THE DAILY BEE.
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The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE, 88 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 4, 1859. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 10,906.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
One Dollar for every TEN lines, in such magazines as the Editors may choose, and RATE that price for such subsequent one.
Twenty cents on the first page One Dollar per square each insertion.
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THE DAILY BEE.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 4.

END OF THE THIRTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Congress adjourns to-day. If the members have not, like our own General Assembly, been impeded in the performance of their duties by an irreconcilable difference of opinion between the two Houses, the result has been equally negative. The National Legislature will adjourn *sine die*; the thirty-fifth Congress will cease to exist at the close of the present day. We can scarcely say it will die and leave no sign; but we may truly affirm that its demise will occasion few or no regrets. Its life has been either useless or mischievous. It has certainly accomplished no good, and may have produced much evil.

The present session, which, in regard to the duties and obligations devolving on Congress, was undoubtedly a most important one every one acknowledges to have proved a miserable abortion. Nothing whatever has been done either adequately to supply domestic necessities, or to provide a sound and satisfactory foreign policy. The President was not wholly deficient in his duty. He certainly made some useful, wise and timely suggestions. He pointed out the insufficiency of the revenue, and recommended that the tariff should be modified so as to increase the receipts into the treasury. Upon this vital subject Congress has passed half a session, indulging in windy and vapid discussion without any action whatever. Some feeble attempts have been made to reduce the expenses of the government, but such efforts at economy are pitiably defective. Large and liberal appropriations are of absolute necessity to the maintenance of the government. The army cannot be supported, nor can the navy be extended to a degree at all commensurate with the power and influence of the republic, without the disbursement of many millions annually. The various branches of the public service likewise call for heavy appropriations. The wretched cheese-paring economy practised by Congress is of no avail whatever. If the members were serious in their professions, why did they not overhaul the salaries of every Federal functionary, and lop them down to a reasonable standard? Why did they not abolish, or greatly circumscribe that hoary abuse, the franking privilege? But retrenchment alone is inadequate to meet the end in view. The income of the Government must not fall short of its regular expenses, and the latter cannot without injury to the country be reduced below fifty millions. Now, if the present tariff fails to secure that amount, it should be remodeled—but this Congress has not had the courage to essay. It will adjourn, in all probability leaving the Administration to raise means by the issue of treasury notes, and such other expedients as usually present themselves to people in embarrassed circumstances.

We presume the session will close without a solitary expression of opinion, or the enactment of a single law calculated to induce the belief that we have a foreign policy, or that we care the tenth part of a hair what becomes of Mexico, Cuba and Central America. Between the stupid, selfish and contemptible quarrels of Democrats and Black Republicans these vital interests are forgotten. No appeal is sufficiently stirring to arouse a patriotism and a nationality which sectional disputes have deadened and destroyed. We have seen sessions of Congress characterized by much deplorable legislation, and many disgraceful exhibitions of factious animosity, but we are not aware that the Republic has ever before been cursed with a Congress marked by so criminal an insensibility to national honor, dignity and strength. A few more such sessions as this, and the American name and fame would become a by-word and a hissing.

The people should rejoice at the end of the thirty fifth Congress. It is hardly possible that its successor can be worse.

THE NORTHERN MAIL has failed every day for a week. Things are not one particle better now than they were when the Eastern mail was received via Mobile. The latest New York exchanges are of the 23d February, or nine days old, when they should reach our city in five. Yesterday we received a pile of New York papers of the 19th February, only eleven days old!

ORLEANS THEATRE.—Mr. Ch. Parlange, the owner of this popular resort, informs the public that no change will be effected in its present destination, and that the theatrical season will open on the 1st of November next. See advertisement.

NEW LUSITANOS BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION.—We are indebted to Mr. SAMBOLA, Secretary of this new philanthropic society, for invitations to attend its celebration, which will take place on Sunday next, 6th inst., when a banner and Grand Cross will be presented to the association, and the corner-stone be laid of the tomb to be erected in Girod street cemetery. The benediction of the banner will take place at 10½ o'clock, at the St. Louis Cathedral, and the ceremony of laying the corner-stone at 1 P. M., after which a collation will be given at the United States Hotel, Third District.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—It will be remembered that Mme. LAGRANGE appears this evening in opera for the first and only time, sustaining the character of Norma, while Mme SERENI, of whom report speaks highly, performs the part of Adalgisa. Those who have heard Mme. LAGRANGE sing *Casta Diva* may form some idea of the glorious style in which she will sing the music of this, the finest of Bellini's productions. We presume that every seat in the Theatre will be filled.

