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NO. 153

## ENTERING ON PERIOD OF GREAT PROGRESS IN INDUSTRIAL LIFE

### Vancouver Island Has Larger Payroll, More Industries and Greater Prosperity Than Ever Before in History of Province.

Victoria's industries provide employment for 4,500 persons. Victoria's industrial payroll amounts to \$400,000.00 per month. Victoria's merchants testify to bigger business this year than ever before in the history of the city. Victoria will take large benefits from the lasting development of the lumber industry. Victoria, Vancouver Island, is at the end of the telescope now at the right eye of the "wise men of the East."

Vancouver Island is to be the big brother of the provinces to the East of the Rocky Mountains.

Vancouver Island's precious minerals are to be a large factor in making up the world's supply in the coming peace days.

Industrially, and financially, experts declare that Victoria and Vancouver Island never faced a brighter prospect.

Never since the establishment of Fort Camosun in 1813 has the Capital City of British Columbia had more reason to be proud of her commercial position than she has to-day. What is true of Victoria is equally so of Vancouver Island generally. Her goods and the word is all-embracing—are wanted by the world at large and the Dominion in particular. She is ready for the demand. Business instinct has been keen to realize that the era of activity and prosperity for the community, of which Victoria is the pivot, has dawned. Neither is it a transient period due to any temporary cause. It is a natural consequence. Vancouver Island has a comprehensive commodity to sell. Of its quality there is no doubt. The march of progress has reached the stage when the best is required. The demand has increased for the commodities this island possesses. The coming years will see the volume of that demand grow. Quantity and quality is the combination of Vancouver Island. That is the reason the industrial development in the city of Victoria and surrounding communities must be regarded as the forerunner of greater things.

**\$100,000 Monthly Payroll.**  
Organized endeavor to arrive at an approximate estimate of Victoria's value industrially has not been made. That a payroll circulated month after month as the lubricant to commercial motion, no one ever doubted. Few, however, have known just how much in cold cash, wage disbursements from established industries, have meant to this city. Still fewer realize that at the present time there is an industrial payroll of nearly \$400,000 per month earned by some 4,500 daily toilers. Nevertheless, such is the case. What is more, these figures apply only to the larger manufacturing concerns. There is no stock taken in this amount of that large and ever growing revenue, for which no subscribed capital needs to angle, from the great touring public. Victoria may rightly claim to be the hub of the tourist industry, and her benefits are commensurate with the definition.

**Growing Industries.**  
There is again the smaller man; the man who is at the moment employing the few hands. He is not accounted for. The benefits according to the largest industry help the little fellow. His vision is automatically broadened by the contagion of environment and the happy circumstance of industry recognized. Thus has the lethargy of yesterday gone. He, too, seeks room for concluded on page 12 (Second Section).

## LATIN-AMERICAN NATIONS ARE ABOUT TO HOLD CONGRESS

Mexico City, June 27.—A Latin-American diplomat who is one of the Ministers to Mexico said last night that all the Latin-American countries, except Cuba and Panama had accepted the invitation of Argentina for a congress of Latin-American nations at Buenos Ayres, at which the stand of Latin-America in the world conflict will be determined, and at which will be discussed how best peace can be brought about. The time for holding the congress has not been fixed.

## DUTIES REMOVED BY MEXICAN GOVERNMENT

Mexico City, June 27.—By order of the Government all important duties were removed last night from articles of prime necessity, including food-stuffs, from July to December 31. Import duties also were removed on gasoline and higher derivatives of petroleum. This places the refiners in Mexico in competition with refiners in the United States and undoubtedly brought about a sudden rise here in the price of gasoline from 21 to 50 centavos per litre, or approximately 50 cents a gallon.

## AMERICAN FORESTERS ARRIVE IN ENGLAND TO PRODUCE LUMBER

London, June 27.—Ten units of American woodmen sent over by New England States and organizations to turn various forests of the United Kingdom into lumber have arrived on English soil.

The complete equipment of the units caused much surprise and occasioned much favorable comment. The woodmen were fully equipped, even to lubricating oils. Their arrival found them ready to establish their sawmills and begin work at once. The only necessity for their maintenance is raw food, which their own cooks will prepare.

## ALL STEAMSHIP LINES ARE AFFECTED BY STRIKE DECLARED TO-DAY; GULF SERVICES NOW PARTLY DEMORALIZED

All the principal steamship lines operating in the British Columbia coastwise trade are affected by the strike which developed this morning, following the refusal of the employers to consider what are claimed to be unreasonable demands of the firemen, deckhands, oilers and quartermasters. The first of the crews, comprising these departments, to walk out to-day were those employed on the C. P. R. steamer Princess Adelaide, which reached here at 7 a.m. from Vancouver. During the forenoon the disgruntled men on this steamer were paid off. The same applied following the arrival of the steamer Princess Victoria early this afternoon from Seattle.

The strike affects about three hundred men employed by the C. P. R. The men employed on the G. T. P. steamer Prince Rupert gave the required 48 hours' notice to quit yesterday while the boat was on her south-bound trip from Prince Rupert. The foremen and deckhands agreed to remain with the ship until she returned to Vancouver.

Capt. C. H. Nicholson, manager of the G. T. P. Coast Steamship Service, came over from the mainland on the Prince Rupert, which got away on time for Seattle and returned here at 1:45 p. m. to-day on her return trip to the North. The company officials are of the opinion that the Prince Rupert will be able to get away from Vancouver as scheduled to-night for Prince Rupert and Anyox. In the event of no men being available to man the engine room the vessel will be temporarily laid up.

No word has been received here regarding the attitude of the employees on the steamer Prince George, which is now on passage to Starway. No trouble is expected on this boat, however, until she returns to Vancouver next Tuesday. The Union Steamship Company's steamer Camosun arrived here to-day from Vancouver and is expected to sail on time to-night for the mainland.

Speaking in regard to the strike situation this morning, Capt. J. W. Troup, manager of the B. C. Coast Steamship Service, intimated that the C. P. R. had no intention of departing from the stand that had been taken. "We have been fair and consistent," said Capt. Troup, but we consider that the demands of the men are unreasonable, and therefore are going to carry on without them. The travelling public will be inconvenienced a little, but I hope not for long, as we expect to have all the boats running as usual in the course of a few days. The increased cost of living, which they argue is the immediate cause of the demand for an increase in the scale of wages, does not enter into the matter at all, stated Capt. Troup, who pointed out that in addition to the monthly scale of \$35 for firemen and \$50 for deckhands, all food was found, and but a small percentage of the employees affected were married men with families. "Furthermore," added Capt. Troup, we offered to compromise a short time ago by offering a \$5 raise to the firemen and deckhands, but the men turned it down."

**Prevailing Wages.**  
The prevailing wage scale for this class of ship labor on all boats plying on the coast between San Francisco and Alaska is \$60. Coal firemen on the C. P. R. boats have been getting \$60 and board, but the hard labor and general conditions under which coal firemen work are vastly different to the working conditions of oil firemen, whose chief duty was to turn a valve and keep things clean generally. The quartermasters who are getting \$55 a month and board, were also offered a \$5 raise, but refused to compromise. It was stated by Capt. Troup that the best service possible under the adverse conditions would be maintained, although it would be necessary to temporarily suspend some of the sailings.

**Maintain Some Services.**  
The steamer Princess Adelaide will maintain the 3 p. m. sailing from this port to Vancouver, leaving Vancouver at 10:30 a. m. each day for Victoria. The Princess Victoria will take the run to Seattle direct, leaving the Belleville Street wharves at 4:30 p. m. daily. The service between Seattle and Vancouver will be maintained by the steamer Iroquois, of the Puget Sound Navigation Company's fleet, operating in conjunction with the C. P. R. vessel.

For the time being the night service between Victoria and Vancouver will be suspended. The steamer Princess Royal, which has been relieving the Charmer on the Comox route, has been laid up, and the Charmer will also temporarily discontinue sailings. Following the return of the Princess Alice from Skagway the Princess Mary will be withdrawn from service, and it is expected that the Princess May will also be taken off the Vancouver-Grundy Bay run. The Princess Sophia will continue to operate in the Alaska service.

## British Socialists Headed by Hyndman Avoiding Stockholm

London, June 27.—The section of British Socialists led by Henry Hyndman has declined the invitation of the Russian Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates to attend an international Socialist conference at Stockholm. The refusal is based on the fact that the conference will be attended by German and Austrian Socialists and that it cannot serve the cause of peace or Socialism as long as Germans remain in possession of territory they seized and have devastated.

## STATES NOW HAS TROOPS IN FRANCE; SECOND CONTINGENT DISEMBARKED THERE TO-DAY

### GERMANY CANNOT GET SEPARATE PEACE

Russian Workmen's and Soldiers' Congress Declares Against Such Move

BUT STATES DESIRE FOR EARLY GENERAL PEACE

Petrograd, June 27.—A resolution categorically rejecting any move for a separate peace between Germany and Russia has been adopted by an overwhelming majority by the Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Deputies of all Russia. The resolution at the same time declares that restoration of peace at the earliest possible day is the most important need of the Russian revolutionary democracy. The text of the resolution, which was proposed by revolutionary Socialists and the Minimalist Social Democrats, follows:

"The present war arose in consequence of aspirations of imperialists prevailing among the ruling classes of all countries and tending towards the usurpation of markets and submission to their economic and political influence of small and decadent nations. The war is leading to complete exhaustion of the peoples of all countries and is placing the Russian revolution on the edge of a precipice. While making millions of victims and absorbing billions of the wealth of the country, it threatens to increase still more the disorder in which Russia was left by the old regime, leading to famine and turning the country from productive labor for consolidation of its newly-won liberty.

Rapid ending of War. The congress recognizes consequently that the struggle for more rapid ending of the war constitutes the most important problem for the revolutionary democracy—a problem imposed as much by the revolution as by the aspirations of the workers of all countries to put an end to mutual extermination and restore their fraternal union for the common struggle for complete liberation of humanity.

The congress recognizes, first, that ending the war by means of the defeat of one of the belligerents would constitute the point of departure for fresh wars, increase dissension among the nations and lead them to complete exhaustion, famine and ruin; secondly, that a separate peace would strengthen one of the belligerents and give it the possibility of gaining a decisive victory over the others, and would strengthen aspirations towards usurpation by the ruling classes and while liberating Russia from the grip of world-wide imperialism, would hinder international unification of workers. Consequently the congress categorically rejects every policy tending in fact to the conclusion of a separate peace or to its prelude, a separate armistice."

**Lenine Exposed.**  
Washington, June 27.—How a Russian agitator for a separate peace with Germany was exposed as a German agent before the Council of Soldiers' and Workmen's Delegates in Petrograd on June 22 is related in a dispatch to-day from American Ambassador Francis. The agitator Nikolai Lenine, the radical Socialist leader, made an impassioned speech in favor of a general peace without annexations or indemnities and was answered by M. Velrensky, who announced he would repeat Lenine's speech and proceeded to read a document almost identical with it. When M. Velrensky had concluded he announced that he had been reading an intercepted radio message from Germany signed by King Leopold of Bavaria.

## POLICY OF ALLIES IN GREECE BECOMES PLAINER WITH TIME

London, June 27.—The programme of the Entente in Greece continues to become plainer. It is now evident that it is the purpose of the Allies to cause the convocation of the Parliament of May 21, 1915, which was controlled by the Venizelos party, having a majority favorable to the Entente cause.

## Capture of Lens by Haig's Forces Seems Imminent; Paris Reports Heavy Artillery Fighting in Hurtebise Region

A French Port, June 27.—The second contingent of American troops arrived here and disembarked this morning.

London, June 27.—While Field-Marshal Haig's forces are closing in so closely upon Lens that capture of that coal mining city and its adjacent fields seems imminent, observers here are debating whether the British operation will be accompanied by an offensive by the French on a like scale. General Petain's occasional strokes give the impression that all he is operating to do is to preserve his vantage points as the basis for resuming the French advance at some future time when that effort seems advisable.

## BIG FIGHT FOR LENS IS ABOUT TO BEGIN

The Germans Will Make Last Desperate Effort to Hold the Place

London, June 27.—German troops are falling steadily back into Lens and preparing to make desperate resistance to the British assault on that city. Every front dispatch to-day emphasized the steady encroachment of the British lines around the chief coal city of France.

Field-Marshal Haig has, so far, not utilized a general assault movement to achieve gains about the city, though the general British offensive has brought his troops within striking distance. Instead, he is adopting the plan of "biting away" with small, local attacks here and there all around the city—each "bite" taking a little more ground. Throughout, British artillery is raining shells. This type of attack has resulted in amazingly insignificant losses to the British.

The German commanders have been preparing for the relinquishment of Lens for a month, realizing that sooner or later a general mass attack by the British would sweep them out. A systematic plan of destruction of the city's factories, coal mining plants and shafts nearby was put into operation a week ago, according to reports of aviators.

## GERMAN WRITERS SAY BRITISH WILL ATTACK

Instructed by Berlin to Say No Serious French Attack Coming

Copenhagen, June 27.—The German military writers, with enlightenment furnished to them by the war press bureau of their Government express the opinion that the British are preparing a new offensive, but that no serious attacks by the French are to be expected at this time.

Captain von Salzemann writes in the Vossische Zeitung that the feints of the British commander in the last week evidently were to cover a regrouping of troops and a surprise attack which probably will be made, as the Wyttschaete offensive was, against a narrow front with an extraordinarily heavy concentration of artillery and infantry. He believes the attack may come north of Ypres.

General von Ardenne in the Berliner Tageblatt declares a Russian offensive is entirely impossible at this time. The general dismisses the convention of the Councils of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates which decreed an offensive as "a meeting swayed by gold and alcohol," which was guilty of false pretences in assuming to speak in the name of the Russian people. He says the Russian army is impregnated with mutiny and disaffection and has been reduced to half its original numbers by desertions and sickness; that officers are murdered and that the inauguration of an offensive is beyond its power even should the soldiers wish it.

**DINED WITH KING.**

Stockholm, June 27.—The American Minister to Sweden, Ira Nelson Morris, and Mrs. Morris, were dinner guests of King Gustave at the palace last night.

The most important of the recent French drives was that of Monday at Hurtebise, west of Craonne. The Germans have suffered a considerable deprivation there, one of the positions taken being a fortress of some magnitude.

Paris, June 27.—Heavy artillery fighting continues in the region of Hurtebise, according to an official report issued this afternoon. The report says: "The Germans made no further attacks on the positions which we had taken from them in the region of Hurtebise on Monday."

"According to information now at hand, among the positions which we captured on that day is the 'Cavern of the Dragon,' more than 100 metres wide and about 300 metres deep, which had been converted into a veritable fortress. This cavern, with numerous exits and openings from which machine guns were fired, constituted an armed position and point of departure for enemy troops in making counter-attacks.

"A considerable amount of war material was stored there, including nine machine guns in good condition, equipment for more than 500 men, numerous rifles, ammunition depots and electric searchlights and a hospital relief outpost, all of which fell into our hands. The number of prisoners counted has reached 340, of whom 6 were officers.

"In Champagne enemy troops made a surprise attack west of Mont Carallist. They were repulsed. We penetrated German lines near Maisons-de-Champagne and got ten prisoners. "Last night German aviators threw several bombs on Nancy. No damage was done and there were no casualties."

**British Report.**  
London, June 27.—British gunfire checked in its incipency a German counter-attack attempted early to-day upon the new British positions on the Arras front northwest of Fontaine-les-Crescilles. It was announced officially here to-day. Otherwise only raiding operations along the British front were reported.

**Great Cheering.**  
A French Port, June 27.—The contingent of American troops which disembarked here to-day landed amid the frantic cheers of the people, who had gathered for hours before in anticipation of a duplication of yesterday's surprise.

Enthusiasm rose to fever pitch when it was learned that the transports and convoy had successfully passed the submarine zone. The port was speedily beflogged in honor of the occasion. All the troops who arrived were transferred to-day to a camp not far distant from this point, where Major-General William L. Sibert is installed. Thence they probably will go soon to a point near the front. All the troops are in excellent shape, enthusiastic over the successful trip and their reception and eager for action.

General Pershing, the American commander, is expected to-morrow. The harbor is dotted with convoys. The streets are filled with soldiers in khaki and with bluejackets. Great numbers of trucks are transporting immense supplies to the camp in which the troops are concentrating.

**More Going.**  
Washington, June 27.—The epochal landing of American troops in France can not be fully discussed at this time for obvious reasons concerning the safety of other continents.

It is entirely permissible to say that they are part of the force which will be under command of Major-General Pershing and for whose arrival the general and his staff have been arranging. The American troops will be of course, with the French at the head of operations, as they are on French soil.

When the troops have had their period of preparation behind the lines they will take a place on the battle-front and probably very soon will be carrying the Stars and Stripes in the assaults which steadily are driving the Germans out of France and Belgium.



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### REPORT ON CAMPAIGN IN MESOPOTAMIA

Commission Appointed by Imperial Government Offers Some Severe Criticism

Ottawa, June 27.—A London dispatch to Reuters' Ottawa Agency announced the issuance of the report of the commission which was appointed by the Government to inquire into the Mesopotamia operations.

The main report, signed by all the commissioners except Commander Wedgwood, who presented a dissenting report, is severely critical in a number of directions. It states that the division of responsibility between the India Office and the Government of India to conduct the expedition was unworkable; criticizes the commanders-in-chief or their representatives for failure periodically to visit Mesopotamia; says the advance toward Bagdad was based on political and military miscalculations and attempted with inadequate preparation, and resulted in the Kut-el-Amara disaster. Responsibility for the Bagdad advance lies, in the order of sequence, with Gen. Sir John Nixon, Lord Harcourt, Gen. Beauchamp Duff, Major-Gen. Barron, Rt. Hon. Austen Chamberlain and the War Committee of the Cabinet.

The commissioners find that Surgeon-Gen. Halsey showed "infirmity" for his office.

The report in conclusion seriously censures the Indian Government for lack of foresight shown in absence of adequate preparations and tardiness in recognizing and supplying deficiencies. An Associated Press dispatch from

### GAINS EXTENDED IN THE LENS REGION

Canadians Moved Ahead 1,000 Yards on Front of Two Miles

London, June 27.—The following official report was issued last night: "Further information regarding the operations carried out by us last night northeast of Fontaine-les-Croisilles shows that all our objectives were gained with little loss. Twenty-seven prisoners were taken. Two hostile counter-attacks, delivered with considerable strength, were successfully driven off.

"During the day our progress south of Lens continued. Our troops extended their gains. Enemy positions astride the Souchez River on a front of two miles to a depth of 1,000 yards, passed into our possession. We have occupied the village of La Coulotte. (This is the part of the front held by the Canadian forces.)

"As a result of a raid attempted by enemy troops last night west of the La Bassée Canal, German prisoners were left in our hands.

"In the air fighting yesterday two German aeroplanes were brought down and three others were driven down out of control. One of our machines is missing.

French Report.

Paris, June 27.—"The day was calm, save in the region of the Laffaux mill, where the artillery fighting was quite active, and in the region of Rheims, which was violently bombarded," said an official report issued last night.

"Eastern theatre—Quite intense cannonading on both sides took place in the region of the Yvardar and the Cerna head, where a strong Bulgarian reconnaissance, which attempted to enter our trenches, was dispersed with rifles and grenades. British troops carried out a successful raid to the east of Lake Doiran, in which they took some prisoners. Entente aviators successfully bombarded a number of enemy encampments."

A Belgian report issued last night said:

"The enemy shelled our roads of communication, while the artillery actions were especially spirited in the neighborhoods of Ramecapelle, Dixmude, Reninge and Fypegalle. There was lively bomb fighting near the Ferryman's House."

### CASUALTIES AMONG CANADIAN SOLDIERS

Ottawa, June 27.—The following casualties have been announced:

Infantry.

Killed in action—Pte. J. Dennis, England; Pte. E. Jones, Edmonton; Pte. V. Smith, Sydney, N. S.; Pte. D. Lansley, England; Pte. L. Evans, Ayr, N. S.; Pte. F. A. Bennett, England; Pte. R. E. White, Warkworth, Ont.; Pte. C. Farris, Wolfville, N. S.; Pte. W. T. Charlton, Milford, N. S.; Cpl. M. Palmeter, Middleton, N. S.; Pte. W. Milton, England; Pte. J. Donnelly, Elmira, N. Y.; Pte. W. McLelland, Halifax; Pte. T. Skelhorn, England; Pte. W. F. Arrowsmith, England; Cpl. E. Shaw, Peachland, B. C.; Pte. W. Leech, Woodnorth, Man.; Sergt. R. Witney, Orillia, Ont.

Previously reported missing and believed killed in action; now reported wounded and missing—Pte. A. Dawson, East Buraby.

Wounded—Pte. W. L. Lodge, England; Pte. F. S. Smith, England; Pte. D. Welland, England; Cpl. W. E. Darknell, no address given; Capt. W. Ruggles, Middleton, N. S.; Capt. A. B. Todd, Winnipeg; Pte. A. P. Taylor, Saskatoon; Pte. J. Julianets, Russia; Pte. J. McWilliam, Scotland; Pte. D. Urquhart, Toronto; Pte. T. G. Moore, Wentworth, Ont.; Pte. E. O'Connell, Ottawa; Pte. H. F. Bontez, Vancouver; Pte. H. G. Ellis, England; Pte. J. Glover, England; Pte. J. M. Vance, Grandview, Man.; Pte. R. S. Murray, Embro, Ont.; Pte. W. Thibodeau, Springfield, N. S.; Pte. J. Mareskial, Sydney Mines, N. S.; Pte. W. J. Moore, Pleasant Bay, N. S.; Pte. J. D. Morrison, Sydney, N. S.; Pte. R. McEachern, Londonderry, N. S.; Pte. L. Rice, Bear River, N. S.; Pte. H. E. Scott, Hammond, N. S.; Pte. G. W. Penney, Newfoundland; Pte. J. Cairney, Topeka, Kas.; Pte. H. H. Mason, Millstream, N. B.; Pte. J. C. Aitken, Zion, Alta.; Pte. W. Leech, Woodnorth, Man.; Pte. J. S. Milne, England; Pte. F. A. McManus, Perth, Ont.; Pte. C. S. Swann, Quebec; Pte. O. C. Johnston, Dnaphin, Man.; Pte. C. Johnston, Mistisewis, Sask.; Pte. P. Schomaker, Holland; Pte. G. A. Cockhead, England; Sergt. E. Colding, England; Pte. G. P. Plants, Toftield, Alta.; Pte. T. Farnell, England; Pte. C. A. Houston, Cypress River, Man.; Pte. W. Craig, Scotland; Pte. R. McCombe, England; Pte. W. McDonagh, London, Ont.; Pte. J. Reid, Halifax; Pte. J. Thompson, Glenlivet, N. B.; Pte. P. Boisvert, Quebec; Pte. O. Cromwell, Clarke's Harbour, N. S.; Pte. D. Lapine, Soo, Ont.; Pte. A. Lesotte, Blind River, Ont.; Pte. W. J. McKinnon, New York City; Pte. J. Chisholm, Chatsworth, Ont.; Pte. J. Smith, Napa, Alta.; Pte. E. Pedgini, no address given; Cpl. B. M. Hamilton, Quebec; Pte. W. A. Williams, Quebec; Pte. G. P. Wainwright, St. John, N. B.; Pte. A. Watts, England; Pte. A. Ballandine, Winnipeg; Pte. R. Rencher, Russia; Pte. F. Gray, West Lorne, Ont.

Artillery.

Previously reported wounded; now



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reported not wounded—Lieut. W. J. Ellwood, England.

Mounted Rifles.

Died of wounds—Pte. W. Murison, Winnipeg.

Wounded—Pte. J. Welch, England; Lieut. J. R. Myers, Porcupine, Ont.; Pte. J. W. Palmer, 1041 Monterey Avenue, Victoria.

Services.

Wounded—Pte. R. Casson, Calgary; Brigadier-General the Right Hon. J. E. B. Seely, D.S.O., England.

### Phew! How Hot the Kitchen Is!

And I Can't Let the Fire Out Till I Get the Ironing Done.



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### Carter Electric Company

### TOTTERING WILHELM TO GERMAN TROOPS

Amsterdam, June 27.—On June 21 Kaiser Wilhelm, reviewing troops on the western front, made a speech in which according to a Berlin telegram to-day, he said:

"I express to the troops gathered here my fullest appreciation of their conduct and my firm confidence that they, as hitherto, wherever they may be employed, will, trusting in God, do their duty and succeed in gaining the peace for the Fatherland which we need for its further development."

In conclusion the Kaiser said: "I am especially delighted to be able once more to congratulate the well-known dragoon regiment of Bayreuth of Hohenzollern fame. When in the late summer of 1916 I sent the Boreck squadron to Roumania, I gave it on the way my order to maintain at all costs the old tradition wherever it might be and to gain fresh laurels if possible. The regiment fulfilled the expectations of its supreme war lord and accomplished deeds which will please 'Old Fritz' up there in the Elysian fields. May it keep this up. We shall not let loose our hold until a happy peace is gained."

### LABOR AT BUTTE

Butte, Mont., June 27.—All the mechanics employed at the mines in the Butte district did not appear for work to-day. They acted on strike orders issued by their union in sympathy with a strike called by the electricians. The mechanics who obeyed the strike order are machinists, boiler-makers and blacksmiths.

### Dr. J. E. Watson

Special Summer Course for Piano.  
Studio, 802 Cook Street



DR. MICHAEL CLARK URGES CONSCRIPTION

Declares It is Only Practical Plan for Canada Under Circumstances

A. K. MACLEAN SUGGESTS RECRUITING EFFORT

Ottawa, June 27.—"I do not think there is any doubt anywhere as to where I stand," said Dr. Michael Clark, Liberal, Red Deer, Alberta, in opening a speech on the Military Service Bill in the Commons yesterday afternoon.

"I shall support the Government's measure—support it with a clear conscience and a stout heart, believing that it is absolutely in the best interests of the country, of the Empire, of the world and the cause of civilization for which we are fighting. I desire to approach the consideration of the question in the cold light of facts and reasons, and to avoid altogether language of passion or recrimination. There is no man in this House or in the country who is more opposed by nature and by training to compulsion—unnecessary compulsion—than I am, but I think that if there is one lesson which every sensible man has learned in the last three years it is that in the course of a war like this no one connected with it can afford to hold to his previous predilections, and to refuse to adapt himself to the circumstances and exigencies of the times.

"I heard my right honorable friend and leader (Sir Wilfrid Laurier) criticize or oppose conscription, as I understood him, on the ground that the Prime Minister had said we would never resort to it. Well, I do not know whether the Prime Minister ever said anything as strong as that. If he did, and yet is resorting to conscription, I am grateful, sir, that he is greater in high flights of patriotism than in his gifts of prophecy.

Better Progress. "After all we have seen in the course of this war England, that true home of freedom and of individualism, turned into a state-run bureaucracy. The Government has taken hold of mines and forests and farms and factories, and the war is being prosecuted better because it has done it than if things had remained in private hands.

"We must distinguish very sharply on this question between peace and war and between conscription in peace and conscription in war. Militarism in peace is machinery of a militaristic state; it is part and parcel of that militarism which we are told on all hands, as we have been told by my honorable friends on both sides of the House, is the object of this war, and which we are fighting. Conscription in war is the expedient of a country which is in dire extremity and must take the steps necessary to put forth its greatest efforts. I think the distinction is perfectly clear, and the fact that we were not in favor of conscription before the war means that we were not militarists before the war; but being in a war like this, and every man being in it, I believe it becomes the part of common sense to adapt ourselves to the needs of the moment.

"That is exactly the case with Mr. Lloyd George. There is no man in this House who is a stronger anti-conscriptionist than Mr. Lloyd George was; there is no man in the world who is a stronger anti-militarist than Mr. Lloyd George is at the present moment. There is no man in the world who is a stronger anti-militarist than Mr. Lloyd George, but he has put aside all his previous predilections and become the advocate of conscription because he realizes this is a war to end war, and true to his previous convictions if he adopts conscription to put an end to conscription.

"Exactly the same thing is happening in the United States. Does anyone contend that the United States is turning its back on its whole pacifist history? Does anyone contend that the people of the United States to-day are more in favor of war than ever before? We have noted the reluctance with which they went to war, the slow steps by which the President led the people up to the inevitable decision. I contend that the United States is in exactly the same position as Mr. Lloyd George at the present time. The people were as pacifist as ever they were when they adopted conscription, and the procession of men on the day when registration took place must have filled every impartial and thoughtful mind with admiration for that great people. If there is anything that should inspire it is to see those ten million young Americans who left their homes under compulsion—or under the President's call, shall I say—to register their names as citizens of a common country and soldiers, if need be, to fight and die for that country."

The Only Method. "It is the only fair method in the last analysis under circumstances such as these we find ourselves in now. It is the only method under which we can fill up the gaps in our ranks. Who

FOR THAT TIRED FEELING Take Hall's Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, the best tonic remedy for nervousness, loss of appetite, sleeplessness and run-down system. \$1.00

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can go on the platform in this country and plead that it is fair, that it is even decent, that one family, one district, or one province—and I give no names to them—should be able to shelter in comfort and prosperity beneath the fact that other people, other provinces and other men are fighting for them? Conscription is the only practical method. In Britain it is notorious that whole battalions had to be brought back from France to Lancashire while the rest of the army was in France. That is a very important consideration. Conscription is necessary at this stage of the war to say who shall stay at home as well as to say who shall go. It is the method by which you are going to organize your nation and get the last ounce of strength out of the nation, either for service at home or for service abroad, as the wisdom of those making the choice shall dictate.

Wherever Enemy Is. "It is said in some parts of the country—and my right honorable friend and leader rather indicated a predilection for that doctrine, I think, by the quotations he made from the MILITIA Act—that the proper place for a Canadian to fight is on the soil of Canada. In the same quarters of the country where this is said it is called England's war. As an Englishman with a vein of Scotch in me—Scotch logic I mean—it is surely permissible for me to ask the question, is England fighting her battle on English soil? England, sir, is fighting this war wherever she sees the turban of a Turk or the helmet of a Teuton. She is fighting in Egypt, in Mesopotamia, in Macedonia, in Belgium, but she is fighting in most of all in France. It is there that she is pouring out her blood in small rivers. My friends will forgive me—I know they will forgive me—when I say to them that if there is one consideration that should have made every drop of French blood in Canada course more rapidly it is the consideration that Englishmen by the million are on the soil where the language of France is spoken, where the literature of France has been produced, of which literature we have men as proud in Canada as they are proud of it in France itself.

Belgium. "Talk about not sending the right recruiting agents to one part of the country or the other. Who was the recruiting agent that led the sons of the Empire to leap to the colors in every portion of the world and to come trooping across the seven seas? I will tell you in one word. It was Belgium. That was the recruiting agent. Belgium, her neutrality and independence guaranteed by Britain, and therefore by the British Empire, and guaranteed also by Germany—Belgium was trodden under foot by Germany, and for every full-blooded man under the flag that meant there was only one course—with our last man and our last dollar to fight on the opposite side of the ditch and see that Belgium was restored all that could be restored to her.

"If Belgium needed no assistance in the way of a recruiting agent, what shall be said of the northeast of France? Those who have been on the spot know what is happening in that countryside—the beautiful fields turned under and the very inside of the earth turned up, and villages desolated. Those things have happened, and what is happening there to-day? I would like those who hesitate about what they should do on this bill to reflect that at the present moment in France, as the Teuton is compelled to retire, he is taking with him every French female above the age of fourteen years, to work, to suffer, and God knows what else. Those are the recruiting agents that appealed to the wide Dominion of this Empire. May I add, not uncharitably, I hope, that if men will not listen to them, neither would they listen if one rose from the dead.

"I have referred to Germany's methods of war at the present moment. Do I need to impress upon this House that the events of the moment on the battlefield demand this bill? Have we all read the figures on the bulletin boards to-day of the casualties in the last raid on London—one hundred and fifty dead in the heart of the Empire, where the flag floats that floats over us—and not felt that we are as morally bound to act as men in support of the flag as they are in London?"

Near to Canada. "Cargoes of Canadian produce going to Britain were being sent to the bottom of the sea at the present moment by thousands of tons. This was how close the war was to Canada at this moment. The diplomacy of the Hun to-day followed exactly the tradition of that old blackguard Frederick the Great. At the end of the Seven Years' War, beaten on the field past all hope of redemption, he had tried to win his way by diplomacy, and unfortunately fooled Great Britain at the moment. His way was repeating itself to-day. "The greatest danger to the world at this moment is that the war weariness of the nations will compel the people to come together and arrange an inconclusive peace. But by all I have seen of Canadians, I do not think they will take part in that, and if we had an inconclusive peace, what would it mean? It would mean that the Romanoff would be replaced upon the throne of Russia, that Constantinople probably would be back upon the throne of Greece, that the Hohenzollerns hold upon the neck of the German people would be tightened, and that the Hapsburgs would rule the people of Austria as never before. And for ourselves what would it mean? It would mean that just as surely as the next generation of men comes around this world there would be done again by our children and our grandchildren."

Lieut.-Col. Arthur. Lieut.-Col. James Arthur, Conservative, Parry Sound, Ont., who is back from the front, said there was a fight to a finish and Canada was just as vitally interested as France or Belgium. Conscription would not be necessary if Quebec had done its duty. Many French-Canadians who had enlisted in his battalion had deserted. He believed that in many cases when they got leave of absence to visit friends in Quebec they had joined Que-

bec battalions. The French were as good soldiers as any others, but unfortunately there were not enough of them. He had had a number of French-Canadians in his regiment who had enlisted four times, thus swelling the list of French recruits. Quebec, with a population of 1,600,000, had only one complete battalion at the front, the 22nd, and one reserve battalion in England, which consisted mostly of officers and non-commissioned officers. The 22nd had rendered splendid service. 11,000 Unit.

Speaking of the forces in England, Col. Arthur said there are 11,000 physically unfit men there who should be sent back to Canada. This could not be done unless they were replaced, because it might become necessary to send them to France. Col. Arthur characterized the referendum proposal as a "farce." The bill was necessary because there were many officers and men at the front who had not had relief for over twelve months. The men were all in favor of conscription. He was prepared to support the bill regardless of political or other consequences.

A. K. Maclean. A. K. Maclean, Liberal, Halifax, while announcing his intention of voting for the conscription bill, closed his speech with a plea that after the measure becomes law another united effort should be made to secure the man required by the voluntary system. He was inclined to see in the former Minister of Militia, and declared that Sir Sam Hughes had been a hindrance to recruiting. The only credit for the success attained by the voluntary effort, Mr. Maclean said, belonged to the people of Canada.

Speeches in favor of the bill were made by E. J. Robb, Conservative, Kent, N. B., a French-Canadian, and Donald Sutherland, Conservative, South Oxford, Ont. O. Turgeon, Liberal, Gloucester, N. B., and Hon. Jacques Bureau, Liberal, Three Rivers, Que.

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The Fashion Centre Angus Campbell & Co., Ltd. 1008-10 Government Street. Our Entire Stock of Coats, Suits and Dresses at Big Reductions Friday. A Notably Large and Interesting Bulletin of Extraordinary Bargain Offerings for Friday's Selling. Considering the great values, the great assortments, and the present markets with their steadily increasing prices, this is indeed a great bargain event that demands the attention of every woman who is interested in the art of saving. Read every item quoted below. It will be well worth your while.

Our Entire Stock of Children's Coats to Clear Friday at Half-Price. Don't Miss This Half-Price Sale of Children's Coats Friday. Just think of what a saving this means: \$12.50 Coats for \$6.25, \$10.00 Coats for \$5.00, \$7.50 Coats for \$3.75. Included are a host of smart styles for children from 2 to 14 years of age, all this season's buying.

Exceptional Value Offering From the Mantle Section Friday. Women's English Flannel Outing Suits. Worth up to \$19.00. Friday \$7.50. Women's Tailored Cricketer English Flannel Outing Suits, shades of navy and black, with white hair stripes. Ideal suits for golf, etc. Regular \$19.00 for \$7.50. Women's Pretty Cotton Summer Dresses. To Clear Friday at \$2.75. A good collection of dainty Summer and Beach Dresses will be offered for early morning Friday shoppers at the low price of \$2.75. Women's Cloth Coats, mostly navy and black, also a few alpaca dust coats that sold regular up to \$17.50 are included in these special values in the coat section at \$5.00.

A Big Blouse Offering for Friday at \$1. Two Hundred Brand New White Muslin Blouses. Remarkable Value for Friday's Great Bargain Event at the Low Price of \$1.00.

All Sunshades Reduced. Bargains in the Neckwear Section. Women's Knitted Underwear. Women's Cotton Knit Undervests with short sleeves, 2 for \$1.00, 3 for \$1.00, 4 for \$1.00, 5 for \$1.00 and 8 for \$1.00. Women's Cotton Knit Drawers, light and loose knee, at 2 for \$1.00 and 3 for \$1.00. Women's Cotton Knit Combination, 2 for \$1.00. Children's Black Tights, for ages 4 to 10 years, at 4 pairs for \$1.00. Children's Zenith Vests—Small sizes only. Regular 50c Friday 25c. Children's Ribbed Hose, all sizes, 4 pairs for \$1.00. Children's Ribbed Hose, black, tan, sky, white, pink, all sizes, at 5 pairs for \$1.00. Strong Ribbed Hose, sizes 9 1/2, 10 1/2, 11 only. Regular 60c pair, at 3 pairs for \$1.00.

Friday we offer you your unrestricted choice of 200 brand new Blouses that have received this extraordinary low marking for Friday's selling. Pretty styles, trimmed with fine laces, insertions, etc. At \$1.25 they would be considered excellent value. Out they go Friday at \$1.00. View Window Showing. Women's Silk Sweater Coats at Big Reductions. 4 only, Jersey Silk Sweater Coats. Reg. \$25.00, for \$12.75. 3 only, Mauve Fibre Silk Coats (lined). Reg. \$17.50, for \$11.00. 10 only, Two-Tone Fibre Silk Coats. Reg. \$13.50, for \$6.75. 2 only, Handsome Silk Coats, 1 grey, 1 rose. Reg. \$25.00, for \$16.50. 6 only, Fibre Silk Middy Blouses, white, sky, pink and gold. Reg. \$14.75, for \$9.50. 300 Large Bungalow Coverall Print Aprons. Friday, 50c Each.

GERMAN SHIPS TO DUTCH WHO LOST. BULGARIANS AND THE UNITED STATES. Exceptional Hosiery Values, Friday. Women's Cotton Hose, black and white, 4 pairs for \$1.00. Women's Cotton Lisle Hose, black only, at 3 pairs for \$1.00. Women's Fibre Silk Hose, black and colors, at 2 pairs for \$1.00. Women's Silk Hose, black and colors, at 2 pairs for \$1.00. Children's Ribbed Hose, all sizes, 4 pairs for \$1.00. Children's Ribbed Hose, black, tan, sky, white, pink, all sizes, at 5 pairs for \$1.00. Strong Ribbed Hose, sizes 9 1/2, 10 1/2, 11 only. Regular 60c pair, at 3 pairs for \$1.00. Gloves Reduced. Niagara Maid Silk Gloves, 16 button length, black and white. Reg. \$1.75 pair, Friday \$1.25. Novelty Silk Gloves, black and white, odd sizes. Regular \$1.25, Friday \$1.00. Long Kid and Suede Gloves, white only, sizes 5 1/2, 6 1/2, and 7, to clear at, pair \$1.00. White Chambrise Gloves, all sizes, special at, pair \$1.00.

Hundreds of Bargains From the Children's Section for Friday's Selling. CHILDREN'S GINGHAM DRESSES. For Ages 2 to 12 Years. Regular \$1.00 for 75c, Regular \$1.50 for \$1.25, Regular \$1.75 for \$1.50, Regular \$1.90 for \$1.65, Regular \$2.25 for \$1.90, Regular \$2.75 for \$2.50, Regular \$3.00 for \$2.50, Regular \$3.25 for \$2.75, Regular \$3.50 for \$3.00. CHILDREN'S PRINCESS SLIPS. Regular 90c for 75c, Regular \$1.50 for \$1.15, Regular \$1.75 for \$1.55, Regular \$2.25 for \$1.75. CHILDREN'S WHITE TAILORED DRESSES. For Ages 2 to 6 Years. Regular \$1.75 for \$1.25, Regular \$2.50 for \$1.90, Regular \$2.75 for \$2.25, Regular \$2.90 for \$2.40, Regular \$3.75 for \$3.00. CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS. Regular 50c for 40c, Regular 65c for 50c, Regular 75c for 60c, Regular 90c for 75c. White Outing Skirts. Very Special Value for Friday at \$1.00. Women's Fibre Silk Hose. 300 Pairs of Women's Fine Quality Fibre Silk Hose, in colors of black, white, rose and sage, also white with black stripes. Made with strong garter top and reinforced soles. Regular 90c, Friday, pair \$1.00. All Sizes 8 1/2 to 10.

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Bargains in Corsets Friday. An Odd Lot of Corsets—All well-known makes. Regular up to \$1.75, Friday \$1.00. Madame Lyla and Nemo Corsets—Odd sizes. Regular to \$4.75, Friday to clear at \$2.45. A Fine Lot of Madame Lyla Corsets—Reg. to \$6.75, Friday \$3.95. Whitewear Bargains. Women's White Cotton Drawers—Reg. 50c for 25c, reg. 40c for 30c, reg. 50c for 40c. Women's Nightgowns—Regular 90c for 75c, regular \$1.25 for \$1.00. White Undershirts—Regular \$1.25 for \$1.00. Envelope Chemise—Regular \$1.25 for \$1.00. Four only, Ladies' Black Muslin Princess Slips—Regular \$2.90 for \$1.00. Gingham Undershirts—Reg. \$1.25 for \$1.00, reg. 90c for 75c. House Dresses. Of gingham and print, light and dark colors. Regular \$1.50 for \$1.25, Regular \$1.75 for \$1.50, Regular \$1.90 for \$1.60, Regular \$2.00 for \$1.65, Regular \$2.25 for \$1.90, Regular \$2.25 for \$1.90, Regular \$2.25 for \$1.90. Other Apron Bargains. Overall Aprons, light fitting and bungalow styles. Regular 75c for 60c, Regular 90c for 75c, Regular \$1.00 for \$1.00, Regular \$1.25 for \$1.00, Regular \$1.35 for \$1.15, Regular \$1.60 for \$1.40. Colored Aprons, with and without bibs. Regular 25c for 25c, Regular 45c for 35c, Regular 60c for 40c, Regular 65c for 50c. Nurses' Aprons of heavy white drill. Regular 60c for 40c, Regular 65c for 50c, Regular 75c for 60c, Regular 90c for 75c, Regular \$1.25 for \$1.15. Munion Aprons, with Cap at \$1.35. White Muslin Waists at 50c. About 10 Dozen Fancy Corded and Plain Muslin Blouses—Various styles to choose from. Regular 90c value, Friday \$50c.





**THE DAILY TIMES**

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 All copy for display advertisements must be at Times Office before 5 p. m. of the day previous to the day of insertion. This is imperative. When this rule is not complied with we do not guarantee insertion.

MEMBER OF THE AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS

TO-DAY'S EDITION.

We commend to the particular attention of the public the Confederation Jubilee Edition of The Times which is issued this afternoon. A perusal of it will show that while the general historical aspect and significance of the last half-century have not been overlooked in its columns, special consideration has been given to the industrial and business conditions and outlook of this city at the present time. We are in the midst of a great war, but the activities of trade, commerce and industry must be maintained. This is fundamental, for without these activities not only could we not meet the financial drain directly and indirectly arising from the struggle, but we would have no foundation for the mighty readjustment which will follow the restoration of peace. It is a source of great satisfaction to find that the business and industry of this part of the Province are facing the future with so much confidence, a frame of mind which befits the people of a young, vigorous nation of fifty years, conscious of its strength and resources and the certainty of unprecedentedly prosperous times to come.

The Times Confederation Jubilee Edition will serve a useful purpose in impressing upon the public the extent of the industrial activity which prevails on the southern portion of Vancouver Island. We have not what is known elsewhere as an industrial quarter, and this fact often leaves an erroneous impression upon not only the minds of visitors but the minds of many Victorians themselves. If, however, all the mills, factories and plants represented in our advertising and reading columns to-day were congregated in one area instead of being distributed over the whole district, we would discover that we possess an industrial section of surprising proportions. In this respect we claim for our Confederation Edition that it is instructive and highly encouraging.

Victoria's economic position this year is substantially better than it was last year, as the business reviews and advertisements which appear in these pages and to which we invite the attention of our readers show. We believe that this improvement will be progressive. The demands of war have given to the development of this Island's resources, human as well as material, a stimulus which cannot but continue in ever-increasing circles. The future of Victoria is largely bound up in that of Vancouver Island, whose potentialities have only just begun to command outside attention and whose systematic extensive exploitation will be an asset of inestimable value to the city. The fiftieth anniversary of Confederation finds Victoria in sound condition with a most gratifying outlook.

**AMERICANS IN FRANCE.**

The arrival of American troops in France, official announcement of which is made to-day, opens a new stage in the war on the battle-front of Europe. It is perhaps the most striking incident in its historical, moral and military significance that has developed on that war-torn continent since the arrival of the never-to-be-forgotten little British expeditionary force in August, 1914. How large the American force is information does not say, but all the world knows that it is the nucleus of an army of a million which will finally share the sacrifice and the glory of the conflict in France and that behind that army are nine other potential armies of like proportions.

The official intimation of the arrival of the American troops, while brief, contains an element of surprise in its designation of the contingent

as the "second" American force to arrive in France. From this it is evident that the transportation of the republic's troops across the ocean has been in progress for some time and that the first units have been at their training grounds for days. This apparently was known in England, for our dispatches yesterday reported a question by a British member of Parliament regarding the supreme command of the United States army in France.

The moral effect of the arrival of the first units of the American regular army upon French soil will be enormous. It is true that thousands of Americans have already fought there with the French and Canadian forces, while recently American hospital detachments, aviators and engineers have reached there. But the appearance of the vanguard of the actual organized army of the republic will show as nothing else can that our neighbor intends to throw all its titanic resources into the struggle, that it intends to spare no effort to discharge in full the debt it owes to glorious France and to continue the struggle until the brutal foe is beaten to his knees.

**THE SASKATCHEWAN RESULT.**

The result of the Saskatchewan election shows that the Martin Government is firmly entrenched in the confidence of the electorate. Indeed, from present indications it would appear that the standing of the Opposition is not even as good as it was in the last House. This is attributable to the splendid record of achievement of the Government, reinforced by the sterling qualities of the Premier, who was not in office more than a few weeks before he showed his courage and strength of character by reading out of his party certain members who had become involved in corrupt practices.

During the last few years Saskatchewan has become the banner province in Canada in advanced constructive legislation. The traffic in intoxicating liquor was banished from the province; the women of Saskatchewan were granted the franchise and equal rights with men in all the activities of Government; the hospital system was extended and made more democratic and free; the rights of women in their homes were protected; neglected and dependent children provided for, the public health safeguarded, and in general, efforts put forth in many directions to create sound and healthy social, moral, physical and economic conditions throughout the province.

To the encouragement of agriculture the Government gave much attention, and were responsible for several measures to this end of outstanding importance. Chief of these was the Act regulating the sales of farm implements and machinery and providing guarantees against those abuses under which the farmers had labored in the purchase of needed articles in their farm operations, abuses which had amounted to downright robbery and confiscation of property in numerous instances. The encouragement of Agricultural Co-operative Associations was undertaken, provision made for the purchase and sale of live-stock by the Department of Agriculture to farmers to enable them to improve their herds, and a great Co-operative Creamery Company established along the lines of the Co-operative Elevator Co. Last but by no means least was the creation of the Saskatchewan Farm Loan Board, with its provisions for the providing of farm mortgage loans at cost to farmers to enable them to successfully carry on their operations.

The Government also has credit for placing Saskatchewan in the van of all the provinces in providing a check upon unwise and extravagant municipal expenditure and in assuring to the people an additional safeguard on all municipal expenditures. The creation of a board to supervise such expenditure and to revise and oversee the systems of municipal taxation has done much to build up the present credit and financial standing of the province.

**CONSCRIPTION OF WEALTH.**

The morning paper says obviously the cry for conscription of capital is nothing but an endeavor to distract attention from the need for manpower, for it is a grandiloquent but impossible solution for the life the war has made us suffer.

The demand for the conscription of wealth as understood by those who make it—comprising nine out of every ten people and institutions who favor any kind of conscription—does not mean the confiscation by the state of all private wealth any more than the conscription of men means the compulsory enlistment of all the country's manpower. It means the appropriation by the state for the purposes of the war of all profits over a reasonable return on investment, with particular reference to those interests which have profited largely from the war. It means the organization of the country's resources for the conflict on the basis of what exists in the United Kingdom, in France and in every

other country which is seriously straining every effort to gain victory.

Unquestionably this organization may call for state operation of certain utilities, the idea of which seems to shock our contemporary. In England the state operates munition plants, railways, mines and shipping. It directs and controls the agricultural industry. It fixes the price of food, which it ultimately will distribute. In France similar conditions prevail. In the United States the President has obtained power for state action of the same kind, and it all probably the greater part of those powers will be exercised.

In Canada there is not a solitary national munition factory in operation, although the nation had a number of splendid mechanical plants. The British authorities asked the Government to operate them as national concerns and thereby stop profiteering. The Canadian Government leased them, instead, to private corporations which are making big profits. It is demanded of the Government that it either nationalize the munitions industry and control the cost of its products or take every dollar over a reasonable profit from its present operators. There is nothing harrowing in that. Indeed, it is a measure of self-preservation.

The other day the state took over the operation of the Croy's Nest Pass mines because the strike there seriously affected the output of raw material for munitions. Had the Government not done this, it would have been guilty of a gross betrayal of duty. The state is at war and there is nothing too sacrosanct to be touched in such an emergency. Certainly if flesh-and-blood is not sacred, capital cannot be. All the wealth ever garnered cannot restore the humblest life lost on the battlefield.

Our contemporary says that "so far, as is right, the burden of war taxation has fallen on the rich." What is its authority for such an assertion? The determination of the accuracy or inaccuracy of it is very easy. According to Sir Thomas White the revenue of Canada for the year ending March 31 was about \$234,000,000. To this revenue customs taxation contributed \$134,000,000; excise \$24,000,000; excess business profits \$12,500,000 and the rest was made up of returns from sales of Dominion lands, royalties and the stamp duties imposed by the legislation of 1915. No revenue was obtained from large incomes. Obviously the burden of the customs taxation falls upon the average consumer. If there is one place on which it does not fall in due proportion it is on the rich. Indeed of the whole revenue of \$234,000,000 the only part which affected the rich was included in the business' profits return of \$12,500,000 and much of this came from the modest income of the relatively small business man. Why, that whole sum was less than half of the net earnings of a single institution in Canada last year. And does our contemporary call the extra postage and stamp taxation a rich man's tax?

In England war profits contributed \$800,000,000, or one-third of the national revenue last year. Large incomes and similar imposts which did not touch the average person at all made up the rest. Even such customs duties as are imposed are upon luxuries. Over there they do not consider it a crime to make wealth pay its proper share to the cost of a war in which the country's most precious asset, its splendid manhood, is giving its all. To us there is nothing so revolting at this time as pleas for special privilege, for the glib arguments in favor of the profiteers, mergers and combines, especially when those who use them in the same breath advocate the conscription of man-power alone. Canada's duty is to devote all its resources, its man-power, its money-power and its talent to the winning of the war and this can be done only through commensurate direction and control by the state.

Charlie Chaplin, whose name we seem to have heard of, is going to join his country's war forces almost immediately. The popular movie actor is an Englishman domiciled in California, and, according to all accounts, is doing well in his business, but he heard his country's call and could not resist it. This announcement is not made for advertising purposes either, as Charlie has refused to sign any more contracts. There are a few patriots left yet even in these sordid days.

Vancouver is calling upon the Provincial Government to investigate the coal situation in British Columbia. Is that not a matter that should be called to the attention of the Dominion food controller? The Dominion has the larger powers in the premises, particularly if it be true, as alleged, that the matter of foreign exports is a considerable factor in the situation.

The Liberal Government of Premier Martin has swept Saskatchewan almost clean, and the Colonist blandly says no political significance can be attached to the event. If the result had been otherwise, we presume that our contemporary and its friends at Ottawa would have attached consider-

**COAL TALK BY KIRK**

Coal is \$9.00 per ton in Vancouver. It costs the dealer 15c per ton less than in Victoria. Kirk's Victoria prices are:  
 Best Lump ..... \$8.50  
 Best Nut ..... \$7.50

NUF SAID  
**Kirk & Co., Ltd.**  
 1212 Broad Street  
 Phone 139

**DRY FIR CORDWOOD \$6.50 PER CORD**

Cheaper and Cleaner Than Coal.  
 Our Wood is ABSOLUTELY DRY and is worth considerably more than the GREEN WOOD, much of which is now being offered on the market

**Lloyd-Young & Russell**  
 1012 Broad Street  
 PHONE 4532

able significance to it and draw deep drafts or hope from it.

It is understood that the ex-Czar of Russia and the ex-King of Greece have reached the conclusion that the female of the Hun species is more dangerous than the male. They both have German wives—just wives now, not "consorts" or queens. It is the old story, "the woman that thou gavest me."

Sir Arthur Currie not only possesses

**DAVID SPENCER, LTD.**

STORE HOURS: 8.30 TO 6.00; FRIDAY, 9.30; SATURDAY, 1 P.M.

## The Whole Organization of This Big Store

**Is Centralizing on the Distribution of Greater Values in Suitable Holiday Wearing Apparel and Summer Furnishings**

*See Our Full-Page Announcement on Page One, First Section*

**DAVID SPENCER, LTD.**

the gift of commanding armies; he wields a pen with the deftness and skill of an accomplished journalist. He need not be out of a job after he has fulfilled his present mission of putting the Hun in his "place in the sun."

The Huns said never under any circumstances would they relinquish the conquered coal fields of Lens. But the Canadians seem to be on the point of compelling them to do it.

"Red Michael" of Red Deer always has been considered one of the best

debaters in the Dominion House of Commons. His speech, delivered yesterday, established definitely his position as something more than a debater. It deserves the title of an oration.

**CONSCRIPTION DEMOCRATIC.**  
 The New Republic.  
 No matter how formidable the existing opposition to conscription appears to be both in Congress and in the country, it will in the end fall to put up a more successful resistance than did the opposition to war. Our pacifist fellow-citizens who are fighting compulsion in what they believe to be the interest of democracy

are falling into a natural error; but they are none the less doing their own cherished cause a doubtful service. They are making democracy depend more upon the observance of scruples than upon the successful use of the new conditions, brought into existence by American participation in the war, in order to penetrate the national organization and policy with a democratic impulse. If they consider the war in which their country is now engaged so dangerous and hostile to democracy that the most important business of sincere democrats is to adopt obstructive and defensive tactics, they will not succeed in their obstruction and they will be dividing themselves from the forward liberal movement in American national life.

## Courtesy demands that when you give Chocolates, they must be good

TO anyone of good breeding the idea of giving a box of cheap, poor quality Chocolates is unthinkable. At any time, Chocolates are an inexpensive item, therefore the very best quality is always within reach of even the most modest purse.

In Victoria the Chocolates that find universal favor are known as "Homade." For sheer freshness and deliciousness of flavor these "Homade" Chocolates are unexcelled by any you can buy in British Columbia or elsewhere on the American continent. We make this statement with a knowledge that it cannot be refuted. The ingredients of "Homade" Chocolates are pure cane sugar, chocolate, the richest dairy cream, fresh fruits and nuts. Could anything be more wholesome or more nutritious?

Another pleasing feature about "Homade" Chocolates is the great variety that one has to choose from. No less than fifty distinct varieties are made in our factory during a period of three or four days. This insures the utmost variety, along with freshness at all times.

While "Homade" Chocolates are unexcelled for quality they do not appeal to every palate. Some there are who prefer sweets of the Crisp, Fudge or Caramel varieties. And it is they who sing the praises of "Homade" Candies. Only lovers of this class of dainty could attempt to describe wherein their greatest charm lies—their freshness, quality or flavor.

At the chief "Homade" Store a modern Soda Fountain service is conducted. This is the home of the famous "Homade" Ice Cream, and it is served in a manner that never fails to please even the most exacting of our patrons. Will you not give this service a trial the next time you have a thirst to quench or an "ice cream appetite" to satisfy?

**"HOMADE" CHOCOLATES**  
60c to \$1.50 Per lb.

**"HOMADE" CANDIES**  
35c to 75c Per lb.

Head Store: 725 Yates Street.  
 Branches: 1118 Douglas St., and in Williams' Drug Store, Fort and Government



# KENNEDY'S TONIC PORT

Possesses all the qualities required to build up the system. It's invigorating and sustaining, too. No sick room should be without it.

PER BOTTLE, \$1.00

Quality Guaranteed by

## The Hudson's Bay Company

Open Till 10 p.m. Telephone 4253  
1812 Douglas Street We Deliver

# THE SHOES THAT PLEASES

Is the shoe you are looking for we presume. Our shoes have every quality that goes for satisfaction.

The Better Value Store.

## At Maynard's

Phone 1232. 649 Yates Street



# Wash Skirts

To-day we are making a special window display of these Skirts. It represents only a few of our best lines taken at random from our large stock of styles and designs.

In Repp, Plique and Bedford Cord we can supply every size from misère to outskirts. Prices: **\$1.50 to \$2.50**

## G.A. Richardson & Co.

Victoria House, 536 Yates St.

# Leeming Bro. Ltd.

524 Fort Street Phone 748

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE

HOUSES TO LET

Agents for

## Savage Tires

# VICTORIA WOOD CO.

Stove Lengths **\$6.25**

4 Ft. .... **\$5.00**

PHONE 2274

809 JOHNSON STREET

Houses Built at **\$16 per Month and Upwards**

Subscribe to the Patriotic Fund

## D. H. BALE

Corner Fort and Stadacona Ave. Phone 1149

Subscribers Changing Their Address

Must notify the office and not the carrier.

Phone 3345

# TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY

Victoria Times, June 27, 1892.

The new hall for the Knights of Pythias in the Duck Building will be ready for occupation about September 1. When finished it will be one of the handsomest on the Coast, the main hall being 61 feet by 42 feet, with nine ante-rooms.

At the close of the regular service in Calvary Baptist Church last evening a letter was read from Rev. J. E. Coombes, of La Connor, Washington, declining to accept the invitation to Calvary Church.

Two comfortable bath houses are being erected at Fowl Bay, which will doubtless be fully patronized.

**Gorge Park—Smart Set.**—Concerts daily, 3 and 5 p. m. Thursday amateurs and laughable sketch.

**Barker's System.**—In the advertisement for Barker's New System Bread, on page 4, second section, of this issue, the list of grocers handling the bread should have included the Wellburn Grocery, corner of Pandora and Cook.

**Ferry Broke Away.**—The ferry across the Skeena River at Usk broke away the other day and drifted down stream until it, stranded in Kitselas Canyon. The ferryman, Erickson, lost two fingers and had to go to Terrace for treatment.

**Businessmen as Harvesters.**—There is a movement in New Westminster which is meeting with a good deal of success in the direction of sending one hundred businessmen as harvesters in the Fraser Valley during their vacation. W. G. McQuarrie is chairman of a Board of Trade committee which is actively at work on the proposal.

**Ker Avenue.**—Twenty-eight residents of Ker Avenue laid an objection at the Saanich Council last evening to a dairy in the district, and supported it by a delegation of eight persons. The spokesman claimed that the cows were allowed to graze at large, and were a nuisance to their neighbors. The complaint was referred to the Medical Health Officer and Sanitary Inspector for a report.

**St. John's Colwood.**—At the Sunday evening service, before a large congregation, an interesting ceremony took place in the unveiling and dedication by the Rev. Arthur Willis of the roll of honor of those in the parish who have enlisted in the Canadian Expeditionary Force, followed by an intercessory service. The roll of honor was beautifully executed by John Goodall, of Colwood. The offertory taken up was given in aid of the Returned Soldiers' Fund.

**Call is Sustained.**—A unanimous call from the congregation of Cooke's Presbyterian Church, Chilliwack, to Rev. N. T. C. McKay, Golden, has been sustained by the Presbytery of Westminster. The congregation promise a salary of \$1,200 and the use of a manse, and also a month's holiday yearly. The call, with the Presbytery's action, has been forwarded to the Presbytery of Kamloops, of which Rev. Mr. McKay is a member.

**B. C. Electric Railway Fares.**—The statement that there will be an investigation into fares on the B. C. Electric Railway, as a result of the recent strike, moved a woman resident of Colquitz to write to the Saanich Council yesterday, and point out that her daughter paid \$3 in fares from Wilkington to the City last Christmas, in order to earn \$11 for special work. While some of the members of the Council thought the subject should have been taken up at the recent sitting of the Railway Board here, the subject will receive further attention at the next Works Committee meeting.

**Frederick Villiers' Lecture.**—The greatest possible interest is being shown in the forthcoming visit of Mr. Frederick Villiers, the famous English war artist and correspondent, who is to lecture at the Empress Hotel, on Friday night under the auspices of the Florence Nightingale Chapter, I.O.D.E., and with the patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Barnard, His Worship the Mayor and Mrs. Todd, Vice-Admiral and Mrs. Story, and the Municipal Chapter, I.O.D.E. The lecture is to begin at 8.15, and will be illustrated by one hundred sketches that the war correspondent made himself on the battle field "With Joffre and French" is the title of the stirring war talk, in which is included a history of the great push and also of his recent visit to the army fighting on the Mohmund frontier. Mr. Villiers knows his subject intimately, and for the history of the invasion of the Huns and the great siege from the sea to the Alps information could hardly be obtained at a better source.

**Harding of Cattle in Garden City.**—In view of an amendment of the Municipal Act with regard to the impounding of cattle, before dealing with the herd law as it affects Garden City the Saanich Council last evening decided to have an opinion from the Municipal Solicitor.

**Help Out the Red Cross Funds** by attending Mammoth Carnival, Royal Athletic Park, Saturday 2 p. m.

**Memorandum.**—The Gospel addresses by Mr. Robt. Miller, of Glasgow, still go on. To-night, Wednesday and Thursday, at 8 p. m., opposite New Hudson Bay Building, Herald and Douglas Streets. Come and bring your friends. No collection.

**Platoon Growing.**—Several South African veterans have joined the University Platoon since the arrival of the men at the Hastings Park. Orders are expected for overseas any day now.

**James Bay Red Cross.**—There is to be a meeting to-morrow night of the James Bay Red Cross branch committee. The meeting will be at 218 Meuzies Street, and all members are asked to attend.

**Church Officers.**—At the vestry meeting of St. John's Church, Lady-smith, G. Verchere was elected as people's warden, replacing G. H. Barnhart, who has left that city. W. W. Walkem and R. Weaver were appointed as delegates to the diocesan synod.

**Many Applications.**—Many applications have been received for the vacancies on the teaching staff of the Victoria High School. No arrangements have been made as to the date when the School Board will meet to consider filling the vacancies.

**Now in Hospital.**—With injuries caused by gunshot in the right leg and both feet, Company Sergt. Maj. James Reid Allen, who left here with the Western Scots in March last year, has been admitted to No. 32 Stationary Hospital, Wingercaux, France.

**Military Medal.**—Sergt. Maj. Bowler, a well-known North Vancouver soldier, has been awarded the Military Medal for conspicuous service while serving with the artillery on the western front. He left the Terminal City with the first draft of the artillery in July, 1915.

**Sheriff Reported in Possession.**—So low an ebb have the Bowyer fortunes flowed in Vancouver that it is said the sheriff is in possession, or about to enter into possession, of the room hitherto occupied by the Vancouver Conservative Association. The Victoria Association has not got anywhere near that condition as yet.

**Absorbed into Foresters.**—The Railway Construction drafts authorized under the command of Major L. V. Marsh and Lieut. N. McIvor respectively, have been absorbed into the establishment of the Forestry Dept. at Vancouver over which Major H. H. J. Montzambert is the commanding officer.

**Casualty Office Here.**—Under the supervision of Major F. E. W. Moore, assistant adjutant-general in charge of administration of this district, and in personal charge of Lieut. W. H. M. Robertson, a district casualty office has been established here to deal with all casualties in Military District No. 11, such as discharges, leave, etc.

**Injured in Explosion.**—A resident of Nanaimo's Chinatown was terribly injured about the head last evening by an explosion of a small quantity of dynamite which, unknown to the Chinaman, was stored away in a shed which he was fumigating. The shed was completely wrecked, the explosion being heard blocks away from the scene of the accident.

**Fine and Warm.**—The barometer remains high over this province and fine warm weather is general on the Pacific Slope with light to moderate northerly winds along the Coast. Local showers have occurred in Saanich and fair warm weather is general in the Prairie Provinces. The forecast for 36 hours ending 5 p. m. Thursday, in Victoria and vicinity, is: Light to moderate winds, fine and warm to-day and on Thursday.

**A Financial Success.**—The celebration of the 34th of May, which was held in Nanaimo, was a financial success, the balance on hand after paying all expenses being \$1,162.22. Of this amount the committee voted \$500 to the Daughters of the Empire for war purposes and the same sum to the Red Cross. After paying for an audit of the accounts and the publication of a statement any balance will be divided between these two organizations.

**Dies of Injuries.**—William I. Shelton, a former resident of East Wellington, died in the hospital at Duncan as a result of injuries which he received a month ago in the course of logging operations. While moving a donkey engine the wire cable which was being used parted and the flying end struck a tree with such force as to break off a large limb which, in falling, broke Mr. Shelton's spine. He leaves a widow and two young children.

**Dies at Seaford.**—Official notification was received yesterday by J. C. Banks, of 944 Wollaston Street, Esquimalt, of the death of his son, Bandman J. C. Banks, at Ravenscroft Hospital, Seaford. The cause of death is stated to have been cerebral hemorrhage, subsequent upon a tumor of the brain. The young soldier was ill but a few days. Bandman Banks left here with the Victoria Fusiliers on May 23 last year. Although only 18 years of age he was an expert cornet player.

**To Judge at School.**—Before the children at the primary schools disperse for the holidays, Park Superintendent Purdy is endeavoring as far as possible to visit the school gardens and examine the work done in the term.

**Fish Grate Nuisance.**—The by-law to amend the Public Health Act to prevent the keeping of live fish in and around the harbor has been prepared. It absolutely prohibits the practice, which has caused much trouble among Chinese fishermen.

**Prime Minister Pleased.**—Alderman Saragoe's resolution on conscription, which was adopted in a modified form by the City Council on Monday week, has reached the Prime Minister. Sir Robert Borden's secretary replies that "he greatly appreciates the message."

**Awaits Court of Appeal.**—It is expected that the decision of the Court of Appeal on the Mackay case, which judgment will be handed down on Friday before the courts rise for the long vacation, will result in the resumption of the arbitration cases on South Douglas Street, which have been awaiting a decision in this case.

**Date is Set for By-law.**—The Saanich Council last evening set July 14 for the poll in Ward VII on road improvements and fire protection, and in Ward II on fire protection. It would have been a week earlier, but the Dominion Day holiday prevented the necessary ten days of advertising before the poll on the by-laws.

**Well-Known Aviator Dies.**—Captain Harold Bellamy Hamber, of the Royal Flying Corps, and a brother of Eric W. Hamber, of Vancouver, was killed in action while on duty in the air in France on Friday last. He leaves a widow and an infant son who was less than a year old when his father answered the call of duty.

**Status of Royal Arcanum.**—Some months ago a press dispatch appeared in The Times announcing that a receiver had been appointed by a federal court in Massachusetts for the Royal Arcanum. W. J. Shortt, Regent of Majestic Council of the order in this city, has received advices that the suit upon which the application was based has been thrown out by the courts.

**The Japanese Mission.**—A protest has been filed by the British Columbia Oriental Mission, conducted in connection with the Methodist Church, against the taxation on the Japanese Mission property, Pandora Avenue. This property is now saddled, like all lower parts of the street, with the pro rata cost of the expropriation of Upper Pandora Avenue, the assessment for which comes up before the Court of Revision next month.

**Want Peacock Feathers.**—Peacock feathers or peacock-feather fans are urgently needed for the "wardrobe" for the performance of "The Caliph of Baghdad," which is appearing at the Royal Victoria Theatre all next week, and any who possess such articles and would be willing to lend the same to the management might kindly leave them at the Superfluites rooms, Belmont Block, to be lent to the Red Cross.

