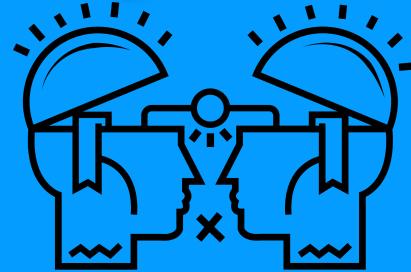


Creative Thinking as Strategy





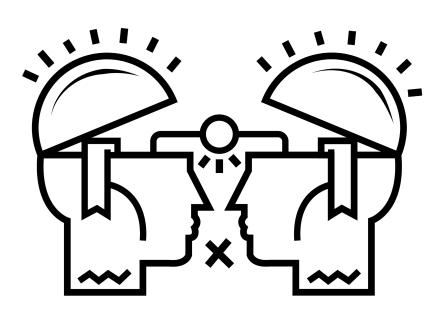
01

Introduction

Why talk about this?

Creative Thinking as Strategy

- Topic requested by program committee
- Can creative problem-solving be taught?
- Ambition of our Vision and Movement Strategy
- Uniqueness of our Wikimedia context
 - Though we have some tried-and-true, replicable practices!
- Creative thinking as strategy





02

Opening exercise



What problem facing your group would you most like to solve?



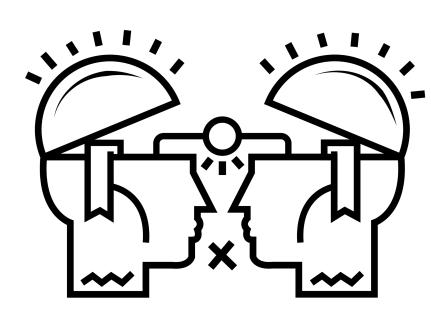
03

About creative thinking

Some principles and observations

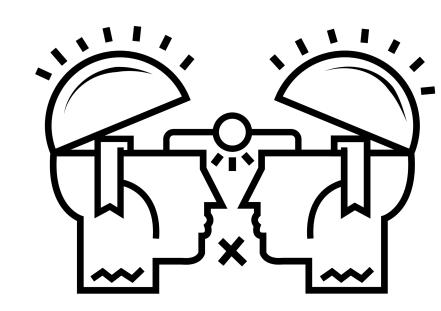
Isn't all thinking creative?

- Why do we not always think creatively?
- Most thinking is like water running down a river
 - o and that's good!
- Creative thinking is like irrigation -forging new paths for the flow
- Sometimes even flowing upstream!
- (okay, this simile is breaking down...)



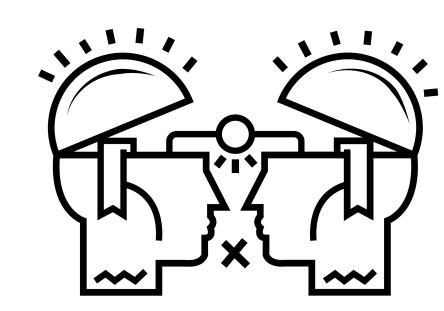
What blocks creative thinking?

- Fear of failure
- Fear of criticism
- Fear of looking stupid
- Fear of looking smart[er than...]
- Mandated boundaries from above or below
- Low morale, depression
- ...



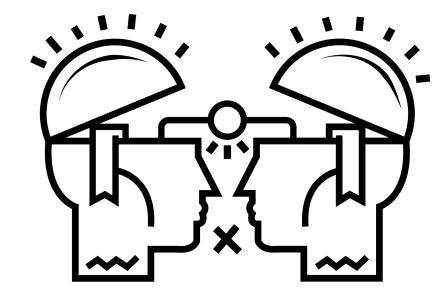
What encourages creative thinking?

- Sense of safety
- Suspended criticism
- Supportive colleagues
- Minimal group politics
- Explicit mandate to explore
- High morale, joy
- ...



A creative thinking mindset

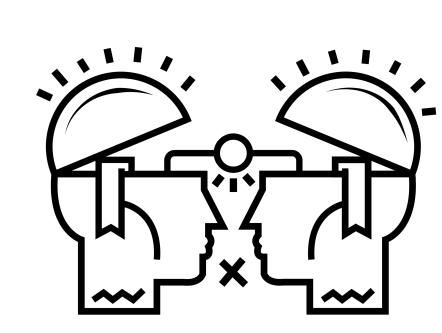
- Learn from failure
- Make it
- Creative confidence & optimism
- Empathy
- Embrace ambiguity
- Iterate, iterate, iterate



Source: IDEO.org's Design Kit https://www.designkit.org/mindsets

A broad process

- 1. **Learn** facts, context, and offered analysis
- 2. **Generate**, sort, and select ideas
- 3. **Implement** a pilot / prototype + Iterate





04 Tools and pitfalls

Common mistakes and useful techniques

Some pitfalls: Learning phase

- Ideas without users
- Solutions to non-problems
- Solutions to problems that don't matter

Tools for the Learning phase

- Define your audience; map ecosystem
- Interviews (direct, group, third-party)
- Personas and insight statements
- Five whys
- Identify mainstream vs. extreme (in demographics, skills, attitudes)
- Framing problems as "disruptive" promises
- Devising criteria for prioritizing problems

Some pitfalls: Generation phase

- Reaching for the obvious
- Incomplete solutions
- Starting too big

Tools for the Generation phase

- Identify long-term goals (> 3 years)
- Map backwards from the long-term goals to interim outcomes, with cause-and-effect leading from interim outcomes to long-term goals
- Identify intervention points -- opportunities for action

A quick example of a very general Wikipedia cause and effect links diagram. Readers Quality **Contributors**

A quick example of a very general Wikipedia cause and effect links diagram. Readers **Potential** interventions! **Potential** Quality interventions! **Potential Contributors** interventions!