ANOTHER COTTON SHIP ON FIRE.—At an early hour yesterday morning the ship Vanguard, Captain Norton, lying at anchor opposite the Brooklyn Warehouses, on the other side of the river, was discovered to be on fire between deck and forecastle. A towboat immediately went to her assistance, and has been during the day pumping water into her. Every effort was of course being made to save the ship and cargo, but up to dark last evening the prospect of saving her was small. The Vanguard was cleared at the Custom House on the 1st instant, by J. G. Silkstalk, for Cronstadt, with 4102 bales of cotton, and had been towed to the Point preparatory to taking steam for sea last night.

HORRIBLE MASSACRE OF A MISSIONARY FAMILY.—The Rev. Mr. Kliffman, a Methodist missionary who had been preaching to the Indians of Oregon since 1838, was murdered with his family not long since, under singular and appalling circumstances. The smallpox having broken out among the savages while the missionary's family were sick or asked, the former thought that the pestilence had been introduced by the whites with the intention of exterminating the red race. Acting upon this horrible suspicion, their next step was revenge. A bold chief was selected for the deed, who stole into the chamber of the sleeping family, and buried his tomahawk in the brain of the missionary and that of his wife, and then other Indians rushed in, and helpless children, male and female employés were butchered, the house razed to the ground, fences destroyed, and every vestige of a once happy home disappeared.

The facts of the case have been laid before the Senate in a communication from the War department.

In Opelousas, on the 10th, two negro girls, Rose and Jenny, were tried and convicted of an attempt to poison their mistress, Mrs. Singleton, by administering to her strychnine in coffee. Rose was sentenced to be hang, and Jenny to imprisonment at hard labor for life.

MORE OF THE WASHINGTON HORRORS.—We learn, says the Mobile *Tribune*, that Mr. Sickles, having reason to suspect some criminal intimacy between his wife and Mr. Key, was on the lookout, and Saturday last discovered evidence to confirm his worst surmises. Still willing to avoid violence, he refrained from taking summary vengeance. On Sunday, Key passed his house and waived a handkerchief, which signal was answered by Mrs. S. Mr. Sickles then pursued Key, and overtaking him near Dr. Fyne's Church, accosted him with the words "prepare to die." Key turned, and in doing so, placed his right hand in his left breast, as if for the purpose of drawing a weapon, when Sickles shot him two or three times in quick succession. Key fell dead in his tracks.

Philip S. Key, we suppose, is the son of Francis Key, the author of that noblest of our national ballads, the "Star-Spangled Banner."

CURRY SALE—ROOMS AND SHOPS, BANDMAN CLOTHING, &c.—We call the attention of the trade to the sale of Rooms and Shops, Clothing, &c., to-morrow THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Hooks & Lemonier's auction rooms, No. 97 Chartres street. Terms at sale.

Look out for Imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

By Telegraph.

[PRESENTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Later from Hayti—Soulouque's Property Confiscated—National Guard Disbanded.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Later advices have been received here from Hayti.

Gen. *Jeffard* had disarmed and dismissed the National Guard, which served under his ebony Majesty, Soulouque.

He had also ordered the confiscation of all Soulouque's property, and recalled all exiled persons who have been banished by Soulouque for political purposes.

A Row in a Court-Room—The Lawyers Breaking the Law—One Man Killed and Another Wounded—A Political Quarrel.

LOUISVILLE, March 2.—A disgraceful political row occurred to-day in the court-room at Hawesville, in this State, between two lawyers, named Cicero Maxwell and Thomas S. Low.

While Maxwell, the prosecuting attorney, was addressing the Court, he was interrupted and grossly insulted by language from Low, in regard to an old political feud which existed between them.

The court-room was thrown into confusion, and great excitement prevailed.

Before the parties could be separated, Maxwell and some of his friends fired their pistols at Low and his friends, who were making demonstrations of their intention to fight.

A general row prevailed, the result of which was that Maxwell and his friends killed John Aldridge, a friend of Low's, wounded Wm. Miller, and wounded Low in several places.

Low was committed to jail for protection.

Much excitement prevails in regard to the matter, owing to the respectable standing of the parties engaged.

LATER FROM NEW MEXICO—A PRO-SLAVERY LAW.

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—The Santa Fe mail has arrived, bringing a copy of very stringent laws passed by the Legislature of New Mexico, providing for the protection of property in slaves.

These laws entirely prohibit the emancipation of slaves in that Territory.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—In the Senate to-day the Naval Appropriation bill, after the adoption of several important amendments, was passed.

