E.

Moose: lake and portage, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary, between Minnesota and Ontario.

Moose: lake, southeast of Moose Peak, secs. 11 and 14, T. 33 N., R. 22 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Moose: peak, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 114° 26′ W. (Not Whitefish Mountain.)

Moose: pond, Somerset County, Me. (Not Great Moose Lake.)

Moose: river, Carlton and Pine Counties, Minn., tributary from east to Kettle River, T. 45 N., R. 20 W. (Not Moosehorn nor Moose Horn.)

Moose: see Rocky, run, Idaho.

Mooseelauke: see Moosilauke.

Moose Harbor: see Moosonee.

Moosehillock: see Moosilauke.

Moosehorn: mountain, altitude 4,245 feet, lying along the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), mostly in Canada, from lat. 63° 04′ N., long. 140° 56′ W., to lat. 63° 11′ N., long. 141° W.

Moosehorn: see Moose, river, Minn.

Mooselookmeguntic: lake, Oxford and Franklin Counties, Maine. (Not Mooselocmaguntic.)

Mooses: see County Line.

Mooshelock: see Moosilauke.

Moosilauke: mountain in town of Benton, and brook, in town of Woodstock, Grafton Co., N. H. (Not Mooseelauke, Moosehillock, nor Mooshelock.)

Moosonee: port and railway terminus at tidewater on Moose River, at s. tip of James Bay, Ontario, Canada; name adopted in 1932. Not Moose Harbor.

Mooya; Mooyie: see Moyie.

Moppo (Mokpo): seaport, s. w. Chosen; alternate Jap. romanizations, Moppo and Mokuho; Korean, Mokpo; 34° 50′ N., 126° 25′ E.

Moquawkie: Indian Reservation, at North Foreland on west side of Cook Inlet, between Granite Point and Chuit River, Alaska, near lat. 61° 03′ N., long. 151° 12′ W.

Moquawkie: town, post office and store, on Moquawkie Indian Reservation, at North Foreland, west side of Cook Inlet, Alaska, lat. 61° 02′.5 N., long. 151° 11′.2 W. (Not Tyonek Town.)

Moradabad: city, United Provinces, n. cen. India; 28° 51′ N., 78° 49′ E.

Moraine: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 12, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Moraine: park, between Carbon Glacier and Old Desolate, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Moraine, Mount: see Barton, peak, Nev.

Moraine Dome: peak, altitude 8,012 feet, Yosemite National Park, Mariposa County, Calif., in sec. 20, T. 2 S., R. 23 E., Mount Diablo meridian.

Moran: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 51′ N., long. 110° 47′ W., the gorge on Moran Creek, between Mount Moran and Bivouac Peak.

Moran: city, Allen County, Kans. (Not Morantown.)

Moran: creek, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., rising near lat. 43° 51′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., flowing easterly into Jackson Lake.

Moran: mountain (Mount Moran), altitude 12,100 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 50′ N., long. 110° 46′ W. Named many years ago for the artist, Thomas Moran.

Moran: point, Coconino County, Ariz.

Morantown: see Moran, city, Kans.

Morava (Moravia): province, Czechoslovakia; formerly a part of Austria; Cz. Morava; Fr. Moravie; Ger. Mähren; Ital. Moravia.

***Morava** or **March:** river, Moravia, and forming part of boundary bet. Czechoslovakia and Austria; tributary of the Danube; Cz. Morava; Ger. March; Mag. Morva.

Moravian: point, between Frank Bay and Turner Bay, forming western extremity St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Moravská Ostrava: city, n. e. Moravia, Czechoslovakia, on the Oder; Ger. Mährisch-Ostrau; Pol. Morawska Ostrawa; 49° 51′ N., 18° 18′ E.

Morawska Ostrawa: see Moravská Ostrava.

Morea: railroad station, Schuylkill County, Pa. (Not Morea Colliery.)

Morea: see Peloponnesus.

***Moreau:** river, Butte, Perkins, Ziebach, and Dewey counties, S. Dak., formed by junction of its North and South Forks, in T. 14 N., R. 7 E., Black Hills meridian, flowing thence east into the Missouri River. (Not Owl.)

Morelaw: see Morlan.

Morelia: pr. mō-reh′lē-ä; city, s. w. Mexico; 19° 40′ N., 101° 10′ W.

Morelos: pr. mō-reh′lōs; state, and cities in the states of Chihuahua, Coahuila, and Zacatecas, in the republic of Mexico.

Morena: ridge, Esmeralda County, Nev., near lat. 37° 44′ N., long. 117° 13′ W.

Moretz: village, Watauga County, N. C. (Not Moretz Mill.)

Morgan: mount (Mount Morgan), altitude 8,700 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier and Flathead Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 28′ W.

Morgan: mountain, altitude 6,805 feet, Tehama County, Calif., in sec. 15, T. 29 N., R. 4 E.

Morgan: point, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not Morgan's.)

Morgan: point, Fishers Island Sound, near Noank, New London County, Conn. (Not Morgan's.)

Morgan: point, reef, and shoal, Lake Michigan, Cook County, Ill. (Not Morgan's.)

Morgan River: stream, Barkhampsted, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Mohawk Brook.)

Morganza: crevasse, landing, and village on Mississippi River, Pointe Coupee Parish, La. (Not Marganza nor Morganzia.)

Moriah: lake (Lake Moriah), Van Buren County, Mich., in secs. 1 and 2, T. 1 S., R. 15 W. (Not Mud.) Name changed from Mud at the request of the State Committee on Geographic Names—Moriah, "A hill in Jerusalem, the site of Solomon's Temple."

Morioka: city, n. part main island, Japan; 39° 42′ N., 141° 9′ E.

Moritz: lake, Coconino County, Ariz., in sec. 34, T. 24 N., R. 4 E., Gila and Salt River meridian. (Not Mortiz nor Mortz.)

Morlacca Channel: see Planinski Kanal.

Morlan: township, Graham County, Kans. (Not Morelaw nor Morland.)

Mormon: flat, Maricopa County, Ariz., at junction of Salt River and La Barge creek, near lat. 33° 30′ N., long. 111° 27′ W.

Mormon Lake: valley, T. 18 N., R. 9 E., Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Pleasant.)

Morning: cove, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near the east end of McArthur Pass, approximately lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 150° 19′ W.

Morning Eagle: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., on Cataract Creek, near lat. 48° 46′ N., long. 113° 42′ W.

Morning Glory Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., north section of Upper Geyser Basin, about 1,000 feet north of Highway Bridge and Riverside Geyser, right bank of Firehole River.

Morning Mist: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at north end of Lower Geyser Basin, on left bank of Nez Perce Creek.

Morningstar: mountain, lat. 48° 12′ N., long. 113° 01′ W., Pondera County, Mont.

Moro: gulf, between Samales Group and Tinaca Point, southern coast of Mindanao, P. I.

Moro: rock, altitude 6,719 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 7, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Moro: see Morro.

Morocco: sultanate, n. w. Africa, comprising Fr., Sp., and International zones; Fr. Maroc; Sp. Marruecos; Ger. Marokko; Ital. Marocco; Arabic, Marrakesh† or El Maghreb el Aqsa.†

Morocco City: see Marrakech.

Moron: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Morong: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Morozofskoi: see Cold, bay.

Morrillo de Arecibo: see Point Morrillos.

Morrillos: eastern point (Point Morrillos) of Port Arecibo, P. R. (Not Morrillo de Arecibo, Morrillos de Arecibo, Punta de los Morrillos, nor Punta Morrillo.)

Morrill's: see Murrell.

Morrilton: city, central Arkansas, county seat of Conway County. (Not Morrillton.)

Morris: cove, New Haven Harbor, Conn. (Not Morris's.)

Morris Mountain: see Bannock, peak.

Morrison: landing, Ohio River, Livingston County, Ky. (Not Morrison's.)

Morrison: landing, Mississippi River, New Madrid County, Mo. (Not Morrison's.)

Morrison: slough, tributary to Turtle River at Blythe Island, long. 81° 32′ 20″ W., Glynn County, Ga. (Not Morrison Drop.)

Morrison: see Marston, creek.

Morris's: see Morris.

Morro: bay, creek, rock, and village, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Mono, Moro, nor El Morro.)

Morro Castle: fort, entrance to San Juan Harbor, P. R. (Not Castillo del Morro.)

Morse: see Battleship, island.

Morse: see Bendel.

Morskoi: see Sea.

Mortar: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, about 400 feet northwest of Riverside Geyser on right bank of Firehole River, in Upper Geyser Basin. So named by Haynes, photographer of presidential party, 1883, because eruptions resembled discharge of ordnance of that name.

Mortiz: Mortz: see Moritz.

Morva: see Morava.

Morzhovoi: bay, indenting southern shore of Alaska Peninsula near its western end, lat. 55° N., long. 163° W., Alaska. (Not Morzovi.)

Morzhovoi: village, in Traders Cove, Bechevin Bay, at extreme western end of Alaska Peninsula, lat. 54° 55′ N., long. 163° 18′ W., Alaska.

Mosby: see Goodbys.

Mosca: creek, northeast corner Alamosa County, Colo. (Not Sand.)

Moscou: see Moskva.

Moscow: see Moskva.

Mosel: see Moselle (river).

Moselle or **Mosel:** river, n. e. France, w. Germany, to the Rhine at Coblenz; Ger. Mosel.

Moselle: dept. n. e. France, comprising Lorraine (q. v.).

Moses: point, sand spit, north side Norton Bay, east of mouth of Tubutulik River, lat. 64° 45′ N., long. 161° 47′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska.

Mosher: pond, Kennebec County, Me. (Not Lane's.)

Moshier: ponds, Adirondack Mountains, Webb Town, Herkimer County, N. Y. (Not Mosher, Moshiers, nor Mosier.)

Mosier: see Moshier.

Moskau: see Moskva.

***Moskva (Moscow):** city, capital of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (U. S. S. R.); also capital of the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic (R. S. F. S. R.), largest constituent republic of the U. S. S. R. (Russia); Fr. Moscou; Ger. Moskau; Pol. Moskwa; 55° 45′ N., 37° 35′ E.

Mosman: point, between Mosman Inlet and Rocky Bay, lat. 56° 03′.5 N., long. 132° 32′ W., Etolin Island, Alaska. (Not Reef Point.)

Mosquito: creek, Tulare County, Calif., flowing north through sections 28 and 21 into East Fork Kaweah River in sec. 16, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., draining Mosquito Lakes.

Mosquito: creek, Ts. 43 and 44 N., R. 8 E., heading west of Peggy Peak, draining northern one Twin Lakes, and tributary to St. Joe River from the southwest, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not West Lake.)

Mosquito: lakes (group of lakes), Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 21 and 27, T. 17 S., R. 31 E.

Mosquito: see Ponce de Leon, inlet.

Moss: brook, tributary to west side Cow Creek, just north Longs Peak Village, Larimer County, Colo.

Moss: creek, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Moss Canon.)

Moss: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 110° 21′ W., flowing west of north into Yellowstone River.

Moss: point, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, between North and West Arms, Nuka Bay, near lat. 59° 32′ N., long. 150° 37′ W.

Moss: see Horse Island, creek, S. C.

Moss Canon: see Moss, creek, Calif.

Mossenteean: see Little Nesenkeag.

Mossoul: see Mosul.

Mossyrock: town and post office, Lewis County, Wash., on Cowlitz River, about 61 miles from its mouth. (Not Mossy Rock.)

Mosul: city, n. Iraq, opposite ancient Nineveh, on Tigris River; 36° 5′ N., 43° E. Not Mossoul, Moussoul.

Motagua: pr. mō-tä′gwä; river, Guatemala.

Moth: bay, southern shore Revillagigedo Island, near mouth of Thorne Arm of Revillagigedo Channel, lat. 55° 17′ N., long. 131° 20′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Mother: lake, Richfield Village, near Minneapolis, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Muther.)

Mother: mountain, northwest of Mount Rainier, between Carbon and Mowich Rivers, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Motherwell: city, Lanark county, s. Scotland; 55° 47′ N., 4° W.

Mott: lake, Fresno County, Calif., Sierra National Forest, near head North Fork of Mono Creek, approximately southwest corner sec. 35, T. 5 S., R. 28 E. Named in honor of Ernest Julian Mott, mountain explorer.

Mott: point, Manhasset Neck, Hempstead Harbor, Nassau County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Mott's.)

Mott: see Harrisburg.

***Moukden:** see Mukden.

Mound: see Mound City.

Mound City: city, Linn County, Kans. (Not Mound.)

Mountain: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 109° 04′ W., flowing westerly into Yellowstone River.

Mountain: lake, between Watap Portage and Lily Lakes, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary.

Mountain: point, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Stony.)

Mountain: see Gori, point, Alaska.

Mountain Ash: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 110° 47′ W., flowing southwest into Falls River.

*__Mountain Grove__: post office and village, Bath County, Va. (Not Mountaingrove.)

Mountain Mirror: see Averic, lake, Mass.

Mountainview: lake, Sunapee Town, Sullivan County, N. H. (Not Mountain View nor Spectacle Pond.)

Mountain View: village, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Mount Bennett: range of hills, Camas, Elmore, Lincoln, and Gooding counties, Idaho, between the Snake River Plain and Camas Prairie, extending west of Camas to the valley of Bennett Creek and thence northeast to the base of Soldier Mountains.

Mount Haley: township, Midland County, Mich. (Not Hayley.)

Mount Hermon: town, Warren County, N. J. (Not Mount Herman.)

Mount Holly Springs: borough, Cumberland County, Pa. (Not Mount Holly Spring.)

Mount Hope: city, Sedgwick County, Kans. (Not Mounthope.)

Mountjoy: township, Adams County, Pa. (Not Mount Joy.)

Mount Marion: village, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Cockburn.)

Mount Riga: see Wachocastinook, creek, Conn.

Mount T: see T, mount, Alaska-Canada.

Mount Tabor: see Tabor.

Mount Vernon: see Mont Vernon.

Mouse: see Meuse, river, Europe.

Mouse: see Souris, river, N. D.

Moussoul: see Mosul.

Movers: see Mower.

Moweaqua: township and village, Shelby County, Ill. (Not Mowequa.)

Mower: railroad station, Salem County, N. J. (Not Movers nor Mowers.)

Mowich: creek and park, Douglas County, Oreg.

Mowich: lake, in cirque west of Mother Mountains, draining into Crater Creek, a tributary to North Mowich River, Mount Rainier National Park, Wash. (Not Crater.)

Mowich: river, below junction North Mowich and South Mowich Rivers, northwestern slope Mount Rainier, emptying into Puyallup River, Pierce County, Wash.

Moyea River: see Moyie.

*__Moyie__: falls, and river, Boundary County, Idaho, and British Columbia. (Not Methow, Mooyie, nor Moyea River.)

Mozambique: channel, Port. prov., and dist., s. e. Africa; ter. often called Portuguese E. Africa.

Mozambique (city): see Moçambique.

Mozi: see Moji.

M. Parang: see Mahabangparang, P.I.

Muache: see Horsefly, creek, Colo.

Mualbual: see Moalbual, P. I.

Muav Saddle: a passable depression in canyon rim, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., top of north wall near lat. 36° 20′ N., long. 112° 21′ W.

Muchakinock: creek, Mahaska County, Iowa. (Not Mackikinock, Missakianu, Muchachinock, Muchackinoc, nor Muchakianock.)

Muckamuck: mountain, altitude 6,390 feet, western part T. 24 E., R. 36 N.; hill, eastern part same township; and pass, south of Muckamuck Hill, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Mukamuk.)

Muckilteo: Muckiltoe: see Mukilteo.

Muckinipattis: creek, Delaware County, Pa. (Not Munckinipattus nor Muskinipates.)

Muckleteo: see Mukilteo.

Mud: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont,. rising in sec. 21, T. 36 N., R. 21 W., Montana meridian, flowing southwest into Flathead River.

Mud: creek, Hot Springs County, Wyo., formed in sec. 20, T. 8 N., R. 4 E., Wind River principal meridian, by the junction of its North, Middle, and South forks, and tributary to Owl Creek in secs. 13 and 14, T. 8 N., R. 5 E., Wind River meridian.

Mud: glacier, west bank of Stikine River, east of international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) lat. 57° N., long. 131° 52′ W., Canada. (Not Dirt.)

Mud: small lake between Grand and Spednik Lakes, in Cheputneticook chain, international boundary, between Maine and New Brunswick.

Mud: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 114° 14′ W. (Not Winona.)

Mud: lake; T. 33 N., R. 20 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Mud: lake, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Edmonds nor Edmund.)

Mud: see Conns, creek, Ind.

Mud: see Bat, lake, Mich.

Mud: see Hillsview, lake, Mich.

Mud: see Moriah, lake, Mich.

Mud: see Munuscong, lake, Mich.

Mud: see Rose, lake, Minn.

Mud: see Camas, creek, Mont.

Mud: see Ganargua, creek, N. Y.

Mud: see Harrisburg, lake, N. Y.

Mud: see Baskett, slough, Oreg.

Mud: see Edmiston, spring, Oreg.

Mud Lake: see Demers.

Mud Pond: see Mirror, lake, N. H.

Mudds: landing, Mississippi River, Randolph County, Ill. (Not Mudd's.)

Muddy: creek, Jackson County, Colo., on west slope Medicine Bow Mountains, draining to east bank Canadian River, near lat. 40° 41′ N., long. 106° 03′ W. (Not Granite.)

Muddy: creek, rises in southern part of Stokes County, flows through western part Forsyth County, N. C., and empties into Yadkin River southwest of Arcadia in Davidson County. (Not North Fork.)

Muddy: river, southeastern Alaska, on the mainland shore of Frederick Sound, 2¼ miles south of Agassiz Point and opposite Sukoi Islands.

Muddy: see Preuss Creek, Idaho.

Muddy: see Munuscong, lake, Mich.

Muddy: see Mirey, brook, N. H.

Muddy: see Powder River, pass, Wyo.

Muddy Creek: see Paradise Dry.

Muddycreek: township, Butler County, Pa. (Not Muddy Creek.)

Muddy Fork: western branch Cowlitz River, rising on eastern slope Mount Rainier and joining Cowlitz River in T. 14 N., R. 10 E., Lewis and Pierce Counties, Wash. (Not Cowlitz.)

Mudflow: creek, Matanuska Valley, Alaska, lat. 61° 49′ N., long. 148° 06′ W., a west-flowing tributary of Purinton Creek. New name suggested by large mudflows in middle course of stream.

Mudkettles, The: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 14′ W., right bank of Pelican Creek.

Mud Volcano: mud geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on left bank of Yellowstone River, near lat. 44° 38′ N., long. 110° 26′ W., about 5 miles below lake outlet.

Muging: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Muguin nor Muguing.)

Muguin: Muguing: see Muging, P. I.

Mugurrewock: see Magurrewock, lakes, Me.

Muhlenfeldts: see Muhlenfels.

***Muhlenfels:** point, east side of entrance to St. Thomas Harbor, Virgin Islands. (Not Mohlenfels, Molenveld, Muhlenfeldts, Myhlenfeldt, nor Myhlenfeldts.)

Muhon: see Mojon 1, P. I.

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Muir: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 24′ N., long. 113° 33′ W., on east slope of Mount St. Nicholas, flowing west into Middle Fork Flathead River.

Muir: creek, draining into Rogue River, from the northwest, Douglas County, Oreg.

Muir: grove, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 8, 9, 16, and 17, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. Named for John Muir.

Muir: mountain (Mount Muir), altitude 14,025 feet, Tulare and Inyo Counties, Calif., near lat. 36° 34′ N., long. 118° 18′ W., on Sierra crest, east boundary Sequoia National Park. Named for John Muir, distinguished scientist and author.

Muir: pass, Fresno County, Calif.

Muir: peak (Mount Muir), altitude 7,640 feet, north of Harriman Fiord, lat. 61° 06′ N., long. 148° 23′.5 W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska.

Muir Butte: see Cone, mountain.

Muir's Peak: see Wintoon.

Mujon: see Mojon, P. I.

Mukamuk: see Muckamuck.

Mukden or Moukden: pr. mo͞ok′den; capital city, Liaoning prov., Manchuria; Chin. Shenyang or Fengtienfu; China Postal Guide, Moukden; 41° 50′ N., 123° 30′ E.

***Mukilteo:** precinct and village, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Muckilteo, Muckleteo, nor Muckiltoe.)

Mukluktulik: river, entering Norton Bay, southwest of Koyuk River, lat. 64° 51′ N., long. 161° 18′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska.

Muklung: small river, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, entering Wood River from the east about 8 miles north of the Wood River Cannery, lat. 59° 10′ N., long. 158° 30′ W.

Mukuntuweap: river, tributary to Virgin River from north, near long. 113°, flowing south through Zion National Park, Kane and Washington Counties, Utah. (Not North Fork nor Zion.)

Mukuntuweap: see Zion, canyon, Utah.

Muladbucad: Muladbucod: see Muladbukad, P. I.

Muladbukad: barrio, Guinobatan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Muladbucad nor Muladbucod.)

Mulanay: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Mulao: see Mulau, P. I.

Mulau: barrio, Liloan Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Mulao nor Mulaw.)

Mulauin: barrio, Alitagtag Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Malauin.)

Mulauin: barrio, Orani Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mulawin.)

Mulaw: see Mulau, P. I.

Mulawin: see Mulauin, P. I.

Mulberry: point, Harford County, Md., on west side of Spesutie Narrows, about 1 mile north of southern entrance, lat. 39° 27′ N., long. 76° 06′ W. Some maps show Mulberry Point a mile south of location given above.

Mulberry: see Black, point, Md.

Mule: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, tributary to Black Warrior Creek, from east.

Mule: mountains, Cochise County, Ariz., near lat. 31° 27′ N., long. 109° 55′ W. (Not Mule Pass Mountain.)

Mule Pass: mountains, see Mule, mountains, Ariz.

Mulero: point, north side of cove on west side of Mangrove Harbor, 750 yards from head and 1,600 yards from Negra Point, Culebra Island, P. R.

Mulgullo: point, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon, 2 miles east of Havasu Falls, Coconino County, Ariz., name of an Indian family.

Mülhausen: See Mulhouse.

Mülheim: city on the Ruhr, Rheinprovinz, Germany; 50° 58′ N., 7° 1′ E.

Mulhockaway: creek, Union Township, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Big Brook nor Mullackaway.)

Mulholland: point, Campobello Island, New Brunswick, Canada. (Not Mehollan.)

Mulhouse: pr. mül-o͞oz, city near the Rhine, ext. e. France; Ger. Mülhausen; 47° 45′ N., 7° 25′ E.

Muliwai: land division, in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Mullackaway: see Mulhockaway.

Mullally: township, Harlan County, Nebr. (Not Mullalley.)

Mull Dike: post lights, Hudson River, near Coeymans, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Mull's Dike.)

Mullen: mountain, altitude 2,900 feet, Piscataquis County, Me., between Mullen and Annis Brooks; 45° 58′ 45″ N., 68° 58′ 25″ W. (Not Wassataquoik.)

Mullen: see Wassataquoik, mountain, Me.

Mullen: see Mullin.

Mullens: see Bennet, cove, Me.

Mullenville: see Mullinville.

Mullica: river in central New Jersey. (Not Atsion nor Mullicas.)

Mulligan: creek, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., tributary from the south in sec. 18 to Sawtooth Creek near its junction with Little North Fork Clearwater River, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Squaw.)

Mullikin: railroad station, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Mitchellville.)

Mullin: creek and town, Mills County, Tex. (Not Mullen.)

Mullinville: city, Kiowa County, Kans. (Not Mullenville.)

Mull Platt: island, Hudson River, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Mull's Plaat.)

Mull's Dike: see Mull Dike.

Mull's Plaat: see Mull Platt.

Multan: city, Punjab, India; 30° 15′ N., 71° 35′ E. Not Mooltan.

Multiple: see Multorpor.

Multnomah Channel: that portion of Willamette River on west side Sauvie Island, Multnomah County, Oreg.

Multorpor: mountain, T. 3 S., R. 8½ E., just south of Mount Hood in Cascade Range, Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Multiple.)

Muncaster: mountain, Ts. 24 and 25 N., R. 7 W., north of Quinault River and south of Rustler River, Jefferson County, Wash. Named in memory of Roy Muncaster, formerly a forest ranger in the Olympic Forest, who as a private in the Forest Regiment 20th Engineers, lost his life when the Tuscania was torpedoed.

***München (Munich):** city, Bavaria, s. Germany; Fr. Munich; Ital. Monaco; 48° 9′ N., 11° 35′ E.

München-Gladbach: see Gladbach-Rheydt.

Munckinipattus: see Muckinipattis.

Mundale: see West Parish.

Mundy: landing, Mississippi River, 14 miles below Hannibal, Mo. (Not Mundy's.)

Mungo: barrio, Tuao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munyo.)

Munich: see München.

Municipal Pond: see Union, lake, Mich.

Munra: point, south cliffs Columbia River Gorge, between Moffett and Tanner Creeks, Multnomah County. Oreg. (Not Mount Munra.)

Munroe: see California, point, Calif.

Munroe: see Monroe, island, Me.

Munson: creek, T. 21 N., R. 27 W., tributary to Clark Fork near Eddy, Sanders County, Mont. (Not Squaw.)

Münster: city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 52° 30′ N., 9° W.

Muntenia (Greater Walachia): region, Rumania, e. of the Olt river; Fr. Valachie. See also Walachia.

Muntingambling: barrio, Magdelena Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munting Ambling.)

Munting Bundoc: see Muntingbundok, P. I.

Muntingbundok: barrio, Famy Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munting Bundoc.)

Muntingilog: barrio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munting Ilog nor Munting Ylog.)

Muntingindang: barrio, Nasugbu Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munting Indang nor Munting-Indang.)

Muntinglupa: barrio, Tagig Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Muntinlupa.)

Muntingtubig: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munting Tubig.)

Muntingtubig: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munting Tubig.)

Muntingtubig Dao: barrio, Balayan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Munting Tubig Dao nor Munting-tubig Dao.)

Munting Ylog: see Muntingilog, P. I.

Muntinlupa: see Muntinglupa, P. I.

Munuscong: channel, expansion of St. Marys River, Chippewa County, Mich., and Algoma District, Ontario, Canada, between Neebish Island, Mich., and St. Joseph Island, Canada. (Not Little Mud Lake nor Little Munuscong Lake.)

***Munuscong:** lake, expansion of the lower part of St. Marys River, Chippewa County, Mich., and Ontario, Canada. (Not Mud nor Muddy.)

Munyo: see Mungo, P. I.

Murcia: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Murcia: pr. mo͝or'thyä; province and city, s. e. Spain; 38° N., 1° 10′ W.

Murderers: Murdner's: see Moodna.

Murdock: lake, 10 or 11 rods in diameter, Tuolumne County, Calif., between Rodgers Lake and Benson Lake, near lat. 38° N., long. 119° 30′ W. So named, 1895, by Lieut, N. F. McClure, U. S. A.

Muriel: lake, Fresno County, Calif.

Murk: bay, southeastern Alaska, indenting the coast, just west of Graves Harbor, near lat. 58° 18′ N., long. 136° 45′ W.

Muroran: seaport, s. w. Hokkaido, Japan; 42° 18′ N., 140° 59′ E.

Murphrees: valley, Blount County, Ala. (Not Murphrey's.)

Murphy: island, Mississippi River, near Hannibal, Mo. (Not Murphy's.)

Murphy: peak, sec. 14, T. 15 N., R. 19 W., on divide between former Flathead Indian Reservation and Missoula Forest, Missoula County, Mont.

Murphy: see Stuart, peak, Mont.

Murphy Island: post lights, St. Johns River, above Palatka, Fla. (Not Murphy's Island.)

Murray: village, Orleans County, N. Y. (Not Sandy Creek.)

Murray: see Buffalo Horn.

Murray: see Fancher, r. r. station, N. Y.

Murrell: inlet, Horry County, S. C. (Not Maurell's nor Morrill's.)

Murrieta: township and village, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Murrietta.)

Muscallonge: bay, between Conners and Wisners Points, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Big Muscallonge.)

Muscallonge: see Duck, bay, Mich.

***Muscat:** see Masqat.

Muscatatuck: river, tributary to East Fork White River, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Scott and Washington Counties, Ind. (Not Muskakituk.)

Muscavedder: see Muscovalley.

Muschaug: see Winnapaug, pond.

Muscle: see Muster, creek, Mont.

Muscle: see Musselbed: Musselbed Shoal.

Muscle Bed: Muscle Shoal: see Musselbed Shoal.

Muscle Fork: see Musselfork.

Muscle Shoals: series of rapids in Tennessee River, south border of Lauderdale County, Ala. (Not Mussel Shoals.)

Muscogee: see Muskogee.

Muscovalley: post light, Mississippi River, Hickman County, Ky. (Not Muscavedder.)

Mushpots, The: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 38′ N., long. 110° 14′ W., left bank of Pelican Creek.

Mushroom: five islets, in center entrance Iniskin Bay, Alaska, northwest of Scott Island, northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet.

Mushroom: reef, bare, 13 feet at mean low water, on west side of Kodiak Island, Alaska, about 1 mile south of Middle Cape, lat. 57° 20′ N., long. 154° 48′ W. So named because of its shape.

Music: pass, Sangre de Cristo Range, Custer, Huerfano, and Saguache Counties, Colo.

Muskakituk: see Muscatatuck.

Muskalonge: bay and creek, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Maskalonge.)

Musketeers: pass, breach through Casey and Sarasota Keys, from Gulf of Mexico into Little Sarasota Bay, about lat. 27° 13′, Sarasota County, Fla. (Not Mianight.)

Muskinipates: see Muckinipattis.

***Muskogee:** district and city, Muskogee County, Okla. (Not Muscogee.)

Muskrat: creek, small branch of Elbow Creek, Pondera County, Mont.

Muskrat: pass, Continental Divide, lat. 48° 08′ N., long. 113° 04′ W., Flathead and Pondera Counties, Mont.

Musquiz: canyon, Brewster and Jeff Davis Counties, Tex. (Not Musquis.)

Mussel: point, Bolivar Peninsula, Galveston County, Tex. (Not Muscle.)

Mussel: see Musselbed.

Mussel Bed: see Musselbed: Musselbed Shoal.

Musselbed: shoal, 300 yards off northwest shore of Portsmouth, R. I., southeastern side channel from Narragansett Bay into Mount Hope Bay, R. I. (Not Muscle, Mussel, nor Mussel Bed.)

***Musselbed Shoal:** light station, Narragansett Bay, R. I. (Not Muscle, Muscle Bed, Muscle Shoal, Mussel, not Mussel Shoal.)

***Musselfork:** township and village, Chariton County, Mo. (Not Muscle Fork.)

Musselshell: river, in Montana, rising in Meagher Co., near lat. 46° 17′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., flows easterly, then north, forming boundary lines for Musselshell, Rosebud, Fergus and Dawson Counties, into the Missouri River. (Pronounced, mŭs′-el-shĕll.)

Mussel Shoal: see Musselbed Shoal.

Mussel Shoals: see Muscle Shoals.

Musser: see Points.

Muster: creek, Custer County, Mont., tributary near Kinsey to Yellowstone River, in Ts. 9–11 N., Rs. 47–48 E., Montana principal meridian. (Not Muscle.)

Muther: see Mother, lake.

Myakka: see Miakka.

Myers: creek, Steuben County, N. Y., in the town of Rathbone, three-fourths mile east of the village of Rathbone, flowing south to the north bank of Canisteo River. (Not Loper.) Named after Andrew Myers, an early settler in valley of creek.

Myers: small creek, Curry County, Oreg., in the northern part of T. 38 N., R. 14 W., Willamette meridian, draining west into the Pacific Ocean. Named for an early settler, who spelled his name as given above and not Meyer nor Meier, as shown on various maps. Name approved by Oregon Geographic Board.

Myers: creek, Okanogan County, Wash., and British Columbia. (Not Meyer nor Meyers.)

Myers: village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Rader.)

Myers: see Fort Myers.

Myhlenfeldt: Myhlenfeldts: see Muhlenfels.

My Lord's: see Analostan.

Myriad: islands, southeastern Alaska, off west coast Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 38′ N., long. 136° 13′ W. Descriptive name suggested by Coast Survey field party, 1925.

Myrtle: see Wolf, mountain, Idaho.

Myrtle Point: city and precinct, Coos County, Oreg. (Not Myrtlepoint.)

***Mysore:** native state, and city, s. India; 12° 15′ N., 76° 36′ E.

Mystic: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Little Firehole River, near lat. 44° 30′ N., long. 110° 53′ W.

Mystic: see Ram, island, Conn.

Mystic Isle: island, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., in Leigh Lake, near lat. 43° 49′ N., long. 110° 44′ W. The name is in keeping with the beauty of the island which is inaccessible to visitors.

Mystic Spring Plateau: see Spencer Terrace.

Mytilini: city, Greece, island of Mytilini (Lesbos) q. v.; 39° 5′ N., 26° 35′ E.

Mytilini (Lesbos): island, Greece, near Asia Minor; Gr. Mytilēnē,† Mytilini,† or Lesbos;† Ital. Metelino; Turk. Midillü.† Not Mitilini, Lesvos.

N

Naalehu: village, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Naba: see Nava, P. I.

Nabas: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Nabayugan: see Nabbayugan, P. I.

Nabbacayan: barrio, Gattaran Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Habbacayan nor Nablacayan.)

Nabbayugan: barrio, Piat Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nabayugan.)

Nablacayan: see Nabbacayan, P. I.

Nabua: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Nabuad: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Nabu-ad.)

Nacaninuan: see Nakanmuan, P. I.

Nacavan: see Sinakaban, P. I.

Nachalni: point, southern end of island off the southeast end of Raspberry Island, north of Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 58′ N., long. 152° 53′ W., Alaska. (Not Entrance.)

Nachamik: see Nakchamik.

Naches: pass and river, Yakima County, and forming part of boundary between Kittitas and Yakima Counties, Wash. (Not Nah-chéeze, Natchess, Natchez, nor Nathess.)

Naches: peak, altitude 6,457 feet, Yakima and Pierce Counties, Wash., on summit of Cascade Range, southeast side Chinook Pass, near lat. 46° 52′ N., long. 121° 30′ W.

Nachlezhnia: see Camp Coogan.

Nacicle: see Icicle.

Nacimiento: river, Monterey and San Luis Obispo Counties, Calif. (Not Nacimento nor Sierra.)

Nactang: barrio, Capalonga Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mactang.)

Nacthes: see Neches.

Naga: barrio, Tiwi Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Haga.)

Naga: municipality, provincial capital, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Naga: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Nagahut: rocks, three large rocks lying 1½ miles westerly from southwest end of Pearl Island, lat. 54° 05′.7 N., long. 151° 46′.5 W., at entrance to Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Nagai: island, large island near center of Shumagin Islands, lat. 55° 04′ N., long. 160° 03′ W., Alaska. (Not Nagay.)

Nagalasauan: see Nangalasauan, P. I.

Nagano: city, cen. part main island, Japan; 36° 40′ N., 138° 10′ E.

Nagaoka: city, n. w. cen. part main island, Japan; 37° 27′ N., 138° 50′ E.

Nagas: barrio, Tiwi Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Hagas.)

Nagasaki: seaport, w. Kyushu Island, Japan; 32° 48′ N., 129° 55′ E.

Nagasalanan: see Nangalasauan, P. I.

Nagasay: cove, in north shore Esquibel Island, Maurelle group, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 39′ N.

Nagay: see Nagai.

Nagbacalan: see Nagbakalan, P. I.

Nagbakalan: barrio, Batac Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon: and barrio, Paoay Municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagbacalan.)

Nagboquel: see Nagbukel, P. I.

Nagbukel: barrio, Luba Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagbukel Tuguipa nor Nagbuquel.)

Nagbukel: barrio, Santo Domingo Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagboquel nor Nagbuquel.)

Nagbukel: township, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagbuquel.)

Nagbukel Tuguipa: see Nagbukel, P. I.

Nagbuquel: see Nagbukel, P. I.

Nagcalban: see Nagcalbang, P. I.

Nagcalbang: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagcalban.)

Nagcarlan: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Nagg: island, Maumee Bay, Lake Erie, near Toledo, Ohio. (Not Nagg's.)

Nagganngam: see Nagganungan, P. I.

Nagganungan: barrio, Danglas Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagganngam.)

Nagg's: see Nagg.

Naghilo: point, eastern coast Port Laguimanoc, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Nagiba: barrio, Mabina Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nag-Iba.)

Nagishlamina: river, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, entering Chakachamna Lake from the north, about 2 miles above its lower end.

Nagnek: see Naknek.

Nagoya: city, s. coast of main island, Japan; 35° 15′ N., 136° 55′ E.

Nagpore: See Nagpur.

Nagpur: city, Cen. Provinces, India; 21° 15′ N., 79° 10′ E. Not Nagpore.

Nagrangtayan: barrio, Sanchez Mira Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagrantayan.)

Nagrantayan: see Nagrangtayan, P. I.

Nagsabaran: barrio, Bangar Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagsararan.)

Nagsararan: see Nagsabaran, P. I.

Nags Head: village, Dare County, N. C. (Not Nag's Head.)

Nagsuay: see Nagsulay, P. I.

Nagsulay: barrio, Lila Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Nagsuay.)

Naguilian: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

Naguilian: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Naguilian: barrio, Solano Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagulian.)

Naguitan: see Nagustan, P. I.

Nagulian: see Naguilian, P. I.

Nagustan: barrio, Nabas Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Naguitan.)

Nagyszeben: see Sibiu.

Nagyvárad: see Oradea.

Nahahum: cañyon, T. 24 N., R. 19 E., north side Wenatchee River at Cashmere, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Nehockum.)

Nahapunan: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Najapunan.)

Nahauan: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Najauan.)

Nah-cheeze: see Naches.

Nahiku: ditch, heading in Makapipi Gulch, above Nahiku, extending westward across country to weir near Kopiliula, where it terminates at the eastern end of Koolau Ditch, east Maui, T. H.

Nahiku: village, northern coast of east Maui; center of rubber district, T. H.

Naholoku: land division, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Nahtuk: river, tributary to Alatna River from the east, near lat. 67° 27′ N., long. 153° 52′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Nuhluk nor Nuluk.)

Nahunta: falls, ½ mile east of Christine Falls, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Na Hunta.)

Nahusan: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Najuc-an, Najus-an, nor Najusan.)

Nahwah: see Lolo, creek, Idaho.

Naic: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Nail: creek, Sawyer County, Wis. (Not Neil.)

Nailiilihaele: stream, rising high up on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Nails: creek, Blount County, Tenn. (Not Devil's nor Nale.)

Naipitan: see Naypitan, P. I.

Naisnulho: Naisnuloh: Na-is-nu-lah: Nais-nu-loh: see Ashnola.

Naiwa: land division, central Molokai, T. H.

Najapunan: see Nahapunan, P. I.

Najauan: see Nahauan, P. I.

Najd: see Nejd.

Naji: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of canyon at east edge of Walhalla Plateau, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 111° 55′ W.

Najuc-an: Najusan: see Nahusan, P. I.

Nakalele: point, north coast, northwest end of Maui, near long. 156° 36′ W., T. H. (Not Nakalele Head.)

Nakanmuan: barrio, Sabtang Municipality, Batanes Province, Sabtang Island, Batan Islands, P. I. (Not Nacaninuan.)

Nakat: bay, opening northward between Cape Fox and Tongass Island, lat. 54° 47′ N., long. 130° 46′ W., Dixon Entrance, Alaska.

Nakavan: see Sinakaban, P. I.

Nakchamik: island, about 3 miles long, just off mouth of Chignik Bay, lat. 56° 21′ N., long. 157° 51′ W., southern coast Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Nachamik.)

Naknek: lake, large, lat. 58° 39′ N., long. 156° 08′ W., near center of Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Nagnek.)

Naknek: river, draining Naknek Lake to the westward into Kvichak Bay at lat. 58° 43′ N., long. 157° 05′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Nagnek.)

Naknek: village, at south side of mouth of Naknek River near lat. 58° 42′ N., long. 157° 01′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska.

Naknek: see Suworof.

Nakwasina: passage, separating Halleck Island from Baranof Island, western side of Baranof Island near lat. 57° 15′ N., long. 135° 27′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Little Noquashinski, Nakvasina, Nakwasinskala, nor Noquashinski.)

Nale: see Nails.

Nalinao: see Malinao, P. I.

Nalooc: barrio, Kalibo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Nalo-oc nor Nalook.)

Nalo-oc: Nalook: see Nalooc, P. I.

Namabblan: barrio, Tuguegarao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Namambalan.)

Namacpacan: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Luna nor Namagpacan.)

Namagpacan: see Namacpacan, P. I.

Namahana: peak, elevation, 2,650 feet, at head of Anahola Stream, Kauai, T. H.

Namakagon: see Namekagon.

Namakan: lake, southeast of Rainy Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and St. Louis County, Minn., international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Namecan nor Nameukan.)

Namalokama: see Namolokama, T. H.

Namambalan: see Namabbalan, P. I.

Namangan: city, Uzbek S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 41° 10′ N., 71° 35′ E.

Namarian: see Nannarian, P. I.

Nambolo: see Mambulo, P. I.

Namecan: see Namakan.

***Namekagon:** pr. nä-meh′kᵃgŏn lake, Bayfield County, Wis., in T. 43 N. R. 6 W. (Not Namakagon.)

Nameukan: see Lac La Croix, Wis.

Nameukan: see Namakan.

Nammuac: Namoac: see Namuac, P. I.

Namolokama: peak, near lat. 22° 08′ N., long. 159° 30′ W., south of Hanalei Bay, Kauai, T. H. (Not Mamolokama, Mt. Namalokama, nor Namalokama.)

Namoro: see San Jose, P. I.

Namoukan: see Lac La Croix.

Nampicuan: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Namuac: barrio, Sanchez Mira Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nammuac nor Namoac.)

Namuap: see Namuat, P. I.

Namuat: barrio, Gainza Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mamuat nor Namuap.)

Namuco: barrio, Rostario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mamuco nor Namuoco.)

Namunga: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Mamunga.)

Namuoco: see Namuco, P. I.

Nana: hill, altitude 347 feet, 900 meters northeast Mosquito Bay, southern part of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Nanna.)

Nanakuli: land division, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Nanana: see Nenana.

Nananatan: see Nanauatan, P. I.

Nanauatan: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Hanauatan nor Nananatan.)

Nanawaya: creek, tributary to Pearl River, Winston County, Miss. (Not Nanawaiya, Nanawayah, Nanawya, Nanna Warrior, nor Nanne Warrior.)

Nanca: see Nangka, P. I.

Nanchang: city, capital of Kiangsi prov., China; 28° 35′ N., 116° E.

Nanconnah: see Nonconnah.

Nancook: see Beeslick.

Nancy: pr. năn′si; city, n. e. France; 48° 40′ N., 6° 15′ E.

Nangalasaoan: see Nangalasauan, P. I.

Nangalasauan: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nagalasauan, Nagasalanan nor Nangalasaoan.)

Nangattaban: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nangattabban.)

Nangattabban: see Nangattaban, P. I.

Nangca: see Nangka, P. I.

Nangka: barrio, Baliangao Municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao: and barrio, Libona Municipality, Bukidnon Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Nangka: barrios, in Balamban and Danao Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu: barrio, Tolong Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros: and barrio, Torrijos Municipality, Marinduque Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nangca.)

Nangka: barrio, Mogpog Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nanca nor Nangca.)

Nangka: barrio, San Mateo Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nanca nor Nanka.)

Nan Hai: see China Sea.

Nanhaya: barrio, Pila Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Manyaya.)

Nanka: see Nangka, P. I.

Nan Kai: see China Sea.

Nanking: capital city, China, Kiangsu prov., on Yangtze river; 32° 10′ N., 118° 55′ E.

Nankoweap: canyon, of Nankoweap Creek, Coconino County, Ariz., entering Marble Gorge, Grand Canyon, on the west side, near lat. 36° 18′ N.,

Nankoweap: mesa, Coconino County, Ariz., west side of Marble Gorge, Grand Canyon, bounded by Kwagunt Canyon, and Nankoweap Canyon, near lat. 36° 15′ to 36° 18′ N.

Nanna: see Nana.

Nannarian: barrio, Penablanca Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Namarian.)

Nanna Warrior: Nanne Warrior: see Nanawaya.

Nanning: city, Kwangsi prov., s. China; 22° 50′ N., 108° E.

Nanny: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, tributary to Queens Creek from east about 6 miles above Little Queens River.

Nantaches: see Nantachie.

Nantachie: lake, Ts. 7 and 8 N., R. 4 W., Grant Parish, La. (Not Nantaches, Natachez, nor Nautoches.)

Nantahala: mountain, river, and village, western North Carolina. (Not Nantehalah.)

Nantahala: see Wayah, gap, N. C.

Nantasket: beach, gut, hill, roads, and village, Norfolk County, Mass. (Not Nantaskett.)

Nantehalah: see Nantahala.

Nantes: pr. nänt; seaport on Loire estuary, w. cen. France; 47° 15′ N., 1° 30′ W.

Nantucket: sound, southeastern part of Massachusetts, separating Nantucket Island and eastern part of Martha's Vineyard from the mainland and extending westward to the line joining Succonnesset Point and East Chop.

Nantucket: see Baker, island.

Nanue: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea just north of Honohina, Hawaii, T. H.

Naoma: see Naomi.

Naomi: peak, highest top in Bear River Range, 15 miles northeast of Logan city and 14 miles north of Logan Peak, near lat. 41° 55′ N., long. 111° 40′ W., Cache County, Utah. (Not Naoma nor North Logan.)

Napa: river, rising in northern part Napa Valley, Napa County, Calif., and flowing into Carquinez Strait. (Not Napa Creek.)

Napaccion: see Napawon, P. I.

Napali: old district, in Government ownership in northwestern Kauai; now included in Hanalei District, T. H.

Napanon Grande: see Napawon, P. I.

Napanon Pequeño: see Napawon, P. I.

Napao: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Poro nor Poro Napao.)

Napauen: Napauon: see Napawon, P. I.

Napawon: barrio, Goa Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Napaccion, Napanon Grande, Napanon Pequeño, Napauen, nor Napauon.)

Napean: point, southeastern shore of Admiralty Island, projecting into Frederick Sound, lat. 57° 08′.3 N., long. 134° 17′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Nepean, Nepen, nor Nepken.)

Napi: rock, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 29′ W., on northeast slope of Singleshot Mountain. Name in Blackfoot language means "old man," believed by the Indians to have "made all this country around here."

Naples: see Napoli.

Napoleon: hill, northeastern part of Lemhi County, Idaho, in the bend of Salmon River, 4 miles south of North Fork, near lat. 45° 20′ N., long. 114° W.

***Napoli (Naples):** gulf, prov., and seaport, s. Italy; Fr. Naples; Ger. Neapel; 40° 50′ N., 14° 15′ E.

Napoopoo: village, on Kealakekua Bay, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Napotoli: creek, entering Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, from the west, about 2½ miles below Koliganek Village, lat. 59° 47′ 30″ N., long. 157° 28′ W.

Nara: city near Osaka, Japan; 34° 40′ N., 135° 42′ E.

Narada: falls, Paradise River, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash. (Not Cushman.)

Narcissus: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 1,300 feet west of Hot Lake, Lower Geyser Basin.

Nariño: pr. när-ē′nyō; dept. and towns, Colombia.

Narirong: barrio, Barbasa Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Marirong.)

***Narragansett:** bay, the large body of water in the State of Rhode Island.

Narragansett: town, in Washington County, R. I., taken from South Kingstown and incorporated in 1901.

Narragansett Pier: village in Narragansett, Washington County, R. I., on shore about 4 miles north of Point Judith. Often called "Narragansett."

Narragansett Terrace: village, in East Providence, Providence County, R. I., on Bullock Neck, east side of Providence River.

Narrows, The: see Sitkalidak, passage, Alaska.

Narvacan: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Narvaes: see Narvaez, P. I.

Narvaez: barrio, Bailen Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Narvaes nor Narvaiz.)

Narvaiz: see Narvaez, P. I.

Nasal: see Nasel.

Nasarit: see Nazaret, P. I.

Nasel: river, emptying into Willapa Bay, from south, Pacific County, Wash. (Not Nasal.)

Nash: island, Pleasant Bay, Washington County, Me. (Not Nash's.)

Nashville: capital of Tennessee, in Davidson Co., on the Cumberland River, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 86° 48′ W. Population in 1930, 153,153. (Pronounced năsh′-vĭl.)

Nasja: creek, south bank Colorado River, near long. 110° 55′, San Juan County, Utah. (Not Nas-ja.)

Nasketucket: bay and river, Buzzards Bay, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Nasketuckett.)

Nasklini: see Nazlini.

Naskowhak: western point (Point Naskowhak), at entrance to Seldovia Harbor, lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 151° 45′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Nasoli: see Nasuli, P. I.

Nasqually: see Nisqually.

Nassau: capital of the Bahama Islands; on New Providence Island; 25° N., 77° 30′ W.

Nassau: fiord, arm of Icy Bay on northwest side about 4 miles from the mouth, lat. 60° 15′ N., long. 148° 20′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Nassau: point, Peconic Bay, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Little Hog Neck.)

Nassiping: barrio, Gattaran Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Hassiping.)

Nasugbu: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Nasuli: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Nasoli.)

Natachez: see Nantachie, lake, La.

Natain-uaua: see Natainwawa, P. I.

Natainwawa: barrio, Subic Municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Natain-uaua.)

Natal: pr. nä-täl′; seaport city, Brazil, capital state of Rio Grande do Norte; 5° 47′ S., 35° 12′ W.

Natapian: see Natappian, P. I.

Natappian: barrio, Solana Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Natapian.)

Natazhat: glacier, flowing east from Natazhat Mountain, Alaska, and crossing the international boundary at lat. 61° 32′.4 N., long. 141° W. (Not Kletsan nor Klutson.)

Natazhat: peak, altitude 13,441 feet, Natazhat Range, 15 miles south of White River and 33 miles west of international boundary, at lat. 61° 31′.3 N., long. 141° 06′ W., Alaska. (Not Nat-azh-at.)

Natchess: Natchez: Nathess: see Naches, pass and river, Wash.

Natchez: see Neches, river, Texas.

Natchi: see Uncle Jim, point, Ariz.

Nathalie: island, Alaska, Tongass National Forest, in southern part of Soda Bay, southwest coast of Prince of Wales Island, 2 miles southeast of Shelikof Island, near lat. 55° 14′ N., long. 133° 02′ W. After Nathalie, wife of Capt. Grigori I. Shelikof.

Nathalie: point, Alaska, Tongass National Forest, the south point of entrance to Soda Bay, near lat. 55° 14′, long. 133° 03′. After Nathalie wife of Captain Shelikof.

Natinman: see Natunuan, P. I.

***Nation:** river, flowing westward across international boundary, in lat. 65° 31′ N., and tributary to Yukon River at lat. 65° 16′ N., long. 141° 33′ W., Alaska.

***National:** village, Logan County, Ark. (Not National Springs.)

National Park: mountain, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 38′ N., 110° 55′ W.

National Springs: see National.

Natividad: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Nato: see Matu, P. I.

Natoa: island, southwestern Alaska, 2,600 yards long, 1,050 feet high, most southerly of three large Harbor Islands in Aialik Bay entrance, south coast of Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 38′ N., long. 149° 37′ W. (Not High.) This name reported to be from the Eskimo word meaning "summit," the island having the highest spot of any island in this vicinity.

Natoma: bay, southeastern Alaska, indenting the east side of Long Island, just north of Coning Inlet, near lat. 54° 51′ N., long. 132° 38′ W. So named for the Coast and Geodetic Survey steamer *Natoma,* used in surveying these waters.

Natoma: point, southeastern Alaska, on the east side of Long Island, north of Natoma Bay, near lat. 54° 52′ N., long. 132° 37′ W.

Natunauan: see Natunuan, P. I.

Natunuan: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Hatunuan nor Natunauan.)

Natunuan: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Natinman.)

Naujan: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Nauset: beach and beacons, east coast of Cape Cod, Mass. (Not Nausett.)

Nautoches: see Nantachie.

Nava: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Naba.)

Navajo: county; creek and spring, Coconino County; reservation, San Juan County, Utah, and Apache, Coconino and Navajo Counties, Ariz.; village, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Navaho nor Navajoe.)

Navajo: peak, altitude 11,330 feet, Archuleta County, Colo., approx. lat. 37° 05′ N., long. 106° 44′ W., in sec. 16, T. 33 N., R. 2 E., New Mexico meridian, San Juan National Forest.

Navajo: peak, altitude 13,406 feet, on Continental Divide, 13½ miles south of Longs Peak, in NW. ¼ sec. 14, T. 1 N., R. 74 W., Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo.

Navajo: river, Archuleta County, Colo., rises about lat. 37° 15′ N., long. 106° 39′ W., flows south and southwest, tributary to San Juan River in T. 32 N., R. 3 W., San Juan National Forest. This name is found on map of Wheeler Survey, 1874.

Navajo: see Desert View, point, Ariz.

Naval: municipality, Leyte Province, Biliran, P. I.

Navarro: point, rounded southeast end of peninsula, 500 yards long, 300 yards west of Botella Cay, and northwest of Caldera Basin, Culebra Island, P. R.

Navehill: village, Union County, Tenn. (Not Nave Hill.)

Navesink: beach, lights, and river, near entrance to New York Harbor, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Neversink.)

Navotas: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Navy: point, Sacketts Harbor, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Shiphouse.)

Nawakwa: lake, Alger County, Mich., in secs. 19, 20, 29, and 30, T. 48 N., R. 13 W. Name changed from Sucker at the request of the Michigan State Committee on Geographic Names. Name of Chippewa origin, meaning "in the midst of the forest." (Not Sucker.)

Nawiliwili: bay, at mouths of Huleia and Nawiliwili Streams, southeast Kauai, T. H.

Nawiliwili: land division, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Nawiliwili: stream, rising on eastern slope of Kilohana Crater, flowing southeastward into Nawiliwili Bay, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Nawiliwili: village, on Nawiliwili Bay, Kaua; nearest landing from Honolulu, T. H.

Nayarit: pr. nī-yä-rēt′; state, Mexico (formerly Tepic), and city; 21° 25′ N., 104° 50′ W.

Naypitan: barrio, Nabua Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Naipitan.)

Nazaret: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Nasarit.)

Nazareth: bay, west of Beverhout Point, northeast of Jersey Bay, on south shore and 1½ miles from east end of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Nazareth or **En Nasira:** town, n. Palestine; Arabic, En Nasira;† 32° 45′ N., 35° 14′ E.

Naze, The: see Lindesnes.

Nazlini: creek, Apache County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, rising near lat. 35° 54′ N., long. 109° 21′ W., flowing northerly into Chinle Creek. (Not Nasklini.)

Neabsco: creek, Prince William County, Va. (Not Neapsico.)

Neacola: river, Mount Spurr region Alaska, entering Kenibuna Lake, from the south.

*__Neacoxie:__ creek, Clatsop County, Oreg., rises in northwestern part of county, flows south and empties into the Necanicum estuary at Seaside. (Not Necoxie.)

Neagh: see Lough Neagh.

Neah: bay, Makah Indian Reservation, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Neeah.)

***Neah Bay:** village, in Makah Indian Reservation, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Neah nor Neeah.)

Neakluk: see Niukluk.

Neal Island: post lights, Ohio River, near Parkersburg, W. Va. (Not Neal's Island.)

Neapel: see Napoli.

Neapsico: see Neabsco.

Neawanna: creek, Clatsop County, Oreg., rises southwestern part of county, flows north and empties into the Necanicum estuary, near Seaside. (Not O'Hanna nor Wahanna.) Name suggested by Oregon Geographic Board.

Nebadeer: see Nobadeer.

Nebraska: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by South Dakota, on the east by Iowa and Missouri, on the south by Kansas and Colorado, and on the west by Colorado and Wyoming. Area, 77,520 square miles. (Pronounced, nē-brăss'ka.)

***Necanicum:** river and village, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Clatson, Necanacum, nor Nekanakum.)

Neches: river in eastern Texas. (Not Natchez.)

Necons: river, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, rising in Alaska Range, near lat. 61° 20′ N., flowing southwesterly into Stony River, near lat. 60° 58′ N., long. 154° 18′ W.

Necoxie: see Neacoxie.

Nectar: Nector: see Tidmore.

Ned: island, Hancock County, Me., on west side Winter Harbor near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 68° 06′ W. (Not Ned's.)

Ned: point, Mattapoisett Harbor, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Ned's.)

Ned: point, the northwestern point of East Neebish Island, St. Marys River, Canada. (Not Ned's.)

Nedjd: see Nejd.

Nedjed: see Nejd.

Neeah: see Neah: Neah Bay.

Neeben: see Nibin.

Neebish: island in St. Marys River, Mich. (Not St. Tammany.)

Needham: mountain, elevation 12,470 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 17, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park. Named for J. C. Needham, former Member of Congress.

Needham, Mount: see Florence.

Needle: creek, tributary to East Fork of Upper Deer Creek from southeast, secs. 13 and 24, T. 2 S., R. 14 E., Sweet Grass County, Mont.

Needle, The: mountain, altitude 9,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 52′ N., long. 110° 01′ W.

Needle, The: rock, about 75 feet high, lying 5½ miles east from Point Helen, Alaska.

Needle: rock, projecting above North Mowich Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Needle: see Ship Rock.

Neekahueena: Neekahweena: see Nikabuna.

Neel: landing, Ohio River, Beaver County, Pa. (Not Neel's.)

Neely: landing and post light, Mississippi River, Cape Girardeau County, Mo. (Not Neely's.)

Neenana: see Nenana.

Neepigon: see Nipigon.

Neesh: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in sec. 16, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word said to mean "two."

Neets: creek, southeastern Alaska, tributary to the head of Neets Bay on west shore Revillagigedo Island.

Neets: lake, southeastern Alaska, three-fourths mile inland from head of Neets Bay, west shore Revillagigedo Island.

Neewin: lake, St. Louis County, Minn. in secs. 22 and 27, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word said to mean "four."

Negro: island, Wood Island Harbor, Saco Bay, Me. (Not Tappan.)

Negro: point, Hancock County, Me., northwest side of Mount Desert Island, northwest of Clark Cove, directly east of Alley Island, near lat. 44° 25′ N., long. 68° 22′ W. (Not Spruce.)

Negro, Río: see Río Negro.

Negromoon: creek, tributary to the Inglutalik River from the west, northeast of Norton Bay, western Alaska.

Negroponte: see Evvoia.

Nehalem: bay, Tillamook County, and river, Clatsop, Columbia, and Washington counties, Oreg.

Nehalem: beach, bare sandspit separating Nehalem River, right shore, from Pacific Ocean, Tillamook County, Oreg.

Nehenta: bay, southeastern Alaska, 2½ miles NW. of Dall Head, Gravina Island, east shore Clarence Strait. Signifying "Copper ore" in the native language.

Nehockum: see Nahahum.

Neil: see Nail.

Neily: militia district and town, Telfair County, Ga. (Not Nielly.)

***Nejd:** sultanate, cen. Arabia, part of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. (Not Nedjd, Nedjed, Najd.)

Nekanakum: see Necanicum.

Nelagoney: creek and town, Osage County, Okla. (Not Nelagony.)

Nelchina: glacier, 20 miles west of Tazlina Glacier and Lake, on northern slope of Chugach Mountains, near lat. 61° 45′ N., long. 147° 05′ W., west side of Copper River Valley, Alaska. (Not Tazlina.)

Nelchina: see Little Nelchina.

Nellag: island, in Evans Bay, west coast Dall Island, Alaska. (Not Goose.)

Nelliberg: see Neltjeberg.

Nellie Juan: glacier, on south shore of Port Nellie Juan, about 12 miles from the mouth, near lat. 60° 27′ N., long. 148° 21′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Nellie Juan: river, at head of Port Nellie Juan, near lat. 60° 25′ N., long. 148° 43′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Nelson: island, in Narrow Strait, near southern Shore Spruce Island, and northeast of Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 53′.4 N., long. 152° 25′ W., Alaska.

Nelson: peak, altitude 5,971 feet, secs. 4 and 5, T. 45 N., R. 6 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Neltjeberg: estate and hill, overlooking Turrel Bay, northern coast St. Thomas Island, near long. 64° 58′ Virgin Islands. (Not Nelliberg nor Neltiberg.)

Nelupaki: see Kekurnoi, cape, alaska.

Německo: see Germany.

Nemetország: see Germany.

Nemo: point, deflection of western shore of Wrangell Island, lat. 56° 17′ 09″ N., southeastern Alaska.

Nemote: creek, tributary to Clark Fork from east near Quartz, in sec. 16, T. 15 N., R. 25 W., Mineral County, Mont. (Not Fourteen Mile.)

Nemotolipse: see Moclips.

Nenana: river, tributary to the Tanana River, from the south, joining same at lat. 64° 35′ N., long. 149° 06′ W., Alaska. (Not Cantwell, Nanana, Neenana, nor Tutlut.)

Ne-Ne-Scah: see Ninnescah.

***Neosho:** river, in Kansas and Oklahoma, rising in Sec. 3, T. 14 S., R. 8 E., of 6th P. M. Morris Co., Kansas, and flowing thence southeast enters Oklahoma near long. 96° 00′ W., thence southerly into the Arkansas River in T. 15 N., R. 19 E., Indiana Meridian, Oklahoma. (Pronounced nē-ō′shō.)

Nepal: state or country, n. of India.

Nepean: Nepen: Nepken: see Napean.

Neponset: river, Norfolk and Suffolk Counties, and village, Suffolk County, Mass. (Not Neponsett.)

Neptune: point, southern side of Passage Canal, eastern side of entrance to Shotgun Cove, northwestern part of Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Ne-qua-kaun: see Lac La Croix, Wis.

Nequasset: brook and lake, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Nequassett.)

Nequawkaun: see Lac La Croix.

Nerinscot: see Nezinscot.

Nerka: lake, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, between lakes Beverley and Aleknagik, centering about lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 159° 15′ W. (Not Agulukpak.) This lake is a great spawning ground for red salmon, the scientific name for which is Nerka.

Nesco: village, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not New Columbia.)

Nesenkeag: brook, tributary to Merrimack River, Hillsboro County, N. H. (Not Brickyard, Chase, nor Great Nesenkeag.)

Neskowin: creek, in southwestern part of Tillamook County, Oreg., draining to Pacific Ocean at Neskowin village, near lat. 45° 05′ N. (Not Slab.)

Nesmith: point, altitude 3,878 feet, nearly 2 miles south of Warrendale, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Mount Nesmith.)

Nesochaque: creek, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not West Mill Stream.)

Nesowadnehunk: lake, Piscataquis County, Me., 10 miles northwest of Mount Katahdin, and stream draining the lake to west branch Penobscot River. (Not Sourdnahunk.)

Ness City: city, Ness County, Kans. (Not Ness.)

Nesselroad: village, Jackson County, W. Va. (Not Nesselrode.)

Nesselrode: peak (Mount Nesselrode), altitude 8,105 feet, lat. 58° 57′ 38″, long. 134° 18′ 45″, international boundary, Alaska and Canada. Named after Count Charles de Nesselrode, Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs and a plenipotentiary, 1824, in Russian negotiations with the United States regarding the Alaskan boundary.

Nessequoque: see Nissequogue.

Nest: island, Alaska, on north side of entrance to Kiliuda Bay, Kodiak Island, about 1¾ miles from Inner Right Cape, near lat. 57° 18′ N., long. 152° 54′ W. So called for the many "burrow" nests of sea parrots found here.

Nester: village, Carroll County, Va. (Not Nestor.)

***Nestucca:** river, Tillamook County, Oreg., emptying into Nestucca Bay. (Not Nestugga nor Nestuggah.)

Nestugga: Nestuggah: see Nestucca.

Neswebet: see Nisswi.

Netherland India or **Dutch East Indies:** the possessions of the Netherlands in the East Indies; Netherland India is translation of official Dutch name, Nederlandsch-Indië. Not Netherland East Indies.

Netherland New Guinea (Dutch New Guinea): w. half of the island of New Guinea; Dutch, Nieuw Guinee.

Netherlands: kingdom, n. w. Europe; Dutch, Nederlanden or Nederland; Fr. Pays Bas; Ger. Niederlande; Ital. Olanda. Not Holland. Preferred Eng. adjective form, Netherland (Dutch adj., Nederlandsch).

Net Lake: see Nett Lake.

Nett Lake: town, Koochiching and St. Louis Counties, Minn. (Not Net Lake.)

Nettle Creek: township, Randolph County, Ind. (Not Nettle.)

Neuces: see Nueces.

***Neuchâtel:** canton, lake, and town, n. w. Switzerland; Fr. Neuchâtel; Ger. Neuenburg (lake, Neuenburger See); 47° N., 6° 58′ E.

Neuenburg: see Neuchâtel.

Neu Guinea: see New Guinea.

Neuilly-sur-Seine (Neuilly): pr. nû-yē-sür-sān′; a n. w. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 53′ N., 2° 17′ E.

Neukeluk: Neukluk: see Niukluk.

Neu-Pest: see Ujpest.

Neusatz: see Novi Sad.

Neuse: river, in North Carolina, formed in Durham Co., by the junction of Flat, Eno, and Little Rivers near lat. 35° 51′ N., long. 78° 50′ W., flowing thence southeast into Pamlico Sound near lat. 35° 07′ N., long. 76° 30′ W. (Pronounced, nōōs.)

Neuskahl: see Newskah.

Neva: river, U. S. S. R. (Russia), from Lake Ladoga to Gulf of Finland, through Leningrad.

Nevada: a state of the United States bounded on the north by Idaho and Oregon, on the east by Utah and Arizona, on the south by Arizona and California, and on the west by California. Area, 110,690 square miles. (Pronounced, nē-vä′-da.)

Nevada Valley: see Avon.

Neversink: see Navesink.

Neville: island, Ohio River, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Long nor Seven Mile.)

Nevins: township, Vigo County, Ind. (Not Nevino.)

Nevis: pr. nĕv′ĭs; island, Leeward Islands, B. W. I.; 17° 18′ N., 62° 37′ W.

New: see Centerville, harbor, Mass.

New: see Little Egg, inlet, N. J.

New Archangel: see Sitka.

Newark: city, in Essex Co., New Jersey on the Passaic River, near lat. 40° 45′ N., long. 74° 11′ W. Population in 1930, 442,842. (Pronounced, nū′-ärk.)

Newark: village, Independence County, Ark. (Not New Ark.)

Newaukum: creek, King County, Wash. (Not Newauken.)

New Bedford: city, in Bristol Co., Massachusetts, on Buzzards Bay, near lat. 47° 37′ N., long. 70° 56′ W. Population in 1930, 112,836. (Pronounced, nū bĕd′-fôrd.)

***New Bern:** city, Craven County, N. C. (Not Newbern.)

Newbern: precinct and village, Hale County, Ala. (Not New Berne.)

Newbern: township, Dickinson County, Kans. (Not Newburn.)

Newberry: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 111° 59′ W.

Newberry: village, Luce County, Mich. (Not Newburg.)

Newberry Point: promontory, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon and north rim of Powell Plateau, near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 112° 25′ W.

Newbold: island, Delaware River, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Newbold's.)

New Britain (archipelago): see Bismarck.

New Brooklyn: see South Plainfield.

Newburg: see Newberry, village, Mich.

Newburn: see Newbern.

New Caledonia: see Nouvelle Calédonie.

Newcastle, or **Newcastle-on-Tyne:** city, Northumberland county, England; 55° N., 1° 36′ W.

New Castle: city and county, Del. (Not Newcastle.)

Newcastle: seaport, near Sydney, New South Wales, Australia; 33° S., 151° 50′ E.

Newcastle: town and village, Lincoln County, Me. (Not New Castle.)

New Castle: township, Schuylkill County, Pa. (Not New castle.)

Newcastle: township and village, Dixon County, Nebr. (Not New Castle.)

Newchwang: city, Liaoning prov., s. Manchuria; also called Yingkow; 40° 30′ N., 122° 20′ E.

New Columbia: see Nesco.

Newcomers: see Newcomerstown.

***Newcomerstown:** village, Oxford Township, Tuscarawas County, Ohio. (Not Newcomers nor New Comerstown.)

New Crater: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 1,200 feet southwest of Nuphar Lake, central section of Norris Geyser Basin.

New Cut Off: see Cutoff.

Newfane: village and town, Niagara County, N. Y. (Not New Fane.)

New Flat Creek: village, Union County, Tenn. (Not New Flatcreek.)

Newfound: gap, altitude 5,045 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, on border of Swain County, N. C., and Sevier County, Tenn., near lat. 35° 37′ N., long. 83° 26′ W. (Not Righthand.) The miscalled Indian Gap Highway from Tennessee to North Carolina passes through this gap, and not through Indian Gap.

Newfoundland: island, n. e. North America; a Br. dominion.

New Germany: see Folsom.

New Glarus: town and village, Green County, Wis. (Not New Glaris.)

New Guinea: large island n. of Australia, comprising Netherland New Guinea (w. half), Ter. of Papua (s. e. part), and Mandated ter. of New Guinea (n. e. part). Sometimes called Papua; Dutch, Nieuw Guinee; Fr. Nouvelle Guinée; Ger. Neu Guinea.

New Guinea, Netherland: See Netherland New Guinea.

New Guinea, Territory of: Br. mandated ter., administered by Australia, comprising n. e. part of the island of New Guinea, the Bismarck archipelago, and other islands.

Newhalen: river, draining Clark Lake into Iliamna Lake, at lat. 59° 42′ N., long. 154° 57′ W., Alaska. (Not New-railing, New-whalin, Newwhraling, Noghelin, Nogheling, Nogholem, nor Nuwhalen.)

Newhalen: village, at mouth of Newhalen River, Alaska.

New Hampshire: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by Maine, and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by Massachusetts, and on the west by Vermont. Area, 9,341 square miles. (Pronounced, nū hămp′-shĭr.)

New Haven: city, in New Haven Co., Connecticut, on New Haven Bay, Long Island Sound, near lat. 41° 11′ N., long. 72° 55′ W. Population in 1930, 162,650. (Pronounced, nū-hā′-vĕn.)

New Hebrides or **Nouvelles Hébrides:** island group, e. of Australia; joint Br. and Fr. administration; 16° S., 167° E.

New Jefferson: see Germano.

New Jersey: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by New York, on the east by New York and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by the Atlantic Ocean and Delaware Bay, and on the west by Delaware Bay, Delaware and Pennsylvania. Area, 8,224 square miles. (Pronounced, nū jer′-zĭ.)

New Kingstown: village, Cumberland County, Pa. (Not New Kingston.)

Newlan: see Newlin.

Newland: see Newlin.

Newlin: creek, tributary from west to Hardscrabble Creek, Fremont County, Colo. (Not Newlan, Newland, Newton, nor Woodland.)

New London: see Shandon.

Newman Grove: city, Madison County, Nebr. (Not Newman's.)

Newmarket: town and village, Rockingham County, N. H. (Not New Market.)

New Market: see East New Market, Md.

New Matamoras: village, Washington County, Ohio. (Not Matamoras.)

New Meadows: river, between Cumberland and Sagadahoc Counties, Me. (Not Meadow nor Stevens.)

New Mexico: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Colorado, on the east by Oklahoma and Texas, on the south by Texas and Mexico, and on the west by Arizona. Area, 122,634 square miles. (Pronounced nū měks′-ĭ-kō.)

New Nantucket: see Baker, island.

New Orleans: city, in Orleans Parish, Louisiana, on the Mississippi River, near lat. 29° 57′ N., long. 90° 04′ W. Population in 1930, 455,792. (Pronounced nū ôr′-lĭ-ans.)

***New Paltz:** town and village, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Newpaltz.)

New Philadelphia: railroad station, Schuylkill County, Pa. (Not Silver Creek.)

New Philadelphia: see Philadelphia, Tenn.

Newport: beat and village, Attala County, Miss. (Not New Port.)

Newport: borough, Monmouthshire, England, on the Severn; 50° 40′ N., 2° 55′ W.

Newport: township, Johnson County, Iowa. (Not New Port.)

Newport: see Cadillac, mountain, Me.

Newport: see Champlain, mountain, Me.

Newport Pond: see Sebasticook, lake, Me.

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New Prague: city, Le Sueur and Scott Counties, Minn. (Not Prague.)

New Providence: island, the Bahamas; 25° 3′ N., 77° 25′ W.

New-railing: see Newhalen.

New Redding: see Redding.

New Riegel: village, Seneca County, Ohio. (Not New Reigel nor New Riegle.)

New River: village, Scott County, Tenn. (Not Newriver.)

***Newskah:** creek, flowing into Grays Harbor south of Aberdeen, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Neuskahl.)

Newsom: landing, Mississippi River, New Madrid County, Mo. (Not Newsom's.)

New South: see Davis South.

New South Wales: state, s. e. Australia.

New Sweden: village, Travis County, Tex. (Not New Sweeden.)

Newton: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 03′ W.

Newton: see Newlin, creek, Colo.

Newton: see Pine, creek, N. J.

Newton Hook: see Nutten Hook.

Newtown: see Whitehall, creek, Md.

New Washington: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

New-whalin: Newwhraling: see Newhalen.

New Windsor: see Windsor.

New Year: see Año Nuevo.

New York: city, composed of Bronx, Kings, Queens, New York, and Richmond counties, New York, on Hudson and East rivers, Upper and Lower Bays, center near lat. 40° 44′ N., long. 73° 56′ W. Population in 1930, 6,981,927. (Pronounced, nū yawrk.)

New York: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by Vermont, Massachusetts, and Connecticut, on the south by the Atlantic Ocean, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, and on the west by Pennsylvania and Canada. Area, 49,204 square miles. (Pronounced, nū yawrk.)

New Zealand: islands, s. w. Pacific; a Br. dominion.

Nezinscot: river, tributary to Androscoggin River, from the west, Androscoggin and Oxford Counties, Me. (Not Nerinscot, Twenty Mile, Twenty-Mile, Twenty-mile, Twentymile, nor Twenty Miles.)

***Nez Perce:** county in Idaho. (Not Nez Perces.)

Nez Perce: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 110° 39′ W., flowing west into Firehole River. Named in memory of the trail of Nez Perce Indian band under Chief Joseph, 1877. (Not East Fork of Firehole River nor Haydens Fork.)

Nez Perce: peak, altitude 11,700 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 34′ N., long. 110° 48′ W. Named for well-known Indian tribe which at the beginning of the last century occupied the surrounding territory.

Nezqually: see Nisqually.

Nganhui: see Anhwei.

Nganhwei: see Anhwei.

Niagara: village, Marion County, Oreg. (Not Niagora.)

Nibin: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in sec. 27, T. 66 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "Summer." (Not Neeben.)

Nicaragua: pr. nĭ-ka-rah′gwa, locally nē-ka-rä′gwä; republic, Central America; Fr., Ger., Ital., Sp. Nicaragua.

Nicatous: lake and stream, Hancock County, Me. (Not Nickatous.)

Nice: pr. nēs; coastal city, ext. s. e. France; Ital. Nizza; 43° 40′ N., 7° 20′ E.

Nice: shoal between Grand Island and Tonawanda Island, Niagara River, N. Y. (Not Nice's.)

Nich: see Niš.

Nichol: see Nichols, Iowa.

Nichol: see Nichols, N. Y.

Nicholas: creek, Kootenai County, Idaho, west bank North Fork Cœur d'Alene River, near lat. 47°48′ N., long. 116° 31′ W. (Not North Fork Canyon.)

Nichols: point, west end Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, east shore Isanotski Strait, where it widens northward, opposite False Pass village. (Not Knoll.) Named after the late Joseph R. Nichols, manager of a cannery at False Pass.

Nichols: point on the east side of Shelter Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Nicolls, Nichol, Nichol's, nor Rocky.)

Nichols: village, Muscatine County, Iowa. (Not Nichol.)

Nichols: see Blackman, stream, Me.

Nichols: see Chemo, pond, Me.

Nichols: see Finn, creek, Me.

Nichols: see Nicol, railroad station, Minn.

Nickajack: creek and town, Cobb County, Ga. (Not Nicojack.)

Nickatous: see Nicatous.

Nicks: creek, McDowell County, N. C. (Not Nix.)

Nicks Mate: see Nixes Mate.

Nickwall: creek, Richland County, Mont. (Not Antelope.)

Nicobar: islands, Br. India, in Bay of Bengal, comprising part of the province of the Andamans and Nicobars; 7° N., 93° 50′ E.

Nicojack: see Nickajack.

Nicol: railroad station, Egan Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Nichols.)

Nicola: T. 32 N., R. 22 W., tributary to Big Creek from west, Flathead County, Mont.

Nicolet: lake (Lake Nicolet), Chippewa County, Mich., expansion of St. Marys River, west side Sugar Island. (Not Hay.) Named after Jean Nicolet, who explored this region in 1634.

Nicolls: see Nichols, point, N. Y.

**Nicolo:* see St. Nicholas, point, Alaska.

Nictheroy: see Niteroi.

Nidaros: see Trondheim.

Niederländisch Guayana: see Surinam.

Niederösterreich (Lower Austria): pr. nē′der-es′ter-rīkh; province, Austria; the province included, prior to 1919, small ter. now comprising part of Czechoslovakia.

Niederschlesien: see Schlesien.

Nielly: see Neily.

Niemcy: see Germany.

Nienie: land division, in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Nieuw Guinee: see New Guinea.

Niga To: see Yukon.

Niger: river, n. w. Africa, and Fr. colony, e. thereof.

Nigeria: Br. colony and protectorate, w. Africa, 10° N., 8° E.

Nigh: lake, T. 65 N., Rs. 15 and 16 W., southwest of Lake Jeanette, St. Louis County, Minn.

Nigu: river, northwestern Alaska, on north slope of Brooks Range, an east branch of Etivluk River, near lat. 68° 30′ N., long. 156° 38′ W. Name given in 1925, in reference to a many-colored chert bluff 2½ miles above its mouth.

Nihoa: island, 120 miles northwest of Niihau, northwestern part of the Hawaiian Archipelago, near lat. 23° 06′, long. 161° 58′, T. H. (Not Bird, Modu Manu, nor Moku Manu.)

Nihon: see Japan.

Niigata: seaport, n. w. part main island, Japan; 37° 55′ N., 139° E.

Niihau: island, southwest of Kauai in private ownership; area, 73 square miles; included in Waimea District, Kauai County, T. H.

Nijmegen (Nimwegen): pr. ni′mā-gen; city on Rhine (Waal) river, e. Netherlands; Fr. Nimègue; Ger. Nimwegen; 51° 50′ N., 5° 52′ E.

Nikabuna: lake, southwestern Alaska, on Holitna River, about 30 miles west of Clark Lake, near lat. 60° 06′ N., long. 155° 30′ W. (Not Neekahueena, Neekahweena, nor Nikawina.)

Nikawina: see Nikabuna.

Nikehoshi: spring, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Nikhkak: see Kijik, river, Alaska.

Niki: lake, Lake and St. Louis Counties, Minn., Superior National Forest, in sec. 6, T. 65 N., R. 11 W., near lat. 48° 09′ N., long. 91° 48′ W., one of chain of lakes comprising Gun Lake Route.

Nikishki: bay, 4 miles northeast of East Foreland, east side Cook Inlet, lat. 60° 45′ N., long. 151° 18′ W., Alaska.

Nikolaev: see Vernoleninsk.

Nikolaevsk (Nikolaievsk): city near mouth of Amur river, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 53° N., 141° 5′ E.

***Nikolaievsk:** see Nikolaevsk.

Nikolainkaupunki, Nikolaistad: see Vaasa.

Nikolas: see Cozian.

Nikolski: village, Umnak Island, lat. 52° 50′ N., long. 168° 40′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Nikolsky.)

Nikomēdeia: see Izmit.

Nile: river, e. cen. Africa n. to Mediterranean Sea.

Nîmes or **Nismes:** pr. nēm; city, s. France; 43° 50′ N., 4° 25′ E.

Nimpomo: see Nipomo.

Nimwegen: see Nijmegen.

Nina: cove, southeastern Alaska, in southwest part of Coning Inlet, Long Island, near lat. 54° 49′ N., long. 132° 40′ W.

Nine Lake: basin, Tulare County, Calif., headwaters of Big Arroyo Creek in northwest corner T. 16 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

***Ninemile:** creek, rising in T. 17 N., R. 24 W., and tributary to Clark Fork at Ninemile Village, sec. 28, T. 15 N., R. 22 W., Missoula County, Mont. (Not Nine Mile nor Skiotah.)

Ninemile: point, western side Sugar Island, St. Marys River, Mich. (Not Nine Mile.)

Nine Mile: see Ward, creek, Mont.

Nine Mile: see Rabbit, creek, Wash.

Nine Miles: see Keaau, T. H.

Ninescah: Ninescau: see Ninnescah.

93 Mile: lake, secs. 10 and 15, T. 23 N., R. 33 W., near Montana-Idaho boundary line, Sanders County, Mont.

Ningan: see Niugan, P. I.

Ningpo: city, Chekiang prov., e. China; 30° N., 121° E.

Ninko: creek, T. 36 N., Rs. 23 and 24 W., tributary to Whale Creek from north, Flathead County, Mont.

Ninnescah: river, Kansas, and townships, Reno and Sedgwick Counties, Kans. (Not Ne-Ne-Scah, Ninescah, Ninescau, nor Ninnescau.)

Ninole: stream, on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Ninuluk: creek, northern Alaska, on north slope Brooks Range, tributary on south bank Colville River, near long. 153° W. Eskimo name.

***Niobrara:** river, chiefly in Nebraska, rising in Sec. 14, T. 32 N., R. 65 W of 6th P. M., Niobrara Co., Wyoming, flowing thence easterly enters Nebraska near lat. 42° 38′ N., and thence across northern Nebraska into the Missouri River near lat. 42° 46′ N., long. 98° 03′ W. (Pronounced nī-ō-brâ′ra.) (Not L'eau qui Court.)

Niogan: see Niugan.

Nipigon: bay, lake, and river, north shore of Lake Superior. (Not Neepigon.)

Nipomo: land grant, township, and village, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Nimpomo nor Nipoma)

Nippenose: see Antes, creek, Pa.

Nippenose: see Rauch, creek, Pa.

Nippon: see Japan.

Niquette: harbor, northern shore Duke Island, Felice Strait, lat. 54° 58′.5 N., long. 131° 23′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Niš (Nish): dist. and city, e. Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Niš; Fr. Nich; Ger. Nisch; Ital. Nissa; 43° 25′ N., 21° 50′ E.

Nish: see Niš.

Nishabotony: Nishabotny: see Nishnabotna.

Nishinomi: northwestern part of island (jima) in Hiroshima Bay, Inland Sea, Japan. (Not Michinomi, Misinobi, nor Nishi Nomi.

Nishlik: small lake in Tikchik group, north of Upnuk Lake, Nushagak region, Alaska, lat. 60° 20′ N., long. 158° 50′ W.

Nishnabotna: river, Fremont County, Iowa, and Atchison County, Mo., formed in sec. 19, T. 68 N., R. 41 W., fifth principal meridian, by junction of East and West Nishnabotna rivers, flowing thence southerly into the Missouri River in T. 63 N., R. 41 W. (Not Nishabotony, Nishabotny, nor Nishnabotony.)

Nishnabotna: town and township, Atchison County, Mo. (Not Nishnabotona.)

Niskwalli: see Nisqually.

Nismes: see Nîmes.

Nisqually: glacier, Pierce County, Indian Reservation, Pierce and Thurston Counties; and river, between Pierce, and Thurston and Lewis Counties, Wash. (Not Askwalli, Nasqually, Nezqually, Niskwalli, nor N'skwali.)

Nissa: see Niš.

Nissequogue: neck and river, Smithtown, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Nessequoque, Nissaquague, Nissaquog, Nissauaug, nor Nissequague.)

Nisswi: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 16 and 21, T. 64 N., R. 14 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "three." (Not Neswebet.)

Nistrul: see Dnestr.

Nitchwage: see Inchwagh.

Niteroi or **Nictheroy:** pr. nēk-thĕ-roy′; city, Brazil, capital, state of Rio de Janeiro; 22° 55′ S., 43° 6′ W.

Niu: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Niuafoo (locally, **Niuafoou**): island Tonga group, South Pacific Ocean, lat. 15° 34′ S., long. 175° 40′ 40″ W. (Not Niuafou nor Niua-fu.)

Niua-fu: see Niuafoo.

Niugan: barrio, Angat Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ningan.)

Niugan: barrio, Cabuyao Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ningan nor Nuigan.)

Niugan: barrio, Malabon Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Niogan.)

Niugan: barrio, Pililia Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Niogan.)

***Niugan:** barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Niogan nor Niyogan.)

Niukluk: river, largest branch of Fish River from the west, flowing into it near lat. 64° 48 N., long. 163° 28′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Eaton, Fish, Icathluik, Iklutpak, Neakluk, Neukeluk, nor Neukluk.)

Niukluk: see Fish, river, Alaska.

Niumalu: land division, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Nix: see Nicks.

Nixes Mate: shoal, Boston Bay, Suffolk County, Mass. (Not Nicks Mate, Nix Mate, nor Nixs Mate.)

Niyogan: see Niugan.

Nizam's dominions: see Hyderabad.

Nizhni Novgorod: see Gorki.

Nizmennia: see Shoals.

Nizza: see Nice.

Nobadeer: pond, Nantucket, Mass. (Not Nebadeer, Nobadee, nor Nobodeer.)

Nobscot: village, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not North Framingham.)

Nofat: mountain, between Buncombe and Madison Counties, N. C. (Not No Fat nor No-Fat.)

Nogalumbio: see Magalumbi, P. I.

Noghelin: Nogheling: Nogholem: see Newhalen.

Nohili: point, near lat. 22° 04′ N., western coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kapuai, Mana, nor Manaa.)

Noh-tin-coh: see Hupa.

Noire, Mer: see Black Sea.

Noisy: creek, tributary to Baker Lake, Whatcom County, Wash.

Noisy: two islands, on northwest side of Kodiak Island and west of north end of Uganik Island, lat. 57° 55′ .05″ N., long. 153° 33′ .07″ W., Alaska. Called Sodomniia (noisy) by Tebenkof in 1849.

Noisy: passage, on northwest side of Kodiak Island, Alaska, between Noisy Islands and Uganik Island, lat. 57° 56′ N., long. 153° 33′ W. Named after the adjacent islands.

Nokai: canyon and creek, tributary to San Juan River, San Juan County, Utah.

Nokasippi: river, tributary to Mississippi River at Fort Ripley, T. 43 N., R. 32 W., Crow Wing County, Minn. (Not Anokeseba, Nokay, Nokay Sebie, nor Nokay Sibe.)

Nokay: Nokay Sebie: Nokay Sibe: see Nokasippi.

Nokio: creek, rising northeast of Bald Mountain, T. 37 N., R. 24 W., tributary to Yakinikak Creek from northwest, Flathead County, Mont.

Nokwe Bay: Nokwebay: see Noque.

Nolachucky: see Nolichucky.

Noland: creek, Swain County, N. C. (Not Nolen.)

Nolichucky: river, North Carolina and eastern Tennessee. (Not Nolachucky nor Nolechucky.)

Nollesemic: lake, Hopkins Academy Grant, and Long A and No. 3 Townships, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Nolsemic.)

Nolsemic: see Nollesemic.

Noluck: lake, northwestern Alaska, at the head of Meridian Creek, near lat. 68° 50′ N., long. 159° 58′ W.

No Man: see No Mans, island, Me.

No Mans: island, Hancock County, Me., about 270 yards long, on west side of Jericho Bay, and about 3 miles southeast of Stonington, lat. 44° 08′ N., long. 68° 36′ W. (Not No Man.)

No Man's Land: see Diana Temple.

Nomini Grove: village, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Nominy Grove.)

No Name: glacier, northern slope Mount Baker, between Bastile and Mazama Glaciers, Whatcom County, Wash.

Noname: see Anonimo.

Nonamesset: island and point, Vineyard Sound, Mass. (Not Nonamessett.)

Nonconnah: stream, rising in northwest corner Marshall County, Miss., flowing northwest through Fayette and Shelby Counties, Tenn., entering Mississippi River below Memphis, opposite Presidents Island. (Not Nanconnah, Noncahnah, nor Noncannah.)

Nondalton: village, on south end of Lake Clark, lat. 60° N., long. 154° 52′ W., north of Iliamna Lake, Alaska. (Not Noondalty.)

Nondalton: see Sixmile.

Nonongcasto: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nonong Casto.)

Nonopahu: ridge, southern side of Olokele River, near lat. 22° 01′ N., long. 159° 35′ W., Kauai, T. H.

***Nooksack:** precinct, river, and village, Whatcom County, Wash. (Not Nooksachk, Nooksacht, Nooksak, nor Nooksahk.)

Noo-nar-book: see Big Diomede.

Noondalty: see Sixmile, lake, Alaska.

Noondalty: see Nondalton, village, Alaska.

Nooney: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., the western lake of the North Lakes group.

Noo-wook: see Nuwuk.

No Point: point (Point No Point), Kitsap County, Wash., in Puget Sound near lat. 47° 54′ N., long. 122° 30′ W. (Not Point-no-Point.)

Noquashinski: see Nakwasina.

Noque: lake, Marinette County, Wis. (Not Nokwe Bay nor Nokwebay.)

Nord: island, lies 1½ miles northeast from the east end of Ushagat Island, of the Barren Island Group, entrance to Cook Inlet, lat. 58° 58′ N., long. 152° 09′ W., Alaska.

Nordick: Nordik: see Nordyke.

Nordoe: see Pelican, cay.

Nord Slesvig: see Slesvig.

Nordwest-Pent: see Botany.

Nordyke: village, Washington County, Va. (Not Nordick nor Nordik.)

Norfolk: city in Norfolk Co., Virginia, on Elizabeth River, near lat. 36° 52′ N., long. 76° 18′ W. Population in 1930, 128,968. (Pronounced, nôr′-fawk.)

Norge: see Norway.

Normahiggin: brook, Union County, N. J. (Not Normahiggan.)

Normandie (Normandy): region, and ancient coastal province, n. France.

Normandy: see Normandie.

Norris: glacier, west side of Taku Inlet, lat. 58° 22′ N., long. 134° 03′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Kadischle, Kadishle, nor Windom.)

Norris: mountain, altitude 8,876 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 32′ W.

Norris: mountain (Mount Norris), altitude 9,900 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 06′ W. Named in 1878, for Philetus W. Norris, second superintendent of the park from 1877 to 1882.

Norris: pass, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., crossing continental divide, 2 miles north of Shoshone Lake, near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 110° 44′ W.

Norris: see Hudson Bay.

Norris Geyser: basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Gibbon River, near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 110° 42′ W. Named for Superintendent Norris, 1877–1882.

Norrköping: seaport, s. e. Sweden; 58° 30′ N., 16° 10′ E.

Norte de Santander: pr. nôr′teh deh sän-tän-dehr′; dept., Colombia; 6° 50′ N., 73° 30′ W.

North: butte, altitude 5,633 feet, sec. 26, T. 43 N., R. 5 E., one of three peaks on Monumental Buttes Ridge, Shoshone County, Idaho.

North: canyon, head of North Creek, and directly at base of east slope of Horsehead Peak, San Juan County, Utah.

North: channel, Boqueron Bay, P. R.

North: creek, heading north of Abajo Peak and flowing east to Montezuma Creek at Monticello, San Juan County, Utah. (Not North Fork of Montezuma.)

North: head, northern side entrance Iliamna Bay, lat. 59° 37′ .4 N., long. 153° 34′ W., northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast, Cook Inlet, Alaska.

North: islands, St. Bernard County, La., in Chandeleur Sound, near lat. 29° 54′ N., long. 88° 54′ W. (Not North Keys.)

North: lake, first north of "Height of Land," Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario.)

North: the small lake at north end of Chiputneticook chain of lakes, international boundary, between Maine and New Brunswick.

North: landing and town, Ohio River, Ohio County, Ind. (Not North's Landing.)

North: pass, western end of Sukkwan Strait, between Goat and Prince of Wales Islands, lat. 55° 13′ .6 N., long. 132° 53′ W., southeastern Alaska.

North: peak, Abajo Mountains, east of Harts Draw Wash and west of Horsehead Peak, San Juan County, Utah.

North: point, northeast end Fire Island at junction of Turnagain and Knik Arms, lat. 61° 10′.4 N., long. 150° 10′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska.

North: point, Coos County, Oreg., extending north into Coos Bay, in T. 25 S., R. 13 W., Willamette meridian. (Not North Bend.)

North: ridge in secs. 12 and 13, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., extending from Chiefs Head Peak about a mile to Mount Orton, 2 miles south of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

North: river, Hardy and Hampshire Counties, W. Va., rises near lat. 39° 08′ N., long. 78° 49′ W., and flows northeast into Cacapon River.

North: see West, arm of bay, Alaska.

North: see Egmont, channel, Fla.

North: see Tolomato, river, Fla.

North: see Stein, mountain, Idaho.

North: see Quaboag, pond, Mass.

North: see North Tenmile, lake Oreg.

Northampton: city, Northamptonshire, England; 52° 15′ N., 0° 53′ W.

North Aowa: creek, north branch of Aowa Creek, Dixon County, Nebr. (Not Agoway, Aowa, Ayowa, Iowa, nor Ioway.)

North Bald: see San Antonio, mt., Calif.

North Bay: point, between West and North Bays, northern shore St. Andrews Bay, Bay County, Fla. (Not West Bay.)

North Bear: see Cold, creek, Colo.

North Bear: see Holbrook, creek, Colo.

North Becket: see Becket.

North Belle Isle: see Belle Isle.

North Bend: see North, point, Alaska.

Northbound: creek, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., tributary to Sawtooth Creek from the south in sec. 14, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Northbound: lake, head of Northbound Creek, sec. 33, T. 42 N., R. 7 E., located just beneath summit of divide between North Fork Clearwater and Little North Fork Clearwater Rivers, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Sawtooth.)

North Branch: see Otter, brook, N. H.

North Branch: see Wilson, creek, Wash.

North Branch Park: river, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Woods.)

North Branch Pilchuck River: see Wilson, creek, Wash.

North Buffalo: creek, Guilford County, N. C., rises about a mile southeast of Guilford College, town of Morehead, flows north of Greensboro, and joins Buffalo Creek in the southeastern part of town of Madison, Guilford County. (Not Buffalo.)

North Burnett: island, eastern part Burnett Inlet, Etolin Island, lat. 56° 04′.3 N., long. 132° 27′.6 W., southeastern Alaska.

North Canadian: river, rising in Union County, N. Mex., and emptying into Canadian River near Eufaula, McIntosh County, Okla. (Not Beaver nor North Fork of Canadian River.)

North Caney: creek, rising in southwestern corner of Elk Falls Township, Elk County, Kans., and flowing a general southeasterly course into Washington Township, Chautauqua County, Kans., where it unites with Caney Creek.

North Canyon: see Tom Lavin.

North Carolina: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Virginia, on the east by the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by the Atlantic Ocean, South Carolina, and Georgia, and on the west by Tennessee. Area, 52,426 square miles. (Pronounced nôrth kār-o-lī′na.)

North Chuctanunda: creek, Fulton, Montgomery, and Saratoga Counties, N. Y. (Not North Chaughtanoonda nor North Chuctenunda.)

North Clear: creek, Johnson County, Wyo., heads in the southeastern portion of T. 51 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows easterly to a junction with South Clear Creek in sec. 7, T. 50 N., R. 83 W., to form Clear Creek, Bighorn National Forest.

North Cone: hill, secs. 5 and 8, T. 7 S., R. 42 E., southern end Blackfoot River Reservoir, Caribou County, Idaho.

North Cottonwood: creek, Ts. 1 and 2 N., R. 5 E., tributary to Reese Creek, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Cottonwood.)

North Dakota: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by Minnesota, on the south by South Dakota, on the west by Montana. Area, 70,837 square miles. (Pronounced dā-kō′-tah.)

***North East:** borough and township, Erie County, Pa. (Not Northeast.)

Northeast: town, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Not North East.)

North East: see Northeast.

Northeast Roseau River: see Sprague, creek.

***Northern Dvina:** see Dvina.

Northern Territory: ter., cen. n. Australia.

North Fork: range, Valley and Boise Counties, Idaho, immediately east of the North Fork of the Payette River, and west of Round Valley, extending from the southern end of Long Valley near Alpha to the lower canyon of the South Fork of the Payette River west of Garden Valley.

North Fork: river, rising in Missouri and emptying into White River in Baxter County, Ark. (Not North Fork of White River.)

North Fork: river, Madison and Gallatin Counties, Mont., rising in northwest corner of T. 6 S., R. 3 E.

North Fork: see Eagle Scout, creek, Calif.

North Fork: see North Fork, Tuolumne, Calif.

North Fork: see Frenchman, creek, Colo.

North Fork: see Cœur d'Alene, river, Idaho.

North Fork: see Roseau, river, Minn.-Canada.

North Fork: see Battle, creek, Mont.

North Fork: see Pinchot, creek, Mont.

North Fork: see Muddy, creek, N. C.

North Fork: see North Santiam, river, Oreg.

North Fork: see Mukuntuweap, Utah.

North Fork: see Chewack, creek, Wash.

North Fork: see Popo Agie, river, Wyo.

North Fork Applegate: see Little Applegate.

North Fork, Bailey: creek, Shasta County, Calif., west of Lassen Peak, in T. 30 N., Rs. 3 and 4 E.

North Fork, Belly: river, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in glacier on east slope of Goathaunt Mountain, near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 113° 50′ W., flowing northeast into Belly River.

North Fork Big Blue River: see Lincoln, creek, Nebr.

North Fork, Burns: creek, Dawson and Richland Counties, Mont., rises in T. 22 N., R. 54 E., Montana principal meridian, and empties into Burns Creek in T. 19 N., R. 56 E. (Not Burns Creek.)

North Fork Canyon: see Nicholas, creek, Idaho.

North Fork, Clearwater: stream, rising in T. 42 N., R. 11 E., Shoshone County, and tributary to Clearwater River, in T. 37 N., R. 1 E., near Ahsahka, Clearwater County, Idaho. This stream includes the creek known as Graves Creek.

North Fork, Cœur d'Alene: river, from the northwest, Kootenai and Shoshone Counties, Idaho, near lat. 47° 40′ N., long. 116° 22′ W. (Not Little Cœur d'Alene River nor Little North Fork.)

North Fork, Deer: creek, Dawson County, Mont., rises in T. 19 N., R. 52 E., Montana principal meridian, and with the South Fork forms Deer Creek in sec. 10, T. 17 N., R. 53 E.

North Fork, Eel: river, heading south of Hettenshaw Peak, in T. 2 S., R. 7 E., Trinity County, tributary to Eel River from east in T. 24 N., R. 14 W., Mendocino County, Calif. (Not South Fork of Middle Fork Eel.)

North Fork, Elk: creek, T. 15 S., Rs. 35 and 35½ E., tributary to North Fork Malheur River from west, Baker and Grant Counties, Oreg. (Not Elk.)

North Fork, Fish: creek, Ts. 13 and 14 N., Rs. 24 and 25 W., heading near Goose Lake and tributary to Fish Creek from west, Mineral County, Mont. (Not French.)

North Fork, Foster: creek, Custer County, Mont., rises in T. 1 N., R. 48 E., Montana principal meridian, and joins Foster Creek in sec. 30, T. 3 N., R. 47 E.

North Fork, Fox: creek, Richland County, Mont., rises in T. 22 N., R. 56 E., and joins Fox Creek in T. 22 N., R. 58 E., Montana principal meridian, west of Jenks.

North Fork Kaukonahua: see Kaukonahua, North Fork, T. H.

North Fork, Kaweah: river, Tulare County, Calif., formed by junction of Dorst Creek and Stony Creek on north boundary of Sequoia National Park, near northwest corner T. 15 S., R. 29 E.

North Fork, Kennedy: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 40′ W., flowing northeast across park boundary, joining South Fork to form Kennedy Creek.

North Fork Ladue: river, rises in Alaska, crossing the International Boundary at lat. 63° 46′.6 N., long. 141° W., flows southward into the Ladue River at lat. 63° 15′.6 N., long. 140° 52′ W.

North Fork Little Elk: see Little Elk.

North Fork, Malheur: river, rising in Baker County, and entering the Malheur River near Juntara, Malheur County, Oreg. (Not Malheur.)

North Fork, Milk River: see Battle, creek, Mont.

North Fork, Molalla: river, Clackamas County, Oreg., rising in T. 6 S., R. 4 E., entering Molalla River in sec. 6, T. 6 S., R. 3 E.

North Fork, North Platte: creek, Jackson County, Colo., rises in T. 11 N., R. 82 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southeast about 15 miles to where it joins the North Platte River, in sec. 29, T. 9 N., R. 80 W., Arapaho National Forest. (Not North Platte nor West Fork Platte.)

North Fork of Big Blue River: see Big Blue, river, Kans.-Neb.

North Fork of Blue River: see Keysor.

North Fork of Canadian River: see North Canadian, river, N. Mex.

North Fork of Cannon Ball: see Cannonball, river, N. Dak.

North Fork of Cheyenne: see Belle Fourche.

North Fork of Clear: see Clear, creek, Wash.

North Fork of Coos: see Millicoma.

North Fork of Dry Run: see Little Dry, run, Va.

North Fork of East Fork of Bitterroot: see Martin, creek, Mont.

North Fork of Lewis River: see Lewis, river, Wash.

North Fork of Lost Horse: see North Lost Horse.

North Fork of Middle Fork Eel: see Middle Fork, Eel.

North Fork of Minam: see North Minam.

North Fork of Montezuma: see North, creek, Utah.

North Fork of Mowich River: see North Mowich.

North Fork of Skalkaho: see Daly.

North Fork, Snake River: see Henrys Fork.

North Fork of the Arkansas: see Cache la Poudre.

North Fork of the South Fork of Stillwater: see Johnson.

North Fork of White River: see North Fork.

North Fork Range: see Shoshone, range, Idaho.

North Fork, Reno: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in sec. 7, T. 4 S., R. 37 E., Montana principal meridian, and joins Reno Creek in sec. 11, T. 4 S., R. 35 E. (Not Reno Creek.)

North Fork Rogue: see Rogue.

North Fork Roseau: see Sprague.

North Fork, Shoshone: river, Park County, Wyo., rises in unsurveyed T. 54 N., R. 107 W., sixth principal meridian, flows southwesterly, and then turns easterly, uniting with South Fork, Shoshone River in Shoshone Reservoir to form Shoshone River.

North Fork South Piney: see Kearney creek, Wyo.

North Fork, Tuolumne: pr. tuŏl'-ŭm-nē, river, Tuolumne County, Calif. (Not North Fork nor Return Creek.)

North Fork Twelvemile: see Twelvemile.

North Fork Wind River: see East Fork, Wind, river, Wyo.

North Fowl: lake, first north of South Fowl Lake, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Hen.)

North Framingham: see Nobscot.

North Gabouri: creek, Ste. Genevieve County, Mo. (Not North Gabor nor North Gabori.)

North Gate: canyon, North Platte River, beginning at a point a few miles above the Colorado-Wyoming state line and terminating in the vicinity of the mouth of Douglas Creek in Carbon County, Wyo., lat. 41° N., long. 106° 20′ W., Ts. 12 and 13 N., R. 80 W., sixth principal meridian.

North Haven: peninsula, near Sag Harbor, Suffolk County, Long Island N. Y. (Not Hog Neck.)

***North Head:** cape, north shore Akutan Island, lat. 54° 14′ N., long. 165° 56′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Sigak.)

North Hilo: see Hilo, North, T. H.

North Islesboro: village, Islesboro Town, Waldo County, Me. (Not North Isleborough.)

North Keys: see North, islands, La.

North Lakes: group of three glacial Ponds, drained by Boundary Creek, Glacier County, Mont.

Northland: glacier, Blackstone Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 41′ N., long. 148° 44′ W. Named for Northland College, Ashland, Wis.

North Logan: see Naomi.

North Lost Horse: creek, Ts. 4 and 5 N., R. 22 W., tributary to Lost Horse Creek from north, Ravalli County, Mont. (Not Lost Horse nor North Fork of Lost Horse.)

North Minam: river, flowing into Minam River in sec. 26, T. 3 S., R. 42 E., Wallowa County, Oreg. (Not North Fork of Minam nor North Fork.)

Northmoreland: township, Wyoming County, Pa. (Not North Moreland.)

North Mountain: see Hedgehog.

North Mount Seward: see Donaldson.

***North Mowich:** glacier, discharging into North Mowich River, northwestern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash. (Not North Puyallup, Tyler, nor Willis.)

North Mowich: river, heading in North Mowich Glacier; tributary to Mowich River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not North Fork of Mowich River.)

North Piney: creek, Johnson and Sheridan Counties, Wyo., heads in the central portion of T. 52 N., R. 85 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northerly and then easterly to a junction with South Piney Creek to form Piney Creek, Bighorn National Forest.

North Piney: creek, branch of Green River from the west, T. 29, Sublette County, Wyo. (Not Bitterroot.)

North Platte: river, chiefly in Wyoming and Nebraska, originates at the junction of Grizzly and Little Grizzly Creeks in Jackson County, Colo., in approximately sec. 29, T. 8 N., R. 80 W., sixth principal meridian, flowing thence northerly into Wyoming, to the Pathfinder Reservoir, northeast, east, and southeast through former Forts Casper, Fetterman, and Laramie, entering Nebraska near lat. 41° 59′ N., and continuing southeast to its confluence with the South Platte River to form the Platte River, near lat. 41° 07′ N., long. 100° 42′ W.

North Platte: see North Fork, North Platte.

North Popo Agie: river, Fremont County, Wyo., rises on east slope of the continental divide approx. in unsurveyed sec. 2, T. 32 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northeasterly to a confluence with Middle Popo Agie River in sec. 9, T. 33 N., R. 99 W., to form Popo Agie River. Pronounced pō-pō′ äzhē. In decision rendered in 1916, the name Popo Agie extended to the source of the North Fork. (Not Popo Agie.)

North Portland Harbor: waterway, North Portland, Multnomah County Oreg. (Not Oregon Slough.)

North Powder: see Anthony, lakes.

North Prong of Ogeechee Creek: see Ogeechee.

North Putnam: peak, altitude 8,837 feet, Bannock County, Idaho, in sec. 30, T. 5 S., R. 37 E., Boise meridian, Fort Hall Indian Reservation. Said to be named for Capt. James E. Putnam, 12th U. S. Infantry, who was in command of the detachment which established the Fort Hall Military Post on Lincoln Creek in 1870.

North Puyallup: see North Mowich, glacier.

North Red: see Otter Tail.

North River: see Hudson.

North Saddle: lake, draining to west shore Carrol Inlet, 1¾ miles south of Nigelius Point, Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska.

North St. Vrain: creek, heading near Continental Divide about 3 miles southwest of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

North Samish: see Edison.

North Santiam: river, rising in eastern Linn County in Big Meadows on western slope Cascade Range, and flowing north, then west, between Marion and Linn Counties, to Santiam River, near Jefferson, Oreg. (Not North Fork nor Santiam River.)

North Seward, Mount: see Donaldson.

Northside: road, running northeast from Little Cruz Bay, skirting bays and crossing peninsulas around northern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Northside: see Magens.

Norths Landing: see North.

North Star Mountain: see Bonanza Peak.

North Sunday: creek, Rosebud and Custer Counties, Mont., rises in sec. 3, T. 12 N., R. 42 E., Montana principal meridian and flows south to sec. 12, T. 9 N., R. 47 E., where it with South Sunday forms Sunday Creek.

North Swiftcurrent: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 46′ W., 1 mile north of Swiftcurrent Pass on Continental Divide.

North Tahoma: see Tahoma, glacier, Wash.

North Tenmile: lake, Coos County, Oreg., in T. 23 S., R. 12 W., Willamette meridian. (Not North.)

North Toe: river, branch of the Nolichucky River, Avery, Mitchell, and Yancey Counties, N. C. (Not Toe nor Tow.)

North Tongue: river, Sheridan County, Wyo., rises in the northwestern portion of T. 55 N., R. 90 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows generally easterly to a junction with South Tongue River in sec. 22, T. 56 N., R. 88 W., to form Tongue River, Bighorn National Forest.

North Twin: bay, the northern of two bays indenting west end of Elrington Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 148° 13′ W.

Northwest: cove, on northwest shore of Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., east of Indian Point, near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 68° 22′ W. (Not Clark.)

Northwest: harbor, Easthampton Town, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not West.)

Northwest: township and village, Williams County, Ohio. (Not North West.)

Northwest: see Clark, cove, Me.

Northwest: see Botany, point, Virgin Islands.

Northwest Angle: angle of Lake of the Woods from which international boundary line (between Minnesota and Ontario) starts south to 49th Parallel.

Northwest Angle: inlet, at Northwest Angle, Lake of the Woods, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Northwest Angle: stream, Canadian side Northwest Angle Inlet, flowing in southerly direction with its mouth at western boundary of Indian Reserve No. 33B, Ontario, Canada.

Northwest Arm Death Valley: see Mesquite.

Northwestern: glacier, at the head of Harris Bay, lat. 59° 45′ N., long. 149° 56′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Northwest Fivefinger: see Akusha.

Northwest Fork of Nanticoke: see Marshyhope.

Northwest Prong of Nanticoke: see Marshyhope.

Northwest Territories: n. part of Canada.

Northwest Yeocomico River: see White Point.

North White: see White, creek, Colo.

North Yakima: see Yakima, city and precinct, Wash.

North Yallo Bally: see North Yolla Bolly.

***North Yolla Bolly:** mountains, northern Coast Ranges, Trinity County, Calif. (Not North Yallo Bally, Yalla Balley, Yolla Bally, nor Yola Buli.)

Norton: island, about 5 miles from South Thomaston, Knox County, Me. (Not Norton's.)

Norton: island, Pleasant Bay, Washington County, Me. (Not Norton's.)

Norton Island: ledge, near Norton Island, Penobscot Bay, Knox County, Me. (Not Norton's Island.)

Norton Island: ledge, near Norton Island, Pleasant Bay, Washington County, Me. (Not Norton's Island.)

Norton's: see Norton, Me.

Norumbega: mountain, eastern side of Somes Sound, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Brown's.)

Norvège: see Norway.

Norway: kingdom, n. Europe; Nor., Swed., and Dan. Norge; Fr. Norvège, Ger. Norwegen; Ital. Norvegia.

Norwegen: see Norway.

Norwich: city, Norfolk County, England; 52° 40′ N., 1° 15′ E.

Norzagaray: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Noseeum: lake, sec. 36, T. 43 N., R. 5 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Nosowskoj: see Pogromni.

Nossuk: bay, western coast, Prince of Wales Island, lat. 55° 42′ N., long. 133° 21′ W., near eastern end Heceta Island, Alaska.

Nossuk Anchorage: bay, Alaska, northeastern side Nossuk Bay, Prince of Wales Island, lat. 55° 44′ N., long. 133° 20′ W.

Notch: mountain, Yellowstone National Park, Park County, Wyo., on new eastern boundary, near lat. 44° 38′ N., long. 109° 56′ W.

Notch: peak, Millard County, Utah, in the House Range, near lat. 39° 09′ N., long. 113° 25′ W.

Notch, The: gap, in high bank on north side of Thorofare River, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, north of Muldrow Glacier, lat. 63° 24′ 40″ N., long. 150° 25′ 12″ W. This is a local name in constant use.

Notely: see Nottely.

Notioslavia: see Yugoslavia.

Nottahndelit: spring, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Not-tahn-de-lit.)

Nottely: river, Union County, Ga., and Cherokee County, N. C. (Not Notely, Nottelley, nor Nottla.)

Nottingham: city, Nottinghamshire, England; 52° 58′ N., 1° 10′ W.

Nottla: see Nottely.

Nouadaga: see Nowadaga.

Nounivak: see Nunivak.

Nouvelle Calédonie (New Caledonia): large island e. of n. Australia; French; 21° S., 166° E.

Nouvelle Guinée: see New Guinea.

Nouvelles Hébrides: see New Hebrides.

Novadaga: see Nonadaga.

Nova Gôa: see Gôa.

Novara: prov. and city, n. w. Italy, near Milano; 45° 28′ N., 8° 37′ E.

Novarupta: volcano, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 7 or 8 miles west of Mount Katmai, near long. 155° 10′ W.

Noveleta: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Novikakat: see Nowitna.

Novi Sad: city on Danube river, n. e. Yugoslavia; Ger. Neusatz; Mag. Újvidék; 45° 15′ N., 19° 50′ E.

Novocherkassk: city near mouth of Don river, North Caucasian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 47° 28′ N., 40° 5′ E.

Novo-Nikolaevsk: see Novosibirsk.

Novorossiisk: seaport, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia), on Black Sea; 44° 42′ N., 37° 25′ E.

Novosibirsk: formerly Novo-Nikolaevsk; capital of western Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); on Trans-Siberian R. R.; 55° 6′ N., 83° 6′ E.

Nowadaga: creek, Herkimer County, N. Y. (Not Indian Castle nor Nouadaga.)

Nowat: river, tributary to Kuskokwim River from north, near lat. 61° 49′ N., long. 158° 06′ W., Alaska. (Not Knowat nor Yukwonilnuk.)

Nowata: city, Nowata County, Okla. (Not Noweta.)

*Nowitna: river, tributary to the Yukon River from the south, near lat. 64° 54′ N., long. 154° 18′ W., Alaska. (Not Novikakat, Nowi, Nowikakat, nor Nowikaket.)

Nowood: creek, tributary to Big Horn River from the east, Big Horn and Washakie Counties, Wyo. (Not No Wood.)

Noxubee: river, running southeastward through Noxubee County, Miss., into Alabama, and emptying into the Tombigbee River near Gainesville. (Not Oaknoxubee nor Okanoxubee.)

Noyes: rock, entrance to Stonington Harbor, Fishers Island Sound, Conn. (Not Noyes's.)

Noyes Beach: Noyes Neck: see Weekapaug.

N. P.: see Big Cedar, gulch, Mont.

N'skwali: see Nisqually.

Nuaailua: stream, flowing northeastward into sea, supplying water to Koolau Ditch through its branches, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Nualolo: gulch, Napali Section, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Nuulolo.)

Nualolo: stream, Nualolo Valley, debouching on northwestern coast of Kauai, near long. 159° 43′ W., T. H. (Not Awaawa River.)

Nub, The: see Bald, rock, Me.

Nubble: see Knubble.

Nubble, The: see Long, ledge, Me.

Ñuble: pr. nyōō′bleh; prov. Chile; 36° 30′ S., 72° 8′ W.

Nueces: river, southern Texas. (Not Neuces.)

Nuestra Señora de Antipolo: see Antipolo, P. I.

Nuestra Señora del Carmen: see Carmen, P. I.

Nuestra Señora del Rosario: see Rosario, P. I.

Nueva Coveta: township, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Nueva Esparta: pr. nweh′vä ehspär′tä; state, Venezuela.

Nueva Vida: barrio, Carmen Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Nueva-Vida nor Nuevavida.)

*Nuevo León: pr. nweh′vō leh-ōn′; state, Mexico.

Nuggett Creek: glacier, mainland of Alaska, at head of Nugget Creek, near lat. 58° 26′ N., long. 134° 25′ W.

Nuhluk: see Nahtuk.

Nuigan: see Niugan, P. I.

Nuka: island, near southern coast of Kenai Peninsula, adjacent to Nuka Bay, lat. 59° 21′ N., long. 150° 40′ W., Alaska.

Nuka: passage, on west side of Nuka Island between Nuka Island and mainland of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 59° 22′ N., long. 150° 46′ W. (Not Nuka Island Passage.)

Nuka: point, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, at southern end of Nuka Island, near lat. 59° 17′ N., long. 150° 43′ W.

Nuka: river, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, emptying into West Arm Nuka Bay, near lat. 59° 33′ N., long. 150° 39′ W. Local name reported by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party, 1927.

Nuka: river, northwestern Alaska, north slope of Brooks Range, tributary on south bank of upper Colville River, near lat. 69° N., long. 159° 05′ W. Eskimo word meaning "caribou," in reference to the many seen there.

Nuka: rock, 3 feet high, about one-half mile south of Nuka Point, Nuka Island, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 59° 17′ N., long. 150° 43′.5 W.

Nuka Island Passage: see Nuka, passage, Alaska.

Nukakalkak: see Kekurnoi, cape, Alaska.

Nukluklayet: village, on the middle Yukon, about 20 miles west of the mouth of Tanana River, Alaska. (Not Nukiukahyet, Nuklukyet, nor Tuklukyet.)

Nulhutno: see Tazimina.

Nuluk: see Nahtuk.

No. 32: see Retreat, lake, Wash.

Number Three: bay, on east side of Cook Inlet, about 11½ miles northeast of East Foreland, Alaska.

Nunachuak: native camp, on the east bank of the Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, about 3½ miles below the mouth of the Mulchatna River, lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 157° 05′ W.

Nunachuak: small creek, entering Nushagak River from the east at Nunachuak Village, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 157° 05′ W.

Nunatak: glacier, nearly 2 miles wide, moving northwest, the main fork reaching head of Nunatak Fiord, east arm of Russel Fiord, Yakutat Bay, Alaska.

Nunavaugaluk: lake, about 14 miles long, Nushagak region, Alaska, southwest of Aliknagik Lake, lat. 59° 15′ N., long. 158° 50′ W. Reported to be native word meaning old lake.

Nunivak: island, eastern part Bering Sea, lat. 60° 05′ N., long. 166° 20′ W., Alaska. (Not Nounivak.)

Nuremberg: see Nürnberg.

***Nürnberg (Nuremberg):** city, Bavaria, s. Germany; Fr. Nuremberg; 49° 27′ N., 11° 5′ E.

Nushagak: point, at the village of Nushagak, lat. 58° 57′ N., long. 158° 28′ W., Nushagak Bay, Alaska. (Not Cape Nushagak.)

Nut: small island, in Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 153° 10′ W.

Nutras: creek, tributary to Cochetopa Creek from southwest, Ts. 43 and 44 N., R. 1 E., Saguache County, Colo. (Not Beaver.)

Nutten Hook: village, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Coxsackie, Newton Hook, nor Nuttenhook.)

Nutter: point, western side Duck Cove, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Clark's, Clarks, Dix, Dix's, nor Nutter's.)

Nutter: Nutter's: see Dix.

Nuu: land division, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Nuuanu: land division, partly in Government ownership, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Nuuanu: residential section of Honolulu, at the lower end of Nuuanu Valley, Oahu, T. H.

Nuuanu: stream, rising at Nuuanu Pali Pass, Koolau Range, flowing southwestward through Nuuanu Valley into Honolulu Harbor, receiving the flow of Pauoa Stream near its mouth, Honolulu District, Oahu, T.H.

Nuuanu Pali: cliff and pass, Koolau Range, east Oahu, T. H.; elevation, 1,207 feet; one of the historic and scenic places of Honolulu, only 6 miles distant.

Nuulolo: see Nualolo, T. H.

Nuwhalen: see Newhalen.

Nuwuk: Eskimo village at Point Barrow, lat. 71° 23′ N., long. 156° 15′ W., Arctic coast of Alaska. (Not Noo-wook.)

Nuyakuk: lake, the largest of the Tickchik group, Nushagak region, Alaska, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 158° 40′ W. This lake is 27 miles long and connected with Tickchik Lake by a narrow shallow channel.

Nuyakuk: river, western branch of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, and entering that river at lat. 59° 28′ 30″ N., long. 157° 31′ W. (Not Tikchik.)

Nyack: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 29′ W., flowing northwest 9 miles, then southwest 13 miles into Middle Fork of Flathead River.

Nyasaland: Br. protectorate bordering Lake Nyasa, s. e. Africa; 12° S., 34° 30′ E.

Nye: sunken ledge, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Nye's.)

Nye's: see Connett.

Nyíregyháza: city, n. e. Hungary; 47° 58′ N., 21° 43′ E.

O

Oahu: island, T. H., near center of main group, lat. 21° 30′ N., long. 158° W., 98 sea miles southeast of Kauai and 134 sea miles northwest of Hawaii; consists of two mountain ranges, Koolau and Waianae, with a tableland between; highest point, Kaala, 4,030 feet, roughly quadrilateral; length, 45 miles; width, 24 miles; area, 598 square miles. (Not Wahoo, Waohoo, nor Woahoo.)

Oahu-Koolau: see Waiahole, T. H.

Oak: canyon and creek, south bank Colorado River, near long. 110° 55′ W., San Juan County, Utah.

Oak: hill, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, west of Somes Pond, near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 68° 22′ W.

Oak: point, Huron County, Mich. (Not Oat.)

Oak: point, 7 miles southwest of Morristown, St. Lawrence County, N. Y.

Oak: see Robbins, hill, Me.

Oak Bluffs: light station, entrance to Lake Anthony, Mass. (Not Cottage City.)

Oakdale: town and village, Monroe County, Wis. (Not Oak Dale.)

Oakes: landing, Ohio River, Washington County, Ohio. (Not Oakes's.)

Oakgrove: see Dillard, creek, Va.

Oak Grove: see Mitchell, mountain, Oreg.

Oak Hill: see Bald, hill, Me.

Oakland: city, in Alameda Co., California, on San Francisco Bay, near lat. 37° 48′ N., long. 122° 18′ W. Population in 1930, 284,213. (Pronounced ok′lănd.)

Oaknoxubee: see Noxubee.

Oakpoint: village, on St. Lawrence River, Hammond Town, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Oak Point.)

Oaktazaza: see South Sandy.

Oakwood: railroad station, Cayuga County, N. Y. (Not Springport.)

Oanui: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into Kailua Stream from the west, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Oarlock: island, in Dease Inlet, at entrance to Admiralty Bay, northern coast of Alaska, near long. 155° W. Charted outline resembles an oarlock.

Oas: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Oat: see Oak, point, Mich.

Oaxaca: state, s. Mexico and its capital; 17° 10′ N., 96° 50′ W.

Ob: river, Ural Oblast, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic), from Altai mts. to Ob Bay of Arctic Sea.

Obalin: Obaliu: see Obaliw, P. I.

Obaliw: barrio, Oas Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Obalin, Obaliu, nor Obolico.)

Oban: creek, Ouray County, Colo.

Obando: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Obbog: see Ubbug, P. I.

Oberhausen: city, lower Ruhr valley, Rheinprovinz, w. Germany; 51° 28′ N., 6° 50′ E.

Oberlin: falls, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., at head of Logan Creek near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 44′ W.

Oberlin: peak, northeast of Cannon Mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont.

Oberösterreich (Upper Austria): pr. ōb′er-es′ter-rīkh; province, Austria.

Oberschlesien: see Schlesien.

Obey: river, northern Tennessee, tributary to the Cumberland. (Not Obie's.)

Obi: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north rim of canyon wall, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 01′ W.

Obie's: see Obey.

Obijan: see Ubihan, P. I.

Obligation: see Butlers.

Oblong: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in north central part of Upper Geyser Basin, left bank of Firehole River, near footbridge across river.

Obohan: Obojan: see Obuhan, P. I.

Obojan: see Olbuhan, P. I.

Obolico: see Obaliw, P. I.

Observation: mountain 3,181 feet high, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, on west bank of Katmai Creek, near lat. 58° 10′ N.

Observation: peak, altitude 9,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 33′ W.

Observation: rock, on ridge separating Russell Glacier from North Mowich Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Observation: see Ogden, peak, Utah.

Observation: see Huxley Terrace.

Observatory: see Ogden, peak, Utah.

Observatory: see Pyramid, island, Alaska.

Obsidian: butte, on Pahute Mesa, Nye County, Nev.

Obsidian: cliff, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 44′ W.

Obsidian: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., in Twin Lakes, flowing north into Gardiner River.

Obsidian: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 42′ W., 8 miles north of Norris Geyser Basin, and one mile east of Mammoth-Norris Junction Road.

Obuhan: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Abojan nor Obohan.)

Obuhan: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Obohan, Obojan, nor Obujan.)

Obuhan: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Obojan nor Obujan.)

Obujan: see Obuhan, P. I.

Ocala: city and lake, Marion County, Fla. (Not Ocola.)

Ocapilco: see Okapilco.

Occohannock: see Okahanikan.

Ocean: see Kure, T. H.

Oceanic: village, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Oceania nor Port Washington.)

Ochlochnee: Ochlocknee: see Ochlockonee.

Ochlockonee: bay, Franklin and Wakulla Counties, Fla.; river, Fla. and Ga.; and village, Leon County, Fla. (Not Ochlocknee, Oklocknee, nor Ocklockonee.)

Ochlockonee: militia district and village, Thomas County, Ga. (Not Ochlochnee.)

Ochre: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 37′ N., long. 110° 24′ W.

Och-sa-ki-een: see Oksa.

Ocilla: see Aucilla.

Ocklockonee: see Ochlockonee.

Ockmulgee: see Okmulgee.

Ockoocanganset: hill, Marlboro, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Ockcooanganset.)

Oclawaha: see Oklawaha.

***Ocoee:** river, in Tennessee. The part in Georgia is called Toccoa. (Not Okoee.)

Ocoee: see Toccoa.

Ocola: see Ocala.

Ocopilco: see Okapilco.

Ocquionis: creek, Otsego and Herkimer Counties, N. Y. (Not Fish.)

O'Dell: creek, Rosebud and Powder River counties, Mont., heads, as an intermittent stream, in T. 6 S., R. 45 E., Montana principal meridian, and drains northwesterly to join Tongue River in T. 4 S., R. 43 E., Montana principal meridian. Named for an early settler.

Odell: creek, rising in Odell Lake, sec. 31, T. 23 S., R. 6 E., flowing northeastward about 8 miles into Davis Lake, Klamath County, Oreg.

Ödenburg: see Sopron.

Odenkirchen: see Gladbach-Rheydt.

Odense: city, Fyn island, Denmark; 55° 25′ N., 10° 27′ E.

Oder: river, Czechoslovakia and Germany, n. to Baltic Sea, near Stettin; Cz. Odra.

Odessa: seaport, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 46° 29′ N., 30° 40′ E.

Odessa: town, New Castle County, Del. (Not Odessey.)

Odeypore: see Udaipur.

Odiongan: bay and town, Capiz Province, Tablas: and village, Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Odiungan.)

Odol: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ondol.)

O'Donnel: landing, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not O'Donnell's.)

Odra: see Oder.

Odrin: see Edirne.

Oelrichs: precinct and town, Fall River County, S. Dak. (Not Oehlrichs.)

Oerns: see Aaron.

Oesel: see Saare.

O'Fallon: creek, southeastern Montana, rises in Carter County, in T. 2 N., R. 56 E., Montana principal meridian, flows north and northwest through Fallon County and tributary to the Yellowstone River in T. 12 N., R. 52 E., near Fallon in Prairie County. (Not Fallon.) A corporal, O'Fallon, of the United States Army, was killed by Indians on this creek.

Offenbach: city, near Frankfurt-am-Main, state of Hessen, w. Germany; 50° 6′ N., 8° 45′ E.

Offutt: village, Anderson County, Tenn. (Not Cane Creek.)

Ogalalla: peak, altitude 13,147 feet, on the Continental Divide, 7 miles southwest of Longs Peak, in sec. 3, T. 2 N., R. 74 W., west of Copeland Mountain, Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo. (Not Oglala nor Ogallala.)

Ogalalla: see Ogallala.

***Ogallala:** village, county seat of Keith County, Nebr. (Not Ogalalla.)

Ogamaw: village, Ouachita County, Ark. (Not Ogemaw.)

Oganse: see Pipe.

Ogden: landing and town, Ohio River, Ballard County, Ky. (Not Ogden's.)

Ogden: passage, southwestern coast of Chichagof Island between it and Herbert Graves Island, lat. 57° 40′ N., long. 136° 10′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Ogden: peak (Mount Ogden), altitude 7,441 feet, lat. 58° 25′ 45″ N., long. 133° 22′ 33″ W., on international boundary, Alaska and Canada. Named after Herbert G. Ogden, of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, who explored and mapped some of this section of Alaska, and who was a member of the United States Geographic Board for many years.

***Ogden:** peak, altitude 10,102 feet, southeast of Ogden, Morgan, and Weber Counties, Utah. (Not Observation nor Observatory.)

Ogden Mine: see Edison.

Ogden's: see Ogden, Ky.

Ogeechee: creek, rising in northwestern part of Screven County, and tributary to Ogeechee River near Oliver, Ga. (Not Little Ogeechee River nor North Prong of Ogeechee Creek.)

Ogeechee: river, tributary to Ossabaw Sound, eastern Georgia. (Not Big Ogeechee.)

Ogemaw: see Ogamaw.

Ogier: point, Penobscot Bay, near Camden, Knox County, Me. (Not Ojier.)

Ogilvie: peak (Mount Ogilvie), altitude 7,700 feet, lat. 58° 51′ 34″, long. 134° 15′ 25″, on the international boundary, Alaska and Canada. Named after William Ogilvie, who made field surveys, 1893–1895, and aided in making the maps, according to which the boundary was determined.

Ogishkemuncie: lake, Lake County, Minn. (Not Kingfisher nor Ogishki Muncie.)

Oglala: see Ogalalla, peak.

Oglethorpe: mountain (Mount Oglethorpe), altitude 3,290 feet, Pickens County, Ga., near lat. 34° 30′ N., long. 84° 20′ W., about 5½ miles north of east of Jasper and 12 miles northwest of Dawsonville. (Not Grassy nor Grassy Knob.) The name Grassy Mountain for this mountain was changed to Mount Oglethorpe in memory of the founder of Georgia, General Oglethorpe, by joint resolution of the General Assembly of Georgia, approved July 29, 1929.

Ogleton: lake, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Cat Fish Hole nor Cat Hole Creek.)

Ogontz: see Pipe.

Ogreeta: village, Cherokee County, N. C. (Not Ogreta.)

Ogsip: see Ugsip, P. I.

Ohanapecosh: hot springs, on the Ohanapecosh River, sec. 4, T. 14 N., R. 10 E., Rainier National Forest, Lewis County, Wash. (Not Cowlitz.)

