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## INDEX



|  |  |  | 108 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Engines, Gasoline . . . . . . . 163 |  | Hibiscus . . . . . . . . . 92, 108 |
| Corn, Kaffir . . . . 49, 54, 132 | English Blue Grass . . . . . 57 | Geranium (See Pelargon- | Hoes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 146 |
| Corn, Pop. . . . . . . . . 35, 49 | Eragrostis. . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | ium . . . . . . . . . . .95, 104 | Hoes, Horse . . . . . . . . . . 146 |
| Corn Salad... . . . . . . . 34 | Erianthus.... . . . . . . . . . 90 | Gerardia . . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Hoes, Scuffle. . . . . . . . . 146 |
| Cosmos . . . . . . . . . . . . 75 | Eremurus. . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Gerbera . . . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Hoes, Stable. . . . . . . . . 146 |
| Cowslips (see Primula) . . 97 | Erigeron. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Geum . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Hoes, Wheel...... . 147, 148 |
| Cow's Relief . . . . . . . . 132 E | Eryngium . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Gilia . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Holders, Bouquet. . . . . 119 |
| Creosote . . . . . . . . . . . 124 | Erysimum . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Gilly Flower (see Stocks) | Hollyhocks. . .... .77, 92, 104 |
| Cress . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 36 | Escarolle. . . . . . . . . . . . . 38 | . . . . . . . . . . . . 20. 98, 99 | Honesty (see Lunaria)... 93 |
| Crested Dogstail ....... 57 | Eschscholtzia . . . . . . . . . 77 | Gladioli . . . . . . . . . . 16, 101 | Honey, Locust........48, 112 |
| Cucumber . . . . . . . . . . . . 37 | Eucalyptus.. . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Glaucium. . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Honeysuckle. . . . . . . . . . 109 |
| Cucumis. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 89 | Eucharidium. . . . . . . . . . 90 | Glazier's Points. . . . . . . 121 | Hooks, Manure. . . . . . . 146 |
| Cucurbit | Eulalia . . . . . . . . . . . 90, 108 | Globe Amaranth (see | Hooks, Potato . . . . . . . . 146 |
| Cultivators, Garden ... 146 | Euonymus. . . . . . . 109, 110 | Gomphrena)......... . 91 | Hop Vine . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 109 |
| Cuphea. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 89 | Eupatorium . . . . . . . . . 90 | Gloxinia . . . . . . . . . 91, 101 | Hordeum . . . . . . . . . . . . 92 |
| Currants...... $48,110,114$ | Euphorbia. . . . . . . . .90, 108 | Gloves, Garden. . . . . . . 122 | Horn Poppies (see Glau- |
| Cuttle, Fish............ 49 | Eutoca. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Godetia . . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | cium).... . . . . . . . . 91 |
| Cyclamen. . . . . . . . . . 15, 89 | Evening Primrose (see | Golden Bell (see Forsy- | Horse Radish Sets. . . . . 49 |
| Cyperus ... . . . . . . . . . 89 | Oenothera).... . 95, 108 | thia).... . . . . . . . . . 110 | Hose, Cotton . . . . . . . . 139 |
| Cypress Vine(see Ipomæa) 92 | Evergreens . . . . . . 110, 111 | Golden Feather | Hose Mender . . . . . . . . . . 139 |
| Dahlia ........ 75 75, 89, 103 | Exocordia............ 110 | Pyrethrum). ${ }^{\text {a }} 7$ 104,108 | Hose Pipes or Nozzles. . 140 |
| Daisy, Michaelmas (see | FalseIndigo(seeBaptisia) . 87 | Goldenrod, Solidago...... 98 | Hose, Rubber. . . . . . . . . 139 |
| Aster Perennis) . . . . . . 86 | Farmogerm . . . . . . . . . 130 | Golden Roll of Honor. 10,11 | Hover, Universal. . . . . . 134 |
| Daisy (see Bellis) 77, 87,89 , | Feather Grass | Golf Grasses. . . . . . . . . . 61 | Hot Bed. . . . . . . . . . . . . 122 |
| $104$ | Stipa)... . . . . . . . . . . . 98 | Gomphrena............ . 91 |  |
| Dalmation Ins | Feeder, Salt. . . . . . . . . 157 | Gooseberries.... . . . 48, 114 | Humulus. . . . . . . . . 92, 109 |
| der, Breck's. . . . . . . . 123 | Fence, Poultry . . . .153, 159 | Gourds (see Cucurbita) . 89 | Hungarian . . . . . . . . . . . . 59 |
| Dandelion...... . . . . . . . . 37 | Fence, Wire . .138, 141, 159 |  | Hunnemannia . . . . . . . . . . 92 |
| Datura.... . . . . . . . . . . 89 | Fenźlia . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Grape Dust . . . . . . . . 124 | Hyacinth Bean (see |
| Day Lily (see Funkia). . 108 | Ferns... . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Grape Vines. . . . . . . . . . 113 | Dolichos).. . . . . . . . . . . 90 |
| Death to Lice. . . . . . . . 132 | Fertilizers . . . . . . . . 126-130 | Grasses, Agricultural... 55-60 | Hydrangea. . . . . . . . . . . . 110 |
| Delphinium. . . . . . . 78, 107 | Feverfew (see Pyreth- | Grasses, Golf Mixtures . . . 61 | Hypericum. . . . . . . . . . . 92 |
| Desmodium. . . . . . . . . 110 | rum)..... . . 97, 104, 108 | Grasses, Ornamental . . . . 91 | Iberis(Candytuft) 72, 92, 108 |
| Deutzia.... . . . . . . . . . . . 110 | Fibre, Cocoanut. . . . . . . 130 | Grasses, Prices of . . . .55-60 | Ice Plant (see Mesem- |
| Device, Wa tering. . . . . . 157 | Firs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 110 | Gravel, Bird. . . . . . . . . . 49 | bryanthemum). . . . . . 94 |
| Devil-in-the-Bush (see | Fir Tree Oil.. . . . . . . . . 124 | Grevillea Robusta...... . . 91 | Impatiens (Balsam) .71, 92 |
| Nigella) . . . . . . . . . . . 95 | Fittings, Stable.. . . . . . . 164 | Grindstones. . . . . . . . . . . . 163 | Implements . . . . . . 136-164 |
| Dew Plant (see Mesem- | Flavoring Seeds...... . . . 49 | Grit, Poultry ... . . . . . . . . 132 | In-A-Minute. . . . . . . . . . . 124 |
| bryanthemum) ...... 94 | Flax (see also Linum) . . . 49 | Guards, Flower Bed . . . 141 | Incarvillea . . . . . . . . . . . . 92 |
| Dhoura (see Sorghum) . . 54 | Flower Seeds, General | Guards, Lawn. . . . . . . . 141 | Incu bators... . . . . . . . . 134 |
| Dials, Sun. . . . . . . . . . 143 | List. . . . . . . . . . . . 69-100 | Guards, Tree. . . . . . . . . . 141 | Ink, Indelible. . . . . . . . 117 |
| Dianthus . . . . 76, 104, 107 | Flowering Shrubs. . 109,110 | Guaranty. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5 | Insecticides and Fungi- |
| Dibbles.. . . . . . . . . . . . . 145 | Fly Driver . . . . . . . . 123 | Guns, Dry Powder. . . . 133 | cides...... . . . . . 123-125 |
| Dicentra... . . . . . . . . . 108 | Food, Breck's Chicken . 131 | Gymnocladus......... . . 111 | Insect.Powder, Breck's |
| Dictamnus.. . . . . . . 90, 108 | Food, Mocking Bird.... . 49 | Gynerium.... . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Dalmation. . . . . . . . . 123 |
| Digitalis . . . . . . . . 90, 108 | Food, Parrot. . . . . . . . . . 49 | Gypsophila........ . 91,108 | Inula........ . $\because$. . . . . . . . . 92 |
| Dimorphotheca.. $14,15,90$ | Food Plant . . . . . . . . . . . 130 | Hammocks.. . . . . . . . . . . 155 | Ipomaea. . . . . . . . . . . . 14,92 |
| Dip, Sheep... . . . . . . . 124 | Food, Spratt's.... . . . . . 132 | Hard Fescue. . . . . . . . . . . 58 | Iris . . . . . . . . . . . . . 92 , 108 |
| Disparene.... . . . . . 124, 125 | Forage Seeds. . . . . . . . 50-54 | Hare's Tail(see Lagurus) . 93 | Italian Rye Grass.... . . . 56 |
| Dodecatheon............ . . 90 | Forget-me-not (see | Harness. . . . . . . . . . . . . 160 | Ivy, Japanese (see |
| Dolichos. . . . . . . . . 90, 109 | Myosotis).94, 95, 104,108 | Harness Preparations.. 157 | Ampelopsis). . . . . 86, 109 |
| Dogwood (see Cornus).. 110 | Forks, Garden.......... 145 | Harrows. . . . . . . . . 153, 154 | Jacks, Wagon........... 163 |
| Dracaena.... . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Forks, Manu | Haw thorn............... 111 | apanese Millet...... . 53,59 |
| Drills, Seed . . . . . . . . . . . 143 | Forks, Spading . . . . . . 146 | Heart's Ease (see Viola | ardinieres, Oak. . . . . . . 118 |
| Dryer, Clothes.... . . . . . 162 | $\text { Forsythia.. ........... } 110$ | Tricolor)... $80,100,104$ | ars, Fruit. . . . . . . . . . . 162 |
| Dusters, Tin......... . . . 126 | Fountains, Poultry. 131,132 | Heater, Clark's Carriage 133 | Job's Tears (see Coix). . 88 |
| Dusty Miller (see Cineraria Maritima)... 73, 104 | Four o'Clock (see Mirabi- <br> lis) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Hedge Plants............ 112 <br> Hedysarum . . . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jacobaea (see Senecio).. } 98 \\ & \text { Tacob's Ladder (see } \end{aligned}$ |
| Dutchman's Pipe (see | Foxglove (see Digitalis) | $\text { Helenium... . . . . . . . } 91,108$ | Polemonium). . . . . . . . 96 |
| Aristolochia).... .86, 109 | 9 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90, 108 | Helianthemum . . . . . . . 91 | Joseph's Coat (see |
| Echinacea ........... 90 | Frame, Hotbed... . . . . 122 | Helianthus ....... 84,108 | Amaranthus)........ . 86 |
| Echinocystis. . . . . . . . . . 90 | Freesia........... . . . . 90 | Helichrysum . . . . . . . . . . 92 | Juniper..... . . . . . . . . . 110 |
| Echinops . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | Freezers, Ice Cream ... 161 | Heliopsis. . . . . . . . . 92, 108 | Kaffir Corn . . . . 49, 54, 132 |
| Eciffo. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 124 | 4 Fruit Trees. . . . . . 112, 113 | Heliotrope (Heliotro- | Kale (Borecole)........ . . 31 |
| Edelweiss . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | 0 Fruit Tree Seeds....... 48 | pium).... . . . . . . .92, 104 | Kalmia. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 110 |
| Eggs, Nest. . . . . . . . . . . 133 | Fuchsia . . . . . . . . . 90, 104 | Helipterum . . . . . . . . . . . . 92 | Kainit. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 127 |
| Egg Plant. . . . . . . . . 37,49 | 9 Fumigators . . . . . . . . . . 124 | Hellebore . . . . . . . . . . . . 124 | Kenilworth Ivy (see |
| Elder. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 110 | Fungiroid. . . . . . . . . . . . 124 | Helle borus.... . . . . . 92, 108 | Linaria). . . . . . . . . . . 93 |
| Eleagnus Longipes. . . . . 110 | Funkia . . . . . . . . . . . 90, 108 | Hemerocallis... . . . . . 108 | Kerosene Emulsion. . . . 124 |
| Eleusine . . . . . . . . . . . . . 90 | 0 Gaillardia. . . . . . . . . . 90, 108 | Hemlock. . . . . . . . . 111, 112 | Killer, Weed. . . . . . . . . 121 |
| Elichrysum (see Heli- | Galega.... . . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Hemp Seed............. 49 | Knives, Asparagus.... . 145 |
| chrysum) ... . . . . . . . 92 | 2 Garget Remedy . . . . . . . . 132 | Herbaceous Plants, 107, 108 | Knives, Budding . . . . . 142 |
| Elm (Ulmus)......48, 111 | 1 Gatherers, Flower . . . . 142 | Herbs ... . . . . . . . . . . . . . 49 | Knives, Pruning. . . . . . . 142 |
| Emulsion, Kerosene. . . 124 |  | Hesperis | Kochia,. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 93 |


|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Kow | Marvel of Peru (see | Nitrate Soda . . . . . . . . . . 127 | Platycodon (see |
| Kudzu Vine. . . . . . . . . . . . . 109 | Mirabilis) . . . . . . . . . 94 | Nozzles, Hose . . . . . . . . . 140 | berg |
| Labels. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 117 | Mastica. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 121 | Nymphaea. . . . . . . . . 5 , 104 | Plows. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 153 |
| Labu | Mathiola. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Oak . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 111 | Plums. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 113 |
| Ladders, Extension. . . . 143 M | Matricaria . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Oats. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50 | Po |
| Lagurus... . . . . . . . . . . 93 | Matrimony Vine.... . . . . 109 | Oenothera . . . . . . . . 95, 108 | Points, Gla |
| Lamps, Street. . . . . . . . 163 | Mats, Hot Bed. . . . . . . . 121 | Oil . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 163 | Polemonium. . . . . . . 96, 108 |
| Lantana. . . . . . . . . . 93, 104 | Maurandya. . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Oil, Lemon..... . . . . . . 124 | Poles, Bean . . . . . . . . 117 |
| Larch. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 111 | Maw Seed. . . . . . . . . . . . . 49 | Oil, Soluble Fir Tree. . . 124 | Poplar (Popu |
| Larkspur (see Delphin- | Meadow Fescue Grass. . . 57 | Ointment,Death to Lice 132 | Poppy (see Papaver) |
| ium)... . . . . . . . . 78, 107 | Meadow Foxtail Grass., . 57 |  | 18 81, 108 |
| Lathyrus (see Sweet Peas) | Meal, Poultry and Swine 132 |  |  |
| 19, 83, 84, 93, 108 | Meal, Calf............... . 131 |  |  |
| Lavatera................ 93 | Melon, Musk . . . . . . . . . . . 40 | Orchard Grass. . . . . . . . . . 56 | Potatoes. . . . . . . . . . . . 26, 44 |
| Lavender (Lavendula) | Melon, Water. . . . . . . . . . . 40 |  | Potentilla. . . . . . . . 96,108 |
|  | Mender, Hose . . . . . . . . . 139 |  | Pots, Flower, Hanging. 118 |
| Lawn Compound . . . . . . 62 | Mesembryanthemum . . . 94 |  | Pots, Water.. . . . . . . . . 143 |
| Lawn Dressing. . . . . . . . 126 | Michaelmas Daisy (see | Oyster Plant (see | Poultry Bone.. . . . . . . . 132 |
| Lawn Grass..... . . . . . . . 62 | Aster, Perennial) . . . . 86 | sify) ... . . . . . . . . . . . 47 | Poultry Supplies . . 131-134 |
| Lawn Mowers . . . . . . . 137 | Mignonette. . . . . . . . . 18, 78 | Oyster Shells. . . . . . . . . 132 | Powder, Condition. . . . 132 |
| Lawn Sprinklers . . 139, 140 | Milk Albumen . . . . . . . . . 132 | Paeonies . . . . . . . . . 95, 105 | Pratt's Foods. . . . . . . . . 132 |
| Lawn Swings. . . . . . . . . 137 | Milking Tubes. . . . . . . . . 164 | Pampas Grass (see Gy- | Press, Fruit. . . . . . . . . . . 161 |
| Lawn Trimmer. . . . . . . . 137 | Milkol . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 133 | um) . . . . . . . . . . 91 | Press, Hay . . . . . . . . . . . . 163 |
| Leek. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 39 | Milla. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 104 | Panicum Crus Galli. . 53, 59 | Press, Meat. . . . . . . . . . . 161 |
| Leg Bands. . . . . . . . . . . . 133 | Millet . . . . . . $49,53,54,59$ | Pans, Seed and Fern. . 118 | Press, Meat Juice. . . . . . 161 |
| Leptosyne. . . . . . . . . . . . . 93 | Mills, Coffee . . . . . . . . . . 160 | Pansy (see Viola) . . 80, 104 | Prices of Agric |
| Lettuce . . . . . . . . $38,39,49$ | Mills, Grinding . . . . . . . . 152 | Papaver. . . . . . . 18, 81, 108 | Grasses and Clover. 55, 60 |
| Liatris. . . . . . . . . . . 93, 108 | Mimosa. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Parcels Post . . . . . . . . . . 136 | rickly Poppy (see Ar- |
| Lice Powder. . . . . . . . . 132 | Mimulus. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Parer, Apple. . . . . . . . . . 160 |  |
| Lilac (see Syringa) . . . . 110 | Mirabilis. . . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Paris Daisy (see Chrys- | Primrose (see Primu- |
| Lilium........ . . . . . . . . 104 | Mixtures for Mowing |  | las)..... 17, 96 |
| Lilies, Water. . . . . . . . . 104 | and Grazing Lands....61 | Paris Green. . . . . . . . . . . 124 | Prince's Feather |
| Lime. . . . . . . 124, 125, 126 | Mixtures for Perma- | Paris Green and | Amaranthus). . . . . . . 86 |
| Limnanthus. . . . . . . . . 93 | nent Pastures . . . . . . . 60 | giroid. . . . . . . . . . . . . 123 | Privet... . . . . . . . . . . . 112 |
| Linaria................ . 93 | Molucella. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Parsley... . . . . . . . . . . . . 42 | Protecting Cloth. . . . . . 121 |
| Linden (Tilia). . . . . . . . 111 | Momordica. . . . . . . . . . . 94 |  | Protectors, Plant. . . . . 121 |
| Lines, Garden. . . . . . . . 145 | Monarda....... . . . . 94, 108 | Passion | Pruners..... . . . . . . . . . . . . 144 |
| Linum. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 93 | Monkey Flower |  | Prunus. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 111 |
| Lobelia.... . . . .93, 104, 108 | Mimulus). . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Peaches...... . . . . . . . . 48, 113 | Pueraria.... . . . . . . 97 , 109 |
| Locust, Honey. . . . 48, 112 | Monk's Hood | Pears . . . . . . . . . . . . 48, 113 | Puff, Powder. . . . . . . . . 126 |
| London Purple. . . . . . . 124 | Aconitum) | Peas. . . . . . . . 25, 43, 44, 54 | Pumpkin. . . . . . . . . . . . 42 |
| Lonicera | Montbretia.............. . . 104 | Peas, Southern Cow.. . . . 53 | Puller, Dandelion ....... 141 |
| Lophospermum......... 93 | Moo | Peas, Sweet. . 19, 83, 84, 93 | Pullers, Stump . . . . . . . 153 |
| Lotus............. . ..... 93 |  | Pelargonium . . . . . . .95, 104 | Pumps, Gasolene . . . . . 152 |
| Love-in-a-Mist (see Nigella) | Morning Glory (see Convolvulus). | Pencils, Gardeners'..... 121 | Pumps, House. . . . . 151, 157 |
| gella) ve-Lies-Bleeding (see | volvulus). . . . . . . . . . . 75 | Pennisetum . . . . . . . . . . . 95 | Pumps, Spray |
| Amaranthus).. . . . . . . . 86 | Moss, Sphagnum......... 122 <br> Mountain Laurel (see | Pentstemon . . . . . . . . 95, 108 <br> Pepper . . . . . . . . . . . . . 44 , 49 |  |
| Lunaria.................... . . . 93 | Kalmia). . . . . . . . . . . 110 | Perennial Rye Grass. . . . 58 | Putty Bulb.............. 121 |
| Lupinus. . . . . . . 54, 93, 108 | Mourning. B | Perilla..... . . . . . . . . . . 95 |  |
| Lychnis..........94, 108 | Scabiosa). . . . . . . 98, 108 | Periwinkle (see Vinca) | Pyrus (Japan Quince) 110, 112 |
| Lycium Barbatum. . . . . 109 | Mowers, Horse . . . . . . . 135 | .................... .100, 104 | Pyrethrum.18, 97, 104, 108 |
| Lysimachia . . . . . . . . . . 94 | Mowers, Lawn..... 136, 137 | Permanent Mowing | Quaking Grass (see Briza) |
| Lythrum..... . . . . . 94, 108 | Mower, Nestor. . . . . . . . . 139 | Mixtures.... . . . . . . . 61 | Quince, Japan. . . . . .110, 112 |
| Machine, Sheep Shearing 159 | Mulberries. . . . . . . . . . . . 111 | Permanent Pasture Mix- | Quinces . . . . . . . . . . 48, 113 |
| Madeira Vine.. . . . . . . . 104 | Mushroom Spawn... . . . . 39 | tures. . . . . . . . . . . . 59,60 | Radish. . . . . . . . . . . 26,45 |
| Magnolia. | Musk (see Mimulus) . . . 94 | Petunia . . . . . . . 18, 82, 104 | Ragged Robin (see |
| Mahonia.. . . . . . . . . . . . 110 | Mustard. . . . . . . . . . . . . 41 | Phacelia | Lychnis) . . . . . . . . . . . 94 |
| Maker, Bread.......... . 160 | Myosotis . . 94, 95, 104, 108 | Phaseolus. . . . . . . . . . . . 96 | Rakes . . . . . . . . . . . . . 146 |
| Malcomia. | Myrsiphyllum. . . . . . . . . 95 | Pheasant's Eye | Rakes, Lawn. . . . . . . . . . 137 |
| Mallow (Malv | Myrtle. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 104 |  | Ranunculus. . . . . . . 97, 108 |
| Malope.. | Nasturtium (see Trop- | Philadelphus | Rape . . . . . . . . . . . . . 49, 53 |
| Mangel Wurzel. | aeolum). . . . . . . .79, 104 | Orange) . . . . . . . . . 110 | Raspberries....... . 48, 114 |
| Manure, Market Garden | Nemesia . . . . . . . . . . .18, 95 | Phlox.. . . . 96, 104, 105, 108 | Real Estate Agency, 2 cover. |
|  | Nemophila | Phormium . . . . . . . . . . . 96 | Red Fescue... . . . . . . . . 58 |
| Manure, Sheep. . . . . . . . 127 | Nests, Wire Hen's. . . . . 133 | Physalis Franchetti. . . . . 96 | Red Top |
| Manures, Special Com- | Netting, Poultry . . . . . . 159 | Physostegia. . . . . . . 96, 108 | Red Hot Poker Plant |
| plete..... . . 128, 129, 130 | New Zealand Pampas | Pills, Roup..... . . . . . . 132 | (see Tritoma). . . . 99, 108 |
| Mapes' Manures. . . . . . 128 | Grass (see Arunda) . . 86 | Pines. . . . . . . . . . 48 4, 111 | Reels, Garden Line . . . 145 |
| Maple (Acer) . . . . . . 48, 111 | Nico-Fume. . . . . . . . . . 124 | Pink (see Dianthus) 76, 104 | Reels, Hose... 139, 140, 143 |
| Marguerite (see Chry- | Nicotiana. . . . . . . . . 95, 104 | Pinks (see Carnations). 104 | Reseda . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 18 |
| santhemum) . . . . 7 74, 88 | Nicoticide. . . . . . . . . . . . 124 | Planter, Potato..... . . . 154 | Retinospo |
| Marigold (see Tagetes) | Nierem | R | Rhodanthe............. . 97 |
|  | Nigella |  | Rhode Isla |


|  |  |  | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rhubarb . . . . . . . . . . 45, 49 | Shrub Seeds. . . . . . . . . . . 48 | Su | Uniola.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . 99 |
| Rhus. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 110 |  | Suppo | Ulmus. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 111 |
| Rice, Unhulled. . . . . . . . 49 | Sieves, Wire.... . . . . . . . 122 | Swainsonia............ | Utensils, Housekeepers. 160 |
| Rice, Wild. . . . . . . . . . . 50 | Silene . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 98 | Swan River Daisy (see | Valeriana. . . . . . . . . . . . . 99 |
| Ricinus . . . . . . . . . 97,104 | Silkaline. . . . . . . . . . . . . 122 | Brachycome) ....... | Vanes, Weather. . . . . . . . 164 |
| Rings, Bull. . . . . . . . . . . 164 Rods, Label 117 | Silphium . . . . . . . . . . . . 108 | Sweet Alyssum (see | $\text { Vaporite. . . . . . . . . . . . . } 124$ |
| Rods, Label . . . . . . . . . . 117 Roffea. . . . . . . . . . . 122 | Slag, Basic. .............. 127 <br> Slug Shot. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 125 | Alyssum).66, $86,104,107$ Sweet Clover(Trifolium) . 99 | Various Leaved Fescue. . . 59 |
| Roffea. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 155 | Small Fruits............ . 113 | Sweet Peas (see Lathy- | Vases, Rustic, Florists' |
| Rollers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 137 | Smilax (see Myrsiphyl- | rus) $\ldots \ldots \ldots 19,83,84,93$ | and Iron....... 119, 120 |
| Rollers, Garden and | $\text { lum)................. } 95$ | Sweet Potato Plants. . . . 49 | Vegetable Plants and |
|  | Smoke-Tree (see Rhus). 110 | Sweet Rocket (see Hes- | Roots. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 49 |
| Rollers, Water Ballast.. 137 | Snake Cucumber (see . | peris). | Vegetable Seeds, Gen- |
| Rosa multiflora nana . . . 97 | Cucumis flexuosus)... 89 | Sweet Sultan (Centau- |  |
| Rose Campion (see Agrostemma) . . . . . . . . . . . . 85 | Snapdragon (see Antirrhinum). . . . . . . 14, 67 | rea). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 73 <br> Sweet Vernal Grass. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Venus' Looking-Glass } \\ & \text { (see Campanula). ..... } 71 \end{aligned}$ |
| Roses . . . . . . . . . . 106, 107 | Snowball (Viburnum). . 110 | Sweet William (see | Verbena . . . . . . . . . 99, 104 |
| Rose of Heaven (see | Snow-on-the-Mountain | Dianthus).. ..... 76. 107 | Veronica . . . . . . . . . 100, 108 |
| Agrostemma) . . . . . . . 85 | (see Euphorbia)..90, 108 | Swiss Chard | Vetches.... . . . . . . 52, 53, 54 |
| Rose of Sharon (see | Soap, Spray........... 125 | Syringa . . . . . . . . 110, 111 | Viburnum. . . . . . . . . . . . . 110 |
| Althaea)... ...... . 109 | Soap, Sulpho-Tobacco. 125 | Syringes, Brass. . . . . . 143 | Victor Fly Driver. . . . . . 123 |
| Rough Stalked Meadow.. 57 | Soap, Fish Oil . . . . . . . . . 125 | Tables of Grass Mix- | Vinca. . . . . . . . . . . 100, 104 |
| Roup Pills. . . . . . . . . 97.108 | Soiling Crops . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 54 | Tables, Valuable... . . . . . . . 63 | Viola... . . . . . . 80, 100, 104 |
| Rustic Work.......... 120 | Solanum.. . . . . . . . . . . . . 98 | Tagetes (Marigold) . . 18,104 | Virgin's Bower (see |
| Rve............... . . 50, 54 | Song Restorer. . . . . . . . . . 49 | Tall Fescue Grass....... 57 | Clematis).............. . . 88 |
| Sailormen, Nantucket . . 143 | Soot, Scotch.. . . . . . . . . . 127 | Tall Meadow Oat Grass. . 58 | Virginia Creeper (Am- |
| Salpiglossi s. . . . . . . . . . . 82 | Sorghum | Tankage, Ground. . . . . 127 | pelopsis). . . . . . . . 86, 109 |
| Salsify..... . . . . . . . . . . 47 | Sowers, Fertilizer . . . . . . 146 | Tanglefoot, Tree...... . 125 | Virginian Stock (see |
| Salvia ......... . . . .97, 104 | Sowers, Broadcast. . . . . 143 | Tape, Electric........ . . 122 | Malcomia). . . . . . . . . . . 94 |
| Sanvitalia..... . . . . . . . . 98 | Spades . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 146 | Tares (Vetches)...52, 53, 54 | Viscaria . . . . . . . . . .18, 100 |
| Saponaria.... . . . . . . . . 98 | Speedwell(see Veronica) 100 | Tarragon. | Vise Combination . . . . 159 |
| Sash, Hot Bed......... 122 | Sphagnum. . . . . . . . . . . 122 | Tassel Flower (see | Wagons . . . . . . . . . . . . 160 |
| Saucers, Flower Pot | Spinach . . . . . . . . . . . . . 46 | Cacalia) : . . . . . . . . 87 | Wahlenbergia . . . . . . . . 100 |
| , 119 | Spiraea ..... . . . . . 108, 110 | Thistle, Fishbone (see | Wallfower. . . . . . . . . . . 100 |
| Saws, Pruning. . . . . . . 144 | Spoons, Post. . . . . .... 146 | Chamaepeuce)...... . . 88 | Washer, Clothes. . . . . . . 162 |
| Scabiosa . . . . . . . . 98, 108 | Sprayers. . . . . 133, 149-151 | Thrift (see Armeria) . . . . 86 | Water Barrel Truck. . . . 138 |
| Scale Destroyer . . .124, 125 | Spraying Calendar. . . . 1115 | Thunbergia . . . . . . . . . . 99 | Water Lily..... . . . . . . . . 104 |
| Scales, Family.... . . . . 160 | Sprinklers, Lawn . . . . . . 140 | Tigridia.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 104 | Wax, Grafting. . . . . . . . . . 122 |
| Scales, Platform. . . . . . . . 146 Schizanthus. . . . . 20.98 | Sprinklers, Plant. . . . . . 122 | Timothy. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 55 | Wax, Grafting. . . . . . . . . . 122 <br> Weaner, Calf. . . . . . . . . . 164 |
| Schizanthus. . . . . . . . . 20,98 Schizopetalon . . . . . 98 | Spruce . . . . . . . . 48, 111, 112 <br> Spurrey. | Tinfoil. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 122 Tithonia. | Weeders, Hand . . . . 14.14 .154 |
| Scissors, Florists . . . . . . 142 | Squash.... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 46 | Tobacco. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 47 | Weeder. Lawn. . . . . . . . 154 |
| Scissors, Pruning. . . . . . 142 | Squirrel-Tail Grass | Tobacco Dust. . . . . . . . . 125 | Weed Killer. . . . . . . . . . 121 |
| Scissors, Vine. . . . . . . . 142 | (see Hordeum) . . . . . . 92 | Tobacco Stems. . . . . . . 124 | Weigelia. . . . . . . . . . . . . 110 |
| Scrapers, Tree . . . . . . . . . 143 | Stachys.... . . . . . . . . . . 98 | Tomato . . . . . . . . 26, 47, 49 | Wheat. . . . . . . . . . . . . 50, 52 |
| Scraps, Fish . .......... 132 | Stakes, Label..... . . . . . 117 | Tools, Pruning. . . . . . . 144 | Wheelbarrows. . . . . . . . 156 |
| Scraps, Ground Beef... 132 | Stakes, Plant..... . . . . . 117 | Torenia. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 99 | White Fringe (see |
| Scythes. . . . . . . . . . . . . 141 | Stanchions . . . . . . . . . . . 157 | Tree Guards..... . . . . . . 141 | Chionanthus) . . . . . . 110 |
| Scythe, Lawn.... . . . . 141 | Stands, Plant and Rus- | Tree Seeds... . . . . . . . . . 48 | Whitlavia.... . . . . . . . . . 100 |
| Sea Mat Grass . . . . . . . 58 | tic. . . . . . . . . . . .119, 120 | Trellises. 116, 117, 119, 141 | Wigandia.... . . . . . . . . 100 |
| Sea Lime Grass . . . . . . . 58 | Statice.... . . . . . . . . . . . 98 | Trifolium (Sweet Clov- | Wild Cucumber ....... 90 |
| Sedum............. . 98, 108 | Stevia..... . . . . . . . . . . 98 | er). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 99 | Wild Flower Garden... . 100 |
| Seeder, Grass. . . . . . . . 156 | Sticks, Plant.... . . . . . . 117 | Trimmer, Lawn . . . . . . . 137 | Wild Rice............. . . 50 |
| Seed Pans............. 118 | Stipa... . . . . . . . . . . . . . 98 | Tritoma. . . . . . . . . . .99, 108 | Willow (Salix)... . . . . . 111 |
| Senecio................ 98 | Stocks. . . . . . 20, 98, 99, 104 | Tritonia. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 99 | Wind Flower (see An- |
| Sensitive Plant (see | Stokesia. . . . . . . . . 99, 108 | Trollius... . . . . . . . . . . . . . 99 | emone).... . . . . . . . . . 86 |
| Mimosa) | Stonecrop (see Sedum). | Tropaeolum. . . . . . . 79 , 104 | Wire, Bouquet......... 122 |
| Separator, Cream . .... 158 | . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 98, 98, 108 | Trowels . . . . . . . . . . . . . 145 | Wire Fence.......... . 159 |
| Settees . . . . . . . . . . 120 , 155 | Strawberries... . . . . 48, 114 | Trucks, Plant. . . . . . . . . 119 | Wistaria............. . 109 |
| Shade Trees....... . . . 11 | Strawberry Tree (see | Truck, Water Barrel. . . 138 | Wood Meadow Grass.... 59 |
| Shakers, Powder..... . . 126 | Calycanthus) . . . . . . 110 | Trumpet Flower (see | Worker, Butter....... . 158 |
| Shamrock .............. 99 | Stretchers, Wire. . . . . . . 159 | Datura) ............ 89 | Wringer, Clothes..... . . 162 |
| Shears, Grass . . . . . . . . 141 | Sugar Cane..... . . . . . . . . 54 | Trumpet Vine (see | Xeranthemum......... . 100 |
| Shears, Hedge . . . . . . . . 141 | Sulphate Ammonia.... . 127 | Bignonia). .....87, 109 | Yarrow (see Achillea) . . 85 |
| Shears, Pruning..... . . . 144 | Sulphate Copper. . . . . . . 125 | Tuberoses.... . . . . . . . 104 | Yellow Oat Grass...... 58 |
| Sheep's Fescue. . . . . . . . 57 | Sulphate Potash.... . . . 127 | Tubes, Milking. . . . . . . 164 | Yucca Filamentosa.100,108 |
| Shelf, Wire Window.. . . 120 | Sulpho-Naphthol . . . . . . 133 | Tubs, Plant ..... . . . . . . 11 |  |
| Shell Flower (see | Sulphur, Flowers of. . . . 125 | Tulip Tree | Zinc Labels. . . . . . . . . . . 117 |
| Molucella). . . . . . . . . .94 | Sunflowers (see Heli- | Tunica Saxafraga. . . . . . . 99 | Zinnia . . . . . . . . . $20,0,84,104$ |
| Shells, Ground Oyster.. 132 | anthus) . . . . . 49, 84,10 | Turnip. | Zucca...... . . . . . . . . . . 26 |

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Mr. J. L. Greenwood, North Abington, Mass... 44
Mr Jacob W. Berry, Andover, Mass...... . .... 40
Mr. S. T. Spear, North Scituate, Mass......... 40
Mr. Charles Sherwin, Ayer, Mass............... . . 40
Mr. C. D. Hill, Randolph, Mass . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
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Mr. R. M. Bailey, Dedham, Mass............. . . . 40
Mr. G. F. Sumner, Canton Jct., Mass. . . . . . . . . . . 56
Mr. S. A. Smith, Brownville, Me................. . . 43
Mr. A. A. Howes, Belfast, Me................... . . . 40
Mr. M. Little, Hanover, Mass.................. . . . 42
Mr. J. M. Arnold, Braintree, Mass............... . . 45
Mr. W. P. Dickey, Bangor, Me.................. 50
Mr. Joseph Dyer, South Weymouth............ . . 50
Rev. C. S. Locke, Westwood..... . . . . . . . . . . . 53
Mr. Thomas H. Lyndon, Malden................ . 42
Mr. H. Y. Mitchell, South Easton. . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
Mr. Arthur Trainer, Needham Heights......... 50
Mr. J. A. Vaughan, Carver. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
Mr. Geo. Cruikshanks, Chelsea....... . . . . . . . . . . 45
Mr. S. A. Mathes, Somerville. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
Mr. John Chaloner, Digby, N. S.................. 54
Mr. Thomas H. Lord, Ipswich................... . . 60
Mr. J. W. Parmenter, W ayland. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
Mr. Lemuel H. Southworth, West Stoughton. . 48
Mr. Charles Porter Wright, Dorchester. ........ 59
Mr. W. C. Spaulding, Caribou, Me.............. . . 40
Mr. Wm. E. Potter, Plympton. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
Mr. Alvan L. Lovejoy, Boston . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 45
Mr. Asa T. Newcomb, Easton $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Father } \\ \text { Mr }\end{array}\right.$. 68
Mr. T. L. Newcomb, Dorchester $\{$ and son $\}$
68
Col. W. R. A. Sillowaye, Searsdale, N. Y...... 70
Mr. Mark Carney, Dedham..................... . . 40
Mr. L. W. Gilman, Everett. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
Mr.George W. Billings, Roxbury. . . . . . . . . . . . 60
Mr. Jacob W. Glynn, South Boston. . . . . . . . . . 60
Mr. William E. Davis, Redwood City, Cal.... 40Years

Major John J. Coffey, Dorchester. ............... . . 5 I
Mr. Moses Underwood, W altham................ 41
Mr. Ira E. White, Melrose Highlands.......... 60
Dr. Edward M. Skinner, Newton Centre. ....... 40
Mr. B. L. Alley, Danvers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
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Mr. Thomas Brassel, South Weymouth........ 45
Mr. E. H. Stoddard, E. Brookfield.... . . . . . . . . . 40
Mr. John Chisholm, Round Lake, N. Y........ 40
Mr. J. M. Conant, Maynard .................... 40
Mr. John D. Flagg, Roxbury.................... . . . 65
Mr. Samuel A. Thompson, Weymouth Heights. 55
Mr. James Webb, Cotuit.......................... 45
Mr. Patrick Daly, Holbrook................... . . . 40
Mr. Samuel Tufts, Woburn....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60
Major Stephen Cabot, Andover, Me............. . . 52
Mr. H. A. Turner, Norwell. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
Mr. E. S. Tappan, Newburyport................ 50
Mr. H. A. Ball, Newton . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 45
Mr. I. D. Edgerly, Newmarket, N. H.. . . . . . . . . 40
Mr. N. E. Proctor, Wenham..................... . 30
Mr. Abijah Thompson, Winchester.............. 55
Mr. Dudley Bradstreet, Topsfield................. 52
Mr. Warren Johnson, Winchester............... . . 50
Mr. F. B. Pratt, Weymouth...................... . . . 50
Mr. Michael Fallon, Roxbury . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 49
Mr. J. V. Jackman, Marlboro. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 52
Mr. Joseph H. French, Hingham Centre....... 45
Mr. Horace Eaton, Cambridge................ . . 42
Mr. N. Tarr, Ashmont. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
Mr. George W. Jameson, East Lexington..... . 40
Mr. J. Franklin Fuller, Boston. ................... . 36
Mr. A. J. Chase, Sebec Station, Me. . .......... . . . 70
Mr. J. O. Crooker, Norway, Me............ . . . . 40
Mr. Charles D. Hutchinson, Pepperell, Mass. . $5^{\circ}$
Mr. Ira B. Gardner, Patten, Me. ............ . . 40
Mr. W. W. Blossom, Hudson, Mass. . . . . . . . . . 4 I
Mr. M. R. Newcomb, Damariscotta Mills, Me. . 54

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This Celosia is the result of many years of careful selection, and as the name implies is of perfect form. Is a beautiful crimson with a little tinge of orange, is very pleasing and easily grown and is very effective either in the garden or in pots for Winter blooming. Its height is about 2 feet. If sown in April will bloom all season until frost. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 649. Celosia Pyramidalis, Golden Yellow.

After long and careful selection we are now able to offer to our customers this new variety. It has a dwarf and compact habit, breaking naturally to its pyramidal form, which makes it very effective for either bedding purposes or pot culture, and is a mass of beautiful golden yellow from midsummer until frost. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 178. Antirrhinum Maximum, Purple King,

An attractive novelty, the first of a Giant class. It has immense deep purple flowers, characteristically strong and rugged in growth, of great decorative value and should be grown extensively. A wonderful improvement on the Grandiflora type. Pkt. 25 cts .


Breck's Celosia, Crimson Plume.

## 190. Antirrhinum Intermediate, Salmon Queen.

This new variety is a beautiful salmony-rose color of the semi-dwarf strain and one of the best offered this. season. We are fully satisfied that it will give satisfaction to any of our customers who may grow it. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 1581. Gardinal Climber (Ipomea Hybrida),

Considered the most beautiful and distinct type of annual climber introduced in many years. It is the result of a cross between Ipomea Quamoclit and Ipomea Coccinea. Strong and rapid grower, attaining the height of 30 feet or more with attractive foliage covered with a blaze of bright cardinal red flowers from July till frost, which are $11 / 2$ inches in diameter, borne in clusters of 7 or 8 . It delights in a warm sunny location and good soil. Sow seed indoors in April and transplant outdoors when danger of frost is past, or sow seed outdoors about May ${ }^{1} 5$ th where plants are wanted to bloom. Pkt. 25 cts.


## 1103. <br> Dimorphotheca

## Aurantiaca.

A rare and exceedingly rich flowering annual of very easy culture. The plants of neat, branching habit, grow from about 12 to 15 inches high and produce Marguerite-like blossoms 3 inches in diameter, of a wonderful dark gold orange color which is rendered more conspicuous by the dark-colored disc in the centre. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 486. Begonia Gracilis Bonfire。

A vigorous growing new bedding Begonia about 12 to 15 inches high with flowers of brilliant carmine scarlet showing prominent yellow stamens. Foliage, satiny brownish red, making a very attractive plant, Pkt. 50 cts.


Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum Secundum.

## 967. Gyclamen Persicum. Giganteum Lemania.

The Lemania Cyclamen will certainly rank as the most remarkable novelty of 1913, and cannot be compared with any other variety now in existence. It produces erect growing flat flowers on good sturdy stems, the petals, which are mostly waved and fringed, lending the flowers an elegant appearance; color is mostly white with dark eye, but clear red and many other colors may also be found, and apart from the variation in flowers, grows quite normal and forms a luxurious growth to set off the flowers. Pkt. 50 cts.

## 783. Gineraria Hybrida Matador,

Into the rich display of colors which Cineraria possesses, this variety Matador has brought quite a new coloration by its unrivalled splendour of brilliant scarlet shades, hitherto unknown in Cineraria. Its brilliant color enriches the display of colors by a shade so valuable at the time of the year when these plants flower. Pkt. 50 cts .

## 1253. Gaillardia Lorenziana, "The Bride""

The annual Gaillardias have always been very popular. "The Bride" will be a valuable acquisition. The flower is white, very double, and is borne on a very long stalk, making it an ideal plant either for bedding or for cut flowers. Pkt. 25 cts.

I 104.

## Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca Hybrids.

These new and selected Hybrids are like the parent Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca in habit and growth, only they vary in color from pure white to reddish and bluishwhite tints, sulphur and golden-yellow shades, salmon and rose shades, and many other pleasing and remarkable shadings are frequent, and enhance the beauty of these new Hybrids. We strongly recommend this novelty, for we cannot have too many flowers that are easily raised from seed. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 1108. Dimorphotheca Sinuatar

Equally useful and of the same easy culture as the Dimorphotheca Aurantiaca. This new variety distinguishes itself by the pretty color of its flowers, which are a clear satiny buff set with a bluish disk; when fully opened, the reverse of the Fetal is a purplish red. This rare coloring is distinct and new, the foliage is light green, obtuse, sinuaty, a novelty of great merit. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 782. Ghrysanthemum Leucanthemum Secundum. June Marguerite.

This large flowering hardy Marguerite succeeds in bloom the Marguerite which blossoms in May and June; it is therefore second in time of flowering. It grows to a height of three feet and produces large, long-stemmed flowers, with loose ray florets, it is highly recommended for cutting, and is of easy culture. Sow seed in March indoors and transplant when danger of frost is over. Pkt. 25 cts.


Cyclamen Persicum Giganteum Lemania.

## Begonia "Alice Manning,"

A magnificent variety of these well known plants. The flower is pale yellow, and measures three inches in diameter. On the same plant are both single and semi-double blooms. It is very free flowering.

Its lovely foliage is not its least attraction; it is velvety, and of a delicate pea-green color edged with crimson.

The flowers are drooping in habit, excellent for hanging baskets, window boxes and conservatories.

Start the bulbs in shallow boxes or pans, from the middle of April until the end of May in a temperature not less than fifty-five to sixty-five degrees. Keep the soil moderately moist. \$1.00 each; \$10.00 per doz.
BEGONIA DOUBLE FRILLED. In separate colors white, rose, orange, salmon, pink, yellow and dark red. Io cts. each, $\$$ r.oo per doz.
BEGONIA COUNT ZEPPELIN. Intense scarlet, 8 to 10 inches in height, with full double flowers I $1 / 2$ inches across. Blossoms from July until frost. 20 cts . each, $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
BEGONIA LAFAYETTE. Brilliant scarlet, with size and habit same as Count Zeppelin. 20 cts. each, $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
BEGONIA MARMORATA (striped and flaked). Good form and free flowering. Single Flowered, roc. each, $\$ 1.00$ per doz. ; Double Flowered, 15 c. each; \$1.50 per doz.


Begonia, "Alice Manning"

BEGONIA CRISPA FIMBRIATA. Beautifully formed and fimbriated flowers in many different shades. Single, Ioc. each, $\$$ I.00 per doz. ; Double, I 5 c. each, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.

## Breck's Choice Gladiolus.

Gladioli, in all their many magnificent varieties, deserve to be grown in every garden. They are of easy culture, will grow in any garden soil, and are valuable for cut flowers. The following list embraces the newest and handsomest shades of color. Varieties marked with an asterisk (*) are particularly fine for forcing.
*AMERICA. A most charming soft delicate pink, tinted lavender. Large flowers on a strong spike. \$1.00 per doz., $\$ 6.50$ per 100 .
ATTRACTION. Deep rich crimson with beautiful white throat. $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$ per doz., $\$ 6.00$ per 100 .
BARON HULOT (Blue Jay). The best blue variety. Very dark, violet-blue, with well opened flowers. $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 15.00$ per hundred.
*DAWN. A most beautiful shell-pink, slightly penciled in throat. A very fine variety and a great favorite as 2 cut flower. $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 15.00$ per hundred.
EUGENE SCRIBE. Soft tender rose, blazed with carmine red. $\$ \mathrm{r} .00$ per doz., $\$ 6.00$ per 100 .
*JEAN DIEULAFOY. One of the most pleasing of the light varieties. Soft cream color, with carmine blotch. $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 15.00$ per hundred.
MRS. FRANCIS KING (The Original). A most beautiful flame pink. Immense flowers on a spike growing 4 feet high, with from 18 to 20 flowers, 6 to 8 open at one time. A magnificent variety. $\$ 1.00$ per doz., $\$ 6.00$ per 100.
PEACE. This is the best white variety ever offered, most striking and attractive; has an erect vigorous habit which is rare in light colors. Peace is rather a late bloomer and if planted at the same time as most sorts will be in best condition when other kinds are done flowering. $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 15.00$ per 100 .
PRINCESS SANDERSONI. The finest white variety, slightly penciled crimson. Beautiful for the home garden and for commercial use. $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 15.00$ per 100.
PRINCEPS. Immense wide open flowers of a bright scarlet, marked with white on the lower portion which intensifies the brilliant coloring. $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 15.00$ per hundred.
SUNRISE. A beautiful clear canary yellow, with no markings. Long spike of dainty flowers all open at one time. Fine for table or house decoration. $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 15.00$ per hundred.
WM. FALCONER. Has a spike of great length and large clear pink flowers. \$1.50 per doz., \$10.00 per 100 .
Postpaid - One each of the foregoing twelve varieties for $\$ 1.50$; two each, $\$ 2.75$; six each, $\$ 7.00$; twelve each, \$13.00.
LEMOINE HYBRIDS. Mixed. 40 cts. doz., $\$ 2.00$ per 100.
BRECK'S HIGH GRADE MIXTURE. A superb collection, giving a wide range of color of wide opened flowers, beautifully marked and including many of the named varieties, Especially selected as to combination and blending of colors, so that they may be used for cut flowers as well as for massing. $\$ 1.00$ per doz., $\$ 5.00$ per 100 .


Primula Fimbriata Giant (Queen Alexandra).
2496. Primula Fimbriata Giant. Oueen Alexandra.
This is the largest Giant White Primula ever raised. It produces blooms $21 / 2$ inches across. Petals are very solid and erect; robust foliage with red stems. Very strongly recommended. Pkt. 50 cts.

## 2493. Primula Fimbriata Giant. Oueen Mary.

This is a variety which will be a decided acquisition to the already fine list of Primula now on the market. Its color is a lovely shade of rose-pink of the finest Giant form. Petals large and of great substance; erect and free flowering. Pkt. 50 cts .

## 2485. Primula Malacoides.

This variety originated in China and resembles P. Forbesii, but is a great deal larger, the flowers measuring three-fourths of an inch across are borne on stems which are graceful and strong. They are a beautiful light lilac in color, and if grown under glass can be flowered in five months from sowing. Pkt. 50 cts .

## 2484. Primula Malacoides Alba.

This new variety, like Malacoides, is of free growth, produces white flowers equally as handsome as the lilac type, and will doubtless achieve a similar share of popular favor. If sown in January or February they will flower in June and July; for Winter blooming sow in July and August. Pkt. 50 cts.

## 2524. Primula Obconica Multiflora Compacta.

It is not necessary to say a great deal for Obconica primroses, as their richness of color and form is increasing from year to year. This variety, Multiflora Compacta, grows compact, and excels with an abundance of flowers, which surpasses any other variety of this type. Its large delicate pink flowers show up to advantage against beautiful foliage, which adds to its charm. Pkt. 50 cts.

## 2525. Primula Obconica Fimbriata Oculata.

The large, regular and profusely fringed flowers of this new Primula are decidedly beautiful and will prove a favorite with all lovers of Primulas. The flowers are quite distinct from other varieties of the Primula family, bearing bright yellowish-brown eye on a lilac-pink ground; the plants grow regularly and bring forth a profusion of well developed blossoms; a splendid market variety, and especially recommended for decoration. Pkt. 50 cts.


Primula Obconica Fimbriata Oculata


Poppy, Shirley "Picotee"

## African Marigold, Sunkurst. (Breck's Perfection Straism.)

Our strain represents many years of careful selection, and is the finest in cultivation. It produces large, globular, double flowers, measuring 4 to 5 inches in diameter, and for habit of growth and purity of color are unsurpassed. When planted in the garden they will make a grand display of glittering yellow, blooming far into the autumn.
2950. Lemon Yellow, pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.
2852. Deep Orange, pkt, Io cts., $1 / 8 \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## 2339. <br> Petunia Hybrida Superbissima "Nana,"

A variety of Petunia growing about 15 inches high, and in a compact form. Flowers large and substantial with wonderful rich and varied colorings and markings. Highly desirable. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 2999. Tithonia Speciosa Vermillion. (Heliantha Speciosa.)

A fine plant for the border or massed effects, flowering continuously for a long period. Flowers Vermillion, about 5 inches in diameter, under petals bright yellow. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 3411. Viscaria, Oculata Azurea.

A very attractive variety of the popular hardy Viscaria plants, grow about 18 inches high and flower continuously during the whole season. Flowers are a clear azure blue $1 \frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter and very suitable for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 2171. Poppy, Shirley "Picotee."

A charming variety of the popular Shirley Poppies. The "Picotee" is a magnificent flower, being very large and particularly showy. It is a beautiful white with well-defined carmine edge. A great favorite for cutting. Pkt. 25 cts.

## 1990. Breck's Colossal Sweet Mignonette,

The finest of all the Giant varieties, The flower spikes are of immense size, very fragrant and rich reddish green in color. Excellent for forcing or outdoor culture. Pkt. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. \$I.50.

## 2081. Nemesia Hybrida "Blue Gem,"

This fine variety of the dwarf and compact form of Nemesia is a real "Gem," both in color and habit of plant. Flowers are a beautiful forget-me not blue. Very effective for beds and borders. Pkt. 25 cts .

## 2173. Virginian Poppy.

This new, large flowering, single poppy of the annual class produces beautiful large white flowers, with soft, pink fringe on the edges, especially fine for cut flowers, as they last well before shedding. Planted in beds, they make a lovely display. Pkt. I 5 cts


Petunia Hybrida Superbissima "Nana"

## New and Standard Varieties SPENGER SWEET PEAS.

1803 King Edward. Rich carmine scarlet, waved, sun-proof .
1819 Lovely. Pink and blush, waved .
1729
Apple Blossom Spencer.
Pkt.
Rose and blush waved

| \$0.IO |
| :---: |
| Oz. |
| \$0. |

1732 Asta Ohn Spencer.
Lavender, tinted mauve, waved . .1o . 35
1734 Black Knight.
Shining deep maroon, waved . . . 10 35
1744 Countess Spencer.
Lovely pale pink, dark edges, waved .Io . 35
1747 Captain of the Blues.
Standard purple, wings blue, waved .io . 35
1748 Colleen.
Standard rosy red, wings white, waved . Io . 35
1749 Constance Oliver.
Delicate pink suffused with cream, waved . Io 35
Elsie Herbert. Large creamy white, pink, picotee edge
.10
Enchantress Spencer. A splendid clear pink, large flower
IO
Etta Dyke Spencer. - A pure white of fine form and substance
IO
Evelyn Hemus Spencer. Buff ground with rosy picotee edge
. IO
Flora Norton Spencer. Bright blue, tinted purple, waved
10
Florence Morse. Light blush pink, waved
. IO
Helen Lewis. Standard orange, wings rosy salmon
. IO

Lovely. Pink and blush, waved . . . . . . . . . . . 10
1823 Marjorie Willis. Glowing rose with a white base
1827 Mrs. Henry Bell. Rich apricot pink, cream ground, waved
1829 Mrs. C. W. Breadmore. Buff ground, rosy picottee edge
1833 Mrs. Chas. Foster. Lavender flushed pale rose, waved
1836 Mrs. Routzahn. Apricot, suffused pink, deepening on edge
1837 Mrs. Hardcastle Sykes. Delicate blush pink, waved
1852 Othello. Rich, deep maroon, waved
1853 Paradise Ivory. Ivory white tinged with buff on standard
1863 Queen Victoria. * ${ }^{\text {Primrose, flushed rose, waved }}$
1883 Suttoris Queen. Beautiful blush white
1895 White Spencer. Pure white, waved
1897 Spencer-Var. Choice Mixed. Splendid varieties of colors

## STANDARD VARIETIES OF UNWIN TYPE SWEET PEAS.

1726 A. J. Cook. Fine violet mauve self of good size . . . . . . . .io
${ }_{1762}$ E. J. Castle. Rich carmine, rose, salmon shading . . . . . . . Io
1772 Frank Dolly. Lovely pale blue standard, waved.
. 25
1826 Mrs. Alfred Watkins. A superb pale pink standard, waved . . . . . 10 . 25
1847 Nora Unwin. Charming pure white and very large

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Large Flowering Winter Stock.
3526.

## Zinnia Elegans Grandiflora, Gardinal

The color is a rich crimson scarlet. The flowers are very large and double, measuring 5 inches across. Pkt. 25 cts.
Breck's Giant Zinnias, Grand Robusta.Pkt.
3612. Sulphur Yellow. ..... $\$ 0.25$
3604. Flesh Color. ..... 25
3600 . Crimson ..... 25
3608. Purple ..... 25
3616. Violet. ..... 25

## Schizanthus Wisetonensis. 2733. Excelsior,

This new variety is described as a mammothflowered strain of Wisetonensis and with markings and colorings found in fancy Pelargoniums. The flowers have white, buff, or rose ground. A grand acquisition, and unsurpassed for pot culture. Pkt. 50 cts.

## Stock Large Flowering Winter. 2866. White Lady.

White Lady is the first of an entirely new strain of Stocks for winter flowering. Its parent is Empress Elizabeth and this variety is in every respect superior to its parent and produces strikingly large and very double snowy white flowers about 20 inches high. It will produce 60 to 65 per cent double flowers and certainly surpasses all other white stocks. Pkt. 25 cts.

## Breck's Imperial Stocks.

This new and very excellent class of ten week Stocks will prove a great favorite, being extremely early, showing unusually large pyramidal flower heads and very double.

|  |  | Pkt. | Oz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2864 | Pure White | \$0.15 | \$5.00 |
| 2863 | Light Blue | . 15 | 5.00 |
| 2862 | Yellow. | . 15 | 5.00 |
| 2865 | Rose. | . 15 | 5.00 |
| 2867 | Dark Blue. | . 15 | 5.00 |
| 2869 | Mixed. | . 15 | 5.00 |



Zinnia Elegans, Cardinal.


## BRECK'S ROUND POD BOUNTIFUL WAX BUSH BEANS.

The most prolific Wax Bean yet introduced. It is exceptionally early, tender, and stringless in all stages of development.

The pods are round and often grow to seven inches in length; in color it is a light golden yellow. This fine flavored bean was introduced by Mr. W. H. E. Smith, of Beverly, after years of expert selection and cultivation.

Our stock this year is very limited, therefore we can offer the seed in $5=0$ ounce packages only. Price 25 cts. each.

## COPENHAGEN MARKET GABBAGE.

The earliest of all ball-shaped cabbage. Introduced in 1910 by a well-known cabbage grower in Denmark; the heads are remarkably solid, small cones, average weight about 10 lbs., although heads of 16 lbs. are quite frequent. Pkt., 10 cts.; ounce, 75 cts.

[^0]
## Breck's "Tewksbury Dwarf Horticultural Bean."

Bright crimson=podded bean, enor= mously productive, will not rust nor spot. The pods are long and inclined to curve.

One of the characteristics of this bean is the growth of shooting tendrils on the vine, which gives it the appearance of a pole bean. Another is the presence, in its dry state, of an occasional yellow= tinted bean in the same pod with the striped beans.

This bean is a great favorite with market gardeners, because it is more prolific than most beans, and commands a higher price in the market.

Pkt. 10 cts.; pt. 25 cts.; qt. 45 cts.

## Grackerjack Wax Bush Beans.

This bean is considered an improvement over Wardwell's Kidney Wax, fully as early as W ardwell's. Beans somewhat larger, rounder and thicker fleshed, and holding shape and color (which is a rich golden yellow, after picking), better than other wax beans. The vines are strong and stocky, holding the beans in large clusters well up off the ground.

For several years Crackerjack Wax has been grown for the market in Connecticut and further west and we recommend that the market gardeners around Boston give it a most thorough trial. Pkt. 15 cts., pt. 25 cts., qt. 40 cts., pk. $\$ 2.50$.

## Brussels Sprouts, Amager Market.

A strain specially recommended for Market Garden use, as it grows about 3 feet high. Stocks large, thick and close pointed; sprouts set very thickly on the stock and develop uniformly. Excellent keeper. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 30 cts.

## Breck's Special Straín of Danish Ball-Head Cabbage.

This famous Denmark variety is absolutely unequalled for its great solidity and fine keeping qualities. The heads are nearly round in shape, very hard and firm, and keep in finest condition when buried through the winter. The seed we offer is imported by us from a leading grower in Denmark. Pkt. Io cts., oz. 35 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I} .25, \mathrm{lb} . \$ 4.00$.


Breck's "Tewksbury Dwarf Horticultural Bean."

## Breck's Market Garden Danvers Half-Long Garrot.

The seed we offer of this popular variety is of superior quality and carefully selected from the choicest stock. The carrot is of a rich dark окаnge color, very smooth and handsome, and from its length is easier to dig than the longer varieties. Pkt. $10 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{oz} .40 \mathrm{cts} ., 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$ 1.50$, I lb. $\$ 5.00$.

## Arlington Grown Groshy's Egyptian Beet.

A very special strain of this well known variety, selected with great care as to shape and color; very desirable for market gardeners owing to its extreme earliness. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 25 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 75 cts., lb. $\$ 2.50$.

## Barker's Strain Edmands Blood Beet.

A superior strain of Edmands Blood Beet, of splendid shape, uniform in size and of a dark red color. Its flesh is of exquisite tenderness and is free from any stringy or woody characteristics. The color is very deep crimson and is ringed or marked in a beautiful manner, making it very at= tractive when sliced for the table. Can be sown as late as July 20 th with good results.

Customers wishing an early and finely flavored beet should include some of this seed in their order. Pkt. 10 cts., oz. 20 cts., $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .60 \mathrm{cts} ., \mathrm{lb} . \$ 2.00$.


Arlington Grown Crosby's Egyptian Beet.


Melon, Breck's Forcing Wonder.
" $0^{3} \quad+$
We believe this to be one of the besc greenhouse melons yet introduced. Fruit is large, with elegant netted yellow skin; flesh pure white, very deep and with excellent flavor. Pkg. 50 cts.

## Breck's Mondamin Corn.

A Yellow Flint Sort. Our stock grown in the immediate vicinity of Boston under expert supervision. Although we have been offering this variety for some seven years, have never been able to get enough seed to supply all our customers during any one season. Mondamin Corn is exceptionally well adapted to New England conditions, from the fact that it will ripen in an average season within 100 days from planting.

This is an eight-rowed variety; kernels large, and the ears (many of them 15 inches long) are filled out to the very tips, as the illustration will show. Corn stalks firm and solid; much larger than the common run of Flint sorts that we find growing upon New England farms. Under average conditions and without a great amount of fertilizer we have seen stalks of Mondamin Corn averaging nine feet in height, standing in the field, the stalks alone fully as valuable to the farmer for fodder or ensilage as a crop of ripened corn. Under good tillage, from 18 to 20 tons per acre of fodder positively has more food value (shown by actual test), than some of the mammoth varieties, producing from 25 to 28 tons of fodder per acre.

It has been demonstrated by able Agriculturalists that the silo is not at its highest state of efficiency unless filled with a highly concentrated food; this we have in Mondamin Corn.

We have secured this year a large stock of exceptionally fine seed, grown under the personal direction of Mr. C. R. Goodhue, Superintendent of Worlds End Farm, Hingham, Mass. Qt. 25 cts.; pk. $\$ 1.25$; bu. $\$ 4.00$; selected ears 10 cts. each.

I planted a two-acre field of "Mondamin Corn" last year, and it was the finest variety that $I$ ever grew; excellent for ensilage. The seed was planted June 2, and matured for ensilage September 20 to 25, the corn maturing in 108 days.
E. WENTWORTH, East Hiram, Maine.

## Brewer's Yellow Dent.

An early dent variety bred in Connecticut, and can be successfully grown for grain in Southern New England. Recommended for Connecticut and Rhode Island; also valuable for fodder and ensilage; ears and stalk larger than either Leaming or Mastadon; seed we offer is Connecticut grown. Qt. 15 cts.; pk. 75 cts.; bu. $\$ 2.75$.

Use Mape's Corn Manure, 400 to 600 lbs. per acre, and get results from your corn field.