The Miscellaneous Appropriation bill was then taken up and debated at length.

House.—The House passed a resolution conferring on Commodore Stewart the commission as senior flag-officer of the navy.

The Senate bill extending the judicial system over the new State of Oregon also passed the House.

TWENTY MILLION TREASURY NOTES—NEW ORLEANS CUSTOM-HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The Senate to-day adopted an amendment to the General Appropriation bill authorizing the issue of $20,000,000 Treasury notes to meet the deficiency in the revenue.

Senator Benjamin offered an amendment to appropriate $350,000 for the continuance of the work on the new Custom-House at New Orleans.

The amendment was rejected by a vote of 15 yeas to 29 nays.

CHANGE OF FRENCH MINISTER.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* says that a change is soon to be made in the French Legation at Washington; that Sartiges is to be removed, and the Viscount de Serce is to be appointed in his place as Minister to Washington.

THE BLACK WARRIOR GONE TO PIECES.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The heavy weather yesterday interrupted the work of discharging the steamship *Black Warrior*, and the steamer has broken up and gone entirely to pieces during the night.

SAILING OF THE AFRICA.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Cunard steamship *Africa* sailed yesterday for Liverpool, taking out nearly $700,000 in specie on freight.

A HANGING HOAX.

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—A report is in circulation that Dr. Day and his son, who were arrested in Kansas a few days since for stealing negroes, have been forcibly taken from jail and hung by a mob.

The report is considered a hoax, as no confirmation has been received.

SINGULAR DEATH OF A WOMAN.

VICKSBURG, March 3.—There was a heavy storm of wind and rain here yesterday evening, which interrupted communication by telegraph.

After the rain had ceased, the ground was covered with a yellow, powder-like substance resembling sulphur.

The weather this morning is clear, the wind being from the northwest.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Cotton market closed yesterday firmer.

The European news by the City of Baltimore caused greater firmness in the market, Middling Uplands 11½c. Cotton closed quiet at 85c. for White; Pork firm—Eastern Mess $17 50 to $18; Lard dull at 11½ to 12½c.; Sugar closed firm at 7¼ to 8c.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—The Mississippi at this point is falling slowly.

The upper rivers are unchanged since our last report.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ST. LOUIS, March 2.—The steamer Minnehaha, the Lackland, and the David G. Taylor have arrived from New Orleans.

The steamers Orleans and Florida have left for New Orleans.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, March 3.—The steamer Natchez passed down at 11 o'clock yesterday morning.

The Nebraska and the Republic passed down at 6 o'clock last evening.

The Monarch passed down at 4, the Choctaw at 5, and the Imperial at 8 o'clock this morning.

LATEST.

LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE OVERLAND MAIL.

Another War with the Indians—Six Hundred Troops for the Colorado—Severe Battle with the Indians—American Troops Defeated—Lieut. Larell Dangerously Wounded.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.—The overland California mail has arrived, with San Francisco dates of the 7th ult., which are two days later than those brought by the Quaker City.

The news from Lower California is of an important character, and explains the contradictory rumors previously received in regard to the hostile Indians.

It appears that the battle between the fifty United States dragoons, under Lieut. Chapman, and a large party of Indians was but a preliminary engagement.

The disastrous battle reported by the Quaker City on the 21st ult. doubtless had reference to a subsequent engagement between Lieut. Larell and a large force of Indians.

The advices from Lower California represent that a detachment of mounted rifles from Fort Bliss, under command of Lieutenant Larell, who went in pursuit of the Indians, after the first engagement, (in which the Indians were reported to have been dispersed) were overtaken by a large body of Indians at Dog Cannon, and a severe engagement took place, which resulted, after much hard fighting, in Lieut. Larell being obliged to withdraw his troops.

Three of Lieut. Larell's force were killed and six wounded.

Among the latter is Lieut. Larell, who has received a severe wound in the lungs, and it is feared he will not recover from its effects.

Some twelve or fourteen Indians, it is reported, were killed in the engagement.

REINFORCEMENTS FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 17.—The steamship Uncle Sam is advertised to leave San Francisco for the Colorado river in a few days with five or six hundred troops for the purpose of inflicting summary punishment upon the Mohave Indians who attacked and defeated Lieut. Larell.

Capt. Stillman, from El Paso, reports that a band of Apache Indians had been committing depredations in that vicinity, and had stolen lumber, horses and mules from San Ruil Ruiro.

