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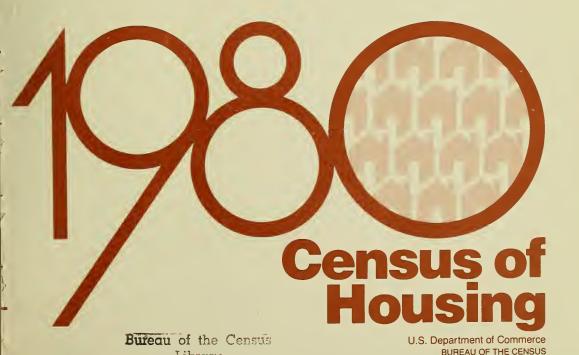
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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BLOOMINGTON, IND.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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VOLUME 2

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BLOOMINGTON, IND.

HC80-2-95

Issued November 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce
Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
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Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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GENERAL

This report is part of the Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more." it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BLOOMINGTON, IND.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISITICAL AREA HC80-2-95

Contents

Arrangement of Tables

This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as follows:

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-	Page
holders appear	IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables.	×
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places	XIV

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Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

Area	Prefix Tables 1-13 Tables 14-24 Total Total		Tables 25-35 Black	Tables 36-46 American Indian Eskimo, and Aleut	Tables 47-57 Asian and Pacific Islander	Tables 58-68 Spanish Origin	
		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Bloomington	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	Ξ	=	=	_	=

LIST OF TABLES

(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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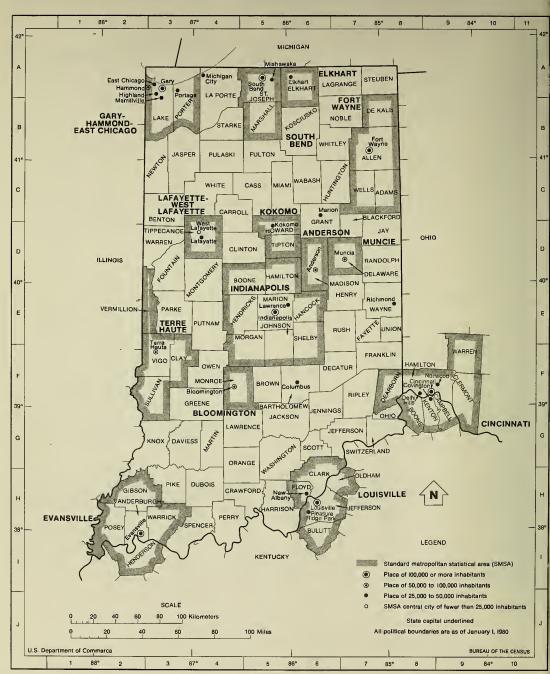
Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS						
Condominium	- 1	_ 2	3	4	_ 5	- 6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Rooms	1	2	-	-	5	6
Persons in unit	-	_	-	-	5	6
Bedrooms	1	2 2	3	4	5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Units in structure	_	2	_	_	-	-
Year structure built	1	2	-	-	5	6
Stories in structure	-	2	-	-	-	-
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS						
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	-	-
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS						
Heating equipment	1	2	3	4	5	6
Air conditioning	1	2	3	4	5	6
Vehicles available	-	-	3	4	5	
House heating fuel	_	Ξ	ა 	4	5	_
Water neeting racii						
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value	_	-		_	5	6
Price asked	_	-	-	_	~	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	_	_ !	3	_	_	
Selected monthly owner costs as			•			
percentage of household income	_	- 1	_	-	5	6
Contract rent	-	-	-	4	_	-
Gross rent	_	-	-	4		_
Rent asked		_	_	-	_	_
household income	_	2	year.	4	_	_
Mortgage status and selected monthly						
owner costs as percentage of						
household income	1	-	3	-	_	
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of						
householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	1	- 2	-	-	-	-
Income below poverty level	1	2	_	1	1	
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
American Indian, Eskimo, and	20	20	21	. 26	29	30
					40	41
Aleut	36	37	38	39	40	41
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	50 61	51 62	52 63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium Year moved into unit.	_ 7	8 8	_	_		_	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms Persons in unit Bedrooms Median rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	- 10 - -	- - - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 -	- - -	9 - -	=======================================	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel.	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	-	- - - -	-	12 - - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- - -	- - -	9 - - 9	- -	- - 11	_ 12 _	- - -
Contract rent	=======================================	_ _ _	9	- - -	11	- - 12	- - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	-	-	9	10	11	-	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7	8	_	10			
Income	7 7	8 8	9 9	Ξ	11 11	-	_
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr							
188-1	00	04	00	00	24		

White	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	- -	_
Aleut	43	44	45	46	-	-
Asian and Pacific Islander	65	55 66	67	57 68		



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



Table A - 1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Doto ore estimot	tes based on	o somple, se	e Introduction	. For meanin	g of symbols	, see Introduc	tion. For del	initions of ter	ms, see oppen	dixes A and B		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	14 133	266	1 141	2 110	3 247	2 553	1 626	2 129	558	409	94	41 100	46 100
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Marriet-couple families 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 44 years 56 years and over Mele householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 36 to 44 years 37 to 34 years 38 to 44 years 39 to 34 years 39 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 30 to 34 years 31 to 44 years 32 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 36 to 54 years 37 to 54 years 38 to 64 years 39 to 64 years 40 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 to 64 years 50 years and over	10 754 279 2 382 2 571 4 048 1 474 1 034 323 201 275 200 2 349 2 35 305 305 751 949 47.2	141 7 7 17 28 60 29 63 - 18 18 8 62 - 6 6 4 4 2 5 9 9	671 13 122 82 254 200 112 5 20 33 16 38 358 - - 15 25 120 198	1 322 69 326 262 388 277 241 1 33 72 59 547 1 11 60 50 202 224 49.9	2 474 107 704 442 903 318 210 12 71 145 49 33 563 18 95 123 195 45.1	1 987 58 414 426 758 331 172 8 8 38 45 44 37 394 69 60 137 128 47.9	1 374 10 309 391 550 114 127 - 585 25 39 5 125 - - 9 17 31 68 44.9	1 855 15 353 698 658 131 699 - 27 2 32 8 205 - 42 26 64 73 43.3	504 - 79 79 286 36 23 31 3 5 2 31 - 6 2 2 2 31 - 48.6	361 -49 121 165 26 10 -5 5 5 	65 - 9 18 26 12 3 	43 600 40 400 51 100 45 300 35 700 35 700 36 600 37 700 26 400 33 8 100 34 600 38 400 36 800 30 400 30 400	48 500 45 800 45 800 40 200 37 600 40 200 31 200 40 300 40 500 38 900 38 600 38 600 37 500 37 500 37 500 37 900 37 900 38 900
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 655 4 200 2 492 3 209 2 577	27 51 56 49 83	74 200 111 280 476	197 563 365 392 593	379 1 040 554 788 486	323 697 490 588 455	201 483 329 402 211	310 758 396 481 184	71 193 107 135 52	59 178 70 76 26	14 37 14 18	44 200 43 100 43 600 41 300 32 300	49 500 50 200 47 400 45 900 36 100
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms 8 or more rooms	187 1 596 3 832 3 539 2 169 2 810 5.9	64 97 62 30 5 8 4.2	48 410 468 165 31 19 4.7	40 575 852 452 139 52 5.0	17 297 1 475 959 350 149 5.4	11 111 592 929 535 375 6.1	7 80 230 467 470 372 6.6	21 122 447 490 1 049 7.5	- 21 55 97 385 8.1	- - 25 43 341 8.5+	- 5 10 10 9 60 8.5	14 200 24 100 33 100 41 600 50 400 67 200	19 300 26 800 34 100 43 800 53 000 72 700
BEDROOMS None	24 468 3 659 7 312 2 098 572	8 68 147 37 6	126 721 269 11	147 1 005 839 101 18	97 893 2 024 198 35	5 17 509 1 632 317 73	7 6 234 1 033 277 69	7 116 1 124 667 215	- 22 194 261 81	- 2 118 227 62	- 10 42 33 9	32 500 23 200 29 400 42 600 63 700 65 100	30 800 23 700 31 400 46 800 67 800 70 500
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Merch 1980. 1976 to 1974. 1960 to 1969. 1950 to 1959. 1940 to 1949. 1939 or earlier	1 717 2 039 4 035 2 470 959 2 913	15 5 21 50 18 157	21 43 115 140 150 672	76 204 364 306 282 878	238 601 1 012 671 207 518	280 383 853 626 152 259	292 254 563 291 50 176	476 355 805 279 65 149	147 97 185 67 12 50	138 89 92 29 14 47	34 8 25 11 9 7	57 700 45 200 45 000 41 100 31 100 26 600	63 500 51 000 50 200 43 500 36 400 32 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 less hon \$5.000. \$5,000 to \$9.999. \$12,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$20,000 to \$24,995. \$25,000 to \$24,995. \$25,000 to \$49,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999.	889 1 645 970 919 2 155 2 263 2 963 1 538 1 538 791 \$20 974 \$23 726	96 46 40 20 29 28 7 - \$8 393 \$9 933	231 313 129 96 138 125 82 27 - \$10 514 \$12 442	215 502 224 181 389 329 221 38 11 \$14 075 \$15 147	187 380 300 280 756 597 558 152 37 \$18 054 \$19 125	59 243 170 186 437 521 632 246 59 \$21 512 \$22 858	30 96 58 105 174 321 495 288 288 59 \$25 474 \$26 573	47 50 43 40 192 292 735 513 217 \$30 712 \$32 526	6 8 6 6 2 20 39 151 158 168 \$38 091 \$45 887	14 7 6 8 11 64 103 196 \$48 232 \$53 974	4 - 3 12 - 18 13 44 \$47 236 \$63 171	24 300 28 800 32 300 36 100 36 500 41 000 49 700 60 500 81 200	29 900 31 400 33 200 37 400 39 600 42 700 52 800 63 500 89 200
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 25 percent 20 to 27 percent	9 798 3 761 2 186 2 186 9 765 473 9 88 3 4 17.6 4 335 2 093 2 093 2 220 172 2 248 5 10.4	133 42 15 5 18 28 25 26 3 33 33 26 1 21 4 4 6 20 22	458 171 90 55 41 15 86 - 18.2 683 221 100 108 58 58 54 45 94 94 94 95	1 258 422 321 186 90 92 147 	2 270 733 514 353 274 135 18.8 977 524 180 137 40 30 30 30 36	1 797 712 402 229 194 92 168 	1 228 562 234 154 102 2 16.1 398 219 126 22 2 2 14 7 8 8 - 10—	1 768 711 415 301 1779 39 117 6 17.0 361 227 48 43 3 7 16 6 2 18	479 245 93 48 23 200 44 6 14.7 79 3 3 3 3	351 155: 852 45 24 48 8 32 2 5 16.1 158 33 6 6 7	56 8 8 20 4 4 3 3 - 20 10 38 16 15 - 7 7 11.0	44 100 47 400 43 100 44 200 42 900 39 600 65 000 39 600 65 000 39 000 30 400 25 000 26 600 21 100 15 400	49 300 51 100 49 700 49 300 41 200 47 500 65 700 38 700 42 700 42 700 42 700 33 100 33 100 33 600 29 600 12 800
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lucking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equippent Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	13 922 208 211 16 14 109 12 545 10 164 6 476 682 4.8	191 28 75 6 260 126 61 18 77 28.9	1 061 47 80 8 1 141 781 409 64 197 17.3	2 068 47 42 2 103 1 723 1 119 335 163 7.7	3 240 35 7 3 245 2 906 2 210 978 121 3.7	2 546 28 7 2 553 2 402 1 958 1 340 38 1.5	1 626 17 - 1 626 1 541 1 409 1 079 41 2.5	2 129 2 129 2 022 1 978 1 714 21 1.0	558 - - 558 550 541 500 6	409 6 	94 - - 94 91 87 4 4.3	41 400 26 100 14 100 15 000 41 100 42 800 46 200 53 800 24 200	46 500 29 200 15 900 13 100 46 100 48 100 51 600 59 500 29 900

Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[BOID GIE ESIMIG			in dobciron. To		symbols, see ii		I deminions o				
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollars)
Specified renter-accupied housing units	14 371	1 017	1 744	3 060	3 772	1 965	1 148	602	424	209	430	216
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	3 808	132	566	864	958	551	180	153	178	50	176	214
15 to 24 years	833 1 894	32 53	566 155 258	864 290 398	230 504	76 322	15	123	777	19	28 36	189 224 216 241 204 223 248 206 226 191 104 210 225 210 195 216
	559 345 177	5 37	72 39	131	124	41 71 41	29 26	24	69 25	30	34 45	216 241
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors and overMole householder, no wife present	4 847	307	42 520	22 23 940	73 27 1 329	641	581	216	127	99	28 36 34 45 33 87 16 29 20	204 223
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	2 177 1 930	45 133 27 21	134 298	940 341 442	584 572	313 260	405 118	216 139 59 18	103 19	99 97	16 29	248 206
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	313 243	27	53 17	34 107	78 68	39 22	37	18	5	2	20	226
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	184 5 716	81 578	18 658	16 1 256 480	27 1 485	7	21 387	233	119	- 60	8 14 167 27 31	104
15 to 24 years	2 157 1 727	81 97 52	255 211	480 427	477 631	773 328 212	268	136 27	58 41	60 47	27	225
	529 568	52 70	80 62	427 159 79	103	90 78	50 23 22	6 41	3 17	9	4 27	195
45 to 64 years65 years and over	735 27.7	278 43.2	50 28.1	111	106 27.6	65 27.4	24 24.1	23 26.0	28.8	23.6	78 39. 9	150
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT						2.1.4						
1979 to Morch 1980	9 029 4 045	522 281 151	1 158 452	1 934 900	2 291 1 218	1 244 575	804 279	415 157 30	331 78	186 23	144 82	218 215
19/0 to 19/4	769 360	151 42	452 100 19	900 153 55	156 97	82	34	30	78 15	_	48	215 185 216 186
1960 to 1969	168	42 21	15	55 18	10	56 8	13 18		-	-	78 78	186
ROOMS	657	150	294	159	33	14	_	_	_	_	7	127
2 rooms	1 853 3 642 4 771	288 322	460 577	1 143	426 989	53 317	21 164	49 181	18 21	2	5 63	166 191
4 rooms5 rooms	2 207	153 90 14	308 77 21	600 1 143 759 279	1 615 575	1 029 462	21 164 541 290 100 32	181 180	21 131	7 19	7 5 63 157 104 54 40	127 166 191 236 253 337 447
6 rooms 7 or mare rooms	799 442	_	7	105	104 30	462 54 36	100 32	180 155 37 4.9	131 161 93	31 152 7.3	54 40	337 447
Median	3.7	2.7	2.7	3.2	3.8	4.1	4.2	4.9	5.8	7.3	4.4	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 371 13 930 8 892	1 017 853 663	1 744 1 634 741	3 060 2 951 1 809	3 7 72 3 754 2 747	1 965 1 951 1 321	1 148 1 142 638	602 596 340	424 424 221	209 209	430 416 316	216 218 221
0.50 ar less 0.51 to 1.00	8 892 4 461	663 173 17	682	944	946	610	470	245	187	209 96 113	316 91	221 219
1.01 to 1.50	369 208	-	128 83 110	117	36	20	22 12	11	16	-	2	171 183
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	441 192	164 38 112	66	81 109 72	25 18 -	14 8	6 2	6	_	Ξ	7 14 6	124 132
1.01 to 1.50	225	4 !	44	37	12	6	4	6		Ξ	4 2 2	219 171 183 124 132 100 95 88
locame in 1070 below neverty level	18 4 631	10 510	720	- 005	6	518	452	170	128	- 67	119	201
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 442	442 17	738 697	985 928 79 57	935 932	506	450	179 179	128	67	113	205
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	262 189	68	125 41	57	16 3	12	12	- 1	=	-	6	205 147 131 95
BEDROOMS	7	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	~	_	73
None	862 5 297	170 563	414 858	224 1 713	33 1 542	14 433	85	- 8	15	- 5	7 75	127
2	5 297 6 238 1 601	563 206 68	858 388 72	1 713 941 166	1 542 1 941 244	433 1 333 185	85 824 233	324 231	15 64 235	5 16 51 62 75	75 201 116	188 240 302
45 or more	267 106	68	5	16	12	-	6	21 18	235 104 6	62	116 31	446 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE			ĺ									
1, detached or ottoched	2 942 897	116	194	370 271	668 267	415 133	288 26	194 65	282 24	170	245	250 213 168 208 232 186 192
2 3 ond 4 5 to 9	1 098 2 030	32 232 79 118	64 164 263	271 317 589	219 572	133 79 256 784 216	16	65 16 34	18 45 50	33	37 22	168 208
10 to 49 50 or more	4 191 2 429	118 263	386 605	812 563	1 297 510	784 216	530 138	173 120	50 5	=	41	232 186
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	784	177	68	138	239	82	13	-	-	-	67	192
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	1 056	194	130	155	224	103	83	63	35	38	31	209
1970 to 1974	2 922 5 059	198 275 95	146 341 553	462 1 165 448	1 020 1 498	494 830	361 404 80	139 226 79	35 50 114 123	4 45 53 9	48 161 37	233 223
1940 to 1949	2 101 1 205	124	210	288	428 209	205 147	107 :	35	123 30 72	53 9	37 46 107	209 233 223 191 188 194
1939 or earlier	2 028	131	364	542	393	186	113	60	72	60	107	194
1 to 3	13 288 1 083	1 000	1 228	2 639	3 662 110	1 952	1 148	596	424	209	430	222 153 187
With elevotor	1 083 483	17 17	516 11	421 363	86	13	_	6	-	-	=	187
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
	1 797 1 987	185 209 239	332 308	424 505	405 504	275 252	81 106	54 52	41 35	_ -		196
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 19 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent	1 911	130 1	1/19	505 437 243	504 495 431	252 253 237 165 275	106 154 96	54 52 75 38 103	35 75 50 43	16 34 30	:::	196 198 216 219 224 231
30 to 34 percent	1 405 1 079 1 874	67	150 94 177	237 326	296 604	165	72 252	103	43 64	2 37 90		224
Not computed	3 475 843	67 58 110 19	391 143	779 109 27.3	922	486 1	382	81 199	116	90	430	226 176
median	28.8	22.2	25.4	27.3	115 29.9	22 29.0	37.4	34.0	31.3	45.6	430	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	14 366	1 017 923	1 744 1 577	3 060 2 770	3 772	1 965 1 886	1 148	602 593	424	209 208	425	216 218
Centrol heating systemAir conditioning	14 366 13 419 9 752	423	769	2 026	3 772 3 603 2 870	1 561	937	517	394 250	116	354 283	228
Central system	5 804	239	213	855	1 585	1 239	819	411	203	96	144	249