Ohanapecosh: river, heading in Ohanapecosh Glacier, tributary to Cowlitz River, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis and Pierce Counties, Wash.

O'Hanna: see Neawanna.

Ohatchee: creek, precinct, railroad station, and village, Calhoun County, Ala. (Not Ohatchie.)

Ohatchie: see Ohatchee.

Oheo: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing southeastward into sea near Kipahulu, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

O'Higgins: pr. o-hē'gens; former prov., cen. Chile; now part of prov. Colchagua.

Ohio: peak, Elk Mountains, Gunnison County, Colo. (Not Anthracite.)

Ohio: river, formed at Pittsburgh, western Pennsylvania, by the junction of the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers, near lat. 40° 27′ N., long. 80° 00′ W., flowing thence southwest, forming parts of the Ohio-West Virginia, Ohio-Kentucky, Indiana-Kentucky, and Illinois-Kentucky boundaries, into the Mississippi River near lat. 37° 00′ N., long. 89° 10′ W. (Pronounced ō-hī'-ō.)

Ohio: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Michigan and Canada, on the east by Pennsylvania and West Virginia, on the south by West Virginia and Kentucky, and on the west by Indiana. Area, 41,040 square miles. (Pronounced ō-hī'-ō.)

Ohio, Mount: see Carbon, peak, Colo.

Ohjai: see Otay.

Oil: bay, northwestern shore of Cook Inlet, lat. 59° 38′ N., long. 153° 17′ W., Alaska.

Oil: canyon, leading southerly from Oil City, about 10 miles due north of Coalinga, Fresno County, Calif.

Oil: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 114° 12′ W., small enlargement of Indian Creek. (Not Indian.)

Oil: reef, about ½ mile off southwestern point of Oil Bay, Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Oinap: sitio, Mabitac Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ouinap.)

Oita: seaport, n. e. Kyushu island, Japan; 33° 15′ N., 131° 40′ E.

Ojibway: peak, SE. ¼ sec. 30, T. 27 N., R. 31 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Ojier: see Ogier.

Okahanikan: cove, Bloodsworth Island, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Hanikan, Occohannock, nor Onkanikan.)

***Okanagan:** lake and town, British Columbia, Canada. (Not Okanogan.)

Okanogan: county, precinct, town, and river tributary to the Columbia, Wash. (Not Okinakane.)

Okanogan: see Okanagan.

Okanoxubee: see Noxubee.

Okapilco: creek, Brooks and Colquitt Counties, Ga. (Not Ocapilco nor Ocopilco.)

Okatoma: creek, tributary to Bowie Creek, Covington County, Miss. (Not Okatomy nor Sun.)

Okayama: city, w. part main island, Japan; 34° 40′ N., 133° 55′ E.

Okazaki: city, s. cen. part main island, Japan; 35° N., 137° 10′ E.

Okeechobee: county, southern part of Florida. (Not Okechobee.)

***Okeechobee:** lake, Martin and Palm Beach Counties, Fla. (Not Okechobee.)

Okeechobee: village, Okeechobee County, Fla. (Not Okechobee nor Tantic.)

Okefenokee: swamp, Florida and Georgia. (Not Akenfonogo, E-cun fino-cau, Ekanfinaka, Okeefenokee, Okefenoke, Okefinokee, nor Oquafanoka.)

Okho: see Hoko.

Okhotsk: sea, arm of Pacific Ocean w. of Kamchatka peninsula, Far Eastern Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); Russ. Okhotskoe More.†

Okinakane: see Okanogan.

Oklahoma: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Kansas and Colorado, on the east by Missouri and Arkansas, on the south by Texas, and on the west by Texas and New Mexico. Area, 70,057 square miles. (Pronounced ō-kla-hō'ma.)

Oklahoma City: capital of Oklahoma, in Oklahoma Co., on the North Fork of the Canadian River, near lat. 35° 28′ N., long. 97° 31′ W. Population in 1930, 185,383. (Pronounced, ō-klą̊-hō′mā.)

Oklashok: see Alatna.

Oklawaha: river, Marion and Putnam Counties, Fla. (Not Oclawaha.)

Oklocknee: see Ochlockonee.

***Okmulgee:** city and creek, Okmulgee County, Okla. (Not Ockmulgee nor Okmulkee.)

Okoee: see Ocoee.

Okole: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea near Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Oksa: creek, tributary to the Stikine River, from the east, lat. 57° 25′ N., long. 131° 48′ W., Canada. (Not Och-sa-ki-een, Oksaklin, nor Oksakine.)

Okstukuk: small lake, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, in the flats about 7 miles southeast of the eastern end of the upper arm of Lake Nerka, lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 158° 18′ W.

Oktaha: town, Muskogee County, Okla.

Ola: rock, Sucia Bay, P. R.

Olaa: land division, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Olaa (Kurtistown): village, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Ola Grande: point (Point Ola Grande) 5½ miles west of Arroyo, P. R. (Not Punta de Olas Grandes.)

O'-la-lee: Olalee: see Olallie, creek and meadow.

Olallie: butte, Marion and Wasco counties, Oreg., summit of Cascade Range, near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 121° 45′ W. (Not Olay, Ollalie, nor Ollallie.)

Olallie: canyon, T. 24 N., R. 18 E., Chelan County, Wash. (Not Ollala.)

Olallie: creek, flowing northwesterly into South Fork Snoqualmie River, below Rockdale Creek, King County, Wash. (Not O'-la-lee nor Olalee.)

Olallie: meadow, King County, Wash., at the head of Olallie Creek, near lat. 47° 21′ N., long. 121° 26′ W. (Not O'-la-lee nor Olalee.)

Öland: long island in the Baltic, Sweden; 57° N., 16° 30′ E.

Olay: see Olallie, butte.

Olbuhan: barrio, Garcia Hernandez Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Obojan nor Olbujan.)

Olbujan: see Olbuhan, P. I.

Old Baldy: peak, Sangre de Cristo Range, Costilla County, Colo. (Not Baldy.)

Old Baldy: see Wrightson, mountain, Ariz.

Old Baldy: see Roop, mountain, Calif.

Old Baldy: see San Antonio, Calif.

Old Baldy: see Wiessner, mountain, Idaho.

Old Baldy: see Spokane, mountain, Wash.

Old Bath Lake: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about one-half mile northeast of Great Fountain Geyser, in Lower Geyser Basin.

Old Duck: see Duck.

Oldenburg: city and state, n. w. Germany; 53° 10′ N., 8° 12′ E.

Old Faithful: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at south end of Upper Geyser Basin, left bank of Firehole River. First geyser named in the park. So called by Washburn party, 1870.

Old Fred's: see Freds.

Oldham: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 33′ N., 2° 7′ W.

Old Harbor: island, Chandeleur Sound, La. (Not Old Harbor Keys.)

Old Harbor: see Barling, bay, Alaska.

Old Harbor: see Starrigavan, bay, Alaska.

Old Maid Crossing: post light, Ohio River, Livingston County, Ky. (Not Old Maid's Crossing.)

Old Maid Place: lighthouse, Whitehall Narrows, Lake Champlain, Vt. (Not Old Maid's Place.)

Oldman: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 28′ W., head of Dry Fork Creek.

Old Man: see Profile.

Oldmans: creek, point, and township, Salem County, N. J. (Not Oldman, Oldman Creek, nor Old Man's Point.)

Old Man's: see Profile.

Old Mount Whitney: see Corcoran.

Old Rocky: see Blackhall, mountain, Colo.

Old Squaw, The: rock, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 17′ W., on east slope of Squaw Mountain.

Old Tampa Bay: see Port Tampa.

Old Town: city and town, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Indian Oldtown nor Oldtown.)

Old Town: village, near Charleston, S. C. (Not Old Town Landing nor St. Mary's.)

Old Town: see St. Francis, village, Fla.

***Old Tyonek:** Indian village, southwestern part of Moquawkie Indian Reservation, west side of Cook Inlet, Alaska, lat. 61° 02′ N., long. 151° 17′.5 W. (Not Toyoniek, Toyonok nor Tyonek.)

Ole: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 22′ W., on southwest slope of Bearhead Mountain, flowing southwest into Middle Fork of Flathead River.

O'Leary: peak, Coconino County, Ariz. in secs. 2, 3, 10, and 11, T. 23 N., R. 8 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, about 6 miles northeast of San Francisco Mountain.

Olentangy: river, including western branch, Crawford, Delaware, Franklin, and Marion Counties, Ohio. (Not Whetstone Creek.)

Ole Olson: see Cascade, creek.

Olesburg: see Olsburg.

Olive: creek, Alaska, entering the head of Olive Cove, from the west, on Etolin Island, near lat. 56° 10′ N., long. 132° 20′ W., Tongass National Forest. So named in 1904 for a local navigator.

Oliver: reef, north side of Hatteras Inlet, N. C. (Not Oliver's.)

Oljeto: creek, tributary to San Juan River, San Juan County, Utah. (Not Oljato nor Moonlight.)

Oljeto: settlement, and ranch near Arizona line, San Juan County, Utah. (Not Oljato, Olje To, nor Moonlight.)

Ollala: see Olallie, canyon.

Ollalie: Ollallie: see Olallie, butte, Oreg.

Ollie: see Pratt, lake, Wash.

Olmütz: see Olomouc.

Olo: canyon, entering Colorado River on south bank, 2 miles below Kanab Creek, Grand Canyon, Coconino County, Ariz.

Olohena: land division, partly in Government ownership, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Olokele: ditch, diverting water from the south side of Olokele Stream for cane irrigation, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Olokele: river, rising on western slope of Waialeale Peak, flowing southwestward to junction with Mokuone Stream to form Makaweli River, receiving the flow of Kahana Stream from the north, eastern Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Olomouc: pr. o'lo-mo-o͞ots; city on the Morava, Czechoslovakia; Ger. Olmütz; 49° 35′ N., 17° 15′ E.

Olongapo: barrio, Subic Municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Oloolo: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Oloolo: barrio, Santiago Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Olo Olo.)

Olosenga: see Swains.

Olowalu: land division, in Government ownership, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Olowalu: stream, rising in southern slope of west Maui, flowing southwestward into sea, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Olowalu: village, southwestern coast, west Maui, T. H.

Olsburg: village, Pottawatomie County, Kans. (Not Olesburg.)

Olson: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 03′ W., in Logan Glacier, flowing easterly into Waterton River.

Olson: mountain, altitude 7,800 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 58′ N., long. 113° 56′ W. Named for surveyor on international boundary.

Oltenia (Lesser Walachia): region, Rumania, w. of the Olt river; Fr. Olténie. See also Walachia.

Olympia: capital of Washington, in Thurston County, on Puget Sound, near lat. 47° 03′ N., long. 122° 54′ W. Population in 1930, 11,733. (Pronounced ō-lĭm′-pĭ-a.)

Olympus: peak, elevation, 2,447 feet, at the head of Manoa Valley, Koolau Range, east Oahu, T. H. (Not Awawaloa.)

Omabay: see Umabay, P. I.

Omaha: city, in Douglas County, Nebr., on the Missouri River, near lat. 41° 16′ N., long. 95° 57′ W. Population in 1930, 214,175. (Pronounced ō′-mā-haw.)

Omalik: river, Arctic coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, tributary on east bank of Kuk River, Wainwright Inlet, near lat. 72° 25′ N., long. 159° 31′ W. Eskimo name, meaning *chief*.

Omalik: see Omilak.

Oman: sultanate, e. coast, Arabia; capital, Masqat (Muscat).

Ombao: see Ombaw, P. I.

Ombaw: barrio, Bula Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ombao.)

Omday: Omdoy: see Ondoy, P. I.

Omdurman: city, Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, near Khartoum; 15° 37′ N., 32° 32′ E.

***Omilak:** creek, east branch of Fish River, near lat. 65° 02′ N., long. 163° W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Omalik nor Umalik.)

Ommaney: bay, south end of Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, on the west side of Cape Ommaney, near long. 134° 41′ W.

Ommaney: peak, altitude 2,005 feet, south end of Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, near Cape Ommaney.

Omoe: peak, near lat. 21° 57′ N., long. 159° 27′ 30″ W., southeastern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Omoi.)

Omsk: city, w. Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic), on Trans-Siberian R. R.; 55° 10′ N., 73° 50′ E.

Omuda: see Omuta.

Omuta: city, Kyushu island, Japan; 33° 5′ N., 130° 25′ E. Not Omuda.

Onaqui: mountain range, extending south from Johnsons Pass to Cherry Creek Valley, Tooele County, Utah. (Not Aqui.)

Onat: see Unat, P. I.

Onawa: lake, Elliottsville Plantation, Piscataquis County, Me. (Not Onaway nor Ship Pond.)

Onawasa: creek, Steuben County, N. Y., in western part of the town of Addison, 2½ miles northwest of Addison village, and one-half mile east of Jones Corners, flowing southeast to Goodhue Creek, a north tributary of Canisteo River.

Ondol: see Ongdol, P. I.

Ondol: see Odol, P. I.

Ondoy: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Omday nor Omdoy.)

O'Neel: peak (Mount O'Neel), altitude 5,500 feet high, Alaska, near lat. 60° 42′ N., long. 144° 50′ W. For the late A. C. O'Neel, prominent construction engineer for the Copper River and Northwestern Railway.

O'Neil: creek, T. 29 N., R. 23 W., heading near Ashley Lake, Flathead County, Mont. (Not Lost.)

O'Neill: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 00′ W.

One Leg: see Conotton.

Onensheg: Onenshey: see Quenshukeny.

Oneota: see Upper Iowa.

One Wheel: canyon, Lincoln County, Nev., a part of Burnt Canyon in sec. 29, T. 1 N., R. 66 E. (Not Burnt.)

One Wheel: see Burnt, canyon, Nev.

Ong: run, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Ong's nor Oreg.)

Ong: village, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Ong Hat nor Ong's Hat.)

Ongdol: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ondol.)

Ongutvak: lone round-topped mountain, Nushagak region, Alaska, north of the lower end of Chauekuktuli Lake, lat. 60° 05′ N., long. 158° 45′ W. This name was obtained from natives in the locality.

Onion: bay, southern side of Raspberry Island, lat. 58° 03′ N., long. 153° 14′ W., Alaska.

Onion: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in western part of T. 3 S., R. 33 E., Montana principal meridian and flows east to Little Horn River in T. 3 S., R. 35 E.

Onion: see Winooski.

Onkanikan: see Okahanikan.

Onomea: bay, South Hilo coast, Hawaii, T. H.

Onomea: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea south of Onomea Arch, Hawaii, T. H.

Onomea: village, on Onomea Bay, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Ontario: prov., Canada.

Onteora: mountain and park, Catskills, Greene County, N. Y. (Not Ontiora.)

Oobi: see Ube, P. I.

Oogahik: see Ugashik.

Ooghe-a-book: see King, island, Alaska.

Ookala: village, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

***Oolagah:** town, Rogers County, Okla. (Not Oologah.)

Oolenoy: creek, Pickens County, S. C. (Not Illinois nor Oolenoe.)

Oologah: see Oolagah.

Oopuola: stream, on boundary between Makawao and Hana Districts, flowing northeastward into sea, east Maui, T. H.

Oostanaula: creek, McMinn County, Tenn. (Not Eastanaula.)

Oostende: see Ostende.

Oostende: see Eastend.

Oothkalooga: creek, Gordon and Bartow Counties, Ga. (Not Oothcalooga.)

Octkeavie: see Utkiavi.

Opaekaa: stream, tributary to Wailua River from the north, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Opaikaa.)

Opaeula: ditch, diverting water from north side Opaeula Stream, Oahu, T. H.

Opaeula: stream, rising in northern Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into Kaiaka Bay, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Opahwah: butte, northeastern California, Modoc County, on north bank of Pit River, 11 miles westsouthwest of Alturas, near lat. 41° 26′ N., long. 120° 44′ W., in sec. 32, T. 42 N., R. 11 E. (Not Centerville nor Rattlesnake.) So known to the Indians of that region. There is another Rattlesnake Butte 20 miles southwest of this.

Opaikaa: see Opaekaa, T. H.

Opal: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 13′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Opana: land division, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Opana: stream, rising on the northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northwestward, entering Halehaku Stream from the west, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Opasni: point, eastern coast of Whale Island, lat. 57° 53′.5 N., long. 152° 43′.8 W., Alaska. (Not Danger.)

Opea: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea just south of Honohina, Hawaii, T. H.

Opechee: bay, Laconia, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Lake Opechee nor Round Bay.)

Opechee: island, Hancock County, Me., just north of Casco Passage and Swan Island, near lat. 44° 12′ N., long. 68° 29′ W. (Not Calf.) Name adopted by an act of the Legislature of the State of Maine, approved February 22, 1905.

Opechee: peak, on Powells Mountain, about 1 mile north of Waonaze Peak, Shenandoah County, Va.

Open: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 38′ N., long. 110° 50′ W., crossing south boundary of park near Phelps Lake.

Oples: Oplez: see Oplis, P. I.

Oplis: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Oples, Oplez, nor Opliz.)

Oplis: sitio, Lilio Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Oples nor Oplez.)

Opliz: see Oplis, P. I.

Opon: municipality, Cebu Province, Mactan, P. I.

Oporto: see Porto.

Opossum: see Totopotomoy.

Oquafanoka: see Okefenokee.

Oquendo: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Ora: see Oraville.

Oradea: pr. orádya; city, n. w. Rumania; also called Oradea Mare; Ger. Grosswardein; Mag. Nagyvárad; 47° 5′ N., 21° 55′ E.

Oradea Mare: see Oradea.

Oraibi: village, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Oraiba.)

Oran: seaport and state, n. w. Algeria; 35° 40′ N., 0° 20′ W.

Orange: creek, tributary to Black River from the southeast, crossing the International Boundary (between Alaska and Canada), at lat. 66° 09′ N., and flowing into Alaska. (Not Orange Fork.)

Orange: river, S. Africa, w. to the Atlantic.

Orange Free State: prov. of the Union of S. Africa.

Orangehome: railroad station, Sumter County, Fla. (Not Orange Home.)

Orange Mound: see Bear, island, Fla.

Orani: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Oranoken: creek, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Oranoaken.)

Oras: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Oraville: village, Jackson County, Ill. (Not Ora.)

Orca: bay, eastern part of Prince William Sound, north of Hawkins Island, lat. 60° 35′ N., long. 146° 10′ W., Alaska. (Not Cordova.)

Orchard: peak, in sec. 22, T. 25 S., R. 17 E., Kern County, Calif.

Ordzhonikidze (Orjonikidze): city, North Caucasian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 43° N., 44° 40′ E.; until August, 1931, named Vladikavkaz.

Oreamnos: peak, Flathead County, Mont., in sec. 1, T. 22 N., R. 16 W., Montana meridian, Flathead National Forest. This peak, located in the heart of the mountain-goat country, is a favorite resort of such goats, the scientific name for which is oreamnos montanus.

Oreg: see Ong.

Oregon: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Washington, on the east by Idaho, on the south by Nevada and California, and on the west by the Pacific Ocean. Area, 96,699 square miles. (Pronounced, ôr′-ĭ-gŏn.)

Oregon Slough: see North Portland Harbor.

Orekhovo-Zuevo: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia), e. of Moskva; Ger. Orjechowo Sujewo; 55° 50′ N., 39° E.

Orel: anchorage, southeastern Alaska, east end of Thetis Bay, used by field party in survey of Tebenkof Bay, near lat. 56° 25′ N., long. 134° 08′ W. Russian word meaning eagle.

Orel: city, on Oka river, s. w. of Moskva, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 52° 55′ N., 36° E.

Ore Mountains: see Erz Gebirge.

Orenburg: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia), on the Ural river, at s. end of Ural mts.; 51° 50′ N., 55° 10′ E.

Orensic: see Hadweenzic.

Orfa: see Urfa.

Orford: see Blanco, cape, Oreg.

Orford: see Orfordville, village, Wis.

Orfordville: village, Rock County, Wis. (Not Orford.)

Orient: point, eastern shore of Whale Island, between Afognak and Kodiak Islands, lat. 57° 56′ N., long. 152° 45′ W., Alaska. (Not East nor Vostochni.)

Orient: point, Gardiners Bay, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Oyster.)

Oriental: see Alder Springs.

Oriente: pr. ō-rē-ehn′teh; prov., e. Cuba.

Orig: see Oring, P. I.

Orinda: village, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Orinda Park.)

Oring: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Orig.)

Orinoco: pr. ō-rē-nō′kō; river, Venezuela.

Oriole: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 8, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Orion: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Oriwic: Oriwoc: see Orowoc.

Orizaba: pr. ō-rē-sä′bä; city, Mexico; 18° 50′ N., 97° 6′ W.

Orjechowo Sujewo: see Orekhovo-Zuevo.

Orjonikidze: see Ordzhonikidze.

Ork: reef, Douglas County, Oreg., in mouth of Umpqua River, near lat. 43° 41′ N., long. 124° 11′ W. Named after bark Ork, wrecked on this reef, November 24, 1864. Orca or Orc is a species of whale. (Not York.)

Orkney: islands constituting county, n. Scotland; 59° N., 3° W.

Orléans: pr. or-lā-äN′; city, on the Loire, cen. France; 47° 55′ N., 1° 58′ E.

Ormoc: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Orno: peak (Mount Orno), northeastern corner of Garfield County, Colo., near lat. 40° 05′ N., long. 107° 06′ W., northeast corner sec. 1, unsurveyed T. 1 N., R. 87 W. (Not Sawtooth Mountain.)

Orofino: creek; T. 6 N., Rs. 8 and 9 W., tributary to Deer Lodge River, Deer Lodge and Powell Counties, and Mountain, T. 6 N., R. 8 W., near head of creek, Deer Lodge County, Mont. (Not Oro Fino.)

Orogrande: creek, T. 38 N., Rs. 7 and 8 E., tributary to North Fork Clearwater River from south, Clearwater County, Idaho. (Not Granite nor Ora Grande.)

Orohai: see Goldfield, mountains, Ariz.

Oroquieta: municipality, Occidental, Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Orowoc: cove and creek, Islip, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Oriwic, Oriwoc, nor Tern's.)

Orr: ridge, House Range, Millard County, Utah.

Orrington Great: see Brewer, pond, Me.

Ortega: river, Duval County, Fla., rising in sec. 6, T. 3 S., R. 25 E., flowing southeast 10 miles, then northeast 8 miles to St. Johns River, in sec. 33, T. 2 S., R. 26 E. Named by the commissioners of Duval County by resolution reported April 1, 1926. (Not McGirts.)

Orton: peak (Mount Orton), altitude 11,682 feet, at south end of North Ridge, 2 miles south of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Orton: point, Cape Fear River, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Orton's.)

Oruro: pr. o-rōō′rō; dept. and city, Bolivia; 17° 55′ S., 67° 19′ W.

Orvis Evans: peak (Mount Orvis Evans), altitude 7,440 feet, on border of Flathead and Lake counties, Mont., in unsurveyed sec. 15, T. 26 N., R. 18 W. (Not Red Owl.) Named in honor of Lewis Orvis Evans, 1871–1931, of Butte, who for a quarter of a century was a distinguished citizen of Montana. This was his favorite mountain.

Orysa: village, Lauderdale County, Tenn. (Not Oryza.)

Osage: river in Kansas and Missouri. (Not Marais des Cygnes.)

Osage City: city, Osage County, Kans. (Not Osage.)

Osahatchee: creek, tributary to Mulberry Creek, Harris County, Ga. (Not Osa Hachi, Osahatchi, Ossahatchee, Ossahatchie, Sawhatchee, Sowachee, nor Sowahachee.)

Osaka: seaport, s. part main island, Japan; 34° 41′ N., 135° 30′ E.

Osawkie: see Ozawkie.

Osborn: island, Manasquan River, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Osborne.)

Osborn: railroad station, Rock Island County, Ill. (Not Osborne.)

Osborn: township, Sumner County, Kans. (Not Osborne.)

Osborne: borough, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Glenosborne, Glen Osborne, Glenosburn, Osborn, Osburn, nor Os-burn.)

Osborne: township, Pipestone County, Minn. (Not Osborn.)

Osborne: see Townshend.

Osbrook: see Pawcatuck.

Osburn: precinct and village, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Osborne.)

Osburn: Os-burn: see Osborne, borough, Pa.

Osceola: borough, Clearfield County, Pa. (Not Osceola Mills.)

Osceola: town and village, Polk County, Wis. (Not Osceola Mills.)

Oseetah: lake, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Miller Pond.)

Ösel: see Saare.

Osett: see Ozette.

Osiris Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 11′ W.

Oskonsa: falls, of Myers Creek, Steuben County, N. Y., town of Rathbone, 1 mile southeast of the village of Rathbone. Indian word said to mean "waterfall."

Oslo: capital, Norway; Kristiania until 1925; 59° 55′ N., 10° 45′ E. Not Christiania.

Oslob: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Osman: see Usman, P. I.

Osnabrück: city, Hannover, w. Germany; 52° 18′ N., 8° 5′ E.

Oso: creek, tributary to Carnero Creek, from southwest, T. 42 N., Rs. 4 and 5 E., Saguache County, Colo. (Not Bear.)

Oso: peak (Mount Oso), La Plata County, Colo., San Juan Mountains, near lat. 37° 36′ N., long. 107° 30′ W. (Not Hunchback.)

Osprey: falls, 150 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Gardiner River, near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 41′ W.

Ossahatchee: Ossahatchie: see Osahatchee.

Ostend: see Eastend.

Ostend: see Ostende.

Ostende or **Oostende** (**Ostend**): seaport, W. Flanders, Belgium; Fr. Ostende; Flemish Oostende; 51° 13′ N., 2° 58′ E.

Österreich: see Austria.

Osterville Grand: island, Osterville Harbor, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Osterville.)

Ostpreussen (**East Prussia**): pr. ōst-proi'sen; prov., Prussia, e. Germany; prior to 1919 it included ter. now comprising parts of Lithuania and Poland; the province now includes part of the former province of Westpreussen; Fr. Prusse Orientale; Pol. Prusy Wschodnie.

Ostrava, Moravská: see Moravská Ostrava.

Oswayo: creek, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Oswaya, Oswaye, nor Oswego.)

Oswego: creek, northwest part Clackamas County, Oreg., outlet of Oswego Lake to west bank Willamette River, just south of Oswego City. (Not Sucker.)

Oswego: lake, Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Sucker nor Tualatin.)

Oswego: see Oswayo.

Otabi: see Utabi, P. I.

Otapasso: see Topisaw.

Otaru: seaport, s. w. Hokkaido, Japan: 43° 13′ N., 141° E.

Otavi: see Utabi, P. I.

Otay: valley, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Ohjai.)

Otis: village, Hawkins County, Tenn. (Not Otes.)

Otmeloi: point, northeastern shore of Kodiak Island, southern coast of Narrow Strait, lat. 57° 54′.4 N., long. 152° 31′ W., Alaska. (Not Shoal.)

Otmeloi: see Shoals, point, Alaska.

Oton: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Otranto: strait bet. Italy and Albania, s. end of Adriatic Sea; Ital. Canale d'Otranto.

Otrubistoi: see Crag, point, Alaska.

Otsgaragee Cavern: see Howes, cave, N. Y.

Otsquago: creek, Herkimer and Montgomery counties, N. Y. (Not Otsquaga.)

Otta Quechee: see Ottauquechee.

Ottauquechee: river, Rutland and Windsor Counties, Vt. (Not Ottaquechee, Otta Quechee Ottaqueeche, Queechy, Waterchuichi, nor Waterqueechy.)

Ottawa: city, Ontario, capital of Canada, on Ottawa river; 45° 25′ N, 75° 42′ W.

Ottawa: see Tawas.

Otter: brook, an east branch of Ashuelot River, in Keene city and Roxbury, Sullivan, Nelson, and Stoddard towns, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Branch of Ashuelot River, East Branch, North Branch, nor The Branch.)

Otter: cove, about 1 mile long, Hancock County, Me., on south side of Mount Desert Island, at mouth of Otter Creek, near lat. 44° 19′ N. (Not Otter Creek nor Otter Creek Cove.)

Otter: creek, Hancock County, Me., Acadia National Park, about 1½ miles long, rising on southern slope Cadillac Mountain, in southwest corner of park, flowing south entering Otter Cove, near lat. 44° 20′ N., long. 68° 12′ W. (Not Otter Cove nor Otter Cove Creek.)

Otter: creek, Sweet Grass County, Mont., rises in the eastern part of T. 4 N., R. 12 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows easterly and then southerly to enter Yellowstone River approx. in sec. 7, T. 1 N., R. 15 E. (Not Medicine Bow.)

Otter: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 41′ N., long. 110° 35′ W., flowing northeast into Yellowstone River.

Otter: peak, altitude 6,338 feet, sec. 12, T. 42, N., R. 8 E., between Ruby and Timber Creeks, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Otter: point, Hancock County, Me., on southeast coast of Mount Desert Island and east of Otter Cove, near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 68° 12′ W. (Not Otter Creek point.)

Otter: township, Cowley County, Kans. (Not Otto.)

Otter: see Otter Creek.

Otter Cove: see Otter, creek, Me.

Otter Cove Creek: see Otter, creek, Me.

Otter Creek: township, Vigo County, Ind. (Not Otter.)

Otter Creek: town and post office, Hancock County, Me., in Mount Desert town, west of Otter Creek, near lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 68° 12′ W.

Otter Creek: see Otter, cove, Me.

Otter Creek Cove: see Otter, cove, Me.

Otter Creek Point: see Otter, point, Me.

***Otter Tail:** river, Otter Tail and Wilkin Counties, Minn. (Not Ottertail, North Red, Red, nor Red River of the North.)

Otter Track: see Cypress.

Otto: see Otter, township.

Ottoman Amphitheater: basin, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 01′ W.

Otwell: see Goldsborough, creeks, Md.

Ouac: see Owak, P. I.

Ouachita: county, Ark.: river, Ark. and La.: and parish, La. (Not Washita.)

Ouachita Mountains: is applied to the ridges of western Arkansas south of Arkansas River, and southeastern Okla.

Ouallamet: see Willamette.

Ouchak: see Uşak.

Oufa: see Ufa.

Oug: see Uog, P. I.

Ougagouk: see Egegik.

Ouinap: see Oinap, P. I.

Oujitse: see Užice.

Oulu (Uleåborg): seaport, w. cen. Finland; Swed. Uleåborg; 65° 3′ N., 25° 35′ E.

Oumakh: see Umak.

Oumnakh: see Umnak.

Ounalashka: see Unalaska.

Ounimak: see Unimak.

Ourand: peak (Mount Ourand), altitude 4,300 feet, Chugach Mountains, Alaska, near lat. 61° 24′ N., long. 146° 12′ W., between the headwaters of the Klutina River, flowing from Klutina Glacier, and Stephens Creek. So named in 1898 for the late Charles H. Ourand, Army War College, Washington, D. C., by Lieut. W. R. Abercrombie.

Ouray Peak: mountain, Sawatch Range, Chaffee County, Colo. (Not Hump Mountain, nor Ouray Mount.)

Ourfa: see Urfa.

Ourga: see Urga.

Ourmiah: see Urmia.

Ousatonic: see Housatonic.

Ousel: see Ouzel.

Outer: island, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, outer island of the Pye Islands, near lat. 59° 21′ N., long. 150° 25′ W.

Outer Manchas: coral reef or bank, on northern side of entrance to Mayaguez Bay, P. R. (Not Outer Machos.)

Outer Point of Shoals: see Shoals.

Outer Rocks: islets, western part of Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 33′. 4 N., long. 136° 09′ .5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Outer Rock.)

Outerson: mountain, SE. ¼ sec. 4, T. 10 S., R. 7 E., 10 miles east of Detroit, Marion County, Oreg. (Not Bald.)

Outlaw: creek, T. 44 N., Rs. 4 and 5 E., tributary to Fishhook Creek from west, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not West Fork of Fishhook.)

Outlet: canyon and spring, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., north of the north rim of the canyon, on the Kaibab Plateau, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 06′ W.

Outlet: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 110° 24′ W., flowing southwest into Surprise Creek, outlet of Outlet Lake.

Outlet: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 110° 24′ W., midway between Heart Lake and South Arm of Yellowstone Lake, near summit of continental divide.

Outlet: valley, bordering Grays Lake Outlet, Bonneville County, Idaho.

Outlet: see Viekoda.

Outlook: see Hoyt.

Outward Tump: island, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not West Clump.)

Ouzel: creek, Tulare County, Calif., east slope Great Western Divide, west slope Sierra Nevada, tributary on west bank of East Creek and through this and Bubbs Creek to South Fork Kings River, near lat. 36° 43′ N., long. 118° 27′ W. (Not Ousel.)

Ouzel: creek and lake, tributary, in sec. 19, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., to south side of North St. Vrain Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Ouzel: falls, on Bechler River, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Ouzel: peak, altitude 12,600 feet, on Continental Divide, at head of Ouzel Creek, secs. 28, 33, and 34, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., about 6 miles southwest Longs Peak, Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo.

Oval: rock, western part of Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 35′ N., long. 136° 08′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Egg.)

Oval: see Easterly, island, Alaska.

Overisel: township and village, Allegan County, Mich. (Not Overeisel.)

Overlook: mountain, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 23′ W., on Chicken Ridge between South Arm and Heart Lake.

Oviedo: pr. ō-vyā′dho; city and prov., n. Spain; 43° 15′ N., 5° 45′ W.

Owac: see Owak.

Owachomo: middle natural bridge, of the Natural Bridges National Monument, near lat. 37° 36′ N., long. 110° 00′ W., San Juan County, Utah. (Not Caroline Bridge nor Middle Bridge.)

***Owak:** barrio, Bilar Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Ouac nor Uac.)

Owak: barrio, Hilongos Municipality, Leyte Municipality, Leyte, P. I. (Not Owac.)

Owen: peak (Mount Owen) altitude 13,400 feet, Teton County, Wyo., one-half mile north of the Grand Teton. Named after William O. Owen, who made the first successful ascent of the Grand Teton.

Owens: lake, river, and valley, Inyo County, Calif. (Not Owen.)

Owensville: see West River, village, Md.

Owl: creek, rising in Owl Park, tributary to East Fisher Creek from northeast, in sec. 33, T. 26 N., R. 29 W., Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Deep.)

Owl: see Moreau, river, S. Dak.

Owl Creek: see Kokosing, river, Ohio.

Owl Feather: see Red Owl.

***Owls Head:** town, village, promontory, and light, west shore Penobscot Bay, Knox County, Me. (Not Owlshead nor Owl's Head.)

Ox: creek, rising near Belcourt in Rolette County, and tributary to Willow Creek near Willow City, Bottineau County, N. Dak. (Not Dead Ox.)

Oxbow: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 31′ W., flowing northwest into Yellowstone River. (Not Geode.)

Oxen: see Oxon, creek, Md.

Oxford: city, Oxfordshire, England; 51° 45′ N., 1° 15′ W.

Oxford: township and village, Warren County, N. J. (Not Oxford Furnace.)

Oxon: creek, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Oxen.)

Oxon: see Oxon Hill.

***Oxon Hill:** town and district, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Grimesville nor Oxon.)

***Oxus River:** see Amu Darya.

Oyster: rock, southeastern Alaska, on west side of Tebenkof Bay, east of Thetis Bay, near lat. 56° 25′ N., long. 134° 09′ W.

Oyster: see Long, point, Fla.

Oyster: see Orient, point, N. Y.

Oza: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near rim on north canyon wall, near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 04′ W.

Ozark Plateau: is applied to the plateau in northwestern Arkansas and southern Missouri.

Ozawindib: see Schoolcraft.

***Ozawkie:** township and village, Jefferson County, Kans. (Not Osawkie.)

Ozette: island, lake, river, and village, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Lake of the Sun, Osett, nor Swan.)

P

Paa: land division, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Paagahan: barrio, Mabitac Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paágajan nor Paagohan.)

Paagajan: see Paagahan, P. I.

Paagohan: see Paagahan, P. I.

Paakea: stream, rising on eastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Paalaa: land division, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Paauhau: land division and village, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Paauilo: village, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Pabrica: see Fabrica, P. I.

Paca: see Pacac, P. I.

Pacac: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pacae nor Paca.)

Pacae: see Pacac, P. I.

Pacaraima: pr. pä-kä-rāē′ma; mts. bet. dept. of Bolívar in Venezuela, and Brazil.

Pacasmayo: pr. pä-käs-mī′yo; town, n. Peru; 7° 22′ S., 79° 39′ W.

Pachaca: see Pachalka.

Pachalka: spring, San Bernardino County, Calif. (Not Pachaca, Pachanca, Pachapa, Pachauca, Pechaca, nor Pechapa.)

Pachanca: Pachapa: Pachauca: see Pachalka.

Pachuca: pr. pä-chōō′kä; city, Mexico; 20° 3′ N., 98° 45′ W.

Pacific: creek, draining the southwestern or Pacific slope of Triple Divide Peak, on the Continental Divide, into Nyack Creek, a tributary of Middle Fork Flathead River, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont.

Pacific Ranges: the Cascade Range, the Sierra Nevada, and the Coast Ranges collectively.

Packrat: peak, Boise-Custer County line, Boise National Forest, near lat. 44° 03′ N., long. 115° 03′ W.

Packwood: creek, in T. 27 S., R. 18 E., Kern County, Calif.

Padanaram: see South Dartmouth.

Padang: seaport, w. cen. Sumatra; 0° 55′ S., 100° 25′ E.

Paddlefords: see Padelford.

Paddy Hen: light, Mississippi River, Shelby County, Tenn. (Not Paddy's Hen.)

Paddy Squash: see Pattersquash.

Paddy's Run: see Shandon.

Padelford: creek and village, Canandaigua Town, Ontario County, N. Y. (Not Paddlefords.)

Padget: Padgett: see Paget.

Padilla: mesa, Coconino and Navajo Counties, Ariz.

Padilla: point, 360 yards northwest of Carenero Point, forming southeast side of entrance to Santiago Cove, east end of Great Harbor, Culebra Island, P. R.

Padio: see Badio, P. I.

Padova (Padua): prov. and city, n. Italy, near Venezia; Fr. Padoue; Ger. Padua; 45° 23′ N., 11° 52′ E.

Padres: mesa, Apache County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, Ts. 21 and 22 N., Rs. 25 and 26 E., Gila and Salt River meridian.

Padua: see Padova.

Paeahu: land division, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Paete: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pag (Pago): island and town, n. Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Pag; Ital. Pago; 44° 30′ N., 15° E.

Pagalangan: see San Roque, P. I.

Pagami: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 36, T. 63 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest. (Not Pogami.)

Pagbilao: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pagbonitan: see Pagbunitan, P. I.

Pagbunitan: barrio, Sigma Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pagbonitan nor Pagpunitang.)

Paget: creek, rising in T. 5 S., R. 44 E., Rosebud County, tributary to Otter Creek from west, in T. 5 S., R. 45 E., Powder River County, Mont. (Not Coal, Padget, nor Padgett.)

Pagnitoan: barrio, Maribojoc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Pagnituan nor Papuitan.)

Pagnituan: see Pagnitoan, P. I.

Pagnonahan: see Santiago, P. I.

Pago: see Pag.

Pagoda: mountain, altitude 13,491 feet, on southwest slope of Longs Peak, three-fourths mile from main summit, in sec. 1, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., Boulder County, Colo. (Not Comanche.)

Pagonohan: see Santiago, P. I.

Pagpunitang: see Pagbunitan, P. I.

Pagsagnaan: see Pagsagnahan, P. I.

Pagsagnahan: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pagsagnaan.)

Pagsagnahan: see Pagsangahan, P. I.

Pagsagñajan: see Pogsagnahan, P. I.

Pagsaguahan: see Pogsagnahan, P. I.

Pagsangahan: barrio, Basud Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pagsagnahan, Pagsanghan, Pinagsangahan, nor Pinagsañgahan.)

Pagsanghan: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pagsangjan nor Pagsanhan.)

Pagsanghan: see Pagsangahan, P. I.

Pagsangjan: see Pagsanghan, P. I.

Pagsanhan: see Pagsanghan, P. I.

Pagsanjan: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pagsawitan: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pasauitan.)

Pagtodlan: see Pagtudlan, P. I.

Pagtudlan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Pagtodlan nor Pantodlan.)

Paguay: see Los Penasquitos.

Paguekwash: point, a butte on the north rim of the Grand Canyon, 2½ miles southwest of the mouth of Kanab Creek, Mohave County, Ariz. (Not Fishtail.) Both this and another rim point, 6 miles northeast, have been known by the descriptive name Fishtail Point.

Paguna: north arm of Two Arm Bay, southwestern Alaska, about 5 miles long, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 36′ to 41′ N., long. 150° 05′ to 08′ W. Reported to be the local name for black bear found here.

Pahala: village, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Pahlevi: seaport on Caspian Sea, n. Persia; formerly Enzeli; 37° 28′ N., 49° 26′ E.

Pahlone: peak, Gunnison County, Colo., in SW. ¼ sec. 24, T. 49 N., R. 6 E., near lat. 38° 28′, long. 106° 15′, about 2 miles north of Mount Chapita and 4 miles north of Mount Ouray, alt. 12,000 feet. After Pahlone, son of Chief Ouray, who was stolen by Arapahoe or Sioux Indians and never recovered.

Pahoa: village, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H.

Pahreah: see Paira.

Pahrock: mountains and valley, Lincoln County, Nev., near lat. 38° N., long. 115° W. (Not Pahroc.)

Pahrump: valley, Lincoln and Nye Counties, Nev. (Not Pah-rimp.)

***Pahsimeroi:** mountains, eastern Custer County, Idaho; that portion of Lost River Range extending northwest from Doublesprings Pass at the head of Willow Creek.

Pahute: mesa, Nye County, Nev., near lat. 37° 18′ N., long. 116° 42′ W.

Pah-ute: Pahute: see Piute, peak and village, Calif.

Pah Vant: see Pavant.

Paia: town, 10 miles east of Kahului Harbor, Maui, T. H.

Paiele: see Palikea, T. H.

Pailolo: channel, 8 sea miles wide, between Maui and Molokai Islands, T. H.

Paines: see Paynes.

Paint: mountain, Fayette and Raleigh Counties, W. Va. (Not Coal River.)

Paint: river, Iron County, Mich. (Not Mequacumecum, Mequacumnecum, nor Me-qua-cumte-cum.)

Painted: cliffs, 52 miles from Mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Painted: dunes, Lassen and Shasta Counties, Calif., at south base of Cinder Cone, secs. 17, 20, and 21, T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Painted: mountain, altitude 3,000 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 8 or 9 miles north of Katmai Bay, on east bank of Soluka Creek, near lat. 58° 08′, long. 154° 50′.

Painted: peak, southeastern Alaska, altitude, 1,712 feet, 1½ miles east of Carroll Inlet and 2½ miles northeast of Shoal Cove, Revillagigedo Island.

Painted Desert: desert region, Coconino County, Ariz., along the Little Colorado River, with no well-defined boundaries but extending southeast about 50 miles from the mouth of the river.

Painter: village, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Painter Mill.)

Paintpot: hill, altitude 7,900 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 110° 44′ W.

Paint Rock: creek, Big Horn County, Wyo., heads in the central portion of T. 51 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southwesterly to empty into No Wood Creek near the west line of T. 49 N., R. 89 W., Bighorn National Forest.

Paisley: city, Renfrew county, s. Scotland; 55° 50′ N., 4° 26′ W.

Paita: pr. pī′tä; seaport, n. Peru; 5° 2′ S., 81° W. Not Payta.

Paitillo: point, southern coast Canal Zone. (Not Petillo.)

Paiute: peak, altitude 13,082 feet, on the Continental Divide, 11 miles southwest of Longs Peak, in sec. 36, T. 2 N., R. 74 W., Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo. (Not Ute.)

Paiute: see Piute, peak and village, Calif.

Pai-ute Creek: see Piute, valley and wash.

Pajarito: cay, 183 yards long, 60 feet high, at end of chain of rocks 164 yards long, extending northeast from east end of Northeast Cay, near Culebra Island, P. R.

Pajarito: mountains, about T. 23 S., R. 12 E., Santa Cruz County, Ariz. (Not Pajarita.)

Pajarito: peak, Sandoval County, N. Mex., near southwest corner of Canyon de San Diego Grant, lat. 35° 40′ N., long. 106° 51′ W. (Not Bird, Jamez, Jemes, nor Jemez.)

Pakatakan: mountain, Delaware County, N. Y. (Not Pakataghkan.)

Pakhai: see Kongmoon.

Pakwene: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 5, T. 65 N., R. 1 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word said to mean "smoke."

Palaau: land division, in Government ownership, northern Moloka, T. H.

Palaco: see Peck, canyon, Ariz.

Palacu: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palaen.)

Palaen: see Palacu, P. I.

Palahanan: see Palahanan 1°, P. I.

Palahanan 1°: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palahanan, Palajanan, nor Palajanan 1°.)

Palahanan 2°: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palajanan 2°.)

Palajanan: see Palahanan 1°, P. I.

Palajanan 1°: see Palahanan 1°, P. I.

Palajanan 2°: see Palahanan 2°, P. I.

Palale: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Palate nor Polale.)

Palanan: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

Palanca: see Palanka, P. I.

Palanig: see Palauig, P. I.

Palanka: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palanca.)

Palanoc: Palanog: see Masbate, P. I.

Palantuna: see Polantona.

Palapag: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Palpag.)

Palapag: municipality, Samar, Province, Samar, P. I.

Palate: see Palale, P. I.

Palatinate: see Rheinpfalz.

Palatka: city, Putnam County, Fla. (Not Pilatka.)

Palauig: barrio, Calolbon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palanig.)

Palauig: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Palauit: see Palawit, P. I.

Palawan: island, and a passage west of island, P. I. (Not Paragua.)

Palawana: Palawanee: see Polawana.

Palawit: barrio, Malabon Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palauit.)

Paleface: river, tributary to Whiteface River, from northeast, Cotton Township, T. 54 N., R. 17 W., St. Louis County, Minn. (Not Pale Face.)

Palemano: point, south of Kealakekua Bay, west coast of Hawaii, T. H. (Not Palemanu.)

Palembang: city, s. e. Sumatra; 2° 55′ S., 104° 40′ E.

Palermo: prov. and seaport, n. w. Sicilia, Italy; 38° 10′ N., 13° 25′ E.

Palestine: Br. mandated territory, w. Asia.

Palikea: hill, near lat. 22° 12′ N., long. 159° 34′ W., northern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Paiele nor Pali Kea.)

Palikea: peak, elevation, 3,111 feet, Waianae Range, west Oahu, T. H.

Palina: see Ibabang Palina, P. I.

Palingouac: see Palingowac, P. I.

Palingowac: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palingouac nor Palinguac.)

Palinguac: see Palingowac, P. I.

Palisade: mountain, 3,505 feet high, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, between North Arm and East Arm, Nuka Bay, near lat. 59° 33′N., long. 150° 29′W.

Palisade: a small lagoon, opening into Surprise Bay, west arm of Nuka Bay, Alaska, near lat. 59° 31′ N., long. 150° 29′ W.

Palisade: precinct and town, Mesa County, Colo. (Not Palisades.)

Palisade: see Surprise, bay, Alaska.

Palisade Park: see Palisades Park.

Palisades: township, Bergen County, N. J. (Not Palisade.)

Palisades, The: cliff, northwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Palisades of the Desert: bold cliffs, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on the south wall of the canyon, south of the mouth of the Little Colorado River and below the western border of the Painted Desert.

Palisades Park: borough, Bergen County, N. J. (Not Palisade Park.)

Palix: river, flowing into Willapa Bay near Bay Center, Pacific County, Wash. (Not Palux.)

Pallao: see Pallaw, P. I.

Pallaw: barrio, Lagangilang Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pallao.)

Pallocan: see Pallokan, P. I.

Pallokan: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pallocan.)

Pallopels: island, Hudson River, near Fishkill, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Not Palopel.)

Pallusao: see Palusao, P. I.

Palma: seaport, Mallorca, Balearic Islands, Spain; 39° 34′ N., 2° 41′ E.

Palmas, Las: seaport, Canary Islands, Spain; 28° 6′ N., 15° 30′ W.

Palmer: cave, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 7, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

***Palmer:** glacier, Clackamas County, Oreg., on the south slope of Mount Hood, just west of White River Glacier, and drained by Salmon River. (Not Salmon River.) In honor of Gen. Joel Palmer, a notable man in Oregon and probably the first to attempt to climb Mount Hood.

Palmer: island, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Palmer's.)

Palmer: mountain, altitude 11,264 feet, Fresno County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, 3 miles south of Kings River Canyon, near lat. 36° 45′ N., long. 118° 34′ W. (Not Avalanche Peak.) So named after Joe Palmer, an early prospector of that region. On some maps this name is shown on the peak a mile and a half northwest of this, here called Avalanche Peak.

Palmer: peak, altitude 4,010 feet, 3 miles south of Warrendale, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Cub.)

Palmer Mountain: see Avalanche, peak, Calif.

Palmer's: see Palmer, mountain.

Palmetto: see Smith, island, N. C.

Palnab: barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paluab.)

Palo: reef, river, and town, western part of San Pedro Bay, northeastern part of Leyte, P. I. (Not Palos.)

Palo: shoal, southern side, Boqueron Bay, south of Enmedio Shoal, P. R.

Paloan: see Poloan, P. I.

Palok: see Patok, P. I.

Palolo: ditch, diverting water from north side of Waikapu Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Palolo: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Palolo: stream, rising on southern slope of Olympus Peak, Koolau Range, flowing southward into sea; formed by junction of Waiomao and Pukele streams, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Paloma: passage, southeastern Alaska, between Lulu and Pigeon Islands, Port Real Marina, near lat. 55° 26′ N.

Palomar: mountain, San Diego County, Calif., near southeast corner of T. 9 S., R. 1 E., San Bernardino meridian. (Not Smith.)

Palomas: see Plomosa.

Palompon: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Palopel: see Pallopels.

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Palo Prieto: pass, extending from middle of T. 27 S., R. 17 E., northwesterly into T. 26 S., R. 16 E., Kern and San Luis Obispo Counties, Calif.

Palo Prieto: see Bitterwater, valley, Calif.

Palos: see Palo, P. I.

Paloyon: barrio, Nabua Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paluyon.)

Palpag: see Palapag, P. I.

Palpitator: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 300 feet southwest of Monarch Geyser, in Norris Geyser Basin.

Palta: barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palto nor Polta.)

Palto: see Palta, P. I.

Paluab: see Palnab, P. I.

Paluan: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Palusao: barrio, Faire Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pallusao nor Patusao.)

Palusha: creek, tributary to Big Sandy Creek, Carroll and Leflore Counties, Miss. (Not Pelasia nor Pelucia.)

Palux: see Palix, river, Wash.

Paluyon: see Paloyon, P. I.

Pamadumcook: see Pemadumcook.

Pamanset: see Paskamanset.

Pamarauan: see Pamarawan, P. I.

Pamarawan: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pamarauan.)

Pamboan: see Pambuhan, P. I.

Pambohan: see Pambuhan, P. I.

Pambuan: see Pambuhan, P. I.

Pambuhan: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pambohan nor Pambujan.)

Pambuhan: barrio, Gapan Municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pambuan nor Pamboan.)

Pambuhan: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Pambujan.)

Pambuhan: poblacion (municipal government barrio), Pambuhan Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Pambujan.)

Pambuhan: see Panbuhan, P. I.

Pambuhan Sur: poblacion (municipal government barrio), Hernani Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Pambujan Sur.)

Pambujan: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Pambujan: see Pambuhan, P. I.

Pambujan Sur: see Pambuhan Sur, P. I.

Pamdam: see Pandan, P. I.

Pamedemcook: Pamedumcook: see Pemadumcook.

Pamelia: creek and lake, west of Mount Jefferson, Linn County, Oreg. (Not Parmelia, nor Permelia.)

Pamibtan: see Pamintan, P. I.

Pamilao: see Panilao, P. I.

Pamingayan: see Paningayan, P. I.

Pamintan: barrio, Siruma Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pamibtan nor Panimtan.)

***Pamirs, The:** high rugged plateau in Asiatic Russia, extending slightly into Afghanistan and Chinese Turkistan (Sinkiang); 38° N., 73° E.

Pamlico: sound, eastern North Carolina. (Not Pamplico.)

Pamoragnon: see Pamorangon, P. I.

Pamorangan: see Pamorangon, P. I.

Pamorangon: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pamoragnon, Pamorangan nor Pamurangon.)

Pamotic: see Pamutic, P. I.

Pampang: see Pangpang, P. I.

Pampango: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pangpango.)

Pampas: see Dampas, P. I.

Pamplona: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pamplona: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pamunkey: river, tributary to the York, Virginia. (Not Pamunky.)

Pamunkey: Pamunky: see Pomonkey.

Pamurangon: see Pamorangon, P. I.

Pamutic: barrio, Pidigan Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pamotic.)

Pana: see Pawa, P. I.

Panadan: barrio, Cabusao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pandan.)

Panagbacahan: see Pinagbacahan, P. I.

Panagkaanoran: see Panagkaanuran, P. I.

Panagkaanuran: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Panagkaanoran, Pinagcaanoran, nor Pingcaanuran.)

Panaitayon: see Panaytayon, P. I.

Panamá: pr. pä-nä-mä′; prov., capital, and seaport, republic of Panama; 9° 20′ N., 79° 35′ W.

Panamanian: noun meaning a national of Panama; adjective meaning of or pertaining to Panama.

Panameta: point, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon, 5 miles south of the mouth of Kanab Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. This is the name of an Indian family.

Panangkilon: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Panangquilon nor Pananguilon.)

Panangquilon: see Panangkilon, P. I.

Pananguilon: see Panangkilon, P. I.

Panau Nui: land division, Puna District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Panaunui.)

Panay: gulf, south of Panay and west of Negros, between Naso Point, Panay, and Sojotan Point, Negros, P. I.

Panay: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Panayacan: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Panaycayan.)

Panaycayan: see Panayacan, P. I.

Panaytayon: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Panaitayon.)

Panbuhan: barrio, Daet Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pambuhan.)

Pancake: see Lapoel.

Pancipit: see Pansipit, P. I.

Pancoast: railroad station, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Pancoast's Mill.)

Pandacaque: see Pandakaki, P. I.

Pandacaqui: see Pandakaki, P. I.

Pandakaki: barrio, Mexico Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pandacaqui.)

Pandakaki: barrio, Tayabas Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pandacaque.)

Pandam: see Pandan, P. I.

Pandan: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Landan.)

Pandan: barrio, Orion Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pamdam nor Pandam.)

Pandan: municipality, Albay Province, Catanduanes, P. I.

Pandan: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Pandan: see Panadan, P. I.

Pandanon & Cabulan: barrio, Jetafe Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Cabol-an or Pandanon & Cabul-an, nor Pandanon Cabul-an.)

Pandanon Cabul-an: see Pandanon & Cabulan, P. I.

Panderma: see Bandırma.

Pandol: barrio, Corella Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I (Not Pondol.)

Pangat: see Pangot, P. I.

Panghayaan: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pangtayaan.)

Panghulan: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Panhulan nor Panjulan.)

Pangi: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 19, 20, 29, and 30, T. 62 N., R. 9 W., Superior National Forest. Chippewa Indian word meaning "little."

Pangihanan: see Pangihawan, P. I.

Pangihawan: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Pangihanan nor Pangijauan.)

Pangijauan: see Pangihawan, P. I.

Pangil: barrio, Amadeo Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Panguil.)

Pangil: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Panglao: municipality, Bohol Province, Panglao, P. I.

Pangot: barrio, Lagayan Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pangat, Pang-ot, nor Pañgot.)

Pañgot: see Pangot, P. I.

Pangpang: river and sitio, Magallanes Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pampang.)

Pangpango: see Pampango, P. I.

Panglayaan: see Panghayaan, P. I.

Panguil: see Pangil, P. I.

Panhulan: see Panghulan, P. I.

Panicijan: see Panisihan, P. I.

Panikihan: barrio, Baras Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paniquihan nor Paniquijan.)

Panilao: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pamilao.)

Panili: see Pawili, P. I.

Panimtan: see Pamintan, P. I.

Paningayan: barrio, Laua-an Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pamingayan.)

Panipiason: see Panipyason, P. I.

Panipyason: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Panipiason.)

Panique: see Paniqui, P. I.

Paniqui: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Paniqui: point and sitio, Dimasalang Municipality, Masbate Island, Province, P. I. (Not Panique.)

Paniquihan: see Panikihan, P. I.

Paniquijan: see Panikihan, P. I.

Panisihan: barrio, Dimasalang Municipality, Masbate, P. I. (Not Panisijan nor Panicijan.)

Panisijan: see Panisihan, P. I.

Panitan: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Panjab: see Punjab.

Panjulan: see Panghulan, P. I.

Panlagangan: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Panlangangan.)

Panlangangan: see Panlagangan, P. I.

Panoche: creek, Fresno and San Benito Counties, Calif., draining higher part of Diablo Range west of Llanada, running easterly through Panoche Valley, and emptying into San Joaquin Valley at Hayes Station. (Not Silver.)

Panoche: hills northeast of Panoche Valley, Diablo Range, Fresno County, Calif.

Panoche: valley, lying east of Diablo Range, chiefly in T. 15 S., Rs. 10 and 11 E., San Benito County, Calif.

Panoche: see Silver, creek, Calif.

Panochita: see Little Panoche.

Panola: township and village, Woodford County, Ill. (Not Panola Station.)

Panong: see Ponong, P. I.

Panongyan: see Panungyan, P. I.

Panorama: hills, low range extending from northeast corner of T. 32 S., R. 21 E., northwesterly to sec. 8, T. 31 S., R. 21 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif.

Panorama: point, 4,500 feet high, Tulare County, Calif., Sequoia National Park, in sec. 15, T. 16 S., R. 29 E.

Panorama Point: hill, sec. 34, T. 31 S., R. 21 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif.

Panoramic View: mountain, altitude 8,900 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 36, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

***Pansey:** town, Houston County, Ala. (Not Pansy.)

Pansipit: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pancipit.)

Pansol: sitio, Calamba Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pansol-Pugon.)

Pansol-Pugon: see Pansol, P. I.

Pansy: see Pansey.

Pantabangan: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Panther: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 34, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., flowing into Middle Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 16, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Panther: creek, Lemhi County, Idaho, rises in T. 17 N., R. 18 E., unsurveyed, is joined by Deep Creek, and Napias Creek, and flows into Salmon River in approximately T. 23 N., R. 18 E., Salmon National Forest. Includes creek formerly known as Big Creek, which name is eliminated in order to avoid confusion with a creek of the same name in the neighboring Idaho National Forest. (Not Big.)

Panther: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 52′ N., long. 110° 52′ W., flowing east into Gardiner River. Trail over Bighorn Pass follows up Panther Creek.

Panther: peak, altitude 9,044 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 33, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Panther: spring, Lassen County, Calif., near and draining to north end Snag Lake, in sec. 21, T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Pantodlan: see Pagtudlan, P. I.

Panungian: see Panungyan, P. I.

Panungyan: barrio, Mendez Nunez Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Panongyan, nor Panungian.)

Panya: point, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon, 3½ miles south of Supai village, Coconino County, Ariz. This is the name of an Indian family.

Pao: see Dao, P. I.

Paoay: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Paoha: island, Mono Lake, Mono County, Calif. (Not Anna Herman.)

Paombong: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Paouin: see Pauwin, P. I.

Papa: village, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Papaa: land division, partly in Government ownership, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Papaa: stream, flowing eastward into Papaa Bay, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Papaa (Kulanakii): see Kulanakii, T. H.

Papaaea: stream, flowing northeastward into reservoir near Kailua, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Papaaloa: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Papaaloa, Hawaii, T. H.

Papaaloa: village, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Papago: buttes, small range isolated hills rising north of Apache Trail 6 miles from Phoenix, Maricopa County, Ariz. (Not Red.)

Papago: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 01′ N., long. 111° 53′ W.

Papago Saguaro: national monument, northeast of Phoenix, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Papaikou: land division and village, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Papakating: railroad station, Frankford Township, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Pellett nor Pellettown.)

Papaloa: see Lae Lipoa, T. H.

Papan: see Pargon.

Papapa: see Kure, T. H.

Papaya: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Payapa.)

Papeete: Tahiti, Society Islands; capital of Fr. Oceania, and chief seaport of large area; 17° 32′ S., 149° 33′ W.

Paper Mill: see Lagunitas.

Papoose: creek, Park County, Wyo., rising near the new eastern boundary of the Yellowstone National Park, near lat. 44° 30′ N., and flowing thence northeast into Hoodoo Creek. (Not Pappoose.)

Papoose: mountain, altitude 6,092 feet, sec. 25, T. 43 N., R. 7 E., east of Buck Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Papua, Territory of: s. e. part of the island of New Guinea, a territory of Australia. The name Papua also sometimes applied to the entire island.

Papuitan: see Pagnitoan, P. I.

Papys: bayou, Hillsborough County, Fla., west coast Tampa Bay, near west entrance to Old Tampa Bay, 4 miles north of St. Petersburg, near lat. 27° 50′ N.

Paquatannock: see Poquetanuck.

Paquette: see Quartzite, canyon.

Pará: pr. pä-rä′; state, Brazil.

Pará (city): see Belém.

Para, Mt.: see Puu Pane, T. H.

Paracale: municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Paradise: cave, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 6, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Paradise: cove, about one-half of a mile wide and 1¼ miles long, the eastern, middle, and most sheltered branch of Three Hole Bay, east side of Aialik Bay, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 45′ N., long. 149° 36′ W. Name bestowed by Captain McMullen of the steamer *Dora* who, however, used the name to designate all of Three Hole Bay.

Paradise: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 3, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., flowing northwest into Middle Fork Kaweah River in sec. 19, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Paradise: creek, Norfolk County, Va. (Not Smith's.)

Paradise: glacier, discharging into Paradise River, southern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Paradise: park, between Nisqually Glacier and Paradise River, on southeastern side Mount Rainier, Lewis and Pierce Counties, Wash.

Paradise: peak, altitude 6,305 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 1, T. 17 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Milk Ranch.)

Paradise: point to entrance to Southold Bay, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Hallocks.)

Paradise: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., extends east and west in northern part of T. 17 S., Rs. 29 and 30 E., Sequoia National Park; is watershed between East and Middle Forks of Kaweah River.

Paradise: river, heading in Paradise Glacier; tributary to Nisqually River, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis and Pierce Counties, Wash.

Paradise: valley, of Paradise River, above Narada Falls, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis and Pierce Counties, Wash.

Paradise Creek: stream, flowing from south into Two Medicine Lake, Glacier County, Mont.

Paradise Dry: canyon, east of Paradise in Cache Valley, Cache County, Utah. (Not East Fork nor Muddy Creek.)

Paradise Park: valley, near head of Paradise Creek, Glacier County, Mont.

Parag-om: see Parugum, P. I.

Paragon: see Pargon.

Paragon Lake: see Eagle, lake, N. Y.

Paragua: see Palawan, P. I.

Paraguarí: pr. pär-a-gwär-ē′; dept. and city, Paraguay; 25° 36′ S., 57° 3′ W.

Paraguay: pr. păr-a-gwī, off. pär-ä-gwī′; republic, S. America; Fr., Ger., Ital. and Sp. Paraguay.

Parahiba or Parahyba: pr. pä-rä-ē′-bä; seaport city, e. Brazil; 7° 11′ S., 34° 50′ W.

Parahiba do Norte or **Parahyba do Norte:** pr. pä-rä-ē′bä dō nôr′te; state, e. Brazil.

Parahyba: see Parahiba.

Parahyba do Norte: see Parahiba do Norte.

Paramaribo: pr. pär-a-mär′ē-bō; capital city, and seaport, Surinam; 5° 50′ N., 55° 20′ W.

Paramore's: see Parramore.

*Paraná: pr. pär-ä-nä′; river, s. Brazil and Argentina, to the Rio de la Plata.

Paraná: pr. pär-ä-nä′; state, Brazil.

Paranaguá: pr. pä-rä-nä-gwä′; town, Brazil, in state of Paraná; 25° 32′ S., 48° 35′ W.

Paranaque: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Parang: municipality, Cotabato Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Parantulik: see Pargon.

Paranum: barrio, Lal-lo Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paranun.)

Paranun: see Paranum, P. I.

Pardas: bay, northeastern side of Point Brea, P. R. (Not Ensenada las Pardas.)

Pardee: bar, part of West Haven Flats, extending eastward from Sandy Point, New Haven Harbor, Long Island Sound, Conn. (Not Party.)

Pardee: creek, tributary to Clark Fork from northeast in sec. 19, T. 17, N., R. 26 W., Mineral County, Mont. (Not Deep.)

Pardo de Tavera: see Tavera, P. I.

Parent: lake, Lake County, Minn., mostly in sec. 6, T. 63 N., R. 8 W., draining west to south end of Snowbank Lake. (Not Lac La Mar nor Round.)

Pargon: river, tributary to the Fish River from the west, near lat. 65° N., long. 163° 05′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Anaconda, Papan, Pargan, Paragon, nor Parantulik.)

Parguera: cove, southern coast, off Parguera, P. R.

Paria: canyon, plateau, and river in southern Utah and northern Arizona. (Not Pahreah.)

Pariaan: see Parian, P. I.

Parian: barrio, Camalig Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pariaan.)

Paris: capital of France; 48° 52′ N., 2° 20′ E.

Paris: landing, Ohio River, Harrison County, Ind. (Not Paris's.)

Paris: see Parris.

Parish: see Benton.

Parish Dock: St. Lawrence River, N. Y. (Not Parish's Dock.)

Parishville: see Parisville.

Parisville: village, Huron County, Mich. (Not Parishville.)

Park: butte, Mazama Park, Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Park: cliffs, Park Glacier, eastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Park: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 29′ W., flowing southwest into Middle Fork of Flathead River, rising near Two Medicine Pass.

Park: glacier, between Boulder and Rainbow Glaciers, eastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Park: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on east shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 26′ N., just above the mouth of Meadow Creek.

Park: river, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Little.)

Park: see Hog, island, Mass.

Parke: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising on south face of Parke Peak, flowing south into Indian Creek, near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 15′ W. (Not North Fork.)

Parke: peak, altitude 9,100 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 14′ W.

Parke: ridge, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 114° 18′ W., watershed between Kintla and Ford Creeks.

Parker: flats, off Juniper Point, Woods Hole, Mass. (Not Parker's.)

Parker: landing, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Mo. (Not Parker's.)

Parker: peak, altitude 10,200 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Park County, Wyo., near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 109° 54′ W.

Parker: town, Morris County, N. J. (Not Unionville.)

Parker: see Parks, neck, Md.

Parker: see Parker City, Pa.

*__Parker City__: city, Armstrong County, Pa. (Not Parker nor Parkers Landing.)

Parkers: see Brockatonorton, bay, Md.

Parkers: see Purnell, bay, Md.

Parker's: see Juniper, point, Mass.

Parker's: see Parker, flats; landing, Mass.

Parkers Landing: see Parker City, Pa.

Parkers Neck: peninsula, Yarmouth, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Parker's Neck.)

Parkers Neck: see Juniper, point, Mass.

Parkerville: city, Morris County, Kans. (Not Parkersville.)

Parkinson: landing, Ohio River, Pope County, Ill. (Not Parkinson's Landing.)

Parkman: mountain, between Norumbega and Penobscot Mountains, Mount Desert Town, Mount Desert Island, Me. (Not Little Brown's.)

Park Mesa: plateau, Gunnison County, Colo.

Park Road Ridge: see Ash Peaks Ridge.

Parks: neck, Honga River, near Crapo, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Parker, Park's, nor Parks's.)

Parks: peak, altitude 10,200 feet, sec. 5, T. 7 N., R. 13 E., Blaine and Custer Counties, Idaho.

Parks: see Dunns, peak, Calif.

Parks: see Baker, pond, N. H.

Parma: prov. and city, Italy; 44° 47′ N., 10° 17′ E.

Parmelia: see Pamelia.

Parnahiba or **Parnahyba:** pr. pärnä-ē′bä; river, Brazil.

Parnahyba: see Parnahiba.

Parnell: knob, south end of North Mountain, Franklin County, Pa. (Not Parnel.)

Parramore: beach and island, Accomac County, Va. (Not Paramore's.)

Parris: island, between Broad and Beaufort Rivers, just to the northward Port Royal Sound, Beaufort County, S. C. (Not Paris.)

Parrot: islet, eastern side entrance to Danger Bay, southeastern coast Afognak Island, lat. 58° 05′ N., long. 152° 35′ W., Alaska.

Parrot: point, on west side Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 54° 47′ N., long. 132° 56′ W.

Parry: lake, about lat. 56° 39′ N., long. 134° 42′ W., eastern side Baranof Island, about 3 miles from shore of Chatham Strait, and about 1 mile north-northwest of head of Patterson Bay, to which it is a tributary, Alaska.

Parshas: settlement (Indian and half-breed), northern part of Port Gravina, lat. 60° 44′ N., long. 146° 08′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Parsha's nor Parsha.)

Parsons Bar: post light, Mississippi River, Dubuque County, Iowa. (Not Parson's Bar.)

Partofshikof: island, large, between Baranof and Kruzof Island, lat. 57° 16′ N., long. 135° 37′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Partoffschikoff.)

Partridge: falls and portage, Pigeon River, near Grand Portage, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Partridge: gulch, secs. 25, 26, and 36, T. 24 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Party: see Pardee, bar, Conn.

Parubcan: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Parubian.)

Parubian: see Parubcan, P. I.

Parugum: barrio, Carigara Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Parag-om nor Parug-um.)

Parug-um: see Parugum, P. I.

Pasacao: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pasadena: see Wheatland.

Pasadera: hill, Gila County, Ariz.

Pasaguin: see Pasaguing, P. I.

Pasaguing: barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pasuguin nor Pasaguin.)

Pasaje de Medio Mundo: see Medio Mundo.

Pas a Loutre: pass, Delta of the Mississippi, La. (Not Pass á l'Outre.)

Pasa Tuna: see Tuna, passage, P. R.

Pasauitan: see Pagsawitan, P. I.

Pasay: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pascack: creek and village, Bergen County, N. J. (Not Pascock.)

Pascamanset: Pascomanset: see Paskamanset.

Pascock: see Pascack.

Pasig: municipality, Provincial Capital, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pasigui: see Pasugi, P. I.

Paskamanset: river, flowing south through Dartmouth into Buzzard Bay, west of Mishaum Point, Mass. (Not Pamanset, Pascamanset, Paskamansett, nor Paskomanset.)

Paskus: see Puskus.

Paso de Robles: see Paso Robles.

Paso de Tabla: sitio, Noveleta Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paso de Tablas.)

Paso de Tablas: see Paso de Tabla, P. I.

Pasolo: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pasoo.)

Pasong Cauayan: see Pasong Kawayan, P. I.

Pasong Kawayan: barrio, Malabon Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pasong Cauayan.)

Pasoo: see Pasolo, P. I.

Paso Robles: city, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Paso de Robles.)

Pass: creek, about 5 miles long, Alaska, tributary to the Tatonduk River from the north, entering the latter about 6 miles WNW. of the international boundary meridian 141°; approximate location of mouth of creek, lat. 65° 01′ 22″ N., long. 141° 10′ 00″ W. So called because it affords a fairly easy route from Tatonduk River over the divide into Hard Luck Creek.

Pass: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 113° 52′ W., in Indian Lake at north end of Indian Pass, flowing northwest into Waterton River.

Pass: creek, rising near Cady Pass and flowing west into Skykomish River north of Cady Creek, T. 28 N., R. 12 E., Snohomish County, Wash.

Passage: canal or arm, northwestern part Prince William Sound, lat. 60° 49′ N., long. 148° 35′ W., extending within a few miles of Turnagain Arm of Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Passage: see Prokoda, island, Alaska.

Passage: see Shotgun, cove, Alaska.

Passamagamet: falls, Penobscot County, Me., on west branch Penobscot River; and Lake. (Not Passamagmoc nor Passamagormac.)

Passamagmoc: see Passamagamet.

Passamari: see Ruby, river, Mont.

Passamari-Ruby: see Ruby, river, Mont.

Pass Cavallo: entrance, Matagorda Bay, Tex. (Not Passo Cabello.)

Passero: cape, ext. s. e. Sicilia; 36° 40′ N., 15° 5′ E.

Passi: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Passikan: see Pawikan, P. I.

Passo Cabello: see Pass Cavallo.

Pastrana: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Pasture Wash: watercourse, begins near south rim of the Grand Canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 22′ W., draining thence southwest into Havasu Creek.

Pasugi: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pasigui, Pasugui, nor Pasuqui.)

Pasugui: see Pasugi, P. I.

Pasuguin: see Pasaguing, P. I.

Pasuqui: see Pasugi, P. I.

Pasuquin: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pataganset: see Pataguanset, river, Conn.

Pataguanset: lake, about 1 mile northwest of the village of East Lyme, Town of East Lyme, New London County, Conn. (Not Pataguonset.)

***Pataguanset:** river, Town of East Lyme, New London County, Conn., draining Pataguanset Lake, flowing about ½ mile west of village of East Lyme, emptying into Long Island Sound, north of Black Point. (Not Mamacock Creek nor Patagansett.)

Patasquash: see Pattersquash.

Patch: see Sam Patch.

Pateros: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Paterson: city, in Passaic Co., New Jersey, on the Passaic River, near lat. 40° 35′ N., long. 74° 11′ W. Population in 1930, 138,267. (Pronounced, păt′-er-sŭn.)

Patersons: see Patterson, creek, W. Va.

Patilinan: see Patitinan, P. I.

Patimbao: barrio, Santa Cruz Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Patimbaw nor Timbao.)

Patimbaw: see Patimbao, P. I.

Patitinan: barrio, Sagnay Municipality. Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Patilinan.)

Patna: city, Bihar and Orissa, India, on the Ganges river; 25° 40′ N., 85° 15′ E.

Patnongon: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Patoc: see Patok, P. I.

*Pat O'Hara: creek, Park County, Wyo., rises in unsurveyed sec. 24, T. 54 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northeasterly to join Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River in T. 56 N., R. 102 W. (Not Pat O'Hare, Pat O'Harra, nor Pat Ollarra.)

Patok: barrio, Bucay Municipality, Albra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Patoc.)

Patok: barrio, Dagami Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Patoc nor Palok.)

Patos: pr. pä'tōōs; coastal lagoon, s. Brazil.

Patrae: see Patrai.

*Patrai (Patras): seaport, n. Peleponnesus, s. Greece; Intl. postal guide, Patrai; Ital. Patrasso; Lat. Patrae; 38° 15′ N., 21° 45′ E.

Patras: see Patrai.

Patrasso: see Patrai.

Patrol: ridge, between Granite and Twentyfivemile Creeks, Flathead County, Mont.

Patroon's Lower Island: see Lower Patroon.

Pattengail: creek, rising in sec. 12, T. 3 S., R. 14 W., tributary to Wise River from southwest, in sec. 2, T. 2 S., R. 12 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not West Fork Wise River.)

Patterson: creek, Grant and Mineral Counties, W. Va. (Not Patersons.)

Patterson: reef, near Cabulauan Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I.

Patterson: town, St. Mary Parish, La. (Not Pattersonville.)

Pattersons Branch: see Harris Branch.

Patterson Wash: see Lake, valley, Nev.

Pattersquash: island, western end Moriches Bay, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Paddy Squash nor Patasquash.)

Patucannay: see Patuccannay, P. I.

Patuccannay: barrio, Tayum Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Patucannay.)

Patungan: sitio, Pinagsanghan Barrio, Maragondong Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Patugan.)

Patusao: see Palusao, P. I.

Paua: see Pawa, P. I.

Paugus: bay, an extension of Winnipesaukee Lake, Laconia, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Lake Paugus, Long Bay, nor Loon Bay.)

Pauican: see Pawikan, P. I.

Pauili: see Pawili, P. I.

Pauin: see Pauwin, P. I.

Paukaa: land division, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Paul: the larger of two bights on the westerly shore of McKenzie Inlet, Prince of Wales Island, Alaska, 1½ miles north of West Sentinel Island, near lat. 55° 25′ N., long. 132° 24′ W. Named after Paul Young, a Kasaan native.

Pauli: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pauti.)

Paulin: see Paulins.

Paulina: creek and lake, Deschutes County; village, Deschutes County; and marsh, Lake County, Oreg. (Not Pauline.)

Paulina: mountains, southern part of Deschutes County, Oreg. (Not Pauline.)

Paulina: town, St. James Parish, La. (Not Pauline.)

Paulina: see Deschutes, Oregon.

Pauline: see Paulina.

Paulins: kill, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Paulin nor Pawlins.)

Paumalu: land division, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Pauoa: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward into Nuuanu Stream from the east, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Pauti: see Pauli, P. I.

Pauwela: land division and village near Haiku, Makawao District, Maui, T. H.

Pauwin: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paouin nor Pauin.)

Pavant: mountain range, Millard and Sevier Counties, Utah. (Not Pah Vant.)

Pavia: prov. and city, Lombardia, n. Italy; 45° 15′ N., 9° 10′ E.

Pawa: barrio, Masbate Municipality, Masbate, P. I.

Pawa: barrio, Matnog Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paua.)

Pawa: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pana nor Paua.)

Pawa: barrio, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pawa: barrio, Uumanjug Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Pawcatuck: point, mouth of Pawcatuck River, New London County, Connecticut. (Not Osbrook.)

Pawikan: barrio, Caibiran Municipality, Leyte Province, Billiran Island, P. I. (Not Pauican nor Passikan.)

Pawili: barrio, Bula Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pauili.)

Pawili: barrio, Pili municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Panili nor Pauili.)

Pawlins: see Paulins.

Pawnee: peak (altitude about 12,900 feet), on the Continental Divide, 12 miles south of Longs Peak, in sec. 1, T. 1 N., R. 74 W., Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo.

***Pawnee City:** city, Pawnee County, Nebr. (Not Pawnee.)

Pawpaw: river, Charleston and Colleton Counties, S. C. (Not Ponpon.)

Pawticfaw: creek, tributary to Sucarnoochee Creek, Kemper County, Miss. (Not Petickfaw, Pitticfaw, nor Pittiefaw.)

Paxtang: borough, Dauphin County, Pa. (Not Paxton nor Paxtaug.)

Paya: point, on the south rim of the Grand Canyon, 6 miles south of the mouth of Kanab Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. Name of an Indian family.

Payapa: see Papaya, P. I.

Paya Rock: see Round Island, P. I.

Payette: peak, altitude 10,220 feet, Boise-Custer County line, Idaho, near lat. 43° 59′ 32″ N., long. 114° 59′ 12″ W. Near head of South Fork, Payette River. Named for Francis Payette, French-Canadian trapper of Hudson Bay Co., in charge of company's post at Fort Boise, 1854.

Payne: village, Fluvanna County, Va. (Not Paynes.)

Paynes: point, in Potomac River, north side entrance to Mattax Creek, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Paines.)

Paysandú: pr. pī-sän-dōō′; dept. and city, Uruguay; 32° 19′ S., 58° 8′ W.

Pays Bas: see Netherlands.

Payta: see Paita.

P. de Tavera: see Tavera, P. I.

Peabody: mount (Mount Peabody), altitude 9,200 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 114° 08′ W.

***Peace:** river, rises in Polk County, flowing south eighty miles, through Hardee, Desoto, and Charlotte counties, and spreads into an estuary opening into the northeast end of Charlotte Harbor, southwestern Florida. (Not Pease.)

Peace: river, tributary of Koyuk River from the north, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 65° 15′ N., long. 161° 15′ W.

Peachahala: creek, tributary to Big Black River, Carroll County, Miss. (Not Peachahallow, Peachuhaley, nor Pitchahala.)

Peahi: village, just west of Halehaku Gulch, Maui, T. H.

Peak: village, Anderson County, Tenn. (Not Peaks.)

Peak o' Moose: Peakamoose: see Peekamoose.

Peale: island, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at extreme south end of South Arm of Yellowstone Lake. Named for Dr. A. . Peale, author of report on thermal springs, in Hayden's report, 1878.

Peanut: lake, on west coast Admiralty Island, Alaska, near lat. 57° 55′ N., long. 134° 42′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Peapea: see Makaihuwaa, T. H.

Pear: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 24, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Pear: reservoir, sec. 36, T. 30 N., R. 74 W., 5 miles south Longs Peak, draining through Cony Creek into the south side North St. Vrain Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Pearce: creek and neck, Cecil County, Md. (Not Pierce's.)

Pearl: creek, heading in Pyramid Glacier, and making Pearl Falls at Basalt Cliff; tributary to Kautz Creek, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Pearl: falls, on Pearl Creek, southwestern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Pearl: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 900 feet southwest of Monarch Geyser in Norris Geyser Basin.

Pearl: harbor, mainland of Alaska, on east side Favorite Channel, near lat. 58° 29′ N., Tongass National Forest.

Pearl: island, middle one of Chugach Islands, lat. 59° 06′.5 N., long. 151° 41′ W., extreme end of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Middle Chugach.)

Pearl: river, chiefly in Mississippi, rising in T. 14 N., R. 13 E., Chocktaw Mer., flowing southerly and after forming part of Louisiana-Mississippi boundary line, empties into Lake Borgne, an arm of the Gulf of Mexico. (Pronounced, pĕrl.)

Pearl City: town, near East Loch, Pearl Harbor, Oahu, T. H.

Pearl Harbor: landlocked arm of the Pacific Ocean, southern coast of Oahu, T. H., about 6 miles west of Honolulu; consists of East, Middle, and West Lochs; principal affluents, Halawa, Kalauao, Waimalu, Waiawa, and Waipahu Streams, also numerous springs near sea level; contains Fords Island. Site of United States naval base and dry dock.

Pearson's: see Pierson.

Pease: see Peace, river, Fla.

Peaseley: see Peaslee, canyon, Nev.

Peaux d'Oreilles: see Pend Oreille.

Peaslee: canyon, Lincoln County, Nev. rising in sec. 33, T. 1 N., R. 66 E., on west slope of Highland Range, flowing southwest into valley. (Not Peaseley.) So named for Jess H. Peaslee, who is reported to have started the fire that gave Burnt Canyon its name.

Pebble: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° 03′ N., long. 110° 02′ W., flowing southwest and south into Soda Butte Creek.

Pechaca: Pechapa: see Pachalka.

Pechili: see Pohai.

Peck: canyon, Santa Cruz County, Ariz., rising near Montana Peak, in sec. 4, T. 23 S., R. 11 E., flowing northeast into Santa Cruz River, about 4½ miles north of Calabasas, Coronado National Forest. (Not Palaco nor Piskorski.) Named after a pioneer cattleman who had a ranch in this canyon and whose wife was murdered by the Apache Indians.

Peck: lake, Indian River, southeastern Florida. (Not Peck's.)

Peck: ledge, Long Island Sound, off Cockenoe Island, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Peck's.)

Pecos: river, rising in Mono Co., New Mexico, near lat. 35° 57′ N., long. 105° 30′ W., flows south and southeast through New Mexico and Texas into the Rio Grande, near lat. 29° 40′ N., long. 101° 40′ W. (Pronounced, pā-kŭs.)

Pécs: pr. pĕch; city, s. w. Hungary; Ger. Fünfkirchen; 46° 5′ N., 18° 13′ E.

Pecumsaugan: creek, Lasalle County, Ill. (Not Pecumsaugum, Pequamsoggin, nor Pequansoggin.)

Peddocks: island, Boston Bay, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Peddock, Pethick's, Pettick's, nor Puttock.)

Pederson: glacier, northwestern shore Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 53′ N., long. 149° 45′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Pedmar: mountain (Mount Pedmar) altitude 3,000 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, northeastern shore of Katmai Bay, Shelikof Strait, near lat. 58° N., long. 154° 50′ W.

Pedro: glacier, Alaska, northern coast Prince William Sound, eastern shore Unakwik Inlet, at head of Miners River, near lat. 61° 07′ N., long. 147° 20′ W.

Pedro: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

***Pee Dee:** river, beginning at the confluence of the Yadkin and Uwharrie Rivers, Montgomery County, N. C., near lat. 35° 28′ N., long. 80° 03′ W., and flowing southeast, emptying into Winyah Bay, Georgetown County, S. C. (Not Great Peedee nor Peedee.)

Peekamoose: mountain, Denning Town, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Peak o' Moose, Peakamoose, nor Peek o' Moose.)

Peepee: township, Pike County, Ohio. (Not Pee-Pee.)

Peer: islet, southeastern Alaska, west coast Chichagof Island, in Imperial Passage, Portlock Harbor entrance, near lat. 57° 43′ 30″ N.

Pegleg: mountain, altitude 5,910 feet, sec. 22, T. 44 N., R. 9 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Pegmatite Points: ridge, consisting of three points, in T. 6 S., R. 73 W., and running between Rosalie Peak and Meridian Hill, Park County, Colo.

Pehea: see Pihea, T. H.

Peiping: city (former capital), China; name officially changed from Peking to Peiping in 1929; 39° 55′ N., 116° 22′ E. Not Peping.

Peipus: lake bet. Estonia and Russia; Russ. Chudskoe;† 58° 45′ N., 27° 30′ E.

Peiraievs (Piraeus): seaport of Athēnai, Greece; Gr. Peiraievs,† pr. pē-rĕ-ĕfs′; Intl. postal guide, Piréefs; Fr. Le Pirée; Ital. Pireo; Lat. Piraeus; 37° 57′ N., 23° 40′ E.

Peirce: cape, northern shore of Bristol Bay, 14 miles east of Cape Newenham, lat. 58° 32′ N., long. 161° 42′ W., Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Pierce.)

Peirce: township, Lawrence County, Mo. (Not Pierce.)

Peirce City: city, Peirce Township, Lawrence County, Mo. (Not Pierce.)

Peisar: island, southeastern part of Sitka Sound, lat. 56° 53′ .3 N., long. 135° 26′ .4 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Peiser nor Preisar.)

Pekin: see Peking.

Peking: former name of city (former capital), China; name officially changed from Peking to Peiping in 1929; 39° 55′ N., 116° 22′ E. Not Pekin.

Pelahatchie: creek and town, Rankin County, Miss. (Not Pelahatchee nor Pelahatches.)

Pela Patio: see Tilapatio, P. I.

Pelasia: see Palusha.

Pelekunu: land division, partly in Government ownership, northern Molokai, T. H.

Pelekunu: stream, rising at 4,500 feet elevation, flowing northward into sea through Pelekunu Gulch, northern Molokai, T. H.

Pelham: see Blackhall, mountain, Wyo.

Pelican: cay, 100 meters off northern shore Little Hans Lollik Island, northernmost of Virgin Islands. (Not Nordoe.)

Pelican: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 12′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone Lake. Probably named by the Washburn party, who, in 1870, found here an abundant water fowl life, including white pelicans.

Pelican: ridge, extending northwest from Pelican Slough, T. 5 S., Rs. 41 and 42 E., Caribou County, Idaho.

Pelican: springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., left bank of Pelican Creek at mouth of Raven Creek, near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 110° 13′ W. Takes its name from the creek, which was so named by Hedges of the Washburn party, 1870.

Pelican: see Goleta, point, Calif.

Pelican Cone: mountain, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., altitude 9,580 feet, near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 12′ W.

Pelican Roost: island, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., northeast corner of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 19′ W. This small island, a half mile southwest of Steamboat Point, is the resort of white pelicans.

Pell: see Lisianski, island, T. H.

Pellett: Pellettown: see Papakating.

Peloponèse: see Peloponnesus.

Peloponnesus: that part of Greece s. of the Isthmus of Corinth; Fr. Peloponèse; also called Morea.

Pelota: creek, narrow passage separating Geiger Key from Boca Chica Key, Monroe County, Fla. (Not Pelote nor Pelot's.)

Pelotas: pr. peh-lô'täs; town, Brazil, in state of Rio Grande do Sul; 31° 42′ S., 52° 23′ W.

Pelote: Pelot's: see Pelota.

Pelton: park, Albany County, Wyo., in secs. 9, 10, T. 12 N., R. 79 W. Named after a man who settled in this region previous to the establishment of the forest.

Pelucia: see Palusha.

Pemadumcook: lake, Piscataquis County, Me., near lat. 45° 42′ N., long. 68° 55′ W. (Not Pamadumcook, Pamedemcook, Pamedumcook, nor Pemedumcook.)

Pemaquan: see Pennamaquan.

Pembinbemon: see Pemebonwon.

Pembine: see Pemebonwon.

Pembinebemon: see Pemebonwon.

Pembrook: township, Edmunds County, S. Dak. (Not Pembroke.)

Pemebonwon: river, Marinette County, Wis. (Not Pembinbemon, Pembine, Pembinebemon, Peme Bon Won, nor Pike.)

Pemedumcook: see Pemadumcook.

Pemelia: see Pamelia.

Pemetic: mountain, elevation 1,262 feet, Hancock County, Me., Lafayette National Park, Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 20′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. (Not Bubble.)

Pemmaquan: see Pennamaquan.

Pena Blanca: Peña Blanca: see Penon Blanco.

Penablanca: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Peñafrancia: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pena Francia nor Peña Francia.)

Pena Francia: Peña Francia: see Penafrancia, P. I.

Peñang: island, Malakka Strait, East Indies. (Not Pinang, Pinnang, Prince of Wales, nor Pulo-Penang.)

Peñaranda: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Penarrubia: township, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Penascal: point, northeast angle of Penascal Rincon, Kenedy County, Tex. (Not Griffin's, Peñascal, nor Peñescal.)

Peñascal: see Penascal.

Penascal Rincon: peninsula, south of Baffin Bay and west of Laguna Madre, Kenedy County, Tex. (Not Peñascal Rincon nor Peñescal Rincon.)

Peñasco Blanco or **Penyasco Blanco:** archeological ruins of pueblo type, Chaco Canyon National Monument, San Juan County, N. Mex., about 3 miles northwest of Pueblo Bonito. Named Peñasca Blanca by Lieut. J. H. Simpson, United States Army, who in his report describing an expedition into the Navajo country, in 1849, gave the first authentic account of the pueblo ruins in Chaco Canyon.

Penasquitos: see Los Penasquitos.

Penayangan: see Pinayagan Norte, P. I.

Pendergrass: town, Jackson County, Ga. (Not Pendergrast.)

Pendergrass: town, Marshall County, Ala. (Not Pendergrast.)

Pend Oreille: lake, Bonner and Kootenai counties, northern Idaho. (Not Kulluspelm, Peaux d'Oreilles, Pend 'Oreille, Pend' D'Oreille, Pend d'Oreille, Pend O'Reille, Pends Oreilles, Pond Orrilles, Pondera, nor Ponderay.)

Pend d'Oreille: see Flathead, lake, Mont.

Peñescal: see Penascal.

Peñescal Rincon: see Penascal Rincon.

Penfield: reef, Long Island Sound, near Fairfield, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Penfield's.)

Penfield: see Pennfield.

Pengra: pass, Klamath and Lane Counties, Oreg., in Cascade Range at head of Odell Lake, near lat. 43° 36′, long. 122° 03′. After the late B. J. Pengra, pioneer citizen of Oregon, surveyor general 1861–1865.

Penholoway: creek, Wayne County, Ga. (Not Finholloway, Finholoway, Pen Holloway, Phin Holloway, nor Phinholloway.)

Penitan: see Pinitan, P. I.

Penn: creek and township, Snyder County, Pa. (Not Penns nor Pennsylvania.)

Pennamaquan: lake and river, Charlotte and Pembroke Towns, Washington County, Me. (Not Pemaquan, Pemmaquan, nor Pinmaquan.)

Pennell: see Penwell.

Pennfield: township and village, Calhoun County, Mich. (Not Penfield.)

Penn Grove: see Pennsgrove.

Penniman: two hanging glaciers northeast of Baker Glacier and west of Serpentine Glacier, north of Harriman Fiord, Prince William Sound, Alaska, lat. 61° 05′, long. 148° 20′. Named after the brothers James H. and Josiah H. Penniman, writers and educators.

Pennine Chain: low north-south range, England.

Penn Manor: post light and wharf, Delaware River, Bucks County, Pa. (Not Penn's Manor.)

Pennock: mountain, Medicine Bow National Forest, Carbon County, Wyo., in sec. 14, T. 18 N., R. 82 W. So named after Taylor Pennock, pioneer sheep grazer in this vicinity. (Not Cedar.)

***Pennsgrove:** borough, Salem County, N. J. (Not Penn Grove, Penngrove, nor Penn's Grove.)

Penn's Manor: see Penn Manor.

Pennsylvania: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada and New York, on the east by New York and New Jersey, on the south by Delaware, Maryland and West Virginia, and on the west by West Virginia and Ohio. Area, 45,126 square miles. (Pronounced, pĕn-sĭl-vā′nĭ-a.)

Pennsylvania: see Penn, creek and township, Pa.

Pennwell: see Penwell.

Penobscot: mountain, at head of Jordan Pond, Mount Desert Town, Mount Desert Island, Me. (Not Jordan.)

Penobscot: river in Maine, formed by junction of its East and West Branches, in Penobscot Co., near lat. 45° 37′ N., long. 68° 31′ W., flowing thence southerly, forming the boundary between Hancock and Waldo Counties, into Penobscot Bay. (Pronounced, pĕn-ŏb′-scŏt.)

Penole: see Pinole.

Penon Blanco: point (peak) and ridge, Mariposa and Tuolumne Counties, Calif. (Not Pena Blanca, Peña Blanca, nor Peñon Blanco.)

Penoncillo: point (Point Penoncillo), eastern side Ponce Harbor, P. R.

Penonomé: pr. peh-no-no-meh; town, Panama; 8° 24′ N., 80° 24′ W.

Pensa: see Penza.

Pentecost: see Izhut, bay, Alaska.

Pentwater: township and village, Oceana County, Mich. (Not Pent Water.)

Penville: see Penwell.

Penwell: village, Warren County, N. J. (Not Pennell, Pennwell, nor Penville.)

Penyasco Blanco: see Peñasco Blanco.

Penza: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia); Ger. Pensa; 53° 10′ N., 45° 3′ E.

Peoples: township, Boone County, Iowa. (Not People's.)

Peoria: city, in Peoria Co., Illinois, on the Illinois River, near lat. 40° 41′ N., long. 89° 37′ W. Population in 1930, 104,788. (Pronounced, pē-ō′-rĭ-a.)

Peotone: see Viola.

Pepeekeo: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea just south of Peepeekeo post office, Hawaii, T. H.

Pepeekeo: village, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Pepeekeo: see Alia, T. H.

Pepillo: point (Point Pepillo), northeast side of Guayanilla Harbor, P. R.

Peping: see Peiping.

Pequaket: see Pequawket.

Pequamsoggin: Pequansoggin: see Pecumsaugan.

***Pequannock:** river, Morris, Passaic, and Sussex Counties, and township and village, Morris County, N. J. (Not Pequanac, Pequannac, nor Pequannoc.)

Pequannock: see Poquonock.

Pequawket: mountain, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Kearsarge, Mount Kearsarge North, Pequaket, nor Pigwacket.)

Pequest: railroad station, Warren County, N. J. (Not Pequest Furnace.)

Pequonnock: see Poquonock.

Pera: see Beyoğlu.

Peratovich: island, about 2 miles long and 1 mile wide in Klawak Inlet, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 35′ N., long. 133° 06′ W. After a former influential resident of Klawak. (Not Graveyard.)

Perch: light station, Thames River, Conn. (Not Perch Rock nor Perche Rock.)

Percy Reach: post light, Hudson River, Greene County, N. Y. (Not Percy's Reach.)

Perea: canyon, Navajo Indian Reservation, Coconino County, Ariz.

Peregrebnoi: see Wosnesenski.

Pereleshin: mountain, east of the Stikine River, Canada, near the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), lat. 57° 13′ N., long. 131° 43′ W. (Not Pereleshini.)

Pérez Dasmariñas: Perez-Dasmariñas: see Dasmarinas, P. I.

Pergamon: see Bergama.

Peria: see Perilla.

Peril: cape, western point entrance Izhut Bay, and 2½ miles northeast of Izhut Cape, lat. 58° 07′.5 N., long. 152° 17′ W., southeastern coast of Afognak Island, Alaska.

Peril: creek, small branch of North Fork of Coal Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Peril: peak, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 30′ W.

Peril: see Pogibshi.

Perilla: mountains, between Sulphur Springs and San Bernardino Valleys southeastern part of Cochise County, Ariz. (Not Peria nor Perrilla.)

Perkintown: hamlet, Salem County, N. J. (Not Perlantown.)

Perlantown: see Perkintown.

Perm: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia), on Kama river; 58° N., 56° 20′ E.

Permelia: see Pamelia.

Pernambuco: pr. per-näm-bo͞o′kō; state, e. Brazil.

Pernambuco (city): see Recife.

Pérou: see Peru.

Perpetua: cape, in the extreme southwest corner of Lincoln County, Oreg., near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 124° 07′ W. Discovered and named by Capt. James Cook, of the Royal Navy, on March 7, 1778, during his voyage to the North Pacific Ocean.

Perpignan: pr. pêr-pēn-yäN; city, near e. end of Pyrenees, s. France; 42° 40′ N., 2° 55′ E.

Perquimans: river, Perquimans County, N. C. (Not Perquimon's.)

Perrier: see Taiya, inlet, Alaska.

Perrilla: see Perilla.

Perrin: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in lat. 36° 32′ N., long. 118° 18′ W., flowing southwest into Rock Creek 2 miles southeast of Mount Guyot, Sequoia National Park.

Perrin: river, Gloucester County, Va., rising in Guinea Neck, flowing southeast, entering north side of York River, near lat. 35° 15′, long. 76° 25′. (Not Sedger nor Sedgy Creek.) Name changed in conformity with an act of the General Assembly of the State of Virginia, approved March 1, 1916.

Perry: passage, between Perry Island and Culross Island, leading to Port Wells, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Perry: point (Point Perry), northernmost point of Perry Island, lat. 60° 45′ N., long. 147° 58′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Perry: towhead, Mississippi River, Monroe County, Ill. (Not Perry's.)

Perry Magee: run, Deerfield Township, Warren County, Pa., flows southeast into Allegheny River north of Magee Station. (Not Magee.) Named for a member of a family who settled in this vicinity previous to the Civil War.

Perry Peak: see Bancroft, mountain, Colo.

***Perrysville:** village, Ashland County, Ohio. (Not Perryville.)

Perse: see Persia.

Persia: country, s. w. Asia; Persian, Iran;† pr. ē-rän; Fr. Perse; Ger. Persien.

Persien: see Persia.

Perth: seaport, capital of W. Australia; 31° 56′ S., 115° 50′ E.

Peru: pr. peh-rōō′; rep., w. S. America; Fr. Pérou; Ger. Peru; Ital. Perù; Sp. Perú.

Perugia: pr. pā-rōō′jä; prov. and city, cen. Italy; 43° 8′ N., 12° 22′ E.

Pesaro: prov. and city, n. Italy, e. coast; 43° 54′ N., 12° 54′ E.

Pescara: prov. and seaport, e. cen. Italy; 42° 28′ N., 14° 13′ E.

Peschani: see Galankin.

Peshawar: pr. pĕ-shä′war: city, N. W. Frontier Provinces, India, near the Khyber pass; 34° N., 71° 32′ E. Not Peshawur.

Pesquera: island, 230 feet high, 1¾ miles west of Anguilla Island, Maurelle group, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 40′ 30″ N. Spanish name meaning *fishing ground.*

Pestchani: see Pyramid, island, Alaska.

Pesterzsébet: pr. pĕsh-ter-zhĕ-bet; a suburb of Budapest, Hungary.

Pestola: see Pistola, P. I.

Peterburg: see Leningrad.

Peter le Ducks: see Leduck.

Peters: island, landing, and towhead, Mississippi River, Lee County, Ark. (Not Peter's.)

Peters: landing, Ohio River, Meade County, Ky. (Not Peter's.)

Peters: see Hanna, glacier, Alaska.

Peters: see Trunk, cay, Virgin Islands.

Peterson: lake, at head of Peterson Creek, Alaska, near lat. 58° 26′ N., long. 134° 44′ W., Tongass National Forest. So named for J. G. Peterson, pioneer prospector and miner.

Peterson: see Chehalis.

Peter's Valley: see Bevans.

Pethick's: see Peddocks.

Petickfaw: see Pawticfaw.

Petillo: see Paitillo.

Petit: see Pettit, island, N. J.

Petite Pointe au Sable: see Little Sable.

Petit Liard: bayou (Bayou Petit Liard), Plaquemines Parish, La (Not Laird nor St. Denis.)

Petit Manan: island, lighthouse, and point, Washington County, Me. (Not Little Menan.)

Petmeg-e'a: see Pitmegea.

Petri: railroad station, Hancock County, Ky. (Not Petri Station nor Petrie.)

Petrikau: see Piotrków.

Petrof: bay, southeast arm of Tebenkof Bay, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 24′ N., long. 134° 04′ W. After Ivan Petrof, special census agent for Alaska, 1880, who contributed largely to the written history of the territory.

Petrof: point, west side of Nuka Passage Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 59° 22′ N., long. 150° 46′ W. Named after near-by glacier.

Petros: railroad station, Le Flore County, Okla. (Not Petross Mill.)

Petross Mill: see Petros.

Pettick's: see Peddocks.

Pettit: creek, Bartow County, Ga. (Not Pettis nor Petty's.)

Pettit: island, Manahawken Bay, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Petit.)

Petty: island, opposite Philadelphia, Delaware River, Camden County, N. J. (Not Petty's.)

Petty's: see Pettit, island, N. J.

Petunk: see Potunk.

Peyton: landing, Ohio River, Meigs County, Ohio. (Not Peyton's.)

Pfalz: see Rheinpfalz.

Pfeifer: village, Ellis County, Kans. (Not Pfeiffer.)

Pforzheim: city, Baden, s. w. Germany; 48° 53′ N., 8° 40′ E.

Phalen: lake, New Canada Township, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not Phaline nor Phelans.)

Phaline: see Phalen.

Phantom: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising on Kaibab Plateau, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 07′ W., drains southerly into Bright Angel Creek 1 mile north of the Colorado River. (Not West Fork.)

Phelans: see Phalen.

Phelps: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 39′ N., long. 110° 48′ W. South boundary of park crosses lake near south end. Named by F. V. Hayden,and shown on maps in his reports on the Geological and Geographical Surveys of the Territories, 1878.

Phelps: ledge, east of Montauk Point, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Phelps'.)

Phenix City: city, Lee County, Ala. (Not Phoenix City.)

Phenixville: see Phoenixville.

Philadelphia: city, in Philadelphia Co., Pennsylvania, on the Delaware River, near lat. 40° 00′ N., long. 75° 09′ W. Population in 1930, 1,964,430. (Pronounced, fĭl-ā-dĕl-'fĭ-a.)

Philadelphia: village, Loudon County, Tenn. (Not New Philadelphia.)

Philamon Hays: see Hays, stream, Miss.

Phileman: Philemon: see Philomel.

Philimon Hays: see Hays, stream, Miss.

Philippine: islands, Malay Archipelago. (Not Filipinas, Indias Españolas, Magallania, nor San Lazaro.)

Philippopolis: see Plovdiv.

Philips: point and town, St. Johns River, Duval County, Fla (Not Kings.)

Philips: see La Vista, point, Fla.

Philip's: see Phillips, creek, Md.

Philipsburg: valley, Granite County, Mont., T. 7 N., R. 14 W., Montana principal meridian. (Not Phillipsburg.)

Philipstown: town, Putnam County, N. Y. (Not Phillipstown.)

Phillippe: creek, Sarasota County, Fla., rises east of Sarasota, in sec. 21, T. 36 S., R. 18 E., Tallahassee meridian, flows in a southwesterly direction and empties into Sarasota Bay.

Phillips: creek, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Philip's.)

Phillips: fork, a tributary from west to Bechler River, 4 miles from the source, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Phillips: island, Port Royal Entrance, S. C. (Not St. Phillip's.)

Phillips: lake, Dedham Town, Hancock County, Me. (Not Filtz, Fitts, nor Fitz.)

Phillips: mount (Mount Phillips), altitude 9,480 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 32′ W.

Phillip's: see La Vista.

Phillips Bar: post light, Mississippi River, New Madrid County, Mo. (Not Phillip's.)

Phillipsburg: see Philipsburg.

Phillipston: village, Clarion County, Pa. (Not Philipston.)

Phillipstown: see Philipstown.

Phillipsville: see Kettintelbe.

Phillis: island, Ohio River, Beaver County, Pa. (Not Phillis's.)

Philomel: creek, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Phileman nor Philemon.)

Phil Pico: see Corson, peak, Utah.

Phin Holloway: Phinholloway: see Penholoway.

Phippsburg: town and village, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Phipsburg.)

Phlox: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 13′ N., long. 110° 11′ W., flowing east into Yellowstone River.

Phnom-Penh: see Pnom-Penh.

Phoca: rock, T. 1 N., R. 5 E., in Columbia River between Multnomah County, Oreg., and Skamania County, Wash. (Not Lone.)

Phocena: rocks, elevation of highest 25 feet, 250 yards from western shore, Gravina Island, Clarence Strait, southeastern Alaska. (Not Porpoise.)

Phoebe: see Baker, island.

Phoenix: capital of Arizona, in Maricopa Co., on the Gila River, near lat. 33° 27′ N., long. 112° 04′ W. Population in 1930, 48,150. (Pronounced fe′-nĭks.)

Phoenix: see Montbrook.

Phoenix City: see Phenix City.

Phoenixville: borough, Chester County, Pa. (Not Phenixville.)

Phosphoria: gulch, joining Georgetown Canyon at a distance of 5.3 miles S. 48° E. of Harrington triangulation station, and 2.5 miles N. 16° W. of Meade Peak, Idaho.

Phyong-yang: see Heijo.

Piacenza: pr. pyä-chĕn′tsä; prov. and city, n. w. Italy; 45° 1′ N., 9° 40′ E.

Piankatank: river, tributary to Chesapeake Bay, Va. (Not Piankitank.)

Pias: barrio, Villasis Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Piaz.)

Piat: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Piauhy: pr. pē-ä-wē′; state, n. e. Brazil.

Piaz: see Pias, P. I.

Picabo: hills, Blaine County, Idaho, between town of Picabo on the east and Magic Reservoir on the west, bounded on the north by Silver Creek and on the south by the Snake River Plain. (Not Resurrection.)

Picacho: peak, about 4 miles north of Yuma, Ariz., Imperial County, Calif. (Not Chimney.)

Picas: see Pikas, P. I.

Picatinny: peak, Green Pond Mountain, 5 miles north of Dover, Morris County, N. J. (Not Piccatinny, nor Pickatinny Beak.)

Picatinny: railroad station, Morris County, N. J. (Not Piccatinny nor Pickatinny Beak.)

Piccadune: see Comanche, gulch, Colo.

Piccatinny: Pickatinny Beak: see Picatinny.

Pickeral: creek, sec. 19, T. 167 N., R. 33 W., emptying into Lake of the Woods, Lake of the Woods County, Minn.

Picket: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 4, T. 16 S., R. 32 E., flowing north of east into Kern Kaweah River in sec. 36, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Picket: lake, secs. 21, 22, 27, 28, and 29, T. 65 N., R. 16 W., St. Louis County, Minn.

Picket Guard: peak, altitude 12,311 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 35, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Pickett: mountain (Mount Pickett), altitude 1,889 feet, San Juan County, Wash., on the eastern peninsula of Orcas Island, 1¼ miles southeast of Mount Constitution. (Not Doe Bay Mountain.) So named in honor of Capt. George Edward Pickett, United States Army, who occupied San Juan Island at time of boundary dispute and afterwards, as general in Confederate Army, led famous charge at Gettysburg.

Picket-wire: Picketwire: see Purgatoire.

Pickwacket: pond, Long Lake Town, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not Pickwocket nor Pigwaket.)

Picnic: island, entrance to Goose Bay, St. Lawrence River, 4 miles northeast of Alexandria Bay Village, N. Y.

Picnic: low point, Nushagak region, Alaska, about 3½ miles east of Dillingham Post Office, lat. 59° 02′ N., long. 158° 20′ W. This is a well-known local name.

Picnic: see Meriwether, canyon, Mont.

Picnic: see Douglas, island, N. Y.

Picton: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Robbins.)

Piddig: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pidpid: settlement, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Piedmont: see Piemonte.

Piedmont: see Rocksprings.

Piedmont Springs: see Cottaquila.

Piedra: point, on Cape Bolinao, western coast of Luzon, P. I. (Not Piedras.)

Piedra: river, Archuleta, Hinsdale, and Mineral Counties, Colo. (Not Rio Pedra nor Rio Piedra.)

Piedra Almirall: see Merail.

Piedra Dita: see Dita.

Piedras: island, in northwestern part of San Alberto Bay, one-fourth mile east of Cruz Islands, lat. 55° 33′.4 N., long. 133° 17′.9 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Rocky nor Ysla de Piedras.)

Piedras: see Piedra, point, P. I.

Piegan: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 41′ W. Makes a thousand-foot leap.

Piegan: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., on east slope of Piegan Mountain, near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 41′ W., draining into Siyeh Creek.

Piegan: mountain, 9,230 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 41′ W. Named for Piegan (Blackfeet) Indians.

Piegan: pass, east of Cataract Mountain, Glacier County, Mont.

Piemonte (Piedmont): region, former division, n. w. Italy; chief city, Torino.

Pienyang: see Heijo.

Pierce: mountain (Mount Pierce), Presidential Range of White Mountains, Coos County, N. H. (Not Mount Clinton.)

Pierce: see McCord, creek, Oreg.

Pierce: see Peirce: Peirce City, Mo.

Pierce's: see Pearce, creek, neck, Md.

Pierceton: town, Kosciusko County, Ind. (Not Pierceton Junction.)

Pierpont: town, Day County, S. Dak. (Not Pierpoint.)

Pierre: capital of South Dakota, in Hughes Co., on the Missouri River, near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 110° 22′ W. Population in 1930, 3,659. (Pronounced, pēr.)

Pierre: creek, rising in McKenzie County, N. Dak., tributary to Yellowstone River, T. 23 N., R. 59 E., Richland County, Mont. (Not Benny Pierre.)

Pierre: Pierre's Hole: see Teton.

Pierson: cove, Kent County, Del. (Not Pearson's.)

Pieto: see Pleito.

Pigbasagan: barrio, Lupi Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pig Basagan.)

Pigeon: bay, north shore Lake Superior, and falls, also river flowing into the bay and forming part of International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario), Thunder Bay District, Ontario.

Pigeon: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 8, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., flowing south into South Fork of Kaweah River in Sequoia National Park.

Pigeon: point, on coast of Lake Superior, Minn. (Not Pointe au Tourtre.)

Pig Eye: dike, lake, and post light, near St. Paul, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not Pig's Eye.)

Pigot: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Pig-ot.)

Pigot: bay, immediately north of Point Pigot, near lat. 60° 49′ N., lat. 148° 20′ W.; glacier, 7 miles northwest of Point Pigot, Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Piqot.)

Pig's Eye: see Pig Eye.

Pigwacket: see Pequawket.

Pigwaket: see Pickwacket.

Piha: land division, in Government ownership, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Pihea: peak, elevation, 4,150 feet, near lat. 22° 09′ N., long. 159° 37′ W., highest point on Kaunuohua Ridge, northwestern part of Kauai, T. H. (Not Pehea nor Puu Pihea.)

Piihonua: land division, in Government ownership, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Piilani: ditch, diverting water from north side of Kauaula Stream, West Maui, T. H.

Pikas: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Pikas: barrio, Barugo Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Picas.

Pike: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Huguenot, nor Proctor.)

Pike: see Pipe, creek, Ohio.

Pike: see Huguenot, island, N. Y.

Pike: see Pemebonwon, river, Wis.

Pila: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pilaa: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Pilar: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pilar: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province (subprovince Abra), Luzon, P. I.

Pilar: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pilar: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Pilar: municipality, Cebu Province, Poson, P. I.

Pilarcitos: canyon, creek, and lake, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not Pillarcitos.)

Pilatka: see Palatka.

Pilcher Point: landing and town, Mississippi River, East Carroll Parish, La. (Not Pilcher's Point.)

Pilcomayo: pr. pēl-kō-mī′yō; river, s. Bolivia and bdy. of Argentina with Bolivia and Paraguay, to the Paraguay river.

Pile: bay, Alaska, northeast end of Iliamna Lake, and river, tributary to it. (Not Spile nor Syooknook.)

Pile: see Jawbone.

Pile: see Pili, P. I.

Pile-driver: cove, southeastern Alaska, on east side Tebenkof Bay, near lat. 56° 32′ N., long. 134° 12′ W. So named in reference to a number of dolphins placed in this cove as moorings for pile drivers.

Pilgrim: creek, Powder River County, Mont., tributary to Yellowstone River, in Ts. 4–5 S., Rs. 52–55 E., Montana principal meridian. (Not Big Pilgam.)

Pilgrim: lake, separated from Cape Cod Bay by Pilgrim Beach, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not East Harbor.)

Pilgrim Beach: strip of land separating Cape Cod Bay from Pilgrim Lake, Barnstable County, Mass.

Pili: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pili: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Romblon Province, Sibuyan, P. I. (Not Pile.)

Pili: see Puu Pilo, T. H.

Pililla: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pillar: spring, Nye County, Nev., foot of Quartzite Mountain, near lat. 37° 30′ N., long. 116° 20′ W.

Pillar: see Kekur, point, Alaska.

Pillar: see Stripe, rock, Alaska.

Pillar: see Sail, rock, Calif.

Pillar: see Pompeys Pillar, creek, Mont.

Pillarcitos: see Pilarcitos.

Pillsbury Sound: channel, between St. John and St. Thomas islands, Virgin Islands. (Not Sundet nor Surgidero.) Named after Rear Admiral John Elliott Pillsbury, U. S. N., who performed notable work in oceanography.

Pilot: mountain, altitude 7,182 feet, Shasta County, Calif., about 4 miles southeast of White Mountain, in sec. 13, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Pilot: pinnacle, altitude 8,886 feet, Shasta County, Calif., three-fourths mile northeast of Mount Diller, in secs. 9, 10, 15, 16, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Pilot: rock, western side of Harding Gateway, Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 44′.4 N., long. 149° 28′.5 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Light House.)

Pilot Harbor: anchorage, on the east side near the head of North Arm, Nuka Bay, lat. 59° 35′ N., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Pilot Island: light, island at entrance of Porte des Morts Passage into Green Bay from Lake Michigan, Wis. (Not Porte des Morts.)

*Pilot Knob: peak, 40 miles north of Barstow and 25 miles east of Randsburg, T. 3 N., R. 2 E., San Bernardino meridian, San Bernardino County, Calif. (Not Granite Mountain.)

Pilot Rock: peak, prominent landmark, T. 21 N., R. 23 E., Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Mitten Peak.)

Pilsen: see Plzeň.

Pima: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 12′ W.

Pimenta: mountain, Baker Island, southeastern Alaska, altitude, 1,970 feet, 1,600 yards west of Pepper Point. (Not Pimento nor Pimienta.)

Pimental: valley, small one, forming westward continuation of the Vallecitos; and creek, draining Pimental Valley, flowing southeasterly, joining Griswold Creek, San Benito County, Calif. (Not The Pimental.)

Pimento: Pimienta: see Pimenta.

Pimnys: point, Nantucket Harbor, Mass. (Not Pimney's.)

Pinagbacahan: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Panagbacahan nor Pinagbacajan.)

Pinagbacajan: see Pinagbacahan, P. I.

Pinagbayanan: barrio, Pitogo Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinag Bayanan.)

Pinagcaanoran: see Panagkaanuran, P. I.

Pinagcanitan: see Pinagcauitan, P. I.

Pinagcauitan: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinagcanitan.)

Pinaghauanan: see Pinaghawanan, P. I.

Pinaghawanan: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinaghauanan.)

Pinagsangahan: barrio, Pagsanjan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Sebastian nor San Sebastián.)

Pinagsañgahan: Pinagsangahan: see Pagsangahan, P. I.

Pinagsanghan: barrio, Maragondon Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinagsanhan.)

Pinagsanhan: see Pinagsanghan, P. I.

Pinal: creek, rising east of Pinal Peak, flowing northerly through Globe to Salt River, Gila County, Ariz.

Pinal: mountain range, southern part Gila County, between Gila and Salt Rivers, and east of Pinto and Mineral Creeks, Ariz.

Pinal: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 02′ N., long. 111° 52′ W.

Pinalacan: see Pinalaccan, P. I.

Pinalaccan: barrio, Piat Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinalacan.)

Pinamalayan: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Pinamihagan: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinamijagan.)

Pinamijagan: see Pinamihagan, P. I.

Pinamopoan: barrio, Capoocan Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Pinamopo-an nor Pinamopooan.)

Pinamopooan: see Pinamopoan, P. I.

Pinamucan: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinamuc-An.)

Pinamucan: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pinamuc-an.)

Pinamungajan: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Pinang: see Peñang.

Pinaod: barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinaud.)

Pinar del Río: pr. pē-nar′dehl rē′o; prov. and city, w. Cuba; 22° 25′ N., 83° 45′ W.

Pinasquitos: see Los Penasquitos.

Pinaud: see Pinaod, P. I.

Pinayagan: see Pinayagan Norte, P. I.

Pinayagan Norte: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Penayangan nor Pinayagan.)

Pinchot: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 36′ W., on northwest slope of Mount Pinchot, flowing southwest into Coal Creek. (Not North Fork.)

Pinchot: mount (Mount Pinchot), altitude 9,375 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 36′ W. Named for Gifford Pinchot, first forester and chief of Forest Service, which he organized.

***Pine:** creek, Maricopa County, Ariz., tributary to Salt River near sec. 15, T. 3 N., R. 11 E., unsurveyed, Tonto National Forest. (Not Pinyon.)

Pine: creek, Douglas County, Colo., T. 8 S., R. 69 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northwest into South Platte River. (Not Piney.)

Pine: creek, Atlantic County, N. J. (Not Newton.)

Pine: creek, T. 4 S., Rs. 7 and 8 E., tributary to Trail Creek from west, Park County, Mont. (Not Coal Pit.)

Pine: knob, South Union Township, Fayette County, Pa. (Not Piney.)

Pine: lake, northwest of Gunflint Lake, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario). (Not Island Portage.)

Pine: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., watershed between North Fork Kaweah River and Yucca Creek and Marble Fork of Kaweah River, in T. 15 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park.

Pine: ridge, extending from Battle Mountain southeast about 2 miles between Inn and Alpine Brooks, Larimer County, Colo.

Pine: see Piney, creek, Colo.

Pine: see Lansing, lake, Mich.

Pine: see Charlevoix, lake, Mich.

Pine: see Cottonwood, creek, Mont.

Pine: see Wyanoke, island, N. Y.

Pine: see Elk, island, Wyo.

Pinecreek: township, Jefferson County, Pa. (Not Pine Creek.)

Pine Creek Peak: see Point of Rock.

Pine Flats: see Charlton Flat.

***Pine Grove:** borough and township, Schuylkill County, Pa. (Not Pinegrove.)

Pines: river, forming boundary between Essex and Suffolk Counties, Mass. (Not Bear nor Chelsea.)

Pine Swamp: see Piney Swamp.

Pine Top: mountain, altitude 8,010 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 9, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not High.)

Piney: creek, Arapahoe and Douglas counties, Colo., rises in T. 6 S., R. 65 W., flowing northwest into Cherry Creek. (Not Pine.)

Piney: creek, Sheridan and Johnson Counties, Wyo., formed by the junction of North Piney and South Piney Creeks near Story, Wyo., and flows easterly to empty into Clear Creek in T. 53 N., R. 80 W., sixth principal meridian.

Piney: point, near mouth Caloosahatchee River, north side, Lee County, Fla. (Not Little Pine Island.)

Piney: see Pine, creek, Colo.

Piney: see Didi, point, Fla.

Piney: see Pine, knob, Pa.

Piney: see Dry Piney, creek, Wyo.

Piney: see South Piney, creek, Wyo.

Piney Island: cove, Bloodsworth Island, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Piny.)

Piney Swamp: run, Mineral County, W. Va. (Not Pine Swamp.)

Pingaluk: river, Alaska, tributary to headwaters of Alatna River from the north, near lat. 67° 30′ N., long. 154° W. (Not Ping-ing-a-look, Pingingalook, nor Ringingalook.)

Pingcaanuran: see Panagkaanuran, P. I.

Ping-ing-a-look: Pingingalook: see Pingaluk.

Pinik: see Punuk.

Pinitan: barrio, Siruma Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Penitan.)

Pink Cone: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, 1,300 feet south of west of Hot Lake, Lower Geyser Basin.

Pinmaquan: see Pennamaquan.

Pinnacle: mountain, South Carolina. (Not Bald Knob.)

Pinnacle: peak, middle and highest of Tatoosh Range, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Pinnacle: ridge, Gunnison and Hinsdale counties, Colo., near lat. 38° 04′ N., long. 107° 24′ W.

Pinnacles: three sharp peaks, one-half mile southwest of Clouds Rest near the head of the Yosemite Valley, Mariposa County, Calif.

Pinnang: see Peñang.

Pinole: land grant, point and town, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not El Pinole nor Penole.)

Piñon: see Pinyon.

Pinopoc: barrio, Alcala Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pinupuc.)

Pinos: mountain, Ventura County, Calif. (Not McGill.)

Pinos: see Los Pinos, river, Colo.

Pińsk: city, e. Poland; 52° 9′ N., 26° 7′ E.

Pinta: bay, southeastern Alaska, east shore Portlock Harbor, Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 45′ N. (Not Deep.) Name of a Coast Survey vessel sometimes applied to the bay 2 miles north, called Goulding Harbor.

Pinta: see Goulding, harbor, Alaska.

Pintada: see Del Norte, peak, Colo.

Pinto: creek, tributary to Roosevelt Reservoir from south, Gila County, Ariz.

Pintuyan: municipality, Leyte Province, Panaon, P. I.

Pinupuc: see Pinopoc, P. I.

Piny: see Piney Island, cove, Md.

Pinyon: creek and village, Pueblo County, Colo. (Not Piñon.)

Pinyon: flat, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Pinon nor Piñon.)

Pinyon: mountain, altitude 5,256 feet, Maricopa County, Ariz., in unsurveyed sec. 21, T. 3 N., R. 12 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, south end Two Bar Ridge, in approx. lat. 33° 35′ 40″ N., long. 111° 08′ 16″ W., Tonto National Forest. So named by early residents because a few pinyon grew on its north slope.

Pinyon: see Pine, creek, Ariz.

Pioche Hills: see Ely, range, Nev.

Pioneer: creek, T. 28 S., R. 73 W., Alamosa County, Colo. (Not Middle.)

Pioneer: mountains, Blaine and Custer Counties, Idaho, the mass extending southeast from Ryan Peak, in unsurveyed T. 7 N., R. 17 E., Boise meridian, to the Snake River Plains, forming the divide between Big Wood and Little Wood Rivers and Big Lost River. Named for the pioneers who collectively settled southern Idaho. Names of distinguished early pioneers of Idaho will be later given to the individual peaks.

Pioneer: mountains, northern part Beaverhead County, surrounded on three sides by Big Hole River and drained through the center by Wise River, Mont. (Not Wise River.)

Pioneer Basin: valley, on headwaters of Mono Creek, Fresno County, Calif.

Piotrków: pr. pyótrkuf; city, w. Poland; Ger. Petrikau; Russ. Petrokov; 51° 24′ N., 19° 41′ E.

Pipe: creek, Erie County, Ohio. (Not Oganse, Ogontz, nor Pike.)

Pipit: lake, sec. 27, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., just east of Continental Divide, 5 miles southwest of Longs Peak, draining east through Bluebird Lake and Onzel Creek to south side North St. Vrain Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Pippin: small lake, about a mile long, Alaska, in lat. 61° 43′ N., long. 145° 10′ W., lying on west side of Richardson Highway, about 3 miles north of Tonsina. This is a well-known local name.

Piqot: see Pigot, bay, Alaska.

Piraeus: see Peiraievs.

Pirapora: pr. pē-rä-pō′rä; town, Brazil, in state of Minas Geraes; 17° 20′ S., 44° 57′ W.

Pirate: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, the two branches of which forming its headwaters flow parallel with the west side of Muldrow Glacier, which runs through the ridge west of the glacier, lat. 63° 21′ N., long. 150° 27′ W. The drainage of this creek is a good illustration of stream piracy.

Pirée, Le: see Peiraievs.

Pireo: see Peiraievs.

Pisa: pr. pē'zä; prov. and city, n. Italy, w. coast; 43° 43′ N., 10° 23′ E.

Pisco: pr. pēs'kō; seaport city, Peru; 13° 45′ S., 76° 10′ W.

Pishaqua: see Pistakee.

Pisht: see Pysht.

Piskorski: see Peck, canyon, Ariz.

***Pistakee:** lake, T. 45 N., R. 9 E., McHenry and Lake Counties, Ill. (Not Pishaqua, Pishtaka, Pishtaqua, nor Pistaqua.)

Pistaqua: see Pistakee.

Pistoia: prov. and city, Toscana, n. w. Italy; 43° 55′ N., 10° 54′ E.

Pistola: barrio, Oas Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pestola.)

Pit: river, Modoc, Lassen, and Shasta Counties, Calif. (Not Pitt.)

Pitaoy: see Bitaoy, P. I.

Pitchahala: see Peachahala.

Pitchfork: creek, Boise County, Idaho, tributary to South Fork of Payette River from south, east of Pinchot Mountain.

Pitchstone: plateau, elevation 8,700, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., high tableland between Shoshone and Lewis Lakes on north and east and Bechler and Falls Rivers, on west and south between lat. 44° 12′ and 44° 20′ N., long. 110° 40′ and 110° 56′ W.

Pitingbuhangin: see Putingbuhangin, P. I.

Pitman: railroad station, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Pitman Grove.)

Pitmegea: river, 35 miles east of Cape Lisburne, lat. 68° 55′ N., long. 164° 35′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Petmeg-e'a nor Pitmigea.)

Pitogo: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pitr: see Leningrad.

Pitsehyto: see Bitsihuitsos.

Pitt: see Kruzof, island, Alaska.

Pitt: see McLoughlin, peak, Oregon.

Pitted Plain: an area in Jackson Hole, Teton County, Wyo., in the northeast quarter of T. 44 N., R. 115 W., sixth principal meridian—a glacial outwash plain "pitted" by hundreds of depressions, each one marking the spot where, during the ice age, an iceberg was floated out, stranded, and buried under the gravel.

Pitticfaw: Pittiefaw: see Pawticfaw.

Pittsburg: see Pittsburgh.

***Pittsburgh:** city, in Allegheny Co., Pennsylvania, at the junction of the Allegheny and Monongahela Rivers, and head of the Ohio River, near lat. 40° 27′ N., long. 80° 00′ W. Population in 1930, 669,742. (Pronounced, pĭts'-berg.) (Not Pittsburg.)

Pittsgrove: town and township, Salem County, N. J. (Not Pitt's Grove.)

Piura: pr. pēōō'rä; dept., city, and river, n. Peru; 5° 9′ S., 80° 40′ W.

Piute: canyon, Navajo County, Ariz., and San Juan County, Utah. (Not Pah Ute.)

Piute: peak and village, Kern County, Calif. (Not Pah-ute, Pahute, nor Paiute.)

Piute: valley and wash, San Bernardino County, Calif., and Clark County, Nev., draining to Colorado River 5 miles north of Needles, Calif. (Not Great Piute Wash, Klinefelter Wash, Mohave River, Pah-ute Creek, Pai-ute Creek, nor Sacremento Wash.)

Piute Point: headland, on south rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, 5 miles southeast of Bass Camp, Coconino County, Ariz.

Plaat Clove: village, Greene County, N. Y. (Not Platt Clove.)

Plaaterkill: Plaaterskill: see Plattekill.

Placer: creek, T. 63 N., R. 2 E., tributary to Moyie River near Meadow Creek Village from east, Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Ranger.)

Placer: municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Placer: peak, altitude 5,255 feet, secs. 13, 14, 23, and 24, T. 47 N., R. 4 E., on St. Joe-Cœur d'Alene Divide, near head of Placer Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Placer: river, tributary from south to head of Turnagain Arm, lat. 60° 49′ N., long. 149° 00′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Glacier.)

Plainfield: see Plainville.

*Plain Grove: township and village, Lawrence County, Pa. (Not Plaingrove.)

Plainville: village, Adams County, Wis. (Not Plainfield.)

Plains: city, Meade County, Kans. Plains represents local usage; and West Plains is the corporate name.

Planinski Kanal (Morlacca Channel): channel near Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; 45° N., 14° 50′ E.

Plantagenian Fork: see Schoolcraft.

Plantain: mountain and pond, Mount Washington Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Plantin.)

Plantation: key, Monroe County, Fla., between Windlys Island and Key Largo, Florida Keys, near lat. 25°. (Not Long Island.)

Plantin: see Plantain.

Plaridel: municipality, Occidental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Plata: pr. plä′tä; estuary bet. Argentina and Uruguay; locally called Rio de la Plata, and by the British, the River Plate.

Plata: see Pleito, creek, Calif.

Plata: see La Plata, river, N. Mex.

Plateau: creek, Carbon County, Mont., in the southeastern portion of T. 8 S., R. 18 E., Montana principal meridian, a small tributary of Lake Creek from the northwest. It rises in a high plateau. (Not Lakes.)

Plateau: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 08′ W., flowing southwest and northwest into Slough Creek.

Plateau: glacier, flowing from Cushing Plateau to west side of head of Muir Inlet, Glacier Bay, near lat. 58° 56′, long. 136° 07′, southeastern Alaska.

Plateau: see Trappers, peak, Colo.

Plateau of Arizona: area bounded on the north by the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, on the east by the desert of the Little Colorado, on the south by the Mogollon Escarpment, and on the west by Aubrey Cliffs, and includes several minor plateaus.

Plateau Region: the plateaus on the Colorado River and its branches, limited on the east by the Rocky Mountains, on the west by the Wasatch Range, and extending from the south end of the Wasatch southwestward to Virgin River and down that river to its mouth; thence southeastward and eastward to the east boundary of Arizona, following the escarpment of the Colorado Plateau, and including on the north the Green River Basin.

Platford: see Plattford.