Business at San Francisco is reviving rapidly, and has been unusually brisk during the past week.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—In the Senate to-day the bill appropriating $55,000 for deepening the St. Clair State channel was passed.

The Mail Steamship bill was reconsidered, and again rejected.

The mileage amendment was restored, and attached to the Legislative Appropriation bill.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—In the House to-day Mr. Bocock, of Virginia, offered an amendment to the Naval Appropriation bill, empowering the Secretary of the Navy to purchase additional vessels for the Paraguay expedition.

The amendment, after a long debate, was passed by a vote of 82 yeas to 77 nays.

The report of the Committee on the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill was agreed to.

Senate.—In the Senate the Miscellaneous Appropriation bill was under consideration.

The amendment offered by Mr. Hunter, of Virginia, and adopted yesterday, authorizing the issue of twenty millions of dollars of treasury notes, continues the power to issue and reissue the notes until the first of July, 1860.

The Post-Office Appropriation bill being under consideration, Mr. Grow, of Pa., said that the bill raising the rate of postage was in the nature of a revenue bill, and hence could not originate in the Senate.

Mr. Phelps denied that the provision of the Constitution requiring all revenue bills to originate in the House was applicable to this measure.

The Speaker said that the question raised by Mr. Grow was a point of order submitted.

STEAMSHIP MAIL SERVICE.

Mr. Yulee, of Florida, offered an amendment authorizing the Postmaster-General to increase the mail facilities between the Atlantic and Pacific States by way of Panama and Tehuantepec, by the expenditure of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, in addition to the present stipulations.

The amendment was adopted by a vote of 29 yeas against 13 nays.

POSTMASTER GENERAL BROWN.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Postmaster-General Brown has been in severe attack of paralysis. He is now recovering.

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

BATON ROUGE, March 3.—Both Houses of the Legislature went to work to-day upon the regular business of the session, and a number of local bills were engrossed.

The House adopted an unfavorable report upon the bill which was presented some weeks since for repealing the quarantine laws.

The House also adopted a report recommending that no action be taken or any resolutions be passed in favor of repealing the laws of our Government which prohibit the slave trade.

The bill providing for the increase of the salaries of the district Judges in New Orleans was recommitted, as was also the bill for the better protection of securities upon tutors' bonds.

The bill in relation to distribution of the proceeds of the sales of swamp lands was made the special order of the day for next Monday.

The bill for closing the Bayou Plaquemine was made the special order of the day for next Wednesday.

Mr. Holland introduced a bill appropriating five thousand dollars for the benefit of the Benevolent Sons of Louisiana.

CONGRESSIONAL ENGINEERING.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—*House.*—The committee of investigation to whom was referred the case of John A. Searing, member of Congress from New York, charged with corruption in favoring certain claims, presented their report to-day, with a resolution to the effect that the evidence against Mr. Searing in regard to his having accepted the sum of four thousand dollars for his services in engineering a private claim through a committee and securing a favorable report, is not sufficient to warrant his conviction or expulsion.

The committee say the accounts they have examined do not verify the charges against him.

The resolution was adopted.

The Army Appropriation bill was taken up, and the report of the Conference Committee was concurred in.

THE PRINCESS'S DISASTER.

BATON ROUGE, March 3.—Among the bodies found recognized is that of John Hogan, of Iberville.

Every effort is being made for the search and recovery of bodies lost by the explosion of the Princess, and the best of attention is bestowed upon those who are suffering from injuries by the terrible accident.

LYNCH LAW IN KENTUCKY—A MOB BREAKS INTO JAIL—THOMAS S. LOW KILLED.

HAWESVILLE, KY., March 3.—The excitement created here by the disgraceful fight which occurred in the court-house yesterday, between two members of the bar, is beyond any thing that has ever occurred here.

There was a general feeling of indignation against Low, who appears to be the aggressor in the affair.

KIDNAPPERS RELEASED.

LEAVENWORTH, (KANSAS) March 3.—The three men, named Harrison, Campbell and Jefferson, who were arrested in this State some time since and imprisoned on the charge of kidnapping slaves, have been released by Judge Lecompte on a writ of habeas corpus.

INCREASE OF POSTAGE.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—In the House to-day Mr. Grow, of Pa., offered a resolution raising the rate of postage on all distances under 3000 miles to five cents, and on all over 3000 miles ten cents. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 117 yeas to 76 nays.

Mr. English, of Indiana, introduced a bill in relation to several new post routes, which was adopted.

STEAMSHIP LINE TO MEXICO.