Table A -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Uoto ore estimot	es bused oil i	o sumple, see	illiodocaon.		ousehold incor		noil, For gen	ninons or rei	ms, see oppen	iixes A ond B	1	
The SMSA				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dallars)	poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	19 129	1 393	2 381	1 413	1 403	3 019	2 848	3 731	1 895	7 046	19 918	22 966	1 061
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	14 082 508	340	1 214 48	846 65	884 95	2 353	2 452 93	3 301 43	1 770	922	22 772 16 250 20 912 26 002	26 059 16 695	384
25 to 34 years	508 3 119 3 242 5 258 1 955	50 40	48 195 91 277	65 196 140	95 218 143	147 730 428 712	93 908 607 728 116	43 541 1 008	207 545 924	72 230 522	26 002	16 695 22 083 29 696	96 80
Morried-couple tentilies	1 1 661	160 239	603 335	258 187 168	275 153 206	336 247	116 152	1 493 216 192	86 82	98 40	16 250 20 912 26 002 26 937 12 949 13 574 12 545 14 360	17 948 16 450	100
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	111 546 279	52 50 69 160 239 24 46 20	24	7 72	28 86 19 67	336 247 28 90 44	67 34	54	30		13 574 12 545 14 360 16 397	30 097 17 948 16 450 10 698 16 762 19 416	31 19
35 to 44 years	428	20 44	33 56 131	7 72 58 19		44 68 17	34 44	48 78	7 38	10 16 14	16 591	20 691	25 27
13 to 24 yeurs 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Famile householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors	297 3 386	44 105 814 20 71 16	832 28	399	313	419	244	12 238	43	84	6 843 10 294 6 833	9 131 13 295 6 276	96 80 99 100 156 31 19 25 27 54 521 28 63 21
25 to 34 years	62 474 453	71 16	832 38 111 103	3 34 132	44 57	91 79 167	55 16	38 47	13	17	13 693 12 036	16 003 13 797	63
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 095 1 302	141 566 68.9	236 344 61.7	166 64	57 127 84	82	121 52	82 71	5 22	50 17	12 589 6 136	15 446 10 661	111 298 59.7
Median age	47,0	68.9	61.7	45.0	45.7	42.0	39.0	45.7	47.1	51.0			59.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	2 557	131	314	237	246	473	371	480	206 609	99	18 614	21 571	135
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 557 5 967 3 313 3 975	131 271 191	314 530 340 443 754	434 232 239 271	246 434 255 244 224	473 999 527 592	1 094 538	480 1 233 654 907 457	363	99 363 213	18 614 21 360 20 837 21 795 13 823	21 571 24 782 24 257 24 320 17 862	135 234 135 224 333
1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	3 975 3 317	285 515	443 754	239 271	244 224	592 428	538 532 313	907 457	469 248	264 107	21 795 13 823	24 320 17 862	224 333
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		1 400			1 0/-	2.00	0.00-						
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel.	18 723 374 40 6	1 238 12 155	2 294 33 87	1 374 45 39	1 366 32 37	3 004 98 15	2 805 59 43	3 707 64 24	1 889 25 6	1 046	20 141 18 472 7 679 17 708 19 926 20 821 22 406 26 354 20 639 13 304 23 511	23 235 19 719	950 38 111
1.01 or more persons per room	25 19 102	1 393	2 371	1 407	1 403	3 017	2 848	3 731	1 886	1 046	17 708 19 926	10 557 17 189 22 966	1 058
Central heating system	16 579 13 413	998 636 190	1 816 1 293 545	1 157 901 372	1 220 8 73 434	3 017 2 661 1 919	2 848 2 502 2 059 1 151	3 394 3 085 2 172	1 803 1 664 1 402	1 028 983 886	20 821 22 406	24 058 25 873	731 501 171
Vehicles avoilable	18 181	917	545 2 108 1 250	1 347	1 345	1 088 2 984	2 840	3 703	1 891	1 046	26 354 20 639	30 260 23 793	776
2 or more	5 305 12 876	582 335	858	644 703	549 796 1 403	853 2 131 3 017	556 2 284 2 848	563 3 140	1 703	120 926	13 304 23 511	22 966 24 058 25 873 30 260 23 793 16 174 26 932 22 966 24 148 18 125	394 382
House heating fuel	19 102 9 545 1 751 3 979	1 393 685 183	2 371 1 139 280	1 407 623 145	1 403 611	3 017 1 377 332	1 412	3 731 1 948 257	1 886 1 125 101	1 046 625 30 297	19 926 21 119 16 630	24 148 18 125	1 058 475 126 117
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	3 979 2 514 1 313	128 298	289	285 258	611 143 298 242 109	655	654 278	947 330	426 165	297 70	22 580 15 359 17 715	26 547 17 844 19 788	117
Other	2 514 1 313 5.7	128 298 99 4.7	423 240 4.9	96 5.0	109 5.1	450 203 5.5	224 5.8	249 6.4	69 7.2	70 24 7. 9	17 715	19 788	244 96 5.0
Specified awner-occupied housing units	14 133	889	1 645	970	919	2 155	2 263	2 963	1 538	791	20 974	23 726	682
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
OWNER COSTS With a mortgoge Less than \$200 . \$200 to \$249 . \$250 to \$249 . \$250 to \$299 . \$300 to \$349 . \$350 to \$349 . \$350 to \$399 . \$400 to \$499 . \$500 to \$579 . \$500 to \$749 . \$750 or more Median Not martgoged Less than \$50 . \$50 to \$74 . \$75 to \$99 .	9 79 8 1 482	295 95 56	733	552 151	613 133 112	1 468 277	1 834 234	2 425 224 259	1 265 112	613 17	23 194 16 751	26 062 18 846 19 634	293
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249	1 373 1 725 1 369	56 56	733 239 192 119	136	112	262	246	259 385	84	26 39 32	18 459	19 634	52 60
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	876	56 18 19	86 42	129 91 21 21	146 89 48	300 189 149	391 292 182	385 416 254	160 156 98	32 63	21 327 23 452 24 281	22 309 24 305 26 196 30 763 37 955 39 741 50 711	293 71 52 60 31 18 30 14
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	1 556 680	22 12	86 42 35 20	_	48 59 24	207 49	306	254 472 202 151	266	63 166 81 96 93 \$476	26 476 29 734	30 763 37 955	30 14
\$600 to \$749	482 255 \$312	13 4 \$247	- \$233	\$246	2 - \$271	23 12 5282	66 25 \$308	151 62 \$341	128 59 \$407	96 93		39 741 50 711	13 4 \$270
Nat martgaged	4 335	594		\$246 418	306	\$282 687	\$308 429	\$341 53 8	\$407 273	\$476 178	14 489	18 448	380
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	50 325	30 134 274	912 13 87 289 249 173 90	34	3 13	19	19 71	19	-	- - 8	4 500 6 344 10 083	6 252 8 951 13 298 15 713 20 262 27 564	22 97 148
\$50 to \$74	1 133 1 141 844	81	249 173	34 105 187 56	13 78 97 54 35 20	166 209 171 102 9	151 123	108 127	34 31 96	9	13 879	15 713 20 262	61 43 12
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	585 186	46 12 11	90	35 1	35 20	102	49 10	113 127 30	66 40	12 69 59 21	16 987 21 542 37 138 28 750	27 564 41 634 39 236	
\$250 or more	844 585 186 71 \$114	\$87	\$107	\$109	\$115	7 \$118	\$121	14 \$128	\$144	21 \$193	28 750	39 236	6 \$88
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY													
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage	9 798 3 761 2 186	295	733 28	552 39 80	613 53	1 468 307 408	1 834 631 590	2 425 1 268 631 308	1 265 893	613 542 59	23 194 31 269 23 425	26 062 36 053 25 263 21 316	293
15 to 19 percent	1 380	2 2	50 75	102	53 123 147	331	330	631 308	893 243 79	6	23 194 31 269 23 425 20 485 17 729 12 460	25 263 21 316 18 552 14 324	7 8
30 to 34 percent	976 473 988	10 16 231	733 28 50 75 86 128 366	150 94 87	149 51 90	242 90 90	148 64 71	150 28 40	35 2 13	6	17 729 12 460 8 199	18 552 14 324 10 425	22 222
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent Work of the mortgage Not computed Not computed Not mortgaged. Less than 10 percent	34 17.6	34 50+	35.0	26.8	24.4	20.3	17.4	14.7	12.1	10—	2500—	-1 908	34 50+
Not mortgaged	4 335 2 093	594	912 37	418 80	306 124	687 493	4 29 399	538 506	2 73 273	178 173	14 489	18 448 28 905	389
Nor inorgoged. Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent	846 519	13 42	189 356	274	134 42	174	25 5	32		1/3	23 673 12 016 8 187	18 448 28 905 13 075 8 516 6 256	7 30
20 to 24 percent	846 519 232 220 172 248	13 42 79 106 118 225	189 356 143 108 54 23	61 3	- 6	13 7 —	Ē	-	-	Ξ	6 051 5 096	D U32 .	30 18 64 68 194
	172 248	118 225	54 23	, =	=	-	-	_		Ξ	4 322 2500	4 465 2 623 3 202	194
Not computed	10.4	3 32.0	18.2	12.4	11.1	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	2500—	3 202	3 35 3

Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	14 823	4 328	4 342	1 742	1 286	1 545	717	635	213	15	8 444	10 156	4 730
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 24 years 45 to 44 years 45 to 44 years 45 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 34 years 56 years and over 15 to 34 years 56 to 34 years 57 to 34 years 58 to 59 t	4 012 866 2 001 599 355 191 1 976 315 2 217 1 88 5 840 2 169 2 169 5 541 611 761 227.8	539 156 283 77 75 8 81 17 1 580 821 506 72 86 955 2 209 1 019 040 156 166 166 166	1 039 317 444 85 79 114 1 385 713 558 30 43 41 1 918 702 699 148 184 185 26.8	536 1336 281 50 37 32 543 247 215 43 29 9 9 663 191 256 89 79	574 135 297 1000 36 6 6 333 101 191 51 20 - 349 115 125 555 31 23	569 104 341 74 42 8 516 181 278 22 21 14 460 97 75 152 75	344 5 214 58 67 	299 13 120 98 98 62 62 6 241 59 100 45 37 - 95 21 29 4 4 3 4 7	103 	9 - 6 3 - 6	11 996 9 398 12 433 14 737 16 411 8 521 7 926 6 753 9 292 13 113 9 844 9 772 6 629 5 354 9 128 9 056 4 651	9 721 13 018 17 591 17 096 10 611 10 039 8 455 10 861 14 976 12 051 8 901 6 425 9 137 10 327 7 060	675 190 330 119 28 8 1 754 1 167 428 42 68 49 2 301 1 308 42 2 42 162 149 2 250
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	27.8	26.0	26.8	27.9	28.4	29.3	31.9	34.0	36.7	41.3	•••	•••	24.4
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	9 248 4 196 805 387 187	2 864 1 048 223 102 91	2 891 1 093 228 79 51	1 047 549 72 68 6	756 437 48 36 9	889 530 93 16 17	333 2 ⁵ 6 89 35 4	341 199 46 40 9	121 78 6 8	6 6 - 3 -	7 752 9 829 8 775 10 460 5 149	9 497 11 288 11 156 12 782 7 603	3 317 1 090 193 77 53
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for axclusive uss 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking camplere plumbing for axclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	14 361 9 183 4 597 373 208 462 199 229 6 28	4 108 2 881 1 049 127 51 220 97 123	4 184 2 698 1 369 71 46 158 83 51 6	1 718 1 014 601 50 53 24 3 21	1 257 700 491 47 19 29 14 15	1 527 1 011 488 20 8 18 2 6	707 365 317 3 222 10 -	635 367 220 48 - - - -	210 138 56 7 9 3 -	15 9 6 	8 571 7 955 9 557 9 347 10 330 5 340 5 120 4 614 6 250 8 750	10 277 9 874 11 927 10 747 10 627 6 406 5 488 6 824 5 382 9 734	4 536 2 569 1 705 178 84 194 90 100 4
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heading equipment Centrol heading system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles ovailable 1 2 or more House heating fivel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, krosene, etc. Other Median rooms	14 818 13 736 9 931 5 862 12 424 8 094 4 330 14 818 7 028 416 5 356 909 1 109	4 328 3 976 2 624 1 263 2 898 2 401 4 328 1 847 1 711 231 4 12 3 3 0	4 337 3 975 2 850 1 707 3 670 2 674 4 337 2 050 4 337 2 050 112 1 561 272 342 3.6	1 742 1 630 1 283 835 1 612 1 004 608 1 742 806 50 647 97 142 3.9	1 286 1 221 920 596 1 222 794 428 1 286 665 35 397 75 114	1 545 1 435 1 057 653 1 471 700 771 1 545 847 32 506 90 90 4.2	717 672 556 347 704 239 465 717 361 21 259 65	635 611 489 341 629 211 418 635 375 18 154 73 15 4.6	213 201 143 114 203 71 132 213 77 21 106 6	15 15 9 6 15 - 15 15 - - 15 - - 4.8	8 443 8 543 9 010 9 876 9 503 8 031 12 874 8 443 9 069 8 893 7 570 9 152 7 001	10 157 10 247 10 648 11 469 11 096 9 162 14 712 10 157 10 649 10 945 9 843 10 858 7 678	4 730 4 394 2 945 1 630 3 471 2 376 1 095 4 730 2 266 97 1 736 2 34 397 3,4
Specified renter-accupied housing units	14 371	4 216	4 227	1 693	1 235	1 494	683	6 04	204	15	8 385	10 108	4 631
CONTRACT RENT Lass film 5100 5100 to 5149 5150 to 5149 5200 to 5249 5200 to 5259 5400 to 5459 5400 to 5459 600 or more No cosh rent Medion	1 479 2 838 4 729 2 323 1 589 568 182 157 76 430 \$177	877 1 116 1 220 549 207 46 21 8 7 165 \$151	387 908 1 545 576 481 136 66 43 8 77 \$173	101 331 564 329 237 40 9 - 20 62 \$184	45 139 509 299 134 55 17 8 29 \$191	41 190 464 309 227 114 34 38 12 65 \$203	20 106 204 120 125 76 10 18 - 4 \$204	8 39 184 102 134 74 23 19 7 14 \$220	9 27 39 44 27 2 23 22 11 \$281	- 12 - - - - - - 3 \$170	4 461 6 683 8 665 10 277 11 123 15 292 11 111 16 434 16 500 7 119	5 694 7 692 10 037 11 213 13 201 16 427 12 982 18 724 20 046 10 148	664 1 065 1 209 7 20 527 148 83 61 35 119 \$170
GROSS RENT Less them \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$250 to \$299 \$250 to \$299 \$250 to \$299 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$500 or more Median GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	1 017 1 744 3 060 3 772 1 965 1 148 602 424 209 430 \$216	708 791 1 039 922 333 169 57 25 7 165 \$180	234 590 946 1 231 502 352 150 84 61 77 \$211	38 173 423 426 297 170 66 16 22 62 \$224	14 81 237 454 208 77 92 43 	23 65 228 396 289 204 89 98 37 65 \$250	30 103 181 150 83 62 52 18 4 \$257	14 68 130 166 57 64 65 26 14 \$277	16 20 20 36 22 41 38 11 \$360	12 	4 048 5 673 7 522 8 851 11 242 10 779 13 261 17 444 16 394 7 119	4 675 6 452 8 594 10 246 12 584 12 670 14 703 18 548 18 929 10 148	510 738 985 935 518 452 179 128 67 119 \$201
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 50 percent 50 percent Most computed Medion	1 797 1 987 1 911 1 405 1 079 1 874 3 475 843 28.8	11 104 209 143 134 392 2 645 578 50+	115 387 457 588 624 1 178 801 77 34.2	164 303 370 407 153 205 29 62 24.7	134 368 439 117 110 38 - 29 21.2	348 571 280 113 56 61 - 65 18.2	403 159 92 23 2 - 4 14.1	455 79 42 14 - - 14 12.4	155 16 22 - - - 11 11.1	12 - - - - 3 10-	21 964 13 855 11 956 9 806 8 407 6 756 3 434 2500—	22 508 14 095 12 274 10 008 8 748 7 166 3 489 5 098	40 100 224 144 203 607 2 781 532 50+

Table A - 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Outo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

									e oppendixes A	5110 0)	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 798	1 482	1 373	1 725	1 369	876	1 556	680	482	255	312
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person 2 persons 3 persons	?ns 2 648	291 451	210 410	113 491	69 353	203	74 427	45 178	39 78	57 37	238 297 298 340 345 328
4 persons	2 648 2 252 2 531 1 043	331 282	412 179 118	396 470 180	353 307 416 149	203 256 263 73 17	298 442 222	127 236	88 161 70	37 82 72	298 340
5 persons6 persons	284	282 88 12	29 (180 66	149	73 17	222 62	236 71 14 9	70 21 17		345 328
7 persons 8 or more persons	78 57 3.10	12	8 7	7 2	6		62 17 14	_	17 8	2 5	425 338
Medion	3.10	2.50	2.66	3.15	3.36	3.17	3.43	3.42	3.72	3.91	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			255								
Morried-couple families	7 922 276	1 031	30	1 404 56	1 198 59	739 24 194	1 356 52	576 3	418	245 15	324 314
15 to 24 years	2 252 2 344 2 755	35 167 210	200	485 375	59 335 394	214 303	52 489 471	210 172	93 213	57 95 72	338 349
45 to 64 years65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present	2 252 2 344 2 755 295 673 25 304 156 163 25	499 120 106	955 30 222 200 429 74 98 11	459 29 128	369 41 81	4 (328 16 99	191	105 5	72 6 10	324 314 338 349 299 219 303 259 301 366 302 185
Note householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	673 25	~ [98	8	- 1	68 6 21	- 1	59 	24	-	303 259
	304 156	55 12 21 18	32 19 31	64 27 29	53 10	21 31 10	44 14 41	24 22 13	16	5 5	301 366
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	163 25	21 18	5	_	16	-	- 1	-	2	_	302 185
45 to 64 years	1 203 29	345	320 10	193 9	53 10 16 2 90 10 16 33 23	69	101	45	40	-	240 275 295 248
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	29 296 262	25 44	10 63 90 120	67 51	16 33	37 13 19	46 18 25	12 13 20	30		295 248
45 to 64 years65 years and over	441 175	163 113 49.9		61 5	A I	- i	12 1	-	10	_	224 142
Median ege	40.6	49.9	45.3	38.9	38.9	41.2	37.4	38.4	39.2	38.5	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT		100	107	150	20	145	252		100		
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	1 456 3 700 1 900	102 260	127 391 308 424	159 684 411	92 562	165 342 209 130	359 780 228 164	203 348	183 192	66	417 346
1900 to 1909	2 104	260 241 581	308 424	397	562 361 300	209 130	228 164	348 78 44	36 50 21	28 14	346 299 256
	638	298	123	74	54	30	25	7	21	6	209
ROOMS	77	33	11	14	10				7		225
1 to 3 rooms	800	33 316 551	183 528	16 144 465	10 57 286	40	37 152	23 30	17		225 223 254 295 349 430
5 rooms6 rooms	2 229 2 494 1 735 2 463	396	340 176 135	564 294 242	418 271 327	194	369	122	59	30	295
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	2 463	396 133 53 5.2	135 5.4	242	327	194 196 200 246 6.5	369 363 635 7.1	122 165 340 7.5	125 274	211	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	6.2	5.2	5.4	5.9	6.3	6.5	7.1	7.5	7.8	8.5+	
1975 to Morch 1980	1 535	43	123	130	177	95	403	257	192	115	444
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	1 535 1 791 3 096	43 117 397	221 402	130 390 606	264 578	95 196 315 157	403 277 500 230	149 148	110 108	67 42 12	332
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	1 508 530	366 92	216 144	279 131	185 53 112	157 60	230	35 13 78	28	12	444 332 312 281 261 238
1939 or earlier	1 338	467	267	189	112	53	20 126	78	13 31	4 15	238
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	133 458	100 214	118	8 95	13	6 7	11	- - 7		_	164 206
\$10,000 to \$19,999	1 258 2 270 1 797 1 228 1 768	385 368 201	324 468 269	315 576 379	13 128 373 362	40 236 189	49 203	7 44	10	-	206 238 276 307 347 431 472
\$50,000 to \$50,000	1 797 1 228	146	269 102 77	214	161	189 144 174	295 265	78 86	17 96 178	7 14	307 347
\$60,000 to \$79,999	1 768 479 351	55 10	77 6	111 18	289 34 3	174 68 12	49 203 295 265 534 128 67	44 78 86 283 117	178 83 91	14 67 15 104	431 472
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	351 56	3		6 3	-	-	-	65	5	l 48 l	632 750+
Medion	56 \$44 100	\$30 900	\$34 600	\$37 500	\$44 500	\$47 100	\$57 600	\$66 800	\$73 700	\$112 500	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
less than 15 percent	3 761 2 186	970	653	735 401	515	240 250	378 401	152 139	83 71	35	268
15 to 19 percent	2 186 1 380	226 109	653 267 139 93	217	515 379 152 122	161	401 336 217	120	131	15	326 373
30 to 34 percent	1 380 976 473 988	69 37 69	93 83 130	150 69 146	122 57 144	86 52 81	217 67 157	120 46 98	78 44	35 52 15 41 18 94	268 326 373 381 342 353 325
Not computed	34	2	8	7	- 1	6	-	5	69	-	353 325
Median	17.6	12.1	15.6	16.5	17.2	18.9	20.0	21.9	23.2	28.1	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	9 781	1 474	1 373	1 725	1 369	876	1 556	680	432	246	312
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	282	52 1 005	1 373 24 973	50	29	30 679	63	15	2	17	326
Other built-in electric units	7 430 1 080 108	137	213	1 237 219	1 038 195	89	1 265 148	596 55	432 10	205 14	293
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace Other means	881	244 929	18	32 187	107	71	71	14	32	10	264
Air conditioning	7 389 4 999	929 423 506	869 443 426	1 189 654 535	1 024 674 350	707 504 203 876	1 353 1 124 229	532	465 407	244 238	380
Centrol system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	4 999 2 390 9 781	1 474	1 373	1 725	1 369	203 876	1 556	14 609 532 77 680 322	58 482	246 127	312
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	5 303 690	913 87 175	719 117	874 210	761 94	556 59	805 80	322 13	226	11 {	284
Electricity	2 418 831 539	175 1 8 3 116	303 142 92	336 192 , 113	302 132 80	556 59 198 20 43	1 556 805 80 491 117	314 26 5	199 19 19	100	312 324 293 250 264 335 380 275 312 310 284 373 274 277
Other	539	116	92	, 113	80	43	63	5	19	8	277

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. for definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Dato die esimiote.					introduction, for				
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	4 335	50	325	1 133	1 141	844	585	186	71	114
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	1 119 2 020	29 14	176 102	422 409	220 642	133 438	96 299	22 95	21 21	119
3 persons	2 020 628 345 159	14 7	102 24	409 161 75 48	642 178 80 21	438 152 82	49 84	95 39 12	21 18	119 117 128 129 126 98 175
4 persons5 persons	345 159	_	7 7 9	75 48	80	82	84	12	5 6	128
6 persons	4]	-	9	ii	-	23 16	42 5	_	-	126
7 persons 8 or more persons	13 10	=		7		1 -	10	6	_	98 175
Medion	2.02	1.36	1.42	1.85	2.05	2.16	2.16	2.25	2.19	.,,
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Morried-couple fomilies	2 832	12	128	632	844	583	445	144	44	119
15 to 24 years	3	-	- 1	3	-	-	-		-	88
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	130 227	2	19	53 39	18	21 25	11	14	6 11	138
45 10 64 years	1 293 1 179	.=	19 22 27 60	277 260	39 413 374	284 253	181	96	15 12	121
65 years and over Mala hauseholder, no wife presont 15 to 24 years	1 179 357	10 30	60 1 76	260 94	374 61	253 43	77 181 176 43	96 34 10	12	117
15 to 24 years		7	6	-	-	- "-	-	-	-	63
25 to 44 years	6 19 45	1	- 5 7	4 13	2 6	9	6 7	5	-	119
	112	17	7	28 I	14 39 23 6	18	28		-	119 88 96 138 121 117 94 63 91 119 107 87 104 250+ 129 141
65 years and overFemale housahaldar, no husband present	175 1 146	6 8	58 121	49 407	236	16 218	2 97	5 32	27	104
15 to 24 years	6	-	-	-		_	-	-	6	250+
25 to 34 years	47	_	4	- 5	-	3 23	2 13 23 59	- 2	Ξ1	129
35 to 44 years	310	2	32 85	86	100 132	43 149	23	19	.5	109
65 years and over	774 64.6	6 58.5	69. 7	316 66.6	132 64.4	64.8	60.7	11 58.5	16 58.5	98
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	01.0	55.5	•	55.5		01.0	•	55.5	50.5	
1979 to Morch 1980	199	9	8	50	22	£1	20		19	124
1975 to 1978	500	13	34	58 97	158	51 124	38 53	10	13 11	117
1970 to 1974	592	3 15	46	162	109	97 167	118 175	46 64	11	119
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 105 1 939	10	46 81 156	162 305 511	273 579	405	201	66	25 11	126 117 119 114 113
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	110	23	13	40	22	12	_		_	87
4 rooms	796	14 [13 133 114	315	194	106	18	11	5	95
5 rooms	1 603 1 045	6 5	114	466 200	584	267	129	30	.7	109
6 rooms 7 rooms	434 1		32 13 20	87 i	584 232 76	106 267 274 128	129 264 79 95	30 28 28	5 7 10 23	87 95 109 130 133 169
7 rooms	347 5.3	2	20 4.6	25 5.0	33 5.1	57	95	89	26 7.1	
Median	3.3	3.6	4.0	3.0	3.1	5.6	6.1	7.4	7.1	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	182 248	7	10	22	39	69	17	5 15	13 11	130
1960 to 1969	939	_	54	204	39 20 232 296 125	69 60 198 196 89	70 172 161 28 137	60 60	19 16	130 138 123 121 105
1950 to 1959	962 429	23	28	182	296	196	161	60	16	121
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	1 575	20	54 28 27 199	65 204 182 160 500	429	232	137	46	12	104
VALUE				-						
Less than \$10,000	133 683	34	26	28	34	_	11	-	_	81 96 101 110 121 149 151 193 232 250+
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	683 852	5	26 139 93 37 27	236 320	34 196 249 304	95	10	7 2	_ 5	.96
\$30,000 to \$39,999	977		37	320 324	249 304	190	26 97	25	- -	110
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	756 398 361	- 2 9	27	324 155	235 74 42 7	150 190 191 79 103	28 97 125 168 121	25 15 27 63 33	6	121
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999	398		3	38 32	/4 42	103	121	63	_	151
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	79 I	-	-	-	7	11	25	33	_3	193
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	58 38		-			20	= =	14	24 33	232
Median	\$34 300	\$10000-	\$19 800	\$29 000	\$32 800	\$39 200	\$51 000	\$66 700	\$144 800	
SELECTED MONTHLY DWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	0.000	^-	100	ç.,		400	000	110		17
Less than 10 percent	2 093 846	26	130 58 42 21	511 184	557 259	, 433 , 171 74 62	295 125	119 17	22 25	117 117 111 106 105 96 113 54
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	846 519	7 9	42	184 136 80	159	74	67 16	32	=	111
20 to 24 percent	232 220	6	21	80 66	259 159 39 53 21 53	44	14	1	7 6	106
30 to 34 percent	220 172 248	-	33 20 18	66 77 79	21	8 52	39 29	2 11	5	96
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	248	- 2	18	/9		52	29	"_	6	113
Medion	10.4	10	12.7	11.5	10.3	10—	10-	10	12.7	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	4 328	50	318	1 133 55	1 141 39	844	58 5	186	71	115
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	210 3 157	5 6	167	55 744	39 881	844 33 639 59	58 492	14	- 68	125
Other built-in electric units	189	-	15 27	43 23	59	59	8	5	-	115
Other means	89 683	39	27 103	23 268	59 30 132	9 104	27	- 7	- 3	94
Air conditioning	2 775	5 5	136	517	806 1	592	478	175	66	123
Air canditioning Central system 1 or more individual raam units	1 477	5	17 119	517 159 358	400 406	592 377 215	320 158	136	66 63	135
House heating fuel	2 775 1 477 1 298 4 328	50	318	1 133	1 141	RAA	585	186	71	115
House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	2 803 358 391	50 16 8	209	753	797	471	390 54 41	120	71 47	113
	391	- 1	16 17	72	85	141	54 41	186 120 17 19 30	5 16	129
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	520 256	4 22	27 49	1 133 753 72 72 72 121 115	1 141 797 109 85 117 33	471 77 141 135 20	86 14	30	3	115 125 119 115 94 123 135 111 115 113 119 129 123
	230	22	49	115	53	20	14		3	6/