Plato: see Pleito, creek, Calif.

Plato: see Pori, village, Mich.

Platt: see La Platte, river, Vt.

Platt Clove: see Plaat Clove.

Platte: river, in Nebraska, formed in Lincoln Co., by the junction of the North Platte and South Platte Rivers near lat. 41° 07′ N., long. 100° 42′ W., flowing thence easterly into the Missouri River at Plattsmouth. (Pronounced, plăt.)

Platte: see Devils Head.

Platte Junction: see Wolhurst.

Plattekill: clove and creek, Ulster and Greene Counties, N. Y. (Not Plaaterkill.)

Plattekill: town, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Plaaterskill.)

Plattford: precinct, Sarpy County, Nebr. (Not Platford.)

Plattville: township, Mills County, Iowa. (Not Plattsville.)

Plauen: city, state of Saxony, s. cen. Germany; 50° 30′ N., 12° 8′ E.

Playa Denero: see Playa Dinero.

Playa Dinero: beach, 300 meters long, west and southwest shore of Sueno Cove, near south end of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Playa Denero.)

Playa Tortola: beach, nearly straight, stretching 1,260 meters WNW. from Point Plato, northeast shore of Culebra Island, P. R.

Pleasant: creek, about 4 miles long, Alaska, tributary to Hard Luck Creek from the northeast, entering the latter about 3 miles northwest of the international boundary, the mouth of which is located in lat. 65° 06′ 36″ N., long. 145° 04′ 00″ W.

Pleasant: mount (Mount Pleasant), Park County, Wyo., east slope Absaroka Range, between forks of Sweetwater Creek, near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 109° 43′ W.

Pleasant: valley, western Fresno County, Calif. (The valley or basin in which Coalinga is situated.)

Pleasant: see Mormon Lake, valley, Ariz.

Pleasant, Mount: see Blueberry, hill, Mass.

***Pleasant Dale:** village, Seward County, Nebr. (Not Pleasantdale.)

Pleasant Mound: township, Blue Earth County, Minn. (Not Pleasant Mounds.)

Pleasanton: see Loop, town, Ala.

Pleasants: creek, flowing through Pleasants Valley, Solano County, Calif. (Not Pleasant Valley.)

Pleasants: valley, west of Putnam Peak, Solano County, Calif.

Pleasants: see Milller, canyon, Calif.

Pleasant Valley: see Pleasants, creek, Calif.

Pleiades: group of islands in Knight Island Passage, lat. 60° 14′ N., long. 148° 01′ W., off the southwest end of Knight Island, Alaska. (Not Seven Sisters nor Sisters.)

Pleito: creek, Kern County, Calif., rising in northern part of T. 9 N., R. 21 W., sixth principal meridian, flows north, sinking south of the Kern Lake Basin. (Not Plata, Plato, nor Pieto.)

Plentycoos: peak, altitude 10,925 feet, on eastern border of Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in approx. lat. 44° 20′ 30″ N., long. 110° 04′ 00″ W. Named for a chief of the Crow Tribe, Plentycoos (a corruption of Plenty Coups), who was a just and wise leader of his tribe. The Crows hunted over this section long before the white man appeared.

Ploeşti: city, s. cen. Rumania; 44° 50′ N., 25° 50′ E.

Plomas: see Plomosa.

Plomosa: mountains, east of La Posa Plain, long. 114° 10′, Yuma County, Ariz. (Not Palomas nor Plomas.)

Plot, The: see La Platte.

Plovdiv (Philippopolis): city, s. Bulgaria; Fr. Philippopoli; Ger. Philippopel; Ital. Filipopol; Turk. Filiba; 42° 8′ N., 24° 45′ E.

Plover: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on west side of entrance to South Arm of Yellowstone Lake, near long. 110° 21′ W.

Pluckemin: town, Somerset County, N. J. (Not Pluckamin.)

Plum: small creek, Fall River County, S. Dak., rising in the northeast corner of T. 10 S., R. 3 E., Black Hills meridian, flows northeast into Cheyenne River. (Not Plumb.)

Plum: township and village, Venango County, Pa. (Not Plummer.)

Plumb: see Prairie, creek, Iowa.

Plumb: see Plum, creek, S. Dak.

Plummer: peak, sec. 9, T. 7 N., R. 12 E., Boise and Elmore Counties, Idaho.

Plummer: peak, Tatoosh Range near southern boundary Mount Rainier National Park, immediately west of Pinnacle Peak, Lewis County, Wash.

Plumsted: township, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Plumstead.)

Plymouth: seaport, Devonshire, s. w. England; 50° 24′ N., 4° 7′ W.

Plzeň: city, w. Bohemia, Czechoslovakia; Cz. Plzeň, pr. púlzen; Ger. Pilsen; 49° 45′ N., 13° 22′ E.

***Pnom-Penh:** capital of Cambodia, Fr. Indochina; 11° 30′ N., 104° 55′ E. (Not Phnom-Penh.)

Po: river, n. Italy, e. to Adriatic Sea.

Poadpis: see Polpis.

Poamoho: stream, rising in central Koolau Mountains, flowing northwestward into Kaukonahua Stream from the east, Waialua District, Oaku, T. H.

Poca: see Pocatalico.

Pocasset: harbor, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Pocassett.)

Pocassitt: lake, Kennebec County, Me. (Not Wings.)

Pocatalico: river, Kanawha, Putman, and Roane Counties, W. Va. (Not Poca, Pocotalico, nor Pocotaligo.)

Pocatoes: see Pucketa.

Pocket: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in Pocket Lake, near lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 06′ W., flowing southeast into Bowman Creek.

Pocket: lake, in niche on cliff near Park Butte, southern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Pocket: lake, lat. 48° 57′ N., long. 114° 06′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Pocket, The: small valley, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on north slopes of Quadrant Mountain, near lat. 44° 55′ N., long. 110° 51′ W. Descriptive name.

***Pocomoke City:** town, Worcester County, Md. (Not Pokomoke.)

Pocosin: Pocoson: see Poquoson.

Pocotalico: Pocotaligo: see Pocatalico.

Pocotopaug: creek and lake, Chatham, Middlesex County, Conn. (Not Pokatapaug.)

Pocumcus: lake, Washington County, Me., near lat. 45° 12′ N., long. 68° 00′ W. (Not Pocumpus.)

Pocutan: sitio, Santa Maria Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pucutan.)

Podiat: barrio, Makata Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pudiot nor Pudiot-Macato.)

Podkarpatská Rus (Carpathian Ruthenia): region, e. Czechoslovakia; Fr. Russie Souscarpathique; Ger. Karpato-Ruthenien.

Podpis: see Polpis.

Podunk: see Quaboag, pond, Mass.

Podunk: see Quacumquasit, pond, Mass.

Poe: bay, northern side Passage Canal midway between its head and Pigot Point, about lat. 60° 50′ N., long. 148° 31′ W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Poe: reef, Mackinac Strait, Mich. (Not Poe's.)

Poe: see Seth, glacier, Alaska.

Pogaagnahan: see Pogsagnahan, P. I.

Pogani: see Pagami.

Pogibshi: point, in Peril Strait, northwestern coast of Baranof Island, lat. 57° 30′ N., long. 135° 32′.6 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Danger nor Peril.)

Pogromni: volcano,itude 6,500 alt feet, western end Unimak Island, near lat. 54° 35′ N., long. 164° 41′ W., Aleutian Islands, Alaska. (Not Davastation, Isanotski, Jogutscha, Kugidach, Nosowskoj, Pogromnoi, nor Pogromnoj.)

Pogsagnahan: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pagsagñajan, Pagsaguahan, Pogaagnahan, nor Pogsagnajan.)

Pogsagnajan: see Pogsagnahan, P. I.

Pohai (Gulf of Chihli): arm of the Yellow Sea, n. e. China. (Not Pechili.)

Pohakea: homestead section Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Pohokea.)

Pohakuao: land section, near long. 159° 38′ W., northwestern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Pohakuau.)

Pohakuau: see Pohakuao, T. H.

Pohakuawaawa: see Pohakuwaawaa, T. H.

Pohaku Hanalei: peak, elevation 12,310 feet, northeastern slope of Mauna Loa, Hawaii, T. H.

Pohakuloa: cape, near lat. 28° 08′ N., eastern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Lae Oniea.)

Pohakuloa: point, the northernmost point of the island of Lanai, Territory of Hawaii, near long. 157°. Hawaiian name meaning "very stony."

Pohakunanaka: stream, lower southeastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea near Hilo, Hawaii, T. H.

Pohakuokane: hill, near lat. 22° 10′ 30″ N., long. 159° 34′ W., northern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Pohaku o Kane nor Pohuku o Kane.)

Pohakupili: peak, elevation, 2,589 feet, Kealia-Kapaa Divide, Kauai, T. H.

Pohakupuka: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea near Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Pohakuwaawaa: summit, near lat. 22° 08′ N., long. 159° 39′ W., northwestern part of Kaua, T. H. (Not Pohakuawaawa.)

Pohick: bay and creek, Potomac River, Fairfax County, Va. (Not Poheick.)

Pohokea: see Pohakea.

Pohuku o Kane: see Pohakuokane, T. H.

Point: see Sorrento, harbor and town, Me.

Point: see Sorrento.

Point: see Wynn, mountain, Mont.

Point Arena: city, Mendocino County, Calif. (Not Puntas Arenas.)

Point Arenas: see Arenas, bank, P. R.

Point au Frene: see Point aux Frenes.

Point au Roche: village, Clinton County, N. Y. (Not Point au Rock.)

Point aux Frenes: point, American shore St. Marys River, Little Mud Lake, Chippewa County, Mich. (Not Point au Frene nor Pointe aux Frenes.)

Point Comfort: beacon, New York Lower Bay, N. J. (Not Bayside.)

Point del Tamarindo: see Tamarindo.

Pointe-à-Pitre: pr. pwänt′ ä-pētr′; city, Grande-Terre, Guadeloupe, Fr. W. Indies; 16° 17′ N., 61° 31′ W.

Pointe au Tonnere: see Thunder.

Pointe au Tourtre: see Pigeon, point, Minn.

Pointe de Mathieu Toropaco: see Tropaco.

Pointe du Nordoueste: see Botany, point, Virgin Islands.

Pointer: island, San Juan County, Wash., on the western side of Rosario Strait, southeastern shore of Blakely Island, three-fourths mile southwest of Black Rock. (Not White Rock.) This is one of three rocks or islands collectively called "The Pointers" by the Wilkes expedition, 1841.

Pointers: see Elk, point, Oreg.

Point Martino: see Martineau, P. R.

Point of Rock: a peak, in the northern part of Lemhi County, Idaho, 5 miles southeast of Shoup, Salmon River, near lat. 45° 21′ N., long. 114° 22′ W. (Not Pine Creek Peak.)

Point of Rocks: end of reef ⅝ of a mile west of Squire Island, lat. 60° 14′.8 N., long. 147° 58′.5 W., Knight Island Passage, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Point Resuella: see Resuella.

Point Reyes Hill: highest point on Inverness Ridge, Point Reyes Peninsula, Calif.

Points: creek, Mesa County, Colo., in T. 50 N., R. 16 W., near lat. 38° 35′ N., long. 108° 37′ W., between Short Point and Long Point. (Not Musser nor Deer.)

Poison: creek, Natrona and Fremont counties, Wyo., rises in T. 35 N., R. 88 W., sixth principal meridian, and tributary to Big Horn River in sec. 9, T. 3 N., R. 6 E., Wind River principal meridian.

Poison: see Thayer, creek, Alaska.

Pojac: point, on south side of the Potowomut River in North Kingstown, R. I.

Pokai: bay, at mouth of Waianae Stream, southwest Oahu, T. H.

Pokamoonshine: peak, Adirondack Mountains, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Poke-a-moon-shine.)

Pokatapaug: see Pocotopaug.

Poketo: see Pucketa.

Pokomoke: see Pocomoke, City.

Pola: seaport, s. end of Istria, n. e. Italy; 44° 50′ N., 13° 50′ E.

Pola: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Polale: see Palale, P. I.

Poland: ledges, Bristol Town Muscongus Sound, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Poland's.)

Poland: republic, cen. Europe; Pol. Polska; Fr. Pologne; Ger. Polen; Cz. Polsko; Ital. and Rum. Polonia; Lett. Polija; Lith. Lenkija; Mag. Lengyelország; Russ. Polsha.†

Poland's: see Poland, ledges, Me.

Poland's: see Polins, Me.

Polange: see Polangui, P. I.

Polangi: see Polangui, P. I.

Polangue: see Polangui, P. I.

Polangui: barrio, Calbiga Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Polange, Polañgi, nor Polang.)

Polangui: barrio, Catarman Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Polange.)

Polangui: barrio, Taft Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Polange nor Polangue.)

Polangui: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Polantona: barrio, Lupi Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Palantuna, Pulantima, nor Pulantuna.)

Polawana: island, in Beaufort County, S. C., between St. Helena Island and the upper part of Jenkins Creek, near lat. 32° 25′ N., long. 80° 35′ W. (Not Palawana, Palawanee, Pollawahna, nor Pollawahnas.)

Pole: creek, northeast of Abajo Peak, flowing east into South Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

Pole: see Laireys.

Polecat Ridge: see Coldwater, mountain, Ala.

Pole Gulch: drain, northern part T. 13 S., R. 36 E., tributary from the west to South Fork Burnt River, Baker County, Oreg. (Not Sawmill Creek.)

Polen: see Poland.

Poletica: peak (Mount Poletica), altitude 7,620 feet, near lat. 59° 07′ 48″, long. 134° 28′ 56″, on the international boundary, Alaska and Canada. Named after M. Pierre de Poletica, former Russian Minister to the United States, and a plenipotentiary in Russian negotiations with the United States in 1824 regarding the Alaskan boundary.

Poliahu: peak, elevation, 13,646 feet, near summit of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, T. H.

Polija: see Poland.

Polillo: municipality, Tayabas Province, Polillo, P. I.

Polins: ledges, southeast of Muscongus Sound entrance to Medomak River, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Poland's.)

Polite: see Frenchman, creek, Mo.

Polk: landing, Mississippi River, Tunica County, Miss. (Not Polk's.)

Polk: see Polk City.

Polka: small islet or rock, 20 feet high, southeastern Alaska, 2 miles northwest of Cape Spencer and about 660 yards off Polka Point, near lat. 58° 14′ N., long. 136° 43′ W.

Polka: peninsula, southeastern Alaska, jutting out about 600 yards from shore, 2 miles northwest of Cape Spencer, near lat. 58° 14′, long. 136° 42′.

***Polk City:** town, Madison Township, Polk County, Iowa. (Not Polk.)

Polk's: see Polk.

Pollawahna: Pollawahnas: see Polawana.

Pollock: mountain, 9,211 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 42′ W., on county boundary and Continental Divide.

Polloksville: village, Jones County, N. C. (Not Pollocksville.)

Pollux: peak, 11,081 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Park County, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 109° 56′ W.

Polly: lake, T. 1 N., R. 21 W., north of Boundary Lake, near international boundary, Souris district, Manitoba, Canada.

Pollys: creek, tributary to Tuscumbia River, Prentiss County, Miss. (Not Baker, Baker's, nor Polly's.)

Polo: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Pulo.)

Polo: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Poloan: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Paloan.)

Pologne: see Poland.

Pololu: land division, in Government ownership, North Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Pololu: stream, rising on northern slope of Kohala Mountains, flowing northward into sea west of Honokane Gulch, Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Polonganahao: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Polong Anahao nor Polong Anapao.)

Polong Anapao: see Polonganahao, P. I.

Polongbalibagohan: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Polong Balibagohan nor Polong Balibaguhan.)

Polong-Inōgan: see Polongniogan, P. I.

Polongniogan: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Polong-Inogan, Polong Niogan, nor Polong-Niogan.)

Polonio: pass, head of Antelope Valley, lying mostly within T. 25 S., R. 17 E., Kern County, Calif.

Polpis: harbor and village, Nantucket, Mass. (Not Poadpis nor Podpis.)

Polska: see Poland.

Polta: see Palta, P. I.

Poltava: city, n. e. Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 49° 45′ N., 34° 15′ E.

Poltoratsk: see Ashkhabad.

Polungubat: see *Pulongubat*, P. I.

Polvadero: gap, between Guijarral Hills and Kettleman Hills, southwest Fresno County, Calif.

Polvodero: see Los Gatos.

Pomerania: see Pommern.

Pomeroy: island, ½ mile offshore, midway between Oil Bay and Iniskin Bay, northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Pommern (Pomerania): prov., Prussia, n. e. Germany; Fr. Poméranie. The province included, prior to 1919, very small ter. (3.7 sq. mi.) now comprising part of Poland.

***Pomonkey:** creek and town, Charles County, Md. (Not Pamunkey nor Pamunky.)

Pomotu: see Tuamotu.

Pompeys Pillar: creek, Yellowstone County, Mont., rises in T. 6 N., R. 27 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Yellowstone River in T. 3 N., R. 30 E. (Not Pillar.) The rock at the mouth of this creek was named Pompeys Pillar Rock by Captain William Clark in July, 1806.

Ponahawai: land division, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Ponca: creek, Boyd County, Nebr., and Gregory County, S. Dak. (Not Ponka.)

***Ponca City:** city, Kay County, Okla. (Not Ponca nor Ponka.)

Poncamac: see Winnapaug, pond, R. I.

Ponce: pr. pōn′seh; city, Puerto Rico; pop. 53,000; lat. 18° N., long. 66° 45′ W.

Ponce: see Pongko, P. I.

Ponce de Leon: bay, from northwest Cape Sable to Cape Romano, including Gallivans Bay, Lee and Monroe Counties, Fla. (Not Gallivans.)

***Ponce de Leon:** inlet, east coast of Florida, Volusia County, near lat. 29° 04′. (Not Mosquito.) In conformity with an act of the Legislature of the State of Florida, approved May 7, 1927.

Poncha Springs: village, Chaffee County, Colo. (Not Poncho Springs.)

Ponco: see Pongko, P. I.

Pond: bay, on Kaigani Strait, about 2½ miles south of American Bay, on east coast of Dall Island, Alaska. So named by Lieutenant Nichols, 1881, after Ensign C. F. Pond, United States Navy, who was a member of Nichols's party. (Not Seal.)

Pond: meadow, northerly part of Sequoia National Park, Tulare County, Calif. (Not Tamarack.)

Pond: peak, altitude 6,150 feet, North Fork Range, sec. 22 T. 52 N., R. 3 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Pondera: Ponderas: Ponderay: see Pend Oreille.

Pondichéry: Fr. colony, India, s. of Madras (city); 12° N., 79° 45′ E. See also India, French.

Pondol: see Pandol, P. I.

Pond Orrilles: see Pend Oreille.

Pone: island, southwestern corner of Bloodsworth Island, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Billy, Billy's nor The Pone.)

Poney: see Totopotomoy.

Pongco: see Pongko, P. I.

Pongko: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ponce, Ponco, nor Pongco.)

Pongoteague: see Pungoteague.

Ponka: see Ponca City.

Ponka: see Ponca.

Ponkapog: pond, in the towns of Canton and Randolph, and brook and village in Canton, Norfolk County, Mass. (Not Ponkapoag, Punkapoag, nor Punkapog.)

Ponong: barrio, Magarao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Panong.)

Ponpon: see Pawpaw.

Pontevedra: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Pontevedra: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Pontiac: village, King County, Wash. (Not Keith.)

Pontoosuc: lake, river, and village, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Pontoosic nor Pontoosuck.)

Ponuntpa: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 18′ W. near headwaters of Sour Creek.

Pony: creek, tributary to Big Hole River from southeast, in sec. 17, T. 1 N., R. 13 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Fillylu.)

Pony: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., small tributary of Little Horse Creek from the west, rising near the north line of sec. 3, T. 42 N., R. 107 W., sixth principal meridian, and flowing southeasterly empties into Little Horse Creek in sec. 11 of the same township.

Pony: small cove, one-third of a mile wide, on west side of Resurrection Bay entrance, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 45′ N., long. 149° 34′ W.

Pony: see Totopotomoy.

Po-oc: see Pooc, P. I.

Pooc: barrio, Kalibo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Po-oc nor Pook.)

Pooc: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Boliran y Pooc.)

Pooc: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pook.)

Pooc: barrio, Santa Rosa Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Puoc.)

Pookookapog: see Alum.

Pool: creek, tributary to North Badger Creek, Pondera County, Mont.

Poole: city, Dorsetshire, s. England; 50° 43′ N., 2° W.

Pooles: island, near head of Chesapeake Bay, Harford County, Md. (Not Pools.)

Poomao: stream, rising in Alakai Swamp, flowing southwestward where its junction with Waiahulu Stream forms Waimea River, its lower portion being in a deep canyon, upper Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Poona: city, 75 mi. s. e. of Bombay, India; 18° 30′ N., 73° 45′ E.

Poopenaut: valley, Yosemite National Park, Tuolumne County, Calif., in sec. 30, T. 1 N., R. 20 E., Mount Diablo Meridian. (Not Poo Poo nor Poopenant.)

Poo Poo: see Poopenaut.

Poopoo: see Poupou, T. H.

Poopoteyuk: see Black Butte, river, Calif.

Poor: Poore: Poors: see Pores.

Poowaiomahaihai: ditch, diverting water from the south side of Makaweli River, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Pop: mountain, altitude 2,560 feet, central part of Annette Island, lat. 55° 10′ N., long. 131° 28′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Top.)

Popasquash: the neck in Bristol between Bristol Harbor and Narragansett Bay, R. I. (Not Poppasquash.)

Popasquash: point, at south end of Popasquash Neck, R. I.

Pope: bay, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md., and Accomac County, Va. (Not Pope's, Popes, nor Popes Island.)

Pope: village, Panola County, Miss. (Not Pope's Depot.)

Poperechni: see Broad, island, Alaska.

Pope's Depot: see Pope, village, Minn.

Popes Island: see Pope, bay.

Poplar: creek, secs. 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 34, and 35, T. 168 N., R. 35 W., Minnesota, lying east of Bear Creek, and flowing into Lake of the Woods at the Northwest Angle Inlet.

Poplar: point, Cecil County, Md., on east side of small bay at head of Chesapeake Bay about 2 miles east of mouth of Susquehanna River, lat. 39° 33′ N., long. 76° 01′.8 W. (Not Locust.)

Poplar: river, branch of Black River, Clark County, Wis. (Not Popple.)

Poplar: see Black, river, Wis.

Popo Agie: river, Fremont County, Wyo., formed by the junction of North and Middle Popo Agie rivers in sec. 9, T. 33 N., R. 99 W., and flowing easterly to unite with Wind River near the Wind River base line in R. 4 E., Wind River meridian, to form Big Horn River. Pronounced pō-pō′ä-zhē.

Popo Agie: see North Popo Agie.

Popocatepetl: pr. pō-pō-kä-teh′pĕtl; volcano, Mexico; 19° N., 98° 7′ W.

Poponesset: bay, beach, and island, Nantucket Sound, Mass. (Not Popponessett.)

Popot: island, Shumagin Islands, lat. 55° 20′ N., long. 160° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Popoff.)

Popple: see Poplar, river, Wis.

Poquannoc: see Poquonock.

Poquetanuck: cove and village, Thames River, New London County, Conn. (Not Paquatannock.)

Poquonock: lake, plains and river, New London County, Conn.: river, Fairfield County, Conn.: village, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Pequannock, Pequonnock, Poquannoc, nor Poquonoc.)

Poquonock Bridge: village, New London County, Conn.

Poquoson: river, emptying into Chesapeake Bay, Va. (Not Pocosin, Pocoson, nor Poquosin.)

Porac: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Porcupine: bay, northeastern part of Islas Bay, lat. 57° 50′ N., long. 136° 21′.6 W., western part Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Porcupine: glacier, east of Thumb Cove, Resurrection Bay, lat. 60° N., long. 149° 16′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Porcupine: islands, group about 2 miles southeast of Point Urey, Chichagof, Island, lat. 57° 48′ N. long. 136° 23′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Groundhog.)

Porcupine: ridge, between Valentine and Olson Creeks, Glacier County, Mont.

Porcupine: rock, about 1½ miles southwestward of Point Urey, Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 48′ N., long. 136° 26′.2 W., southeastern Alaska.

Porcupines, The: group of islands in Frenchman Bay, Me., individually known as Long Porcupine, Burnt Porcupine, Sheep Porcupine, and Bald Porcupine Islands, and Rum Key between Jordan and Ironbound Islands on the east, and Bar Island, and town of Bar Harbor on the west.

Pores: knob, 2,680 feet high, Wilkes and Alexander Counties, N. C., in the Brushy Mountains, 9 miles south of Wilkesboro, near lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 81° 09′ W. (Not Poor, Poore, nor Poors.)

Pori: village, Houghton County, Mich. (Not Plato.)

Poro: Poro Napao: see Napao, P. I.

***Poropotank:** river, Gloucester County, Va., rising near Dutton, flowing southwest, forming part of the boundary line between counties. Name changed from creek to river by act of Virginia Assembly, approved March 1, 1916. (Not Poropotank Creek.)

Poropotank Creek: see Poropotank, river, Va.

Porosa: sitio, Famy Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Puruza.)

Porpoise: see Phocena.

Porras: dykes, Navajo County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, east of Tyende, near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 110° 12′ W.

Port: island, Ogden Passage, at mouth of entrance to Portlock Harbor, lat. 57° 41′.6 N., long. 136° 07′.8 W., Chichagof Island, Alaska.

Portage: long narrow north arm at the head of Nuyakuk Lake, Nushagak region, Alaska, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 159° 05′ W. This name given because the arm heads near a low pass to the head of Chauekuktuli Lake.

Portage: creek, tributary to Clark Lake from the west, region northwest of Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Achteedeedung nor Akhtidung.)

Portage: lake, west of Knife Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, and Lake County, Minn. international boundary. (Not Potato.)

Portage: see Balboa, bay, Alaska.

Portage: see Double, cove, Alaska.

Portage: see Kaskulu, point, Alaska.

Portage: see Margretha, lake, Mich.

Portage: see Portage des Sioux, Mo.

Portage Bay: that portion of Lake Union in city of Seattle lying eastward of the Latona Bridge, King County, Wash.

Portage des Flacons: see Bottle.

***Portage des Sioux:** township and town, St. Charles County, Mo. (Not Portage.)

Portal: creek, Ts. 6 and 7 S., Rs. 4 and 5 E., tributary to Gallatin River from southeast, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Lost.)

Portal: town, on Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad, Montrose County, Colo., 54.81 miles west of Gunnison, Colo. (Not West Portal.)

***Port Allen:** principal landing and shipping port in Hanapepe Bay, Kauai Island, T. H. (Not Eleele Landing.)

Port Antonio: pr. pōrt ăn-tō′nĭ-o; seaport, n. e. Jamaica, B. W. I.; 18° 10′ N., 76° 28′ W.

Port Arthur: port, Ontario, Canada, on w. Lake Superior; near Fort William; 48° 30′ N., 89° 10′ W.

***Port-au-Prince:** pr. pōrt-ō-prĭns′; capital and seaport, Haiti; 18° 35′ N., 72° 25′ W.

Port Blakely: village, on Bainbridge Island, Puget Sound, 8 miles west from Seattle, Kitsap County, Wash.

Port Dick: creek, entering West Arm, Port Dick, near lat. 59° 18′ N., long. 151° 20′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Port Douglass: railroad station Chesterfield, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Port Douglas.)

Porte des Morts: strait, between Green Bay and Lake Michigan, Door County, Wis. (Not Porte des Mortes.)

Porte des Morts: see Pilot Island.

Port Elizabeth: seaport, Union of S. Africa; 33° 58′ S., 25° 30′ E.

Portersville: gap, precinct, and railroad station, Dekalb County, Ala. (Not Porterville.)

Port Hartford: see Port San Luis, village, Calif.

Portland: city, in Multnomah Co., Oregon, on the Willamette River, near lat. 45° 31′ N., long. 122° 40′ W. Population in 1930, 301,890. (Pronounced pôrt′lănd.)

Portlock: glacier, western slope Kenai Mountains, lat. 59° 39′ N., long. 150° 59′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Port Murray: railroad station, Warren County, N. J. (Not Port Murry.)

Porto (Oporto): seaport, n. w. Portugal; 41° 15′ N., 8° 40′ W.

Porto Alegre: pr. pōr′tō ä-leh′greh; seaport city, s. Brazil; 30° 15′ S., 51° W.

Port of Apra: see Apra.

Port-of-Spain: pr. port-ŭv spān; capital city, Trinidad, B. W. I.; 10° 39′ N., 61° 31′ W.

Porto Rico: see Puerto Rico.

Porto Tibiriça: see Tibiriça.

Port Said: pr. sä-ēd; seaport, n. end of Suez canal, n. e. Egypt; 31° 16′ N., 32° 19′ E.

Port San Luis: village, 12 miles from San Luis Obispo, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Port Hartford.)

Portsmouth: seaport, Hampshire, s. England; 50° 46′ N., 1° 5′ W.

Port Tampa: channel, Tampa Bay, Hillsborough County, Fla., from Tampa Bay Channel to Port Tampa, Old Tampa Bay. (Not Old Tampa Bay.)

Port Townsend: city and precinct, Jefferson County, Wash. (Not Port Townshend.)

Portugal: republic, w. Europe.

Portuguesa: pr. pōr-tōō-geh'sä; state, Venezuela.

Portuguese India: see India, Portuguese.

Portuguese West Africa: see Angola.

Port Valdez: see Valdez.

Port Washington: see Oceanic.

Port William: village, Clinton County, Ohio. (Not Port Williams.)

Port Woodrow: see Woodrow.

Posecion: see Posesion, P. I.

Posen: pr. pō'zen; former prov., Prussia, e. Germany; the larger part now comprises part of Poland; that part remaining to Germany is now incorporated in the Grenzmark Posen-Westpreussen. Ger. Posen; Pol. Poznań.

Posen (Poland): see Poznań.

Posen-Westpreussen, Grenzmark: See Grenzmark Posen-Westpreussen.

Posesion: barrio, Polo Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Posecion.)

Poso Ortega: pond, center of sec. 1, T. 28 S., R. 17 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif.

Possession: village, on Point Possession, east side Cook Inlet, at entrance to Turnagain Arm, lat. 61° 02′ N., long. 150° 24′.5 W., Alaska.

Possum: see Totopotomoy.

Post Mills: village, Orange County, Vt. (Not Post Mill.)

Post of Arkansas: see Arkansas Post.

Potagannissing: bay, Chippewa County, Mich. (Not Potogannissing.)

Potato: lake, Rusk County, Wis., in T. 33 N., R. 9 W., fifth principal meridian. (Not Potatoe.)

Potato: see Portage, lake, Ont.-Minn.

Potatopatch: shoal, 1¼ miles long, depth, 4 fathoms or less, along northern edge Fourfathom Bank, outside Golden Gate, Calif.

Pothole: glacier, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, rising in mountains, just north of Mount Spurr, near lat. 61° 20′ N., long. 152° 25′ W. Descriptive name.

Poting Bato: Potingbato: see Putingbato, P. I.

Potingcahoy: Potingkahoy: see Putingkahoy, P. I.

Potlatch: river, Latah and Nez Perce Counties, Idaho. (Not Potlach nor Potlache.)

Potogannissing: see Potagannissing.

Potol: see Putol, P. I.

Potomac: river, formed by the junction of its East and West Branches near lat. 39° 32′ N., long. 78° 25′ W., and forming in part the Maryland-Virginia, Maryland-West Virginia, and District of Columbia-Virginia boundaries, flows southeasterly into Chesapeake Bay near lat. 38° 00′ N., long. 76° 20′ W. (Pronounced, pŏ-tō'-măk.)

Potosí: pr. pō-tō-sē'; dept. and city, Bolivia; 19° 38′ S., 65° 48′ W.

Pototan: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Potrero: see Isabel, point, Calif.

Potrero: see Shoal, point, Calif.

Potsdam: city, near and s. w. of Berlin, Germany; 52° 24′ N., 13° 4′ E.

Pottawatomie: county, Kansas.

Pottawattamie: county, Iowa.

Pottersville: falls, Lamington River, Morris County, N. J. (Not Allamatona, Allimatona nor Potters.)

Potunk: life-saving station, locality, and point, Southampton, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Petunk.)

Potwisha: locality, Tulare County, Calif., on west slope Sierra Nevada at junction of Marble Fork and Middle Fork Kaweah River, near lat. 36° 31′ N., long. 118° 48′ W. Name of Indian tribe in whose territory it was included. The tribal name is written also Badwish'a, Padwisha, Patwisha, etc.

Pounder: peak (Mount Pounder), altitude 6,514 feet, lat. 56° 26′ 54″ N., long. 131° 10′ 24″ W., on the international boundary, Alaska and British Columbia. Named after John A. Pounder, surveyor, Canadian section, Boundary Survey.

Poupou: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Poopoo.)

Povero: Poverotni: see Povorotni.

Poverty: point, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Brockman, Brokman, nor Brohawn.)

***Povorotni:** island, small, off Pogibshi Point, Peril Strait, lat. 57° 30′.8 N., long. 150° 33′.2 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Canoe, Povero, Poverotni, Return, nor Turnabout.)

Powatka: see Powwatka.

Powder: point, northwestern side Latouche Island, lat. 60° 03′ N., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Powder: river, formed in Johnson Co., Wyoming, by the junction of its Middle and South Forks, in Sec. 19, T. 43 N., R. 80 W., of 6th P. M., flowing thence northeasterly, crossing into Montana near long. 105° 53′ W., and entering the Yellowstone River in T. 11 N., R. 50 E., Montana. (Pronounced, pow′-dĕr.)

Powder: see Cache la Poudre.

Powder River: pass, Bighorn National Forest, Washakie County, Wyo., in sec. 4, T. 48 N., R. 85 W. (Not Muddy.)

Powder River: see Wallowa, mountains, Oreg.

Powell: mountain, altitude 13,361 feet, Fresno and Inyo Counties, Calif.

Powell: point, Lake Superior, Alger County, Mich. (Not Powell's.)

Powell: village, Knox County, Tenn. (Not Powell Station.)

Powell: village, Jefferson County, Nebr. (Not Powel.)

Powell, Mount: see Racetrack, peak, Mont.

Powells: village, Marion County, W. Va. (Not Powell.)

Powell's: see Powell, point, Mich.

Powell Station: see Powell, village, Tenn.

Powell Valley: village, Dauphin County, Pa. (Not Powl Valley.)

Power: see Rowan.

Powhatan: see Powhattan.

***Powhattan:** city and township, Brown County, Kans. (Not Powhatan.)

Powwatka: precinct and village, Wallowa County, Oreg. (Not Powatka.)

Poysippi: town and village, Waushara County, Wis. (Not Poy Sippi.)

Poznań (Posen): prov. and city, w. Poland; Ger. Posen; 52° 25′ N., 16° 58′ E.

Pozo: canyon, Esmeralda County, Nev., near lat. 37° 42′ N., long. 117° 15′ W.

Pozorrubio: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pozorubio.)

Pozsony: see Bratislava.

Pra ga at zo, Pragaatzo: see Bekihatso.

Prag, Praga: see Praha.

Prague: see Praha.

Prague: see New Prague.

***Praha (Prague):** capital of Czechoslovakia, cen. Bohemia; Cz. Praha; Fr. Prague; Ger. Prag; Ital. and Pol. Praga; 50° 5′ N., 14° 28′ E.

Prairie: creek, Prairie Creek Township, Dubuque County, Iowa. (Not Plumb.)

***Prairie:** wash, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rises on south slope of Piute Point, intermittent, course southwest crossing park boundary, lat. 36° 06′ 15″ N., long. 112° 22′ W.

Prairie Dog: creek, Sheridan County, Wyo., rises in sec. 3, T. 53 N., R. 83 W., sixth principal meridian, and tributary to Tongue River in sec. 23, T. 58 N., R. 83 W. (Not Prairiedog.)

***Prairie View:** township, Wilkin County, Minn. (Not Prairieview.)

Prater: peak (Mount Prater), altitude 13,601 feet, on boundary line between Inyo and Fresno Counties, Calif., in T. 11 S., R. 32 E., Mount Diablo meridian, about halfway between Mount Bolton Brown and Split Mountain, Inyo National Forest. Named in memory of Alfred Prater, who in 1928 with his wife was the first, it is believed, to ascend this peak.

Pratt: lake, T. 23 N., R. 10 E., at head of Pratt River, King County, Wash. (Not Ollie.)

Pratt: mountain, altitude 5,105 feet, Ts. 22 and 23 N., R. 10 E., northeast of Bandera Mountain at head of Pratt River, King County, Wash.

Pratt City: town, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not Pratt Mines.)

***Pratts:** island, Sheepscott Bay, Lincoln County, Me., in the town of Southport. (Not Jo nor Joe.)

Preble: cove, Hancock County, Me., on west side Great Cranberry Island, near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 68° 16′ W. So named for W. P. and W. H. Preble, pioneers who established a shipping business on this cove.

Preisar: see Peisar.

Prensa: barrio, Marilao Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Prenza.)

Prenza: see Prensa, P. I.

President: channel, between Orcas and Waldron Islands, San Juan Archipelago San Juan County, Wash. (Not Douglas nor Presidents.)

Presidents Island: post light, Mississippi River, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not President's Island.)

Presque Isle: bay, lighthouse, and peninsula, Erie County, Pa. (Not Presque Ile nor Presqu'ile.)

***Presque Isle:** county in Michigan, island and lighthouses, Lake Erie, Mich. (Not Presqu' Isle.)

Pressburg: see Bratislava.

Preston: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 46′ N., 2° 43′ W.

Preston: park, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 39′ W.

Prestonsburg: magisterial district and town, Floyd County, Ky. (Not Prestonburg.)

Pretoria: city, Transyaal, joint capital of Union of S. Africa; 25° 45′ S., 28° 10′ E.

Preuss: see Meade, pass, Idaho.

Preuss Creek: stream, about 15 miles long, flowing southeasterly to Thomas Fork, Bear Lake County, Idaho. (Not Muddy nor West Fork.)

***Preussen (Prussia):** pr. proi'sen; state, Germany, comprising 14 provinces; Fr. Prusse. All of the territories ceded by Germany in 1919 (except Alsace-Lorraine) comprised parts of provinces of Prussia. See also Ostpreussen, Westpreussen, Pommern, Posen, Grenzmark Posen-Westpreussen, Rheinprovinz, Schlesien, Schleswig-Holstein, and Saar Basin Territory.

Pribilof: islands, Bering Sea, lat. 57° N., long. 170° W., Alaska. (Not Fur Seal nor Prybiloff.)

Price: creek, Cape Fear River, near Southport, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Price's.)

Price: creek, Yancey County, N. C. (Not Prices.)

Price: island, east side Columbia River, at mouth of Skamakowa Creek, Wahkiakum County, Wash. (Not Prices.)

Price: post light, Mississippi River, Randolph County, Ill. (Not Price's.)

Price: river, Arctic slope, Alaska, an east branch of Ikpikpuk River, near lat. 69° 50′ N., long. 154° 30′ W. After C. M. Price, the enlisted man who accompanied Ensign Howard from Kobuk River to Point Barrow in 1886.

Price: river, rising in T. 11 S., R. 5 E., Utah County, flowing southeast through San Pete, Carbon, Utah, and Emery Counties to Green River, Utah. (Not Fish Creek nor West Fork Price.)

Price: village, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Prices nor Price's Station.)

Price Creek: town and township, Yancey County, N. C. (Not Price's Creek.)

Prices: see Price.

Prices Station: see Price, village, Md.

Prickly: see East Helena.

***Pride:** town, Colbert County, Ala. (Not Prides nor Pride's Station.)

Prides: see Pride.

Pride's Station: see Pride.

Priest: lake, eastern Bonner County, Idaho, principally in Ts. 59–62 N., R. 4 W., Boise meridian, Kaniksu National Forest. Said to be named in honor of Father Roothaan, a priest of the Jesuit order, who did missionary work in Washington and Idaho, and who in 1853 was buried in this lake. Earlier name of lake was Kaniksu, the name given Father Roothaan by the Indians.

Priest: river, rises about 3 miles north of international boundary line in Kootenay District, British Columbia, approx. long. 116° 56′, flows south through Boundary and Bonner counties, and empties into Clark Fork in T. 56 N., R. 4 W., Boise meridian. Named around 1890 in honor of the celebrated Jesuit missionary, Father Roothaan. (Not Upper Priest, north of Upper Priest Lake.)

Priests: point, St. Marys Creek, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Priest's.)

Prieto Diaz: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Primo: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Primošten (Capocesto): pr. prē-mōsh-tĕn; town, Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Ital. Capocesto; 43° 36′ N., 15° 55′ E.

Prince: creek, northern Alaska, on north bank Colville River, near lat. 69° 18′ N., long. 152° 20′ W.

Prince: peak, altitude 5,333 feet, sec. 30, T. 46 N., R. 4 E., near head of Black Prince Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Prince Edward: island prov. of e. Canada; 46° 30′ N., 63° W.

Prince Frederick: town, Calvert County, Md. (Not Prince Fredericktown.)

***Prince Georges:** county, Md. (Not Prince George nor Prince George's.)

Prince of Wales: archipelago, southeastern Alaska, between Dixon Entrance and Summer Strait, part of Alexander Archipelago.

Prince of Wales: passage, between Evans, Elrington, and Bainbridge Islands, Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Fleming.)

Prince of Wales: see Peñang.

Prince Rupert: seaport, Br. Columbia, near Alaska; 54° 19′ N., 130° 20′ W.

Princess: bay, south coast of Staten Island, Richmond County, N. Y. (Not Prince's.)

Princess: bay, northeast cove of Hurricane Hole, Coral Bay, St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Bib Creek, Caleta de la Princesa, nor Princesse.)

Princesse: see Princess, bay, Virgin Islands.

Princeton: glacier, north side of Nassau Fiord, near lat. 60° 16′ N., long. 148° 20′ W., Icy Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Princeton: peak, in Sawatche Range, Chaffee County, Colo. (Not Chalk.)

Prince William: sound, southeastern coast of Alaska, lat. 60° 35′ N., long. 147° W. (Not Chugatch nor Prince William's.)

Principio Creek: see Furnace, bay.

Prinsep: peak (Mount Prinsep), altitude 6,342 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary 7 miles northeast of Klehini River, near lat. 59° 31′ N., long. 136° 14′ W. Named after G. T. Prinsep, D. L. S., Ottawa, surveyor, Canadian section, Boundary Survey.

Prinzapolca: pr. prēn-sä-pōl′kä; river, e. Nicaragua.

Prior: island, Ohio River, Pope County, Ill. (Not Prior's.)

Priors: railroad station, Polk County, Ga. (Not Prior.)

Probasco: landing, Skipton Creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Probascos.)

Proctor: landing, Ohio River, at west end of Mason and Dixon's line, between Marshall and Taylor Counties, W. Va. (Not Procter's.)

Proctor: see Hugenot.

Proctor: see Pike, island, N. Y.

Profile: mountain, southeast of Profile Notch, Franconia Range, Grafton County, N. H. (Not Cannon, Frank, Old Man, nor Old Man's.)

Prokoda: island, on Narrow Strait, ½ mile east of Uzinki Point, lat. 57° 54′ .5 N., long. 152° 30′ .5 W., between Spruce and Kodiak Islands, Alaska. (Not Passage.)

Promontory, The: peninsula, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., the peninsula between the South and Southeast Arms of Yellowstone Lake.

Propagation: see Tanginak, islet, Alaska.

Proposition: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 110° 50′ W., flowing west into Mountain Ash Creek.

Prospect: creek, rising in Square Lake, eastern slope Cascade Range, tributary to Leland Creek from west, Chelan County, Wash.

Prospect: glacier, northeast of Thumb Cove, Resurrection Bay, lat. 60° 01′ .5 N., long. 149° 16′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Prospect: lake, Egremont Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Winchel nor Winchell.)

Prospect: peak, 8,342 feet high, Shasta County, Calif., 2 miles northwest of Cinder Cone, in sec. 6, T. 31 N., R. 6 E. (Not East Prospect, Sand, nor Black Butte.)

Prospect: peak, 9,300 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 54′ N., long. 110° 30′ W. (Not Mount Stephens.)

Prospect: see Campanula.

Prospectors: mountain, altitude 11,000 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 39′ N., long. 110° 51′ W. Named to commemorate the discovery of mineral "prospects" in the canyon northwest of this peak, name dating back to the pioneer prospectors.

Prouty: peak, Pend Oreille County, Wash., in sec. 9, T. 39 N., R. 45 E., Willamette meridian, Kaniksu National Forest. Named for Henry Prouty, who was one of the first settlers in this region, and who located several mining claims on this peak.

Provens: hill, Westfield Town, Hampden County, Mass. (Not Proven's.)

Providence: capital of Rhode Island, in Providence Co., near lat. 41° 50′ N., long. 71° 24′ W. Population in 1930, 252,386. (Pronounced, prŏv′ĭ-dĕns.)

Provo: city and precinct, Utah County, Utah. (Not Provo City.)

Provo: river, Utah. (Not Timpanogos.)

Prusse: see Preussen.

Prusse Occidentale: see Westpreussen.

Prusse Orientale: see Ostpreussen.

Prussia: see Preussen.

Prussia, East: see Ostpreussen.

Prussia, West: see Westpreussen.

Prusy Wschodnie: see Ostpreussen.

Prusy Zachodnie: see Westpreussen.

Prybiloff: see Pribilof.

Pryor: creek, Carbon, Big Horn, and Yellowstone counties, Mont., heads approx. in unsurveyed sec. 8, T. 7 S., R. 27 E., Montana principal meridian, flows northwesterly to sec. 6, T. 6 S., R. 26 E., Montana principal meridian, and thence northeasterly to its junction with the Yellowstone River in sec. 25, T. 2 N., R. 27 E. This decision carries name up to the source of stream shown as East Pryor on some maps. Named by Capt. William Clark in 1806 in honor of Sergeant Nathaniel Pryor, a member of the Lewis and Clark Expedition.

Przemyśl: pr. pzhémishl; city, s. Poland; 49° 45′ N., 22° 30′ E.

P. San Luis d'Apra: see Apra.

Ptarmigan: creek, tributary to Beaver Creek, Alaska, at lat. 61° 58′ N., long. 141° 02′ W., near international boundary.

Ptarmigan: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising at foot of Ptarmigan Wall, near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., flowing south, joining Iceberg Creek to form Wilbur Creek.

Ptarmigan: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., on Ptarmigan Creek, northeast base of Wilbur Mountain.

Ptarmigan: lake, Boulder County, Colo.

Ptarmigan: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 43′ W., head of Ptarmigan Creek.

Ptarmigan: ridge, between neves west of Carbon Glacier and North Mowich Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Ptarmigan: ridge, between Rainbow and Table Mountain Glaciers, Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Ptarmigan: wall, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 51′ N., long., 113° 43′ W.

Pto. de San Luis de Apra: see Apra.

Puako: village (post office, Lalamilo), on Puako Bay, South Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Puanaaiea: see Puanaiea, T. H.

Puanaiea: point, near long. 159° 41′ 30″ W., northwestern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Puanaaiea.)

Puangynta: see Puangyuta, P. I.

Puangyuta: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Puangynta.)

Puckatunna: see Bucatunna.

Pucketa: creek, Westmoreland and Allegheny Counties, Pa. (Not Big Pucketa, Big Pucketta, Pocatoes, nor Poketo.)

Pucutan: see Pocutan, P. I.

Pudiot: see Podiat, P. I.

Pudiot-Macato: see Podiat, P. I.

Puebla: pr. pweh′blä; state, cen. Mexico, and its capital; 19° 3′ N., 98° 10′ W.

Pueblo Colorado: valley, Apache and Navajo Counties, Ariz., drained by Leroux and Pueblo Colorado Washes, near lat. 35° 30′ N., long. 110° 00′ W.

Puerca: island, northern side of Jobos Harbor, southwest of Point Colchones, P. R. (Not Isla del Puerco.)

Puerta Rivas: barrio, Balanga Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Puerta Tiras.)

Puerta Tiras: see Puerta Rivas, P. I.

Puerto de Yabucoa: see Yabucoa, P. R.

Puerto Plata: pr. pwār′tō plät′a, seaport, Dominican Republic; 19° 48′ N., 70° 42′ W.

Puerto Princesa: township, Provincial Capital, Palawan Province, Palawan P. I.

***Puerto Rico:** island of the United States, in the West Indies, between about lat. 17° 50′ and 18° 30′ N., long. 65° 36′ and 67° 15′ W. (Not Porto Rico.) Change in spelling approved by Act of Congress, S. J. Res. 36, and signed by the President on May 17, 1932. The board in 1891 adopted the spelling Puerto Rico, which was changed in 1900 to conform to that found in the treaty of annexation.

Pugan: see Pugay, P. I.

Pugay: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pugan.)

Puget: bay, southern coast of Kenai Peninsula, next bay west of Port Bainbridge, long. 148° 31′ W., between Capes Puget and Junken, Alaska.

Puget: glacier, at head of Puget Bay, lat. 60° 03′ N., long. 148° 34′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Puget Sound: an arm of the Pacific Ocean, from Strait of Juan de Fuca to Olympia, Wash.

Pugh: creek, tributary to Whitechuck River, T. 31 N., R. 11 E., Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Deer.)

Pugo: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Puis: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Puiz.)

Puiz: see Puis, P. I.

Pukele: stream, rising on southern slope of Kaau Crater, flowing southward to junction with Waiamao Stream to form Palolo Stream, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Pukihae: stream, rising on lower southeastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing southeastward into sea north of Hilo, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Pukoo: harbor and landing, southeastern coast of Molokai, T. H.

Pukumu: see Puukumu, T. H.

Pulangbato: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pulang Bato nor Pulang-Bato.)

Pulang-Buhangin: see Pulongbuhangin, P. I.

Pulantima: Pulantuna: see Polantona, P. I.

Pulbedam: see David, point, Virgin Islands.

Pulehu: ridge, near lat. 22° 01′ N., long. 159° 43′ W., southwestern part of Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu Lehu.)

Pulehunui: land division, Makawao and Wailuku Districts, Maui, T. H.

Pulgas: land grant, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not De Las Pulgas, Las Pulgas, nor Rancho de las Pulgas.)

Pulilan: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Pulili: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, formed by junction of Kaleiiki and Kapena streams, entering the sea a short distance north of Honohina, Hawaii, T. H.

Pulley: see Pully.

Pullman: island and shoal, St. Lawrence River, near Alexandria Bay, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Pullman's.)

Pully: point, Puget Sound, King County, Wash. (Not Pulley.)

Pulo: see Polo, P. I.

Pulongbuhangin: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pulong Buhangin nor Pulang-Buhangin.)

Pulong Bunga: barrio, Silang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pulung Bunga.)

Pulongubat: barrio, Bigaa Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pulong-Gubat nor Polungubat.)

Pulongubat: barrio, Guinguinto Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pulonggubat nor Pulungubat.)

Pulo-Penang: see Peñang.

Pulung Bunga: see Pulong Bunga, P. I.

Pulungubat: see Pulongubat, P. I.

Pumice: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on north shore of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake, near long. 110° 30′ W.

Pumpelly: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 40′ W., on east slope of Blackfoot Mountain. Named for Prof. Raphael Pumpelly, who discovered and described it in 1883.

Pumpelly: pillar, 7,600 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 27′ W.

Pumpkin: creek, Banner and Morrill Counties, Nebr. (Not Pumpkinseed.)

Pumpkin: see Bumkin.

Puna: district, Hawaii County; political subdivision in eastern Hawaii, T. H.

Punahoa: land division, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Punahou: main residential section of Honolulu, adjoining grounds of Oahu College, Oahu, T. H.

Punakou: land division, southwestern Molokai, T. H.

Punaluu: land division and landing, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Punaluu: land division, Koolualoa District, Oahu, T. H.

Punaluu: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into sea, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Punaluu: village, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Punchbowl: lake, east shore Punchbowl Cove, south shore Rudyerd Bay, Behm Canal, near lat. 55° 31′ N., long. 130° 45′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Punch Bowl: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., along road from Firehole River to Black Sand Basin, northwest section of Upper Geyser Basin. (Not Punchbowl.)

Punchbowl Hill: tufa crater, elevation 498 feet, just back of Honolulu, Oahu, T. H. (Not Puowaina.)

Puncheon: creek, tributary of St. Jones Creek, Kent County, Del. (Not Walkers.)

Pungoteague: creek and village, Accomac County, Va. (Not Pongoteague.)

Punjab: Br. prov. and Indian state, n. w. India. Not Panjab, Punjaub.

Punjaub: see Punjab.

Punkapoag: Punkapog: see Ponkapog.

Punta: see Punta Paris, P. I.

Punta Arenas (Chile): see Magallanes (seaport).

Punta Blanco: see Sword.

Punta de Arenas: see Southwest, cape, Virgin Islands.

Punta de Fajardo: see Fajardo, point, P. R.

Punta de Jesus-Maria: see Incarnation.

Punta de la Bateria: see Bateria.

Punta de los Morrillos: see Morrillos.

Punta del Tamarindo Medio: see Tamarindo.

Punta de Olas Grandes: see Ola Grande.

Punta Gorda: see Gorda.

Punta Morrillo: see Morrillos.

Punta Negra: see Goleta, point, P. R.

Punta Paris: barrio, Carabanga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Punta.)

Punta Quebrada ó Tamarindo: see Tamarindo, P. R.

***Punta Rasa:** precinct and town, on Gulf of Mexico, near mouth of Caloosahatchee River, Lee County, Fla. (Not Punta Rassa, Puntarasa, nor Puntarassa.)

Puntarenas: pr. pōōn-tä-reh'näs; prov. and town, Costa Rica; 9° 58′ N., 84° 49′ W.

Puntas Arenas: see Point Arena.

Puntog: island, lat. 9° 29′ 0″, long 118° 37′ 5″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Punuk: islands, two small islands off eastern end of St. Lawrence Island, lat. 63° 04′ N., long. 168° 50′ W., Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Pinik.)

Puoc: see Pooc, P. I.

Puohokamoa: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H. (Not Puohakamoa.)

Puolo: point, western side of Hanapepe Bay, near long. 159° 35′ 40″ W., Kauai, T. H. (Not Ukula.)

Puowaina: see Punchbowl Hill, T. H.

Pupukea: land division, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Pura: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Purcell: mountains, lying within the bend of Kootenai River, northern Idaho and northwestern Montana.

Purcell Trench: a long, relatively narrow depression extending southward from Canada into the United States, and occupied south of the forty-ninth parallel by Kootenai River, Sandpoint Creek, Cocollala Lake, and Lake Cœur d'Alene, Idaho.

Purgatoire: river, Bent, Otero, and Las Animas Counties, Colo. (Not Las Animas, Picket-wire, Picketwire, nor Purgatory.)

Purgatory: flat, La Plata County, Colo.

Purgatory: see Purgatoire.

Purisima: creek and village, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not Purissima.)

Purisima: hills, extending from Alamo Pintado Creek and Santa Ynez Mission on the east to the coast between Las Alamos Valley on the north and Santa Ynez and Santa Rita Valleys on the south, Santa Barbara County, Calif.

Purnell: bay, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Colonels, Parkers, Purnell's, nor Purnells.)

Purple: lake, Annette Island, about 1 mile eastward of head of Port Tamgas and ½ mile southeast of Purple Mountain, lat. 55° 06′ N., long. 131° 29′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Purple: mountain, altitude 8,700 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 53′ W.

Purple Mountain: peak, Elk Mountains, Gunnison County, Colo.

Purslane: mountain, Morgan County, W. Va. (Not Pursley.)

Purslane: run, branch of Potomac River, Allegany County, Md. (Not Pusley.)

Pursley: see Purslane, mountain, W. Va.

Puruza: see Porosa, P. I.

Pusan: see Fusan.

Puscuss: see Puskus.

Puskus: creek, tributary to Tallahatchie River, Lafayette County, Miss. (Not Paskus nor Puscuss.)

Pusley: see Purslane, run, Md.

Puta: see Putah.

Putah: creek, Lake, Napa, and Yolo Counties, and township, Yolo County, Calif. (Not Puta.)

Putesoi: canyon entering Havasu Canyon 4 miles above Supai village, Grand Canyon, Coconino County, Ariz. This is the name of an Indian family.

Put-hish-go-hap: Puthishgohap: see Tomyhoi, lake, Wash.

Put in: bay in South Bass Island, Lake Erie, Ottawa County, Ohio. (Not Put-in nor Putin.)

Put in Bay: township and village, Ottawa County, Ohio. (Not Put-in-Bay nor Put-in Bay.)

Putingbato: barrio, Calaca Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Poting Bato, Potingbato, nor Puting-Bato.)

Putingbato: barrio, Cataingan Municipality, Masbate, P. I. (Not Poting Bato, Potingbato, nor Puting Bato.)

Putingbuhangin: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pitingbuhangin, Puting Buhangin, nor Puting-Buhangin.)

Putingkahoy: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Potingcahoy, Potingkahoy, Puting-Cahoy, nor Putingcahoy.)

Putman: canyon and creek, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 20 and 29, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Putnam: creek and pond, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Putnams, Putnam's, nor Puts.)

Putnam: peak, located east of Pleasant Creek, opposite eastern end of Miller Canyon, Solano County, Calif. (Not Millers nor Putnams.)

Putnam: see Kobuk.

Putnams: see Putnam.

Putol: barrio, of Tayabas Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Potol.)

Putol: barrio, Kawit Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Potol.)

Putol: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Potol.)

Puts: see Putnam, creek and pond, N. Y.

Puttock: see Peddocks.

Putumayo: pr. pōō-tōō-mä′yō; river and comisaría, Colombia.

Puu Alaea: stream, eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Laupahoehoe Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Puu Alani: see Puulani, T. H.

Puu Alua: see Puu Lua, T. H.

Puuanahulu: land division, in Government ownership, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Puu Ehu: peak, elevation, 1,939 feet, Anahola Mountains, Kauai, T. H.

Puu Elua: see Puu Lua, T. H.

Puueo: land division, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Puu Eu: peak, elevation, 2,747 feet, Kealia-Kalihiwai Divide, Kauai, T. H.

Puu Ka Manu: hill, near long. 159° 31′ 30″ W., northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu Kamanu.)

Puukapele: peak, elevation, 3,657 feet, western edge of Waimea Canyon, Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu Ka Pele.)

Puukapu: land division, in Government ownership, South Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Puu Kukui: summit, elevation, 5,790 feet, west Maui, T. H.

Puukumu: stream, emptying into Kalihiwai Bay, long. 159° 25′ 30″ W., northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Pukumu.)

Puulani: hill, near lat. 21° 57′ N., long. 159° 35′ W., southern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu Alani nor Puu Lani.)

Puu Lehu: see Pulehu, T. H.

Puuloa: land division, just west of entrance to Pearl Harbor, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Puuloa: village, east of Pearl Harbor, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Puu Lua: peak, near lat. 22° 05′ 30″ N., long. 159° 41′ W., western slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu Alua nor Puu Elua.)

Puu Maheu: hill, elevation, 858 feet, on ridge between Hanalei and Kalihiwai Rivers, near lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 159° 27′ W., northern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Maheo.)

Puumakaa: land division, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Puunene: town, a few miles south of Kahului Harbor, Maui, T. H.

Puu Nopili: hill, near lat. 22° 13′ N., long. 159° 34′ W., northern coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu no Pili nor Puunopili.)

Puu Ohia: see Tantalus, T. H.

Puuohua: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea south of Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Puu Olii: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea near Maulua Gulch, Hawaii, T. H.

Puu Opae: hill, near lat. 22° 02′ N., long. 159° 42′ 30″ W., western slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu o Pae.)

Puu Pane: hill, 552 feet high, 2 miles southeast of Kilauea, lat. 22° 11′ N., long. 159° 24′ W., northern slope of Kauai, T. H. (Not Mt. Para.)

Puupehu: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Puu Pehu: see Puu Poa, T. H.

Puu Pihea: see Pihea, T. H.

Puu Pilo: hill, northern bank Wailua River, near lat. 22° 03′ N., long. 159° 24′ W., Kauai, T. H. (Not Pili.)

Puu Poa: headland, eastern entrance Henalei Bay, northern coast Kauai, T. H. (Not Puu Pehu.)

Puuwaawaa: land division, in Government ownership, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Puu Waawaa: peak, elevation, 3,824 feet, north of Hualulai, North Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Puyallup: glacier, discharging into North Puyallup River, western slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Puyallup: river, rising near western base Mount Rainier, and emptying into Puget Sound, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Puyallop.)

Puyallup Cleaver: ridge between Puyallup and Tahoma Glaciers, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Puyün: see Canton.

Puzzle: creek, small tributary to Morrison Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

***Pye:** reef, awash at high water, about 2 miles southward of Outer Island, lat. 59° 19′ N., long. 150° 26′ W., south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Pye Island Reef.)

Pye Island Reef: see Pye, reef, Alaska.

***Pyengyang:** see Heijo.

Pyŏng-yang: see Heijo.

Pyramid: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in small lake at base of unnamed glacier, near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 49′ W., flowing north along base of Pyramid Peak into Glenns Lake.

Pyramid: creek, Pierce County, Wash. heading in Pyramid Glacier and passing Pyramid Peak close to its base; tributary to Kautz Creek, Mount Rainier National Park.

Pyramid: glacier, Pierce County, Wash., discharging into Pyramid Creek, southwestern slope Mount Rainier.

Pyramid: island, head of Chilkat Inlet, lat. 58° 11′.6 N., long. 135° 27′.5 W., Lynn Canal, Alaska. (Not Chlachatsch, Farewell, Observatory, Pestchani, Sandy, Shla-hatch, nor Stony.)

Pyramid: mountain, 3,140 feet high, Clallam County, Wash., northwest side Lake Crescent, near lat. 48° 05′ N., long. 123° 48′ W. (Not Sugarloaf.)

Pyramid: peak, Boundary County, Idaho, Pend Oreille National Forest in sec. 17, T. 63 N., R. 2 W. From the east this peak is almost a perfect pyramid.

Pyramid: peak, altitude 8,100 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 50′ W. Descriptive name.

Pyramid: peak, northeast end of Indian Henrys Hunting Ground, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Pyramid: peak, altitude 10,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 37′ N., long. 110° 04′ W., on the new eastern boundary.

Pyramid: see Green, point, Alaska.

Pyramid: see Topaz Mountain, butte, Colo.

Pyramid Hills: including ridges and hills between McLure Valley and Kettleman Plain, and extending southeasterly from sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 17 E., to and including Emigrant Hill, Kings and Kern Counties, Calif. (Not Los Piramidos nor The Pyramids.)

Pyramids, The: see Pyramid Hills.

Pyrenees: mt. range bet. France and Spain.

Pyroxene: see Black Butte, peak, Mont.

Pysche: Pyscht: see Pysht.

***Pysht:** precinct, river, and village, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Fish, Pisht, Pysche, nor Pyscht.)

Q

Qaisariye: see Kayseri.

Qandahar: see Kandahar.

Qara Qum: see Kara Kum.

Qars: see Kars.

Qastamuni: see Kastamonu.

Qirghiz: see Kirghiz.

Qonia: see Konya.

Quaboag: pond, Brookfield Town, Worcester County, Mass. (Not North nor Podunk.)

Quackenkill: village, Grafton Town, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Quacken Kill.)

Quacumquasit: pond, Brookfield and Sturbridge Towns, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Podunk nor South.)

Quadrant: mountain, altitude 10,200 feet, Yellowstone National Park, near lat. 44° 55′ N., long. 110° 52′ W.

Quadrate: see Saddle, mountain, Colo.

Quamquisset: harbor and point, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Quissett.)

Quang-tchéou: see Kwangchowan.

Qua-nom-i-ca: see Kanomika.

Quarles: peak, altitude 6,565 feet, sec. 35, T. 46 N., R. 7 E., on Idaho-Montana state line, Shoshone County, Idaho, and Missoula County, Mont.

Quarry: creek, Monroe County, Tenn., Cherokee National Forest, rises in northern part of T. 1 N., R. 4 E., flows north, enters Tellico River from south, about 1 mile from town of Tellico Plains. (Not Laurel.) Local name, after large slate quarry on its bank.

Quarter Domes: two peaks, the highest 8,276 feet, on the south side of Tenaya Canyon, at the head of Yosemite Valley, Mariposa County, Calif.

***Quartz:** bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, on the northeast side of West Arm of Nuka Bay, near lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 150° 33′ W. (Not Rock.)

Quartz: creek, Archuleta County, Colo., in Ts. 36–37 N., R. 2 E., tributary to San Juan River, New Mexico meridian, San Juan National Forest.

Quartz: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in glacial lake on east slope of Vulture Peak, flowing north, west, and southwest through Quartz and other lakes into Flathead River. Named for the prominent ledge of white quartz at extreme headwaters.

Quartz: creek, rising near Curry Gap and flowing south into Skykomish River east of Goblin Creek, T. 28 N., R. 12 E., Snohomish County, Wash.

Quartz: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 20′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone River.

Quartz: lake, Archuleta County, Colo., at head of Quartz Creek, near lat. 37° 20′ N., long. 106° 46′ W., in sec. 30, T. 36 N., R. 2 E., New Mexico meridian, San Juan National Forest.

Quartz: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 114° 06′ W. So named because of great quartz vein exposed near head.

Quartz: ridge, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., between Bowman and Quartz creeks, near lat. 48° 47′ N., long. 114° 12′ W.

*__Quartzite__: canyon, near Fort Defiance, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Blue, Cuarzo, nor Paquette.)

Quartzite: see Quartzsite, mining camp and post office, Ariz.

Quartzite: see Baxter, peak, Colo.

__Quartzsite__: mining camp, and post office, Yuma County, Ariz., on the old Ehrenberg Prescott stage road, near Tysons Wells, in T. 4 N., R. 19 W., in Tyson Wash. (Not Quartzite.)

Quatre Cantons, Lac des: see Lucerne.

Quebadia: see Quibadia, P. I.

__Quebec__: large n. e. prov. of Canada, and its capital, a seaport; 46° 48′ N., 71° 15′ W.

__Quebec__: village, White County, Tenn. (Not Cooper, Holder, nor Quebeck.)

__Quebrada Honda__: southern point (Point Quebrada Honda), Port Yabucoa, P. R. (Not Point Quebradahonda.)

__Queechy__: lake, Canaan Town, Columbia County, N. J. (Not Whiting's.)

Queechy: see Ottauquechee.

Queen: see Queens, village, W. Va.

Queen: Queen's: see Quinn, river, Nev.

Queen Anne: see Hardesty.

*__Queen Annes__: county, Md. (Not Queen Ann, Queen Anne's, nor Queen Anns.)

__Queen Charlotte__: island group, Canada, s. of s. e. Alaska, and sound bet. the group and Vancouver island.

__Queens__: river, Elmore County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, rising north of Mount Everly in northwest corner of T. 7 N., R. 11 E., flowing southwest, tributary to Boise River in southwest corner T. 6 N., R. 11 E. (Not Queens Creek.)

__Queens__: run, on the north bank of west branch Susquehanna River, 3 miles northwest of Lock Haven, Clinton County, Pa. (Not Queen's nor Quinn's.)

*__Queens__: village, Upshur County, W. Va. (Not Queen.)

Queens Creek: see Queens, river.

__Queensland__: state, n. e. Australia.

__Queens Laundry__: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near Sentinel Creek and northwest boundary of Lower Geyser Basin.

*__Queenstown__: see Cóbh.

__Queer__: creek, tributary to Vermilion River from southeast, in sec. 2, T. 24 N., R. 29 W., Sanders County, Mont.

__Queets__: river, Jefferson County, Wash. (Not Queetshee.)

__Quemado__: hill, just north of Mayaguez, P. R.

__Queneska__: island, off Shelburne Point, Lake Champlain, Shelburne Town, Chittenden County, Vt. (Not Hog, Whites, nor White's.)

Queniult: see Quinault.

Quenshehague: see Quenshukeny.

*__Quenshukeny__: run, on north side West Branch Susquehanna River, Lycoming County, Pa. (Not Onensheg, Onenshey, Quenshehague, Quineshakony, nor Quinneshockeny.)

Quercus: see Kirker, pass, Calif.

__Querétaro__: pr. keh-reh′tä-rō; state, cen. Mexico, and its capital; 20° 45′ N., 100° 30′ W.

Quereus: see Kirker, pass, Calif.

Querquellin: Querquillin: see Bone, river, Wash.

__Quetta__: capital of Br. Baluchistan, w. India; locally Shal or Shalkot; 30° 15′ N., 67° 5′ E. Not Shawl.

__Quetzal__: headland (Point Quetzal), Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 29′°W.

__Quetzaltenango__: see Quezaltenango.

__Quexaltenango__: see Quezaltenango.

__Quezaltenango, Quexaltenango,__ or __Quetzaltenango__: pr. keh-säl-tehnän′go; city and department, Guatemala.

Quiangan: see Kiangan, P. I.

__Quianlog__: barrio, Calamba Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cayanlog.)

__Quibadia__: barrio, Obando Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Quebadia.)

__Quicksand__: cove, 1,460 yards wide, with spacious flat and permanent stream at head, on west side of Aialik Bay, just south of Holgate Arm, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 47′ N., long. 149° 47′ W.

Quicks Run: post lights, Ohio River, Adams County, Ohio. (Not Quick's.)

Quijano: port (Port Quijano), north of Emmedio and Romero Reefs, P. R.

Quilbay: see Kilbay, P. I.

Quilib: see Kilib, P. I.

Quillayute: prairie, river, and village, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Quillehute nor Quillyhuyte.)

Quimmalasag: Quim-Malasag: see Kimmalasag, P. I.

Quinabcaban: see Kinabkaban, P. I.

Quinagbaan: Quinagba-an: see Kinagbaan, P. I.

Quinaielt: see Quinault.

Quinalansan: Quinalausan: see Kinalansan, P. I.

Quinamatayan-Cabayo: see Quinamatayang Kabayo, P. I.

Quinamatayang Kabayo: barrio, San Miguel Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Quinamatayan-Cabayo, Kinamatayan Kabayo, nor Kinamatayang-Cabayo.)

Quinapon-an: Quinaponan: see Kinaponan, P. I.

Quinasayan: Quinasay-an: Quinasaysay: see Kinasayan, P. I.

Quinastillohan: Quinastillojan: see Kinastillohan, P. I.

Quinato-an: see Guinatoan, P. I.

Quinatoyan: see Kinatuyan, P. I.

***Quinault:** Indian reservation, lake, river, and village, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Queniult, Quinaielt, nor Quiniault.)

Quinaviti: Quinavitt: see Kinabiti, P. I.

Quinayuga: Quinayuya: see Kinayuya, P. I.

Quincy Adams: peak (Mount Quincy Adams), altitude 13,561 feet, lat. 58° 54′ 23″ N., long. 137° 27′ 02″ W., near Mount Fairweather, on the international boundary between Alaska and Canada. Named for John Quincy Adams, former Secretary of State of the United States and President of the United States, who, in the former capacity, negotiated the first treaty between the United States and Russia.

Quineshakony: see Quenshukeny.

Quingua: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Quinhagak: see Kwinak.

Quiniault: see Quinault.

Quinn: peak, altitude 10,160 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 23, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park. Named for Harry Quinn, settler in California in 1868.

Quinn: river, Humboldt County, Nev. (Not Queen, Queen's, nor Quinn's.)

Quinneshockeny: see Quenshukeny.

Quinn's: see Queens, run, Pa.

Quinobin: see Charles, river, Mass.

Quinoguitan: see Kinokitan, P. I.

Quintana Roo: pr. kén-tä-nä rōō′; formerly a territory of Mexico; was divided Dec. 18, 1931, between Campeche and Yucatán.

Quintas: see Guintas, P. I.

Quintino Sella: glacier, crosses the International Boundary (between Alaska and Yukon) from the east about 22 miles north of Mount St. Elias, lat. 60° 36′.5 N., long. 141° W., and extends south to lat. 60° 30′ N., long. 141° 02′ W., thence southwest 5 miles to a junction with Columbus Glacier in Alaska.

Quios: see Kios, P. I.

Quipot: see Kipot, P. I.

Quiragnay: Quirangay: Quirañgay: see Kiragnay, P. I.

Quiros: see Swains.

Quissett: see Quamquisset.

Quit: point, southern point of the islands dividing Rough and Smooth Channels, entrances to Ogden Passage, lat. 57° 35′.4 N., long. 136° 15′.5 W., north of Khaz Bay, southeastern Alaska.

Quitang: see Kitang, P. I.

Quitman Bluff: post light, Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not Quitman's Bluff.)

Quito: pr. kē′tō; capital city, Ecuador; el. 9,348 ft.; 0° 10′ S., 78° 30′ W.

Quito: see Campbell, creek, Calif.

Quitobaquito: mountains and town, T. 17 S., R. 8 W., Pima County, Ariz. (Not Quitovaquita.)

Quiver: cascade, on Phillips Fork, Belcher River, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Quixes: ledge, entrance to New Haven Harbor, Conn. (Not Quixe's.)

Quochecho: see Cocheco.

Quoddy Roads: strait, Passamaquoddy Bay, Washington County, Me. (Not Quoddy Bay.)

Quohquinapassakessamanagnog: see Beaver, brook, N. H.

Quonset: point and shoal, Narragansett Bay, R. I. (Not Quonsett.)

R

Raab: see Győr.

Rab (Arbe): island and town, n. Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Ital. Arbe; 44° 46′ N., 14° 46′ E.

Rab: lake, T. 164 N., R. 73 W., just south of International Boundary, and east of Hartley Lake, Rolette County, N. Dak.

Rabat: seaport, chief capital of Morocco; 34° 2′ N., 6° 50′ W.

Rabbit: creek, Ferry County, Wash. (Not Nine Mile Creek.)

Rabbit: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., flowing west into Firehole River at place known as Hells Half Acre.

Rabbit: island, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, second island from the outer end of the Pye Islands Group, near lat. 59° 22′ N., long. 150° 25′ W. So named because the outline of the island resembles a running rabbit.

Rabbit: see Bangtail.

***Rabbit Back Peak:** peninsula, Mackinac Strait, Emmet County, Mich. (Not Rabbitt's Back Peak.)

Rabbit Ear Mountain: see Hopi, buttes, Ariz.

Rabbit Ears: mountain, Jackson County, Colo., in secs. 4 and 5, T. 5 N., R. 82 W., sixth principal meridian, Routt National Forest.

Rabenes: see Faben.

Rabins: see Faben.

Rabonisky: see Razboinski.

Raccoon: mountain, Georgia and Alabama. (Not Sand.)

Raccoon: strait, between Angel Island and mainland, San Francisco Bay, Marin County, Calif. (Not Racoon.)

Race: see Rice, point, Me.

Racetrack: peak, at the head of Boulder Creek, lat. 46° 21′ N., long. 113° 02′ W., Granite County, Mont. (Not Mount Powell.)

Racey's Point: see Racy Point.

Racket: see Raquette.

Racket Lake: see Raquette Lake.

Racoon: see Raccoon, strait, Calif.

Racoon: see Wolf, creek, Ohio.

Racquet: creek, tributary to Bern Creek, Alaska, lat. 66° 24′ .6 N., long. 141° 05′ W., near International Boundary.

Racy Point: post light, St. Johns River, St. Johns County, Fla. (Not Racey's Point.)

Rader: see Myers, village, Tenn.

Radom: city, w. cen. Poland; 51° 25′ N., 21° 9′ E.

Rafinesque: mountain, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Bald.)

Ragalumbi: see Magalumbi, P. I.

Ragan: village, Harlan County, Nebr. (Not Reagan.)

Ragay: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Ragged: falls, on Ferris Fork, Bechler River, the first falls above Three River Junction, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Ragged: northernmost island of the Pye Island Group, south coast of Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 150° 22′ W. (Not Crooked.) Descriptive name because of ragged, broken character.

Ragged: island and cays, the Bahamas; 22° 13′ N., 75° 45′ W.

***Ragged:** mountain, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Ravenscrag nor Tanner.)

Ragged: valley, Fresno County, Calif., extending along northeastern base Joaquin Ridge, and southwest side Big Blue Hills, from head of south branch of Domengine Creek to divide between Salt and Cantua Creeks.

Ragusa: prov. and city, s. e. Sicilia, Italy; 36° 55′ N., 14° 44′ E.

Ragusa (Yugoslavia): see Dubrovnik.

Raht: ferry, Hiwassee River, Bradley and McMinn Counties, Tenn. (Not Wright.)

Railroad: borough, York County, Pa. (Not Rail Road.)

Railroad: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 21′ W., flowing northeasterly into Midvale Creek.

Railroad: creek, Yellowstone County, Mont., rises in eastern part of T. 6. N., R. 27 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows into Yellowstone River in sec. 3, T. 3 N., R. 31 E.

Railroad: township, Starke County, Ind. (Not Rail Road.)

Rails Landing: post light, Ohio River, Switzerland County, Ind. (Not Rail's.)

Rainbow: wide basin, Nushagak region, Alaska, 6 miles southeast of Mount Waskey, between the Golden Horn of Beverley Lake and the Amakuk Arm of Nerka Lake, lat. 59° 42′ N., long. 159° 04′ W. This is a well known local name.

Rainbow: creek, a small tributary of Tonsina River, Alaska, entering it from the south, about 2 miles northeast of the mouth of Tonsina Lake, at approx. lat. 61° 33′ N., long. 145° 26′ W. This name was erroneously applied to a stream shown on the Chitina quadrangle as a tributary of Quartz Creek, but which was later found to be the main head of Slate Creek.

Rainbow: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in Rainbow Glacier, near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 114° 04′ W., flowing southeast into Quartz Creek.

Rainbow: falls, total height 140 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Falls River, near lat. 44° 09′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., and south boundary of park.

Rainbow: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 114° 05′ W., on east slope of Rainbow Peak.

Rainbow: glacier, eastern slope Mount Baker, near Park Glacier, Whatcom County, Wash.

Rainbow: lake, Shasta County, Calif., one-half mile southeast of Fairfield Peak, in secs. 30 and 31, T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Rainbow: lake, secs. 11 and 14, T. 46 N., R. 11 E., Custer County, Colo. (Not Big nor Lake Creek.)

Rainbow: lake, secs. 2 and 3, T. 20 N., R. 25 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not Dog.)

Rainbow: mountain, altitude 11,975 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 30, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., on south boundary, Sequoia National Park.

Rainbow: natural bridge, on Bridge Canyon, south side Colorado River near long. 110° 55′ W., San Juan County, Utah.

Rainbow: peak, altitude 9,960 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 114° 06′ W. So named because of fancied resemblance of banded rock near summit to a rainbow.

Rainbow: plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., southwest extension of Kaibab Plateau on north rim of the canyon, near lat. 36° 19′ N., long. 112° 19′ W.

Rainbow: plateau, south of Colorado River and north of Navajo Creek, Coconino and Navajo Counties, Ariz., and San Juan County, Utah.

Rainbow: river, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, draining Serpent Tongue Glacier to the south bank of Savonoski River, near lat. 58° 10′ N., long. 154° 45′ W.

Rainbow: valley, House Range, Millard County, Utah.

Rainbow: see Slate, creek, Alaska.

Rainbow Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 500 feet north of Emerald Pool, in Black Sand Basin.

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Rainier: peak (Mount Rainier), Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash., near lat. 46° 51′ N., long. 121° 31′ W. (Not Ranier nor Tacoma.) Named by Vancouver in 1792 and confirmed by the United States Geographic Board in 1890.

Rainier: see Tahoma, creek, Wash.

Rains: island, east of Neebish Island, St. Marys River, Mich. (Not Sailors Encampment.)

Rainy: glacier, west of head of Cochrane Bay, lat. 60° 28′ N., long. 148° 30′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Rainy: lake and river, Rainy River District, Ontario, International Boundary. (Not Lac la Pluie.)

Rajputana: agency comprising 20 native states, n. w. India.

Raker: peak, altitude 7,466 feet, Shasta County, Calif., about 3 miles northeast of Lassen Peak in sec. 13, T. 31 N., R. 4 E. So named in honor of the late Hon. John E. Raker, former Congressman from California, who introduced the bill to create Lassen Volcanic National Park.

Raker: see Hunter, town, Pa.

Rakers: peaks (The Rakers), altitude 9,998 feet, in Sawtooth Range, Boise County, Idaho, two prominent peaks about one-fourth mile apart, near lat. 43° 59′ 40″ N., long. 115° 06′ 15″ W. Resemble "raker" teeth of a crosscut saw.

Rakousko: see Austria.

Rakwis: see Roquist.

Raleigh: capital of North Carolina, in Wake County, on the Neuse River, near lat. 35° 47′ N., long. 78° 37′ W. Population in 1930, 37,379. (Pronounced, räw′-lĕ.)

Raleigh, C. H: see Beckley, city, W. Va.

Ralston: railroad station, Morris County, N. J. (Not Roxiticus.)

Ralston: see Dickey, peak, Mont.

Ralston Buttes: mountain, altitude 7,800 feet, sec. 30, T. 2 S., R. 70 W., Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Red Hill nor Storm Peak.)

Ram: island, mouth of Mystic River, New London County, Conn. (Not Mystic.)

Ram: see Cartwright, island, N. Y.

Ram: see Lazy Lady, island, Vt.

Rama Shrine: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 111° 55′ W.

Ramauldo: see Romauldo.

Ramgoat: cay, second largest of Durloe Cays, 280 meters east northeast of Henley Cay, northwestern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Ramito: shoal, southern side, Boqueron Bay, P. R.

Ramp: island, one of a group on east side of Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 33′.7 N., long. 136° 05′.3 W., southeastern Alaska.

Rampage: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 20′ N., long. 113° 35′ W.

Rampart: ridge, high and precipitous one along east side Gold Creek, forming eastern wall of Gold Creek Valley, Kittitas County, Wash.

Rampart: see Siberian, pass, Calif.

Ramparts, The: ridge, west of Longmire Springs, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Rampur: native state and its capital, United Provinces, n. India; 28° 45′ N., 79° 10′ E.

Ramsay: see Ramsey.

Ramsaytown: see Ramseytown.

Ramsdell: see Little Wilson.

Ramseur: village, Randolph County, N. C. (Not Ramsure.)

Ramsey: island and lake, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Ramsay nor Ramsay's.)

Ramsey: township, Kossuth County, Iowa. (Not Ramsay.)

***Ramseytown:** township and village Yancey County, N. C. (Not Ramsaytown.)

Ramshead: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 47′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., the middle of three lakes draining southeast into Jenny Lake. Name suggested by the head of a fine bighorn ram, found on the edge of this lake a few years ago.

Ramsure: see Ramseur.

Ranch: creek, mostly in Powder River County, Mont., rises on Montana-Wyoming border near line of T. 58 N., R. 68 W., sixth principal meridian, and T. 9 S., R. 54 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows northwest into Little Powder River in sec. 34, T. 8 S., R. 52 E., Montana principal meridian, about half mile from Biddle post office. So named around 1893 for ranch at mouth of creek.

Rancheria: island, southeastern Alaska, near Point Miraballes, south side Port St. Nicholas, west coast Prince of Wales Island. (Not La Rancheria.)

Rancho de las Pulgas: see Pulgas.

Rancocas: creek and town, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Rancocus.)

Randall: railroad station, Montgomery County, N. Y. (Not Downing nor Yatesville.)

Randall Wharf: post light, Back Creek, Cecil County, Md. (Not Randall's Wharf.)

Randolph: point and village, Mississippi River, Tipton County, Tenn. (Not Randolph's.)

Raneshed: see Bannister.

Range: cay, islet, 21 feet high, southeast of Brewers Bay, southern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Range: peak, altitude 1,941 feet, eastern side Iniskin Bay, north of Right Arm, lat. 59° 44′.7 N., long. 153° 22′.7 W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska, about a mile from shore and same distance from shore of Right Arm, northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Ranger: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near the southwest end of Pitchstone Plateau, east of Bechler River, about 1½ miles southwest of Ouzel Falls and near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 110° 59′ W. Named in honor of the park rangers.

Ranger: see Placer, creek, Idaho.

Rangoon: seaport, Irrawaddy delta, s. Burma; 16° 45′ N., 96° 5′ E.

Ranier: see Rainier.

Ranney: creek, flowing from Ranney Glacier into Unakwik Inlet near head, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Ranney: glacier, draining to the head of Unakwik Inlet, on the western side, near lat. 61° 10′ N., long. 147° 40′ W., northwestern coast of Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Rann of Cutch: see Cutch.

Ransom: point, Contra Costa County, Calif., a summit over 3,400 feet high, on northwest slope of Mount Diablo, near lat. 37° 53′ N., long. 121° 55′ W. Named in memory of Col. Leander Ransom, who, as deputy United States surveyor, established the Mount Diablo base and meridian lines in 1851.

Raois: see Rawis, P. I.

Rapidan: river, tributary to the Rappahannock, central Virginia. (Not Rapid Ann.)

Rapid City: city, Pennington County, S. Dak. (Not Rapid.)

Rappahannock: spit, mouth of Rappahannock River at its entrance to Chesapeake Bay, Lancaster County, Va. (Not Windmill Point.)

Rapu-Rapu: municipality, Albay Province, Rapu-Rapu, P. I.

Raquette: lake, Hamilton County; river, Hamilton, Franklin, and St. Lawrence counties, N. Y. (Not Racket.)

Raquette: pond, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Racket.)

Raquette Lake: railroad station, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not Racket Lake.)

Raquitdaquit: see Dakit, P. I.

Rardin: see Harden.

Rarner: see Karner.

Rasboinsky: Rasbonisky: see Razboinski.

Rat: lake, between Rose and South Lakes, Cook County, Minn.; and Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Rata: cay, smallest of Durloe Cays, 370 meters northwest of Henley Cay, off northwestern coast St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

Rathall: creek, near Charleston, S. C. (Not Rat-hall nor Rat Hall.)

Rathlatulik: river, tributary to the Fish River from the east, entering above the Etchepuk River, Seward Peninsula, Alaska.

Ratisbon: see Regensburg.

Ratisbonne: see Regensburg.

Ratmanof: Ratmanoff: see Big Diomede.

Ratmanoff: see Little Diomede.

Rattlesnake: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 31, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., flowing easterly into Kern River in sec. 28, T. 17 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park.

Rattlesnake: hills, Benton and Yakima Counties, Wash. (Not Rattlesnake Mountain, nor Rattlesnake Ridge.)

Rattlesnake: see Opahwah, butte, Calif.

Rattlesnake: see Twelve Mile, creek, Mont.

Rattlesnake: see Terminal.

Rattlesnake Mountain: Rattlesnake Ridge: see Rattlesnake, Wash.

Rattlesnake Terminal: see Terminal.

Rauch: creek, rising in southern part of Crawford Township, Clinton County, and Limestone Township, Lycoming County, Pa., flowing north, sinking in Nippenose Valley, reappearing a mile and a half farther north as Antes Creek. (Not Nippenose.)

Rauis: see Rawis, P. I.

Raulston: see Rolston.

Rauxel, Castrop-: see Castrop-Rauxel.

Ravana: village, Miller County, Ark. (Not Ravanna.)

Ravanna: see Ravana.

Ravanna: see Ravenna, township, Minn.

Raven: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 110° 11′ W., flowing southwest into Pelican Creek.

Raven: pass, sec. 30, T. 26 S., R. 18 E., Kern County, Calif.

Ravenden Springs: town, Randolph County, Ark. (Not Ravenden.)

Ravenna: prov. and seaport, n. e. Italy; 44° 23′ N., 12° 20′ E.

Ravenna: township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Ravanna.)

Ravenscrag: see Ragged, mountain, Mass.

Rawalpindi: city, n. Punjab, India; 33° 50′ N., 73° 5′ E.

Rawhide: creek and village, Dodge County, Nebr. (Not Raw Hide.)

Rawhide: creek, Campbell County, Wyo., rises in T. 50 N., R. 73 W., and tributary to Little Powder River in sec. 26, T. 52 N., R. 72 W. (Not Buffalohide.) According to local authorities, the early name of stream was Buffalohide but was changed about 45 years ago.

Rawhide: mountain, at southeast end Mescal Mountains, near lat. 33° 02′ N., on boundary between Graham and Pinal Counties, Ariz.

Rawis: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Rauis.)

Rawis: barrio, Bacnotan Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Rawis: barrio, Calbayog Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Rawis: barrio, Calbiga Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Rawis: barrio, Dulag Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Rawis: barrio, Laoang Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Rawis: barrio, Libon Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Rauis.)

Rawis: barrio, Santo Tomas Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Rauis nor Raois.)

Rawis: barrio, Vigan Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Raois.)

Rawles: township, Mills County, Iowa. (Not Rawls.)

Rawleys: see Rowley.

Rawls: see Rawles.

Raydon: see Gerty.

Raymond: peak, altitude 6,620 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking and angle on the international boundary near Chilkat River and long. 135° 57′ W. Named after Raymond L. Ross, United States section, International Boundary Commission.

Razboinski: settlement: on the lower Yukon, lat. 62° N., long. 162° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Rabonisky, Rasboinsky, Rasbonisky, Razboiniksky, nor Razboinsky.)

Razor: creek, Yellowstone County, Montana, rises in sec. 9, T. 5 N., R. 27 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows south to Yellowstone River in sec. 31, T. 3 N., R. 27 E.

Razor-edge: mountain, altitude 8,600 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 34′ N., long. 113° 31′ W.

Read: see Reeds, creek, Md.

Reading: city, Berkshire, England, 30 mi. w. of London; 51° 26′ N., 1° W.

Reading: city, in Berks Co., Pennsylvania, on the Schuylkill River, near lat. 40° 20′ N., long. 75° 55′ W. Population in 1930, 110,289. (Pronounced, rĕd′-ĭng.)

Reads: township, Wabasha County, Minn. (Not Read's Landing, nor Reed's.)

Reads: see Reed, village, Ky.

***Reads Landing:** village, Wabasha County, Minn. (Not Read's Landing.)

Reagan: see Ragan: Regan, railroad station, Minn.

Real Cay: see Cayo Real.

Reams: see Reems, creek, N. C.

Recapture: creek, heading just west of South Mountain, and flowing south to San Juan River, San Juan County, Utah.

Recht: see Resht.

***Recife (Pernambuco):** pr. reh-sēf′eh (pehr-näm-bo͞o′kō); seaport city, n. e. Brazil; 8° 8′ S., 34° 47′ W.

Recklinghausen: city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 36′ N., 7° 11′ E.

Reconnaissance: peak, Plumas County, Calif., in sec. 4, T. 23 N., R. 15 E., Mount Diablo meridian, about 2 miles northeast of Sugar Loaf Peak, Plumas National Forest. First named around 1912.

Recovery: see Fort Recovery.

Red: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 111° 56′ W., drains north into the Colorado River.

Red: creek, Fremont and Pueblo Counties, Colo. (Not Bed.)

Red: creek, tributary to Green River from east, sec. 26, T. 38 N., R. 110 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Red: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., flowing south into Snake River. Takes name from near-by mountains.

Red: glacier, southeastern Alaska, 7 miles northwest of Hyder, head of Portland Canal, draining to south bank of Thumb Creek, near lat. 55° 58′ N., long. 130° 10′ W. So named in reference to the red bowlders of which its moraine is composed.

Red: group of hills, Nushagak region, Alaska, between the head of Nuyakuk and Chauekuktuli lakes, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 159° 00′ W. The top of the ridges in this group of hills appeared to the members of the 1931 Geological Survey party as red in the sunlight.

Red: group of mountains, elevation at highest point over 10,000 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 110° 33′ W. These mountains are red in color. (Not Red Mountain Range.)

Red: hill, T. 38 N., R. 109 W., Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Gypsum.)

Red: lake, on southeastern shore of Red Bay, north end Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Red: mountain, altitude 3,600 feet, about 8 miles southeast of Seldovia, lat. 59° 21′.5 N., long. 151° 29′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Red: mountain, altitude 7,403 feet, Plumas County, Calif., in sec. 34, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Red: mountain, altitude 9,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 32′ N., long. 113° 26′ W. Descriptive name

Red: river, rising in Curry Co., New Mexico, near lat. 34° 50′ N., long. 103° 12′ W., flows E. and SE. across the Texas "panhandle," forms the boundary between Oklahoma and Texas east of the 100th Meridian, crosses the SW. corner of Arkansas, and the State of Louisiana, entering the Mississippi River near lat. 31° 00′ N., long. 91° 40′ W.

Red: river, United States and Canada, forming the boundary between Minnesota and North Dakota north of the junction of Bois de Sioux and Otter Tail Rivers at Wahpeton, and emptying into Lake Winnepeg in Manitoba, Canada. (Not Red River of the North.)

Red: rock, Captain Island Harbor, Long Island Sound, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Finch's Island nor Tweed's.)

Red: see Papago, buttes, Ariz.

Red: see Redcloud, Colo.

Red: see Otter Tail, river, Minn.

Redbank: township, Armstrong County, Pa. (Not Red Bank.)

Redbank: township, Clarion County, Pa. (Not Red Bank.)

Red Bay: mountain, altitude 3,020 feet, northern part of Prince of Wales Island, lat. 56° 13′ N., long. 133° 22′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not False Mount Calder.)

Red Bluff: city, Tehama County, Calif. (Not Redbluff.)

Red Buttes: district and village, Albany County, Wyo. (Not Leah.)

Red Cedar: see Cedar, river, Iowa-Minn.

Red Cinder Cone: peak, altitude 7,969 feet, Lassen County, Calif., 2½ miles southeast of Snag Lake, in sec. 36, T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Red Cloud: city and precinct, Webster County, Nebr. (Not Redcloud.)

Redcloud: peak, Hinsdale County, Colo., near lat. 38° 00′ N., long. 107° 20′ W. (Not Red.)

Redcloud: see Red Cloud.

Red Cross: town, Jackson Township, Northumberland County, Pa. (Not Mahanoy.) Change of name from Mahanoy was effected about 1912. Name approved by Pennsylvania Geographic Board.

Red Crow: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 24′ N., long. 113° 21′ W.

Reddens: run, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Bedding.)

Reddicksville: see Riddicksville.

Reddie Point: post light, St. Johns River, below Jacksonville, Duval County, Fla. (Not Reddie's.)

Redding: village, Ringgold County, Iowa. (Not New Redding.)

Red Eagle: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in Red Eagle Glacier, near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 37′ W., flowing northeast into St. Mary Lake.

Red Eagle: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 37′ W., on north and east slopes of Mount Logan and Continental Divide.

Red Eagle: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 31′ W., traversed by Red Eagle Creek.

Red Eagle: mountain, altitude 8,800 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 33′ W.

Red Eagle: pass, 6,800 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier counties, Mont., across Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 36′ W.

Redehook: see Redhook.

Redeye: river, rising in Becker County, flowing through Otter Tail County, tributary to Leaf River in sec. 11, T. 134 N., R. 33 W., Wadena County, Minn. (Not Red Eye.)

Redfish: bay, indenting southern coast Mississippi River delta between Balize Bayou and Southeast Pass, Plaquemines Parish, La.

Redfish: creek, inlet to and outlet of Redfish Lakes, Custer County, Idaho.

Redgap: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising west entrance to Redgap Pass, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 41′ W., flowing northwest into Elizabeth Lake.

Redgap: pass, 7,600 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., over Ptarmigan Wall, South Fork of Kennedy Creek to South Fork Belly River, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 41′ W.

Red Hill: pass, where the power-transmission line diverges from Apache Trail, 30 miles east of Roosevelt Dam, Gila County, Ariz.

Red Hill: see Beartooth, mountain, Colo.

Red Hill: see Ralston Buttes, Colo.

Redhook: hill, altitude 295 feet, 200 meters back of shore, overlooking Redhook Point, near eastern end St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Cap Rouge, Redehook, Rodhock-Pent, nor Roode-Hoek.)

Redhook: see Vessup.

Redhouse: hamlet in Garrett County, Md. (Not Red House.)

Red Kaweah: a peak, altitude 13,754 feet, Tulare County, Calif., on west slope Sierra Nevada, the middle of the 3 Kaweah Peaks, near lat. 36° 32′ N., long. 118° 30′.

Redkey: village, Jay County, Ind. (Not Red Key.)

Red Landing: post light, Mississippi River, Calhoun County, Ill. (Not Red's Landing.)

Redlands: canyon, Inyo County, Calif., about five miles long, leading west to Panamint Valley, centering in lat. 35° 56′.5 N., long. 117° 09′ W., with mouth directly opposite Slate Range Pass, in unsurveyed T. 23 S., R. 45 E., Mount Diablo meridian.

Red Meadow: creek, rising in southern part T. 35 N., R. 23 W., flowing northeast and east and emptying into Flathead River in sec. 8, T. 35 N., R. 21 W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not Sannah.)

Red Mountain Range: see Red, mountains, Wyo.

***Redoubt:** lake, 8 miles long, head of Redoubt Bay, western part of Baranof Island, lat. 56° 53′ N., long. 135° 15′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Deep.)

Redoubt: volcano, west side of Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Burnt.)

Red Owl: creek, from source in T. 9 N., R. 12 E., to junction with Sulphur Creek, Meade County, S. Dak. (Not Owl Feather nor White Owl.)

Red Owl: see White Owl, creek, S. Dak.

Red Plume: mountain, lat. 48° 09′ N., long. 113° 18′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Red Poacher: creek, Teton County, Mont., in T. 29 N., R. 12 W., Lewis and Clark National Forest. Name formerly that of creek directly east, which runs dry annually.

Red Poacher: see Dry, creek, Mont.

Red Raven: creek, T. 44 N., R. 4 E., rising in Crow Lake and tributary from south to Outlaw Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Red River of the North: see Otter Tail, river, Minn.

Red River of the North: see Red, river, Minn.-N. Dak.

Redrock: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 44′ W., approximately, on Swiftcurrent Creek, about 3 miles above Many Glacier Hotel. (Not Swiftcurrent.)

Redrock: valley, between Carrizo and Lukachukai Mountains, Apache County, Ariz.

Red Rocks: see Bunker Head.

Red Spring: point, entrance to Hempstead Bay, Long Island, Nassau County, N. Y. (Not Red Springs nor Redspring.)

Red Spur: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 13, T. 16 S., R. 32 E., flowing southeast into Kern River in lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 118° 24′ W., Sequoia National Park.

Redwall: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 17′ N., long. 112° 19′ W.

Redwater: creek, rises in T. 15 N., R. 46 E., Montana meridian, Prairie County, Mont., and flows in a general northeasterly direction through McCone County, and thence north through Dawson and Richland counties to its confluence with the Missouri River in SW. ¼ sec. 25, T. 27 N., R. 50 E., 3 miles south of Poplar, Mont. (Not Red Water River.)

Red Water River: see Redwater, creek, Mont.

Redwood: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 10, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Redwood: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 17, 18, 19, and 20, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park. Named by William B. Wallace party in 1887

Redwood City: town, San Mateo County, Calif.

Reed: creek, T. 25 S., R. 70 W., tributary to Williams Creek from northwest, San Isabel National Forest, Huerfano County, Colo. (Not Cottonwood.)

Reed: railroad station, Northumberland County, Pa. (Not Crowl.)

Reed: village, Henderson County, Ky. (Not Reads.)

Reed: see Kallarichuk.

Reed: see Reeds, creek, W. Va.

Reeder Point: post light, Sauvie Island, Columbia River, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Reeder's Point.)

Reed Landing: post light, Ohio River, Greenup County, Ky. (Not Reed's Landing.)

Reeds: creek, Pendleton County, W. Va., rising near lat. 38° 42′ N., long. 79° 23′ W., flows northeast into South Branch of Potomac River. (Not Breds nor Reed.)

Reeds: creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Read.)

Reed's: see Reads, township, Minn.

Reed's: see Little Nesenkeag, brook, N. H.

Reeds: see Green, lake, Me.

Reed's Grove: see Reids Grove.

Reed's Landing: see Reed Landing.

Reef: island, 1 mile long, close to west side Bligh Island, lat. 60° 50′ .6 N., long. 146° 50′ .3 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Seal.)

Reef: ridge, spur of Diablo Range, between Jasper Canyon and McLure Valley, Fresno and Kings counties, Calif.

Reef Heads: see Crespos Heads.

Reef Point: see Mosman, point, Alaska.

***Reems:** creek, Buncombe County, N. C. (Not Reams, Reem, nor Rims.)

Reese: railroad station, Etowah County, Ala. (Not Reese's nor Reeseville.)

Reese's: see Reese Tannery.

Reeseville: see Reese.

Rees Tannery: village, Mineral County, W. Va. (Not Reese's.)

Reflection: lake, southeastern Alaska, on the mainland about 2 miles north of the head of Short Bay, near lat. 56° N., long. 131° 30′ W.

Reflection: lake, Shasta County, Calif., just north of Manzanita Lake, in sec. 18, T. 31 N., R. 4 W.

Reflection: lakes, in saddle north of Tatoosh Range, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash. (Not Reflexion.)

Regan: railroad station, Burnsville Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Reagan.)

***Regensburg:** pr. rā′gens-bo͝orkh; city, Bavaria, s. Germany; Fr. Ratisbonne; 49° 2′ N., 12° 5′ E. Not Ratisbon.

Reggio Calabria: prov. and seaport, on Strait of Messina, s. Italy; also written Reggio di Calabria; 38° 6′ N., 15° 39′ E.

Reggio Emilia: prov. and city, n. Italy; also written Reggio nell' Emilia; 44° 43′ N., 10° 36′ E.

Regina: capital of Saskatchewan, Canada; 50° 30′ N., 104° 40′ W.

Regis: see Barents.

Reichenberg: see Liberec.

Reid: gap, Blount County, Ala. (Not Reid's nor Reids.)

Reid: mountain (Mount Reid), altitude 4,555 feet, Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 42′ 30″ N., long. 131° 14′ 30″ W. Named in honor of the late Thomas George Reid, who was chief aviation pilot of the first Navy Aerial Survey Expedition to Alaska in 1926.

Reid Gap: railroad station, Blount County, Ala. (Not Reid nor Willow.)

Reids Grove: village, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Reed's Grove, Reeds Grove, Reedsgrove, nor Reid's Grove.)

Reilly's: see Higbee, canyon, Colo.

Reilly's: see Riley, peak, Colo.

Reily: township and village, Butler County, Ohio. (Not Riley.)

Reimersburg: see Rimersburg.

Reims: pr., Fr. rănS, Eng. rēms; city, dept. of Marne, n. e. France; 49° 15′ N., 4° E. (Not Rheims.)

Reindeer: see Klondike.

Reinness: Reinses: Reinse's: see Indian, creek, Tenn.

Reinstein: peak, Fresno County, Calif.

Reith: see Rieth, village, Oreg.

Relay: creek, San Juan County, Colo.

Rembert: see Drayton.

Remedio: barrio, Sulat Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Del Remedio.)

Remscheid: pr. rem′shīt; city, 20 mi. n. e. of Köln, Rheinprovinz, w. Germany; 51° 13′ N., 7° 10′ E.

Renard: island, about 3 miles long, east side of Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 149° 20′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Fox nor Lowell.)

Rendu: glacier, flowing into head of Rendu Inlet, near lat. 59° 02′ N., long. 136° 44′ W., Glacier Bay, southeastern Alaska. (Not Charpentier.)

Rennes: pr. rĕn; city, e. Brittany, n. w. France; 48° 5′ N., 1° 40′ W.

Reno: see Rhine.

Reno: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in sec. 5, T. 5 S., R. 37 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Little Horn River in sec. 10, T. 4 S., R. 35 E. Named for Major Reno, who served under General Custer.

Reno Creek: see North Fork, Reno, creek, Mont.

Reppert: bar, Ohio River, 5 miles below Marietta, Ohio. (Not Reppert's.)

Republic: peak, Yellowstone National Park, new eastern boundary, near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 109° 57′ W.

República Dominicana: see Dominican Republic.

Republican: river, in Nebraska and Kansas, formed by the junction of its South Fork and the Arikaree River in sec. 17, T. 1 N., R. 37 W., of 6th P. M., Nebraska, flowing thence easterly, entering Kansas near long. 98° 00′ W., thence southeasterly, joining the Smoky Hill River to form the Kansas River at Junction City, near lat. 39° 02′ N., long. 96° 50′ W. (Pronounced rē-pŭb′-lĭ-kăn.)

***Republican City:** township and village, Harlan County, Nebr. (Not Republican.)

République Dominicaine: see Dominican Republic.

Resaca: point, bluff north end of 600-yard projection, east of Playa Resaca on north shore, forming high peninsula ¾ mile north of Mount Resaca, Culebra Island, P. R.

Rescht: see Resht.

Rescue: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 59′ N., long. 110° 38′ W., on east slope of Mount Everts, flowing east into Blacktail Deer Creek.

Reseau: bay, southwestern shore Magens Bay, 1,640 meters southeast of Tropaco Point, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Larkenlund nor Seine.)

Reservation: peak, altitude 10,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 02′ W.

Reservation: point, south end of east jetty, San Pedro, Los Angeles, city, Calif. (Not Deadman Island, nor Deadmans Island.)

Reservoir: mountain, T. 6 S., R. 41 E., west of Blackfoot River Reservoir, Caribou County, Idaho.

Reservoir: see Yokum.

Resht: seaport on the Caspian, n. w. Persia; Fr. Recht; Ger. Rescht; 37° 25′ N., 49° 45′ E.

Resolution: island, east of Dark Harbor, Isleboro, East Penobscot Bay, Hancock County, Me. (Not Mark.)

Resource: town, Screven County, Ga. (Not Resourse.)

Resting Spring: see Kingston.

Resuello: rock (awash at high water), about one-fourth of a mile off town of Arecibo (shallow water between), P. R. (Not Point Resuella.)

Resuello: shoals, western coast, off entrance to Boqueron Bay, P. R.

Resurrection: peninsula, about 13 miles long, between Resurrection Bay and Day Harbor, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 59′ N., long. 149° 16′ W.

Resurrection: see Picabo, hills, Idaho.

Retalhuleu: pr. rā-täl-o͞o-lā′o͞o; dept. and city, Guatemala; 14° 31′ N., 91° 42′ W.

Retreat: lake, in sec. 32, T. 22 N., R. 7 E., King County, Wash., near lat. 47° 21′ N., long. 121° 56′ W. (Not Fish nor No. 32.)

Return: islands, Arctic Coast, east of mouth of Colville River, near long. 148° 35′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Return Reef.)

Return: see Povorotni, island, Alaska.

Return Creek: see North Fork, Tuolumne.

Return Reef: see Return, islands.

***Réunion:** island, e. of Madagascar; a Fr. colony; 21° S., 55° 30′ E.

Reuter: peak, altitude 8,700 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 55′ N., long. 114° 12′ W.

Reval: Revel: see Tallinn.

Reventazón: pr. reh-vehn-tä-zōn′; river, Costa Rica.

Reverton: see Riverton.

Revillagigedo: channel, south of Revillagigedo Island, between Annette, Mary, and Duke Islands, and the mainland, lat. 54° 56′ N., long. 131° 08′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Revilla Gigedo.)

Revillagigedo: island, 45 miles long, 25 miles wide, lat. 55° 35′ N., long. 131° 20′ W., Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Revilla Gigede.)

Reward: peak, altitude, 10,115 feet, Boise-Custer County line, Idaho, near lat. 44° 02′ 07″.4 N., long. 115° 02′ 45″.5 W. Forest officers found paper on this peak stating: "$25.00 reward for the return of this paper."

Reykjavik: pr. rā′kya-vēk; capital of Iceland; 64° N., 22° W.

Reynales Basin: village, Niagara County, N. Y. (Not Reynale's Basin.)

***Reynard:** creek, northwestern Alaska, on south bank upper Colville River, near lat. 69° N., long. 159° 45′ W.

Reynolds: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 44′ W., on east slope of Clements Mountain, flowing southeast into St. Mary River.

Reynolds: mountain, altitude 9,147 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 41′ N., long. 113° 44′ W., on county boundary and Continental Divide.

Reynolds: peak, altitude 9,200 feet high, Alpine County, Calif., Mono National Forest, in sec. 12, T. 8 N., R. 19 E., M. D. M., near lat. 38° 35′ N., long. 119° 51′ W. So named after G. Elmer Reynolds, of Stockton, one of California's leading conservationists and for many years managing editor of the "Stockton Record."

Reynoldsville: Reynoldsville Station: see Holmes, railroad station, N. Y.

Rezaieh: town, n. w. Persia; off. Rezaieh; formerly Urmia; 37° 35′ N., 45° 5′ E.

Rheas Mill: township, Washington County, Ark. (Not Rhea Mills.)

Rheatown: town, Greene County, Tenn. (Not Rhettown.)

Rheims: see Reims.

Rhein: see Rhine.

Rheinland: see Rheinprovinz.

Rheinpfalz (Palatinate): district, Bavaria, s. w. Germany; also called Pfalz; Fr. Palatinat. The Rheinpfalz includes ter. now comprising part of the Saar Basin Territory, q. v.

Rheinprovinz (Rhine Province): pr. rīn′pro-fints; also called Rheinland; prov., Prussia, w. Germany; part of the ter. now comprises part of the Saar Basin Territory (q. v.); formerly included small territory now comprising part of Belgium.

Rhett: see Tule.

Rhettown: see Rheatown.

Rheydt: see Gladbach-Rheydt.

Rhin: see Rhine.

Rhine: river, Switzerland to the North Sea, w. Europe; Dutch, Rijn; Fr. Rhin; Ger. Rhein; Ital. Reno.

Rhine Province: see Rheinprovinz.

Rhode: see Rohde.

Rhode Island and Providence Plantations: state. This is the legal name for the sovereign State but is used only in such legal papers as require its use to make them correct as to form. Common usage, official, and otherwise, both by the State and the Federal Government is confined to Rhode Island. This form is recommended for Government use in accord with general practice.

Rhodes: see Rodi.

Rhodesia: Br. colony (S. Rhodesia) and protectorate (N. Rhodesia), s. e. Africa.

Rhodope: mt. range, Bulgaria and Greece, separating Thrace from Macedonia; Bulg. Despoto Dagh;† Gr. Rodope Oros;† Turk. Dospad Dagh.†

Rhome: village, Wise County, Tex. (Not Rome.)

Rhondda: city, Glamorganshire, s. Wales; 51° 39′ N., 3° 29′ W.

Rhône (Rhone): pr. rōn; river, Switzerland and France to the Mediterranean, w. of Marseille; Fr. Rhône.

Ribault: river, Duval County, Fla., rising in sec. 35, T. 1 S., R. 25 E., flowing northeast to Trout River in sec. 23, T. 1 S., R. 26 E. (Not Ribaut nor Sixmile Creek.) Name adopted by the commissioners of Duval County, April 1, 1926.

***Ribault:** bay (anchorage), Duval County, Fla., in mouth of St. Johns River, on the right bank, just below Mayport. So named in memory of Capt. Jean Ribault, commander of the French expedition which landed in this vicinity in 1562. (Not Ribaut.)

Ribaut: see Ribault, river and bay, Fla.

Ribbon: cascades, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 46′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., on unnamed creek flowing into Jenny Lake of the park map. This cascade is about midway between Arrowhead Pool and Jenny Lake.

Ribbon: falls, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in Bright Angel Canyon, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 03′ W.

Ribbon Meadow: swamp or marsh on a tributary of Ribbon Creek, north side of Yosemite Valley, Mariposa County, Calif.

Ribeirão Preto: pr. rē-bā-rôn′ preh′tō; town, Brazil, in state of São Paulo; 21° 18′ S., 47° 45′ W.

Ribeyre: island, Wabash River, Posey County, Ind. (Not Cut-off.)

Rice: creek, tributary to Missouri River from northwest, Morton County, N. Dak. (Not Alice nor Long Knife.)

Rice: creek, Plumas County, Calif., rising in northwest corner of the county and flowing southwest to Warner Creek.

Rice: mountain, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Bald nor Rice's.)

Rice: point, Hancock County, Me., on south side Great Cranberry Island, near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 68° 16′ W. A pioneer, W. R. Rice, formerly lived on this island. (Not Race.)

Rice: see Minnewawa, lake, Minn.

Rice Fork: river, rising in T. 16 N., R. 8 W., tributary to Eel River just below Hullville, Lake County, Calif. (Not Rice Fork of Eel.)

Rice Fork of Eel: see Rice Fork.

Rice's: see Rice, mountain, N. Y.

Rich: passage, entrance to Port Orchard from Puget Sound, south of Bainbridge Island, Kitsap County, Wash. (Not Rich's.)

Rich: see Grove, neck, Md.

Rich: see Richs.

Richardson Landing: post light and town, Ohio River, Meade County, Ky. (Not Richardson's Landing.)

Richelieu: town, Logan County, Ky. (Not Rich Lieu.)

Riches Corners: see Richs Corners.

Richfield: railroad station, Sarpy County, Nebr. (Not Richland.)

Rich Lieu: see Richelieu.

Richmond: capital of Virginia, in Henrico Co., on the James River, near lat. 37° 32′ N., long. 77° 26′ W. Population in 1930, 182,883. (Pronounced, rĭtch′-mŭnd.)

Rich's: see Rich.

Rich's: see Ricks.

Richs: see Simmons, island, Calif.

Richs Corners: village, Orleans County, N. Y. (Not Riches Corners nor Rich's Corners.)

Richwood: railroad station, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Five Points.)

Richwoods: township, Peoria County, Ill. (Not Richwood.)

Rickreall: creek, rising on eastern slope Coast Range, Polk County, Oreg., and flowing into Willamette River, near Eola, Oreg. (Not La Creole River nor Rickreal.)

Ricks: point, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Rich, Rich's, nor Rick's.)

Ricksecker: point, between Nisqually and Paradise Rivers, on road to Paradise Valley, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Rico: mountains, Pierce, Dolores, and San Juan Counties, Colo.

Riddicksville: town, Hertford County, N. C. (Not Reddicksville.)

Riddle: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., about 2½ miles south of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake. Named by R. Hering, topographer of Hayden survey, 1872.

Riddle: town, Douglas County, Oreg., in T. 30 S., R. 6 W., Willamette meridian. (Not Riddles.)

Ridge: lakes (two), Shasta County, Calif., about 1 mile northeast of Brokeoff Mountain, in sec. 16, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Ridgebury: township and village, Bradford County, Pa. (Not Ridgbury.)

Ridgeley: town, on south bank of Potomac River, in Mineral County, W. Va. (Not Ridgely nor Ridgley.)

Ridgely: township, Nicollet County, Minn. (Not Ridgley.)

Ridgway: precinct and village, Gallatin County, Ill. (Not Ridgeway.)

Rieth: village, Umatilla County, Oreg. (Not Reith.)

Rīga (Riga): capital of Latvia, and seaport, on Gulf of Riga; 56° 55′ N., 24° 15′ E.

Riggs: peak, altitude 11,783 feet, Natazhat Range, Alaska, 1 mile west of International Boundary, lat. 61° 30′.6 N., long. 141° 02′ W.

Right Arm: indentation, eastern side of Iniskin Bay, near lat. 59° 42′ N., southwestern coast of Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Right Fork: see Browns, creek, Mont.

Righthand: see Newfound, gap, N. C. and Tenn.

Rigolets: passage, between Lakes Borgne and Pontchartrain, La. (Not Bayou Rigolettes.)

Rijn: see Rhine.

Rikers: island, East River, N. Y. (Not Riker's.)

Riks: see David.

Riley: landing, Mississippi River, Lake County, Tenn. (Not Riley's.)

Riley: peak, lat. 39° 29′ N., long. 105° 16′ W., Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Brilby nor Reilly's.)

Riley: town and township, Vigo County, Ind. (Not Ripley.)

Riley: see Reily.

Rileys: see Greys, creek, Md.

Riley's: see Riley, landing, Tenn.

Rillito: creek, 4 miles north of Tucson, Pima County, Ariz. (Not Rita.)

Rimersburg: borough, Clarion County, Pa. (Not Reimersburg.)

Rims: see Reems.

Rinearson: point and slough, Columbia River, near Mayger, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Rinearson's.)

Ringer: mountain, lat. 48° 01′ N., long. 113° 08′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Ringingalook: see Pingaluk.

Rio Arenas: see Arena.

Riobamba: pr. rē-ō-bäm′bä; city, Ecuador; 1° 40′ S., 78° 45′ W.

Rio Blanco: Archuleta County, Colo., rises south of Summit Peak, in T. 36 N., R. 2 E., New Mexico meridian, flows southwest and tributary to San Juan River, in T. 33 N., R. 2 W., San Juan National Forest. "Blanco Creek" appears on map of Wheeler Survey, 1874. (Not Rio Blanca nor White.)

Rio Bravo: see Rio Grande.

Rio Bravo del Norte: see Rio Grande.

Rio Chaco: see Chaco.

Rio Contrario: see Crystal.

Rio de Arenas: stream, heading in T. 17 S., R. 13 W., flowing through Ts. 17, 18, and 19 S., R 13 W., and emptying into Silver City Draw in T. 19 S., R. 13 W., Grant County, N. Mex. (Not Whiskey Creek.)

Rio de Janeiro: pr. rē'ō deh zhänā'ro; state, capital, and seaport, Brazil; city; 22° 54′ S., 43° 8′ W.

Rio de Jemes: see Jemez, stream, N. Mex.

Rio de la Plata: see Guaynabo, river, P. R.

Rio de la Plata: see Plata.

Rio de las Animas: see Animas.

Rio de los Pinos: see Los Pinos.

Rio Escondido: see Escondido.

Rio Florida: see Florida River.

Rio Grande: pr. rē-ō grän'deh; river, U. S., and U. S.-Mexico bdy. to the Gulf of Mexico; Mex. name, Rio Bravo, or Rio Bravo del Norte. Not Rio Grande River.

Rio Grande: seaport, in state of Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil; 32° 3′ S., 52° 15′ W.

Rio Grande do Norte: pr. rē-ō grän'de do nôr'te; state, n. e. Brazil.

Rio Grande do Sul: pr. rē'ō grän'de dō-sōōl'; state, s. Brazil.

Rio Grande Pyramid: peak, Hinsdale County, Colo., in San Juan Mountains, near lat. 37° 42′ N., long. 107° 28′ W. (Not Simpson.)

Rio Grande River: see Rio Grande.

Rio Jamez: see Jemez, stream, N. Mex.

Rio Jemez: see Jemez, stream, N. Mex.

Rio la Plata: see La Plata, river, Colo.-N. Mex.

Rio Las Animas: see Animas.

Rio Matasmillo: river, southern coast Canal Zone. (Not Rio Matisnilla.)

Río Negro: pr. rē'o neh'grō; prov. and river, s. Argentina; 39° 20′ S., 67° 30′ W.

Rio Negro: river, Brazil. Not Rio Negro River.

Río Negro: river, dept., and city, Uruguay; 32° 50′ S., 57° 30′ W.

Rio Pedra: Rio Piedra: see Piedra, river, Colo.

Ripley: district, and town, Jackson County, W. Va. (Not Ripley's.)

Ripley: see Riley, township, Ind.

Ripon: glacier, Blackstone Bay, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 42′ N., long. 148° 36′ W. Named for Ripon College, Ripon, Wis.

Ripple: cove, one-half of a mile wide and 1 mile long, on east side of Granite Passage, southeast of Harris Bay, Kenai Peninsula, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 149° 48′ W. So named and Geodetic Survey field party, 1928, on account of comparative smoothness of water.

Rippowam: river, Stamford Town, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Mill nor Rippowan.)

Rip-Raps: see Fort Wool.

Rise of Crab Creek: see Rocky Ford.

Rising Wolf: mountain, altitude 9,505 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 24′ W. Named for prominent chief of Blackfoot Indians.

Rist: canyon, T. 8 N., R. 70 W., Larimer County, Colo. (Not Wrist.)

Rita: see Rillito.

Rito Arena: see Arena, creek, Colo.

Rito Oso: creek, T. 27 S., R. 72 W., San Isabel National Forest, Huerfano County, Colo. (Not Bear.)

Ritter: point, on west side Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, 2 miles north of Port Bazan, near lat. 54° 51′ N., long. 133° 02′ W. So named in honor of the late Homer P. Ritter, engineer, Coast and Geodetic Survey.

River: bay, Nushagak region southwestern Alaska, at the eastern end of the lower arm of Lake Nerka and drained by Agulowak River, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 158° 45′ W.

River: shoal, off Point Fajardo and Fajardo River, P. R. (Not Bajo del Rio.)

Rivera: pr. rē-veh′rä; dept. and city, Uruguay; 30° 53′ S., 55° 46′ W.

River aux Ecorces: see Ecorse.

River Group: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near north end of Lower Geyser Basin.

Rivers: landing, Mississippi River, Concordia Parish, La. (Not River's.)

Riverside: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., close to right bank of Firehole River, just above bridge on highway crossing, Upper Geyser Basin, near center, spouts obliquely across the river.

Riverton: township, Clay County, Minn. (Not Reverton.)

River Valley: canyon, Tulare County, Calif., in Ts. 15 and 16 S., R. 31 E., in upper reaches of Middle Fork of Kaweah River, Sequoia National Park.

Riverview: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 22′ N., long. 113° 38′ W.

Roan: mountain, Carter County, Tenn., and Mitchell County, N. C., near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 82° 08′ W. (Not Roane.)

Roanoke: river, from its source to its mouth in North Carolina and Virginia. (Not Roanoake nor Staunton.)

Roaring: cove, on east side of East Arm, Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 150° 26′ W.

Roaring: creek, small tributary to Schafer Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Roaring: mountain, altitude 8,000 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 44′ W. So named because of noise of steam escaping constantly from vents near the summit.

***Roaring**: springs, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., at the mouth of Roaring Springs Canyon, near Bright Angel Creek and lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 02′ W.

Roaring Fork: stream, branch of Cow Creek from the west, about 5 miles long, heading in Chasm Lake at northeast foot Longs Peak, Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo.

Roaring Fork: creek, Jackson County, Colo., rises in T. 8 N., R. 82 W., sixth principal meridian, flows east to join the North Platte River in sec. 12, T. 8 N., R. 81 W.

Roasting Ear: point, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Roasting Gar nor Rose Neck.)

Robard: see Robards.

***Robards**: district and town, Henderson County, Ky. (Not Robard.)

Robber: see Ladrones, islands, Alaska.

Robber: see Toti, island, Alaska.

Robbins: hill, 200 feet high, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, ½ mile west of town of Seal Cove, near lat. 44° 17′ N., long. 68° 25′ W. Family name. (Not Oak.)

Robbins: see Roberts, butte, Ariz.

Robbins: see Robins, creek and marsh, Md.

Robbins: see Picton, island, N. Y.

Robbins Reef: lighthouse, New York Harbor. (Not Robbin's Reef.)

Robert Barron: peak, altitude 3,450 feet, summit of Mansfield Peninsula, lat. 58° 13′.5 N., long. 134° 50′ W., Admiralty Island, southeastern Alaska. Named for Robert Barron, of the United States Aviation Service, who lost his life by drowning, in an attempt to rescue two comrades who had met with an accident in the Delaware River.

Roberts: butte, Maricopa County, Ariz., on south side of Gila River, in T. 1 S., R. 4 W., about 6 miles west of Buckeye. So named, 1885, for J. W. Roberts, a pioneer settler of the district. (Not Robbins.)

Roberts: railroad station, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Tilghman.)

Robert's: see Alki.

Robertsdale: village, Baldwin County, Ala., in sec. 6, T. 6 S., R. 4 E., on the railroad 5¼ miles south of Loxley. (Not Silver Hill.)

Robertson: river, Madison County, Va. (Not Robinson's.)

Robeson: see Robinson, township, Pa.

Robidoux: see Rubidoux.

Robin: run, tributary to Trout Creek, in sec. 35 T. 24 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Robinett: see Robinette.

Robinette: town, Baker County, Oreg. (Not Robinett.)

***Robins:** creek and marsh, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Robbins, Robin, nor Robin's.)

Robins: island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Robbins nor Robin's.)

Robins: point, end of Gunpowder Neck, Harford County, Md. (Not Robin's nor Robin.)

Robinson: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 111° 06′ W., flowing southwest into Henrys Fork.

Robinson: lake, Iron County, Mich., in sec. 27, T. 46 N., R. 37 W., Michigan meridian. (Not Lake 27.) The new name, given in honor of a Civil War veteran, was requested by the settlers in this vicinity, and approved by the Michigan State Geographic Board.

Robinson: mountain of volcanic origin with crater (Robinson Crater), Coconino County, Ariz., near the center of sec. 9, T. 23 N., R. 8 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, about a half mile southwest of O'Leary Peak, Coconino National Forest. Named in honor of Henry H. Robinson, 1873–1925, of the United States Geological Survey, whose book, San Franciscan Volcanic Field, is one of the leading sources of information regarding craters in this section.

Robinson: township, Washington County, Pa. (Not Robeson.)

Robinson: see Acadia, mountain, Me.

Robinson Point: post light, Maury Island, Puget Sound, 9 miles north of Tacoma, Wash. (Not Robinson's Point.)

Robinson's: see Robertson, river, Va.

Robson: post light, Mississippi River, Coahoma County, Miss. (Not Robson's.)

Rocas Alcatraz: see Alcatraz.

Rocha: pr. ro′chä; dept. and city, Uruguay; 34° 30′ S., 54° 18′ W.

Rochdale: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 37′ N., 2° 9′ W.

Rochester: city, in Monroe Co., N. Y., on the Genesee River, near lat. 43° 09′ N., long. 77° 36′ W. Population in 1930, 325,019. (Pronounced, rŏch′-ĕs-tĕr.)

Rochester: harbor, Monroe County, N. Y., in mouth of Genesee River, at village of Charlotte, city of Rochester. (Not Charlotte.)

Rociada: point, 500 yards east of northwest point of Luispena Cay, Culebra Group, P. R.

Rock: creek, Alaska, crossing Richardson Highway from the west, at approx. lat. 61° 45′ 30″ N., long. 145° 10′ W., about 5 miles south of Willow Creek Road Fork and flowing into Willow Creek about 4 miles east of the highway. This is a well-known local name.

Rock: creek, tributary to Seventymile Creek from south about 10 miles from its mouth, near lat. 64° 54′ N., Alaska. (Not Little Blanche.)

Rock: creek, Coconino and Navajo Counties, Ariz., rises in Tonto National Forest, in T. 9 N., R. 15 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, and empties into Canyon Creek, Fort Apache Indian Reservation.

Rock: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in lat. 36° 32′ N., long. 118° 18′ W., flowing east, southeast, and southwest into Kern River 2½ miles north of mouth of Big Arroyo, Sequoia National Park.

Rock: creek, Carbon County, Mont., heads in the southwestern portion of T. 9 S., R. 18 E., Montana principal meridian, and empties into Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River, near the northeast corner of T. 4 S., R. 23 E., Montana principal meridian. Name established by long usage.

Rock: creek, Musselshell County, Mont.

Rock: creek, emptying into Muir Creek, from the west, Douglas County, Oreg.

Rock: creek, Washington County, Oreg., crossing Southern Pacific Railroad 2½ miles southeast of Hillsboro and tributary on north bank Tualatin River. (Not Dawson, from forks just south of Orenco to mouth.)

Rock: lake, T. 163 N., R. 66 W., Towner County, N. Dak. (Not Lac des Roches.)

Rock: mountain, southern side of western end Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 12′.7 N., long. 151° 38′.8 W., Alaska.

Rock: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on north shore of entrance to West Thumb, Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 34° 29′ N., long. 110° 25′ W.

Rock: river, Alger County, Mich. (Not Laughing Fish.)

Rock: river, in Wisconsin and Illinois, formed by the junction of its East and West Branches in T. 12 N., R. 15 E., of 4th P. M., Wisconsin, flowing southerly into Illinois and thence southwest into the Mississippi River near Rock Island. (Pronounced rŏk.)

Rock: see Quartz, bay, Alaska.

Rock: see Bear, island, Fla.

Rock: see St. Peter, creek and flat, Wash.

Rock: see Towhead, island, Wash.

Rock: see Gilbert, creek, Wyo.

Rockawalking: creek and village, Wicomico County, Md. (Not Rock-a-Walkin.)

Rock Cave: town, Upshur County, W. Va. (Not Centerville.)

Rockdale: creek, flowing over the western portal of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway tunnel, joining the South Fork Snoqualmie River next below Hyak Creek, King County, Wash.

Rockdale: lake, on Rockdale Creek half a mile below Surveyors Lake, King County, Wash.

Rocker: creek, tributary to Ptarmigan Creek, Alaska, near International Boundary, lat. 61° 54′.7 N., long. 141° 04′ W.

***Rock Hall:** creek, landing, precinct, and town, Kent County, Md. (Not Rockhall.)

Rockhampton: coastal city, e. cen. Queensland, Australia; 23° 20′ S., 150° 30′ E.

Rock Hill: city, York County, S. C. (Not Rockhill.)

Rockhill: formerly a township, Bucks County, Pa. (Not Rock Hill.) Since 1880 divided into East Rockhill and West Rockhill.

Rockhill: see Rock Hill, city, S. C.

Rock Horse: see Rock House, creek, Ariz.

Rock House: creek, Coconino and Gila Counties, Ariz., rises in Tonto National Forest, about 1 mile southeast of Castle Peak, in unsurveyed T. 7 N., R. 15 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, flows into Canyon Creek in the Fort Apache Indian Reservation, in T. 6 N., R. 16 E. (Not Rock Horse nor Rock Tank.)

Rock Island: see Cypress, rock, Wash.

Rock Islets: see The Triplets.

Rockmart: militia district and city, Polk County, Ga. (Not Rock Mart.)

Rockslide: lake, Tulare County, Calif., on east boundary, sec. 36, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Rockslides: slope, forming a portion of the north side of Yosemite Valley, Mariposa County, Calif.

Rocksprings: railroad station, Marion County, Fla. (Not Piedmont nor Rock Springs.)

***Rocks Village:** village, in the city of Haverhill, near the easternmost point of the city boundary, Essex County, Mass. (Not Rock Village nor Rocksville.)

Rock Tank: see Rock House, creek, Ariz.

Rock Village: see Rocks Village.

Rockville: see Fort Hunter.

Rockwell: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 24′ W., on Paradise Creek, and about 1 mile south of Two Medicine Lake.

Rockwell: mount (Mount Rockwell), 9,250 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier and Flathead Counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 27′ W.