## Breck's Mayflower Pea.

An extra early wrinkled variety which we have for the first time been able to get in sufficient quan= tity from originator to enable us to offer our customers a very limited stock. Vines nearly 20 inches in height bearing great quantities of large well filled pods, usually nine peas to a pod. Color of both vines and peas deep rich green. A splendid variety for canning and bound to displace in popular favor both American Wonder and Premium Green sorts. Pkt. 15 cts.; pt. 30 cts.; qt. 50 cts.; pk. $\$ 3.00$.

Where orders are accompanied by cash WE DELIVER FREE to any Post Office, Railroad, Express Office or Freight Station at our expense, except where other: wise noted:

Vegetable and Flower Seeds at the package, ounce, $1 / 4$ pound, $1 / 2$ pound and 1 pound prices.

Bulbs at the single and dozen rates.
Books and other publications.

Breck's Mayflower Pea.

## Breck's Old Glory Pear

(Awarded first prize Mass. Horticultural Society.)
An extra early smooth sort, which can be planted in the Spring as soon as ground can be worked; earlier and more prolific than the Alaska, with large, well filled pods, on stout vines growing about 30 inches high, very popular sort with the market gardener, as no other sort will bring such returns for a small investment. It has been growing in popular favor year by year, since we first put it on the market 10 years ago; per pkt., 15 cts.; pt. 30 cts.; qt. 50 cts.; pk. $\$ 3.00$.

## Breck's Old Golony Pea.

A large wrinkled variety ten days to two weeks later than Breck's Mayflower. Vines 20 to 25 inches in height. Pods large, holding seven and sometimes eight big peas to a pod. Pkt. 15 cts.; pt. 30 cts.; qt. 50 cts.; pk. $\$ 3.00$.

## Little Marvel Pear

A variety of recent introduction, quite similar to Nott's Excelsior. Vines about 15 inches high, very heavy cropper; pods in pairs, about three inches in length, six or seven peas to a pod, of fine quality, and color deep green. 30 cts. pt.; 50 cts. qt.; $\$ 3.50$ pk.


See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Breck's Pride Potato.

An early white oblong variety, earlier than the Irish Cobbler and yielding more per acre; uniform size and a profitable early market variety. The stock we offer this year has been grown for us under contract near Presque Isle, A roostook County, Maine. Great care has been taken to have our seed stock grown on high dry land, to insure its being perfectly free from rot, rust or any other potato disease. Last year we could get but little of this stock (just enough to put out a few trial lots), which have proved highly satisfactory.

## Pk. 75 cts.; Bu. \$2.50; Sack of 165 lbs. $\$ 5.00$.

## Breck's Perfection Radish.

A very superior variety, almost globe shaped, the white tip extending nearly half way up the root; the top a brilliant red shows up in strong contrast with the white; crisp, tender and not at all strong.

Pkt. 5 cts.; Oz. 10 cts.; I/4 lb. 25 cts.

## Breck's Yellow Globe Danvers Onion.

The strain we here offer is home grown and has been brought to the highest state of excellence by continued selection and care in growing. There is more of it sown by the leading onion growers of New England, who know what the market wants and what brings the highest prices, than all other special strains combined. We will take pleasure in furnishing to interested persons the names of a sufficient number of these leading growers, who plant Breck's Yellow Globe, to convince them of the fact.

Pkt. 10 cts.; Oz. 30 cts.;
1/4 lb. \$1.00; Lb. \$3.00.

## New Rust-Proof Giant Asparagus Roots

Have been thoroughly tested and proved to be perfectly immune from rust. It produces a large yield, and in quality it is second to none. It was this past season in big demand in the Boston market, where it sold for $\$ 7.00$ per bushel, when other varieties sold for $\$ 3.50$ to $\$ 5.00$ per bushel.

We offer this season strong 2 -year old roots.
Doz. 50 cts; 100, $\$ 2.00 ; 1000, \$ 15.00$.

## Zucca da Pergola.

When young, this furnishes quite an excellent dish, a great favorite with the Italians. Cut into pieces of about 3 inches long, take out the seeds, stuff with chopped meat and boil. It grows quickly and produces fruits which are narrow and grow to a length of 3 to 4 feet. Give vines a good trellis, pergola or lattice work to climb on.

## Pkt. 10 cts.

## Harrison's Forcing Prolific Tomator

This choice variety has been developed under the expert care and selection of David Harrison of Staatsburg, New York, from a seedling picked up from the greenhouse bench, where three other varieties were growing, and is especially good for growing under glass. The fruit is larger than the common run of greenhouse Tomatoes. Plants grow rapidly after getting well established, and the fruit matures early without splitting; smooth, good sized, and of a most beautiful color; a heavier cropper than any other greenhouse Tomato yet offered.

Pkt. 25 cts ; Oz. \$2.50.
See Special Offers on third page of cover.

# BRECK'S 

--HIGH GRADE-VEGETABLE SEEDS HIS IS OUR NINETIETH ANNUAL CATALOGUE. We believe our knowledge and reputation acquired through all these years is of value. We have built up through experience and integrity a business that in this country stands second to none in reliability and only one or two in volume. Our Golden Roll of Honor shows that we are both able and willing to satisfactorily serve the gardening and farming public, else we would not be privileged to retain these gentlemen as customers for such periods of years. We always consider our goods our best recommendation ; and they continually bring us new patrons. If you have not had experience with our goods, or methods of doing business, surely some of your neighbors can tell you of them. If you desire " the best," inquire, and if results warrant it, send us a trial order and you will be satisfied.

Prices may vary as the season advances. Ours will always be as low as the lowest for goods of equal quality.

> Where orders are accompanied by cash we Deliver Free to any Post Office, Railroad, Express Office or Freight Station at our expense, except where otherwise noted:
> Vegetable and Flower Seeds at the pkt., oz., $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. and 1 lb . prices. Bulbs at the single and dozen rates. Books and other publications. If Beans, Corn and Peas are to be sent by mail or express, charges prepaid, please remit, in additioa to the price, at the rate of 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart.

## Artichoke.

## German, Artischoke.-French, Artichaut.-Spanish, Alcachofa.

Oultures-A rich sandy loam is desirable, but any soil made fine by deep culture, and enriched with plenty of well-rotted manure, will answer. Sow seed in hot-bed early in spring, in rows six inches apart; transplant when large enough into boxes or pots. After danger of frosts is past plant in the open ground, two feet between the plants and three feet between the rows.

This method of cultivation will produce heads for culinary purposes by September. Seed may, if desired, be sown in the open ground in May, but the little tender plants should be given protection until the cold weather of spring has passed.

Plants raised from seed sown outdoors will not give edible heads until the second summer. One ounce of seed will sow 30 feet of drill.

Large Green Globe. The best and most popular sort Early Purple, or Violet .

| Pkt. | Oz. | $3 / 1 \mathrm{lb}$. <br> $\$ 0.10$ <br> .10 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | .35 | $\$ 1.00$ |
|  |  | 1.10 |

## Jerusalem Artichoke.

A species of sunflower (Helianthus tuberosus). A tuber that thrives well upon light dry soil and is cultivated for feeding sheep and swine. It is also used for pickles. The tops when cut and cured make an excellent dry fodder. It is propagated by tubers, which should be set in rows four to five feet apart and one foot apart in the rows. Three bushels are required to plant an acre. Qt. 25 cts ; pk . \$1.00 net.

## Asparagus.

German, Sparget.-French, Asperge.-Spanish, Esparragos.
(For price on Asparagus Roots, see Vegetable Plants.
An asparagus bed may be made from one or two year old roots, planted in April and May, or in October. The bed should be made very rich with well-rotted manure, and thoroughly worked over to a depth of nearly two feet. Plant the roots in rows four feet apart, leaving about 12 inches between the plants in the row. Lay the roots flat in trenches, spreading them well, and using care to have all the crowns placed in the same direction. Cover lightly at first, gradually filling the trenches as the plants grow. Every fall a liberal dressing of coarse manure should be spread after the tops have been cut, and in spring forked in. The second season after planting the bed may be cut two or three times. Do not cut too closely, as the roots require the benefit of somefoliage. Seed may be sown in April in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. One ounce of seed will sow 60 feet of drill.

| Conover's Colossal. Large, excellent and hardy | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pkt. } \\ & \$ 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oz. } \\ & \text { \$o. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \\ & \$ \mathrm{o} .20 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hub. The most approved and best sort for New England | . 05 | \$0.10 | \$0.20 |
| Moore's Giant Purple Top. Large and prolific. . | 5 | . 10 | . 20 |
| Mammoth White. Pure white stalks . . | 5 | . 10 | . 20 |
| Palmetto. A very desirable light green sort | . 05 | . 10 | . 20 |
| Medicinal Asparagus Seed . . Per lb. 40 cts. |  |  |  |

See Special Offers on third page of cover


Hub Asparagus

## Beans-English,

German, Grosse Bohnen.-French, Feve de Marais.-Spanish, Haba.
Plant as early in spring as the ground can be worked. The rows should be three feet apart; set the seed in the rows six inches deep, four inches apart. As the pods get formed, top the plants, thereby preventing too much running to vine. Broad Windsor. The best variety for general use. Pkt. ro cts.; qt. 35 cts.; pk. $\$ 2.00$.

Beans-Dwarf or Bush.
German, Bohne.-French, Haricot.-Spanish, Frijorenano.
To afford a regular succession of crops throughout the season, plant every two weeks, from about the beginning of May to the end of summer; but not until the soil becomes warm, as they are very sensitive to cold. Plant in rows 18 inches apart, two inches deep; cultivate frequently, but only when dry, as the scattering of earth on the foliage or pods, when moist, will cause them to become damaged with rust. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill.

## Green Podded Varieties.

We supply packets of Beans at ro cents each.

Dwarf Horticultural. An improved type. The beans are larger, the pods longer and more highly colored than the older sort
Tewksbury Dwarf Horticultural. A superior shell bean, very tender and does not rust
Burpee's Stringless. Extra early, very prolific, quite stringless
Black Valentine. Pod long, round and straight, good early market sort
Bountiful. Extra early, flat green pods, tender and stringless
Early China:. Early; a continuous and productive bearer
Early Mohawk. Large flat pods, a fine early
Early=Red Valentine. One of the earliest and best, pods round
Goddard, or Boston Favorite. A larger, later Dwarf Horticultura
Kidney, Red. An excellent shell bean, and for baking
Kidney, White. An excellent shell bean, and for baking


Burpee's Stringless Green Pod.

Pt. Qt. Pk. Bu.
$\$ 0.20 \$ 0.30 \$ 2.00 \$ 7.00$

| .25 | .45 | 2.50 | 10.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| .20 | .30 | 2.00 | 7.50 |
| .15 | .25 | 1.75 | 6.00 |
| .20 | .30 | 2.00 | 8.00 |
| .15 | .25 | 1.50 | 5.00 |
| .15 | .25 | 1.50 | 5.00 |
| .20 | .30 | 1.50 | 5.00 |
| .20 | .30 | 1.75 | 6.00 |
| .15 | .25 | 1.50 | 5.00 |
| .15 | .25 | 1.50 | 5.00 |

Long Yellow Six Weeks. The leading market sort, flat pods
Low's Champion. Large, green, flat,stringless pods
Prolific Tree Pea Bean. A fine variety for baking
Red Cranberry. A favorite snap and shell bean
Refugee. Thorburn's extra early, of superior quality and two weeks earlier than the old sort
Refugee. Late or 1000 to 1. Very productive, round pods, largely grown for pickling
Longfellow. Large, round green pods, fine flavor .
Triumph of the Frames. Best for frames. Use as shell or string.

| .15 | .25 | 1.50 | 5.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{llll}.20 \quad . & 20 & 2.00 \quad 7.00\end{array}$

| .15 | .30 | 1.75 | 6.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| .20 | .30 | 2.00 | 7.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| .20 | .35 | 2.00 | 7.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| .20 | .35 | 2.00 | 7.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .20 | .30 | 2.00 | 7.00 |

The Warren. An improved Cranberry, pods round, fleshy and tender.
White Marrow. Used generally as a winter bean
Wonder of France. Green Flageolet, long, tender pods
$.40 \quad .75$
Yellow Eye Improved. A profitable bean for field culture

Beans-Dwarf or
Burpee's. A true bush form of the large lima.
Dreer's. A bush form of Dreer's Lima Pole, possessing all the good qualities of that sort
$.30 \quad .50$
Fordhook. A perfect bush lima of erect habit and very large - A bush Henderson's. A bush
Sieva, a continuous cropper, fine for the home garden

Bush Limas.
$.25 \quad .40 \quad 2.25$

See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Beans-Dwarf Wax or Butter Varieties.

Black Wax, Improved Prolific. Very early, round, thick pods \$0.20
$\$ 0.35$
Qt.
$\$ 2.25$
Pk.
$\$ 7.50$
Black Wax, Challenge. An extra early strain, excellent
Black Wax, Pencil Pod. Very slender, long, round pods, late
Black Wax, Currie's Rust Proof. Flat pods, early and productive
Crackerjack Wax. Pods rounder and more meaty than Wardwell's Early. Popular with market gar deners in the West
Davis's Kidney Wax. The best white seeded wax bean
Golden Wax, Improved Rust Proof. Early, long, round, stringless pods
Golden Eye Wax. Hardy and prolific, flat pods, almost rustless
Wardwell's Kidney Wax. Early, long, flat wax pods, very fine.
White Wax. A favorite; flat, white, fleshy pods

| Pt. | Qt. | Pk. | Bu. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .20 | .35 | 2.25 | 7.50 |
| .25 | .40 | 2.25 | 8.00 |
|  |  |  |  |
| .25 | .40 | 2.25 | 8.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.25 | 8.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.25 | 8.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 | 7.50 |
|  |  |  |  |
| .20 | .35 | 2.25 | 8.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.25 | 8.00 |

Dwarf Horticultural Wax Beans, Rust Proof. A splendid bean, very prolific. Pods 6 inches long, delicious, stringless . Pkt. 10 cts .

Breck's Improved Rust Proof Golden Wax Beans.


## BEANS-Pole or Running.

German, Stangen Bohne.- French, Haricots à Rames.Spanish, Jidas.
It is desirable to make the planting of Pole Beans at least a week later than the first planting of the bush sorts, as they are more tender. Plant in hills three to four feet apart, putting four or five beans in a hill, and leaving space in the centre for the pole. A liberal quantity of well composted manure in each hill is of value.
One quart of Limas will plant 100 hills. One quart of the smaller seeded sorts about 200 hills.

## Beans - Green Poodded Varieties.

We supply packets of Beans at 10 cents each.
Carmine Podded Horticultural. Also called Columbia, Hampden and Worcester. The best Horticultural Pole Bean in existence. It is early and produces an immense number of large, highly-colored pods
Dutch Case Knife. Long, green, flat pods, used as snap and shell
Horticultural, or Speckled Cranberry. Of excellent quality, a great favorite
Kentucky Wonder, or Old Homestead. A very prolific, long green podded sort
Lazy Wife. Long green pods, beans white
Lima, Large White. An old, much esteemed variety
"* Dreer's or Challenge. Round, very thick beans, productive
" King of Garden. Large and very fine .
" Sieva or Small Lima. Earlier and hardier than the Large Lima

| Pt. | Qt. | Pk. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 1.75 |
| .20 | .35 | 1.75 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 |
| .25 | .40 | 2.25 |
| .25 | .40 | 2.25 |
| .25 | .40 | 2.25 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.25 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 1.75 |

Scarlet Runner, Ornamental. The pods are fleshy, tender and sweet
White Dutch Runner. Same habit and qualities as the Scarlet Runner
Brockton Pole. Broad pods, large, when matured marked with splashes bright red. Bu. $\$ 7.00$

## Beans - Wax Podded Varieties.

Golden Butter, or Mont d'Or. Earliest of the wax pole sorts

| .25 | .40 | 2.25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .25 | .40 | 2.25 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.00 |

Indian Chief, or Black Wax. The most popular wax pole bean
.25
2.25

See Special Offers on third page of cover.


Breck's Beats All Beet.

## BEET.

German, Runkel Rubc.-French, Betterave.-Spanish, Beteraga.
Sow from April to beginning of July, in deef rich sandy loam, one inch deep, in drills about a foot apart. Thin the young plants to a distance of six or eight inches, and fill up vacant places with those taken out. The tumip rooted are the earliest, and are of fine quality. When young, the leaves make excellent greens. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill, 5 to 6 lbs . per acre.
Breck's Beats All. Superior Pkt. Oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Lb. in all respects to others as an early or main crop variety
Columbia. Round and smooth, deep red flesh
$\$ 0.05 \quad \$ 0.20 \quad \$ 0.50 \quad \$ 1.50$

Crosby's Egyptian. Early as original type, but thicker, smoother, and of better quality
Crimson Globe. Globe shape, flesh deep purplish red
Dewing's Early Blood. A standard variety of excellent quality

| .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .05 | .25 | .60 | 2.00 |
| .05 | .20 | .50 | 1.50 |

Early Arlington. Early, deep round form, blood red color
Early Bassano. The earliest of all; flesh almost white.
Early Bastian. Quick, largegrowing sort, of good color Eclipse. Very early, dark-red color, small top,smooth roots
Edmand's Barker's Strain. A superior sort
Edmand's Ea rly Turnip. One of the best in shape, color, size, and quality
Egyptian. An early, good color, smooth turnip beet.
Long Red Erfurt. Flesh deep red
Swiss Chard, or Sea Kale Beet. This variety is cultivated solely for its leaves. The midrib is stewed and served as asparagus, the other portion of the leaves being used as spinach
Beet. For greens

## Mangel-Wurzel and Sugar Beets.



Long Yellow Mangel.

Sow in May or June in rows 18 inches to 2 feet apart and thin to 8 inches in the row. The value of these for stock-feeding cannot be overestimated for sheep, dairy-stock, and fattening of cattle, experience has proved the Mangel-Wurzel to be at once healthful, nutritious, and economical. One ounce will sow 50 feet drill, 6 to 8 pounds per acre.
Breck's Mammoth Long Red. A selection of the Pkt. Oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Lb. Long Red variety. It is smooth skinned, fine grained, and a heavier cropper. We consider it superior to all others
$\$ 0.05 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.75$
Champion Yellow Globe. Grows in shallow
soils . . . . . . . . . 05 . 10 . 20 . 75
Golden Tankard. A half-long variety of a bright yellow color .
Long Yellow. Differs from Long Red only in color
Norbiton Giant. Long Red; a valuable variety .
Red Globe. Similar to Yellow Globe, except in color

| .05 | .10 | .20 | .75 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .75 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .75 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .60 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .60 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .60 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .60 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .60 |


*reck's Imperial Sugar Beet.

## Borage.

The young leaves of this annual are used as a salad or boiled like spinach. Sow in the spring, in light soil, and thin out to eight inches apart. The flowers are a pretty blue and afford excellent food for bees throughout a long season. Borage, pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.

## Borecole or Kale.

German, Blatterkohl.-French, Chou Vert.Spanish, Breton.
Sow early in the spring in prepared beds, covering the seeds thinly and evenly; transplant in June, and treat in the same manner as for cabbage. They are extremely hardy, and will endure quite a low temperature. The Siberian variety is also sown in September for early greens. One ounce will sow 150 feet drill.
Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. Leaves of a bright green and very tender and closely curled. The quality is improved if the plants are touched by frost before being used. Pkt. 5 cts. ; oz. Io cts. $; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25 \mathrm{cts}$; lb. 80 cts.
Dwarf Brown. Similar to the preceding but of darker color, very hardy. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. io cts. $; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .25$ cts. $; 1 \mathrm{lb} .80 \mathrm{cts}$.
Siberian or German Greens. Sown in fall for spring use. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. Io cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .20$ cts.; lb. 70 cts.
Tall Green Curled Scotch. Similar to the



Paris Market
Brussels Sprouts.

## Brussels Sprouts.

German, Sprossenkohl.-French, Chou de Bruxelles.-Spanish, Berza de Brusela. Species of the Cabbage family. It produces along the whole length of the stem small sprouts resembling miniature cabbages. These heads are a great delicacy boiled same way as cauliflower. Seed should be sown about the middle of May in a seed bed, and the plants afterwards set out in rows two feet apart and cultivated like cabbage. Being small and hard, the sprouts are not in the least affected by frost. One ounce of seed produces about 1,200 plants.
Improved Paris Market. A most desirable strain. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; 1/4 lb. $\$ 1.00$.
Dalkeith. The finest variety. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 25 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
Amager Market. Largest sort, grows 3 ft . high, sprouts close set and develop uniformly. Pkt. Io cts.; oz. 30 cts .

## Chervil.

German, Gartenkerbel.-French, Corfeuil.-Spanish, Cerafolio de Cafe.
Chervil, Curled. An aromatic sweet herb that resembles parsley. The young leaves are used in soups and salads. Sow evenly, in May, in drilis half inch deep, one foot apart. 5 cts. per pkt.; io cts. per oz. ; \$1.oo per lb.
Chervil, Tuberous Rooted. Sow in May or June, after treatment same as for carrots. 5 cts. per pkt.; 20 cts. per oz. ; \$1.50 per lb.

[^1]

## Cabbager

German, Kopfkohl.- French, Chou Pomme.-Spanish, Berza.
(For price on Cabbage Plants, see Vegetable Plants.)
All that Cabbage requires is the soil to be rich, deep, well-drained, and abundantly manured. For the early kinds, plant 30 inches between the rows and 16 inches between the plants. For the late kinds, three feet between the rows and two feet between the plants. For very early use, sow in January or February, in hot-beds. Set out when the plants are strong enough into other hot-beds, or set in cold-frames in March. Transplant when danger from frost is past to the open ground. For a succession, sow in the open ground last of March or early in April. The late or winter crop seed can be sown in May and the plants set out in July. One ounce of seed produces 2,500 plants. Pkt. Oz. $2 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Lb.
All Seasons. One of the best for second early and late crops, very large and a sure header $\$ 0.05 \$ 0.30 \$ \mathrm{I} .00 \$ 3.00$ Danish Ball Head. An unsurpassed winter variety, heads round, large, very hard, tender and fine flavored
Early Jersey Wakefield. Breck's Selected. A fine selection of this very early, medium-sized market favorite
Early Winnigstadt. A medium early variety, with conical-shaped heads
Early York. A standard English sort
Fottler's Brunswick, Improved. A short-stemmed early Drumhead, a general favorite
Henderson's Early Summer. A superior second early, heads large and solid
Hendrickson's Long Island Savoy. Best Savoy on the market today
Peconic Red. With the market gardener the favorite red variety
Pe-Tsai, or Chinese Cabbage. Grows like Cos lettuce

| .10 | .35 | 1.25 | 4.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
| .05 | .30 | 1.00 | 2.75 |
| .05 | .20 | .75 | 2.75 |
| .05 | .15 | .50 | 1.50 |
| .10 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.00 |
| .05 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.00 |
| .10 | .60 | 2.00 |  |
| .10 | .60 | 2.00 |  |
| .10 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.00 |
| .05 | .20 | .60 | 2.00 |
| .05 | .20 | .60 | 2.00 |
| .05 | .30 | .85 | 3.00 |
| .05 | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |
| .05 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.00 |
| .05 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.50 |
| .10 | .40 | 1.25 | 4.00 |
|  |  |  |  |
| .10 | .50 | 1.75 | 6.00 |
| .05 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.00 |




## BRECK'S WHITE BOUQUET CAULIFLOWER.

## Gaulfilower:

German, Blumenkohl.-French, Chou-fleur.-Spanish, Coliflor. (Price on Cauliflower Plants, see Vegetable Plants.)
Cauliflower is the most delicate and delicious of the Cabbage family. For the production of the cauliflower a rich, deep loam is required, a low moist situation being preferable. A liberal supply of water when possible produces very marked results. Seed of the very early variety should be sown in a hot-bed in February or March and set out by the end of April. For later supply, sow seed in May, choosing a cool, moist place. When large enough, transplant, making the rows about $21 / 2$ feet apart, and 18 inches between the plants. Transplanting should be done in damp weather. To destroy the cauliflower-maggot, try one ounce of sulphuret of potassium dissolved in one gallon of water. Heat the liquid to about 100 degrees, and apply a tablespoonful to the stalk of the plant just above the ground. One ounce of seed produces about 2,500 plants.


## Carrots.

German, Mohre.-French, Carotte.-Spanish, Zanahoria.


Danvers Half Long Carrot.
Carrots are grown largely both for feeding to stock and culinary purposes; the long varieties used for th. former, the "Horn" and medium sorts for the latter. The "Horn" sorts can be grown on thin soil and are mostly for early use. The others prefer deep, sandy loam that was well manured the previous year for some other crop, such as potatoes or onions. Sow in April or May or for late crops for table use, up to the end of June, about one inch deep in drills 15 inches apart for garden sorts. The rows in field cultivation should be two feet apart. Thin out the plants from three to eight inches apart, according to variety. One ounce of seed is sufficient.for 100 feet of drill, four pounds to an acre. Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. Lb.
Chantenay. A type of Danvers Half-Long, but earlier and smaller . . . . \$0.10 \$0.25 \$0.80 \$2.75

| Danvers Half-Long. The most desirable main crop variety; an excellent keeper | .10 | .30 | .80 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Early Scarlet Forcing. Very early and valuable for forcing . . . . . . . . . $\quad .30 \quad .80 \quad 2.75$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { Early Scarlet Horn. A medium-sized half-long variety of fine color } & . & . & .10 & .30 & .80 & 2.75\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Guerande, or Oxheart. Intermediate between half-long and Horn sorts } & \text {. } & \text {. } 10 \quad .25 \quad .80 \quad 2.75\end{array}$

| Half-Long Scarlet Carentan. Stump rooted, coreless, red flesh . . . . . . . . 10 | .25 | .80 | 2.79 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllll}\text { Nantes Stump Root. A medium-size, medium-early table variety . . . . . . } & . & .25 & .75 & 2.75\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}\text { Long Orange Improved. A large long-rooted variety, suitable for table or stock } & \cdot & \text {. Io } & .20 & .60 & 2.00\end{array}$
Large Yellow. A desirable variety for feeding to stock . . . . . . . . . . . . $20 \quad .50 \quad$ I.00
$\begin{array}{lllllllllllll}\text { Large White. The largest and most profitable for feeding to stock . . . . . } 05 & .20 \quad .50 \quad 1.00\end{array}$

## Cardoon.

German, Kardon.- French, Cardon.-Spanish, Cardo Hortense.
Cardoon is grown for the midrib of the leaf, which requires to be blanched in the same manner as celery. Son early in spring, where the plants are to remain, in drills three feet apart, and an inch and a half deep, and thin out the young plants to a foot apart in the drills.

Pkt. Oz, Lb
Large.Smooth Spanish. Grows about four feet high . . . . . . . $\$ 0.05 \$ 0.20 \$ 2.00$

## Chicory.

German, Cichorie.-French, Chicorée.-Spanish, Achivoria de Cafe.
Pkt. Oz. 3/4 lb.
Large Rooted. Sow and treat in the same manner as carrots. This is the chicory of commerce used to mix with coffee. The roots are taken up, washed, cut in small pieces and carefully dried before being used
Witloof. Sow in May or June in drills, thin out to six inches apart, treat as Endive until end of summer, when it should be banked up like celery. The blanched stalks are used as a salad. It is also used as a boiled vegetable dressed in the same way as cauliflower
.05 .10 . 10
.05
.10

## Collards, or Colewortz.

German, Blatterkohl.- French, Chou Cabu.-Spanish, Cabu.
Sow seed as for cabbage, in June, July and August in succession. Transplant when one month old into rows three feet apart and two feet apart in the rows. Is closely allied to the Cabbage family, used as greens; grown largely in sandy sections, particularly in thè South. One ounce of seed will produce about 3,000 plants.
Ceorgia. Per pkt. 5 cents; oz. Io cents; lb. $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.

## Corn Salad, or Fetticus.

German, Lammersalat.- French, Mache.- Spanish, Macka Valerianilla.
Used as a salad. It is sown very early in spring, rows one foot apart, and is fit for use in six or eight weeks. For spring use sow in Sept. and winter in cold-frames, or cover with litter. One ounce will sow roo feet of drill.
Large-Leaved. Per pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 10 cts., lb . 80 cts .


Gorn-Sweet.
German, Mais.-French, Mais.- Spanish, Mais.
A rich, warm soil is best, especially for the earlier varieties, which ordinarily should not be planted before the middle of May. Successive plantings may be made until July. Plant in hills three or four feet apart each way, according to the height of the variety. One quart will plant about 200 hills. We supply packets of corn at ro cts. each. Selected Ears, Ten Cents Each.
Bearsfoot (Washington). A vigorous growing late sort, a favorite with Boston Pt. Qt. Pk. Bu. Market growers $\$ 0.20 \quad \$ 0.35 \quad \$ 2.00 \quad \$ 7.00$
Black Mexican. Said to be the sweetest corn in cultivation, medium early . . . $1.5 \quad .25 \quad$ I. $50 \quad 5.00$

Burpee's Golden Bantam Sweet Corn. An extreme early variety of a rich, golden color ; its flavor is delicious
Country Gentleman. A larger and later Ne Plus Ultra type . . . . . 15
Early Crosby. Early and of excellent quality. An old favorite
.35
$2.00 \quad 7.00$

Early Maine. A fine extra early, pure white sort
$1.75 \quad 6.00$
Early Minnesota. Nearly as early as Cory ; dwarf
$.25 \quad 1.50 \quad 5.00$
Early Red Cory. A very early sort with good-sized ears and large kernels; popular
Early White Cory. Differs from the preceding in color of cob
I. $50 \quad 5.00$
I. $50 \quad 5.00$

Breck's Early Harvest. Early, large ears, very sweet
Late Mammoth Sugar. Extra large ears, quality very fine, productive
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { I. } 50 & 5.00 \\ \text { I. } 50 & 5.00 \\ & \end{array}$
Mammoth White Cory. As early as the other Cory, but with ears double the size
2.00
I. 75
6.00

Peep=o'-Day. One of the earliest and very sweet .

1. $50 \quad 5.00$

Potter's Excelsior. Perhaps the best and sweetest main-crop variety
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { I. } 75 & 6.00 \\ \text { I. } 50 & 5.00\end{array}$
Quincy Market. Larger ears and earlier than the common Crosby
Stowell's Evergreen. The standard late variety
$2.00 \quad 7.50$

## Gorn-Field:

Special offers do not apply to field corn or pop corn.
Q. Pk. Bu.

Angel of Midnight. One of the earliest of the yellow flint variety . . . . . $\$ 0.20 \quad \$ 1.00 \quad \$ 3.00$
Brewer's Yellow Dent. Valuable for ensilage, ripens in southern New England : $\quad .15 \quad .75 \quad 2.75$
Blunt's Prolific. Early eight-rowed leafy dent variety .
$.75 \quad 2.00$
Early Sanford. A white flint variety, equally valuable for ensilage or grinding
Early Yellow Canada. Well-known early, eight-rowed flint variety
Eureka Ensilage. Tall growing, valuable for ensilage
$.75 \quad 2.50$
Sweet Fodder. For cutting green and feeding stock
$.60 \quad 2.00$
Leaming. A yellow dent variety, very valuable for ensilage
.75
Longfellow. Eight-rowed yellow flint, long ears, with small cob
Mondamin. Earliest and best of the yellow flint variety, eight-rowed and well filled to the tips .25
Pride of the North. Grown for ensilage or fodder
$\begin{array}{rr}.50 & 1.75 \\ 75 & 2.50\end{array}$

Red Cob Ensilage. An excellent fodder and ensilage sort
I. 254.00
$.50 \quad 1.75$
White Southern. Valuable for ensilage and fodder
I. 75
I. 50

Selected Ears Brewer's Yellow Dent. 5 cents each.
Pop Corn, Eight=Rowed White. Rice. On the cob io cents per lb.
See Special Offers on third page of cover.


Golden Self=Blanching Celery.

## Gelery.

German, Sellerie.-French, Celeri.-Spanish, Apio.

(For price on Celery Plants, see Vegetable Plants.)
Sow seeds the first or second week in April in hot-bed or cold-frame. As soon as the plants have attained a height of three inches, transplant in prepared border, setting them four inches apart. In order to secure "stocky" plants, cut off the tops once or twice before again transplanting into richly manured soil, in rows four feet apart, and from seven to nine inches plant to plant. Keep down all the weeds, and as fall approaches draw earth up to the plants, keeping the stalks well together. When well blanched it is ready for use. For winter use it is usually placed in frames and covered with litter, or stored in pits or cold cellars. Some of the varieties such as Golden SelfBlanching and White Plume, may be blanched by simply placing a board 12 to 15 inches wide on edge on each side of the row, and to hold them in place tack bits of laths across the rows at the top. The turnip-rooted variety does not require blanching, and may be planted in rows one foot apart. One ounce of seed produces about 3000 plants.

Breck's Boston Market. The best and most popular sort in cultivation

| Pkt. | Oz. | Y Lb. | Lb. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.10$ | $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 2.00$ | $\$ 6.00$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| .05 | .20 | .75 | 2.00 |
| .05 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.50 |
| .25 | 1.75 | 6.00 |  |
| .10 | .35 | 1.00 | 3.50 |
|  |  |  |  |
| .05 | .30 | 1.00 | 3.50 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 |  |

## Cress.

## German, Gartex und Brunnen Kresse.-French, Cresson.- Spanish, Masiuerzo.

Curled, or Peppergrass. The popular sort. Sow thickly in drills in the spring season, when the ground is in good working order. As the plants rapidly run to seed, repeat sowings at intervals of about two weeks. One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill
Upland Cress. A perennial variety, flavor pungent, resembling Water Cress. Sow in drills one foot apart, in April
Water Cress. This succeeds only in damp soils on the borders of ponds or streams, or where its roots are partially submerged in water. Seed should be sown about a quarter of an inch deep. The plants are rapidly propagated by root extension and self-seeding

| .05 | .10 | .25 | .80 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .05 | .10 | .25 | .75 |
| .10 | .40 | 1.25 | 4.50 |



White Spine Cucumber.
The first planting should be made early in May on partly spent hot-beds; inverted sods form an excellent medium for both planting on and carrying the young plants to their permanent location, or small paper pots can be used. Such plantings are usually ready for transplanting to the open ground in from three to four weeks, and are seldom troubled with the striped bug. Transplanting should be done in the evening, into hills four feet apart each way. Thin out to about four plants to a hill. The seed may be planted in hills late in May, thus giving a succession. For pickles, plant during the last two weeks of June. One ounce will plant about so hills.
Boston Pickling. Produces an abundant crop of short, dark green fruit $\quad$ Pkt. Oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Lb.
Breck's Forcing White Spine. This seed is raised from selected specimens by an Arlington market gardener and is the best obtainable
Cool and Crisp. Extra early, long, straight and slender, dark green color
Cumberland. The very best pickling sort. .
Davis Perfect. (New.) Splendid variety, dark green, io to 12 inches long
Early Cluster. Grows in clusters. Bluish-green color
$\$ 0.05 \$ 0.15 \$ 0.35 \quad \$ 1.25$

Early Frame. Medium size. Valuable for both table and pickling
Early Russian. The earliest variety. About 4 inches long
Everbearing. Medium size, early and productive .
Evergreen. Without an equal, quantity and quality considered . . . . . 05 . $15 \quad .40 \quad$ I. 50
Japanese Climbing. Productive, fine quality. Excellent climbing vine

| .25 | 1.00 | 3.00 | 10.00 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.50 |
| .10 | .25 | .60 | 2.00 |
| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.50 |
| .10 | .25 | .75 |  |
| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .10 | .25 |  |  |
| .05 | .10 | .35 | 1.25 |
| .05 | .15 | .40 | 1.50 |

English Frame Varieties.
These are mostly grown by private gardeners. They.attain a length of from 12 to 30 inches, and are of fine quality. Tender and True. Blue Gown. The Rochford. Each, per pkt., 25 cts.

## Dandelion.

German, Pardeblum.- French, Pisse-en-lit.-Spanish, Amargon.
Sow seed in May or June, in drills half an inch deep and 12 inches apart. Cultivate, to keep down the weeds during summer, and the following spring the leaves will be fit to cut. Upon the approach of severe weather cover with litter, which should be removed early the following spring. Dandelion that has been blanche 1 is much more tender and entirely lacks the bitter flavor of the plant matured in the open. The blanching is a complished by placing two boards inverted V-shape over the rows. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill. One pound will sow an acre.

\section*{American Improved. Large, fleshy leaves $\underset{\text { Thick-Leaved French. Large and tender }}{\text { French Garden }}$ <br> | Pkt. | Oz. | $\$ / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. | Lb. |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.10$ | $\$ 0.50$ | $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ | $\$ 5.00$ |
| .05 | .20 | .70 | 2.25 |
| .10 | .40 | 1.25 | 4.00 |}

## Egg-Plant.

German, Eierpflanze.-French, Aubergine.-Spanish, Berengena.
(For price of Plants, see Vegetable Plants.)
Sow in hot-bed early in spring, and transplant when two inches high into another bed or small pots. Plant out three feet apart when weather is perfectly settled and warm. Keep the plants watered for a few days after transplanting until they begin to show signs of being established. One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants.

| Pkt. | Oz. | Klb. | Lb. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| \$0.10 | $\$ 0.50$ | $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ | $\$ 5.00$ |
| .10 | .25 | .75 | 2.25 |
| .10 | .50 | 1.50 | 5.00 |

$\begin{array}{llrlrl}\text { Early Long Purple. } & \text { Differing in shape from the foregoing; hardy and productive } & .10 & .25 & .75 & 2.25 \\ \text { New York Improved. } & \text { The leading market variety ; excellent and very productive } & .10 & .50 & 1.50 & 5.00\end{array}$
See Special Offers on third page of cover

## Endive.

German, Endivien.-French, Chicorée. Spanish, Endivia.

Sow for an early supply about the middle of April. When up, thin out to eight inches apart, and water well afterwards if dry. When the leaves are six to eight inches long, blanch by gathering together and tying near the top with yarn or raffia. This must be done when plants are quite dry or they will rot. Before cold weather, take up carefully with a ball of earth to each plant, and place close together in a cold frame or cellar for use. One ounce will sow 150 fcet of drill.

Broad Leaved (Esca-
Pkt. Oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Lb.
Broad Leaved (Esca-
rolle). A very sweet variety for fall and winter use
Green Curled. The standard sort, suitable for fall and winter Moss, or Parisian Curled. A small, very beautifully curled sort White Curled. Grown for early use


Kale,-See Borecole.

## Kohl-Rabi (Turnip-Rooted Cabbage).

German, Kohl-Rabi. - French, Chou-Rave. - Spanish, Col de nabo o Nabicol.
An intermediate vegetable between the cabbage and turnip. Sow in April, in rows 18 inches apart, and thin out or transplant in rows eight inches apart. When three to four inches in diameter they are fit to eat. For late use sow in June and July. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.
Early White Vienna, flesh white
Early Purple Vienna, differing from the above in color

| Pkt. | Oz. | 2/4b. | Lb. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0.05 | $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 0.60$ | $\$ 2.00$ |
| .05 | .25 | .60 | 2.00 |

## Lettuce.

German, Lattich-Salat.-French, Laitue.-Spanish, Lechuga. (For price on Lettuce Plants see Vegetable Plants.)


Breck's Black Seeded Tennis Ball Lettuce

The most easily grown of all open-air plants used for salads. It requires a warm soil that has had a liberal dressing of wellrotted manure and abundant moisture. To be of satisfactory quality, the growth should be rapid and vigorous. Seed may besown in a frame in February or March, the plants set out as early as the ground can be worked, as light frosts will not injure them. Set the plants nine inches apart in the rows, and 18 inches between the rows. For successive crops sowing may be made every two weeks up to the end of August. To grow Cos successfully the seed must be sown early in a hot-bed, and when large enough transplanted to a cold-frame in order to bave good plants ready to set out when the ground becomes workable. They require tying for a few days when grown, to blanch them. Brecks' Boston Market, Big Boston and Hittinger's Belmont are varieties especially suitable for growing under glass. One ounce of seed will produce about 4000 plants.

All the Year Round. Medium size, firm heads that do not readily run to seed
Pkt. Oz. 14/b. Lb.
Big Boston. Suitable for cold frames or open ground
Breck's Black Seeded Tennis Ball Arlington strain. One of the most popular sorts for outdoor cultivation. The heads are tender and compact with outer leaves.
Black Seeded Simpson. A superior variety, large, light colored heads
\$0.05 \$0.15 \$0.40 \$1.25

Breck's Waban.
.10
May King. Large, solid head, very tender, yellow heart
.05
.401 .00

## Lettuce-Continued.

Boston Curled. Esteemed for its earliness, beauty and good table qualities Breck's Boston Market. A carefully selected strain of White Seeded Tennis Ball. Grows very compact, and is a most profitable forcing variety
Deacon. Large, solid, summer cabbage variety.
Denver Market. Early head variety; leaves blistered like savoy cabbage ; forces well
Early Curled Simpson. Early, forms a compact mass of tender leaves of a yellowishgreen color
Early Prize Head. Large heads, dark colored, tender and fine
Grand Rapids Forcing. Large and tender, fine for forcing
Hanson Improved. One of the best outdoor sorts, large, solid, heavy, crisp heads

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . 10 | . 50 | 1.50 | 5.00 |
| . 05 | . 20 | . 60 | I. 75 |
| . 05 | . 15 | . 30 | I. 25 |
| . 05 | . 20 | . 60 | 1. 50 |
| . 05 | . 25 | . 60 | 2.0 |
| . 10 | . 25 | 75 | 2.25 |
| . 05 | . 25 | . 60 | 1.50 |
| . 10 | . 50 | 1. 50 | 5.00 |
| . 05 | . 20 | . 50 | I. 25 |
| . 05 | . 15 | . 50 | 1. 25 |
| . 05 | . 30 | . 75 | 2.00 |
| . 05 | . 20 | . 50 | I. 50 |
| . 05 | . 20 | . 60 | 1.75 |
| . 05 | . 25 | . 75 | 2.00 |
| .10 | . 40 | I. 25 | 4.50 |
|  |  | . 10 | . 30 |

## Leekr

German, Lauch.-French, Poireau.-Spanish, Puerro.
Sow the seed in April, in rows one foot apart, and transplant in July. Transplant quite deeply into rows 15 inches apart, with six inches between the plants. Hoe up the earth around the stems when they begin to grow, so as to blanch and make them tender. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill.

Large Flag. A hardy and profitable sort, excellent for winter use
Large Rouen, Winter. Large and of fine flavor. Remains a long time in good condition Musselburgh or Carentan. The famous Scotch sort, large, hardy and distinct

| Pkt. | Oz. | 13 Lb. |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.05$ | $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 0.75$ |
| .05 | .30 | .75 |
| .05 | .30 | .75 |

## Mushroom.

> German, Champignon.-French, Champignon-Spanish, Hongo.
> (Our special offers do not apply to Mushroom Spawn.)


Mushrooms.
until the heat runs up to 100 degrees or over and then declines to leave it thus for a few days reached it is ready for spawning, which is done by making holes three or four inches deen and in int is apart each way; into each hole put a piece of spawn about as large as a hen's egg and fill in the hole with compost. At the end of 10 or 12 days the spawn will have run through the whole bed. There should then be spread over the entire surface about two inches of fresh loam. Over all place a few inches of straw. All that remains to be done is to keep the temperature as near 60 degrees as possible. Ordinarily, if the conditions are right, mushrooms will appear in about six weeks and continue to come for about a month. In the event of the surface of the bed becoming very dry sprinkle it freely with water at a temperature of about ioo degrees. After the crop has been taken off the bed, it should receive a dressing of fresh loam to a depth of half an inch, thoroughly firmed, over ihe entire surface, and when dry a sprinkling with water as above recommended, and a second crop will soon be had. A brick of English spawn is sufficient for nine square feet of bed.
Mushroom Spawn. Original English Milltrack, superior to all others. Lb. 15 c .; 50 lbs . $\$ 5.00 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs}$. $\$ 9.00$. Mushroom Spawn. Genuine French Virgin. Lb. 50 cts.; $100 \mathrm{lbs} \$ 45.00$.
Mushroom Spawn. American pure culture. Per brick, 25 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.50$.
"How to Grow Mushrooms," by Faulkner, the most practical work, $\$$ 1.00., "Mushroom Culture," by Robinson, 50c

## Melon (Musk),

German, Melone. - French, Melon. - Spanish, Melon.
Melons prefer a warm, light, sandy loam ; being tender, plantings should not be made before the middle of May. Plant about six seeds, half-inch deep, in hills five to six feet apart each way. The hills should have at least a peck of well-rotted compost thoroughly stirred into each of them before the seed is planted. When well grown thin out to three plants in a hill. If an earlier crop than this method of cultivation allows is desired, the directions given for growing early cucumbers may be followed. Slug shot, tobacco dust, coal ashes or dry lime are excellent to sprinkle over the young plants to prevent the attack of insects. One ounce will plant about 60 hills. Two pounds will plant an acre.
Bay View Cantaloupe. Large size, green flesh,
fine flavor, late .
Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. Lb.
fist $\$ 0.05$ \$0.15 \$0.40 \$1.20


Breck's Improved Emerald Gem. Large, solid orange flesh of unequalled quality


FREE DELIVERY ANYWHERE IN THE UNITED STATES.
Where orders are accompanied by cash we deliver free to any Post Office, Railroad, Express Office or Freight Station at our expense, except where otherwise noted:-Vegetable and Flower Seeds at the package, ounce, $1=4 \mathrm{lb}$., $1=2 \mathrm{lb}$., and 1 lb . prices. Bulbs at the single and dozen rates. Books and other publications.

## Melons for Forcing (imported Varieties),

Invincible Scarlet. Form globular, orange-red when ripe, fine flavor. Pkt. 25 cents.
Sutton's A-1 Improved. Scarlet fleshed variety of delicious flavor. Pkt. 25 cents.

## Melon (Water),

French, Melon d'eau. - German, Wassermelone. - Spanish, Sandia.
Watermelons require the same general treatment as musk-melons; but being more tender they should have the best possible exposure. The hills should be eight feet apart. One ounce for forty hills; three pounds for an acre.
Black Spanish. Scarlet flesh, thin rind, sugary flavor
Citron. For preserving
Pkt. Oz. $1 / 41 \mathrm{~b}$.

Cole's Early. Medium size, red flesh, green skin . . . . . . . . . . . $05 \quad .10 \quad .25$
Cuban Queen. Round, large, bright red, sweet and sugary . . . . . . . . . . . . 25


Miller's Cream Musk Melon.

Gypsy, or Rattlesnake. Oblong shape, striped, red flesh . . . . . 05 . 10 . 25
Hungarian Honey. Very early, round shape, brilliant red flesh.
Ice Cream. Medium size, solid, scarlet flesh, fine flavor
Mountain Sweet. One of the best for general culture . . . . Phinney's Early. A standard sort for New England, bright-red flesh, sweet and tender .
Stokes' Early. Good quality, early
Sweetheart. Very large, fine quality
Vick's Early. Early, medium size, oblong form, pink flesh

## Martynia.

The seed pods are used for pickling, and should be gathered when green and tender. Plarit in the open ground the last week of May in rows two feet apart, making hill one foot apart in the rows; place several seeds in each hill, and when well up thin out to one plant. The seed may also be sown in a hot-bed, and the seedlings afterwards transplanted. One ounce will plant 50 hills. Pkt. Oz. 1/41b. Lb. Martynia Proboscidia
$\$ 0.05 \$ 0.30 \$ 1.00 \$ 3.50$
See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Mustard.

German, Senf.-French, Moutarde.-Spanish, Mostaza.
Cultivated for salad. The leaves are used like cress when very young. Sow thickly in rows at different times from April to June, and cut when about two inches high; for use during winter, it may be sown at intervals in boxes, in the greenhouse, or in a frame. One ounce will sow 40 feet of drill. Pkt. Oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Lb.
Brown or Black. More pungent in flavor than white .
Chinese. Leaves twice the size of the ordinary white mustard, of a deeper green, flavor pleasantly sweet and pungent, and desirable as a salad

| .05 | .15 | .30 | 1.00 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .05 | .10 |  | .50 |

White London

## JOSEPH BRECK \&o SONS, Boston, Mass.

Dear Sirs:-As one more season has passed I will say in regard to your most excellent and far famed garden and farm seeds that they can't be excelled in this, or in any other country in the world, and as far as germination and productivness, it seems as though every seed comes and makes a strong plant.
$I$ had a fine garden all from your seeds; my seed trade increases every season and $I$ have several orders now for next Spring.

Wishing you prosperity in the future, I remain, yours,
A. B. Reed, Richmond, Maine.

## Okra, or Gumbor

German, Essbarer. - French, Gumbo. - Spanish, Quibombo.
This vegetable is of the easiest culture, and grows freely, bearing abundantly in any ordinary garden soil. Sow early in May, in drills two inches deep, thin out the plants to about three feet apart. One ounce will sow 40 feet of drill.
Dwarf Green. Early and productive, tender pods
Tall Green. Later than the foregoing, an immense cropper, pods extra large and tender
White Velvet. Large, creamy-white pods, very tender $\$ 0.05 \$ 0.10 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.75$


## Breck's Yellow Globe Danvers Onion. Onion.

German, Zweibel. - French, Ognon. - Spanish, Cebolla.
The onion thrives best in rather strong, deep, loamy soil, which should be well enriched with old well-rotted manure or compost, or what is better, deeply trench, add manure the autumn previous to sowing, and lay upon ridges during the winter to soften. Sow the seed thinly in drills about one-quarter inch deep and one foot apart. To ensure quick and safe germination after sowing the seed, the drills should be trod along evenly with the foot, and then raked even, so that the hot, dry atmosphere may not dry up and destroy the sprouting seed. When three inches high, thin to three inches apart. Hoe frequently. Where the hoe cannot be used, the soil should be stirred with the fingers, otherwise weeds will quickly grow up and choke the crop. One ounce of seed will sow Ioo feet drill; four pounds per acre. Yellow, Breck's Yellow Globe Danvers. This is a home grown pedigree strain that Pkt. Oz. $1 / \mathrm{lb}$. Ib. we believe to be superior to any other Yellow Globe obtainable . . . . $\$ 0.10 \$ 0.30 \$ 1.00 \$ 3.00$
c6 Globe. Grown from selected bulbs, a very good type . . $\begin{array}{llll}.05 & .20 & .60 & 2.00\end{array}$
© Southport Globe. Handsome and distinct, somewhat late
" Early Cracker. Flat shape, early, and a good keeper

| - | .05 | .25 | .75 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2.50 |  |  |  |

" Prizetaker, or Globe Spanish. Large, light yellow.
Red Globe. (Southport Strain.) The finest large red sort .
"Large Wethersfield. Immense yielder, excellent keeper
" Extra Early. Flat shape, deep red, mild flavor
" Italian Tripoli. Large size, flat shape, mild flavor

| .05 | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| . | .05 | .25 | .75 |
| 2.50 |  |  |  |

" Giant Rocca. Globe shape, light red, very mild flavor

## Onion-Continued.



Southport White Globe.

White Globe. (Southport strain.) Mild flavor, early and large, not a good keeper
" Italian Tripoli. Large white variety, mild
" Portugal. Large, flat shape, mild flavor, not a good keeper
" Queen. Small, pure white, extra early, fine for pickles
" Mammoth Garganus, or Silver King. Silvery white, large size, mild flavor

| Pkt. | Oz. | Y/ lb. | Lb. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 0.10$ | $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 3.00$ |
| .05 | .20 | .60 | 2.00 |
| .05 | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |
| .05 | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |
| .05 | .25 | .75 | 2.50 |

## Onion Sets. <br> (Prices Variable.)

(Our Special Offers do not apply to Onion Sets.)
The sets should be planted out as early in spring as the ground is dry enough to work; plant them in rows one foot apart, with sets three or four inches apart. When raised from sets the onions can be used in the green state in June, or they will be ripened off by July.

Qt. Pk.
Yellow
Potaw . . . . . . . \$0.25 \$1.25
Totato Onions . . . . . . . 30 I. 50
Top, or Button Onions : . . . . 25 I. 25
White
\$0.25 \$1.50

Egyptian, or Perennial Tree, for fall flanting
$\underset{\text { Red }}{\text { Shallots }} . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad .30 \quad 1.50$
Red . . . . . . . . . 25 I. 50

JOSEPH BRECK \& SONS, Boston, Mass.
Gentlemen:- Would say regarding the 10 lbs. I ordered last year it grew the best onions which I had on the farm this year without a doubt. Now I wish to order 15 lbs. for next season provided you can give me the same strain of seed as I had this year. Yours truly, H. W. MARSH, Bradstreet, Mass.

## Parsley.

## German, Petersilie.-French, Persit.-Spanish, Perejil.

Soak the seeds a few hours in tepid water, and sow early in the spring in drills one foot apart; thin out the plants to three or four inches apart ; a single row forms a very good edging for bed or walks. The seed germinates very slowly, and sometimes two or three weeks will elapse before the plants make their appearance. To preserve in winter, transplant to a light cellar or cold-frame. The Turnip-Rooted variety should be thinned out while the plants are quite young, and afterwards treated the same as carrots. One ounce to 150 feet of drill.
Breck's Green Crest. A splendid sort for frames or open ground

Champion Moss Curled. Leaves beautifully curled, extra fine for garnishing
Fern-Leaved. Most exquisite in form and coloring
Hamburg, or Turnip-Rooted. Roots used for flavoring soups

## Parsnip,

## German, Pastinake.-French, Panais.-Spanish, Pastinaca.

Sow thick in April, in rows 18 inches apart, and one inch deep, in a rich, deep soil, well manured the previous fall, or with fine manure early in March. When the plants are two or three inches high, thin out to five or six inches apart in the rows. Unlike carrots, they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in the fall a sufficient quantity for winter use, leaving the rest in the ground until spring to be dug up as required. One ounce for 100 feet of drill; five pounds to an acre.
Breck's Market Garden. For flavor, texture of flesh, form, smoothness and as a cropper,
this variety is without an equal.
Pkt. Oz. I/ lb. Lb.
Early Round, or Turnip-Rooted. Suitable for shallow soils, a fine cropper and good quality
$\$ 0.05 \$ 0.15 \$ 0.50 \$ 1.50$
Early Round, or Turnip=Rooted. Suitable for shallow soils, a fine cropper and good quality
$\begin{array}{llll}.05 & 0.15 & \$ 0.35 & \$ 1.25\end{array}$
Long Smooth White. Free from coarse roots, a general favorite

| .05 | .15 | .35 | 1.25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Pumpkin.

## German, Kurbis.-French, Courge.-Spanish, Calabaza.

The pumpkin is now little used except for agricultural purposes, the squashes being so much sweeter, drier and finer grained for the kitchen. The farmer however finds the pumpkin a serviceable addition to his feed. The most common and least troublesome method of cultivation is to plant among the corn in hills eight feet apart, four seeds in a hill.
Conneaticut Field. Very productive; largely grown for feeding stock
Large Cheese, or Kentucky Field. Very productive; grown for both stock and table
Mammoth King. This variety often weighs over 100 pounds

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pkt. } \\ & \$ 0.05 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Oz} . \\ & \$ 0 . \mathrm{Io} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & y_{1} \mathrm{lb} . \\ & \$ 0.15 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\$ \mathrm{Lb} .}{\$ 0.50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . 05 | . 10 | . 20 | . 75 |
| . 05 | . 5 | . 50 | 1. 50 |
| . 05 | . 10 | . 30 | 1.00 |
| . 05 | . 10 | . 25 | 80 |
| . 05 | . 5 | . 50 |  |
|  |  | . 10 | . 3 |

Sweet, or Sugar. Round, small, and very sweet, an excellent table variety
Winter Luxury. A fine pie pumpkin, round, color russet-yellow, flesh thick, fine flavor
Pumpkin for Medicinal Purposes


Breck's Selected Strain Gradus Peas.
*Nott's Excelsior. Extra early, grows 15 inches high. Superior to American W onder
*Sutton's Excelsior. A dwarf extra early, height 15 inches, pods large and well filled, a heavy cropper and of delicious flavor.
*Thomas Laxton. A cross between Gradus and an extra early sort. It is without exception the best early wrinkled sort yet produced. It grows about three feet high

## Peas,

German, Erbse.-French, Pois.- Spanish, Chicaros.
Peas come earliest to maturity in light, rich soils, but for a general crop a deep loam or moderately heavy soil is better. Sow the smooth sorts as early in spring as the ground can be worked, and make successive sowings every ten days, the wrinkled sorts being given the preference as soon as the ground is warmed up. Plantings of the earlier sorts, such as Breck's Excelsior, may be made through July and even up to the Ioth day of August with reasonable hope of a crop. Sow in rows, from two to five feet apart, according to the height of the variety. One quart of peas will sow about roo feet of drill.

The seeds of the sorts to which an asterisk (*) is prefixed are wrinkled.

While the past season has been more favorable for the growing of Seed Peas, most varieties are still very scarce and correspondingly high cost. Prices quoted below are subject to change without further notice.

We supply four-ounce packets of Peas at 15 cts. each.

## Extra Early Sorts.

Alaska, or Clipper. A smooth, blue, Pt. prolific, sweet, extra early

Qt. Pk. *Bliss's American Wonder. Well known early wrinkled sort
$.25 \quad .40 \quad 2.25$

Breck's Excelsior. The best extra early for market and private garden
Breck's Old Glory. Surpasses all early sorts
*Carter's Premium Gem. Dwarf prolific, green, wrinkled variety of good quality
Claudit. The most desirable extra early pea introduced to date. The pea is large, deep green in color, and slightly wrinkled. The quality is unsurpassed
*Carter's Daffodil. Dwarf, extra early, prolific pea. Growth not over 18 inches. Pods long, broad, and of a deep green color
*Gradus, or Prosperity. The pods are almost as large as those of the Telephone, and are fit to pick three days after Alaska .
Laxtonian. Early dwarf about 18 inches high; usually 9 pods to a vine and about io peas to a pod; excellent quality.
Little Marvel. Extra early; superior to Nott's Excelsior; about 15 inches high; dark green pods, growing in pairs; very prolific
-
. 20

- 35
2.25
$.30 \quad .50 \quad 3.00$
$.25 \quad .40 \quad 2.50$
.
30
$.30 \quad .50 \quad 3 \cdot 50$
$.30 \quad .50 \quad 3.50$
$.30 \quad .50 \quad 3.50$

See page 25 for varieties of special merit.

## Second Early Sorts.

*Alderman. Height 4 feet, strong vines, pods large, containing 8 to io peas of fine flavor ${ }^{*}$.
*Bliss's Abundance. Strong vines of medium height that bear an enormous number of well-filled pods
*Bliss's Everbearing. A most desirable main crop variety for the private grower
Daisy, or Dwarf Telephone. Height 18 inches, large pods like Telephone
Dwarf Champion Pea. A dwarf form of the Champion of England; very productive
*Duke of Albany, or American Champion. Larger pods than Telephone, earlier, dwarfer and with littie tendency to " sport"
*McLean's Advancer. A dwarf, green, wrinkled marrow of fine flavor

| .30 | .50 | 3.50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |
| .25 | .40 | 3.00 |
| .30 | .50 | 3.50 |
| .25 | .40 | 3.00 |
| .30 | .50 | 3.50 |
|  |  |  |
| .30 | .50 | 3.50 |
| .25 | .40 | 2.50 |

See Special Offers on third page of cover.

# Peas - Continued. <br> We supply packets of Peas at 15 cts. each. <br> <br> General Grop. 

 <br> <br> General Grop.}

Admiral Dewey. A splendid large podded variety

| Pt. | Qt. | Pk. |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.25$ | $\$ 0.45$ | $\$ 3.00$ |
| .15 | .25 | 1.50 |
|  |  |  |
| .30 | .50 | 3.50 |
| .25 | .45 | 3.00 |
| .25 | .40 | 3.00 |
| .20 | .35 | 2.50 |
|  |  |  |
| .25 | .40 | 2.50 |
| .25 | .40 | 2.50 |

## French Peas,

Petite Pois, "Clamart Hatif." Small sweet popular French variety, a good second early, growing in France 4 to 5 feet bigh. Pods about 3 inches long, somewhat curved, containing 7 to 9 peas, good bearer
$\$ 0.30$
$\$ 0.50 \quad \$ 3.00$ Special prices per bushel quoted on application. For Canada Field and other Forage Peas see Forage Crops.

## Pepper:

> German, Pfeffer.- French, Piement.-Spanish, Pimiento.

Plant in hotbeds in March, and transplant into the open ground the latter part of May, in rows about 20 inches apart and eight inches apart in the row. Repeated hoeings promote their growth. One ounce of seed will produce about 2,000 plants.
Cayenne, Long Red. The pods of this variety are from 3 to 4 inches in length, cone Pkt. Oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. shaped, and coral red when ripe
\$0.05 \$0. 25 \$0.75
Golden Dawn. Shaped like the bell; color, golden yellow

| .10 | .30 | 1.00 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .05 | .25 | .75 |
| .10 | .50 | 1.75 |
|  |  |  |
| .10 | .35 | 1.00 |
| .10 | .30 | .85 |
| .05 | .25 | .75 |
| .10 | .35 | .85 |
| .10 | .50 | 1.75 |
| .10 | .30 | .85 |

Large Bell, or Bull Nose. Fruit large, an early sweet variety . . . . . . . . . . . $25 \quad .75$
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Chinese Giant. Grows very large and uniform; as early as Ruby King and very mild . } \\ \text { Neapolitan. Early, large ; skin bright red, very mild flavor. Fruit about } 4 \text { inches long and } & .10 & .50 \quad 1.75\end{array}$ 4 to 5 around
Red Cherry. Fruit round, very productive and ornamental
Red Chill. Used for pepper sauce; small narrow pods, about five inches long; fine flavor $\quad .10 \quad .30 \quad .85$
Duby King. Pods about five inches; fine flavor
Ruby King. Pods about five inches; fine flavor
Squash, or Tomato-Shaped. The kind most generally grown for pickling; an excellent sort
Sweet Mountain, or Mammoth. Similar in shape to the Large Bell, but of much larger size

## Potatoes.

( Prices subject to market changes.)
Special prices on large quantities quoted on application. Special offers do not apply on potatoes.

Of the many varieties of potatoes that claim public favor, we have selected only a few, and these the best in cultivation. We aim to include in our list only those sorts which we have found by actual test are worthy of cultivation. Orders will be booked as received, and shipped in rotation, after danger of freezing is over; and as potatoes are of a perishable character, we assume no responsibility for damages incurred in transit, but we will, of course, exercise the greatest care to
guard against sudden changes in the temperature. All the potatoes we offer are grown from selected stock especially
for seed purposes. They are calculated to give the best results to planters, and when compared with common stocks will more than pay in increased crop for the small extra cost of seed, while the quality will be better and more uniform. Ten to 12 bushels will plant an acre.

| Pk. | Bu. <br> $\$ 0.75$ <br> $\$ 2.50$ | $\$ 5.00$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |
| .60 | 2.00 | 5.00 |
| 1.00 | 3.00 |  |
| .60 | 2.00 | 4.50 |

Breck's Pride. Very early, medium size, white, heavier cropper than Irish Cobbler Beauty of Hebron. A standard sort, pure white skin and flesh, an excellent cropper Carman No. 3. A potato with a long pedigree. Try it
Delaware. Medium early, very large, white throughout and extra quality .
Early Harvest. Wonderfully early, fine sized tubers
Early Norther. Earlier and more prolific than Early Rose, of which it is a seedling
Early Rose. Our stock of this standard variety is especially good
Green Mountain. A second early of superior quality, a large yielder and good keeper
Irish Cobbler. Very early, of good quality and very prolific
Lady Finger. The genuine old-fashioned variety for baking, per lb. 20 cts.
Norcross. Medium early, splendid market sorts, white
Directions for sending goods by Parcel Post will be found on page three of cover.

