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T A B L E

Containing THE TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the THIRD Session of the FOURTH Parliament

OF THE

United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*;

49 GEORGE III.

PUBLICK GENERAL ACTS.

1. AN Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Snuff, in *Great Britain*; and on Pensions, Offices, and Personal Estates in *England*; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. Page 1
2. An Act for raising the Sum of Ten Millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. 20
3. An Act for raising the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. Ibid.
4. An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of *Great Britain*, to enlist voluntarily into the Regular Forces. 21
5. An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia in *Ireland* voluntarily to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces. 22
6. An Act for the Relief of Prisoners in Custody for Non-payment of Money pursuant to Orders of Courts of Equity. 23
7. An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain, in the United Kingdom, for a limited Time. Ibid.
8. An Act to suspend the Importation of *British* or *Irish* made Spirits into *Great Britain*, or *Ireland* respectively, until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine. 24
9. An Act to grant Bounties on the Importation of Flax Seed into *Ireland* from *Great Britain*, until the Eighth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and nine; and to amend the Laws for the Regulation of the Linen Manufacture in *Ireland*, so far as relates to Importers of Flax Seed. 25
10. An Act to continue so much of an Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, as allows a Bounty upon double refined Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and so much of the

The TITLES of the STATUTES,

- same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten. Page 26
11. An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from *Great Britain*; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended. *Ibid.*
12. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. 27
13. An Act for the more effectually preventing the forging of Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, and the Negotiation of forged and counterfeited Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*. 40
14. An Act for repealing an Act of the Parliament of *Scotland*, relative to Child Murder; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof. 41
15. An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the Times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten; and to permit such Persons in *Great Britain* as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of *Hilary* Term One thousand eight hundred and ten. *Ibid.*
16. An Act to allow the Importation of Rum and other Spirits from the Island of *Bermuda* into the Province of *Lower Canada*, without Payment of Duty, on the same Terms and Conditions as such Importation may be made directly from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*. 42
17. An Act to authorize His Majesty, during the present War, to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the *Cape of Good Hope*. *Ibid.*
18. An Act for continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, several Acts for the free Importation of *Cochineal* and *Indigo*; and until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, to permit the Exportation of Wool from the *British* Plantations in *America*. 43
19. An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. *Ibid.*
20. An Act to make perpetual several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures; to the allowing the Importation of Rape Seed, and other Seeds used for extracting Oil, whenever the Prices of middling *British* Rape Seed shall be above a certain Limit; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in His Majesty's Plantations in *America*; and for amending and making perpetual several Laws relating to the preventing the clandestine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to the allowing the Importation of Seal Skins cured with Foreign Salt free of Duty. 47

21. An Act for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills. Page 47
22. An Act for allowing the Importation and Exportation of certain Goods and Commodities into and from the Port of *Falmouth* in the Island of *Jamaica*. 48
23. An Act for further continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from and permitting the Importation to *Great Britain* of Corn; and for allowing the Importation of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty. *Ibid.*
24. An Act for charging with Duty Spent Wash, re-distilled in *Great Britain*. *Ibid.*
25. An Act to permit, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Importation of Tobacco into *Great Britain*, from any Place whatever. 49
26. An Act for allowing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Importation of certain Fish from Parts of the Coast of His Majesty's *North American Colonies*; and for granting a Bounty thereon. 50
27. An Act for establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands adjacent; and for re-annexing Part of the Coast of *Labrador* and the Islands lying on the said Coast to the Government of *Newfoundland*. 51
28. An Act to enable the Clerks of the King's Coroner and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench to be admitted as Attornies. 57
29. An Act for the Appropriation of Twenty thousand Pounds out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, towards the Encouragement of the sowing of Flax Seed for sowing in *Ireland*. 58
30. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Acts for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from *Ireland*, and for warehousing in *Ireland*, Rum or Spirits of the *British* Sugar Plantations. 59
31. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation from *Ireland*, and for permitting the Importation into *Ireland*, Duty free, of Corn and other Provisions. *Ibid.*
32. An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence, repealed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, on Offices and Employments of Profit, and on Annuities, Pensions, and Stipends, and thereby granted for One Year to the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine. 60
33. An Act to grant an Excise Duty on Spirits made or distilled from Sugar in *Ireland*, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain there, in lieu of the Excise Duty now chargeable thereon, and to allow a Drawback on the Export thereof to Foreign Parts. 65
34. An Act to permit the Registry at *Malta* of Ships taken as Prize. *Ibid.*
35. An Act for the more convenient Payment of Pensions to Widows of Officers of the Navy. 67

The TITLES of the STATUTES,

36. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for erecting and establishing Publick Infirmaries or Hospitals. Page 71
37. An Act for increasing the Rates of Subfistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers. 72
38. An Act for further continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in *Scotland*. *Ibid.*
39. An Act for making Compensation to the Proprietors of such Lands and Hereditaments as have been purchased for better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores, at *Portsmouth*; and for extending the Lines and Works at *Dover*; in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty. *Ibid.*
40. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm. 73
41. An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, to provide that *British* Ships captured by the Enemy, becoming the Property of *British* Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privilege of *British* Ships. 79
42. An Act for better regulating the Publick Records of *Scotland*. 80
43. An Act for regulating the Mode in which the Average Price of *Brown* or *Muscovado* Sugar, exclusive of the Duty thereon, is to be ascertained under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty. 87
44. An Act to permit Goods brought in as Prize, and restored to the Court of Admiralty, or which have been seized as Droits, and so restored, to be sold or transferred within this Kingdom, without paying the Home Consumption Duty. *Ibid.*
45. An Act for more conveniently paying of Allowances on the Compassionate List of the Navy, and of Half Pay to Officers of the Royal Marines. 88
46. An Act to authorize the principal Officers of the Customs in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America* and the *West Indies*, to examine Witnesses on O th. 93
47. An Act to permit certain Articles, the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of *Europe*, to be laden and shipped on board Ships arriving with *British* North American Produce, and Fish taken by Settlers in the *British* North American Colonies, at any Port of *Europe*, in order to be exported to the principal Ports in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *North America*. 94
48. An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in *Scotland*, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm. 96
49. An Act to authorize His Majesty to permit, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, any Goods and Commodities to be imported into and exported from *Nova Scotia* and *New Brunswick*, in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever. 97

50. An

50. An Act to amend so much of an Act made in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for granting to His Majesty certain Stamp Duties, as relates to the Limitation according to which the Discount on Newspapers is regulated. *Page 98*
51. An Act to continue until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and amend certain Acts for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Fees, Gratuities, Perquisites, and Emoluments received in several Public Offices in *Ireland*; to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and into the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing, and accounting for public Money in *Ireland*. *99*
52. An Act for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. *100*
53. An Act for completing the Militia of *Great Britain*. *Ibid.*
54. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in *Ireland*. *114*
55. An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Commissioners appointed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in *England*, and an Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in *Great Britain* for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and for appointing other Commissioners together with those named in the first mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Snuff, in *Great Britain*, and on Pensions, Offices, and Personal Estates in *England*, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, also the said Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty; and for indemnifying such Persons as have acted as Commissioners for executing the said Acts. *116*
56. An Act for completing the Militia of *Ireland*. *118*
57. An Act for improving the Quality of Beer in *Ireland*, by further preventing the Use of unmalted Corn, or of any deleterious or unwholesome Ingredients therein, and for the better securing the Collection of the Malt Duties in *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
58. An Act to explain and render more effectual an Act passed in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies. *125*
59. An Act to permit the Trade between *Great Britain* and the United States of *America* to be carried on in Ships or Vessels belonging to the Inhabitants of the said States. *127*
60. An Act for allowing the Importation from any Port in *Europe* or *Africa*, of Goods or Commodities the Growth or Produce of any Country, until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. *Ibid.*
61. An Act for making Sugar and Coffee of *Martinique* and *Mariegalante* liable to Duty on Importation as Sugar and Coffee not of the *British* Plantations. *128*
62. An Act to amend several Acts for the Prevention of Smuggling; for better securing the Duties on Coals, Culm, and Cinders; and for

The TITLES of the STATUTES,

- for permitting the Exportation of Salt, Pepper, and Wine from *Guernsey* or *Jersey* to *Sark*, in small Packages. Page 129
62. An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties. 133
64. An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities. 144
65. An Act for giving Jurisdiction to Justices of the Peace to hear and determine Prosecutions for Penalties incurred by any Offence against the Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs; and also requiring all Goods, customable and not exciseable, seized by any Police or Peace Officer, to be brought to the Custom-House Warehouse in *London*, within a certain Period. 146
66. An Act for the Abolition of certain Holidays, and for altering and extending the Time for keeping open the Chief Office of Excise. 150
67. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and to make further Provision for exonerating final Livings and Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax. *Ibid.*
68. An Act to explain and amend the Law of Bastardy, so far as relates to indemnifying Parishes in respect thereof. 152
69. An Act to indemnify Persons who have inadvertently printed, published, or dispersed Papers or Books without a full Declaration of the Place of Abode of the Printers thereof, from Penalties incurred under an Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign. 156
70. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Majesty's Postmaster General of *Ireland* to purchase Premises for the Enlargement of the General Post Office in the City of *Dublin*. *Ibid.*
71. An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen Millions Six hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities. *Ibid.*
72. An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Acts of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for the Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof, and for other Purposes. 157
73. An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, and upon *British* Spirits imported into *Ireland*, and upon Licences to sell Spirituous Liquors in *Ireland* in Quantities not less than Two Gallons. *Ibid.*
74. An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and ten, several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported into and exported from *Ireland*. 158
75. An Act to provide for the better Collection of the Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, in *Ireland*. 159
76. An Act for vesting in the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*, by Advice of the Privy Council the Power of prohibiting the Exportation and

- and carrying Coastwise of Gunpowder, Saltpetre, Arms, Ammunition, and Naval Stores. *Page 165*
77. An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*. 166
78. An Act for raising the Sum of One Million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, by way of Annuities and Treafury Bills for the Service of *Ireland*. 167
79. An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treafury Bills for the Service of *Ireland* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. *Ibid.*
80. An Act for allowing Dealers to roast their own Coffee on certain Conditions. 168
81. An Act to amend several Laws of Excise relating to Paper, Silks, and Salt, and for authorizing the Seizure of Utenfils in Cafes where Veffels used in Excise Manufactories are fubject to Forfeiture. 170
82. An Act to amend feveral Acts paffed in the laft and prefent Sef- fions of Parliament, relating to the Local Militia. 175
83. An Act for the Amendment of the Laws now in force in *Ireland*, relative to Perfons entering into Recognizances in Criminal Cafes, in Custody under any Fine, or under fuch Recognizance. 176
84. An Act for amending the *Irifh* Road Acts. 179
85. An Act for defraying, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*; for holding Courts Martial on Serjeant Majors, Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, for Offences committed during the Time fuch Militia fhall not be embodied; and for making Allowances in certain Cafes to Subaltern Officers of the faid Militia during Peace. 189
86. An Act to make Provision, in certain Cafes, for the Wives and Families of ballotted Men, Subftitutes, and Volunteers, ferving in the Militia of *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
87. An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia and Local Militia in *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. 196
88. An Act for making Allowances in certain Cafes to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in *Great Britain*, while difembodied. 202
89. An Act to revive and continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and amend fo much of an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of His prefent Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors of the Militia of *England*, difembodied under an Act of the fame Seflion of Parliament. *Ibid.*
90. An Act for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of the Militia Men in *Scotland*, when called into actual Service. *Ibid.*
91. An Act to empower the Judges to try Civil Caufes in their own Counties in *England*. 215
92. An Act for charging the Sum of Eleven Millions, raifed for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sum of Seven Millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pur- fuant to an Act of this Seflion of Parliament, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the prefent War,

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- War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace. 219
93. An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. 219
94. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. *Ibid.*
95. An Act for further regulating the Constitution of the Board of Commissioners for auditing the publick Accounts. 221
96. An Act to provide for a durable Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise, under certain Restrictions. 222
97. An Act for empowering the Board of Ordnance to exchange Lands at *Purfleet*, in the County of *Essex*, for other Lands in the said Parish. 224
98. An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in *Great Britain*, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. *Ibid.*
99. An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*; and for the regulating the Sale of such Liquors by Retail. 388
100. An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Collection of the Duties on Auctions in *Ireland*. 403
101. An Act to regulate the Fees payable by Persons charged with Treason, Felony, and all other Offences, at Assizes and Quarter Sessions in *Ireland*; and for amending an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, made in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, relating thereto. 404
102. An Act to appoint Commissioners to enquire and examine, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in *Ireland*, and the Practicability of draining and cultivating them, and the best Means of effecting the same. 408
103. An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for making Provision for the building and re-building of Churches, Chapels, and Glebe Houses in *Ireland*. 410
104. An Act to amend several Acts made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, for granting Life Annuities with Benefit of Survivorship. 414
105. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of this present Session of Parliament, to suspend the Importation of *British* or *Irish* Spirits into *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively. *Ibid.*
106. An Act for allowing further Time for taking Goods out of Warehouse, and paying Duties thereon. 415
107. An Act for the more effectual Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures, incurred in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America*. 416
108. An Act to amend the several Acts respecting the Payment of Wages and Prize Money, and Allotment of Wages, to Persons serving in His Majesty's Royal Navy. 417
109. An Act to repeal several Acts respecting the Woollen Manufacture, and to amend other Acts relating to the said Manufacture; and

- and for allowing Persons employed in any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture to set up Trade in any Place in *Great Britain*. Page 424
110. An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act made in this Session of Parliament, for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence on Offices and Employments. 430
111. An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the publick Expenditure, and the Conduct of the publick Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned. 431
112. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, to provide for the Defence of the Realm, with respect to the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments for the publick Service. *Ibid.*
113. An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia. 432
114. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of *Great Britain*. 436
115. An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in *England*. 437
116. An Act to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters, and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in *Ireland*. 441
117. An Act for lowering the Duty of Excise on Coffee, of the Growth of His Majesty's Dominions in *Africa*. 454
118. An Act for better securing the Independence and Purity of Parliament, by preventing the procuring or obtaining of Seats in Parliament by corrupt Practices. *Ibid.*
119. An Act to give to the Persons named by His Majesty, pursuant to an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords*, further Time for making their Report or Reports. 457
120. An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament the several Laws for raising and training the Militia of *Ireland*. *Ibid.*
121. An Act to alter and amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts. 508
122. An Act for preventing Frauds and Depredations committed on Merchants, Ship Owners, and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others; and also for remedying certain Defects relative to the Adjustment of Salvage in *England*, under an Act made in the Twelfth Year of *Queen Anne*. 515
123. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually manning His Majesty's Navy during the present War; and for the further Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually providing for the Interest of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at *Chelsea*; and to extend the Provisions of

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- of the said Act to Cases arising in consequence of Hostilities commenced since the passing of the said Act. Page 527
124. An Act for altering, amending, and explaining certain Acts relative to the Removal of the Poor, and for making Regulations in certain Cases touching the Examination of Paupers as to their Settlement; and for extending to all Parishes certain Rules and Orders in Workhouses, under an Act of the Twenty-second Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor.* 547
125. An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies. 549
126. An Act for the further Prevention of the Sale and Brokerage of Offices. 551
127. An Act for further augmenting the Salaries of certain of the Judges of the Courts in *Westminster Hall*, and of the Chief and Second Justice of *Chester*, and Justices of the Great Sessions in *Wales.* 558
128. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. 561
129. An Act to prevent the enlisting of Local Militia Men into the Regular Militia of any other County or Stewartry than the County or Stewartry to which they belong. 569

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;

OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

- i. AN Act for continuing the Term and Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Harbour and Quay of *Watchett*, in the County of *Somerset.* Page 570
- ii. An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating certain Fisheries in the County of *Cumberland*, and other Places therein mentioned, so far as respects the Fishery in the River *Derwent.* Ibid.
- iii. An Act for better enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Aberdeenshire Canal Navigation* to raise the necessary Fund to complete the same. Ibid.
- iv. An Act for more effectually improving the Streets, Lanes, and Publick Passages, in the Town of *Gainsborough* in the County of *Lincoln*, and for laying a Duty on Coals [and Linn] brought to the said Town to be sold. Ibid.
- v. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Rotherham* to *Sewinton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York.* 571
- vi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Asbourn* to *Sudbury*, and from *Sudbury* to *Toxall Bridge*, and from *Hatton Moor* to

- to *Tubury*, in the Counties of *Derby* and *Stafford*, and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. Page 571
- vii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Derby*, *Leicester*, and *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
- viii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Radcliffe*, and the Township of *Ainsworth*, in the Parish of *Middleton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*
- ix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Workington* and *Winfcales*, and Manor of *Workington*, in the Parish of *Workington*, in the County of *Cumberland*. *Ibid.*
- x. An Act for amending so much of an Act of the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, for building and keeping in Repair the Pier at *Sheerness*, in the Isle of *Sheppy*, in the County of *Kent*, and for other Purposes therein-mentioned, as relates to the said Pier. *Ibid.*
- xi. An Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers, of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Township of *Saltney*, in the County of *Flint*, to the Town of *Ffint*. *Ibid.*
- xii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Horsham* to join the Turnpike Road leading to *Guildford*, with Two Branches therefrom, in the Counties of *Suffex* and *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- xiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Boconock*, *Brad-dock*, and *Saint Winnaw*, in the County of *Cornwall*. 572
- xiv. An Act for more effectually repairing, improving, and keeping in Repair several Roads in the Counties of *Brecon*, *Radnor*, and *Glamorgan*, and for making and maintaining Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. *Ibid.*
- xv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Carmarthen* and *Cardigan*, so far as relates to the *Llandoverly* District, and for amending certain other Roads communicating therewith. *Ibid.*
- xvi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road between *Hockliffe* in the County of *Bedford* and *Stony Stratford* in the County of *Buckingham*. *Ibid.*
- xvii. An Act to enable the *Bristol Dock Company* to borrow a further Sum of Money for completing the Improvements of the Port and Harbour of *Bristol*. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act for establishing and well-governing the Charitable Institution called *The Society of Stewards and Subscribers for maintaining and educating Poor Orphans of Clergymen until of Age to be put Apprentice*; and for incorporating such Society; and for more effectually enabling them to carry on their charitable and useful Designs. *Ibid.*
- xix. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Wakefield* to *Halifax*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. 579
- xx. An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland* passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act respecting the Collection of publick Money to be levied in the County of the City of Dublin by Presentment*; and for the better Regulation of the Mode of Election and Office of Treasurer of the publick Money of the City of *Dublin*. *Ibid.*

- xxi. An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of *Edinburgh*; for disannexing Part of the Parish of *Saint Cuthbert's* from the said Parish, and uniting it to the Parish of *Saint Andrew*; for further regulating the Assessment for the Poor in the said Parishes; for erecting Two new Churches; for discontinuing certain Churches, and annexing the Parishes thereof to other Parishes; for further regulating the Revenues of the said City applicable to the Payment of Ministers' Stipends, and for draining the Meadow on the South Side of the said City. Page 586
- xxii. An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of His present Majesty, for the better Maintenance and Support of the Poor of the Parish of *Sunderland near the Sea*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*, and for increasing the Rates therein directed to be imposed. *Ibid.*
- xxiii. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the River *Severn* at the Quay in the City of *Gloucester*, to or near to a certain Gate in or near the Town of *Cheeltenham* in the County of *Gloucester*, called *The Knapp Toll Gate*, with a collateral Branch to the Top of *Leckhampton Hill*, in the Parish of *Leckhampton*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- xxiv. An Act for the further Improvement of the Harbour of *Carnarvon* in the County of *Carnarvon*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. 587
- xxv. An Act for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Rochdale* and the Neighbourhood thereof with Water. *Ibid.*
- xxvi. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts for repairing and widening the Road from the present Turnpike Road at *Haverhill* to *Redcroft* in the Parish of *Shelford* in the County of *Cambridge*. *Ibid.*
- xxvii. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads therein described, so far as the same relate to the Road from the Turnpike Road between the Town and County of *Poole* and *Wimborne Minster* in the County of *Dorset*, to the Turnpike Road between *Blandford Forum* and *Dorchester* in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
- xxviii. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Kipping's Cross* to *Lamberhurst Pound* and *Pullen's Hill*, in the County of *Kent*, and to *Flimwell Vent* in the County of *Suffex*, and certain other Roads in the said Acts described. 588
- xxix. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the First small Bridge or Culvert which crosses the present Turnpike Road from *Cheeltenham* to *Gloucester*, on the *Gloucester* Side of *Staverton Bridge*, to join the same Turnpike Road in the Town of *Cheeltenham* in the County of *Gloucester*. 588
- xxx. An Act for maintaining and repairing the Road leading from the City of *Glasgow*, through *Cowcaddens*, to that Part of the River of *Kelvin* called *The Milnford of Garscube*. *Ibid.*
- xxxi. An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Great North Road leading from the North *Queensferry* in the County of *Fife* to the City of *Perth*, and to the Town of *Dunfermline*. *Ibid.*
- xxxii. An Act for altering an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the County of *Ayr*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiii. An

- xxxiii. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts passed in the Fourth Year of His late Majesty, and the Sixth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Godstone* in the County of *Surrey*, to *Highgate* in the Parish of *East Grinstead* in the County of *Suffex*. Page 588
- xxxiv. An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road leading from *Galley Corner* adjoining to *Enfield Chase* in the Parish of *South Mimms* in the County of *Middlesex*. to *Lemsford Mill* in the County of *Hertford*. *Ibid.*
- xxxv. An Act for allowing the Timber on Part of the settled Estates of *Dame Jane St. John Mildmay* Widow, in the Counties of *Essex*, *Somerset*, *Dorset*, and *Southampton*, to be cut down, and for applying the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of Estates to be settled in Manner therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- xxxvi. An Act for repairing and amending certain Roads in the County of *Peebles*, and for better regulating the Statute Labour within the same. *Ibid.*
- xxxvii. An Act for rendering more effectual several Acts for repairing the Turnpike and other High Roads in the County of *Edinburgh*, and for repairing the Roads from the City of *Edinburgh* to the Town of *Leith*. *Ibid.*
- xxxviii. An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Road from *Carlowrie Bridge* on the River *Almond*. to *Lindithgow Bridge* on the River *Avon*, and other Roads in the County of *Lindithgow*. 589
- xxxix. An Act for more equally and effectually assessing and collecting the Poor Rates within the Parish of *Saint Anne* (commonly called *Saint Anne Limehouse*) in the County of *Middlesex*. *Ibid.*
- xl. An Act for better assessing and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *Saint Nicholas*, in the City of *Rocheſter*, in the County of *Kent*, and regulating the Poor thereof. *Ibid.*
- xli. An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the River *Wear* and Port and Haven of *Sunderland*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*, and for the more effectual Preservation and further Improvement of the same River, Port, and Haven. *Ibid.*
- xlii. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Stratford-upon-Avon* Canal Navigation. *Ibid.*
- xliiii. An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, for draining and preserving certain Lands and Grounds in the Parishes of *Wisbech Saint Peter's* and *Wisbech Saint Mary's*, and in the Hamlets of *Wisbech Murrow* and *Wisbech Guybirt*, in the Isle of *Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*. *Ibid.*
- xliv. An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Parishes of *Thurlton*, *Haddiscoe*, and *Thorpe next Haddiscoe*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
- xlv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Harlow Bush Common* to *Stump Cross*, in the County of *Essex*. 590
- xlvi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts passed in the Seventh and Twenty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for amending and widening the Road from the *Bell Inn* at *Northfield*, in the County of *Worceſter*, to the *Wootton* Turnpike, in the

- the great Turnpike Road from *Stratford-upon-Avon*, in the County of *Warwick*, to *Birmingham*, in the same County. Page 590
- xlvii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for widening and keeping in Repair the Road from the Town of *Walsall* to *Hamstead Bridge*, and other Roads therein mentioned, all in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
- xlviii. An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Dopdon Wharf*, near *Guldeford*, through *Guldeford*, to *Alfold Bars*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- xliz. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Handcross* to *Henfield*, and from *Beeding* to *Horsbam*, in the County of *Suffex*. *Ibid.*
- l. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from *Teddington* to the Turapike Road between *Evesham* and *Perfbore*, in the County of *Worcester*, and for making a new Piece of Road to communicate therewith, in the County of *Gloucester*. *Ibid.*
- li. An Act for repairing, widening, and improving the Road leading from the Town of *Rickmersworth*, in the County of *Hertford*, through the Village of *Pinner*, by *Harrow-on-the-Hill*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to or near the *Swan* Publick House at *Sudbury Common*, in the Turnpike Road leading from *Harrow* to *London*. *Ibid.*
- lii. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of so much of Two Acts for repairing the Road from the End of the County of *Stafford*, in the Post Road towards the City of *Chester*, through *Woore*, in the County of *Salop*, to *Nantwich* in the County of *Chester*, and from *Nantwich* to *Tarporley*, and from thence through *Tarvin*, in the said County of *Chester*, to the said City of *Chester*, and the Road from *Northwich* to the Cross in *Tarvin* aforesaid, as relates to the Second District of Roads comprized in the said Act. *Ibid.*
- liii. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of an Act for repairing the Road from *Blackburn* to *Burscough Bridge*, in the County of *Lancaster*. 591
- liv. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Tenterden* to the several Places therein mentioned, in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act for continuing Two Acts of the Sixth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Wareham*, and in *Purbeck*, in the County of *Dorset*. *Ibid.*
- lvi. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts for repairing the Road from the South End of *Newton Abbott* to the Passage Way in *Kingswear*, opposite *Chifton*, *Dartmouth*, *Hardnefs*, and other Roads therein mentioned, all in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
- lvii. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Cranford Bridge*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to that End of *Maidenhead Bridge* which lies in the County of *Bucks*, and for amending the Road from

- from *Slough* to a certain Place in *Eton*, and from *Langley Broom* to *Datchett Bridge*, in the County of *Buckingham*. Page 591
- lviii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Powder Mills on *Hounslow Heath*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the Twenty Mile Stone on *Egham Hill*, in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- lix. An Act for vesting a Workhouse and Premises, situate in the City of *Londonderry*, in Trustees to be sold, and for applying the Purchase Money in building another School House, and for better regulating the same. *Ibid.*
- lx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Kelsal*, in the Parish of *Tarvin*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. *Ibid.*
- lxi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Llan Trewyn*, *Bodlowydd*, and *Bryn-cymme*, in the Manor of *Llanelidan*, in the Parish of *Llanelidan*, in the County of *Denbigh*. *Ibid.*
- lxii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Bradwell*, *Belton*, and *Fritton*, in the County of *Suffolk*. 592
- lxiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Corton*, *Hopton*, and *Gorleston*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
- lxiv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Witchingham*, in the County of *Norfolk*. *Ibid.*
- lxv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Simonburn*, in the County of *Northumberland*. *Ibid.*
- lxvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Elton* and *Winsler*, in the Parish of *Youlcreave*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- lxvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barton-in-the-Clay*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid.*
- lxviii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Allerston*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
- lxix. An Act for making Provision for such of the Sub-Registrars or Deputy Registrars of the High Court of Chancery as from Age or Infirmary shall be afflicted with permanent Disability, and be incapacitated for the due Execution of their Office; and for making further Provision for the Two Seniors of the said Registrars, for the Clerks in the Registrar's Office, for the Master of the Report Office, and for providing additional Clerks in the Report Office of the said Court, and for making other Payments and Regulations in respect of the said Offices. *Ibid.*
- lxx. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, to enable the several Persons therein named to dispose of the several Houses therein mentioned in *London* and *Westminster*, by Lottery. 597
- lxxi. An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Stainforth* and *Keadby* Canal Navigation to raise a further Sum of Money for the Discharge of their Debts, and to finish and complete the said Canal Navigation, and for amending the several Acts passed relative thereto. *Ibid.*
- lxxii. An Act for amending, altering, and enlarging, the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Warwick* and *Napton* Canal Navigation. 598
- lxxiii. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts passed for making a navigable Canal from the *Trent* to the *Mersey*, and other Canals connected therewith. *Ibid.*

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- lxxiv. An Act for explaining and amending Two Acts for improving the Navigation of the River *Clyde* to the City of *Glasgow*. Page 598
- lxxv. An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace for the several Parts of *Lindsey*, *Kislevon*, and *Holland*, constituting the Three Divisions of the County of *Lincoln*, to provide a convenient House, with suitable Accommodations, for His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the said County. *Ibid.*
- lxxvi. An Act for regulating the Police of the Town and Liberties of *Kinsale*, and for the Regulation and Improvement of the Port and Harbour of the said Town, and of the Fisheries thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. *Ibid.*
- lxxvii. An Act to continue the Term, and render more effectual, several Acts passed for opening, cleansing, repairing, and improving the Harbour of *Southwold*. in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
- lxxviii. An Act for amending several Acts for making navigable the Rivers *Wye* and *Lugg*, in the County of *Hereford*, and for making a Horse Towing Path on certain Parts of the Banks of the said River *Wye*. *Ibid.*
- lxxix. An Act for better paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting, and watching the several Streets, and other publick Passages and Places, within the Town and Franchise of *Swansea*, in the County of *Glamorgan*, and for removing and preventing Nuisances, Annoyances, and Obstructions therein. 599
- lxxx. An Act for the better supplying the City of *Dublin* with Water. *Ibid.*
- lxxxi. An Act to authorize the raising of Money to defray the Expenses of erecting a Prison and publick Offices in the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*. *Ibid.*
- lxxxii. An Act to revive and continue the Term and Powers of certain Acts, for widening and improving the Entrance into the City of *London*, near *Temple Bar*, for making a more commodious Street at *Snow Hill*, and for raising on the Credit of the Orphans' Fund certain Sums of Money for those Purposes. *Ibid.*
- lxxxiii. An Act for the Improvement of the Passage across the *Frith of Forth*, called *The Queensferry*. *Ibid.*
- lxxxiv. An Act for building a new Bridge across the River *Tone*, and enlarging the Bridge at *Shuttern*, both in the Town of *Taunton*, in the County of *Somerset*, and also for widening and improving the Approaches to the said Bridges, and removing and preventing Obstructions and Nuisances thereon. *Ibid.*
- lxxxv. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Wensum*, between the Scite where the Gates called *King Street Gates* formerly stood, and *Carrow Abbey*, to the Hamlet of *Thorpe*, in the County of the City of *Norwich*. 600
- lxxxvi. An Act to continue the Term, and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the Pinfold in *Balby*, in the County of *York*, to *Worksep*, in the County of *Nottingham*. *Ibid.*
- lxxxvii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from a Place called *Nantgaredig*, adjoining the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of *Llandilofawr* to the Town of *Carmarthen*, through the Village of *Brechfa* to the River *Tivy* near *Llanlooney Church*, and also

- also a Road from *Brechfa* aforesaid to the Village of *Llanfawell*, all in the County of *Carmarthen*. Page 600
- lxxxviii. An Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for amending the Road leading from *Congleton* to *Colley Bridge*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, in the Counties of *Chester* and *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- lxxxix. An Act for making and maintaining Turnpike Roads for the Town of *Malmesbury*, to or near to the Town of *Wootton Bassett*, *Sutton Benger Church*, and *Dauntsey Gate*, in the County of *Wilts*. *Ibid.*
- xc. An Act for repairing and maintaining the Road from *Wootton Bassett* in the County of *Wilts*, to the Two Mile Stone on the Turnpike Road from *Swindon* to *Marlborough* in the said County. 601
- xc. An Act for amending and improving the Road from the North End of the Town of *Tonbridge* to the Village of *Ightham*, and Two other Roads communicating with the same, all in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- xcii. An Act for amending and improving the Road from *Stackershead* at the Top of *Charing Hill*, to a certain Place where the same joins the Road from *Ashford* to *Canterbury*, all in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- xciii. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the End of the County of *Stafford* to the City of *Chester*, and from *Northwich* to *Tarvin* in the County of *Chester*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, so far as respects the Third District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
- xciv. An Act for making and maintaining a Road over *Horley Common* in the County of *Surrey*, to a Place called *Black Corner*, and from thence to join the *Brighthelmston* Turnpike Road at *Cuckfield*, in the County of *Suffex*. *Ibid.*
- xcv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Turnbridge Wells* in the County of *Kent*, to the Cross Ways near *Maresfield Street*, and from *Florence Farm* to *Forest Row*, in the County of *Suffex*. *Ibid.*
- xcvi. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty for amending the Road from or near *Edenfield Chapel* to the Township of *Little Bolton*, and for making and maintaining a Road from the said Road at or near *Booth Pits*, to or near *Bury Bridge*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*
- xcvii. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Reading* in the County of *Berks*, through *Henley* in the County of *Oxford*, and *Great Marlow* to *Hatfield* in the County of *Hertford*; and also the Road leading out of the said Road at *Marlow* over *Great Marlow Bridge* through *Byssam* to or near the Thirty Mile Stone in the Road leading from *Maidenhead* to *Reading* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
- xcviii. An Act for effecting the Sale of an Estate at *Tachbrook* in the County of *Warwick*, devised by the Will of *John Norris* Esquire, deceased; and for applying sufficient of the Money in discharging Incumbrances

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- Incumbrances on certain Estates at *Cwmoy* and *Lantony* in the Counties of *Monmouth* and *Hereford*; and for paying the Residue thereof to *Walter Salvage Landor* Esquire; and for settling the said Estates at *Cwmoy* and *Lantony* to the Use of the Will of the said *John Norris*. Page 602
- xcix. An Act for inclosing a Moor or Common called *Middiebope* within the Park and Forest of *Weardale* in the Parish of *Stanbope*, in the County of *Durham*. Ibid.
- c. An Act for dividing and allotting Lands in the Parishes of *Barford Saint Martin* and *South Newton*, and for extinguishing Rights of Common in other Lands in or adjoining the Parishes of *Barford Saint Martin* aforesaid, and *Baverflock*, in the County of *Wilts*. Ibid.
- ci. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Portbury*, in the County of *Somerset*. Ibid.
- cii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cheadale*, in the County of *Stafford*. Ibid.
- ciii. An Act for inclosing Waste Lands in the Township of *Lisard* in the Parish of *Wallasey*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. Ibid.
- civ. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Whiston* and Parish of *Kingsley*, in the County of *Stafford*. Ibid.
- cv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bledlow*, in the County of *Buckingham*. Ibid.
- cvi. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Township of *Idle*, in the Parish of *Calverley* in the West Riding of the County of *York*. 603
- cvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Marfworth*, in the County of *Buckingham*. Ibid.
- cvii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Long Wittenham*, in the County of *Berks*. Ibid.
- cix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Aldon* and *Stoke St. Milborough*, in the County of *Salop*. Ibid.
- cx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stockton*, in the County of *Wilts*. Ibid.
- cx. An Act for repealing such Part of an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, as imposes a certain Proportion of the County Rate for the County of *Kent* upon the Eastern Division of the said County, and certain Proportions upon the Western Division of the said County; and also, so much of an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for empowering the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Kent*, to make a fair and equal County Rate for the said County, as directs the Churchwardens and Overseers therein mentioned, to make certain Returns of the Rental or Value of Estates within their Parishes at the Periods and in the Manner therein mentioned, and imposes a certain Penalty upon such Churchwardens and Overseers for making Default therein, and for amending the Powers and Provisions of the said Acts. Ibid.
- cxii. An Act for altering, amending, and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for making and maintaining the *Thames* and *Severn* Canal Navigation. 608
- cxiii. An Act for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, so far as relates to the establishing a nightly Watch, Ibid.

- Watch, and for maintaining the Poor within the Parish of *Saint Clement Danes*, in the County of *Middlesex*. Page 608
- cxv. An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Town of *Worthing*, in the County of *Suffex*. 609
- cxv. An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for paving and improving the Town of *Worthing*, in the County of *Suffex*, and for building a Market House and establishing a Market in the said Town. *Ibid.*
- cxvi. An Act for building a Church on *Gateshead Fell*, in the Parish of *Gateshead*. 610
- cxvii. An Act to amend and render more effectual Two Acts for the Maintenance and Support of the Pier and Harbour, and paving and lighting the Town of *Margate*, in the County of *Kent*. 612
- cxviii. An Act for better supplying with Water the Borough of *Portsmouth*, and the Parishes of *Portsmouth* and *Portsea*, and Places adjacent, in the County of *Southampton*. *Ibid.*
- cxix. An Act for effecting the Drainage and Improvement of the Lands and Grounds lying in the late Great Common in *Sutton Saint Edmund's*, within the Parish of *Sutton Saint Mary* otherwise *Long Sutton*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for authorizing the Drainage and Improvement of the Lands and Grounds lying in the late Little Common in *Sutton Saint Edmund's* aforesaid. 613
- cxx. An Act for embanking, inclosing, and draining Lands within the Parish of *Friskeney*, in the County of *Lincoln*. *Ibid.*
- cxxi. An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Road or Passage for Horses on the Banks of the River *Severn*, between a certain Place at *Coalbrooke Dale* to and above the *Welsh Bridge* in the Town of *Shrewsbury*, in the County of *Salop*, for hauling and drawing Vessels along the said River. 614
- cxxii. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Town and Neighbourhood of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, with Water, and for more effectually lighting and cleansing the Streets and other Places within the said Town and Neighbourhood, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Annoyances therein; and for erecting a Court House and Prison for the Borough of *Leeds*, and for widening and improving the Streets and Passages in the said Town. *Ibid.*
- cxxiii. An Act to alter and explain Two Acts to enable the Globe Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Treasurer, and to enrol Annuities. *Ibid.*
- cxxiv. An Act to alter and explain Two Acts for enabling the Pelican Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to enrol Annuities. 615
- cxxv. An Act to alter and explain Two Acts for enabling the Albion Fire and Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to enrol Annuities. *Ibid.*
- cxxvi. An Act for widening and altering *Osse Bridge* over the River *Osse*, and *Foss Bridge* over the River *Foss*, in the City of *York*; for widening, raising, and improving certain Streets, Lanes, and Passages leading and near to the said Bridges; and for making certain other Improvements in the said City. *Ibid.*
- cxlvii. An Act for consolidating and uniting the Powers of several Acts passed for amending several Roads near the Borough of

- Ashburton* and the Town of *Newton Busbell*, and from or near the North Side of the Town of *Totnefs* towards *Ashburton* aforesaid, for building a Bridge across the River *Dart*, at or near a Place called *Emmett*, in the County of *Devon*, and for amending and improving the said several Roads. Page 615
- cxviii. An Act for continuing, explaining, and amending an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and improving the Roads leading from the Stones End in *Kent Street*, in the Parish of *Saint George Southwark*, to *Dartford*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Kent* and *Surrey*. 616
- cxix. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bettws-Abergele*, in the County of *Denbigh*. Ibid.
- cxx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Caerwys*, in the County of *Flint*. Ibid.
- cxxi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Eaton*, in the County of *Nottingham*. Ibid.
- cxxii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Woodstone*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. Ibid.
- cxxiii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *King's Cliffe*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
- cxxiv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Cadeby* and Parish of *Spotborough*, in the County of *York*. Ibid.
- cxxv. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Gatehead*, in the County of *Durham*. 617
- cxxvi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Glatton-with-Holm* in the County of *Huntingdon*. Ibid.
- cxxvii. An Act for the Application of the Purchase Money of certain Lands, taken from the Possessions of the See of *Winchester*, under the Provisions of an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for vesting certain Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments in Trustees, for better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores at Portsmouth, and for extending the Works and Lines at Dover*. Ibid.
- cxxviii. An Act for enabling the *Kennet and Avon Canal Company* to raise a sufficient Sum of Money to complete the said Canal, and for amending the several Acts for making the same. Ibid.
- cxxix. An Act for erecting a new Gaol and House of Correction, and new Courts of Justice, in and for the County Palatine of *Durham*, and purchasing proper Scites for the same; and for disposing of the old Gaol and House of Correction and Courts of Justice there; and making an equal County Rate for those Purposes. Ibid.
- cxl. An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, and otherwise improving the Streets and other Publick Passages and Places in the Town and Borough of *Oswestry*, in the County of *Salop*. 618
- cxli. An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parish of *Merthyr Tydfil*, and other Places therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Glamorgan, Brecon, and Monmouth*. Ibid.
- cxlii. An Act for building a Bridge across the River *Thames*, from or near *Vauxhall Turnpike*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, Ibid.

beth, in the County of *Surrey*, to the opposite Shore, in the Parish of *Saint John*, in the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, and County of *Middlesex*, and for making convenient Road thereto.

Page 618

cxliii. An Act for taking down and re-building the Whole or Part of a certain Bridge called *Wallingford Bridge*, in the Borough of *Wallingford*, in the County of *Berks*, and for opening, widening, and improving the Avenues or Approaches to the said Bridge.

619

cxliv. An Act for taking down and re-building certain Parts of *North Bridge* and *Tickford Bridge*, in the Parishes of *Newport Pagnell* and *Latbury*, in the County of *Buckingham*, and for widening and making more commodious the said Bridges, and the Approaches thereto.

Ibid.

cxlv. An Act for repairing and maintaining the Road from *Burton upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford* to *Abbots Bromley*, and from *Buzots Bromley* to the present Turnpike Road at or near *Shirley Wick*, in the said County.

Ibid.

cxlvi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Carmarthen* to *Lampeter pont-Stephen*, in the County of *Cardigan*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, so far as the same relate to the *Carmarthen* District of Roads, and for consolidating in the same Act and Truist certain other Roads in the said County of *Carmarthen*.

Ibid.

cxlvii. An Act for making and repairing a Road from *Soko Hill*, in the Parish of *Handsworth*, to the *Walsall* Turnpike Road, on the Northern Side of *Hamstead Bridge*; and also another Road from *Brown's Green* to a House called *The Friary*, all in the County of *Stafford*.

620

cxlviii. An Act for vesting the settled and other Estates of *John Pierfon Foote* Esquire, in the Parish of *Calstock*, in the County of *Cornwall*, in Trustees upon trust, to sell and to stand possessed of the Money arising from the Sale thereof, upon the Trusts therein mentioned.

Ibid.

cxlix. An Act for enabling the Minister and Churchwardens of the Parish of *Allbailows Barking*, in the City of *London*, to grant a Lease of certain Estates belonging to the same Parish, pursuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpose.

Ibid.

cl. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet and Chapelry of *Wheatley*, in the Parish of *Culdesden*, in the County of *Oxford*.

Ibid.

cli. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hayes*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for extinguishing the Tithes in the said Parish.

Ibid.

clii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Masey with De-pingate*, *Northborough*, *Glington with Peakirk*, *Etton*, and *Kelpstone*, in the County of *Northampton*.

Ibid.

cliii. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Shobdon*, *Aymesfrey*, and *Lingen*, in the County of *Hereford*, and for extinguishing Tithes in those Parishes.

Ibid.

cliv. An Act for inclosing *Goring Common*, or *Goring Heath*, and certain Waste Lands, in the Parish of *Goring*, in the County of *Oxford*.

Ibid.

b 4

clv. An

THE TITLES of the STATUTES,

- clv. An Act for continuing the Term of, and altering and amending an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing two Acts of His late Majesty, for the Regulation of Lestage and Ballastage in the River *Thames*, and to make more effectual Regulations relating thereto. *Page 621*
- clvi. An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in the Fortieth, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basons, Cuts, and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce, and Revenue, within the Port of *London*, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto, and to enlarge the Powers and Authorities by the said Acts granted to the *London Dock Company*. *Ibid.*
- clvii. An Act for amending an Act for better supplying the City and Liberties of *Westminster*, and Parts adjacent, with Water, and for enlarging the Powers thereof. *624*
- clviii. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the Summit of the Hill above *Churchway Engine*, in the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to a certain Place in the said Forest called *Cinderford Bridge*. *Ibid.*
- clix. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from the River *Wye*, at or near to a Place called *Lidbrook*, in the Parish of *Ruardean*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to or near to a Place called the *Lower Forge*, below *Newern*, in the Parish of *Lydney*, in the said County, and for making other Railways therein mentioned in the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*. *625*
- clx. An Act to continue and amend several Acts for repairing Roads in the County of *Dumfries*, and converting the Statute Labour within the said County into Money. *Ibid.*
- clxi. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Mead Brook*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Christian Malford Bridge*, in the County of *Wilts*, and other Places therein mentioned, and for extending the said Road to the Centre of *Christian Malford Bridge*. *Ibid.*
- clxii. An Act for the Exchange of Part of the Settled Estates of the Earl of *Guilford*, and for the Sale of other Part, to discharge a Mortgage thereon, and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*
- clxiii. An Act for the Partition of certain Settled Estates of *John Wharton* Esquire, situate in the Counties of *York*, *Westmorland*, and *Durham*. *626*
- clxiv. An Act for vesting certain Estates in the Counties of *Kent* and *Suffex*, devised by the Will of *John Hutton* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for investing the Money arising therefrom in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
- clxv. An Act for vesting Part of the devised Estates of *John Tirel Morin* Esquire, deceased, situate in the Counties of *Buckingham* and *Middlesex*, in Trustees to be sold, for discharging Incumbrances affecting the same, and for laying out the Residue of the Monies to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates intended to be sold. *Ibid.*
- clxvi. An

- clxvi. An Act for vesting the detached Parts of the Estates of *William Farrel* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees for Sale, under the Direction of the Court of Chancery, for paying the Incumbrances affecting the same. Page 626
- clxvii. An Act for vesting Part of the Real Estates, in the County of *Lincoln*, devised by the Will of *Henry Maffingberd* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for applying Part of the Purchase Money in paying off certain Incumbrances affecting the said Estates, and for laying out the Residue thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. Ibid.
- clxviii. An Act for vesting certain Estates late of the Honourable *George Jocelyn* deceased, in the County of *Dublin*, in Trustees to be sold, and for laying out the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of Government Securities, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates sold. Ibid.
- clxix. An Act for vesting in Trustees a certain Tract of Open Pasture Land called *Box Moor*, in the Parish of *Hemel-hempsted*, in the County of *Hertford*, upon certain Trusts, applying the Produce thereof, and for better securing the Rights of the respective Parties entitled to the said Moor. Ibid.
- clxx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dronfield*, in the County of *Derby*. Ibid.
- clxxi. An Act for reviving, continuing, and amending an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for laying a Toll upon all Horses and Carriages passing on a Sunday over *Blackfriars Bridge*, and for applying the Money to arise thereby towards increasing the Fund for watching, lighting, cleaning, watering, and repairing the said Bridge. 627
- clxxii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts, made in the Forty-second, Forty-fourth, and Forty-sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making, maintaining, watching, lighting, and watering several Roads to communicate with the *West India Docks*, in the *Isle of Dogs*, and the *East India Docks* at *Blackwall*, both in the County of *Middlesex*; and also of several Acts for repairing the *Cannon Street Road*, in the said County; and also for making, maintaining, watching, lighting, and watering a new Road from the said Road communicating with the *East India Docks*, to *Barking*, in the County of *Essex*; and for enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road from the *Romford* and *Whitechapel Road* to or near to *Tilbury Fort*, in the County of *Essex*. Ibid.
- clxxiii. An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Sixth and Twenty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to the Town of *Dartford*, in the County of *Kent*. Ibid.
- clxxiv. An Act for extending and enlarging the Powers or Authorities given by an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Enfranchisement of Copyhold and Customary Lands, Parcel of the Manor of Arundel, and other Manors entailed by the Act of Parliament of the Third of Charles the First, and for the Sale of Tithes also entailed by the said Act*. Ibid.
- clxxv. An

- clxxv. An Act to empower the Trustees under the Will of the Right Honourable *Edward* late Lord *Thurlow* to grant in Fee upon Fee Farm Rents, or for long Terms of Years, certain Estates by the same Will devised in Trust for Sale, and to pull down the Mansion House called *Knight's Hill*, and to make Roads, and to enfranchise Copyholds, and for other Purposes. Page 627
- clxxvi. An Act for vesting an Estate, in the County of *Lincoln*, devised by the Will of *Francis* Lord *Le Despencer*, in Trustees, upon Trust, to sell the same, and with the Money arising therefrom to discharge the Incumbrances thereupon, and to lay out the Surplus in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid*,
- clxxvii. An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Estates devised by the Will of *Henry Partridge* Esquire, deceased, and for laying out the Money to arise by such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, and for settling the same to the like Uses. 628
- clxxviii. An Act for vesting certain detached Parts of the Estates devised or limited to strict Uses by the Will of the Right Honourable *William* late Lord *Craven* deceased, and situate in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trustees, to be sold, and for applying Part of the Monies arising from the Sale thereof, in discharge of an Incumbrance subsisting thereon, and for laying out the Residue of such Monies in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid*.
- clxxix. An Act for vesting certain Estates, late of *Thomas Hodgkins* Esquire, lying in the respective Parishes of *Walsall* and *Aldridge*, in the County of *Stafford*, in Trustees, in trust to sell the same, and apply the Purchase Monies arising therefrom in paying off all Incumbrances upon such Estates, and otherwise, under the Directions of the High Court of Chancery. *Ibid*.
- clxxx. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sbarnbrook*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid*.
- clxxxi. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wilbanshead*, in the County of *Bedford*. *Ibid*.
- clxxxii. An Act to enable the *Royal Exchange* Insurance Company of *Ireland* to sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary. *Ibid*.
- clxxxiii. An Act for making new Sewers and Drains within certain Districts under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from *East Moulsey* in *Surrey*, to *Ravensborne* in *Kent*, and for other Purposes relating to the Execution of the Commission of Sewers for the said Limits. *Ibid*.
- clxxxiv. An Act for rendering more effectual Two Acts passed for the better regulating the Poor in the Parish of *Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey*, in the County of *Surrey*; for inclosing the Church Yard thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto. *Ibid*.
- clxxxv. An Act to enable His Majesty to grant the Moot Hall, Grand Jury Room, and certain Grounds and Buildings adjoining thereto in the Castle Garth, within the Scite of the Old Castle of *Newcastle-upon Tyne*, to the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Northumberland*, for building Courts of Justice, and also a Gaol for the said County, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto. 629
- clxxxvi. An

- clxxxvi. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of *Southwark* to the *Kent* Road in the County of *Surrey*.
Page 629
- clxxxvii. An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Wastes in the Township of *Minera* in the County of *Denbigh*, as subjects the Owners of certain Mines there to Damages for working the same, and as authorizes any Person to get Stone from any Mines of Stone in the said Wastes. *Ibid.*
- clxxxviii. An Act for making and maintaining a Road leading from *Barmouth* in the County of *Merioneth*, to *Traethmawr* in the County of *Caernarvon*, and for building a Bridge at *Traethbach*, in the said County of *Merioneth*. *Ibid.*
- clxxxix. An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of *Deptford*, *Greenwich*, and several other Parishes and Places in the Counties of *Kent* and *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- cx. An Act for the better Government of the Watermen working on the Passage between *Gosport*, *Portsmouth*, and *Portsea*, and other Places within *Portsmouth* Harbour, and to and from *Spithead*, *St. Helen's*, and other Parts within the *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, and to and from certain Places in the said Island, and for regulating the Fares of such Watermen. 630
- cxci. An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Thames* from the Precinct of the *Savoy*, or near thereunto, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore, and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith, in the County of *Surrey*.
639
- cxcii. An Act for more effectually supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Towns of *Manchester* and *Salford* in the Parish of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. 640.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

NOT PRINTED.

1. AN Act to dissolve the Marriage of the Right Honourable *John* Lord *Boringdon* with the Right Honourable *Augusta* Lady *Boringdon* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
2. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Langley Marsh*, in the County of *Buckingham*.
3. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hursley* and the Manor of *Murdon*, in the County of *Southampton*.
4. An Act for inclosing *Denshaw Moor*, in the Township of *Quick* within *Saddleworth*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[Allotment to the King, in right of his Duchy of *Lancaster*, as seized to himself, his Heirs and Successors of the Honour of *Pontefract*, in the County of *York*.]
5. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Jesse* *Gregson* Esquire, with *Grace* *Clofe* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

6. An

6. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Richard Campbell Bazett* with *Margaret Ann Bazett* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
7. An Act for naturalizing *George Dittmar*.
8. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barton Turf*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
9. An Act for naturalizing *Peter Urbanis Sartoris*.
10. An Act for naturalizing *Rudolph Ackermann*.
11. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Tithings of *Orcheston Saint George* and *Elston*, in the Parish of *Orcheston Saint George*, in the County of *Wilts*.
12. An Act for naturalizing *Samuel Traugott Grütner*.
13. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dean*, in the County of *Cumberland*.
14. An Act for dividing, allotting, and inclosing the Open and Commonable Lands in the Parishes of *Congresbury*, *Week Saint Lawrence*, and *Puxton*, in the County of *Somerset*.
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Rothersthorpe*, in the County of *Northampton*.
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes of *Llanfadwrn*, *Llandilowawr*, and *Cayo*, in the County of *Carmarthen*.
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Echelsford*, otherwise *Absford*, in the County of *Middlesex*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
18. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of *Croxton*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
19. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sberringham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
20. An Act for enclosing Lands in the Township of *Cudworth*, in the Parish of *Roylton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Allotment to the King, in right of his Duchy of Lancaster, as Lord of the Honour of Pontefract.*]
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Purston Jackling*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
[*Allotment to the King, in right of his Duchy of Lancaster, and as Lord of the Manor of Purston Jackling.*]
22. An Act for inclosing a Tract of Land called *Woolridge*, in the Parishes of *Saint Mary de Lode*, or *Hartpur*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dry Drayton*, in the County of *Cambridge*. [*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
24. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Sir George Berney Brograve* Baronet, with *Emma Louisa Brograve* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
25. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Peter Campbell Junior*, Esquire, with *Elizabeth Lewis Woolery* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
26. An Act for naturalizing *Adrian Moens*.
27. An Act for naturalizing *Christian Frederick Kable*.
28. An Act for enabling the most Noble *Elizabeth Ducheſs Dowager of Chandos* and the Right Honourable *John Lord Hen- niker*,

- maker, to grant a Lease of certain Lands in the County of *Suffex*, for the Term of Ninety-nine Years, to *Edward Frisby Howis*, pursuant to an Agreement entered into in that Behalf.
29. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in *Scotland* to sell certain Parts and Portions of the entailed Estate of *Cassillis* for Payment of the Debts contracted by *David* late Earl of *Cassillis*, and still owing; and for altering in Part an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, concerning the Estate of *Cullean*.
30. An Act for vesting the Lands of *Glenkinglas*, and certain other Lands, being Part of the Lands contained in a Deed of Entail, executed by the deceased *Sir Duncan Campbell*, of *Lochnell*, upon the Fifteenth Day of *May* One thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, in Trustees, in trust, to sell the same, and invest the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands, to be settled and secured to the same Series of Heirs, and under the same Conditions and Limitations as are contained in the aforesaid Deed of Entail.
31. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in *Scotland*, to sell certain Parts and Portions of the entailed Estate of *Lochblane*, situated in the County of *Perth*, which belonged to and was entailed by the late *Anne Campbell*, otherwise *Menzies*, of *Fairtoun*, sufficient for Payment of her Debts, and to raise a Sum for the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments contiguous to, and convenient for, the said entailed Estate, to be entailed in the like Manner, in lieu of the Parts and Portions sold.
32. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *High Offley*, in the County of *Stafford*.
33. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Rothwell with Royds*, and *Oulton with Woodlesford*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
34. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Abbotsbury*, in the County of *Dorset*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
35. An Act for dividing and inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Compton Vallence*, otherwise *East Compton*, in the County of *Dorset*.
36. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of *Fordham*, in the County of *Cambridge*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
37. An Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of *Pimperne*, in the County of *Dorset*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
38. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bourn*, in the County of *Cambridge*.
39. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Englefield*, in the County of *Berks*.
40. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithing of *Plush*, in the County of *Dorset*.
41. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Normanby* and Parish of *Ormsby*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Seamer*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
43. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Iccomb*, in the County of *Worcester*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
44. An Act to render valid and effectual the Proceedings of the Commissioners under an Act for dividing and inclosing the several open Fields and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Barwick in Elmet*, in the County of *York*.

The TITLES of the STATUTES,

45. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Chilton Foliat*, in the Counties of *Wilts* and *Berks*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
46. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bunwell*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
47. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Altofts*, in the Parish of *Normanton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
48. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Chidham*, in the County of *Suffex*.
49. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Llanfyrnach*, in the County of *Pembroke*.
50. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Berrynarbor*, in the County of *Devon*. [*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
51. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Marske*, in the County of *York*.
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Thoraby*, in the Parish of *Aisgarth*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
53. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Lingfield*, in the County of *Surrey*.
54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wheatacre All Saints*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
55. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Glenfield*, in the County of *Leicester*. [*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
56. An Act for inclosing the Open and Common Fields, in the Parish of *Angmering*, otherwise *East Angmering* and *West Angmering* annexed, in the County of *Suffex*.
57. An Act to enable the Reverend *George Marwood* (lately called *George Metcalfe*), and his Issue, to take, use, and bear the Sur-name and Arms of *Marwood*, pursuant to the Will of *Jane Turner*, Widow, deceased.
58. An Act for naturalizing *Charles Cummerow*.
59. An Act for empowering the Judges of the Court of Session in *Scotland* to sell such Parts of the entail'd Estate of *Pitreavie* in the Parish of *Dunfermline* and County of *Fife* in *Scotland*, now belonging to *Shovel Blackwood Esquire*, as shall be sufficient for Payment of the Debts affecting the same.
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in and adjoining or near to the Parish of *Mordisford*, in the County of *Heresford*.
61. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ravensden*, in the County of *Bedford*. [*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
62. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bodham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
63. An Act for inclosing Lands in *Longsutton*, in the County of *Somerset*.
64. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Milton*, in the County of *Berks*.
65. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Sutton*, in the County of *Surrey*.
66. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Nannauwch-r-Afon*, *Nannau-is'-r-Afon*, and *Llanelltyd*, in the Parishes of *Llanfachreth* and *Llanelltyd*, in the County of *Merioneth*.
67. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *West Wrating*, in the County of *Cambridge*. [*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
68. An

68. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bafildon*, in the County of *Berks*.
 69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Irtou*, in the County of *Cumberland*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Sampford Peverell*, *Burlifcombe*, and *Haiberton*, in the County of *Devon*.
 71. An Act to amend an Act pass'd in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Holt* and *Letheringsett*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
 72. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Vill, Hamlet, or Parish of *Warningcamp*, in the County of *Suffex*.
 73. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ilsington*, in the County of *Devon*.
 74. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *North Creake*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
 75. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wensley*, in the County of *York*.
 76. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Carperby* and Parish of *Aisgarth*, in the County of *York*.
 77. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Horbury* in the Parish of *Wakefield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
 78. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township or Hamlet of *Cullingworth* in the Manor and Parish of *Bingley*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
 79. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *West Wellow*, in the County of *Wilts*.
 80. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Gillingham* and *Motcombe*, in the County of *Dorset*.
 81. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Wasfbourne*, in the County of *Gloucester*.
 82. An Act for confirming and establishing the Division and Inclosure of certain Lands in the Hamlet of *Longthorpe*, in the County of *Northampton*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
 83. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *North Duffield*, in the Parish of *Skipwith*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. [And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
- [No Lease shall be made of Vicarial Allotments without Consent of the King, as Patron of the Vicarage of the Parish and Parish Church of Skipwith.]
84. An Act for naturalizing *Gustavus Westin*.
 85. An Act for naturalizing *Henry Myers*.
 86. An Act for naturalizing *John Horstman*.
 87. An Act for selling the Lands and Estate of *Appine*, situated in the County of *Argyle*, and a Salmon Fishing situated in the County of *Inverness*, which were comprized in a Deed of Entail made by *George* late Marquis of *Tweeddale*, and the Trustees appointed by *George* sometime Marquis of *Tweeddale* deceased, and for investing the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands to be settled and secured to the same Series of Heirs, and under the same Conditions and Limitations as are contained in the aforesaid Deed of Entail.
 88. An Act to enable the Rector of the Parish and Parish Church of *Saint Mary Woolwich*, in the County of *Kent*, for the Time being, to grant Building Leases of the Glebe Lands belonging to the

- the said Rectory, and to sell the present Rectory House and Garden, and to build a new Rectory House.
89. An Act for changing the Scite of *Holland Fen Chapel*, and for authorizing the Erection and Establishment thereof in the Parish of *Fosdyke*, in the County of *Lincoln*, instead of in the Parish of *Algarkirke*, in the said County.
90. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bredwardine* and the Township of *Dorston*, in the Parish of *Dorston*, in the County of *Hereford*.
91. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Flitton-cum Silsoe* and *Pulloxhill*, in the County of *Bedford*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
92. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township and Manor of *Leaton*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary* in *Shrewsbury*, in the County of *Salop*.
93. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor or Lordship of *West Kingston*, in the Parish of *West Kingston*, in the County of *Wilts*.
94. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Fornzett Saint Peter* and *Fornzett Saint Mary*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
95. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Tithing of *West Melbury*, in the Parish of *Cann Saint Rumbold*, in the County of *Dorset*.
96. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Skelton*, in the Parish of *Howden*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
[*No Lease shall be made of Visarial Allotments without Consent of the King, as Patron of the Vicarage of the Parish and Parish Church of Howden.*]
97. An Act for inclosing and reducing to a Stint several Commons and Waste Grounds within the Township and Manor of *Austwick*, in the Parish of *Clapham*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
98. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Strumpshaw* and *Surlingham*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
99. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Whittleford*, in the County of *Cambridge*. [*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
100. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Bishopston* and *Mancell Lacy*, otherwise *Much Mansell*, in the County of *Hereford*.
101. An Act for inclosing Lands in or appertaining to the Manor and Township of *Birkin*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
102. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township, Hamlet, or Manor of *Stanton*, in the County of *Derby*.
[*And for making Compensation for Tithes.*]
103. An Act for settling and securing the Lands of *Tippermalloß*, *Meckven*, and *Whitebank*, and the Lands of *Cleag* or *Cloyock*, and other Hereditaments lying in the County of *Pertb*, to and in favour of *Robert Smythe* of *Methven* Esquire, and the Series of Heirs mentioned, and under the Conditions and Limitations specified in a Deed of Entail made by *David Smythe* sometime of *Methven*, deceased, and in lieu thereof, for vesting certain Parts of the Lands, Lordship, Barony, and Regality of *Methven*, and of the Lands and Barony of *Reilour*, lying in the said County, in the said *Robert Smythe* and his Heirs and Assigns in Fee Simple.

104. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stokeintinhead*, in the County of *Devon*.
105. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Swanton*, *Abbot*, *Lamas*, and *Buxton*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
106. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bishopstone*, otherwise *Busbopstone*, in the County of *Wilts*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
107. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Chatteris*, in the Isle of *Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
108. An Act for naturalizing *Nicholas Henry*.
109. An Act for uniting the Rectory and Parish Church of *Stanmer*, in the County of *Suffex*, with the adjoining Vicarage and Parish Church of *Falmer*; and also for exchanging the Parsonage House and Glebe Land of *Stanmer*, and the Vicarage House of *Falmer* for a Piece of Land at *Falmer*, Part of the settled Estates of the Right Honourable *Thomas Earl of Chichester*, and for a new Parsonage House to be built thereon, at the Expence of the said Earl.
110. An Act for effectuating a Partition directed by the Court of Chancery of certain Fee Farm and Annual Rents arising and issuing within the Counties of *Essex* and *Huntingdon*, and of divers Messuages, Parcels of Ground, and Hereditaments situate in the Parish of *Saint Matthew*, *Bethnal Green*, in the County of *Middlesex*, devised by the Will of *Henry Busby* Esquire, deceased; and also for enabling the Trustees or Persons in Possession, as Tenants for Life, of certain of the Premises to grant Building Leases, and for other Purposes.
111. An Act to enable the Company of Armorers and Brasiers in the City of *London* to sell and convey to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* several Lands and Tenements in the Parish of *Saint Olave Jewry*, *London*, formerly of Dame *Elizabeth Morrys*, discharged from the Trusts for charitable Purposes affecting the same, by virtue of the Will of the said Dame *Elizabeth Morrys*, and to subject other Lands and Tenements of the said Company of Armorers and Brasiers to the like Trusts.
112. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Heiperby* in the Parish of *Brasserton*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*.
[And for making Compensation for Tithes.]
[No Lease shall be made of Vicarial Allotments without Consent of the King as Patron of the Vicarage of *Brasserton*.]

Just Published,

IN THREE VOLUMES IN QUARTO,

THE STATUTES AT LARGE, from the Union with
IRELAND, 41 Geo. III. (1801.) to 49 Geo. III. (1809.) inclusive;
With Notes and a COPIOUS INDEX to the whole.

By T. E. TOMLINS, Esq.

[This Edition is continued annually; and any Volume or Session
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In the Press, a new Edition of

THE STATUTES AT LARGE, from Magna Carta to the
Union of the Kingdoms of GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND,
41 Geo. III. (1801.) with a NEW AND COPIOUS INDEX.

Edited by T. E. TOMLINS and JOHN RAITHBY, Esqrs.
Barristers at Law.

THE
STATUTES AT LARGE.

Anno Regni GEORGII III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quadragesimo nono.

‘ AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Twenty-second Day of *June*, *Anno Domini* 1807, in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith; and from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the Nineteenth Day of *January* 1809; being the Third Session of the Fourth Parliament of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.’

C A P. I.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Snuff, in *Great Britain*; and on Pen- sions, Offices and Personal Estates in *England*; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine.

[22d February 1809.]

[See Chapter 38 of this Session, for permanent Duties of 1s. and 6d. on Offices, &c.]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ WE, Your Majesty’s most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Com- mons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies to defray Your Majesty’s publick Expences, have freely and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty, the Rates, Duties, and Impositions, herein-after mentioned: And do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted;’ and be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within and throughout that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, the Duty for and upon all Malt which, in and by One Act of Parliament passed in the First Year of His Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty-one*, was granted or continued to His Majesty until the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand seven hundred and sixty-two, and which, by several subsequent Acts, has from Time to Time been granted and continued to His Majesty until the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be further con-

Malt Duty in England under 1 G. 3. c. 3. (last continued by 48 G. 3. c. 2.) further continued to 24 June 1810.

tinued in like Manner, and shall be and is by this Act charged for or upon all Malt which shall be made within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England, Wales,* and the Town of *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, from and after the Twenty-third Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and before the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten.

Duties on Malt
made in Scotland,
8d. per Bushel.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That within and throughout that Part of the Kingdom of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Malt, the Duty herein-after mentioned, (that is to say): For and upon every Bushel of Malt, which at any Time or Times, from and after the Twenty-third Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and before the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be made of Barley or any other Corn or Grain in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (whether the same shall be or not be for Sale) the Sum of Three-pence, and so proportionably for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively.

Duties shall be
raised as under
former Acts.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several and respective Duties by this Act granted and continued respectively, until the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, during the Time and Term aforesaid, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and with such and the like Allowances and Repayments proportionably, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Power of Mitigation, and other Powers in all Respects, not otherwise directed by this Act, as are prescribed, mentioned, or expressed in the said former Act or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the Duties by them or any of them granted or continued, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the raising, levying, collecting, securing, and managing such Duties; and that the same Act formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts hereby referred unto, as for and concerning the said Duties upon Malt, and every Article, Rule, Clause, Matter, and Thing, in them or any of them contained, or thereby referred unto, and now being in force, and not otherwise altered by this Act, shall be and continue in force and effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing, and accounting for the Rates, Duties, and Impositions hereby granted and continued respectively, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and proportional Allowances; and all other Matters and Things during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act; save and except as to so much of the said Acts, or either of them, herein mentioned or referred unto, as gave Power to the Commissioners of Excise, or to any other Person or Persons therein named, in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, to compound and agree with any Person or Persons for the Duties of such Malt which should grow due or payable from him, her, or them, by the said Acts or either of them; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Except as to
compounding
for Duties.