Rockwell: point, on west side Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, south side of Waterfall Bay, near lat. 54° 56′ N., long. 133° 08′ W. So named in honor of Kiffin Rockwell, aviator in the Lafayette Escadrille, World War, who was killed in action.

Rockwell: village, Norton County, Kans. (Not Rockwell City.)

Rocky: cove, indenting western shore Kamishak Bay, just north Tignagvik Point, lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 153° 44′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Rocky: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 25′ N., long. 110° 08′ W., flowing southwest into Beaverdam Creek.

Rocky: run, T. 43 N., R. 5 E., tributary to Little North Fork Clearwater River from southwest, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Alex, Moose, nor Stoney Creek.)

Rocky: see Inner, point, Alaska.

Rocky: see Piedras, island, Alaska.

Rocky: see Brooks, island, Calif.

Rocky: see Stoney, creek, Mont.

Rocky: see Nichols, point, N. Y.

Rocky: see Jennings, point, N. Y.

Rocky: see Blackhall, Wyo.

Rocky Ford: creek, joining western arm of Moses Lake, Grant County, Wash. (Not Middle Crab nor Rise of Crab Creek.)

Rocky Mount: city and townships in Edgecombe and Nash Counties, N. C. (Not Rockymount.)

Rocky Mountains: the ranges of Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico, and western Texas.

Rocky Neck: see Bush.

Rocquist: see Roquist.

Rodgers: mountain, altitude 3,012 feet, east of Big Lagoon, secs. 23–24, T. 9 N., R. 1 E., Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Thornbury nor Trinity.)

Rodgers: point, Peril Strait, lat. 57° 35′ N., long. 135° 34′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Rogers.)

Rodgers: see Rogers, island, N. Y.

Rodgersville: see Rogersville.

Rodhock-Pent: see Redhook.

Rodi (Rhodes): Italian island, s. e. Aegean Sea; 36° N., 28° E.

Rodley: butte, altitude 6,838 feet, Douglas County, Oreg., in T. 27 S., R. 5 E., Umpqua National Forest. (Not Bald.) Named for Oscar Rodley, Forest Service fire guard, accidentally drowned in Diamond Lake.

Rodman: creek, Alaska, entering the head of Rodman Bay, Baranof Island, near lat. 57° 25′ N., long. 135° 25′ W., Tongass National Forest. Rodman Bay named by Commander Moon, United States Navy, 1895, after a member of his party, Lieut. Hugh Rodman, United States Navy.

Rodope Oros: see Rhodope.

Roeder: creek, tributary to Bear Creek, Clear Creek County, Colo. (Not South Fork Bear.)

Roeder: see Indian, creek, Colo.

Roeliff Jansen Kill: see Livingston, creek, N. Y.

Roes: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 36′ W., flowing southeast into St. Mary Lake.

Roes Basin: park, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 36′ W., at the head of Roes Creek.

Roger: see Rogers.

Rogers: creek, McMinn County, Tenn. (Not Roger.)

Rogers: island, 190 feet high, one of the Necker Islands, Sitka Sound, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 47′ N., long. 135° 28′ W.

Rogers: island, Hudson River, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Rodgers.)

Rogers: lake, Mendota Township, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Roger.)

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Rogers: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 55′ W. Named for an early settler whose ranch was 2 miles below.

Rogers: pass, over the hogback north of James Peak, Gilpin and Grand Counties, Colo.

Rogers: peak, altitude 13,330 feet, east line of T. 5 S., R. 74 W., 2½ miles northeast Evans Mountain, 8 miles southeast Georgetown, Clear Creek County, Colo.

Rogers: peak, altitude 7,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 56′ W. Named for early ranchman on Camas Creek about 3½ miles southwest.

Rogers: see Rodgers, point, Alaska.

Rogers: see Rollins, pass, Colo.

Rogers: see Elliott Knob, Va.

Rogersville: town, Lauderdale County, Ala. (Not Rodgersville.)

Rogersville: town, Hawkins County, Tenn. (Not Rodgersville.)

Rogue: river, rising on western slope Cascade Range near Crater Lake National Park, Klamath County, Oreg., flowing in a westerly direction through Douglas, Jackson, Josephine, and Curry Counties, to Pacific Ocean. (Not North Fork Rogue.)

Rogue: see Roque, island, Me.

Rohde: bank, 3 small coral heads, 2 fathoms deep, ¼ mile NNW. from Muhlenfels Point, St. Thomas Harbor entrance, Virgin Islands. (Not Banco de Rhode, Rhode, nor Rohdes Grund.)

Rohdes Grund: see Rohde.

Rohn: see Tatina.

Rolland: township, Isabella County, Mich. (Not Rowland.)

Roller: bay, west coast Noyes Island near lat. 55° 31′ N., southeastern Alaska.

Rollers Ridge: township, Benton County, Ark. (Not Roller Ridge.)

Rollingstone: township and village, Winona County, Minn. (Not Rolling Stone.)

Rolling Thunder: mountain, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 53′ N., long. 110° 49° W. Hearing thunder echoing among the crags is one of the most impressive experiences that come to the mountaineer in the Tetons. Appropriate name for this peak because of its location, back in a deep canyon.

Rollins: pass, Front Range (Continental Divide), lat. 39° 56′ N., Boulder and Grand Counties, Colo. (Not Boulder nor Rogers.)

Rolston: creek, Gilmer County, Ga. (Not Raulston.)

Roma (Rome): prov. and capital city, Italy; Fr. Rome; Ger. Rom; 41° 54′ N., 12° 25′ E.

Romain: cape, Charleston County, S. C. (Not Roman nor Romans.)

Roman: shoal, Boqueron Bay, P. R.

Roman: see Romain.

România: see Rumania.

Romans: see Romain.

Romanya: see Rumania.

Romanzof: cape, bold and prominent headland, greatest altitude 2,363 feet, lying northward from Dall Point in lat. 61° 47′ N., long. 166° 02′ W., and westerly from Smith Point and Dyer Point, western Alaska. (Not Dyer nor Rumiantzoff.)

Romanzof: mountains, in northeastern Alaska, near the Arctic Coast, lat. 69° N., long. 144° W., (Not Romiantzoff nor Rumiantzoff.)

Romauldo: peak, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Ramauldo.)

Romblon: municipality, Romblon Province, Romblon, P. I.

Romblon: pass, between Romblon and Tablas Islands, P. I.

Rome: see Roma.

Rome: see Rhome, village, Tex.

Rome: see Roome, township, Minn.

Romer: glacier, ice tongue on western side of Rendu Inlet, Glacier Bay, 2½ miles south of Rendu Glacier, Alaska. Named after Eugenius Romer, professor of geography in University of Lemberg, who visited Glacier Bay in 1913.

Romer Shoal: light, New York Lower Bay, N. Y. (Not Dry Romer.)

Romiantzoff: see Romanzof, mountains.

Romney: creek, Harford County, Md. (Not Rumney.)

Roncador: reef, ⅜ of a mile, east-northeast from Obispo Cay, P. R.

Roode-Hoek: see Redhook.

Roome: township, Polk County, Minn. (Not Rome.)

Roop: mountain, NW. ¼ of the SW. ¼ of sec. 12, T. 30 N., R. 10 E., Susanville, Land District, Lassen County, Calif. (Not Old Baldy.)

Roosevelt: dam, on Salt River, Gila and Maricopa Counties, Ariz.

Roosevelt, Theodore: see Theodore Roosevelt.

Root: peak (Mount Root), altitude 12,860 feet, 5 miles north of Mount Fairweather, lat. 58° 59′ N., long. 137° 29′ 56″ W., international boundary, Alaska and Canada.

Rootak: see Rootok.

Roothaan: mountain (Mount Roothaan), Boundary County, Idaho, Kaniksu National Forest, in sec. 27, T. 61 N., R. 3 W., Boise Meridian. Named after Father Roothaan, a Jesuit Priest, who in 1845 was a missionary with Father De Smet in Idaho and Washington.

*__Rootok:__ island, altitude 1,760 feet, on southern side of Krenitzin Group, near lat. 54° 03′ N., long. 165° 32′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Aektok nor Rootak.)

Roque: island, Englishman Bay, Washington County, Me. (Not Rogue.)

Roquist: creek and swamp, Bertie County, N. C. (Not Rakwis, Rocquist, Roquest, nor Roquewhist.)

Rosa: see Rose, lake, Minn.-Ont.

Rosa, Monte: second highest peak of the Alps, bet. s. cen. Switzerland and Italy; Fr. Mont Rose; Ital. Monte Rosa; elev. 15,217 ft.; 46° N., 7° 53′ E.

Rosales: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Rosario: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Nuestra Senora del Rosario.)

Rosario: barrio, San Pablo Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santisimo Rosario nor Santo Rosario.)

Rosario: a hill, 860 feet high, San Juan County, Wash., on the eastern Peninsula of Orcas Island, east shore of East Sound, 2 miles southwest of Mount Constitution. (Not Stony.) Local usage, Mount Rosario.

Rosario: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Rosario: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Rosario: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Rosario: pr. rō-sär′ē-ō; port for ocean craft on Paraná river, Argentina; 32° 55′ S., 60° 35′ W.

Rosario: strait, San Juan Archipelago, between San Juan and Skagit and Island Counties, Wash. (Not Canal de Nuestra Señora del Rosario.)

Rosaunt: creek, tributary to Kelsall River from west, near lat. 59° 32′ N., long. 138° 10′ W., southeastern Alaska and British Columbia. (Not Clear, Katschadelch, nor Rose.)

Rosbys Rock: village, Marshall County, W. Va. (Not Rosbbys Rock, Roseby Rock, nor Rosbysrock.)

Roscoe: peak, altitude 3,765 feet, eastern side head of Iniskin Bay, lat. 59° 47′.4 N., long. 153° 25′.4 W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Rose: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 56′ N., long. 110° 09′ W., flowing southwest into Lamar River.

Rose: lake, Fresno County, Calif.

Rose: lake, first above Arrow Lake, between South and Watap Lakes, Cook County, Minn., and Thunder Bay District, Ontario, International Boundary. (Not Mud nor Rosa.)

Rose: point, southeastern Alaska, east side of Dall Island, near lat. 54° 58′ N., long. 132° 57′ W. Named after triangulation station on point.

Rose: shoal, near north end of Lake Michigan. (Not Waugoshance.)

Rose: spring, southern part of Kawich Range, Nye County, Nev. (Not Wild Horse nor Wild Rose.)

Rose: see Cliff, point, Alaska.

Rose: see Rosaunt, creek, Alaska.

Rose: see Surveyors, island, Mich.

Roseau: pr. rō′sō; town, Dominica, Leeward Islands, B. W. I.; 15° 20′ N., 61° 22′ W.

Roseau: river, rising in T. 158 N., R. 35 W., 5th P. M., Minn., flowing northwesterly, crossing International Boundary in T. 164 N., R. 45 W., 5th P. M., and emptying into Red River of the North, Manitoba, Canada. (Not North Fork.)

Rosebud: creek, Big Horn and Rosebud Counties, Mont., rises in sec. 36, T. 7 S., R. 37 E., Montana principal meridian, flows east and northeast to the Yellowstone River in sec. 16, T. 6 N., R. 42 E.

Rosebud: creek, Stillwater County, Mont., formed by the junction of East Rosebud Creek and West Rosebud Creek near the south line of sec. 13, T. 4 S., R. 18 E., Montana principal meridian. According to a number of local authorities, well-established local usage makes East Rosebud Creek and West Rosebud Creek unite to form the Rosebud, with Fishtail Creek a tributary of West Rosebud Creek.

Roseby Rock: see Rosbys Rock.

Roseclair: see Rosiclare.

Rose Creek: see Barklay Cabin, gulch, Colo.

Rose Creek: see Corral, gulch, Colo.

Roselle: township and village, Carroll County, Iowa. (Not Rosselle.)

Roselle: see Rozel.

Rose, Mont: see Rosa, Monte, Switzerland-Italy.

Rosemount: township and village, Dakota County, Minn. (Not Rosemont.)

Rose Neck: see Roasting Ear.

Rose Point: headland, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on west margin of Rainbow Plateau, near lat. 36° 19′ N., long. 112° 21′ W.

Rosiclare: precinct and village, Hardin County, Ill. (Not Roseclair.)

Rosier: cape, Penobscot Bay, Hancock County, Me. (Not Rozier.)

Rosja: see Russia.

Ross: creek, draining into Bull Lake in sec. 4, T. 28 N., R. 33 W., Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Lightning.)

Ross: island, Willamette River, Multnomah County, Oreg., in southern part of Portland, centering near lat. 45° 29′ 30″ N., long. 122° 39′ 42″ N. Named over 50 years ago for Sherry Ross, who owned it in pioneer days. Name approved by Oregon Geographic Board.

Ross: lake, Fremont County, Wyo., east slope Continental Divide, in Ts. 39–40 N., R. 107 W., near lat. 43° 23′ N., long. 109° 39′ W. So named in honor of the late Governor Ross and ex-Governor Nellie T. Ross, first woman governor of any State.

Ross: see Eramosh.

Rosselle: see Roselle.

Rossiya: see Russia.

Rostock: Baltic seaport, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Germany; 54° 10′ N., 12° 10′ E.

Rostov-na-Donu (Rostov-on-Don): city, near mouth of Don river, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 47° 10′ N., 39° 40′ E.

Rotherham: city, Yorkshire, England, near Sheffield; 53° 26′ N., 1° 21′ W.

Rotten Grass: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in T. 9 S., R. 32 E., Montana principal meridian, flows northeast and northwest, and tributary to Big Horn River in T. 4 S., R. 32 E.

Rotterdam: seaport on Rhine delta, s. Netherlands; 51° 55′ N., 4° 30′ E.

Rotunda Cirque: valley, on branch of Park River, Flathead County, Mont.

Roubadeau: pass and precinct, Scotts Bluff County, Nebr. (Not Roubedeau, Roubideau, nor Roubidoux.)

Roubaix: pr. rōō-bĕ′; city, ext. n. France, near Lille; 50° 42′ N., 3° 10′ E.

Roubedeau: see Roubadeau.

Roubedeau: see Rubidoux.

Roubideau: see Roubadeau.

Roubidoux: see Roubadeau.

Rouen: pr. rwän; city on lower Seine, n. France; 49° 28′ N., 1° 5′ E.

Rough: channel or pass between Ogden Passage and Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 36′ N., long. 136° 07′.5 W., southwest coast, Chichagof Island, Alaska.

Rough: point, northwestern extremity of Outer Brass Island, Virgin Islands.

Rough: see Makhnati.

Roughhouse: see Roundhouse.

Rougin: creek, T. 47 N., R. 5 E. tributary to Little North Fork St. Joe River from the northeast, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Roulette: township and village, Potter County, Pa. (Not Roulet.)

Roumania: see Rumania.

Roumanie: see Rumania.

Roumelia: see Rumelia.

Round: the broad terraced valley of the Salmon River near Challis, northwestern Custer County, Idaho, extending from below the mouth of Challis Creek, to above the mouth of Birch Creek, principally in Ts. 13 and 14 N., R. 19 E., Boise meridian.

Round: island, Winnepesaukee Lake, 1½ miles north of Belknap Point, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Smiths nor Smith's.)

Round: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 1 and 6, T. 16 S., Rs. 30 and 29 E., respectively, Sequoia National Park.

Round: mountain, prominent rounded peak near eastern entrance to Columbia Bay, lat. 60° 56′ .6 N., long. 147° 02′.5 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Round: pond, one-half mile long, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, emptying into Long Pond from the northwest, near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 68° 23′ W. (Not Black Pool.)

Round: valley, southwestern Valley County, Idaho, bordering the North Fork of Payette River, mostly in Ts. 11 and 12 N., Rs. 3 and 4 E., Boise meridian. This valley is south of and distinct from Long Valley. Not to be confused with Round Valley, Custer County.

Round: see Hound, island, Alaska.

Round: see Krugloi, point, Alaska.

Round: see Bald Porcupine, island, Me.

Round: see Parent, lake, Minn.

Round: see Domke, creek, lake, mt., Wash.

Round Bay: see Opechee, bay, N. H.

Round Hill: see Dumpling Rock.

***Roundhouse:** gulch, south bank St. Joe River, east of Fishhook Creek, T. 45 N., R. 5 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Roughhouse.)

Round Island: small islet of the Cuyo Group, lat. 10° 47¼′ N., long. 120° 36½′ E., east of Palawan, P. I. (Not Paya Rock.)

Round Prairie: meadow, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont. near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 114° 22′ W., in a bend on right bank of Flathead River.

Round Rock: butte and settlement, near lat. 36° 30′ Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Tsenakahn.)

Round Top: hill, elevation, 1,049 feet, back of Honolulu, Oahu, T. H. (Not Ualakaa.)

Roundtop: island, St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Bluff nor Round Top.)

Round Top: peak, altitude 3,100 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, on border of Blount and Sevier counties, Tenn., near lat. 35° 41′ 30″ N., long. 83° 40′ W. Local name of long standing suggested by its conical shape.

Round Top: see Winnesoka, peak, Tenn.

Round Valley: peak, altitude 11,931 feet, Summit of Wheeler Crest, Inyo County, Calif.

***Rouses Point:** village, Clinton County, N. Y. (Not Rouse Point.)

Roussé: see Ruse.

Rove: see Watap.

Rowan: creek, Columbia County, Wis. (Not Power.)

Rowe: island, Klag Bay, lat. 57° 38′.3 N., long. 136° 05′.9 W., Chichagof Island, Alaska.

Rowena: see Sanpoil.

Rowes: see Hopi, point, Ariz.

Rowland: see Rolland.

Rowland Landing: post light, Ohio River, Washington County, Ohio. (Not Rowland's Landing.)

Rowland Mills: town, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Rowlands Mills.)

Rowley: bay, Door County, Wis. (Not Rawleys.)

Roxabell: village, Ross County, Ohio. (Not Roxabel.)

Roxand: township, Eaton County, Mich. (Not Roxana.)

Roxiticus: see Ralston.

Royal: point (Cape Royal), Coconino County, Ariz.

Royal Arch: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., rising near rim of south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 38′ W., flows north through Aztec Amphitheater into the Colorado River.

Royce: peak (Mount Royce), altitude 13,238 feet, Fresno County, Calif., near lat. 37° 19′ N., long. 118° 47′ W., in Sierra National Forest, about 2 miles west of Pine Creek Pass over Sierra Nevada. Name proposed by the California State Geographic Board, for Dr. Josiah Royce, 1855–1916, nationally known scientist, instructor, and author.

Royersford: borough, Montgomery County, Pa. (Not Royer's Ford.)

Rozel: town, Pawnee County, Kans. (Not Roselle.)

Rozier: see Rosier.

R. S. F. S. R.: see Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic.

Rua: cove, eastern side Knight Island, about 3 miles south of Bay of Isles, lat. 60° 20′.8 N., long. 147° 39′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Rubidoux: mountain, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Robidoux, Roubedeau, nor Rubideau.)

Ruby: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 20′ W., drains northeast into Colorado River.

Ruby: creek, tributary to Deep Creek from the west, near Deep Creek Village, T. 61 N., Rs. 1 and 2 W., Boundary County, Idaho.

***Ruby:** river, tributary to Beaverhead River, Madison County, Mont. (Not Passamari, Passamari-Ruby, Ruby-Passamari nor Stinking-water.)

Ruby: see Spruce, creek, Idaho.

Ruby-Passamari: see Ruby, river, Mont.

Ruckel: creek, tributary to Columbia River east of Hood River, Multnomah County line, Hood River County, Oreg. (Not Deadman.)

Ruger: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 55′ W., the head of Camas Creek. So named in honor of Brig. Gen. Thomas H. Ruger, officer during the Civil War, and at one time commander of the department of Dakota.

Ruger, Mount: see Longfellow, peak, Mont.

Rugged: island, 2 miles long, eastern side entrance to Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 51′ N., long. 149° 23′.5 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Baker.)

Rugged: see Makhnati.

Ruhr: river, Rhine tributary, Westphalia, Germany; valley, chief coal mining and industrial area of Germany.

Rum: river, branch of Mississippi River at Anoka, Anoka County, Minn. (Not Run.)

Rumania: kingdom, s. e. Europe; Rum. România; Fr. Roumanie; Ger. Rumänien; Cz. Rumunsko; Ital. Romania; Serb-Croat, Rumunija; Turk. Romanya. Not Roumania.

Rumänien: see Rumania.

Rum Cay: island, the Bahamas; 23° 40′ N., 74° 50′ W.

***Rumelia:** region, Bulgaria and Greece, the anc. provs. of Thrace and Macedonia; Bulg. Rumeliya;† Ger. Rumelien. Not Roumelia.

Rumell: island, Hancock County, Me., off southwest coast of Mount Desert Island and southeast of Dodge Point, near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 68° 25′ W. So named for J. and B. Rumell, early settlers on the mainland adjacent to this island. (Not Rumill.)

Rumely: village, Alger County, Mich. (Not Rumley.)

Rumiantzoff: see Romanzof.

Rumill: see Rumell.

Rumley: see Rumely.

Rumney: see Romney.

Rumunija: see Rumania.

Rumunsko: see Rumania.

Run: see Rum.

Rungus: point, eastern coast of Luzon, P. I. (Not Bungus nor Bungul.)

Runkel: village, Meade County, S. Dak. (Not Runkles.)

Runnamede: see Runnymede.

Runnell's Mill: see Gladdens.

Running Crane: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 33′ N., long. 113° 25′ W., is the head of Lake Creek. Name of a Blackfoot Indian chief.

Running Crane: mountain, lat. 48° 15′ N., long. 113° 16′ W., Flathead and Pondera Counties, Mont.

Running Owl: mountain, lat. 48° 14′ N., long. 113° 12′ W., Pondera County, Mont.

Running Rabbitt: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 16′ N., long. 113° 32′ W.

Runnymede: town, Harper County, Kans. (Not Runnamede.)

Runt: creek, rising in Canada, flowing westward across international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 66° 16′ N., long. 141° W., and joining Orange Creek in Alaska.

Ruotsi: see Sweden.

Ruschuk: see Ruse.

Ruschuq: see Ruse.

Rusciuk: see Ruse.

Ruse (Ruschuk): city, n. Bulgaria, on the Danube; Bulg. Ruse,† sometimes Russe;† Turk. Ruschuq;† Fr. Roussé, Roustchouk; Ger. Rustschuk; Rum. Rusciuk; 43° 50′ N., 26° E. Not Rushchuk.

Rush: lake, secs. 20 and 21, T. 24 N., R. 29 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Rush: lake, Tooele County, Utah, near lat. 40° 26′ N., long. 112° 24′ W. (Not Stockton.)

Rush Center: city, Rush County, Kans. (Not Rushcenter.)

Rushchuk: see Ruse.

Rushmore: peak (Mount Rushmore), Pennington County, Black Hills, S. Dak., in T. 2 S., Rs. 5 and 6 E., 3 or 4 miles northeast of Harney Peak, site of the gigantic carving of the heads of Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln, and Roosevelt. Named after Charles E. Rushmore, a New York lawyer, an employee of a local mining company.

Russe: see Ruse.

Russell: glacier, tributary to Carbon Glacier from west, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Russell: island, St. Clair River, Mich. (Not Russell's.)

Russell: peak (Mount Russell), in the Sierra Nevada, between Inyo and Tulare Counties, Calif.

Russell's: see Barcelona, N. Y.

Russia: historical and conventional Eng. name of a country, Europe and Asia; officially, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, q. v.; Russ. Rossiya;† Fr. Russie; Ger. Ruszland; Ital. Russia; Est. Venemaa; Finn. Venäjä; Lettish, Kreevija; Pol. Rosja.

Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic: (translation of Rossiiskaya Sotsialisticheskaya Federativnaya Sovietskaya Respublika); the largest constituent republic of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, q. v.; the abbreviation R. S. F. S. R. is commonly used in English.

Russky: creek, T. 35 N., R. 24 W., tributary to Stillwater River from east north of Chepat Creek, Lincoln County, Mont.

Rustic: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., the principal geyser of Heart Lake Geyser Basin, a half mile northwest of Heart Lake near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 110° 30′ W. So named because of a surrounding cordon of logs probably placed by early trappers, now beautifully coated with a heavy deposit of geyserite.

Rustler: peak, eastern part Jackson County, Oreg. (Not Rustler Rock.)

Ruszland: see Russia.

Ruthenia, Carpathian: see Podkarpatská Rus.

Rutherford: Rutherfords: Rutherford's: see Weatherford.

Rutledge: creek, secs. 5, 6, 7, and 18, T. 43 N., R. 6 E., tributary to Little North Fork Clearwater River from north, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Trail.)

Ruy: point, north shore St. Thomas Island, west point of entrance to Dorothea Bay, opposite Inner Brass Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Ruy's.)

Ruyter: bay or cove, on north shore of Water Island, northeast of Caroline Point, near St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Ryan: peak, altitude 11,900 feet, border of Custer and Blaine Counties Idaho, in unsurveyed sec. 26, T. 7 N., R. 17 E., Boise meridian.

Ryan: point, on Columbia River, about 1½ miles above Vancouver, Clark County, Wash. (Not Ryans.)

Ryan: township, La Moure County, N. Dak. (Not La Moure.)

Ryan: township, Schuylkill County, Pa. (Not Ryon.)

Ryder: peaks, secs. 23 and 24, T. 5 N., R. 81 W., sixth principal meridian, Jackson County, Colo.

Ryder: see Dennis Hump, mountain, Colo.

Ryer: island, Suisan Bay, Solano County, Calif. (Not King's, Long Point, nor Ryer's.)

Ryks-Davids: see David, point, Virgin Islands.

Ryon: see Ryan, township, Pa.

Ryus: bay, northern shore Duke Island, midway between Point White and Dog Island, Felice Strait, lat. 54° 58′ N., long. 131° 25′ W., southeastern Alaska.

S

Saar (Sarre): river, e. France and w. Germany, to the Mosel (Moselle); Ger. Saar; Fr. Sarre. See also Saar Basin Territory.

Saar Basin Territory: ter. comprising parts of Rheinprovinz (Prussia) and of the Rheinpfalz (Bavaria), administered by the League of Nations; coal-mining region, traversed by the Saar (Sarre) river; Ger. Saarbeckengebiet or Saargebiet; Fr. Territoire du Bassin de la Sarre.

Saarbrücken: city, Saar Basin Territory, s. Rheinland, s. w. Germany; Fr. Sarrebruck; 49° 15′ N., 7° E.

Saare (Oesel): island, Estonia; Est. Saare or Saaremaa; Ger. Ösel.

Saaremaa: see Saare.

Šabac: pr. shábats; town, Yugoslavia; Fr. Chabats; 44° 45′ N., 19° 43′ E.

Saban: see Sabang, P. I.

Sabang: barrio, Bugasong Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Lubang.)

Sabang: barrio, Oas Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Saban.)

Sabang: see Batalay, P. I.

Sabangan: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Bontoc), Luzon, P. I.

Sabattos: see Sabattus.

Sabattus: mountain and village, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not Sebattis.)

Sabattus: mountain, Lovell Town, Oxford County, Me. (Not Sabattos nor Sebatos.)

Sabidug: barrio, Sabatang Municipality, Batanes Province, Sabtang Island, Batan Islands, P. I. (Not Savidug.)

***Sabin:** point, Providence County, R. I., at Riverside, near lat. 41° 46′ N., long. 71° 22′ W., in Narragansett Bay. (Not Sabine nor Sabins.)

Sabin: see White Knob, mountains, Idaho.

Sabine: river in Texas, formed in Hunt Co. by the union of the Cowleech, Caddo, and South Forks, near lat. 32° 52′ N., long. 95° 59′ W., flowing thence southeast and south through Sabine Lake and Sabine Pass into the Gulf of Mexico. Forms part of Louisiana-Texas boundary. (Pronounced sā-bēn′.)

Sabine: see Sabin, point, R. I.

Sabino: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Sabins: see Sabin.

Sablayan: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

Sable: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 1, T. 63 N., R. 8 W., fourth principal meridian, Superior National Forest. In shape lake resembles a sable traveling.

Sable, Pointe de: see Southwest, cape, Virgin Islands.

Sabola: Sabougala: Sabougalahatochie: see Sabougla.

Sabougla: creek, tributary to Yalobusha River, Calhoun and Webster Counties, Miss. (Not Sabola, Sabougala, Sabula Hatchie, nor Sobola.)

Sabrina: lake, Inyo County, Calif., west of Table Mountain, east slope of the Sierra Nevada, Ts. 8 and 9 S., Rs. 30 and 31 E., near lat. 37° 12′ N., long. 118° 37′ W. (Not Sebrina.)

Sabtang: municipality, Batanes Province, Sabtang, P. I.

Sabula Hatchie: see Sabougla.

***Sacagawea:** mountain (Mount Sacajawea), altitude 13,607 feet, Fremont County, Wyo., in sec. 31, T. 37 N., R. 106 W., Washakie National Forest. So named for the Shoshone Indian woman whose resourcefulness and courage contributed greatly to the success of the Lewis and Clark Expedition, 1804–1806. This spelling indicates correct Indian pronunciation and is in accordance with the spellings found in the Lewis and Clark Journals. (Not Sacajawea.)

Sacajawea: see Sacagawea.

Sacandaga: river, Hamilton and Saratoga counties, N. Y., flowing from Sacandaga Lake in Hamilton County, near lat. 43° 30′ N., long. 74° 25′ W., southeastly into the Hudson River. (Not Sacandago, Sacondaga, nor Sacondago.)

Sacarma: bay, 2,800 yards wide, between S. and SW. points of Cudjoe Key, Monroe County, Fla. (Not Drawgun.)

Sachacha: see Sesachacha.

Sachem Head: harbor, Long Island Sound, New Haven County, Conn. (Not Sachem's Head.)

***Sachsen (Saxony):** a state, and a Prussian province, s. Germany; Fr. Saxe; Ital. Sassonia.

***Sackets Harbor:** village, east shore Lake Ontario, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Sacket Harbor nor Sacketts Harbor.)

Sacketts Harbor: see Sackets Harbor.

Sacrafamilia: barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sacra Familia nor Sagrada Familia.)

Sacramento: capital of California, in Sacramento Co., on the Sacramento River, near lat. 38° 35′ N., long. 121° 29′ W. Population in 1930, 93,750. (Pronounced, säk-rä-mĕn′-tō.)

Sacramento: river, in California, rising in Siskiyou Co. near lat. 41° 13′ N., long. 122° 32′ W., flows southerly about 225 miles, then turning west enters Suisun Bay about thirty miles east of San Francisco. (Pronounced, säk-rä-mĕn′-tō.)

Sacramento Mountains: includes those groups known as Jicarilla, Sierra Blanca, Sacramento, and Guadalupe in Chaves, Eddy, Lincoln, and Otero Counties, N. Mex.

Sacremento Wash: see Piute.

Sacsac: Sac-sac: see Saksak, P. I.

Saddle: mountain, altitude 7,640 feet, Shasta County, Calif., a short saddleback ridge in the southeastern corner of the county, just west of Juniper Lake, T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Saddle: mountain, Park County, Colo., in the northwest quarter of T. 14 S., R. 72 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Quadrate.)

Saddle: mountain, 10,678 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 109° 59′ W.

Saddle: see Saddlerock.

Saddle: see Little Saddle, Wyo.

Saddleback: ledge, East Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Saddle Back.)

Saddlerock: creek, Lincoln County, S. Dak. (Not Saddle.)

Saegerstown: borough, Crawford County, Pa. (Not Saegertown.)

Saeltso: see Setsiltso.

Safety: cove, Day Harbor, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Safety Valve: entrance to Biscayne Bay, southeast coast of Florida, Dade County, extending from Key Biscayne to Ragged Keys, near lat. 25° 35′ N. So named on recommendation of local officials and residents.

Saffordville: town, Chase County, Kans. (Not Safford.)

Saffron: valley, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., drains west across northern end of Rainbow Plateau, near lat. 36° 19′ N., long. 112° 20′ W.

Sagada: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Bontoc), Luzon, P. I.

Saganaga: lake, between Swamp and Granite Lakes, Cook and Lake Counties, Minn., and Rainy River and Thunder Bay Districts, Ontario, International Boundary. (Not Kaseiganah, Saisaginaga, Seiganaga, Seiganagaw, nor Seiganagooh.)

Sagavanirktok: river, debouching on Arctic Coast 60 miles east of Colville River, lat. 70° 18′ N., long. 148° W., northern Alaska. (Not Sawanukto, Shagavanuktok, Sharavanaktok, nor Suwanukto.)

Sagay: municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Camiguin, P. I.

Sagay: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Sage: peak, altitude about 7,500 feet Cochise County, Ariz., lat. 31° 47′ 30″ N., long. 109° 15′ 45″ W., in T. 19 S., R. 30 E., Chiricahua Division of the Coronado National Forest. On top of this peak, there has been erected a copper shield on which the following is engraved: "In memory of Ranger Harley H. Sage, who died in the service of his country November 13, 1918."

Sage: see Medicine Lodge, creek, Mont.

Sa-gee-ka: see Segeke.

Saghalin: see Sakhalin.

Sagi ot sosi: see Segihatsosi.

Sagittarius: ridge, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., drains west across northern end of Rainbow Plateau, near lat. 36° 19′ N., long. 112° 20′ W.

Sagnay: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sagrada Familia: see Sacrafamilia, P. I.

Saguache: county, creek, precinct, and town, Saguache County, Colorado. (Not Siwatch nor Siwatche.)

Saguache: see Sawatch, mountains, Colo.

Saguaro: town, T. 11 S., R. 8 E., Pima County, Ariz. (Not Sahauro, Sahuara, nor Sahuaro.)

Sagy at sosi: see Segihatsosi.

Sahara: Arabic for "Great Desert," n. Africa. Not Sahara Desert.

Saharanpur: city, United Provinces, n. India; 29° 55′ N., 77° 40′ E. (Not Seharunpur.)

Sahauro: see Saguaro.

Sa-heen: see Sarheen.

Sahotsoidbeazhe: canyon, Navajo Indian Reservation, northwest corner of Apache County, Ariz. (Not Sa hot soid be azh e.)

Sahuara: Sahuaro: see Saguaro.

***Saïgon:** commercial city and principal port, Fr. Indochina; capital of colony of Cochinchina; 10° 45′ N., 106° 33′ E.

Saihun: see Syr Darya.

Saikan: see Sykan.

Sail: island, off False Point Pybus, junction of Stephens Passage and Frederick Sound, lat. 57° 20′.9 N., long. 133° 42′.8 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Ship.)

Sail: rock, off Pillar Point, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not Pillar, Seal, nor Steeple.)

Sail: rock, Juan de Fuca Strait, near Neah Bay, Wash. (Not Klahostah nor Seal.)

Sailor: island, Hingham Harbor, Mass. (Not Sarah's.)

Sailor Peak: see Giant Castle, mountain, Wyo.

Sailors Encampment: see Rains.

Saint: for prefixes meaning "saint" see the following: French, under Saint or Sainte (abbrev. St. or Ste.); Italian and Spanish, under San, Santo, or Santa; Portuguese, under São.

St. Andrew: sound, Camden County, Ga. (Not St. Andrew's.)

St. Andrews: park, between Puyallup and Tahoma Glaciers, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

St. Andrews: rock, prominent one on Puyallup Cleaver, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

St. Anthony: see Anthony.

St. Augustine: see Augustine.

St. Bernard: mt. passes, the Alps; *Great,* bet. Switzerland and Italy, 45° 50′ N., 7° 10′ E.; *Little,* bet France and Italy, 45° 40′ N., 6° 55′ E.

***St. Catharine:** bend and creek, Mississippi River, Adams County, Miss. (Not St. Catherine's.)

St. Catharine: lake and mountain, Rutland County, Vt. (Not Lake Austin, St. Catherine, nor Wells Pond.)

St. Catherines: island and sound, Liberty County, Ga. (Not St. Catherine nor St. Catherine's.)

St. Charles: village, Pueblo County, Colo. (Not San Carlos.)

St. Clair: river, flowing southerly from Lake Huron into Lake St. Clair, and forming part of International Boundary between United States and Canada. (Pronounced, sānt-clâr′.)

St. Clair: see Sinclair, township, Kans.

St. Clairsville: borough, Bedford County, Pa. (Not St. Clairville.)

St. Clement: bay, Potomac River, St. Marys County, Md. (Not St. Clement's.)

St. Croix: river, between Maine and New Brunswick. (Not Ste. Croix.)

St. Croix: river, forming part of boundary between Minnesota and Wisconsin, flows south from Upper St. Croix Lake, in the S. E. quarter of T. 45 N., R. 12 W., of 4th P. M., Wisconsin, through Lake St. Croix into the Mississippi River. (Pronounced, sānt-kroi′.)

Saint Croix: stream, rising near Hillman, tributary to Aroostook River from south near Masardis, Aroostook County, Me.

St. Croix: see Dochet, island, Me.

St. Croix: see Upper St. Croix, lake, Wis.

Saint-Denis: pr. sȧn de-nē′; a n. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 56′ N., 2° 22′ E.

St. Denis: see Petit Liard.

St. Elias: mountain (Mount St. Elias), altitude 18,008 feet, lat. 60° 17′.5 N., long. 140° 55′.7 W., on the international boundary, southeastern Alaska.

St. Elias: see Manby, point, Alaska.

St. Elmo Pass: saddle, in ridge between Inter and Winthrop Glaciers, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Ste. Marie: township and village, Jasper County, Ill. (Not St. Marie.)

Saint-Etienne: pr. sȧn-tā-tyĕn′; city, s. e. cen. France, near Lyon; 45° 25′ N., 4° 25′ E.

St. Francis: river, Arkansas and Missouri, rising in sec. 14, T. 34 N., R. 3 E., fifth principal meridian, Missouri, flows southerly, forming part of common state boundary, into the Mississippi River in T. 1 S., R. 5 E., fifth principal meridian, Arkansas. (Not St. Francois.)

St. Francis: village, St. Johns River, Lake County, Fla. (Not Old Town.)

St. François: township, Madison County, Mo. (Not St. Francis.)

St. Gabriel Church: post light, Mississippi River, Iberville Parish, La. (Not St. Gabriel's Church.)

St. Gall: see St. Gallen.

St. Gallen: canton and city, n. e. Switzerland; Fr. St. Gall; Ger. St. Gallen; Ital. San Gallo.

St. George: fort, St. George River, Lincoln County, Me. (Not George.)

St. George: harbor, river, and town, Knox County, Me. (Not St. George's.)

St. George: island, St. Mary's County, Md. (Not St. George's nor St. Georges.)

St. George: point and reef, Del Norte County, Calif. (Not St. George's.)

St. George: sound, near Apalachicola, Franklin County, Fla. (Not St. George's.)

St. George: see George, lake, Mich.

St. George Island: election precinct, St. Marys County, Md. (Not St. George's Island nor St. Georges Island.)

St. George's: St. Georges: see Georges, island, Me.

St. Gotthard: town, mountain, Alpine pass, and important R. R. tunnel, s. e. Switzerland; Fr. St. Gothard; Ger. St. Gotthard; Ital. San Gottardo; 46° 40′ N., 8° 40′ E.

Saint Helena Range: see Miyakma.

St. Helens: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 27′ N., 2° 44′ W.

St. Helens: mountain, Skamania County, Wash., in the northwest quarter of T. 8 N., R. 5 E., Willamette meridian. (Not St. Helen.)

St. Helens Bar: post lights, Columbia River, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not St. Helen's.)

St. Hermogenes: see Chiniak, cape, Alaska.

St. Hilaire: village, Pennington County, Minn. (Not St. Hiliare.)

St. Inigoes: creek, district, and town, St. Marys County, Md. (Not St. Inigo, St. Inigoe, nor St. Inigoas.)

St. James': see James, island, Me.

St. Jean: see St. Johns.

St. Joe: river, Benewah, Kootenai, and Shoshone Counties, Idaho. (Not St. Joseph, nor St. Josephs.)

Saint John (St. John): city, seaport, and county, New Brunswick, Canada. Full form of name (Saint John) is preferred locally; 45° 25′ N., 66° 10′ W.

St. John: peak (Mount St. John), altitude 11,400 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 47′ N., long. 110° 47′ W. Named for Orestes St. John, pioneer geologist of the Hayden Survey, whose monographs on the Teton and Wind River Ranges are classics.

St. John: see St. Johns, city, Oregon.

St. John: see St. Thomas, creek, Md.

Saint John Bogoslof: see Bogoslof.

St. Johns: city, Clinton County, Mich. (Not St. John's.)

St. John's: city, capital of Newfoundland; 47° 33′ N., 52° 40′ W.

St. Johns (St. Jean): town and county, Quebec, Canada. The town was established as the "Corporation of the town of St. Johns" by an act of Parliament, assented to on the 16th day of August, 1858. Fr., St. Jean (official name of post office). 45° 20′ N., 73° 18′ W. Not St. John's.

***St. Johns:** city, eastern shore Willamette River, about 5 miles below Portland, and precinct, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not St. John.)

St. Johns: county and river, Fla. (Not St. John's.)

St. Johns: see Steamboat, island, N. Y.

St. Jones: river, Kent County, Del. (Not Jones'.)

St. Joseph: see Chatcolet, lake, Idaho.

St. Joseph: St. Josephs: see St. Joe, river, Idaho.

St. Joseph's Key: see Caladesi.

St. Kitts: island and presidency, B. W. I.; 17° 20′ N., 62° 45′ W.

St. Lawrence: island, large, about 88 miles long in northern part of Bering Sea, center near lat. 63° 30′ N., long. 170° 10′ W., Alaska. (Not St. Laurence.)

St. Lawrence: river, Lake Ontario to Gulf of St. Lawrence.

St. Lazaria: see Kruzof.

St. Louis: city, in St. Louis Co., Missouri, on the Mississippi River, near lat. 38° 37′ N., long. 90° 15′ W. Population in 1930, 822,032. (Pronounced, sānt-loo′-ĭss.)

St. Lucia: pr. sănt lo͞o-chē′a; isl., Windward Islands, B. W. I.; 13° 50′ N., 61° W.

St. Machael's: see St. Michael.

St. Marc: pr. săn märk′; seaport city, Haiti; 19° 4′ N., 72° 42′ W.

St. Margarettes: island, St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not High.)

St. Marin: see San Marino.

St. Marks: precinct and town, Wakulla County, Fla. (Not St. Mark's.)

St. Martin: bay, islands, and point, Mackinac Strait, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not St. Martin's.)

St. Martin: town, Worcester County, Md. (Not Martins.)

St. Martinsville: town, St. Martin Parish, La. (Not St. Martinville.)

St. Mary: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 37′ W., on St. Mary River, about three-fourths mile above St. Mary Lake. Named by Father de Smet in 1846.

St. Mary: lake and river, Glacier County, Mont. (Not Chief Mountain.)

St. Marys: bend and city, Mississippi River, Ste. Genevieve County, Mo. (Not St. Mary's.)

***St. Marys:** county, and creek, St. Marys County, Md. (Not St. Mary nor St. Mary's.)

St. Marys: falls, St. Marys River, opposite Sault Ste. Marie City, in Chippewa County, Mich. (Not St. Mary's.)

St. Marys: artificial lake (Lake St. Marys), Auglaize and Mercer Counties, Ohio. (Not Celina Grand Reservoir, Grand Reservoir, Lake St. Mary's, Mercer County Reservoir, nor St. Marys Reservoir.)

St. Marys: river, Cumberland Sound, Georgia and Fla. (Not St. Mary's.)

St. Marys: river, international boundary (between Michigan and Ontario). The head is at a line drawn between Point Iroquis and Gros Cap, and the mouth of the south branch is at a line drawn from Old Fort St. Joe to Sweet Point. (Not St. Mary's Strait.)

St. Marys: river, rising in Ohio, uniting with the St. Joseph River at Fort Wayne, Ind., forming the Maumee. (Not St. Mary's.)

St. Marys: see Marys River, Ill.

St. Mary's: see Old Town, S. C.

St. Marys Entrance: sound, mouth of St. Marys River, Nassau County, Fla. (Not Cumberland Entrance nor Fernandina Entrance.)

St. Marys Falls: see Sault Ste. Marie, city, Mich.

St. Marys Reservoir: see St. Marys, lake, Ohio.

St. Mary's Strait: see St. Marys, river, Mich.-Ont.

St. Matthew: island, about 20 miles long, in Bering Sea, lat. 60° 22′ N., long. 172° 24′ W., Alaska. (Not St. Mathew.)

St. Michael: island, southern coast of Norton Sound, lat. 63° 28′ N., long. 162° 10′ W., western Alaska. (Not St. Machael's.)

St. Michaels: see Miles, river, Md.

St. Nicholas: mount (Mount St. Nicholas), altitude 9,380 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 24′ N., long. 113° 33′ W.

St. Nicholas: point, southeastern extremity of Noyes Island, at entrance to St. Nicholas Channel, southeastern Alaska. (Not Nicolo, San Nicolao, nor San Nicolo.)

Saint - Ouen - sur - Seine (Saint-Ouen): pr. saN-twäN′; a n. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 37′ N., 4° 24′ E.

St. Paul: capital of Minnesota, in Ramsey Co., on the Mississippi River near lat. 44° 56′ N., long. 93° 05′ W. Population in 1930, 271,418. (Pronounced, sānt pawl′.)

St. Paul: pass (Saint Paul Pass), above Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad tunnel through the Bitterroot Range in Mineral County, Mont., and Shoshone County, Idaho.

St. Paul: see Captains, bay, Alaska.

St. Peter: creek and flat, Ferry County, Wash. (Not Rock.)

St. Peters: creek and district, Somerset County, Md. (Not St. Peter nor St. Peter's.)

St. Petersburg: see Leningrad.

St. Phillip's: see Phillips Island, S. C.

St. Pierre: small island s. of Newfoundland; with Miquelon, a Fr. colony; also chief town of St. Pierre and Miquelon; 46° 45′ N., 56° 15′ E.

St. Sauveur: mountain, western side of Somes Sound, south of Acadia Mountain, National Monument, Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Dog.)

St. Simon: beacon, island, and sound, Glynn County, Ga. (Not St. Simon's.)

St. Tammany: see Neebish.

St. Thomas: city, at head of St. Thomas Harbor, Island of St. Thomas; chief port of the Virgin Islands of the United States. (Not Charlotte Amalia nor Charlotte Amalie.)

St. Thomas: creek, tributary to Patuxent River at Captain Point, St. Marys County, Md. (Not St. John.)

St. Thomas: see São Tomé.

St. Vincent (Portugal): see São Vicente.

St. Vincent: pr. sānt vĭn'sĕnt; island, Windward Islands, B. W. I.; 13° 13′ N., 61° W.

St. Vrain: creek, Boulder and Weld Counties, and precinct, Weld County, Colo. (Not St. Vrains.)

St. Vrain: mountain, altitude 12,162 feet, sec. 5, T. 2 N., R. 73 W., 6½ miles southeast Longs Peak, 4 miles southwest Allens Park Village, Boulder County, Colo.

Saisaginaga: see Saganaga.

Saisain: see Saysain, P. I.

Saisoc: see Saksak, P. I.

Sa-jini: see Sezhini.

Sa-kaa: see Sarkar.

Sakai: city near Osaka, Japan; 34° 35′ N., 135° 28′ E.

Sakartvelo: see Georgia.

Sakhalin: island n. of Hokkaido; n. half Russian, s. half Japanese; Russ. Sakhalin;† 50° N., 142° E. See also Karafuto. Not Saghalin.

Sakie: point, southeastern Alaska, west side of Dall Island, near lat. 55° 03′ N., long. 133° 13′ W. So named because of proximity to Sakie Bay.

Sakonnet: point at southward corner of Little Compton, R. I. (Not Saugkonnet nor Seaconnet.)

Sakonnet: river, being the arm of Narragansett Bay east of Aquidneck, R. I.

Saksak: barrios in Aloquinsan, Catmon, and Mandaue Municipalities, Cebu Province, Cebu: and barrio, Manjuyod Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Sacsac.)

Saksak: barrio, Bacong Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Sacsac nor Saisoc.)

Saksak: barrio, Dalaguete Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Sacsac nor Sacsac.)

***Salacoa:** creek, Bartow and Cherokee counties, and village, Bartow County Ga. (Not Sallacoa.)

Salado: pr. sä-lä'dō; river, s. w. Argentina to the Río Colorado.

Salahkai: mesa, Apache and Navajo counties, Ariz., near lat. 35° 54′ N., long. 110° 00′ W. (Not Sa La Kai.)

Salaiseau: see Sallisaw.

Salamagui: see Salomague: Salomagui, P. I.

Salamanie: Salamona: see Salamonie.

Salamonie: river, rising in Jay County, flowing northwesterly through Blackford, Huntington, and Wells Counties, and tributary to Wabash River, Wabash County, Ind. (Not Salamanie nor Salamona.)

Salamonie: township, Huntington County, Ind. (Not Salamonia.)

Salao: see Salaw, P. I.

Salasa: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Salatrillo: see Salitrillo.

Salaverry: pr. sä-lä-veh'rrē; seaport city, Peru; 8° 13′ S., 79° 4′ W.

Salaw: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Salao.)

Sa-la-wik: see Selawik.

Salcedo: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Sale: water course (Bayou Sale), in St. Mary Parish, La. (Not Salle nor Sally.)

Salem: capital of Oregon, in Marion Co., on the Willamette River, near lat. 44° 56′ N., long. 123° 02′ W. Population, 1930, 26,266. (Pronounced, sā'-lĕm.)

Salem: city, Madras, s. India; 11° 40′ N., 78° 20′ E. (Not Selam.)

Salem: see Middle Fork, Muddy creek, N. C.

Salerno: prov. and seaport, s. Italy, w. coast; 40° 41′ N., 14° 47′ E.

Salford: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 29′ N., 2° 16′ W.

Salimcob: see Salincub, P. I.

Salina: creek and town, Mayes County, Okla. (Not Saline.)

Salincub: barrio, Bacnotan Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Salimcob nor Salincob.)

Salincub: barrio, Santiago Municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Saline: see Salina.

Saling: barrio, Balilihan Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Sal-ing nor San Roque.)

Salisaw: see Sallisaw.

Salisbury: sound, opening to the Pacific Ocean, between Kruzof and Chichagof Islands, lat. 57° 21′.5 N., long. 135° 48′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Klokacheff.)

Salisbury: township, Lehigh County, Pa. (Not Salsberg, Salsburg, nor Salsbury.)

Salisbury: see Salsbury.

Salitrillo: creek, Bexar County, Tex. (Not Salatrillo.)

Sallacoa: see Salacoa.

Sallapadan: township, Abra, Luzon, P. I.

Salle: see Sale.

Sallee: creek, Powhatan County, Va. (Not Sally nor Salley's.)

***Salley:** town and post office, in northeast corner Aiken County, S. C., on Southern Railroad. After the Salley family whose head, John Salley, 1740–1794, owned the land on which town was laid out. (Not Salleys, Sally, nor Sallys.)

Salley's: see Sallee.

Sallisaw: creek, Adair and Sequoyah Counties, town and township, Sequoyah County, Okla. (Not Salisaw nor Salaiseau.)

Sally: see Sale.

Sally: see Salley, town and post office, S. C.

Sallys: see Salley.

Salmo: rock, about 2½ miles off mouth of Kenai River, eastern side of Cook Inlet, lat. 60° 31′.5 N., long. 151° 20′.6 W., Alaska.

Salmon: bay, inner part of Shilshole Bay, near Seattle, King County, Wash. (Not Shilshole.)

Salmon: creek, tributary to Okanogan River from north, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Conconully, Concunully, nor White Salmon.)

Salmon: river, in Idaho, Custer Co., rising near lat. 43° 48′ N., long. 114° 45′ W., flows northeasterly to a point near lat. 45° 25′ N., long. 114° 00′ W., thence westerly across Idaho into Snake River at the most western point of Idaho County. (Pronounced săm′ŭn.)

Salmon: see Bear, lake, Alaska.

Salmon: see Brooks, falls, Alaska.

Salmon: see Tsirku, river, Alaska.

Salmon: see Salmon Falls, creek, Idaho-Nev.

Salmon: see Little Salmon, stream, N. Y.

Salmon: see Shilshole, bay, Wash.

Salmon: see Conconully, lake, Wash.

Salmon Falls: creek, rising in Nevada and flowing in northerly direction, entering Snake River near River Road Post Office, Twin Falls County, Idaho. (Not Salmon Falls River, Salmon Creek, nor Salmon River.)

Salmon Falls: village, on Westfield River, Hampden County, Mass. (Not Fairfield.)

***Salmon River:** mountains, in central Idaho within the great bend of the Salmon River from Stanley Basin to the South Fork of that river, including the mountains forming the divide between the drainages of the Payette and Salmon Rivers from the north end of the Sawtooth Range to the head of the South Fork of Salmon River.

Salmon River: see Salmon Falls, creek, Idaho-Nev.

Salmon River: see Palmer, glacier, Oreg.

Salomague: harbor and town, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Salamagui.)

Salomague: see Salomagui, P. I.

***Salomagui:** barrio, Amulung Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Calamagui, Camalagui, nor Salamagui.)

*Salomagui: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Salamagui nor Salomague.)

Salomagui: barrio, Salasa Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

*Salonika: see Thessalonikē.

Salonique: see Thessalonikē.

Salory's: see Solary.

Salosoy: barrio, Meycauayan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Salusoy.)

Salsberg: Salsburg: see Salisbury, township, Pa.

Salsbury: town and cove, Hancock County, Me., on northern coast of Mount Desert Island, south side Eastern Bay, near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 68° 17′ W. Family name. (Not Salisbury.)

Salsbury: see Salisbury, township, Pa.

Salsoguin: see Sulsugin, P. I.

Salt: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in south wall of canyon, near bottom, lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 112° 10′ W., flowing into Colorado River.

Salt: creek, flowing through a cretaceous area in south half of T. 29 S., R. 20 E., Kern County, Calif.

Salt: creek, T. 3 S., R. 22 W., flowing into South Fork Bitterroot River from east, Ravalli County, Mont. (Not Lick.)

Salt: creek, Natrona and Johnson counties, Wyo., rises in sec. 30, T. 37 N., R. 77 W., sixth principal meridian, and tributary to Powder River in about sec. 15, T. 43 N., R. 79 W.

Salt: spring, north line of sec. 25, T. 25 S., R. 18 E., Kern County, Calif.

Salt: see Laguna Seca, creek, Calif.

Salt: see Soda, lake, Calif.

Salta: pr. sal′tä; prov. and city, Argentina; 24° 48′ S., 65° 25′ W.

Salt Creek: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., running northwest and southeast in Ts. 17 R. 29 E. and 18 S., Rs. 29 and 30 E.; is watershed between South and East Forks Kaweah River, in part of Sequoia National Park.

Saltery: bay, on south shore Tenakee Inlet, Chicagof Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 46′ N., long. 135° 25′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Salt Fork: see Brazos.

Saltillo: pr. säl-tē′yō; city, n. Mexico; 25° 25′ N., 101° 4′ W.

Salt Lake: bay, indenting western coast Prince of Wales Island, near lat. 55° 41′ N., long. 133° 22′.5 W., southeastern Alaska.

Salt Lake: lake, near sea level, in crater west of Honolulu, Oahu, T. H. (Not Aliapaakai.)

Salt Lake City: capital of Utah, in Salt Lake Co., on the Jordan River, near lat. 40° 46′ N., long. 111° 52′ W. Population in 1930, 140, 184. (Pronounced, sawlt lāke sĭt-ĭ.)

Saltlick: mountain, altitude, 11,321 feet, T. 38 N., R. 109 W., south of Gypsum Mountain, Fremont County, Wyo.

Salto: pr. sal′tō; dept. and city, Uruguay; 31° 22′ S., 57° 59′ W.

Saltpanne: see Concordia, Virgin Islands.

Saltpeter Cave: see Saltpetre Cave.

Saltpetre Cave: village, Botetourt County, Va. (Not Saltpeter Cave nor Salt Petre Cave.)

Salt River: mountains, forming the connecting chain between the Sierra Ancha and the Sierra Apache, Gila County, Ariz.

Salt Springs: see Lithia Springs.

Salt Wells: see Indian Wells.

Salubrious: point, Lake Ontario, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Vesuvius.)

Salud: see Lalud, P. I.

Salusoy: see Salosoy, P. I.

Salvacion: barrio, Jamindan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Salvador.)

Salvacion: see Mabalodbalod Gignanoy, P. I.

Salvador: see El Salvador.

Salvador: see Salvacion, P. I.

Salvage: mountain, altitude 7,720 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 22′ N., long. 113° 32′ W.

Salzburg: pr. zälts′bo͝orkh; province and town, Austria; 47° 47′ N., 13° E.

Samal: municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Samalague: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Samalagui, Samlaguey, nor Sarulagui.)

Samalague: barrio, Patnongon Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Samlagui nor Samalagui.)

Samalagui: see Samalague, P. I.

Samar: sea, bounded by Samar, Leyte, Masbate, and Luzon Islands, P. I.

Samara: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia), on the Volga; 53° 20′ N., 50° 20′ E.

Samarang: see Semarang.

Samarkand: city, Uzbek S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 39° 45′ N., 66° 50′ E.

Sambat: see Sambat Ibaba, P. I.

Sambat Ibaba: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sambat nor Sambat Ybaba.)

Sambat Ilaya: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sambat Ylaya.)

Sambat Ybaba: see Sambat Ibaba, P. I.

Sambat Ylaya: see Sambat Ilaya, P. I.

Samboan: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Samganuda: see English.

Samish: see Edison, slough, Wash.

Samlaguey: see Samalague, P. I.

Samlagui: see Samalague, P. I.

Samoa: island group, w. S. Pacific; w. part, New Zealand mandate; e. part, American; 14° S., 172° W.

Samoilof: see Scraggy.

Sampaloc: barrio, Pitogo Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, and barrio, Tanay Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sampalok.)

Sampaloc: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sampalok: see Sampaloc, P. I.

Sam Patch: creek, tributary to Forty-mile River from the north, confluence at lat. 64° 19′ N., long. 141° 00′.4 W., near international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) Alaska. (Not Patch.)

Sampiro: barrio, Balayan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sanpiro.)

Samples: creek, Duval County, Fla. (Not Starrett's.)

Samples: see Edwards, creek, Fla.

***Sampsel:** township and village, Livingston County, Mo. (Not Sampsell.)

Sampson: peak, altitude 4,631 feet, 2 miles southwest of New Idria, San Benito County, Calif. (Not Venado.)

Samsoun: see Samsun.

Samsun: vilayet and seaport, n. Turkey; Fr. Samsoun; 41° 15′ N., 36° 20′ E. Not Djanik, Janik.

Samsy: see Devers.

San: island, about half mile long and 490 feet high, largest one and middle of group just west of El Capitan Island, El Capitan Passage, southeastern Alaska, lat. 55° 56′.2 N., long. 133° 21′.4 W. Name reported as derived from native word meaning middle.

San'a (Sanaa): pr. sän-ä′; town, capital of the Yemen, s. w. Arabia; seat of the Imam Yahia, in mountains of Yemen, 140 miles from Red Sea, el. 7,680 feet; 15° 20′ N., 44° 10′ E.

Sanaa: see San'a.

Sanachno: see West, cape, Alaska.

San Agustin: barrio, Dasmarinas Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Augustin.)

San Agustin: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not S. Agusting.)

Sanak: harbor, indenting northwestern shore Sanak Island near lat. 54° 29′ N., long. 162° 49′ W., Alaska. (Not Acherk nor Sannak.)

***Sanak:** island, 12 miles long, 25 miles southeast of Unimak Island, lat. 54° 26′ N., long. 162° 42′ W., Alaska. (Not Halibut, Sannach, nor Sannakh.)

Sanak: village, at Sanak Harbor, Sanak Island, near lat. 58° 28′ .6 N., long. 162° 49′ W., Alaska. (Not Sannach, nor Sannakh.)

San Alberto: bay, that part of Bucareli Bay north of San Juan Bautista Island, lat. 55° 31′ N., long. 133° 14′ W., western side of Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Seno de San Alberto.)

San Andreas: lake, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not San Andres.)

San Andreas: see San Andres.

San Andres: mountains, east of Rio Grande in Doña Ana, Sierra, and Socorro Counties, N. Mex. (Not San Andreas.)

San Andres: see San Andreas.

San Angel: see Santo Angel, P. I.

San Antonio: barrio, Casiguran Municipality, Sorsogan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Boton nor S. Antonio.)

San Antonio: city, in Bexar Co., Texas, on the San Antonio River, near lat. 29° 27′ N., long. 98° 30′ W. Population in 1930, 254,562. (Pronounced, săn ăn-tō-nĭ-ō; "săn ăn-tōn′" is the common local usage.)

San Antonio: creek, flowing easterly 14 miles on boundary between Sonoma and Marin Counties, Calif., and tributary to Petaluma Creek.

San Antonio: creek, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Guaymas River, Jesus Maria River, nor Las Alamos.)

San Antonio: mountain, Los Angeles and San Bernardino Counties, Calif., in the northwest quarter of T. 2 N., R. 7 W., San Bernardino meridian. (Not Baldy, North Bald, nor Old Baldy.)

San Antonio: municipality, Samar Province, Dalupiri, P. I.

San Antonio: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Antonio: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Antonio: terrace, Santa Barbara County, Calif.

San Augustin: see San Agustin, P. I.

San Benito: mountain, altitude 5,258 feet, dome-shaped summit of the San Carlos division of the Diablo Range, about 3½ miles southeast of New Idria, San Benito County, Calif.

San Bernard: river, flowing southeast into the Gulf of Mexico; Austin, Brazoria, Colorado, Wharton, and Fort Bend Counties, Tex.

San Bernardino: see San Gabriel, mountains, Calif.

San Bernardo: see San Dieguito, river, Calif.

San Bois: see Sans Bois.

San Buenaventura: see Ventura, city, Calif.

San Buenaventura: see Buenaventura, P. I.

San Carlos: lake, Gila County, Ariz., on San Carlos Apache Indian Reservation—a body of water impounded by the Coolidge Dam. Named after San Carlos River, town, post office and military post.

San Carlos: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Carlos: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

San Carlos: see St. Charles, Colo.

San Carlos Bolsa: basin about 2 miles east of New Idria, at northeast foot San Carlos Peak, Diablo Range, San Benito County Calif.

San Carpoforo: creek and valley, Monterey and San Luis Obispo Counties, Calif. (Not San Carpojaro, San Carpojo, nor San Carpovoro.)

Sanchez Mira: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Clemente: canyon, near La Jolla, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Clemente nor San Clemento.)

San Clemente: island, in Portillo Channel, west shore of San Fernando Island, near lat. 55° 28′ N., southeastern Alaska. (Not Clam, Clem, Clement, nor Clemente.)

San Clemente: island, southern coast of California. (Not San Clements.)

Sancoty: see Sankaty.

San Cristóbal: pr. săn crēs-tō′băl; city, Venezuela; 7° 35′ N., 72° 24′ W.

San Cristobal: lake, Hinsdale County, Colo., in T. 43 N., R. 4 W., New Mexico meridian. (Not San Cristopal nor San Cristoval.)

Sand: bay, outlet Rainy Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, International Boundary (between Minnesota and Ontario).

Sand: meadows, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 18, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Sand: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 25, T. 16 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Sand: point, on northeastern extremity of Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me., near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 68° 16′ W. (Not Sands nor Sandy.)

Sand: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on west shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 24′ W.

Sand: see Sumdum, island, Alaska.

Sand: see Prospect, peak, Calif.

Sand: see Raccoon, mountain, Ga.-Ala.

Sand: see Wescott, creek, Calif.

Sand: see Arena, creek, Colo.

Sand: see Mosca, creek, Colo.

Sandalwood: see Soemba.

Sandbeach: lake, 2½ miles southeast of Longs Peak, sec. 18, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., draining southeast to North St. Vrain Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Sand Beach: see Harbor Beach.

Sand Cape: see Kiwanda.

Sand Creek: see Eel, river, Calif.

Sanders: creek, Berkeley County, S. C., flowing into Slack Reach of the Cooper River, near lat. 32° 57′ N., long. 79° 54′ W. (Not Saunders.)

Sanders: see Hopewell, creek, S. C.

Sanders: see Yellow House, creek, S. C.

Sandford: see Sanford.

Sandhill: river, tributary to Red River, Polk, Norman, and Mahnomen Counties, Minn. (Not Sand Hill.)

San Diego: city in San Diego Co., California, on San Diego Bay of the Pacific Ocean, near lat. 32° 47′ N., long. 117° 09′ W. Population in 1930, 147,897. (Pronounced, sandē-ā′-go.)

Sandiego: creek, T. 30 S., R. 20 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not San Diego.)

San Diego: see Jemez, stream, N. Mex.

San Dieguito: land grant and valley, San Diego County, Calif. (Not San Diegito nor San Digitas.)

San Dieguito: river, formed by the junction of Santa Maria and Santa Ysabel Creeks, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Bernardo, San Bernardo, nor San Pasqual.)

Sandis: see Sandyston.

Sandiston: see Sandyston.

Sandlake: town, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Sand Lake.)

*__Sandnes:__ township, Yellow Medicine County, Minn. (Not Sannes.)

San Domingo: see Santo Domingo, P. I.

San Domingo: see Santo Domingo, Dom. Rep.

Sand Point: lake, southeast of Namakan Lake, St. Louis County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, International Boundary.

Sands Point: lighthouse, Manhasset Neck, Long Island Sound, Nassau County, N. Y. (Not Sands's Point.)

Sandwich: mountain, Sandwich Range, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Black nor Sandwich Dome.)

Sandwich: see Hawaiian.

Sandy: point on east side of Prudence Island, Portsmouth, Newport County, R. I. (Not Sand.)

Sandy: point, Whidbey Island, Island County, Wash. (Not Joe Brown Spit.)

Sandy: see South Sandy.

Sandy: see Pyramid, island, Alaska.

Sandy: see Galankin, islands, Alaska.

Sandy: see Bighorn, plateau, Calif.

Sandy: see Sand, point, Me.

Sandy: see Great, point, Mass.

Sandy: see West, point, Wash.

Sandy: see Little Sandy, Wyo.

Sandy Creek: see Murray, village, N. Y.

Sandyston: township, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Sandis nor Sandiston.)

San Emigdio: creek, land grant, and mountain, Kern County, Calif. (Not San Emedio, San Emidio, nor San Emidion.)

San Emilio: township, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Saneneheck: rock, Navajo County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 30′ N., long. 110° 39′ W. (Not Sa-ne-ne-heck.)

San Esteban: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Fabian: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Felipe: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Felipe Neri: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Felipe Nery, Mandaloyong, nor Mandaloya.)

San Fernando: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

San Fernando: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Fernando: municipality, Provincial Capital, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Fernando: municipality, Provincial Capital, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Fernando: municipality, Romblon Province, Sibuyan, P. I.

San Fernando: municipality, Masbate Province, Ticao, P. I.

San Fernando: pr. sän fehr-nän′dō; town, Trinidad, B. W. I.; 10° 14′ N., 61° 29′ W.

Sanford: cove, southern side of Endicott Arm of Holkham Bay, lat. 57° 40′.5 N., long. 135° 28′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Sandford.)

San Francisco: city, in San Francisco Co., California, on San Francisco Bay, near lat. 37° 48′ N., long. 122° 28′ W. Population in 1930, 637,212. (Pronounced, săn-frăn-sĭs′-kō.)

San Francisco: mountain (San Francisco Peaks), Coconino County, Ariz., an eroded volcano with serrated rim, in Ts. 22–23 N., R. 7 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, centering near lat. 35° 20′ N., long. 111° 40′ W., Coconino National Forest.

San Francisco: municipality, Cebu Province, Pasijan, P. I.

San Francisco Cuyaoyao: see Auyaoyao, P. I.

San Francisco y Auyaoyao: see Auyaoyao, P. I.

San Gabriel: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Grabiel.)

San Gabriel: mountains, California, Los Angeles, and San Bernardino counties, between Los Angeles plains and Mohave Desert, and extending from Cajon Pass westward to San Fernando Pass; lat. 34° 10′–34° 30′ N., long. 117° 30′–118° 30′ W. (Not San Bernardino, Sierra Madre, nor Sierra San Gabriel.)

San Gabriel: township, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Gallo: see St. Gallen.

Sangamon: river, in Illinois, rising in McLean Co., near lat. 40° 28′ N., long. 88° 45′ W., flows southeast, southwest, northwest, and west into the Illinois River near lat. 40° 10′ N., long. 90° 22′ W. (Pronounced san′-gā-môn.)

Sangcolong: see Songcolan, P. I.

***Sangerfield:** river, branch of Chenango River, Chenango, Madison, and Oneida Counties, N. Y. (Not Chenango Creek, East Branch Chenango River, nor East Chenango River.)

San Gottardo: see St. Gotthard.

San Grabiel: see San Gabriel, P. I.

Sangre de Christo Mountains: the range extends from Poncha Pass, Colo., to the neighborhood of Santa Fe, N. Mex., thus including the southern portion locally known as the Culebra Range. (Not Culebra.)

San Ignacio: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Bubuyan, S. Ignacio, nor San Ygnacio.)

San Ildefonso: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Isabel: see Isabel.

San Isidro: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not S. Isadro nor San Ysidro.)

San Isidro: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not San Ysidro.)

San Isidro: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Hibaras.)

San Isidro: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not S. Isidro nor San Ysidro.)

San Isidro: barrio, Sagnay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Ysidro.)

San Isidro: barrio, Talisay Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Ysidro.)

San Isidro: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

San Isidro: municipality, Provincial Capital, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Isidro (Potot): municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Isidro Labrador: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Isidro Norte: barrio, Santo Tomas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not S. Isidro, S. Isidro Norte, nor San Ysidro Norte.)

San Isidro Sur: barrio, Santo Tomas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not S. Isidro Sur nor San Ysidro Sur.)

San Jacinto: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Jacinto: municipality, Masbate Province, Ticao, P. I.

San Jacinto: see Kruzof, island, Alaska.

San Jean Bautista: see San Juan Bautista.

San Joaquin: barrio, Santo Tomas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not S. Joaquin nor San Juaquin.)

San Joaquin: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

San Joaquin: river in California, formed in Madera Co., near lat. 37° 32′ N., long. 119° 11′ W., by the junction of its North and Middle Forks, flowing thence southwest and northwest into the Sacramento River about 4 miles east of Suisun Bay. (Pronounced, săn wah-ken′.)

San José: barrio, Calabanga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Balongay, Balungay.)

San José: barrio, Casiguran Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Namoro.)

San José: pr. săn hō-sā′; capital city, Costa Rica; 9° 58′ N., 84° W.

San José: pr. săn hō-seh′; dept. and city, Uruguay; 34° 20′ S., 56° 33′ W.

San José: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

San José: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

San José: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

San José: township, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I.

San José: see San Jose Monte, P. I.

San José de Ibana: see Ivaña, P. I.

San José Monte: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San José.)

San José o Battuquit: see Battuquit, P. I.

San Juan: archipelago, group of islands and surrounding body of water, lying between Rosario Strait on the east and Haro Strait on the west, constituting San Juan County, Wash. (Not Washington Sound.) Discovered and named in 1791 by Spanish explorer Elisa: Isla y Archipelago de San Juan.

San Juan: island, P. R.

San Juan: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Juan: municipality, Oriental Negros Province (subprovince Siquijor), Siquijor, P. I.

San Juan: passage, between Cape San Juan and Las Cucarachas, P. R. (Not San Juan Channel.)

San Juan: river, rising in Archuleta Co., Colorado, near lat. 37° 28′ N., long. 106° 39′ W., flows southwesterly into New Mexico, thence westerly, entering Colorado just east of the corner common to the States of Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah, and enters the Colorado River near lat. 37° 12′ N., long. 110° 54′ W. (Pronounced, săn wahn.)

San Juan: pr. săn-hwan′; river, boundary bet. Nicaragua and Costa Rica.

San Juan: see San Juan Arroyao, P. I.

San Juan Arroyao: barrio, Bato Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Juan.)

San Juan Bautista: island, about 4 miles long, in center of Bucareli Bay, lat. 55° 25′.5 N., long. 133° 16′ W., western side of Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not San Jean Bautista.)

San Juan Channel: see San Juan, P. R.

San Juan de Fuca: see Juan de Fuca.

San Juan Del Monte: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Juan Mountains: include all the mountains of southwest Colorado south of Gunnison River, west of San Luis Valley, and east of the Rio Grande Southern Railroad.

San Juaquin: see San Joaquin, P. I.

San Julian: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Sankaty: head or bluff at east end of Nantucket Island, Mass. (Not Sancoty, Squam, nor Sweseckechi.)

Sankt Peterburg: see Leningrad.

San Lazaro: see Philippine.

San Leonardo: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Lorenzo: islands, western side of Gulf of Esquibel, lat. 55° 35′.7 N., long. 133° 37′ W., southeastern Alaska.

San Luis: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Luis d'Apra: see Apra.

San Luis Gonzaga: see Gonzaga.

San Luis Gonzales: see Gonzaga.

San Luisito: see Chorro.

San Luis Potosí: pr. sän lo͞o-ēs pō-tō-sē′; state, cen. Mexico, and its capital; 22° 10′ N., 101° W.

San Manuel: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Manuel: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Marcelino: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Marino: small republic, n. e. Italian peninsula; Fr. St. Marin; 43° 56′ N., 12° 25′ E.

San Mateo: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Mateo: see Mariquina, P. I.

San Miguel: barrio, northeast coast Linapacan Island, belonging to Coron Township, Busuanga Island, Palawan Province, P. I.

San Miguel: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

San Miguel: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Miguel de Mayume.)

San Miguel: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Miguel: pr. sän mē-gehl′; volcano, dept. and city, El Salvador; 14° 30′ N., 88° 15′ W.

San Miguel: see Trout, lake, Colo.

Sannach: see Sanak.

Sannah: see Red Meadow.

San Narciso: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sannes: see Sandnes.

San Nicolao: see St. Nicholas.

San Nicolas: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Nicolas: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Nicolo: see St. Nicholas, point, Alaska.

San Pablo: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Pablo: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Pablo and *San Pedro:* see San Pedro, P. I.

San Pascual: municipality, Masbate Province, Burias, P. I.

San Pascual: see San Pasqual.

San Pasqual: point, southeastern Alaska, north shore San Fernando Island, Gulf of Esquibel, near long. 133° 23′ W. (Not San Pascual.)

San Pasqual: see San Dieguito, river, Calif.

San Pasqual: see Santa Ysabel, creek, Calif.

San Pedro: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Pablo and San Pedro.)

San Pedro de Macorís: pr. sän pā′dro de mä-ko-rēs′; seaport city, Dominican Republic; 18° 28′ N., 69° 20′ W.

San Pedro Sula: pr. sän peh′drō so͞o′lä; city, Honduras; 15° 31′ N., 88° W.

Sanpete: valley, Sanpete County, Utah., near lat. 39° 20′ N., long. 111° 36′ W. (Not San Pete nor San Pitch.)

Sanpiro: see Sampiro, P. I.

San Pitch: mountains, Juab and Sanpete Counties, Utah. (Not Gunnison Plateau nor Wales.)

San Pitch: river, Sanpete County, Utah. (Not San Pete.)

San Pitch: see Sanpete.

Sanpoil: lake and river, Ferry County, Wash. (Not Rowena nor San Poil.)

San Quintin: municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Quintin: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Rafael: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, Ticao Island, Sorsogon Province, P. I. (Not Gibraltar.)

San Rafael: mountains, extending from the Cuyama River to the Santa Ynez River, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Sierra de San Rafael.)

San Rafael: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Rafael: point, most southern one on Ticao Island, Masbate Province, P. I. (Not Sulangan.)

San Remigio: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

San Remigio: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

San Roque: barrio, Pila Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pagalangan.)

San Roque: barrio, Iriga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Roque Norte.)

San Roque: see Saling, P. I.

San Roque Norte: see San Roque, P. I.

San Salvador: pr. sän säl′vä-dōr′; capital city, El Salvador; 13° 40′ N., 89° 15′ W.

San Salvador, or **Watling Island:** pr. sän säl′vä-dor or wät′lĭng; island, the Bahamas; 24° N., 74° 30′ W.

San Salvador (republic): see El Salvador.

San Santiago: see Santiago, P. I.

***Sans Bois:** creek, Haskell and Pittsburg Counties; mountains and township, Haskell County, Okla. (Not San Bois nor Sansbois.)

San Sebastián: coastal city, w. end of Pyrenees, n. Spain; 43° 18′ N., 2° W.

San Sebastian: see Pinagsangahan, P. I.

San Simon: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Ana: pr. sän′tä än′ä; city, El Salvador; 14° N., 89° 35′ W.

Santa Anastasia: barrio, Santa Tomas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sta. Anastasia.)

Santa Barbara: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Santa Barbara: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Catalina: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Catharina: pr. sän′tä kä-tä-rē′nä; state, Brazil.

Santa Catharina: pr. sän′tä-kä-tä-rē′nä; town, Brazil, in state of Minas Geraes.

Santa Clara: pr. sän′tä klär′ä; prov. and city, cen. Cuba; 22° 22′ N., 80° 2′ W.

Santa Cruz: pr. sän′tä crōōs′; dept. and city, Bolivia; 17° 30′ S., 62° W.

Santa Cruz: municipality, Ilócos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Cruz: municipality, Provincial Capital, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Cruz: municipality, Zambales Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Cruz: municipality, Marinduque Province, P. I.

Santa Cruz: township, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Cruz Bigaa: see Bigaa, P. I.

Santa Cruz de Tenerife: pr. sän′tä krōōth′ dā tā-nā-rē′fā; seaport, Canary Islands, Spain; 28° 27′ N., 16° 15′ W.

Santa Fe: capital of New Mexico, in Santa Fe Co., near lat. 35° 40′ N., long., 105° 57′ W. Population in 1930, 11,176. (Pronounced, săn-ta fā.)

Santa Fe: municipality, Cebu Province, Bantayan, P. I.

Santa Fé: pr. sän-tä feh′; prov. and city, Argentina; 31° 35′ S., 60° 41′ W.

Santa Fe: see Burnham, island, Ill.

Santafee: village, Summers County, W. Va. (Not Santifee.)

Santa Felecitas: see Santa Felicitas, P. I.

Santa Felicitas: barrio, Faire Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santa Felecitas.)

San Talaongan: San Talaungan: see Talaungan, P. I.

Santaluca: village, Gilmer County, Ga. (Not Santa Luca nor Santa Lucah.)

Santa Lucia: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Lucia: see Junipero Serra, peak, Calif.

Santa Magdalena: municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Margarita: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Santa Maria: municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santa Maria de Pandi.)

Santa Maria: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Maria: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Maria: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Maria: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Maria: valley, extending northwesterly through central part of T. 30 S., R. 21 E., Kern County, Calif. (Not Santa Marie.)

Santa Maria de Pandi: see Santa Maria, P. I.

Santa Marie: see Santa Maria.

Santa Misericordia: see Misericordia, P. I.

Santa Monica: mountain, Los Angeles County, Calif., near lat. 34° 06′ N., long. 118° 45′ W. (Not Cahuenga.)

Santander: pr. sän-tän-dehr′; dept. and town, Colombia; 6° 50′ N., 73° 30′ W.

Santander: seaport and prov., Spain; 43° 25′ N., 3° 55′ W.

Santander, Norte de: see Norte de Santander.

Santarem: pr. sän-tä-rehm′; town, Brazil, in state of Pará; 13° 51′ S., 39° 2′ W.

Santa Rita: hills, between Santa Ynez and Santa Rita Valleys, east of Lompoc, extending to the mouth of the Canada de los palos Blancos, Santa Barbara County, Calif.

Santa Rita: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Rita: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Santa Rita: peak, altitude 5,165 feet, 6 miles southeast of New Idria, on main ridge San Carlos Division, Diablo Range, lat. 36° 21′ N., long. 120° 36′ W., San Benito County, Calif.

Santa Rosa: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Rosa: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santa Rosa de Copán: pr. sän′tä rōsä deh kō-pän′; city, Honduras; near famous prehistoric ruins of Copán; 14° 45′ N., 89° 4′ W.

Santa Teresa: barrio, Dumalag Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Santa Tereze.)

***Santa Teresa:** barrio, Malilipot Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santa Tereze nor Sta. Teresa.)

Santa Teresa: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Mindoro Province, Mindoro: and barrio, San Miguel Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Santa Tereze: see Santa Teresa,, P. I.

Santa Ynez: mountains, extending from Arguello Point, east to the headwaters of the Ventura River, Santa Barbara County, Calif.

Santa Ysabel: creek, uniting with Santa Maria Creek to form the San Dieguito Rover, San Diego County, Calif. (Not San Pasqual nor San Ysabell.)

Santa Ysabel: see Isabel.

Santeetlah: creek and village, Graham County, N. C. (Not Santeetla nor Santultah.)

Santiago: barrio, Casiguran Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Pagonohan, Pagnonahan, nor Santo Santiago.)

Santiago: barrio, Santo Tomas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Santiago.)

Santiago: pr. sän-tē-ä′gō; capital city of Chile; 33° 25′ S., 70° 45′ W.

Santiago: pr. sän-te-ä′go; city, Dominican Republic; 19° 30′ N., 70° 45′ W.

Santiago: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santiago: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santiago: peak, altitude 5,680 feet, Santa Ana Mountains, on boundary line between Orange and Riverside Counties, Calif.

***Santiago de Cuba (Santiago):** pr. sän-tē-ä′go deh kōō′bä; seaport city, Cuba; 20° 0′ N., 75° 50′ W.

Santiago de Galicia: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santiago de Galina.)

Santiago de Galina: see Santiago de Galicia, P. I.

Santiam: pass, between Linn and Jefferson Counties, Oregon, in the Cascade range, between Three Finger Jack Mountain and Mount Washington, in T. 13 S., R. 8 E., Deschutes National Forest. (Not Hogg.)

Santiam: river, Linn and Marion Counties, formed by the junction of North Santiam and South Santiam Rivers, near Jefferson, and flowing westward to Willamette River, Oreg.

Santiam River: see Middle Santiam: North Santiam: South Santiam, Rivers, Oreg.

Santifee: see Santafee.

Santilla: see Satilla.

Santisimo Rosario: see Rosario, P. I.

Santo Angel: barrio, San Pablo Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Angel.)

Santo Domingo: barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not San Domingo.)

Santo Domingo: pr. sän′to domĭn′go; capital, seaport city, Dominican Republic; 18° 30′ N., 70° W. Not San Domingo.

Santo Domingo: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santo Domingo: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santo Domingo (island): see Hispaniola.

Santol: barrio, Malolos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santor.)

Santol: township, La Union Province (subprovince Amburayan), Luzon, P. I.

Santo Nino: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santo Nino: municipality, Samar Province, Limbacauayan, P. I.

Santor: see Santol, P. I.

Santo Rosario: see Rosario, P. I.

Santos: pr. sän′tōōs; seaport city, Brazil, state of São Paulo; 23° 55′ S., 46° 20′ W.

Santos: creek, flowing northeasterly through southeast quarter of T. 28 S., R. 19 E., to San Joaquin Valley, Kern County, Calif.

Santo Santiago: see Santiago, P. I.

Santo Tomas: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santo Tomas: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santo Tomas: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Santo Toribio: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Santo Torribio.)

Santo Torribio: see Santo Toribio, P. I.

Santuit: see Cotuit.

Santultah: see Santeetlah.

Santurce: barrio, eastward of San Juan, P. R. (Not San Turce.)

Sanur: see Shivwits.

San Vicente: pr. sän vē-sehn′teh; dept. El Salvador, and its capital; 13° 39′ N., 88° 46′ W.

San Viçente: municipality, Ambos Camarines Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Viçente: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

San Ygnacio: see San Ignacio, P. I.

San Ysabell: see Santa Ysabel.

San Ysidro: canyon, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Dinsmore.)

San Ysidro: see San Isidro, P. I.

San Ysidro Norte: see San Isidro Norte, P. I.

San Ysidro Sur: see San Isidro Sur, P. I.

São Francisco: pr. sôn frän-sēs'kō; river, Brazil.

São Luis do Maranhão: see São Luiz.

São Luiz: pr. sôn-lōō-ēs'; city, Brazil, capital state of Maranhão; also written São Luiz do Maranhão; 2° 39′ S., 44° 15′ W. (Not Maranhão.)

Saône: pr. sōn; river, e. France, joining the Rhône at Lyon.

Saook: bay, in Peril Strait, indenting northern shore of Baranof Island, lat. 57° 27′ N., long. 135° 10′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Sa-ook.)

Saook: point, northern side of entrance to Saook, Peril Strait, lat. 57° 27′.5 N., long. 135° 10′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Sa-ook.)

São Paulo: pr. sôn pow'lō; state and city, Brazil; 23° 35′ S., 46° 37′ W.

Saorstát Eireann: see Irish Free State.

São Salvador (Bahia): pr. sôn' sälvä-dôr (bä-e'a); cap. city, and seaport, state of Bahia, Brazil.

São Thomé: See São Tomé.

São Tomé (St. Thomas): Port. island, Gulf of Guinea, w. Africa; Port. spelling also São Thomé; 0° 20′ N., 6° 50′ E.

São Vicente (St. Vincent): cape, ext. s. w. Portugal; 37° 5′ N., 8° 55′ W.

Sapala: see Sapelo.

Sapangbayan: barrio, Calumpit Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Zapang-Bayan, Sapang-Bayan, nor Sapang Bayan.)

Sapangputik: barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sapang-Putic, Sapang Putic, nor Sapang Putik.)

Sapelo: island, river, and sound, coast of Georgia, McIntosh County. (Not Sapala, Sapila, nor Sapola.)

Sapian: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Sapila: see Sapelo..

Sapinero: creek, Gunnison County, Colo., rising in T. 15 S., R. 89 W., sixth principal meridian, flows south into Gunnison River. (Not Indian nor Indiana.)

Sapola: see Sapelo.

Saporoshje: see Zaporozhe.

Sapote: see Zapote, P. I.

Sapphire: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., draining from rim of south wall of Grand Canyon, near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 112° 20′ W., northeast into Colorado River.

Sapphire: mountains, limited on the south by the Anaconda Range and bounded on the east by the valleys of Trout and Flint Creeks, on the north by Clark Fork of Columbia River, and on the west by Bitterroot Valley, Mont.

Sapphire Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in Biscuit Basin, west side of Firehole River, just east of Jewel Geyser.

Sapporo: city, s. w. Hokkaido, Japan; 43° 5′ N., 141° 20′ E.

Saquel: see Soquel.

Sara: hill, altitude 216 feet, overlooking Mosquito and Krum Bays, southern part St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Sarah.)

Sara: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Saragossa: see Zaragoza.

Saragoza: see Zaragoza, P. I.

Sarah: ledge, entrance to New London Harbor, Conn. (Not Sarah's.)

Sarah: see Sara, hill, Virgin Islands.

Sarah's: see Sailor.

***Sarajevo:** pr. sarayĕvo; city, Yugoslavia; 43° 50′ N., 18° 25′ E.

Saranta Ekklēsiai: see Kirklareli.

Sarasota: key, south of Big Sarasota Pass, Sarasota County, Fla. (Not Little Sarasota.)

Sarasota: see Longboat, key, Fla.

Saratoga: mountain, T. 6 N., R. 8 W., north of Orofino Mountain, Deer Lodge and Powell Counties, Mont.

Saratov: pr. sä-rä'tof; city on Volga river, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 51° 35′ N., 46° E.

Saravia: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Sarawak: pr. săr-ă'wăk; Br. colony, n. w. Borneo; Dutch, Serawak.

Sarcar: see Sarkar.

Sarcilla: Sarcillo: see Zarcillo.

Sarcobatus: flat, Nye County, Nev., near lat. 37° 12′ N., long. 117° 00′ W. (Not Mirage.)

Sardaigne: see Sardegna.

***Sardegna (Sardinia)**: island and ter. division, Italy; Ital. Sardegna, pr. sardénya; Fr. Sardaigne; Ger. Sardinien; 40° N., 9° E.

Sardinia: see Sardegna.

Sargent: see Sergeant.

Sargent: see Sergeant Bluff.

Sarheen: cove, east side of El Capitan Passage, indenting Prince of Wales Island, near lat. 56° 03′ N., long. 133° 16′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Sa-heen, Sar-hene, nor Sarhine.)

Sar-hene: Sarhine: see Sarheen.

Sariaya: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sarkar: cove, east side of El Capitan Passage, indenting Prince of Wales Island, near lat. 56° 57′.5 N., long. 133° 15′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Sa-kaa, Sarcar, nor Sar-Kar.)

Sarre: see Saar.

Sarrebruck: see Saarbrücken.

Sarsillo: see Zarcillo.

Sarson: island, Sengekontacket Pond, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Sasan, Sason, nor Sirson.)

Sarstoon: see Sarstún.

Sarstún or **Sarstoon**: pr. särs-to͞on′; river, Guatemala and Br. Honduras; Guat. Sarstún; 15° 52′ N., 89° W.

Sartalla: see Sartartia.

Sartartia: village, Fort Bend County, Tex. (Not Sartalla.)

Saruhan: see Manisa.

Sarulagui: see Samalague, P.I.

Sarvice: see Service, creek, Oreg.

Sarvice Creek: see Service Creek, village, Oreg.

Sarvis: see Service, buttes and canyon, Oreg.

Sasacaeheh: see Sesachacha, pond, Mass.

Sasakwa: village, Seminole County, Okla. (Not Sa-sak-wa nor Wild Goose.)

Sasan: see Sarson.

Sasanoa: tidal river, connecting Kennebec River at Bath, with Sheepscot River, via Hockomock and Knubble Bays, Me. (Not Back, Sassanoa, nor Sassenow.)

Sasebo: seaport, n. w. Kyushu island, Japan; 33° 15′ N., 129° 45′ E.

Saskatchewan: prov., w. cen. Canada, and river crossing it.

Saskatoon: city, s. cen. Saskatchewan; 52° 9′ N., 106° 45′ W.

Sason: see Sarson.

Sassanoa: see Sasanoa.

Sassari: city, n. Sardegna, Italy; 40° 44′ N., 8° 34′ E.

Sassenou: see Sasanoa.

Sassonia: see Sachsen.

Satas: see Satus, village, Wash.

Satas River: see Satus, creek, Wash.

Satchrun: point, eastern side of entrance to Takanis Bay, southwestern side of Yakobi Island, lat. 57° 54′.2 N., long. 136° 31′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Satellite: island, in Prevost Harbor north shore of Stewart Island, San Juan Archipelago, San Juan County, Wash., near lat. 48° 41′ N., long. 123° 11′ W. (Not James.) There are three islands in San Juan Archipelago which hitherto have been called James. Two of these, 25 miles apart, are in San Juan County, Wash. The island here described was named James in 1859, probably in honor of Captain (later Admiral) James Charles Prevost, commanding H. M. S. *Satellite* on the Pacific Station, 1857–1860. It is now named Satellite after Prevost's ship.

Satilla: river, southeastern Georgia. (Not Santilla.)

Satterley: see Sotterley.

Satulah: mountain, Macon County, N. C. (Not Stuley.)

Satul-Mare: city, ext. n. w. Rumania; Mag. Szatmár-Németi; 47° 48′ N., 22° 53′ E. Not Satu-Mare.

Satu-Mare: see Satul-Mare.

Satus: creek, tributary to Yakima River from west, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Satas River.)

Satus: village, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Satas.)

Sau: see Sava.

Sauang: see Sawang, P. I.

Saub: barrio and plantation, on Saub River, and river, lat. 9° 29′ 1″, long. 118° 36′ 5″, eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Sauble: see Hamlin, lake, Mich.

Sauceda: mountains, near long. 112° 40′, W., Pima and Maricopa counties, Ariz. (Not Saucedo nor Saucita.)

Saucelito: see Sausalito.

Saudi Arabia: kingdom, s. w. Asia; name formerly "Kingdom of the Hejaz and Nejd and its Dependencies" (until officially changed Sept. 22, 1932). Not Arabian Saudian Kingdom.

Saugkonnet: see Sakonnet, point, R. I.

Sauk: point, near Baraboo, Sauk County, Wis. (Not Point Sauk nor Sauk Summit.)

Saul's Cross Roads: see Saulston.

Saulston: township and village, Wayne County, N. C. (Not Saul's Cross Roads.)

Sault Ste. Marie: city, Ontario, Canada, on "Soo" canal, bet. Lakes Superior and Huron; 46° 31′ N., 84° 10′ W.

Sault Ste. Marie: city, Chippewa County, Mich. (Not St. Marys Falls.)

Saunders: point, Little Bay de Noc, Delta County, Mich. (Not Saunder's.)

Saunders: see Sanders, creek, S. C.

Saunders: see Yellow House, creek, S. C.

Sauquel: see Soquel.

Saurian Crest: peak, altitude 11,065 feet, Sierra Nevada Range, lat. 38° 08′.6 N., long. 119° 34′.4 W., southeast Forsyth Peak and northwest Mary Lake, Tuolumne County, Calif.

Sausalito: town and township, Marin County, Calif. (Not Saucelito.)

Sauvie: island, Columbia River, Columbia and Multnomah Counties, Oreg. (Not Sauvie's.)

Sava: trib. of the Danube, n. Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Sava; Fr. Save; Ger. Sau; Mag. Száva.

Savage: landing, Ohio River, Lawrence County, Ohio. (Not Savage's.)

Savage: river, Garrett County, Md. (Not Savay.)

Savanna: lake, about 8 miles northeast of Elliott, Dorchester County, Md. (Not The Savannah nor The Savannah Lake.)

Savanna: township and village, Pittsburg County, Okla. (Not Savannah.)

Savannah: river, forming the Georgia-South Carolina boundary line, beginning at the junction of the Tugaloo and Seneca Rivers, near lat. 34° 27′ N., long. 82° 53′ W., flows thence southeast into the Atlantic Ocean. (Pronounced să-văn′*a*.)

Savannah: township, Butler County, Nebr. (Not Savanah.)

Savannah: village, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Savanna.)

Savannah: see Savanna, Okla.

Savannah Lake, The: see Savanna, Md.

Savaovik: see Shaviovik.

Savay: see Savage, river, Md.

Save: see Sava.

Savidug: see Sabidug, P. I.

Savilton: village, Newburgh Town, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Savil, Savill, nor Saville.)

Saviovic: see Shaviovik.

Savona: seaport, n. Italy, near Genova; 44° 17′ N., 8° 30′ E.

Savonoski: river, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, draining to head of Naknek Lake, near lat. 58° 32′ N.

Savonoski: see Coville and Grosvenor.

Savoy: town and village, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Savoy Hollow.)

Sawang: barrio, Lobo Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sauang.)

Sawang: barrio, Maria Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros: and barrio, Romblon Municipality, Romblon Province, Romblon Island, P. I. (Not Sauang.)

Sawanukto: see Sagavanirktok.

Sawatch: mountains, Colo. (Not Saguache, Siwatch, nor Siwatche.)

Sawhatchee: see Osahatchee.

Sawik: mountain, altitude 2,135 feet, T. 2 N., R. 6 E., Salt River Indian Reservation, Maricopa County, Ariz. (Not Sheldon.)

Sawin: see Lawin, P. I.

Sawlog: creek, tributary to Big Hole River from southeast, in sec. 8, T. 1 N., R. 13 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Able.)

Sawlog: township, Hodgeman County, Kans. (Not Saw Log.)

Sawmill: bay, southeasterly side of Evans Island, lat. 60° 03′ N., long. 143° 03′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Evans.)

Sawmill: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., south center of Upper Geyser Basin, about 400 feet south of Grand Geyser on right bank of Firehole River.

Sawmill: see Ham, cove, Alaska.

Sawmill: see Joe Hill, creek, Mont.

Sawmill: see Torpy, gulch, Mont.

Sawmill: see Vacchiou, gulch, Mont.

Sawmill Creek: see Pole Gulch.

Sawteeth: steep bluff, 700 feet high, near Grand Marais, Cook County, Minn. (Not Sawtooth.)

Sawtooth: creek, T. 42 N., Rs. 6, 7, and 8 E., tributary to little North Fork Clearwater River from east, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not East Fork Little North Fork Clearwater River.)

Sawtooth: mountains, central Idaho—the mountain ranges and masses around the heads of the Salmon River, the South Fork Boise River, and Big Wood River. Includes Sawtooth Range, White Cloud Peaks, Boulder Mountains, Smoky Mountains, and Soldier Mountains. Not applicable north of Stanley Basin, west of Feather River, nor east of the valley of Big Wood River.

Sawtooth: peak, altitude 12,340 feet, Tulare County, Calif., on the south boundary of the Sequoia National Park, near lat. 35° 27′ N., long. 118° 33′ W. (Not Miner's.)

Sawtooth: range, central Idaho—the serrate range between the drainages of the South Fork of Payette River and the Middle Fork of Boise River, on the west, and of the main Salmon River and of the South Fork of Boise River, on the east, extending from the heads of Stanley Lake Creek and Trail Creek in (unsurveyed) T. 10 N., R. 12 E., Boise meridian, southerly and westerly to the head of the Yuba River approximately on the range line between T. 4 N., R. 10 E., and T. 4 N., R. 11 E.

Sawtooth: ridge, lying mostly in sec. 1, T. 26 S., R. 17 E., Kern County, Calif.

Sawtooth: see Northbound, lake, Idaho.

Sawtooth: see Sawteeth.

Sawtooth Mountain: see Orno, peak, Colo.

Sawtooth Range: see Anaconda Range.

Sawyer: glacier, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 57′ N., curves semicircularly west and south from International Boundary and reaches Tracy Arm near its head, about long. 133° 10′ 42″ W.

Sawyer: village, Carlton Town, Orleans County, N. Y. (Not Sawyers.)

Sawyer Bend: post light, Mississippi River, near St. Louis, Mo. (Not Sawyer's Bend.)

Sawyers: see Sawyer, village, N. Y.

Sawyer's Bend: see Sawyer Bend.

Sawyerville: village, Mount Olive Township, Macoupin County, Ill. (Not Sawyersville.)

Saxe: see Sachsen.

Saxeville: town and village, Waushara County, Wis. (Not Saxville.)

Saxony: see Sachsen.

Saxville: see Saxeville.

Sayao: barrio, Mogpog Municipality, Marinduque Province, P. I.

Sayao: barrio, Penarrubia Township, Abra Province, Luzon: and barrio, Sibonga Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Sayaw.)

Sayaw: see Sayao, P. I.

Sayres: neck, Lawrence Township, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Sayre nor Sayre's.)

Saysain: barrio, Bagac Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Saisain.)

Scajaquada: creek, Buffalo, Erie County, N. Y. (Not Seajaquada nor Scajaquady.)

Scalplock: mountain, altitude 7,720 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 22′ N., long. 113° 32′ W.

Scammon: city, Cherokee County, Kans. (Not Scammonville.)

Scammon: cove, north end Lake Huron, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Scammon's.)

Scandia: see Skandia.

Scandinavian: slough, on west side of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska. Channel leaves the river about 1 mile northwest of the lower end of Keefer Cutoff, lat. 58° 54′ N., long. 157° 41′ W., and rejoins the river about 4½ miles above Black Point.

Scanlan: town, Mississippi River, Crittenden County, Ark. (Not Scanlan's.)

Scapin: see Squapan.

Scarboro: creek and village, Worcester County, Md. (Not Scarborough's.)

Scarborough: seaport, Yorkshire, England; 54° 17′ N., 0° 26′ W.

Scarborough's: see Scarboro.

Scarecorn: creek, Pickens County, Ga. (Not Scearcorn.)

Scarface: mountain, lat. 48° 11′ N., long. 113° 01′ W., Pondera County, Mont.

Scarham: creek, Dekalb and Marshall counties, Ala. (Not Skirum.)

Scatter: creek, tributary to Cle Elum River from east, ½ mile south of Fish Lake, Kittitas County, Wash.

Scatter: see Solomon, creek, Wash.

Scearcorn: see Scarecorn.

Scenery: creek, Alaska, in Thomas Bay, mainland, entering Scenery Cove from the east, near lat. 57° 07′ N., long. 132° 45′ W., Tongass National Forest. Descriptive name given the cove by Commander Chas. M. Thomas, United States Navy, 1887.

Scenic: bay, at southern extremity of Pend Orielle Lake, south of Cape Horn Peak, Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Squaw.)

Scenic: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, tributary to Little Queens River from east, above Neinmeyer Creek.

Scenic Point: mountain, altitude 7,625 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 20′ W.

Schaffhausen: canton and city, ext. n. Switzerland; Fr. Schaffhouse; 47° 41′ N., 8° 38′ E.

Schakham: Schakhun: see Shakun.

Schaumberg: township and village, Cook County, Ill. (Not Schaumburg.)

*Schelde: see Scheldt.

Scheldt (Schelde): river, France and Belgium, to the w. Scheldt estuary in the Netherlands; Fr. Escaut; Flemish, Schelde.

Schellsburg: borough, Bedford County, Pa. (Not Schellburg nor Shellburg.)

Schenck: creek, Knox County, Ohio. (Not Schenck's, nor Skenks.)

Schenob: brook, chiefly in Sheffield, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Skerrob.)

Schiavonia: see Slavonia.

Schiedam: pr. skhē-däm′; city, Netherlands, near Rotterdam; 51° 55′ N., 4° 24′ E.

Schikoku: see Shikoku.

Schischmareff: see Shishmaret.

Schleisingerville: village, Washington County, Wis. (Not Schleighsingerville.)

Schlesien (Silesia): pr. shlā′zē-en; (1) in Germany, the Prussian provinces of Niederschlesien (Lower Silesia) and Oberschlesien (Upper Silesia), Germany—German Silesia included, prior to 1919, ter. now comprising parts of Poland and Czechoslovakia; (2) in Austria, former crownland. See also Silesia, Śląsk, and Slezsko.

Schleswig: pr. shlās′vikh; town and district, Schleswig-Holstein, n. w. Germany. Not Sleswick. See also Slesvig.

Schleswig-Holstein: pr. shlās′vikh hōl′shtīn; prov., Prussia, n. Germany; the province formerly included ter. now comprising part of Denmark.

Schodack: see Hell Gate, channel, N. Y.

Schofield: see Scholfield.

Schofield Barracks: cantonment of the United States Army at Leilehua, near the center of Oahu, T. H.

Scholfield: creek, Douglas County, Oreg., tributary on south bank of Umpqua River, near Reedsport. (Not Schofield nor Scofield.) Named after Socrates Scholfield, a pioneer explorer of that part of Oregon.

Scholing: see Granite, creek, Wyo.
Schönwetterberg: see Fairweather.
Schoodic: see Chiputneticook.
Schoodic: see Grand, lake, Me.
Schoolcraft: river, rising in Schoolcraft Lake, sec. 32, T. 143 N., R. 34 W., flowing into Lake Plantagenet, tributary to Mississippi River, Hubbard and Beltrami Counties, Minn. (Not Laplace, Ozawindib, Plantagenian Fork, Yellow Head, nor Yellowhead.)
Schoona: Schooner: see Skuna.
Schoonhoven: Schoonoven: see Boulder, creek, Alaska.
Schorns: see Seehorn.
Schottland: see Scotland.
Schulls Mills: see Shulls Mill.
Schupernong: see Scuppernong.
Schurz: mountain (Mount Schurz), Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 110° 04′ W. Named, 1895, for Carl Schurz, Secretary of the Interior, 1889–1893.
Schuyler: ledge, 1 mile south of Sakonnet Point, R. I. (Not Schuylers.)
Schuyler: see Magnolia, railroad station, Colo.
Schuyler: see Canadarago, lake, N. Y.
Schuylerville: village, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not Schuylersville.)
Schwak: see Swauk.
Schwar: creek, T. 30 N., R. 11 E., draining Bilk Lake, Idaho County, Idaho.
Schwarzes Meer: see Black Sea.
Schweden: see Sweden.
Schweiz: see Switzerland.
Scilly Is`ands: pr. sĭl′ĭ; group, Cornwall county, s. w. England; 49° 55′ N., 6° 20′ W.
Scioto: river, in Ohio, rising in Auglaize Co., near lat. 40° 38′ N., long. 83° 56′ W., flows thence southeast and south into the Ohio River, near long. 83° 01′ W. (Pronounced, sī-ō′-tō.)
Scircleville: town, Clinton County, Ind. (Not Circleville.)
Scofield: see Scholfield.
Sconset: see Siasconset.
Scorpion: ridge, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 17′ W.
Scotland: division of Great Britain; Fr. Écosse; Ger. Schottland.
Scotland: light vessel at entrance to New York Bay. (Not Scottland.)
Scots Flat: see Scotts Flat.
Scott: bluffs, Mississippi River, East Baton Rouge Parish, La. (Not Scott's.)
Scott: creek, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Scotts.)
Scott: island, eastern entrance of Inishkin Bay, northern shore Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 38′ N., long. 153° 26′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.
Scott: peak, altitude 8,938 feet, Crater Lake National Park, Klamath County, Oreg.
Scott: point, on Catawba Island, Lake Erie, Ottawa County, Ohio. (Not Scott's.)
Scott: village, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Scotts Corners.)
Scott Flat: see Scotts Flat.
Scottie: creek, rising in Canada and flowing across the International Boundary (between Canada and Alaska) at lat. 62° 38′.3 N., long. 141° W., and joining the Chisana River at lat. 62° 41′ N., long. 141° 27′ W., Alaska. (Not Scotty.)
Scottland: village, Edgar County, Ill. (Not Scott Land.)
Scottland: see Scotland, light vessel, N. Y.
Scott Middle Ground: shoal, between Belle Isle and water front of Detroit, Detroit River, Mich. (Not Scott's Middle Ground.)
Scottsbluff: city, Scotts Bluff County, Nebr. (Not Scotts Bluff.)
Scotts Corners: see Scott, village, N. Y.
Scotts Flat: village, Nevada County, Calif. (Not Scots Flat nor Scott Flat.)
Scotty: see Scottie.
Scovill: rock, Connecticut River, near Higganum, Middlesex County, Conn. (Not Scovill's.)
Scrag: island, eastern side of South Pass, Sukkwan Strait, on northwestern side of Sukkwan Island, lat. 55° 11′.3 N., long. 133° 51′.2 W., southeastern Alaska.

Scraggy: islands, several small islands near the head of Salisbury Sound, lat. 57° 20′.4 N., long. 135° 42′.3 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Samoilof.)

Scranton: city, in Lackawanna Co., Pennsylvania, on the Lackawanna River, near lat. 41° 24′ N., long. 75° 42′ W. Population in 1930, 143,428. (Pronounced, skrăn′-tŭn.)

Scrogum: island, Mississippi River, near Prairie du Chien, Wis. (Not Scrogum's.)

Scrub: see Matojo, P. R.

Scull: islet, Young Bay, Stephens Passage, lat. 58° 12′ N., long. 134° 38′.3 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Skull.)

Scuna: see Skuna.

Scuppernong: creek, Wis., Waukesha County, and river, Jefferson and Waukesha Counties, both tributary to Bark River from east. (Not Schupernong nor Scupernong.)

Scusset: beach and Harbor, near Plymouth, Mass. (Not Scussett.)

Scutari (Albania): see Shkodër.

Scutari (Turkey): see Üsküdar.

Scylla: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 16′ W.

Sea: rock (breaker, island, or reef), near southern entrance to Salisbury Sound, lat. 57° 20′.3 N., long. 135° 52′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Morskoi.)

Seaconnet: see Sakonnet, point, R. I.

Seaford: town, Sussex County, Del. (Not Seford.)

Sea Girt: borough, on the Atlantic Ocean, Monmouth County, N. J. (Not Seagirt.)

Sea Grove: see Cape May Point, borough, N. J.

Seagull: creek, northern Alaska, on south slope Brooks Range, tributary on west bank Nimiuktuk River, Noatak River, near lat. 68° 25′ N., long. 160° W.

Sea Gull: see Baby, islets, Alaska.

Seahorse: key, west coast of Florida, near Cedar Keys. (Not Sea-Horse.)

Sea Islands: the group or chain on the Atlantic coast of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, extending from the mouth of Santee River to the mouth of St. Johns River. They are all sandy islands of similar origin.

Seajaquada: see Scajaquada.

Seal: bay, on south shore of Tenakee Inlet, Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 50′ N., long. 135° 32′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Seal: see Pond, bay, Alaska.

Seal: see Reef, island, Alaska.

Seal: see Sail, rock, Calif.

Seal: see Sail, rock, Wash.

Sealing: reef, south and east of Percy Islands and 2¼ miles west of Point White, Duke Island, lat. 54° 55′.6 N., long. 131° 33′.6 W., southeastern Alaska.

Seal Island: rocks, Seal Island, Buzzards Bay, Plymouth County, Mass.

Sealion: see Kaligagan.

Sea Otter: see Augustine, rocks, Alaska.

Sea Otter: see Douglas, reef, Alaska.

Sea-Otter: see Latax.

Sea Ranger: reef, about 2 miles off the western coast of Kayak Island and 3½ miles northward of Cape St. Elias, lat. 59° 01′.1 N., long. 144° 37′.3 W., Alaska.

Searle: rock, entrance to Salem Harbor, Essex County, Mass. (Not Searl's.)

Sears: island and ledge, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Brigadier's nor Sear's.)

Seattle: city, in King Co., Washington, on Puget Sound, near lat. 47° 37′ N., long. 122° 20′ W. Population in 1930, 365,518. (Pronounced sē-ăt′-ĕl.)

Seaview: village, on Oregon-Washington Railroad, Pacific County, Wash. (Not Sea View.)

Seawell's: see Sewall.

Sebasco: harbor, Casco Bay, Phippsburg Town, Sagadahoc County, Me. (Not Horse Island.)

Sebascodegan: island, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Great nor Sebascodiggin.)

Sebasticook: lake, draining into Sebasticook River, Newport Town, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Newport Pond.)

Sebati: see Ship Rock.

Sebatos: Sebattis: see Sabattus.

Sebenico: see Šibenik.

Sebethe: see Mattabesset.

***Seboeis:** lake, plantation, river, and village, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Seboois.)

Seboeis: see Seboois, lake, Me.

Sebonac: neck, Southampton Town, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Sebonack nor Seponack.)

Seboois: lake, T. 4, R. 9 N., W. P. Piscataquis County, Me. (Not Seboeis.)

Seboois: see Seboeis.

Sebrina: see Sabrina.

Sechacha: see Sesachacha.

Seclock: see Segloch.

Secluded: bay, west coast Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, connected with head of Necker Bay by narrow channel, near lat. 56° 42′ N.

Second: see Inner, point, Alaska.

Secret: valley, Yellowstone National Park, near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 47′ W.

Secret Valley: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 42′ N., long. 110° 50′ W., draining Secret Valley and flowing east into Gibbon River.

Section: point, San Juan County, Colo.

Security: point, west side of Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, south side of entrance to Security Cove, near lat. 54° 42′ N., long. 132° 53′ W.

Sedan: see Smith, lake, Mont.

Sedanka: cape, northeastern point of Sedanka Island; lat. 53° 45′ N., long. 166° 12′ W., near Unalaska, eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Biorka.)

Sedanka: island, lat. 53° 45′ N., long. 166° 12′ W., near Unalaska Island. (Not Biorka, Siganak, Siginak, nor Sithanak.)

Sedanka: pass, between Cape Sedanka and Egg Island, eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Egg Island Passage.)

Seddon: channel, Tampa Harbor, Hillsborough County, Fla., west of Seddon Island. (Not Main Ship nor Seddon Island.)

Seddon: see Bland, village, Va.

Sedge: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 11′ W., flowing northwest and southwest through Turbid Lake into Yellowstone Lake.

Sedger: see Perrin, river, Va.

Sedgeunkedunk: stream, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Segeunkedunk.)

Sedgy Creek: see Perrin, river, Va.

***Sedro-Woolley:** city and precinct, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Sedro Woolley nor Sedro Woolly.) In 1898, places known as Sedro and Woolley were consolidated.)

See All: mountain, Pocahontas County, W. Va. (Not See-all nor Seeall.)

***Seed:** lake, Lake County, Minn., and Rainy River District, Ontario, Canada, west of Knife Lake, between Portage Lake on the east and Melon Lake on the west.

Seedskeedee: see Tunp.

Seehorn: creek, Jefferson County, Tenn. (Not Schorns nor Sohorn.)

Seekonk: river, flows south from Pawtucket Falls between Providence and East Providence into the Providence River, R. I.

Seekseekwa: stream, tributary to Deschutes River, in sec. 25, T. 10 R. 12, Warm Springs Indian Reservation, Jefferson County, Oreg. (Not Seek-see-qua, Seekseequa, Sicsecqua, Sicsequa, nor Sicsicqua.)

Seeland (Denmark): see Sjaelland.

Seeland (Netherlands): see Zeeland.

Seeley: creek, Sauk County, Wis. (Not Seely.)

Seeley: town, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Cedar Grove.)

Seely: township, Guthrie County, Iowa. (Not Seeley.)

Seely: see Seeley, creek, Wis.

Seemo: creek, rising in sec. 13, T. 36 N., R. 24 W., tributary to Yakinikak Creek from south, Flathead County, Mont.

Seep: spring, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near rim of south wall of canyon, lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 24′ W.

Seford: see Seaford.

Seged: see Sogod, P. I.

Segeke: butte, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Sa-gee-ka.)

Segetoa: spring, Apache County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat., 35° 48′ N., long. 109° 20′ W.

Segeunkedunk: see Sedgeunkedunk.

Segi: mesas, Navajo County, Ariz., near northwest corner of county, adjoining the state boundary line. (Not Tsegi.)

Segihatsosi: canyon, 10 miles northwest of Tyende, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Sagi ot sosi, Sagy at sosi, Tsegihatsosi, nor Tseyi Hatsosi.)

Segloch: run, Lancaster and Lebanon Counties, Pa. (Not Seclock, Seglock, nor Zelock.)

Segovia: pr. seh-gō′vēä; river, Nicaragua.

Segreganset: river and village, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Sweganset.)

Seguam: island, about 11 miles long, 2,098 feet high, eastern end of Middle Aleutians, lat. 52° 20′ N., long. 172° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Siguam.)

Segula: island, 3,870 feet high, east of Kiska Island, lat. 52° 02′ N., long. 178° 09′ E., western Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Chugal nor Chugul.)

Seharunpur: see Saharanpur.

Sehili: settlement, Spruce Brook, near head of Canyon del Muerto, Apache County, Ariz.

Seiganaga: Seiganagaw: Seiganagooh: see Sanganaga.

Seine: pr. sān; river, n. cen. France, to English Channel, through Paris.

Seine: see Reseau.

Seishu (Chungju): city, Chosen; alternate Jap. off. spellings, Seishu and Tyundyu; Korean, Chungju; 36° 37′ N., 127° 30′ E.

Sekiu: point and river, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Sekiou nor Sekou.)

***Seklagaidesa:** canyon, southwest of Carrizo Mountains, at head of Walker Creek, north of Alcove Canyon, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Tse lagai dez-a nor Tseklagai-deza.)

Sekou: see Sekiu.

Selacee: see Silesia, creek, Wash.-B. C.

Selah: precinct and village, Yakima County, Wash.

Selam: see Salem.

Selanik: see Thessalonikē.

Selawik: lake, 13 miles east of Kotsebu Sound, lat. 66° 30′ N., long. 161° W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Sa-la-wik.)

Selby's: see Martin, bay, Md.

Selden: island, Potomac River, Montgomery County, Md. (Not Selden's, nor Sheldon.)

***Selden:** pass, Fresno County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, near lat. 37° 17′ N., long. 118° 52′ W. (Not Seldon.)

Seldon: see Selden.

Seldovia: river, entering head of Seldovia Bay, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 23′.5 N., long. 151° 42′ W., Alaska.

Selébès: see Celebes.

Seleni: Selenie: see Settlement, point, Alaska.

Self: creek, Jefferson County, Ala. (Not Shell.)

Selinsgrove: borough, Snyder County, Pa. (Not Selins Grove.)

Selish: see Flathead, lake, Mont.

Selkirk: mountains, northeastern Washington and northern Idaho, limited on west and southwest by Columbia River from the international boundary to mouth of Spokane River, thence southward by edge of Columbia basalt plateau to vicinity of southern end of Lake Cœur d'Alene, and on east by Purcell Trench.

Sellars: town, Morgan County, Ky. (Not Sellers.)

Sellars: see Tenmile, village, W. Va.

Sellers: landing, Ohio River, Hardin County, Ill. (Not Seller's.)

Sellers: see Sellars, Ky.

Sellers: see Tenmile, village, W. Va.

Seltat: peak, altitude 6,632 feet Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking a sharp angle on the international boundary, 4 miles southwest of Kelsall River, near lat. 59° 36′, long. 136° 21′. This is the Indian name of creek 3 miles west.

Semarang: seaport, n. cen. Java; 7° S., 110° 30′ E. Not Samarang.

Semem: creek, T. 24 N., Rs. 26 and 27 W., tributary to Thompson River from the east, Sanders County, Mont. (Not Squaw.)

Semerara: see Semirara, P. I.

Seme-rone: see Cimarron.

***Semiahmoo:** bay and township, Whatcom County, Wash. (Not Semiamoo.)

Semiamoo: see Semiahmoo.

Semichi: islands, group of 3 islands, about 20 miles east of Attu Island, lat. 52° 44′ N., long. 174° E., western Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Semitchi.)

Semidi: islands, group of 8 islands about 93 miles southwest of Kodiak Island, lat. 56° 06′ N., long. 156° 43′ W., Alaska. (Not Foggy nor Seven.)

Seminoe: canyon, North Platte River, Carbon County, Wyo., lying between Seminoe Mountains on the west and the Freezeout Mountains on the east, located in lat. 42° 10′ N., long. 106° 50′ W., T. 25 N., R. 84 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Black.)

Seminoe: dam site, Carbon County, Wyo., near the upper end of Seminoe Canyon, in the North Platte River, located in T. 25 N., R. 84 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Granite.) Named for Basil Lajeunesse, known as Seminoe, who, as a member of Fremont's party, accompanied the explorer on his first expedition into Wyoming.

Seminoe: mountains, lying between Sand Creek Gap and North Platte River, Carbon County, Wyo. (Not Seminole.)

Semipalatinsk: pr. sĕm-ĭ-pä-lä′tinsk; city, Kazak A. S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 50° 28′ N., 80° 13′ E.

Semirara: island and town, southeast of Mindoro, P. I. (Not Semerara nor Cimirara.)

Semisopochnoi: island, altitude 3,112 feet, eastern part of western Aleutians, lat. 57° 58′ N., long. 179° 40′ E., Alaska. (Not Seven Mountains.)

Semitchi: see Semichi.

Semper: village, Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Sempter.)

Sendai: pr. sĕn-dī; city, n. e. part main island, Japan; 38° 15′ N., 140° 55′ E.

Seneagouteen: town, Bonner County, Idaho. (Not Senyaquateen, Siniaquoteen, nor Sinyakwateen.)

Seneasha: creek, tributary to Big Black River, Attala County, Miss. (Not Seneatcha nor Sineasha.)

Seneatcha: see Seneasha.

Seneca: lake, T. 36 N., R. 107 W. Fremont County, Wyo.

Senegal: Fr. colony, ext. w. Africa.

Sen-eh say: see Silesia, creek, Wash.-B. C.

Sengekontacket: pond, near Edgartown, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Sensekontacket.)

Seno de San Alberto: see San Alberto.

Sensekontacket: see Sengekontacket.

Senta: town, n. e. Yugoslavia; Mag Zenta; 45° 53′ N., 20° 4′ E.

Senter's: see Centers.

Sentinel: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 56′ W., flowing northeast and east into Firehole River, in Lower Geyser Basin.

Sentinel: see Maricopa, point, Ariz.

Sentinel, The: mountain, altitude 8,100 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 114° 00′ W.

Senyaquateen: see Seneagouteen.

***Seoul:** see Keijo.

Seponack: see Sebonac.

Sepulcher: mountain, altitude 9,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 45° 00′ N., long. 110° 46′ W. So called because of a tomblike rock on its northwest slopes.

Sequa: lake, T. 35 N., R. 106 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Sequachee: see Sequatchie College.

Sequachee: see Sequatchie, Tenn.

Sequalichew: creek, below Steilacoom, western side Puget Sound, emptying into Nisqually Reach southeast of Anderson Island, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Signalichew.)

Sequan: indian reservation and mountain peak, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Cycuan, Sycuan, nor Syenan.)

Sequatchie: county, river, and valley, Tenn. (Not Sequachee.)

Sequatchie: village, Marion County, Tenn.

Sequatchie: see Sequatchie College.

***Sequatchie College:** village, Bledsoe County, Tenn. (Not College, Sequachee nor Sequatchie.)

***Sequit:** small stream and canyon (Arroyo Sequit), in Malibu land grant, southwestern end of Los Angeles County, Calif., between Nicholas Canyon in Los Angeles County and Little Sycamore Canyon in Ventura County. (Not Siquis nor Siquit.)

Sequoia: village, Tuolumne County, Calif. (Not Crocker nor Crocker's.)

Sequoya: railroad station, Rogers County, Okla. (Not Se-quo-yah, nor Sequoyah.)

Sequoyah: peak (Mount Sequoyah), altitude about 6,000 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, Sevier County, Tenn., and Swain County, N. C., near lat. 35° 40′ N., long. 83° 18′ 15″ W. Name of a prominent early Cherokee Indian, inventor of the Cherokee alphabet, suggested by the North Carolina and Tennessee Nomenclature Committees of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park.

Séran: see Ceram.

Serang: see Ceram.

Serawak: see Sarawak.

Serbia: part of Yugoslavia; formerly separate kingdom; Serb-Croat, Srbija, pr. serbiya; Fr. Serbie; Ger. Serbien; Ital. Serbia. Not Servia.

Seredni: point, northern side of Kodiak Island, in the bay to the westward of Spruce Island, lat. 57° 54′.3 N., long. 152° 35′ W., Alaska. (Not Middle nor Serednie.)

Sergeant: township, McKean County, Pa. (Not Sargent.)

Sergeant Bluff: post office, village, and bluff, about 100 feet high in Woodbury County, Iowa, 7 or 8 miles south of Sioux City, on east bank of Missouri River. (Not Sargent nor Sergeants.) Named after Sergeant Charles Floyd of the Lewis and Clark Expedition, buried with military honors on the top of this bluff, August, 1804.

Sergipe: pr. sehr-zhē′peh; state, Brazil.

Seria: point, west end of Northeast Cay; and knob or hill, altitude 263 feet, 250 yards southeast of point, Culebra Group, P. R.

Serinagur: see Srinagar.

Serpentine: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in south wall of canyon draining northeast into the Colorado River, near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 20′ W.

Serpent Tongue: glacier, 12 miles northeast of Mt. Katmai, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, drained northwest by Rainbow River to the south bank of Savonoski River, near lat. 58° 25′ N., long. 154° 40′ W.

Servia: see Serbia.

Service: buttes and canyon, T. 2 N., R. 28 E., and Springs, Ts. 2 and 3 N., R. 28 E., Umatilla County, Oreg. (Not Sarvis.)

Service: creek, tributary to John Day River from north in T. 9 S., R. 23 E., Wheeler County, Oreg. (Not Sarvice.)

***Service Creek:** village, Wheeler County, Oreg. (Not Sarvice Creek, Sarvice creek, nor Servicecreek.) Named for the serviceberry, the fruit of the service shrub or small tree (*Amelanchier alnifolia*) found throughout the Northwestern States. Frequently called "sarvis berry."

Servis: landing, Mississippi River, Jefferson County, Miss. (Not Servis's.)

Serviss: see Ingraham.

Servis's: see Servis.

Sesachacha: pond, Nantucket, Mass. (Not Sachacha, Sasacaeheh, nor Sechacha.)

Sesuit: creek and harbor, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Sursuit.)

Sète: w. Mediterranean seaport, s. France; formerly Cette; 43° 25′ N., 3° 45′ E.

Seth: glacier, draining into Poe Bay, north shore of Passage Canal, lat. 60° 51′.7 N., long. 148° 32′.7 W., northwestern coast of Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Poe.)

Setsiltso: springs, Apache County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 43′ N., long. 109° 42′ W. (Not Saeltso, Su eltso, nor Tsetsiltso.)

Setterly: see Sotterley.

Settlement: point, three-fourths mile long, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, east shore Pavlof Bay, near lat. 55° 30′ N., long. 161° 30′ W. (Not Seleni nor Selenie.)

Settler: point, on Columbia River, about 7 miles east of Astoria, west of mouth of Bear Creek, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Settler's nor Settlers.)

Settlers: township, Sioux County, Iowa. (Not Settler nor Suttlers.)

Seven: see Semidi.

Sevenmile: hill, Tulare County, Calif., a short ridge in Ts. 15 and 16 S., R. 30 E., between Panther and Merten creeks, Sequoia National Park.

Seven Mile: see Neville.

Seven Mile Brook: see Carrabassett.

Sevenmile River: see Carrabassett.

Seven Mountains: see Semisopochnoi.

Seven Point: mountain, sec. 30, T. 24 N., R. 29 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Seven Sisters: see Pleiades.

Seventysix: gulch, running north from pass above Twin Lakes into Monte Cristo Town, Snohomish County, Wash.

Severn: river, w. England, w. to Bristol Channel.

Severnaya Dvina: see Dvina.

Sevier: river, in Utah, formed in Garfield Co., near lat. 37° 51′ N., long. 112° 27′ W., by the junction of Assay and Panguitch creeks, flowing thence northerly to a point near lat. 39° 35′ N., thence southwest more than 60 miles into Sevier Lake, which it created and maintains. (Pronounced, sē-vēr.)

Sevilla: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohoi, P. I.

Sevilla (Seville): province and city, s. Spain; Sp. Sevilla, pr. sā-vēl′yä; Fr. Séville; Ital. Siviglia, pr. sē-vēl′-yä; 37° 25′ N., 6° W.

Sevy: canyon, west slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in secs. 17 and 18, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about half a mile west of South Peak, and about 2 miles northeast of Chadman Spring. Named after an early prospector.

Sewall: point, Hampton Roads, Va. (Not Seawell's.)

Seward: mountain, altitude 8,879 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 42′ W.

Seward: peak, one of Black Buttes group, southwestern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Seward: town, at head of Resurrection Bay, lat. 60° 07′ N., long. 149° 27′ W., southern side Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Seward: township, Kosciusko County, Ind. (Not Steward.)

Seward: see Soward.

Sexmoan: municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sexton: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 42′ N., long. 113° 38′ W., on north slope of Going-to-the-Sun Mountain.

Seymourville: village, Grant County, W. Va. (Not Seymoursville.)

Seyran: see Siiran, P. I.

Sezhini: butte, north of Canyon De Chelly, between that and Canyon Del Muerto, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Sa jini nor Sa-jini.)

's Gravenhage (Hague, The): city, seat of government of the Netherlands (but not the constitutional capital—*see* Amsterdam); Dutch 's Gravenhage, pr. skhrä-vĕn-hä'ga, or Den Haag; Fr. La Haye; Ger. Haag; Ital. L'Aia; 52° 5′ N., 4° 18′ E.

Shackelford: county, Texas, on the Clear Fork of the Brazos River. (Not Shackleford.) Named after Dr. (Capt.) John Shackelford, who was a pioneer of Texas. At the battle of Goliad where 506 Americans were shot he was spared because the Mexicans needed his services as surgeon.

Shackleford: bank, Beaufort Harbor, N. C. (Not Shackleford's.)

*__Shackleford__: railroad station, Saline County, Mo. (Not Shackelford.)

Shackleford: see Shackelford, county, Tex.

Shadow: small bay, Nushagak region, Alaska, at the head of Chauekuktuli Lake, lat. 60° 00′ N., long. 159° 10′ W. Due to the high and steep slopes of the surrounding mountains this bay is almost always dark and in shadow.

Shadow: brook, Otsego County, N. Y. (Not East Springfield.)

Shadow: lake, Shasta County, Calif., three-fourths mile northwest of White Mountain, in sec. 7, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Shadow: point, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 48′ W.—end of spur extending east from Nez Perce Peak, whose afternoon shadow falls over the point reducing its visibility.

Shadow Hall: see Charter Hall.

Shadwell: creek, rises in McKenzie County, N. Dak., in T. 146 N., R. 105 W., fifth principal meridian, flows northwest into Yellowstone River in T. 20 N., R. 59 E. Named for William Shadwell, who built a cabin at the mouth of this draw and opened a woodyard to supply the small steamboats that were commencing to work up the Yellowstone.

Shady Oak: lake, Minnetonka Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Shady.)

Shafer: creek, rising in Alaska, flowing across international boundary at lat. 67° 51′.5 N., long. 141° W., joining Old Crow River at lat. 67° 56′ N., long. 146° 33′ W., Canada. (Not Shaefer.)

Shaft: rock, 128 feet high, southeastern Alaska, west shore Noyes Island, 1 mile north Cape Addington.

Shag: creek, tributary to Bradfield Canal from north, 4½ miles west of Duck Island, southeastern Alaska.

Shag: see Glacier, peak, **Oreg.**

Shag: see Urilia, bay, Alaska.

Shagavanuktok: see Sagavanirktok.

Shagoopah: see Chagoopa, falls, Calif.

Shagwamigon: see Chequamegon.

Shakum: pond, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Waushakum.)

Shakun: rock, northwestern side of Shelik of Strait about 23 miles southwest of Cape Douglas, lat. 58° 32′ N., long. 153° 42′ W., Alaska. (Not Schakham nor Schakhun.)

Shale: hills, northeast quarter of T. 27 S., R. 18 E., and that portion of south half of T. 26 S., R. 18 E., which lies east of Raven Pass, Kern County, Calif.

Shale: island, small, in southern end of Ogden Passage, near junction of Rough and Smooth Channels, lat. 57° 36′ 38″ N., long. 136° 07′ 50″ W., southeastern Alaska.

Shale: point, low ridge in northeast quarter of sec. 7, T. 27 S., R. 19 E., Kern County, Calif.

Shaler Plateau: headland, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 19′ W.

Shallow: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 15′ W., flowing north into Deep Creek.

Shallowpool: see Shillapoo.