**Sunday School Excursion.**—An excursion to Deep Bay will be run on Saturday, June 30, by St. Andrew's Sunday School. The B. C. Electric is running special cars, leaving Douglas and Pandora Streets at 1.15. A good programme of sporting events has been arranged and the public is invited to attend. The grounds at Deep Bay are specially laid out for picnic purposes, the surroundings being very pretty.

**Veterans Plan Picnic.**—According to present arrangements the Great War Veterans' Association in Vancouver are planning a giant picnic for Monday next. One of the features of the event will be that part of the programme singled out for Mahon Park, where the veterans will carry out a trench raid and bombing attack. It is understood that Premier Brewster has promised to go over to deliver an address to the men just prior to the carrying out of the raid.

**Manual Training.**—F. Waddington, who has charge of the manual training work at Langson Street School, Esquimalt, is giving an exhibition of pupils' work to-morrow afternoon at the school from 2 to 4, and in the evening from 7 to 9. The exhibition is to continue on Friday, the school-closing exercises also to take place in the forenoon. Parents and friends of the pupils are invited to attend both the exhibition on Friday, the school-closing exercises and the manual training exercises.

**Held Motor as Evidence.**—In the Vancouver Police Court yesterday Judge Schultz upheld the right of the city police to hold a motor car until the driver can be arrested and brought to trial on a manslaughter charge, even though the accused man is said to have fled the country and his present whereabouts is unknown. The case arose out of the killing of a lad in March last. The car was found by the roadside, after the driver had fled, and was taken by the police. The owner of a third interest in the car brought an action to force the police to restore the car.

**Thanks to Helpers.**—The James Bay Branch Red Cross wish to give thanks to Mrs. McGregor for lending her beautiful garden and house for the garden-party held there on Monday afternoon in aid of the branch funds; also to the following: Mr. Rogers, for chocolates; Mr. Chapman, for silver-pendant; to "Peter," Mrs. Duce's dog, who did his usual part of the work. A substantial sum has been realized in aid of the branch funds. The following were the winning numbers in the raffles drawn for: Fancy bag, 578; tea-set, 678; boudoir cap, 330; chocolates, 12; silver pendant, blue boudoir cap, 18.

The Finest Musical Instrument Novelty in Years, the

# HANALEI BANJUKE

The Hanalei Banjuke is the greatest novelty in a string musical instrument that has been placed upon the market in years. Unlike the many other types of banjo ukuleles, which have little but noise and rattle to recommend them, in this instrument a very musical and pleasing tone is secured, partaking largely of the quality of the ukulele with the "jazz" of the banjo to give it color and life.

Come in to-morrow and let us give you a demonstration. Price is low at

# \$16.00

## FLETCHER BROS.

Western Canada's Largest Music House  
1121 GOVERNMENT STREET AND 607 VIEW STREET  
In the New Spencer Building  
Also Vancouver

# DELIVERY EXTRAVAGANCE

is now a live issue in Chicago, and public sentiment is demanding the return of the MARKET BASKET, which they estimate will save Chicago consumers about \$20,000,000 ANNUALLY.

Victoria is a little ahead of Chi. This time because we have a "Grocceteria," and a Grocceteria surely brings out the baskets, and Market Baskets go hand-in-hand with economy.

CARRY SOME OF THESE HOME AND SAVE

Lux, 3 packages for .....	25c	Shredded Wheat Biscuit Package .....	12c
Choice Pink Salmon Large tin .....	12c	White Swan Soap Pkg. 6 bars .....	23c
Heinz Tomato Catsup Bottle .....	28c	Welch's Grape Juice Bottle 2 1/2 qt and .....	46c
Clark's Soups Tin .....	11c	Finest Bananas Dozen .....	24c
Van Camp's Pork and Beans, large tin .....	19c	Local Green Peas 4 lbs. .....	25c
B. C. Sugar 20 lbs. ....	\$1.88		

Lots of fine Strawberries, and also remember our Meat, Fish and Provision departments.

All at Cash-and-Carry Prices.

# THE PEOPLE'S GROCETERIA

749 and 757 Yates St.

# NOTICE! Shelly's 4X Bread

TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC: Commencing June 29, our daily delivery will be made to Cordova Bay, also Gordon Head Store.

## SHELLY BROS., LTD.

Phone 444

**Driving Too Fast.**—Three Cases of speeding were dealt with by Magistrate Jay in the City Police Court today. Those who were summoned in answer to the charge were Griffith R. Hughes, D. A. Nairn and the Ogilvie Flour Mills, Ltd. A fine of \$10 was imposed in each case.

**Shooting Game Out of Season.**—James Jimmy, an Indian, has been fined \$25 and costs by Magistrate Stewart at Ladysmith for having shot deer out of season. There are other prosecutions pending against Indians and Chinese who have been breaking the game laws.

**Institute for Blind.**—The following is a list of subscribers to the National Institute for the Blind received by the Bank of Montreal, June 26: T. Plimley, \$5; Wm. Agnew, \$25; Miss Agnew, \$7; Yarrowa, Ltd., \$25; Jas. A. Lindsay, \$25; Queen Beadica, Chapter I, O. D. E., Atlin, B. C., \$50; F. W. Thomas, \$5; H. E. Beasley, \$5; Francis Wright, \$50; D. H. Macdowell, \$10; Capt. J. W. Traup, \$25; Gordons, Ltd., \$25.

**School Principal Resigns.**—Miss B. McNeely, principal of the public school in Ladysmith, has resigned that position, to take effect at the end of the school term this week. Miss McNeely has taught in Ladysmith for five years and is highly thought of there.

**New Manager Arrives.**—Mr. and Mrs. George Cunningham have arrived from New Westminster in Ladysmith, where Mr. Cunningham becomes manager of the Ladysmith Hardware Company, Ltd. W. B. Gaidie, whom he succeeds, is leaving at the end of the week for North Vancouver, where he has purchased a business of his own.

**TAKE NOTICE** that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at the next sitting thereof for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous and fermented liquors at the Pandora Hotel, situate on the corner of Pandora and Blanshard Streets, in the City of Victoria, to Paolo Monte, and to change the name from the Pandora Hotel to the Allies Hotel. WM. QUAGLIOTTI, Applicant.

"If you get it at PLIMLEY'S it's all right."

# MOTOR OWNERS

who are in the habit of doing their own motor repairs will be interested in the announcement that we are now in a position to supply the famous

"CLOVER" BRAND VALVE GRINDING COMPOUND

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**Safer for Your Stomach  
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and Better for Our Empire**

**If You Remember That  
When You Buy Ready-to-  
Use Foods in Bulk, Such as  
Pickles Lard  
Peanut Butter Olives, Etc., Etc.**

to be sure and bring a container, either bottle or tin, then you will receive it nicer and cleaner, and you will also get your share of juice or liquid. Just fancy scraping the sides of a paper pail after it has contained peanut butter for an hour, it gives you a fine mixing of P-P-P—peanut paper pulp. Then again, these miserable paper devices cost one and one-half to two cents each, and time and energy wasted on manufacturing these won't strengthen the Empire.

Now, YOU think it over and do your bit. Don't wait for your neighbor to show the way.

And in the meantime look over these prices and compare them with others—

Fine Old Potatoes 12 lbs. for	50c	Government Creamery Butter, 2 lbs.	92c
New Local Potatoes 4 lbs. for	25c	Peanut Butter, good and wholesome, lb.	25c
Robin Hood Rolled Oats 7-lb. sack	33c	Clerk's Potted Meats 4 tins	25c
McLaren's Imperial Cheese, per jar 48¢ and	24c	Local Lettuce 2 heads	5c

**Special To-Morrow  
At the Grocery Dept.**

Rogers' Golden Syrup, 5-lb. pail  
Regular 45c, for **36c**  
NOTE—If you have it delivered other goods must be ordered.

Pure Gold or Shirriff's Jelly Powders 3 for	23c	Great Light Matches Large package	14c
Economy Jar Covers Dozen	25c	Brazilian Beans 2 lbs.	25c

**AND IN THE DRUG DEPT. WE ARE OFFERING**

Citrate Magnesia Bottle	30c	Picnic Cups Package	10c
Charcoal Tooth Paste Tube	24c	Paper Napkins Package	10c
Picnic Plates 8 dozen	25c	Wax Paper for lunches Roll	5c

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**LIPTON'S TEA**  
Largest sale in the world  
Your Grocer Sells It  
OPPENHEIMER BROS., Agents for B.C.

No one knows, so well as a merchant, that store advertising PAYS only when it appeals to the THRIFT, and to the INTEREST, of the reader. Not one of to-day's ads would have gone into type unless the advertiser had felt sure of its importance to YOU.

**AT THE THEATRES**

**THE ROYAL VICTORIA.**

Another large crowd greeted "Joan the Woman" last night at the Royal Victoria Theatre. There is a reason. The play is the reason. It is a genuine drama, unusually well acted, and with all the spectacular effects of the biggest films. As a matter of fact this is one of the biggest films, and many who saw it yesterday and Monday declare it to be the best they have ever seen.

The story of Joan of Arc is well-known, but few people have tried to visualize it. Few understand that only a weakling like the then King of France would have consented to entrust the leadership of his armies to a peasant girl. His policy proved the salvation of the country.

It is impossible to describe the play. It is to be here all the week, and during that time almost everyone will see it, because no one can afford to miss so good a thing.

**THE VARIETY.**

Fairy forests are very hard to find in this cold crass age of commercialism, so it was necessary for the Lasky-Paramount Company to construct their own elfin glen for the production of "The Primrose Ring," which will be seen at the Variety Theatre to-night with the captivating Mae Murray in the stellar role.

Now everyone familiar with fairy forests knows that there must be huge, gnarled trees, babbling brooks and a deep carpet of fallen leaves. Miss Murray was to be one of the fairies, and she demanded plenty of dried leaves, and for a time the Lasky-Paramount Company was stumped. It was easy enough to provide trees, and even the babbling brook, but four days and long journeys into the mountains were required before the necessary leaves could be secured. But finally the forest was strewn throughout with the leaves and everyone was happy.

**THE COLUMBIA.**

This is the last night on which Victorians will have a chance to see one of the greatest of the spectacular films, "The Battle of France." It is a wonderful production, and if there is anyone in the city who has not yet seen it, to-night is the time they should go to the Columbia theatre for the purpose.

With Charles Richman in the lead, portraying the young man whose first, last and only thought was for preparedness for war, and a supporting cast that includes such well-known film favorites as Norma Talmage, Mary Maurice and others, the play wins instant favor; the orchestra contributes largely to the entertainment, while the bombardment of that famous Wall street, along with the splendidly realistic thunder caused by the big machine guns, send little thrills and shudders up and down one's spine. The story is based upon the book "Defenceless America," by Hudson Maxim, the inventive genius who, along with Thomas A. Edison and others, has promised his every support to the nation in this great crisis. The picture has been pronounced one of the greatest offerings in the film world.

**PANTAGES THEATRE.**

Will Morrisey and Eddie Clinton are a big noise at the Pantages this week. Will is a big-time artist of the East, and his act on the Pantages circuit is a riot of fun from the rise of the curtain. He is a first-class musician, and so is Mr. Clinton, his accompanist. He is billed as an "eminent violinist," and so he is, but he doesn't let that interfere with his principal business in vaudeville, that of making the audiences weep tears for joy, constancy.

This clever pair start off with a difficult selection, and their hearers no sooner settle themselves for the enjoyment of a rare musical treat than the artists begin to appear confused and "balled up," and eventually break down miserably. They then go into a rapid fire line of nut talk, interspersed with bursts of high art. It is all funny and original. They depart entirely from the usual run and introduce many surprises and much amusement in their offering.

Will Morrisey is a clever master of many arts, and that is why he is able to accomplish so much of high class variety in so brief a period on the stage. He was once a motion picture director for the Biograph Company, and was one of the sources of inspiration which made of David Wark Griffiths the king of all motion picture directors. The fundamental of the art he got from Will Morrisey. Will has also been a civil engineer, and was a big success in dramatic stock on this Coast, including a long association with the Morocco Stock Company in Los Angeles. He is a song writer of note, having written many of Rock and Fulton's greatest successes. Right now he and Eddie Clinton are on their way to commence a three-year contract to write songs for the Morocco people in Los Angeles. They will leave the Pantages circuit at that point.

During the Allied Bazaar, which was held at the Grand Central Palace in New York City last spring, at which more than a million and one-half dollars were raised for the Allied cause, Morrisey had full charge of the scenery and of the entertainment. This huge event ended with a grand burrah during which the biggest actors and actresses of the stage cavorted in ludicrous roles for the amusement of the hosts assembled, and in the midst of an auction sale which was in progress Mr. Morrisey pulled off the collar he was wearing. Jumped to the platform and, after inducing spirited bidding for it, knocked it down to Mr. C. W. Van, of Montreal, for the sum of \$1,000. Mr. Van had at the time a son in the trenches for France. Freddie Clinton, Will's present partner, played the music for all of the stars at that notable performance.

Dolly Haekett, of Denver, Colorado, who has become a big star in the East, is Morrisey's wife, and for several

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You'll need a pair of sun glasses, for they will give your eyes a rest and protect them from excessive glare.

Smoke Glasses, rimmed or rimless, from 50¢

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**TO-NIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS**

**ROYAL VICTORIA**

TO-DAY AND ALL WEEK—TWO SHOWS DAILY

Matinee, 2:30—15c, 25c  
Evening, 8:15—25c, boxes 50c

**Geraldine Farrar**

IN

**Joan the Woman**

Founded on the Life of Joan of Arc

**PANTAGES THEATRE**

ALL THIS WEEK

Mlle. Bianca

Artistic and Spectacular Dances

WILL MORRISEY

"THE MAGAZINE GIRLS"

And Other Good Acts

Matinee, 3; Night, 7 and 9

**VARIETY**

TO-DAY

MAE MURRAY

IN

"The Primrose Ring"

Also

KEYSTONE COMEDY

VARIETY ORCHESTRA

years was associated with him in vaudeville. This season she is the star of the New York Winter Garden.

There is a lot of other fine talent on the present Pantages offering. The headliner of the bill is Bianca, who, next to the incomparable Pavlova herself, is acknowledged to be the greatest of all the dancers in vaudeville. The other added attraction with Morrisey is one of the most delightful and unusual musical comedies to come this way, "The Magazine Girls," featuring the wonderful lightning change work of "Doc" Baker. Ed. Reynard presents an up-to-the-minute, dancing and ventriloquist novelty, and Dorothy Vaughan is a cheerful singer of cheerful songs. It is a bumper bill and is being accorded bumper popularity.

Hairdressing, Shampooing, Violet Ray Hair and Scalp Treatments Hanson, 214 Jones Building, Fort Street, Phone 2634.

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FOR HOLIDAY FOOTWEAR**



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**SPECIAL**  
**Children's High**  
**White Tennis Boots**  
Extra fine quality. Special  
Holiday Price  
**85c**

**FOR GIRLS AND BOYS**  
Marvellous value in White Tennis Boots and Oxfords. Special prices only **\$1.25**  
95c and

**MEN'S WHITE TENNIS OXFORDS**  
Magnificent value. Price, while they last only **\$1.00**

**LADIES' HIGH GRADE BOOTS**  
8-inch Colored Tops. Something absolutely new in cloth uppers. Very smart new lasts. \$7.00 to **\$10.00**

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Leather soles and leather covered heels. Just the thing for the holiday. Special price **\$2.75**

**LADIES' HIGH WHITE BOOTS**  
An extra special line at an extra special price. **\$4.50**

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Near Broad St.

**AT THE HOTELS**

B. H. McNeil, of Clinton, is at the Dominion.

W. Ross, of Dawson, is at the Dominion Hotel.

G. J. Pope, of Utica, N. Y., is staying at the Empress Hotel.

H. G. Murphy, of Seattle, is staying at the Strathcona Hotel.

M. E. Collins, of Lethbridge, is stopping at the Dominion Hotel.

John C. Saul, of Toronto, registered at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Mrs. W. H. Taylor, of Port Angeles, is a guest of the Dominion Hotel.

John Weld, of London, Ont., and Miss Weld are guests at the Empress Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Steel, of San Francisco, are guests at the Empress Hotel.

Mrs. Holmwood is in from Jordan River and is stopping at the Dominion Hotel.

Mrs. K. P. A. Savory, of Calgary, Alta., is registered at the Strathcona Hotel.

Geo. W. Roberts is in the city from Duncan and is at the Strathcona Hotel.

Major O. C. Macpherson, of Vancouver, came over from the mainland yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Reveley, of New Westminster, are guests at the Strathcona Hotel.

Messrs. Millicent McNeil and Faye McNeil, of Ellensburg, Wash., are

amongst yesterday's arrival at the Dominion Hotel.

A. McMahon and Mrs. McMahon, of Vancouver, are at the Dominion Hotel.

N. M. Holt and M. Campbell, of Port Alberni, are new arrivals at the Dominion Hotel.

Miss G. D. Layard, of Salt Spring Island, arrived at the Strathcona Hotel yesterday.

Lady Emily Walker, of Ragley, East Sooke, registered at the Dominion Hotel yesterday.

Ray Davis and Mrs. Davis, of Calgary, are visiting Victoria and staying at the Dominion Hotel.

E. J. Weightman and Mrs. Weightman, of St. Boniface, Man., are guests of the Dominion Hotel.

Misses F. Marshall, M. C. Marshall and E. Marshall, of Montreal, are stopping at the Dominion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Levy and Mrs. Hannah Nathan, of Chicago, arrived at the Empress Hotel yesterday.

Misses D. Howard, of Sydney, Australia, and L. Gittens, of Vancouver, are guests of the Dominion Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Vandewater have returned from a visit to Seattle and are staying at the Strathcona Hotel.

A. E. Mainwaring, A. J. Mainwaring and Miss E. N. Freeman motored down from Nanaimo and are stopping at the Strathcona Hotel.

W. R. Dunlop, T. W. Bernage, G. Hyde, A. Warren, Miss C. Christian and Mrs. B. Brown are new arrivals at the Strathcona Hotel from Vancouver.

**WILL GIVE RECITAL**

Pupils of St. George's School to Present Interesting Programme This Evening.

The pupils of St. George's School of Rockland Avenue will give the following programme at a recital that will be held in the institution building this evening.

Piano—Nocturne..... Chopin  
Mary Olsen.

Piano—Berceuse..... Schumann  
Dorothy Hall.

Violin—La Jolie..... Paganini  
Greta Dunne.

Piano—Ballet..... Weber  
Ethel Lambert.

Piano—Polish Dance..... Scherwenka  
Mary Adamson.

Violin—Melody..... David  
Gordon Heather.

Piano—Simplice..... Thoms  
Janet Laug.

Violin—Flower Song.....  
Jessie Chetham.

Piano—June.....  
Kathleen Whitmore.

Song—Selected.....  
Mrs. Shaw.

Piano—Aria..... Beethoven  
Eric James.

Quartet.....  
Misses Strampel, Williams, Byrd, Jessie Byrd and Neva Stuart.

Piano—Scarf Dance.....  
Gertrude Lambert.

Violin—Scene de Ballet.....  
Dorothy Egnesis.

Piano—Andante..... Beethoven  
Hilda Anderson.

Piano—Valse Lente..... Delmetich  
Nettie Dunias.

Violin—Hungarian Dance..... Brahms  
Neva Stuart.

Piano—Nocturne.....  
Jessie Byrd.

Children's Races—Royal Athletic Park, 2 p. m. Saturday.

**The Caliph of Baghdad**

A Musical Comedy, given in aid of

**Red Cross and War Funds**

at the

**Royal Victoria Theatre**

JULY 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, at 8.30 p.m.

—THE—

**Greatest Amateur Production**

ever given for Red Cross and War Funds on the Pacific Coast.

Box Office now open at Superfluities Shop, Belmont House, 10.30 a.m., 6.30 p.m. On the 2nd July the Box Office will be transferred to the Royal Victoria Theatre, hours 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. The Red Cross raffles will be drawn during the intervals July 5th, 6th and 7th.

SEATS MAY NOW BE BOOKED FROM 25 CENTS UPWARDS



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"Real" is not exactly the word that tells the value and service of these **Horrockses'** Repp and Cord Skirts. You must see them to really understand their value and worth. Styles are both plain and fancy, and the prices range from

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Exquisitely smart creations of ribbon and straw form the major part of this offering. Every color of note is represented, and truly they are in every way fit to command their regular prices. Values to \$10.50, for

**\$3.95**

## These Suits and Dresses Are Smart in Style and Very Moderately Priced

You will agree with us on these points when you have had an opportunity to examine them in detail. Materials are shantung, cotton, cords, gabardines and muslins. Prices:

**\$4.50 to \$25.00**



## Social & Personal



Miss Eva Collins, of Cumberland, has been spending her holidays here and in Nanaimo.

Mrs. Grieve, of Victoria has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Macdonald, of Cumberland.

Mrs. Sidney Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Jeremy, of Victoria; and Rev. Arthur Nunns, of Saanich, were at Cumberland to attend the funeral of the late L. A. Nunns, of that city.

Miss Idelle Moore, of Seattle, is the guest of Miss Gladys Steinmetz, of 1226 Oxford Street, who has just returned from San Jose, California, where she has been a student of the kindergarten department of the State Normal School.

The members of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Young People's Society went out to Rosyth last evening and gave an entertainment for the returned soldiers. A mutually pleasant evening was spent, and the party returned home soon after midnight. Six motor cars were kindly lent for the occasion.

D. L. Pickard, of the University School, has been successful in passing the entrance examination to the Royal Naval College, Halifax. He came sixth in Canada, obtaining high marks in mathematics and French. In mathematics he averaged 84 per cent., obtaining 100 per cent in algebra.

A contribution to the Queen Alexandra Sanatorium and the new Alexandra Tuberculosis Hospital in London, Ontario, for which there was a campaign last week, has been made by Sir Adam and Lady Beck. It is the gift of a Nurses' Home. The hospital buildings will be permanent, and along with the present establishment will provide for a total of 225 to 250 patients, with 165 acres of land in one of the most picturesque spots in Ontario. About twenty nurses will be required, and for these the home will be built.

In view of recent criticism regarding the attitude of some of the Local Councils of Women on the subject of conscription, a statement was issued last week by the National Council of Women showing that on three occasions resolutions favoring compulsory military training and coalition government were passed by local bodies. A resolution from the Montreal Council of Women favoring conscription was brought before the executive in November, 1915, and was passed. A resolution from the Victoria Local Council of Women favoring military drill was also dealt with, and a report on the subject was prepared. At the recent council meeting in Winnipeg the subject was discussed. On this occasion the council regretted the absence of any official representative of the I. O. D. E., which as a federated association was entitled to send two voting delegates. The voting of the subject was twice deferred. Eventually a resolution favoring physical training, under qualified educationalists, for all boys and girls in schools; military drill for all youths between 15 and 20 years for the period of the war, permanent compulsory military training to be considered after the war. In January, 1917, the

Winnipeg Council resolved in favor of coalition government, and a resolution to this effect was forwarded the Prime Minister at Ottawa.

Mrs. R. Herrod, of this city, is visiting in Vancouver with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gemmill.

Miss B. Berkley, of the Victoria post office staff, has returned to her duties after a visit to friends in Vancouver.

Capt. the Rt. Rev. A. U. de Pencier, Bishop of Westminster, was in Montreal last week on his way back to the front.

Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Townsend, of Vancouver, left yesterday morning for Vancouver Island, and will be the guests of Mrs. R. G. Tatlow for two months.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Atherton Smith, of St. John, N. B., who have been visiting the coast for a time, and who were the guests in Vancouver of Mr. and Mrs. J. Alexander Hendry, Burnaby Street, Vancouver, left for the East last Saturday night.

At Nanaimo Baptist Church Rev. F. G. West last Saturday united in wedlock Miss Florence Stantton, of Vancouver, formerly of Hull, England, and Mr. Daniel McFarland, of Korrissdale. The honeymoon is being passed in Victoria, but ultimately Mr. and Mrs. McFarland will take up their residence in Vancouver.

Lieut. A. H. Middleton and J. D. Beaton, attached to the overseas company at Hastings Park, Vancouver, and Lieut. R. M. Macdonald and W. G. Sheriff, who are now in barracks at the Drill Hall there, have just recently completed a three weeks' qualifying course at the Royal School of Infantry, Work Point, having left Victoria the latter part of last week.

Word has been received by Mr. and Mrs. H. Bunting, of Oak Bay, that their son "Archie" has been promoted to sergeant. He left here with the 30th Battalion. Two years ago last May he was wounded but was soon at the front again. A few months ago he was the recipient of the Military Medal. With the famous fighting Seventh he has been through every engagement and came out unscathed. Sgt. Bunting's friends will be pleased to hear of his success.

The marriage of Ella Pearl Babbitt, daughter of Mrs. B. T. Babbitt, of Saugateau, N. B., and late nursing sister, C. A. M. C. of No. 3 Canadian (McGill) General Hospital, took place in Ramsgate last month to Captain Arthur B. Walter, C.A.M.C. of No. 1 Canadian General Hospital, formerly of the 5th Canadian Field Ambulance and son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Walter, Salt Spring Island, B. C. The bride as well as the bridegroom is very well known on the coast.

Mrs. Louise Crummy McKinney, the new member of the Alberta Legislature, was born in Ontario in 1868 and had wide experience as a school-teacher. Later she became state organizer for the Dakota W. C. T. U. In 1886 she was married in North Dakota, and in 1902 went to Alberta and became one

of the first officers of the territorial W. C. T. U. organized there the following year. In 1909 she was elected president of the W. C. T. U. for the combined provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and since 1912 she has been president of the Alberta Provincial Union.

Capt. Louis Botha, son of the former Boer leader, General Botha, now in supreme command of the British troops that wiped out German power in Africa, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Order of the British army. He holds an important post in the South African army.

Captain Julia Henshaw, recently returned from the Old Country, lectured before a big audience at Wesley Church on Monday night, the subject of her address being "The Fields of France." This was illustrated with excellent views. Capt. Henshaw told much of great interest in connection with the Canadian Base Hospitals in France as well as those French hospitals which she visited for the purpose of seeing the methods adopted by the French and Belgian Governments for instructing convalescent men in what is needed in the hospitals. Of the women in the French munition factories she said: "They are the army behind the army." Women were showing fitness and strength in their new work.

Brigadier-General Leckie has sent a message regretting that an appointment in Vancouver will make it impossible for him to attend the lecture to be given by Frederic Villiers, the war artist and correspondent, at the Empress Hotel. The chair is to be taken by the Bishop of Columbia, who has kindly consented to preside, and others on the platform with him will be Mr. John Cochrane, president of the Canadian Club; and D. J. Angus, vice-president of the Victoria District Red Cross Society. Tickets for the lecture may be had from members of the Florence Nightingale Chapter, also from Messrs. T. N. Gibson, Mitchell & Duncan, Dean & Hiscocks, the Central Drug Store, and other leading stores in the city. The sale of tickets has been very gratifying up to the present, and it is anticipated that a large audience will be present.

## SAY FAREWELL TO MRS. H. C. HANINGTON

### Women's Canadian Club Holds Function for Dual Purpose

Members of the Women's Canadian Club turned out in large numbers to the reception and farewell tea held this afternoon at the Empress Hotel in their retiring president, Mrs. H. C. Hanington, the second guest-of-honor of the afternoon being Miss Helen Stewart, librarian at the Nelson Public Library, who has but recently returned from a year in France. Both ladies, incidentally, were entertainers as well as entertained, each addressing the gathering of which she was the guest, and telling much that was of great interest to her hearers. Mrs. F. A. McDiarmid, first vice-president of the club, presided, with her on platform in addition to Mrs. Hanington and Miss Stewart being Mrs. Ker, second vice-president.

The ballroom was arranged in a charmingly informal way for the reception, the platform decorated with palms and spires, a bowl of beautiful roses, centering the chairman's table. About the floor of the ballroom were the tea-tables, and the buffet at the further end was prettily arranged with flowers.

Tribute to Retiring President. Proceedings opened in the usual way with the singing of "O Canada," after which Mrs. McDiarmid paid eloquent tribute to the retiring president, who was so shortly to leave Victoria to take up her residence in Ottawa as Dominion Superintendent of the Victorian Order of Nurses. Of Mrs. Hanington's many particularly referring to the fine spirit which she had displayed in connection with the Women's Canadian Club, the presidency of which she was resigning to the regret of each and every member. It was some source of gratification, however, to know that she was but transferring her energies to another important work, and in her new capacity they would wish her success and happiness.

Club Presentation. To the chairman, fell the pleasant duty of presenting to Mrs. Hanington, on behalf of the Women's Canadian Club, a life membership in the Red Cross Society. Mrs. Ker investing her with the insignia of the Order. This she received with expressions of gratification and pride, also acknowledging with quick appreciation of the intention of the givers the beautiful basket of flour-de-lays and roses, the flowers of France and England.

The presentation followed Mrs. Hanington's address. She noted that it was within a few days of the fifth anniversary of that important event in Canada's history, Confederation. With characteristic touch reference was made to the old pioneers who had really laid the foundations of the Dominion. If such men as George Brown and John Macdonald could forget their differences sufficiently to lay them down on this issue of Confederation, surely not less could be done by the people of Canada to-day.

In Union Strength. Something of the fine spirit of the Win-the-War Conference, at which she had recently been present in Ottawa as the only woman delegate from British Columbia, was told. It was a really great effort by men and women to assist that in union alone there is strength. In that conference she had come into touch with the French-

## Pork Pies

You can have no idea of their goodness and flavor until you have tried them. Only choice portions of pork are used, and they are prepared with an abundance of tasty jelly. Prices are moderate, too—only

**3 for 25¢**

or

**30¢ per lb.**

### The Yorkshire Bakery

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Canadian people, and all she could say about the recent criticisms of that section of the Dominion was that if the rest of Canada concentrated on its own duty it would not have time to criticize its Quebec neighbor. Those who had lived in Canada for many generations understood that the French-Canadians were a people of different temperament. She referred to the way in which they sang "O Canada." Not at the close of every meeting, but again and again during a meeting, would they rise and sing this enthusiastically. She spoke of their gaiety and hospitality. And it made her think when she heard the French delegates get up and address the meeting in perfect English, when not an English-speaking delegate, with a single exception—attempts to reciprocate the compliment by speaking in French. The exception was a New Brunswick Irishman, who spoke French with an Irish accent.

Language of Civilization. "And yet the language of France was the first language of civilization heard on this continent," she reminded her listeners. "I do believe if we would officially recognize the existence of the two languages the racial differences would cease in other respects."

She referred to an additional verse of "O Canada," which the French-Canadians sang, in which Canada was referred to as "Mother." Surely this suggested a duty to the rest of the Dominion.

Best Possible Part. "We must do our best to make our Dominion the best possible part of the Empire," she urged. She brought to the club a message from Colonel McCulloch, founder of the Canadian Club. She asked him for his autograph. He gave her besides this a message to the Women's Canadian Club of Victoria. This message she read. Fifty years ago, he had written, the inspired genius of Canada's statesmen had given them a country and a name. In half a century she had grown into a country of magnificent proportions. Let them, when danger threatened, think of the wisdom of unity in their counsels. The Women's Canadian Club of Victoria, as well as those elsewhere across Canada, had their part to do.

Future Work. In conclusion very briefly Mrs. Hanington spoke of the office to which she was being called. It was a great privilege to her to be able in her middle married life to go back to the work for which she had been specially trained as a young girl and as a young woman—hospital work and district nursing work. Since the war the call for nurses had been heavy and it had been increasingly difficult to get women to take the work at home. The work of the Victorian Order was a great missionary work, and to be given the office of superintendent was a privilege as well as a responsibility. Of one thing she was certain. She would certainly come to Victoria in the course of her work if she got the opportunity.

French in France. Miss Helen Stewart, who was applauded as she came forward, also admired the French. After a year among the poilus in such a great test as the present war offered she could testify to the magnificent stock from which the French-Canadians came. Without knowing why, never having visited among the Quebec people, she had liked them and had resented criticism of them. She referred to the way in which the Canadian soldiers had picked up the language of France since going across to the trenches. She herself had gone equipped with dictionaries, and actually became known in France as "The Purveyor of Dictionaries." The first person whom she met on her way home was a Canadian-born boy for whom she had brought out her last. When all was said and done Canada was partly a child of France, and the sympathies and understanding of the people should be quick.

Pre-empted the Wheat. She spoke of the Frenchman's genius for detail. "They say the French characteristics are largely feminine, and they certainly are when it comes to fine detail. The war had not been on two months when the French Government appointed a committee of three to look after the food supply of France." She quoted a line which has almost become an axiom: "Other nations eat bread with their meals, but the French eat meals with their bread." This is so. French agents searched out the wheat supply and wherever it was pre-empted. In the first year of the war this system saved France £8,000,000. They chartered a small fleet of transports in order to bring the wheat to France, and in that way they got the supply from all points. Every single district in France was called on to report as to its wheat supply, and to a bushel the authorities knew what each



The Pass Word to pleasure, for the fighters abroad and workers at home

IS  
**WRIGLEY'S**  
The name of the famous Chewing Gum that has won its way around the world.



It is a Sweetmeat, a Stimulant and a Health-help all in one. It benefits teeth, breath, appetite and digestion. It steadies stomach and nerves, It is ever-ready refreshment when you're fagged.

MADE IN CANADA

## The Flavour Lasts

## Confederation With the New England Market

The people of Victoria have come into confederation with the New England Market for the simple and palpable reason that they are receiving fair and equitable treatment, the prices showing that in spite of the fact that they accommodate many of their customers, no charge is made for delivery, as a comparison with non-delivery firm's prices will show.

**PHONE 2368**

- Choice Pot Roast of Beef ..... 17¢
- Sirloin Steak and Roasts ..... 26¢
- Choice Creamery Butter, 3 lbs. .... \$1.30
- Beef Sausage ..... 15¢
- Choice Pork Sausage ..... 20¢
- Minced Beef ..... 15¢
- Fresh Live Cod ..... 9¢
- Fresh Halibut ..... 14¢
- New Laid Eggs, 2 dozen ..... 85¢

## New England Market

TWO STORES  
1220 Government St. 1308 Gladstone Ave.

Utilize Times Want Ads



**Wash Dresses \$3.50**

EFFECTIVE SUMMER WASH DRESSES FOR SPECIAL SELLING THURSDAY AT \$3.50 EACH

**Gordon Doyle LIMITED**

Store Hours: 8.30 a.m. to 6 p.m. Friday, 9.30 p.m.; Saturday, 1 p.m.

**Sweaters \$9.75**

A LIMITED QUANTITY ONLY OF FIBRE SILK SWEATERS TO CLEAR AT \$9.75 EACH

**Interesting Values from the Millinery Section**



On Thursday we will place on sale a large collection of stylish Trimmed Hats at greatly reduced prices. The models are of most wanted types and are exceptional value at the new prices quoted. Former values to \$10.00 for \$2.95. Former values to \$15.00 for \$5.00. A special assortment of Sports Hats to sell at \$2.95.

**Seasonable Silks at Revised Prices for This Sale**

Including weaves desirable for making blouses, separate skirts, dresses, suits or for trimming purposes.

- Natural Pongee Silk**, very firm weave. Very special, 35¢ a yard.
- 31-Inch Messaline Silk**, beautiful soft texture, highly finished. Complete range of colors. Regular \$1.25 quality. Special \$1.00 a yard.
- 36-Inch Sport Shantung**, shown with bright Oriental designs on pongee ground. Regular \$1.25 quality, \$1.00 a yard.
- Yard-Wide Tub Silk**, a pure silk material, with pencil stripe designs in various colors on white ground. Regular \$1.25, for \$1.00 a yard.
- 36-Inch White Japanese Silk**, a splendid material for blouses and underwear. Very special, 60¢ a yard.
- 40-Inch Pure Silk Crepe de Chine**, a non-slipping quality, shown in about 20 beautiful shades; also ivory and black. Worth \$1.50, for \$1.15 a yard.
- 36-Inch Chiffon Taffeta**, in highly finished quality, in all the leading colors. Regular to \$2.00 values, for \$1.65 a yard.
- 40-Inch High-Grade Taffeta Silk**, a most desirable silk for making dresses, suits or separate skirts. Comes in a complete color range. Regular \$2.50 quality, for \$1.95 a yard.

Clearing all colored novelty taffeta, satin stripe taffeta and messaline silk at \$2.45 a yard. Worth \$3.00 to \$3.75 a yard. This is one of the best assortments shown for some time, and the price is very reasonable, considering the quality.

**STANDARD MAKES OF BLACK SILKS AT SPECIAL PRICES**

- 36-Inch Black Messaline. Special \$1.25 a yard
- 36-Inch Black Messaline. Special \$1.35 a yard

**Women's Oiled Silk Waterproof Coats \$12.50 Each**

The Coats are of transparent variety, in colors of light tan, green, brown or purple. The models are full length style and are of splendid quality. A limited quantity only in this assortment, in sizes for women. Special, to clear, \$12.50.

**Special Disposal Sale of Women's Donegal Tweed Coats at \$10.00**

The models are in three-quarter length, in a flare style, with Raglan sleeves, slit pockets and half-lined yoke. The style is a good practical one for general service and the material, which is in heather mixture, is of hard-wearing quality. Regular \$15.00 value, for \$10.00.

**Valenciennes and Torchon Laces at Half-Price**

Suitable for trimming dresses, blouses and underwear. Special, 2 yards for 5¢, or 25¢ per dozen. Special, 3 yards for 10¢, or 35¢ per dozen. Linen Torchon Lace, 1 inch wide, 5¢ per yard; 2 inch wide, 10¢ per yard; 3 inch wide, 15¢ per yard. Worth 15¢ to 35¢ per yard.

**Overalls for Women**

The New Dress for Women, for Gardening, Fruit Picking, Fishing, Etc.

A comfortable, convenient dress that thousands of women claim as the most practical dress yet originated. Easy to get around in and perfectly becoming. Made of good quality khaki drill and plain and striped blue chambray, in one-piece or two-piece style. Wash easily, and will wear well. Priced at \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.95



**The July Clearance Sale Commences Thursday**

Thrifty shoppers now have an opportunity to supply immediate and future needs at prices that only such an event as this brings forth. The July Sale with us is essential, certain lines must be cleared rapidly in order to make room for the next season stock. In directing attention to the following mentioned values we do so with confidence that you will appreciate both the class of goods that we offer and the low prices now quoted. Attend the sale to-morrow.

**A Great Disposal of Women's Suits Commencing Thursday**

- Values to \$29.50. Now \$15.00
- Values to \$45.00. Now \$23.50
- Values to \$59.50. Now \$32.50

Thoughtful consideration of the above mentioned values will induce economical patrons to investigate these Suit offerings to-morrow. Taking into account that all models are from our regular stock the sale is unique, and specially worthy of unusual interest. Here are Suits that represent the very best quality, style and workmanship, and the choice is unlimited, including serges, tweeds, gabardines, taffeta silk and various novelties in all wanted colors. Investigate them. It will pay you.

- Suits That Were \$25.00 to \$29.50. Now \$15.00
- Suits That Were \$35.00 to \$45.00. Now \$23.50
- Suits That Were \$49.50 to \$59.50. Now \$32.50

Also some splendid models in Junior Suits in serges and tweeds.



**Special Display and Sale of Children's Wear**

**Demonstrating Unusual Styles and Attractive Values**

The Children's Section should be well patronized during this sale by reason of the following special values. Not only are the goods moderately priced, but are made doubly attractive by their splendid new styles, which are quite different to the ordinary. These values merit particular interest.

- Children's Wash Dresses**, in middie styles, in all white or white with striped skirts; also a large selection in other good styles in pretty stripes, checks, plaids or plain colored gingham. For ages to 6 years. Special, \$1.00 and \$1.25.
- Boys' Romper Suits**, in all white, with collar, cuffs and belt of striped gingham, and plain and striped gingham, with white collar, cuffs and belt. Ages 2 to 6 years. Special at \$1.00.
- Children's Rompers**, for ages 6 months to 2 years, come in colored gingham, finished with white belt; also others in blue or pink cotton crepe, white pique, tan, blue or pink print. Very special, 95¢ each.
- Infants' and Children's Wash Hats**, of white pique, with button on crown, white linen, tan linen, or white and tan drill, at 90¢ and \$1.15.

**FOR AGES 8 TO 15 YEARS**

- Girls' Wash Dresses**, in good quality gingham, in middie or high waisted styles, in shades of tan, blue, reseda or pink, with trimmings of contrasting shades. Very special at \$1.75 and \$2.15.
- Girls' Middie Waists** in white drill, with collar and cuffs of striped drill, in shades of saxe blue or navy. Special at \$1.00 each.
- Girls' Wash Skirts**, in white drill, in pleated style, with waist attached. Special, 85¢ each.



**A Demonstration of Unusual Waist Values at \$1.00 Each**

Included are many effective models in pretty embroidered organdie, attractive voiles, stripes, and black lustrette. The collection merits your special interest as values of exceptional nature are presented. You will find your size represented in many dainty models featured during this sale. Exceptional value at \$1.00 each.



**Exceptional Fine Display of Misses' and Women's Middie Blouses**

To view our display will be to appreciate that we have anticipated every requirement. The showing is very extensive and includes the most popular styles and presents values of special note. The following lines are chosen for special mention:

- Middie**, of good quality drill, in white with navy blue collars; all sizes. Special, \$1.00 each.
- Middie**, of fine quality white drill, made on full lines with lace front, short sleeves and sailor collar in navy and white cadet and white stripe. Special, \$1.25.
- Middie**, in coat style, made with button front, long sleeves, sailor collar and with belt. This Middie is in drill and comes in all-white. Special, \$1.50 each.
- Paul Jones Middies** we show in a wide range of styles, in all-white or white with colored trimmings, at \$1.75 to \$3.50.



**Dainty Summer Undermuslins at Special Prices**

- Such assortments, styles and values as are offered here are only possible through our association with the foremost undermuslin houses and our ability to anticipate requirements. Those interested in muslin underwear are asked to view our displays and to allow us to present lines of practical worth.
- Muslin Corset Covers** at 25¢, 35¢, 45¢, 65¢ and up.
- Muslin Drawers** at 25¢, 45¢, 65¢, 85¢ and up.
- Special Assortment of Closed Drawers** at 35¢, \$1.00 and \$1.15.
- Muslin Petticoats**, 65¢, 75¢, \$1.00, \$1.25, .75 and up.
- Muslin Envelope Chemise**, at \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.25 and up.
- Muslin Nightgowns** at 65¢, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and up.
- Crepe Nightgowns**, with scalloped neck and sleeves. Special at \$1.50 each.
- White Muslin Combinations**, with embroidery trimmings, \$1.75 and \$2.00.
- Crepe Pyjamas**, for camp wear, at \$2.50.



**An Extraordinary Sale of Wash Goods, Thursday**

Featuring fancy muslins, crepes, foulards, voiles, batistes, beach cloth, gabardine, linens and silverblouse fabrics, for making summer dresses, suits and separate skirts. A few of the most popular lines mentioned here:

- 27-Inch Fancy Muslin**, shown in floral effects only. Regular to 25¢ value, for 10¢ a yard.
- 40-Inch Floral Batiste**, about 20 pieces to clear. Regular to 35¢ value, for 20¢ a yard.
- 40-Inch Fancy Muslin and Voiles**, in dainty floral designs. Regular to 65¢, for 35¢ a yard.
- 40-Inch Mercerized Foulards**, a soft finish material, shown in dainty foulard patterns, in light and dark colors. Very special, 40¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch Figured Artificial Silk**, in jaquard designs, in all colors. Regular 55¢ values, for 35¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch Beach Cloths**, shown in a variety of stripes and spot designs. Special, 40¢, 50¢ and 60¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch Persian Coin Spot Beach Cloth**, shown with large spot in Persian colorings on white or tan grounds. Very special, 50¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch Plain Colored Beach Cloths**, shown in a fine Panama weave in all the fashionable colors. Special, 60¢ a yard.

**White Wash Fabrics at Specially Reduced Prices**

- 36-Inch White Seed Voile**, regular 35¢ value, for 20¢ a yard.
- 40-Inch White Plain Voile**, worth 40¢, for 25¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch White Seed Voile**, very special, 35¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch White Stripe Voiles**, worth 50¢, for 35¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch White Pique**, very special, 25¢ a yard.
- 28-Inch White Pique**, special, 30¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch White Pique**, special, 35¢ a yard.
- 36-Inch White Repp**, very special, 35¢ a yard.

**Extraordinary Sale of Fancy Ribbon**

Including Dresdens, Paisleys, plaids, Roman stripes and other novelties; styles that are suitable for making bags, girdles, hair bows, sashes; for millinery or trimming purposes. The values are remarkable. Widths from 4 to 9 inches. Prices, 25¢, 35¢, 45¢, 55¢, 65¢, 85¢ to \$1.50—worth 35¢ to \$2.50 per yard.

**Purchase Table Linens To-Morrow**

Manufacturers' seconds at 35 per cent discount.

**Handbags at \$1.00 Each**

Black Leather Handbags, with floral lining, inside purse and mirror. Three good practical styles, and splendid value at \$1.00 each.

**Special Value in Fibre Silk Scarfs at \$2.75**

This is a new assortment in colors of Paddy, mauve, cadet, gold, red, sand, rose, yellow, coral, white or brown. These come 55 inches long and 10 inches wide, with ends of silk fringe. Very special at \$2.75 each.

Phone 1876. First Floor, 5329.

Sayward Building. 1211 Douglas Street







### WOULD HAVE MARKET HARMONIZE WITH THE CONDITIONS OUTSIDE

#### Mayor Todd Introduces Motion to Stop Meat Trading on Saturday Afternoons

The Mayor is recommending to the City Council, at the next meeting, a resolution with regard to operations at the market on Saturday afternoon, which will bring this vexed question to an issue.

He will ask the Council to amend the Market By-law to prohibit the sale in the market of articles after 1 o'clock which cannot be sold outside—in other words the stallholders who sell meat will have to close down at that hour.

Delegations and letters have been conveyed the majority of the City Council that some change must be made. There were three courses open: (1) To secure exemption for the butchering trade, (2) to alter the market day, (3) to close the market to meat after 1 o'clock on Saturdays.

The first is objectionable on the ground of widening the field to exempt trades, the second is strenuously opposed by the stallholders, and could only be a temporary expedient, in that it would be subject to amendment if the ratepayers by-law next January changed the early closing day. So the Mayor takes the final alternative in the line of least resistance.

He said to The Times this morning: "We must accept the opinion of the citizens as expressed by referendum when it gave an emphatic majority for Saturday. Whatever may be the exact law on the status of stalls, the intention of the Legislature was clear that all trades not scheduled as exempt should cease business, wherever their operations might be carried on, therefore we shall, by amending the

by-law, carry out the spirit of the measure."

His resolution says: "Whereas, under the provisions of an Act of the Provincial Legislature, the electors of Victoria, by referendum vote, decided that Saturday afternoon should be observed as a half-holiday, and, whereas, this has the effect of placing a prohibition upon the sale, during Saturday afternoon, of certain classes of goods,

"And whereas, every Saturday afternoon, in the City Market, large quantities of these classes of goods are sold, in contravention of the referendum expressed wishes of the citizens of Victoria,

#### ST. MARY'S PICNIC

Sunday School and Congregation to Celebrate at Goldstream on July 5.

The Sunday School and congregation of St. Mary's Church, Oak Bay, will hold its annual picnic and sports day on July 5. The place that has been selected for the event is Goldstream and judging from the interest that is being manifested in the preparations the day promises to be a great success.

The holiday-makers will leave the city at 10 o'clock train, arriving at Goldstream before 10. The morning will be spent in the enjoyment of cricket and baseball matches that will be organized, after which luncheon will be served. At 1:30 o'clock the regular track events and competitions will be held and features, including a tug-of-war, will be indulged in.

Before leaving for home on a special train at 7 p. m., tea will be served. Both luncheon and tea are being provided for the children, while parents and grown-ups are requested to provide baskets for themselves.

**Basket Picnic.**—The munition workers of the Pacific are holding a basket picnic at Cordova Bay on Monday, July 2. This being their first annual picnic, the committee is working hard to make it a success. The general merchants of the city are responding very well toward the contribution of prizes. Due notice will be given as to the time and place of leaving.

### MOVING OFFICES TO TOWN OF SMITHERS

#### Government Offices in District of Omineca to Be Removed Next Year

For some time there has been under consideration the removal of the Government offices in the Omineca district from the old town of Hazelton to some more central point in that large and important district.

It has been decided by the Government that the offices shall be moved to Smithers, another point on the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific, but the change will not take place until next year. Meanwhile provision will have to be made for the housing of the various offices which will be moved, embracing the several branches of the public service which are grouped under the oversight of the government agents.

Smithers is excellently situated for the purpose of the Government officials of the various departments which have to serve the public in that district, and the decision of the Government will be received with general satisfaction in Omineca, although there will doubtless be some criticism in old Hazelton of their removal from there, and other towns which have thought that their claims were overmastering will complain that they are not.

### ESQUIMALT PRINCIPAL RESIGNS HIS OFFICE

#### Will Go to Duncans School; Manual Training Exhibit To-morrow Afternoon

At a meeting of the Esquimalt School Board held last evening, William Stacey, principal of the Lamson Street School, tendered his resignation from the position that he has held for three years. Mr. Stacey originally came to Canada from London, England, and for some years taught school on Salt Spring Island, coming to Victoria four and one-half years ago to accept the position of assistant principal of the Esquimalt School on Lamson Street. After being here for a year and six months he was given the position of principal, which he has held for the past three years. He leaves the city shortly to take charge of the Duncans Public School, an institution of some size, including in all six divisions over which Mr. Stacey will be principal.

At the Lamson Street School Mr. Stacey will be succeeded by E. Francis, who for the past six months has been acting in the capacity of assistant principal.

**Manual Training.** To-morrow afternoon, manual training instructor Waddington, of the Lamson Street School, will hold an exhibition of the work of the pupils from 2 until 4 p. m., and in the evening from 7 till 9. On Friday the exhibit will continue and a cordial invitation is extended by the instructor and pupils to the parents and residents of the district to avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing the work that the pupils are accomplishing in this department.

The closing exercises of the school will take place on Friday morning, and to this event the public are also invited. On this occasion the parents and friends will have the opportunity of viewing the grounds of the school which the Esquimalt School Board claims are the best kept in the province.

### COAL ON HAND

General Advance in Price Will Not Affect City Institutions Yet.

The public authorities who have already planned for coal deliveries are more fortunate than the humble citizens who were caught by the increase in prices of coal last week. Inquiries show that the city authorities have secured a contract at old prices till December 31 at \$7.15 for sack, and \$7.25 per ton for large lump, which is fortunate as stocks were low. The School Board foresaw the coming advance, and stocks on hand at all the schools are large, assuring the trustees from having to purchase till late in the year. The new contract calls for delivery of best screened lump at \$7.40 per ton. It is hoped that it will not be necessary to take steps to buy much coal at the advanced contract figure.

### IMPORT OF MINE CABLES

San Placed on Export by United States Authorities Affects This Province, but May Be Relaxed.

When in the interior the Minister of Mines learned that mine-owners are unable to import wire cable for their tramways from the other side of the line on account of a strict interpretation of an export order which the United States Government has made for the conservation of some metal supply. There is believed that some relaxation of the order can be obtained for the benefit of the British Columbia mine-owners by which they will be enabled to secure necessary cable on the ground that mineral production in this province is essential to the success of the allied nations, of which the United States is now one.

### PT. PALMER WOUNDED

Former Oak Bay Contractor Posted in List This Morning; Went Overseas With Fusiliers.

In this morning's casualty list, posted as wounded, is the name of Private J. W. Palmer, of 1041 Monterey Avenue. Private Palmer was born in the Midlands of England, and came to Victoria 20 years ago. He enlisted in the overseas battalion of the Victoria Fusiliers in December of 1915, and went to England with that unit on May 25 last. He was a building contractor in the Oak Bay district, where his wife and five children are still residing.

The Best Time of Your Life, Saturday, at the Boller-makers' Basket Picnic to Goldstream.

### MINISTER OF MINES RECEIVES SUGGESTION

#### Export Duty of One Dollar a Ton on Coal Asked for by Mayor of Vancouver

The advance in the price of coal recently following the increase in the wages of the coal miners, is a matter of concern to the public and to civic authorities.

Mayor McBeath, of Vancouver, has written to Hon. J. W. deB. Farris, Attorney-General and Minister of Labor, suggesting that in order to stop the heavy exportation of coal across the line by British Columbia operators an export duty of one dollar a ton be placed upon the product by the Provincial Government. He also suggests that some action should be taken to get the price down. It always having been a cause of criticism that B. C. coal can be purchased cheaper outside the Province than it can even a few miles from the mines.

The matter has been referred to the Minister of Mines, Hon. William Sloan, for investigation and report to the Executive Council at an early date.

### PROPERTY OWNERS MET THE MINISTER

#### Delegation Asked That No Temporary Harbor Bridge Be Allowed

A large delegation of Johnson Street property owners waited upon the Minister of Railways this morning to talk over with him the proposed bridging of the harbor with temporary structures in lieu of the permanent Johnson-Cormorant Street span which has been so long delayed.

The E. & N. Railway Company affirm that the present bridge in use by them is becoming obsolete for the company's purpose and is not strong enough to carry the present traffic. The assertion of the company at this time, the railway company during last week made a proposal. They offered to turn over the present bridge in use by them to the Government and city at a nominal figure or possibly as a gift to be placed anywhere, whether at the foot of Yates Street or elsewhere, so long as it was not at the Johnson-Cormorant Street approach, which was the first choice of all parties. This left the railway company free to bring in a stronger bridge to place upon the present site. It was represented that this was merely a temporary expedient to last for a few years.

The advisability of adopting the "temporary expedient" was the chief point dealt with by the delegation this morning. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that temporary expedients were dangerous, that the present bridge which has lasted 30 years was a "temporary expedient," that this kind of temporary expedient would be a waste of public money, that two bridges would be a nuisance, that work on the old reserve had been done according to a plan providing for one large joint bridge at Johnson and Cormorant Streets, and that the City and Province should not surrender their rights to the present railway crossing on any condition, but rather that the case should be pressed to a conclusion.

Hon. Mr. Oliver went very fully into the matter with the deputation and showed them the plans which have been prepared by the C. P. R. engineers in connection with the application being made to the Railway Commission for leave to put in a bridge which it is proposed to bring from the Pitt River in substitution for the existing bridge over the harbor.

It was made plain by the Minister that a bridge at Johnson Street was the best under all the circumstances, and would interfere least with the shipbuilding plans on the reserve. He explained all the situation in this regard very fully and the general situation as to the terminals which are to be constructed on the old reserve.

The statement by the Minister was perfectly satisfactory to the deputation, which left quite convinced that he has a thorough grasp of the case and that the interests of Victoria are safe in his hands.

### MAYOR DISCUSSES HARBOR CROSSING

#### Suggests It May Be Necessary to Have Two Bridges

Questions arising out of the development of the old reserve are again receiving the attention of civic officials. The industrial development has hurried the settlement of points which have dragged from some time. There is the question of an alternative route to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway for the harbor crossing.

Two matters took shape this morning, one a visit to the reserve by city officials to look into the feasibility of the proposal put forward by Alderman Johns on Monday, for bringing pressure to bear on the Department of Railways to cross Lime Bay on the south side, instead of on an acute angle with the proposed revetment wall. If the bay is crossed horizontally it would afford a continuation of the route now being used, give an alternative route to the city, pending the building of Johnson Street extension.

The other was a meeting between the Minister of Railways (Hon. John Oliver) and Mayor Todd, with regard to the proposed harbor crossing. Mayor Todd said today, in this regard: "While I favor Johnson Street, and always have, we may have to go to Yates Street end. The question of two bridges simplifies the problem of construction and management. We must first have the assurance of the navigation authorities, as the Inner Harbor Association, the Victoria Pilotage Authority, and similar bodies that two bridges will not hamper navigation of the Upper Harbor."

The Council has not yet expressed a formal approval or otherwise of the scheme involving separate crossings.

Phone 5150 **WESCOTT'S** 1313 Douglas St.

We Have a Good Assortment of Wash Skirts and Middies for the Holiday Season

Ladies' Indianhead Middie, in white, and white with colored collar. Price ..... \$1.00  
 Ladies' Middie, made of heavy quality satin duck, in all-white, or with colored collar, with or without belts, at \$1.25, \$1.50, ..... \$1.75  
 Ladies' Satin Duck Wash Skirts, at ..... \$1.50  
 Ladies' White Wash Skirts, of heavy quality pique, prettily made, with pocket ..... \$2.25  
 Ladies' White Mercerized Lisle Hose, sizes 8½ to 10. Pair, 35¢, 50¢  
 Agents for McCall's Patterns

HEADQUARTERS EDISON MAZDA LAMPS



## On A Warm Day

You will find EL GRILSTOVO the greatest comfort, making your Toast and Tea quickly—both at the same time, in fact—and will also cook your Bacon and Eggs, fry a Steak and cook the Potatoes, and all without heating the room. Cook in comfort.

**HAWKINS & HAYWARD**  
 Electrical Fixtures and Supplies.

1607 Douglas Street. Phone 643. Opp. City Hall  
 1103 Douglas Street. Phone 2627. Near Cor. Fort Street

## Outing Footwear for Dominion Day and All Summer Wear

**Rubber Soled Sandals**, in brown or white. Sizes 6-10, at ..... 90¢  
 Misses' sizes, white only, at ..... \$1.00

**MEN'S OXFORDS**  
 New lasts and leathers, \$4.50 to ..... \$8.00

**RUBBER SOLED FOOTWEAR STYLES FOR MEN**  
 White Duck Boot, sizes 6-11, at ..... \$2.00  
 White Duck Oxfords, as above ..... \$1.75  
 Redfox Outing Boot, all sizes ..... \$2.25  
 Redfox Oxford, as above, at ..... \$2.00



**FOR WOMEN**  
 White High-Cut Duck Laced Boot, with covered Cuban heel, sizes 2½-7, ..... \$2.75  
 High-Cut White Canvas Boot, low rubber heel; all sizes ..... \$2.50  
 Same, with spring heel, at ..... \$2.00  
 White Duck Pump, with white buckle and Cuban heel; all sizes, at ..... \$2.25  
 White Tennis Pump, with low rubber heel; all sizes, at ..... \$2.00  
 Same, with spring heel, at ..... \$1.50  
 Redfox Boot, all sizes, at ..... \$2.00  
 Same, in Oxford style, at ..... \$1.75

**SPORTS FOOTWEAR FOR WOMEN**  
 All Goodyear welted styles, with the low or medium walking heel, including boot and Oxford patterns. Materials of:  
 White Reinskin.  
 White Buckskin.  
 Tan Calfskin.



**FOR CHILDREN**  
 Boys' Blue, Brown or White Boots, sizes 1-5, at \$1.25  
 Sizes 11-13½, at \$1.00  
 Sizes 6-10, at ..... 90¢  
 Oxford style, as above, blue or brown only, \$1.00, 90¢ and ..... 80¢  
 Misses' White Duck Laced Shoes, sizes 11-2, at \$1.50  
 Sizes 6-10, at ..... \$1.25  
 Misses' Tennis Pumps, sizes 11-2, at ..... \$1.50  
 Same in child's sizes 6-10, at ..... \$1.25

**BAREFOOT SANDALS**  
 Non-Rip Sandals, of tan leather, wide toe, one-strap pattern. Sizes 3-7½, at ..... \$1.00  
 Child's 8-10½, at \$1.25  
 Misses' and Boys' sizes 11-2, at ..... \$1.50  
 Extra Misses' sizes 2½-7, at ..... \$2.50

We Have "Jaeger" Sandals for Misses and Children

**MUTRIE & SON**  
 1203 Douglas St. Phone 2504

### OBITUARY RECORD

The death occurred last night at the Jubilee Hospital of John Dick at the age of 74. The late Mr. Dick was born in Scotland in Ayrshire. For seven years he has been a resident of Victoria, having retired some time ago from his occupation of insurance agent. Recently he has been living at the Royal Victoria Yacht Club at the Uplands. He is survived by a widow and two daughters residing in Vancouver. A son and daughter are also living in Victoria, and a second son is at present in Scotland in the Government service. The funeral will take

place on Thursday at 4 p. m. from the chapel of the B. C. Funeral Company. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

The funeral of the late Francis E. Petticrew, the two and one-half-year-old son of J. C. and Mrs. Petticrew, will be held to-morrow at 2:30 o'clock from the residence, 776 Market Street. The Rev. Dr. Campbell will officiate.

On Monday night James Finmore, of 825 Old Esquimalt Road, died at St. Joseph's Hospital. The deceased was 57 years of age, and was born at Bedford, England. He was a member

of the Victoria Court, A. O. E. He is survived by a widow and two sons. Oswald, who is with the Canadian Pioneer, and Harold with H. M. C. N. Submarine. His brother Walter is at present employed at the Esquimalt Navy Yard and two other brothers, William and Arthur are living in England.

Have You Seen the seven-jeweled wrist-watches, with unbreakable fronts, sold for \$5.00 each, by F. L. Haynes, 1124 Government Street? They're unequalled.

Don't Forget the Boller-makers' Basket Picnic to Goldstream, Saturday.

## Get Ready for Dominion Day!

If You Want to Be Up to the Minute

# Let CATHCART SHOE YOU and the KIDDIES

WEAR WHITE

### HERE'S THREE REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD

Our quality is the best, styles are correct, and this week especially our prices are lower than you can possibly buy the same grade of Shoes for elsewhere.

Look at the prices, then come in and examine the quality. It will pay YOU.

What nicer would you want than a pair of these

### Fine Kid Boots

In either white, ivory or dark grey; the very latest styles. Special \$9.45 this week at..... \$9.45

### A Special Value for Dominion Day Wear

A Fine Black Kid Lacing Boot, with white kid tops. One of our newest styles. All sizes. This week only ..... \$7.80

### Ladies' White Canvas Bals

With rubber sole and 8-inch tops, and good Louis heel. Only ..... \$4.50

### Children's Sandals

Don't miss these if you want the children to have foot ease.

### Men's Hanan Oxfords, Only \$5.50 Now

You know the quality—the only thing is we haven't all sizes. They were \$8.00. Pick 'em out now for only ..... \$5.50

5 to 7½ for only ..... \$1.60  
 8 to 10½ for only ..... \$1.80  
 11 to 2 for only ..... \$2.20

### Misses' White Buck Button Boots

Sizes 11½ to 1½ only. Price ..... \$3.50

### Men's Gun Metal Bluchers

See Our Window. Only \$5.40

The quality is better than you can get elsewhere for \$7.50. Sizes 8½ to 10½.

## W. CATHCART & CO.

Fort Street Pemberton Block



### PROPOSE TO UNITE GAME PROTECTION WITH THE POLICE

#### Greater Efficiency to Be Secured by Bringing Two Services Together

An entire reorganization of the provincial police and game warden departments involving the amalgamation of these two branches of the service, the establishment of a mounted police section and the uniforming of all provincial policemen, is a plan now being given consideration by Hon. J. W. DeB. Farris, Attorney-General. The Minister has not yet reached any definite decision with regard to the scheme, but it is expected that it has many good points and, after careful investigation, if it is found to meet conditions, he will probably take steps to bring the changes into effect by the end of the year.

At the present time the provincial police have very little work to do in connection with game protection, duties in relation to the preservation of game being attended to by game wardens. The Minister feels, however, that more efficiency might be obtained if every provincial policeman was a game warden and every game warden a policeman. It is realized, of course, that there would be officers in both of the existing branches who might not be suitable for the double duty involved, hence in some instances reorganization might mean changes in personnel.

For a number of reasons in addition to those mentioned it is believed that improved results could be obtained with the two services united. The present salary list of the game wardens' department is \$44,000 per year, with approximately \$150,000 per year paid out in salaries to the provincial police.

Discussing the game warden's estimates in the Legislature in the session of 1916-17, Mr. A. Macdonald, then a member of the Opposition, was quoted as saying that he believed the game protection work, as well as that of the fire wardens, could be carried on by the provincial police with a consequent saving of the warden's salaries, and the same plan was proposed in speeches made by him during the tour of last year.

It is not the intention of the new Attorney-General to take any step which would mean a material reduction in the force available for carrying out game warden's duties. On the contrary the policy which he is at present considering would have the effect of largely increasing the number of game wardens in the province by making every policeman a warden. With the reorganization which has been suggested it is possible that, although there might be some slight reduction in the total working force of the present two branches, there could be provided a general increase in salaries paid.

**Wear Uniforms.**  
The majesty of the law could be upheld to an increased extent, if it is thought by the Minister, if the provincial policemen wore uniforms. This plan may be given a trial. Present provincial police officials have no uniform whatever to distinguish them from private citizens. In many instances it is said, the lack of a uniform has greatly hindered them in dealing with Indian cases, and in the strike troubles on Vancouver Island a few years ago this would have avoided much of the difficulty which arose.

### "ANURIGI" THE NEWEST DISCOVERY IN CHEMISTRY

This is a recent discovery of Doctor Pierce, who is head of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute at Buffalo, N. Y. Experiments at Doctor Pierce's Hospital for several years proved that there is no other eliminator of uric acid that can be compared to it. For those easily recognized symptoms of inflammation—as backache, scalding urine and frequent urination, as well as sediment in the urine, or if uric acid in the blood has caused rheumatism, it is simply wonderful how surely "Anurigi" acts. The best of results are always obtained in cases of acute rheumatism in the joints, in gravel and gout, and invariably the pains and stiffness which so frequently and persistently accompany the disease rapidly disappear.

Go to your nearest drug store and simply ask for a 50-cent package of "Anurigi," manufactured by Dr. Pierce, or send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce for a large trial package. If you suspect kidney or bladder trouble, send him a sample of your water and describe symptoms. Doctor Pierce's chemist will examine it, then Dr. Pierce will report to you, without fee or charge.

NOTE:—French scientists affirm that "Anurigi" is thirty-seven times more active than lithia in eliminating uric acid, and is a harmless but reliable chemical compound that may be safely given to children, but should be used only by grown-ups who actually wish to restore their kidneys to perfect health, by conscientiously using one box—or more in extreme cases—as "Anurigi" (thanks to Doctor Pierce's achievement) is by far the most perfect kidney and bladder corrector obtainable.

cover large areas. This scheme has frequently been proposed in the past with an idea of having a corps somewhat similar to the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. It is likely that a start in this direction will be made next year.

### WAS FIRST WOMAN TO ADDRESS CLUB

#### Mrs. Ralph Smith Speaks to Vancouver Rotarians on Alien Population

Vancouver Rotarians for the first time in their history have accorded a woman the privilege of being principal speaker at any of their club luncheons. This was Mrs. Ralph Smith, who yesterday addressed the weekly gathering of the members at the Hotel Vancouver, making an eloquent appeal for co-operation from both sexes in solving the problem of the foreign immigrant in our midst, teaching him our language, ideals and traditions, instead of allowing him to settle down in a segregated district where he would continue to accept all the privileges of citizenship and at the same time remain ignorant of the laws, customs, and history of the country which he had adopted as his home.

Mrs. Smith gave some surprising statistics. There were at the present time spoken in Vancouver forty-seven different languages, few of the foreigners being able to converse in English. In Manitoba previous to the war the English-speaking part of the population were only sixty per cent. of the total inhabitants. This percentage had decreased in the last three years by the departure overseas of a large number of the British-born, many of whom had since then laid down their lives on the battlefield of Europe. On the American continent, statistics showed, there were 1,000,000 Ruthenians, 75 per cent. living in the United States, and the greater part of the remaining 25 per cent. being in Manitoba. These people knew practically nothing of Canadian ideals and traditions. If Canada failed to teach them along these lines they would continue to be foreigners with foreign outlook and foreign sympathies.

It is estimated that it costs \$1,000 to educate a child from the time it is able to go to school until it becomes a producer, and it would not cost us very much to instruct these same foreigners in our ideals and traditions," said the speaker, who noted that the average immigrant arrived in this country between the ages of 13 and 33.

The Vancouver Rotary Club was congratulated by the speaker on the stand they had taken in the Civic Centre problem. Rev. Dr. O'Boyle moved the vote of thanks to the speaker for her stimulating talk.

### WHAT HAPPENED!

**Oak Bay Cut-Worms Have Novel Experience During Evening Banquet.**  
A painful of fat Oak Bay cut-worms which last week enjoyed a novel experience—were still discussing the matter among themselves and reflecting on the strange forms which human kindness sometimes assumes.

One evening they sallied forth from their burrows as usual to enjoy the starlight and perfume of succulent odibles, upon the consumption of which they were presently engaged.