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	·	0	vner-occupied h	nousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h			
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	19 129	2 799	3 087	5 343	4 115	3 785	14 823	1 065	2 959	5 120	3 472	2 199
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	14 082	2 234	2 503 153	4 102	3 004	2 239	4 012	282	730	1 446	1 053	501
	508 3 119 3 242	153 809 597	153 808 737	127 614 1 141	48 474 425	27 414	866 2 001	79 73 43 39	181 368	329 665 242	212 598 130	65 297 89
35 to 44 years	3 242 5 258 1 955 1 661	556 119	651 154	1 788	1 513 544	342 750 706	599 355 191	48	368 95 72 14	138	76 37	30 20
65 years and over	1 111	232	180 12	432 474 72	355 20	706 420 7	4 971 2 217	329 122	905 433	72 1 813 842	1 167 496	30 20 757 324 323 37 51
25 to 34 years	546 279	139 52 38	73 36 43 16 404 14	143 95 120	20 83 73 102	108 23 125	1 996 315 255	115 40 14	323 43 63	701 139 63	534 56	323 37
25 to 34 Years	428 297 3 386	333	16 404	767	77 756	157	5 840	38 454	43 1 324	1 869	64 17 1 252	22
	62 474 453	16 80 84	14 143	25 103 144	102	7 46 50	2 169 1 7 58	129 102	508 358	650 554 214	529 465 99	22 941 353 279
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 095 1 302	124 29 37.0	143 87 92 68	297 198	88 246 320	336	1 758 541 611 761 27.8	40 32 151	106 153 199	214 225 226	115 44	82 86 141
Median age	47.0	37.0	38.5	46.5	54.0	687 59.7	27.8	30.6	27.6	27.9	27.2	28.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	2 557 5 967	959 1 840	421 1 177	531 1 443	375 765	271 742	9 248 4 196	932 133	1 816 957	3 151 1 410 319	2 217 984	1 132 712
1970 to 1974	2 557 5 967 3 313 3 975 3 317		1 489	871 2 498	562 896	391 581	805 387 187	Ξ.	186	319 248	164 67 40	136 72 147
1959 or earlier	3 317		-	-	1 517	1 800	187	-	-	-	40	147
1 room 2 rooms	47 40 372	4 8	10 15	12 14 110	14	7 3	657 1 884	22 61 427	38 403	202 555 1 210	282 551 922	113 314
3 rooms	372 3 066 5 162	31 338 577	90 465	110 746	73 687 1 360	68 830 1 186	3 682 4 894 2 341	427 284 188	656 1 203 492	2 086	922 795 458	467 526 443
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	4 400 6 042 5.7	679 1 162	786 637 1 084	746 1 253 1 153 2 055	1 025 956	906 785	853	58 25	110 57	760 206 109	311	168 168 3.9
Median	5.7	6.2	5.8	6.0	5.4	5.3	512 3.7	3.6	3.8	3.8	153 3.5	3.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 723 12 697	2 789 1 784	3 067 1 667	5 286 3 598	4 004 2 871	3 577 2 777 735	14 361 9 183	1 0 37 667	2 949 1 989	5 064 3 279 1 567	3 343	1 968
	5 652 312	1 784 969 32	1 280	1 610 71 7	1 058	735 59	9 183 4 597 373 208	361	848 64	1 567 153 65	1 916 1 241 118	1 968 1 332 580 29 27
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	62 406	10	99 21 20	57	51 24 111	6 208	462	28	48 10	64	68 12 9	231
0.31 to 1.00	237 144 23	3	16	33 24	60 38 13	133 63 10	199 229	12 16	10	8 50	43 74	136
1.51 or more	2	=	Ξ	=	-	2	28	Ξ	-	6	12	10
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons	2 974	287	293	682	716	996 1 500 606	6 171	462	1 290	2 033 1 874 674	1 410	976
2 persons	6 533 3 807 3 601	795 598 777	812 627 782	1 822 1 044 1 170	1 604 932 453	606 419	4 945 2 021 1 062	326 146 101	898 420 274	674 308	1 160 531 217	687 250 162
5 persons6 or more persons	1 562 652	254 88	393 180	457 168	453 272 138 2.34	186 78	438 186	30	56 21	161 78	113 41 1.78	78 46
Medion Total persons	2.52 54 757	3.03 8 823	3.20 10 295	2.66 15 778	2.34 10 908	2.10 8 953	1.75 28 927	1.72 2 027	1.71 5 641	1.78 10 133	1.78 6 807	1.68
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottached	16 614	2 205	2 378	4 550	3 876	3 605	3 394	145	270	612	1 336	1 031
2	252 204 102	31 87	22 49 12	59 17	54 24 20 34	86 27	807	59 68 147	167 163 418	187 379 795	243 251 294	241 237 376
3 and 4	166	33 34	12	16 53	20 34	21 33	1 098 2 030 4 191 2 429	147 355 193	418 1 121 679 141	1 890	628	197
Mabile home or trailer, etc.	18 1 773	409	12 602	648	101	13	2 429 784	193 98	141	947 318	537 183	73 44
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment 5team or hot water system	19 102	2 790 13	3 084	5 334 251	4 115 147	3 779 108	14 818	1 065 14	2 959	5 123	3 472	2 199
Centrol warm-air fumace or electric heat pump	553 14 126 1 643	2 092 416	34 2 058 629	4 103	147 3 141 182	2 732 86	14 818 1 667 9 544 2 294	728 266	71 2 099 675	536 3 325	753 2 028 272	293 1 364 119
Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	1 643 257 2 523	263	15 348	330 91 559	106 539	39 814	1 082	13 44	8 106	962 87 213	272 59 360	64 359
Air conditioning	13 413 8 240 5 173	2 207 1 861 346	2 373 1 504 869	4 106 2 778 1 328	2 811 1 586 1 225	1 916 511 1 405	9 931 5 862 4 069	901 700	2 449 1 875 574	4 072 2 601	1 746 561 1 185	125
Central system 1 or more individual room units Hause heating fuel	19 102	2 790	3 084	1 328 5 334 2 970	1 225 4 115 2 547 387	2 770 1	4 069 14 818 7 028	201 1 065	2 959	1 471 5 123 2 088	3 472 1 993	638 2 199 1 549
Utility gos	9 545 1 751 3 979	476 57 1 948	1 085 340 1 125	620 510	387 274	347 122	416 5 356	243 32 738	1 155 43 1 628	143 2 237	93 578	105 175 224
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	3 979 2 514 1 313	82 227	315 219	939 295 21 6	659 248	2 467 347 122 519 324	909 1 109	47 5	84 49	308 347	246 562 1 201	146
Percent below poverty level	7 061 5.5	61 2.2	113 3.7	216 4.0	245 6.0	426 11.3	4 730 31.9	294 27.6	998 33.7	1 455 28.4	34.6	782 35.6
HOUSENOLO INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 393	63	125	284	283	638	4 328	344 310	923 832	1 298 1 465	1 109	654 699
\$10,000 to \$12,499	2 381 1 413 1 403	151 230 200	317 158 302	504 308 380	571 342 273	838 375 248	4 328 4 342 1 742 1 286 1 545 717	124	832 328 229 326	718	1 036 384 261	188
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	1 403 3 019 2 848	424 462	302 588 525	820	683 601	248 504 468	1 545 717	126 83 26 27 25	326 151	467 579 286	261 334 147	203 223 107
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	3 731 1 895 1 046	683 355 231	619 267 186	1 215 700 340	768 407 187	446 166 102	635 213 15		151 111 47 12	236 76	147 173 28	37
\$50,000 or more Median	\$19 918 \$22 966	\$23 705 \$28 232	\$20 439 \$23 576	\$22 193 \$25 327	\$19 205 \$22 019	\$12 918 \$16 269	\$8 444 \$10 156	\$7 510 \$9 530	\$8 463 \$10 310	\$9 208 \$10 686	\$8 037 \$9 615	\$7 908 \$9 871
	722 700	720 202	720 070	420 027	422 VII	7.0 207	Ţ.5 150	7. 000				

Table A -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	-	Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or ottached	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mabile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	19 129 337	16 614 196	742	1 773	14 823 166	3 394 19	897	1 098	2 030 38	4 191 16	2 429 93	784
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families	14 082	12 701	323	1 058 190	4 012	1 258	234	214	480	671 191	871 251	284
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	508 3 119 3 242	296 2 678 3 045	323 22 99 36 122	342 161	866 2 001 599	115 684 268	41 137 34	46 77 46	480 100 267 65	281 66	438 105	122 117 15 29
45 to 64 years65 years and over	5 258 1 955	4 879 1 803	122 44	257 108 309	355	121 70	22	46 38 7	31 17	57 76	57 20 590 211 241	11
Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 661 111 546	1 218 31 375	44 134 34 59 17	309 46 112	4 971 2 217 1 996	960 433 371	319 105 175	310 109 143	701 314 319	1 814 993 592	211 241	277 52 155 33 20 17 223 94 83 21
35 to 44 years	279 428 297	222 329	17 16	40 83 28	315 255	64 61 31	18 19 2	11 34 13	18 17	101 82	70 22	33 20
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Fermole householder, no husbond present	3 386	261 2 695	285	406	188 5 840	1 176	2 344 135 113	13 574 195 155	33 849	1 706	70 22 46 968 245 322 88	17 223
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	62 474 453	43 316 357	58 14	13 100 82	2 169 1 758 541	391 340 128	27	155	293 288 86	816 457 133	322 88	83 21
45 to 64 years	1 095 1 302	861 1 118	96 111	138	541 611 761 27. 8	179 138	48 21	58 60 106 28.5	91 91	111 189	106 207	
Medion age	47.0 2 557	47.8 1 889	46.9 175	37.6 493	27.8 9 248	29.4 1 843	27.9	28.5 600	27.8 1 226	25.6 2 807	28.6 1 621	27.3 559
1975 to 1978	5 967 3 313 3 975	4 941 2 897 3 687	280 98 82	746 318	4 196	1 042	592 259 16	313 97	672 85	1 092 200	657 129	161 13 51
1959 or earlier	3 975 3 317	3 687 3 200	82 107	206 10	805 387 187	265 129 115	6 24	63 25	36 11	80 12	22	51
ROOMS 1 room	47	26	8	13	657	59	6	53	180	177	182	
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	40 372 3 066	28 185 1 899	56 229	12 131 938 547	1 884 3 682 4 894	126 391 900	52 224 376	163 334 291	231 452 681	705 1 421 1 412	182 501 686 866 170	106 174 368 128 5
5 rooms6 rooms	5 162 4 400	4 443 4 194	229 172 109	97	2 341	939 540 439	171 50 18 3.9	204 44	452 681 343 124	386 72	18	128
7 or more rooms	6 042 5.7	5 839 5.9	168 5.0	35 4.3	853 512 3.7	439 4.7	18 3.9	3.5	19 3.7	18 3.4	3.3	3.8
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 72 3 12 697	16 296 11 193	6 95 532	1 732 972	14 361 9 183	3 305 2 060	868 644	1 030 625	1 905 1 220	4 077 2 828	2 415 1 336	761 470
1.01 to 1.50	5 652 312	4 854 203	150 7	972 648 102	4 597 373	2 060 1 153 67	208 16	385 20	643	1 144 54	1 336 795 172 112	761 470 269 22
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	62 406 237	46 318 179 114	6 47 37	10 41 21 20	208 462 199	25 89	29	68	20 125 44	51 114	112 14	23
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	144 23	114 23	10	20	229	40 27 4	12 15 2	42 26	81 -	55 49	14	6 17
1.51 or moreBEDROOMS	2	2	-	-	28	18	-	-	-	10	-	-
None	47 768	26 568 4 430	8 99 336	13 101 1 216	870 5 380 6 439 1 718	83 662	19 336 404	65 534 348	214 698 880	230 2 052 1 701	259 884 1 213 73	214 459 111
3	5 982 9 082 2 545	4 430 8 464 2 477	206 47	412	1 718 304	1 434 877 243	116	135 16	208	198	73	111
5 or more	2 545 705	649	46	21 10	304 112	243 95	12 10	-	23 7	-	-	-
Less than \$5,000	1 393 2 381	1 109 1 920	88 108	196 353 199	4 328 4 342 1 742	603 913	211 260 115	414 373	618 629	1 233	916 691	333 187
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 413 1 403 3 019	1 147 1 067 2 522	67 61 115	275 382	1 286 1 545	389 346 536	106	88 77 94	254 158 215 72	508 338 415	310 179 147 79	187 78 82 39 37
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	2 848 3 731 1 895	2 539 3 473	96 129 31 47	213 129	717	286 232	41 43 16	26 17 9	72 64 20	176 189	79 68 39	37 22 6
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare	1 895 1 046 \$19 918	1 846 991 \$20 993	31 47 \$16 780	18 8	635 213 15 \$8 444	86 3 \$11 163	16 6 \$9 580	_		37 6 \$7 880	39 \$7 275	
CELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$22 966	\$23 960	\$21 408	\$13 759 \$14 297	\$10 156	\$12 830	\$11 234	\$6 731 \$8 219	\$8 092 \$9 407	\$9 842	\$8 686	\$6 639 \$8 237
Heating equipment	19 102 553	16 590 538	742 15	1 770	14 818 1 667 9 544 2 294	3 389 112	897 50	1 098 70	2 030 192	4 191 480	2 429 739 1 281	784 24 556
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	14 126 1 643 257	12 222 1 486 225	607 53	1 297 104 32	9 544 2 294 231	2 343 257 104	589 120 24	741 130 27	1 506 256 38	2 528 1 127 13	1 281 400	556 4 20
	2 523 13 413	2 119 11 814	67 550	337 1 049	1 082 9 931	573 1 443	114 527	130 561	38 1 488	43 3 715	1 869	180
Air conditioning	8 240 18 181	7 525 15 792	355 697	360 1 692	5 862 12 424	564 3.026	145 812	264 832	1 034 1 641 1 233	2 439 3 569	1 364 1 926	328 52 618
2 or more House heating fuel	5 305 12 876 19 102	4 291 11 501 16 590	334 363 742	680 1 012 1 770	8 094 4 330 14 818	1 535 1 491 3 389	486 326 897	586 246 1 098	408 2 030 1 187	2 471 1 098 4 191	1 395 531 2 429	388 230 784 262 87 85 343
Utility gas Bottled, tank or IP ans	9 545 1 751	8 802 1 418	406	1 012 1 770 337 283	7 028 416	2 093 199	641 34	688 24	1 187 37	1 456 23	701 12	262 87
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	3 97 9 2 514 1 313	3 399 1 758 1 213	50 191 77 18	389 679 82	5 356 909 1 109	502 378 217	206 14	298 86	37 731 30	2 497 40 175	1 037 18 661	85 343 7
Water heating fuel	18 980 8 260	16 478 7 831	742 345 11	1 760	14 722 6 514 311	3 341 1 952	895 563 36	1 088 672	2 030 1 156 24	4 175 1 311	2 423 652	770 208 28 513
Utility gas 8 ottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerasene, etc.	1 203 9 423	1 058 7 511	380	134 1 532	7 125	138 1 193	36 296	672 33 370	24 827	35 2 717 24	17 1 209	28 513
Unner	43 51 15 608	27 51 13 918	416	10 - 1 274	81 691 5 552	18 40 1 653	306	13 - 394	23 705	1 009	533 1 054	14 7 431
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	7 806 2 877	6 926 2 413	168	712 403	5 552 2 899 1 725	1 653 946 524 311	166 85	227 103	705 378 255	333 181	561	288 155
Femole householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	1 135 640 87	908 502 67	61 78 28	149 110	1 190 902 365 9 271	247	166 85 63 58 16 591	165 130	185 138	233 143	142 102 34	288 155 91 84 44
Income in 1979 below poverty level	3 521 1 061	2 696 851	326 65	20 499 145	4 730	101 1 741 895	234	49 704 422	61 1 325 641	3 182 1 379	1 375 870	353 289
Percent below poverty level	5.5	5.1	8.8	8.2	31.9	26.4	26.1	38.4	31.6	32.9	35.8	36.9

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(DOIG OF ESTINO	iles basea on o :	somple, see min	oddenon. For me	aning or symbols	, see illirodociio	n. For Germinion	is or terms, see	oppendixes A d	ina o j	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	19 129 899	2 974	6 533 433	3 807 201	3 601 148	1 562 53	429 28	143 13	80 23	2.52 2.58	54 757 2 853
To 3 rooms	459 3 066 5 162 4 400 2 629 3 413 5.7	216 908 968 561 211 110 4.9	163 1 195 2 095 1 565 789 726 5.4	35 559 897 992 594 730 5.9	31 275 790 850 677 978 6.3	5 103 272 342 259 581 6.7	3 26 100 68 57 175 6.8	6 28 10 21 78 7.7	12 12 12 21 35 7.3	1.58 2.02 2.27 2.57 3.03 3.64	880 6 970 13 438 12 357 8 377 12 735
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 723 18 349 312 62 406 381 23 2	2 839 2 839 - - 135 135	6 408 6 388 - 20 125 123 - 2	3 746 3 736 	3 551 3 528 23 - 50 42 8	1 549 1 443 101 5 13 11 2	413 297 113 3 16 3 13	143 99 38 6 	74 19 37 18 6 6	2.53 2.49 5.78 4.70 2.04 1.95 5.62	53 816 51 793 1 770 253 941 820 117
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or oftoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc.	16 614 742 1 773	2 331 230 413	5 672 265 596	3 332 145 330	3 252 53 296	1 456 26 80	389 4 36	112 19 12	70 10	2.59 2.03 2.29	48 027 1 851 4 879
VALUE Less thon \$10,000 10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$97,999 \$80,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999	14 133 266 1 141 2 110 3 247 2 553 1 626 2 129 558 409 94 \$41 100	2 024 98 310 515 401 330 166 146 18 20 20 \$32 200	4 668 82 396 665 1 117 891 547 635 207 98 38 38	2 880 36 190 408 708 569 311 424 139 82 13 \$41 600	2 876 24 109 3355 697 434 370 614 126 23 \$45 900	1 202 13 95 115 247 228 149 245 40 62 8	325 7 39 52 52 84 35 36 10	91 6 -5 11 4 38 27 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	67 - 2 15 14 13 10 2 - 11 - \$41 800	2.63 1.93 2.16 2.31 2.65 2.60 2.82 3.17 2.89 3.54 2.40	40 514 653 2 624 5 431 9 382 7 237 4 953 6 760 1 726 1 456 292
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All Income levis in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With o mortgage Not mortgage Income in 1979 beliew poverty level Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	19 129 \$19 918 15.6 17.6 10.4 1 061 \$3 224 50+ 50+	2 974 \$9 034 22.4 24.5 19.8 477 \$2 625 47.9 50+ 43.0	6 533 \$18 766 13.7 17.0 10— 240 \$3 373 50+ 50+ 32.9	3 807 \$22 229 14.5 16.3 10- 107 \$4 097	3 601 \$24 024 16.6 17.5 10— 115 \$5 064	1 562 \$25 060 15.1 16.7 10— 87 \$3 466	\$23 942 \$23 942 15.9 17.8 10— 32 \$7 045	143 \$25 104 14.9 19.3 10— 3 \$9 375 32.5 32.5	80 \$26 154 17.0 18.2 10—	2.52 1.72	54 757
With a martgage Not martgaged Remer-occupied housing units	35.3 14 823	43.0 6 171	32.9 4 945 2 139	50+ 18.7 2 021	50+ 26.4	50 + - 438	50 + 50 + 104	62 24	20	1.75	28 927
Nonelotives present	657 1 884 3 682 4 894 2 341 853 512 3.7	549 1 333 2 132 1 542 507 61 47 3.1	2 139 77 431 1 109 2 144 855 255 74 3.9	769 31 777 248 769 559 217 120 4.4	334 - 43 131 316 247 195 130 4.7	118 - 57 82 137 79 83 5.1	15 - 5 18 33 16 32 5.4	24 - - 23 3 15 21 5.8	5 - - - - 15 5 6.2	2.30 1.10 1.21 1.36 1.92 2.28 3.01 3.62	797 2 576 5 878 9 921 5 479 2 522 1 754
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more. 1.00 or less. 1.00 or less. 1.00 or less. 1.00 or less. 1.01 or more. 1.01 or less. 1.01 to 1.50. 1.51 or more.	14 361 13 780 373 208 462 428 6 28	5 866 5 866 - - 305 305 - -	4 870 4 809 61 75 59 -	1 975 1 869 75 31 46 44 2	1 038 868 127 43 24 20 4	436 299 82 55 2 - - 2	104 48 51 5 - -	52 21 18 13 10 -	20 20 - - -	1.77 1.71 4.38 3.78 1.26 1.20 3.75 2.38	28 126 25 715 1 659 752 801 680 16
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc. CROSS RENT	3 394 897 1 098 2 030 4 191 2 429 784	912 438 485 968 2 091 999 278	1 060 253 385 656 1 535 788 268	695 99 125 225 321 408 148	433 84 59 116 189 157 24	185 13 30 52 46 48 64	57 2 11 6 9 17 2	32 8 3 7 - 12 -	20	2.24 1.54 1.67 1.57 1.50 1.77 1.93	8 079 1 633 2 167 3 656 7 029 4 786 1 577
Specified renter-occupied housing units	14 371 1 17 1 744 3 060 3 772 1 965 1 148 602 424 209 430 \$216	6 014 767 909 1 553 1 743 564 167 89 30 5 187 \$190	4 814 141 441 886 1 440 920 514 228 77 18 149 \$232	1 949 44 239 282 357 328 310 165 152 31 41 \$254	1 011 31 115 200 135 101 123 87 101 98 20 \$257	415 19 14 109 76 43 23 26 48 43 14 \$242	96 15 16 9 8 11 	52 	20 - - 15 - - - - 5 - - 5 - 7	1.74 1.16 1.46 1.49 1.60 1.95 2.29 2.43 3.19 4.02 1.69	27 868 1 535 3 256 5 664 6 643 3 7795 2 692 1 412 1 212 849 810
SELECTE CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion orgos rent os percentage of household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion income os percentage of household income Medion gross rent os percentage of household income	14 823 \$8 444 28.8 4 730 \$3 331 50+	6 171 \$5 794 31.6 1 970 \$2500— 50+	4 945 \$9 689 27.2 1 470 \$3 784 50+	2 021 \$10 879 28.0 704 \$4 746 50+	1 062 \$11 517 26.5 387 \$6 216 50+	\$14 196 22.4 134 \$6 087 45.0	\$11 397 29.1 33 \$6 250 25.4	\$22 143 16.2 20 \$21 429 12.1	\$12 083 20.8 12 \$11 250 22.5	1.75 1.77 	28 927