IV. And

IV. ' And Whereas it is the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, that the full and entire Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of Great Britain, clear of all Charges and Expences of Management and Collection, shall be raised out of that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, by a Malt Tax, to be raised and levied as in England, by a Duty of Three-pence per Bushel on all Malt made and consumed in Scotland; and in case the said Duty of Three-pence per Bushel upon Malt, to be charged in Scotland by virtue of this Act, being duly surveyed and collected, shall not be sufficient effectually to raise and answer the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds in nett Money, after all Charges and Deductions whatsoever, that then such Deficiency shall be made good by a Surcharge to be made upon all Makers of Malt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in proportion to the Malt they shall respectively make between the Twenty-third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and nine and the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, in case it shall appear to the Commissioners of Excise for the Time being, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, that the Duty upon Malt made in Scotland, by this Act granted as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to answer the clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds as aforesaid, then and in such Case it shall and may be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissioners of Excise, and the Officers under them, to make a proportional Surcharge upon all and every Person and Persons who shall have made any Malt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, within the Year ending the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, or so much Money, by way of additional Duty, upon all the Malt made by such Person or Persons respectively, as shall make good such Person or Persons proportional Part of such Deficiency; which said Surcharges shall be paid to the respective Collectors of the said Duties on Malt by the respective Persons on whom the same shall be so made, within One Month after the same shall be so surcharged, or in default thereof, the respective Person or Persons who shall neglect or refuse to make such Payment, shall forfeit Treble the Sum upon him, her, or them, respectively surcharged as aforesaid, to be recovered in such Manner as the Duty of Three-pence per Bushel may be recovered by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament hereinbefore recited or referred unto; which said Surcharge by way of additional Duty for making good the Deficiency of the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds (if any such Deficiency there shall be) shall be computed and settled as followeth; (that is to say,) as the particular Quantity of Malt made by each such Maltster or Maker of Malt in Scotland, within the said Year ending the Twenty-fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall bear Proportion to the whole Quantity of Malt made in Scotland within the same Year, so the particular Surcharge to be made upon such particular Maltster or Maker of Malt, for or towards making good the said Deficiency shall bear Proportion to the whole Sum which shall be found to be deficient as aforesaid.

20,000l. shall be raised in Scotland by said Duty of 3d. per Bushel.

In case of Deficiency, a Surcharge shall be made on Maltsters.

V. Provided nevertheless, and be it declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Rate of Three-pence per Bushel shall produce a

Surplus (if any) shall be applied to the Fisheries in Scotland, under 12 G. 1. c. 30.

greater Sum than the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds clear of all Charges of Management, the said Surplusage so produced over and above the said clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds shall be wholly applied towards the encouraging and promoting of the Fisheries, and such other Manufactures and Improvements in *Scotland*, as may most conduce to the general Good of the United Kingdom, and to no other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, in such Manner as directed by an Act, passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, *An Act for encouraging and promoting Fisheries and other Manufactures and Improvements in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.*

Act shall relate to the same Days of the Year as 1 G. 3. c. 3.

VI. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That in all Cases where the herein-before recited Act of the First Year of His present Majesty's Reign did relate to any Day or Time within the Year which commenced from the Twenty-third Day of *June* One thousand seven hundred and sixty-one, this present Act doth and shall relate to the like Day and Time within the Year commenced from the said Twenty-third Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine.

Malt brought into England from Scotland by Sea shall be entered at the Port of landing, and pay 3d. per Bushel additional.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Malt made in *Scotland* not to be consumed there, which at any Time or Times between the Twenty-third Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine and the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be brought into *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, shall, in case the same shall be brought by Sea, be entered with the Officer for the said Duties of the Port where the same shall be so brought into *England*, *Wales*, or the Town of *Berwick-upon-Tweed* aforesaid, and the Sum of Six-pence per Bushel for the Duties thereof shall be paid to such Officer before landing thereof, unless a Certificate from the proper Officer be produced that it hath paid the said Duty of Three-pence per Bushel in *Scotland*; and if such Certificate be produced, then there shall be paid no more than Three-pence per Bushel, by virtue of this Act, for such Malt so brought into *England*; and in case the same be brought by Land, such Malt shall pass and be carried by and through the Towns of *Berwick* or *Carlisle*, and there entered with the Officer for the said Duties, in such of the said Towns by or through which such Malt shall be so carried, and the like Duty of Sixpence per Bushel for the same shall be paid down in ready Money, unless such Certificate be produced as aforesaid; but upon producing thereof, then there shall be paid no more than Three-pence per Bushel by virtue of this Act, on pain of forfeiting all such Malt, or the Value thereof, as shall be landed or put on Shore, or be brought into *England* without such Entry or Payment of Duties as aforesaid; and in case any Malt made in *Scotland* shall, during the said Term, be found coming out of *Scotland*, or be brought from thence by Land by or beyond the Towns before mentioned, without Entry or Payment of the Duties thereof, then all such Malt, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, for His Majesty's Use, One Moiety of the aforesaid Forfeiture to be and go to the King's Majesty, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as shall inform, seize, or sue for the same, or the Value thereof, and to be recovered and levied by such Ways, Means, and Methods as any Penalties and Forfeitures are by this or any the former Acts relating to the Malt Duties to be recovered and levied, or by Action of Debt, or upon the

Malt brought by Land shall be entered, &c. at *Berwick* or *Carlisle*.

Malt not to duly entered, shall be forfeited.

the Case, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, wherein no *Essoign*, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than One *Imprarlance*, shall be allowed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine there shall be allowed to Maltsters and Makers of Malt, for Exportation, for every Twenty Quarters of Barley or other Corn or Grain which shall be made into Malt for Exportation, in Cases where by Law any Bounty is allowed on the Exportation of Malt, an Allowance of Thirty Quarters after the same shall be dried and made into Malt, and no more, upon the Exportation thereof, though by their steeping, wetting, or watering the same, the said Twenty Quarters shall be run out to any greater Quantity exceeding the said Thirty Quarters.

Maltsters for every 20 Quarters of Grain made into Malt, for Exportation, shall be allowed 30 Quarters of Malt.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if after the shipping of any Malt made to be exported, the Malt so shipped to be exported, or any Part thereof, shall be reloaded in any Part of *Great Britain*, then and in every such Case all the Malt which shall be reloaded, and Treble the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, (that is to say) One Moiety thereof to the King, and the other Moiety thereof to the Person or Persons who shall seize, inform, or sue for the same; and such Malt, so reloaded, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise.

Malt shipped for Exportation, and reloaded, forfeited.

X. And Whereas Maltsters and Makers of Malt for Exportation do frequently mix the Produce of Two or more Steepings of Corn or Grain that have been entered to be made into Malt for Exportation, on or as soon as it comes off from the Kiln, by reason whereof the Officers for the Duties on Malt cannot ascertain the real Produce thereof, by which Means great Quantities of each Steeping of such Malt are or may be privately conveyed away, and made Use of for Home Consumption, though the same has not been charged with the Duty as all Malt made for Home Consumption ought to be; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all and every Maltster or Maltsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall keep the whole and entire Quantity of his, her, or their Corn or Grain making into Malt for Exportation, of One Steeping or Wetting, when the same shall be on the Kiln, or after the same shall be taken off the Kiln, separate and apart from all and every Part of any other former Steeping or Wetting of Corn or Grain, until the same shall have been measured by such Maltsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of some Officer or Officers for the Duty upon Malt, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Every Steeping of Malt for Exportation shall be kept separate till measured. Penalty 50l.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all such Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall give Notice in Writing to some Officer or Officers of the Duties upon Malt, or shall leave Notice in Writing at the next Office of Excise where the Journal is kept of the Hour when he, she, or they shall intend to take any Malt off the Kiln or Kilns, that such Officer or Officers may attend the measuring of such Malt; and after such Malt has been measured, the same shall be immediately carried on Shipboard, if intended to be then exported, or else shall be immediately locked up and secured in some Storehouse or other Place belonging

Notice to Officers for taking Malt off Kilns. Penalty 50l.

to such Maltsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of the said Officer or Officers, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty on clandestinely opening Locks of Storehouses, 100l.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, if any such Maltster or Maltsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, by his Order, Privy, or Direction, after any Steeping or Making of Malt shall have been locked up and secured in any Storehouse or other Place or Places in Manner as aforesaid, shall open any of the Locks or Doors, or shall make any Way or Kind of Entrance into such Storehouse or other Place or Places, or shall remove any Part whatsoever of the Partition between any such Storehouse or Place, and any other Place or Places whatsoever next thereunto adjoining, or shall remove out of the said Storehouse or other Place, any Quantity whatsoever of the Malt that has been so locked up and secured, without the Knowledge and Consent of, or without first having given Notice to some Officer or Officers for the said Duties, he, she, or they shall respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Maltsters having Malt stored on 24 June 1809, shall clear out Storehouses of Malt for Exportation within 15 Months;

XIII. And, the better to enable the Officers for the Duties upon Malt to discover whether all such Malt made for Exportation, and that has been locked up and secured in any Storehouse or other Place or Places to be exported, has been really exported; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Maltster or Maltsters, Maker or Makers of Malt, that on the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall have any Quantity of Malt locked up and secured in any Storehouse or any other Place or Places as is before directed, to be exported, shall, within Fifteen Months next after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, remove and clear out of his Storehouse, or other Place or Places, all and every Part and Parcel thereof, that at any Time after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be locked up and secured in such Storehouse or other Place in order to be exported; and shall always from Time to Time, in every Fifteen Months, remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place or Places in order to be exported, all and every Part or Parcel of Malt that at any Time within every Fifteen Months after the last clearing shall be locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or in any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

and so from Time to Time.

Penalty 50l.

Persons becoming Maltsters for Exportation after 24 June 1809, shall in like Manner clear their Storehouses every 15 Months. Penalty 50l.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all and every Person or Persons whatsoever that shall become Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation, and shall make use of any Storehouse or Storehouses, Place or Places, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, shall, within Fifteen Months after the Beginning to make use of any such Storehouse or Storehouses, or such other Place or Places, remove and clear out of such Places, to be exported, all and every Part and Parcel of such Malt that at any Time or Times shall have been put into such Place or Places within Fifteen Months after he, she, or they shall have begun to make use of such Place or Places, and shall always from Time to Time remove and clear out of such Storehouse or other Place to be exported, all and every Quantity of Malt whatsoever that within every Fifteen Months

Months after the last clearing shall at any Time be locked up and secured in such Storehouse or Storehouses, or any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Offences against this Act, so far as the same relates to the said Duty on Malt, shall be sued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture given by any of the Laws of Excise upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, can or may be sued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, or by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, and that One Moiety of such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, shall be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

Recovery of Penalties.

XVI. And Whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for one Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, the several and respective Sums of Money granted to Your Majesty, by a Land Tax, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, which were or should be charged on any Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in *Great Britain*, are, after the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, continued and made perpetual, with a Provision that the several Sums of Money charged upon Estates in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, or Personal Estates, or upon any Person or Persons in respect of any Publick Office or Employment of Profit in the said Act mentioned, should, after the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, be ascertained, levied, collected, and paid according to the Directions of any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be charged upon Estates, in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, by virtue of an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and which were not authorized to be sold in or by another Act made and passed in the same Thirty-eighth Year aforesaid, intituled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and also the several Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said recited Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign in respect of any Publick Offices or Employments, or any Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, or other Annual Payments, shall be continued, and raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty within the Space of One Year from the Twenty-

38 Geo. 3. c. 60.

Rates on Personal Estate charged by 38 G. 3. c. 3. and not authorized to be sold by 38 G. 3. c. 60. and on Offices, &c. shall be levied for one Year from 25th March 1809.

fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and shall be ascertained, assessed, and taxed in such Manner and Form as are hereinafter expressed.

Sums charged on Personal Estates by 38 G. 3. c. 5. § 3. shall be imposed on Parishes and raised on Personal Estates by a Pound Rate payable Quarterly.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the several and respective Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be charged by virtue of the said recited Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign on Personal Estates as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby set and imposed on the several and respective Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments, and Places, wherein the same have been or shall be so charged by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act; and that towards raising the said several and respective Sums of Money hereby charged on the respective Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments, and Places in *England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed*, in respect of such Personal Estate as aforesaid, all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, Guilds, and Fraternities, within the same Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments, and Places respectively, having any Estate in ready Money, or in any Debts whatsoever owing to them within *Great Britain* or without, or having any Estate in Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels, or other Personal Estate whatsoever, within *Great Britain* or without, belonging to or in trust for them, (except and out of the Premises deducted such Sums as he, she, or they do *bona fide* owe, and such Debts owing to them as shall be adjudged desperate by the respective Commissioners appointed by this Act, and also except the Stock upon Lands, and such Goods as are used for Household Stuff, and also except such Loans and Debts as are or shall be owing from His Majesty to any Person or Persons,) shall be charged with as much Equality and Indifference as is possible, by a Pound Rate, that is to say, by an equal Pound Rate for every One hundred Pounds of such ready Money and Debts, and for every One hundred Pounds worth of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, and so for any lesser or greater Sum or Value, for or towards the said several and respective Sums by this Act set or imposed, or intended to be set or imposed, for and upon all and every such Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments, and Places hereby charged therewith as aforesaid; so that by the said Rates so to be taxed or assessed as aforesaid for or upon the said ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this present Act, the full and entire Sums hereby set or imposed, or intended to be set and imposed, in *England, Wales, and Berwick* as aforesaid, upon the said Personal Estates, shall be completely and effectually taxed, assessed, levied, and collected, and shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer by Four quarterly Payments, the first Payment thereof to be made on or before the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and nine.

Offices and Employments rated by 38 G. 3. c. 5. (except Naval or Military Offices) shall pay the Rate assessed thereon, under § 3 of that Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That for and towards raising the several Sums of Money charged as last aforesaid on Persons in respect of Publick Offices or Employments of Profit, all and every Person and Persons, and all and every Commissioner and Commissioners having, using, or exercising any Publick Office or Employment of Profit in *England, Wales, or Berwick* as aforesaid, which is or shall be rated or assessed by virtue of an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid*

to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and all and every their Clerks, Agents, Secondaries, Substitutes, and other inferior Ministers whatsoever (such Military Officers who are or shall be in muster by the Muster-Master-General of His Majesty's Army, or in Pay in His Majesty's Army or Navy in respect of such Offices only, excepted) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty any Sum not exceeding the Sum at which such Office or Employment was assessed in the Year commencing from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, by virtue of the said Act, passed in the thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*; and that all and every Person and Persons, Guilds, Fraternities, Bodies Politick and Corporate, having an Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or other yearly Payment, either out of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in England, or out of any Branch of His Majesty's Revenue in Great Britain, or payable, or secured to be paid by any Person or Persons whatsoever in Great Britain (not being or issuing out of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or charged upon the same, or included in any Assessment made upon Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, mentioned in the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, and not being Annuities or yearly Payments which, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made or to be made, are or shall be especially exempted from the Payment of Taxes or Aids) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty the Sum of Four Shillings for every Twenty Shillings by the Year for every such Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or yearly Payment respectively, and after that Rate for One whole Year; the said several Rates and Sums of Money hereby granted to be assessed, imposed, levied, and collected, in such Manner as herein-after is mentioned.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That for the better assessing, ordering, levying, and collecting of the several Sums of Money so as last aforesaid limited and appointed to be raised and paid in the aforesaid part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, and other yearly Payments, and for the more effectual putting this Act in Execution, in reference to the same, all and every the Person and Persons who in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Acts within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions, and Places of England, Wales, and Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, duly qualifying themselves according to the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year

Commissioners
of Land Tax
appointed by
48 G. 3. c. 102,
shall put this
Act in Execution,
&c.
[See also
49 G. 3. c. 55.]

of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, in that Behalf, shall, together with any other Persons that may be appointed by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament, be Commissioners for putting in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and for all and every the Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments, and Places, situate within the same Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions, and Places respectively.

Commissioners shall meet before 1st May 1809, to inspect Assessments to 25th March, on Personal Estates as distinct from Lands, and shall before 10th May return Schedules of Assessment to Receiver-General and the Exchequer.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners last aforesaid shall meet together at the most usual and common Places of Meeting within their respective Hundreds, Lathes, Rapes, Wapentakes, Wards, and other Divisions respectively, within *England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed*, within which they are appointed Commissioners, on or before the First Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and shall meet afterwards in like Manner as often as it shall be necessary, for putting so much of this Act in Execution as is hereby committed to their Care and Charge; and the said Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present at such Meeting or Meetings, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required to inspect and examine the Assessments made by virtue of the said recited Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year aforesaid, for the Year ending on the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and ascertain the several and respective Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act, in every Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment, or Place, for or in respect of any Estate in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, and also for or in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, as aforesaid, by any Assessment made for the said Year ending on the said Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and separate, divide, and set down in Writing, the Amount of the several and respective Sums charged upon Estates, in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, Chattels, or other Personal Estate, and also the several and respective Sums charged in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, as aforesaid, from the Monies charged in such Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments, or Places by virtue of the said last-mentioned Act, upon Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Schedule or Duplicate in Parchment under their Hands and Seals, fairly written, containing the whole Sum assessed on each Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment, or Place, where any Assessment shall have been made upon Personal Estates, or in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, and also the Christian Names, and Surnames, of the respective Assessors and Collectors under the Receiver-General of each County, Riding, City, Borough, Town and Place respectively, where such Assessments shall have been made, or his Deputy, and shall transmit, or cause to be transmitted, a like Schedule or Duplicate into the King's Remembrancer's Office of the Exchequer, and this the Commissioners shall cause to be done on or before the Tenth Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and nine, for which Duplicates the Receiver

Receiver and Remembrancer, or their respective Deputies, shall give to the Person who brings the same, a Receipt in Writing, gratis, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, to be recovered to the King's Use, as other Penalties are by this Act recoverable.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which any Assessment shall have been, or shall be made, under and by virtue of the said last recited Act, on any Person or Persons in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, or Stipends, by any Assessment for the Year ending on the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall, from and after that Time, be wholly discharged from so much of the Sums to be levied upon such Parish or Place, according to the Proportions established under the said recited Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which in and by the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, are provided and established for ascertaining, raising, levying, mitigating, adjudging, paying, and managing the Rates and Assessments granted by the said last-mentioned Act; and which by the said other Act, passed in the same Thirty-eighth Year aforesaid, intituled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, are continued and made perpetual, in relation to the Rates and Assessments charged on Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, until the Redemption and Purchase thereof, shall be practised, used, and put in Execution in and for the ascertaining, raising, levying, mitigating, adjudging, paying, and managing the said last-mentioned Rates, Assessments, and Sums of Money to be charged, assessed, and levied by virtue of this Act, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Penalties, and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

XXIII. Whereas by an Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, the Town and County of the Town of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne* was charged in the Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Four-pence, Part whereof has been raised and charged on the Duty herein-after mentioned: And whereas by Two Acts, One thereof passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond for the absolute Purchase of the Property of the said Duke, and all others interested, in a certain Duty of Twelve-pence per Chaldron on Coals shipped in the River Tyne, to be consumed in England, and to grant a Compensation for the same, by way of Annuity, payable out of the Consolidated Fund*; and the other thereof passed in the Thirty-ninth

Receipts for Schedules.

Places where Assessments have been made for the Year ending 25th March 1809, discharged from the Sums levied.

Powers and Penalties of 38 G. 3. c. 3. and c. 60. extended to this Act.

Under 39 G. 3. c. 5. Newcastle-upon-Tyne was charged with a certain Sum, Part thereof raised on the Amount of the Duty on Coals; which under 39 G. 3. c. 84. 39, 40 G. 3. c. 42. was purchased from the Duke of Richmond, and the said Duty was veited in the Crown.

and

and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to confirm an Agreement entered into between the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty ninth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, 'An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to contract with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond for the absolute Purchase of the Property of the said Duke, and all others interested, in a certain Duty of Twelve-pence per Chaldron on Coals shipped in the River Tyoe, to be consumed in England, and to grant a Compensation for the same by way of Annuity, payable out of the Consolidated Fund;*' and by virtue of the Agreement therein recited, the said Duty from and after the Twenty-second Day of *August* One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, was vested in, and made payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the same hath ever since been collected with and paid as the other Duties of Customs have been collected and paid; and it is therefore just that the said Town and County of the said Town, should, from the above Period, be exonerated and discharged from the Amount annually charged on the said Duty as aforesaid; Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the said Town and County to certify to the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, what Sum and Sums of Money have been charged on the Duty in the said Two last-recited Acts mentioned since the Day of the Surrender of the same, by virtue of the said Two last-recited Acts, and the Agreement therein mentioned; and the said Barons, or any Two or more of them, have hereby Power, by their Discretions, at any Time before the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, to discharge or cause to be discharged so much of the said Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Four-pence, as shall appear to them to have been charged on the said Duty, since the said Twenty-second Day of *August* One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine; and the said Sums shall or may be discharged upon the Duplicates returned or to be returned for the said Town and County, and shall be allowed upon the Accounts of the Receivers-General, and the Inhabitants of the said Town and County shall be acquitted against His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for the Payment of such Sums so discharged, or ordered to be discharged, by the Barons of the said Exchequer, as well for the Assessments heretofore made, as for all Assessments hereafter to be made; any Thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Proportions set by this Act upon all and every the respective Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments, and Places in *England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed*, in respect of any such Personal Estate as aforesaid, shall not be fully assessed, levied, and paid, according to the true Meaning thereof, or if any of the said Assessments, in respect of such Personal Estate, shall be rated or imposed upon any Person not being of Ability to pay the same, or that through any Wilfulness, Neglect, Mistake, or Accident, the said Assessment charged in each Parish or Place as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, happens not to be paid to the Receiver-General, his Deputy or Deputies, as in this Act is directed; that then and in all and every such Case or Cases, the several and respective Commissioners, Assessors, and Collectors, acting

in

On Certificate from Commissioners of Land Tax for Newcastle to the Exchequer of the Sums charged on the said Duty, Exchequer may discharge the same.

Where Deficiencies do arise, new Assessments shall be made.

in the Execution of this Act in relation to the said Duties on Personal Estates, and the said last mentioned Duties in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, and other yearly Payments, and every of them respectively, are hereby authorized and required to assess and re-assess, or cause to be assessed and re-assessed, levied, and paid, all and every such Sum and Sums of Money upon the respective Parishes or Places wherein such Deficiencies shall happen, as to such Commissioners, or such Number of them as by this Act are authorized to cause the said first Assessment hereby required to be made, shall seem most agreeable to Equity and Justice; the said new Assessment to be made, collected, and paid in such Manner and by such Means as in this Act or any Act hereby referred to, is declared and directed for other Assessments.

XXV. And in order to ascertain more particularly the Mode of assessing and rating the several Persons who shall be charged with any Rate or Assessment in respect of any Estates in ready Money, Debts, or Personal Estate in *England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed*; Be it further enacted, That every Person who is or shall be rated for or in respect of any Personal Estate to him or her anyways belonging, shall be rated at such Place where he or she shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and all Persons not being Householders, nor having a certain Place of Residence, shall be taxed at the Place where they shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and if any Person who ought to be taxed in *England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed*, by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, at the Time of his or her Assessment, be out of the Realm, such Person shall be rated therefore in such Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment, or Place, where he was last abiding within this Realm.

XXVI. Provided always, That where any Person shall have any Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels, or Personal Estate, in any Parish or Parishes, Constablewick or Constablewicks, Division or Divisions, Allotment or Allotments, or Place or Places, other than the Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment, or Place where he or she shall be resident, or had his or her Residence, it shall be lawful at any Time before the Twenty-fourth Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, to rate and assess such Person for such Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels, or Personal Estate, in any Parish or Parishes, Constablewick or Constablewicks, Division or Divisions, Allotment or Allotments, or Place or Places where the same shall be: Provided also, that if any Person or Persons by reason of his, her, or their having several Mansion Houses or Places of Residence, or otherwise, shall be doubly charged for any Personal Estate by occasion of this Act, then upon Certificate made by any Two or more of such Commissioners for the County, Riding, City, or Place of his, her, or their last Personal Residence, under their Hands and Seals, of the Sum or Sums charged upon him, her, or them (which Certificate the said Commissioners are hereby required to give without Delay, Fee, or Reward), and upon Oath made of such Certificate before any Two such Commissioners who have Authority to put this Act in Execution for the County, Riding, City, or Place, where the said Certificate shall be made, (which Oath such Commissioners are hereby authorized and required to administer,) then the Person or Persons so doubly charged shall, for so much as shall be certified, be discharged in every other Parish, Constablewick,

Persons shall be rated where resident;

or, if out of the Kingdom, at the Place of their last Abode.

Personal Estate shall be assessed where it shall be, though the Possessor resides elsewhere.

Persons doubly rated shall be relieved on Certificate.

Constablewick, Division, Allotment, or Place in *England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed*.

Exemption of Personal Estate in Scotland, Ireland, &c.

XXVII. Provided also, That this Act shall not extend to the Inhabitants of *Scotland, Ireland, Jersey, or Guernsey*, for assessing any such Personal Estate which they, or any to their Use, have within those Places, for or towards the said Sum hereby authorized to be charged upon any Parish or Parishes, Constablewick or Constablewicks, Division or Divisions, Allotment or Allotments, or Place or Places in *England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed*, as aforesaid; and if any Person that ought to be taxed by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, by changing his or her Place of Residence, or by any other Fraud or Covin, escape from the Taxation, and not be taxed, and the same be proved before the Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, at any Time within One Year next after such Tax made, every Person that shall so escape from the Taxation and Payment, shall be charged, upon Proof thereof, at Treble the Value of so much as he or she should or ought to have been charged at by this Act; the said Treble Value, upon Certificate thereof made into the Exchequer by the Commissioners before whom such Proof shall be made, to be levied on the Goods, Lands, and Hereditaments of such Persons.

Persons avoiding the Tax, charged Treble.

Penalty on Housekeepers not giving List of Lodgers, &c.

XXVIII. 'And, for the better Discovery of Personal Estate intended to be charged by this Act,' be it further enacted, That every Householder in *England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed*, shall upon Demand of the Assessors of the respective Parishes or Places give an Account of the Names and Qualities of such Persons as shall sojourn or lodge in their respective Houses, under the Penalty of forfeiting to His Majesty the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such Manner as any other Penalty in this Act mentioned shall and may be levied and recovered.

Members of Parliament shall be rated at their Mansion Houses.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Members of Parliament who at the Execution of this Act, during this or the subsequent Session of Parliament, shall abide within the Cities of *London and Westminster*, and the Suburbs of the same, or within the County of *Middlesex*, shall, for or in respect of their ready Money or Debts, or any other Tax which may be laid on their Personal Estate or Persons in respect thereof, during this or the next Session of Parliament, be assessed only in the Places where such Members have their Mansion Houses, or other Places where they most usually reside during the Intervals of Parliament; and in case any Assessor or Commissioner shall assess, or cause to be assessed, any Member of Parliament contrary to the Provision hereby made, he or they shall forfeit to the Party grieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, together with full Costs of Suit; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Inhabitants of Towns shall be assessed in the Parish where they reside.

XXX. Provided always, That where any Person liable to be rated in respect of such Personal Estate, and inhabiting within the City of *London*, or any other City or Town Corporate in *England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed*, hath his Dwelling House in One of the Parishes or Wards therein, and hath any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, in any One or more of the other Parishes or Wards within the same, that then such Person shall be taxed, charged, and assessed for such his Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, in the Parish or Ward where he dwelleth, and not elsewhere, within the said City and Town Corporate.

XXXI. And

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Officers in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and in other the Publick Offices, upon Request to them made by the respective Assessors, shall deliver, *gratis*, true Lists or Accounts of all Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, or other Annual Payments, and of all Fees, Salaries, and other Allowances, payable at the said Receipt, or in the said Publick Offices, to any Commissioner or Commissioners, Officer or Officers, for the Execution of this Act, for the better Guidance of the said Assessors in the charging of the same; and that in all Cases where any Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, or other yearly Payments, or the Fees, Salaries, Wages, or other Allowances or Profits charged by this Act, shall be payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer, or at any other Publick Office, or by any of His Majesty's Receivers or Paymasters in *England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed*, the said last-mentioned Tax or Payment, which in pursuance of this Act shall be charged for or in respect of such Annuities, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances or Profits, shall and may (in case of Non-payment thereof) be detained and stopped out of the same, or out of any Money which shall be paid upon such Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances, or Profits, or for Arrears thereof, and be applied to the Satisfaction of the Rates and Duties not otherwise paid as aforesaid; and the proper Officers in the said Exchequer, and other the Publick Offices aforesaid, shall keep true Accounts of all Monies stopped, and (upon Request) shall give Copies of such Accounts to the proper Collectors of such Monies for the respective Parishes or Places where the said Monies are assessed by this Act.

Officers of Exchequer, &c. shall deliver Lists of Pensions and Annuities, &c. to Commissioners, and in default of Payment of the Rate, it may be stopped out of the Pension, &c.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person in *England, Wales, or Berwick-upon-Tweed*, rated or assessed for his Office or Employment, shall be rated and pay for his said Office or Employment in the County, City, or Place, where the same shall be exercised, although the Revenue or Profits arising by such Office or Employment are payable elsewhere: Provided always, that the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls, the Masters in Chancery, Six Clerks, Clerks of the Petty Bag, Examiners, Registers, Clerks of the Inrolments, Clerks of the Affidavit and Subpœna Office, and all other the Officers of the Court of Chancery, that execute their Offices within the Liberties of the Rolls, shall be there assessed to the said last mentioned Duties for their respective Offices, Salaries, and other Profits, and not elsewhere; and the said Masters in Chancery for the Time being, and the said Six Clerks and Registers for the Time being, shall be the Commissioners for putting in Execution, and shall put in Execution this Act, with relation to the last-mentioned Duties, within the said Liberty, and exercise the Powers therein contained; and that all Annuities, Stipends, and Pensions, payable to any Officers in respect of their Offices, shall be taxed and assessed to the said last-mentioned Duties where such Officers are rated and assessed for their Offices, and not elsewhere; and that all other Pensions, Stipends, and Annuities in *England, Wales, and Berwick-upon-Tweed*, not charged upon Lands, shall be charged and assessed in the Parishes and Places where they are payable.

Officers shall pay where employed.

Officers in Chancery shall be assessed in the Rolls Liberty by the Masters, &c.

Pensions ratable where payable.

XXXIII. And Whereas divers Offices and Employments of Profit, chargeable by this Act, are executed by Deputy, and the principal Officers living in Places remote from the Division, Parish, or Place, where such Offices or Employments are taxable, the Rates

and

Where Office is executed by Deputy, the Assessor shall be paid by him.

‘ and Assessments for such particular Offices and Employments cannot be recovered without great Charge and Difficulty;’ Be it therefore enacted, That where any Office or Employment of Profit chargeable by this Act, is or shall be executed by Deputy, such Deputy shall pay such Assessment as shall be charged thereon, and deduct the same out of the Profits of such Office or Employment; and in case of Refusal or Non-payment thereof, such Deputy shall be liable to such Distress as by this Act is prescribed against any Person having and enjoying any Office or Employment of Profit, and to all other Remedies and Penalties therein respectively contained; and that there shall be the like Remedies and Penalties for the recovering the Monies assessed upon any such Office or Employment of Profit to the Land Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and six, and for any subsequent Year not yet satisfied in all Cases where the Accounts of those Years, or any of them, are not otherwise cleared in the Exchequer.

The Queen or Royal Family not chargeable in respect of Annuities.

XXXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not charge, or be construed to charge Her Majesty the Queen, or any of the Royal Family, for or in respect of any Annuities or yearly Payments granted to her said Majesty and to their said Royal Highnesses, but that such Sums of Money, Annuities or yearly Payments, and her said Majesty and their Royal Highnesses, and their Treasurers, Receivers General, and Servants for the Time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions, and other Charges whatsoever: Provided also, that this Act, or any of the several Clauses herein contained, shall not extend to charge the Pensions of any superannuated Commission or Warrant Sea or Land Officer, or the Pensions of Widows of Sea or Land Officers slain in the Service of the Crown; or the Revenue of the most Noble Order of the Garter; or the Pensions of the Poor Knights of *Windfor*, payable out of the Exchequer only; or to charge a certain Pension of One hundred Pounds, granted by the late King *Charles* the Second, to the Poor Clergy of the *Isle of Man*; or to charge the Pensions or Salaries of His Majesty’s Pages of Honour, or of the Officers and Persons employed or to be employed in collecting the Tolls and Duties payable by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliaments for making, repairing, or maintaining any Publick Roads, by reason of their said Offices or Employments, or any Salary arising thereby.

Superannuated Sea Officers, &c. not chargeable.

Nor Tollkeepers.

Residentiaries not chargeable in certain Cases.

XXXV. ‘ And Whereas the Rents and Revenues belonging to the Residentiaries of the Cathedral Churches in *England* and *Wales*, are chargeable to the Land Tax granted and made perpetual as aforesaid, and in some Cases the Overplus of the said Rents and Revenues above such Tax, Repairs, and other Charges, is to go in Shares for the Maintenance of the said Residentiaries, which Shares are diminished by the said Land Tax;’ it is hereby provided and enacted, That in such Cases the said Residentiaries shall not by this Act, or any of the Clauses therein contained, be further chargeable as enjoying Offices of Profit out of the said Rents and Revenues; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Said Duties shall not be charged on Pensions, &c. specially exempted.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein-before contained in relation to the said several Sums of Money charged as last aforesaid on Persons in respect of Publick Offices or Employments of Profit or Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, or other Annual Payments before described, shall extend or be construed to extend

extend to charge or to authorize the deducting from or assessing any Person in any Case in which the Salary, Wages, Fees, Perquisites or Gratuities payable in respect of such Office or Employment of Profit, or in which the Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or other Annual Payment shall have been specially exempted from the Payment of any Aids or Taxes by any Act of Parliament, or in any Case in which any Salary, Wages, or Stipend of any Office or Employment, or any other Annual Payment which shall be payable to such Person in respect of such Office or Employment, or of his having held any such Office or Employment, shall by any Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under his Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, or by any Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, have been directed to be paid net or without Deduction, or in any Case in which the Sums assessed on any such Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment shall by like Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury have been directed to be repaid or reimbursed to the Person assessed, out of any Part of the Publick Revenue of *Great Britain*: Provided always, that the Authority for the Payment, net or without Deduction, of the Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment, or the Repayment of the Duty assessed on the Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment aforesaid, shall be respectively certified by some principal Officer in the Department to which such Officer or Employment belongs, to be so paid net or without Deduction, or to be repaid out of the said Revenue.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Stamp Duty shall be charged or chargeable for any Receipts given by any Receiver General of the Land Tax to any Collector for Payment of Money made by virtue of this Act, any Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXXVIII. And whereas by the said Act, passed in the Thirty-eighth year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax, for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-fourth, and Thirty-seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in Force until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine, and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions, Offices, and Personal Estates in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-nine*, further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eight: And whereas by an Act passed

Receiver General's Receipts exempt from Stamp Duty.

Duties on Sugar granted by 27 G. 3. c. 13. 34 G. 3. c. 4. 37 G. 3. c. 15. (altered by 43 G. 3. c. 68.) on Malt by 27 G. 3. c. 13. on Tobacco and Snuff by 29 G. 3. c. 68. (altered by 43 G. 3. c. 69.) all continued by 48 G. 3. c. 2. 25 March 1809, further continued to 25 March 1810. [See 49 G. 3. c. 98. § 7.]

‘in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, the said several Duties on Sugar were repealed, and other Duties granted on Sugar in lieu thereof: And whereas by another Act, passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain of the said Duties on Licences to be taken out by Dealers in Tobacco and Snuff, and certain Duties on Tobacco, were repealed, and other Duties granted in lieu thereof: And whereas the said Duties granted by the said last recited Acts, were continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eight: And whereas the said Duties on Sugar, and the said Duties on Malt, Tobacco, and Snuff, together with the said Duties relating to Licences and Tobacco, were by an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, further continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine;’ Be it further enacted, That the said several Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Snuff, and the said Acts granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions thereof, shall be, and the same are hereby severally and respectively further continued from and after the Expiration of the Time limited as aforesaid, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and all Monies arising thereby which shall be paid into the said Receipt of the Exchequer, shall be entered separate and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty.

Monies paid into the Exchequer under this Act shall be entered separate from other Payments.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty’s Exchequer, One Book of Register, in which all the Money that shall be paid into the Exchequer for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco, and Snuff; and also the Rates and Assessments hereby granted on Personal Estates, and on Offices and Employments of Profit, Pensions, Annuities, and Stipends, hereinbefore mentioned, shall be entered and registered apart, and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty.

Treasury may receive 1,000,000l. by Exchequer Bills.

48 G. 3. c. 1.

Clauses, &c. in 48 G. 3. c. 1. relating to Exchequer Bills, applied to this Act.

XL. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, at any Time or Times, to cause or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at the Receipt of the Exchequer for any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three Millions, in the same or like Manner, Form, and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions, as are directed and prescribed in and by an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills*.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, contained in the said recited Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off Exchequer Bills*, shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intent and Purposes, as if the said several Clauses or Provisions had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

XLII. And

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Four Pounds *per Centum per Annum* upon or in respect of the whole of the Monies respectively contained therein.

Interest on Exchequer Bills
4l. per Cent.

XLIII. And be it declared and further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills authorized by this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Three Millions, any Thing in an Act, made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, intituled, *An Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors; and for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One Million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, or in any subsequent Act*, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Bank of England authorized to advance 3,000,000l. on Credit of this Act.
5 & 6 Gul. and Mary, c. 20.
§ 30.

XLIV. And it is hereby enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered, to cause such Bills as shall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be placed as so much Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers of the said Receipt of Exchequer, each and every of which Teller shall be severally charged with a Proportion of the said Bills which shall be so placed in his Office respectively; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Said Exchequer Bills shall be placed as Cash in the Exchequer:

XLV. And it is hereby also enacted and declared, That the said Exchequer Bills in the Hands of the said Tellers shall be locked up, and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, and shall be taken and esteemed as so much in part of the Remains, in Real Money, wherewith each of the said Tellers shall from Time to Time stand charged, in common with other the Monies in the said Exchequer, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

and shall be issuable thereout in common with other Monies.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall be, and the same are hereby made chargeable and charged upon the Rates, Duties, and Assessments, granted by this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, and they are hereby authorized, from Time to Time, to direct to be issued to the said Paymasters, by way of Imprest, and upon account, such Sums of Money, and at such Periods, as the said Commissioners shall think necessary, for or towards paying off and discharging the Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, and for and towards paying the Interest to become due on the said Bills, and for and towards the Charge of exchanging and circulating the same Bills, or any of them.

Said Exchequer Bills and Interest charged on Duties granted by this Act.

Manner of paying off said Bills.

XLVII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, or within Ten Days after, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, shall cause a true and perfect Account in Writing, to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of the Amount of all Exchequer

Account of said Exchequer Bills shall be made out up to 25 March 1810.

Bills that shall have been issued by virtue of this Act, and how much thereof shall before that Time have been paid off or discharged, and how much thereof shall then remain undischarged.

Money remaining due charged on the then next Aids.

XLVIII. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Monies so remaining unsatisfied or not discharged, with the Interest due or to grow due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall be paid and satisfied out of the next Aid or Aids to be granted in Parliament, after the said Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten.

Surplus shall be carried to Consolidated Fund.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus of the Monies arising from the Rates, Duties, and Assessments, granted and imposed by this Act, after paying off and satisfying all the Exchequer Bills issued by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall, as the Surplus of any such Monies respectively shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund.

Treasury may allow out of the Consolidated Fund, Charges of making out the Exchequer Bills.

L. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, shall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled to pay and allow or cause to be paid and allowed out of the Monies to arise of or for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted, or of or for the Consolidated Fund, from Time to Time, the necessary Charges of making forth the new Exchequer Bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and such other Charges as shall be necessarily incident, in or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof in relation to the said Bills, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Said Charges shall be replaced out of the First Supplies.

LI. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Monies shall be issued out of the said Consolidated Fund, shall from Time to Time be re-placed by and out of the First Supplies to be then after granted in Parliament, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

“ Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 52.

C A P. II.

An Act for raising the Sum of Ten millions five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [22d February 1809.]

- “ Treasury empowered to raise 10 500,000*l.* by Exchequer Bills. § 1. 2.
- “ Principal of said Bills charged on the first Supplies of next Session. § 3.
- “ Interest thereon $3\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* per Cent. per Diem. § 4. Said Bills shall be current at the Exchequer, &c. after 5th April 1809. § 5. Bank
- “ of *England* empowered to advance 6,500,000*l.* on Credit of this
- “ Act. § 6. Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 7.

C A P. III.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [22d February 1809.]

[On the like Terms as under Cap. 2. of this Session.]

C A P. IV.

An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of *Great Britain* to enlist voluntarily into the Regular Forces.

[13th March 1809.]

WHEREAS it is necessary that the most effectual Measures should be taken for augmenting His Majesty's Regular Forces; and it is therefore expedient to allow to many of the Militia of *Great Britain* as will leave serving, including Corporals, Three-fifths of the Number of the Establishment in Rank and File of each Regiment of Militia, to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under certain Provisions and Restrictions; and to enable His Majesty to accept the Services of the Men so voluntarily enlisting: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, &c.

His Majesty may appoint Regiments of the Regular Forces into which Militia Men may enlist. § 1. Number of Men to be enlisted shall not exceed such Number as will leave serving Three-fifths of the Establishment. § 2. Where the Number of Men in any Regiment exceeding Three-fifths of the present Establishment shall be less than Two-fifths of the Establishment in 1807; such Two-fifths may enlist. § 3. Commanding Officer shall ascertain Numbers willing to enlist, and if it be Five-sixths of the Number allowed, no more shall be enlisted without Consent of the Commanding Officer. § 4. His Majesty may appoint Officers to approve or reject Men; but none shall be rejected who are Five Feet Four Inches (except for Marines), and under Thirty-five Years of Age, unless disabled. § 5. Men enlisted into the Regulars may be transferred to the Marines. § 6. Commanding Officer of every Regiment, out of which the Proportion of Five-sixths shall not enlist within the first Thirty Days, shall read His Majesty's Order, and explain the Terms of Enrolment, &c. § 7. If the Number who shall then enlist shall not be the due Proportion, a further Enlistment may take place for Seven Days. § 8. After said Seven Days, no further enlisting (unless with Consent of Commanding Officer) for One Month; then Three Days more enlisting, and again, after One Month more, and afterwards for Three Periods of Three Days each, at Intervals of Three Months. None shall be allowed to enlist after the Expiration of the last Period. § 9. (*But see 49 G. 3. c. 53. § 32.*) As soon as the Number to be enlisted from any Regiment is ascertained, they shall be discharged, and if approved, attested. § 10. Lieutenants of Counties shall transmit to the Privy Council the Number of Men discharged, &c. § 11. No Person in Confinement, or having been punished under Sentence of a Court-martial within Three Months preceding, shall be entitled to enlist without Consent of Commanding Officer, &c. § 12. Clerks, Drummers, Musicians, Armourers, and Artillery Men, shall not enlist without Consent of the Commanding Officer. § 13. One Serjeant and One Corporal may enlist for every Twenty Men, with Consent of Commanding Officer. § 14. Commanding Officers may refuse to discharge Men upon Cause assigned to the Commander of the District, &c. § 15. Persons discharged refusing to enlist, or not approved of, shall continue to belong to the Regiment from which discharged. § 16. Act shall not authorize enlisting or persuading to enlist any Militia Man not

"duly discharged. § 17. His Majesty may issue Orders to Lieutenants
 "of Counties and Commanding Officers, for executing the Act. § 18.
 "No Person shall be drafted from the Regiment in which he enlisted,
 "without his Consent, &c. § 19. On Production to Commanding
 "Officer of Certificates by Magistrates of Enlistment, Men shall be
 "discharged from the List of Men serving for the County. § 20.
 "Adjutants of Militia shall transmit Returns of Men enlisted to Clerks
 "of Subdivision Meetings, and the Allowance to their Families shall
 "cease, &c. § 21. Act shall not extend to *London*. § 22. Provi-
 "sions relating to Counties and Regiments extended to Stewartries,
 "Battalions, &c. § 23. Act may be altered or repealed this
 "Session. § 24.

C A P. V.

An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia in *Ireland* voluntarily to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces.

[13th March 1809.]

'WHEREAS it is necessary that the most effectual Measures
 'should be taken for augmenting His Majesty's Regular Forces;
 'and it is therefore expedient to allow a certain Proportion of the
 'Militia in *Ireland* to enlist into His Majesty's Regular Forces, under
 'certain Provisions and Restrictions; and to enable His Majesty to
 'accept the Services of the Men so voluntarily enlisting: May it
 'therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted, &c.

"His Majesty, by Order, signified by the Lord Lieutenant of
 "*Ireland*, &c. may appoint Regiments of the Regular Forces into
 "which Militia Men may enlist. § 1.

Number of Men
 to be enlisted
 shall not exceed
 such Number as
 will leave saving
 Three-fifths of
 the Establishment
 in each
 Regiment,
 whether aug-
 mented or not.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Number of Private Men
 to be enlisted out of any Regiment of the said Militia, shall not in
 any Case exceed such Number of the Private Men of such Militia as
 will leave serving, including Corporals, Three-fifths of the Number of
 the Establishment in Rank and File of such Regiment, according to
 the Establishment thereof at the Time of such Enlistment, whether
 such Establishment shall have been augmented or not, under or by
 virtue of any Act in Force in *Ireland* for that Purpose; and in case
 the Militia of any County shall consist of more than One Battalion,
 the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor
 or Governors of *Ireland*, shall ascertain the Number of Private Men
 that may be allowed to enlist out of each such Battalion, by the Pro-
 portion which the Number of Private Men serving in each Battalion
 bears to the whole Number of Private Men actually serving in the
 Militia of such County, and shall signify to the Commanding Officers
 of each of such Battalions, the Number of Private Men that may
 be allowed to enlist out of their respective Battalions.

"Mode and Periods of enlisting. § 3—8. (*As under § 4—9. of*
 "49 G. 3. c. 4. *respecting the British Militia. And see 49 G. 3. c. 56. § 12.*
 "*as to further Periods of enlisting.*) Discharge of Men enlisted. § 9.
 "*(As § 10. of 49 G. 3. c. 4.)* Regulations respecting Persons in Cen-
 "tinent, Clerks, Drummers, Sergeants, &c. &c. § 10—16. (*As § 12*
 "*—17 of 49 G. 3. c. 4.*) His Majesty may issue such Orders
 "through the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*, &c. to Governors, &c.
 "of Counties, and to Commanding Officers, as he may think necessary
 "for

“ for executing this Act. § 17. Account of the Number of Men
 “ discharged from the Militia shall be transmitted by Commanding
 “ Officer to the Lord Lieutenant. § 18.

C A P. VI.

An Act for the Relief of Prisoners in Custody for Non-payment
 of Money pursuant to Orders of Courts of Equity.

[13th March 1809.]

“ **W**HIEREAS it is just and highly expedient that the Benefit of
 “ an Act, passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of
 “ his late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for Relief* 32 G. 2. c. 28.
 “ *of Debtors with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, and to*
 “ *oblige Debtors, who shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain*
 “ *Time, and for Sums not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make*
 “ *Discovery of, and deliver upon Oath, their Estates for their Creditors*
 “ *Benefit;* and of an Act, passed in the Thirty-third Year of the
 “ Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the further Relief* 33 G. 3. c. 5.
 “ *of Debtors with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons, and to*
 “ *oblige Debtors, who shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain*
 “ *Time, and for Sums not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make*
 “ *Discovery of, and deliver upon Oath, their Estates for their Creditors*
 “ *Benefit;* and of an Act, passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of the
 “ Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, “ *An Act to amend so much* 37 G. 3. c. 98.
 “ *of an Act, made in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of King George*
 “ *the Second, intituled, ‘ An Act for the Relief of Debtors with respect*
 “ *to the Imprisonment of their Persons, and to oblige Debtors, who shall*
 “ *continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain Time, and for Sums*
 “ *not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discovery of, and*
 “ *deliver upon Oath, their Estates for their Creditors Benefit’ as relates*
 “ *to the Weekly Sums thereby directed to be paid to Prisoners in Execution*
 “ *for Debt, in the Cases therein mentioned;”* should be extended to
 “ Prisoners in Custody for Contempt of Court, by not paying Money
 “ ordered to be paid by Decrees or Orders of Courts of Equity; Be it
 therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with
 the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 of the same. That from and after the passing of this Act, all Persons
 who are or shall be in Custody for Contempt of any Court of Equity,
 by not paying any Sum or Sums of Money or Costs, ordered to be
 paid by any Decree or Order of any such Court, shall be entitled to
 the Benefit of the said several Acts of Parliament, and shall be subject to
 all the same Terms and Conditions as are therein expressed and declared
 with respect to Prisoners for Debt only; and that it shall be lawful for
 Persons now in Custody for such Contempt to make Application for
 Relief under the said Acts of Parliament, at any Time before the
 End of *Michaelmas* Term next.

Persons in
Custody for
Contempt of
Courts of Equity
for Non-pay-
ment of Money
or Costs, shall be
entitled to the
Benefit of the
recited Acts.

C A P. VII.

An Act to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or
 Grain, in the United Kingdom for a limited Time.

[13th March 1809.]

“ **W**HIEREAS the circumstances under which it was deemed [See 48 Geo. 3.
 “ expedient to prohibit the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or c. 118.]
 “ Grain, still exist; and it is therefore necessary to continue the said

• Prohibition, for a Time to be limited, and to enable His Majesty, by
 • Proclamation, if he shall judge it for the Benefit and Advantage of
 • His Kingdom, either to terminate or further continue such Prohibition
 • for a Time to be limited:’ Be it therefore enacted, &c.

“ From the passing of this Act Distillation from Grain prohibited
 “ throughout the United Kingdom till Dec. 31, 1809. § 1. After
 “ October 1, 1809, His Majesty by Proclamation, &c. may permit
 “ Distillation from Grain (except Wheat); or may continue the
 “ Prohibition throughout the United Kingdom from Dec. 31. until
 “ Forty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament. § 2. Penalty
 “ for using Grain for Distillation during the Prohibition, 500*l.* &c. § 3.
 “ Distillers taking into their Custody, during the Prohibition, Grain
 “ which shall have been ground (except Malt not exceeding Two
 “ Quarters, or Wheat Meal or Flour not exceeding One Sack) shall
 “ forfeit 500*l.* and the Grain. § 4. Exemptions for Distillers who
 “ are Millers. § 5. Distillers may have in their Custody ground Grain
 “ at any Time within Twenty Days of the Expiration of the Pro-
 “ hibition. § 6.

In England, in
 Accounts of
 Sugar-Wash
 liable to Duties
 under
 48 G. 3. c. 152.
 Credit shall be
 given for 21
 Gallons Spirits
 to every 100
 Wash.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of Excise in
 England having any Still or Still-house or other Place used for the
 Purpose of making or distilling Spirits under his Survey, shall keep
 exact Accounts in his Books of all Worts and Wash whereon the
 Duties are imposed by an Act made and passed in the last Session of
 Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties on Worts or
 Wash made from Sugar during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn
 or Grain in Great Britain*, and shall in his said Books give unto the
 several Distillers or Makers of Spirits under his Survey a Credit after
 the Rate or Proportion of Twenty One Gallons of Spirits of the
 Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof for every One
 Hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash brewed or made from Sugar by
 such Distiller or Distillers, during such Time as such Distiller or
 Distillers shall continue to work or distil Spirits from Sugar.

“ Former Acts, (except as hereby altered,) shall remain in Force. § 8.
 “ Penalties may be recovered and applied as under former Laws of
 “ Excise. § 9.

C A P. VIII.

[Continued ill
 25 March 1810,
 49 G. 3. c. 103.]

An Act to suspend the Importation of *British* or *Irish* made
 Spirits into *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, until the
 First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine.

[13th March 1809.]

• WHEREAS Doubts have arisen whether the Regulations under
 • which the Drawbacks and Countervailing Duties paid or
 • payable on Spirits the Manufacture of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*
 • imported from either Country into the other, do not operate as a
 • Bounty on the Exportation of Spirits from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*,
 • and a Duty on the Exportation of Spirits from *Ireland* to *Scotland*,
 • contrary to the Sixth Article of the Act of Union; and it is there-
 • fore expedient to suspend the Importation of *Irish* made Spirits
 • into *Great Britain*, and of *British* made Spirits into *Ireland* for a
 • Time to be limited, until proper Provision can be made for regulating
 • the Intercourse between *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in relation to
 • Spirits

‘Spirits the Manufacture of either Country;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, and until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, no Spirits distilled or made in *Ireland* shall be imported or brought into any Part of *Great Britain*, nor shall any Spirits of *British* Manufacture be imported or brought into any Part of *Ireland*, on Pain of forfeiting all such Spirits so imported or brought into either Country contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, together with the Casks or Packages containing the same, and also the Ships, Boats, or Vessels, in which the same shall be brought or imported; and all such Spirits, Casks, Packages, Ships, Boats, or Vessels, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise.

Until June 1, 1809, no Irish Spirits shall be imported into Great Britain, nor British Spirits imported into Ireland.

Penalty.

“Penalty may be remitted by Commissioners of Excise, on Proof that the Vessels cleared out with the Spirits before *March 8, 1809*, and on Security for the Re-exportation. § 2. Penalties may be recovered as under former Excise Laws. § 3.

C A P. IX.

An Act to grant Bounties on the Importation of Flax Seed into *Ireland* from *Great Britain*, until the Eighth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and nine; and to amend the Laws for the Regulation of the Linen Manufacture in *Ireland*, so far as relates to Importers of Flax Seed.

[13th *March* 1809.]

“Bounty of Five Shillings for every Bushel of Flax Seed imported into *Ireland*, having been exported from *Great Britain* between 8th *March* and 8th *April* 1809. § 1. Regulations prescribed by 42 *Geo. 3. c. 75.* and 44 *Geo. 3. c. 42.* shall be observed in the Importation. § 3. “Bounty shall be paid by Collectors of Customs under Orders of the Commissioners of Customs. §. 4.

V. “And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act, made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend the Laws for the better Regulation of the Linen Manufacture in Ireland*, should be amended in Manner herein-after mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That when any Person shall have imported or shall import any Flax Seed into *Ireland*, and such Flax Seed shall have been or shall be duly inspected and examined, branded and marked as sound and fit for sowing, according to the Directions and Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-second Year aforesaid, the Importer of any such Flax Seed shall not be subject or liable to the Penalty of Ten Pounds Ten Shillings, under the said recited Act, for or in respect of any such Seed so branded and marked for its being bad, mixed, or damaged Flax Seed, or Flax Seed unfit for sowing, which such Importer shall sell at any Time after the passing of this Act, between the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* and the First Day of *July* in any Year, nor to the Forfeiture of any such Flax Seed, nor the Casks or Packages containing the same, nor of the Price thereof when sold: Provided always, that such Importer so selling such

Importer of Flax Seed shall not be subject to Penalty of 10l. 10s. under 42 G. 3. c. 75. § 7. for Seed unfit for sowing, if sold between 25 *March* and 1 *July* in any Year, &c.

such Flax Seed shall, at the Time of selling the same, deliver to the Buyer thereof a Certificate in Writing, subscribed by such Importer, expressing truly the Quantities and Price of the Seed so imported and sold, and the Port from whence the same was imported, and the Year of its Growth, whether such Certificate shall have been demanded on Behalf of such Buyer or not, and that such Certificate shall be true in all its Circumstances, and that such Seed shall not have been removed by such Importer so selling the same from or out of the Cask or Package in which the same was originally imported and branded with the word "Sound," in Manner required by the said recited Act, and shall be sold in such entire Cask or Package without dividing or selling the same in any smaller Quantity.

"Before 8th April 1809, any Inspector of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures in Ireland may examine Flax Seed in the Ports of Great Britain, and brand and mark the Casks "Sound," &c. § 6.
 "Fee of One Penny per Bushel may be taken by such Inspector. § 7.
 "Act may be altered this Session. § 8.

C A P. X.

An Act to continue so much of an Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, as allows a Bounty upon double refined Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and so much of the same Act as allows a Bounty on Raw Sugar exported, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten. [20th *March* 1809.]

"So much of 47 G. 3. c. 22. as relates to Bounties on double refined Sugar continued to 25th *March* 1811: and so much of the said Act as relates to Bounties on raw Sugars (as continued and amended by 48 G. 3. c. 12.) further continued to 25th *March* 1810.

C A P. XI.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Bounties and Drawbacks on the Exportation of Sugar from *Great Britain*; and for suspending the Countervailing Duties and Bounties on Sugar when the Duties imposed by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty shall be suspended. [20th *March* 1809.]

"Recital of Acts 43 G. 3. c. 11; 45 G. 3. c. 93; 46 G. 3. c. 10;
 "47 G. 3. §. 1. c. 29; 48 G. 3. c. 16. Drawbacks and Bounties in
 "Schedule to recited Act 45 G. 3. c. 93. shall be paid. § 1. If,
 "on 5th *May*, 5th *September* 1809, or 5th *January* 1810, the Average
 "Prices of Brown or Muscovado Sugar shall not have exceeded
 "Seventy Shillings *per Cwt.* the Drawback or Bounty in the Schedule
 "to 45 G. 3. c. 93. corresponding with the Price shall be paid, &c. § 2.
 "Whenever under 46 G. 3. c. 42. § 10. the Treasury shall suspend
 "the Payment of any Part of the Duty on raw Sugar imposed by
 "that Act, they shall also suspend a like Proportion of the Coun-
 "tervailing Duties on *Irish* refined Sugar imported, and of the Draw-
 "backs

“ backs and Bounties on *British* refined Sugars exported. §. 3. [See
 “ 40 G. 3. c. 43.] Recited Act 43 G. 3. c. 11. continued to 15—25
 “ *March* 1809. § 4. [See 47 *Geo.* 3. *fl.* 1. c. 29. and References there.]

C A P. XII.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

[20th *March* 1809.]

“ Number of Forces 133,922. § 1.—§ 2 to 40, are the same as the like
 “ *Sessions* of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

XLI. ‘ And whereas by the *Petition of Right*, in the Third Year
 ‘ of King *Charles* the First, it is enacted and declared, That the People
 ‘ of the Land are not by the Laws to be burthened with the Sojourn-
 ‘ ing of Soldiers against their Wills; and by a Clause in an Act of the
 ‘ *British* Parliament, made in the One-and-Thirtieth Year of the Reign
 ‘ of King *Charles* the Second, for granting a Supply to His Majesty
 ‘ of Two hundred and six thousand four hundred sixty-two Pounds
 ‘ Seventeen Shillings and Three-pence, for paying and disbanding the
 ‘ Forces, it is declared and enacted, That no Officer, Civil or Military,
 ‘ nor other Person whatsoever, should from thenceforth presume to
 ‘ place, quarter, or billet, any Soldier or Soldiers upon any Subject
 ‘ or Inhabitant of this Realm, of any Degree, Quality, or Profession
 ‘ whatsoever, without his Consent; and that it shall and may be lawful
 ‘ for any Subject, Sojourner, or Inhabitant, to refuse to quarter any
 ‘ Soldier or Soldiers, notwithstanding any Demand or Warrant, or
 ‘ Billetting whatsoever: But forasmuch as at this Time, and during
 ‘ the Continuance of this Act, there is and may be Occasion for the
 ‘ marching and quartering of Regiments, Troops, and Companies, in
 ‘ several Parts of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*;
 ‘ Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, for and during
 ‘ the Continuance of this Act, and no longer, it shall and may be lawful
 ‘ to and for the Constables, Tithingmen, Headboroughs, and other
 ‘ Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns, and Villages, and
 ‘ other Places within *England, Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick-upon-*
 ‘ *Tweed*, and, in their Default or Absence, for any One Justice of the
 ‘ Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town, Village, or Place,
 ‘ and for no others, and such Constables, and other Chief Magistrates as
 ‘ aforesaid, are hereby required, to quarter and billet the Officers and
 ‘ Soldiers in His Majesty’s Service, in Inns, Livery Stables, Ale-houses,
 ‘ Victualling-houses, and the Houses of Sellers of Wine, by Retail, to
 ‘ be drank in their own Houses, or Places thereunto belonging; other
 ‘ than and except Canteens held and occupied under the Authority of
 ‘ the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks, and other than and
 ‘ except Persons who keep Taverns only, being Freemen of the Com-
 ‘ pany of Vintners of the City of *London*, who were admitted to the
 ‘ Freedom before the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand seven hundred
 ‘ and fifty-seven, or who since have or shall hereafter be admitted to
 ‘ their Freedom of the said Company in Right of Patrimony or Appren-
 ‘ ticeship, notwithstanding such Persons who keep Taverns only have
 ‘ taken out Victualling Licences; and all Houses of Persons selling
 ‘ Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder, or Metheglin, by Retail, to be drank
 ‘ in Houses, other than and except the House or Houses of any Distil-
 ‘ lers,

Recital of the
 Petition of Right,
 3 Car. 1.;
 31 Car. 2. c. 1.
 § 54.

Constables, &c.
 in England shall
 quarter Officers
 and Men in
 Inns, Alehouses,
 &c.

but in no Distillers or Shopkeepers Houses, or in any private Houses.

Penalty on Constables, &c. quartering Soldiers in private Houses, &c.

Penalty on Officers quartering Soldiers contrary to this Act, &c.

Persons aggrieved by being quartered on; may complain to any Justice and be relieved.

Licences may be granted by Two Magistrates for keeping Canteens.

lers, who keep Houses or Places for distilling Brandy and Strong Waters, and the House of any Shopkeeper whose principal Dealings shall be more in other Goods and Merchandizes than in Brandy and Strong Waters (so as such Distillers and Shopkeepers do not permit or suffer Tippling in his or their Houses;) and in no other, and in no private Houses whatsoever; nor shall any more Billets at any Time be ordered than there are effective Soldiers present to be quartered; all which Billets, when made out by such Chief Magistrates or Constables, shall be delivered into the Hands of the Commanding Officer present: And if any Constable, Tythingman, or such like Officer or Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall presume to quarter or billet any such Officer or Soldier in any such private House, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier, in such Case such Owner or Occupier shall have his or their Remedy at Law, against such Magistrate or Officer, for the Damage that such Owner or Occupier shall sustain thereby: And if any Military Officer shall take upon him to quarter Soldiers otherwise than is limited and allowed by this Act, or shall use or offer any Menace or Compulsion to or upon any Mayors, Constables, or other Civil Officers before mentioned, tending to deter and discourage any of them from performing any Part of their Duty hereby required or appointed; such Military Officer shall for every such Offence, (being thereof convicted before any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace of the County, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses,) be deemed and taken to be *ipso facto* cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Military Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the said County, and a Certificate thereof be transmitted to the Judge Advocate, in London, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the next Court-martial: And in case any Person shall find himself aggrieved, in that such Constable, Tythingman, or Headborough, Chief Officer, or Magistrate, (such Chief Officer or Magistrate not being a Justice of the Peace,) has quartered or billeted in his House a greater Number of Soldiers than he ought to bear in proportion to his Neighbours, and shall complain thereof to One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the Division, City, or Liberty, where such Soldiers are quartered; or in case such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, then, on Complaint made to Two or more Justices of the Peace of such Division, City, or Liberty, such Justices respectively shall have, and have hereby Power to relieve such Person, by ordering such and so many of the Soldiers to be removed and quartered upon such other Person or Persons as they shall see Cause; and such other Person or Persons shall be obliged to receive such Soldiers accordingly.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace, or any Two Magistrates, within their respective Jurisdictions, to grant or transfer any Licence for selling Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry to be drunk or consumed in any House or Houses, or Premises where more Houses or Premises than one shall be held together by the same Person or Persons as a Canteen, or any Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, or Strong Waters, or Wine or Liquor by Retail, to any Person or Persons applying for the same, who shall hold any Canteen under any Lease thereof, or any Agreement or other Authority from the Commissioners for the Affairs of Barracks, without Regard to the Time of Year or any Notices or Certificates

Certificates specified or required in relation to the applying for or granting any such Licences, any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding: And it shall also be lawful for His Majesty's Commissioners of Excise in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, or any Person appointed or employed by the said Commissioners in *England* in that Behalf, or for any Collectors or Supervisors of Excise within their respective Districts, and they are hereby required to grant Licences for selling Beer or Ale by Retail, or Cyder or Perry, to be drank or consumed in the House or Premises occupied as a Canteen, of the Person or Persons applying for such Licence, or any Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, or Wine or Liquors, by Retail to any such Person or Persons who shall hold any such Canteen under any such Licence or Transfer of any such Licence of any Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid; and it shall also be lawful for any Person or Persons holding any such Canteen under any such Lease, Agreement, or Authority as aforesaid, and having such Licences as aforesaid to keep such Canteen, and to utter and sell therein, and in the Premises thereto belonging, and not elsewhere, Victuals and all such exciseable Liquors as he and they shall be licensed and empowered to sell under the Authority and Permission of any such Excise Licence as aforesaid, without being subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

“ § 43 to 57, are the same as § 42 to 56 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

LVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid: That for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes, or Accoutrements, in *England*, *Wales*, and the *Town of Berwick-upon-Tweed*, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Shires, Liberties, and Precincts, being duly required thereunto, by an Order from His Majesty, or the General of His Forces, or the Master General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, or other Person duly authorized in that Behalf, shall, as often as such Order is brought and shewn unto One or more of them by the Quartermaster, Adjutant, or other Officer or Non-commissioned Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, so ordered to march, issue out his or their Warrants to the Constables, or Petty Constables, of the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred, and Precinct, from, through, near, or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, shall be ordered to march; requiring them to make such Provision of Carriages, and Horses or Oxen, with able Men to drive the same, as is mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient Time to do the same, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and specifying in the said Warrants the Place or Places to which the said Carriages shall by virtue of such Order as aforesaid, be required to travel, which shall not exceed the Day's March of the Troops, as prescribed in the Order produced to the Magistrate, unless in case of pressing Emergency or Necessity, and shall in no Case whatever exceed Twenty-five Miles from the Place at which the March shall commence: And in case sufficient Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Division, or Precinct, then the Justice or Justices of the Peace of the next adjoining County, Riding, or Division, shall, upon such Order

For the providing Carriages for the Forces marching in England.

Warrants shall specify the Places to which the Carriages shall travel, &c.