Suddenly a glint from loomed among them equipped with a blinding light and their innocent orgies were interrupted. Their nightly banquet of tender young salad was invaded by chilling fear. One was rudely seized, in a twinkling number two and number three joined him in the bottom of the pail. Within an hour, so industriously did the lady of the garden work, a multitude, measurable by mass weight rather than numerable in tens or even hundreds, squirmed under the pressure of its fellows.

Their doom they felt was sealed. Those who had chance upon a scrap of the Family Herald or other journal containing suggestions for the cut-worm's hereafter anticipated death by fire or immersion in burning acid. Not so! The kind lady was simply collecting them to remove them to another part of the garden to browse. She carried them to a neatly squared pit which she had prepared earlier in the evening of removing a couple of spadefuls of earth. Here she deposited them, concealed them neatly and not too violently, with the mother earth which is such a cozy covering, and left them. They had a good night's rest for the first time in many weeks, and next evening came up, greatly refreshed, to enjoy their interrupted banquet.

### Ivy Borders on Parliament Lawns



—Photo by Walter W. Baer.

Numerous very favorable comments are being heard in regard to the ivy borders along the roadways on the Parliament Building lawns. These are looking particularly well this season and deserve the nice things that are being said of their appearance and of the care that is being bestowed on them.

As a matter of fact, it is only within the past two or three years that one would notice the borders at all, although the ivy has been there for fifteen years. Its being planted along the edges of the roadways was due to a suggestion from Hon. J. H. Turner, former premier of the province and now Agent-General in London. Roots were put in along the edges of the lawns where the low stone coping borders them, and in time the trailers are to be seen until it covered the grey granite out of sight.

Until the ivy was taken in hand by the head gardener, James H. Partington, during the last year or two, it was kept cut back very severely, so that it never made any showing. It is now allowed to grow to some eighteen inches from the roadway and of about the same width, and, as those who have seen it know, is a most effective addition to the beauty of the lawns.

As several people have asked Mr. Partington how he gets the ivy started and how they can put in an edging of the same nature, he has given the Times some hints on this work. The ivy which has been used at the Parliament Buildings is the Green Irish ivy. Mr. Partington recommends that the plant be purchased from any good nursery already rooted in pots. The ground where the ivy is to be placed should be well dug up and a sprinkling of well-rotted manure added along where the roots are to be set in. The planting should be done in the fall or early spring, the roots being taken out of the pots and the runners being extended and pegged down about every six inches, continuing until the border is finished.

Another plant which Mr. Partington recommends as making a nice hedge is coneaster horizontalis, also known as rose-box. There are a few of these in Victoria now, and they make an attractive bordering to lawns or shrubberies. This border plant has the merit that there is a succession of changes from the flower to the bristly, last scarlet berries, which mark it during the winter months.

For rose hedges the China roses are invaluable, and of these there is the same wide field for choice that there is in rose culture generally. Some of these which Mr. Partington suggests are Rosa Hugonis, a single yellow rose; Silver Moon, a large single white; Rosa S. Moyesii, a blood-red bloom with good foliage; Rosa Rugosa, a pink and white single rose.

Morse and Wireless Telegraphists are in great demand. Superior Schools Government Street.

Boxing Exhibition—World's Youngest Boxers, 2 p. m. Saturday.

Baby Show—Red Cross Carnival, Royal Athletic Park, Saturday.

### REASONABLE PRICES AT COPAS & YOUNG'S

#### Twenty-Six Employees at Fort Street Store; Six Delivery Autos

The name of Copas & Young is a household word in Victoria, and for very good reasons, for the firm has made such a practice of selling goods on a low margin of profit that housewives have come to realize that it pays, and pays handsomely, to patronize the Copas & Young establishment.

The proprietors, S. O. Copas and G. T. Young, are both well-known Calgary men who came to the city about ten years ago and decided to start in the retail grocery business. "Fighting the combine" provided a good deal of excitement and interest in the early days of their Victoria business history, and their tremendously increasing business shows with what success they waged the fight, and how they have prospered under a policy of creating the lowest possible grocery prices.

At the store on Fort Street, opposite the Times office, there are twenty-six employees, and six auto delivery trucks daily take a multitude of parcels to the homes of the city. Above all else, the firm believes in honest advertising. Misrepresentations are not tolerated for a moment. Every article is as it is represented to be. This policy has claimed the confidence of the public from the beginning, and this public confidence has been a great factor in the upbuilding of the business.

One has only to visit the store, crowded all day with patrons, in order to realize what an extensive business has been built up.

### STATEMENT ISSUED

#### Chief Langley Says Force Will Not Go to City Council, Responsible to Commissioners

Chief Langley of the local Police Force, this morning told the Times that the police would not be represented on the delegation of firemen and civic employees who are asking the Council that their wages be raised to the old scale of pay.

The chief stated that so far as he had the power to speak officially he could say that the Police Force was in no way connected with the movement. "We are not responsible to the City Council at all. If we have any matters that require settlement it is our duty to lay them before the Police Commissioners. This has been done and the result of their consideration will, it is thought, be satisfactory to all concerned."

The City Council has decided to receive a delegation at the meeting on Tuesday next composed of five representatives of the Trades and Labor Council and of the civic staffs concerned. The commissioners received an application at the last meeting for a restoration of wages to the old scale, and as the estimates had been made up, it was necessary to send the subject to the Council for attention.

### PUBLIC MARKET

There was an unusually large attendance at the market this morning and a big business was done by the stallholders. The following were the average prices:

Fruit—Gordon Head strawberries, per box, 15c; and 2 for 25c; gooseberries, 7 lbs. 25c, 4 boxes for 25c.

Dairy produce—Butter, per lb., 45c; and 1b., 20c; eggs per dozen, 45c; and 65c; cream cheese, packet, 20c; Gouda cheese, per lb., 60c.

Vegetables—New potatoes, 4 lbs. 25c; new peas, 4 lbs. 25c; cabbage, from 5c; young onions, 3 bunches 10c; young carrots, 3 bunches 10c; young beets, 3 bunches 10c; young turnips, 3 bunches 10c; broad beans, 5 lbs. 25c; head lettuce, 2 for 5c; spinach, bunch, 10c.

Meat and Wireless Telegraphists are in great demand. Superior Schools Government Street.

Boxing Exhibition—World's Youngest Boxers, 2 p. m. Saturday.

Baby Show—Red Cross Carnival, Royal Athletic Park, Saturday.

# NECESSITIES, NOT LUXURIES, For the Summer

Drake's can help the housewife in more ways than one. Here are three ways:

### "Florence" Oil Cook Stoves

Guarantee a nice cool kitchen—no oppressive heat.

2 Burners	\$13.50
3 Burners	\$17.00

Ovens at \$4.25, \$3.25, \$2.15 and \$1.75

### Iceless Refrigerators

Ideal in every way.

## Only \$18.00

### MEAT SAFES

Keep the flies away and prevent contamination.

## \$2.50 and \$2.00

# Drake Hardware Co.

LIMITED

1418 Douglas St. Phone 1645

# WORK for the Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund

Special Footwear Prices For This Week

# "K" Boot Shop

<p>Misses' Classic Shoes, vicid kid and gun metal calf, button and lace. \$4.50 value. This week... <b>\$3.25</b></p>	<p>Ladies' Two-Tone Lace Boots, Rochester make, with Louis heels. \$9.00 value. This week... <b>\$3.95</b></p>	<p>Child's White Canvas Sandals, with heavy rubber soles, leather insole. 4 to 10... <b>90¢</b> 11 to 2... <b>\$1.00</b></p>	<p>Children's Vici Kid Shoes, button and lace, hand-turned soles. Special, this week, only... <b>\$1.50</b></p>	<p>Roman Sandals, 4-strap, heavy rubber soles and solid rubber heels, with leather insoles, white canvas uppers. 4 to 10... <b>\$1.50</b> 11 to 2... <b>\$1.75</b> 3 to 6... <b>\$2.25</b></p>	<p>Men's Neolin Sole Shoes, on recede toe last, in gum metal calf and royal purple calf, with white Neolin soles. Special price this week... <b>\$7.50</b></p>	<p>Boys' Gun Metal Calf Shoes, with white Neolin soles... <b>\$6.50</b></p>
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Just arrived by express, College Girls' White Canvas Lace Boots, leather soles and low heels, 2 1/2 to 7. Special, pair... **\$3.50**

# "K" BOOT SHOP 1115 Government St. PHONE 1701



### Look at This SNAP

Six-roomed house, nearly new, piped for furnace, full basement, enamel bath, wash basin and toilet.

LEVEL LOT, 33x120  
Planted in vegetables.

PEMBROKE STREET  
Near Richmond Avenue, and close to Fort Street car.

## Only \$1550

Easy terms.  
Don't miss this opportunity.

**Swinerton & Musgrave**  
Winch Bldg. 640 Fort St.

### BASE FOR U BOATS IN WATERS NEAR CUBA

Providence Journal Says Washington Has Learned Submarines Have Crossed

Providence, R. I., June 27.—The United States Government is in possession of information that German U. boats are active on this side of the Atlantic, and that they have established a base somewhere off the south side of Cuba, the Providence Journal says today. It is declared by officers of the navy that if this is so, these U. boats have either been preceded or followed by one or more mercantile submarines carrying extra supplies of torpedoes and oil. Such a convoy is said to be absolutely necessary in order to make the trip across the Atlantic for German submarines worth while.

The sinking of merchant ships has practically destroyed the attacking value of the three-inch and four-inch guns which have been carried on the decks of German submarines in the past and the shell fire from which has meant the saving of a great many torpedoes. With the greater risk from open fighting, now that mercantile vessels are armed, the enemy submarines are being compelled to depend more and more on torpedoes alone, and it is pointed out that unless these U. boats which are said to have reached Atlantic waters of the United States have some means of replenishing their stocks of torpedoes, their presence here except in great numbers would be productive of very little military advantage. It is believed, therefore, that mercantile submarine convoys have been sent also.

American warships are conducting a ceaseless search along the suspected shores for any trace of bases of this character.

### NEW N. Y. K. STEAMER FOR PACIFIC TRADE

The steamer Calcutta Maru, built to the order of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha at the Nagasaki yards of the Mitsui Bishi Dockyard Company, was successfully launched on June 7, and is expected to be ready for delivery next month. The Calcutta Maru, which is a vessel of 5,150 tons, will be employed in the company's trans-Pacific service.

### SHIPPING GUIDE

**COASTWISE SERVICES**  
For Vancouver

Steamer Princess Victoria leaves daily at 2 p. m., and steamer Princess Mary or Adelaide daily at 11:45 p. m.

Steamer Prince George leaves Mondays, 10 a. m.

From Vancouver

Steamer Princess Charlotte arrives daily at 3 p. m., and steamer Princess Mary or Adelaide at 6:30 a. m.

For San Francisco

Steamer Governor, June 22.

on San Francisco

Steamer President, June 25.

For Seattle

Steamer Princess Charlotte leaves daily at 4:30 p. m.

Steamer Prince George leaves Sundays, 10 a. m.

From Seattle

Steamer Princess Victoria arrives daily Sunday at 8:30 a. m.

For Port Angeles

Steamer Sol Duc leaves daily except Sunday at 10:30 a. m.

From Port Angeles

Steamer Sol Duc arrives daily except Sunday at 8:30 a. m.

For Prince Rupert

Steamer Prince George Mondays, 10 a. m.

From Prince Rupert

Steamer Prince George, Sundays, 7 a. m.

For Comox

Steamer Charmer leaves every Tuesday a. m.

From Comox

Steamer Charmer arrives every Sunday, For Skagway

Steamer Princess Alice June 22.

From Skagway

Steamer Princess Alice, June 18.

For Holberg

Steamer Tees leaves on 1st and 15th of each month.

From Holberg

Steamer Tees arrives on 14th and 28th of each month.

From Clayoquot

Steamer Tees leaves on 7th and 21st of each month.

From Clayoquot

Steamer Tees arrives on 6th and 19th of each month.

### UNION STEAMSHIP CO. MERGE INTERESTS WITH P. & O. LINE

New Organization Will Control 314 Steamers Aggregating 1,786,988 Tons

Vancouver, June 27.—The Peninsular & Oriental Steam Navigation Company has amalgamated with the Union Steamship Company of New Zealand, operating the Canadian-Australian line from Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland and Sydney. J. C. Irons, manager here for the Union Steamship Company, states that there will be no change in the personnel or methods of operation.

The Union Steamship Company, of New Zealand, which was incorporated in 1912 in reconstruction of a company with the same title incorporated in 1875, has a fleet of eighty steamships. By reason of the present fusion the combined fleets of the P. & O. will number 314 steamships and auxiliary vessels with an aggregate tonnage of 1,786,988 tons.

The Union Company has the liners Niagara and Makura on the Vancouver service and the fusion will not interfere with this arrangement.

### LYALL COMPANY IS AWARDED SIX SHIPS

Arrangements Finally Completed for Building Steamers at North Vancouver

Final arrangements for the construction of six wooden steamers by the Lyall Shipbuilding Company were completed yesterday when contracts were signed by William Lyall, head of the shipbuilding concern which recently acquired the No. 2 shipyard of the Wallace Company at North Vancouver.

The Lyall Shipbuilding Company has been awarded the same number of contracts that it was intended to place with the Wallace Shipyards, mention of which was made in the statement given out by Messrs. R. P. Butcher and Capt. J. W. Troup on June 4, when the initial programme of the Imperial Munitions Board was announced. The total number of contracts now placed by the Board is 27, nine to Victoria, twelve to Vancouver, four to New Westminster and two to Coquitlam yards.

After signing contracts for the six ships that have been placed with his company, Mr. Lyall returned to Vancouver, and construction work will be inaugurated at an early date. It is the intention of the Lyall Company to double the capacity of the North Vancouver shipyards with a view to facilitating the completion of the vessels they have undertaken to build for the Government.

### S. S. MONGOLIA HIT MINE OFF BOMBAY; NO LIVES WERE LOST

Bombay, India, June 27.—The P. & O. liner Mongolia struck a mine off Bombay on June 23. The passengers and crew have arrived at Bombay. The mails are believed to have been lost.

### METAL TRADE INTERESTS

Victoria Becomes Affiliated With Vancouver Organization.

A local branch of the British Columbia Metal Trades Association was formed last night to be affiliated with the Vancouver organization. Norman Yarrow acted as chairman at the meeting and a general discussion took place concerning the supply of engines and auxiliary machinery for the fleet of wooden steamers being built on this coast for the Imperial Munitions Board.

### INBOUND N. Y. K. LINER HAS MANY PASSENGERS

The next liner of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha is due to reach port from Hongkong and Yokohama on July 2. The local agents have been advised that the inbound steamer has 268 passengers, including 60 for Victoria. Her local cargo amounts to 325 tons.

The next outbound liner of this fleet will be two days late in clearing for Japan.

### SAXONIA'S MASTER IS NOW FREE AGENT

Capt. Franz Helfer, who was master of the German steamship Saxonia until her seizure by the American authorities, has been released from war detention by a special immigration board. Capt. Helfer is a subject of Austria, being an officer of that country's naval reserve, and he was set free on the ground that the United States and Austria are at peace. Capt. Helfer was master of the Saxonia when she arrived at Victoria in August, 1914, from Hamburg.

**ARRIVES FOR COAL**

The barge William H. Smith passed up in tow last night, bound from California points to Ladysmith. She will take on a full cargo of coal.

### STEAMER NAMES DELETED

In deference to the wishes of the chief censor The Times has temporarily discontinued the publication of names of ocean-going liners arriving at and departing from this port.

### DEMURRAGE RULES AND COAL SUPPLY

**Serious Situation Faces Canada If Present Regulations Are Not Revised**

Judging from the opposition at the recent hearing before the Board of Railway Commissioners to the proposed revision of the existing car demurrage rules, applicable to Canada, it is evident, railroad men state, that the consignees of traffic coming from points in the United States, particularly coal, do not regard the acute in the situation which exists to-day in car supply and transportation.

The car shortage on the railroads which are members of the American Railway Association, on February 1st, 1917, totalled 169,888 cars; March 1st, 139,692; April 1st, 144,797, and on May 1st, 145,497, showing a rapidly increasing shortage of cars, and with the United States now getting down to the war work in earnest the transportation problems will become more pressing and the car shortage more intense.

Canada's coal supply at the present time is entirely dependent upon the car supply. One railway official states that his road could not get a pound of coal unless they sent their own cars for it. With the demand increasing in their own territory it is only natural to expect that the United States railroads will, as far as possible, reinforce their cars to their own country where they state that they are able to get better service out of them than by allowing them to come into Canada, where the demurrage rules are such as to reduce rather than increase car efficiency.

The present Canadian Rules were framed in the year 1906. They may have suited the conditions which prevailed at that time, but they are undoubtedly not suited to meet present day conditions, railroad men declare. It is claimed that consignees in Canada have three times the length of free time to unload cars before any charge is involved, compared with what is allowed in the United States, where the demurrage rate at the present time is \$2 per day for each of the first five days and \$5 per day for the sixth and each succeeding day, whereas in Canada the old 1906 code of one dollar per day, after a much longer free time, still prevails.

### SCENIC ALASKA IS MODERN IN EVERY RESPECT

Alaska, land of scenic marvels, is not the rough frontier, without any of the comforts of civilization that has been so often pictured, says Walter W. Leggett.

Alaskan and Yukon cities are small, but they possess every comfort of life, including modern plumbing, electric lights, telephones, well kept city water supplies, fire departments, etc. Alaska has more college graduates than any State in the United States.

Alaska last year passed a prohibition amendment by a vote of more than two to one; it has exceptionally fine schools and almost every small town of Alaska supports a daily paper. Alaskan habits, daily wear evening clothes when attending social functions after 6 p. m. and do not dance or banquet in muck-lucks and parkies. There is less crime and violence in Alaska than in New York and Boston. Alaskan women are much like their sisters in the States, where most of them came from at no very distant date, except that in Alaska they are treated upon a plane of equality and many of them are very self-reliant, by reason of having shared the hardships of their husbands in the early days of the gold rush. They live much as do the women of Boston. They have their churches, literary societies, sewing clubs, improvement associations, and are quite addicted to the afternoon tea, a custom borrowed from their English sisters of the Yukon. They dress in the latest fashions, and Eastern tourists who come to the Coast towns of Alaska in great numbers during the summer, invariably express surprise at the appearance of the towns and people who occupy them.

The Grand Trunk Pacific's transcontinental line, striking into the Pacific Coast at Prince Rupert, forty miles below the Alaskan boundary line, has opened up all this great Northern Canadian traffic, has provided a new short route and fast steamship service to important Alaskan ports.

### ALBERNI CANAL SERVICE

Power Cruiser Roche Point Acquired by Capt. W. J. Stone.

The large cabin cruiser Roche Point has been acquired by Capt. W. J. Stone for the mail, passenger and freight service between Port Alberni and Ucluelet. The Roche Point is 75.6 feet over all, 17.6 feet beam and is equipped with a Cowie engine of 150 horsepower capable of driving her at 12 knots an hour. She is fitted with good accommodation for fifty passengers and will prove a handy boat for the Alberni Canal service.

### GERMAN VESSELS TO PORT OF ROTTERDAM

London, June 27.—A dispatch to The Times from Rotterdam says that German shipping there is steadily increasing. Twenty-two German ships from Hamburg and Baltic ports entered last week. Two German ships, were torpedoed or mined by the British; but traffic was not affected.

### TOSAN MARU WAS WELL KNOWN HERE

Japanese Freighter Victim of Submarine in Atlantic; O. S. K. Shipping Casualties

The Japanese steamer Tosan Maru, 2,426 tons, a vessel well-known on the trans-Pacific trade, has been sunk by an enemy submarine in the Atlantic. The steamer was under charter to a London firm and has been running between Boston and Manchester. There were 23 Japanese on board, including Capt. Nishikawa Gosuke, and 12 Chinese. The vessel was insured against war risks for \$500,000 in England. She was owned by Shosho Yoko, of Kobe, and about a year ago was operated between Japan and Victoria by the Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Dense fog on the Japan coast has been responsible for a number of accidents recently to steamers of the O. S. K. fleet. The steamship Kaad Maru got out of her course in a dense fog and struck a submerged rock near Taru Island, south of Chosen. The ship sustained some damage to her bottom, and a quantity of sugar shipped at Kobe and other cargo stowed in the lower hold was damaged by water. Temporary repairs were effected and the steamer made her way back to Moji.

The steamer Nikko Maru, also of the O. S. K. fleet, a vessel of 2,900 tons, ran aground on the coast of Iyo and sustained serious damage to her hull. While steaming through dense fog this month, the O. S. K. steamer Niitaka Maru, 2,494 tons, drove ashore on the coast of Tainan, Formosa.

### FIRE DESTROYED SHIP'S PROVISIONS BEFORE EXTINGUISHED

Astoria, Ore., June 27.—Fire aboard the new motor schooner Margaret, at sea off the Oregon coast, enveloped the after part of the ship, threatened to force the crew to the boats, rendered the wireless useless and destroyed the vessel's food supply before it was placed under control, according to reports made by Capt. Nelson, of the Margaret, when the smoking vessel was towed back to Flavel by the tank steamer Atlas.

Working without food, the crew of twenty-one men confined the fire to the after portion of the vessel by closing the ventilators and stuffing all other openings with canvas and clothing. When the flames were at their worst the lifeboats were launched but not used.

The fire started from a broken circuit on an engine room switch board and ate its way into the officers' quarters, galley, wireless room and dining-room.

Distress signals were hoisted and picked up by the steamer Great Northern, which relayed them to shore by wireless.

The Margaret left the Columbia River last Thursday on her maiden voyage, bound for Shanghai, China, with 1,500,000 feet of lumber. She is owned by the A. O. Anderson Company and is chartered to Balfour, Guthrie & Co. The Government steamer Founaine steamed up alongside the Margaret on her arrival at Flavel and began pumping steam into the engine room to smother the flames. A survey of the vessel will be made at once.

### DANISH STEAMSHIP SUNK BY GERMANS

Washington, June 27.—The sinking of the Danish steamship Gunhild was reported to the State Department today. Survivors said the steamship was torpedoed without warning and sank before lifeboats could be lowered. Five of the crew were drowned. One was killed by the propeller. A British destroyer rescued the remainder.

### MEXICAN GOVERNMENT TAKES COPPER CLAIMS

Mexico City, June 27.—The Department of Finance is taking steps to declare forfeited 7,702 claims of the Cananea Copper Company, on which the Government alleges taxes have been refused.

A statement issued by the Finance Department declares the company secretly sent its most important machinery to the United States, stopping work without notice, and even threw out of the hospital those undergoing treatment.

"Undoubtedly this powerful corporation," the statement continues, "wants to take advantage of the period when the Allies need their product to give foreign governments the impression that Mexico is obstructing their work. Otherwise their attitude is inexplicable, as copper is now worth four times as much as formerly."

Foreign consuls and vice-consuls in Canada, nearly 200.

### REDUCED ROUND TRIP FARES VIA NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

**WASHINGTON AND OREGON**  
on Northern Pacific Railway  
FOR FOURTH OF JULY

Tickets on sale July 2, 3, 4. Return limit July 5th  
For information regarding fares, reservations, etc., call on or address

**E. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent**  
Northern Pacific Railway  
1234 Government St. Phone 456  
or A. D. Charlton, A. G. P. A., Portland, Ore.

### The Union Steamship Company of B. C., Limited

**SAILINGS TO NORTHERN B. C. PORTS**

S. S. "Cameo" sails from Victoria Evans-Coleman Dock, every Wednesday at 11 p. m. for Campbell River, Alert Bay, Sointula, Port Hardy, Skagit Bay, Takish Harbor, Smith's Inlet, RIVERS, INLET, Canneries, NAMI OCEAN FALLS and BELLA COOLA.

S. S. "Venture" sails from Vancouver every Tuesday at 11 p. m. for Port Bay, Port Hardy, Nami, Bella BURN, INLET, Hartley Bay, SKRENA RIVER Canneries, PRINCE RUPERT, Port Simpson, and NAMI RIVER Canneries.

S. S. "Chehalis" leaves Vancouver every Friday at 9 p. m. EAST DIRECT SERVICE TO OCEAN FALLS, PRINCE RUPERT, ANACAPLES, at Powell River, Campbell River, Nami Swanson Bay, Hutcheon Bay.

**GEO. MCGREGOR, Agent.**  
1008 Government St. Phone 1707

### DAY STEAMER TO SEATTLE

**S. S. "Sol Duc"**

Leave Victoria at 10:30 a. m. for Port Angeles, Dungeness, Port Williams, Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving Seattle 7:30 p. m. Returning, leaves Seattle daily except Saturday at midnight, arriving Victoria 4:30 a. m.

Secure information and tickets from

**E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.**  
1234 Government St. Phone 456

### B. C. Coast Service

**DOMINION DAY RATES**

**FARE AND ONE-THIRD FOR ROUND TRIP**

Selling dates June 29 to July 2. Final return limit, July 4, 1917.

For full particulars apply to any C. P. R. Agent.

### E. & N. Railway DOMINION DAY

**EXCURSION TICKETS AT SINGLE FARE AND ONE-FIFTH FOR ROUND TRIP**

For full particulars, apply to E. & N. Depot, or L. D. Chetnam, 1102 Government St.

### Patricia Bay Line

Special Summer Service to Cordova Bay for Campers and Picnic Parties

Leave Victoria 7:10 and 10:15 a. m., 5:10 p. m., Daily Except Sunday.

For Rates, etc., Phone 111.

### Pacific Steamship Co.

Courtesy (The Admiral Line) Service.

**ONLY DIRECT ROUTE WITHOUT CHANGE TO SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO.**

Leave Victoria on Fridays at 5 p. m., S.E. President or Governor, and from Seattle, June 25, 4 p. m., June 30, 11 a. m., Queen or Admiral Schley.

For rates and reservations apply

**F. O. FINN, 1003 Government Street, R. P. Bittet & Co., Ltd., 1117 Wharf.**

### TRANSPORTATION GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC STEAMSHIPS SUMMER SCHEDULE

**S.S. Prince Rupert—S.S. Prince George**

Sailings for

Alaska . . . . . 3 P. M. Mondays  
Prince Rupert . . . . . 3 P. M. Mondays and Wednesdays  
Ocean Falls . . . . . 3 P. M. Wednesdays  
Swanson Bay . . . . . 3 P. M. Mondays  
Vancouver . . . . . 3 P. M. Mondays and Wednesdays

**SEATTLE** . . . . . 12 Midnight Sundays and Tuesdays  
City Passenger and Ticket Office, 900 Wharf St. Phone 1242

### Alaska! The Land With a Charm of Its Own

**SKAGWAY, \$66.00**

INCLUDING BERTH AND MEALS EN ROUTE 2,000 miles of luxurious comfort through the famous inland-sheltered "inside" route by the palatial

**CANADIAN PACIFIC STEAMERS**

Leave Victoria every Tuesday and Friday during July at 11 p. m., and Vancouver Wednesday and Saturday 9 p. m., calling at all the principal ports and Taku Glacier on northbound trip.

Full particulars from any C. P. R. agent, or write H. W. Brodie, General Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

### Excursions to Port Angeles

JULY 4TH  
For Grand Independence Day Celebration.

## \$1.00 ROUND TRIP - \$1.00

**S. S. "SOL DUC"**

Leaves C. P. R. Wharf, Victoria, at 9:00 a. m. and 1 p. m. Returning, leaves Port Angeles at 11 a. m. and 3 p. m.

Secure Tickets and information from

**E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent**  
1234 Government Street. Phone 456

### EXCURSIONS EAST via North Western Line

To CHICAGO  
Route of the North Coast Limited

Through Minneapolis, St. Paul, Milwaukee to Chicago

**Oregon-Washington Limited**  
Through Omaha to Chicago

From Victoria	Round Trip To Milwaukee
Chicago	\$80.00
Buffalo	80.00
Toronto	99.50
Montreal	113.00
New York	118.20
Boston	119.20

Frequent dates of sale in June, July, August and September

Excursion Fare Folder Upon Request

Travel Information Bureau  
**NORTH WESTERN LINE**  
615 Second Avenue, Seattle, Wash.  
E. W. PARKER, General Agent  
905 Dominion Bldg., Vancouver, B. C.  
E. A. DYE, General Agent



# News of the Province

**Approves Action**—The Nelson Improvement Association has by resolution approved the promise of Hon. J. H. King, Minister of Public Works, to have a survey made of the proposed Nelson-Ymir road with a view to having it constructed.

**Juniors Driving Automobiles**—The police of Kelowna have had their attention drawn to the reckless manner in which juniors drive automobiles about the streets of that city and the roads in the vicinity. It is said that a number of young people, under the age of seventeen, are driving cars, in utter defiance of the law.

**Workmen Ask Increase**—The city workmen in Nanaimo are asking an increase of ten per cent. in wages and a stoppage of work at one o'clock on Saturday with a full day's pay for the half-day of work. Ald. Coburn told the council that the financial condition of the city was not as favorable as last year, notwithstanding that more taxes were collected and expenditure was \$2,000 less. The only thing he saw was that the city should borrow from the bank, and it was doubtful if any money could be got from that source.

**Trail Debentures Sold**—The city of Trail has sold \$80,000 of its debentures to a Denver firm at 93½ and accrued interest, which is looked upon as a very satisfactory price. These debentures are twenty-year, six per cent. bonds for the construction of new waterworks.

**Nanaimo Street Repairs**—In view of the small amount of money available for street repairs in Nanaimo the aldermen are much exercised as to what to do, if being admitted that if the roads were allowed to go without repairs the cost of attending to them later will be greatly increased over

what it would be now. It was false economy not to repair streets when they needed it, the aldermen stated at last council meeting. One member objected to charging the cost of repairing Millstream bridge to street work.

**Old-Timer Dead**—Lawrence W. Nunns, of Cumberland, is dead after a lingering illness of some four years. The late Mr. Nunns was born in Cheshire, educated in Dublin, and came out to this country in 1889, since when he has been a resident on Vancouver Island. He was the first city clerk of Cumberland when it was incorporated and was secretary of the Cumberland and Union Waterworks Co. For fifteen years he was assistant and later postmaster at the post-office there, holding the latter position until falling health compelled him to give it up four years ago.

**Young Poultry Keepers**—The Boys and Girls' Club of Nelson has set about 800 eggs under hens. There are about 135 gardens planted in Nelson and a large number in Fairview. There is a bee circle of about eight boys who own and operate a bee hive. Prizes are donated by the Women's Institute, Farmers' Institute, and Poultry and Agricultural Associations. Nine boys farm one-tenth of an acre planted in potatoes. Prizes are offered by the Agricultural Association.

**Nationalize Coal Mines**—On motion of J. W. Holmes and Dr. E. G. Smyth, R. G. Joy, secretary of the Nelson Improvement Association, was instructed to prepare a resolution to be presented at the next meeting of the association memorializing the Dominion Government to take over the coal mines in the Crow's Nest country, and operate them for the general welfare of the

public in case the coal strike is not settled by July 15.

**School Home Work**—At the last meeting of the Willow Point Women's Institute resolutions demanding the abolition of home work were unanimously adopted. Garden City Women's Institute has also adopted similar resolutions.

**First Boat Up River**—The new launch of the forest branch which arrived last week at Lardo, at the head of Kootenay Lake, went up the Lardo River as far as Howser, being the first boat that has gone up that river for many years. No difficulty was experienced and the trip was made in four hours.

**Shade Trees Destroyed**—It was reported at the last meeting of the City Council in Vernon that several shade trees in the park had been wantonly destroyed, by being cut down or having branches cut or torn off. A reward is being offered for the discovery of the guilty parties.

**Vernon Rose Show**—Vernon is looking forward to a big rose show there on July 7.

**Shipping Cherries**—The first cherries to be shipped this year from the Peachland district were sent out last week.

**Boy Scouts Farming**—The Kelowna Boy Scouts decided that as there was no chance for them to get to the front they ought to do the next best thing and do what they could to aid production on the farms. In the lack of farm help they offered their assistance to farmers, and are putting in their spare time doing light tasks of a necessary nature about the farm fields.

**Find Money in Eggs**—The ranchers of Robson and vicinity are sending out one thousand dozen eggs monthly, the bulk of the output going to the city of Trail, where there is a steady demand for them from the large industrial population at that place.

**Erecting New Building**—The Penitentiary Herald, one of the liveliest and brightest of the provincial papers, is erecting a new home in that city for its growing business. Reeve W. A.

McKenzie officiated at the laying of the corner stone. The new building will afford ample accommodation for the newspaper and job departments and will be ready next month. It is to be of pressed brick with stone front.

**Killed by Fall of Rock**—James Markett, a miner, was killed by a fall of rock in the Florence mine, near Alnsworth, last week. He was buried in Nelson.

**Employees Must Live in City**—Nelson City Council has decided that it will employ no one except residents of that city, and already men who live outside its limits are moving into the city in order to retain their positions.

**Boys as Fruit Harvesters**—In the Creston fruit district the employment of boys as fruit-pickers is quite popular and it is expected that a large number of the scholars in the schools of the vicinity will be available. A camp will be established at Wynndel, near that city, and this will be in charge of officials of the Nelson Y. M. C. A.

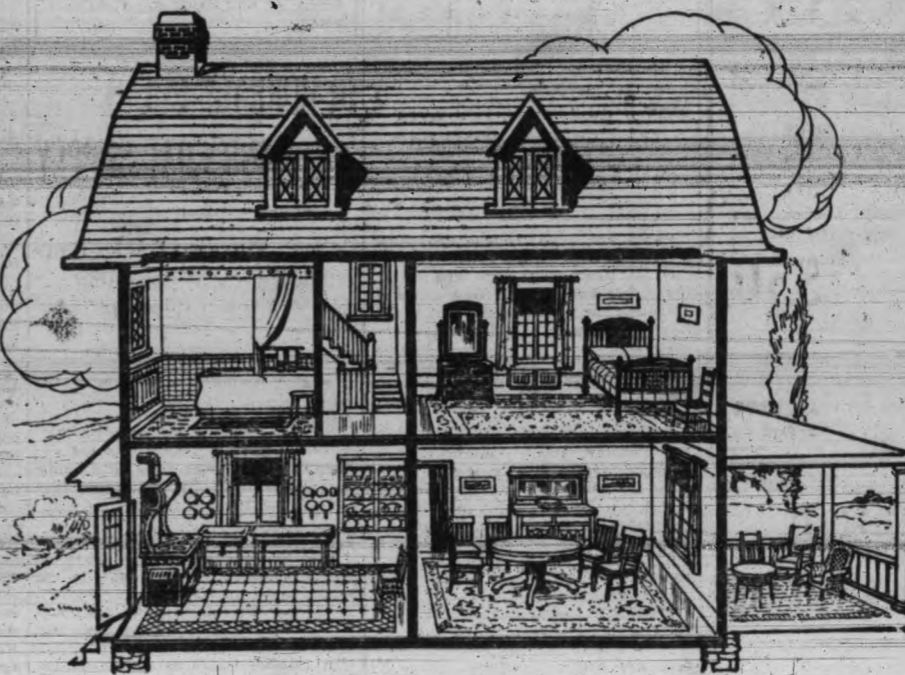
**Writing on Entrance Examinations**—In the schools between the eastern boundary of the Province and the Kootenay Lakes there are 360 pupils writing on the High School entrance examinations this year.

**Output of Shingles**—There is an increase reported in the output of shingles from the mills south of Nelson. One of these is now making 100,000 shingles daily and is increasing its capacity.

**Fire Rates Reduced**—A reduction in fire insurance rates for commercial risks, the exact extent of which is not yet made public, but which will be a considerable benefit to industrial and commercial concerns in New Westminster, will be put into effect shortly. This was announced by A. W. McLeod, chairman of the insurance committee, at the Board of Trade meeting recently.

**Street Car Service Off**—Lightning, which came in on street railway feeders in Nelson, burned from 140 to 180 generator coils at the substation and the street railway service will be sus-

## A HOME for \$375



### Of Interest to the Bride

Below we give you a list of good quality Furniture, Carpets, Drapes, Range, Crockery, Hardware, etc., necessary to furnish a five room cottage as above for \$375. You will notice the dining room furniture is of oak, bedroom of birch mahogany or any other style you care to choose at the same price. Kitchen is fitted absolutely complete, including polished top steel range, Community silver, etc.; bath and veranda of appropriate goods for their special uses. It will not be necessary to take the outfit as we have it arranged. Any article can be changed, omitted or added, and the price will be altered accordingly. In fact, we have lists prepared for this same house, furnished complete from \$200, but in submitting this list at \$375 we are offering goods worth while and of a lasting quality.

- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <b>BEDROOM</b>   | <b>DINING ROOM</b>   | <b>KITCHEN</b>   |
| Birch Mahogany Dresser, with British Bevel Plate Mirror. | 1 Solid Oak Buffet, leaded light in doors, bevel plate mirror. Solid Oak Pedestal Table, extending six feet. | Six-Hole Polished Top Range, connected complete with water jacket.     |
| Birch Mahogany Bed.                                      | Solid Oak Set of Diners, leather seats.  | Complete Set Hardware, Tubs, Saucepans, etc., consisting of 40 pieces. |
| Birch Mahogany Chair.                                    | Carpet or Congoleum Rug, 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 in.  | Community Silver, consisting of 26 pieces.                             |
| Restmore Mattress.                                       | Curtains.  | Dinner Set, consisting of 46 pieces.                                   |
| Reinforced Spring.                                       | Curtain Pole.  | British Linoleum, 12 x 12.   |
| Bedroom Carpet.  | Window Shade.  | Kitchen Chairs.  |
| 1 pair Sheets.   | <b>VERANDA.</b>  | 1 Kitchen Table.   |
| 1 pair Wool Blankets.                                    | Croch Carpet.  | Window Shade.  |
| 1 White Spread.  | 2 Veranda Chairs.  | Curtain Pole.  |
| 1 pair Towels.   | 1 Veranda Rocker.  | Curtains.  |
| 2 Feather Pillows.                                       | 1 Table.   |  |
| 2 Hemstitched Pillow Cases.                              | <b>BATHROOM</b>  |  |
| Curtains.  | Linoleum, 6 x 9.   |  |
| Curtain Pole.  | Bath Mat.  |  |
| Window Shade.  | White Enamel Chair.  |  |

### Complete List of Hardware as Follows:

- |   |                          |  |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| Complete Set Hardware, 40 Pieces, as per the following list:— | 1 Flour Sifter.          | 1 Galvanized Tub.                        |
| 1 Enamel Kettle.  | 1 Potato Masher.         | 1 Scrub.                                 |
| 2 Enamel Saucepans.   | 1 Cake Cutter.           | 1 Broom.                                 |
| 1 Double Porridge.  | 1 Six-Hole Cake Baker.   | 1 Dust Pan.                              |
| 1 Porridge Spoon.   | 1 Rolling Pin.           | 1 Soap Dish.                             |
| 2 Pudding Dishes.   | 1 Can Opener.            | 1 Enamel Wash Basin.                     |
| 1 Fry Pan.  | 1 Egg Slicer.            | 1 Enamel Pail.                           |
| 1 Bake Dish.  | 1 Teapot.                | 1 Axe.                                   |
| 1 Cullender.  | 1 Enamel Dipper.         | 26 Pieces Community Silver, as follows:— |
| 3 Bread Pans.   | 1 Toaster.               | Half dozen Knives.                       |
| 2 Pie Plates.   | 1 Strainer.              | Half dozen Community Forks.              |
| 1 Egg Beater.   | 1 Sink Strainer.         | Half dozen Dessert Spoons.               |
|   | 1 Dishpan.               | Half dozen Tea Spoons.                   |
|   | 1 each, Pepper and Salt. | 1-6 dozen Table Spoons.                  |
|   | 1 Wash Boiler.           |  |

**STANDARD FURNITURE CO.**  
711 YATES STREET  
We Specialize in Furnishing Homes Complete

## Conserve the Food!

**Kitchen Economy Serves the Same End as Farm Production**

"Waste in time of peace is a sin; in this time of national stress it is a crime."  
Sir Robert Borden, Premier of Canada.

**THE** shortage of wheat this year is variously estimated in hundreds of millions of bushels!

There are just two ways to prevent such hunger as the present generation has never known—to grow more and waste less.

The men on the farms are doing their utmost to grow more.

The women in the houses can perform an equally valuable national service by wasting less.

The average Canadian family wastes enough to feed a soldier. If you permit such waste to go on in your home you are serving the enemy!

Buy intelligently—use the food economically—cut out all waste! Turn the money thus saved to your country's service by investing it in Canadian War Savings Certificates.

For each \$21.50 you lend to Canada now, you will receive \$25.00 in three years—or you can get your money back at any time. Certificates are issued in denominations of \$25, \$50 and \$100, and may be purchased at any Bank or Money Order Post Office.

**THE NATIONAL SERVICE BOARD OF CANADA,**  
OTTAWA.

pended for a week or ten days as a result. One of the cars was in the barn when the accident occurred and the other on the lake front. The latter car will be left on the tracks till the damaged power system is put in operation again, as it is so heavy that it would take several horses to draw it to the barns.

**Fraser River Floods**—As the days pass it becomes more nearly certain that the Fraser river freshet of this year has just about run its course, and will go no higher than the peak registered on June 11, of 13 feet 5 inches. It may see-saw for a week or so, however. Last Friday it was up to 13 feet 3 inches, but on Saturday it was down again to 13 feet.

**Farmers' Picnic**—Matsqui Farmers' Institute are making arrangements to again hold a picnic this year. As was the case last year, all receipts will be given to the various patriotic funds, and there will be a dance in the municipal hall in the evening.

We are apt to speak with scant respect of borough councils, but there are no harder worked public bodies today. Whitehall conceives, but the town hall administrators, war loans and funds and charities, while every public movement from National Service to Food Control makes insistent claims on the time and energy of borough councillors. The latest demand made upon their energies is to see that the almost innumerable regulations of the Food Controller are carried out, and the prospect fills them with despair. For the officials required are not available.—The London Chronicle.

## SAANICH TAX SALE

The Tax Sale List will be published on or about the 28th of June. Payment before that date will avoid Tax Sale costs and expenses.  
R. R. F. SEWELL, Collector.  
Royal Oak, B. C., June 18th, 1917.

## NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT

R. S. C. Chapter 115  
The Lemon, Gonnason Company, Limited, hereby gives notice that it has, under Section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry District of Victoria at Victoria, a description of the site and the plans of a wooden pile wharf proposed to be built in Rock Bay, Victoria Harbor, at Victoria, B. C., in front of Lots 15, 16, 17 and 18, at the southwest corner of Orchard and Government Streets.  
And take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Lemon, Gonnason Company, Limited, will, under Section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa for approval of the said site and plans, and for leave to construct the said wooden pile wharf.  
Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 27th day of May, 1917.  
THORNTON FELL, Solicitor for Lemon, Gonnason Company, Limited.

**IN THE MATTER OF THE Vancouver Island Settlers' Rights Act, 1904, and Amending Act, 1917.**  
Public Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be entitled to grants of land within the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Land Belt under the provisions of the above Statute, are required, on or before the 1st September, 1917, to make application in writing to the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, and to furnish evidence of their occupation or improvement and intention to settle on said lands.  
Forms of application can be obtained from the Government Agent at Nanaimo, B. C., or from the undersigned.  
A. CAMPBELL REIDIE, Deputy Provincial Secretary.

**VICTORIA ASSESSMENT DISTRICT**  
Taxpayers are hereby reminded the Saturday, the 30th day of June next, is the last day on which the discount will be allowed on the taxes for the year 1917 on Land, Personal Property and Income, also Rural School Rates.  
Taxpayers will also take notice that the local Collector's Office is situated at Rooms No. 117 and 118, Belmont House, opposite the General Post Office, Victoria, B. C.  
Office hours, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturday, 9 to 1 p. m.  
E. E. LEASON, Provincial Assessor and Collector, Victoria Assessment District.



# SPORTING NEWS

## WEEK-END FISHING WAS SATISFACTORY

### Week-End Catches Justify Expectations of Several Local Anglers

Unfavorable weather conditions played no little part in regulating the general amount of fishing that was done during Saturday and Sunday and the first few days of the current week. Several frequenters of popular angling haunts had intended to spend a pleasant week-end by some fishing ground, but the unhappy prospects of success that were heralded by Saturday afternoon's downpour weakened the hearts of many and they were content to remain quietly at home where they might console themselves by meditating on the benefit that would be brought to the crops and produce in general as a result of Neptune's visitation.

Such familiar places as Brentwood and other parts of the Saanich Area had but a small attendance of anglers. There were, however, scattered here and there some enthusiasts of the game who made so bold as to seek the distant shores of Cowichan Lake with the hope that their efforts might be rewarded with some success. In this they were proved to be correct, for although they motored by cycle to the up-land district on Saturday, Sunday afternoon favored them with bright weather, and they made a creditable catch of 20 trout, varying from 2 1/2 pounds down during the space of a few hours' time.

Some Victorians who have tried their hand at fishing at Cowichan Lake have not met with any success, and they have been prone to censure those of their fellow anglers who claim that the lake is a most excellent field for operations with the rod, line and spoon. In their view the latter party are to be upheld by a large body of followers. The chief difficulty rests in the fact that not only must one be prepared to use a variety of spoons to tempt the fastidious natures of the inhabitants of the deep, but the particular sections of the lake where the fish are to be discovered by the angler.

The Victorians who visited Cowichan Lake over the week-end were unsuccessful during the whole of the morning in making any catch worth mentioning, owing to the fact that they had chosen a part of the lake that had been temporarily deserted by the fish, and it was not until a more favored spot had been hit upon that success attended their efforts.

Considering the inclement weather that was common over the island on Saturday and parts of Sunday, the week-end's fishing was all that could be expected.

## JAMES ISLAND WILL HOLD CELEBRATION

On Saturday of this week a Dominion Day celebration is being held at James Island. The event will take the form of a festival and gala day and sports of various kinds will be the chief form of attraction.

During the morning there will be all kinds of contests for children of every age, from the smallest to the largest boy and girl who still considers himself or herself to be among the youngsters. Races will form the major part of the morning's contests. When these have been completed and the contestants have refreshed themselves by satisfying the cravings of the inner man the celebrations will continue during the afternoon, when the ladies and gentlemen will enjoy competing in the many items that will be provided on the programme.

The events of the day will be suitably terminated by a concert and dance in the evening.

## SENSATIONAL RACING STIRS NEW YORK FANS

Not since the day that Governor Hughes paralyzed New York racing by putting the ban on open gambling, has the sport staged such a glorious comeback as it did when Borrow beat Regret a short head in the twenty-fifth running of the historic Brooklyn Handicap, was the unanimous verdict yesterday.

There was talk of little else in racing and sporting circles in Gotham. Never, even when the open gambling system was at its height, has a New York race crowd roared its joy as did the colorful throng which packed the Aqueduct grand stand when Borrow edged past Regret and won, establishing a new world's record for a mile and a furlong at 1:49 2/5. Regret won almost equal honors by establishing the new American record of 1:36 3/5 for the mile. Borrow and Regret ran under the colors of Harry Payne Whitney, and had such speed marvels as Roamer, Ormsdale, Chiclet, Omar Khayyam and Old Rosobud staggering and reeling at the finish.

## TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The following are the games of the American Handicap Tournament that are scheduled for play this afternoon on the courts of the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club:

At 4.30—Mr. and Mrs. Fairbairn vs. Miss Harris and Mr. Brothour.  
At 5 p.m.—Miss Fairbairn and Mr. Bertvener vs. Mrs. Fairbairn and Mrs. Elliott and Mr. Terry vs. Miss Harlowe and Mr. Scrivener.

## RED CROSS SPORTS ARE ON HUGE SCALE

### Officials in Charge of Field Day Events at Athletic Park Named

Efficient management is the watchword of the committee in charge of the staging of the Red Cross Sports Festival that will be held at the Royal Athletic Park on Saturday of this week. It is their desire to have every detail so perfected that the programme may be run from start to finish in a manner that will be entirely above criticism. The following officials have been appointed to handle the events on the field:

Judges in section 5—Mr. Justice Eberts, Capt. A. L. Gresson, R. N.; Col. Hon. E. G. Prior, Lieut.-Col. Angus, Lieut.-Col. Fogarty, R. H. Proley, M.P.P.; George Bell, M.P.P.  
Judge in section 4—Capt. A. G. King, Lieut. Lovell, R. N.; and Alderman W. G. Cameron.  
Starters—Capt. Winsby and D. O. Sullivan.  
Prize clerks—W. H. Spalding and A. Davies.

Umpire referee—Pinkie Grindell.  
Announcers—Harry Skuce and Joe North.  
Clerks of course—A. Manson and L. D. McLean.

Minister of ceremonies—W. H. Davies. In order that the lengthy programme that has been provided may be run through in a reasonable period of time the committee has decided to put many of the events simultaneously. Each section of the programme will be in charge of one of the field officials.

At two o'clock a baseball match between the metropolis Hotel and Papoose will be played and at 2.30 the judging of the hockey show will commence. Section two of the programme will be concerned with the track and will include all the contests that are associated with this line of sport; the track events will commence at 3 o'clock. These will be followed by the Naval and Military displays and the Japanese fencing and jiu-jitsu exhibitions, together with a boxing bout between Albie and Jumbo Davies, who figured in the tournament held at the Willows Camp on Saturday last.

Most of the wrestling, the hammering from coast to coast and the tug-of-war will comprise the fourth section, and it is expected that the last-named contest will be participated in by representatives of every naval and military unit in the city and vicinity.

## GORDON HIGHLANDERS WIN CRICKET MATCH

An interesting cricket match was played yesterday afternoon at the Willows Camp between a team of the 50th Gordon Highlanders and an eleven chosen from the forces of the C. A. M. C. The former team was captained by Lieut. Col. Forsythe and the latter by Sgt. Major Jones. The score which follows shows a victory for the Gordons.

The score:

50th Gordon Highlanders.

Pte. Morris, b. Davey	0
Pte. Jones, c. Swenstead, b. Davey	12
Sergeant Taylor, b. Cave	14
Col. Forsythe, b. Cave	11
Sgt. C. S. Grant, b. Cave	5
Sgt. Allen, c. Jones, b. Davey	0
Lieut. Courtney, c. Green, b. Cave	0
Pte. S. R. Grant, b. Cave	9
Col. Sgt. George, b. Cave	7
Pte. Galbraith, not out	0
Pte. Allan, c. Cave, b. Davey	10
Extras	9
Total	75

Medical Corps.

Sgt. Major Jones, b. Grant	1
Pte. Green, b. Courtney	0
Pte. Davey, run out	6
Pte. Swenstead, b. Courtney	15
Pte. Cave, b. Grant	4
Pte. Hendry, b. Grant	1
Pte. Marshall, c. Forsythe, b. Courtney	0
Pte. Sutcliffe, b. Courtney	4
Pte. Nixon, c. and b. Grant	4
Pte. Miller, b. Courtney	0
Pte. Wallace, not out	0
Extras	5
Total	39

## INJUNCTION ISSUED AGAINST CHAMPION

A Supreme Court order signed in New York requires Jess Willard, champion heavyweight pugilist, to show cause why he should not be enjoined from giving performances in New York state in connection with his recently purchased circus. The order was issued on application of John Curley, formerly promoter for Willard. Curley claims Willard is under a three-year contract to him which does not expire until September 15 next.

Tom Jones, who has been associated with Curley in operating what is known as the "Willard Syndicate," also was named in Curley's plea. Curley asks \$20,000 as damages, in addition to his attempt to prevent Willard from discharging him as an associate manager.

He declares a contract was entered into in September, 1915, that should be carried out. Willard, he says, informed him only a few days ago that, inasmuch as he had purchased a circus, he didn't believe the contract would hold.

## CHAMPIONS READY IF MONEY IS OBTAINABLE

### Leonard and Willard Sicken Officers by Their Continual Stage Play

According to a Washington, D. C. newspaperman, army and navy officers assert that Frank Tinney, an actor, Benny Leonard, a boxer, and Jess Willard, also a boxer, are trying to get some advertising out of the war, and their alleged intentions to fight Navy and army men say they are weary of reading stories that Tinney will give up \$1,000 a week to join the navy, and that Leonard and Willard are eager to sacrifice their incomes in order to fight. They are merely seeking publicity, say officers here.

The newspaperman says: "So far as anybody can learn, none of this trio has gone to a recruiting station and offered to submit himself to examination for the navy, the army or any other branch of the military service. Tens of thousands of young men all over the country have already done so and have given out no interviews on the subject.

"If Tinney, Leonard or Willard want to fight for their country, the Government will give them a chance, provided they will first give the Government physician an opportunity to look them over."

## YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

AMERICAN LEAGUE

At Cleveland (Second)—R. H. E.	St. Louis	2	11	0
Cleveland	5	11	0	
Batteries—Groom and Severeid; Lambeth, Morton; Covelack and Billings, O'Neill.				
At Chicago (Second)—R. H. E.	Detroit	2	8	2
Chicago	4	8	1	
Batteries—James, Jones and Stange; Williams, Donforth and Lynn.				

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At St. Louis (Second)—R. H. E.	Chicago	5	9	2
St. Louis	8	8	0	
Batteries—Seaton, Douglas and Wilson; Abbott, Meadows, Watson and Gonzalez.				
At Philadelphia (Second)—R. H. E.	New York	2	8	4
Philadelphia	6	7	0	
Batteries—Perritt, Middleton, Schupp and Bardeen; Mayer, Oeschger and Burns.				

## BASEBALL RECORDS

NORTHWESTERN LEAGUE

Tacoma	21	56	567
Seattle	23	57	550
Great Falls	29	55	557
Butte	25	28	472
Vancouver	28	33	459
Spokane	25	34	424

COAST LEAGUE

San Francisco	Woe.	Lost.	Per.
Salt Lake City	41	35	540
Oakland	41	41	509
Los Angeles	40	40	509
Portland	34	43	441
Vernon	34	48	416

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Philadelphia	35	21	625
New York	34	21	618
Chicago	27	29	562
St. Louis	27	29	518
Cincinnati	22	25	478
Brockton	24	31	426
Boston	23	31	426
Pittsburg	19	28	322

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St. Louis	53	27	582
Washington	22	28	390
Philadelphia	19	27	329

## SPORTS OVERSEAS.

London, June 27.—Sports for officers and men overseas have been organized for Dominion Day by the Canadian Y.M.C.A. and the military authorities for the benefit of hospital inmates. Many noted athletes are competing, and the residents of every town are co-operating to make the occasion one of a real character.

The regimental bands are attending. Substantial prizes are offered, and it is understood that championships will be decided.

**IS GREATEST OF ALL.**  
"No man," says Col. William A. Sunday, "could ever be called a greater pitcher than Mathewson. But if any one pitcher could be called as great the name would be John Clarkson, the nonpareil of his decade. One assignment that we would never care to take would be the job of proving that any certain pitcher was a greater workman than Mathewson—a more valuable pitcher or a greater one."

**STARS IN U. S. ARMY.**  
Having given four of her sons to Uncle Sam's fighting forces, Mrs. William J. Brickley, mother of Charlie Brickley, the Harvard football star, has one left. And he, she said yesterday at Boston, will be handed over just as soon as he is old enough. Charlie, George, Joe and Bill are in.

## WANTS THE PLAYERS TO DRILL THE FANS

### Major Leagues Well Fitted to Instruct Civilians in Military Drill

Declaring ball players of the American League have been drilled to a point where they are now able to drill others, Capt. T. E. Huston, president of the New York American League Club, suggested yesterday that the fans should be given opportunity to form companies under the direction of the players.

"I suggest that each club form a company of 150 fans," wrote this energetic father of the idea, which started real soldiering in the league. "Make them members of the home guard and let the ball players drill them daily, giving annual passes to all those who attend drill regularly."

Sitting on a camp stool, with another camp stool forming his writing desk, he wrote his statement to the United Press, "somewhere near Detroit" in the camp of the 6th Engineers, a unit he helped organize for the army.

League Stimulates Patriotism.  
"Baseball is recognized as the national game," he declared. "Professional baseball—which is the game in its highest perfection, derives its being from civic pride, which is a full brother of patriotism."

"I think the American League has stimulated patriotism by its drilling of players. The theory is held that the youths of the land would be inspired if being drilled. We found the players liked the drill and were greatly benefited by it."

"In addition to drilling, the Yankees and Browns donated a large sum to the use of the 1st Reserve Regiment of Engineers, which was formed in New York."

"The eight clubs of the American League have purchased together \$100,000 in Liberty bonds."  
Home Guards Should Be Formed.  
"These three incidents show the patriotism of baseball. I would like to see the country train its new army. Home guards are being formed throughout the country. They are composed of mature men from all walks. Baseball can help in giving the time of its players to the drilling of these men."

"I also want to advocate more Sunday baseball in New York, with the proceeds for war relief. Battles are fought on Sunday; men will bleed and die for their country on Sunday; they will stand waist deep in the mud and slim on Sunday; the chaplains and sisters of mercy will go about their business as usual on Sunday."

"Why should the antiquated blue laws of New York prevent the people from enjoying baseball on Sunday and doing something to alleviate the sufferings of the boys in Europe?"

## BASEBALL RECORDS

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St. Louis	53	27	582
Washington	22	28	390
Philadelphia	19	27	329

## JUGGLED THE SCORE.

President Ben Johnson, of the American League, announces that in the future American League official scorers will not be permitted to change their minds on scoring hits and errors. The ruling was an outgrowth of a no-hit game twirled by Pitcher Knob of the Browns, against the White Sox in St. Louis. Weaver was given a hit in the early stages and after the game the scorer good-naturedly changed his mind and called the hit an error.

**GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP.**  
Charles Evans, Jr., national amateur and open golf champion, and Robert A. Gardner, former amateur title-holder, were defeated one up in an 18-hole best ball foursome over the Windsor Club links at Chicago, by James A. Donaldson, professional, of the Chicago Golf Club, and John Gathersum, professional, of Windsor. The match was for the benefit of the Navy League.

**CANADIANS WIN.**  
London, June 27.—The Canadian Pay Corps defeated the Royal Engineers at cricket yesterday by 240 for eight wickets against 68.

North Middlesex beat the Canadian Medicals by 215 in four wickets against 85.

# MEN!

## Make a Point of Coming to O'Connell's for Clothes—IT PAYS!

Look Over This List of Items—Make Sure That YOU Won't Be Short of Any of Them for Dominion Day and After

<b>STRAW HATS</b> Dandy new shapes, in good quality splits and Sennet straws. Worth from \$2.00 to \$5.00. Your pick at ..... <b>\$1.50</b>	<b>MEN'S SUITS</b> A big offer of extra values. Included are smart tweeds and fancy worsteds in the newest cuts of the season. Values to \$39.00. Now ..... <b>\$22.50</b>	<b>GREEN CAPS</b> The newest thing from the East. Something with "extra style" ..... <b>\$1.50</b>
<b>PANAMA HATS</b> Several dozen Panama Hats, embracing a full range of sizes. Reg. \$5.00 to \$7.50. Now ..... <b>\$3.75</b>	<b>BLUE SERGE SUITS</b> Good heavy weight serges, guaranteed all-wool and fast indigo dye. Tailoring and cut are of an unusually high order for such a low price as ..... <b>\$35.00</b>	<b>WHITE FLANNEL PANTS</b> Well-cut and superior quality. They were recently priced at \$5.00 and \$7.00. Now ..... <b>\$3.75</b>
<b>STETSON HATS</b> The newest blocks in this famous make (including the "Town Topic") are included at the flat price ..... <b>\$5.00</b>	<b>MOTOR RUGS</b> A full assortment of plain shades and combination plaid effects. Best English make, and splendid value at from ..... <b>\$12.00 to \$25.00</b>	<b>GREY FLANNEL PANTS</b> A special offer for this week-end. Only ..... <b>\$4.50</b>
		<b>SERGE PANTS</b> White Serge Pants, with a black stripe; All quality, and big value at ..... <b>\$6.00</b>

Our Columbia Grafonola Competition Closes on the 14th of July. Buy All You Can Before Then, and Be Sure You Have All Your Tickets Deposited.

1117 Government Street

# O'CONNELL'S LTD.

Formerly Fitzpatrick and O'Connell's

## Cuts That Compel Attention

No matter how much or how little you wish to spend on illustrating your ads, booklets or folders, you can rely on us to give you all-round satisfactory service.

HERE ARE SOME OF THE THINGS WE DO—AND DO WELL

Zinc Outs in Line or Half-Tone  
Zinc or Copper Engraving for Any Number of Colors From One to Five  
Combination Line and Half-Tone Cuts  
Mechanical Dot and Stipple Work of Every Description  
Embossing Cuts

We realize that a GOOD picture is worth a million words. Our plates are etched in such a manner that good printing can be the only result.

**ENGRAVING DEPARTMENT**  
TIMES PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO., LTD.  
PHONE 1000

# THORPE'S

HIGH-CLASS BEVERAGES

## Specialties

BREWED GINGER BEER  
BREWED GINGER STOUT  
PALE DRY GINGER ALE  
"THE NEW DRINK"  
LITHIA WATER

Phone 435 For Trial Order

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## ELRADO POLISH

For AUTOMOBILES, PIANOS, FURNITURE, FLOORS, LINOLEUM, TILING, ETC.

Guaranteed Harmless. Easily Applied

Special This Week—Imperial quart tin for ..... 75¢

Paramount Motor and Accessories Company  
Wholesale and Retail.  
755-57 View Street,  
Phone 2787. Victoria, B. C.

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Time was when some merchants hid with each other in extravagance of statement in their ads. The wise merchants of today vie with each other in the ACCURACY of their statements about goods and values. Nowadays deliberate misrepresentation in advertising would surely and quickly kill any store indulging in it.



# Finchs' Week-End Specials

## For Thursday, Friday and Saturday



### Sports Suits, Dresses and Blouses

- A Large Assortment of Outing and Sport Suits, in duck, and linen, all fancy stripes. Special prices from \$5.50 to \$8.00.
- Summer Dresses, in all the latest styles and wanted materials—a most beautiful assortment, indeed. Prices from \$2.50 to \$25.00.
- Dainty White Embroidered Voile Blouses, in many styles—all cool and inviting—regularly sold up to \$1.50. Special at .95¢.
- A Special Offering in Middy Waists, white, and white in fancy trimmings; regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 values, for .95¢.
- Women's Corsets, in all sizes, lace or embroidery trimmed, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.
- Ladies' Muslin and Voile Waists, in different styles. Regular \$1.95, for \$1.35.
- Veilings, in black and colors. Special prices, per yard, 25¢, 35¢ and 50¢.
- House Dresses, in striped and checked gingham and spotted prints, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.
- Large Overall Aprons, in black and white and blue and white checks. Special. .75¢.
- Night Dresses, slipover style, lace-trimmed. Each .75¢.
- Ladies' Hose, silk plaited, in colors sky, rose, maize, white and black. Special, pair .50¢.
- New Arrival of Jap Silk Blouses, to sell at from \$2.50 to \$3.50.

Pongee Silk Suits and Khaki Kool Dresses—Garments worthy the consideration of those who seek the newest and best. Just the thing for holiday wear.

### Millinery Specials

#### For the Week-End

- Special line of Outing Hats, including trimmed Panamas and Sport Hats. Regular values \$3.50 and \$3.75, for \$1.75.
- Wash Hats, in white and colors. \$1.00.
- Children's Wash Hats. Special value .50¢.

Phone 1404

# FINCHS LIMITED

Yates Street

### ABSOLUTELY UNTRUE

An absolute perversion of truth appeared in yesterday's Vancouver Province in the form of an article, bearing the date line of this city, professing the writer's discovery of a "round robin" which he intimates is to be presented to Premier Brewster at the resumption of the session, expressing the dissatisfaction of eighteen members of the Legislature on the Liberal side with his leadership.

There is not a shadow of truth in the "yarn," which is published only for the purpose of discrediting the administration and especially the Premier.

The story itself contains its own refutation in that the writer professes to be unable to find any authoritative basis for it or to trace the rumor to its source. The source, of course, is the prolific fancy of the writer.

### REPORTED PRISONER IN GERMAN HANDS

#### Albert Barnes Raymond, Announced Among Missing, Now Heard of

Through private sources Mrs. Raymond, just returned from Vancouver and now a guest of Mrs. Meeher, Dallas Road, has received information that her son, Albert Barnes Raymond, reported missing after an air raid on May 12, is now a prisoner in Germany. Although the news is not confirmed by any communication to the same effect from the War Office it comes from such excellent sources that she has little reason to doubt its authenticity and confidently expects to hear something official along the same lines in the course of time.

Albert Barnes Raymond, flying pilot in the Royal Flying Corps at the time that he was reported missing, was born in Nanaimo twenty-three years ago, was educated at Upper Canada College, and there distinguished himself as an all-round athlete, winning his colors in football, cricket, and hockey, and also taking his Royal Life Saving medals. He was a splendid tennis player, and some time ago at the Victoria Lawn Tennis Club, was conspicuous among the first-class racket wielders.

He left college to enlist with the Army Service Corps, Quebec, and left here two years ago last January under Col. Macmillan, of Vancouver, to go overseas. For about a year he was stationed at Shorncliffe, England, and while there his prowess as an athlete became known among his officers, and he was approached and asked to take up aviation work, a branch of the service which calls for the very finest type of fitness. He took his training course, graduating from Exeter Aviation College, England, and left for France about the third week in April this year. He brought down a German aeroplane on May 12, and the following day went out scout-piloting. From this expedition he failed to return, and was posted shortly afterwards among the "missing."

His father, who was very well-known in Victoria, went as a private with the reinforcement of the Army Service Corps and reached France two weeks before Easter. The news that the son is reported a prisoner-of-war in Germany should have reached him by this time.

### SEND CONGRATULATIONS

#### Women's Canadian Club Prepare Message to Sir Arthur Currie, K. C. M. G.

At the meeting of the Women's Canadian Club held yesterday afternoon at the Empress Hotel, on motion of Mrs. Hanington, seconded by Mrs. Clarke, the secretary was instructed to send to Sir Arthur Currie, K.C.M.G., congratulations on his recent decoration and elevation to knighthood. The meeting endorsed the resolution with hearty applause.

Another Victory—The Boiler-makers are off to Goldstream, Saturday, for their annual picnic.

### TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

- EVERY HOUSE goes out at wholesale price. \$2 to \$5. 715 Yates St.
- FINE all-wool grey suit, quite new, latest style, about 40¢ cost, \$35, for \$15.50. Box 647, Times.
- FOR RENT—Two modern 6-room houses, 205 Ontario and 49 Oswego Streets. Apply 41 Oswego Street.
- BORN PERKINSON—On June 24, 1917, at Victoria Private Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Ferguson, of Saanichton, a son.
- DIED. DICK—On June 26, 1917, at Jubilee Hospital, John Dick, a native of Ayrshire, Scotland, aged 74 years. The deceased has been a resident of Victoria for the past seven years, and latterly resided in the Uplands. He was survived by a widow, two daughters in Vancouver, B. C., one daughter and one son in Victoria, and one son on Government duty at Glasgow, Scotland.
- Funeral will take place on Thursday, June 28, at 4 p. m., from the chapel of the B. C. Funeral Company, 124 Broughton Street, where service will be held. Interment in Ross Bay Cemetery. No flowers.
- FINMORE—At St. Joseph's Hospital, June 25, 1917, James Finmore, aged 68 years; born at Kempton, Bedfordshire, England. There survive, besides the widow, two sons, Oswald, with the First Canadian Pioneers in England, and Harold, with the Canadian Navy on one of the local submarines, also a brother, Walter, employed at the Esquimalt Navy Yard, and two brothers in England, Allan and Arthur.
- Funeral will take place on Thursday, June 28, at 2:30 p. m., from the residence, 424 1/2 p. m., at St. Saviour's, 351 Superior St., behind Parliament Buildings.
- FORD—A passenger for sale; also a passenger Overland, with electric starter and lights. May be seen at Cameron's, 351 Superior St., behind Parliament Buildings.
- THE BON ACCORD, 845 Princess Ave., seven minutes' walk from City Hall, bloom and handkerchiefs, moderately priced for gentlemen. Phone 2837L, 3527.
- FORD CAR wanted for cash. Phone 2787.
- LOST—In Fairfield, on May or Cook Streets, pair of shoe-strings. Finder kindly telephone 4225X or write Box 648, Times. Reward.
- PIR CORDWOOD for sale. Phone 3256, 1819 Street Street.
- REFRIGERATOR, bacon cutter, cheese cutter, counter show case, and other things. 1005 Hillside. Phone 374.
- NEW 16-FOOT ROWBOAT, cheap. 949 Monterey.
- SHARPEN your own lawn mower; 2000 used in Portland. See at Maynard's Auction Rooms.
- IMPROVED QUARTER in Alberta, seven miles from station, to exchange for city property in Victoria, either vacant lots or house property. Box 638, Times. 329.
- MAHOGANY PARLOR SUITES, dressers, chairs, dining room carpets, for Victoria. Grandiose. Ferris, 1418 Douglas.
- SMALL ORGAN, by Thomas & Co. Ferris, 1418 Douglas.
- MONARCH RANGE and many others. Ferris, 1418 Douglas.
- ELECTRIC CARPET CLEANER, rent \$1 a day. Phone 1879.
- WANTED—Small carpets, will pay from \$20 to \$30. Ferris, 1418 Douglas. Phone 1879.
- TO PICNIC PARTIES, Private Lodges or Churches, Red Cross, etc. The Ladies' Societies, for the holidays or any other time: When you need a real good quality of ice cream be sure and get North-Western Creamery, 1311 Broad Street, Phone 1782.
- THE CENTRAL W. C. T. U. meets at Y. W. C. A. Thursday at 3 p. m.
- MAN AND WIFE WANTED: man (retired soldier preferred) to look after garden and drive motor; wife to do cooking and housework. Board and lodging supplied. Apply, stating wages expected, to Box 1174, Times.
- MONEY TO LOAN—\$1,000 at 8 per cent. improved property. Dalby & Lawson, 615 Fort St.
- DISPLAY Crepe De-Chine Blouses, \$1.50. \$4.75, \$5. Model, 755 Yates.
- NECKWEAR. Fine line to choose from. "Model," 755 Yates.
- BEST HOUSE "IMPERIAL," 749 Fort. Good furniture always on sale. Furniture bought or sold on commission. Phone 4405X.
- HIDE a Bryantford Red Head Bicycle; it lasts for years. Ruffin, The Cycle Man, sells them. 740 Yates. Phone 822.
- WANTED—To rent second-hand piano for summer months. Box 644, Times.
- KINDLING WOOD SPECIAL—Dry fir kindling wood, no chipping, regular \$1 bundles for \$1. 3 days' special 12 bundles for \$1. Put in your basement. Order yours now. To-morrow is the second day. Maxwell, Phone 2455, 257.
- ON MONDAY, JULY 2nd, the Metropolitan Methodist Sunday School will hold their annual outing at the Experimental Farm, Buxton, B. C., special trains will leave the B. C. Electric Interurban Station at 8:45 a. m. and 11:30 a. m. The special train advertised to leave at 1:15 p. m., has been cancelled. The round fare tickets are 50 cents, and may be purchased at the offices of Lee & Fraser, Broad Street, or at the Staneland Co., Ltd., 840 Fort Street.
- FORD 6-passenger for sale; also 6-passenger Overland, with electric starter and lights. May be seen at Cameron's, 351 Superior St., behind Parliament Buildings.

### VICTORIA ADOPTS

#### TRIPLE TRADE MARK

#### Competence, Energy and Service Combined Qualities in A. M. Fairbairn's Design

Head and shoulders in originality above all other contestants in the "Made-in-Victoria" Trade Mark Competition opened some weeks ago by the Victoria Branch of the B. C. Manufacturers' Association A. M. D. Fairbairn, of 135 Wildwood Avenue, has been awarded the first prize of \$20 offered for the best design. The award is given for all-round outstanding merit, the particular feature, however, being the unique character of the design, as many of the drawings submitted were characterized by excellent draughtsmanship and other good points.

A symbolic figure—a husky sailor-man, part naval, part longshoreman, part mercantile marine, the mother-port, "Victoria," indicated on the lettering on his cap—has been made to answer Mr. Fairbairn's purpose, and accompanying the principal drawing were two others suggesting some of the various purposes for which the design might be adapted. One of these showed A. E. "Victoria" hustling along with a bottle of good local-made ale on a tray. In the second his knowing smile had expanded under the influence of one of Victoria's most popular brands of cigars.

The drawing of the whole series is framed by good "poster" qualities, freed from unnecessary detail, and



WINNING POSTER.

just the necessary nice exaggeration of the salient points of line and idea. Throughout the pose and general bearing is typical of energy, service, and competency, with a big splash of good humor, representing what Victoria flatters herself in possessing to a generous degree. The device could be carried out in colors, dark blue cap, red and white striped jersey (trousers' color), and lighter blue trousers. The human figure is the most expressive of any living on the round globe, and the fact that the little sailor man can be drawn in a multitude of different positions and occupations to suit the needs of the very finest work, makes it an admirable selection by the judges, who are to be congratulated on having so fine an exhibit among the collection of drawings.

This trade mark, now that it is adopted, will be put at the service of all local manufacturers, and every encouragement will be given them to use it in connection with their advertising in every possible way.

The following other prizes were won:

The second prize of \$10 was won by F. Carson Holden, of 928 Arm Street. Eight consolation prizes were won by Helen M. Booth, suite 1, Central Apartments; C. Clarke, motor and game department, Provincial Police; Gertrude E. A. Colley, Methosin, B. C.; Herbert Hopkins, 26 Dallas Road; Moragh Jamison, P. O. Box 729; William Menzies, 3261 Alder Street, Maywood Post Office; E. G. Rowbottom, 1049 Regent Street; F. S. Van Rantle, 332 Berkeley Avenue.

### GOLD AT NAHWITTI

That there has been some sort of mining strike in the vicinity of Nahwitti and Shushartie rivers seems to be indicated by the numerous applications being made for placer mining licenses during the last few days. There was gold discovered some years ago in this district and also across on the mainland at Cape Caution, and it is likely that some prospectors have found further indications of gold which are responsible for the apparent rush to search for the metal at the north end of the Island.

### OPENING NEW WARDS

The new Tubercular Ward at the Royal Jubilee Hospital and the Children's Ward are being formally opened this afternoon with a garden-party.

Everybody Welcome at the Boiler-makers' Basket Picnic to Goldstream, Saturday, 30th.

## SPECIAL OFFER

For a Few Days Only

Here is the greatest Musical Instrument for its price ever manufactured.

PRICE OF THIS INSTRUMENT, WITH RECORDS OF YOUR OWN CHOICE

# \$44.20

No needles to change when you own an Edison. Every NEW EDISON is equipped with a genuine Diamond Stylus Reproducer. Think of it! A real DIAMOND Reproducer.

Unwearable Records.

Cabinet, new design, in golden oak only. Powerful spring motor. Suspended resonator. Governor on top and enclosed. Direct drive. Speed adjustment screw. Dimensions: 12 1/2 inches high, 12 1/2 inches wide, 16 inches deep. One bottle of Diamond grease, one bottle Diamond oil, one screw driver included with this outfit.

Only a limited number of New Edisons to be sold on these special terms. Act quickly.

## Kent's Edison Store

The Store of Superior Service.

Phone 3449 1004 Government Street

### AFFAIRS OF LUMBER COMPANY UNSETTLED

#### Mr. Justice Clement Reserves His Judgment Re Proceeds From Tugs

After a lengthy continuance of the arguments this morning in Supreme Court Chambers with reference to the disposition of the proceeds of the sale of two tugs, connected with the case between The Michigan Trust Company and The Canadian Puget Sound Company, Mr. Justice Clement reserved his judgment.

The main point at issue this morning was the construction of the Trust deed and in particular to the word "property" as applicable to the operation of the instrument in question. Acting on behalf of the Michigan Trust Company as Receiver, John R. Green took the stand that the mortgage on the two tugs "Pilot" and "Hope"—owned by the Island Towing Company—were comprised in the Canadian Puget Sound Lumber Company under the wording of that deed.

On the other hand, Ernest Miller, solicitor for the liquidator, contended that the tugs belonged to the Island Towing Company and that notes were given by the company to the Puget Sound concern covering the amount of the purchase price, as mortgages collateral to the notes. He argued that such mortgages remained in fact as exceptions from the operation of the Trust Deed.

The mortgage given by the Puget Sound Company to the Michigan Trust Company is for \$1,500,000 and secures the whole of the debt issue. It provides that the local company must keep a surplus of \$300,000 over and above all indebtedness, otherwise the mortgage is in default. On that fact Mr. Green based his argument that the Trust Company possessed the right to go in and take any of the assets including the mortgages on the two tugs in question.

Mr. Miller, however, persisted that the wording of the Trust Deed did not constitute a floating charge and that the money realized from the tugs belonged to the company, therefore to the liquidator and not to the mortgagee.

In the meantime G. H. Heisterman, who is taking charge of the interests of the Merchants' Bank, presses for the payments of the \$25,000 due to his client in respect of the Receiver's certificates. If the \$21,500 realized on the sale of the two tugs can go to set off the bank's claim Mr. Green suggests that the logging railway will not be torn up—a privilege already granted by judicial order to the bank—and the operations of the company as a going concern will not be interfered with.

### The Corporation of the City of Victoria

#### 5% 10-Year Serial Debentures Amounting to \$53,813.93.

Amount	Due Date
2,500.00	15th May, 1918
5,000.00	15th May, 1919
5,000.00	15th May, 1920
5,000.00	15th May, 1921
5,000.00	15th May, 1922
5,000.00	15th May, 1923
5,000.00	15th May, 1924
5,000.00	15th May, 1925
5,000.00	15th May, 1926
4,813.93	15th May, 1927

These debentures are a direct obligation of the City of Victoria and the principal and interest thereon are additionally secured by the special rates charged, levied and imposed upon and to be collected under By-law No. 1840, and the funds from time to time representing the same.

They bear the certificate of the Inspector of Municipalities for the Province of British Columbia, are in denominations of \$500.00 each, bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly, and are payable, both as to principal and interest, at the Bank of British North America, in either London, New York, Montreal, Toronto or Victoria, at holders' option. The debentures have coupons attached, and the interest is payable on the 15th day of May and the 15th day of November in each year, the first date of payment being the 15th of November, 1917.

Applications confined to residents of the City of Victoria, the Municipalities of Oak Bay, Saanich and Esquimalt, and the adjacent districts will be received for any amount from \$500.00 upwards in multiples of \$500.00. The purchase price must be paid in cash. The purchaser will be required to pay the interest from the date of the debentures until the receipt of the purchase price by the Corporation.

A brokerage of one-quarter of one per cent. will be allowed to brokers doing business in the City of Victoria on all applications made by them on behalf of clients residing in any of the above localities.

JAS. L. RAYMUI, City Comptroller.  
City Hall, Victoria, B. C.,  
25th June, 1917.

### Esquimalt School Board

Wanted, applications for assistant principal (male) for Lampton Street School, Esquimalt. Salary \$1100. Applications will be received up to July 15. Apply by letter to Capt. A. Mulcahy, Thornburn P. O.

## B. C. Funeral Co.

(Hayward's) Ltd.  
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734 Broughton Street  
Motor or Horse-Drawn Equipment

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VICTORIA DAILY TIMES  
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Phone your order to 4253  
THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.  
WINE DEPARTMENT  
1112 Douglas St. Open till 10 p. m.

### DUNFORD'S SPECIALS

Choice, clear, little, building lots, close in, low taxes, to exchange for half section in Goose Lake, Saanich district, well assumed. Bring in your farm listings.  
DUNFORD'S, 211 Union Bank Bldg.

### Answers to Times Want Ads.

The following replies are waiting to be called for:  
30, 45, 101, 164, 236, 247, 300, 333, 345, 372, 473, 478, 517, 524, 545, 567, 568, 583, 740, 957, 1029, 1058, 1479, 1723.

### TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

- DIGNONISMS—The average girl would rather be in love than be happy. Young Printing Co., 506 Yates Street. Pleasure sets, consisting of plates of various kinds, napkins, spoons, table cloth, 50¢.
- WHY GO HOME TO EAT when you can get a nice, tasty lunch at the Veneon Cafe for 25¢? Try it once and you will keep on trying it. Tables for ladies.
- LAWN MOWERS sharpened, collected, delivered. \$1; year's guarantee. Dand, ridge, machinist, Phone 3387, 473.
- WANTED—Men with cast-off clothing to Phone 2907 or call 704 Yates.
- ALL CLASSES of household furniture obtainable at Ferris's, 1418 Douglas.
- HOUSES BUILT, house repairing done, or any kind of carpenter work. 843 Yates Street. Phone 1116B, 18 1/2.
- FOR RENT—Four roomed cottage, clean and modern, close to car. Phone 4201, Apply 154 King's Road.
- HOKING—James Bay plumber, Phone 3716, 365 St. James Street. Repairs, ranges connected, colls made, garden water pipe laid, etc.
- WANTED—Position as bookkeeper, thorough commercial experience, good reference. Appl. Box 600, Times.
- FOR RENT—Three-room cottage, all modern, furnished, hot and cold water. 119, 1247 Belmont Road.
- FOR RENT—Six-room, furnished house, James Bay, \$12 per month. Apply 104 Dallas Road.
- FOR RENT—Modern furnished, ten roomed house, with garage, centrally located. Box 615, Times.
- LOST—On Sunday, bay horse, white feet. Reward. Lloyd-Young & Russell, 1012 Broad Street.
- WANTED—Strong boy, about seventeen years. Auto Supply Co., 1115 Bishan Street.
- SHAWNIGAN LAKE—For sale, three lots with about 170 feet of waterfront, building 60x70, part lined and partitioned into building room; best fishing part of lake; \$75, a snap. Flint & Co., 832 Broughton Street.
- WANTED—To rent for one week, quiet saddle horse for lady. Phone 583, 23.
- WANTED—At once, young English woman, experienced cook, in family of four. Box 1060, Times.
- SMALL CAPITALIST, desiring light work, would enter into partnership in a concern with good prospects. Apply briefly in writing, confidentially, to Box 611, Times.
- FOR SALE—No. 1512 Fort Street, seven roomed, modern cottage, brick foundation, furnace, lot 52x132 more or less, only \$2100, terms. P. R. Brown, Broad Street. Phone 1074.
- HORSE AND BUGGY for sale. 1, Oakes, Strawberry Vale.

### TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

- FOR SALE—Small cook stove, McClary, No. 7, newly new; also gent's bicycle. Box 685, Times.
- MRS. SHOWME, have you been to Hume's for afternoon tea yet? If not, you should try it. Mrs. Havebeen, 328.
- FOR SALE—Tent, 12x28, fine for family camping. Apply Jones, photographer, 141 Esquimalt Road.
- FOR SALE—Steel lifeboat, 14 ft. 37, Box 626, Times.
- SINGER MACHINES for rent. 718 Yates, Phone 623.
- LOST—Cameo brooch, Saturday afternoon. Return to Box 623, Times. Reward.
- WANTED—40 to 50 h. p. automobile chassis, suitable to convert into a tractor. Finley's Garage, Johnson St.
- PICTURE FRAMES and tea trays to order. 718 Yates.
- SNAP—Box top Singer, \$6. 718 Yates, Phone 623.
- FOR RENT—Six roomed house on Bay Street, with large garden, \$12 per month; six roomed, furnished bungalow, modern and new, 10 minutes' walk from Brentwood Bay, store and the Griffith Company, Hibben-Bone Building.
- HUME'S ice cream parlor and tea rooms now open, 652 Yates Street.
- Good English Venetian blinds, 18 practically new, different sizes. Phone 667, 328.
- FOLLOWING drop-head machines at reduced prices for week. Automate New Home, Singer, White, Davis, Wheeler, etc. 718 Yates.
- IVY, meet me at Hume's ice cream parlor, 652 Yates Street, Sunday evening, Ed. Yates Street.
- TO LET—Garage, \$2 month. Apply 1045 Yates Street.
- A LADY WANTED for office work. Apply Burdick Brothers & Brett, Ltd., 623 East Street.
- LOST—Sum of money and small purse, between Maynard's Shoe Store and corner Johnson and Broad via Broad. Phone 2531L, Reward.
- FOR RENT—Furnished flat, James Bay, summer camp at Brentwood. Apply The Beehive.
- WANTED—Small screw cutting lathe. Box 615, Times.
- FOR SALE—Ford body, \$100. Ford coach, \$5. Broughton Repair Shop, 75 Broughton Street.
- ROCHON'S chocolates and candies are different. You can get them at Hume's, 652 Yates Street.
- EIGHT ACRES, waterfront (good beach), Cordova Bay, \$500 per acre, terms. McPherson & Fullerton Bros., 528 Central Bldg. Phone 1808.
- TO RENT—Fully furnished, particularly convenient, 4 roomed house, close in. Apply Robert Grubb, Mabon Block.
- ORCHARD FOR SALE—Small, convenient to city, beautiful situation, fine condition, all bearing, see crop. \$1,500 per acre. Apply "Orchard," Times Office.
- VICTORIA WEST AND ESQUIMALT—Fine fresh water alabwood, cut any length, \$4 cord; best cordwood, \$6.50 G. L. Walker, 281H.
- FOR RENT—Houses, furnished and unfurnished. The best insurance policies, covering fire, life, accident and sickness, written in the strongest companies. The Griffith Company, Hibben-Bone Building.
- FOR SALE—Good horse and harness, one good and one rough buggy, \$100 the lot. Harman, 704 Fort.
- DE CONWAY'S M. D. Flinters may be contacted at 511 Bayward Bldg. 3720.
- WANTED—Woman to take care of baby afternoons. Apply morning or evening, 28 Dallas Avenue.



# COAL

Great care should be exercised in placing your winter's coal order. People that know coal qualities are placing their order with us for our famous WELLINGTON Lump Coal.....\$3.50 Nut Coal.....\$7.75

## HALL & WALKER

ESTABLISHED 1882  
Distributors Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir), 1, 1-4 Wellington Coal  
1212 Government St. Phone 23

### MARMALADE MONTHS FOR THE GERMANS

Ration of Fat Next Winter Must Be Less Than Last Winter

Copenhagen, June 27.—The Germans are informed officially that the ration of fat next winter will be less than the scanty allowance of fifty grams weekly last winter, and that therefore marmalade, preserves, etc., must be relied on almost exclusively to render the daily bread palatable.

Following the precedent set in the French Revolution, the central bureau charged with the distribution of fruits and vegetables has introduced a new division of time. The year hereafter will be divided into nine marmalade months and three comports months, according to the materials for bread-spreading.

Although the announcement has a semi-humorous appearance, it has a serious bearing for it emphasizes measures taken to balance the cessation of exports from the United States of fats to Germany and also of shipments of apples which occasionally reached the Central Empires from America.

The bureau also contemplates a regulation limiting individual purchases of fruit to two or three pounds "Drummondville," "Levis," etc., are heaped against the walls. The officials are all residents of this city. They are: President, J. D. Prince; treasurer, Louis Hurlbut, C. E.; secretary, Anatole Vanier.

According to Mr. Vanier the league has no official connection with other anti-conscriptionist bodies, though its principles are distinctly Nationalist. It has been in existence for the past two years. Mr. Vanier insists on the loyalty to the Crown of the league members, but says that the adoption of conscription by the present Dominion Government will meet with such bitter opposition from French-Canada as to make its enforcement impossible.

One form of petition is to be signed by the mothers of men who would be affected by the draft, and another by the men themselves. Those receiving blanks are urged to "petition unceasingly" against conscription.

### FOR PROHIBITION

Washington, June 27.—With drastic prohibition amendments to prohibit the manufacture of beer as well as distilled liquors and giving the President discretion to permit the manufacture of wine only, the administration food bill was agreed to today by the Senate Agriculture Committee and favorably reported as a substitute for the bill now under consideration.

### LIBERALIZATION OF GERMANY DEMANDED

Agitation for Adoption of New System of Government in Chief Enemy State

Berlin, June 27.—Agitation for immediate liberalization of Germany is growing daily. Even newspapers heretofore strongly conservative tendencies are urging reforms. A number of leaders of German thought, heretofore reactionary, apparently now favor greater reform.

Such newspapers as the Vorwarts (the Socialist organ), the Tageblatt and the Vossische Zeitung are pointing the way. But most significant was the statement issued to-day by the historian, Prof. Otto Hintze. He said: "We Prussians can not stand aloof in the midst of Germany, of Europe and of the whole world, and resist liberalization. We are threatened with dangerous isolation from the world's people."

The greatest importance was attached to Prof. Hintze's declarations, since he has heretofore never given evidence of any Liberal tendencies.

The Reichstag will reopen its sessions July 5, and on that date the so-called Constitution Committee will make its report. This body, of which Philip Scheidemann, the majority Socialist leader, is chairman, adopted recommendations in May which were enthusiastically hailed by certain elements in Germany as tending toward immediate liberalization of the government. The Constitution Committee has been authorized to make recommendations to the Kaiser himself.

Their suggestions, announced on May 31, were:

To make the Imperial Chancellor directly responsible to the Reichstag, as well as to the Emperor.

Re-districting of Germany so that the Reichstag may be more representative.

After having made the recommendation as to the Chancellor, the committee proceeded to vitiate all the reform nature of this suggestion by declining to give the Reichstag any power over the removal of the Chancellor. The Constitution Committee, headed by the pro-Government Socialist leader, Scheidemann, is determined by pro-Government forces—that is, by the Chancellor and the autocratic German machine. The committee is to hold further sessions in July.

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### ITALY AND DESIRES OF GREEK NATION

Venezelos Will Have Task of Coming to an Understanding

New York, June 27.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune wires:

The active participation of Greece in the war as an ally of the Entente Powers depends on the ability of the Allies to make the national desires of Italy and Greece in the Near East fit in together. It was asserted here (in Washington) to-day, the negotiations will be in the hands of M. Venezelos, who has just been requested by King Alexander to form a new cabinet following the resignation of the Zaimis Ministry. Venezelos, it was stated to-day in a well-informed quarter, is likely to become very conservative when he obtains control of the Government, and this, in the opinion of some Entente diplomats here, will not be an unwelcome attitude on his part.

The immediate point of difference between Greece and Italy is the Italian occupation of parts of Epirus, inhabited and civilized by Greeks, but which were included within Albania when the map of the Balkans was redrawn by the London conference after the Balkan War. Italian troops have gone further and entered Greece, taking possession of the city of Janina.

Greece desires the fruits of her military success in the Balkan Wars and claims as a legitimate part of them all Epirus, which would include the part of Southern Albania occupied by the Italian arms, running roughly from the Greek-Albanian border south of Lake Cridati to a point below the Bay of Valona. What were the engagements entered into between Italy and the Allies and further understandings reached at the recent conference in Rome, which was followed by the Italian occupation of Janina in Greece, are not known here, but all uncertainty will have to be cleared up before Venezelos will commit Greece to a participation in the war, it was asserted.

Asia Minor.

Greek and Italian ambitions cross again in Asia Minor, Greece desiring Smyrna and a strip of territory along the coast in both directions from Smyrna, including the islands along the coast, all of which Greek statesmen of all parties contend are Greek in population and interest. Smyrna has been called the Liverpool of the Near East, and for it to pass into Greek hands would be a blow to Italian commercial interests, according to the position of the Rome Government.

The withdrawal of the Russian demand for Constantinople has removed one obstacle to Greece's entrance into the war, as Athens contends also that the Turkish capital is Greek and ought to pass into Greek hands from the fact that it is a Greek city.

At the same time Greece would not expect to be given Constantinople without resistance by Russia, but a partial solution might be reached by either nation being awarded the Bosphorus and the Dardanelles, it was stated here to-day.

Much optimism was expressed here to-day over the outlook for the establishment of a strong unified Government at Athens, representing all Greeks and with a singleness of purpose for the nation. Four commissioners were appointed last week—two representing the Venezelos Provisional Government and two the Zaimis Ministry, with M. Jonnart, the Entente High Commissioner acting as umpire, to arrange a modus vivendi and to recommend a plan for the consolidation of Greece politically. The result was the resignation of the Zaimis Cabinet and King Alexander's invitation to Venezelos to organize a new Ministry. Venezelos will have the support of the throne and of the members of the retiring Ministry, some of whom are expected to accept membership under the presidency of Venezelos. The advantage of new arrangement, it was stated, will be to enable Greece to present a united front to the Entente, as the nation has grown weary of division and trusts Venezelos to pilot it through the right course in his negotiations with the Allies.

### BRITISH LEADER HAS HINDENBURG PUZZLED

Hun Chief Does Not Know Where to Expect the Next Blow; is Weakening

With the British Armies in the Field, June 27.—Field-Marshal Haig has Hindenburg guessing. Shifting like a master boxer, hitting first with his right and then with his left—the British commander keeps his Prussian opponent not only puzzled, but on the defensive, with his back against the ropes. There is not any doubt that Prussia shows signs of weakening. It is up to the Allies now to hit hard.

To-day Sir Douglas Haig continued his tactics throughout the length of the British front, harrying the enemy everywhere. While the enemy anxiously watched some spot where the German commanders think they have detected a "little heavier artillery fire than elsewhere—apparently signaling preparation for an attack—Haig drives forward somewhere else. Every day threatens Lens more. Every day sees local battles and local retirements by the enemy.

Further north, the same strategy is being followed. The weather is hot and sultry. Air floats thick and blindingly. The Prussian machines are curiously but conspicuously avoiding battle whenever possible.

### PETITIONS AGAINST CONSCRIPTION PLAN

Sent Out for Signatures by a League Existing in Montreal

Montreal, June 27.—The Patriotic League of Canadian Interests, which dispatches from Windsor, Ont., yesterday described as sending blank petitions there for signatures in protest against the Government's Military Service Bill, houses itself in a little room in Notre Dame Street here. Great piles of signed petitions done up in bundles marked "Sherbrooke," "Drummondville," "Levis," etc., are heaped against the walls. The officials are all residents of this city. They are: President, J. D. Prince; treasurer, Louis Hurlbut, C. E.; secretary, Anatole Vanier.

According to Mr. Vanier the league has no official connection with other anti-conscriptionist bodies, though its principles are distinctly Nationalist. It has been in existence for the past two years. Mr. Vanier insists on the loyalty to the Crown of the league members, but says that the adoption of conscription by the present Dominion Government will meet with such bitter opposition from French-Canada as to make its enforcement impossible.

One form of petition is to be signed by the mothers of men who would be affected by the draft, and another by the men themselves. Those receiving blanks are urged to "petition unceasingly" against conscription.

### AMERICANS LANDED DESPITE THE GERMANS

Troops Crossed Safely to France Although Submarines Were Waiting

Washington, June 27.—The troops from this country landed in France yesterday and to-day are regular, and comprise the division which President Wilson directed to proceed to France "at the earliest possible time." Information of what other troop movements may be made is surrounded by censorship to insure, as far as possible, a safe voyage through the submarine zone.

It is not permissible to say what precautions were taken to get the American troops past the waiting German submarines, but there is no doubt that the precautions were carefully worked out because it is generally believed that some time ago most of the German submarine fleet was withdrawn from its attacks on commercial shipping to make it ready to ambush the American troopships in force.

The successful landing, while a source of gratification to officials here viewed from the point of being a military operation, is regarded with added significance for its moral effect on Germany. If it is permitted to become known there.

The reference in the cable dispatches to a duplication "of yesterday's surprise," intimating that there also was a landing yesterday, passes without comment here but obviously discloses a landing of a contingent not recorded in yesterday's dispatches.

### COAL MINES ARE ORDERED REOPENED

Commissioner W. H. Armstrong Takes Step to Rectify Situation in District 18

Calgary, June 27.—The mines in District 18 and in the Red Deer valley will be reopened at once. An order to the operators to this effect was issued today by Commissioner W. H. Armstrong, who was appointed by the Dominion Government to investigate the situation and to take such action as might be deemed necessary in the public interest.

Mr. Armstrong has wide powers under the order-in-council under which he is acting, and the operators have no recourse but to obey the mandate. The mines probably will be in operation by next Tuesday, July 2. The word has to be disseminated among the men, who are widely scattered as a consequence of the prolonged strike, and it will be impossible to get them together before that date.

The terms under which the mines will operate will be those enumerated by R. P. Green, M. P., during his recent inquiry here. Mr. Green reported in favor of the operators eliminating the penalty clause, of their paying an increase of 7 1/2 per cent. more than that of the tentative agreement, and of appointing a commission to investigate the cost of living and conditions every four months at the request of either party. These terms provide for an increase over the old agreement of about 2 1/2 per cent., as the scale in the tentative agreement was about 15 per cent. above that of the old agreement. The penalty clause was to penalize the men if they violated the agreement.

## FINANCIAL NEWS

### MONTREAL STOCKS

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Ames Holden, pref.	102 1/2	102 1/2
Bell Telephone	113 1/2	113 1/2
Brazilian Trac.	28 1/2	28 1/2
B. C. Fish	43 1/2	43 1/2
Can. Consol. com.	62 1/2	62 1/2
Can. Car. Edy. com.	22 1/2	22 1/2
Can. pref.	72 1/2	72 1/2
Can. S. S. com.	43 1/2	43 1/2
Can. S. S. pref.	84 1/2	84 1/2
Can. Locomotive	56 1/2	56 1/2
Can. Cottons	51 1/2	51 1/2
Can. Gen. Elec.	102 1/2	102 1/2
Can. Steel	108 1/2	108 1/2
Cons. M. & S.	25 1/2	25 1/2
Detroit United	108 1/2	108 1/2
Dom. Bridge	128 1/2	128 1/2
Dom. I. & S.	62 1/2	62 1/2
Dom. Paper	125 1/2	125 1/2
Lake of Woods Mig.	125 1/2	125 1/2
Laurentide Co.	120 1/2	120 1/2
Laurentide Paper	84 1/2	84 1/2
Loyal Const. Co.	72 1/2	72 1/2
Maple Leaf Mig.	75 1/2	75 1/2
Montreal Cotton	53 1/2	53 1/2
MacDonald Co.	15 1/2	15 1/2
N. S. Steel Co.	109 1/2	109 1/2
Ont. Steel Found.	108 1/2	108 1/2
Ont. Steel Found. pref.	24 1/2	24 1/2
Ogitive Mig. Co.	140 1/2	140 1/2
Peubans, Ltd.	71 1/2	71 1/2
Quebec Railway	19 1/2	19 1/2
Shawinigan Paper	125 1/2	125 1/2
Shawinigan Pulp	15 1/2	15 1/2
Do, pref.	56 1/2	56 1/2
Steel of Can.	85 1/2	85 1/2
Molson Bank	128 1/2	128 1/2
Brompton	66 1/2	66 1/2

### GERMAN MINISTER DISPLEASED NORWAY

Christiania Insisted Michaelis Be Recalled; Two More Norwegian Ships Sunk

London, June 27.—Reports received here from Norway say that the recall of German Minister Michaelis is attributed to Norway's insistent demand. He has been succeeded by Admiral Paul von Hintze, former Minister to Mexico and China.

The reports say that the German legation at Christiania formally protested against the breaking of the German official seals on the baggage of Anton Rautenfels, a German who is among those arrested in connection with the conspiracy to blow up seized ships. The legation demanded the surrender of his trunk, but without success. There is no confirmation of the statement printed in Paris that Germany asked Norway to apologize for the breaking of the seals.

### ENEMY OUT-BOMBED BY BRITISH AIRMEN

Earl Derby Says They Drop Hundred Projectiles to Germans' One

London, June 27.—In the House of Lords last night the Earl of Derby, Minister of War, speaking in behalf of the Government, expressed the belief that the whole country would associate itself with the suggestion that England should not try to imitate German brutality. He added, on the authority of the head of the aircraft service in France, that for every bomb the Germans dropped behind the British lines, the British dropped a hundred behind the German lines. This bombing, he said, had a military object alone and the Government considered that nothing should be done to the hands of the military authorities in the employment of the aircraft at their disposal in the best way to bring the war to a successful conclusion.

### CONTROL OF COPPER, LEAD AND TIMBER IN UNITED STATES

Washington, June 27.—Copper, lead and their products and lumber and timber are additional articles to which Government control would be extended during the war under amendments to the food control bill adopted to-day by the Senate Agricultural Committee.

### RUSSIAN CABINET GROWS IN STRENGTH

Washington, June 27.—The Russian Provisional Government's first threat of force made to suppress disorders in Petrograd was reported in dispatches to the Russian Mission to-day. Hostile demonstrations in connection with a threatened counter-revolutionary movement were prevented. The dispatches indicate the growing strength of the Provisional Government.

### CORN REPLACES WHEAT IN CHICAGO MARKET

Chicago, June 27.—It is generally understood among the grain men that the Government, acting through the Food Conservation Commission, is to fix a price for wheat for the entire crop. It is to vary in different markets, depending upon the rates of freight. Country and terminal elevators are to be used on a storage basis. The buying of wheat, it is said, will be through the Wheat Export Company, corn through Parker & Graff; oats by the Grain Growers' Company, which has handled the bulk of the business for more than a year; and provisions through Busham, the buyer for the Belgian Relief Commission. Some people in the trade think the working of the future markets in wheat can be used to better advantage in the long run. The new plan, however, is to be given a trial. The new embargo law gives the President and the Export Council control of the entire export situation.

Corn bulls regard the cash situation as strong enough to remain the controlling factor for some time to come. Bears expect that the cash premiums will soon narrow and that the bill will be appointed at the small help they may get from that quarter later.

Further pressure appeared on wheat to-day, the July option selling at one time 3 cents below yesterday's closing price, but it rallied towards the close, showing a net loss for the day of 4 cents. Corn opened around the previous close, and after some heaviness during the early part of the session developed marked strength towards the close, making a gain of about 2 cents on the day's trading. Oats were inclined to follow the lead in corn, showing considerable strength.

### LOCAL SUCCESSES

Eight Victorians Pass Examinations for Entrance to Royal Military College.

Ottawa, June 27.—The results of the Royal Military College examinations for entrance, announced here to-day, show that the successful candidates include the following from British Columbia: P. W. Nelson, G. L. Elkington, M. J. Evans, A. D. Mackay, A. L. Keller, E. L. Errington and E. Creery, all of Victoria.

### GENERAL PETAIN TELLS WHY ALLIES ARE IN THE FIGHT

Paris, June 27.—General Petain, the French Commander-in-Chief, has written a series of articles entitled "Why Are We Fighting?" the first of which appears to-day in the army bulletin. The general tells in clear and simple terms the objects of the war and why a premature peace must not be concluded.

The Pizarro says the article is an answer to the abominable propaganda which is carried on in many parts of the country, even in the trenches.

F. L. Haynes, 1124 Government St., store for reliable watch and jewelry.

### JUGGLED RECORDS

San Francisco, June 27.—The suspension of William H. Gassaway, Chinese inspector of the Angel Island immigration station here, on charges of malfeasance in office and juggling of records was confirmed to-day by Commissioner of Immigration Edward White.

### FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO EMPIRE'S ARMIES

San Francisco, June 27.—Three hundred Canadian and British residents have been recruited in California during the past three weeks by the Canadian recruiting offices and the Royal Engineers. The Canadian recruits will be sent to Vancouver and the Royal Engineers to New York.

### TO-DAY'S TRADING ON THE WINNIPEG MARKET

Winnipeg, June 27.—The rumors as to fixed prices in the United States was reflected in weaker markets everywhere. Cash trade in Winnipeg was light and prices for wheat dropped 5 cents on contract grades. There was a good demand for cash oats by export houses which are known to buy on Government account. Winnipeg October dropped 2 cents on comparatively little trade. July and October oats were unchanged. December was 1 cent down. July flax was off 4c. and October 3 cents.

Wheat—	Open	High	Low	Close
July	154	154	154	154
Sept.	154	154	154	154
Oct.	154	154	154	154
Nov.	154	154	154	154
Dec.	154	154	154	154

### REGULAR ARMY OF STATES STILL NEEDS ABOUT 50,000 MEN

Washington, June 27.—With recruiting week half gone, War Department officials estimated to-day that the regular army still is more than 50,000 men short of war strength, the goal it had been hoped to attain by Friday night.

On the face of the returns so far it is apparent that there has been no general response among men of military age to President Wilson's call for 70,000 volunteers during the week to fill up the ranks of the regular establishments and thus complete the first big military preparation in the war against Germany.

Returns for the first three days in fact were below the average of the week preceding.

### PREMIER OF SPAIN THINKS HIS PEOPLE APPROVE MEASURES

Madrid, June 27.—Premier Dato said to-day the Government believed its measures had been well received by the public. (The Cabinet decided on Monday on the suspension of the constitutional guarantees.)

The Premier asserted that absolute calm reigned through the country and that the extreme measures to preserve order were necessary "in view of exaggerated newspaper comment which might lead to difficulties with other countries and thus endanger Spain's neutrality."

### RUSSIAN CABINET GROWS IN STRENGTH

Washington, June 27.—The Russian Provisional Government's first threat of force made to suppress disorders in Petrograd was reported in dispatches to the Russian Mission to-day. Hostile demonstrations in connection with a threatened counter-revolutionary movement were prevented. The dispatches indicate the growing strength of the Provisional Government.

### TRADE OF CANADA IN APRIL AND MAY

Ottawa, June 27.—The total trade of Canada for April and May, the first two months of the present fiscal year, amounted to \$408,696,873, compared with \$389,598,515 last year, an increase for the two months of nearly 60 per cent.

The imports increased about \$75,000,000 and the exports about \$35,000,000. For May the total trade was \$256,660,615, compared with \$164,259,950 for May, 1916. The imports for May were valued at \$108,719,888 and the exports at \$147,940,727. The total revenue collected was \$17,082,823, an increase of \$4,000,000 over the previous May.

Every class of exports shows an increase during May over the corresponding month of the previous year. The principal increases were animals and their produce, amounting to \$11,378,808, compared with \$6,297,829; exports of agricultural products rose from \$17,432,750 to \$71,783,023; manufactured exports increased from \$27,734,477 to \$52,949,625.

### NEW YORK COTTON

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Open	High	Low	Close	
Jan.	26.30	27.18	26.75	26.75
Feb.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
Mar.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
Apr.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
May	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
June	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
July	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
Aug.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
Sept.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
Oct.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
Nov.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30
Dec.	26.30	27.18	26.30	26.30

### DAYLIGHT SAVING

Washington, June 27.—The daylight saving bill amended to take effect next year, passed the Senate to-day without discussion or record vote and was sent to the House. Under the bill all time-pieces would be turned forward one hour, beginning the last Sunday in April and continuing until the last Sunday in September.

### NEW YORK CUBS PRICES

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Open	High	Low	Close	
July	154	154	154	154
Sept.	154	154	154	154
Oct.	154	154	154	154
Nov.	154	154	154	154
Dec.	154	154	154	154

### NEW YORK BONDS

(By Burdick Bros. & Brett, Ltd.)

Open	High	Low	Close
U. S. 4 1/2% 1917	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
U. S. 4 1/2% 1918	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
U. S. 4 1/2% 1919	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
U. S. 4 1/2% 1920	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
U. S. 4 1/2% 1921	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2
U. S. 4 1/2% 1922	102 1/2	102 1/2	102 1/2

### NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, June 27.—Raw sugar firm; centrifugal, 8 1/4; molasses, 8 1/2; refined firm, unchanged, to 25 points higher. Fine granulated, 7 1/2 @ 7 3/4.

### METAL MARKET

New York, June 27.—Lead dull; spot, 11 1/2 @ 11 3/4; Spelter dull; spot, East St. spot, 11 1/2 @ 11 3/4; Copper firm; electrolytic, spot and nearby, 25 1/2 @ 25 3/4; nominal; third quarter and later deliveries, 25 1/2 @ 25 3/4; Iron firm and unchanged. Tin firm; spot, 42 1/2 @ 43.

**We Deliver Immediately - Anywhere**  
Phone your or- **4253**  
der to  
**THE HUDSON'S BAY CO.**  
WINE DEPARTMENT  
1122 Douglas St. Open till 10 p. m.



**WAS VERY POPULAR WITH HIS BATTERY**

**Quartermaster and Chaplain Pay Tribute to Sterling Worth of Late Bombardier Graves**

Mrs. E. Graves, of 594 Fernwood Road, the mother of the late Bombardier Storey G. Graves, has received the following letter from the dead boy's chum. It will be remembered that the young artilleryman went through the fighting at Vimy Ridge and came out safely, but soon afterwards was fatally hit. So serious were his hurts that he died on May 25 last and the following testimony to his splendid and many spirit will be noted by his many friends in the city. The writer is Quartermaster-Sergeant T. M. Hymah, of a howitzer battery:

"Since joining the army in September, 1914, I have met men of all classes and have continually fought beside them. Many are now beyond all earthly care, for they fell as soldiers want to fall. When your son came to France he came into the same unit as myself, the Ammunition Column. We played football together in the same team, we transferred to different batteries, but finally came together nearly a year ago into this battery. On the 26th of this month (May), Storer and

**WAS GENERAL FAVORITE**



**THE LATE BDR. S. O. GRAVES**  
Who succumbed to wounds on May 25 last.

ber, 1914, I have met men of all classes and have continually fought beside them. Many are now beyond all earthly care, for they fell as soldiers want to fall. When your son came to France he came into the same unit as myself, the Ammunition Column. We played football together in the same team, we transferred to different batteries, but finally came together nearly a year ago into this battery. On the 26th of this month (May), Storer and



**A Mark of Refinement**

Good taste suggests that everyone should give the teeth every care—no surer sign of refinement can be suggested than a mouth which shows the marks of careful attention to keeping the teeth healthy and in good repair.

I have given close and careful study for years to the art of preserving the natural beauty of expression to the mouth and face when it becomes necessary to replace the natural teeth. This is a matter which appeals to one and all—to have the youthful expression of beauty preserved and to ensure that "five-tooth" appearance which defies detection.

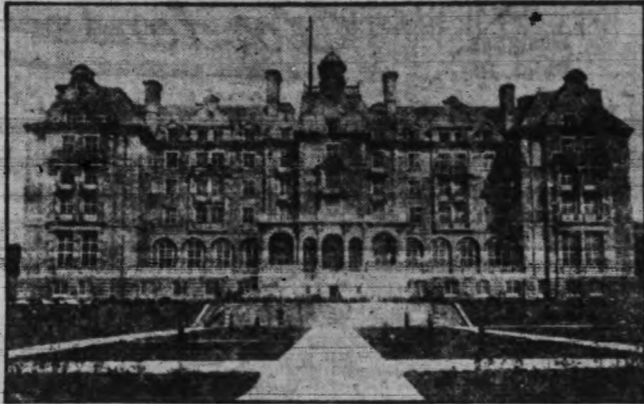
Every plate I make is moulded after close study of the face, modelled to conform to the natural lines of the face, so that they are raised to their original position, giving back perfectly the natural, youthful expression. My prices are unusually low for workmanship and quality so unusually high.

**LADIES ALWAYS IN ATTENDANCE**

Offices in the Reynolds Building  
Cor. of Yates and Douglas  
Phone 902

**Dr. Albert E. Clarke**

**Now Used for Military Administration**



Empire Hotel, Buxton, formerly one of the chain of large establishments controlled by Spiers and Pond, Limited, the noted Old Country railway restaurateurs. Now being utilized as the Canadian Discharge Depot.

myself had a few days rest and we took rides across the country together and altogether had a fine time.

"On the night of May 24 he went away to his old job again and while faithfully doing his duty he met his death. A small shell landed quite near him and he died quickly with a smile on his face. That was at noon on May 25, and the same evening we took him about five miles to the rear of the fighting lines. At 3 o'clock the next day we buried him in a coffin made by myself. The service at the graveside was a most impressive one. Your son was the whitest boy that ever lived. No one was more popular."

Captain (R.V.) Charles S. Oke, chaplain of the 2nd Brigade, C. F. A., also writes in very sympathetic terms, paying splendid tribute to the sterling worth of young Graves. He states that the funeral service was attended by two officers and a number of men from the battery, all of whom keenly felt his loss.

**DIED IN EAST AFRICA**

**Native Son a Victim to Black Fever in Recently Conquered Hun Territory.**

The distressing intelligence reached the city yesterday of the death on June 17 from black fever of Private Albert Cruickshank, while serving with the Canadian Army Medical Corps attached to the Imperial troops in German East Africa.

The young soldier was twenty-five years of age and a native son of Victoria. He enlisted with the medicals in the early part of December, 1915, and went to England with his detachment on Christmas Day of the same year. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. George Cruickshank, of 1119 North Park Street, whom he leaves to mourn his loss, as well as four brothers and one sister Mrs. Ross, of this city.

He was a mechanic by profession, and immediately prior to joining for active service he was engaged in driving one of the sight-seeing cars to the various points of interest in the city.

His brother Ralph is in France with the artillery. He is twenty-one years of age and left Victoria on May 29, last year. Of the other three brothers, Charles and Ernest reside here and George in Montana.

**NATIVE SON DIES**



**PRIVATE ALBERT CRUICKSHANK**  
Of the C. A. M. C., who succumbed to black fever while serving in the Empire's cause in German East Africa.

**HOME ON LEAVE**

Major J. F. Templeton, of the Pioneers, will spend three months in Canada; well-known here.

After twenty months continuous service in France with the Canadian Pioneers, Major J. F. Templeton, of Victoria, has returned to Canada on three months' leave. Mrs. Templeton has made her home at Chatham, Ont., during the absence of her husband on active service and the Major is intending to spend part of his holiday there at least. His plans are not yet known with regard to a visit to the west, although it is expected he will come as far as Victoria before returning to duty in France.

It was during the fierce fighting in the neighborhood of the Ypres salient about a year ago that the Major was seriously wounded by shrapnel in the face and about the body. Since that time he was required to spend several months in English hospitals, he was, however, able to return to France in time to take his share in the successful operations at Vimy Ridge and in the Somme sector.

Major Templeton is a Kingston graduate. He served with the 5th Highlanders here before joining the 8th Battalion, with which unit he went overseas in the spring of 1915. He was formerly associated with the firm of Gore & McGregor, of this city.

**DIES FOR COUNTRY**

**Lieut. V. R. Bennett, Former Master of University School, Killed in the Battle of Arras.**

Many Victoria cricket and football enthusiasts will deeply regret to learn of the death in action of Lieut. V. R. Bennett, formerly a member at University School prior to the outbreak of war, and for some time a prominent cricketer and footballer. According to a letter received in the city Lieut. Bennett fell at the battle of Arras on April 10.

Rejected here at the beginning of hostilities on account of his teeth, he was determined to take his part in the great fight and left for England immediately. He secured a commission in the Sherwood Foresters, trained at Sunderland, and was soon put in charge of a machine gun section and later made commandant at a large military camp at Harrowly, Lincolnshire.

Actualities, however, were eagerly sought by Lieut. Bennett, and he arranged to go to France after a short

period of duties in Lincolnshire. Of his last hours his commanding officer says that Lieut. Bennett was heroically leading his men and had got his guns into the first line trenches when the Germans counter-attacked. At first he was reported missing, but afterwards was posted "killed in action."

At University School, Lieut. Bennett was highly thought of by masters and boys alike. He was an excellent schoolmaster and a fine sportsman. During the time he was at Mount Tolly, he had a great influence among the students, inculcating the true ideals of sport on the field at the same time, encouraging the boys in their work in school. He coached the best Rugby fifteen that the school ever had. This team was the champion of the province and won the Virtue Cup in 1914. He captained the Incegs Cricket Club and was a fine all-round cricketer. He excelled in almost every form of athletics.

He was an M.A. of Trinity College, Dublin.

Red Cross Carnival—Four (4) Bands, Naval and Military Displays, sports, etc. Royal Athletic Park, Saturday 2 p. m.

**YOUNGEST SHOEMAN IN BUSINESS IN CITY**

**John Stewart Believes in Courtesy, Service, and Straight-forward Advertising**

John Stewart, although the youngest shoeman in the city, has nevertheless had a ripe experience in his particular line of business, and has done exceptionally well in Victoria. He comes of the Scottish race—a worthy representative of those from the land of the heather who have been prominent in laying the foundations of civilization in the west. It is exactly nine years since he left Greenock. He started in three years ago at 1321 Douglas Street, and has since opened a branch store at 705 Fort Street. Three weeks ago he purchased the Burris stock at 625

Yates, and intends to close it out by Saturday. Particulars of the special sale will be found in the advertising columns to-day.

Mr. Stewart believes in good shoes all the time, and in selling them on just a little closer margin than others. He believes that the public likes courtesy, quick service, and straightforward advertising, and that has been his policy throughout, with splendid results, not only for himself, but also for his customers.

**LAND ACT**

**VICTORIA LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF RENFREW.**

TAKE NOTICE that Stuart Stanley McDiarmid, of Vancouver, Land Surveyor, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 750 feet west of the S. E. corner of Sec. 12, Township 11, Renfrew District; thence north-easterly and westerly 35 chains more or less to the boundary of the Indian Reserve and being composed of all that portion of the S. E. 1/4 of Sec. 12 covered by water and not heretofore Crown Granted. STUART STANLEY McDIARMID, Agent for Goodwin Gotherd Johnson, May 7, 1917.

**MILITARY ORDERS**

Transfers and Appointments Authorized by the General Officer Commanding Military District No. 11.

The following announcements, affecting men of various British Columbia units, appear in Military Orders issued yesterday from Work Point Barracks under the direction of the general officer commanding, Brig.-Gen. R. G. E. Leckie, C. M. G.:

Transfers—Pte. Laird, Arm. A., from the 68th C. S. Depot Battery, C. E. F., to the Forestry Depot, C. E. F., Vancouver, B. C., with effect from 23.5.17. Pte. Michael White, from the Hevelstoke Forestry Draft, C. E. F., to "J" Unit, M. H. C. C., with effect from 15.6.17. Pte. E. Anderson, 2nd C. M. R., C. E. F., from "J" Unit, M. H. C. C., to No. 11 Special Service Company, with effect from 21.6.17.

Attached—Capt. M. V. McGuire, 2nd C. M. R., is hereby attached to "J" Unit, M. H. C. C., for treatment, with effect from 22.6.17. Lieut. L. L. Johnson, 11th Field Company, Canadian Engineers, is hereby attached to "J" Unit, M. H. C. C., for treatment.

The undermentioned is granted the temporary rank of major in the Canadian Militia, as stated: Capt. G. C. Draeske, Army Medical Corps, is detailed for duty, temporarily, as deputy assistant director of Medical Services, Military District No. 11, 10th May, 1917. Lieut. T. H. Twigg, 1st Regiment, B. C. Horse, attached to the 162nd Regiment, R. M. R., for duty at Mara Internment Camp, has been transferred to Morrissey Internment Camp and is hereby attached to the 107th E. K. Regiment for pay, quarters and rations, with effect from 1st June, 1917.

Appointments, Promotions, etc.—The following extracts from advance copies of General Order No. 55, dated 17th May, 1917, are published for information:

2nd Regiment (Seaforth Highlanders of Canada)—To be provisional lieutenant (superannuated), Harry Lawrence Pheasant, gentleman, 17th February, 1917.

162nd Regiment (Rocky Mountain Rangers)—Provisional Lieut. (superannuated) D. H. Russell is retired, 8th May, 1917.

Independent Company of Infantry, Nanaimo, B. C.—Capt. J. V. E. Carpenter is seconded, 14th March, 1917.

**5TH REGIMENT CONCERT**

Popular Band Will Render Concert at Beacon Hill on Sunday Afternoon, Dominion Day.

By the permission of Lieut.-Col. Angus and the officers of the regiment and of Alderman Dilworth, of the Park Commission, the band of the 5th Regiment C. F. A., will render a complimentary concert to the citizens of Victoria on Sunday afternoon, Dominion Day, at Beacon Hill Park.

This courtesy on the part of the band and officers of the Regiment will be much appreciated, and if existing weather conditions continue to prevail a most enjoyable afternoon will be spent by all who visit the park on July 1.

The following is the programme that will be rendered:

- March—Under the Stars and Stripes.
- Overture—Norman.
- Suite from The Conqueror.
- No. 1—Romance.
- No. 2—Entrance and Dance of Children.
- No. 3—Dance of Satyrs.
- Selection—The Firefly.
- Primo Cornet Solo—O Dry Those Tears.
- Terza Del Tizio.
- Air Varié—Eventide.
- Blinner.
- Selection—A Country Girl.
- Monckton.
- March—Waldmere.
- Lozey.
- God Save the King.

**WAR.**

How can I picture thee? Thou hast thy morn,  
Thy shad'w' e'et, and night as doth the day—  
Thy morn of splendor, bright in bold array,  
'Mid bugle, banner and acclaim; or borne 'Upon the strife hath honors won and worn.  
On thy proud breast the fame. Thy evening gray  
That palls with pallid death the field of fray.  
All ashen-lipp'd with features ghastly drawn.  
And then, alas, th' inevitable night,  
world and chills  
That creeps in grief the widow'd  
The cheerful hearth, and fond affection spills  
In seething tears, while mothers clasp more tight  
Their orphan babes, drinking those eyes that more  
And more mirror dear dead loves—such is war.  
DUDLEY H. ANDERSON.

**To-morrow, the J. N. Harvey Stores Begin a Gigantic Sale of Clothing, Hats and Furnishings**

We intend making it an event that you'll remember for value-giving—and remember that every Suit, every Shirt, every Hat or Underwear Garment was bought for our regular trade and from the best manufacturers in Canada or Britain.

Several months ago, when the clothing market was very uncertain, Mr. Harvey was informed by the manufacturers that he could expect only a portion of any orders. Knowing what was required for ordinary business, Mr. Harvey ordered double the requirements, feeling that if he secured one-half, he could meet ordinary demands. The result was that J. N. HARVEY LIMITED secured fully 95 per cent. of the orders, and now

**The Overstock Must Be Sold Within the Next Few Days**

It now becomes absolutely necessary to turn money into regular business channels, and the only way this can be done is to inaugurate this sale. THIS MONEY MUST BE SECURED QUICKLY, with the result that THE MEN OF VICTORIA NOW HAVE THE CHANCE OF THE WHOLE YEAR TO GET A HIGH-GRADE SUIT at a ridiculously low price. This also applies to Underwear, TIES, HATS and in fact, everything in the store.

Make a note of a few of these sale prices. Then remember that every Suit is GUARANTEED by J. N. HARVEY LIMITED as well as the manufacturers.



**A Few Only—English Flannel Suits**

Two-piece style. Plain grey and blue with white stripe. To clear at

**\$8.75**

**The Young Man, the Conservative Man, the Stout Man**

Can select from 200 or more of the finest Tweed or Worsted Suits that we could buy. Suits that are properly tailored for the many different types of men. Styles that are correct. Weaves and colorings that are new and in great variety. Sale prices

**\$12.75, \$16.75, \$19.75 and \$21.75**

**Two Special Prices New Pinch-Back Suits**

Every one of them new this season. Smartly tailored perfect fitting garments. You select from many different patterns. Sale prices

**\$14.75 and \$16.75**

**UNDERWEAR BARGAINS**

Porous Knit Combinations, knee length, short sleeves, per suit ..... \$1.00

**BALBRIGGAN COMBINATIONS.**

Short sleeves, long legs, per suit ..... \$1.00

Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, per suit ..... 95¢

Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, per garment ..... 25¢

**BATHING SUITS.**

Women's Blue Cashmere, with quarter sleeves, per suit and skirt ..... \$1.55

Men's Blue Cashmere, with skirt ..... \$1.55

Men's Bathing Suits, navy blue, with skirt, 65¢

Boys' Bathing Suits, with skirt, per suit, 45¢

Men's Gymnasium Shirts, all wool, half price ..... 75¢

Boys' Gymnasium Shirts, white merino ..... 25¢

**MEN'S GRAY FLANNEL TROUSERS**

All sizes. Reg. \$5.00 ..... \$4.25

**BOYS' LONG WHITE FLANNEL PANTS**

Just about half price ..... \$2.25

**MEN'S PANAMAS**

New shapes. Sale price ..... \$3.65

**SHIRT BARGAINS**

New Shirts, with soft cuffs and separate collar, all neat patterns. Sale price ..... 85¢

**SPORTS SHIRTS**

With new convertible collar. Sale price, \$1.10 and ..... \$1.35

Shirts from the best makers—W. G. & R. Tooke, Cluett and Crescent; soft or stiff cuffs. Values to \$2.00 ..... \$1.25

**CAN YOU WEAR SIZE 14 OR 14½?**

English Oxford and Zephyr Shirts, extra quality cloths; values to \$2.00. Sale price, \$1.00

Shirts with collar attached, size 14 and 14½. Sale price ..... 95¢

**MEN'S PYJAMAS.**

Nicely trimmed with frogs and new patterns ..... \$1.35

**MEN'S KHAKI JACKETS**

Just the thing for shooting or outdoor work. Reg. to \$5.00. Sale price ..... \$2.65

**ENGLISH WOOL MOTOR RUGS**

Just about half price ..... \$7.65

**BARGAINS IN MEN'S SOX**

Heavy Cotton Sox—Plain white and colored, 4 pairs for ..... 50¢

Black with white feet, 3 pairs for ..... 85¢

Black Silk Lisle, 3 pairs for ..... 55¢

White Silk Lisle, 3 pairs for ..... \$1.00

Black Silk Lisle, 3 pairs for ..... \$1.00

Heather Mixed Sox, 3 pairs for ..... 85¢

**MEN'S HATS AT SALE PRICES**

New shapes in soft hats; reg. \$3.00 and \$3.50. Sale price ..... \$2.45

**MEN'S SOFT HATS**

All good quality, but lonely Hats. Sale price ..... \$1.00

**MEN'S BLACK STIFF HATS**

Mostly large sizes. Sale price ..... \$1.00

To clear at ..... 75¢

**MEN'S STRAW BOATERS**

To clear at ..... 75¢

**MEN'S WORK SHIRTS**

Heavy Cotton Shirts, collar attached, full sizes and medium and dark colors ..... 65¢

**JESS WILLARD SHIRTS**

Plain blue, fast color, a big roomy shirt, all sizes to 17½ ..... \$1.00

**J. N. HARVEY, LTD.**  
LOOK FOR RED ARROW SIGN 614, 616 YATES STREET, ALSO 125, 127 HASTINGS, WEST, VANCOUVER



Finest Government Creamery Butter, per pound 45c

Prime Ontario Cheese—Per pound 30c

Local New Laid Eggs Guaranteed Government Contest. Per dozen 45c

Hygiene Peaches, in heavy syrup, 2 cans for 25c

Welch's Grape Juice, per bottle, 25c and 50c

Flakewhite—Similar to Crisco 3's, per tin, 75c. 5's, per tin, \$1.25

Honolulu Lady Pineapple, 2 cans for 25c

Peanut Butter, in bulk, per lb. 25c

New Zealand Onions In Prime Condition 6 lbs. for 25c

Ogilvie's "Canada's Best" Flour, 49-lb. sack \$3.25

Navel Oranges, sweet and juicy, per dozen 25c

Fresh Strawberries, Plums, Peaches, Apricots, Gooseberries, Canteloupes, Globe Artichokes, and Green Peppers.

DIXI ROSS "Quality Grocers," 1317 Government St. Phone 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

TWO WARDS WILL BE INCLUDED IN PLAN

Compromise on Fire Protection is Acceptable to Saanich Council

The Saanich Council last evening adopted a report from its water and sewers committee forming the basis of a fire protection scheme. It recommended that Wards II and VII should be made into the proposed area, excepting a part of Ward VII of a rural character. It was proposed to strike a rate of one mill upon the assessed value of all land and 50 per cent. of the improvements of the area affected, for the purpose of establishing and maintaining the fire department. Such plan must be approved by the vote of the ratepayers of the districts affected. The committee, in its report, said: "Although the fire department when established will be for the special benefit of the district so defined, it is also realized that benefits will accrue to other portions of the municipality, more particularly to those portions that have suitable water service, as we would recommend both to the present Council and to each succeeding Council, that in addition to any contribution in aid of the fire department made from the general revenue of the municipality, an additional sum be given equal to \$1 per month per hydrant for each hydrant which is installed outside the defined fire area, such additional sum to be deducted pro rata from the ward appropriation of the wards in which the hydrants are installed." The report recommended an expenditure of equipment totalling \$1,125.29, and with \$200 held over for contingencies, a sum of \$1,325.29 would be required this year. Temporary housing is proposed for the apparatus. Operating charges in future years are figured at \$4,110. The assessable value of the defined districts are as follows: Ward II, assessed value of land \$1,322,580, and half of the assessed value of improvements, namely, \$429,392; Ward VII, assessed value of land \$1,552,590; and half of the assessed value of improvements, namely, \$415,283; total \$4,110,760. The rate of one mill on the assessed district will yield \$3,672.76; grant from general revenue \$2,500; and from hydrant charges, Ward I, \$324; Ward IV, \$300; Ward V, \$24; total \$6,520. The proposal having already been discussed in committee, the report was adopted without discussion.

INTERESTING CASE SETTLED YESTERDAY

Century Old Assurance Company Lost Action Against Younger Institution

Of considerable interest to insurance men in this province was the case disposed by Mr. Justice Clement in the Supreme Court here yesterday afternoon, when he dismissed, with costs, the action brought by the Guardian Assurance Company, Limited, against A. S. Matthew and Superintendent of Insurance E. F. Gunther. The case involved the similarity of name of two companies, the one nearly a century old with connections in many parts of the world, and the other a company of Salt Lake City, Utah, now seeking to do business in the Province of British Columbia under the provisions of the B. C. Act. In March last it will be recalled, from the proceedings in the Supreme Court Chambers, the Superintendent of Insurance issued a license under the British Columbia Insurance Act to the Guardian Fire Insurance Company, Limited, of Salt Lake City, Utah. A project was immediately lodged by the Guardian Assurance Company, Limited, of London, and an ex parte injunction was obtained against the Superintendent of Insurance issuing, and against A. S. Matthew, the proposed General Manager for British Columbia, applying for a license under the Act. Evidence by Commission. Subsequently on April 5 last an application was made to Mr. Justice Gregory to set aside the injunction. The judge dismissed the motion on the undertaking of the plaintiff to assume responsibility for any loss sustained by the Salt Lake City company as the result of the injunction, also on their agreeing to speed the trial of the action. Mr. Justice Murphy made a further order in May for the issuance of a commission to take the evidence of the plaintiff's Canadian manager and other witnesses at Montreal. The scope of the commission also included provision for the taking of evidence of different officers having charge of insurance records in the different provinces and for the Dominion, such to be taken by affidavit. On the second amendment of the plaintiff's statement of claim Mr. Justice Clement, when the matter came before him at the early part of this month, fixed the date of trial for June 25. The action commenced on Monday, occupying the time of the Court for two days and resulting in its dismissal with costs yesterday afternoon. Many Other Similar Cases. The major portion of the time of the trial was devoted to the taking of evidence on behalf of the plaintiff, including the commission evidence of the London Company's officials and witnesses. The latter dealt mainly with the alleged exclusive right of the plaintiff company to the word Guardian as part of a corporate name. Further evidence adduced went to show, with regard to the plaintiff's arguments on the subject of similarity of name, that other companies were operating with names, of which Guardian formed a part and that there were other names just as similar as those of the two companies, parties to the present issue. The judge decided that there was not sufficient evidence produced before him to show that the plaintiff had acquired an exclusive right to use the word Guardian as a part of its name or that the Salt Lake City company had in any way attempted to take undue advantage of such circumstances as were existing. He held that the word Guardian was a suitable and a natural name for a company to adopt. Suggestion of Appeal. The judge refused an application by the plaintiff to allow the continuance of the injunction until an appeal from his decision could be heard. The Guardian Assurance Company, Limited, was represented by E. C. Mayers, Q. C., Cameron appeared for A. S. Matthew and Deputy Attorney-General A. M. Johnson for Mr. Gunther as Superintendent of Insurance for British Columbia.

PREPARE BY-LAWS FOR RATEPAYERS

Saanich Council Will Shortly Take Opinion on Two Subjects

QUESTION OF PRICE

Implement Shed at Garbally Road Yard Threatens to Cost More Than Expected.

SPECIAL MEETING FRIDAY

Several Matters for Attention of Aldermen: Two Deputations to Be Heard.

MORE PEACE PREDICTIONS.

The "estimate" of the Office of Works that the end of the war will come not later than July of next year will set the tongues wagging. The department suggests the postponement of the demolition of houses in Whitehall Place until July, 1921, which is the nearest estimate the department can make, as being "two years and nine months from the quarter day next following the declaration of peace."

GOOD BLOOD

"Blood will tell." Blisters and blemishes, like murder, will out, unless the blood is kept pure. Its purity is restored and protected by the faithful use of BEECHAM'S PILLS

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Worth a Guinea a Box. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations. Beware of cheap imitations.

Gordons July Designer. Price, 10c. 739 Yates St. Phone 5510

A Remarkable Sale of 300 Attractive Mid-Summer Hats Thursday, at \$1.95

Just received a collection of some 300 Hats, acquired by special purchase. The lot includes almost an endless array of smart styles in Tagel, Wenehow and Milan straws. The popular sailor is very much in evidence, also included is a fine range of Girls' and Misses' Ready-to-Wear Hats of Milan straw with fancy bands. The colors are sage, citron, grey, mustard, rose, green, sand, navy, black, white and many two-tone effects. Regular values up to \$5.00. Special to-day \$1.95

Smart New Wash Suits at \$10.00 to \$25.00

We have just unpacked them and they certainly are beauties. They are made of Palm Beach cloth in striking sport styles with large collars and natty pockets, shown in these shades—sky, maize, grey, pink, tan, fawn, rose, and white. All sizes. Price \$10.00 to \$25.00

Women's Tub Skirts, Priced at \$1.25 to \$3.50

They are made of repp, pique, cotton, gabardine and Palm Beach cloth. Many smart styles to choose from. All are made wide and finished with pockets. Some have fancy girdles. Sizes 23 to 36 inch waist. Price \$1.25 to \$3.50

Featuring "Made in Canada" White Cottons and Sheetings

For Thursday's selling we invite your attention to our magnificent range of Made-in-Canada White Cottons and Sheetings. For wear and value they are the best on the market to-day. We emphasize the fact also that our purchases for these goods were made some months ago—hence our ability to sell at prices below the mill to-day. Fill your requirements while the stock lasts.