Shamrock: glacier, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, about 12 miles long, southwest of Chakachamna Lake, near long. 152° 50′ W. So named because the glacier resembles a shamrock leaf.

Shandon: village, Butler County, Ohio. (Not Glendower, New London, nor Paddy's Run.)

Shane: branch, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Shane's.)

Shane: creek, Stillwater County, Mont., tributary to Stillwater River, in Ts. 2–4 S., R. 20 E., Montana meridian. Named, according to local authorities, for Tom O. Shane, who operated in that section years ago with a large herd of horses and cattle.

Shanghai: city, Kiangsu prov., China; 31° 15′ N., 121° 30′ E.

Shansi: prov., n. cen. China proper; east of Shensi.

Shanto: see Shato.

Shantung: prov., n. e. China proper, and peninsula thereof.

Shanub: point, on north rim of the Grand Canyon, 4¼ miles west of mouth of Kanab Creek, Mohave County, Ariz. Named from Indian word meaning *dog*.

Shaokatan: township, Lincoln County, Minn. (Not Shaokaton.)

Shapely: Shapleys: see Marvin.

Sharavanaktok: see Sagavanirktok.

Sharaepof: see Izhut, bay, Alaska.

Sharkfin: shoal, Tangier Sound, Chesapeake Bay, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Shark's Fin.)

Shark Tooth: hill, altitude 2,750 feet, about 1½ miles east of head of Oil Bay, lat. 59° 39′.9 N., long. 153° 14′.5 W., northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Sharodsville: see Sherrodsville.

***Sharonville:** village, Hamilton County, Ohio. (Not Sharon.)

Sharp: see Aguda, P. R.

Sharps: island, near mouth of Choptank River, Chesapeake Bay, Md. (Not Sharp's.)

Sharp Top: see White Rock, peak, N. C. and Tenn.

Shasi: city, Hupeh prov., cen. China, on Yangtze River, 30° 16′ N., 112° 18′ E.

Shato: plateau, Coconino and Navajo Counties, and canyon and spring, Navajo County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 110° 40′ W. (Not Shanto.)

Shatt Dijla: see Tigris.

Shatterack: mountain, Bennington County, Vt. (Not Shettarack.)

Shavano: peak, Sawatch Mountains, Chaffee County, Colo. (Not Mount Usher.)

Shaviovik: river, debouching on Arctic coast 90 miles east of Colville River, about lat. 70° 12′ N., long. 147° 15′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Savaovik nor Saviovic.)

Shaw: island, in southern part of Kamishak Bay, Cook Inlet, about 10 miles northwestward from Cape Douglas, lat. 59° N., long. 153° 23′ W., Alaska. (Not Shaw's nor Shaws.)

Shaw: see Urilia, bay, Alaska.

Shawangunk: mountains, Orange, Sullivan, and Ulster Counties, N. Y. (Not Millbrook.)

Shaw Branch: stream, St. Francois County, Mo., tributary to Flat River at Flat River City. (Not Davis nor Shaws.)

Shawl: see Quetta.

Shaws: island, Grand Lake, La. (Not Shaw's.)

Shaws: Shaw's: see Hayden.

Shaws: see Shaw.

Shaws: see Shaw Branch.

Sheak: see Sheek.

Sheba Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 111° 56′ W.

Shedd: precinct and village, Linn County, Oreg. (Not Shedd's.)

Shedhorn: mountain hogback, near head of Cache Creek, sec. 36, T. 8 S., R. 2 E., Madison County, Mont.

Sheek: island, St. Lawrence River, Ontario, Canada, opposite Massena Town, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Sheak, Sheeks, Sheik's, Sheiks, Shieck, nor Shieck's.)

Sheep: creek, rising in Lookout Mountain, T. 15 S., Rs. 35 and 35½ E., tributary to North Fork Malheur River from west, Baker County, Oreg. (Not Bear.)

Sheep: creek, head of North Cottonwood Creek, T. 33, Sublette County, Wyo. (Not McDougls.)

Sheep: small island, Nushagak region, Alaska, near the mouth of Wood River, lat. 59° 04′ N., long. 158° 25′ W. This is a well known local name.

Sheep: mountain, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, about 2 miles below east end of Kenai Lake, lat. 60° 18′ N., long. 149° 18′ W.

Sheep: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Ariz., near lat. 48° 20′ N., long. 113° 28′ W.

Sheep: mountain, Flathead County Mont.

Sheep: pass, Tulare and Inyo County boundary, near lat. 36° 37′ N., long. 118° 18′ W., east boundary Sequoia National Park.

Sheep: see Midway, bay, Alaska.

Sheep: see Tatonduk, river, Alaska.

Sheep: see Big Sheep, creek, B. C.

Sheep: see Brooks, island, Calif.

Sheep: see Centennial Cone, mountain, Colo.

Sheep: see Thorodin, mountain, Colo.

Sheep: see Big Canyon, creek, Oreg.

Sheep: see Lookout, creek, Oreg.

Sheep: see South Fork Elk, creek, Oreg.

Sheep: see Coolidge, mountain, S. Dak.

Sheep: see Theodore Roosevelt, mountain, S. D.

Sheepback: see Cheatbeck.

Sheep Creek: see Thane, village, Alaska.

Sheepeater: cliffs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., forming east wall of Gardiner River Canyon, near summit, from 7-mile bridge northeast, then southeast on south side of Lava Creek, to high point on east side of creek.

Sheeprock: mountains, southern end of Onaqui Range, separated from West Tintic Mountains by Cherry Creek Valley, Juab and Tooelee Counties, Utah. (Not Sheep Rock.)

Sheep Rock: see Corcoran.

Sheepscot: bay, river, and village, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Sheepscott.)

Sheer-off-there: see Alargate.

Sheets: ripple, Ohio River near, Garand View, Washington County, Ohio. (Not Sheet's.)

Sheffield: city, Yorkshire, England; 53° 22′ N., 1° 30′ W.

Shefoot: mountain, altitude 6,345 feet, sec. 27, T. 46 N., R. 6 E., south of Clear Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Sheiks: see Sheek.

Shelby: railroad station, Boyle County, Ky. (Not Shelby City.)

***Shelbyville**: city, Shelby County, Ind. (Not Shelby.)

Sheldon: see Sawik, mountain, Ariz.

Sheldon: see Selden, island, Md.

Shelf: lake, sec. 26, T. 4 N., R. 74 W., 2 miles northwest of Longs Peak, western side Glacier Gorge, through which it drains, Larimer County, Colo.

Shelf: see Lonesome, creek, Mont.

Shelikof: bay, west shore of Kruzof Island, lat. 57° 08′ N., long. 135° 47′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Guadalupe, Mary, Shelikova, nor Silk.)

Shelikof: island, Alaska, Tongass National Forest, west coast of Prince of Wales Island, in the mouth of Soda Bay, Tlevak Strait, near lat. 55° 15′ N., long, 133° 04′ W. After Grigori I. Shelikof, who in 1784 was one of the first to establish a permanent Russian settlement on Kodiak Island, Alaska.

Shell: see Copas, point, Mexico.

Shell: see Self, creek, Ala.

Shell: see West Bay, point, Fla.

Shellburg: see Schellsburg.

Shellir: see Shelter, island, N. J.

Shellmound: bay, Hillsborough County, Fla., on eastern shore of Tampa Bay, near lat. 27° 41′ N. (Not Cockroach nor Indian Hill.)

Shell Rock: town, river, and post office, Butler County, Iowa. (Not Shellrock.)

Shell Rock: see Frazier, mountain, Oreg.

Shellrock: see Shell Rock, Iowa.

Shellrock: see Talapus.

Shellville: village, Dauphin County, Pa. (Not West Hanover.)

Shelokum: lake, on mainland, about lat. 56° N., long. 131° 40′ W., near head of Bailey Bay, Behm Canal, southeastern Alaska.

Shelter: bay, western side Fire Island, at junction of Turnagain and Knik Arms, lat. 61° 08′ N., long. 150° 06′ W., Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Shelter: cove, south side of Beauty Bay, head of West Arm of Nuka Bay, lat. 59° 31′.5 N., long. 150° 38′.5 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Shelter: island, of marsh, Ocean County, N. J., in south part of Eaglewood Township, eastern limit of Little Egg Harbor, near lat. 39° 35′ N. (Not Shellir.)

Shelter: island, about 6 (statute) miles long and 4 miles wide, on west side of Gardiners Bay, Long Island, Suffolk County, N. Y., lat. 41° 04′ N., long. 72° 20′ W. Name first used about 1650, said to be translation of that used by the Indians.

Shelton: see Skeleton, Ind.

Shemo: see Shimmo.

Shenandoah: peak, Clark County, Nev., Spring Mountain Range, in T. 24 S., R. 58 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Keystone.)

Shenandoah: pr. shĕn-ăn-dō′*a*; river, chiefly in Virginia, formed by the junction of its North and South Forks, near lat. 38° 57′ N., long. 78° 11′ W., flowing thence northeast into the Potomac River, at Harpers Ferry, W.Va.

Shengcheng: see Canton.

Shengking: see Liaoning.

Shensi: prov., n. cen. China proper; west of Shansi.

Shenyang: see Mukden.

Shepard: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 51′ W., on southeast slope of Cathedral Peak.

Shepard: see Shepherd, creek, Calif.

Shepaug: see Bantam.

Shepherd: creek, Inyo County, Calif., east slope Sierra Nevada, draining into Owens Valley, near lat. 36° 44′ N., long. 118° 10′ W. (Not Shepard.) Local name, after the Shepherd family, whose ranch was on its lower course.

Shepherd: pass, Tulare and Inyo County boundary, near lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 118° 21′ W., east boundary Sequoia National Park. Named after Shepherd families, pioneers of Inyo County.

Shepherd: peak, altitude 3,554 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 31, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park.

Sherbrooke: city, ext. s. e. Quebec, Canada; 45° 27′ N., 71° 55′ W.

Sherburne: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 35′ W., traversed by Swiftcurrent Creek.

Sherburne: peak, altitude 8,500 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 34′ W., summit just outside of east boundary of park, at east end of Yellow Mountain.

Sheridan: canyon, Lincoln County, Nev., heading in sec. 14, T. 1 N., R. 66 E., southeast slope of Arizona Peak, running into sec. 23, T. 1 N., R. 66 E. Named for an early resident in that vicinity.

Sheridan: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., in Ts. 42–43 N., Rs. 108–110 W. sixth principal meridian, tributary to Wind River from west, Washakie National Forest. (Not Sheridan Fork.)

Sheridan: gulch, on west slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in sec. 6, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about 2 miles northwest of North Peak.

Sheridan: mountain, southeastern Deschutes County, Oreg., in secs. 29 and 30, T. 19 S., R. 9 E., about 4 miles southeast of Little Lava Lake, Deschutes National Forest. (Not Tent.) Named in honor of Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, who, in 1855, as second lieutenant, was a member of the military expedition searching for a railroad route between Sacramento Valley and the Columbia River and it is believed, ascended this peak on August 30, 1855.

Sheridan: mountain (Mount Sheridan), altitude 10,250 feet Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 32′ W. Named by Capt. J. W. Barlow, 1871, leader of military expedition, for Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, who supported the effort to preserve the wonders of the park.

Sheridan: point, Skamania County, Wash., on north bank Columbia River, 1¼ miles below Cascade Locks, sec. 14, T. 2 N., R. 7 E., near long. 121° 55′. Old popular name, after Lieut. (later Gen.) Philip H. Sheridan. (Not Sheridan's.)

Sheridan Fork: see Sheridan, creek, Wyo.

Sheridan's: see Sheridan.

Sheril: Sherill: see Balsam.

Sherman: cove, Camden Harbor, Penobscot Bay, Me. (Not Sherman's.)

Sherman: glacier, Alaska, west of Copper River, near lat. 60° 31′ N., long. 145° 17′ W. So named for General William Tecumseh Sherman, United States Army.

Sherman: peak, forming south rim of Summit Crater, Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Sherrodsville: village, Carroll County, Ohio. (Not Sharodsville.)

's Hertogenbosch: pr. s'her-tō'gĕn-bŏs; city, s. Netherlands; Fr. Bois-le-Duc; 51° 40′ N., 5° 20′ E.

Sherwood: creek, rising northwest of Sherwood Buttes, and flowing southwest into Douglas County to East Fork Muir Creek, Oreg. (Not Cabin.)

Sherwood: point, east of Norwalk Harbor, Long Island Sound, Westport Town, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Sherwood's.)

Shetland: island group constituting Shetland county, Scotland; 60° 30′ N., 1° 15′ W.

Shettarack: see Shatterack.

Shevellon: see Chevelon, fork, Ariz.

Shevlons: see Chevelon, butte, Ariz.

Shewbird: mountain and village, Clay County, N. C. (Not Shoo Bird nor Shoobird.)

Sheyenne: river, tributary to Red River, N. Dak. (Not Cheyenne.)

Sheyenne: township, Richland County, N. Dak. (Not Cheyenne.)

Sheyenne: see Cheyenne, river, S. Dak.-Wyo.

Shickley: railroad station, Fillmore County, Nebr. (Not Sickley.)

Shieck: Shieck's: see Sheek.

Shield: see Shields, river, Mont.

Shields: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near the south boundary of the park, flows southeast to the park boundary.

Shields: mount (Mount Shields), altitude 7,215 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 17′ N., long. 113° 30′ W.

Shields: river, Park County, Mont., rises in T. 5 N., R. 11 E., Montana principal meridian, flows west and then southeast to the Yellowstone River in sec. 26, T. 1 S., R. 10 E. (Not Shield.) Named in 1806 by Capt. William Clark in honor of John Shields, one of the members of the Lewis and Clark expedition. Its name among early trappers was Twenty-five Yard Creek.

Shiels: glacier, Alaska, west of Copper River, near lat. 60° 53′ N., long. 144° 47′ W. Named for Archie Shiels of the Copper River & Northwestern Railway.

Shikoku: one of the four large islands of Japan; alternate Jap. romanization, Sikoku; Fr. Sikok; Ger. Schikoku.

Shillapoo: lake, Clark County, Wash., crossed by the Willamette meridian, T. 6 N., Rs. 7 E., and 1 W. (Not Shallowpool nor Shillanoo.)

Shillong: city, n. e. India; capital of Assam: 25° 45′ N. 91° 55′ E.

Shilshole: bay, Puget Sound, near Seattle, King County, Wash. (Not Salmon.)

Shilshole: see Salmon, bay, Wash.

Shimizu: coastal city s. cen. main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Simidu; 35° N., 138° 27′ E.

Shimmo: point, Nantucket Harbor, Nantucket, Mass. (Not Abram's nor Shemo.)

Shimonoseki: seaport, ext. w. of main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Simonoseki; 33° 58′ N., 130° 58′ E.

Shi-mo-pavi: see Shongopovi.

Shimp's: see Finley, run, N. J.

Shin: see Calf, islands, N. Y.

Shinaku: inlet, southeastern Alaska, north end of San Alberto Bay, from near lat. 55° 35′ N., long. 133° 10′, to 133° 09′ W.

Shinbone: see Cheaha.

Shingle: pond, Carroll County, N. H., southwest corner town of Chatham draining to Kearsarge Brook. (Not Mirror.)

Shingnek: see Shungnak.

Shinn: peak (Mount Shinn), altitude 11,013 feet, Fresno County, Calif., 2 miles south of the South Fork of San Joaquin River, near lat. 37° 13′ N., long. 118° 55′ W. Named after the late Charles Howard Shinn, forest supervisor, Sierra National Forest.

Shinnecock: bay, south shore of Long Island, N. Y. (Not Great West nor Shinnicock.)

Shioc: river, Outagamie County, Wis. (Not Shiocton.)

Ship: see Labouchere, island, Alaska.

Ship: see Sail, island, Alaska.

Shi-pau-i-luvi: see Shipolovi.

Shipaulovi: see Shipolovi.

Ship Creek: see Woodrow.

Ship Harbor: cove, Hancock County, Me., east of Bass Harbor Head, Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 68° 20′ W. The cove is dry at low water. The company of the wrecked ship *Grand Design* landed in this cove in 1740. See Long, ledge. (Not Locust Reach.)

Shiphouse: see Navy.

Shipolovi: settlement, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Shi-pau-i-luvi, Shipaulovi, nor Shipowlawe.)

Shippenville: borough, Clarion County, Pa. (Not Shippensville.)

Ship Pond: see Onawa, lake, Me.

Ship Rock: peak, 16 miles south of Ship Rock, and settlement, on San Juan River 30 miles west of Farmington, San Juan County, N. Mex. (Not Needle, Sebatai, Shiprock, nor Tsebidai.)

Shiraz: town, s. Persia; 29° 40′ N., 52° 25′ E.

Shirley: see Freezeout.

Shishmaret: inlet, 60 miles northeast of Cape Prince of Wales, lat. 66° 10′ N., long. 165° 55′ W., Seward Peninsula, northwestern Alaska. (Not Schischmareff.)

Shitnak: see Chitnak.

Shitomir: see Zhitomir.

Shiva Temple: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 112° 10′ W.

Shivwits: plateau, Mohave County, Ariz. (Not Sanur nor Shiwits.)

Shiwits: see Shivwits.

Shizuoka: coastal city, s. cen. of main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Siduoka; 35° N., 138° 28′ E

Shkodër (Scutari): town, n. Albania; Alb. Shkodër or Shkodra; Ital. Scutari; Serb-Croat, Skadar; Turk. Ishqodra;† 42° 5′ N., 19° 30′ E. Not Skutari, Skodra.

Shkodra: see Shkodër.

Shkup: see Skoplje.

Shla-hatch: see Pyramid, island, Alaska.

Shoal: creek, Marshall County, Ala. (Not Sloat.)

Shoal: creek, southeastern Alaska, entering head of Shoal Cove, east shore Carroll Inlet, Revillagigedo Island.

Shoal: small creek, Teton and Sublette Counties, Wyo., near lat. 43° 18′ N., long. 110° 24′ W. (Not Ball.)

Shoal: point, south of Richmond, San Francisco Bay, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Potrero.)

Shoal: see Flat, cove, Alaska.

Shoal: see Otmeloi, point, Alaska.

Shoals: point, the southeastern point of Kruzof Island, lat. 57° 00′.6 N., long. 135° 38′ W., Sitka Sound, southeastern Alaska. (Not First, Low, Nizmennia, Otmeloi, Outer Point of Shoals, nor White's.)

Shoalwater: see Willapa.

Shoe: inlet, on northwest side of Long Island, southwest of Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 54° 55′ N., long. 132° 48′ W.

Shoe: see Shue.

Shoemaker: island, St. Lawrence River, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Shoemaker's.)

Sholapur: city, Bombay, India; 17° 45′ N., 76° E.

Shongopovi: settlement and spring, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Shi-mo-pavi.)

Shoo Bird: Shoobird: see Shewbird.

Shooner: see Skuna.

Shooters: island, entrance to Newark Bay, Richmond County, N. Y. (Not Shooter's.)

Shoquel: see Soquel.

Shores: village, Fluvanna County, Va. (Not Middleton.)

Short: creek, mainland stream tributary to Short Bay, Behm Canal, near lat. 56° N., long. 131° 31′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Short Creek: see Miners, gulch, Mont.

Shorty: creek, about 6 miles above North Foreland, west side head of Cook Inlet, lat. 61° 07′.7 N., long. 151° 05′ W., Alaska. (Not Shortys nor Shorty's.)

Shorty: Shortys: Shorty's: see Indian, creek, Alaska.

Shortys: Shorty's: see Shorty.

Shoshoko: waterfalls (Shoshoko Falls), Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 42′ N., long. 110° 49′ W. The term "Shoshoko" was used for the Shoshone Indians, who were without horses; literally it means "walkers." The Teton region lies within the territory once occupied by the "Shoshoko."

Shoshone: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 05′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., flowing southwest then southeast into Shoshone Geyser Basin at head of Shoshone Lake.

Shoshone: geyser basin, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., on Shoshone Creek at west end of Shoshone Lake. Takes name from near-by lake.

Shoshone: Indian reservation, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Wind River.)

Shoshone: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 110° 43′ W., about 5 miles southwest of Yellowstone Lake.

Shoshone: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 03′ N., long. 112° 04′ W. (Not Cremation.)

*__Shoshone__: range, Shoshone County, Idaho, between Big Creek and Coeur d'Alene River, near lat. 47° 50′ N., long. 116° W. (Not North Fork Range.)

Shoshone: river, tributary to Big Horn River, Big Horn and Park Counties, Wyo. (Not Stinking Water.)

Shoshone: established for all place names.

Shoshone: see Absaroka Range.

Shoshone Peak: see Chiefs Head.

Shoshone Reservoir: artificial lake, Park County, Wyo., at the junction of North Fork and South Fork, Shoshone River, mostly in T. 52 N., R. 103 W., sixth principal meridian.

Shotgun: cove, southern side of Passage Canal near lat. 60° 48′ N., long. 148° 33′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Passage.)

Shotgun: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 5, T. 18 S., R. 32 E., south boundary Sequoia National Park, on Great Western Divide.

Shqipnia, Shqipria, Shqypnië, etc.: see Albania.

S. H. S.: abbrev. for Kraljevina Srba, Hrvata i Slovenaca (Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes), former official name of Yugoslavia.

Shue: creek, Beadle, Clark, and Spink Counties, S. Dak., rising in T. 115 N., R. 58 W., fifth principal meridian, flows southwest into James River. (Not Shoe.)

Shulls Mill: town, Watauga County, N. C. (Not Shulls Mills.)

Shumagin: islands, large group of islands off south coast of Alaska Peninsula, center near lat. 55° 15′ N., long. 160° 00′ W., Alaska. (Not Choumagin.)

Shuna: creek, Matanuska Valley, Alaska, tributary at head of Purinton Creek on the east, entering the latter a few hundred feet above the confluence of Mudflow Creek, lat. 61° 49′ 30″ N., long. 148° 07′ 30″ W.

Shungnak: river, tributary to Kobuk River from north bank, near lat. 66° 55′ N., long. 157° 30′ W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Shingnek nor Shungnak.)

Shut-in: creek, Jackson County, N. C. (Not Shut in, Shut In, nor Shutin.)

Shutler: village, northern part of Gilliam County, Oreg. (Not Shutlers.)

Shuyak: island, north of Afognak and Kodiak Islands, lat. 58° 32′ N., long. 152° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Chuyak.)

Shyenne: see Cheyenne, river, S.Dak.-Wyo.

Sialkot: city, Punjab, n. w. India; 32° 30′ N., 74° 25′ E.

Siam: kingdom, s. Malay Peninsula, and gulf s. thereof.

***Sian:** capital of Shensi prov.; 34° 25′ N., 108° 55′ E. Not Sianfu, Singan, Hsingan, Changan.

Sianfu: see Sian.

Siangtan: city, Hunan prov., s. cen. China; 28° N., 112° 55′ E.

Siasconset: village, Nantucket Island, Mass. (Not Sconset.)

Siasi: island and town, in Sulu Archipelago, P. I. (Not Siassi.)

Siaton: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Siayuthia: see Bangkok.

Sibagoan: see Sibaguan, P. I.

Sibaguan: barrio, Sagnay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sibagoan.)

Sibalao, Sibaleo, Sibalio: see Sibaliw, P. I.

Sibaliw: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Sibalao, Sibaleo, nor Sibalio.)

Sibalom: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Šibenik (Sebenico): town, Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Šibenik, pr. shĭ′bĕn-ĭk; Ital. Sebenico; 43° 44′ N., 15° 53′ E.

Siberia or **Sibir:** region comprising northern Asiatic U. S. S. R. (Russia); also an administrative division thereof; Russ. Sibir;† Fr. Sibérie; Ger. Sibirien.

Siberian: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 3, T. 17 S., R. 34 E., on boundary of Sequoia National Park. (Not Rampart.)

Siberian Outpost: plateau, Tulare County, Calif., chiefly northwest and adjacent to Siberian Pass, secs. 3, 4, and 5, T. 17 S., R. 34 E., Sequoia National Park.

Siberian Pass: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising near Siberian Pass in sec. 2, T. 17 S., R. 34 E., flowing northwest into Rock Creek, Sequoia National Park.

Sibérie: see Siberia.

Sibille: see Sybille.

Sibir: see Siberia.

Sibirien: see Siberia.

Sibiu: pr. sibyú; city, Transylvania, w. cen. Rumania; Ger. Hermannstadt; Mag. Nagyszeben; 45° 48′ N., 24° 9′ E.

Sibonga: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Sibulan: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Sibuyan: sea, bounded by Luzon, Burias, Masbate, Panay, and Tablas Islands, P. I.

Sibylee: see Sybille.

Sichomovi: settlement, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not Sichomivi.)

***Sicilia (Sicily):** island and ter. division, Italy; Ital. Sicilia, pr. sichĭlia; Fr. Sicile; Ger. Sizilien; 37° 30′ N., 14° 00′ E.

Sicily: see Sicilia.

Sickle: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 13′ N., long. 110° 19′ W., flowing southwest into Snake River.

Sickle: see Bear, creek, Wyo.

Sicklerville: railroad station, Camden County, N. J. (Not Sicklertown.)

Sickley: see Shickley.

Sicsecqua: Sicsequa: Sicsicqua: see Seekseekwa.

Sidsid: point, southeast coast of Linapacan Island, northeast of Palawan, P. I. (Not Tarataha.)

Siduoka: see Shizuoka.

Siebenbürgen: see Transilvania.

Siegel: see Sigel.

Siegfried Pyre: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 111° 54′ W.

Siena: city, Tuscany, n. cen. Italy; 43° 18′ N., 11° 18′ E.

Sienega del Gabilan: see Cienega del Gabilan.

Sierra: see Nacimiento.

***Sierra Ancha:** mountain range, Gila County, Ariz., north of the Roosevelt Reservoir and Salt River, east of Tonto Creek, and south of lat. 34° 05′, extending from T. 8 N., R. 11 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, southeasterly to include Baker Mountain near the south line of T. 6 N., R. 14 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Tonto National Forest. A Spanish name signifying "broad mountain."

Sierra Apache: see Apache, peaks, Ariz

Sierra Blanca: mountains, Sangre de Cristo Range, Alamosa, Huerfano, and Costilla Counties, Colo. (Not Cerro Blanco.)

Sierra de la Espuma: see Superstition.

Sierra del Monte Diablo: see Diablo.

Sierra de San Rafael: see San Rafael.

Sierra Leone: Br. colony, w. Africa; 8° N., 12° W.

Sierra Madre: range of mountains in northwestern Mexico.

Sierra Madre: see San Gabriel.

Sierra Nevada: barrio, Tinambac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tierra Nevada.)

Sierra Nevada: lofty range near s. coast of Spain; 37° N., 3° W.

Sierra Nevada: mountain range in eastern California, limited on the north by the gap south of Lassen Peak, and on the south by Tehachapi Pass. (Not Sierra Nevadas.)

Sierra San Gabriel: see San Gabriel.

Sigak: see North Head, cape, Alaska.

Siganak: see Sedanka, island, Alaska.

Sigay: township, Ilocus Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sigcay: see Sigkay, P. I.

Sigel: town, Wood County, Wis. (Not Siegel.)

Siginak: see Sedanka.

Siginaka: islands, group of islands, northern part of Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 09′.5 N., long. 135° 26′.7 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Siginak.)

Sigkay: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Sigcay.)

Sigma: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Signal: butte, Teller County, Colo., in T. 11 S., R. 70 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Cheops Pyramid.)

Signal: hills, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., from lower west slope of Absaroka Range to Yellowstone Lake, between Clear and Columbine Creeks, back of Signal Point on lake.

Signal: peak, Gunnison County, Colo., 5 miles northeast of Gunnison. (Not Squaw Breast nor Stewarts.)

Signal: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on east shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 25′ N., at north side of entrance to South East Arm. This point was much used in signaling by the early explorers.

Signal: see Devil, peak, Calif.

Signal: see Howard, peak, Oreg.

Signal: see Yellow, point, Alaska.

Signalichew: see Sequalichew.

Signal Mountain: peak, east of Rockmart, Polk County, Ga. (Not Carnes.)

Siguam: see Seguam.

Sihun: see Syr Darya.

Siiran: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Seyran.)

Siketi: point, southwestern end Cone Island, between Noyes and Baker Islands, southeastern Alaska.

Siketi: sound 4 miles long, between Cone, Lulu, Pigeon, and Baker Islands, leading from the west end of Port Real Marina to the Pacific, near lat. 55° 25′ N., southeastern Alaska—Indian name for the *sea otter.*

***Si Kiang (West River):** s. China, mouth near Hong Kong. (Not Si Kiang River.)

Si Kiang River: see Si Kiang.

Sikoku: see Shikoku.

Silang: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

Silay: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Silent: canyon, Nye County, Nev., south of Gold Flat, near lat. 37° 20′ N., long. 116° 25′ W.

Siler Bald: mountain, Macon County, N. C., near lat. 35° 07′.8 N., long. 83° 35′ W., about 1 mile south of Wayah Gap; and creek (Siler Creek), heading south from mountain; Nantahala National Forest.

**Silesia:* creek, tributary to Chilliwack River from south, Whatcom County, Wash., and British Columbia. (Not Selacee, Sen-eh say, Silecia, Silicia, nor Slesse.)

Silesia: region comprising, in 1914, the Prussian Province of Schlesien, Germany, and the Crown land of Schlesien, Austria. For present divisions see Schlesien (for Germany), Slezsko (for Czechoslovakia), and Sląsk (for Poland); Fr. Silésie; Ital. Silesia.

Sili: settlement, Mountain Province (subprovince Kalinga), Luzon, P. I.

Silicia: see Silesia, creek, Wash.-B. C.

Silk: see Shelikof.

Sillery: bay, north shore, Magothy River, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Tar Coal.)

Silliman: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 10, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., flowing southwest into Marble Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 20, Sequoia National Park.

Silliman: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 10, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., source of Silliman Creek in Sequoia National Park.

Silliman: mountain (Mount Silliman), altitude 11,188 feet, Tulare County, Calif., summit of Silliman Crest, in sec. 3, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., on north boundary of Sequoia National Park. Named for Prof. Benj. Silliman, Yale University, from 1802 to 1853. Mountain, pass, crest, lake, and creek also bear his name.

Silliman: pass, Tulare County, Calif., on northern park boundary between Twin and Ranger Lakes, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Silliman Crest: divide, Tulare County Calif., part of north boundary Sequoia National Park, watershed between Roaring River and Marble Fork drainage, in Ts. 14 and 15 S., R. 30 E.

Siltcoos: lake and town, T. 19 S., R. 11 W., Lane County, Oreg. (Not Tsiltcoos.)

Silver: creek, Fresno and San Benito Counties, Calif., draining northward from east end of the Vallecitos through deep canyon between Griswold and Tumey Hills, Diablo Range, to junction with Panoche Creek near edge San Joaquin Valley. (Not Panoche.)

Silver: creek, southwestern Blaine County, Idaho, rises in T. 1 S., R. 19 E., flows north and southeast of Picabo, and joins Little Wood River about 1 mile southeast of Tikura. (Not Spring Creek.)

Silver: creek, Boise County, Idaho, tributary to Trail Creek from north.

Silver: lake, Shasta County, Calif., largest of Cluster Lakes, in secs. 23 and 26, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.

Silver: lake, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Breed Pond.)

Silver: point, Clatsop County, Oreg., on the Oregon coast, about 5 miles south of Tillamook Head, near lat. 45° 51′ N. (Not Sylvan.) Suggested by the characteristic color of the weathered spruce trees on its face.

Silver: see Horicon, lake, Mich.

Silver: see Panoche, creek, Calif.

Silver Birch: lake, Pepin County, Wis., in the towns of Frankfort and Waterville, on the west bank of Chippewa River. (Not Dead.)

Silver Bow: county, Mont. (Not Silverbow.)

Silverbow River: see Clark Fork.

Silver Cord: cascade, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Surface Creek, which plunges off the south wall of the Grand Canyon of the Yellowstone, near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 110° 27′ W.

Silver Creek: see New Philadelphia.

Silver Globe: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., west of and near Jewel Geyser in Biscuit Basin.

Silver Hill: see Robertsdale, Ala.

Silver Horn: southern of two long narrow arms at the western end of Lake Beverley, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 158° 52′ W., Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska.

Silver Lake: tidal basin or boat harbor, 700 yards long, at Ocracoke, Hyde County, N. C. (Not Cockle Creek.)

Silver Lake: village, Kosciusko County, Ind. (Not Silverlake Junction.)

Silver Plume: mountain, altitude 12,476 feet, about 6 miles northeast of Torreys Peak, Clear Creek County, Colo.

Silver Salmon: falls, 4 miles above mouth of Lester River, northeastern part of Prince of Wales Island, lat. 55° 50′ N., long. 133° 05′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Silver Scarf: cascade, on an eastern tributary to Boundary Creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Silver Spring: railroad station, Montgomery County, Md. (Not Silver Springs Station.)

Silver Spring: see Bartlett Haystack.

Silver Springs: railroad station, Marion County, Fla. (Not Silverspring.)

Silver Strand: falls, Mariposa County, Calif., south side Yosemite Valley, near Old Inspiration Point and long. 119° 40′ W. (Not Widows Tears.)

Silver Tip: creek, Carbon County, Mont., in Ts,7–9 S., Rs. 22–23 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Clarks Fork, Yellowstone River a few miles northeast of Belfry. Said to be named for a den of silver tip bears found on the creek.

Silvertip: peak, Park County, Wyo., near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 06′ W. In area eliminated from park by act of March 1, 1929.

Simala: see Sinala, P. I.

Simamla: barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Simamola nor Simanla.)

Simamola: see Simamla, P. I.

Simanla: see Simamla, P. I.

Simbirsk: see Ulyanovsk.

Simbola: see Simbula, P. I.

Simbula: barrio, Culasi Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Simbola.)

Simeonof: island, southeastern part of Shumagin Group, lat. 54° 54′ N., long. 159° 15′ W., Alaska. (Not Simeonoffski.)

Simferopol: pr. sĭm-fĕ-rō′pl; capital city, Crimean A. S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 44° 58′ N., 35° 5′ E.

Simidu: see Shimizu.

Simiguig: barrio, Pamplona Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Zimiguig nor Zimigui.)

Simla: mt. town, summer capital of India; 31° 12′ N., 77° 10′ E., elev. 7,000 ft.

Simmesport: village, Avoyelles Parish, La. (Not Simsport.)

Simmons: island, Suisun Bay, Solano County, Calif. (Not Ead's nor Richs.)

Simmons: reef, northerly end of Lake Michigan, Mich. (Not Simmon's.)

Simms: see Symmes.

Simon: pond, Altamont Town, Franklin County, N. Y. (Not Big Simmons, Big Simon, Big Simons, Simonds, nor Simons.)

Simondojan: see Sinunduhan, P. I.

Simonds: see Simon.

Simonoseki: see Shimonoseki.

Simon Pond: Simons Pond: see Marguerite.

Simonson: canyon, Tooele County, Utah, west slope of Deep Creek Mountains, in secs. 29 and 30, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., and sec. 25, T. 9 S., R. 19 W., about 1½ miles southeast of Greasewood Spring.

Simons Pond: see Marguerite.

Simplon: Alpine pass and R. R. tunnel bet. Switzerland and Italy; 46° 15′ N., 8° 10′ E.

Simpson: creek, 20 miles north of Fort Defiance, Apache County, Ariz., and San Juan County, N. Mex.

Simpson: lagoon, Arctic Coast, about long. 149° W., northern Alaska.

Simpson: mountains, Tooele County, Utah. (Not Camel Back, Champlin, Grass, Judd Creek, nor Simpson's.)

Simpson: peak, Taos County, N. Mex., in approx. lat. 36° 32′ 50″ N., long. 105° 25′ 00″ W., about 1 mile southeast from Wheeler Peak, Carson National Forest. Named in honor of Charles Emerson Simpson who entered the Forest Service under probational appointment in 1917, and died at Glasgow, Scotland, while a member of the 10th United States Engineers en route to France.

Simpson: see Rio Grande Pyramid.

Sims: creek, Ts. 24 and 25 N., Rs. 29 and 30 W., Montana principal meridian, draining Elk Lake and tributary to Vermilion Creek from north, Sanders County, Mont. (Not Elk.)

Simsport: see Simmesport.

Sinabcaban: see Sinabsaban, P. I.

Sinabsaban: barrio, Dao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Sinabcaban.)

Sinacaban: see Sinakaban, P. I.

Sinait: municipality, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sinnait.)

Sinakaban: barrio and river, Jimenez Municipality, Occidental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Nacavan, Nakavan, nor Sinacaban.)

Sinala: barrio, Bauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Simala.)

Sinaloa: pr. sē-nä-lō′ä; city, river, and State, Mexico.

Sinan: see Siuan, P. I.

Sinbad: canyon, Millard County, Utah, in House Range, near lat. 39° 22′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Sinclair: mountain peak, altitude 7,000 feet, in approximate latitude 59° 05′ 41.5″ N., long. 135° 07′ 21.7″ W., northeast from entrance to Chilkoot Inlet, Alexander Archipelago, Alaska.

Sinclair: township, Jewell County, Kans. (Not St. Clair.)

Sind: province, Bombay, India; 26° N., 69° E. (Not Sindh.)

Sindh: see Sind.

Sineasha: see Seneasha.

Singa: northerly island of a group immediately west of El Capitan Island in southern end of El Capitan Passage, southeastern Alaska, lat. 55° 56′.8 N., long. 133° 21′.2 W. Name reported derived from native word meaning north.

Si-ngan: see Sian.

Singapore: Br. island, and seaport thereon, Straits Settlements, at s. tip of Malay Peninsula; 1° 18′ N., 103° 55′ E.

Singay Dala: see Dalasingay, P. I.

Singleshot: mountain, altitude 7,700 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 30′ W.

Singó: see Mingo.

Siniaquoteen: see Seneaguoteen.

Sinicquing: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Siniguing.)

Siniguing: see Sinicquing, P. I.

Siniloan: municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sinipian: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sinisian.)

Sinisian: see Sinipian, P. I.

Sink: creek, Dekalb County, Tenn. (Not Sinking.)

Sinkiang: territory, w. China; Chinese name meaning "New Dominion."

Sinking: see Sink.

Sinlahekin: creek, tributary from south to Palmer Lake, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Sinlahegan, Sinlahekim, Sinlehekin, Toudes Coulé, Waring, nor Waring-Sinlehegan.)

Sinnait: see Sinait, P. I.

Sinnamahoning: see Sinnemahoning.

Sinnemahoning: town and creek, in Cameron County, Pa., on Sinnemahoning Creek. (Not Sinnamahoning.)

Sinob: see Sinop.

Sinondohan: Sinondojan: see Sinundulan, P. I.

Sinondolan: see Sinundulan, P. I.

Sinonduhan: see Sinunduhan, P. I.

Sinop: vilayet and town, Turkey. (Not Sinob, Sinope.)

Sinope: see Sinop.

Sinowjewsk: see Zinovievsk.

Sinsinawa: river, Jo Daviess County, Ill., and Grant County, Wis.: mound and village, Grant County, Wis. (Not Sin-sin-ah-wah, Sinsinaway, Sinsiniwaw, Sinsinnewa, Sissinawa, nor Sissinaway.)

Sintorisan: see Sinturisan, P. I.

Sint Sink: see Manhasset.

Sinturisan: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sintorisan.)

Sinu: pr. sē′nōō; river, Colombia.

Sinunduhan: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Simondojan, Sinondohan, Sinonduhan, nor Sinondojan.)

Sinundulan: barrio, Sao Remigio Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Sinondolan.)

Sinundungan: barrio, Gattaran Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Zinudungan, Zunindungan, nor Zinundungan.)

Sinyakwateen: see Seneaguoteen.

Sinyala: butte (Mount Sinyala), near the south rim of the Grand Canyon, 3 miles east of mouth of Havasu Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. So named for an Indian family.

Sioux Wood: Siouxwood: see Bois de Sioux.

Sipapu: largest natural bridge, White Canyon, San Juan County, Utah. (Not Augusta nor Large Bridge.)

Sipocot: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sippican Neck: see Great Neck, Mass.

Sipsey: see Thacker.

Siquijor: municipality, Oriental Negros Province (subprovince Siquijor), Siquijor, P. I.

Siquis: Siquit: see Sequit.

***Siracusa (Syracuse):** prov. and seaport, Sicilia, Italy; 37° 3′ N., 15° 10′ E.

Siranglupa: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sirang-Lupa.)

Siranglupa: barrio, Calamba Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Siran Lupa nor Sirang-Lupa.)

Siran Lupa: Sirang-Lupa: see Siranglupa, P. I.

Sir Darya: see Syr Darya.

Siria: see Syria.

Siroma: see Siruma, P. I.

Sirson: see Sarson.

Siruma: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Siroma.)

Sisal: railway station, west of Ewa mill, in center of the sisal district, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Siscowit: see Siskiwit.

Sisilmen: see Sisilmin, P. I.

Sisilmin: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sisilmen.)

Siskiwit: bay, Isle Royale, Mich. (Not Siscowit.)

Sisladobsis: see Sysladobsis.

Sissinawa: Sissinaway: see Sinsinawa.

Sister: creek, draining portion of Twin Sisters Peaks, southwest of Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Sister: lake, east of and connected with Anna Lake, northeast of Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 37′ N., long. 136° 01′.4 W., Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Sister Divide: watershed, connecting Twin Sisters Peaks and Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Sisters: creek, Ts. 44 and 45 N., Rs. 5 and 6 E., tributary to St. Joe River from south, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not South Fork St. Joe River nor West Fork of South Fork of St. Joe River.)

Sisters: islands, Ohio River, Livingston County, Ky. (Not Two Sisters nor Twins.)

Sisters: see Pleiades.

Sitakane: see Sittakanay.

Sitchinak: see Sitkinak.

Sithanak: see Sedanka, island, Alaska.

Sitka: town, on Sitka Sound, western side of Baranof Island, lat. 57° 03′ N., long. 135° 20′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not New Archangel.)

Sitka: see Kruzof.

Sitkalidak: passage, the narrowest part of Sitkalidak Strait, just northeast of Old Harbor, Alaska, near lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 153° 16′ W. (Not The Narrows.)

Sitkinak: island, off southern end of Kodiak Island, lat. 56° 33′ N., long. 154° 09′ W., Alaska. (Not Sitchinak.)

Sitkinak: strait, separating Kodiak Island from Sitkinak and Trigidak Islands, lat. 56° 39′ N., long. 154° 13′ W., Alaska.

Sitsang: see Tibet.

Sitsetalko: small creek in redwood flat on west side South Fork Eel River, one-half mile south of mouth of Bull Creek, Humboldt County, Calif.

Sittakanay: river, flows west across British Columbia and Alaska boundary, and empties into Taku River 2 miles below, in southeastern Alaska. (Not Sitakane nor Sittakane.)

Siuan: barrio, Rizal Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sinan.)

Siuanan: barrio, Pamplona Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P.I. (Not Zinaman nor Ziuanan.)

***Siuslaw:** river, Lane County, Oreg., on the west coast, enters the Pacific Ocean, near lat. 44° 01′ N., long. 124° 08′ W., about 2 miles from town of Florence, Siuslaw National Forest. (Not Inlet.)

Sivas: vilayet and town, Turkey; Turk. Sıvas (the "i" is written without a dot above it); Ger. Siwas; 39° 40′ N., 37° 12′ E.

Siwas: see Sivas.

Siwash: bay, western side of Unakwik Inlet, lat. 60° 57′.5 N., long. 147° 38′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Siwash: creek, rising in Canada, flowing westward across the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 65° 58′ N., long. 141° W., into the Kandik River, which in turn empties into the Yukon River, Alaska.

Siwatch: Siwatche: see Saguache, Colo.

Siwatch: Siwatche: see Sawatch, mountains, Colo.

Sixaola: pr. sē-ha-o′lä; river, Costa Rica.

Sixmile: lake, into which Clark Lake empties, lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 154° 52′ W., Alaska. (Not Nondalton nor Noondalty.)

Six Mile: see Buel.

Sixmile: see Bill Hunter, creek, Wyo.

Sixmile Creek: see Ribault, river, Fla.

Sixtymile: creek, Coconino County, Ariz., entering Marble Gorge on the west side between Awatubi Crest and Chuar Butte, near lat. 36° 13′ N. It is about 60 miles below Lees Ferry.

Siyeh: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 38′ W., in Siyeh Pass, flowing southwest into Reynolds Creek.

Siyeh: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 39′ W., on north slope of Mount Siyeh.

Siyeh: mount (Mount Siyeh), altitude 10,004 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 39′ W. Named by George Bird Grinnell for a Piegan Blackfoot Indian.

Siyeh: pass, at head of Boulder Creek, lat. 48° 43′ N., long. 113° 38′ W., Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont.

Siyio: see Libho, P. I.

Sizilien: see Sicilia.

***Sjaelland (Zealand):** chief island of Denmark; Dan. Sjaelland, pr. syellan or shellan; Fr. and Ger. Seeland; 55° 30′ N., 11° 45′ E. (Not Zeeland.)

Skadar: see Shkodër.

***Skagerrak:** arm of sea bet. Denmark and Norway; Dan. and Nor. Skagerrak.

Skagway: pass, near head of Skagway River, southeastern Alaksa.

Skagway: river, tributary to Taiya Inlet from the east, near lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 135° 19′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Skagway: town, near mouth of Skagway River, lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 135° 19′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Skalkaho: creek, from its source in T. 4 N., R. 18 W., to junction with Bitterroot River, Ravalli County, Mont. (Not South Fork Skalkaho.)

Skandia: township, Murray County, Minn. (Not Scandia.)

Skee: glacier, north of head of Aialik Bay, near lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 149° 43′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Skeen: see Skene, mountain, N. Y.

Skeenah: creek, Macon County, N. C. (Not Skenah.)

Skeenah: creek, gap, and town, Fannin County, Ga. (Not Skena, Skeniah, Skeinah, nor Skienah.)

Skeeters: see Streeter.

Skeinah: see Skeenah, Ga.

Skeleton: hills, Nye County, Nev., west of Specter Range, near lat. 36° 36′ N., long. 116° 18′ W.

Skeleton: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 22′ N., long. 113° 21′ W.

Skeleton: township, Warrick County, Ind. (Not Shelton.)

Skena: see Skeenah.

Skenah; see Skeenah, N. C.

Skene: mountain, Whitehall Town, Washington County, N. Y. (Not Skeen.)

Skeniah; see Skeenah, Ga.

Skenks: see Schenck.

Skeppernawin: see Skipanon.

Skerrob: see Schenob.

Ski-a-took: see Skiotook.

Skidaway: island, narrows, and river, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Skiddaway.)

Skienah: see Skeenah.

Skiffs: island, Muskeget Channel, southeast of Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Skiff's.)

Skillet: glacier, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 50′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., on east slope of Mount Moran.

Skilligallee: see Ile Aux Galets.

Skinner: grove, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 1, 2, 11, and 12, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named for D. E. Skinner, who donated the grove to the Department of the Interior through the National Geographic Society.

Skinners: see Horniblow.

Skiotah: see Ninemile, creek, Mont.

Skiotah: see Squaw, peak, Mont.

Skiotook: town and township, Tulsa County, Okla. (Not Ski-a-took.)

***Skipanon:** river, Clatsop County, Oreg., south bank Columbia River; 2½ miles west of Astoria. (Not Skeppernawin nor Skipanon Creek.)

Skipnish: railroad station, Garrett County, Md. (Not Skipnish Junction.)

Skirum: see Scarham.

Skitwish: creek, tributary to Marte Creek from northeast, sec. 24, T. 50 N., R. 2 W., Kootenai County, Idaho.

Skitwish: peak, sec. 8, T. 50 N., R. 1 W., Kootenai County, Idaho.

Skodra: see Shkodër.

Skookoleel: creek, T. 32 N., R. 21 W., tributary to Big Creek from southeast, Flathead County, Mont.

Skookum: creek, Alaska, entering Fish Creek, from the north, about 6 miles from Hyder, near lat. 56° N., long. 130′ W., Tongass National Forest. (Not Skookum Creek Fork.) Chinook jargon word, commonly used to mean strong or stout.

Skookum Creek Fork: see Skookum, creek, Alaska.

Skoot: see Iskut.

Skopeia: see Skoplje.

Skoplje: city, s. e. Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Skoplje, pr. skoplye; Bulg. Skopie;† Gr. Skopeia;† Turk. Üsküb; Alb. Shkup; 42° N., 21° 29′ E.

Skull: mountain, Nye County, Nev., north of Specter Range, near lat. 36° 45′ N., long. 116° 12′ W.

Skull: see Scull, inlet, Alaska.

***Skuna:** river, in Pontotoc, Chickasaw, Calhoun, Yalobusha, and Grenada Counties, Miss., tributary to Yalobusha River. (Not Loosa Schoona, Schoona, Schooner, Scuna, nor Shooner.)

Skunkcabbage: see Kalhagu.

Skutari (Albania): see Shkodër.

Skutari (Turkey): see Üsküdar.

Sky: hill, Tyringham Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Toby's.)

Skykomish: river, Snohomish County, Wash., formed by junction of north and South Forks Skykomish, in sec. 19, T. 27 N., R. 10 E., about 1 mile southwest of Index, flowing west and joining Snoqualmie River from the south, in sec. 15 T. 27 N., R. 6 E., to form the Snohomish River.

Skyland: creek, western side Continental Divide, near Marias Pass, Flathead County, Mont.

Skyline Divide: watershed, between Dead Horse and Glacier Creeks, in T. 39 N., R. 7 E., Whatcom County, Wash.

Sky Parlor: meadow, Tulare County, Calif. in secs. 7, 8, 17, and 18, T. 17 S., R. 33 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Upper Funston.)

Slab: see Neskowin.

Slade: creek, tributary to Moore Creek, Madison County, Mont. (Not Moore.)

Slade: see Moore, creek, Mont.

Sląsk (Silesia): pr. shlŏnsk; province, Poland (Województwo Śląskie), comprising parts of former German and Austrian Silesia. See also Silesia and Schlesien.

Slate: creek, Alaska, lat. 61° 29′ N., long. 145° 20′ W. (Not Rainbow.) This is the main branch of the stream and not a fork to which the name Rainbow was given on the Chitina quadrangle. Slate Creek flows into the Little Tonsina and not into Quartz Creek.

Slate: creek, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, a small tributary of Quartz Creek from the west, lat. 60° 36′ N., long. 149° 35′ W.

Slate: creek, Custer County, Idaho, flows northeast from White Cloud Peaks and tributary to the Salmon River, principally in Ts. 9, 10, and 11 N., R. 16 E., Boise meridian. Challis National Forest.

Slate: island, about 1 mile long on west side of Aialik Bay, near head, lat. 59° 54′.5 N., long. 149° 43′.4 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Slate: mountain, northeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Slate: river, a right-hand branch of East River, tributary to Gunnison River, Gunnison County, Colo. (Not East.)

Slate: see East, river, Colo.

Slaughters: bar, in Columbia River about 3 miles west of mouth of Cowlitz River, Cowlitz County, Wash. (Not Slaughter.)

Slaughter's Pond: see Forest, lake, N. Y.

Slaughtersville: district and town, Webster County, Ky. (Not Slaughterville.)

Slavonia or **Slavonija:** region, n. w. Yugoslavia; formerly Hungarian; Serb-Croat, Slavonija; Fr. Slavonie; Ger. Slawonien; Ital. Schiavonia; Mag. Szlavonország.

Slavonija: see Slavonia.

Slawonien: see Slavonia.

Sled: pass, elevation 3,550 feet, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, near lat. 61° 39′ N., long. 153° 44′ W., between the head of Stony River and a large, unnamed river to the northeast. Name has reference to the dog sleds used by the natives over this pass during the winter.

Sleeman: creek, T. 12 N., R. 20 W., tributary to Lolo Creek from northwest, Missoula County, Mont. (Not Lost.)

Sleeper: branch, Atlantic and Camden Counties, N. J. (Not Mechescatauxin.)

Sleepers: island, Winnipesaukee Lake, 1 mile south of Rattlesnake Island, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Castlewood, Little Rattle Snake, nor Little Rattlesnake.)

Sleepeye: see Sleepy Eye.

***Sleeping Child:** creek and hot springs, Ravalli County, Mont., draining to east bank Bitterroot River, near lat. 46° 07′ N., long. 114° 00′ W. (Not Weeping Child.)

Sleepy: bay, a bight in the north end of Latouche Island, eastern side of Point Grace, near lat. 60° 04′ N., long. 147° 51′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Sleepy Eye: city and lake, Brown County, Minn. (Not Sleepeye.)

Sleitat: prominent lone mountain, on the Upper Nushagak River, Alaska, north of Harris Creek, lat. 60° 04′ N., long. 157° 00′ W. According to a local authority, this is the natives' name for the mountain and means whetstone.

Slesse: see Silesia, creek, Wash.-B. C.

Slesvig: s. part of Jutland, Denmark; Dan. Nord Slesvig, com. called Sydlige Jylland (=South Jutland). See also Schleswig.

Sleswick: see Schleswig.

Slezsko (Silesia): pr. slézsko; district, Czechoslovakia, comprising part of the former Austrian crownland of Schlesien, and part of the Prussian province of Schlesien. See also Silesia and Schlesien.

Slide: falls, on Slide Creek, T. 38 N., R. 108 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Slide: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 113° 38′ W., small lake traversed by North Fork, Kennedy Creek.

Slide: reef, cluster of high bare rocks close to the southwest coast of Heceta Island, about ⅞ mile northwest of Dead Tree Point, lat. 55° 45′.7 N., long. 133° 40′.7 W., Alaska.

Slide: see Eva.

Slide Rock: mountain, secs. 29 and 32, T. 24 N., R. 29 W., southwest of Sylvan Lake, Sanders County, Mont.

Sliderock: ridge, Dolores and San Juan Counties, Colo.

Sliding: mountain, sec. 29, T. 7 S., R. 8 E., Park County, Mont.

Slingerlands: village, Bethlehem Town, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Slingerland.)

*__Slippery Rock:__ borough and township, Butler County, Pa. (Not Slipperyrock.)

*__Slippery Rock:__ township, Lawrence County, Pa. (Not Slipperyrock.)

Slippe Stein: see Magdalen, island, N. Y.

Sloan: creek, tributary to North Fork Sauk River, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not South Branch.)

Sloat: see Shoal, creek, Ala.

Slocum: arm of Khaz Bay, southwest shore of Chichagof Island, center of arm near lat. 57° 31′ N., long. 135° 57′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Slocum: creek, Ts. 8 and 9 N., Rs. 18 and 19 W., Ravalli County, Mont. (Not Spooner.)

Slope: point, northern side Passage Canal, about 1 mile west of Pigot Point, lat. 60° 48′.2 N., long. 148° 23′.5 W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Slope: point, southeastern extremity of island, between Khaz Bay and Ogden Passage, lat. 57° 36′.1 N., long. 136° 08′ W., Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Slough: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° 12′ N., long. 110° 07′ W., flowing southwest into Lamar River.

Slovacchia: see Slovensko.

Slovacia: see Slovensko.

Slovakia: see Slovensko.

Slovaquie: see Slovensko.

Slovenia or **Slovenija:** region, n. w. Yugoslavia; formerly Austrian; comprising Carniola (Ger. Krain) and part of Styria (Ger. Steiermark); Ger. Slovenien; Ital. Slovenia.

Slovenija: see Slovenia.

Slovensko (Slovakia): province of Czechoslovakia; Fr. Slovaquie; Ger. Slowakei; Ital. Slovacchia; Mag. Szlovákia or Tótország; Pol. Słowacja; Rum. Slovacia.

Słowacja: see Slovensko.

Slowakei: see Slovensko.

Slug: creek, about 15 miles long, the south fork of Blackfoot River, Caribou County, Idaho. (Not South Fork of Blackfoot River.)

Sluiceway: falls, on Ferris Fork, Bechler River, the fourth above Three River Junction, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Sluiskin: falls, on Paradise River just below Paradise Glacier, southeastern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Sluiskin: mountains, range north of Mount Rainier, between Carbon River and West Fork of White River. Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Smacks: bayou, Hillsborough County, Fla., west shore of Tampa Bay, near west entrance to Old Tampa Bay, 2 miles north of St. Petersburg, near lat. 27° 48′ N.

Smartt: village, Warren County, Tenn. (Not Smart's.)

Smeads: creek, secs. 16, 17, and 20, T. 26 N., R. 33 W., Montana principal meridian, Sanders County, Mont.

Smethers: see Smothers.

Smethwick: pr. smĕth′ĭk; city, Staffordshire, England; 52° 30′ N., 2°W.

Smith: creek, tributary to Neuse River near Chadwicks Point Shoal, Pamlico County, N. C.

Smith: island, Brunswick County, N. C. (Not Palmetto nor Smiths.)

Smith: island, mouth of Cape Fear River, New Hanover County, N. C. (Not Smith's.)

Smith: island, north point of entrance to Chesapeake Bay, Northampton County, Va. (Not Smith's.)

Smith: island, Juan de Fuca Strait, Island County, Wash. (Not Blunts, Bonilla, nor Smith's.)

Smith: lake, T. 63 N., R. 2 E., Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Smith Lake No. 2.)

Smith: lake, secs. 4, 5, 8, 9, 17, and 18, T. 27 N., R. 22 W., Flathead County, Mont. (Not Sedan.)

Smith: landing, Ohio River, Clermont County, Ohio. (Not Smith's.)

Smith: landing, Mississippi River, Pierce County, Wis. (Not Smith's.)

Smith: peak, south of Hetch Hetchy Valley, Tuolumne County, Calif. (Not Cottonwood nor Smith's.)

Smith: point, about 1 mile west of Astoria, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Smith's nor Smiths.)

Smith: river, Cascade and Meagher Counties, Mont. (Not Deep Creek.)

Smith: rock, Long Island Sound, near mouth of Darien River, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Smith's.)

Smith: see Dunns, peak, Calif.

Smith: see Palomar, mountain, Calif.

Smith Bar: post light, Mississippi River, 5 miles below mouth of St. Croix River, Minn. (Not Smith's Bar.)

Smithburgh: see Smithsburgh.

Smithers: creek, Fayette County, W. Va. (Not Smothers nor Smythers.)

Smithers: see Smothers, creek, Ind.

Smithfield: see Smiths Crossroads.

Smith Fork Platte River: see Little Platte.

Smith Lake No. 1: see Templeman, lake, Idaho.

Smith Lake No. 2: see Smith, lake, Idaho.

Smith Prairie: basalt plateau, Elmore County, Idaho, on northeast side of South Fork of the Boise River, about halfway between Arrowrock Reservoir and Bennett.

Smith Roads: see Smiths Crossroads.

Smiths: see Little Platte, stream, Mo.

Smith's: see Round, island, N. H.

Smith's: see Tuthill, cove, N. Y.

Smith's: see Paradise, creek, Va.

Smiths: see Smith.

Smith's Bar: see Smith Bar.

Smithsburg: village, Washington County, Md. (Not Smithburgh.)

Smiths Crossroads: locality, Powhatan County, Va. (Not Smith Roads, Smithfield, nor Smithville.)

Smithville: see Dunkirk, town, Md.

Smithville: see Smiths Crossroads, Va.

Smoke: creek, south of Buffalo, Erie County, N. Y. (Not Smokes.)

Smoky: creek, tributary to Bull River from northwest, in sec. 34, T. 27 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Smoky: lake, Iron County, Mich., in secs. 21, 28, 32, and 33, T. 43 N., R. 37 W., Michigan meridian. (Not Long.) The new name, which is the translation of the Indian name, was given in order to avoid the confusion arising from the existence of several lakes in this vicinity by the name Long.

Smoky: mountains, central Idaho. The range extending from the extreme head of the Salmon River southerly to Camas Prairie and forming the divide between Big Wood River on the east and, chiefly, the tributaries of the South Fork Boise River on the west. Part of the Sawtooth Mountains.

Smoky: range, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 32′ N., long. 114° 15′ W.

Smoky Hill: river, chiefly in Kansas, rising in Cheyenne County, Colo., flows easterly into Kansas near lat. 38° 56′ N., and thence to its junction with the Republican River to form the Kansas River near Junction City, Kans.

Smolensk: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 54° 50′ N., 32° 10′ E.

Smooth: channel or pass, between Ogden Passage and Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 36′ N., long. 136° 05′.3 W., southwest coast of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Smothers: creek, tributary to West Fork White River, Daviess County, Ind. (Not Smethers nor Smithers.)

Smothers: see Smithers.

Smyrna: river, boundary between Kent and New Castle Counties, Del. (Not Duck Creek.)

Smyrna: see İzmir.

Smythers: see Smithers.

Snag: lake, Lassen County, Calif., in secs. 27, 28, and 33, T. 31 N., R. 6 E. (Not Feather.)

Snag: river, rises in the Nutzoten Mountains, Alaska, and flows northeastward across the international boundary at lat. 62° 27′ N., long. 141° W., and joins the White River near lat. 62° 24′ N., long. 140° 21′ W., Canada.

Snake: hot springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 10′ N., long. 110° 35′ W., on left bank of Snake River.

Snake: lake, T. 36 N., R. 109 W., on Lake Creek, Fremont County, Wyo.

Snake: river, rising in northwestern Wyo., in Ocean Plateau, traversing Jackson Lake, emptying into Columbia River near Pasco, Wash. (Not Lewis Fork nor South Fork of Snake River.)

Snake: see Widow, lake, Calif.

Snake: see Sucker, creek, Idaho.

Snake: see Avoca, lake, Minn.

Snake: see Bass, island, N. Y.

Snake: see Lewis, river, Wyo.

Snake Creek or *River:* see Biscayne, creek, Fla.

Snake River Plain: the broad valley of the Snake River with relatively subdued topography, mainly underlain by Snake River basalt and associated sediments, beginning near the towns of Spencer, Kilgore, and Ashton, northeast Idaho, and extending south and west across the entire State to the point where the valley narrows sharply in the vicinity of Huntington, Oreg.

***Snake Spring**: creek, Bedford County, Pa. (Not Snakespring.)

Snakespring: see Snake Spring and Snake Spring Valley, Pa.

Snake Spring Valley: township, Bedford County, Pa. (Not Snake Spring.)

Sneden: landing, Hudson River, Rockland County, N. Y. (Not Sneden's.)

***Sneffels**: peak (Mount Sneffels), Ouray County, Colo., San Juan Mountains, near lat. 38° 00′ N., long. 107° 45′ W. (Not Mount Blaine.)

Snells: see Whitaker.

Snider: peak, altitude 3,174 feet, Clallam County, Wash., about 9 miles south of Pillar Point, Juan de Fuca Strait, near lat. 48° 05′ N., long. 124° 07′ W. (Not Carlson.) Named after Snider ranger station located at foot of peak.

Sniktau: peak (Mount Sniktau), altitude 13,241 feet, Clear Creek County, Colo., near lat. 39° 41′ N., long. 105° 51′ W. Proposed by the Colorado Geographic Board, the Colorado Mountain Club, and the State Historical Society, in honor of E. H. N. Patterson, 1828–1880, a pioneer of this region, and famous as a correspondent under the nom de plume "Sniktau," a name given him by California Indians. (Not Big Professor nor Engelmann.)

Snipe: rock, west side Ogden Passage, at entrance to Kukkan Passage, lat. 57° 38′.3 N., long. 136° 10′.6 W., western side of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Snipe: see Kulichkof.

Snody Dock: lighthouse, Whitehall Narrows, Lake Champlain, Rutland County, Vt. (Not Snoddy's Dock.)

Snoqualmie: pass, river, and town, King County, Wash. (Not Snoqualme.)

Snow: creek, tributary to Tenaya Creek, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Glacier Brook, Hoffman, nor Hoffmann.)

Snow: creek, Boise County, Idaho, east of Cabin Creek, tributary to Crooked River from north. Local name.

***Snow:** peak, altitude 6,762 feet, sec. 25, T. 43 N., R. 6 E., and sec. 30, T. 43 N., R. 7 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Goat.)

Snow: see Absaroka Range, Mont.

Snowcap: mountain, altitude 8,460 feet, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, near lat. 61° 25′ N., long. 153° 40′ W. Proposed by Capps and FitzGerald, 1928, because the mountain is snow-capped the year round.

Snow Creek: see Darrah.

Snowcrest: mountain range, west of Ruby River and south of canyon in T. 9 S., R. 4 W., principally within boundaries of Madison National Forest, Madison County, Mont.

Snowdrift: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 50′ W., head of Taggart Creek—a fairly large alpine lake which lies in the zone of perpetual snow.

Snow Glacier: see Inabnit, mountain, Mont.

Snow Hill: town, Worcester County, Md. (Not Flawhill.)

Snow Marsh: post lights, Cape Fear River, New Hanover County, N. C. (Not Snow's Marsh.)

Snowshoe: canyon, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 53′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., drains into Jackson Lake. A ranger's snowshoe cabin has been built at the mouth of this canyon.

Snowshoe: falls, the highest on Denny Creek, about ¾ of a mile above Keekwulee Falls, King County. Wash.

Snowshoe: lake, Lake County, Minn., in sec. 17, T. 59 N., R. 11 W., Superior National Forest. So named because the lake in shape resembles a snowshoe.

Snowshoe: pass, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 55′ W.

Snowslide: creek, T. 10 S., R. 5 E., Gallatin County, Mont., and Yellowstone National Park.

Snowslip: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 16′ N., long. 113° 31′ W.

Snow's Marsh: see Snow Marsh.

Snowy: lake, western slope Latouche Island, at head of Wilson River, near lat. 60° 02′ N., long. 147° 54′.7 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Snowy: mountain, altitude 7,108 feet, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 10 miles northeast of Mount Katmai, near lat. 58° 20′ N., long. 154° 40′ W.

Snowy: range of mountains (Snowy Range), Albany and Carbon Counties, Wyo., in T. 16 N., Rs. 79 and 80 W., sixth principal meridian, Medicine Bow National Forest.

Snowy Mountain: see Blackhall, mountain, Wyo.

Snowyside: peak, altitude 10,646 feet, T. 7 N., R. 12 E., near boundary line between Blaine, Custer, and Elmore Counties, Idaho.

Snug: harbor, east side of Knight Island, 6½ miles northward of Point Helen, lat. 60° 15′.5 N., long. 147° 43′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Discovery Bay.)

***Snug:** harbor, Alaska, west coast Cook Inlet, in west side south end Chisik Island, near lat. 60° 06′ N., long. 152° 35′ W. (Not Tuxedni.)

Snug: see Cozy, cove, Alaska.

Snyder: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 47′ W., on northwest side of Sperry Glacier, flowing southwest into Lake McDonald.

Snyder: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 49′ W.

Snyder: mountain, Prince William Sound region, Alaska, between head of Orca Bay and foot of Shephard Glacier, lat. 60° 38′ N., long. 145° 37′ W.

Snyder: ridge, altitude 4,700 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 34′ N., long. 113° 54′ W.

Soadabscook: see Souadabscook.

Soap: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., in Ts. 5–8 S., Rs. 31–32 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Big Horn River from south. According to local authorities, the original Indian name of the stream meant "warm water."

Soap: lake, Shasta County, Calif., 2 miles southwest of Prospect Peak, secs. 13 and 14, T. 31 N., R. 5 E.

Soapstone: cove, narrow inlet, 1 mile long, on eastern side of Soapstone Point, north end of Yakobi Island, southeastern Alaska.

Soblangon: see Sublangan, P. I.

Sobola: see Sabougla.

Socapatoy: creek, precinct, and village, Coosa County, Ala. (Not Socapartoy, Soccopotoy, nor Sucapatova.)

***Soche:** see Yarkand.

Société, Iles de la (Society Islands): Fr. island group, cen. s. Pacific; chief island, Tahiti; 17° S., 150° W.

Sockeye: creek, draining Hugh Smith Lake into Boca de Quadra, at lat. 55° 05′.6 N., long. 130° 43′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Sockeye: creek, Alaska, northerly tributary of Taku River, about 5 miles in length, draining the area lying between Twin and Taku Glaciers, and joins the Taku River in lat. 58° 30′ N., long. 133° 59′ W., Tongass National Forest. Name used locally was given for the sockeye salmon which spawn in great numbers in this creek.

Sockeye: falls, 4 miles above mouth of Lyman Creek, northeastern part Prince of Wales Island, southeastern Alaska.

Socol: see Sucol, P. I.

Socotra: Br. island, E. of Africa; 12° 30′ N., 50° E. (Not Sokotra.)

Soda: butte, elevation 8,888 feet, Tulare County, Calif., on line between secs. 35 and 36, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Soda: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 19, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., flowing northeast into Big Arroyo in sec. 11, Sequoia National Park.

Soda: lake, Shasta County, Calif., 2 miles southwest of Lassen Peak, in sec. 9, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Soda: lake, T. 31 S., R. 19 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Salt.)

Soda: see Cold Boiling, lake, Calif.

Soda Butte: canyon, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., traversed by Soda Butte Creek, extending from Soda Butte to and beyond park boundary near northeast corner.

Soda Butte: extinct hot spring crater, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 53′ N., long. 110° 09′ W., about 2½ miles above mouth of Soda Butte Creek and Lamar River.

Soda Butte: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 45° 01′ N., long. 110° W., flowing southwest into Lamar River on route of Chief Joseph and his Nez Perce band of Indians, 1877.

Soda Fork: see South Santiam.

Soda Spring: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 33, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., flowing east and southeast into Little Kern River. Feature chiefly in area eliminated from Sequoia National Park.

Soda Spring: lakes, on headwaters of North Fork of Kern River, Tulare County, Calif. (Not Kern.)

Soda Spring Dome: Soda Springs Butte: see Fairview Dome.

Sodus: bay, southern shore Lake Ontario, Wayne County, N. Y. (Not Big Sodus nor Great Sodus.)

Soemba (Sumba): island, Neth. India; Dutch, Soemba or Tjendana; sometimes called Sandalwood; 10° S., 120° E.

***Soembawa (Sumbawa):** island, Neth. India; 8° 45′ S., 118° E.

Soenda (Sunda): pr. sōōn'da; sea, strait, and islands, E. Indies. The Sunda Islands comprise the Greater Sundas (Sumatra, Java, Borneo, Celebes) and the Lesser Sundas (Bali, Lombok, Sumbawa, Sumba, etc.).

***Soerabaja (Surabaya)**: seaport, n. e. Java; 7° 15′ S., 112° 45′ E. (Not Soerabaya, Sourabaya.)

Soerabaya: see Soerabaja.

Sofia: see Sofiya.

Sofija: see Sofiya.

Sofiya (Sofia): capital of Bulgaria; Bulg. Sofiya,† formerly Sredets;† Ger. Sofija; 42° 40′ N., 23° 18′ E. (Not Sophia.)

Sogod: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Seged nor Sógod.)

Sogod: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Sógod: see Sogod, P. I.

Sogod Sur: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Sohorn: see Seehorn.

Sohuton: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Sojoton nor Sojuton.)

Sojoton: Sojuton: see Sohuton, P. I.

Sokotra: see Socotra.

Solana: municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Solano: township, Nueva Vizcaya Province, Luzon, P. I.

Solary: wharf, Jessup Lake, Seminole County, Fla. (Not Salory's.)

Solatna: see Sulatna.

Soldier: creek, Gunnison County, Colo., heading in T. 45 N., R. 4 W., and flowing northwest into Big Blue Creek, in T. 46 N., R. 5 W., near lat. 38° 13′ N., long. 107° 22′ W.

Soldier: mountain mass, Camas and Elmore Counties, Idaho, north of Camas Prairie; on the north and west extending to the South Fork of the Boise River, and on the southwest to the pass occupied by the road from Camas Prairie to Pine.

Soldier: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 38° 13′ N., long. 107° 22′ W.

Soleduck: river, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Solduc nor Sole-ee-tŭck.)

Solem: township, Douglas County, Minn. (Not Solum.)

Solfatara: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 41′ W., flowing south into Gibbon River.

Solfatara: plateau, altitude 8,100 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at north end of Central Plateau, between Yellowstone and Gibbon River, near lat. 44° 44′ N., long. 110° 33′ W.

Solib: see Sulib, P. I.

Solingen: an e. suburb of Düsseldorf, Rheinprovinz, w. Germany; 51° 10′ N., 7° 4′ E.

Solitude: lake (Lake Solitude), Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 48′ N., long. 110° 51′ W.—lake at the head of Glacier Canyon, probably as yet unvisited by man but frequently seen from the summits of nearby peaks.

Solitude: point (Cape Solitude), Coconino County, Ariz.

Sollers: point and village, Patapsco River, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Sollars nor Soller.)

Sollers: town, Calvert County, Md. (Not Soller.)

Soloma: point and flat, on northeast shore, 1½ miles from head of Lisianski Inlet, western part of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska. Russian word meaning "straw."

Solomon: creek, rising on eastern slope Cascade Range, tributary to Jack Creek about 14 miles west of Leavenworth, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Scatter.)

Solomon: hills, between Harris Canyon and La Zaca Creek, Santa Barbara County, Calif. (Not Mount Solomon.)

Solomon: lake, T. 63 N., R. 3 E., Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Solomons.)

Solomon: see Solomons, Md.

Solomon Islands: group, e. of New Guinea; British; 8° S., 159° E.

Solomons: island and town, Calvert County, Md. (Not Solomon.)

Solomons: see Solomon, lake, Idaho.

Solomons Lump: lighthouse, Kedge Straits, Chesapeake Bay, Md. (Not Solomon's Lump.)

Solomon Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 03′ N., long. 111° 55′ W.

Solsona: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Solsuguin: see Sulsugin, P. I.

Solum: see Solem.

Solun: see Thessalonikē.

Solution: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising in Riddle Lake, flowing northeast into West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake.

Solyanka: point, on outer of two rocks, ⅞ mile west of Fisherman Cove entrance, west coast Dall Island, southeastern Alaska. Russian word for "kelp."

Somalia Italiana: see Italian Somaliland.

Somaliland, British: see British Somaliland.

Somaliland, French: see French Somaliland.

Somaliland, Italian: see Italian Somaliland.

Somasick: see Meshomasic.

Sombrero: butte, Gila County, Ariz., near lat. 33° 50′ N., long. 110° 47′ W.

Sombrero: island, in northern part San Alberto Bay, southeastern Alaska.

Sombrero: see Cabulauan, P. I.

Somerford: township, Madison County, Ohio. (Not Summerford.)

***Somerford**: village, Somerford Township, Madison County, Ohio. (Not Summerford.)

Somers: cove, Little Annemessex River, Somerset County, Md. (Not Somer's.)

Somersville: town, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Sommerville nor Summerville.)

Somerton: see Sommerton.

Somerville: city in Middlesex County, Mass., adjoining Boston on the west. Population in 1930, 103,604. (Pronounced sŭm′er-vĭl.)

Sommerton: village, Nansemond County, Va. (Not Somerton.)

Sommerville: see Somersville.

Somucab: see Sumucab, P. I.

Son-culan: see Sunculan, P. I.

Sondin: see Joshin.

Songcolan: barrio, New Washington Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Sangcolong nor Songcolon.)

Songcolon: see Songcolan, P. I.

Songculan: see Sunculan, P. I.

Songdo: see Kaijo.

***Songjin**: see Joshin.

Songong: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Song-on, Song-ong, nor Songon.)

Song-on: Songon: see Songong, P. I.

Songuldak: see Zonguldak.

Son-ok: see Sonok, P. I.

Sonok: barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Son-ok.)

Sonora: pr. sō-nō′rä; State, n. Mexico.

Sonora: town, Gordon County, Ga. (Not Sonoraville.)

Sonsela: volcanic buttes, 24 miles north of Fort Defiance, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Sonsala.)

Soochow: city, Kiangsu prov., e. China; 31° 16′ N., 120° 32′ E. (Not Suchow.)

Sooes: river, emptying into Pacific Ocean near Portage Head, Clallam County, Wash. (Not Suez, Tsoo-e-ez, nor Tzues.)

Sookanatchie: see Sucarnoochee.

Sookee: see Soque.

Sooloo: see Sulu.

Sophia: see Sofiya.

Sopron: city, Hungary, and district originally comprising part of the Burgenland (transferred by Hungary to Austria by the treaties of St. Germain and Trianon) which was returned to Hungary following a plebiscite held Dec. 14, 1921; Ger. Ödenburg; 47° 38′ N., 16° 38′ E.

Soque: river and town, Habersham County, Ga. (Not Sookee nor Soquee.)

Soquel: cove, creek, landing, point, and village, Santa Cruz County, Calif. (Not Saquel, Sauquel, Shoquel, nor Soque.)

Sorgenfri: see Hendrik.

Soriano: pr. sôr-ē-än′ō; dept. and city, Uruguay; 33° 22′ S., 58° 19′ W.

Soro Soro: see Sorosoro, P. I.

Sorosoro: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sorosoro: barrio, Binan Municiaplity, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Soro Soro.)

Sorrel: see Grand, lake, La.

Sorrento: harbor and town, Hancock County, Me. (Not Point.)

Sorsogon: municipality, Provincial Capital, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sortklip: see Blackrock, Virgin Islands.

Sosnowiec: pr. sôs-nô′vyĕts; city, s. w. Poland; Ger. Sossnowitz; 50° 18′ N., 19° 10′ E.

Sossnowitz: see Sosnowiec.

Sotavento: see Lee, Virgin Islands.

Sothell: see Bothell.

***Sotterley:** point and village, Patuxent River, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Satterley, Setterly, nor Sotterly.)

Souadabscook: river, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Soadabscook nor Sowadabascook.)

Soudan: see Sudan.

Soudan français: see French Sudan.

Söul: see Keijo.

Sound, The: see Culebra: Culebrita.

Soundon: see Sumdum.

Sour: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 17′ W., flowing northwest and southwest into Yellowstone River. Named by Capt. J. W. Barlow, leader of military expedition, 1871.

Sourabaya: see Soerabaja.

Source: lake, at head of South Fork Snoqualmie River, King County, Wash.

Sourdnahunk: see Nesowadnehunk.

Souris: river, rising in Canada, flowing through Bottineau, McHenry, Renville, and Ward Counties, N. Dak., and emptying into the Assiniboine River, Manitoba, Canada. (Not Mouse.)

South: butte, altitude 6,970 feet, sec. 3, T. 42 N., R. 5 E., one of three, peaks on Monumental Buttes Ridge, Shoshone County, Idaho.

South: creek, heading south of Abajo Peak and flowing east to Montezuma Creek at Monticello, San Juan County, Utah. (Not South Fork of Montezuma.)

South: head, southern side entrance Iliamna Bay, lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 150° 34′ W., northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

South: island, small, south side of Semidi Islands, lat. 55° 59′ N., long. 156° 43′ W., Alaska. (Not Kutloot.)

South: lake, first south of "Height of Land," Cook County, Minn., and Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary.

South: pass, western end of Sukkwan Strait, between Goat and Sukkwan Islands, lat. 55° 11′ N., long. 132° 52′ W., southeastern Alaska.

South: peak, Piscataquis County, Me., southeast of highest point of Mount Katahdin. (Not Thoreau's.)

South: peak, most southerly part of Abajo Mountains southeast corner, San Juan County, Utah. (Not Abajo Peak.)

South: see Quacumquasit, pond, Mass.

South: see Aowa, creek, Nebr.

South Africa, Union of: see Union of South Africa.

South America: lake (Lake South America), Tulare County, Calif., south slope Kings-Kern Divide, west slope Sierra Nevada, on headwaters Kern River, near lat. 36° 41′ N., long. 118° 24′ W. (Not South American.) So named, 1896, by Prof. Bolton Coit Brown, of Stanford University, on account of resemblance of outline to map of continent.

Southampton: seaport, Hampshire, England; 50° 55′ N., 1° 28′ W.

South Arm: bay, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., the middle of the three southern extensions of Yellowstone Lake.

South Australia: state, cen. s. Australia.

South Bay: see Farallon, bay, Alaska.

South Bay, Grand Lake: see Metzelaar.

South Beaver: creek, Lincoln County, S. Dak. (Not Little Beaver.)

South Bend: city, in St. Joseph County, Ind., on the St. Joseph River, near lat. 41° 41′ N., long. 87° 20′ W. Population in 1930, 104,179. (Pronounced sowth bĕnd.)

***South Bend:** precinct and village, Cass County, Nebr. (Not Southbend.)

South Bloomfield: village, Pickaway County, Ohio. (Not Bloomfield.)

South Boulder: see Tobacco Root.

South Boundary: creek, flowing along the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) partly in Alaska and partly in Yukon, Canada, and tributary to Fortymile River near lat. 64° 19′ N., long. 141° W. (Not Boundary.)

***South Bound Brook:** borough, Somerset County, N. J. (Not Bloomington nor South Boundbrook.)

South Branch: river, tributary to Park River, Hartford County, Conn. (Not Hog.)

South Branch: see Sloan.

South Branch of Big Blue River: see West Fork, Big Blue River.

South Buffalo: see Buffalo, creek, N. C.

South Bunker: ledge, approach to Southwest Harbor, Mount Desert, Me. (Not South Bunker's.)

South Burnett: island, eastern side of south end Burnett Inlet, Etolin Island, lat. 56° 04′ N., long. 132° 27′.6 W., southeastern Alaska.

South Cache: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 01′ N., long. 109° 57′ W., flowing west into Cache Creek.

South Canyon: see Hudlow.

South Canyon Creek: see Illilouette.

South Carolina: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by North Carolina, on the east by North Carolina and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by the Atlantic Ocean and Georgia, and on the west by Georgia. Area, 30,989 square miles. (Pronounced, sowth kar-o-li′na.)

South Channel: channel, Boqueron Bay, P. R.

South Chilco: mountain, altitude 5,600 feet, south of Leiberg-Athol Trail, T. 52 N., R. 2 W., Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Chilco.)

South China Sea: see China Sea.

South Clear: creek, Johnson County, Wyo., heads approx. in sec. 29, T. 50 N., R. 85 W., sixth principal meridian and flows easterly to a junction with North Clear Creek, to form Clear Creek, in sec. 7, T. 50 N., R. 83 W., Bighorn National Forest.

South Cottonwood: creek, Ts. 3 and 4 S., Rs. 4, 5, and 6 E., tributary to Gallatin River, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Cottonwood.)

South Creek: see Castle, creek, Colo.

South Dakota: a State of the United States, bounded on the north by North Dakota, on the east by Minnesota and Iowa, on the south by Nebraska, and on the west by Wyoming and Montana. Area, 77,615 square miles. (Pronounced, sowth dȧ-kō′-tȧ.)

***South Dartmouth:** village, Dartmouth Town, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Padanaram.)

Southdown: see Cedar, island, Me.

Southeast: see Southwest, breaker, Alaska.

South East Arm: bay, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., the southeast extension of the Yellowstone Lake.

Southeast Farallon: island, off entrance to San Francisco Bay, Calif. (Not South Farallon.)

South Eel River: see Eel, river, Calif.

Southend-on-Sea: city, Essex county, England, at mouth of the Thames; 51° 32′ N., 0° 42′ E.

Southerland: see Sutherland.

South Farallon: see Southeast Farallon.

South Fork: meadows, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 19 and 20, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

South Fork: see Lone Cabin, creek, Idaho.

South Fork: see Akinkoka, creek, Mont.

South Fork: see Middle Santiam, river, Oreg.

South Fork: see Mill, creek, Wash.

South Fork: see Molalla, river, Oreg.

South Fork: see South Santiam, river, Oreg.

South Fork: see East Fork, Lewis, river, Wash.

South Fork, Bailey: creek, Shasta County, Calif., southwest of Lassen Peak, in T. 30 N., Rs. 3 and 4 E.

South Fork Bear: see Roeder.

South Fork Bear: see Indian, creek, Colo.

South Fork, Belly: river, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising in Ahern Glacier, near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 47′ W. flowing northeast and joining Middle Fork to form Belly River.

South Fork, Burns: see Burns, creek, Mont.

South Fork Canyon Creek: see Canyon, creek, Idaho.

South Fork Catawba: river, Catawba, Lincoln, and Gaston Counties, N. C. (Not Clarks, nor Little Catawba.)

South Fork, Clear: see Helena, creek, Wash.

South Fork, Coal: creek, tributary to Coal Creek from south, Ts. 33 and 34 N., Rs. 21 and 22 W., Flathead County, Mont.

South Fork, Deer: creek, Dawson County, Mont., rises in T. 18 N., R. 52 E., Montana principal meridian, and with North Fork forms Deer Creek in T. 17 N., R. 53 E.

South Fork Divide: watershed, between Loomis Mountain and Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

South Fork Dolores River: see Bear, creek, Colo.

South Fork, Eel: river, branch from south at Dyerville, T. 1 S., R. 2 E., Mount Diablo meridian, Humboldt and Mendocino Counties, Calif.

South Fork, Elk: creek, T. 15 S., Rs. 35 and 35½ E., Grant County, Oreg. (Not Sheep.)

South Fork, Foster: creek, Custer and Powder River counties, Mont., rises in secs. 1 and 2, T. 1 S., R. 46 E., Montana principal meridian, and joins Foster Creek in sec. 30, T. 2 N., R. 47 E.

South Fork, Fox: see Fox, creek, Mont.

South Fork Gypsum: creek, T. 38 N., R. 109 W., tributary to Gypsum Creek from northeast, Fremont County, Wyo.

South Fork, Icicle: see French, creek, Wash.

South Fork Kaukonahua: see Kaukonahua, South Fork, T. H.

South Fork, Kaweah: river, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 10, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., flowing southwest and northwest into Kaweah River in sec. 26, T. 17 S., R. 28 E., Sequoia National Park.

South Fork, Kennedy: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 113° 41′ W., in Kennedy Lake, flowing east across park boundary joining North Fork to form Kennedy Creek.

South Fork, Kirby: see East Kirby, creek, Wyo.

South Fork, Kirby: see West Kirby, creek, Wyo.

South Fork, Malheur: river, rising in Harney County, Oreg., and entering the Malheur River in Malheur County, at Riverside, Oreg.

South Fork, Michigan: river, Jackson County, Colo., a branch of North Platte River, near lat. 40° 30′ N., long. 106° W. (Not Bayneeche Creek.)

South Fork, Mowich River: see South Mowich.

South Fork of Blackfoot River: see Slug.

South Fork of Cabin Creek: see Cabin.

South Fork of Cannon Ball: see Cedar, creek, N. Dak.

South Fork of East Fork of Bitterroot: see East Fork, Bitterroot.

South Fork of Grand River: see Arapaho, creek, Colo.

South Fork of Lost Horse: see South Lost Horse.

South Fork of Meadow: see West Fork, Hawkins.

South Fork of Middle Fork Eel: see Black Butte.

South Fork of Middle Fork Eel: see North Fork Eel.

South Fork of Montezuma: see South, creek, Utah.

South Fork of Republican River: see Republican.

South Fork of Snake River: see Snake.

*South Fork of South Branch, Potomac: river, Hardy and Pendleton Counties, W. Va., tributary from the south to the South Branch at Moorfield. (Not Moorfield River.)

South Fork of South Umpqua River: see Jackson.

South Fork of Stillwater River: see Logan.

*South Fork of West Fork, Gallatin: river, Gallatin and Madison Counties, Mont., Gallatin National Forest, joining West Fork from south, near sec. 31, T. 6 S., R. 4 E. (Not Southwest Fork.)

South Fork Peoples: see Little Rocky.

South Fork Platte River: see Little Platte.

South Fork, Reno: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in sec. 31, T. 5 S., R. 37 E., Montana principal meridian and joins Reno Creek in sec. 17, T. 4 S., R. 36 E.

South Fork St. Joe River: see Sisters.

South Fork, Shorty: creek, T. 35 N., R. 23 W., tributary to Shorty Creek from south, Flathead County, Mont.

South Fork, Shoshone: river, Park County, Wyo., rises near south line of T. 45 N., R. 108 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northeasterly to unite with North Fork, Shoshone River in the Shoshone Reservoir to form Shoshone River.

South Fork Skalkaho: see Skalkaho.

South Fork, Skykomish: river, King and Snohomish Counties, Wash., formed by junction Foss and Tye Rivers, in sec. 31, T. 26 N., R. 12 E., at village of Tonga, flowing northwest and joining North Fork of Skykomish River to form main Skykomish River in sec. 19, T., 27 N. R. 10 E.

South Fork Valentine: branch, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 114° 00′ W., flows northeast into Valentine Creek.

South Fork, Wailua: see Wailua, South Fork, T. H.

South Fork, Wallowa: see Lostine.

South Fork, White: river, longest south branch of the White River, Shannon, Bennett, Todd, and Mellette Counties, S. Dak., rises in T. 36 N., R. 41 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows into White River in T. 43 N., R. 28 W. (Not Little White.)

South Fowl: lake, first above Fowl Portage, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, Canada, and Cook County, Minn., international boundary. (Not Cock.)

South Fox: see Evans, creek, Wyo.

South Gabouri: creek, Ste. Genevieve County, Mo. (Not South Fork Gabori nor South Gabori.)

Southgate: urban district, Middlesex county, England; 51° 37′ N., 0° 6′ W.

South Grand: river south of the Missouri River, tributary to Osage River from the west in Benton County, about 5 miles above Warsaw, Mo. (Not Grand.)

South Head: see Battery, point, Alaska.

South Hilo: see Hilo, South, T. H.

South Horse: creek, south branch of Horse Creek, T. 34 N., R. 114 W., Sublette County, Wyo. (Not Lynx.)

South Inlet: stream, tributary to Siuslaw River, south and east of Cox Island, Lane County, Oreg. (Not South Slough.)

South Kawishiwi: river, Lake County, Minn., flows out of Kawishiwi River in sec. 26, T. 63 N., R. 10 W., fourth principal meridian, to the foot of Birch Lake and thence north to White Iron Lake, and thence east to the Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest. Pronounced Kă wish′ĭ wĭ or Kăsh′ă wāy.

South Kohala: see Kohala, South, T. H.

South Kona: see Kona, South, T. H.

South Lost Horse: creek, T. 4 N., Rs. 22 and 23 W., tributary to Lost Horse Creek from south, Ravalli County, Mont. (Not South Fork of Lost Horse.)

South McAlester: see McAlester.

Southmayd: village, Grayson County, Tex. (Not Southmayde.)

*South Mowich: glacier, discharging into South Mowich River, western slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Edmunds.)

South Mowich: river, heading in South Mowich Glacier, tributary to Mowich River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not South Fork, Mowich River.)

Southold: bay and town, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y.

South Park: town, Burlington County, N. J. (Not White Horse.)

South Piney: creek, branch of Green River from the west, Sublette County, Wyo. (Not Piney.)

South Piney: creek, Johnson and Sheridan Counties, Wyo., heads in sec. 24, T. 51 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows northeasterly to a junction with North Piney Creek near Story, to form Piney Creek, Bighorn National Forest.

South Plainfield: village, Middlesex County, N. J. (Not New Brooklyn.)

South Platte: river, chiefly in Colorado, formed by the junction of its north and south branches, in sec. 12, T. 12 S., R. 76 W. of sixth principal meridian, Colo., flowing thence southeasterly about twenty-one miles, thence northeast and easterly entering Nebraska near long. 102° 12′ W. and joining with the North Platte River to form the Platte River near lat. 41° 07′ N., long. 100° 42′ W. (Pronounced sowth plăt.)

South Point: southwest extremity of Guimaras Island, P. I. (Not Lusaran nor Luzaran.)

Southport: seaport, Lancashire, England; 53° 40′ N., 3° W.

Southport: town, Marion County, Ind. (Not South Port.)

South Putnam: peak, altitude 8,989 feet, Bannock County, Idaho, in sec. 33, T. 5 S., R. 37 E., Boise meridian, Fort Hall Indian Reservation. For origin of name see North Putnam Peak.

South River: peak, Mineral County, Colo., in T. 38 N., R. 1 W., New Mexico principal meridian. (Not Macomb.)

South Rock: see Malonao Island, P. I.

South Saddle: lake, draining to west shore Carroll Inlet, Revillagigedo Island, southeastern Alaska.

South Sandy: creek, Chambers and Tallapoosa Counties, Ala. (Not Oaktazaza nor Sandy.)

South Santiam: river, rising on western slope Cascade Range in southeastern part Linn County, and flowing west and northwest to junction with North Santiam River near Jefferson, Oreg. (Not Santiam River, Soda Fork, nor South Fork.)

South Shields: seaport, Durham county, England, at mouth of the Tyne; 55° N., 1° 27′ W.

*South Shore: town, Codington County, S. Dak. (Not Southshore.)

Southside: road or trail, connecting places in southerly portion of St. John Island, Virgin Islands.

South Slough: see South Inlet.

South Sunday: creek, Rosebud and Custer Counties, Mont., rises in sec. 8, T. 12 N., R. 41 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows southeast to sec. 12, T. 8 N., R. 47 E., where with North Sunday it forms Sunday Creek. (Not Sunday.)

South Tahoma: glacier, discharging into Tahoma Creek, southwestern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Wilson.)

South Tenmile: see Tenmile.

South Teton: mountain, altitude 12,500 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 42′ N., long. 110° 49′ W.—the southern peak of the historic "Trois Tetons."

South Tongue: river, Sheridan County, Wyo., joins North Tongue River in sec. 22, T. 56 N., R. 88 W., sixth principal meridian, to form Tongue River, Bighorn National Forest.

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South Twin: bay, the southern of two bays indenting the west end of Elrington Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 59° 56′ N., long. 148° 13′ W.

***Southwest:** breaker, lying about 4 miles westward from Cape Suckling, lat. 59° 58′.6 N., long. 144° 01′.5 W., Alaska. (Not Southeast.)

Southwest: cape, forming southwestern extremity of St. Croix, Virgin Islands. (Not Pointe de Sable nor Punta de Arenas.)

Southwest: township, Warren County, Pa. (Not South West.)

Southwest: see Cleare, cape, Alaska.

Southwest: see South West City, Mo.

South-West Africa: Br. mandated ter., s. w. Africa, administered by the Union of S. Africa.

Southwest Cay: see Luispena, P. R.

South West City: town, McDonald County, Mo. (Not Southwest.)

Southwest Fork: see South Fork of West Fork, Gallatin, river, Mont.

Southwest Fork: see West Fork Gallatin, river, Mont.

South Yallo Bally: see South Yolla Bolly.

***South Yolla Bolly:** mountains, northern Coast Ranges, Trinity County, Calif. (Not South Yallo Bally, Yalla Balley, Yola Buli, Yolla, nor Yolla Bally.)

Souvoroff: see Suworof.

Soviet Union: see Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Sowachee: see Osahatchee.

Sowadabascook: see Souadabscook.

Sowahachee: see Osahatchee.

Soward: island, Hancock County, Me., west side Flanders Bay, near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 68° 10′ W. (Not Seward nor Soward's.)

Spa: creek, south side of Annapolis, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Spar nor Spaw.)

Spades: mountain, altitude 5,026 feet, sec. 2, T. 51 N., R. 2 W., Kootenai County, Idaho.

Spagna: see Spain.

Spain: republic, w. Europe; Sp. España; Fr. Espagne; Ger. Spanien; Ital. Spagna; Port. Espanha.

Spalato: see Split.

Spalding: see Spaulding.

Spanberg: island, Alaska, Tongass National Forest, in El Capitan Passage, northeast of Orr Island, south of Kosciusko Island, Prince of Wales Archipelago, near lat. 55° 04′ N., long. 133° 20′ W. Named after Lieut. Martin Spanberg, of the Russian Navy, who was Bering's senior officer in 1725. (Not Spangberg nor Spangenberg.)

Spangberg: see Spanberg.

Spangenberg: see Spanberg.

Spangle: lakes, sec. 3, T. 7 N., R. 12 E., Boise meridian, at head South Fork, Payette River, western side Sawtooth Range, Boise County, Idaho.

Spanien: see Spain.

Spanish Peak: mountain, T. 13 S., R. 24 E., Ochoco National Forest, Wheeler County, Oreg. (Not Bald.)

Spanish Town: pr. spăn′ĭsh town; a suburb of Kingston, Jamaica, B. W. I.; 18° 1′ N., 76° 59′ W.

Spanish Wells: pr. spăn′ish wĕls; island, the Bahamas.

Spar: see Spa.

Sparkman: channel, Hillsborough County, Fla., in Sparkman Bay, Tampa Harbor, east of Seddon Island. (Not Sparkman Bay nor Tampa Northern.)

Spark's: see Gross.

***Sparrows:** point, Patapsco River, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Sparrow nor Sparrow's.)

***Sparrows Point:** railroad station, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Sparrow Point nor Steelton.)

Sparta: mountains, Byram and Sparta Townships, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Wallkill.)

Sparta: see Isparta.

Spasmodic: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 300 feet southeast of Grand Geyser, south center of Upper Geyser Basin, right bank of Firehole River.

Spasskaia: see Spasski, bay and island, Alaska.

Spasski: bay, in Icy Strait, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 58° 06′ N., long. 135° 19′ W. (Not Spasskaia.)

Spasski: creek, southeastern Alaska, on north shore of Chichagof Island, tributary to Spasski Bay, Icy Strait, near lat. 58° 05′ N., long. 135° 17′ W., Tongass National Forest. Bay so named by the Russians in early part of 1800.

Spasski: island, in Icy Strait, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 58° 08′ N., long. 135° 16′ W. (Not Spasskaia.)

Spaulding: town and township, Union County, Iowa. (Not Spalding.)

Spavinaw: creek, Benton County, Ark., and Delaware and Mayes Counties, Okla.: and town, Mayes County, Okla. (Not Spavina.)

Spaw: see Spa.

Speareville: see Spearville.

Spearhead: mountain, altitude 11,200 feet, sec. 28, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Park County, Colo.

Spearhead: point, near lat. 37° 42′ N., long. 117° 15′ W. Esmeralda County, Nev.

Spears: rock, Rockland Harbor, Knox County, Me. (Not Spear's.)

Spearville: city and township, Ford County, Kans. (Not Speareville.)

***Spechts Ferry:** post light and town, Mississippi River, Dubuque County, Iowa. (Not Specht's Ferry.)

Specimen: creek, T. 9 S., Rs. 5 and 6 E., tributary to Gallatin River from the northeast, Park County, Mont., and Yellowstone National Park. (Not Speelman.)

Specimen: ridge, altitude 8,700 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 4 miles southeast of the junction of Yellowstone and Lamar Rivers, extending southeast to Amethyst Mountain. Named, prior to 1870, because of numerous petrified forest remains and great variety of other minerals and semiprecious stones found in the region.

Spectacle: island, west of Crane Island, West Penobscot Bay, Me.

Spectacle Pond: see Mountain View.

Specter: range, Nye County, Nev., near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 116° 06′ W.

Specter Chasm: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County Ariz., in south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 19′ N., long. 112° 30′ W., drains east into Middle Granite Gorge of the Colorado River.

Spednik: first and second lakes above Vanceboro, on international boundary, between New Brunswick, Canada, and Washington County, Me. (Not Umquemenkeag.)

Speelman: see Specimen, creek, Mont.

Speelyai: creek, rising in T. 7 N., R. 4 E., flowing into Lewis River near town of Yale, in T. 6 N., R. 3 E., Cowlitz County, Wash. Indian name for Coyote.

Spellacy: hill, lying mostly in secs. 22, 23, 24, 25, and 26 of T. 32 S., R. 23 E., Kern County, Calif.

Spencer: creek, draining Buck Lake and tributary to Klamath River in T. 39 S., R. 7 E., Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Clear.)

Spencer: township, Jennings County, Ind. (Not Spence.)

Spencer Terrace: plateau, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 23′ W. (Not Mystic Spring Plateau.)

Spencers Wharf: town, St. Marys County, Md. (Not Hopewell.)

Sperlin: Sperlin's: see Spurling.

Sperry: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 46′ W., on north slope of Gunsight Mountain and fed by Edwards Mountain on the west. Named for Professor Sperry, of Oberlin College, who made the first trail to the glacier, long before the park was established.

Spesutie: island and narrows, Harford County, Md. (Not Spesutia.)

Spetsbergen: see Spitsbergen.

Spezia, La: pr. lä spĕt-syä; seaport, n. w. Italy; 44°12′ N., 9° 45′ E.

Sphinx: mountain, Madison County, Mont. (Not Sphynx.)

Spice Islands: see Molukken.

Spicer: peak, near junction Arapahoe and Grizzly Creeks, Jackson County, Colo. (Not Arapahoe.)

Spile: see Pile.

Spillmans: *Spilman's*: see Spilmans.

Spilmans: island, San Jacinto Bay, Harris County, Tex. (Not Jenning's, Spilman's, nor Spillmans.)

Spirea: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 15′ N., long. 110° 42′ W., flowing south into Crawfish Creek.

Spiridon: bay, about 12 miles long, indenting northwestern side of Kodiak Island, center near lat. 57° 40′ N., long. 153° 46′ W., Alaska. Well-established name; after a Russian saint.

Spit: see West, point, Alaska.

Spitsbergen: group of Norwegian Arctic islands, part of Svalbard (q. v.), comprising West Spitsbergen, North-East Land, etc.; Nor. and Dutch, Spitsbergen; Ger. Spitzbergen; Swed. Spetsbergen; Fr. Spitsberg; see also Svalbard.

Spitzbergen: see Spitsbergen.

Split: glacier, draining into north arm of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. A huge rock splits or divides this glacier. Local name reported by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party, 1927.

Split: mountain, altitude 8,781 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 36′ N., long. 113° 33′ W.

Split (Spalato): town, Dalmatian coast, Yugoslavia; Serb-Croat, Split; Ital. Spalato, pr. spálato; 43° 31′ N., 16° 26′ E.

Spofford: village, Cheshire County, N. H. (Not Chesterfield Factory.)

Spokane: city, in Spokane County, Wash., on the Spokane River, near lat. 47° 39′ N., long. 117° 25′ W. Population in 1930, 116,010. (Pronounced, spō-kăn′.)

***Spokane:** mountain (Mount Spokane), Spokane County, Wash., in T. 28 N., R. 45 E., Willamette meridian. (Not Bald Peak, Baldy Mount, Carleton, nor Old Baldy.)

Sponge: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 400 feet northeast of Firehole River and Beehive Geyser near south end of Upper Geyser Basin.

Spoon: glacier, northeast of head of Thumb Cove and south of Prospect Glacier, lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 149° 16′ W., Resurrection Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Spooner: see Slocum, creek, Mont.

Spoonhead: butte (Mount Spoonhead), on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 5 miles southeast of Supai, village, Coconino County, Ariz. So named for an Indian family.

Sportsman: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 45° 02′ N., long. 110° 55′ W., draining northeast through Cinnabar Creek to Yellowstone River.

Sportsmans: lake, San Juan County, Wash., in the eastern part of San Juan Island, 3 miles northwest of Friday Harbor. (Not Lake Tucker nor Sportsman's.)

Spot: mountain, altitude, 7,800 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 32′ N., long. 113° 21′ W.

***Spotsylvania:** county, and village in same, Virginia. (Not Spottsylvania.)

Spotted Eagle: mountain, lat. 48° 11′ N., long. 113° 04′ W., Pondera County, Mont.

Spotted Louis: creek, T. 43 N., Rs. 6 and 7 E., tributary to Little North Fork Clearwater River from northeast, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Deer.)

Spottsylvania: see Spotsylvania.

Spout: creek, Boise County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to Crooked River from south, below Shonip Creek. Descriptive name.

Spouter: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 800 feet north of Emerald Pool, in Black Sand Basin.

Sprague: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 38′ N., long. 113° 47′ W., on southwest side of Sperry Glacier, flowing southwest and west into Lake McDonald.

Sprague: creek, rising in Manitoba, Canada, and flowing across international boundary line into Roseau River, in T. 163 N., R. 40, Roseau County, Minn. (Not North Fork Roseau nor Northeast Roseau River.)

Spray: creek, heading in Flett Glacier, tributary to North Mowich River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Spray: falls, Spray Creek, southwestern boundary Spray Park, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Spray: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., at southeast base of Twin Buttes, in southwest corner of Lower Geyser Basin.

Spray: park, northwestern slope Mount Rainier, between Carbon and North Mowich Glaciers, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Sprayt Kill: see Feuri Spruyt.

Spreckels Ditch: diversion from Honomanu Stream, east Maui, T. H., at about 1,500 feet elevation; extends westward across country, dropping successively into the various streams and taking out again at a lower elevation until it reaches Nailiilihaele Stream at the intake of Haiku and Lowrie ditches.

Spreckels Ditch: diverts water from south side of Waihee Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Spreckelsville: village, a few miles east of Kahului Harbor, Maui, T. H.

***Spring:** intermittent creek, Gila County, Ariz., draining northerly through secs. 20, 16, and 10, T. 3 N., R. 13 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, crossed by the Apache Trail about 12½ miles east of the Roosevelt Dam. (Not Fontana.)

Spring: creek, Musselshell County, Mont.

Spring: creek, northeast of Abajo Mountains, emptying into Montezuma Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

Spring: creek, T. 35 N., R. 109 W., south of Spring Creek Park, Fremont County, Wyo.

Spring: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 27′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., flowing southwest into Firehole River.

Spring: lake, Tulare County, Calif., on township line between unsurveyed secs. 1 and 6, T. 17 S., Rs. 31 and 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Spring: lake, Millard County, Utah, on boundary line between Ts. 19 and 20 S., R. 7 W., Salt Lake meridian. (Not Clear.)

Spring: mountains, Clark County, Nevada, near lat. 36° 00′ N., long. 115° 30′ W. (Not Charleston.)

Spring: see Taylor, river, Colo.

Spring: see Spring Hill, township, Kans.

Spring: see Chimney Rock, creek, Mont.

Spring: see Miles City, creek, Mont.

Spring: see Titan, gulch, Mont.

Springbank: township, Dixon County, Nebr. (Not Spring Bank.)

Springboro: borough, Crawford County, Pa. (Not Spring Borough.)

Spring Creek: see Alvarado, creek, Colo.

Spring Creek: see Silver, creek, Idaho.

Springdale: town, Hamilton County, Ohio. (Not Spring Dale.)

Springdale: town, Dane County, Wis. (Not Spring Dale.)

Springfield: capital of Illinois, in Sangamon County, on the Sangamon River, near lat. 39° 48′ N., long. 89° 39′ W. Population in 1930, 71,864. (Pronounced spring′fēld.)

Springfield: city, in Hampden County, Mass., on the Connecticut River, near lat. 42° 06′ N., long. 72° 35′ W. Population in 1930, 149,861. (Pronounced spring′fēld.)

Spring Garden: township, York County, Pa. (Not Springarden.)

Spring Gulch: see Keystone, creek, Mont.

***Spring Hill:** city and township, Johnson County, Kans. (Not Spring nor Springhill.)

Springhills: village, Champaign County, Ohio. (Not Spring Hills.)

Spring Mill: see William Penn, Pa.

Springport: see Oakwood.

Spromberg: canyon, T. 25 N., R. 17 E., west side Chumstick Creek, 3 miles north of Leavenworth, Chelan County, Wash. (Not Stromberg.)

Spruce: brook, southwest from Tunitcha Mountains flowing to head of Canyon del Muerto, Apache County, Ariz.

Spruce: creek, emptying into west side Cow Creek, in sec. 1, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo.

Spruce: creek, Ts. 64 and 65 N., Rs. 2 and 3 E., tributary from the east to Moyie River, and lake at head of creek, T. 64 N., R. 3 E., Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Ruby.)

Spruce: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in sec. 1, T. 37 N., R. 22 W., Montana meridian, flowing southwest into Flathead River.

Spruce: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 32′ N., long 110° 36′ W., flowing northwest into Nez Perce Creek.

Spruce: creek and lake, T. 35 N., R. 107 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Spruce: island, small, altitude 84 feet, in Frederick Sound off Pybus Bay, lat. 57° 12′.7 N., long. 134° 04′.8 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Yelowy nor Yellowy.)

Spruce: see Chiniak, cape, Alaska.

Spruce: see Elovoi, islet, Alaska.

Spruce: see Uzinki, point, Alaska.

Spruce: see Negro, point, Me.

Spukwush: creek, emptying into Carbon River from east, north of Sluiskin Mountains, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Spur: see Spurr.

Spurling: cove, point, and rock, Great Cranberry Island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Sperlin, Sperlin's, nor Spurling's.)

Spurr: lake, Sheffield Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Spur.)

Spurrier: see Eastport.

Squab: island, near head of Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 55′.8 N., long. 149° 43′.2 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Squaib: bay, northwest corner Port Madison, Puget Sound, Kitsap County, Wash.

Squam: see Sankaty.

Squankum: branch, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Squancum.)

Squapan: lake and village, Aroostook County, Me. (Not Scapin, Squa Pan, nor Squawpan.)

Square: mountain, lat. 48° 13′ N., long. 113° 18′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Square: peak, altitude 7,200 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 114° 04′ W.

Square: see Junction, butte, Wyo.

Squaw: creek, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 9, 16, and 17, T. 18, S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Squaw: creek, rising in Wallowa Mountains, northwest of China Cap, and flowing south to Middle Fork Catherine Creek, Union County, Oreg. (Not Middle Fork, Catherine.)

Squaw: flat, old Indian camping place on Salt River, 55 miles from Mesa, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Squaw: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near north shore of Yellowstone Lake. (Not Indian Pond.)

Squaw: mountain, altitude 7,320 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 19′ W.

*Squaw:** peak, T. 16 N., R. 22 W., on divide between Ninemile Creek and former Flathead Indian Reservation, Missoula and Sanders Counties, Mont. (Not Skiotah.)

Squaw: see Little Redfish, lake, Idaho.

Squaw: see Mulligan, creek, Idaho.

Squaw: see Scenic, bay, Idaho.

Squaw: see Munson, creek, Mont.

Squaw: see Semem, creek, Mont.

Squaw: see Anderson, creek, Oreg.

Squaw: see Buck, creek, Oreg.

Squaw: see Grace Coolidge, creek, S. Dak.

Squaw Breast: see Signal, peak, Colo.

Squaw Creek: see Jerrys, gulch, Mont.

Squawpan: see Squapan.

Squibnocket: beach, point, pond, and ridge, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Squipnocket.)

Squid: bay, 1½ miles long, 2 miles west of Point Theodore, southern part of Yakobi Island, southeastern Alaska.

Squid: ledge off Point Judith, Narragansett, Newport County, R. I. (Not Squid's.)

Squipnocket: see Squibnocket.

Squire: island, 3 miles long, at southwest end of Knight Island, lat. 60° 15′ N., long. 147° 56′.4 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Long.)

Squire: point, at south end of Squire Island, on north side of Knight Island Passage, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 13′ N., long. 147° 57′ W.

Squirrel: large circular bay, at southwest end of Evans Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, lat. 60° 00′ N., long. 148° 09′ W. (Name suggested because feature on topographic map bears likeness to head and paws of a squirrel.

Squirrel: cove, east of Squirrel Point, southern side Passage Canal, lat. 60° 48′.2 N., long. 148° 28′.7 W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Squirrel: creek, Alaska, crossing Richardson Highway from the northwest about half mile north of Tonsina post office, at lat. 61° 40′ N., long. 145° 10′ W., flows into Tonsina River just east of highway. This is the local name.

Squirrel: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 7, T. 17 S., R. 30 E., flowing southwest into East Fork of Kaweah River, crossing west boundary of Sequoia National Park.

Squirrel: point, southern side Passage Canal, west of Decision Point, lat. 60° 48′.3 N., long. 148° 29′ W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Srbija: see Serbia.

Sredets: see Sofiya.

Sredni: see Apple.

Srinagar: pr. srē-nu′ger; capital of Kashmir, ext. n. India; 34° 10′ N. 74° 45′ W. Not Serinagur.

S. S. S. R.: see Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Staat Point: post light, Hudson River, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Staat's Point.)

Stacer: Stacers: see Staser.

Stacey: see Highland, lake, N. H.

Staceyville: see Stacyville.

Stacy Pond: see Highland, lake, N. H.

Stacyville: plantation and village, Penobscot County, Me. (Not Staceyville.)

Stadia: rock, awash at half tide in Keku Strait, southeastern Alaska, about 9 miles southeast of Point Hamilton, near lat. 56° 47′ N., long. 133° 44′ W.

Stag: bay, inlet about 3½ miles long joining Lisianski Strait at lat. 57° 55′.6 N., long. 136° 20′.5 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Deer.)

Stag Hound: butte, near Chief One-Eye profile above Salt River Canyon, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Stahl: creek, northern part T. 36 N., R. 25 W., tributary to Clarence Creek from west, Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Barnaby.)

Stair: mountain, altitude 1,595 feet, on southwest end of Montague Island, Prince William Sound region, Alaska, lat. 59° 50′ N., long. 147° 53′ W. Takes its name from the triangulation station situated on the summit.

Staked Plain: see Llano Estacado.

Stakeen: see Stikine, strait, Alaska.

Stakhinski: see Stikine, strait, Alaska.

Stalin: formerly Yuzovka, city, Donets coal field, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 48° N., 37° 48′ E.

Stalinabad: formerly Dyushambe (Jushambe); capital city, Tadzhik (Tajik) S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); 38° 50′ N., 69° E.

Stalingrad: formerly Tsaritsyn, city, at w. bend of lower Volga, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 48° 45′ N., 44° 25′ E.

Stalley: see Long, point, Virgin Islands.

Sta-lu-kaha-mish: see Stilaguamish.

Stambro: see Stanbro.

Stampers Creek: town and township, Orange County, Ind. (Not Stampus Creek.)

Stanaford: stream, tributary to Piney Creek, between Fayette and Raleigh Counties, W. Va. (Not Standfords.)

Stanbro: village, Chenango County, N. Y. (Not Stambro.)

Stancos: see Los Trancos.

Standfords: see Stanaford.

Standing Redrock: creek, heading between Tunitcha and Lukachukai Mountains. Apache County, Ariz. (Not Standing Red Rock.)

Standing Rock: lake, east shore Seward Passage, Ernest Sound, near lat. 56° N., long. 131° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Stanford: peak, altitude 12,826 feet, Fresno and Mono Counties, Calif.

Stanley: creek, southwestern Custer County, Idaho, rises in sec. 4, T. 11 N., R. 13 E., Boise meridian, flows southwest into Valley Creek in sec. 29, T. 11 N., R. 12 E., Challis National Forest.

Stanley: island, Missouri River, Cole County, Mo. (Not Stanley's.)

Stanley: lake, southwestern Custer County, Idaho, in secs. 27–28, 33–34, T. 11 N., R. 12 E., Boise meridian.

Stanley: pr. stăn'lĭ; seaport, capital Falkland Islands; 51° 45′ S., 57° 58′ W.

Stanley: see Long, point, Me.

Stanley Basin: depression, southwestern Custer County, Idaho, extending south and west from the confluence of the upper portion of the Salmon River and Valley Creek, principally in Ts. 10 and 11 N., R. 13 E., Boise meridian, Challis National Forest. (Not Stanley Valley.)

Stanley Lake: creek, southwestern Custer County, Idaho, rises in unsurveyed sec. 30, T. 10 N., R. 12 E., Boise meridian, drains lake of same name and flows northeast into Valley Creek, in T. 11 N., R. 13 E., Challis National Forest.

Stanley's: see Stanley, island, Mo.

Stanley Valley: see Stanley Basin.

Stannard: light and rock, Lake Superior, Mich. (Not Stannard's.)

Stansbury: creek, tributary to Middle River, and point, on Back River, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Stansberry.)

Stanton: mountain, altitude 7,744 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 54′ W., 1½ miles north of Lake McDonald.

Stanton: point, the east cusp of Fossil Bay, south rim of the Grand Canyon, Coconino County, Ariz. So named after the late R. B. Stanton, who made a boat journey and railroad survey through the Grand Canyon in 1890.

Stanton Station: see Sunnyside.

Staplehurst: village, Seward County, Nebr. (Not Stapplehurst.)

Star: township, Clay County, S. Dak. (Not Starr.)

Starhil: see Starr Hill.

Stark: see Grinnell, point, Mont.

Starr: mountain, Monroe and Polk Counties, Tenn. (Not Star's.)

Starr: peak, sec. 11, T. 2 S., R. 72 W., Gilpin County, Colo.

Starr: see Star.

Starrett: creek, Duval County, Fla. (Not Sterretts.)

Starrett's: see Edwards, creek, Fla.

Starrett's: see Samples, creek, Fla.

Starr Hill: township, Washington County, Ark. (Not Starhill.)

Starrigavan: bay, in northeastern part of Sitka Sound, lat. 57° 08′ N., long. 135° 23′ W., Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Old-Harbor nor Starri-Gavan.)

Starrucca: borough, Wayne County, Pa. (Not Starucca.)

Star's: see Starr, mountain, Tenn.

Starts: see Cliffs, point, Md.

Starvation: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising in British Columbia, Canada, crossing international boundary near long. 114° 19′ W., flowing southwest into Flathead River.

Starvation: ridge, north of Kintla Lakes, Flathead County, Mont.

Starved to Death: creek, Rosebud and Treasure Counties, Mont., in Ts. 7–9 N., Rs. 36–37 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary from northwest to Yellowstone River. According to local authorities, the name is based on the fact that one spring in the early days a number of Indians, who were camping along this creek, were caught in a heavy storm, which was followed by severe cold, and starved to death.

Starvout: creek and settlement, Douglas County, Oreg. (Not Starve Out nor Starveout.)

Staser: railroad station, Vanderburgh County, Ind. (Not Stacer, Stacers, nor Stasers.)

Station Pond: see Kolelemook.

Statuary: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 24′ N., long. 113° 30′ W.

Staunton: see Roanoke.

Stavanger: seaport, s. w. Norway; 58° 50′ N., 5° 40′ E.

Stavropol: city, North Caucasian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 53° 30′ N., 49° E.

Steady: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., northeast corner and member of Black Warrior group, near Hot Lake, Lower Geyser Basin.

Steamboat: bay, near long. 133° 38′ W., north shore Noyes Island, southeastern Alaska.

Steamboat: canyon, near Fort Defiance, on western side, Apache County, Ariz.

Steamboat: island, Winnipesaukee Lake, one-fourth mile north of Jolly Island, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Birch.)

Steamboat: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not St. Johns.)

Steamboat: mountain, Lewis and Clark County, Mont., near lat. 47° 18′ N., long. 112° 33′ W. (Not Dearborn.)

Steamboat: mountain, sec. 36, T. 7 S., R. 5 E., near Twin Peaks, Gallatin Range, Gallatin County, Mont.

Steamboat: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on east shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 32′ N., long. 110° 07′ W.

Steamboat: rock, in Roosevelt Reservoir, near Windy Hill, Gila County, Ariz.

Steamboat: springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on east shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 07′ W.

Steamboat: see Carberry, creek, Oreg.

Steamboat Creek: see Steve Fork, stream, Oreg.

Stearns: see Jennings.

Stebbins: creek, Rosebud County, Mont., rises in sec. 30, T. 2 S., R. 43 E., unsurveyed, Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Tongue River in sec. 27, T. 2 S., R. 44 E. This is one of the old names in this region.

***Stecoah:** creek, town and township, Graham County, N. C. (Not Stekoah.)

Steel: creek, tributary to Fortymile Creek from south, lat. 64° 15′ N., long. 141° 20′ W., Alaska. (Not Steele.)

Steel: mountain, Mount Olympus National Monument, Wash., near lat. 47° 38′ N., long. 123° 21′ W. (Not Steele nor Stone.)

Steel: see Timberline.

Steele: bayou, Yazoo River, Miss. (Not Steels.)

Steele: point, on southwestern shore of Hinchinbrook Island, lat. 60° 21′ N., long. 146° 12′.5 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Bentinck nor Steel.)

Steele: see Steel.

***Steele City:** village, Newton Precinct, Jefferson County, Nebr. (Not Steele.)

Steeleville: precinct and village, Randolph County, Ill. (Not Steelesville.)

Steels: see Steele, bayou, Miss.

Steelton: see Sparrows Point.

Steen: township, Knox County, Ind. (Not Stien.)

Steens: mountains, Harney County, Oreg. (Not Steen's nor Steins.)

Steep: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, tributary to Browns Creek on Little Queens River.

Steep: island, small, in northern part of Ogden Passage, lat. 57° 40′.4 N., long. 136° 09′.3 W., Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Steeple: see Sail, rock, Calif.

Steiermark (Styria): pr. shtī′ermark; prov., s. Austria; the province included, prior to 1919, ter. now comprising part of Slovenia, Yugoslavia; Ger. Steiermark; Fr. Styrie.

Steilaguamish: see Stillaguamish.

Stein: mountain, in northeastern part of Lemhi County, Idaho, 7 miles northeast of the mouth of North Fork, Salmon River, near lat. 45° 27′ N., long. 113° 52′ W. (Not North.) Named after "old man" Stein, who formerly occupied the cabins at confluence of Sheep Creek and Stein Gulch.

Steins: see Steens.

Stekoah: see Stecoah.

Stellaria: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 55′ W., flowing northwest into Fan Creek.

***Steller:** mount (Mount Steller), altitude 10,000 feet Alaska, in the Chugach Mountains about 70 miles west of Mount St. Elias, near north edge of Bearings Glacier, and lat. 60° 30′ N., long. 143° 05′ W. Named after Georg Wilhelm Steller, naturalist with Bering on his second voyage, 1741.

Stendel: mountain ridge (Stendel Ridge), Magdalena mining district, Socorro County, N. Mex., less than a mile long, centering in approx. lat. 34° 06′ 30″ N., long. 107° 12′ 40″ W., about 1 mile northwest from Kelly. Feature is evidently named after Stendel's mine, which includes a large group of claims that cover most of the ridge.

Step: mountain, altitude 1,410 feet, near shore and 1 mile westward of Tignagvik Point, lat. 59° 26′ N., long. 153° 46′ W., Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast of Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Stephen: butte, Navajo County, Ariz.

Stephen Aisle: stretch of inner canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 27′ W., west of Marcos Terrace. (Not Estevan.)

Stephens: see Tee, harbor, Alaska.

Stephens: see Stevens, stream, Vt.

Stephens, Mount: see Prospect, peak, Wyo.

Stephens Creek: see Stevens Creek, township, Nebr.

Stephenson: Stephenston: see Stevenston.

Stepmar: see Steven.

Stepney: an e. div. of London, England; 51° 31′ N., 0° 2′ W.

Stepovak: bay, indenting south side of Alaska Peninsula, north of the Shumagin Islands, lat. 55° 40′ N., long. 149° 52′ W., Alaska. (Not Stepovakho.)

***Sterling:** creek, rising near Tenmile Mountain, T. 33 N., R. 27 W., tributary to Swamp Creek from northwest, Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Tenmile.)

Sterling: hill, Sparta Township, Sussex County, N. J. (Not Stirling.)

Sterling: shoal, 1¼ fathoms, 6 miles south of Cape Constantine, lat. 56° 18′ N., long. 158° 50′ W., Bristol Bay, Bering Sea, Alaska.

Sterling: town, Vernon County, Wis. (Not Stirling.)

Sterling: see Stirling.

Sterretts: see Starrett.

Stettin: pr. shteh-tēn′; seaport at mouth of the Oder, Pomerania, n. e. Germany; 53° 25′ N., 14° 35′ E.

Stevans: see Stevenston.

Steve Fork: stream, tributary from the southwest to Carberry Creek in T. 40 S., R. 4 W., Jackson and Josephine Counties, Oreg. (Not Steamboat Creek.)

Steven: cay, ½ mile west St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Meeren, Meeven, Stepmar, nor Steven May.)

Steven: see Strevelle.

Steven May: see Steven.

Stevens: branch, tributary to Winooski River, Orange and Washington Counties, Vt. (Not Stephens nor Steven's.)

Stevens: creek, Santa Clara County, Calif., rising near the southeast corner of T. 7 S., R. 3 W., Mount Diablo meridian, flows north into San Francisco Bay. (Not Cupertino nor Steven's.)

Stevens: creek, emptying into Deadwood River, T. 9 N., R. 7 E., Payette National Forest, Boise County, Idaho. (Not Whitehawk.)

Stevens: creek, heading in Stevens Glacier, tributary to Muddy Fork, Cowlitz River, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis and Pierce Counties, Wash.

Stevens: glacier, lobe of Paradise Glacier at head of Stevens Canyon, discharging into Stevens Creek, southern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Stevens: peak, sec. 18, T. 25 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Stevens: ridge east of Stevens Canyon, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Stevens: see Stevenson, creek, Calif.

Stevens: see New Meadows, river, Me.

Stevens: see Heather Island, R. I.

Stevens: see Wilson, glacier, Wash.

Stevens Creek: township. Lancaster County, Nebr. (Not Stephens Creek.)

Stevenson: creek, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Stevens nor Stevensons.)

Stevenson: island, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near north end of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 31′ N., long. 110° 23′ W. Named by Hayden, 1871, for James Stevenson, explorer, long connected with the United States Geological Survey who built first boat on lake.

Stevenson: mountain (Mount Stevenson), altitude 10,300 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 24′ N., long. 110° 10′ W. Named by Hayden, 1871, for James Stevenson, 1840–1888.

Stevens Peak: triple summit at east end Tatoosh Range, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Stevenston: village, Warrick County, Ind. (Not Stephenson, Stephenston, Stevans, nor Stevens.)

Steward: see Seward, township, Ind.

Steward: see Stewart, village, Wis.

Stewart: island, Ohio River, near Birdsville, Livingston County, Ky. (Not Stewart's.)

Stewart: mountain, altitude, 12,202 feet, Tulare County, California, Sequoia National Park, in sec. 36°, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., Mount Diablo meridian, about 1 mile northeast of Hamilton Lakes, on "Great Western Divide." A high, bare granite mountain named by the California State Geographic Board, June 10, 1929, "for Col. George W. Stewart, of Visalia, Calif., a prime mover in the creation of Sequoia National Park."

Stewart: village, Green County, Wis. (Not Steward.)

Stewart: Stewarts: see Stuart, fork, Calif.

Stewarts: see Signal, peak, Colo.

Stickel: hollow, Perry Township, Fayette County, Pa. (Not Stickle.)

Sticker: see Cœur d'Alene, mountain, Idaho.

Stickle: see Stickel.

Sticklin: see Strickland.

Stien: see Steen.

Stiernfield: see Turner, island, Alaska.

Stikine: river, large, rising in British Columbia, Canada, and flowing southward, crossing the international boundary between Alaska and Canada at lat. 56° 39′ N., long. 131° 51′ W., and flowing into Dry Strait, an arm of Sumner Strait at lat. 56° 37′ N., long. 132° 21′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Stikine: strait, joining Clarence and Sumner Straits and separating Zarembo Island from Etolin and Woronkofski Islands, lat. 56° 20′ N., long. 132° 16′ W., Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Stakeen nor Stakhinski.)

***Stillaguamish:** lake and river, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Sta-lukaha-mish, Steilaguamish, Stilaguamish, nor Tuxpam.)

Stillpond: creek, neck, and town, Kent County, Md. (Not Still Pond.)

Stillwater: river, Stillwater and Park Counties, Mont., heads in T. 9 S., R. 14 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows north and then northeasterly to empty into Yellowstone River in T. 2 S., R. 20 E.

Stimpsons: island, North Haven, East Penobscot Bay, Knox County, Me. (Not Birthday nor Stimpson's.)

Stimson: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 34′ W., flowing north into Nyack Creek.

Stimson: mount (Mount Stimson), altitude 10,155 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 31′ N., long. 113° 37′ W. Named for Henry L. Stimson, statesman, Governor General of the Philippines, and Secretary of State.

Stinking Lake: see Burford.

Stinking Water: see Shoshone, river, Wyo.

Stinkingwater: see Ruby, river, Mont.

Stirling: railroad station, Morris County, N. J. (Not Sterling.)

Stirling: see Sterling.

Stockade: gulch, Musselshell County, Mont.

Stockade Beaver: creek, Weston County, Wyo., rising in T. 46 N., R. 60 E., flows south into Beaver Creek. (Not East Fork nor Little Beaver.)

Stockbridge Bowl: lake, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Lake Mahkeenac.)

Stockholm: capital of Sweden; 59° 16′ N., 18° E.

Stockport: city, Cheshire and Lancashire, England; 53° 24′ N., 2° 9′ W.

Stockton: see Rush, lake, Utah.

Stockton-on-Tees: city, Durham county, n. e. England; 54° 35′ N., 1° 25′ W.

Stoeckl: peak (Mount Stoeckl), altitude 6,014 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, west bank Unuk River, near long. 130° 47′ W. Named after Privy-Councilor Edward de Stoeckl, Russian minister to the United States, who signed the convention ceding Alaska, on March 30, 1867.

Stoke or **Stoke-on-Trent:** city, Staffordshire, England; 53° N., 2° 15W.

Stokes: see Little spring, Ariz.

Stone: canyon, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Beach.)

Stone: mountains, Johnson County, Tenn., and Ashe and Watauga Counties, N. C., forming the common boundary line of North Carolina and Tennessee from the Watauga River near lat. 36° 17′ 30″ N., long. 81° 55′ W., to the northwest corner of North Carolina and thence in Virginia to Whitetop Mountain, near lat. 36° 38′ 30″ W. Of 40 miscellaneous maps, 1795–1930, 31 call the section between Watauga River and Whitetop Mountain Stone Mountains, in whole or in part, no other name being applied.

Stone: river, Davidson and Rutherford Counties, tributary to Cumberland River, Tenn. (Not Stone's.)

Stone: see Cherry Tree, point, Md.

Stone: see Steel, mountain, Wash.

Stonefort: township and village, Saline County, Ill. (Not Stone Fort.)

Stonelick: township and village, Clermont County, Ohio. (Not Stone Lick.)

Stoner: creek, rising in western part T. 26 N., R. 21 W., flowing into Flathead Lake from west. Flathead County, Mont. (Not Big.)

Stone Slough: post light, Mississippi River, Jo Daviess County, Ill. (Not Stone's Slough.)

Stone's: see Stone, river, Tenn.

Stonetop: mountain, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., altitude 9,000 feet, near lat. 44° 38′ N., long. 110° 18′ W.

Stoney: creek, Granite County, Mont. rising near lat. 46° 16′ N., long. 113° 46′ W., flows northeast into Rock Creek. (Not Emponay nor Rocky.)

Stoney: see Stony, run, W. Va.