## Rhubarb,



German, Rhabarber. - French, Rhubarbe. - Spanish, Rhubarbo Bastardo.
(For price of Rhubarb Roots see Vegetable plants.)
Sow early in the spring in drills a foot apart, thinning out to about the same distance apart in the rows when a few inches high. In fall, or the following spring, transplant into deep, rich soil about three feet apart each way. If propagated by dividing the roots, it may be done either in fall or spring, planting it at the same distance apart as given above.
Linnæus. Early, large and tender. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. 20 cts.; $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. 50 cts.
Victoria. Very large, later than Linnæus. Pkt. 5 cts.; oz. $20 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .50 \mathrm{cts}$.

## Radish.

German, Rettig, Radieschen. - French, Radis, Rave, Petit Rave.-Spanish, Rabano.
Radishes require a light, rich, sandy loam; heavy or clayey soils not only delay their maturity but produce crops much inferior, both in appearance and especially in flavor. For a constant supply, sow from the middle of March until September, at intervals of two or three weeks. For an early supply they may be sown in a hotbed in February. For winter radishes, sow the seed about beginning of July, and keep the roots during winter in a cool cellar, covered with earth. They should be placed in cold water an hour or so before using. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet drill; so lbs. per acre.


## FREE DELIVERY ANYWHERE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Where orders are accompanied by cash we deliver free to any Post Office, Railroad, Express Office or Freight Station at our expense, except where otherwise noted:-Vegetable and Flower Seeds at the package, ounce, $1=4 \mathrm{lb} ., 1=2 \mathrm{lb}$., and 1 lb . prices. Bulbs at single and dozen rates. Books and other publications.

## Squash.

German. Kurbiss. - French, Courge - Spanish, Calabaza Tontanera.


As all squāshes are somewhat tender, they should not be planted out until danger from frost is past. They will grow on almost any soil, but a warm, mellow one that has been well manured suits them best. The hills for bush varieties should be about four feet apart; for running sorts, eight feet. Thin out to two plants to a hill, and in the early stages of growth keep well sprinkled with plaster dust. Bush varieties, one ounce to 40 hills; running varieties, one ounce to 20 hills; two to four pounds per acre.

## Bush Varieties.

Giant Summer Crookneck. Yellow fruit, large and good
Golden Custard. An improved and larger yellow bush
Mammoth White Bush. The best for early use
Vegetable Marrow. A favorite English sort, distinct, flesh white
Yellow Bush Scallop. A fine summer sort

| Pkt. <br> $\$ 0.05$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Oz} . \\ \$ \mathrm{O} .10 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} . \\ \$ \mathrm{o} .30 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Lb. } \\ \$ \mathrm{I} .00 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . 05 | . 10 | - 30 | I. 00 |
| . 05 | . 10 | . 30 | 1.00 |
| . 05 | . 15 | . 40 | I. 50 |
| .05 | . 10 | - 30 | 1.00 |
| . 05 | . 10 | - 30 | I. 00 |
| . 05 | . 10 | . 30 | I. 00 |
| .05 | . 15 | - 30 | 1.00 |
| . 10 | . 20 | . 60 | 2.00 |
| . 05 | . 10 | .25 | . 80 |
| . 05 | . 15 | - 30 | 1.00 |
| . 05 | . 15 | . 40 | I. 25 |
| . 05 | . 15 | . 40 | I. 25 |
| . 05 | - 15 | . 40 | I. 25 |
| . 05 | . 15 | . 40 | I. 25 |
| .05 | - 15 | . 50 | I. 50 |
| . 05 | . 15 | - 50 | I. 50 |
| . 05 | . 10 | - 30 | 1.00 |

Bay State. Style of Essex Hybrid, color blue, good for fall and winter
Boston Marrow. Follows the summer sorts in season, a good fall and winter sort
Golden Bronze. A cross of the Bay State and Boston Marrow. Color, dark grayish green, flesh bright golden yellow
Delicious. Leads all others in quality
Early Prolific Marrow, or Orange Marrow. Early, distinct, good, suitable for fall or winter use
Essex Hybrid. A hard shell Turban, fine for winter
Hubbard. A standard winter sort, meat dry and fine
Hubbard, Golden or Red. A grand keeper
Hubbard, Mammoth Warted. Large, covered with warts, keeps well, fine quality
Marblehead. Light blue, very productive and a fine keeper ; oblong in shape
Victor. Hard warted shell, flesh solid and thick; a fall and winter variety, color orange yellow, very productive
Warren. An improved Essex Hybrid, but of deeper orange color and harder shell
Winter Crookneck. A standard winter sort, of fine quality

## Spinach.

German, Spinat. - French, Epinard. - Spanish, Espinaca.
Spinach likes a rich soil, and should be sown for a main crop in August or September. When cold weather sets in, it should be protected from frost by covering it with straw and brush. Sow the seed of New Zealand Spinach (which must be scalded and soaked in hot water before sowing) in hills three feet apart each way, three or four seeds in a hill. This is fit for cutting all summer. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; r2 pounds per acre.

Pkt. Oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$ Lb.
Long Standing. Leaves thick and large. The best for spring sowing . . . \$0.05 \$0. Io \$0.15 \$0.45
New Zealand. (Tetragonia expansa.) A distinct, spreading plant, very productive . . $05 \quad .15 \quad .30 \quad 1.00$
Glant. Round, thick leaved.

| .05 | .15 | .30 | 1.00 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .05 | .10 | .15 | .45 |

Drickly, or Winter. Recommended for fall sowing
Monstrous Viroflay. Large, thick, dark green leaves . . . . . .
Bloomsdale or Savoy=Leaved. Large curled and wrinkled leaves, fine market sort
Victoria. Very dark coloredleaves,fine variety for spring sowing, later than Long Standing
.05
.05

See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Salsify, or Oyster Plant.

German, Boksbart.-French, Salsifis.-Spanish, Ostra Vegetal.
The demand for Salsifv is increasing from year to year, as its delicious qualities are becoming known. It is used stewed, boiled or fried, and sometimes as a salad sliced raw in vinegar with salt and pepper. When cooked it has an oyster flavor, and is commonly called " Vegetable Oyster." The
Mammoth Sandwich Island Salsify. directions for growing and keeping are the same as for parsnip. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; Io lbs. to the acre. Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. Lb.
Breck's Improved Long White. Roots of medium size, white and smooth $\$ 0.10 \$ 0.20 \$ 0.50 \$ 1.50$ Mammoth Sandwich Island. Twice as large as the preceding, and of fine quality . .io . 20 . 50 I. 50

## Tobacco.

Connecticut Seed Leaf. Best adapted to the climate of the Northern and Middle States .05 . 25 2.00
Havana. Imported seed

# Tomato. <br> German, Liebsapfel.-French, Tomate.-Spanish, Tomate. 

(For Tomato Plants see Vegetable Plants.)

The seeds should be sown in a hot-bed about the first week in March, in drills five inches apart and half an inch deep. When the plants are about two inches high, they should be set out about four or five inches apart in another hot-bed. About the middle of May the plants may be set in the open ground; they are planted for early crops on light, sandy soil, at a distance of three feet apart, in hills in which a good shovelful of rotten manure has been mixed. On heavy soils, which are not suited for an early crop, they should be planted four feet apart. Water freely at the time of transplanting, and shelter from the sun for a few days until the plants are established. One ounce will produce about 2000 plants.

Breck's Belmont. The best early either for forcing or open ground cultivation, fruit bright scarlet, with few seeds, finely flavored and solid.

Pkt. Oz. $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lb}$. Lb.

Chalk's Early Jewel Tomato. Extra early, bright red, fine flavor and very productive
$\$ 0.10 \$ 0.35 \$ 1.00 \$ 3.50$

Dwarf Champion. Dwarf and strong habit of growth, very solid and of extra quality


Dwarf Stone Tomato. The largest dwarf growing sort. Fruit bright scarlet
Earliana. Earliest and best bright red tomato, smooth and firm
Golden Queen. Good size and quality, bright yellow color .
June Pink. A very early market sort, smooth and of a bright pink color
New Globe. (Livingston's.) An excellent new sort, crimson color
Perfection. Large and early, thick meat, few seeds, blood-red color
Stokes' Bonny Best. Very early, a vigorous grower, and prolific
Stone. Very smooth, solid, thick flesh, bright scarlet color .
Pear-Shaped Red. Fruit handsome and solid, fine for preserves
Plum=Shaped Yellow. Uniform shape, bright yellow, used for pickles
Red Cherry. A small, early variety, size and shape of a cherry, used for pickling
Stirling Castle. Excellent for forcing, medium size, scarlet in color
The Comet. Splendid for forcing, very prolific .
Strawberry, or Winter Cherry. (Physalis Alkekengi.) The fruit grows in a husk and will keep all winter. It has a pleasant strawberry-like flavor. It is much used for preserving, also for sauce
. $10 \quad .40 \quad 1.25$
Yellow Cherry. Similar to Red Cherry except in color

Pkt. Oz. 1/4 1b. Lb.
. \$0.10 \$0. 30 \$1.00
$.10 \quad .40 \quad 1.50 \$ 5.00$
$.10 \quad .30 \quad 1.00 \quad 3.00$
$.15 \quad .50 \quad 1.50 \quad 5.50$
$.10 \quad .50 \quad 1.75 \quad 6.00$
$.05 \quad .25 \quad .60 \quad 2.00$
$.10 \quad .40 \quad 1.50 \quad 4.00$
$\begin{array}{llll}.05 & .25 & .60 & 2.00\end{array}$
$.10 \quad .30 \quad 1.00$
$.10 \quad .30 \quad 1.00$
$.10 \quad .30 \quad 1.00$
$\begin{array}{lll}.25 & 1.00 & 3.00\end{array}$
$.20 \quad 1.00 \quad 3.00$

See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Turnip,

German, Steckrube.-French, Navet.-Spanish, Navo Comun.
Turnips may be sown at all seasons from April to August in our climate, although those will be the best which are sown very early in spring for summer crop, and early in August for a fall and winter crop. A light soil well manured the previous year is the best; no manure should be applied at the time of sowing, unless it be well decomposed compost, or the roots would be liable to be bad-flavored. The ground should be dug or plowed deep and made mellow and fine. Sow the seeds of the flat sorts broadcast, and rake in evenly. After they are well up, thin to six or eight inches apart, and keep them clear from weeds. The Ruta Baga sorts should be sown in drills 15 inches apart, and for winter use may be sown from the 20th of June to the middle of July, on land that has been well manured for other crops in spring; thin out as for the early crop. One ounce will sow 150 feet drill. Two pounds will sow one acre in drills. One pound will sow one acre broadcast.

Pkt. Oz. 1/4 rb. Lb.
Early Snowball. Small and of quick growth, pure white \$0.05 \$0.10 \$0.20 \$0.60 Golden Ball. A small, golden-yellow flesh variety, unsurpassed for table use
Long White or Cow Horn. Flesh white, fine-grained and sweet, and of excellent quality

| .05 | .10 | .20 | .60 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .50 |
| .05 | .10 | .30 | 1.00 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .75 |
| .10 | .15 | .30 | 1.00 |
| .05 | .10 | . .20 | .75 |
| .05 | .15 | .25 | .75 |
| .10 | .15 | .40 | 1.25 |

White Egg Turnip.
Purple=Top Munich. One of the best earlies, good form and quality
Purple-Top White Globe. A round, handsome turnip of superior quality
Purple=Top Milan. The earliest of the flat Red-Top turnips, small, strapped leaves, white, sweet, tender flesh
Red, or Purple=Top Strap Leaf. The best of the flat turnips
White Egg. A handsome egg-shaped white variety, grows large
White-Top Milan. The earliest of all turnips, very mild flavor
Pkt. Oz. $\quad 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Lb.

White Norfolk. One of the best late varieties for stock
\$0.05 \$0.10 \$0.20 \$0.50
White-Top Strap Leaf. Similar to Red-Top variety, but not so popular White Flat Dutch. An excellent early sort
Yellow Aberdeen. Very hardy and productive; good for stock and table; keeps well
Yellow Stone or Globe. Of medium size, excellent flavor, and a good keeper; flesh yellow

## Ruta Baga, or Swedish Turnip,

BudlongSwede. Choice strain, white Improved American. Flesh yellow, solid, sweet and fine flavor
Shamrock. A globe-shaped, very hardy, fine-grained, yellow
Skirving's Purple-Top. Large, yellow, firm flesh, sweet, good keeper
St. Andrew's. A yellow flesh variety of excellent quality
Sweet German. Pure white, very solid, sweet, mild, well flavored
White French. Excellent for table or stock. Flesh firm, white and solid Sinion Long Island or Russian. A most popular sort with the Long Island, N.Y., market gardener, color white. Seed Long Island grown

| .05 | .10 | .20 | .50 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .50 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .75 |
| .05 | .10 | .20 | .75 |



## Fruit, Shrub and Tree Seeds.

Apple
Apricot Pits
Currant, Cherry
Gooseberry, Mixed
Peach Pits
Pear, French :
Quince
Raspberry
Strawberry, Mixed
Arbor Vito, American

Barberry, Common
Oz.
Oz. Lb
. . . $\$ 0.20 \$ 2.00$
Barberry, Thunbergi . . . . . 304.00
Locust, Honey . . . . . . 20 I. 50
Ash, White
$.15 \quad 1.50$
Birch, White
Cedar, Red
$20 \quad 2.00$
Elm, American . . . . . . $20 \quad 2.00$
Maple, Sugar
$.20 \quad 2.00$
Pine, White or Weymouth
Spruce, Norway
See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Sweet, Pot and Medicinal Herbs.

These herbs are all of easy cultivation. Sow the seed early in May.


## Seeds Used for Flavoring, Etc.

(Special Offers do not apply on these seeds.) Prices subject to market changes.


## Bird Seeds.

(Special Offers do not apply on Bird Seeds.)

| Canary, Best Sicily | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lb. } \\ & \text { \$0.10 } \end{aligned}$ | 100 lbs. $\$ 6.00$ | Rice, Unhulled or | Lb. | 100 lbs . | Mocking Bird I'ood, in bottles | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Each } \\ & \$ 0.35 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Doz. } \\ \$ 3.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hemp | . 08 | 6.00 | Paddy | \$0.12 | \$10.00 | Song Restorer, in bottl | les 25 | \$2.75 |
| Rape, Enrman | . 10 | 8.00 8.00 | Milet, White French | . 15 | 4.00 12.00 | Gravel for Cages ${ }_{\text {Pkg }}^{\text {Po.1 }}$ | - Bus | Lb. |
| Mixed Bird Seed | . 10 | 7.00 | " Siberian | . 06 | 4.50 | Cuttle Fish Bone |  | 0.40 |
| Lettuce | . 30 | 15.00 | Mocking Bird Food, |  |  |  |  | 100 lbs . |
| Maw or Poppy | . 5 | 12.00 | in bulk | . 25 |  | Sunflower Seed <br> Kaffir Corn for Pig |  | $\$ 7.00$ |

## Old Homestead Popcorn,

(Special Offers do not apply to Popcorn.)
For Corn Balls, Candied Popcorn and Nuggets the Old Homestead will be found superior. Per ilb. pkg. io cents; per case of $24 \mathrm{pkgs} . \$ 1.70$ net.

## Popcorn on Gob, or Shelled.

Thoroughly cured, and in excellent condition for popping. Per lb. io cents; per $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 7.00$ net.

## Vegetable Plants and Roots.

All are especially grown for our trade from choicest strains of seed. We shall be pleased to quote special prices to Large Buyers.
(Special Offers do not apply to articles under this heading.)


[^2]
## AGRICULTURAL GRAINS,

All grass, grain and clover seeds supplied by us are carefully tested for purity and germination before being offered for sale. (Prices subject to market change.)


Harvest Time for Breck's King Oats
Breck's King Oats.
Breck's King Oats.
This most productive Northern grown oat, which we have grown especially for us for seed purposes is steadily growing in favor with the up-to-date New England farmer. The grain itself is large and plump, straw long, clean, firm and does not lodge readily. Our stock this year is the best we have ever offered, weighing nearly 40 pounds to the measured bushel, and our purity tests show that the seed will average $99 \%$ pure with a germination of over $95 \%$, and free from rust or smut. Per bushel, $\$ 1.25 ; 5$ bushels for $\$ 6.00 ; 10$ bushels for $\$ 11.50 ; 20$ bushels for $\$ \mathbf{2 2 . 5 0}$, bags extra.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { JOSEPH BRECK \& SONS, Boston, Mass. } \\
& \text { Gentlemen: } \\
& \text { I had fine success with all the seeds you sent me this year. Yours truly, } \\
& \text { C. D. RUSSELL, Ashland, N. H. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## BARLEY.

Two=Rowed
Per Bush.
Four $=$ Rowed
Success Beardless. A six-rowed variety that is practically free from the poisonous beard. It is early, hardy, large grained, strong of straw and productive

## BUCKWHEAT.

## Silver Hulled <br> Japanese. Enormously productive

India Wheat. Similar to Buckwheat; good cover crop for poor soils in northern latitudes

## OATS.

Lincoln. Good American sort . . . I.oo
Wild Rice (Zizania aquatica). Price quoted on application. Not kept in stock. Seed must be moist when sown.

## RYE.

To prevent disappointment, we offer only selected rye for seed purposes.
Spring . Per bush. \$2.00

Winter 1.60

## SPRING WHEAT.

Per Bush
Blue Stem. Beardless. White, velvet-like chaff and stem just below the head when green, with a beautiful blue bloom which disappears as the wheat ripens. Free from rust, grains hard and of fine milling quality

Fyfe. A red, beardless wheat, with long smooth heads well covered with chaff; straw stiff, bright colored. Grain very hard, of a dull, reddish color. Very suitablefor New England

## WINTER WHEAT.

Dawson's Golden Chaff. One of the hardiest wheats we know of, heads bald, color of grain white (inclined to light amber), straw of medium length

Satisfaction. Heads beardless, white chaff, grain light amber. A strong growing variety with large grains and broad, well filled heads


Field of Breck's True Turkestan Alfalfa, Two Years Old, Growing on World's End Farm, Hingham, Mass.

## BRECK'S TRUE TURKESTAN ALFALFA

After many years of careful investigation and field tests of many kinds of Alfalfa seed from different parts of the world, we have found that the seed coming from the high, dry, barren country of Turkestan gives the most satisfaetory results in New England, and for that reason we offer no other seed but Turkestan. Price per lb., 22 cts.; 100 lb. lots, 20 cts. per lb., f. o. b., Boston.

## ALFALFA or LUCERNE (Medicago Sativa.)

The greatest forage crop known now being grown with great success in all parts of the world and steadily growing in favor with the intelligent New England farmer, as it is proving to be of the greatest value to him not only as a forage crop, but as a soil improver. It is a legume, taking the free nitrogen from the air and storing it up in the deep growing roots. Alfalfa, as green fodder or cured hay, is relished above all other forage crops by stock.

To grow a good field of Alfalfa, it is important to select deep, loamy, well drained land with loose sub-soil, as standing water will soon kill out the young growing plants. Plow and harrow the land selected thoroughly, and with the first harrowing apply at least one ton Agricultural Lime per acre, thereby correcting any acidity in the soil. Continue to harrow the land at short intervals for some weeks, thereby thoroughly pulverizing the top soil and at the same time working out and killing the old grass roots and weeds that would otherwise get a quick start and choke out the young Alfalfa. If possible, give the ground a fair dressing of barnyard manure, and a short time before sowing the seed harrow in 600 or 800 lbs. per acre of high grade commercial fertilizer. It will also be found a great help if one will inoculate the seed with Farmogerm before sowing; or obtain some soil from an old Alfalfa field and broadcast at the rate of 300 or 400 lbs . per acre.

It has been found that in this latitude seed sown the last of June or early July will escape being hindered by weed growth, and get a good stand before cold weather. Do not cut closely the first season; when the first blooms appear, cut, allow it to wilt, put up in cocks and cure in the cock.

We can furnish soil from old Alfalfa fields for inoculating new land; not carried in stock, shipped direct from fields. Price about $\$ 1.25$ per 100 lbs ., f. o. b. Boston.

## CLOVERS.

Prices variable, subject to market changes.
There are no plants so valuable for fertilizers as the Clovers. They have the faculty of absorbing nitrogen from the air, and also of rendering available much of the inert plant food of the soil. Their long, powerful tap roots penetrate to a great depth, loosen the soil, admit air, and by their decay add immensely to the fertility of the soil.
Medium Red. (Trifolium pratense.) This is the common Red Clover, by far the most important of all varieties for the practical purposes of Agriculture. 60 lbs . to the bushel ; price per 1b. 25 cts .
Mammoth Pea Vine. (Trifolium pratense var.) Of ranker growth than medium red, sometimes grows 5 or 6 feet high; excellent for plowing under and reclaiming exhausted soils. 60 lbs . to the bushel; price per lb., 28 cts .
Alsike or Swedish. (Trifolium hybridum.) This is the hardiest of all clovers, resists cold, extreme drought and wet; can be cut several times in a season, and for low land liable to wash it is invaluable, excellent for bees. 60 lbs. to the bushel ; price per lb., 30 cts.
White Clover. (Trifolium repens.) This should be included in all mixtures for lawns and permanent pastures. It is adapted to all soil and should be sown early in spring. 60 lbs. to the bushel ; price per lb., 50 cts .
Crimson Clover. (Trifolium incarnatum.) Also known as the Scarlet and Carnation Clover. An annual of rapid growth and great value where only one crop is desired; excellent for a cover crop in orchard or for plowing under to improve poor soils. 60 lbs . to the bushel ; price per lb ., 15 cts .
Yellow Trefoil. (Medicago lupulina). An annual or biennial suitable for pasture in wet meadows, or stiff clayey soils which are too poor for other clovers. 60 lbs . to the bushel; price per lb., 15 cts .
Bokhara. (Melilotus alba). Will grow on very poor soils. Excellent for plowing under as green manure; valuable for those who have honey bees. 60 lbs . to the bushel ; price per lb., 30 cts .
Yellow Sweet Clover. More suitable for turning under than the white variety. Good crop to preceed and prepare land for Alfalfa, valuable for bees; grows about 2 feet high. 20 cts . lb., $\$ 15.00$ per 100 .

# BRECK'S SAND OR WINTER VETCH (VICIA VILLOSA) AND GOLDEN CHAFF WINTER WHEAT. 

## (Our Special Offers do not apply on goods under this heading.)

This mixture of a non-legume and a legume is a very desirable spring green fodder. It will produce excellent crops on poor, sandy soils as well as on good land; grows to a height of four to five feet. It is perfectly hardy throughout the United States, and should be sown in the fall. It is the earliest crop for cutting, being hardier and nearly a month earlier than Scarlet Clover, and a full crop can be taken off the land in time for planting spring crops. Every dairyman and stock-breeder in the United States should have a field of it, and if you try it once you will never be a season without it. It is exceedingly nutritious, eaten with relish, and may be fed with safety to all kinds of stock. If more of the fodder mixture has been produced than can be fed green, the balance may be made into hay.


A Field of Breck's Sand or Winter Vetch and Golden Chaff Winter Wheat growing on Cherry Hill Farm, Beverly, Mass.

Seed for the above field was sown broadcast October ist, at the rate of three bushels wheat and one-half bushel Vetch to the acre, and was harvested June 15 th and produced twelve to fifteen tons green fodder to the acre.

Note..-Customers who wish to sow in the spring may use Fyfe spring wheat and spring Vetches (Vicia Sativa) in the same proportion per acre.

PRICES (Subject to Market Changes);
Breck's Sand or Winter Vetch, Vicia Villosa, 60 lbs. per bu., per bu. $\$ 7.00$
Golden Chaff Winter Wheat, 60 lbs. per bu. $\quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad 00$
Joseph Breck \&o Sons, Boston, Mass.
Gentlemen:-
We have always had good success with the field seeds we have purchased of you; this year we are adding a small order of garden seeds. We are planning to raise quite a little sweet corn and shell beans for the Boston Market, and if we find it pays shall doubtless increase our acreage next year. Yours truly
Fair View Farm, Marlboro, Mass.
E. D. HOWE \& SON.

See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Japanese Barnyard Millet (Panicum Grus Galli),

## Our Special Offers DO NOT apply on goods under

 this heading.Under varying conditions this has given highly satisfactory results in New England, especially for two or three weeks in August for feeding green, also as ensilage and as a hay crop. The seed is being used more and more as a food for poultry; the green forage is tender and highly relished, about equal to the best green fodder corn in nutritive value.

The seed was originally introduced from Japan by Prof. William P. Brooks, Director Massachusetts Agricultural Experiment Station.

To obtain the most satisfactory results, one should select rich and retentive soils. The heaviest crops will usually be obtained from early sowing, planting about the same time that one would usually plant ordinary field corn, although farmers frequently sow it as late as the last of August. In the latitude of Boston, Japanese Millet grows very rapidly during hot weather, and yields of green fodder as high as 12 to 15 tons are not unusual for the season.

Sow at the rate of 25 lbs . per acre broadcast; or if to be planted in drills, 18 inches apart, 15 lbs. of seed to the acre will be sufficient. Per lb. 8 cts.; 100 lbs. 5 cts. per 1 b .

## Southern Gow Peas (Vigna Gatjang), Make Poor Land Rich.

Green crops plowed under are one of the best and cheapest ways of improving the soil. For this purpose the Cow Pea is most popular, especially for medium or light soil. They should be sown in May or June at the rate of $\mathrm{I} 1 / 2$ bushels to the acre, and plowed under as soon as they have attained their full growth. While this crop is very largely grown wherever known, with the results attained from it the wonder is that it is not grown ten times as much as at present. There is no


A Field of Winter Vetch. surer or cheaper means of improving poor soil than by sowing Cow Peas. In its capacity as a nitrogen gatherer its growth largely enables the farmer to dispense with the use of nitrogen or ammoniated fertilizers. Nitrogen or ammonia in commercial fertilizers is valued at 15 cts. per lb .
Clay, or Wonderful. Has matured in New England. Qt. 20 cts., bush. \$4.00.
New Era. Early and large yielder. Qt. 20 cts., bush. $\$ 4.00$.
Southern Black Eye. Immense cropper. Qt. 20 cts., bush. \$4.00. Whippoorwill. One of the earliest. Qt. 20 cts., bush. $\$ 4.00$.

Prices subject to
market changes.

## Winter Vetch (Vicia Villosa),

Growth and appearance like Spring Vetch.
Valuable in New England as an early spring green forage crop if sown in the average season before September 15 , at the rate of $11 / 2$ to 2 bushels Winter Wheat or Rye and from $1 / 2$ to 1 bushel of Vetch. It is especially valuable as a winter cover crop for orchards. Per bushel of $60 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.00$ bushel, net. Also see page 52 .

## Spring Vetch or Tares (Vicia Sativa),

Annual, legume, in growth and general appearance very much like common peas. Valuable as a summer forage when sown early in spring on well cultivated and enriched ground at the rate of $1 / 2$ bushel Vetch and 2 bushels Grain, Barley or Oats per acre. Can also be sown alone at the rate of about 80 lbs . per acre as cover crop for orchard. Weight per bushel 60 lbs .; $\$ 3.00$ bushel net, subject to market changes.

## Rape-Dwarf Essex, English.

Is easily grown, perfectly hardy and possesses remarkable fattening properties. Under ordinary field conditions the plants reach height of about 4 feet; the roots being strong growing, penetrate the soil to a considerable depth.

Rape is especially adapted to cool, moist conditions, such as prevail in New England, and for its best development requires a loamy soil, moist and rich; ground that has produced good crops of corn, turnips and cabbage will be found very suitable for Rape. Plant seed in New England from May it to middle or last of July in average seasons.

In preparing the land for the seed, take every care possible to have it free from noxious weeds. Have the ground well pulverized with a harrow, thereby giving a deep, mellow seed bed.

Dwarf Essex Rape will be found to resist summer drought if care is taken to get the plants well started before extreme summer heat may be expected. For sowing in drills, about io lbs. of seed per acre is required; broadcast, 15 lbs . per acre. Per lb. 15 cts., per $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 12.00$.

## MIScellaneous Seeds, For Forage Grops, Plowing Under, Etc.

## Prices subject to market changes.

Peas, Canada or White Field. Unsurpassed as a green feed for milch cows. Sow with oats or Barnyard Millet. Broadcast two bushel peas and two bushel oats per acre or eight quarts Barnyard Millet. Pk. 85 cts.; bush $\$ 3.00$.
Broom Corn, Long Brush Evergreen. Sow 12 quarts per acre, after danger from frost is passed. It succeeds best in a good, deep, moderately moist soil. Lb. 15 cts.; 10 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
Lupins, Yellow. This succeeds in the poorest soils, and is very valuable for plowing under to improve sandy soil. It makes good forage, either green or as hay. Sow in spring when the ground has become warm, 90 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts.; 100 lbs. $\$ 10.00$.
-Blue. Used for plowing under. Lb. 20 cts.; $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 10.00$.
Millet, Pearl (Penicillaria spicata). A valuable and very productive fodder plant, should not be sown until danger from frost is over. This Millet has frequently been sold at very high prices under the names of Brazilian Millet and Penicillaria Zeaoides. Drill 18 inches apart, 10 lbs to acre. Lb. 15 cts.; 100 lbs. $\$ 10.00$.
Spurrey (Spergula arvensis). Annual. This plant will grow on land that is too dry and too thin to support clover, and so rapidly that three sowings may be made in one season. The crop may be fed both green and as hay. It is in condition to pasture sheep or cattle on in about six weeks after sowing, and sowings may be made every month from April to August. Sow broadcast, 20 lbs . per acre. Lb. 15 cts.; 100 lbs . $\$ \mathrm{IO} 00$.

## Soja Beans.

One of the most valuable and important forage and soil-improving crops.
The use of this crop is increasing everywhere. As a forage crop, Soja Beans make a larger growth than cow peas on the same land and can be cut and cured to better advantage. They also furnish a richer feed, containing more oil and fattening properties. Soja Beans supply a large amount of forage rich in protein and hence they are very valuable as a feed for milch cows. Can be cut with corn for the silo and wonderfully improves the quality of the feed.

As a soil-improving crop a great many of our customers think the Soja Bean is fully equal to cow peas. It is certainly one of the best crops to clean land and put it in good condition for succeeding crops.
Yellow Soja. A large-growing, yellow-seeded variety, especially suitable for ensilage and plowing under. Sow at the rate of one bushel per acre. Qt. 20 cts.; pk. $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$; bu. $\$ 3.50$.

## Sorghum.

Twenty-five pounds per acre is sown in drills. For dry fodder, broadcast 100 lbs. per acre.
Early Amber Sugar Cane. Ripens where Indian corn matures. Per lb. 12 cts.; 100 lbs. $\$ 7.00$.
Red Kaffir Corn, or Sorghum. Non-saccharine. The plant is low, stocky, perfectly erect. The whole stalk, as well as the blades, cure into excellent fodder, and in all stages of its growth is available for green feed. Per lb. I2 cts.; per IOO lbs. \$7.00.
White Kaffir Corn. Per lb. 12 cts.; per 100 lbs. $\$ 7.00$.
White African Sorghum, African Millet, or White Dhoura. Per lb. 12 cts.; per 100 lbs. $\$ 7.00$.

## Gover and Soiling Grops for Orchards.

One of the most important points in successful orcharding is the intelligent use of proper cover crops, and the orchardists of New England are giving this particular subject more and more careful attention, as the proper use of such crops conserve the nitrates in the soil after the growth of fruit trees is stopped, which would otherwise be washed away by the heavy fall or winter rains. They also help to break up, during time of their growth, the old sod, and later in the season when plowed under, furnish humus for the soil.

We can recommend the following cereals and legumes as the best suited for cover crops under New England climatic conditions:
Winter Rye. Sow at the rate of $11 / 2$ to 2 bushels per acre; this can be sown from the middle of August up to the time the ground freezes late in the fall.
Japanese Buckwheat. Sow at the rate of 1 to $11 / 2$ bushel per acre. Especially valuable where it can be sown early in spring on newly plowed sod land, as it is very effective in rotting down the old sod and at the same time enriching the soil.
Yellow Soya Beans. $11 / 2$ to 2 bushels per acre. These do best if sown in drills about the middle of June and cultivated several times to promote vigorous growth.
Winter Vetch (Vicia villosa). If sown alone, use I bushel to the acre broadcast. In this latitude it should be sown before September I5th, so that it may get well rooted and established before cold weather. One of the best to cover and protect the ground during the winter.
Crimson Clover. Sow at the rate of 15 to 20 lbs. per acre the last of June or first of July, and plow under early the following spring.

## AGRICULTURAL GRASSES,

Prices quoted are subject to market changes, net f. o. b. Boston ; bags extra, as per price list on page 3 of cover. Special prices quoted on quantities.
Special attention is called to the fact that by advantageous arrangements with the parties who grow the different seeds for us, we are enabled to make a large reduction in the prices of Permanent Pasture and other Grass Mixtures, without impairing the very high standard of purity and germination that we have always maintained.

We desire to call special attention to the following list of Agricultural Grasses, which will, we think be found very comprehensive, both as to varieties and descriptions. We are devoting a great deal of time to this most important subject, and the department has already become an extensive one with us.

Having learned by experience that the so-called imported grasses which are offered by those making a specialty of them in this country are very far from reliable, both as regards purity and quality, we have found it necessary to import all our seeds of this character direct. We have accordingly made arrangements for our stocks with one of the most prominent growers of Agricultural Grasses on the Continent, who by virtue of many years' experience in growing seeds of this peculiar character, has become the recognized headquarters for same. This will enable us to furnish our customers with the very best, and that which we know to be free from all adulteration.

We invite special attention to our "Mixtures" for Permanent Pastures and Mowing Lands, which follow our descriptions. We


A Field of Breck's Special Grass Mixture for Permanent Mowing and Grazing Three Years after Seeding. have endeavored to bring into prominence a few important facts under the head of Mixtures, which, we think, cannot fail to be of interest to anyone who is concerned in the laying down of profitable pastures, or who desires to obtain large crops of hay of choice quality from his fields.

Awnless, or Smooth Brome Grass (Bromus inermis). An erect growing perennial that attains a height of from three to five feet. It is especially recommended for dry and arid soils where the more delicate grasses will not grow. Per bushel 12 lbs.; 16 cts. lb., $\$ 14.00100$ lbs.

Creeping Bent or Firoin (Agrostis Stolonifera). The distinctive feature of this species is, as the name implies, its compact, creeping, rooting stems. It prefers low bottom-lands, especially if they are somewhat sandy. It is rapid of growth and spreading habit, and the stoloniferous roots form a strong enduring turf, that is positively improved by constant trampling. Being of fine texture, it is one of the most valuable of our lawn grasses. Per bushel, 15 lbs.; 35 cts. lb., $\$ 30.00100$ lbs.

Meadow Brome Grass (Bromus pratensis). A hardy perennial, useful in mixtures for both mowing and pasture. It should not be sown alone except in poor soil or dry hillsides. It withstands extreme cold and drought, and if cut before flowering it makes a good hay. Per bushel, 18 lbs,; 25 cts. lb., $\$ 22.00100$ lbs.

Timothy (Herd's Grass or Catstail) (Phleum Pratense). Root fibrous on moist soils; on dry soils often bulbous; perennial; flowers in June and July. While this grass is commonly known as Timothy, it is frequently called Herd's Grass, as this is the name under which it was originally cultivated. It is, without doubt, a most valuable grass for hay, especially in the North. It thrives best on moist, loamy soils of medium tenacity. Grows very readily and yields large crops on favorable soils. Should be cut just when the blossom falls. The hay is of best quality, yielding three or four tons per acre. Per bushel, 45 lbs.; 10 cts. $\mathbf{l b}$., subject to market changes.


Orchard Grass.

Orchard Grass (Dactylis glomerata). Root fibrous; perennial; flowers in June and July. This is one of the most valuable and widely known of all the pasture grasses. Its rapidity of growth, the luxuriance of its aftermath, and its power of enduring the cropping of cattle, all commend it highly to farmers. Thrives well on light soils, and as its roots penetrate to a considerable depth, where the subsoil is favorable, it withstands droughts better than most species on dry sandy soils. Per bushel, 14 lbs.; 20 cts. lb., $\$ 18.00100$ lbs.

Kentucky Blue Grass (Meadow Grass, June Grass, Spear Grass) (Poa pratensis). Root creeping ; perennial; flowers in June. This valuable grass is very common in the soils of America, and is claimed by some to be the most valuable of all the grasses in our pastures. On the other hand, some claim that its creeping root impoverishes the soil. It is a fact, however, that it grows very luxuriantly, producing the most nourishing food for cattle until late in the season in the North, while in the South abundant herbage is furnished throughout the entire winter. It is a very valuable species in lawn mixtures. Kentucky Blue Grass requires about two or three years to become well set, and does not arrive at perfection as a pasture grass until the sward is at least four years old, hence it is not suited for alternate husbandry, or where the land is to remain in grass two


Kentucky Blue Grass. or three years and be then plowed up. Per bushel, 14 lbs.; 20 cts. lb., $\$ 18.00100$ lbs.

Red Top (Herd's Grass) (Agrostis Vulgaris). Root creeping; perennial ; flowers in July. This valuable grass has been commonly cultivated in our fields for over a century. It is a fine permanent grass, and forms a nutritious pasturage when fed close. It is valuable for all wet soils, producing a large return in good hay. Red Top is often sown with Timothy and common Red Clover, in which case the clover soon disappears, followed by Timothy, after which the Red Top usually takes its place, and with some wild indigenous grass forms a close sward. When sown alone three bushels per acre are required, or 15 lbs. of the clean seed. Per bushel, 10 lbs.; chaff seed 8 cts. lb., $\$ 6.00100 \mathrm{lbs}$. Fancy or clean seed per bushel, about 40 lbs .; 20 cts l $1 \mathrm{l} ., \$ 18.00100 \mathrm{lbs}$. Italian Rye (Lolium Italicum). In nutritive value, earliness and quickness of growth after


Meadow Fescue. it has been mown, it by far surpasses the Perennial Rye Grass. It is, therefore, indispensable for alternate husbandry; but as it does not last over two years it is of no use in permanent pastures. The soils best adapted to Italian Rye seem to be those that are moist, fertile and
 tenacious or of a medium consistency, and on such soils it is said to be one of the best grasses known to be cut green, affording repeated luxuriant and nutritive crops. Per bushel, 18 lbs.; 12 cts. lb., $\$ 10.00100$ lbs.


Meadow Foxtail (Alopecuris pratensis). Root fibrous; perennial; flowers in May. This is one of the best grasses for permanent pastures, and should always form a fair proportion of the mixtures for that purpose, because of its extremely rapid growth and great nutritive qualities. Thrives best on a rich, strong soil. As the Meadow Foxtail shoots up its flowering stalk much earlier than Timothy, it can be easily distinguished from the latter, which, at first sight, it greatly resembles. The nutritive qualities of Meadow Foxtail are most abundant at time of flowering. Per bushel, 8 lbs.; 40 cts. lb., $\$ 37.00100$ lbs.

Crested Dog's=Tail (Cynosurus cristatus). Roots fibrous and tufted; perennial. This is a most valuable permanent pasture grass. It is very tender and nutritious at time of flowering. If, however, it is left until the seed ripens, cattle will not eat it on account of its wiry stems. For parks this grass is well suited, because of its fine, close growth, and pleasant green color. It should form a portion of all mixtures for lawns. Per bushel, 28 lbs.; 42 cts. lb., $\$ 41.00100$ lbs.

Meadow Fescue, or English Blue Grass (Festuca pratensis). Root creeping; perennial; flowers in July; one of the most valuable of the Fescue grasses. This grass is well adapted for permanent pastures, and is also sometimes used for alternate husbandry. It grows rapidly in rich and rather moist soils, and makes an excellent pasture grass, its long, tender leaves being much relished by cattle. It should be always sown mixed with other grasses. Per bushel, 15 lbs.; 22 cts. 1b., $\$ 20.00100$ lbs.

Sheep's Fescue (Festuca ovina). Somewhat creeping ; perennial ; flowers in June and July; especially desirable on light, dry, sandy soils. It is much liked by sheep, and should always enter into the compositions of mixtures for lands on which they are to be pastured. Its compact and fine growth make it suitable for lawn mixtures. Per bushel, 12 lbs.; 30 cts. $\mathbf{l b} ., \$ 27.00100$ lbs.

Fine-Leaved Fescue (Festuca Tenuifolis). This is really a variety of Festuca ovina, with much finer leaves. It will grow on very dry and inferior soils, and its dwarf habit of growth and fineness of leaf render it not unsuitable for dry slopes on lawns. It stands grazing well, is very hardy, and lasts long, and may therefore be recommended for permanent pasture on high and dry situations. Per bushel, 22 lbs.; 62 cts. lb., $\$ 60.00100$ lbs.
Tall Fescue (Festuca elatior). Root fibrous, somewhat creeping; perennial; flowers June and July. In appearance this species resembles the Festuca pratensis, but is larger and of stronger growth. It thrives well on moist soils, and yields abundant crops. Cattle and stock eat it greedily. It should form a portion of every mixture for



Hard Fescue. permanent purposes on moist soils. Per bushel, 15 lbs.; 34 cts. lb., $\$ 32.00100 \mathrm{lbs}$.

Rhode Island Bent (Agrostis canina). Root creeping; perennial; flowers in July. A most valuable permanent grass, largely used in New England for pastures and lawns. Soil and treatment same as for Red Top (A. vulgaris). Per bushel, 10 lbs.; 25 cts. lb.

Fancy or clean seed. Per bushel, 40 lbs.; 25 cts. 1b., $\$ 22.00100$ lbs.
Rough Stalked Meadow Grass (Poa trivialis). Root fibrous; perennial. This grass is valuable on account of its quick growth, productiveness and nutritive qualities. Grows in perfection on moist, rich soils, and is also well adapted to ground shaded by trees. Grows early in the spring, and continues green until late in the fall. As it delights in shelter, its produce is always much greater when sown with other grasses. Does not thrive well on dry soils. Per bushel, 14 lbs.; 65 cts. lb., $\$ 64.00100$ lbs.

Perennial Rye (Lolium perenne). A very valuable grass; arrives early at maturity and produces a good supply of herbage, of which cattle are very fond. It grows freely on almost any soil, and shows a very early spring growth. Although a perennial grass, the root will not live over three or four years, and unless the plant is allowed to reproduce from self-sown seed it will die out in about that time. This is an objection to its extensive use for permanent pastures, but for hay crops it may be introduced to good advantage along with other grasses and clovers. Per bushel 24 lbs.; 10 cts. lb., \$9.00 100 lbs.

Hard Fescue (Festuca duriuscula). This is one of the best grasses of the Fescue family. It is found in all the finest permanent pastures of the country, and is much valued for its dwarf habit. It resists the summer drought, and develops remarkable
 verdure during winter. It should form a part of every mixture for lawn or pleasure grounds, and for permanent pasture and alternate husbandry. Per bushel 14 lbs.; 28 cts. lb., $\$ 26.00100$ lbs.

Red or Creeping Fescue ( Festuca rubra). This grass is found growing on light, dry, sandy soils, and from its creeping habit will be found of great value on sandy seacoast lands. It is a grass of better quality than some of the uncultivated species, but is not usually cultivated in this country as an agricultural product, except on elevated sheep pastures. Per bushel, 13 lbs.; 32 cts. 1b., $\$ 30.00100$ lbs.

Sea Mat Grass (Ammophila Arundinacea). Valuable on the sandy seashore,
 canal and railway banks, etc. Its strong, creeping, matting roots bind the drifting sand into natural embankments against the action of wind and waves. This grass is usually propagated by transplanting in the fall. Where it is necessary to use seed, it should be sown in spring, and ground covered with brush to hold the seed in place until it has taken firm hold. Per bushel, 15 lbs.; 70 cts. lb.

Upright Sea Lime Grass (Elymus Arenarius). Valuable on the sandy seashore, canal and railroad banks, etc. It tends, with its tough, wide-spreading and thickly matting roots, to form natural and permanent embankments, thus serving to prevent the drifting of the sand, and to protect an exposed shore from wind and waves. It is of no agricultural value. Per bushel, 12 lbs.; 60 cts. lb.

Sweet Vernal (Anthoxanthum odoratum). Root fibrous; perennial; flowers in May. This grass is valuable on account of its early growth and its hardy and permanent nature, which, added to the fact that it throws up its flower stalks till the end of autumn, upholds its claim to a place in all compositions where permanency is an object. It is very fragrant and imparts a pleasant odor to the hay. Will grow in almost any kind of soil, but prefers those which are rich and moist. It is greatly relished by sheep, and is found growing naturally on upland pastures. As a component of "lawn mixtures" it is most valuable, and is largely used for this purpose. Per bushel 11 lbs.; 65 cts. lb., $\$ 60.00100$ lbs.

Yellow Oat Grass (Avena favescens). This grass deserves to form a portion of all mixtures for permanent purposes, and is well suited for lawns, croquet and bowling greens. It thrives best on light, dry soils. Per bushel, 11 lbs.; 48 cts. lb., $\$ 45.00100 \mathrm{lbs}$.

Tall Meadow Oat Grass (Avena Elatior). A fibrous-rooted perennial; flowers in July; of luxuriant growth, and valuable in permanent pasture mixtures, on account of its early and late growth.


White Clover. It succeeds best on deep, sandy lands, and is suitable for sowing in orchards or other shady places. Per bushel, 15 lbs.; 25 cts. lb., $\$ 23.00100$ lbs.


#### Abstract

Wood Meadow Grass (Poa nemoralis). This grass, as its name implies, is found naturally in woods and is well adapted for growing under trees. It is especially desirable, from its fine habit of growth, for sowing on shady lawns and under trees, on pleasure grounds. Root fibrous, flowers in June and July. Per bushel, 14 lbs. 45 cts. lb., $\$ 42.00100$ lbs.

Various Leaved Fescue (Festuca heterophylla). A very eariy hardy perennial, two to three feet high, thriving best in cool, moist soils. It yields heavily and is a valuable grass in mixtures for permanent meadows, either for mowing or grazing. Its great production of root leaves makes it an excellent bottom grass. It grows well in the shade and is suitable to form part of a mixture for shaded lawns. Per bushel, 15 lbs. 32 cts. lb., $\$ 30.00100 \mathrm{lbs}$.


## MHIets.

Prices subject to market changes.
Hungarian Grass (Panicum Germanicum). This is a species of millet growing less rank, with smaller stalks, often yielding two or three tons of hay per acre. It is very popular and valuable. Like the common millet, it is an annual, and requires to be sown every season, but will produce a larger return than almost any other crop. Per bushel, 48 lbs.; 5 cts. lb., $\$ 2.00$ bushel.

Japanese Millet, Japanese Barnyard Grass (Panicum Crus Galli). Distinct from other varieties, enormous cropper, grows six to eight feet high, excellent either green or cured as hay. It prefers a moderately moist soil and may be sown in an average season from the middle of May until the first of July. Broadcast at the rate of 25 lbs. per acre, or in drills 18 inches apart, 15 lbs. to the acre. Per bushel, about $35 \mathrm{lbs} . ; 8 \mathrm{cts}$. lb., $\$ 5.00100 \mathrm{lbs}$.

German or Golden Millet (Panicum Miliaceum var.). An improved variety, medium early, growing three to five feet high. The heads are closely condensed, though the spikes are very numerous. During the past few years the fact has been established beyond doubt that seed of the German or Golden Millet grown in Southern latitudes will produce a much larger yield of hay than from seed grown in Northern or Western sections of the country, and for that reason is far better for farmers to sow. Per bushel, 50 lbs.; 5 cts. lb., $\$ 2.25$ bushel.
$I$ have had verv good results from seed you sent me in early spring. Yours truly,

JAMES M. BUTTIMORE, Winchendon, Mass.

## Mixtures for Permanent Pastures_

In compiling any table of grasses and clovers to be used for permanent pasture purposes there are several important features to be taken into consideration. First, the proportion of plants which would be produced from the amount of each kind of seed sown should be determined, so that the undue predominance of any particular variety may be avoided. We are giving this point special consideration in preparing our mixtures. A selection of grasses should be made that blossom at alternate months of the year, as it is a well-known fact that there is no month from April to September inclusive, in which some of the valuable grasses do not attain their full perfection.

By using a mixture comprising these species it will be at once apparent that a rich and luxuriant growth will be secured throughout the entire season, which result cannot possibly be obtained if the stereotyped mixture usually recommended composes the sward. It would be almost impossible for us to give a series of tables which would comprehend all the variations of soils, altitudes and climates. We think, however, that those we have compiled will be found sufficiently comprehensive to meet all the contingencies that arise in ordinary farming.

To insure prize hay crops, use liberally Mapes Grass and Grain Spring Top Dressing and Mapes Manure for General Use. For prices and full descriptive list, see page 128.

## BRECK'S SPECIAL MIXTURES FOR PERMANENT PASTURES.

Table showing the proper quantities to Sow on an Acre of Light, Medium or Heavy Soils, for Permanent Pasture.

| Kind. |  |  | No. 1. <br> Light Soils. | No. 2. Medium Soils. | No. 3. <br> Heavy Soils. | No. 4. <br> For Orchards and shady places. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Timothy | Phleum pratense |  | 2 lbs . | 3 lbs . | 4 ibs. | 3 lbs , |
| Red Top | Agrostis vulgaris . |  | 4 " |  | 6 " |  |
| Orchard Grass | Dactylis glomerata. |  | 8 " | 6 " | 4 " | 6 " |
| Meadow Fescue . | Festuca pratensis . |  |  | 2 " | $11 /{ }^{1 / 4}$ | - |
| Hard Fescue | Festuca duriuscula . |  | - | 1 | 2 " | 2 |
| Tall Fescue | Festuca elatior. |  | 2 " | 2 | 4 " | $1{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Blue Grass. | Poa pratensis . . |  | 4 " | 4 " | 2 " |  |
| Rough Stalked Meadow | Poatrivialis . . |  | - " | 2 " | 4 " |  |
| Perennial Rye Grass . | Lolium perenne . |  | 2 " |  | 3 " | - |
| Meadow Foxtail . | Alopecuris pratensis. | . | 1 " | 2 " | 2 " | $2 "$ |
| Crested Dogstail | Cynosurus cristatus. |  | 2 " | 1 " | $1 \times$ | $4^{\text {c }}$ |
| Wood Meadow . | Poa nemoralis . . |  | 1 " | 1 " | - | - |
| Yellow Oat Grass | Arena flavescens . |  | 2 " | 1 " | - | - |
| Sweet Vernal . | Anthoxanthum odoratum |  | 2 " | 1 " | - | - |
| White Clover | Trifolium repens . . |  | 4 " | 4 " | 4 "' | 5 |
| Alsike Clover | " hybridum . |  | 1 " | $1 "$ | 1/2" |  |
| Perennial Red Clover | " pratense perenne | - |  |  |  | 3 |
| For prices of special mixtures see page 63. |  |  | 39 lbs. | 41 lbs . | 41 lbs. | 40 lbs. |

## ALTERNATE HUSBANDRY.

All mixtures for Alternate Husbandry should include, say for one or two years' lay, only annual and biennial or other sorts that attain full maturity within that period; for two or three years' lay a greater quantity of seed is required, which should embrace a larger proportion of permanent sorts, so that the places of the dead annual kinds may be filled by the varieties that are of slower growth.

If a mixture principally for mowing is intended to lay more than three or four years, especial care is necessary in selecting and adjusting the several varieties of grasses in proper proportion. A three or four years'lay sown with grasses that are only of annual or biennial duration must be either very thin or foul at the end of the period for which it was laid down-the spaces vacated by the annual and biennial grasses being in all likelihood occupied by objectionable weeds, when, if a proper selection of those species capable of lasting the whole of the desired period were sown, the lay would remain full of plants, free from weeds, and, consequently, much more profitable during the whole time the land is in grass.

The practice of mowing grass for hay when the plants are in blossom is acknowledged to be a good one, in that it is not so exhausting to the soil, and a more succulent hay, freer from dust, is obtained; it has however, from the fact that all natural reseeding is prevented, a tendency to weaken the plants and reduce their number; hence, when we see an old field of grass that was originally sown with Timothy, Redtop and Clover, and which has been mowed, perhaps, twice annually, we can readily account for either the enormous number of weeds or vacant places that are sure to be noticeable. Our system of mixture practically overcomes this difficulty by the continued growth and stooling out of some of the varieties included that do not attain full maturity


Lucerne Clover. under four to six years. Such mixtures, although in the first place more expensive than the ordinary orthodox seeding, are in the end more profitable; we have seen aftermaths from permanent mowing mixtures that more than equaled first crops of Timothy.

BRECK'S SPECIAL MIXTURES FOR MOWING AND GRAZING LANDS.


## PRICES FOR JOSEPH BRECK \& SONS' SPECIAL MIXTURES FOR PERMANENT PASTURES AND MOWING AND GRAZING LANDS.

Note. It will be noticed that the different tables are all based on the quantity required to sow one acre. When ordering, simply give number and kind of mixture selected and the number of acres for which seed is desired; for example: "Send me No. 2 Mixture for Permanent Pastures for three acres."

PERMANENT PASTURES.

| For Light Soils. |  |  | For Medium Soils. |  |  | For Heavy Soils. |  |  | For Shady Places. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 1 <br> Price Per Acre. $\$ 9.25$ |  |  | No. 2 <br> Price Per Acre. $\$ 9.80$ |  |  | No. 3 <br> Price Per Acre. \$10.00 |  |  | No. 4 <br> Price Per Acre. \$11.40 |  |  |
| ALTERNATE HUSBANDRY. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| For 1 or 2 Years' Mowing. |  |  | For 2 or 3 Years' Mowing or Grazing. |  |  | For 3 or 4 Years' Mowing or Grazing. |  |  | Permanent Mowing with Occasional Grazing. |  |  |
| No. 5 | No. 6 | No. 7 | No. 8 | No. 9 | No. 10 | No. 11 | No. 18 | No. 13 | No. 14 | No. 15 | No. 16 |
| Light Soils. | Medium Soils. | Heavy Soils. | Light Soils. | Medium Soils. | Heavy Soils. | Light Soils. | Medium Soils. | Heavy Soils. | Light Soils. | Medium Soils. | Heavy Soils. |
| Price per Acre. $\$ 5.00$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 5.25$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Price per } \\ \text { Acre. } \\ \$ 5.70 \end{gathered}$ | Price per Acre. \$6.25 | Price per Acre. $\$ 6.50$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 6.75$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 7.75$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 8.25$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 9.00$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 8.00$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 8.60$ | Price per Acre. $\$ 8.90$ |

Special prices for quantities for ten acres and upwards.
While it is true that the mixtures which we have recommended are SEEMINGLY much more expensive than what is commonly used, it should be borne in mind that a vastly increased value is given to the pasture not only for cne year, but if the land is properly cared for it will remain in good condition for fifteen or twenty years without further sowing, and produce double the amount of fodder, while the ORDINARY sowing has to be repeated every three or four years; thus, in the end, costing more than four times as much as what would be paid originally for the proper mixture.

## PERMANENT GRASS SEED MIXTURES FOR GOLF LINKS.

In order that we might be the better able to serve our customers and give them Golf Mixtures that will best withstand the soil and climate of New England, we have made careful study and comparison of the mixtures used on different Golf Links in Scotland and England - and the mixtures offered below are the results of many years' experimenting and study to get grasses that would make the finest and most permanent coarses and greens. Some of the largest and best known Golf Greens in this section of the country have used our mixtures, and we have yet to hear report of any dissatisfaction in regard to results -btained.

No. 1. For Putting Greens, sow at the rate of 8 o lbs. per acre. Per 1 b . 13 cts.
No. 2. For Courses, light and dry soils, sow at the rate of 501 bs . per acre, Per 1 b .18 cts .
No. 3. For Courses, low and damp soils, sow at the rate of 50 lbs . per acre. Per 1 lb .12 cts .
See Special Offers on third page of cover.


## BRECK'S STANDARD LAWN GRASS SEED.

We have given much thought and made many experiments in order to ascertain just what is the best mixture for permanent lawns, and the grasses which are best suited to this climate. By the proper blending of the varieties which constitute Breck's Lawn Grass, we have obtained a mixture that from early spring to late fall will give to lawns made with it that rich, deep green so often admired upon the lawns and parks of England, but so seldom seen in this country.
One quart will sow 300 sq . ft. . . Price per qt. \$0.25 One peck will sow 2,400 sq. ft. Price per pk. \$1.50
" half peck will sow 1,200 sq. ft. Price per $1 / 2 \mathrm{pk}$. .85 " bush. will sow $10,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. Price per bush. 5.00 Four bushels will sow one acre.

## Boston Park Lawn Grass.

The same mixture of grasses and clover as supplied by us to the City of Boston Park Commissioners for sowing on the Franklin and other parks administered by them.
$\$ 0.30$ Per $1 / 2$ bushel, 16 pounds, will sow 11,200 feèt $\$ 4.25$ " peck, 8 pounds, will sow 5,600 feet . 2.25 " bushel, $3^{2}$ pounds, will sow 22,400 feet . 8.00 Two bushels will sow one acre.

## Breck's "Shady Spoty Lawn Grass.

This is a mixture of grasses that are naturally adapted for growing under trees and in places where the sun does not find ready entrance. If sown on such locations, in place of the ordinary Lawn Seed, bare and unsightly spots will be prevented. Per qt. 25 cts.; pk. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$; bush. $\$ 5.00$

## Breck's Bank and Terrace Grass Mixture

A mixture of deep-rooting grasses specially prepared for embankments and situations where it is impractical to get a successful catch of the less spreading rooted sorts. It produces a rich velvety turf throughout the season. No coarse-growing undesirable varieties are used in this mixture. Per qt. 25 cts.; pk. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$; bush. $\$ 5.00$

## Sterlingworth Lawn Compound

## Kills the weeds but not the grass and makes the lawn green and velvety.

It seems incredible that a preparation can be made which will kill the weeds in lawns without injuring the grass. This is exactly what "STERLINGWORTH LAWN COMPOUND" will do and also it will help the grass to grow green and greatly improve the sward. It absolutely destroys Dandelions, Plantain, Chickweed and all weeds with hairy surfaces or broad leaves. It is a dry sandy powder to be applied by sprinkling over the grass.

Five pounds will dress 500 to 700 square feet. Full directions for use on each package. Prices: 5 lb . cans. 60 cts ., Io lb. cans, $\$ 1.00 ; 50 \mathrm{lb}$. kegs, $\$ 4.00$; 100 lb . kegs, $\$ 7.50$.

## To Stimulate Worn-out Lawns use Breck's Lawn Dressing.

| VALUABLE TAELES. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEED REQ | CE A GIVEN | OF PLANTS AND SOW | ACRE. |
|  | Quantity per acre. |  | Quantity per acra |
| Asparagus, I oz. to 200 plants |  | Kale, I oz. to I, 200 plants | 6 oz . |
| Barley | $21 / 2 \mathrm{bu}$. | Kohl Rabi, I oz. to 150 feet of drill | 2 lbs |
| Beans, Dwarf, I qt. to 100 feet of drill |  | Leek, I oz. to 100 feet of drill | , |
| Beans, Pole, I qt. to 200 hills | 1/2 | Lettuce, I oz. to 250 feet of drill | 3 |
| Beet, Garden, $\mathbf{I} \mathbf{~ O z}$. to 50 feet of drill. | 6 lbs | Martynia, I oz. to 50 feet of drill | 10 |
| Beet, Mangel, I oz. to 50 feet of drill. | 8 | Melon, Musk, I oz. to 60 hills |  |
| Broccoli, 1 Oz. to 1,500 plants | 8 oz . | " Water, I oz. to 40 hills | - . 3 " |
| Broom, Corn | 10 lbs . | Nasturtium, I oz. to 40 feet of drill | 10 |
| Brussels Sprouts, I oz. to 1,200 plants | 8 oz. | Oats | 3 bu. |
| Buckwheat. | 1/2 bu. | Okra, 1 oz. to 40 feet of drill | 10 lbs |
| Cabbage, I oz. to 2,500 plants | 5 oz. | Onion Seed, I oz. to 100 feet of drill | 4 to 5 |
| Carrot, I oz. to 100 feet of drill . | 4 lbs . | * for Sets | 30 to 50 |
| Cauliflower, I Oz. to 2,500 plants | 5 oz. | Onion Sets, I qt. to 20 feet of drill | 8 bu. |
| Celery, I oz. to 3.000 plants | 46 | Parsnip, I oz. to 100 feet of drill | 5 lbs . |
| Clover, Alsike and White Dutch | 15 lb . | Parsley, I oz. to 150 feet of drill . |  |
| " Lucerne, large Red, Crims | oil. 15 " | Peas, Garden, I qt. to 100 feet of drill | $11 / 2 \mathrm{bu}$. |
| * Medium . |  | Field | $21 / 2$ |
| Collards, 1 oz. to 2,500 plants | 6 | Pepper, I oz. to 2,000 plants | 4 oz . |
| Corn, Sweet, I qt. to 200 hills | $8 \mathrm{qts}$. | Potatoes | - . 10 bu |
| Cress, I oz. to 100 feet of drilk | 8 lbs . | Pumpkin, I qt. to 300 hills. | - . 4 qts. |
| Cucumber, 1 oz. to 50 hills. | 3/4 | Radish, I oz. to 100 feet of drill. | 8 lbs. |
| Egg Plant, 1 oz. to $\mathbf{1}, 000$ plants. | 5 oz . | Rye ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | $11 / 2 \mathrm{bu}$. |
| Endive, I oz. to 150 feet of drill. | 3 lbs . | Salsify, 1 oz. to 50 feet of drill | 10 lbs . |
| Flax, broadcast . . | 1/2 bu. | Spinach, I oz. to 50 feet of drill. | 10 |
| Garlic, bulbs, I lb. to io feet of drill |  | Summer Savory, I oz. to 500 feet of drill |  |
| Gourd, 1 oz. to 25 hills. | 21/4 lbs. | Squash, Summer, i oz. to 40 rills | . . 2 " |
| Grass, Blue, Kentucky. |  | " Winter, I oz. to 20 hills |  |
| " Blue, English. | 2 | Tomato, I oz. to 2,000 plants |  |
| " Hungarian and Milet | 1 | Tobacco, I oz to 4,000 plants | 2 " |
| " Mixed Lawn | 4 " | Turnip, I oz. to 150 feet of drill. | 2 lbs . |
| " Orchard, Perennial Rye, Red |  | Vetches | 3 bu . |
| Fowl Meadow and Wood Mea | $3 . "$ | Wheat | 1 to 2 |

## * Timothy

NUMBER OP PLANTS OR TREES TO THE ACRE AT GIVEN DISTANCES.