Rates for
Carriages.

as aforesaid being brought or shewn to One or more of them by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrant to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division, or Precinct, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency: And the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who, by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned of the Constable or Petty Constable, to whom the Warrant is directed, is and are hereby required, at the same Time, to pay down in hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Men, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses shall travel; and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with two Horses shall travel; and the Sum of Nine-pence for every Mile any Waggon with narrow Wheels, or any Cart with Four Horses, respectively, or carrying not less than Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; and the Sum of Sixpence for every Mile every Cart or other Carriage, with less than Four Horses, and not carrying Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; or any further Sum not exceeding Four-pence, for every Mile any Waggon with Four or more Horses, or any Wain with Six Oxen, or with Four Oxen and Two Horses, shall travel; and not exceeding Three-pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses, or carrying not less than Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; and not exceeding Two-pence for every Mile any Cart or Carriage with less than Four Horses and not carrying Fifteen Hundred Weight, shall travel; according as the same shall be fixed and ordered by the Justices of the Peace for any County or District assembled at any General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District, the said Justices having regard to the Price of Hay and Oats at the Time of fixing such additional Rates; for which respective Sums so received the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing (which Receipt need not be stamped) to the Person or Persons paying the same: And such Constable, or Petty Constable, shall order and appoint such Person or Persons, having Carriages within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Horses and Oxen and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly; and no Person owning or driving, or causing to be driven, any such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, shall be subject to any Penalty or Forfeiture, nor shall any such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage be stopped or detained by reason of any Weight in any such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, or of being drawn by any Number of Horses or Oxen; but it shall be lawful for any Owner of any such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage to put any additional Number of Horses or Oxen to those prescribed or paid for under this Act; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Highways or Turnpike Roads, or any particular Highway or Road, to the contrary notwithstanding: And if any Military Officer or Officers, for the Use of whose Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, the Carriage was provided, shall force and constrain any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, to travel beyond the Distance specified in the Magistrate's Warrant, or shall not discharge the same in due Time for their Return Home on the same Day, if it be practicable, or shall suffer any Soldier or Servant

Penalty on
Officers forcing
Waggons to
travel more than
Magistrate's
Warrant
specifies.

(except

(except such as are sick), or any Woman, to ride in the Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage aforesaid; or shall force any Constable, or Petty Constable, by Threatenings or menacing Words to provide Saddle Horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force Horses from the Owners, by themselves, Servants, or Soldiers; every such Officer, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds; Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the Paymaster-general, or other respective Paymaster of His Majesty's Forces, who is hereby required to pay the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds, according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, and is hereby empowered to deduct the same out of such Officer's Pay: Provided always, that in Cases where the Day's March of the Troops shall exceed Fifteen Miles, such further Compensation shall be made and paid in like Manner to the Owners of the said Carriages as shall be deemed reasonable by the Magistrate who granted the Warrant for impressing them, not exceeding the usual Rate and Hire of such Carriages: Provided also, that every Order of the Justices assembled at any General Sessions of the Peace fixing a further Sum to be paid for the Hire of Carriages as aforesaid, in addition to the customary Rates of One Shilling, and Ninepence, and Sixpence *per* Mile respectively, shall specify the Period for which the same shall be in force, and which shall not in any Case exceed Ten Days beyond the General Sessions of the Peace for such County or District next ensuing the Date of such Order; and a Copy of every such Order, signed by the Chairman or Presiding Magistrate, and One other Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Quarter Sessions at which the same shall be made, shall, within Three Days after the making thereof, be transmitted to the Secretary at War; and no such Order shall be valid or effectual, unless a Copy thereof be so signed and transmitted as aforesaid.

Further Compensation to be made for Carriages, in Cases where they cannot return the same Day on which impressed.

“ § 59, 60, 61, are the same as § 53, 59, 60, of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

LXII. * And Whereas in consequence of certain Exemptions from Toll, expressly allowed by several Acts of Parliament for His Majesty's Forces on their March, or on Duty, and for the Horses and Carriages attending them. Doubts have arisen whether in all Cases not exempted, the Officers and Soldiers, and the Carriages, and Horses, belonging to His Majesty or employed in His Service, and returning therefrom, may not be charged with the Payment of Tolls: Therefore for obviating such Doubts, it is hereby enacted and declared. That all His Majesty's Officers and Soldiers, and their Horses, on Duty, or on their March, and all Carriages and Horses belonging to His Majesty, or employed in His Service, and returning therefrom, or employed in His Service, when conveying the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children, or other Persons of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces; or the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage, and other Equipage, of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces on their Marches, or any Ordnance, or Barrack, or Commissariat, or other Publick Stores of or belonging to His Majesty, or for the Use of His Majesty's Forces, or returning therefrom, were and are, and shall be exempted from Payment of any Duties and Tolls, otherwise demandable by virtue of any Act of Parliament already

Officers and Soldiers, &c. on Duty, and Carriages employed in His Majesty's Service, exempted from Payment of Tolls;

made

unless where it is expressly provided that they are liable.

Tolls on Barges conveying Soldiers, &c.

made, or hereafter to be made, for Persons, Horses, or Carriages, passing Turnpike Roads or Bridges; unless by such Act it has been or shall be expressly provided that the said Officers, Soldiers, Carriages, and Horses, are and shall be liable equally with others to the Duties and Tolls therein authorized to be demanded and taken: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall exempt from the Payment of Toll any Boats, Barges, or other Vessels employed in conveying the Officers, Soldiers, Servants, Women, Children, or other Persons of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, Tents, Baggage, and other Equipage, of or belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or any Military Stores along any Canal, but the same shall be liable to Toll in like Manner as other Boats, Barges, and Vessels are liable thereto.

“ § 63 to 67, are the same as § 62 to 66 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

Officers and Soldiers shall be quartered in Ireland, as the Laws in force at the Time of the Union direct.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to quarter Officers and Soldiers in Ireland, in such and the like Places and Houses as they might have been quartered in by the Laws in force in Ireland at the Time of its Union with Great Britain; and that the Possessors of such Houses shall only be liable to furnish the said Officers and Soldiers quartered there, as by the said Laws in force at the Time of the said Union was provided; and that if any Person in Ireland, liable to have Officers and Soldiers quartered and billeted on him, shall refuse to receive or victual any such Officer or Soldier so quartered or billeted upon him or her as aforesaid, or shall refuse to furnish any such Officer or Soldier, so quartered or billeted, in such Manner as by the said Laws in force in Ireland at the Time of the said Union was provided, every such Person, so refusing, shall be subject and liable to all such Penalties as any Person so refusing was liable to under or by virtue of any Laws in force in Ireland at the Time of the said Union.

“ § 69 to 72, are the same as § 68 to 71 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

Clause for Relief of Persons hastily enlisting themselves.

LXXIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That, from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service, he or they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty-four Hours, after such enlisting respectively, be carried or go with some Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Private Soldier belonging to the Recruiting Party by which he shall be enlisted, or with the Person employed on the Recruiting Service with whom he shall have enlisted, before some Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City, or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate, residing or being next to, or in the Vicinity of the Place where such Person or Persons shall have been enlisted, and not being an Officer in the Army, and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Dissent to such enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the enlisting Money, and also each Person so dissenting paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, such Person or Persons so enlisting shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty, in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within

Such Persons not paying the Money within the limited Time shall be deemed to be enlisted; in

within the Space of Twenty-four Hours, to return and pay such Money as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; and if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their having voluntarily enlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to read over, or in his own Presence to cause to be read over, to such Person or Persons the Third and Fourth Articles of the Second Section, and the First Article of the Sixth Section of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion, and to tender and administer to such Person or Persons respectively, not only the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the said Articles of War, but also the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.), or if the Person shall be desirous of enlisting without any Limitation of Period of Service, the Oath in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); and if such Person or Persons shall take the said Oaths, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand the enlisting and swearing, together with the Place of the Birth, Age, and Calling, if known, of such Person or Persons, in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.), if the Oath in the Form marked (A.) shall have been taken, and in the Form marked (D.) if the Oath in the Form marked (B.) shall have been taken, except in the Case of Recruits enlisted to serve either in His Majesty's Troops, or in the Forces of the *East India Company*, according as His Majesty shall think fit, in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty, intituled, *An Act for better recruiting the Forces of the East India Company*, in which Case every such Recruit shall, instead of the said Oath of Fidelity, and of the Oath contained in the Schedule (A.) or (B.) to this Act annexed, take the Oath of Allegiance directed by the said Act of the Thirty-ninth of His Majesty, and contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (E.); and the Justice or Chief Magistrate shall certify such Enlistment and Swearing accordingly in the Form mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (F.); and if any such Person or Persons, so to be certified, shall wilfully refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain and confine such Person or Persons until he or they shall take the said Oath of Fidelity; and every Military Officer that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture as is by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a false and untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same Manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied or recovered.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the enlisting Money from any such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Private Soldier, or other Person employed on the Recruiting Service, (knowing it to be such,) and shall abscond, or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, or if any Person having received any such enlisting Money as aforesaid shall thereafter absent himself from the Recruiting Party with which he enlisted, or Person with whom he enlisted, and shall not voluntarily return to such Recruiting Party or Person enlisting him, to

which Case, or if they enlist, the Justices shall read over to them certain Sections of the Articles of War, and administer certain Oaths.

Recruits enlisted under 39 G. 3. c. 109. for the *East India Company's Service*, &c. shall take the Oath of Allegiance.

Persons receiving enlisting Money and absconding, &c. deemed duly enlisted.

go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, under the Provisions of this Act, within such Period of Four Days aforesaid, such Person shall be deemed to be enlisted, and a Soldier in His Majesty's Service as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if he had been duly attested, and may be apprehended and punished as a Defeater, or for being absent without Leave under any Articles of War made for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion; and it shall not be necessary for any Recruiting Party or Person employed in enlisting to give any Notice to any such Person, or to go after any such Person for the Purpose of carrying such Person before any Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid; nor shall any such Person who shall not have remained with, or who shall not have returned to such Recruiting Party or Person enlisting him as aforesaid, be entitled to be discharged or be discharged by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate after the Expiration of such Four Days as aforesaid.

Persons concealing Infirmities on enlisting, may be transferred to Garrison, Veteran or Invalid Battalions, or the Marines.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall enlist into His Majesty's Forces, and who shall be discovered to be incapable of active Service, by reason of any Infirmity which shall have been concealed by such Person, or not declared before the Justice of the Peace at the Time of his Attestation, and mentioned at the Foot thereof, may be transferred into any Garrison or Veteran or Invalid Battalion, or into His Majesty's Marine Forces, notwithstanding he shall have enlisted for any particular Regiment; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Rules and Regulations relating to Soldiers, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons making false Representations for the Purpose of obtaining Bounty, deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretences; as under 30 G. 2. c. 24.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall knowingly, wilfully, and designedly make any false Representation of any Particular contained in the Oaths respectively marked (A.) and (B.) and Certificates marked (C.) and (D) in the Schedule to this Act respectively contained and annexed, before the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate at the Time of his Attestation, for the Purpose of obtaining, and shall obtain any enlisting Money or any Bounty for entering into His Majesty's Service, or any other Money, shall be deemed guilty of obtaining Money under false Pretence, within the true Intent and Meaning of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons who shall attain or attempt to attain Possession of Goods or Money by false or untrue Pretences, for preventing the unlawful pawning of Goods, for the easy Redemption of Goods pawned, and for preventing Gaming in Publick Houses by Journey-men, Labourers, Servants, and Apprentices*; and the Production of such Certificate, and Proof of the Hand-writing of the Justice of the Peace giving such Certificate, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Party having represented the several Particulars contained in the Oath sworn by him, and specified in the Certificate of the Justice at the Time of his enlisting.

Deserters surrendering shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Defeater, from any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not.

LXXVIII.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person duly bound as an Apprentice, shall enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, and shall state to the Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate before whom he shall be carried, that he is not an Apprentice, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to be imprisoned in any Gaol or House of Correction, and kept to hard Labour for Two Years, may be indicted and punished for obtaining Money under false Pretences under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, and shall, after the Expiration of his Apprenticeship, be liable to serve as a Soldier in any Regiment of His Majesty's Regular Forces; and if, on the Expiration of his Apprenticeship, he shall not deliver himself to some Officer authorized to receive Recruits, may be taken as a Deserter from His Majesty's Forces.

Penalty on Apprentices enlisting themselves.

LXXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Master in *England* shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him in *England* for the full Term of Seven Years, and if in *Ireland* for the full Term of Five Years at the least, and unless such Master shall within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (H.)

Masters not entitled to claim Apprentices, unless bound for a certain Period, and the Masters shall take the Oath herein mentioned.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That no Master in *Scotland* shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him for the full Term of at least Four Years by a regular Contract or Indenture of Apprenticeship, duly extended, signed and tested, and binding on both Parties by the Law of *Scotland*, prior to the Period of Enlistment, and unless such Contract or Indenture, so duly executed, shall, within Three Months after the Commencement of the Apprenticeship, and before the Period of Enlistment, have been produced to a Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Parties reside, and there shall have been indorsed thereon by such Justice a Certificate or Declaration signed by him, specifying the Date when, and the Person by whom such Contract or Indenture shall have been so produced, which Certificate or Declaration such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to indorse and sign; and unless such Apprentice shall, when claimed by such Master be under Twenty-one Years of Age, and unless such Master shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service go before some Justice of the Peace, and before such Justice of the Peace take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (G.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (H.)

How Masters in Scotland shall proceed to recover Apprentices.

LXXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Master in *Scotland* shall be precluded from claiming any Apprentice

Masters in Scotland shall not be precluded who

from claiming Apprentices enlisting, if Indentures be produced to a Justice within 3 Months after passing this Act.

Masters of Apprentices enlisting consenting, entitled to receive a certain Part of the Bounty Money.

Apprentices claimed by their Masters shall be carried before a Justice and committed.

Justices shall examine upon Oath, and keep the Indenture to be produced.

Offenders shall be tried at the next or succeeding Quarter Sessions.

who shall hereafter enlist, by reason of the Contract or Indenture not having been produced to a Justice of the Peace in the Manner directed by the Act of the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*, within the Time therein limited, provided the same shall be produced to any Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Parties reside, and be indorsed as therein directed, at any Time within Three Months after the passing of this Act.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That any Master of any Apprentice who shall have enlisted as a Soldier in His Majesty's Land Forces, shall upon his consenting to give up the Indentures of Apprenticeship within One Month after the enlisting of such Apprentice as a Soldier, be entitled to receive to his own Use so much of the Bounty payable to such Recruit, after deducting therefrom Two Guineas, which shall be reserved in order to provide the said Recruit with Necessaries, as shall not have been paid to such Recruit before Notice given of his being an Apprentice.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Apprentice who shall be claimed by his Master, shall be taken before a Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Place, where such Apprentice shall happen to be when so claimed, and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required, on Proof on Oath of such Person being an Apprentice, and having enlisted and declared that he was no Apprentice, and on Production and Proof of the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to commit such Person so offending as aforesaid to the Common Gaol of the County, Stewartry, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Place where such Person shall be at the Time when he shall be so claimed by his said Master, there to remain, until he shall be discharged by due Course of Law.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, except in *Scotland*, as herein-after mentioned, before whom such Person so offending shall be so taken as aforesaid, to examine into the Matters alleged against such Person upon Oath, and which Oath the said Magistrate is hereby empowered to administer; and also to keep in his Custody the Indenture of Apprenticeship, to be produced as Occasion shall require, and to bind over the Master claiming such Person, and any other Persons he may think proper, to give Evidence at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Session of Oyer and Terminer, at which the Trial of such Person is herein-after directed to be had against such Person so offending, and the Production of such Indenture of Apprenticeship, with the Certificate of the Justices of the Peace or Magistrate that the same was proved before him, shall be sufficient Evidence of such Indenture of Apprenticeship.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That every such Offender, except in *Scotland*, as herein-after mentioned, may and shall be tried at the General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or Sessions of Oyer and Terminer for the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Place, wherein the Offence charged shall have been committed, next after such Offender's being brought before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid, or the Sessions immediately succeeding such next Sessions, unless the Court shall think fit to put off the Trial on just Cause.

“ § 86 to 90, are the same as § 81 to 85 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

XCI. ‘ And Whereas several Soldiers, being duly listed, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise absenting themselves illegally from His Majesty’s Service,’ it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Constable, Headborough, or Tithingman, of the Town or Place where any Person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Deserter, shall be found, or for any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty’s Service, to apprehend or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, living in or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs, such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found; or the House of Correction, or other Publick Prison, in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended; or to the Savoy, in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent; or to the Provost Marshal in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City or Liberties of Dublin, or Places adjacent; and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary at War for the Time being in London, or if the Deserter be apprehended in Ireland, to the Chief Secretary to the Chief Governor or Governors thereof, to the end that such Person may be removed by an Order from the Office of the said Secretary at War, or Chief Governor or Governors, and proceeded against according to Law: And the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, in which such Deserter shall at any Time be confined, shall receive such Subsistence for the Maintenance of such Deserter during the Time that he shall continue in his Custody, as by His Majesty’s Regulations is or shall from Time to Time be directed in that Behalf, and shall be entitled to One Shilling for every Twenty-four Hours Imprisonment of such Deserter; and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction, or other Publick Prison of the City, Town, or Place at or in which the Party or Person conveying such Deserter shall halt on the March, shall, and he is hereby required to receive and confine every Deserter who shall be delivered into his Charge and Custody by any Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier who shall be conveying such Deserter under any lawful Order, Warrant, or Authority, while on the Road from the Place where he was apprehended, to the Place to which he is to be conveyed, without any other Warrant or Authority for so doing than the Production of the Warrant of the Justice of the Peace, on which such Deserter shall have been taken, or some Order from the Office of the Secretary at War, or of the Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, and shall be entitled to One Shilling on account of the Imprisonment of the said Deserter; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

“ § 92 to 95, are the same as § 87 to 90 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

XCVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that in all Cases in which any Extension of Furlough shall be granted as aforesaid, and upon the Request of any such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier to whom

Justices may
commit
Deserters.

Justices of
Peace, granting
an Extension of
Furlough, em-

powered on Request to order Parish Officers to advance Pay to Soldiers, which is to be reimbursed by the Collectors of Excise.

whom the same shall be granted, it shall be lawful to the Justice of the Peace granting the same, to make an Order in Writing under his Hand upon the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township, or Place wherein such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall reside, requiring them to pay to such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier any Sum of Money directed in such Order, not exceeding what the Pay of such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier would amount to for the Period to which such Furlough shall be extended as aforesaid; and the same shall be paid accordingly, upon Production and Delivery to him of such Order by any such Parish Officer out of any Money in his Hands applicable to the Relief of the Poor: and the Sum so advanced by such Parish Officer shall, upon the Production and Delivery of such Order to the Collector of Excise of the District within which such Parish, Township, or Place shall be situated, or any Person officiating for such Collector, be repaid to such Parish Officer, to be applied to the Relief of the Poor, by such Collector of Excise or other Person out of any Publick Monies in his Hands, and the same shall be allowed in his Accounts, and such Orders of Justices shall be taken as Cash in the Payment of Duties of Excise received by him: Provided always, that if the Justice of Peace shall not think fit to make such Order for paying any such Money as aforesaid, he shall state his Reasons for such Refusal in Writing at the Back of the Furlough.

“ § 97 to 99, are the same as § 91 to 93 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

Commissaries upon making up their Accounts, or returning from Foreign Service, shall take Oath.

C. And be it further enacted, That all Commissaries, upon making up their Accounts, and also upon returning from any Foreign Service, shall take the Oath described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (I.) which Oath, if taken in any Part of the United Kingdom, shall be taken before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and if taken on Foreign Service, before the Commander in Chief, or the Second in Command, or the Quarter Master or Deputy Quarter Master General, or any Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army to which he shall be attached, who shall respectively have Power to administer the same.

Officers, Storekeepers, Commissaries, &c. embezzling, &c. Military Stores, &c. may be tried by a Court-martial.

CI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commission Officer, Storekeeper, or Commissary, or Deputy or Assistant Commissary, or other Person employed in the Commissariat Department, or in any Manner in the Care or Distribution of any Money, Provisions, Forage or Stores, belonging to His Majesty's Forces, or for their Use, that shall embezzle or fraudulently misapply, or cause to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or shall knowingly or wilfully permit or suffer any Money, Provisions, Forage, Arms, Cloathing, Ammunition, or other Military Stores to be embezzled or fraudulently misapplied, or to be spoiled or damaged, may be tried for the same by and before a General Court-martial, and it shall be lawful for such Court-Martial to adjudge any such Person while in Service out of the United Kingdom to be transported as a Felon for Life, or for any certain Term of Years, or to suffer such Punishment of Pillory, Fine, Imprisonment, Dismissal from His Majesty's Service, and being capable of serving His Majesty in any Office Civil or Military, as any such Court shall think fit according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, or that such Person shall forfeit Two hundred Pounds, and that such Person shall in addition to any other Punishment, make good, at his own Expence, the Loss and Damage thereby sustained,

Penalty on such Offenders.

to

to be ascertained by such Court-martial; which shall have Power to seize the Goods and Chattels of the Persons so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the said Two hundred Pounds, and such Damage: And if sufficient Goods and Chattels cannot be found and seized, then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison, or the Common Gaol, there to remain (in addition to any other Punishment or Imprisonment) for Six Months without Bail or Mainprize, and until he shall pay such Deficiency; and after the said Sum shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of as His Majesty shall direct and appoint.

For want of Distress the Offender shall be committed.

Application of the Forfeiture.

“ § 102 to 114, are the same as § 95 to 107 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

CXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be any ways construed to extend, to concern any of the Militia Forces, or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, or the Islands thereto belonging, excepting only in such Case wherein, by any Act or Acts for regulating any of the Militia Forces or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain or Ireland, the Provisions contained in this Act, or in any Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, which shall be then in force, are extended and meant to take place in respect to the Officers and Soldiers of the Militia Forces, or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps in Great Britain and Ireland; and also except so far as relates to the mustering of the said Militia Forces according to the Provisions hereinafter mentioned.

This Act not to extend to the Militia, &c. further than is directed by the Laws relating thereto.

Exception.

“ § 116, 117, are the same as § 109, 110 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person taking a false Oath in any Case wherein an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Laws now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Persons taking a false Oath, guilty of Perjury.

“ § 119 to 128, are the same as § 111 to 120 of 48 G. 3. c. 15.

“ Continuance of Act in Great Britain from 25th March 1809 to 24th March 1810; in Ireland from 31st March 1809 to 1st April 1810; “ in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, from 30th April 1809 “ to 1st May 1810; in Gibraltar, &c. from 24th March 1810 to “ 25th March 1811, § 129.

CXXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act, so far as relates to the Allowances to be made for the quartering of Soldiers and providing for their Horses, or for the Provision of Carriages, Horses, Boats, Barges, or other Vessels, and Men, may be altered and varied by any Act or Acts to be made in this Session of Parliament.

Act, in part, may be altered this Session. [See 49 G. 3. c. 37.]

“ Schedules A. to H. are the same as those annexed to 48 G. 3. c. 15.

SCHEDULE (I.)

FORM OF OATH.

I do hereby make Oath, That I have not applied any Money or Stores, or Supplies, under my Care or Distribution, to my own Use, or to the private Use of any other Person, by way of Loan to such Person, or otherwise, or in any Manner applied them,

D 4

or

or knowingly permitted them to be applied to any other than Publick Purposes, and according to the Duty of my Office.

Sworn before me by the within-named }
this Day of }

A. B.

[Justice of the Peace for the County
of _____ or Commander in
Chief, or Second in Command &c.
the Army serving in _____
the Case may be.]

C. A. P. XIII.

An Act for the more effectually preventing the Forging of Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, and the Negociation of forged and counterfeited Bank Notes, Bank Bills of Exchange, and Bank Post Bills, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland. [20th March 1809.]

Irish Act,
38 G. 3. c. 53.
repealed.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more effectually preventing the Forging of the Notes and Bills of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, and the Circulation of forged Notes and Bills of the said Governor and Company*; it was amongst other Things enacted, That if any Person shall have in his or her Possession or Custody any forged or counterfeited Note or Notes, Bill or Bills of Exchange, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intent to utter or negotiate the same as the true and genuine Note or Notes, Bill or Bills of Exchange, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, every such Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be punished by Fine, Imprisonment, Pillory, or other corporal Punishment, according to the Discretion of the Court before whom he or she shall be prosecuted for such Offence: And whereas the said Provision, and the Penalties therein contained, have been found insufficient to deter Persons from the Perpetration of the Offences thereby meant to be guarded against, and it is therefore deemed expedient to repeal the same; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Act as is herein-before recited, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, except so far as relates to any Offence against the said recited Act committed before the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act.

Persons
knowingly receiving or having
in their Custody
forged Notes or
Blank Notes of

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, shall, from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, purchase or receive from any other Person or Persons any forged or counterfeited Bank Note, Bank Bill of Exchange, Bank Post Bill, or Blank Bank Note, Blank Bank Bill of Exchange, or Blank Bank Post-
Bill,

Bill, of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, or shall knowingly or wittingly have in his, her, or their Possession or Custody, or in his, her, or their Dwelling House, Out-house, Lodgings, or Apartments, any forged or counterfeited Bank Note, Bank Bill of Exchange, or Bank Post Bill, or Blank Bank Note, Blank Bank Bill of Exchange, or Blank Bank Post Bill, of the said Governor and Company, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof shall lie upon the Person accused, every Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted according to Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the Term of Fourteen Years.

the Bank of
Ireland shall be
transported.

C A P. XIV.

An Act for repealing an Act of the Parliament of *Scotland*, relative to Child Murder; and for making other Provisions in lieu thereof. [20th March 1809.]

‘**W**HEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of *Scotland*, passed in the second Session of the first Parliament of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, intituled, *An ament murdering of Children*, it is enacted, that if any Woman shall conceal her being with Child during the whole Space, and shall not call for and make use of Help and Assistance in the Birth, the Child being found dead or amissing, the Mother shall be holden and reputed the Murderer of her own Child: And whereas the Punishment of Death has been found too rigorous for such an Offence: But nevertheless it is expedient that it should be repressed, and punished suitable to its Quality and Degree: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted;’ and be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said in part recited Act of the Parliament of *Scotland* shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Scotch Act,
Sess. 2. Parl. 1.
Gul. & Mar.
repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That if, from and after the passing of this Act, any Woman in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, shall conceal her being with Child during the whole Period of her Pregnancy, and shall not call for and make use of Help or Assistance in the Birth, and if the Child be found dead or be amissing, the Mother being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be imprisoned for a Period not exceeding Two Years, in such Common Gaol or Prison as the Court before which she is tried shall direct and appoint.

Women in Scot-
land, concealing
Pregnancy, &c.
shall be im-
prisoned Two
Years.

C A P. XV.

An Act to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the Times limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten; and to permit such Persons in *Great Britain* as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors,

Solicitors, to make and file the same on or before the First Day of *Hilary* Term One thousand eight hundred and ten.

[20th *March* 1809.]

[See 44 G. 3. c. 7. and References there.]

C A P. XVI.

An Act to allow the Importation of Rum and other Spirits, from the Island of *Bermuda* into the Province of *Lower Canada* without Payment of Duty, on the same Terms and Conditions as such Importation may be made directly from His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*.

[24th *March* 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Commercial Intercourse should be encouraged between the Province of *Lower Canada* and the Island of *Bermuda*, and between the latter and His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*: And whereas certain Duties on Rum and other Spirits imported into *Canada* are imposed by an Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to establish a Fund towards further defraying the Charges of the Administration of Justice and Support of the Civil Government within the Province of Quebec in America*; which Duties are, under certain Conditions and Restrictions, remitted by an Act of the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to allow the Importation of Rum or other Spirits from His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in the West Indies into the Province of Quebec without Payment of Duty, under certain Conditions and Restrictions*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same. That from and after the passing of this Act, any Rum or other Spirits, being the Produce or Manufacture of any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*, legally imported into the Island of *Bermuda*, may be legally imported into the Province of *Lower Canada*, and landed and admitted to an Entry upon Payment of the same Rate of Duty as if the same had been imported directly from any of His Majesty's Sugar Colonies in the *West Indies*, and under the Conditions and Restrictions contained in the said Act, without Payment of Duty, in the same Manner as if such Rum or other Spirits had been imported directly from any of the said Sugar Colonies.

34 G. 3. c. 88.

28 G. 3. c. 89.

Spirits of the Produce of the West Indies imported into *Bermuda* may be imported into *Lower Canada*, &c.

C A P. XVII.

An Act to authorize His Majesty, during the present War, to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from the *Cape of Good Hope*.

[24th *March* 1809.]

[See 46 G. 3. c. 30. to which this Act is precisely similar, except as to the Continuance of the Act; which by § 3. is (as in the Title) during the present War.]

C A P. XVIII.

An Act for continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, several Acts for the free Importation of *Cochineal* and *Indigo*; and until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, to permit the Exportation of *Wool* from the *British Plantations in America*. [24th *March* 1809.]

“ 7 G. 2. c. 18. respecting the Importation of *Cochineal* and *Indigo*,
 “ (last continued and amended by 46 G. 3. c. 29. § 12.) further con-
 “ tinued till *March* 25, 1814. § 1.—46 G. 3. c. 17. respecting the
 “ Exportation of *Wool* continued till *March* 25, 1819. § 2.

C A P. XIX.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. [24th *March* 1809.]

• **W**HEREAS it may be necessary, for the Safety of the United Kingdom and the Defence of the Possessions of the Crown of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, that a Body of Royal Marine Forces should be employed in His Majesty's Fleet and Naval Service, under the Direction of the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*: And whereas the said Royal Marine Forces may frequently be quartered on Shore, where they will not be subject to the Laws relating to the Government of His Majesty's Forces by Sea; yet nevertheless it being requisite, for the retaining of such Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed; and that Marines who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary, and speedy Punishment than the Law will allow; Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, if any Person being entered or in Pay as an Officer of Royal Marines, or who is or shall be listed or in Pay as a Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man, in any Division of Royal Marines in His Majesty's Service, and on the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall remain in such Service, or during the Continuance of this Act, shall be voluntarily entered and in Pay, as a Marine Officer or Private Man in His Majesty's Service; and being ordered or employed in such Service, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, on Shore in any Place within the said Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, shall begin, excite, cause, or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in the Company to which he doth or shall belong, or in any other Company, Troop, or Regiment, either of Marine or Land Forces, in His Majesty's Service; or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any such Mutiny, or intended Mutiny, shall not, without Delay, give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service, or being actually entered as a

After *March* 25, 1809, during the Continuance of this Act, every Marine Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, and Private Man on Shore, who shall mutiny, &c. or who shall desert, or list in any other Regiment, &c. or shall be found sleeping on, or shall desert his Post, or hold Correspondence with Enemies or Rebels, or shall strike

or disobey his superior Officer; shall suffer Death, or such Punishment as a Court martial shall inflict.

Marine in any Company, shall list himself in any other Company, Troop, or Regiment, [or enter as a Seaman.] in His Majesty's Service, without first having a Discharge in Writing from the Officer commanding in Chief the Company in which he last served as a Marine; [in which Case he shall be reputed a Deserter;] or shall be found sleeping upon his Post; or shall leave it before relieved; or shall hold Correspondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence of any Kind, by any Ways or Means, or in any Manner whatsoever; or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter into any Condition with them, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* for the Time being; or shall strike or use any Violence against his superior Officer being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his superior Officer; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any or either of the Matters before mentioned, on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court-martial shall be inflicted.

[The Words between Brackets in the foregoing Section are in addition to the Words in former Mutiny Acts.]

“ § 2 to 28, are the same as in the Act 48 G. 3. c. 14.

No Paymaster, &c. shall make Deductions out of Officers or Private Men's Pay.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, no Paymaster, or other Officer or Person whatsoever, shall receive any Fees, or make any Deductions whatsoever, out of the Pay of any Marine, either Officer or Private Man, in His Majesty's Service, or from their Agents, which shall grow due from and after the said Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, other than the usual Deductions for Clothing and Twelve-pence in the Pound to be disposed of as His Majesty shall think fit, and the One Day's Pay of the Officers, now paid to the Paymaster of Widows Pensions, and such other necessary Deductions as shall, from Time to Time, be directed by the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the Time being, by Order in Writing under his or their respective Hand or Hands.

Exceptions,

“ § 30 to 32, the same as in the Act 48 G. 3. c. 14. § 33, as to quartering Marines in Ireland, is the same as § 68 of the Army Mutiny Act, 49 G. 3. c. 12.

Two Justices may summon Marines having Wife or Children to make Oath of their last Settlement.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, Town, or Place, where any Non-commission Officer or Marine shall be quartered in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, in case such Non-commission Officer or Private Marine have either Wife or Child or Children, to be summoned before them in the Town or Place where such Non-commission Officer or Marine shall be quartered, in order to make Oath of the Place of their last legal Settlement, (which Oath the said Justices are hereby empowered to administer,) and such Non-commission Officers and Private Marines as aforesaid are hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly; and such Justices

Justices are hereby required to give an attested Copy of such Affidavit so made before them to the Person making the same, to be by him delivered to his Commanding Officer in order to be produced when required; which attested Copy shall be at any Time admitted in Evidence as to such last legal Settlement before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace or at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace: Provided always, that in case any Non-commission Officer or Private Marine shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then on such attested Copy of the Oath by him formerly taken being produced by him or by any other Person on his Behalf, such Non-commission Officer or Marine shall not be obliged to take any other or further Oath with regard to his legal Settlement, but shall leave a Copy of such attested Copy of Examination if required.

" § 35, as to providing Carriages, is the same as § 58, of 49 G. 3. c. 12.

" § 36 to 48, are the same as § 35 to 47, of 48 G. 3. c. 14.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, directly or indirectly, persuade or procure any Marine in the Service of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, to desert or leave such Service as aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so offending as aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, or to any other Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if it shall happen that any such Offender so convicted as aforesaid, hath not any Goods and Chattels, Lands or Tenements, to the Value of One hundred Pounds to pay and satisfy the same, or if from the Circumstances and Heinousness of the Crime, it shall appear to the Court before which the said Conviction shall be made as aforesaid, that any such Forfeiture is not a sufficient Punishment for such Offence, it shall be lawful for such Court to commit any such Offender to Prison, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Twelve Months without Bail or Mainprize, and also to stand in the Pillory for the Space of One Hour in some Market Town next adjoining to the Place where the Offence was committed, in open Market there, or in the Market Town itself where the said Offence was committed.

Penalty for persuading Marines to desert; 100l. or 12 Months Imprisonment and Pillory.

L. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties by this Act imposed for persuading or procuring any Marine to desert; within that Part of Great Britain called England, may and shall be sued for, and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, and for such like Offences as shall be committed in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be sued for and recoverable in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland; and for such like Offences as shall be committed in Ireland, shall be sued for and recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin; and for any such like Offences as shall be committed in any of the Dominions of His Majesty, shall and may be sued for and recoverable in any Court of Record of His Majesty in the Place where the Offence shall have been committed; and for such like Offences as shall have been committed within the Island of Guernsey, the same shall be sued for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Guernsey; and for such Offences as shall be committed within the Island of Jersey, the same shall be sued for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of Jersey; any Thing contained in an Act passed in the First Year of King George the First to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

How such Penalty shall be recovered.

Penalties for Offences committed in Ireland, &c. how to be sued for.

LI. And be it further enacted, That for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, the Penalties herein enacted shall be sued for, and be recoverable in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Dublin*; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isles of *Alderney* and *Sark*, the Penalties herein enacted shall be sued for and be recoverable in the Royal Court of *Guernsey*; and for such of the said Offences as shall be committed within the Isle of *Man*, the Penalties herein enacted shall be sued for and be recoverable in any of the Courts of Record in the said Island, or in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*.

Deserters surrendering deemed enlisted.

LII. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Deserter from His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted and to be a Marine, and shall be liable to serve in His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Marine or not.

" § 53 to 60, are the same as § 48 to 55, of 48 G. 3. c. 14.

Persons receiving enlisting Money.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the enlisting Money from any Officer (knowing it to be such) and shall abscond or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, or if any Person having received any such enlisting Money as aforesaid, shall thereafter absent himself from the recruiting Party with which he enlisted, or Person with whom he enlisted, and shall not voluntarily return to such recruiting Party or Person enlisting him, to go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate under the Provisions of this Act within such Period of Four Days as aforesaid, such Person shall be deemed to be enlisted and a Marine in His Majesty's Service as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if he had been duly attested, and may be apprehended and punished as a Deserter, or for being absent without Leave under any Articles of War made for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and it shall not be necessary for any recruiting Party or Person employed in enlisting, to give any Notice to any such Person, or to go after any such Person for the Purpose of carrying such Person before any Justice or Magistrate as aforesaid, nor shall any such Person who shall not have remained with, or who shall not have returned to such recruiting Party or Person enlisting him as aforesaid be entitled to be discharged or be discharged by any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate after the Expiration of such Four Days as aforesaid.

Apprentices taking the Oath mentioned in Schedule (A.) liable to be imprisoned, &c.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person duly bound as an Apprentice shall enlist as a Royal Marine in His Majesty's Service, and shall take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (A.), every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to be imprisoned in any Gaol or House of Correction and kept to hard Labour for Two Years, and may be indicted and punished for obtaining Money under false Pretences, and shall after the Expiration of his Apprenticeship be liable to serve as a Marine; and if on the Expiration of his Apprenticeship he shall not deliver himself to some Officer authorized to receive Recruits, may be taken as a Deserter from His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces.

Masters claiming Apprentices shall take the Oath

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Master shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall, after the passing of this Act,

An Act, enlist as a Royal Marine in His Majesty's Service, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him in *England* for the full Term of Seven Years, and if in *Ireland* for the full Term of Five Years at the least, and unless such Master shall within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, and before such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (B.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C).

mentioned in
Schedule (B.)
&c.

“Continuance of Act in *Great Britain* 25 *March* 1809 to 25 *March* 1810; in *Ireland* from 1 *April* 1809 to 1 *April* 1810. § 66.—The Schedules are precisely similar to those in 48 G. 3. c. 14.

C A P. XX.

An Act to make perpetual several Laws relating to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures; to the allowing the Importation of Rape Seed, and other Seeds used for extracting Oil, whenever the Prices of middling *British* Rape Seed shall be above a certain Limit; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in His Majesty's Plantations in *America*; and for amending and making perpetual several Laws relating to the preventing the clandestine running of Goods, and the Danger of Infection thereby; and to the allowing the Importation of Seal Skins cured with Foreign Salt free of Duty.

[24th *March* 1809.]

“8 G. 1. c. 15. § 1. as to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures, (last continued by 43 G. 3. c. 29. § 10.) made perpetual. § 1.—35 G. 3. c. 117. for allowing the Importation of Rape Seed, &c. (last continued by 44 G. 3. c. 35. § 1.) made perpetual. § 2.—5 G. 2. c. 24. for encouraging the Growth of Coffee; except such Part as relates to Foreign Coffee; (last continued by 43 G. 3. c. 29. § 12.) made perpetual. § 3.—8 G. 1. c. 18. to prevent the clandestine running of Goods, &c. (last continued by 43 G. 3. c. 29. § 9.) made perpetual; except such Parts as relate to Quarantine and to the licensing of Boats. § 4.—31 G. 3. c. 26. allowing the Importation of Seal Skins, (last continued by 44 G. 3. c. 35. § 2.) made perpetual; Not to affect the Duties of Customs granted by 43 G. 3. c. 69: 44 G. 3. c. 53: 45 G. 3. c. 29: and 46 G. 3. c. 42.—(But see now 49 G. 3. c. 98.)—§ 5.

C A P. XXI.

An Act for granting Annuities to discharge certain Exchequer Bills.

[24th *March* 1809.]

“The Interest on Exchequer Bills under 47 G. 3. §. 2. c. 73: 48 G. 3. c. 7: 48 G. 3. c. 97: and 48 G. 3. c. 114. which shall be carried to Exchequer Office before *March* 20, 1809, shall be paid; and the Holders shall receive Certificates to the Bank entitling them at their Option for every 100*l.* either to 103*l.* 5*s.* in the Five *per Centis*, “from

“ from 5 *January* 1809; or to 8*l.* 8*s.* in the said *Five per Cents*, and
 “ 26*l.* 5*s.* in the *Four per Cents*, from 5 *April* 1809, provided the
 “ Amount of Exchequer Bills exchanged shall not exceed Eight Mil-
 “ lions. § 1.

[See 48 G. 3. c. 38. an *Act* of a similar Nature.]

C A P. XXII.

An *Act* for allowing the Importation and Exportation of cer-
 tain Goods and Commodities into and from the Port of
Falmouth in the Island of *Jamaica*. [24th *March* 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS by an *Act* passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His
 ‘ present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act to consolidate and*
 ‘ *extend the several Laws now in force for allowing the Importation*
 ‘ *and Exportation of certain Goods and Merchandise into and from*
 ‘ *certain Ports in the West Indies*, a certain limited Trade is per-
 ‘ mitted to be carried on at certain Ports in the Island of *Jamaica*
 ‘ in Foreign Vessels of a particular Description: And whereas it is
 ‘ deemed proper and expedient that such Trade should in like Manner
 ‘ be permitted at the Port of *Falmouth* in the said Island;’ Be it
 ‘ enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 ‘ Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Com-
 ‘ mons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of
 ‘ the same, That from and after the passing of this *Act* all such Goods
 ‘ and Commodities as are by the said *Act* permitted to be imported
 ‘ into and exported from the Ports in the Island of *Jamaica*, mentioned
 ‘ in the said *Act*, may be imported into and exported from the Port of
 ‘ *Falmouth* in the said Island, in the same Sort of Vessels, under the same
 ‘ Rules, Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject to the
 ‘ like Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, as are described,
 ‘ provided, and imposed in the said *Act*, respecting the Importation
 ‘ and Exportation of Goods and Commodities into and from the Ports
 ‘ mentioned in the said *Act*.

Benefits of
 45 G. 3. c. 57.
 extended to the
 Port of Falmouth
 in Jamaica.

C A P. XXIII.

An *Act* for further continuing until the Twenty-fifth Day of
March One thousand eight hundred and ten, an *Act* made
 in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for pro-
 hibiting the Exportation from and permitting the Importation
 to *Great Britain* of Corn; and for allowing the Importation
 of other Articles of Provision without Payment of Duty.

[30th *March* 1809.]

“ 39 G. 3. c. 87. (last continued by 46 G. 3. c. 29. § 2.) further con-
 “ tinued to 25 *March* 1810; except as to the Exportation of Corn,
 “ Grain, and Flour, to *Ireland*.

C A P. XXIV.

An *Act* for charging with Duty Spent Wash, re-distilled in
Great Britain. [30th *March* 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS certain Distillers in *Great Britain* are in the
 ‘ Practice of re-fermenting and re-distilling Wash commonly
 ‘ called *Spent Wash*, after the same has been through the Still:—And
 ‘ whereas

‘whereas Doubts have arisen whether such Wash so re-fermented is chargeable as new Wort or Wash: Now, for obviating all such ‘Doubts,’ be it declared and enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all such Spent Wash which shall be fermented or re-fermented for the Purpose of being distilled into Spirits, shall be deemed and taken to be New Worts or Wash to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall also be chargeable and charged with all the Duties to which Wort or Wash brewed or made for extracting Spirits, are or may be liable; and all such Spent Wash which shall be so fermented or re-fermented as aforesaid, shall also be, and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to all and singular the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, and Provisions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Distillation of Spirits.

Spent Wash re-distilled shall be charged with Duty, under Regulations of existing Acts.

C A P. XXV.

An Act to permit, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the Importation of Tobacco into *Great Britain* from any Place whatever.

[30th *March* 1809.]

‘WHEREAS it is expedient to permit, for a limited Time, Tobacco to be brought into *Great Britain*, from Countries and Places from whence, under the Laws now in force, it cannot legally be imported;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into *Great Britain*, from any Port or Place whatever in any Foreign State, or from *Malta* or *Gibraltar*, any Sort of Unmanufactured Tobacco in any *British* Ship or Vessel owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Country or State in Amity with His Majesty, navigated in any Manner whatever; and such Tobacco shall be subject and liable to such Duties of Customs and Excise, and no other, as shall be due and payable on Tobacco of the Produce of the *British* Plantations; and such Tobacco shall, on due Exportation, be entitled to such Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs and Excise, as are paid and allowed on the Exportation of Tobacco of the Produce of the *British* Plantations, any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that all Tobacco imported by virtue of this Act, shall be entered and landed only in such Ports in *Great Britain*, where Tobacco is or may be allowed to be entered and landed; and that such Tobacco may in such Ports be lodged and secured in Warehouses approved of by the Commissioners of the Customs in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, under the Regulations of an Act passed in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act for repealing the Duties on Tobacco and Snuff, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, or of any other Act or Acts passed since, relative to the warehousing of Tobacco.

Unmanufactured Tobacco may be imported into *Great Britain* from any Port, subject to the Duties payable on *British* Plantation Tobacco, and shall on Exportation be entitled to Drawbacks.

29 G. 3. c. 66.

Such Tobacco
shall be subject
to the same
Regulations as
British Plant-
ation Tobacco.

II. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That all Tobacco imported into or exported from *Great Britain*, by virtue and in pursuance of this Act, shall be and the same is hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures to which any Tobacco of the Growth of the *British* Plantations is or may be subject and liable to, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine, or Forfeiture for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament made for securing the Revenues of Customs and Excise, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised, and put in Execution, for and in respect of Tobacco imported into or exported from *Great Britain*, by virtue and in pursuance of this Act, so far as the same are applicable thereto, in as full and ample a Manner to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if all and every the said Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

Unmanufactured
East Indian or
South American
Tobacco may be
imported under
Order in Council.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful by Order in Council to permit the Importation into *Great Britain*, as aforesaid, of unmanufactured Tobacco, being the Produce of the *East Indies*, or of any of the *Spanish* or *Portuguese* Colonies or Plantations in *South America*, packed in any Sort of Packages whatsoever, upon such Conditions and under such Regulations and Restrictions as shall be imposed and provided in any such Order, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

“ Continuance of Act 25 *March* 1811. § 4.

C A P. XXVI.

AN Act for allowing until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Importation of certain Fish from Parts of the Coast of His Majesty's *North American* Colonies; and for granting a Bounty thereon.

[30th *March* 1809.]

“ WHEREAS it is deemed reasonable and proper that the Encouragement given to the Fisheries carried on from the Island of *Newfoundland*, and Coast of *Labrador*, by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for allowing until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eight, the Importation of certain Fish from Newfoundland, and the Coast of Labrador, and for granting a Bounty thereon*, which has been continued by an Act of the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, should be extended to the Fisheries carried on by the Inhabitants of certain of His Majesty's Colonies on the Continent of *North America*; Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Salted or Pickled Salmon, or Salted Dry Cod Fish,

47 G. 3. ft. 1.
c. 24. continued
by 48 G. 3.
c. 20. § 3.)

Fish, having been taken and cured at the Coast of the Gulf of *Saint Lawrence*, the Coast of the *Bay of Fundy*, the Coast of *Cape Breton*, or the Coast of *Prince Edward's Island* by *British* Subjects, may be imported from any of the said Places into this Kingdom, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, that upon the Importation of such Fish into this Kingdom, and also upon the Importation of such Fish into the Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, from any of the said Coasts and Places, there shall be allowed and paid the same Bounty. and the same Rules, Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions, subject to the same Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof, shall be applied to the Importation of such Fish, the Payment of Bounty thereon, and the Exportation thereof, as is and are allowed, made, provided and imposed by the said Act, in the Case of such Fish imported into this Kingdom, and the Islands of *Guernsey* and *Jersey* respectively, from the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Coast of *Labrador*.

“Continuance of Act 25 *March* 1810. § 3.

Salted Salmon or Cod cured at *St. Lawrence*, &c. by *British* Subjects may be imported.

Bounties shall be paid on Importation of such Fish, as on Fish from *Newfoundland*.

C A P. XXVII.

An Act for establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands adjacent; and for re-annexing Part of the Coast of *Labrador* and the Islands lying on the said Coast to the Government of *Newfoundland*.

[30th *March* 1809.]

“WHEREAS an Act was made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of Newfoundland and the Islands adjacent*; which, by several subsequent Acts, has been continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine: And whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the said Act should be amended. and the like Courts of Judicature as were thereby instituted, be established and made perpetual; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by his Commission under the Great Seal, to institute a Court of Criminal and Civil Jurisdiction, to be called “The Supreme Court of Judicature of the Island of *Newfoundland*,” with full Power and Authority to hold Plea of all Crimes and Misdemeanors committed within the Island of *Newfoundland*, on the Islands of *Saint Pierre* and *Miquelon*, and on the Islands and Seas to which Ships or Vessels repair from the Island of *Newfoundland* for carrying on the Fishery, and on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, in the same Manner as Plea is holden of such Crimes and Misdemeanors in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and also with full Power and Authority to hold Plea in a summary Way of all Suits, and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within the Island of *Newfoundland*, on the Islands of *Saint Pierre* and *Miquelon*, and on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, and on the Banks of *Newfoundland* and in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; which Court shall determine such Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature according to the Law of *England*. as far as the same can be applied to Suits and Complaints arising in the Islands

83 G. 3. c. 7^e:
(last continued by 46 G. 3. c. 29. § 1.)

His Majesty, by Commission under the Great Seal, may institute a Court of Criminal and Civil Jurisdiction at *Newfoundland*.

and Places aforesaid; and the said Court shall be a Court of Record, and shall be holden by a Chief Justice to be appointed by His Majesty, who shall have full Power and Authority to inquire of, hear, and determine all Crimes and Misdemeanors, Suits and Complaints cognizable in the said Court, and such Court shall have such Clerks and Ministerial Officers as the Chief Justice shall think proper to appoint; and such Salary shall be paid to the said Chief Justice as His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, shall approve and direct, and such Salaries be paid to the Clerks and Ministerial Officers aforesaid as shall be approved by the Chief Justice, with the Consent of the Governor of the Island of *Newfoundland*; which several Salaries shall respectively be in lieu of all other Profits and Emoluments whatsoever.

The Governor, with Advice of Chief Justice, may institute Surrogate Courts, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor of the Island of *Newfoundland* from Time to Time to institute Courts of Civil Jurisdiction, to be called '*Surrogate Courts*,' in different Parts of the Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands aforesaid, on Occasion shall require, with full Power and Authority to hear and determine, in the like summary Way, all Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within the Island of *Newfoundland*, and on the Islands of *Saint Pierre* and *Miquelon*, and on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, and on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, and in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; which Courts shall respectively be Courts of Record, and shall determine according to the Law of *England*, as far as the same can be applied to Suits and Complaints arising in the Islands and Places aforesaid; and the said Courts respectively shall be holden by a Surrogate to be appointed from Time to Time by the Governor of the said Island, and shall have full Power and Authority to hear and determine all Suits and Complaints cognizable in the said Court; and the said Court shall have such Clerks and Ministerial Officers, with such Salaries as the Governor shall appoint, which Salaries shall be in lieu of all Profits and Emoluments whatever.

Mode of Proceedings in such Courts.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Courts and Surrogate Courts respectively, when any Suit or Complaint shall be depending therein, to cause to appear from Day to Day all Persons interested in the Matter in Dispute, and to examine upon Oath such of them as it shall be deemed proper for better discovering the Truth, and thereupon, and after due Consideration of all Circumstances, to make such Order, Judgment, or Decree therein, and award such Damages and Costs as the Case shall require; and that in all Cases where the Cause of any Suit or Complaint shall not exceed Five Pounds, the Party who is to answer such Suit or Complaint shall be made to appear in Court by Summons; and in all Cases where such Summons shall be disobeyed, or where the Cause of any Suit or Complaint shall exceed Five Pounds, and shall be sworn to in an Affidavit made by the Plaintiff, then that the Party who is to answer such Suit or Complaint may be caused to appear, by Attachment of his or her Goods, Debts, or Effects, or by Arrest of the Person, and that the Execution of any Order, Judgment, or Decree may be enforced by Attachment of the Goods, Debts, or Credits of the Party, or by Arrest of the Person against whom such Order, Judgment, or Decree shall be made; and that it shall and may be lawful for the said Chief Justice and Surrogates respectively to authorize some Person in his or their Absence respectively to issue Process, and do all Acts appertaining to the said Supreme Court and Surrogate Courts respectively,

save

save and except the inquiring of, hearing, and determining of any Crime or Misdemeanor, or any Suit or Complaint of a Civil Nature.

IV. And be it further enacted, That where the Cause of Action shall exceed the Sum of Forty Shillings, and it shall be prayed by the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Suit or Complaint that a Jury may be summoned to try such Action, it shall be lawful for the said Chief Justice and Surrogates respectively, and he and they are hereby respectively required to cause Twenty-four Persons to be summoned, of whom Twelve shall be a Jury for the Trial of such Action, and to proceed therein according to Law: Provided always, that if a Number of Jurors sufficient for the Trial of such Action, having been duly summoned, shall not appear to be sworn, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of the said Island to nominate and appoint Two proper Persons to be Assessors to the said Chief Justice, and for each Surrogate in his Court in like Manner to nominate and appoint Two proper Persons to be his Assessors; which Assessors, together with the said Chief Justice or Surrogates respectively, shall proceed to the Trial of such Action in like Manner as if such Jury had not been prayed.

Mode of Trial of Action above 40s. by Jury or Assessors to the Judge.

V. And be it further enacted, That upon any Decree or Judgment given in a Surrogate Court, for any Sum exceeding Forty Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Party against whom such Decree or Judgment shall be given to appeal therefrom to the Supreme Court, having first given Notice of such Intention, and having entered into a Security to the Surrogate in double the Sum for which such Judgment or Decree was given or made, within Two Days after making or giving such Judgment or Decree, for duly prosecuting such Appeal; and upon any Decree or Judgment given in the Supreme Court for any Sum exceeding One hundred Pounds, it shall be lawful for the Party against whom such Decree or Judgment shall be given or made to appeal therefrom to His Majesty in Council, having first given Notice of such Intention, and having entered into Security, to be approved by the Chief Justice, in double the Sum for which such Judgment or Decree was given or made within Two Days after the giving or making of such Judgment or Decree, for duly prosecuting such Appeal; and in all Cases of Appeal, as soon as Notice shall be given and Security entered into as aforesaid, Execution shall be stayed, but not otherwise.

Appeals from the Surrogate Court to the Supreme Court in Actions above 40l. and from the Supreme Court to the Privy Council in Actions exceeding 100l.

VI. And Whereas it will greatly contribute to the Advancement of the Trade and Fishery of *Newfoundland*, if such Effects as Persons becoming insolvent in the said Island of *Newfoundland* and the Islands aforesaid were possessed of or entitled unto within the said Island, or in the Islands or Seas aforesaid. or on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, should be divided among their Creditors with more Equality than hath hitherto been practised; Be it further enacted, That as often as the Goods, Debts, and Credits of any Person shall be attached, and it shall be made appear to the Court out of which the Process of Attachment hath issued, that the Goods, Debts, and Credits so attached are not sufficient to pay Twenty Shillings in the Pound to all those who shall be Creditors by reason of Debts contracted within the Island of *Newfoundland*, and on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, or on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, or in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, it shall be lawful for such Court to summon the Party whose Goods, Debts, and Credits are so attached, together with the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs who have sued out any Attachment, and also such Persons who are known to be Creditors as aforesaid of the Defendant, to appear in Court at a certain

When Goods are attached, and it shall appear the Party is insolvent, the Court shall order his Effects to be collected and distributed.

Day; and if upon a due Examination of the Defendant and the said Creditors, it shall appear that he or she is insolvent, the Court shall declare him or her insolvent accordingly, and shall immediately proceed to take order for discovering, collecting, and selling the Effects and Debts of such Person, and distributing the Produce thereof rateably amongst all the said Creditors of such Person so declared insolvent, and for that Purpose shall authorize any One or more Creditors of the said Defendant, who shall be chosen by the major Part in Value of such Creditors, whose Debts amount respectively to the Sum of Ten Pounds and upwards, to perform the same; and that such Court shall from Time to Time make such Order therein as shall be deemed proper for better discovering, collecting, and selling the Effects and Debts, and making a rateable Distribution thereof among the said Creditors.

Distribution of
Effects of
insolvent Parties.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in the Distribution to be made of the Estate and Effects of such Person so declared insolvent, every Fisherman and Seaman employed in the Fishery, who shall be a Creditor for Wages become due in the then current Season, shall first be paid Twenty Shillings in the Pound so far as the Effects will go; and in the next Place every Person who shall be a Creditor for Supplies furnished in the current Season shall be paid Twenty Shillings in the Pound; and in the next Place every Person who shall have become a Creditor within Two Years shall be paid Twenty Shillings in the Pound; and lastly, all other Creditors shall be paid equally as far as the Effects will go.

Certificate of the
Court shall be a
Bar to Suits for
Debts prior to
Insolvency.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if such insolvent Person shall make a true Disclosure and Discovery of all his or her Goods and Effects whatsoever, and shall conform him or herself to the Order and Direction of the said Court, the same shall and may (with the Consent of One-half in Number and Value of his or her Creditors) be certified by the said Court, and such Certificate, when pleaded, shall be a Bar to all Suits and Complaints for Debts contracted within the Island of *Newfoundland*, and on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, and on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, and in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, prior to the Time when he or she was declared insolvent.

Chief Justice
may grant
Probates and
Administrations.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Chief Justice, or any Person or Persons appointed by him for that Purpose under his Hand and Seal, shall have Power to grant Administration of the Effects of Intestates, and the Probate of Wills, and that the Effects of deceased Persons shall not be administered within the Island of *Newfoundland*, or on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, or on the Banks of *Newfoundland*, unless Administration thereof, or Probate of Wills respecting the same, shall have been duly granted by such Authority as aforesaid.

23 G. 3. c. 76.
continued
until the opening
of the Supreme
Court.

X. And be it further enacted, That an Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for establishing Courts of Judicature in the Island of Newfoundland, and the Islands adjacent*, which has by several subsequent Acts been continued to the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be and continue in Force until the opening of the Supreme Court instituted by virtue of this Act, and no longer; and every Suit or Complaint which shall at that Time be depending in the said Court of Civil Jurisdiction shall and may be proceeded upon in the said Supreme Court, in the same Manner as any Suit or Complaint originally commenced in the said Supreme Court.

XI.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Court in the Island of *Newfoundland*, or Islands aforesaid (except the Supreme Court and the Surrogate Courts appointed by virtue of this Act) to hold Plea of any Suit or Complaint of a Civil Nature, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, that the Court of Vice-Admiralty having Jurisdiction in the said Island, shall and may hold Plea of Maritime Causes (except only the Wages of Seamen and Fishermen, which are to be heard and determined in Manner herein-after directed,) and Causes of the Revenue, as heretofore practised and used: Provided also, that all Disputes which shall arise concerning the Wages of any Seaman or Fisherman, and all Offences which shall be committed by any Hirer or Employer of such Seaman or Fisherman, against this or any other Act relating to the Island of *Newfoundland*, or the Islands and Seas aforesaid, or the Fishery thereon, and all Disputes concerning Seamen or Fishermen wilfully absenting themselves from their Duty or Employ, without the Leave or Consent of their Hirer or Employer, or wilfully neglecting or refusing to work, shall and may be heard and determined, and the Penalties and Forfeitures thereby incurred shall and may be recovered in the Court of Session, or before any Two Justices of the Peace.

No Courts shall hold Pleas except under Provisions of this Act.

XII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court of Session in a summary Way to hear and determine all Suits for the Payment of Debts not exceeding Forty Shillings, and not contracted more than One Year before the Commencement of such Suits respectively; and it shall be lawful for the Court of Session, or such Two Justices respectively, to award Costs therein; and such Determination and Award shall be final, and shall be carried into Execution by Attachment and Sale of the Goods and Effects of the Party against whom the Determination was made.

Suits for Debts under 40s. may be decided by the Court of Session.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Chief Justice to settle such Forms of Process, and such Rules of Practice and Proceeding, for the Conduct of all Pleas, Suits, and Complaints, and for the Dispatch of the Business of the said Supreme Court and Surrogate Courts, and of the Business in the Courts of Session, or before any One or more Justices of the Peace respectively, and to appoint such reasonable Fees to be taken for the Conduct and Dispatch of Pleas, Suits, Complaints and other Business as aforesaid, and for the granting Administration of the Effects of Intestates, and for the Probate of Wills, as shall seem necessary and proper for expediting Matters with the most Convenience and least Expence to the Parties concerned therein; and such Process and Rules of Practice and Proceeding shall be followed and obeyed, and such Fees shall be paid accordingly, and no other, and that all such Fees received in any Surrogate Court shall be paid and accounted for by the Surrogate in the said Supreme Court; and that it shall be lawful for the said Chief Justice, and he is hereby required to settle and limit what Fees and Poundage shall be taken by the Sheriff of *Newfoundland*, and the same shall be taken, and none other; provided, that no such Fees for the Dispatch of Pleas, Suits, and Complaints, or other Business as aforesaid, or for granting Administration or Probate of Wills, and no Fees or Poundage to be taken by the Sheriff, shall be taken until the Rate and Table of every Fee or Poundage so to be taken shall have been approved

Chief Justice shall settle Forms of Process, and appoint Fees.

by the Governor of the said Island of *Newfoundland*, and such Appropriation signified under his Hand and Seal.

Part of the Coast of Labrador and the Islands lying on the said Coast re-annexed to the Government of Newfoundland.

XIV. And Whereas his Majesty by His Proclamation of the Seventh Day of *October* One thousand seven hundred and sixty-three, was pleased to declare that he had put the Coast of *Labrador* from the River *Saint John* to *Hudson's Straights*, with the Islands of *Anticosti* and *Madelaine*, and all other smaller Islands lying on the said Coast, under the Care and Inspection of the Governor of *Newfoundland*: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making more effectual Provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec* in North America, all such Territories, Islands and Countries, as since the Tenth Day of *February* One thousand seven hundred and sixty-three had been made Part of the Government of *Newfoundland*, were, during His Majesty's Pleasure, annexed to and made Part of the Province of *Quebec*, as created by the said Proclamation: And Whereas in pursuance of an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to Repeal certain Parts of an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for making more effectual Provision for the Government of the Province of Quebec, in North America,' and to make further Provision for the Government of the said Province.* the said Province of *Quebec* was divided into Two Provinces of *Upper* and *Lower Canada*, the latter including the Parts of the Coast of *Labrador* and the said Islands so formerly annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Coast of *Labrador*, and the adjacent Islands (except the Islands of *Madelaine*) should be re-annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland*; Be it therefore enacted, That such Parts of the Coast of *Labrador* from the River *Saint John* to *Hudson's Straights*, and the said Island of *Anticosti*, and all other smaller Islands so annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland* by the said Proclamation of the Seventh Day of *October* One thousand seven hundred and sixty three, (except the said Islands of *Madelaine*,) shall be separated from the said Government of *Lower Canada*, and be again re-annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland*; any Thing in the said Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

31 G. 3. c. 31.

Supreme Court shall hold Pleas arising within such Parts.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court of Judicature of the Island of *Newfoundland* to hold Plea of all Crimes and Misdemeanors committed, and of all Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within such Parts of the Coast of *Labrador* from the River *Saint John* to *Hudson's Straights*, and the said Island of *Anticosti*, and all other smaller Islands so re-annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland*, or on the Islands, Seas, and Harbours, to which Ships and Vessels repair from the Parts of the Coast of *Labrador* and the Island and Islands so re-annexed to the Government of *Newfoundland* for carrying on the Fishery, in the same Manner as the said Supreme Court holds Plea of Crimes and Misdemeanors committed, and of Suits and Complaints of a Civil Nature arising within the Island of *Newfoundland*, and on the Islands and Seas aforesaid, and on the Banks of *Newfoundland*.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed by any Act of Parliament made, or which shall hereafter

hereafter be made, relating to the Island of *Newfoundland*, or the Fishery thereof, may be recovered in a summary Way in the said Supreme Court, or in any Surrogate Court; and every Penalty and Forfeiture of the Sum of Ten Pounds or under may be recovered in the Court of Session, or before any One or more Justices of the Peace; and all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed, paid, or levied in any Surrogate Court, or in any Court of Session, or before any One or more Justices of the Peace, shall be forthwith estreated and paid into the said Supreme Court by the Surrogate, or by the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively before whom they were recovered; and it shall be lawful for the said Supreme Court to issue Process for better compelling such Justices and Surrogates to bring to account all Monies which ought to be so paid and accounted for as aforesaid; and all Money arising from such Fees, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures shall be applied and appropriated towards defraying the Expence of carrying this Act into Execution.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Months next after the Matter or Thing done; and the Defendant in such Suit or Action may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff shall be nonsuited or discontinue his Action after the Defendant has appeared, or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as Defendants have in other Cases by Law.

Limitation of
Actions six
Months.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

C A P. XXVIII.

An Act to enable the Clerks of the King's Coroner and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench to be admitted as Attornies. [30th March 1809.]

WHEREAS an Act of Parliament passed in the Second Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, 2 G. 2. c. 28. intitled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Attornies and Solicitors*, by which it was enacted, (among other Things,) That from and after the First Day of *December* One thousand seven hundred and thirty, no Person should be permitted to act as an Attorney in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record therein-mentioned, unless such Person should have served as a Clerk for and during the Space of Five Years to an Attorney, duly and legally sworn and admitted, and should have been thereupon examined, sworn, admitted, and inrolled in any of the said Courts respectively: And Whereas by the said Act, it was provided and enacted, That nothing therein contained should extend, or be construed to extend to the Examination, Swearing, Admission, or Inrollment of the Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery, or the Sworn Clerks in their Office or the waiting Clerks belonging to the said Six Clerks, or the Curitors of the said Court, or of the Clerks of the Petty Bag Office, or of the Clerks of the King's Coroner and Attorney in the Court of King's Bench, or of the Filazers of the same Court, or of the Filazers of the Court of Common Pleas

Pleas at *Westminster*, or of the Attornies of the Court of the Duchy Chamber of *Lancaster*, or of the Attornies of the Court of Exchequer at *Chester*, or of the Attornies of the Courts of the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs of *London* respectively for the Time being; but that the said Clerks, Filazers, and Attornies respectively, should and might be examined, sworn, admitted, inrolled, and practise in their respective Courts and Offices aforesaid, in like Manner as they might have been, or done before the making of that Act: And Whereas Objections have been made and allowed to the Title to Admission and Inrolment as Attornies, by virtue and under the said Act of Parliament, of Persons in respect of their having served a Clerkship of Five Years to some of the Clerks to the King's Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench, and having afterwards been admitted to practise as Clerks of the said Coroner and Attorney: And Whereas it is expedient that Persons having served a Clerkship of Five Years to some of the Clerks of the King's Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench, and having been afterwards admitted to practise as Clerks of the said Coroner and Attorney, should, in respect thereof, be entitled to be admitted and inrolled Attornies: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Clerks of the said Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench who have been regularly admitted, or who hereafter may be regularly admitted as such Clerks, shall and may be approved, sworn, and admitted to practise, and may practise as Attornies in the said Court of King's Bench, and may also practise in any other of the Courts of Record in the said recited Act mentioned, in the Name, and with the Consent of some sworn Attorney of such Court, such Consent to be in Writing, and signed by such Attorney as aforesaid, in like Manner as the Attornies of such Court, or the Attornies or Clerks of the Offices of the King's Remembrancer, Treasurer's Remembrancer, Pipe or Office of Pleas, in the Court of Exchequer at *Westminster* are, in and by the said Act empowered to do.

Clerks of Coroner and Attorney of the Court of King's Bench may be admitted and practise as Attornies.

Public Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

C A P. XXIX.

