

(C O P Y)

L I U

STATEMENT OF T. C. LIU--22 MARCH 1946
DEPARTMENT OF CHINESE YEN CHING UNIVERSITY

Witness was a student at Yen Ching University in 1941. On 8th December 1941, with 21 others, he was arrested by the Japanese Gendarmerie. Those arrested were students and professors. He was not mistreated this time, but was released 10 January 1942. When released, the were given a lecture by a captain (as he thought and was told) of Gendarmerie on the Greater Asia Co-Prosperity Sphere. The university was closed, and witness studied by himself. He was again arrested 25 August 1943, and he was suspected of helping students to get into Free China. Witness was suspected of being an agent of the Chiang Kai Shek government. Gendarmerie were interested in organized resistance. I did admit helping to get some students into Free China. I was given the water cure, was bound hand and foot until I could not struggle, and water poured in mouth. Also beat, fingers were burned. I was beaten and hung up by wrists with bricks tied to my feet. I fainted, and then was questioned. The same thing was done four times. They finally became satisfied that I was not in organized underground Chinese activities. I was tortured in a kitchen adjoining the jail in Mei Cha Hutung East City. It is my belief that this torture was in accordance with a settled policy, because I have learned from others, including other prisoners, that the same methods were employed to get information at Tientsin and in the other Gendarmerie H. Q. in Peiping, of which there are at least five. The second reason, they pretended to have a certain kind of military court, and people were brought before it after the torture examination and when a few days' time had expired. The only evidence against them was that procured by the torture.

I also know about the start of the war at Marco Polo Bridge. The Wan Ping is the name of the town N.E. of the river. The Jap troops arrived near the bridge from the east. Fungtai was the town below (south) of Peiping, where the railroad line starts, ending at Chang Sin Tien on the bank of the river near the Marco Polo Bridge. The troops were on both sides of the Marco Polo Bridge at the time of the maneuvers, having come up from Tientsin. The Japanese troops had maneuvered away from the railroad several times before. These troops were here under the Boxer protocol. It appeared that this was part of a plan, as the troops stationed at Marco Polo cut off another side of Peiping, leaving only the western side for the Chinese Army to use for an escape. There were troops near The Great Wall, and in area of the E. Hopei Anti-Communist Autonomous Government, as well as those who were in and near Peiping, to guard the railroad under the Boxer agreement. The 29th Chinese Army was located near by, in charge of Hopei and Chahar Provinces. Many troops came to the vicinity of FUNGTAL, due south of Peiping about 8 miles, within the next few days, and the fighting continued from time to time, breaking one temporary truce after another. I attach herewith a pen sketch, which

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shows relative positions of the railroad, the bridge, and the towns and cities involved.

WITNESS:

S/ Thos. H. Morrow
S/ J. J. Crowley


S/ (Chinese characters)
Tze Chien Lin

SWORN to before me this 22nd day of March, 1946.

S/ Thos.H. Morrow
Col. I. C. D.

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Statement of T. C. Liu 22 Mar 46
Department of Chinese YEN CHING
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over the past days, and the fighting continued from June to June, creating one temporary fire after another. I attach herewith a few sketches, which show relative positions of the railroad, the bridge, and the towns and cities involved.

Witnesses:

Thos H Morrow
J. J. Crowley

劉子健
Be Chen Liu

Sworn to before me this 22nd
day of March 1946

Thos H Morrow
Col I. G. D.

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 1723

25 May 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: Statement of Chinese civilian
T. C. Liu

Date: 22 Mar 46 Original () Copy () Language:

Has it been translated? Yes () No (x)
Has it been photostated? Yes () No (x)

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL (also WITNESS if applicable)

Document Division (witness in Tokyo)

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: T. H. Morrow

PERSONS IMPLICATED: All defendants named in Count 19.

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Atrocities, China;
Planning and starting a war of aggression; China Military
Aggression.

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS (with page references):

1. Witness was interned in an attempt to secure information by Japanese Gendarmerie.
2. Hearsay evidence of Marco Polo Incident and description of the physical situation.

Analyst: Col. Morrow

Doc. No. 1723

Doc. No
① 1723

checked by N. Hidaka
YAMASAKI, Munenao
18 June, 1946.

昭和二十一年(1946)三月二十一日 供述書 ①

支那 ~~YIN CHING~~ 燕京大學學生

劉子健

~~五、七、廿~~ ~~六、六、劉~~

證人、^(千九百四十年)昭和十六年(1941)に、~~YIN CHING~~

燕京大學、學生であった。^(千九百四十年) (昭和十六年)

十二月八日彼、他、二十一人と共に、日本憲兵

により逮捕せられた。逮捕せられた者、學生

と教授であった。今回、彼の残酷な取扱

ハレナク、^(千九百四十二年)翌(昭和十七年)二月十日に放免

された。解放せられた時、彼等、大東亞共

榮園にツイテ憲兵大尉(彼、老稱、忠士、且左

稱、^(千九百四十二年)聞かれた)から講義を聞かされた。

(2)

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閉鎖セラレ、^独證人ハ^{マシ}自學自習ニシタ。彼ハ

(千九百四十三年)

(昭和十八年)(1943)八月=十五日=再ニ逮捕セ

ラレタ、彼ハ^{マシ}支那ヲ自由ニスルヲ學生達ニ

(自由支那ニ入ルヲ)