It is somewhat difficult to convey detailed particulars as to how success may be had in the planting and maturing of flowers. The skilled gardener who has every appliance necessary often fails in his efforts; while the little girl who has no knowledge of the art, but loves flowers, will frequently surprise not only herself but the older folks, who are not so much interested, with the results obtained by her labor and love. "The Norwegians have a pretty and significant word, ' Opelske,' which they use in speaking of the care of flowers. It means literally 'loving up,' or cherishing them into health and vigor."

The following practical information, in connection with the special cultural notes, that, when necessary, are set in the right-hand column against the variety, will be of service in making for success:

Hardy Annuals (hA.).-This class require no artificial aid, but grow and flower freely in the open ground, mature their seeds and die in the same year. Before sowing the seeds in the open border, the soil should be thoroughly enriched with fertilizer or stable manure, dug and raked until firm, level and smooth. If possible, the location should be free from shade, although some sorts do well where they do not have the sun for more than half the day.

Seed should be sown in spring as soon as the ground is dry enough to work freely. After the seed is sown shake over it fine soil sufficient to cover, light or heavier, according to size of seed; a good rule is, to cover seed twice its own depth. Very fine seed, such as Portulacas, requires no covering at all, but should be merely pressed into the soil with a piece of board or the palm of the hard. A second sowing can be made in from two to four weeks after the first, in order to provide for a succession, as well as to insure against failure.

When it is desired to sow hardy Annuals and carry them along indoors until they can be planted out there is nothing better than shallow boxes, two or three inches deep, filled with sandy loam. Take especial care until the plants are up and during their early stages of growth to give plenty of air and water carefully. When they are well out of the seed leaf they sloould be planted in rows in other shallow boxes; or in twoinch pots. If they begin to crowd one another before the weather is suitable for setting out, a second transplanting may be necessary. When first set out in the garden, or until well established, they should he watered carefully. Keep down all weeds, and loosen the ground occasionally, so that the plants may re ceive the full benefit of rains and dews, which will not benefit them if the ground is allowed to become hard or crusted.

Half-Hardy Annuals (hhA.).-These, in the latitude of Boston, should not be sown out-doors until about the middle of May. A good rule, followed by a successful gardener, is to sow these, and even some of the tender Annuals, at the same time he makes his sowings of cucumbers and melons. With half-hardy Annuals, however, it is generally best to sow them under the same conditions as advised for hardy Annuals in-doors.

Tender Annuals (tA.). -To get strong plants and an early bloom, sow the seed in shallow boxes or pots in March, and place them in a warm greenhouse, or plunge in a moderate hot-bed, shade from the strong sun and water only with a very fine rose. A very light, sandy soil and good drainage are essentials. Be particular that the finer seeds are not covered over deep, but have the soil pressed closely about them. Water frequently, especially if the green-house or hot-bed is very warm. When the plants are out of the seed leaf, transplant into shallow boxes or small pots. When sufficiently strong and the weather is suitable, set out in the flower beds, but not before the end of May.

Hardy Biennials (hB.) and Perennials (hP.).-These require the same conditions as hardy Annuals. Those marked with a dagger ( $\dagger$ ) if sown early, in boxes, as directed for hardy and half-hardy Annuals, will

## See Special Offers on third page of cover.

bloom the first year. All, however, may be sown in the open border in August or September; in which case it is a good plan at the commencement of frost to give them a light covering of straw, leaves or dry litter. When the frost, is out of the ground in spring remove the covering, loosen the soil around the plants, and when large enough transplant them to where they are permanently to remain.

Half-Hardy Biennials (hhB.) and Half-Hardy Perennials (hhP.). These may be sown in the open border as directed for hardy Annuals, but, when practical, it is generally better to start them in-doors, as recommended for half-hardy Annuals.

Tender Biennials (tB.) and Tender Perennials (tP.).-Accord these the same treatment as recommended for tender Annuals.
Those to whom a greenhouse or hot-bed is not available will meet with good success by placing the boxes or pots in the open sunlight in the windows of the dwelling house, and keep the temperature from 65 to 75 degrees during the day and 10 degrees less at night. If the soil was in proper condition at planting time, a slight sprinkling once a week will be sufficient until the plants begin to grow nicely.

Greenhouse Seeds.-Leaf mould, or peat, with some fine sand added, is the most suitable soil for sowing. The smaller seeds of greenhouse plants are somewhat difficult to germinate unless extra care be taken with them; they require to be slightly watered occasionally, and sheltered from the hot sun until large enough to transplant. Press the soil firmly down into the pot or box and make perfectly level, so that no unequal settlement takes place through watering. The seeds should be sown thinly and covered very lightly. A pane of glass placed over the pot or box until the little plants get well started is of decided benefit, but care should be taken to air occasionally, when excessive moisture is shown by water globules on the under side of the glass. When the young plants have two leaves they should be transplanted into a similar soil, in other pots or boxes. To do this do not pull them out one by one, but, if in a pot, remove the entire contents and break up gently; if in a box, loosen by running a trowel around the side and take out a mass at a time, thus preserving the little roots which are so essential to their future welfare. After transplanting, keep in a shady part of the greenhouse and water sparingly until established, when they may be removed to the light.

It is well to know that Poppies delight in a rich, sandy loam, that Eschscholtzias will do best in a poor soil; or of Pansies, give them abundance of old manure, the richest earth you can find, plenty of water and partial shade; that you need not be anxious if it is not convenient to carry water for Nasturtiums in a dry time, for their habitat is dry Chili, and they will thrive in a dryer soil and atmosphere than almost any other plant; or that Zinnias like a heavy, cool clay; Sweet Peas a deep, rich soil and plenty of water, while such gross feeders as Roses, Sunflowers, Hollyhocks, Dahlias and Asters cannot be planted in too rich a situation;

## Directions for Making and Garing for Hot-Beds.

Early in March obtain a good quantity of fresh horse manure, mix with it one-third to one-half its bulk in leaves, and by tramping down the mass in layers, make a large pile, so that the fermentation will continue even in very cold weather. When this fermentation shows, by the escape of steam from the pile, turn it over and allow it to remain so for a few days or until the second fermentation shows; then place the manure in a pit at least $21 / 2$ feet deep and tread it down firmly in layers to a depth of about 2 feet. Build your pit in a sheltered spot, facing the south or east if possible and line with heavy planks or concrete. The frame used to support the sashes covering the bed should be raised 6 inches higher at the back than the front, to give proper slope to the sash to catch the sunlight.

After the manure is firmly trodden down in the pit, scatter over the surface a good covering of air slaked lime, to keep all slugs, worms, and other pests from infesting the surface soil. After this is done, fill in about 4 or 5 inches of good, rich, clean-sifted loam, level off and place a thermometer therein. Put on sashes and let the frame remain closed until the thermometer registers about 70 to 75 degrees and remains steady. Sow your seed, covering it lightly. Keep the surface moist by an occasional watering with a fine spray. As the seedlings appear it is advisable to allow them a little air each day to prevent them damping off; when the plants are large enough they can be thinned out, transplanted into boxes or small pots and placed back in the warm frame.

## Explanatory:

Our General List of Flower seeds comprise the following, viz. : Annuals, Perennials and Biennials; Climbers; Greenhouse Plants; Everlastings; Ornamental Grasses, etc. The botanical and common names are arranged in alphabetical order, and a very complete index will be found in front of book. To this arrangement and the following abbreviations wé have given the most careful attention, and we trust that their simplicity will not only find favor with our customers, but prove valuable to them as a handy reference.

## Key to Abbreviations.

hA designates Hardy Annuals-Lasting but one year.
hhA ". Half Hardy Annuals-Lasting but one year tA $\quad$ ". Tender Annuals-Lasting but one year. hB ". Hardy Biennials-Lasting two years. hhB Half Hardy Biennials-Require protection during winter.
hP ". Hardy Perennials-Lasting three or more years. Trai. " Trailing Habit.
hhP designates Half Hardy Perennials-Require protection dulf Hardy Per
tP " Tender Perennials-Lasting three or more years, but require greenhouse protection during winter.

## $\dagger$

Var. " bloom the first year.
Var. " Various.

The abbreviations of colors are: blk.-black; br.-brown; tri.-tricolor; car.-carmine; crim.-crimson; sul.-sulphur; lav.-lavender; pur.-purple; var.-variegated; scar.-scarlet; strip.-striped; ver.-vermilion.

In some instances when the flower is of two colors, these are indicated by the initial letter only, -for example, b. \& w.-blue and white; S. \& y.-scarlet and yellow ; w. \& p:-white and pink.

# Breck's Selected List of High Grade Flower Seeds <br> cincers 

## Our Complete List of Flower Seeds begins on page 85.

This special list embraces only sorts that are of the easiest cultivation, and particularly desirable for producing a quick and continued effect. A dollar's worth of seeds selected from these varieties will, under reasonably favorable conditions, give a greater amount of bloom in varied form and color than could be had by planting ten dollars' worth of plants from the greenhouse. Sow the seed freely. Their combined strength will break the crust on hard soils; and in the thinning which follows, only strong and promising plants are allowed to remain. Better effects are also often secured, when the flowers are in masses, especially if the flowers are thrown into the bays of heavy shrub borders.

Plants continue to bloom for a longer period if they are not allowed to produce seed. The flowers should be picked, if possible, before they begin to fade.

```
Joseph Breck & Sons:-
    I wish to say a few words regarding your seeds. Your seeds in general have never been excelled. I
have used seeds from leading seedsmen from Maine to California and from Maine to Florida. Your
seeds are of strong germinating powers and true to name. They cannot be excelled.
```

A. B. REED,

Richmond, Me.

## Ageratums.

In many respects this is one of the most desirable summer flowering plants we have. It may be used alone for beds and borders, or planted in connection with geraniums, coleus, cannas, etc. The colors include many shades of blue as well as white, rose and a pale yellow. The plants grow well almost anywhere. If the seed is started in a box in the house, or in a hot-bed, in the beginning of April and transplanted to where they are intended to bloom about the end of May, an abundance of flowers will be produced until hard frost. Seed sown in August will produce plants for winter flowering.


## Sweet Alyssum,



Sweet Alyssum.

The Sweet Alyssum is so well known and such a general favorite that it is scarcely necessary to call special attention to it here. It is of the easiest culture both indoors and out, and is suitable alike for beds and edging in summer or for growing in pots and boxes for winter blooming. It will stand considerable cold in the open ground and may be sown early; it blooms throughout the entire season until destroyed by hard frost. For winter flowering sow the seed in August or September.
115 Maritimum (Sweet Alys- Oz. Pkt. sum) (hA). White, very fragrant, 9 in. $\$ 0.30 \$ 0.05$
116 Little Dorrit. Very compact, fine for borders, 6 inches.
117 Compactum. White, erect growth, 6 inches......
118 Little Gem. White, grand
119 Procumbens (White Car-
.05 pet). White, trailing habit, 6 inches.......
120 Saxatile compactum (Gold Dust) (hP). A single plant in one year will produce hundreds of bright yel. flowers. 1 ft .

## Antirrhinum (Snapdragon),

If sown in March or April and set out when strong enough, these plants make a display that is unequalled for duration and brilliancy. The tall sorts are fine in borders. The dwarf make splendid beds. They prefer a light, warm, but a well enriched soil. Seed sown outdoors in May will produce satisfactory results. If grown indoors they require about the same temperature and treatment as carnations. Most of the varieties are fairly hardy and will live through a New England winter if well covered.

Tall Grandiflora Varieties.
Per oz. Pkt
180 Queen Victoria. Pure white (hP), $2 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . . .$. ..... Pkt.
$\$ 0.10$
181 Crimson. Deep shade (hP), 2 ft . ..... 80
182 Pink. Deep Pink (hP) 2 ft . ..... 80 .....  10 ..... 10
183 Scarlet. Very brilliant (hP), 2 ft
184 Yellow. A pure soft color (hP), 2 ft ..... 80 .....  10 ..... 10
185 Striped. Odd markings (hP), 2 ft . ..... 80
186 White. Fine for cutting (hP), 2 ft ..... 80 ..... 10 .....  10
187 Mixed. Choice mixture (hP), 2 ft. ..... 70 .....  05
Dwarf Varieties.
189 Mont Blanc. Pure white, large ..... $\$ 015$Per oz. Pkt
191 Queen of the North. Pure white (hP), $1 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . . \$ 1.00$
192 Golden Queen. Clear Yellow (hP), 1 ft . ..... 1.00 ..... 10 ..... 10 .....  10
193 Black Prince. Nearly Black (hP), 1 ft . ..... 1.00 ..... 10
194 Empress. Dark rose (hP), 1 ft . ..... 1.00
195 Crimson. Deep shade (hP), 1 ft . ..... 1.00
196 Scarlet. Very brilliant (hP), 1 ft ..... 1.00 .....  10 ..... 10
198 Cottage Maid. Soft pink ..... 1.00 ..... 10
.10
197 Mixed. .....  6005

## Aquilegia (Golumbine),

This family is one of the most beautiful and popular among hardy perennials. The different varieties present an unusual wealth of color and form. For growing in borders or filling up bays in shrubbery they are unsurpassed. Seed sown in the house, in March will frequently produce bloom the same year. It is best, however, to sow seed out of doors when ground warms up. Any ordinary garden soil is suitable for their growth. The flowers are fragrant.

Peroz. Pkt.
200-Alba f. pl. (hP). Dbl. white, $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .$.
201—Breck's Long Spur (hP), 3 ft . Choice mixed.. $2.00 \quad .10$ 202-Californica hybrida Yellow and orange, 2 ft .
203-Canadensis. Orange, 1 ft...................... 2.50
204-caryophylloides. Striped, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . . . . . . . . . .2 .00$
205-chrysantha. Yellow 3 ft....................... 2.00
206-fl. pl. Double yellow 3 ft...................... 2.50
207-corulea hybrida. Blue and yellow, 3 ft .10208-glandulosa major. Blue and white, 3 ft .1.00
209-Jætschaui. Yellow and red, 2 ft . ..... 1.00
211 - fl. pl. Blue and white, 2 ft ..... 1.00
212 -Skinneri. Scarlet and yellow, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$10
213 -Stuarti. Blue and white, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
60
214 -single mixed. Various colors.
50
50
215 - double mixed. Various colors


Antirrhinume.

## Breck's Special Asters.

The demand for Breck's Asters from the leading commercial and private growers all over the United States is a sufficient recommendation of their superiority. We welcome a comparison of the product of Breck's seeds with that of the most highly lauded. Our prices speak for themselves.

Cultivation.-Sow in fine soil, and cover lightly in shallow boxes, which should be set in the greenhouse or a sunny window. Keep moderately moist until the plants are well up, then transplant, three inches apart.

## Breck's International Prize.

265-Breck's International Prize represents all the best classes and colors of large flowering Asters and embraces the cream of the most desirable species only.

Per oz. 1/4 oz. Pkt. $\begin{array}{lll}\$ 3.50 & \$ 1.00 & \$ 0.10\end{array}$

## Betteridge's Quilled.

266-Mixed, 2 ft., per oz. $\$ 1.00$; $1 / 4$ oz. $\$ 0.30$; pkt. $\$ 0.05$ -collection, 10 distinct colors.
.75
-collection, 6 distinct colors.
.50

## Aster, Breck's Giant Japanese.

A perfect type of Chrysanthemum flowered Aster with long, wavy, twisted petals, and the flowers well built up in the centre. 270-pure white. Per oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. Pkt. 271-peach blossom. $\$ 2.50 \quad \$ 0.75 \quad \$ 0.10$ 272—sch . 2.50 ......... 10 273-dark blue................... . . . . 2.50 . 75 . 10 274—mixed. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.50 . 75 . 10

## American Branching,

A superior class. The flowers are very large and resemble the Japanese Chrysanthemum, 3 ft .

|  | Per oz | $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. | Pkt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 280-pure white. | \$2.00 | \$0.60 | \$0.10 |
| 281-shell pink. | 2.00 | . 60 | . 10 |
| 282-lavender | 2.00 | . 60 | . 10 |
| 283-purple. | 2.00 | . 60 | . 10 |
| 284-crimson | 2.00 | . 60 | . 10 |
| 285-mixed. | 1.75 | . 50 | . 10 |

## Ghrysanthemum Flowered Dwarf, Perfection.

290-Finest mixed. Many shades. $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$.
per oz. $\$ 2.50 ; 1 / 4$ oz. $\$ 0.75$; pkt. $\$ 0.10$
-collection, 12 distinct colors
.75
-collection, 6 distinct colors.
.50

## Ohpysanthemum Flowered Tall.

292—Finest mixed, $2 \mathrm{ft} . ;$ oz. $\$ 2.50 ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{oz} . \$ 0.75 ; \mathrm{pkt} . \$ 0.10$
-collection, 6 distinct colors
.50

## Comet, Giant.

A much improved form of the Comet Aster. The flowers are borne on long stems, in the greatest profusion, 2 ft . Per oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. Pkt.


## Jewel, or Ball.

One of the best. The plants are of fine habit and free bloomers. 1 ft . Per oz. $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. Pkt. 343-Sunlight. A sulphur yellow $\$ 3.50 \quad \$ 1.00 \quad \$ 0.10$ 344-mixed:..................... $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$

## Aster, Upright Branching,

A new and valuable strain of Asters and as a midseason variety is unsurpassed, its form is upright and compact. It does not require staking, is an exceptional variety for cutting and a splendid keeper.

|  | Per oz. | 1/4 oz. | Pkt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 333-crimson giant. | \$2.50 | \$0.75 | \$0.10 |
| 334-lavender pink. | 2.50 | . 75 | 10 |
| 335 -pink pink) splendor . . . . | (Daybreak $4.00$ | 1.25 | 10 |
| 336-rose giant. | 2.50 | . 75 | 10 |
| 337-white. | 2.50 | . 75 | 10 |

## Ostrich Feather (Hohenzollern),

After the style of Comet, but larger flowers with soft wavy, recurved petals.


## Oueen of the Earlies (Queen of the Market),

Early, blooming. Valuable for early display in the garden and for cutting, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.

|  | Peroz. | $1 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. | Pkt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 370-dark blue | \$1.00 | \$0.35 | \$0.10 |
| 371-crimson | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 372-light blue | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 373-rose. | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 374-white. | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 375-salmony rose | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 376-deep scarlet | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 378-peach blossom | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 379-lavender | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |
| 377-mixed. | 1.00 | . 35 | . 10 |

## Victoria, Improved.

Of vigorous habit, pyramidal form, flowers very large, beautifully imbricated and freely produced, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.

|  | Per oz. | 1/4 oz. | Pkt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 395-azure blue. | \$4.00 | \$1.25 | \$0.10 |
| 396-dark blue | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 397-scarlet. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 398-crimson | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 399-light rose. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 400-carmine rose. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 401-rose and white | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 402-peach blossom | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 403-purple violet. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 404-white. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 405-white, tinted rose | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 406-sulphur yellow. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 407-coppery rose. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 408-daybreak pink | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| 409-mixed. | 4.00 | 1.25 | . 10 |
| -collection, 12 dist -collection, 6 dist | $\text { s, . } 90$ |  |  |



## ASTERS-Continued.

 BREGK'S GONGORD ASTER:These magnificent Asters are large, double and very showy, the petals overlapping clear to the centre. The plants are of luxuriant growth, 18 in . high, and bear 25 to 40 flowers on a plant. The fowers measure 4 to 5 in . across and are of perfect form. Excellent for 315-pure white.......... $\$ 4.00$ \$1.25 $\$ 0.10$ 316-light blue........... . 4.00 1.25 . 10 317-light pink. ........... . . $4.00 \quad 1.25$
318-lilac. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $4.00 \quad 1.25$
319-crimson . . . . . . . . . . 4.00
320-scarlet. $4.00 \quad 1.25$
—dark blue ........ . . . 4.00
322-apple blossom. ...... . 4.00
323 -salmon............. . . 4.00 1.25 . 10
 the Aster family. Oz $\$ 4.00, \mathrm{pkt} 10 \mathrm{cts}$

## Paeony-Flowered Perfection Aster. Truffaut's Improved.

A general favorite. The plants are of branching, pyramidal form and very floriferous. Our stock of this seed is a great improvement on what is generally offered, 2 ft .

Per oz. I/4oz. Pkt. 380 -blood red. . . $\$ 3.00 \$ 1.00 \$ 0.10$ 381 -brilliant rose.. $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 382-brilliant scar-
let. . . . . . . $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 383 -dark blue ... : $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 384 -delicate rose.. $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 385 -crimson. ..... $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 386 -carmine rose. . $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 387 -light blue... $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 388 -snow white.. . $3.00 \quad 1.00$. 10 389-amethyst blue...... $\quad 3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ 390-mixed....... $3.00 \quad 1.00 \quad .10$ -collection, 12 distinct colors, .75 -collection, 6 distinct colors, . 40

This Aster is of the Comet class. The flowers are very large and very double, on long stems. The color, pearl gray, approaching lavender, makes it a valuable acquisition to


Aster,


## ASTERS-Continued.



## LATEST IMPROVED VARIETIES.

## Breck's Dawn of Day Aster,

The earliest flowering white Aster yet raised; of perfect form, erect growth and with long stems. It flowers about two weeks ahead of Queen of the Market, and continues until late in the Fall.
260 Dawn of Day.
Pkt. Io cts.

## Breck's Orego Aster.

This is a giant strain of the Comet type of Aster, with large and feathery Howers; recognized as the finest Aster grown, producing an abundance of bloom on fine, long, graceful stems borne well above the foliage.
295 Deep pink................................. Pkt. 10 cts.
296 Snow white . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . " 10 cts.

298 Lavender
" 10 cts.

## Eclipse Aster.

The flowers of this beautiful and distinct Aster are of immense size, measuring 6 to 7 inches across. Pure white, with aread-like florets and very double.
262 Eclipse
. Pkt. 15 cts.

## Washington Aster.

A superb type of Aster, resembling somewhat the Victoria, but of larger size and more loosely arranged petals. The plants grow about 20 inches high and their blooming season extends from August until the latter part of September. Very valuable for cutting and a splendid keeper when cut.
430 Finest Mixed. .... ....................... . Pht. 10 cts.
431 White...................................... . . . . 10 cts.
432 Crimson ................................. . . . 10 cts.
433 Peach Blossom............................. " 10 cts.
434 Dark blue ................................. . . " 10 cts.
435 Light blue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . " 10 cts.
436 Rose ............................................ . . 10 cts.

## Vicks Branching Asterm

This is a type of Aster which needs no introduction. It is recognized as a very vigorous form, which grows into large, handsome plants covered with large, long stemmed flowers that are graceful and feathery. For a white or lavender, Purity or Daybreak cannot be excelled.
419 Rosy Carmine . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Pkt. 10 cts.


421 Lavender.......................................... . . 10 cts.
422 Pink...................................... . . . . . 10 cts.
423 White..................................... 10 cts.
424 Purple ................ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . " 10 cts.
425 Rose . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . " 10 cts.
426 Finest Mixed............................... . . " 10 cts.
427 Violet King. ................................ ". " 10 cts.
428 Purity White ............................ . . " 10 cts.
429 Daybreak Lavender .................... " 10 cts.

## Semples Branching Aster,

437 Lavender . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Pkt. 10 cts.
438 White................................. . . . . . . . " 10 cts.
439 Pink .......................................... . . " 10 cts.

## Hercules Aster.

This is an Aster raised from the large white variety of Hercules first offered in 1905. It is a beautiful, delicate rosy lilac; the plants grow in a compact semi-dwarf form about 20 inches high, and produce immense and perfect flowers. One of the most refined of all Asters.
261 Rosy Lilac
. Pkt. 15 cts.

## Queen of Italy Asterr,

Italian introduction and has been called the Queen, as it will doubtless range foremost amongst all Asters. It grows about 28 inches high and bears giant flowers 5 inches in diameter, on long and graceful stems. The flowers are very double and of a distinct chamois color.
268 Queen of Italy.
Pkt. 25 cts.

Collection of six distinct colors, 50 cents.

[^3]
## Batsam (Impatiens Balsamina),

Magnificent summer and autumn flowering annuals. A rich sandy loam is most suitable for them. They must be kept well watered. If transplanted several times the plants have a tendency to dwarf and produce more double flowers. Seed may be started early in heat or outdoors in May.

Balsams are not often given room for perfect development; they will easily cover 12 to 18 inches of space each way if given fair treatment.

Oz. Pkt.
450 double white, white, 2 ft ..... $\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 0.10$
451 double red, 2 ft .....  10
452 camellia-flowered, Alba Perfecta, 2 ft .....  10
453 -camellia-flowered, mixed, 2 ft ..... 75 .....  05
-collection, 6 distinct colors, 2 ft .
75 . 05
455 carnation striped, mixed, 2 ft7505
456 rose-flowered, mixed, 2 ft
75 .....  05
457 dwarf double, mixed, $11 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$ ..... 05

## Campanula (Ganterbury Bells).

These are well-known favorites. Seed may be sown in the open ground in April or May. The annual and biennial sorts will bloom the first year; the perennials early the year following. They all like a good rich soil. All of them are exceedingly beautiful and attractive, especially when the different colors are planted together.
C. calycanthema can be transplanted to pots for house decoration by soaking the soil about them with water and lifting with a ball of earth.


Calendula (Pot Marigold).
581-rose, hB, 2 ft
Pkt.
583 white, hB, 2 ft... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.50
finest mixed, all colors, $\mathrm{BB}, 2$
585 -medium, single, blue, hB, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. . . 40 . 05
586 -single, rose, hB, $21 / 2$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . 40 . 05
587-single, white, hB, $21 / 2$ ft..... . . . . . . . 40 . 05
588 -single, mixed, hB, $21 / 2$ ft........... . . . 40 . 05
590 -double, mixed, hB, 2 ² 2 ft.......... . 1.25 . 10
592-Dean's Hybrids, double and single, $h B, 21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
$2.50-.20$
594 carpatica, blue, hP, $1 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$........... . . . 50 . 05
595-alba, white, hP, $1 / 2$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . 60 . 05
596 persicifolia grandiflora, blue, hP,
3 ft... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
. 20
597——alba, white, hP, 3 ft. . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
.20
598 pyramidalis compacta alba, hP , ?
599-blue, 3 ft., h P. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.50
. 10
600 speculum (Venus' Looking Glass),
hA, mixed, $1 / 2$ ft.............. . . . 50
.05

## Galendula (Pot Marigold).

" The Marigold of Shakespeare's time." One of the most popular and easily grown hardy annuals. The plants are free flowering and do well in almost any situation, although they prefer a warm, loose soil. They bloom the whole season. It is usual to sow the seeds where the plants are intended to stand, but they will bear transplanting. Calendula make good pot plants and flower freely during the winter.

Oz . Pkt.
560 La Proust. Buff, $11 / 2$ ft. . ........ $\$ 0.25 \$ 0.05$
561 Meteor. Creamy centre edged with orange, 1 ft

25 . 05
562 Nankeen. A beautiful shade, yellow, 1 ft... . . . . . . 25
25.05

563 Prince of Orange. Orange, $1 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . . 25 . 05
564 Pluvialis (Cape Marigold). White,
1 ft.... . . . . ................... .
565 Ranunculoides (Garden Marigold),
566 Sulphurea. Pale yellow, $1 \mathrm{ft} . .$. ... $\quad .25$
567 Superba. Yellow, dark eye, $1 \mathrm{ft} .$. . . 25 . 05
568 Double, mixed....................... . . 30 . 05

## Candytuft (Iberis),

Very showy, branching annual plants that produce flowers which embrace nearly all shades of red, purple and white. A succession of sowings lengthens the season of bloom. Seed sown outdoors in spring will produce flowers from July until September. Is very effective for beds, borders, etc., and useful for pot culture during winter. Grown extensively by florists for cutting. 605 Breck's White Giant. White, largeflowered, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{oz} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ pkt. 5 cts . 606 Breck's Improved White Spiral. White, $11 / 2$ ft.,oz. 50 cts .; pkt. 5 cts . 607 -carmine. Carmine, $1 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{oz} .25 \mathrm{cts}$. pkt. 5 cts.
608-crimson, Dunnett's. Crimson, 1 ft., oz. 25 cts. ; pkt. 5 cts.
609-Empress. White, $1 \mathrm{ft} .$, oz. $35 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ pkt. 5 cts.
610-Giant Hyacinth-Flowered. White, 1 ft., oz. 40 cts.; pkt. 5 cts.
611-Little Prince. A dwarf Empress. White, $3 / 4$ ft., oz. 50 cts . ; pkt. 5 cts .
612-odorata. White, 1 ft ., oz. 25 cts.; pkt. 5 cts.
613—Rocket. White, 1 ft., oz. 25 cts.; pkt. 5 cts.
614-Rose Cardinal. Rose, 1 ft., oz. $\$ 1.50$; pkt. 10 cts .
615-Queen of Italy. Pink, 1 ft ., oz. 60 cts. ; pkt. 5 cts.
616-umbellata. Purple, 1 ft., oz. 25 cts.; pkt. 5 cts.
617 Breck's Improved. Mixed, $1 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{oz} .25$ cts.; pkt. 5 cts.
618-dwarf hybrid. Mixed, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$., oz. 60 cts.; pkt. 5 cts.
619-Hybrida rosea, oz. \$1.50; pkt. 10 cts.


Breck's Celosia, Crimson Plume.


## Candytuft, Breck's Improved White Spiral.

## Gockscomb (Celosia),

The Cristata sorts have become very popular for bedding; their beautifully formed, highly colored flowers being very attractive and effective. The Plumosa class is splendid in both foliage and flower, very suitable for vases, borders, etc. The "Ostrich Feather" produces large plumes, beautifully curved and curled.

Seed should be sown in a hot-bed in Mar. or Apr. and transplanted to pots when large enough.
636 Cristata dwarf chamois. Fawn,Per oz. Pkt.
$3 / 4 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0.10$
637-copper-color, bronze, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$.. ...
638-dark crimson, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$..
.10
639 . 10
640-Glasgow Prize, crimson $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$.
641-Golden yellow, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$............. $\quad . \quad 10$
642 -Queen rose $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. . . .
643-scarlet, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$.
-violet, $3 / 4$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 10
645-Vesuvius, scarlet, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . . . . .
646-mixed, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . .
.10
Collection. 12 dwarf sorts, 60 .
650 Breck's Crimson Plume. Bright crimson on the orange shade
651 Plumosa. Crimson, 2 ft......... 1.00
652 -golden yellow, 2 ft................ 1.00
653-Thompson's. Magnifica, crim.,
$2 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00
654-Plumosa, mixed. . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00
655-Ostrich Feather, crimson, 3 ft .. . 75
656 - orange, $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .$. . . . . . 75
657-Ostrich Feather, mixed. . . . . . . . . 50
659 Spicata (Argentea Linearis). Green and white, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$....... . 60

## Centaurea (Gornflower),

C. Cyanus is the favorite Bachelor's Button, or Ragged Sailor. This class is of the earliest culture and produces an abundance of bright colored and beautifully formed flowers throughout a very long season. The strain of seed we offer embraces everything desired in color and form. Sow seed early outdoors and thin out the plants to 6 or 8 inches apart, or in boxes in the house, and transplant when large enough.

Cyanus Bachelors' Buttons.
Per oz. Pkt.
665 Breck's Double Blue.... \$2.00 \$0.10
666-Emperor William (hA) blue, 1 ft
.40 .05

667-brown, 1 ft ................ . . 40
663 -red, 1 ft ................... . . 40 . 05
669 -pink, 1 ft................. . . 40 . 05
670-Victoria, blue, 1 ft...... . 40 . 10
671-lilac, 1 ft .................. . . 40
67. -purple, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . .$. . . . 40

673 -white, 1 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40
674-single, mixed, $1 \mathrm{ft} . .$. .. . 40
675 -double, mixed, 1 ft ..... . . 80
680 Americana. Lilac, 3 ft. . 2.00
681 Americana Alba (Pure White) $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .$.
4.00

Imperialis. Very large. Sweet scented flowers.
685-Alba, white, 3 ft., hA ... 1.25
686-Armida, lilac, 3 ft., hA. . 1.25
687-Favorita, rose, 3 ft ., hA. 1.25
688-purpurea, purple rose, 3 ft., hA.
1.25

689-splendens, dark purple, 3 ft.. hA.
1.25
$690-$ mixed, 3 ft., hA............ 1.00
695 Moschata (Sweet Sultan). Mixed, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . . .$. ... 1.00
696 Sauveolens (Yellow Sweet Sultan). Yellow, $11 / \mathrm{gtt}$.

$$
.80
$$

700 Odorata Chameleon. Yellow and rose, $11 / \mathrm{s}$ ft., hhP
701-Margaret, pure white. $21 / 3$ inches across, $11 / \mathrm{ft}$., hhP

## Certaurea (Perenneal Flowering),

To obtain bloom the first season, seed should be sown early indoors. Any ordinary garden soil will answer, but a warm light one gives best results.
702-Montana Blue, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$... . $\$ 2.00$ Per oz. Pkt. 703-Babylonica, yellow, 3 ft.. 1.25
.10


Centaurea Cyanus.

## Gentaurea Silver-Leaf (Dusty Miller).

Beautifully cut silvery leaves. These plants are much used for hedding and edging, and thrive almost anywhere. A little care is necessary in watering young seedlings. 704 -candidissima (hhP), 1 ft ., silver foliage
705-Clementei (hhP), 2 ft ., ornamental foliage. per oz. $.80 \quad$ " $\quad .10$ 707-Rutifolia Purpurea (hhP), 2 ft
$1.50 \quad$ " 10

## Ohrysanthemums, Annual or Summer Flowering,

All the summer flowering chrysanthemums are very effective and showy plants for beds and borders, besides affording an immense material for cutting. Sow seed where the plants are wanted to bloom and thin out to 9 inches apart; earlier flowering plants can be had by sowing early in a cold frame, and transplanting when large enough.


## Goreopsis (Galliopsis).

A species of very showy annual and perennial plants that are invaluable for garden decoration and cutting. They enhance the color of the garden by the wealth of bright yellow flowers, which is strengthened in some sorts by disks of rich crimson, maroon and various shades of brown. The perennials are all hardy border plants and well worthy a place in every garden. The flowers last well when cut.

Per oz. Pkt.

| 885 | Radiata, "Tiger Star," hA. Yel- |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| low and brown, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft} ., \ldots \ldots \ldots . \$ 1.50$ | $\$ 0.10$ |  |
| 886 | Radiata, "Dark Brown," hA. |  |



Coreopsis (Calliopsis).


Calliopsis Radiata "Tiger Star." Per oz. Pkt. 894 Tinctora, hA. Yel. and br., 2 ft. $\$ 0.30 \$ 0.05$ 895 Coronata, hA. Yellow, $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . .$. . . . 40 . 05
896 Drummondii, hA. Yel. and br., 1 ft . . 30 . 05
897 Double Hybrids, hA.Var. col., $1^{1 / 2}$ ft. . 40
898 Tom Thumb Crimson King, hA. $1 / 2$ ft. 1.50
899 Mixed, hA. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$............ 30
900 Grandifiora, 1 P
901 Lanceolata, hP. Yellow, $2 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . 50
902 Perennials, hP
colors, 2 ft.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
.05


Breck's Early Flowering Cosmos

## Cosmos (Gosmea)

We especially recommend Breck's Massachusetts grown Cosmos as the most desirable and most satisfactory for growing in New England. Under ordinary cultivation they will begin to bloom in July and continue up to frost. The flowers are of good size and delicate shades. Sow seeds of Breck's Early Flowering varieties in open ground, in light warm soil, early in May and cover not more than half an inch deep. The seed germinates in about ten days. The Cosmos must have the full sunshine for successful growing. High-grade fertilizer, rich in potash, such as Breck's Lawn and Garden Dressing, gives best results. Seeds of the later varieties should be sown early in March in a hot-bed or box in the house. When plants are 2 inches high transplant into 2 inch pots, when well established repot into 4 -inch pots and water moderately. Transplant to open ground in June.

Per oz. Pkt.

## Lady Lennox.

870-pink, large flowered
\$1.50 \$0.10

## Breck's Early Blooming.

871-crimson, 3 ft
1.50

872-pink, 3 ft............................ . . . . . . 1.50
. 10
873-white, 3 ft . ....................... 1.50
. 10
874 -mixed, beautiful shades, $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . \mathrm{A} \quad 1.25 \quad .10$
Mammoth.
875-pink, hA, 5 ft.......................... . 50
876-red, hA, 5 ft........................... . . 50
. 05
877-white, hA, 5 ft. ..................... . . . 50
.05
878-mixed, hA, $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. . . . . . 50

## Klondyke.

879-yellow, hA, 4 ft..................... 1.00

## Convolvulus (Morning Glory)

Convolvulus Major is the old favorite, and grows rapidly to a height of ten feet. The other two sorts are new and fine, especially the Japanese Morning Glory. They bear large and wonderfully colored flowers.

The dwarf Morning Glory is suitable for growing in clumps or beds, and fine for hanging baskets, window boxes, etc. Height, 1 foot.
915 Convolvulus Major (Morning Glory), hA, mixed colors. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . per oz. $\$ 0.10$
916 -Imperial Japanese, $20 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{hA}$, mixed colors.
pkt. \$0.05
917 purpurea, f pl. (Double Morning Glory), hA, white and r.................. ". . . . . . . . . . 10
905 Convolvulus Minor (Dwarf Morning Glory), tricolor, 1 ft. , hA, varied colors.. ... " . 25 ". 05 906 Rose Queen, $1 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{hA}$, rose... per oz. $\$ 0.25 \mathrm{pkt}$. 0.05
907 splendens, $1 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{hA}$, violet... " . 25 " . 05
908 white, $1 \mathrm{ft} .$, hA, white....... " .25 " .05 909 mixed, $1 \mathrm{ft} ., \mathrm{hA}$, mixed colors
" $\quad .20$ 10 910 Mauritanicus, 1 ft ., hhP, blue
1.00 "


## Dahlias Breck's Selected

We offer seed of the following varieties. This seed is saved from the best collections in Europe. If the seed is started early in a hot-bed an abundance of flowers will be produced the same season. Dahlias like a good, deep, rich soil. The roots should be housed during winter in a cool cellar where they will be safe from frost. In spring roots can be divided and about May 2oth transplanted to the open ground.

| 975 Dahlia, cactus, mi |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pkt. } \\ \$ 0.25 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 976 double grandiflora, mixed. | " | 4 |  | . 25 |
| 977-Pompon, mixed. | " | 2 |  | 10 |
| 978-Tom Thumb, mixed | " | 11/2 |  | 10 |
| 979-Glory, mixed. | " | 3 |  | 10 |
| 980-Monarch, dark crimson | " | 3 |  | 10 |
| 983 - Prony Flowered, mixed |  | $31 / 2$ |  | . 20 |
| 981 Breck's single Perf., mixed | " | 4 | \$1.75 | . 10 |
| 982-Collarette, single, mixed. . | " | 4 |  |  |

List of Dahlia Roots in named varieties, see page 103.
See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Dianthus <br> (Pink or Carnation),

Among the Dianthus will be found some of our best loved flowers.

The biennial sorts are all well-known favorites that flower the first season. The colors of the Heddewegii vary through all shades of crimson to a delicate rose.

The Diadematus shades from rose to purple. They are all exceedingly ornamental, and suitable alike for beds, borders, house cultivation and cutting.

Barbatus is the old-fashioned German Sweet William.

The Caryophyllus bloom in about four months from time of sowing and produce 80 per cent double flowers.

Seed can be sown under glass in the spring, or in an open, sheltered bed. The seedlings are easily transplanted and should stand 8 to 12 inches apart.

## Dianthus (Pink).

Per oz. Pkt.
Punctatus (dk. shaded), hA, 1 ft .



Breck's Giant Eschscholtzia.

## Eschscholtzia (Galifornia Poppy),

Large showy flowers in shades of yel low, orange, rose and white. The foliage is bluish green and very attractive. For a display in beds and borders as well as for cutting, these flowers are very satisfactory. The plants are fairly hardy and seed may be sown quite early where wanted to bloom.

Per oz. Plt.
1190 Californica, hA. Yel-
low and orange, $1 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 0.25 \$ 0.05$ 1191-rose cardinal........ . 60 1200 Giant (Hunnemannia).

Yellow ...............
1192 Fine Mixed, hA, 1 ft.
1192 Fine Mixed, hA, 1 ft... $\quad .30$. 05
1197 Californica, mixed.... . 30 . 05
1185 Erecta Compacta.
Dainty queen........ 2.50
.20

## Double English Daisy,

The English Daisies are very popular spring-flowering, perennial plants; they are very often used for bedding with Pansies and Forget-me-nots, Silenes, etc. They grow about 4 inches high and have a flowering season from May until Sept. They are easily grown. Seed can be sown either in spring or in midsummer. They require protection in a cold frame during winter.
Bellis Perennis (Double Daisy.)
Per oz. Pkt.
490-Snowball. Pure white $\$ 4.00 \$ 0.20$
491-Giant Red. Very rare 4.00 . 20
492-Longfellow. Pink... 4.00 . 20
493-Double. Mixed ..... 3.00 . 10

## Breck's Silver Medal Hollyhocks (Althrea Rosea).

Breck's Silver Medal strain of seed is superior to any in vigor of growth, texture, quantity and range of color.

Although Hollyhocks are perennials, young plants produce larger flowers and fresher colors than old ones, therefore we recommend the sowing of seed every year. Plan*s will flower the same year from seed sown in the greenhouse in January and grown on in pots until time for setting outdoors. Sowings can also be made from May to August for the following year's flowering; when the plants are large enough, transplant to a rich, cool snil, giving each at least a foot of space for growth. The permanent border or location in which they are set should be dug deep and well manured. Abundance of water should be supplied throughout the entire season of growth.

|  |  | Per oz. | Pkt. |  | Chater's Double. | Per oz. | Pkt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1500 Chater's Double. | Apple blossom | \$4.00 | \$0.10 | 1512 | -pure whit | \$4.00 | \$0.10 |
| 1501 -bluish whi |  | 4.00 | . 10 | 1513 | -yellow, dark | 4.00 | . 10 |
| 1502 -canary yellow |  | 4.00 | . 10 | 1515 | Breck's Silver Medal, hP. Mixed. |  |  |
| 1503 -carmine. |  | 4.00 | . 10 |  | Very choice, contains every |  |  |
| 1504 -crimson |  | 4.00 | . 10 |  | desirable color, $6 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .$. | 4.00 | . 10 |
| 1505 -lemon yellow |  | 4.00 | . 10 | 1516 | Chater's Double. Mixed | 3.00 | . 10 |
| 1506 -dark maroo |  | 4.00 | . 10 | 1517 | Double. Mixed | 3.00 | . 10 |
| 1507 -pink |  | 4.00 | . 10 | 1518 | Single. Mixed | 1.50 | . 10 |
| 1508 -rose |  | 4.00 | . 10 |  | Collection. 12 distinct colors, \$1.00 |  |  |
| 1509 -salmon pink |  | 4.00 | . 10 | 1519 | Allegheny. Mixed. Semi-double, |  |  |
| 1510 -variegated |  | 4.00 | . 10 |  | fringed flowers. | 2.00 | . 10 |
| 1511 -violet purple |  | 4.00 | . 10 | 1495 | Double. Annual, mixed. | 1.50 | . 10 |

Strong Flowering Plants, 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.; \$15.00 per 100.

## Larkspur (Delphinium),

Larkspurs thrive in any good garden soil, but are of much better color and texture of flower when grown in a deep, rich, sandy loam. Both the annual and perennial sorts are easily raised from seed, fall or early spring sowing is recommended. Perennial sorts are also propagated by divisions of roots. Seedlings should be set out where they are intended to flower any time in May or June. The tall sorts are very suitable for borders; the dwarfer kinds are effective for beds.

Per oz. Pkt.
999 Dwf Blue Butterfly, hA. Clear Blue, 15 in.
$\$ 1.50$. $\$ 0.10$
1000 Bismarck, hA . Red striped, 1 ft. .................. $1.25 \quad$. 10

1001 Candelabrum, hA. Double, mixed, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
2.50 10

1002 Double Dwarf Rocket, ha. Mix., 1 ft. . 30 .20
1002 Double Dan 05
1003 Tall Rocket, hA. Mixed, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . . . \quad .30 \quad .05$
1004 Emperor, hA. Mixed, $11 / 2$ ft....... . . 40 . 05
1005 Giant Hyacinth Flowered, hA. Mixed, 2 ft .
1006 Cardinale, hP. Scarlet, 3 ft .... 4.00
1007 Cashmerianum, hP. Purplish, ...3ft $4.00 \quad .25$
1008 Chinese, hP. Blue, 2 ft. . . . . . . .
1009 Elatum (Bee Larkspur), hhP. Blue, 4 ft .
$.80 \quad .05$
1010 Formosum, hP. Blue and white, $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
1011 Grandiforum Album, hP. White, $2 \mathrm{ft} 1.25 \quad .10$
1012 Double Hybrids, hP. Mixed, 2 ft. . 2.00
1013 Nudicaule, hP. Scarlet, $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
1014 Zalil, hP. Yellow, 1 ft
1015 Elatum Hybridium hP. Mixed,
1016 Belladonna, hP. Lovely pale blue, 4 ft .
Collection. Six varieties, Dwarf Rocket, . 30
Collection. Six varieties, Tall Rocket,


Breck's Colossal Sweet Mignonette.

## Marigolds (Tagetes), (See also Calendula.)

For adding shades of yellow to the garden effect in late summer and autumn the African and French Marigolds are unsurpassed. They make nice beds when grown together, the Dwarf French sorts being used for edging; both sorts are also very desirable for borders or for brightening up any bare or colorless spots. Sowings should not be made outdoors until danger from frost is passed.

Per oz. Pkt.
2954 Breck's Scotch Prize. African,

|  | \$1.00 | \$0.10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2956--orange | 1.00 | . 10 |
| 2960- - El Dorado, yellow | . 50 | . 05 |
| 2962- -Pride of Garden, yello | . 50 | . 05 |
| 2958- -mixed, 2 ft | . 50 | . 05 |
| --collection of 6 distinct varieties, Breck's Perfection Strain. | . 25 |  |
| - "Sunburst" lemon yellow, hA, 2 ft . |  | . 10 |
| 2952 - - "Sunburst" orange yellow, hA, |  | 10 |

Per oz. Pkt.
2968 French Tall Double. Mixed, 2 ft. . . $\$ 0.80 \$ 0.05$ 2972- -dwarf double, mixed, $1 \mathrm{ft} . . .$. . . 60 . 05
2974- -striped, brown and yellow. . . . . . . . 60 . 05
2976- -purple and gold. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60 . 05
2978——gold edged, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 40 . 05

- collection, 6 distinct vars, 25
-collection, 12 distinct varieties, each . 40 .
2986 Signata Pumila. Brown and yellow, 1 ft. . . . .................... . . 60
2988 Signata Pumila. Golden ring, $1 \mathrm{ft} . .$.
2990-Cloth of Gold, yellow, 1 ft . . . . . . . . . 60


## Mignonette (Reseda Odorata),

Well known, fragrant favorites, delightful for working into bouquets. For winter flowering seed should be sown in July or August. All the sorts we offer are very fine, but especial attention is called to Breck's Giant Machet and Breck's Colossal as being particularly good and the most desirable for pot culture. A succession of bloom during both summer and winter may be had by repeated sowings.


## Breck's Rainbow Nasturtiums (Tropaeolum),

A great variety of soft and pleasing colors. The seed we offer is a selected strain and mixed in proper proportions so that our customers may be assured of having all the effective shades of pink, rose, scarlet, crimson, brick, claret, chocolate, brown, garnet, orange, primrose, yellow and white. Seed may be planted, one inch deep, early in April, where wanted to bloom or in any convenient place, and the plants when large enough transplanted to the beds.


## Pansy (Viola Tricolor),

The Pansy is one of our specialties. For size and form of flowers, variety and brilliancy of colors and markings, there is nothing approaches it. Breck's Boston Prize is an American strain and is superior to any European mixture. The flowers are immensely large and wonderful in their coloring.

The English and Scotch Prize Pansies are remarkably fine; they are from the finest collections in these countries.

Our Trimardeau Pansies embrace the cream of that type, and will give perfect satisfaction in every particular.

Pansies delight in a cool, moist soil and a situation that protects them from cutting winds as well as the midday sun. To obtain large flowers early in spring, seed should be sown in July or August and the plants protected with a frame during winter. Spring sown seed does very well, although the tlowers produced are not so large.

Peroz. Pkt.
3250 Breck's Boston Prize, hP. Mixed

3252 Breck's International Prize.

$$
\text { Mixed . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 6.00
$$

3254 Bugnot's ${ }^{\circ}$ Private Strain. Mixed. . 8.00
3256 Bugnot's Blotched. Mixed....... 8.00
3258 Belgian Blotched. Mixed, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. . 2.00
3260 Cassier's Giant Odier. Mixed ... 6.00
3262 Cassier Reds. Mixed shades of red.............................. . . 6.00
3264 English Fancy. Mixed............ . . 5.00
3266 -Show. Mixed .................... . 4.00
3268 Scotch Prize. Mixed .............. 8.00
3272 Parisian Strain. Mixed, $3 / 4 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . 3.00
3274 Madame Perret. Red. ........... . 4.00
3276 Masterpiece. Curled, blue and white....................... . . . 3.50
3278 Triumph of the Giants. ............. . . 8.00
3280 Tufted. Mixed, $3 / 4$ ft.... . . . . . . . . . 2.50
3282 Giant Odier. White spotted..... 8.00
3290 Trimardeau or Giant. Auricula Flowered ...................... . . 2.50
3292 -atropurpurea. Purple........ . 2.50
3294 -Emperor William. Blue.. . . . . 3.00
3296 -Fire King. Yellow and crimson. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.00
3298 -golden yellow. Yellow......... 3.00
3300 -Golden five-spotted. Variegated 8.00
3302 -King of the Blacks. Dark purple........................ . . 3.00
3304 -pure white. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4.00
3306 -Lord Beaconsfield. Yellow and white.....................

3310 -red and brown shades............ 2.50
3312 —striped. Striped................ . . 2.50
3314 -violet blue. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
3316 -yellow marbled. Variegated. . 3.00
3318 -white, dark eye. . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
3320 Trimardeau, or Giant. Mixed..... 3.00
.15
.25
.25 10 25 25 20 5 25 15 5
3336 -brown. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00 . 10

3338 -Candidissima (Snow Queen). 3.00 . 10
3340 -Cardinal. Red................. . 4.00 . 20
3342 -dark blue . ........................ . . . 1.50 . 10
3344 —Emperor William. Blue. ...... 2.50 . 10
3346 -Fawn... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00 . 10
3348 -Faust, or King of Blacks........ . . 2.50 . 10
3350 —gold margined. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00 . 10
3352 -Havana brown.................... . . 2.00 . 10
3354 -Lord Beaconsfield. Blue and $\begin{aligned} & \text { white....................... } 3.00 \text {. } 10\end{aligned}$
3356 -mahogany color....................... 2.00 . 10
3358 —dark, white edge. ................ . . 2.00 . 10
3360 -striped and mottled............. . . . 2.50 . 10
3362 -Victoria. Red. ............... . . 3.00 . 10
3364 -violet, white margined.......... . . 2.00 . 10
$\begin{array}{ll}3368 & \text {-choice mixed. ...................... } \\ 3370 \text {-fine mixed.................. } & 1.50 \\ .05\end{array}$
3370 -fine mixed.....................
-collection, 12 colors, 1.00 .
-collection, 6 colors, .50 .
Peroz. Pkt




) 010
.10
.10
左


Shirley Poppy.

## POPPY (Papaver):

Poppies are so well known that it is needless to say anything in their favor. Quite a number of the perennial varieties bloom the first year from seed if sown early. The new strain of Shirley we offer produces softer and more pleasing shades than we have offered hitherto. Sowings made in May, and again several times during spring, will produce a continuous bloom from early summer until frost. The seed should be sown where the plants are wanted to bloom, as Poppies do not take kindly to transplanting. Cover seed very lightly, and firm the soil with a flat board. When large enough thin out the plants. A sandy loam and early spring sowings produce the best flowers.

| ${ }_{21} 170$ Charles Darwin. Purple and white $21 / 8$. |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Pkt. } \\ \text { \$0.15 } \end{array}$ |  | Orientale (Orientale Poppy), hP (t.ft |  | Pkt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2180 Alpinum album, thP. White... 1 |  | . 10 |  | Scarlet and purple | \$.60 | \$. 05 |
| 2182 -roseum, rose, thP |  | 10 |  | Blush Queen, hP. Large, pink | . 00 |  |
| 2184 -scarlet, hP...................... $\mathrm{I}^{11 / 2}$ |  | . 10 |  | Bracteatum, hP. Brick scarlet.. 3 | 1.00 |  |
| 2186 -yellow, hP |  | . 10 |  | Beauty of Livermore. Crimson |  |  |
| 2188 -mixed, thP |  | . 10 |  | with dark blotch | 3.00 | . 10 |
| 2190 -fringed, thP. Various |  | . 10 |  | Queen Alexandra (Rosy salmon |  |  |
| 2192 Boston Peerless, hA. Mixed. | \$.60 | . 10 |  | with crimson blotch). | 4.00 | . 20 |
| 2194 Cardinal, hA. Double, scarlet .. $11 / 2$ | . 60 | . 10 |  | Apricot Queen (Large Apricot). | 3.00 | . 10 |
| 2196 -hybridum, hA. Double mixed.. i $1 / 2$ | . 30 | . 05 |  | Parkmanni, hP. Light scarlet.. | 4 о0 | . 20 |
| 2198 Carnation, hA. Double mixed . . 22 | .25 | . 05 |  | Rembrandt (Orange Globe). hP. |  |  |
| 2200 Chinese, hA. Mixed, double, scarlet and white. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . I | I. 50 | . 10 |  | Orange. Salmon Queen, hP. Salmon pink, | 2.00 | . 10 |
| 2202 Danebrog (Danish Flag), hA. Scarlet and white..................... . 2 | . 25 | . 05 |  | beautiful. Pavonium (Peacock Poppy), hA. | 4.00 | . 20 |
| 2204 Glaucum (Tulip Poppy), hA. Scar. I | . 75 | . 05 |  | Scarlet and blue | 1.00 | . 05 |
| 2206 Lævigatium, hA. Scar. and black 11/2 | 1.00 | . 10 |  | Pzony-flowered, hA. Dbl. Mxd. 1 ¹/2 | . 25 | . 05 |
| 2208 Maid of the Mist, hA. White, single pæony flowered. | . 50 | . 10 |  | Ranunculus=flowered, hA. Mixed 2 Shirley, Breck's Selected, hA. | . 50 | . 05 |
| 2210 May Campbell, ha. Double, white $11 / 2$ | . 50 | . 10 |  | Mixed ....................... $11 / 2$ | . 50 | . 05 |
| 2212 Mephisto, hA. Crimson and black 2 | . 25 | . 05 |  | - -Dwarf, hA. Shirley colors.. I | . 60 | . 10 |
| 2216 Mikado, hA. Double,scar.and white I | . 60 | . 05 | 2262 | Somniferum (Opium Poppy), hA. |  |  |
| 2218 Miss Sherwood, hA. White, rose $21 / 2$ | . 75 | . 10 |  | White ................... 3 | . 40 | . 05 |
| 2220 Nudicaule(Iceland Poppy), thP.Yel. $11 / 2$ | 1.00 | . 10 | 2264 | Tulip-flowered, h A. Mixed, various |  | . 10 |
| 2222 -alba, thP. White . ........... $1 / 2$ | - | . 10 | 2266 | Umbrosum, hA. Crimson... .. $11 / 2$ | . 30 | . 05 |
| 2224 -aurantiacum, thP. Orange .... $11 / 2$ | 1.00 | . 10 | 2268 | Victoria Cross, ha. Crimson and |  |  |
| 2226 -Scarlet, hP..................... . I $^{1 / 2}$ | 1.00 | . 10 |  |  | - 50 | .05 |
| 2228.-Striped, hP. .................. $11 / 2$ | 1.00 | . 10 | 2270 | White Swan, ha. Double white 2 | - 50 | . 05 |
| 2230 -coccineum, thP. Double, scarlet $11 / 2$ | 2.25 | . 1 |  | Yellow Rose, ha. Double yellow $11 / 2$ | . 50 | . 05 |
| 2232 -fl. pl., thP. Double, yellow.... $11 / 9$ | o | . 10 |  | ection. Carnation-flow., 2 colors .40. |  |  |
| 2234 -mixed, single, thP.............. $11 / 2$ | 1.00 | 10 |  | Pæony-flowered, 12 colors, 40. |  |  |
| 2251 Orientale Hybrids. Splendid mix- |  |  |  | ection. 6 perennial varieties, 40 |  |  |
|  | - | . 10 |  | ction. 6 annual varieties, .40. |  |  |

## Petunia Hybridar

Free flowering, sweet scented and easily cultivated, well-known favorites, effective and beautiful in borders, beds, vases, etc. They thrive in almost any soil and produce a brilliant array of color throughout a long season. Breck's Prize is an exceedingly fine strain of large fringed flowers that produces a large percentage of doubles. We call special attention to the collections offered. The seed is all saved from selected pot-grown plants, and we believe will prove perfectly satisfactory.
Petunia hybrida, large flowered
Hght.
2330-Hybrida alba.
Ft. Oz. Pkt. 2337-—pink...................... . $11 / 2$ \$0.75 \$0.10 2333-Nana Compacta,"Snowball" " " $\quad .55$.10 " 2.50 . 10 2325- -Rosy Morn ............. ". " 3.50 . 20 2354——Brilliant Rose.......... " " 1 . 25 2360-Multiflora ............. " 1 I 2.00 .IO 2335-Kermesina (crimson)...... "، $11 / 2 \quad .75$. 10
2338 -Purple King ............... " " " 75 . 10
2340-Superbissima, choicest m'x'd "
2342-fimbriata, or fringed . ...... ". "
2344 - -California Giant ........ "
2346- Choice double mixed....
2350-Breck's Prize, double .
2352-Inimitable, nana m'x'd, d'ble
2356-Striped and blotched, double "
2358-Double, mixed.
2364-Striped and blotched....." "
2366-Howard's New Star ....... .
2370-Choice mixed, single...... " ". 1.00 . 15
2374-Fine mixed............... " " . 75.05 collection, I 2 varieties, large flowered..... I.OO collection, 6 varieties, large flowered



Breck's Large Flowered Petunia.

## Salpiglossis.

The Salpiglossis is a beautiful garden annual. The magnificent flowers, large and funnel shaped, present an extremely pleasing variety of colors in mottled, veined and self-colored forms. They require good, rich soil, and will amply repay in glorious effect good care and liberal treatment.

The strain we offer under the name of MultiColored is a wonderful improvement over all other varieties of this very desirable plant.

| Salpiglossis | Hght. | Oz. | Pkt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2640-Multi-Colored, mixed. | 2 ft . | \$2.00 | \$0.18 |
| 2644-Emperor, mixed. | 2 | 2.00 | . 10 |
| 2646-grandiflora, tall mixed | 2 " | 1.00 | . 10 |
| 2648-dwarf mixed. | 1 | 2.00 | . 10 |
| collection, 6 varieties, |  |  | 30 |
| collection, 6 varieties, |  |  |  |



Salpiglossis.

## Sweet Peas (Lathyrus odoratus).

We have endeavored to simplify the selecting of Sweet Peas by reducing our list of varieties, and by specifying those sorts that, in the opinion of leading specialists, are most representative and desirable to persons who desire to grow the named kinds.
Sow seeds in spring as soon as the ground can be worked. Make a trench about 8 inches deep, dig in some good manure and level off the surface, then sow the seed and cover the same with about 2 inches of soil, pressing it down firmly. As the plants grow thin them out if necessary, and gradually fill in the trench using care to have 6 or 8 inches of growth above the soil at all times. In staking the vines use either brush or strong stakes; set about 10 feet apart; to this wire netting can be fastened. Do this before filling in the trench.

## BRECKS BOSTON MIXTURE.

1900. The very best mixture offered at any price. It includes in good proportion over sixty of the choicest kinds. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., $1 / \pm$ lb., 40 cts., lb. $\$ 1.25$.

## BEST TWENTY VARIETIES OF S WEET PEAS.

Black Knight, Countess Cadogan, Dorothy Eckford, Emily Eckford, Firefly, Frank Dolby, Harvard, Helen Pierce, Katherine Tracy, King Edward VII, Lady Grisel Hamilton, Miss Wilmott, Modesty, Mont Blanc, Othello, Prima Donna, Prince Edward of York, Princess of Wales, Stella Morse, Venus.

COLLECTION OF TWENTY, $\$ 1.00$


Sweet Peas.

## best nine varieties of sweet peas,

Black Knight, Dorothy Eckford, Firefly, Frank Dolby, Harvard, Lady Grisel Hamilton, Mont Blanc, Royal Rose, Senator. COLlection of nine, 50 cents.

## SWEET PEAS, GENERAL LIST, Oz: 20 cts; PKt. 10 cts.

1730 America. Bright red and white striped.
${ }^{1} 731$ Agnes Johnson. Light pink shaded and buff.
1735 Black Knight. Deep maroon.
1736 Blanche Burpee. Pure white.
1737 Blanche Ferry. Kose and white.
1741 Countess of Cadogan. Lilac and blue.
1742 Countess of Lathom. Cream pink.
1743 Countess of Radnor. Lavender.
1746 Crown Jewel. Primrose, veined violet rose.
1751 Dorothy Eckford. Large white.
1752 Dorothy Tennant. Rose purple, self-colored, large.
1754 Duke of Clarence. Dark claret, self-colored, large.
1755 Duke of Westminster. Standard purple, wings violet.
1760 Earliest of All. Rose and white.

1761 Earliest Sunbeams. Very early primrose. 1765 Emily Eckford. Rose-lilac and blue.
1770 Firefly. Bright red.
1772 Frank Dolby. Pale lavender.
1775 Golden Rose. Primrose, striped pink.
I780 Harvard. True Harvard crimson.
1785 Helen Pierce. Blue mottled on white.
1787 Henry Eckford. Orange.
${ }^{1} 790$ Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon. Large primrose.
1800 Katherine Tracy. Pink.
I802 King Edward VII. Bright red.
1805 Lady Grisel Hamilton. Lavender.
I828 Miss Wilmott. Large, orange pink.
I 830 Modesty. White, tinted pink.
1832 Mont Blanc. White, very early.

## SWEET PEAS-Continued,

1850 Othello. Deep maroon.
1855 Prima Donna. Pink.
1857 Prince Edward of York. Scarlet and crimson. 1860 Princess of Wales. Striped mauve on white ground.
1862 Queen Alexandra. Bright scarlet.
1865 Royal Rose. Crimson pink, shaded light pink.

1870 Sadie Burpee. White seeded, white.
1872 Salopian. Bright red.
1873 Scarlet Gem. Bright scarlet of medium size.
1875 Senator. Maroon and violet, white striped.
1880 Stella Morse. Buff, tinted pink.
1885 Sue Earl. Primrose, edged with mauve. 1890 Venus. Buff pink.

JOSEPH BRECK EO SONS, Boston, Mass. Gentlemen: I am more than pleased with the seed bought of you this year.-F. H. TUTHILL, Jamesport, New York.