- Canada-Made Longcloths—Manufactured from fine long stapled cotton yarns, perfectly pure, 35 inches wide. Per yard, 15c, 20c, 22 1/2c, 25c, 25c and 30c
Canada-Made Egyptian Longcloths—Made from very fine Egyptian cotton, a very favorite make for ladies' wear, 36 inches wide. Per piece of 12 yards, \$2.25, \$2.75 and \$3.35
Canada-Made Nainsooks—Exceptionally fine weave and sheer, the correct material for baby wear and very fine white wear, 36 inches wide. Per yard, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c
Canada-Made Madapolams—This is a manufacture heavier in weave than a nainsook and eminently suitable for ladies' and children's summer white-wear. They come 36 ins. and 42 ins. wide. Per yard, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c

- Canada-Made Cambrics—Manufactured from high-grade cotton yarns, absolutely pure, 36 ins. wide. Per yard, 15c, 20c, 22 1/2c, 25c, 25c and 30c
Canada-Made Sheetings—These goods are manufactured in fine and heavy weaves, from wear-resisting yarns that make it an ideal sheeting for the home; 2 yards wide. Per yard, 35c, 40c, 45c and 50c
2 1/4 yards wide, per yard, 35c, 45c, 50c and 55c
2 1/2 yards wide, per yard, 40c, 45c, 50c, 55c and 60c
Canada-Made Pillow Tubings—Made of a similar grade of yarn to the sheeting and absolutely pure, in widths 40 in., 42 in., 44 in., 46 in. Per yard, 22 1/2c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c

New Silk Taffeta Skirts at \$9.50

Attractive New Dress Skirts, made of a beautiful grade of black silk taffeta; many pretty styles, with shirred belts, finished with tie and novelty pockets. Priced at \$9.50

New Arrivals at the Dress Goods Section

- Fancy Georgette Crepe—These are New York's latest fad. Shown in mustard, sage, shadow-lawn and cream grounds, with stripes and fancy designs of various color combinations; 40 inches wide. Per yard, \$3.25
Cream Serges, plain, 40 inches wide. Per yard, \$1.50
Cream Serges, with black stripes, 50 inches wide. Per yard, \$2.25
Cream Broadcloth, 50 inches wide. Per yard, \$4.00
Navy and Black Lustres in nice weight; 40 inches wide. Yard, 50c
Colored Lustres, in heavier quality; shades sage, brown and navy; 42 inches wide. Per yard, \$1.25

Just Received a Shipment of Knitting Wools

- Baldwin's Beehive Wool, black and white, in 2 and 5-ply, also grey and black, in 3 and 4-ply. Price, \$3.50 per lb., or, per skein, 22 1/2c
Baldwin's Wheeling Wool, in black and white. This is a regular Old Country wool; excellent for all kinds of field or hospital comforts; 3 1/2 skein per lb. \$5.50
Canadian Wool, in tones of grey, black and white; suitable for all useful knitting. Made up in one ounce packets. Per package, 25c
Shetland Floss, in shades of pink, yellow, tan, mauve and white. Very useful for single or double thread knitting of sweaters. Per skein, 15c

Directoire Knickers for Women and Children

- We are able to supply your needs in these garments, having the correct style and a range of prices to choose from.
White Cotton Thread Knickers, made with elastic at waist and knee. Sizes 36 to 44. Price 60c and 65c
Mercedized Knickers, in sky, pink, white and black, 65c, 85c and \$1.00
Balbriggan Knickers, of fine quality, in pink only. All sizes. Price \$1.25
Silk Lisle Knickers, in sky, pink, white and black. Special values, \$1.35 and \$1.50
Children's Cotton Thread Knickers, in white only. Prices, 35c and 40c

From the Notion Section

- The Sanitary—Nainsook-covered, with garment attachment of strong net, easily adjusted at back lacing. Pair, 50c
Dress Shields, with garment attached, adjustable back lacing and front ties, in Habitus silk covering. Per pair, 65c
Dress Shields of fine nainsook, with perfect fitting garment attachment. Per pair, 75c
Middy Lacons in silk and mercerized cotton; colors black, navy, sage, old rose, canary, red, Paddy, hello and white; plain and sport stripe. Price, each, 5c and 10c
Belding Mending Silk, in colors and black. Per spool, 5c
Mercerized Cotton Mending, in black, white and colors. Ball, 7 1/2c

Fine Bordered Voile Scrims at 19c Yard

These Scrims are part of a special purchase we made months ago, and the values are remarkable. If you need some new Curtains it will be to your advantage to look over the handsome styles we are showing at this price. All full 36 ins. wide, in shades ivory, ceru, Arab and white. Thursday, yard 19c

Smart Gloves for Summer

- Washable Chamissette, British manufactured, in white, and white with fancy black and white points, and two dome fasteners; also natural colors, with two pearl buttons. They wash and dry quickly and are very satisfactory for summer wear. Sizes 6 1/2 to 7 1/2. Price \$1.25
"Kaysor" Short Silk Gloves in plain white and black, also white with black points, and black with white points; double-tipped fingers and two dome fasteners. Sizes 6 to 7 1/2. Perfect fitting. Price, 75c and \$1.00
Extra Heavy Quality of Silk in plain black and white, \$1.25
Ladies' Short Lisle-Gloves in white and various shades of grey; neatly attached, and two dome fasteners. Sizes 6, 7 and 7 1/2. These Gloves are highly recommended for shopping and street wear. Price \$1.00 and \$1.25

LAKE ROAD OWNERS PROTEST ASSESSMENT

Saanich Council Gives No Encouragement to Deputation

A deputation headed by George Rogers waited on the Saanich Council last evening to urge the Council to raise the contribution of the municipality to the Lake Road local improvement. The Council had given a sum of about \$10,000 to the scheme, in order to have the railway bridge constructed across the new road. It was one of the boom development schemes, for the continuation of Douglas Street North, with the expectation of the street railway extending. The Councils of the periods opposed the expenditure, but it was constantly pressed upon them by the owners, and at length they gave way. As the work progressed a difficulty arose, as to the access to Carey Road, and the street is still incomplete. Yesterday the petitioners came back to the Council with several arguments for special treatment, and urged that some relief, up to 40 per cent. of the cost, should be appropriated to them. They also asked the Council to make arrangements to complete the road through to Carey Road on the south, without extra expense. Mr. Rogers intimated that the member for the district had admitted the duty of the Government to contribute, the exact amount not being disclosed, but one-third was mentioned as the amount the owners felt ought to be forthcoming of the assessment of \$20,000 charged to owners. Councillor Dixon reviewed the situation, and gave the delegation no hope of additional relief. Several of the members objected to the Council interfering in the settlement, recommending that the deputation should go to the Government, a course which will be adopted.

Auction Sale MIDSUMMER MARKET Saturday, June 30

Mr. Hemingway, Hon. Auctioneer, will sell by auction at the Midsummer Market Saturday, June 30 at 1.30 p. m. the following: Bay pony nine years, very quiet, Case of Cowles Creamery Butter, Crate of Strawberries, Cigars, Chickens and produce of all kinds, too numerous to mention. All proceeds of the sales will go to the Red Cross Society; everything has been donated.

"Universal" Vacuum Bottles

Keeps Hot—24 Hours. Keeps Cold—72 Hours. This bottle is the best quality and value on the market at the present time. We have them in three kinds of cases, pint sizes, \$2.00, \$2.50 and 3.00. Lunch Kits and Refills also. JOHN COCHRANE DRUGGIST N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., at the B. C. Electric Clock.

"CHICKEN FEED"

Scratch Food \$3.25 per 100 lbs. Manfeed \$3.40 per 100 lbs. Wheat \$3.75 per 100 lbs. Telephone 413 SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 Yates Street

NEW WELLINGTON COAL

We have a large supply of our celebrated Washed Nut Coal, per ton, delivered, \$7.50 Lump Coal and Sack Lump Coal, per ton, delivered, \$8.50 J. KINGHAM & CO. Pemberton Block, 1004 Broad St. Phone 647 Our Method: 20 sacks to the ton and 100 lbs. of coal in each sack.

QUESTION OF PRICE

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DAVID SPENCER, LTD.

# 1867- The Jubilee of Confederation, Canada - 1917

Canada is celebrating next week, the Jubilee of Confederation, which has been fifty years of happiness and prosperity for Canada. To assure to the country and its allies proper prosperity and happiness in the future, we and our allies must win this war. It is the duty of us all to take into consideration the serious nature of the task which the nation now faces. Raising the fighting forces, producing food stuffs, building ships and making munitions should bring out the best that is in us. Economy is the watchword, but business must go on as usual. The surest road to defeat would be a paralysis of business caused by hysterical economy. We cannot win the war by putting our money under lock and key and keeping it there. The whole organization of this Big Store is Centralizing on the distribution of Greater Values in suitable Holiday Wearing Apparel and Summer Furnishings. BUY WISELY AND SAVE MONEY.

Another 100 of These Remarkable Values in

## Women's White Wash Skirts at \$1.25 and \$1.50

Similar values to those we recently sold at these prices. They were remarkable values. Women quickly recognized them as such and it did not take long to clear them. We consider ourselves fortunate in having another lot of similar values to offer, and we feel justified in predicting a speedy clearance. These skirts are made in two styles—one to button part way down front, and the other all the way down. The material is of Horrockses Cotton Repp. Confederation Sale, \$1.25 and \$1.50

**White Pique and Repp Outing Skirts** \$2.50  
Very smart skirts, finished with big pockets and trimmings in rose and blue shades. These are excellent values and will appeal to young women and misses.

**Colored Cotton Outing Skirts** \$2.75 and \$3.50  
The very latest novelties in Smart Stripes, Checks, Plaids, Bissonats and Oriental designs. Practically all shades. High-waisted effects, full skirts and novelty pockets. Selling First Floor

## A Linen Suit Almost Indispensable During Warm Weather—Here's a Very Special Offering

Suits that are cut and tailored on very smart lines, featuring new styles for the outing season 1917. The skirts have full gathered backs and pockets. The coats have big square collars and belt at waist-line, fastening with pearl buttons. Each model made from a serviceable quality linen, in two-tone shades—fans, greens, and pink, with white trimmings. Remarkable values at \$12.50



## Most Interesting Values in Bathing Suits

Women's Lustrous Bathing Suits Values to \$3.00 to sell at \$1.50

This is a Special Offering we have provided for women who take a small size, 34 or 36. All splendid values—some exceptionally so. Notably Navy Blue Lustrous, in 3-piece style.

**Bathing Suits, in dark blue only.** Fine Cashmere finish. Three-piece attached style; short sleeves. Special, a suit \$1.75

**Bathing Suit, of fine cashmere,** with back and white trimmings. A suit \$2.50

**Bathing Suit, of fine wool,** in red and grey, trimmed white. At a suit \$4.75

**Bathing Suit, of fine wool, in navy,** red, cardinal, green and light blue. Smartly trimmed with contrasting colors. A suit \$4.75

**White Canvas Sports Boots** \$3.85  
With tan saddle-strap and lace stay. Flat heel and leather soles. Every pair a wanted style this season, and cannot be repeated for less than a dollar a pair advance. Selling First Floor

Men's \$4.50 All-Wool Bathing Suits To sell at \$3.50

A very fine quality Suit, and specially recommended for sea bathing. One-piece style, with skirt attached; no sleeves, button on shoulder. In navy blue trimmed white or red; also grey trimmed Oxford. All sizes.

Men's Wool Mixture One-Piece Bathing Suits, with skirt attached. Plain navy blue, no sleeves, button on shoulder. Surplus sizes only, 38 to 40. Clearing, each \$2.00 and \$1.75

Men's Navy Blue Cashmere, Wool Finish, Bathing Suits. Good medium weight; one-piece style with skirt attached; no sleeves, and to button on shoulder. All sizes. Special, a suit \$1.50

Men's Bathing Suits, navy blue trimmed white; one-piece style with skirt attached; button on shoulder and no sleeves. All sizes. Special, a suit \$1.75

Youth's Bathing Suits, slightly damaged; heavy wool, in navy blue shade; button on shoulder. Regular \$2.50 values. Clearing, a suit \$1.50

Men's Navy Blue Bathing Suits, all sizes. Special at 65c

Boys' Bathing Suits, one-piece style, to button on shoulder, with skirt attached; plain navy blue; all sizes. Special at 50c

Bathing Caps 25c to \$1.00  
Ask to see the New English Oiled Skin Bathing Cap—THE ONE THAT LASTS.  
Water Wings—Best quality—All one price, a pair 25c  
Drugs, Main Floor



## White Outing Shoes For Women at Special Prices

Many women will attend the Confederation Day celebrations, wearing a pair of these Smart Outing Shoes. They are specially priced for this important week-end selling.

**White Canvas Pumps** \$2.35  
—Emerald sole and heel, plain style, or with small tongue and button.

**Mary Jane Pumps** \$2.35  
—of strong white canvas, with leather sole and heel. Very popular.

**White Canvas Lace Boots** \$3.85  
—Latest Hi-cut style, with Cuban or French heels. Particularly smart and comfortable.

**White Canvas Sports Boots** \$3.85  
—With tan saddle-strap and lace stay. Flat heel and leather soles. Every pair a wanted style this season, and cannot be repeated for less than a dollar a pair advance. Selling First Floor

## Holiday Furnishings For Men

Notable Values in Outing Shirts and Neckwear  
A particularly interesting and well assorted stock of New Furnishings suitable for Men's Outing Wear, is being offered this week—especially in Outing Shirts and Neckwear. Many values, only made possible by our tremendous buying facilities.



## Fancy Striped Outing Shirts With Separate Collar to Match \$1.25

A favorite style Outing Shirt with all smartly dressed men. Each shirt is stylishly cut on perfect fitting lines, and well made. All the latest striped shirtings and colorings included. Each shirt is finished with starched collar band and soft double cuffs, and a separate soft double collar to match. All sizes 14 to 17. Very special value at \$1.25

Similar style Shirts, in Better Grade Shirtings. Each, \$1.50, \$1.75, and \$2.00

**White Fancy Outing Shirt, in similar style to above.** Special at \$1.25

**Men's White, Cream and Tan Outing Shirts** \$1.00

Serviceable quality Shirts, finished with turn-down reversible collar and soft hand cuffs. All sizes. These are specially good values.

**Negligee Shirts** \$2.00  
\$1.00 to \$1.50

The biggest range of negligee Shirts in the Province, and without question, they are the best values in the trade. Perfect fitting, and well made from Prints and Cambric, in the season's smartest fancy stripes, also in white and in blue. Each shirt in coat shape, finished with starched collar band and 3-inch starched cuffs. Sizes 14 to 17.

**LADIES' FEATHER RUFFLES** Values to \$5.75. To sell at \$3.75

These are nice, full feather Ruffles, in white, black and white, also black with white and black effects. Very smart and appropriate for outing wear. Values that should sell up to \$5.75. To sell at \$3.75

**Outing Shirts and Shirtwaists for Boys**

**Boys' Shirt Waists** in light and dark stripes, blue and grey, also plain white or black. Perfect blouse finish—with either invisible draw-strings or adjustable tape and buttons. Sizes 8 to 15 years. Special at 75c and 85c

**Boys' Outing Shirts** with turn-down collar attached. In white, cream, tan, grey or fancy stripes. All sizes. Each 85c, 75c, 65c and 50c

**Boys' Outing Shirts in fancy striped prints;** finished with soft cuffs and separate soft collar to match. Sizes 12 to 14 years. Special each 85c

**Youth's size, each** \$1.00

**Holiday Neckwear**

**Men's Washing Ties 25c**  
Smart new patterns, perfect washing and reversible, four-in-hand style, full length. Excellent holiday value.

**Men's and Boys' Silk Neckwear**  
In plain and fancy styles; wide ends or four-in-hand. Splendid variety of designs and colorings. Three special values—35c, 50c, 75c

**A Very Special Range at \$1.00**  
Fine grade silk ties with wide flowing ends; in bright, fancy stripes—particularly smart for outing wear.

**Men's Soft Collars, 3 for 50c**  
In White, blue or tan. Suitable for wear with negligee or outing shirts. —Furnishings, Main Floor.

## A Big Sale of Ladies' Panama Hats At \$1.50

Special Holiday Offerings in Trimmed Hats, \$2.50 and \$5.00 On sale Thursday, Friday and Saturday morning. —Millinery, Second Floor

## Middy Blouses—Latest Novelties

Here just ready for wear to the Dominion Day celebrations. Some of the smartest novelties of the season, all at special pricings.

**Coat Shape Middy,** of strong quality white jean, smartly trimmed on square collar and pockets. In Oriental stripes, diagonals and Khaki Kool designs. Special at \$1.50

**Very Smart Middy,** with girde, novelty pockets and large square collar, with points to drop over shoulder. Trimmed smartly in Oriental effects. Very special at \$1.50

**Coat Middy of natural pongee silk,** smartly trimmed on belt, collar and pockets, with rose, tan and Paddy. Special at \$3.75

**Norfolk Middy of heavy quality natural pongee silk.** Each \$3.75

**Middy of white Jap silk,** full or three-quarter length sleeve, square collar and colored top. Special at \$3.75

A big range on sale at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50



—Waists, First Floor

## The June White Sale REINFORCED WITH FRESH STOCKS FOR THE LAST FEW DAYS OF SALE

Buying now means a great saving later, especially on all classes of White Undermuslins. The following specials are for the balance of the month, or just so long as stocks hold out. We would advise early shopping.

**Combinations, Corset Covers and Drawers,** neatly trimmed with lace and embroidery. June White Sale \$1.50

**Envelope Combinations,** of fine white cotton, trimmed with lace edging. June White Sale \$1.25

**Combinations, of good quality crepe,** trimmed with linen lace edging. June White Sale \$1.25

**Combinations, of fine nainsook;** corset cover of allover embroidery. June White Sale \$1.50

**Underskirts, wide flounce of embroidery,** finished with insertion. June White Sale \$1.25

**Nightgowns, of white cotton,** slip-over style; yoke of embroidery. June White Sale \$1.50

**Nightgowns, of good quality crepe,** neck and sleeves trimmed with lace and embroidery. June White Sale \$1.00

**Chemises, of white cotton,** trimmed with embroidery. June White Sale \$1.50

**Chemises, of fine nainsook,** trimmed with fine Swiss embroidery. June White Sale \$1.75

—Whitewear, First Floor

## Ladies' Holiday Gloves at Very Low Prices

**Queen Quality Silk Gloves,** in white, heaver, grey, navy and black; 2-dome, double tips. A pair \$1.50

**Cashmere Gloves,** in grey, white and black; 2-dome. Pair \$1.50

**Chamoisette Gloves,** 2-dome, all sizes; white only. Extra special, a pair \$1.00

**Chamoisette Gloves,** 2-dome, in heaver and natural. Special, a pair \$1.25

**Real Chamois Gloves,** in natural and white; 2-button and dome. Special, a pair \$1.50

—Selling, Main Floor

## Women's Directoire Knickers

**Zimmerknit Directoire Knickers,** in blue and black, silk-finish, finished with ribbon bow at knee. Sizes 4, 5 and 6. A pair \$1.50

**Fine Quality Stockinette Directoire,** with silk finish; black only. Sizes 4, 5 and 6. Price, pair \$1.25

**Stockinette Directoire Knickers,** in pink and black. Pair \$1.75

**Directoire Knickers, of fine stockinette,** in colors pink, grey, sky and navy. Medium size. Special, a pair \$1.50

—Selling, First Floor



## STRONG HAMMOCKS, COMPLETE WITH VALANCE AND TUFTED PILLOW. REG. VALUES UP TO \$4.50. CONFEDERATION SALE \$2.95

The favorite time for the garden Hammock is the next three months, so that in buying one at this sale you not only save money, but will enjoy a full season's use from your investment. For the balance of this week we make this most exceptional offer: Values up to \$4.50 grouped into one price at \$2.95. Each Hammock is complete with valance and tufted pillow and nickel-plated rings. Various patterns and shades blue, green, red, fawn and purple. The quantity is limited at this price, so shop early. Other values from \$3.50 to \$21.00. Third Floor

**CAMP FURNISHINGS SPECIALLY PRICED**

**Folding Camp Cot—2 feet 6 inches wide and 6 feet long.** Strong spring. Just the thing for campers and fruit pickers. Confederation Sale only at \$2.10

**Ap Cotton Roll-Up Mattress—In fit.** Regular \$2.50 for \$2.20

**Camp Pillows—Mixed feathers—**at each \$1.50

**Folding Canvas Camp Cots—full size**—each \$2.10

**Folding Camp Stools with back,** at each \$2.50

Can't promise to fill phone orders. Furniture, Fourth Floor.

**Woven Grass Mats \$1.50—A very useful mat for the camp or veranda.** Large size 2x3. In woven designs and colors, blue, red, green and tan, 49 mats only. Worth 65c. While the assortment lasts, each \$1.50

**Carpets, Third Floor.**

**Veranda Screens—Very necessary for your comfort and enjoyment, especially if your veranda is on the sunny side. The following are made of split Bamboo. Complete with cord and pulley. All 4 feet long.**

**Natural Colors**  
4ft. each \$5c 4ft. each \$1.15  
6ft. each \$1.25 6ft. each \$1.65  
8ft. each \$1.65 8ft. each \$2.15  
10ft. each \$1.90 10ft. each \$2.75

**Drapery, Third Floor.**

**Picnic Baskets—Picnic Baskets, of chip wood—strong and durable,** each 25c, 35c and \$1.50

**Willow Covered Baskets—from individual size to a large party size—**each 50c, 75c, 95c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.50

**Jap Matting Baskets—each 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c and \$1.00**

**Picnic Cutlery—Tea spoons—3 dozen** at \$2.50

**Forks** \$2.50

**Wood-Handled Knives and Forks—**a pair 15c and \$1.25

**Tin Tea Kettles—Special at \$2.50**

**Hardware, Second Floor.**

**TOILET ARTICLES USEFUL IN CAMP**

**Tooth Brushes up from** \$1.00  
**Tooth Pastes and Tooth Soaps up from** \$1.50  
**Sponges all prices** \$2.50  
**Sponge Bags up from** \$2.50

**Toilet Soaps still at the old prices.**  
Enos Fruit Salt, a bottle \$1.75  
Bird's Lemonade—each pkt, makes 2 gallons—of \$1.25  
Sparklet Bulbs, B size \$1.50  
Sparklet Bulbs, C size \$1.75  
Concentrated Grape Juice, special \$2.50  
Concentrated Orange Juice, special \$2.50  
Outlet for Boiling Water—Can with handles, stand and solid alcohol compound \$1.50  
Solid Alcohol 1 1/2 tin, 2 for \$2.50

**Drugs, Main Floor.**

**PICNIC NECESSITIES**  
You will enjoy your picnic Dominion Day all the better if you include in your hamper one of our Picnic Packages or Lunch Sets.  
**Picnic Package, containing 1 dozen napkins, 1 dozen plates, and 1 tablecloth,** for \$1.50  
**All Sizes in Plates, a dozen 5c, 7 1/2c, and \$1.00**  
**Ice Cream Plates, dozen** \$1.50  
**Wax Rolls, a roll** \$1.50  
**Dennison's Dainty Lunch Sets, complete** \$1.75  
**Picnic and Camp Reading**  
**Handy Size Cloth Bound Novels, 3 for \$1.00**  
**Paper Bound, 3 for \$1.25**  
Stationery, Main Floor.

## Men's and Boys' Outing Suits, Pants and Hats at End of June Prices

Big business in Men's and Boys' Outing Apparel is usually done at this store during the last few days of June, and our preparations this year are such as will help to make record selling.

**Boys' Oliver Twist Wash Suits,** Regular to \$1.95. To Go at \$1.00

Nicely made Suits of white repp, in sizes 2 to 6 years. Early shopping essential for these.

**Boys' White Duck Outing Pants** a pair \$1.25 and \$1.50

**Boys' Khaki Drill or Linen Crash Suits** in Norfolk styles with bloomer pants. Hardwearing and most serviceable. Sizes 6 to 10 years. A suit \$3.75  
Sizes 11 to 15 \$4.95

**Boys' Cotton Hats—Big variety of styles and colors—Special at 25c**

**Boys' White Regulation \$4.50**  
Sailor Suits \$4.50

Well-made Suits, in correct regulation style, of strong quality imported white drill, finished with navy blue collars and cuffs. Sizes to fit boys 2 1/2 to 7 years. Very special, a suit \$4.50

**Caps to match, each \$1.00**

**MEN'S WHITE DUCK OUTING PANTS**  
Men's White Duck Outing Pants—Strong quality duck, fashionably shaped and finished with belt loops and cuff bottoms, a pair \$1.25 and \$1.75

**Cream Serge Outing Pants,** also with fine stripes, very fine quality—a pair \$4.75 and \$5.75

**Men's Holiday Hats—Men's White Cotton Hats, each 25c and 50c**  
**Men's Soft Straw Hats—Fedora and telescope styles—Regular \$1.50. End of June special—\$1.00**  
**Men's and Boys' Clothing—Main Floor**

## Hundreds of Serviceable Outing Dresses For Girls

In scores of different styles and about as many materials. All the newest styles, as well as patterns and shades. Be sure and bring your girls along this week-end and choose from this assortment of strong holiday values.

**Colored Gingham Dresses,** some with bloomers attached, others in one-piece dress style. Sizes 2 to 6 years. Special value at \$1.75 to \$2.25

**Colored Wash Dresses,** in all the latest novelty styles and best grade materials. Billie Burke, middy and others. Sizes 8 to 14 years; \$3.75 to \$5.75

**Special Range of Holiday Dresses for 2 to 6 years,** at \$1.00

Also a special range for girls 2 to 14 years at \$1.00

**White and Colored Middy Dresses, 4 to 9 years.** To clear at \$1.50

—Selling, First Floor



## Women's Overalls Adaptable For All Purposes

For the munitions worker, the fruit picker, for haymaking, also equally suitable for the camp or home use. Made from strong quality khaki cloth to fit from ankle to neck; sleeves and divided skirt gathered in to close-fitting bands at ankle and wrist. Has the appearance of a morning dress when worn. Very special at \$1.90

—Selling, First Floor



**LOOKING BACK TO CONFEDERATION DAYS**

**W. A. Robertson Tells of the Time When British Columbia Became Part of Canada**

The little Scottish parish chiefly renowned to history as the seat of the Earls and Dukes of Atholl and as the source of that much-lauded compound known as Atholl brose, recommended still in the Highlands for internal application in cases of sore throat, also gave birth to one of Victoria's earliest settlers. It was in Blair Atholl, Perthshire, a small town in a Highland strath, that W. A. Robertson, now fifty-two years resident in Victoria, was born in 1832.

"Scotland's Exodus was Canada's Genesis," someone has said. Emigration of the clans was not in its beginning in '42. Populous glens where the clansmen had held their revels a century before were becoming thinly settled. Mr. Robertson's people were impelled by the same forces as those who had preceded them to the New Land; and they too set out for the Western Continent. He was two years old when they and a band of other Scottish emigrants, all related, and numbering twenty-nine souls in all, set out for American shores.

"I am the last living one of that twenty-nine," he told a Times interviewer this week. Mr. Robertson will celebrate his eighty-fifth birthday in September, so there is little to wonder at that the rest of the adventurous spirits have gone the way of all flesh long before now.

**Ontario Hard Times.**  
His parents settled down in the backwoods near Hamilton. That was just before the Rebellion of '37. The prosperity of the country was materially affected by this. Capital ceased to come into the country. Farmers were unable to get much encouragement to continue their painful toil of carving away the forests and clearing the land for cultivation.

"For many years it was as bad as it must have been in the famine times in Ireland and Scotland," said Mr. Robertson, recalling the "poor" times. The country was so impoverished round them that even a schoolhouse could not be provided. The children picked up a bit of learning at home. Then someone decided they must have some attempt at pedagogy on an organized scale. They could not afford a stove to heat a schoolhouse. The youngsters met around a burning log-hearth in the woods for their first lessons. By and by, of course, they got the school building. Mr. Robertson recalled some of his first teachers and their peculiar characteristics of manner, pedagogy and punishing delinquents. His warmest remembrances were for one named James Douglas.

that he had seen so much of the misery of life on the farm in those days that he had vowed a vow just not to be a farmer.

"I got disgusted with farming. So did one of my brothers, who went away to the United States when I was still a youngster of eight. We never heard of him but once and we always thought he must have died of yellow fever in New Orleans." Three sisters also died. Having learned his trade, staying by the thing for three and a half years, he finally decided that it would not lead him very far in the way of worldly wealth. So he decided to come west.

**Here in 1865.**  
"I got to California in 1863. When I was in Oakland one day I started talking with a miner who had just returned from Vancouver Island. He told me what it was like—all rock covered with timber. I had been in California long enough to get prospecting into my system, and I thought of the possibilities of those rocks. In 1864 Leech River mines were discovered, and made some flurry in California. Hector McPherson, a man I knew down there, showed me a paper giving a description of the mines, and I decided to come. I made the trip on the Oregon, getting to Esquimaux on the old steamer in the end of January, 1865."

One of the first things Mr. Robertson learned after getting into the city was the translation of "kloochman," a word which had given him some cause for thought when he saw it employed in the Vancouver Island paper shown him down in California. He also learned that a town can have a name and a dignified place on the map and yet have little to boast of in the way of inhabitants or tall buildings.

**Prospecting on Island.**  
"I almost immediately went up prospecting with my friend, MacPherson. But one of my first experiences in the place was an eye-opener to me. There was to be a political meeting. Would I go? Of course I was willing, as I had been at many of the political meetings in California when Abraham Lincoln and G. B. McLellen were contesting for the presidency. Those meetings in California were often out-of-doors, but heckling was unknown. The speakers at this Victoria meeting were Amor de Cosmos, a very able and honest but egotistical and domineering man; as I afterwards came to know; C. B. Young, a man by the name of Fell, and two others, Sprout and Carey. I had been used to the San Francisco type of political meeting where interruptions were not allowed. But at this meeting I enjoyed myself. There were two men that interrupted De Cosmos a lot—Billy Bladge and Billy the Bug. The fun was fast and furious, and by the end of the meeting I felt

as if I knew quite a bit about the people in Victoria. The next morning I went round to see the town, and when they told me that Fort and Government and Johnson represented the business part of the city I could hardly believe them. It's hardly a little village," I said.

**All Sorts Here.**  
And there were all sorts of people brought in by the gold excitement—Englishmen, Irishmen, Scotsmen and Canadians. The Canadians didn't like the Old Countrymen and the Old Countrymen didn't like Canadians. But I was just half Scotch, so they stood for me. As a general thing they were half-fellow-well-met and would go out of their way to help a neighbor—better men than you will find in Victoria nowadays," concluded the pioneer with appreciative emphasis.

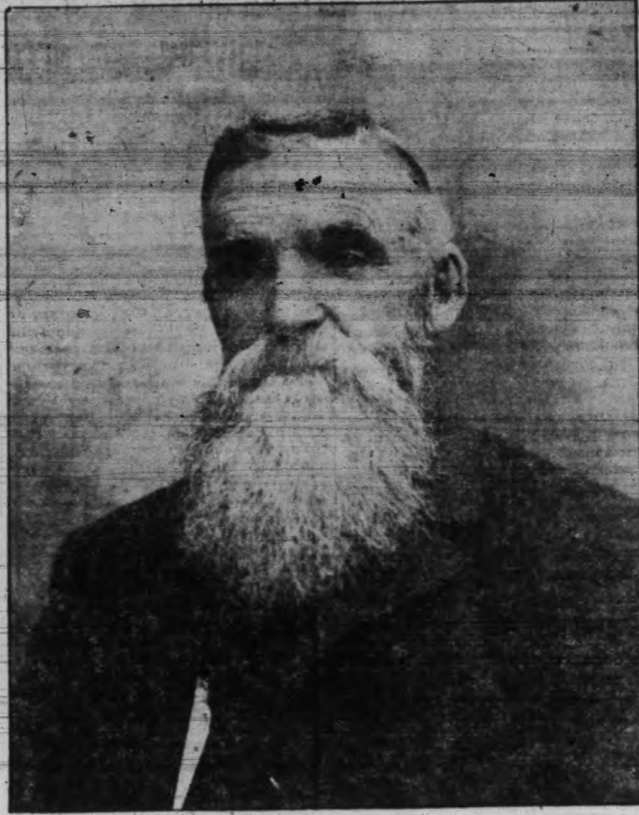
**Domestic Matters.**  
Mr. Robertson recalled some matters of more domestic interest. When he came here in '63 butter was selling for fifty cents a pound.

"They called it 'Ho-Butter.'" He laughed at the humor of it. "There were practically no women in the country then and all the churning on the farms was done by men. We got our potatoes chiefly from the Indians, twenty-five cents a bushel. Clams were supplied from the same source. The beef was brought in from the Cariboo district, and was much finer than anything we get here now. Butter was a staple article of diet, being much used in the mines. Flour was pretty high for a while I remember. Some men tried to make a corner in it, but the Hudson's Bay Company, who had control of practically all the food supplies in the place, got wind of the scheme and refused to sell more than a sack at a time. This broke any attempt at a 'corner.' They were autocrats in a way, the Hudson Bay people, but they didn't allow people to do that sort of thing."

Mr. Robertson recalled Sir James Douglas. "He was always a gentleman," he pronounced. "As Governor he was commander of the navy as well as military, and he pretty nearly made war between the United States and Great Britain. There was no admiral here at the time that the boundary question came up, and when the San Juan question was at its most delicate point he wanted the captain here to drive all the Yankees off the Island. He, the captain, knew there would be war if he did, and he refused to obey the order. Actually it would have pleased the South pretty well if the two countries had gone to war over the thing, as they were still at flaming point over the trouble with the North. They would have joined in with the British, of course."

**Soldiering.**  
His interest in the question was probably the keener because he had been in the Northern army for awhile, going from San Francisco with a company which he raised and commanded. He was in West Virginia for a while and with his men was captured at Harper's Ferry by Stonewall Jackson.

**PIONEER OF PRE-FEDERATION DAYS**



**W. A. ROBERTSON**  
Formerly Member of the British Columbia Legislature.

The conditions in the camp were frightfully unsanitary. Typhoid pneumonia was picking the men off one by one. Little wonder, as there was no law against dirt, filth and flies. "I decided it wasn't my fight and resigned my command. I went back to California," concluded Mr. Robertson with naive finality, which showed that he was in the war more for adventure's sake than for any sentiment he had in the issue.

Another of his enthusiasms came after he reached Victoria. He belonged to an Anti-Chinese Society. "We had a big gathering of about four thousand people one night, and passed a resolution demanding a tax on every Chinaman let into the country. It was forwarded to Ottawa. I was chairman. The demand was for a \$50 tax at first. This grew to \$500 in the end. That was the biggest meeting of working men ever held in the city I should think."

**First Theatre.**  
The first theatre in Victoria, so far as Mr. Robertson could recall, was on

the site where Hibben's book store now stands. It was owned for a long time by D. W. Higgins. Then Mr. Duns-muir built the one which is now known as the Old Victoria Theatre. Another great pastime of the people of the 'sixties and 'seventies was horse-racing. The course was at Beacon Hill, and a very fine place it was, too, as from the elevation of the hillside everyone could see. Ex-Mayor Harris was one of the keenest of the patrons of these events, although everyone was a frequenter of the ring and betting was strong. Boat racing, yacht racing were other diversions in which people took quite an interest. Cricket came, then baseball.

"I never went in for athletics in this country," said the veteran, "but back East I used to go in for the Highland jump, 21 ft. 4 in. I was twenty-two years old then, and I remember it was in Morristown on the Queen's Birthday." Mr. Robertson is as straight and brisk in his movements at eighty-five as most men are at sixty-five or seventy, and it is quite easy to believe

that he might have been a champion athlete in his young manhood.

**School Trustee.**  
In 1884 he was appointed school trustee. Subsequently he was elected to the City Council and was alderman three or four times.

One of the tragedies of Victoria's history was the tragedy of many homes. This was the Point Ellice bridge disaster of twenty-four years ago. Mr. Robertson lost a daughter in this. He had in all four sons and three daughters, and in 1911 made a tour of Europe with one of his daughters. They went with a Cook's touring party, and were away for four months, visiting Naples, Pompeii, Rome, Florence, Pisa, Milan, Venice, the St. Gothard Tunnel to Switzerland, Lucerne, Interlaken, Baden (where he took but one sip of the "dirty" medicinal waters), Heidelberg, then down the Rhine to Cologne, Coblenz and Amsterdam. The diamond cutting here interested him immensely. From Brussels they went out to visit Waterloo, climbing the historic mound.

"We saw the Temple of Peace at the Hague, then just building. We little thought how little the world was to use it in the next few years," he commented. They were in France, visiting many of the places which are now shelled to bits by artillery. St. Quentin, Paris, Versailles were all so interesting.

They were in London for the Coronation procession. "The thing was so grand and so imposing that at the time I could not help saying to myself: 'I wonder if this splendor does not foreshadow some cataclysm!' And I've no doubt most of the splendid fellows we saw in the king's uniform that day were the very first men to fall in the war," said the old man meditatively.

Prospecting did not "go" quite so well as had been anticipated. Dr. Dixon, who was supposed to have quite a knowledge of placer and quartz mining, was brought in by Mr. Robertson and his two friends, McPherson and Toutat, and under his instructions the three equipped themselves with prospectors' outfits and a little preliminary information on how to dig the hidden wealth of nature. Then they proceeded to Koksilah, and after a day's climb over the hills, and through fallen timber, camped. Next day they sank a shaft, the doctor doing the "panning." The sediment stood the nitric acid test perfectly, but Mr. Robertson, still a bit sceptical about the discovery of the genuine article, pulverized some rock, heated it, and when cool applied the acid? The "gold" went up in smoke, literally as well as figuratively. The "expert" later was bidden good-bye without regret, and MacPherson and Robertson set out independently to prospect. In '66 they discovered the Gordon Meadows.

**Strange Signs.**  
Mr. Robertson claims that he is not superstitious. But the manner in which he tells the story of a death warning received by his friend McPherson indicates that he has the Celt's instinctive belief in "messages."

He was in Oakland, California, in June, 1867. He and McPherson went from their lodging-house to a boarding-house some half a mile away to have a bath. They occupied separate bath-rooms. Suddenly they heard Dr. Drummond, whom they had left asleep at the lodging-house, calling "Rudhi!" three times. This was McPherson's nickname. He answered, then called through to "Robertson": "Drummond has changed his mind. When they left their bath-rooms they learned from the man in the house that Drummond had not been there. They went on to their lodging-house, where they found Drummond still in bed. He pointed to the wall and said: "How did you get through there?" We told him we had been away. He said he had heard himself called three times. In June, 1867, McPherson was in Oakland again. He went for a swim, and in diving from the wharf struck the bottom and was killed. He died the next morning, as near as I could make out, in the very room where he had heard the warning three years before.

**Married Here.**  
Mr. Robertson married in Victoria in 1870, a Miss Martha Matilda Mayne. Theirs was the first wedding in the Presbyterian Church on Broughton Street in charge of Rev. Thomas Somerville.

"I settled down then for a while," he went on with his narrative. "Sometimes I was prospecting, sometimes blacksmithing. Twice I tried saw-milling. In '75 I got into the Legislature on a by-election. I was on the "Noes." Mr. Robertson is Scotch, but unlike a very big part of his countrymen he can laugh at his own characteristics. It is rumored that all filioquacy which has a political distinction, without a difference, to the Irishman who is "always agin' the government."

He had many interesting little stories to tell of the men who worked around him in the House. Walken was the Premier at the time. "Honest" John Robson, for whom he found a nickname which found favor with all, was there. Neighbourly as everyone was in those days in civic life there was bitter party feeling in politics.

**Agitation For Confederation.**  
Mr. Robertson went back to the time of the agitation for Confederation in '71. He recited some of the ill-tempered remarks that were exchanged between the Eastern and Western politicians of the day. One in particular had eaten into the memory. A lawyer from Upper Canada, Blake by name, who had spoken scathingly of British Columbia as a "sea of mountains" not traversable by railways. The dispute about the building of transcontinental highways waxed hot.

"There was a man in the house by the name of Smith. He generally went by the name of 'Peg Leg.' An Irishman, he was rather witty. He got up for some reason a handkerchief tied round his head, and said:

Continued on page 3 (Second Section).

A. Gonnason, President

B. Gonnason, Vice-President

F. Nickells, Sec.-Treas.

**Lemon, Gonnason Co., Ltd.**

(ESTABLISHED 1890)

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**LOCAL FIRM WITH FINE REPUTATION**

Real Reason for Success of Lumber Firm of Lemon & Gonnason

Starting twenty-seven years ago at its present location on Government Street, the lumber firm of Lemon, Gonnason & Co. has played an important part in the upbuilding of the

city of Victoria, for lumber from the firm's mill may be found in most of the important buildings of the city, including the Parliament Buildings and the Empress Hotel, besides the larger residences and hundreds of smaller houses.

One of the principal reasons probably the real reason—why the firm has made such big advances in the one that appeared in most of the copy-books of childhood, "Whatever you do, do it well." The firm's policy in this respect may be illustrated by the export trade of doors, which it has been doing for the past two years to New Zealand and South Africa. Only one boat to New Zealand during that time, it may be mentioned, has failed to carry some of the firm's products, and it deserves to be recorded that never once during that time has there been

a claim for defective material. It is a great thing to be able to say of a firm that it allows only the best workmanship and that its products can be relied on absolutely; and it is gratifying to learn that that is the reputation that the firm of Lemon, Gonnason & Co. has carried into the business world. Some firms make several grades of doors, for instance, and nearly always it is the inferior door that meets the eye, with the result that the firm is black-listed in the eyes of the public. But Lemon, Gonnason & Co. make only one grade of door, and that is No. 1, and nothing else is placed on the market.

The firm employed only twenty men at the start, with a little dinky boiler and engine to run the equipment pertaining to a sash-and-door factory and moulding mill. To-day there are 118 employees, with an average payroll per month of about six thousand dollars. J. J. Lemon passed away some time ago, and Aaron Gonnason is now president of the firm, with B. Gonnason as vice-president, and F. A. Nickells secretary. The latter joined the firm thirteen years ago, but was also connected with it in its early days.

The property owned by the firm comprises twelve full-sized lots, covering about two and a half acres, with waterfrontage. The sawmill has a capacity of 35,000 feet every ten hours and is well-equipped with head-saws, edger, band re-saw and trimmers—everything, in fact, that is comprised in the make-up of a modern saw-mill.

The sash-and-door factory has four planers, band saw, boring machine, sapper, dado machine, sash stickers, door clasps, cut-off saws, etc., and some of these machines are duplicated, so that there is every facility for turning out good work.

The firm also operated a box factory for the manufacture of fruit and vegetable packages, salmon cases, gutter boxes and ammunition cases. The equipment includes a band re-saw, three cut-off machines, printing press, two rip-saws and gluing press. This box factory has been especially busy of late and has helped to offset the decline of business due to the decline of building construction owing to the war.

A full line of hardwoods, panel stock, mouldings of all kinds, etc., is also carried. Most of the lumber manufactured by the firm is made of Douglas fir, with a sprinkling of cedar and spruce.

**LOOKING BACK TO CONFEDERATION DAYS**

Continued from page 2 (Second Section).

"Whoa! Haw! Gee! Buck! This is what we get on the Mainland!"

"We couldn't help laughing," said Mr. Robertson. "And Victoria did get done out of the railway. Seymour Narrows frightened them then as it continues to frighten them now. But between the Government here and the Dominion Government they gave Mr. Dunsmeir \$750,000 and half the island to do the work."

"Scots Wha' Hae."

Although himself a Scot, Mr. Robertson admits that he likes the English better. They are not so dour, more free and approachable. He visited Edinburgh. He had not seen the place since 1854, a lapse of seventy-seven years. He had been a welcome visitor about the newspaper offices in Victoria and thought he would call on one of the good Scottish journals. Two or three elderly men were sitting in the room into which he was shown. He was prepared to be chatty. They showed not the slightest interest, however, scarcely even looking up. They indicated the whereabouts of the reporters' room when he pressed the buzzer. Even these directions, however, were vague. He went back to them after an unavailing search and told the elderly dons that he was from one of the overseas Dominions.

"Victoria!"

"O aye. Where do you come frae?" This perfunctorily.

"O aye." Again without interest. And they put their noses to their desks again. He left them.

"And this in one of the cities of the nation, Edinburgh!" exclaimed Mr. Robertson with some disgust at their insularity. It was the same in Glasgow. No one seemed to be able to lift himself quickly from a ponderous abstraction in his own thoughts to take any interest in a Colonial. In London it was different. He had been in his life seen such activity as there was round Cook's, and the traffic and the wonderful control of it by the police amazed him. All the same he was glad to have had the chance to see the North and to visit the land of Robbie Burns.

Another Warning.

Mr. Robertson again came to refer to premonition. He spoke about a vivid dream he had in '75. He saw a forest burning, but there was something more than mere blazing timber there. It was ominous, foreboding of something. He told his friend in camp about it next morning and predicted that they would hear of some disaster. He came back to Victoria and chanced to see the "Pacific" leave on her ill-fated voyage. A something foreboding came to him as he saw her, and he thought of his burning forest, the evil presage in the charred tree-tops, and the prediction he had made. She was lost on that trip with the three hundred souls aboard!

The sunset of his days Mr. Robertson is passing with his son, 2114 Clark Street, Spring Ridge, and it is to be hoped that he will enjoy many more years of the remarkable health and alertness of faculty which have given him such abundant appreciation of his experiences in his four score years and five.

There is a steadily increasing proportion of pulpwood manufactured in Canadian mills. In 1910 only 38 per cent of pulpwood cut in Canada was made into pulp in Canadian mills; in 1915 the proportion was 59.7 per cent. This form of forest product is becoming more thoroughly appreciated in Canada.

**PAPER SUPPLIES TO COVER EVERY NEED**

Columbia Paper Co. is One of Important Business Concerns of Victoria

One of the important business establishments of Victoria is the Columbia Paper Co., Ltd., which caters to the wholesale trade only by supplying almost everything in paper that one can need. The firm was incorporated under the B. C. Companies' Act in 1910, with headquarters at Vancouver, and began business in February, 1911, as a printers' supply specialty house. Since then, however, other lines in paper have been added, and now the company is doing an immense business that exceeds even the great optimism of its founders.

The president of the company is K. A. Smead; C. J. Kay is vice-president and manager, and W. W. Wolfenden is secretary-treasurer. The manager of the Victoria branch is T. Scott, who has been with the company since its inauguration, and has had a great deal to do with the firm's success here.

Victoria and the Island were at first covered from Vancouver, but so steady was the growth of business that it was found necessary to open a branch establishment in the city, and this was done in July, 1914, with premises at 1294 Wharf Street. An extensive and varied stock is carried here, the use of three floors being necessary for the storage of supplies. This means that local demands can be quickly and adequately met—an important point to remember on the part of those business men who have to deal in those lines that the firm carries.

About the same time that the Victoria branch was opened, the firm extended its activities to include the stationery business, with the result that the turnover has increased enormously. At the present time the firm is carrying not only a full line of flat papers and envelopes for printers' use, but also wrapping paper, wrapping sundries, school supplies, building papers, stationery, twines, etc.

Three travellers cover the commercial houses of Victoria and vicinity at least once each week, thus giving some idea of the growth of the business since it was founded.

As wholesale importers and dealers in paper, the firm stands in a class by itself on the Pacific Coast, and, notwithstanding its comparatively short history, has already wormed its way into the confidence of the hundreds of business houses to which it caters.

**GOLDEN WEST IS OF SUPERLATIVE KIND**

Visitors Are Welcome at D. W. Hanbury's Bakery on Quadra Street

Golden West bread! The very name conjures up delectable, alluring, mouth-watering imaginations, and the real thing is ten thousand times better than the imagination possibly could be. There are in the world many different varieties of the staff of life, but when D. W. Hanbury makes the claim that Golden West bread is of the superlative kind, he needs to state only one fact in order to clinch his argument, for he has been making bread in the city of Victoria for fourteen years, and who ever heard of a firm making inferior bread that has lasted that long?

The firm really dates back to 1869—by long odds the oldest-established in the city. In the earlier years of its history it was known as the Vancouver Bakery, located on Fort Street. When Mr. Hanbury took it in charge he changed its location to Quadra Street, opposite Central Park, and built a modern brick block that is equipped with all the last-word bake-shop devices imaginable. From the time one enters the inviting store on the ground floor, filled with delicious bread and dainty confectionery, the visitor who tours the plant cannot but be impressed with the cleanliness and inviting character of everything he sees. Bread could not possibly be made under more advantageous conditions. If there is anything Mr. Hanbury has not thought of in his continual policy of speckleless-clean surroundings he would like to hear of it. Take the men's dressing-room, equipped with hot and cold water and shower baths—a real greater tribute be paid to the desire of the firm that everything that is humanly possible be done in order that Golden West bread shall be produced under as perfect conditions than would be tolerated in the ideal home!

Visitors Are Welcomed.

Visitors are welcome at the plant, for there is nothing to hide, and an inspection is decidedly interesting. Modern labor-saving machinery is used, including a power mixer, a dough-divider, and a rounder-up. Everything is done by machinery except the moulding, and Mr. Hanbury believes that there is nothing that can take the place of the artistic touches that only hand labor can give in this regard. There are two large double ovens, with a capacity of one thousand loaves at one baking. The ovens are equipped with a steam-heating plant. Upon emerging from the ovens, the bread is placed in specially-constructed coolers, there being a locker for each delivery map.

Some idea of the tremendous business transacted by the firm may be gained from the fact that there are no less than eight delivery wagons, which reach to every part of the city in order to meet the ever-increasing demand. The building contains storage capacity for twelve carloads of flour, it being necessary at times for larger stocks



**BAKERY**

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Biggest Food Value in Victoria

# GOLDEN WEST BREAD

Has no equal on the family table for food value and appetizing flavor.

That delicious taste that makes you want another slice is produced by the high quality of flour and other materials used in its manufacture.

Then it is made in a spotlessly clean bakery, under the most approved scientific and sanitary methods.

WHEN YOU THINK OF BREAD, THINK

## Golden West Bread

Or phone 361, and we will deliver it fresh to your home every day.

## GOLDEN WEST BAKERY

D. W. Hanbury, Prop.

Opposite Park Quadra Street



than usual to be carried. The stable is entirely separate from the bake-shop activities, but, it should be mentioned, is also spotlessly clean in so far as it is possible to make it.

Mr. Hanbury, it may be mentioned, has had a long and varied experience in bread-making. He formerly resided in Australia, and afterwards in Vancouver, where he installed the big plant

for the United Bakers, but ill-health compelled him to seek a more congenial climate—and here he is, therefore, in Victoria, playing a big part in the daily round of household supplies.

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NEARLY 18,000 H.P. FOR POWER PURPOSES

B. C. Electric and Allied Industries Form a Big Institution

The B. C. Electric and its allied industries form one of the big institutions of Vancouver Island. Take the B. C. Electric payroll, for instance, of \$32,000 monthly, with its 386 employees and you have something that is of vital importance among the varied industrial activities of this part of the province.

Whether it is gas, electric light, electric power, or electric railway transportation that you want, it is all the same to the company and its offshoots. Perhaps The Times reader, if he has not been in Victoria long, may be interested in the fact that there are no less than 16,000 light, power and gas users, all of whom look to the company for service.

Power for industrial purposes forms so small part of the company's business. The average industrial motor load is 17,417 horse power, and among the larger consumers of power, numbering approximately five hundred, are the following firms, with their approximate connected motor load: Vancouver Portland Cement Co., 3,572; Associated Cement Co. of Canada, Ltd., Bamberton, 4,940; Cameron Lumber Co., 500; Canadian Explosives and Victoria Chemical Co., 500; Pacific Dredging Co., 700; Yarrows, Ltd., 600.

Gas is laid only in the most densely populated part of the city, there being 53 miles of mains, with 3,264 customers. Most of the electric power is obtained from the Jordan River hydro-electric plant, 45 miles from the city, with a capacity of 25,000 horse power. There is also a hydro-electric plant at Goldstream, supplying 2,000 h. p., and an auxiliary steam plant at Brentwood Bay, furnishing 6,000 h. p., the total electrical energy developed by the company being 23,000 h. p. The central distributing station is at Rock Bay.

The company owns a street railway trackage in the city and immediate suburbs of 41 1/2 miles, fifty-six cars at present being operated. The company's property at Gorge Park is, of course, an integral part of the system, and a goodly part of the revenue is furnished by visitors and city people who have an inclination for this famous beauty spot. The street railway also reaches many other places of interest, including Cadboro Bay (within a short distance of the terminus of the Uplands line), Fowl Bay, the Willows beach, Beacon Hill Park, and Esquimalt. There is also an interurban system from Victoria to Deep Bay, a distance of 24 miles, running along the whole length of the Saanich peninsula. This system takes in the Dominion Government observatory, Brentwood Bay, the Dominion Government farm at Bajan Bay, and other points of interest. The round fare is \$1.10. There are two freight trains a day each way.

An interesting fact in connection with the city street railway system is that on a five cent fare, with transfer, it is possible to travel nine and one-half miles, from Esquimalt to the terminus of the Uplands line. Take it all in all, the B. C. Electric Railway Co., the Vancouver Island Power Co., and the Victoria Gas Co. play a large part in the industrial and commercial life of the island.

Forty-Six Years in Business in Victoria

That is the Record of the Albion Stove Works, Employing Thirty-Five Men

A continuous record of forty-six years in business in Victoria, and still going strong, is the experience of the Albion Stove Works, whose products, besides having an enviable local reputation, find their way into many other parts of the Dominion. Very few Victorians are aware that the Albion Works have a capacity of sixty-five stoves per week, and that regular shipments are made, not only to France and China and other parts of the world, but also as far east as Ontario. This gives some indication of the industrial possibilities of the city, and shows that Victoria, besides being a health resort and the Mecca for thousands of tourists each year, is noted for other things besides ozone.

The Albion Works were started by the late Joseph Spratt, father of C. J. V. Spratt, president of the Victoria Machinery Depot, the first site being at the corner of Store and Chatham. As the business grew he bought out the Wilson Foundry on Pembroke Street, where the present pretentious premises are situated, with a frontage on Government, Pembroke and Princess. Thirty-five men are normally on the payroll, and the management prides itself on the fact that they are "all white." Most of the raw material is imported from Scotland, wind, weather, tide and submarines permitting. In addition to the manufacture of stoves, the firm makes iron, aluminum and brass castings; does electro-plating in all its branches, and has the largest sheet-iron shop in Victoria, thus giving some idea of the ramifications of a business that, like the proverbial

mustard-seed, had but a small beginning, but the spreading branches of which at the present time are no small factor in Victoria's industrial life.

DEAF PEOPLE

DEAFNESS AND NOISES IN THE HEAD can now be most certainly cured by the newly discovered "French Ointment." This new remedy goes right to the actual seat of the trouble, and effects a complete and lasting cure in a few days. One box is ample to cure any ordinary case, and has given almost immediate relief in hundreds of cases which had been considered "hopeless."

Mr. D. Borthwick, of Dalbeattie, N. B. writes: "Your new remedy, which I received from you some time ago, HAS COMPLETELY CURED MY HEARING! AFTER MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS' DEAFNESS. I will be pleased to recommend it to all my friends." Scores of other equally good reports. Try one box to-day, which can be forwarded securely packed and post paid to any address upon the receipt of postal or money order for it. There is nothing better at any price.

Address: "ORLENE" CO., H. T. RICHARDS, WATLING STREET, DARTFORD, KENT, ENGLAND. Please mention this paper.

Wood-pulp manufacture in Canada is on the increase. Canada exported, 1914, 424,853 tons of wood-pulp, value \$2,865,436; 1915, 364,170 tons; value, \$9,278,414; decrease of 14.3 per cent. 278,488 tons went to U. S., 18,488 to Great Britain, 8,666 to Japan and 18,235 to France.

NOTICE Estate of Hussey Burgh George Macartney, Late of Chemainus, B. C., Deceased. All persons having any claims against the Estate of the late Hussey Burgh George Macartney, who was killed in action on or about the 25th day of June, 1915, and whose will has been proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, Victoria Registry, are required to send particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of August, 1917, after which date the administrator will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice. Dated this 12th day of June, 1917. CREASE & CREASE, Solicitors for Administrators, 416 Central Building, Victoria, B. C.



British Columbia Electric Railway Co., Ltd.

33,000 HORSEPOWER of Electrical Energy Developed in Victoria and District

ELECTRIC POWER

IS ECONOMICAL RELIABLE EFFICIENT

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Only makers in Western Canada of the celebrated French Range in five sizes. The most suitable range in the market for hotels, restaurants, logging camps, and everywhere where large cooking capacity is required. Catalogues mailed on request, giving all information regarding these ranges, which have been made by this Company for over thirty-eight years. Hundreds of these ranges are in use all over B. C. and the Provinces. We ship these ranges as far east as Ontario. There's a Reason.

600-622 Pembroke Street Victoria, B.C.



### REMARKABLE EVOLUTION OF DOMINION HOTEL

No history of the city of Victoria would be complete without an extended reference to the Dominion Hotel, and to the two men who have been responsible for its success—Stephen Jones, the elder, long since deceased, and Stephen Jones, the younger, the present proprietor of the palatial building on Yates Street. It was as long ago as 1826 when Stephen Jones, the elder, acquired the original frame building on the same site. His connection with the hotel business antedated even that period, as for four years previously, from 1822 to 1826, he had operated the New Orleans Hotel on Cormorant Street, so that the Jones family can be said to have been in the hotel business in Victoria for forty-five years—in itself a noteworthy fact that deserves to be recorded on the pages of British Columbia history.

Stephen Jones, the elder, was residing with his family in Clinton, Ontario, when he heard the call of the west, and, nothing daunted by the hardships of travel in those early days, brought along his wife and a family of seven girls and two boys. He was a worthy representative of those sturdy pioneers who laid the foundations of British institutions on the Pacific coast. The family had to travel by way of San Francisco, and it took them eight days and nine nights to come from San Francisco to Victoria in the old steamship Prince Alfred. As Mr. Jones, the present proprietor of the hotel, remarked to The Times this week, it took some nerve in those days for a man to bring such a large family all that distance.

The father died in 1832, after a long and honorable life. The business three years previously had been taken over by the son when hardly twenty-one years of age. Mr. Jones has been continuously connected with its operation ever since, and has therefore been in the hotel business longer than any other hotel man on the Pacific Coast, for very few men in the same line of business in the province started in when he did.

There is a composite picture now hanging in the hotel that gives a striking idea of the evolution of the building from the small structure as it appeared when the present proprietor took it over, until, enlarged from time to time, it reached its splendid climax of two hundred guest-rooms, with all the most modern accommodations, including the latest innovation of a luxuriously-fitted grill room, that go to

make hotel life worth living. The first brick addition was built in 1891. During 1897, at the time of the Klondike rush, when hotel accommodation was at a premium, there was another big addition; thirty-five more rooms were added in 1900; another storey was placed over the whole building in 1908; and the last alteration was in 1913. There are now two hundred rooms, one hundred of these having a separate bath attached. The total investment has been in the neighborhood of half a million dollars.

very quiet, as the patrons of the Carnegie Library over the way will testify. All the furnishings of the hotel bespeak taste and refinement. All the rooms face the outside, and are provided with hot and cold running water and long distance telephone. The rates, moreover, are moderate—much more moderate than might be expected. The latest innovation is the cafe and grill-room, artistically decorated and luxuriously furnished, where, under the supervision of a caterer of exceptional experience, every taste, no mat-

#### THE ORIGINAL DOMINION HOTEL



The above is a photograph of the original Dominion Hotel, which was erected and carried on by the father of the present proprietor. The photograph was specially loaned to The Times by Mr. Jones for this edition, and is an interesting link with the past.

Very few hotels on the Pacific coast can offer greater comfort and convenience to its patrons. For years it has been the rendezvous of tourists and travellers from all over the world. It has housed thousands of convention delegates year after year, and best of all, it is a house of no regrets, for those who once partake of its hospitality always come back again. Ask somebody anywhere else in Canada or the States where to stay in Victoria, and the answer invariably will be "The Dominion," for the hotel has been making friends ever since it was started, and that is a long while ago.

The location of the hotel is an ideal one, for although it is within the heart of the retail district, and within half a block of all the converging street car lines, the immediate surroundings are

ter how fastidious, can be satisfied. Mr. Jones is to be congratulated on meeting this long-felt need. The cafe is the meeting-place of shopping parties and the Mecca of those on the look out for social enjoyment. It is an innovation, in short, not only for the guests of the hotel, but for Victoria people, who are patronizing it liberally.

It is a far cry from the time when Stephen Jones, the elder, was running the Dominion to the magnificent improvements that have been made and which show that the Dominion is keeping pace with modern demands, and that, as Stephen Jones, the elder, meant it to do, it will long maintain its pride of place as the leading hotel of its kind in this part of the Dominion.

# "THE HOUSE OF NO REGRETS"

## Dominion Hotel

VICTORIA, B. C.

### 200 Rooms—100 Baths

<b>Room, with detached bath:</b> One Person ..... \$1.00 to \$1.50 Two Persons ..... \$1.50 to \$2.00	<b>Room, with private bath:</b> One Person ..... \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 Two Persons ..... \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50
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## Dining Room and Grill

Choice meals at reasonable prices can now be obtained in the luxurious Cafe and Grill Room, recently opened. Amid artistic surroundings, with a high-class orchestra specially retained by the management, and under the supervision of a caterer of exceptional experience, visitors and Victorians alike will enjoy the a la carte menus, daintily served.

Ladies will find this a pleasant retreat during shopping intervals. Light refreshments constitute a special feature of the service.

Arrangements can be made at any time for club and dinner parties.

Special Dinner-Dances given from time to time.

The Dominion, Victoria's famous hotel, is the Island headquarters for automobile parties. Sight-seeing cars leave the hotel for all points of interest. Tourist and sight-seeing parties receive special consideration. Information and road maps may be obtained at the hotel office.

The hotel is now conducted on the European plan, with a splendid popular-priced Cafe and Grill connected.

## The Dominion Hotel

Corner Yates and Blanshard Streets, Victoria, B. C.

STEPHEN JONES, Proprietor

THOS. STEVENSON, Manager

#### THE DOMINION HOTEL AS IT HAS APPEARED SINCE 1913



**IGNORANCE OF NATIONAL SONGS**  
 Describing America Day in London, one writer tells how every one was "introduced to 'The Star Spangled Banner.'" It was played, he says, during the afternoon at the Carlton Hotel, but it was not only Englishmen who did not identify it. There were some Americans who had to be told, but all stood up when they knew it. Ignorance of the tune of national songs is not common, but ignorance of the words seems to be a national, or rather, an international failing. How

many Englishmen, for instance, know with certainty any more than the first verse of "God Save the King" or "Rule Britannia"? How many Scotsmen know all the words of "Auld Lang Syne," and how many Irishmen the words of "St. Patrick's Day"? It is questionable whether even the most devoted Frenchman could sing the "Marseillaise" through "without hesitating."—Christian Science Monitor.

It looks as if one of the choshu race was to take possession of Jerusalem.

### Improve Your Complexion

Get your blood pure, keep the liver active and the bowels regular, and disfiguring pimples and unsightly blotches will disappear from the face. For improving the complexion and putting the blood in good order

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

are safer, better and surer than cosmetics. They eliminate poisonous matters from the system, strengthen the organs and purify the blood—bring the health-glow to the cheeks, brighten the eyes, improve and

### Beautyify the Skin

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

## HOW BRITISH COLUMBIA SECURED RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT BY JOINING CONFEDERATED PROVINCES OF DOMINION

Union of Vancouver Island With British Columbia Consummated in 1866; First Legislative Assembly of British Columbia Formed in October, 1871; Political and Historical Review

The political history of British Columbia prior to Confederation is the story of a transition from a provisional council nominated from leading representatives of a proprietary company to full responsible government. The constitutional history of the British Overseas Dominions presents many examples of rapid change in development in the constitutional status of a colony, but in no case is there a parallel where within the short period of twenty years such a desirable condition was consummated as was carried through in this section of the world between 1851 and 1871.

#### Conditions in Sixties.

Representative government, even responsible government, had received a great setback by the unfortunate occurrence in Jamaica in the middle sixties and a serious blow by the occurrences in the state of Victoria, Australia, during the early years of that state's history, so that the leaders in the agitation for responsible government faced a very serious obstacle in supporting with vigor, energy and ceaseless resolution the admission of a small state of 70,000 people into the Dominion of Canada. It is difficult to realize how absolutely isolated British Columbia then was, not only lacking in railway facilities but having to depend on a telegraph connection with the world through American territory. It was isolated by long leagues of sea from the Mother Country, and bounded on the north and south by American territory, from which had come many of its adventurers; on the east by a long stretch of partially explored territory where a revolt had promptly broken out as soon as the Dominion attempted to establish its authority, and on the west by a great stretch of ocean bounded only by the islands of Japan, just then lowering the barriers to civilization.

The countries which owe their development to gold mining, most of which are washed by the broad waters of the Pacific, all drew their population from many mixed sources. Developed first as a fur trading area, in fact owing its British connection to that factor, the gold rush into British Columbia brought with it a radically different type to the class which had founded the provinces on the St. Lawrence or most of the colonies of the southern hemisphere.

On Vancouver Island a colonial class, recruited mainly for company purposes and not unlike some of the

East Indian and West African protectorates to-day, had possessed an absolute control prior to the gold rush to the Fraser. The provisional council had given place, it is true, to an elective assembly chosen on a limited franchise, but when in 1858 it became necessary to organize a government on the Mainland the official class of that day found themselves faced with an absolutely different type of citizen. They were chiefly Americans who had already seen something of liberal institutions in California, Canadians accustomed to responsible institutions, and men from all parts of the world exceedingly jealous of any exercise of authority, feeling themselves quite equal to manage their affairs as colonial administrators who had been moved from place to place at the direction of a colonial department with whom they had no tie of sympathy.

#### Agitation Begins.

No sooner had the union with British Columbia been consummated in 1866 than the agitation for a wider franchise became evident. The Legislative Council was then made up of a certain number of prominent officials, the magistrates and an elective membership, the official class being in the predominance, thus the ordinary citizen was more or less at the mercy of the officials, who had behind them the civil service, drawn from a class that received their appointments more as an opportunity to get a living than from any special capacity. The official class rightly saw that if they gave way to representative institutions the power would entirely pass from them. That explains largely the long and heated controversy in the Legislative Council before the minority became a majority, and the argument changed from one of supporting a principle to that of securing the best bargain with Canada. People of this generation forget that it was not the case of a dependency joining an old-established confederation, but of the practical extinction of individuality in a new organization then but recently established.

The supporters of Confederation had behind them one very strong argument, the argument of the purse. The colony was not prosperous. Goldmining had depended upon one particular section, and the high-water mark of production was passing from the Cariboo. A large number of men were out of employment, and Confederation had to offer the promise of the construction

of a railway, a dock, and a great wagon road. These were the encouragements for the party who would give a majority for Confederation. There was also the strong inducement that only by responsible government could the office seekers be got rid of, and lastly, there operated the great argument of encouraging an increased population, which would stimulate the business of the community and create a demand for property which had badly languished. To resist a combination of circumstances such as these would be like attempting to hold back the Atlantic with a broom. For two or three years the Legislative Council talked and did very little, finding some excuse or other in which to delay tackling the question of Confederation.

As early as 1868 an organization had been established in Victoria for the purpose of prosecuting Confederation. Even at the time when the British North American Act was being framed in March, 1867, a resolution had been passed in the Legislative Council asking His Excellency to take steps to insure the admission of British Columbia into the Confederation on fair and equitable terms. For the next two years, however, little progress was made, the excuse being given that it was unwise to proceed until such time as the negotiations between the Canadian Government and the Hudson's Bay Company for the transference of the Northwest Territories had taken place.

#### Strong Public Feeling.

Meanwhile feeling throughout the colonies was growing strongly for Confederation, and an important dispatch from Lord Granville was received here on October 28, 1869, which instructed the Governor to be authorized to promote Confederation. Governor Musgrave, who had only just taken office, had been recently sent from Newfoundland with the idea of bringing about Confederation, so that the supporters of the principle had a friend at court when the subject came to be discussed.

While the Legislative Council of 1870 was not the body which actually brought Confederation into being, the debates in the spring of that year were the pivot upon which the whole situation turned. The discussion took place on a series of resolutions forwarded by Governor Musgrave to the Council recommending certain terms of union. The Hon. Dr. Helmcken is the only surviving member of that Council, which included such celebrated figures as Sir Henry Crease, Sir Joseph Trutch, Senator Carroll, three future Premiers in George Antony Walker, Amor De Cosmos and John Robson. During the discussion, which occupied nearly two months, the whole arguments for and against Confederation were reviewed.

#### Outline of Terms.

The basis of population was set at 120,000 for the purposes of financial provisions. Arrangements were suggested for the railroad, wagon road, drydock and steamer communications, such questions as public works and transportation being very carefully considered. A marine hospital was to be built here and a penitentiary in some location in the colony. The Dominion Government was to use all its influence to retain Esquimaux as a naval station. It is not without interest to note that frequent reference

was made during the debate to the neglect of the agricultural possibilities of the colony, and the large amount of produce that was imported. The two main questions discussed were the tariff and whether Confederation would necessarily assure responsible government. While this was not specifically pledged it seemed to be regarded as an inevitable consequence, incidentally in that discussion arose the idea of the extension of the Canadian Geological Survey to British Columbia, a supplementary resolution to that effect being carried. Three members were sent to Ottawa to conduct the negotiations after the resolutions had been approved, those selected being the Hon. Dr. Helmcken, Hon. J. W. Trutch and F. J. Barnard. They reached Ottawa on June 4. Mr. Trutch proceeded to England, where he had obtained an Imperial Act to provide for a change in the constitution of British Columbia.

It was necessary to submit the terms of union to a new council, elected on a more liberal basis, also being chosen by districts and there being six nominated members, four of the latter being officials. The election was held in November, 1870, and the terms of union with some modifications were then adopted. The necessary resolutions for the admission of British Columbia were moved by Sir George Etienne Cartier in the House of Commons and carried after four days' debate by a majority of 18. They secured a majority of 17 in the Senate. Governor Musgrave having completed his services here left Victoria on July 25, 1871, and was succeeded by the new Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. J. W. Trutch, who was sworn in on August 14, on the day he returned. He issued writs for the first Legislative Assembly on the 2nd of October, twenty-five members being elected, thereby inaugurating responsible government.

Canada possesses oyster areas as extensive as New York State; 2,000 persons obtain a permanent living and \$5,000,000 capital is invested. There are 10,550 acres of producing natural beds in Maritime Provinces. Canada imports more oysters than she produces. During 5 years, 1910-14, the value of oysters imported into Canada averaged nearly \$390,000 a year, while the value of the Canadian production averaged less than \$195,000.

Canada has continuous railway connection (excepting ferry across Canoe Straits) from Sydney to Vancouver for 3,332 miles. Distance by rail and water from Sydney to Dawson City, 5,332 miles.

Canada is larger in area than the United States, including Alaska, by 111,992 square miles (Canada, 3,729,665; United States and Alaska, 3,617,673).

Canada won world record in 1914 for wheat yield—52 bushels per acre on 1,000-acre farm of C. S. Noble, of Nobleford.