援助シテ^{マシ}ナルト云フ嫌疑ヲ受ケタ。證人

ハ~~CHANG KAI SHEK~~ 蔣介石政府ノ^権密探

(組織的)

ヲ^{マシ}アルト云フ疑ヲ受ケタ。憲兵ハ^{工作員}團長

抗ニ^{マシ}關心ヲ持ツテ^{マシ}ナシタ。余ハ支那ヲ自

由ニスルヲ^{マシ}或學生達ヲ助ケテ^{マシ}ナシタコトヲ

自白ニシタ。余ハ水治法ヲ失ヘテ、モカクコト

カテ^{マシ}キナイヤウニナルマテ^{マシ}手足ヲ縛バラレタ、ソシテ

口中ニ水ヲ注入サレタ。又打タレ、且指ヲ

③

③

焼カレタ。私ハ打タレテ、表ノ足ニハ煉瓦
ヲ結ヒ拵ケラレテ手頭ヲ吊リ下ゲラレタ。

私ハ又絶エタ、ソレカラ訊向ヲ受ケタ。同一
ノ事カ四回行ハレタ。最後ニ彼等ハ私カ

團柵地下支那運動ヲシラキナウトネフコト知

ツヲ満足シタ。私ハMEI CHA HUTUNG

FRANT CITY 眉茶胡通東都市内牢獄カニ

隣リノ台所ヲ拷問ニカケラレタ。コノ拷問ハ

確定セル方針ニ従フモノヲアツタネフコトカ

私ノ信念ヲアル、何セナラ、少ストモ五個

所アルカ、~~HEAVEN~~天津及~~PEIPING~~江

④

④

ニアル憲兵隊本部ニオイトモ、同一ノ方法カ
情報ヲ得ルタメニ用ヰラレタトネフコトヲ、他
ノ因メカラニ聞イタカラフアル。第二ノ理由、
彼等ハ或ル種ノ軍法會談ヲ持ツテキル
風アリタ、ソレヲ拷問ノ後チ教旨立ツラカラ、
人々ハ其ノ法廷ニ引カレタ。人々ニ対スル
唯一ノ證據ハ拷問ヲ得タモノタケタ。

私ハ又 MARCO POLO BRIDGE 蘆溝橋

(河北省)ヲ戦争カ始マツタコトニ知ツラキル。

此 WAN PING 萬平橋トハ其ノ河ノ東北ニ

アル町ノ名前ナリ。日本兵ハ東方カラ

(5)

(5)

橋、近江二陸ニタ。 ~~FLAVIA~~ 豊台ハ

BEIJING 北平、(南方)下等ノ町ヲ、鉄道線路

カ始メル所ヲ、MARCO POLO BRIDGE 蘆

溝橋、近ク、河、堤、上、CHANG SIN TIEN

長辛店テ終ツラナル。 TIENTSIN 天津カラ到着シタ

軍隊ハ、演習、時ニハ MARCO POLO BRIDGE

蘆溝橋、両側ニニタ。 日本軍隊ハ以

前再三、コノ、鉄道線路カラ離レテ演習ヲ

シタコトカアツタ。 コレヲ、軍隊ハ、拳匪(義和團)議

定書ニヨリ、ココニニタ。 コレハ計畫、一部テアツタ

ヤウダ、ト云フノハ、MARCO POLO 蘆溝橋ニ

⑥

⑥

駐屯シテ其軍隊ハ PEIPING 北平側ノモ一ツノ
方面ニ切斷シタカラ、支那軍隊カ逃ケルタメニ
使用スルコレノテキル道ハ西側ノモノナツタカラテアル。
萬里ノ長城ノ近辺ニモ軍隊カ其、ソレヲ HOPENI
^{冀東}東部河北省ノ地域ニ、友共自治政体カアリ、且
北平市内外ニモ軍隊カ其、コレハ、八月ニ義和團
條約ニヨリ、鐵道線路ヲ護衛シラ其。
其ニ十九支那軍ハ河北ニ CHAHAL 察哈爾
ヲ守護スルタメ近辺ニ駐在シラ其。次ノ數日
中ニ約八哩位北平ノ真南、HUNGTAI 豊台
近辺ニモ其軍隊カ到着シタ。ソレヲ次カラ次ト

⑦

⑦

臨時休戰約定ヲ破リ、屢々戦力ヲ繼續シ。

鉄道線路、橋梁、關係都市、相對的

位置ニ於テハ、略圖ヲ、私ハココニ添テシ。

漢字ヲココニ自署ス

~~TRICHIN LIU~~ 劉子健

證人自署

Jos. H. Morrow

J. J. Crowley

昭和二十一年(1946)三月十日私ノ面前ニ宣誓シ。

自署 Jos. H. Morrow

Col. J. C. D.

To Translation and Document Officers in Charge:

Doc. NO. 1723 is my own affidavit, collected by Col. Morrow before I joined IPS. Since then my position has changed. On account of official duties, it is no longer expedient to present my own affidavit to the Tribunal. I have asked Col. Morrow to withdraw the request to process it. He ~~promised~~ promised to do so.

Please see that this document return to the Doc. Division, and the process cancelled.

Much obliged,

— T. C. Liu. (328 B)