## Sunflowers (Helianthus),

Most Sunflowers being of strong growth are not suited for beds near the house, but are very desirable for growing in shrubberies, against fences, or making backgrounds for borders. They do well in any kind of soil, from light sandy to heavy; they do not grow to perfection if heavily shaded. Seeds may be sown where the plants are wanted to bloom, or indoors in March and April, and transplanted when the weather is suitable.



## Breck's Zinnias.

Breck's Defiance is without exception the finest strain of large Double Zinnias offered. The plants are of vigorous branching habit and produce freely immense double flowers in an endless variety of splendid colors. The separate colors are saved from the same collection, which is admitted to be the finest in Europe. Seed sown early in heat will begin to bloom in June and continue until frost, or seed may be sown outdoors where the plants are intended to bloom.

Breck's Defiance Zinnia.



## GENERAL LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS

## Explanation and Key to Abbreviations,

Our General List of Flower Seeds comprises the following, viz.: Annuals, Perennials and Biennials; Climbers; Greenhouse Plants; Everlastings; Ornamental Grasses, etc. The botanical and common names are arranged in alphabetical order, and a very complete index will be found in front of book. The dash ( - ) designates the repetition of the name above it as applying to the variety to which the dash is prefixed; the first column, following the name, denotes hardiness and duration; the second column, height in feet; the third column, color or predominating colors; the fourth and fifth columns show the price per ounce and packet respectively; the sixth column gives brief descriptions or special notes on culture.
hA designates Hardy Annuals-Lasting but one year.

| hhA | ". | Half Hardy Annuals-Lasting but one year. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| th | Tender Annuals-Lasting but one year. |  |
| hB | ". | Hardy Biennials-Lasting two years. |
| hhB | " | Half Hardy Biennials-Require protection during <br> winter. |
| hP | " | Hardy Perennials-Lasting three or more years. |

The abbreviations of colors are-
blk.-black.
br.-brown.
tri.-tricolor.
tri.-tricolor.
tri.-tricolor.
In some instances when the flower is of two colors, these are indicated by the initial letters only, -for example, b. \& w. - blue and white; s. \& y.-scarlet and yellow; w. \& p.-white and pink.

|  | NAME. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hard. } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Dur. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H'g't } \\ & \text { Feet. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Color } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Flower. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  | DESCRIPTION. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 15 \\ & 16 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | Abobra viridiflora | hhP | 6 | green | . 75 | 5 | Dark green foliage, scarlet fruit. |
|  | Abronia arenaria | hhA | trai. | yel. |  | 10 | Sweet scented. verbena-like trailers. Do |
|  | umbellata grandiflor | hhA | trai. | rose |  | 10 | best in light soil. Sow in open ground |
|  | villosa...... | hhA | trai. | pur. |  | 10 | in May. |
| Abutilon (Chinese Bell Flower) |  | tP | 4 | mixed |  | 5 | \} Tennysonian is a Californian strain of |
| 21 | Tennysonian.........1/8 oz. 1.00 | tP | 4 | mixed |  | 10 | greatest excellence. It embraces |
|  | Abyssinian Grass, see Poa amabilis |  |  |  |  |  | Of very graceful form. They bear a |
| 25 | Acacia, mixed. | tP | varied | mixed | . 60 | 5 | \} wealth of fragrant golden yellow |
| 30 | Acanthus mollis | hP | 3 | white | . 50 | 5 | Ornamental foliage, valuable for deco- |
| 31 | -latifolius (Bear's Breach). | hP | 3 | pur. | . 50 | 5 | \} rative purposes. |
| 35 | Achillea ptarmica, The Pearl (Yarrow). | hP | $11 / 2$ | white |  | 10 | \} Flowers freely throughout summer and autumn. Excellent for cutting. |
| 40 | Achimenes. | tP | $11 / 2$ | mixed |  | 25 | Fine summer blooming greenhouse plants. |
| 45 | Aconitum napellus (Monk's Hood).. | hP | 3 | blue | 2.00 | 10 | Popular plants, adapted to shady situa. |
| 46 | pyrenaicum | hP | 3 | yixed | 1.50 | 20 | tions. |
| 50 | Acroclinium | hha | 1 | white | . 30 | 5 |  |
| 51 | -fl. pl. | hha | 1 | white | . 30 |  | Graceful plants, with daisy-like flowers; |
| 52 | roseum | hha | 1 | rose | . 30 | 5 | useful for winter decorations. The |
| 53 | -fl. pl | hha | 1 | rose | . 30 | 5 | flowers should be gathered when |
| 54 | mixed. | hhA | 1 | mixed | . 30 | 5 | you |
| 60 | Adenophora lilifolia | hP | 3 | 1. blue |  | 10 | Free flowering, fragrant border plant. |
| 63 | Adlumia (Mountain Fringe or Alleghany Vine) cirrhosa............ | hB | 15 | flesh |  | 20 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Foliage resembles Maiden Hair Fern. } \\ \text { Sow in a shady place in spring and } \\ \text { transplant carefully in September. }\end{array}\right.$ |
| 65 | Adonis autumna | hA | 1 | crim. | . 50 | 5 |  |
| 66 | æstivalis | hA | 1 | scar. |  | 10 | Attractive bright flowers of long duration. <br> Vernalis is very handsome in early spring. |
| 67 70 | vernalis............. | hP | $11 / 2$ | yel. | 1.25 | 10 | Vernalis is very handsome in early spring. |
| 70 | Aethionema grandiflora. . . African Rose, see Hibiscus | hP | $11 / 2$ | crim. |  | 20 |  |
| 72 | Agathea cœlestis (Blue Marguerite). Ageratum Page 66 | tP | 2 | blue |  | 10 | Small daisy-like flowers, very useful for <br> ) Pot culture. |
| 90 | Agrostemma Cœli Rosa (Rose of Heaven) | hA | 1 | rose | . 25 | 5 |  |
| 91 | - -alba. | ha | 1 | white | 1.25 | 10 |  |
| 92 | coronaria alba | $\dagger \mathrm{hP}$ | $11 / 2$ | white | . 50 | 5 | All easily grown, free flowering attrac- |
| 93 | rosa (Rose Campion). | $\dagger \mathrm{hP}$ | 1 | rose | . 50 | 5 | tive plants. The perennial sorts do |
| 94 | Flos Jovis (Jove's Flower)...... . | $\dagger$ ¢P | 1 | rose | 1.25 | 10 | well in dry situations. |
| 95 | -Hybrida Walkeri (Walker's <br> Lychnis) | †hP | 1 | pink |  | 15 |  |
| 96 | mixed. . | $\dagger$ hP | $11 / 2$ | mixed | . 60 | 5 |  |
| 100 | Agrostis nebulosa | hA | 1 |  |  | 10 | Fine plumes for bouquets. |
| 104 | Alonsoa albiflora. | hhA | $11 / 2$ | white | . 40 | 5 | Sow in hot-bed and plant out after mid- |
| 105 | grandiflora | hha | 2 | scar. | . 40 | 5 | dle of May. Being continuous bloom. |
| 106 | myrtifolia. | hha | 21/2 | scar. | . 40 | 5 | ers they are desirable for bedding. |





|  | NAME. | Hard. and <br> Dur. | H'g't | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Color } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Flower. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  | DESCRIPTION. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 855 | Collinsia, mixed. | hA | 1 | mixed | . 25 | ธ | Beautiful free flowering plants for bed \} or mixed borders. |
| 860 | Collomia coccinea. | hA | 2 | s.\& yel | . 25 | $\check{5}$ | Fine for bees, and suitable for pot culture. |
| 865 | Columbine, see Aquilegia Page 67 Commelina cœlestis.... . . ....... | hhP | 11/2 | blue | . 50 | 5 | Tuberous-rooted, very showy plants suitable for pots or borders. |
|  | Convolvulus, Page 75 Coreopsis (Calliopsis), Page 74 Cosmos (Cosmea), Page 75 Cowslip, see Primula veris Page 97 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 920 | Cucumis acatangulus ( Rag or Dish Cloth Gourd). | hhA | 8 | yel. | . 30 | 5 | These are all of rapid growth, ornamental |
| 921 | erinaceous (Hedge Hog Gourd) | hhA | 8 | yel. | . 30 | 5 | foliage, and produce very curious fruit. |
| 922 | flexuosus (Snake Cucumber). | hhA | 10 | yel. | 1. .30 | 10 | The inside of the Dish Cloth Gourd is useiul for bathing, etc. |
| 923 | perennis Cucurbita, Gourds | tP | 15 | yel. | 1. ${ }^{\text {co }}$ | 10 | useful for bathing, etc. |
| 930 | Angora... | hhA | 8 |  | . 40 | 5 | White spotted fruit. |
| 931 | Apple-shaped | hhA | 10 |  | . 40 | 5 | Small striped fruit. |
| 932 | Bottle-shaped | hhA | 10 |  | . 40 | 5 | Ornamental and curious. |
| 933 | Dipper-shaped | hhA | 15 |  | . 40 | 5 | Useful. |
| 934 | Egg-shaped. | hhA | 10 |  | . 40 | 5 | White Nest Egg. Useful. |
| 935 | Gooseberry-shap | hhA | 6 |  | . 40 | 5 | Small and very odd. |
| 936 | Hercules' Club | hha | 15 |  | . 40 | 5 | Very long. |
| 937 | Lemon-shaped | hha | 6 |  | . 40 | 5 | Very beautiful. |
| 938 | Orange-shaped | hha | 6 |  | . 40 | 5 | Very beautiful. |
| 939 | Pear-shaped | hha | 10 |  | . 40 | 5 | Very beautiful. |
| 940 | Sugar Trough | hha | 15 |  | . 40 | 5 | Used as water holders. |
| 941 | Mixed. . . . . . . . . . . . . collection, 12 varieties | hhA | var. |  | . 25 | 5 | All ornamental. |
| 945 | Cuphea (Cigar Plant) miniata.. | $\dagger$ hhP | 1 | crim. | 1.00 | 10 | ) Continual bloomers. Adapted for bed- |
| 946 | -compacta. . . . . . . . . . . . | $\dagger$ hhP | $\frac{2}{3}$ | mixed | 1.00 | 10 | \} ling and for house and conservatory |
| 950 | Cyclamen giganteum <br> —Breck's Imperial mixed | tP | 1 | mixed |  | 50 | Easily grown, free flowering, bulbous plants for pot culture. Breck's Im- |
| 951 | -Blood Red. | tP | 1 | d. cr. |  | 50 |  |
| 952 | -Brilliant | tP | 1 | r.\& p. |  | 50 | , |
| 953 | -Crimson King | tP | 1 | crim. |  | 50 | and variety of delicate |
| 954 | -Duke of Fife. | tP | 1 | d. ro. |  | 50 | flowers. It has eclipsed all |
| 955 | -Mont Blanc. | tP | 1 | p. wh. |  | 50 | n tables at the |
| 956 | -Princess May | tP | 1 | pink |  | 50 | usetts Horticultural Society's |
| 957 | -Prince of Wales. | tP | 1 | red |  | 50 | The several varieties offered here are |
| 958 | -Rosy Morn. | tP | 1 | rose |  | 50 | grown for us by the leading cyclamen |
| 959 | -Salmon Queen. | tP | 1 | s. pi'k |  | 50 | growers of Europe, and are at least |
| 960 965 | -Sunray, pink and | tP | 1 | p. \& c. |  | 50 | equal in quality to any obtainable. |
| 965 967 |  | tP | 1 | mixed |  | 50 | equal in quality to any obtainable. |
| 967 | Persicum Giganteum "Lemania" . | tP | 1 |  |  | 50 |  |
| 970 | Cyperus alternifolius................ Cypress Vine, see Ipomæa, Page 92 | tP | 2 | or'ge |  | 20 | Greenhouse or window plant. |
| 975 | Dahlia, cactus, mixed | †hhP | 3 | mixed |  | 25 | We offer seed from the finest collection in Europe. If the seed is started early |
| 976 | double grandiflora, mixed | thhP | 4 | mixed |  | 25 | in a hot-bed an abundance of flowers |
| 977 | -Pompon | thhP | 2 | mixed |  | 10 | will be produced the same season. |
| 978 | -Tom Thumb | †hhP | 11/2 | mixed |  | 10 | They like a rich, deep soil. The roots |
| 979 | -Double Glory, mixed | thhP | 3 | mixed |  | 10 | should be housed during winter. D. |
| 980 | -Monarch, dark crimson | thhP | 3 | d. red | 1.50 | 10 | Glory flowers vary in size from one to |
| 983 | -Pæony flowered, mixed |  |  |  |  | 20 | three inches and are scabious-like in |
| 981 | Breck's single Perfection | thhP | 4 | mixed |  | 10 | construction. Monarch is a cross be- |
| 982 | -Collarette, single, mixed | thhP | 4 | mixed |  |  | tween a double and cactus, very large semi-double. |
|  | Daisy, double, Pages 87 and 77 Datura (Trumpet Flower) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 990 991 | Cornucopia | hA | 2 | w. \& p . | . 50 | 5 | In large clumps, or borders of shrub- |
| 991 | Humilis, | ha | 3 | yel. | . 50 | 5 | bery, these produce an excellent effect. |
| 993 | Wrightii | tP | 3 | w. \& li. | . 50 | 5 | They delight in a light sandy soil. |
| 994 | mixed annuals. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . <br> Delphinium (Larkspur), Page 78 <br> Devil-in-a-Bush, Nigella, Page 95 <br> Dew Plant, see Mesembryanthemum, Page 94 <br> Dianthus, Page 76 | hA | varied | mixed | . 50 | 5 | - |


|  | (Corporation) |  |  |  |  |  | DESCRIPTION. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NAME. |  | Hard. and Dur. | $\underset{\text { Heet }}{\substack{ \\\text { Feet }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Color } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Flower } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ice } \\ & \text { er } \\ & \text { Pkt. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1090 | Dictamnus fraxinella | hP | 2 | pur. | 50 | 10 | A great favorite with bees. Very orna- |
| 1091 | -alba | hP | 2 | white | . 60 | 10 | mental and sweetly scented. |
| 1095 | Digitalis (Foxglove) gloxiniaflora | hP | 4 | mixed | . 60 | 5 |  |
| 1096 | grandiflora, yellow | hP | 4 | yel. | . 50 | 5 |  |
| 1097 | maculata superba | hP | 3 | spot. | 1.00 | 10 | A very showy plant for shrubberies, |
| 1098 | purpurea. | hP | 3 | pur. | . 30 | 5 |  |
| 1099 | alba | hP | 3 | white | 30 | 5 | half shady places and borders. They thrive well in almost any soil. |
| 1100 | Ros | hP | 3 | rose | 40 | 5 |  |
| 1101 | Monstrosa, supe | hP | 3 | mixed | 1.00 | 10 |  |
| 1102 | mixed | hP | 3 | mixed | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 1103 | Dimorphotheca Aurant | hA | 1 | orange |  | 25 | A rare and rich flowering annual of easy |
| 1104 | Aurantiaca hyb. | hA | 1 | various |  | 50 | culture, of clean, neat, branching habit, |
| 1108 | Sinuat | hA | 1 | buff |  | 25 | onspicuous and attractive. |
| 1105 | Dodecatheon Meadia (Cow-slip) | hP | 1 | pur. |  | 10 | Beautiful plant, with light purple flowers. |
| 1110 | Dolichos lablab (Hyacinth Bean) | hA | 10 | pur. | 20 | 5 |  |
| 1111 | -alba. | hA | 10 | white | 20 | 5 | Beautiful, sweet-scented flowers, followed by ornamental pods. |
| 1112 | -mixed | hA | 10 | mixed | 20 | 5 |  |
| 1120 | Dracæna Australis. | tP | 8 | green | 1.00 | 10 | Ornamental plants for greenhouse, and |
| 1121 | indivisa, per 1,000 seeds \$1.00 | tP | 8 | green | . 80 | 10 | vases. Indivisa has narrow green leaves. |
| 1122 | Veitchii. | tP | 3 | r. \& g. |  | 10 | The midrib of Veitchii is a deep red. |
| 1125 | Dutchman's Pipe, see Page 86 Echinacea Purpurea. | hP | 3 | pur. |  | 20 | Flowers reddish purple. |
| 1130 | Echinocystis lob.(WildC'c'mb'r) | hhA | 12 | green | . 30 | 5 | Soak the seed 8 hours, plant eye down. |
| 1135 | Echinops ritro (Globe Thistle). | hP | 3 | blue | . 50 | 10 | Thistle-like flowers, fine for bees. |
| 1145 | Edelweiss alpinum | hP | 1/2 | yel. |  | 25 | Interesting plant found in the Alps. |
| 1155 | Eragrostis elegans (Love Grass) | hA | 1 | gray | . 60 | 10 | For borders and bouquets. |
| 1160 | Eremurus robustus | hP | 8 | rose |  | 20 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Star-like flowers on stalks } 8 \text { to } 10 \text { feet } \\ \text { high and } 3 \text { to } 4 \text { racemes. They like } \\ \text { a moist, rich soil, well drained. } \end{array}\right.$ |
| 1165 | Erianthus ravennæ | hP | 8 | gray | . 40 | 5 | Resembles Pampas Grass. |
| 1170 | Erigeron aurantiacus | hP | $3 / 4$ | orange |  | 10 | An excellent hardy border plant. |
| 1175 | Eryngium amethystinum | hP |  | blue |  | 10 | Charming plant |
| 1176 | -giganteum (Sea Holly) | hP | 3 | blue | 60 | 10 | Charmi |
| 1180 | Erysimum arkansanum | hA | 11/2 | yel. | . 25 | 5 | Grows freely outdoors in a warm situation; half-hardy shrub. |
|  | Eschscholtzia, see Page 77 <br> Eucalyptus globulus (Gum |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1210 | Euchardium grandiflo | hA | 20 | mixed | 1.00 | 10 | Natives of California, very showy. Some- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | times grown among grass. |
| 1215 | Eulalia Japonic | hP | 6 | gray |  | 10 | Fine plumes for bouquets. |
| 1216 | -Zebrina | hP | 6 | gray |  | 10 | Dense, silky. |
| 1220 | Eupatorium Fraseri | $\dagger$ th | 2 | white | 1.00 | 10 | Fine for cutting. |
| 1225 | Euphorbia heterophylla. | hA | 4 | orange | . 75 | 10 | E. heterophylla, orange scarlet. E. varie- |
| 1226 | variegata (Snow on the M'nt'n) | hA | 11/2 | white | . 50 | 5 | gata is green with a white margin. |
| 1230 | Eutoca multiflora | thB | $11 / 2$ | pink | . 80 | 5 | Suitable for beds or mixed borders. |
| 1231 | Viscida. | thB | 1 | blue | . 50 | 5 | Extra good for cutting. |
| $1235$ | Feather Grass, Stipa, page 98 Fenzlia dianthiflora. | hA | $1 / 4$ | rose |  | 10 | Requires considerable moisture. Very pretty for ribbons, beds or pot. |
|  | Ferns, collect'n, 12 fine sorts 1.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Feverfew, see Pyrethrum and Matricaria, pages 94, 97 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Flax, see Linum, page 93 <br> Forget-me-not, pages 94, 95 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Four o'Clock, Mirabilis, see p. 94 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Foxglove, see Digitalis, page 90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1240 | Freesia refracta alba | tP | 2 | white | 1.00 | 10 | Sweet-scented bulbous plants. |
| 1245 | Fuchsia hybrida, single | tP | var. | mixed |  | 25 | Plants of easy culture. They require |
| 1246 | -double | tP | var. | mixed |  | 25 | firm, rich soil and shady location. |
| 1250 | Funkia alba(Wh. Plantain Lily) | hP | $11 / 2$ | white |  | 20 | An excellent border plant. The flowers |
| 1251 | cœrulea. | hP | $11 / 2$ | blue | 1.50 | 10 | are borne on spikes well above the foliage. They prefer a dry situation. |
| 1254 | Gaillardia(BlanketFlower) picta. | hA | 11/2 | r. \& y. | 30 | 5 |  |
| 1253 | Lorenziana, "The Bride " | hA | $11 / 2$ | white |  | 25 |  |
| 1255 | -double, mixed. | hA | $11 / 2$ | mixed | . 30 | 5 | outdoors, in a good light soil. They |
| 1256 | amblyodon. | hA | 2 | red | . 30 | 5 |  |
| 1257 | -Fine mixed | hA | $11 / 2$ | mixed | 40 | 5 | brilliant colored flowers, are valuable |
| 1259 | Breck's Superb strain | hA | varied | mixed | . 50 | 10 | alike for beds and cutting. The peren- |
| 1264 | grandiflora maxima | $\dagger$ hhP | $11 / 2$ | yel. |  | 10 | alial sorts if sown indoors or in a hot-bed |
| 1265 | -hybrida......... | †hhP | $11 / 2$ | m. \& o. |  | 10 | nioom splendidly the first season. |
| 1266 | -superba (Oculata) | thhP | $11 / 2$ | r. \& y. |  | 10 | bloom splendidy the first season, |
| 1267 | -folia-variegata | thhP | $11 / 2$ |  |  | 10 |  |




|  | NAME. | Hard. and Dur. | H'g't |  |  |  | DESCRIPTION. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kochia Trichophylla (Summer Cypress) | hA | 2 | gr. \& r. | . 30 | 5 | Beautiful decorative annuals, which turn a deep crimson in the fall. |
| 1593 | Lagurus ovatus (Hare's Tail) | ha | 2 |  | . 40 | 5 | Very ornamental. |
|  | Lantana hybrida. <br> Larkspur, see Delphinium, Page 78 | tP | 2 | mixed | 2.00 | 10 | Suitable for pots and beds. |
| 1600 | Lathyrus, see Pages 19, 83, $8 t$ Lathyrus latifolius albus. | hP | 8 | white | 60 | 10 |  |
| 1601 | -Pink Beauty . . . . . . . . . . . | hP | 8 | pink | 75 | 10 | A beautiful perennial climber, also use- |
| 1602 | -Latifolius, Splendens | hP | 8 | red | 75 | 10 | ful for borders; excellent for cutting, or |
| 1603 | -mixed (Perennial Peas) | hP | 8 | mixed | . 60 | 10 | growing on a trellis or fence. |
| 1605 | Lavendula Vera | hP | 11/2 | blue | . 60 | 5 | ell-known, sweet-scented flower of the |
| 1606 | Lavendula (Lavender) spica | hP | 2 | blue | . 40 | 5 | old gardens. |
| 1610 | Lavatera arborea variegata. | hhP | 3 | red | 1.25 | 10 |  |
| 1609 | trimestris, Rosea Splendens . | hA | 3 | rose | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 1611 | trimestris, alba. | ha | 2 | white | . 40 | 5 | beautiful mottled foliage. |
| 1612 | trimestris, Red | hA | 3 | red | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 1613 | -mixed | hA | 3 | various | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 1620 | Leptosyne maritima | hha | 2 | yel. | 1.50 | 10 |  |
| 1621 | Stillmani. | hha | 2 | yel. | 1.50 | 10 | Large single flowers, useful |
| 1625 | Liatris pyenostachia | hP | 3 | pur. |  | 10 | Fine for dry soils. Produces handsome |
| 1626 | spicata (Blazing Star) | hP | $11 / 2$ | rose | 3.00 | 10 | spikes of flowers. |
| 1630 | Limnanthus Douglasii | hA | , | w. \& y. | . 30 | 5 | Does well in damp, shady places. Splen- |
| 1631 | mixed... | ha | 1 | mixed | . 30 | 5 | did for bees. |
| 1635 | Linaria alba | hP | 1/2 | white | . 60 | 5 |  |
| 1636 | cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). | hP | trai. | violet | 2.50 | 10 | Snapdragon-shaped flowers desirable for |
| 1637 | maroccana. | ha | 1 | pur. | . 50 | 5 | uning |
| 1638 | -hybrids. | ha | 1 | mixed | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 1644 | Linum Perenne (Blue) | hP | 11/2 | blue | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 1645 | -Album (Flax) | hP | 11/2 | white | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 1646 | flavum (Golden Flax) | †hhP | 1 | yel. |  | 10 | These are beautiful varieties of effective |
| 1647 | Roseum | hP | $11 / 2$ | pink | . 50 | 10 | and showy plants for beds and borders |
| 1648 | grandiflorum rubrum | ha | 11/2 | crim. | . 50 | 10 | that are of easy culture. |
| 1649 | Luteum. | ha | $11 / 2$ | yel. | 2.50 | 5 |  |
| 1650 | Perennial sorts mixed | hP | 1 | mixed | . 30 | - |  |
| 1655 | Lobelia (Crystal Palace) Compacta | tA | $1 / 2$ | d. bl. | 4.00 | 10 | Beautiful Victoria blue. |
| 1656 | compacta oculat | tA | 1/2 | d. bl. | 3.50 | 10 | Dark blue with white eye. |
| 1657 | -delicata. | tA | $1 / 2$ | d. bl. | 2.00 | 10 | Indigo blue with white eye. |
| 1658 | -Emperor William | tA | 1/2 | blue | 2.50 | 10 | Sky blue. |
| 1659 | -erecta(Blue) | tA | $3 / 4$ | blue | 2.50 | 10 | Of upright growth. |
| 1660 | -formosa. | tA | 1/2 | red | 2.00 | 10 | Fine variety and popular. |
| 1662 | -gracilis. | tA | trai. | blue | 1.00 | 10 | Fine for baskets and vases. |
| 1663 | -Paxtoniana | tA | 1/2 | b. \& w. | 1.50 | 10 | White with blue belt. |
| 1664 | -Prima Donna compacta | tA | 1/2 | d. red | 2.50 | 10 |  |
| 1665 | -pumila magnifica. | tA | 1/3 | d. bl. | 2.00 | 10 | The best for edging and pot culture, very free flowering. |
| 1666 | --White Gem. | tA | 1/3 | white | 2.50 | 10 | free flowering. |
| 1667 | -Royal Purple | tA | 1/2 | pur. | 1.50 | 10 | Purple with white eye. |
| 1668 | -speciosa... | tA | trai. | blue | 1.50 | 10 | Trailing habit. |
| 1670 | cardinalis (Cardinal Flowe | hP | 2 | scar. |  |  |  |
| 1671 | syphylitica . | hP | 2 | blue |  | 10 | Showy border plants. |
| 1680 | Lotus Jacobæus | tA | 1 | br. | 1.00 | 10 | Pretty and interesting plants with small pea-shaped flowers. |
| 1685 | Love-in-a-Mist, see Nigella, Page 95 <br> Love-Lies-Bleeding, seeAmaranthus, Page 86 <br> Lunaria biennis (Honesty) | thB |  |  | 60 |  | pea-shaped fowers. |
| 1690 | Lupinus Cruikshankii (Lupins). | hhP | 2 | blue | 25 |  |  |
| 1692 | Hartwegii. | hhP | 3 | rose | 25 | 5 |  |
| 1693 | -albus. | hhP | 3 | white | 25 | 5 |  |
| 1695 | Annual light pink | ha | 3 | pink | 50 | 10 | Showy, easily grown plants, with long spikes of bright-colored flowers. |
| 1697 | Mixed Annual. | ha | 3 | mixed | 25 | 5 | spikes of bright-colored flowers. |
| 1700 | arboreus (Snow Queen) | hP | 3 | mixed | 80 | 10 |  |
| 1702 | mutabilies. | hP | 3 | var. | 20 |  |  |
| 1704 | Polyphyllus blue | hP | 3 | blue | . 25 |  | Very suitable for hardy borders or beds, |
| 1705 | -alba. | hP | 3 | white | . 30 |  | owing to their free flowering qualities, |
| 1707 | -Perennial, mixed | hP | 3 | mixed | . 30 | 5 | the flower spikes being large and showy. |






|  | NAME. | Hard. and Dur. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H}^{\prime} \mathrm{g}^{\prime t} \\ & \text { Feet. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Color } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Flower } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | DESCRIPTION. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2680 | Sanvitalia procumbens, | hA | 1/2 | yel. | 1.0 | 10 | \} Suitable for beds or rockwork, bloom all summer. <br> Charming little plants flowering all the season; splendid for beds or ribbon borders. <br> Handsome plants for mixed borders; flowers beautifully variegated; useful for bouquets. They should be more generally grown, as they are very valuable for decoration, and bloom all summer. <br> Effective and showy plants for beds and borders. <br> Large flowers; fine for bedding. <br> $\int$ Handsome for pot culture. <br> \{ Beautiful fringed flowers, with a delicious almond perfume. <br> Showy little plants for carpet beds or rockwork; they flower profusely. Plant in sandy soil. <br> A useful and showy class of gay colored, profuse blooming plants, splendid for beds or pot culture. <br> Ornamental free flowering plants with bright colored flowers, suitable for beds, borders, or ribbon gardening. <br> Ornamental fruit bearing plants for the greenhouse and summer garden, suitable for ribbon borders or rockwork. <br> $\}$ September flower. Hardy perennial with large dense heads of deep golden yellow. Silver leaved, fine for borders. <br> Pretty little flowers, fine for winter bou quets. Handsome heads of flowers. <br> Valuable for pots and borders. Fine for bouquets. <br> Excellent for bouquets. <br> The seed we offer is all pot grown especially for us in Germany by the foremost cultivator of this fragrant favorite. It will produce a very large percentage of flowers that are unsurpassed for doubleness, form, size and color. Our Boston Florists' strain is now also raised in Germany. It produces a fine long spike, very double globular flower of the purest white. For a succession of flowers seed should be sown in March or April, in heat, and outdoors in May and June. A light soil and high cultivation are desirable. |
| 2686 | Saponaria | hA | 1 | pink | . 30 | 5 |  |
| 2688 | -alba | hA | 1 | white | . 30 | 5 |  |
| 2690 | mixe | hA | 1 | mixed | . 30 |  |  |
|  | Scabiosa (Mourning Bride) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2700 | Breck's Bostonia | hA | 2 | pu.-cr. |  |  |  |
| 2702 | Atropurpurea | hA | 2 | pur. | . 40 |  |  |
| 2704 | Candidissima, | hA | 1 | white | . 40 |  |  |
| 2706 | Cherry Red. | hA | 2 | red | . 40 |  |  |
| 2708 | Flesh Pink | hA | 2 | pink | . 50 |  |  |
| 2710 | King of Blacks. | hA | 2 | black | . 50 |  |  |
| 2712 | Lavender (Az | hA | 3 | lav. | 75 | 10 |  |
| $\stackrel{2714}{ }$ | Pompado | hA | 3 | pu.\&w | . 75 | 10 |  |
| 2716 | Tall Mixed | hA | 2 | mixed | . 30 | 5 |  |
| 2720 | Dwarf Yell | hA | 1 | yel. | . 40 |  |  |
| 2722 | Dwarf Vict | hA | 1 | white | . 40 | 5 |  |
| 2724 | Dwarf Mixed (Double) collection 6 colors ..... | hA | 1 | mixed | . 30 | 5 |  |
| 2727 | Caucasic | hP | 2 | blue |  |  |  |
| 2728 | Japonic | hP | $21 / 2$ | p . bl . |  | 15 |  |
| 2730 | Schizanthus, | hA | $11 / 2$ | mixed | . 60 | 5 |  |
| 2732 2733 | -Wisetone | hhA | 2 | var. |  | 25 |  |
| 2733 2736 | Exce | hhA | 11/2 | var |  |  |  |
| 2736 | Schizopetalon W | hA | $3 / 4$ | white | . 80 |  |  |
| 2740 | Sedum (Stonecro | hhP | $1 / 4$ | blu |  |  |  |
| 2742 | Sempervirum | hhP |  | d. red |  | 10 |  |
| 2744 |  | hhP | varied | mixed | . 0 |  |  |
| 2750 | Senecio (Jacobea), Elegans, | hA | - 1 | mixed |  | 10 |  |
| 2752 | -Pomponicus purpurea | hA | 1 | pu |  |  |  |
|  | Sensitive Plant, see Mimosa, P'ge 94 Shamrock, Trifolium "minus," P. 99 Shell Flower, see Molucella, Page 94 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2760 | Silene (Catchfly) Armeria. | hA | 2 | mixed | . 25 |  |  |
| 2762 | Pendula | hA | 1 | rose | . 25 |  |  |
| 2766 | -double ros | hA | $1 / 2$ | rose | . 30 |  |  |
| 2768 | --white | hA |  | white | . 30 |  |  |
| 2770 | -double mixed. | hA | 1/2 | mixed | . 25 |  |  |
|  | Smilax, see Myrsiphyllum, Page 95 Snapdragon, see Antirrhinum, P. 67 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2780 | Solanum capsicastrum ............. | tP | 2 | or'ge | .30 | 5 |  |
| 2782 | Wetherell's hybri | tP | 2 | red | . 30 |  |  |
| 2786 | Solidago latifolia ( | $h P$ | 3 | gold | . 70 |  |  |
| 2790 | Stachys lanata | hP | 1/2 | stri. | . 25 | 5 |  |
| 2796 | Statice (Sea Lavender), annual varieties. | hA |  |  | 20 |  |  |
| 2798 | -Gmelini (Sea Lavend | hP | 2 | 1. bl. |  | 10 |  |
| 2800 | -Perennial v | hP | 2 | mixed | . 30 | 10 |  |
| 2806 | Stevia eupatori | tP | $11 / 2$ | white |  | 10 |  |
| 2808 | Lindleyan | tP | $11 / 2$ | rose |  | 10 |  |
| 2812 | Stipa elegantissim | hP | 2 | gray |  | 10 |  |
| 2814 | pennata (Feather | hP | 2 | gray |  | 5 |  |
| 2830 | Stocks, large flowering ten week -crimson. | hA | 11/4 | crim. |  | 10 |  |
| 2832 | -brilliant ro | hA | $11 / 4$ | rose | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2834 | -canary yel | hA | $11 / 4$ | yel. | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2836 | -deep red. | hA | $11 / 4$ | d. red | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2838 | dark blu | hA | $11 / 4$ | d. bl. | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2840 | -dark purp | hA |  | d. pu. | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2842 | - light blu | hA |  | 1. blue | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2844 | - light ros | hA |  | 1. rose | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2846 | -scarlet. | hA | $11 / 4$ | scar | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2848 | -snow whit | hA | $11 / 4$ | white | 4.00 | 10 |  |
| 2850 |  | hA | $11 / 4$ | mixed | 3.00 | 10 |  |


(Corporation)

|  | NAME. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Hard. } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Dur. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} H^{\prime} g^{\prime} \\ \text { Feet. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Color Flowers. |  |  |  | DESCRIPTION. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3220 | Veronica longifolia (Speedwell). | hP | 3 | blue |  | 10 |  | Well-known favorites that are much in |
| 3221 | spicata (Violet blue).. | hP | 2 | blue | 1.00 | 10 |  | demand on account of their profusion |
| 3222 | -alba. Pure white | hP | 2 | white | 4.00 | 10 |  | of bloom. They are very easily grown |
| 3225 | -finest mixed. | hP | $11 / 2$ | mixed |  | 10 |  | from seed. |
| 3230 | Vinca (Periwinkle) alba | $\dagger$ tP | 3 | white | 1.00 | 5 |  | Tender evergreen plants, suitable for |
| 3234 | rosea | $\dagger \mathrm{tP}$ | 3 | rose | 1.00 | 5 |  | pot culture or planting out. |
| 3236. | -alba. | ttP | 3 | r. \& w. | 1.00 | 5 |  | Handsome single flowers and glossy |
| 3240 | -mixed | $\dagger$ tP | 3 | mixed | 1.00 | 5 |  | foliage. |
| 3380 | Viola (Violet) cornuta, Admirationt. | hP | $1 / 2$ | d. bl. | 3.00 | 10 |  |  |
| 3382 | -Mauve Queen | hP | $1 / 2$ | pur. | 3.00 | 10 |  | Well-known favorites that are much in |
| 3384 | - Magnificent | hP | $1 / 2$ | 1. blue | 3.00 | 10 |  | demand on account of their fragrance |
| 3386 | -White Perfection. | hP | $1 / 2$ | white | 3.00 | 10 |  | and profusion of bloom. They are |
| 3390 | Odorata semperflorens | hP | $1 / 2$ | blue | 1.75 | 10 |  | very easily grown from seed, although |
| 3392 | -alba. | hP | $1 / 2$ | white | 1.50 | 10 |  | they frequently take a long time to |
| 3394 | -The Czar. | hP | $1 / 2$ | violet | 4.00 | 10 |  | germinate. |
| 3396 | -The White Czar | hP | $1 / 2$ | white | 3.00 | 10 |  |  |
| 3398 | mixed. | hP | $1 / 2$ | mixed | 2.00 | 10 |  |  |
|  | Viola Tricolor (Pansy), Page 80 <br> Virginia Stock, Page 94 <br> Virgin's Bower, Page 88 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3410 | Viscaria cardinalis. | hA | 1 | scar. | . 40 | 5 |  |  |
| 3411 3412 | oculata azurea | hA | $11 / 2$ | blue |  | 25 |  | Showy flowers produced throughout the season; fine for beds. |
| 3412 | Wahlenbergia | hA | 1 | blue | . 40 |  |  |  |
| 3420 | grandiflora | hP | 2 | blue | . 75 | 10 |  | Large and showy border plants with bell-shaped flowers. |
| 3422 | Wallfower (Chera | hP | 2 | white | 1.00 | 10 |  | Beautiful border plants with fragrant |
| 3430 | double German | hhP | 1 | mixed |  | 10 |  | flowers ranging in velvety shades of |
| 3432 | single German | hhP | 1 | mixed | . 30 | 5 |  | brown and yellow. The annual sort |
| 3434 | single annual | hA | 1 | mixed | . 60 | 10 |  | is a decided acquisition. |
| 3440 | Whitlavia grandiflor | hA | 1 | blue | . 40 | 5 |  | Flowers are bell shaped and produced |
| 3442 | -alba. | hA | 1 | white | 40 |  |  | throughout the entire season. |
| 3450 | Wigandia caracass | hhP | 5 | lilac | 75 | 5 |  | Beautiful decorative plants, richly veined |
| 3452 | imperialis. | hhP | 5 | lilac | . 75 | 5 | \} | foliage and bright colored stalks. |
| 3470 | Xeranthemum, mixed double. | hA | 2 | mixed | . 80 | 5 |  |  |
| 3480 | Yarrow, see Achillea, Page 85 Yucca filamentosa (Adam's Needle) | hP | 4 | white |  |  |  | Very showy plants, with flowers of creamy white. |
| 3490 | Zea Japonica variegata (Maize) | ha | 4 | var. |  |  |  | The leaves are beautiful, striped with |
| 3492 | - gigantea quadricolor. <br> Zinnia, see Page 84 | hA | 4 | stri. |  | 10 | \} | white, rose and yellow. |

## Breck's Collections of Flower Seeds.

Collection " A," price 25 cts., contains one packet each of Mignonette; Alyssum, white; Sweet Peas, fine mixed; Phlox Drummondii, fine mixed; Portulaca, fine mixed; Chinese Pink, fine mixed.

Collection " B ," price 50 cts., contains the varieties in Collection "A," with the following in addition : Nasturtium, Tom Thumb, fine mixed; Candytuft, finest mixed; Aster, German, fine mixed; Pansy, finest mixed; Eschscholtzia, fine mixed; Morning Glory, fine mixed.

Collection " C," price 75 cts., contains the varieties in Collections " A " and " B," with the following in addition: Coreopsis, fine mixed; Balsam, fine mixed; Zinnia, fine mixed; Mourning Bride, fine mixed; Petunia, finest mixed; Calendula, "Meteor," yellow.

Collection " D," price $\$ 1.00$, contains the varieties in Collections "A," " B " and " C ," with the following in addition : 'Tall Nasturtium, fine mixed; Marigold, French, striped; Larkspur, dwarf Rocket; Poppy, double mixed; Convolvulus, dwarf mixed; Chrysanthemum, fine mixed; Antirrhinum, finest mixed.

Collection "E." This assortment produces a fine effect in the garden and all the sorts are suitable for bouquets. Price 50 cts. Abronia, Ageratum, Amaranthus Bicolor, Aquilegia, Aster Chrysanthemumflowered, Calliopsis, Collinsia, Dianthus Chinensis, Godetia, Mignonette, Phlox Drummondii, Zinnia.

Collection "' F ." The following kinds are specially switable for growing in vases or hanging baskets. Price 25 cts. Alyssum Maritimum, Convolvulus Mauritanicus, Dwarf Nasturtiums, Lobb's Nasturtiums, Lobelia Gracilis, Mimulus Moschatus.

## Wild Garden Seeds.

Any one who has cultivated flowers in neatly laid out beds or carefully planted ribbon borders is aware of the amount of labor and constant attention necessary to produce the desired effect. To those who cannot give this care, we offer "Wild Garden Seeds," a mixture of over one hundred varieties of hardy flower seeds. No one who has not seen such a bed can form an idea of its possibilities, the different seasons of bloom insuring something new almost every day. Half-oz. packets, 20 cts .

## BULBS and PLANTS

ACHIMENES. Free flowering plants of easy cultivation. The bulbs should be potted early in a mixture of loam and leaf mould. Keep warm and water carefully. Assorted colors, 5 cents each; 50 cts. doz.
AGAPANTHUS UMBELLATUS (African Lily). Blue, fine for tubs, pots, etc. 35 cts. each.
-Umbellatus albus. White, 35 cts. each.
AMARYLLIS. Lovely lily-like plants that produce flowers in almost every shade of color, ranging from pure white to deep crimson.

- Belladonia major. Rosy pink, fragrant, 15 cts. each.
- Formosissima (Jacobean Lily). Blooms freely out-of-doors; flowers velvety crimson. 15 cts. each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .75$ doz.
- Johnsonil. Large crimson and white flowers. 40 cts. each; $\$ 4.00$ per doz.

HALLI (The Hardy Amaryllis). Produces in early summer strong stems about eighteen inches long on which are borne large clusters of beautiful rose-colored flowers. The bulbs are perfectly hardy and when planted in the border require no protection during winter. Extra strong bulbs, 50 cts. each.
APIOS TUBEROSA. A pretty, hardy native climber. Flowers resemble the popular Wistaria; very fragrant. Io cts. each ; \$1.00 per doz.
BEGONIA. Tuberous Rooted. These are desirable plants for bedding. The flowers are not destroyed by rain storms, but seem to shine more brilliant after every shower. The colors are varied and beautiful. Our bulbs are imported from the most reliable source known. Single flowered sorts as follows: Red, Crimson, Scarlet, Rose, Pink, White, Yellow, Gold and Bronze, Striped and Flaked. 5 cts. each; 50 cts. per doz.; $\$ 3.75$ per too.
-Single Flowered. Mixed colors, 4 cts. each ; 40 cts. per doz.; $\$ 3.00$ per 100.
-Double Flowered Sorts. Same color as the single kind. 10 cts. each; $\$ 1.00$ per doz.; $\$ 6.50$ per 100.
-Double Flowered Mixed. 8 cts. each ; 85 cts. per doz.; $\$ 5.50$ per 100 .
BESSERA ELEGANS (Coral Drop). Bright scarlet flowers borne on stems about two feet high. Will bloon from shortly after planting until frost. 5 cts. each ; 50 cts. per doz.
CALADIUM ESCULENTUM. Beautiful ornamental foliage plant. The leaves are of immense size, light green with darker veins. Will grow in any good garden soil, to a height of five feet. Dry bulbs, according to size, 10 , 15 and 20 cts. each ; $\$ 1.00$ to $\$ 2.00$ per doz. Growing plants from pots, 20 and 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ to $\$ 3.00$ per doz
CINNAMON VINE. Hardy climber, shining green foliage, fragrant white flowers. 5 cts. each; 50 cts. per doz.
GLOXINIA BULBS. Our stock of these is very choice. Bulbs potted up in nice sandy loam in February or March, will bloom in June and July. In the fall, dry them and store in a warm place through winter. Strong flowering bulbs in separate colors, per bulb, 10 cts.; \$1.00 per doz.; $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
GLADIOLI. To keep up a continuous bloom from June until frost, plantings should be made every two weeks. Plant six inches apart in rows, four inches deep. After frost lift and cut off near the bulb, and store in any dry place where the frost will not reach them.
-AMERICA. Color, charming soft flesh pink, slightly tinged with lavender. Doz, $\$ 1.00 ; 100, \$ 6.50$.
-AUGUSTA. Pure white, blue anthers. Doz., 50 cts.; 100, \$4.00.
-BRANCHLEYENSIS. Vermilion scarlet. Doz., 40 cts.; 100, \$3.00.
-MAY. White flaked crimson. Doz., 50 cts.; 100, $\$ 4.00$.
-Shakespeare. White with pale rose; good forcing variety. Doz., \$1.50; 100, \$10.00.
-BRECK'S BOSTON MIXED. A good mixture, containing almost every shade known in the Gladioli family. 30 cts . doz.; $\$ 2.25$ per 100.
-GROFF'S HYBRIDS. A new strain, largely hybrids of Nancieanus, Lemoinei and Childsii. Very vigorous growth, largest size blooms, nearly all scarlet shades. 30 cts. doz.; $\$ 2.00$ per 100.
See page 16 for complete list of named varieties.
Unnamed Gladioli, Separate Golors,
Scarlet Red Shades. 30 cts. doz.; $\$ 2.00$ per 100. Pink and Rose Shades. 30 cts. doz.; $\$ 2.00$ per 100. White Shades. 30 cts. doz., $\$ 2.50$ per 100.
Yellow Shades. 85 cts. doz.; $\$ 7.00$ per 100 .


Gladiolus America.

Striped and Variegated. 40 cts. doz.; $\$ 3.00$ per 100.

## HARDY GARDEN GHRYSANTHEMUMS:

These old-fashioned hardy plants are eagerly sought for by garden lovers. The list below embraces every variety of color. These plants, though hardy, with a slight protection winter more safely. Splendid for fall effects.
Climax. Rosy pink, free and early.
Eagle d'Or. Fine yellow.
Flora. Beautiful deep golden yellow.
Fred Peele. Deep crimson, tipped gold.
Goldfinch. Golden bronze.
Globe d'Or. Golden yellow.
Julia Lagravere. Very fine crimson.
Model of Perfection. A fine, pure white.
Mrs. Vincent. Dark crimson.
President. Rosy carmine.
Strathneath. Rosy pink, distinct.
Trojan. Rright maroon, yellow center, early and free. White Jaıdin d s Plantes. Extra-early white. Yellow Jardin des Plantes. Extra-early yellow.
15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.; $\$ 10.00$ per 100 .

## JAPANESE LARGE FLO WERING GHRYSANTHEMUMS.

The flowers of this class are larger than any of the other popular Japanese sorts. Those we have listed are the best of the large flowering sorts.
Pockett's Crimson. Splendid exhibition variety.
Merza. Pure white, large flower.
Nellie Pockett. A massive white of great depth.
Mrs. Norman Davis. Fine white; one of the best.
Col. D. Appieton. Deep golden yellow, large round flower.
Cheltoni. Large yellow; a monster flower.
F. S. Vallis. One of the best yellows.
A. J. Balfour. Handsome pink; habit strong and erect.
M. F. Plant. Deep pink, reflexed petals.

Mrs. C. H. Totty. Light pink, very showy.
Glenview. Reddish bronze, well built.
Mrs. H. Partridge. Crimson, broad petals, handsome flower.
15 cts. each; \$1.50 dozen; \$10.00 per 100 .


Hardy Chrysanthemums.

## New and Improved Exhibition Varieties of Japanese Chrysanthemums.

Hon. Mrs. Lopes. Monstrous yellow for exhibition. Hetty Wells. Gold, shaded bronze. Excellent. Keith Luxford. Fine wine red. Splendid.

Mrs. Wm. Wincott. Fine early pink. William Mease. Old rose cerise. Excellent. Well's Late Pink. Mauve pink. Splendid.

Price 30 cts. each; $\$ 3.00$ dozen; $\$ 20.00$ per 100.

## FLOWERING CANNAS,

The Cannas here offered are all started plants, not dry bulbs - that will come into bloom shortly after being set out.

Alphonse Bouvier. 5 ft ; foliage dark green; flowers crimson-scarlet.
Admiral Courbet. 5 ft ; foliage green ; flowers yellow, speckled with orange-scarlet.
Antoine Crozy. 4 ft .; foliage green; carmine flowers.
Alice Roosevelt. 4 ft ; foliage dark green; flowers crimson.
Black Beauty. 4 ft .; foliage dark red. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Chicago. 4 ft . ; large vermilion flowers.
Charles Henderson. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.; foliage green; flowers crimson.
Crimson Bedder. 3 ft ; foliage green; flowers crimson.
Eastern Beauty. 4 ft ; foliage dark; large flowers; salmon-pink. 20 cts . each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Florence Vaughan. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$; foliage dark green; flowers golden-yellow, spotted red.
Flamingo. $41 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.; foliage dark green; flowers crimson.
Grand Rouge. $6 \mathrm{ft}^{2}$ foliage dark green; flowers bright scarlet.

King Edward. $3^{1 / 3} \mathrm{ft}$; foliage green; flowers orangescarlet. 20 cts . each ; \$1.75 per doz.
Madame Crozy. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$; foliage green; flowers crim-son-scarlet.
Morning Star. 4 ft ; foliage green; flowers yellow, spotted red.
President Cleveland. $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$; foliage deep green; flowers bright $=\mathrm{d}$.
Queen Charlotte. 4 ft .; foliage bluish-green; flowers red.
Victor Hugo. 4 ft ; foliage dark red; flowers scarlet.

## ITALIAN, OR ORCHID-FLOWERED VARIETIES.

Austria. 4 ft .; foliage large green; flowers pure gellow.
Italia. 5 ft .; yellow, blotched with orange-scarlet.
La France. $4^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$.; dark foliage; flowers orange-scarlet.
Pennsylvania. 5 ft .; green foliage; deep scarlet. 20 cts. each ; \$2.00 per doz.
Pillar of Fire. 7 ft ; green foliage; flowers bright crimson-scarlet. 20 cts . each ; \$1.75 per doz.

Price 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz., except as noted. Cannas are not subject to any of our Special Offers.


Planting should not be made until danger of frost is past in May. The bulbs should be lifted as soon as foliage is injured by first frost in the Fall, dried, packed in sand and stored during winter in a warm place.
MRS. CHARLES H. BRECK. Beautiful light yellow passing to rich rose, a charming effect, 75c. each.
MADAME HENRY CAYEUX. A most beautiful variety. Bright pink with white tips, 50c. each.

## Pxony-Flowered Dahlias.

Gloire de Barron. Lovely delicate pink, 25 c.
Geisha. A most sensational variety, no two flowers alike, color scarlet and gold, 35c.
Germania. Large, bright crimson, 25 c.
Queen Emma. Lovely pink, banded with gold, 25 c.
King Leopold. Primrose shaded at edge, 25 c .
Queen Wilhelmina. Pure white, golden centre, 25 c . Gariboldi. Large, fine dark maroon, 25 c.
Mrs. C. L. Seybold. Crimson pink, white tips, 25 c.
Above 8 varieties $\$ 2.00$; I doz. our own selection $\$ 2.75$.

## Pompon Dahlias.

Alewine. White, flushed pink, Ioc.
Amber Queen. Amber, buff and apricot, Ioc.
Capt. Bayton. Deep maroon, ioc.
Catherine. The finest pure yellow, ioc.
Eleganta. Pink with white blotch, Ioc.
Highland Mary. Beautiful pink and white, roc.
Iolanthe. Orange, buff and white, ioc.
GoId Hanchen. Pale primrose yellow, Ioc.
Little Mabelle. Deep lilac, fine, ioc.
Purity. Pure white, fine form, Ioc.
Red Indian. Bright coral red, ioc.
White Beauty. Tall, perfect white, ioc.
Above 12 varieties \$1.I5; I doz. our own selection \$1.00.

## Single Dahlias.

Danish Cross. Scarlet, white centre, 25 c .
Fringed Century. Intense rosy crimson, 25 c.
Gorgeous. Brilliant scarlet, 25 c .
White Cloud. Satiny white, splendid quality, 25 c.
Sensation. New maroon, tipped white, ${ }_{25} \mathrm{c}$.
Jack. Firey scarlet overlaid with yellow, I5c.
Rose Pink Century. Beautiful color, 25 c.
Merry Widow. Deep scarlet, very showy, 25 c .
Striking Garnet. Each petal tipped white, 20c.
Souvenir de Paris. Pure white, 20c.
20th Century. Bright crimson base, tips white, 15 c.
Scarlet Century. Brilliant scarlet, 25 c .
Above 12 varieties $\$ 2.50$; 1 doz. our selection $\$ 1.50$

## Gactus Dahlias.

Advance. Very largest scarlet, 35c.
Amos Perry. Bright scarlet, early, 15 c .
Aurora. Cream, shading amber and pink, 25 c .
Brunhilde. Rich plum, long petals, 15 c.
Butterfly. Very beautiful, crimson and white, 25 c.
Countess of Lonsdale. Salmon and apricot, isc.
Delicatissima. Beautiful blush pink, 25 c .
F. A. Wellesley. Bright crimson scarlet, 15 c.

Floradora. Beautiful wine-crimson, 15 c.
Goliath. Large, buff orange, shaded, 20c.
H. J. Jones. Primrose centre, tips pink, isc.
J. H. Jackson. Dark cactus, almost black, 2oc.

Gondola. Rosy pink, very attractive, 35c.
Gunther. Large, white petals, twisted, 25 c .
Master Carl. Grand amber, large petals, 25 c .
Mrs. Chas. Turner. Rich large yellow, I5c.
Mrs. H. J. Jones. Scarlet, edged cream white, $20 c$.
Lawine. Most satisfactory white for cutting, 25 c .
Pink Pearl. Soft rosy pink, centre blush, 25 c.
Roland Von Berlin. Intense geranium red, 20c.
Satisfaction. Beautiful rose pink, 35c.
Standard Bearer. Fine bright scarlet, i5c.
T. G. Baker. Very fine yellow, good form, 25 c. William Marshall. Orange, yellow centre, 35c. Woodan. Salmon shading to gold, 35 c .

The above 25 varieties for $\$ 5.00$.
One doz. Cactus, our selection, $\$ 2.00$.

## Decorative Dahlias.

Delice. Soft, rose-pink, fine, 25 c.
Esmeralda. White ground, tipped pink, 25 c .
Fireburst. Large scarlet, shaded orange, 50c.
Gigantea. Soft sulphur-yellow, 25 c.
Jack Rose. Glowing crimson, splendid, 15 c .
Jeanne Charmet. White ground, pink and lilac, 25 c .
John R. Baldwin. Large salmon-pink, 25c.
Kaiserin Aug. Victoria. Pure white, good size, ${ }^{25 c}$.
La France. Large rosy pink, 25 c.
Maid of Kent. Cherry red, tipped, 15 c .
Maroco. Velvety red and maroon tipped, 25 c .
Madame Lumiere. Pure white, tipped violet, 25 c .
Madame Vanden Dael. Soft rose, white centre, 25 c.
Phenomenon. Splendid, white, long stem, 25 c.
Papa Charmet. Deep coral red, splendid, 25 c .
Perle de Lyon. Pure white of perfect form, 25 c .
Reliance. Deep red, extra good, is.
Santa Cruz. Canary yellow, tipped carmine, 50 c .
Souv de Gustave Douzon. Orange-scarlet, ifc.
Yellow Colosse. Clear yellow of good form, 25 c.
Above 20 varieties $\$ 4.50$; I doz. our own selection $\$ 2.00$.

## Show Fancy Dahlias.

Acquisition. Large rich purple-lilac, $15 c$.
A. D. Levoni. Shell pink, one of the best, isc.

Cuban Giant. Immense bright maroon, 25 c .
Dreers White. Immense pure white, $20 c$.
Floral Park Jewel. Colors, spotted and striped, 20c.
Gold Medal. Yellow streaked red, 25 c.
Governor Guild. The best white, of good form, 25 c.
Hector. 15 c .
Frank Smith. Velvety maroon, tipped pink, 25 c .
Gold Medal. Canary yellow, striped red, 25 c.
Grand Duke Alexis. Large white, tipped lavender, 15 c.
Le Colosse. Very large, dull red shade, 50 c.
Lydia. First-class bright scarlet, 20 .
Mrs. Roosevelt. Immense, delicate silvery rose, 20c. Orator. Large, salmon, buff, $20 c$.
Yellow Duke. Fine primrose yellow, 25c.
W. W. Rawson. White, overlaid with amethyst, 35 c .

Wm. Dodds. Large, clear yellow, 25 c.
Above 18 varieties $\$ 3.00$; I doz. our own selection $\$$ I.50.

Special Dahlia Catalogue, giving a full list of newest and most up-to-date varieties, mailed on application.


LILIES. Lilium Auratum. Golden Banded Lily of Japan. Immense white flowers, each petal marked with a wide gold band and spotted with maroon. Each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.

- Lancifolium Rubrum. White with ricb crimson spots. Each, 15 cts.; per doz., \$1.50.
——Roseum. White stained and spotted rose. Each, 5 cts.; per doz., $\$ 1.50$.
- Melpomene. White, suffused with darkest crimson. Each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.
- Album. Large, pure white flowers. Each, 20 ctś; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.
MILLA Biflora. Beautiful white waxy flowers with pale lemon anthers. Deliciously fragrant. Plant outdoors in May and take ap bulbs in fall Each, 5 cts.; per doz., 50 cts.; per hundred, $\$ 3.35$.
MADEIRA VINE. A beautiful, rapid-growing climber, bearing in profusion very fragrant white flowers. Each, 5 cts.; per doz., 50 cts.
MONTBRETIA Crocosmiæflora. Very large flowers of fine shape. Base of flowers is bright orange, sprinkled with purple spots, arranged like Tigridia. Each, 5 cts.; per doz., 50 cts.
- Cermanica. A decided acquisition; grows 3 feet high, and of sturdy branching habit. The flowers measure 3 inches across; color glowing scarlet shaded with orange, the reverse side being blood red. Each, 20 cts.; per doz., $\$ 2.00$.
TIGRIDIA (Shell Flower). Beautiful, large, shelllike flowers, produced from July until frost.
- Conchiflora. Orange and crimson spots. 5 cts. each; 50 cts per doz.
- Grandifiora Alba. White flowers spotted with maroon and rose. 5 cts . each; 50 cts . per doz.
- Crimson. 5 cts. each; 50 cts. per doz.
- Pavonia. Red with crimson spots. 5 cts. each; 50 cts . per doz.
TUBEROSES. These are universal favorites and very easily grown. Before potting, remove the small offsets. Use rich loam and start in hot bed or in house. Do not set out until all danger from frost is past.
-Excelsior Double Pearl. 5 cts. each; 25 cts. per doz.; \$1. 75 per 100.


## WATER LILIES (Hardy Nymphxeas),

These are all equally as hardy as our native Pond Lily and may be planted as soon as vegetation commences in spring and any time during the season until the end of August.
-Alba. The hardy white English pond lily. 50 cts. each.
-Odorata. Our native white pond lily. 20 cts. each.
-Odorata Sulphurea. Large yellow fragrant flowers. 50 cts. each.
——Rosea. Cape Cod pink pond lily. 50 cts. each.

## SUMMER BEDDING PLANTS, FLOWERING AND FOLIAGE.

Doz.
Abutilon. In variety....................... . \$1. 50 Achyranthes. Collinsii.................. 1.25
Ageratum. Best dwarf, blue............. . . . 00
Alternanthera. Dwarf.................... . 75
Alyssum. White........................... . . . 75
Asters. Assorted colors................. . . 30
Begonias. Choice varieties.............. . . . 75
Caladium Esculentum . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00
Calendula. Deep yellow ................. . . . 00
Carnation, Margaret. Assorted........ . . . 50
Centaurea Candidissima . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 00

- Oymnocarpa. Silvery foliage......... . 75

Cobza Scandens

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10.00

Geranium.

- silver-leaved........................... . $\$ 1.50$. $\$ 10.00$

Heliotropes ................................. . . . 25 . 9.00
Hollyhocks. Choice strain ....... . . . . . . $2.00 \quad 15.00$
Lantanas. Choice varieties ............ . .00 8.00
Lobelias. Various sorts .............. . . . . 756.00
Lemon Verbenas ..... .................. . . . 1.75 12.00
Marigold. French and African.......... . 75 6.00
Nasturtium. Dwarf; assorted.......... . . 75 6.00
Nasturtium. Tall; assorted............. . 75 6.00
Nicotiana Affinis..... ................... 1.00 . 8.00
Pansies. Extra large flowered ......... . . $50 \quad 4.00$
Petunia. Double, choice varieties...... $1.75 \quad 12.00$
-single, dwarf or tall . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $1.00 \quad 8.00$
Phlox Drummondi. All colors......... . . . 00 8.00
Ricinus. In variety....................... I. 50 12.00
Salvia. Scarlet, for beds, etc.............. I. 25 10.00
Stocks. Double, ten weeks .............. I 1.25 10.00
Verbenas. Assorted colors, extra....... $7.75 \quad 6.00$
Vincas. Red and white $\ldots .$. ............ 1.25 9.00
Variegated Vincas. 3 -inch pot stock .. $2.50 \quad 18.00$
Zinnias. Assorted colors................. .50 $4 \cdot 50$
Myrtle. For graves and rockwork, 35 cts. per basket.


## Herbaceous Paeonies.

The most popular hardy plants of the day. They surpass the rose in size, equal it in range of color and fragrance, are not troubled with insect pests. They do well in any good, rich, deep soil, and prefer a sunny situation, although they thrive almost equally well in a partially shady location. A liberal supply of water should be given them during the growing season. They are perfectly hardy, requiring no protection whatever even in the most severe climate.

The following 19 fine named double sorts, 50 cts . each ; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

Amabilis Grandiflora. White, large fringed petals.
Amabilis Speciosa. Rose shading to pink; large, sweet.
Baron T. Rothschild. Rose outside, centre salmon,sweet.
Delectissima. Rose, large, full, fine sweet.
Duchesse de Nemours. Rose pink, very large, double. Fulgida. Dark crimson, showing golden anthers.
Festiva Maxima. Creamy white, centre carmine.
Francis Ortegal. Dark purple crimson, very large.
Humei. Rose, full, large, late; one of the best.
Officinalis Rubra. Deep red.

Perfection. Rose lilac, inside salmon, sweet.
Caroline Mather. Dark crimson, rose scented.
Couronne de Roses. Large, full and sweet.
Festiva Alba. Pure white, with few marks of carmine in center.
King of Roses. Pink, large, rose sceuted
L'Innocence. White, rosy outer petals.
Officinalis Alba. White, tinged red; very early.
Officinalis Rosea. Crimson, changing to rose; very early. Triomphe du Nord. Violet-rose, shade lilac.