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		Medion	47.0	986. 44.93 38.0 1.4.14	386.9 39.0 39.8 39.8		7.4 488888888888888888888888888888888888	27.8	28.8 26.6.3 29.4 33.1 35.5	27.8 30.5 27.5 24.7	27.7 22.0 29.5 29.5 28.1 28.1 22.1 31.3
		65 yeors and over	1 302	1 022 200 52 25 25 25 1 1 1	1 235		755 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	192	686 64 64 7 7 7 7 923	757	735 77 77 115 115 54 54 112 78
	nd present	45 to 64 years	1 095	610 302 1119 644 - 1.40	1 072 7 23		27 44 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	(119	142 142 153 177 178 886	982=1	568 80 52 126 69 53 53 105 33 25.7
	Femole householder, no husband present	35 to 44 years	453	124 56 154 154 58 46 15 10 1777	442 8 11 2		309 162 183 37 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 7 47 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	141	237 148 100 36 20 20 1.73	529	529 88 84 84 113 82 82 82 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84
	Femole househo	25 to 34 years	474	184 141 73 45 12 13 13 130	469 9 5 1		200.7 200.7	1 758	1 028 454 164 164 13 1.36 2 907	1 697 36 61 1	1 727 1 252 2 222 2 91 2 91 1 97 2 828 3 28 3 28 2 9.2
		15 to 24 years	62	31 28 3 3 1.50 1.50	62		86. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.	2 169	982 766 234 142 32 32 1.63 4 004	2 100 59 69	2 157 33 107 145 145 157 214 405 1 010 86 49.1
[8]		65 years and over	297	247 42 	31		200 24 25 26 11 175 33 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	188	181 2 2 1,02 194	182	184 144 144 133 332 127 144 144 144 144
pendixes A on	present	45 to 64 years	428	248 90 91 11,34 805	407		275 163 388 388 188 1 122 22 24 26 26 26 26 26 26 27 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111	255	166 59 6 13 11 11.27 382	237	243 677 687 882 115 22 19 19 19
terms, see op	Male householder, no wife present	35 to 44 yeors	279	151 61 28 16 23 23 1.42 556	270		201 285 285 380 380 380 455 455 455 455 133 100	315	211 20 22 1.25 465	291 5 24	313 277 277 27 16 17 17 17 18 20.9
r definitions of	Male house	25 to 34 yeors	546	291 160 45 38 8 8 1,44 997	525 4 21		323 304 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305 305	1 996	1 384 472 103 27 10 10 1.22 2 702	1 886	1 930 316 316 326 242 165 183 227 110 24.8
rroduction. Fc		15 to 24 years	Ξ	29 29 16 134 193	3 1 8 1		24.8 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 217	884 781 388 107 45 1.79 4 327	2 139 20 78	2 177 98 112 186 186 78 438 438 438 470
symbols, see Ir		65 years and over	1 955	1 681 213 31 31 208 4 252	1 891 15 64		295 295 123 123 262 262 274 8 11.0 1779 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	161	176 15	191	177 18 24 24 21 13 26 8 8 8 8 24.4
r meaning of s	es	45 to 64 years	5 258	2 512 1 458 806 339 143 15 409	5 191 5 67 67 8		2 755 2 755 1 675 1 675 1 675 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	355	210 63 48 23 23 23 970	347 18 8	345 164 56 29 29 7 7 35 45 14.4
troduction. Fo	Married-couple fomilies	35 to 44 years	3 242	254 619 1 326 689 354 4.06	3 173 132 69 69 15		2 571 2 344 9 86 9 346 3 371 186 186 136 172 2 227 227 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 17	299	117 117 145 186 18 81 70 3.70 2 136	579 140 20 10	559 116 1116 1127 112 51 20 52 61 20.2
somple, see Ir	Marrie	25 to 34 years	3 119	729 786 1119 397 88 3.54	3 104 120 15 2		2 382 2 253 2 253	2 001	940 554 310 151 151 2.61 5 471	1 978 195 23 4	1 894 258 264 264 264 264 162 123 123 117
es based on o		15 to 24 years	208	248 184 184 56 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	508		2779 478 488 488 488 133 59 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 133 13	998	. 561 208 79 13 13 2.27 2 138	848 69 18	833 116 231 105 62 62 48 84 154 33 22.5
Octo are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and		Total	19 129	2 974 6 533 8 6 533 3 601 1 562 652 552 54 757	18 723 374 406 25		2 133 2 761 2 138 2 186 1 380 2 473 2 573 2 573	14 823	6 171 4 945 2 021 1 062 1 062 1 186 1 175 28 927	14 361 581 462 34	14 371 1 797 1 987 1 917 1 917 1 917 1 875 843 28.8
e.L		The SMSA	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT Destroit Destroit	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	Specified owner-accepted huasing units that the art than 35 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 24 percent 15 to 19 percent 15 to 24 percent 16 to 24 percent 16 to 24 percent 16 to 25 percent 16 to 25 percent 16 to 25 percent 16 to 25 percent 17 to 25 to 25 to 25 percent 17 to 25 to 25 percent 17 to 25 to 25 to 25 percent 17 to 25 to 25 percent 17 to 25 to 2	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT PERSONS IN UNIT PERSONS PERSON	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room Lucking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD NOOME IN 1979 Backflad enter-accepted housing units. Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 36 to 49 percent As to 40 percent As the computed

Table A-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Male householder								Female hou			
The SMSA	Tatal	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 ta 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Tatal	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 974	1 003	66	291	151	248	247	1 971	31	184	124	610	1 022
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 839 135	951 52	63 3	288	142	227 21	231 16	1 888 83	31	179 5	121	597 13	960 62
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	2 331	741	17	206	112	193	213	1 590	24	116	76 9	466	908
2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	230 413	741 75 187	27 22	26 59	25	55	26	155 226	7	25 43	39	55 89	66 48
Less than \$5,000	899 729 340 319	190 198 112	17 12 7	35 32 40 77	9 18 48	37 28 10	92 108	709 531 228	13 18	41 59 12	4 40 51	118 142 112	533 272
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	319 305 149	162 146	14 16	41	9 32	56 40 25 35 15	6 17	157 159 80	=	16 32	51 9 13 2	82 76 38	50 38
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	149 41 43	69 83 31 12	=	23 24 9	14 21 -		3 7	66 10 31	Ξ	15 9 -	5	16	533 272 53 50 38 25 36 10 5 \$4 871 \$7 826
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	\$9 034 \$11 281	\$12 523 \$13 929	\$11 429 \$10 084	10 \$13 750 \$15 865	\$12 639 \$14 742	\$14 688 \$17 478	\$6 432 \$8 617	\$7 581 \$9 934	\$5 694 \$5 001	\$9 500 \$11 360	\$10 882 \$11 503	\$11 004 \$12 968	\$4 871 \$7 826
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied housing units	2 024	627	17	170	103	173	164	1 397	24	114	AR	420	771
With a mortgage	2 024 905 291 210	. 627 375 81	17 11 - 11	170 162 43 20 21 34	103 84 11 9	173 98 9 22	164 20 18	1 397 530 210	24 18 ~ 9	114 111 14 19	68 55 7 35	420 228 110	771 118 79 19 5
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	113	62 41 52 26	Ë	21 34 8	7 8 10	13	2	148 72 17 38	9 -	28 9 20	4	66 26 -	5 8
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	64 74 45 39	26 52 45 16	Ξ	15 15 6	9 22 8	28 8 2	Ξ	22	=	8	5	14 2 - 10	7
Median	_		\$225	\$293 8	\$385 19	\$331	\$178 144	\$219 867	\$250	\$290 3	\$229 13	\$203 192	\$133 653
Not martgaged	\$238 1 119 29 176	\$303 252 25 69 52 52	- 6	2 -	13	75 17 7 4	56	107	-	-	-	22	4 1
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	422 220 133 96	52 52 22 27	Ē.	- 6	6	14 14 19	35 32 8	370 168 111 69	Ξ	3	4 7	66 53 19 23	85 304 111 89 39 11
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	22 21 \$96	5 - \$90	\$63	- \$167	\$93	\$117	\$82	17 21 \$97	- 6 \$250+	\$138	2 - \$168	4 5 \$104	11 10 \$95
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of													
With a martage	22.4 24.5 19.8	20.1 25.5 13.6 95	22.5 35.4 10—	25.7 26.0 17.5	22.9 25.0 11.3 9	14.7 22.1 10 4	17.7 28.3 16.6	23.2 23.7 22.8 382	50+ 38.9 50+ 13	33.0 32.5 50+	25.0 24.9 30.4	19.4 22.6 16.5	23.5 18.3 24.5 264
Nat mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below paverty level	477 16.0	95 9.5	10— 17 25.8	8 2.7	6.0	20 8.1	16.6	382 19.4	13 41.9	50+ 20 10.9	3.2	16.5 81 13.3	264 25.8
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	6 171	2 826	884	1 384	211	166	181	3 345	982	1 028	237	412	686
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	5 866 305	2 609 217	808 76	1 274 110	196 15	154 12	177	3 257 88	944 38	984 44	235	412	682 4
1, detached or attached	912 438	379 220 182	93 49 54 174	195 141	36 11	24 19	31 _ 13	533 218	107 83	152 77 70	35 6	125 31	114 21
5 to 9	485 968 2 091	480 1 055 351 159	418	98 254 447	6 12 86	19 11 10 60 22 20	30 44	303 488 1 036	83 94 156 391 90	70 169 302 215	42 85 62	40 43 86 81	21 92 78 172 200
50 or more	999 278	159	65 31	160 89	58 2	20	46 17	648 119	61	43	-	6	
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	2 745 1 854 596 292	1 209 751 282	528 234 44	468 423 162 88	54 22 43 27	64 35 24	95 37 9	1 536 1 103 314	622 296 51 13	295 423 156	49 80 34	142 146 39	428 158 34 19 26 7
\$15,000 to \$14,999	403	751 282 153 215	44 31 29 11	141	16	15 9	14 20	139	13	76 63 15	18 48 8	13 51	19 26 7
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	148 110 23	88 16	-	47 55 —	25 14 10	12	6	36 22 7	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ.	15 - -	7 7
Median Mean CROSS DAVIS	\$5 794 \$7 367	\$6 178 \$8 082	\$4 154 \$5 347	\$7 295 \$8 740	\$11 715 \$13 214	\$7 500 \$9 795	\$4 872 \$8 854	\$5 534 \$6 763	\$3 908 \$4 268	\$7 433 \$8 086	\$9 453 \$9 843	\$7 133 \$8 294	\$4 436 \$6 366
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	6 014 767	2 758 274	865 45 107	1 341 115 251	209 20	166 15 17	177 79	3 256 493	976 71	1 007 64 163 306	231 23	376 65	666 270
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	909 1 553 1 743	435 687 880	207 368	362 405	42 34 39	71 41	18 13 27	474 866 863	186 369 281	345	23 33 36 69	48 57 87	44 98 81
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	167 89	256 98 36 10	81 26 18	136	18 18 18	14	21 —	308 69 53 20	54 14 - 1	103	41 15 6 3	58 6 24 8	81 52 24 23
\$400 to \$499	30 5 187	10 - 82 \$197	13 \$209	10 - 29 \$192	20 \$198	8	12	5 105	Ξ	8 - 8 \$193	\$220	23 \$203	74 \$114
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	\$190	\$197				\$178	\$104	\$184	\$183 50+ 524 53.4				26.4 231 33.7
Income in 1979 below poverty level	31.6	31.2	50+	27.4	21.1	26.0		31.9		28.7	26.5	28.6	

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	314	70	132	112	Vacant far rent housing units	748	340	253	155
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 noms	26 36 68 86 73 25 5.8	9 8 35 11 7 6.0	21 15 30 34 18 14 5.5	5 12 30 17 44 4 6.0	1 room 2 2 rooms 3 7 rooms 5 7 rooms 5 7 rooms 6 7 rooms 7 roo	98 94 178 197 120 27 34 3.5	67 34 79 77 45 16 22 3.4	26 23 67 66 49 10 12 3.7	5 37 32 54 26 1
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	299	70	132	97	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	15	- 12	-	15	Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	675 73	317 23	227 26	131
BEDROOMS					BEDROOMS	,,	20	20	24
None	38 120 118 25 13	9 13 33 8 7	15 77 32 2 6	14 30 53 15	None	117 257 276 71 27	67 117 105 38 13	28 89 111 12 13	22 51 60 21
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or cerifier UNITS IN STRUCTURE	84 7 30 72 73 48	26 25 12 7	34 - 21 29 27 21	24 7 9 18 34 20	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	55 108 237 72 100	38 48 70 27 67	7 29 113 45 23 36	10 31 54 10
1, detoched or attached	257	70	104	83	UNITS IN STRUCTURE	,,,,	,	50	30
2 or more Mobile home or trailer HEATING EQUIPMENT Cantrol heating system Other means None	280 29 5	61 9 -	19 9	107 - 5	1, detached or ottoched 2 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 5 to 9 5 5 or 9	258 51 29 36 169 45 160	107 31 10 23 81 25 63	82 16 7 13 68 20 47	69 4 12 - 20 - 50
PRICE ASKED	0.5				RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	230 19 11 55 38 48 16 37 - 6 \$34 200	64 - 5 14 7 20 7 11 - - \$42 100	83 7 3 29 11 7 7 7 13 6 831 100	83 12 3 12 20 21 2 13 - - \$34 000	Specified vacont for rent housing units	740 93 150 274 100 87 15 21 \$170	340 41 64 118 48 53 - 16 \$173	249 21 66 94 36 17 15 \$165	151 31 20 62 16 17 -5 \$168

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

•	outo die estiti	ores pasea (on a sumple	mouning of sy	, See 11	infoduction. To	- octambions (or rentils, se	e uppendixe	a A 410 0]				
		Price asked	—5pecified	vocont for s	ale only hou	using units			Rent aske	d-Specifie	d vacant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	230	19	66	86	53	6	34 200	. 740	93	424	187	15	21	170
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	215 15	7 12	63 3	86	53	6 -	38 800 10000—	667 73	59 34	390 34	182 5	15	21	173 125
BEDROOMS														
None	35 57 100 25 13	19 - - - -	12 37 17 -	- 4 20 43 19	- - 40 6 7	- - - - - 6	10000— 26 300 43 100 48 100 54 600	117 256 270 71 26	51 14 17 2 9	56 188 153 25 2	5 39 100 33 10	15 - - - -	5 - 11 5 -	123 166 177 256 237
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980. 1970 to 1974 - 1960 to 1969 - 1950 to 1969 - 1940 to 1949 - 1940 to 1949 - 1949 or earlier	51 2 20 66 49 42	- - 7 - 12	- 2 9 13 25 17	27 - 2 33 24 -	24 - 9 13 - 7	- - - - - 6	49 300 21 300 32 500 33 000 29 900 21 900	55 108 237 72 99 169	29 - 7 - 9 48	15 61 162 56 56 74	11 47 48 16 29 36	- 15 - -	- 5 - 5 11	58 180 172 165 158 162
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	230	19 	66	86	53	 	34 200	250 330 160	55 13 25	82 215 127	92 87 8	15	21 _ _	175 171 150

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

Doto are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction, For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B

	[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]												
Bloomington city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	5 342	89	501	752	748	762	678	1 091	380	255	86	47 600	52 500
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morrisd-toughe families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 34 years 55 to 34 years 56 to 34 years 56 to 36 years 57 to 36 years 58 to 64 years 59 to 64 years 59 to 64 years 50 years and over	3 691 563 859 1 556 676 459 6 163 1100 1 192 1 13 1 116 779 383 600 52.2	54 - 6 - 36 12 11 11 - 5 - 6 - 6 24 8 16 62.9	245 7 40 14 92 92 44 4 - 10 5 10 15 10 15 15 - 7 7 120 63.0	322 15 75 33 100 99,9 128 - 47,7 10 36 35 302 - 33 33 35 302 - 58,3	422 9 80 170 148 99 99 9 13 30 13 12 227 7 7 7 7 7 7 19 34 51 116 55.2	583 98 121 217 147 52 2 15 5 20 127 7 122 39 69 54.4	513 78 138 249 48 73 73 - 39 5 92 4 6 115 152 59 47.5	941 6 116 380 367 72 24 - 17 - 126 18 34 50 44.8	333 - 41 733 191 28 18 18 13 5 - 29 - 6 - 23 - 23 - 50.1	218 	60 6 16 6 12 2 5 21 57.8	53 300 26 400 48 300 63 700 54 300 38 800 34 900 32 500 33 400 39 200 32 500 37 600 30 600 30 900 30 900	57 790 31 300 52 400 67 900 44 300 32 500 32 500 32 500 42 800 41 700 83 700 46 500 47 900 38 900 38 900
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	553 1 516 869 1 089 1 315	11 17 11 7 43	19 118 25 97 242	46 190 96 110 310	91 204 137 137 179	53 224 131 145 209	186 130 150 143	149 344 221 263 114	45 117 71 101 46	56 87 33 61 18	14 29 14 18 11	58 500 50 300 51 900 52 400 32 800	61 600 56 100 56 100 56 700 38 800
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 rooms 9 rooms Median Median	51 614 1 179 1 180 780 1 538 6.2	17 20 27 19 - 6 4.8	27 193 203 57 10 11 4.7	242 283 182 24 21 5.0	96 370 203 59 20 5.3	40 137 324 142 119 6.1	7 5 114 168 228 156 6.7	13 33 169 222 654 7.8	5 37 63 275 8.2	- - 11 23 221 8.5+	- 5 7 10 9 55 8.4	12 100 22 100 32 000 44 400 56 500 72 200	17 200 26 000 33 500 46 200 60 200 79 900
BEDROOMS None 1 2 3 4 5 or more	7 217 1 500 2 139 1 125 354	23 54 6 6	72 333 91 5	68 435 229 5	36 348 326 38	5 179 421 116 41	7 6 81 396 160 28	7 46 442 436 160	- 14 127 175 64	62 151 42	10 39 33 4	52 500 23 000 27 300 49 900 70 500 68 100	52 500 24 600 31 000 54 400 76 300 74 500
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980. 1976 to 1974 1960 to 1960. 1950 to 1959. 1950 to 1959. 1940 to 1949. 1939 or earlier	378 481 1 425 963 442 1 653	- - 6 - 83	- 18 20 36 83 344	9 32 70 58 118 465	24 187 185 82 270	57 262 234 68 141	63 67 226 164 23 135	140 161 434 194 41 121	73 62 147 46 12 40	62 55 56 29 6 47	31 5 23 11 9 7	75 200 63 300 57 000 48 500 32 000 28 000	89 400 68 200 60 700 52 500 40 400 35 800
HOUSEROID INCOME IN 1979 less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$49,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999.	442 571 267 297 553 714 1 167 818 513 \$23 653 \$27 336	30 23 5 12 6 13 - - \$7 014 \$9 485	109 146 49 62 35 59 41 — \$9 712 \$11 536	125 154 74 72 146 82 89 10 - \$13 299 \$13 989	82 130 89 45 125 134 109 34 - \$15 959 \$17 095	17 63 26 41 109 156 191 117 42 \$23 565 \$26 777	21 30 40 57 110 243 139 38 \$27 955 \$29 190	37 10 24 19 52 126 354 337 132 \$32 873 \$35 029	6 8 - 6 23 78 116 143 \$41 827 \$51 066	11 7 -6 5 11 44 52 119 \$46 952 \$50 747	4 - - 12 - 18 13 39 \$46 353 \$62 107	25 700 27 000 30 400 30 500 37 900 44 900 55 700 64 000 84 900	34 400 30 600 31 200 34 600 42 500 45 300 58 700 69 000 94 700
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 10 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not marriagged. Less than 10 percent Less than 10 percent 10 to 16 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 percent 32 percent or more Not computed Median Not marriagged. Less than 10 percent 10 to 16 percent 10 to 17 percent 10 to 18 percent 10 to 19 percent 10 to 19 percent 10 to 10 percent 10 percent	3 488 1 463 815 403 310 174 298 25 16.6 86 889 328 231 106 86 75 139	36 6 10 12 8 30.8 53 19 11 12 - 12 5 6 6	167 577 34 32 177 - 18.9 334 99 58 54 17 22 29 55 -	373 160 93 34 28 34 24 - 16.4 379 116 68 72 37 27 21 38 - 15.4	433 897 96 67 58 54 61 8 22.1 315 164 49 49 49 49 10 8 13 17	491 233 35 52 12 43 47 15.5 271 190 48 6 6 6	504 232 129 37 58 30 18 - 15.8 174 111 344 - 8 7 7	904 410 223 136 755 12 42 6 15.9 187 96 39 39 31 - 12	324 188 68 68 19 6 6 12 25 5 6 13.6 56 	208 89 32 39 99 5 17.0 47 27 22 6 6 - 7 6 - 11.3	48 4 4 2 21 21 3 38 16 15 7 7 7 11.0	53 800 57 100 55 400 57 100 48 800 38 100 46 500 73 800 42 700 33 900 27 100 25 600 25 400 21 300 	57 900 59 800 57 600 59 800 62 500 75 700 75 700 42 500 46 100 47 500 40 300 40 300 30 600 24 400 30 600
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Neoting equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	5 310 57 32 6 5 342 4 972 4 350 3 043 299 5.6	77 6 12 6 89 49 31 11 31 34.8	488 15 13 - 501 360 210 29 86 17.2	752 752 645 434 101 76	741 7 7 7 748 716 592 276 44 5.9	762 762 750 687 512 12	678 17 	1 091 	380 380 380 373 344 6	255 6 - 255 255 248 238 11 4.3	84 	47 800 45 400 13 300 10000— 47 600 49 500 52 800 61 000 25 100	52 800 41 600 15 800 7 500 52 500 54 600 58 200 66 800 34 100