In the Senate an amendment to the appropriation bill was offered, appropriating $120,000 for a line of mail steamers from ports in the Gulf of Mexico to some port in Mexico. The amendment was adopted.

An amendment was also adopted by the Senate appropriating $500,000 instead of $50,000 for the completion of the treasury buildings.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Cotton market closed firm. The sales to-day amounted to 400 bales. Middling Uplands 11½ to 12c.

The Flour market has advanced in tendency, with an active demand. The sales to-day were 27,000 barrels at full prices.

Corn. Inferior—White and Yellow 85c. Pork closed steady—Eastern Mess $17 70 to $18. Coffee firm. Sales to-day 13,000 bags at full prices.

Lard in tierces, 11½ to 11¾c.

The market for Sugar and Molasses is very dull. The receipts are very large and the stock is rapidly increasing. Quotations are nominal: Molasses 36 to 38c.

Sugar dull; prices ranging from 6¾ to 7½c.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, March 3.—The Flour market is active, and a further advance of 5 to 10c. is reported. The sales to-day were 9000 bbls. at $5 85 to $6 00 for superfine on the spot, and contracts for delivery in April were made at $6 to $6 25 for superfine.

Corn is steady at 80c.

Western Mess Pork very dull; quotations nominal.

Lard steady; sales to-day 145 tierces at 11c.

Wheat has advanced 3c. per bushel.

Sugar and Molasses dull, and quotations nominal.

Exchange on New York ¼ per cent. premium; exchange on New Orleans ¾ per cent. premium.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.—The steamer Minnehaha, the Lackland, and the David G. Taylor have arrived from New Orleans.

The steamers Orleans and Florida have left for New Orleans.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, March 3.—The steamer Yazoo Belle and the Wm. Bell passed down at 2, the Red Rover at 4, the Illinois at 5, and the D. G. Taylor at 8 o'clock this evening.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, March 3.—The Ohio river at this point has fallen four inches during the twenty-four hours, and is falling more rapidly this evening.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.—The Mississippi at this point is falling slowly, with plenty of water to Cairo.

Telegraphic Items.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—The Pennsylvania and other members representing different parties voted with those favorable to a revival of the tariff of 1846, on Hughes's ineffectual motion to suspend the rules to enable him to introduce a bill for that purpose. Some, while opposed to the bill, thought that it would afford a basis for a different revenue. The Southern members, embracing the extremists, and the Massachusetts members and gentlemen from nearly all the other sections, opposed the motion.

The rumor that all the available naval force, including the Wyandotte, has been ordered to the Gulf seems strengthened by a remark made by the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, to-day, that this American seas, as he termed it, belongs to us, and that we will and must exercise control over it.

The next arrival from Mexico will, it is anticipated, bring highly important intelligence in connection with the French and English fleets, and regarding our American naval force than heretofore in that quarter.

NEW YORK, February 25—Ye-terday, about half-past 12 o'clock, the wires of the American Telegraph Company, running between Boston and Montreal suddenly ceased to work. It was subsequently ascertained that the tug boat Lady Franklin, running between Boston and Montreal suddenly ceased to work. It was subsequently ascertained that the tug boat Lady Franklin, through which run all the wires of their two lines, had been broken open and every wire cut.

The Lady Franklin was then fully free, and was believed by some parties to have been actually signaled at that port, there can be but little doubt that this outrage was perpetrated by certain parties interested in the rival lines, for the purpose of depriving the Associated Press of their foreign dispatches via Halifax.

WASHINGTON, February 25.—The Navy Department this morning received dispatches from Lieutenant Brune, commanding the U. S. ship Vincennes, dated Norfolk. He stated that he had captured the slaver Julia Dean on the coast of Africa, and brought her into that port.

Augustus Freyeron, who is represented as a passenger on board the Dean, died on the passage to the United States, previously reputing his effects to be sent to his wife at Havana. It is supposed that he was the captain of the Dean, and his effects comprise a great deal of treasure.

The Department, this morning sent orders to Lieut. Brune to turn over the men in the Dean to Mr. U. S. Marshal for trial. It is supposed that the Dean is owned in Charleston. The Vincennes is ordered to be examined, as it is supposed she was injured by striking on a reef.