An Act for the Appropriation of Twenty thousand Pounds out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, towards the Encouragement of the sowing of Flax Seed for sowing in *Ireland*

[28th April 1809..

" *Irish* Treasury empowered to pay to the Trustees of the Linen and Hempen Manufactures 20,000*l.* out of *Irish* Consolidated Fund, § 1. To be applied in Bounties for the Encouragement of sowing of Flax Seed, the Growth of the present Year, under Regulations to be made by the Trustees. § 2. Bounties shall be paid on Seed in Possession of the Growers (their Executors, &c.) on 1st *January* 1810: which shall be certified to be found. § 3. Application of the Bounty shall be accounted for before Commissioners.

“*tioners of Imprest Accounts.* § 4. Penalty of Perjury on Persons
 “*taking false Oath.* § 5. Act may be altered or repealed this
 “*Session.* § 6.

C A P. XXX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March*
 One thousand eight hundred and ten, certain Acts for regu-
 lating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of
 Sugar from *Ireland*, and for warehousing in *Ireland*, Rum or
 Spirits of the *British* Sugar Plantations. [28th *April* 1809.]

“ 47 *G. 3. st. 1. c. 19.* (continued by 48 *G. 3. c. 17.*) further con-
 “*tinued till March 25, 1810, except as to warehousing British Plan-*
 “*tation Sugar.* § 1.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of
 this Act all *British* Plantation Sugar which before the passing of this
 Act, or at any Time after the passing thereof, shall have been or shall
 be warehoused in *Ireland*, shall be subject and liable to the Rules,
 Regulations, and Provisions, contained in an Act made in the last
 Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to permit certain Goods imported*
into Ireland to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the
Importation thereof being first paid.

Sugar shall be
 warehoused in
 Ireland under
 Regulations of
 48 *G. 3. c. 32.*

III. And be it further enacted, That an Act made in the Forty-
 first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to em-*
power the Importers or Proprietors of Rum or Spirits of the British
Sugar Plantations to land the same in Ireland, before Payment of the
Duties of Excise charged thereon, and to lodge the same in Warehouses at
their own Expence, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand
eight hundred and eight, and which, by an Act of the last Session of
 Parliament, was continued until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One
 thousand eight hundred and nine, shall be and the same is hereby
 further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand
 eight hundred and ten: Provided always, that Rum and Spirits
 lodged in any Warehouse under the said recited Act of the Forty-first
 Year aforesaid, shall be permitted to remain therein for any Time not
 exceeding Fifteen Calendar Months, from the Time when the same
 shall have been or shall be first warehoused, and shall not be sold by
 the Commissioners of Customs at any Time before the Expiration of
 such Fifteen Calendar Months, any Thing in the said recited Act to
 the contrary notwithstanding.

41 *G. 3. (U. K.)*
c. 94. (continued
 by 48 *Geo. 3.*
c. 17.) further
 continued till
 March 25, 1810.

Spirits ware-
 housed under
 recited Act may
 remain in Ware-
 house fifteen
 Months.

“ Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 4.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One
 thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of the Forty-first
 Year of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Exportation
 from *Ireland*, and for permitting the Importation into *Ireland*,
 Duty free, of Corn and other Provisions. [28th *April* 1809.]

“ So much of 41 *G. 3. (U. K.) c. 36.* (last continued by 48 *G. 3. c. 27.*)
 “ as enables the Lord Lieutenant to prohibit the Exportation to and
 “ Importation

“ Importation from *Ireland* of Corn and Provisions, further continued
 “ to *March 25, 1810*, except so far as respects the Exportation of
 “ Corn, Grain, or Flour to *Great Britain*.

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence, repealed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, on Offices and Employments of Profit, and on Annuities, Pensions, and Stipends, and thereby granted for One Year to the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine. [28th April 1809.]

“ **W**HEREAS certain Rates and Duties were granted to His Majesty for One Year, from the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eight, by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Snuff, in Great Britain, and on Pensions and Offices in England, and for repealing so much of certain Acts as relate to certain Duties of Sixpence and One Shilling respectively, on Offices and Pensions, and for re-granting the said Duties of Six-pence and One Shilling respectively, and the said other Duties for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight*, and it is expedient to continue the same to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors for ever: May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, there shall be assessed, raised, levied and paid unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon all Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other Payments, Salaries, Fees, Wages, and Perquisites, as set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, the several Rates and Duties respectively inserted and contained therein; which Schedule, and the Rates and Duties therein respectively contained, and the Rules and Exemptions therein respectively mentioned shall be deemed and construed a Part of this Act, as if the same were severally and respectively incorporated therewith, and under a special Enactment: and the Duties hereby granted and contained in the said Schedule when paid collected, or deducted, shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes for the Time being, appointed or to be appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Rates and Duties shall be assessed, raised, levied, paid and accounted for under the Provisions and Regulations of the several Acts hereinafter mentioned, *videlicet*; One Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for consolidating certain of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the same*; One other Act passed in the same Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for consolidating certain of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the* said

48 G. 3. c. 2.
 § 18.

After March 25, 1809, there shall be paid upon all Annuities, Pensions, &c. the Duties set forth in the Schedule.

Under the Commissioners for Taxes.

Duties shall be levied under Regulations of the following Acts, viz.

43 G. 3. c. 99.

43 G. 3. c. 150.

said Acts so far as the same relate to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; Two other Acts passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, One thereof intituled, An Act for explaining and amending an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty for consolidating certain of the Provisions contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, and for amending the same, so far as relates to the Power of acting as Commissioners in certain Districts; and the other thereof, intituled, An Act to amend so much of an Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating certain of the Provisions of the Acts relating to the Duties in Scotland, under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes as relates to the Appointment of Assessors and Sub Collectors, and the Notices required to be delivered to Persons assessed to the said Duties; and One other Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; and one other Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled, An Act to amend the Acts relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and of the Tax upon the Profits of Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, and to regulate the Assessment and Collection of the same.

45 G. 3. c. 5.

45 G. 3. c. 95.

46 G. 3. c. 65.

48 G. 3. c. 141.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Persons who now are, or for the Time being shall be Commissioners for putting in execution the said Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in relation to the Duties granted by the said Act, on the Profits arising from Offices or Employment of Profit, and upon Pensions or Stipends respectively, shall be Commissioners for putting in execution this Act and the Powers herein referred to or contained, in the several Departments or Districts throughout the said respective Parts of Great Britain; and the several Inspectors-General, Inspectors, and Surveyors respectively, and the several Clerks, Assessors and Collectors respectively appointed or to be appointed, to put in execution the several Acts beforementioned, shall be Inspectors-General, Inspectors, Surveyors, Clerks, Assessors and Collectors to put in execution this Act within the Limits of their respective Departments and Districts to which they are or shall be respectively appointed, and the said Commissioners, Inspectors-General, Inspectors, Surveyors, Assessors and Collectors respectively, are hereby empowered and required to do all Things necessary for putting this Act in execution with relation to the said Rates and Duties hereby granted, in the like, and in as full and ample a Manner as they or any of them are or is, or shall be authorized to put in execution the said last mentioned Act.

Commissioners, Inspectors, &c. for executing 46 G. 3. c. 65. shall put this Act in Execution.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be construed in such Manner, and to the like Effect in all Respects as if the Rates and Duties granted and mentioned in the Schedule hereto annexed were contained in and granted by the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year

This Act shall be construed as if the Duties specified in the

of

Schedule were granted by 46 G. 3. c. 65. and the Provisions contained in 43 and 48 G. 3. shall be applied in Execution of this Act, &c.

Except as to Allowances on Incomes.

Duties shall be carried to the Consolidated Fund.

of His present Majesty; and in the Execution of this Act all and every the Provisions contained in the said several Acts passed in the Forty-third and Forty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, shall be used and applied in like Manner, and to the like Effect as the same Provisions may be used or applied in the Execution of the said Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, but subject nevertheless to the several Rules and Exemptions in the Schedule to this Act contained; and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things contained in the said last mentioned Act, except where other Provisions are made in this Act, or in the Schedule thereto annexed, shall severally and respectively in the Execution of this Act be duly observed, practised, and put in execution throughout the respective Parts of *Great Britain* in the said several Acts mentioned, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things were particularly and respectively repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act, and shall severally, except as aforesaid, and also except as hereinafter is provided, be applied, construed, deemed and taken to belong to this Act in like Manner as if the same had been enacted therein, and expressly applied to the Duties hereby granted: Provided always, that the Allowances to be granted from or out of the Assessments to be made by virtue of the said Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty to Persons in respect of their Incomes, shall not be made, allowed or granted out of the Duties to be assessed by virtue of this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Monies arising from the Rates and Duties of One Shilling and Six-pence in the Pound respectively imposed on the several Matters and Things contained in the said Schedule, (the necessary Charges for raising and accounting for the same excepted), shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, separate and apart from each other, and from all other Rates and Duties, and shall be carried to, and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*.

“ Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 6.

The SCHEDULE referred to by the Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign.

No. I.

For every Twenty Shillings of the Yearly Value or Amount of all Salaries, Fees and Perquisites incident to, or received for or in respect of all Offices and Employments of Profit in *Great Britain*, granted by or derived from the Crown, exceeding the Value of One hundred Pounds *per Annum*, which have been heretofore rated or assessed by virtue of any Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, and which since the Act for the Redemption of such Part thereof as was charged on Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, have been rated or assessed to the Tax on Offices or Employments of Profit, by virtue of any Act or Acts for continuing the said last mentioned Tax for One Year, and from Year to Year, over and above all other Duties already charged or payable, the Sum of One Shilling.

For every Twenty Shillings of all Pensions and other Gratuities payable out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty in *Great Britain* exceeding the Annual Value of One hundred Pounds *per Annum*, over and above all other Duties already charged or payable, the Sum of - - - - - One Shilling.

No. II.

For and upon (*) all Salaries, Fees, and Wages, payable for or in respect of Offices of Profit granted by or derived from the Crown, which have heretofore been rated or assessed in Manner aforesaid, and for and upon all Pensions and Annuities charged upon the Revenue of *Great Britain*, over and above all other Duties already charged or payable, the Sum of - - - - - Sixpence.

* Every 20s. of the yearly Value or Amount of (49 G. 3. 110.)

EXEMPTIONS to the several Duties, as set forth in the Schedules No. I. and II. before mentioned.

Any of the Royal Family.

Any Person on the Staff of His Majesty's Army; any Commissioned or Non-commissioned Officer or Private in the Army, Artillery, Marines, or Corps of Engineers, or in the Militia or Volunteers, or in the Navy.

Any Pension or Gratuity which His Majesty's Royal Predecessors, or His Majesty shall have been, or His said Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall be, pleased to declare in the Warrant, Order, or other Instrument, directing Payment thereof to be intended as Charitable Donations.

Any Office or Employment in any of the Universities in *Great Britain*. In every Case when any Salary, Wages, Fees, Perquisites, Gratuities, or other Payments payable in respect of any Office or Employment of Profit, or any Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or other Payment, shall have been specially exempted from the Payment of Aids and Taxes by any Act of Parliament.

In every Case, where any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment of, or in respect of any Office or Employment, or any Proportion of such Salary, Stipend, or other Payment which shall be payable to any Person in respect of his having held any Office or Employment, or upon his Superannuation from such Office or Employment, shall have been or shall be directed to be paid net or without Deduction, by any Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, or by any Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

In every Case where the Charge or Charges of One Shilling and of Sixpence respectively, or of either of them, or any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment aforesaid, shall have been directed to be repaid or reimbursed to the Party charged with the said Duty of One Shilling and Sixpence respectively out of the Publick Revenue, or out of the Contingent or Fee Fund or Incidents of any Department of Office by like Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under the Royal Sign Manual, or by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury.

Provided

Provided always, that the Authority for the Payment net or without Deduction of any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment aforesaid, and the Authority for the Re-payment out of the Publick Revenue, or out of the Contingent or Fee Fund or Incidents of any Department of Office of any Charge made on any Salary, Stipend, or other Payment aforesaid, shall be respectively certified by some principal Officer in the Department to which such Office or Employment belongs, or such Payment is made, to be so paid net or without Deduction, or to be repaid out of the said Revenue.

RULES for charging the said several and respective Duties contained in No. I. and II. or either of them.

The said Duties shall extend to and be charged upon all Payments whatsoever made or to be made to any Person who shall have been superannuated, or shall have retired from any Office or Employment chargeable under this Act, in like Manner and to the like Extent as such Payments would have been chargeable if such Person had continued to hold such Office or Employment, except such Offices or Employments of Profit as are expressly exempted therefrom by this Act.

The said Duties shall extend to all Payments out of any Contingent Fund or Fee Fund, or Incidents of any Department of Office, in like Manner as to any Payment out of the Publick Money, except as aforesaid.

The Profits of every such Office or Employment hereby chargeable with the said Duty of One Shilling upon the Salaries, Fees, and Perquisites thereof, and the Profits of every such Office or Employment of Profit hereby chargeable with the said Duty of Sixpence, upon the Salary, Fees, and Wages thereof, shall severally and respectively be computed, raised, levied and paid according to the Annual Value at which such Profits respectively stand valued and rated in the last Assessment to the said Tax on Offices and Employments of Profit by such Annual Act as aforesaid.

All Offices and Employments of Profit exceeding the Value of One hundred Pounds *per Annum*, and hereby charged with the said Duty of One Shilling, for every Twenty Shillings thereof, shall also be further chargeable with the said Duty of Sixpence for every Twenty Shillings thereof, according to the Provisions of this Act respecting the said Duty of Sixpence, and all Offices and Employments of Profit exceeding the said Annual Value, and hereby charged with the said Duty of Sixpence, shall also be further chargeable with the said Duty of One Shilling according to the Provisions of this Act respecting the said Duty of One Shilling, and the Charge or Payment of either of the said Duties in respect of such Office or Employment of Profit as last aforesaid, shall not be construed to exonerate any Person from the Charge or Payment of the other of them.

C A P. XXXIII.

An Act to grant an Excise Duty on Spirits made or distilled from Sugar in *Ireland*, during the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn or Grain there, in lieu of the Excise Duty now chargeable thereon; and to allow a Drawback on the Export thereof to Foreign Parts. [28th April 1809.]

‘WHEREAS the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in *Ireland* is prohibited by Law for a limited Time;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, during the Time in which the Distillation of Spirits from Corn or Grain in *Ireland* shall be so prohibited, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied unto, and to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Gallon of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits, which at any Time or Times during such Prohibition shall be made or distilled in *Ireland* from Sugar, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, or for which any Distiller shall be chargeable by Law, the Sum of Two Shillings and Ten-pence Half-penny *British* Currency and no more, in lieu of the Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Eleven-pence Half-penny *British* Currency, granted on such Spirits by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Malt made in Ireland, and upon Spirits made or distilled in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks on the Exportation thereof*; and that for every Gallon of such Spirits which shall have been distilled during such Prohibition as aforesaid, and which shall be exported from *Ireland*, to any Place except to *Great Britain*, and which shall not be exported from Warehouse in *Ireland*, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of Five Shillings and Eight-pence, and no more.

During the Prohibition of Distillation from Corn, there shall be levied, on Spirits distilled from Sugar, 2s. 10½d. *British* per Gallon, in lieu of 5s. 11½d. under 48 G. 3. c. 78. and a Drawback of 5s. 8d. per Gallon shall be allowed on Exportation.

“Duty and Drawback shall be levied and paid in Manner prescribed by recited Act. § 2.

III. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of any Charge on any Decrease of Wash produced from Sugar under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* at the Time of the passing of this Act, the Officer of Excise keeping an Account of Wash in the Distillery of any Distiller in *Ireland* shall, on any Decrease of Wash produced from Sugar, charge the Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits calculated after the Rate of Eighteen Gallons and a Half of Spirits for every One hundred Gallons of Wash so decreased, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity of Wash.

Charge on Distillers 18½ Gallons of Spirits for every 100 Gallons of Sugar Wash.

“Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 4.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to permit the Registry at *Malta* of Ships taken as Prize. [28th April 1809.]

‘WHEREAS it is expedient, during such Time as the Island of *Malta* shall remain under the *British* Government, to permit the Registry in the said Island of Ships and Vessels which are condemned there as lawful Prize, and to extend to Ships and Vessels

‘ so registered the same Privileges and Advantages as are granted to Prize Ships and Vessels registered in *Great Britain*;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief, or the Commissioners exercising the Civil Power in the said Island, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and required, on Application being made to them or either of them for that Purpose, to make Registry of any such Ship or Vessel, and to grant a Certificate of such Registry, in the same Manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, as the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief, residing in any Colony, Plantation, Island, or Territory, belonging to His Majesty, in *Asia, Africa, or America*, are by an Act of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act for the further Increase of Shipping and Navigation*, authorized to make Registry of the Ships and Vessels therein mentioned, and to grant Certificate of such Registry.

II. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers and Authorities in relation to any Acts, Matters, or Things that may be done by the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, or Commander in Chief, in any such Colony, Plantation, Island, or Territory, under and in pursuance of the said recited Act, shall and may be done and put in Execution, and shall extend to the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, and the Commissioner exercising the Civil Power in the said Island of *Malta*; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine, or Forfeiture, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of the said recited Acts, and every other Clause, Matter, and Thing, therein contained, as to the Registry of Ships and Vessels, shall, so far as the same are applicable, extend and be deemed, construed, and taken to extend to Ships and Vessels registered under and in pursuance of this Act, in as full and ample a Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers and Authorities, Pains, Penalties, Fines, Forfeitures, Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof.

III. And be it further enacted, That any such Ship or Vessel so condemned as lawful Prize, and registered as aforesaid, being owned and navigated according to Law, shall be entitled to the Privileges and Advantages of a Prize Ship or Vessel in like Manner, as if condemned and registered in *Great Britain*, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any such Ship or Vessel so condemned as lawful Prize and registered as aforesaid, being owned wholly or in Part by any Person or Persons not being *British*-born Subjects, but being Natives of and Residents in the said Island, and being navigated by a Master and Three-fourths of the Mariners either *British* Subjects or Natives of the said Island, shall, during the Time that the said Island shall remain under the *British* Government, and for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months after and no longer, be entitled to the Privileges and Advantages of a Prize Ship or Vessel, in like Manner as if condemned and registered in *Great Britain*, so far as respects the direct Trade between the said Islands of *Great Britain* and to and from the said Island and any Place within the Streights, and in no other Trade whatsoever, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the

Governor of Malta, &c. may make Registry of Vessels condemned there as Prize, and grant Certificates thereof under such Regulations as Governors residing in any Colony, &c. may do by 26 G. 3. c. 60.

Powers of such Governors extended to Governor of Malta, &c.

Such Registry as valid as if made in Great Britain.

Ships so registered, owned by Natives of Malta, may be navigated as British Prize Ships to Great Britain, &c. while Malta is under British Government.

the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that in every Certificate of Registry which shall be granted by virtue of this Act, an Insertion shall be made in the Front thereof, stating whether the Ship or Vessel so registered is owned wholly or in part by Persons who are Natives of and resident in the said Island of *Malta*, or otherwise.

V. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officer or Officers by whom Certificates of Registry shall have been granted by virtue of and in pursuance of this Act, shall forthwith, or within One Month at the furthest, transmit to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *London*, a true and exact Copy of every Certificate of Registry, with the Number thereof, which shall have been so granted.

Copies of Certificates of Registry shall be transmitted to Board of Customs in *London*.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act for the more convenient Payment of Pensions to Widows of Officers of the Navy. [28th April 1809.]

WHEREAS His late Majesty King *George* the Second was graciously pleased, by Commission under the Privy Seal, bearing Date the Thirtieth Day of *August* in the Sixth Year of His Reign, to constitute and appoint certain Persons, and their Successors, to be Commissioners or Governors of the Charity for the Relief of Poor Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy: And whereas it would greatly tend to the Comfort and Accommodation of the Widows of Commission and Warrant Officers of the Royal Navy, entitled to Pensions from the said Commissioners or Governors, if such Pensions were paid to the respective Widows entitled thereto, in the Parishes or Places of their Residence, or as near thereto as may be: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and nine, it shall be lawful for the Court of Assistants of the said Charity, to order and direct that all such Pensions shall be paid to the Widows entitled thereto, at or near to the Parishes or Places of their Residence, in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, by any Persons appointed by them to pay the same.

Court of Assistants of the Charity for the Relief of Widows of Officers of the Navy, may direct the Pensions to be paid such Widows at the Places of their Residence, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Court of Assistants to make such Orders, Rules, and Regulations, and from Time to Time to alter the same in relation to the Payment of any such Pensions to any such Persons so entitled thereto as aforesaid; and also as to any Certificates, Vouchers, Receipts, or Orders for the better regulating, managing, and making such Payments, and to require such Proofs and Affidavits relating thereto, as may be requisite for the ordering and securing the Payment of such Pensions: Provided always, that every such Order or Regulation may, from Time to Time, be revoked or altered by any Warrant, Order, or Instruction under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual.

Court of Assistants may make such Regulations as to the Payment of such Pensions as they think proper, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and nine, if any Widow who shall be entitled to receive any such Pension, shall be desirous to receive the same from any Receiver-General of the Land Tax in *Great Britain*, Collector of the Customs at any Port in *Great Britain*

Widows may apply to have their Pensions paid by the Receiver-General of the Land Tax.

or the Collector
of the Customs,
or Excise, &c.

Britain or Ireland, Collector of the Excise for any Collection in *Great Britain or Ireland*, or Clerk of the Checque at any Dock Yard in *Great Britain* near to the Place of her Residence, it shall be in the Power of such Widow so entitled to apply before the Time of issuing such Pensions by Letter to the Secretary to the Court of Assistants at the Admiralty Office, to have such Pension paid by such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque; and shall, at the same Time, transmit such Vouchers and Documents as shall be required by the said Court of Assistants.

Court of
Assistants may
order the Pay-
master to make
out Two Dupli-
cate Remittance
Bills, payable to
such Widows by
the Receiver
General, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Court of Assistants on being satisfied of the Justice of the said Claims, shall order and direct the said Paymaster to make out, or cause to be made out, Two Remittance Bills for the Pension due to such Widow, which said Bills shall be Duplicates of each other, and shall be joined together by oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, and shall be made payable to such Widow by the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, to whom the said Remittance Bills shall be addressed; and such Remittance Bills, being numbered and dated, shall be signed by the said Paymaster, who shall cause such Remittance Bills to be prepared, and Accounts thereof to be kept; and such Remittance Bills, being written or printed, shall be according to the Tenor and Form following, or to the like Effect:

Form of Bills.

‘ No. I.

Day of

‘ Str,

‘ PAY to *A. B.* of _____ on her producing and
‘ delivering the Duplicate hereof, the Sum of _____
‘ being for the Pension payable to the said *A. B.* as a Widow of
‘ _____ [*as the Case may be*], on the
‘ Day of _____ last, if the same be demanded within Six
‘ Calendar Months from the Date hereof; otherwise you are to return
‘ this Bill to the Paymaster of Pensions to Sea Officers’ Widows at
‘ his Office.

C. D. Paymaster.

‘ To the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County of _____
‘ To the Collector of the Customs at the Port of _____
‘ To the Collector of Excise at _____
‘ To the Clerk of the Checque at _____

‘ By virtue of the Act 49 Geo. III.’

‘ N. B. The forging of this Remittance Bill, or procuring
‘ any other Person to forge the same, in order to
‘ receive any Part of the Monies hereby payable,
‘ is made Felony by the Act 49 Geo. III.’

One Duplicate
shall be sent to
the Widow and
the other to the
Receiver-Gener-
al, &c. who
shall, on the
Widow’s pro-
ducing the

And so soon as the said Bills are made out and signed, the Paymaster, or Person to be appointed by the said Paymaster, shall cut or cause them to be cut asunder, through the oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices; and shall cause one Duplicate to be transmitted to the Widow named therein, to whom the Money shall be made payable, and the other Duplicate to be transmitted to the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or

1

Clerk

Clerk of the Checque, to whom the same shall be addressed; and if the Duplicate of such Bill shall be produced by the Widow, to whom the same shall be made payable, to such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, to whom the same shall be addressed, within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, he shall carefully examine the same with the Duplicate transmitted to him as aforesaid, and being satisfied of the Authenticity thereof, and of the Identity of the Widow producing the same to him, he shall immediately pay the Sum mentioned therein to such Widow, without Fee, or Reward, or Deduction, on any Pretence whatever, taking a Receipt for such Payment on the Back of the Bill; which Bill, and the Duplicate thereof, being transmitted by the Person who shall pay the same to the said Paymaster, shall be immediately repaid to him by such Receiver-General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, or his Order; but in case the Duplicate of such Bill shall not be so produced, and Payment thereof demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, then the said Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, shall return the Duplicate thereof in his Hands to the said Paymaster at his Office in *London*, who shall cause the same to be cancelled; and thereupon the Sum contained in such Bill shall become payable to the Widow in whose Favour it was drawn, or to her lawful Representatives, in case of her Death, in the same Manner as if such Bill had never been issued.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, to whom the Duplicate of any such Bill shall be tendered for Payment, shall not have in his Hands Publick Monies sufficient to answer the same, and shall for that Reason refuse or delay the immediate Payment thereof, such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, shall immediately indorse on the said Duplicate the Date of its being so tendered to him, and the Cause of his Refusal or Delay to pay the same; and shall appoint therein for the Payment of the same some future Day, within the Space of One Month at the farthest from its being so first tendered to him as aforesaid; and such Duplicate, with the Indorsement thereon, shall be immediately delivered back to the Person presenting the same; and if upon Complaint made to the respective Commissioners appointed, or to be appointed, to manage the said several Duties of Land Tax, Customs, or Excise, or to the Commissioners of the Navy if the Person complained of be a Clerk of the Checque, it shall appear that such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, hath unnecessarily or wilfully refused or delayed the Payment of such Bill, or directly or indirectly, by himself or any Person under him, received or taken any Fee, Reward, Gratuity, Discount, or Deduction whatsoever, on account of the Payment of the same, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Three or more of the said Commissioners to convict and fine the Person under their Direction so offending, in any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence; and such Fine shall be levied and recovered in such and the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as any Penalty or Fine may

Duplicate, pay her the Sum contained therein, &c.

Receiver-General, &c. shall indorse on the Duplicate the Date of its being tendered, in case he has not Publick Monies in his Hands to pay the Bill, &c. and appoint a Day of Payment within a Month.

Penalty on Persons delaying Payment unnecessarily, &c.

be levied and recovered for any Offence against the Laws of Customs or Excise; and the said Fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers.

On Certificate of
Infirmity being
produced, the
Receiver-
General, &c.
authorized to pay
the Contents of
the Bill to the
Order of the
Widow.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if such Widow to whom the Remittance Bill shall be made payable, shall be prevented and disabled by bodily Infirmity from appearing in Person before the said Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, and such bodily Infirmity being properly and satisfactorily certified by the Minister, and a Churchwarden or Elder of the Parish where such Widow shall reside, or by the Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary attending her, then and in such Case the Sum contained in such Bill, shall be paid to the Order in Writing of such Widow, upon producing and giving up to such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, such Certificate of bodily Infirmity as aforesaid, together with a Duplicate of the said Bill, and a proper Receipt on the Back of the same, signed by the Widow in whose Favour the Bill shall have been drawn payable, and witnessed by the Person who shall receive the Money.

Assignments of
Pension to be
void.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Assignments, Bargains, Sales, Orders, Contracts, Agreements, or Securities whatsoever which shall be given or made by any Widow entitled to any such Pension, shall be absolutely null and void, to all Intents and Purposes.

Letters and
Packets sent by
the Paymaster
to be free of
Postage.

VIII. And be it enacted, That all Letters and Packets sent by the said Paymaster shall, from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and nine, be sent free from the Duty of Postage; and all Letters and Packets relating to the Execution of this Act, that shall be forwarded by such Paymaster, shall be under Covers with the Words "Pursuant to Act of Parliament Forty-ninth *Geo. III.*" printed upon the same; and the said Paymaster shall write his name under the Words so printed; and he is hereby strictly prohibited and discharged from inclosing or sending under such Covers any Writing, Paper, or Parcel whatever, excepting such as relate to the Execution of this Act; and if he shall send or convey under the Covers aforesaid any Writing, Paper, or Parcel, other than those relating to the Execution of this Act, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and such Fine shall be levied and recovered in such and the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as any Conviction may be made, and any Penalty or Fine levied or recovered, for any Offence against any Law by which any Duty of Customs or Excise is imposed or laid; and the said Fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers against such Offender or Offenders.

Punishment for
personating
Widows entitled
to Pensions,
Fourteen Years
Transportation.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and nine, if any Person shall wilfully and knowingly personate, or falsely assume the Name or Character of, or procure any other Person to personate or falsely to assume the Name or Character of any Widow entitled, or supposed to be entitled to any such Pension aforesaid, in order to receive the same, or any Part thereof, every such Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and may be transported for such Period, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the Court shall adjudge.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly or wilfully act or assist in forging or counterfeiting, the Name or Hand-writing of any Widow entitled to any such Pension, or if any Person or Persons required by any Rules or Regulations made under and by virtue of this Act to sign any Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt, in relation to the Payment of any such Pension, for and in order to the receiving or obtaining any Money on any such Pension, or shall utter as true any false, forged, or counterfeited Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited. with an Intention to defraud any Person whatsoever, every such Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be and is hereby declared and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and may be transported for such Period, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the said Court shall adjudge.

Punishment for forging Bills or Certificates, &c. Fourteen Years Transportation.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Orders, Certificates, Vouchers, Remittance Bills, and Receipts, for or relating to any such Pensions, shall be free from all Duties of Stamps, and be good, valid, and effectual, although the same shall not have been stamped; any Thing in any Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bills and Certificates, &c. exempted from Stamp Duties.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for amending and rendering more effectual an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for erecting and establishing Publick Infirmaries or Hospitals. [28th April 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, 'An Act for erecting and establishing Publick Infirmaries or Hospitals in this Kingdom,'* reciting that the Sums by the said Act of the Parliament of *Ireland* empowered to be raised had proved insufficient, it was enacted, That it should be lawful for the Grand Jury in each and every County in *Ireland* to present to be raised on the County at large, a Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds in the Year, over and above and exclusive of the Sum which they were empowered to present by the said recited Act, to be paid and applied to the Support and Maintenance of the County Infirmary or Hospital in such Counties: And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, extends to Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in *Ireland*, for the erecting and establishing of Publick Infirmaries or Hospitals, wherein special Provision has been made by any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*: For the obviating of such Doubts, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year, and the several Provisions therein contained, relating to presenting and raising any Sum not exceeding Five hundred Pounds in all Counties in *Ireland*, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns in

45 G. 3 c. 111. amending Irish Act 5 G. 3. c. 20

Provisions of recited Act relating to raising any Sum not exceeding 500l. in Counties, extended to Counties of Cities and Towns.

Ireland, for the erecting, establishing, supporting, and maintaining of any Publick Infirmaries or Hospitals, wherein any special Provisions have been made by any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*; and a Sum not exceeding the Sum of Five hundred Pounds shall be accordingly presented and raised in such Counties of Cities and Counties of Towns, under the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year, and this Act.

When there are Two or more Infirmaries in any such County of a City, &c. the Money raised shall be equally divided.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever it shall happen that in any such County of a City or County of a Town in *Ireland*, there shall be Two or more Infirmaries or Hospitals entitled to the Benefits of the said recited Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for erecting and establishing Publick Infirmaries or Hospitals, all and every such Sum of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, as shall be so presented and raised under and by virtue of the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year and this Act, shall be equally divided between and applied among such several Infirmaries or Hospitals in such County of a City or County of a Town, and shall be paid over by the Treasurer of such County of a City or County of a Town to the several and respective Treasurers of the said respective Infirmaries or Hospitals, in equal Shares and Proportions.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers.

[28th April 1809.]

“The Rates are the same as in 41 G. 3. (U. K.) c. 35.—Continuance
“of Act from 24 March 1808 to 25 March 1809.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act for further continuing, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for rendering the Payment of Creditors more equal and expeditious in *Scotland*.

[28th April 1809.]

“33 G. 3. c. 74. (last continued by 48 G. 3. c. 25.) further continued
“to 25 *July* 1811.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act for making Compensation to the Proprietors of such Lands and Hereditaments as have been purchased for better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores at *Portsmouth*; and for extending the Lines and Works at *Dover*; in pursuance of an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty.

[28th April 1809.]

“Recital of 46 G. 3. c. 105. whereby Premises were vested in Trustees
“for the Use of the Ordnance Office. 11,525*l.* 15*s.* awarded as the
“Value of the Premises. The said Sum shall be paid out of the Supplies
“for 1809. § 1. Surveyor-General of the Ordnance shall make out
“Bills to the Persons entitled to the Money awarded as the Value of
“Premises, &c. and Debentures shall be prepared thereupon. § 2.
“Debentures

“ Debentures shall be paid to the Persons entitled thereto. § 3. When
 “ Money is awarded to be paid to Trustees, the Debentures shall be
 “ paid to the Deputy Remembrancer. § 4. Who shall pay it into
 “ the Bank. § 5. Court of Exchequer shall have a Controul over
 “ the Application of such Money. § 6. Powers of the Deputy of
 “ the King’s Remembrancer shall devolve on his Successor. § 7. In
 “ case of Refusal to accept Debentures, the Clerk of the Ordnance
 “ shall deposit the same with the Clerk of the Peace, and the Premises
 “ shall thereupon be vested to the Use of His Majesty. § 8. Limita-
 “ tion of Actions, Six Months. General Issue. Treble Costs. § 9.

C A P. XL.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions for the Defence of the Realm.

[12th May 1809.]

“ **WHEREAS** an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament,
 “ intituled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a per-*
 “ *manent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions for the Defence*
 “ *of the Realm*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should
 “ be amended and rendered more effectual, and that further Provision
 “ should be made for carrying into Execution the Purposes thereof;
 “ may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted;’ And
 “ be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 “ Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Com-
 “ mons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of
 “ the same, That in every Case in which His Majesty shall by any Warrant
 “ under His Royal Sign Manual have ordered and directed, or shall here-
 “ after order or direct, that the Local Militia of any County shall be
 “ ballotted or enrolled under the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for
 “ His Majesty at any Time thereafter, by any Order of his Principal
 “ Secretary of State, to direct the supplying any Deficiencies or filling
 “ up of any Vacancies, or the balloting or enrolling Men in such County
 “ from Time to Time, without any further or other Warrant or Order
 “ of His Majesty for that Purpose, and notwithstanding any Suspension
 “ of Ballot for the regular Militia.

48 G. 3. c. 111.

Deficiencies and Vacancies may be directed to be supplied by Order of Secretary of State without His Majesty’s Warrant.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful at any Time before the Local Militia of any County shall be completed to the full Amount of Six Times the Quota of the original Militia, and also at any Time thereafter when any Vacancies shall arise in such Local Militia, whether any such Order or Direction shall by Warrant or otherwise have been made or given for the supplying the Deficiencies or Vacancies in such Local Militia or not, for any Persons (as well Members of Volunteer Corps as others,) voluntarily to enrol themselves in the Local Militia of such County, according to the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act, until the full Number of Men required by virtue of the said recited Act in such County shall be completed.

Volunteers allowed to enter whether any Order be given for supplying Deficiencies or not, until Local Militia be completed.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Members of any Volunteer Corps shall have transferred themselves into the Local Militia of any County, or any Persons shall have voluntarily enrolled themselves in such Local Militia, all Vacancies or Deficiencies

Vacancies shall be filled up notwithstanding the Number of Local Militia

and Volunteers exceed Six Times the Quota of the Regular Militia.

Deficiencies thereafter arising in the full Number of Persons who shall have been so enrolled in such Local Militia, by any such Persons enlisting or entering into His Majesty's Army, Navy, or Marines, or engaging as Substitutes, or enlisting as Volunteers in the Regular Militia, or by Discharge, Absence, Desertion, Death, or Expiration of Service, or Promotion of Private Men to be Serjeants and Corporals, or otherwise, shall be filled up without any Order or Direction of His Majesty, or His Principal Secretary of State for that Purpose, and notwithstanding any Suspension of Ballot for the Regular Militia, and notwithstanding the whole Number of such Local Militia shall, together with the Volunteers serving in and for the County, Division, or Parish, in which such Deficiencies may exist, or Vacancies shall have arisen or may arise, be more than equal to Six Times the Amount of the Quota of Regular Militia of such County; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

But such Deficiencies shall not be supplied till the Number is reduced below the Proportion.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no such Deficiencies or Vacancies in any County in which the Number of Persons who have transferred themselves into the Local Militia, shall be more than equal to Six Times such Quota as aforesaid, shall be supplied or required to be supplied until the Number of such Local Militia shall be reduced below the Proportion of Men required for such County.

Local Militia Men may enlist into the Regular Militia [of their own Counties] 49 G.3. c.129.] except during annual Training.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person ballotted or enrolled to serve or serving in the Local Militia to enlist or enter into the Regular Militia under any Act of this Session of Parliament for completing the Militia, at any Time except during such Portion of the Period of being assembled for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise, as His Majesty shall by any Order made in that Behalf prescribe, and the Enlisting or Entry of every such Man shall be immediately certified by the Officer with whom such Man shall have enlisted or entered, to the Officer commanding the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Local Militia from which such Man shall have enlisted or entered; and all Vacancies arising by any such enlisting or entering as aforesaid, shall be supplied in such Manner as any other Vacancies in the Local Militia.

Penalty on Officer, &c. enlisting a Local Militia Man during such Period of Training 20l.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Officer or Non-commissioned Officer, or Corporal, or Private Man of any of His Majesty's Forces or Marines, or of the Regular Militia, or Overseer, or Churchwarden of any Parish, or any other Person shall enlist or persuade to enlist any Man serving in any Regiment of the Local Militia during any such Part of the Period of such Regiment being assembled for Training or Exercise, as shall be prescribed by His Majesty as the Period of Assembly, during which Persons serving in the Local Militia shall not enlist; on Pain of forfeiting, for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered as the like Penalty for enlisting a Militia Man may be recovered under any Act relating to the Militia.

How Vacancies by Promotion of Corporals, and Serjeants and enlisting shall be filled up.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Deficiencies and Vacancies which shall have arisen in the Local Militia, or which shall hereafter arise by reason of any Private Men being made Corporals or Serjeants, or by reason of any enlisting into the Regular Militia under any Act of this Session of Parliament, shall be filled up and supplied according to the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act and the several Acts relating to the Militia, as far as the same are applicable.

VIII.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Deputy-Lieutenants of any County, in any Case in which it shall appear to them to be necessary or proper, by reason of any Quotas of Local Militia of any Divisions of any County, or of any Parishes of any Division, which shall have been fixed according to the original Quotas of the Regular Militia under the said Act of the Forty-second Year aforesaid, being found by any Returns now made or which may hereafter be made, not to be in proportion to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia in such respective Hundreds or Parishes, to make any new Apportionment and ascertain and settle any Quotas of Local Militia as to any Divisions of any County, or as to any Parishes in any Division, either by any Alteration of the Proportions of any such Quotas of the Regular Militia under the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty-second Year aforesaid, or by any new Apportionment as to such Divisions, or as to the Parishes in any Division according to the relative Numbers of Men liable to serve in the Local Militia: Provided always, that all Quotas of Local Militia which shall have been settled and ascertained for any Divisions, or for any Parishes of any Division, shall remain and be deemed to be the proper Quotas of such Divisions and Parishes respectively, unless and until the Deputy-Lieutenants shall deem it necessary to alter and shall have altered the same, and settled any new Quotas under the said Act of the said Forty-second Year aforesaid and this Act.

Deputy-Lieutenants may make new Apportionments in case from the Returns made it be found the Quotas are not in proportion to the relative Numbers liable to serve, &c.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants at any General Meeting, and they are hereby required to ascertain and fix by Ballot the Order in which the respective Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes in their respective Counties shall stand as to the supplying any Deficiencies or Vacancies that may exist or arise therein by reason of the Appointment of any Persons serving in the Local Militia of any such County to be Sergeants or Corporals, and shall, immediately after the same shall be so ascertained and fixed, cause such Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes respectively, to be entered in such Order, in a List to be prepared for that Purpose; and such Vacancies shall be supplied by such Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes, in the Order in which they shall have been entered in such List as aforesaid, and not by the Parishes to which the Men so promoted shall have served.

Lieutenancy shall fix by Ballot the Order in which Subdivisions, &c. shall supply Deficiencies by Promotions of Sergeants, &c.

X. And be it further enacted, That in every Case in which the Number of Men enrolled in any Division, Hundred, or Parish of any County, shall be more than the relative Proportion of such Division, Hundred, or Parish, it shall be lawful for the Deputy-Lieutenants at any General or Subdivision Meetings for any County where any such Inequality shall arise, to ascertain and fix by Ballot or otherwise, in what Manner the Surplus of Numbers of Men so enrolled in any such Division, Hundred, or Parish, shall be applied and apportioned among the other Divisions, Hundreds, or Parishes of such County, and how and in what Proportions, and in what Order any future Deficiencies and Vacancies are to be filled up and supplied by such other Divisions, Hundreds, or Parishes as aforesaid.

Deputy-Lieutenants shall regulate Inequality of Numbers in Divisions.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and ten, so much of the said recited Act as enacts that any Person who shall voluntarily enrol himself to serve in the Local Militia under the said recited Act (except Members of Volunteer Corps transferring themselves)

48 G. 3. c. 111. § 26. as to Bounties to Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves repealed; (except

as to Members of
Volunteer
Corps).

Parishes may
agree to give
Two Guineas
Bounty.

Bounty paid to
Persons enrolling
in Local Militia
shall be deducted,
and repaid, if
they enlist into
the Line within
certain Periods.

49 G. 3. c. 111.
§ 51, 52, as to
Repayment of
Bounties allowed
of County Rates
repealed.

No Bounties to
Members of
Volunteer Corps
unless serving
before this Act.

Volunteers
transferred to
Local Militia,
not liable to serve
in Regular
Militia.

Officers com-
manding Volun-
teers transferred
into the Local
Militia shall
retain their
Command, &c.

selves) shall be entitled to receive the Sum of **Two Guineas**, to be paid upon his Enrolment, over and above any Sum to which he may be entitled for Necessaries, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, with the Consent of the Inhabitants taken at a Vestry, or any other Meeting to be called and holden for that Purpose, of which **Five Days** Publick Notice shall be given, to agree to give a Bounty to any Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia for such Parish; provided that such Bounty or Sum of Money shall in no Case exceed the Sum of **Two Guineas** for each Person, to be paid upon Enrolment, exclusive of Necessaries; and such Sum for Bounties may and shall be raised, and levied and collected in such Manner, and under such and the like Rules, Regulations, and Penalties, as any Sums allowed to be given to Volunteers for the Militia under an Act passed in the **Forty-second Year** of His present Majesty.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Whole of the Bounty which shall have been paid to any Person enrolled in the Local Militia, whether the same shall have been paid by His Majesty, or by any Parish under the Provisions of the said Act or this Act, shall, if such Person shall thereafter at any Period within **One Year** enlist into the Army, Navy, or Marines, be deducted from the Bounty payable to such Person upon so enlisting; and if such Person shall enlist at any Time after the Expiration of **One Year** and before the Expiration of **Two Years**, then **One Half** of such Bounty shall be deducted as aforesaid, and the Amount so deducted shall be accounted for, and be repaid to the Persons by whom, or to the Account from which the Bounty so deducted and repaid, shall have been advanced.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as enacts or requires that any Sums of Money advanced or paid for the Bounties of **Two Guineas** allowed by the said recited Act, to Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia, or transferring themselves from Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia, shall be paid or repaid out of any County Rate, or assessed upon any Parishes in any County, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, that no Person transferring himself from any Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, shall be entitled to any Bounty upon being enrolled in the Local Militia, unless he shall have been a Member of a Volunteer Corps before the passing of this Act, and shall have continued a Member of a Volunteer Corps up to the Period of his transferring himself as aforesaid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Person who shall transfer himself as a Member of a Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia, and shall be thereupon enrolled in the Local Militia, shall be liable to be called upon to be enrolled or serve in the Regular Militia by reason of his having been ballotted and entered for the Regular Militia, during the Period of his having been a Member of a Volunteer Corps; any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Local Lieutenant of any County, or for any Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Regiments, Battalion or Battalions, or Corps of Volunteers who shall transfer himself into the Local Militia

Militia with his Regiment or Regiments, Battalion or Battalions, or Corps, or with Part thereof, under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act, to retain such Command, and to continue to act as Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, or Regiments, Battalions or Corps, so transferred and become Local Militia, and together with any Regiment of Regular Militia, if he shall have commanded any Regiment of Regular Militia at the Time of such Transfer as aforesaid; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of Local Militia holding the Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant, shall take Rank of and command all other Lieutenant-Colonels serving in the said Local Militia, notwithstanding the Commissions of the said Lieutenant-Colonels should be of a prior Date to the Commissions of such Lieutenant-Colonels Commandant.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Officers of Yeomanry Corps shall rank with the Officers of the Local Militia according to the Dates of their respective Commissions.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Officer of Local Militia, who shall have held any Commission in any Volunteer Corps at the Time of his becoming an Officer of the Local Militia, shall be entitled to rank with the Officers of Yeomanry Corps, according to the Date of his Commission of the same Rank in the Volunteers.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Vice-Lieutenant, who shall be authorized by the Lieutenant for that Purpose, to grant Commissions to Officers to serve in the Local Militia, in such and the like Manner as the Lieutenant giving such Authority may grant such Commissions.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Commission granted before the passing of this Act, or which shall be granted after the passing of this Act, to any Officer in the Local Militia, shall be subject to any Stamp Duty.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts, and Orders, drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Local Militia, or of any Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, and also all Bills, Drafts, and Orders, by which any Sums of Money or Fines are remitted to the Bank of *England*, or the Paymaster-General, or any Person or Persons authorized by the Secretary at War to receive Money on account of the Local Militia or Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps, may and shall be drawn upon unstamped Paper; and no such Bill, Draft, or Order, shall be void by reason of not being so drawn or written on stamped Paper, any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order notified by His Secretary of State, upon the Application of the Lieutenant of any County in which the principal Town or Towns of such County shall not afford sufficient Accommodation for the quartering of the Local Militia of the County, during the training and exercising of such Local Militia, or in any Case in which it may be more convenient with respect to the Residence of the Persons enrolled in such Local Militia, and to the Distance which such Persons may have to march for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, to authorize and allow, and to order the Local Militia of

Lieutenant-Colonels Commandant shall command Lieutenant-Colonels.

Rank of Officers of Yeomanry Corps,

and of Officers of Local Militia holding Commissions in Volunteers.

Vice-Lieutenant may grant Commissions.

No Stamp Duty on Commissions in Local Militia.

Bills for Pay or Money on Account of Local Militia, &c. may be drawn on unstamped Paper.

Where Towns in the Country do not afford Accommodation for quartering Local Militia, they may be marched into an adjoining County.

such

such County, or any Regiments or Regiment thereof, to be marched into any adjoining County for the Purpose of training and exercising; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Adjutants and Non-commissioned Officers of Local, may train Regular, Militia Men until marched to their Regiment.
[See 49 G. 3. c. 82. § 2.]

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Adjutants, Quarter Masters, and also for the Non-commissioned Officers of the Local Militia, being on permanent Pay as such, to receive and command, and train and exercise any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties at any Time after their Enrolment, and for any Period, until they can conveniently be marched and shall be ordered to march to their respective Regiments; and all such Adjutants, Quarter Masters, and Non-commissioned Officers, shall for such Purpose have the like Command over such Men as any Officer of the Regular Militia of the County to which they belong, and shall for that Purpose, and as to all the Provisions of any Act for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, be deemed and construed to be Officers for the Time being of such Regular Militia having the Command of such Men.

Colonels may appoint Quarter Masters for Regiments of Local Militia.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment of Militia to appoint any fit and proper Person, with the Approbation of His Majesty, to be Quarter-Master of his Regiment of Local Militia, although such Person shall not have served in His Majesty's other Forces, or in the embodied Militia, as required by the Provisions of the said Act passed in the Forty-second Year aforesaid, and such Person may be appointed to serve with such Rank as is in the said Act mentioned.

Qualification for Officers [of Local Militia] may be in any Part of Great Britain.
[See 49 G. 3. c. 82. § 3.]

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Estate of the Value, or to the Amount, or of the Description specified in the several Acts relating to the Militia as a Qualification for any Officer in the Militia, situate, lying, or being in any Part of *Great Britain*, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be, and be deemed and construed to be a good and valid Qualification, although the same shall not be situate in the County to which the Officer having such Estate shall belong; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Local Militia Officers not exempt from being Sheriffs.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be entitled to claim any Exemption, or to be exempt from serving the Office of Sheriff, by reason of holding any Commission in the Local Militia; any Thing in any Act relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

Serjeants, &c. not allowed to enlist in Regulars without Consent of Commanding Officer.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, of any Regiment of Local Militia, on permanent Pay as such, or as a Musician in the Band of the Regiment of Local Militia to which he shall belong, shall be entitled to his Discharge, or be allowed to enlist into the Army, Navy, or Marines, or Regular Militia, or to engage himself as a Substitute or Volunteer in the Regular Militia at any Time, whether the Regiment to which such Non-commissioned Officer or Drummer or Musician shall belong, shall be assembled for the Purpose of annual Training and Exercise or not, unless with the Consent in Writing of the Commanding Officer of his Regiment given for that Purpose.

Men shall not change their Regiments on removing from one Part of a County to another.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person who shall be enrolled in any Regiment of Local Militia shall be removed or transferred from the Regiment in which he shall have been placed upon his Enrolment, by reason of his removing from any one Division or Part of

of his County to any other Division or Part of his County, but any such Person shall, notwithstanding such Removal, be obliged to join his Regiment wherever the same shall be assembled or called out under the Provisions of the said recited Act or this Act; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person enrolled to serve as a Local Militia Man to remove from one County to another County, or from one Division to another Division of the same County, during the Time that the Regiment to which he belongs shall be assembled, without having first obtained the Consent of his Commanding Officer expressed in Writing.

Men shall not remove while the Regiment is assembled.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Commissioned or Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man in the Local Militia, shall be subject to any of the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, or any Articles of War made in pursuance thereof, except during such Time as he shall be receiving the Pay of his Rank in the Local Militia, or shall be called out or assembled or embodied under any of the Provisions of the said recited Act.

Local Militia shall not be subject to Mutiny Act, unless when receiving Pay, or embodied.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Provisions of this Act shall, in Execution of the said recited Act, be used and applied and construed in like Manner as if the same Provisions were specially enacted in the said Act, and all and every the Provisions of the said Act shall, in the Execution of this Act, except where the same are thereby expressly varied, be used and applied, extended and construed, in like Manner as if the same Provisions (except as aforesaid) were specially enacted in this Act.

This Act and recited Act shall be construed as one Act.

“An Act may be altered this Session. § 33. [See 49 G. 3. c. 82. § 129.]

C A P. XLI.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, to provide that *British* Ships captured by the Enemy, becoming the Property of *British* Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privilege of *British* Ships.

[12th May 1809.]

“WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide that British Ships which shall be captured by the Enemy, and shall afterwards become the Property of British Subjects, shall not be entitled to the Privilege of British Ships*, it is enacted, that no *British*-built Ship or Vessel which has been captured by the Enemy, and which shall not have been registered *de novo* before the First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and eight, nor any *British*-built Ship or Vessel which shall thereafter be captured by the Enemy, shall be registered as a *British*-built Ship or Vessel; but every such Ship or Vessel, although owned by a *British* Subject or Subjects, shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes as a Foreign-built Ship or Vessel: And whereas it may be an Encouragement to the Recapture of such Ships and Vessels, if such recaptured Ships and Vessels were admitted to the Privilege of *British*-built Ships and Vessels as before their Capture

48 G. 3. c. 70.

British-built
Vessels, if recaptured may be registered, and have the Privilege of British Ships.

‘ by the Enemy;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every *British*-built Ship or Vessel recaptured from the Enemy by any of His Majesty’s Ships of War, or by any Ship or Vessel having Letters of Marque and Reprizal, or by any Ship or Vessel of War belonging to any State in Alliance with His Majesty, may be registered, and shall be deemed and taken to have the Privileges of a *British*-built Ship or Vessel, in the same Manner as if it had not been captured by the Enemy; any Thing in the said Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. XLII.

An Act for better regulating the Publick Records of *Scotland*.
[12th May 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS Irregularities and Inconveniences have arisen or may arise from the unnecessary Multiplicity of Registers in *Scotland* in which Deeds and other Writings may be competently recorded, either for Execution or for Preservation: And whereas the Laws heretofore devised for regulating the Formation and Custody of the Publick Records, and more especially of those in the Local Registries throughout *Scotland*, have not been found effectual; and it is of high Importance that the whole of the Publick Records within that Part of the United Kingdom should be placed under one general and effectual Plan of Management and Controul: And whereas by an Act of the Parliament of *Scotland*, passed on the Thirteenth Day of *June* in the Year One thousand six hundred and eighty-five, intituled, *Act concerning the Registration of Writs in the Books of Session*, it is, *inter alia*, statuted and ordained, “ That no Clerk of inferior Court for the future presume to registrate any Writs in his Books, either for Conservation, or where Execution is to pass against any Party that dwells without the Jurisdiction, under the Pain of Deprivation, and of Five hundred Merks of Penalty, the one Half to His Majesty, and the other Half to the Party Pursuer,” which Provisions of the aforesaid Act it has become necessary to renew, modify, and enlarge; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted;’ and be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, but with and under the Exceptions and Reservations herein-after-mentioned, it shall not be lawful for the Clerks of Royal Burghs, or of Burghs of Regality or Barony within *Scotland*, to receive any Deeds or other Writings for the Purpose of being recorded by them in the Books or Registers of their respective Courts, either in virtue of an Act of the Parliament of *Scotland* passed on the Thirtieth Day of *August* in the Year One thousand six hundred and ninety-eight, intituled, *Act concerning Registration of Probative Writs*, or in virtue of any Clause contained in such Deeds and Writings, consenting that the same should be recorded either for Preservation thereof, or for Execution: Provided always, that this Act shall not extend to or affect the Right

Scotch Act
1685, cap. 38.

Clerks of Burgh Courts shall not record Probative Writs, or Deeds, in virtue of Clauses of Registration: except that Clerks of Royal Burghs may record Protests on Bills; and Instruments of Seisin of Tenements within Burghs;

of the Clerks of Royal Burghs to receive Instruments of Protest on Bills of Exchange, Inland Bills and Promissory Notes, and to record the same: Provided also, that this Act shall not extend to or affect the Right of the Clerks of Royal Burghs to record in their Books Instruments of Seisin and other Writs relative to heritable Property holding in Burgage and situated within their respective Burghs or Liberties thereof in virtue of an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed on the Sixth Day of September in the Year One thousand six hundred and eighty-one, intituled, *Act concerning the Registration of Seisins and Reversions of Tenements within Burgh*: Provided also, that this Act shall not extend to or affect the Right of the Clerks of Royal Burghs to receive and record Dispositions, Tacks, and other Deeds, relating exclusively to the Property or Possession of Subjects holding in Burgage and situated within such Burghs or Liberties thereof respectively, or any Deeds or Instruments where all the Parties to the same shall be Burgesses or have a legal Domicil within such Burghs, at the Time that such Deeds or Instruments shall be presented for Registration.

and Deeds relating exclusively to such Tenements; or any Deeds where all the Parties are Burgesses or domiciled Inhabitants.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Clerks of the several Commissary Courts within Scotland, to receive any Deed or other Writing for the Purpose of being recorded by them in the Books or Registers of their respective Courts, either in virtue of the above-mentioned Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed on the Thirtieth Day of August in the Year One thousand six hundred and ninety-eight, or in virtue of any Clause contained in such Deeds or Writings consenting that the same should be recorded either for Preservation thereof or for Execution, or in virtue of an Act of the Parliament of Scotland, passed on the Sixteenth Day of September in the Year One thousand six hundred and eighty-one, intituled, *Act concerning Bills of Exchange*, or of any Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain authorizing the Registration of Bills and Promissory Notes for the Purpose of summary Execution.

Clerks of Commissary Courts shall not record Probative Writs or Deeds, in virtue of Clauses of Registration.

III. And be it further enacted, That, if after the Date aforesaid, any of the Clerks of Royal Burghs, or Burghs of Regality or Barony, or any of the Clerks of the Commissary Courts within Scotland, shall receive any of the above-mentioned Deeds or Writings, for the Purposes of recording the same in their respective Books or Registers, or shall transcribe the same into their Books, or shall give forth Copies thereof, bearing to be Extracts from their respective Books or Registers, excepting as above excepted, the aforesaid Books, Copies, and Extracts, shall not make Faith or be of any Avail or Authority whatever; and the aforesaid Clerks or others so offending shall be liable in a Penalty of Five Pounds for each Offence, which may be sued for and shall be recoverable to his own Use, together with the Expences of Process, by the Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk of the Shire or Stewartry within which such Offence shall have been committed, on a summary Complaint to the Sheriff Depute or Stewart Depute of such Shire or Stewartry; and in default of such Prosecution at the Instance of the Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk, within Twelve Months from the Date of the Commission of such Offence, then such Penalty shall and may be sued for and recovered, together with the Expences of Process, by the Lord Clerk Register on a summary Complaint presented within Three Years after the Date of

Penalties on Officers disobeying.

such Offence, to the Lords of Council and Session, such Penalty in the latter Case being solely applicable by the Lord Clerk Register, to the Purposes of the Establishment of His Majesty's General Register House.

Clerk of the
Commissary
Court of Edin-
burgh shall
deliver his
Registers of
Deeds, and the
Warrants to the
Lord Clerk
Register.

IV. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Clerk of the Commissary Court of *Edinburgh* shall deliver to the Lord Clerk Register, or his Deputy Keepers of Records, all the Books or Registers of Deeds or of Probative Writings kept by them and their Predecessors in Office, and which shall be in their Custody, together with the Minute Books and Warrants of the said Registers or Books of Record, and with an Inventory of the whole, to the Accuracy and Completeness of which the said Clerks shall make Oath before the Lords of Council and Session; and that the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputy Keepers of Records shall receive the aforesaid Books, Registers, and Warrants to be deposited with the other Publick Records of *Scotland*, and shall make and subscribe a full Duplicate of the aforesaid Inventory, to be delivered to and deposited by the said Clerk with the other Records of the Commissary Court remaining under his Custody and Care.

Clerks of inferior
Commissary
Courts shall
deliver their
Registers of
Deeds, and the
Warrants to
Sheriff Clerks.

V. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Clerks of the several inferior Commissary Courts shall deliver to the Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks of the Shires or Stewartries within which such Commissary Courts are respectively situated, all the Books or Registers of Deeds or of Probative Writings, if any, which have been kept by them and their Predecessors in Office, and which shall be in their Custody, together with the Minute Books and Warrants of the same, and with an Inventory of the whole, to the Accuracy and Completeness of which the said Clerks respectively shall make Oath in the Court of the Sheriff Depute or Stewart Depute, and that the said Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks shall receive the aforesaid Books, Registers, and Warrants respectively, to be deposited with the other Publick Records under their Custody and Care, and shall make and subscribe full Duplicates of the aforesaid Inventories to be delivered to and deposited by the said Commissary Clerks with the other Publick Records remaining under their Custody and Care.

Clerks of Burghs
of Regality and
Barony, shall
deliver their
Registers of
Deeds, and the
Warrants, if any,
to Sheriff Clerks.

VI. And be it further enacted, That on or before the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Clerks of the several Burghs of Regality and Barony aforesaid, shall in like Manner deliver to the Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks of the Shires or Stewartries within which such Burghs are respectively situated, all the Books or Registers of Deeds or of Probative Writings, if any, which have been kept by them and their Predecessors in Office, and which shall be in their Custody, together with the Minute Books and Warrants of the same, and with an Inventory of the whole, to the Accuracy and Completeness of which the said Clerks respectively shall make Oath in the Court of the Sheriff Depute or Stewart Depute; and that the said Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks shall receive the aforesaid Books, Registers and Warrants respectively, to be deposited with the other Publick Records under their Custody and Care, and shall make and subscribe full Duplicates of such Inventories to be delivered to and deposited by the said Clerks of Burghs respectively with the other Publick Records under their Custody and Care.

VII. And, in order that the aforesaid Provisions of this Act respecting the Delivery of the several Commissary or Burgh Records to the Lord Clerk Register and the several Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks respectively, may be faithfully and punctually carried into Execution; Be it enacted, That it shall be competent for the Lords of Council and Session, on a summary Complaint by the Lord Clerk Register, to inflict such Penalties, not exceeding the Sum of Fifty Pounds for each Offence upon any Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk, Burgh Clerk, or Commissary Clerk, wilfully refusing or neglecting to comply with the aforesaid Provisions of this Act, and to make such further Orders thereon as may appear to them to be necessary, such Penalties being in all Cases recoverable by the Lord Clerk Register, and solely applicable by him to the Purposes of the Establishment of His Majesty's General Register House.

Penalties on Officers wilfully refusing or neglecting.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks of the several Shires and Stewartries to use any Books for the Registration of Deeds or other Writings, unless the same shall have been previously marked, at least on the first and last Leaves thereof, and issued to them by the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputies authorized to that Effect, for each of which Books there shall not be charged more than the prime Cost thereof, together with a Fee to the Deputy Keepers of Records not exceeding Five Shillings Sterling; and if any Sheriff Clerk or Stewart Clerk shall use any other Books or Registers than such as shall have been previously marked as aforesaid, and issued to him by the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputies, he shall be liable in a Penalty of Five Pounds Sterling for each Offence, to be recoverable, together with the Expences of Process, by the Lord Clerk Register, on a summary Complaint at his Instance to the Lords of Council and Session, (such Penalty being in all Cases solely applicable by the Lord Clerk Register to the Purposes of the Establishment of His Majesty's General Register House,) and shall further be bound and obliged again to record the same Deeds and other Writings or Books duly marked and issued to him as aforesaid.

Sheriff Clerks shall record Deeds and Probative Writs in Books marked and issued by Lord Clerk Register.

Penalties on Officers disobeying.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Clerks of Royal Burghs to use any Books for the Registration of Instruments of Seisin of Subjects holding in Burgage, or for the Deeds and other Instruments which they are hereby enabled to receive and to record, unless such Books shall have been previously marked and issued by the Lord Clerk Register, or his Deputies, in the Manner above directed, and under the Penalty above provided, in the Case of Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks as aforesaid.

Clerks of Royal Burghs shall record Seisins, and Deeds in Books marked and issued by Lord Clerk Register.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff's Depute and Stewart's Depute of the several Shires and Stewartries, or their Substitutes, shall at least once in every Year carefully examine into the Progress and State of all the different Records framed and kept by the respective Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks, and shall prepare exact Reports in Writing, setting forth the Result of their Examinations, and particularly specifying the State and Situation of the Buildings in which the Records of their respective Shires and Stewartries are kept, and how far the Laws and Regulations relative to the several Records have been faithfully and punctually executed and obeyed; and

Sheriff's Depute shall annually examine the State of Record Offices, and the Progress and State of Records kept by Sheriff Clerks; and report thereon to the Court of Judiciary:

Court of Justiciary shall direct Inquiries and make Orders thereon.

Magistrates of Royal Burghs shall annually examine the Progress and State of Records; and report thereon to the Court of Justiciary.

Registers by Law transmissible periodically to the General Register House, shall be delivered within Six Months after Completion. Penalties on Officers disobeying.

the Sheriffs Depute of the several Shires of *Edinburgh*, *Haddington*, and *Linlithgow*, or their Substitutes respectively, shall in the Month of *November* in every Year present such Reports, duly authenticated, to the Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, at *Edinburgh*, and the Sheriffs Depute and Stewarts Depute of the other Shires and Stewartries, or their Substitutes respectively, shall present their said Reports, duly authenticated, to the Lords Commissioners of Justiciary, at the Circuit Courts that shall be holden within their respective Bounds, in the Autumn of every Year; and the said Lords Commissioners of Justiciary are hereby empowered to make such Orders thereon, or direct such further Inquiries to be made as may appear to them to be necessary, and direct their Clerks to enter the same in the Minutes of the Court, and thereafter to transmit the several Reports, with a certified Copy of the Orders that may have been made by them thereon, to the Lord Clerk Register, at whose Instance it shall be competent to present to the Lords of Council and Session summary Complaints against any of the Sheriff Clerks or Stewart Clerks, or their Deputies, on account of any Neglect or Malversation in the Business of the several Records committed to their Care, and for redressing and punishing the same according to Law.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Chief Magistrates of the said Royal Burghs respectively, shall at least once in every Year carefully examine into the Progress and State of all the different Records framed and kept by the respective Clerks of such Royal Burghs, and shall prepare exact Reports in Writing, in the Manner above directed, in the Case of Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks; and such Chief Magistrates shall, in the Month of *November* in every Year, transmit such Reports to the Lords Commissioners of Justiciary at *Edinburgh*, who are hereby empowered to make Orders, and direct Inquiries, in the Manner above provided, in the Case of Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks as aforesaid; and the Clerks of Justiciary shall in like Manner transmit such Reports, with a certified Copy of such Orders, to the Lord Clerk Register, at whose Instance summary Complaints may be made against Clerks of Royal Burghs, in the Manner above directed, in the Case of Sheriff Clerks and Stewart Clerks as aforesaid.

XII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Transmission of the successive Volumes or Books of the several Publick Records, from the Offices in which they are formed, to His Majesty's General Register House, should be made with the least possible Delay; Be it enacted, That within Six Months after the passing of this Act, the Keepers of the several Publick Records which are by Law transmissible to His Majesty's General Register House, shall deliver all the Volumes or Books of their respective Records that are already completed, together with the Minute Books and the Warrants thereof, to the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputies; and that in all Time coming thereafter the successive Books or Volumes of these Records shall in all Cases be delivered to the Lord Clerk Register or his Deputies within Three Months after the same have been severally completed and filled up; and if the Keepers of these Records shall refuse or neglect to make such regular Transmission of the successive Books of their respective Records, it shall be competent for the Lord Clerk Register to present a summary Application to the Lords of Council and Session, complaining of such Refusal and Neglect, by whom Warrants shall be granted for issuing Letters of Hornisg against such Keeper

Keeper or Keepers, in order to enforce Obedience to this Act, and by whom such further Pains and Penalties may be inflicted by Fine, not exceeding Fifty Pounds on such Defaulters, as in the Circumstances of the Case shall seem just, to be applied by the Lord Clerk Register to the Purposes of the Establishment of His Majesty's General Register House.

XIII. ' And, for remedying the Inconveniences that have arisen or may arise from the unnecessary Multiplicity of Writings and Records now in Use, as the successive Warrants of Charters and Grants of Lands and other heritable Property, which pass under the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept and used in *Scotland* in place of the Great Seal thereof formerly used there; ' Be it enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months after the passing of this Act, in expeding such Charters and Grants under the aforesaid Seal, the *Latin* Precept under the Signet shall be so framed as to be carried directly to Chancery without its containing any Order that a Precept under the Privy Seal shall be directed thereupon, and without such Precept under the Privy Seal being made out or recorded, and such *Latin* Precept under the Signet shall from thenceforth be received by the Director of His Majesty's Chancery in *Scotland*, and by the Keeper of the Great Seal, as the only legal and sufficient Warrants to them respectively for framing Grants in Terms of the same, and for appending thereto the Seal appointed by the Treaty of Union to be kept and used in *Scotland* in place of the Great Seal thereof formerly used there.