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data die estimol	163 20380 OII 0	Jonipie, See III	modernon. 1	or meening or s	ayınıbolə, 366 li	in occention. To	a deminions o	roma, see up	pendines A UI	u u j	
Bloomington city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 279	711	1 499	2 364	2 356	1 397	862	464	262	189	175	211
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple familles	2 425	89	495	667	525	269	88 9	109	74	45	64	197
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	527 1 231 372	17 46	140 247 58	667 213 323 107	114 292	27 147	34	84 19	20	19 26	19 21	180 199 205 233 250 223 249 195 222 175 168 209 230 204 193 208
	178	26	32 18		68 39 12	18 36 41	15 24 6	6	40 7	_		233
65 years and over Male householder, na wife present 15 to 24 years	3 603 1 751 1 408	220 45 112	449 112	16 742 287 348 34	852 435	499 269	6 467 328	148 101	95 81	86 86	24 45 7	223 249
25 to 34 years	191	/	281 33 14	348 34	435 342 22	269 183 24 16	83 35	29 18	14	_	16 18	195 222
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Famale householder, no husband present	137 116 4 251	21 35	555	60 13 955	26 27 9 79		21 307	207	- 02	-	4	168
15 to 24 years	1 730 1 318	35 402 76 79 36 48	205 195	3/40	373 397	629 272 182	220	117 27	93 46 39	58 45	66 27 20	230
35 to 44 years	359 349	36 48	70 45	344 108 66	55 67	62 62	13 15	6 34	- 8	9 4	_	193 208
65 years and over	495 27.1	163 33.8	40 27.9	88 27.5	87 26.8	51 26.8	24 23.8	23 25.7	24.9	23.6	19 34.7	166
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	6 534	393	1 002	1 475	1 386	904	610	303	205	168	88	213
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	6 534 2 937 517	393 176 89	395 86	746 98 38 7	805 100 59	904 379 52 54	610 201 2 7	303 139 22	42 15	168 21	88 33 28	213 208 178
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	203 88	89 32 21	10	38 7	59 6	54 8	6 18	=	Ξ	Ξ	4 22	223 189
ROOMS 1 room	564	134	271	128 i	25	6	_	_	_	_	_	126
2 rocms3 rocms	564 1 458 2 848	134 122 264	452 482 223	128 473 927	25 348 707 784 382 90	53 260	7 126	_ 47	_ 10	Ξ	3 25	126 165 189 241 259 337 490
4 rooms5 rooms	3 070 1 501 546	99 83 9	223 43 21	565 187 77	784 382	260 732 293 30 23	126 443 221 40	135 149	16 95 117	7 19	66 29 33 19	241 259
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Medion	546 292 3.6	2.9	21 7 2.6	77 7 3.1	90 20 3.6	30 23 4.0	40 25 4.2	135 149 100 33 4.8	117 24 5.6	19 29 134 7.4	33 19 4.4	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	3.6	2.7	2.0	3.1	3.0	4.0	4.2	4.0	5.0	7.4	4,4	
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	10 279 9 935	711 589	1 499	2 364	2 356	1 397	862 862	464	262	1 89 189	175	211
O.50 or less	9 935 6 278 3 176	589 423 151 15	1 392 623	2 364 2 274 1 381	2 356 2 349 1 758 561	1 397 1 385 990	499	464 458 238	262 153	81	1 75 175 132	211 214 221
0.51 to 1.00	3 176 313 168	15	562 124	114	18 12 7	386	338 13 12	209 11	100	108	43	211 165
1.51 or more	344	122 26	83 107 66	718 114 61 90 59 31		12		6	=1	Ξ	=	165 161 124 130
1.01 to 1.50	157 187 —	26 96 -	66 41 -	31	7	6	-	6	=	=	=	100
Income in 1979 below poverty level	3 733	360	662	- 832	656	427	414	168	103	- 67		199
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 572 248	360 303 15 57	662 621 125	832 781 79	656	415	414 12	168	103 103 —	67	44 44 -	199 205 147 131
1.01 or more persons per room	161	57	41	51	-	12	=	Ξ	=	Ξ	=	131
None	762	154	389	188	25	6 352	_	_	_	_	_	127 188
23	4 081 4 094 1 065	323 165	757 287	1 349 716	1 194 962	924	45 659	8 252	10 49 149 48	5 16	38 64 57 16	245
5 or more	1 065 178 99	59 10	54 5 7	98 13	169	115	152 6	174 16 14	48 6	38 58 72	16	303 452 500+
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detached or attached 2	1 703 561 815	85 26	124 62	213 211	364 91 108	211 93 72	153	149 44 16	173 17	151 5	80	256 194 162 204 233 181
5 to 9	1 709 3 286	26 202 74 60 99	62 123 220 357 589	251 523 603	438 973 324	228	16 111 463	32 133 90	37 21	33	18 13 41 9	204
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 709 3 286 1 910 295	99 165	589 24	603 541 22	324 58	635 146 12	463 107 7	90	5	_	9	181
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	598		50		112		49	61		36	7	
1970 to 1974	1 868	122 51 222	59 126 284	84 364 839	112 542 984 250 169 299	68 327 620	· 295 328	61 111 145	26 86	-		214 233 225 172 183 188
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 566 1 006	82 117	284 512 186 332	365 250	250 169	620 123 110 149	36 67	145 54 33 60	86 85 28 37	43 42 8	26 58 17 38 29	172 183
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	1 632	117	332	462	299	149	87	60	37	60	29	188
1 to 3 4 or more With elevator	9 202 1 077	694 17	983 516	1 943 421 363	2 252 104	1 384 13	862	458 6	262	189	175	221 152 187
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	477	17	11	363	80	-	-	6	-	-	-	187
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	1 092	143	263	281	180	123	64	30	8			175
	1 092 1 373 1 324	118 156	263 270 122 131 78	3/4	180 300 315 265 152 442 606	123 152 184	83 99 68 41	30 45 46	17 45	14 22 28	:::	194 210
13 to 19 percent	735 7454	75 59	131 78	207 163	265 152	184 167 141	68 41	46 31 79	45 32 22	28 - 37	:::	215 220
Not computed	735 1 454 2 734 563 30.4	118 156 75 59 43 98 19 22.7	146 352 137	335 207 163 281 614 109	442 606 96	210 398 22	182 320 5	66 167	47 91	88	i75	175 194 210 215 220 229 228 174
Medion SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	30.4	22.7	26.0	28.3	32.3	32.2	38.5	35.1	36.1	48.0		:::
Heating equipment	10 279 9 746 7 680	711 653 251	1 499 1 394	2 364 2 152 1 621	2 356 2 292 1 908	1 397	. 862 837	464 457	262 251 157	189	175 149	211
Air conditioning	7 680 4 310	251 134	605 157	2 364 2 152 1 621 716	1 908 1 025	1 372 1 173 991	733 660	464 457 390 331	157 131	100	142 84	211 214 228 254

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Outo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Ooto ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]												
	Household income in 1979										Income in		
Bloomington city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Meon (dollars)	1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	6 507	517	737	403	404	789	640	1 315	897	605	22 222	26 377	353
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	4 291 90	52	265	169 10	204 15	510 33	612 20 230	1 133 6	810	536	27 272 18 452 21 995	31 914 18 922 23 889 38 309 35 299 25 201	56
15 to 24 years	726 946	11	65 14	10 33 18	15 51 9	33 116 39 149 173	117	101 365	89 261	30 123	18 452 21 995 31 931 31 248 18 516	23 889 38 309 35 299	17
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 775	23 18	122	44 64	91 38	149 173	178 67 87	365 527 134	261 397 57	302 81	31 931 31 248 18 516	35 299 25 201	31
Male householder, no wife present	643 55 244	79 23 10	116 12 44 5	55	58	100	_	69	60	19	15 592	10 000	62 30
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	102	_	44	7 28 15	40	13 46 27	45 19	12 10	19	13	19 737	8 366 16 811 26 174 30 334	5 5
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	126 116	10 36	55	5	12 -	6	18 5	40 7	34	6	30 155 6 897	8 928	10
15 to 24 years	3 573 25 188	386	356 12	179	142	179	141	113	27	50	10 622	14 369	235 13 13
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	138	13 34	12 50 38	15 28	5 18	31 25	31	10 29	6	6	11 667 12 917	4 980 15 103 15 315 16 680 12 678	
45 to 64 years65 years and over	508 714	58 281	38 77 179	28 94 42	18 67 52	25 78 45	74 36	29 28 46	5 16	27 17	13 433 7 088	16 680 12 678	43 161 66.1
Median age	51.2	72.3	63.2	54.0	54.3	49.7	40.9	48.0	48.3	53.4	•••	•••	66.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	887	54	105	75	72	143	119	156	109	52	19 724	22 054	50
1975 to 1978	1 966 990 1 224	56 72 55 99	171 90 94	102	123 38 57	240 109 127	354 114	416	276 177 212	212	23 666 25 952 28 246	23 956 29 336 28 204 30 149 19 366	52 41 37 78 145
1960 to 1969	1 224	99	94 277	102 57 57 112	57 114	127 170	108 145	416 252 299 192	212 123	98 171 72	23 666 25 952 28 246 14 605	30 149 19 366	78
1959 or eorlier	1 440	233	211	112	114	170	143	192	123	12	14 605	17 300	145
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	6 448	487	726	398	398	782	840	1 315	897	605 6	22 384 20 083	26 555	340
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	85 5 9	7 30	11	5 5	7	782 17 7	21	6	10	6	4 946	26 555 22 477 6 950	340 13 13
1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system	6 507	517	737	403	404	789 752	840	1 315	897	605	13 750 22 222 23 280 25 201 29 919	13 410 26 377	353
Air conditioning	6 051 5 289 3 653	405 261	629 490 201	327 310	364 250 140	752 609	814 692	1 262 1 220 993	893 857 754	605 605 600 547	23 280 25 201 29 919	27 457 29 244 34 206	264 190 50
Vehicles available	5 929	64 25 9	563	116 359	358	609 358 759	480 840	1 293	893	605	29 919 23 876	28 172	212
1 2 or more	2 321 3 608	191 68	455 108	217 142	234 124	359 400	287 553	352 941	135 758	91 514	23 876 15 771 28 898	19 179 33 957	126 86
House heating fuel	6 507 5 537	517 411	7 3 7 636	403 324	404 342	789 628	760 12	1 315 1 136	897 825	605 475	22 222 22 474 8 750	26 377 26 300 12 598	353 269 25 18 36
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	64 601	32 25 49	37	21 50	6 16 34	110	12 58 10	13 154	65 7	115 15	8 750 26 709	12 598 34 565	25 18
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	264 41	_	37 47 17	8	34 6 5.2	46 4	_	6		14	26 709 11 800 11 094	34 565 14 785 12 970	5 1
Median rooms	6.0	4.6	4.9	4.8		5.4	6.0	6.9	7.6	8.0	•••	•••	4.8
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	5 342	442	571	267	297	553	714	1 167	818	513	23 653	27 336	299
OWNER COSTS										200			
With a mortgage	3 488 525	139 50 27	227 93	122 61	168 48	311 82	562 60	908 68	668 57 21	383 6	26 947 15 559	30 838 18 571	95 39
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	332 443 401	27 7	50 58	61 20 22	26 39 22	42 40	63 73 85	70 110	21 63 69	13 31 12	20 057 23 542 26 975	30 836 18 571 20 498 25 504 27 813 29 010	8 -
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	408	7 19	58 11 7	14	6	40 22 49 58	88	159 135	69 68	12 36	26 975 26 346	27 813 29 010	12
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$745 \$750 or more	663 307	5	8	5	21 6	58 6	106 37 39	70 110 159 135 181 73 73 39	68 185 112	36 92 68 61 64 \$502	26 346 30 288 35 132 34 029	47 203	12 7 5
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	247 162 \$355	13 4	Ξ			12	- 11	73 39	61 32 \$427	61	34 029 32 103	39 367 53 595	13
Not martgaged	\$355 1 854	\$236 303	\$220 344	\$200 145	\$263 129	\$289 242	\$350 152	\$367 259	\$427 150	\$502 130	15 108	20 748	\$304 204
Less than \$50	106	0	41	5		1	-	- 4			2500-	2 561	9
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	450 435	56 150 44 28	126 86	57 46	32 39 31	28 116 50	14 51	30 47 71	13		4 844 7 435 15 104	6 084 10 392 14 819	37 81 46
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	373	28	64	15 22	31 8	50 41	51 58 24 5	71 81	44 54 27	12 50	19 583 28 409	22 547 33 241 47 552	46 20 5
\$250 or more	308 116 57	5 5 6	23 4	Ξ	8 13 6	7	5	81 15	27	12 50 47 21	45 089 33 576	47 552 44 068	6 \$92
Medion	\$121	\$89	\$101	\$106	\$121	\$120	\$130	\$142	\$161	\$203	•••	•••	\$92
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979	3 488	139	227	122	168	311	562	908	668	383	26 947	30 838	95
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	1 463 815	139	13	21	14	87	142	411	443 166 42	332	36 464 26 339 24 131	42 452 28 776	- 7
20 to 24 percent	403	-	28 24 24 61 77	21 22 30	46 19	56 36 83	188 113 57	270 133	42	39 6	24 131 18 294 12 500	24 593	5
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	310 174 298	10 7	61	25 19 5	56 6 27	25 24	30 32	43 26 25	6 11	6 -	12 500 6 834	24 593 18 935 15 581 11 979	6
Not computed	298 25 16.6	97 25	32.0	23.0	27 - 25.4	21.7	18.7	15.8	12.8	10	2500-	-2 349	52 25 50+
Median	1 854 889	50+ 303	32.0 344			21.7 242 161	15.7 152 141	259 240	350	130	15 108	20 748	204
less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	328	- 6	6 57	145 29 94 22	129 37 73	161 68	6	240 19	150	125 5	15 108 27 554 12 740 7 486	20 748 33 957 13 973 8 199	5
	231	27 32 39	158 67	22	13	6 7	5	_		Ξ.	6 141	8 199 6 636	17 6 17
	86 75 139	39 60 139	41 15	-	6	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-		5 270 4 063	5 737 3 830	17 43 116
25 16 29 percent 30 16 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	_	_	Ξ.	. =			-	Ξ		Ξ	2500 —	2 287	-
Median	10.6	34.0	18.4	12.3	11.9	10—	10-	10-	10-	10—			40.8

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Household income in 1979												
ı	Bloomington city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
	Renter-occupied housing units	10 433	3 305	3 244	1 184	902	950	371	343	128	6	7 775	9 335	3 780
A	OUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER forried-couple femilies 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over	2 478 532 1 266 385 178 117	432 90 254 67 8 13	691 204 320 56 60 51	372 97 187 40 23 25	419 85 227 81 20	260 45 162 34 11 8	99 5 61 25 8	148 6 46 48 42 6	57 - 9 34 6 8	-	10 780 9 364 10 789 13 410 12 283 9 618	11 772 9 512 10 923 15 247 16 416 12 740 9 238 7 799 10 151 14 918	528 112 277 105 28 6
	A A A A	3 629 1 751 1 426 191 145 116 4 326 1 736	1 283 718 412 39 64 50 1 590 821	204 320 56 60 51 1 041 568 392 26 23 32 1 512 565	393 174 168 32 19 	218 68 114 22 14 - 265 98	346 128 192 6 12 8 344 85	178 40 90 28 - 20 94 22 34 14	112 27 44 28 13 - 83 15 23	52 28 8 10 - 6 19 - 8	6	9 364 10 789 13 410 12 283 9 618 7 271 6 258 6 677 12 383 7 583 5 800 6 593 5 303 7 714 9 109 9 071	9 512 9 512 10 923 15 247 16 416 12 740 9 238 7 799 10 151 14 918 9 053 10 618 8 021 6 393 9 028	6 1 447 1 014 343 19 58 13 1 805 1 120 352 97 85
	35 to 44 years	1 736 1 331 371 385 503 27.2	341 92 85 251 25.2	565 543 122 135 147 26.6	130 170 59 26 34 27.6	98 104 32 12 19 28.3	85 108 48 83 20 28.6	14 10 14 31.5	34 7 35.9	11 36.8	27.5	9 109 9 071 5 012	9 327 10 940 7 780	97 85 151 24.1
1	FEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 979 to March 1980	6 594 3 006 542 203 88	2 241 832 134 48 50	2 172 843 175 32 22	683 402 49 44 6	522 318 46 13 3	532 344 59 8 7	191 106 45 29	189 103 28 23	64 52 6 6	- 6 - -	7 139 9 104 8 797 11 222 4 651	8 651 10 329 10 917 13 973 6 264	2 652 929 137 44 18
c	LUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	10 089 6 386 3 222 313 168 344 157	3 120 2 095 851 123 51 185 74 111	3 139 1 987 1 055 64 33 105 69 36	1 169 652 414 50 53 15 -	875 482 339 35 19 27 14 13	944 648 290 6 6 6	365 229 130 6 6 6	343 199 110 34 - - - -	128 88 33 7 - - - -	66-	7 897 7 471 8 576 7 939 10 000 4 631 5 281 4 049	9 462 9 326 9 805 9 338 8 257 5 637 5 425 5 816	3 619 1 959 1 412 171 77 161 73 88
H A V	ELECTED CHARACTERISTICS certing equipment Centrol herbing system ir cendificationing Centrol system	10 433 9 877 7 156 4 348 8 475 5 844 2 631 10 433 5 525 91 3 606 272 939	3 305 3 087 2 010 1 028 2 177 1 800 3 77 3 305 1 558 54 1 254 79 360 3,0	3 244 3 032 2 228 1 341 2 681 2 000 681 3 244 1 761 1 4 1 083 103 283 3 3.6	1 184 1 136 897 585 1 072 676 396 1 184 622 15 405 22 120 3.9	902 890 669 437 838 538 300 902 499 	950 913 683 437 882 457 425 950 599 - 285 13 53 4.2	371 358 295 206 364 172 192 371 240 	343 327 263 217 337 147 190 343 186 8 97 37 37 15	128 128 105 91 118 54 64 128 60 - 68 - 5.1	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 - - - - - - - - -	7 775 7 916 8 330 9 215 8 802 7 723 11 626 7 775 8 417 4 375 7 055 7 500 6 955	9 335 9 437 9 924 10 915 10 229 13 140 9 335 9 793 6 759 9 138 9 966 7 471	3 780 3 582 2 369 1 377 2 736 1 843 893 3 780 1 941 1 365 99 34 1 365 99 341 3 341 3 33
,	Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 279	3 250	3 191	1 177	883	943	371	337	121	6	7 773	9 332	3 733
Tanasasasasasas	ONTRACT RENT uss than \$100 100 to \$149 150 to \$149 150 to \$197 150	961 2 129 3 282 1 658 1 284 451 131 132 76 175 \$179	607 933 915 462 201 46 9 8 7 62 \$152	255 716 1 146 422 404 117 56 43 8 24	44 207 420 215 182 40 7 - 20 42 \$188	32 84 342 231 111 555 9 8 -	23 102 279 198 162 82 24 38 12 23 \$217	59 73 63 100 50 10 16 - \$245	28 82 48 93 53 16 5 7 5 \$254	- 19 19 31 8 - 14 22 8 \$280	66	4 201 5 879 8 135 9 101 10 508 13 523 10 179 15 515 16 500 10 089	5 094 6 845 9 106 10 072 12 524 14 662 12 651 16 186 20 046 10 656	465 895 935 602 496 139 61 61 61 44 \$173
T didital distal distal	ROSS RENT ses shan \$100 100 to \$149 150 to \$199 150 to \$199 225 to \$299 300 to \$349 400 to \$489 400 to \$489 500 or more to cosh rent Median ROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	711 1 499 2 364 2 356 1 397 862 464 262 189 175 \$211	491 705 856 625 277 159 55 13 7 62 \$177	166 514 762 809 400 264 120 71 61 24 \$208	28 131 305 259 218 109 58 7 20 42 \$221	9 66 178 304 155 56 69 35 - 11 \$233	17 50 152 215 190 138 62 59 37 23 \$256	19 55 65 64 72 43 37 16 - \$291	14 49 63 79 40 43 32 12 5 \$285	7 10 14 24 14 8 36 8 \$355	- - 6 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3 973 5 426 7 197 8 166 10 247 10 183 12 457 15 368 15 625 10 089	4 680 6 199 8 100 9 380 11 234 12 225 13 843 15 809 17 988 10 656	360 662 832 656 427 414 168 103 67 44 \$199
	INCOME IN 1979 ses than 15 percent 5 to 19 percent 0 to 24 percent 10 to 24 percent 10 to 34 percent 10 to 34 percent 25 to 49 percent 0 percent or more 10 computed 10 comput	1 092 1 373 1 324 1 004 735 1 454 2 734 563 30.4	5 62 130 86 118 328 2 071 450 50+	100 306 387 457 386 895 636 24 34.3	126 234 228 259 114 147 27 42 24.6	112 262 295 90 90 23 — 11 21.1	236 332 187 77 27 61 	169 119 60 23 - - - - 15.7	261 44 15 12 - - 5 12.1	77 14 22 - - - 8 11.8	6 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	19 375 13 306 11 590 9 622 8 285 6 668 3 422 2500—	20 961 13 878 12 019 10 076 8 535 7 153 3 469 3 195	33 75 168 83 161 520 2 261 432 50+