LONG OUT FOR THE BEGGARS.—A number of Italian vagrants are under arrest in Pittsburg, charged with soliciting aid under false pretences. They carry forged papers, letting forth their claims upon the sympathy of the public. The Mayor learned from an intelligent and respectable Italian that there is a regular system, which has its headquarters in New York, by which this swindling is carried on. There these papers are printed by cart loads. The chiefs have the whole United States distributed off, and solicit consignments of Italian beggars, to whom they farm out counties at so much per cent. on the collections made. The money collected are deposited to the credit of the depositor, and then sent on to an Italian banker in New York, whose name the Mayor did not know. From there it is taken by the beggar, when he gets as much as he wants, to Italy, where he invests it to suit himself. The above and other similar facts having appeared, Mayor Weaver thought it best not to let them off according to their request, so he hustled them all off to jail for ten days each as vagrants.

LEGAL REVENUE OF REPEATING HEADBAY SLANDERS.—In the last volume of Gray's Massachusetts Supreme Court Reports there is a noticeable decision. It seems that a woman uttered a slander of another, and, when sued for it, her defense was that she only repeated what was currently reported; that she had no malice, and therefore was not liable to an action. The judge before gave the decision. The court, he says, uttered or repeated by the defendant contains a sharper sting than the pleasure of nature to destroy her reputation. It was a false story. It is no answer, in any form, to say that she only repeated the story as she heard it. If the story was false, she is responsible for repeat it at her peril. There is safety in the silliest rule.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THE FIREMEN'S CELEBRATION.—The grand festival of the day will be the turn-out of the Fire Department. Whenever our firemen undertake any thing, it is sure to be all right, and they seem determined on this occasion to eclipse themselves. The Jackson Company arrived last evening, and were taken charge of by Eagle Fire Company No. 7. The Mobile firemen will arrive this evening, and be received by Perseverance Company No. 13. The Natchez firemen are expected to arrive also, in due time. Success and happiness to our gallant firemen, say we.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.—At Placide's Varieties: London Assurance is to be repeated, with a dance by the Misses Gale and Jackson.

At the St. Charles: Benefit of Mrs. Julia Dean Hayne, when she appears in Madelaine, and in the Love Chase.

Spalding & Rogers's Amphitheatre and Museum: Last night but two of the Louise Wells Equestrian Troupe, when will be presented the drama of Mazeppa. The performance will commence with the farce of Sayings and Doings. In the Museum, the living skeleton and the big live snakes are to be seen.

At the Orleans Theatre: First and only appearance of Madame Laborde—in the opera of Norma.

At Vannuchi's Museum: The bearded boy Esau, the Missouri fat girl and her diminutive sister, the English dwarf, the sword-swallower, the wax statuary, and other curiosities.

THE MCDONOGH REPORT.—The following is a statement of the sale at auction made yesterday by N. Vignie, auctioneer, of the property of the estate of John McDonogh situated in the First District, and accruing to the city of Baltimore:

A three-story brick store corner of Girod and Commerce streets, together with two four-story brick stores on Commerce street	92,500
A spacious lot of ground, known as Duquin's bakery, on Girod street	18,600
Six lots of ground bounded by Tchoupitoulas, Girod, Magazine and Notre Dame streets	26,400
Seven desirable lots of ground bounded by Magazine, Tchoupitoulas, St. Joseph and Julia streets	14,060
Three lots of ground bounded by Felicity, Religious and Celeste streets, and forming a triangle	3,675
Two lots of ground bounded by Celeste, New Levee, St. James and Tchoupitoulas streets	8,300
Five lots of ground of a triangular form, and bounded by Race, Tchoupitoulas and Religious streets	10,550
A lot of ground, with the building, forming the corner of New Levee street and Maiden alley	8,500
Five lots of ground bounded by Tchoupitoulas, Louisa, Annunciation and Josephine streets	3,000
A lot of ground, with the building, bounded by Tchoupitoulas, Louisa, Annunciation and Josephine streets	3,700
Five lots of ground, with the building, bounded by Delord, New Levee, Pearl and Louisa streets	7,600
Four valuable squares of ground, in one as one plantation, Carrollton Road	128,000
Two lots of ground, with the buildings, bounded by Julia, Fenchier, Tchoupitoulas and Annunciation streets	3,600
A lot of ground, with the building, bounded by Peter Lavies, Market and St. James streets	5,450
Ten lots of ground bounded by Willow, Pine, Cypress, and Palmetto streets in the neighborood of the New Basin	9,225
Nine lots of ground, bounded by Annunciation, Jackson, Prytania and Sixth streets	5,400
Twenty-eight lots, bounded by St. James, St. John, Prytania and Sixth streets	4,060
Twenty-eight lots bounded by St. Andrew, Poydras Revis and St. Magdeline streets	17,440
Twenty lots bounded by St. John, Poydras, Per Sido and St. Andrew streets	15,120
Total	$297,210

The prices brought were very good, and gave a considerable surplus over the appraisement of the property, which is all a low the remains to leave the island. The writer expresses but the common opinion of all who have attended the sales, that the property in his advice to those who go there with consumption. The climate is too debilitating, and comforts too few for invalids of that class.