How Writs under the Great Seal, shall be expedite.

XIV. And be it enacted, That so long as the Writer to His Majesty's Privy Seal, and the Keeper of that Seal in Possession of their respective Offices of Writer and Keeper at the Date of the passing of this Act, shall continue to hold the same respectively and no longer, the aforesaid Precepts under His Majesty's Signet shall be produced to the said Writer and Keeper or their respective Deputies, by the Clerks to His Majesty's Signet, by whom the said Precepts respectively have been expedite, and the same Fees heretofore due on the Writing and Sealing of Precepts under the Privy Seal, shall thereupon be paid to the said Keeper and Writer respectively and their Deputies, of which Payments to them respectively a short Attestation shall be written on the Back of the aforesaid Precepts under the Signet, and subscribed by the said Writer and Keeper or their Deputies; and if the Director of His Majesty's Chancery shall, during the Period aforesaid, receive as his Warrant for framing any Charter any such Precept under the Signet which does not bear the due Attestations as aforesaid, he shall be liable in Penalties equal in Amount to the Fees of which the said Writer or Keeper respectively have been deprived; the aforesaid Penalty, together with the Expences of Process, being recoverable by the said Writer or Keeper on summary Complaints at their Instance to the Lords of Council and Session.

Compensation to the Officers of the Privy Seal.

XV. ' And Whereas it is of great Importance that the Record of Writs passing under the Great Seal, and which is kept by the Director of Chancery, should be in all Respects complete, authentic, and authoritative; and that an Act of Sederunt touching that Record was passed by the Lords of Council and Session on the Eleventh Day of *February* One thousand eight hundred and eight, to which it is expedient to give the Force and Effect of a Publick Law; ' Be it enacted, That the Keeper of the Great Seal or his Deputies, instead

For rendering the Register of the Great Seal complete and authoritative; and transmitting thereof to the General Register House.

of delivering the sealed Charters or other Writs to the Persons by whom these have been expedé, shall forthwith deliver the same, together with the Warrants thereof, to the Director of Chancery or his Deputy, by whom, after making the proper Entries of the Sealing in the Record, the Writs shall be delivered respectively to the Persons by whom they shall have been expedé; and the aforesaid Warrants shall remain in the Possession of the Director of Chancery, until the same, together with the Register in which the relative Writs have been recorded, shall be transmitted to His Majesty's General Register House.

Extracts from Register of Great Seal shall be probative.

XVI. And be it enacted, That Extracts of Writs from the Register of the Great Seal, of which the Fact and Date of Sealing shall have been duly recorded, (such Extracts being certified in due Form by the Keepers of the said Records), shall make entire Faith in all Cases, excepting in Cases of Improbation.

Compensation to Keepers of Records affected by the Operation of this Act;

XVII. And, in order that permanent Compensation may be made to the Clerks of Royal Burghs and their Successors in Office, and that Compensation during their respective Lives or Continuance in Office, may be made to the Clerks of Burghs of Regality and of Barony, and to the Commissaries and Clerks of Commissary Courts and other Keepers of Publick Records, for and in respect of the Profits and Emoluments of which they will be deprived by the Operation of this Act, Be it enacted, That the said several Persons having such Claims, and meaning to insist therein, shall, within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act, present the same to the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, together with the Vouchers and Evidence by which the same are meant to be supported; and the said Claims, with the Vouchers thereof, shall be given out to His Majesty's Advocate, in order that he may appear and object to the same, if necessary; and the Barons of the Exchequer, after due Inquiry made by them into the Circumstances of each Case, are hereby authorized and required to determine and ascertain the Amount of the Fees and Emoluments of which the aforesaid Claimants shall have been, or may be deprived by the Operation of this Act, and what Sums will form a just and reasonable Compensation to such Claimants respectively, either by annual Payments to the aforesaid Clerks of Royal Burghs and their Successors in Office, or by Payments in the gross, or in Annuities, during their respective Lives or Continuance in Office, and no longer, to the several other aforesaid Claimants, and shall cause such Determination to be entered in a Roll or Book to be kept for that Purpose; and shall report the same, under their Hands, to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and to both Houses of Parliament.

to be ascertained by Court of Exchequer.

Such Compensation shall be paid by Receiver General on Warrant of the Barons.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That so soon as such Compensation shall have been ascertained by the Barons of the Court of Exchequer as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Barons, and they are hereby directed and required, from Time to Time to issue their Warrant or Warrants to His Majesty's Receiver-General for *Scotland*, who shall thereupon pay the Sum or Sums specified therein to the Person or Persons entitled thereto out of any Money then in his Hands; and every Sum so paid upon any such Warrants shall be allowed in his Account.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for regulating the Mode in which the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, exclusive of the Duty thereon, is to be ascertained under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty. [12th May 1809.]

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen, as to the Rate of Duty paid or payable on Brown or Muscovado Sugar which should be deducted from the Sale Price of such Sugar in order to ascertain the average Price thereof, exclusive of the Duty of Customs, and according to which Average the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to be governed in carrying into Effect the Powers vested in them by an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, during the present War, and for Six Months after the Expiration thereof by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported into and exported from or brought or carried Coastwise within Great Britain*: And whereas it is necessary to remove those Doubts; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Duties of Customs which should have been, and which shall be deducted from the Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar to be published in the *London Gazette* for the Purpose of enabling the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to exercise the Power and Authority vested in them by the said Act, with respect to the Suspension in the whole or in part of the additional Duties thereby granted, shall be at and after the Rate of Thirty Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Sugar; and that the Average Price thereof, to be so published in the *London Gazette* for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be exclusive of the said Duty of Thirty Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Sugar; and that the Average Prices of such Sugar, to be so published for the Purpose aforesaid, shall be made up and published in the *London Gazette* accordingly, at the several Periods directed by the said recited Act, any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

46 G. 3. c. 42.

In ascertaining the Average Prices of Brown or Muscovado Sugar; the Duties of Customs to be deducted shall be 30s. per Cwt.

Act may be altered this Session. § 2.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to permit Goods brought in as Prize, and restored by the Court of Admiralty, or which have been seized as Droits, and so restored, to be sold or transferred within this Kingdom, without paying the Home Consumption Duty.

[12th May 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to permit Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, brought into *Great Britain* as Prize, and restored by the Court of Admiralty, to be sold or transferred for the Purpose of Exportation, without Payment of the Home Consumption Duties; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament

Goods brought in as Prize or seized as Droits shall not be liable to Duty of Customs, &c. on any Sale, if not removed from Warehouse,

except for the Purpose of Exportation.

liament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, which shall have been taken as Prize since the Commencement, or may be taken during the Continuance of Hostilities, and which shall have been, or may be brought into *Great Britain* by any of His Majesty's Ships of War, or by any Private or other Ship or Vessel having Commission from the Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain* for the Time being, or which have been, or may be seized by any Non-commissioned Vessel or otherwise, as Droits of Admiralty, and which under any Decree of the Court of Admiralty shall have been or shall be restored to the Proprietor or Proprietors thereof, or to his or their Agent or Agents, shall not be subject or liable to the Payment of any Duty of Customs or Excise on account of any Sale or Transfer thereof within this Kingdom, provided that such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize are not removed (except for the Purpose of Exportation only) from the Warehouse or Warehouses wherein they shall have been or may be deposited upon the first landing thereof; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

“Benefit of the Act extended to certain Goods on board *Danish* Ships “seized as Droits of Admiralty. § 2.

C A P. XLV,

An Act for more conveniently paying of Allowances on the Compassionate List of the Navy, and of Half Pay to Officers of the Royal Marines. [12th May 1809.]

“WHEREAS it would greatly tend to the Comfort and Accommodation of Persons receiving any Sums of Money or Allowances in consequence of their Names being inserted in the Compassionate List of the Navy, established under and authorized by virtue of His Majesty's Order in Council of the Fifteenth Day of *February* One thousand eight hundred and nine; and also of the Officers of the Royal Marines entitled to Half Pay, if such Allowances and Half Pay were paid to the Persons respectively entitled thereto, at or near to the Places of their Respective Residences: “May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted;” and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, to order and direct that all such Allowances and Half Pay shall be paid to the Persons respectively entitled thereto at or near to the Parishes or Places of their Residence, in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, by any Persons appointed to pay the same.

From Sept. 29, 1809, the Admiralty may direct Allowances from the Compassionate List of the Navy, and the Half Pay to Marine Officers to be paid at the Residence of the Persons entitled thereto.

Admiralty may make such Regulations as they think requisite for the Payment of such Allowances and Half Pay.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners of the Admiralty, or any Three or more of them, for the Time being, to make such Orders, Rules, and Regulations, and from Time to Time to alter the same in relation

relation to the Payment of any such Allowances and Half-Pay to any such Persons so entitled thereto as aforesaid; and also as to any Certificates, Vouchers, Receipts, or Orders for the better regulating, managing, and making such Payments; and to require such Proofs and Affidavits relating thereto as may be requisite for the ordering and securing the Payment of such Allowances and Half Pay: Provided always, that every such Order or Regulation may from Time to Time be revoked or altered by any Warrant, Order, or Instruction under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twentieth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, if any Person who shall be entitled to receive any such Allowance (the Names of such Persons, and the Sums they are respectively entitled to, being previously and from Time to Time transmitted to the Commissioners of the Navy;) or if any Officer of the Royal Marines on Half Pay, shall be respectively desirous to receive such Allowance or Half Pay from any Receiver-General of the Land Tax in *Great Britain*, Collector of the Customs at any Port in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, Collector of the Excise for any Collection in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or Clerk of the Checque at any Dock Yard in *Great Britain*, near to the Place of his Residence, it shall be in the Power of such Person so entitled to any Allowance, to apply at the Time of issuing such Allowances by Letter to the Commissioners of the Navy, at their Office in *Somerset Place*; and for any Officer of the Royal Marines on Half Pay, at the Time of issuing such Half Pay to apply to the Paymaster of Marines at his Office in *London*, to have such Allowance or such Half Pay paid by the said Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, and shall at the same Time transmit such Vouchers and Documents as shall be required by the said Lord High Admiral or Commissioners of the Admiralty, for the Time being, or any Three of them.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Navy, or the said Paymaster of Marines, on being satisfied of the Justice of the said Claim, shall respectively order and direct Two Remittance Bills to be made out for the Allowance or Half Pay due to such Person or Officer; which said Bills shall be Duplicates of each other, and shall be joined together by oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, and shall be made payable to such Person, or to such Officer, by the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque to whom the said Remittance Bills shall be addressed; and such Remittance Bills, being numbered and dated, shall be signed by a Commissioner of the Navy, or the said Paymaster of Marines, and shall be attested by a Person to be respectively appointed by the Treasurer of the Navy or Paymaster to collect and manage the aforesaid Documents and Vouchers, to prepare such Remittance Bills, and keep Accounts thereof; and such Remittance Bills, being written or printed, shall be according to the Tenor and Form following, or to the like Effect:

Persons entitled to such Allowances and Half Pay may on Application for that Purpose, receive Payments from the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, or Collector of the Customs and Excise, &c.

Commissioners of the Navy, &c. to direct Two Duplicate Remittance Bills to be made out, payable to such Persons by the Receiver-General, &c.

№ I. Day of

Form of Bills.

‘ Sir,
 ‘ PAY to *A. B.* of _____ on his producing and
 ‘ delivering the Duplicate hereof, the Sum of _____
 ‘ being _____

‘ being for the { Allowance } payable to the said *A. B.* as a
 { Half Pay }
 ‘ [or, Half Pay Officer of Marines, as the Case may be,] on the
 ‘ Day of _____ last, if the same be demanded within Six
 ‘ Calendar Months from the Date hereof, otherwise you are to return
 ‘ this Bill to the Treasurer of the Navy [or, Paymaster of Marines,]
 ‘ at his Office in *London*.

‘ *C. D.* { Commissioner of the Navy.
 { Paymaster.

‘ Attested by *E. F.* [Description.]

‘ To the Receiver General of the Land Tax for the County of
 ‘ The Collector of the Customs at the Port of
 ‘ The Collector of the Excise at
 ‘ The Clerk of the Checque at

‘ By virtue of the Act 49 *George* the Third.

‘ *N. B.* The forging of this Remittance Bill, or procuring
 ‘ any other Person to forge the same, in order
 ‘ to receive any Part of the Monies hereby
 ‘ payable, is made Felony by the Act Forty-
 ‘ ninth *George* the Third.’

One Duplicate shall be sent to the Person named therein, and the other to the Receiver-General, &c. who shall on Production of the other Duplicate pay the Sum contained therein, &c.

And so soon as the said Bills are made out and signed, the respective Persons to be appointed by the said Treasurer or Paymaster shall cut or cause them to be cut asunder, through the oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices; and shall cause one Duplicate to be transmitted to the Person or Officer named therein, to whom the Money shall be made payable, and the other Duplicate to be transmitted to the Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, to whom the same shall be addressed; and if the Duplicate of such Bill shall be produced by the Person or Officer to whom the same shall be made payable, to such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, to whom the same shall be addressed, within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, he shall carefully examine the same with the Duplicate transmitted to him as aforesaid; and being satisfied of the Authenticity thereof, and of the Identity of the Person or Officer producing the same to him, he shall immediately pay the Sum mentioned therein to such Person or Officer, without Fee or Reward, or Deduction on any Pretence whatever, taking a Receipt for such Payment on the Back of the Bill; which Bill, and the Duplicate thereof, being transmitted by the Person who shall pay the same to the Treasurer of the Navy, shall be immediately repaid by the said Treasurer to such Receiver General, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, or his Order; and the Payments thus made by the said Treasurer of the Navy, on account of Marine Officers Half Pay, shall be re-allowed him out of the Monies issued to the said Paymaster; but in case the Duplicate of any such Bill shall not be so produced, and Payment thereof demanded within Six Calendar Months from the Date thereof, then the said Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, shall return the Duplicate thereof in his Hands to the said Treasurer or Paymaster at their respective Offices in *London*, who shall cause the same

same to be cancelled; and thereupon the Sum contained in such Bill shall become payable to the Person or Officer in whose Favour it was drawn, or to the respective lawful Representatives, in case of the Death of such Person or Officer, in the same Manner as if such Bill had never been issued.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, to whom the Duplicate of any such Bill shall be tendered for Payment, shall not have in his Hands Publick Monies sufficient to answer the same, and shall for that Reason refuse or delay the immediate Payment thereof, such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, shall immediately indorse on the said Duplicate the Date of its being so tendered to him, and the Cause of his Refusal or Delay to pay the same, and shall appoint thereon for the Payment of the same some future Day, within the Space of One Month at the farthest from its being so first tendered to him as aforesaid; and such Duplicate, with the Indorsement thereon, shall be immediately delivered back to the Person or Officer presenting the same; and if upon Complaint made to the respective Commissioners appointed or to be appointed to manage the said several Duties of Land Tax, Customs, or Excise, or to the Commissioners of the Navy if the Person complained of be a Clerk of the Checque, it shall appear that such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, hath unnecessarily or wilfully refused or delayed the Payment of such Bill, or directly or indirectly, by himself or any Person under him, received or taken any Fee, Reward, Gratuity, Discount, or Deduction whatsoever, on account of the Payment of the same, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Three or more of the said Commissioners to convict and fine the Person under their Direction so offending, in any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence; and such Fine shall be levied and recovered in such and the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as any Penalty or Fine may be levied and recovered for any Offence against the Laws of Customs or Excise; and the said Fine, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if such Person or Officer to whom the Remittance Bill shall be made payable, shall be respectively prevented and disabled by bodily Infirmity from appearing in Person before the said Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque; and such bodily Infirmity being properly and satisfactorily certified by the Minister and a Churchwarden or Elder of the Parish where such Person or Officer shall reside, or by the Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary attending him, then and in such Case, the Sum contained in such Bill shall be paid to the Order in Writing of such Person or Officer, upon producing and giving up to such Receiver-General of the Land Tax, Collector of the Customs, Collector of the Excise, or Clerk of the Checque, such Certificate of bodily Infirmity as aforesaid, together with a Duplicate of the said Bill, and a proper Receipt on the Back of the same, signed by the Person or Officer in whose Favour the Bill shall have been drawn, and witnessed by the Person who shall receive the Money.

Receiver-General, &c. to indorse on the Duplicate the Date of its being tendered, in case he has not Publick Monies in his Hands to pay the Bill, &c. and appoint a Day of Payment within a Month.

Penalty on Persons delaying Payment unnecessarily, &c.

On Certificate of Infirmity being produced, the Receiver-General, &c. authorized to pay the Contents of the Bill to the Order of the Person entitled.

Assignments of Allowances and Half Pay void.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Assignments, Bargains, Sales, Orders, Contracts, Agreements, or Securities whatsoever, which shall be given or made by any Person entitled to any such Allowance, or by any Half Pay Officer of Royal Marines, relating to such Allowances, or to their Half Pay, shall be absolutely null and void, to all Intents and Purposes.

Letters and Packets to be free of Postage.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Letters and Packets sent by the Direction of the Treasurer of the Navy in carrying this Act into Execution, shall be free from the Duty of Postage, and shall be transmitted under Covers, with the Words " Pursuant to Act of Parliament Forty-ninth of George the Third," printed upon the same ; and shall be transmitted by the Person appointed to send Letters and Packets under the Authority of an Act, passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy*, under and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, and Penalties, as are prescribed by the said Act, with respect to the Letters and Packets thereby authorized to be sent free of the Duty of Postage.

85 G. 3. c. 95.

Bills paid by the Treasurer, &c. shall be sufficient Vouchers.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Remittance Bill and Remittance Bills herein-before directed to be made out, and which shall be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy or Paymaster of Marines in Manner as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken as good and sufficient Vouchers to the Treasurer of the Navy and Paymaster of Marines, for so much Money as shall have been so directed to be paid on such Bill or Bills respectively, and as shall have been so paid by either of them thereon, and shall be allowed as such in passing their respective Accounts.

Punishment for personating Parties entitled to Pensions, 14 Years Transportation.

X. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall wilfully and knowingly personate, or falsely assume the Name or Character of, or procure any other Person to personate, or falsely to assume the Name or Character of any Person entitled, or supposed to be entitled, to any such Allowance aforesaid, or of any Officer of the Royal Marines on Half Pay as aforesaid, in order to receive such Allowance or Half Pay, or any Part thereof, every such Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and may be transported for such Period, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the Court shall adjudge.

Punishment for forging Bills or Certificates, &c. 14 Years Transportation.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and wilfully forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly and wilfully act or assist in forging and counterfeiting, the Name or Hand-writing of any Person or Officer entitled to any such Allowance, or to such Half Pay, or of any Person or Persons required by any Rules or Regulations made under and by virtue of this Act, to sign any Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt in relation to the Payment of any such Allowance or Half Pay, for and in order to the receiving or obtaining any Money on any such Allowance or Half Pay ; or shall utter as true any false, forged, or counterfeited Remittance Bill, Certificate, Voucher, or Receipt, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intention to defraud any Person whatsoever, every such Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be and he is hereby declared and adjudged to be guilty of Felony ; and may be transported for such Period, not exceeding Fourteen Years, as the said Court shall adjudge.

XII.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Orders, Certificates, Vouchers, Remittance Bills, and Receipts, for or relating to any such Allowance or Half Pay as aforesaid, shall be free from all Duties of Stamps, and be good, valid, and effectual, although the same shall not have been stamped; any Thing in any Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bills and Certificates, &c. exempted from Stamp Duties.

C A P. XLVI.

An Act to authorize the Principal Officers of the Customs in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America* and the *West Indies* to examine Witnesses on Oath. [12th May 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Production of Manifests, and for more effectually preventing fraudulent Practices in obtaining Bounties and Drawbacks, and in the clandestine relanding of Goods*, the Surveyor-General or Surveyors-General of the Customs in the Port of *London*, upon Examinations and Inquiries relative to the Revenue of Customs, and to the Conduct of the Officers employed therein, are authorized to examine all Persons who may appear before them upon Oath; and the like Power is also given to the Collectors and Comptrollers of the Customs at the Out-Ports of *Great Britain*, by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the further Regulation of the Collection of the Duties of Customs in Great Britain in certain Cases*: And Whereas it is expedient, that upon the like Examinations and Inquiries to be made by or before the Collectors and Comptrollers of any of the Ports in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America* and the *West Indies*, or by or before such other Person or Persons as the Commissioners of the Customs in *England* for the Time being shall deem fit and proper, to examine and inquire into Matters relative to the Revenue of Customs and other Duties, and respecting the Conduct of the Principal Officers, and any Officers whatever employed under them, in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America* and the *West Indies*, and shall or may from Time to Time appoint for the Purpose of making any such Examinations and Inquiries, the like Power to examine all Persons who may appear before them upon Oath, should be given to the said Collectors and Comptrollers, and such other Person or Persons aforesaid respectively; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, all and each and every Person and Persons who shall be examined as a Witness or Witnesses, on any Enquiry directed by the Commissioners of the Customs in *England* for the Time being, or any Four or more of them, to be made in *America* or the *West Indies*, relative to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs or other Duties there, or to the Conduct of the Officers employed in the Collection thereof, by or before any Collector and Comptroller of the Customs or either of them, at or belonging to any Port in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *America* or the *West Indies*, or by or before such other Person or Persons as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners, or any Four or more of them, for

26 G. 3. c. 40.
§ 28.

43 G. 3. c. 123.
§ 2.

On Inquiries in *America* or the *West Indies*, relative to the Duties of Customs, Testimony shall be given on Oath before the Collectors, &c.

the Purpose aforesaid, shall and they are hereby respectively required to deliver his, her, or their Testimony on Oath, to be administered by the said Officer or Officers, or the said other Person or Persons so appointed as aforesaid, respectively, who shall examine him, her, or them, or before whom he, she, or they shall be examined as aforesaid, and such Officer and Officers, and Person or Persons respectively, are hereby authorized to administer such Oath accordingly.

Persons making a false Oath shall be guilty of Perjury.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whomsoever shall be convicted of making a false Oath touching any of the Facts directed or required by this Act to be testified on Oath, or of giving false Evidence on his, her, or their Examination on Oath as aforesaid, by or before any Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, of, at, or belonging to any Port in the *West Indies* or *America*, or either of them, or such other Person or Persons appointed as aforesaid, in conformity to the Directions of this Act, such Person or Persons so convicted as aforesaid shall be deemed guilty of Perjury, and shall be liable to the Pains and Penalties to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

C A P. XLVII.

An Act to permit certain Articles, the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of *Europe*, to be laden and shipped on board Ships arriving with *British North American* Produce, and Fish taken by Settlers in the *British North American* Colonies, at any Port of *Europe*, in order to be exported to the principal Ports in the *British* Colonies and Plantations in *North America*.
[12th May 1809.]

46 G. 3. c. 116.

Fruit, Wine, &c. the Produce of Europe South of Cape Finisterre may be shipped for Exportation thence, direct to the several North American Ports herein mentioned, in British Vessels, arriving with British American Produce, or Fish, &c. to the Truth of which the Masters of Vessels shall make Oath, &c.

‘ WHEREAS it is expedient that the Permission granted by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for allowing an Intercourse between the Colonies of His Majesty in *North America* and *Malta* and *Gibraltar*, should be extended to other Parts of *Europe*;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act any Fruit, Wine, Oil, Salt, or Cork, the Produce of any Part of *Europe* South of *Cape Finisterre*, may be shipped and laden in any Port or Place whatever in such Parts of *Europe* for Exportation direct to the several Ports hereafter mentioned; that is to say, the Port of *St. John’s* in the Province of *New Brunswick*, *St. John’s* in the Island of *Newfoundland*, *Quebec* in the Province of *Canada*, *Sydney* in the Island of *Cape Breton*, *Halifax* and *Shelburn* in the Province of *Nova Scotia*, and *Charlotte Town* in *Prince Edward Island*, all in *North America*, on board any *British* Ship or Vessel owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, which shall have arrived at such Port or Place in *Europe* with Articles of the Growth or Produce of the said Colonies, or with Fish taken and cured by His Majesty’s Subjects carrying on the Fisheries from any of the said Colonies or Plantations, or from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*: Provided always, that upon the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel in any Port of *Europe* with any such Cargo as aforesaid, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or

Vessel shall make Oath before the *British* Consul there resident, or if there shall be no *British* Consul there resident, then before Two known *British* Merchants there resident, (which Oath he and they respectively is and are hereby authorized and required to administer), that the whole Cargo of such Ship or Vessel is entirely the Growth and Produce of the said *British* Colonies, or the Produce of the *British* Fisheries in *North America* really and *bonâ fide* taken and cured by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on the said Fisheries from some or one of the said Colonies or Plantations, or from *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; and before the said Ship or Vessel shall clear out from such Port or Place in *Europe* for any of the several enumerated Ports in the *British* Colonies in *North America*, the Master or other Person having the Charge of such Ship or Vessel shall, in like Manner, make Oath before such Person or Persons as aforesaid, (which Oath such Person or Persons are hereby authorized to administer), that the several Articles the Produce of *Europe*, shipped on board such Ship or Vessel, have been so shipped in return for the Cargo of Articles of Produce of the *British* *North American* Colonies, or of the Fisheries carried on from thence, previously brought by such Ship or Vessel to such Port or Place in *Europe* as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon the Importation of the said Articles, the Produce of *Europe*, into the several Ports before enumerated, the same shall be subject and liable to the Payment of such Duties as Goods of the like Denomination or Description are now subject and liable to, upon being legally imported into the said several Ports.

Articles on Importation subject to Duty.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of *Europe*, except such as are herein-before enumerated, shall be laden and shipped on board any such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, in order to be exported to any of the said several other Ports before enumerated, or to any other Port or Place whatever to His Majesty belonging, or which shall hereafter belong to or be in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in *Asia*, *Africa*, or *America*, all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, together with the Ship or Vessel in or on board which the same shall be laden or shipped, and all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, shall be forfeited: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall subject to Forfeiture any Salt, the Produce of *Europe*, intended for the Use of the *British* Fisheries of *Nova Scotia*, *Newfoundland*, or *Queber*, shipped in any Part of *Europe* whatever; or any Goods fit and necessary for the Fishery in any of the *British* Colonies or Plantations in *America*, being the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or of the Islands of *Guernsey* and *Jersey*, shipped and laden in the said Islands respectively, by any of the Inhabitants thereof; or any Wines of the Growth of the *Madeiras* or the *Western* Islands of *Azores*; shipped and laden at those Places respectively, the said Goods, Wares, and Merchandize respectively being shipped and laden according to the Laws in force, on and immediately before the passing of this Act.

No Goods but such as before enumerated shall be exported, &c. on Pain of Forfeiture, except European Salt, or British Goods for the British Fisheries of *Nova Scotia*, &c. and Wines of the *Madeiras*.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any Ship or Vessel, or any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, subject to Forfeiture under the Provisions of this Act, shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs in the said Colonies or Plantations respectively, or by the Commander of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, and

Seizures under this Act may be made by any Officer of the Customs, &c.

the

the same shall and may be prosecuted, sued for, recovered, and divided in the same Manner and Form, and by the same Rules and Regulations, in all Respects as far as the same are applicable, as any other Forfeiture imposed by any Act or Acts made for the Security of the Revenue, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, or for the Regulation of Trade or Navigation, and which were in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, may be prosecuted, sued for, recovered, and divided in any *British* Colony or Plantation in *America*.

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a Permanent Local Militia Force in *Scotland*, under certain Restrictions for the Defence of the Realm.

[20th May 1809.]

“ 48 G. 3. c. 150. recited; Deficiencies and Vacancies may be directed to be supplied by Order of Secretary of State without His Majesty’s Warrant. § 1. Volunteers allowed to enter whether any Ballot directed or not, until Local Militia is complete. § 2. Vacancies shall be filled up notwithstanding the Number of such Militia and Volunteers exceed Six times the Quota of the Regular Militia. § 3. But such Deficiencies shall not be supplied until the Number be reduced below the Proportion required. § 4. Local Militia Men may enlist into the Regular Militia, [of their own County, See 49 G. 3. c. 129.] except during annual Training. § 5. Penalty on Officer, &c. enlisting a Local Militia Man during such Period of Training *20l.* § 6. How Vacancies by Promotion of Corporals and Sergeants, and by enlisting, shall be filled up. § 7. Deputy Lieutenants may make new Apportionments where requisite. § 8. Lieutenantcy shall fix by Ballot the Order in which Divisions and Parishes shall supply Deficiencies by Promotion of Privates to be Sergeants or Corporals. § 9. Deputy Lieutenants shall regulate Inequalities of Numbers in Divisions or Parishes. § 10.

48 G. 3. c. 150.
§ 28. as to
Bounties to
Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves
repealed; except
as to Members of
Volunteer Corps.

Heritors may
give a Bounty
of Two Guineas
to Volunteers.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and ten, so much of the said Recited Act as enacts, that any Person who shall voluntarily enroll himself to serve in the Local Militia under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament (except Members of Volunteer Corps transferring themselves) shall be entitled to receive the Sum of Two Guineas, to be paid upon his Enrolment, over and above any Sum to which he may be entitled for Necessaries, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the Heritors of any Parish, being Proprietors of Lands within the Parish to the Extent of at least One hundred Pounds *Scots* of valued Rent appearing in the Land Tax Books of the County within which such Parish is situated, at any Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, to be called by any Two or more such Heritors, upon Notice to that Effect given from the Pulpit on any *Sunday* at least Five Days previous to such Meeting, to agree to give a Bounty to any Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia for such Parish, provided that such Bounty or Sum of Money shall in no Case exceed the Sum of Two Guineas for each Person, to be paid upon

Enrolment,

Enrolment, exclusive of Necessaries; and it shall and may be lawful for such Heritors to assess Sums equal to all such Bounties upon the Heritors within such Parish, in proportion to the valued Rent of every such Heritor within the Parish; and One Half of every Sum so assessed shall be paid by the Tenant or Tenants of the Land upon which the same shall be assessed.

“ Bounty to Persons enrolling in Local Militia shall be deducted
“ from the Bounty, on enlisting into the Line within Twelve Months:
“ and Half if within Two Years. § 12.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament as enacts or requires that any Sums of Money advanced or paid for the Bounties of Two Guineas allowed by the said recited Act, to Persons voluntarily enrolling themselves in the Local Militia, or transferring themselves from Volunteer Corps into the Local Militia, shall be assessed upon any Parishes in any County or Stewarty, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

48 G. 3. c. 150.
§ 58. requiring
Bounties to be
assessed on
Parishes,
repealed.

“ No Bounties to Members of Volunteer Corps, unless serving before
“ this Act. § 14. Volunteers transferred into Local Militia shall not
“ be liable to serve in Regular Militia. § 15. Officers commanding
“ Volunteers transferred into Local Militia shall retain their Com-
“ mands. § 16. Lieutenant-Colonels-Commandant shall command
“ Lieutenant-Colonels. § 17. Rank of Yeomanry Officers, and
“ Officers of Local Militia. § 18, 19. Vice-Lieutenants may grant
“ Commissions. § 20. No Stamp Duty on Commissions in Local
“ Militia. § 21. Bills for Pay and Allowance to, and for remitting
“ Money on account of, Local Militia, &c. may be drawn on unstamped
“ Paper. § 22. Where Towns in the County, &c. do not afford Ac-
“ commodation for quartering Local Militia, they may be marched
“ into an adjoining County. § 23. Adjutants and Non-commissioned
“ Officers of Local Militia may train Regular Militia Men until
“ marched to their Regiment. § 24. [*But see* 49 G. 3. c. 82. § 2.]
“ Colonels may appoint Quarter Masters of Regiments of Local
“ Militia. § 25. Qualification for Officers of [*Local*] Militia may be
“ in any Part of *Great Britain*. § 26. [*See* 49 G. 3. c. 82. § 3.]
“ Sergeants, &c. of Local Militia not to be allowed to enlist in
“ Regulars without Consent of Commanding Officer. § 27. Men
“ shall not change their Regiments on removing from One Part of the
“ County to another. § 28. Men shall not remove while the Regiment
“ is assembled. § 29. Local Militia shall not be subject to Mutiny Act,
“ unless when receiving Pay or embodied. § 30. This Act and recited
“ Act shall be construed as One Act. § 31. Act may be altered this
“ Session. § 32.

[*See* 49 G. 3. c. 40. for the Local Militia of England, as to the Sections here abridged.]

C A P. XLIX.

An Act to authorize His Majesty to permit, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, any Goods and Commodities to be imported into and exported from *Nova Scotia* and *New Brunswick*, in any Ship or Vessel whatsoever.
[20th *May* 1809.]

47 G. 3. c. 38.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for permitting, until the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, the Importation of certain enumerated Articles into the British Colonies on the Continent of North America from the United States of America, and the Exportation of other enumerated Articles from the same Colonies to the said States*, it was enacted, that it should be lawful in any British Ship owned and navigated according to Law, or any Ship belonging to any of the Subjects of the United States of America, to import from the said States into such Ports as should be specially appointed for that Purpose by His Majesty, within the Province of *Nova Scotia* or *New Brunswick*, certain Articles enumerated in the said Act; and that it should be lawful in any such Ship to export from the said Port to to be appointed to the said United States, certain Articles in the said Act also enumerated, subject to certain Provisions and Regulations therein contained and provided: And Whereas it is expedient to authorize the Importation to and Exportation from the Provinces of *Nova Scotia* and *New Brunswick* of any Articles in any Ships or Vessels, under certain Limitations and Restrictions; Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful, in any Ship or Vessel in any Manner owned or navigated, to import into and export from any Port or Ports within the Province of *Nova Scotia* or *New Brunswick*, which shall be specially appointed for that Purpose by His Majesty by Order in Council, any Goods or Commodities which His Majesty by Order in Council shall specially authorize and allow to be so imported and exported respectively, any Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Any Goods may be imported into and exported from *Nova Scotia* or *New Brunswick* in any Ships whatever, under Order in Council.

His Majesty in Council may make Regulations for that Purpose.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to make such Rules and Regulations for the Importation and Exportation of Goods and Commodities as aforesaid, with such Penalties and Forfeitures for the Breach thereof as shall seem fit and necessary to His Majesty by and with the Advice aforesaid.

“Continuance of Act 25 March 1812. § 3.”

C A P. L.

An Act to amend so much of an Act made in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for granting to His Majesty certain Stamp Duties, as relates to the Limitation according to which the Discount on Newspapers is regulated.

[20th May 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Stamp Duties on the several Matters therein mentioned, and for better securing the Duties on Certificates to be taken out by Solicitors, Attornies, and others practising in certain Courts of Justice in Great Britain*, it was amongst other Things enacted, that certain Allowances by way of Discount should be paid for

37 G. 3. c. 90.
§ 33-36.

‘ for every Newspaper which should be sold at a Price not exceeding
 ‘ Sixpence, and also to Proprietors and Printers of Newspapers under
 ‘ certain Circumstances, who should not advance the Price of their
 ‘ Newspapers above the then usual Price at which such Newspapers
 ‘ were sold, more than the Amount of the Duty by that Act imposed
 ‘ thereon: And Whereas since the passing of the said recited Act,
 ‘ the Price of Paper and Expences of Printing are very much in-
 ‘ creased, and it is therefore reasonable that the Price at which the
 ‘ Allowances mentioned in the said recited Act shall be granted,
 ‘ should be further extended;’ Be it therefore enact’d by the King’s
 most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the
 Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parlia-
 ment assembled and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be
 lawful for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, and they are hereby
 required to make the Allowances by way of Discount in the said
 recited Act, direct’d to be made to the Proprietors and Printers of
 Newspapers, or Papers containing Publick News, Intelligence, or Oc-
 currences, notwithstanding such Proprietors and Printers shall have
 advanced or shall advance the Price of their Papers; provided the same
 shall not have been or shall not be advanced more than One Halfpenny
 above the Price at which they were entitled to the Allowances of
 such Discount as aforesaid, under the said recited Act.

Discount shall be
 allowed under
 recited Act
 notwithstanding
 the Price of a
 Newspaper be
 raised $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

C A P. LI.

An Act to continue until the First Day of *August* One thousand
 eight hundred and ten, and amend certain Acts for appointing
 Commissioners to inquire into the Fees, Gratuities, Perquisites,
 and Emoluments received in several Publick Offices in *Ireland*;
 to examine into any Abuses which may exist in the same, and
 into the Mode of receiving, collecting, issuing, and accounting
 for Publick Money in *Ireland*. [20th *May* 1809.]

“ 44 G. 3. c. 106. continued by 45 G. 3. c. 65. and as continued and
 “ amended by 47 G. 3. *Seff.* 1. c. 41. further continued. § 1.

II. ‘ And Whereas various Charges are set forth in the Publick
 ‘ Accounts of *Ireland*, of Balances due by Persons entrusted with the
 ‘ Receipt, Custody, or Collection of His Majesty’s Revenues there,
 ‘ and several Sums appear in the said Accounts to be in Arrear;’ Be
 it further enact’d, That the Commissioners appointed under the said
 recited Acts shall and they are hereby empowered and required to pro-
 ceed as soon as may be to investigate and examine into all Balances
 and Arrears due unto His Majesty, for or on account of any Sum or
 Sums received for his Use, and into all Arrears of any Revenue, Tax,
 Charge, or Imposition, remaining or alledged to remain due or unpaid,
 and to settle and ascertain the same, and to state separately such Parts
 of such Balances and Arrears, as shall appear to them insolvent, and
 for the Recovery of which they shall not think it advisable that legal
 Process should be instituted or continued, with their Reason for so
 thinking, set forth in each Case, and in like Manner to state separately
 all the other Parts of such Balances and Arrears which they shall
 not deem insolvent, with their Opinions as to the Means which ought
 to be pursued, and against whom and in what Manner for the Re-
 covery of each; and also such general Rules or Regulations as they

Commissioners
 under recited
 Acts empowered
 to investigate the
 Balances and
 Arrears of
 Publick
 Accountants.

may think proper to be adopted, for keeping down all such Balances and Arrears in future, and for the more easily ascertaining from Time to Time such Parts thereof as may be insolvent, and recovering all the other Parts with the least Delay and Expence.

“ Powers of recited A&ts extended to this A&t. § 3. *Irisb* Treasury may issue 4,000*l.* in addition to former Sums for the Purposes of this A&t. § 4. Continuance of A&t 1st *August* 1810. § 5.

C A P. LII.

An A&t for raising the Sum of Six Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [20th *May* 1809.]

“ Treasury may raise 6,000,000*l.* by Exchequer Bills, as under “ 48 G. 3. c. 1.—Payable out of the first Supplies in the next “ Session. § 1, 2, 3. Interest of 3½*d* per Cent. per Diem. § 4. Said “ Exchequer Bills shall be current at the Exchequer after *April* 5, “ 1810. § 5. Bank of *England* may advance 6,000,000*l.* on Credit “ of this A&t § 6.

C A P. LIII.

An A&t for completing the Militia of *Great Britain*.

[27th *May* 1809.]

49 G. 3. c. 4.

“ WHEREAS by an A&t passed in this Session of Parliament, “ intituled, *An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia* “ of *Great Britain* to enlist voluntarily into the Regular Forces, a certain “ Proportion of the Militia serving in *Great Britain* is allowed to enlist “ into His Majesty’s Regular Forces, under certain Provisions and “ Restrictions: And Whereas it is necessary that such Increase of the “ Regular Forces should not diminish the Militia, but that the Militia “ should be forthwith completed, and it is expedient for that Purpose “ that Men should be allowed to be raised for the Militia, by Beat “ of Drum, for a limited Time, and that at the Expiration of that Time “ the Remainder of the Men to be raised and enrolled under this A&t “ should be raised by Ballot: May it therefore please Your Majesty “ that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent “ Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual “ and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, “ and by the Authority of the same, That on or before the First “ Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and ten, there shall be “ raised and levied in *Great Britain*, in the several Counties of *England* “ and *Scotland* respectively, a Number of Private Militia Men, equal “ to One Half of the original Quotas of Private Men specified in Two “ A&ts of Parliament, passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of “ His present Majesty, relating to the Militias of *England* and *Scotland* “ respectively; and in another A&t passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of “ the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better raising* “ and ordering the Militia Forces of the Tower Hamlets, in the County of “ *Middlesex*, relating to the Militia of the *Tower Hamlets*.

Number of Militia equal to One Half of the original Quotas of Militia in *England* and *Scotland* under 49 G. 3. c. 90, 91. shall be raised before 1 Oct. 1810.

Till 1 June 1810, Volunteers may be raised for Militia by Beat of Drum.

11. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this A&t, and until the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall be lawful for His Majesty’s Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants, and the Colonels and Commanding Officers of the Regiments

Regiments of Regular and Local Militia of *Great Britain*, and the Commissioned Officers and Non-commissioned Officers of the Regiments of Regular and Local Militia, duly authorized by their respective Commanding Officers for the Time being, by Beat of Drum, or otherwise, in their respective Counties, or adjoining Counties, to raise Volunteers for the Regiments of Regular Militia of the Counties to which they respectively belong, for the completing the Number of Men required to be raised and enrolled under this Act, any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and every Volunteer so raised as aforesaid, shall take the Oath required to be taken by Substitutes in the Militia, which Oath shall and may be administered by any Person respectively authorized to administer Oaths to Persons enrolled in the Militia, or by any Justice of the Peace, or Deputy-Lieutenant for the County in which such Volunteers shall have been raised, or in which the Regiment for which he shall have been raised, shall be at the Time of his joining such Regiment.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That no such Volunteer shall have more than One Child born in Wedlock; and all the Provisions, Restrictions, Regulations, Penalties and Clauses contained in any Act relating to the Militia as to Substitutes in relation to their Families, and also as to the Families of Substitutes in the Militia, and as to the making Provision for such Families, and as to any false Representation or Declaration made in respect thereof, shall extend and be applied as to such Volunteers as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in and made Part of this Act.

Provisions of Acts as to Families of Substitutes extended to such Volunteers.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Colonels or Commanding Officers for the Time being, of the several Regiments of Militia for which any Men shall be so raised as aforesaid, shall, at the Expiration of every Month from the Commencement of enlisting such Volunteers as aforesaid, transmit to the Clerks of General Meetings of their respective Counties, and where the Men of more Counties than One are united to form any Regiment of Militia, then Duplicates to each of such Counties, Certificates of the Number of Men raised for their respective Regiments, according to the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.) and a like Certificate within Seven Days after the said First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, of the Men raised since the last Certificate and the said First Day of *June*.

Colonels shall transmit to Clerk of General Meetings Monthly Certificates, &c. of Men raised. (Schedule A.)

V. And be it further enacted, That a Sum not exceeding Twelve Guineas shall be allowed and paid in respect of every Man who shall be provided or raised as a Volunteer by Beat of Drum or otherwise, under the Provisions of this Act as aforesaid, and such Part of such Sum shall be applied towards the Expences of procuring the Volunteers, and the remaining Part as a Bounty to the Volunteers, and such Bounty shall be paid or applied to the Use of every such Man at such Times and Places, and in such Proportions as to any Advance of any Part thereof, and in such Manner, and under and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions as His Majesty shall by any Order of His principal Secretary of State, by any Regulations from Time to Time made in that Behalf, be pleased to order and direct; and it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to order any Receiver-General in *England*, or Collector of the Customs in *Scotland*, to advance and pay any Sum or Sums of Money for or in respect of any such

Bounty not exceeding 12 Guineas to Volunteers under such Regulation as His Majesty shall direct.

Bounties, or any Advances in respect thereof as may be necessary, out of any Publick Monies in their Hands, or received or receivable by them out of any Rates and Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes; and all Monies paid under any such Orders as aforesaid shall be good and valid, and be allowed to all such Receivers-General or Collectors of Cefs in their Accounts.

Lieutenancy shall fix by Ballot the Order in which Vacancies arising by Enlistment under 49 G. 3. c. 4. shall be filled up, and cause Lists to be made out of Men enlisted, and of their Parishes: Men enlisted for Militia shall be placed to such Parishes for Relief of Families. (Schedule B.)

VI. And be it further enacted, when and so soon as the Returns of Men who shall have enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces under the Provisions of the said recited Act of this Session of Parliament, at the Expiration of the several Periods in the said Act specified for enlisting, where the Regiment of Militia has been from only one County, shall have been respectively made, the Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants shall assemble from Time to Time in General Meetings which shall be called and held for that Purpose, in case no other General Meetings shall be at such Times about to be held, for carrying into Execution the Acts relating to the Militia, and where a Regiment of Militia is composed of Militia Men ballotted from Two or more Counties in *Scotland*, the Clerks of Lieutenancy of the said Counties shall meet at the Place where the *Michaelmas* Head Court is held in that County, from which the greatest Number of Militia Men had been ballotted for the Regiment, on Notice given by the Lieutenant or Deputy-Lieutenants of the said County, to the Clerk of Lieutenancy of the other County or Counties aforesaid, Fourteen Days at the least previous to such Meeting of the Clerks of Lieutenancy, and the said Lieutenant and Deputy Lieutenants, or Clerks of Lieutenancy respectively, shall at such Meeting, and they are hereby required to ascertain and fix by Ballot, the Order in which the Vacancies occasioned by Men enlisted into His Majesty's Regular Forces shall be filled up for the several Parishes and Hundreds respectively, and shall cause Lists to be made out of the Men who shall have volunteered into His Majesty's Regular Forces, and of the Parishes to which they respectively belonged, and to be entered in the Order in which the Names shall have been drawn by Ballot, and in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.); and all the Men enrolled for the Militia under this Act shall be from Time to Time entered and placed to the different Parishes in the Order in which the Names of Men stand on such Lists in Succession according to the Dates of their respective Enrolments; and all Men so entered and placed to such Parishes shall thenceforth be deemed to belong to such Parishes, as to any Relief of any Families of such Men, or thereafter supplying of any Vacancies, in like Manner as if such Men had been provided as Substitutes or Volunteers for such Parishes respectively.

After June 9, 1810, raising Volunteers by Beat of Drum shall cease.

VII. And be it enacted, That after the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, it shall not be lawful for any Colonel or Commanding Officer or other Officer, or Non-commissioned Officer of Regular or Local Militia, to raise any Volunteers by Beat of Drum or otherwise under this Act, unless the same shall be specially authorized by His Majesty, by Order of one of his Principal Secretaries of State, but all Deficiencies then remaining shall be raised by Ballot, or as Volunteers to be provided by the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Parishes in *England*, and by any Heritor or Heritors of Parishes in *Scotland*, in Manner allowed by this Act; and every Colonel, Commanding Officer, or other Officer or Non-commissioned

commissioned Officer of Regular or Local Militia, who shall thereafter raise any Man in such Manner, shall be subject, in respect of all Men so raised, to all the Penalties contained in any Act or Acts relating to the Militia for enlisting Men, as fully as if this Act had not passed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in every County in which on the First Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and ten any Deficiencies shall remain to be supplied, and also in case His Majesty shall deem it necessary that a Ballot shall commence for the completing the Militia, the Lieutenant and Deputy-Lieutenant shall, at General Meetings to be held for that Purpose, determine whether any Apportionments or new Lists are necessary for the proceeding to ballot either to supply such Deficiencies or to complete the Militia in their respective Counties, and shall, in case the same shall be necessary appoint Subdivision Meetings, and such General and Subdivision Meetings shall proceed to make such Apportionments, and to cause new Lists to be made out and returned, or old Lists to be amended, and to do all other Acts, Matters, and Things, which may be necessary for carrying the same into execution under the Provisions of the several Acts in force in relation to the Militia: Provided always, that all such Apportionments shall be made, according to the Proportion of the original Quota of Militia Men raised in any County; and provided further, that for the Purpose of making such Apportionments, where a Regiment of Militia Men shall be composed of Militia Men balloted from Two or more Counties in *Scotland*, the Clerks of Lieutenancy of the said Counties shall meet at the Place where the *Michaelmas* Head Court is held in that County from which the greatest Number of Militia Men had been balloted for the Regiment, on Notice given by the Lieutenant or Deputy-Lieutenant of the said County, to the Clerk of the Lieutenancy of the other County or Counties aforesaid, Fourteen Days at the least previous to such Meeting, and such Clerks of Lieutenancy so assembled shall apportion such Deficiencies among such Counties, according to the Proportion of the original Quota of Militia Men balloted in such Counties respectively, regard being had to the Number of Men who may have been raised under this Act by any Heritor or Heritors of any Parish in such Counties, and entered as raised in Discharge of such Parish from Ballot, as herein-before directed, and such Deficiencies, so apportioned by such Clerks among such Counties, shall thereupon be apportioned among the Parishes thereof in the Manner directed by this Act in the Case of any County raising within itself a Regiment of Militia.

IX. And be it further enacted, That before any Ballot under this Act shall take place for the supplying of any Deficiencies which may remain to be supplied, the Lieutenants and Deputy-Lieutenants assembled at any General and Subdivision Meetings to be held for that Purpose shall respectively apportion the Number of Men actually enrolled and so entered as aforesaid, and the Deficiencies then remaining to be supplied among the Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes of the respective Counties, and the Men then remaining deficient shall be raised by Ballot or otherwise according to the Provisions of this Act, by such Subdivisions, Hundreds, and Parishes, according to such Apportionment as aforesaid.

Before any Ballot, Lieutenants shall apportion Men actually enrolled.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of General Meetings shall, within Seven Days after such Apportionments as aforesaid, transmit to the Clerks of Subdivision Meetings of their respective Counties,

Ballot in Subdivision Meetings.

ates of the Number of Men enrolled, and the Number in the Militia, and which remain to be provided or Parishes in which such Deficiencies exist, and the Parishes in their respective Subdivisions shall forthwith supply such Deficiencies by Ballot, under the Provisions of the said Act, in the Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to the contrary hereof.

And it is further enacted, That Notice shall be given by the Deputy-Lieutenants, or Clerk of Subdivision Meetings, by affixing Lists of the Names of the Persons to be balloted, at the Doors of the Churches or Chapels, or on other convenient Places in the several Parishes within their respective Subdivisions, of the Days, Times, and Places appointed for Ballots under this Act, in their respective Subdivisions; and the Names of the Persons liable to be balloted shall publickly and in the Presence of any Justice of the Peace, or Magistrates, Churchwardens, and Overseers of the Poor as choosen to attend, be called over from the Lists, and put into the Boxes or Glasses for balloting, and shall in like Manner be publickly drawn out, and the Names of the Persons so drawn shall be publickly called for, and be entered in a Book by the Clerks of the Subdivision, or Persons appointed by them or the Deputy-Lieutenants, for that Purpose; and such calling over of the Names, and balloting for Persons to be enrolled under this Act, shall take place at the Days, Times, and Places appointed, and shall not commence before Ten o'Clock in the Morning, nor continue longer than Six in the Evening; and if such balloting shall not be complete in One Morning, the Boxes shall be sealed with the Seals of any Two or more of the Deputy-Lieutenants and the Clerk of the Meeting, and such Seals shall be broken, and the balloting be finished in like publick Manner on the succeeding Day or Days, or on any other Day to which such Ballot shall be adjourned.

Appeal.

Notice of Ballot.

Fresh Ballots for Deficiencies, &c.

Penalty on Persons balloted (except Quakers) not serving or providing Substitute, 301.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Deputy-Lieutenants in all Cases in which the same shall be necessary, shall appoint Days and Places for holding Meetings for hearing Appeals; and the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings at which such Ballots shall have taken place, shall within Three Days transmit to the Constables, School-masters, or other Officers of the Parishes within their Subdivisions, the Names of the Persons balloted therein respectively, and such Constable or Schoolmaster shall thereupon give Notice to every such Person, by delivering the same to him or his Wife, or some Servant or Member of his Family, or leaving the same at his usual or last Place of Abode; and it shall be lawful for the Deputy-Lieutenants, and they are hereby required in all Cases in which Persons so balloted shall make Default, or not find Substitutes, or shall desert, or shall pay the Fine under this Act, to proceed to a fresh Ballot, and adjourn such Meeting, and direct like Notice to be given to the Persons balloted, and appoint other Meetings in case the same shall be necessary for making fresh Ballots, and until the full Number of Men required under this Act shall be enrolled to serve in the Militia.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person chosen by Ballot under this Act to serve in the Militia (not being one of the People called *Quakers*) who shall refuse or neglect to appear and take the Oath, and serve in the Militia, or to provide a Substitute in the Manner directed by the said Acts relating to the Militia of Great Britain,

Britain, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied and recovered in Manner in this Act mentioned.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That a Sum of Ten Guineas shall be allowed to every Person ballotted and enrolled between the said First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and the First Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, or if any Person ballotted within such Period shall provide a Substitute, or shall have a Substitute provided for him, who shall be enrolled, then to the Substitute; and such Bounty shall be paid in such Proportions and at such Times and Places, and in such Proportions as to finding any Necessaries, and as to any Advance of any Part thereof, as shall be specified in any Regulations made in that Behalf as aforesaid.

Bounty to Persons ballotted or to Substitutes 10l. 10s. from 1 June to 1 Sept. 1810.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful for the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of any Parish in *England*; and for any Heritor or Heritors of any Parishes in *Scotland*, at any Time after the passing of this Act. and until the First Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, to raise or provide any such Men as Volunteers as aforesaid, who shall be entitled to such Bounty of Ten Guineas as aforesaid, to be paid and applied as aforesaid: Provided always, that all Men so raised shall be entered as raised for the Parish for which they shall have been provided, and in discharge of such Parish from Ballot for such Men as shall be so raised.

Churchwardens, &c. may raise Volunteers till 1 Sept. 1810, who shall have like Bounty.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Churchwarden or Overseer of the Poor of any Parish, or any other Person or Persons, to make, raise, or levy any Rate or Rates, or any Subscription or Subscriptions, or Sum or Sums of Money, or to give, advance, or promise any Sum or Sums of Money for the Purpose of inducing any Person to enlist as a Volunteer as aforesaid; and every Churchwarden and Overseer of the Poor, and other Person, who shall in any Manner pay or give, or advance to or to the Use of any such Volunteer, or the Family of such Volunteer, any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Bounty, Gift, or Reward, or who shall promise any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Bounty, Gift, or Reward, other than such Bounty as shall be allowed and paid as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered, levied, paid, and applied as any like Penalty may be recovered, levied, and applied under any Act or Acts relating to the Militia: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for any Overseer of the Poor of any Parish, out of any Rate in his Hands for the Relief of the Poor in *England*, and for any Collector of the Cets out of any Money in his Hands in *Scotland*, to advance for the Subsistence of any Men raised and provided for such Parish, during the March to his Regiment, any Sum not exceeding the Rate of Pay at Two Shillings *per* Day, of so many Days as would enable such Man to march from the Place where he was raised to such Regiment, to be calculated at the Rate of not less than Ten Miles *per* Day, with the usual Number of halting Days: Provided always, that all Sums of Money so advanced in respect of any Men that shall be approved and enrolled, shall be repaid to such Overseer by the Officer appointed for receiving such Men, to be by such Overseers or Collectors of the Cets carried to the Account of the Rates or Money from which the same shall have been advanced as aforesaid.

No Rates or Subscription shall be made for procuring Volunteers.

Penalty 20l.

Subsistence Money to Men on their March.

XVII.

Persons receiving
Bounty not
entitled to
Allowance under
49 G. 3. c. 90.
§ 122, &c.

Share of Bounty
to Substitute
before joining.

Members of
Volunteer Corps
not exempt,
unless having
served the full
Number of
Days under
49 G. 3. c. 54.

Persons balloted
under Training
Act
46 G. 3. c. 90.
not exempt;
nor Officers
upon Half Pay;
unless serving,
or having offered to
serve, in Militia,
&c.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person so ballotted and receiving such Sum of Ten Guineas as aforesaid, shall be entitled to, or have or receive the Allowance of One-half of the current Price of a Volunteer, or any other Allowance under any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia, by reason of his not being possessed of any Estate in Lands, Goods, or Money, of the clear Value of Five hundred Pounds; any Thing in any Act of Parliament relating to the Militia to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Deputy-Lieutenant to direct or permit any larger Sum of Money than shall be provided in any Rules and Regulations made for the Application of such Sum or Bounty of Ten Guineas as aforesaid, to be paid to any Substitute at the Time of his Enrolment, or before he shall actually join his Regiment; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Militia notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall claim, or have or be entitled to any Exemption from being ballotted to serve in the Militia under this Act, by reason of any such Person being enrolled and serving in any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, unless such Person shall have actually attended the usual Muster and Exercise of such Corps for the Number of Days required by an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to consolidate and amend the Provisions of the several Acts relating to Corps of Yeomanry and Volunteers in Great Britain, and to make further Regulations relating thereto*; and if any Person who shall not have so attended according to the Provisions of the said recited Act, shall nevertheless claim any Exemption, such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, notwithstanding any such Person may have a Certificate of being an effective Member of his Corps; and from and after the passing of this Act, no Certificate of any Commanding Officer of any Volunteer Corps shall be admitted by any Deputy-Lieutenant upon any such Claim of Exemption, unless such Certificate shall certify the Number of Days on which the Person producing the same shall have attended the Muster or Exercise of his Corps, or been absent from any justifiable Cause under the said recited Act.

XX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be exempt from being ballotted to serve in the Militia under this Act, by reason of any such Person having been ballotted or enrolled to be trained and exercised under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable His Majesty annually to train and exercise a Proportion of His Subjects in England, under certain Regulations, and more effectually to provide for the Defence of the Realm*, and no Officer on the Half Pay of any of His Majesty's Forces, and not actually serving in some Regiment of Militia or Corps of Volunteers, shall, by reason of holding any Commission from His Majesty on which he shall receive Half Pay, be exempt from being ballotted to serve in the Militia under this Act, unless such Person shall have tendered his Service to the Lord Lieutenant or Vice-Lieutenant of the County in which he shall reside, either to serve as an Officer in the Militia or Local Militia, or in some Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteers, or shall be incapable of Service; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXI.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Deputy-Lieutenants in their respective Subdivisions, and they are hereby required, at any Time during the Period allowed for balloting and enrolling Men under this Act, in case any Person ordered to be drawn out and embodied shall have made or shall make Default by not appearing, or by Desertion or Absence from Duty, and shall not be taken within Ten Days from the Time of such Default, Desertion, or Absence, to declare a Vacancy, and forthwith to fill up the same according to the Provisions of the said Acts and this Act.

If Persons ordered to be drawn out shall not appear, &c. within 10 Days, Vacancy shall be filled up.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of Subdivision Meetings shall within Fourteen Days after the Expiration of the Period allowed for enrolling of any Men in their respective Counties, make out and return Two Schedules in the Form to this Act annexed, marked (C.) Duplicates of each other, of the Numbers and Names of the Men enrolled in their Subdivision, and also of the Bounties received and applied, and Fines paid by Persons ballotted to serve, and shall transmit such Schedules to the Clerk of General Meetings, who shall forthwith transmit one of such Schedules to one of His Majesty's principal Secretaries of State.

Return of Schedules of Men enrolled in each Subdivision (Schedule C.)

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the City of London.

Saving for London.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That every County, Hundred, and Parish, for which the full Number of Men required by this Act shall not have been enrolled before the said First Day of October One thousand eight hundred and ten, shall be subject to a Fine of Forty Pounds for every Man required to be ballotted and enrolled in such County, Hundred, or Parish remaining deficient.

Fines for Deficiencies on 1 Oct. 1810. 40l. per Man.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the respective Colonels or other Commandants of the Regiments of Militia in England shall, at the Expiration of the Period within which the Men required to be raised under this Act ought to have been enrolled within their respective Counties, transmit to the Justices of the Peace or Magistrates assembled at the several General Quarter Sessions of the Peace held for the respective Counties at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace next after such Period, Certificates of the Number of Men remaining deficient in their respective Regiments under the Provisions of this Act, and the Justices of the Peace or the Magistrates assembled at such Sessions shall at such Sessions assess the Penalty of Forty Pounds for each Private Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid, and such Assessment shall be forthwith returned by the Clerk of the Peace to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in England.

In England, Colonels shall transmit to Quarter Sessions Certificates of Deficiencies, and the Sessions shall assess 40l. per Man.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the respective Colonels or other Commanding Officers of Militia in Scotland shall, immediately after the Expiration of the respective Periods within which the Numbers of Men to be enrolled under this Act in their respective Counties, are required to be completed under the Provisions of this Act, transmit to the Clerk of Supply of the respective Counties to the Militia of which they belong, Certificates of the Deficiencies and Vacancies that remain to be filled up in their respective Regiments under this Act; and such Clerk of Supply shall forthwith summon a Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply, and the Commissioners of Supply assembled at such Meeting shall assess the Sum of Forty Pounds for each

In Scotland, Colonels shall transmit Certificates of Deficiencies to the Clerk of Supply, and the Commissioners shall assess 40l. per Man.

43 G. 3. c. 89.
(But see
49 G. 3. c. 90.)

Court of
Exchequer in
England may
fine Counties,
&c. in 40l.
per Man for
Deficiencies.

Like Power to
Court of
Exchequer in
Scotland.

When Men
raised, Ballot
again suspended
to 1 Jan. 1812.
[But see § 36.]

each Private Man so certified to be deficient as aforesaid, in the Manner directed by an Act, passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of Militia Men in Scotland.* and such Assessment shall forthwith be transmitted by the Clerk of Supply to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; and all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Rules, and Directions, Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures relating to the making and levying of the Assessment directed by the said last recited Act, and the said Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty relating to the Militia of *Scotland*, shall be and are hereby declared to be in full Force for the making and levying of such Assessment for not completing the Number of Men required to be ballotted and enrolled under this Act, as fully as if the same were herein re-enacted.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case the full Number of Men required to be enrolled for any County, Hundred, or Parish in *England*. shall not have been so enrolled, it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer in *England*, on Application of His Majesty's Attorney-General (if it shall see fit) to grant a Rule, calling upon the Treasurer of the County, the Chief Constable of the Hundred, or Constable or Overseer of the Poor of any Parish in respect of which such Application shall be made, to shew Cause why such County, Hundred, or Parish respectively should not pay such Sum of Forty Pounds for every Man so deficient as aforesaid; and if no sufficient Cause be shewn to the Court within such Time as shall be specified in such Rule, upon such Treasurer, Chief Constable or Constables, or Overseer of the Poor respectively, then to fine such County, Hundred, or Parish, in respect of which such Application shall be made, in such Sum of Forty Pounds per Man for every Man so deficient, and to cause such Fine to be levied by *Distringas* or other Process applicable to the Nature of the Case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court, upon the Chief Constable or Clerk of Subdivision Meetings as to Hundreds, or upon the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish as to the Parishes.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That in case the full Number of Men required to be enrolled for any County in *Scotland*, shall not have been so enrolled, it shall be lawful for the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, on the Application of His Majesty's Advocate, to make an Order calling upon the Clerk of Supply of the County in respect of which such Application shall be made, to shew Cause why such County, or the Parish or Place therein, in respect of which such Application shall have been made, shall not pay such Sum of Forty Pounds for every Man so deficient as aforesaid; and if no sufficient Cause can be shewn to the Court within such Time as shall be specified in such Order, then to fine such County, Parish, or Place, in respect of which such Application shall be made, in such Sum of Forty Pounds per Man for every Man so deficient, and to cause such Fine to be levied by such Process as may be applicable to the Nature of the Case, according to the Rules and Practice of such Court.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as all the Men required to be raised for the Militia of any County under this Act, shall have been raised and enrolled, or at the Expiration of the Periods allowed for raising Men under this Act, all further
Ballot

Ballot and Enrolment of Men in such County shall be suspended, and shall remain so suspended until the First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and twelve.

XXX. ' And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of ' the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to empower His Majesty to retain upon full Pay and Allowances, Officers of the Militia during the War, notwithstanding the Reduction*, it is declared, that His Majesty may direct any Number of Officers and Corporals, serving in ' the Militia at the Time of the Reduction of Privates to be retained, ' although the Number may exceed the Proportion prescribed for ' any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, and that such Officers shall ' succeed to Vacancies in any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps respectively; according to their respective Ranks: And whereas such ' a Regulation was not meant to apply to Regiments, Battalions, or ' Corps where the Quotas of different Counties are united into one ' Body, except in so far as regards any Commission granted by the ' Lord Lieutenant of the County when the Vacancy has taken place; ' Be it therefore enacted, ' That when any Vacancy has already taken or shall hereafter take place in any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps where the Quotas of different Counties are united into one Body, such Vacancy shall not be filled up for the Militia of one County by a Commission from the Lord Lieutenant of another County; but that the Lord Lieutenant of the County where any Vacancy has already taken or shall hereafter take place shall have full Power to nominate a fit Person to supply such Vacancy, any Thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that any Officer who has been retained by His Majesty upon Full Pay and Allowances, in consequence of the said Act, shall continue to be so retained and succeed to any Vacancy that may take place where the Commission has been granted by the Lord Lieutenant of the County from whom his Commission was derived.

45 G. 3. c. 90.

Vacant Commissions in Regiments, when the Quotas of different Counties are united, shall not be filled up for the Militia of one County by a Lord Lieutenant of another, &c.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in making all Apportionments of Militia which shall hereafter be made, either in relation to Hundreds or Parishes, Regard shall be had to the Number of Persons serving in Yeomanry or Volunteer Corps and in the Local Militia in such Hundreds and Parishes respectively, and exempt by reason thereof from serving in the Militia, and to all other Exemptions from serving in the Militia, so as that all such Apportionments shall be made on the Numbers of Persons in such Hundreds and Parishes respectively, actually liable to be ballotted and to serve in the Militia.

Apportionments shall be made on Persons actually liable to Ballot.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty to appoint Two several Periods of Three Days each respectively, at any Time after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and ten, for enlisting of Militia Men into His Majesty's Regulars, in addition to the Time and Periods specified in the said recited Act of this Session of Parliament as to any Regiment in which the full Number of Men allowed by the said Act to enlist shall not have enlisted under the Provisions of the said Act into His Majesty's Regular Forces; and all the Clauses, Powers, Provisions, and Authorities in the said recited Act contained shall apply to such additional Periods of Enlisting as fully as if the same had been specified in the said recited Act.

Periods allowed for enlisting Militia Men into the Line, under 49 G. 3. c. 4. § 9.

XXXIII. ' Whereas it may facilitate the Training of the Local ' Militia to allow the Commanding Officers of the Regular Militia to ' discharge,

Colonels of the
Regular Militia
may discharge
Men to supply
Local Militia
with Serjeants.

Fines of 20l.
(see § 13.)
and of 40l.
(see § 24.)
shall be paid
over to Receiver
General in
England.

In Scotland,
Fines shall be
paid to Collector
of Cefs, &c.

His Majesty may
order Fallot at
any Time before
1 June 1810,
or after 1 Oct.
1810, to com-
plete Militia.