Table B -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Doto ore estimo	ites based on a	somple, see intr	oduction. For m	eaning of symbo	is, see introduct	ion. For definition	ons of terms, se	e appendixes A	ond 8)	
Bloomington city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	3 468	525	332	443	401	408	663	307	247	162	355
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person2 persons	420 1 043	142 185	70 127	63 167	25 111	37 113	50 167 153	11 73 62 124 37	22 49	51	249 319
3 persons	803	185 91 77	127 110 10	103	98	113 113 84	153	62	54 82 17	51 19	350
4 persons	820 277	22	15	63 167 103 72 26 12	111 98 115 28 18	46 15	188 82	37	17	68 19	350 426 424 325
6 persons 7 persons	88 13 24	8 -	15	12	-	15	10 6	_	10 7	_	325 611 443
8 or more persons	24 2.85	2.15	2.26	2.45	3.16	2.98	7 3.25	3.56	6 3.47	3.66	443
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	2 677 37	315 14	172	349	336	329	552	261	211	152	375 278
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	532	65	36	49	30	71	140	87	35	19	407
35 to 44 years	801 1 149	65 27 153 56 33	36 29 66	79 191	30 104 173	94 164	210 194	86 88	116 55	56 65	435 348
Male householder no wife present	158 302	56 33	41 32	22 53	20 33	48	63	16	5 14	10	228 350
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	6 158	21	25	34		6 18 24	18	- 6	- 6	_ 5	375
30 to 44 years	64	-	7	19	25 8	24	14 31	5 5	8	, š	400
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	68	6	-	-			-	-		_	175
15 to 24 years	509 7	177	128	41	32 7	31	48	30	22	_	407 435 348 228 350 375 299 400 408 175 230 325 325 321
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	112	. 10	26 8	20	- 1	20 5	18 5 18	6 13 11	12		325
35 to 44 years	60 215 115	89	8 57 37	5 11	12 13	6	18	11	10	-	216 147
65 years and over	44.6	66 56.7	50.6	47.2	45.5	42.6	41.4	38.6	40.8	42.5	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to Morch 1980	494 1 322 635 729	27 124 69	13 145 27	24 166 104 115	30 90 135 120	62 156 97	118 295 132	71 178 33	93 103 17	56 65 21	449 394 344 295 210
1970 to 1974	635	69 160	27 102	104	135	97 77	132 108	33	17	21 14	344
1959 or eorlier	308	145	45	34	26	16	10	18 7	15 19	6	210
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	25	18	- 53	- 18	12	- 8	- 6	_	7		175 193 253 298 395
5 rooms	286 547 725	159 139 132	53 128 83 37 31 5.4	95	44	85	43 117	8	5	7	253
7 rooms	615	46	37	70	44 118 65 162	61 99	152 345	26 63	28 79	4	395
8 or more rooms Median	1 290 6.8	31 5.1	31 5.4	48 95 153 70 77 6.0	162 6.9	155 7.0	345 7.6	210 8.1	128 7.6	151 8.5+	447
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to March 1980	340	14	- 6	6 48	19	.8	106 99	58	82	61 41	553
	446 1 147 601	14 107 160	73 37	165 82	51 185 59	165	280 105	84	57	31 12	442 363 318
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	251 703	35 209	60 156	82 57 85	18	55 165 104 47 29	12	58 76 84 26 11 52	56 57 16 7 29	12 4 13	277 246
1939 or earlier	703	209	156	85	69	29	61	52	29	13	246
VALUE Less than \$10,000	36	30				6					165
\$10,000 to \$10,000	167	95 149 70 80	37	25		4	6 7	_	-	-	191
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	167 373 433 491	70	73	25 83 78 120	21 87 77	79	46	_	_	- 7	218
\$50,000 to \$59,999	491 504	80 68	37 103 73 61 29 23	120	77 61	4 10 79 67 74 119 49	46 64 116 289 97	15 29 153 81	61		191 218 297 294 369
\$60,000 to \$79,999	504 904 324	68 25 8	23	66 54 11	61 137 18	119	289	153	61 78 43	26 11 75	431 469
\$100,000 to \$149,999	208	-	-	6	-	49 -	38	29	60	75	677
\$150,000 or mare	\$53 800	\$29 300	\$32 600	\$43 700	\$51 800	\$53 500	\$64 300	\$71 300	\$77 400	\$123 100	750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS											
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent	1 463	321	166	229	205	143	227	98	50	24	304
15 to 19 percent	815	84	55		114 21 29	151 33	189 116		45	34 15 12	304 379 437 389
20 to 24 percent	403 310	42 26	55 26 16 35 26	67 26 51 25	29	42	66 18	76 62 42 12 12	62 26	12	389
33 percent or more	174 298	13 39	35 26	25 45	14 18	13 20	18 47	12 12	30 28	14 63	350 402 388
Not computed	25 16.6	12.7	8 14.8	14.6	14.9	16.9	17.8	18.5	22.1	28.3	388
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Heating equipment Steom or hot water system	3 488 119	525 28	332	443 16	401	408 18	6 63	307	247	162	355 360
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	3 082	392	268	16 400	376	362	606	295	234	149	365
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	66 53	18 14 73	16 12 30	14 13	5 →	9	13 7		6	5 -	252
Air canditioning	168 3 012	73 370	30 226	13 35 5	14 376	19 357	12 624	301	7	162 158	218 375
Central system	3 012 2 326 686	370 199 171	137	247	272	275	567	301 255 46	241 216 25	4	405
House heating fuel	3 488	525	226 137 89 332 303	355 247 108 443 400 11	272 104 401 381	357 275 82 408 389	624 567 57 663 584	46 307	247 196	162 101	365 247 252 218 375 405 288 355 348 275 509 279
Utility gas	11 1	462	-	11	- 1			243	-	-	275
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	330 65 23	33 19	23	23	14	14 5	67 12	58 6	51 -	61	279
Other	23	ii	6		6	-		-		-	204

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

{Octa are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

								is, see oppolitizes		
Bloomington city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 854	9	106	450	435	373	308	116	57	121
	1 054	,	100	430		.,,		710	-	127
PERSONS IN UNIT		4	07	241	124	.,	25	14	21	
1 person2 persons	619 888	_	87 19	241 163 39	136 220	81 200 53 15	35 205 13 23 22	14 63 19	21 18 18	98 130 129 132 163 138 225 175
3 persons	190 81	5	-	39	43 29 7	53	13	19	18	129
4 persons5 persons	47	Ξ.	Ī		7	11	22	7 7	Ξ.	163
6 persons	13	_	_	_	_	13	_	- 6	_	138
7 persons8 or more persons	10	-	_	_	_	Ξ.	10	_	_	175
Median	1.85	2.60	1.11	1.43	1.87	2.03	2.08	2.20	1.92	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	1 014	-	6	184	246	219	237	92	30	133
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	31	=		14	-	5	-			106
35 to 44 years	58 407	=	=	_	6 7	_	33 82	12	6	183
45 to 64 years65 years and over	407 518		- 6	54 116	114 119	83 131	82 116	12 62 18	12 12	106 183 136 128 98
Male householder, no wife present	157	5	40	116 37	38	ĭii	21	5	12	98
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	5	5	_		~					50-
35 to 44 years	19	_	5	7			.7	-	-	91 134 86 108
45 10 04 years	42 91	Ξ	35	6 24	11 27	11	14		_	134
65 years and over	683	4	35 60	24 229	27 151	143	50	5 19	27	108
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	6	Ξ.	4	~	_			_	6	250 + 63 143 112 102
35 to 44 years	19	-	-		.=	13	.6		-	143
45 to 64 years65 years and over	168 486	- 4	4 52	50 179	62 89	18 112	15 29	14 5 58.5	5 16	102
Median age	68.2	29.5	76.2	70.6	66.5	69.3	63.9	58.5	64.6	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	59	5	5	6	5	12	13	_	13	143
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1970 to 1969 1959 or earlier	194	-	11	28	33	12 67 15	39	.5	11	143 134 118 136 115
1970 to 1974	234 360	_	10	64 94	33 60 50	15 73	39 40 91 125	34 36	11	118
1959 or earlier	1 007	4	5 75	258	287	206	125	41	ii	115
RCOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	26	_	_	7	19	_	_	_	_	108
4 roams	328	-	39 37	165 176	78 233	.41		5	-	94
5 rooms	632 455	5	37	176	233	109 149	55 133 43 77	11	10	108 94 111 136 146 187
7 rooms	165 248	_	7 10 13	79 11 12	68 25 12	44 30	43	15 81	10 17	146
8 or more rooms	248 5.4	5.6	13 4.9	12 4.8	12 5.0	30 5.7	6.2	81 8.1	23 7.2	187
	3.4	3.0	4.7	4.0	3.0	5.7	0.2	0.1	7.2	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	38 35		_	10	_	18	7 6	- 8	13	157
1960 to 1969	278	-	-	10 23	19	99	6 85	36 30	16 11	157 209 149 137 110
1950 to 1959	362 191		5	49 61	96 65	65	106 18	_	11	137
1939 or earlier	950	9	92	307	255	38 153	86	42	6	107
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	53	_	17	7	23	_	6	_	_	103
\$10,000 to \$19,999	334 379	-	30 47	124	118	57	6 5	-	-	103
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	379		47	124 155 109 50	92	70 69 89	15	_		98
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	315 271	-	12	50	118 92 109 61 20 12	89	28 59 91 81		-	103 98 111 129 165 173 208 250+ 250+
\$50,000 to \$59,999	174 187	9		5	20	31 40	91	23 49		165
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	56 47	_	=	3	-		23	33 11	, <u>=</u>	208
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	47 38	_				12		11	24	250+ 250±
Median	\$34 200	\$55 500	\$20 800	\$25 800	\$27 000	\$37 600	\$53 500	\$75 900	\$162 500	250 ,
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	889	_	15	141	225	202	203	81	22 16	133
10 to 14 percent	328 231	9	35 24	61 88	80 46	· 79	49 28	8 18	16	121
20 to 24 percent	106	~	6	36	29 11	20	8	-	7	133 121 98 109 109 90 108
25 to 29 percent	86 75	_	7	36 32	1]	18	8	4	6	109
30 to 34 percent	139		8	43 49	6 38	28	7 5	5	6	108
Not computed	10.6	17.5	15.6	16.3	10—	10—	10—	10—	12.0	-
	10.0	17.3	13.0	10.3	10-	10-	10-	10-	12.0	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	1 854 82	9 5	106	450 23	435	373	308 30	116	57	121
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	1 519	4	70	346	353	308	278	103	57	124
Other built-in electric units	8 43	-	- 6	15	22	8	-	_	-	138
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	202		24	15	55	50		7	_	101
Air collamoning	1 338	- 5 5	24 55	66 230 36 194	292	303	280	116 103 13	57 57	132
Centrol system1 or more individual room units	717 621	_	55	36 194	173	194	203 77	103	_	109
Hause heating fuel	1 854 1 695	9	106	450 420	435	303 194 109 373 332	308	116 108	57 41	121
Bottled, tank, or LP gos	41	-	101	420 7	19	15	289	_	-	118
Electricity	41 55 52	-	-	23	55 292 119 173 435 395 19 7	15 18 8	6 13	8	16	121 132 124 138 101 105 132 151 109 121 120 118 171 109
Other	52		5	23	8	8	13	Ξ		109

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ov	rner-occupied h	nousing units				Ren	ter-occupied ho	ousing units		
Bloomington city	Totol	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	6 507	676	718	1 693	1 567	1 853	10 433	598	1 896	3 646	2 626	1 667
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple formities	4 291	480	569	1 299	1 037	906	2 478	125	428	950	400	276
15 to 24 years	90 726	17	21 95	30 152	14 159	8 178	532	31 24	112 211	950 199 4 54	153 394	183
35 to 44 years	946	142 130 154 37	182	30 152 374 583 160	141	119	385 178	31 24 21 21 28	60	169 74	98 37 17	37 12 7
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present	1 775 754 643	37 60	242 29 58	151	509 214 130	287 314 24 4	3 629	214	34 11 600	54 1 251	938	626
25 to 34 years	55 244	35	6 33	36 60 26 29	6 36 43	7 80	1 751 1 426	86 81	357 188	608 464	413 422	287 271
35 to 44 years	102 126	18 7	5 14	26 29	14	10 62 85	191 145 116	14 8	11 13	89 53 37	48 42	29 29
Female householder, no husband present	116 1 573	136	9]	243	31 4 0 0	703	4 326	25 259	31 868	1 445	13 989	626 287 271 29 29 10 765 336 244 58
	25 188 138	11	6 27 24 28	60	59 18 123	31 11	4 326 1 736 1 331 371	83 26 5	376 240 74	486 446 164	455 375 70	336 244
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	508	12 11 31 70 12	28	60 54 63 66 46.5	123	224	385	30	88 90	178 171	45 44	44
Median age	714 51.2	41.0	43.3	46.5	200 56.8	430 62.1	503 27.2	115 31.9	26.2	27.8	26.8	83 27.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	887	268 408	102	217	170	130	6 594 3 006	526 72	1 209 601	2 185 1 066	1 750 707	924 560
1970 to 1974	1 966 990 1 224 1 440	408	308 308	217 505 279	312 234	433 169	3 006 542	-	601 86	254	121	560 81
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 440	Ξ.	Ξ	692	297 554	235 886	542 203 88	2	Ξ.	141	38 10	81 24 78
ROOMS	20	_	5	8	7		564	14	38	141	266	105
2 rooms	100	Ξ	-	5	_	41	1 474 2 872	55 301	229	141 413 960	266 466 750 564 264	105 311 400
4 rooms5 rooms	989 1 498	94 117 133	19 78 128	22 139 249	18 270 443	408	3 108 1 550	132 63 23	461 694 375	1 364	564 264	354 294
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 368 2 527	332	119 369	304 966 7.0	383 446	429 414 5.4	567 298	23 10 3.3	67 32 3.8	136 78 3.7	221 95 3.3	120 83 3.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.0	6.5	6.6	7.0	5.6	5.4	3.6	3.3	3.8	3.7	3.3	3.5
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 448 5 156	676 570	718 529	1 693 1 332	1 549 1 201	1 812 1 524 266	10 089 6 386	5 72 431	1 890 1 177 607	3 607 2 307	2 545 1 451	1 475 1 020 417
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	5 156 1 207 67	100	184	341 20	316 25	266	6 386 3 222 313	141	607 60	1 145	912 114	417
	18 5 9	Ē	5	=	7 18	6 41	168 344	26	46 6	128 27 39	68 81	27 (
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	41 12		_	Ξ	12	29 12	157 187	26 12 14	6	33	19 62	192 120 72
Lot or more	6 -	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	6	-	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ī	Ξ	_
PERSONS IN UNIT	1 388	133	85	201	363	606	4 506	338	764	1 462	1 141	801
2 persons	2 356 1 189 1 017	214	224 144	585	623	710	3 490	177	557	1 334 451	87.6	546
4 persons 5 persons 5	1 017	87 208 23 11	166 64	339 342 170	321 121 86	298 180 43	1 356 701 245	61 22	309 202 47	243 91	355 163 51	546 180 71 56 13
6 or more persons	386 171 2.29	11 2.46	35 2.85	56 2.68	53 2.17	16	135 1.70	1.38	1.83	65 1.77	40 1.70	1.56
Total persons	17 065	1 935	2 234	5 061	3 909	3 926	20 133	900	3 846	7 297	5 017	3 073
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched	5 777	492	542	1 524	1 494 19	1 725	1 857	31	134	293	793 199	606
2	5 777 122 94	5 68	9 14	10	1	79 11	561 815	36 20	35 106	68 274	210	606 223 205
5 to 9	54 109	18 17	10	41	14 16	12 26	1 709 3 286 1 910	79 248 161 23	350 851	652 1 495	269 501 500	359 191 67
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	6 345	76	128	118	23	-	1 910 295	161 23	396 24	786 78	500 154	67 16
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	6 507	676	718	1 693	1 567	1 853	10 433	598	1 896	3 646	2 424	1 467
Steom or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built in electric units Electric units	220	637	655	61 1 540	68 1 278	85 1 498	1 515 6 746 1 483	7 369	65 1 450	436	2 626 731 1 460	1 667 276
	5 608 117 106	16	16	37	24 70	24	1 483 133	194 13	345	2 361 679 56	189 28	1 106 76 36
Other means	456 5 289	17 651 626	41 663 528	24 31 1 543 1 302	127 1 327 866	240 1 105	556 7 15 6	15 546	36 1 658 1 330	114 3 065	218 1 289	36 173 598
Air conditioning	3 653 1 636	626 25	135	241	461	1 105 331 774	4 348 2 808	410 136	328	966	424 865	85 513
Hause heating fuel	6 507 5 537	25 676 298	718 608	1 693 1 488	1 567 1 409	1 853 1 734	10 433 5 525	598 186	1 896 874	3 646 1 517	2 626 1 590	1 667 1 358
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	64 601 264	356 18	11 89 10	12 71 122	13 56	28 29 48	91 3 606 272	397 8	13 937 23	1 724	23 426 89	26 122 90 71
Other Income in 1979 below poverty level	41 353	4	19	48	66 23 86	14	939 3 780	185	49 767	62 321 1 133	498 1 031	71
recent below poverty level	5.4	0.9	2.6	2.8	5.5	10.5	36.2	30.9	40.5	31.1	39.3	664 39.8
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	517 737	6	29	62	88 183	332 344	3 305 3 244	252	618 577	985 1 115	907 817	543
\$10,000 to \$12,499	737 403 404 789	23 38 31 73 94	29 82 29 52 94 58 157	62 105 59 89	183 111 86	344 166 146	1 184	252 179 37 57 34	202	536	278	543 556 131 156 153 73
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	789 840	73 94	94 58	189 214	220 257	213	902 950 371	34	161 181 63	305 346 155	223 236 75	153
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1 315	187 100 124	157 119	425	303 191 128	243 117 75	343 128	19 15	63 60 28	157 47	66 24	41
\$50,000 or more	897 605 \$22 222	124 \$28 721 \$36 996	119 98 \$25 708	370 180 \$27 971	\$21 647	\$13 947	\$7 775	\$6 211	\$7 962 \$9 548	\$8 530 \$10 007	\$7 400 \$8 723	\$7 350
Mean	\$26 377	\$36 996	\$29 056	\$31 464	\$25 402	\$17 642	\$9 335	\$8 470	\$9 548	\$10 007	\$8 723	\$8 900

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Dwner-occupied I		incubenon. Te	a meaning or s	ympois, see intro		_	housing units	, notice of the		
Bloomington city	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or ottached	2 units	3 end 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing unitsCondominium housing units	6 507 228	5 777 122	3 85 106	345	10 433 150	1 857 11	561	815	1 709 30	3 286 16	1 910 93	295
Morried-couple fomilies	4 201	3 007	122	172	2 478	539	106	141	200	422	781	100
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	90 726 946	49 592 922 1 699	64 3	36 70 21 39	532 1 266 385	25 302 155 33 24 598 302	15 68 8	14 58 34 35	82 219 51 25 12	129 156 33 40	237 407 97	100 30 56 7 7
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	946 1 775 754 643 55	1 699 735 495	37 13	39 6	178 117	33 24	8 15 - 204	_	25 12	40 64	407 97 23 17	
Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	55 244	495 6 172	3 37 13 51 18 22	6 97 31 50	3 629 1 751 1 426	302 206	88 94	263 93 127	564 269 245	64 1 484 826 496	421 155 196	95 18 62
45 to 64 years	244 102 126 116	86 121	5	50 16 -	191 145	206 39 34 17	16	11 19	6 14	84 47	45 8	7
65 years and over	1 573	110 1 285	212	76 6	116 4 326 1 736	7 2 0 293	251 102	13 411 129 117	30 756 242	1 380 702	17 708 221	100 47 40
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	25 188 138	13 121 91 419 641 52.4	44	23 36 11	1 331 371	220 67 86	80 23 25	117 48	266 86 78	341 98 71	267 49 82	- 1
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	138 508 714 51.2	419 641 524	11 78 73 49.9	11 - 31.5	385 503 27.2	86 54 28.5	25 21 27.2	48 38 79 28.8	78 84 27. 7	71 168 25.0	82 89 27.8	5 8 27.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT					6 594 3 006	1 034	339 184	418 249	990 597	2 226 820		225
1975 to 1978	887 1 966 990	628 1 687 919 1 167	91 155 31	168 124 40 13	542	610 145	184 16	90	597 75 36 11	163	1 362 481 53 14	65
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier ROOMS	1 224 1 440	1 376	44 64	- 13	203 88	33 35	22	44 14	11	71 6	-	-
l room2 rooms	20 5	7	8 -	5 5	564 1 474	44 100	_ 44	47 135	142 223	149 574	182 308	90
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	100 989 1 498	49 651	22 140 100	29 198	2 872 3 108	212 397 498	179 184 108 33 13	228 195	223 356 550 312	1 165 1 062 312	308 620 647 129	90 112 73 20
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 368 2 527	651 1 314 1 281 2 475 6.2	67 48 4.7	84 20 4 4.2	1 550 567 298	346 260	33 13	171 39	107 19	24	18 6 3.3	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.0 6 448		4.7 363	4.2 340	3.6 10 089	4.9	3.8 549	3.5 752	3.7 1 584	3.3 3 186	3.3 1 896	3.0 288
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	5 156 1 207	5 745 4 652 1 030 50	306 57	198 120 17 5	6 386 3 222	1 834 1 192 580	448 93	449 289	1 027	2 181	887 725	202 75 11
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use		50 13	_	17	313	44 18	8 -	14	529 15 13	49 25 100 55	172 112 14	11 7
0.50 or less	67 18 59 41 12	13 32 14 12	22 22	5 5	344 157 187	23 12 11	12 6 6	63 40 23	125 44 81	55 45	14	7
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more BEDROOMS	6 -	6 -	Ξ	-	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	_	Ξ	Ξ.
None	20 329	7 247	8	5	770 4 130	66 415	13 281	54 407	176 605	202	259 637	153
2 3 	2 092 2 488 1 209	1 642 2 308 1 204 369	53 215 104	29 235 76	770 4 130 4 139 1 106	415 667 475	176 74 12 5	407 214 133	605 712 186	1 632 1 299 153	941 73	153 130 12
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1 209 369	1 204 369	5 -	-	189 99	147 87	5	-	23 7	-	Ξ	=
Less than \$5,000	517 737	448 593 310 317	44 59	25 85 65 37	3 305 3 244	358 528	168 178	320 280	541 565 196	1 036 1 046 387 262 272	725 554	157 93 22
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	403 404 789	310 317	28 50	65 37	1 184 902 950 371	182 215 290	67 60	76 59	196 146 150	387 262	725 554 254 160 130 18	22 - 6
\$5,000 to \$12,499 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,599 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	840 1 315	642 741 1 268	28 50 60 68 32	87 31 15	343	144 95	46 12 14	56 19 5	49 42 20	123 130 24	18 46 23	11
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	897 605 \$22 222	887 571 \$23 784	10 34 \$15 777		128	45	16 \$7 978		_	24 6	_	54 417
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$26 377	\$27 468	\$15 777 \$21 669	\$12 404 \$13 361	\$7 775 \$9 335	\$10 584 \$12 138	\$7 978 \$9 342	\$6 540 \$7 527	\$7 839 \$8 999	\$7 413 \$9 338	\$7 178 \$8 173	\$4 617 \$6 133
Steam or hot water system	6 507 220 5 608	5 777 211 4 994	385	345	10 433 1 515	1 857 81	561 31	815 60 566	1 709 184 1 279	3 286 435 1 902	1 910 706 974	295 18 209
Central warm-air furnace ar electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	117 106	84 102	349 11 -	265 22 4	6 746 1 483 133	1 406 91 38	410 16 .13 91	67 21	180 30	908 13	221 5	13
Air conditioning	456 5 289 3 653	386 4 746 3 359	16 295	54 248 93	556 7 156	241 803 318	91 300 90	101 399 182	36 1 240 828	28 2 895 1 877	1 439 1 047	55 80
Centrol system Vehicles available	5 929 2 321 3 608	5 242	295 201 342 210	345 215	4 348 8 475 5 844	1 595 866	490 312	582 402 180	1 326 1 032	2 735 1 950 785	1 545 1 137 408	202 145 57
2 or more	6 507	1 896 3 346 5 777 5 116	132 385 283	130 345 138	2 631 10 433	729 1 857	178 561	815	294 1 709	3 286	1 910	57 295 182
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	5 537 64 601		6	6 75 122	5 525 91 3 606	1 503 18 199	472 10 71	577 9 176	1 081 20 546 19	1 180 15 1 899	530 12 689	7 26 80
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	264 41	450 122 37 5 765	76 20 - 385		272 939 10 392	62 75 1 840	561	176 53 - 810	19 43 1 709	32 160 3 280	18	
Water heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity	6 490 4 968 57 1 449	4 692	240	340 36	5 225	1 449	411	582 6	1 040 7	1 075 35	1 904 487 17	288 181
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	1 449 10	1 016	139 6	294 4	101 4 343 42	342 -	24 126	216 6	639	2 058 24 88	855 12	107
Other Family householder With own children under 18 years	4 823 2 130	4 443 1 937	175 49	205 144	681 3 462 1 683	37 745 379	154 50	276 171 70	23 583 320	658 211	533 922 501	124 51
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	738 404	1 937 625 338	23 53 18	205 144 90 13 8	1 085 795	202 172	50 24 41 36 10	70 125	220 165	132 157	408	51 29 18
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nenfamily householder	166 27 1 684	140 27 1 334	210		577 222 6 971	128 46 1 112	407	125 96 35 539	121 51 1 126	94 38 2 628	84 29 988	18 13 171
Percent below poverty level	353 5.4	1 334 299 5.2	29 7.5	140 25 7.2	3 780 36.2	638 34.4	195 34.8	337 41.3	551 32.2	1 193 36.3	736 38.5	130 44.1