Canada is 2,500 miles by 1,400 in area. The United States-Canada boundary line is 2,900 miles long; 1,000 by land, 1,400 through water.

Canada is bounded by three oceans; its 12,000 miles of coast line is nearly equal to half circumference of earth.



# IS YOUR WEEKLY LAUNDRY PARCEL A DEADLY GERM CARRIER TO YOUR HOME?

Vital Questions for the Mothers of Victoria! Why Take Chances With the Health of Your Children and Endanger the Well-Being and Happiness of Your Family?

EVERY mother is the custodian of the health and happiness of her children. It is her God-given privilege to see that they are brought up amid healthful surroundings, so as to lay the foundations for the strong constitutions without which they cannot adequately play their part in the battle of life in after years. A true mother guards the health of her children as she would her own life—nay, more so, for how many mothers have become bodily wrecks because of their overwhelming love, anxiety and ceaseless effort for their children? All that a woman has will she give for her child!

### The Deadly Loop-Hole.

What would the British empire say to-day if Sir Douglas Haig, in driving the Germans back to the Rhine with unrelenting persistence, either thoughtlessly or carelessly left an avenue between his battalions by which the Huns could once more force their way towards Calais? What howls of disappointment, vexation, and rage would sweep throughout the land! And yet some of the women of Victoria, careful as they are in other respects, tender and

solicitous as they are towards their children in a great many ways, are guilty of just as flagrant an error of judgment in daily life; they are unknowingly, unthinkingly unconsciously leaving a loop-hole through which there may pour illness, Disease, Doctors' Bills, Death, and all the other home-devastating evils that follow in their train.

You have heard, of course, all of you women, of the deadly disease of Tuberculosis. A shudder passes over the world as thousands of our brave soldiers pay the Supreme Sacrifice in the bullet-swept trenches of France, but we have scarcely given the matter a thought as that awful fiend, Tuberculosis, has reaped over a million persons every year to early graves. A million a year! Just think of it! And what is the cause of tuberculosis? Ask the first doctor you meet. He will tell you that the primary cause is due to bad housing conditions—in other words, lack of sanitation. It seems strange, doesn't it, that with all the knowledge that medical research has brought us, and the thousands of warnings we have received, that this should be so, and yet we have to admit the sad fact. In the crowded cities of Europe, twelve per cent, of the

population dies annually of tuberculosis in some form or other; and in the whole of the United States the toll is over a hundred thousand per annum.

### The Danger in Victoria.

"Yes," you say, "but what has that to do with Victoria? We are living in a healthy climate, where the death rate is one of the lowest in the Dominion."

But do you know that, notwithstanding the advantages of our equable climate and salubrious air, there were 367 deaths from tuberculosis in the whole of the province of British Columbia last year, and that of these deaths 69 occurred in Victoria and vicinity and 159 in Greater Vancouver. These are official figures, taken from Government reports. You must remember, too, that these are conservative figures, for Chinamen afflicted with the disease are frequently sent home to their own country to die, whereas otherwise they would increase the total.

In the Legislative Assembly on March 15 of this year, Dr. McIntosh, of Vancouver, speaking in the debate on the address, said that in the one preventable disease of tuberculosis alone, the death rate had increased by 43 per cent in Vancouver and by 58½ per cent in Victoria, from 1914 to 1916.

## Health Leakages Must Be Stopped

Extract from speech by Premier H. C. Brewster at organization meeting of Life Conservation League, Victoria, recently:

"Neglect of human conservation is costing this city, this province, and the Dominion millions upon millions of dollars.

"In business we periodically take an inventory of our stock to ascertain the leakages, if any. Then we go about to remedy the condition. We have some of the brainiest men in the country investigating our natural resources and pointing the way towards their preservation; yet under our very eyes there is the waste of human power, which is resource. We pass it by as infinitely greater than any other something that cannot be avoided.

"The public must be educated to know that the conditions under which they live in the way of sanitation and other elements upon which the strength of the community depends must be improved so as to decrease mortality and physical weakness to a minimum. Then, with public opinion behind them, the country's legislators can act.

"You can figure the whole situation out in dollars and cents," declared the Premier. "THERE IS A VALUE IN DOLLARS AND CENTS IN EVERY PINK TOE IN THE CRADLE, IN EVERY RAGAMUFFIN THAT PLAYS IN THE STREETS AND EVERY CHILD IN THE NURSERY. IT'S THE DUTY OF THOSE WHO HAVE HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO ACQUIRE EDUCATION RELATIVE TO THE CONSERVATION OF LIFE, NOT ONLY TO MAKE USE OF THAT EDUCATION HIMSELF, BUT TO GIVE IT OUT TO THE WORLD.

"A legislator can't go too far ahead of the people who elected him. He must act in accordance with the will of his constituents. It requires public education, step by step, to achieve the needed reforms, and that is the object of the organization you are forming to-night. To merely vote large appropriations to build hospitals and sanitariums is like spooning the water from a river instead of going to the fountain head to stop the flow. It is a criminal waste, not only of life but of money. There is value to you to see that your neighbor is healthy; the same thing means value to the state.

It isn't very nice to think that sixty-nine of our neighbors in Victoria died from tuberculosis last year. But it will do no good to hide the fact. It is our solemn duty to our families, our friends, our neighbors to shed on it all the light we can, for forewarned is forearmed and a stitch in time, as the old saw says, saves nine.

### A Communicable Disease.

Every doctor knows that tuberculosis is a chronic and communicable disease. It is the most feared, the most prevalent and one of the most fatal of all diseases. It breeds germs by the million, and each germ, if received into the system, and unless counteracted, is fatal.

One of the most common methods is by inhalation; that is, the germs are breathed into the lungs. These germs flourish where insanitary conditions prevail. It is essential, then, in order to prevent the slightest danger of the disease, that only cleanly methods be permitted in the home. Isn't it a strange thing, therefore, that many housewives, in whose homes not the slightest trace of filth is tolerated, calmly send their laundry every week to—where? Echo answers, "Where!"

### The Home of the Germ.

If a Tuberculosis Germ were looking for a home, where do you think it would go? Wouldn't it be likely to find an abiding place where Cleanliness is not one of the Ten Commandments—where,

for instance, it is the practice to eat, sleep and do the washing all in the same room!

Clothes form an ideal form of transmission for germs. Why not, then, find out HOW they are laundered, and WHERE they are laundered? A mother tries to keep watch over her child's footsteps, every minute of the day, for fear of physical danger, but thoughtlessly places the child in the shadow of the greatest danger of all—the danger of Tuberculosis—by sending her soiled clothes to a "laundry" where they will be exposed to contamination. Then, when the clothes are returned, the child wears them, literally breathes the germs, and becomes infected.

The laundering of clothes under unsanitary conditions constitutes the gravest menace to the family it is possible to find anywhere. Will your child be among the victims of Tuberculosis this year? Take preventative measures in time. Will you continue to send your laundry to places where fresh air and sunlight, the enemies of tuberculosis, are unwelcome, and where every condition favors the growth and multiplication of germs, OR will you send it to laundries where cleanliness is the first and essential principle. It is yours to decide. Which shall it be?

# LEPROSY

Two Chinamen have been taken from the local Chinese quarters within the past year suffering from this loathsome disease. One had been there a year. There may be more.



Don't take any chances! but send your laundry to us. Our plant is strictly sanitary. Call and see for yourself. You are welcome any time

**VICTORIA STEAM LAUNDRY CO. LTD.**

Phone 172

Victoria, B. C.

## The Public Are at All Times Welcome to Inspect Our Plant

This is our best advertisement. We have nothing to hide. Everything is as clean and sanitary as modern invention and continuous effort can make it.

## Standard Steam Laundry, Ltd.

H. R. SAVAGE, Manager.

PHONE 1017

Branch Office Next Dominion Hotel

### Special Facilities for Hotels, Boarding Houses and Large Institutions

Which would you rather do—take chances with the health of your family, or make assurance doubly sure by sending your laundry to a place where the First and Chief Consideration is Utmost Cleanliness?

We have a special department for family parcels, and we guarantee satisfaction.

841 View Street Victoria, B. C.

## Do You Stint the Laundry to Fee the Doctor?

- ¶ You DO, if you send your wash to the typical Oriental laundry!
- ¶ Most likely you have never seen the REAR room in such an institution. You have never seen where your good linen is kept during its adventures in the realm of John Laundryman. You have never witnessed the hundred and one incidents common to a busy day in John's REAR room.
- ¶ No! If you had, your wash would be going to the modern steam laundries to-day!
- ¶ But you are complacent; you have been in the habit of sending laundry to John, and so you continue to do.
- ¶ Also, it costs a little less. John has no expensive sanitary system to maintain; no modern, well-aired, sunlit plant to keep up; no white men and women employees to earn fair wages.
- ¶ Wherefore, John can do your work for a little less.
- ¶ But, is such saving worth while? Post yourself for the sake of your own health—your family's health. Read the facts! Learn what has already happened; what is happening daily!!
- ¶ Don't think it may not happen to you.
- ¶ You are taking chances every time you send your wash to an Oriental laundry and wear the clothes afterwards!
- ¶ Think of it! cuddling those INTIMATE garments next your very skin, after what they have been through!!
- ¶ Drop that complacency, for your health's sake!!

SUNLIGHT and AIR are big factors; but they must be backed up by sanitary methods of handling. It is on this ground that we ask you to find out about our service, because we KNOW that it will appeal to every cleanly person. We are proud of our works because we know that we sincerely try to live up to our motto: "QUALITY AND SERVICE."

"Our process insures thorough disinfection and sterilization." We would be glad to have you call and see the WHOLE WORKS, from engine room to finishing floor. It would be very interesting to you.

WHY NOT TEST THE TRUTH OF OUR STATEMENTS AND PHONE 2300 FOR A TRIAL ORDER?

## The New Method Laundry Ltd.

L. D. McLEAN, Manager

Down Town Branch: 1115 Douglas St.

1015-17 North Park St.



# MODERN ADDITION TO STEVENSON'S TALES OF THE SEA

## R. C. SALVAGE CO.'S REMARKABLE COUP

How the S. S. Sesostris Was  
Salved After Ten Years  
on Beach

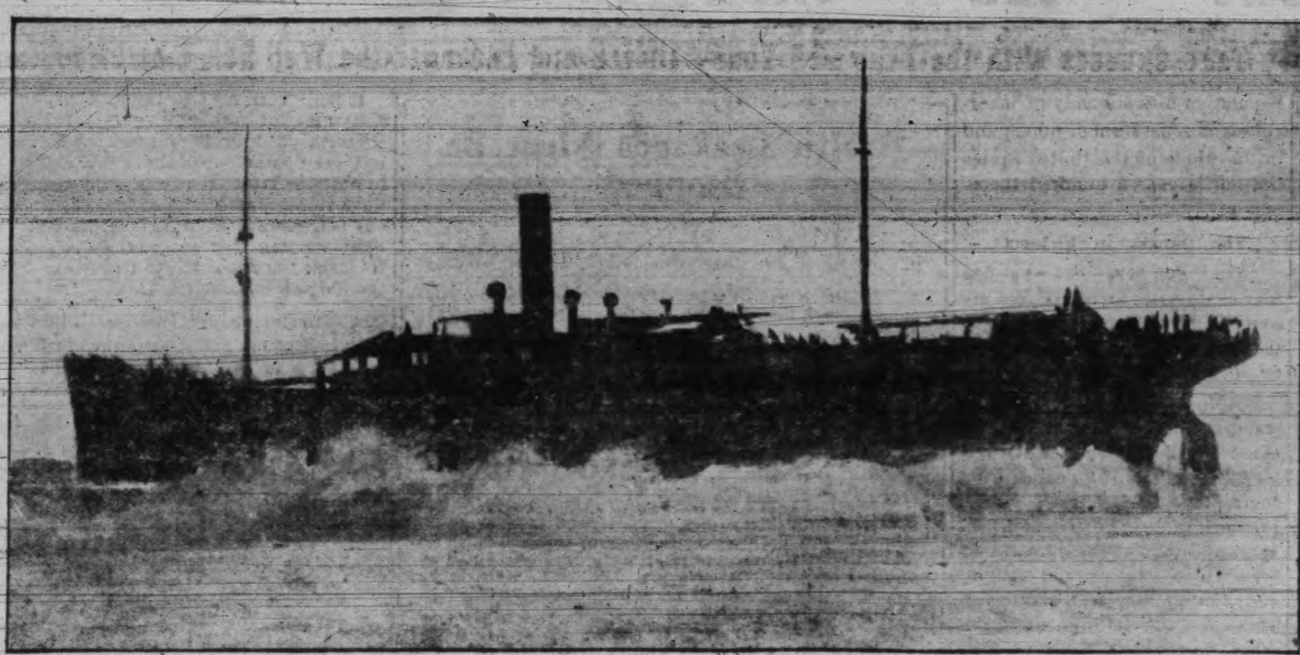
Notwithstanding that the district encompassed by the borders of Vancouver Island, and particularly the southern portion in which the city of Victoria is situated, is not generally known to fame because of its industrial and commercial activities—although the signs are increasing that it will be so known in the future—the business centers on the island have established reputations in their immediate circles that are of an enviable character.

Take the B. C. Salvage Company, for instance. There are many similar concerns of the kind on the Pacific Coast, but very few that can claim an accomplishment such as was chalked up to the credit of the company recently—an accomplishment that will certainly live long in the Pacific shipping annals, and will be referred to with pride by those Victorians who take a keen gratification in the success of their fellow-citizens. The story has been told before, but it deserves to be repeated, especially in such an issue as The Times Confederation Anniversary Number.

### Modern Tale of the Sea.

The details of this extraordinary accomplishment read more like a fairy tale than anything else—one of Robert Louis Stevenson's stirring sea tales brought up to date. Ten years ago the crack liner of the Cosmos Company, the Sesostris, with a cargo capacity of 7,500 tons, anchored off the port of Gros, Guatemala, to take on a cargo of coffee, which was loaded by means of hoisters through the air. The day of the arrival of the vessel happened to be the Kaiser's birthday, which was duly celebrated that night. History makes no mention as to whether, during that convivial jollification they drank to the toast of "Der Tag," although they doubtless did, but be that as it may, they little thought, as the glass clinked and the merriment was at its height, that long before "Der Tag" had dawned, the handwriting would appear on the wall, as it were, and seal the fate, temporarily, of the vessel.

The birthday festivities had hardly ended when the pin dropped out of the anchor shackle, and when morning dawned—the long, grey dawn of the morning after—it was found that the Sesostris was broadside on the beach. Three distinct salvage operations were carried on at different periods with a view to relieving the vessel, but all of them resulted in failure, and, as the years passed in rapid array, the action of the surf lifted the sand up around the vessel until when the B. C.



The above picture shows the Sesostris close to the water, with the surf breaking over her, after some months of hard work by the B. C. Salvage Co., in removing her from her former high-and-dry position.

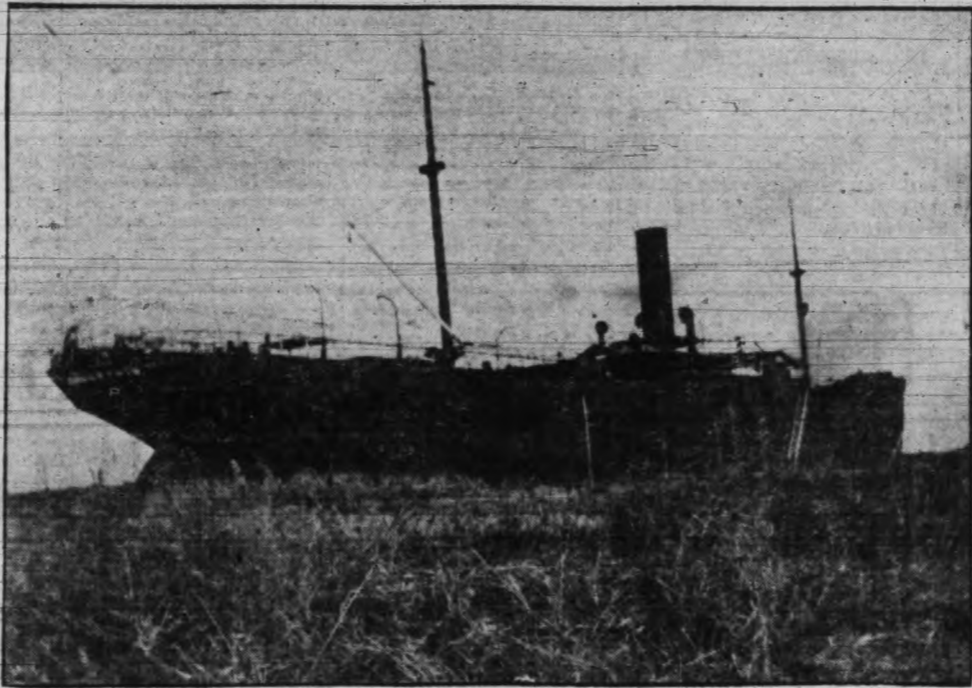
Salvage Company took the matter in hand six hundred feet of solid sand lay between the vessel and the sea.

The company, as Victorians now know, was successful, but it was only after nine months of the most strenuous work. That the matter was brought to a successful conclusion, however, is cause for congratulation, as showing that a Victoria business concern has the facilities, the brains and the perseverance to push such an important undertaking to completion.

### No Room at the Dock.

The vessel was finally taken into deep water, and afterwards brought to Victoria for repairs. Owing to the fact that the Grand Trunk Pacific steamer Prince Rupert, which was also salved by the B. C. Salvage Company, was in the dry-dock at Esquimalt for extensive repairs, the Sesostris was compelled to proceed to Seattle, where the necessary outfitting and repairs, costing in the neighborhood of a quarter of a million dollars, have been executed. The vessel is now undergoing a survey, and when ready for sea will have her old original class of ten years ago restored. Incidentally, it would seem that the provision of increased dry-dock accommodation at Victoria is an absolute necessity, so that the city can reap the benefit of the pay-roll which such a big repair job would mean, instead of seeing this pay-roll transferred to competitive harbors.

The salving of the Sesostris is only one of the many important and successful commissions of the kind undertaken by the B. C. Salvage Company, and gives some idea of the splendid resources of the city in this connection.



This picture gives some idea of the magnitude of the task confronting the B. C. Salvage Co., the Sesostris at the beginning of operations being in a position that had defied the efforts of other salvage companies to move her.

## SATISFACTION OF CUSTOMER IS AIM

Some Things That Have Contributed to Success of Angus Campbell & Co.

"Treat the public well. Give them value for their money. Give them, in fact, the big end of the stick every time." These have been the mottoes of the firm of Angus Campbell & Co. ever since the first small store on Fort Street was opened up in 1901, stated Mr. Campbell to The Times recently, and to the putting into effect of these mottoes, through thick and thin, is no doubt attributable the extraordinary success of the firm, leading to the occupation, in 1906, of the present magnificent premises on Government Street.

"Our first aim," continued Mr. Campbell, "has always been to satisfy a customer. Courtesy, of course, goes a long way, and it is such an institution at our store that our customers always remark on it, but behind it all is our determination to always stand by the goods we sell. If a customer is not satisfied with the article she buys, we would sooner have it back, and she is doing the right thing, and is the best friend the store can have if she brings it back, because we would sooner give an article away than put a

customer in the position of being able to say that she was not fairly treated, or that the goods did not measure up to the required standard." Emphasizing this practice of fair-dealing on the part of the firm, Mr. Campbell pointed out that some of the customers that patronized the firm in those early days of the present century, when Victoria was not nearly as large as it is to-day, are customers still—an eloquent tribute to the policy of fair-dealing that not only retains old customers but makes new ones.

Fourteen Departments. The present store has fourteen departments, and it is an interesting fact that this is exactly the number that Mr. Campbell started with. In other words, the departments have been extended, but the number has never been increased, thus showing that the business was started along the right lines, on a good foundation—an essential thing that means much in the spelling of success. Each department, moreover, is conducted just like a separate store, with an office system that enables the head of the firm to know exactly what each department is doing each day, or whether it did as well on the corresponding day last year, or the corresponding day five or ten years ago. This system means that if the business of a department is decreasing there must be something wrong, and the firm is enabled to place its business finger, as it were, on the weak spot, in a way that could not be done if the store were not divided in this way. Systems are invaluable things in business, and this system has played an important part in the progress of the firm.

The smaller store on Fort Street, less than a quarter the size of the

present store, was started with four assistants, whereas there are now fifty-two employees, thus giving some idea of the steady growth of the business. It is interesting to note that three of those early and valued members of the company are still members of the staff.

### Pioneer Ready-to-Wear House.

"The firm," states Mr. Campbell, "is the oldest exclusive ready-to-wear house in either Eastern or Western Canada, for when it was started there was not another house of the kind in the whole of the Dominion. We started in with ready-to-wear exclusively, and we have never changed our policy in that connection. We determined at the outset to keep everything that a woman would be likely to want, exclusive of hats or boots. The department for infants' and children's clothing have been an immense success since their institution, and are always generously patronized."

Mr. Campbell went on to point out that some years ago it was practically impossible to obtain ready-to-wear garments in all the required sizes, but now ready-to-wear manufacture is highly specialized, and size doesn't matter. For instance, some manufacturers specialize on what are known as "out" sizes, and do a tremendous business. All the old arguments that formerly applied to made-to-measure garments now, as a matter of fact, apply with equal force to ready-to-wear garments, because the latter are manufactured by experts, and no matter what the size, a customer can always obtain a suitable fit. The selling of ready-to-wear garments, in other words, has been brought down to a science, with so much success that

the departure made by Mr. Campbell in Victoria in 1901 has been duplicated in every important city in the Dominion.

Another reason for the success of the firm probably is that no goods are carried over from year to year. In this way, new goods are always available—something that the ladies of Victoria would do well to always keep in mind.

"The volume of business we are doing now is better than at any time since the beginning of the war," is the gratifying summing-up by Mr. Campbell. "We have no fault to find with business at all," he added.

## EMPTY BOTTLES ARE WORTH SOME MONEY

Save and Serve by Patronizing  
the Returned Soldiers'  
Bottle Agency

In these days of high living costs, with the consequent increasing difficulty of making both ends meet, it is advisable to adopt every possible means to supplement the family income, and one of the easiest ways of doing this is to save every empty bottle that would ordinarily be thrown away as of no use. Empty bottles, be it known, are worth money, and all you have to do, when you have collected a sufficient number, is to ring up No.

144, or, in other words, the Returned Soldiers' Bottle Agency, 1313 Blanshard, and the bottles will be collected immediately, in return for good prices.

"Economy" is the great slogan of the day, but the trouble with all of us is that the cry has been for the greater part unheeded, and waste and extravagance has continued unchecked. Begin to-day to save and there is no better way to begin than by turning all the empty bottles into cash.

There is an additional incentive to deal with this particular bottle agency, because it is carried on by Fred Tomlinson, who saw service with the 3rd C. M. R.'s, and was wounded at the battle of Moegstraet in December, 1915. Fred, like many other of Canada's heroes, is now trying to make an honorable livelihood, and deserves all the encouragement that it is possible to give him.

No matter what kind of a bottle it is, do not destroy it, but keep it for Fred. This is one of the ways by which you can save and serve.

Immigration to Canada, 1900-16, represented 53 nationalities, viz.: English, Irish, Scotch, Welsh, African, South Albanian, Argentinian, Australian, Austro-Hungarian, Belgian, Brazilian, Bulgarian, Chinese, Cuban, Dutch, French, German, Greek, Hawaiian, Hebrew, Hindoo, Italian, Japanese, Macedonian, Malay, Maltese, Mexican, Montenegrin, Negro, Newfoundland, New Zealand, Persian, Polish, Portuguese, Roumanian, Russian, Dutch, Finnish, Mennonite, Danish, Icelandic, Norwegian, Swedish, Serbian, Spanish, Swiss, Turkish, Arabian, Armenian, Egyptian, Syrian, United States, West Indian.

## Why, Oh Why?

Throw Your Empty

# BOTTLES

away! Take Lloyd George's advice and "Save and Serve." Telephone us, and we will collect them. Best prices are paid.

### The Returned Soldiers' Bottle Agency

HAERLE AND TOMLINSON  
Phone 144. 1313 Blanshard St.

## Vacation Death Roll

During every holiday season the newspapers record a startling number of accidental deaths among pleasure seekers.

Supposing you should lose your life while on your vacation this year, what will happen to your family? Do you realize that you've a duty towards them that doesn't end with your death?

Perhaps your wife hasn't been trained to be a breadwinner. But your failure to protect her until she dies—till the children are educated and self-supporting—may force your widow into the business grind in spite of her incapacity.

It's not a pleasant prospect, is it? But isn't it a possible contingency? To offset it you need an Imperial policy to perpetuate your income after you're gone. Write for literature and terms today. Tomorrow may be too late.

## THE IMPERIAL LIFE

Assurance Company of Canada

Head Office, Toronto  
Kenneth Ferguson, District Manager, Victoria  
Stanley Henderson, Manager for B. C., Vancouver

The Imperial maintains stronger policy reserves than does any other Canadian life company.

# DO YOUR BIT

THE MAN IN THE TRENCHES DEPENDS ON YOUR PROMISES  
ARE YOU KEEPING THEM?

## The Victoria Patriotic Aid Society

Winch Building 640 Fort Street



# MAGNIFICENT PLANT OF YARROWS, LTD., AT ESQUIMALT

## PAYROLL DURING THE MONTH OF MAY REACHED TOTAL OF \$45,000; FINE FACILITIES FOR NEW AND REPAIR WORK

### Firm Turns Out Largest Casting of Its Kind Ever Made in the Province; Particulars of Some Notable Repair Jobs; Description of the Firm's Splendid and Extensive Equipment

If it be true that the financial success of a city is determined in a large measure by its payrolls, then Victoria is indeed fortunate by reason of the location adjacent to its borders of the engineering and shipbuilding firm of Yarrows, Ltd., which at the present time is employing over four hundred men, and on occasion, during busy seasons, has had a payroll of as high as \$45,000 a month. The firm is a branch of the famous and long-established institution of the same name at Scotstoun, Glasgow, builders of destroyers and shallow draft craft, and the inventors of the Yarrow water-tube boiler, which is so very largely adopted in the British navy and other navies of the world.

Yarrows started on their Victoria business career three years ago last January, under the capable superintendence of Norman Yarrow, and since that time has had phenomenal success. If the censor would only allow "The Times" to lift the curtain and turn on the footlights, much more than is contained on this page might be said concerning the activities of the firm, but no more information than is already common property is needed to convince Victorians that great as has been the success of the parent firm in the Old Land, that success is in a fair way of being duplicated by the young offshoot which has already firmly established itself in the trade history of the Pacific coast. Experts have even stated that some of the work turned out by the firm could not be equalled by many of the well-equipped shipbuilding and engineering yards of the British Isles.

The number of men employed naturally varies, for a large and important repair job will frequently mean the requisitioning of several score of extra hands. The average number on the payroll, says Mr. Yarrow, is 250, whose wages, distributed twice a month, mean a great deal in connection with the annual turnover of the city merchants.

**Biggest Repair Job.**  
In detailing the work accomplished by the firm, perhaps the censor will allow the mere statement that a considerable amount of important naval work has been done for the British Admiralty. After the foregoing has been duly taken into consideration, it may be mentioned that the firm has just completed one of the biggest repair jobs ever done in the Northwest. The G. T. P. Company's steamer, after being ashore at Glenn Island, has been repaired in the drydock. The job necessitated 35 new plates, there being 53 plates altogether to handle, and prac-

tically the whole bottom, for a distance of 180 feet, was renewed. No better indication could be afforded of the company's unusual repair facilities. Several vessels have been built at the plant, including the steamers Princess Beatrice, Princess Royal, Princess Maquinna, tug Nanoose and two large steel transfer barges, all for the C. P. R. coast service. The hydrographic steamer Lilloet, and the quarantine steamer Madge were also built there for the Dominion Government.

During the past year two steel stern-wheel shallow draft vessels have been built for service in India, and two more are now under way. These are 132 feet long, with a 32-foot beam, and have a moulded depth of 4 ft. 9 in.

A notable job handled by the firm was the lengthening of the C. P. R. steamer Princess Mary 38 feet.

Among the large repair contracts, exclusive of naval work, undertaken by them, was the S. S. Mariposa, a fine passenger steamer of the Alaska Steamship Co., which had her interior completely rebuilt after being wrecked and submerged.

Another notable job was a new, fully-laden 8,800-ton freighter, which was brought back in disabled condition from sea and had a new 18 ft. bronze-bladed propeller cast and fitted in place, and the ship rendered ready for sea again, all in one week, without docking or disturbing any of the cargo, which was done by means of a large wooden cofferdam built round the stern of the vessel.

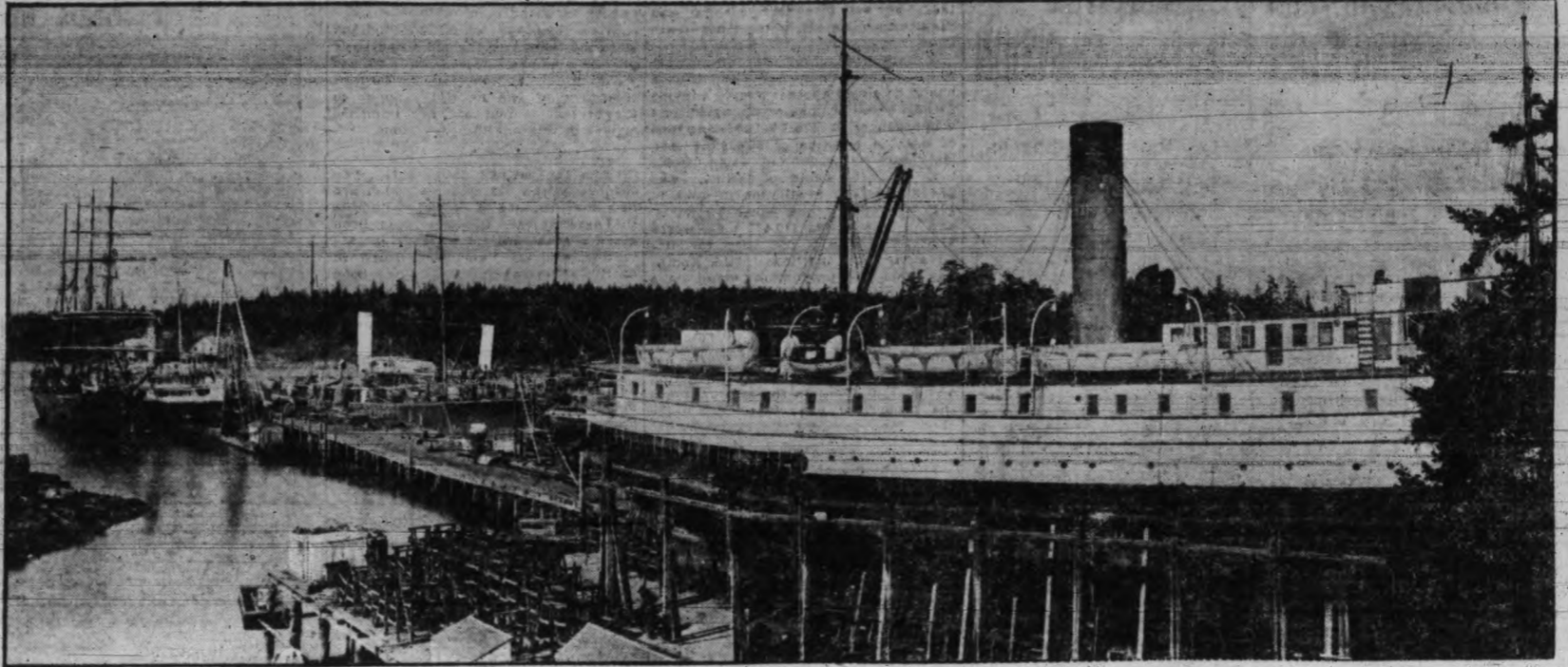
The firm has been very successful in the manufacture of manganese bronze propellers and blades and other large cast iron propellers.

**Oil-Burning Installations.**  
Oil-fuel-burning installations is another line of endeavor taken up by them, one of the most recent jobs being the cable steamer Restorer, fitted to carry 10,000 barrels of fuel oil. Several of the C. P. R. vessels and the coast fleet of the Grand Trunk Steamship Co. were all converted from coal to oil-fuel-burning at these works, and also the various units of the local dredging fleet.

Some very important naval repairs have been executed at the Esquimalt yard for the Imperial and Canadian naval authorities, and also repairs to Japanese warships, which have visited this port since the commencement of hostilities.

Preparations are now under way to extend the various departments so that the firm can participate in the new shipbuilding programme just launched in Canada by the Imperial Munitions Board. It is the firm's aim to have

## STRIKING SCENE AT WHARF AND SLIPS OF YARROWS, LTD., AT THEIR EXTENSIVE PLANT AT ESQUIMALT



To the right, in the slipway, may be seen the Union Steamship Co.'s boat, the "Camosun," the "Mariposa," owned by the Alaska Steamship Co.; and the cableship "Restorer." On the other side of the wharf is the C. P. R. boat, "Princess Alice," and lying alongside her is the American barque "Hawaii." It is a story in pictorial form of the widespread activities of a firm of which Victoria has every reason to be proud.

a plant which will at all times be able to cope with the great variety of work it may have to deal with.

**Splendidly Equipped Plant.**  
The yard, which is situated on Lang Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, adjoining the site of the proposed Government drydock, and covering an area of eight acres, is specially equipped to cope with the ship-repairing requirements of the port. The facilities of the plant have been steadily improved and added to. They comprise a marine railway for the accommodation of vessels up to 312 feet in length and 3,000 gross tonnage, and a wharf over 500 ft. in length on both sides of which vessels can be accommodated for overhaul and repairs. The wharf is equipped with shears capable of lifting 60 tons, a 10-ton derrick scow with a 90 ft. boom, and other floating equipment.

**The Foundry.**  
The foundry is 120 feet long by 70 feet wide, and with cupola capable of making castings up to 10 tons in weight. Two oil-fired crucibles, one with a capacity of 1,250 lbs. and the other of 750 lbs. are used for brass or manganese bronze castings. The drying oven is 20 feet long, 13 feet 4 inches wide and 12 feet high, and is fitted with a light railway track for handling large cores. Other equipment includes a 10-ton traveling crane, with gantry extension outside, commanding the full length of shop and yards.

**Pattern Shop.**  
The pattern shop, about 50 feet by 25 feet, adjoins the foundry, and is equipped with wood-turning lathes, planing machine, band saw and a hand-dog. The machines are all electrically driven. A very complete stock of patterns is kept on hand.

**Blacksmith Shop.**  
The blacksmith shop, 100 feet long by 82 feet wide, is well arranged for forge work. It is equipped with a 1,200-lb. steam hammer with one hand-power jib crane for heavy work, and two steel-post jib cranes conveniently arranged to handle the work to and from the fires and anvils. All the necessary forges and fires both for coal and oil firing, together with usual supply of anvils, cross blocks and other small tools are kept on hand.

**Coppersmith Department.**  
The coppersmithing department is fitted out with work tables and benches, bending slab, fire, torches, clamps, etc., for making, brazing and bending copper piping.

**Fine Machine Shop.**  
The machine shop is a one-storey, ironclad building, 100 feet long by 48 feet wide. The motive power is supplied by one 30-horse-power electric motor, 1 1/2 K.W. continuous current generator and one 40-horse-power induction motor.

This shop is well supplied with lathes, drills, etc., of which the following are some of the principal tools:  
One 22 in. and one 20 in. drill presses.  
One 6 ft. radial drill.  
One back-gear horizontal boring mill, with 8 ft. main table.  
One 3 in. power-driven bolt-threading machine.  
One power-driven pipe threading machine.  
One 56 in. x 26 in. planer.  
One 60 in. x 25 ft. 8 in. gap lathe.  
One power-driven slotting machine.  
One engine lathe, 59 in. swing and 25 ft. bed.

One back-gear face plate lathe, swinging 20 ft. with 92 in. face plate, extra heavy for very large work.  
One power-driven drill grinder.  
One traveling head-gear shaper.  
One traveling head-gear crank shaper.  
One high-speed engine lathe, 24 in. swing and 20 ft. 4 in. bed.

tools, etc., as already described, together with the baths and gear for galvanizing plant.  
The joiner shop, 130 ft. long by 40 ft. wide, is a large building with a mould loft above and sawmills below, fitted out with a planer, lathes, double spindle shaper, universal jig saw, circular cut-off saw, circular saw through sur-

with five electrically-driven compressors, producing 210 h.p. and one 30 h.p. steam compressor, an air pressure of 110 lbs. being used.  
The air system is carried into every part of the yard, and a large number of pneumatic tools can be used from the various points for repairs and construction.

British immigration to Canada, sixteen years, 1900-1916, 1,168,282. viz.: English, 528,939; Welsh, 31,493; Scotch, 241,992; Irish, 72,982. During the above period, 1900-15, 19 per cent. of English, 19 per cent. of Welsh, 16 per cent. of Scotch and 20 per cent. of Irish immigrants made entry for homesteads in Western Canada, in addition to many who settled without homesteading.

During the period, 1887-1916, 18 per cent. British, 30 per cent. American and 28 per cent. of immigrants from other countries made entry for homesteads in Western Canada, in addition to many who settled without homesteading.

Total foreign-born in Canada, 1911 census, 752,722 (male, 479,927, or 62.6 per cent.; female, 281,805, or 37.4 per cent.). Of above total, countries of birth: Europe, 404,941; Asia, 40,946; United States, 206,835.

In 1868, area of the four provinces forming Confederation was 662,148 square miles; now Parliament exercises jurisdiction over 3,729,665 square miles in nine provinces and three territories, while there is enough additional land to create nine provinces more.

Chinese immigration to Canada, 1900-1916, 31,874. Dropped from 1,258 in 1914-15 to 88 in 1915-16. Chinese head tax, now \$500, amount 1915-16, \$10,000, paid on 20; 68 were exempt. Total head tax, 1905-16, \$14,372,500.

Canada's present supply of commercial timber has been variously estimated to be between five hundred and eight hundred billion feet board measure, and to cover an area of approximately 250,000,000 acres.

Canada's railway, telephone and telegraph companies bought 179,248 poles in 1915, worth \$450,848; in 1914, 283,484 poles, worth \$660,262; decrease of 37 per cent. Railways bought 7,592,530 ties in 1915, worth \$3,329,029.

Exports of paper, pulp, pulp-wood and manufactures of wood, rose, in 1915-16, to nearly \$38,000,000—highest on record.

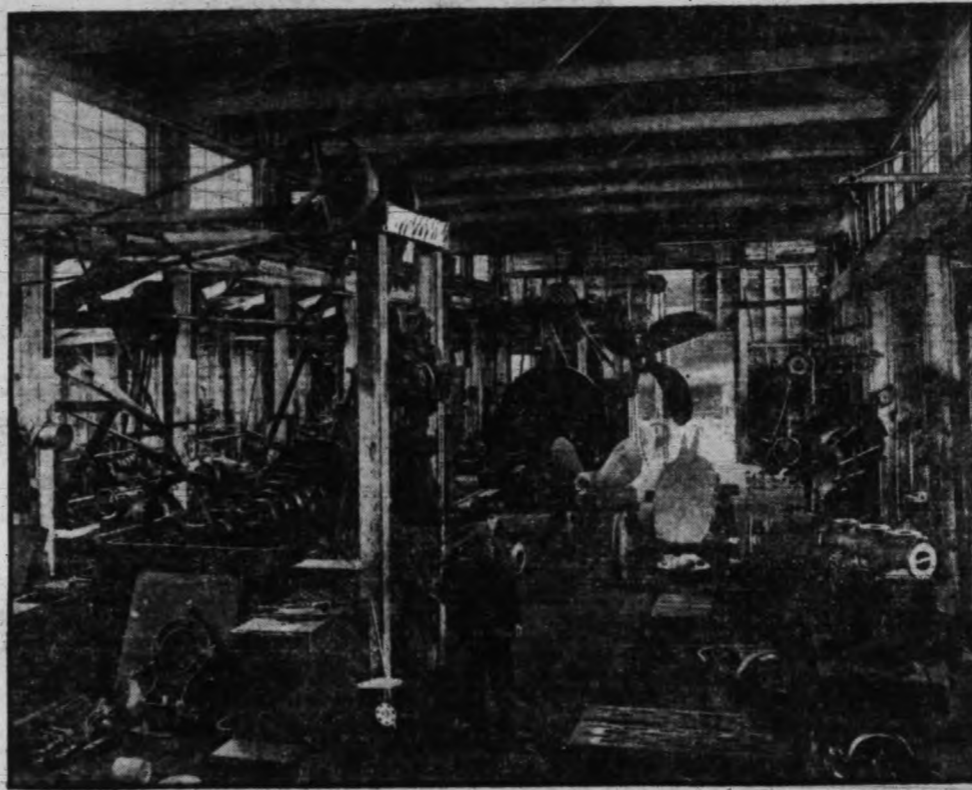
Canada's total production of pulp-wood, 1915, 2,355,550 cords, valued at \$15,590,330.

Canada imported \$423,331 worth of wood-pulp in 1915, mostly from United States, Sweden and Great Britain.

Canada lost, in 1915, over \$10,000,000 through 12,900 forest fires.

Canada has the most prolific and extensive sea fisheries in the world.

## VIEW OF PART OF MACHINE SHOP



One engine lathe 24 in. swing and 16 ft. bed.  
One back-gear engine lathe, 18 in. swing and 10 ft. bed.  
One high-speed engine lathe, 20 in. swing and 10 ft. bed.  
Two lathes, 18 in. swing, length 6 ft.  
Two lathes, 18 in. swing, length 4 ft.  
One special 10-ton 28 ft. span hand-power traveling crane with gantry extension outside.  
One double emery grinder.  
One power-driven grindstone.  
One power-driven hack saw.  
One extra large power-driven planer, 62 in. between heads, with separate tool rest on independent side arm for extra large work with 44 in. x 19 ft. table.

**Boiler Shop.**  
The boiler shop and coppersmith shop are housed, together with the blacksmith department, in the building described under the heading "Blacksmith Shop," which is fitted out with the necessary plate rolls, plate furnace, 5 fixed forges, portable forge, rolls, mangle, double angle shears, horizontal punch and beam bender, 2 punch and shearing machines, bar and rivet shearing machine, a large assortment of pneumatic machines, including drills, chipping hammers, riveting hammers, scaling hammers, holding-on machines, etc. Hand cranes are fitted throughout the building to facilitate the work passing through the shop. The coppersmithing department occupies one corner of the building, and is supplied with the necessary furnaces,

face table, 2 band saws, planing machine, jointer, tenon machine, mortise machine, sand paper machine, electric drills, grinders, emery wheels, etc. Two 30 h.p. electric motors supply the driving power for this building.

The building berth, capable of accommodating a vessel 300 feet by 50 feet, is equipped with an overhead trolley, and adjoining the berth are located the various machines and tools for the building of steel ships, comprising large double punch and shears, splitting shears with overhead traveling crane and small punch, radial countersinking machines, plate rolls, 2 flanging presses and other smaller tools. There is also space for the installation of a second building berth.

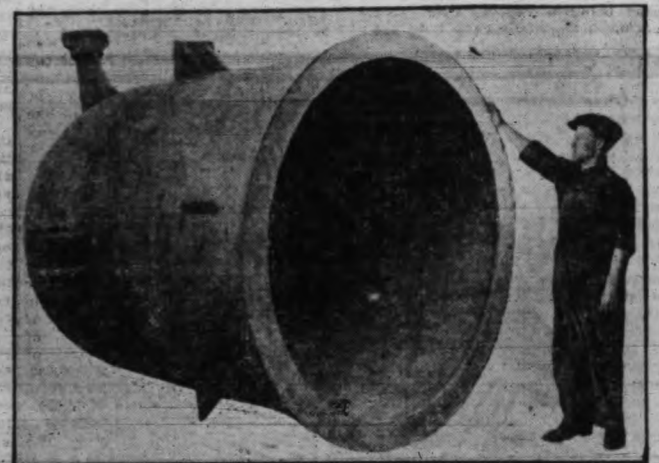
The stores and electrical shop is a two-storey building, 75 feet long by 35 feet wide, in which is stocked a very large and complete supply of all the various materials, fittings and stores necessary for the building of steamships. A large stock of steel plates, bars and shapes of all descriptions is kept on hand, the whole area being commanded by an aerial wire system operated by steam winches.

The oxyacetylene welding plant is enclosed in a galvanized iron building 22 feet long and 14 feet wide, separated from the others and completely fitted out for the manufacture and operation of the gas used in the process of cutting and welding. This gas is piped all over the plant and to the various shops and wharves.  
The compressor sheds are equipped

There is also a floating steam compressor plant of 25 h.p. combined with pile driver, which can lie alongside vessels too large to come to any of the wharves, and supply air for working pneumatic tools on board.

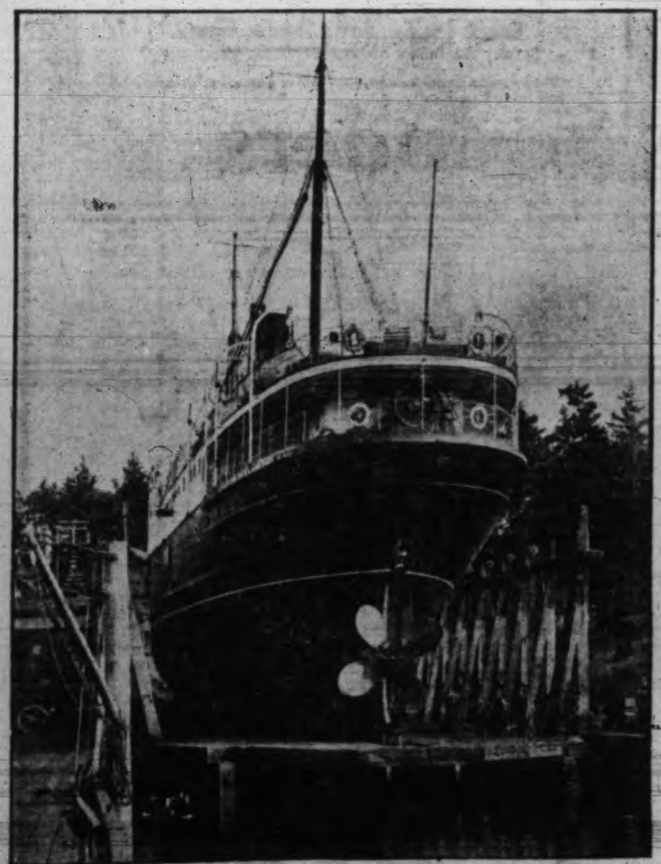
The above descriptions show how completely the yard is equipped and the extensive character of the work that can consequently be undertaken.

## BIG CASTING MADE IN VICTORIA



No greater testimony to the enterprise of the firm of Yarrows, Ltd., could be made than by the story which the above casting mutely depicts. It is an acid pot specially made for the Victoria Chemical Co. It weighs 71 tons, has an inside diameter of 4 ft. 2 1/2 in., and an inside depth of 9 ft. 11 in. The firm is naturally proud of the fact that it is the largest casting of the kind ever turned out in the province.

## THE "PRINCESS MAQUINNA" ON THE SLIPS





# TREMENDOUS EXPANSION OF BRITISH COLUMBIA SINCE PROVINCE ENTERED CONFEDERATION 46 YEARS AGO

## STATISTICS SHOW MOST GRATIFYING PROGRESS; RETURN OF PEACE WILL BRING STILL GREATER EXPANSION

War Has Hit Province Harder Than Any Parts of Dominion, but British Columbia Enters on Second Half of First Century of Confederation With Hopeful Courage

In the fifty years which have elapsed since the Canadian Provinces united in a Confederation and the forty-six which have passed since this province joined its sisters, British Columbia has witnessed a tremendous expansion along every line of industry and enterprise.

While the advancement made has not been so great over the whole period as its people would like to have seen, it has been slow but sure, and on the foundation of what has been done in the past, and of the immense resources of the province, the people of to-day will be able to build a strong superstructure under wise leadership and legislation.

There is hardly any comparison between the state of the province to-day and what it was at the time Confederation was brought about, and the greater part of the difference has been wrought in the last couple of decades. For several years after British Columbia entered the union its industries moved along in much the same quiet, solid way that they had done in the old colonial days.

Gradually the unquestioned advantages of this portion of the Dominion, and its resources, which are not to be equaled in any other province, began to attract the attention of outside investors and more and more these commenced to come in to second and extend the efforts of the men who had proved the richness of British Columbia and the wealth to be gained from its forests, mines, waters and lands.

In every line of activity there has been the same progression since this century opened, and in several the war has brought about greater production than before. The statistics which are available, such as those so ably presented in the Year Book of British Columbia and in recent official reports and returns, present a gratifying review of the situation as it now exists, they demonstrate that the natural resources in which the province is so rich are being developed energetically both by the people of British Columbia and capitalists from without.

At this time it is in order to make some slight review of what advance has been made in one way or another, but any such review must be condensed within such limits as fall to adequately treat of the subjects, so extensive and so varied are they and so far-reaching in their bearing on the welfare of the province and its inhabitants.

**Increase in Population.**  
When the province entered Confederation a rough census was taken for the purposes of fixing the per capita subsidy from the Dominion, and at that time the population was put down at 45,000, of which something less than 10,000 were white. The census of that year had been taken in the Dominion a few months before British Columbia joined the other provinces.

The census of 1881 gave British Columbia a population of 49,459; that of 1891 gave the population as 88,173; the census of 1901 gave it 178,657, and the last census, taken in 1911, gave this province 372,000. The Indian population, which was 35,000 at Confederation, is now in the vicinity of 22,000, and is steadily declining. On the other hand, there has been a great increase in the number of Asiatics in the province.

At the present time there are conflicting estimates as to the population of British Columbia, ranging between 500,000 and 600,000. It is fairly safe to assume that it is not nearly as great as it was when the census of 1911 was taken, a number of causes having contributed to diminish it in addition to the drain created by the war.

**Forest Wealth.**  
The forest resources of the province are one of its chief assets, and in their extent and diversity are unequalled in any other province. Their present value is enormous, and their future worth is beyond calculation, the demand for timber being increasing both in the home market and abroad and the supply diminishing in other countries.

Estimates of the amount of standing timber vary greatly. The Forestry Commission which took evidence throughout the province eight years ago made an estimate that there are fifteen million acres of merchantable timber in the province, and upon a mass of conflicting testimony, more or less conjectural, concluded that the stand is about 240 billion feet, more than one-half the timber wealth of the Dominion.

Legislation governing the cutting of this has been in force less than thirty years, and the utilization of the province's great resources in this line has been a matter of comparatively recent date on any considerable scale. In the past decade there has been an immense development, however, and the cut is increasing rapidly with the demand for timber. There is every likelihood that with the necessity for material for reconstruction in Europe after the conclusion of peace a tremendous impetus will be given to the industry and by this Vancouver Island is bound to profit very greatly.

**Steady Increase.**  
The cut of the B. C. mills for 1900

was 317,500,000 feet, and this had increased to over one billion feet by 1910. The price of lumber has risen and the value of the output of the mills in 1915 was some \$35,528,000, as compared with \$29,150,000 in 1915. During last year the late Chief Forester of the province visited several countries in the interests of enlarging the markets for the produce of the B. C. mills. At present Australia takes large amounts of lumber from British Columbia, and the market there is growing. In South Africa, also, and the South American countries the output of the mills here is in much demand.

The subsidiary industry of paper-making is in its infancy in the province but is destined to occupy a large place. The mills at Powell River are turning out an excellent quality of newsprint, and their capacity is being increased. At Swanson Bay, Ocean Falls and Howe Sound the pulp and paper mills promise to be considerable enterprises.

There is a large and growing market for the output of these concerns, as well as the sawmills, on the prairies.

**Mining Industry.**  
The oldest industry in the province, its most characteristic one, and what is believed by many to be the one which will be the greatest of all so far as British Columbia is concerned, is that of mining. From the early fifties the mines of the province have been yielding steadily, and for a quarter of a century before the province entered Confederation were doing well. As a matter of fact, the production of gold found its maximum before 1910 in 1883 and 1884, the value of the precious metal recovered in the former year being the record, at \$2,915,563, closely followed in the following year with \$3,735,850.

Placer mining began in 1858, when the value of the production was \$750,000. In the years after Confederation there was a decrease in the output which continued through the seventies, eighties and early nineties, until in 1893 the minimum production over the whole period was reached with \$265,131. The development of the placer mines in Atlin brought the production up again, and it then continued to fluctuate from year to year. In 1915 the value of gold recovered was \$750,000 and in 1916 it was \$375,000.

From 1892 the production of gold from lode mines commenced so far as the records are concerned, with an output of \$23,404. The maximum production was in 1910, \$5,533,380. In the intervening years the total output of gold from lode mines was \$60,811,067. In 1915 the value of the gold taken out was \$5,167,954, and in 1916 it was \$4,144,229. The total value of gold mined by all processes in the past two years was \$9,312,183 in 1915 and \$5,289,229 in 1916. The value of all minerals recovered from the earliest period for which official records are available up to the end of last year was the enormous figure of \$553,600,000. The value of the output for 1916 was \$42,300,000, which exceeded that of 1915, \$29,447,508, by 44 per cent. The increase is largely accounted for by the development of metalliferous mining, due to the great demand created by the war, the output for 1916 being worth \$32,000,000, as against \$21,000,000 in 1915.

**Copper.**  
Copper was easily the leading metal in quantity and value produced during the two years, the latter doubling as a result of the vastly higher price paid. There was no copper produced in the province until 1894, although the Indians mined a little in their rude manner long before. In the year mentioned the combined output of the mines at Nelson and Rossland was 324,680 pounds, worth \$16,234. In 1900 the Boundary mines commenced to produce and there was a substantial increase in the annual production until 1906, when what was the maximum output recently was reached with an output of 42,990,488 pounds, of a value of \$8,288,665. Two years later nearly five million pounds more were mined, but as the price ruled lower the value was not as great as that figure.

In 1915 the production of copper was 56,918,405 pounds and the value of the metal was \$9,835,900. This was increased last year to 67,757,075 pounds, but as the price has been going up like a sky-rocket the value was the exceedingly large sum of \$18,429,924.

**Other Metals.**  
Zinc and lead were two metals which helped to swell the output of the metalliferous mines last year and the year before. In both the production of 1916 was very much greater last year than that before and the recovery of silver was consequently also greater. Of zinc there was produced in 1915 a total of 13,000,000 pounds and a value of \$1,460,524, and in 1916 a total of 37,000,000 pounds, worth over \$4,000,000. The production of lead increased from 46,508,590 pounds of a value of \$1,929,209 in 1915 to 49,000,000 pounds of a value of over \$3,000,000 in 1916. The recovery of silver last year was a total of 3,366,205 ounces, valued at \$2,999,458, as compared with 3,366,506 ounces, worth \$1,588,391, in 1915.

**Coal.**  
At the time of the Canadian Confederation the total output of coal in this province had not reached one million

dollars, and it was not until 1884 that the value of the coal mined in any one year reached that figure. Naturally the Vancouver Island mines were producing all of this, as no coal came from the Crow's Nest Pass field until 1898 and not from the Nicola and Similkameen mines until some years later.

In 1910 the output of coal rounded the hundred million mark, and to this has to be added another twelve millions for the value of coke produced. There was produced in 1915 1,611,129 long tons of coal, of a value of \$5,628,952, and last year the production was 2,026,672 long tons, the value of which was \$7,892,352. The production of coke in 1915 was 245,871 tons, worth \$1,475,256, and in 1916 it was 270,475 tons, worth \$1,822,350. Had it not been for the advantageous conditions in the Kootenay field the production would have been very much greater in both lines. In the twenty-five years up to 1910, as calculated in the Year Book of B. C. by Mr. Gosnell, the mineral output of this province was close on thirty per cent of the whole mineral production of the Dominion. In the interval since that proportion has risen until it is about forty per cent.

**The Fisheries.**  
The fisheries of the province are one of its staple industries, employing a great number of men and the annual output being increasing from year to year at a very great rate.

The packing of salmon has always been the mainstay of the industry, but of late years the halibut fisheries have been developed and there has been a

marked increase in the herring fishery.

The statistics for this industry go back further than any others there are, the figures for the pack of salmon and the fisheries output for the province being available from 1876 onwards.

These show a steady gain on the whole over the period of forty years that are dealt with by the figures. In 1876 there were 3,847 cases of salmon put up, of a value of \$47,265, and in ten years the pack had grown to 161,264 cases, of a value of \$774,067. Another decade saw the pack increased to 601,579 cases, worth \$2,985,208. In 1906 the pack was 629,460 cases, the value of which was estimated at \$3,776,760.

For the fiscal year ending March 31, 1915, the returns give the salmon pack as 1,123,281 cases, and the value as \$6,018,835. For the year ending on the last day of March last year the pack was somewhat smaller, 995,065 cases, but the value was over two and one-half million dollars greater, \$10,726,818. For the year which closed this spring it is estimated that the returns will show a very large increase.

**Comparative Increase.**  
As compared with the rest of the Dominion the fisheries of British Columbia have increased at an even greater rate than the figures of the local growth would indicate. From a point where the output was not one per cent of the product of the fisheries of Canada, and for a number of years was from five to ten per cent, the proportion of the Dominion's fishery output contributed by this province has been growing yearly for the past quarter of a century until it is now something over forty per cent of the whole.

In 1876 the value of the B. C. output was \$104,697 and that of the Dominion as a whole was \$11,117,000. In 1880 the proportions were \$718,325 and \$14,499,979; in 1890 they were respectively \$2,481,432 and \$17,714,902; in 1900 they were \$4,878,829 and \$21,557,639; in 1910 they were \$10,314,755 and \$29,629,169. The aggregate value of the fisheries of the province for the fiscal year ending in the spring of 1915 was \$11,515,936, and for the year following this had increased to \$14,538,329.

For 1916 halibut came second, although a long way behind salmon, in the value of the catch, which was \$1,972,290. Herring to an aggregate value of \$1,009,708 was caught, and the cod fisheries were worth to the fishers \$300,049. Whaling is an industry which has been carried on to a small extent for many years but on a commercial basis only within the last four or five years, the latest returns for it being a catch worth \$136,000.

This year there has been two or three new canneries erected and others are talked of in the north, where the Federal Government has relaxed the regulations to some extent. The outlook for the industry generally this year is bright, and a very large catch of all classes of fish is expected.

**Hatcheries.**  
There are a dozen fish hatcheries in the province, conducted by the Federal and Provincial Departments of Fisheries. Many millions of fry have been liberated from these since they were established and the effect on the stock-

ing of the lakes and streams has been excellent.

It is estimated that there is about eight million dollars invested in the fishing industry in the province, and that it gives employment to about twenty thousand men.

From the days when the Indians were the fishers of the coast and their primitive smoke-houses and frames were the only approach to any form of treatment of the natural product to the present is marked by immense strides in this one industry alone.

**Agriculture.**  
From the earliest days of the settlement of the old colonies which are now the Province of British Columbia the agricultural industry has been given a great deal of intermittent attention, and on Vancouver Island in particular mixed farming has been followed for well over sixty years. In the interior of the province cattle-raising has been carried on upon a considerable scale, and still is a big branch of agriculture.

On the Island there have been farms in constant cultivation since white men first settled in and about Fort Camosun, and there has been a general development of these in Sooke, Metchoin, Saanich, Cowichan and Comox districts, and the area being brought under use is steadily on the increase. Thriving settlements are bringing hundreds of acres into production at the north end of the Island, in the Quatsino district, and much development is going on in the Comox district.

For various reasons the industry

and throughout the province. There has always been a very large proportion of the products of the farm consumed within the province which has

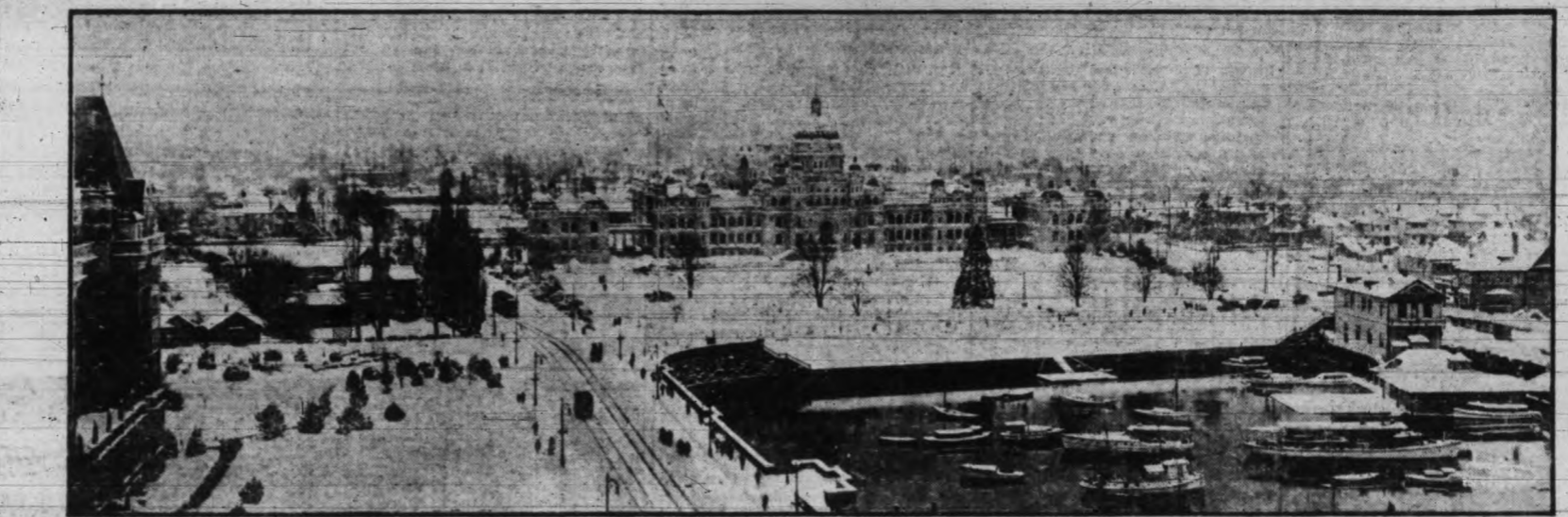
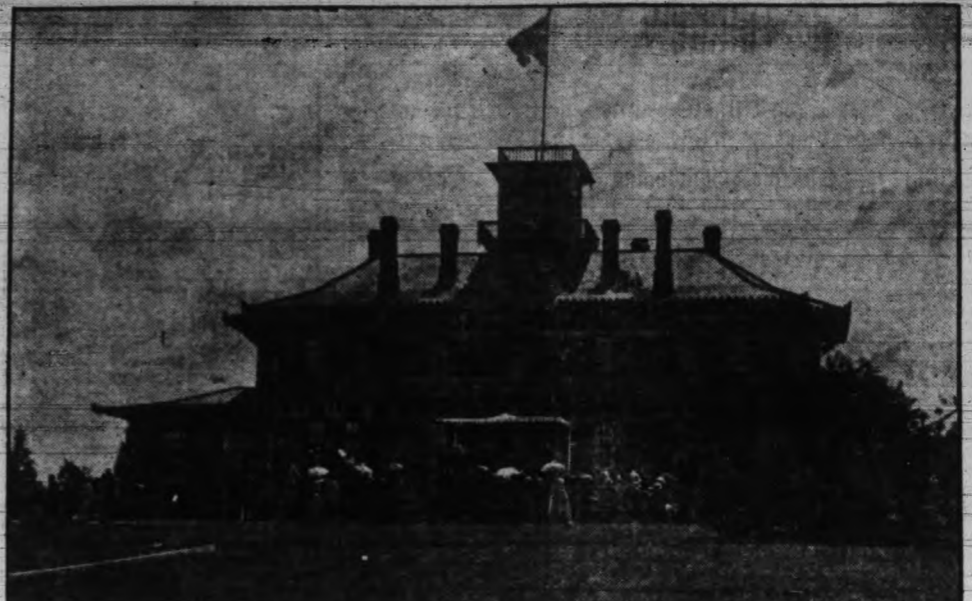
tion, much of it remaining in that state to this day. The adaptability of the province for the production of fruit was recognized

about the time the province entered

this city, grew excellent fruit in orchards some of which are yet in bearing.

About the time the province entered

OLD AND NEW GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS



The above pictures strikingly illustrate the changes that have taken place in Victoria since the good old days of Sir James Douglas. The upper picture depicts the old Government Buildings, the erection of which was begun in 1858. The cost, over \$100,000, was defrayed out of Hudson's Bay Company's funds. The present buildings, on the same site, were formally opened in 1909.

Confederation exhibits of British Columbia fruit were made in the Old Land, in eastern Canada and in the United States which attracted much. Continued on page 11 (Second Section).

# VICTORIA

## Engineers, Machinists

## Boilermakers

## Shipwrights

## Iron and Brass Founders

Etc., Etc.

### Capacity of Marine Railway

### 3,500 Tons Dead Weight

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### FIT-RITE CLOTHING IS FORGING AHEAD

#### Richardson & Stephens Tell of Improvement in Business Conditions

The majority of the men of Victoria know what "Fit-Rite" attire is, but, in case some of them are newcomers, and do not know where to obtain it, perhaps it may be as well to say that it is handled by the firm of Richardson & Stephens, at the corner of Yates and Government. This progressive firm is in its sixth year in Victoria, and not only deals in men's clothing but also boys' clothing as well. The firm, it may be mentioned, not only has the "Fit-Rite" agency for Victoria, but also for Vancouver, where there is another flourishing store.

"There has been a big improvement in business during the past twelve months as compared with the three years previously," said Mr. Stephens to The Times this week. "For the size of its population, business in Victoria is just as good as in any place in the west. I for one have every faith in the future of the city, and if the merchants would only do a little more boosting it would be a great help to everybody."

The advantages of dealing at the Fit-Rite store are so obvious that it is unnecessary to enlarge upon them, but it might be as well to point out that Richardson & Stephens have a splendidly-equipped establishment that has won favor in a very marked degree and with increasing trade and continued satisfaction the firm has the brightest possible outlook.

### NONAGENARIAN POLITICIAN



HON. JOHN SEBASTIAN HELMCKEN

Pioneer of pioneers and the Grand Old Man of British Columbia, who took an active share in the early administration of public affairs on Vancouver Island. He was first Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, organized in 1856. While an opponent for a long period of the principle of union with Canada, he afterwards coincided with the arrangements for entering Confederation, and was one of the three delegates to take the terms to Ottawa. He returned from the national capital with the documents containing the terms of union as agreed on by the Dominion Government on July 18, 1870. The other delegates were F. J. Bernard, afterwards M.P., and Sir Joseph Trutch, the first Lieutenant-Governor.

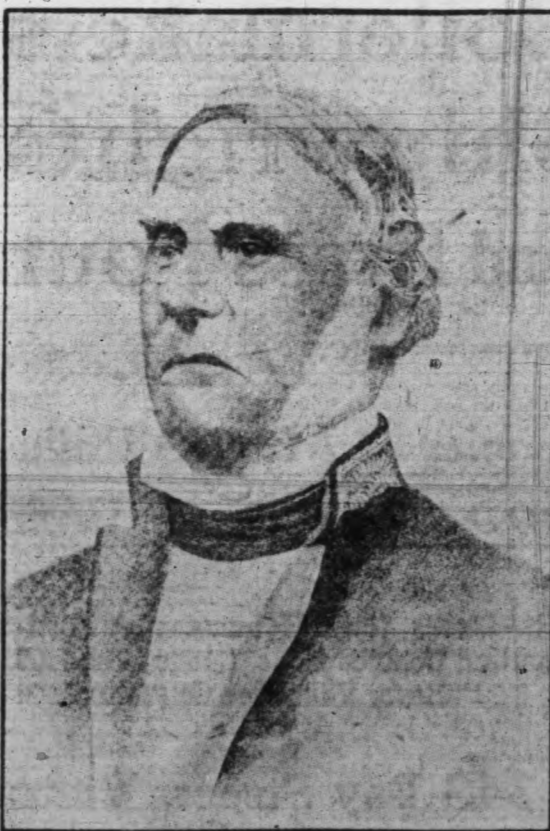
of sole leather. All this means increased cost of footwear something the purchasing public would do well to bear in mind.

### DRAKE COMPANY FOR HARDWARE NEEDS

Firm Has Fine, Well-Stocked Store on Douglas Street

The Drake Hardware Company, on Douglas Street, has been one of the retail institutions of Victoria for ten years, starting first on Yates Street, and afterwards moving to the present commodious premises. The firm, it may be mentioned, furnished the hardware for a goodly proportion of the most important buildings in the city, and is at present making the supplies for two new buildings now going up—the nurses' addition to the hospital, and the new Spanish School.