Stoney Creek: see Rocky, run, Idaho.

Stoney Creek: see Stonycreek.

Stony: hill (Stony Dome), Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, east of the head of West Fork, Stony Creek, lat. 63° 27′ N., long. 159° 13′ W. This is a local name.

Stony: point, Harford County, Md., on west side of Chesapeake Bay, lat. 39° 24′ .5 N., long. 76° 08′ .5 W.

Stony: river, Grant County, W. Va. (Not Stoney.)

Stony: run, Hanover County, Va. (Not Stoney.)

Stony: see Pyramid, island, Alaska.

Stony: see Mountain, point, Md.

Stony: see Rosario, hill, Wash.

Stony Beach: see Hunters Beach, cove, Me.

***Stony Creek:** township, Henry County, Ind. (Not Stoneycreek.)

Stonycreek: township, Somerset County, Pa. (Not Stoney Creek.)

Stony Ledge: spur, Greylock Mountain, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not The Bluffs.)

Store Cruytz: see Calvary.

Store-Krum: see Krum.

Store Krys: see Calvary.

Storey: island, northern one of a group of three in central portion of Prince William Sound, lat. 60° 43′.5 N., long. 147° 26′ W., Alaska. (Not Little Naked nor Story.)

Storey: slough, one of the outlets of the Copper River, the mouth being near lat. 60° 19′ N., long. 145° 16′ W. Copper River Delta, Alaska. (Not Story.)

Storm: creek, northwestern Alaska, an east tributary at source of Colville River, near lat. 68° 50′ N., long. 160° 20′ W. Name has reference to storms experienced here by United States Geological Survey party, 1925, during break-up of ice.

Storm: mountain, altitude 3,775 feet, northwest of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 150° 37′ W. Recommended by Coast Survey field party, 1927.

Storm: mountain, altitude 5,637 feet, sec. 20, T. 46 N., R. 5 E., at head of Storm Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Storm: pass, 3 miles northeast of Longs Peak, in sec. 21, T. 4 N., R. 73 W., between Estes Cone and Battle Mountain, Larimer County, Colo.

Storm: peak, east of Platte Mountain, Douglas County, Calif. (Not Stormy Peak.)

Storm: peak, sec. 36, T. 4 N., R. 74 W., about a mile north of Longs Peak, Larimer County, Colo.

Storm: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., north shore of Yellowstone Lake, long. 110° 20′ W. So named because this point receives the full force of the prevailing southwest winds.

Storm: see Cook, peak, Wyo.

Storm Peak: see Ralston Buttes.

Stormy Peak: see Storm, peak.

Story: see Storey.

Stout: run and village, Green Township, Adams County, Ohio. (Not Stout's.)

Stoystown: borough, Somerset County Pa. (Not Stoyestown.)

Straban: township, Adams County, Pa. (Not Strabane.)

Straight: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., drains east, from south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 111° 49′ W., into the Little Colorado River.

Straight: creek, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, rising in the glacier on the southeastern slopes of Mount Spurr, flowing southeast, entering Chakachatna River, near long. 151° 51′ W.

Straight: creek, Dolores County, Colo.

***Straight:** creek, rising in sec. 25, T. 5 S., R. 11 E., and draining northeast through T. 5 S., R. 12 E., Bryan County, Okla. (Not Bois d'Arc.)

Straight: creek, Yellowstone National Park, rising near lat. 44° 46′ N., long. 110° 48′ W., flowing northerly into Winter Creek—Grizzly Lake is an enlargement of this creek.

Straight Creek: see Strait Creek.

Strait Creek: village, Highland County, Va. (Not Forks of Water nor Straight Creek.)

Strait of Bab el Mandeb: see Bab el Mandeb.

Strait of Fuca: see Juan de Fuca.

*Straits of Mackinac: pr. măk'ĭ-nô; Michigan, connecting Lake Superior and Lake Huron. This form has been in local usage for over half a century. (Not Mackinac Strait.)

Straits Settlements: Br. colony, s. Malay peninsula, and adjacent islands; capital Singapore.

Stranahan: river, Broward County, Fla., tidal river connecting New River Sound and Port Everglades. Named for Frank Stranahan, the first white settler in this community, and so known before his death.

Strasbourg: city, dept. of Bas-Rhin (Alsace), e. France; Ger. Strassburg, Straszburg; 48° 35′ N., 7° 45′ E. Not Strasburg.

Strasburg: see Strasbourg.

Strassburg: see Strasbourg.

Straszburg: see Strasbourg.

Strattanville: borough, Clarion County, Pa. (Not Strattonville.)

Strattonport: see College Point.

Strattonville: see Strattanville.

Straub: post light, Missouri River, Montgomery County, Mo. (Not Straub's.)

Strawberry: creek, headwater branch of Middle Fork Flathead River, Flathead County, Mont.

Strawberry: island, in Glacier Bay, 4 miles southeast of Willoughby Island, near lat. 58° 31′ N., long. 136° W., southeastern Alaska.

Stream: point, on north side of Spiridon Bay, Kodiak Island, Alaska, about 8 miles inside the entrance, lat. 57° 39′ N., long. 153° 39′ W. So named because of the large stream that flows into the cove to the east.

*Street: creek, eastern affluent of Waterton Lake, Glacier County, Mont. (Not Goat.)

Streeter: creek, Nansemond County, Va. (Not Milldam, Skeeters, nor Striker's.)

Stretche: Stretch's: see Finley, run, N. J.

Stretford: town, Lancashire, England; 53° 27′ N., 2° 19′ W.

Strevell: see Strevelle.

Strevelle: creek, Custer County, Mont., tributary to Powder River north of Mizpah, in Ts. 6–7 N., Rs. 50–51 E., Montana principal meridian. (Not Steven nor Strevell.) Named for Judge Strevelle, who ran cattle on this creek in the early days.

Stribling: the northwestern point of St. Joseph Island, St. Marys River, Canada. (Not Stribling's.)

Strickland: creek, Ts. 5 and 6, Rs. 7 and 8 E., tributary to Yellowstone River, Park County, Mont. (Not Sticklin.)

Striker's: see Streeter.

String: see Beaver Dick.

Stripe: rock, pillar shaped, in Marmot Bay, off entrance to Danger Bay, lat. 58° 02′.2 N., long. 152° 36′ W., southeastern coast of Afognak Island, Alaska. (Not Pillar.)

Striped Elk: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 24′ N., long. 113° 32′ W. Name of deceased Blackfoot Indian chief.

Strogonof: point, northern shore of Alaska Peninsula, western side of entrance to Port Heiden, lat. 56° 51′ N., long. 158° 48′ W., Alaska. (Not Strogonov.)

Stroller White: mountain, altitude 5,665 feet, southeastern Alaska, west of Mendenhall Glacier, and about 1¾ miles north of McGinnis Mountain, near lat. 58° 28′ N., long. 134° 35′ W. Named in honor of E. J. White, who was for many years editor of Strollers Weekly, a Juneau newspaper.

Stromberg: see Spromberg.

Stromburgh: see Stromsburg.

Stromnitza: see Strumica.

Stromsburg: city and precinct, Polk County, Nebr. (Not Stromburgh.)

Strong: point, northern side Blackstone Bay, at entrance to Passage Canal, and 1 mile south of Decision Point, lat. 60° 47′.1 N., long. 148° 27′.5 W., northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Strongs: creek and point, Amityville, Babylon Township, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y., on north side of Great South Bay, lat. 40° 40′ N., long. 73° 22′ W.

Strongs: see Great Neck, creek, N. Y.

Strumica: pr. strúmitsa; town, ext. s. e. Yugoslavia; Serb, and Bulg.† Strumica; Gr. Stromnitza;† 41° 26′ N., 22° 39′ E.

Strumphias: see Stumpy.

Struya: point, south promontory of Suloia Peninsula, southeastern Alaska, enclosing Bradshaw Cove on the east, south part of Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 22.9′ N., long. 135° 39.8′ W.

Stuart: fork, of Trinity River, Trinity County, Calif. (Not Stewart, Stewarts, Stewart's, Stuarts, nor Stuart's.)

Stuart: peak, secs. 31 and 32, T. 15 N., R. 18 W., M. M., south of Roosevelt and McKinley Lakes, Missoula County, Mont. (Not Murphy.)

Stuart: see Grenell, island, N. Y.

Stubtoe: peak, altitude 5,677 feet, sec. 33, T. 43 N., R. 6 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Stuley: see Satulah.

Stump: creek, Carter and Powder River Counties, Mont., in Ts. 2 S.–1 N., Rs. 54–56 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary from southeast to Powder River.

Stump Hill Creek: see Brushy Fork.

Stumpy: bay and point, about long. 65° 00′ 28″, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Strumphias.)

Stumpy Point: village, Dare County, N. C. (Not Stumpey Point, Stumpeypoint, nor Stumpypoint.)

Sturdivant: railroad station, Tallapoosa County, Ala. (Not Sturdevant.)

Sturges: see Sturgis Fork.

Sturgis Fork: stream, tributary from the northwest to Carberry Creek, T. 40 S., R. 4 W., Jackson and Josephine Counties, Oreg. (Not Sturges.)

Stuttgart: pr. shtut′gärt; capital. Württemberg, s. w. Germany; 48° 46′ N., 9° 13′ E.

Styria: see Steiermark.

Sual: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Suba: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Subac nor Subat.)

Subac: Subat: see Suba, P. I.

Subic: bay and town, western coast of Luzon, P. I. (Not Subig.)

Sublangan: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Sublangon nor Soblangon.)

Sublangon: see Sublangan, P. I.

Sublime: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 15′ W.

Subotica: pr. súbotitsa; city, n. e. Yugoslavia; Ger. Maria Theresiopel; Mag. Szabadka; 46° 7′ N., 19° 40′ E.

Suca: see Suka, P. I.

Sucapatova: see Socapatoy.

Sucarnoochee: village, Kemper County, Miss.; creek, Kemper County, Miss., and Sumter County, Ala. (Not Sookanatchie, Sucarnochee, Suckernochee nor Sukinatchi.)

Success: divide, between South Tahoma and Pyramid Glaciers, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Success: glacier, lobe of Kautz Glacier, immediately east of Pyramid Glacier, southwestern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Success: point (Point Success), sharp snow-covered crest, altitude 14,182 feet, on southwestern side of summit platform, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Success Cleaver: prominent rocky ridge descending from Point Success between South Tahoma and Success Glaciers, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Succonnesset: point and shoal at junction of Nantucket and Vineyard Sounds, Mashpee Town, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Succoneset.)

Succor: see Sucker, creek, Idaho.

Succor Flat: village, Placer County, Calif. (Not Sucker Flat.)

Suchiate: pr. sōō-chē-ä′tä; river bet. Mexico and Guatemala.

Süchow: city, Kiangsu prov., n. e. China; 34° 13′ N., 117° 20′ E.

Süchow or **Süchow, Sze.:** city, Szechwan prov., w. China, on the Yangtze river; China Postal Guide form is Süchow, Sze.; 28° 48′ N., 104° 51′ E. Not Suifu, Hsuchou.

Suchow: see Soochow.

Süchwan: see Szechwan.

Sucia: ledge, lat. 55° 26′ 51″ N., long. 133° 24′ 45″ W., in southern end of Portillo Channel, southeastern Alaska.

Sucker: creek, Malheur County, Oreg., and Owyhee County, Idaho. (Not Snake or Succor.)

Sucker: see Nawakwa, lake, Mich.

Sucker: see Oswego, Oreg.

Sucker: see Wapogasset, lake, Wis.

Sucker Flat: see Succor Flat.

Suckernochee: see Sucarnoochee.

Sucol: barrio, Calamba Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Socol.)

Sucre: pr. sōō′kreh; city, Bolivia; 19° 2′ S., 65° 17′ W.

Sucre: pr. sōō′kreh; state, Venezuela;

Sud: island, 1 mile long, 1,200 feet high, lying 1⅛ miles off the southeast side of Ushagat Island, lat. 58° 53′.5 N., long. 152° 13′ W., Barren Islands, entrance to Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Sudan: region, Africa, s. of the Sahara; Fr. Soudan.

Sudan, French: see French Sudan.

Sudbury: city and mining center, n. of Georgian Bay, Ontario, Canada; 46° 30′ N., 80° 58′ W.

Süder See: see Zuider Zee.

Sudetes: range bet. Bohemia, Czechoslovakia, and Silesia, Germany.

Sudipen: township, Mountain Province (subprovince La Union), Luzon, P. I.

Südslawien: see Yugoslavia.

Sue: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 50′ W.

Suède: see Sweden.

Su eltso: see Setsiltso.

Sueno: cove or bay, ¼ mile wide, between 500 and 900 yards northeast of Soldado Point, Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Cala del Sueno.)

Suez: city, n. e. Egypt, at s. end of Suez Canal; 29° 58′ N., 32° 33′ E.

Suez: see Sooes.

Sug: see Jolo, P. I.

Sugarbowl: dome, altitude 7,657 feet, rising abruptly from Buck Canyon, on the southeast, 1,757 feet within one-third of a mile, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 7, T. 16 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Sugar Camp: see Dan Wiley.

Sugarcreek: township and village, Venango County, Pa. (Not Sugar Creek.)

Sugarcreek: township, Armstrong County, Pa. (Not Sugar Creek.)

Sugarite: see Chicorica.

Sugarland: high ridge (Sugarland Mountain) about 10 miles long, Sevier County, Tenn., coming from the northwest and joining the main divide of the Great Smoky Mountains, near Mount Collins, near lat. 35° 38′ 30″ N., long. 83° 31′ 30″ W. This ridge forms the divide between the Little Pigeon River and the Little River. So called locally because of the many groves of sugar maples or "sugar trees" found on or near this feature.

Sugarloaf: mountain, altitude 3,782 feet, in the town of Hunter, Greene County, N. Y., 2 miles south of Elka Park. (Not Brown, Dibble, nor Twin.)

Sugarloaf: mountain, Millard County, Utah. (Not Sugar Loaf.)

Sugar Loaf: peak, approx. altitude 6,400 feet, Plumas County, Calif., in sec. 17, T. 23 N., R. 15 E., Mount Diablo meridian, Plumas National Forest—one of the old names in this region.

Sugarloaf: township, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Sugar Loaf.)

Sugarloaf: township, Columbia County, Pa. (Not Sugar Loaf.)

Sugar Loaf: see Hive, island, Alaska.

Sugar Loaf: see Cone, mountain, Calif.

Sugarloaf: see Las Trampas, creek, Calif.

Sugar Loaf: see Wintoon, butte, Calif.

Sugarloaf: see Twin, mountain, N. Y.

Sugar Loaf: see Tomhickon, village, Pa.

Sugarloaf: see Trcziyulny, mountain, Pa.

Sugarloaf: see Pyramid, mountain, Wash.

Sugar Pine: see General, creek, Calif.

Sugartown: see Cullasaja.

Sugpon: township, Ilocus Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Sugut: station of the Iwahig Penal Colony, situated back of Inagauan Barrio, lat. 9° 33′ N., long. 118° 37′ E., eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Suiattle: glacier, southern slope Glacier Peak, source of Suiattle River, Snohomish County, Wash.

Suifu: see Süchow or Süchow, Sze.

Suisse: see Switzerland.

Suisun: township, Solano County, Calif.

Suka: barrio, Oas Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Suca.)

Sukinatchi: see Sucarnoochee.

Sukkwan: strait, connecting northern part Cordova Bay with Tlevak Strait, Alexander Archipelago, near lat. 55° 10′ N., long. 132° 48′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Sukoi: bay, northern side of Cape Douglass, southwestern point of entrance to Cook Inlet, lat. 58° 52′ N., long. 153° 17′ W., Alaska. (Not Dry Bay nor Sukoi Cove.)

Sukoi: point, projection of northeast shore of Kruzof Island, southeastern Alaska, at west side of Sukoi Inlet entrance, lat. 57° 19′.4 N., long. 135° 41′.8 W. Takes name from nearby inlet.

Sukoi: strait, about 7 miles long, partly dry at low water, separating Kruzof and Partofshikof Islands, and uniting Krestof and Salisbury Sounds, lat. 57° 17′ N., long. 135° 41′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Hayward.) Old Russian name, meaning dry, variously written Soukhoi, Soukoi, etc. See Hayward, strait, Alaska.

Sula: cay, islet, altitude 59 feet, separated from southeastern side Cockroach Island by narrow cleft, northwest of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Sulangan: see San Rafael, P. I.

Sulat: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Sulatna: river, west fork Nowitna River, near lat. 64° 35′ N., long. 154° 28′ W., central Alaska. (Not Solatna nor Suletna.)

Sulib: barrio, Pangil Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Solib.)

Sulima: see Ugashik.

Sullivans: island, Charleston Harbor, S. C. (Not Sullivan's.)

Suloia: lake, near and draining into Suloia Bay, Peril Strait, near Sergius Narrows, lat. 57° 25′ N., long. 135° 41′ W., southern end of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Sulphur: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 28′ W., flowing southeast into Yellowstone River.

Sulphur: hills, altitude 8,500 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 36′ N., long. 110° 18′ W.

Sulphur: moraine, southern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Sulphur: mountain, altitude 7,800 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 100° 29′ W. (Not Crater Hills.)

Sulphur: river, formed by the junction of North and South Forks, Delta County, Tex. It flows into Red River in Miller County, Ark. (Not Sulphur Creek, Sulphur Fork, nor Sulphur Fork of Red River.)

Sulphur: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 29′ W., near the lake-canyon road. A violently boiling spring, the water of which is so strongly impregnated with sulphur as to leave a yellow border to the stream carrying it away.

Sulphur: see Travertine.

Sulpoc: see Sulpok, P. I.

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Sulpok: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sulpoc.)

Sulsugin: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Salsoguin nor Solsuguin.)

Sulu: archipelago and sea, Philippine Islands. (Not Joló, Mar de Joló, Mindoro, nor Sooloo.)

Sulu: Suluk: see Jolo, P. I.

Sumacob: see Sumucab, P. I.

Sumatra: island, Neth. India.

Sumba: see Soemba.

Sumbawa: see Soembawa.

Sumdum: island, 1⅓ miles long, in center of Endicott Arm, Holkham Bay, lat. 57° 42′.1 N., long. 133° 27′ W., Stephens Passage, southeastern Alaska. (Not Sand nor Soundon.)

Summerford: see Somerford.

Summerland: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y.

Summer Land: park, under Fryingpan Glacier, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Summerset: township, Adair County, Iowa. (Not Summersett.)

Summerville: see Somersville.

Summit: creek and lake, Shasta County, Calif., draining southeast to Kings Creek, in secs. 3, 4, 10, T. 30 N., R. 5 E. (Not Duck.)

Summit: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 21′ N., long. 113° 22′ W., flowing southeast and northeast into South Fork of Two Medicine Creek.

Summit: creek, connecting Crescent and Summit Lakes, Klamath County, Oreg.

Summit: lake, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 32, T. 18 S., and sec. 5, T. 19 S., R. 31 E., on south boundary of Sequoia National Park.

Summit: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 57′ W., near the top of Madison Plateau.

Summit: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Summit: mountain, altitude 8,775 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties boundary, Mont., near lat. 48° 22′ N., long. 113° 22′ W., on Continental Divide.

Summit: peak, altitude 13,272 feet, Archuleta County, Colo., on line of secs. 14 and 23, T. 36 N., R. 2 E., on border of San Juan and Rio Grande National Forests.

Summit, The: highest point on Apache Trail, altitude 3,988 feet, 22 miles east of Roosevelt Dam, Gila County, Ariz.

Summit: see Edes, lake, Alaska.

Summit: see Ina Coolbrith, mountain, Calif.

Summit: see Trout Creek, pass, Colo.

Summit: see Mary, lake, Wyo.

Summitville: town, Madison County, Ind. (Not Summit Hill.)

Sumucab: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Somucab nor Sumacob.)

Sun: coulee, Rosebud County, Mont., in Ts. 9–10 N., Rs. 35–37 E., drains into Blacktail Creek from the west.

Sun: see Okatoma.

Suncook: see Belknap, mountains, N. H.

Sunculan: barrio, Dauis Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Son-culan, Songculan, nor Sungculan.)

Sunda: see Soenda.

Sunday: creek, flowing into head Rocky Cove, Kamishak Bay, at lat. 59° 26′.8 N., long. 153° 45′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Sunday: creek, Custer County, Mont., formed in sec. 12, T. 8 N., R. 47 E., by the junction of North Sunday and South Sunday Creeks and flows northeast into Yellowstone River in sec. 36, T. 9 N., R. 47 E. Some local authorities say stream was so named because it was on a Sunday, July 29, 1806, that Capt. William Clark and his party pulled their boats around Buffalo Rapids at the mouth of this creek.

Sunday: see South Sunday, creek, Mont.

Sunday Harbor: anchorage, on the east side of Port Dick, lat. 59° 15′3. N., long. 151° W., Alaska.

Sunderland: seaport, Durham County, n. England; 54° 57′ N., 1° 27′ W.

Sundet: see Pillsbury Sound.

Sundricks: see Swaderick.

Sundstrom: small island, about 2,100 yards long, 760 yards wide, fringed by rocks, located off the south coast of Kodiak Island, lat. 56° 41′ N., long. 154° 08′ W., Alaska. (Not Little Aiktalik nor Wart.) Named in honor of Quartermaster Gustaf L. Sundstrom of the Coast and Geodetic Survey Steamer *Patterson*, who, in 1906, in this vicinity, while in the performance of his official duties, lost his life by drowning.

Sunflower: see McLure.

Sunga: see Ibabang Sungi, P. I.

Sungay: mountain, north of Taal Lake, about 3 kilometers (2 miles) from Talisay, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tierra Alta Peak.)

Sungculan: see Sunculan, P. I.

Sungi: see Ibabang Sungi, P. I.

Sunlight: creek, heading on north slopes Sunlight Peak, tributary to Deep Creek in sec. 36, T. 5 N., R. 10 E., Park County, Mont.

Sunny Cove: bay, southernmost of two on west side of Renard Island, Resurrection Bay, lat. 59° 54′.5 N., long. 149° 21′.5 W., Alaska.

Sunnyside: railroad station. Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Stanton Station nor Sunny Side.)

Sunrise: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, a northwest tributary of Thorofare River, lat. 63° 23′ N., long. 150° 13′ W. This is the local name for the creek draining Sunrise Glacier.

Sunrise: glacier, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, at the head of Sunrise Creek, lat. 63° 22′ N., long. 150° 10′ W. This is a name in local use.

Sunrise: lake, about ¼ mile southwest of Sunrise Peak, lat. 56° 24′.3 N., long. 132° 29′ W., Woronkofski Island, southeastern Alaska.

Sunrise: peak, altitude 2,715 feet, about 1¾ miles southward of Woronkofski Point, Woronkofski Island, lat. 56° 24′.6 N., long. 132° 28′.8 W., southeastern Alaska.

Sunset: glacier, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, at the head of Thorofare River, lat. 63° 21′ N., long. 150° 14′ W. This name was suggested as being appropriate in view of the fact that Sunrise is the name of the glacier on the west fork of Thorofare River.

Sunset: island, Lake Champlain, Colchester Town, Chittenden County, Vt. (Not Hog Back.)

Sunset: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 700 feet north of Emerald Pool in Black Sand Basin.

Sunset: peak, altitude 7,252 feet, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, just west of the head of Sunset Glacier, the glacier being located in lat. 63° 21′ N., long. 150° 14′ W.

Sunset: peak, altitude 3,090 feet, about 1¾ miles northeast of Reef Point, Woronkofski Island, lat. 56° 22′.4 N., long. 132° 31′.1 W., southeastern Alaska.

Sunset: valley, central and eastern portion of T. 11 N., R. 24 W., Sunset oil district, Kern County, Calif. (Not Maricopa.)

Sunshine: valley, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, about 10 miles long, at the west end of Lake Aleknagik, lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 159° 05′ W.

Sunsi: bay, ⅛ mile wide, ¼ mile east of Tutu Bay, and point, rocky projection northwest side Sunsi Bay, northern coast St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Zunge.)

Suomi: see Finland.

Supai: see Havasupai.

Supang: see Hobong, P. I.

Superior: lake (Lake Superior), chiefly within the United States, its north shore in Minnesota, and in Ontario, Canada, and its south shore in Michigan and Wisconsin; the most western of the five great lakes in the St. Lawrence River drainage and the largest body of fresh water in the world. (Not Lac Superieur.)

Superstition: mountains, lat. 33° 25′ N., long. 111° 25′ W., Pinal County, Ariz. (Not Sierre de la Espuma.)

Supit: see Lupit, P. I.

Supo-Bimmecbec: see Bumecbeg, P. I.

Suquamish: village, Port Madison, Puget Sound, Kitsap County, Wash. (Not Bartow.)

***Surabaya:** see Soerabaja.

Surat: city, Bombay, near Gulf of Cambay, w. India; 21° 10′ N., 72° 50′ E.

Surface: creek, Delta County, Colo., rising near southeast corner of T. 11 S., R. 93 W., sixth principal meridian, flows southwest into the North Fork Gunnison River. (Not East Fork Winnemucca.)

Surface: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 22′ W., flowing northwest into Yellowstone River.

Surgidero: see Pillsbury Sound.

Surigao: municipality, provincial Capital, Suriago Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Surigao: strait, passage between Panaon, Leyte, Homonhon, and Suluan Islands toward west and north, and Dinagat Island toward east, and extending from Dinid Point (Panaon) and Bilaa Point (Mindanao) to abreast the south coast of Suluan Island, P. I.

Surinam: pr. sōō′rē-näm; Netherland colony, S. America; Fr. Surinam (Guyane néerlandaise); Ger. Niederlandisch Guayana (Suriname); Ital. Guiane olandese; Dutch, Suriname; Eng. Surinam (Dutch Guiana).

Suriname: see Surinam.

Surok: point, southwestern Alaska, sharp promontory, 1,334 feet high, at south end of peninsula, 3¼ miles long, enclosing Two Arm Bay on east, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 37′ N., long. 150° 02′ W. Name reported to be Russian equivalent of "marmot."

***Surprise:** bay, eastern side of West Arm, Nuka Bay, about 2 miles northward from Harrington Point, lat. 59° 29′.2 N., long. 150° 31′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Palisade.)

Surprise: cove, western side Cochrane Bay, ½ mile south of Point Cochrane, lat. 60° 45′.2 N., long. 148° 22′.5 W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Surprise: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 20′ N., long. 110° 25′ W., flowing southwest into Heart River.

Surprise: pass, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 32′ W.

Surratsville: see Clinton, town, Md.

Sursuit: see Sesuit.

Survey: creek, northern Alaska, one of the headwaters of Alatna River, heading in Survey Pass and flowing southeasterly to west bank Unakserak River, near lat. 67° 46′ N., long. 154° 10′ W. See Survey, pass.

Survey: pass, in Brooks Range, northern Alaska, west of Navy Pass, at head of Survey Creek, Unakserak River, and of April Creek, Killik River, near lat. 67° 52′ N., long. 154° 13′ W. The Geological Survey expedition, 1924, crossed Brooks Range by way of Survey Creek and Survey Pass.

Surveyor: passage, southeastern Alaska, leading southeast from Portlock Harbor to Kimshan Cove and separating Herbert Graves Island from west coast Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 42′ N. After Coast Survey steamer *Surveyor*, from which it was charted in 1925.

Surveyors: creek, Ts. 12 and 13 N., R. 25 W., tributary to Fish Creek from west, Mineral County, Mont. (Not Deep Water nor Deepwater.)

Surveyors: island, north of Sturgeon Point, Sturgeon Bay, Potagannissing Bay, Chippewa County, Mich. (Not Rose nor Surveyor's.)

Surveyors: lake, at head of Rockdale Creek, King County, Wash.

Sušak: pr. súshak; port, Yugoslavia, adjacent to Fiume, ext. n. Dalmatian coast.

***Susitna:** mountain, altitude 4,400 feet, north of head of Cook Inlet, and west of Susitna River, lat. 61° 28′.4 N., long. 150° 44′.5 W., Alaska. (Not Sushetna nor Sushitna.)

***Susitna:** river, tributary to Cook Inlet from the north near the head, lat. 61° 17′ N., long. 150° 36′ W., Alaska. (Not Sushetna nor Sushitna.)

*Susitna: village, on east bank of Susitna River, about 20 miles from the mouth, lat. 61° 33′ N., long. 150° 30′ W., north of head of Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Sushetna nor Sushitna.)

Susquehanna: river, in New York, Pennsylvania, and Maryland, flowing from Otsego Lake, in Otsego Co., New York, near lat. 42° 45′ N., long. 74° 54′ W., southwest, entering Pennsylvania near long. 75° 30′ W., thence southeast, southwest, and southeast into Maryland and the Chesapeake Bay at its head, near lat. 39° 33′ N., long. 76° 05′ W. (Pronounced sŭs-quē-han′na.)

Susquehanna: see Susquehanna Depot.

*Susquehanna Depot: borough, Susquehanna County, Pa. (Not Susquehanna.)

Sutallee: village, Cherokee County, Ga. (Not Sutalleo.)

Sutherland: village, O'Brien County, Iowa. (Not Southerland.)

Sutkhwik: see Sutwik.

Sutro: mountain (Mount Sutro), San Miguel Hills, San Francisco, Calif. (Not Blue Mountain nor Sutro Crest.)

Suttle: lake, in T. 13 S., R. 8 E., Jefferson County, Oreg. (Not Suttle's nor Suttles.)

Suttlers: see Settlers.

Suttles: see Suttle.

Sutton: bay and point, Bingham Township, Leelanau County, Mich. (Not Suttons.)

Sutton: island, Hancock County, Me., south of Mount Desert Island, near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 68° 15′ W. Named after an early settler. (Not Suttons.)

Sutwik: island, off southern shore Alaska Peninsula, north of Semidi Islands, near lat. 56° 34′ N., long. 157° 10′ W., Alaska. (Not Sutkhwik.)

Suva: capital of Fiji Islands, s. Pacific; chief seaport of large area; 18° 8′ S., 178° 25′ E.

Suwanee: village, Gwinnett County, Ga. (Not Suwannee.)

Suwanee River: see Halstead, creek, Calif.

Suwannee: county, precinct, and village, Fla., and river, Fla., and Ga. (Not Suwanee.)

Suwanukto: see Sagavanirktok.

Suworof: cape, eastern side of Bristol Bay, on north side of mouth of Naknek River, lat. 58° 45′ N., long. 157° 07′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Naknek nor Souvoroff.)

Suyo: township, Ilocus Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Svalbard: Norwegian Arctic territory comprising Spitsbergen (q. v.), Bear Island, and all other islands bet. 74° and 81° N., and bet. 10° and 35° E.

Sverdlovsk: formerly Ekaterinburg; capital city of Ural Oblast, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 57° 5′ N., 60° 30′ E.

Sverdrup: township, Otter Tail County, Minn. (Not Swerdrup.)

Sverige: see Sweden.

Svezia: see Sweden.

Svizzera: see Switzerland.

Swabia: creek, Berks and Lehigh Counties, Pa., a branch of Little Lehigh Creek. It was so called by the early settlers along this creek after their native home, Swabia, Germany. (Not Swope.)

Swaderick: creek, Harford County, Md. (Not Lauderick, Ludowick, nor Sundricks.)

Swahn: see Tuttle.

Swain: see Swains.

Swaine: point, on Kuiu Island, south of entrance to Explorer Basin, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 26′ N., long. 134° 14′ W. Named after Lieutenant Swaine, a member of the Vancouver expedition, 1794.

Swains: island, small atoll, part of American Samoa, but 200 miles northwest of main group, near lat. 11° 05′ S., long. 170° 55′ W. (Not Gente Hermosa, Jennings, La Peregrina, Olosenga, Quires, nor Swain.)

Swamp: creek, small tributary to Yellow Water Creek from northeast, international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), lat. 62° 58′.6 N., long. 141° 00′.7 W., Alaska.

Swamp: creek, Sweet Grass County, Mont., heads in the southern part of T. 3 N., R. 12 E., Montana principal meridian, and enters Big Timber Creek approx. in sec. 27, T. 2 N., R. 14 E.

Swamp: lake, a small intermittent pond on Rainbow Plateau, near the north rim of the Grand Canyon and long. 112° 19′, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Fen nor Swampy.)

Swamp: lake and portage, southwest of Saganaga Lake, Rainy River District, Ontario, Canada, and Lake County, Minn., international boundary.

*__Swamp__: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 20′ N., long. 112° 21′ W., on north rim of canyon two miles west of Swamp Lake. (Not Swampy nor Tulip.)

Swamp: see Unami.

Swamp: see Whitetail, creek, Mont.

Swampy: see Swamp, point, Ariz.

Swampy: see Swamp, lake, Ariz.

Swan: lake, on mainland about 2½ miles east of Thomas Bay, and drained by Cascade Creek, near lat. 57° 1′ N., long. 132° 45′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Swan: lake, Shasta County, Calif., one-half mile northwest of Crater Butte, in southeast corner T. 31 N., R. 5 E., and northwest corner T. 30 N., R. 6 E.

Swan: lake, Swanville, Waldo County, Me. (Not Goose.)

Swan: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., lat. 44° 55′ N., long. 110° 44′ W., 4 miles south by west from Mammoth Hot Springs, at junction of Bunsen Peak and Mammoth-Norris Junction Roads. Named by P. W. Norris, 1879, first explorer of Geyser Basin, which bears his name.

Swan: river, rising in Mission Range, Flathead and Missoula Counties, and emptying into Flathead Lake below Swan Lake, Flathead County, Mont. (Not Sweathouse.)

Swan: see Kugruk, river, Alaska.

Swan: see Swans, island, Me.

Swan: see Kootenai, river, Mont.

Swan: see Ozette, lake, Wash.

Swan: see Swann, point, Va.

Swan Lake: see Youngs, lake, Wash.

Swann: point, on south bank of James River, opposite Jamestown, Surry County, Va. (Not Swan, Swan's, nor Swans.)

Swan's: Swans: see Swann.

*__Swans__: island, Hancock County, Me. (Not Burnt Coat, Swan, nor Swan's.)

Swansea: city, s. Wales; 51° 38′ N., 3° 58′ W.

Swansea: village, Blount County, Ala. (Not Viola.)

Swanson: point, on southwest end of Bainbridge Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 60° 03′ N., long. 148° 19′ W. This point separates Swanson Bay and Hogg Bay.

Swarte: kill, Ulster County, N. Y. (Not Black, Crosier's, Swarts, nor Swartz.)

Swarthout: valley, Los Angeles County, Calif., T. 3 N., Rs. 7 and 8 W. So named after pioneer family.

Swarts: Swartz: see Swarte.

Swasey: peak and spring, Millard County, Utah, in the House Range, near lat. 39° 23′ N., long. 113° 18′ W.

Swatara: creek, Schuylkill, Lebanon, and Dauphin counties, Pa., rises in Township of Foster, against Broad Mountain, Schuylkill County, near lat. 40° 41′ 15″ N., long. 76° 22′ 48″ W., and empties into Susquehanna River at Middletown, Dauphin County. The first written reference to this name, of Indian origin, which has been given to a number of features in this region is in 1727. Name approved by the Pennsylvania Geographic Board.

Swatow: seaport, Kwangtung prov., s. China; 23° 30′ N., 116° 45′ E.

Swauk: creek, Kittitas County, Wash. (Not Schwak nor Swauck.)

Sweathouse: see Swan, river, Mont.

Sweden: kingdom, n. Europe; Swed., Nor., and Dan. Sverige; Fr. Suède; Ger. Schweden; Ital. Svezia; Finn. Ruotsi.

Sweden: village, Sweden Town, Monroe County, N. Y. (Not West Sweden.)

Sweden Center: village, 3 miles northeast of Sweden, Sweden Town, Monroe County, N. Y. (Not Sweden.)

Sweedlin: village, Pendleton County, W. Va. (Not Sweedlin Hill.)

Sweet: island, Sheepscot River, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Isle of Springs.)

Sweet Grass: county, Mont.

Sweet Grass: creek, Park and Sweet Grass Counties, Mont., rises in T. 4 N., R. 11 E., Montana principal meridian, south of Sunlight Peak, flows northeast and southeast and tributary to Yellowstone River in sec. 31, T. 1 N., R. 16 E.

Sweetheart: creek, south arm of Port Snettisham, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 58′ N., long. 133° 40′ W., draining lake of same name and flowing into Elliott Bay, Tongass National Forest.

Sweetheart: lake, southeastern Alaska, about 5 miles long, eastward of Port Snettisham and about 10 miles inland from Stephens Passage, near lat. 57° 58′ N., long. 133° 55′ W. (Not Gilbert.)

Sweetwater: city, Nolan County, Tex. (Not Sweet Water.)

Sweganset: see Segreganset.

Swerdrup: see Sverdrup.

Sweseckechi: see Sankaty.

Swiftcurrent: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 47′ N., long. 113° 45′ W., in Swiftcurrent Glacier, flowing northeast through Swiftcurrent and Sherburne Lakes into lower St. Mary Lake.

Swiftcurrent: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 39′ W., on Swiftcurrent Creek, close to shore line of Swiftcurrent Lake.

Swiftcurrent: glacier, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 45′ W., is the head of Swiftcurrent Creek.

Swiftcurrent: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 40′ W., traversed by Swiftcurrent Creek across lower end. (Not McDermott.)

Swiftcurrent: mountain, altitude 8,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., on Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 47′ N., long. 113° 46′ W.

Swiftcurrent: pass, 7,176 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., across Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 47′ N., long. 113° 46′ W.

Swiftcurrent: ridge, 6,200 feet high, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 52′ N., long. 113° 33′ W., between Swiftcurrent and Kennedy Creeks.

Swiftcurrent: see Redrock, falls, Mont.

Swiftcurrent Ridge: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 113° 35′ W., located on the top of Swiftcurrent Ridge.

Swimming Moose: bay, Teton County, Wyo., the west arm of Jackson Lake, near lat. 43° 52′ N., long. 110° 44′ W. Name given because moose have been frequently seen swimming across this bay to Elk Island.

Swimming Pen: creek, Clay County, Fla. (Not Swimming Pan.)

Swimming Woman: see Careless.

Swinborn: Swinburn: see Swinburne.

Swinburne: island, Lower Bay, Richmond Borough, New York City, N. Y. (Not Dix, Swinborn, nor Swinburn.)

Swindon: city, Wiltshire, England; 51° 31′ N., 1° 47′ W.

Swineford: lakes, a chain of three, altitude 1,100 feet, Alaska, at the west base of Mount Swineford, drained by Yehring Creek, a southerly tributary of Taku River, Tongass National Forest. The name is given for the reason that the lakes receive their principal water supply from the hanging glaciers lying on the westerly slopes of Mount Swineford.

Swineford: peak (Mount Swineford), altitude 7,080 feet, Alaska, lat. 58° 26′ N., long. 133° 43′ W., forming the summit of the divide between Wright Creek and a second creek, southerly tributaries of the Taku River, Tongass National Forest. Named by B. D. Stewart, United States Geological Survey, in honor of the late Alfred P. Swineford, second Governor of Alaska, who was appointed to the governorship May 7, 1885. The peak lies in the vicinity of the city of Juneau where members of the family of the ex-governor now reside.

Swinomish: slough, Skagit County, Wash, in T. 34 N., R. 2 E., Willamette meridian. (Not Swiwomish.)

Switchback: falls, southern part of Hood River County, Oreg., on Iron Creek, near the crossing of the Mount Hood Loop Highway, approximately in sec. 15 of unsurveyed T. 3 S., R. 9 E.

Switchback: peak, altitude 5,027 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 14, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. So named because of the striking zigzag trail (now road) over its eastern slope.

Switzerland: republic, s. w. cen. Europe; Fr. Suisse; Ger. Schweiz; Ital. Svizzera.

Swiwomish: see Swinomish.

Swope: see Swabia, creek, Pa.

Sword: point, east side San Carlos Bay, at north side of mouth of Caloosahatchee River, Lee County, Fla. (Not Cape Blanco nor Punta Blanco.)

***Sybille:** creek, rises in Albany County, Wyo., in T. 19 N., R. 72 W., and joins the Laramie River in Platte County, in T. 25 N., R. 69 W., (Not Sibille nor Sibylee.) Pronounced Say-beel′.

Sycamore: creek, Yavapai County, Ariz., rises near lat. 34° 21′ N., long. 111° 54′ W., flowing southwest into Agua Fria River. (Not Dragoon nor Dragoon Fork.)

***Sycan:** river, tributary to Sprague River from the north, Klamath Indian Reservation, Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Saikan nor Sykan.)

Sycuan: see Sequan.

Sydlige Jylland: see Slesvig.

Sydney: seaport, capital, New South Wales, Australia; 33° 53′ S., 151° 12′ E.

Sydney: seaport, n. Cape Breton island, Nova Scotia, Canada; 46° 20′ N., 60° 10′ W.

Syenan: see Sequan.

Sykan: see Sycan.

Sykes: cove, southeastern Alaska, mainland on the north side of Sykes Point, east point of south entrance to Behm Canal, Revillagigedo Channel, near lat. 55° 12′ N., long. 131° 05′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Sylvan: bay, on Fremont Lake, T. 35 N., R. 108 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Sylvan: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 09′ W., 2 miles northwest of Sylvan Pass, on East Entrance Road and 6 miles east of Yellowstone Lake.

Sylvan: pass, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 9,000 feet high, near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 110° 07′ W., East Entrance Road uses this pass, 8 miles east of Yellowstone Lake.

Sylvan: see Goodrich, pond, Mass.

Sylvan: see Silver, point, Oreg.

Symes: see Synnes.

Symmes: creek, Gallia, Jackson, and Lawrence Counties, Ohio. (Not Simms.)

Symmetry Spire: mountain, altitude 10,500 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 46′ N., long. 110° 46′ W. Named in 1929 at first ascent. Seen from Jackson Hole this peak is remarkably slender and symmetrical.

Symonds: bay, Biorka Island, Sitka Sound, Alaska. (Not Symond.)

Syncline: hill, prominent feature in southeast quarter of T. 29 S., R. 17 E., San Luis Obispo County, Calif.

Synnes: township, Stevens County, Minn. (Not Symes.)

Syooknook: see Pile.

Syracuse: city, in Onondaga County, N. Y., on the Oswego River, near lat. 43° 03′ N., long. 76° 12′ W. Population in 1930, 207,007. (Pronounced sĭr′ă-kūs.)

Syracuse: see Siracusa.

Syr Darya: (darya=river), Kazak A. S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic), w. to Aral Sea; Persian and Turki, Saihun or Sihun; Lat. Jaxartes (Yaxartes). Not Sir Darya.

Syria: Fr. mandated territory and state therein, w. Asia; Arabic, Esh Sham;† Fr. Syrie or La Syrie; Ger. Syrien; Gr. Suría;† Heb. Ărām;† Ital. Siria.

Syrie: see Syria.

Sysladobsis: lake, Penobscot and Washington Counties, Me. (Not Sisladobsis nor Sysledobsis.)

Szabadka: see Subotica.

Szatmár-Németi: see Satu-Mare.

Szàva: see Sava.

Szechuen: see Szechwan.

Szechwan: prov., w. China proper. Not Süchwan, Szechuen.

Szeged: pr. sĕgĕd; city, on Tisza river, s. e. Hungary; Ger. Szegedin; 46° 15′ N., 20° 9′ E.

Szlavonország: see Slavonia.

Szlovákia: see Slovensko.

T

T: peak (Mount T), altitude 8,001 feet, near lat. 57° 12′ N., long. 132° 15′ W., on the international boundary, Alaska and Canada. So designated by the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal, 1903.

Taal: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tabaao: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tabaaw nor Tabao.)

Tabaaw: see Tabaao, P. I.

Tabac: see Tabuk, P. I.

Tabacan: see Tabakan, P. I.

Tabaco: municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tabagan: see Tabgon, P. I.

Tabakan: barrio, Dinalupihan Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tabacan.)

Tabanacle: see Tabernacle.

Tabao: see Tabaao, P. I.

Tabasco: pr. tä-bäs′kō; state and river, s. Mexico.

Tabe: see Tabi, P. I.

Tabernacle: town, Coffee County, Ala. (Not Tabanacle.)

Tabernacle, The: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon. near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 111° 55′ W.

Tabgon: barrio, Goa Municipality. Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I, (Not Tabgan.)

Tabi: barrio, Guiguinto Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tabe.)

Tabigian: barrio, Caramoan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P.I. (Not Tabignian nor Tabiguian.)

Tabigian: barrio, Tobaco Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tabiguian nor Tabigulan.)

Tabignian: see Tabigian, P. I.

Tabigue: see Tabigui, P. I.

Tabigui: barrio, Boac Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tabigui: barrio, Abuyog Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte: barrio, Saravia Municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros: and barrio, Talibon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Tabigue.)

Tabiguian: Tabigulan: see Tabigian.

Tablas: strait, between Mindoro Island on the west side and Tablas, Simara, Banton, and Marinduque Islands on the east side, extending from Marinduque and Dumali Point south to Semirara Islands, P. I.

Tablas, Las: see Las Tablas.

Table: island, on the southeast coast of Kodiak Island, Alaska, at the entrance to Sitkalidak Strait, 2 miles northwest of Cape Barnabas, near lat. 57° 11′ N., long. 152° 55′ W. (Not Entrance.)

Table: meadows, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 17 and 18, T. 15 S., R. 31 E., Sequoia National Park.

Table: mountain, altitude 9,360 feet, between Columbus and Quintino Sella Glaciers, the summit being 2 miles from the international boundary, lat. 60° 27′.4 W., long. 141° 05′.3 W., Alaska.

Table: mountain, lat. 37° 12′ N., long. 118° 37′ W., Inyo County, Calif.

Table: mountain, sec. 35, T. 14 S., R. 32 E., west side Kern Basin, northwest of Whitney Mountain, Tulare County, Calif. (Not Hazen.)

Table: mountain, Shasta County, Calif., two summits, altitudes 6,832 and 6,751 feet, respectively, in secs. 5, 6, 7, and 8, T. 31 N., R. 4 E. (Not Manzanita.)

Table: mountain, altitude 11,075 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N. long. 110° 50′ W.

Table: mountain, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 110° 04′ W.

Table: peak, altitude 1,356 feet, a prominent detached one at the northeast end of Ushagat Island, lat. 58° 56′.3 N., long. 152° 10′.6 W., Barren Islands, mouth of Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Table: rock, sec. 28 of T. 14 S., R. 36 E., southwestern part Baker County, Oreg. (Not Table Rock Mountain.)

Table: see Table Top, mountain, Ariz.

Table: see Flat Top, mountain, Wyo.

Table Mountain: glacier on Table Mountain, northeastern slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Table Rock: see Table Top.

Table Rock Fork: stream, Clackamas County, Oreg. Mount Hood National Forest, rising along the east boundary of T. 7 S., R. 4 E., flowing westerly, entering Molalla River in T. 7 S., R. 3 E. (Not Middle Fork.)

Table Rock Mountain: see Table, rock, Oreg.

Table Top: mountain, T. 7 S., R. 2 E., Pinal County, Ariz. (Not Table nor Table Rock.)

Taboan: see Tabuan, P. I.

Taboan: see Tubuan.

Taboc: see Tabok, P. I.

Tabogoc: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tabugoo.)

Tabogon: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Tabok: barrio, Hindang Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Tabok: barrio, Danao Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: and barrio, Juban Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Taboc.)

Tabok: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay: and barrio, Mandaue Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Taboc nor Tabuc.)

Tabok: barrio, San Juan Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Taboc nor Tavoc.)

Tabonacan: see Tabunakan, P. I.

Tabonoc: Tabonok: see Tabunok, P. I.

Tabor: village, Morris County, N. J. (Not Mount Tabor.)

Taborton: village, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Georgetown.)

Tabrica: see Fabrica, P. I.

Tabriz: city, n. w. Persia, near Lake Urmia; 38° 5′ N., 46° 10′ E.

Tabuan: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Taboan.)

Tabuc: see Tabok, P. I.

Tabuc: see Tabuk, P. I.

Tabucan: barrios in Barotac Nuevo and Dumangas Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Tabucmaayon: barrio, Pontevedra Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tabuc-Maayon.)

Tabuco: barrio, Naga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tabucsuba: barrio, Barotac Nuevo Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Tabucsuba: barrio, Jaro Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tabuc Suba.

Tabugoo: see Tabogoc, P. I.

Tabuk: barrio, Panitan Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tabac nor Tabuc.)

Tabuk: settlement, Mountain Province (subprovince, Kalinga), Luzon, P. I. (Not Tabuc.)

Tabunacan: see Tabunakan, P. I.

Tabunakan: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tabonacan nor Tabunacan.)

Tabunok: barrio, Bato Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Tabonoc.)

Tabunok: barrio, Catmon Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: and barrio, Hilongas Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Tabonok nor Tabonoc.)

Tacbuyan: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Taubuyan.)

Taccoa: Taccoy: see Toccoa.

Táchira: pr. tä′chē-rä; state, Venezuela.

Tackaras: see Thackery.

Tackawasick: creek and pond, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Cummings nor Tsatsawassa.)

Tacloban: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Tacna: pr. täk′nä; dept. and city, s. Peru; 18° S., 70° 20′ W.

Tacna: see Jaena, P. I.

Tacolod: see Tacolor, P. I.

Tacolor: barrio, Canaman Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tacolod.)

Tacoma: city, in Pierce Co., Washington, on Puget Sound, near lat. 47° 15′ N., long. 122° 27′ W. Population in 1930, 106,885. (Pronounced, tā-kō′-ma.)

Tacoma: see Rainier, peak, Wash.

Taconic: mountain range, Berkshire County, Mass., Rensselaer County, N. Y., and Bennington, County, Vt. (Not Taghanic nor Taghanick.)

Tacotna: see Takotna.

Tacoy: see Toccoa.

Tacquimenon: see Tahquamenon.

Tacuarembó: pr. tä-kwär-ehm-bo′; dept. Uruguay; 32° 5′ S., 56° W.

Tacubaya: pr. tä-kōō-bäē′yä; city and division of Federal District, Mexico; 19° 35′ N., 99° 12′ W.

Tadlac: see Tarlac, P. I.

Tadrandike: see Chandalar.

Tadzhik S. S. R.: see under Stalinabad.

Taenarum: see Tainaron.

Taft: barrio, Pangil Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not W. H. Taft.)

Taft: municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I.

Taft: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Taft: point, Hancock County, Me., on west side of Flanders Bay, near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 68° 07′ W. Named after Col. F. Taft, who lived in this vicinity. (Not Taft's.)

Tagalack: Tagalak: see Dakavak.

Taganrog: seaport, on Taganrog bay, sea of Azov, U. S. S. R. (Russia) 47° 12′ N., 38° 55′ E.

Tagaslian: settlement, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Tagbarunis: point, lat. 9° 38′ 8″ N., long. 118° 40′ 3″ E., and river lat. 9° 34′ 3″ N., long. 118° 40′ 6″ E., eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Tagbilaran: municipality, Provincial Capital, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Tagbuane: see Tagbuani, P. I.

Tagbuani: barrio, Alburquerque Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tagbuane.)

Tagduan: river, lat. 9° 36′ 8″ N., long. 118° 43′ 2″ E., eastern coast Palawan, P. I.

Tage: see Tagus.

Taggart: creek, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., flows east from Snowdrift Lake, near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 50′ W., into Taggart Lake.

Taggart: lake, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 42′ N., long. 110° 45′ W. Named by F. V. Hayden, and shown on many maps in his reports on the Geological and Geographical Surveys of the Territories, 1878.

Taghanic: town and village, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Taghkanick.)

Taghanic: see Taughannock, creek and falls, N. Y.

Taghanic: Taghanick: see Taconic.

Tagig: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Taguiig nor Taguig.)

Tagnaya: see Hagnaya, P. I.

Tagobaas: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tagobas nor Tagubaas.)

Tagobas: see Tagobaas, P. I.

Tagoloan: municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Tagongglong: see Tagongtong, P. I.

Tagongtong: barrio, Goa Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tagongglong nor Tagtongtong.)

Tagorip: see Tagosip, P. I.

Tagosip: barrio, Buruanga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tagorip.)

Tagsanluma: see Tansangluma, P. I.

Tagtongtong: see Tagongtong, P. I.

Tagubas: see Tagobaas, P. I.

Tagudin: municipality, Mountain Province (subprovince Amburayan), Luzon, P. I.

Taguig: see Tagig.

Taguihon: barrio, Baclayan Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Taguijon, Teguihon, nor Toquijon.)

Taguiig: see Tagig.

Taguijon: see Taguihon, P. I.

Taguimit: see Haguimit, P. I.

Taguimtim: barrio, Dao Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Taguintim.)

Taguintim: see Taguimtin, P. I.

Tagus: river, Spain and Portugal, to Atlantic near Lisbon; Port. Tejo, pr. tĕ-zho; Sp. Tajo, pr. tä'ho; Fr. Tage.

Tahana: mountain, altitude 11,950 feet, secs. 10, 11, 14, and 15, T. 6 S., R. 74 W., Park County, Colo.

Tahawus: village, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Tahawa nor Tahawas.)

Tahawus: see Marcy.

Tahchito: creek, 18 miles west of Chile, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz.

Tahini: river, draining Duff Lake into Chilkat River, near lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 136° W., southeastern Alaska and British Columbia.

Tahiti: chief island of the Society Is.; chief town is Papeete; 17° 40′ S., 149° 30′ W.

Tahkeena: Tahkena: Tahkheena: see Takhina.

Tahoma: creek, heading in South Tahoma and Tahoma Glaciers, tributary to Nisqually River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Rainier Creek.)

Tahoma: glacier, discharging into South Fork Puyallup River and Tahoma Creek, southwestern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash. (Not North Tahoma.)

Tahosa: valley, near Longs Peak, east of Continental Divide, Estes Park, Boulder and Larimer Counties, Colo. (Not Elkanah.)

***Tahquamenon:** river, at the extremity of Lake Superior, in Chippewa and Luce Counties; bay and island, on west side Whitefish Bay, in Chippewa County, Mich. (Not Tacquimenon, Tahquamenaw, Taquamenon, nor Tequamenon.)

Tahunga: see Tujunga.

Tahuta: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 2 miles south of mouth of Deer Creek, near long. 112° 30′ N., Coconino County, Ariz. So named for an Indian squaw.

Taiden: town, Chosen; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Têtyan; 36° 19′ N., 127° 25′ E.

Taihoku: capital of Taiwan (Formosa); 25° N., 121° 30′ E.

Taiklano: see Little Nelchino.

Taiku: see Taikyu.

Taikyu: city, s. e. Chosen; alternate Jap. romanizations, Taikyū and Taikyû; Korean, Taiku; 35° 46′ N., 128° 32′ E. Not Taku.

***Tainaron (Matapan):** cape, ext. s. Greece; Fr. Ténare; Lat. Taenarum; 36° 22′ N., 22° 30′ E.

Taisan: see Taysan, P. I.

Taiwan (Formosa): Japanese island possession, e. of s. China; Chin. and Jap. Taiwan; Port. and conv. Eng. Formosa; 23° 30′ N., 121° E.

Taiya: inlet, about 13 miles long, at head of Lynn Canal, tributary to latter at lat. 59° 17′ N., long. 135° 23′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Dayay, Dejah, Dyea, Perrier, nor Tyya.)

Taiya: river, tributary to Taiya Inlet, head of Lynn Canal, at lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 135° 21′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Taiya: see Dyea, Alaska.

Tajik S. S. R.: see under Stalinabad.

Tajo: see Tagus.

Tajunga: see Tujunga.

Takahula: lake and river, the latter draining the lake and tributary to Alatna River near lat. 67° 22′ N., long. 153° 48′ W., northwestern Alaska. (Not Takahoola nor Takahola.)

Takamatsu: seaport, n. e. Shikoku island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Takamatu; 34° 2′ N., 134° 2′ E.

Takamatu: see Takamatsu.

Takanis: peak, altitude 2,270 feet, lat. 57° 57′ 28″ N., long. 136° 28′ 03″ W., 2½ miles northeast of Takanis Bay, Yakobi Island, southeastern Alaska.

Takanis: peninsula, 2½ miles long, 2 miles wide, on northwest side of Takanis Bay, southwestern part of Yakobi Island, southeastern Alaska. This peninsula encloses Takanis Bay.

Takaoka: city, n. coast of main island, Japan; 36° 45′ N., 137° E.

Takapna: see Takotna, river, Alaska.

Takasaki: city, cen. of main island, Japan; 36° 20′ N., 139° E.

Takatz: lake, draining to head of Takatz Bay, east side Baranof Island, lat. 57° 8′ N., long. 134° 53′ W., southeastern Alaska.

***Takhini:** river, in the upper Yukon watershed. Tributary to Lewes River near lat. 60° 51′ N., long. 135° 11′ W., British Columbia. (Not Tahkeena, Tahkena, nor Tahkheena.)

Takkala: see Dakavak.

Takoma: see Takoma Park.

Takoma: see Mount Rainier.

***Takoma Park:** town, suburb of Washington, D. C., in Montgomery and Prince Georges Counties, Md. (Not Takoma.)

Takotna: river, tributary to the Kuskokwim River from the southwest near Appleton, western Alaska. (Not Tacotna, Takapna, nor Tokopna.)

Takotna: village, on Takotna River, western Alaska. (Not Tokotna.)

Taku: glacier, at head of Taku Inlet, foot near lat. 58° 29′ N., long. 134° 04′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Klumu Gutta, Klumma Gutta, nor Foster.)

Taku: see Taikyu.

Talacogon: municipality, Agusan Province (subprovince Butuan), Mindanao, P. I. (Not Talacogan nor Talakogon.)

Talahib: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talajib.)

Talahib: see Talahib Pandayan, P. I.

Talahib Pandayan: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talahib.)

Talajib: see Talahib, P. I.

Talakogon: see Talacogon.

Talanca: see Talanka, P. I.

Talang: see Halang, P. I.

Talanig: see Halawig, P. I.

Talanka: barrio, Santa Maria Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talanca nor Talanta.)

Talanta: see Talanka, P. I.

Talapus: mountain, T. 1 N., R. 7 E., eastern part of Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Shellrock.)

Talara: pr. tä-lä′rä; town, Peru; 4° 25′ S., 65° 27′ W.

Talasa: barrio, Panay Municipality. Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Talaza.)

Talassee: shoals and village, Jackson County, Ga. (Not Talasse nor Tallasee.)

Talaungan: barrio, Cavinti Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not C. Talaongan, C. Talaungan, San Talaongan, San Talaungan, nor Taloangan.)

Talavera: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

Talawanda: creek, rising in Preble County, southwestern Ohio, flowing southeast through Butler and Preble Counties, tributary on north bank, Miami River just above the city of Hamilton, in Butler County. (Not Fourmile.)

Talaza: see Talasa, P. I.

Talbot: peak (Mount Talbot) altitude 4,461 feet, lat. 56° 48′ 16″ N., long. 131° 52′ 20″ W., 10 miles north of Stikine River, on international boundary, Alaska and British Columbia. Named after Charles Talbot, surveyor, Canadian section, Boundary survey, 1893 and 1895.

Talbott: village, Jefferson County, Tenn. (Not Talbot.)

Talca: pr. täl′kä; prov. and city, Chile; 35° 20′ S., 71° 46′ W.

Talenceras: Talensera: see Talenseras, P. I.

Talenseras: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Talenceras nor Talensera.)

Taliaferro: gap, White Oak Mountains, Bradley, and Hamilton Counties, Tenn. (Not Talliferro nor Tallioferro.)

Talibon: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Talien: see Dairen.

Talimagao: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Talimagaw.)

Talimagaw: see Talimagao, P. I.

Talimu Ho: see Tarim

Talisay: barrio, Virac Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talisoy.)

Talisay: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Talisay: municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Talisay: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Talisay: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Talisayan: municipality, Oriental Misamis Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Talisoy: see Talisay, barrio, P. I.

Talkeetna: mountains, range, northeast of head of Cook Inlet, the center being about lat. 62° N., long. 148° 30′ W., east side of Susitna River, Alaska. (Not Talkeet, Talkeetno, nor Talkutno.)

Talkeetna: river, rising in Talkeetna Mountains and flowing northwest and then southwesterly into the Susitna River from the east, near lat. 62° 20′ N., long. 150° 08′ W., Alaska.

Talkutno: see Talkeetna, mountains, Alaska.

Tallahassee: capital of Florida, in Leon Co., near lat. 30° 26′ N., long. 84° 17′ W. Population in 1930, 10,700. (Pronounced tăl-ā-hăss′ē.)

Tallahatchie: river, northern Mississippi. (Not Tallahatchee.)

Tallasee: see Talassee.

Talleyville: village, Brandywine Hundred, New Castle County, Del. (Not Tallyville.)

Talliferro: see Taliaferro.

Tallinn: capital of Estonia; Ger. Reval; Russ. Revel;† 59° 25′ N., 24° 45′ E.

Tallioferro: see Taliaferro.

Tallmadge: town and township, Ottawa County, Mich. (Not Talmage.)

Tallulah: see Tulula.

Tally's: see Tolly.

Tallyville: see Talleyville.

Talmage: see Tallmadge.

Taloangan: see Talaungan, P. I.

Taloctoc: see Taluctoc.

Talogogaon: see Talohognon, P. I.

Talohognon: barrio, Tigaon Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talogogaon, Talojognan, Talojognon, Talojogñon, nor Tatojognon.)

Talojognan: Talojogñon: see Talohognon, P. I.

Talon: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talong.)

Talong: see Talon, P. I.

Talongajog: see Holongahog, P. I.

Talortor: see Taluctoc, P. I.

Taloto: barrio, Tagbilaran Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Falsto nor Toloto.)

Taluctoc: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Taloctoc nor Talortor.)

Talumpoc: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Talumpuc.)

Talumpuc: see Talumpoc, P. I.

Talus: northernmost bay on the west side of Day Harbor, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 60° 00′ N., long. 149° 12′ W. So named by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party, 1928, because of the talus formation in this vicinity.

Tama: township and city, Tama County, Iowa. (Not Tama City.)

Tamac: barrio, Villaviciosa Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tamar.)

Tamalagon: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jamalagon.)

Tamar: see Tamac, P. I.

Tamarac: see Tamarack, creek, Wis.

Tamarack: creek, tributary to Clark Fork in sec. 9, T. 18 N., R. 27 W., 4 miles north of St. Regis, Mineral County, Mont. (Not Four Mile.)

Tamarack: creek, northern part of T. 18 S., Rs. 35 and 36 E., Harney County, Oreg. (Not Antelope.)

Tamarack: creek, Trempealeau County, Wis. (Not Tamarac.)

Tamarack: ridge, Clearwater County, Idaho, in northwestern part of T. 37 N., R. 7 E., Boise meridian, Clearwater National Forest.

Tamarack: see Larch, butte, Idaho.

Tamarack: see Pond, meadow, Calif.

Tamarack Creek: see Upper Tamarack.

Tamarawa: ridge, Prairie du Long Township, Monroe County, Ill. (Not Tomorrowway.)

Tamarindo: point, acute salient northwest of Firewood Bay, west shore of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Point del Tamarindo, Punta del Tamarindo Medio, nor Punta ó Quebrada Tamarindo.)

Tamaulipas: pr. tä-mow-lē′päs; state, Mexico.

Tambo: see Tambu Balagbag, P. I.

Tambogñon: Tambognon: Tambongan: see Tambugnon, P. I.

Tambongan: barrio, Candijay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tambungan nor Tampongan.)

Tambov: pr. täm-bôf′; city, U. S. S. R. (Russia); 52° 42′ N., 41° 20′ E.

Tambu Balagbag: barrio, Indang Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tambo.)

Tambugnon: barrio, Bacacay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tambogñon nor Tambongan.)

Tambugnon: barrio, Viga Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tambognon.)

Tambungan: see Tambongan, P. I.

Tamihi: see Tomyhoi, Wash.

Taminah: lake, (Lake Taminah), Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 43′ N., long. 110° 49′ W., traversed by Taggart Creek just below Snowdrift Lake. Name reported to be from the Shoshone word meaning "spring." Located just above timberline the climber will find that spring reigns on its shores when summer or fall has come to Jackson Hole, below.

Taminy: see Tomyhoi.

Tamlong: barrio, Calauan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tanlong.)

Tammerfors: see Tampere.

Tammucu: barrio, Faire Muncipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tamuco nor Tamucu.)

Tamolalud: see Tamulalud, P. I.

Tampa: city, Hillsborough County, Fla., on Tampa Bay of the Gulf of Mexico, near lat. 27° 58′ N., long. 82° 28′ W. (Pronounced, tăm′-pah.)

Tampa Bay: channel in Tampa Bay, Hillsborough County, Fla., the main ship channel, natural and improved, from entrance to junction of Hillsboro Bay and Old Tampa Bay.

Tampadong: barrio, Pamplona Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tampodong.)

Tampa Northern: see Sparkman.

Tampere (Tammerfors): town, s. w. Finland; Swed. Tammerfors; 61° 28′ N., 23° 45′ E.

Tampico: pr. täm-pē′kō; seaport n. e. Mexico; 22° 11′ N., 97° 50′ W.

Tampodong: see Tampadong, P. I.

Tampongan: see Tambongan, P. I.

Tampuhan: barrio, Libmanan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tampujan.)

Tampujan: see Tampuhan, P. I.

Tamuco: Tamucu: see Tammucu, P. I.

Tamulalud: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tamolalud.)

Tanaak: cape, northern point of entrance to Malina Bay, western coast Afognak Island, lat. 58° 15′.3 N., long. 153° 06′.5 W., Alaska.

Tanaku: see Fairweather.

Tanala: see Tauala, P. I.

***Tanalian:** river, draining Kontrashibuna Lake and tributary to Clark Lake, near lat. 60° 12′ N., long. 154° 24′ W., Alaska. (Not Kontrashibuna, Koonthrashiboona, Kunthrashiboona, nor Kunthrashibuna.)

Tanana: see Chisana.

Tananarive: city, capital of Madagascar; 18° 50′ S., 47° 30′ E. (Not Antananarivo.)

Tanani: bay, between Tanani and Nukdik Points, west shore Chilkoot Inlet, near lat. 59° 16′ N., southeastern Alaska.

Tanani: point, west shore Chilkoot Inlet, north of Tanani Bay, lat. 59° 16′ 14″ N., southeastern Alaska. (Not Entrance.)

Tanaoan: Tanauan: Tan-awan: see Tanawan, P. I.

Tanaskan: bay, indenting southern shore of Beaver Bay near its head, lat. 53° 44′ N., long. 166° 29′ W., Unalaska Island, eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Macks.)

Tanauan: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Tanauan: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tanaun Peak: see Batulao, P. I.

Tanawan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tanauan.)

Tanawan: barrio, Oslob Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Tanawan: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tanaoan nor Tanauan.)

Tanawan: barrio, Atimonan Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tanauan nor Tan-awan.)

Tanawan: barrio, Bustos Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon: and barrio, Malinao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tanauan.)

Tanawan: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tanauan.)

Tanay: municipality, Rizal Province Luzon, P. I.

Tanculan: see Tankulan.

Tanda: see Tanta.

Tandag: municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Tanday: see Tandey, P. I.

Tandayan: see Handayan, P. I.

Tandey: barrio, Baclayon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tanday.)

Taneum: creek, Kittitas County, Wash. (Not Tanum.)

Taneum: see Bumping.

Tangalan: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Jangalan.)

Tanganyika: great lake, and Br. mandated ter., e. Africa.

Tangcasan: barrio, Loay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tangsan.)

Tanger, Tangeri: see Tangier.

Tangier: internationalized zone of Morocco, ext. n. w. Africa, and seaport city therein; Fr., Ger., and Sp. Tanger; Ital. Tangeri; 35° 46′ N., 5° 52′ W. (Not Tangiers.)

Tangiers: see Tangier.

Tangik: island, about ¾ mile off southeast shore of Akum Island, lat. 54° 08′.8 N., long. 165° 29′ W., Krenitzin Islands, eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Waverly.)

Tanginak: anchorage, in south side of Sitkalidak Strait, Alaska, on southeast coast of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 10′ N., long. 153° 02′ W. So named after the whaling vessel *Tanginak*, which occasionally anchored here.

Tanginak: islet, about 2½ miles east of extreme eastern point of Akum Island, in Avatanak Strait, lat. 54° 12′.1 N., long. 165° 19′.4 W., Krenitzin Islands, eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Breed nor Propagation.)

Tangke: see Tanque, P. I.

Tangkigan: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tangquigan.)

Tangled: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 46′ W., flowing west and northwest through Firehole Lake into Firehole River.

Tangnan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tanguan.)

Tangohay: see Tanguhay, P. I.

Tangqui: see Tanque, P. I.

Tangquigan: see Tangkigan, P. I.

Tangsan: see Tangcasan, P. I.

Tanguan: see Tangan, P. I.

Tanguhay: barrio, Dimiao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tangohay.)

Tanig: see Tawig, P. I.

Tanis: lake, southeastern Alaska, northwest of Dry Bay, drained by Tanis River to Ustay River, near lat. 59° 16′ N., long. 138° 38′ W.

Tanis: river, southeastern Alaska, northwest of Dry Bay, draining Tanis Lake to Ustay River. (Not Ustay.)

Tanis: see Ustay.

Tanjay: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Tank: hill, altitude 6,300 feet, Lincoln County, Nev., west slope Ely Springs Range, SE. ¼ sec. 22, T. 1 N., R. 65 E., Mount Diablo meridian.

Tanker: small island, in the Wooded Islands, on southeast side of Montague Island, Prince William Sound, Alaska, near lat. 59° 52′ N., long. 147° 23′ W. Proposed by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party, 1928, from its likeness to an oil tanker when viewed from the southwest.

Tankulan: settlement, Bukidnon Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Tanculan.)

Tanlong: see Tamlong, P. I.

Tannen: creek and mountain, near the state line and long. 123° 25′ W., southern part Josephine County, Oreg. (Not Tanner.)

Tanner: butte, T. 1 N., R. 7 E., on divide between Hood River and Multnomah Counties, Oreg. (Not Tanner Creek.)

Tanner: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in south wall of canyon, rising near rim and lat. 36° 02′ N., long. 111° 51′ W., drains northerly into the Colorado River.

Tanner: creek, Meigs County, Ohio. (Not Tanner's.)

Tanner: see Ragged, mountain, Mass.

Tanner: see Tannen, creek and mt., Oreg.

Tanner Creek: see Tanner, butte, Oreg.

Tanner Creek: see Lafayette.

Tanners: crossing, on Little Colorado River, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Tanner's.)

Tanner's Creek: see Lafayette.

Tannery: see Gilmore.

Tanok: see Tauog, P. I.

Tanopol: see Hanopol, P. I.

Tanque: barrio, Caloocan Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, and Barrio, Talisay Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Tangke.)

Tanque: barrio, San Fernando Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tangqui nor Tanqui.)

Tanque: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tanqui.)

Tanqui: see Tanque, P. I.

Tansangluma: barrio, Imus Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tagsanluma nor Tansang Luma.)

Tanta: city, Nile river delta, n. Egypt; 30° 50′ N., 31° E. (Not Tanda.)

Tantalus (or Puu Ohia): hill, elevation, 2,013 feet, northeast of Honolulu, Koolau Range, East Oahu, T. H.

Tantic: see Okeechobee, village, Fla.

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Tanum: see Bumping, lake and river, Wash.

Tanum: see Taneum, creek, Wash.

Tanza: municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I.

***Tapajós** or **Tapajóz:** pr. tä-pä-zhôs′; river, Brazil.

Tapal: barrio, Ubay Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tapao.)

Tapao: see Tapal, P. I.

Tapas: municipality, Capiz Province, Paynay, P. I.

Tapashaw: see Topashaw.

Tappan: see Negro, island, Me.

Tapulao: see Tapulaw, P. I.

Tapulaw: barrio, Orani Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tapulao.)

Taquamenon: see Tahquamenon, river, Mich.

Taquib Callao: see Tuquib Callao, P. I.

Tara: township, Swift County, Minn. (Not Tava.)

***Tarabulus esh Sham:** see Tripoli.

Taragui: barrio, Sagnay Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Toragui nor Turagin.)

Tarangnan: municipality and point, Samar Province, west coast of Samar, P. I.

Taranol: see Taraual, P. I.

Taranto: seaport on Golfo di Taranto, s. e. Italy; 40° 28′ N., 17° 14′ E.

Tarapacá: pr. tä-rä-pä-kä′; prov., n. Chile; 20° S., 69° 38′ W.

Tarataha: see Sidsid, P. I.

Taraual: barrio, Calabanga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Taranol.)

Tar Coal: see Sillery.

Tar Coat: see Tear Coat.

Tar Gap: pass, Tulare County, Calif., turning point on boundary of area excluded from Sequoia National Park, on township line between secs. 25 and 30, T. 17 S., Rs. 30 and 31 E.

Target: see Botany, point, Virgin Islands.

Tarija: pr. tä-rē′hä; dept. and city, Bolivia; 21° 31′ S., 64° 4′ W.

Tarim: river and basin, Chinese Turkistan; Pers. and Turki,† Yarkend Darya; Chin. Talimu Ho.

Tarima: see Teatable.

Tarinara: Tariuara: see Tariwara, P. I.

Tariwara: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Albay Province, Lubon, P. I. (Not Tarinara nor Tariuara.)

Tarlac: barrio, Los Banos Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tadlac nor Tudloc.)

Tarlac: municipality, Provincial Capital, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tarlinga: see Terlingua.

Taroda: Tarota: see Toroda.

Taroka: arm, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 150° 08′ W., five-eighths of a mile wide and 2 miles long, forming the west arm of Two Arm Bay, Kenai Peninsula. Reported native name for the brown bear found in this locality.

Tarosanan: barrio, Camaligan Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tarosaua.)

Tarosanan: barrio, Milaor Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon P. I. (Not Torosanan.)

Tarosaua: see Tarosanan, P. I.

Tarota: see Toroda.

Tarpley: post light, Mississippi River, Washington County, Miss. (Not Tarpley's.)

Tarpon: see Woodrings.

Tarr: inlet or fiord, extending northwestward to beyond Canadian boundary from the large island where Reid Inlet bifurcates from Glacier Bay, Alaska.

Tarrant: creek, near Norfolk, Va. (Not Edmund's nor Terrane.)

Tarroda: see Toroda.

Tarsos: see Tarsus.

Tarsous: see Tarsus.

Tarsus: town, Turkey; Fr. Tarsous. Not Tarsos.

Tartarus Lake: see Boiling Springs.

Tartu: city, e. Estonia; Ger. Dorpat; Russ. Yurev,† pr. yúryef; 58° 25′ N., 26° 45′ E.

Tasajero: see Tassajero.

Tasa Lingo: see Terlingua.

Tascawilla: see Tuscawilla.

Taschemna; see Tazimina.

Tasekpuk: see Teshekpuk, lake, Alaska.

Tashimna: see Tazimina.

Tashkent: city, Uzbek S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 41° 25′ N., 69° 1′ E.

Tashuk: Tasuk: Tas'yuk: see Elson.

Tasirkpuk: see Teshekpuk, lake, Alaska.

Taslan: barrio, Dumarao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Faslan.)

Tasmania: island and state, Australia; 42° S., 147° E.

Tasnuna: river, tributary to Copper River from the west, opposite Bremner River, lat. 61° N., long. 144° 50′ W., Alaska. (Not Tasnu.)

Tassajero: creek, Alameda and Contra Costa counties, and village, Contra Costa County, Calif. (Not Tasajero nor Tassajera.)

Tasuk: Tas'yuk: see Elson.

Tatalan: island, southwest of Basilan Island, P. I. (Not Talaran.)

Tatena: Tateno: see Tatina.

Tatezaka: tank, just south of Canyon de Chelly, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz.

Tatina: river, western slope Alaska Range, tributary to Kuskokwim River (South Fork) from the east, near lat. 62° 19′ N., long. 153° 24′ W., Alaska. (Not Rohn, Tatena, Tateno, nor Tate-no.)

Tatojognon: see Talohognon, P. I.

Tatonduk: river, tributary to Yukon River from northeast, crossing international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 69° 59′ .6 N., long. 141° W., into Alaska. (Not Sheep, Tatondu nor Tatondue.)

Tatoosh: creek, tributary to Paradise River from east, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Tatoosh: range, south of Mount Rainier, between Nisqually, Paradise, and Cowlitz rivers, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Tatow: knob, Millard County, Utah., in House Range, near lat. 39° 27′ N., long. 113° 20′ W. (Not Mollie's Nipple.)

Tatum: town, Marlboro County, S. C. (Not Tatum Station.)

Tatus: small islet near the southern point of Ticao Island, Sorsogon Province, P. I. (Not Minalayo.)

Tauala: barrio, Panglao Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Danala nor Tanala.)

Taubuyan: see Tacbuyan, P. I.

Taughannock: creek, Town of Hector, Schuyler County, N. Y., and Town of Ulysses, Tompkins County, N. Y., emptying into Cayuga Lake. (Not Taghanic.)

***Taughannock:** falls, 215 feet high, Town of Ulysses, Tompkins County, N. Y., on creek of same name. (Not Taghanic.) The revised spelling is that used locally and is also a closer approximation of the original Indian name.

Taughanuc: see Everett.

Tauig: see Tawig, P. I.

Tauili: see Hawili, P. I.

Tauit: settlement, Mountain Province (subprovince Apayao), Luzon, P. I.

Tauog: barrio, Sigma Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tanok.)

Tava: see Tara.

Tavera: barrio, Pangil Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not P. de Tavera nor Pardo de Tavera.)

Tavoc: see Tabok, P. I.

Tawah: see Ankau, creek, Alaska.

Tawak: passage, southeastern Alaska, east side Myriad Islands, off west coast Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 38′ N., long. 136° 12′ W.

Tawas: bay, harbor, and point, Iosco County, Mich. (Not Ottawa.)

Tawas: lake, Iosco County, Mich., in T. 22 N., R. 8 E., Michigan meridian. (Not Ashettimoyawk.)

Tawig: barrio, Paracale Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tanig nor Tauig.)

Taxlina: see Tazlina, glacier, Alaska.

Tayabas: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tayasan: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Taybanga: see Haybanga, P. I.

Taylor: bay, Alaska northern extension of Port Dick, lat. 59° 17′ N., long. 151° 03′ W., Kenai Peninsula.

Taylor: creek, Orange and Osceola counties, Fla. (Not Crab Grass, Crop Grass, nor Taylors.)

Taylor: creek, tributary to Gallatin River about 3 miles above Eldridge, Gallatin and Madison counties, Mont. (Not Dodge nor Taylor Fork.)

Taylor: glacier, Port Nellie Juan, lat. 60° 33′ N., long. 148° 36′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Taylor: mount (Mount Taylor), Bingham County, Idaho, in Blackfoot Mountains, sec. 29 of T. 1 S., R. 39 E., near lat. 43° 18′ N., long. 111° 35′ W. (Not Blackfoot Peak.) The name Blackfoot Peak seems to have been given by the Hayden Survey in 1877. Mount Taylor, after Col. Sam Taylor, an early resident of this vicinity, is the only name by which the peak is now known locally.

Taylor: ridge, T. 38 N., R. 35 E., Ferry County, Wash. (Not Big Boulder.) Named after Forest Ranger Norman E. Taylor, who died February 9, 1924, as a result of being gassed in the World War.

Taylor: river, Gunnison County, Colo. (Not Spring.)

Taylor: river, tributary to Middle Fork Snoqualmie River, T. 24 N., R. 10 E., King County, Wash.

Taylor: village, Lafayette County, Miss. (Not Taylor's.)

Taylor: see Taylors, island, Md.

Taylor Fork: see Taylor, creek, Mont.

***Taylors:** island, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Taylor nor Taylor's.)

Taylors: see Taylor, creek, Fla.

Taylor's: see Taylors.

Taylors: see Turville.

Taylors Island: district and village, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Taylor's Island.)

Taylorville: village, Worcester County, Md. (Not Taylor nor Taylorsville.)

Taysan: barrio, Albay Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Taisan.)

Taytay: municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon, P. I.

Taytay: settlement, Palawan Province, Palawan, P. I.

Tayuanac: Tayuanak: see Taywanak, P. I.

Tayug: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tayup.)

Tayum: municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tayup: see Tayug, P. I.

Taywanak: barrio, Alfonso Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tayuanac nor Tayuanak.)

Tazhemima: Tazimeena: see Tazimina.

Tazimina: lakes and river. Two lakes about 5 miles apart, east of Clark Lake, near lat. 60° 02′ N., long. 154° 20′ W., draining into Clark Lake through the Tazimina River, Alaska. (Not Nulhutno, Taschemna, Tazhemina, Tazimnah, nor Tazimine.)

Tazlena: see Tazlina, river, Alaska.

Tazlina: glacier, 20 miles east of Nelchina Glacier, draining to south end of Tazlina Lake, about lat. 61° 45′ N., long. 146° 30′ W., west side Copper River Valley, Alaska. (Not Taxlina.)

Tazlina: river, draining Tazlina Lake into Copper River from the west, near lat. 62° 03′ N., long. 145° 24′ W., Alaska. (Not Tazlena, Tezlina, nor Tlieshitna.)

Tazlina: see Nelchina.

Tchataldja: see Çatalca.

Tchécoslovaquie: see Czechoslovakia.

Tchefuncta: see Chefuncte.

Tche-kiang: see Chekiang.

Tcheliabinsk: see Chelyabinsk.

Tchigul: see Chugul.

Tchineyak: see Chiniak, bay, Alaska.

Tchita: see Chita.

Tchitchagoff: see Chichagof.

Tcho-pahk: Tcho-park: see Chopaka.

Tchoutacabouffa: river, tributary to Biloxi Bay, Harrison County, Miss. (Not Cabawfa, Tchula, Tchula Cabawta, nor Thutacabawfa.)

Tchuginadak: see Chuginadak.

Tchula: Tchula Cabawta: see Tchoutacabouffa.

Teadepahto: spring, Navajo County, Ariz., Hopi Indian Reservation near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 110° 07 W. (Not Te-a-de-pah-to.)

Teakettle: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near south end of Upper Geyser Basin, about 300 feet northwest of Giantess Geyser and closely connected therewith. A violently bubbling spring that has a raised rim.

Teal: lake, Lassen County, Calif., a mile east of Snag Lake, in secs. 27 and 34, T. 31 N., R. 6 E.

Teal: most southerly island of a group of islands in southern part of El Capitan Passage on west side of El Capitan Island, lat. 55° 55′.5 N., long. 133° 21′.2 W., southeastern Alaska.

Teapannock: see Winnapaug, pond, R. I.

Tear: see Tear Coat.

Tear Coat: creek, Hampshire County, W. Va., rises near lat. 39° 12′ N., long. 78° 43′ W., tributary from south to North River at North River Mills. (Not Tar Coat nor Tear.)

Tease: lake, mainland of southeastern Alaska, on east shore Port Snettisham, near mouth of Speel River, near lat. 58° 07′ N., long. 133° 40′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Teatable: key, ¼ mile from south end Upper Matecumbe Key, lat. 24° 53′ 30″, long. 80° 39′ 30″, Monroe County, Fla. (Not Tarima nor Tea-Table.)

Teays: valley, Cabell and Putnam Counties and village, Putnam County, W. Va. (Not Teayes, Teayse, nor Teazes.)

Teazes: see Teays.

Tebebaugh: see Tevebau.

Tebenkof: bay, large, indenting west side of Kuiu Island, from Chatham Strait, mouth near lat. 56° 30′ N., long. 134° 15′ W., Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Tebienkof.)

Tebenkof: glacier, between Blackstone and Cochrane Bays, the foot of glacier near lat. 60° 44′ N., long. 148° 29′ W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska.

Techevah: see Tesheva.

Tecon: lake (Lake Tecon), Otsego County, Mich., in secs. 2, 11, and 14, T. 29 N., R. 4 W. (Not Comer's Lake nor Farm Lakes.)

Teddy: creek, Beaverhead County, Mont., in secs. 10, 15, 16, 20, and 21, T. 1 N., R. 12 W., Montana meridian, empties into Big Hole River, Beaverhead National Forest. (Not Tie.) Name changed because of duplication.

Teddy Bear: harbor, northeast corner Barter Island, near lat. 70° 07′ N., long. 142° 40′ W., northern coast Alaska. (Not Bernard.)

Tee: cove or harbor (Tee Harbor), indenting the mainland in Favorite Channel, eastern shore of Lynn Canal, lat. 58° 25′.4 N., long. 134° 45′.6 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Stephens.)

Te-en-ta: see Tyende.

Teeout: see Trout, creek, Idaho.

Teepee: see Burnt Cabin.

Teepe's: glacier, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., on south slope of Grand Teton, near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 48′ W. This small ice field has been so called since 1925, when Theodore Teepe, a mountaineer, was killed on it.

Teewinot: mountain, 12,100 feet, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 45′ N., long. 110° 47′ W. So named in 1929, when first ascended. Reported to be Shoshone name formerly applied to the entire range and meaning "the pinnacles."

Tegua: spring settlement, Navajo County, Ariz.

Tegucigalpa: pr. teh-gōō-sē-gäl′pä; dept. and capital city, Honduras; 14° 9′ N., 87° W.

Teguihon: see Taguihon, P. I.

Tehachapi: pass and town, Kern County, Calif. (Not Tehachapai.)

Téhéran: see Tehran.

***Tehran (Teheran):** pr. tĕ-hrän′; capital of Persia; Fr. Téhéran; 35° 50′ N., 51° 35′ E.

Tejada: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Tejares: Tejera: see Tijeras.

Tejero: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tejeros.)

Tejeros: see Tejero, P. I.

Tejo: see Tagus.

Telapatio: see Tilapatio, P. I.

Telapayong: Telapayun: Telapayung: see Tilapayong, P. I.

Telaquana: lake (Lake Telaquana), Mount Spurr region, Alaska, near lat. 60° 55′ N., long. 154° W. Native name reported by Capps and FitzGerald, 1928.

Telaquana: river, Lake Clark region, southwestern Alaska, drains lake of same name and flowing northwest enters the Stony River, in approximately lat. 61° 10′ N., long. 154° 34′ W.

Telegraph: creek, tributary to South Fork Pilgrim Creek from southeast, in sec. 4, T. 25 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Telephone: creek, tributary to Mosquito Creek from the northeast, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, an affluent of Fish River, lat. 65° 05′ N., long. 162° 40′ W.

Telrod: small cove, on north side of Spiridon Bay, Kodiak Island, Alaska, about 8 miles inside entrance, lat. 57° 39′ N., long. 153° 38′.4 W. Name suggested by Coast Survey party, 1929, which found a lost telemeter rod in this cove.

Temblegue: Tembleque: see Temblique, P. I.

Temblique: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Temblegue nor Tembleque.)

Temblor: creek, T. 30 S., R. 20 E., Kern County, Calif.

Temblor: mountain range (Temblor Range), San Luis Obispo and Kern counties, Calif., bounded on the north by Cholame Creek, on the northwest by Antelope Valley, on the west by Carrizo Plain and the valley of San Juan Creek, and on the southeast by the Tejon Mountains, at about lat. 35° N. (Not Temploa.)

Temblor: valley, north of Temblor ranch, T. 29 S., R. 20 E., and R. 21 E., Kern County, Calif.

Temes: see Timiş-Torontal.

Temesvár: see Timişoara.

Temisvăr: see Timişoara.

Tempe: butte, rising above Tempe Town, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Tempe: cascade, on Littles Fork, Cascade Corner, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Temple: mountain, Boundary County, Idaho, in sec. 9, T. 62 N., R. 3 W., Boise meridian, Kaniksu National Forest. This mountain looks like a huge temple on one side due to sheer bluffs and a pyramid peak on top.

Temple Crag: peak, elevation 13,016 feet, Sierra Nevada, lat. 37° 07′ long. 118° 29′, south of Big Pine Lakes, Inyo County, Calif. (Not Mount Alice.)

Templeman: lake, T. 63 N., R. 1 E., Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Smith Lake No. 1.)

Temple of Om: see Tyndall Dome.

Temploa: see Temblor, mountain range, Calif.

Tempo Zan: see Tenpozan.

Temuco: pr. teh-mōō′kō; city, Chile; 38° 47′ S., 72° 45′ W.

Tenakee: hot springs (Tenakee Springs P. O.), northern shore Tenakee Inlet, about 9 miles from the mouth, lat. 57° 46′.7 N., long. 135° 13′ W., Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Hooniah.)

Tenallytown: see Tenleytown.

***Tenants Harbor:** harbor, lighthouse, and village, Knox County, Me. (Not Tenant Harbor, nor Tennant's Harbor.)

Ténare: see Tainaron.

***Tenasillahe:** island, Columbia River, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Tenas Illihee, Tenas-Illihee, Tenasillihee, nor Tennassillihi.)

Tenasket: see Tonasket.

Tendoy: falls, on Ferris Fork, Bechler River, just above "Hot Pool," second fall above Three River Junction, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Tendoy: mountains, Tps. 10 to 14 S., Rs. 10 and 11 W., southwestern part Beverhead County, Mont.

Tenebito: spring, Coconino County, Wash., Coconino and Navajo counties, Ariz., Hopi Indian Reservation; spring, in T. 28 N., R. 13 E., Gila Salt River meridian, Wash., drains southwest from near the northeast corner of the reservation, into the Little Colorado River. (Not Denabeto, Dine Bito, nor Tinebbito.)

Ten Feet: see Habush.

Tenibgan: see Tinibgan, P. I.

Tenlake: creek, Boise County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to South Fork, Payette River from south, rising on north slope Glens Peak. So named in reference to the lakes drained by this stream.

Tenleytown: suburb, District of Columbia. (Not Tenallytown.) Named for John Tenley, a pioneer of Washington, D. C.

Tenmile: creek, rising near Tenmile Mountain, T. 33 N., R. 27 W., tributary to Swamp Creek from northwest Lincoln County, Mont.

***Tenmile:** lake, T. 23 S., R. 12 W., northern part Coos County, Oreg. (Not South Tenmile.)

Ten Mile: town and township, Macon County, Ga. (Not Tenmile.)

Tenmile: village, Upshur County, W. Va. (Not Sellars, Sellers, nor Ten Mile.)

Tenmile: see Sterling, creek, Mont.

Tennant's Harbor: see Tenants Harbor.

Tennassillihi: see Tenasillahe.

Tennessee: river, in Tennessee, Alabama, and Kentucky, formed in Knox Co., Tennessee, by the junction of the French, Broad, and Holston Rivers near lat. 35° 57′ N., long. 83° 51′ W., flowing thence southwest, enters Alabama near long. 85° 42′ W., flowing southwest and northwest reenters Tennessee near long. 88° 12′ W., thence north across Tennessee and Kentucky, entering the Ohio River about 30 miles above its mouth. (Pronounced, tĕn-ĕs-sē′.)

Tennessee: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Kentucky and Virginia, on the east by North Carolina, on the south by North Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Mississippi, and on the west by Arkansas and Missouri. Area, 42,022 square miles. (Pronounced, tĕn-ĕs-sē′.)

Tenpeak: mountain, altitude 7,960 feet, on Cascade Divide southeast of Glacier Peak, Chelan and Snohomish counties, Wash.

Tenpound: island, Gloucester Harbor, Mass. (Not Ten-Pound.)

Tenpozan: fort, and light, near Osaka, Japan. (Not Tempo Zan, Tempo zan, Tenposan, nor Tenpo Zan.)

Tensas: bayou, parish, river, and town, eastern Louisiana. (Not Tensaw.)

Tensleep: creek, Washakie County, Wyo., formed by the junction of West Tensleep and East Tensleep creeks in sec. 6, T. 48 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, flows southwesterly to empty into No Wood Creek in T. 47 N., R. 88 S.

Tent: mountain, lat. 48° 09′ N., long. 113° 12′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Tent: rocks, 4 miles southeast of Longs Peak, along northern side North St. Vrain Creek, sec. 29, T. 3 N., R. 73 W., opposite mouth Cony Creek, Boulder County, Colo.

Tent: see Sheridan, mountain, Oreg.

Tent Hills: line of hills on west side McLure Valley, southwest corner of Kings County, Calif. (Not Las Tiendas nor The Tents.)

Ten Thousand Smokes: valley of, 10 to 17 miles west and northwest of Mount Katmai, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 58° 20′ N., long. 155° 15′ W.

Tents, The: see Tent Hills.

Tepee: creek, west branch of Flathead River, north of Whale Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Tepee: mountain, Flathead County, Mont., in sec. 33, T. 25 N., R. 25 W., Mile Post 32½ of the former Flathead Indian Reservation, Cabinet National Forest. Framework of an Indian tepee near by suggested name. Mountain used as a fire lookout.

Tepee Flat: meadow, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 114° 18′ W., along Indian Creek.

Tepic: see Nayarit.

Tequamenon: see Tahquamenon.

Terlingua: creek and village, Brewster County, Tex. (Not Latis Langua, Tarlinga, Tasa Lingo, Terlinga, nor Terlingo.)

Terminal: an auxiliary channel or fairway, Duval County, Fla., extending for approximately 2¾ miles along the improved water front of the St. Johns River from the municipal docks to Commodore Point, adjacent to the city of Jacksonville.

Termin al: geyser, Plumas County, Calif.. 2 miles west of Warner Valley, in sec. 36, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Terminal: island, San Pedro Bay, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Rattlesnake nor Rattlesnake Terminal.)

Tern: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 16′ W.

Terni: prov. and city, cen. Italy; 42° 34′ N., 12° 37′ E.

Tern's: see Orowoc.

Teroda: see Toroda.

Terrace: lake, Shasta County, Calif., three-fourths mile northwest of White Mountain, in sec. 7, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Terrace: mountain, altitude 8,100 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 58′ N., long. 110° 44′ W.

Terrace: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on the east shore of South East Arm, of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 21′ N.

Terrace: spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 1 mile northeast of junction of Gibbon and Firehole Rivers, forming the Madison River.

Terraced: falls, on Falls River, above canyon south of Birch Hills, Yellowstone National Park, near south boundary, Wyo.

Terrane: see Tarrant.

Terrebonne: bay, Gulf Coast, Terrebonne Parish, La. (Not Terre Bonne.)

Terrell: branch, Cumberland County, Tenn. (Not Terrill.)

Terrell: landing, Ohio River, Ballard County, Ky. (Not Terrel's.)

Terremoto Cay: see Enmedio.

Terrill: see Terrell, branch, Tenn.

Terror: bay, southern arm of Uganik Passage, lat. 57° 45′ N., long. 153° 12′.5 W., Kodiak Island, Alaska.

Terry: point, northeastern shore of Long Island, near Orient, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Terry's.)

Terry's: see McDonald, lake, Mont.

Terry's: see Terry, point, N. Y.

Teschen: see Cieszyn.

Tesheeah: Tesheevah: see Tesheva.

Teshekpuk: lake, Alaska, on Arctic Coast, behind Pitt Point, about 80 miles east of Point Barrow, near long. 153° W. (Not Tasekpuk nor Tasirkpuk.)

Tesheva: creek, tributary to Yazoo River, Yazoo County, Miss. (Not Techevah, Tesheeah, nor Tesheevah.)

Těšín: see Cieszyn.

Tesnatee: creek, Lumpkin and White Counties; gap, Union and White Counties; town, White County, Ga. (Not Tessantee nor Tosnata.)

Tessantee: see Tesnatee.

Tetay: barrio, Baggao Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Jetay, Teytay, nor Titay.)

***Tete des Morts:** creek and township, Jackson County, Iowa. (Not Des Morts, Tete de Mort, nor Tete Morts.)

Tetlick: see Tunp.

Teton: basin, west of Teton Mountains, Fremont and Teton Counties, Idaho. (Not Pierre's Hole.)

Teton: glacier, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., on east slope of the Grand Teton, near lat. 43° 44′ N., long. 110° 48′ W.—the largest of the two glaciers occurring on the Grand Teton.

Teton: river, rising near Teton Pass, Teton County, Wyo., T. 41 N., R. 117 W., tributary to Henrys Fork from east, Fremont, Madison, and Teton Counties, Idaho, and Teton County, Wyo. (Not Pierre.)

Teton: see Harding, peak, Mont.

Teton: see Jackson, lake and village, Wyo.

Têtyan: see Taiden.

Tevebau: run, emptying into the Ohio River at Baden, Beaver County, Pa. (Not Tebebaugh, Tevibaugh, Tivepaugh, nor Tivetaugh.)

Tevere (Tiber): river, cen. Italy, w. through Roma to the sea.

Tevibaugh: see Tevebau.

Texas: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Arkanasa, on the east by Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Louisiana, on the south by the Gulf of Mexico and Mexico, and on the west by Mexico and New Mexico. Area, 265,896 square miles. (Pronounced, tĕk'sas.)

Teyahalee: peak, which is bald, Snowbird Mountains, south of Robbinsville, in Graham and Cherokee Counties, N. C. (Not Cheoah, Joanna, King's, nor Teyahali.)

Te-ye-ba-a-kit: see Debebekid.

Teytay: see Tetay, P. I.

Tezah: see Deza.

Tezlina: see Tazlina.

***Thacher:** island, near Cape Ann, Essex County, Mass. (Not Thacher's, nor Thatcher's.)

Thacher's: see Thacker.

Thacker: creek, Cullman County, Ala. (Not Jack, Leek, Sipsey, nor Thacher's.)

Thackeray: town, Hamilton County, Ill. (Not Thackery.)

Thackery: point, Elk River, Cecil County, Md. (Not Tackaras.)

Thackery: see Thackeray.

Thaddy: see Fattig.

Thames: river, s. England, e. to North Sea.

Thane: village and post office, Alaska, on east shore of Gastineau Channel, 4½ miles southeast of Juneau, Tongass National Forest. So named after Bart L. Thane, 1914, general manager of the Alaska Gastineau Mining Co., whose mills are there. (Not Sheep Creek.)

Tharpe: Tharpe's Log: see Log.

Tharps Rock: boulder, about 1,100 feet high, on Alta Peak, altitude 10,654 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 25, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park. Named after Hale D. Tharp (1828–1912), first white man to explore this region.

Thatch: island, Poponesset Bay, Mashpee Town, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Hatch.)

Thatcher's: see Thacher.

Thayer: lake and creek, west side of Admiralty Island, Alaska, Tongass National Forest. The creek drains the lake emptying into Chatham Strait 3 miles south of Parker Point, near lat. 57° 35′ N., long. 134° 37′ W. (Not Poison Creek.) Named after the late John A. Thayer (1896–1929,) United States forest officer, accidentally killed, 1929, in the performance of official duty.

***Theiss** or **Tisza:** n. trib. of the Danube in Czechoslovakia, Hungary, and Yugoslavia; Ger. Theiss; Ital. Tibisco; Mag. Tisza; Rum. and Serb-Croat, Tisa.

***Theodore Roosevelt:** island, Washington, D. C., in the Potomac River opposite the mouth of Rock Creek. (Not Analostan, Barbadoes, nor Mason's.) Name changed by act of Congress approved May 21, 1932, as amended February 11, 1933 (47 Stat. L. 163, 799). So named in honor of the twenty-sixth President of the United States.

Theodore Roosevelt: mountain, (Mount Theodore Roosevelt) T. 5 N., R. 3 E., northwest of Deadwood City and east of Polo Gulch, Lawrence County, S. Dak. (Not Sheep.)

Theodore Roosevelt: pass, in Rocky Mountains, extending 37 miles along the south boundary of Glacier National Park, and followed by the Great Northern Railway between Glacier Station and Belton, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont. (Not Belton.)

Therezina: pr. teh-reh-zē'nä; city, Brazil, capital of state of Piauhy; 5° 40′ S., 42° 30′ W.

***Thessalonikē (Salonika)**: city and gulf, n. Greece; Gr. Thessalonikē;† Intl. postal guide, Thessaloniki; Bulg.† and Serb-Croat, Solun; Fr. Salonique; Turk. Selanik;† 40° 50′ N., 22° 40′ E.

Thetis: bay, south arm of Tebenkof Bay, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 26′ N., long. 134° 10′ W. Named after the revenue cutter **Thetis** in which Admiral Stockton, U. S. Navy, made explorations in Alaska, 1889.

Thian Schan: see Tien Shan.

Thibet: see Tibet.

Thibodaux: town, Lafourche Parish, La. (Not Thibodeaux.)

Thicket: creek, about 3½ miles long, Alaska, tributary to the Tatonduk River from the south, entering the latter about 6 miles WNW. of the international boundary, meridian 141°; approximate location of mouth of creek, lat. 65° 01′ 10″ N., long. 141° 11′ 13″ W. So called because the valley is filled with underbrush from source to mouth.

Thimble: cove, lat. 55° 18′ 41″ N., in eastern shore Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Thirsty: canyon, Pahute Mesa, Nye County, Nev.

Thistle: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 37′ N., long. 110° 19′ W., flowing west into Yellowstone River.

Thistle: rock, in south side of Spiridon Bay, southwestern Alaska, northwest side of Kodiak Island, near lat. 57° 39′ N., long. 153° 48′ W.

Thoma: creek, T. 37 N., R. 23 W., tributary to Yakinikak Creek from northwest, east of Tuchuch Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Thomas: landing, Mississippi River, Tipton County, Tenn. (Not Thomas'.)

Thomas: point, Chesapeake Bay, near Annapolis, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Thomas's.)

Thomas: point, Potomac River, Charles County, Md. (Not Lower Thoms, Lower Thom's, nor Lower Thorn.)

Thomas: see Baldy, peak, Ariz.

Thomas: see Thomes, creek, Calif.

Thomas: see Dugway, range, Utah.

Thomes: creek, Glenn County, Calif., beginning at junction of Willow and Mill Creeks, in T. 23 N., R. 7 W. (Not Thomas, Thoms, nor Toms.)

***Thompson**: borough and township, Susquehanna County, Pa. (Not Thomson.)

Thompson: creek, a head stream of Nyack Creek, and Mountain, lat. 48° 32′ N., long. 113° 41′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Thompson: creek, draining Thompson Lake, tributary to West Fork Mill Creek, from southeast, sec. 6, T. 8 S., sec. 31, T. 7 S., R. 10 E., and secs. 25 and 36, T. 7 S., R. 9 E., Park County, Mont. (Not East.)

Thompson: landing, Mississippi River, Scott County, Mo. (Not Thompson's.)

Thompson: peak, Idaho, near Goat Lake, on boundary between Boise and Custer Counties.

Thompson: river, tributary to Grand River from the east, Livingston, Grundy, Harrison, Mercer counties, Mo., and Decatur, Clarke, Union, Madison, Adair counties, Iowa. (Not East Fork, East Grand, nor Thompson's Fork.)

Thompson: village, Bullock County, Ala. (Not Thompson Station.)

Thompson: see Fish, lake, Minn.

Thompson Lake: lake, Androscoggin, Cumberland, and Oxford Counties, Me. (Not Lake Thompson, nor Thompson Pond.)

Thompson Point: promontory, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 112° 27′ W., on north wall of canyon and on northwest rim of Powell Plateau.

Thompson Pond: see Thompson Lake.

Thompsons: see Locks.

Thompson's Fork: see Thompson, river, Mo.

Thompson Station: see Thompson, village, Ala.

Thompsontown: borough, Juniata County, Pa. (Not Thompsonville.)

Thoms: see Thomes, creek, Calif.

Thomson: see Thompson, Pa.

Thor: mountain, altitude 6,801 feet, secs. 9 and 16, T. 44 N., R. 7 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Thoreau's: see South, peak, Me.

Thorn: township, Perry County, Ohio. (Not Thorne.)

Thorn: see Cassity.

Thornbury: see Rodgers Mountain, Calif.

Thorne: see Thorn.

Thornton: township and village, Cook County, Ill. (Not Thornton Station.)

Thorodin: mountain, lat. 39° 53′ N., long. 105° 26′ W., Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Sheep.)

Thorofare: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., flowing northwest crosses south boundary of park about 4¾ miles west of southeast corner, emptying into Yellowstone River, 2 miles north.

Thorofare: river, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, heading in Sunset Glacier and flowing northerly and then westerly along the north side of the lower end of Muldrow Glacier, entering the McKinley Fork of the Kantishna River several miles below the foot of the glacier. This river has sometimes been erroneously called McKinley Fork, but the river of that name has its origin in the Muldrow Glacier from which more water flows than from this river. So called because the valley has been an important caribou thorofare.

Thor Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz.

Three Bears: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 20′ N., long. 113° 22′ W., between Marias Pass and head of Bear Creek, on Continental Divide—Blackfoot Indian's name.

*__Three Forks:__ district and town, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Threeforks.)

Three Hole: bay, east side Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 45′.5 N., long. 149° 37′.6 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Three Hole: point, northern side of entrance to Three Hole Bay, east side Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 45′.5 N., long. 149° 39′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Three Lakes: peak, T. 17 N., R. 23 W., on divide between Ninemile Creek and former Flathead Indian Reservation, Missoula and Sanders Counties, Mont.

Three Links: see Three Lynx.

Three Lynx: creek and village, Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Three Links.)

Three Mile Branch: see McCoy, creek, Fla.

Three River: junction of Phillips Fork and Ferris Fork with Bechler River, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Three Rivers or **Trois Rivières:** city, s. Quebec, Canada, on St. Lawrence River; 46° 30′ N., 72° 25′ W.

Three Rivers: peak, altitude, 9,900 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 51′ N., long. 110° 53′ W.—drainage of north, east, and west slopes into Gallatin, Gardiner, and Madison Rivers, respectively.

Three Sisters: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 450 feet west of Old Faithful Geyser, near south end of Upper Geyser Basin.

Three Sisters: see Mangas, mountain, Ariz.

Three Sisters: see Loma Atravesada, crest, Calif.

Threesuns: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 39′ W.

Three Tetons: see Crestone, peaks.

Threetops: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 42′ W.

Three Tree: island, west side of Rough Channel, Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 55′.5 N., long. 136° 08′.9 W., off western side of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Three Way: passage, between Stanhope and Etolin Islands, connecting Rocky Bay with Clarence Strait, lat. 56° 02′ N., long. 132° 37′.3 W., Alaska.

Throgs Neck: lighthouse, East River and Long Island Sound, Bronx Borough, New York City, N. Y. (Not Throg's Neck.)

Through: glacier, southeastern Alaska, 15 miles northwest of Hyder, head of Portland Canal, a south branch of Chickamin Glacier, extending over a high divide and for many miles down the opposite slope, near lat. 56° 01′ N., long. 130° 20′ W.

Thrumbcap: see Thrumcap, island, Me.

Thrumbcap, The: see Thrumcap, Del.

Thrumcap: island, Hancock County, Me., ¼ mile east of Mount Desert Island, 2 miles southeast of town of Bar Harbor, near lat. 44° 22′ N., long. 68° 10′ W. Thrum "An old English word denoting a shred of yarn. The Scotsman's flat-topped cap, used by New England sailors, had a tuft of yarn rising from the center. Often a bare island had a tuft of pines or spruce at its peak resembling the Scotch cap; hence 'Thrumcap.'" (Not Thrumbcap nor Thumbcap.)

Thrumcap: landmark, Kent County, Del. (Not The Thrumbcap.)

Thumb: cove, eastern side of Resurrection Bay, lat. 60° N., long. 149° 20′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Dickinson.)

***Thumb** (The Thumb): peak, altitude 13,885 feet, Fresno and Inyo Counties, Calif., on the crest of the Sierra Nevada, between Middle Palisade and Split Mountain, near lat. 37° 04′ N., long. 118° 27′ W.

Thumbcap: see Thrumcap, island, Me.

Thumb Paintpots: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about middle of west shore of West Thumb of Yellowstone Lake.

Thunder: butte, Douglas County, Colo., in T. 10 S., R. 70 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Christs.)

Thunder: cape, east entrance to Thunder Bay, Lake Superior, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, Canada. (Not Pointe au Tonnere.)

Thunder: glacier, western slope Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Thunder: lake, an expansion of North St. Vrain Creek, sec. 14, T. 3 N., R. 74 W., about 3 miles southwest of Longs Peak, Boulder County, Colo.

Thunder: mountain, altitude 4,830 feet northwestern Alaska, at source of Colville and Utukok Rivers, near lat. 68° 40′ N., long. 160° 29′ W. Named in reference to storms experienced in this vicinity by the United States Geological Survey expedition, 1925.

Thunder: mountain, elevation 13,578 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 35, T. 14 S., R. 32 E., on north boundary of Sequoia National Park.

Thunder: see Le Conte, bay and glacier, Alaska.

Thunderer, The: mountain, altitude 10,600 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 54′ N., long. 110° 04′ W.

Thundershower: run, Lafayette Township, McKean County, Pa., emptying into Kinzua Creek about three-fouths of a mile west of Westline, Allegheny National Forest. (Not Turnup.)

Thundershower: see Turnup, brook, Pa.

Thuringe: see Thüringen.

Thüringen (Thuringia): state, s. Germany; Fr. Thuringe; Ital. Turingia.

Thuringia: see Thüringen.

Thurlow: see Crotch.

Thurso: see Wallace.

Thutacabawfa: see Tchoutacabouffa.

Tiah: cove, Tisbury Great Pond, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Tyers nor Tyres.

Tia Juana: river, San Diego County, Calif., and in Mexico; village, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Tijuana.)

Tian Shan: see Tien Shan.

Tibagan: sitio, Binan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tubigan nor Tubigon.)

Tibauan: see Tibiawan, P. I.

Tibbetts: point, St. Lawrence River, near Cape Vincent, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Tibbett's.)

Tiber: see Tevere.

Tibet: high plateau and special admin. dist. w. China; Chin. Sitsang. Not Thibet.

Tibgao: see Tigbao, P. I.

Tibianan: see Tibiawan, P. I.

Tibiao: municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I.

Tibiauan: see Tibiawan, P. I.

Tibiawan: barrio, Makato Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tibauan, Tibianan, nor Tibiauan.)

Tibiriça: pr. tē-bē-rē-sä′; town, Brazil, in state of São Paulo; known also as Porto Tibiriça; 21° 35′ S., 52° 0′ W.

Tiblon: barrio, Lagonoy Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tiblon Grande nor Tiblon Pequeño.)

Tiblon Grande: see Tiblon, P. I.

Tiblon Pequeño: see Tiblon, P. I.

Tibukligarra: creek, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, a tributary to the Inglutalik River from the west, lat. 65° 00′ N., long. 160° 00′ W.

Tiburcio: see Tirbircio.

Ticantelee: see Tickanetley.

Ticao: pass, between Ticao Island and Luzon, P. I.

Tichigan: lake and village, Racine County, Wis. (Not Tischigan, Tishagan, Tishigan, nor Tish-shar-gan.)

Tickanetley: creek and village, Gilmer County, Ga. (Not Ticanetlee, Tickanetly, nor Tickenetly.)

Tico: see Tiko, P. I.

Tidbury: creek, Kent County, Del. (Not Tidburg.)

Tidmore: town, Blount County, Ala. (Not Nectar nor Nector.)

Tie: see Teddy, creek, Mont.

Tiekaga: Tiekagagmiut: see Tigara.

Tiekel Cache: the old site of the Tiekel Telegraph Station, Alaska, at approx. lat. 61° 24′ N., long. 145° 14′ W., on the Richardson Highway about 52 miles northeast of Valdez. The old buildings are now maintained by the Alaska Road Commission and used as a cache for supplies and road equipment.

Tien Shan: mts., Chinese and Russian Turkistan. Not Thian Schan, Tian Shan, nor Tien Shan Mountains.

Tientsin: city, Hopei prov., n. e. China proper; 39° 10′ N., 117° 10′ E.

Tierra Alta: barrio, Taal Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tierraalta.)

Tierra Alta Peak: see Sungay, P. I.

Tierra del Fuego: pr. tē-eh′rrä dehl fweh′go; archipelago, ext. s. South America. The Argentine side is the Gobernación de Tierra del Fuego (including Staten Island); and the Chilean forms part of the territory of Magallanes.

Tierra Nevada: see Sierra Nevada, P. I.

Tiflis: capital city, Georgian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); Georgian, Tpilisi;† Russ. Tiflis;† 41° 40′ N., 44° 50′ E.

Tigaon: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tigara: Eskimo village, Point Hope, lat. 68° 20′ N., long. 166° 40′ W., Arctic coast of Alaska. (Not Figarok, Tiekaga, Tiekagagmiut, Tigera, Tikera, Tikira, Tik-i-ráh-mūn, nor Tikirak.)

Tigbalas: see Tigpalas, P. I.

Tigbao: barrio, Carigara Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Tigbaw.)

Tigbao: barrio, Canaman Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tibgao.)

Tigbauan: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tigbawan.)

Tigbauan: barrio, Maasin Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I. (Not Tigbawan.)

Tigbauan: municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I.

Tigbaw: see Tigbao, P. I.

Tigbawan: see Tigbauan, P. I.

Tiger: glacier, head of Icy Bay, near lat. 60° 11′ N., long. 148° 29′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Tigera: see Tigara.

Tigertail: glacier, Nassau Fiord of Icy Bay, lat. 60° 15′ N., long. 148° 24′ W., Prince William Sound Alaska.

Tiglaua: see Tiglawa, P. I.

Tiglawa: barrios, in Miagao and San Joaquin Municipalities, Iloilo Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tiglaua.)

Tigmamal: Tigmamali: see Tigmamale, P. I.

Tigmamale: barrio, Valderrama Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tigmamal nor Tigmamali.)

Tigman: river, lat. 9° 21′ 5″, long, 118° 31′ 6″, eastern coast Palawan. P. I.

Tigohot: barrio, Sibalom Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tigojot y Villar nor Tigojoy.)

Tigojot y Villar: Tigojoy: see Tigohot, P. I.

Tigpalas: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tigbalas.)

Tigris: river, s. e. Anatolia and Iraq to Persian Gulf; Arabic, Shatt Dijla;† Arm. Dikris;† Fr. Tigre; Gr.† and Lat. Tigris.

Tijeras: village, Las Animas County, Colo. (Not Madrid, Tejares, Tejera, nor Tijeres.)

Tijuana: see Tia Juana.

Tikan: creek, rising in Canada, flowing westward across the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada) at lat. 66° 12′ N., long. 141° W., and joining the Little Black River in Alaska.

Tikchik: group of lakes, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, near lat. 60° N., long. 158° 30′ W. Named after largest lake in group.

Tikchik: lake, Nushagak region, Alaska, about 10 miles long, connected by a narrow channel to the lower end of Nuyakuk Lake, lat. 59° 55′ N., long. 158° 20′ W. Tikchik River enters on the north shore of this lake.

Tikchik: mountain, Nushagak region, Alaska, just north of Tikchik Lake and east of the mouth of Tikchik River, lat. 60° 02′ N., long. 158° 12′ W.

Tikchik: river, Nushagak region, Alaska, drains upper Tikchik Lakes and flows into Tikchik Lake, lat. 60° 00′ N., long. 158° 20′ W. A native name, reported by Schanz in 1890. Restatement of location of lake, mountain, and river by that name as given in earlier reports.

Tikchik: see Nuyakuk, river, Alaska.

Tikera: see Tigara.

Tikhaia: islands, west shore of Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, forming west side of Still Harbor entrance, near lat. 56° 35′ N.

Tiking: barrio, Tubo Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tiqueng.)

Tikira: Tikirak: see Tigara.

Tikiwan: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tiquiuan nor Tiquiwan.)

Tiko: barrio, Panay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Agbalo-Tico nor Tico.)

Tikudasetzk: see Ludaseska.

Tilahanchee: see Tilhanee.

Tilapatio: barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Telapatio nor Pela Patio.)

Tilapayong: barrio, Arayat Municipality, Pampanga Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Telapayun nor Telapayung.)

Tilapayong: barrio, Baliuag Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Telapayong.)

Tilburg: city, s. Netherlands; 51° 33′ N., 5° 7′ E.

Tilchancos: see Tilhance.

Tilghman: see Roberts.

Tilhance: creek, Berkeley County, W. Va. (Not Tilahanchee, Tilchancos, Tilehance, nor Tillehances.)

Tilley: see Filley.

Tillman: see Twin, lakes, Calif.

Tilsey: see Brickyard.

Tilsit: city, ext. n. e. Germany, on Memel river; 55° 5′ N., 21° 50′ E.

Tilted: mesa, Coconino County, Ariz., on west side of Marble Gorge, Grand Canyon, between Nankoweap Canyon and Little Nankoweap Canyon, near lat. 36° 18′ N.

Tiltill: valley Yosemite National Park, Tuolumne County, Calif., in secs. 5 and 6, T. 1 N., R. 21 E., Mount Diablo meridian. (Not Til Till, Tiltil, nor Tilltill.)

Tilton's: see Higgon.

Timago: see Tinago, P. I.

Timapian: see Tinapian, P. I.

Timbalier: bay, Gulf of Mexico, Terrebonne Parish, La. (Not Timballier.)

Timbao: barrio, Bacong Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Timbaw.)

Timbao: barrio, Binan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I.

Timbao: see Patimbao, P. I.

Timbaw: see Timbao, P. I.

Timber: see Anchor, cove, Alaska.

Timber: see Charleston, peak, Nev.

Timber: see Crandall, creek, Wyo.

Timber Gap: pass, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 10, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., south boundary Sequoia National Park.

Timber Gap: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 3, T. 17 S., R. 31 E., flowing north into Cliff Creek, Sequoia National Park. (Not Deer.)

Timberhill: township, Bourbon County, Kans. (Not Timber Hill.)

Timberline: creek, T. 2 S., R. 7 E., tributary to East Gallatin River from southeast, Gallatin County, Mont. (Not Steel.)

Timico: lake, T. 35 N., R. 106 W., Fremont County, Wyo.

Timilian: see Himilian, P. I.

Timişoara: pr. timishwára; city, ext. s. w. Rumania; Mag. Temesvár; Serb-Croat, Temišvar; 45° 47′ N., 21° 13′ E.

Timiş-Torontal: pr. timish-tórontal; district, Banat, Rumania; Mag. Temes and Torontál.

Timken: railroad station, Rush County, Kans. (Not Timpkin.)

Timothy: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 11′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Timor: island, E. Indies, part Dutch, part Portuguese; and sea bet. the island and Australia.

Timpanogos: see Provo.

Timpkin: see Timken.

Tinabonan: see Tinabunan, P. I.

Tinabunan: sitio, Kawit Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tinabonan.)

Tinagero: Tinageros: see Tinajeros, P. I.

Tinago: barrio, Naga Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Timago.)

Tinago: barrio, Tinago Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tinogo.)

Tinajeros: barrio, Balanga Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tinagero nor Tinageros.)

Tinalinan: see Hinalinan, P. I.

Tinalmod: see Tinalmud, P. I.

Tinalmud: barrio, Pasacao Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tinalmod.)

Tinambac: municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tinambacan: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Tinapian: barrio, Manito Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Timapian.)

Tinapnay: see Tinapuay, P. I.

Tinapuay: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tinapnay.)

Tindir: creek, rising in Yukon, Canada, and flowing westward across international boundary at lat. 65° 19′.3 N., long. 141° W., into Alaska.

Tinear: creek, T. 42 N., R. 10 E., tributary to Bean Creek from south, Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Tin Ear.)

Tinebbito: see Tenebito.

Tineg: settlement, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tingcauan: see Tinukawan, P. I.

Tinglay: see Tingloy, P. I.

Tingloy: barrio, Mabini Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tinglay.)

Tinibgan: barrio, Maribojoc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tenibgan.)

Tinicum: island and township, Delaware County, Pa.

Tinigao: barrio, Kalibo Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tinigaw.)

Tinigaw: see Tinigao, P. I.

Tinker: island, Hancock County, Me., in Blue Hill Bay, near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 68° 30′ W. So named for Capt. James Tinker, a pioneer of this region. (Not Tinker's.)

Tinkers: island, southeast of Marblehead Neck, Essex County, Mass. (Not Tinker nor Tinker's.)

Tinkham: mountain, altitude 8,400 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 32′ N., long. 113° 31′ W. (Not Camels Hump.) Named for Lieut. A. W. Tinkham, Army engineer, the first white man to cross the Continental Divide within the present national park.

Tinkham: peak, elevation 5,356 feet, on main divide of Cascade Range, above Mirror Lake, King, and Kittitas counties, Wash.

***Tinney Grove:** village, Ray County, Mo. (Not Tinney's Grove.)

Tinocauan: see Tinukawan, P. I.

Tinogo: see Tinago, P. I.

Tintic: see East Tintic Hills.

Tintic Mountains: see West Tintic.

Tintinan: see Tuntunan, P. I.

Tinukauan: see Tinukawan, P. I.

Tinukawan: barrio, Rapu-Rapu Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tingcauan, Tinocauan, Tinukauan, nor Tinuoauan.)

Tinuoauan: see Tinukawan, P. I.

Tinuric: see Tinurik, P. I.

Tinurik: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tinuric.)

Tipacan: barrio, Lipa Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tipauan.)

Tipas: barrio, Bolbok Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Fipaz nor Tipaz.)

Tipauan: see Tipican, P. I.

Tipaz: see Tipas, P. I.

Tippecanoe City: village, Miami County, Ohio. (Not Tippecanoe.)

Tipsico: lake, Rose Township, west edge Oakland County, southeastern Michigan, in sec. 30, T. 4 N., R. 7 E. (Not Long.) So named on recommendation of local residents after a former Indian chief who lived in the vicinity.

Tiptop: hill, 640 feet high, San Jaun County, Wash., on southwest side Stuart Island, near long. 123° 15′ W.

Tiqueng: see Tiking, P. I.

Tiquiuan: Tiquiwan: see Tikiwan, P. I.

Tirabzon: see Trabzon.

Tirana: see Tiranë.

Tiranë (Tirana): capital of Albania; Alb. Tiranë; Ital. Tirana; 41° 20′ N., 19° 50′ E.

Tirbircio: creek, La Plata County, Colo. (Not Tiburcio.)

Tirol: prov., w. Austria; the province included, prior to 1919, ter. now comprising part of Italy; Fr. and Ger. Tirol; Ital. Tirolo. Not Tyrol.

Tirreno, Mare: see Tyrrhenian Sea.

Tirzah: town, York County, S. C. (Not Tiryah.)

Tisa: barrio, Capiz Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay: and barrio, Cebu Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I. (Not Tiza.)

Tisa: see Theiss.

Tisbury Great: pond, Martha's Vineyard, Mass. (Not Great Tisbury nor Ukiesa.)

Tischigan: see Tichigan.

Tisdel Towhead: post light, Mississippi River, Pike County, Mo. (Not Tisdale Towhead nor Tisdel's Tow-Head.)

Tishagan: Tishigan: Tish-shar-gan: see Tichigan.

Tisimarettô: see Chishima.

Tisku: see Tsirku.

Tisnasbas: canyon, western slope Carrizo Mountains, and settlement, Apache County, Ariz.

Tisza: see Theiss.

Titabawassee: see Tittabawassee.

Titaluk: river, northern Alaska, south of Point Barrow, west branch of Ikpikpuk River, near lat. 69° 45′ N., long. 155° W:—Eskimo name of a fish, written "Tee-tal-uk," by Ensign Howard, 1886.

Titan: gulch, Beaverhead County, Mont., in secs. 1, 11, 12, and 14, T. 1 S., R. 11 W., Montana meridian, Beaverhead National Forest. (Not Spring.) The existence in the same vicinity of several features by the name Spring has made this change necessary.

Titay: see Tetay, P. I.

Tithumiji: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 3¼ miles southeast of Supai village, Coconino County, Ariz. So named for an Indian family.

Titicaca: pr. tē-tē-kä′kä; lake bet. Peru and Bolivia; 16° S., 69° W.

Tittabawassee: river, Gladwin, Midland, and Saginaw Counties, Mich. (Not Titabawassee, Tittabawassink, nor Tittibawassee.)

Tittmann: glacier, west of Mount Anderson and about 60 miles north of Mount St. Elias, approximate position lat. 61° 09′ N., long. 141° 07′ W., joins Anderson Glacier about 4 miles west of the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada.)

Tittmann: mountain, at head of Tittmann Glacier, about 5 miles west of junction of Anderson and Tittmann Glaciers, approximate position, lat. 61° 06′.5 N., long. 141° 16′ W., Alaska.

Tiuc: Tiue: see Tiwi, barrio, P. I.

Tivepaugh: Tivetaugh: see Tevebau.

Tiwi: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tiuc nor Tiue.)

Tiwi: municipality and point, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tiyo: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on rim of north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 08′ W.

Tiza: see Tisa, P. I.

Tiz-nat-zin: see Delnazini.

Tjendana: see Soemba.

Tjirebon: see Cheribon.

Tlaxcala: pr. tläs-kä′lä; state and city, Mexico; 19° 20′ N., 98° 15′ W.

Tleekakeela: see Tlikakila.

Tleekh: see Kruzof.

Tlehini: see Klehini.

Tlekunuwu: see Lehunua.

Tlieshitna: see Tazlina.

Tlikakila: river, tributary to head of Clark Lake from northeast near lat. 61° N., long. 153° 30′ W., Alaska. (Not Big River, Bulshi River, Chicakaclachno, Klikakillah, nor Tleekakeela.)

Toad: lake, Douglas County, Oreg., Umpqua National Forest, near lat. 43° 02′ N., long. 122° 30′ W.

Toad Coula: Toad Coulee: see Toats Coulee.

Toadindaaska: mesa, 22 miles southwest of Chinle, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not To atin da haska nor Toatindahaska.)

Toadlena: settlement and post office, San Juan County, N. Mex., in sec. 1, T. 6 N., R. 3 W., Navajo meridian.

Toads Coula: see Toats Coulee.

Toadstools, The: islet group close to eastern shore Iniskin Bay, about 1 mile above its mouth, lat. 59° 39′.2 N., long. 153° 25′ W., northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

To atin da haska: Toatindahaska: see Toadindaaska.

Toats Coulee: creek, tributary from West to Sinlahekin Creek, and Valley, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Toad Coulee, Toads Coula, nor Toats Coula.)

Tobacco Root: mountains, north of Virginia City, Madison County, Mont. (Not Jefferson Range nor South Boulder.)

Tobago: pr. tō-bā′gō; island, Windward Islands, B. W. I.; 11° 20′ N., 60° 40′ W.

Tobanao: Tobanca: see Topanga.

Tobar Terrace: spur, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 28′ W., extending southwest from Powell Plateau.

Tobata: seaport, n. Kyushu island, Japan; 34° 39′ N., 136° 50′ E.

Tobehanna: creek, Schuyler County, N. Y. (Not Big Tobyhanna nor Tobyhanna.)

Tobero: see Tubero, P. I.

Tobia: see Tobin, township, Ind.

Tobin: creek, T. 29 S., R. 73 W., Alamosa County, Colo. (Not Little Bear.)

Tobin: township, Perry County, Ind (Not Tobia.)

Tobli: see Tubli, P. I.

Tobod: see Tubod, P. I.

Tobod-Dacu: see Tuboddaco, P. I.

Tobod-Dio: see Tuboddio, P. I.

Tobog: see Tubog, P. I.

Tobolsk: city on Irtysh river (a tributary of the Ob), Ural Oblast, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 58° 10′ N., 68° 20′ E.

Toburan: see Tuburan, barrio, P. I.

Tobyhanna: see Tobehanna.

Toby's: see Sky.

Tocantins: pr. tō-kän-tēns′; river, Brazil.

Toccoa: river, Fannin County, Ga. (Not Ocoee, Taccoa, Taccoy, nor Tacoy. The part in Tennessee is called Ocoee.)

Toccoa: see Ocoee.

Toclong: see Tuklong, P. I.

Tod: township, Huntingdon County, Pa. (Not Todd.)

Todd: lake, sections 7 and 8, T. 18 S., R. 9 E., Deschutes County, Oreg. (Not Lost.)

Todds: point, southern side of Choptank River, about 9 miles west of Cambridge, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Todd nor Todd's.)

Todilto Park: valley, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Todokozh: spring, just north of lat. 36° N., western side Apache County, Ariz.

Toe: point, southwestern Alaska, the south end of Harbor Island, at entrance to Aialik Bay, Kenai Peninsula, lat. 59° 38.3′ N., long. 149° 40′ W.

Toe: see North Toe.

Toes: see Tue.

Togai: Togay: see Tuye.

Togoholtsoe: spring, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not To-go-hol-tas-e.)

Togus: pond, near Togus, Kennebec County, Me. (Not Waromontogus.)

Togwotee: pass, Lincoln County, Wyo., over the continental divide, near lat. 43° 45′ N., long. 110° 07′ W. (Not Towotee, Two-Gwo-Tee-e, nor Twogwotee.)

Tohachi: settlement, spring, and post office, McKinley County, N. Mex., in T. 1 N., R. 3 W., Navajo meridian. (Not Tohatchi nor Tohatchie.)

Tohadistoa: spring, Hopi Indian Reservation, Navajo County, Ariz. (Not To-hah-le-tis-to nor To hah le tis to.)

Tohanadli: spring, Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 37° 07′ N., long. 109° 33′ W., San Juan County, Utah. (Not To Hanadli nor Tohonadla.)

Tohasged: spring, 12 miles north of Gallup, McKinley County, N. Mex. (Not Tohasgyed nor Tohoscade.)

Tohatchi: Tohatchie: see Tohachi.

Tohonadla: see Tohanadli.

Tohoscade: see Tohasged.

***Toiyabe:** range of mountains and national forest, Nevada, and other features bearing this name in this region. (Not Toyabe.)

To Kai: see East China Sea.

Tokat: vilayet and town, Turkey. Not Toqat.

Toketee: falls, North Umpqua River, Douglas County, Oreg. (Not Toketie.)

Tokio: see Tokyo.

Tokna: see Toqua.

Tokopah: valley, Tulare County, Calif., on west slope Sierra Nevada, the canyon of the upper part of Marble Fork, Kaweah River, near lat. 36° 36′ N., long. 118° 44′ W. Indian word meaning "high."

Tokopna: see Takotna, river, Alaska.

Tokotna: see Takotna, village, Alaska.

Tokua: see Toqua.

Tokushima: seaport, e. Shikoku island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Tokusima; 34° 5′ N., 134° 35′ E.

Tokusima: see Tokushima.

Tokyo: pr. tō-kyō (two syllables); capital of Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanizations, Tōkyō and Tôkyô; 35° 42′ N., 139° 46′ E. Not Tokio.

Tolani: lakes, Coconino County, Ariz.