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

(Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

	(odio dio camio	103 80300 017 0 3	ompie, see mit	Sudction. For me	aning or symbols,	, see infroduction	n. Tor octimitor	is or terms, see	oppendixes A di	10 01	
Blooming?on city	Total) person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units	6 507 448	1 388	2 356 221	1 189 125	1 017 42	386 16	112	25 12	34 23	2.29 2.52	17 065 1 361
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms4 rooms	125 989	70 434	35 338	14 129	6 57	_ 17	14 7	-	-	1.39	235 1 947
5 rooms	1 498 1 368 853	458 289 84	651 604 327	129 193 248 216	138 153 166 497	45 26 46	7 36 7	6	12	1.95 2.15 2.57	3 265 3 133 2 417
8 or more rooms Median	1 674 6.0	53	401 5.8	389 6.5	497 7.4	252 8.1	48 6.5	19 8.5+	15 7.2	3.48	6 068
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	6 448 6 363	1 359 1 359	2 332 2 325	1 189 1 184	1 011	386 369	112 91	25	34 5	2.30 2.28	16 957 16 532 382
	67 18 59	_	7	5		17	21	6	23 6	6.29 2 90 1.52	382 43 108
1.01 or 1.30 1.51 or more Lecking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less. 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	53 6	29 29	24 24 -	=	6	-	=	=	-	1.52 1.41 4.00	108 83 25
	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
1, detached or ottached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	\$ 777 385 345	1 142 149 97	2 088 165 103	1 076 56 57	937 15 65	369 - 17	106	25 - -	34	2.34 1.76 2.23	15 295 769 1 001
VALUE	5 342	1 039 25	1 931	993	901	324	101	19	34	2.35	14 015
Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	89 501 752	176	52 170 261	62	6 57 59	6 12	24 8	-		1.88 1.94 1.79	200 1 145 1 517
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	752 748 762	300 197 112	261 330 315	89 142 145 156 239 81	59 61 100 110	35 11 57 39	27		7 6	2.04	1 539
\$50,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999 \$150,000 or mare	678 1 091 380	115 66 11	230 321 158	239 81	319 93	113	11 21 10	7 12 -	10	2.47 3.16 2.76 3.16	1 870 3 529 1 189
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more Median	255 86 \$47 600	17 20 \$30 800	67 27 \$44 700	66 13 \$53 700	78 18 \$63 000	16 8 \$60 300	S47 000	562 100	\$52 000	3.16 2.35	854 270
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	6 507	1 388	2 356	1 189	1 017 \$29 981	386	112	25	34	2.29	17 065
Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	\$22 222 14.9	\$9 537 21.6	\$22 021 12.2	\$25 986 13.3	16.3	\$28 250 15.8	\$26 875 13.1	\$39 643 12.9 15.4	\$42 667 17.9		
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 belaw paverty level Medion income	16.6 10.6 353	25.0 19.2	15.8 10	13.3 14.6 10—	16.6 10—	17.1 10— 10	14.2 10—	15.4 10—	20.0 10—	1.30	:::
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	\$3 058	\$2 648	\$3 387	\$16 429	\$5 368	\$5 417	=	= [=		:::
household income With a martgage Not mortgaged	47.3 50+ 40.8	48.1 50+ 43.8	50+ 50+ 50+	17.5 17.5	23.5 22.5 26.3	34.2 34.2		=	-		:::
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	10 433 2 659	4 506	3 4 90 1 641	1 356 635	701 278	245 76	79 13	44 16	12	1.70 2.31	20 133 6 747
ROOMS 1 room	564	488	52		:	_	_	_	-	1.08	676
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	1 474 2 872 3 108	1 023 1 657 942	342 877 1 437	24 74 176 448	35 111 206	46 53	5 16 29	- 6	-	1.22 1.37 1.93 2.24	2 059 4 617 6 463
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 550 567 298	325 48 23	605 145 32	387 171 76	206 152 118 79	46 53 49 52 45	29 6 23	6 3 15 20	12	2.24 3.03 3.73	6 463 3 586 1 668 1 064
Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	3.6	2 9	3.8	4.4	4.5	5.0	5.1	6.4	6.0	3.73	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 089 9 608 313	4 236 4 236	3 441 3 389	1 336 1 238	696 550 111	245 146 53	79 29 45 5	44 20 18	12 - 12	1.73 1.67 4.24 3.73	19 652 17 678 1 385
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	168 344 344	270 270	52 49	1 238 74 24 20 20	35 5	46	-	6	-	1.14	589 481 481
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	344	270	49 - -	20	5 - -	Ξ.		=	-	1.14	481
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1. detoched or ottached	1 857	512	580	363	246	86	36	22 7	12	2.22 1.45	4 420 912
3 ond 4 5 to 9	561 815 1 709	296 379 799	186 253 569	363 36 102 200	33 39 90	28 45	11 6	7 3 -	-	1.61	912 1 634 3 061
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	3 286 1 910 295	1 700 673 147	1 147 646 109	270 357 28	136 157	45 24 48 11	6 9 17	12	-	1.60 1.47 1.94 1.50	1 634 3 061 5 497 4 087 522
GROSS RENT	10 279	4 432	3 460	1 330	683	239	79	44	12	1.70	
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	711 1 499	536 808	87 362	32 183	24 106	17 14 94	15 16 6	10	12	1.16	19 869 1 121 2 800
\$250 to \$299	2 364 2 356 1 397	1 210 1 176 422	689 912 713	200 181 179	147 57 74	18	6 9	6	-	1.48 1.50 1.89	4 411 3 974 2 678
\$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	862 464 262	121 71 26	390 151 64	268 145 99 31	60 79	19 11 25	4	7 9	=	2.29 2.57 2.91	1 969 1 112 746
No cosh rent	262 189 175	26 5 57	7 85	12	39 92 5	25 41 - \$199	7 16	6 - \$287		4.06 1.86	730 328
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	\$211 10 433	\$186 4 506	\$232 3 490	\$264 1.356	\$254 701	245	\$191 79	44	\$165	1.70	20 133
Median income	10 433 \$7 775 30.4	4 506 \$5 584 32 8 1 526 \$2500—	\$8.880	1 356 \$10 014 30.4	\$10 753 28.1	\$11 504 24 3	\$10 787 28.8	\$23 750 17.3	\$11 250 22.5	1.80	:::
Median income	3 780 \$3 371 50+	\$2500— 50+	29.0 1 217 \$3 923 50+	\$5 408 \$5 408 50+	28.1 297 \$6 394 50+	\$6 359 44.3	\$6 528 25.4	\$22 679 10—	\$11 250 22.5	1.80	

1980 Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: B - 10. Table

(Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

	noun ole estillion	2 00000	in bec and in	To the same of the	to to faminam	1000	TOUCHUM.		and de com	Olives of wine	-					l	ſ
:			Marned	Marned-couple familie				Mole householder, no wite	der, no wite pri	present	+	Ē	nole househol	emole householder, no husband presen	d present		
Bloomington city	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 4 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Medion
Owner-occupled housing units	4 507	06	726	946	1 775	754	55	244	102	126	116	25	188	138	808	714	51.2
PERSONS IN UNIT PERSONS IN UNIT PERSON PERS	1 388 2 356 1 189 1 017 1 171 1 171 1 170 1 065	45 40 40 5 1.50 230	206 191 256 51 3.32 2 433	91 167 413 187 88 4.02 3 821	894 474 250 111 2.49 5 222	650 86 11 7 7 2.08 1.611	30 7 1.42 99	140 67 67 10 10 1.37 409	12 12 12 10 1.75 241	288 12 5 12 5 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289 289	109	6 19 1.84 45	102 247 211 1142 389	48 13 25 12 270 375	294 136 59 19 1.36 1.36 867	36 111 36 1.14 933	63.8 58.3 97.4 47.4 42.1
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 10 or more approses per room Lacking contest plumbing the catchive use 1.0) or more persons per room	6 448 85 59 6	96 - 1 1	726	946 30 -	1 763 20 12 6	741	55 1 1 1	239	102	126	2 111	25	183	138	908	690	51.0 36.9 71.9 62.5
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979																	
Secondary - Secondary -	5 342 3 488 1 488 1 815 815 815 815 816 816 816 817 818 818 818 818 818 818 818 818 818	37 114 127 138 14 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158 158	563 532 1532 115 533 532 532 532 532 64 6 6	859 3201 3201 3201 333 333 58 58 58 10-	1 556 1 149 149 248 248 248 253 30 640 407 417 417 417 417 417 417 417 417 417 41	676 158 158 167 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 17	% % 1111111111111111111111111111111111	163 158 178 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 19 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	883 1044 25.0 17 17 10-1	010 888 441 864 864 864 864 864 864 864 864 864 864	97 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	50 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 +	200 5 20 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	25.00 25.00	212 213 283 284 286 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287 287	201 202 203 203 203 204 204 204 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205	24 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Renter-occupied housing units	10 433	532	1 266	385	178	111	1 751	1 426	161	145	116	1 736	1 331	37.1	385	203	27.2
PERSONS IN UNIT PERSONS PERSO	4 506 3 490 1 356 701 245 135 20 133	340 110 57 57 2.24 1 326	656 331 171 70 70 3.463	3.76 110 3.76 1414	100 - 232 -	203 234	690 589 332 97 36 1.81 3 482	1 013 318 72 19 19 1 1 20	166 18 7 7 1.08 202	92 33 13 7 1.29 217	\$ ' ' ' ' <u>8</u> <u>6</u>	774 617 176 128 32 32 1.65 3 253	772 353 136 48 11 11 12 2 154	176 811 81 81 1.58	265 81 13 9 9 17 17 576	577 577 615 615	28.2 28.2 37.0 37.0 37.0 37.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.0 or more persons per room complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or more persons per room	10 089 344	532	1 264	378 122 7	173 15 -	711	1 678 6 73	1 326 13 100 100	178	E 141	2 1 1 1	1 673 50 63	1 276 32 55 -	365	379 13 6	503	27.3
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD NCOME IN 1970 PACIFIED IN 1970 PACIF	10 279 374 374 374 1 324 1 454 2 734 2 734 30.4	527 96 131 131 85 47 47 19 7 21.9	1 231 276 276 277 177 91 97 98 23.8	372 444 944 944 87 87 87 88 84 88 84 88 84 88 87 87 88 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	178 82 82 82 82 82 7 7 7 7 7 1.6.1	117 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	1 751 77 77 77 135 133 57 843 843 89	1 408 205 205 205 205 177 177 127 150 247 97	191 51 51 7 7 7 11,12 11,13	23.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.0 2.0	116 26 26 25 25 34 6 6 21 25 7 4	1 730 83 82 101 101 153 806 74 74 49.1	1 318 110 110 168 224 171 136 221 243 45 45	359 48 48 70 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	349 252 282 282 283 61 61 61 61	495 57 57 68 68 73 74 74 106 106	27.1 331.2 29.7 29.7 28.3 28.3 28.9 28.9

Table B—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

(Outo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8)

			somple, see	Mole hous				ion. For definin		Female hou			
Bloomington city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	1 388	378	30	140	43	56	109	1 010	6	102	48	294	560
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 359	378	30	140	43	56	109	981	6	97 5	48	294	536
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	29	-	5	-	-	24
1, detached or attached2 or more	1 142 149 97	30 l 32	11	105 15 20	37	56 	103	841 117	6	65 23 14	11 6 31	239 48	520 40
Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979		45	19	20	6			52			31	7	-
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	419 308 178	68 83 37	17	5 28 18	- - 7	10	36 55 5	351 225 141	6	28 38 10	12 25	46 42 70	271 133 36 40
	130 128 98	53 50	6	40 19 18	17	7	- 8	77	Ξ	12	- 6	37 41	19 [
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	98 85 25	53 50 43 29 15	=	12	8 5	12 12 15	5 - -	78 55 56 10	=	8	5	30 16	17 29 10
\$50,000 or more Medion	\$9 537 \$11 732	\$12 547 \$13 706	\$4 706 \$7 558	\$13 687 \$14 497	\$17 639 \$17 522	\$22 292	\$6 595 \$7 490	17 \$8 645	\$2500-	\$8 500 \$10 808	\$11 200 \$13 416	12 \$12 107 \$14 583	\$5 357 \$9 031
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$11 /32	\$13 706	\$7 558	\$14 497	\$17 522	\$24 193	\$7 490	\$10 994	\$2 140	\$10 808	\$13 416	\$14 583	\$9 031
OWNER COSTS Specified ewner-occupied housing units	1 039 420	275	-	96	37 30	52 29	90	764 259	6	65	5	208 110	480
With a martgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	142 70	275 161 22 17	Ξ	96 16 17 21 17	-	Ξ	6	120 53	=	65 10 13	-	62 21 11	480 79 48 19
\$250 to \$299	63 25 37 50 11	32 25 16	=	21 17	8	11	-	31	Ξ	15 - 15	_	11 - 6	5 -
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	50 11	32 11	= =	5	9 5	18	=	21 18 -	=	6	5	Ė	7
	\$22 - \$249	5 \$319	Ξ	6	- \$394		- - -	16	Ξ	6 - \$282	- \$475	10	
Medion Not mortgoged Less than \$50	619	114	Ξ	\$286 	\$394 7 -	\$415 23	\$175 84 —	\$209 505 4	6	\$282	\$4/5 - -	\$186 98	\$145 401 4
\$50 to \$74	87 241 136	35 31 31 7	Ξ	_	7	11	35 24	52 210 105 74	_	_	-	- 37 28	52 173 77 65 15
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	81 35	7 5	=	=	Ξ	7 5	20	74 30	=	=	=	28 9 15	65 15
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	14 21 \$98	5 - \$93	Ξ	=	\$88	\$127	5 - \$82	9 21 \$98	- 6 \$250+	Ξ	Ξ	4 5 \$111	5 10 \$96
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$40	273	_	_	\$00	\$127	\$02	\$40	\$230+	_	_	φiii	370
Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979 With a mortgage	21.6 25.0	21.7 26.0	Ξ	26.5 26.5	25.8 26.6	13.8 13.5	17.0 37.5	21.5 22.6	50+ -	32.1 32.1	1 7.5 17.5	18.9 28.8	22.3 16.5
Income in 1979 below poverty level	25.0 19.2 222	26.0 15.9 39	17		26.6 12.5	13.5 13.9 10 17.9	16.6 12	22.6 20.9 183 18.1	50+	7 6.9	-	28.8 13.9 27 9.2	16.5 24.1 143 25.5
Percent below poverty level Renter-occupied housing units	16.0 4 50 6	10.3 2 077	56.7 690	1 013	166	92	11.0	2 429	100.0 774	772	176	265	442
PLUMRING FACILITIES	4 236	1 883		913		84	116				176	265	442
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	270	194	617 73	100	153 13	8	-	2 353 76	736 38	734 38	-	-	-
1, detoched or attached	512 296 379	216 131	53 39	107 70	32 6	7 16 8	17	296 165	81 72	92 58	23 6	63 8	37 21
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	379 799 1 700	167 354 894	48 129 368 40	92 188	6 - 77	7	13 30	212 445	56 129	51 163 211 176	42	33 33 58	65 78 151 82
50 or more	673 147	244 71	40 13	379 134 43	45	39 8 7	31 17 8	806 429 76	56 129 318 71 47	176 21	68 30 	70	82 8
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	2 067	952	443	376	39	44	50	1 115	513	248	33	74	247
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 387 371	548 186	186 19	295 121	20 32 22	15 14	32	839 185	219 29 13	312 105	33 74 25	113	247 121 20 19
	215 254 111	120 124 75	26 9 -	65 95 32 29	6	6	8 20	95 130 36		105 55 37 15	8 28 8	51 6	14
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	78 23	75 56 16	7	29	23 14 10	6	- 6	36 22 7	Ξ		Ī	15	7 7
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	\$5 584 \$7 164	\$5 733 \$7 658	\$3 844 \$4 736	\$7 146 \$8 242	\$11 875 \$13 856	\$5 625 \$8 233	\$5 800 \$10 618	\$5 497 \$6 741	\$3 693 \$4 037	\$6 906 \$7 745	\$9 010 \$9 468	\$7 610 \$9 365	\$4 711 \$7 064
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	4 432	2 059	690		166	92	116	2 373		765	170	236	1
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	536 808	201 393	45 98 173	99 5 99 239 282	7	15 14	35	335 415	768 71 159	58 149	7 33 29	43 40	434 156 34 75
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249	1 210 1 176 422	538 596 187	173 281 66	282 247 88	33 34 22 18	36 19 8	13 27	672 580 235	288 203 41	233 232 75	43 39	47 33 42	69 38
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	121 71	67 25 10	16 7	14	16 18	=	21	235 54 46	6	75 10 8	8 6	6 17	24 23
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	26 5 57	10 42	-	10	18	Ξ	- 4	16 5 15	=	=	5		15
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$186	\$192	\$205	\$183	\$200	\$174	\$168	\$181	\$178	\$181	\$221	\$191	\$161
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	32.8	32,1	50 +	26.7	21.4	29.2	25.7	33.1	50 + 437	28.1	29.9	25.4 74	27.8
Income in 1979 below poverty level	1 526 33.9	685 33.0	373 54.1	250 24.7	19 11.4	30 32.6	13 11.2	841 34.6	437 56.5	163 21.1	26 14.8	74 27.9	141 31.9

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doile ole count							1.	
Bloomington city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Bloomington city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant far sale only housing units	142	22	67	53	Vacont for rent housing units	372	19ó	87	89
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	18 25 50 33 16	- 9 - 6 - 7	- 4 22 32 - 9	5 3 12 33	1 room	33 56 135 84 39	28 22 66 41 23	5 -39 27 7	34 30 16 9
Median	6.1	5.8	5.7	6.7	7 or more rooms	25	16	9	-
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	139 3	22 -	67 -	50 3	Median PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3.2 322 50	3.2 173 23	3.5 82 5	2.8 67 22
None	- 4 79 29 17 13	- 4 5 - 6 7	- 54 7 - 6	20 22 11	BEDROOMS None	50 178 103 27 14	28 92 53 18 5	5 39 34 - 9	17 47 16 9
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	32 - - 23 61 26	15 7	21 - - 3 27 16	11 - - 5 34 3	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	77 71 31 75 118	29 28 12 51 76	- 17 32 19 15 4	31 11 - 9 38
1, detached or attached 2 or more	112 30 -	22 - -	61 6 -	29 24 -	UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or ottoched	119 42	60 26	26 12	33 4
HEATING EQUIPMENT Centrol heating system Other means None	135 4 3	22 - -	63 4 -	50 - 3	3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	14 26 95 20 56	4 21 46 5 34	5 29 15	10 20 22
PRICE ASKED Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	91	22 -	40	29	RENT ASKED Specified vacant for rent housing units	372	196	87	89
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999	3 23 16 36 7	- - 4 11 7	23 7 4 - -	3 - 5 21 - -	Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	49 48 140 60 44 15	17 39 85 26 13	9 19 18 17 15	23 - 36 16 14 -
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more Median		S46 700	- 6 \$27 000	\$43 300	\$400 or more	\$175	\$173	\$209	\$173

Table B — 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction, For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Price asked	—Specified	vacont for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d—Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	units	
Bloomington city	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	91	-	26	52	7	6	40 900	372	49	188	104	15	16	175
PLUMBING FACILITIES								,						
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	88 3	=	23 3	52 -	7 -	6	41 300 12 500	322 50	15 34	177 11	99 5	15	16 -	178 85
BEDROOMS														
None	- 40 17 17 13	-	23 3 -	- 4 17 14 17	- - - - 7	- - - - - 6	32 500 27 000 42 000 47 500 54 600	50 178 103 27 14	34 6 - - 9	11 124 46 7 -	5 33 57 9 -	15 - - - -	- - 11 5	85 168 209 268 78
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980. 1970 to 1974. 1960 to 1969. 1950 to 1969. 1940 to 1949. 1939 or earlier. UNITS IN STRUCTURE	11 - 23 37 20	-	- - 3 16 7	11 20 21 	- - - - 7	- - - - - 6	47 500 - 34 700 31 800 52 100	77 71 31 75 118	- - - - 9 40	34 26 31 50 47	43 30 - 11 20	- 15 - -	- - - - 5 11	235 210 169 152 165
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	91 	:::	26 	52			40 900	119 197 56	49 - -	110 56	32 72 -	15	16 - -	172 184 172

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A-1
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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration; an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's.