### THE FOUNDER OF VICTORIA



SIR JAMES DOUGLAS

Second Governor of Vancouver Island. Sir James was one of the many remarkable men connected with the Hudson's Bay Company's service and the most famous of the men who conducted the affairs of the company in the territory west of the Rocky Mountains. He selected the site of this city in 1842, and returned next year to establish the fort, which became the headquarters of the company on the Pacific Coast. As Governor of Vancouver Island he also organized the administration of British Columbia and presided over its early years. He died August 2, 1877.



### KODAKS The 2c Family

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Meniscus Lens ..... \$9.00  
Rapid Rectilinear Lens ..... \$11.00  
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Leave your Films to be developed before 9 a.m. You can get them at 6 p.m.

No family in Victoria should overlook the possibilities of tremendous savings afforded through buying at Ivel's. You have the added advantage of knowing that you are buying the highest quality merchandise at the lowest possible prices.

Parawax, for preserving, Per lb. .... 15¢	Sterno Canned Heat, per tin ..... 15¢	Bermud Arrowroot, per lb. .... 50¢
Water Wings, for swimming ..... 35¢	Peroxide Hydrogen, 50c. lb. 8 oz. 25c; 4 oz. .... 15¢	Cottam's Bird Seed, per pkg. .... 15¢
Diver Swim Caps ..... 25¢	Water Glass, tin ..... 15¢	Mennen's Talcum ..... 15¢
Epsom Salts, lb. .... 15¢	A. C. Boracic, lb. .... 35¢	Bird's Lemonade, pkg. 20¢
<b>CUTEX</b> Products Make Manicuring Easy. Cutex Cuticle Remover 35¢ Cutex Cuticle Remover 50¢ Cutex Nail White ..... 35¢ Cutex Nail Bleach ..... 35¢ Cutex Nail Cake ..... 15¢ Cutex Nail Polish ..... 35¢ Cutex Nail Polish Paste 35¢ Liquid Nail Enamel ..... 50¢ Cutex Cuticle Comfort 35¢	<b>MELBA</b> Toilet Preparations. Melba Talcum ..... 35¢ Melbaline Powder ..... 35¢ Melba Powder ..... 65¢ Melba Piney Wood Powder ..... \$1.00 Melba Toilet Water \$1.00 Melba Nail White ..... 35¢ Melba Finger Nail Polish ..... 35¢	<b>SHAVING</b> Requirements for Men. Gilette Razors ..... \$5.00 Gem Jr. Safety Razor ..... \$1.00 Ever Ready Safety Razor ..... \$1.00 Menthol After Shave 25¢ Witch-Hazel Cream ..... 25¢ Lilac De France ..... 75¢ Mennen's Shave Cream 20¢

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### Toilet Requisites For the Vacation

Traveling Cases, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and up.  
Toilet Face Cloths, 10c, 15c and ..... 25c  
Toilet Chamais, 10c, 15c and ..... 25c  
Manicure Scissors, 50c, 65c, 75c, \$1.00 ..... \$1.25  
Manicure Buffers, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 85c ..... \$1.00  
Vacuum Bottles, with shock absorber ..... \$1.75  
Pints ..... \$1.75  
Quarts ..... \$3.50

### Household Drugs

Aromatic Castora, 2-oz. bottle ..... 25c  
100 Tablets, A. B. S. & C., for ..... 25c  
5 oz. Pariah Feed ..... 50c  
8 oz. Easton's Syrup ..... 50c  
Menthol Cough Balsam 50c  
Ivel's Perfect Liver Pills for ..... 25c  
Crude Carbolic, pint ..... 25c  
Creolin, pint ..... 25c

GET YOUR BATHING CAPS FROM US

### IVEL'S PHARMACY FOR PRESCRIPTIONS

Big Increase of Business Following Move to New Location

W. M. Ivel, of Ivel's Pharmacy, has been in the drug business in Victoria exactly seven years this month. His store was formerly located in the Westholme block, but last December he moved to the strategic position at the corner of View and Douglas, where his trade is steadily increasing.

Mr. Ivel has always made a specialty of prescriptions, and states that his dispensing department has been busier than ever during the past few months. For one thing, Mr. Ivel never believes in keeping old stock on hand, consequently all his drugs are absolutely fresh. When he last took stock, in fact, there was only one thing in the store that had been there the year before—a striking testimony to his policy of quick turnover.

Mr. Ivel's Kodak business is also on the increase. His department for toilet articles is something for him to be proud of, filled as it is with an endless variety of toilet requisites.

"Quality First" is the motto that has kept Ivel's Pharmacy to the fore-front, and that bids fair to keep it so in the future. It is worthy of note that at every government inspection his goods have always been right up to the standard.

The fountain in the Ivel Pharmacy should not be overlooked. The ice cream, that has made the business famous is made by the firm, and also all the fruit juices and syrups, thus guaranteeing absolute purity.

### H. E. MUNDAY, PIONEER SHOE MAN OF VICTORIA

Has Three Stores in City; Shoe Prices Are Now on Increase

A resident of Victoria for the past 39 years, and in business for the past 19 years, H. E. Munday is one of the prominent and pioneer shoe men of the city. He has three stores—the "K" Shoe Shop and the People's Shoe Store on Government Street, and the Old Country Boot Store on Johnson Street.

The Old Country Boot Store, by the way, is really three stores in one, being 623, 625 and 627 Johnson Street, and is the largest retail shoe store by far on the Island. As the name implies, a large stock of Old Country boots is carried, principally for the country and the working class trade, and as the footwear is reliable and solid leather, the business has increased to large proportions.

The People's Shoe Store is for popular-priced Canadian footwear, and the "K" Shoe Store is for the famous brand of boots of that name. Mr. Munday buys in very large quantities, and consequently is able to sell more cheaply than would otherwise be the case. He informs The Times that business is at least ten per cent. better than last year.

## DUNLOP TIRES

SEAL OF QUALITY

## AUTOMOBILE

### Right—at the Start

Those Dunlop Tires you found on your new car were there for a purpose—to satisfy you.

If you believe that a plain tire will always fill the bill, then, doubtless, you will see no reason to change from Dunlop "Plains."

But if you want an anti-skid for your next order, you have your choice of Dunlop "Traction Tread," or Dunlop "Special." You are bound to be satisfied with Dunlop Tires.

## Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited

Head Office and Factories: TORONTO

BRANCHES:  
Victoria, Vancouver, Edmonton, Calgary, Saskatoon, Regina, Winnipeg, London, Hamilton, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, St. John, Halifax.

Makers of High-Grade Tires for Automobiles, Motor Trucks, Bicycles, Motorcycles, and Carriages; and High-Grade Rubber Belting, Packing, Fire Hose, and General Hose; Dredge Sleeves, Military Equipment, Mats, Tiling, Heels and Soles, Horse Shoe Pads, Cements and General Rubber Specialties.

PHONE 2190

## Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited

853 Yates St., - - Victoria



**MILL HAS OVER**

**150 EMPLOYEES**

Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co. is Old-Established Business

The Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co., which was established in 1890 by T. Eiford and the late Wm. Munsey, is now under the management of W. H.

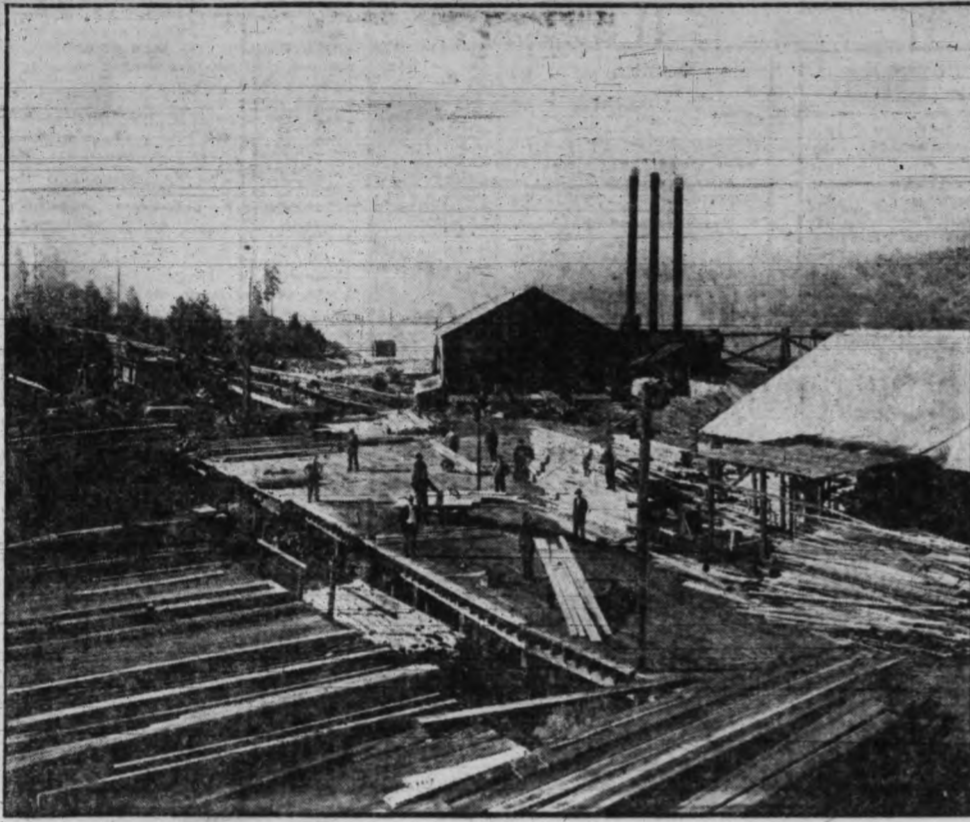
Munsey, who is president of the company, with T. Eiford as manager and G. F. Jeanneret as secretary-treasurer. Although one of the old-established businesses of the city, it has kept pace with modern developments, and has had a full share in the task of building up the city.

The firm's mill is at Shawnigan Lake. It has a capacity of 60,000 feet per day. The company owns extensive timber limits in the vicinity of the lake, and carries on its own logging operations. The number of men on the payroll averages about 150, thus enabling one to realize the wide scope of the company's activities. The output consists principally of fir, cedar, pine and spruce. The company is at present

operating a railroad seven and a half miles in length, from the timber limit to the mill. The logging plant includes two locomotives and four donkey engines. The mill is equipped with the most modern machinery. The company also conducts a general store for the convenience of the employees.

The head office is at 2090 Government Street, Victoria, where a stockyard is also maintained. Most of the firm's output is at present being sent to the prairies and eastern Canada. Mr. Munsey states that the demand on the prairies is exceptionally good, the high grain prices causing the farmers to carry on building operations extensively. The company makes a specialty of long timbers, up to 100 feet.

SHAWNIGAN LAKE LUMBER CO.'S MILL NEAR SHAWNIGAN LAKE



HEAD OFFICE: VICTORIA, B. C.

MILLS: SHAWNIGAN LAKE, B. C.

THE **Shawnigan Lake Lumber Co.**

LIMITED

Manufacturers of all Grades and Sizes of Rough and Dressed

**Fir and Cedar Lumber**

OUR SPECIALTY:

**LONG TIMBERS AND PROMPT SHIPMENTS**

P. O. Box 298

Victoria, B. C.

**WHALE MEAT**

Is More Nutritious Than Beef and Just as Wholesome

And why shouldn't it be? Scientists will tell you that the whale is one of the cleanest living animals on land or in the sea.

A whale from which the meat comes now offered for sale subsists entirely and exclusively on live shrimps—nothing else.

When captured it is many miles at sea, away from all shore contamination, in perfectly clear, blue water. When killed the whale meat is handled the same as beef.

**Whale Facts**

- Whale Meat contains 4% more protein than beef.
- Whale Meat is 98% digestible matter.
- Whale Meat contains no bones, no fat.
- Whale Meat avoids all waste and shrinkage.
- Whale Meat may be fried, boiled or roasted.
- Whale Meat is more economical than any other meat.

**Whale Steak**

Parboil for a few minutes. Fry in butter. Season and serve as you would beefsteak. Prepare gravy in usual manner.

**Whale Pot Roast**

Parboil the meat for a short period and drain. Place a medium-sized piece of beef fat in the kettle. A tablespoonful of olive oil may be added. Season with salt, pepper and a whole onion. Cook same as beef pot roast.

**Whale Meat Loaf**

Parboil for a few minutes. Grind in meat grinder and mix with bread crumbs and chopped onions. Season with salt and pepper. Form in loaf and bake in oven. A fresh egg and a small amount of pork sausage will greatly improve this loaf.

When whale meat is roasted it should first be larded by your butcher.

**Whale Meat Is For Sale at the Local Meat Markets**

**"HOMADE" CANDIES FOR THE DISCRIMINATING**

Business Founded by H. S. Stevenson Has Achieved Gratifying Success

To paraphrase a well-known proverb, "a chocolate sometimes covers a multitude of sins," as candy-lovers know to their cost. Just as it is true that "all is not gold that glitters," so also is it true that a chocolate box in the most attractive adornments, and captivating embellishments, for the sole purpose of "catching the eye," not infrequently contains inferior confections that are hardly worth the buying.

Victorians, however, have come to realize that the name "Homade" on a box of chocolates or candies is a guarantee of absolute purity and freshness, for they contain only the purest ingredients, with artificial flavorings and extracts absolutely barred from their manufacture. This statement can easily be verified, for the factory is located in the city, and therefore easily accessible to those who doubt the truth of these assertions.

Had a Small Beginning. The business was started by H. S. Stevenson in September, 1913, in a small store on Cook Street. Success soon came his way, for a branch on Douglas Street was established in October of the same year, with another branch on Government Street during the early part of 1914. About the middle of that year, still further and considerable extensions were made to the business, a branch being opened at Oak Bay, and another on Yates Street. Soon after the war started, however, the store at Oak Bay was dispensed with, and also the one on Cook Street. This arrangement left the three stores on Yates, Douglas, and Government, which are still being operated with every success. The Yates Street store has a fountain and ice cream parlor in connection.

Our visit to the "Homade" candy factory confirms all that Mr. Stevenson has ever claimed for his products. The factory, for instance, is delightfully clean, and every operation is carried out with the utmost cleanliness, while every utensil is in as sanitary a condition as it can possibly be made. Every possible device is utilized for the elimination of possible impurity, even down to the dust-proof cabinet for the storage of the finished chocolates, etc.

Purest Ingredients. The candies are made, too, of nothing but the purest ingredients. If it is fruit, it is the real home-grown article, and not canned, goodness-knows-what substitute, for Mr. Stevenson buys much Vancouver Island fruit as he can get hold of, and has it preserved in his own factory, so anxious is he to maintain the quality of his finished products. All the nuts, too, are of the highest grade, and are purchased in large quantities and kept in

covered receptacles, ready for use. The butter, also, is the best creamery variety that can be obtained, for an inferior kind, as any housewife knows, would merely result in a rancid taste that could easily be detected. All these things mean purity with a big P, and that is what Mr. Stevenson is after all the time. Marble slabs, it may be added, are used as mixing boards, so as to facilitate the cleaning process. Just as much care is taken in the ice cream department for the protection of the public, so that the most anxious mother need not worry if her child exhibits an extraordinary penchant for cones, provided they are filled with the Stevenson variety. There are fifteen employees on the payroll, thus showing how gratifying has been the progress within the comparatively short space of nearly four years. Ten leading varieties of chocolates are manufactured, the four "best sellers" being chocolate fruit creams, cherry cocktails, chocolate peppermint, and chocolate almond crisp. All, however, are of a delicious flavor—the appealing kind that makes one long for more. About fifty different varieties of lozenges, caramels and fudges are manufactured.

A Popular Fountain. The products of the fountain at the Yates Street store are so popular that they need not be recounted here. There are reasons, of course, for their popularity. One refers to the question of service, which is particularly efficient; and another to the wholesale and delicious varieties that are provided. An important reason, too, is that the composition of all the sundries is given on the menu, and the public apparently appreciates this assistance in making a selection.

In conclusion it may be pointed out that Mr. Stevenson superintends everything himself—in itself a question of no small value. His success tends to prove that quality, both of service and of goods, pays in the long run, for the Victoria public have made a beaten path, as it were, to the "Homade" door.

attention for their qualities, but it was not for many years that the industry was embarked on to any extent. For the last quarter of a century there has been a gradual development along this line and the area under orchards is on the increase all the time. Dairying has been another of the branches of farm production with which this Island has always been closely identified. The butter turned out in the grazing sections of the Island has a reputation everywhere, and the Fraser Valley also is a large contributor to the aggregate of the production of the province from this source. The total value of all farm produce in the province last year was \$32,259,157, an increase of \$1,131,356 over the year before, 1915, when the value aggregated \$31,127,801.

**Canada's Wonderful 50-Year Story**

	1867	1916
Paid-up bank capital (Oct.)	\$ 30,289,948	\$ 114,134,182
Population	3,371,594	8,000,000
P. O. savings bank deposits	294,589	40,008,417
Bank Deposits (Oct.)	37,678,571	1,393,527,634
Fire Insurance in force	188,359,809	3,531,620,802
Life Insurance in force	35,689,982	1,311,616,477
Post Offices	3,628	12,248
Railway mileage	2,278	35,552
Railway gross earnings	12,118,716	199,843,072
Total trade	131,027,532	1,417,378,298
Imports	72,459,644	564,505,796
Exports	57,567,888	852,872,502
Immigration	None	48,537
Government revenue	13,687,928	171,248,668
Government expenditure	13,456,092	129,960,416
Customs duties	8,501,446	103,940,101
Vessels registered	5,693	8,772
Mfg. Capital (1867 and 1911)	73,964,020	1,247,572,609
Employees	187,942	215,193
Salaries and wages	40,851,908	645,288,735
Values of products	221,817,773	1,182,252,639
Public net debt	75,757,135	593,910,637
Agricultural exports	12,871,055	249,661,194
Animal products exports	6,893,167	102,882,276
Chemical exports	620,543	26,690,500
Butter exports	1,698,042	1,018,769
Wheat exported (bush.)	2,284,702	157,745,469
Mineral exports	1,276,129	66,589,861
Mineral production (1871)	10,000,000	138,513,750
Fishery products (1870)	6,577,391	35,860,708
Fisheries exports	3,357,510	22,377,977
Forest products	None	172,880,000
Forest exports	18,742,825	51,371,400
Mfg. exports	2,100,411	242,034,936
Telephones	None	532,000
Elevators	None	3,759
Water-power development	None	1,715,000 h. p.
Electric R.R. mileage	None	2,102

**TREMENDOUS EXPANSION OF BRITISH COLUMBIA**

(Continued from page 9 (Second Section).)

agitation to foresee what that will bring to the province. With proper development of the resources of the country, there is a rosy future in prospect. Mining and agriculture are being placed on a business basis, the fisheries are under the charge of a minister who knows the industry thoroughly, and lumbering, while the laws governing it are fixed for forty years ahead, can be materially assisted by wise administration of the laws.

Taken altogether, and even with a war raging which has hit this province harder than other portions of the Dominion, British Columbia enters upon the second half of the first century of Confederation with hopeful courage and the determination of its excellent Government, and its loyal population to utilize its great advantages to the utmost.

Canada has the most extensive and best stocked commercial fishing waters in the world, including 5,000 miles of Atlantic and 7,000 miles of Pacific Coast, and 220,000 square miles of fresh water. Fisheries exports, 1915-16, \$22,377,977. Value produced, 1915-16, \$35,860,708; 1914-15, \$31,264,631; 1913-14, \$33,267,748; 1912-13, \$32,389,464. British Columbia comes first, 1915-16, with \$14,538,320.

THE FUTURE The outlook for the future of the province and its many industries is of the most optimistic nature. With the return of peace there must come a greatly increasing demand for all its products, and the furnishing of these will mean a long period of prosperity for the people. The expansion of industry will inevitably bring about the establishment of new lines of industrial activity, such as steel shipbuilding, and it does not require much im-

**RELIABLE GOODS AT POPULAR PRICES**

That is the Slogan of the Dry Goods Firm of Gordon's, Ltd.

Gordons, Limited, the well-known dry goods house on Yates Street, first saw the light of Victoria on October 8, 1911. This is not such a long history as compared with other business institutions on the Island, but then it must be remembered that it is not always the oldest businesses that are the most successful, and youth, combined with an ambitious enterprise, always tells. Walter W. Ballard is the business manager, and under his able direction the firm is expanding satisfactorily, until there are now forty-five on the payroll—in itself an indication of the big volume of merchandise that finds its way from Gordon's store every day to the homes of the city.

"Reliable merchandise at popular prices" has always been the firm's slogan, and the firm is living up to it now more than ever. Mr. Ballard will tell you that business is improving at the present time very considerably, and that if the amount of business transacted during the first six months of this year is equalled by the business done during the next six months it will be a record year in the history of the firm. All this is very gratifying, showing, as it does, that commercial conditions in Victoria are on the up-grade, notwithstanding all the depressing influences in the world to-day.

The store comprises four floors. On the ground floor will be found the wash goods and staples; on the main floor, silk and woolen dress goods, hosiery and knit underwear, art needles, work and fancy departments; on the next floor, ladies' ready-to-wear and millinery; and on the top floor, carpets and house furnishings.

Mr. Ballard is enthusiastic about the prospects for the fall trade, the outlook, he states, being of the brightest.

Canada has an extraordinary record for prompt payment of all municipal obligations and every American investor, whether individual or institutional, should carefully investigate the unique opportunity now presented of loaning money in Canada.—Magnifying of Wall Street, N. Y.

Canada had, end of 1915, 14 loan companies, with assets of \$71,992,666; capital subscribed, \$24,582,320; dividends paid, \$1,322,057; deposits, \$9,193,194, viz., payable on demand, \$5,471,355; notice, \$3,721,839.

The revenues of the Dominion for fiscal year ending March 31 were \$172,147,533, exceeding those of 1915 by \$39,074,356, or 22.7 per cent.

Canada's net public debt, September 30, 1915, \$184,481,623; June 30, 1916, \$502,575,337; December 31, 1916, \$722,111,000.



**WEILER'S STORE IS CREDIT TO VICTORIA**

Everything for Home, Elaborate or Simple, May Be Purchased There

The house furnishing firm of Messrs. Weiler Bros. Limited, was established in the year 1862, five years before confederation, by the late John Weiler, a highly esteemed and prominent pioneer citizen. On his retirement he was succeeded by his four sons, two of whom still reside in Victoria, and who in the summer of 1912 disposed of their interests in the business to the present owners. For many years the business was conducted on Fort Street, but with characteristic enterprise and foresight the present commodious premises were erected and occupied in the spring of 1909, and were considered by many then as being twenty-five years ahead of the time. The expansion of the business and the growth of the city has more than justified the judgment of the Weiler Brothers, to whose initiative and creative genius the city of Victoria owes the establishment of a business that is at once a credit and an asset to the community.

On entering this well regulated and artistic establishment, the most extensive and comprehensive exclusive house-furnishing store west of the Great Lakes, one might conclude that a well-filled pocketbook was essential to becoming a customer. A very casual inspection, however, convinces the visitor of the exceptional opportunity afforded for the purchase of everything necessary to the comfort or embellishment of the home—elaborate or simple, as circumstances may demand.

Pottery and Cut Glass. The first floor is devoted to china, crockery and silver ware. The foremost pottery and factory of the world have been drawn on to contribute to this display, which is much admired by citizens and visitors alike, and constitutes a happy hunting-ground for the purchasers of wedding gifts. The bride-elect is sure to be satisfied if the gift arrives packed in a box bearing the name of this reliable firm. A unique feature of this department is the cut glass room, mirrored, and designed to set forth the prismatic beauty of the glass. The newest and most novel designs and shapes from the best-known cutters are herein displayed. For those of a more practical turn of mind the section of the first floor occupied by the showing of table and culinary china and crockery is a never-ending source of pleasure.

Carpet and Draperies. Taking the elevator, one reaches the carpet and drapery departments. Here again the comprehensive range in what impresses the visitor. Spread on the floor are piles of various sizes and grades of rugs, from which it should be very easy to fit almost any room, or carry out any color scheme that one could desire. Besides this, a large selection of piece carpets, including such well-known weaves as Brussels, Wiltons or Axminster, are carried, from which it is possible to make a selection to fit any apartment no matter how irregular the shape. The drapery department calls for more than passing comment. One section is devoted to the display of chintz and cretonnes. The second section is devoted to drapery fabrics of a heavier nature, including velvet, velour, damask, repps and novelty fabrics, while a competent staff is on hand to advise the customer as to the best and latest modes of hangings and draperies. This third section is full of all kinds of the lighter drapery materials and curtains, including lace, net, scrim, marquisettes, muslin and madras, where all such wants can be supplied from the sash curtain for the kitchen window to the more elaborate lace curtains for the drawing room. A section of this floor is also taken up by the linen department, where bed and table linen of the most reputable makes is on sale. A very interesting display of hand-embroidered Irish linen articles of delightful texture is to be seen in this section, which should appeal to all to whom fine linen is a delight.

The elevator now takes the visitor to a large floor on which is to be found an almost bewildering selection of simple and substantial furniture for the dining room, living room, library or den of the most modern description, all shown in great variety. The showing of the over-stuffed upholstered furniture, most inviting in appearance and the acme of comfort, manufactured on the firm's own premises, would do credit to the leading stores in the largest city in the Dominion.

Passing to the next floor, which is also given over to the furniture department, is found a collection of bedroom suites and furniture in all the best known and approved styles and periods. With these are shown the brass and steel enameled beds, as well as the necessary spring and top mattresses of all kinds. Such seasonable articles as refrigerators, hammocks, and porch and garden furniture form no small part of the display at this season of the year, while the ever-present and necessary baby buggy is well represented in the establishment of this enterprising firm.

The elevator now takes the visitor to the top floor, in one part of which is displayed very handsome and useful office furniture in mahogany and oak in all the different finishes. The main item of interest, however, on this floor is the hardware department. A large variety of cooking ranges, bearing the name "Weiler," which testifies to the reliability of this article, forms a conspicuous part of the showing, while every conceivable utensil and household necessity is temptingly displayed on all sides. The reserve stock rooms of the carpet department, as well as the carpet workroom, is on this floor.

A visit to the basement, where the stock of china and glass-ware is so conveniently arranged, and to the three-storied warehouse on the corner of Broughton and Broad Streets, in which is stored the reserve stock for the furniture and linoleum departments, and in which the company have up-to-date workrooms and machinery for the manufacture of upholstered furniture, mattresses, shades and awnings, impresses the visitor with the ability of this firm to execute any order, be it small or large.

Canada has had 13 bank mergers since 1909.

Canada's bank clearings, 1916, \$10,564,943,329; 1915, \$7,797,439,899.

The Canadian Government has built five large grain elevators.

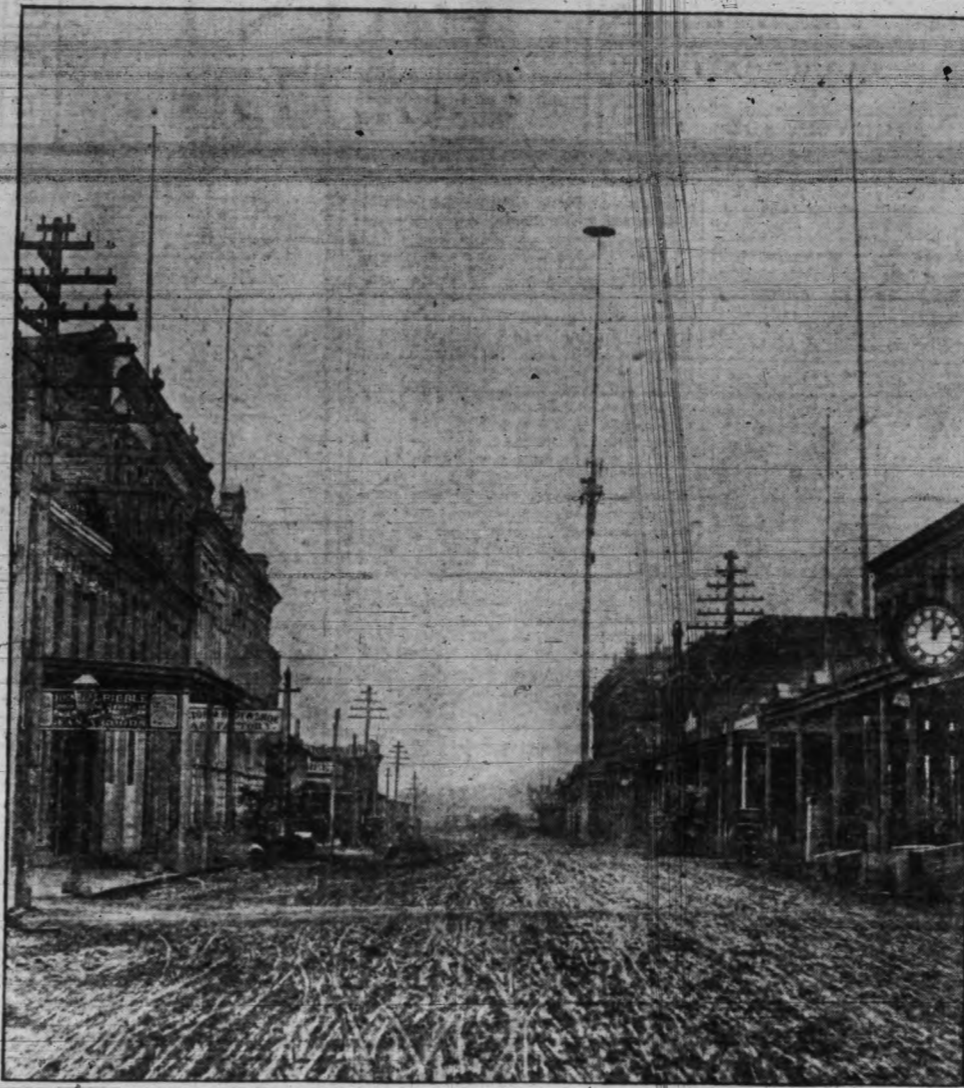
Canada has the world's largest lift-lock at Peterboro, on the Trent Canal.

Canada's fishery equipment is worth \$25,855,575; increase in value of \$1,122,412 in year.

U. S. investors bought \$328,000,000 worth of Canadian securities during war period from August, 1914, to August, 1915.

Canada has fishing fleet of 1,284 vessels and 38,536 boats, manned by 74,862 men; 27,320 persons employed on shore, or total of 102,182. Motor boat fleet increased by 1,785.

Government Street, Looking North, in 1885



The above photo shows how remarkable have been the strides in Victoria during the last decade. The picture, which was loaned to The Times by R. Maynard, was taken in 1885.

**BIGGEST STOCK OF UNDERWEAR IN CITY**

Cuming & Co. Make Specialty of Underwear and Ready-to-Wear Clothing

The men's wear store of Cuming & Co., 36, Yates Street, makes a specialty of underwear and ready-to-wear clothing, and thereby hangs a tale, for Mr. Cuming will tell you, and has the goods to back up his statement, that the firm has the biggest stock of underwear in the whole city. Most of this, too, was purchased before the big rise and consequently the firm is enabled to sell it at the old prices—a big inducement for the head of a family who is hard put to it when it comes to making both ends meet.

The firm's stock of clothing is also sold at remarkably low figures—in fact, Mr. Cuming says that the wholesale prices for similar goods are in many cases higher than his retail figures. It pays, therefore, to deal at Cuming's. The best-known made-to-measure clothing, that manufactured by McAlpine and Richardson's, of Toronto, is carried, the brand being a guarantee of super-excellence.

W. Barrowclough, who is an active partner in the firm, started the Oxford Knitting Company at Woodstock, Ont., but afterwards sold out to Montreal capitalists. He and Mr. Harvey then started the Harvey Knitting Company at Woodstock, and Mr. Barrowclough is still the heaviest shareholder in it. He came to Victoria for the benefit of his health, but decided to continue his active business life. Mr. Barrowclough's associations therefore enable the firm of Cuming & Co. to have a "cinch" on good underwear of the reliable kind. The store on Yates Street should be visited by those who like good men's wear at moderate prices.

Canada has 51 fish hatcheries, 3 subsidiary hatcheries, 5 salmon retaining ponds and 1 lobster pond; there were 1,624,395,787 fry distributed in 1916. Government spends \$370,000 a year for fish culture.

Total investments in Canada of British capital, about \$2,914,144,990; of United States capital, \$978,054,952.

**Get a Hoosier for \$1.00**

On Our Club Plan—This Week Only

We believe every woman has read or heard about the famous Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet. More than a million women use it every day. Through a special arrangement with the Hoosier Company we are able to offer the women of Victoria an opportunity to secure one of these wonderful labor-savers on the most favorable terms. We want you to come in to-morrow and learn about the 40 labor-saving features of this cabinet and what it would do for you in your kitchen. On terms such as these it costs less to own a Hoosier than to do without it.



**\$1 Puts a New Hoosier \$1 Cabinet in Your Kitchen**

The terms of the Hoosier Plan are these:

- \$1 puts the cabinet in your home.
- \$1 weekly quickly pays for it.
- The low price fixed by the factory prevails strictly.
- No interest. No extra fees.
- This sale is under the direct supervision of the Hoosier Company.

Never were more liberal terms offered. You simply select the Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet you want and pay us \$1 down. We deliver the cabinet to your kitchen. The balance is payable in small, easy, weekly payments of \$1. There are no extras to pay—no interest. You realize, of course, that these terms could not be offered except on a very limited number of cabinets and we suggest that you come in to-morrow and make your selection before our entire allotment is sold. It cannot take you ten minutes to decide whether you intend to purchase—spend 10 minutes here to-morrow.

**Your Fruit Canning Needs**

Best Filled From Our Big Stock

Fruit Canning Time is just about due and this season finds us, as always, real headquarters for all those items that are so necessary to the satisfactory and economical "carrying on" of this important work.

This year, of all years, is a time when the superfluous fruits and vegetables should be canned and it will be real economy for every housekeeper to "put up" just as much as possible.

Come here for everything you need in Fruit Jars, Jelly Glasses, Rings, Wooden Spoons, Preserving Kettles and all such items. You'll find our prices fair and the quality right—and quality counts in this sort of work.



**Folding Camp Furniture**

Famous "Gold Medal" Make

Folding Chairs are almost a necessity around the summer home or beach cottage and a folding bed or cot is equally desirable when the "week-enders" are enjoying your hospitality.

We offer the "Gold Medal" line as altogether the most satisfactory of this class of furniture—patented construction, strong and serviceable.

- The line includes Folding Chairs, Reclining Chairs, Folding Cots, Folding Tables, Folding Baths, etc.
- Folding Chairs at, each... 75¢
- Reclining Chairs at, each, \$1.75
- Folding Cots at, each... \$5.40
- Folding Tables at, each... \$3.60

**Your Summer Needs**

In Furniture and Furnishings Can Best Be Satisfied at the Weiler Store

No matter what you may require in the way of Furnishings or Furniture for the Summer Home you'll find this establishment ready to meet your demands. In addition to new arrivals in the way of Aerolux Porch Shades, Mourzouk Rugs, Rattan and Sea Grass Chairs and such, there isn't a want in furniture, crockery, floor coverings, bedding, cooking utensils which could not best be satisfied here. We list on this page a few summertime lines, but we suggest that you visit the store and get acquainted with its offerings. Remember you are always welcome.

**Special Sale of Remnants**

Here is something bound to interest every lady in Victoria—a big Sale of Remnants in our Curtain and Drapery Department. During the year's business many short ends accumulate, many pieces get slightly soiled in showing and the oddments generally accumulate. All these go on sale Thursday morning at only a fraction of their original price and real worth. We strongly urge every woman who is interested in having new curtains, new covers, new cushions, or a new "bag" to come in and take advantage of this offering. Included are Remnants of Cream, Madras Muslin, Colored Madras Muslin, Nets, Scrim, Casement Cloth and Cretonnes. Odd pairs of Lace Curtains are also included. Many of these pieces are the famous Sundour fabrics—guaranteed absolutely as to their washable and non-fadeable qualities. The lengths vary from 2 yards to 10 yards—the prices are the most reasonable at which we have ever offered remnants. **DO NOT FAIL TO COME IN THURSDAY-AND SEE THESE.**

**Ice Cream Freezers**

Prices Start at \$1.75

Why not get an Ice Cream Freezer this summer and enjoy the dainty, delicious desserts that can be made in one of these? The "Lightning" Freezer does the work quickly and easily, making a smooth, uniformly firm and delicious ice cream. We have handled this make for years and can recommend it as the very best freezer on the market. There is a wide range of sizes, from 1 qt. to 12 qt., with the prices starting at \$1.75.

**Screen Doors and Window Screens**

Don't think you are going to escape the pest of flies just because the weather hasn't been a bit like summer. There will be hot weather and lots of flies, so be prepared. We are ready to help you with a nice choice of styles in Screen Doors—substantial frames and good quality wire screen, made to stand the hard wear to which screen doors are subjected. Window Screens same quality. Screen Doors from \$1.75 Window Screens from 30¢

**Refrigerators**

Prices From \$11.25

In these times of high prices and national economy in everything the kitchen is a good place to start the saving. Nothing better than a refrigerator for holding down the kitchen expense and at the same time preserving the health of the family. Nowhere else in town will you find the same variety from which to choose nor fairer prices for really good—and safe—refrigerators. Prices start from \$11.25

**Mourzouk Rugs**

Something New for Summer

Here is something new in a Rug specially desirable for summer use—the Mourzouk Cocoa Rug. These Rugs are the most practical we have ever offered for use in the summer home or on the summer porch. They are attractive in design, absolutely unbeatable in wearing quality, and, considering the service you will get out of them, very reasonable in price. They come in stencilled conventional designs of brown, green or blue on a cream ground. There are a variety of sizes in each pattern and the prices start at \$4.00.

**New Cretonnes and Stencilled Scrims**

THIS WEEK'S ARRIVALS

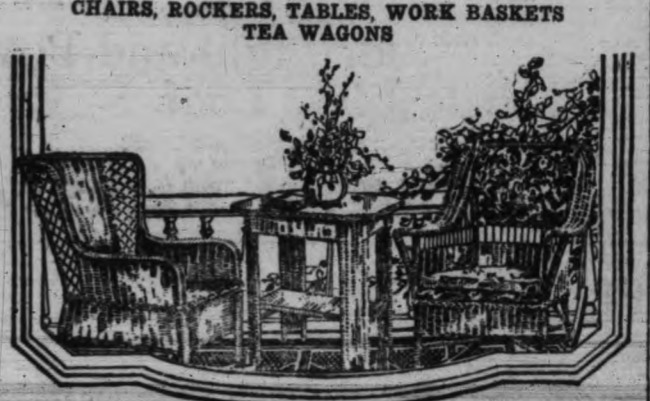
This week's arrivals in the Drapery Department included some exceptionally dainty Cretonnes and something decidedly new in the way of Curtain Materials—the new Stencilled Scrims. These Stencilled Scrims will make the prettiest of curtains, and being washable and unfadeable will prove serviceable and economical. We invite you to come in and inspect these new arrivals and also to get acquainted with the many other charming offerings of the second floor.



**AEROLUX NOWHIP VENTILATING PORCH SHADES**

Make your sun-exposed porch or veranda a cool, shady nook. Equip them with Aerolux Ventilating Porch Shades. They keep the hot sun out and let the air in. We carry a complete line of these popular, beautiful, durable rustic shades, and invite you to come in and investigate some of the special advantages of the AEROLUX. They will outlast ordinary awnings and add a final touch of summer beauty to any bungalow or summer home. The colors are permanent and harmonize with any scheme. They will last for years—defy the weather—need no attention. When rolled up cords are out of sight. Patented "no-whip" attachment prevents flapping in wind. Quite a choice of sizes, in colors of brown or green, with prices starting at \$4.50.

**Sea Grass and Rattan Furniture**



Victoria's Popular Home Furnishers

**WEILER BROS LIMITED**

You Will do Better At Weiler's

Established at Victoria Five Years Before Confederation



**Manufacturers of Paints, Stains and Varnishes and "Nag" Compositions**

**1302 Wharf Street Phone 887**

**A Written Guarantee With Every Job**

**"NAG" PAINT Co., Ltd.**

**Painting Contractors and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Paints and Painters' Supplies**

**ROOF EXPERTS**

**And Specialists on House, Store and Hotel Painting and Decorating**

**ENTERING ON PERIOD OF GREAT PROGRESS. IN INDUSTRIAL LIFE**

Continued from page 1 (First Section).

expansion. The goods he manufactures on a small scale are wanted by a loyal and immediate community. This is the Victoria of to-day.

**Proof Positive.**

Industrial conditions unlike many other aspects of national life are obvious. The home, the store, the workshop and the place of amusement reflect them. Victoria to-day is more than the equal to the four-fold test. Possibly one of the most striking examples in support of the contention that the improvement is solid, is the recent "Dollar Day." What was the position? The street cars were not running, by reason of certain conditions, which will arise everywhere from time to time. There were scant means for the buying public to get to town. In spite of this there is the uncontested statement of no less than four merchants, that this particular day—with the greatest possible hindrance—was the biggest in point of actual cash business known to them since they became established here.

**Permanent Prosperity.**

What is the position, then, on the fiftieth anniversary of Confederation? THE BIGGEST PAYROLL the city has ever known at any time during its existence. MORE INDUSTRIES than hundreds of cities of like size and importance. Prospects of IMMEDIATE AND DURABLE EXPANSION, limited only by fully developed capacity. Yes, but this is an abnormal period, the pessimist would say. War's demands have resuscitated dormant industries. There will be a crash when the guns have ceased to roar. He will also be tempted to wax happy in his narrow outlook. But it is all folly. Thirty-four months of war have gone by. Victoria's contribution to the melting pot of Mars has been men and money. Her sacrifices will be written large on the glorious pages of the Dominion's history.

Nothing to Stamp.

Be it noted, however, the mushroom-factory-town for the provision of one particular article of war—whose usefulness ends the day the flash of arms ceases—is as yet to be built. Huge outlays to net a temporary business have not been occasioned. Geographical accident has perhaps played a part here. The prosperity real, and of certain promise, is stable. It might be granted to the pessimist that war had

helped to discover Victoria and Vancouver Island industrially. He should be reminded, however, that all movements of the last half century have been towards the West. The prairie schooner commenced to lead the way for commerce. Railways and cities followed, all towards the West. The Island is now permanently reached.

**The Priceless Jewel.**

That strip of water separating Vancouver Island from the Mainland has perhaps hindered industrial development somewhat. But it had to come. British Columbia is rich beyond the dreams of avarice and the most priceless jewel is Vancouver Island. Her southeastern extremity does not deny to Victoria the commercial centre of this gem of Empire. Her natural resources have as yet been scarcely touched. Her coal perhaps of all her great wealth has long been the chief advertisement of her underground treasures. Who stops to think that on this small island there are more feet of the most magnificent timber in the wide world awaits the men with the axe to convert it into dollars. It stands majestically, close to salt water, in the many inlets of the west coast, in the valleys of the east coast and it is penetrated by rail through the centre. It is the largest body of accessible timber in the world.

**Business From Many Climes.**

Australia, India, China, Africa, and South America have long been in the market for the Island lumber. The demand from these distant parts of the world are increasing and will continue so to do. When many bottoms are released on the termination of the war, greater than ever will be the shipments of lumber from the port of Victoria and the adjacent ports of the Island. One hundred and fifty million feet was the total cut during 1916. Two hundred million feet will fall during 1917. Here again ability to supply will be the only limit to demand.

**100 Carloads Per Day.**

The East is assuredly coming to the West for her timber. Does the man in the street realize that the average shipment from the Island—as understood by number of railway carloads—of lumber in its various manufactured forms has grown to fifty per cent? Will he believe that in a very few months the daily shipment will reach one hundred carloads? These are the facts and they will stand the acid test. Then again there is a most significant fact to be noted here. That is shipments by rail to the East. With a regularly daily increase maintained, never before have there been such large quantities shipped by rail to the East from this Island. The healthy market too is

emphasized by the comprehensive nature of these shipments.

**Wages of Lumber Industry.**

The payroll of the Island, as far as manufactured lumber is concerned, amounts approximately to \$175,000 per month, while greater still is the figure for the logging branch of this great industry. No less than \$250,000 per month as the logging wage bill is a conservative estimate according to well-informed lumber men. Worthy of mention is the reminder that the great mills of the mainland are kept running for the most part by the logs of the Island. New mills are everywhere under construction. Temporarily idle ones are now buzzing with activity again. Many more miles of logging railway are operating and new stretches are planned for the immediate future.

The pulp mill at Quatsino will also be an added industrial factor when it commences to tap the millions of cords of pulpwood in which the Island abounds. Here again the east, with its diminishing supply, looks hopefully—and not in vain—towards the west. The authority for this is none other than the Canadian Commission of Conservation, whose findings cannot be gainsaid.

**Tremendous Mining Activity.**

More substance for optimism with regard to mining development of the Island in general could not be recruited than the reference to one simple fact. The smelter at Ladysmith is being prepared for active operation in the very near future. The general stimulus given to mining, however, has not been confined to the mainland. Activity has spread in a remarkable degree to Vancouver Island. During the past twelve months many properties which have been tentatively scratched from time to time, with no particular energy demonstrated, have now come under the impelling wave of development. Here, perhaps, war has been a great factor. These properties are fast getting under way to the stage of business on a shipping basis of great proportions.

**Big Quantity in Sight.**

Mineral deposits are not confined to one section of the Island. From Quatsino Sound in the north, to Sooke Harbor in the south, there are many claims of untold value in yield, while the interior of the Island boasts of many rich properties. The opening of the smelter, however, with an enlarged capacity, is typical of the faith of the hard-headed business man. Smelters do not operate unless there is something for them to smelt. And these costly adjuncts to the mining industry do not take small quantities; they are

extremely hungry fellows and indigestion is unknown to them. This sums up the possibilities of the Island from the mining point of view.

**Automatic City Development.**

Work already carried out in many sections of the Island is proof positive that the precious metals abound in commercial quantities. Here again it is a question of demand stopping short only at the limit of supply. And the supply is well nigh limitless. The incessant demand on the Pacific Coast for iron and steel will be heard. The Island mines will supply the need. These things take time. The machinery is now being placed in motion. Industrially unrecognized, Vancouver Island is now the object upon which the capitalist has focused his vision. How different to the old idea of things! While taking into account the Island more especially, the business man does not lose sight of the fact that with every kind of development outside the city limits, there is the positive accompaniment of expansion within. More lumber business, more mining business, more agricultural business, more fishing business, the greater expansion of the industries in the city itself. Victoria is the supply centre. She must cater to the Island. Her development comes automatically as the riches to the north are taken from the soil where they lie in abundance.

**Shipbuilding for Years.**

What shall be said of shipbuilding? Yes, a direct product of the war to a large extent. The war is not over. Many ships are being sunk week by week. Great Britain must regain that ship supremacy when peace comes. Her own shipyards will be taxed to their utmost limits. All nations have suffered alike. The mercantile marine sunk by the Hun must be replaced. Victoria shipyards will take their share in the rebuilding. Magnificent as is the start it is a mere flash in the pan to subsequent events. It will be safe to predict more shipyards for Victoria. Those in existence will be compelled to expand. Many years ahead will see ships on the ways in and around the port of Victoria. Seagoing craft are not built in a night. Once established Victoria's ability to compete with the yards of the world is assured.

**Whaling and Fishing.**

The whaling industry has been developed into an export business of considerable magnitude. The Victoria Whaling Company is now operating from four stations with a fleet of light especially equipped steamers. To give some idea of an industry which does not in a general way protrude itself before the public eye, last season's

catch was over four hundred whales, producing some 10,000 barrels of oil; 1,200 tons of fertilizer; 600 tons of bone meal and 25 tons of whale bone. The business is only in its infancy and capable of a greater development, which is bound to follow at no distant date. Esquimalt boasts of a cannery and the annual average output of this one establishment is in the region of thirty thousand cases. The major portion finds its way to the European markets. There is going to be an increase in the demand for fish food. Here again Victoria will take her share of the benefit. The business will expand.

The Island pack last year amounted in all to 145,753.

**Value of the Tourist.**

Then the tourist traffic is a business. Victoria has capitalized the leisure time of the moneyed man. On the other hand the visitor has been delighted with his stay. Nothing but praise has he for Victoria. The people have welcomed him. The invariably sunny skies have smiled at him. No scorching days or suffocating nights have worried him; zero temperatures are unknown to the Queen City of the Pacific. He has come once and has returned. All this has the traveller benefited. Victoria has reaped satisfaction in cold cash. It has been a substantial financial pillar to the community. Here again the "claim" has only been scratched. Victorians have labored just for Victoria. It has been the one city theory. This is a difficult gospel to preach. The text lacks variety. Victorians have seen that also. The seed for the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association was sown by Victorians. The tree has grown and is already in blossom. Instead of proclaiming the virtues of one city, a treble combination of two States of the Union and this Province is the joint force going out with a net to embrace the whole continent. The net will open on the Pacific Coast and Victoria will get big fruit from the present blossom stage.

**All Can Help.**

The people of this city can take a hand here. As they value the dollar of the traveller who carries awhile so can they help to give him value for money. The stranger in a strange land remembers the quality of the hospitality of its people. It is the little things that count. Victorians have it in their power to lend great assistance to the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association. If the Association sends the visitor, the people at home must see to it that he is well treated. The fact that the man of leisure is the man of finance should be kept in mind. He comes on a holiday first and he takes stock. If he is pleased he returns, and more often than not he stays and is a permanent benefit to the community.

**Victoria's Day at Last.**

Victoria's day, then, is here. Here as the logical course of events, but none the less real. The Island will go ahead in companionship with the Capital City. Wealth untold lies at hand. Industry and courage will convert the whole community into one great hive of activity. Victoria will ere long rank with the great industrial centres of the world, with its climatic and holiday attractions thrown into an overweight scale.

Canada has the biggest freighter on the Great Lakes—the Grant Morden, built in Canada. Carries nearly 500,000 bushels grain in a single load.

**LIVING ROOMS**

Clean, Cheerful, Comfortable. An Attractive Feature of the YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION BUILDING. Cor. Blanshard and View Sts.

Hot and Cold Shower Baths on each floor add greatly to the pleasure of rooming in the Association Home.

The rates are very moderate: \$2 to \$3 per month; \$1.75 to \$3 per week, etc. a day.

YOUNG MEN AWAY FROM HOME are invited to inspect the accommodation.

**"MOTOR TRAFFIC REGULATION ACT"**

Tenders for Number Plates and Chauffeurs' Badges.

Tenders, in duplicate, sealed and marked "Tenders for Motor Number Plates" or "Chauffeur Badges," together with samples of plates or badges, for the year 1918, will be received by the undersigned up till the 16th day of July, 1917.

Full particulars regarding delivery, pricing and approximate number required will be furnished on application to the Superintendent of Provincial Police. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

COLIN S. CAMPBELL, Superintendent Provincial Police. Victoria, B. C., June 25, 1917.

**NOTICE**

All persons having accounts against me as Returning Officer for the Election June 22nd, 1917, must file said accounts in triplicate or send same to me at my office, 505 Union Bank Building, on or before July 2nd, 1917. Dated at Victoria this 25th day of June, 1917.

E. J. BAWDEN, Returning Officer.

**SAVE THAT BOTTLE**

We do not canvas from house to house bothering people, but leave it to you to call us when you have Bottles to sell. We are always at your service.

**The Returned Soldiers' Bottle Agency**

Is kept up by Bottles. Sell us what you have.

PHONE 144 1313 BLANSHARD

**Ford**

PHONE 4900 If it's about the FORD you wish to know.

PHONE 4900 If you require FORD SERVICE, Parts, Tires, or ACCESSORIES.

PHONE 4900 If you have made up your mind to have a RELIABLE, STURDY and ECONOMICAL car.

**Wood Motor Company, Limited**

1019 Rockland Avenue Phone 4900

REAL FORD SERVICE MEANS AS MUCH TO US AS TO YOU. Our aim is to make EVERY FORD-OWNER A FORD BOOSTER. OUR SPECIAL TERMS OFFER has helped dozens to become Ford Owners. Come in and talk this over.

**Times Circulation Department**

We deliver The Times every evening at your residence for

**50c Per Month**

Payable in advance.

PHONE 3345

**To Builders**

Sealed tenders will be received up to Tuesday, July 3, 1917, at 3 p. m., for renovating and repairs to the building known as the "Made-in-Victoria" building, situated at the Agricultural Exhibition Grounds, for the Municipality of the City of Victoria. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned, to whom tenders are to be addressed.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT, Supt. Public Works. June 21, 1917.

**University School for Boys**

Recent success at McGill University. Second place in Canada in 1915 at the Royal Military College, Kingston, Canadian Navy, E. C. Survivors' Preliminary, Cadet Corps and Shooting. Separate and special arrangements for Junior Boys.

**BOYS TAKEN FROM 8 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS**

Half Term commences Friday, June 1, 1917.

Warden—Rev. W. W. Bolton, M.A. (Cantab.).

Headmaster—J. C. Barnack, Esq. (London University).

For particulars and prospectus apply the Headmaster.

**Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital**

Incorporated 1880.

The annual meeting of the donors and subscribers to the institution will be held in the Board of Trade Room, Victoria, on Friday, June 29, at 3 p. m.

Business: Receiving the annual report of the Directors, the Treasurer's statement for the year ending May 31, 1917, and the election of Directors.

The four following Directors retire, but are eligible for re-election: Mrs. Rhodes, Mrs. Weller, J. A. Mara, A. C. Flumerfelt.

Donors and subscribers can vote for four (4) members only.

All donors of money \$50 and upwards and annual subscribers of \$5 and upwards are eligible to vote for the election of Directors.

June 21, 1917.

G. T. CARVER, Secretary.

**NOTICE**

Estate of Hussey Burgh George Macartney, Late of Chemainus, B. C., Deceased.

All persons having any claims against the Estate of the late Hussey Burgh George Macartney, who was killed in action on or about the 25th day of June, 1915, and whose will has been proved in the Supreme Court of British Columbia, Victoria Registry, are required to send particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the undersigned, on or before the 12th day of August, 1917, after which date the administratrix will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

Dated this 12th day of June, 1917.

CRIBBE & CRIBBE, Solicitors for Administratrix, 416 Central Building, Victoria, B. C.

**TOURISTS! VISITORS!**

Take your MEALS here. A typically English Tea Room, where meals are served as well.

**THE TEA KETTLE**

Miss M. Woodridge, Corner Douglas and View Streets, Phone 4098

**Esquimalt Taxes**

Notice is hereby given that Saturday, June 30, is the last day on which the tax rebate will be allowed.

G. H. PULLEN, Treasurer and Collector.

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

On and after June 25, until further notice, the Craigflower Bridge will be closed for repairs.

By order, PUBLIC WORKS ENGINEER, Victoria.

**Hutchison Bros. & Co., LIMITED**

**Electrical and Mechanical Engineers, Machinists, Brass and Iron Founders**

**Manufacturers of Special Purpose Machinery, Brass and Grey Iron Castings, Marine and Stationary Steam Engines and Equipment, Pumping Equipment, etc. Estimates Furnished on Complete Electrical Installations for Light and Power Purposes**

**Office and Works, 409 Bay Street**

**Phone 1179 P. O. Box 67**



### NOW FREE FROM PAIN

Woman Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after Three Years Suffering.



Buffalo, N. Y.—"I am the mother of four children, and for nearly three years I suffered from a female trouble with pains in my back and side and a general weakness. I had professional attendance most of that time but did not seem to get well. As a last resort I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which I had seen advertised in the newspapers, and in two weeks noticed a marked improvement. I continued its use and am now free from pain and able to do all my household work." Mrs. B. B. ZIELINSKA, 234 Woltz Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Women who recover their health, naturally tell others what helped them. Some write and allow their names and photographs to be published with testimonials. Many more tell their friends. If you need a medicine for women's ailments, try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) for anything you need to know about these troubles.

### HAD ITS ORIGIN CLOSE TO VICTORIA

Big "B. & K." Company First Saw the Light at North Saanich

It is not generally known that the Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd., manufacturers of cereals, and dealers in hay, grain, flour and feed, had its origin on Vancouver Island, close to Victoria. In 1878 the late Henry Brackman established at North Saanich, a suburb of Victoria, one of the first grist mills in the far west. A few years later, in 1883, he was joined by D. E. Ker, the present president and general manager, under the style of Brackman & Ker, the business being continued at North Saanich until the removal to Victoria in 1894. From that small beginning there sprang the present ever-expanding firm, with four complete mills, fifteen grain elevators, and eight retail and wholesale warehouses, owning its own wharves at Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster and North Vancouver, as well as steamers for carrying of grain and hay.

The firm operates a cereal mill at Victoria, situated at the Outer Docks at tidewater, with a capacity of 500 barrels per day of rolled oats, oatmeal, Graham and whole wheat flour, split peas, and pearl barley. In addition to large warehouses at its different branches, the firm also has grain elevators at both Vancouver and New Westminster, with a capacity of 50,000 bushels each. The manufactured products of the company are sold under the well-known trademarks, "B. & K." British Columbia oats are used exclusively in manufacturing rolled oats and oatmeal, and this company is the only one that is operating a cereal mill in the province. "B. & K." rolled oats carried off the highest awards at the World's Fair, Chicago, 1893, and at the Mid-Winter Fair, San Francisco, in 1894, which is conclusive proof of the superior quality of "B. & K." foods. The company is now amalgamated with the Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Ltd., of Toronto, one of the largest flour millers in Canada, with flour mills at Winnipeg, Brandon, Calgary and Guelph; also oatmeal mills at Calgary, Edmonton and Brandon. The daily capacity of the Western Canada Company is 10,000 barrels of flour and 1,000 barrels of oatmeal. The company also operates 91 elevators throughout the prairie provinces. The trade mark, "B. & K.," has become a household word in the west, synonymous with purity and quality. In its evolution from a small grist mill to a mammoth industry, the company typifies very well the rise and development of the west; in fact, very few industries have had a greater share in this development than the "B. & K." Company. The secretary-treasurer of the company is Frank B. Gibbs.

### HUTCHISON BROS. TO BUILD NEW FACTORY

Engineering Business Established in City for Thirteen Years

The general engineering business carried on under the style of Hutchison Bros., has been established in the city for thirteen years, and its growth has been of such a character that at the present time there are seventy employees with a payroll of from six to seven thousand a month. The firm is an important part of the industrial section of Victoria, and its further progress will be watched with interest, for at the present time plans are under way for the establishment of a new and larger factory on the company's property near the city yards. The new site comprises one and a half acres. It is proposed to leave the present factory, on Esquimalt Road, intact, and to continue to operate it as at present.

D. C. Hutchison is general manager; R. Hutchison is mechanical superintendent; and W. Dixon is secretary-treasurer. Some very important contracts have been carried out by the company during the past few years, including the manufacture of the poles for Victoria's electric cluster underground system. Similar work was carried out for the city of Kamloops. The firm also manufactures all kinds of municipal supplies, including hydrants, water pipes and fittings, etc. The pumping station for the high pressure salt water system was put in by the company. All the cast iron work in the New Hudson's Bay building was the work of the firm. Mention might also be made of several large repair jobs undertaken successfully by the company, as indicating its resources in this direction. The plant is equipped with the most modern machinery of that class of work. For the past two years the firm has been making shells, 18-pounders, for the Imperial munitions board, the work being of such high quality that renewal orders have just been received.

### KIRK COAL CO. HAD SMALL BEGINNING

Record of 29 Years; Annual Turnover Now 60,000 Tons

"Great oaks from little acorns grow" was the adage coined in the copy-books at school, and the idea is particularly applicable to the Kirk Coal Company, of Victoria and Vancouver, which had its beginning twenty-nine years ago in a little shack in Victoria West, at the corner of Mary Street and Esquimalt Road. The founder of the company was C. W. Kirk, who has had the satisfaction of seeing his business grow from that small beginning until now he is able to point with pride to the fact that his annual turnover is now in the neighborhood of sixty thousand tons, with six motor trucks and twenty teams to supply the demands of the public. The Vancouver branch was opened up about three years ago, and now is, without fear of contradiction, one of the finest coal businesses in the Terminal City. Ten years ago Mr. Kirk also opened up a soda water plant in Victoria West, but this has since been leased to Elliott & Clarke.

The business originally was confined to Victoria West and Esquimalt, but eight years ago Mr. Kirk decided to capture the larger field, and moved his office, first to Yates Street and afterwards to Broad Street, where it is still located. The company first of all handled its coal at the E. and N. bunkers, afterwards at the Scott & Peden wharf, and latterly at the Kingham wharf, which is the arrangement still in force. For twenty years the firm handled the military contract for coal. It now has contracts for the dredging fleet at Victoria, the court-house and Government House. In Victoria the firm handles Old Wellington coal, and in Vancouver, South Wellington coal. The business in Vancouver is managed by two sons, C. L. and A. M. Kirk, and in Victoria by T. McConnell. With regard to the recent increase in the price of coal, Mr. Kirk gives it as his opinion that the cost will go very much higher in the immediate future, all signs pointing in that direction, and he thinks the best investment a citizen can make is to at once

### MENNEN'S FOR MINE



lay in a good stock of coal and thus save considerable money. All over the west there is a shortage of coal, and the fact that the price is being increased during the summer months, when the demand is small, is an indication of what may be expected when the cold breezes of autumn and winter begin to make their presence felt and coal orders begin to pile up.

### SOME FEATURES OF O'CONNELL'S STORE

All Clothes in Stock Specially Made and Designed for the Firm

The firm of O'Connell's, Limited, the exclusive men's wear store on Government Street, had its origin in Victoria in 1893, under the style of Fitzpatrick & O'Connell. Mr. Fitzpatrick withdrew from the partnership in 1914, and Mr. O'Connell has since then successfully been the directing head.

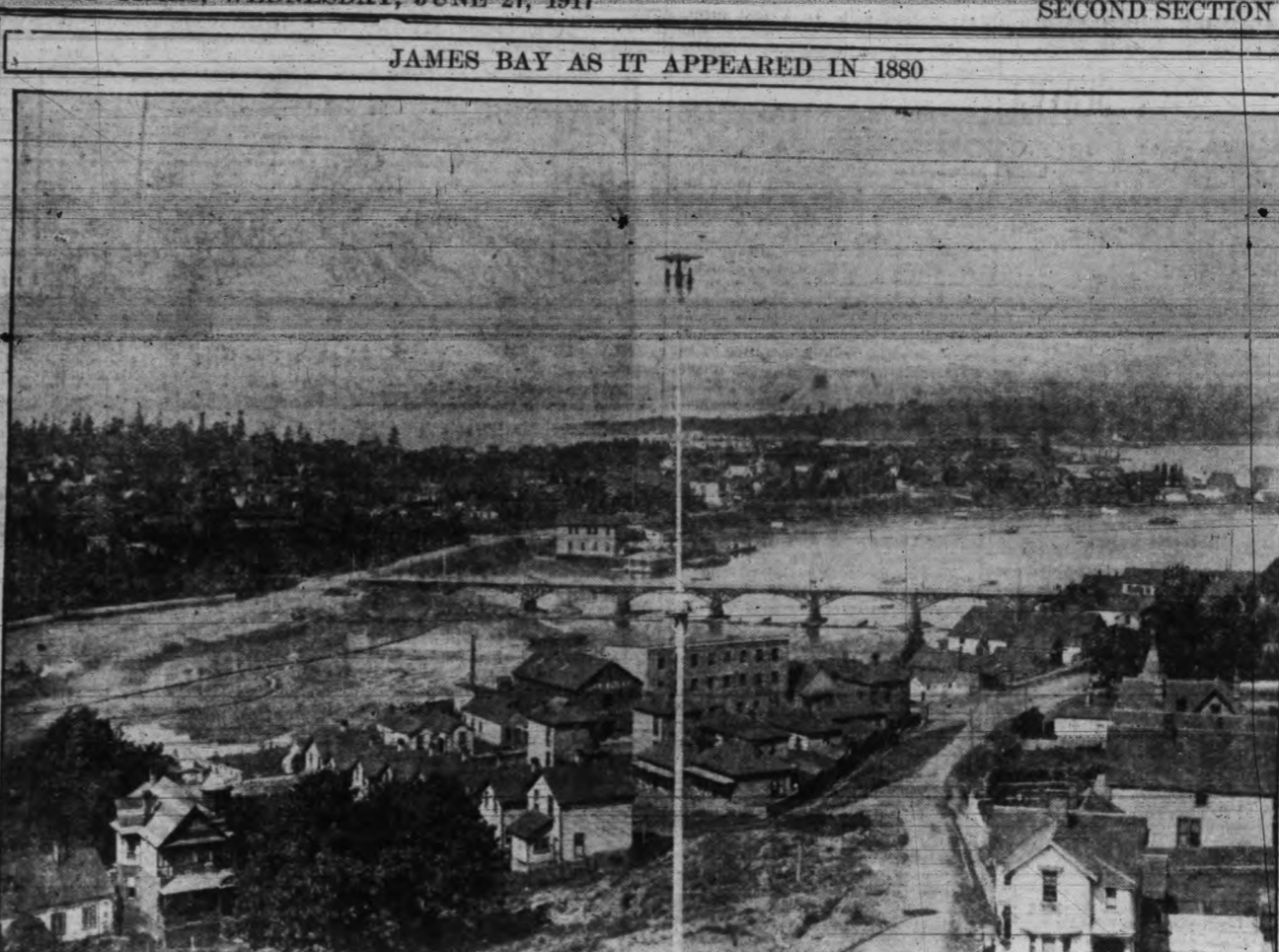
With the exception of boots, the firm carries everything that can possibly be needed for men's wear. O'Connell's goods have a distinctiveness all their own, and for a very definite and substantial reason. There is a difference in men's ready-to-wear, be it noted. There is the retail firm that takes all the stock lines that a manufacturer has to offer—clothes of the ordinary kind, made for the ordinary trade. On the other hand, there is the retail firm that has all its goods specially made and designed according to its own ideas and in accordance with the requirements of its customers. Such a firm is O'Connell's, Limited. "All our goods," Mr. O'Connell told The Times, "are made expressly to our order, and we handle only the best tailored clothes that can be purchased." With this fact in mind, there is no cause for surprise as to the firm's success, which has been of the lasting kind—in other words, once a customer, always a customer, which is the basis of the ideal store.

In addition, the firm carries a line of English goods, such as shirts, neckwear, etc., made by that old-established London house, Welsh & Margaretson, and is consequently able to cater to the refined tastes of those Victorians who like something "a little better than the rest."

It is not often that a men's wear store handles ladies' furs, but this is the case with O'Connell's, Limited, which has the exclusive agency for the Sellers-Gough Fur Co., the largest exclusive fur house in the British Empire. Mr. O'Connell, by the way, has had a very extensive experience in the fur business, and is therefore in an exceptional position to give good values in that line. It is no small satisfaction to feel assured that furs are exactly as they are represented to be, and this can be the feeling when dealing at O'Connell's.

The firm, moreover, has the exclusive agency for R. J. Inglis, wholesale military tailors, of Toronto, and does a large business in this connection. English rugs are also carried in stock and find a ready market. The motto of the firm has always been "Service." As Mr. O'Connell put it this week, "we believe that by giving good service and satisfaction to the public we merit their business." This policy has been eminently successful, judging by the large number of satisfied customers that constitute the store's best advertisement.

Canada has 1,650 newspapers and magazines.



JAMES BAY AS IT APPEARED IN 1880. The above picture, loaned to the Times by R. Maynard, the photographer, illustrates the changes brought about by the lapse of time in the neighborhood of James Bay. The picture was taken in the year 1880. The bridge has been replaced by the causeway in front of the present Empress Hotel, which is built on buildings are to be seen on the extreme left, across the mud flats. Laurel Point, now the home of the Bapeco factory, was at that time occupied by the residence of the late Jacob Sells.

### FOR MEDIUM-PRICED AND BETTER SHOES

Go to "The Bootery," on Government Street, a Popular Place for Footwear

"The Bootery," on Government Street, near Fort Street, established by A. E. Matheson in 1914, is a very popular place for those in search of reliable footwear. The business was first established on Yates Street in the Metropolitan block, and was removed to the present location in September, 1915. The famous brand of Walkover footwear for men and women, and the equally famous Sorosis brand for women, are carried in stock in every conceivable shape and size, the extensiveness of the stock guaranteeing an exact fit, no matter how extraordinary the shape of the foot may be. A specialty is made of children's shoes, and anxious mothers who have had some difficulty in the past in getting their children's feet properly fitted, cannot do better than to call at "The Bootery," where years of experience in this direction will help to solve the problem.