Double unnamed mixed, our selection, 25 cts. each ; \$2.75 per dozen.
Single mixed, exceedingly beautiful, both in flower and foliage. The shades of color embraced are many and delicate, while the form and fragrance are delightful. 50 cts . each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

## HARDY PERENNIAL PHLOX (Ph/ox Dectussata).

The Phlox is an old-fashioned favorite which is becoming more popular every year.
It is hardy and does well in all situations. By a selection of varieties they can be had in bloom from July until the middle of September ; or by "cutting back" the plants early in the season, they will bloom through September.

| Aetna. | Each | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Doz. } \\ \$ \mathrm{I} .5 \mathrm{O} \end{array}$ | Joseph Gerbeaux. White; red center.... \$. 25 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Doz. } \\ \$ 2.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annie Cook. Fles | . 30 | 3.00 | La Feu de Monde. Bright salmon-red; late . 15 | I. 50 |
| Aurora Boreale. Orange with purple center | r . 15 | 1.50 | Le Mahdi. Deep reddish-violet ; deeper eye . 15 | 1. 50 |
| Boule de Feu. Bright salmon; crimson eye | - . 15 | 1.50 | Le Soliel. Bright magenta-salmon; late, fine . 15 | 1.50 |
| Bridesmaid. White, crimson-carmine eye | e . 15 | 1.50 | L'Esperance. Lavender-pink;white center . 15 | 1.50 |
| Coquelicot. Rich orange-sca | . 15 | 1.50 | Madam Langier. Darkest red; very fine.. . 15 | 1.50 |
| Crepuscule. Mottled blue a | 15 | 1.50 | MissStevenson. Deep pink; crimson eye. . 15 | 1. 50 |
| Czarina. Pure white. Early | 15 | 1.50 | Ornament. Large, pink; velvet center.... . 15 | 1. 50 |
| Eclaireur. Carmine with rose-salmon center | . 15 | 1.50 | Pantheon. Bright carmine-rose; effective. . 15 | I. 50 |
| Elizabeth Campbe11. Salmon chang.to pink | . 30 | 3.00 | Peach Blow. Delicate pink, deep rose center . 5 | 1.50 |
| General Chanzy. Scarlet-pink, salmon tint | t. 15 | 1.50 | Richard Wallace. Pure white with rosy |  |
| General Van Hentz. New; salmon-red. | . 25 | 2.50 | crimson eye .......................... . 15 | 1.50 |
| Gerondin. One of our best dark red varieties | . 15 | 1.50 | R. P. Struthers. Bright pinkish salnion.. . 15 | 1.50 |
| Independence. Large, pure white flowers. | . 15 | 1.50 | Salma. Delicate pale rose, red eye....... . 15 | 1.50 |
| Jeanne d'Arc. Pure white flowers | . 15 | r. 50 | Tapis Blanc. Pure white and very dwarf . . 30 | 3.00 |
| Joseph Barr. Carmine-red | . 15 | 1.50 | Vesuvius. Pure red, with purple eye..... . 15 | I. 50 |

For Complete List see Special Nursery Catalogue.


Alfred Colomb. Bright fiery red, large. Anna de Diesbach. Intense Carmine. American Beauty. Bright rose carmine. Baron de Bonstettin. Intensely rich plum. Baroness de Rothschild. Palest flesh. Charles Lefebvre. Brilliant velvety crimson. Clio. Flesh, shaded with rosy pink.
Earl of Dufferin. Velvety crimson, shaded maroon. Fisher Holmes. Crimson, shaded with violet. Frau Karl Druschki or Snow Queen. White. General Jacqueminot. Scarlet crimson. Gruss an Teplitz. Scarlet.
John Hopper. Brilliant rosy crimson.

Madame Gabriel Luizet. Fine satin rose. Magna Charta. Pink, suffused with carmine. Margaret Dickson. White, centre petals pale flesh. Marshall P. Wilder. Cherry red, mingled with carmine. Mrs. John Laing. Soft Pink.
Mrs. R. G. Sharman Crawford. Deep, rosy pink, Madame Plantier. Pure white.
Prince Camille de Rohan. Velvety dark crimson. Paul Neron. Deep rose, very large. Persian Yellow. Deepest yellow.
Soleil d'Or. The shades are golden yellow and orange. Ulrich Brunner. Cherry, lighted with scarlet.

## Tea, or Everblooming Roses.

For the home and greenhouse these are unsurpassed. They bloom all season outdoors and will come safely through an ordinary winter if laid down in the month of November and covered with about 9 inches of soil.

## 50 cts. each ; \$4.00 per doz., except as noted.

Bridesmaid. Brilliant pink.
Clothilde Soupert. White, carmine centre.
Gloire de Dijon. Combined colors of rose and yellow.
Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. White.
La France. Silvery rose, shaded pink.
Liberty. Deep, bright crimson scarlet.

Killarney. Queen of the Irish roses, carmine-pink.
Madame Caroline Testout. Pink.
Mam. Cochet. Pink.
Mam. White Cochet. Pure white.
Meteor. Rich, velvety crimson.
| Hermosa. Bright rose, very double.

We also offer the above list of Hybrid and Everblooming Roses grown in 6 inch pots; pot grown plants guaran tee success in transplanting and a long continuous season of bloom.

Pot Grown Plants, 60 cents each; $\$ 6.00$ per doz.

## Moss Roses. <br> 50 cts. each.

Blanche Moreau. White.

## ROSES-Gontinued.

Crimson Rambler. Crimson, famous.
Pink Rambler. (Psyche). Bright rose, a fitting companion to the famous Crimson Rambler.
Marechal Neil. Still the best climbing yellow.
Yellow Rambler (Agalia). Small bright yellow flowers.
White Rambler (Thalia). White large umbels.
Debutante. New, soft pink, almost evergreen. 75 cts . each.
Queen of the Prairie. Bright Red.

Rubrifolia. Reddish purple leaves; deep red flowers.
Rugosa Alba. White, single.
Rugosa Rubra. Crimson, single.

## 50 cts. each; $\$ 4.00$ per doz., except as noted. <br> doz., except as noted.

Miscellaneous Roses.
Beautiful in foliage, bud, full flower and fruit. Planted in clumps, they are attractive throughout the entire year.

## Glimbing Roses.

Baltimore Belle. Blush, changing to white.
Dorothy Perkins. Soft, light pink.
Lady Gay. Cherry pink, shading white.

## Baby Rambler Roses.

The best of all roses for pot culture and bedding. Madame Norbert Levavasseur. The new dwarf crim son Baby Rambler (ever-blooming).
Anna Muller. Dwarf pink Rambler.
Novæ Angliæ. Dwarf white Rambler.

Setigera. Pink, fine for massing.
Sweet Briar. Fragrant foliage and pink flowers.
Trailing Wichuriana. White, single, green foliage.

## 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.

## Hardy Herbaceous Perennials.

These plants grow in beauty, size and value year by year. They require less care than most desirable flowering plants, and are adapted for nearly every condition. The months named indicate the time of flowering of each.
Achillea (The Pearl.) Pure white double. June. 2 ft ., I5 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ doz.
Alyssum Saxatile Compactum. Beautiful yellow flowers in spring. 6 in., I 5 cts. each; $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$ doz.
Anemone Japonica Rosea. Dark pink flowers in August and Sept. 2 ft ., 15 cts. each ; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

- Alba. Beautiful white. 2 ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Anthemis Tinctoria (Yellow Marguerite). Flowers May and June. ${ }^{2-3} \mathrm{ft}$., 15 cts. each ; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Anthericum Liliastrum Major (St. Bruno's Lily).

Aquilegia Chrysantha. Rich yellow. July. 3 ft., 15 cts. each ; \$1.50 per doz.
-Canadensis. Scarlet and yellow. July. I1/2ft., 15 cts. each ; \$1. 50 per doz.
-Corulea Hybrida. Shades of blue, white, pink, yellow, etc. ${ }^{2-3} \mathrm{ft}$., 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.
Armeria Laucheana (Sea Pink). Bright Rose. May to frost. 9 in., I5 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Arabis Alpina Plena (Alpine Rock Cress). (Perennial, White Alyssum). White. May. 6 to 9 in., 15 cts. each; \$I.50 per doz.
Asclepias Tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). Bright orange. July. I-2 ft., I 5 cts. each ; \$1.50 per doz.
Aster Esme. Pure white. September. 2 ft., 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.
-Nova Angliz. Bluish-purple. September. 4 ft., 15 cts. each ; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
-Nova Angliz Rosea. Pink New England Aster. 3 ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Baptisia Australis (False Indigo). Dark blue. July. I-2 ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Boltonia Latisquamæ. Clearlilac. September. 4 ft ., 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.
Campanula Grandiflora (Platycodon). Very dark blue. August to Sept. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$., 15 cts each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
-Persicifolia Grandiflora (Peach-leaved Bell Flower). Porcelain blue. June to August. 2-3 ft., 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.
Campanula Persicifolia Moerheimii. Pure white; 3 in. across, large, double. June. 2-3 ft., 35 cts. each; $\$ 3.50$ per doz.
Campanula Carpathica. Clear blue. Summer. 3-4 ft., 15 cts. each ; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Centaurea Montana. Colors red, white, blue and pink. Summer. $11 / \mathrm{ft}$., 20 cts . each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.


Aquilegia.
Coreopsis Grandiflora. Golden-yellow. Summer. 2 ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Delphinium Chinensis. Intense blue. Summer. 2 ft . 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
-Formosum. Blue, white centre. Summer. 3 ft., 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Dianthus Barbatus (Sweet William). Mixed colors. June and July. 20 in., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
-Plumarius (Scotch Pink). Fragrant pink flowers. June. Ift., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.

## HAKDY HERBAGEOUS PERENNIALS-Continued,

Dicentra Spectabilis.(Bleeding Heart). Pink. Spring. 2 ft ., 20 cts . each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Dictamnus Fraxinella (Gas Plant). Purplish pink. May-June. 2 ft ., 25 cts . each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
——Alba. A white form of the preceding. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Digitalis Purpurea (Foxglove). Pink and white. June. 3-4 ft., 15 cts. each ; \$I. 50 per doz.
Eulalia Japonica Variegata. A stately grass with green and white leaves. 6 ft ., 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Euphorbia Corrollata (Flowering Spurge). Pure white. July. I-2 ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Funkia Variegata (Plantain Lily). Blue with variegated foliage. July. I-2 ft., 15 cts. each; \$I.50 per doz.
-Subcordata Grandiflora (White Day Lily). Pure white. July-Sept. 2 ft., 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Gaillardia Grandiflora (Blanket Flower). Red and yellow. July. $2-3$ ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Gypsophila Paniculata. Small white flowers in great profusion. Summer. 2 ft ., 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Helenium Autumnale Superbum. Bright yellow. August. 5 ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
-Bolanderii. Bright yellow, dark brown centre. June. 2-3 ft., I 5 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Helleborus Niger (Christmas Rose). Large white. December. Frame culture. 25 cts. each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Helianthus Decapetalus. Bright yellow. Summer. 5 ft ., I 5 cts. each ; \$1.50 per doz.
-Mollis. Yellow flowers, downy, silvery foliage. 3 ft ., 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.
Helianthus Multiflorus fl. p1. (So called Hardy Dahlia). Double yellow. Aug.-Sept. 3 ft ., 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Heliopsis Pitcherii. Golden-yellow. July-Oct. 6 ft., 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Hemerocallis Flora Plena. Golden yellow flowers. Summer. 3 ft ., 15 cts . each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
-Thunbergii. Orange. Summer. 3 ft., 15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.
Heuchera Sanguinea. Bright red flowers. Handsome foliage. Summer. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$., 25 cts . each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Hibiscus Moscheutos, Crimson Eye. White, with crimson eye. Aug.-Sept. 3-4 ft., 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Iberis Sempervirens (Perennial Candytuft). Flowers white, foliage evergreen. May-June. 8-12 inches, 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Iris Germanica. Named sorts. White, Purple, marbled, etc. June. 2 ft ., 15 cts . each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
-Kæmpferi (Japanese Iris). Named sorts. Beautiful colors. June-July. 2 ft ., 35 cts. each ; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.
——Mixed. 15 cts. each ; \$I. 50 per doz.
-Pumila. White, blue, yellow. June-July. 6 inches, 20 cts. each ; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
——Mixed.. 15 cts. each ; \$1.50 per doz.
Lathyrus Latifolious (Perennial Pea). Bright red. Summer. 5 ft ., 20 cts . each ; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.

- Albus. White, otherwise like above. 30 cts. each ; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.
Lavendula Vera (English Lavender). July. I-2 ft., 15 cts. each ; \$1. 50 per doz.
Liatris Pycnostacha. Lavender-purple. Summer. 6 ft., 20 cts . each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.

Lobelia Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). 3-4 ft. August. Scarlet. Very showy border plant. I5 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Lupinus Polyphyllus. Blue, pea-like flowers. 4 ft ., 15 cts. each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.

- Alba. White, form of preceding. 25 cts. each; \$2.50 per doz.
Lychnis Chalcedonica. Brilliant scarlet. Summer. 2-3 ft., 15 cts. each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
-Plenissima. Pink. Summer. 2-3 ft., 15 cts. each, $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Lythrum Roseum Superbum. Rosy-red. Summer. 2-3 ft., 15 cts. each ; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Monarda Didyma. Brilliant scarlet. Foliage sweetscented. Summer. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$., 15 cts . each ; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Myosotis Palustris Semperflorens (Forget-me-not). Light-blue. Summer. 15 cts. each; $\$ \mathrm{Fr} .50$ per doz.
Enothera Youngii. Clear yellow. 2 inches in diameter. June-Aug. 2 ft ., 20 cts . each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
Papaver Orientale (Oriental Poppy).
-Royal Scarlet. Scarlet. Small blotches. 2 ft., 15 cts. each; \$I.50 per doz.
Phlox Subulata (Moss pink.) Various colors. May. 6 inches, 10 cts. each ; $\$ 1.00$ per doz.
-Decussata. In variety. Many colors, Autumn blooming. ${ }^{2-3} \mathbf{~ f t . , ~} 55 \mathrm{cts}$. each ; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Pentstemon Barbatus Torreyii (Beard-tongue). Bright red. July. $4-5$ ft., I 5 cts. each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Physostigia Virginiana. Spikes of tubular-shaped, pink flowers. August. 3-4 ft., I5 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz.
Primula Acaulis Hybrida (English Primrose). Shades of white, yellow and red. Spring. I ft., 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
-Veris Superba. Large Yellow. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft} ., 25 \mathrm{cts}$. each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Pyrethrum Roseum Hybridum. Colors range white to dark crimson. Summer. 2 ft ., 15 cts . each; \$1.50 per doz.
Ranunculus Acris Plena (Double Buttercup). Bright yellow. 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Rudbeckia Fulgida. Orange-yellow, brown centre. August. $2-3 \mathrm{ft}$., 15 cts . each ; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Rudbeckia, Golden Glow. Double, golden-yellow. Aug.-Sept. 5 ft ., 15 cts . each; $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$ per doz.
Scabiosa Caucasica. Lilac-blue. Summer. 2 ft., 25 cts. each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Sedum Spectabilis (Showy Stonecrop.) Rosy purple. September. 2 ft ., 15 cts . each; $\$$ I. 50 per doz.
Spiræa Gladstone. White flower. Palm-like foliage. Summer. 2 ft ., 20 cts . each ; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
-Filipendula Plena. Fern-like foliage, creamy white flowers. 2 ft ., I 5 cents each ; \$1. 50 per doz.
Stokesia Cyanea. (Cornflower Aster). Lavender blue. Aug.-Oct. 12 inches, 15 cts. each; $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Tritoma Maria Grandiflora. Red and yellow. Aug.Oct. 3 ft., 20 cts. each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.
-Pfitzerii. Orange scarlet. Aug.-Oct. 4 ft., 15 cts. each ; \$I. 50 per doz.
-Express (Red Hot Poker). Orange red, very early. July-Oct. 3 ft ., 25 cts . each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Veronica Longifolia Subsessilis. Blue flowers. Aug.Sept. 3 ft ., 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Yucca Filamentosa (Adam's Needle). Early growth, drooping white flowers. 6 ft ., 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.00$ per doz.


## Clematis. Elegant, hardy, free-flowering climbers.

Ina. White, shaded to a delicate lavender blue. 50 cts . and 75 cts . each.
Duchess of Edinburgh. Double white, sweet-scented. 75 cts. each.
Paniculata. The white Clematis now so popular. Plants, 2 yrs., 30 cts. each, 3 yrs., 50 cts. each.
Mme, Baron Veilliard. Soft pink, blooms from mid-summer until frost. 75 cts. each.

## GLEMATIS-Gontinued.

Henryi. Immense,single,creamy-white flowers. 75 c . each. Jackmanni. Large intense violet-purple flowers. 50 to 75c. each.

Mme. Edmund Andre. Bright crimson. 75c. each.
Virginiana. (American White Clematis.) A profusion of white flowers in August. 25c. each.

## HARDY GLIMBING PLANTS.

## Actinidia Polygama. A strong, clean vine from Japan. 50c. each.

Akebia Quinata. Of rapid growth, with shining foliage and bluish clusters of fragrant flowers. 35c. each.
Ampelopsis Englemanni. A variety of the Virginia Creeper, with bright foliage; fine color in the autumn; the tendrils enable it to support itself like $A$. Veitchii. 25 and 35 cts . each.

- Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). Well known climber; very vigoious. 25c. each

Ampelopsis Veitchil (Boston Ivy, Japanese Ivy). Wellknown, particularly around Boston. It grows rapidly and clings to a wall or fence with the tenacity of ivy; the foliage is handsome in the summer, and changes to a crimson scarlet in autumn. For the ornamentation of brick or stone structures, it can be especially recommended. 25 c . each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Aristolochia Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). Rapid grower, magnificent foliage 10 to 12 inches across, and curious, piped shaped, yellowish-brown flowers. 75c. each. Extra size, I.oo.
Bignonia Radicans (Trumpet Vine). A quick growing vine, bearing large scarlet flowers, very brilliant. 35c. each.
Celastrus Scandens (Roxbury Wax Work), A vigorous vine with conspicuous orange-scarlet berries in autumn 35c. each.
Dolichos (Pueraria). Kudzu Vine. Quick growing vine with rosy purple flowers. 35 c . each; $\$ 3.00$ per doz.
Euonymus Radicans. Retains its glossy green and bright foliage through the winter; nice plants, 35 c . each.
Honeysuckle, Hall's Japan. Abundant, vigorous foliage retained until early winter, flower white and yellow; fragrant. 25c. each. Extra size, 50c. each.
Honeysuckle, Scarlet. Strong, rapid grower, bright scarlet. 35c. each.
--Belgica. Dutch monthly, very sweet scented, red and buff. 35c. each.
-Chinese Twining (Lonicera Japonica). A well known vine, holding its foliage nearly all winter, blooms in July and Sept. Sweetly scented. 35c. each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen.
Humulus Lupulus (Hop Vine). Distinct foliage, with clusters of hops. 15 c . each ; $\$ 1.50$ per dozen.
Lycium Barbatum (Matrimony Vine). Useful for covering screens or ledges. A fast grower. 25 c . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Wistaria Chinensis. One of the most elegant and rapid growing of all climbing plants, bearing long pendulous clusters of pale blue flowers in May and June. 50c. each.
--Alba. White, otherwise similar to preceding. 75c. each.


Wistaria.

## RHODODENDRONS,

There are no evergreen shrubs more desirable than Rhododendrons. They are hardy, and grow to spread several feet in diameter, giving annually a large mass of showy flowers in many colors. The leaves remain green throughout the winter, making the plant attractive and showy. They do best in a partial shade, and when set, a good sized hole should be dug and filled with leaf-mould from the woods, or pulverized muck. In fall, a mulch with leaves or stable manure will be found very beneficial.

18 in. plants $\$ 1.50$ each, $\$ 15.00$ per doz.
Abraham Lincoln. Rosy crimson, of good form.
Album Elegans. Blush, changing to white; fine shape.
Boule de Neige. Pure white, very hardy.
Caractacus. Red purplish crimson, fine truss.
Delicatissimum. Blush white, edged pink.
Everestianum. Rosy lilac ; spotted and fringed.

24 in. plants $\$ 2.00$ each, $\$ 20.00$ per doz.
General Grant. Crimson pink.
Gloriosum. White, bold flowers and good foliage.
H. H. Hunnewell. Dark rich crimson.

Lady Armstrong. Pale rose, beautifully spotted.
Mrs. Milner. Rich crimson.
Roseum Elegans. Vivid rose, beautiful.

## HARDY FLO WERING SHRUBS

The month after each sort indicates the time of flowering.

Almond (Prunus Jap.Rubrafl.pl.) Double pink. 50c. May.
-(Prunus Jap. Alba fl. pl.) Double white flowers, beautiful. 50c. May.
Althza Purpurea Plena (Rose of Sharon). Hibiscus. 35 and 50 c . October.
Althæa. Double variegated. 35 and 50 c .

- Double red, Double white, Double pink. 35 and 50c. -Single white and Single blue. 35 and 50 c .
Azaleas. Ghent Hybrids, perfectly hardy,brilliant colors. Fine plants $\$ 1.00$; large sizes $\$ 2.00$ and $\$ 2.50$. June.


## Azaleas.

-Mollis. A new type, flowering earlier than the Ghent and in color and form approaching the Indian varieties. 75 c . to $\$ 1.00$
Barberry (Berberis Thunbergii). A low growing shrub of arching habit; the foliage changes to many brilliant colors in the fall. 35c. each. June.

- Vulgaris (Common Barberry). Vigorous habit, free bearer. 35 and 50 c .
- Purple leaved. 35 and 50 c .


## HARDY FLO WERING SHRUBS-Gontinueds

Currant Missouria (Ribes aureum). Very ornamental, yellow flowers and glossy foliage. 35 cts . each. May. Calycanthus Floridus. Strawberry tree or sweetscented shrub, dark flowers. 35 cts. each. June-Sept.
Chionanthus Virginicus (Fringe Tree). White. 50 cts. June.
Clethra Alnifolia. White, fragrant flowers, on spikes. 50 cts. July.
Cornus Florida (Dogroood). White. 75 cts. May.

- Sanguinea (Red Osier). Bark deep red. 35 cts.
- Elegantissima. Variegated foliage. The leaves are marked with silvery white. 75 cts.
Corchorus Japonica (Kerria). A small shrub with bright green leaves and clear yellow flowers. 25 and 50 cts. June and July.
Desmodium Penduliflorum (Sweet Pea Shrub). Red and violet pea-shaped flowers. 35 cts. Autumn.
Deutzia Gracills. Compact, filled with starry white flowers. 35 and 50 cts. June.
-Crenata fI. pl. Flowers double white, tinged with rose. 35 and 50 cts. June.
——Alba fl. pl. With very double pure white flowers. 35 and 50 cts. June.
-Pride of Rochester. Large panicles of white flowers, tinted rose. 35 and 50 cts .
-Lemoine. An early bloomer; flowers pure white and well opened. 35 and 50 cts.
Elder, Golden (Sambucus Aurea). Very effective for its bright yellow foliage. 35 cts .
Eleagnus Longipes. A new fruit-bearing ornamental shrub from Japan. A decided novelty. 75 cts . July.
Euonymus Europeus (Burning Bush). Purple. 50 cts. June.
Exochorda Grandiflora. A choice shrub of strong, upright growth, producing a profusion of large, snowy-white flowers in June. 50 and 75 cts. May.

Spiræa Van Houttel.


Forsythia Fortunil. Large deep yellow flowers; upright. 35 and 50 cts. April.
-Suspensa. Trained on a trellis, it becomes one of the most beautiful weeping shrubs, covered with bright golden-yellow blossoms, early in summer. 35 and 50 cts. April.
Hydrangea Paniculata Grandifiora. Flowers white in great pyramidal panicles, about a foot long. 35 and 50 cts.
-Hydrangea Paniculata. Grand tree form. \$1.00 each.
Kalmia Latifolia (Mountain Laurel). A choice native evergreen shrub with shining foliage and dense clusters of pink or nearly white flowers. Well formed clumps. \$1.50 and \$2.00. June.
Lilac (Syringa). Bluish-purple flowers. 35 and 50 cts. May.

- (S. Alba.) Pure white. 50 cts. May.

Lonicera Tartarica (Bush Honeysuckle). Pink, sweet-scented. 35 cts. May.
Mahonia Aquifolia. A handsome shrub with shining prickly leaves, and showy, bright yellow flowers in May, followed by large clusters of purple berries. 35 cts . May.
Pyrus Japonica (Cydonia). Japan Quince, flowers bright scarlet, very showy. 25 and 50 cts. May.
Rhus Cotinus. The well known smoke bush. $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{cts} . ; 5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I}$.oo. June.
-Glabra Var. Laciniata (Cut-leaved Sumach). Leaves deeply cut, like a Sword Fern. Red in autumn. 75 cts.
Snowball (Viburnum Plicatum). A great improvement on the old-fashioned sort, with dark green foliage, and superb trusses of white flowers in midsummer. 50 and 75 cts. June.
Spiraa Aurea. Frequent pinching produces a deep golden-yellow color. 35 and 50 cts.

- Anthony Waterer. One foot high. Crimson. 50 cts. June-Oct.
-Thunbergil. Dwarf, flowers early, very pretty. 35 and 50 cts. April-May.
-Van Houttei. The most profuse flowering of the Spiræas, the bush being a mass of white bloom. 35 and 50 cts. June.
Syringa or Mock Orange (Philadelphus). Of compact habit, with creamy-white flowers, deliciously fragrant. 35 and 50 cts. June.
-Aurea (Golden-leaved Syringa). A very showy plant of medium size, with golden-yellow foliage. 35 and 50 cts. June.
Viburnum Opulus (High Bush Cranberry). Very ornamental, having clusters of red berries which remain on the branches until winter. 50 cts.
Weigelia Rosea. Well known, very free flowering. 35 and 50 cts . May-June.
- Variegata. Fine variegated foliage, rosy-pink flowers. 50 cts . June.
-Eva Rathke. An erect grower with dark carmine-red flowers. 35 and 50 cts. June.


## EVERGREENS.

Arbor Vitz (Thuja Occidentalis). Common American form. 2 ft .25 cts ; 3 ft .50 cts .
Fir Balsam (Abies Balsamea). Erect, regular pyramidal tree, rapid grower, very hardy. 50 cts. to $\$ 1.00$.
-Concolor. The foliage varies from blue to green. $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50 ; 4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$ each.
Juniper Virginiana (Red Cedar). Native variety. $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00 ; 4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
-Hibernica (Irish Juniper). Of erect, tapering growth, beautiful and hardy. 75 cts. and $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
-Sabina. Trailing habit, fine for massing. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$ each.

## EVERGREENS-Continued.

Pine, Austrian. Stout growth, long needles, perfectly hardy in bleakest exposure. $2 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 3 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{cts}$. each -White ( $P$. Strobus ). The most ornamental of all our native pines. $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 4$ to 5 ft . $\$ \mathrm{r} .00$ each.
Retinospora Plumosa. Very hardy, with plume-like foliage. 2 ft . 75 cts ., 3 to 4 ft . $\$ \mathrm{I} .5 \mathrm{o}, 4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 3.00$.
——var. Aurea. Of bright golden color. 2 ft . $\$ 1.00,4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,5 \mathrm{ft}$. 3.00 .
-Squarrosa. Graceful, drooping, plume-like, glaucous green foliage. ${ }^{*} 1.00$ and $\$ 2.00$.
Spruce, White (Picea Alba). Very hardy native tree. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$.

- Colorado, Blue ( $P$. Pungens). Perfectly hardy, pyramidal, foliage dark steel-blue. $2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,3 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 5.00$.
- Norway (Abies Excelsu). An elegant tree, hardy, lofty, rapid growth, and pyramidal form. $2 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 4 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
-Hemlock (Abies Canadensis). Of good shape and habit. 2 ft .75 cts ., 3 ft . \$1.00.


## SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

Apple, Bechtel's Double Flowering Crab (Malus Halleana). Large double flowers resembling pink roses; very fragrant. 50 cts. and $\$ 1.00$.
-Floribunda. Single, carmine in bud, white when open. 50 and 75 cts.
Ash, American White (Fraxinus Alba). A large, noble tree. $9 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{cts} .$, ro $\mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{r} .00$.
-Mountain (Sorbus Aucuparia Pendula). Very ornamental, bearing large clusters of shining red berries. 6 to 7 ft. $75 \mathrm{cts} ., 9 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
Beech, American (Fagus Ferruginea). Compact form, rich, glossy, attractive foliage. 3 to 4 ft .50 cts ., 5 to 7 ft . $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.

- Rivers Purple (F. Atropurpurea). Finest of all purple-leaved trees, beautiful as single specimens. 4 to 5 ft . \$1.50.
-Cut=Leaved (F. Incisa). Distinct and fine. 3 ft . \$1.oo.
-Weeping (F. Pendula). A remarkable picturesque tree of curious growth. $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$.
Birch, European White (Betula Alba). A graceful tree with silvery bark, slender branches, elegant drooping habit. 5 to $7 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{cts} ., 7$ to 8 ft .75 cts.
- Canoe (B. Papyracea). A native variety which attains great size. 6 to 8 ft .75 cts ., 8 to Io ft . $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
- Cut=Leaved, Weeping (B. Pendula Laciniata). One of the most popular weeping trees, most beautiful as specimens on the lawn. 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{r} .00,8$ to $\mathrm{ro} \mathrm{ft} \mathrm{specimens} \$$.2.00 .
Catalpa Speciosa. A Western type, very desirable, being more hardy and finer in bloom than the common variety. 6 to 7 ft .75 cts ., 8 to $\mathrm{Io} \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
-Bungei, Chinese. Grafted on high stems, head round in form. \$1.50 each.
Chestnut, American (Castanea Americana). A tree of stately growth. 4 to 5 ft .75 cts .
- Horse (Essculus Hippocastrum). Strong habit, magnificent foliage, and fine spikes of flowers in May and June. 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00,8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
Elm, American (C'lmus Americana). The noble spreading and drooping tree of our own forests. io ft. \$1.25, $12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .75$.
-English(U. Campestris). An erect, lofty tree of rapid, compact growth. 8 to io ft. \$1.00.
Gymnocladus Canadensis (Kentucky Coffee Tree). Large pinnate leaves, green flowers in June, followed by large pods. Does well in wet places. $\$ 1.00$ and $\$ 1.50$.
Hawthorn, Double White (Cratagus Alba, fl. pl.). Ornamental flowers and foliage. $5 \mathrm{ft} \$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
- Paul's Scarlet (C. Coccinea fl. pl. Paulii). Flowers bright carmine red, makes a striking contrast when planted with the white. 5 ft . $\$ \mathrm{r} .00$.
Laburnum, Golden (Cytissus). A small tree producing freely long clusters of the brightest golden-yellow blossoms of sweet-pea size and shape. 4 ft .50 cts ., 5 to 6 ft . $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
Larch, European (Larix Europaa). An elegant rapidgrowing pyramidal tree. 4 to 6 ft .75 cts .
Linden, American, or Basswood (Tilia Americana). A beautiful, rapid growing native tree with large leaves and fragrant flowers. $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00$, io ft. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
-European (T. Europia). Pyramidal tree of larger size. 7 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{r} .00,8$ to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$.
Maple, Cut-Leaved Weeping (Acer Wierii laciniatum). A weeping silver-leaved variety with deeply cut foliage. 8 ft . $\$ 1.00$.
-Japan (Atrosanguineum purpureum). This is the richest crimson and the most brilliant, vigorous, and the best type of the Japanese varieties. \$2.00 each.
- Japonicum aureum (Golden-leaved Japan Maple). \$1.50.
-White or Silver=Leaved (A. Dasycarpum). A native variety of rapid growth, very beautiful. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{cts} ., 10$ to 12 ft . $\$ 1.00$.
-Norway (A. Plantanoides). Of sprawling habit, foliage dark green. 7 to 8 ft .75 cts ., 10 to 12 ft . \$1.00.
- Sugar (Acer saccharinum). One of the best street trees. 6 to 8 ft .75 cts ., 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$.

Magnolia Acuminata (Cucumber M.) Of pyramidal growth, Howers yellow, tinted with bluish purple. Fine specimens. 5 ft . $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
-Conspicua(Chinese White). A variety of great beauty: the flowers are large, pure white, and appear before the leaves. 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{r} .75,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50$.
-Soulangeana. Flowers white and purple, cupshaped; foliage large and glossy. Fine specimens. 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 2.00,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 5.00$.
Mulberry, Downing's Everbearing(Morus). A rapid growing tree which bears nice fruit. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{r} .00$.
-Teas, Weeping. Absolutely hardy and free from disease, very vigorous in growth. 2 years old $\$ 1.50$.
Oak, Palustus or Pin. The best and most popular species for general planting. 8 to $9 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$.
-Red (Q. rubra). Native species of rapid growth. 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{r} .00,8$ to 10 ft . $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$.
Poplar Bolleana (Populus). Pyramidal growth. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00$, 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$ each.

- Carolina. Pyramidal form, rapid grower, suitable for park or street planting. 8 to 10 ft .50 cts ., 10 tc 12 ft .75 cts. each.
- Lombard (P. fastigiata). Well known and remarkable for its erect rapid growth. 8 to 10 ft .50 cts , Io to 12 ft .75 cts .
Prunus Pissardi. One of the best novelties of late years. The wood and leaves are dark purple throughout the entire season. 4 to 5 ft .75 cts .
Syringa Japonica (Giant tree lilac). It makes a stout tree with large rich foliage, and throws up well above the leaves large clusters of white flowers about a foot long. 3 to 4 ft .75 cts ., 4 to 5 ft . $\$$ r.00.
Tulip Tree (Liriodendron tulipifera). Fiddle-shaped leaves and tulip-like flowers. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
Willow, Kilmarnock (Salix Caprea Pendula). An exceedingly graceful tree with glossy foliage and perfect umbrella head. \$1.00.
-Golden Barked (S. aurea). Rapid grower. Golden bark in winter. Valuable for sea shore. 4 to 5 ft . 50 cts., 6 to 8 ft .75 cts.
- Laurel Leaf (S. Pentandra). Leaves large, dark, glossy green, highly ornamental ; excellent for sea shore planting. 5 to 6 ft .50 cts ., 6 to 8 ft .75 cts . each

| Honey Locust. 2 years old........ $\$ 3.00$ | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ \$ 20.00 \end{gathered}$ | Purple Barberry. 12 to 18 inches... $\$ 12.00$ | $\begin{gathered} 1000 \\ \$ 100.00 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Norway Spruce. 3 feet.............. 40.00 <br> 2 feet............. . 25.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 350.00 \\ & 200.00 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 100.00 \\ 80.00 \end{array}$ |
| Arborvitæ, American. 3 to 4 feet... 50.00 | 400.00 | Ibota Privet. Very hardy, 2 to 3 feet 18.00 | $150.00$ |
| to 3 fe | 600 | Berberis Thunbergit. 18 to 24 inches |  |
| to 2 feet............... 40.00 | 300.00 | 15 to 18 inches 12.00 | 100.00 |
| Japan Quince. 18 to 24 inches...... 20.00 | 150.00 | Dwarf Box. For edging............ 8.00 | 70.00 |



Gravenstein Apples.

## FRUIT TREES-Apples.

## Summener.

Astrachan. Large, crimson, very early.
Early Harvest. Pale yellow, excellent, early Golden Sweet. Large, pale yellow, sweet.
Williams. Dark red, mild flavor.

## Autumn.

Walter Pease. Larger, better flavored, more productive and longer keeper than the Gravenstein. Highest quality. \$I.00 each.
Gravenstein. Large, yellow, striped red.
Fameuse (Snow Apple). Crimson, flesh white, excellent.
Porter. Medium, bright yellow, good.
Pippin. Fall, yellowish green, very fine.

Sops of Wine. Medium, red, flesh white, mild.
Sweet Bough. Moderate growth, large, pale yellow, tender, juicy, sweet, very good. Ripening August.

## Winter.

Baldwin. Large, dark red, productive, medium. Golden Russet. Late yellow, good flavor.
Hubbardston. Large, yellow, splashed red, early.
King. Large, striped red, excellent.
Northern Spy. Large, striped red, good keeper. Rhode Island Greening. Large, yello wish green, medium. Roxbury Russet. Extra quality. Largest of the russets. Tolman's Sweet. Medium, light yellow, excellent.
Pound Sweet. Best, late-keeping sweet.

Prices, 7 to 8 feet, "Extra" size, $\$ 1.00$ each; $\$ 10.00$ per dozen. 5 to 7 feet 75 cents each; $\$ 6.00$ per dozen; $\$ 40.00$ per 100 . 4 to 5 feet 50 cents each ; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; $\$ 30.00$ per 100 .

## Crab-Apples.

Hyslop. October to January ; deep crimson.
Transcendent. September, October; useful alike for preserving, pies, sauces and cider.

## Cherries.

Coe's Transparent. June; medium, pale amber and red.
Black Tartarian. June; large, purplish black.
Montmorency. July ; large, tender, rich, sub-acid.

Whitney. November, December. New; large, bright red.
Price, $\mathbf{7 5}$ cents each; $\$ 7.50$ per dozen.

May Duke. June; large, dark red, tender, sub-acid.
Windsor. July ; large, dark red, nearly black, sweet.
Yellow Spanish. Late June; pale yellow, red cheek.

## Price, 6 to 7 feet 75 cents each; $\$ 6.00$ per dozen.

## Peaches.

Carmen. New, hardy rot-proof. Pale yellow skin and red cheek ; early.
Alexander. July; medium, melting and juicy.
Elberta. Late July; flesh yellow. Very juicy.
Crosby. (Ironclad.) September; medium, sweet, firm, most desirable.
Belle of Georgia. Very large. Skin white, red cheek.

## Prices, 5 to 6 feet 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen; $\$ 25.00$ per 100 . 4 to 5 feet 35

 cents each; $\$ 3.00$ per dozen; $\$ 20.00$ per 100.Pears.

Summer, Clapp. Very productive, large, juicy.
Bartlett. Large, clear, yellow, juicy; late.
Wilder. Ripens beginning August.
Auturmin Bosc. October; large, russet, buttery. 5 to 6 ft . \$1. 25 each, \$12.00 doz.
Duchesse d'Angouleme. October; large, greenish. Louise Bonne. October; pale yellowish and red. Seckel. September; small, dull brown, red cheeked.

Sheldon. November; large, russet brown.
Vermont Beauty. October; yellow with carmine cheek.
Winter»Anjou. Nov.-Jan.; green, yellow, red cheek. Dana's Hovey. November; small rusty yellow. Lawrence. January ; medium, pale yellow.
Nellis. January; medium, of excellent quality.
Vicar. December; yellowish green; cooking.

Prices, 5 to 6 feet 75 cents each; $\$ 6.00$ per dozen, except as noted.

## Quinces.

Apple, or Orange. Large, roundish, bright golden yellow; very productive.
Champion. A vigorous and productive variety, ripening very late.
Meech's Prolific. Very early ; pear-shaped and of high quality. Color, golden yellow.

Bourgeat. A new variety of large size, and believed tc be one of the finest yet offered. It is a good keeper. Color, rich golden.
Rea, or Rea's Mammoth. A very large and fine vari ety of Orange Quince. One of the best.
4 to 5 feet 50 cents each; $\$ 5.00$ per dozen.

## PLUMS.

## Europeant.

Beauty of Naples. August; large, yellow and red. Bradshaw. August; large, purple, sweet.
Damson. September; dark purple, very productive.

Imperial Gage. August ; large, greenish, juicy and rich. Lombard. September; medium, violet, red, juicy. Yellow Egg. August ; large, yellow.

## Japanese»

Abundance. Early; fruit amber turning to cherry, flesh yellow, juicy, tender and sweet.
Burbank. September; bright red, flesh yellow and sweet.

Wickson. Late, large, carmine, delicious, small stone. Satsuma. September; purplish red, flesh dark red, juicy and of fine quality.

## Price : 5 to 7 ft., 50 cts. each; $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

## Distances Between Trees or Plants in Plantations.

Standard Apples, 30 to 40 feet apart each way. In poor soils 25 feet may be enough.
Standard Pears and Cherries, 20 feet apart each way. Cherries will do at 18 feet, and the dwarf-growing sorts, Dukes and Morellos, even at 16 feet.

Standard Plums, Peaches, Apricots and Nectarines, 16 to 18 feet apart each way.
Quinces, Io to 12 feet apart each way.
Dwarf or Pyramidal Pears, Cherries and Plums, 10 to 12 feet apart each way. The greater distance is bettet where land is not scarce.

Dwarf Apples, bushes, 6 feet apart.
Currants, Gooseberries and Raspberries, 3 to 4 feet apart.
Blackberries, 6 to 7 feet apart.

## HARDY GRAPES.

Concord. A large, handsome, popular grape. Sept.
Eaton. Large in berry and bunch, sweet and juicy. Sept. Moore's Early. Large, reliable. August.
Wilder. (Roger's No. 4.) Sweet and solid. September. Agawam. (Roger's No.15.) Dark red, tender, juicy. Sept. Green Mountain. Desirable in every way, very early. 50 cents.
Moore's Diamond. As early as Concord, large, fine flavored.
Niagara. As good as any, early and hardy.

Brighton. Flesh rich, sweet and best quality. Sept.
Delaware. Small in berry and bunch, flesh very juicy. September.
Salem. (Roger's No. 22.) Very rich flavor, large. Sept. Campbell's Early. Large, black and very sweet. 50 cts .
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { 2-year plants, } 30 \text { cts. each; } \$ 3.00\end{array}\right.$ $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { doz. } 3-\text { year plants, } 50 \text { cts. each ; }\end{array}\right.$ $\$ 5.00$ doz., except as noted.

## Blackberries,

Agawam. The earliest; flavor like the wild berry.
Rathbun. Extra large, productive, new.
Snyder. Best quality, very sweet.
Eldorado. Hardy, good size and quality.

Waucheset Thornless. Fruit medium, hardy and very productive.
Wilson's Early. Large and sweet.
Taylor's Prolific. Extremely hardy, large, prolific. $\$ 1.00$ per doz.; $\$ 5.00$ per 100 , except as noted.

## Gurrants.

Black Naples. Fine for wine and jelly. \$1.50 per doz.; \$9.00 per ioo.
Cherry. Large, red, juicy. \$1.50 per doz.; \$9.00 per 100. Fay. Like Cherry, but more prolific. \$1.50 per doz.; \$9.00 per 100.

La Versaillaise. Very large, red. \$1.50 per doz.; $\$ 9.00$ per 100.
Perfection. The largest red currant in existence; a prize winner. 25 cts. each ; \$2.50 per doz.

> I wish to express to you my satisfaction over the currant bushes you sent me; they were in fine condition on Most truly, arrival, and being carefully set, every one of the Ioz is now alive. $$
\text { F. H. BUFFAM, Winchester, N. H. }
$$

## Gooseberries.

Crown Bob. Very large, red. 25 cts. each; $\$ 2.50$ per dol.
Red Jacket. The best red, free from mildew. 25 cts. each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Pearl. The most prolific, free from mildew, green. 25 cts . each; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Industry. Very large, dark cherry red. 25 cts. each ; $\$ 2.50$ per doz.
Downing. Whitish green. 20 cts. each; \$2.00 per doz.

## Raspherries.

Cuthbert. Red, firm and superior qual.cy. Columbian. Very large, purple.
Golden Queen. Productive and of superior quality. Golden yellow. $\$ 1.50$ per doz.
Cumberland. One of the finest black, large and productive.
Gregg. Good black, productive and hardy. Marlboro. Large, red, very productive. $\$ 1.00$ per doz.; $\$ 5.00$ per 100 , except as noted.

## Strawberries.

For Garden Culture, set plants one foot apart in the row, and the rows two feet apart, keep the runners cut off. The varieties marked " $P$ " are pistillate and must have a row of staminate, or perfect-flowered varieties, planted say every ten feet among them.
The Autumn (P). Of vigorous growth, very productive and mild flavor, dark red, late. Autumn is a pistillate and must have a few Pan-Americans to fertilize them. Price, $1 / 2$ doz. $\$ 1.00 ; 1$ doz. $\$ 2.00 ; 100, \$ 10.00$.
Pan-American. New everbearing variety of good quality, large clear red, free from rust and of fine flavor. A persistent bloomer from May to November. Price, 1 plant 30 cts ; $1 / 2$ doz. $\$ 1.25$; 1 doz. \$2.50; 100 \$20.00.
Abington. Large fruit, solid, and excellent flavor. P. F.
Belmont. Late ; crimson berry ; very productive. P.F.
Breck's Abundance. Large, excellent berry; very heavy cropper; flavor tart; medium early. Highly recommended. P. F.
Brandywine. Hardy, good quality. Medium.
Commonwealth. Late; very large; deep crimson; excellent flaver. P. F.


Excelsior. The best of all early strawberries. Is medium small; crimson; tart, and the earliest of all. Splendid variety. P. F.
"Candy." Large berries; late and an excellent cropper. Splendid keeper. P. F.
Glen Mary. Large; crimson berry ; good quality ; very productive; late. P. F.
Marshall. Requires no recommendation; is medium late. The fruit is very large, deep crimson color, and extra quality. P.F.
Minute Man. (P.) Medium early; vigorous grower, free from rust; berries light red and a great cropper.
$\$ 1.00$ per 100 , except as noted. $\$ 8.50$ per 1000 .
Pot Grown Plants ready in August, $\$ 3.50$ per 100.

## SPRAYING CALENDAR.

This calendar, in a concise way, gives our friends the benefit of the many experimonts made by the Agricultural Colleges of the country for a number of years. It is believed they can be followed without danger to the crops and much profit to the grower.

The number of applications given in each case has particular reference to localities in which fungous and insect enemies are most abundant. If the crops are not affected at the time advised, the spraying is unnecessary. Know the enemy and the remedy, and apply them at the proper season, keeping in mind the fact that good judgment and prompt and persistent action is more necessary to success than any defnite rules.

The applications to which an asterisk * is prefixed are of most importance.
PLANT.
Apple.
Scab, codlin moth, bud
moth.
Cabbage.
Worms, aphis.
Carnation.

| Rust and other fungous |
| :--- |
| diseases, red spider. |

Cherry.
Rot, aphis, slug.

Currant.
Mildew, worms.

## Gooseberry.

Mildew, worms.

## Grape.

Fungous diseases, flea beetle.

## Nursery Stock.

Fungous diseases.
Peachinectarino Rot, Mildew.

## Pear.

Leaf blight, scab, psylla, codlin moth.

## Plum.

Fungous diseases, cur culio.

Potato.
Scab, blight, beetles.

Raspherry.
Blackberry.
Dewberry.
Anthracnose, rust.

## Rose.

Mildew, black spot,
red spider, aphis.

## Strawberry.

 RestFirst Application,
When buds are swelling, copper sulphate so. lution.

* When worms or aphis are first scen, Kerosene emulsion.
* When rust is first no. ticed, Bordeaux. Kerosene emulsion when red spider is first seen.

As buds are breaking, Bordeaux; when aphis Bordeaux; when aphis
appears, Kerosene emulsion.
*At first sign of worms, Arsenites.

* When leaves expand, Bordeaux. For worms, as above.

In spring when buds swell, copper sulphate solution. *Paris green for fiea beetle.
*When first leaves ap. pear, Bordeaux.
*Before buds swell, copper sulphate solution.

As buds are swelling, copper sulphate solution.
*During first warm days of early spring, Bordeaux for black knot. When leaves are off in the fall, Kerosene emulsion for plum scale.
*Soak seed for scab in corrosive sublimate solution, 2 oz . to 16 gals. of water, for 90 minutes.
Before buds break, copper sulphate solution. Cut out badly diseased canes.
For mildew. *Keep heating pipes painted with equal parts lime and sulphur mixed with water to form a thin paste.
*As first fruits are setting, Bordeaux.

At first appearance of
blight or rot, under glass blight or rot, under glass
or out of doors, Bordeaux.

Second Appllcation.
*Just before blossoms open, Bordeaux. For bud moth, Arsenites when leaf buds open.

7-10 days later, if not heading, renew emulsion.
*For rust ๙epeat first in 10-14'days. For red spi. der repeat in 3-4 days.

When fruit has set, Bordeaux. If slugs ap. pear, dust leaves with airpear, dust leaves with air-
slaked lime. Hellebore.
*io days later, Hellebore. If leaves mildew, Bordeaux.
*10-14 days later, Bordeaux. For worms, as at jve.
*When leaves are $1-1 / 2$ inches in diameter, Bordeaux. Paris Green for larvæ of flea beetle.
*10-14 days, repeat first.

Before flowers open, Bordeaux.
*Just before blossoms open, Bordeaux. Kero sene emulsion when leaves open for psylla.
*When buds are swelling, Bordeaux for black knot and other fungous diseases. During mid. winter, kerosene emulsion for plum scale.
*When beetles first appear, Arsenites.

During summer, if rust appears on leaves, Bordeaux.

For black spot. - Spray plants once a week with Ammoniacal copper carbonate, using fine spray.

As first fruits are ripening, Ammoniacal copper carbonate.

Repeat first if diseases are not checked.

Third Application,
*When blossoms have fallen, Bordeaux and Arsenites.
*7-10 days later, if head. ing, hot water $130^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$.

Repeat second, using the Ammoniacal carbon. ate of copper if plants are in bloom.

10-14 days, if rot appears, Bordeaux.

If worms persist, Helle. bore.
*10-14 days later, Ammoniacal copper carbon. ate. For worms, as above.
*When flowers have fallen, Bordeaux. Paris Green as before.

10-14 days, repeat first.
*When fruit has set, Bordeaux.
*When blossoms have fallen, Bordeaux and Arsenites. Kerosene emul. sion if necessary.
*When blossoms have fallen, Bordeaux. Begin to jar trees for curculio. Before buds start, Kerosene emulsion for plum scale.
*When vines are two. thirds grown, Bordeaux. Arsenites for beetles if necessary.

Repeat second if neces. sary.

For red spider. *Spray plants twice a week with kerosene emulsion. Ap. ply to under side of foli. age.
*When last fruits are harvested, Bordeaux.

Repeat first when necessary.

Fourth Application.
${ }_{8}^{8-12}$ days later, Bordeaux and Arsenites.

Repeat third in 10-14 days if necessary.

Repeat second as before if necessary.

10-14 days later, Am moniacal copper carbon ate.
*10-14 days later repeal third.
*10-14 days later, Bor deaux.

10-14 days, repeat first.
*When fruit is nearly grown, ammoniacal cop. per carbonate.
*8-12 days later, repeat third.
*10-14 days later, Bordeaux. Jar trees for curculio every $2-4$ days. For San Jose scale, Kerosene emulsion when young appear spring and summer.

10-15 days later, repeat third.
*Orange or red rust is treated best by destroying entirely the affected plants.
For aphis. *Spray affected parts with Kero. sene emulsion when necessary.

Repeat third if foliage rusts.

For Aphides or Plant Lice use Kerosene Emulsion on all Plamts.

## Trellises,

Made of wood and rattan, painted green. The most durable ana ornamental trellis on the market.
Special Sizes and Styles Made to Order.

No. 00.



No. 00 wide.


No. 0.


No. 0 wide.


No. $01 / 2$.

No. oo, I8-in. stick, $31 / 2$ in. wide
" oo, wide, $20-i n$. stick, 8 in. wide
" o, 24 -in. stick, 5 in. wide
" o wide, 24 -in. stick, 8 in. wide
" $01 / 2,24$-in. stick, $71 / 2$ in. wide .

IVY TRELLIS.
16 in. diameter
20 "
24 "


BOW TRELLIS.


| Each. | Per doz. |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\$ 0.30$ | $\$ 3.00$ |
| .40 | 4.50 |
| .50 | 5.25 |
| .60 | 6.00 |
| .65 | 7.00 |
| .75 | 8.50 |
| .90 | 10.00 |

## EXTRA WIDE VERANDA TRELLIS.

Each. Per doz. $\$ 2.00$ \$21.00 $2.75 \quad 30.00$ $3.25 \quad 38.00$


FAN TRELLIS.

| $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft} x 7 in.$. |  |  |  |  | Each. $\$ 0.10$ | Per doz. $\$ 1.00$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 10{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  |  |  | . 15 | 1.50 |
| $21 / 2$ "x $13{ }^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  |  |  | . 20 | 2.00 |
| 3 "x 16 " |  |  |  |  | . 40 | $4 \cdot 50$ |
| $31 / 8{ }^{1 / 4} \times 2 \mathrm{l}$ " | - | - |  | . | . 50 | $5 \cdot 50$ |
| 4 " $\times 27$ " |  |  |  |  | . 60 | 6.50 |
| 5 " x 32 " |  |  |  | - | . 80 | 9.00 |
| 6 " $\times 38$ " |  | - |  |  | . 90 | 10.00 |
| 7 " x 42 " | - | - |  |  | 1.10 | 12.00 |
| 8 " x 46 " | - | - | - | $\bullet$ | I. 20 | 13.00 |

## VERANDA TRELLIS.

Ornamental and substantial. Especially adapted to out-door use for high climbing plants.


See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Plant Sticks.

Green Painted. For pot and garden use. The three extra heavy sizes have black painted points to prevent moisture entering the fibre of the wood


## UNPAINTED HARDWOOD STICKS.

Neat, durable and clean; much used by florists for carnations, roses, etc.
2 feet . . Per $100 \$ 0.25$ Per $1000 \$ 2.00 \mid 3$ feet. . Per $100 \$ 0.35$ Per $1000 \$ 3.00$ 4 feet . . Per $100 \$ 0.45$ Per $1000 \$ 4.00$

## BAMBOO CANE STAKES.

These are light, strong and very durable. Length about six feet. Florists use them much and cut them to any desired length. $\$ 1.00$ per $\$ 100 ; \$ 4.00$ per 500 .

## GALVANIZED IRON WIRE STAKES.

Useful for pot plants and for carnations, chrysanthemums, etc., in benches. 2 feet

$$
\text { Per } 100 \$ 1.00 \text { Per } 1000 \$ 9.00 \mid 3 \text { feet. }
$$

Per 100 \$1.20 Per 1000 \$1.00 4 feet . . Per $100 \$ 1.60$ Per $1000 \$ 15.00$

## EXCELSIOR WIRE CARNATION SUPPORTS.

Can be used in benches, pots or borders. Nv loose rings to get lost. Sizes 13 and 20 inches in height. Per $100 \$ 2.00$; per $1000 \$ 18.00$

## TOMATO SUPPORTS AND BEAN POLES.

"Two Hoop" Wood. Strong, light, practical, quickly set in position and can be stored from season to season in a small space. Per doz. $\$ 1.25$.

Wood and Wire. Uprights of hard wood. Two wire rings. When not in use they fold compactly for storage. Each 20 cts.; doz. \$2.00.

Bean Poles, 8 to 10 feet long, per doz. 75 cts.; per $100 \$ 5.75$.

## Labels, Wood.



For Pots, Garden and Trees.


WIRED LABELS. Per 1000. Per 100. Painted. Plain $3^{1 / 2} \times 5 / 8$ in., Iron Wire . \$0.15 \$1.00 \$0.80 $31 / 2 \times 5 / 8$ " Brass or Copper

Wire $15 \quad 1.20 \quad 1.00$
Any Size and Style of Wood Labels Made to Order. LABELS. Zinc and Indelible Ink. When indelible ink is used on zinc labels, a practically indestructible and always readable label is assured.
 $\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Nos. } & 7 & 7 & 8 & 13 & 14 \\ \text { Price per } 100, & \$ 0.70 & \$ 1.30 & \$ 0.60 & 15 & 15\end{array}$ Small Bottle Ink . \$0.20| Larger Bottle Ink . \$0.35

## LABELS. Improved Indestructible

 Tree. These labels are made of copper alloy and so constructed that the wire cannot cut through the metal from constant flapping in the wind. If properly attached there is no danger of it becoming unfastened. By using a stylus or hard lead pencil the metal is indented and The Writing is Permanent. No. 1, $33 / 4 \times 3 / 4$ in., per $100 \$ 1.25$; No. 2 , $5 \times 11 / 2$ in.,suitable for two lines of writing, $100 \$ 1.75$.[^4]Flower-Pots, Saucers and Seed-Pans.
Inside Measurement, width and depth equal. Packing charged extra.



| Per doz. | Size |  |  |  |  |  |  | Per doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$0.40 | $7 \times 258 \mathrm{in}$. | - | - | - | - | - |  | \$0.85 |
| . 50 | $8 \times 31 / 8{ }^{1}$ | . | . | . | . | - | - | 1.25 |
| . 60 | $9 \times 3114 \%$ | . | . | . | . | . | . | 1.50 |
| . 75 | $10 \times 4$ " | . | - |  |  | - |  | 1.70 |

## Neponset Paper Pots.

|  |  |  | rices | t.) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| , | Doz. | ${ }^{100}$ | 1000 | Size | Doz. | ${ }^{100}$ | ${ }_{\$ 660}^{1000}$ |
| $21 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. | \$0.08 | \$0.35 | \$2.42 | 4 in . | \$0.15 | \$0.80 | \$6.60 |
| 21/2 " | . 10 | . 40 | 2.78 | 5 | . 20 | 1.35 | 10.96 |
|  | . 12 | . 50 | 3.82 | 6 | .25 | I. 65 | 14.68 |
| 31 | . 13 | . 65 | 5. |  |  |  |  |

Hanging Flower Pots.


| Each |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 in . | \$0.15 |
|  | . 20 |
|  | .25 |
| 10 " | $\cdot 35$ |
| 12 " | . 50 |
| Per doz. |  |
| 7 in. | \$1.50 |
| 8 ' | 2.00 |
|  | 2.50 |
| 10 " | 4.00 |
| 12 ' |  |

Hanging Pot.

## Brass Jack Chains.

For Hanging Pots. No. 118, 3 strand, each, 10 cts. No. II9, 4 strand, each, 12 cts.

## Cedar Plant Tubs.

For growing Agaves, Century and other large plants. Made of the best red cedar; painted green; iron handles.

| No. | 1... |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 2. |
| " | 3... |
| " | 4... |
| " |  |
| " |  |
| " | 7. |
| " |  |
| \% | 9. |
| " | 10. |
| " | II. |
| $\cdots$ | 12. |
|  | 13... |

Outside Top
Diameter
28
26
24
22
20
$181 / 2$
17
16
14
12
$101 / 2$
$91 / 2$
88

| ( Outside |
| :---: |
| 22 |
| 20 |
| 181/3 |
| 17 |
| 16 |
| 15 |
| 14 |
| 13 |
| 12 |
| $91 / 2$ |
| 8 |
| 7 |

$\$ 5.25$
4.50
3.75
3.25
2.70
2.20
1.85
1.60
1.35
1.15
.95
.80
.70

Soe Special Offers on third page of cover.


## Fibre Saucer Trucks for Large Pots and Tubs:

These are made of Indurated Waterproof Fibre Ware, mounted on castors. They are a great convenience for using with the larger size pots and tubs. Being perfectly waterproof, they are especially suitable for use in parlors, halls, etc. The four smaller sizes.have a detachable and strongly made metal base, so that a new saucer can be substituted when one is worn out or broken. The two larger sizes have the castors attached to the bottom.

\$0.95 \$10.00 $\begin{array}{ll}1.15 & 12.00 \\ 1.40 & 15.00\end{array}$

The 12 -inch size is suitable for a 10 -inch pot, the 14 -inch for a 12 -inch pot, and so on.
Fibre Saucers without Castors.
Made from Indurated Fibre Ware, prevents moisture passing through to injure table, floor or carpet.

## Each. Doz. 100

 \$0.12 \$1.25 \$10.30| \$0.12 | \$1.25 | \$10.30 | 10-in |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | \$0.17 | \$1.90 | \$ 15.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . 13 | 1.30 | 10.60 | $12^{68}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | . 20 | 2.20 | 18.00 |
| . 14 | 1.35 | 11.00 | 14 |  | - | - | - |  | - |  | . 25 | 2.80 | 2400 |
| . 15 | 1.50 | 12.00 | 16 " |  | - | - | - | - | - |  | . 45 | 5.10 | 42.00 |

The three sizes last quoted are deep and serviceable. Shallow dishes can be supplied at a lower price.

## Florists' Vases for Cut Flowers.

Made of Indurated Fibre Ware, light, neat and clean.


These iron vases are so constructed that one watering will keep the earth moist for a long time without souring the soil or injuring the roots. The reservoir is below the soil and water is taken up as wanted by capillary attraction. Illustration showing other designs and prices furnished upon application.
Reservoir Vase.

| No. <br> of <br> Vase | Height, <br> without <br> Ped. |
| :--- | :--- |
| I | 19 |
| 2 | $211 / 2$ |
| $21 / 2$ | 26 |
| 3 | 29 |


| Diam. of Vase | Height, Vase and Ped. | No. of Ped. | Painted Vase and Ped. | Bronzed <br> Vase and Ped. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 | 25 | I | \$6.30 | \$7.00 |
| 201/2 | 28 | 2 | 9.00 | 10.00 |
| 241/2 | 33 | $21 / 2$ | 13.50 | 15.00 |
| 27 | 37 | 3 | 18.00 | 20.00 |

## Bouquet Holders for Cemeteries.



These are indispensable for cemetery use. They are made of iron and nicely finished in green and bronze.
Egyptian Bouquet Holder,
New pattern, large size; holds half a gallon of water. Height, nine and one-half inches; diameter, eight and one-quarter inches. Finish, either enamelled white or bronze. Price, each, \$1.25.

|  | Each. |  |  | Each. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 4 Tulip, | \$0.20 | No. 0 | Lily, | \$0.25 |
|  | . 25 |  | " | . 40 |
| 6 | . 30 |  | Blue B | 11.30 |
| Cross, | . 40 | Star, |  | . 40 |


|  |  | Diam |  | Depth. |  |  | Each. | Doz. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | - | 9 |  | 22 |  | (inside) | \$2.25 | \$25.00 |
| " | OI | 7 | " | 20 | " | " | 1.30 | 14.40 |
|  | 11 | 51/2 |  | 18 | " | " | . 65 | 6.60 |
|  |  | $41 / 2$ |  | 15 | " | " | . 60 | 5.70 |
|  | 33 |  |  | 12 | " | " | . 50 | 5.00 |
| " | 44 | 3 |  | 9 | " | ' | . 40 | 4.20 |

## Folding Wire Plant Stands.

The most compact, strong, durable plant stand ever offered for sale, and at prices less than all others of the same capacity. They pack closer than any other plant stand for shipment. The ends are made of flat steel and have porcelain castors. The steel and iron work is finished in green and bronze. The construction of the shelves or trays are such that there is more room for the pots and foliage than any other plant stand that takes up the same amount of room on the floor.


$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { No. } 20 & 2 \text {-Wire Trays } & 2.50 \\ \text { " } & 20 & 3 & \text { Tr } & \text { " } \\ " & 20 & 4 & " & " \\ & & & & 3.50 \\ & & & \end{array}$

## GARDEN ARCHES.

| Whole |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Price Each. |  |  |  |  |
| Painted |  |  |  |  |
| Green. |  |  |  |  |

We manufacture Wire Plant Stands to fit special windows and other locations. When ordering be

Wire Window Shelf. (See cut.) With adjustable steel brackets. 36 in. long, with brackets complete, \$ I.I5; each additional foot, 25 cts.

Flower Pot Brackets. Especially adapted to plain flower pots and saucers. It is
 the most practical article for the purpose that has ever been offered. The cut herewith shows the idea. The steel clasp or frame in which the pot and saucer sit is of such a form as to hold them securely. They are made throughout of flat steel, perfectly strong and can be fastened on the narrowest moulding. Black finish.


Baskets, Pansy or Verbena, Marston's Pattern. Wood or wire handles, standard size, 10 in. long, 5 in. wide, 3 in . deep, per 100, $\$ 2.00$, per 1000, $\$ 18.00$. Large size, 12 in . long, 7 in . wide, 3 in . deep, per $100, \$ 3.00$, per 1000, \$25.00.