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the Federal Register on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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ple and 100-Percent Data		Price Asked	B7
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Census Data on Race of the	D 4	Monthly Owner Costs as a	
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B-6

UTILIZATION

CHARACTERISTICS

The 1980 census was conducted primarily

through self-enumeration. The principal

determinant for the responses was. therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common half. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters - Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group guarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses. nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units-A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved. although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Stetus—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent.' Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian, dian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder-Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B. Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/ Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, 'nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Par Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units: (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system. or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more: police and government cars kept at home: and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only date on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value — Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacent for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income: farm net self-employment income: interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income: public assistance or welfare income: and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980), However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Leve! in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren unde	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686								
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •							
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • • •	•••	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	
2 persons	4,723	4,723								
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000							
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981			• • •	• • • •		• • • •	
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844						
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382					
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be)

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that house hold was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire: in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC), For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC, Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. - Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons. families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. . The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions. and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples: and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B. Detailed Housing Characteristics report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTI

The es cation ratio e in the sample For an teristic the w possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons. the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type The second stage used two groups. groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household Group Persons in Housing Units With a

Family With Own Childre

		ramily with Own Children
MATION PROCEDURE		Under 18
	1	2 persons in housing unit
stimates which appear in this publi-	2	3 persons in housing unit
were obtained from an iterative	3	4 persons in housing unit
estimation procedure which resulted	4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
e assignment of a weight to each	5	8 or more persons in housing
e person or housing unit record.		unit
ny given tabulation area, a charac-		
ic total was estimated by summing		Persons in Housing Units With a
veights assigned to the persons or		Family Without Own Children
ng units in the tabulation area which		Under 18

6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons

in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit 11 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

G		

7

Householder

Group White Race

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Cioup	***************************************													
	Persons of Spanish Origin													
	Male													
1	0 to 4 years of age													
2	5 to 14 years of age													
3	15 to 19 years of age													
4	20 to 24 years of age													
5	25 to 34 years of age													
6	35 to 44 years of age													

Female

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

45 to 64 years of age

65 years of age or older

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estimation procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage !! weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit

Housing Units With a Family
Without Own Children Under 18
6-10 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group Owner White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House \$0 to \$9,999 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999 4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 5 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999 7 \$150,000+

8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

Other Owners

9-16	Same value categories
	as groups 1 to 8
17.00	Black Race
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 16
	10 10
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
33-48	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	American Indian, Eskimo,
49-64	or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin
43-04	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	Other Race (includes those
	races not listed above)
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
1	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
81	Rent Categories
82	\$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90 91	Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish
	origin
92-102	Same rent categories as
	groups 81 to 91
	Black Race
103-124	Same rent-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
125-146	Same rent-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
147-168	Same rent-Spanish origin
	cotogories es suscess O1

categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent

2 Vacant for Sale

3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data. the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insurr their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases of afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and followup operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							Size	of public	cation area	<u>2</u> /				
Total <u>I</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50 100 250	16 20 25	16 21 30	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35	16 22 35
500 1 000 2 500 5 000	-	35 - - -	45 55 -	45 65 80	50 65 95 110	50 70 110 140	50 70 110 150	50 70 110 150	50 70 110 160	50 70 110 160	50 70 110 160	50 70 110 160	50 70 110 160	50 70 110 160
10 000 15 000 25 000	-	=	=	=	-	170 170 -	200 230 250	210 250 310	220 270 340	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 10 009 000	-	-		:	-	-	-	310 - - - - -	510 550 - 	570 630 790 - - -	590 670 970 1 120	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

Ŷ = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ tage					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2 3.0	1.8	1.5 2.1	1.3	1.0	0.7 0.9	0.6 0.8	0.5 0.7	0.3	0.2	0.2 0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4,3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6 4.8	3.7 3.9	3.2 3.4	2.6 2.8	2.0 2.1	1.4 1.5	1.2	1.0	0.6 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.3 0.3	0.2	0.1
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8} \hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

	Less than	19 to 33	More than					
Characteristic	19 Percent	Percent	33 Percent					
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5					
Occupancy status	1-1	0.9	0.5					
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.8	0.5					
Tenure	1.0	0.9	0.5					
Units in structure	1.1	1.0	0.6					
Stories in structure	1.0	0.9	0.5					
Passenger elevator	1.0	0.9	0.5					
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5					
Year householder moved into								
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Air conditioning	1-1	0.9	0.5					
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5					
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	1.0	0.5					
Gross rent as a percentage of household								
income in 1979	1.1	0.8	0.5					
Mortgage status and selected								
monthly owner costs	1.1	1.1	0.5					
Household income	1.0	0.9	0.5					
Poverty status: Housing	1.0	0.8	0.5					
Existence of complete plumbing for								
exclusive use with 1.01 persons								
per room or more	1.0	0.9	0.5					
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5					

Toble D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

(For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

The SMSA	Housing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample			
The SMSA	36 213	18.4			
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's					
Bloomington city	17 708	15.3			



Appendix E. - Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "0" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is; Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Oo not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

t is paid:	Multiply rent by:	
the day	30	
the week	4	
ery other w	eek 2	
	the day	the day 30

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year 2 times a year	3
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one well which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers werm eir to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or e municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills ere unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity ere billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket () the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (nat Great-Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, nat, for example, West Indies.

 This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico. Guam. etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes anly if the person was ever called to active duty: mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

 $\label{part-time} \textbf{Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.} \\$

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a jcb interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufactu
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Dil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

uring

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

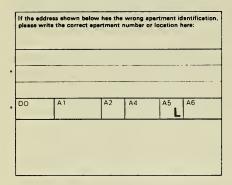
INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as
 - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local chellenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your enswers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with-today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday. April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- · Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only.
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

e 2		PERSON in column 1	THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3 PERSON in column 2
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	Lest name
QUESTIONS	Please fill one column for each	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initia
*	person listed in Question 1.		
in column Fill one circle If "Other rele	e. ative" of person in column 1, lationship, such as mother-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: - Husband/wife O Father/mother - Son/daughter O Other relative - Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: - Roomer, boarder O Other nonrelative - Partner, roommate - Paid employee
3. Sex Fill on	e circle.	O Male Female	O Male
4. Is this person		O White O Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskirno Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Print tribe →	O White
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday f
a. Print age at	last birthday.		
b. Print month	h and fill one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0
c. Print year ii below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 0 2 0 2 0 3 0
6. Marital stat	his		
Fill one circl		Now married	Now married
7. Is this pers origin or de Fill one circl		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	uary 1, 1980, has this person egular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, elementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
regular sch attended?	e highest grade (or year) of nool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: O Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
person is in.	e. ding school, mark grade If high school was finished ccy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 ar more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school Skip question 10
	erson finish the highest year) attended? c/e.	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (ar year) Finished this grade (ar year) Did not finish this grade (ar year)
		USE ONLY A. OIONOO	USE ONLY A. OI ON OO

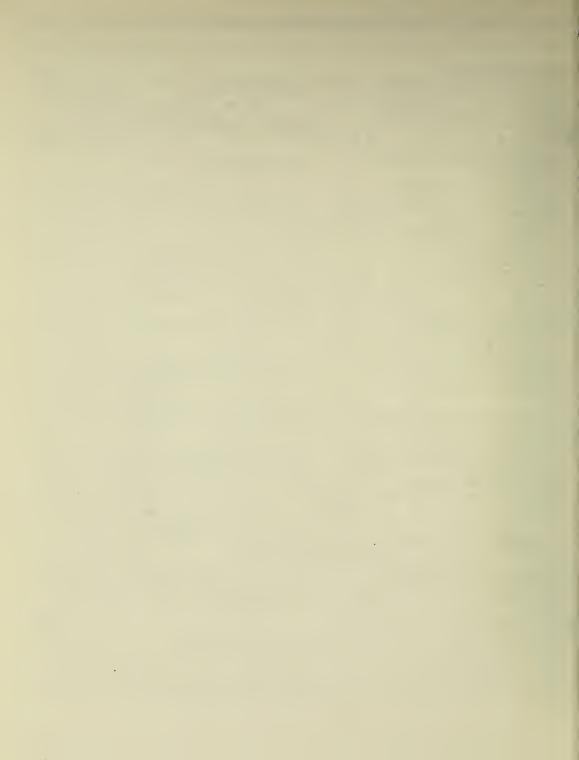
	A/OW/ DI FACE ANGUA	Page 3	3
PERSON in column 7	If you listed more than	ER QUESTIONS H1—H12 Fages R HOUSEHOLD	
relative of person in column 1: Husband/wile Father/mother Other relative Brother/sister Other relative not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for exemple, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another hame, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? No Yes, a condominium H10. If this is a one-family house — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? Yes No b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office?	
Paid employee Male Female White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guarnanian	O No	Yes No H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying — What is the value of this property, that is, how much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?	0 0
Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other − Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe →	address?	On not answer this question if this is — A mobile home or trailer A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property Sees than \$10,000	0
Age at last birthday 1 0 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 10 or more apartments or living quarters This is a mobile home or trailer H5. Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?	\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$50,000 to \$64,999 \$52,000 to \$22,499 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$27,500 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$275,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999	
O Jan.—Mar. 6 0 6 6 0 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	O Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower? O Yes for this bousehold only	\$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$149,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more \$\frac{\text{H12}}{\text{H2}}\$. If you pay rent for your living querters— What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction guide on how to figure a monthly rent.	
O Yes, Puerto Rican O Yes, Cuban O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No plumbing lacilities in living quarters H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconles, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. 1 room 0 1 rooms 7 rooms 2 rooms 5 rooms 8 rooms 3 rooms 6 rooms 9 or more rooms	O Less than \$50	
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related Yes, private, not church-related	H8. Are your living quarters — Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent? FOR CENSUS USE	\$110 to \$119 \$275 to \$299 \$320 to \$129 \$330 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$140 \$149 \$350 to \$499 \$150 to \$159 \$500 or more	
Internating through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 12 12 13 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 4 5 6 7 8 0 7 10 11 12 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	A4. Block number A6. Serial number B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant un Occupied CI. Is this unit O Fearer Season CI. Is this unit O Fearer Season CI. Is this unit O Fearer Ocontinuation Occupied O Fearer Ocontinuation Occupied O Fearer Ocontinuation Occupied Occ	Clor	
Never attended school - Skip question 10 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	333 333	le only do sold, not occupied or occasional use vacant 0 2 or more years 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 501, not occupied E. Indicators 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	

H13. Which best describes this building? Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS USE
A mobile home or trailer A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses A building for 2 families A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 50 families	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	H22a. Ø Ø Ø I I I E E E 3 3 3 3 4 4 4
A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families A boat, tent, van, etc.	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. C. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building? Count on attic or bosement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes. 1 to 3 — 5kip to H15	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Call or coke Wood Other fuel No fuel used	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5
No H15a. Is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres?	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Electricity \$.00 OR	6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — Cless than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$50 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more 116. Do you get water from — A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	c. Water s 00 OR Included in rent or no charge Yearly cost d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc. s 00 OR Included in rent or no charge These fuels not used	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8
An individual drilled well? An individual drilled well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)? H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer? Yes, connected to public sewer	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstowe, and a refrigerator. Yes No H24. How many bedrooms do you have? Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	9 9 9 H22d. 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means M18. About when wes this building originally bulk? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. 1979 or 1980 1976 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier 1970 to 1974	No bedroom	3333 4444 5555 6666 7777 8888 9999
H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	0000 1111 222 3333
1960 to 1969 H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	Yes No M27. Do you have air conditioning? Yes, a central air-conditioning system Yes, 1 individual room unit Yes, 2 or more individual room units	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permonently installed In wall, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	O No H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 1 automobile O 3 or more automobiles	0000
 Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind No heating equipment 	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or lest are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 2 vans or trucks	6666 7777 8888 9999

YOUR HOUSEHOLD	Pag
Please answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, unless this is -	
A mobile home or trailer	
	hese, or if you rent your unit or this is a
(" " ")	lly structure, skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.
A house with a commercial establishment	7
or medical office on the property	
. What were the real estate taxes on this proverty last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortages on this property.
\$.00 OR O None	\$.00 OR No regular payment required — Skip to
. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this p	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include
\$.00 OR O None	payments for real estate taxes on this property?
	○ Yes, taxes included in payment
a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or sin debt on this property?	
Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include
O Yes, contract to purchase	payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?
O No — Skip to page 6	○ Yes, insurance included in payment
o. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance
○ Yes ○ No	
O res	Please turn to page 6
	riease turi to page o
	FOR CENSUS USE ONLY
	FOR CENSUS USE DNLY
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Name of Person 1 on page 2: Lest name First name Middle initial 11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?		O Born	this person before April ease go on wi April 1965 o ern to next po	1965 — th questions or later —			es — Fill the person time of (Coun	is circle if this worked full r part time. t part-time work	or did	person t work, only own
Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospitul unless the mother's hame and the hospital were in the same State.	а.		duty in the o		is person — ces?		or help a fami Also c	s delivering pape ping without pay lly business or fa ount active duty Armed Forces.)	rin school rm. or volu work.	work,
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.						b. Ho	w many ho	urs did th's pe	rson work last w	eek
If this person was born in a foreign country – a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?		O Yes,		No		(at	all jobs)?		time or extra hours	
O Yes, a naturalized citizen					duty military				Hours	
No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents	1 .	If service wo see instructi	s in Notional on guide.	Guard or Re		If thi	s person wo		on work last wee	
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?		O Yes		No — Skip					d, see instruction g	
○ 1975 to 1980 ○ 1965 to 1969 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ 1960 to 1964 ○ Before 1950	1	Fill a circle	e-duty milit for each peri 1975 or later	od in which	during — his person served.					
1 i		O Vietn	am era (Aug	ust 1964-Ap	rii 1975)					
I3a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?			ary 1955—J		nuary 1955)	TF s	treet address	is not known, e	nter the building n	ame.
☐ ○ Yes ○ No, only speaks English — 5kip to 14	_	O World	War II (Sept	tember 1940-	-July 1947)	sho	pping center	r, or other physi	cal location descrip	
Y			l War I <i>(Apri</i> ither time	/ 1917-Nove	mber 1918)	b. Na	me of city,	town, village,	borough, etc.	
b. What is this language?	19 г			a nhysical	mental, or other	1				
	h	ealth cond	lition which	hàs lasted	for 6 or more	c. ls i	he place o	f work inside t	he incorporated	(legal)
(For example Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)			d which ind or amou		Yes No				ge, borough, etc	
c. How well does this person speak English?	a. L				b? o o	0	Yes	O No, in	unincorporated ar	ea
○ Very well ○ Not well ○ Well ○ Not at all	b. <u>F</u>	Prevents thi	s person fro	m working a	tajob? O O					
O Neil O Neil O Neil O	c. L		events this p		0 0	d. Co	unty			
4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about	20 #		is a female -							
how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.			oabies has		me 1 2 3 4 5 6	e. Sta	te	f. 7	ZIP Code	
	h	ad, not cou	inting stillb	irthe?	7 8 9 10 11 12 or more	24a. <u>Las</u>		w long did it u ime to work (o	sually take this p	person
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,	-		her stepchild e has adopted	ren I. (0 0 0 0 0 0	,0,1	get from no	ime to work to	Minutes	
Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)			has ever bee			1 _				
.5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 2, 1975)?	. a. r	Once		More than o	re than once? nce	If t	his person us		get to work <u>last</u> ne method, give the tance.	
If In college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	Ь. В	Wonth and			and year		Car		Taxicab	
of residence there. O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for		of marria	ger	or urst	marriage?		Truck Van		Matorcycle Bicycle	
Yes, this house – Skip to 16		(Month)	(Year)	(Month)	(Year)	0	Bus or str	eetcar O	Walked only	
_ O No, different house	c. If				irst marriage		Railroad Subway o	r elevated O		
T	e				usband (or wife)?	1		24b, go to 24c.		,
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?		O Yes	0	No		Otherwise	, skip to 28.			
(1) State, foreign country,	777	77111	77777	77777	FOR CENSU		ILY///	111111.	7177777	7777
Puerto Rico,	Per. No.	11.	13b.		14.	15b.	0	23.	0 VL	24a.
Guam, etc.:	I I	000	000		000 000	000	111	0000	00000	I I
(2) County:	S	5 5 5	SSS		5 5 5 5 5 5	5 5 5	555		ss sss	S S
(3) City, town,	3	333	3 3 3		3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4	3 3 3	9-9-9-		33 333	33
village, etc.:	5	555	555		555 555	555	5 5 5	555 5	5 5 5 5 5	5 5
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?	6 ?	666	6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8		666 666 ??? ??? 888 888	666	???	777 7	66 666 ?? ??? 88 888	6 6 7 7 8 8
O Yes O No, in unincorporated area		999	999		999 999	999		9999		99

Or business last week? Or Yes, on layoff Or Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. No 22b. Or Yes Or No - Skip to 27 D. Could this person have taken a job last week? Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Or Yes, could have taken a job Or No, other reasons (in school, etc.) O	RSON 1 ON PAGE 2					P	age 7
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After animetring 264, also to 28. What shis person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job or business last week? O Yes, on layoff company times, labor dispute, etc. No. So, on a person of the person week during the last 4 week? O Yes, on all parts promote the one of the person of the person of the person of the person have taken a job last week? O No. Sing person have taken a job last week? O No. Sing person have taken a job last week? O No. Sing person have taken a job last week? O No. On, on the reasons for studies, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work, etc.) O Yes, could have taken a job last week? O No. On the person last work was the person dealer work. It is his person dealer where week. It is not the person the person the person taken a job last week. It is his person dealer where week. It is not the person the person the person taken a job last week. It is his person the person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job last week. It is his person taken a job		0 1 1			1111	1 1 1	
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cor business fast week? O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. No 22b. No. Singulary in this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks? O Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc. No 22b. Social this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks? O No, already has a job Social Security of the last 4 weeks? O No, already has a job Social Security of the last 4 weeks? O No, already has a job Social Security of the last 4 weeks? O No, already has a job Social Security of the last 4 weeks? O No, already has a job Social Security of the last 4 weeks? O No, already has a job Social Security of the last 4 weeks? O No, already has a job Social Security of the last 4 weeks? O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks? O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks? O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks? O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks? O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks. O No other exactor is in the last 4 weeks? O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks? O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks. O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks. O No, other exactor is in the last 4 weeks. O No other exactor is			c During the weeks worked in 1979	how many house did		0 1 0 0	
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262. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 week?		22b.	d. 01 the weeks not worked in 1979	(if any), how many weeks	32a.	32ь.	\exists
D. Could this person have taken a job biast week? O. No, already has a job No, temporarily iii No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Ves. could have taken a job 1978 1976 1974 1976 1974 1980 1978 1976 1974 1976 1974 1980 1978 1975 1977 1980 reasons skip of the works of the works of the works of the person received any income from the following sources? 28-30. Current or most recent job activity or business last week, even for a tew works of the person work of the person works of the person works of the person works of many the person works of the nor hours. If we work of the person work of the person work of the person works of the nor hours. A for whom did this person work? If now on extenduly in the Armed Forces, print "AF" on a sky to question 31. Now the following sources were 1973. 28. Industry 2. B. Industry 2. B. Industry 2. B. For whom did this person work? If now on extend day in the Armed Forces, print "AF" on a sky to question 31. Now the kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity or location where employed. A for whom did this person work? If now on extend day in the Armed Forces, print "AF" on a sky to question 31. Now that kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity or location where employed. A for whom did this person work? If now on extend day in the Armed Forces, print "AF" on a sky to question 31. Now the kind of work was this person doing? A for whom did this person work? If now on extend day in the Armed Forces, print "AF" on a sky to question 31. Now the kind of the print pr					0000		~
b. Could this person have taken a job last week? ○ No, temporarly iii ○ No, there reasons (in school, etc.) ○ Yes, could have taken a job ○ No, there reasons (in school, etc.) ○ Yes, could have taken a job ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ Never worker ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1959 or earlier ○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1975 ○	✓ O Yes O No — Skip to 27			Weeks			
O No, already has a job O No, temporarily iii feet iscore was elars, write "Loue" glober the offiler amount. If the structure was elars, write "Loue" glober the offiler amount. If east enable the structure of the content in an knowing betweet structure. If east enable the structure is a content in an knowing betweet in the content in an knowing betweet instruction guide. 22. When did this person last work, even for a few days? O 1980 1978 1975 to 1977 1959 or earlier. Never worked. O 1980 1978 Nover worked. O 1980 1978 Nover worked. O 1980 1978 Nover worked. O 1997 1975 to 1977 1959 or earlier. Nover worked. O 1980 1978 Nover worked. O 1980 1980 1978 Nover worked. O 1980 1978 Nover worked. O 1980 1978 No				10000		,	- 1 (
Percent measure in fire school, etc.				bove the dollar amount.	7 7 7 7	3555	5
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days? 1980 1978 1970 to 1974 1975 to 1977 1950 or restly a simple state of the entire year? 28-30. Current or most recent job activity or business last week. Where worked or the passion is chief job activity or business last week. When the ore a which if this person had not this one job, describe the one at which if this person had not this one job, describe the one at which if the person had not one to business last week, give information for last job or business since 1973. 28. Industry 28. Industry 28. Industry 28. Industry 29. Describe the activity or dustines last week give information for last job or business in part of the person order employed. 29. Industry 29. When did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print 1AF* and ship to question 31. 29. Industry 29. Describe the activity at location where employed. 29. What kind of business to include; was this? 29. Industry 29. Occupation 29. What kind of business in industry was this? 29. No (Annual amount – Dolleri) 29. Occupation 29. No (Annual amount – Dolleri) 29. No			If exact amount is not known, give best	estimate. For income		6666	5 (
1978 1975 1977 1995 or earlier 31d Never worked 31d Never	O Yes, could have taken a job	8.3				8888	8 2
1995 1995 to 1997 1996 to 1997 1997 to 1997		9)		e any income from the			
Describe clearly this person's their job activity or business lat week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which his person had more than one job, describe the one at which his person had more than one job, describe the one at which his person had more than one job, describe the one at which his person had more than one job, describe the one at which his person had more than one job, describe the one at which his person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and ship to question 31. No will be a company, business, organization, or other employed.	0 1070 0 1075 to 1077 1060 or earlier Skip to						
28 – 30. Current or most recent job activity or business last week. If this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which its person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job, describe the one of which this person had more than one job in the Armed Forces, prints "AF" and ship to question 31. **L M							
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person had no job a business last week, give information for last job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1973. 28. Industry a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31. [Name of company, business, organization, or other employer] b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity of location where employed; c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle) Manufacturing AF on whom service, government, etc.) Processing the foliated, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cered manufac		1	all jobs Report amount before			1	1 -
this person worked the most hour. If this person had no job to business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975. It flip person had no job to business since 1975. Industry A For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31. [Name of company, business, organization, or other employer] b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity of location where employed		000					
28. Industry 28.	this person worked the most hours.		O No				. (
28. Industry a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and ship to question 31. Name of company, business, or aganization, or other employee Company to the activity of location where employee Company to the activities or duties Company to the activities	last job or business since 1975.						
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31. No		35.	practice Report net income al		8088	18883	8 8
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The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing. 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States. SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population-This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District Of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's); SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteral. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, lapor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Fart A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States. American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C. HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171. the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas. and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

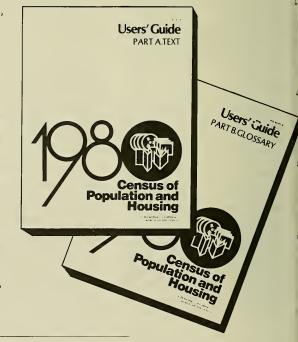
1980 Census of Population and Housing

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The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

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- Part B. Glossary-Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census-especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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