‘ discharge, if they shall think fit, Men from their respective Regiments
‘ to be employed as Serjeants in the Local Militia of their respective
‘ Counties,’ be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the
Colonels or Commanding Officers of the Regular Militia, at the Re-
quest of any Colonels or Commanding Officers of the Local Militia of
their respective Counties, to discharge any Number of Serjeants, Cor-
porals, or Private Men serving in their Regiments, to be enrolled and
employed as Serjeants in the Local Militia of their respective Counties,
so that no greater Proportion shall be so discharged for the Purpose of
being enrolled in any Regiment of Local Militia than One Serjeant
to every Two hundred Men of which such Regiment of Local Militia
shall consist, and the Vacancies occasioned by all such Discharges shall
be supplied in like Manner as any Vacancies occasioned by transferring
Men into His Majesty’s Regular Forces are allowed or required to be
filled up and supplied.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all
Fines of Twenty Pounds which shall be paid by any Person ballotted
and making Default, shall be paid within Ten Days after the same
shall be received, and also all Fines of Forty Pounds for any Default
under this Act, shall be paid within Ten Days after the same shall
have been assessed, to the Receiver-General of the County, to be
by him paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer; and every Clerk
of Subdivision Meetings, or other Person, who shall retain in his
Hands any such Fine of Twenty Pounds as aforesaid, or any such
Fine of Forty Pounds as aforesaid, for the Space of Seven Days
after the Expiration of such Period of Ten Days as aforesaid, shall
forfeit double the Amount of the Money so returned, to be recovered
as any Penalty may be recovered under this Act or any Act relating
to the Militia.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all
Fines of Twenty Pounds which shall be paid by any Persons ballotted
under this Act in *Scotland*, and making Default, shall within Ten
Days after the same shall be received, and also all Fines of Forty
Pounds for Deficiencies under this Act, shall within Ten Days after
the same shall have been assessed, be paid respectively to the Collector
of the Cefs of the County, to be by him accounted for to such Re-
ceiver-General of *Scotland*, in the same Manner as such Collector of the
Cefs accounts for the Land Tax; and every Person and all Persons
who shall retain in his or their Hands any such Part or Proportion of
any Fine of Twenty Pounds as aforesaid, or any such Fine of Forty
Pounds as aforesaid, for the Space of Seven Days after the Expiration
of such Period of Ten Days as aforesaid, shall forfeit Double the
Amount of the Money so retained, to be recovered as any Penalty may
be recovered under this Act, or any Act relating to the Militia.

XXXVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be
lawful for His Majesty, at any Time after the passing of this Act,
and before the said First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred
and ten, if it shall appear to His Majesty to be necessary, for the more
speedily completing of the Militia, to order and direct by any Order of
His Majesty in Council, that the Ballot for completing the Militia
shall commence at any Time to be named in any such Order in Council,
any Thing in this Act or the said recited Act of the Forty seventh
Year aforesaid to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the raising and
enrolling Men by Beat of Drum or otherwise shall either cease or
proceed,

proceed, together with such Ballot, as to His Majesty shall seem fit, and such Sum or Bounty of Ten Guineas shall in such Case be allowed and paid, and applied in respect of Men ballotted, or Substitutes, in Manner by this Act directed: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for His Majesty in like Manner to order and direct that the Militia of any County, which at the Conclusion of the Period allowed by this Act for completing the Militia remains or shall become deficient, shall be completed by Ballot; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and notwithstanding any Suspension of Ballot which may have taken place or may hereafter take place.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That where Deputy-Lieutenants are by this Act directed or empowered to do any Act, Matter, or Thing, in or concerning the Execution thereof, the same shall be good and valid if it be done by any One Deputy-Lieutenant, or in the Absence of any Deputy-Lieutenant, by One Justice of the Peace, except as to all such Matters as are directed to be done by Deputy-Lieutenants acting in the Absence of a Lieutenant, or Vice-Lieutenant, or at any General Meeting, or at any Subdivision Meeting: Provided always, that where One Deputy-Lieutenant only shall be able to attend any Subdivision Meeting it shall be lawful for any One Justice of the Peace or Magistrate of the Division or District, to sit and act with such Deputy-Lieutenant, with all such Powers and Authorities relating thereto as are in this Act, or any Act relating to the Militia, given to Deputy-Lieutenants.

Justices may act for and with Deputy-Lieutenants.

“ Provisions relating to Counties, &c. extended to Ridings, &c. § 38.
 “ Powers of 42 G. 3. c. 90. and c. 91. and all other Militia Acts,
 “ extended to this Act. § 39.

XL. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any High Constable, or Chief or other Constable, or any Clerk of General or Subdivision Meetings, or Schoolmaster, or any Commissioned Officer, Adjutant, Quartermaster, or Sergeant in the Militia or Local Militia, shall ensure or take any Money for the Insurance of, or be in any Way concerned in any Company, Society, Partnership, or Office for the Insurance of any Person or Persons for the providing any Substitute or Volunteer, or Substitutes or Volunteers, or for the paying or returning any Money for the providing any Substitute or Volunteer, or Substitutes or Volunteers in the Militia, for any Person or Persons who may be ballotted to serve in the Militia, every such High Constable, or Chief or other Constable, or any Clerk of General or Subdivision Meetings, or Schoolmaster, or Commissioned Officer, Adjutant, Quartermaster, or Sergeant as aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on High Constables, &c. insuring for providing Substitutes, 100l.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall exceed Twenty Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, at the Suit of His Majesty's Attorney-General for England, or Advocate for Scotland, or at the Suit of any Person appointed to sue for the same, by any Lieutenant, or Deputy-Lieutenants, or Vice-Lieutenants acting for any Lieutenant, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or the Courts of Great Session in the Principality of Wales, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, and Durham, (as the Case shall require,) in England, and in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland, wherein no Effiage,

Recovery of Penalties exceeding 20l.

Privilege,

Privilege, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than one Impar lance shall be allowed.

Penalties, not exceeding 20l. may be recovered before One Justice, &c.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace. or Deputy-Lieutenant, residing near the Place where any Offence shall be committed against this Act, which subjects the Offender to any pecuniary Penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to hear and determine such Offence at any Time within Six Months after the Offence committed, and such Justice of the Peace or Deputy-Lieutenant shall, upon any Information, Exhibit, or Complaint made in that Behalf, summon the Party accused, and also the Witn-esses on either Side, and shall examine into the Matter of Fact, and upon due Proof made thereof, either by the voluntary Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witness- or Witnesses, to give Judgment for the Penalty or Forfeiture, as by this Act is direct-d, and to issue his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for the levying any pecuniary Penalties or Forfeitures so adjudged, on the Goods of the Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof in case they shall not be redeemed within Four Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus, if any; and where the Goods of the Offender cannot be found sufficient to answer the Penalty, to commit such Offender to Prison, there to remain for any Time not exceeding Three Months, unless such pecuniary Penalty shall be sooner paid and satisfied; and if any Person or Persons shall find himself or themselves aggrieved by the Judgment of such Justice or Deputy-Lieutenant, then he or they shall and may, upon giving Security to the Amount or Value of such Penalty and Forfeiture, together with such Costs as shall be awarded in case such Judgment shall be affirmed, appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General Quarter Sessions for the County, Riding, or Place, who are hereby empowered to summon and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally to hear and determine the same; and in case the Judgment shall be affirmed, it shall be lawful for such Justices to award the Person or Persons to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal as to them shall seem meet.

Penalty on Witnesses not appearing, 5l.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence before such Justice or Deputy-Lieutenant, touching any of the Matters relative to this Act, either on the Part of the Prosecutor or Persons accused, and shall neglect or refuse to appear at the Time and Place to be for that Purpose appointed, without a reasonable Excuse for such his, her, or their Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed of by such Justice or Deputy-Lieutenant before whom the Prosecution shall be depending, that then every such Person shall forfeit for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, to be levied and paid in such Manner and by such Means as is directed as to the other Penalties.

Form of Conviction.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Justice or Deputy-Lieutenant before whom any Offender shall be convicted as aforesaid, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in the Manner and Form following, or in any other Form of Words to the same Effect, *mutatis mutandis*; that is to say:

‘ **BE** it remembered, That on the Day of
 ‘ in the Year of Our Lord in the County
 ‘ of A. B. of was convicted
 ‘ before me C. D. one of His Majesty’s Justices of the Peace [or, one of

• of the Deputy-Lieutenants, *as the Case may be*] for the said County,
 • residing near the Place where the Offence was committed, for that the
 • said *A. B.* on the Day of
 • now last past, did, contrary to the Form of the Statute in that Case
 • made and provided; [*here state the Offence against this AB*] and I
 • do declare and adjudge that the said *A. B.* hath forfeited the Sum
 • of

Orders and
 Convictions shall
 not be removed
 by Certiorari.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That no Order or Conviction made in *England*, in pursuance of this Act, by any Lieutenant, Deputy-Lieutenant, or Justice of the Peace, shall be removed by *Certiorari* into any Court whatever, and that no Writ or *Certiorari* shall supersede Execution, or other Proceedings upon any such Order or Conviction, but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had thereupon, any such Writ or Writs notwithstanding; and in like Manner no Sentence, Warrant, or Order of any Deputy-Lieutenants or Justice or Justices of the Peace in *Scotland*, shall be removed into any Court whatsoever by Bill of Advocation or Suspension, or Process of Reduction, or in any other Manner whatsoever; and it shall not be competent to sit Execution or Procedure upon any such Sentence, Warrant or Order; and if any Person shall attempt to do so by Bill of Suspension or otherwise, the same shall be dismissed as incompetent, and such Person shall be subjected in full Expences.

“ Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 46.

SCHEDULE (A.)

LIST of Persons enlisted for Militia, between Day of
 and Day of

Names of Men.	When enrolled.	When joined.	No Child—or, one Child.	Place of Residence when enlisted.

SCHEDULE (B.)

LIST of Men volunteered into the Line, and of the Order in which the Vacancies so made are to be supplied, in the County of

No.	Names.	Parishes.	Hundreds.	No.	Names.	Parishes.	Hundreds.
1.	A. B.	G.	L.	12.			
2.	C. D.	E.	P.	13.			
3.	E. F.	A.	M.	14.			
4.	G. H.	T.	N.	15.			
5.				16.			
6.				17.			
7.				18.			
8.				19.			
9.				20.			
10.				21.			
11.							

SCHEDULE (C.)

SUBDIVISION of County of
Number of Men required to be balloted

Parishes, &c.	Number required.	Principals.	Substitutes.	Volunteers.	Date of Enrolment.	Bounties received.	How applied.	Fines paid by Balloted Men.	Sums paid to Receiver-General or Collector of Cets.

C A P. LIV.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in *Ireland*.

[27th May 1809.]

[See Cap. 115. of this Session as to England.]

‘ WHEREAS it may be convenient in the present Condition of the Prisons and Gaols in that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, that some of the Prisoners who are now confined therein should be set at Liberty: be it therefore enacted, &c.

‘ The several Gaolers in *Ireland* shall make out Lists of Prisoners in their Custody, on 1st *February* 1809, and deliver the same to the first or second Quarter Session after passing the Act. § 1. Oath of Gaolers on Delivery of Lists to be administered in open Court. Lists shall be kept by the Clerk of the Peace, and examined gratis. § 2. Copies of Lists shall be fixed up in Prisons, before Delivery to the Sessions. § 3. Prisoners in Custody on 1st *February* 1809, for Non-payment of Debts not exceeding 150*l.* may be discharged under this Act. § 4. Justice of Peace, on Prisoners delivering

“ Schedules,

" Schedules, may issue Warrants to bring them to the Quarter Sessions. § 5. Special Sessions may be held for executing this Act. § 6.
 " Schedules shall remain with Clerk of the Peace. § 7. Debtors intending to apply for Discharge shall give Three Notices in the
 " *Dublin Gazette*, &c. § 8. Debtors shall, previous to their first Notice, deliver Schedules of their Effects to Gaolers. § 9. Form of Notice.
 " § 10. Debtors proving that Notices have been given, shall in open Court deliver in Schedules of their Effects, and make Oath
 " to their Imprisonment, and to the truth of the Schedule. § 11. Schedule and Oath to be subscribed by the Debtors. Sessions at
 " Request of the Creditor may examine Gaolers on Oath; and if Debtor's Oath is not disproved, Sessions may discharge the Debtor.
 " § 12. All Estates and Effects of Debtor so discharged shall be vested in the Clerk of the Peace, who shall assign the same to such
 " Creditors as the Court shall direct, in trust to get in the Effects and make Dividends thereof, &c. § 13. Notice of the making
 " Dividends to be given. Creditors for Annuities payable at any future Time, may receive Dividends as under a Commission of Bankruptcy. § 14. All Estates of Debtors whatever, though not inserted
 " in the Schedule, shall be vested in the Clerk of the Peace. § 15. Holders of Securities without Consideration shall not be entitled to any Dividend. § 16. Estates shall continue vested in the Clerk of
 " the Peace for the Time being. § 17. Assignees shall not bring Suits in Law or Equity without Consent of Majority of Creditors. § 18.
 " Schedules shall be produced by Clerks of Peace to Creditors. The Debtor's Right alone shall be affected by this Act. § 19. Mortgages shall take place of Claims of an inferior Nature. § 20. Power
 " of leasing Lands, &c. vested in the Assignees. § 21. Oaths of Gaolers as to Custody and Conduct of Debtors, if required by Creditors. § 22, 23. If the Person delivering in List was not Gaoler
 " on the first Day of *February* he shall take the following Oath. Penalties on Gaoler and Printer of Gazette or Newspaper not complying with the Regulations of this Act, 10*l.* § 24. Punishing
 " Gaolers for Perjury, 50*l.* half to the Informer and half to the Creditors. § 25. Penalty on Clerk of the Peace not giving Copies of Adjudication of Discharges, &c. 20*l.* § 26. Debtors falsely
 " swearing shall suffer as for wilful Perjury. § 27. Debtors discharged shall not be liable to be imprisoned for any Debts due prior
 " to 1*st February* 1809. § 28. Prisoners shall remain charged with Debts become due after said 1*st February* 1809. § 29. Act may
 " be pleaded to any Action of Escape, &c. § 30. Act may be pleaded generally by Prisoners. Act not to extend to Attornies or Servants, Agents, &c. embezzling Money. § 31. Act shall not extend to
 " Persons obtaining Money or Goods on false Pretences. § 32. Nor to Prisoners remanded to Prison under former Insolvent Acts for fraudulently obtaining Money, &c. § 33. Nor to Persons charged
 " in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation, &c. or any malicious Injury. § 33. Nor to Persons removing Effects of the Value of 20*l.* liable to be distrained for Rent.
 " § 34. Nor to Persons selling or assigning Effects to defraud Creditors. § 35. Penalty on Gaolers not permitting Prisoners to be spoken with, or Entry in the Books of the Prison to be seen, 40*l.*
 " § 36. Penalty on Gaoler for making false Entries, 500*l.* § 37. Debtors refusing to discover the Creditor detaining them, or to ap-

“pear to any Creditor, excluded the Benefit of this Act. § 38.
 “Prisoners in Custody for Prison Fees discharged. § 39.

Act shall not
 extend to
 Debtors of the
 Crown, or
 Offenders
 against Revenue
 Laws.

XL. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to discharge any Prisoner seeking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debt or Penalty with which he or she shall stand charged at the Suit of the Crown, or of any Person for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Publick Revenue, or at the Suit of any Sheriff or other Publick Officer, upon any Bail Bond entered into for the Appearance of any Person prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's said Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Publick Revenue, unless any Three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being shall certify their Consent under their Hands to the said Justices at their said Sessions or Adjournment thereof for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

“Determination of Justices shall be final, unless the Debtor gets rid
 “of the Objections to his Discharge. § 41. Estates of which Pri-
 “soners are seised in Tail shall be delivered up to their Creditors,
 “without Fine, &c. § 42. Assignees may apply to two Justices of
 “Peace for further Examination of Debtors, who on Refusal to ap-
 “pear may be committed. § 43. Fraudulent Discharges declared
 “void. § 44. Assignees, with Consent of the Majority in Value of
 “Creditors, may compound Debts and submit Disputes to Arbitra-
 “tion. § 45. Penalty on Persons concealing Debtor's Estates,
 “100*l.* and double Value for Benefit of the Creditors. § 46. If
 “Assignees die, others may be chosen. § 47. Courts on Complaint
 “may remove Assignees. § 48. Where mutual Credit has been given,
 “Balance shall be stated. § 49. Persons in Custody for Contempt in
 “not paying Monies, Costs, &c. shall be entitled to the Benefit of
 “this Act. § 50. And also Persons imprisoned by Courts of Con-
 “science. § 51. No Persons having taken the Benefit of an Insolvent
 “Act within Five Years shall be entitled to Relief under this Act.
 “§ 52. Affirmation of Quakers may be taken. § 53. Insolvent,
 “on releasing his Interest in the Residue of his Estate, shall be a
 “good Witness. § 54.

C A P. LV.

An Act for rectifying Mistakes in the Names of the Commissioners appointed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in *England*, and an Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in *Great Britain* for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and for appointing other Commissioners together with those named in the first mentioned Act, to put in Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament

Parliament for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Snuff, in *Great Britain*, and on Pensions, Offices, and Personal Estates in *England*, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, also the said Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty; and for indemnifying such Persons as have acted as Commissioners for executing the said Acts.

[27th May 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to rectify Mistakes made in the naming or describing of Persons appointed Commissioners by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty for granting an Aid to His Majesty, by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, and there may be Occasion to appoint other Persons to put in Execution the said Act made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain* for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-eight, and also an Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in Great Britain, and on Pensions, Offices, and Personal Estates, in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine*; may it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several and respective Persons herein-after named, shall and may and are hereby empowered and authorized to put in Execution the said Acts, and all the Clauses, Powers, Matters, and Things whatsoever therein contained, as Commissioners in and for the several and respective Counties and Places of *Great Britain*, herein-after severally and respectively mentioned and expressed, as if they had been named with the other Commissioners in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, and properly described therein; (that is to say.)

[Then follows the List of Names for the several Places.]

And no Mistake in the Spelling of the Christian or Surname of any Person, or of any Place, mentioned in the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, or this Act, shall be construed to vitiate the Appointment of such Person to be a Commissioner, so that the Person or Place mentioned be designated therein to common Intent and Understanding; or to subject any Person so designated to any Pains, Penalty, or Forfeiture, for his acting in the Execution of the Acts herein mentioned.

Persons appointed by recited Act or this Act shall have the Qualifications required by 38 G. 3. c. 5. and 38 G. 3. c. 48.—§ 2.
 Qualified Persons in Cities, &c. rated to the Duty on Pensions, &c. may act as Commissioners. § 3. Persons not properly named, or whose Names have been omitted, who may have acted as Commissioners,

“missioners, shall be indemnified: and all Acts done by them shall be
“valid. § 4.

C A P. LVI.

[See General
Militia Act for
Ireland.

49 G. 3. c. 120.]

An Act for completing the Militia of Ireland. [3d June 1809.]

“Recital of 49 G. 3. c. 5. Number equal to Two-fifths of the
“Establishment of the Militia in *Ireland*, shall be raised within Twelve
“Months. Establishment of augmented Regiments shall remain as
“under 44 G. 3. c. 33. and of the others as under General Militia Act ;
“all above shall be considered as Supernumeraries. § 1. Men shall
“be raised by volunteering. Lord Lieutenant shall give Directions to
“the Colonels and the Treasury as under 44 G. 3. c. 33. and all the
“Powers of that Act shall be applied in Execution of this Act.
“Bounty shall not exceed *Sl. 8s.* Oaths of Volunteers so raised shall
“be the same as that of Substitutes. § 2. Further Sum of One Guinea
“per Man may be advanced to the Colonel for Expences of procuring
“Men; but no Part thereof shall be paid to the Volunteers. § 3. 4.
“Men may be required by Lord Lieutenant to be raised by Ballot,
“and in such Case they shall be raised as under existing Acts relating
“to *Irisb* Militia. § 5. General Meetings of the Governors, &c. in
“each County, within Ten Days after Lord Lieutenant’s Order, shall
“appoint the Number of Men for each Subdivision, &c. § 6. Bounty
“to ballotted Men and Substitutes shall be paid under Regulations
“of Lord Lieutenant. § 7. Colonels shall send Monthly to Lord
“Lieutenant’s Chief Secretary, and to Clerk of Annual Meetings,
“Lists of Men enrolled. § 8. Fine of 30*l.* on Counties for every
“Man deficient at the End of Twelve Months after passing this Act ;
“on Certificate of D. ficiency by Colonels to Treasurers of Counties,
“which shall be laid before the Judges of Assize ; and the Fine levied
“by the Treasurer’s Order of the Court. § 9. Treasurer shall pay
“Money levied to Collectors of Excise. § 10. Counties shall not be
“charged for any Men raised under this Act within Twelve Months
“after the passing of this Act. All former Acts shall remain in force,
“except as expressly altered by this Act. § 11. Alter *August 1, 1810,*
“Two further Periods may be appointed for enlisting of Militia Men
“into the Regulars. § 12. (See 49 G. 3. c. 5. § 3.) Act may be
“repealed or altered this Session. § 13.

C A P. LVII.

An Act for improving the Quality of Beer in *Ireland*, by fur-
ther preventing the Use of unmalted Corn, or of any dele-
terious or unwholesome Ingredients therein, and for the
better securing the Collection of the Malt Duties in *Ireland*.

[3d June 1809.]

45 G. 3. c. 58.
§ 61.

“WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His
“present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Collection*
“of the *Malt Duties in Ireland and regulating the Trade of a Maltster,*
“it is amongst other Things enacted, That in every Case where the
“Stock of Malt in the Possession of any Maltster, or of any Factor or
“Dealer in Malt, or of any Brewer or Distiller, shall be less than the
“Quantity of Malt which by the Stock Account kept by any Officer
“of

of Excise ought to be in the Possession of such Maltster, Factor, Dealer, Brewer, or Distiller, every such Person shall for every such Time such Decrease shall appear, forfeit the Sum of Fifteen Shillings for every Barrel of Malt which shall so appear to be deficient; Be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every such Person shall, for every Time such Decrease shall appear, forfeit the Sum of Thirty Shillings for every Barrel of Malt which shall so appear to be deficient, instead of the said Sum of Fifteen Shillings in the said Act mentioned: Provided always, that whereas by reason of the Quantity of Malt being taken account of by the Officer according to the Gauge, and being sold or used or consumed by such Maltster, Factor, Dealer, Brewer or Distiller, in Bushels or Barrels, according to the Weight thereof, Deficiencies may arise between such Stock Account and the actual Quantity of Malt in Store, no Maltster, Factor, Dealer, Brewer, or Distiller, shall be liable to such Penalty of Thirty Shillings per Barrel in any Case where such Decrease shall not exceed the Proportion of one Barrel of Malt for every Twenty Barrels of the whole Quantity in which such Decrease shall appear, unless in Cases where Fraud or Intention of Fraud shall appear; any Thing in the said recited Act or this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty on undue Decrease of Malt 30s. per Bushel: if it exceed 1 Bushel in 20.

II. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend the Two Acts for the collecting of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Maltster*, as enacts that no Place which shall have a Communication by internal Doors with, or shall be adjoining to that Part of any Distillery or Brewery where any Keeve or other Vessel for mashing shall be kept, shall be registered as a Store for keeping of Malt, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Day of passing this Act, no Mash Keeve, nor any Part or Place of any Distillery or Brewery where any Mash Keeve shall be kept, shall be entered or registered as a Store for keeping of Malt by any Brewer or Distiller in *Ireland*.

48 G. 3. c. 79. § 5. repealed in part.

No Mash Keeve shall be registered as a Malt Store.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, if any Worts which shall have been drawn off from the Mash Keeve more than Twenty-four Hours, shall be found in the Possession of any Brewer, or in the licensed Brewery of such Brewer, or in the Stores thereto belonging, not mixed with or in which there shall not be infused Hops in Quantity sufficient to make the same into Beer, Ale, or Porter, all such Worts shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Brewer shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on Worts not being hopped in 24 Hours. Forfeiture and 100l.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, no Brewer or Brewers, or Person or Persons licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, shall give, sell, or in any Manner dispose of any Worts, or Pot Ale, to any Person or Persons whatsoever; and in case any such Brewer or Brewers, or Person or Persons so licensed, shall at any Time give, sell, or in any Manner dispose of any Worts, or Pot Ale, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, such Brewer or Brewers, or Person or Persons so giving, selling, or in any Manner disposing of the same, shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred

Penalty on Brewers selling Wash 500l. &c.

Pounds; and any Licence granted to such Brewer or Person shall thereupon be and become *ipso facto* void, and such Brewer shall be considered as unlicensed, and liable to all such Penalties and Forfeitures as Persons brewing Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, without having a Licence for that Purpose in force, shall be liable to by any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for that Purpose.

Malt shall not be removed from Malt Stores into Mill or Brewery without Permit.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing of this Act, no Malt shall at any Time be removed from or out of the Stores, or other Room or Place of any Brewer or Person licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or shall be brought or conveyed into the Mill, Brewery, or Mash Keeve, of such Brewer or Person without a Permit for the same; and that the Brewer or Person applying for such Permit, shall in his or their Request Note for obtaining the same, state the Day and Hour of the Day on which such Brewer or Person intends to begin to mash or brew the Malt so to be removed; and in case any Quantity of Malt, ground or unground, whether in any Process of brewing or not, shall be found in the Mill, Brewery, or Mash Keeve of such Brewer or Person so licensed, and a Permit for removing the same into such Mill, Brewery, or Mash Keeve, shall not on Demand of any Officer of Excise be produced, or Proof made to such Officer that such Permit had been granted for such Malt, and that such Permit was afterwards lost or mislaid, or if any such Malt shall be found in Process of brewing or mashing, or wetting before the Time specified in the Request Note for such Permit, in either of such Cases all such Malt shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Brewer or Person shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, and every such Permit shall from Time to Time be delivered by such Brewer or Person, or his Servant, to the Surveyor or other Officer of Excise in Charge of the Malt Stores of such Brewer or Person, within Twelve Hours after the Expiration of the Time for which such Permit shall be in force, or at any Time within such Twelve Hours, on Demand thereof made by such Officer; and if such Permit shall not be delivered to such Officer accordingly, such Brewer or Person shall forfeit for every Neglect Twenty Pounds.

Penalty, Forfeiture and 40l.

If Brewers' Licence shall become forfeited, no fresh Licence shall be granted without increased Security.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that the Licence of any Person licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, shall become forfeited or void by reason of any Offence against this Act, or any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to such Brewers, or to the brewing or making of Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, no future Licence shall be granted to such Person, nor to any other Person to brew in the same Brewery, unless such Person so to be licensed shall have first entered into a Bond to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of One thousand Pounds, (that is to say), the Person licensed in Five hundred Pounds, and Two Sureties in Two hundred and fifty Pounds each, such Sureties to be approved of by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or by some Person to be by them authorized in that Behalf, and such Bond to be conditioned that such Person so licensed shall in all Things well and truly conform to and obey the Laws in force in *Ireland* relating to Persons licensed to brew Strong Beer, Ale, or Porter for Sale, and shall not in any Particular transgress any Act or Acts of Parliament with respect to Persons so licensed, or with respect to the brewing or making of Strong Beer, Porter,

Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or any Clause, Matter, or Thing whatever in any such Act or Acts of Parliament, which are or shall be in force at the Time of the granting or during the Continuance of any such Licence; and in case it shall happen, that any Persons so licensed shall a second Time offend, and such Licence shall be a second Time forfeited, such Person shall be incapable of receiving a Licence for the Space of Three Years from the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* next ensuing the Time of the Forfeiture of such Licence, and no Licence shall after such second Offence be granted to any Person whatever to brew in the Brewery of the Party so offending, until the Expiration of Three Years from the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* next ensuing such second Forfeiture of such Licence, nor unless the Person licensed to brew in such Brewery shall enter into a Bond in the Penalty of Two thousand Pounds, (that is to say), the Person licensed in One thousand Pounds, and Two Sureties in Five hundred Pounds each, to be approved of, and such Bond to be conditioned as immediately herein before directed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, on Application made to them for that Purpose by any Brewer, and on Affidavit made by such Brewer of the Circumstances under which he shall be desirous to sell any Malt which he is not authorized by Law to sell, shall think it fitting and expedient that such Brewer should be allowed to sell such Malt, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, by an Order under their Hands, to direct that a Permit shall be granted for the Removal of such Malt; and such Permit shall be granted, and such Malt shall and may be removed accordingly, any Thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Brewer shall not be liable to any Penalty, nor shall such Malt be liable to Seizure or Forfeiture on account of such Sale.

VIII. And, to prevent Brewers from using Brewing Coppers or Coppers in their Cooperages as Stills, be it enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of passing this Act, no Licence shall be given or granted to any Person to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, unless the Party applying for such Licence shall have previously entered and registered in the Excise Office of the District, every Brewing Copper and every other Copper of any Sort whatever which such Person shall have in his Brewery or Premises, whether for brewing or for scalding or steaming Casks or otherwise, and also every Mash Tun and Kieve in any such Brewery or Premises, describing in the said Entry or Register the Contents of all and every such Copper or Coppers, and also describing for what Purpose they are or shall be used, and whether the same or any of them are Steam-tight or not, and in like Manner describing the Contents and Dimensions of every such Mash Tun or Kieve; and in case any Person so licensed shall at any Time during the Continuance of such Licence, make any Alteration in any Copper, Mash Tun, or Kieve so registered, or shall erect or set up any new Copper, Mash Tun, or Kieve, such Person shall make a like Entry and Registry of such Alteration, or of such Copper, Mash Tun, or Kieve to newly erected, in the said Excise Office; and in case any Person so licensed shall use or have in his or her Brewery or Premises, any Copper or Coppers, or Mash Tun or Kieve not so entered and registered, or other than such as shall be entered and registered as aforesaid, every such

Permits may be granted for Removal of Malt sold by Brewers.

For registering Coppers, Mash Tuns and Kieves, in Breweries.

such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and if any Copper in the Brewery or on the Premises of any Person so licensed shall be used for any Purpose of Distillation, every such Copper, and all the Contents thereof, and all and every other Vessel and Utensil in the Brewery or Premises of such Person, shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Licence of such Person shall be and become null and void; and if any Mash Tun or Kieve, or other Vessel not so entered or registered, shall be found in use for the Purpose of making Malt, or containing any ground Malt, every such Mash Tun, Kieve, or other Vessel, and the Contents thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized.

Penalty on
Brewers using
unmalted Corn.
First Offence
200l.
Second Offence
500l. &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Brewer or other Person or Persons in *Ireland* making or professing to make Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer for Sale, shall use any raw or unmalted Corn in the brewing or making of any Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer for Sale, or in the making or preparing of any Liquor to imitate or to resemble, or to be mixed with, or to be used, sold, or disposed of or delivered as or for Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer, nor shall any Brewer or other Person or Persons in *Ireland* sell, dispose of, send, or deliver, or cause to be sold, disposed of, sent, or delivered to any Person or Persons whatever, as or for Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, any Liquor made or prepared from raw or unmalted Corn, or in the making whereof any raw or unmalted Corn shall have been used; and if any Brewer or other Person in *Ireland*, shall at any Time use any raw or unmalted Corn in the brewing or making of any Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or in the brewing, making, or preparing any Liquor which shall be afterwards sold, disposed of, or delivered as or for Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, every such Brewer or other Person shall for the first Offence forfeit the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds; and for the second and every subsequent Offence the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; one half of the said Forfeitures to be paid to the Informer; and upon Conviction for the third Offence therein, the Licence of such Person as a Brewer shall be null and void; and all Liquor so made or prepared from raw or unmalted Corn in the Brewery or Stores of any such Brewer or other Person or Persons in *Ireland*, brewing Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, or professing so to do, together with every Copper, Cooler, Back, Tun, Vat, or other Vessel or Utensil whatsoever in which any such Liquor shall be contained, or which shall have been made use of or employed for or in the Brewery, making or preparing such Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise in *Ireland*.

For registering
Barley Stores in
Breweries.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, every Person or Persons licensed to brew Strong Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer for Sale, who shall have any Malthouse adjoining to or connected, or communicating with his Brewery, shall enter and register at the Excise Office of the District, every Store Room and Place belonging to such Malthouse, in which Barley, or Grain called *Bere* or *Big* shall be deposited, and that no Store for Barley or Grain called *Bere* or *Big* shall in any Case be adjoining to or connected with, or be open by Means of any Door or Doorway immediately to the Place in such Brewery where any Malt shall be wetted or mashed, or any Worts shall be boiled, cooled, or
hepped;

hopped; and all Barley or Grain called *Bere* or *Big*, which shall be found in any Part of such Brewery or Malthouse, other than in such Room or Place so registered, and so separate and apart from such Brewery, shall be forfeited, and may be seized, and the Person or Persons in whose Stores, Custody or Possession such Barley or Grain called *Bere* or *Big* shall be found, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, every Person or Persons licensed to brew as aforesaid, shall in like Manner enter and register in the Excise Office of the District, every Store Room and Place in which Oats shall or may at any Time be deposited, and that no such Store Room or Place shall be adjoining to or connected with, or be open by means of any Door or Doorway immediately to the Place where any Malt shall be wetted or mashed, or any Worts shall be boiled, cooled, or hopped; and any Oats which shall be found in the Possession of any such Person or Persons, in any other Place than a Store or Place so registered, shall be forfeited and may be seized; and such Person or Persons in whose Custody, Store or Possession, such Oats shall be found, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

For registering
Oat Stores in
Breweries.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Brewer or other Person in Ireland making or professing to make Ale, Beer, Porter, or Small Beer, shall have in his or her Brewery, or in any Part of the Premises connected with his or her Brewery, any raw or unmalted Corn ground or bruised, and that all raw or unmalted Corn ground or bruised, which shall be found in such Brewery or Premises, together with all Sacks, Vessels or Packages in which such raw Corn ground or bruised shall be contained, and all Carts, Drays, and other Carriages on which such raw Corn or unmalted Corn belonging to such Brewer or Person, ground or bruised, shall be found in the Course of Conveyance, and all Horses attached to every such Cart, Dray or other Carriage, shall be forfeited, and may be respectively seized by any Officer or Officers of the Excise.

Raw Corn
ground or
bruised in Brew-
eries, shall be
forfeited.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Brewer or other Person in Ireland shall use any Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent-wash, Sugar, Mellasses, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indicus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, or any Ingredient whatsoever, which shall possess any deleterious or unwholesome Quality, in the making or brewing of any Beer, Porter, Ale or Small Beer; and if any Brewer or other Person shall use any such Ingredients in the brewing or making of any Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, every such Brewer or other Person shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and all Liquor in the brewing of which any such Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent-wash, Sugar, Mellasses, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indicus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, or any Ingredient which shall possess any deleterious or unwholesome Quality shall have been used, and all such Sugar Water, Distillers' Spent-wash, Sugar, Mellasses, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus Indicus, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, or Ingredient, in the Brewery or Stores of every such Brewer or other Person, together with every Copper, Cooler, Back, Tun, Vat or other Vessel in which any such Liquor,

Penalty for
using Drugs in
brewing, 100l.

Material

Colouring for
Porter.

Material, or other Ingredient shall be contained, or which shall have been made use of or employed for brewing such Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized or spilled and destroyed: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent any Porter Brewer from using any Article known by the Name of Colouring, provided that the same shall be made or prepared from burnt Sugar only, and reduced to a bitter Liquid by the Infusion of Water; and if any Brewer shall use in the brewing of Beer, Porter, Ale, or Small Beer, any Extract from Sugar not of the aforesaid Description, or any Colouring possessing any deleterious or unwholesome Quality whatsoever, such Beer, Ale, Porter, or Small Beer, and such Extract from Sugar and Colouring, which shall be found in the Brewery or Stores of such Brewer, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized or spilled and destroyed, and all Vessels in which the same shall be contained shall be forfeited and may be seized, and such Brewer shall also for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Bounty to
Retailers of
Beer to be
discontinued.

XIV. And whereas the Allowances made by Law to Persons retailing Beer, Porter, or Ale, are not necessary to be continued longer than until the Twenty-ninth Day of *September*, One Thousand eight Hundred and nine, be it therefore enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person licensed to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail, in the Cities of *Dublin*, *Cork*, *Waterford* or *Limerick*, to require, demand or receive any Certificate from the Commissioners of Excise, for the Purpose of claiming any Bounty in respect of any Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale, that such Person may have sold by Retail in the Year ending the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, or within any subsequent Year; and that it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise to give or grant any such Certificate, nor for the Commissioners of Stamp Duties in *Ireland* to pay any Bounties to any such Persons in respect of any Quantity of Strong Beer or Ale sold by such Person by Retail within the said Year, or within any subsequent Year, any Thing in an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale and Cyder by Retail, and for discouraging the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, or in an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Duties upon stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in Ireland, and to grant new and additional Duties in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland*, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

45 G. 3. c. 50.
§ 67.

46 G. 3. c. 64.
§ 8.

Powers of
45 G. 3. c. 53.
applied to
this Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be recovered, levied, and applied in such Manner as is directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Collection of the Malt Duties in Ireland, and regulating the Trade of a Malster*, with respect to Penalties and Forfeitures under the said recited Act, and that all the Powers, Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations contained in the said recited Act, or in any Act or Acts for amending the same, shall be applied in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Clauses, Provisions, Rules and Regulations were repeated and re-enacted in this Act, and that the

the said recited Act and this Act shall be construed together as one Act. so far as the same are consistent and compatible with each other, and as the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year is altered and amended by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in Force at the Time of the passing of this Act.

“ Act may be altered this Session. § 16.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to explain and render more effectual an Act, passed in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies. [3d June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act, made in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies*, reciting that several benevolent and charitable Institutions and Societies had been formed in *Ireland*, for the Purpose of relieving by voluntary Subscriptions and Benefactions the Widows, Orphans, and Families of the Clergy, both of the established Church and Dissenters, and others in distressed Circumstances; certain Regulations were made for the Benefit of such of the said Charitable Institutions and Societies as should procure the Rules for the Distribution and Management of their Funds, to be presented to the Justices of the Peace at any Quarter Sessions to be holden within the Time limited in the said Act: And whereas it is expedient to extend the Benefits of the said Act to such Charitable Institutions and Societies, for the Purposes aforesaid, as may have omitted to register their Rules for the Distribution and Management of their Funds, within the Time limited by the said recited Act; and also to such Charitable Institutions and Societies for the Purposes aforesaid, as have been instituted since the said recited Act, or may hereafter be instituted: Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Members of any Charitable Institution or Society, which, at any Time before the passing of the said recited Act or this Act, shall have been established, or which at any Time after the passing of this Act shall and may be established in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* for the Purposes aforesaid, to frame good and wholesome Rules, Orders, and Regulations, for the Management and Distribution of their Funds, and such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, from Time to Time to amend and alter, and to make new Rules as occasion shall require, and as shall appear necessary to the Majority of the said Societies respectively at their regular Publick Meetings, or any Adjournment thereof, so as such Rules, Orders, and Regulations shall not be repugnant to the Laws in force in *Ireland*, or to any of the express Provisions or Regulations of the said recited Act.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, shall be exhibited in Writing under the Signature of the Chairman, President, Moderator, or Register of such Societies

Irish Act,
36 G. 3. c. 58.

All Friendly Societies instituted either before or after passing the recited Act may frame Rules for the Management of their Funds.

Such Rules shall be submitted to the Quarter Societies

Sessions, who
may confirm
them.

cities respectively, with all convenient Speed after the same shall have been made, altered, or amend-d, to the Assitant Barrister and Justices of the Peace assembled at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, in and for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town where such Charitable Institution or Society shall be respectively established; and such Rules, Orders, and Regulations shall be subject to the Review of such Assitant Barrister and Justices; and in case such Rules, Orders, and Regulations shall be found upon Examination by the said Assitant Barrister and Justices, either at the then or the then next subsequent Session to contain nothing repugnant to the Laws of this Realm, or the express Provision of the said recited Act, such Assitant Barrister and Justices shall and may, and they are hereby authoriz-d, empowered, and required to order the Clerk of the Peace to sign the same, and to file a Duplicate of such Rules, Orders, and Regulations, and to deposit the same with the Rolls of said Sessions, in like Manner as is required by the said recited Act in other like Cases; And in case it shall happen that any such Charitable Institution or Society shall consist of Members residing in more Counties than one, then and in such Case all such Rules, Orders, and Regulations may and shall be confirmed and registered as aforesaid by the Assitant Barrister and Justices in and for the County in which such Society shall be established, or in any other County selected for that Purpose by such Society, and wherein any of the Members of such Society shall reside.

Societies, whose
Rules shall be so
confirmed, shall
be entitled to the
Benefit of
recited Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That all such Charitable Societies or Institutions for the Purposes aforesaid, whose Rules, Orders, and Regulations shall at any Time after the passing of this Act be so approved and filed as herein directed, shall be entitled to the Benefit of the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid, and of all the Clauses and Provisions in the said Act contained, in relation to the Appointment of a Treasurer or Treasurers, Trustee or Trustees, and to the taking Security from such Treasurer, and to the lending of any Part of the Capital Stock or Fund of such Societies or Institutions on Publick or Private Securities, and to the protecting, securing, transferring, or recovering the same; and the said recited Act shall extend and be construed to extend to all such Charitable Institutions and Societies with relation to the several Matters before mentioned, as fully as if the same were repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Funds of the
Societies shall be
applied to the
Purposes of the
Societies only.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Treasurer or other Officer entrusted with Monies belonging to any such Charitable Society or Institution for the Purposes aforesaid, to apply or appropriate any Part thereof under any Pretext whatever, to any Uses or Purposes other than the Payment of the Annuities to the Widows, Orphans, or Families of deceased Members of such Charitable Societies or Institutions entitled to the same, excepting only such reasonable Salary for his Trouble and Expence attending the Management of the Funds of any such Charitable Society or Institution respectively, as shall be allowed to such Treasurer or Officer in the regular Settlement of his Accounts, with the Members, Trustees, or Governors thereof; and that any Surplus remaining in the Hands of any Person being such Treasurer or other Officer, after paying the Annuities and deducting the Salary and Expences of Management as aforesaid, shall be added to and accounted for as Part of the Capital Stock or Fund of the Charitable Society or Institution respectively,

respectively, of which such Person shall be Treasurer or Officer respectively.

C A P. LIX.

An Act to permit the Trade between *Great Britain* and the United States of *America* to be carried on in Ships or Vessels belonging to the Inhabitants of the said States.

[3d June 1809.]

• **W**HEREAS it is expedient to permit the Importation, into
 • *Great Britain*, of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the
 • Growth, Production, and Manufacture of the United States of
 • *America*, directly from thence in Ships or Vessels belonging to the
 • Subjects of those States; Be it therefore enacted by the King's
 most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the
 Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament
 assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be
 lawful for any Person or Persons to import into *Great Britain* directly
 from any of the Territories of the United States of *America*, any
 Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, being of the Growth, Produce, and
 Manufacture of any of the said United States, which are not prohibited
 by Law to be imported from Foreign Countries, in Ships or Vessels
 built in the Countries belonging to the United States of *America*, or
 any of them, or in Ships or Vessels taken by any of the Ships or Vessels
 of War belonging to the Government or any of the Inhabitants of
 the said United States having Commissions or Letters of Marque and
 Reprisal from the Government of the said United States, and con-
 demned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty of the said United
 States, of which Condemnation Proof shall be given to the Commis-
 sioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Four or more of them, in
England or *Scotland* respectively, and owned by the Subjects of the
 said United States, if any of them, and whereof the Master and
 Three-fourths of the Mariners at least are Subjects of the said United
 States; and to enter and land such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize,
 on Payment of such Duties as are or may be payable on Articles of
 the like Description when imported into *Great Britain* in Ships or
 Vessels not being *British*-built; any Thing contained in an Act passed
 in the Twelfth Year of His Majesty King *Charles* the Second,
 intituled, *An Act for the encouraging and increasing of Shipping and*
Navigation, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary
 notwithstanding.

American Goods
 may be imported
 into Great
 Britain in
 American
 Vessels, on like
 Duties as if
 imported in
 Ships not
 British-built.

12 Car. 2. c. 18;

C A P. LX.

An Act for allowing the Importation from any Port in *Europe*
 or *Africa*, of Goods or Commodities the Growth or Produce
 of any Country, until Six Months after the Ratification of
 a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

[3d June 1809.]

• **W**HEREAS it is expedient, during the Continuance of Hosti-
 • lities, to allow the Importation of Goods or Commodities,
 • under certain Circumstances, from Parts of *Africa* or *Europe*, from
 • whence they cannot now be imported by Law; Be it therefore
 enacted

By Order of
 Council, during
 Hostilities, &c.
 Goods, the
 Produce of any
 Country, may be

Imported into the United Kingdom, from any Part of Europe or Africa, in British or Friendly Ships, however navigated.

enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, it shall and may be lawful, under any Order of Council already issued or to be issued, to import into the United Kingdom from any Part of *Europe* or *Africa* in any *British* Ship or Vessel, or in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Country in Amity with His Majesty, in any Manner navigated, any Goods or Commodities which may be lawfully imported, being the Growth or Produce of any Country, upon Payment of the same Duties, and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as the same would be subject to if imported directly from the Place of the Growth or Produce of such Goods or Commodities respectively, in the same Ships or Vessels respectively.

Importations under former Orders of Council valid.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Importation of Goods or Commodities from any Part of *Europe* or *Africa*, under any Order of Council which has already issued, and which would have been warranted by this Act, shall be deemed and taken to be good in Law, in the same Manner as if such Order had been issued in pursuance of this Act, any Act or Acts now in force to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXI.

An Act for making Sugar and Coffee of *Martinique* and *Mariegalante* liable to Duty on Importation as Sugar and Coffee not of the *British* Plantations. [3d June 1809.]

WHEREAS the Islands of *Martinique* and *Mariegalante* in the *West Indies* have been surrendered to His Majesty's Arms, and are now in His Majesty's Possession; in consequence whereof the Trade of the said Islands is now by Law to be carried on in the same Manner as the Trade of the other *British* Colonies and Plantations in the *West Indies*: And whereas it is expedient at present that Sugar and Coffee, the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the said Islands, should not be permitted to be imported into this Kingdom upon the same Terms as Sugar and Coffee of the *British* Plantations; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Sugar and Coffee, the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of the Islands of *Martinique* and *Mariegalante*, imported into this Kingdom, shall be subject to the Payment of such Duties, and also to such Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures as are by Law imposed and provided, in the Case of Importations of Sugar and Coffee not of the *British* Plantations; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sugar and Coffee of *Martinique*, &c. liable to Duty on Importation as Sugar and Coffee not of the *British* Plantations.

C A P. LXII.

An Act to amend several Acts for the Prevention of Smuggling; for better securing the Duties on Coals, Culm, and Cinders; and for permitting the Exportation of Salt, Pepper, and Wine, from *Guernsey* or *Jersey* to *Sark*, in small Packages.

[3d June 1809.]

WHEREAS the Officers of the Customs and Excise, and other Persons authorized to make Seizures, are frequently prevented from seizing Goods subject to Forfeiture, with which Ships, Vessels, and Boats may have been laden, by reason of the same having been thrown overboard during the Chace; and if such Ships are found light, or the Goods are not afterwards discovered and seized, the Persons on board are not liable to be arrested and detained under the Authority of an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling*: And whereas it is expedient in certain Cases to make Provision for the Arrest and Detention of Persons on board such Ships, Vessels, and Boats, and for rewarding the Officers by whom such Persons are so arrested and detained; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever any Ship, Vessel, or Boat, belonging in the Whole or in Part to His Majesty's Subjects, for which the Owner or Owners thereof are required to have a Licence for navigating the same from the Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*, or the Commissioners of the Admiralty for the Time being, or other Persons duly authorized to grant the same, shall be found or discovered to have been within Four or Eight Leagues of such Part of the Coasts of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, as are in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act described and specified as to such respective Distances of Four or Eight Leagues, or found in any Part of the *British* or *Irish* Channels, or elsewhere on the High Seas, within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coasts of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, and any Person or Persons on board such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall, at any Time during the Chace, or previous to such Ship, Vessel, or Boat being taken Possession of, within any or either of such Limits or Distance aforesaid, unship, or throw overboard the Cargo, or any Part of the Cargo, unless through any unavoidable Necessity or Distress, or for the Security or Preservation of the Ship, Vessel, or Boat from the Dangers of the Seas, such Ship, Vessel, or Boat being then laden with a legal Cargo, every Person or Persons found on board being a Subject or Subjects of His Majesty, and who shall not prove that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered as any like Penalty may be recovered under any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise in the United Kingdom; and it shall be lawful for the Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise, by whom such Ship, Vessel, or Boat shall be seized, and he and they is and are hereby authorized, empowered, and required to stop, arrest, and detain every such Person being a Subject of His Majesty, and such Person shall be dealt with as any Person is liable

45 G. 3. c. 121.]

Every Person, (not a Passenger) on board British Vessels required to be licensed by the Admiralty, found within the Limits herein mentioned, from which any Part of the Cargo shall be thrown overboard, shall forfeit 100l. &c.

And may be dealt with as under 45 G. 3. c. 121. § 7: and 47 G. 3. st. 2. c. 66. § 15.

to be dealt with by virtue and in pursuance of the said recited Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for having been taken on board any Ship, Vessel, or Boat liable to Forfeiture by that or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, for being found or having been at Anchor, or hovering within any such Distance of any of the Dominions of His Majesty, with such Goods on board as subject such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, or Goods to Forfeiture; or every such Person, being a Seaman or Seafaring Man, may be dealt with as any Seaman or Seafaring Man may be dealt with by virtue and in pursuance of an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*; and every Officer of the Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise, shall have the like Powers and Authorities, and be entitled to and receive the like Reward or Rewards for and on account of every Person arrested and detained under the Authority of this Act, as is and are allowed and payable with respect to any Person arrested and detained under the Authority of either of the said recited Acts, as fully and effectually to all Intents, Constructions, and Purposes, as if each and every of the Clauses, Directions, Powers, and Authorities relative thereto were repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

47 G. 3. c. 2.
c. 66. § 20.

II. ' And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*, it is amongst other Things provided in the Case of Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff made at Sea, or in any Port or Harbour, that if any Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Persons making such Seizure, shall neither seize and prosecute, nor cause to be seized and prosecuted the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found, or seized, or which shall be used or employed in removing or conveying the same, nor shall stop, arrest, and detain the Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel, or Boat, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found, or seized, or in unloading, removing, or carrying such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff, nor shall not convey or cause every such Person so arrested or detained to be taken or conveyed before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace to be dealt with according to Law, then and in every such Case the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Persons making such Seizure, shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One-Fourth Part of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco, or Snuff shall be or shall have been respectively estimated or fixed according to the Directions of the said Act: And whereas the pernicious Practice of Smuggling by Means of sinking small Casks of Spirits at Sea, and within the Limits of the Ports of this Kingdom, and getting them up as Opportunity offers, appears to have been much resorted to, and it is therefore expedient to extend and increase the Rewards to Officers of the Customs and Excise, and other Persons legally authorized to make Seizures, by whose Exertion and Diligence such Practice may be counteracted; Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases where any such Officers and Persons as aforesaid shall seize, within the Limits of any of the Ports of this Kingdom, or in any of the *British* or *Irish* Channels, or elsewhere on the High Seas, within

One

Reward to
Officers seizing
Spirits concealed
under Water,
One Moiety of
their Value.

One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coasts of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*. any Spirits which shall have been sunk or concealed under or in the Water within such Limits or Distance, every such Officer and Person so seizing such Spirits shall be, and he and they is and are hereby allowed One Moiety of the Value at which such Spirits shall be fixed or estimated as aforesaid; and Thing contained in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

III. And Whereas by the said Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was enacted, that every Person being a Subject of His Majesty who should be found or taken on board, or discovered to have been on board any Ship, Vessel, or Boat liable to Forfeiture as therein mentioned, and who should not prove that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, and every Person found aiding or assisting in unshipping to be laid on Land, or found carrying, conveying, concealing, or assisting in the carrying away, conveying, or concealing any Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva, or Spirits, in that Act mentioned, should forfeit for every such Offence either Treble the Value of the Goods that should be found or taken from such Person or Persons, or the Sum of One hundred Pounds, at the Option and subject to the Election therein mentioned; and that it should be lawful for any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, Marines, Customs, or Excise, and he and they was and were thereby authorized, empowered, and required to stop, arrest, and detain every such Person being a Subject of His Majesty, and to convey the said Person before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace residing near to the Port or Place into which such Ship, Vessel, or Boat should be taken or carried, or near to the Place where any such Person should be so taken or arrested, and it should be lawful for such Justice or Justices of the Peace, and he and they was and were thereby required upon Proof on Oath by One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, that such Person was so found or taken, or discovered as aforesaid, unless any such Person found or taken or having been on board of any such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, should prove to the Satisfaction of such Justice that he was only a Passenger on board such Ship, Vessel, or Boat, to hold such Person to bail with Two good and sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Indictment or Information that might be brought against him in that Behalf, and to pay such Penalty and abide any Judgment for any such Offence, and in default of any such Person finding such good and sufficient Bail as aforesaid, or until the same should be found, to commit such Person to any Gaol or Prison or House of Correction to answer as aforesaid; and it is by the said Act provided, that if any such Person so found or discovered and taken as aforesaid, should be capable and desirous of entering and serving as a Seaman or Marine in any of His Majesty's Ships of War, it should be lawful for the Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise by whom such Person was taken, arrested, and detained as aforesaid, or for any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate before whom any such Person might be carried, and such Officer or Officers was and were thereby authorized, empowered, and required instead of taking such Person before any Justice or Magistrate, and such

45 G. 3. c. 121.
57.

47 G. 3. ft. 2.
c. 66. § 15.

Persons liable
to be detained
under recited
Acts, who shall
be found unfit to
serve in the
Navy, shall
forfeit 100l. &c.
and may be held
to Bail, or
committed by a
Justice of Peace.

Justice or Magistrate was thereby authorized instead of holding any such Person to bail, to carry and convey, or cause to be carried or conveyed such Person on board any of His Majesty's Ships of War in order to his being entered and received as a Seaman or Marine: And whereas by the said Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of the Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise, to detain, or to take and carry any such Person as is therein mentioned, and every Person liable to be arrested and detained under that Act or the said Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, being a Seaman or Seafaring Man, to any Ship or Vessel of War in His Majesty's Service, or to the Custody of any Officer employed in His Majesty's impress Service, and that any such Person being such Seaman or Seafaring Man as aforesaid, might thereupon, if fit and able to serve His Majesty, be impressed into His Majesty's Naval Service: And whereas some of the Persons so liable to be arrested may be not fit or able to serve His Majesty in his Naval Service, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is herein-after mentioned with regard to such Persons; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, when any Person liable to be arrested or detained, and arrested or detained, under the said last-mentioned Acts or either of them, shall be found not fit or able to serve His Majesty in his Naval Service, and shall be refused by any proper Naval Officer to be received into any such Naval Service, every such Person shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and it shall and may be lawful to and for any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, Marines, Customs, or Excise, and he and they is and are hereby authorized, empowered, and required to convey the said Person before One or more of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace, and it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices of the Peace, and he and they is and are hereby required upon Proof on Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, that such Person was so liable to be arrested or detained, and has been so refused as being not fit or able to so serve His Majesty, to hold such Person to bail with Two or more good and sufficient Sureties in the Sum of One hundred Pounds each, for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Information that may be brought or exhibited against him in that Behalf, and to pay such Penalty, and in default of any such Person finding such good and sufficient Bail as aforesaid, or until the same shall be found, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices to commit such Person to any Gaol or Prison or House of Correction, there to remain until he shall pay the said Penalty, or be delivered by due Course of Law.

IV. And Whereas by the Laws in force for the better levying the Duties upon Coals, Culm, and Cinders, brought or carried Coastwise, the Meters, Weighers, or Measurers, are required to deliver a Certificate under their Hands of the Sorts, Quantities, and Numbers of Chalders or Tuns of Coals, Culm, and Cinders, which shall be delivered by them from on board any Ship or Vessel, and it is therefore expedient to prevent any Coals, Culm, or Cinders, being unshipped without their Presence or Permission; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, in case any Coals, (except Charcoal made of Wood,) or any Culm or Cinders, brought

Coals, &c.
unshipped
without the

brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in *Great Britain* into any Port or Place in *England* or *Wales*, shall be unshipped or delivered from any Ship or Vessel, without the Presence or Permission of the Meter or other proper Officer appointed to measure or weigh the same, according to the Directions of an Act passed in the Ninth and Tenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *William* the Third, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Duties upon Coals and Culm*, all such Coals, Culm, and Cinders, (whether the Duties shall have been paid or not,) shall be forfeited and lost, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Coals, Culm, and Cinders, seized under the Authority of this Act, shall and may be prosecuted, recovered, and disposed of in like Manner, and by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Forfeitures incurred for any Offence against the Laws of the Customs may now be prosecuted, recovered, and disposed of, according to the Laws in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act.

VI. And Whereas it is expedient to permit the Exportation of Salt, Pepper, and Wine from the Islands of *Guernsey* or *Jersey*, for the Supply of the Island of *Sark*, in smaller Packages than are now allowed by Law, under certain Regulations and Restrictions; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful to export from either of the Islands of *Guernsey* and *Jersey*, at any One Time, any Quantity of Salt not exceeding Ten Bushels, any Quantity of Pepper not exceeding Fifty Pounds Weight, or any Quantity of Wine not exceeding Ten Dozen reputed Quart Bottles, for the Supply of the said Island of *Sark*, and the said Articles may be so exported in any Boat not exceeding the Burthen of Ten Tons, such Boat having a Licence from the Principal Officers of the Customs at either of the said Islands of *Guernsey* and *Jersey*, for the Purpose of being employed in carrying Commodities for the Supply of the said Island of *Sark*, which Licence such Officer is hereby authorized and required to grant, without taking any Fee or Reward for the same: Provided always, that every such Boat having on board at any One Time any greater Quantity of the respective Articles than what is permitted by this Act, such Articles, if in Packages of less Size or Content than prescribed by the Laws in force, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Army, Navy, or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

Presence of the proper Officer, shall be forfeited.
9 & 10 W. 3. c. 13.

Recovery and Application of such Forfeitures.

Salt, Pepper, and Wine, may be exported from *Guernsey* or *Jersey* to *Sark*, in certain small Quantities, in Boats not exceeding Ten Tons, licensed for the Purpose.

C A P. LXIII.

An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties, [3d June 1809.]

WHEREAS by certain Acts of Parliament in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, certain Duties of Excise are chargeable on the Materials, Metal, or other Preparations made Use of in *Great Britain* in the making of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of *Broad Glass*; and also on the Materials, Metal, or other Preparations made Use of in *Great Britain* in the making of all other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether flashed or otherwise manufactured, and commonly

See Stat.
43 G. 3. c. 69 :
45 G. 3. c. 30 :
46 G. 3. c. 134.

‘commonly called or known either by the Name of *Crown Glass* or *German Sheet Glass*, and certain Drawbacks are allowed on the Exportation of such Glass as Merchandize, and certain Countervailing Duties are also chargeable on all such Glass as aforesaid made in *Ireland* and imported into *Great Britain*: And whereas it is expedient to repeal the said Duties and Drawbacks, and to impose other Duties and grant other Drawbacks in lieu thereof;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all and singular the said Duties and Drawbacks shall cease and determine, and be no longer payable or paid, save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing, or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at any Time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures, relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any Time before or on the said First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine.

Duties and Drawbacks on Window Glass, &c. shall cease.

New Duties in lieu of former Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, in lieu and instead of the Duties by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise herein-after mentioned; that is to say,

British Spread Glass.

For every Hundred Weight of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of *Broad Glass*, which shall be made in *Great Britain*, Fifteen Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

British Crown Glass.

For every Hundred Weight of all other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether flashed or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of *Crown Glass*, or *German Sheet Glass*, which shall be made in *Great Britain*, One Pound Sixteen Shillings and Nine-pence, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

Irish Spread Glass.

For every Hundred Weight of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of *Broad Glass*, which shall be made in *Ireland* and imported from thence into *Great Britain*, a Countervailing Duty of Fifteen Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

Irish Crown Glass.

For every Hundred Weight of all other Window Glass, not being Spread Glass, whether flashed or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known by the Name of *Crown Glass*, or *German Sheet Glass*, which shall be made in *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain*, a Countervailing Duty of One Pound Sixteen Shillings and Nine-pence, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity.

Drawbacks allowed.

III. And be it further enacted, That the following Drawbacks shall be allowed; that is to say,

For every Hundred Weight of Spread Window Glass, commonly called or known by the Name of *Broad Glass*, made in *Great Britain*, and for which all the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported to Foreign Parts or to *Ireland* as Merchandize, a Drawback of Fifteen Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity:

For

For every Hundred Weight of all other Window Glafs, not-being Spread Glafs, whether flafhed or otherwise manufactured, and commonly called or known either by the Name of *Crown Glafs*, or *German Sheet Glafs*, made in *Great Britain*, and for which all the Duties imposed in refpect thereof fhall have been paid, and which fhall be duly exported to Foreign Parts or to *Ireland* as Merchandize, a Drawback of One Pound Sixteen Shillings and Nine-pence, and fo in proportion for any greater or lefs Quantity.

IV. And be it further enacted, That fuch of the Duties by this Act imposed, as fhall arife in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* fhall be under the Management of the Commiffioners of Excife in *England*, for the Time being, and fuch thereof as fhall arife in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, fhall be under the Management of the Commiffioners of Excife in *Scotland*, for the Time being.

Duties fhall be under Commiffioners of Excife,

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs, or of Crown Glafs refpectively, fhall, and he, ſhe, and they is, and are her, by required, to erect, build, make, and conſtruct, every Annealing Arch or Oven, by him, her, or them intended to be made ufe of for the annealing of Spread Window Glafs, or Crown Glafs refpectively, in a rectangular Form, with the Sides and Ends thereof perpendicular and parallel to each other refpectively, and the Bottom thereof level, and with only one Mouth or Entrance into the fame, and fhall number the fame progressively, with a durable Mark, and if any fuch Maker or Makers fhall erect, build, make, or conſtruct, any Annealing Arch or Oven, contrary to the Directions of this Act, or fhall neglect or refufe to number or mark the fame according to the Directions of this Act, or fhall make ufe of any Annealing Arch or Oven, not conſtructed in the Manner before directed, all and every fuch Maker and Makers fo offending, fhall for every fuch Offence forfeit and lofe the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Directions for the Conſtruction of the Annealing Arch or Oven.

Penalty 100l.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs, or of Crown Glafs, fhall at his, her, and their own Expence, find, provide, and affix, a good and fufficient Iron Grating to the Mouth or Entrance of every Annealing Arch and Oven, by him, her, or them intended to be made Ufe of, for the annealing of Spread Window Glafs, or Crown Glafs refpectively, fuch Iron Grating to be approved of in Writing, by and under the Hand of the refpective Surveyors or Supervifors of Excife, of the Division or Diſtrict, within which fuch Annealing Arch or Oven fhall be ſituate, and proper Locks and Keys, and all other neceſſary Faſtenings for ſecuring and ſealing every fuch Annealing Arch and Oven, and the Mouth or Entrance, and Iron Grating thereof, fhall be provided by the refpective Surveyors and Supervifors of Excife, of fuch Division or Diſtrict, at the Expence of fuch Maker or Makers, and when and fo ſoon as any fuch Maker or Makers fhall have delivered or ought to have delivered, the Declaration of the Number of Tables put or deposited or contained in any fuch Annealing Arch or Oven, as by this Act is directed and required, the proper Officer or Officers of Excife fhall immediately lock, faſten, and ſeal every fuch Annealing Arch or Oven, and the Mouth or Entrance, and Iron Grating thereof, and ſhall keep the fame locked, ſealed, and faſtened, from the Time ſuch Declaration as aforeſaid ſhall be or ought to have been given,

Iron Grating fhall be affixed to Entrance of Annealing Arch; with Faſtenings, &c. Penalty on opening fame, unleſs unlocks by Officer &c 100l.

until the Glafs contained in fuch Annealing Arch or Oven fhall be taken out in the Prefence of the proper Officer or Officers of Excife, for the Purpose of being weighed and charged, and if any fuch Maker or Makers fhall neglect or refufe at his, her, and their own Expence, to find or provide fuch good and fufficient Iron Grating, or to affix the fame in the Manner herein directed, before fuch Annealing Arch or Oven fhall be made Ufe of as aforefaid, or to pay for any Lock, Key, or other neceffary Fattening, which fhall be provided by any Surveyor or Supervisor of Excife, according to the Directions of this Act, or if any Perfon or Perfons fhall obftrudt or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excife, or any Perfon or Perfons by him or them employed in that Behalf, in the fixing or placing any fuch Fattening, in fuch Manner as fuch Officer or Officers fhall direct or think expedient to answer the Purpofes by this Act in that Behalf intended, or in the locking, fealing, or fecuring any fuch Annealing Arch or Oven, or the Mouth or Entrance or Iron Grating thereof, or any fuch Fattening as aforefaid, or by any Means, Art, Device, or Contrivance whatfoever, fhall open any fuch Lock or Annealing Arch or Oven, or the Mouth, Entrance, or Iron Grating thereof, after the fame fhall have been locked, fealed, fattened, or fecured as aforefaid, before the fame fhall have been unlocked and opened by the proper Officer of Excife, or fhall wilfully break or damage any fuch Lock, Seal, or Fattening, every fuch Maker or Makers, or other Perfon or Perfons fo offending, fhall for each and every fuch Offence forfeit and lofe the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Locks and Fattening's fhall be altered and kept in Repair when required. Penalty 50l.

VII. And be it further enacted, That where any Locks, Keys, or Fattening's, fhall be provided in purfuanee of this Act, all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively, to whom fuch Locks, Keys, and Fattening's refpectively fhall then belong, fhall, at his, her, or their own Expence, from Time to Time, and at all Times when required fo to do by the refpective Surveyors or Supervifors of Excife of the Divifion or Diftrict in which fuch his, her, or their Glafs Houfe fhall be fituate, immediately fet about altering, repairing, and amending; and fhall alfo, within a reasonable Time then next following, alter, repair, and amend the fame refpectively according to fuch Re-quisition; and if any fuch Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively, to whom any fuch Locks, Keys, and Fattening's, or any or either of them fhall belong, fhall neglect or refufe immediately to fet about the altering, repairing, or amending the fame, or to repair, amend, or alter the fame when thereunto required, according to the Directions of this Act, he, she, or they fhall, for each and every fuch Neglect or Refufal, forfeit and lofe the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Notice of heating the Annealing Arch fhall be given to Excife Officer. Penalty 50l.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That when any Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs refpectively fhall be defirous to prepare, light, or kindle any Fire, to heat his, her, or their Annealing Arch or Oven, into which any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs is intended to be put or deposited, for the Purpose of annealing the fame, fuch Maker or Makers fhall give to the Officer of Excife under whofe Survey he, she, or they fhall then be, Six Hours Notice in Writing of his, her, or their Intention; and if any fuch Maker or Makers fhall neglect or refufe to prepare, light, and kindle fuch Fire within One Hour after the Time mentioned in fuch Notice, then fuch Notice fhall be void, and fuch Maker or Makers fhall

shall give the like and a fresh Notice in Writing to such Officer before he, she, or they, shall prepare, kindle, or light a Fire in any such Annealing Arch or Oven; and if any such Maker or Makers shall light or kindle a Fire in any such Annealing Arch or Oven, without having given such previous Notice as aforesaid, he, she, or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively, shall, when and so soon as the same shall be severally and respectively made or flashed, remove all and singular the Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs respectively by him, her, or them so made or flashed, directly into such Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, and shall there place and deposit the same in such Manner and Form as the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey such Maker or Makers shall then be, shall approve, and so that the same may, so far as the Nature of the Case will admit, be the most easily and securely viewed, inspected, and examined, and the Numbers and Kinds thereof respectively judged of in each and every such Annealing Arch or Oven; and no such Maker or Makers shall at One and the same Time put, place, have, or keep, in any such Annealing Arch or Oven, any Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs; nor shall any such Maker or Makers put, place, or keep, any other Sort or Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares whatever, in any such Annealing Arch or Oven entered or made use of for the annealing of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to remove, when and so soon as the same shall be made or flashed, any such Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs by him, her, or them made, directly into such Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, or to place or deposit any such Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs in Manner and Form as aforesaid; or if any such Maker or Makers shall at One and the same Time put, place, or keep, in any such Annealing Arch or Oven, any Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs, or shall put, place, have, or keep, any other Sort or Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares whatever, in any Annealing Arch or Oven entered or made use of for the annealing of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs, every such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

X. And be it further enacted, That before any such Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall begin to close or stop up any Annealing Arch or Oven, containing any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs, he, she, or they, shall deliver to the proper Officer of Excise a Declaration in Writing, specifying the true Number of Tables of Spread Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively put, or deposited and contained in each and every such Annealing Arch respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Declaration in Writing as last aforesaid, every such Maker or Makers so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively shall, and he, she, and they is and are hereby required to keep sufficient and just Scales and Weights at the Place or Places where he, she, or they, shall make or manufacture Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively,

Regulations for putting the Glafs when flashed into Annealing Arch.