We build to order in any part of the United States, Rustic Summer Houses from $\$ 50.00$ upwards; also Rustic Fences, Arbors, Bridges, Gates, Pergolas, etc.

Plans and estimates furnished.
The work is built of red cedar or spruce with bark left on, and trimmed with mountain laurel.


## Sterlingworth Weed Killer.



This preparation is the most powerful and effective weed-killing compound known. It is unexcelled for use on walks, drives, tennis-courts, and golf links, and is used largely in parks and cemeteries, or where the killing of all objectionable vegetation is desired. It is a dry powder to be dissolved in water It permanently destroys all kinds of weeds, grass (including milk-weed and witch grass), poison ivy, briars burdocks, dandelions daisies, thistles. One application kills roots and foliage, preventing further growth until ner seed is sown Do not dig up your walks, drives, and tennis-courts to kill weeds. The cheaper, quicker and less laborious way is to use this Killer.

It is applied with an ordinary watering can. Full directions on every can. Prices: I lb. pkg. (makes Io gal.) 50 cts.; 3 lb. pkg. (makes 30 gal.) $\$ 1.25 ; 5 \mathrm{lb}$ pkg. (makes 50 gal.) $\$ 2.00$.


Glazing Points, The Peerless. The only durable and reliable points. Made of galvanized steel wire no rights and lefts. No raising up when driving Three sizes, Nos. $2,21 / 2$ and 3 . The Nos. 2 and $21 / 2$ are for general use; the No. 3 for extra heavy work. Price, per box of 1,000 , 60 cts . Pincers for driving same, 40 cts .
Caps, Hay, Breck's Improved. Brown, medicated, complete with ropes and pins, 50 cts. each ; $\$ 48 . c o$ per 100.
Butter Color, Hansen's Danish. This color is famous the world over and is used wherever it is desired to impart the "golden tinge of June" to butter at all seasons of the year. Bottle, sufficient to color 500 lbs . of butter, 25 cts ; for $\mathrm{I}, 200 \mathrm{lbs}$., 50 cts ; for 2,500 lbs., \$ I.oo.
Cotton Batting. For packing flowers, etc., per sheet, 6 cts.
Mats, Straw. Hotbeds, $6 \times 6, \$$ 1. 75 each; $3 \times 6, \$$ 1.25. Other sizes to order.
Palmer Hotbed Mat No. 2. Size $76 \times 76$ in., wool filled and quilted, frost proof, duck, and burlap outside, \$1.50 each.
Pencils. Wolff's Indelible Garden. For writing on wood labels, with point protector, each, 20 cts. ; doz, \$2.00.
Protectors, Arlington Plant. Protects from bugs, borers and fowls, also subdues wind, rain and cold, 15 cts. each; doz. $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$.
Protecting Cloth for Hotbeds. Used as a substitute for glass for protecting plants in early Spring; in pieces of 60 yds., io cts. per yd.
Putty Bulbs. A simple and useful device for applying putty to sashes, $\$ 1.00$ each.


## MASTICA.



See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Roffea.

This grass, long used by gardeners for tying plants and bunching vegetables, has been adapted to new uses. While it is likely to hold its place as the best tying material yet produced, there will be a great demand for it for a few years for making baskets, mats, etc. Price, 25 cents per lb.
Garden Gloves. Specially made for garden use. Men's Gauntlet 85 cts. per pr. Ladies' Gauntlet 75 cts. per pr. "Basket Making." The first book of the "How to Do It Series." Tells all about basket making. It contains over one hundred illustrations of working designs with full particulars of methods. By mail 25 cents.

Silkaline. Used for growing smilax and asparagus on, also for tying in bouquet work. per reel 25 cents.
Sprinklers, Scollay's Rubber. An indispensable article for showering plants, sprinkling bouquets, dampening clothes, etc.; three sizes, 75 cts., $\$$ I.oo, and $\$$ I. 25 each.

## Sunlight Double Glass Sash.

The double layer of glass does it. Lets in the light always. Never has to be covered or uncovered; no boards or mats needed. Retains the heat, excludes the cold. Makes stronger and earlier plants. Glass slips in; no putty; can't work loose; easily repaired.

Has been thoroughly tried out during the severe winter 1910-11. A great time and labor saver. No mats or shutters. The Sash is of standard size, $3 \times 6 \mathrm{ft}$., of best material, and in place of the regulation layer of glass it has two layers $5 / 8$ inch apart; the dry, still air in this space is the best non-conductor known and acts as a protecting mat or blanket, while admitting the sunlight with its heat rays. Five sashes or over shipped from factory, freight allowed New England points. W rite for special catalogue and price list.


I to 5 Sashes, painted and glazed, at $\$ 4.65$ each, f. o. b. Boston.

## Single Glass Sash for Hot-Beds.



## Made from thoroughly seasoned lumber, frame $13 / 4 \mathrm{in}$., $3 \times 6 \mathrm{ft}$., $\$ 3.50$ each.

 Hot-Bed, Sash and Frame complete, fop Violets, Flower Seeds and Early Vegetables.The outside dimensions of Frame are three feet one inch long, and four feet eight inches wide, made of one inch Cypress; the back piece is nine inches wide and the front piece is six inches wide, grooved together, and held in place by eight strong hooks.

Being fastened together by the hooks enables one to take it apart at the end of the season and store away in a very compact form, which we consider an essential feature, as by so doing the frame may be made to last for years.

The Sash is also made of Cypress of one and one-half inch stock, put together and glazed in the very best manner. On the under side of Sash is fastened a cleat, one inch from the outer edge, all around, thus forming a rabbet which makes the frame very tight, preventing the cold air from entering or the heat escaping.

The construction of the frame is so simple that any one with a hammer and screwdriver can put it together in a few minutes. We furnish hinges and screws for attaching the sash to back of frame; also the hook and eyes for corners.

In offering this Special Hot-Bed to our customers we feel that we have something that will give entire satisfaction and will supply a long felt want.

Our price for Frame and Sash complete is only $\$ 6.00$ delivered at the railroad in Boston.
Sieves, Wire. For preparing potting soil, sifting loam, gravel, etc.; 16, 18, 20, 24 inches diameter ; 75 cts., 90 cts., \$I.I 5, \$1.50 each, respectively.

## Soil, Peat, Leaf Mould, Etc.

Prepared Potting Soil. Specially prepared with peat, leaf mould, loam, sand and fertilizer. Pk., \$0.30; bush., \$1.00; bbl., \$2.00, net.
Peat, Rotted Fibrous. Fine, light and sweet. For some varieties of plants this is invaluable. Pk., \$0.30; bush.: $\$ 1.00 ;$ bbl., \$2.00, net.
Leaf Mould. Vegetable humus, a desirable addition to all soil used for potting. Pk., $\$ 0.30$; bush., $\$ 1.00$; bbl. $\$ 2.00$, net.
Silver Sand. For rooting cuttings and mixing with potting soil. Pk., \$0.50; bush., \$1.50, net.
Fern Root or Orchid Peat. Bush., \$1.50; bbl., \$3.00, net.
Sphagnum Moss. Per bag of 2 bush., \$1.00
Tape, Electric. Exceedingly useful for mending rubber hose. It is a strong, adhesive ribbon, three-quarters of an inch wide, can be wound tightly around a leaking part and thus stop it. Per coil, 25 and 50 cts.
Tinfoll. For bouquets. Per lb., 15 cts.
Twine. Soft, for tying cut flowers, vines, etc. Per ball, 25 cts.
Twine, Parcelling. All sizes. Per ball, 10 to 25 cts.
Wax Grafting. (Trowbridge's.) The best in the market. This brand should not be confounded with the many cheap makes now offered, that are not possessed of an even consistency, and give unsatisfactory results. Put up in $1 \mathrm{lb} ., 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$., and $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. packages, price $40 \mathrm{cts} ., 25 \mathrm{cts}$., and 15 cts ., respectively.
Wire, Bouquet. Bright, cut in lengths of nine and 12 inches, in boxes of 12 lbs . (one stone) each.
Per box, either length, Nos. 20, 21 and 22 . . \$1.25 | Per box, either length, No. 26 . . . \$1.75


## Breck's Victor Fly Driver.

The Rural New Yorker says: "Fly time is with us again and no small expenditure will bring back so large a profit as a few dollars invested in some of the good fly preparations to make the cows comfortable and happy. The result will show in the milk pail." This of conurse applies directly to Victor Fly Driver.
Silie to use, thoroughly effective and cheaper than any other first class preparation for the purpose on the market. Put up in I gat cans only.

PRICE


## Insecticides and Fungicides.

In general terms: ARSENATE OF LEAD and PARIS GREEN are specifics for leaf eating insects.
KEROSENE EMULSION, TOBACCO, WHALE oIL SOAP for sucking insects. BORDEAUX MIXTURE and LIME SULPHUR for fungus.


Arsenate of Lead, Swift's. The safest and best insecticide for leaf-eating insects If applied according to directions it will not injure the foliage; one pound to $I O$ gallons of water has been used on young, tender leaves without scorching or burning them. It adheres to the foliage for weeks. It is white in color; sprayed foliage may thus be distinguished from unsprayed at a glance. It can be used with Bordeaux Mixture. See directions on each package. I-lb. bottles, per lb. 20 cts. ; ${ }^{2}-\mathrm{lb}$. bottles, per lb. $19 \mathrm{cts} . ; 5$ - lb . pails, per lb. $18 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ Io-lb. pails, per lb. $16 \mathrm{cts} . ;$ ${ }^{2} 5-\mathrm{lb}$. pails, per lb. 15 cts.; $50-\mathrm{lb}$. kegs, per lb. 12 cts .; 100-lb. kegs, per lb. Io cts.; 60 Clb . bbls., per lb. 9 cts.

Apis Punk, Nikoteen. A special preparation of nicotine for the extermination of green and black fly, thrip, etc., contains no ammonia and does not injure delicate plants. Per box of one dozen rolls ( 720 grains nicotine) 60 cts .
Breck's Dalmation Insect Powder. ("Bubach.") Manufactured especially for us from clean, dried flowers. It is put up in air-tight packages and keeps its strength indefinitely. It is invaluable to the housekeeper for the destruction of flies, fleas, roaches and other noxious insects. Four sizes, 10, 15, 25 and 40 cts. In Lulk, lb. 30 cts .
Bordeaux Mixture, Dry, Acme Brand. Ready for use by simply adding water. Bordeaux Mixture, is, we believe, the best fungicide known, and is really a specific for the blight and other diseases attacking potatoes, tomatoes, grapes, apples, pears, etc. I lb. box makes 5 gallons spray, 25 cts .; 5 -lb. box makes 25 gallons spray, $\$ \mathrm{I} .00 ; 25$ - lb . box for $\$ 4.25 ; 50-\mathrm{lb}$. box for 8.00 ; $100-\mathrm{lb}$. box for $\$ 15.00$.

Bordeaux Mixture, Liquid, Acme Brand. We consider this the best concentrated Bordeaux Mixture on the market. One gallon makes 50 gallons of Bordeaux by simply adding 49 gallons of water. It does not clog the nozzle and adheres to the leaves. Full directions on cans for use. I-qt. cans, 35 cts.; I-gal. cans, $\$ \mathrm{t} .00$; 5 -gal. jacket for $\$ 4.50$; ro-gal. for $\$ 8.00$; 25 -gal. for $\$ 18.00$; 50 -gal. bbl. for $\$ 34.00$.
Bug Death. (The prices quoted on this article are net, and not subject to either of our special offers.) $\Lambda$ patented, ron-poisonous powder, entirely different from anything yet offered for the purpose, and as effectual as Paris Green. It is sure death to the potato, squash and cucumber bugs, currant and tomato worms, also other plant and vine-eating pests. If used according to directions injury cannot result to the most tender plants, and it has a tendency to assist growth. For potatoes 15 to 25 pounds is sufficient for an acre. Bug Death may be applied with a shaker or mixed with water and sprayed. I-lb box, 15 cts.; $3-\mathrm{lb}$. box, 35 cts ; $5-\mathrm{lb}$. box, 50 cts.; $121 / \mathrm{s}-\mathrm{lb}$. box, $\$ \mathrm{r} .00$; 100-1b. keg, $\$ 7.50$.

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Where ordors are accompanied by cash WE DELIVER FREE to any Post Office, Railroad, Express
Office or Freight Station at our expense, except where otherwise noted:-
    Vegetable and Flower Seeds at the package,ounce, 1/4 pound. 1/2 pounc and 1 pound prices.
    Bulbs at the single and dozen rates.
    Books and other publications.
    If Beans, Corn and Peas lare to be sent by mail or express, charges prepaid, please remit, In
addition to the price, at the rate of 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart.
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Creosote Mixture. This mixture is sure death to the eggs of the Gypsy Moth, Tussock Moth and similar insects. Made on the formula used for years, and recommended by the Massachusetts Gypsy Moth Committee. I qt. 20 cts.; I gal. 50 cts.
Dip, McDougall's Sheep. An effective, non-poisonous preparation for killing vermin on sheep, cattle and domes tic animals. Per lb. 50 cts.; $1 / 2$ gal. $\$ 1.50$; 1 gal. $\$ 2.50$.
Dip, Cooper's Sheep. A world-famous preparation, in powder form. It is easily carried, quickly prepared and most effective. Large pkg. sufficient to make 100 gals., $\$ 2.00$; small pkg. to make 25 gals., 50 cts.
$\boldsymbol{I n} \boldsymbol{n} \boldsymbol{A}$-Minute. Best known killer of roaches, hen lice, ants in the house, and also bed bugs, etc. Non-explosive, non-staining, and non-poisonous Per bottle, 25 cts.
Eciffo. A sure cure and prevention of water-bugs, cockroaches, etc. Per tin, 50 cts.
Fir Tree Oil, Soluble. An invaluable preparation for destroying all insects and parasites that infest fruit trees, plants and animals, whether on the foliage or at the roots of the plants. Per gal. $\$ 4.00$; per qt. $\$ \mathrm{I} .25 ; \mathrm{pt}$. 75 cts.; $1 / 2$ pt. 50 cts .
Fungiroid and Paris Green Compound. An insecticide and fungicide combined. Kills potato bugs and prevents blight; easily applied and desirable for fruit trees, etc. I-lb. box 30 cts. ; 3 lbs. 75 cts.
Grape Dust. Destroys mildew on grape vines. Can also be used in the garden for mould, mildew or rust mites. 5-lb. pkg. 35 cts.
Hellebore, Breck's Pure Powdered. We furnish a guaranteed pure article, ground from fresh roots. It is easily applied either in liquid or powder form, and destroys currant worms, rose slugs, etc. Each package has special directions for its effective use. Packed in three sizes, air-tight packages, $10,15,25$ cts. each.
Kerosene Emulsion, Acme Brand. This is a concentrated article for successful use against scale and all soft bodied sucking insects such as San Jose Scale, Plum Lecanium, etc. Dilute 10 to 12 times for plant lice and softbodied bugs. Use strong solution for scale insects. Pt. can 20 cts.; qt. can 35 cts.; gal. can 75 cts.; 5 -gal. can $\$ 3.25$.
Vaporite. A fine, dry powder, most effective for killing ants, beetles, wire worm, cut worm and similar insects in the garden soil. To destroy ants one should dust the Vaporite over the ground near the largest ant hills and runs, then wet the insecticide down thoroughly with hose or watering pot that it may be driven as far into the soil as possible. To use it most effectively against the cut worm, Vaporite should be thoroughly worked into the surface soil 5 or 6 days before planting time. Price: 15 cts. lb .; $5-\mathrm{lb}$. can 60 cts.; Ioo lbs. \$10.00.

Lime and Sulphur Spray, Breck's. The most widely used and recommended remedy for San Jose Scale. Sin Jose Scale is the worst pest of the 20 th century. Our Agricultural Experiment Stations have recommended the use of Lime and Sulphur mixture as being generally satisfactory in preference to all other mixtures. Breck's Lime and Sulphur Spray is offered as a convenient and most effective remedy for this pest. It is ready for use by simply adding water. No heating is necessary. Lime and Sulphur is also recommended for Peach Leaf Curl, Ground and Bitter Rot, Smuts, Scabs, Leaf Spot, etc. It is also an insecticide of value when used against the Caterpillar and Canker W orm, the larva of the Codlin Moth and Bud Moth, and other pests. One gallon of Breck's Lime and Sulphur Spray makes 20 gallons. Full directions with each package.
Prices. I-qt. cans, 30 cts.; I-gal. cans, 75 cts.; 5-gal. jacket cans, $\$ 2.25$; 10-gal. jacket cans, $\$ 4.00$; 25 -gal. kegs, $\$ 6.50 ; 50$-gal. barrels, $\$ 12.00$. Special price on large lots.
London Purple. For spraying fruit trees, potatoes, etc. I lb. 20 cts .
Lemon Oil. An oil that is readily soluble in water. It destroys insects and parasites of all kinds without injury to plants. Much used for palms and other ornamental foliage plants. Pt. 50 cts.; qt. 80 cts.; gal. $\$ 2.25$.
Nicoticide Fumigating Compound. This liquid preparation is used for destroying green and black fly, thrip, mealy bug, red spider, etc. The vapor does not alter the natural color or scent of the flowers. Gal. can, $\$ 15.00$; I pt. for 32,000 cubic feet, $\$ 2.50 ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{pt}$. for 16, oco cubic feet, $\$ \mathrm{I} .25 ; 1 / 4 \mathrm{pt}$. for 8,000 cubic feet, 70 cts .
How to Measure the House.-To ascertain how many cubic feet there are within any greenhouse, etc., multiply the length in feet by the breadth in feet, then by the average height; the result being the number of cubic feet.
Fumigators for Vaporizing "Nicoticide." These consist of stand, pan and lamp. The set 50 cents. In a large house one fumigator should be used for every 5,000 cubic feet, distributing them evenly over the house and using all simultaneously.
"Nico-Fume" is especially effective against Aphides ("Green Fly" and "Black Fly") and against all insects affected by tobacco. "Nico-Fume" is packed in special friction-top tins and is sold as follows: 24 sheets, 75 cts.; 144 sheets, $\$ 3.50$; 288 sheets, $\$ 6.50$.
"Nico=Fume" Liquid. $1 / 4$ pt. can 50 cts.; pt. can $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$; $1 / 2$ gal. can $\$ 5.50$; gal. $\$$ Io. 50 .
Nikoteen. Packed in pint bottles; each bottle contains all the nicotine obtained from 200 pounds of tobacco stems. A cheap, clean and safe insecticide. Can be applied by fumigation, or applied locally, diluted as a spray. Pt. bottle, \$I.50.
Paris Green, Guaranteed Pure. This is the highest grade of Paris Green it is possible to make. It is manufactured from pure material and is always of uniform quality. Be careful of cheap greens and so-called new methods. These products are liable to burn and scorch the leaves. $1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} .15 \mathrm{cts} . ; 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} .20 \mathrm{cts} . ; \mathrm{Ilb} .35 \mathrm{cts}$. Subject to market changes.
Tobacco Stems. For fumigating. If used as a mulch around sweet peas and other plants they prevent the destructive work of the wire and cut worms. $\$ 1.00$ per $30-\mathrm{lb}$ sack, $\$ 2.50$ per bale, $\$ 25.00$ per ton. Net.

## "TARGET BRAND" SGALE DESTROYER. FOR SAN JOSE SGALE.

"Target Brand" Scale Destroyer dilutes instantly in any kind of water and will not separate. It kills scale by suffocation, forming a very thin waxy film on the limbs and branches of the trees. Being perfectly neutral and containing no crude oil, it cannot injure the most delicate growth. It has no caustic action and cannot injure hands, eyes, body, clothing or spraying apparatus; also possesses no disagreeable odor.

Directions.-Dilute i to 20 for winter treatment; I to 25 for fall and late spring treatment; I to 40 for summer treatment.


Prices, qt. 35 cts., $1 / 2$ gal. 65 cts., gal. $\$ 1.00,5$ gals. $\$ 3.75$, 10 gals. $\$ 7.50,25$ gals. $\$ 14.00,50$-gal. bbl. $\$ 25.00$.
Slug Shot. Not only acts as an insect destroyer, but it will be found to be an excellent fertilizer. Price, i-lb. boxes 15 cts., 5 -lb. pkg. 35 cts., io-lb. pkg. 65 cts., in barrels of about 225 lbs. per 1 b .5 cts .
Soap Spray, Imperial. This spray contains no mineral poisons, but does contain vegetable poisons, harmless to plants, but peculiarly effective against Red Spider on fruit, etc., Rose Bug, White, Black and Green Fly, Mealy Bug, Thrip, Aphis, and other insect pests, on fruits, flowers and foliage. It sticks but can easily be washed off fruit before marketing. It does not spot leaves. Harmless to animals eating orchard grass. Largely used for general tree and shrub spraying against elm-leaf beetle, etc. Qt. 50 cts., gal. $\$ \mathrm{I} .50,5$-gal. can $\$ 6.00$.
Soap, Fish Oil Soap and Potash. Breck's Special. For the destruction of San Jose scale and all sucking insects. Lb. I5 cts., 14 -lb bucket $\$$ r.50. Special prices on kegs and casks.
Soap, Sulpho=Tobacco. (Patented.) A superior insecticide and fertilizer. Non-injurious to the tenderest growth. Kills all insect life in the window-garden. Unsurpassed for rose bushes. For domestic purposes, it is valuable as an exterminator of moths, cockroaches, carpet bugs, and is a superior wash for dogs and all animals. Every insect will succumb to this insecticide. 3-oz. cake io cts., 8 -oz. cake 20 cts .
Sulphate of Copper. (Blue Stone.) Per lb. 12 cts. Subject to market changes.
Sulphur, Flowers of. Used to prevent and cure mildew on plants. 8 cts. per lb., $\$ 6.00$ per 100 lbs . Net.
Tobacco Dust. This article varies as much in quality as do cigars. To produce effective results the right kind, and in suitable mechanical condition, must be used.

Fine Ground Black. For dusting on plants, animals, in poultry houses, etc. Per lb. io cts., ioo lbs. \$4.00. Net.
Fumigating Brand. (The kind that burns.) This is used by gardeners and florists and poultrymen for fumigating greenhouses, poultry houses, etc. It can be readily lighted and consumes itself without making a flame, throwing off great quantities of smoke. Per lb. Io cts., per $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 4.00$. When ordering please state kind wanted.


Bowker's Pyrox. The one best spray for all leaf-eating insects. Does all that Arsenate of Lead will do, besides protecting trees, shrubs, vegetables and plants against fungus diseases, one application answering both purposes, saving labor and expense. "Sticks like paint" in spite of even heavy rains. Guaranteed under the National Insecticide Act. All ready to use by adding water. Lb. 25 cts., 5 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$, io lbs. \$1.75, 25 lbs . $\$ 4.00$, $50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 7.50$, 100 lbs. , $\$ \mathrm{I} 3.50$. Large quantities, price on application.

Bowker's Concentrated Lime Sulphur kills San Jose Scale, Oyster Shell bark lice, etc., and gives the tree a thorough "housecleaning." It should be applied any time after the leaves drop in autumn and before the buds start in spring. Needs only to be diluted with cold water and it is ready to apply. One gallon makes 10 gallons of spray. Guaranteed under the National Insecticide Act. I gal. 75 cts., 5 gals. $\$ 2.25$, io gals. $\$ 4.00,25$ gals. $\$ 6.50$, 50 gals. and larger quantities, write for special price, stating quantity required.

Bowker's Arsenate of Lead (Disparene Brand) kills all leaf-eating insects, like potato bugs, rose bugs, fruit tree worms, gypsy and brown-tail moths, caterpillars, elm beetles, etc., and sticks like paint to the leaves. It is easy to apply and won't injure the most tender foliage. Lb. 25 cts ., 5 lb .90 cts ., $10 \mathrm{lb} . \$ \mathrm{t} .6 \mathrm{o}, 25 \mathrm{lbs}, \$ 3.75$, $50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6.50$, 100 lbs . $\$ 12.00$.

Tree Tanglefoot. A perfect safeguard for trees, vines, and shrubs against Gypsy, Brown-tail, and Tussock Moth, Canker Worm, Cut Worm, Ants, and other creeping insects. Gyspy and Brown-Tailed Moths - Apply as soon as the foliage begins to appear. Should be applied to the body of the tree to form a continuous sticky band around the tree trunk at least I-I 6 to I- 8 inch thick, and from 3 to 5 inches wide. Apply it high enough from the ground so as to be out of the way of children and animals. Before applying remove all loose bark from the surface to be coated. Apply with a small wooden paddle. The bark should be dry when applied. Do not heat it but apply it directly from the can. $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{lb}$. can 30 cts ., 3 -lb can 85 cts ., $10-\mathrm{lb}$. can $\$ 2.65$, $20-\mathrm{lb}$. can $\$ 4.80$

Tree Burlap. Io inches wide, for girding trees. 5 cents per yard, 100 yards 3 cents yard.


Dusters, Tin. These have finely perforated bottoms for applying Paris Green, Slug Shot, etc. 20 cts. each. Net.
Dickey's Bug Death Shaker. The best thing in the way yet offered. Every person who has a garden will want one. Price, 25 cts. Net.
Powder Puff, Scollay's Insect. This is a large, strong rubber bulb, with long metal neck and distributer set at
 an angle that enables the operator to apply either powder or liquid over or under the leaves. \$1.25 each

## FERTILIZERS.

## BRECK'S LAWN AND GARDEN DRESSING.

The verdict of all who have used Breck's Lawn and Garden Dressing is that it is the most complete and satisfactory Lawn Dressing ever placed upon the market. It is manufactured expressly for us and we vouch for its containing all the constituents required to produce a luxuriant growth. We believe beyond a question that ours is the only absolutely odorless Lawn Dressing. It is also so clean that the most fastidious person can apply it without offending the organs of sight and smell. It being quick in action, the effect can be seen immediately after the first rain or the sprinkling of the hose, and going directly to the roots of the grass, stimulates them to greater activity, thereby thickening the sward and producing a fimer growth, which remains rich, green and velvety throughout the season. Its superiority over stable manure can scarcely be estimated, as the latter, in addition to disfiguring the lawn by its
 unsightly appearance, also gives out an unpleasant odor, and always contains weeds and other undesirable seeds. Great care should be taken to distribute the dressing evenly, and in no greater quantities than recommended on the tag which accompanies each bag, as a too liberal application will injure the sward. It can be applied at any time during the year, from April to November, as often as the grass seems to need nourishment. Never apply the dressing while the grass is wet with dew or rain. Any time the grass is perfectly dry will answer, but the best time to apply it is just before a shower. It is equally as suitable for flower beds and all vegetable crops as for the lawn.


## BRECK'S MAREET GARDEN MANURE.

Not subject to our special offers.
A high grade, properly balanced, chemical fertilizer that is especially recommended to market gardeners and farmers for potatoes and all vegetable crops. We sold large quantities of it last year, and already we have had many testimonials, also increased orders from those who had it for use this spring. It is beyond a question the best value offered in Chemical Fertilizers. 50 lbs., $\$ 1.00$; $100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.80$; ton, $\$ 34.00$.

## ReR LAND LIME (HYDRATED).

$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{R}$ Land Lime is specially prepared for use on the soil, and is an unusually pure calcium lime, being made from a lime-stone which analyzes from 93 to 97 per cent. calcium carbonate ( $\mathrm{Ca} \mathrm{CO} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ ), with less than 2 per cent. magnesian carbonate $\left(\mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$. It is a combination of calcium hydrate and calcium carbonate, made in accordance with the recommendations of the various Agricultural Experiments Stations. It is shipped in the form of a fine white powder in roo-pound cloth bags. This form is most conveniest, as it is ready for immediate distribution on receipt or will keep indefinitely when stored in a dry place; size and shape of package admit easy handling; loss of time and labor necessary to slake and sift ordinary lump lime is obviated, and the fineness removes all danger of breaking machinery of a spreader. 100 lb . bags, $\$ 1.00$; per ton, $\$ 12.00$. Price on application for car lots.

## UNLEACHED HARD WOOD ASHES.

Our trane in this valuable fertilizer has grown to such an extent that we have for a number of years had an experienced agent employed in Canada collecting the purest, driest and choicest grade of Hard Wood Ashes that is obtainable. We guarantee the percentage of potash and to insure against too much water we accept none that contain more than 12 per cent. moisture. We quote special prices on carloads in bulk delivered anywhere. Price, per ton, in sacks, f. o. b. Boston, $\$ 18.00$ net ; per sack of $100 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ \mathrm{I} .25$.


## Pulverized Sheep Manure-Ram's Head Brand_

We recommend Ram's Head Rrand Sheep Manure for all purposes where a high-class fertilizer is required. It is pure and unadulterated, and gathered from sheep corrals where they have been under cover, hence retaining its fertilizing requisites. As a top dressing for lawns it is unequalled, it can also be used with splendid success on golf courses and tennis courts, as well as on plants indoors. For lawns and tennis courts it should be put on at the rate of 500 to 600 pounds to the acre.

Price per ton, $\$ 35.00$; 1 100 lb . bag, $\$ 2.00 ; 50 \mathrm{lb}$. bag, $\$ 1.25 ; 5 \mathrm{lb}$. pkg., 30 c .

## Scotch Soot.

This is much used by florists and gardeners, both as a fertilizer and fungicide. Mixed with Flowers of Sulphur (two-thirds soot, one-third sulphur) there is nothing better to prevent and cure mildew. Used as a fertilizer either in the dry state or in liquid, it quickly promotes growth. Per bag of about $2 \frac{1}{2}$ bu. $\$ 2.50$

## Chemicals

For the past two or three years I have had your sheep dressing for my lawn, and it is the very best dressing that I know of.

GEORGE S. SMITH,
Newton Centre, Mass.
net F. O. B. Boston. Prices subject to change.
Basic Slag Phosphate, I4 per cent. available phosphoric acid, 17 per cent. total phosphoric acid Dried Blood, 12 per cent. ammonia
 Sulphate of Ammonia, 24.75 to 25.25 per cent. ammonia . . . . . 79.00 4.00 Nitrate of Soda, 15 per cent. nitrogen, 18.23 per cent. ammonia . . . . . 58.00 Dissolved Bone Black, 15 to I7 per cent. phosphoric acid . . . . . . 25.00 I. 50 Plain Superphosphate, 12 per cent. phosphoric acid . . . . . . . I6.00 I.00 Muriate of Potash, 77 per cent. muriate of potash, 49 per cent. actual potash . $\quad . \quad 46.00 \quad 2.50$ High Grade Sulphate of Potash, 88 per cent. sulphate of potash, 48 per cent. actual potash 55.00 Kainit, 23 to 25 per cent. sulphate and muriate of potash . . . . . . Land Plaster, Fine Ground, roo lb. bags . . . . . . . . . 10.00 . 75
 Plaster Dust, 5 lbs. I 5 cts.; 25 lbs. 50 cts.; barrels of about I $50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.00$ net. All fertilizing materials Net F.O.B. Boston.

## Fine Ground Fertilizer Bone.

We have a high grade of this valuable fertilizer especially prepared for us. It is useful for all crops but especially for grass lands and Fruit Trees. Per 50 lb . bag, $\$ \mathrm{I} .25 ; 100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 2.00$; per ton, $\$ 32.00$, net F.o.b. Boston.

## Inch or Grape Bone.

This is an unmanipulated bone, broken into pieces that vary in size from one-quarter to an inch. It is unsurpassed as a lasting fertilizer for grape vines, fruit trees, shrubs and trees of all kinds. It should be used liberally in grape vine borders and when setting out vines and fruit trees. Mix with the soil to a depth of one foot or more. Price $\$ 2.00$ per 100 lbs . $\$ \$ 38.00$ per ton.


## MAPES MANURES.

These Manures and Superphosphates are fine, dry, in superior mechanical condition for use in machine drills, or for application by hand.

Packed in rco lb. bags. Fach bag is plainly branded, besides having a tag attached, upon which is printed the Guaranteed Analysis and full directions. The basis of the Mapes Manures is Bone; no rock used. We are the sole Boston agents. Full information mailed free. Prices are net, f. o. b., Boston.

## Use Mapes Corn Manure and get erop equal to this.

Breck's Improved Leaming Corn, growing on farm of Avery Bros., Beverly, Mass.

Potato Manure. Ammonia 4.50 to 5 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 8 to 1o per cent. (soluble and available, 8 per cent.) ; soluble potash, actual, 6 to 8 per cent., all as high grade sulphate and in forms free from muriates (or chlorides); magnesia, lime, etc., 77 to 8 I per cent. For Irish and sweet potatoes, also for asparagus, early vegetables, tomatoes, sugar beets, fruits sorghum, sugar cane, sweet corn, etc. For bag of 100 lbs., $\$ 2.35$; five bags and over, $\$ 44.00$ per ton.
Economical Potato Manure. Ammonia, 4 to 5 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 6 to 8 per cent. (soluble and available, 4 to 5 per cent.); soluble potash, actual, 8 to 10 per cent., all as high grade sulphate and in forms free from muriates (or chlorides). Per bag of 100 lbs ., $\$ 2.30$; five bags and over, $\$ 4$ 1.00 per ton.
Fruit and Vine Manure. Ammonia, 2 to 3 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 7 to 9 per cent. (soluble and available 5 to 7 per cent.); soluble potash, actual, io to 12 per cent., all as high grade sulphate and in forms free from muriates (or chlorides). For insuring fruiting power, particularly in quality of fruit in vineyards (grapes), pears, apples, plums, strawberries, and all small fruits. Is slow in effects. Per bag of 100 lbs., $\$ 2.45$; five bags and over, $\$ 45.00$ per ton.
Vegetable Manure, or Complete Manure (for light soils). Ammonia, 6 to 8 per cent; phosphoric acid, 8 to io per cent. (soluble and available, 6 to 8 per cent.); soluble potash, actual, 6 to 8 per cent., all as high grade sulphate and in forms free from muriates (or chlorides). This is our special manure on all kinds of soils, for truck, early vegetables, onions, celery, tomatoes, also on light soils for oats, hops and barley. All vegetables require liberal supplies of soluble potash. Per bag of 100 lbs., $\$ 2.60$; five bags and over, $\$ 47.00$ per ton.

Grass and Grain Spring Top Dressing. Ammonia, 5 to 6 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 7 to 9 per cent.; actual potash, 5 to 7 per cent. Per bag of 100 lbs., $\$ 2.50$; five bags and over, $\$ 46.00$ per ton.
Cauliflower and Cabbage Manure. Ammonia, 5.50 to 6.50 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 6 to 8 per cent.; actual potash, 8 to 10 per cent. Per bag of 100 lbs ., $\$ 2.35$; five bags and over, $\$ 43.00$ per ton.
Complete Manure (for general use). Ammonia, 4 to 5 per cent.; phosphoric acid, io to 12 per cent. (soluble and available, 8 to Io per cent.); soluble potash, actual, 4 to 5 per cent. A substitute for stable manure. For use on all crops and all soils with or without stable manure. Use broadcast; if any in hills, use sparingly. Special for oats, Hungarian grass, vegetables, melons, tomatoes, and seeding with or without grain. Per bag of 100 lbs ., $\$ 2.30$; five bags and over, $\$ 42.00$ per ton.
The Mapes Top-Dresser, Improved Full Strength. (Odorless.) Ammonia, 12 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 8 per cent.; soluble potash, actual, 4 per cent. (free from chlorides). Use at rate of 300 to 500 lbs . per acre. Composed of the very highest grades of soluble fertilizing materials, including Genuine Peruvian Guano, so treated as to render all the phosphoric acid practically soluble (without objectionable acidity). Per bag of 100 lbs ., $\$ 3 . \mathrm{co}$; five bags and over, $\$ 56.00$ per ton.
Corn Manure. Ammonia, 3 to 3.50 per cent.; phosphoric acid, 10 to 12 per cent. (soluble and available, 8 to io per cent.); soluble potash, actual, 6 to 7 per cent. Also for sweet corn, fodder corn, Hungarian grass, millet, late turnips, late cabbage, and seeding to grass. Per bag of 100 lbs., $\$ 2.20$; five bags and over, $\$ 40.00$ per ton.

## BRADLEY'S FERTILIZERS

Are guaranteed to contain more plant food in a better mechanical condition and of higher agricultural value than any other fertilizers in the world, and they are, therefore, as the New England Homestead affirms, "the most economical to use."
Do not be misled into purchasing unknown fertilizers of uncertain value, but buy Bradley's Fertilizers, which have grown large crops of superior grass, grain and vegetables, on thousands of farms all over New England for fifty years.
Among their leading brands are:

## BRADLEY'S SUPERPHOSPHATE

Bradley's Superphosphate, the pioneer of the fertilizer industry in the United States, has been more extensively used than any other brand of fertilizer in the world.

From its unvarying quality and uniform condition it has gained the name that more plainly bespeaks the estimate in which it is held among the farmers than volumes of praise,- "the Old Reliable."

## BRADLEY'S POTATO MANURE

For Growing Smooth, Sound Potatoes of the Best Quality Without Barnyard Manure
Bradley's Potato Manure is in no sense a theoretical or experimental mixture, but is prepared from formulas which repeated field tests have proven will produce the largest crops of smooth, sound potatoes.

The universal testimony of leading farmers is convincing that it gives the best of satisfaction, and at a considerable saving in cost over many of the high-priced special "potato manures" whose alleged scientific combination is their principle claim to the farmers' patronage.

## BRADLEY'S COMPLETE MANURES

For Potatoes and Vegetables.-For Corn and Grain.-For Top-Dressing Grass and Grain with io per cent Potash.

These manures are the richest and most concentrated fertilizers sold, as has been abundantly proven by actual results in the field. They are manufactured from the very best plant-food materials obtainable, combined in such form and proportions as long practical experience has proven will yield the largest crops of the best quality.
Send to us for finely illustrated pamphlets, describing all of their brands, and let us quote you prices on all of these unequalled fertilizers before purchasing elsewhere.

## PRICES FOR BRADLEY'S STANDARD FERTILIZERS



The prices are net, F. O. B. Boston

## Glay's Fertilizer.

A safe and reliable preparation. In great favor with successful gardeners in England. Prices: 2-lb. cans 35 cts.; $1 / 8 \mathrm{cwt}$. (I 4 lbs .) $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$; $1 / 4 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 28 lbs .) $\$ 2.25$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 56 lbs .) $\$ 4.00$; I cwt. ( 1 I 2 lbs .) $\$ 7.00$.

## Thomson's Vine, Plant and Vegetable Manurer

A safe and reliable food and stimulant for every fruit-bearing plant, also for foliage and flowering plants and vegetables of all descriptions. Prices: $1 / 8 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 14 lbs .) $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$; $1 / 4 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 28 lbs .) $\$ 2.25$; $1 / 2 \mathrm{cwt}$. ( 56 lbs .) $\$ 4.00$; I cwt. (II2 lbs.) \$7.00.

## Thomson's Special Chrysanthemum Manurer.

Entirely soluble and very powerful, especially suitable for top-dressing chrysanthemums and similar plants. It is meant to be used as an additional stimulant during the growing season. A heaping dessert-spoon full will be sufficient for a ro-inch pot, sprinkled over the surface of the soil, and watered in with tepid water. This may be given three times during the growing season. Price, 14 lbs . $\$ 2.25$; 28 lbs . $\$ 4.00$; 56 lbs . $\$ 7.00$.

## Bowker's Ammoniated Food for Flowers.

A dressing made expressly for plants grown in the house, garden, or conservatory. Clean, odorless, and producing early and abundant blossoms of rich and brilliant color and healthy, luxuriant plants free from vermin. Price, small pkg. 15 cts.; large pkg. 25 cts.


## Gocoanut Fibrer,

A chemically prepared cocoanut fibre, rich in plant food. Its peculiar character especially adapts it to induce root growth and cause healthy, vigorous plants. For potting bulbs use one-third fibre to two-thirds of the usual soil preparation and you will be surprised at the results. Cocoanut Fibre is unsurpassed as a medium in which to sprout seeds. Price, 5 lbs. 30 cts.; 15 lbs. 50 cts.; 25 lbs .75 cts.; $50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ \mathrm{I} .00$; $100 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ \mathrm{I} .50$, net.


## Result of Inoculation with Farmogerm.

## alfalfa in new england

The greatest forage crop known is now grown with great success in all sections. This wonderful crop can be grown whereever the soil has good drainage-seed bed well prepared and seed inoculated. The Rhode Island Agricultural Experiment Station has demonstrated that the reason for failure to grow alfalfa is because of the absence of the proper bacteria in the soil, and by the use of Farmogerm inoculation upou the seeds, this condition has been overcome, and alfalfa is a decided success. Farmogerm will provide all inoculations for alfalfa or any other legumes. It comes in bottles ready for use. You can inoculate the seed for ten acres in ten minutes.

# тале FARMOGERM мак HIGH-BRED NITROGEN GATHERING BACTERIA 

## Seed and Soil Inoculations

## CLOVERS, SOY BEANS, COW PEAS, BEANS

are legumes, and are greatly benefited by the proper inoculation. This inoculation not only increases the crop in weight but also in richness, and deposits in the ground upon the legume roots great quantities of nitrates. These nitrates are available to other crops that may be growing at the same time with the legumes, or that may be grown afterward. One thousand pounds of nitrates per acre are added to the soil by using inoculations upon legumes, thus doing away with the most expensive part of your fertilizers. We strongly advise the use of Farmogerm upon any and all legume seeds. Farmogerm inoculations are endorsed by farmers and Federal and State Agricultural Experiment Stations throughout the country.

Garden Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas yield earlier and longer when inoculated. Order Farmogerm for all these seeds. Prices : 5=acre size bottle $\$ 9.00$; 1 =acre size bottle $\$ 2.00$; garden-size bottle 50 cts.


## We carry the most extensive line in New England.


(Prices subject to change.)

To Raise Healthy Ghicks Use
Breck's Hygienic Brand Chick Food.

To Make Hens Lay Use Breck's Gomplete Poultry Feed.



## Breck's Hygienic Brand Chick Food,

A sciontifically proportioned mixture which will meet every demand of the growing chick, and supply, without excess of fat, the food necessary to produce and sustain vigorous health. There is nothing in this preparation that is at all likely to induce indigestion or diarrhœa, but on the contrary, it is so balanced in its constituents as to in a large measure make these troubles impossible where cleanliness and prcper brooding conditions exist. It also contains the bone-forming properties that prevent leg weakness. It is high in protein, the flesh and muscle forming elements. There is sufficient mineral material to supply the needs of the bone structure of the rapidly growing chicks, while it is low in carbohydrate, the fat-forming element, which, where in excess, causes sickness and loss.

No other feed is necessary for the first eight or ten weeks. Feed dry. 50 lb . bags, $\$ \mathrm{r} .35 .100 \mathrm{lb}$. bag, \$2.50.

## Breck's Complete Poultry Feed.

We have frequently been asked by many of our patrons to put up in a convenient form a complete Poultry Feed. In response to the above requests, after a great many experiments, we offer in Breck's Complete Poultry Feed what we believe is the best food for poultry that is on the market to-day.

Great care has been exercised in the selection and balancing of the materials of which it is composed. It is being used in large quantities by many of the most successful Poultry Raisers in New England, and is without doubt the best Food of the kind sold at the present time. Feed dry. 50 lb . bags, $\$ \mathrm{I} .35 .100 \mathrm{lb}$. bags, $\$ 2.50$.

## Breck's Mash Egg Food\%

Is a properly balanced meat and cereal preparation, and is one of the best egg-producing foods we know of for poultry that do not have large runs; it is just what is wanted to keep them in good vigorous condition. Can be fed wet or dry. Price, 100 lb . bags, $\$ 2.50$.

## Breck's Gut Alfalfar

The best known green food for poultry. Directions for Feeding:- Pour on boiling hot water, cover, let steam an hour, then mix with usual morning mash at the rate of one-third clover to two-thirds the regular ground grains. Per IOO lb. bag, $\$ 2.00 ; 500 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 9.50$. Net. Special price on larger quantities quoted upon application.

## Breck's Banner Brand Cut Clover.

Directions for Feeding :-Pour on boiling hot water, cover, let steam an hour, then mix with usual morning mash at the rate of one-third clover to two-thirds the regular ground grains. Per 50 lb . bag, \$1.00. Net. Special price on larger quantities quoted upon application.


Breck's Hub Poultry Fountain. This fountain is made of the best galvanized iron, is very strong, easily cleaned, quickly filled, and is equally serviceable for both chickens and adult fowls. (See cut.) $1 / 2$ gal., 50 cents each; 1 gal., 75 cents each; 2 gals., $\$ 1.00$ each. Special prices per dozen or 100 upon application.

Blatchford's Calf Meal. Perfect substitute for milk in raising calves. 100 lb . bag makes 100 gallons of rich nutritious gruel, thoroughly cooked and prepared for digestion. Splencid growing food for all young stock, pigs, colts, etc. 25 lb . bag, $\$ \mathrm{I} .00 ; 50 \mathrm{lb}$. bag, $\$ 2.00$; 100 lb . bag, $\$ 3.50$. Net f.o.b. Boston.
See Special Offers on Third Page of Cover.


Breck's Hygienic
Poultry Fountain Poultry Fountain

Breck's Hygienic Poultry Fountain. Made of heavy gaivanized iron. Easily cleaned and filled. Water pan fastened with hinge and spring clip. The best sanitary fountain in every respect on the market. 1 gal., 75 cts. each.

Sanitary Poultry Fountains. Made of glazed stoneware, in two pieces; a saucer and an inverted cup, finished off on top to prevent roosting. Strong, cheap, easily cleaned and quickly filled. The best stoneware fountain yet offered. The one quart size is specially suitable for pigeons. I qt. 25 cts.; 2 qts. 30 cts.; I gal. 35 cts.; 2 gals. 50 cts. Net. Packing charges extra.

## Sterlingworth Poultry Charcoal.



Sanitary Poultry Fountain
It is carefully and uniformly graded in just the right sizes, is free from ammonia or other dangerous poisons, contains no useless dust or dirt and is the best charcoal sold for poultry.

It is manufactured in four grades: X (Fine Powdered) for mash foods and ducks; XX (Fine Granulated) for brooder chicks and dry chick food mixtures; XXX (Medium Granulated) for half-grown fowls and pigeons; XXXX (Coarse Granulated) for full grown fowls, geese, and turkeys.

Price : per lb. 10 cts.; 5 lbs .25 cts.; bag of $50 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ \mathrm{I} .25$.
Ground Oyster Shells. 100 lb. bag, 75 cts.; 500 lb . lots, 65 cts. per 100 lbs.
Mica Cristal Grit. $\quad 50 \mathrm{lb}$. bag, $50 \mathrm{cts} ., 100 \mathrm{lbs} .80 \mathrm{cts}$.

Cracked Poultry Bone. Per bbl. of about 200 lbs ., $\$ 2.25$ per 100 lbs .
Bone Meal for Poultry and Cattle. 50 lb . bag, $\$ \mathrm{I} .25$; 100 lb. bag \$2.25.

Flour of Bone. In barrels of about 200 lbs. only; $\$ 2.25$ per 100 lbs .

Poultry and Swine Meal. BRECK'S. Trial Bag, \$1.00; 50 lbs. $\$ \mathrm{I} .35$; 100 lbs., $\$ 2.25$.

Spratt's Food. The celebrated English preparation; nothing equals it for young chicks. 50 lb . bag, $\$ 3.25$; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Barley. \$1.50 per bushel. Net.
Buckwheat. \$1.50 per bushel. Net.
Peas. Small white Canada, $\$ 2.50$ per bushel. Net.
Sunflower. Large Russian, $\$ 1.75$ per bushel.
Millet. Golden, for chickens, $\$ 2.25$ per bushel of 50 lbs . Net.

Kaffir Corn, or White Sorghum. Per 100 lb . bag, \$2.25. Net.

Wheat. $\$ 2.50$ per 100 lbs . Net.
Sheridan's Condition Powders. 15c.-75c. Net.
Sterlingworth Diarrhoea Remedy. Best cure for Diarrhœa and all bowel troubles in young chickens and fowls. Pkg., sufficient for several flocks, 50 cts., postpaid.

Ground Beef Scraps. Always freshly ground from the best kettle rendered cake scrap. 50 lb . bag, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$; 100 1b. bag, $\$ 2.50$; ton, $\$ 49.00$.

Fish Scraps. Dry, fine ground, 100 lb . bags; $\$ 2.50$ per ioo lbs.
Milk Albumen. Practically skim milk in a dry form without the sugar. Protein over 43 per cent, is entirely albumenoid and absolutely without waste; always sweet and wholesome; splendid feed for growing stock and poultry. 100 lb . bags; $\$ 3.00$ per 100 lbs .

BRECK'S ROUP REMEDY. Do not experiment with anything else for roup. Our boxes contain twice the quantity usually sold at the price we ask. It is a powder that is administered in the fowl's drink. They take their own medicine. Price: small size (makes 25 gallons) 25 cts. postpaid; large size (makes 50 gallons) 50 cts. postpaid.

Conkey's Roup Cure. One 50 cent package makes 25 gallons of medicine. Directions with every package. Small size, 25 cts.; medium, 50 cts.; large size, $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.

Pratt's Poultry Food. A poultry regulator, absolutely pure, makes large fowl, quickens the growth of young chicks, prevents and cures all poultry diseases. Makes hens lay. Trial pkg., 10 cts., 26 oz. pkg., 25 cts .; 5 lbs., 60 cts.; I 2 lb . bag, $\$ \mathrm{I} .25 ; 25 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50 ; 50 \mathrm{lb}$. bag, $\$ 5.00$; 100 lb . bag, $\$ 9.00$.

Pratt's Horse and Cattle Food. It regulates the bowels, blood, liver and digestive organs. It builds up run down horses, restores lost appetite, expels worms, grubs and botts. 7 lb. pkg., 50 cts.; 12 lb . .bag, 75 cts .; 25 lb . bag, $\$ \mathrm{I} .50$; 100 lb . bag, $\$ 5.00$.

Pratt's Animal Regulator. The original stock regulator of America. Keeps horses well, improves their wind, and makes their coats glossy. Cows give more and richer milk, butter fat being increased, and calves are strong and healthy. Steers fatten in half the time; hogs and sheep fatten quickly, free from disease. In 25 c ., 50 c . and $\$ 1.00$ packages; 25 lbs. for $\$ 3.50$.

The deadliest Lice Powder made. You can see it kill. No guessing. Use nothing else for lice on fowls, horses or cattle. Sprinkler top boxes, ready for use. 15 oz., 25 cts.; 48 oz., 50 cts.; 100 Oz., $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$.
Death to Lice. 5 oz . box, 10 cts ., if by mail 15 cts .; 15 oz. box, 25 cts., if by mail 40 cts.; 3 lb . pkg., 50 cts ., by mail, \$1.00; 100 oz. pkg., \$1.00.
Death to Lice. Special. A preparation containing, all the qualities of the famous " Death to Lice Powder," but which is soluble ir kerosene oil and can be used to paint or spray roosts and interior of poultry houses. 4 oz. box, 10 cts ., if by mail 15 cts .; I lb . box, 25 cts ., if by mail 40 cts.

Death to Lice Ointment. For use on young chicks. Per box, 10 and 25 cts .
Liquid Lice Killer, Acme Brand. It is applied with an ordinary sprayer. It is of such strength that the gas given off by it destroys the pests; is perfectly safe to handle, and is not injurious to fowls, animals or operator when used as directed. Price, I qt. cans, 35 cts ; 2 qt., $60 \mathrm{ct}$. ; 4 qt., \$1.00.

## COW'S RELIEF.

Is guaranteed to cure Caked Bag caused by garget, injury, overfeeding or calving; sore or injured Teats, Spider in the Teat, Stricture, Hard Milkers, Cow Pox, and is especially valuable for heifers with the first calf, to remove the soreness and swelling that is too frequently a cause of kickers and hard milkers. Your money back if it doesn't satisfy you. Small pkg. 50 cts.; large $\$$ r.00.

Garget Remedy. This remedy has stood test of twenty years and is a complete success. It will not injure the butter or lessen flow of milk. Per can, 50 cts.

Nest Eggs, China. Per doz., 40 cts. Net.
Medicol Nest Eggs. Valuable as a disinfectant. 10 cts. each ; \$1.00 per doz.

Kow-Kure. It is a medicine for Cows only. It prevents abortion, cures barrenness, removes retained afterbirth, prevents tuberculosis, stops scours, cures milk fever, caked udder, swelling in the bag, bloating, red water, increases the flow of milk, cures cows "off their feed," improves the quality of the milk. Large size, $\$ 1.00$; small size, 50 cts.

Sulpho-Napthol. This pzeparation, originated by the late Dr. Cabot, is recommended for a great many purposes. It cleans and heals all sorts of cuts, bruises and sores. It is sure death to all kinds of bacteria and insects, and is unsurpassed as a disinfectant. For domestic animals, poultry and poultry houses it is the thing. Trial size 10 cts. 25 ct . bottle makes 5 gals. ; 50 ct . bottle makes io gals.; $\$ 1.00$ bottle 50 gals. solution; I gal. can, $\$ 3.00$.

Leg Bands. The Famous Phenix, secure, neat, light and superior to all others. Numbered to order. Per doz. 25 cts.; per $100 \$ 1.50$.

Leg Bands, Aluminum, for Pigeons. Double clinch, per doz. 15 cts., per $100 \$$ 1.oo Open, per doz. 15 cts., per 100, $\$ \mathrm{I} .00$. Postpaid.

Leg Bands, Aluminum, For Poultry. Double clinch. No. I for Bantams, No. 2 for Mediterraneans, No. 3 for American females, No. 4 for American males, Asiatic females, small turkeys, No. 5 for Asiatic males and turkeys. We number them to order. Per doz. 15 cts., per 100, 65 cts. Postpaid. Numbering, extra, 10 cts. per 100.

Climax Leg Bands. A thick brass wire goes around the leg which is locked securely by the attaching of the tag bearing number. All sizes. Doz. I5 cts.; 100, $\$ 1.00$. Postpaid.

Leader Adjustable Leg Bands. Latest and best adjustable leg band out. Has neat, compact and smooth fastening with no catching points; easily attached and are absolutely secure. Made in two sizes: No. I for Bantams or Mediterraneans, No. 2 for Americans. Per doz., 15 cts.; per 100, 65 cts. Postpaid. Numbering, extra, ioc. per ioo.

Nests, Wire. Strong and clean. Each, 50 cts.
Guns, Insect Powder. 2 oz. size, 15 cts. each.
Pumps, Breck's Hand Force is a double-acting portable force pump. It is made of brass, and therefore impervious to the action of acids and liquids, and will not rust or corrode. Pump is placed directly in water or other liquid, insuring a perfect suction. It is furnished complete with malleable foot-rest and suitable nozzles for a solid stream and large spray. Pump may
 be used for washing windows, wagons, in conservatories, gardens, etc., and for general spraying purposes. Price, $\$ 4.50$ each.
Acme Sprayer. Invaluable for spraying all kinds of insecticides in a liquid or dry powder form and for spraying cattle.
They are especially adapted to the use of poultrymen and florists, and can be used by all to advantage around the house and place. The brass sprayer is not affected
by acids, and is practically indestructible.
All Brass Sprayers . . Our net price, each, $\$ \mathrm{r} .00$ " Tin .50

Milkol. An antiseptic, a disinfectant, cleanser, a curative agent. Keeps your live-stock clean and healthy, cleanses and purifies their quarters. Absolutely safe to use, non-poisonous and non-corrosive. One gallon makes from 60 to 256 gallons. Directions on every can. $1 / 2$ gal. can, 85 cts.; 1 gal. can $\$ 1.50 ; 5$ gal. can $\$ 1.25$ per gal.


Clark Heaters. The use of Clark Heaters and coal is steadily on the increase. Write for special catalogue, giving all sizes. Popular sizes are:-
No. 5B. Light and handy.
12 inches long. Weight 4 lbs.
Covered with carpet
$\$ 1.50$
No. 7D. 14 inches long. W eight 9 lbs.
Flat slanting top.
Covered with carpet
Clark Coal, 1 doz. bricks in box, weight $71 / 3$ lbs.
Case of 100 bricks
6.00

Bees and Bee-Keepers' Supplies. Prices subject to change. The particular feature of the hive, and hence its suggestive name, is the dovetailing. Unlike the oldfashioned lap, miter, or halving plan, it will not gap or pull loose, but will successfully resist all climates. This hive is fitted with Danzenbaker bottom board and cover. As we ship, it is fitted complete with starters in brood chamber and section boxes. We have in stock but one size, the eight frame. Ail hives set up ready for use. Net price, each, $\$ 3.25$.


Section boxes, each, 1 cent ; per 100, 80 cents; per $250, \$ \mathrm{r} .60$; per $500, \$ 2.75$. Our No. I sections are made of the choicest white basswood lumber, and are all perfect in finish, and free from defects. They are not all snow white, but vary from that to a light cream color. Choice honey shows off to best advantage in a section not too white.

Bingham Smoker. This is strong, well made, does not clog up and burns any fuel. It has recently been improved by the addition of a curved snout to prevent fire dropping, and a safety attachment to prevent burning the fingers in removing the hot cone for replenishing. Have wide shields; wire handle to cone, and inverted bellows. Large $21 / 2$ in., each, 65 cents; by mail, 90 cents.
We also have in stock Brood and Section Foundations, Bee Veils, Rubber Gloves and many other articles necessary to the successful bee-keeper. Prices quoted upon application. Bee Supplies not included in Special Offers.


To those who desire to rear as well as to hatch chicks and ducks, the selection of an incubator is of vital importance. The high deathrate experienced with chicks the first ten days is more frequently due to imperfect incubation than to any other cause. Too many incubators of to-day are constructed with reference solely to hatching the desired numbers without considering the manner in which they are brought into existence.

Weak, anæmic chicks, lacking in strength and vitality, are of no value, if you hatch thousands; hence the importance of carefully considering the merits of an incubator in this direction before making a selection.

The Prairie State Sand Tray Incubators have proven themselves by thousands of tests, both in the hands of the novice, as well as in comparative results obtained by the large poultry plants using different makes of incubators.

The perfect construction and automatic heat regulation of these machines makes them easily operated and results doubly certain.


Milford, N. H., May 23, 19 Io
JOS. BRECK \&o SONS, Boston, Mass.
GENTLEMEN:-Yours of the it
GENTLEMEN:-Yours of the 16th received, and we are glad to let you know what results we have had with the incubators that we purchased of you. Previous to the time that we purchased these machines, we had four 360 kgg machines of a no-moisture style and run them for six seasons, and sold them for almost nothing as we could not raise one half of the chicks hatched from them, and those we did raise were practically worthless. From these results we decided to hatch by old hens, and did so for two seasons and got good results.

The spring of 1908 we purchased of you a 240 egg machine which we have run three seasons and have raised not less than 85 per cent. of all chicks from it and the 390 machine purchased this season; we have hatched 900 with two machines and 500 with hens this season and the chicks from the machines have lived as well and grow faster then those with hens becaust one thing they are free from lice; and then another reason, when they feel chilled they have the Universal Hover to run to which is ready at all times to hover them.

This combination of machines cannot be beat for hatching and raising chickens. Now that we have found a machine that will hatch chicks that live, we are going to raise broilers this winter and shall order three or four of the 390 egg machines this fall. If at any time we can speak a good word for the Prarie Stute Incubators or Universal Hovers, we shall be more than pleased to do it because they are the best machines on the market today in our opinion.

Yours truly,
(Signed)
A. J. CARLETON \& SON.

The PRAIRIE STATE UNIVERSAL HOVER has completely revolutionized the rearing of chicks. No device ever offered to the poultry-raiser has received such endorsement. In cold weather and hot weather it has been an overwhelming success. As its name implies, our Universal Hover has a universal sphere of usefulness. There is practically no limit to its adaptability. As an individual brooder, in brood houses alone or in combination with a hot-water pipe system, or may be used as an indoor brooder in almost any kind of building. It may be attached to any form of outdoor brooder two feet or more in height, to any size or form of colony house, shed, coop, piano, dry-goods or organ box. It also enables those who wish to build their own brooders to get the best brooding device possible in an economical manner. It fills that want, felt by everyone who raises poultry, for something they can use anywhere, any time, and do the work well.

The hover is twenty-two inches in diameter, the top of which is wood, lined with strawboard, a 4 -inch rim extending downward, to which is attached six inches of felt curtains. The hover stands on three iron feet, but is not stationary, and may be raised and moved instantly, if desired.

A thermometer is provided, which may be read from the outside without disturbing any part of the brooder. The lamp used is made of metal, using a No. 2 Sun Hinge Burner and a metallic chimney seven inches in length, thus assuring a steady, bright, clear flame; the lamp
 being on the outside of the brooder in full view at all times. Surrounding the hot air flue or chimney is a fresh-air pipe, through which fresh air, slightly warmed, is injected into the upper part of the brooder. This diffuses downward and through the curtains, thus furnishing a perfect system of ventilation.


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## ALL BOOKS DELIVERED FREE AT PRICES QUOTED. Cyclopaedia of American Horticulture.

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## IMPLEMENTS AND SUNDRIES FOR 1913

If interested will gladly send you a copy of our New Catalogue of Agricultural Hardware, Implements, Machines and Woodenware, postpaid, on application.

## PARCELS POST

On January Ist, 1913, the Parcels Post will be established in the United States. This is probably the largest business enterprise ever undertaken by the Federal Government and will be of great benefit to everybody. The following is a complete table of the Postage Rates covering local rates, also the eight zones into which the United States are divided.

## COMPLETE TABLE ON POSTAGE RATES

Parcels weighing four ounces or less are mailable at the rate of 1 cent for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, regardless of distance. Parcels weighing more than four ounces and not exceeding eleven pounds are mailable at the pound rates shown in the following table, a fraction of a pound being considered a full pound. Parcels not to exceed 72 inches in length and girth combined.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | zone--- | 2nd zone 50 to 150 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 3rd zone } \\ & 150 \text { to } 300 \end{aligned}$ | 4th zone 300 to 600 | 5 th zone 600 to 1000 | 6th zone 1000 to 1400 | 7th zone 1400 to 1800 | 8th zone all over |
| Weight | Local | Zone rate | miles | miles | miles | miles | miles | miles | 1800 miles |
|  | rate | 50 miles | Rate | Rate | Rate | Rate | Rate | Rate | Rate |
| 1 pound | . \$. 05 | \$0.05 | \$0.06 | \$0.07 | \$0.08 | \$0.09 | \$0.10 | \$0.11 | \$0.12 |
| 2 pounds. | . . 06 | . 08 | . 10 | . 12 | . 14 | . 16 | . 19 | . 21 | . 24 |
| 3 pounds. | . . 07 | . 11 | . 14 | . 17 | . 20 | . 23 | . 28 | . 31 | . 36 |
| 4 pounds. | .. . 08 | . 14 | . 18 | . 22 | . 26 | . 30 | . 37 | . 41 | . 48 |
| 5 pounds. | . 09 | . 17 | . 22 | . 27 | . 32 | . 37 | . 46 | . 51 | . 60 |
| 6 pounds. | . 10 | . 20 | . 24 | . 32 | . 38 | . 44 | . 55 | . 61 | . 72 |
| 7 pounds. | . . 11 | . 23 | . 30 | . 37 | . 44 | . 51 | . 64 | . 71 | . 84 |
| 8 pounds. | .. . 12 | . 26 | . 34 | . 42 | . 50 | . 58 | . 73 | . 81 | . 96 |
| 9 pounds. | .. . 13 | . 29 | . 38 | . 47 | . 56 | . 65 | . 82 | . 91 | 1.08 |
| 10 pounds. | .. . 14 | . 32 | . 42 | . 52 | . 62 | . 72 | . 91 | 1.01 |  |
| 11 pounds. | .. . 15 | . 35 | . 46 | . 57 | . 68 | . 79 | 1.00 | 1.11 | 1.32 |

The local rate is applicable to parcels intended for delivery within the Boston postal district or on a rural route starting therefrom.
Many of the articles shown on the following pages may be sent to advantage by the Parcels Post and we will be pleased to give you prices on such, delivered at your door or Post Office. Your request for information will have prompt attention.