Married.

On Wednesday, March 21, by Rev. H. M. Smith, THEODALD FORSTALL, of Stillwater, Minnesota, to Miss ANNIE, daughter of John B. Walton.

NEW LOTS.

☞ The use of Dr. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS," for dyspepsia, biliousness, heaviness of the stomach, or any other like affection, is second to none in America or abroad. To be able to state confidently that the "BITTERS" are a certain cure for the dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietor a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all bad matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. The numerous acknowledgments of its superior excellence, and testimonials of its use by assured the proprietors that it cannot but prove a great cure to the afflicted, and import vitality to the thoroughly worn.

For sale by druggists and dealers generally everywhere, and by J. WRIGHT & CO.,

feb25 6t&be 71 and 181 Chartres street.

Another Letter from Texas.

TRAVIS COUNTY, Texas, Aug. 15, 1854.

Messrs. Fleming Brothers—Dear Sirs: There were several cases of Chills and Fever in my mother's family last year, which resisted the *McLean's Liver Pills*, ordered in my letter of June 19th, but a few doses administered in each case produced the desired effect, thus demonstrating the efficiency of these celebrated pills in that disease.

Mother has not been troubled with the sick headache since she commenced using these pills, and as we have but few of them left, you will please send us another dollar's worth. Direct, as before, to Austin, Texas. Respectfully yours,

MARGARET W. HENRY.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR MCLANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of Pittsburg, Pa. There are other pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public, but the genuine McLane's Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

SCOVIL & MEAD,
111 and 113 Chartres street, New Orleans
feb26 1w Wholesale Agents for the South.

Holloway's Ointment—Before using this balsamic remedy, open the pores by warm fomentations, and then rub the Ointment well where the sore, swelling, wound, bruise, or eruption may be located, it will speedily disappear. mh1

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, &c., are the cause by far the greatest of our ailments. The world advise all who may be afflicted with those diseases to procure at once and get some of HOLMAN'S REMONSTRING COMMAL. It is just the remedy to cure all diseases of the Liver and Stomach. See advertisement. feb 27 3w Sew dtp

The Functional Derangements incidental to both sexes are reorganized, and prostrate powers restored to a healthy tone, by the use of TRIBALLIER'S Lunar Pills, Sold by druggists. Physiological Researches," it explains every thing. To be had of the Agent, DR. TRIBALLIER, 157 Prytania street, New York. Price $5 cents. Sent free of postage.

Sold also, in New Orleans, by J. WRIGHT & CO., feb12 1m 71 and 181 Chartres street.

MILLINERS' GOODS at WHOLESALE.

Received from Havre.

CRAPE and STRAW BONNETS;
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS;
CRAPE;
RIBBONS;
RUCHING;
HEAD DRESSES;
FURNISHING GOODS;
BRIDAL VEILS;
CORSETS;
FILET NITS;
FANS;
CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS;
SPRING, FILET and GUIPURE SKIRTS, &c.

The attention of purchasers is called to the extensive selection and moderate prices. mh4 1m

Copartnership Dissolved.

THE partnership between VILLERET PEPPIN and ARNAUD was dissolved on the 19th of February last. Messrs. Villere Brothers will attend to the liquidation.

New Orleans, March 3d, 1859. mh4 1f

POTATOES—250 bbls genuine Lonsdaedorry, landing from ship Molengo.

WHITE ASHES—4 bbls choice Northern, landing from ship Young America.

PEARL—20 sacks Rinck-eyed, landing from ship Young America.

POTATOES—115 sacks genuine Irish, landing from ship Molengo, and for sale by

mh4 A. CHOPARD & CO. 14 Poydras st

LYONS SAUSAGES—10 cases fresh Lyons sausages, just received from Havre; in store and for sale by DUNTZE & CO,

mh3 corner Royal and Conti sts

TRUFFLES—100 half boxes Perigord Truffles, just received; in store and for sale by

DUNTZE & CO,
mh3 corner Royal and Conti sts

TO arrive per ship Niagara, from Marseilles—300 half boxes Sweet Oil, Provence, 25 and 26 lb; 50 half boxes do do, plain, 100 boxes Capers and Olives; 25 do Cassis do; Rent d'Ail, Nutil Ely; 20 do Green Orchid, Figues, 100 do Frontignan Muscatel, for sale by

HENRY VALENTON,
20 and 22 Bienville street.