Tolchaco: see Tolchico.

Tolchico: settlement, Coconino County, Ariz., at the crossing of the Little Colorado River, near lat. 35° 22′ N., long. 111° 03′ W. (Not Tolchaco.)

Toledo: barrio, Nabas Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tolido.)

Toledo: city, in Lucas Co., Ohio, on Lake Erie, near lat. 41° 40′ N., long. 83° 32′ W. Population in 1930, 290,803. (Pronounced, tō-lē′-dō.)

Toledo: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Toler Landing: post light, Mississippi River, 10 miles above New Madrid, Mo. (Not Toler's Landing.)

Toleston: see Tolleston.

Tolido: see Toledo, barrio, P. I.

Tolima: pr. tō-lē′mä; dept. and volcano, Colombia; 4° 45′ N., 75° 35′ W.

***Tolleston:** station and locality in the city of Gary, Lake County, Ind. (Not Toleston.)

Toll Gate: creek, Arapahoe County, Colo. (Not Gate.)

Tolly: point, Chesapeake Bay, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Tally's.)

Tolman Branch: see Harris Branch.

Tolmie: creek, flowing northwest from Tolmie Peak to Carbon River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Evans.)

Tolmie: peak, northwest of Ipsut Pass, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Tolomato: river, part of Inland Waterway system; emptying into Atlantic Ocean through St. Augustine Inlet, St. John County, Fla. (Not North.)

Tolong: Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Tolopatomoy: see Totopotomoy.

Tolos: see Tulos, P. I.

Tolosa: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Toloto: see Taloto, P. I.

Tolstoi: see Chiniak, cape, Alaska.

Tolstoi: see Burunof.

Toltec Point: headland, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 24′ W.

Toluca: pr. tō-lōō′kä; city, Mexico; 19° 15′ N., 99° 45′ W.

Tolunnoerh (Dolon Nor): town, Chahar, Inner Mongolia, n. China.

Tom: creek, on mainland, north shore of Bradfield Canal, 2¾ miles west of Duck Island, southeastern Alaska.

Tom: see Brooks, lake, Alaska.

Tom: see Barnsley, creek, Ga.

Tomahawk: island, Multnomah County, Oreg., in Friendly Reach, Columbia River, between Hayden Island, Oreg., and Ryan Point, 2 miles above Vancouver, Wash. November 4, 1805, the Lewis and Clark Expedition was in this vicinity and Captain Clark's pipe tomahawk was stolen by some Indians. In consequence an island in the river, which has since disappeared, was named Tomahawk Island. The island here described is a newly formed island in the same vicinity.

***Tombigbee:** river, formed in Monroe Co., Mississippi, by the junction of its East and West Forks near lat. 34° 00′ N., long. 88° 32′ W., flowing thence southerly into Alabama, near lat. 33° 15′ N., to its confluence with the Alabama River to form the Mobile River. (Pronounced tŏm-bĭg′-bē.)

Tombstone: two pillarlike rocks, the south one 99 feet high, the north one 50 feet high, situated about 1 mile west of Middle Cape, west side of Kodiak Island, Alaska, lat. 57° 21′ N., long. 154° 49′ 30″ W. Name given because of resemblance of rocks to tombstones.

Tomhickon: village, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Sugar Loaf.)

Tomichi: creek and dome, Gunnison County, Colo., in T. 49° N., R. 4 E., New Mexico principal meridian. (Not Tumitche.)

Tominanog: Tominaog: see Tominauog, P. I.

Tominauog: barrio, San Jose Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tominanog nor Tominaog.)

Tom Lavin: creek, T. 52 N., R. 1 W., tributary to Little North Fork Coeur d'Alene River from West, Kootenai County, Idaho. (Not Canyon nor North Canyon.)

Tommy: glacier, small, on eastern side Port Wells about 2½ miles from the shore, lat. 60° 58′.5 N., long. 147° 53′ W., northwestern part of Prince William Sound, region, Alaska.

Tom Nevers: head and pond, southeast coast of Nantucket Island, Mass. (Not Tom Never's.)

Tomorrowway: see Tamarawa.

Toms: see Thomes, creek, Calif.

Tomsk: city, Siberian Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 56° 30′ N., 85° 10′ E.

Toms Run: post light, Ohio River, Jackson County, W. Va. (Not Tom's Run.)

***Tomyhoi:** creek, tributary to Chilliwack River from south, Whatcom County, Wash., and British Columbia, Canada, and Peak, Whatcom County, Wash. (Not Tamihi, Taminy, Tummeahai, nor Tummeahia.)

***Tomyhoi:** lake, Tomyhoi Creek, Whatcom County, Wash. (Not Puthish-go-hap, Puthishgohap, Tamihi, Taminy, Tummeahai, nor Tummeahia.)

Tonasket: creek and village, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Dry Gulch, nor Tenasket.)

Tonga: Br. island group, e. of Fiji, s. Pacific; 20° S., 174° W. Also called Friendly Is.

***Tongking:** see Tonkin.

Tongue: creek, Delta County, Colo., rising in T. 11 S., R. 95 W., sixth principal meridian, flows south into Surface Creek. (Not Forked Tongue nor West Fork Winnemucca.)

Tongue: river, in Wyoming and Montana, formed by junction of its North and South Forks, in Sec. 18, T. 56 N., R. 87 W. of 6th P. M., Wyoming, flowing thence northeast enters Montana near long. 106° 52′ W., and empties into the Yellowstone River at Miles City. (Pronounced, tŭng.)

Tonina: island, Alaska, 225 feet high, one-third of a mile long, off northwest point of Anguilla Island, south side of Bocas de Finas, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 41′ N.

Tonk: see Tunk.

Tonki: bay, with two arms, indenting the northeastern shore of Afognak Island immediately west of Tonki Cape, lat. 58° 20′ N., long. 152° 04′ W., Alaska.

Tonkin (Tongking): a protectorate, n. part of Fr. Indochina, and gulf e. thereof.

Tonowek: narrows, between eastern end of Heceta Island and Prince of Wales Island, northeast of Nossuk Bay, joining Tonowek Bay and Tuxekan Passage, lat. 55° 45′.4 N., long. 133° 20′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Tonset: village, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Tonsett.)

Tonsina: glacier, Alaska, the main source of Tonsina River and Tonsina Lake, a large body of ice flowing in an easterly direction, about 10 miles southwest of Tonsina Lake, in approx. lat. 61° 20′ N., lat. 145° 40′ W.

Tonto: cliff dwellings, in Cholla Canyon, Gila County, Ariz.

Tonto: trail, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on the south wall of the canyon near rim of Granite Gorge, between long. 111° 55′ W., and 112° 25′ W. approximately.

Tontonan: Tontunan: see Tuntunan, P. I.

Tony: landing and towhead, Mississippi River, New Madrid County, Mo. (Not Tony's.)

Toochka: see Wigwam.

Tooele: city, county, peak, precinct, and valley in Utah. (Not Tooelle.)

Too-loo-sook: see Tutuksuk.

Toomey: creek, rising in sec. 10, T. 1 S., R. 13 W., tributary to Big Hole River from southeast, in sec. 24, T. 1 N., R. 14 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Waugs.)

Toomey: see Tumey Gulch.

Toonigh: village, Cherokee County, Ga. (Not Lebanon.)

Too's: see Tue.

Tooth, The: prominent sharp finlike elevation on ridge between Chair Peak and Denny Mountain, King County, Wash. (Not Denny Horn nor Denny Tooth.)

Tootooksook: see Tukuksuk.

Top: see Pop.

Topanga: canyon, Los Angeles County, Calif., near lat. 34° 06′ N., long. 118° 36′ W. (Not Tobanao, Tobanca, nor Topango.)

Topanga Malibut Seguit: see Malibu.

Topashaw: creek, tributary to Yalobusha River, Calhoun County, Miss. (Not Tapashaw nor Tupashaw.)

Topaz: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 112° 16′ W., draining northeast into the Colorado River.

Topaz Mountain: butte, in Tarryall Mountains, Park County, Colo. (Not Pyramid.)

Topeka: capital of Kansas, in Shawnee Co., on the Kansas River, near lat. 39° 03′ N., long. 95° 40′ W. Population in 1930, 64,120. (Pronounced, tō-pe′-ka.)

Tophet: springs (hot sulphur), Shasta County, Calif., 3 miles southwest of Lassen Peak, near corner secs. 15, 16, 21, and 22, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Topinish: see Toppenish.

Topisaw: creek, tributary to Bogue Chitto, Lawrence, Lincoln, and Pike Counties, Miss. (Not Otapasso, Topishaw, nor Topsaw.)

Top Notch: peak, altitude 10,000 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 28′ N., long. 110° 09′ W.

Topocoba: spring, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on the east rim of Havasu Canyon, near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 35′ W. (Not To-po-co-bah nor Topocobya.)

Topographers: peak, altitude 2,948 feet, 8 miles northwest of Katmai Bay, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near long. 155° 10′ W.

Toppenish: city and creek, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Topinish.)

Topsaw: see Topisaw.

Toqat: see Tokat.

Toquijon: see Taguihon, P. I.

Toragui: see Taragui, P. I.

Toralba: see Torralba, P. I.

Torbert: mountain (Mount Torbert), 10,600 feet high, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, near lat. 61° 25′ N., long. 152° 22′ W. Named after John B. Torbert, of the United States Geological Survey, for many years cartographic draftsman of the Alaskan branch.

Torch: bay, southeastern Alaska, indenting the coast, immediately southeast of Dixon Harbor, near lat. 58° 19′ N., long. 136° 48′ W. So named by Coast and Geodetic Survey field party, 1926.

***Torino (Turin):** prov. and city, n. Italy; Fr. and Ger. Turin; 45° 5′ N., 7° 40′ E.

Torneå: see Tornio.

Tornio (Torneå): seaport, n. end of Gulf of Bothnia, Finland; Swed. Torneå; 65° 48′ N., 24° 15′ E.

Toro: hill, on Point Verraco, eastward of Point Ventana, P. R.

Toro: Indian reservation, Riverside County, Calif. (Not Toros, Torres, nor Torros.)

***Toroda:** creek, Ferry and Okanogan Counties, and mountain, Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Taroda, Tarota, Tarroda, nor Teroda.)

Torontál: see Timiş-Torontal.

Toronto: city, on Lake Ontario, Canada; 43° 40′ N., 79° 25′ W.

Toros: see Toro, Indian reservation, Calif.

Torosanan: see Tarosanan, P. I.

Torpy: gulch, secs. 7, 18, 19, and 20, T. 6 N., R. 6 W., Jefferson County, Mont. (Not Sawmill.)

Torralba: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Toralba.)

Torreón: pr. tōr-reh-ōn′; city, n. e. Mexico; 25° 40′ N., 103° 25′ W.

Torreones: arroyo, tributary of Chaco Arroyo, near Cabezon, Sandoval County, N. Mex. (Not Arroyo de los Torreones, Arroyo de los Torrijo, nor Torrejon.)

Torres: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Torres: strait bet. Australia and New Guinea; 10° S., 142° E.

Torrey: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., rises in the central part of T. 39 N., R. 107 W., unsurveyed, sixth principal meridian, and flows northerly and easterly to join Wind River approx. in sec. 23, T. 41 N., R. 106 W., passing through several lakes en route, Washakie National Forest. Named for a prominent ranchman who was very active in Wyoming affairs at the beginning of the century.

Torrijos: municipality, Marinduque Province, P. I.

Torrivio Ridge: mesa, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Torros: see Toro, Indian reservation, Calif.

Tortilla: creek, tributary to Salt River from southeast near Mormon Flat, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Tortilla: flat, Maricopa County, Ariz., near lat. 33° 31′ N., long. 111° 23′ W.

Tortillita: see Tortolita.

Tortolita: mountains, T. 10 S., R. 13 E., Pinal County, Ariz. (Not Tortillita, Tortolitas, nor Tortollita.)

Toscana (Tuscany): region and ter. division, n. cen. Italy.

Tosnata: see Tesnatee.

Toti: island, southeastern Alaska, ½ mile north of Madre de Dios Island, eastern part Bucareli Bay. (Not Robber.)

***Totopotomoy:** creek, Hanover County, Va., rising 4 miles northeast of Ashcake and flowing southwest into Pamunkey River. (Not Tolopatomoy, Pony, Opossum, nor Possum.) Description revised and decisions, Pony Creek and Possum Creek, vacated.

Tótország: see Slovensko.

Totsenbet: Totsenbetna: see Wild.

Totsenbetna: see John, river, Alaska.

Tottenham: a n. suburb of London, England; 51° 36′ N., 0° 4′ W.

Totzunbetna: Totzunbitna: see Wild, river, Alaska.

Touchit: cove, in east side of Shoe Inlet, on northwest coast of Long Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 54° 55′ N., long. 132° 48′ W.

Toudes Coulé: see Sinlahekin.

Toughanack: see Taghanic, creek, N. Y.

Toulon: pr. tōō-lôN′; Mediterranean seaport, s. e. France; 43° 5′ N., 5° 55′ E.

Toulouse: pr. tōō-lōōz′; city, s. France; 43° 45′ N., 1° 25′ E.

Toupchue: see Wigwam.

Tourcoing: pr. toor-kwaN′; city, ext. n. France, near Lille; 50° 45′ N., 3° 5′ E.

Tovar: mesa, Navajo County, Ariz., Hopi Indian Reservation, near lat. 35° 33′ N., long. 110° 36′ W.

***Tournai** or **Doornyk:** city, w. Belgium; Fr. Tournai; Flemish, Doornyk; 50° 35′ N., 3° 28′ E.

Tourpia: see Turkey.

Tours: pr. tōōr; city, on Loire river, w. cen. France; 47° 20′ N., 0° 40′ E.

Tow: see North Toe.

Towago: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 4 miles northeast of Supai village, Coconino County, Ariz.; name of an Indian family.

***Towamencin:** township, Montgomery County, Pa. (Not Towamensing.)

Tower: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 32′ W., flowing northeast into Yellowstone River. Takes name from nearby falls, which were so named by Washburn-Doane party, 1870.

Tower: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Tower Creek, near lat. 44° 54′ N., long. 110° 23′ W. Named by the Washburn exploration party, 1870.

Tower: mountain, Umatilla County, Oreg., in sec. 12, T. 6 S., R. 34 E., near lat. 45° 03′, long. 118° 34′. (Not Lookout.)

Tower of Ra: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 12′ W.

Tower of Set: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 112° 11′ W.

Tower Rock: see Heyburn.

Towesic: neck, eastern side Kennebec River, site of Woolwich, Sagadahoc County, Me.

Towhead: island, Skagit County, Wash., near north end Cypress Island, Washington Sound. (Not Cypress Rock, Rock, nor Tow Head.)

Towline: lake, Ts. 62 and 63 N., R. 6 W., south of Lake Polly and north of Kawasachong Lake, Lake County, Minn.

Townesville: see Townsville, N. C.

Townsend: mountain, altitude 5,466 feet, T. 27 N., R. 11 E., Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Merchant.)

Townsend Gut: passage, narrow and crooked, leading from Boothbay Harbor into Sheepscot River, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Towns End.)

Townshend: railroad station, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Osborne.)

Townsville: seaport, Queensland, n. e. Australia; 19° 15′ S., 146° 45′ E.

Townsville: town and township, Vance County, N. C. (Not Townesville.)

Towotee: see Togwotee.

***Toxaway:** mountain, Jackson and Transylvania Counties, N. C. (Not Great Hogback.)

Toy: harbor, west shore Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, a small inlet in south shore Necker Bay, 5 miles from entrance, near lat. 56° 42′ N.

Toyabe: see Toyabe.

Toyama: coastal city, Toyama bay, n. coast of main island, Japan; 36° 43′ N., 137° 12′ E.

Toyohashi: seaport, Ise Bay, s. coast main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Toyohasi; 34° 45′ N., 137° 20′ E.

Toyohasi: see Toyohashi.

Toyoniek: Toyonok: see Old Tyonek.

Toyontuyon: see Tuyontuyon, P. I.

Tozi: Tozikakat: see Tozitna.

Tozitna: river, tributary to the Yukon River, between Tanana and Koyukak rivers, near lat. 65° 08′ N., long. 152° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Tozi, Tozikakat, nor Tozikaket.)

Tpilisi: see Tiflis.

***Trabzon (Trebizond):** vilayet and seaport, n. e. Turkey; 40° 55′ N., 39° 50′ E. (Not Tirabzon, Trapezunt.)

Trachyte Knob: mountain, Teller County, Colo. (Not Iron Knoll nor Iron Mountain.)

Tracy: see Troy.

Trail: creek, northwestern Alaska, north side Noatak River Valley, the largest tributary on east bank Kugururok River, near lat. 68° 15′ N., long. 161° 25′ W. So known to the Eskimos of the region, who gave it this English name.

Trail: creek, Lake Clark region, southwestern Alaska, a tributary of Telaquana River, emptying into that river from the south 2 miles below Telaquana Lake.

Trail: creek, T. 60 N., R. 1 E., tributary to Deep Creek from southeast near Naples, Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Trout.)

Trail: creek, Big Horn and Powder River counties, Mont., rises in northwestern part of T. 10 S., R. 45 E., flows northeast, and joins Hanging Woman Creek in sec. 3, T. 9 S., R. 43 E.

Trail: creek, rising in T. 10 S., R. 15 W., tributary to Horse Prairie Creek from southwest, in sec. 32, T. 9 S., R. 13 W., Beaverhead County, Mont. (Not Jaysee.)

Trail: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 16′ N., long. 110° 12′ W., flowing northwest into South East Arm of Yellowstone Lake.

Trail: see Rutledge, creek, Idaho.

Train: see Au Train.

Tramp: harbor, Puget Sound, King County, Wash. (Not Trump.)

Tranca: barrio, Bay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Franca nor Tranka.)

Tranca: barrio, Orani Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Trangka.)

Trangka: see Tranca, P. I.

Tranka: see Tranca, P. I.

Tranquil: basin, with two lakes, lat. 48° 13′ N., approximate long. 113° 24′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Tranquility: see Little Hauken.

Transcaspia: region, U. S. S. R. (Russia Asiatic), e. of the Caspian sea.

Transept, The: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 11′ N., long. 112° 04′ W., draining southeast into Bright Angel Canyon.

***Transilvania (Transylvania):** region, Rumania, n. of the Transylvanian Alps, s. and w. of the Carpathians; formerly a part of Hungary; Fr. Transilvanie; Ger. Siebenbürgen; Mag. Erdély; Rum. and Ital. Transilvania.

Trans-Jordan: Br. mandated ter., w. Asia, e. of the Jordan river; Arabic, Sharq el Urdunn.† Not Transjordan, Transjordania.

Transjordania: see Trans-Jordan.

Transylvania: see Transilvania.

Tranters: creek, forming part of boundaries of Beaufort, Martin, and Pitt Counties, N. C. (Not Trantus.)

Trap: bay, on south shore Tenakee Inlet, Chichagof Island, Alaska, near lat. 57° 45′ N., long. 135° 00′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Trap: lake, southeastern Alaska, east shore Carroll Inlet, opposite California Cove, Revillagigedo Island, near lat. 55° 20′.

Trap, The: a blind passage in the Ohio River, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not Traps.)

Trapani: prov. and seaport, n. w. Sicilia, Italy; 38° 1′ N., 12° 29′ E.

Trapezunt: see Trabzon.

Trap Hill: magisterial district, Raleigh County, W. Va. (Not Marshes.)

Trapper: creek, tributary to West Boulder River from west, secs. 29 and 30, T. 4 S., R. 11 E., and sec. 25, T. 4 S., R. 10 E., Park County, Mont.

Trapper: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 48′ N., long. 113° 58′ W., flowing east into McDonald Creek.

Trapper: creek, rising in small lake on eastern slope of Cascade Range, tributary to Icicle Creek from west, Chelan County, Wash.

Trapper: peak, altitude 7,665 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 57′ W.

Trappe River: see La Trappe, creek, Md.

Trappers: creek, Boise County, Idaho, tributary to Crooked River from north at Trappers Flat.

Trappers: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 21′ N., long. 110° 05′ W., flowing southwest into Yellowstone River.

Trappers: peak, altitude approximately 12,000 feet, about 2 miles southwest of Trappers Lake, sec. 21, T. 1 S., R. 88 W., Garfield County, Colo. (Not Plateau.)

Traps: see Trap, The.

Travelers Rest: town, Coosa County, Ala. (Not Travellers Rest.)

Travers: cove and point, western side of Slaughter Creek, near its mouth, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Travers's nor Traverse.)

Traverse: peak, Seward Peninsula, Alaska, on the divide between the Inglutalik, Kateel, and Ungalik rivers, near lat. 65° 00′ N., long. 159° 30′ W. (Not Divide.)

Travertine: creek formed by Antelope and Buffalo Springs, Murray County, Platt National Park, Okla. (Not Sulphur.)

Trcziyulny: mountain, 1,700 feet high, Center County, Pa., a mile northeast of Bellefonte, on Bald Eagle Ridge, Spring Township. So named on recommendation of the Pennsylvania Geographic Board, in honor of Caspar Karl Stegner Trcziyulny, 1767–1851, exiled from Poland, 1793, surveyor in central Pennsylvania, buried at Bellefonte. Pronounced Trĭ-zĭl′-ny. (Not Sugarloaf.)

Tread: see Freds.

Treadwell: bay, Lake Champlain, Clinton County, N. Y. (Not Tredwell.)

Treadwell: village, Murray County, Ga. (Not Amzi.)

Treasure: island, Kitsap County, Wash., about 114 yards long, on north side of and 900 yards inside entrance of a small bay, indenting north end of Bainbridge Island, lat. 47° 42′ N., long. 122° 32′ W., Puget Sound.

Treasure: island, above Iris Fall, Bechler River, Cascade Corner, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Treasure: see Burnt, island, Me.

Trebizond: see Trabzon.

Trece Martires: barrio, Minalabac Municipality, Camarines Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Trece Martirez.)

Trece Martirez: see Trece Martires, P. I.

Tred: see Freds.

Tred Avon: river, Talbot County, Md. (Not Tred Haven.)

Tredwell: see Treadwell, bay, N. Y.

Treinta y Tres: pr. trehn′ta ē trehs′; dept. and city, Uruguay; 33° 14′ S., 54° 26′ W.

Tremain: see Twelvemile, creek, S. Dak.

Trembleau: point, Lake Champlain, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Trombly.)

Tremble's: see Conners.

Tremont: mountain, altitude 10,400 feet, 1 mile south of Mount Thorodin, 5 miles northeast of Blackhawk, in sec. 22, T. 2 S., R. 72 W., Gilpin County, Colo.

Trent: see Trento.

Trento (Trent): prov. and city, Tirol, n. Italy; Fr. Trente; Ger. Trient; 46° 3′ N., 11° 7′ E.

Trenton: capital of New Jersey, in Mercer Co., on the Delaware River, near lat. 40° 13′ N., long. 74° 46′ W. Population in 1930, 122,610. (Pronounced, trĕn′-tŭn.)

Tres Hermanos: rocks, between Point Morrillos and Cosinera, P. R.

Tres Piedras: see Joaquin, rocks, Calif.

Trèves: see Trier.

Treviso: prov. and city, n. Italy, near Venezia; 45° 40′ N., 12° 15′ E.

Triangle: lake, T. 35 N., R. 108 W., north of Long Lake, Fremont County, Wyo.

Trichinopoly: city, Madras, s. India; 10° 40′ N., 78° 45′ E.

Trick: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 113° 21′ W., on Two Medicine Creek.

Tricorner Knob: peak, altitude about 6,400 feet, Haywood and Swain counties, N. C., and Sevier County, Tenn., at the junction of Balsam Mountain and the main divide of the Great Smoky Mountains, near lat. 35° 41′ 30″ N., long. 83° 15′ 20″ W., about half mile south of Mount Guyot. So called by Arnold Guyot, prior to 1860, because it was formerly at the corner of three counties.

Trident: volcano and mountain (The Trident), 2,790 feet high, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, 5 miles southwest of Mount Katmai, near lat. 58° 15′ N., long. 155° 05′ W.

Trident, The: three parallel ridges, highest summit 10,500 feet, in southeast corner Yellowstone National Park, Wyo. They have precipitous north and south walls rising abruptly over 1,500 feet.

Trient: see Trento.

Trier: pr. trēr; city, Rheinland, ext. w. Germany; Fr. Trèves; 49° 45′ N., 6° 40′ E.

Trieste: prov., city, and gulf, Italy, n. end of Adriatic Sea; Ger. Triest; Serb-Croat, Trst; 45° 40′ N., 13° 46′ E.

Trilobite Point: mountain 9,900 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 50′ W.

Trimbelle: town, Pierce County, Wis. (Not Trim Belle.)

Trinidad: pr. trĭn′ĭ-dăd; Br. island near Venezuela; Fr. La Trinité; Br., Ger., and Ital. Trinidad. 10° 30′ N., 61° 15′ W.

Trinity: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, rising near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 112° 11′ W., flows southeast into the Colorado River.

Trinity: mountain, lat. 48° 07′ N., long. 113° 24′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Trinity: mountains, Elmore County, Idaho, capped by Trinity Peak, between the South Fork and Middle Fork of the Boise River, extending to the northeast to include Steel Mountain at the head of Feather River.

Trinity: peak, Trinity Mountains, Elmore County, Idaho, about 2 miles south of Trinity Lake, in sec. 18, T. 3 N., R. 9 E., Boise meridian, Boise National Forest.

Trinity: point, northwestern part Prince William Sound, Alaska, southern side Passage Canal, west of Shotgun Cave ½ mile northwest Passage Bay, lat. 60° 48′ N., long. 148° 34′ W.

Trinity: river, in Texas, formed by the junction of its East and West Forks on, or near, the line between Ellis and Kaufman counties, near lat. 32° 27′ N., long. 96° 30′ W., flowing thence southeasterly into Galveston Bay, of the Gulf of Mexico. (Pronounced, trĭn′ĭ-tĭ.)

Trinity: see Rodgers, mountain, Calif.

Trio: mountain, Powell County, Mont., located in sec. 32, T. 20 N., R. 14 W., Montana meridian, Flathead National Forest. Name given because mountain is accessible from three directions and selected for fire-patrol base on that account.

Triple: creek, about 20 miles north of Cape Nome, tributary to Flambeau River from the west, near lat. 64° 41′ N., long. 165° 05′ W., Seward Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Iron nor Tripple.)

Triple: glaciers, Grand Teton National Park, Teton County, Wyo., near lat. 43° 50′ N., long. 110° 47′ W., on north slope of Mount Moran. These three neighboring ice fields, on the north side of Mount Moran, are usually all seen at once, emphasizing their triple character.

Triple Divide: pass, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 31′ W., crossing spur connecting Mount James with Continental Divide.

Triple Divide: peak, altitude 8,001 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier counties, Mont., Continental Divide and county boundary, near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 31′ N. The melting snows on this peak find their way into three oceans, Arctic, Atlantic, and Pacific.

Triple Divide: peak, altitude 12,651 feet, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 30, T. 15 S., R. 32 E., Sequoia National Park.

Triplet Vents: 3 thermal vents, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., just above Grand Geyser, central section of Upper Geyser Basin, on right bank of Firehold River.

Triplets, The: islands, three, in Marmot Bay, northeast of Kodiak Island and off the northern end of Spruce Island, lat. 57° 59′ N., long. 152° 29′ W., Alaska. (Not Rock Islets nor Triplets.)

Tripod: creek, Elmore County, Idaho, tributary to Little Queens River from east between Scott and Eezip Creeks.

Tripoli or Tarabulus esh Sham: seaport, Syria; Arabic, Tarabulus esh Sham;† Gr.† and Lat. Tripolis; 34° 26′ N., 35° 51′ E.

Tripolitania: Italian colony, n. Africa, part of Libya.

Trippe: creek, Talbot County, Md. (Not Trippe's nor Tripps.)

Trippe: gulch, east slope of Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, about 1 mile long, in secs. 15 and 16, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about halfway between North Pass Canyon and Bagley Gulch. Named after family long identified with this region.

Tripple: see Triple.

Tripps: see Trippe.

Triste: point, southeastern Alaska, northern shore Baker Island, near lat. 55° 25′ N., long. 133° 30′ W.

Triumvirate: glacier, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, paralleling the Alaska Range in long. 152° W. So named by Capps and Sargent, of the Geological Survey, 1927, because this glacier is formed by the joining of three large glaciers.

Trivandrum: city, s. tip of India; 8° 29′ N., 76° 59′ E.

Trois-Rivières: see Three Rivers.

Troller: group of islands, six in number, on south side of entrance to Tebenkof Bay, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 27′ N., long. 134° 12′ W. Name recommended by Coast Survey field party, as a channel in this group is used by trollers as an anchorage.

Troller: point, extremity of northernmost of the group of six islands, south side of entrance to Tebenkof Bay, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 29′ N., long. 134° 13′ W.

Trollers: cove, southeastern Alaska, in south shore Kasaan Bay entrance, 1¼ miles inside Island Point, eastern shore Prince of Wales Island.

Trombly: see Trembleau.

Troncbay: see Trunk, bay, Virgin Islands.

***Trondheim:** seaport, Norway; formerly Trondhjem, then Nidaros (Jan. 1930–Mar. 1931); 63° 25′ N., 10° 25′ E.

Trondhjem: see Trondheim.

Troop's: see Troups.

Tropaco: point, at end peninsula separating Magens Bay from Hull Bay, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Hull nor Pointe de Mathieu Tropaco.)

Trots: hills, Nantucket, Nantucket County, Mass. (Not Trott's.)

Trotter: landing, Mississippi River, Tunica County, Miss. (Not Trotter's.)

Trott's: see Trots.

Troupe: town, Smith County, Tex. (Not Troup.)

Troups: creek, Steuben County, N. Y., and Tioga County, Pa. (Not Troop's.)

Trout: creek, T. 63 N., Rs. 1 and 2 W., tributary to Kootenai River from west, Boundary County, Idaho. (Not Teeout.)

***Trout:** creek, flowing in a northwesterly direction and emptying into Minam River, T. 1 S., R. 41 E., Wallowa County, Oreg. (Not East Fork Minam.)

Trout: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 35′ N., long. 110° 34′ W., flowing northeast into Yellowstone River.

***Trout:** lake, about 5 miles long, beginning about ½ mile inland from the eastern shore Port Chester, Annette Island, Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Upper Trout.)

Trout: lake, San Miguel County, Colo., in T. 41 N., R. 9 W., New Mexico principal meridian. (Not San Miguel.)

Trout: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 41′ N., long. 113° 55′ W.

Trout: river, Duval County, Fla., flowing southeasterly through T. 1 S., R. 26 E., into St. Johns River in sec. 30, T. 1 S., R. 27 E. (Not Trout Creek.) Name adopted by the commissioners of Duval County by resolution reported April 1, 1926.

Trout: see Trout Creek, Colo.

Trout: see Trail, creek, Idaho.

Trout: see Chief, lake, Mich.

Trout: see Barrett, pond, N. Y.

Trout: see Wingate, brook, N. Y.

Trout: see Adams, brook, Pa.

Trout Creek: pass, Trout Creek Hills, between Chaffee and Park Counties, Colo. (Not Bath, Summit, nor Trout.)

Trout Creek: see Trout, river, Fla.

Troy: township, Pipestone County, Minn. (Not Tracy.)

Troyes: pr. trwä; city on the Seine, n. e. cen. France; 48° 20′ N., 4° 5′ E.

Trubitsin: point, southeastern Alaska, one-half mile east of Cape Edgecumbe, south shore Kruzof Island, Sitka Sound entrance, near lat. 57° N. This is one of the names applied to Cape Edgecumbe.

Trueman: point, Patuxtent River, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Truman.)

Trujillo: pr. trōō-hē′lyō; dept. and city, Peru; 8° 8′ S., 79° 5′ W.

Trujillo: pr. trōō-hē′lyō; state and city, Venezuela; 8° 53′ N., 70° 16′ W.

Trulla: point, easternmost projection of Northeast Cay, Culebra Group, P. R.

Truman: see Trueman.

Trumbull: mountain peak, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Cranberry Peak nor Mount Trumbull.)

Trump: see Tramp.

Trunk: bay, 800 yards wide, and bathing beach northwest coast St. John Island, American Virgin Islands. (Not Troncbay.)

Trunk: cay, 80 yards from Trunk Bay beach, northwestern shore St. John Island, American Virgin Islands. (Not Peters.)

Tsadaka: see Moose, creek, Alaska.

Tsangpo: see Brahmaputra.

Tsar'grad: see Istanbul.

Tsaritsyn: see Stalingrad.

Tsatsawassa: see Tackawasick.

Tschataldja: see Çatalca.

Tschechoslowakei: see Czechoslovakia.

Tsche-kiang: see Chekiang.

Tscheljabinsk: see Chelyabinsk.

Tschenstochau: see Częstochowa.

Tschilket: see Kelsall.

Tschita: see Chita.

Tseanazti: stream, San Juan County, N. Mex.

Tsebidai: see Ship Rock.

Tsegi: see Segi.

Tsegihatsosi: see Segihatsosi.

Tseitsokit: see Mishongnovi.

Tseklagai-deza: see Seklagaidesa.

Tse lagai dez-a: see Seklagaidesa.

Tsenakahn: see Round Rock.

Tsetsiltso: see Setsiltso.

Tseyi Hatsosi: see Segihatsosi.

Tsiltcoos: see Siltcoos.

Tsinan: city, capital of Shantung prov. n. e. China proper; 36° 45′ N., 117° 40′ E.

***Tsingtao:** seaport, Shantung prov., n. e. China; Ger. Tsingtau; 36° 10′ N., 120° 35′ E. Not Chingtao.

Tsingtau: see Tsingtao.

Tsirku: glacier, in British Columbia, lat. 59° 19′, crosses boundary eastward, tributary to Tsirku River, Alaska.

Tsirku: river, tributary to Chilkat River near its mouth from the west, southeastern Alaska. (Not Salmon, Tisku, nor Zirku.)

Tsl-Kaht: see Chilkat.

Tsoo-e-ez: see Sooes.

Tsu: city, on Ise Bay, s. coast main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Tu; 34° 42′ N., 136° 30′ E.

Tsukli: see Montague.

Tu: see Tsu.

Tuagdan: see Huagdan, P. I.

Tualatin: precinct, Clackamas County; river, Clackamas and Washington Counties, and city, Washington County, Oreg. (Not Tualitin nor Tualtin.)

Tualatin: see Oswego, lake, Oreg.

Tualtin: see Tualatin.

Tuao: Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tuba: settlement, Coconino County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, in T. 32 N., R. 11 E., Gila and Salt River meridian.

Tuba: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Tubao: municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tubero: sitio, Calauan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tobero.)

Tubigan: see Tibagan, P. I.

Tubigon: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Tubigon: see Tibagan, P. I.

Tublay: township, Mountain Province (subprovince Benguet), Luzon, P. I.

Tubli: barrio, Pandan Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tobli.)

Tubo: township, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I (Not Tubu.)

Tubod: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tobod.)

Tuboddaco: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tobod-Dacu, Tubod-Daco, nor Tubod-Dacu.)

Tubod-Dacu: see Tuboddaco, P. I.

Tuboddio: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tobod-Dio, Tubod-Dio, Tubod-Diyo, Tuboddiyo, nor Tubud-Dio.)

Tubod-Diyo: Tuboddiyo: see Tuboddio, P. I.

Tubodmar: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tubudmar.)

Tubodmonte: barrio, Jagna Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tubudmonte.)

Tubog: barrio, Oas Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tobog.)

Tubu: see Tubo.

Tubuan: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Taboan.)

Tubud-Dio: see Tuboddio, P. I.

Tubudmar: see Tubodmar, P. I.

Tubudmonte: see Tubodmonte, P. I.

Tuburan: barrio, Ligao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Toburan.)

Tuburan: municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Tucannon: river, rising in Blue Mountains and emptying into Snake River near Starbuck, Wash. (Not Tucanon, Tucanyon, Tukanon, nor Twocanyon.)

Tuchkov: see Ismail.

Tuckaleechee: village, Blount County, Tenn. (Not Tuchaleeche nor Tuckaleeche.)

Tuckasegee: river, Jackson and Swain counties, N. C., rising in Jackson County, near lat. 35° 18′ N., long. 82° 59′ W., flows northwest into the Little Tennessee River. (Not Tuckaseegee nor Tuckaseigee.)

Tucker Beach: lighthouse, near entrance to Little Egg Harbor, below Barnegat Inlet, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Tucker's Beach.)

Tucker, Lake: see Sportsmans.

Tuckers Cove: see Little Egg.

Tuck's: Tucks: see Tuxis.

Tuclong: see Tuklong, P. I.

Tuctucan: see Tuktukan, P. I.

Tucumán: pr. tōō-kōō-män′; prov. and city, Argentina; 26° 50′ S., 65° 10′ W.

Tudela: municipality, Cebu Province, Poro, P. I.

Tudloc: see Tarlac, P. I.

Tue: point, Chesapeake Bay, York County, Va. (Not Toes nor Too's.)

Tuftonboro Bay: see Winter Harbor.

Tugaloo: river, forming part of the boundary between Georgia and South Carolina; also villages in Habersham County, Ga., and Oconee County, S. C. (Not Tugalo.)

Tugbugan: river, and point about 1½ miles southeast of Bulan Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tugbugun.)

Tugbugun: see Tugbugan, P. I.

Tugu: see Fugu, P. I.

Tuguegarao: municipality, Provincial Capital, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I.

***Tujunga:** canyon, northeastern part San Fernando Valley, Los Angeles County, Calif. (Not Tahunga, Tajunga, nor Tuyanga.)

Tukanon: see Tucannon.

Tuklong: barrio, Imus Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Toclong nor Tuclong.)

Tuklukyet: see Nuklukayet.

Tukmakna: creek, Matanaska Valley, Alaska, tributary of Mudflow Creek, flowing southwest and entering it near lat. 61° 49′ 30″ N., long. 148° 06′ W.

Tuk-sed-ni: see Tuxedni.

Tuktukan: barrio, Guiguinto Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tuctucan.)

Tukusitnu: see Tuxedni.

Tukuto: creek, northwestern Alaska, north slope of Brooks Range, tributary on west bank Etivluk River, near lat. 68° 25′ N., long. 157° W. Eskimo word meaning "fog," in reference to conditions when United States Geological Survey expedition was there in 1925.

Tukuzit: see Tuxedni.

Tula: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia), s. of Moskva; 54° 20′ N., 37° 30′ E.

Tulainyo: lake, Tulare and Inyo Counties, Calif., near lat. 36° 36′ N., long. 118° 17′ W., Sequoia National Park. Named by R. B. Marshall in 1917—a combination of Tulare and Inyo.

Tulare: see Tule, river, Calif.

Tulay Napatpat: see Tulaynapatpat, P. I.

Tulaynapatpat: barrio, Ibaan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tulay Napatpat nor Tulay-Na-Patpat.)

Tulay-Na-Patpat: see Tulaynapatpat, P. I.

Tule: lake, Modoc and Siskiyou Counties, Calif., and Klamath County, Oreg. (Not Rhett.)

Tule: river, Kings and Tulare Counties, Calif. (Not Tulare.)

Tulephauken: see Tulpehocken.

Tulin: barrio, Milinao Municipality, Albay Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tuliu.)

Tulip: see Swamp, point, Ariz.

Tulipehaukin: see Tulpehocken.

Tuliu: see Tulin, P. I.

Tuliumnit: see Castle, cape, Alaska.

Tullick's Fork: see Montpelier, creek, Idaho.

Tullocks Fork: see Montpelier, creek, Idaho.

Tullock: creek, Big Horn and Treasure counties, Mont., formed by junction of its West Fork and Ash Creek in sec. 29, T. 1 S., R. 36 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Big Horn River in sec. 2, T. 4 N., R. 34 E.

Tullugan: see Tultugan, P. I.

Tulos: barrio, Rosario Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tolos.)

Tulpehocken: creek, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Tulepehauken nor Tulipehaukin.)

Tulsa: city, in Tulsa Co., Oklahoma, on the Arkansas River, near lat. 36° 10′ N., long. 95° 59′ W. Population in 1930, 141,281. (Pronounced tŭl′-sa.)

Tultugan: barrio, Calape Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Tullugan.)

Tulula: creek, tributary to head of Cheoah River, and village, Graham County, N. C. (Not Tallulah.)

Tu-lu-la-wi-ak: see Illilouette.

Tumalt: creek, tributary to Columbia River, 1 mile below Warrendale, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Devil nor Devil's Slide.)

Tumauini: municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tamauini.)

Tumeaeud: see Tumulalud, P. I.

Tumey: hills, Diablo Range, extending north and south between Tumey Gulch on the east and Silver Creek on the west, Fresno and San Benito Counties, Calif.

Tumey Gulch: arroyo, Fresno and San Benito Counties, Calif., crossing foothill belt between Ciervo Mountain and Silver Creek, opening into San Joaquin Valley, about 5 miles south of mouth of Panoche Creek. (Not Dry Creek nor Toomey.)

Tumitche: see Tomichi.

Tummeahai: Tummeahia: see Tomyhoi.

Tummy: see Twin Glacier, lake, Alaska.

Tumtum: peak, isolated mountain, between Nisqually River, Kautz and Tahoma Creeks, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Tumuc-Humac: pr. tōō-mōōk′ōō-mäk′; mt., n. Brazil.

Tumulalud: barrio, Mambusao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Tumeaeud.)

Tuna: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, rising near lat. 36° 12′ N., long. 112° 14′ W., flows southwest into the Colorado River.

Tuna: passage, between Cactus and Cross Cays, 2½ to 3 miles west of Culebra Island, P. R. (Not Pasa Tuna.)

Tunangwant: see Tunungwant.

Tunegawant: see Tunungwant.

Tunga: narrow inlet about 1½ miles long, indenting west side of Prince of Wales Island from El Capitan Passage about 6½ miles from southern entrance of Passage, southeastern Alaska, lat. 55° 58′.2 N., long. 133° 15′ W. Name reported as derived from native word meaning sea or salt.

Tung Hai: see East China Sea.

Tungsansheng: see Manchuria.

Tunhac: see Tunhak, P. I.

Tunhak: barrio, Famy Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tunhac.)

Tuniak: see Chiniak.

Tunicha: see Tuntsa.

Tunis: seaport, capital of Tunisie, n. Africa; 36° 40′ N., 10° E.

Tunisia: Fr. protectorate ext. n. Africa; Fr. Tunisie.

Tunita: cay, grassy islet, or bare ledge, 80 yards long, just northwest of north end of Cactus Cay, Culebra Group, P. R.

Tunitcha: see Tuntsa.

Tunk: creek and mountain, Okanogan County, Wash., near lat. 48° 30′ N., long. 119° 17′ W. (Not Tonk.)

Tunkis: see Farmington.

Tunnabora: peak, altitude 13,593 feet, Tulare and Inyo counties, Calif., near lat. 36° 36′ N., long. 118° 17′ W., on Sierra crest, east boundary Sequoia National Park.

Tunnel: creek, King County, Wash., Snoqualmie National Forest, rising in sec. 36, T. 26 N., R. 13 E., flowing west past Scenic Ranger Station, into Tye River, in sec. 28, T. 26 N., R. 13 E. So named because the stream enters Tye River a short distance from the new tunnel of the Great Northern Railway.

Tunnel: creek, flowing from Divide Lake just north of Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Tunnel east into Coal Creek, Kittitas County, Wash.

*__Tunnel Hill__: town and post office, Whitfield County, Georgia. (Not Tunnelhill.)

Tunnelhill: borough, Cambria County, Pa. (Not Tunnel Hill.)

Tunnelhill: see Tunnel Hill, Ga.

Tunp: mountain range, above Rock Creek, west of Hams Fork Plateau, east of Sublets Range, Lincoln County, Wyo. (Not Campbell, Seedskeedee, nor Tetlick.)

Tunravik: small native camp, about 13½ miles above Ekwok, on the west bank of Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, lat. 59° 31′ N., long. 157° 13′ W.

Tunravik: small creek, entering Nushagak River, southwestern Alaska, from the west at Tunravik Village, lat. 59° 30′ N., long. 157° 12′ W.

Tuntsa: mountain stream, heading in Tunitcha Mountains, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Tunicha nor Tunitcha.)

Tuntunan: barrio, Loon Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Tontonan nor Tontunan.)

*__Tuntunan__: barrio, Tubigon Municipality, Bobol Province, Bohol, P. I. (Not Tintinan nor Tontunan.)

Tunungwant: creek, Cattaraugus County, N. Y., and McKean County, Pa. (Not Tunangwant nor Tunegawant.)

Tuohy: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., in secs. 24 and 25, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Tupas: barrio, Echague Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Tupax.)

Tupas: barrio, Balasan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, Manjuyod Municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I. (Not Tupaz.)

Tupas: barrio, Pinamungajan Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu, P. I.

Tupashaw: see Topashaw.

Tupax: see Tupas, P. I.

Tupaz: see Tupas, P. I.

Tuquib Callao: barrio, Villaviciosa Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Taquib Callao.)

Turagin: see Taragui, P. I.

Turban: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., north of and close to the Grand Geyser, one of this group, near center Upper Geyser Basin, right bank, Firehole River.

Turbid: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 16′ W., 1½ miles east of north end of Yellowstone Lake; east entrance road passes along west shore.

Turbid: springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., along east shore of Turbid Lake, near lat. 44° 34′ N., long. 110° 16′ W. Named for the lake, below.

Turbot: see Turbut.

*Turbotville: borough, Northumberland County, Pa. (Not Turbutville.)

Turbut: township, Northumberland County, Pa. (Not Turbot.)

Turchia: see Turkey.

Turin: see Torino.

Turingia: see Thüringen.

Türkei: see Turkey.

Turkestan: see Turkistan.

Turkey: creek, branch of Arkansas River, El Paso and Pueblo Counties, Colo. (Not Big Turkey.)

Turkey: republic, s. e. Europe and w. Asia; Turk. Türkiye; Fr. Turquie; Ger. Türkei; Gr. Tourpia;† Ital. Turchia.

Turkey: see Bear, creek, Colo.

Turkey: see Wawasee, lake, Ind.

Turkey: see Kalkun, Virgin Islands.

Turkey Cock: see Hibriten.

Turkey Head: see Turkshead.

Turkistan: large region, cen. Asia, comprising Russian and Chinese territory; Russ., Turkestan.† For Chinese Turkistan, see Sinkiang.

Türkiye: see Turkey.

Turks: pr. terks; island, the Bahamas, B. W. I.; 21° 20′ N., 71° 10′ W.

Turk's: see Tuxis.

Turkshead: peak, Front Range, Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Turkey Head nor Turks Head.)

Turku (Åbo): seaport, ext. s. w. Finland; Swed. Åbo, pr. obo; 60° 26′ N., 22° 18′ E.

Turn: island, southeastern Alaska, in Zimovia Strait, and adjacent point on western shore of Wrangell Island, lat. 56° 14′ 14″ N.

Turnabout: see Povorotni, island, Alaska.

Turnage: post light, Mississippi River, Mississippi County, Ark. (Not Turnage's.)

Turnbull: island, Red River, Pointe Coupee Parish, La. (Not Turnbull's.)

Turner: creek, eastern shore Taku Inlet, mainland southeastern Alaska, draining lake of same name, near lat. 58° 17′ N., long. 133° 58′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Turner: glacier, west side of Disenchantment Bay, at head of Yakutat Bay, lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 139° 37′ W., Alaska. (Not Dalton nor Duffield.)

Turner: island, between Big Koniuji and Nagai Islands, Shumagin Group, lat. 55° 02′ N., long. 159° 50′ W., Alaska. (Not Stiernfeld.)

Turner: island and landing, Mississippi River, Calhoun County, Ill. (Not Turner's.)

Turner: peak Mount Turner, (altitude 8,730 feet), 11½ miles northeast of Mount Fairweather, lat. 58° 59′ 53″ N., long. 137° 16′ 54″ W., International Boundary, Alaska and Canada.

Turner: peak, altitude 5,825 feet, sec. 1, T. 45 N., R. 6 E., near the head of Turner Creek, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Turner: river, flowing into the Arctic Coast at Demarcation Bay, lat. 69° 38′ N., long. 141° 23′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Kougukuk.)

Turner Center: village, Turner Town, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not Bradford.)

Turner's: see Turner, Miss.

Turney: town, Clinton County, Mo. (Not Turney's Station.)

Turnup: brook (Turnup Run). Lafayette Township, McKean County, Pa., about 2 miles in length, emptying into Kinzua Creek at Westline. Allehgeny National Forest. (Not Thundershower.) According to local authority, name given because the old road from Warren to Bradford up Kinzua Creek, turned up this run at Westline.

Turnup: see Thundershower, brook, Pa.

Turpentine: run, alongside Turpentine Avenue throughout its length, St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands.

Turquie: see Turkey.

Turquoise: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 08′ N., long. 112° 20′ W.

Turquoise Pool: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in Lower Geyser Basin at south end, near extinct Excelsior Geyser.

Turret: mountain, 10,400 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 18′ N., long. 110° 04′ W.

Turret: ridge, Gunnison County, Colo.

Turtle: creek, tributary from east to Long Prairie River, in sec. 2, T. 131 N., R. 33 W., Todd County, Minn. (Not Eagle River.)

Turtle: island, of the Maurelle Islands, west of Esquibel Island, lat. 55° 38′.8 N., long. 133° 36′.6 W., Gulf of Esquibel, Prince of Wales Archipelago, southeastern Alaska.

Turtle: reef, ½ mile off South Head on southern side of entrance to Iliamna Bay, lat. 59° 36′ N., long. 153° 33′ W., northern shore of Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast of Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Turtle Lake: see Bubble, pond, Me.

Turtle Back Dome: domed platform on the south side of Yosemite Valley, near its lower entrance, Mariposa County, Calif.

Turville: creek, Worcester County, Md. (Not Taylors, nor Turvill.)

Tusayan: district or region, Navajo County, Ariz., southern part of Hopi Indian Reservation, near lat. 35° 45′ N., long. 110° 36′ W.

Tuscalameta: see Tuscolameta..

Tuscawilla: lake, Alachua County, Fla. (Not Tascawilla.)

Tuscohatchie: lake, source of creek of same name north of Granite Mountain, T. 22 N., R. 10 E., King County, Wash.

Tuscolameta: creek, tributary to Pearl River, Leake, Newton, and Scott Counties, Miss. (Not Tuscalameta, Tushalamita, Yazoo Mongen, nor Young Warrior.

Tuscor: creek, T. 24 N., R. 32 W., tributary to Clark Fork from the west at Tuscor, Sanders County, Mont. (Not Dry.)

Tushalamita: **see Tuscolameta.**

Tuskahoma: township, Pushmataha County, Okla. (Not Tushkahomma.)

Tuskeegee: creek and village, Graham County, N. C. (Not Tuskeega, nor Tuskeege.)

Tusquitee: creek, gap, mountains, and town, Clay County, N. C. (Not Tusquittah.)

Tuthill: cove, ¾ mile long, north of Tuthill Point, north shore of Moriches Bay, Brookhaven, Long Island, Suffolk County, N. Y. (Not Bill's, Hart's, Smith's, nor West.)

Tuthill: point, west side of Tuthill Cove entrance, lat. 40° 47′ 02″ N., long. 72° 45′ 12′ W. Suffolk County, N. Y.

Tutlut: see Nenana.

Tuttle: lake, Polk County, Wis. (Not Swahn.)

Tutuksuk: river, tributary to Kobuk River from the north, northwestern Alaska, lat. 67° 10′ N., long. 159° 25′ W. Erroneously spelled Tutuksek on new map of Northwestern Arctic Alaska. (Not Too-look-sook nor Tootooksook.)

Tuxedni: bay, penetrating about 15 miles into the west coast of Cook Inlet, near lat. 60° 12′ N., long. 152° 40′ W., Alaska. (Not Tak-sed-ni, Tukusitnu, Tukuzit, nor Tuxedni Harbor.)

Tuxedni: see Snug, harbor, Alaska.

Tuxedo: see Magruder.

Tuxis: island, Long Island Sound, about 4 miles east of Guilford; also pond and brook, Madison Town, New Haven County, Conn. (Not Tuck's, Tucks, nor Turk's.)

Tuxpam: see Stillaguamish.

Tuy: municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Tuyanga: see Tujunga.

Tuye: spring, 18 miles northwest of Ganado, on road from Ganado to Keams Canyon, Apache County, Ariz. (Not Togai, Togay, nor Tuyay.)

Tuyontuyon: barrio, Tuy Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Toyontuyon.)

Tver: see Kalinin.

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Tweed: island, near entrance to Coscob Harbor, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Finch's.)

Tweed's: see Red, rock, Conn.

Twelve Mile: creek, Yellowstone County, Mont., rises in northwestern part of T. 2 N., R. 26 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows into Yellowstone River in the southeastern part of T. 2 N., R. 27 E. (Not Rattlesnake.) So named because old roads crossed it about twelve miles from Billings. The former name, Rattlesnake, was discontinued many years ago.

Twelvemile: creek, Davison, Hanson, and Hutchinson Counties, S. Dak. (Not North Fork Twelvemile nor Tremain.)

Twelvemile: town and township, Madison County, Mo. (Not Twelve-Mile.)

Twenty Mile: see Nezinscot.

Twigg: see Whigg, ridge, Tenn.

Twin: buttes, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 33′ N., long. 110° 53′ W., about one-half mile apart, southern one, altitude 8,400 feet, northern one 8,300 feet.

Twin: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 26′ W., on Two Medicine Creek.

Twin: island, eastern side of Smooth Channel, northern part of Khaz Bay, lat. 57° 36′ N., long. 136° 05′.7 W., western side of Chichagof Island, southeastern Alaska.

Twin: islands, western side of entrance to Aialik Bay, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 149° 43′.5 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Twin: islands, west of Maurelle Group, long. 133° 39′.5 W., lat. 55° 40′ N., Gulf of Esquibel, southeastern Alaska.

Twin: lakes, Shasta County, Calif., 2½ miles east of Hat Mountain, mostly in sec. 36, T. 31 N., R. 5 E. (Not Bee nor Tillman.)

Twin: lakes, Tulare County, Calif., west of, and close to Silliman Pass on north boundary of Sequoia National Park, near lat. 36° 39′ N., long. 118° 43′ W.

Twin: lakes, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 43′ W.

Twin: lakes, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 47′ N., long. 110° 44′ W.

Twin: meadows, northwest corner of Plumas County, Calif., in sec. 30, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

***Twin:** mesas, Navajo County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 35° 24′ N., long. 109° 48′ W. (Not Zuni.)

Twin: mountain, in town of Hunter, Greene County, N. Y., 3 miles southeast of Elka Park. The elevation of these two peaks, north and south, is 3,647 and 3,476 feet, respectively. (Not Sugarloaf.)

Twin: peaks, due south of North Peak, northern side Indian Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

Twin: see Delyle, creek, Idaho.

Twin: see Two, lakes, Mont.

Twin: see Gun, island, N. H.

Twin: see Loon, island, N. H.

Twin: see Sugarloaf, mountain, N. Y.

Twin Falls: county, formed February, 1907, from part of Cassia County, Idaho.

Twin Glacier: creek, mainland, southeastern Alaska, north shore Taku River, at foot of Twin Glacier, near lat. 58° 33′ N., long. 133° 53′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Twin Glacier: lake, mainland, southeastern Alaska, north shore Taku River, at foot of Twin Glacier, near lat. 58° 33′ N., long. 133° 53′ W. (Not Tummy.)

Twin Glacier Camp: boat landing and a group of log cabins, Alaska, on the southeast bank of Taku River, at a point in lat. 53° 29′ N., long. 133° 57′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Twining: suburb of Washington, D. C. (Not Twining City.)

Twin Lake: see Hidden, lake, Calif.

Twin Lake: see Horseshoe, lake, Calif.

Twin Lakes: village, near Twin Lakes, Lake County, Colo. (Not Dayton.)

Twin Lakes: township, Calhoun County, Iowa. (Not Twin Lake.)

Twin Lakes: see Hitchcock, lakes, Calif.

Twin Lakes: see Little Sunapee, lake, N. H.

Twins: see Sisters, islands, Ky.

Twin Sisters: mountains, altitude 11,400 feet, about 5 miles northeast of Longs Peak, and 1 mile east Longs Peak Village, Front Range, Larimer County, Colo (Not Lillie.)

Twin Sisters: two high peaks, visible from Bellingham, southwest of Mount Baker, Whatcom County, Wash.

Twin Springs: creek, first stream west of ridge west of Pinchot Butte, tributary to Floodwood Creek, T. 42 N., R. 4 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not West Fork Floodwood.)

Twin Springs: see Floodwood.

Twister: falls, Bechler River, near junction Bechler River with Littles Fork, Cascade Corner Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Two: two lakes, Mount Spurr region, Alaska, which are really one, but nearly separated by narrow necks of land. Name usually applied by prospectors and trappers, who occasionally come to live in a cabin on the north side of these lakes.

Two: lakes, sec. 32, T. 8 N., R. 22 W., Ravalli County, Mont. (Not Twin.)

Two Bar: ridge, south of Roosevelt Reservoir, T. 4 N., R. 12 E., Maricopa County, Ariz.

Twocanyon: see Tucannon.

Twocone: point, on northwest side of Kodiak Island, Alaska, between Cape Ugat and Cape Kuliuk, near lat. 57° 50′ N., long. 153° 54′ W.

Twocrack: island, lying one mile off northwest end of Anguilla Island, lat. 55° 42′ N., long. 133° 37′ W., Bocas de Finas, southeastern Alaska.

Twodot: peak, altitude 6,503 feet, sec. 17, T. 44 N., R. 4 E., Shoshone County, Idaho. (Not Two Dot.)

Twogwotee: Two-Gwo-Tee-e: seeTogwotee.

Two Leggin: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in southwest part of T. 2 S., R. 32 E., Montana principal meridian, and tributary to Big Horn River in T. 2 S., R. 33 E. Named after a Crow Indian chief, whose home was near the confluence of the creek and the Big Horn River.

Two Lick: creek, and village, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Two-Licks nor Twolick.)

Two Medicine: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising on north slope of Mount Rockwell, near lat. 48° 27′ N., long. 113° 27′ W., flowing northeast to park boundary, thence southeast and east into Marias River.

Two Medicine: falls, Glacier County, Mont., 2 miles east of Glacier Park, 1 mile north of Glacier Park station, near highway going north from the railroad. Local name.

Two Medicine: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 29′ N., long. 113° 23′ W., traversed by Two Medicine Creek.

Two Medicine: pass, 7,600 feet high, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., across Continental Divide and county boundaries, near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 25′ W.

Two Moon: bay, southern shore Port Fidalgo, lat. 60° 45′.5 N., long. 146° 34′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Bowie.)

Two Ocean: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead and Glacier Counties, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 114° 00′ W., on east slope of Vulture Peak. Drains into both Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

Two Ocean: plateau, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., southeast of Yellowstone Lake between Snake and Yellowstone Rivers; southern half traversed by continental divide.

Two Sisters: see Sisters, islands, Ky.

Tye: river, King County, Wash., rising in Stevens Pass, Snoqualmie National Forest, in T. 26 N., R. 13 E., on west side Cascade Range, near Cascade Tunnel, flowing southwest, joining Foss River in sec. 31, T. 26 N., R. 12 E., to form the South Fork, Skykomish River.

Tyee: mountain, altitude 8,761 feet, Boise County, Idaho, near lat. 44° 01′ 05.″7 N., long. 115° 18′ 12.″9 W. Name of Chinook origin for an outstanding mountain in vicinity.

Tyende: creek, mesa, and school, Navajo County, Ariz., near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 110° 15′ W. (Not Kayenta, Ke-en-ta, nor Te-en-ta.)

Tyers: see Tiah.

Tygart: river, Barbour ,Marion, Randolph, and Taylor Counties, W. Va. (Not Tygarts Valley nor Valley.)

Tyler: pond, Goshen Town, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Marshapauge, Tyler's, nor West Side.)

Tyler: see North Mowich, glacier, Wash.

Tyndall: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising one-third of a mile south of Kings-Kern Divide, 1 mile west of Junction Peak, on Sierra Nevada, near lat. 36° 42′ N., long. 118° 23′ W., flowing southwest into Kern River, Sequoia National Park.

Tyndall: mountain (Mount Tyndall), altitude 14,025 feet, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 118° 20′ W., on Sierra crest, east boundary Sequoia National Park. Clarence King, who in 1864, climbed this mountain, proposed the name in honor of John Tyndall, "The Great Physicist," 1820–1893.

Tyndall: see Copeland, mountain, Colo.

Tyndall Dome: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 22′ W. (Not Temple of Om.)

Tynemouth: seaport, Northumberland county, England; 55° 3′ N., 1° 28′ W.

Tyondyû: see Zenshu.

Tyonek: creek, on west side of Cook Inlet, entering inlet at Old Tyonek, lat. 61° 02′ N., long. 151° 25′ W.

Tyonek: see Old Tyonek, village, Alaska.

Tyonek Town: see Moquawkie.

Tyôsen: See Chosen.

Tyres: see Tiah.

Tyrol: see Tirol.

Tyrrhenian Sea: the Mediterranean bet. peninsular Italy and Corsica, Sardinia, and Sicily; Ital. Mare Tirreno; Fr. Mer Tyrrhénienne; Ger. Tyrrhenisches Meer.

Tyskland: see Germany.

Tyundyu: see Seishu.

Tyya: see Dyea.

Tzues: see Sooes.

U

Uac: see Owak, P. I.

Uacas: see Wakas, P. I.

Ua Huga: see Ua Huka.

Ua Huka: island, Marquesas group, South Pacific Ocean, lat. 8° 55′ S., long. 139° 30′ W. (Not Ua Huga, Uauka, Hua-Ka, nor Washington.)

Ualakaa: see Round Top, T. H.

Ualangbalahibo: see Walangbalahibo, P. I.

Ualtis: see Ulatis.

Uangonjan: see Wangonhan, P. I.

Uanonjan: see Wangonhan, P. I.

Uaua: see Wawa, P. I.

Uauka: see Ua Huka.

Ubaldo: reef, between Culion and Dumaran Islands, off northeast coast of Palawan, P. I.

Ubang: barrio, Capalonga Municipality, Camarines Norte Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ubaug.)

Ubaug: see Ubang, P. I.

Ubay: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Ubay: see Hubay, P. I.

Ubbog: see Ubbug, P. I.

Ubbug: barrio, Bacnotan Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Obbog nor Ubbog.)

Ubbug: barrio, Bangar Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon: and barrios in Santiago and Vigan Municipalities, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ubbog.)

Ube: barrio, Majayjay Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Cobi nor Oobi.)

Ube: city, ext. s. w. end main island, Japan; 34° N., 131° 15′ E.

Ubera: anchorage, southern side of Mona Island, 1 mile westward of Caigo o no Caigo Point, P. R. (Not Ensenada de Santa Isabel o del Uvero.)

Ubihan: barrio, Meycauayan Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Obijan nor Ubijan.)

Ubijan: see Ubihan, P. I.

Ubuhan: barrio, Tagbilaran Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Ubujan.)

Ubujan: see Ubuhan, P. I.

Ucayali: pr. o͞o-kī-yä′lē; river, Peru, tributary of Amazon River.

Uceba: creek, Blount County, Tenn., rising near lat. 46° 08′ N., long. 83° 48′ W., flows southwest into the Little River. (Not Eucebia.)

Udaipur: native state and city, Rajputana Agency, n. w. India; 24° 35′ N., 73° 45′ E. Not Udaypur, Odeypore.

Udaypur: see Udaipur.

Udine: pr. o͞o′dē-nā; city, ext. n. e. Italy; 46° 3′ N., 13° 14′ E.

Udiyamada: see Ujiyamada.

Ududiac: see Ududiaw, P. I.

Ududiao: see Ududiaw, P. I.

Ududiaw: barrio, Sallapadan Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ududiac, Ududiao, nor Ududuac.)

Ududuac: see Ududiaw, P. I.

Ufa: capital city, Bashkir A. S. S. R.; Soviet Union (Russia); Fr. Oufa; 54° 50′ N., 55° 55′ E.

Ugac: barrio, Iguig Municipality, Cagayan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ugar.)

Ugagik: Ugaguk: see Egegik.

Ugaiushak: island, south shore of Alaska Peninsula, north of Semidi Islands, lat. 56° 48′ N., long. 156° 52′ W., Alaska. (Not Ugaluschak.)

Ugalgal: Ugalgan: see Egg.

Ugaluschak: see Ugaiushak.

Ugamok: see Chirikof, island, Alaska.

Uganda: Br. protectorate, e. cen. Africa; 2° N., 35° E.

Uganik: island, about 14 miles long, on northwest side of Kodiak Island, center near lat. 57° 54′ N., long. 153° 24′ W., Alaska. Native name from Lisianski, 1805, who spells it Oohanick. Tebenkof, 1849, gives Uganik, which has often been transliterated Uganuk.

Uganik: passage, separating Uganik Island from Kodiak Island, and adjoining Viekoda Bay and Uganik Bay, lat. 57° 49′ N., long. 153° 20′ W., Alaska.

Uganuk: see Uganik, island, Alaska.

Ugar: see Ugac, P. I.

Ugashik: river, northwest coast of Alaska Peninsula, flowing into Ugashik Bay, Bristol Bay, at lat. 57° 24′ N., long. 157° 57′ W., Alaska. (Not Oogahik nor Sulima.)

Ugashik: village, on Ugashik River, northwest coast of Alaska Peninsula, near lat. 57° 34′ N., long. 157° 25′ W., Alaska. (Not Oogahik nor Sulima.)

Ugiajik: see Egegik.

Ugsif: see Ugsip, P. I.

Ugsip: barrio, Libacao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ogsip nor Ugsif.)

Ugsod: see Ugsud, P. I.

Ugsud: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Ugsod.)

Uhaoiole: stream, tributary to North Fork Wailua River from the north, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Uhau Iole.)

Uharie: mountains and river, Montgomery County, N. C. (Not Uwharie.)

Uhau Isle: see Uhaoiole.

Uhlen: see Ulen.

Uinta: mountains, northeastern Utah and southwestern Wyoming: reservation, river, and valley, Uintah County, Utah. (Not Uintah.)

Uintah: county, Utah, and village, Weber County, Utah.

Uintah: see Uinta.

Uiyabi: canyon, Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in secs. 4 and 5, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about 2 miles north of North Peak, and about the same distance northwest of Blood Canyon. Name appearing in early reports on exploration in the west, now applied to the main branch of Overland Canyon.

Ujiyamada: city, w. side Ise Bay, main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Udiyamada; 34° 28′ N., 136° 41′ E.

Újpest: pr. o͞oi-pĕsht; a n. suburb of Budapest, Hungary; Ger. Neu-Pest; 47° 34′ N., 19° 5′ E.

Ujut: see King, cove, Alaska.

Újvidék: see Novi Sad.

Ukak: river, southern shore of head of Naknek Lake (Iliuk Arm) in Katmai National Monument, near long. 155° 20′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Ikak.)

Ukiesa: see Black Point, pond, Mass.

Ukiesa: see Tisbury Great, pond, Mass.

Ukivok: see King, island, Alaska.

Ukpik: creek, northwestern Alaska, north side Noatak River valley, small tributary on east bank at source of Kugururok River, near lat. 68° 30′ N., long. 161° 15′ W. Eskimo name meaning "large willows," reported by the United States Geological Survey expedition, 1925.

Ukula: see Puola, T. H.

Ukumehame: land division, in Government ownership, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Ukumehame: stream, rising on southern slope of west Maui, flowing southwestward into sea, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H.

Ukwalla: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 1¼ miles north of Havasu Falls, Coconino County, Ariz. Name is that of an Indian family.

Ulak: island, about 1½ miles east of Great Sitkin Island, lat. 52° 04′ N., long. 175° 58′ W., Middle Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Ulakh.)

Ulamnay: see Ilamnay, P. I.

***Ulan Bator Khoto:** see Urga.

Ulango: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ylango.)

Ulatis: creek, flowing down Weldon Canyon, Solano County, Calif. (Not Ualtis.)

Ulcofauhachee: see Alcovy.

Uleåborg: see Oulu.

Ulen: township and village, Clay County, Minn. (Not Uhlen.)

Ulitka: bay, just east of Cape Ulitka, northwestern shore Noyes Island, southeastern Alaska.

Ulitka: cape, northwest angle of Noyes Island, southeastern Alaska. Russian meaning "Snail."

Ulloa: channel, extending from Bucareli Bay to Tlevak Strait, and includes Tlevak Narrows, center near lat. 55° 17′ N., long. 133° 15′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Ulloa: island, in Ulloa Channel, ½ mile eastward of Meares Island, and ¾ mile northwest of Turn Point, lat. 55° 16′.2 N., long. 133° 08′.6 W., southeastern Alaska.

Ulm: city, Württemberg, s. Germany; 48° 25′ N., 10° E.

Ulmsteads: point, south side of Magothy River, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Huddels, Huddle, Huddle's, Umfreys, nor Umphreys.)

Ulolingen: see Ululingen, P. I.

Ulongtubig: barrio, Carmona Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ulong Tubig nor Ulong-Tubig.)

Ulster: historical n. prov. of Ireland; since 1920 comprising Northern Ireland and a small part of the Irish Free State.

Ultramarine: glacier, foot near lat. 60° 27′ N., long. 148° 20′ W., Port Nellie Juan, Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Ulúa: pr. o͞o-lo͞o′ä; river, Honduras.

Ulugat: see East Chugach.

Ululingen: barrio, Villaviciosa Municipality, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ulolingen.)

Ulupalakua: settlement, near Makena, western slope of Haleakala Mountain, Maui, T. H.

Ulyanovsk: formerly Simbirsk, city on the middle Volga, European U. S. S. R. (Russia); 54° 15′ N., 48° 15′ E.

Umabay: point and sitio, Dimasalang Municipality, Masbate Island, Sorsogon Province, P. I. (Not Omabay.)

Umak: island, about 7 miles long, 3 miles wide, 9 miles northeastward of Adak Island, lat. 51° 52′ N., long. 176° 10′ W., Middle Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Oumnakh.)

Umalik: see Omilak.

Umauma: stream, formed by the junction of Wailua and Haunapueo Streams, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing northeastward into sea near Hakalau, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Umbazooksus: lake, Piscataquis County, Me., near lat. 46° 08′ N., long. 69° 23′ W. (Not Umbazooksis.)

Umbrella: falls, southern part of Hood River County, Oreg., near the source of the east fork of Hood River, 1½ miles above the crossing of the Mount Hood Loop Highway, approximately in sec. 3, unsurveyed T. 3 S., R. 9 E.

Umfreys: see Ulmsteads.

Umingan: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Umnak: island, large, about 70 miles long, 15 miles greatest width, extending in a northeast-southwest direction, center near lat. 53° 10′ N., long. 168° 20′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Oumnakh.)

Umphreys: see Ulmsteads.

Umpqua: river, Douglas County, Oreg. (Not Umpquah.)

Umptanum: see Umtanum.

Umpucan: barrio, San Ildefonso Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Umpukan.)

Umpukan: see Umpucan, P. I.

Umquemenkag: see Chiputneticook.

Umquemenkeag: see Spednik.

Um-ta-lah: see Humptulips.

***Umtanum:** creek and ridge, Kittitas and Yakima Counties, and village, Kittitas County, Wash. (Not Umptanum.)

Unaka: mountains, Unicoi and Carter counties, Tenn., and Avery and Mitchell counties, N. C., forming the common boundary line of North Carolina and Tennessee between the Nolichucky River, near lat. 36° 04′ 20″ N., long. 82° 24′ 30″ W., and the Doe River near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 82° 07′ 30″ W. Of 40 miscellaneous maps, dating from 1795–1930, 22 maps call this ridge, in whole or in part, Iron Mountains; others divide between Iron and Yellow, and 5 call them Unaka the entire distance. The southern boundary of the Unaka National Forest coincides with the summit of this ridge.

Unaka Mountain: see Unicoi.

Unakserak: river, tributary to the Alatna River, from the north, near lat. 67° 34′ N., long. 159° 19′ W., northwestern Alaska.

Unakwik: peak, northern coast Prince William Sound, between Unakwik Inlet and Port Wells, near lat. 61° 01′ N., long. 147° 49′ W., Alaska.

Unalakleet: river and village, eastern shore of Norton Sound; the village is situated at mouth of river, lat. 63° 52′.5 N., long. 161° 47′ W., western Alaska. (Not Unalaklit.)

Unalaska: bay, deep indentation in northern shore of Unalaska Island, center of bay near lat. 53° 56′ N., long. 166° 31′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Captains nor Ounalashka.)

Unalaska: island, large, one of the Eastern Aleutians, about 67 miles long, 30 miles greatest width, extending in a northeast-southwest direction, center near lat. 53° 38′ N., long. 166° 48′ W., Alaska. (Not Ounalashka.)

Unalaska: see Iliuliuk, Alaska.

Unalishagvak: cape, west shore Shelikof Strait, lat. 57° 32′.5 N., long. 155° 45′ W., Alaska Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Unalishogvak.)

Unami: creek, rising in Milford Township, Bucks County, and joining Ridge Valley Creek at Sumneytown, Marlborough Township, Montgomery County, Pa. (Not East Swamp nor Swamp.)

Unat: barrio, Ibajay Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Onat.)

Unatkuyuk: see Wosnesenski.

Uncanoonuc: mountains, Goffstown Town, Hillsboro County, N. H. (Not Uncanodnuck, Uncanoonuck, nor Unkonoonuc.)

Unca-pah-gre: see Uncompahgre.

Unchechewhaton: pond, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Unchechewalunk.)

***Uncle Jim:** point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 02′ W. (Not Natchi.) Named for Uncle Jim Owens, a pioneer settler in this vicinity.

Uncle Sam: gulch, T. 7 N., R. 5 W., west side Cataract Creek, Jefferson County, Mont. (Not Bear.)

Uncle Sam: see Konokti.

Uncompahgre: mountain, Hinsdale County; river, Delta, Montrose, and Ouray counties; and village, Montrose County, Colo. (Not Unca-pah-gre.)

Underground Passage of White River: see Whitewater Draw, Ariz.

Undine: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Lava Creek, near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 38′ W.

Undine: see Guilder, Mass.

Ungaria: see Hungary.

Ungarn: see Hungary.

Ungheria: see Hungary.

Unicoi: gap, White and Towns counties, Ga. (Not Unicoy.)

Unicoi: mountains, Monroe and Polk counties, Tenn., and Cherokee and Graham counties, N. C., forming in part the common boundary line of North Carolina and Tennessee between the Little Tennessee River near lat. 35° 27′ 45″ N., long. 83° 57′ W., and lat. 35° 13′ 30″ N., long. 84° 17′ 30″ W., thence southwest in Polk County, Tenn., to the Hiwassee River. One of the names in common use suggested by Horace Kephart, and approved by the Nomenclature Committees of the Great Smoky Mountains Park Commissions, of Tennessee and North Carolina. This name, which, like Unaka, is a corruption of "Unega," meaning "white," is used in the act of 1789, passed by the Assembly of North Carolina ceding what is now the State of Tennessee to the Federal Government: ". . . Where it is called Unicoy or Unaka Mountain between the Indian towns of Cowee and Old Chota."

Unicorn: massive summit with rock chimney at northern end, on Tatoosh Range, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis County, Wash.

Unicoy: see Unicoi.

Unimak: island, largest of the Eastern Aleutians, about 65 miles long, 22 miles wide, lying immediately west of end of Alaska Peninsula, center near lat. 54° 48′ N., long. 164° W., Alaska. (Not Ounimak.)

Unimak: pass, lying immediately southwest of Unimak Island, and between it and the Kreuitzan Group, lat. 54° 22′ N., long. 165° 03′ W., Alaska. (Not Ounimak.)

Union: artificial lake, in Union City, Branch County, Mich., to include that part of the St. Joseph River from the Arbogast Bridge westward to and including the Riley Dam. (Not Municipal Pond.) So named by the State Committee on Geographic Names, approved April 11, 1930.

Union: falls, on upper part of Mountain Ash Creek, at junction with a northern tributary, southwestern corner Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Union: mountain, lat. 48° 04′ N., long. 113° 17′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Union: see Keystone, bay, Alaska.

Union: see Unionville Center.

***Union Gap:** city and precinct, Yakima County, Wash. (Not Yakima City.)

Union of South Africa: Br. dominion, s. Africa.

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics: (translation of Soyuz Sovietskikh Sotsialisticheskikh Respublik), name of the country historically called Russia; the abbreviation U. S. S. R., or Soviet Union, is commonly used in English.

Uniontown: borough, Fayette County, Pa. (Not Union Boro.)

Uniontown: city, Union County, Ky. (Not Union Town.)

Unionville: see Parker, town, N. J.

Unionville Center: village, Union County, Ohio. (Not Union.)

Unisan: municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I.

Unitas: reef, west side entrance to Guayanilla Harbor, and northeast of Guayanilla Reef, P. R.

Unkar: creek, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north wall of canyon, rising near lat. 36° 09′ N., long. 111° 54′ W., flows southeast into Colorado River.

Unkety: brook, Middlesex County, Mass. (Not Unquetenassett.)

Unkonoonuc: see Uncanoonuc.

Unquetenassett: see Unkety.

Untsville: see Huntsville.

Uog: barrio, Inabanga Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Oug.)

Upatoi: creek, Chattahoochee, Marion, Muscogee, and Talbot counties, and precinct and village, Muscogee County, Ga. (Not Upatoie.)

Uphoon: see Apoon.

Upnuk: small lake, in the Tikchik group, Nushagak region, Alaska, north of Chikuminuk Lake, lat. 60° 18′ N., long. 159° 00′ W.

Upolu: extreme northern Point of Hawaii, T. H.

Up-pa: see Hupa.

Upper: passage, between Eleanor Island, of which Point Eleanor is the north end, and Ingot Island, center near lat. 60° 32′ N., long. 147° 37′ W., Alaska.

Upper Alloways Creek: see Alloway, township, N. J.

Upper Austria: see Oberösterreich.

Upper Canadian: see Canadian.

Upper Cedar: point, Potomac River. Charles County, Md. (Not Cedar.)

Upper Chippokes: creek, forming in part the boundaries of Prince George and Surry counties, Va., rising near lat. 37° 09′ 30″ N., long. 77° 06″ W., flowing north and northwest into James River. (Not Chipoak nor Upper Chipoakes.)

Upper Chipoakes: see Upper Chippokes.

Upper Crab: see Crab, creek, Wash.

Upper Dowry: creek, north side Pungo River, Beaufort County, N. C.

Upper Falls of the Yellowstone River: Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Yellowstone River, near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 30′ W.

Upper Funston: see Sky Parlor.

Upper Geyser: basin, Yellowstone National Park, between lat. 44° 28′ and 44° 29′ N., long. 110° 51′ W., (center) drained by Firehole River.

Upper Glacier: see Upper Scenic.

Upper Goose: pond, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Long.)

Upper Iowa: river, Iowa and Minn. (Not Oneota.)

Upper Kings Creek: meadow, Shasta County, Calif., in sec. 18, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

Upper Kintla: lake, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 10′ W.

Upper Klamath: lake, Klamath County, Oreg.

Upper Kohala: see Kohala (Upper). T. H.

Upper Little Swatara: creek, Schuylkill County, Pa., rises in Wayne Township, near lat. 40° 36′ N., long. 76° 13′ W., flows southwest to join Swatara Creek on northwest slope of Swatara Hill, northeast of town of Pine Grove. To obviate the confusion arising from the presence in the same vicinity of two Little Swatara creeks it has been decided to distinguish between them by means of adding the prefixes upper and lower to the names.

Upper Loop: see Dunloup.

Upper Mahantango: township, Schuylkill County, Pa. (Not Mahantongo.)

Upper Middle Ground: see Middle Ground.

Upper Priest: lake, Bonner County, Idaho, in T. 63 N., R. 4 W., Boise meridian, Kaniksu National Forest, north of Priest Lake.

Upper Priest: see Priest, river.

Upper St. Croix: lake, Douglas County, Wis. (Not St. Croix.)

Upper Scenic: lake, at head Surprise Creek near Scenic, King County, Wash. (Not Upper Glacier.)

Upper Tamarack: river, Douglas County, Wis., and Pine County, Minn., rises in T. 45 N., R. 14 W., flows southwest and empties into St. Croix River, in T. 41, R. 16. (Not Tamarack Creek nor Tamarack River.)

Upper Trout: see Trout, lake, Alaska.

Upper Two Medicine: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 28′ N., long. 113° 28′ W., traversed by Two Medicine Creek.

Upper Uwchlan: township, Chester County, Pa. (Not Upper Uwchland.)

Upper Whitefish: lake, on East Fork Whitefish Creek west of Diamond Peak, secs. 21 and 28, T. 34 N., R. 23 W., Flathead County, Mont.

Uppsala: city near Stockholm, e. Sweden; formerly Upsala; 59° 52′ N., 17° 40′ E.

Upsala: see Uppsala.

Upset: rapids, of Colorado River, in the Grand Canyon, 6 miles below Kanab Creek, Coconino and Mohave counties, Ariz. So named in reference to an experience of Geological Survey expedition, 1923.

Upshur: peak (Mount Upshur) altitude 6,701 feet, on Alaska-British Columbia boundary, near lat. 56° 08′ N. Named after Abel Parker Upshur 1790–1844, American statesman.

Uquiesa: see Black Point.

Ural: pr. o͞o-räl′; low mt. range, considered as boundary between Europe and Asia; river from mountains to Caspian Sea.

***Urbanna:** creek and town, Middlesex County, Va. (Not Urbana.)

Urbisiondo: see Urbiztondo, P. I.

Urbistondo: see Urbiztondo, P. I.

Urbiztondo: barrio, San Juan Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Urbisiondo nor Urbistondo.)

Urbiztondo: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Urdaneta: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Urfa: vilayet and town, Turkey; Fr. Ourfa; Gr. Edessa;† 37° 5′ N., 38° 42′ E. Not Orfa.

Urga or **Ulan Bator Khoto:** city, Outer Mongolia; Mongol. Örgö; locally now Ulan Bator Khoto; Chin. postal guide, Urga; Chin. Kulun; 48° 35′ N., 106° 50′ E. Not Ourga.

Urilia: bay, northern coast of Unimak Island, lat. 54° 53′ N., long. 164° 20′ W., Eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Shag nor Shaw.)

Urmia: salt lake, and former name of town thereon now called Rezaieh, n. w. Persia; Fr. Ourmiah; 37° 35′ N., 45° 5′ E. Not Urumiya.

Urmia (town): see Rezaieh.

Ursua: channel, southeastern Alaska, 2 miles wide, west and northwest of San Juan Bautista Island, joining Bucareli Bay and San Alberto Bay.

Ursus: cove, western side of Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 32′ N., long. 153° 41′ W., southwestern coast of Cook Inlet, Alaska. (Not Bear.)

Ursus Head: cliff, 300 feet high, northern side entrance to Ursus Cove, Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 33′ N., long. 153° 36′ W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Uruguay: pr. o͞o-ro͞o-gwī′ē; republic, S. America; river, s. Brazil and bdy. of Argentina with Brazil and Uruguay, to the Río de la Plata.

Urumiya: see Urmia.

Uşak (Ushak): town, Turkey; Turk. Uşak (pr. ushak); Fr. Ouchak; Ger. Uschak. Not Ushaq.

Uschak: see Uşak.

Ushak: see Uşak.

Ushaq: see Uşak.

Usher, Mount: see Shavano, peak, Colo.

Üsküb: see Skoplje.

Üsküdar (Scutari): Turkey in Asia, suburb of İstanbul (Constantinople), 41° 1′ N., 29° 2′ E. Not Skutari.

Usman: barrio, Malinao Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Osman.)

Usof: bay, indenting the southeastern shore of Unalaska, lat. 53° 29′ N., long. 166° 45′ W., eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Whalebone.)

U. S. S. R.: see Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

Ustay: river, southeastern Alaska, between Yakutat Bay and Alsek River, draining Rodman Glacier to the Pacific Ocean, near long. 138° 40′ W. (Not Akwe nor Tanis.)

Ustay: see Tanis, river, Alaska.

Ústí: city on Elbe river, n. Bohemia, Czechoslovakia; Ger. Auszig; 50° 40′ N., 14° 2′ E.

Ustia: point, western side of the entrance to Onion Bay, lat. 58° 02′.7 N., long. 153° 15′ W., Raspberry Island, Alaska. (Not Entrance.)

Usumacinta: pr. o͞o-so͞o-mä-sēn′tä; river bet. Guatemala and Mexico into Gulf of Mexico.

Utabi: barrio, bay, and river, Bulan Municipality, Sorsogon Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Otabi nor Otavi.)

Utah: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Idaho and Wyoming, on the east by Wyoming and Colorado, on the south by Arizona, and on the west by Nevada. Area, 84,990 square miles. (Pronounced, ū′-taw.)

Ute: see Black, mountains, Ariz.

Ute: see Paiute, peak, Colo.

Utica: city, in Oneida Co., New York, on the Mohawk River, near lat. 43° 06′ N., long. 75° 14′ W. Population in 1930, 102,633. (Pronounced, ū′-tĭ-ka.)

***Utkiavi:** United States Meteorological Station, lat. 71° 15′ N., long. 156° 15′ W., near Point Barrow, northern Alaska. (Not Ootkeavie.)

Utrecht: city, cen. Netherlands; 52° 5′ N., 5° 8′ E.

Utsayantha: mountain, Delaware County, and lake, Delaware and Schoharie counties, N. Y. (Not Utsayanthe, Utsayantho, Utsyantha, nor Utsyanthia.)

Utsunomiya: city, cen. of main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Utunomiya; 36° 35′ N., 139° 55′ E.

Utsyantha: see Utsayantha.

Utunomiya: see Utsunomiya.

Uwchlan: township, Chester County, Pa. (Not Lower Uwchlan nor Uwchland.)

Uwharie: see Uharie.

Uyugan: township, Batanes Province, Batan, P. I.

Uyut: see King, cove, Alaska.

Užice: pr. o͞o-zhēt-sĕ; town; Yugoslavia; Fr. Oujitse; 43° 52′ N., 19° 51′ E.

Uzinki: point, southwestern one of Spruce Island, lat. 57° 55′ N., long. 152° 31′ W., off northeast coast Kodiak Island, Alaska. (Not Elovoi nor Spruce.)

V

V: mountain, about 4 miles long, Archuleta County, Colo., principally in T. 34, R. 1 E., New Mexico meridian, San Juan National Forest.

V: peak, (V Rock), altitude 10,716 feet, Archuleta County, Colo., south end of V Mountain, sec. 1, T. 33 N., R. 1 E., near lat. 37° 07′ N., long. 106° 48′ W. Local name is descriptive of rock ledge visible for miles.

Vaasa (Vasa): seaport, w. Finland; Finn. Vaasa, formerly Nikolainkaupunki; Swed. Vasa, formerly Nikolaistad; 63° 8′ N., 21° 42′ E.

Vaca: mountains, boundary between Napa and Solano counties, Calif. (Not Blue.)

Vaca: peak (Mount Vaca), highest point, Vaca Mountains, opposite head of Gates Canyon, Solano County, Calif. (Not Blue Mountain.)

Vacas: see Wakas, P. I.

Vacchiou: gulch, secs. 23, 24, and 27, T. 7 N., R. 6 W., Jefferson County, Mont. (Not Sawmill.)

Vagner: lake, Albany County, Wyo., Medicine Bow National Forest, at headwaters of Medicine Bow River, in sec. 1, T. 16 N., R. 80 W. So named for Charles L. Vagner, who was a member of the old Carbon Timber Co., one of the first organizations to cut timber in this region.

Vail: railroad station, Warren County, N. J. (Not Vails.)

Vail Gate: see Vails Gate.

Vaill: island, southerly end Long Island of Casco Bay northeast of Peak Island, and about 4½ miles to eastward of Portland, Cumberland County, Me. (Not Marsh.)

***Vails Gate:** village, Orange County, N. Y. (Not Vailsgate nor Vail Gate.)

Valachie: see Walachia and Muntenia.

Valdez: body of water (Port Valdez), about 12 miles long, lying between Valdez Narrows and head of bay at Valdez, northeastern arm of Prince William Sound, Alaska.

***Valdez:** glacier, about 4 miles northeast of the head of Port Valdez, near lat. 61° 09′ N., long. 146° 10′ W., Alaska. (*Not Valdes.*)

Valdez: summit, Prince William Sound region, Alaska, the highest point on trail over Valdez Glacier, lat. 61° 20′ N., long. 146° 20′ W.

Valdez: town, at head of Port Valdez, lat. 61° 07′ N., long. 146° 16′ W., Alaska. (Not Valdes.)

Valdez Arm: body of water lying between Valdez Narrows and Point Freemantle and Busby Island, lat. 60° 58′ N., long. 146° 48′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not Port Valdez nor Valdez Bay.)

Valdez Narrows: narrow strait between Valdez Arm and Port Valdez, lat. 61° 04′.5 N., long. 146° 40′ W., Prince William Sound region, Alaska.

Valdivia: pr. väl-dē′vyä; prov. and river port near the coast, Chile; 39° 52′ S., 73° 14′ W.

Valence: see Valencia.

Valencia: city, Venezuela; 10° 10′ N., 68° 8′ W.

Valencia: municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol, P. I.

Valencia: pr. vä-lehn′sē-ä; province and seaport, e. Spain; Fr. Valence; 39° 30′ N., 0° 20′ W.

Valentine: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 114° 02′ W., in Carter Glaciers, flowing northeasterly into Waterton River.

Valentine: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 450 feet south of Constant Geyser, due west of Nuphar Lake, 950 feet, Norris Geyser Basin.

Valentionan: see Balentiouac, P. I.

Valentiouac: see Balentiouac, P. I.

Valete: see Balete, P. I.

Valetta: see Valletta.

Valhalla: see Walhalla.

Valladolid: barrio, Loboc Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Villadolid.)

Valladolid: city and prov., n. cen. Spain; 41° 35′ N., 4° 40′ W.

Valladolid: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Valle: pr. vä-lyeh; dept. and city Colombia; 3° 30′ N., 77° W.

Vallecitos: valley, lying at the northern base of main ridge of Diablo Range, northwest of New Idria, San Benito County, Calif.

Vallena: see Hardware.

Valle Seco: a small valley, Archuleta County, Colo., in secs. 5–8, T. 33 N., R. 1 W., New Mexico meridian, draining west to San Juan River, near lat. 37° 07′ N., long. 107° W., San Juan National Forest.

Valletta: capital city and port, Malta; Ital. La Valletta; 35° 55′ N., 14° 20′ E. Not Valetta.

Valley: see La Valle, creek, Mont.

Valley: see Mirey, brook, N. H.

Valley: see Tygart, river, W. Va.

Valley of Ten Thousand Smokes: see Ten Thousand Smokes.

Valona: see Vlorë.

Valparaiso: pr. väl-pä-rä-ē′so; seaport city, cen. Chile; 33° 2′ S., 71° 40′ W.

Van: vilayet, town, and lake, e. Turkey; Ger. Wan.

Vanada: landing, Ohio River, near Scuffletown, Henderson County, Ky. (Not Vannada's.)

Vanand: see Kars.

Van Buren: see Blackwell.

Vance: creek, Clear Creek County, Colo. (Not Little Bear.)

Vance: village, Sullivan County, Tenn. (Not Vance's Tank.)

Vancouver: seaport, s. Br. Columbia, Canada; opposite Vancouver island; 49° 15′ N., 123° 8′ W.

Vancouver: see Cottonwood, point, Clark County, Wash.

Vancouver: see Hayden, island, Oreg.

Vandalia: village, Lewis County, W. Va. (Not Austin.)

Vanderburg: see Vanderburgh.

Vanderburgh: county, southwestern tip of Indiana. Named in 1818 in honor of Judge Henry Vanderburgh, one of the territorial judges and early settlers of Indiana. (Not Vanderburg.)

Vanderpool: village, Highland County, Va. (Not Galltown.)

Vanderwhacker: creek, mountain, and pond, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Van de Whacker nor Vander Whacken.)

Vandeusen: see Van Deusenville.

Van Deusenville: village, Great Barrington Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Van Deusen nor Vandeusen.)

Van Deventer: island, Potomac River, Montgomery County, Md. (Not Gassaway, Gassaways, Van Devender, Van Devener, nor Vandevener.)

Van de Whacker: see Vanderwhacker.

Van Duzen: river, rising in T. 2 S., R. 7 E., Mount Diablo meridian, Trinity County, tributary to Eel River from east in T. 2 N., R. 1 W., Humboldt County, Calif. (Not Van Duzen Fork of Eel.)

Van Duzen Fork of Eel: see Van Duzen.

Vanduzer: railroad station, Ouachita County, Ark. (Not Van Duzer nor Vanduser.)

Vandyke: village, New Castle County, Del. (Not Van Dyke.)

***Vänern (Väner):** lake, s. w. Sweden; 59° N., 13° E. Not Vener, Wener.

Van Etten: town and village, Chemung County, N. Y. (Not Vanetten.)

Vangunhan: see Wangonhan, P. I.

Vanhorn: see Van Horne.

***Van Horne:** town, Benton County, Iowa. (Not Vanhorn.)

Vannatta: see Kenvil.

Van Sickle: island, junction of Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers, Calif. (Not Van Sickle's.)

Vansville: see Vaughnsville, Mich.

Van Trump: creek, heading in Van Trump Glacier, tributary to Nisqually River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Van Trump: glacier, discharging into Van Trump Creek, southern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Van Trump: park, below Van Trump Glacier, between Kautz and Nisqually Glaciers, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Van Wagenen: peak (Mount Van Wagenen), altitude 7,038 feet, Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary, 5 miles northwest of Chilkoot Pass, near long. 135° 22′ W. Named after James H. Van Wagenen, United States Section, International Boundary Commission.

Van Wies: point, Hudson River, 3 miles below Albany, N. Y. (Not Van Wies's.)

Vaquero Mesa: see Horse, mesa, Ariz.

Varese: pr. vä-rā-zā; prov. and city, n. Italy, near Milano; 45° 49′ N., 8° 50′ E.

Varna: chief seaport of Bulgaria, on Black Sea; 43° 13′ N., 27° 55′ E.

Varsovie: see Warszawa.

Vasa: see Vaasa.

Vasilief: shoal, Chiniak Bay, Kodiak Island, lying between the south ends of Long and Woody Islands, lat. 57° 45′ N., long. 152° 20′ W., Alaska.

Vasilief: see Corwin, cape, Alaska.

Vasilief: see Williams, reef, Alaska.

Vatican City: independent ecclesiastical state, within city of Rome, Italy; Ital. Città Vaticano.

***Vättern (Vätter):** lake, s. Sweden; 58° 10′ N., 14° 30′ E. Not Vetter, Wetter.

Vaughn: hill, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Vaughen.)

Vaughnsville: small hamlet, Keweenaw County, Mich., about halfway between Phoenix post office and Clifton, in NW. ¼ sec. 31, T. 58 N., R. 31 W. (Not Vansville.) Named for Joel Vaughn, who, when the Cliff Mine was in its heyday, platted about a dozen lots abutting the highway.

Vaught: mount (Mount Vaught), altitude 8,840 feet, Glacier NationalPark, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48°41′ N., long. 113° 52′ W.

Vault: thermal spring, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., close by the Giantess Geyser on same low mound, near south end of Upper Geyser Basin.

Vega, La: see La Vega.

Veglia: see Krk.

Velasquez: rock, near Boqueron, Boqueron Bay, P. R.

Venable: creek, Fluvanna County, Va. (Not Venobles.)

Venado: island, Panama Bay. (Not Venada.)

Venado: peak, altitude 12,800 feet, Sangre de Cristo Range, Taos County, N. Mex.

Venado: village, southern coast Canal Zone.

Venado: see Sampson.

Venäjä: see Russia.

Venedig: see Venezia.

Venemaa: see Russia.

Vener: see Vänern.

Venern: see Wenner.

***Venezia (Venice):** gulf, prov., and city, n. Italy; Fr. Venise; Ger. Venedig; 45° 27′ N., 12° 20′ E.

Venezuela: pr. veh-neh-sweh'lä; rep. S. America; Fr. Vénézuéla; Ger., Ital., and Sp. Venezuela.

Venice: see Venezia.

Venisa: point, southeastern Alaska, at end of peninsula between Dixon Harbor and Torch Bay and about 7½ miles northwest of Cape Spencer, near lat. 58° 18′ N., long. 136° 49′ W. The Russian word for garnet. So named from the rocky face which is studded with small stones resembling garnets.

Venise: see Venezia.

Venita: see Vinita.

Venobles: see Venable.

Ventana: mesa, 10 miles southwest of Chinle, Apache County, Ariz.

Ventura: city, Ventura County, Calif. (Not San Buenaventura.)

Venturanza: barrio, Banga Municipality, Capiz Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Yenturanza.)

Venus Needle: erosion column, Todilto Park, McKinley County, N. Mex.

Venus Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 111° 53′ W.

Veracruz: pr. veh-rä-crōōs′; state and seaport city, e. Mexico; 19° 10′ N., 96° 10′ W.

Verbano: see Maggiore.

Verde, Cape: ext. w. Africa, 14° 40′ N., 17° 30′ W.; and Port. islands west thereof; Fr. Cap Vert; Port. Cabo Verde.

Verde: see Clemenceau, post office, Ariz.

Verdery: village, Greenwood County, S. C. (Not Verdrey.)

Verdigre: township and village, Knox County, Nebr. (Not Verdigris.)

Verdry: see Verdery.

Verdun: creek, tributary from north to North Fork Bull River, in sec. 30, T. 29 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Verdure: creek, east of South Mountain, flowing east into Montezuma Creek, San Juan County, Utah.

Verdure: village, on Verdure Creek, due south of Monticello, San Juan County, Utah.

Verino Rostro: see Divino Rostro, P. I.

Verkhoyansk: low mt. range, and gold mining town, Yakutsk A. S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia, Asiatic); Asia; Ger. Werchojansk; 67° 10′ N., 134° E.

Vermilion: bay, parish, and river, Louisiana; lighthouse, river, and town, Erie County, Ohio; village, Edgar County, Ill. (Not Vermillion.)

Vermilion: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 35′ N., long. 110° 19′ W.

Vermilion: see Vermillion.

***Vermillion:** city and township, Clay County, S. Dak.; and river and its branches in the southeastern corner of that State. (Not Vermilion.) Revised spelling agrees with that found in the act incorporating the city and also accords with local usage.

***Vermillion:** county, Indiana. Legislative act creating county uses two l's instead of one.

Vermillion: see Vermilion.

Vermillion: see Little Vermillion, lake, Minn.-Ont.

Vermont: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by New Hampshire, on the south by Massachusetts, and on the west by New York. Area, 9,564 square miles. (Pronounced, ver-mônt′.)

Vernoleninsk: formerly Nikolaev; seaport, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); 46° 58′ N., 32° E.

Vernon: lake, Boise County, Idaho, at head of South Fork, Payette River.

Vernon: see Kokosing.

Verona: prov. and city, lower Po valley, n. Italy; 45° 27′ N., 11° E.

Verplanck: point, Hudson River, Westchester County, N. Y. (Not Verplanck's.)

Versailles: pr. vĕr-sä′y′; a w. suburb of Paris, France; 48° 48′ N., 2° 8′ E.

Verstovia: mountain, altitude 3,216 feet, about 3 miles eastward of Sitka, lat. 57° 03′.6 N., long. 135° 15′ W., Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Verstova nor Verstovaia.)

Vert: island, about ¼ mile south of Scott Island, entrance Iniskin Bay, northern shore Kamishak Bay, lat. 59° 37′.7 N., long. 153° 26′.8 W., southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Vertice de Luis-Pena: see Frondoso.

Vessup: bay or inlet, 260 yards wide, 880 yards long, inner portion of Redhook Bay above Jack Rock, near east end of St. Thomas Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Binnewater, Langbay, Fessup's Bight, nor Redhook.)

Vesta: bay, on west side of Tlevak Strait, near its junction with Kaigani Strait, lat. 54° 56′ N., long. 132° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Vesta: point, southeastern Alaska, east side of Dall Island and north side entrance to Vesta Bay, near lat. 54° 56′ 5″ N., long. 132° 54′ W. Named after triangulation station on point.

Vesta Temple: peak, on west side of Boucher Creek, near Mimbreno Point, Grand Canyon of the Colorado, Coconino County, Ariz.

Vesuvio (Vesuvius): volcano near Napoli, s. Italy; 40° 49′ N., 14° 26′ E.

Vesuvius: see Vesuvio.

Vesuvius: see Salubrious, point, N. Y.

Veta: bay, near lat. 55° 21′, western shore Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Veta: point, near lat. 55° 22′, long. 133° 39′, northern side Veta Bay, western shore Baker Island, southeastern Alaska.

Veta: see La Veta, peak, Colo.

Vetter: see Vättern.

Vetun: see Biton, P. I.

Viatka: see Vyatka.

Viborg: see Viipuri.

Vical: see Bikal, P. I.

Vicente: point (Point Vicente), southwest coast of California, Los Angeles County, 8 miles west of San Pedro, near lat. 33° 44′ N. (Not Vincent nor Vincente.) Named Point Vincente by Captain Vancouver in November, 1793, after Friar Vincente Sta. Maria of the Mission Buenaventura.

Vicenza: pr. vē-chĕnt′sä; prov. and city, n. Italy, near Venezia; 45° 30′ N., 11° 32′ E.

Vicory: see Victor, creek, Alaska.

Victor: creek, tributary to Kenai Lake, from the east, lat. 60° 21′.5 N., long. 149° 21′ W., Kenai Peninsula Alaska. (Not Vicory nor Victory.)

Victor: township, Osborne County, Kans. (Not Victory.)

Victoria: official name of the capital city of the colony of Hong Kong, q. v.

Victoria: pr. vēc-tō′rē-ä; city, Brazil, capital, state of Espirito Santo; 20° 18′ S., 40° 18′ W.

Victoria: municipality, Tarlac Province, Luzon, P. I.

Victoria: seaport, capital of British Columbia, Canada, s. Vancouver island; 48° 27′ N., 123° 25′ W.

Victoria: pr. vēc-tō′rē-ä; city, state of Pernambuco, e. Brazil, near Recife; 8° 9′ S., 35° 23′ W.

Victoria: state, s. e. Australia.

Victoria, Lake, or Victoria Nyanza: (nyanza=lake); large lake, e. cen. Africa; 4° S., 33° E. Not Lake Victoria Nyanza.

Victoria Nyanza: see Victoria, Lake.

Victorias: municipality, Occidental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Victory: see Victor, creek, Alaska.

Victory: village, Saratoga County, N. Y. (Not Victory Mills.)

Victory Mills: see Victory.

***Vidae:** cliff, Klamath County, Oregon, in Crater Lake National Park, about 1¼ miles south of lake, near lat. 42° 53′ N., long. 122° 06′ W. Vidae Cliff is about 1 mile south of Applegate Peak, with which it was confused in prior decision of the board.

Vídeň: see Wien.

Vidette: lakes, Tulare County, Calif., a small group on Vidette Creek, between the "Videttes," west slope Sierra Nevada, near lat. 36° 44′ N., long. 118° 25′ W.

Viekoda: bay, northeastern side of Uganik Island, between it and Kodiak Island, lat. 57° 55′ N., long. 153° 16′ W., Alaska. (Not Outlet.)

Vienna: see Wien.

Viento: point, small peninsula between Caldera Basin and Playa Manzanilla Culebra Island, P. R.

Vieques: island, off eastern end of Puerto Rico. (Not Biequi, Crab, nor Viequez.)

Vierwaldstättersee: see Lucerne.

View Point: peak, prominent headland north edge Lukachukai Mountains, Navajo Indian Reservation, Apache County, Ariz.

Viga: barrio, Antequera Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Biga.)

Viga: municipality, Albay Province (subprovince Catanduanes), Catanduanes, P. I.

Viga: see Biga, P. I.

Vigaa: see Bigaa, P. I.

Vigaan: see Bigaan, P. I.

Vigan: municipality, Provincial Capital, Ilocos Sur Province, Luzon, P. I.

Vigil: peak, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 25′ N., long. 113° 29′ W.

Vigo: pr. vē′go; seaport, Pontevedra prov., n. w. Spain; 42° 12′ N., 8° 43′ W.

Viipuri (Viborg): seaport, s. e. Finland; Swed. Viborg; 60° 40′ N., 28° 45′ E.

Villaba: municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte, P. I.

Villacomillas: barrio, Gamu Municipality, Isabela Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Comillas.)

Villadolid: see Valladolid, P. I.

Villaesperanza: barrio, Alabat Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Esperanza.)

Villaespina: barrio, Lopez Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Espina.)

Villaflores: barrio, Cuyapo Municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa-Flores nor Villa Flores.)

Villafrancia: barrio, Quezon Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Francia.)

Village: see Cabin, point, Alaska.

Villagomez: barrio, Quezon Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Gomez.)

Villahermosa: barrio, Lopez Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon: and barrio, Tarangnan Municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I. (Not Villa Hermosa.)

Villajesus: barrio, Alabat Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Jesus.)

Villaluenga: point of a small island, just off the mainland, southeastern Alaska, about 1 mile westerly of Cape Spencer, near lat. 58° 13′ N., long. 136° 41′ W. Believed to be the point seen and named by de Mofras in 1841–42.

Villamanzano: barrio, Alabat Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Manzano.)

Villamonte: barrio, Lopez Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Monte.)

Villareal: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Villarosa: barrio, Licab Municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Rosa nor Villarrosa.)

Villarrica: pr. vēl-yä-rrē′kä; dept. and city, Paraguay.

Villasis: municipality, Pangasinan Province, Luzon, P. I.

Villaviciosa: township, Abra Province, Luzon, P. I.

Villavictoria: barrios, in Alabat and Gumaca Municipalities, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Villa Victoria.)

Villeurbanne: a suburb of Lyon, s. e. cen. France; 45° 46′ N., 4° 53′ E.

Vilna: see Wilno.

Vilnius: see Wilno.

Vimy: ridge, secs. 28, 29, and 33, T. 29 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Viña del Mar: pr. vē′nyä dehl mär′; city, suburb of Valparaíso, Chile; 33° 2′ S., 71° 40′ W.

Vinalhaven: town and village, Knox County, Me. (Not Vinal Haven.)

Vincennes: see Curecanti.

Vincent: point, at southeast extremity of Klokachef Island, southeastern Alaska, at west side of south entrance to Leo Anchorage, lat. 57° 24.3′ N., long. 135° 51.9′ W.

Vincent: reef, extending three-eighths of a mile SSE. from the southeastern extremity of Klokachef Island, southeastern Alaska, lat. 57° 24′ N., long. 135° 52′ W.

Vincent: see Klokachef.

Vincent: Vincente: see Vicente, point, Calif.

Vine: village, Ottawa County, Kans. (Not Vine Creek.)

Vine: see Wine.

Vine Creek: see Vine.

Vine Island: see Wine Island.

Vineland: see Vinland.

Vineyard: sound, in southeastern part of Massachusetts, separating Martha's Vineyard from Elizabeth Islands and the mainland, and extending eastward to the line joining Succonnesset Point and East Chop.

Vining: see Leevining.

Vinita: township, Kingman County, Kans. (Not Venita.)

Vinland: town, Winnebago County, Wis. (Not Vineland.)

Vintar: municipality, Ilocos Norte Province, Luzon, P. I.

Viola: railroad station, Sedgwick County, Kans. (Not Peotone.)

Viola: see Swansea, village, Ala.

Violet: thermal springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 40′ N., long. 110° 35′ W.

Violet Point: headland, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on north rim of canyon at south end of Rainbow Plateau, near lat. 36° 18′ N., long. 112° 19′ W.

Virac: municipality, Albay Province (subprovince Catanduanes), Catanduanes, P. I.

Virgin: canyon, mountains, and valley, southeastern Nevada, and river, Arizona, Nevada, and Utah. (Not Virgen.)

Virgin: pr. ver′jin; islands, near Leeward Islands, divided between Great Britain and the United States.

Virgin: point, southwestern extremity Savana Island, Virgin Islands.

Virginia: cascade, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Gibbon River, near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 39′ W. Named by E. Lamertine, 1886, foreman of Government work, for the wife of the president of the Yellowstone Park Association.

Virginia: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 37′ N., long. 113° 39′ W., on north slope of Mount Logan, flowing north into St. Mary Lake.

Virginia: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 40′ N., long. 113° 37′ W., on Virginia Creek.

Virginia: lake, into which Porterfield Creek empties; on the mainland one mile eastward of Eastern Passage and tributary thereto through Mills Creek; lat. 56° 28′.2 N., long. 132° 09′.6 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Lake Virginia.)

Virginia: peak, Front Range, Jefferson County, Colo. (Not Craigs.)

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Virginia: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by West Virginia, Maryland, and the District of Columbia, on the east by Maryland, the District of Columbia, and the Atlantic Ocean, on the south by North Carolina and Tennessee, and on the west by Kentucky and West Virginia. Area, 42,627 square miles. (Pronounced ver-jin'i-a.)

Virginia City: town, Madison County, Mont. (Not Virginia.)

Virgin Mary, The: see Our Lady of Arizona.

Vironmaa: see Estonia.

Virsylvia: peak, altitude 12,455 feet, north of Venado Peak, Sangre de Cristo Range, Taos County, N. Mex.

Visayan: sea, bounded by Masbate, Leyte, northern Cebu, Negros, and northeastern Panay, P. I.

Vishnu Temple: peak, altitude 7,537 feet, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 111° 56′ W.

Vision: wooded high point (Mount Vision), altitude 1,277 feet, immediately to the southwest and overlooking Inverness, Inverness Ridge, Point Reyes Peninsula, Calif.

Visitation: point and valley, San Mateo County, Calif. (Not Visitacion.)

Vista: ridge, along eastern boundary Eden Park, northwest slope Mount Hood, Hood River County, Oreg.

Vista Encantada: a point on the west rim of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, east edge Greenland Plateau, west of Marble Canyon, near lat. 36° 14′ N., Coconino County, Ariz.

Vistaogan: see Bitaogan, P. I.

Vistula: river, Poland and Danzig, to the Baltic; Fr. Vistule; Ger. Weichsel; Pol. Wisła, pr. vēs'wa; Russ. Visla.†

Vitaogan: see Bitaogan, P. I.

Vitaugan: see Bitaogan, P. I.

Vitebsk: pr. vē'tĕbsk; city, White Russian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); Ger. Witebsk; 55° 15′ N., 30° 15′ E.

Vito: see Bito, P. I.

Vitun: see Biton, P. I.

Vixen: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., about 700 feet southwest of Monarch Geyser near south end of Norris Geyser Basin.

Vizagapatam: seaport, Madras, India; 17° 50′ N., 83° 20′ E.

Vladikavkaz: see Ordzhonikidze.

Vladivostok: pr. vlă-di-vŏs-tôk′; seaport, e. terminus of Trans-Siberian R. R., Far Eastern Krai, U. S. S. R. (Russia, Asiatic); 43° 5′ N., 131° 50′ E.

Vlamans Kil: Vlauman Kill: see Vloman.

Vloman: kill, in Bethlehem Town, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Vlamans Kil nor Vlauman Kill.)

Vlonë: see Vlorë.

Vlorë (Valona): seaport, s. Albania; Alb. Vlorë or Vlonë; Ital. Valona; Gr. Avlon;† Turk. Avloniya;† 40° 27′ N., 19° 30′ E.

Vocal: see Bukal, P. I.

Vodnany: village, Bon Homme County S. Dak. (Not Vodney.)

Vodney: see Vodnany.

Vogt: creek, T. 33 N., R. 20 W., tributary to Big Creek from south, Flathead County, Mont.

Volcan: barrio, Talisay Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Volcan Island nor Ysla de Volcan.)

Volcan: mountains, San Diego County, Calif. (Not Balcan nor Bolcan.)

Volcan Island: see Volcan, P. I.

Volcano: falls, Tulare County, Calif., on Golden Trout Creek, T. 18 S., R. 33 E. (Not Volcanic.)

Volcano: see Golden Trout, creek, Calif.

Volcano: see Groundhog, meadows, Calif.

Volcano House: hotel on brink of Kilauea Crater, Hawaii; elevation, 3,971 feet. T. H.

Volga: river, U. S. S. R. (Russia), to Caspian Sea; Ger. Wolga.

Volo: see Volos.

Vologda: city, U. S. S. R. (Russia); Ger. Wologda; 59° 20′ N., 39° 40′ E.

Volos: city and gulf, e. Greece; 39° 25′ N., 23° E. Not Bolos, Volo.

Voorheesville: railroad station, Albany County, N. Y. (Not Farlin.)

Vorarlberg: pr. for'ärl-berkh; province, w. Austria.

Voronezh: city on upper Don, U. S. S. R. (Russia); Ger. Woronesh; 51° 40′ N., 39° E.

Vorota: island, 800 yards long, forming western shore of "The Gate" passage between Khaz Bay and Klag Bay, southeastern Alaska.

Vosges, pr. vōzh; mt. range and dept., n. e. France.

Vossnesensky: Vozoychenski: see Wosnesenski.)

Vostochni: see Orient, point, Alaska.

Vsevidof: volcano, altitude 7,236 feet, Umnak Island, Eastern Aleutians, lat. 53° 04′ N., long. 168° 32′ W., Alaska. (Not Vseridoff.)

V. T. Park: see De Motte Park.

Vukpalik: creek, small tributary of the Upper Nushagak River from the northwest, Alaska, 27 miles air line north of Kalignak Village, lat. 60° 10′ N., long. 157° 00′ W. This is reported as the native name.

Vulcans Castle: a ruddy volcanic plug, Shasta County, Calif., about 1½ miles southwest of Lassen Peak, in sec. 10, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

Vulture: glacier, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 114° 01′ W., on south slope of Vulture Peak.

Vulture: peak, altitude 9,611 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 114° 01′ W.

Vyatka: pr. vyät'kä; city, U. S. S. R. (Russia); Ger. Wjatka; 58° 38′ N., 49° 42′ E. Not Viatka.

W

Waackaack: beacon and creek, New York Lower Bay, Monmouth County N. J. (Not Waycake.)

Waal: that part of the Rhine river in the Netherlands.

Wābang: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., in secs. 30 and 31, T. 67 N., R. 13 W., Superior National Forest. (Not Wabun.) Chippewa Indian word said to mean "to-morrow."

Wabash: river, chiefly in Indiana but forming part of the Indiana-Illinois boundary line, rising in Darke Co., Ohio, near lat. 40° 20′ N., long. 84° 35′ W., and flowing thence northwesterly enters Indiana near lat. 40° 34′ N., thence northwest and southwest across Indiana, entering the Ohio River at the S. W. corner of the state. (Pronounced, wah'-bäsh.)

Wabash: see Marys River.

Wabespinicon: see Wapsipinicon.

Wabun: see Wābang.

Wacas: see Wakas, P. I.

Waccamaw: river, Georgetown County, S. C. (Not Waucimaw.)

Wachocastinook: creek, Salisbury Town, Litchfield County, Conn. (*Not Mount Riga nor Washinee.*)

Wade: peak (Mount Wade), altitude 7,960 feet, lat. 59° 48′ 27″ N., long. 138° 40′ 03″ W., international boundary, Alaska and British Columbia. Named after F. C. Wade, agent general for British Columbia at London and junior counsel before the Alaska Boundary Tribunal.

Wade: point, Albemarle Sound, Pasquotank County, N. C. (Not Wade's.)

Wade Hampton: post light, Mississippi River, Ascension Parish, La. (Not Wade Hampton's.)

Wades: point, Eastern Bay, Talbot County, Md. (Not Wade.)

Wade's: see Bald, mountain, Calif.

Wade's: see Wade, point, N. C.

Wadleigh: rock, awash, lying ½ mile east of Alberto Island, lat. 55° 31′.6 N., long. 133° 10′.5 W., San Alberto Bay, southeastern Alaska.

Wadmalaw: island, point, river, sound, and township, Charleston County, S. C., near lat. 32° 40′ N., long 80° 10′ W. (Not Wadmelaw.)

Wadzis: see Biorka, island, Alaska.

Wagosh: lake, St. Louis County, Minn., Superior National Forest, in sec. 1, T. 65 N., R. 12 W., near lat. 48° 08′ N., long. 91° 49′ W., one of a chain comprising the Gun Lake route.

Wahanna: see Neawanna.

Wahatoya: see Guajatoyan.

Wahb: springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 50′ N., long. 110° 07′ W., about 2 miles above the mouth, on bank of Cache Creek.

Wahclella: natural park, near base Beacon Rock, north side Columbia River, Skamania County, Wash.

Wahhi: falls, on Ferris Fork, Bechler River, the fifth above Three River Junction, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.

Wahiawa: land division, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Wahiawa: land division, partly in Government ownership, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Wahiawa: reservoir ditch, diverting water from North and South Forks of Kaukonahua Stream, below Wahiawa Dam, Oahu, T. H.

Wahiawa: reservoir, on Kaukonahua Stream, central Oahu, T. H.

Wahiawa: stream, rising on western slope of main divide, flowing southwestward into sea, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Wahiawa: village, on plateau in pineapple district near center of Oahu; reached by branch line of Oahu Railway from Waipahu, T. H.

Wahikuli: gulch, heading on western slope of west Maui, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H. Flood waters flow westward into sea.

Wahikuli: land division, in Government ownership, Lahaina District, Maui, T. H. (Not Wahiuli.)

Wahiuli: see Wahikuli, T. H.

Wahkeena: falls, near Bridal Veil, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Gordon.)

Wahlamath: see Willamette.

Wahoo: creek, Ts. 43 and 44 N., R. 9 E., between Indian and Midget Creeks, tributary to St. Joe River from east, Shoshone County, Idaho.

Wahoo: see Oahu, island, T. H.

Wahpugaissee: see Wapogasset.

Wahsatch: see Wasatch Range.

Wahyah: see Cartoogechaye.

Waiaaka: stream, rising on eastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Waiaama: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea north of Kawainui Stream, Hawaii, T. H.

Waiahi: stream, tributary to South Fork Wailua River, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Waiahole: ditch, proposed for bringing water from the windward side of Oahu through the main Koolau Range north of Pearl Harbor; approximate length, 15 miles, T. H. (Not Oahu-Koolau.)

Waiahole: land division, partly in Government ownership, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waiahole: stream, rising in central Koolau Mountains, flowing southeastward into Kaneohe Bay, receiving Waianu Stream from the north, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waiahole: village, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waiahulu: stream (from Halemanu Stream to Koaie Stream), near lat. 22° 06′ N., long. 159° 40′ W., northwestern part of Kauai, T. H.

Waiakaa: see Waiakoa, T. H.

Waiakalua: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Waiakamoi: stream, rising on northern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H. (Not Waikamoi.)

Waiakea: land division, in Government ownership, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waiakea: village, suburb of Hilo, on Hilo Bay, Hawaii, T. H.

Waiakoa: land division, in Government ownership, Makawao and Wailuku Districts, Maui, T. H. (Not Waiakaa.)

Waiakoa: post office, in Kula Section, west Maui, T. H.

Waiakoali: stream, tributary to Kawaikoi Stream from the east, upper Waimea Basin, Kauai, T. H.

Waialae: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Waialae: stream in Central Waimea Basin, Kauai; rising on western slope of Waialeale, flowing westward and southwestward to Waimea River, with a fall of about 2,500 feet within a short distance from its mouth. T. H.

Waialeale: peak, elevation, 5,080 feet, in central mountain mass of Kauai, T. H.

Waialee: land division, in Government ownership, Koolauloa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waialua: bay, at mouth of Anahula Stream, northwest Oahu, T. H.

Waialua: district, in city and county of Honolulu; political subdivision in north-central Oahu, T. H.

Waialua: land division, southeastern Molokai, T. H.

Waialua: village, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Waianae: district, in city and county of Honolulu; political subdivision in southwestern Oahu, T. H.

Waianae: land division, partly in Government ownership, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Waianae: stream, rising on south slope of Kaala Peak, Waianae Range, flowing southwestward through Waianae Valley into sea, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Waianae: village, at mouth of Waianae Valley, Waianae District, Oahu, T. H.

Waianae Uka: land division, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H. (Not Waianae Uku.)

Waianu: stream, rising in central Koolau Mountains, flowing southeastward, entering Waiahole Stream from the north Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waiau: lake, elevation 13,041 feet, near summit of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, T. H.

Waiau: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waiawa: ditch, diverting freshet water from Waiawa Stream, Oahu, T. H.

Waiawa: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waiawa: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward through Waiawa Gulch into Middle Loch of Pearl Harbor, receiving Manana Stream from the east, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waid: see Henry Magee, brook, Pa.

Waids: see Waud.

Waiea: land division, partly in Government ownership, South Kona District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waiehu: land division, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Waiehu: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea north of Honohina, Hawaii, T. H.

Waiehu: stream, consisting of two branches, North and South Waiehu streams, rising on eastern slope of west Maui, and flowing eastward into sea, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Waiele: see Waieli, locality, T. H.

Waieli: locality, near lat. 22° 01′ N., western coast of Kauai, T. H. (Not Kawaiele, Kawaieli, nor Waiele.)

Waieli: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Haleakala, flowing southeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Waieli: stream, tributary to Waikakalaua Stream from the west, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waihee: canal, diverting water from south side of Waihee Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Waihee: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waihee: land division, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Waihee: river, rising on northeastern slope of west Maui near the summit, flowing northeastward through a deep picturesque canyon into sea, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Waihee: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing eastward into Kaneohe Bay, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waihee: village, near mouth of Waihee Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Waikakalaua: ditch, diverting water from south side of Waikakalaua Stream, Oahu, T. H.

Waikakalaua: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southward, joining Kipapa Stream from the west to form Waipahu Stream, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waikamoi: see Waiakamoi, T. H.

Waikane: land division, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waikane: stream, rising in central Koolau Mountains, flowing southeastward into Kaneohe Bay, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waikane: village, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waikapu: land division, in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waikapu: land division, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Waikapu: stream, rising on eastern slope of west Maui, and flowing eastward and southward, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Waikapu: village, a few miles south of Wailuku, Maui, T. H.

Waikapu, South Side Ditch: diversion from south side of Waikapu Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Waikaumalo: land division, North Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waikaumalo: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea north of Honohina, Hawaii, T. H.

Waikele: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waikiki: beach and bathing section of Honolulu City, Oahu, T. H.

Waikoekoe: land division, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waikoko: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Waikola: see Waikolu, T. H.

Waikoloa: land division, South Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waikolu: land division, in Government ownership, northern Molokai, T. H.

Waikolu: stream, lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering the sea north of Waikaumalo Stream, Hawaii, T. H. (Not Waikola.)

Waikolu: stream, flowing northwestward into sea through Waikolu Gulch and Valley, northern Molokai, T. H.

Wailau: land division, in Government ownership, northwestern Molokai, T. H.

Wailau: peak, elevation, 4,547 feet, at head of Wailau Gulch, Molokai, T. H.

Wailau: stream, rising at 4,900 feet elevation, flowing northeastward and northward into sea through Wailau Gulch, northeastern Molokai, T. H.

Wailua: land division, in Government ownership, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Wailua: stream, formed by junction of North and South Forks of Wailua River, flowing eastward into sea, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Wailua: stream, tributary to Umauma Stream on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, T. H.

Wailua, North Fork: stream, rising on eastern slope of Waialeale, flowing eastward to junction with South Fork to form main stream, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Wailua, South Fork: stream, rising on southeastern slope of Kawaikini Peak, flowing eastward to junction with North Fork to form main stream, Lihue District, Kauai, T. H.

Wailuaiki: stream, rising on the northeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea near Wailua, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Wailuanui: stream, rising on northeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, east of Keanae Valley, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Wailuku: district Maui County, political subdivision in windward west Maui, T. H.

Wailuku: land division, Wailuku District, Maui, T. H.

Wailuku: river, rising high up on southeastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing eastward into Hilo Bay, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Wailuku: town, about 3 miles west of Kahului Harbor, east Maui; county seat of Maui County, T. H.

Wailupe: land division, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Waima: stream, rising on northern slope of Kohala Mountains, entering Waipio River from the west Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waimalu: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimalu: stream, rising in Koolau Mountains, flowing southwestward through Waimalu Gulch into East Loch of Pearl Harbor, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimanalo: bay, on southeast coast of Oahu, T. H.

Waimanalo: ditch diverting water from various tributaries of Kailua Stream, Oahu, T. H.

Waimanalo: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimanalo: land division, in Government ownership, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimanalo: stream, rising in southern Koolau Mountains, flowing northeastward into Waimanalo Bay, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimanalo: village, Koolaupoko District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimano: land division, in Government ownership, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimanu: land division, in Government ownership, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waimanu: stream, heading in Waimanu Gulch north of Waipio River, flowing northward into sea, through Waimanu Valley, Hamankua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waimea: bay, at mouth of Waimea River, southwest Kauai, T. H.

Waimea: bay, at mouth of Waimea Stream, northwest Oahu, T. H.

Waimea: canyon, 2,000 to 3,000 feet deep, ½ to 1½ miles wide, about 10 miles long, called "Miniature Grand Canyon," Kauai, T. H.

Waimea: district, Kauai County, political subdivision in southwestern Kauai, T. H.

Waimea: ditch, diverting water from Waimea River, about 4 miles above its mouth, Kaui, T. H.

Waimea: ditch, diverting water from the west side of Waimea River for cane, irrigation, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Waimea: land division, in Government ownership, comprising about one-fifth of total area of island, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Waimea: land division, South Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waimea: land division, in Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimea: river, in Waimeal and division, formed by junction of Waiahula and Poomau streams, Kauai, T. H.

Waimea: stream, rising in northern Koolau Mountains, flowing northwestward into Waimea Bay, Waialua District, Oahu, T. H.

Waimea: town, at mouth of Waimea River, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H.

Waimea: village (post office, Kamuela), on Waimea Plains, southeast of Kohala Mountains, Hawaii, T. H.

Waimea: westernmost landing for freight and passengers on southern coast of Kauai, T. H.

Wainaku: suburb of Hilo and freight landing, South Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Wainiha: canal, diverting water from the west side of Wainiha River, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Wainiha: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Wainiha: landing, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Wainiha: river, rising on northern slope of Waialeale Peak, flowing northward and debouching in Wainiha Bay near long. 159° 32′ 30″ W., Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Wainike, Waipake, nor Warniho.

Wainike: see Wainiha, T. H.

Wainwright: inlet, Arctic coast of Alaska, southwest of Point Barrow, near lat. 70° 35′ N., extending inland 6 miles to Karmuk Point, which marks the entrance to Kuk River.

Waioa: see Waipa, T. H.

Waiohinu: land division, in Government ownership, and village, Kau District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waiohue: stream, rising on northeastern slope of Haleakala Mountain, flowing northeastward into sea, Hana District, Maui, T. H.

Waiohuli: land division, in Government ownership, Makawao and Wailuku Districts, Maui, T. H.

Waioli: land division, partly in Government ownership, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Waioli: stream, flowing northward into Hanalei Bay, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Waiomao: stream, rising on southern slope of Olympus Peak, Koolau Range, flowing southward to junction with Pukele Stream to form Palolo Stream, Honolulu District, Oahu, T. H.

Waipa: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Waipa: stream, flowing northward into Hanalei Bay, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Waioa.)

Waipahoehoe: stream, rising on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, flowing southeastward into sea south of Papaikou, Hilo District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waipahu: stream, formed by junction of Kipapa and Waikahalaua Streams, flowing southward into West Loch of Pearl Harbor, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waipahu: town, on West Loch of Pearl Harbor, Oahu, T. H.

Waipake: land division, Hanalei District, Kauai, T. H.

Waipake: stream, in Waipake Land Grant, long. 159° 21′ W., northern coast of Kauai, T. H.

Waipake: see Wainiha, T. H.

Waipao: gulch, Waimea District, Kauai, T. H. (Not Waipau.)

Waipio: land ivision, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waipio: land division, Ewa District, Oahu, T. H.

Waipio: river, rising on northeastern slope of Kohala Mountains, flowing eastward and northeastward into sea through Waipio Valley, receiving the flow of Kawainui, Alakahi, Koiawe, and Waima Streams, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waipio: village, at mouth of Waipio Valley, Hamakua District, Hawaii, T. H.

Waipouli: land division, Kawaihau District, Kauai, T. H.

Waipunalei: stream, on eastern slope of Mauna Kea, entering sea north of Laupahoehoe, Hawaii, T. H.

Wakamatsu: city, n. cen. main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, *Wakamatu;* 37° 31′ N., 139° 57′ E.

Wakamatsu: seaport, ext. n. Kyushu island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Wakamatu; 33° 55′ N., 130° 47′ E.

Wakamatu: see Wakamatsu.

Wakas: barrio, Bocaue Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uacas.)

Wakas: barrio, Tayabas Municipality, Tayabas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uacas, Vacas, nor Wacas.)

Wakayama: seaport, s. w. part main island, Japan; 34° 15′ N., 135° 10′ E.

Wake: island, in the Pacific Ocean, belonging to the United States, north of Marshall Islands, near lat. 19° 17′ N., long. 166° 34′ E. (Not Wakes.)

Wakefield: city, Yorkshire, England; 53° 42′ N., 1° 29′ W.

Wakely: dam and pond, Hamilton County, N. Y. (Not Wakeley.)

Wakes: see Wake.

Wak-pa-chicha: Wakpa Shicka: see Bad, river, S. Dak.

Walachei: see Walachia.

Walachia: pr. wä-lā′kia; region, s. Rumania (formerly principality); Fr. Valachie; Ger. Walachei; old Turk. Iflaq.† See also Muntenia and Oltenia. (Not Wallachia.)

Walachia, Greater: see Muntenia.

Walachia, Lesser: see Oltenia.

Walaka: see Welaka.

Walangbalahibo: barrio, Lemery Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Ualangbalahibo nor Walang Balahibo.)

Walapai Point: see Montezuma Point.

Walbridge: ditch, diverting water from south side of Iao Stream, west Maui, T. H.

Walcott: township and village, Rice County, Minn. (Not Wolcott.)

Walden: mountain ridge, Anderson, Campbell, Morgan, and Roane counties, Tenn. (Not Walden's.)