Penalty 100^l.

Before closing Annealing Arch Declaration of Number of Tables shall be delivered.
Penalty 20^l.

Scales and Weights shall be provided at the Glafs House.

tively, and shall, at his, her, and their own Expence, find, provide, and affix, within such his, her, or their Glass Houfe, and within View of the Annealing Arches or Ovens thereof, a fit and proper Hook or Staple in a proper Place to be approved of in Writing by and under the Hands of the respective Surveyor or Supervisors of Excise of the Division or District in which such his, her, or their Glass Houfe shall be situate, and also permit and suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same, for the Purpose of weighing and taking an Account of the Spread Window and Crown Glass respectively which shall at any Time be in the Possession of such Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers shall neglect to keep such Scales and Weights, or either of them, or shall not, at his, her, or their own Expence, find, provide, and affix in Manner aforesaid, a fit and proper Hook or Staple, in a proper and convenient Place to be approved of in Writing by and under the Hands of the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise of the Division or District in which such his, her, or their Glass Houfe shall be situate, or shall not permit or suffer any Officer or Officers of Excise to use the same, such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any such Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, shall in the Weighing of any such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass make use of, or cause, or procure, or suffer to be made use of any false, unjust, or insufficient Scales or Weights, or shall practise any Art, Device, or Contrivance, by which any such Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from taking the just and true Weight of any such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass, then and in every such Case such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, with all such false, unjust, or insufficient Scales and Weights respectively, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Notice before
Glass is drawn
from the
Annealing Arch,
&c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, being desirous to draw or take any Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, from or out of any Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, to him, her, or them belonging, shall by the Space of Twelve Hours next before the Beginning to draw or take any such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, from or out of any such Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, give to the Officer of Excise under whose Survey, he, she, or they shall then be, a Notice in Writing of his, her, or their Intention, specifying each particular Arch or Oven, and the Number thereof from and out of which it is intended to take such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, and the particular Time and Hour at which it is so intended to begin to draw or take the same from or out of such Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, and upon such Notice being given, such Officer shall attend at the Time mentioned in such Notice, and shall unlock and open such Annealing Arch or Arches, and Oven and Ovens, for the Purpose aforesaid, and such Officer shall also attend to see the Whole and all and every Part of such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, drawn or taken from and out of such Annealing Arch or Arches, and Oven and Ovens, and such Maker or Makers shall immediately on such Officer's Attendance begin to draw and take, and shall proceed and continue without any unnecessary Delay,

Delay or Interruption to draw and take from and out of such Annealing Arch and Arches, or Oven or Ovens, the Whole and all and every Part of the Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, and such Maker or Makers shall immediately on such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively being so drawn or taken from or out of such Annealing Arch or Oven proceed to weigh and shall weigh the Whole and all and every Part thereof with such Scales and Weights as aforesaid, in the Presence of such Officer, and such Maker or Makers respectively shall be charged with and shall pay the Duty for and in respect of such Glass respectively according to such Weight; and if any such Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, having given such Notice, and begun to draw or take any such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, from or out of his, her, or their Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, shall not proceed and continue without any unnecessary Delay or Interruption to draw and take the Whole and all and every Part of such Spread Window Glass and Crown Glass respectively, from and out of such Annealing Arch or Arches, and Oven and Ovens, and proceed and continue to weigh the same as hereinbefore directed, every such Maker and Makers so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any such Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively last aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to begin to draw or take such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, from or out of his, her, or their Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, immediately after such Annealing Arch or Arches, or Oven or Ovens, and the Mouths or Entrances, and Iron Gratings thereof shall be opened by such Officer, then such Notice shall be void, and such Officer shall again immediately lock up, fasten, and seal each and every such Annealing Arch or Oven, and the Mouth or Entrance, and Iron Grating thereof in Manner aforesaid, and such Maker and Makers shall give the like, and a fresh Notice in Writing to such Officer before any such Annealing Arch or Oven, or the Mouth or Entrance, or Iron Grating thereof shall be again open: Provided always, that no such Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass shall be at Liberty to give any such Notice to draw or take any such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively from or out of any of his, her, or their Annealing Arches or Ovens except in the Day-time, and that between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon, and that every Notice given for the drawing or taking any such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively from or out of any Annealing Arch or Oven at any Hour or Time other than in the Day-time, and that between the Hours of Six in the Morning and Six in the Afternoon, shall and the same is hereby declared to be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That in the Weighing as aforesaid of any such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, the Turn of the Scale shall be given in favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof there shall be allowed to such Maker or Makers of such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively, One Pound Weight upon each and every One hundred Pounds of such Spread Window Glass or Crown Glass respectively so weighed.

Penalty on
Neglect, &c.
100l.

In weighing,
Turn of the
Scale shall be in
Favour of the
Crown, &c.

Regulations for weighing of Glafs, after it has been deposited, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall be weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, the same shall be forthwith placed or deposited in a convenient Room or Place separate and apart from all other Glafs or Glafs Wares whatsoever, and such Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall remain in such Room or Place where so placed or deposited for the full Space of Six Hours after the same shall have been so weighed as aforesaid, unless the same shall have been sooner weighed or re-weighed by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, to the end that the said Surveyors or Supervisors respectively may have an Opportunity to weigh or re-weigh the same, and the said respective Surveyors or Supervisors are hereby authorized and empowered to weigh or re-weigh all such Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs accordingly, and if upon the re-weighing thereof any additional Weight shall be discovered or found, such additional Weight of Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs respectively shall be chargeable and charged with the respective Duties by Law payable for such Glafs respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall refuse or neglect to place and deposit such Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs in such convenient Room or Place as aforesaid, separate and apart from all other Glafs or Glafs Wares whatsoever, or shall remove or convey, or cause, procure or suffer to be removed or conveyed from or out of such Room or Place as aforesaid any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs before the End or Expiration of Six Hours next after the same shall have been so weighed as aforesaid by the proper Officer of Excise, unless the same shall have been sooner weighed or re-weighed by the respective Surveyors or Supervisors of Excise, every such Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall for each and every such Offence forfeit One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on Makers for Neglect, 100l.

Makers shall assist Officers in weighing.
Penalty 100l.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs shall, when and so often as he, she, or they shall be thereunto required by the Officer or Officers of Excise under whose Survey he, she, or they shall then be, with a sufficient Number of his, her, or their Servants, aid and assist to the utmost of his, her, or their Power, such Officer or Officers, or Surveyor or Supervisor in weighing and taking an Account, or in re-weighing and taking an Account of all Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively of such Maker or Makers, on pain of forfeiting for every Neglect or Refusal the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on conveyer of Glafs from Annealing Arch before weighed, 100l.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs should convey away any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs from any Annealing Arch or Oven before the proper Officer of Excise shall have weighed the same, or shall neglect or refuse to produce any such Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs to such Officer that he may weigh the same according to the Directions of this Act, he, she, or they shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Glafs shall be kept apart till weighed.
Penalty 100l.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs, shall from Time to Time and at all Times keep all Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, and which shall not have been weighed by the Officer of Excise according to the
Directions

Directions of this Act, separate and apart from all Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs respectively, which shall have been weighed, and from all other Glafs Wares whatsoever, upon Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maker or Makers of Spread Window or Crown Glafs, shall for the annealing of any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs, make use of any private or concealed Annealing Arch, Oven, Utensil, or Place whatever, other than his, her, or their known Annealing Arch or Arches entered for that Purpose, or if any such Maker or Makers shall fraudulently remove or convey away any Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs, before the same shall have been weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, or shall fraudulently hide or conceal any Spread Window Glafs, or Crown Glafs, each and every such Maker or Makers offending, shall for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on using unentered Annealing Arch, or removing Glafs not weighed, 100*l*.

XIX. And be it further enacted, that no Maker or Makers of Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively, shall make or manufacture within the same Glafs House or Building, by him, her, or them erected, or used for the making or manufacturing of Spread Window Glafs, or in any Glafs House or Building adjoining thereto, any other Sort or Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares whatever, nor shall make or manufacture within the same Glafs House or Building, by him, her, or them entered or used for the making or manufacturing of Crown Glafs, or in any House or Building adjoining thereto, any other Sort or Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares, save and except Plate Glafs; and if any such Maker or Makers of Spread Glafs shall make or manufacture within the same Glafs House or Building, by him, her, or them entered or used for the making or manufacturing of Spread Window Glafs, or in any Glafs House or Building adjoining thereto, any other Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares, or if any Maker or Makers of Crown Glafs, shall make or manufacture within the same Glafs House or Building, by him, her, or them entered or used for the making or manufacturing of Crown Glafs, or in any Glafs House or Building adjoining thereto, any other Sort or Species of Glafs or Glafs Wares, save and except Plate Glafs as aforesaid, every such Maker or Makers respectively, shall for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty on Makers manufacturing different Sorts of Glafs in the same Place, 50*l*.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall have cause to suspect that any Spread Window Glafs, or Crown Glafs respectively, shall have been fraudulently removed or conveyed away before the same shall have been weighed by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, according to the Directions of this Act, shall be deposited, lodged, hid, or concealed in any Place or Places whatsoever, then and in such Case, if such Place or Places shall be within the Cities of *London* or *Westminster*, or within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in *London*, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before the Commissioners of Excise in *England* for the Time being, or any Two or more of them, or in case such Place shall be in any other Part of *Great Britain*, upon Oath made by such Officer or Officers before one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, or Place, where such Officer or Officers shall suspect the same to be deposited, lodged, hid, or concealed, which respective Oaths they the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them,

For recovering Glafs fraudulently conveyed away.

them, and Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, are hereby authorized and empowered to administer, setting forth the Ground of his or their Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Two or more of them, or the Justice or Justices of the Peace respectively, as the Case may require, before whom such Oath shall be made, if they or he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his and their respective Hands and Seals, to authorize and empower such Officer or Officers by Day or by Night, but if in the Night Time in the Presence of a Constable or other lawful Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every such Place or Places where he or they shall so suspect such Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively to be deposited, lodged, hid, or concealed, and to seize and carry away all such Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs respectively, which he or they shall then and there find so deposited, lodged, hid, or concealed, as forfeited; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall let, obstruct, or hinder any such Officer or Officers so authorized and empowered, or any other Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid or Assistance in the Execution of such Warrant, from entering any such Place or Places where such Officer or Officers shall so suspect such Spread Window Glafs or Crown Glafs respectively to be so deposited, lodged, hid, or concealed, or in seizing or carrying away the same, or in the due Execution of any such Warrant, the Person or Persons so offending shall for each and every such Offence severally forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on Persons obstructing the Recovery, 100l.

Penalty on obstructing Officers, 300l.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall obstruct, or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities to him or them given, or granted by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Glafs, the Person or Persons so offending therein, shall for each and every such Offence, other than for those for which any Penalty is herein before specially imposed or provided, severally forfeit the Sum of Three hundred Pounds: Provided always, nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to make it unlawful to or for any Officer or Officers of Excise, from Time to Time, and at all Times to inspect, examine, gauge, or otherwise to take an Account of the Metal and Materials mixed and prepared or founded, or founding for the making of Glafs in any such Glafs House or Building as aforesaid, as well before such Metal or Materials shall be put into any Pot or Pots, as after the same shall be put into any Pot or Pots, or to take a Sample or Samples not exceeding Four Ounces in the Whole, out of each such Pot or any other Vessel or Utensil containing such Preparation for making Glafs.

Penalties and Forfeitures shall be levied under Excise Laws.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be sued for; recovered, levied, or mitigated, by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, is or may be sued for, recovered, levied, or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her, or them who shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

Powers of former Acts extended to this Act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions,

vices, Clauses, Matters, and Things, which in and by an Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties on Glass, or on the Materials or Metal, or other Preparation made use of in *Great Britain*, in the making of Glass, or to the paying or allowing of any Drawback on the Exportation of Glass, in force immediately before the passing of this Act are contained, provided, settled, or established, for managing, assessing, raising, levying, collecting, recovering, adjudging, mitigating, ascertaining, enforcing, and securing the said Duties, or for paying or allowing any Drawback of the said Duties, and for preventing, detecting, and punishing Frauds relating thereto, except where the same are expressly altered by this Act. shall be and remain in full Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes, and the said Powers, Authorities, Methods, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, (except as before excepted), shall continue and be duly observed, practised, applied, used, and put in Execution, throughout the whole Kingdom of *Great Britain*, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes (except as before excepted) as if the said Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Regulations, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, had been expressly inserted and re-enacted in this present Act

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*.

Duties shall be carried to Consolidated Fund.

XXV. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting unto His Majesty several additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*; it is provided, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, shall for the Period of Ten Years from the Commencement of the said Act, cause a separate and distinct Account of the additional Duties by the said Act granted, to be prepared and annually laid before Parliament, pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for discontinuing certain other Forms of Account now in Use*; and whereas One-third Part of the Duties by this Act repealed, and in lieu of which other Duties are by this Act imposed, constituted, and made Part of the additional Duties granted by the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and it is therefore expedient that Provision should be made for ascertaining the Produce of One-third Part of the Duties by this Act imposed; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said First Day of *August*, One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Whole of the Duties granted by this Act shall be entered together in One Account; but that the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being shall, for and during the Remainder of the said Period of Ten Years, to be computed from the Commencement of the said Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, cause a separate and distinct Account of One-third Part of the Duties by this Act granted to be made out in such Manner and

45 G. 3. c. 30.

42 G. 3. c. 70.

In what Manner the Account of the Duties shall be kept.

Form

Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, best adapted to ascertain the Amount of One-third Part of the said Duties, which Account the said Lord High Treasurer for the Time being, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, are hereby required to cause to be laid before Parliament, together with the Publick Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament, pursuant to the Provisions of the said Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

Commencement
of Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect, as to all such Matters and Things therein contained, in respect whereof no special Commencement is hereby directed or provided, from and immediately after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and shall remain and continue in force for the Space of Two Years, to be computed from that Day.

Continuance
two Years.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities.

[3d June 1809.]

48 G. 3. c. 142.
§ 13.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*, and it was thereby provided, that the total Amount of any Annuity or Annuities to be granted upon the Continuance of the Life of any One Nominee, should not in any Case, except as therein is excepted, exceed the Annual Sum of One thousand Pounds, and that the total Amount of any Annuity or Annuities to be granted upon the Continuance of the Lives of any Two Nominees, or of the Life of the longer Liver of them, should not in any Case (except as aforesaid) exceed the annual Sum of One thousand five hundred Pounds: And whereas it is expedient to enable the granting of Life Annuities to a larger Amount than is limited by the said recited Act; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, to grant under the Provisions of the said recited Act any Annuity or Annuities of any Annual Amount, upon the Continuance either of the Life of any One Nominee or of the Lives of any Two Nominees, and of the Life of the longer Liver of them, so as the same do not in any Case exceed the Annual Sum of Three thousand Pounds, except in such Cases wherein by the said recited Act an Annuity or Annuities to a larger Amount than is thereby limited, is or are, under the Restrictions and Provisions therein contained, authorized to be granted, in which Cases it shall also be lawful, under the like Restrictions and Provisions, to grant any Annuity to a larger Amount than by this Act is provided, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Life Annuities
under recited
Act extended to
8000l. &c.

II. And

II. ' And whereas for enabling the Receipt of Half-yearly Payments of Life Annuities granted under the Provisions of the said recited Act, certain Certificates and Affidavits are thereby required to be produced to the Officer appointed in pursuance thereof, in Proof that the respective Nominees of such Annuities are living at the Time of the respective Half-yearly Payments thereof becoming due, and such Officer is thereupon required, upon the Production of such Certificates and Affidavits to grant a Certificate in the Form in the Schedule to the said Act annexed, marked (F.) for authorizing such Half-yearly Payments at the Bank of *England*: And whereas it is expedient to dispense with the Production of the said Certificates and Affidavits in Cases where the respective Nominee shall appear personally before the said Officer, and such Officer shall be satisfied of the Identity of such Nominees; Be it therefore further enacted, That in case any Nominee on whose Life any Annuity shall depend, whether singly or jointly with any other Nominee, shall appear personally before the Officer appointed in pursuance of the said recited Act, on the Day on which a Half-yearly Payment of the said Annuity shall become due, or on any Day subsequent thereto, it shall be lawful for the said Officer, in case he shall be satisfied of the Identity of such Nominee to grant a Certificate in the Form specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, although the Certificates and Affidavits required by the said Act shall not be produced to him, which Certificate to be granted by the said Officer in pursuance of this Act, being produced to and lodged with the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, shall be sufficient to authorize them, and they are hereby required to pay to the Person entitled to receive the said Annuity, not only the Half-yearly Payment thereof which shall have become due on the Day on which any such Nominee shall be certified as living, but also all preceding Half-yearly Payments of such Annuity which shall have become due, but which shall not have been paid, any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully, falsely, and deceitfully, personate any true and real Nominee or Nominees, or shall wilfully, falsely, and deceitfully represent any other Person or Persons than the true and real Nominee or Nominees to be such true or real Nominee or Nominees, or shall forge, counterfeit, or alter, or act, or assist in forging, counterfeiting, or altering any Certificate or Certificates to be granted by the said Officer in pursuance of this Act, or shall utter any such forged Certificate knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or altered, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, then and in every such Case all and every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

FORM of CERTIFICATE to be granted, in order to enable the Receipt of the Annuity from Time to Time at the Bank of *England*.

I DO hereby certify to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, in pursuance of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act* [here insert the Title of this Act] that A. B. the Nominee
49 Geo. III. L

Instead of the Certificates, &c. required by 48 G. 3. c. 142. § 16—18. for Payment of Annuities, the Certificate in the Schedule shall be used, where the Nominees appear.

Personating Nominees or forging Certificates, Felony.

! [og

' [or in case of Two Nominees, One of the Two Nominees] de-
 ' scribed in the Certificate No. of the
 ' Day of granted for the Purpose of enabling the Trans-
 ' fer of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated [or Re-
 ' duced] Bank Annuities for the Purchase of a Life Annuity on the
 ' Life of the said [or on the Lives of the said
 ' and the Life of the
 ' longer Liver of them] appeared personally before me, on the
 ' Day of Witness my Hand this
 ' Day of 18 .

C A P. LXV.

An Act for giving Jurisdiction to Justices of the Peace to
 hear and determine Prosecutions for Penalties incurred by
 any Offence against the Laws relating to the Revenue of
 Customs; and also requiring all Goods, customable and not
 exciseable, seized by any Police or Peace Officer to be
 brought to the Custom-House Warehouse in *London*, within
 a certain Period. [3d June 1809.]

' **W**HEREAS Doubts have arisen as to the Jurisdiction of His
 ' Majesty's Justices of the Peace in Cases of Prosecution for
 ' Penalties incurred by certain Offences against the Laws relating to
 ' His Majesty's Revenue of Customs: And whereas it is expedient
 ' that the said Justices should have Jurisdiction in such Cases; Be it
 ' therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with
 ' the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 ' Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 ' of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and
 ' may be lawful for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the
 ' Peace for any County, Riding, Division, City, or Liberty wherein
 ' the Offence shall arise, or wherein the Offender or Offenders shall be
 ' found, to examine into, hear, and determine all Prosecutions for
 ' Penalties incurred by any Offence against this or any Act or Acts now
 ' in force, or hereafter to be made relating to His Majesty's said Re-
 ' venue of Customs; and the said Justices are hereby authorized and
 ' required, upon Information exhibited before them for the Recovery
 ' of any such Penalty or Penalties, to summon the Party accused, and
 ' upon his, her, or their Appearance or Default, to proceed to the
 ' Examination of the Matter of Fact, and upon due Proof thereof,
 ' either upon the voluntary Confession of such Party, or upon the Oath
 ' of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said
 ' Justices are hereby empowered to administer) to convict the Offender
 ' or Offenders in the said Penalty or Penalties, and in case of the Non-
 ' payment thereof the said Justices are hereby authorized and required to
 ' cause the same by Warrant of Distress and Sale under their Hands and
 ' Seals, to be levied upon the Goods and Chattels of the said Offender or
 ' Offenders, and in Default of sufficient Distress, to commit the said
 ' Offender or Offenders to any of His Majesty's Gaols in the County
 ' wherein the Offence shall have arisen, or wherein the Offender or
 ' Offenders shall have been found, there to remain for the Space of Six
 ' Months, or until the said Penalty or Penalties shall be paid.

II. Pro.

Jurisdiction to
 two Justices for
 Recovery of
 Penalties
 incurred by
 Offences against
 the Laws relating
 to the Customs.

Distress on
 Non-payment.
 Imprisonment
 in default of
 Distress.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend to or be construed to extend to empower the said Justices to examine into, hear, or determine any Prosecution for such Penalties as aforesaid, in any Case wherein the same shall in the Whole exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, unless they shall be so empowered by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force or hereafter to be made.

Not to apply to Penalties beyond 50l.

III. 'And Whereas Doubts have arisen in Proceedings before Justices of the Peace for Penalties or Forfeitures incurred by Offences against the Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, where such Justices have issued out Summons for the Appearance of the Party against whom such Proceedings have been instituted, which Summons hath been left at the House or usual Place of Residence of such Party, whether the same should be deemed a good and sufficient Summons, and as legal and effectual a Notice as if the same had been personally served upon such Party; for the Removal of such Doubts,' Be it declared and enacted, That in all Proceedings before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture incurred under any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made relating to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, every such Summons so left as aforesaid, and directed to such Party by his, her, or their right or assumed Name, is and shall be (except where particular Provisions are or shall be made for summoning Offenders, or for condemning Seizures made from Persons unknown) deemed to be as good and sufficient a Summons, and as legal and effectual a Notice as if the same were personally served upon such Party, and as if the same were directed to such Party, by his, her, or their proper Name or Names.

Service of Summons at House shall be sufficient.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Party shall or may be convicted before any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in any Penalty or Penalties incurred by any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, wherein no Power of Mitigation shall be given to the said Justices, or where it shall be given not specifically by the same Act or Acts, but only by reference to some other Law or Laws, it shall and may be lawful for the said Justices, in Cases where upon Consideration of the Circumstances they shall deem it expedient so to do, to mitigate the Payment of the said Penalty or Penalties, so as the Sum to be paid by such Party be not less than One-half of the Amount of the Penalty or Penalties in which such Party shall have been convicted.

Justices may mitigate Penalties to One-half.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any such Offender or Offenders shall have been committed to any such Gaol as aforesaid, for Default of such Distress as aforesaid, and shall there remain until the Expiration of the Period for which he, she, or they, shall have been committed, he, she, or they shall be wholly discharged from the Payment of such Penalty or Penalties, in respect whereof such Warrant of Distress hath been issued to all Intents and Purposes, as if the full Penalty or Penalties had been paid by the said Offender or Offenders immediately upon his, her, or their Conviction therein.

Imprisonment expired shall clear from Fines.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Information or Proceeding for any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture incurred by any Offence against any Act or Acts now in force or hereafter

Limitation of Time for Informations, Six Months.

to be made, relating to His Majesty's said Revenue of Customs, shall be exhibited or instituted before any Justice or Justices of the Peace after the Expiration of Six Months from the Time of committing the Offence whereby such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture hath been incurred.

43 G. 3. c. 115.

§ 1.

All Customable and prohibited Goods seized as subject to Forfeiture, shall be conveyed to the Custom House, within forty-eight Hours.

VII. And Whereas, by an Act made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend Two Acts made in the Second, and Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for preventing the committing of Thefts and Frauds by Persons navigating Bum Boats and other Boats upon the River Thames, and for the more effectual Prevention of Depredations thereon, so far as relates to the Seizure of Excisable Commodities*, it is amongst other Things enacted, that all Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, subject or liable to a Duty of Excise, which shall be stopped, detained, or taken by any Police or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons under and by virtue of the Acts of Parliament therein recited, or under or by virtue of any other Authority whatever, for or by reason of the same having been unshipped, smuggled, or run on shore, shall, and the same are thereby directed and required to be carried, conveyed, or taken to and deposited and lodged in the Chief Office of Excise in London, in order that such Articles and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same were found, may be prosecuted or proceeded against, as the Nature of the Case shall or may require: And whereas it is expedient that all Goods, Wares, or Merchandize liable to the Payment of the Duties of Customs, and not to the Duties of Excise on Importation thereof, or which shall be prohibited to be imported, or prohibited to be worn or used in this Country, or which shall be subject to Forfeiture for being unshipped without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, which shall be so stopped, detained, or taken, should be deposited and lodged in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in London; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, which by any Act or Acts now in force or hereafter to be made, are or may be liable to the Payment of the Duties of Customs, and not to the Duties of Excise on Importation thereof, or which are or may be prohibited to be imported or to be worn or used in this Country, or which are or may be subject to Forfeiture for being unshipped without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, and which shall be so stopped, detained, or taken, shall, and they are hereby directed and required to be carried, conveyed, or taken to and deposited and lodged in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in London, within Forty-eight Hours after the same shall have been so taken, stopped, or detained, in order that all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same were found, may be prosecuted or proceeded against, as the Nature of the Case shall or may require; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, which are or may be so liable to the Payment of the Duties of Customs and not to the Duties of Excise, or which are or may be prohibited to be imported or to be worn or used in this Country,

Customable and prohibited Goods seized as feloniously stolen, shall be deposited in the Thames or

Country, or which are or may be so subject to Forfeiture for being unshipped without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, shall be stopped, detained, or taken by any Police or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons, on Suspicion of the same having been feloniously stolen, taken, or received, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Police or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons so stopping, detaining, or taking the same, to lodge and deposit all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, as aforesaid, in the Office of the *Thames* Police, or the Police Office nearest to the Place where the same shall be so stopped, detained, or taken as aforesaid, there to remain until and in order to be produced at the Trial of any Person or Persons who shall or may be charged with feloniously stealing, taking, or receiving the same as aforesaid.

other Police Office, to be produced on Trial of Offender.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every such Police Officer or Peace Officer or other Person or Persons who shall so stop, detain, or take any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize as aforesaid, on Suspicion of the same having been so feloniously stolen, taken, or received as aforesaid, shall within Forty-eight Hours after he or they shall have stopped, detained, or taken the same as aforesaid, give Notice thereof in Writing to the Commissioners for managing His Majesty's Customs, together with the Particulars of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize so stopped, detained, or taken as aforesaid.

Notice of such Detention shall be given to the Custom House.

X. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the Person or Persons so charged with feloniously stealing, taking, or receiving any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize as aforesaid, shall have been tried for the said Felony, all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize as aforesaid, shall be immediately conveyed to, and deposited in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in *London*, to be prosecuted or proceeded against for such Cause of Forfeiture as the same may be liable to, or be restored upon Payment of such Duties as may be due in respect of the same, to such Person or Persons as may prove himself to be the legal Proprietor, or otherwise be dealt with in such Manner as the Case may require.

Such Goods shall be carried to the Custom House after Trial.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, which are or may be so liable to the Payment of the Duties of Customs, and not to the Duties of Excise, or which are or may be prohibited to be imported, or to be worn or used in this Country, or which are or may be so subject to Forfeiture for being unshipped without the Presence of an Officer of the Customs, or for any other Cause whatever under any Law relating to the Revenue of Customs, and which shall be stopped, detained, or taken as aforesaid, shall not be conveyed to and deposited and lodged in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House in *London*; in the Manner and within the Time or Times respectively by this Act directed, all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, shall and may be seized or re-seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, and the Party or Parties neglecting or refusing so to convey to and deposit and lodge the same in His Majesty's Warehouse at the Custom House as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds, One Moiety whereof shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform or sue for the same.

Goods so seized and not carried to Custom House, may be seized or re-seized by Officers of Customs; and the Party neglecting shall forfeit 20l.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act for the Abolition of certain Holidays, and for altering and extending the Time for keeping open the Chief Office of Excise. [3d June 1809.]

23 G. 2. c. 36.
§ 12.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Twenty-third Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, amongst other Things, for appointing the Time for which the Excise Office shall be kept open; it is provided that such Office shall be kept open from Eight of the Clock in the Morning, until Two of the Clock in the Afternoon and no longer: And whereas certain Holidays have been and are now kept at the said Office, by which the Publick Business has often been delayed, and Individuals put to Inconvenience: And whereas it would be for the Benefit of the Revenue, and contribute materially to the Accommodation of the Publick, to abolish many of the Holidays hitherto observed, and to extend the Time for keeping open the Chief Office;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Holidays whatever shall be permitted or allowed to be kept at the Chief Office, or at any other Office of Excise, except *Christmas Day* and *Good Friday* in every Year, and any Days which shall be appointed by His Majesty’s Proclamation for the Purpose of a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also the Anniversaries of the Restoration of His Majesty King *Charles* the Second, and of the Coronation of His Majesty, and the Birth Days of Their Majesties, and of His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*; but that all Business at the said Offices relating to the Revenue of Excise shall be carried on and performed on every Day throughout the Year, *Sundays* and the Days before mentioned only excepted, any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Holidays at the Excise except *Sundays*, *Christmas Day*, *Good Friday*, &c.

Office Hours from Eight to Three.

II. And be it also enacted, That from and after the said passing of this Act, the said Chief Office shall be kept open from Eight of the Clock in the Morning until Three of the Clock in the Afternoon.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and to make further Provision for exonerating Small Livings and Charitable Institutions from the Land Tax. [3d June 1809.]

46 G. 3. c. 133.
§ 2.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, for consolidating the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax, and to make further Provision for exonerating small Livings and charitable Institutions from the Land Tax*, after reciting that the Profits arising to the Publick from the Redemption of Land Tax by Bodies Politic and Corporate, and Companies and Fcoffees and Trustees for Charitable and other Publick Purposes, by Sales under

the Authority of the Commissioners appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, for the Purpose of regulating, directing, approving, and confirming such Sales, amounted to a very large Sum, and was likely to be considerably increased by further Sales and Contracts for Sale for the Redemption of Land Tax under the Authority of the said Commissioners, and that it might be expedient to augment the Income of Small Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices, and of Charitable Institutions, by exonerating the same from the Land Tax charged on the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or other Hereditaments belonging to such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions in the Manner therein mentioned, it was enacted, that it should and might be lawful for the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain for the Purposes aforesaid, at any Time within the Space of Two Years after the passing of the said Act, to direct the Exoneration and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and other Hereditaments belonging to any Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions in Cases where the clear Annual Income of such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions should not exceed the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration for the same, in the Manner and under the Directions and Restrictions in the said Act mentioned, provided that the Annual Amount of Land Tax to be exonerated by virtue of the said Act, under the Direction of the said Commissioners without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration should not exceed the Sum of Six thousand Pounds: And whereas it appears from the Proceedings of the said Commissioners in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities vested in them by the said Act, of which Proceedings a Statement has been laid before Parliament, pursuant to the Provisions for that Purpose in the said Act contained, that they have directed the Exoneration and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and other Hereditaments belonging to One thousand two hundred and sixty-three Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices, and to Two hundred and eight Charitable Institutions in Cases where the clear Annual Amount of such Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices and Charitable Institutions do not exceed the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds, without the Transfer or Payment of any Consideration in the Manner and under the Directions and Restrictions in the said Act mentioned, and that the Annual Amount of Land Tax which has been so exonerated is only Five thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds Six Shillings and Three-pence Three Farthings: And whereas the Time limited by the said Act, for transmitting to the said Commissioners the Memorials which were required by the said Act, in order to entitle the Parties claiming such Exoneration to the Benefit thereof is expired: And whereas the Profits arising to the Publick from the Redemption of Land Tax by Bodies Politic and Corporate and Companies and Foffees and Trustees for Charitable and other Publick Purposes, have been considerably increased by further Sales and Contracts for Sale for the Redemption of Land Tax under the Authority of the said Commissioners since the Time of passing the said recited Act, and much Benefit to the Publick may be expected

1263 Benefices
 and 208 Charities
 exonerated
 under Recited
 Act from Land
 Tax, amount-
 ing to
 5670l. 6s. 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

[53.]

‘ if such Redemption of Land Tax by Bodies Politic and Corporate, and Companies and Feoffees, and Trustees for Charitable and other Publick Purposes, shall continue to be made under the Provisions and Authorities to that Effect, in the said Act of the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty’s Reign contained: And whereas it is expedient further to extend the Benefits of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign to such other Livings or other Ecclesiastical Benefices or Charitable Institutions in Cases where the whole clear Annual Income thereof does not exceed the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds as have not yet had the Benefit of the said recited Act;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners at any Time within the Space of Eighteen Calendar Months after the passing of this Act to direct the Exoneration and Discharge of the Land Tax charged upon such Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or other Hereditaments in the Manner and under the Directions and Restrictions, as in the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty are mentioned, provided that the Annual Amount of Land Tax to be exonered by virtue of this Act, shall not, together with the before mentioned Annual Sum of Five thousand six hundred and seventy Pounds Six Shillings and Three-pence Three Farthings, exceed the Total Yearly Sum of Eight thousand Pounds: Provided also, that Memorials, such as were directed by the said Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty to be transmitted to the said Commissioners, and which must be verified in such Manner as they shall require and direct, and also the Certificates directed thereby to be transmitted to the said Commissioners, signed by Two or more Commissioners of Land Tax, which Certificates such said last-mentioned Commissioners were by the said Act and are hereby authorized and required to grant, and shall be so transmitted to the said Commissioners appointed under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, within Twelve Months after the passing of this Act.

“ Commissioners may by Indorsement on the Certificate of Land Tax, declare the Lands exonered therefrom. § 3. Such Certificates of Exoneration shall be registered gratis. § 4. Proceedings of Commissioners shall be laid before Parliament before Close of the Session 1811. § 5. Deeds enrolled or registered at any Time before the passing of this Act, or within twelve Months after, declared valid. § 6. Powers of recited Acts extended to this Act. § 7.

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act to explain and amend the Law of Bastardy, so far as relates to indemnifying Parishes in respect thereof.

[3d June 1809.]

16 Eliz. c. 2.

‘ **W**HEREAS the Provisions of an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of Queen *Elizabeth*, concerning Bastards begotten and born out of lawful Matrimony, are found to be inadequate to the Purposes of indemnifying Parishes against the Charges and Expences incurred by the apprehending and securing the reputed Father, and also by the obtaining the Order of Filiation: And

And whereas it is expedient that such Charges and Expences should be borne and discharged by the adjudged reputed Father of such Bastard Child or Children, at the Discretion of the Justices by whom such Adjudication shall be made, either in the Court of Quarter Sessions or otherwise, not exceeding the Amount herein-after mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person who shall hereafter be adjudged to be the reputed Father of any Bastard Child or Children, shall be chargeable with and liable to the Payment of all reasonable Charges and Expences incident to the Birth of such Bastard Child or Children, and also to the Payment of the reasonable Costs of apprehending and securing such reputed Father, and also to the Payment of the Costs of the Order of Filiation, such Costs of apprehending and securing the reputed Father, and of the Order of Filiation, not to exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds; and all such Charges, Expences, and Costs, shall be duly and respectively ascertained on Oath before the Justices of the Peace or the Court of Quarter Sessions making such Order of Filiation, which Oath such Justices or Court are hereby respectively empowered to administer.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Single Woman shall declare herself to be with Child, and that such Child is likely to be born a Bastard and to be chargeable to any Parish, Township, or Extra-parochial Place, and shall, in an Examination to be taken in Writing upon Oath before any Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Town Corporate wherein such Parish, Township, or Place shall lie, charge any Person with having gotten her with Child, it shall be lawful to and for such Justice, upon Application made to him by the Overseer of the Poor of such Parish or Township, or by any substantial Householder of such Extra-parochial Place, to issue out his Warrant for the immediate apprehending of such Person so charged as aforesaid, and for bringing him before such Justice, or before any other Justice of the Peace of such County, Riding, Division, Liberty, or Town Corporate; and the Justice before whom such Person shall be brought, having Authority in this Behalf, is hereby authorized and required to commit the Person so charged as aforesaid to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of such County, Riding, Division, Liberty or Town Corporate, unless he shall give Security to indemnify such Parish or Place, or shall enter into a Recognizance with sufficient Surety or Sureties upon Condition to appear at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, to abide and perform such Order or Orders as shall then be made in pursuance of the said Act of the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, unless One such Justice as aforesaid, shall have certified in Writing under his Hand to such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, that it had been proved before him upon the Oath of One credible Witness, that such Single Woman had not been then delivered, or had been delivered within One Month only previous to the Day on which such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace shall be holden, or unless Two Justices of the Peace of such County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, shall have certified

Reputed Father of a Bastard shall be chargeable with Expences incident to the Birth, and with Costs of his own Apprehension and of the Order of Filiation.

Men charged on Oath by Women likely to be delivered of Bastards, may be apprehended by Warrant of a Justice and compelled to give Security to indemnify the Parish, or to abide the Order of Sessions under 18 Eliz. c. 3.

tified in Writing under their Hands to the next, or where such Woman shall not have been delivered as aforesaid, then to the immediately subsequent General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, that an Order of Filiation had been already made on the Person so charged, or that such Order was not then requisite to be made, on account of the Death of the Child born a Bastard, or for other like sufficient Reason; in each of which Cases firstly before mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Justices assembled at such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, to respite such Recognizance to the then next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace to be holden for such County, Riding, Division, City, or Town Corporate, without requiring the Personal Attendance of the Putative Father so bound, or of that of his Surety or Sureties, and in either of the said Two last mentioned Cases it shall be lawful for the Justices assembled as aforesaid wholly to discharge such Recognizance.

III. 'And Whereas Parishes are often put to great Expence in enforcing the Performance of Orders of Maintenance made on the Filiation of Bastard Children;' Be it therefore further enacted, That if any reputed Father or any Mother of such Bastard Child or Children on whom any Order of Filiation or Maintenance of such Child or Children shall have been made by the Court of Quarter Sessions, or which shall have been made by Two Justices of the Peace and confirmed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, or against which no Appeal shall have been made to the Court of Quarter Sessions, shall neglect or refuse to pay any Sum or Sums of Money which he or she shall have been ordered to pay towards the Maintenance or other Sustentation for the Relief of any such Bastard Child or Children by any such Order, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty or Town Corporate in which such reputed Father or such Mother shall happen to be, and the said Justice is hereby required upon Complaint made to him by any One of the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Township, or Place liable to the Maintenance or Support of such Bastard Child or Children, or where such Bastard Child or Children shall then be, and upon Proof on Oath of such Order for the Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money, and of such Sum or Sums of Money being unpaid, and of a Demand of such Payment having been made, and a Refusal to pay the same, or that such reputed Father or such Mother hath left his or her usual Place of Abode, and hath avoided a Demand thereof being made by such Overseer, to issue his Warrant to apprehend such reputed Father or such Mother, and to bring him or her before such Justice or any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, to answer such Complaint; and if such reputed Father or such Mother shall not pay such Sum or Sums of Money as shall appear to the said Justice before whom such reputed Father or such Mother shall be brought to be due and unpaid, or shall not shew to such Justice some reasonable and sufficient Cause for not so doing, it shall be lawful for such Justice, and the said Justice is hereby required to commit such reputed Father or such Mother to the Publick House of Correction or Common Gaol of the said County, to be there kept to hard Labour for the Space of Three Months, unless such reputed Father or such Mother shall, before the Expiration of the said Three Months, pay or cause to be paid to One of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township,

For Maintenance of Bastard Children.

Father or Mother neglecting to pay for Maintenance of Bastard according to Order, may be apprehended and committed by One Justice, for 3 Months, or till Payment.

Township, or Place on whose Behalf such Complaint as aforesaid was made, the said Sum or Sums of Money so due and unpaid as aforesaid, and so from Time to Time and as often as such reputed Father or such Mother shall in Manner aforesaid neglect or refuse to pay any other Sum or Sums of Money that shall afterwards become due by virtue of and under such Order after the Expiration of or Discharge from any such former Imprisonment as aforesaid.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all such Charges, Expences, and Coſts shall be wholly subject to the Discretion of the Justices or Court of Quarter Sessions who shall make such Order of Filiation; and the Justices or Court of Quarter Sessions are hereby authorized, if they shall see fit, to allow and order Payment of the Whole or any Part thereof: Provided always, that the Coſts of apprehending and securing the reputed Father, and of the Order of Filiation, shall not in any Case exceed the Sum of Ten Pounds; and for securing the due Payment of the same, after such Allowance and Order as aforesaid, all and every the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things contained in the said Act passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, concerning Bastards begotten and born out of lawful Matrimony, shall be respectively observed, used, and practised in the Execution of this Act, and shall be construed, deemed, and taken to apply as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Clauses, Matters and Things were specially recited and re-enacted in this Act.

Expences and Coſts subject to the Discretion of Justices or Sessions, and recoverable as under
18 Eliz. c. 3.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall think himself, herself, or themselves aggrieved by any Order made by such Justices as aforesaid under the Provisions of this Act, and not originating in the Quarter Sessions, may appeal to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County where such Order shall be made, on giving Notice to such Justices or to One of them, and also to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish on whose Behalf such Order shall have been made, or to One of them, Ten clear Days before such General Quarter Sessions of the Peace at which such Appeal shall be made, of his, her, or their Intention of bringing such Appeal, and of the Cause and Matter thereof, and entering into a Recognizance within Three Days after such Notice before some Justice of the Peace for such County, with sufficient Surety conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Judgment and Order of, and pay such Coſts as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Quarter Sessions, which said Justices at their said Sessions, upon Proof of such Notice being given, and of entering into such Recognizance as aforesaid, shall and they are hereby required to proceed in, hear, and determine the Causes and Matters of all such Appeals, and shall give such Relief and Coſts to the Parties appealing or appealed against as they in their Discretion shall judge proper; and such Judgments and Orders therein made shall be final, binding, and conclusive to all Parties concerned, and to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Appeal to the Quarter Sessions, on giving Notice and entering into Recognizance.

VI. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Parishs and other Places from such Charges as may arise from Bastard Children born within the same,* as authorizes the Justice or Justices before whom the reputed Father

So much of 6 Geo. 2. c. 31. § 1, 2, as authorizes Justices to commit reputed Fathers

Before Birth of
the Bastard,
repealed.

Father of a Bastard Child shall be brought, in Cases where the Woman has not been delivered, to commit such reputed Father to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, unless he shall give Security to indemnify the Parish or Place, or shall enter into a Recognizance with sufficient Surety upon Condition to appear at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions of the Peace, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

No future
Appeal without
Notice. [See § 5.]

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Appeal in any Case relating to Bastardy shall be brought, received, or heard at the said Quarter Sessions, unless such Notice shall have been given, and such Recognizance shall have been entered into in Manner aforesaid, according to the Provisions of this Act.

“ Commencement of Act, 20th July 1809. § 8.

C A P. LXIX.

An Act to indemnify Persons who have inadvertently printed, published, or dispersed Papers or Books without a full Description of the Place of Abode of the Printers thereof, from Penalties incurred under an Act of the Thirty-ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign. [3d June 1809.]

“ 39 G. 3. c. 79. § 27. recited. Persons having printed Papers or Books with the Name of the Street of their Abode, omitting the Name of the Town or City (or *vice versa*), indemnified against Penalties under recited Act. § 1. Act shall not extend to Convictions or Judgments had before the passing of the Act. § 2.

C A P. LXX.

48 G. 3. c. 48.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Majesty's Postmaster General of *Ireland* to purchase Premises for the Enlargement of the General Post Office in the City of *Dublin*. [3d June 1809.]

“ Postmaster General of *Ireland* empowered to contract for the Premises on which the Post Office in *Dublin* stands. § 1. Powers of former Act extended to this Act. § 2. Money necessary for the Purposes of this and former Act shall be paid out of the Duty on Postage. § 3.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Fourteen Millions Six hundred thousand Pounds by way of Annuities. [3d June 1809.]

“ Every Contributor of 100*l.* shall be entitled from 5th April 1809 to a Principal of 60*l.* in the Four per Cents. 60*l.* in the Three per Cents Reduced; and an Annuity of 8*s.* 10*d.* for 50 Years and 9 Months. § 1. Duties under 46 G. 3. c. 65. shall not be charged on the first half Year's Dividends. § 8. Treasury may remit to *Ireland* 3,000,000*l.* § 24. To be provided for in *Ireland*. § 12: 600,000*l.* for the Service of the Prince Regent of *Portugal* raised in the Three per Cents Reduced, creating a Capital of 895,521*l.*

“ 7*s.*

“ 7s. 9d. Interest 26,865l. 13s. 5½d. Sinking Fund 30,000l.
 “ Charges of Management 304l. 9s. 6¾d. All to be provided for
 “ by the said Prince. §§ 13. 16. 25. 800l. per Million may be retained
 “ by the Bank as the whole Charges of Management. § 28. Forging
 “ Receipts for Contributions, Felony without Clergy. § 32. Bank
 “ shall remain a Corporation till Annuities under this Act shall
 “ cease. § 33.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act to continue until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, certain Acts of the Parliament of *Ireland*, for the Improvement of the City of *Dublin*, by making wide and convenient Passages through the same, and for regulating the Coal Trade thereof, and for other Purposes.
 [3d June 1809.]

“ *Irish* Act 21 & 22 G. 3. c. 17. (continued by 23 & 24 G. 3. c. 31 ;
 “ 30 G. 3. c. 19.) further continued to 25th *March* 1811. Provisions
 “ in recited Act respecting the Freedom of the Coal Trade, declared
 “ to be in force. § 2. Act may be altered this Session. § 3.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, and upon *British* Spirits imported into *Ireland*, and upon Licences to sell Spirituous Liquors in *Ireland* in Quantities not less than Two Gallons.

[10th June 1809.]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ **W**E Your Majesty’s most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons
 ‘ of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* in Par-
 ‘ liament assembled, towards raising the necessary Supplies, have freely
 ‘ and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty the
 ‘ Duties herein-after mentioned, and do most humbly beseech Your
 ‘ Majesty that it may be enacted;’ and be it enacted by the King’s
 ‘ most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the
 ‘ Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Par-
 ‘ liament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Duty
 ‘ of Excise charged and payable under and by virtue of any Act or Acts
 ‘ in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, for and
 ‘ upon every Gallon of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters, or Spirits, made or
 ‘ distilled in *Ireland* from Corn malted or unmalted or from Sugar, or for
 ‘ which any Distiller in *Ireland* is chargeable by Law, and also the
 ‘ Duty on the Importation into *Ireland* from *Great Britain* on every
 ‘ Gallon of Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain, or Sugar, in
 ‘ *Great Britain*, shall, from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of *September*
 ‘ One thousand eight hundred and nine, be charged and paid in *Ireland*
 ‘ on all such Spirits as shall be of a Strength not exceeding the Strength
 ‘ of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof; and that for and upon every
 ‘ Gallon of all such Spirits of a greater Strength than One to Ten over
 ‘ Hydrometer Proof, there shall be paid the like Duty as is payable for
 ‘ Spirits not exceeding the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer
 ‘ Proof; and also a further Duty in proportion to the Duty payable
 ‘ for Spirits of the same Denomination according to the Degree of
 ‘ Strength

Duty on Spirits,
 made in *Ireland*,
 or imported into
Ireland from
Great Britain
 after Sept. 29,
 1809, shall be
 charged
 according to
 their Strength.

Strength in which such Spirits shall exceed the said Strength of Oae to Ten over Hydrometer Proof.

Duties under
48 G. 3. c. 41.
on Licences to
sell Liquors from
2 to 50 Gallons,
repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, so much of an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to repeal certain Duties of Excise in Ireland, and to grant certain Stamp Duties in lieu thereof, and also certain other Stamp Duties, and to amend the Laws relating to the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and of the Schedule thereto annexed, as imposes any Duties on Licences to sell Spirituous Liquors in Quantities not less than Two Gallons and not exceeding Fifty Gallons, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.*

Like Duty on
Licences to sell
Spirits from 2 to
50 Gallons, as on
Retail Licences.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, there shall be paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for and upon every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which shall be ingrossed, written, or printed any Licence to any Person in *Ireland* to sell any Kind of Spirituous Liquors in any Place in *Ireland* in Quantities not less than Two Gallons, the like Stamp Duty as is payable under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* on a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in any such Place respectively.

“ Duties placed under the Management of Commissioners of Customs,
“ Excise, and Stamps respectively. § 4.

Regulations may
be made by
Commissioners of
Excise and
Customs for
ascertaining the
Strength of
Spirits, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, to frame and make such Rules and Regulations, and to give such Orders and Directions to the several Officers of Excise and Customs in *Ireland*, and to the several Distillers and Persons making or distilling of Spirits in *Ireland*, for the ascertaining the Strength at which any Spirits shall be distilled in *Ireland*, and the Amount of the Duty payable thereon in proportion to such Strength; and in like Manner it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or any Three of them, to frame and make such Rules and Regulations, and to give such Orders and Directions to the several Officers of Customs in *Ireland*, and to all Persons concerned in the Importation into *Ireland* of Spirits made and distilled in *Great Britain*, for the ascertaining the Strength of such Spirits, and the Amount of the Duty payable thereon, in proportion to such Strength as the said Commissioners respectively shall from Time to Time think fitting and expedient for such Purposes; and all such Rules, Regulations, Orders, and Directions, shall be obeyed and complied with by all Officers of the Excise and Customs, and by all Distillers and other Persons concerned in the distilling or importing of any such Spirits respectively.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and ten, several Acts for granting certain Rates and Duties, and for allowing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported into and exported from *Ireland*.
[10th *June* 1809.]

“ Recital of Stats. 45 G. 3. c. 18; 46 G. 3. c. 62; 47 G. 3. *β*. 1. c. 31;
 “ 47 G. 3. *β*. 2. c. 16; 47 G. 3. *β*. 2. c. 18; (last continued and amended
 “ by 48 G. 3. c. 80.) Duties and Drawbacks under recited Acts
 “ continued till 5th July 1810, except the Drawbacks and Bounties
 “ on Sugar, &c. provided by 47 G. 3. *β*. 1. c. 19; (continued by
 “ 49 G. 3. c. 30.) Regulations in all the recited Acts also continued
 “ to said 5th July 1810. § 1. Duties shall be carried to the *Irisb*
 “ Consolidated Fund. § 2. Acts may be altered this Session. § 3.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act to provide for the better Collection of the Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, in *Ireland*.
 [10th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Regulations for the Collection of the Rates and Duties in respect of Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, in *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much and such Parts of an Act, made in the Forty-eighth Year of his present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire hearths, Horses, Male Servants, and Windows, in lieu of former Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles*, as enacts, That the Collector of the Taxes on Fire-hearths, or some Officer appointed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, shall yearly within Sixty-one Days after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and in each and every subsequent Year, cause to be affixed on the Doors of the Church, Chapel, Market-House, or publick School House of every Parish or Place, as in the said Act mentioned, a general Notice to the Persons residing in such Parish or Place, to make out and deliver the Lists and Accounts of Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, as in the said Act is mentioned, in Manner as by the said Act is directed, and as imposes any Penalty on any Person who shall neglect or refuse to make out or deliver such List or Account in Manner in the said Act mentioned; and also so much and such Part of the said recited Act as directs that the Collectors of the Taxes on Fire-hearths, or other Officer in the said Act mentioned, shall yearly within Sixty-one Days after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and in each and every subsequent Year, leave particular Notices with the Persons in the said Act mentioned, to prepare and produce and deliver Lists and Accounts in the said Act mentioned, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

48 G. 3. c. 42.
 § 5. as to general Notices by Hearth Money Collectors;

and § 7, as to particular Notices by them: repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Supervisors of the Taxes on Fire-hearths, or the Collectors thereof in their respective Walks or Divisions, or any other Officer appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, shall, within Sixty-one Days after the passing of this Act, and yearly within Sixty-one Days after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and in each and every subsequent Year, and at such other Days and Times as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall from Time to Time order, direct, and appoint, cause to be affixed on the Doors

Collectors, &c. shall yearly post general Notices on Church Doors, &c. for Returns under 47 G. 3. *β*. 1. c. 21. from Persons liable to the Duties.

Doors of the Church or Chapel, or Market-House, or publick School House, if any such there shall be, of every Parish or Place within the respective Walks or Divisions of such Supervisor, Collector, or Officer, or in such of the said Parishes and Places as shall be prescribed and directed by the said Commissioners (and if any Parish or Place shall not have a Church or Chapel, Market-House, or publick School House therein, then on the Doors of the Church or Chapel, or Market-House or School House of the nearest or adjoining Parish), a general Notice in Writing signed by such Supervisor, Collector, or other Officer, in such Form as shall be directed by the said Commissioners, addressed to all Persons residing in such Parish or Place, who by an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide for regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire-hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages*, are required to make out, and deliver Lists or Accounts of Carriages, Servants, Horses, and Dogs, requiring that such Persons shall make out the Lists and Accounts required by the said recited Act, and shall deliver the same directed to or for the said Supervisor or Collector of Taxes on Fire-hearths, or to or for the said Officer appointed as aforesaid, at some House or Place within the said Parish or Place to be specified in such Notice, within Twenty-one Days after the Date of such Notice; and such general Notice shall from Time to Time, when the same shall be affixed, be deemed a Requisition or Demand upon every Person within such Parish or Place, to deliver such Lists or Accounts within the said Space of Twenty-one Days accordingly; and if any Person within such Parish or Place shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such List or Account at the House or Place mentioned in such Notice, directed in Manner aforesaid, within the said Space of Twenty-one Days, or shall make or deliver any undue or false List or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence be subject and liable to the like Penalties and Forfeitures and Payments as Persons neglecting to deliver Lists or Accounts of Carriages, Servants, Horses, or Dogs, or delivering undue or false Lists or Accounts of such Matters, are by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid subject and liable; and all Persons shall be liable to such Penalties, Forfeitures, and Payments, for not complying with such general Notices, whether any particular Notice requiring any such List shall have been delivered or left to or for such Person or not; and if any such general Notice so affixed shall be removed or defaced at any Time during the said Space of Twenty-one Days, the respective Supervisor or Collector, or any Officer concerned in the Collection of Hearth Money, shall, from Time to Time, cause a similar Notice to be so affixed, and so from Time to Time as often as Occasion shall require during the said Space of Twenty-one Days; and any Person who shall wilfully tear, deface, or obliterate any such Notice so affixed, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds.

Particular Notices shall also be delivered by Officers; requiring Returns from Persons liable to Duties.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whether such general Notice shall be posted or not as aforesaid, the Collector of the Taxes on Fire-hearths, or any Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, to collect or superintend the Collection of all or any of the Duties and Taxes under the Management of the said Commissioners, shall and may, from Time to Time,

Time, give or serve, or cause to be given or served, a particular Notice or Notices with any Person or Persons in their respective Walks, Divisions, or Districts, liable or supposed to be liable to the Duties on Carriages, Male Servants, Dogs, Horses, Mares, Geldings, or Mules, or any of them, requiring all such Persons respectively to deliver to such Collector or Officer within Ten Days next after such Notice given or served, the several Lists and Accounts required to be delivered by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, in Manner required by the said recited Act; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Supervisor or Collector of the Taxes on Fire-hearths, or other Officer as aforesaid, to cause such Notice to be served at the House or Place of Abode of any such Person, by delivering the same to the Owner or Occupier of such House, or to the Wife, or to some Child or Servant of any such Person above the Age of Sixteen Years; and every Notice so served shall be deemed to be duly given and served within the Intent and Meaning of this Act, and of every Act in force in *Ireland* respecting the Duties on Fire-hearths, Windows, Carriages, Servants, Horses, or Dogs; and in case any Person to or on whom, or at whose House or Place of Abode any such Notice shall be so given or served as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver any such List or Account as shall by the said Notice be required, or shall make or deliver any undue or false List or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence be subject and liable to the like Penalties, Forfeitures, and Payments, as Persons neglecting to deliver such Lists or Accounts, or delivering undue or false Lists or Accounts, are subject and liable to by or under the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid; and all such Persons shall be liable to the said Penalties, Forfeitures, and Payments, for not complying with such particular Notices, whether any such general Notice as by this Act is required shall have been posted in Manner aforesaid or not.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Notices by this Act required to be given by any Officer in respect of the Rates, Taxes, and Duties mentioned in this Act, requiring such List or Account as therein mentioned, and the several Lists or Accounts to be delivered pursuant to such Notices by every Person subject to the said Rates, Taxes, and Duties, or any of them, shall and may be in such Form and Forms, adapted to the particular Lists or Accounts required, as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland* may from Time to Time order, direct, and appoint.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Person having or owning any House subject to any Tax in respect of Fire-hearths or Windows, or keeping, using, retaining or employing any Carriage or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Dog, or any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Mule, upon or in respect of which any Rate, Tax or Duty is or may be payable as aforesaid, shall be absent from the Place of his Abode at the Time of the Service of such Notice requiring such List or Account with respect to such Taxes as aforesaid, then a List or Account of any and every Carriage, or Male Servant or Male Person, or Dog or Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, kept, used, retained, or employed by such Person, made out and subscribed by the Agent, Steward or Servant of such Person so absent and delivered as aforesaid, shall be to all Intents and Purposes of the same Effect as if such List or Account were made out and subscribed and delivered by the Person owning and occupying such House,

Notices, &c.
may be in Form
prescribed by
Commissioners.

In absence of
Parties, Lists
may be delivered
by their Servants.

or keeping, using or employing any such Carriage, Male Servant or Male Person, Dog, Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Mule respectively, as the Case may be; and in case such List or Account shall be an undue List or Account, the same shall subject such Owner or Occupier, or Person using or employing such Carriage, Male Servant or Male Person, Dog, Horse, Mare, Gelding, or Mule respectively, to the like Payments, Penalties and Forfeitures, as if the same had been made and subscribed by himself or herself respectively.

Coachmakers shall keep Account of Second-hand Carriages sold by them.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages in *Ireland*, who from and after the passing of this Act shall part with, sell, or dispose of any Carriage at second-hand on his or her own Account, whether the same shall have been repaired or altered by such Coachmaker or not, shall enter in a Book to be kept solely for that Purpose an Account of the Number and Kind of each such Carriage so parted with or sold or disposed of, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and if with less than Four Wheels, whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses abreast or otherwise; and the Names and Descriptions and Places of Abode of the several Persons to whom every such Carriage was sold, parted with or disposed of respectively, and the particular Day when each such Carriage was delivered or sent out of the Shop or Concerns of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages respectively; and all such Books shall be open to the Inspection of the like Officers, and Copies of the Entries therein shall be delivered and verified upon Oath or Affirmation in like Manner as by the said recited Act made in the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, intituled, *An Act to provide for regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling houses, Fire-places, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs, and Carriages*, is required with respect to the Books in and by the said recited Act required to be kept by any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall neglect to keep such Book, or to deliver such Copies of the Entries therein verified as aforesaid, or shall wilfully omit any Description which ought to be contained therein, or shall refuse to admit any such Collector or other Officer into the House, Manufactory, Workshop, or other Buildings of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, at a reasonable Hour in the Day-time for the Purposes aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty for Neglect 50l.

Books of Coachmakers, &c. shall be kept in Form directed by Commissioners.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Books required to be kept by every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages for the Purpose of entering the Number and Kind of Carriages which shall be built or constructed for Sale by such Coachmaker, pursuant to the Directions of the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, and also the Books by this present Act required to be kept by every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages for entering the Particulars of Carriages sold at second-hand, and also the Books required by the said last-recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year to be kept by every Person selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission, shall be kept in such Form or Forms of Columns and Headings respectively or otherwise as shall from Time to Time be furnished or ordered, appointed or directed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes; and if any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Person selling by Auction or on Commission, shall neglect or refuse to keep such Books or any of them in such

Penalty 50l.

Forms as shall be so furnished, ordered, appointed or directed, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage shall be sold or disposed of by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall, before such Carriage shall be sent out of or from his or her Shop, Warehouse or Concerns, apply to the proper Officer of Excise in the District for a Permit to convey such Carriage to the Person to whom the same shall have been parted with, sold, or disposed of by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and such Officer shall forthwith without Delay grant such Permit accordingly without Fee or Reward, stating the Nature or Kind and Description of the Carriage, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and of the Person to whom the same is to be conveyed; and if any Carriage so sold or disposed of shall be removed out of or from the Shop, Warehouse or Concern of any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages without such Permit duly obtained as aforesaid, such Coachmaker shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Carriages sold by Coachmakers shall not be removed without Permits.

Penalty 20l.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall part with, sell, or dispose of any Carriage whatever, whether the same shall be new or second-hand, every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall, within Twenty-four Hours after such Carriage shall be sent out of his or her Shop, Warehouse, or Concerns, deliver at the Office of the Collector, or to some Officer of Excise of the District in which such Shop or Warehouse shall be situate, a full and true Copy of the Entry made by him according to the Directions of the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year or this Act, with respect to the Sale and Disposal of such Carriage, together with the Date of the Permit sent out with the same; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall neglect or refuse to deliver the Copy of such Entry at the Office of such Collector, or to such Officer within the Time aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall for every such Neglect or Refusal forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

On Sale of Carriage, whether new or second-hand, Coach-maker shall send Copy of Entry of Sale to the Excise Office.

Penalty 20l.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Auctioneer or Person selling by Commission, shall sell by Auction any Carriage subject or liable to any internal Tax or Duty in Ireland, unless such Auctioneer or Person selling by Commission shall have given Forty-eight Hours previous Notice of such intended Sale at the Excise Office of the District in which such Carriage shall be intended to be sold; and that every Person who shall sell any such Carriage by Auction or on Commission, shall, within Twenty-four Hours after such Sale, deliver or cause to be delivered at the Excise Office of the District, or to some Officer of Excise in the District in which such Sale shall take place, a Notice signed by such Auctioneer or Seller as aforesaid, containing the Name, Addition, and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such Carriage shall be sold, and the Day of the Month and the Year when the same was so sold; and every such Auctioneer or Seller as aforesaid, who shall neglect to deliver or cause to be delivered such Notice, shall for every Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Sellers of Carriages by Auction, &c. shall give Forty-eight Hours Notice of Sale, and after Sale give Notice of Purchaser.

Penalty 10l.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person who shall be chargeable with any Duty in respect of any Carriage kept by

Private Persons selling Carriages shall send Notice

thereof to the Excise Office, or shall continue chargeable.

such Person, shall part with, sell, or dispose of any such Carriage to any other Person, the Person so selling, parting with, or disposing of such Carriage, shall, within Twenty-four Hours after the same shall be so sold, parted with, or disposed of, deliver or cause to be delivered at the Excise Office of the District, or to some Officer of Excise in the District in which such Person shall reside, a Notice signed with the Name of such Person, describing the Nature or Kind of such Carriage, and the Name, Additions, and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such Carriage shall be so parted with, sold, or disposed of, and the Day of the Month and Year when the same was parted with, sold or disposed of; and if any Person who shall part with, sell, or dispose of any such Carriage, shall neglect to deliver or cause to be delivered such Notice as aforesaid, every such Person shall continue chargeable with the Duties in respect of such Carriage as if the same had remained in his Custody or Possession until such Notice shall be delivered in Manner aforesaid.

Persons having Carriages, of the Sale whereof Notice shall not have been given, shall pay double Duty.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month after the passing of this Act, if any Person in *Ireland* shall receive or have in his or her Custody or Possession any Carriage which shall have been sold or disposed of to such Person at any Time after the Expiration of such Calendar Month, and of the Sale and Disposal whereof due Notice shall not have been given according to the Directions of this Act, every such Person shall be liable to and shall be charged with and pay Double the Duty which such Person ought otherwise by Law to be charged with in respect of such Carriage for the Year, in any Part of which such Carriage shall have so been in the Custody or Possession of such Person, without such Notice having been given as aforesaid.

Carriages imported into *Ireland* shall not be removed without Permit from Officer of Excise.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Coach or other Carriage which by Law is liable to any Duty under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, shall be imported into *Ireland*, the Entry which shall be made of such Carriage at the Port of Importation, shall contain the Description of such Carriage, distinguishing the Number of Wheels, and if with less than Four Wheels whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses abreast or otherwise, so as to ascertain the Inland Duties payable in respect of such Carriage by the Owner thereof, and also the Name, Addition, and Place of Abode of the Person on whose Account such Carriage was imported, and a Copy of such Entry shall forthwith without Delay be sent and delivered by the Officer of the Customs making such Entry, to the proper Officer of Excise in such Part of Entry; and such Officer of Excise shall forthwith and without Delay and upon Demand grant a Permit for conveying the same from the Custom-house or Place of Entry to the Residence of the Owner thereof, or to such Place as such Owner or some Person in his Behalf shall require and direct; and if any such Carriage so imported shall be found without such Permit, after the same shall have been removed from the Custom-house or Place of Entry, and before it shall have been placed in the Custody of the Owner thereof, or according to his Order or Direction such Carriage may be seized by any Officer of Excise, and shall be forfeited unless the Sum of Twenty Pounds shall be paid for the same to the Collector of Excise for the District in which the same shall be so seized as aforesaid, for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors.

Penalty 20l.

XIV.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Boy apprenticed to serve for any Term not exceeding Seven Years by the Foundling Hospital, the Incorporated Society, the *Hibernian* School for Soldiers' Children, the *Hibernian* Marine Society, or any Society or Charitable Institution in *Ireland* for the Care and Education of Children supported in the Whole or in part by Publick Money or Assiſtment, shall, during the Term of his Apprenticeship, be deemed a Male Servant within the Meaning of the said Act of the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting to His Majesty Duties and Taxes in *Ireland* in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire-hearths, Horses, Male Servants, and Windows, so as to induce any Tax or Charge under the said Act for or in respect of such Boy serving any Person; nor shall any Person whom such Boy shall serve be liable to any Tax or Charge during such Apprenticeship, for or in respect of such Persons retaining or employing such Boy as a Male Servant; any Thing in the said recited Act or any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Boys apprenticed by Charities shall not be rated as Servants.