## Breck's "Golonial"' Lawn Mower,

Breck's Colonial Lawn Mower is made with ro-inch wheels, 4 -bladed wiper, and parallel self-oiling bearings. Every valuable improvement used in the latest pattern mowers of other manufacturers, and many new features are embodied in the Colonial, making it the most desirable and up-to-date machine made. Our long experience in handling lawn mowers entitles our judgment to consideration ; therefore, we positively guarantee satisfaction to every purchaser. Latest and Best.


## Worcester Ball Bearing Lawn Mower.

1o-inch wheel, 4-bladed wiper. Ball bearings.


## Breck's "Golonial" Horse Lawn Mower.

We offer the Colonial Horse Lawn Mower as the best machine for use on Public Parks, Golf Grounds, Private Estates, etc. It has several new and valuable features, such as Cutting Adjustment, Cylinder Adjustment, SelfSharpening Stationary Knife, etc. Every mower thoroughly guaranteed.


See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Improved Utica Lawn Trimmer.



Does what no other machine can do and what lawn mowers leave undone. It trims and edges your lawn with remarkable speed and perfection; the shield over the blades protects the flowers. A trial will convince you, as it has thousands of others, that the days of shears and hand clippers have passed.

Our net price, each
$\$ 3.75$

## The Gricket Lawn Mowers.

S-in. wheel, 3-blade wiper,
plain bearing.
. 12-inch. 14-inch, 16-inch. 18-inch
ball bearing.
14-inch. I6-inch. I8-inch.
$\$ 5.50 \quad \$ 6.00 \quad \$ 6.50$
ro-in. wheel, 4-blade wiper,

Size .
Our net prices $\$ 2.75 \quad \$ 3.00 \quad \$ 3.25 \quad \$ 3.50$

## Horse Lawn Boots.

For Lawn or Golf work, Horse Boots are indispensable for use in connection with mower or roller. They prevent the horse sinking in damp or soft places and do not cut or tear up the turf. The following patterns are the ones in general use; each having been adopted for some particular merit of its own.

Our Net Prices.
Breck's Golf Pattern, per set of four. . $\$ 8.00$ Baker's, per set of four.............. $\$ 6.00$
Please send diagram showing size of horse's hoof when ordering.

## "Nox-A/I' Grass Catcher.

Collapsible frame of galvanized wire. Heavy galvanized iron bottom with slots making catchers adjustable to fit different sizes of mowers. Fitted with improved stationary handle, so attached that entire handle is within the catcher. Furnished in fine quality white duck only.


## English Water Ballast Rollers.

For keeping golf greens, lawns, and tennis courts in perfect order these Rollers are invaluable, and have been adopted by the English clubs in preference to all others. When the ground is soft they may be used empty and in dry weather, when all others are useless, they can be filled with water and worked effectually.

The advantage of having in one Roller either a heavy or light implement at pleasure must be obvious to every one.

| Weight empty. | Weight filled. | Mfrs. price. | Our net price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 392 lbs. | 588 lbs. | $\$ 38.00$ | $\$ 33.00$ |
| 448 " | 700 " | 43.00 | 38.00 |

## American Sand Ballast Rollers.




## Concrete Rollers.

The Roller is composed of concrete and re-inforced by iron bands, with an iron handle. No wood used in roller or handle to break or wear out ; it is practically indestructible. The handle can be removed in the fall, and tube of roller plugged up with two wooden plugs, stood on end outdoors, and the winter weather will not damage or harm the concrete.


We sharpen and repair all kinds of Hand and Horse Lawn Mowers at reasonable prices. Send us your machines early and avoid the rush when the season opens.


## "Boss" Field, Garoten, Golf and Lawn Rollers.

The benefits derived from the use of a Roller on the lawn, especially in the spring, is not fully understood. The action of freezing and thawing causes the ground to heave, and if the sod is not firmly pressed back with a Roller before the hot weather begins, the grass is apt to be killed or injured, leaving the lawn full of bare spots.

The "Boss" Roller is a strictly high grade Roller at a moderate cost. This Roller is turned perfectly smooth on the outer surface, has bevelled edges, turned steel axles, and is in fact far superior to any other we have seen.
Garden and Lawn Rollers.


## One-Horse Golf and Lawn Rollers.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. } \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Diam. } \\ & 24 \text { in. } \end{aligned}$ | Length 30 in. | Sections | Face Io in. | Lbs. 650 | - | - | - | - | - | - | Mfrs. price <br> - $\$ 58.00$ | Our net price $\$ 52.00$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41 | 24 in. | 40 in. | 4 | Io in. | 800 |  | - | - | - | - | - | 68.00 | 61.00 |
| 42 | 24 in . | 50 in. | 5 | Io in. | 950 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 78.00 | 70.00 |
| TuO-Horse Ficld Rollersm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. | Diam. | Length | Sections | Face | Lbs. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Mfrs. price | Our net price |
| 72 | 24 in. | 5 feet | 5 | 12 in. | 1,450 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - \$89.00 | \$80.00 |
| 76 | 28 in. | 6 feet | 6 | 12 in. | 1,950 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - 117.00 | 105.00 |

Prices include seats. Descriptive catalogue on application. Special sizes up to $10,000 \mathrm{lbs}$. furnished promptly.

## Steel Lawn and Land Rollers,

Our Steel Rollers are furnished in the following sizes, and will roll the exact widths given.



The points of superiority in the Page Woven Wire Fence are: stronger, springier wire, extra heavy galvanizing, and the most practical construction. Made in 18 styles and eleven widths. Prices range from 44 cents to $\$ 1.75$ per lineal rod. Page Wrought Iron Fences come in about 40 styles, prices ranging from 50 cents to $\$ 2.50$ per foot. Catalogues mailed on application. Please state which fence you are interested in.

## Water Barrel Trucks.

A most convenient arrangement on the golf links, farm or lawn. For a well made, durable article we consider the price very reasonable. Water barrel truck only, $11 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. tires, wood wheels. Our net price, ea. $\$ 9.00$



See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## The Austin Motor Mower and Lawn Roller.

The following statement is made by the manufacturers:
"From the outset we have followed a policy with the Austin Motor Lawn Mower which could only lead to success. Its mechanism was known to us to be quite right before we put it on the market. We believed in it thoroughly, and having confidence in it ourselves, we put it on the market in a way that could not fail to secure the confidence of the purchaser.
"It is the first Motor Mower put out on an absolute trial order. Where we found one month's guarantee to be the practice, we made it six months. We were not forced to this; we initiated it because we could afford to, and because the high quality of our machine warrants it. We put this guarantee in the first sales contract we ever made, and we continue to give it to every purchaser, whether he asks for it or not."

Descriptive circulars and prices on application.

"Roxboro" $1 / 2$-inch, Braided high grade hose .


## Garden and Lawn Hose,

 Rubber Hose.

## Blue Line Cotton Hose.

Cotton, $3 / 4$-inch, suitable for all pressures
Please remember that we offer no cheap grade of Garden Hose; every foot is warranted, and is sure to give satisfaction.

## Hudson's Garden Hose Mender.

## So Simple a Child can Use it.

Made in three sizes, for $1 / 2$-inch, $3 / 4$-inch and I -inch hose. Put up in boxes for consumers' use. Each box contains one pair pliers, twenty bands, six tubes. A box will be sent prepaid by mail to any address on receipt of 75 cents. Give inside diameter of hose when ordering. Sent otherwise than by mail 50 cents per box.


See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Lawn Sprinklers.



Fig. 43


Fig. 208


Fig. 62


Fig. 46


Fig. 60


Fig. 59

## Ourp Net Price List.

Fig. 43. Pluvius, 3 arms, II in. high, ball bearing, $\$ 1.00$ Sunshine, exactly like Pluvius except that it stands on legs

- 1.00

Fig. 208. Putting Green, 2 arms, 48 in . high - 5.00 Ætna, 3 arms, 20 in. high . . . 1.75
Fig. 46. California, 4 arms, 12 in. high . . 1.50
Fig. 54. C. B. G. (cheap but good) very effective . . 25 Blake, No. 1, $3 / 4$ " hose pipe thread . . 35

No. 2, $3 / 4$ " iron pipe thread . . 35
Fig. 52. Garden City, one of the best, 13 in. high . 1.00
Fig. 237. Australian, $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ iron pipe thread . . . 35
Fig. 59. Hartford, No. 6, 6 feet high . . 1.25
No. 8,8 feet high . . 1.50
Fig. 61. Jones Adjustable . . . . 3.50
Fig. 60. New Twin Comet, fool proof . . 3.50 Old Twin Comet, an old favorite . . 5.00
Fig. 64. Fountain Ring . . . . . 1.00
Fig. 62. Fountain Ring, Baby . . . . . 75
Fig. 47. Elgin Sprinkler . . . . . . 75


Fig. 237


Fig. 52

Elgin Sprinkler Shields . . . . 25


Fig. 54


Fig. 64


## Hall Dandelion Puller.

To kill dandelions you must destroy the root. Cutting them off is a waste of time and energy. They are bound to grow again - chemicals disfigure the lawn. The easiest and most effective way is to keep the dandelions down and out. Use a Hall Dandelion Puller. Patented clog-proof claw gets the root without tearing up the lawn. Kills dandelions once and for all - the only weeder that does not leave the lawn looking worse than it did with the weeds. Long handle eliminates need of gettirg down on hands and knees. Polished steel blade. Lasts a lifetime. Guaranteed to pull dandelions or money refunded.

## English Grass, Hedge and Border Shears.



## English Lawn Scythe.

Waldron's, 34 to 36 inches.
Our net price, each
\$1.75

## Grass Hooks and Grass Shears. American.

| No. 2 | Our net | price, each | . | . | . | . |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $"$ | " 0.25 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $" 4$ | $"$ | $"$ | . | . | . | . |
| Nolin | Concave | $"$ | . | . | . | . |

No. 3 Our net price each
Village Blacksmith,
Hand Forged Trowel Shank, each

## Sheep Shears for Grass.

| No. 0267 " 0267 | 6 in. Trowel Shank, price per pair 7 " | $\$ 0.50$ | American Grass Clippers, our net price, each By mail add 20 cents per pair for postage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Galvanized Wire Guards and Trellises.



Trellises.
I3 in. wide . . per lineal ft. $\$ 0.1 \mathrm{o}$

## Flower Bed and Lawn Guards



## Treee Guards.

6 ft. 2 in. x 9 in. dia.
Special sizes made to order. Write for estimates.


Flower Bed and Lawn Guard.


Tree Guard.

See Special Offers on third page of cover.

Imported Pruning and Budding Kmives.


No. 323.


No. 190.


No. 187 BG.

No. 190 Buck handle, large Pruning . . . \$1. 40
" 312 " peach " . . . I. 25
" 187 BC " medium " . . . 1.25 By mail, add for postage 10 cents each.

Vine Scissors.


Imported.
6-inch, \$0 85 -inch, \$1.co 8-inch \$1. 10

By mail, add io cents per pair.
Florists' Scissors,


No. 6327 5 $1 / 2$-inch. Our net price, per pair, $\$ 0.90$

| 204 | * | 4 | - | - |  | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

By mails add for postage 5 cents each.
Flower Gatherers.


Imported. Finest quality steel
8-inch \$1.25 By mail, add io cents per pair.

Pruning Scissors_


No. 6514 7-inch. Our net price, per pair, $\$ 1.25$ Hand forged from English crucible cast steel, hand burnished and nickel plated. By mail add io cts. per pair.


Made from the firest forged east steel
By matil add 10 cts. eaeh.
See Special Offers on third page of cover.

## Tree Scrapers.

Blades fastened by square-head machine bolts; hardwood handles.
No. ro, blade $1 / 4 \times 5 \mathrm{in}$.
Our net price, each, $\$ 1.00$
20, " $1 / 8 \times 5$ "

## Diamond Extension Ladder.

The Diamond Extension Ladder is constructed in the most thorough manner and is light and very easily handled. Made of best selected timber,
 well ironed.

When ordering Extension Ladders add four feet for splice at regular price per foot.
Our net price, up to 40 feet
per foot, \$0.28
Special prices on Ladders over 40 feet long.

## Water Pots.

Painted Green.


8 qt. our net price, $\$ 0.70$
10" " " " 80

| 10 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | " | " | " |
|  | 1.00 |  |  |

$\begin{array}{lllll}12 * & 6 & 6 & 6 & 1.00 \\ 166^{6} & 6 & 6 & 6 & 1.10\end{array}$

## Galvanized Irom

## Regular Pattern.

4 qt. our net price. \$1.50


French Pattern.
4 qt. our net price, $\$ 1.75$

|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Ferguson Gombined Sprayer and Syringe.



The only practical Combination Sprayer and Syringe. The three different roses that go with each sprayer make it possible to either water, spray or syringe at will by simply adjusting whichever rose is desired. Our net price complete as shown

## The "Detachable" Hose Reel.

Revolves on the faucet. Attached and Detached instantly. Hose pulls off in any direction while the water runs.

A special faucet is furnished with each reel, which forms a hollow axle upon which the reel revolves. The joint is made water tight by means of a leather gasket and thumb screw. The reel with hose attached, can be instantly detached from the faucet, and hung up on a nail out of the way and sun when not in use.

The hose pulls off in any direction, is easily drained, and as it is impossible to kink or twist the hose, its life is greatly increased. The water can be turned on and as much or as little of the hose unreeled as desired, while the water is running.

Detachable- 20 in . diam., $81 / 2 \mathrm{in}$. wide, holds 100 feet $3 / 4 \mathrm{in}$. hose. Weight of reel 7 lbs., faucet $\mathrm{I} 1 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. Shipped two in a crate, weight of two reels and crate 25 lbs . One faucet included with each reel
each, $\$ 5.00$
Extra Faucets .
" 1.25


No old fashioned garden was quite complete without its Sun Dial. The time of day can be told by the Sun Dial approximately, making it an object of utility and ornament, as well as a curiosity not often seen at the present day.

Our net price.
Iron, painted,
. . each, \$1. 25 Brass, polished, each, $4.5^{\circ}$

## Nantucket Saillor Men.

These little men are well made, neatly painted and balance so nicely that they will not desert their posts of duty even in the heaviest gale.

Eich.
"Jolly Tars,"small\$1.00 "Happy Jacks,"
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { medium } \\ \text { large } & . & 1.25 \\ \text { If }\end{array}$
If wanted by mail add ${ }^{15} \mathrm{c}$. cash for postage.


See Special Offers on third page of cover.



Latest improved. Makes bunches right size for New England use. Price does not include knife.
Our net price, each .
$\$ 2.00$



Used by Cranberry Growers, and for all kinds of weeding Especially adapted to Flower Beds, Vegetable Gardens, Shrubbery, etc. Forged from the best steel ; practically indestructible. 4 prong, $2 \times 21 / 2,18 \mathrm{in}$. handle, solid steel, our net price, each, $\$ 0.75$

## Qua Saw Tooth Weeders.



Do not cut or destroy the roots of Plants. The saw teeth will pull the weeds every time. Made in three shapes, see above illustration and Figures 6 and 7 below.

Our net price of either style, each, $\$ 0.20$
By mail add 10 cents each.

## English Trowels.



## American Trowels.

6 in., or ladies' trowel . . . Our net price, \$0. ro $\begin{array}{llll}7 \\ 8 & \text { " " " . . . " " } & \text {. } \\ & \end{array}$

By mail, add io cents each.

## Garden Forks, Dibbles and Weeders.




## "Cyclo" Platform Scales

This illustration shows the new Cyclo Ball Bearing Swivel Wheel Portable Scale, which is the latest improvement in platform scales. This scale is constructed with two swivel or castor wheels at the front or beam end of scale frame, combined with two stationary wheels at rear end of frame.

By use of this novel swivel wheel construction the operator is able to move the scale in any direction with the utmost ease.

Our Cyclo Scales are fitted with hardened flexible lever-bearing loops and platform bearing feet. The beam and crescent shaped sliding poise are of solid brass, highly polished. All pivots are of best tool steel, carefully tempered and ground to a knife edge.

Wood parts are of the choicest selection obtainable, well finished and handsomely striped in gilt.

No. 87. Capacity $600 \mathrm{lbs} ., 50 \mathrm{lbs} . \times 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}$. Our net price, $\$ 15.00$

Farming Tools,




## Shovels and Spades. <br> Long or D handles same price.



## True Temper Outfit of Garden Tools

## Spading Forks.



## Manure Forks.



$$
" \underset{"}{\mathrm{O} . A \text { Ames } " ~} \underset{8}{7} \mathrm{ft} \text {. }
$$

## Post Spoons

## Scuffle Hoes.

| 6 | in., | handled |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 6 | 6 |
| 8 | 6 | 6 |
| 9 | 6 | 6 |
| 10 | 6 | 6 |
| 6 | in., | handled |
| 7 | 6 | 6 |
| 8 | 6 | 6 |
| 9 | 6 | 6 |
| 10 | 6 | 6 |

## American.

## Unvincilble Garden Gultivatorn

The hand cultivator fills a long-felt want in gardening. It keeps the soil loose and at the same time kills the weeds.
The operator sim. ply walks along the rows drawing the cultivator after him.
It saves the double

effort of swinging a hoe backward and forward with every stroke.
It involves much less expenditure of strength than pushing a wheel hoe through hard soil.

## Our net price,

 each - \$1.00
## "PLANET JR," FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS.

The man behind a PLANET JR. knows it takes more work off his hands and makes him do better gardening than any other garden implement. Besides, Planet Jr. Seeders, Wheel Hoes, and Cultivators, are guaranteed-no other maker uses such materials or puts such work into his tools. Half a million users know how long they last.

## Planet Jr. No. 4 Gombined Seed Drill, Single Wheel Hoe, Gultivator and Plow.



Planet Jr., No, 6 Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe, Gultivator and Plow.


Planet Jr, No. 1 Gombined Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Gultivator and Plown

Price, $\$ 9.50$

No. 4 Hill and Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe, Price $\$ 11.00$


## Planet Jr., No. 11 Double Wheel Hoe, Gultivator, Plow and Rake.



## Planet Jr, No, 25 Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Double Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.



Planet Jr. No. 3 Hill and Drill Seedern


No. 5 Hill and Drill Seeder.............................. . Prioe $\$ 13.00$ No. 20 Fertilizer Pea and Bean Seeder........................ 6 . 17.00 No. 1 Combined Drill Seeder and Wheel Hoe........ * 9.50 ITo \& Drill goeder......................................... 7.50


## " PLANET JR."Y FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS,

Planet Jr, No, 17 Single Wheel Hoe,
Gultivator and Plow.
Price, $\$ \mathbf{5 . 0 0}$

Planet Jr. No. 38 Single Wheel Disc Hoe, complete ....... $\$ 7.00$

Planet Jro No, 8 Horse Hoe and Cultivator.



## Planet Jr, Twelve-Tooth Harrow, Gula tivator and Pu/verizer.



No. 81 Horse Hoe Cultivator and Hiller........................ $\$ 10.00$ No. 8 Horse Hoe and Cultivator.................................. 9.00
 Nine-Tooth Horse Hoe ........................................ 15.25
No. 9 Horse Hoe and Cultivator (with wheel)............... 7.75
No. 9 " " " " (without wheel) ......... 7.00
No. 4 " " " 6 (with wheel)............... 6.75

Planet Jr, No. 14 Doulble Wheel Disc Hoe, Gultivator and Plow.


## SPRAY PUMPS



Fig. 1. MYERS BUCKET BRASS SPRAY PUMP, com= plete with hose, fine and coarse spray and solid stream nozzles.

Our net price, each
Fig. 2. BRECK'S BRASS HAND FORCE AND SPRAY PUMP. Our own design, adapted to all purposes and spraying. Complete with spray and solid stream noz= zles.

Our net price, each
Fig. 3. No. 3B AUTO SPRAY PUMP. Galvanized tank, capacity 8 gallons. Complete with 8 ft . hose, 8 ft . pipe extension, mechanical agitator and Vermorel noz= zie.

Our net price, each 14.00
Fig. 4. MYERS DOUBLE ACTING BARREL SPRAY PUIIP, very powerful and suited for heavy work. Com= plete with large air chamber, mechanical agitator, suction pipe and strainer, can be used for one or two lines of hose. Hose nozzles and extension pipes addi= tional ; barrel not included.

Our net price, each


Fig. 5. THE O. K. SPRAY PUMP. Can be used on the side or top of any ordinary barrel. Has submerged cylinder and is capable of maintaining with ease a heavy pressure. Fitted for one or two lines of hose. Hose nozzles, extension pipes, etc., additional ; barrel not included

Our net price 12.00
Fig. 6. THE CENTURY SPRAY PUMP. Can be used on the side or top of barrel. The cylinder is submerged, has large air chamber, a great favorite with fruit grow= ers. Y connections for one or two lines of hose fur= nished with pump. Hose nozzles and extension pipes additional; barrel not included.

Our net price
11.25

Fig. 7. IIYERS PAINT AND SPRAY PUMP. For painting or whitewashing buildings, etc., or spraying large orchards. Complete with pressure gauge, 6 ft . suction hose, two Bordeaux nozzles and two pipe ex= tensions. Hose additional.

Our net price
20.00

Fig. 8. BONANZA D. A. SPRAY PUMP. The best spray pump of large capacity made. Brass ball valves and guided piston rod. Fitted with $8 \mathrm{ft} .1^{1 / 1 / 4} \mathrm{in}$. wire $=$ lined suction hose, two $Y$ connections for hose. One, two, three or four lines can be used. Hose nozzles and extension pipes additional. As shown in cut, Fig. 8.

- Our net price $\mathbf{3 0 . 0 0}$

Fig. 9. COPPER KNAPSACK SPRAYER, complete as shown in cut No.9. . . . Our net price 11.67
Fig. 10. FOUR ROW SPRAYING ATTACHMENT. Cut shows this attachment as used on an ordinary wagon. We furnish this attachment complete, less barrel, pump and wagon.

Our net price
Complete Catalogue of Spraying Pumps, Spraying Materials, etc., mailed on application.


A great variety of Spray Nozzles and Fittings for Spray Pumps carried in stock. Catalogue mailed on application.
See Special Offers on third page of cover


Fig. 11.


Fig. 14
Fig. 11. Myer's General Purpose Sprayer for Whitewash, Cold Water, Paint, etc., complete as shown. Mfrs'. price, \$Ir.00; net price, $\$ 7.33$.
Fig: 15. Myeps, Gog Gear Spray Pump. Complete with Strainer and Pressure Gauge, 6 ft . W ire bound Suction Hose, two 8-ft. Pipe Extension and Bordeaux Nozzles, Hose additional. Mfrs.' price $\$ 30.00$; net price, $\$=0$ co.
Fig. 14: Myers' Jumior Power Spray Pumppa Complete with Strainer, Pressure Gauge, 6 ft . Wire Bound Suction Hose, two 8 - ft. Extension Power Nozzles, 2 in. Cylinder and Relief Valve, Hose additional. Mfrs'. price, $\$ 33.00$; net price $\$ 22.00$.

Fig. 16. Brown's Auto Spray.
No other style of sprayer will do such a variety of work, and do it so well. We recommend it for trees, shrubs and vines, greenhouses, poultry houses, hospitals, and stables for disinfectants, for sheep and cattle dip and cattle fly oils.

It may be used where any bucket or knapsack sprayer can be used, and with much more satisfaction. Even those who have commercial orchards and large power sprayers, need the "Auto-Spray," No. I for small work.
No. IB Brass Tank, each, $\$ 7.65$ Brass Extension Pipes, each, $\$ 0.45$ " ID Galvanized Tank, " 5.40 " Strainer, $\quad$ " 90 Auto Pop Nozzles included in above prices.

## Fig. 12. Universal Success Spray Pump.

This general purpose Sprayer, by merely changing the various attach. ments furnished with it, can be used as a Spray Pump, Plumbers' Force Pump, Fire Protector, Whitewasher, Floor Oiler, Buggy or Auto Washer.

The pump is fitted regularly with a galvanized tank holding five gallons.

All working parts of the pump are brass, including brass ball valves. A sliding cover to prevent the liquid from splashing out, also a removable strainer is provided. When not in use the nozzles and attachment are screwed to keepers on side of tank. Four feet of hose and an extension pipe are furnished. Full directions with each pump.


Fig. 15


Fig. 16.

Universal Success Sprayer, Galvanized Tank, Mfrs'. price, $\$ 11.25$; net price, $\$ 7.50$ " " " Brass Tank, " " 15.75; " " 10.50
Figy 17. Breck's Atomist Compressed Air Sprayer.
The only instrument that throws a continuous fine spray with great force, either straight forward, up, down, or sideways, thus making it possible and convenient to spray under the leaves of plants and shrubs.

Atomist Spray, all tin, our net price, \$0.75. Atomist Spray, all Brass, our net price, $\$ 1.50$. Extra nozzle for spraying under leaves, etc., $\$ 0.10$.


Fig. 17.


All Brass Sprayers
All Tin

## Fig. 13. Breck's Acme Sprayer,

Invaluable for spraying all kinds of insecticides in a liquid form, and for spraying cattle with kerosene.

They are especially adapted to the use of poultrymen and forists and can be used by all to advantage around the house and place. The brass sprayer is not affected by acids and is practically indestructible.


PRICE LIST.
Perfection Galvanized Sprayer (high pressure) each, $\$ 5.00$
Brass
No. 2 Brandt Sprayer, Galvanized (low pressure) $\begin{array}{ll}\text { No. } 3 \text { " } \\ \text { Easy, Galvanized, } & \text { Brass } \\ \text { each, } \$ 2.00 \text { " Easy, Brass, }\end{array}$

The Brandt I er ection Sprayer (see cut) is the best compressed air Sprayer made. This Sprayer will handle whitewash, water paints, Bordeaux mixtures, etc., perfectly. It is made of galvanized steel or brass, as ordered. Weighs $91 / 2$ pounds empty and is tested with 50 pounds pressure before leaving the factory.

The Hose is $3 / 8$ in. 4-ply cloth inserted and equipped with our well known Automatic Shut-off Nozzle.
The other Brandt Sprayers in price list are described in circulars which we will mail on request.

## Breck's Dry Powder Blowers.

In some sections potato growers, stock and poultry raisers prefer to use Paris Green and disinfectants in powder form mixed with dry plaster. To meet such a demand the Dry Powder Blowers are recommended. It is unneces. sary to give the details of the construction of the Blower, as we give a positive guarantee with each that it is impossible to draw powder back into the cylinder pump, and if the powder is sifted through a screen and kept absolutely dry it will be impossible for the same to clog. The powder can holds one quart.

Our net price each, 75 cts.

## Brass Cylinder House Force and Lift Pumps.



The Brass Cylinder Pumps are novel in design and different from all other makes. Very nicely finished and durable. Reversible handles and non-freezing. They are fitted with special pipe couplings which take lead or iron pipe. Lead pipe can be attached direct without solder. This device is used on no other pumps. Glass Valve Seats.

## No. 245 House Lift Pump fitted with 3 -in. Brass Cylinder. Our net price $\$ 3.75$

No. 251 Double Acting Force Pump fitted with upper Brass Cylinder and 3 -in. Brass lower Cylinder, Glass Valve Seat and Drop Valve. Our net price

No. 220 Brass Cylinder Pitcher Pump fitted with 3 -in. Brass Cylinder. Our net price
3.75


## Aeremotor Gasoline Pumps:



The Aeremotor Gasoline outfits are designed to take the place of the "Man at the Pump." After seeing one of these pump water for fifteen minutes no one will want to work the pump handle again. They are simple, durable and air-cooled. No water-jacket to freeze and burst. Can be furnished complete as shown in cut or with jack, using the pump you already have in well. Will deliver from 225 to 1600 gallons per hour. Prices range from $\$ 40.00$ to $\$ 75.00$ for complete outfits. The No. 2 outfit as shown sells for $\$ 50.00$. Pipe and working cylinder additional. Descriptive circulars mailed on application.

## Stover Grinding Mills.

The No. 32 Mill (see cut) embodies all the good features of other hand grinding mills to which have been added universal burrs or grinding plates that are adjustable for grinding coarse or fine. This machine grinds oats, barley, rye, corn, peas, dry bone, shells, $\epsilon t c$., for feeding to poultry. It is a well designed machine, is strong and well made throughout and of excellent finish; has a 16 -inch fly wheel and is light running.

Capacity, one or two bushels per hour. Our net price . . each, $\$ 5.00$

The No. 5 Feed Mill is made in three sizes to meet the requirements of farmers owning Gasoline Engines, who wish to grind shelled corn and small grain of all kinds including wheat screenings.

## Power.

The No. 5 Mill may be operated with two horse power but it has capacity to consume power of a four horse engine

## Speed-

The No. 5 mills should be run at 600 to 1800 R. P. M.

## Gapacity.

The No. 5 mills grind shelled corn and all kinds of small grain, including wheat screenings, into coarse, medium or fine chop or feed as desired, at rate of 3 to 7 bushels per hour per horse power. Descriptive circulars mailed on application Our net price
each, \$15.00


No. 32. Stover Mill

## Scientific Grinding MHIls,

No. 15 grinds all grains including ear corn in the husk. Will crack wheat, rye, oats, barley, corn and seeds of all kinds for chick feed. Speed, 1000 to 1200 revolutions per minute. Weight, 350 pounds.

No. 2 Outfit.


No. 15.

No. 20. Lightest running and fastest grinding mill for small engines ever built. Grinds ear corn and all small grains. Speed, 2 H. P., 250 to 300 revolutions per minute. Weight, 250 pounds.

Descriptive catalogues mailed on application.
No. 15. 4 to 6 H. P. Gasoline Engine, 12 to 30 bushels . $\$ 42.00$
No. 20. 2 to 6 H. P. Gasoline Engine, 12 to 30
30.00
GENUINE OLIVER GHILLED PLOWS. JOSEPH BRECK \& SONS (Corporation), Boston, Mass.

SOLE NEW ENGLAND AGENTS.
OUR NET PRICE LIST.

|  |  |  | Description |  | Plain | With |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | Wheel | With Wheel |
| :---: |
| Jointer or C |

## OLIVER SWIVEL PLOWS.

Guaranteed to do perfect work on hillside or level land.

## OLIVER No, 23 SULKY PLOWS.

For two or three horses. Latest improvements. Built expressly for New England. Descriptive circulars and prices mailed on application.

## United States Poultry Fence.

The United States Poultry Fence is Galvanized After Wcaving and will not Rust as Fencing Galvanized Before Weaving. The United States Poultry Fence has proven best by test. It has long since established its superiority over other makes, and is in a class by itself. It is built to withstand use and abuse and is guaranteed to give Satisfaction.

The United States Poultry Fence is strictly a "No-Sag" poultry fence, as the combination of line and mesh wires, closely woven, prevents any lengthening or narrowing between posts. These features place it a long stride beyond the Hex mesh netting, which never fails to narrow and lengthen if you attempt to stretch it to a tension required to prevent sagging.

There is no netting that compares with United States Poultry Fence for strength, beauty and durability, and we invite comparison with other makes, feeling confident that all our claims of superiority will be substantiated.

Poultry Fence No. I9 Wire 2 in. Mesh $12 \mathrm{in}$. high, per bale, $\$ 0.75 \quad 42 \mathrm{in}$. high, per bale, $\$ 2.63$

| 18 | " | " | I.13 | 48 | " | " | 3.00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 24 | " | " | I.50 | 54 | " | " | 3.38 |
| 30 | $"$ | $"$ | 1.98 | 60 | " | ". | 3.75 |
| 36 | " | " | 2.25 | 72 | " | " | 4.50 |

Chicken Fence No. 19 Wire I in. Mesh
${ }^{2} 2 \mathrm{in}$. high, per bale, $\$ \mathrm{I} .65 . \quad 42 \mathrm{in}$. high, per bale, $\$ 5.78$


Bales contain 150 lineal feet.

## Double Disc Harrow,

The Double Disc Harrow is just what its name indicates - two harrows combined in one, for the purpose of saving time and labor in tilling the soil. Its capacity is twice that of any other form of Disc Harrow, for it works the ground twice at one operation. Moreover the work is more thoroughly done, for the second harrowing follows immediately after the first, before the freshly cut ground has had time to dry out or become hard.
No. Ior E. Complete with fore truck.
$20 \times 16$ Discs . . . . $\$ 40.00$ Descriptive circulars mailed on application.


## Monarch Steel Stump Puller,

The most complete and most successful, most powerful and thoroughly up-to-date line of Steel Stump Pullers ever offered to the public. More Monarch Steel and Iron Stump Pullers are now at work and sold every year than all the rest combiner.

Descriptive circulars, prices, etc., on application.


## All Steel Disc Harrow.

The most practical disc harrow made. The bearings are of chilled iron and are fitted with steel balls running against chilled surface to take end thrus $\hat{\iota}$ of disc gang. Box is cast solid in one piece, and chilled on inside, and is provided with dirt proof oil cups leading into an oil chamber, which effectually lubricates the bearings at all times.

No. I. Twelve 16 -inch discs, cut 6 feet, complete, with whiffletrees, evener, neck yoke and scrapers.
Mfrs. price, each, $\$ 30.00$. Our net price, $\$ 26.00$ Also a full line of Spike and Spring Tooth Harrows.
Circulars and prices mailed on application.

## Standard Automatic Earth Auger.

One man with this Auger will bore more holes in a day than two men with two augers or diggers of any other make, as it is self-feeding and self-discharging, and the blades are so formed that they easily enter the hardest ground without forcing. It draws itself into the ground as readily as a wood auger enters wood. One blade being permanent and the other held in position by a simple locking device, can be swung wide open at will of operator, permitting the auger to quickly unload.

## WILL BORE IN ANY KIND OF SOIL

and in all conditions of soil-hard, soft or sticky, dry or wet, hard pan, sand or gravel, small stones, etc. The lower side cutting edges bore the hole larger in diameter than the body of the auger, which reduces the friction and prevents binding in the hole.

Standard Automatic Earth Auger
each $\$ 3.50$


Cleveland Lawn Weeder.


No more broken backs. This little device gets at the root of the evil and removesit bodily. Our net price, each, $\$ 0.75$

## MEHLER'S HANDY GARDENER



## The Standard Spray Pump.



For spraying Orchards. Gardens, Vineyards, Whitewashing, Disinfecting Chicken Houses, Killing Vermin on Stock, etc.

The best and most powerful piece of low-priced spraying apparatus made.
$\underset{\text { Standard Spray Pump . . Our net price, }}{\text { Brass Extensions, 24" }}$. 0


## Breck's "Sam-O-Set" Couch Hammock.

The "Sam-O-Set" is undoubtedly the most comfortable and durable couch hammock made.

All the undesirable features of the ordinary hammocks eliminated. Frame, steel tubing and angle steel. Bottom, diamond fabric. Mattress, 4 -inch box, soft top and bottom covered with duck, tufted. Hammock 12-oz. khaki duck. Magazine pocket in ends. Luxury adjustable back. Ropes and hooks for hanging.

PRICE LIST.
Hammock complete as described
$\$ 11.00$
Folding Stand . with Folding Legs . 12.00
Awning . . . . . . . 5.00

## Park and Lawn Settees.

Boston Park Settee. This style of settee is being adopted by all large cities, it being especially adapted to use in parks and public grounds.

Mfrs. price, each
$\$ 9.00 \quad$ Our net price
$\$ 7.50$
Extra Heavy Lawn Settee. The extra heavy lawn settee has a heavy iron frame, the ends being bolted together with iron rod. Seat and back are made from best quality stock.
48 in . long . Mfrs. price, per doz., $\$ 60.00$ Our net price, each, $\$ 4.75$
Folding Lawn Settee. Our folding lawn settees are made from hardwood. Painted vermilion.


$$
\text { Our net price, each . . . . . . } \$ 1.25
$$

## Ruberoid Roofing.

Ruberoid Roofing has been the standard prepared roofing for fifteen years. It is used on prominent buildings throughout the world. Expert architects everywhere specify it because of its well-known reputation for unequalled durability and efficiency.

Ruberoid Roofing is ready to apply when sold. With each roll we supply sufficient nails, tin caps and cement for laying. No experience is required to apply it.

Outlasts tin, iron or shingles. Lives indefinitely with but ordinary care. The first ruberoid roofs laid, twelve years ago, are still giving satisfactory service under severe conditions.


Also P and B Sheathing Paper, Ruberine Paint, etc. Circulars and Samples mailed on application.


## Breck's Puritan Roofing-

## "The Roofing of Quality"

Once used—always used. Manufactured exclusively for Joseph Breck \& Sons, Corp.
Puritan Roofing is the most economical and reliable of ready roofings of the wool felt type. Being made from genuine Trinidad Lake Asphalt, it is water-proof, time-proof, sunproof, acid-proof and fire-retarding.

It is made of high grade felt and Genuine Trinidad Lake Asphalt, the most satisfactory and durable waterproofing asphalt known.

Puritan Roofing is adapted to all climates, being flexible in cold weather and firm and staple in hot weather.

Furnished in one and two square rolls of 108 and 216 square feet, respectively, with necessary nails, liquid cement and instructions for laying packed inside each roll.

## PRICE LIST

 We guarantee Puritan Roofing equal to any similar make.

## WHEELBARROWS.



| Eureka No. 3 Youths* | 8 Spoke | Iron | Hub | Steel | Axle. | Mfrs. p | \$3.80 | Our |  | . 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " "4 Garden | " | 6 | 6 | * | * |  | 4.00 | \% |  | 3.50 |
| " "5 Farm | 6 | 6 | ، | 6 | ، | " | 4.50 | 6 | ، | 4.00 |
| " "6 Extra Large | ، | Woo | d " | " | * | 6 | 5.00 | 6 | " | 4.50 |
| Lawn or Stable Barrow. | y large | for lea | aves, | tc. |  | * | 8.00 | 6 | 6 | 7.00 |

## Breck's Gustom Barrows.

These Barrows are made of selected hardwood, strongly ironed and heavy braces, bolted and high side boards. The Custom is a stronger and better Barrow than the Eureka. Very strong and durable.


The lightest, strongest, most durable, finest finish line of hand vehicles built.

## PRICE LIST.



## Thompson Wheelbarrow Grass Seeder,



No. 5 Seeder, complete, with $14-\mathrm{ft}$.

## hopper.

| Mfrs. price | each, $\$ 13.00$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Our net price | $"$ | 9.00 |

No. 4 Grain Hopper only, to use instead of regular Hopper.
$\begin{array}{lrr}\text { Mfrs. price } & \text { each, } \$ 6.00 \\ \text { Our net price } & 6 \quad 4.00\end{array}$


## I. X. L. Galvanized Steel Ghain Pump,

There has never been a better device for raising water from the well than the old-fashioned chain pump with rubber buckets. The galvanized tubing does not make the water taste, it cannot rust, and will not rot or accumulate filth. This pump is antifreezing and can be used in wells that are fifty feet deep or under successfully, giving sixteen gallons of water per minute.
I. X. L. Curbs comp., each, $\$ 5.00$ Galvanized Tubing, per ft., .Io

Couplings "
I.X.L. Rubber Buckets, each, .Io Galvanized PumpChain,per ft., . 04

## Pure Salt Brick and Feeder.

Latest and best device for feeding salt to horses, cows and other animals. "Roto" Feeders are made of stoneware of special design and cannot get out of order. "Roto" Salt Cakes are made of the finest table salt, free from impurities. Made under hydraulic pressure, hard as marble, lasting and economical. Horses and cattle are intelligent animals; they know when they requiresalt and how much. Let your animals use their instinct. Put the saltwhere they can get it.
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { "Roto" Salt Cakes, . . } \\ \text { "Roto" Feeders } \\ \text { each, } \\ \text { \$0.25 } & \text { Per doz., } \$ 2.40 \\ .0 & .50 & 4.80\end{array}$


## Buckley's Patent Watering Device,



The above illustration shows the general application of this system, but a brief description will be necessary to demonstrate its importance, usefulness and simplicity. On application will mail descriptive catalogue with testimonials, etc.

No. 2 Stanchion Basin with Valve, our net price, each, $\$$ I.50. Not included in our special offers.

## Breck's Improved Swing Stanchion.

This Stanchion gives as perfect freedom to cattle as it is possible to have and have them fastened at all. The cattle when standing can lap themselves as when loose, and when lying down they can rest the head upon the body as when in pasture.

There is no friction on the neck, as the Stanchion turns with the head. It keeps them as clean as the firm Stanchion and there is no possible way they can get hurt; neither can they get to the right or left to gore each other.

The cattle cannot waste their feed and do much better than when tied with any other Stanchion. No getting choked or getting unfastened.

Thousands are in use. Every dairyman who has used them approves them and adopts them exclusively.

Mfrs. price, each, \$1.75. Our net price, each, \$I.35



## AFIller's Harness Preparations.

## Harness Oil.

| No. 1, pints | Our net price, each, \$0.35 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " 2, quarts | " | " | " | " | . 50 |
| 4, gallons . | " | " | " | " | 1.50 |

Harress Dressingy

| Pints . | . Our net price, each, $\$ 0.25$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quarts |  | " | " | . 50 |
| Half Gallons | " " | " | " | . 90 |
| Gallons | " " | " | " | 50 |

## Hamness Composition Soap,

| Small boxes ( 1 lb.$)$ |
| :--- |
| Medium " (2 lb.) |
| Large " |
| ( 5 lb.$)$ |$\quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad$.

Seo speoial Ottess on chise pas oovs


## De Laval Gream Separators. ("AA/pha" op "dise ${ }^{5 \prime}$ Bowl Type.)

De Laval Cream Separators are guaranteed to be as represented and to fulfill all the claims made for them, being sold subject to the guarantee of their unqualified superiority in every material feature of separator practicability, inclusive of the production of a greater value of cream and of a greater quantity of butter of better quality than is possible through the use o: any imitating separator or other creaming system.

Prices range from $\$ 40.00$ to $\$ 175.00$ according to capacity.
Descriptive catalogues, prices, etc., mailed on application.

| Butter Wo |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Waters' Waters' |  |
| No. | Wat | 7.00 |
| " 2 | " | 8.00 |
| " 3 | " | 9.00 |
|  | " | 10.50 |
| No. 1 | Reid's | \$8.00 |
|  | " | 6.50 |
| 3 | " | 5.50 |
| " 4 | " | 5.00 |

Gylinder Gharms.

| No. | 0 | $13 / 4$ | gals. | $\$ 2.00$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $"$ | 1 | $23 / 4$ | " | 2.25 |
| $"$ | 2 | 4 | " | 2.75 |
| $"$ | 3 | 7 | " | 3.25 |
| $"$ | 4 | $101 / 2$ | " | 3.50 |
| $"$ | 5 | 15 |  | 4.00 |

## Churns.

## Stoddard Baprel Chupms.

| Nc. |  | 10 gal . | 1 to 4 | 4 gal . cream | \$8.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | 2 | 15 " | 2 to | 7 | 8.50 |
| " | 3 | 20 " | 3 to 9 | 9 | 9.75 |
| " | 4 | 25 " | 4 to 12 | 2 | 11.00 |
| " | 5 | 35 " | 5 to 16 | 6 | 13.00 |
| " | 51/2 | 45 " | 5 to 20 | - | 16.00 |
| " | 6 | 60 " | 6 to 28 | - | 19.00 |

Blanchard Ohurns.

| $\text { No. } 3$ | 2 | of cream | \$ 5.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 66 | 8 | 66 | 7.00 |
| 66 | 12 | 6 | 9.0 |
| 67 | 16 | 66. | I I . 00 |

## Superior Sanitary Churn.

The Superior Sanitary Churn is made with the idea of furnishing the buttel maker with a churn that will not absorb any moisture whatever, making it absolutely sanitary. It is very easy to wash and dry, there veing no reason for placing it out in the sun to dry, or in the basement to keep it from leaking. It costs more than the ordinary churn and is worth more. The difference in price is nothing when you consider the difference in quality. The labor saved each year, the satisfaction of knowing there is nothing about your churn that will taint the butter, and that your churn will be just as sweet after use as when new.

| 8 | gallon size | complete |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Io | ". | " | ". |
| I2 | ". | " | " |
| 15 | " | " | ". |
| 20 | " | " |  |

Our net price, each \$10.50
-
$\vdots$
$\cdot$


## Comply with the law



Patented
which requires all vehicles to carry a lighted lamp after dark. If you use Jioqleverout ${ }^{\text {PATENT }}$ for 10 years the world's standard, you will run no risk of arrest, no chance of liability in case of accident.
The Neverout is guaranteed to positivelystay lit, to throw light front, side and rear, as the law directs.
(Illustration shows The Neverout No. 44)
All styles and finishes of the celebrated Neverout for sale by us.

Gun Metal, each
$\$ 3.25$ Nickel, each
Price includes Brackets for attaching to vehicle. $\$ 3.25$ Brass, each
See Special Offers on third page of cover

## CLIPPING AND SHEARING MACHINES.

If properly stabled, well fed, carefully groomed, and clipped in season, a horse will continue in good health and appearance. His value will not impair, and he will do good work. Whether you own but 5 sheep or 5000 , you cannot afford to overlook the merits of the sheep shearing machines. Machine shorn wool brings the highest price because the machine gets the wool that is next to the skin and that is the best wool of the whole fleece. Hand shears always leave this wool on.

No. 1 Stewart Ball Bearing Horse Clipping Machines, Enclosed Gear

Our net price, \$7.50
Sheep Shearing attachment for No. I
" " " 7.75
1902 Chicago Horse Clipping Machine
" " " 10.75
No. 8 Steward Sheep Shearing Machines
" " " 9.75
Horse Clipping Attachment (fits any Hand Power Sheep Shearing Machine)
No. 11 Stewart Knife Grinder (can be used on No. I and No. 8 Machines)


If you cut or injure the galvanizing on a wire it lets in rust. Consequently the wire is weakened and breaks at this point. The Never Slip stretcher has an iron jaw, but no teeth. When it gets a hold it never lets go, but hangs on with a deathlike grip to all kinds of wire. Our net price, $\$ 1.00$ each.

## Silver Finish Hexagon Poultry Netting,



## Wire Fencing.

Plain Twisted Wire, I lb. measures about 16 ft . Ribbon Wire, I lb. " " 12 ft .
Staples for attaching above

Oif net price per lb. . 05 " " "، .06


Anvil and Vise.


Anvii.


Is neat, cheap and complete, well made and will stand hard service. It will test the mechanical skill of the boys and be a Manual Training School to them. It is a Farmer's Repair Shopand indispensable to a small shop or mechanic, or any householder. Steel Faced Anvil, weight complete, about 65 lbs.


Pipe Vise.
Hanson Vise, complete

[^5]
## Breck's "Special" Farm or Railroad Cart.



Oak Tanned Leather Harness.
We offer an excellent line of harness, made expressly for us in large quantities at very low prices, quality being considered. These are not the cheap machine sewed harness that generally give out during the first rain storm they are used in, but a plain, well finished, strong, hand sewed article, that we guarantee to be exactly as represented. Any style of harness built to order promptly and at a reasonable price.
Special Cart Harness, complete, less collar . . \$23.62 $\mid$ Collars, extra quality, all sizes, each Extra Double Team Harness, less collars . . 62.10 Sweat Pads, all sizes, each . . . . . . 35 Double Farm Harness, complete, less collars . 51.30 Hame Straps, common, 20 inch, each . . . . 30 Single Driving Harness . . . . . 25.65 "" " extra, $11 / 8 \times 24 \mathrm{inch}$, each Single Express Harness . . . . . 36.45 " " " $11 / 8 \times 30$ " " . . 35

## Housekeepers' Utensils.




Fig. 3.


Fig. 4.

Fig. 1. Universal Coffee Mills. No. rog, 75 cts. No. I Io, \$1.00.
Fig, 2. Rocking Table Apple Parer, Best and most durable apple parer made. Our net price, each 75 cts .
Fig. 3. Universal Family Scales. No. 200 S, \$1.30. No. 203 S \$1.70.
Fig. 4. Universal Food Ghopper. No. o, \$1.00. No. 1, \$1.15. No. 2, \$1.50. No. 3, \$2.00.
Fig. 5. Universal Bread Maker., No. 4, 4 loaves, $\$ 2.00$. No. 8,8 loaves, $\$ 2.50$.


Fig. 5.
"Universal" stands for Best Quality.


## White Mountain Ice Gream Freezers,

There is no feature of merit in any freezer made that has not been embodied in the " White Mountain."

Our Net Price List:

| Capacity | . | $2-\mathrm{Qt}$. | $3-\mathrm{Qt}$. | $4-\mathrm{Qt}$. | $6-\mathrm{Qt}$. | $8-\mathrm{Qt}$ | $10-\mathrm{Qt}$ | $12-\mathrm{Qt}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Price | . | $\$ 2.25$ | $\$ 2.65$ | $\$ 3.00$ | $\$ 4.00$ | $\$ 5.00$ | $\$ 6.50$ | $\$ 8.00$ |

## Enterprise Meat Choppers.

All Enterprise Choppers thoroughly tinned.
No. 5 with Clamp,
$11 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. per minute. Our net price, $\$ \mathrm{I} .60$

| " | 10 | " | " |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | 20 | $"$ | $"$ |
| " | 12 | " | Legs |
| " | 22 | " | " |
| " | 32 | " | " |


| 3 | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ | " | " | 2.25 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ | 4.50 |
| 3 | $"$ | $"$ | $"$ | " | " | 2.10 |
| 4 | $"$ | $"$ | " | " | " | 3.60 |
| 5 | $"$ | $"$ | " | " | " | 4.50 |



Descriptive catalogue of Enterprise goods mailed on application.

Meat Press.

$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { No. I } & 6 \times & 9 \times & 4 & \text { each } \\ \text { " } & 8 & \$ 2.25\end{array}$
" $28 \times 12 \times 5$ " 3.25


Meat Juice Press.


Our net price each

| No. IC | Infant | \$I.00 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| ". | 2C | Family, small | 1.50 |
| ". | 2B | " | swing |
| " | 2.00 |  |  |
|  | 3B | " | large |
|  |  | 3.50 |  |

Best Quality
No. I Farm, i 5 in. dia., each, $\$ 3.60$

Fruit Press.
Breck's Private Express Egg Gase
No more broken or exchanged eggs.
Made of $3 / 4$-inch stock, heavy japanned iron corners, with brass lock and two keys.

See Special Offers on third page of cover.


## OLOTHES WASHERS, <br> Horton Water Motor Washer;

The most simple, most powerful, lightest, strongest and most durable WATER MOTOR WASHER on the market. It will work with less water pressure than any other motor and just as well with high pressure. It is self-lubricating and requires no oiling. Absolutely nothing to get out of order. Four feet of special water motor hose for inlet and four feet for outlet, with all the necessary attachments, furnished with each motor. The dasher makes a longer stroke than on other makes, requiring less time to do the same amount of work.

Our Horton No. 12 Rotary Washer and the Miracle Washers are guaranteed to be perfect in every respect. The No. 5 is the best of Lever Washers. Tubs have a large capacity and are made of the best grade Red Louisiana Cypress, handsomely finished in natural wood. If they do not prove all we claim for them they can be returned and the money paid refunded.
No. 21. Horton Water Motor Washer (see cut). Our net price, $\$ 15.00$ No. 22. " Miracle " " " " 10.00 No. 12. " Rotary " " " " 7.00 No. 5. " Lever " " " " 4.00

## Glothes Wringers.

| Name | No. | Length of roll. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bicycle | 770 | 10 in . |
| \% | 771 | 11 |
| Easy | 730 | 10 " |
| Kingston | 660 | 10 " |
| Brighton | 630 | 10 |
| Bicycle | 770 B | 10 " |
| Brighton | 630 B | 10 " |
| Pioneer | 22 | 10 in. |

## Wood Frame. <br> Length



| No. | Length of roll. | Length of warrant | . Bearings. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mfrs. price } \\ & \text { per doz. } \end{aligned}$ | Our net price each |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 770 | 10 in. | 3 years | Ball | \$76.00 | \$4.50 |
| 771 | II " |  | " | 84.00 | 5.00 |
| 730 | 10 " | ، | " | 65.00 | 3.85 |
| 660 | 10 " | 3 | Plain | 69.00 | 4.25 |
| 630 | 10 " | 1 |  | 58.00 | 3.50 |
| 770 B | 10 " | 3 " | Bench Wringer | 100.00 | 5.85 |
| 630 B | 10 " | I " |  | 82.00 | 4.75 |
| Iron Framea |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 10 in. | 1 year | Plain | 55.00 | 3.50 |

## Breck's Outside Clothes Dryers.

I. X. L. No. 45 (see illustration) 110 ft . line Japanned trimmings . . . Each, $\$ 3.25$

| ،. L. | No. | 45 | " | 150 " | " | " |  | " | 3.50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | " | 46 | " | $110 \times$ | galvanized | " | . | " | 3.50 |
| " | " | 49 50 | " | $150^{\prime \prime}$ |  | " |  | ، | 3.75 |

Bay State Outside Olothes Dryer.
Bay State Cedar Post, Arms 8 to io feet long. Painted green, each, $\$ 6.00$.


## Economy Jar.

For preserving fruit, vegetables, meat, fish, game, etc. No rubber rings, sure seal, air tight, cannot leak. Stays sealed for years.



## Breck's Egg Garrier: <br> The Breck's Egg Car-

 rier is made of pine,light and durable, locked corners, handsomely painted, japanned iron drop handle, brass hook and pasteboard cartons. 3 doz., our net price, each . . $\$ 0.45$ 5 doz., our net price, each . . . . 5 8 doz., our net price, each . . . . 65 io doz., our net price, each - . . 85 12 doz., our net price, each . . . 90Capacity, dozens • 3 Our net price, per set, $\$ 0.03 \$ 0.06 \$ 0.08 \$ 0.12 \$ 0.11$


## Globe Tubular Street Lamp No. 3.

Light is equal to $221 / 2$ candle power, actual test (U. S. Government). The ordinary gas street light is from 12 to 16 candle power. No chimney. Light equal to gas, at less cost. Patent Globe Lifter. Outside Wick Regulator. Does not smoke. Casts no shadow. Is not affected by the strongest wind. Can be regulated to burn a certain numb sr of hours. Fount holds sufficient oil to burn 24 hours

Mfrs. price. Our net price.


## Garriage Jacks.

Prescott. (See cut).

New Samson.
For all kinds of heavy Trucks, Fire Engines, etc. Strongest Jack made. Lowers automatically. Made of the best quality malleable iron.



## Rudly Harvester Oil,

Ruddy Harvester Oil is made especially for mowing machines, reapers and other kinds of farm machinery and has never failed to give satisfaction. The oil is pure, free from grit, and is warranted not to gum or injure the finest machinery. Beware of the so-called mowing machine oils usually offered by agents. By using them you will damage your machinery.

Ruddy Harvester Oil is put up in convenient cans ready for use, as follows:



## Nova Scotia Grindstones.

Only the most carefully selected Bay de Chaleur stones are used. Best quality hardwood frames.


Breck's "Victor," warranted . . . Our net price, each, \$1.00
High Grade, solid steel . . . . " " 75
Sibley Clipper . . . . . " " 77
Heavy Kush . . . . . . " . . . 75
Weed, or Bramble . . . . . " . . 75
Hay Rakes and Scythe Snaths at lowest prices.

## Ann Arbor Hay Press.

The Ann Arbor Hay Press is the result of 25 years of careful study of the baling conditions in the different parts of the country, and it is backed by over 25 years of experience in building thousands of successful presses to meet these different conditions.

Descriptive Catalogue, prices, etc., mailed on application.

## Deyo Gasoline Engines.

Deyo Engines are built throughout of the very best material obtainable for this purpose, and by expert mechanics. They are designed by men who have had long experience in the gas engine business, and know just what the user wants in a gasoline engine.

Catalogue covering complete line, prices, etc., mailed on application.
See Special Offers on third page of cover.


Our vanes are made entirely of copper, gilded with 23 carat gold leaf. They will not corrode or discolor, but remain bright and clean for many years.

The price of each vane includes Wrought Iron Spire, Cardinal Points, Letters, and Two Balls.

No. 350. Smuggler Vane, 32 in. Our net price, $\$ 16.00$
Ask for Weather Vane Catalogue - contains illustrations of more than seventy-five designs. Mailed free.

## Rice's Galf Weaner.

For preventing calves and cows sucking themselves or each other. The only weaner made giving freedom to the animal.
No. I, for calves, each, \$0.30 No. 2, I to 2 years, " .50 No. 3, for full grown $\quad .75$ By mail, No. I, 35 cents ; No. 2, 56 cents; No. 3,85 cents.


## Veterinary Supplies.

No. 7030 Teat Dilators or Plugs . . . each, $\$ 0.25$
" 7070 Plain Teat Slitter . . . " 1.00
" 7065 Three Ring Teat Slitter . . " 1.75
" 6525 Bull Punch . . . . . " 1.25
" 7058 Yale Milk Fever Outfit . . " 3.00
" 12 N Dose Syringe . . . . " 1.25
" 345B Veterinary Thermometer . . " $\mathbf{1 . 2 5}$
" 7035 Boston Teat Lance . . . " 1.25
Sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price.

## Boston Aseptic Milling Tubes.



> These tubes are as finely made as any surgical instrument. Furnished in assorted sizes.

Thoroughly cleanse in boiling hot water before and after using.
Plair in assorted sizes, our net price Each, $\$ 0.20 \quad \mid$ Self Retaining in assorted sizes, our net price, Each, $\$ 0.25$

## Genuine Swiss Cow Bells.

Can you imagine a prettier rural scene than the sight of a herd of cows as they come trooping home from the pasture at the close of a summer's day, with the favorite heifer, the pride of the herd, leading? Don't you think she deserves to be adorned with a bell, one worthy the name?

## Tumed to Acgord, with Straps

One each, 4,5 , and $61 / 4$ inch

## Not Tusned and Without Strapsi

4 inch, \$0.70
5 inch, \$I. 20
Our net price, per set, $\$ 6.00$
Our net price, each

## Bull Rings.


$\dot{S}$ Sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price.

## Stahle Fittings.

Fig. 182A Wrought Iron Hay Rack . . . . each, \$1.50
" I80A Corner Rack . . . . . . . " 2.00
" 210A Gutter . . . . . . . . perft., . 65
" 247 A Half Circle Water Trough . . . . each, II.O0
" 197A Slow Feed Manger . . . . . . " . .50
" 188A Corner Manger, $151 / 2 \times 151 / 2$. . . . " 1.20
" " $17 \times 17$. . . . " 1.25
" 245A Side Wall Trough . . . . . . " 5.75
" 254 A Harness Hook . . . . . . " . 40
" 262 A Whip Rack . . . . . . . " . 32
" 198A Salt Dish . . . . . . . " . 50
" 276A Soap Dish . . . . . . . " . 20
Complete Catalogue of Stable Fittings mailed on application.
See Special Offers on third page of cover.
Fig. 182A

 pawemem ion iniow scription, quality, productiveness
 u! aq fou IIM pue 'rims am suurld any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept
 payments therefor will be re$\underset{\text { (Corporation) }}{\text { JOSEPH }}$ SRECK


Quantity
$\qquad$



# OUR SPECIAL OFFERS 

## FREE DELIVERY ANYWHERE IN THE UNITED STATES



HERE Orders are accompanied by Cash we Deliver Free to any Post Office, Railroad, Express Office or Freight Station at our Expense, except where otherwise noted :

Vegetable and Flower Seeds at the package, ounce, $1 / 4$ pound, $1 / 2$ pound and 1 pound prices.

Bulbs at the single and dozen rates.
Books and other publications.

## IMPORTANT

Customers pay transportation charges on pints, quarts, pecks, bushels and barrels; also on farm seeds, fertilizers, insecticides, plants and shrubs, poultry supplies, sundries, implements, machines, etc.

## PRERAID POSTAGE OR EXPRESS

If Beans, Corn and Peas are to be sent by mail or express, charges prepaid, please renit, in addition to the price, at the rate of 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart.

## PACKING

We make no charge for boxes or packing of retail orders. We charge for cotton bags as follows:-2 bushels, 22c. each; 1 bushel, 15c. each; $1 / 2$ bushel, 12c. each; $1 / 4$ bushel, 8c. each; $1 / 8$ bushel, 6c. each. On flower pots and other fragile articles, packages will be charged at cost.

## PRICES

Our prices are as low as those of any reliable dealer on the same quality of goods. For large orders, or on orders for export, we will be pleased to quote special prices.

A11 Nursery stock and greenhouse plants of every description shipped direct from our Nursery and are sold f. o. b. Nursery unless special arrangement is made at time order is placed.


mina vessustss
is a worthy, and it might be said necessary, component of the home environment. A growing appreciation of the possibilities arising from the use of hardy plants in landscape decoration is beind manifested in the many calls made upon us for planting advice; and we are always glad to lend our experience to aid in the development of any landscape proposition. Send us a dimensioned sketch of the plot you wish to treat, or let us send a representative to look the ground over and make suedestions.

## Break-Robinson Nursery Company


[^0]:    All seeds we offer are carefully tested for purity and germination before being shipped. Our seed trial grounds, conducted by the Breck-Robinson Nursery Co., Munroe Station, Lexington, Mass., make careful field tests, and our customers are cordially invited to carefully examine same during the growing season.

[^1]:    Where orders are accompanied by cash WE DELIVER FREE to any Post Office, Railroad, Express Office or Freight Station at our expense, except where otherwise noted:-

    Vegetable and Flovjer Seeds at the package, ounce, $1 / 4$ pound, $1 / 2$ pound and 1 pound prices.
    Bulbs at the sinele and dozen rates
    Books and other publications.
    If Beans Corn pubicat
    ddition addition to the price, at the rate of 8 cents per pint and 15 cents per quart.

[^2]:    See Special Offers on third page of cover.

[^3]:    Customers who are interested in or intend purchasing Ornamental Shrubbery, Fruit Trees or nursery stock of any description should have our new, complete and finely illustrated Nursery Catalogue. Ready for mailing in February; free on application.

[^4]:    JOSEPH BRECK \& SONS, Boston, Mass.
    Gentlemen:-Several years ago my father always had his garden seeds from you and they never failed. Yours truly,

    MRS. FANNY W. CARTER.
    WIRE RODS or STAKES. To be used with Indestructible or other hanging label, $\$ 3.00$ per 100 . See Special Offers on third page of cover.

[^5]:    Mfrs. price, $\$ 6.00$. Our net price, $\$ 5.75$