Walemo: see Wamelo Rock.

Wales: division of Great Britain; Fr. Galles.

Wales: lake, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, draining to south bank Wallace Creek, east bank Kern River, near lat. 36° 36′ N., long. 118° 19′ W. Named after Rev. F. H. Wales, who with Judge William R. Wallace and Capt. J. W. A. Wright, visited Mount Whitney in 1881.

Wales: see San Pitch, mountains, Utah.

Waleska: town, Cherokee County, Ga. (Not Walesca nor Waluska.)

Walhalla: glades and plateau, in Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Greenland nor Valhalla.)

Walis: see Wallace, run, Pa.

Walke: point, North Landing River, Princess Anne County, Va. (Not Wauk.)

Walker: bar, Ohio River, Crittenden County, Ky. (Not Walker's.)

Walker: creek, southeastern Alaska, mainland stream, tributary to head of Walker Cove, Behm Canal, from the southeast, near lat. 55° 45′ N., long. 130° 42′ W.

Walker: creek, west of Carrizo Mountains, northern part of Apache County, Ariz. (Not Gothic Wash.)

Walker: island, Columbia River, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Walker's.)

Walker: landing, Ohio River, Scioto County, Ohio. (Not Walker's.)

Walker: pass, lake, and river, western Nevada. (Not Walker's.)

Walker: railroad station, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Walkers Station nor Walkers Switch.)

Walker: see Howlock.

Walker Island: bar and post light, Columbia River, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Walker's Island.)

Walkers: see Puncheon.

Walker's Island: see Walker Island.

Walkers Station: Walkers Switch: see Walker, railroad station, Md.

Walkerville: village, Lewis County, W. Va. (Not Walkersville.)

Walk-in-the-Water: see Weohyakapka.

Walla: valley, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., southwest extension of Kaibab Plateau, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 13′ W.

Wallace: butte, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south wall of canyon below Huxley Terrace, near lat. 36° 13′ N., long. 112° 22′ W. (Not Thurso.)

Wallace: creek and lake at head, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, draining to east bank Kern River, near lat. 36° 37′ N., long. 118° 19′ W. (Not East Fork Kern River). Named after Judge William R. Wallace, a pioneer of the Kaweah Region.

Wallace: island, 2¼ miles long in Columbia River, Columbia County, about 3 miles east of Westport, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Wallaces.)

Wallace: mount (Mount Wallace), altitude about 10,600 feet, Park County, Mont., in the Absaroka Range, near lat. 45° 12′ N., long. 110° 28′ W. So named on recommendation of the Forest Service, in honor of H. C. Wallace, 1866–1924, Secretary of Agriculture, 1921–1924.

Wallace: lake on international boundary, between Canaan town, Essex County, Vt., and Hereford County, Quebec Province, Canada. (Not Leaches, Leeches, nor Wallis.)

Wallace: run, Boggs and Union Townships, Center County, Pa. (Not Walis nor Wallis.)

Wallace: slough, about 450 yards wide, lying between Wallace Island, Columbia County, Oreg., and the Oregon shore. (Not Wallaces.)

Wallaces: see Wallace, island and slough, Oreg.

Wallaceton: village, Norfolk County, Va. (Not Wallacetown.)

Wallachia: see Walachia.

Wallasey: city, Cheshire, England, opposite Liverpool; 53° 26′ N., 3° 4′ W.

Walla Walla: city and county, Washington. (Not Wallawalla.)

Walla Walla: creek entering Norton Bay, south of Mount Kwiniuk, western Alaska.

Waller's: see Wallory.

Wallholla: see Gualala.

Walling: mountain, 2,272 feet high, in the town of Becket, Mass., about 1 mile northwest of Becket Mountain, near lat. 42° 19′ N., long. 73° 09′ W., October Mountain State Forest. So named by the Massachusetts Geographic Board, in honor of Henry F. Walling, who extended and perfected the Borden Survey, 1830.

Wallis: see Wallace.

Wallis: see Watts Cut.

Wallkill: see Sparta, mountains, N. J.

Wallkill: river, Orange and Ulster Counties, N. Y., and Sussex County, N. J. (Not Wall Kill.)

Walloomsac: river, Rensselaer County, N. Y., and Bennington County, Vt., and village, Rensselaer County, N. Y. (Not Wallumshack.)

Wallory: bar, in the Ohio River, Beaver County, Pa. (Not Waller's.)

Wallowa: mountains, eastern Oregon, between Baker, Union, and Wallowa Counties. (Not Cornucopia, Eagle, Granite, nor Powder River.)

Wallowa: river, rising in Wallowa Mountains, flowing northward through Wallowa Lake to its junction with the Grande Ronde, Wallowa County, Oreg.

Walls Cut: see Watts Cut.

Wallsend: city, Northumberland, England, on the Tyne; 55° N., 1° 31′ W.

Wallumshack: see Walloomsac.

Walmouth Head: see Watmough Head.

Walpi: settlement, Navajo County, Ariz., in Tusayan district, southern part of Hopi Indian Reservation.

Walsall: city, Staffordshire, England; 52° 36′ N., 2° W.

Walsenburg: town, Huerfano County, Colo. (Not Walsen.)

Walsh: glacier, heads near Mount Walsh, Canada, and flows westward, crossing the international boundary (between Alaska and Yukon) at lat 60° 55′ N., long. 141° W., and joins Logan Glacier in Alaska.

Walters: city, Cotton County, Okla. (Not Walter.)

Walters: see Carlisle, railroad station, Nebr.

Waltham: creek, South Fork of Los Gatos Creek, passing Coalinga, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Alcalde, Can-too-oa, Cantua, Wartham, nor Warthan.)

Walthamstow: a n. e. suburb of London, England; 51° 36′ N., 0° 2′ W.

Walthenberg: canyon, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 15′ N., long. 112° 24′ W.

Walton: creek, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 45′ W., on west slope of Walton Mountain, flowing southwest into Lincoln Creek.

Walton: mountain, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 35′ N., long. 113° 44′ W.

Walton: see Lotus, island, N. Y.

Waluska: see Waleska.

Wamelo Rock: mountain, Mariposa County, Calif. (Not Hogan's Dome, Walemo, nor Wameloo.)

Wampus: lake, Lake County, Minn., northwest of Sand River, in secs. 32, 33, T. 60 N., R. 10 W., Superior National Forest.

Wan: see Van.

Wanacott: see Wannacut.

Wanaissa: see Waonaze.

Wandsworth: a s. w. div. of London, England; 51° 28′ N., 0° 9′ W.

Wanganui: seaport, s. w. North Island, New Zealand; 39° 45′ S., 175° 2′ E

Wangem: see Wangum.

Wangonhan: barrio, Duero Municipality, Bohol Province, Bohol Island, P. I. (Not Uangonjan, Uanonjan, nor Vangunhan.)

Wangum: lake, Canaan Town, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Wangem, Waugum, nor Wungum.)

Wanhsien: city, Szechwan prov., China, on Yangtze river; 30° 52′ N., 108° 33′ E.

Wanicot: see Wannacut.

Wanika: falls, Essex County, N. Y., a double waterfall near Averyville, on east side of trail from Moose Pond to Wescott Farm, about 1¼ miles northeast of Moose Pond, 1¾ miles northwest of Nye Mountain, near lat. 44° 12′ N., long. 74° 03′ W. (Not Wannika.)

Wanless: lake, secs. 9, 10, 15, and 16, T. 26 N., R. 31 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Wannacut: lake, T. 39 N., R. 26 E., Okanogan County, Wash. (Not Wanacott, Wanicot, Wannacott, Wannicut, Wennacutt, nor Wonacot.)

Wanne-Eickel: city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 30′ N., 7° 8′ E.

Wannicut: see Wannacut.

Wannika: see Wanika, falls, N. Y.

Wanompakook: see Wononpakook.

Waohoo: see Oahu, T. H.

Waonaze: peak, prominent one just north of Edinburg Gap, Shenandoah County, Va. (Not Wanaissa.)

Wapagessi: see Wapogasset.

Wapecket: see Weepecket.

Wapiti: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 43′ N., long. 110° 16′ W.

Wapiti River: see Elk, creek, Wyo.

Wapogasset: lake, Garfield and Lincoln Towns, Polk County, Wis. (Not Sucker, Wahpugaissee, Wapagessi, Wapugassett, nor Wopogasset.)

Wappinger: creek, Dutchess County, N. Y. (Not Wappinger's.)

Wapsipinicon: river, eastern Iowa. (Not Wabespinicon, Wapsie, nor Wapsiepinnecon.)

Waptus: river, rising eastern slope Cascade Range, and flowing through Waptus Lake, tributary to Cle Elum River from west, Killitas County, Wash. (Not Middle Fork.)

Wapugassett: see Wapogasset.

Warbonnet: peak, Boise County, Idaho, near lat. 44° 05′ N., long. 115° 03′ 10″ W. Peak bears resemblance to an Indian war bonnet.

Ward: creek, Ts. 17 and 18 N., R. 29 W., rising near Wards Peak, tributary to St. Regis River between Buford and Henderson, Mineral County, Mont. (Not Nine Mile.)

Ward: landing, Ohio River, Scioto County, Ohio. (Not Ward's.)

Ward: point, Staten Island, New York Lower Bay, Richmond Borough, New York City, N. Y. (Not Ward's.)

Ward: terrace, Coconino County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 35° 48′ N., long. 111° 12′ W.

War Dance: coulee, Dawson County, Mont., in T. 18 N., Rs. 55, 56, and 57, Montana principal meridian, drains into Yellowstone River.

Wardout: see Winnapaug, pond, R. I.

Wards: island, East River, New York City, N. Y. (Not Ward's.)

Wards: see Henness, branch, Calif.

Wards: see Winnapaug, pond, R. I.

Ware: river, Gloucester County, Va., rising near lat. 37° 25′ N., long. 76° 30′ W., flowing southeast entering Mobjack Bay at approximately lat. 37° 22′ N., long. 76° 25′ W. (Not Weir.)

Ware: magisterial district, Gloucester County, Va. (Not Weir.)

Ware: see County Line, creek, Ala.

Ware: see Weir, magisterial district, Va.

Warfield: point, Mississippi River, Washington County, Miss. (Not Warfield's.)

Waring: Waring-Sinlehegan: see Sinlahekin.

Warland: creek, T. 32 N., Rs. 28 and 29 W., tributary to Kootenai River from east near Warland, Lincoln County, Mont. (Not Bristow.)

Warm: see Worm.

War Man: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., in Ts. 6–7 S., R. 31 E., Montana principal meridian, tributary to Big Horn River. (Not Dancing Woman.)

Warm Chuck: inlet, northwestern portion of Tonowek Bay, indenting southeastern side of Heceta Island, lat. 55° 45′ N., long. 133° 29′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Warmspring: see Warm Springs, village, Oreg.

Warm Springs: creek, Custer County, Idaho, tributary at Robinson Bar to Salmon River from the southeast, principally in unsurveyed Ts. 9, 10, and 11 N., R. 15 E., Boise meridian, Challis National Forest.

Warm Springs: village, Jefferson County, Oreg. (Not Warmspring.)

Warner: creek and valley, Plumas County, Calif., in Ts. 29 and 30 N., R. 6 E., draining to North Fork Feather River.

Warner: post light, Mississippi River, Houston County, Minn. (Not Warner's.)

Warner: see Deep, creek, Mont.

Warner: see Warners.

Warner Lakes: series of lakes and playas in Lake County, Oreg., in the Warner Valley, including Anderson Lake and Mugwump Lake. (Not Warner Lake.)

Warners: village, in the town of Van Buren, Onondaga County, N. Y. (Not Warner nor Warner's.)

Warner's: see Warner, post light, Minn.

Warniho: see Wainiha, T. H.

Waromontogus: see Togus.

Warren: artificial lake (Lake Warren), in Alstead, Cheshire Co., New Hampshire. (Not Warren Pond.) Named after an early settler, Levi Warren.

Warren: mountain, altitude 13,300 feet, 1 mile northeast of Mount Evans, 8 miles southeast of Georgetown, east middle of T. 5 S., R. 74 W., Clear Creek County, Colo.

Warren: mountain (Mount Warren), altitude 13,720 feet, Fremont and Sublette Counties, Wyoming, on Continental Divide, near lat. 43° 10′ N., long. 109° 37′ W., on boundary between Bridger and Washakie National Forests. Name proposed by the Wyoming Geographic Board, for Hon. Francis E. Warren, United States Senator from Wyoming for nearly 40 years and who was also first governor of the State.

Warren: see Elk, island, Wyo.

Warren Pond: see Warren, lake, N. H.

Warrens Crag: see Devils Head.

Warrick: see Warwick.

Warrington: city, Lancashire, England, bet. Manchester and Liverpool; 53° 23′ N., 2° 36′ W.

Warrior: light, point, and rock, Columbia River, about 1 mile above St. Helens, Columbia County, Oreg. (Not Warrior's.)

Warriorsmark: township and village, Huntingdon County, Pa. (Not Warrior's mark.)

Warroad: river, from mouth to source of west branch, tributary to Lake of the Woods, T. 163 N., R. 36 W., Roseau County, Minn. (Not War Road.)

Warsaw: town, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Wassaw.)

Warsaw: see Warszawa.

Warsaw: see Wassaw.

Warschau: see Warszawa.

Warszawa (Warsaw): cap. city, Poland; Pol. Warszawa, pr. värshä′va; Fr. Varsovie; Ger. Warschau; Russ. Varshava;† 52° 15′ N., 21° E.

Wart: see Sundstrom, island, Alaska.

Warta: see Warthe.

Wartham: Warthan: see Waltham.

Warthe (Warta): river, w. Poland and e. Germany, to the Oder; Ger. Warthe; Pol. Warta, pr. varta.

Warton's: see Wharton.

Warwick: ridge, Bath County, and run, Highland County, Va. (Not Warrick.)

Wasatch Range: mountains, Utah and Idaho, extending from the bend of Bear River at Soda Springs, Bannock County, Idaho, south to the mouth of San Pete River in San Pete County, Utah, including the Bear River Range. (Not Wahsatch.)

Wash, The: large, shallow bay, England, e. coast.

Washacum: see Waushaccum.

Washakie: fort, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Wash-a-Kie.)

Washakie: see Flat Top, mountain, Wyo.

Wash Board: see White Quiver.

Washburn: hot springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 46′ N., long. 110° 26′ W., at southern base of Mount Washburn. Named for H. D. Washburn.

Washburn: mountain (Mount Washburn), altitude 10,000 feet, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 26′ W. Named after Gen. Henry Dana Washburn, leader of the Washburn party, 1870, distinguished soldier-citizen, who climbed the mountain alone to discover the direction of and route to Yellowstone Lake.

Washburn: range, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., between Yellowstone and Gardiner Rivers, a lofty U-shaped ridge, embracing Tower Creek and tributaries, with both ends on Yellowstone River. Named by Hayden in 1871. (Not Elephants Back.)

Washila: see Wasilla.

Washinee: see Wachocastinook.

Washington: capital of the United States, in and embracing the District of Columbia, located on the left bank of the Potomac River, between Maryland and Virginia. The position of the Washington Naval Observatory is lat. 38° 55′ 14″.0 N., long. 77° 3′ 56″.7 W. of Greenwich. Population in 1930, 486,869. (Pronounced, wôsh′ĭng-tŭn.)

Washington: cascades, Paradise River below outlet of Paradise Valley, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Washington: lake, near Seattle, King County, Wash. (Not Dwamish.)

Washington: pass, Chuska Mountains, 6 miles east of Crystal, San Juan County, N. Mex. (Not Cottonwood.)

Washington: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Canada, on the east by Idaho, on the south by Oregon, and on the west by the Pacific Ocean. Area, 69,127 square miles. (Pronounced, wôsh′-ĭng-tŭn.)

Washington: see Ua Huka, Marquesas Islands.

Washington: see Everett, mountain, Mass.

Washington, Mount: see Helmet, The, peak, Mont.

Washington Mountain: brook, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Basin nor Basin Pond.)

Washington Sound: see San Juan, archipelago, Wash.

Washita: see Ouachita.

Wasilieff: see Williams, reef, Alaska.

Wasilla: town site, at Wasilla Lake, north of Knik Arm, Cook Inlet, near lat. 61° 35′ N., long. 149° 27′ W. secs. 3, 4, 9, and 10, T. 17 N., R. 1 W., Alaska. (Not Washila nor Wassila.)

Waskey: mountain (Mount Waskey), altitude 5,000 feet, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, about 8 miles west of the western end of Lake Kulik, lat. 59° 45′ 30″ N., long. 159° 11′ W. Topographers report that this name, in honor of Frank H. Waskey, the first delegate from the Territory to Congress, is well established in local usage.

Wasp: cove, an indentation on the east shore of Revillagigedo Island, Alaska, about 3 miles north of Wasp Point, near lat. 55° 26′ N., long. 131° W., Tongass National Forest.

Wasp: see McConnell, island, Wash.

Wassamma: stage station, Madera County, Calif.; original Indian name. (Not Ahwahnee.)

Wassataquoik: mountain, Maine, altitude 2,700 feet, in T. 4, R. 10, about 6 miles northwest of Mount Katahdin and 2 miles east of Bald Mountain, Piscataquis County, Me. (Not Mullen.)

Wassataquoik: see Mullen, mountain, Me.

Wassaw: island and sound, Chatham County, Ga. (Not Warsaw.)

Wassaw: see Warsaw, town, Ga.

Wassila: see Wasilla.

Watahomigi: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 1½ miles west of Havasu Falls, Coconino County, Ariz. So named for an Indian family.

Watap: lake, between Rose and Mountain Lakes, Cook County, Minn., and Long and Watap Portages, Thunder Bay District, Ontario, international boundary. (Not Rove.)

Watch: point, eastern shore of Seldovia Bay, ½ mile southward of Gray Cliff, lat. 59° 26′.5 N., long. 151° 43′.5 W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Lookout.)

Watchman: peak, near Crater Lake, Oreg. (Not Bentley nor Helio.)

Watepquin: see Wetipquin.

Water: see Waters Point.

Water Cay: see Cayo Real.

Waterchuichi: see Ottauquechee.

Waterfall: cove, of Slocum Arm, indenting southwestern shore of Chichagof Island, lat. 57° 31′.3 N., long. 135° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Waterfall: creek, 17 miles long, Alaska, close to the international boundary, tributary to the Nation River from the southeast, entering the latter about 13 miles above its mouth; approximate latitude of mouth of creek 65° 23′ 21″, long. 141° 29′ 15″. So called because there is a waterfall in its valley.

Waterfall: lake draining to Waterfall Cove, northeast shore Slocum Arm, west coast Chichagof Island, near lat. 57° 32′ N., long. 135° 55′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Waterford: see Jordan, village, Conn.

Waterford Works: railroad station, Camden County, N. J. (Not Waterford.)

Waterlemon: cay, 250 yards west of Leinster Point, east side Leinster Bay entrance, northern shore St. John Island, Virgin Islands. (Not Watermelon.)

Waterloo: see Lake of the Isles.

Watermelon: see Waterlemon.

Water Quechee: see Ottauquechee.

Waterson: see Watson, creek, Md.

Waters Point: post light, Mississippi River, Randolph County, Ill. (Not Water.)

***Waterton:** lake, Glacier County, Mont., international boundary, between Alberta and Montana. (Not Chief Mountain nor Kutanie.)

Waterton: river, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 114° 00′ W., flowing northerly through Waterton Lake into Belly River, Saskatchewan River, etc., to Hudson Bay. (Not Little Kootenai.) Name, Waterton, now carried to source of stream.

Waterton: valley, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., center, near lat. 48° 56′ N., long. 113° 54′ W., from Waterton Lake, south 5 miles, drained by Waterton River.

Watertown: village, entrance to Pearl Harbor, Oahu, T. H.

Watertown: see Watterstown.

Watford: city, Hertfordshire, England, 20 mi. n. w. of London; 51° 40′ N., 0° 24′ W.

Watkins: village, Adams County, Colo. (Not Box Elder.)

Watling Island: see San Salvador.

Watmough Head: hill, southeastern part of Lopez Island, San Juan County, Wash. (Not Walmouth Head.)

Watonwan: lake, Lake County, Minn., in secs. 15, 16, 21, and 22, T. 62 N., R. 6 W., Superior National Forest. Sioux Indian word.

Watson: creek, east side of Gunpowder River, Harford County, Md. (Not Waterson, nor Watsons.)

Watson: peak (Mount Watson), altitude 12,495 feet, in the Mount Fairweather region, southeastern Alaska, first peak west of international boundary, about 3 miles northwest of Mount Root, and just north of lat. 59° N., near long. 137° 33′ W. Named after the late David T. Watson (1844–1916), of Pittsburgh, Pa., United States counsel, Alaska Boundary Tribunal, 1903.

Watson: see Garrett, island, Md.

Watsons: see Watson, creek, Md.

Wattenscheid: pr. vät'en-shīt; a suburb of Essen, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 28′ N., 7° 7′ E.

Watterstown: town, Grant County, Wis. (Not Watertown.)

Watts: island, Tangier Sound, Chesapeake Bay, Accomac County, Va. (Not Watt's.)

Watts Cut: a short canal on Edisto Island, Charleston County, S. C., connecting South Edisto River with North Creek, near lat. 32° 27′ N., long. 80° 23′ W. (Not Wallis nor Walls Cut.)

Waucimaw: see Waccamaw.

Waud: bluff, eastern side Williamette River, about 3 miles below Portland, Multnomah County, Oreg. (Not Waids.)

Waugoshance: see Rose, shoal, Lake Michigan.

Waugs: see Toomey.

Waugum: see Wangum.

Wauhillau: township, Adair County, Okla. (Not Wau-hil-lau.)

Wauk: see Walke.

Waukechon: town, Shawano County, Wis. (Not Wauketchon.)

Wauna: high point, south cliffs Columbia River Gorge, between Eagle and Tanner Creeks, Multnomah County, Oreg.

Wauneka: high point, south cliffs Columbia River Gorge, between McCord and Moffett Creeks, Multnomah County, Oreg.

Waushaccum: ponds, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Washacum.)

Waushakum: see Shakum.

Waverly: see Tangik.

Wawa: barrio, Bigaa Municipality, Bulacan Province, Luzon: barrio, Malabon Municipality, Rizal Province, Luzon: and barrio, Abra de Ilog Municipality, Mindoro Province, Mindoro, P. I. (Not Uaua.)

Wawa: barrio, Lumban Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uaua.)

Wawa: barrio, Bagac Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uaua.)

Wawa: barrio, Batangas Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uaua.)

Wawa: barrio, Nasugbu Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uaua.)

Wawa: barrio, Pilar Municipality, Bataan Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uaua nor Wa-Wa.)

Wawa: barrio, Tanauan Municipality, Batangas Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Uaua.)

Wawasee: lake, T. 34 N., R. 7 E., Kosciusko County, Ind. (Not Turkey.)

Wawatosa: island, Minnetonka Lake, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Dunlap's Island.)

Wayah: creek, tributary to Cartoogechaye Creek, Macon County, N. C. (Not Cartoogechaye.)

Wayah: gap, Macon County, N. C., located between Siler and Wine Springs balds, at the head of Wayah Creek, near lat. 35° 09′ N., long. 83° 35′ W., Nantahala National Forest. (Not Nantahala.) The names Nantahala and Wayah date back to Civil War. The latter name is favored in majority local usage as being more distinctive.

Wayah: see Cartoogechaye, creek, N. C.

Wayanda: sunken ledge, in Sergius Narrows, Peril Strait, lat. 57° 24′.4 N., long. 135° 37′.6 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Eureka nor Wyanda.)

Waycake: see Waackaack.

Wea: see Big Wea.

Weakeyever: see Wekiva.

Weare: see Weir, river, Mass.

Weasel: cove, at head of Spiridon Bay, Kodiak Island, Alaska, lat. 57° 36′ N., long. 153° 37′ W. Named because of the numerous weasels seen on the beach in the cove.

Weasel: creek, rising east of Mount Wam, T. 37 N., R. 25 W., Lincoln County, Mont., and tributary to Wigwam River from southeast, Kootenai District, British Columbia. (Not East Fork nor Weazel.)

Weasel: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., in lat. 44° 31′ N., long. 110° 26′ W., flowing east into Yellowstone Lake.

Weasel: lake, secs. 20 and 29, T. 37 N., R. 24 W., northeast of Bald Mountain, Lincoln County, Mont.

Weatherford: creek, Wayne County, Tenn. (Not Rutherford, Rutherfords, nor Rutherford's.)

Weaver: ledge, at entrance to Bass Harbor, on south coast of Mount Desert Island, Hancock County, Me. near lat. 44° 14′ N., long. 68° 21′ W. (Not Weaver's.)

Weaver: mountain, Douglas County, Oreg., near lat. 43° 03′ N., long. 122° 28′ W.

Weaver: see Meadow, creek, Mont.

Weavers: creek and village, Calhoun County, Ala. (Not Weaver's Station.)

Weaver's: see Weaver, ledge, Me.

Weavers Needle: mountain, altitude 4,535 feet, Pinal County, Ariz., near lat. 33° 26′ N., long. 111° 22′ W.

Weaver's Station: see Weavers, creek, Ala.

Weazel: see Weasel, creek, Mont.

Webber: peak, Graham County, Ariz., in sec. 36, T. 5 S., R. 26 E., about 8 miles northeast of town of Safford, Ariz. (Not Casimiro.) Named after John Webber, an early settler in the Gila Valley.

Webb Landing: post light, Kanawha River, Putnam County, W. Va. (Not Webb's Landing.)

Webster Station: village, Madison County, N. Y. (Not Ballina.)

*__Weden:__ creek, tributary to South Fork Sauk River, from southwest, west of Monte Cristo, Snohomish county, Wash. (Not Lewis nor Weeden.)

Weeden: see Weden.

Weedweeder: see Weweeder.

Weekapaug: beach, neck, and village, on shore of Block Island Sound, Westerly Town, Washington County, R. I. (Not Noyes Beach nor Noyes Neck.)

Weeks: canyon, Millard County, Utah, in House Range, near lat. 39° 12′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Weepecket: island and shoal, near Woods Hole, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Wapecket nor Wepecket.)

Weeping Child: see Sleeping Child.

Weeset: village, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Weset.)

Weeweder: see Weweeder.

Węgry: see Hungary.

Weichsel: see Vistula.

Weihaiwei: city, and former Br. leased territory, Shantung peninsula; returned to China, 1930; 37° 32′ N., 122° 5′ E.

Weihsien: city, Shantung prov., n. e. China; 36° 47′ N., 119° 10′ E.

Weimar: village, Placer County, Calif. (Not Weimer.)

Weir: river, Boston Bay, Plymouth County, Mass. (Not Weare.)

Weir: magisterial district, New Kent County, Va. (Not Ware.)

Weir: see Ware, river, magisterial district, Va.

Weisenberg: township and village. Lehigh County, Pa. (Not Weissenburg.)

Weitas-Beaver: see Hemlock, creek, Idaho.

Wekepeke: brook, Worcester County, Mass. (Not Wickapekit nor Wicket Picket.)

Wekiva: river, lake, Seminole, and Orange counties, Fla. (Not Weakeyever.)

Welaka: city, Putnam County, Fla. (Not Walaka.)

Welch: island, Winnipesaukee Lake, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Fisher's, Fishers, nor Witch.)

Welch: island in Columbia River east of Skamokawa Creek, Clatsop County, Oreg. (Not Welch's nor Welchs.)

Welch: see Welsh.

Welcome: point, southeastern Alaska, west side of Dall Island, between Welcome Cove and Camp Cove, near lat. 54° 59′ N., long. 133° 10′ W.

Welden: see Weldon, river, Mo.-Iowa.

Weldon: brook, Morris County, N. J. (Not Hurd.)

Weldon: canyon, Vaca Mountains, first large canyon south of Miller Canyon, on headwaters of Ulatis Creek, Solano County, Calif. (Not Bucks, nor Mix Mixs.)

Weldon: river, tributary to Thompson River from east, Grundy and Mercer counties, Mo., and Decatur County, Iowa. (Not Welden, Weldon Grand, Weldon Creek, nor Weldon Fork.)

Weldon Creek: Weldon Fork: Weldon Grand: see Weldon, river, Mo.-Iowa.

Weli: point, eastern one at entrance to Wahiawa Bay, near long. 159° 34′ 30″ W. Kauai, T. H.

Weliweli: land division, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Welker: peak, Mount Welker, altitude 5,186 feet, lat. 56° 00′ 26″ N., long. 130° 00′ 12″ W., 5½ miles north of head of Portland Canal, on the International Boundary, Alaska and Canada. After Capt. Philip A. Welker, United States Coast Survey, retired, who was with the Alaska Boundary Survey 1893–1895.

Welland: Canadian ship canal, bet. lakes Erie and Ontario; 42° 55′ N., 79° 15′ W.

Wellefleet: harbor, Cape Cod, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Wellfleet Bay.)

Wellesley: see Wells, island, N. Y.

Wellington: seaport, ext. s. of North Island, New Zealand; 41° 18′ S., 174° 47′ E.

Wells: island, Ohio River, near Centerview, Tyler County, W. Va. (Not Wells's.)

Wells: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Wellesley.)

Wells: passage, between Perry and Culross Islands and Esther Island, leading to Port Wells, lat. 60° 46′ N., long. 148° 04′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Wells: peak, altitude 10,808 feet, Mono County, Calif., in T. 6 N., R. 22 E., M. D. M., Mono National Forest. Named after John C. Wells, 1844–1922, forest officer 1901–1922 and supervisor, Mono National Forest.

Wells: see Wills, township, Ind.

Wellscot: see Wilscot.

Wells Pond: see St. Catharine, lake and mountain, Vt.

Weloka: stream, entering sea just north of Maulua Gulch, on lower eastern slope of Mauna Kea, Hawaii, T. H.

Welsh: railroad station, Chambers County, Ala. (Not Welch.)

Wembley: a n. suburb of London, England; 51° 33′ N., 0° 17′ W.

Wenas: creek, Kittitas and Yakima Counties and precinct, Yakima County, Wash.

***Wenatchee:** city, lake, precinct, and river, Chelan County, and mountains, between Chelan and Kittitas Counties, Wash. (Not Wenache nor Wenatche.)

Wenchow: city, Chekiang prov., e. China; 28° N., 120° 30′ E.

Wener: see Vänern.

Wennacutt: see Wannacut.

Weohyakapka: lake, Twps. 30 and 31 S., R. 29 E., Polk County, Fla. (Not Walk-in-the-Water, nor Weoh-ya-kapka.)

Weoka: creek, Elmore and Coosa Counties, and precinct and village, Elmore County, Ala. (Not Wewoka, Wewokee, nor Wiwoka.)

Wepawaug: river, Milford, Orange, and Woodbridge towns, New Haven County, Conn. (Not Wepowage, Wepowaug, Wopopaug, nor Wopowaug.)

Wepecket: see Weepecket.

Wepo: spring, valley, and wash, Navajo County, Ariz., Hopi Indian Reservation near lat. 35° 54′ N., long. 110° 21′ W.

Wepowage: Wepowaug: see Wepawaug.

Wequetequock: cove and river, Stonington Town, New London County, Conn. (Not Wicketequock.)

Wequos: lake (Lake Wequos), Otsego County, Mich., in secs. 23, 24, 25, and 26, T. 30 N., R. 4 W. (Not Crooked Lake No. 2.) Name changed from Crooked Lake No. 2 by the State Committee on Geographic Names, May 14, 1930. Chippewa Indian word meaning "birch."

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Werchojansk: see Verkhoyansk.

Wesatch: see Huisache.

Wescogame: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 3 miles southwest of Supai village, Coconino County, Ariz. So named on recommendation of the Geological Survey from the name of an Indian family.

Wescott: creek, rising in sec. 2, T. 20 N., R. 8 W., Glenn County, tributary to Corbin Creek from north, Lake County, Calif. (Not Sand.)

Wescott: point, near Cape Charles Town, Chesapeake Bay, Northampton County, Va. (Not Westcott's.)

Weser: pr. vā′zer; river n. w. Germany to North Sea.

Wesermünde: pr. vā′zer-mün-deh; seaport at mouth of the Weser, Hannover, n. w. Germany; comprises former Lehe, Geestemünde, and smaller communities; 53° 36′ N., 8° 35′ E.

Weset: see Weeset.

Weskeag: river, South Thomaston Town, Knox County, Me. (Not Gig, Keag, Wessawakeag, Wessaweskeag, nor Westkeag.)

Wessawakeag: Wessaweskeag: see Weskeag.

Wessen: see Wesson.

Wesson: town, Copiah County, Miss (Not Wessen.)

West: arm, western arm of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 27′ N., long. 150° 33′ W., to lat. 59° 33′ N., long. 150° 39′ W.

West: arm of Bay of Isles, eastern side Knight Island, lat. 60° 23′ N., long. 147° 49′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska. (Not North.)

West: bay, indenting northwestern shore Bligh Island, northeastern coast Prince William Sound, near lat. 60° 52′ N., long. 146° 47′ W., Alaska. (Not Busby.)

West: cape, west end St. Lawrence Island, lat. 63° 26′ N., long. 171° 54′ W., Bering Sea, Alaska. (Not Sanachno.)

West: point, southwest end Fire Island, at junction of Knik and Turnagain Arms, head of Cook Inlet, lat. 61° 07′.5 N., long. 150° 17′.5 W., Alaska. (Not Spit.)

West: point, Puget Sound, near Seattle, King County, Wash. (Not Sandy.)

West: see Ancon, peak, Alaska.

West: see Debauch Mountain, Alaska.

West: see Abamgamook, lake, Me.

West: see Kitchen, brook, Mass.

West: see Clapp, pond, Mass.

West: see High, hill, N. Y.

West: see Northwest, harbor, N. Y.

West: see Tuthill, cove, N. Y.

West: see Lee, point, Virgin Islands.

West Amatuli: island, western one of the two largest at the eastern end of the Barren Island Group, lat. 58° 55′.6 N., long. 152° 03′.5 W., entrance to Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Westbank: township, Swift County, Minn. (Not West Bank.)

West Bay: point, southern point of entrance to West Bay, Bay County, Fla. (Not Shell.)

West Bay: see North Bay, point, Fla.

West Blacktail: see Blacktail, creek, Mont.

West Blue River: see West Fork, Big Blue River.

West Boulder: river, Park and Sweet Grass counties, Mont., rises in southwest portion of unsurveyed T. 5 S., R. 11 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows northeast to the Boulder River in which it empties in sec. 15, T. 2 S., R. 13 E.

West Branch: see Mill, gulch, Colo.

West Branch Gold Creek: see Mill, Colo.

West Branch of Big Blue River: see Lincoln, creek, Nebr.

West Branch of Nanticoke River: see Marshyhope.

West Branch Wolf: see Wolf, creek, Ohio.

West Bromwich: city, Staffordshire, England, a suburb of Birmingham; 52° 31′ N., 2° W.

Westburg: township, Buchanan County, Iowa. (Not Westbury.)

West Cady: creek, rising on western slope Cascade Range, tributary to Skykomish River from east, Snohomish County, Wash. (Not Cady.)

Westchester: village, Butler County, Ohio. (Not West Chester.)

West Chevelon: creek, Coconino and Navajo Counties, Ariz., rising in sec. 21, T. 13 N., R. 14 E., near Willow Creek Ranger Station, flowing northeasterly, entering main Chevelon at Mormon Crossing, near Marquette Ranger Station.

West Cliff: see Westcliffe.

Westcliffe: town, Custer County, Colo. (Not West Cliff.)

West Clump: see Outward Tump.

Westcott's: See Wescott, point, Va.

Westdahl: cove on the west side of Nuka Island, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, lat. 59° 19′ N., long. 150° 46′ W. Named after the launch *Westdahl* used in making surveys in these waters.

Westdahl: reef, 7½ miles ESE. of Cape Pankof, Unimak Island, and 8 miles north of Cape Petrof, Sanak Island, Aleutian Islands, Alaska, near long. 163° N. In honor of the late Ferdinand Westdahl, of the Coast Survey, who discovered this reef in 1901.

West Du Noir: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., rises in unsurveyed sec. 8, T. 44 N., R. 109 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southeasterly to a junction with East Du Noir Creek, forming Du Noir Creek, Washakie National Forest.

West Elk: see Illinois, creek, Colo.

Western: see Bernard, mountain, Me.

Western Australia: state, Australia.

Western Way: strait, on western side of Great Cranberry Island, separating it from Mount Desert Island, Me. (Not Cranberry Island Passage.)

Westfalen (Westphalia): prov., Prussia, n. w. Germany; Fr. Westphalie.

West Falmouth: harbor, near West Falmouth Village, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Hog Island.)

West Flattop: mountain, altitude 6,900 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 113° 55′ W.

West Fork: creek, tributary to Chandalar River from the west, near lat. 67° 10′ N., long. 148° 34′ W., Alaska. (Not Granite.)

West Fork: creek, Boise County, Idaho, Boise National Forest, tributary to North Fork, Boise River from west, opposite McLeod Creek. Local name. (Not Marten.)

West Fork: river, Marion, Harrison, and Lewis Counties, W. Va. (Not West Fork of Monongahela.)

West Fork: see Crooked, creek, Alaska.

West Fork: see Crystal, creek, Ariz.

West Fork: see Phantom, creek, Ariz.

West Fork: see Lost Mine, creek, Idaho.

West Fork: see Preuss Creek, Idaho.

West Fork: see McDermott, creek, Minn.

West Fork: see Lodge, creek, Mont.

West Fork: see West Fork Mill, creek, Mont.

West Fork: see Whitewater, river, Ohio.

West Fork: see Herron, creek, Wyo.

West Fork, Bad Route: creek, Prairie and Dawson counties, Mont., rises in sec. 35, T. 16 N., R. 49 E., Montana principal meridian and joins Middle Fork, Bad Route Creek in sec. 19, T. 15 N., R. 51 E.

West Fork, Big Blue River: stream, Clay, Fillmore, Hamilton, Saline, Seward, and York Counties, Nebr. (Not Big Blue, Blue, South Branch of Big Blue River, nor West Blue River.)

West Fork Big Goose: see West Goose, creek, Wyo.

West Fork, Caribou: see Bugle, creek, Idaho.

West Fork Floodwood: see Twin Springs.

***West Fork Gallatin:** river, Madison and Gallatin Counties, Mont., formed by the junction of North and Middle Forks, in sec. 35, T. 6 S., R. 3 E., Boise meridian, flowing east into Gallatin River. (Not Southwest Fork.)

West Fork Grand: see Grand, river, Mo. and Iowa.

West Fork Hat: creek, Shasta County, Calif., on north slope between Lassen Peak and White Mountain, in T. 30 N., Rs. 4 and 5 E.

West Fork, Hawkins: creek, T. 65 N., R. 3 E., Boundary County, Idaho, tributary to Hawkins Creek, in British Columbia, near the International Boundary. (Not Canuck, Grove, nor South Fork of Meadow.

West Fork Mill: creek, Ts. 6 and 7 S., R. 9 E., tributary to Mill Creek, Park County, Mont. (Not Cameron nor West Fork.)

West Fork Milk River: see Lodge, creek, Mont.

West Fork of Big Blue River: see Lincoln, creek, Nebr.

West Fork of Chilkat: see Kelsall.

West Fork: see Deschutes, river, Oreg.

West Fork of Fishhook: see Outlaw.

West Fork of Monongahela: see West Fork, river, W. Va.

West Fork of Nanticoke: see Marshyhope.

West Fork of South Fork of St. Joe River: see Sisters.

West Fork of the West Fork of Mill: see Monitor.

West Fork Platte: see North Fork, North Platte.

West Fork Price: see Price, river, Utah.

West Fork, White River: stream, draining Winthrop Glacier and tributary to White River, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

West Fork Winnemucca: see Tongue, creek, Colo.

West Fork Wise River: see Pattengail.

West Gallatin: see Gallatin.

West Glacier: creek, flowing into Chinitna Bay at head, near lat. 59° 52′ N., long. 153° 13′ W., west side of Cook Inlet, Alaska.

West Glocester: village, in Glocester, Providence County, R. I., west of Bowdish Reservoir.

West Goose: creek, Johnson and Sheridan counties, Wyo., rises in sec. 35, T. 53 N., R. 87 W., sixth principal meridian and flows northeasterly to a junction with East Goose Creek to form Goose Creek. (Not West Fork Big Goose.)

West Grand: see Grand, river, Mo., and Iowa.

West Ham: an e. suburb of London, England; 51° 32′ N., 0° 1′ E.

West Hanover: see Shellville.

West Hungary: see Burgenland.

West Index: see Index.

West Jefferson: village, Jefferson Township, Madison County, Ohio. (Not Jefferson.)

Westkeag: see Weskeag.

West Kirby: creek, Hot Springs County, Wyo., rises in sec. 29, T. 41 N., R. 92 W., sixth principal meridian and joins East Kirby Creek in sec. 13, T. 42 N., R. 92 W., to form Kirby Creek. (Not South Fork, Kirby.)

West Lake: see Mosquito, creek, Idaho.

West Lavandera: see Lavandera.

West Lothian: county, s. Scotland; formerly Linlithgowshire.

***West Millgrove**: village, Wood County, Ohio. (Not West Mill Grove.)

West Mill Stream: see Nesochaque.

West Minneapolis: village, Minnetonka Township, Hennepin County, Minn. (Not Bushnell.)

West Monistique: see Indian, lake, Mich.

Westmorland: county, northern England. Not Westmoreland.

West Mountain: see Linnaeus, peak, Utah.

Westons Mills: railroad station, Cattaraugus County, N. Y. (Not Weston Mills, Westons, nor Westonville.)

West Parish: village, Hampden County, Mass. (Not Mundale.)

Westphalia: see Westfalen.

West Point: city and militia district, Troup County, Ga. (Not Westpoint.)

West Point: district and town, King William County, Va. (Not Westpoint.)

West Point: United States Military Acadamy, Orange County, N. Y., on Hudson River, near lat. 41° 24′ N., long. 74° 00′ W. (Not Westpoint.)

West Point: see Lone Cone.

Westport: harbor and river, Bristol County, Mass. (Not Acoakset.)

West Portal: see Portal, town, Colo.

Westpreussen (West Prussia): pr. vĕst-proi′sen; former prov., Prussia, e. Germany; province included, prior to 1919, ter. now comprising the Free City of Danzig, and a part of Poland; that part remaining tc Germany now is incorporated ir. Ostpreussen and in the Grenzmark Posen-Westpreussen; Fr. Prusse Occidentale; Pol. Prusy Zachodnie.

West Prussia: see Westpreussen.

West Razor: creek, branch of Razor Creek, Yellowstone County, Mont.

West River: village, Anne Arundel County, Md. (Not Owensville.)

West River: see Galesville.

West River: see Si Kiang.

West Rockhill: see Rockhill.

West Rome: village, Floyd County, Ga. (Not De Soto.)

West Rosebud: creek, Park and Stillwater counties, Mont., heads in the mountainous country west of Granite Peak, and flows northeasterly to a junction with East Rosebud Creek in T. 4 S., R. 18 E., Montana principal meridian to form Rosebud Creek. (Not Fishtail.)

West Salisbury: see Elklick.

West San Lorenzo: island, 510 feet high, western island of the San Lorenzo Islands, lat. 55° 35′ .7 N., long. 133° 37′ .4 W., Gulf of Esquibel, Prince of Wales Archipelago, southeastern Alaska.

West Seattle: village, near Seattle, King County, Wash. (Not Freeport.)

West Seneca: village, Erie County, N. Y. (Not Limestone Hill.)

Westside: township and town, Crawford County, Iowa. (Not West Side.)

West Side: see Tyler.

West Sulphur: creek, Shasta and Tehama counties, Calif., draining southeast to Mill Creek, in secs. 16, 21, 22, 27, T. 30 N., R. 4 E.

West Sweden: see Sweden, village, N. Y.

West Tensleep: creek, Big Horn and Washakie counties, Wyo., rises in sec. 33, T. 51 N., R. 86 W., sixth principal meridian, and flows southerly to a junction with East Tensleep Creek to form Tensleep Creek, Bighorn National Forest.

West Thumb: bay, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., large west extension of Yellowstone Lake.

West Tintic: mountain range, Juab and Tooele counties, Utah. (Not Champlin, Guyot, nor Tintic Mountains.)

West Twin: bay, western one of two bays indenting northern coast of Perry Island, lat. 60° 44, N., long. 148° W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

West Virginia: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Maryland, on the east by Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia, on the south by Virginia and Kentucky, and on the west by Kentucky and Ohio. Area, 24,170 square miles. (Pronounced, wĕst ver-jĭn′-ĭ-a.)

Wet: mountains, Custer, Fremont, Huerfano, and Pueblo Counties, Colo. (Not Cuerno Verde nor Greenhorn.) This short range was originally known under Spanish dominion as Cuerno Verde. Subsequent to the treaty of Guadaloupe Hidalgo the translation of the name came into use. The origin of the name Wet Mountains is not known.

Wet: see Little Bearpaw, meadow, Calif.

Wet Anglais: see Wet Glaize.

Wet Glaize: creek, Camden County, Mo., rising in south central part of T. 36 N., R. 15 W., fifth principal meridian, flows northeast in Grandglaize Creek, in T. 37 N., R. 4 W. (Not Wet Anglais.)

Wet Glaize: see Grandglaize, creek, Mo.

Wetipquin: creek and town, Wicomico County, Md. (Not Watepquin.)

Wetter: see Vättern.

Wetterhorn: creek, Ouray County, Colo.

Wetumka: see Wetumpka.

***Wetumpka:** city and precinct, Elmore County, Ala. (Not Wetumka.)

***Wetumpka:** town, Hughes County, Okla. (Not Wetumka.)

Weweeder: ponds, Nantucket Town, Nantucket County, Mass. (Not Weedweeder nor Weeweder.)

Wewoka: town, Seminole County, and creek, Hughes and Seminole Counties, Okla. (Not We-wo-ka.)

Wewoka: Wewokee: see Weoka.

Whale: buttes, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 51′ N., long. 114° 26′ W.

Whale: island, between Afognak and Kodiak Islands, lat. 57° 57′ N., long. 152° 47′ W., Alaska. (Not Ketoy, Kitoi, nor Kittiwake.)

Whaleback: lighthouse, at entrance to Portsmouth Harbor, York County, Me. (Not Whale's Back.)

Whaleback: shoal, northerly part of Green Bay, Mich. (Not Whale's Back.)

Whaleback: shoal, St. Lawrence River, about half a mile southwest from Oak Point, St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Whale's Back.)

Whalebone: cape, between Usof and Three Island Bays, lat. 53° 30′ N., long. 166° 44′ W., on south coast of Unalaska Island, eastern Aleutians, Alaska.

Whalebone: see Usof.

Whale's Back: see Whaleback.

Whaletail: cove, lakelike basin, with winding outlet into Zimovia Strait, Etolin Island, intersected by lat. 56° 11′ N., long. 132° 15′ W., southeastern Alaska.

Whale Tail: Whaletail: see Hiawatha.

Whallonsburg: bay and village, Essex County, N. Y. (Not Whalonsburg.)

Wharton: creek, Madison County, Ark. (Not Warton's nor Whorton.)

Wharton Creek: township, Madison County, Ark. (Not Whorton Creek.)

Wheatens: see Wheaton, run, N. J.

Wheatland: village, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Pasadena.)

Wheatland: see Archer, village, Colo.

Wheaton: reef, Long Island Sound, south of the Thimble Islands, New Haven County, Conn. (Not Wheaton's.)

Wheaton: run, Cumberland County, N. J. (Not Molly Wheaton's nor Wheatens.)

Wheaton's: see Wheaton, reef, Conn.

Wheatstone: see Whetstone, mountain, Colo.

Wheelbarrow: peak, the highest summit of Belted Range, Nye County, Nev.

Wheeler: creek, Alaska, on Game Cove, west coast Admiralty Island, near lat. 58° 03′ N., long. 134° 46′ W., Tongass National Forest. So named for Frank Wheeler, early settler on the creek.

Wheeler: ridge, maximum altitude 12,970 feet, east of Rock Creek, Mono and Inyo Counties, Calif.

Wheeler: rock, Killingworth Harbor, near Clinton, Middlesex County, Conn. (Not Wheeler's.)

Wheeler: town, Lawrence County, Ala. (Not Wheeler's Station.)

Wheeler: see Mitchell, creek, Mich.

Wheeler Amphitheater: head of canyon east of Antelope Spring, House Range, Millard County, Utah.

Wheeler Point: promontory, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of Powell Plateau, near lat. 36° 16′ N., long. 112° 25′ W.

Wheeler's: see Wheeler, rock, Conn.

Wheeler's Station: see Wheeler, town, Ala.

Wheeling: creek, Ohio and Marshall Counties, W. Va. (Not Big Wheeling.)

Wheeling: island, in Ohio River at Wheeling, W. Va. (Not Madison nor Zanes.)

Whetstone: creek, eastern and shorter of two main branches of the Olentangy River, Delaware and Morrow Counties, Ohio. (Not East Branch Olentangy River.)

Whetstone: mountain, Gunnison County, Colo., in sec. 22, T. 14 S., R. 86 W., near lat. 38° 50′, long. 106° 59′. (Not Wheatstone.)

Whetstone Creek: see Olentangy.

Whidbey: bay, south coast of Kenai Peninsula, about 13 miles east of Resurrection Bay, between Fairfield and Mansfield Capes, lat. 59° 57′ N., long. 148° 57′ W., Alaska.

Whigg: ridge, Monroe County, Tenn., in F. T. 2 S., R. 6 E., and F. T. 1 S., R. 7 E., Cherokee National Forest. (Not Big, Twigg, nor Whig.) Named after a man by the name of Whigg, who built a cabin on this ridge some 50 years ago.

Whiglane: town, Salem County, N. J. (Not Whig Lane.)

Whipple: point, Lake Memphremagog, Orleans County, Vt. (Not Whipple's.)

Whippoorwill: see Wynnville.

Whirligig: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., west of and close to, Constant Geyser, north end of Norris Geyser Basin.

Whirlpool: rock, 28 miles from Mesa on Apache Trail, Maricopa County, Ariz.

Whirlwind: valley, Millard County, Utah, in House Range, near lat. 39° 28′ N., long. 113° 22′ W.

Whiskey: creek, T. 38 N., R. 110 W., tributary to Green River from west, Fremont County, Wyo.

Whiskey: island, St. Lawrence River, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Whisky.)

Whiskey: see Low Gap, creek, Oreg.

Whiskey Creek: see Rio de Arenas.

Whisky: see Whiskey, island, N. Y.

Whist: landing, Missouri River, Boone County, Mo. (Not Whist's.)

Whist Island: see Whitefish, point, Mich.

Whistler: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, tributary of Thorofare River from north, lat. 63° 24′ N., long. 150° 24′ W. There are in the valley of this creek many marmots known in Alaska as whistlers.

Whistler: creek, small tributary to Lodgepole Creek, from Big Lodge Mountain, Flathead County, Mont.

Whistler: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., left bank of Broad Creek, near lat. 44° 46′ N., long. 110° 20′ W.

Whist's: see Whist.

Whitaker: bayou, emptying into Sarasota Bay, opposite Quick Point, southern end Longboat Key, Sarasota County, Fla. (Not Snells.)

Whitaker: see Whittaker.

White: cliff, prominent, on southwest coast of Hecete Island, lat. 55° 43′.8 N., long. 133° 38′.6 W., southeastern Alaska.

White: creek, Archuleta County, Colo., San Juan National Forest, in secs. 6, 8, and 9, T. 34 N., R. 2 E., near lat. 37° 12′ N., long. 106° 45′ W. (Not North White.)

White: lake, Tamworth Town, Carroll County, N. H. (Not White Pond.)

White: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 17′ W., draining north through Broad Creek into Yellowstone River.

White: mountain, Shasta County, Calif., 2 to 4 miles southeast of Lassen Peak, in secs. 7 and 8, T. 30 N., R. 5 E.

White: mountain, altitude 6,986 feet, on Cascade Divide near Glacier Peak, at head of White River, Snohomish County, Wash.

White: river, in South Dakota, formed in Shannon Co., by the junction of White Earth River and White Clay Creek, flowing thence northeast and east into the Missouri River, in Sec. 6, T. 103 N., R. 72 W., of the 6th P. M.

White: river, rising on northeastern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

White: see Rio Blanco, river, Colo.

White: see Leche, creek, Colo.

White: see White City, Kans.

White: see Wittee, lake, S. C.

White: see Winthrop, glacier, Wash.

White Bear: see Bimerick.

White Bear Lake: city, Ramsey County, Minn. (Not White Bear.)

White Bee: see Bardon, lake, Wis.

White Calf: mountain, altitude 8,300 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 39′ N., long. 113° 25′ W.

White Chuck: glacier, at head of White Chuck River, about 3 miles south of Summit of Glacier Peak, Snohomish County, Wash.

***White City:** city, Morris County, Kans. (Not White.)

White Cloud: peaks, southern Custer County, Idaho. The rugged mountains extending southerly from the Salmon River near Robinson Bar, between Warm Springs Creek and Slate Creek, to the head of Germania Creek. Part of the Sawtooth Mountains.

White Crag: island, 150 yards in diameter, 45 feet high, bare white crag, outermost landmark between Cape Cross and Point Satchrun, west of Takanis Bay, western coast of Yakobi island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 57° 54′ N., long. 136° 32′ W.

White Dome: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., 400 yards northwest of Great Fountain Geyser, southern part of Lower Geyser Basin.

Whiteface: river, tributary to St. Louis River from northeast, St. Louis County, Minn. (Not White Face.)

Whitefish: mountain, altitude 8,000 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 44′ N., long. 113° 32′ W.

Whitefish: point, shore of Lake Superior, Chippewa County, Mich. (Not White-Fish.)

Whitefish: point, west of Prentiss Bay, Mackinac County, Mich. (Not Whist Island nor Whitefish Island.)

Whitefish Mountain: see Moose, peak, Mont.

White Fish: see Bardon, lake, Wis.

White Gull: island, entrance Iliamna Bay, southern side of channel lat. 59° 36′.9 N., long. 153° 34′.7 W., northern shore Kamishak Bay, southwestern coast Cook Inlet, Alaska.

Whitehall: creek, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Newtown.)

Whitehall: see Glenview, railroad station, N. J.

Whitehall: see Woodglen, village, N. J.

Whitehall Station: see Glenview.

Whitehawk: creek, flowing westward into Deadwood River, T. 11 N., R. 7 E., Payette National Forest, Boise County, Idaho.

Whitehawk: see Stevens, creek, Idaho.

Whitehead: dock, Raritan River, Middlesex County, N. J. (Not Whitehead's.)

***Whitehorse:** rapid and town, on Lewes River, below Miles Canyon, Yukon, Canada. (Not White Horse.)

White Horse: see Whitehorse, rapid and town, Canada.

White Horse: see South Park, town, N. J.

White Horse: see Hans Lollik, rock, Virgin Islands.

White Iron: lake, St. Louis and Lake counties, Minn., in Ts. 62 and 63 N., and Rs. 11 and 12 W., fourth principal meridian, drained by the South Kawishiwi River, Superior National Forest.

White Knob: mountains, southeastern Custer County, Idaho, west of Mackay, mostly between Big Lost River Valley on the east, northeast, and northwest and draining into Antelope Creek and its tributary, Cherry Creek, on the south and southeast. (Not Sabin.)

Whitelick: river, Hendricks and Morgan Counties, tributary to West Fork White River, Ind. (Not White Lick.)

White Lily: pond, Otis Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Whitley.)

White Man's: see Frenchman, creek, Nebr.-Colo.

***White Marsh:** village, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Whitemarsh.)

White Oak: township, Ingham County, Mich. (Not Whiteoak.)

White Owl: creek, tributary to Red Owl Creek from southwest T. 3 N., R. 15 E., Meade County, S. Dak. (Not Red Owl.)

White Owl: village, Meade County, S. Dak. (Not Whiteowl.)

White Owl: see Red Owl.

Whitepain: see Whitpain.

White Peaks: two peaks, a half mile apart, approximate altitude 9,800 feet high, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 49′ N., long. 110° 52′ W.

White Pine: village, Jefferson County, Tenn. (Not White Pines.)

White Point: creek, tributary to Yeocomico River, Westmoreland County, Va. (Not Mill nor Northwest Yeocomico River.)

White Pond: see White, lake, N. H.

White Quiver: falls, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 53′ N., long. 113° 49′ W. just above Glenns Lake on Middle Fork of Belly River. (Not Wash Board.)

White River: glacier, south of Glacier Peak and Suiattle Glacier, draining into White River, Chelan County, Wash.

White River: see Emmons, glacier, Wash.

White River: White River Canon: White River, Wash.: see Whitewater Draw.

White River Park: basin, between Huckleberry Creek and White River, northeastern corner Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

White Rock: peak, altitude about 5,100 feet, Great Smoky Mountains, on border of Cocke County, Tenn., and Haywood County, N. C., near lat. 35° 45′ 30″ N., long. 83° 10′ W. (Not Sharp Top.) Locally known as both Sharp Top and White Rock. The latter name is chosen because it is descriptive and avoids confusion with another peak in this vicinity called Sharp Top.

Whiterock: springs, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 42′ W., at northeast base of Roaring Mountain.

White Rock: see Pointer.

Whites: railroad station, Madison County, Ky. (Not Whites Station.)

Whites: run, Indiana County, Pa. (Not Whites Spring.)

White's: Whites: see Loblockee, creek, Ala.

White's: see Shoals, point, Alaska.

White's: Whites: see Queneska, Vt.

White Salmon: see Salmon, creek, Wash.

Whitesbog: town, Burlington County, N. J. (Not Whites Bog.)

White Sheep: see Big Sheep.

White Sisters: rock, group of 3 small islands, lat. 57° 38′.1 N., long. 136° 15′.2 W., 2¾ miles south of Cape Edward, Herbert Graves Island, southeastern Alaska.

Whites Ripple: shoal, Ohio River, Allegheny County, Pa. (Not White's.)

Whitestone: harbor, southeastern Alaska, Icy Strait, northeast shore Chichagof Island, near lat. 58° 04′ N., long. 135° 05′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Whitestone: see Jordan, cove, Conn.

White Sulphur: springs, northern shore of Bertha Bay, western coast of Chichagof Island, in Tongass National Forest, lat. 57° 48′.4 N., long. 136° 20′.5 W., about 4½ miles southeast of Point Urey, southeastern Alaska. (Not Hooniah Hot.)

White Sulphur Springs: town, Meagher County, Mont. (Not White Sulphur Spring.)

Whitetail: creek, T. 54 N., Rs. 2 and 3 E., rising near Beaver Peak, tributary to Deer Creek from west, Shoshone County, Idaho.

White Tail: creek, Lewis and Clark County, Mont. (Not Carmichael.)

Whitetail: creek, Sweet Grass County, Mont., heads approx. in sec. 7, T. 2 N., R. 13 E., Montana principal meridian, and enters Yellowstone River in sec. 15, T. 1 N., R. 14 E. (Not Swamp.)

Whitetail: ridge, secs. 30–31, T. 25 N., R. 29 W., west of Little Joe Gulch, Sanders County, Mont.

White Top: butte, near Arizona-New Mexico boundary line, Apache County, Ariz.

Whitewater: city and town, Walworth County, Wis. (Not White Water.)

Whitewater: creek, rising southwest corner Saskatchewan, Canada, flowing southeast, entering United States near lat. 49° N., long. 107° 52′ W., tributary to Milk River, Phillips County, Mont., in sec. 10, T. 32 N., R. 33 E. Named in cooperation with Geographic Board of Canada.

Whitewater: river, rising in Randolph County, flowing through Wayne, Fayette, Dearborn, and Franklin Counties, Ind., emptying into Miami River in Hamilton County, Ohio. (Not West Fork nor White Water.)

Whitewater: town and township, Cape Girardeau County, Mo. (Not White Water Station.)

Whitewater Draw: drain, Sulphur Springs Valley, Cochise County, Ariz. (Not Agua Prieta, Underground Passage of White River, White River, White River Canyon, White River Wash, nor White Water Creek.)

White Water Station: see Whitewater, town and township, Mo.

Whitewood: see Basswood.

Whitin: brook, town of Albany, Carroll County, N. H., 4 miles southwest of Mount Chocorua, White Mountains, tributary on the west bank of Paugus Brook. (Not Brown's.)

Whiting: railroad station, Ocean County, N. J. (Not Whiting's.)

Whiting: river, flows from British Columbia across boundary at lat. 58° 10′ 40″ N., thence southwest to Port Snettisham, southeastern Alaska.

Whiting's: see Queechy.

Whitley: township, Crawford County, Ark. (Not Whitney.)

Whitley: see White Lily.

Whitman: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 9, T. 18 S., R. 31 E., flowing northwest into Horse Creek in sec. 1, T. 18 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Whitman: see Wittman.

Whitmore: spring, near Mount Logan, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Wittmore Spring.)

Whitney: creek, Sequoia National Park, Tulare County, Calif., rising on northwest slope of Mount Whitney, near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 118° 18′ W., flows southwest into Kern River.

Whitney: meadows, Tulare County, Calif., near source of Golden Trout Creek, west slope Sierra Nevada, 8 or 9 miles east of Kern River, near lat. 36° 26′ N., long. 118° 16′ W. (Not Golden Trout.)

Whitney: mountain, altitude 14,501 feet, Tulare and Inyo counties, Calif., near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 118° 17′ W., the highest mountain in the United States, not including Alaska.

Whitney: pass, Tulare and Inyo County boundary, near lat. 36° 33′ N., long. 118° 17′ W., east boundary, Sequoia National Park. Named after Josiah Dwight Whitney (1819–1896), distinguished geologist.

Whitney: post light, Mississippi River, Adams County, Ill. (Not Whitney's.)

Whitney: see Whitley, township, Ark.

Whitney: see Golden Trout, creek, Calif.

Whitney No. 1, Mount: see Corcoran, mountain, Calif.

Whitney's: see Whitney, post light, Ill.

***Whitpain:** township, Montgomery County, Pa. (Not Whitepain.)

Whittaker: branch, Putnam County, and cove, White and Putnam Counties, Tenn. (Not Whitaker.)

Whittemore: pond, Hillsborough County, N. H. (Not Whittimore.)

Whittington: point, Chincoteague Bay, Worcester County, Md. (Not Willington's.)

Whittum: island, Sheepscot River, Lincoln County, Me. (Not Whittom.)

Whortleberry: see Huckleberry, island, N. Y.

Whorton: see Wharton.

W. H. Taft: see Taft, P. I.

Wichita: city, in Sedgwick Co., Kansas, on the Arkansas River, near lat. 37° 43′ N., long. 97° 23′ W. Population in 1930, 111,039. (Pronounced wich′-i-tah.)

Wickapekit: see Wekepeke.

Wickersham: see Deborah.

Wicketequock: see Wequetequock.

Wicket Picket: see Wekepeke.

Wicomico: river, rising in Charles County and emptying into the Potomac River near Blackistone Island, Md. (Not Great Wicomico.)

Wicomico: see Great Wicomico, river, Va.

***Wide:** bay, southeastern coast of Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, near Mount Becharof, about lat. 57° 20′ N., long. 156° W. (Not Kialagvik.)

Wide Ruin: stream, valley, and wash, tributary to Leroux Wash, Apache County, Ariz.

Widow: lake, Lassen County, Calif., 1½ miles southeast of Butte Lake, in sec. 24, T. 31 N., R. 6 E. (Not Snake.)

Widow: mountain, altitude 6,553 to 6,781 feet, secs. 22 and 27, T. 43 N., R. 4 E., Shoshone County, Idaho.

Widow Reynolds Bar: post light, Tennessee River, Trigg County, Ky. (Not Widow Reynold's Bar.)

Widow's: see Bolivar, railroad station, Ala.

Widows Tears: see Silver Strand.

***Wien (Vienna):** pr. vēn; capital of Austria; Ger. Wien; Fr. Vienne; Ital. Vienna; Cz. Vídeň; Mag. Bécs; 48° 12′ N., 16° 22′ E.

Wiesbaden: pr. vēs′bä-den; city, Hessen-Nassau, Germany, on the Rhine; 50° 7′ N., 8° 13′ E.

Wiessner: mountain (Mount Wiessner), Kootenai County, Idaho, in T. 48 N., R. 1 E., Boise meridian. (Not Mount Wiesner, Old Baldy, nor Wiessner's Peak.)

Wiessner's Peak: see Wiessner.

Wigan: city, Lancashire, England; 53° 32′ N., 2° 37′ W.

Wiggins: creek (Wiggins Fork), Fremont County, Wyo., a tributary of East Fork, Wind River, joining it in the northern part of T. 41 N., R. 105 W., sixth principal meridian; rises approx. in unsurveyed sec. 1, T. 45 N., R. 105 W., Washakie National Forest.

Wigwam: pond, Nantucket Town, Nantucket County, Mass. (Not Toochka nor Toupchue.)

Wilabarger: see Wilbarger.

***Wilbarger:** county in Texas. (Not Wilabarger.)

Wilber: point, on the eastern shore of Cobscook River, Trescott Town, Washington County, Me. (Not Wilber's, Wilbur, Wilburs, nor Willber.)

Willbert, Lake: see Little Simon, lake, N. Y.

Wilbur: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., formed by junction of Iceberg and Ptarmigan Creeks, flowing southeast into Swiftcurrent Creek, near lat. 48° 50′ N., long. 113° 43′ W.

Wilbur: mount (Mount Wilbur), altitude 9,293 feet, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 49′ N., long. 113° 44′ W. Named for E. R. Wilbur of New York.

Wilbur: Wilbur's: see Wilber.

Wilcox: ditch, diverting water from the south side of Huleia Stream, Koloa District, Kauai, T. H.

Wild: creek, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., rising near lat. 48° 45′ N., long. 113° 31′ W., flowing northeast across park boundary into St. Mary River.

Wild: river, a large affluent tributary to the Koyukuk River from the north, near lat. 67° 03′ N., long. 151° 27′ W., northern Alaska. (Not Hokatena, Totsenbet, Totsenbetna, Totzunbetna, nor Totsunbitna.)

Wild Basin: a drainage basin, just east of Continental Divide and south of Longs Peak, containing headwaters of North St. Vrain Creek, northwestern part of Boulder County, Colo.

Wildcat: cove, indenting northern island of the Pye Islands, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 150° 23′ W.

Wildcat: creek, rising in Tipton County, flowing westerly through Howard and Carroll Counties, and tributary to Wabash River, about 6 miles below Lafayette, Tippecanoe County, Ind. (Not Wild Cat.)

Wildcat: creek, Sheridan County, Wyo., rises in sec. 25, T. 55 N., R. 83 W., sixth principal meridian, and empties into Prairie Dog Creek in sec. 9, T. 56 N., R. 83 W.

Wildcat: pass, between Rabbit and Ragged Islands, of the Pye Islands Group, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 23′ N., long. 150° 23′ W. Proposed by Coast Survey field party, 1927, after the launch *Wildcat*, used in making the survey in this locality.

Wildcat: volcanic peak, Coconino County, Ariz.

Wildcat: see Laguna Seca, creek, Calif.

Wild Cat: see Big Wea, creek, Ind.

Wild Cat: see Wildcat, creek, Ind.

Wildcherry: see Cottonwood, creek, Colo.

Wild Goose: see Sasakwa.

Wildhorse: creek, Ouray County, Colo.

Wild Horse: creek, Campbell and Sheridan counties, Wyo., rises in T. 49 N., R. 74 W., sixth principal meridian, flows north and northwest into Powder River at Arvada, in T. 54 N., R. 77 W. So named by early settlers on account of the great number of wild horses ranging on this creek.

Wild Horse: see Halfbreed, creek, Mont.

Wild Horse: see Rose, spring, Nev.

Wildrose: mountain, lat. 48° 06′ N., long. 113° 21′ W., Flathead County, Mont.

Wild Rose: see Brier, spring, Nev.

Wild Rose: see Rose, spring, Nev.

Wilds Island: post light, Mississippi River, near Winona, Minn. (Not Wild's.)

Wilhelmshaven: seaport town of Germany. (Not Wilhelmshafen.)

***Wilkes-Barre:** city, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Wilkes Barre nor Wilkesbarre.)

Wilkes Land: Antarctic coast, bet. longitude 96° E. and 155° E., discovered and roughly charted by Lieut. (later Capt.) Charles Wilkes, U. S. N., in 1840.

Wilkinson: island, Mississippi River, Jackson County, Ill. (Not Wilkinson's.)

Will: see Wills, creek, Ohio.

***Willamette:** river, in Oregon, formed in Lane Co., near lat. 44° 01′ N., long. 123° 02′ W., by the junction of its Coast and Middle Forks, and flowing thence northerly into the Columbia River about 9 miles northwest of Portland. (Pronounced wĭl-ăm′-ĕt.) (Not Ouallamet, Wahlamath, nor Williamette.)

Willapa: bay, river, and town, Pacific County, Wash. (The bay is not Shoalwater Bay.)

Willber: see Wilber.

Will Creek: post light, Ohio River, Brooke County, W. Va. (Not Will's.)

Willem Barentses: see Barents.

Willer: see Wittee.

Willesden: a n. w. suburb of London, England; 51° 32′ N., 0° 14′ W.

Willet: town and village, Cortland County, N. Y. (Not Willett.)

Willets: point, Little Neck Bay, Long Island, Queens County, N. Y. (Not Willet's.)

Willey: pond, Bethlehem Town, Grafton County, N. H. (Not Ethan's.)

William: point, entrance to Samish Bay, Skagit County, Wash. (Not Point William.)

William: village, Tucker County, W. Va. (Not Helms.)

Williamette: see Willamette.

William Penn: village, Montgomery County, Pa. (Not Spring Mill.)

Williams: coulee, Big Horn County, Mont., in T. 1 S., Rs. 31–33 E., Montana principal meridian, drains into Big Horn River. (Not Williams Creek.)

Williams: creek, Hinsdale and Archuleta Counties, Colo., rising in T. 39 N., R. 3 W., New Mexico meridian, on the Continental Divide, directly west of Middle Fork, flowing south into Piedra River in T. 36 N., R. 3 W., San Juan National Forest.

Williams: creek, T. 12 S., R. 41 E., Bannock County, Idaho. (Not Bridge.)

Williams: glacier, eastern side College Fiord, just north of Amherst Glacier, lat. 61° 04′ N., long. 147° 48′ W., Prince William Sound, Alaska.

Williams: island, landing, and shoal, Lake Superior, Alger County, Mich. (Not Williams'.)

Williams: peak (Mount Williams), altitude 7,250 feet, Alaska, in Chugach Mountains, west of the Copper River, near lat. 60° 43′ N., long. 144° 55′ W. So named for Alfred Williams, construction engineer with the Copper River & Northwestern Railway.

Williams: peak, Valley County, Idaho, in unsurveyed sec. 1, T. 19 N., R. 6 E., Boise meridian, Idaho National Forest. Named for Hubert C. Williams, former forest ranger of the Idaho National Forest, who, as lieutenant leading his troops on September 10, 1918, of Co. D, 20th Engineers, in an attack on a German position was so severely wounded that he died three days later.

Williams: river, tributary to Colorado River, Mohave and Yuma Counties, Arizona. (Not Bill Williams.)

Williams: reef, bare at lowest tides, entrance to Chiniak Bay, lat. 57° 49′ .3 N., long. 152° 10′.7 W., Kodiak Island, Alaska. (Not Vasilief nor Wasilieff.)

Williams: township, Dauphin County, Pa. (Not William's.)

Williams: see Dirickson, creek, Del.

Williams: see Millham, brook, Mass.

*__Williams Bridge:__ station and locality in New York City, Bronx County, N. Y. (Not Williamsbridge.)

Williams Creek: see Williams, coulee, Mont.

Williamson: mountain southeastern Deschutes County, Oreg., in T. 19 S., R. 8 E., Willamette meridian, about 2 miles west of northern end of Lava Lake, Deschutes National Forest. So named in honor of Col. R. S. Williamson, who, in 1855, as lieutenant, Corps of Topographical Engineers, was in charge of a military expedition searching for a railroad route and explored the region in the vicinity of this mountain.

Willibert: mount (Mount Willibert) altitude 6,782 feet, southeastern Alaska and British Columbia, Canada, marking an angle on the international boundary 12 miles southeast of Unuk River, near lat. 56° 15′ N., long. 130° 28′ W. Named after Willibert Simpson, Canadian section, International Boundary Commission.

Willington's: see Whittington.

Willis: see Wills, creek, Ohio.

Willis: see Hatcher, village, Va.

Willis: see North Mowich, glacier, Wash.

Willis Wall: cliffs, head of Carbon Glacier, Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Williwakas: creek, heading in Williwakas Glacier and tributary to Muddy Fork of Cowlitz River, Mount Rainier National Park, Lewis and Pierce Counties, Wash. (Not Little Cowlitz.)

Williwakas: glacier, between Cowlitz and Paradise Glaciers, discharging into Williwakas Creek, southeastern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash.

Willmont: see Wilmont.

Willoughby: bay and point, Norfolk County, Va. (Not Willowbys.)

Willow: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 22, T. 17 S., R. 32 E., flowing northeast into Big Arroyo in section 13, Sequoia National Park.

Willow: creek, T. 35 N., R. 9 E., tributary to Obia Creek from the north. Idaho County, Idaho.

Willow: creek, Fremont County, Wyo., rises in northeastern portion of T. 2 N., R. 6 W., Wind River meridian, and flows northeasterly to empty into Wind River in sec. 28, T. 4 N., R. 3 W.

Willow: creek, Lincoln County, Wyo., rising near the center of T. 37 N., R. 115 W., sixth principal meridian, flows north into Hoback River.

Willow: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 39′ N., long. 110° 07′ W., flowing northeast into Lamar River.

Willow: small lake, Alaska, lat. 61° 47′ N., long. 145° 10′ W., about 2 miles south of the road fork to Chitina, on the east edge of the Richardson Highway.

Willow: lake, Plumas County, Calif., 3½ miles southwest of Juniper Lake, in secs. 1 and 6, T. 29 N., Rs. 5 and 6 E., respectively.

Willow: meadow, Tulare County, Calif., chiefly in sec. 18, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., Sequoia National Park.

Willow: park, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 52′ N., long. 110° 45′ W., along west bank of Obsidian Creek.

Willow: see Reid Gap, railroad station, Ala.

Willow: see Chilkoot, creek, Calif.

Willow: see Willows, town, Calif.

Willowbys: see Willoughby.

Willow Creek: lava field, on Willow Creek, Bingham County, Idaho.

Willow Creek: see Laguna, stream, Calif.

Willow Glen: village, Santa Clara County, Calif. (Not Willowglen.)

Willowgrove: village, Gloucester County, N. J. (Not Willow Grove.)

Willow Island: precinct and village, Dawson County, Nebr. (Not Willow.)

Willows: town, Glen County, Calif. (Not Willow.)

***Willow Springs:** creek, Maricopa County, Ariz., in secs. 1, 6, and 18, unsurveyed T. 2 N., R. 9 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Tonto National Forest. (Not Kayhatin.)

Wills: creek, Allegany County, Md., and Bedford and Somerset Counties, Pa.; and mountain, Allegany County, Md., and Bedford County, Pa. (Not Will's.)

Wills: creek, Jefferson County, Ohio. (Not Will, Willis, nor Will's.)

Wills: township, La Porte County, Ind. (Not Wells.)

Wills: see Will Creek, post light, W. Va.

Willscot: see Wilscot.

Willseyville: village in the town of Candor, Tioga County, N. Y. (Not Wilseyville.)

Willson's: see Wilson, island and point, Mo.

Willy: see Hambleton.

Wilmington: city, in New Castle Co., Delaware, on the Delaware River, near lat. 39° 44′ N., long. 75° 34′ W. Population in 1930, 106,632. (Pronounced, wĭl′-mĭng-tŭn.)

Wilmon: peaks, 1 mile southeast of Monte Cristo town, T. 29 N., R. 11 E., Snohomish County, Wash.

***Wilmont:** township, Nobles County Minn. (Not Willmont.)

Wilno (Vilna): city, n. e.Poland; Lith. Vilnius; 54° 40′ N., 25° 20′ E.

Wilscot: creek, gap, mountain, and town, Fannin County, Ga. (Not Wellscott nor Willscot.)

Wilseyville: see Willseyville.

Wilson: creek, tributary to Pilchuck River, T. 29 N., R. 8 E., Snohomish County, Wash. (Not North Branch nor North Branch Pilchuck River.)

Wilson: glacier, discharging into Nisqually Glacier from west, southern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash. (Not Stevens.)

Wilson: island and point, Mississippi River, St. Louis County, Mo. (Not Willson's.)

Wilson: landing and town, Mississippi River, East Carroll Parish, La. (Not Wilson's.)

Wilson: mountains, extending from Waterton Lakes, southern Alberta, Canada, to North Fork of Belly River, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont.

Wilson: peak (Mount Wilson), altitude 14,250 feet, Dolores County, Colo., San Miguel Range, near lat. 37° 51, N., long. 108° 00′ W. (Not Glacier Mountain.)

Wilson: point, near entrance to Norwalk Harbor, Fairfield County, Conn. (Not Wilson's.)

Wilson: village, Anderson County, Tenn. (Not Wilsons.)

Wilson: see South Tahoma, glacier, Wash.

Wilson Landing: post light, Mississippi River, Pike County, Mo. (Not Wilson's Landing.)

Wilsons: see Henness.

Wilton: creek, tributary to Trout Creek from south, in sec. 27, T. 24 N., R. 32 W., Sanders County, Mont. (Not Crow.)

Wilton: town and township, Muscatine County, Iowa. (Not Wilton Junction.)

Wilton: see Cornelius.

Wilton Junction: see Wilton, Iowa.

Wimbledon: a s. w. suburb of London, England; 51° 26′ N., 0° 13′ W.

Wimetka: see Winnetka.

Winchel: Winchell: see Prospect, lak , Mass.

Winchester: village, Queen Annes County, Md. (Not Fords Store.)

Winchester: see Canal Winchester.

Winchester: see Winchester Center.

***Winchester Center:** post office and village, Town of Winchester, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Winchester.)

Wind: small swift river, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, flowing from Lake Kulik into Lake Mikchalk, lat. 59° 46′ N., long. 159° 52′ W.

Wind: river, rising near summit of Wind River Range, flowing southeasterly and uniting with Popo Agie River to form Big Horn River, Fremont County, Wyo. (Not Big Wind.)

Wind: see Big Horn, river, Wyo.-Mont.

Winder: town, Barrow County, Ga. (Not Jug Tavern.)

Windfall: creek, tributary to Attlebury Creek from southeast, in sec. 1, T. 23 N., R. 33 W., Sanders County, Mont.

Windfall: group of three islands, south end of Chatham Strait, south of entrance to Tebenkof Bay, north side of Explorer Basin, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 56° 27′ N., long. 134° 14′ W.

Windfall: mountain, eastern Alaska, near international boundary, at the south end of a ridge that trends north of the Tatonduk River, about 2 miles from the mouth of the latter, approximate lat. 65° 01′ 45″ N., long. 141° 16′ 53″ W. So called because of the heavy covering of fallen burned trees on its sides.

Windmill Point: see Rappahannock.

Windom: see Norris, glacier, Alaska.

Window Cliffs: granite precipice, Tulare County, Calif., on Sequoia National Park boundary, 5 miles northeast of Kern Canyon Station (ranger), in sec. 35, T. 17 S., R. 33 E., Mount Diablo meridian. These cliffs are perforated with a window-like opening at the head of a gorge dropping into Kern Canyon, through which inspiring views of the park may be obtained.

Wind River: trail, along Aspen Brook, from mouth of Wind River, at southwestern end of Estes Park, up Aspen Brook to Cow Creek Divide, Larimer County, Colo.

Wind River: see Bea Ogwa, canyon, Wyo.

Wind River: see Shoshone, Indian reservation, Wyo.

Windsor: city, Ontario, Canada, opposite Detroit; 42° 20′ N., 83° 2′ W.

***Windsor:** town, Weld County, Colo. (Not New Windsor.)

Windsor: village, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Windsor Hill.)

Windy: creek, Alaska Peninsula, Alaska, tributary to Ukak River, on west side Buttress Range, Katmai National Monument, near lat. 58° 20′ N., long. 155° 20′ W.

***Windy:** hill, Gila County, Ariz., in sec. 24, T. 4 N., R. 12 E., Gila and Salt River meridian. (Not Cerro del Temporal as found in Fifth Report.)

Windy: peak, 1,785 feet high, five-eighths mile north of Windy Bay, Coronation Island, southeastern Alaska, near lat. 55° 53′ N.

Wine: island, near entrance to Terrebonne Bay, Terrebonne Parish, La. (Not Vine.)

Wine Island: pass, Terrebonne Parish, coast of Louisiana. (Not Vine Island.)

Wine Spring Bald: mountain, Macon County, N. C., near lat. 35° 10′.5 N., long. 83° 35′ W., and creek (Wine Spring Creek) heading west from this peak, Nantahala National Forest.

Winfall: town, Perquimans County, N. C. (Not Winfield.)

Wingate: brook, Tuftonboro Town, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Copp, Copps, nor Trout.)

Wings: see Pocassitt.

Wings Neck: lighthouse, Pocasset Harbor, Buzzards Bay, Mass. (Not Wing's Neck.)

Winn: railroad station, Douglas County, Ga. (Not Winston.)

*__Winnapaug:__ pond, in Westerly, Washington County, R. I., along south shore between Misquamicut and Weekapaug. (Not Babcock, Brightman, Long, Minnabaug, Mushaug, Poncamac, Teapannock, Wolopeconnet, Wardout, Wards, nor Winnapaug Bay.)

Winnebigoshish: see Winnibigoshish.

Winnepegoosis: see Winnipegosis.

Winnepesaukee: see Winnipesaukee, lake, N. H.

__Winnesoka:__ peak (Mount Winnesoka), altitude 4,316 feet, Sevier County, Tenn., near lat. 35° 42′ N., long. 83° 27′ W. (Not Roundtop.) New name suggested by Nomenclature Committee of the Tennessee Great Smoky Mountains Park Commission, given to peak formerly known as Round Top to avoid confusion with another more prominent peak in this vicinity. Winnesoka believed locally to be a Cherokee Indian word meaning "grapes," which grow in profusion on this peak.

Winnesquam Lake: see Winnisquam, lake, N. H.

__Winnetka:__ village, Cook County, Ill. (Not Wimetka.)

__Winnibigoshish:__ lake, Cass and Itasca Counties, Minn. (Not Winnebigoshish.)

__Winning:__ cove, on east shore Seymour Canal, Glass Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 57° 51′ N., long. 134° 06′ W., Tongass National Forest.

__Winnipeg:__ city, s. Manitoba, Canada, and large lake n. thereof; 49° 50′ N., 97° 10′ W.

__Winnipegosis:__ lake, Manitoba and Saskatchewan, Canada. (Not Little Winnipeg, Winnipegoos, Winnipegoose, nor Winnepegoosis.)

*__Winnipesaukee:__ lake (Lake Winnipesaukee), largest lake in New Hampshire, in Carroll and Belknap counties. (Not Winnepesaukee nor Winnipeseogee.) There are on record 132 different ways of spelling this name. The form approved here is that commonly used throughout the state. Revision of decision, 1893, Winnepesaukee.

Winnipeseogee: see Winnipesaukee, lake, N. H.

__Winnisquam:__ lake, Belknap County, N. H. (Not Great Bay, Lake Winnesquam, nor Lake Winnisquam.)

__Winona:__ ridge, between Flathead River and Cyclone Creek, Flathead County, Mont.

Winona: see Mud, lake, Mont.

__Winooski:__ river, tributary from the east to Lake Champlain, Chittenden and Washington Counties, Vt. (Not Onion.)

Winow: see Irish Canyon.

Winston: see Winn.

__Winston-Salem:__ city, Forsythe County, N. C.

__Winter:__ creek, branch of Middle Fork Flathead, Flathead County, Mont.

__Winter:__ creek, Yellowstone Naticnal Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 48′ N., long. 110° 52′ W., flowing northeast into Obsidian Creek.

__Winter:__ point, St. Johns River, Duval County, Fla. (Not Lancaster.)

*__Winter:__ point, southern end of Neebish Island, St. Marys River, Mich. (Not Henry.)

Winter: see Wood Island, harbor, Me.

__Winter Harbor:__ arm of Winnipesaukee Lake, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Tuftonboro Bay.)

__Winters:__ landing, Mississippi River, Winona County, Minn. (Not Winter's.)

__Winterthur:__ city, n. e. Switzerland; 47° 30′ N., 8° 45′ E.

*__Winthrop:__ glacier, discharging into West Fork of White River, northern slope Mount Rainier, Pierce County, Wash. (Not White.)

__Winthrop:__ head, Boston Bay, Winthrop Town, Suffolk County, Mass. (Not Great.)

Winthrop: see Emmons, glacier, Wash.

__Wintoon:__ butte, volcanic cone at west base of Mount Shasta, 8 miles a little south of west of Shasta Peak and 4 miles north of Sisson, Siskiyou County, Calif. (Not Black Butte, Cone Mountain, Muir's Peak, nor Sugar Loaf.)

__Winyah:__ bay, Georgetown County, S. C. (Not Winyaw.)

Wiper Loop: see Dunloup.

***Wisconsin:** river in Wisconsin, flowing from small lake on Wisconsin-Michigan boundary line near lat. 46° 09′ N., long. 89° 08′ W., south and southwest into the Mississippi River, near lat. 42° 59′ N., long. 91° 08′ W. (Pronounced, wĭs-kŏn′-sĭn.)

Wisconsin: a state of the United States bounded on the north by Minnesota and Michigan, on the east by Michigan, on the south by Illinois, and on the west by Iowa and Minnesota. Area, 56,066 square miles. (Pronounced, wĭs-kŏn′-sĭn.)

Wisdom: see Big Hole, river, Mont.

Wise River: see Pioneer, mountains, Mont.

Wishard: peak, altitude 6,425 feet, sec. 36, T. 46 N., R. 7 E., Idaho-Montana state line, Shoshone County, Idaho, and Missoula County, Mont.

Wisła: see Vistula.

Wisner's: see Duck, bay, Mich.

Witch: creek, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 44° 19′ N., long. 110° 33′ W., flowing southeast into Heart Lake.

Witch: see Welch, island, N. H.

Witchcoat: point, Black River, Baltimore County, Md. (Not Withcoate.)

Witch Pool: pond, Mount Trumbull, Coconino County, Ariz. (Not Witches Pool.)

Witebsk: see Vitebsk.

Withcoate: see Witchcoat.

Withers Mill: village, Marion County, Mo. (Not Wither's Mills.)

Witherspoon: mount (Mount Witherspoon), altitude 12,023 feet, Alaska, in the Chugach Mountains, north of Prince William Sound, near lat. 61° 24′ N., long. 147° 12′ W. Named after D. C. Witherspoon, a topographer, U. S. Geological Survey, 1891–1921, who mapped many areas in Alaska.

***Witt:** village, Hamblen County, Tenn. (Not Witts nor Witts Foundry.)

Wittee: lake, Williamsburg County, S. C., northeast bank Santee River, near long. 89° 45′ W. (Not White, Willer, Witter, Wittes, nor Wittie.)

Witten: pr. vit′en; city, Westphalia, w. Germany; 51° 26′ N., 7° 19′ E.

Witten: post light, towhead, and village, Ohio River, Monroe County, Ohio. (Not Witten's.)

Witter: see Wittee.

Wittes: Wittie: see Wittee.

Wittman: town, Talbot County, Md. (Not Whitman.)

Wittmore Spring: see Whitmore.

Witts: see Witt.

Witts Foundry: see Witt.

Wiwoka: see Weoka.

Wiyeast: basin, lying just east of the east fork of Ladd Creek, just below Barrett Spur, northern slope of Mount Hood, Hood River County, Oreg.

Wjatka: see Vyatka.

Włocławek: pr. vwotswávek; city, n. w. Poland; 52° 39′ N., 19° 5′ E.

Woahoo: see Oahu, T. H.

Wodo: butte (Mount Wodo), near south rim of the Grand Canyon, 3 miles southeast of Supai village, Coconino County, Ariz. So named on recommendation of the Geological Survey, from name of an Indian family.

Wolasatux: village, lower Yukon River, about 7 miles south of Nulato, Alaska. (Not Wolsatux.)

Wolcott: see Walcott.

Wolf: bar, Ohio River, Mason County, W. Va. (Not Wolf's.)

Wolf: creek, Sandusky and Seneca Counties, Ohio. (Not Raccoon nor West Branch Wolf.)

Wolf: lake, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., near lat. 44° 45′ N., long. 110° 35′ W., enlargement of Gibbon River, 1 mile west of Grebe Lake.

Wolf: mountain, altitude 8,883 feet, Boise county, Idaho, near lat. 44° 00′ 37.31″ N., long. 115° 23′ 15.27″ W. Name used in Forest Service triangulation. (Not Myrtle.)

Wolf: point, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., southwest shore of Yellowstone Lake, near lat. 44° 26′ N., long. 110° 25′ W.

Wolfborough: see Wolfeboro.

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Wolfe: island, St. Lawrence River, Frontenac County, Ontario, Canada, near Clayton, Jefferson County, N. Y. (Not Grand nor Long.)

Wolfeboro: town, Carroll County, N. H. (Not Wolfborough.)

Wolford's: see Woolford.

Wolf's: see Wolf, bar, W. Va.

Wolftail: mountain, altitude 8,195 feet, Glacier National Park, Flathead County, Mont., near lat. 48° 26′ N., long. 113° 36′ W.

Wolf Trap: lighthouse and spit, Chesapeake Bay, Mathews County, Va. (Not Wolf Trap Spit.)

Wolga: see Volga.

Wolhurst: village, Arapahoe County, Colo. (Not Platte Junction.)

Wolk: point, on Dall Island, southeastern Alaska, on south side of entrance to Wolk Harbor, near lat. 54° 40′ N., long. 132° 47′ W.

Wologda: see Volodga.

Wolopeconnet: see Winnapaug, pond, R. I.

Wolsatux: see Wolasatux.

Wolsey: creek and village, Meagher County, Mont. (Not Woolsey.)

Wolverhampton: city, Staffordshire, England, 20 mi. n. w. of Birmingham; 52° 37′ N., 2° 12′ W.

Wolverine: creek, Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska, short tributary of Crystal Creek from the east, lat. 63° 21′ 40″ N., long. 150° 20′ W. Many wolverines were observed on this creek during the summer of 1931.

Wolverton: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 27, T. 15 S., R. 30 E., flowing west into Marble Fork of Kaweah River in section 19, Sequoia National Park.

Wolverton: see Log, meadow, Calif.

Wonacot: see Wannacut.

Wononpakook: pond, Salisbury Town, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Long, Wanompakook, Wonon Pakok, nor Wononpokok.)

***Wononskopomuc**: lake, Salisbury Town, Litchfield County, Conn. (Not Furnace, Wononsco Pond, Wononscopomoc, nor Wononskopomus.)

Wonosco Pond: see Wononskopomuc.

Wonsan: see Gensan.

Wood: islands, group of three islands, western part of the Maurelle Islands, lat. 55° 40′ N., long. 138° 42′.4 W., southeastern Alaska.

Wood: river, Park County, Wyo., rises in T. 45 N., R. 104 W., sixth principal meridian, flows northeast to the Greybull River into which it empties in sec. 22, T. 48 N., R. 101 W.

Wood: see Big Wood, river, Idaho.

Wood: see Canyon, creek, Mont.

Woodburgh: Woodsburgh: see Woodmere.

Wooded: see Makhnati.

Woodglen: village, Hunterdon County, N. J. (Not Whitehall.)

Wood Green: a n. suburb of London, England; 51° 36′ N., 0° 7′ W.

Wood Island: harbor, mouth of Saco River, York County, Me. (Not Winter.)

Woodland: village, Talbot County, Md. (Not Chapel.)

Woodland: see Newlin.

Woodlawn: village, Jefferson County, Ill. (Not Wood Lawn.)

Woodman: peak, southwest slope of Dutch Mountain, Tooele County, Utah, near lat. 40° 12′ N., long. 113° 52′ W., altitude 7,262 feet, about 4 miles southeast of Twin Peaks. Named after the discoverer of several mines in this district.

Woodmere: village, Nassau County, N. Y. (Not Woodburg nor Woodsburg.)

Woodmoor: village, Prince Georges County, Md. (Not Woodmore.)

Woodpecker: cove, southern shore Mitkof Island, Sumner Strait, just westward of Howe Point, lat. 56° 29′.8 N., long. 132° 49′.5 W., southeastern Alaska.

Woodrings: point, northeast point of Sanibel Island, west side of San Carlos Bay, Lee County, Fla. (Not Middle nor Tarpon.)

Woodrow: creek and landing at mouth; eastern side of Knik Arm, Cook Inlet. Position of mouth, lat. 61° 13′.5 N., long. 149° 54′ W., Alaska. (Not Port Woodrow nor Ship Creek.)

Woodruff: town and township, Spartanburg County, S. C. (Not Woodruff's.)

Woodruff: see Woodruff Place.

***Woodruff Place:** town, Marion County, Ind. (Not Woodruff.)

Woods: ditch, Kohala District, Hawaii, T. H.

Woods: see Carroll, glacier, Alaska.

Woods: see North Branch Park, river, Conn.

Woods Hole: harbor, strait, and village, Barnstable County, Mass. (Not Woods Holl.)

Woolard: mountain (Mount Woolard), 1,180 feet high, San Juan County, Wash., on the middle peninsula of Orcas Island, 1 mile northwest of Diamond Hill.

Woolford: creek and neck, Dorchester County, Md. (Not Wolford's.)

Woolford: see Milton, village, Md.

Woolsey: see Wolsey.

Wopogasset: see Wapogasset.

Wopopaug: Wopowaug: see Wepawaug.

Worcester: city, and county (Worcestershire), England; 52° 12′ N., 2° 12′ W.

Worcester: city, in Worcester Co., Massachusetts, on the Blackstone River, near lat. 42° 15′ N., long. 71° 48′ W. Population in 1930, 196,837. (Pronounced, wo͝o-stĕr.)

Worm: creek, Ts. 15 and 16 S., Rs. 39 and 40 E., Franklin County, Idaho. (Not Warm.)

Wornock: mountain, Blount County, Ala., in T. 12 S., R. 1 W., Huntsville meridian.

Woronesh: see Voronezh.

Woronkofski: peak, altitude 3,305 feet, highest one of Woronkofski Island and near its center, lat. 56° 23′.4 N., long. 132°, 29′.3 W., southeastern Alaska.

Worsham: see Kisselen.

Worthley: brook and pond, tributary to Little Androscoggin River, Poland Town, Androscoggin County, Me. (Not Worthly.)

Worthville: see Klondike, village, N. Y.

Wosnesenski: island, off south shore of Alaska Peninsula and west of Unga Island, Shumagin Group, lat. 55° 11′ N., long. 161° 23′ W., Alaska. (Not Crested, Peregrebnoi, Unatkuyuk, Vozoychenski, Vossnesensky, nor Wossnessenski.)

Wotans Throne: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 111° 58′ W.

Wounded Man: creek, Stillwater and Sweet Grass counties, Mont., empties into Stillwater River from the west in T. 7 S., R. 14 E., Montana principal meridian. Some maps have erroneously given this name to the upper portion of Stillwater River.

Wow: ridge (Mount Wow), southwest of Mount Rainier, between Tahoma and Goat Creeks, Mount Rainier National Park, Pierce County, Wash.

Wraith: falls, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., on Lupine Creek, near lat. 44° 57′ N., long. 110° 37′ W.

Wrangell: narrows, connecting Sumner Strait with Frederick Sound and separating Mitkof Island from Kupreanof and Woewodski Islands, Alexander Archipelago, southeastern Alaska. (Not Wrangell Straits.)

Wrangell: town, on western side of northern end of Wrangell Island, lat. 56° 28′.3 N., long. 132° 23′.1 W., southeastern Alaska. (Not Fort Wrangel nor Wrangle.)

Wrench: creek, Big Horn County, Mont., rises in unsurveyed T. 8 S., R. 42 E., Montana principal meridian, and flows east to Hanging Woman Creek in northwestern portion of unsurveyed T. 8 S., R. 43 E. (Not French.)

Wright: creek and lakes, Tulare County, Calif., west slope Sierra Nevada, draining to north bank Wallace Creek, east bank Kern River, near lat. 36° 38′ N., long. 118° 21′ W. (Not East Fork, Kern River, for creek.) Named after Capt. J. W. A. Wright, who with Judge William R. Wallace and Rev. F. H. Wales, visited Mount Whitney in 1881.

Wright: gap and precinct, Banner County, Nebr. (Not Wrights.)

Wright: glacier, crosses British Columbia and Alaska boundary at lat. 58° 24′ toward northwest, and discharges into Taku River, Alaska, near lat. 58° 30′ N., long. 133° 40′ W.

Wright: mountain (Mount Wright), 5,400 feet high, King County, Wash., west slope Cascade Range, just north of Gem Lake and three-fourths mile NNW. of Snow Lake, near lat. 57° 29′ N., long. 121° 28′ W. Named after George E. Wright, attorney of Seattle and active mountaineer.

Wright: municipality, Samar Province, Samar, P. I.

Wright: river, Alaska, a short turbulent glacial river, draining the lake lying in front of the foot of Wright Glacier and joining Taku River by two separate mouths in lat. 58° 32′ N., long. 133° 43′ W., Tongass National Forest.

Wright: see Raht, ferry, Tenn.

Wright: see Battle, butte, Wash.

Wrights: see Wright, gap and precinct, Nebr.

***Wrightson:** mountain (Mount Wrightson), 9,432 feet high, Pima County, Ariz., in sec. 18, T. 20 S., R. 15 E., in Santa Rita Mountains, Coronado National Forest. (Not Baldy nor Old Baldy.) Named after William Wrightson, who came to Arizona in the early 60's as superintendent and general manager of the Salero and Santa Rita Silver Mines, and who was killed, 1864, near the foot of the mountain by Apache Indians.

Wrist: see Rist.

Wrocław: see Breslau.

Wuchang: city, Hupeh prov., cen. China, on Yangtze river; 30° 31′ N., 114° 23′ E.

Wuchow: city, Kwangsi prov., s. China; 23° 30′ N., 111° 25′ E.

Wuhu: city, Anhwei prov., e. cen. China, on Yangtze river; 31° 21′ N., 118° 30′ E.

Wungum: see Wangum.

Wuppertal: city, Rheinprovinz, w. Germany, on the Wupper river, s. of the Ruhr; formerly Elberfeld and Barmen; 51° 15′ N., 7° 10′ E.

Wurdeman: lake, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 59′ N., long. 114° 01′ W., the largest of the North Lakes group.

Wurtemberg: see Württemberg.

***Württemberg:** state, s. w. Ger.; Fr. Wurtemberg. Not Würtemberg.

***Würzburg:** pr. vürts′bo͝orkh; city, Bavaria, s. Germany; 49° 45′ N., 9° 55′ E.

Wyanda: see Wayanda.

Wyanett: township and village, Isanti County, Minn. (Not Wyanette.)

Wyanoke: island, St. Lawrence River. St. Lawrence County, N. Y. (Not Pine.)

Wye: river, flowing from a point east of Queenstown and emptying into Eastern Bay, Md. (Not Back Wye nor Front Wye.)

Wye East: river, eastern fork of Wye River, forming part of the boundary line between Queen Annes and Talbot Counties, Md. (Not Back Wye nor Front Wye.)

Wyesocking: see Wysocking.

Wynee: see Benville.

Wynn: mountain, T. 35 N., R. 15 W. Glacier County, Mont. (Not Point.) Named after Dr. Frank B. Wynn, physician and scientist.

Wynne: peak (Mount Wynne), altitude approx. 13,000 feet, Fresno County, Calif., in approx. lat. 36° 57′ N., long. 118° 24′ W., Sequoia National Forest. Named for Sedman W. Wynne, former forest supervisor of the Sequoia National Forest, who lost his life while in the execution of official duties.

Wynnville: creek, Blount County, Ala. (Not Whippoorwill.)

Wynoochee: river, tributary to Chehalis River from north, below Montesano, Grays Harbor County, Wash. (Not Wynooche nor Wynootchee.)

Wyomanock: creek, Columbia County, N. Y. (Not Kinderhook nor Lebanon.)

Wyoming: a state of the United States, bounded on the north by Montana, on the east by South Dakota and Nebraska, on the south by Colorado and Utah, and on the west by Utah, Idaho, and Montana. Area, 97,914 square miles. (Pronounced, wī-ō′-mĭng.)

Wysocking: village and bay, Hyde County, N. C., adjacent to Pamlico Sound. (Not Wyesocking, Yescocking and Yesocking.)

X

***Xingú:** pr. shing-gōō′; river, Brazil.

Y

Yaak: river, northwestern Montana and Canada. (Not Yaac, Yahk, nor Yak.)

Yabucoa: port (Port Yabucoa), southeast coast Puerto Rico. (Not Puerto de Yabucoa nor Yabucoa Harbor.)

***Yafa:** see Jaffa.

Yahara: river, Dane and Rock Counties, Wis. (Not Catfish nor Gahara.)

Yahata: seaport, ext. n. Kyushu island, Japan; 33° 55′ N., 130° 50′ E. Not Yawata.

Yahk: see Yaak.

Yahtse: river, flowing into Icy Bay, near lat. 59° 58′ N., long. 141° 25′ W., Alaska.

Yainax: butte, 7,277 feet high, southern Oreg., Klamath County, 10 miles south of Sprague River, in secs. 26 and 27, T. 27 S., R. 12 E., near lat. 42° 21′, long. 121° 16′. (Not Baldy nor Modoc Mountain.)

Yainax: see Council, butte, Oreg.

Yak: see Yaak.

Yakaio: see Yakataga, cape, Alaska.

Yakama: see Yakima.

Yakataga: cape, on southern coast of Alaska, between Yakutat Bay and Controller Bay, lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 142° 24′ W. (Not Yakaio, Yakiao, Yaktag, nor Yaktaga.)

Yakataga: river, flowing into Gulf of Alaska, about 1½ miles west of Cape Yakataga, lat. 60° 01′ N., long. 142° 27′ W., Alaska.

Yaki: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 03′ N., long. 112° 05′ W.

Yakiao: see Yakataga, cape, Alaska.

Yakima: city and precinct, Yakima County, Wash. (Not North Yakima.)

Yakima: county, river, and valley, Wash. (Not Yakama.)

Yakima City: see Union Gap.

Yakoba: city, Central Africa. (Not Yakubu.)

Yaktag: Yaktaga: see Yakataga.

Yakubu: see Yakoba.

Yakutat: bay, southeastern coast of Alaska, opening on the Gulf of Alaska, lat. 59° 40′ N., long. 140° W. (Not Admiralty, Bale de Monti, Behring, nor Jakutat.)

Yalabutch: see Lobutcha.

Yalagi: see Yalaka.

Yalaha: precinct and town, Lake County, Fla. (Not Yallaha.)

Yalaka: creek and mountains, Swain County, N. C. (Not Alarka nor Yalagi.)

Yale Point: headland, west of Chinle Valley, 20 miles northwest of Chinle, Apache County, Ariz.

***Yalik:** bay, on western side of Nuka Bay, opposite Harrington Point, lat. 59° 27′.5 N., long. 150° 37′ W., Kenai Peninsula, Alaska. (Not Cabin.)

Yalik: glacier, large, with foot about 2 miles westward of head of Yalik Bay, lat. 59° 28′ N., long. 150° 44′ W., western side of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska.

Yalik: point, on south side of entrance to Yalik Bay, a branch of Nuka Bay, Kenai Peninsula, Alaska, near lat. 59° 26′ N., long. 150° 35′ W. Suggested by its proximity to Yalik Bay.

Yalla Balley: see North Yolla Bolly; South Yolla Bolly.

Yallabusha: see Yalobusha.

Yallaha: see Yalaha.

Yalmar: village and railroad station, southeastern part of Marquette County, Mich., about 14 miles southeast of Marquette, Skandia township—T. 46 N., R. 24 W. (Not Yalmer.) Local name for Yalmar Bahrman, early settler in that vicinity.

Yalmer: see Yalmar.

Yalobusha: river, northwestern Mississippi. (Not Yallabusha.)

Yamagata: city, n. part main island, Japan; 38° 14′ N., 140° 18′ E.

Yaman: see Yemen.

Yamani: cove, west shore Baranof Island, southeastern Alaska, containing Yamani Islands, north side of Necker Bay entrance, near lat. 56° 42′ N.

Yampa: river, Garfield, Moffat, and Routt Counties, Colo. (Not Bear.)

Yamsay: mountain, altitude 8,248 feet, Klamath and Lake Counties, Oreg. (Not Yam Say.)

Yanaon: see India, French.

Yangtse: Yangtsze: see Yangtze Kiang.

Yangtze Kiang (Yangtze River): large river, China. Not Yangtse, Yangtsze.

Yankee: see Indian, creek, Colo.

Yaponiya: see Japan.

Yapura: see Japurá.

Yaquina: bay, head, precinct, river, and village, Lincoln County, Oreg. (Not Yaquinna.)

Yaracuy: pr. yä-rä-kōō′ē; state, Venezuela.

Yarkand or **Soche**: city, on Yarkand river, Chinese Turkistan; Turki, Yarkend,† Chin. Soche; 38° 15′ N., 77° 30′ E.

Yarkend Darya: see Tarim.

Yarmouth, Great: seaport, Norfolk county, England; 52° 38′ N., 1° 45′ E.

Yaroslav: see Jarosław.

Yaroslavl: city on the Volga, n. e. of Moskva, U. S. S. R. (Russia); Fr. Iaroslavl; Ger. Jaroslawl; 57° 35′ N., 39° 50′ E.

Yates: see Yatesville: Yeates.

***Yatesville**: borough, Luzerne County, Pa. (Not Yates.)

Yatesville: see Randall.

Yatt: see Iatt.

Yavapai: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 04′ N., long. 112° 07′ W.

Yava Supai: Yavai Sup-pai: see Havasupai.

Yawata: see Yahata.

Yaxartes: see Syr Darya.

Yazd: see Yezd.

Yazoo: river, formed by the junction of Yalobusha and Tallahatchie Rivers, in Leflore County, Miss., flowing southerly into the Mississippi River.

Yazoo Mongon: see Tuscolameta.

Yba: see Iba, P. I.

Ybabang Luquin: see Ibabang Luquin, P. I.

Ybabang Pailina: see Ibabang Palina, P. I.

Ybabang Sungi: see Ibabang Sungi, P. I.

Ybaboa: see Ibabao, P. I.

Ybid: see Ibid, P. I.

Ybor: channel, Hillsborough County, Fla., in Ybor Estuary at head of Sparkman Bay, Tampa Harbor. (Not Ybor Estuary.)

Ybujos: see Ibohos, P. I.

Y. Concepcion: see Inmaculada Concepcion, P. I.

Ydamacio: see Idamacio, P. I.

Ydiacacan: see Idiacacan, P. I.

Ydio: see Idio, P. I.

Yeager: landing, Missouri River, Warren County, Mo. (Not Yeager's.)

Yeates: mountain, Yancey and Madison Counties, N. C. (Not Yates.)

Yegua: cove, western side of Cape San Juan, P. R. (Not Ensenada la Yegua.)

Yeguas: creek, heading in sec. 33, T. 28 S., R. 19 E., and flowing northwesterly into Bitterwater Creek, San Luis Obispo County, Calif. (Not Los Yeguas.)

Yekaterinoslav: see Dnepropetrovsk.

Yelenina: spit, eastern entrance of the Sea of Azof, Russia. (Not Elenia nor Elenina.)

Yellovoi: see Chiniak, cape, Alaska.

Yellow: hill, altitude 6,100 feet, Lincoln County, Nev., west slope Ely Spring Range, NW. ¼ sec. 27, T. 1 N., R. 65 E., M. D. B. and M.

Yellow: mountain, altitude 8,900 feet, highest summit, Glacier National Park, Glacier County, Mont., near lat. 48° 54′ N., long. 113° 36′ W., approximate center.

Yellow: point, eastern shore of Tamgas Harbor, lat. 55° 04′.2 N., long. 131° 32′. 2 W., Annette Island, southeastern Alaska. (Not Signal.)

Yellow: see Lobutcha.

Yellow Bear: mountain, southeastern Alaska, on Admiralty Island, 7½ miles southwest of Mole Harbor, near lat. 57° 34′ N., long. 134° 13′ W. Name proposed by Harold J. Coolidge, jr., who in 1925 killed a bear on this mountain with very yellow pelage.

Yellow Butcha: see Lobutcha.

Yellow Head: see Schoolcraft.

Yellow House: creek, Berkeley County, S. C., side branch of Cooper River, draining Backslack and Slack Reach Lagoons, thence flowing southward parallel to eastern bank of and joining Cooper River near lat. 32° 55′ N., long. 79° 56′ W. (Not Sanders nor Saunders.)

Yellowjacket: mountains, Lemhi County, Idaho, extending on the north to the head of Wilson Creek, drained on the west by Middle Fork, Salmon River, on the south by Camas Creek and Silver Creek, and on the east by Panther Creek, Salmon National Forest.

Yellow River: see Hwang Ho.

Yellow Sea: see Hwang Hai.

Yellowstone: lake, Yellowstone National Park, elevation about 7,741 feet, near lat. 44° 17′ to 44° 34′ N., long. 110° 12′ to 110° 35′ W., extreme limits.

Yellowstone: river, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., rising near lat. 43° 56′ N., long. 109° 54′ W., flowing northerly across the park, northeast into the Missouri River, Minnetaree Indian name, Mi tsi a da zi meaning "rock yellow river." The early French explorers, called it Roche Jaune, meaning "yellow rock."

Yellowstone: see Absaroka, range.

Yellow Water: creek, near international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), tributary to Scottie Creek near lat. 62° 55′ N., long. 141° 00′.3 W., Alaska. (Not Yellowwater.)

Yellowy: see Spruce, island, Alaska.

Yelowoi: see Elovoi.

Yelowy: see Spruce, island, Alaska.

Yemen: pr. yĕm′ĕn; state, s. w. Arabia; capital San'a. (Not Yaman.)

Yenisei: see Enisei.

Yenping: city, Fukien prov., e. China; 26° 41′ N., 118° 12′ E.

Yenturanza: see Venturanza, P. I.

***Yerba Buena:** island, in San Francisco Bay, Calif. (Not Goat.) The Spanish name by which this island was universally known during the first half of the last century was restored by Assembly Joint Resolution No. 26 of the Legislature of the State of California, adopted May 15, 1931.

Yerznka: see Erzincan.

Yes: bay, about 5½ miles long, ⅜ mile wide, indenting southeastern side of Cleveland Peninsula, from Behm Canal, lat. 55° 54′ N., long. 131° 46′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not McDonald nor Yess.)

Yes: village, on northern shore of Yes Bay, Cleveland Peninsula, lat. 55° 54′.4 N., long. 131° 48′ W., southeastern Alaska. (Not McDonald nor Yess.)

Yeso: see Hokkaido.

Yescocking: see Wysocking, village, N. C.

Yesocking: see Wysocking, village, N. C.

Yess: see Yes.

Yezd: prov. and town, cen. Persia; 32° N., 54° 20′ E. (Not Jesd, Yazd.)

Yezo: see Hokkaido.

Ygbalangao: see Igbalangao, P. I.

Ygbalogo: see Igbalogo, P. I.

Ygbancal: see Igbancal, P. I.

Ygbobong: see Igbobon, P. I.

Ygbocagay: see Igbogacay, P. I.

Ygbonglo: see Igbonglo, P. I.

Ygcabu-ad: see Igcabuad, P. I.

Ygcadac: see Igcadac, P. I.

Ygcado: see Igcado, P. I.

Ygcalauagan: see Igcalauagan, P. I.

Ygcapuyas: see Igcapuyas, P. I.

Ygcasicad: see Igcasicad, P. I.

Ygcococ: see Igcococ, P. I.

Ygdalaguit: see Igdalaguit, P. I.

Ygdanlug: see Igdanglug, P. I.

Ygdorarog: see Igdorarog, P. I.

Yglinab: see Iglinab, P. I.

Ygpalge: see Igpalgi, P. I.
Ygpalhi: see Igpalgi, P. I.
Ygsoro: see Igsoro, P. I.
Ygtugas: see Igtugas, P. I.
Yguirindon: see Iguirindon, P. I.
Yingkow: see Newchwang.
Yk-Ik: see Ikik, P. I.
Ylango: see Ulango, P. I.
Ylanod: see Ilauod, P. I.
Ylaor: see Ilaor, P. I.
Ylaud: see Ilauod, P. I.
Ylayaivisan: see Ilayaiuisan, P. I.
Ylaya-Yvisan: see Ilayaiuisan, P. I.
Yle: see Ili, P. I.
Ylijan: see Ilihan, P. I.
Ylijan Norte: see Ilihan Norte, P. I.
Ylijan Sur: see Ilihan Sur, P. I.
Ylluru: see Illuru, P. I.
Ylog: see Ilog, P. I.
Ymaao: see Imaao, P. I.
Ymaculado Concepcion: see Inmaculada Concepcion, P. I.
Ymamao: see Imamawo, P. I.
Ymamauo: see Imamawo, P. I.
Ymoc: see Imoc, P. I.
Ynabasan: see Inabasan, P. I.
Ynduyong: see Induyong, P. I.
Ynosloban: see Inosloban, P. I.
Yntampilan: see Intampilan, P. I.

Yocona: river, tributary to Tallahatchie River, Lafayette, Panda, Pontotoc, Quitman, and Yalobusha Counties, Miss. (Not Yohnapotawpha, nor Yoknapotawpha.)

Yocos: see Yucos, P. I.

Yogo: peak, Little Belt Mountains, Cascade, Fergus, and Meagher Counties, Mont. (Not Yogo Baldy.)

Yohnapotawpha: see Yocona.

Yokeak: creek, rising in British Columbia, flows 10 miles southeast, crossing international boundary, and empties into Klehini River in Porcupine District, Alaska. (Not Boulder nor Jockeach.)

Yoken's Seat: see Yokun Seat.

Yokkaichi: coastal city, s. w. main island, Japan; alternate Jap. off. romanization, Yokkaiti; 35° N., 136° 40′ E.

Yokkaiti: see Yokkaichi.

Yoknapotawpha: see Yocona.

Yokohama: chief Japanese seaport, near Tokyo; 35° 27′ N., 139° 39′ E.

Yokosuka: seaport just s. of Yokohama, Japan; 35° 17′ N., 139° 40′ E.

Yokum: pond, Becket Town, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Reservoir.)

Yokun Seat: mountain, Berkshire County, Mass. (Not Yoken's Seat.)

Yola Buli, Yolla Bally: see North Yolla Bolly; South Yolla Bolly.

Yonelsin: see Big Sheep.

Yonkers: city, in Westchester County, New York, on the Hudson River, near lat. 40° 56′ N., long. 73° 54′ W. Population in 1930, 135,123. (Pronounced, yūn′-kerz.)

York: city, and geographical county (Yorkshire), n. England; 53° 50′ N., 1° 10′ W.

York: precinct and town, Sumter County, Ala. (Not York Station.)

York: town, county seat of York County, S. C. (Not Yorkville.)

York: valley, Piscataquis County, Me., upper part of Katahdin stream, southwest side of Mount Katahdin. (Not Yorks.) Named after Maurice York, guide who established a camp here in 1905.

York: see Ork, reef, Oreg.

York Nubble: see Cape Neddick.

York Station: see York, precinct and town, Ala.

Yorkville: see York, S. C.

Youcon: see Yukon, river, Alaska-Canada.

Youghiogheny: river, western Maryland and Pennsylvania. (Not Youghiogeny.)

Yougoslavie: see Yugoslavia.

Younaska: see Yunaska.

Young: a hill, 680 feet high, San Juan County, Wash., northwestern part of San Juan Island, ½ mile east of Garrison Bay. Named Mount Young by British naval officers 1858–59.

Young: mountain (Mount Young), altitude 13,187 feet, Sequoia National Park, Tulare County, Calif., near lat. 36° 35′ N., long. 118° 20′ W.

Young: mountain, Sandwich Range, Carroll County, N. H.

Young: peak, altitude 8,028 feet, east slope Deep Creek Mountains, Tooele County, Utah, in sec. 27, T. 9 S., R. 18 W., about one-half mile southeast of Sheep Canyon, and about 1 mile northeast of Dry Canyon. Named after one of the early settlers in the now abandoned town of Clifton.

Young Hopeful: geyser, Yellowstone National Park, Wyo., between Firehole and Hot Lakes, Lower Geyser Basin.

Youngs: eastern point of entrance to Stirling Basin, Greenport Harbor, Suffolk County, Long Island, N. Y. (Not Young's.)

Youngs: lake, Seattle city reservoir, 6 miles southeast of Lake Washington, in sections 1, 2, 11, 12, of T. 22 N., R. 5 E., W. M., King County, Wash. (Not Swan Lake.) Named after L. B. Youngs, 1859–1923, former superintendent of the water department, city of Seattle, who was the father of the project to make this lake the reservoir of the city.

Youngs: mountain, elevation 706 feet, Hancock County, Me., on Mount Desert Island, Lafayette National Park, near lat. 44° 23′ N., long. 68° 16′ W. Named after C. Young.

Youngs: township and village, Laurens County, S. C. (Not Young's Store.)

Youngs Point: landing, Mississippi River, Madison Parish, La. (Not Young's Point.)

Young's Store: see Youngs, township and village, S. C.

Youngstown: city in Mahoning Co., Ohio, on the Mahoning River, near lat. 41° 06′ N., long. 80° 39′ W. Population in 1930, 170,004. (Pronounced, yŭngz′-town.)

Young Warrior: see Tuscolameta.

Youth: small creek, Nushagak region, southwestern Alaska, entering Lake Aleknagik from the west about 1½ miles from the western end of the lake, lat. 59° 25′ N., long. 159° W.

Ypil: see Ipil, P. I.

Yraga: see Iraga, P. I.

Yraya Norte: see Iraya Norte, P. I.

Yraya Sur: see Iraya Sur, P. I.

Yrucan: see Irucan, P. I.

Yruian: see Irucan, P. I.

Ysla de Batbatan: see Batbatan, P. I.

Ysla de Maningning: see Maningning, P. I.

Ysla de Mararison: see Mararison, P. I.

Ysla de Piedras: see Piedras.

Ysla de Volcan: see Volcan, P. I.

Ytlogan: see Itlogan, P. I.

Ytoc: see Itoc, P. I.

Ytomang: see Itomang, P. I.

Ytulan: see Itulan, P. I.

Ytulano: see Itulan, P. I.

Ytum: see Itum, P. I.

Yuahit: see Iwahig, P. I.

Yuba: river, Boise County, Idaho, tributary of the Middle Fork, Boise River, flowing northerly from near the range line between T. 4 N., R. 10 E., and T. 4 N., R. 11 E., Boise meridian, nearly across unsurveyed T. 5 N., R. 11 E., Boise National Forest.

***Yucaipa**: creek and valley, Riverside and San Bernardino Counties, Calif. (Not Yucaipe.)

***Yucatán**: pr. yo͞o-kä-tän′; peninsula, state, and strait, Mexico.

Yucca: creek, Tulare County, Calif., rising in sec. 16, T. 15 S., R. 29 E., flowing into North Fork of Kaweah River in sec. 12, T. 16 S., R. 28, Sequoia National Park. (Not Cactus.)

Yucca: mountain, Tulare County, Calif., in sec. 6, T. 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Cactus.)

Yucca: mountain, west of Fortymile Canyon, Nye County, Nev. (Not Joshua.)

Yucca: ridge, Tulare County, Calif., short spur of Pine Ridge, extending southeast and southwest between North Fork, Kaweah River, and Yucca Creek, in Ts. 15 and 16 S., R. 29 E., Sequoia National Park. (Not Cactus.)

Yucos: barrio, Nagcarlan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Yocos.)

Yugoslav: adjective, of or pertaining to Yugoslavia. Not Yugo-Slav, Yugoslavian.

Yugoslavia: kingdom, s. Europe; formerly "Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes"; since Oct. 1929 officially "Kingdom of Yugoslavia" (Kraljevina Jugoslavija); Fr. Yougoslavie; Ger. Südslawien; Ital. Jugoslavia; Mag. Jugoszlávia; Gr. Notioslavia.†

Yukla: Yuklahitna: see Eagle, river, Alaska.

Yukon: river, the largest and most important river in Alaska. Rises in Yukon, Canada, flows across the international boundary (between Alaska and Canada), at lat. 61° 41′ N., long. 141° W., through central Alaska and empties into Norton Sound, through the delta near lat. 63° N., long. 164° 20′ W. (Not Jukchana, Juna, Kvikhpak, Kwichpack, Kwichpak, Niga To, Youcon, nor Youkon.)

Yukon: territory, n. w. Canada.

Yukwonilnuk: see George, river, Alaska.

Yukwonilnuk: see Nowat, river, Alaska.

Yuma: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 05′ N., long. 112° 14′ W.

Yumtheska: point, on south rim of the Grand Canyon, 2⅓ miles south of mouth of Havasu Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. So named for an Indian family.

Yunaska: island, altitude 2,864 feet, 11 miles long, 5 miles wide, near lat. 52° 37′ N., long. 170° 45′ W., western part of Eastern Aleutians, Alaska. (Not Younaska.)

Yunnan: prov., s. w. China proper.

***Yünnanfu** or **Kunming:** city, capital of Yunnan prov., s. w. China; old Chinese name Kunming restored officially to supersede Yünnanfu; 25° N., 102° 38′ E.

Yunosi: point, on south rim of Grand Canyon, 5 miles south of mouth of Havasu Creek, Coconino County, Ariz. So named for an Indian family.

Yurev: see Tartu.

Yuzovka: see Stalin.

Z

Zacapa: pr. sä-kä′pä; dept., Guatemala, and its capital; 14° 59′ N., 89° 31′ W.

Zacatecas: pr. sä-kä-teh′käs; state, Mexico, and its capital; 22° 49′ N., 102° 34′ W.

Zacatecoluca: pr. sä-kä-teh-kō-lo͞o′kä; city, El Salvador; 13° 31′ N., 88° 51′ W.

Zachar: bay, about 6 miles long, eastern arm of Uyak Bay, indenting western coast of Kodiak Island, mouth at lat. 58° 35′ N., long. 150° 50′ W., Alaska.

Zadar: see Zara.

Zagabria: see Zagreb.

Zagacay: see Bagacay, P. I.

Zagazig: see Zaqaziq.

Zágráb: see Zagreb.

Zagreb: city, n. w. Yugoslavia, on Sava river; Croat, Zagreb; Ger. Agram; Mag. Zágráb; Ital. Zagabria; 45° 48′ N., 16° E.

Zambezi: river, s. Africa, e. to the Indian Ocean.

Zamboanga: municipality, Provincial Capital Zamboanga Province, Mindanao, P. I.

Zamboanguita: municipality, Oriental Negros Province, Negros, P. I.

Zambre: see Zumbro.

Zamora: pr. sä-mō′rä; state, Venezuela.

Zanes: see Wheeling, island, W. Va.

Zanzibar: island, e. Africa; a Br. protectorate; 6° S., 39° 20′ E.

Zapadnaya Dvina (Western Dvina): see Düna.

Zapan: see Zapang, P. I.

Zapang: barrio, Ternate Municipality, Cavite Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Zapan.)

Zapang-Bayan: see Sapangbayan, P. I.

Zapato: creek, flowing easterly down to the northern end of Kettleman Plain, Fresno County, Calif. (Not Zapato Chino nor Zapatos.)

Zaporozhe: formerly Alexandrovsk, city on Dnieper river, Ukrainian S. S. R., Soviet Union (Russia); Ger. Saporoshje; 47° 57′ N., 35° 10′ E.

Zapote: barrio, Binan Municipality, Laguna Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Sapote.)

***Zaqaziq (Zagazig):** city, Nile delta; Egypt; 30° 35′ N., 31° 33′ E.

Zara: pr. dzä′rä; Italian prov., and seaport on Dalmatian coast; Serb-Croat, Zadar; 44° 7′ N., 15° 15′ E.

Zaragosa: see Zaragoza, P. I.

Zaragoza: barrio, Badian Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: barrio, Manay Municipality, Davao Province, Mindanao: barrio, Balasan Municipality, Iloilo Province, Panay: and barrio, Bolinao Municipality, Pangasinan Province, Panay, P. I.

Zaragoza: barrio, Aloguinsan Municipality, Cebu Province, Cebu: barrio, Bacnotan Municipality, La Union Province, Luzon: barrio, Matalom Municipality, Leyte Province, Leyte: and poblacion (Municipal government barrio), Zaragoza Municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I. (Not Zaragosa.)

Zaragoza: barrio, Surigao Municipality, Surigao Province, Mindanao, P. I. (Not Saragoza nor Zaragosa.)

***Zaragoza:** barrio, Bugasong Municipality, Antique Province, Panay, P. I. (Not Saragoza nor Zaragosa.)

Zaragoza: municipality, Nueva Ecija Province, Luzon, P. I.

***Zaragoza (Saragossa):** province and city, n. e. Spain; Sp. Zaragoza, pr. thä-rä-gō′thä; Fr. Saragosse; 41° 40′ N., 0° 51′ W.

Zarcillo: canyon, Las Aminas County, Colo., in T. 33 S., R. 67 W., sixth principal meridian. (Not Sarcilla, Sarcillo, nor Sarsillo.)

Zavala: county, in southwestern Texas. (Not Zavalla.) Spelling changed in conformity with an act of the legislature of the State of Texas, May 21, 1929. Named for Gen. Lorenzo de Zavala, a Mexican, who espoused the cause of Texan independence and was elected Vice President of the new Republic.

Zavalla: see Zavala, county, Texas.

Zealand (Denmark): see Sjaelland.

Zealand (Netherlands): see Zeeland.

Zechinder: see Kismet.

Zeeland: prov., s. w. Netherlands; Fr. Zélande; Ger. Seeland. Not Zealand.

Zeeland (Denmark): see Sjaelland.

Zélande: see Zeeland.

Zelock: see Segloch.

Zelonoi: Zelony: see Green, point, Alaska.

Zenshu (Chunju): city, Chosen; alternate Jap. off. spellings, Zenshu and Tyondyû; Korean, Chunju; 35° 47′ N., 127° 7′ E.

Zenta: see Senta.

Zhitomir: city, Ukrainian S. S. R.; Soviet Union (Russia); Fr. Jitomir; Ger. Shitomir; Pol. Żytomierz; Ukr. and Russ. Zhitomir;† 50° 19′ N., 28° 40′ E.

Zigzag: canyon, glacier, mountain, and river west of Mount Hood, and village, T. 3 S., R. 7 E., Clackamas County, Oreg. (Not Zig Zag.)

Zilbetod: peak, Apache Co., Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 48′ N. long. 109° 10′ W.

Zilditloi: mountain, McKinley County, N. Mex., near lat. 35° 54′ N., long. 109° 00′ W. (Not Baigaichi.)

Zilh-le-jini: see Black, mesa, Ariz.

Zilh-Tusayan: see Fluted Rock.

Zillesa: mesa, Navajo County, Ariz., Hopi Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 06′ N., long. 110° 18′ W.

Zilnez: mesa, Navajo County, Ariz., Navajo Indian Reservation, near lat. 36° 48′ N., long. 110° 33′ W.

Zilthe-le-Jini: see Black, mesa, Ariz.

Zimigui: Zimiguig: see Simiguig, P. I.

Zimme: see Chiengmai.

Zinaman: see Siuanan, P. I.

Zingo: see Mingo, Virgin Islands.

Zinovievsk: pr. zē-nô′vyĕvsk; formerly Elizavetgrad, city, Ukrainian S. S. R. Soviet Union (Russia); Ger. Sinowjewsk; 48° 32′ N., 32° 18′ E.

Zinsen: see Jinsen.

Zinudungan: Zinundungan: see Sinundungan, P. I.

Zion: see Mukuntuweap, river, Utah.

Zion: canyon, of Mukuntuweap River, in Zion National Park, Washington County, Utah. (Not Mukuntuweap.)

Zip: small rock, southeastern Alaska, 110 yards long, with sharp knob 20 feet high, ⅜ of a mile south of Cape Spencer, marks the west side of the entrance to Dicks Arm, near lat. 58° 12′ N., long. 136° 40′ W.

Zirku: see Tsirku, river, Alaska.

Ziuanan: see Siuanan, P. I.

***Zoar**: lake, formed by dam on the Housatonic River, a few miles above Derby, in Fairfield and New Haven Counties, Conn. (Not Humphreys.)

Zonguldak (Zunguldak): vilayet and town, Turkey. Not Songuldak, Zoungouldagh.

Zoroaster Temple: peak, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., in north wall of canyon, near lat. 36° 07′ N., long. 112° 03′ W.

Zoungouldagh: see Zonguldak.

Zoutpan: see Concordia, Virgin Islands.

Zuider Zee: shallow gulf, n. cen. Netherlands; Ger. Süder See.

Zulia: pr. sōō′lē-ä; state, Venezuela.

Zumarraga: municipality, Samar Province, Buad, P. I.

Zumbro: river, Wabasha County, Minn. (Not Embarras, Zambre, nor Zumbroto.)

Zunge: see Sunsi, bay, Virgin Islands.

Zunguldak: see Zonguldak.

Zuni: point, Grand Canyon National Park, Coconino County, Ariz., on south rim of canyon, near lat. 36° 01′ N., long. 111° 55′ W.

Zuni: see Twin, mesas, Ariz.

Zunindungan: see Sinundungan, P. I.

Zürich (Zurich): canton and city, n. e. Switzerland; Ger. Zürich; Fr. Zurich; 47° 22′ N., 8° 22′ E.

Zwartklip: see Blackrock, Virgin Islands.

Zwickau: pr. tsvik′ow; city, state of Saxony, s. cen. Germany; 50° 44′ N., 12° 30′ E.

Zwolle: city, e. cen. Netherlands; 52° 30′ N., 6° 5′ E.

Żytomierz: see Zhitomir.