TO arrive per ship Frederick, from Barcelona—50 half boxes assorted Fruits in Juice, Mellicoes; 40 do do Brandy Fruits; 25 cases assorted Sardines, half boxes; 25 do do do, qr. do; 1 case, 50 boxes, black Mushrooms, Redel; 5 ounce, 100 half boxes, do do do; 5 ounce Lyons Sausages; for sale by

HENRY VALENTON,
mh3 20 and 22 Bienville street.

BERTS CELEBRATED CHAMPAGNE—300 cases fresh, of all descriptions, just received, and for sale by

J. BARY & CO,
mh3 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

CUBA HONEY—Pure sundamerated, in five-gallon demijohns; for sale by

LABORDE & XIQUES,
mh3 39 New Levee, opposite Natchez alley.

Havana Coffee.

140 bags Green Havana Coffee, in store and for sale by S. DE VIEBIA & CO.

feb22 74 Magazine st

Honey.

10 bbls pure white Cuba Honey, now landing and for sale by S. DE VIEBIA & CO.

feb22 74 Magazine st

Havana Sugar.

500 boxes white, yellow and brown, in store and for sale by S. DE VIEBIA & CO.

feb22 74 Magazine st

Havana Cigars.

The best brands of Havana constantly on hand, such as Cabanas, Upmann, Henry Clay, Bucker, Punch, Regalia, Regalia Cortes, Lucullus and Bouquet, for sale by

S. DE VIEBIA & CO.

feb22 74 Magazine st

Cuba Rum.

5 puncheons White Cuba Rum, in store and for sale by S. DE VIEBIA & CO.

feb22 74 Magazine st

Bay Rum.

5 pipes of superior quality, just landed and for sale by S. DE VIEBIA & CO.

feb22 74 Magazine st

A TENANT WANTED—Well furnished room, with bed, for a term of years. Apply to Dr. McGUIRK, 47 Carondelet st, or Dr. McGUIRK, Lake Lotta, Lake Pontchartrain.

New Orleans Opera House Company.

At a meeting of stockholders, held on Wednesday, the 2d instant, Mr. David Urquhart having been called to the chair, and Mr. A. Schreiber appointed Secretary, a charter was submitted and adopted, and the following named persons were chosen Directors for the ensuing year:

E. J. McCall, G. Silbersteger, Geo. Urquhart, Chas. Kock, Chas. Roman, O. Fallowes, E. Rousseau, L. Queyrouze and A. Schreiber.

D. URQUHART, Chairman.

A. SCHREIBER, Secretary.

New Orleans, March 3d, 1859.

Stockholders of the New Orleans Opera House Company are requested to call at the office of the undersigned, Notary Public, No. 84 Royal street, for the purpose of signing the charter, and of notifying for the shares, in the manner prescribed by the charter.

mh4 3t AD. BOUDOUSQUIE.

ORLEANS THEATRE.

THE undersigned has the honor of informing the public that arrangements have been made so that no change shall be effected in the present destination of the Orleans Theatre, and that the theatrical season will open on November next.

The roll of subscription for orchestra and seats is open from this day at the music store of ELIS & CHABANIAC, No. 76 Chartres street.

The present owners of seats and boxes will be entitled to a preference on the old conditions.

mh4 1f CH. PARLANGE, Proprietor.

NOTICE.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT OF NEW ORLEANS—No. 7,403—City of New Orleans praying for the opening of Dryades street from Felicity Road to St. Andrew street, and the widening of Carroll street from St. Andrew to Jackson street.

We, the undersigned, duly appointed and sworn as Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above entitled cause, do hereby notify whomsoever it may concern that we have, this day, deposited with the Clerk of the Fourth District Court of New Orleans a copy of the estimate and assessment made by us for the opening of Dryades street from Felicity Road to St. Andrew street and the widening of Carroll street from St. Andrew street to Jackson street, and that the said Report of estimate and assessment will be presented to the Judge of the Fourth District Court for confirmation on Saturday, the twenty-sixth day of March, 1859.

New Orleans, March 3d, 1859.

A. MOREL,
J. B. WARNER,
J. B. BOULIGNY.

mh4 11 13 15 17 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37

Office of the Board of Directors of the Fourteenth District Public Schools.

HAVING been informed that a meeting was held on the evening of the 24 instant in the new School-House on Barracks street, the undersigned beg leave to inform the public that