1. Long-term outcomes example

Non-Wikimedia goal

CEE youths gain better job prospects in software engineering

Wikimedia goal

Wikimedia's technical volunteer base is diversified with more people from CEE



1. Long-term outcomes example

Non-Wikimedia goal

CEE youths gain better job prospects in software engineering Wikimedia goal

Wikimedia's technical volunteer base is diversified with more people from CEE



How do we get there? What are the prerequisites for these outcomes?



2. Mapping outcomes backwards

Non-Wikimedia goal

CEE youths gain better job prospects in software engineering

Wikimedia goal

Wikimedia's technical volunteer base is diversified with more people from CEE

cause and effect!

CEE youths undergo practical training as interns or volunteers in real-world software projects

cause and effect!



Potential interventions!

2. Mapping outcomes backwards

Non-Wikimedia goal

CEE youths gain better job prospects in software engineering Wikimedia goal

Wikimedia's technical volunteer base is diversified with more people from CEE

cause and effect!

CEE youths discover the *technical* opportunities in Wikimedia CEE youths undergo practical training as interns or volunteers in real-world software projects

Potential interventions!

cause and effect!

Potential interventions!

What if I'm the kind of person who's better at seeing problems than solutions?





Tool: Problem/solution trees

- 1. Build a tree with a main **problem** as the trunk, the **causes** (primary and secondary) as roots, and the **consequences** of the problem as branches
- 2. Then **reverse** the negative statements, creating a **solution tree**
- 3. Look at the solution tree and **evaluate** practicality and priorities, *deriving a strategy* toward a solution.

Problem tree example Frustrated contributors Less access to public Difficult to run Wiki effects heritage via Wikimedia **Loves Monuments** We don't have freedom of Panorama Legislators unaware "Boring" topic causes Public unaware Low copyright enforcement in general Quick tool



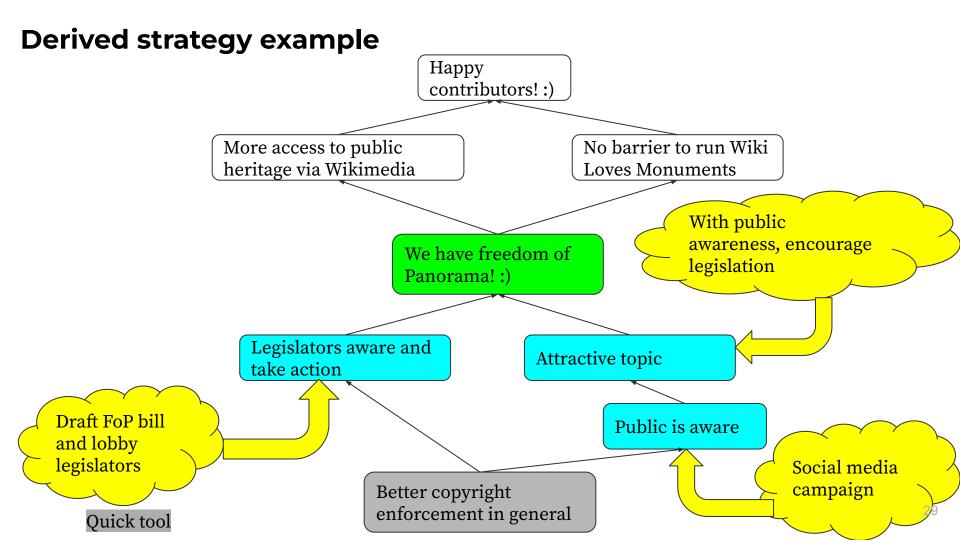
Solution tree example Happy contributors!:) More access to public No barrier to run Wiki heritage via Wikimedia **Loves Monuments** Long-term outcome We have freedom of Panorama!:) Interim outcomes Legislators aware and Attractive topic take action Public is aware

Better copyright

Quick tool

enforcement in general

28



Tools for the Generation phase

- "How might we...?" based on insight statements
- **Brainstorms** (defer judgment, build on others, quantity, encourage wild ideas, stay focused on topic, be visual)
 - Different generation **modes** to draw on different parts of the brain (timed, drawing, themed, etc.)
 - **Rapid**, silent idea generation, later clustering



Okay, so now we have a ton of ideas, including wild and crazy ones. Now what?

Tools for the Generation phase

- Top-five, rubric scoring, etc.
- Map process of selected ideas end-to-end, identifying actors, skills, and assumptions
 - **Reject** impractical ideas; re-generate if necessary
- Show how our solution is expected to solve the problem by expressing it as a sequence of cause-and-effect relationships, e.g. using the <u>Impact</u> <u>Ladder</u> (inputs, outputs, outcomes, impact)
- Come up with **metrics** and evaluation plan

Some pitfalls: Implementation phase

- Failing to invest
- Failing to communicate
- Failing to learn
- Failing when scaling up

Tools for the Implementation phase

- Test hypotheses with MVPs
- Maintain shared reality
- Retrospectives
- Translate evaluation into action



05

Workshop

Let's put some of this to use!



Let's pick something to work on!



In each group, let's take 15m to Learn



Now let's generate ideas for 30m.



Now let's <u>select</u> our top ideas and <u>develop</u> them for 20m:

- End-to-end process, stakeholders, resources
- Logical cause-and-effect chain of outcomes
- Metrics and evaluation plans for each outcome



Who wants to share? (15m)



06

Next steps



- 1. Consider holding a creative thinking workshop in your community
- 2. **Document your challenges and thinking online** and recruit the entire movement's wisdom



Sources and detailed references:

- IDEO's <u>Design Kit</u>
- ThoughtWorks' <u>Actionable</u>
 <u>Innovation toolkit</u>



Thank you for your attention!