The firm operates on a strictly cash basis, and is thus enabled to sell on a "closer" margin than would otherwise be possible. No "cheap" shoes are carried, but the medium priced and better shoes—and those are the kind, after all that give lasting satisfaction—can always be obtained. The firm's motto is "service," which is one of those things that loom large in the sum total of a customer's satisfaction.

For the benefit of those residents of Victoria who formerly lived on the prairies, it may be mentioned that Mr. Matheson was formerly for ten years in business at Prince Albert, Sask.

"The Bootery" is holding a special sale this week, some exceptional bargains in footwear being advertised in this issue.

Canada has erected one of the largest telescopes in America at Victoria, B.C., with a mirror 72 inches in diameter.

Canada has the largest buffalo herd left on the continent, of over two thousand.

Canada is building a new \$50,000,000 Welland Ship Canal, with seven huge lift locks.

Canada is spending many millions on great harbor works in Halifax, St. John, Toronto, Vancouver and Victoria.

## Established 1878

# The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.



### Breakfast Foods

- B & K (Extra Cream) Rolled Oats
- B & K Oatmeal
- B & K Rolled Wheat
- B & K Cracked Wheat
- B & K Wheat Flakes
- Canadian (Premium) Wheat Flakes

### Flour, Etc.

- B & K Whole Wheat Flour
- B & K Graham Flour
- B & K Buckwheat Flour
- B & K Rye Flour
- B & K Split Peas
- B & K Pearl Barley
- B & K Pea Flour

### Poultry and Stock Foods

- B & K Chick Food
- B & K Developing Food
- B & K Scratch Food
- B & K Chicken Chop
- B & K Pigeon Food
- B & K Jersey Dairy Feed
- B & K Soy Bean Meal
- B & K Cottonseed Meal
- B & K Corn Chop
- B & K Oat Feed

Our B. & K Brand has been on the market for 30 Years, and is recognized wherever used as the very Highest Grade manufactured anywhere. All over Western Canada "B. & K." has become a household word, synonymous with Quality and Economy, and with this Brand on the Sack or Package, you can feel perfectly sure that you are using the best and at the same time encouraging Home Industry.

HIGHEST AWARDS  
World's Fair, Chicago. Mid-Winter Fair, San Francisco

Ask Your Grocer for the "B. & K." Brand, and Insist on Getting It.

We are the Only Rolled Oats Millers in British Columbia, and the Only Millers of Oats Grown in B.C.

# The Brackman-Ker Milling Co., Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE: VICTORIA  
Branches: Vancouver, North Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Nelson, Rossland, Prince Rupert.

## SEE OUR MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S REQUIREMENTS IN

UNDERWEAR SUITS      SHIRTS HOSE      HATS CAPS      BATHING SUITS TIES

Suits in Conservative Styles for Ordinary Wear. Pinch-Backs for Stylish Young Men  
OUR CLOTHES AND PRICES FIT

# CUMING & CO.

Special Bargains in Underwear      Special Bargains in Underwear

Phone 3322      Gents' Furnishers.      727-9 Yates St.      Special Bargains in Underwear

## Subscribe to the Patriotic Aid Fund



### TELEPHONE COMPANY GIVES FINE SERVICE

#### Lines Reach Every Point of Commercial and Industrial Activity

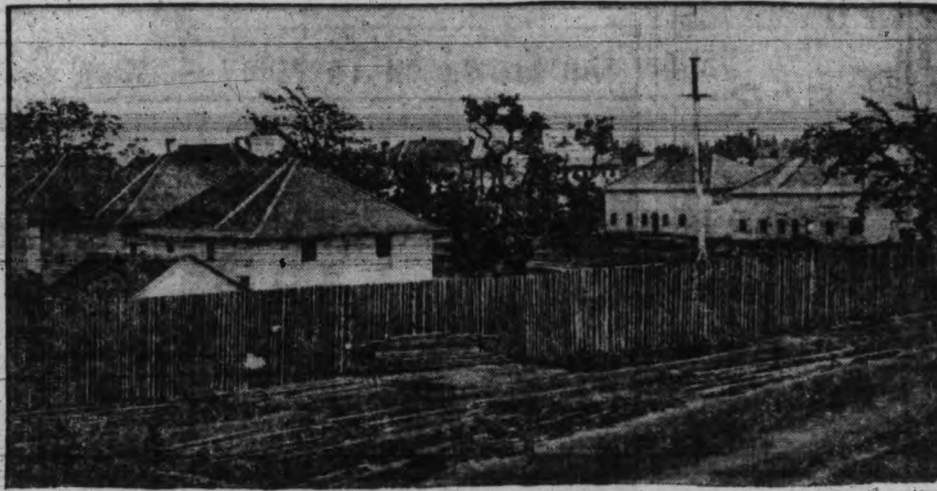
The telephone, to be a real utility, must give good service and a wide service. It must bring every interest together and it must give all interests useful facilities. So, on Vancouver Island, and the Mainland, too, for that matter, the lines of the B. C. Telephone Company may be found reaching out here and there, far and near, uniting cities, bringing districts close to each other, making provincial interests mutual. If new settlement takes place, it can never be far from a telephone line, and connection with the main system is never difficult. The long distance lines of the company give inter-communication between all its exchanges and toll stations, while in each exchange district the telephone system reaches out into the surrounding sections, extending facilities to the suburban resident and to the rancher in his rural home.

No isolation attaches to Vancouver Island because of its geographical position, for duplicate telephone cables provide a never-failing connection with the Mainland. Neither is Victoria removed from Seattle, for direct long distance lines are established between the two cities. The submarine cable between Vancouver and Nanaimo provides excellent talking facilities between any part of the Island and the Mainland. It supplies a means of communication that has been a factor in the further development of that part of Vancouver Island north of Nanaimo.

The other route by way of San Juan, Shaw, Orcas and Lummi Islands to Bellingham gives telephone connection not only with Seattle but also with New Westminster, Vancouver and other mainland points. Alternate routes are provided because telephone service is so relied on that it must not be wanting even for a short time. While the telephone plays an important part locally in every community, large or small its great benefit as a public utility lies in the fact that it is a material factor in provincial development. It may be a great satisfaction to the man in the suburbs to have a telephone, but without it the probability is he would have to live closer in. The farmer is able to do better when he knows he can talk anywhere at any time. The operations of a large industry, perhaps in a fairly remote district, are facilitated by the handy telephone. No part of the province can live into itself, and the telephone furnishes a means whereby interests can be made common, and unification easily brought about. Recognizing the necessity of supplying a general service, the B. C. Telephone Company's system is routed to all parts of the southern portion of the province, between urban centres, out to small communities and into rural districts—a service available everywhere and at all times.

Canadian field crops, value, 1916, estimated at \$700,000,000.  
Canada's savings average about \$100 per head, or total of \$800,000,000.  
Canada's industrial production estimated at \$1,389,000,000.

### THE OLD HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY'S FORT AT VICTORIA



The above view is that of the first building in Victoria, Fort Camosun. No trace now remains. The well was uncovered adjacent to Langley Street, a few years ago, in excavating for a building, and was then filled in. The fort was the headquarters of Hudson's Bay Company's rule during the period in which a grant of the Island was held from the Imperial Government, and became necessary when the company had to transfer its interests from the mouth of the Columbia to the area fixed by the international boundary treaty.

The bastions of the fort, established by Sir James Douglas, were of heavy logs some 30 feet high, and connected by palisades about 20 feet high. Within the palisades were the stores, blacksmith's shop, dining hall, cook house and chapel. The ground, to the extent of an acre, was cleared, and enclosed for the buildings.

### HONEST GOODS AT HONEST PRICES

That is the Motto of Firm of J. N. Harvey, Limited

The business now conducted by J. N. Harvey, Ltd., on Yates Street, between Government and Broad Streets, had its origin as long ago as 1881, when it was opened up by B. Williams & Co. The latter firm started at 97 Johnson Street, but within the first few years found it necessary to enlarge its quarters. Because of the rapid growth of business, however, even the enlarged space soon became too small. In 1909, therefore, Williams & Co. built a large store at 124 Yates Street, occupying first of all the ground floor, and renting the upper storeys, but afterwards, owing to the further expansion of business, taking over the entire building for the use of the business. About that time the firm made extensive improvements to the building by adding the present at-

tractive and up-to-date front, beside putting in modern and convenient fixtures.

The business was taken over by J. N. Harvey, who comes from St. John, N. B., started business with W. D. Martin, in his native city, in the fall of 1890, and afterwards went into business on his own account in the spring of 1901. Coming to Vancouver in the fall of 1901, he formed a private company and took over the Johnston, Kerfoot & Co. men's wear store—the oldest business of the kind in Vancouver, having been established in the spring of 1889.

It was when J. N. Harvey, Ltd., took over the business in Victoria of B. Williams & Co. in 1911, that R. B. Price, formerly of St. John, N. B., joined the company, and became the active manager of the Victoria business. Under his management the store has prospered exceedingly. It was decided at the start to carry on the business on a strictly cash basis, and this policy has been adhered to. The motto, too, which Williams & Co. started business with, "Honest goods at honest prices," has been continued, with gratifying results to all concerned. Another point that should be remembered is that the purchasing power of two big stores in the province, together with their cash policy, enables them to sell goods on a much closer margin of profit than would otherwise be possible.

The firm is beginning a big clothing sale to-morrow morning, as announced in The Times advertising columns to-day. Shortly after the beginning of the war the firm made very careful investigation into the woolen markets of the world, and came to the conclusion that should the war continue for any length of time, woollens would go to prohibitive prices, and cottons would follow. The firm's purchases were, therefore, twice as heavy as ordinary, and therefore the customers are fortunately able to reap the benefit at the old attractive prices. Victorians should patronize this sale. The store is easily distinguishable. Look for the big "Red Arrow" sign.

Canada's farm lands would fill a strip of country as wide as France and 3,000 miles long—Adams.

Canada has developed only 1,712,193 of its 47,746,000 available water-powers in populated regions.

Canada's total trade, 1915-16, \$1,447,378,298.

Canada has 1 telephone for every 15 of population.

Canada has the largest and richest nickel mines in the world.

### GORDON DRYSDALE IS PIONEER FIRM

Was First Established in Terminal City Twenty-Eight Years Ago

Although the firm of Gordon Drysdale has been established in Victoria only since 1913, it has had a continuous business record of twenty-eight years in the Terminal City, so that those Victorians who delight to patronize commercial institutions of long standing need have no fear on that score when they enter the portals of the well-known Douglas Street house. The firm originally started on Yates Street with a staff of fourteen, subsequently enlarged up to twenty, but, after moving to the present location, business expanded considerably, until at the present time the minimum number on the payroll is thirty-five—a gratifying increase that shows how lavishly Victorians have bestowed their favors. When it is also remembered that the main store at Vancouver employs a staff of 170 the year round, it will be seen that the firm is a tremendous factor in the commercial life of the province.

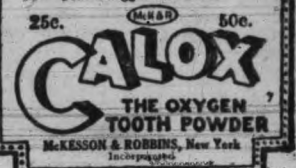
For the benefit of those who like to delve into the pages of history, it may be mentioned that Mr. Drysdale started his business in Vancouver when Cordova Street was the main thoroughfare, and afterwards moved to Hastings Street, the firm then being known as Drysdale & Stevenson. This business was afterwards sold in its entirety, and Mr. Drysdale opened the present commodious store on Granville Street on his own account.

The manager of the Victoria store is A. Dale Davies, under whose capable direction the business is expanding to such an extent that there seems to be no limit to its possibilities. Almost every conceivable line of goods pertaining to ladies' wear, except boots, is carried, including not only ready-to-wear garments but the yard goods from which they are made. A very big business is done in the ready-to-wear department.

Twenty-one Departments. Twenty-one departments are to be found on the two floors, with all the latest and most up-to-date conveniences that the most fastidious customer could wish. In the ready-to-wear, millinery and corset departments, for instance, there are private fitting rooms, ensuring the utmost precision. This is a feature that is worthy of consideration, for nobody likes to buy an ill-fitting garment, but with the special fitting facilities established by



WHEN baby's first tooth comes it's a family event. Pay as much attention to all the teeth as to the first. Have the youngsters use Calox regularly—and use it yourself. The Oxygen in Calox keeps the teeth clean, sound and white, purifies the mouth and sweetens the breath.

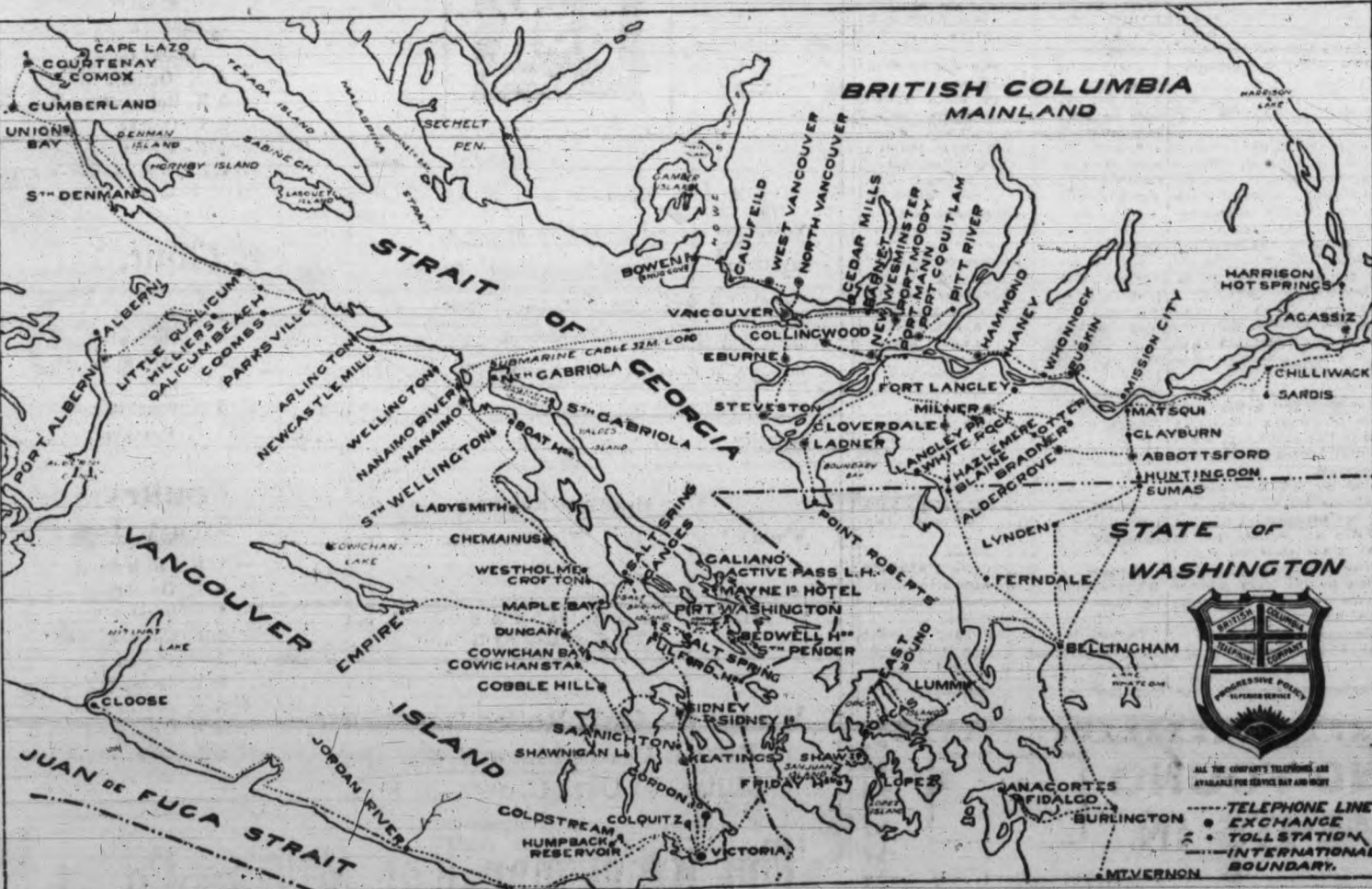


the Gordon Drysdale firm, such a possibility is reduced to negligible terms. "We will go to any length," states Mr. Davies, "in order to satisfy a customer. The clerks are trained to be the personification of courtesy, and no trouble is too great. Some stores judge their clerks by the amount of their takings, and while that is some consideration, of course, we always find that it is better to judge them after all by their standing with customers. That is really the test in the final analysis. Some of the customers are so exacting that a clerk has been known to take four and one-half hours in selling a suit, but what does that matter, providing the customer is satisfied, and is able to go away and tell her friends of the courteous and painstaking treatment she received?"

As to the class of goods the firm carries, Mr. Davies pointed out that nothing of what is known as "cheap stuff" is allowed in the store, but that it is the firm's aim to keep the best goods procurable at the lowest prices obtainable. In other words, Mr. Davies states that it never pays in the long run to carry shoddy material, even though the prices are attractively low, but that a business can only be built up successfully by the maintenance of quality, so that the store comes to be known as one of the dependable kind. This is the policy that is pushing the firm of Gordon Drysdale to the forefront, as one of those establishments that one cannot get along without.

Titled Canadians: 6 peers, 1 Canadian peer, 9 baronets, 3 C.M.G.'s, 4 K.C.B.'s, 29 K.C.M.G.'s, 1 K.C.V.O., 49 Knights Bachelor, 19 Royal Victorian Order, 91 C.M.G.'s, 9 Victoria Cross.

## Map Showing Exchanges, Toll Stations and Connections of British Columbia Telephone Company, Limited



The Telephone gives service to all Vancouver Island points where activity prevails:

- |                    |                    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| ARLINGTON          | HUMPBACK RESERVOIR |
| BOWSER             | KEATING            |
| CHEMAINUS          | LADYSMITH          |
| COBBLE HILL        | NANAIMO            |
| COLQUITZ           | PARKSVILLE         |
| COOMBS             | PORT ALBERNI       |
| CORDOVA BAY        | QUALICUM BEACH     |
| COURTENAY          | ROSEWALL CREEK     |
| CROFTON            | (Fanny Bay)        |
| CUMBERLAND         | ROYSTON            |
| CRUMPS             | SIDNEY             |
| (Little Qualicum)  | SOMERSET HOTEL     |
| DUNCAN             | (Wellington)       |
| ESQUIMALT          | STRAITS LUMBER CO. |
| FANNY BAY          | (Red Gap)          |
| GORDON HEAD        | UNION BAY          |
| GRANT (Wellington) | VICTORIA           |
| GOLDSTREAM         | WEST HOLME         |
| HILLIER'S          | WELLINGTON         |



Long Distance Telephoning is most satisfactory. You place your call (for a set time if you wish) and the party desired is got on the wire. Wherever he may be, he is hunted up. No talk, no pay. You speak directly with the person wanted, and you get your answer immediately. No deferred reply



### RIGHT KIND OF BOOTS AT POPULAR PRICES

#### Watson Shoe Store Has Pushed Its Way to the Fore- front in City

"Watson saves you shoe money" is the slogan at Watson's Shoe Store on Yates Street, and, judging by the fact that Mr. Watson has been twelve years in business at the same location, the slogan is truthful to the last degree. Owing to the increase of business, the store has been enlarged since the business was founded.

Blaker and Hart shoes—two famous brands for men—are carried in stock, together with "Empress" shoes for women, and "Classic" shoes for misses and children. These brands give a wide range of selection.

With the right kind of boots at popular prices—style and price combined—the Watson Shoe Store has pushed its way to the forefront, and is deserving of the greatest possible patronage.

### SAMPLE SUITS AT MUCH LESS MONEY

#### Ladies' Sample Suit House on Yates Street is Unique Business

The name of the Ladies' Sample Suit House, Yates Street, really explains its mission, but, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with its methods, it may be well to point out that its proprietor, H. I. Mallek, is doing a business that is really in a class by itself.

He started out, four and a half years ago, to sell ladies' suits at less money than would be paid for similar articles at other stores. That he has been successful is shown by his increasing business. This is how he did it: He made a specialty of samples, going East twice each year so that he could personally choose the best the market had to offer. In this way he was able to get the very latest styles at the most reasonable prices.

To put the matter plainly, Mr. Mallek bought at the right price, and was therefore in a position to sell at the right price. But Mr. Mallek went further than that. As a good business man, he knew that had debts, and the practice of sending goods on approval, can be estimated at ten per cent. in any firm's annual balance sheet, and so he decided to make two important rules, viz: (1) No credit; (2) no goods sent on approval. In other words, every customer must go to the store and pay for the goods. This means that Mr. Mallek has been able to reduce the overhead expenses, and every customer is able to get the benefit by reason of his closer margin of profit.

The standing announcement by the firm is worth considering: "We guarantee," says Mr. Mallek, "to save five dollars upwards, according to the price of the garment, on any suit purchased at our store." Could anything be more convincing as to the efficacy of the firm's methods?

### WIDE SHOE RANGE AT MUTRIE'S STORE

#### Specialists in the Higher and Medium Grades of Footwear

Wherever the name of Mutrie & Son be found, there will the good shoes be gathered together, for, be it known, the firm, as a seller of the medium-priced and better kind of footwear, has established a reputation in the city of Victoria of an enviable kind.

Mutrie & Son—Martin Mutrie, to wit, the elder, and F. Lloyd Mutrie, the younger—began business in the city in 1911, and success early overtook their efforts, for they soon absorbed the business of the Baker Shoe Company, an old-established concern. Since then they have been climbing the ladder

still further, for persistent and painstaking service to the public always brings its own reward. As specialists in the higher grades of footwear, Mutrie & Son have achieved considerable prominence, but customers for the medium grades receive just as careful attention, the aim of the store being to make friends, no matter how large or small the expenditure. This explains the reason, perhaps, why the firm has been able to maintain the volume of its business almost up to the old pre-war level.

Mutrie & Son have a very full and varied stock. Not only the main floor of their Douglas Street store, but also the spacious basement, is filled to overflowing with footwear for men, women, boys, girls, and infants, so that there is the widest possible selection.

### KIRKHAM METHOD MEANS ECONOMY

#### How H. O. Kirkham, Ltd., Has Built Up a Tremendous Cash Business

H. O. Kirkham & Co., Ltd., is a firm of which Victoria ought to be proud, for Mr. Kirkham, by dint of unflagging energy, has evolved out of a comparatively small beginning, a big cash business which necessitates the employment of sixty-nine persons—one of the important payrolls of the city.

Mr. Kirkham, who formerly was manager for the Dixi Ross firm, decided eight or nine years ago to start in business on his own account, principally in the grocery line, and secured the lease of premises in the Bowker building. As was common with nearly all the merchants in those days, a large part of his business was on a credit basis. When the war broke out, however, he decided to move to a more central location, and took over his present commodious premises, with entrances from both Fort and Government Streets. What is more important still, he decided to do all his business on a cash basis. Other merchants shook their heads; wholesalers wished him luck, but said it couldn't be done. But Mr. Kirkham thought it could, and went ahead and did it—so successfully, in fact, that his experience is a shining instance of what it is possible to achieve when every energy is directed towards the object in view.

The firm, at its central premises, almost has a department store, for, in addition to groceries, there are departments for fresh and cold meats, fish, light hardware, drugs, stationery and bread. The bakery is at the rear of the Bowker building.

Just over a year ago the firm opened a store at Duncan, and it is in a very thriving condition. Early in the present year Mr. Kirkham turned his attention to the question of groceries, which already in an established institution in many of the larger cities. In Los Angeles alone no less than fifty groceries were opened in less than a month. Mr. Kirkham opened such a store on Yates street, near the Dominion Hotel, in April, and it was an instant success. Mr. Kirkham estimates that a grocery store will save its patrons from ten to twelve per cent.—not once a year, bear in mind, but several times each month.

The firm also has a retail liquor store in the Bowker building.

Such a large cash business has been built up only by keen, aggressive business methods. Mr. Kirkham is enthusiastic as to the merits of the cash system. "It is better for the whole community," he says, "and especially for the consumer. The cost of extending credit is considerable, and, as you know, those who pay have to suffer for those who do not." The Kirkham method of doing business means the purchase of goods by the firm in tremendous quantities at the lowest possible figure, with the result that the customer derives a considerable benefit. That is an important thing at a time when the cry is "Save and Serve," and emphasizes the fact that it is possible to practise economy to a very marked degree by dealing at the Kirkham stores.

The Government's railway traverses the beautiful island of Cape Breton to the Sydneys, with their great steel and coal industries.

During 1916 the Carnegie Corporation of New York made a donation of \$7,000, representing one building.

Canada's canal at Sault Ste. Marie is the greatest single lock in the world.

Canada is building the largest single span-bridge in the world at Quebec.

### Follow the Crowd on Thursday Morning to the Scene of the Greatest Sacrifice of Fine Footwear Ever Started in Victoria--The Bootery's Great

# STAMPEDE SHOE SALE

## We Have Good Reasons for This Sale



but by far the most important one is the fact that we NEED THE CASH. The bulk of our stock was bought several months ago at prices much less than they are to-day; but regardless of this, we are prepared to sacrifice our profits as well as part of our investment if we can convert this entire stock into cash AT ONCE. No ordinary sale this. When people begin to realize the extent of our sacrifice the rush will grow greater instead of less. We will sell many lines of our fashionable, high-grade shoes at LESS THAN HALF WHAT THEY ACTUALLY COST US! We will give bargains such as Victoria has never seen in the past, and never will see in the future. You'll be wise if you come on Wednesday morning and get first pick of our choicest offerings.

### See the Windows--Note the Price Pruning We Have Done

**Men's Russet Calf Boots**—Famous "Light Tread" shoes, unlined; splendid for summer wear. Reg. at old price, \$6.00. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$3.50**

**Men's Patent or Tan Oxfords**—Extra high grade and neat fitting. Reg. at \$7.00. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$3.50**

**Men's "Walk-Over" Boots**—The snappiest lasts in this famous line are here, and go out at ridiculously low prices. Reg. \$12 values for . . . **\$9.95**

Reg. \$10 values for **\$7.95**  
Reg. \$8.50 values, **\$6.95**

**Men's Dress Boots**—Fine kangaroo skin bals, in the new straight lasts. Reg. \$8.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$5.95**

**Ladies' Gun Metal Boots**—30 pairs only, High-Top Lacing Boots, with low heel. Sizes 2½ to 7. Reg. \$6.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$4.65**

**Ladies' "Walk-Over" Shoes**—High-top styles, in superior qualities of black kid leather, Louis heels, lace or button. Reg. \$9.00 and \$10. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$7.45**

**Ladies' High-Top Boots**—Fine black kid boots, in a smart fashionable last. Reg. \$6.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$4.45**

**Ladies' "Red Cross" Boots**—Fine black kid, with medium or low heels. Button or lacing styles. Reg. \$7.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$5.95**

**Ladies' Pumps**—A fine assortment of styles, principally with strap. Reg. \$5.00 and \$6.00 values. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$2.50**

**Ladies' High-Top Boots**—White Canvas and Reinskin Lacing Boots. Reg. \$5.00. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$3.95**

**Ladies' White Pumps**—Fine reinskin, in smart new lasts. Reg. \$3.00 to \$5.00. **Stampede Sale Prices \$2.25**  
\$3.65 and . . . **\$2.25**

**Misses' Button Boots**—The famous "Classic" make, in fine quality gun metal calfskin. Sizes 11 to 2. Reg. \$4.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$3.45**

**Misses' Tan Boots**—"Endura Special." High grade and particularly smart. Button or lace. Sizes 11 to 2. Reg. \$4.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$2.95**

**Boys' Gun Metal Boots**—Button or lacing styles, in the high grade "Classic" make. Sizes 11 to 2. Reg. \$4.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$3.45**

**Boys' Box Calf Boots**—Blucher style, and made of specially good, well-seasoned leather. **Stampede Sale Prices:**  
Sizes 1 to 4½. Now . . . **\$3.45**  
Sizes 11 to 13½. . . **\$2.95**

**Children's Canvas Slippers**—75 pairs only, Children's, Boys' and Girls' Ankle-Strap Slippers, with flexible, welted soles. **Stampede Sale Prices:**  
Sizes 5 to 8. . . **\$1.25**  
Now . . . . . **\$1.25**  
Sizes 8½ to 11. . . **\$1.40**  
Sizes 11½ to 2. . . **\$1.50**

**Children's Cushion Sole Boots**—Button or lacing styles, in patent or plain calfskin. Reg. \$3.00. **\$2.25**  
(5 to 7½), . . . **\$2.25**  
Reg. \$3.50 (8 to 10½).  
Now . . . . . **\$2.65**

**Children's Button Shoes**—A big assortment of both plain and fancy styles. Reg. \$2.50 to \$3.00. **Stampede Shoe Sale, \$1.50**  
\$1.95 to . . . **\$1.50**

**Children's Tan Boots**—Solid leather. "Endura Special" make. Sizes 8 to 10½. Regular \$3.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$2.45**

**Children's Velour Calf Boots**—Medium weight and good, comfortable last. Sizes 5 and 5½ only. Reg. \$2.50. **Stampede Shoe Sale . . . \$1.50**

### Outing and Tennis Shoes

Men's White Tennis Shoes. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.50**  
Men's White Tennis Oxfords. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.40**  
Women's White Tennis Bals. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.35**  
Women's White Tennis Oxfords. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.25**  
Women's White Tango Pumps. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.25**  
Women's White High-Top Bals. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.65**

Women's White High-Top Bals. low heel. Stampede Shoe Sale, pair . . . **\$1.95**  
Misses' White High-Top Bals. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.50**  
Misses' White Tennis Bals. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.25**  
Boys' White Tennis Bals. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.35**  
Child's White Tennis Bals. Stampede Shoe Sale . . . **\$1.00**  
Child's Black Holiday Oxfords at . . . . . **75¢**

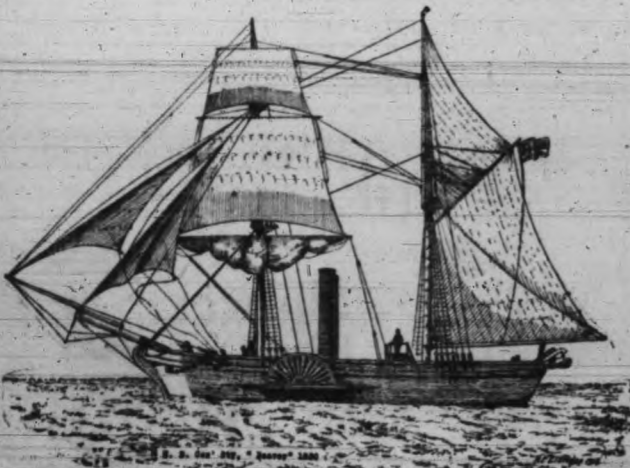
Deliveries Will Be Charged for During Sale  
A Deposit Will Hold Any Item Until July 5



1111 Government St. Next to Kirkham's

Deliveries Will Be Charged for During Sale  
A Deposit Will Hold Any Item Until July 5

### First Steamer to Ply Pacific Waters



THE FAMOUS BEAVER



# J. T. M'ILMOYL, FOR FIFTY-FIVE YEARS A VANCOUVER ISLANDER, TALKS VERY INTERESTINGLY OF HIS PIONEER DAYS

### Golden Rule Strictly Followed by Early Settlers; Mr. McIlmoyl Was Elected to Legislature in 1878; Thrill of Pride When British Columbia Became a Part of the Dominion

One still prominent and for many years a most active and enterprising resident of Vancouver Island is J. T. McIlmoyl, provincial secretary of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, who has recently celebrated the fifty-fifth anniversary of his arrival on the island which has been his home through many years of pioneer work.

There are, of course, many things in which Mr. McIlmoyl is human enough to take considerable pride, but there is one point that rivals, and in fact surpasses all others for pre-eminence of merit in his estimation. This lies solely in the word Canadian. "You ask me to state my nationality? Well, I think that I am justified in terming myself a thoroughbred Canadian. I myself was born in Ontario and my father before me was a native of the same province," states Mr. McIlmoyl.

**Prosperous Life of East.**  
"As is usual in the cases of most families, I received a preliminary education and for five years following was apprenticed to a commercial house. My associates were somewhat of the same temperament as myself and we were not at all enthused with the prosaic life that we were forced to live in what was then considered the highly developed and fully settled portion of British North America. Accordingly we determined to seek our fortunes in the distant gold fields of British Columbia. For months we had been thrilled with the reports which came from the Pacific of how penniless youths had become millionaires; we had heard it recounted that gold bricks and showers of nuggets were to be picked in inexhaustible quantities from the streets of western towns. Such tales as these of course appealed strongly to our minds and the ultimate result was that in May of 1862, after an uneventful voyage from New York to Panama and a corresponding trip up the Pacific, I arrived in Victoria."

**Victoria Not Imposing.**  
"At the time of our landing Victoria was hardly what one could term an imposing picture, and I as well as many others little realized the future that lay before this land of the setting sun. At that time our lives were lived in the present, little heed being given to what the future held in store. Possibly nowhere in the world's history can be recalled the story of a land where such a free life of abandonment was lived by all. The spirit of adventure, romance and exploration were so linked together in the chain of daily events that the most retiring individual could not but feel the allurements that were extended on every hand."

**Lure of Goldfields.**  
As previously stated, Mr. McIlmoyl's primary object in coming to British Columbia was to visit the goldfields of the Cariboo, with the hope of reaping some of the rewards that awaited the successful miner. On arriving in Victoria, however, the general situation did not appear by any means so enticing as that which was lent by distance. Reports of many failures were daily coming to hand. Nevertheless the party, of whom Mr. McIlmoyl was one, started upon its journey to the interior, but before arriving at their intended destination so many miners who had met with complete reversals were met that it was decided that only a few of the party should proceed to the goldfields, the others remaining on the lower mainland to engage in work on the government road to the Cariboo, which was at that time in the initial stages of construction.

**Stays on the Road.**  
The casting of lots decreed that Mr. McIlmoyl should stay on the road as a construction man, which he accordingly did and in the following winter returned to spend several months in Victoria. The next spring was severely wintered during a period during which he

did considerable prospecting. In the summers of 1862-64 he visited the Cariboo and in the ensuing season did considerable mining work throughout the central part of Vancouver Island.

This life, however, was not without its attractions. Mr. McIlmoyl recalls with pleasure many of the experiences of those bygone days, when, though there was but little machinery for the enforcement of law, there were few men who would for a moment harbor the thought of any injustice.

**Judge Begbie.**  
"Those were the days," continued Mr. McIlmoyl, "when the Golden Rule was strictly followed, possibly in a somewhat relaxed and rugged manner but nevertheless sincerely. I do not recall anywhere acquaintanceships which I have made that have so firmly impressed my mind as the remembrance of those men who bore unheeded hardships, suffering the pangs of hunger and thirst or exposure, and all for the sake of collecting a few nuggets of gold. Their manhood was true to the core. Exceptions prove every rule and exceptions there were among them, but thanks to the justice that was meted out by Judge Begbie there were but few law breakers throughout the length and breadth of the territory of British Columbia."

**Address to Jury.**  
"I recall an instance, as well doubtless many Victorians, which has long remained in my memory but which is merely an illustration of the sterling qualities of manhood and strength possessed by Judge Begbie. The occurrence took place at Williams Lake, sometimes referred to as the One Hundred and Fifty Mile House. The season was drawing to a close and a considerable crowd of travellers were gathered at the inn, many passing south and others attracted by the horse racing that was in progress. An American miner among the concourse suddenly became engaged in a dispute with a rival, and in a moment of anger drew his revolver and fired into the crowd. The bullet missed its intended goal and claimed for its victim an innocent spectator. The guilty man was tried by a jury before Judge Begbie and returned a verdict of manslaughter. Then was the character of that famous pioneer judge revealed in character that man, as he addressed the prisoner and said: 'If the jury had been true to their convictions, if they had done their duty, I would have seen you hanged before ten o'clock to-morrow morning; but as it is you will spend the remainder of your ignominious days within the four walls of a penitentiary.'"

**Goes on Farm.**  
Feeling that he must ultimately resign himself to a less adventurous mode of life Mr. McIlmoyl in 1867, in the summer of which the eastern provinces of Canada were joined by the union of Confederation, established himself on a farm of leased land in the district of North Saanich. In his new surroundings prosperity attended his efforts on every hand, so that in three years' time he was able to purchase his property. Shortly afterwards he married Miss Simpson, of South Saanich, who became the mother of 12 children, all of whom, with the exception of one, are to-day living. The eldest son, James Henry, is at present on active service in France, the second child is now Mrs. Post, of this city. Charles William resides in the municipality of Oak Bay, while Walter is engaged in farming in Alberta. George is at present in the city assessor's office, while Frederick is an official in the customs house. The second daughter is now Mrs. Northcott, of this city, and her sister, Mrs. Edwards, resides in Vancouver. The two youngest boys are also living, Bertram being in Saskatchewan, while Robert who, during the early stages of the war, enlisted overseas, was severely wounded at the battle of the Somme in August

list, and according to the latest word which his father has received is expected home in the immediate future.

#### Confederation Burning Topic.

At the time at which Mr. McIlmoyl settled in Saanich the question of Confederation had become the burning topic of the day, and controversies intended to point out to the citizens the proper course for them to pursue were by no means uncommon. Mr. McIlmoyl is unhesitating in his assertion that the majority of opinion was strongly in favor of British Columbia joining the union at the time, although the opposition party were very demonstrative in the protests against any such action.

"I recall," continued Mr. McIlmoyl, "how bitter was the feeling which for a time existed. Many persons considered that in joining the union the colony was dealing itself the final blow of destruction. Such, however, was not the case and the great majority of those who had come from Eastern Canada recognized what partnership with that section of the Dominion would eventually mean. The Legislature was most modest in its request to the eastern officials when sending Dr. Helmecken, J. W. Trutch and Dr. Carroll east they were instructed to ask for a wagon road that would connect British Columbia with the prairie and the Great Lakes. They asked for a wagon road and they were offered a railroad. Is it any wonder that the western province joined Confederation?"

**Joins the Dominion.**  
"Ultimately in 1871, British Columbia became a part of the Dominion of Canada, and it was with a thrill of pride that we came to the realization of the fact that at length the future development of the country was at least partially assured. We realized that the union had made possible and certain the construction of a railway that would for all time unite from shore to shore the great northern waters of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. For a time all was smooth sailing, but political conflict soon began to rage throughout the land, and the promised railway did not materialize in the expected manner. Prospects did not then look so bright for British Columbia. Men of enterprize who had contemplated entering upon careers in the province hesitated whether to act or to restrain their activities until they were assured that the agreements with Ottawa would be finally fulfilled."

**Elected to Legislature.**  
"Well," continued Mr. McIlmoyl, "the affairs of the country were in such need of radical reform that in the election of 1878 a new government under Premier Walkem went into power and I had the honor to take my seat in the House. Matters at length came to the point in the following spring that the Dominion authorities were informed that unless satisfactory progress toward completing the Government's agreement with the province was made that the western people would petition for separation from the rest of Canada. The fact that the terms were finally met is history familiar to all British Columbians."

At the following election the Walkem Government was defeated and Mr. McIlmoyl retired into private life, turning to Saanich, where he was to reside for a long period. For 15 years he was secretary and treasurer of the Saanich Agricultural Association, and also a member of the provincial organization.

**Secretary to Workmen.**  
In 1886 Mrs. McIlmoyl passed away and her husband assumed the office of secretary of the Ancient Order of United Workmen. In this capacity he has served the organization with unflinching zeal and fidelity, and the appreciation of the members for the work that he has done has been borne full testimony to when it is learned that for the past 22 years he has been re-elected to the office by acclamation.

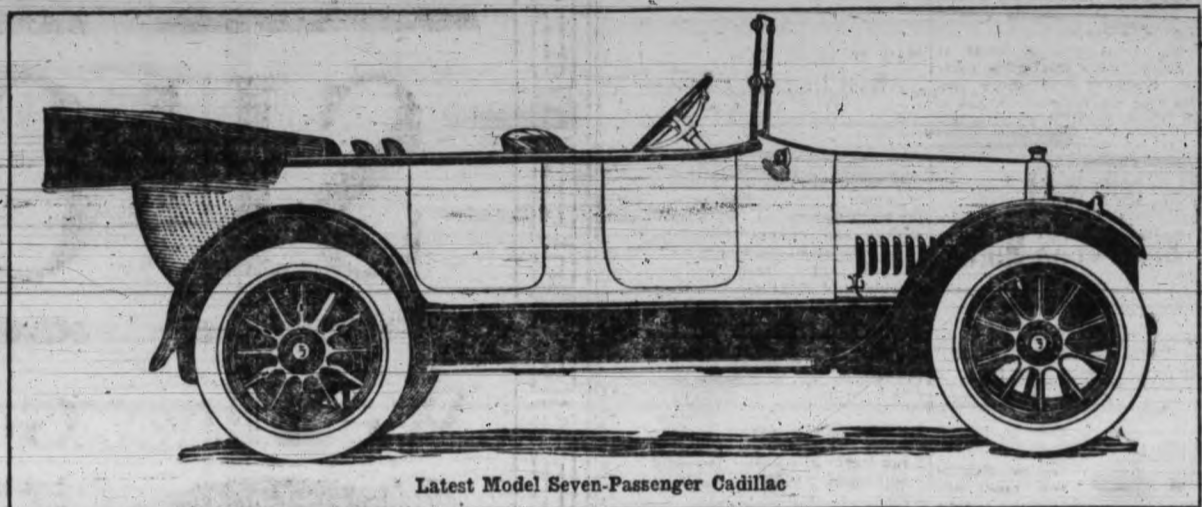
Not alone in this capacity has he been active of late. For the past three years as treasurer of the First Presbyterian Church he has rendered most valuable services to one of the oldest congregations in the city.

**Call of the Farm.**  
Mr. McIlmoyl is a great lover of farming. If there is one subject more than another over which he is able to wax eloquent it is that of the pleasures which come to the man who has lived his life on the land. Speaking of his own personal experience he states that his most pleasant recollections are of the years which he spent in close communion with the workings of nature, as he labored with every care and precaution as a husbandman fostering the beautiful products of the soil. "It is only," says Mr. McIlmoyl, "when one has lived and labored in direct contact with Mother Earth that one comes to the realization of what the true joy of life really means. When one is away as far as possible from the multitude of symbols of the artificial, and becomes one with the great life of nature that full joy can be attained. I have lived much of my life on the land, but if I were beginning my career anew I know that the call of the hill, the meadow, the brook and the vast prairies where nature's production is most fertile would be the compelling director of my way."

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### BEGG AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS INCREASES Output of Firm Last Year is Being More Than Doubled This Year

Automobiles may come, and automobiles may go, but there are some de luxe editions of automobiles that will never die, and the Begg Motor Company, of which R. A. Playfair is the local manager, seems to have corralled the agencies for them all, including the lordly Cadillac, the elegant Hudson Super-Six, the luxurious Chalmers and the dependable Dodge Brothers' car, not forgetting even to mention the lowlier but tremendously useful Chevrolet. With such excellent material with which to cater to public favor, it is not surprising to hear the statement by Mr. Playfair that business is increasing enormously, and that the business done by the firm last year is being doubled this year. The sale of large cars, especially, is very much better than in any previous year.

The Begg Motor Company was established in Vancouver in 1907, and in 1909 a Victoria agency was opened by Phillips & Styles in the old premises on Fort Street, near Cook. In 1911 the Begg Motor Company purchased a controlling interest in the concern, which was placed under the management of R. P. Moody, until in 1913 the company still further increased its holdings by assuming responsibility for the whole of the agency. Mr. Playfair took charge in November, 1914. Owing to steadily increasing business, the firm moved to its present location in November, 1915.

**Growth of Business.**  
As an indication of the growth of the business, it may be mentioned that the floor space in the old garage was only 60 by 112, whereas in the present quarters the firm has three floors each, 40 by 120. In 1914 the company was able to handle its business in smaller quarters without being overcrowded, but to-day the repair shop alone occupies more floor space than the whole of the old garage, and the present premises, large as they are, are really congested.

The repair shop occupies the whole of the top floor, and is equipped with everything incident to modern motor repair work, including drills, lathes, etc., all electrically driven. All makes of cars are repaired, and, in addition, storage battery work is undertaken. When a Times man visited the premises recently, the repair shop was completely filled with cars, thus suggesting in eloquent measure the extensive character of the business that the Begg Motor Co. attract to their premises.

The second floor is for storage purposes, and for the storing of accessories. The firm carries a full stock of all parts of the cars that are handled, so that long delays are entirely eliminated in case of breakages. The main floor contains the office, showroom and garage. There is an entrance to the premises from both View and Fort Streets.

An emergency car is maintained for quick service in case of breakdowns, whether in or out of the city, and is held in readiness so as to leave at five minutes' notice. The business of the firm has been built up on the motto, "Service First."

The fact that there are 25 on the payroll gives some idea of the extensive ramifications of the business. The Victoria branch, in fact, has become a worthy offshoot of the Vancouver main office, which has an acre of floor space and pays out from \$800 to \$1,000 a week to mechanics alone.

**Some of the Cars.**  
A word or two about the cars handled by the firm may be in order. The Cadillac, the standard model of which sells for \$3,500, has long been noted for luxury, comfort, performance, safety, dependability, long life and satisfaction; and there has been no later developments to challenge the distinction applied to it when it first revolutionized the motor car industry, as "the sweetest running car in the world."

In the Hudson Super-Six, the climax has been reached in beauty, luxury and finish. The Super-Six makes one realize the luxury of vibrationless motion in an epoch-making car. It sells for \$2,400.

As to the Chalmers car, that retails at \$1,585, one can only say that it is a model that has created history. It has withstood the most exacting tests for reliability and economy, and rivals in appearance the most expensive cars on the market.

The Dodge Brothers car, which the public can obtain at \$1,200, has forged its way rapidly into public favor since its introduction, and deserves the proud place which it now occupies as a medium-priced machine. The aim to produce a car that in itself would be everything that a good automobile should be, down to the smallest detail, while at the same time giving it a price that would obtain for it the widest possible market, has been achieved.

And then there is the Chevrolet, a comparatively low-priced car at \$775, which has not achieved its world-wide popularity by chance or without merit. It is fulfilling its mechanical duties satisfactorily and consistently.

The Begg Company has added Republic trucks to its list of agencies, with capacities from 1/2 to 1 1/2, 2, 3 and 5 tons.

To sum up, the Begg Company has achieved an enviable position in the local automobile world, and, from its consistent increase in business, one is justified in assuming that that position will long be maintained.

Canada's percentage growth since the beginning of the 20th century has been far greater than that of the United States in any period of equal length in the 19th century.

Dominion Forestry Department distributed 4,624,300 trees to nearly 8,000 prairie farmers in 1915. Total distribution nearly 40,000,000.

Canada had 165,000 of enemy birth based on 1911 census. Of these, 120,000 Austro-Hungarian, 35,000 German. More than half of number naturalized.

Japanese immigration to Canada, 1900-1916, 14,400; number gradually decreasing, only 401 in 1915-16.

### BREAD BY THE RENNIE & TAYLOR METHOD

Flour-Sifting Machine is One of the Features at the Firm's Bakery

If the ordinary consumer wishes to know how bread can be made under the most advantageous sanitary conditions all he has to do is to go to Rennie & Taylor's bakery at the corner of Fernwood and Gladstone, where the famous "Butternut" bread is made. "Look at this," said Mr. Taylor to a Times man, as the latter was watching the operations of a flour-sifting machine. Mr. Taylor had in his hand several pieces of string and other odds and ends that looked more like the products of the city street-cleaning department.

"You wouldn't believe," continued Mr. Taylor, "that there could possibly be so many undesirable things in flour, and yet this sifting machine, always in use, proves that it pays to adopt only the most up-to-date methods. That is one reason why Butternut bread is so popular."

Perhaps it is only a coincidence that the terminus of the Fernwood car line is exactly outside the Rennie & Taylor premises, thus placing the bakery in the same category as the Gorge, Beacon Hill Park, Fowl Bay and other famous places of interest in the vicinity. Mr. Taylor will tell you, too, that the business was started in the last century, although if it had been established a year later it would have missed such an interesting incident in its career. It was in 1839, to be exact, that the business was launched, and it has ridden on the high tide of prosperity ever since, until at the present time there are four delivery Ford automobiles and four delivery wagons to take the products of the firm to those discriminating housewives who like bread of the extra-special kind. Mr. Taylor says the firm was the first one of the kind in Victoria to establish an automobile bread delivery system in the city—in

itself a red-letter event of no mean importance.

**Spotlessly Clean.**  
The visitor must inevitably be struck with the cleanly appearance of the premises. There is not a speck of dirt anywhere. Even the floors are of maple, and they are scrubbed every day until they glisten under the process.

There are several specialties in the machinery equipment that are worthy of special mention—the moulder the only one of the kind in the province, surpassing by far the old hand methods; the flour sifter, eliminating every particle of impurity; the mixer, which does in two minutes what would take two men half an hour by the old-fashioned way; the dough-divider, with a capacity of a thousand loaves, automatically weighing forty loaves to a minute, and ensuring that each one is of the exact weight; and the "rounder-up," a machine that puts the finishing touches to the dough in much the same way as the housewife's deft operations, only very much more quickly and surely.

Then there are the two large ovens, with a capacity of eight hundred loaves every forty minutes, from which emerge in the early morning those delicious-smelling, dainty loaves such as one would never think of apart from the wonderful bread that mother used to make in the glorious days of childhood. This, then, is the Rennie & Taylor way, and Victorians seem to think it is the proper way, judging by the way Mr. Taylor smiles as he watches the records of the increasing turnover each month.

Exports of Canadian products, manufactured and agricultural, 1915-16, \$741,000,000, compared with \$409,000,000 in 1914-15.

Canada has the largest industrial flour mill in the British Empire—the Maple Leaf, at Port Colborne. Capacity, 10,000 barrels a day.

Canada has the largest combination elevator in the world, at Port Arthur; capacity, nearly ten million bushels.

Value of Canada's live stock, end of 1915, \$750,667,561.

Value of Canadian vessel tonnage, \$30,000,000.

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**TURKEY'S TIME OF CRISIS**

LIFE IN CONSTANTINOPLE TO-DAY

(By a Correspondent in the London News and Leader)

The London News and Leader recently printed an article from a correspondent which represents the expressed views of a foreign official who has had recent opportunity of personally investigating everyday conditions in Turkey.

The Turkish Empire has often been in very difficult circumstances in the past, but never, in the opinion both of the Turks and the members of the Diplomatic Corps at Constantinople, has its situation ever been as critical and precarious as at present, says the writer. No one knew exactly why Enver Pasha hurried off to Berlin and Vienna early in the year, but at the Turkish Foreign Office the officials, at the time, when the subject cropped up, looked very grave, and talked vaguely about a serious situation having arisen. When Enver came back some weeks ago he told the public, through the newspapers, that the mission had succeeded beyond all anticipation, whereas at the Club de Constantinople, once practically a British institution, of which the Grand Vizier is the present president, he told (as I happen to know), one of his closest friends, that his reception at Berlin was cordial, but that everyone "was too hurried and upset to pay much attention to his proposals."

**The Gaza Battle.**

The fall of Bagdad and the steady progress of the British troops in Palestine has considerably undermined Enver's authority. When Bagdad fell members of the Diplomatic Corps in Constantinople expressed the view that the Turkish Empire would collapse in six weeks. The advance on Gaza increased the alarm among the general population, and depression among the ruling classes, and it is possible that had the British been entirely successful in the Gaza battle Turkey would have packed off to Berlin its German masters and have openly petitioned for peace. As it turned out, however, the British check at Gaza was exploited by the Germans as a tremendous victory, and the popular agitation has been temporarily quietened. Significant evidence of the German reaction to the present situation is that the women folk and children of the German officers and officials who were sent to Berlin after the fall of Bagdad have not returned to Constantinople. The general feeling in diplomatic circles at Constantinople is that if the British succeed in pushing on rapidly to Jerusalem, Damascus, and Beirut the Turks will throw up the sponge.

**A Separate Peace?**

There is a great deal of talk now at Constantinople about the possibilities of a separate peace. Prominent Turks, in discussing this question generally, express the belief that neither England nor France will consent to any peace which stops short of the dismemberment of the Ottoman Empire. For the first time since their inception there is a general disposition in Turkey to condemn and regret the Armenian massacres—not on humanitarian grounds, but simply because (in the belief of the Turks) the memory of these massacres constituted an insuperable obstacle against any understanding between Turkey and the Entente Powers. Naturally enough, Germany carefully fosters this belief. A great deal of nonsense is talked from time to time, outside Turkey, about the revival of the Old Turk Party, or the uprising of Enver Pasha, or the alarm which Enver Pasha feels at his dwindling power. As a matter of fact, the utmost political stagnation prevails at Constantinople, and if the truth were known, Enver probably wants as quickly as possible to get out

played at the post and telephone offices have been dismissed and their places taken by Turkish women and girls. The war has hastened rather than checked the emancipation of Turkish women. All the young women wear veils of the flimsiest description, and in the trams they always draw them up from their faces. An incident which illustrates the strength of the "new woman" movement in Turkey occurred quite recently. The following notice was issued by the police department:

"The adoption of new forms of apparel has become a public scandal in Constantinople. All Mohammedan women are given two days in which to lengthen their skirts, discard corsets and substitute thick for flimsy veils."

Two days passed, and the following notice appeared:

"We regret that through the interference of certain old women a subordinate of the police department has attempted to regulate the costumes which Mohammedan women wear." The police department regrets this blunder and cancels the previous order."

"The 'police subordinate' who blundered was an invention of the department, anxious to find an excuse to capitulate to the storm which the original order provoked. The wives of Turkish aristocrats, Ministers and high Government officials threatened to hold up the Red Crescent nursing work in Turkey, the telephone girls threatened to strike, the post office girls to leave the post office, unless the offending order was cancelled, and before two days had passed Turkish women, determined to be Westernized, had won. The incident provoked an outburst of indignation on the part of the women against the German authorities in Turkey, who were accused, probably wrongly, with wanting to see Turkish women in a backward condition."

The Task-Masters.

It may be mentioned that some illusions are entertained outside Turkey regarding the powers possessed by the German authorities in Turkey. The Germans are certainly the masters of the Turks in the sense that they control the Turkish Government, but the influence of the German officials over the civilian population is very small. The German police in Constantinople are strictly forbidden to interfere with the population, and even in the army Turkish soldiers are not compelled to be subservient towards their German officers. Besides holding them responsible for the misery and misfortune which have befallen their country, the Turks dislike the Germans personally. On the other hand, the German naval and military officers make no secret of their contempt for what they regard as the laziness and slackness of their Turkish charges. Admiral von Souchon, the German admiral at Constantinople, is never tired of declaring to other Europeans at the Constantinople Club that the Turks, as fighting men, are hopelessly inefficient. The Goeben and the Breslau have been anchored in Stenia Bay for over a year, and although it is impossible for a foreigner to inspect them, it is probably true that they are in a terribly battered and useless condition.

**War Loans While You Wait.**

The principal preoccupation of the Turkish Parliament is the deplorable financial condition of the country. Gold, nickel, and copper have long since vanished from the market, and the country is flooded with notes and stamps—the latter worth about 2 1/2 of each of one kind. At the backs of the notes in one of these categories is a design of Kut, and an inscription, rather amusing in the light of recent events, to the effect that, thanks to the bravery of the Turkish troops and their German allies, the town will remain in Turkish hands until the end of time. Turkish finances are run on the simplest lines. Every time that the Turkish Government is hard up it asks Berlin for a "loan." The loan consists in permission by the German Government for the Turkish authorities to issue paper money for the amount required. The German Government has promised to redeem, out of the indemnities exacted from its enemies, all the paper money issued in Turkey during the war. The mark has dropped extremely low lately in value in Turkey.

**The British Colony.**

Most of the members of the British colony at Constantinople left at the outbreak of war, and those who remain—numbering from 100 to 150—have won the admiration of friends and enemies alike by their courage and dignity in very difficult circumstances. The British business houses in Constantinople are open as usual, and, generally speaking, the members of the present British colony are unimpaired. About 30 members of the colony have undergone periods of internment inland in "reprisals" by the Turkish Government for alleged bombardments of undefended towns by British and French aviators. All British subjects in Constantinople must be at home before nine o'clock in the evenings. About half a dozen members of the colony are at present "interned" in a house in Constantinople. Their imprisonment, also described as a "reprisal," is a formal one, and they suffer no privations. The American Embassy at Constantinople looks after the interests of the British colony very thoroughly. The American Ambassador is on excellent terms with the Turkish authorities, and his tactful intervention often prevents internments.

Quite recently the Turks, at the instigation of the Germans, decided to intern inland the British Nonconformist minister—the most popular European in Constantinople. The minister was seized, conveyed across the Bosphorus, and was on his way to an Asala Minor concentration camp when the American Ambassador heard of the case. Instead of protesting indignantly, the Ambassador quietly expressed regret that the authorities should treat a man harshly who had devoted a large part of his life to the good of the Turkish population. Enver Pasha at once realized the force of the Ambassador's view, and a courier dispatched hot haste instructed the

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<p><b>Ladies' \$5 and \$6 Pumps</b></p>  <p>These are all American make, are hand turned, come in Dull Kid, Patent, etc., in all the latest patterns—"Paris," "Boston," "Giltson Girl," etc. A chance of a life time.</p> <p><b>\$2.90</b></p>	<p><b>Big Boys' Running Shoes</b></p>  <p>These are "Fleet-Foot" make, are the ideal for the Boys—light, healthy, inexpensive. All sizes to 5's. Cheapest in City.</p> <p><b>85c</b></p>	<p><b>Ladies' White Pumps</b></p>  <p>Regular \$2.25 and \$2.50. Beautiful Pumps, with square tailored buckles. All sizes. Burriss Bankrupt Store</p> <p><b>\$1.55</b></p>
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<p><b>Men's \$10 and \$12 Gold Bond Boots</b></p>  <p><b>\$5 A Pair</b></p> <p>These Boots are all made by the famous firm of Harri, at Fredericton, N. B., and are the finest shoes on the American continent. Every size to start Thursday morning. About 45 pairs. One hour will clear the lot.</p>	<p><b>\$6, \$7 and \$8 Oxfords</b></p>  <p>All Shoes that cost to-day over \$5.00 a pair at wholesale. These number among them some genuine "Slater," "Plyde," and "Ames Holden" Shoes. And in all sizes up to size 8.</p> <p><b>\$2.90</b></p>
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<p><b>Ladies' \$7.50 to \$9 Boots</b></p>  <p>In White, Patent, Kid and Gun-metal leather. Every size. We guarantee all and every pair of them "Gracia," "Smardon," and "Supreme Lady" makes.</p> <p><b>\$5.40</b></p>	<p><b>Sandals</b></p> <p>Bankrupt prices are the lowest in town. Best Sandal made up to size 7 1/2. A pair</p> <p><b>\$1</b></p>	<p><b>Why?</b></p> <p>Why sell off everything when Shoes are going up? We've been asked that question time and again. Here's the answer: It's an absolute necessity to sell off every pair to vacate the store on time. So come and help yourselves at our expense.</p>
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**BURRIS'S BANKRUPT BOOT STORE**

625 Yates Street At the Big Red Sign

Last Three Days

guards to return to Constantinople with the Nonconformist minister. The mental strain which the British undergo at Constantinople is very great, and men who two years back were hale and strong now creep about the streets mere shadows.

**EMPIRE PROBLEMS ARE INTRICATE.**

Until we know better where we are to stand, these subjects (preference and food supply) might well be treated in the entirely contingent spirit the Conference has brought to the great question of the Empire's future political organization. This subject, too, has been discussed, as was inevitable. But the Conference has decided that it is too intricate and important to be dealt with during the war, and in the meanwhile it contents itself with recording certain large and general opinions regarding it. Yet this is an affair of the Empire itself; the other, with its unavoidable bearing upon the interests of the Allied nations and the relations in which they are to stand to us, is in

**HELP**

By Subscribing to the

**Victoria Patriotic Aid Fund**

Breathes there a man with soul so dead, Who never to himself hath said, This is my own, my native land.

Canada has had 11 Governors-General and 12 Dominion Parliaments.







# NO GUESSING—BAPCO PURE PAINT IS GOOD—WE KNOW

**Knowledge Gives Surety  
Surety Creates Confidence**

Bapco is an Insurance Policy of Paint Protection in Which Your Confidence is Justified

**THE LABORATORY**

That guess work may be eliminated and accurate knowledge assured we built and have maintained one of the finest equipped private laboratories on the Coast. This is a prime factor in testing incoming materials that we use in manufacturing. Good paint is not made with inferior goods. Tests are also made during process of manufacture and the finished product must rigidly conform to the established standards.

**MECHANICAL TESTERS**

Chemicals and retorts are but the first of the proving processes. Varnish particularly requires machine tests to establish its valuable qualities of hardness and elasticity. Viscometers make possible absolute uniformity in thickness, or body, and in working qualities. Filtering machines insure perfectly clear, clean products.

**WOOD PANEL TESTS**

Small wood panels are varnished with BAPCO FLOOR VARNISH and used by our traveling men in demonstrating. To quote from the panel itself: "Test the sample. Jump on it—no heel marks. Hammer it—dents the wood, no mar on varnish. Pour icy water on it—unaffected. Dip it in boiling water—unaffected." We KNOW the Varnish.

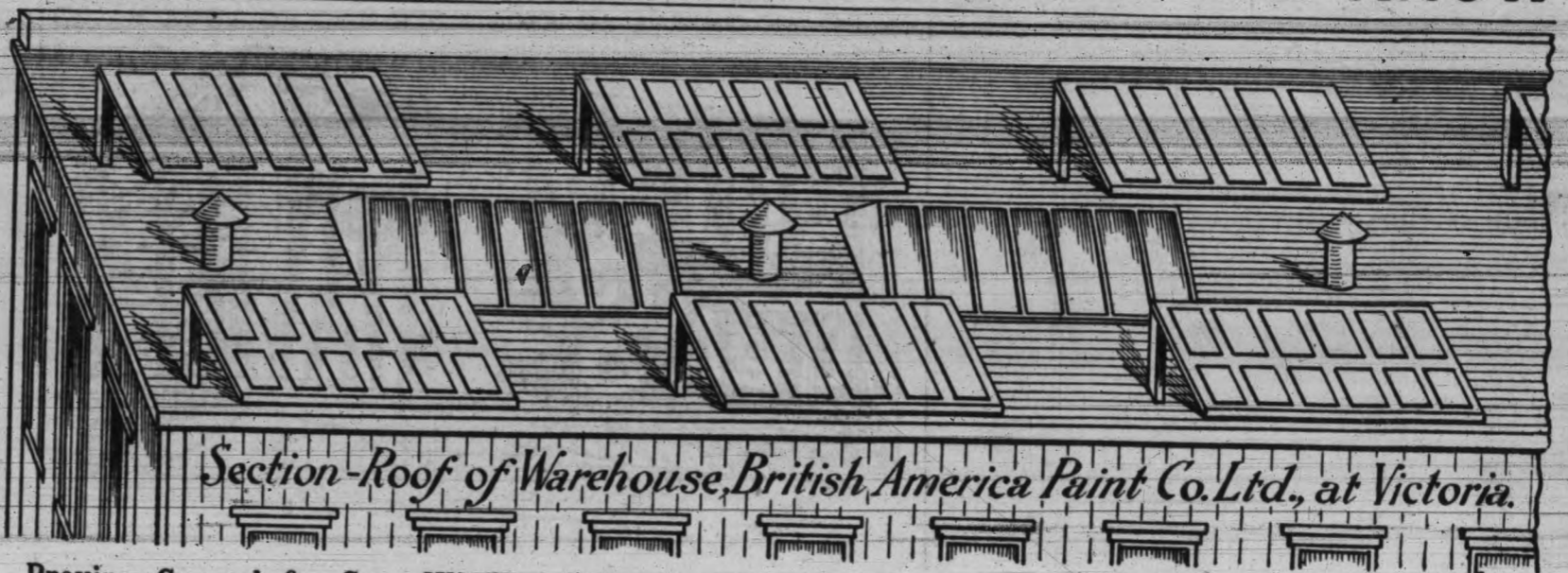
**OTHERS THAT KNOW**

Bapco products are used with satisfaction by the Governments, Dominion and Provincial, the leading Railway and Steamship Companies and other large users. If Bapco fills their requirements, might it not well fill yours?

**TO THE PAINT-BUYING PUBLIC**

The underlying purpose of this advertisement is to show the user of paint products that every safeguard is thrown around the production of Bapco products to make the quality the highest that is humanly possible.

We are making simply a cold statement of fact when we say that we are as well equipped for making good paint as any factory anywhere. There are others larger in size, but while one hundred machines will turn out more paint than fifty, the quality will not be any better. Our machinery is modern, our men are skilled and our capital ample to secure the lowest prices for raw materials. The paint you buy from outside may not be produced under half so favorable auspices. Disabuse your mind of the idea that "home made" necessarily means inferior. That outside paint, too, is "home made" to some one in some town. Is it not better for your own civic pride and self-interest to buy goods "home made" in YOUR home town than those "home made" in the OTHER fellow's home town?

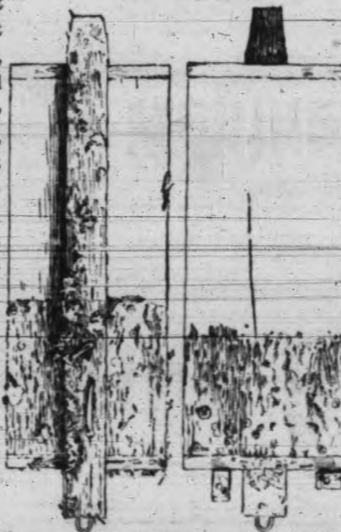


**Proving Ground for Sun, Wind and Weather Tests of Bapco Pure Paints, Stains and Varnishes**

Panels are painted and nailed on frames and data of each season's effects noted. Paints of other manufacturers are also used for comparison with Bapco. That's why we KNOW and offer Bapco in competition, price and quality, with ANY PAINT made ANYWHERE.

**BAPCO COPPER PAINT TEST**

A board, part of which, front and reverse, was painted with Bapco Copper Paint, the other part being left unprotected. Nailed to a pile at the outer wharf it was left submerged for eighteen months. The picture graphically shows the result. One of many tests we make.



**PRUDENTIAL WALL FINISH AND PORCELITE ENAMEL Were Used Exclusively in This Magnificent Hotel, the Vancouver, Vancouver, B.C.**



**BRITISH AMERICA PAINT CO.**

VICTORIA LIMITED VANCOUVER CALGARY EDMONTON

## 42 YEARS IN THE SOAP MAKING BUSINESS IN VICTORIA

W. J. Pendray & Sons, Limited, pioneer Soap manufacturers of the Coast are to-day fully abreast of the times. There has never been a stagnant year in the history of the Company, because each year has marked some achievement that has bettered the quality or added to the range of its products.

**Listen:**

**DIRT IS RELEASED BY EITHER:**

The action of Caustic Soda (or Lye) in ordinary soap and hard rubbing, all of which is very hard on the clothes and exceptionally so on the hands.

**Or—**

The solvent (or detergent) properties of Naptha. The latter is an excellent emollient that loosens the dirt without injuring the fabric, and is rather soothing to the skin. White Swan Naptha Soap is a perfectly balanced soap—that is, the different ingredients are so proportioned that they react in such manner as to give ideal results in the laundry.

**White Swan 5c Naptha Soap**

**No Hot Water—Either Cold or Just Comfortably Warm to the Hands**



**CUT A PART OF THE HIGH COST OF LIVING BY DOING YOUR LAUNDRY WORK AT HOME WITH THE AID OF WHITE SWAN NAPTHA SOAP. NO HEAT IS REQUIRED AND THE HOUSE IS KEPT COOL**

**1875—**

**THE BIRTH OF PENDRAY'S LAUNDRY SOAP**  
And a very good Soap, too, in its day.

**1916-17—**

**THE BIRTH OF WHITE SWAN NAPTHA SOAP**

The culmination of 42 years' experience. The ultimate good in Soap making to-day.

**White Swan Naptha Soap Is a Cold Water Soap**

Doesn't that mean a wonderful relief from the burden of the housewife bending over a steaming tub in the sweltering heat from a hot fire?

With White Swan Naptha Soap you need cold water only, or if you prefer, have it lukewarm. Saves not only back-breaking labor but fuel as well.

**W. J. Pendray & Sons**

LIMITED VICTORIA VANCOUVER CALGARY