" Powers of former Acts, 47 G. 3. *ſt.* 1. c. 21. and 48 G. 3. c. 42.
" extended to this Act. § 15.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act for vesting in the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*, by Advice of the Privy Council, the Power of prohibiting the Exportation and carrying Coastwise of Gunpowder, Salt-petre, Arms, Ammunition, and Naval Stores. [10th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Powers vested in His Majesty, by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King *Charles* the Second, intituled, *A Subsidy granted to the King, of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize exported and imported*; by another Act passed in the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act to empower His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation of Salt-petre, and to enforce the Law for empowering His Majesty to prohibit the Exportation of Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms and Ammunition, and also to empower His Majesty to restrain the carrying Coastwise, of Salt-petre, Gunpowder, or any Sort of Arms or Ammunition*; and by another Act passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to enable His Majesty to restrain the Exportation of Naval Stores, and more effectually to prevent the Exportation of Salt-petre, Arms, and Ammunition, when prohibited by Proclamation or Order in Council, for prohibiting the Exportation from Great Britain, and the carrying Coastwise, of Gunpowder, Salt-petre, Arms or Ammunition, and Naval Stores, should be vested in like Manner, as far as regards Ireland in the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors there for the Time being, with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council of Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful, during the Continuance of the said Acts, for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, by and with the Advice

English Act,
12 Car. 2. c. 4.
§ 12.

British Acts,
29 G. 2. c. 16.

33 G. 3. c. 2.

Lord Lieutenant and Council of *Ireland* may, by Proclamation or

Order, prohibit the Exportation or carrying Coastwise of Gunpowder, Arms, Ammunition, &c.

Regulations in recited Acts extend: d to Proclamations and Orders under this Act.

of His Majesty's Privy Council of *Ireland*, by Proclamation or Order of Council, when he and they shall see cause, and for such Time as shall be therein expressed, to prohibit the exporting out of *Ireland* or the carrying Coastwise, and the attempting such Exportation or carrying Coastwise of Gunpowder, Salt-petre, Arms or Ammunition, Pig Iron, Bar Iron, Hemp, Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Turpentine, Anchors, Cables, Cordage, Masts, Yards, Bowsprits, Oars, Oakum, Oker, Sheet Copper, and other Naval Stores, in the Manner authorized and provided in the said Acts respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That the like Exceptions and Provisions, Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, which are specified and imposed in the said Acts respectively, in the Case of any Proclamation or Order of Council for such Prohibition to export from *Great Britain* or carry Coastwise, or for attempting such Exportation or carrying Coastwise as described in the said Acts, shall be, and shall be deemed and taken to be in force, in the Case of any such Proclamation or Order of Council issued as aforesaid by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in *Ireland*.

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*. [10th June 1809.]

47 G. 3. st. 1.
c. 18.

47 G. 3. st. 1.
c. 38. § 2.

§ 14.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Inland Duties of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes, and Drawbacks*, a certain Duty of Excise of One Penny for every Pound Weight is imposed on Brown Paper made of old Ropes or Cordage only, without any Mixture of other Materials therewith; and by another Act, made in the same Session of Parliament, for amending several Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*, it is amongst other Things enacted, that Brown Paper made of old Ropes or Cordage only, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, shall be denominated, deemed, and taken to be Paper of the Second Class; and it is also, by the said last recited Act, amongst other Things enacted, that if in any Engine of which Notice shall be given by any Paper Maker as employed in the making of Paper, chargeable with a Duty not exceeding One Penny for every Pound Weight thereof, any Materials shall be at any Time found other than old Ropes and Cordage, then and in every such Case, such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And whereas it sometimes happens that certain refuse Materials fit only for making Brown Paper, and not fit for or capable of making Paper chargeable under the said Acts, with any Duty exceeding One Penny per Pound Weight, is occasionally mixed with such old Ropes or Cordage, for the making of such Brown Paper; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Brown Paper made of old Ropes or Cordage only, without any Mixture

Mixture of other Materials therewith, in Manner in the said Act mentioned, or made of such old Ropes or Cordage mixed with such refuse Materials only, as are not fit for making any Paper chargeable with a Duty exceeding One Penny per Pound Weight, shall be liable to the said Duty of One Penny per Pound Weight, and shall be denominated Paper of the Second Class under the said recited Acts; and that so much of the said last recited Act is directed, that if in any Engine of any Paper Maker of which Notice shall be given as aforesaid, any Materials shall be found other than old Ropes or Cordage, such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That if in any Engine of any Paper Maker, of which Notice shall be given under the said last recited Act as employed in the making of Paper chargeable with a Duty not exceeding One Penny for every Pound Weight thereof, any Materials fit for making a higher priced Paper than such Paper as old Ropes or Cordage will make, or any Materials fit for making or which can be employed in making any Paper chargeable with a Duty exceeding One Penny for every Pound Weight thereof, shall be at any Time found, then and in every such Case such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied in like Manner as any other Penalty of like Amount may be recovered and applied under or by virtue of the said last recited Act.

III. And be it declared and enacted, That every Paper Maker in Ireland shall be charged and chargeable with, and shall pay for and in respect of every Vat or Wet Press which ever shall be most in Number, which shall at any Time be kept or used by such Paper Maker, the several and respective Sums which by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, for amending the Acts for regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, are charged and made payable for or in respect of any Vat or Wet Press of such Paper Maker, whether such Sum is charged and made payable for any Vat or Wet Press kept or used, or for any Vat or Wet Press kept and used by any such Paper Maker, at such Time and in such Proportions as in the said last recited Act is mentioned, specified, and contained.

“ Powers of recited Acts, 47 G. 3. *§* 1. c. 18. and c. 38. extended
“ to this Act. *§* 4.

C A P. LXXVIII.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, by way of Annuities and Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland. [10th June 1809.]

“ Contributors for every 100*l.* (*Irish* Currency,) shall be entitled
“ to 120*l.* in the *Irish* 3½ per Cents, from 25 December 1808; and
“ to 9*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* in Treasury Bills payable in Four Years from 25 March
“ 1809, and bearing Interest at 5 per Cent. per Annum. *§* 1. Forging
“ Receipts or Debentures Felony without Clergy. *§* 19.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act for raising the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [10th June 1809.]

Brown Paper made of Cordage, or of Materials fit only for inferior Paper, shall be liable to the Duty of 1*d.* per lb. and be of the Second Class, &c.

Penalty, if in Engine employed for low-priced Paper there shall be Materials fit for making higher priced Paper, 100*l.*

How Paper Makers shall pay for Vats or Wet Presses kept by them.
[See 47 G. 3. *§* 1. c. 38. *§* 4.]

C A P. LXXX.

An Act for allowing Dealers to roast their own Coffee on certain Conditions. [10th June 1809.]

10 G. 1. c. 10.
§ 31, &c.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of King *George* the First, among other Things for repealing certain Duties therein mentioned, payable upon Coffee imported, and for granting certain Inland Duties in lieu thereof, the Commissioners for the said Inland Duties for the Time being, or the major Part of them, are authorized and empowered to provide Houses for the roasting of Coffee, and to appoint Officers for attending the same, and One or more Person or Persons well skilled in the roasting of Coffee, to attend at each such Roasting House for that Purpose; and it was by the said Act directed, that from and after the providing of such Roasting Houses, and during the Continuance of the same for the Purposes aforesaid, no Coffee Berries should be roasted, burnt, or dried in *Great Britain*. in order to make the same fit for Sale, but in some or One of those Houses, under the Penalties in the said Act mentioned, and certain other Provisions were by the said Act made with respect to such Roasting Houses: And whereas it is expedient to allow all Sellers of and Dealers in Coffee to roast their own Coffee, under, subject, and according to the Rules and Regulations herein after mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all Sellers of and Dealers in Coffee shall be at liberty to roast his, her, or their own Coffee, under, subject, and according to the Rules and Regulations herein-atter mentioned; that is to say, Every such Seller of and Dealer in Coffee, being desirous to roast Coffee, shall, before he, she, or they, shall presume to roast any Coffee, make true and particular Entry in Writing at the next Office of Excise, of One or more Room or Rooms for that Purpose, which Room and Rooms respectively shall either be adjoining or as near as possible to the Rooms or Places by him, her, or them entered and made use of, for keeping Raw Coffee; and if any Seller of or Dealer in Coffee shall presume to roast any Coffee in any Room or Place whereof he, she, or they shall not have made such Entry as aforesaid, the Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all the Coffee which shall at any Time be found in any such Room or Place whereof no such Entry shall be made: Provided always nevertheless, that no Seller of or Dealer in Coffee, who shall at any Time receive into his, her, or their Custody or Possession, any unroasted Coffee, less in Quantity than Fifty-six Pounds, save and except Coffee returned to him, her, or them, by any Customer for being disliked, shall be at liberty to roast, or put in Operation of roasting, or shall presume to roast, or put in operation of roasting, any Coffee; and if any Seller of or Dealer in Coffee shall contrary to the Directions of this Act, presume to roast, or put in operation of roasting, any Coffee, he, she, or they shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all such Coffee by him, her, or them so roasted or put in operation of roasting.

Dealers in Coffee may roast their own Coffee on making Entry at the next Office of Excise.

Penalty for not making Entry 50l.

Dealers receiving unroasted Coffee in less Quantity than 56lbs. shall not be permitted to roast Coffee.

Penalty 50l.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise, or any or either of them, from Time to Time and at all Times by Day and by Night upon his or their Request (but if in the Night in the Presence of a Constable, or other lawful Officer of the Peace), to enter into all and every Room and Rooms entered or made use of by any such Importer, Seller, or Dealer in Coffee, for the Purpose of roasting or burning Coffee, and to inspect, examine, weigh, or take Account of all the Coffee, either raw, roasting, or roasted, which shall at any Time be in any such Room or Rooms, and to remain and continue in any such Room or Rooms during the Time that any Coffee shall be in the Operation of roasting.

Officers of Excise may enter the Premises of Dealers,

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers of Excise, or any or either of them, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to take at any Time and Times a Sample or Samples of any Coffee, either raw, roasting, or roasted, which such Officer or Officers shall at any Time find in any such Room or Rooms, paying for every such Sample the usual Price thereof; and in case any Seller or Sellers, or Dealer or Dealers in Coffee, or any Workman or Servant to him, her, or them belonging, shall refuse to permit such Officer or Officers to take such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, upon his or their offering to pay for the same after the Rate aforesaid, or shall anywise obstruct or hinder him or them in taking such Sample or Samples, such Seller or Sellers, or Dealer or Dealers in Coffee so offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

and may take Samples of Coffee.

Penalty for refusing Samples, 100l.

“ Commissioners may permit the Use of the present roasting Houses
“ till Oct. 10, 1809. § 4.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatsoever shall assault, oppose, molest, obstruct, or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in due Execution of this Act, or of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby granted other than in any Case for which a Penalty is herein-before specifically imposed, all and every such Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence severally forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on obstructing Officers, 100l.

VI. And whereas the Officers who before and at the Time of passing this Act were employed in the roasting of Coffee may, by reason of the Liberty given by this Act, be without such Employment, and may thereby lose their Salaries, and it is therefore expedient that some Compensation should be made to such Officers for the Loss of such their Salaries; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under his or their Sign Manual, to direct during Pleasure the Commissioners of Excise to pay to such Officers out of the Revenue of Excise such Yearly Allowances as His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, shall judge fit, so as no Allowance to any such Officer shall exceed Three-fourths of the Yearly Amount of the Salary of which he or they is, are, or shall be deprived in consequence of such Liberty as aforesaid being given by this Act.

Compensation to Officers for Loss of Salary for roasting Coffee.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall and may be sued for, levied, recovered, and mitigated by such Ways, Means, and Methods as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Informa-

Penalties shall be levied and recovered as under former Laws of Excise.

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tion in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*; and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to amend several Laws of Excise relating to Paper, Silks, and Salt, and for authorizing the Seizure of Utensils in Cases where Vessels used in Excise Manufactories are subject to Forfeiture. [10th June 1809.]

47 G. 3. ft. 2.
c. 30. § 13.
repealing
34 G. 3. c. 20.
§ 9.

WHEREAS by a Clause in an Act, made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other Things to amend several Laws of Excise in *Great Britain*, so much of an Act, made in the Thirty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as is recited in the said Clause is repealed, save and except as is therein excepted, and it is by the said Clause enacted, that if any Person or Persons whatever shall counterfeit or forge, or cause to be counterfeited or forged, any Stamp, Device, or Label provided or directed to be used in pursuance of the said Act made in the Thirty-fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, every Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall for such his, her, or their Offence, be transported as a Felon or Felons for the Space of Seven Years: And whereas by the said Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, it was also enacted, That if any Person or Persons should counterfeit, forge, or resemble the Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device in Manner therein mentioned, or should have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, or should utter, vend, or tell any Paper with such a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression as is therein mentioned, knowing the same to be counterfeited or forged, or should upon any Ream, Bundle, or Quantity of Paper as is therein mentioned, knowingly put or place any Cover, or Wrapper having thereon such counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression as is therein mentioned, or any such counterfeit Label, every such Person so offending therein should, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: And whereas in lieu of the said pecuniary Penalty of Five hundred Pounds by the said Act imposed it is expedient to extend the Provisions of the said Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His said Majesty to Persons guilty of any of the said Offences lastly hereinbefore recited; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons whatever shall upon any Cover or Wrapper of or belonging to or used with or upon any Label affixed to any Ream or Quantity of Paper, or upon any Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, or glazed Paper, counterfeit, forge, or resemble the Mark or Impression, or any Stamp or Device provided or directed to be used in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty-fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign,

Instead of Penalty of 500l. under 34 G. 3. c. 20. Persons counterfeiting Marks on Paper, or having Paper in their Possession with such counterfeited Marks, &c., shall be guilty of Felony, and transported for seven years.

or

or shall have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, any such counterfeit Stamp or Device, knowing the same to be counterfeited, or shall have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, or shall utter, vend, or sell any Paper with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device on the Cover or Wrapper of such Paper, or on any Label affixed thereto, or any Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, or glazed Paper, with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device upon such Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, or glazed Paper, or upon any Label affixed thereto, knowing the same to be so counterfeited or forged, or shall upon any Ream or Quantity of Paper which has not been duly entered with the proper Officer or Officers, and charged with the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect of such Paper, knowingly put or place any Cover or Wrapper having thereon such counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression, or any such counterfeit Label, every Person, so in either of the said Cases offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall, in lieu and instead of the said Penalty of Five hundred Pounds, be adjudged a Felon, and shall for such his, her, or their Offence be transported as a Felon or Felons for the Space of Seven Years.

II. ' And whereas, by an Act, made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, the Duties on Licences imposed by an Act made

43 G. 3. c. 69.

in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for laying certain Duties upon Licences to be taken out by the Makers of and Dealers in exciseable Commodities therein mentioned*, were repealed, and other Duties on Licences are by the

24 G. 3. c. 41.

said first mentioned Act imposed in lieu of the said Duties on Licences so repealed, and among the Duties so repealed was a Duty of Ten Pounds on every Licence to be taken out by every Calico Printer, and by every Printer, Painter, or Stainer of Silks, Linens, Cottons or Stuffs: And whereas by the said Act of the Forty-third Year of the Reign aforesaid a Duty of Ten Pounds is imposed on every Licence to be taken out by every Calico Printer, and by every Printer, Painter, or Stainer of Linens, Cottons or Stuffs, but by Mistake no Licence Duty is by the said Act of the Forty-third Year of His said Majesty's Reign imposed on any Printer, Painter or Stainer of Silks, and it is therefore expedient to rectify the said Mistake; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Printer, Painter, or Stainer of Silks, shall take out such Licence, and pay for the same such Sum of Money as he, she, or they would have been subject and liable to if the said Act of the Forty-third Year of the Reign aforesaid had not been made, and shall also be subject and liable to the like Penalties for every Neglect to take out or renew any such Licence as such Person or Persons would have been subject or liable to if the said last mentioned Act had not been made.

Printers, &c. of Silks, shall take out Licences as under
24 G. 3. c. 41.

III. ' And whereas by the said Act, made in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, a Duty is imposed on Salted Beef, Pork or Bacon, brought by Land from Scotland to England, to be paid by the Person bringing the same upon Entry thereof at the nearest Office of Excise in England, on Pain of the Forfeiture of such Beef, Pork, or Bacon, or the Value thereof: And whereas

43 G. 3. c. 69.
[Schedule A. Salt.]

' it

Salted Beef, &c. brought by Land from Scotland to England, if not entered at the nearest Excise Office, shall be forfeited.

38 G. 3. c. 89.
§ 67.

Id. § 105.

Penalty for Deficiencies of Salt in the Possession of the Proprietors of Export Warehouses and of Fish-curers, instead of 12s. per Bushel under recited Act, shall be 17s. per Bushel.

‘ it is expedient to make such Provision as is herein-after mentioned for the Forfeiture of such Salted Beef, Pork, or Bacon;’ Be it therefore enacted, That the Person or Persons bringing any Salted Beef, Pork, or Bacon, by Land, from *Scotland to England*, shall immediately on the Arrival thereof in *England* make Entry thereof at the nearest Office of Excise in *England*, and in Default of making such Entry, all such Salted Beef, Pork, or Bacon, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited.

IV. ‘ And whereas by an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, and for repealing the Duties on Salt, and the Drawbacks, Allowances, and Bounties paid thereout, and for granting other Duties, Drawbacks, Allowances, and Bounties thereon*, the Proprietor or Proprietors of any export Warehouse, provided and entered for the Purpose of laying, storing, and keeping Salt for Exportation at the Port of *Liverpool or Bristol*, is and are for any Deficiency found upon the proper Officer of Excise weighing and taking the Account in the Month of *June* therein directed of the Stock of Salt remaining in any such Export Warehouse, subject and liable to forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt so deficient, One-Sixth Part of which is by the said Act directed to be to the Officer or Officers who shall discover such Deficiency, and the other Five Parts to and for the Use of His Majesty: ‘ And whereas the Fish-curer or Fish-curers, whose Stock of Salt appears to be deficient on weighing and taking Account of and balancing the same in the Month of *May*, is by the said Act subject and liable to forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt so deficient, Five-Sixth Parts whereof is by the said Act directed to be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the remaining Sixth Part thereof to the Use of the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall discover such Deficiency: And whereas the said Sums of Twelve Shillings per Bushel respectively were Two Shillings per Bushel above the Rate of Duty to which Salt for Home Trade was liable at the Time of passing the said Act, but by the Laws now in force the said Duty has been raised to the Rate of Fifteen Shillings per Bushel, and it is therefore expedient to raise the said respective Sums of Twelve Shillings in Manner herein-after mentioned;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Proprietor or Proprietors of any such Export Warehouse shall in lieu and instead of the said Sum of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt deficient in Manner in the said Act in that Behalf mentioned, forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Seventeen Shillings for every Bushel of such Salt which shall be so deficient, and that the Fish-curer or Fish-curers whose Stock of Salt shall appear to be deficient in Manner in the said Act in that Behalf mentioned shall, in lieu and instead of the said Sum of Twelve Shillings for every Bushel of Salt deficient, in Manner in the said Act in that Behalf mentioned, forfeit and lose at and after the Rate of Seventeen Shillings for every Bushel of such Salt which shall be so deficient: which said Sums of Money shall be paid and applied by the Commissioners of Excise in Manner hereinafter mentioned, that is to say, Fifteen-Seventeenth Parts thereof

thereof to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the remaining Two Sevenths to the Use of the Officer or Officers of Excise who shall discover such Deficiency.

V. ' And whereas by the said Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is enacted, That in case any Salt, or Rock Salt, for which the Duties by that Act imposed shall have been paid, or which shall have been delivered upon Bond, free of those Duties, shall be lost or destroyed through Strefs of Weather, or Storms at Sea, or by the accidental or unavoidable casting away, sinking, or stranding of any Fiat, Boat, Barge, or Vessel, in or on board of which any such Salt or Rock Salt shall be removing or transporting from one Place to another, it should and might be lawful for the Owner, Proprietor, or Shipper of such Salt or Rock Salt to make application in Writing for Relief to His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, or Shire nearest to which any such Accident should happen at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or to the Commissioners of the Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of the said Commissioners, and thereupon it should and might be lawful to and for such Justices of the Peace at the Quarter Sessions or Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of such Commissioners respectively, to receive and admit such Application, and to examine all Parties touching the Matter contained therein, and upon due Proof of the Fact by Two or more Credible Witnesses, one of whom should be the Master or Mate of such Fiat, Boat, Barge, or Vessel, if such Master or Mate be living at the Time such Justice or Commissioners respectively are thereby authorized and required to grant their Warrant in Manner in the said Act directed: And whereas by another Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, among other Things for amending an Act, made in the Thirty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for transferring the Management of the Salt Duties to the Commissioners of Excise, the said Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London, or any Three of them, are authorized to grant Relief in Manner therein mentioned with respect to Salt or Rock Salt lost by Capture of Enemies: And whereas it is expedient to restrict the Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners of Excise at the Chief Office of Excise in London to such Salt only as shall be lost or destroyed on the Coasts of that Part of Great Britain called England and in Rivers or Inland Navigation thereof; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful to or for the Commissioners of Excise or any of them, to receive or admit any such Application, or to grant any Relief for or in respect of any Salt lost by Capture of Enemies on the Coast of that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, or lost or destroyed through Strefs of Weather or Storms at Sea, or by the accidental or unavoidable casting away, sinking, or stranding of any Fiat, Boat, Barge or Vessel, on the said last mentioned Coast, or in any River or Inland Navigation in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; any Thing in the said last mentioned Acts, or either of them, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. ' And whereas by an Act, made in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting additional Duties on Salt in Great Britain*, it is enacted, That in all

38 G. 3. c. 89.
§ 115.

No Relief shall be allowed by Commissioners of Excise in London for Salt lost by Capture on the Coast of Scotland, or destroyed at Sea, &c.

39 G. 3. c. 65.
§ 12.

45 G. 3. c. 14.
§ 3. respecting Drawbacks on Salt repealed.

‘ Cases where Duties are granted and Drawbacks allowed by that Act on any specific Quantity of Salt, the same should in every Case be understood and deemed and taken to apply in the same Proportion and after the same Rate to any greater or less Quantity than such specific Quantity : And whereas it is expedient to repeal so much of the said recited Clause, as relates to the said Drawbacks ;’ Be it therefore enacted, That so much of said recited Clause, as relates to the said Drawbacks, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

VII. ‘ And whereas Salt seized by the Officers of Excise is frequently so foul and dirty that it will not sell for a Sum equal to the Amount of the Duties, and the Sale thereof at a less Price would be injurious to the Revenue, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is herein-after mentioned ;’ Be it therefore enacted, That if upon the putting up or offering to publick Sale any Salt which now is or hereafter shall be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and condemned under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or which shall hereafter be made, no Person or Persons shall offer or bid for the same such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be equal to or exceed the Duties by Law imposed for or in respect of Salt made at any Salt Work in *England* or *Scotland* respectively, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Excise in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, to cause such Salt to be destroyed, and to give the Officer or Officers by whom the same was seized such pecuniary Reward as they the said Commissioners respectively shall think proper, such Reward not exceeding Five Shillings *per* Bushel for each and every Bushel of such Salt so destroyed.

VIII. ‘ And whereas by several Laws of Excise the Vessels made Use of in private Manufactories of the Exciseable Commodities therein mentioned are forfeited, but the Forfeiture does not extend to the Utensils made use of in such Manufactories, and it is therefore expedient to make such Provision as is herein-after mentioned ;’ Be it therefore enacted, That where any Vessels would if found be liable to Forfeiture for want of Entry having been made or Notice given thereof, or for being private or concealed, all the Utensils used or employed, or fit or proper to be used or employed, in the Manufacture of any exciseable Commodity in any private or unentered Room or Place where any such Vessel shall be found or have been made Use of shall be forfeited, and all such Utensils shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, imposed by this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be made, relating to the Duties of Excise, shall and may be sued for, levied recovered, and mitigated, by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise (not otherwise specially directed by this or any such other Act or Acts of Parliament), or by any Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty’s Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, and that one Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

C A P.

Salt seized and put up to Sale which will not produce the Duty shall be destroyed, and the Commissioners shall reward the Seizer.

Utensils used with Vessels liable to Forfeiture, shall also be forfeited.

Penalties shall be levied as under Excise Laws.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to amend several Acts passed in the last and present Sessions of Parliament, relating to the Local Militia.

[10th June 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*: And whereas an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*: And whereas an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*: And whereas an Act, passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm*: And whereas it is expedient that the said Two recited Acts, passed in the present Session of Parliament, should be amended and that further Provisions should be made in relation to the Local Militia established by the said Two recited Acts passed in the last Session of Parliament;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled and by the Authority of the same, That no Serjeant or Non-commissioned Officer, or Drummer, or Musician in the Local Militia of *Great Britain*, not being on Permanent Pay as such, shall be required or compellable to serve in the Local Militia for any longer Period of Time than is in the said Acts of the last Session of Parliament respectively specified and required as to Private Men ballotted and enrolled to serve in the Local Militia, notwithstanding any Oath or Engagement into which any such Serjeant, Non-commissioned Officer, or Drummer, or Musician shall have taken or entered into at the Time of his becoming a Serjeant, Non-commissioned Officer, or Drummer, or Musician, in the said Local Militia.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Adjutants, Quarter Masters, or Serjeants, or Non-commissioned Officers of the Local Militia of *Great Britain*, to receive or command, or train or exercise any Men enrolled for the Regular Militia of their respective Counties or Stewartries as directed by the said recited Acts of the present Session, unless they shall be ordered and directed so to do by the Lieutenants, or Vice-Lieutenants, or Deputy-Lieutenants acting for any Lieutenant of any such County or Stewartry, who are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to make or give any such Orders and Directions to such Adjutants, Quarter-Masters, and Non-commissioned Officers, as they shall see fit in that Behalf.

III. And be it further enacted and declared, That the Provision in the said recited Acts of the present Session of Parliament contained, as to making Eitates of the Value required by the Laws relating to the Militia, good and valid Qualifications for any Officer of Militia,

48 G. 3. c. 111.

49 G. 3. c. 40.

48 G. 3. c. 150.

49 G. 3. c. 48.

No Serjeants, &c. not on Permanent Pay, shall serve longer than Privates.

Adjutants, &c. shall not train Men for Regular Militia unless ordered by the Lieutenancy. [See 49 G. 3. c. 40. § 24.]

49 G. 3. c. 40. § 26. as to Qualifications of Officers shall relate to Local Militia only.

Militia, although the same shall not be situate in the County or Stewartry to which the Officers having such Estates respectively shall belong, shall be deemed and construed to extend to the Local Militia only, and not to the Regular Militia.

IV. ' And whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Enrolment of the Local Militia of the Stannaries by the Warden of the Stannaries; for Remedy whereof, be it declared and enacted. That the Enrolment of the Local Militia of the Stannaries by the Warden of the Stannaries, and the administering the Oath to the Persons enrolled in the Local Militia of the Stannaries, shall be and be deemed to be as good, valid, and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been done by any special Deputy Wardens at any Meeting, and the said Warden of the Stannaries shall be and is hereby indemnified for and on account of the same, and released and discharged from all Actions, Suits, Penalties, and Forfeitures whatever incurred by him for any Thing done in relation to such Enrolment of the Local Militia of the Stannaries as aforesaid.

V. ' And whereas the Quota of Local Militia established for the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns, and their Members, by the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year aforesaid, have been found, by reason of the Number of Seafaring Men residing within the said Cinque Ports, ancient Towns, and Members, to exceed the due Proportion of Establishment of Local Militia according to the Number of Men liable to serve; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Privy Council, and they are hereby empowered, to ascertain, settle, and fix the Quota of Local Militia for the said Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns, and their Members, and for that Purpose to require and have all such Returns of the Number of Men liable to serve and exempt therein, as shall be necessary to enable the said Privy Council to regulate and fix a proper Quota for such Local Militia; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Indemnity to Warden of Stannaries respecting Enrolment of Local Militia. [See 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 74.]

Privy Council empowered to fix the Quota of Local Militia for the Cinque Ports, &c. [See 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 68.]

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act for the Amendment of the Laws now in force in *Ireland*, relative to Persons entering into Recognizances in Criminal Cases, in Custody under any Fine, or under such Recognizance. [10th June 1809.]

WHEREAS great Neglects have been committed in the issuing of the Process for levying the Sums due for forfeited Recognizances in *Ireland*, and for Fines imposed at Assizes, Commissions of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery and Sessions of the Peace in *Ireland*, and in consequence thereof many Recognizances, which have been forfeited by Persons bound for the Appearance or Prosecution of Persons charged with Crimes, or for keeping the Peace, have remained for a great Length of Time in Arrear and unpaid, and many Fines imposed at Assizes, Commissions of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery and Sessions of the Peace, have remained unpaid and uncollected: And whereas it would not be expedient to issue and enforce the Process for levying the Arrears thereof which have been suffered so long to remain due; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,

poral, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Recognizances which have been forfeited by Persons who have become bound therein for the Appearance or Prosecution of Persons charged with any Crimes or Offences, High or Petit Treason and Murder only excepted, or for keeping the Peace, and all Fines imposed at Assizes, Commissions of Oyer and Terminer or General Gaol Delivery and Sessions of the Peace, before the first Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and eight, and which now are and stand unsatisfied and unpaid respectively, shall be henceforth for ever discharged and vacated to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and from henceforth no Process or Execution shall issue or be executed thereon from His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, nor shall the Officer or Officers of the said Court of Exchequer, by whom the Process ought to have been issued for the same, be in any Sort answerable for their Conduct or Neglect with respect to the same.

II. ' And whereas under and by virtue of several Acts passed in the Parliament of *Ireland*, Persons about to enter into Recognizances in *Ireland*, as Sureties for others in Criminal Cases, are required to make certain Oaths in order to qualify themselves to enter into such Recognizances; and, in order to obviate all Doubts, it is expedient that a Form of Oath be provided to be so taken, and that the Cases in which the same shall be taken be clearly defined; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Court or Judge, or Justice of the Peace, or other Officer or Person whatsoever in *Ireland*, shall receive any Person to become a Surety, or be bound for the Appearance of any other Person or Persons charged with any Offence whatsoever, or that any other Person or Persons should keep the Peace, or be of good Behaviour, unless such Person so offering to become Surety, or be bound, shall have first made Oath before such Court, Judge, Justice, or other Officer or Person in One of the Forms here following, or in some other Form of Words of the like Import and Effect respectively, that is to say, if such Person shall reside in a County at large, in this Form; (to wit),

' I do swear, That I am a Householder, and have a House wherein I usually reside at
' in the Parish of _____ Barony or Half Barony
' of _____ and County of _____ and
' that I support and maintain myself by _____ and that
' I am worth the Sum of [here insert double the Sum in which he or she is to be bound] over and above my just Debts.
' So help me GOD.'

And if such Person shall reside in a County, County of a City or Town, the Words "reside at" and from thence to "County of" shall be omitted, and instead thereof these Words shall be inserted; (to wit) "reside in [naming the Street, Square, Lane, or Place] in the Parish of _____ and County of the City " or Town of _____;" and every such Oath shall be annexed to or written on the same Piece of Paper or Parchment with the Recognizance, and shall be signed by the Person making the same, and attested by the proper Jurat of the Court, Judge, Justice or other Person taking the same as aforesaid. and shall be sufficient in lieu of

Recognizances which have been forfeited and Fines imposed at any Assizes, &c. in Ireland, before July 1, 1808, shall be discharged and vacated, and no Process or Execution to be had thereon.

Persons entering into Recognizances in Ireland as Sureties for others in Criminal Cases take the following

Oath.

all and every Oaths and Oath required by any Law in force in Ireland to be taken by any such Surety.

Irish Act,
58 G. 3. c. 50.

III. And whereas by an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Collection of Sums arising from forfeited Recognizances. and from Fines imposed at Assizes, Commissions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery and Sessions of the Peace. and for the future Application of the same*, it is amongst other Things enacted that it should be lawful for the Court of Exchequer, or the Judges of Assize, on the Petition of any Person or Persons in Custody of any Sheriff or Sheriffs, for Non-payment of any Sum or Sums due on any Fine or Fines, or Recognizance or Recognizances entered into in any of the Cases aforesaid, by either a Surety or a Principal, to examine into the Facts of such Petition in a summary Manner. and if they should see sufficient Reasons to grant an Order or Warrant (as the Case may be) under their Hands to discharge any Person so in Custody: And whereas it is expedient that the said Provision should be modified, and the Powers of the said Court and Judges extended in Manner here following: Be it therefore enacted, That if the Petition in any

Persons in Custody shall not be relieved from Payment of Fines on Recognizances, unless on Payment of so much as they can pay.

such Case shall alledge the Inability of the Petitioner to pay the Amount of the Sum or Sums for which he or she shall be so in Custody, the Court or Judge in examining into such Petition shall inquire whether such Petitioner may not be of Ability, or have the Power to pay and discharge some and what Part or Proportion of the Sum or Sums for which he or she shall be so confined, and shall not on the said Ground of Poverty or Inability order such Petitioner to be so discharged but on the Payment of such Part or Proportion of such Sum or Sums as he or she may so have the Power to pay and discharge.

On Petitions for Relief, Court shall inquire into the Circumstances under which the Recognizances were forfeited.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in any Case in which such Petitioner shall have been fined, or shall have been the Principal in any Recognizance on which he or she shall be so in Custody, such Court or Judge shall also inquire into the Nature of the Offence for which such Fine shall have been imposed, or of the Charge in consequence of which such Recognizance shall have been entered into, and under what Circumstances the same was forfeited; and in case such Petitioner shall be so in Custody under any Recognizance to answer or appear to any Charge, and shall, after the Forfeiture of such Recognizance, have been tried and acquitted of such Charge, such Court or Judge shall inquire whether on such Trial all the Witnesses for the Prosecution attended and were examined, and if not, then, whether by the Forfeiture of such Recognizance, the Attendance of any such Witness was in any Respect prevented; and if such Petitioner shall be a Surety, then such Court or Judge shall inquire whether such Surety used due Diligence to make the Principal amenable to the Law; and in all and every of such Cases, the said Court or Judges or Judge of Assize, shall have full Power and Authority, if they or he shall think proper, to order the Discharge of such Petitioner, either generally or after such Length of Time as such Court or Judges or Judge, in his or their Discretion, shall think fit, having Respect to the Circumstances of the Case, and to the Length of Time that such Petitioner shall have been so in Custody as aforesaid previous to the making of such Order, and to the Object and Purposes of this and the

the other A&ts relating thereto; and such Order in such Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

“ Powers of *Lisib* A&ts 38 *Geo.* 3. c. 50; 39 *Geo.* 3. c. 67; and
“ 40 *Geo.* 3. c. 30. extended to this A&t. § 5.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An A&t for amending the *Irisb* Road A&ts. [10th June 1809.]

• **W**HEREAS the providing for the Exoence of repairing of
• Post Roads in *Ireland*, by Barony Presentments, may in
• certain Cases prove unequal and oppressive; Be it therefore enacted
by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
present Parliament assembled. and by the Authority of the same, That
it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a
City, or County of a Town in *Ireland*, at any Assizes or Presenting
Term to be held after the passing of this A&t, to present all such
Sum and Sums of Money as may be necessary for widening, fencing,
levelling, repairing, and otherwise improving any Road now made,
upon which His Majesty's Mails are or shall be carried in Four-wheel
Carriages, leading from the City of *Dublin* directly to any Post Town
in *Ireland*, or leading directly to any Post Town from any Port in
Ireland, to which His Majesty's Packet Boats with Mails from *Great*
Britain regularly sail, to be raised either off the County at large, or
off any Barony or Half Barony, County of a City, or County of a
Town, in which such Road or any Part thereof is or shall be situate.

Presentments
for inclosing,
fencing, and
improving Post
Roads, may be
either on
County or
Barony.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all and every such
Sum and Sums of Money so to be presented shall be presented, and all
Payments on account of such Presentments shall be made on the like
Affidavits, and subject to like Regulations and Conditions as are
prescribed and required with respect to the presenting and paying
Money for the like Purposes, by an A&t made in the Parliament of
Ireland, in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign,
intituled, *An Act for the Amendment of Publick Roads, for directing*
the Power of Grand Juries respecting Presentments, and for repealing
several Laws heretofore made for such Purposes, except so far as the
same may require to be altered in order to make them conformable to
the Provisions of this A&t.

Subject to like
Affidavits, &c.
as required by
35 G. 3. (1.)
c. 55.

III. And for the more speedily repairing sudden Breaches in the
said Roads, and the Bridges and Gulleets thereon, Be it further
enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any
County, County of a City or County of a Town in *Ireland*, at any
Assizes to nominate and appoint such and so many Persons possessed
of a Freehold or Leasehold Estate of not less than Five hundred Pounds
yearly Value, who may be willing to act without any Salary or Allow-
ance, to be Supervisors of such Roads in the said County, County of
a City, or Town, or of such Part thereof as shall be specified by such
Grand Jury, not exceeding Eight Miles in Length, for the Purpose
of superintending the same, and of preventing all Nuisances and In-
juries thereto, and from Time to Time to remove any such Supervisor,
and to appoint another in his Stead; and it shall and may be lawful
for every such Supervisor to expend and lay out in each and every Year
any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One Shilling by the

Grand Juries
empowered to
appoint Super-
visors of Roads
without Salary.

Supervisor may
expend yearly
not exceeding
1s. per Perch.

Perch for each Perch within the District of such Supervisor, in repairing, cleansing, and otherwise improving such Roads or Part of them, and the Bridges and Pipes thereon, and in removing all such Nuisances as may occur thereon; and it shall and may be lawful for every such Supervisor to appoint One or more Deputy or Deputies, with a Salary by the Year not exceeding for the Whole of such Deputy or Deputies a Sum to be calculated after the Rate of Two-pence for each Perch of the Road, to the Care of which such Supervisor shall be so appointed; and such Supervisor and his Deputy or Deputies shall have all such Powers and Authorities with respect to such Roads or Parts thereof as aforesaid, as are given to Overseers and Conservators of Roads under and by virtue of the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid.

Supervisor may appoint a Deputy with a Salary; and with Powers of Conservators under 36 G. 3. (1.) c. 55.

Grand Jury may present for reimbursing the Supervisor; and for Payment of Deputy; upon Affidavit.

IV. And be it further enacted. That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town, where such Supervisors shall be nominated and appointed as aforesaid, and such Grand Jury shall and they are hereby required at any Assizes to present such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be necessary to re-imburse and defray all Sums so advanced and laid out by any such Supervisor, and for the Payment of any such Deputy or Deputies, to be levied either off the County at large, or off any Barony or Half Barony wherein such Road is situate: Provided always, that an Affidavit made and signed before some Justice of the Peace by such Supervisor shall be laid before such Grand Jury, stating that the Work has been properly executed, together with an Affidavit made and signed in like Manner by the Deputy employed in such Work, stating that the Money has been fairly and honestly expended, and is a reasonable Charge to the best of his Knowledge and Belief, with the Particulars of the Expenditure.

Grand Juries shall present, in the first Instance, for levelling and forming new Roads from Market Towns.

V. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town in Ireland, shall at any Assizes or Presenting Term have presented any new Road to be laid out and made between any Two Market Towns, or from any Market Town to the Sea, pursuant to the Directions of the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year, and shall deem it expedient to make a Presentment for forming, levelling, and draining the same distinct from the Presentment for gravelling or making it with small Stones, it shall be lawful for such Grand Jury to present all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be necessary for levelling and forming, or draining the same, to be raised off the Barony or Half Barony, or County of a City, or County of a Town, in which such Road shall be situate: Provided always, that an Affidavit sworn by Two credible Witnesses who can read and write, before a Justice of the Peace for such County, in Form following, shall have been first laid before such Grand Jury: (that is to say),

Form of Affidavit for presenting.

‘ COUNTY of _____ of
 ‘ and _____ of
 ‘ do swear, that the Sum of _____ will be necessary
 ‘ to form, level, and to drain [as the Case may be]
 ‘ Perches of the new intended Road from _____ to
 ‘ between _____ and _____ all in the Barony or Half
 ‘ Barony of _____ in this County, _____ Feet wide in the
 ‘ clear of all Ditches, Banks, Drains, and Fences, being at the Rate
 ‘ of _____

of by the Perch, and that the said Sum is a reasonable Charge to the best of their Judgment and Belief.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Money shall be paid by the Treasurer of any County on account of any such Presentment, until an Affidavit of One of the Overseers appointed by the Grand Jury, sworn before a Justice of Peace for such County, in the Form following, be first allowed by the Grand Jury and the Court;

Overseers' Affidavit for Account before Payment of Money by Treasurer.

COUNTY of Whereas the Sum of
 was presented at Assizes, in the Year
 to be expended in forming, levelling, or draining [*as the Case may be*]
 Perches of the new intended Road from
 to between and all in the
 Barony or Half Barony of in this County,
 Feet wide in the clear of all Ditches, Banks, or Fences: Now
 I do swear, that I have faithfully and honestly
 expended the Sum of in forming, levelling, or
 draining [*as the Case may be*] Perches of the said
 Road, and that every Part of the said Perches is
 Feet in the Clear between the Ditches, Banks, or
 Fences, and is level throughout the Whole of the said Width; and
 that there is not adjoining to either Side of the Road so formed,
 levelled, and drained, any Grip, Trench, or Drain, without a Wall
 or other sufficient Fence between it and the Side of the Road, and
 that the annexed Account is true in every Part, and contains the
 Whole of the Expenditure of the said Sum of
 and that every Part of the said Work was finished on the
 Day of

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County in which such Road shall have been so far formed and laid out, at any Assizes which shall be holden for such County, to present any such Sum or Sums as may be necessary for making and finishing of such Road with Gravel or small Stones; and all such Sum and Sums of Money shall be presented and paid upon the like Affidavits, and subject to the like Regulations and Conditions as are prescribed and required for presenting and paying Money for making new Roads by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid.

Grand Jury shall present for finishing such Road, upon Affidavits prescribed by 36 G. 2. c. 55.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the Sums allowed and required by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid, for the making and repairing of any Foot-path on any Road, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury at any Assizes or Presenting Term after the passing of this Act, to present any Sum not exceeding Three Shillings by the Perch for making, and One Shilling and Sixpence by the Perch for repairing Foot-paths; and the said respective Sums shall be presented and paid under the Provisions, Regulations, and Affidavits prescribed by the aforesaid Act, with respect to Money presented for Foot-paths under the said recited Act.

Grand Juries empowered to raise Sums for repairing Foot-paths instead of the Sums stated in 26 G. 2. c. 55.

IX. And be it further enacted, that in lieu of the Sum allowed and required by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid, to be presented by Grand Juries for Court-house Keepers, it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury at any Assizes or Presenting Term after the passing of this Act, to present any Sum, not exceeding Eight Pounds in each Year, for the Court-house Keeper

Increased Presentment for Court-House Keepers, instead of that under 36 G. 2. c. 55.

of any County, County of a City, or Town, subject to the like Affidavit and Regulations prescribed by the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-sixth of His present Majesty.

Repairs of
Battlements of
Bridges.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury, in Cases where the Battlements of Bridges shall have been lately built or repaired by Presentment, to contract for keeping the same in Repair for any Term not less than Seven Years; provided that no larger Sum than One Shilling shall be paid annually for every Perch in Length of such Battlement; and provided that no Money shall be paid, unless it shall appear to the Grand Jury, by the Affidavit of the Contractor, and the Certificate of the Conservator the Road in the Barony in which the Bridge is situate, or of a Magistrate, that the said Battlements are and have been kept in good and sufficient Repair since the Assizes preceding.

Grand Juries
may present for
the paving of a
Road by the
Square Yard
in lead of the
Perch, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury of a County, County of a City, or County of a Town, in such Cases where they may deem it advisable to present for the paving of a Road or Street by the Square Yard, instead of making or repairing the same by the Perch, with Gravel or small Stones: Provided always, that all and every Sum and Sums of Money so to be presented shall be so presented, and all Payments on account of such Presentments shall be made on the like Affidavits, and subject to like Regulations and Conditions as are prescribed and required with respect to the presenting and paying Money for the like Purposes by the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-sixth of His present Majesty, except so far as the same may require to be altered in order to make them conformable to the Provisions of said Act.

Presentments for
Pipes.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every Affidavit upon which any Presentment for any Pipe, Gullet, or Sewer, shall be granted, shall specify the Dimensions of such Pipe, Gullet, or Sewer.

Presentments for
Mile Stones, &c.
by 86 G. 3. c. 55.
increased.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in lieu of the Sum which Grand Juries are allowed to present for Mile Stones and Finger Posts by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to present, to be raised off the County at large for each and every Direction Post, Mile Stone, or Mile Post, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Twenty Shillings for each Mile Stone or Mile Post, and not exceeding Thirty Shillings for each Finger Post: Provided always, that an Estimate upon Oath be previously laid before such Grand Jury, stating the Expence of procuring and erecting such Mile Stones or Mile Posts or Finger Posts, stating the Dimensions thereof, and the Size of the Letters and Figures to be inscribed thereon respectively.

Affidavit of
Estimate.

Trustees of
Turnpike Roads
shall erect Mile
Stones and
Finger Posts.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Trustees, Overseers, Commissioners, or Directors for the Time being of the several Turnpike Roads in *Ireland*, shall and they are hereby required to erect or cause to be erected upon and throughout the Lines of the respective Roads under the Care and Management of such Trustees respectively, within Two Years after the passing of this Act, proper and sufficient Mile Stones or Mile Posts at exact and due Distances from each other, on each of which shall be legibly inscribed the Number of Miles such Mile Stone or Mile Post is distant from the City of *Dublin*, if the Road leads to or from *Dublin* direct, and also the Number of Miles the same is distant from such Town, on each Side thereof;

thereof, on the Line of such Road, as they shall think proper; and also to erect or cause to be erected at all Publick Cross Roads which occur in the Line of any such Road, proper and sufficient Finger Posts, on each Side of which shall be legibly inscribed the Number of Miles such Finger Post is distant from any Town or Village to which such Finger Post shall point or direct; and in case the Trustees, Commissioners, or Directors of any Turnpike Road shall neglect to erect proper and sufficient Mile Stones and Finger Posts in and throughout the respective Lines of their Roads within the Term of Two Years aforesaid, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town wherein any such Neglect shall take place, at any Assizes or Presenting Term after the Expiration of the said Two Years, to present such Sum or Sums as may be necessary for procuring and erecting such Mile Stones or Mile Posts and Finger Posts, not exceeding Twenty Shillings for each Mile Stone or Mile Post, and Thirty Shillings for each Finger Post; and it shall and may be lawful for the Treasurer of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town in which the Grand Jury shall have caused Mile Stones or Mile Posts and Finger Posts to be procured and erected as aforesaid, to sue the Trustees of the Turnpike Road on which the same shall have been erected, by One or more Civil Bill or Bills (in which Suit either the Treasurer or Secretary to the Trustees of such Roads shall be made the Defendants) and to recover from them the full Amount of the Sum so expended by order of the said Grand Jury in erecting Mile Stones and Finger Posts as aforesaid, together with the Costs of Suits, and also a Sum of Two Shillings in the Pound upon the Amount recovered, as a Reward for his Trouble.

In default of Trustees, Grand Juries shall present.

Amount shall be recovered by Trustees by Civil Bill.

XV. And be it further enacted, That on every Presentment for the raising of any Publick Money whatsoever, which shall be made by any Grand Jury appointed by the Court at any Assizes or Presenting Term, for any County, County of a City, or Town in *Ireland*, the Title of the particular Act of Parliament under which such Presentment shall be made and stated, shall be stated on the Face of such Presentment; and that every such Presentment shall be entered in the County Book, and Quere Book, with a Marginal Note of such Act, specifying the Year of the King's Reign, and the Chapter and Section of such Act as printed by the King's Printer; and that all Presentments not made according to the Directions foregoing shall be null and void.

No Presentment shall be allowed in future which does not state on the Face of it the Law from which Grand Juries derive their Authority.

XVI. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That the foregoing Regulation shall not extend or be construed to extend to any Presentment for forming, levelling, fencing, draining, widening, making, repairing, or otherwise improving any Road, or to the building, repairing, or otherwise improving any Bridge, Sessions House, Gaol, or other Mason Work.

Not to extend to Roads, Bridges, Session Houses, &c.

XVII. And whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Words contained in Affidavits accounting for the Repairs of Roads, stating that Part of the Width of such Roads is made with Gravel or small Stones, do not imply that in every Perch to be repaired the whole Width has been stoned or gravelled anew; Be it further enacted, That the Repairs of Roads may be estimated, presented, and accounted for, without specifying any particular Breadth in each Perch

Affidavits as to gravelled Roads

to be newly stoned and gravelled ; any Thing in any such Affidavit so required to be made as aforesaid notwithstanding.

Affidavit for accounting for Repairs of Road, shall state that Backs of Ditches are turned to the Road.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, that from and after the End of the several Lent Assizes which shall be held in *Ireland* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, no Affidavit for the accounting for the Repairs of any Road shall be allowed by the Grand Jury, or by the Court at any Assizes or Presenting Term in or for any County, or County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, unless it shall be specially stated in such Affidavit that there is not on either Side of any Part of the Road specified in such Affidavit, any Grip, Trench, or Drain, without a Wall or other sufficient Fence between such Grip, Trench, or Drain, and the Side of such Road.

Grand Juries may present for filling up Grips, on Affidavit.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Grand Jury of a County, County of a City, or County of a Town, at any Assizes or Presenting Term, to present any Sum that may be necessary for filling up Grips on the Sides of Road, provided an Affidavit be first laid before them, stating the Length, Breadth, and Depth of such Grips proposed to be filled up, and that the Sum is a reasonable Charge ; and provided also, that no Money on account of such Presentment shall be paid until an Affidavit is first laid before the Grand Jury, stating that the Money has been fairly and honestly expended according to such Presentment, with the Particulars of the Expenditure.

Grand Juries may present for Damage done by taking Gravel, &c. to be levied off the Barony, &c.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever and as often as any Sum, by way of Compensation for Damage, is awarded (under the Provisions of the said recited Act) to any Owner or Occupier of Land from whence any Gravel, Stones, Sand, or other Materials have been taken by any Overseer for filling up Grips, as well as for the other Purposes therein specified, it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury to present the same, to be levied off the Barony or Half Barony, County of a City, or County of a Town in which the Materials have been expended, provided it shall appear to them that the Appraisers have viewed the Land both before and after the Damage has been committed, and that all the Stipulations contained in the said Act for the like Purposes have been duly complied with and performed.

Accounting Affidavit when Repairs of Road are contracted for.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Words in any accounting Affidavit, required by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year, or this Act, importing that the Account annexed to such Affidavit is true in every Part, shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent the passing of the Accounts for any Road which shall have been or shall be repaired by Contract: Provided always, that the Time of such Contract shall be specified in such Account, and that it shall be stated in such Affidavit that the said Contract was fairly made and entered into, upon the best and most advantageous Terms that could be procured, without Favour or Partiality to the Contractor, and that such Contractor has given Security to the Overseer for keeping the Road in repair for One Year from the Date thereof.

Accounting Affidavit for publick Work shall state that the Work was finished Six Days before Assizes, &c.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no Affidavit for the accounting for the Expenditure of any publick Money for any Road, or for any publick Work, shall be allowed by the Grand Jury, or by the Court at any Assizes or Presenting Term or *October* Session, in any County, County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, unless it shall be stated in such Affidavit that the Road or Work therein mentioned was completed on some Day, being not less than Six clear

Days

Days previous to the Commission Day of such Assizes or Presenting Term, or Six clear Days previous to the First Day of such *October Sessions*, as the Case may be; nor unless such accounting Affidavit shall be lodged with the Secretary of the Grand Jury, previous to the Commission Day of such Assizes, or the First Day of such *October Sessions*, of which Lodgment so made the said Secretary shall make Oath in open Court.

XXIII. ' And whereas in the aforesaid Act of the Thirty sixth of His present Majesty, it is enacted, That in every Warrant to be issued by the Treasurer of the County to the several Persons who, under the Provisions of the said Act, are to be the Collectors for levying or collecting the Sums of Money to be raised off each Barony or Half Barony, there shall be inserted the Names of the several Manors, Parishes, or Denominations contained in that Portion of the County which such Person is to collect from, as the same is contained in the County Book, and also the whole Sum to be collected, and the Portion thereof which each Manor, Parish, or Denomination is to pay, according to its Contents in the County Book, or as it has been usually rated at: And whereas there are some Counties which either have no County Book, or in which Book no Manors, Parishes, or Denominations are inserted, or in which the Contents of all or some of the Manors, Parishes, or Denominations are not specified, and no usual or regular Rate has prevailed, so as to give official Knowledge to the Treasurer, and enable him to insert, agreeable thereto, the Portion which each Manor, Parish, or Denomination is to pay; Be it therefore enacted, That in all or any of such Counties, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury, at the next Assizes after the passing of this Act, or at any subsequent Assizes, to form a Table of the Names of the several Parishes, Manors, and Denominations, and the Contents of each in any Barony or Half Barony, the Manors, Parishes, and Denomination whereof, with their Contents, are not contained in the County Book, and the Treasurer of such County shall cause publick Notice to be given thereof throughout such Barony or Half Barony, by ordering the Collector, High Constable, or Sub-Constable. to post a Copy of such Table on the Door of each Church within such Barony or Half Barony, and on the Door of every Market House therein, Thirty Days at the least previous to the then next ensuing Assizes, requiring all Persons who may think themselves aggrieved by such Table to appear before the Grand Jury at such then next ensuing Assizes, and such Grand Jury at such Assizes shall proceed, if they shall think proper, to examine such Persons as shall so appear upon Oath, (which Oath such Grand Jury is hereby empowered to administer,) respecting such Table, and any Objections thereto, and it shall be lawful for such Grand Jury, at such last mentioned Assizes, to amend such Table as they shall think fit, and to present such Table, either as originally formed or amended as aforesaid, to be the Table by which the several Manors, Parishes, and Denominations in such Barony or Half Barony, shall in future be proportionably rated for the Purpose of levying all Money to be raised thereon under Presentment of Grand Juries, and the Names of such Manors, Parishes, and Denominations, with the Contents of each, shall be inserted in every Warrant to be issued thereafter by every Treasurer of any such County to any Collector as aforesaid, in like Manner as if the same had been contained in
the

Grand Juries shall form Tables of the Names of such Parishes, &c. and the Contents thereof as are not contained in the County Book.

the County Book or otherwise, according to the Provisions of the said recited Act.

Collectors of Presentments shall give Security before the Grand Jury.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no High Constable or Collector shall be authorized to collect any Presentment, Cess or publick Money, unless the Security required by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year, to be given by him, shall be duly entered into before the Grand Jury by whom such High Constable or Collector shall have been appointed, by Bond and Warrant of Attorney, without Stamp, conditioned as in the said recited Act is specified and set forth; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Affidavit of Collectors before Presentment for their Poundage.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That no Presentment for Poundage shall be made for collecting any publick Money by any Grand Jury, or stated by the Court, under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid, unless the Treasurer's Warrant under which such Collector has proceeded to levy the Cess be annexed to such Presentment, nor unless such Collector and his Deputies shall make Affidavit before the said Grand Jury that such has been fairly and impartially levied, and that no more than the Sum authorized by the Treasurer's Warrant, with the customary Collector's Fees, has been collected, to the best of his and their Knowledge and Belief.

Before Presentments for Salary to Treasurer, Certificates of their Securities shall be produced.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Presentment for any Salary, Poundage or Allowance, to any Treasurer of any County, County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, shall be made by any Grand Jury or stated by any Court or Judge, unless there shall be previously produced to such Judge by the acting Clerk of the Crown at the Assizes or Presenting Term in which such Presentment shall be required to be made, a Certificate signed by the proper Officer, stating what Securities for the due Performance of his Office such Treasurer has given and entered into, and that such Securities have been duly recorded in the proper Office, and such Certificate shall state the Dates when such Securities were entered into, the Names of the respective Sureties, and the Sums for which such Sureties were severally bound.

Affidavits for Presentments shall be lodged 15 Days before the Commission Day of each Assize, &c.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Affidavits for Presentments for forming, levelling, fencing, draining, widening, making, repairing, or otherwise improving any Road, and for the building, repairing, or otherwise improving, any Bridge, Session House, Gaol, or other Mason Work, shall be lodged Fifteen Days at the least before the Commission Day of each Assizes, with the acting Secretary of the Grand Jury, who is hereby required to keep an Office open for the Purpose, in the Manner prescribed by the aforesaid Act of the Thirty-sixth of His present Majesty, and such Secretary shall forthwith after the Receipt thereof, (provided he shall be ordered by the Grand Jury at the previous Assizes so to do) cause Copies of the Schedules of such Affidavits to be printed and ready for Delivery at his Office, Three clear Days before each Assizes, to such Magistrates and Overseers of Roads, or other publick Works, as may apply for the same, provided that the Number so to be printed shall not exceed Twenty-five for each Barony or Half Barony, and Twenty-five for each County of a City, or County of a Town.

Expence of printing Schedules of Affidavits shall be presented.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Grand Juries of Counties, Counties of Cities, or Counties of Towns, shall at each Assizes or Presenting Term, present such Sum as shall be necessary for defraying the printing of the Schedules of the Affidavits as aforesaid:

said: Provided always, that an Affidavit of the Printer stating his Charge to be usual and reasonable, be first laid before the Grand Juries, and that no such Presentment for the printing of such Copies shall be made, unless they are ready for Delivery at the Secretary's Office Three clear Days before each Assizes as aforesaid.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Crown for every County, County of a City, and County of a Town in *Ireland*, shall within Twenty-one Days after every Assizes or Presenting Term, deliver to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City, or County of a Town (in addition to the Copies of the Presentments which he is by the said recited Act of the Thirty-sixth Year aforesaid required to deliver) an accurate Copy, signed by himself, of the Queries which remained unaccounted for at such Assizes; and such Treasurer or Grand Jury Secretary, or Chief Clerk, as the Grand Jury shall think fit, shall forthwith after the Receipt thereof, cause a Number of Copies of such Presentments and such Quere Book to be printed and distributed to the Magistrates and principal Overseers, not exceeding Twenty-five for each Barony or Half Barony, and not exceeding Twenty-five for each County of a City or County of a Town; and the Grand Juries of such Counties, Counties of Cities, and Counties of Towns, shall at the Assizes or Presenting Term next following, present to be levied off the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, such Sum as shall be necessary for defraying the Expence of printing and distributing such Copies: Provided always, that an Affidavit of the Printer, stating his Charge to be usual and reasonable, be first laid before such Grand Jury; and that no such Presentment for the printing and distributing of such Copies as aforesaid shall be made unless the printed Copies of such preceding Presentments and Queries shall have been printed and distributed within Six Weeks after such preceding Assizes or Presenting Term.

Presentments and Quere Books shall be printed after each Assizes.

XXX. And, for the Safety and Convenience of Passengers and Travellers upon the Publick and other Roads, and in the Streets of Towns in *Ireland*, Be it enacted, That from and after the First Day of *January* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, all Drivers of Waggons, Carts, Cars, Coaches, Chariots, Curricles, Gigs, Chairs, and of every Kind and Species of Carriages, and all Persons riding on Horseback, or driving any Animals, either with or without Burdens, on any Road, or in the Street of any City or Town in *Ireland*, shall be obliged and they are hereby required to keep their Left Hand Side of the Road or Street in going and coming or travelling thereon, and shall leave the other Side free to all other Drivers of such Carriages or Animals, or such Travellers; and all Drivers of Carriages or Animals, and Travellers of every Description, who shall have Occasion to pass by the Drivers of other Carriages or Animals, or Travellers of any Description, going in the same Direction, shall in all Cases where it is practicable, take and go on the Right Hand of the Driver or Traveller by whom they shall so have Occasion to pass; and if any Person shall wilfully refuse or neglect to drive and pass in Manner and according to the Regulations aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Magistrate, Constable, Conservator, or Turnpike-keeper to stop and detain such Offender, and the Carriage and Horse or Horses or other Beast on or with which such Offender shall be, and forthwith to carry or convey such Offender before any Justice of the Peace for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town where such

Drivers, Passengers and Travellers of all Descriptions shall take the Left-hand Side of the Road, in all Cases as herein specified.

Offender may be apprehended and shall forfeit 10s. &c.

such Offence shall be committed, or for any Person whatsoever to lodge an Information against such Offender before such Magistrate, and upon his being convicted thereof upon the Oath of One credible Witness, every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Offender, or by Distress and Sale of the Carriage or Horse or Horses or other Beasts, and the Goods therein or thereon wherewith such Offender shall have been travelling at the Time of such Offence, such Distress to be made by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the said Fine and the Expences of such Distress and Sale to the Owners or Owner on Demand; One Half of the Amount of the Penalties so levied to be paid to the Informer, and the remaining Half to the Minister or Curate of the Parish in which such Offence shall be committed for the Use of the Poor of such Parish; and if Distress sufficient for such Penalty or Penalties shall not have been seized or found, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby empowered and required to commit such Offender so convicted to the Common Gaol, without Bail or Mainprize, for any Time not exceeding One Calendar Month, unless such Offender shall sooner pay and satisfy the said Penalty or Penalties; and every Person offending as aforesaid shall likewise be liable to pay and satisfy all Damages which shall happen in consequence of any such Neglect or Default as aforesaid.

XXXI. And, for the procuring Returns to be made annually to Parliament of all Presentments made by Grand Juries in *Ireland*; Be it enacted, That the Treasurer of every County, County of a City, and County of a Town or Place in *Ireland*, shall on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* in each and every Year, cause a true Copy, signed by himself, of all Presentments which shall have been made by the Grand Jury, and stated by the Court at any Assizes or Presenting Term in such Year on the County, County of a City or Town or Place whereof he is Treasurer, to be forwarded to the proper Officer in His Majesty's Castle of *Dublin*, to be from thence transmitted so soon as may be to be laid before Parliament; and in case any Treasurer of any County, County of a City, or a Town or Place in *Ireland*, shall neglect to make such Return as aforesaid, he shall forfeit his Office, and be for ever after incapable of acting as Treasurer of any County, County of a City, or County of a Town or Place in *Ireland*.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to the County of *Dublin*; except so far as relates to the obliging of Trustees, Overseers, Commissioners or Directors of Turnpike Roads to erect Mile Stones, Mile Posts and Finger Posts, and except so far as relates to the Treasurer making Returns to Parliament annually of all Presentments made and stated by the Court; any Thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, Rules and Regulations of the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year aforesaid, shall be extended to this present Act; and that this Act and the said recited Act, so far as the said recited Act is not repealed or altered by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, shall be construed together as one Act, to all Intents and Purposes.

Half to the Informer and Half to Parochial Charity.

Copies of all Presentments shall be yearly forwarded by Treasurers to the Chief Secretary of Lord Lieutenant, to be laid before Parliament.

Act shall not extend to Dublin County, except §§ 14. 31.

Provisions of recited Act 26 G. 3. c. 55. extended to this Act. § 23.

XXXIV,

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall take Effect from and after the First Day of *January* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, and not at any earlier Period; any Thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commencement
of the Act.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia of *Ireland*; for holding Courts Martial on Serjeant Majors, Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, for Offences committed during the Time such Militia shall not be embodied; and for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [10th *June* 1809.]

[See 43 G. 3. c. 88. to which this Act is similar, mutatis mutandis.]

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act to make Provision, in certain Cases, for the Wives and Families of ballotted Men, Substitutes, and Volunteers, serving in the Militia of *Ireland*. [10th *June* 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make some Provision for the Families of Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers, and Privates serving in the Militia of *Ireland*, when called out into actual Service; and the Laws at present in force are insufficient for the Purpose; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this present Act, an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to make Provision in certain Cases for the Wives and Families of Militia Men, Substitutes, and Volunteers, serving in the Militia of Ireland*; and also an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to amend the said recited Act of the Forty-third Year, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, save so far as the same or either of them repeal or repeals any former Act of Parliament, or any Charge, Matter, or Thing therein; and also save as to the Payment and Allowance on account of any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have become due before the said Time under or by virtue of the said Acts or either of them, and the obtaining the proper and necessary Voucher for receiving or vouching any such Payment; and also save as to any Offence which shall or may be before that Time have been committed against the said Acts or either of them, and any Proceeding to be taken for the Punishment of the Offender or Offenders, or the recovering or levying any Penalty for or by reason of any such Offence; and also save as to any Allowance to any Father, Mother, Brothers, or Sisters of any Militia Man who shall be serving in the said Militia at the Time of the passing of this Act, and which Allowance shall continue to be paid under the Provisions of the said recited Acts; and also save as here-in-after mentioned.

43 G. 3. c. 142.
44 G. 3. c. 34.
repealed, except
as to Acts done
under them.

II. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Militia of any County, City, or Place in *Ireland*, shall be embodied and called out into

Allowances to
the Families of

Militia Men marched out of their Counties, on Certificate of Commanding Officer.

into actual Service, and any Man serving or enrolled therein as a Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, or as a ballotted Man, Substitute, or Volunteer, shall have left a Family less able in consequence of his Absence to support themselves, and the Colonel or other Commanding Officer shall give a Certificate in Writing in the Manner and Form herein-after contained and set forth, which shall be countersigned by the Adjutant of such Regiment or Battalion, then and in such Case every such Militia Man's Family, the Requisites herein-after mentioned being first duly performed, shall be entitled to and shall receive during his Absence on actual Service the Weekly Allowance following, (that is to say), after the Rate of One Shilling for every Child born in Wedlock, and under the Age of Ten Years, not exceeding the Numbers herein-after mentioned respectively; and of Two Shillings for the Wife of such Man, if he shall be a ballotted Man; and of One Shilling for the Wife of any such Man who shall not be a ballotted Man; the said Allowance to the Wife in either of the said Cases to be paid whether such Man shall or shall not have any Child or Children, provided she does not follow the Regiment; and the Form of the aforesaid Certificate shall be as follows:

I [or Commanding Officer, as the Case may be] of the Militia, do hereby certify, That A.B. a Serjeant [Corporal, Drummer, or Private, ballotted Man, Substitute, or Volunteer, as the Case may be] in the said Militia, was called out into actual Service, and did, on the Day of march from and is now absent on Service from the said County [Town, City, or Place, as the Case may be] and that he hath declared to me that his Family resides at and consists of and that by his Absence they are rendered less able to support themselves; and I do certify that the said A.B. never deserted from the said Militia.

Allowance payable only for Wife and Two Children, or 4s. in the Whole.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Wife of any Militia Man so ordered on actual Service shall not be entitled to the aforesaid Weekly Allowance of One Shilling for each Child, for more than Two Children; and in case there shall be no Wife of such Militia Man living, the Weekly Allowance to the Children of such Militia Man shall not exceed the Sum of Four Shillings in the Whole.

Families of Substitutes marrying without Consent of Officers not entitled to Relief.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance under this Act shall be given or ordered to be given to the Family of any Substitute or Volunteer who shall have married after the Time of his being called out into actual Service, unless such Marriage shall have taken place with the Consent of the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps to which such Man shall belong, and that such Consent shall have been certified under the Hand of such Colonel or other Commanding Officer, and no such Certificate as aforesaid shall be granted to any such Substitute or Volunteer who shall have so married while on actual Service without such Consent first had and obtained as aforesaid.

Two Justices, on Production of Certificate, may order Allowance to be paid.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace acting in and for the Barony or Half Barony, Town, City, or Place in which the said Family shall reside, on the Production of any such Certificate, to inquire into the Circumstances of the Family of the Militia Man to whom such Certificate shall have

have been granted, whether they reside in the Parish or Place mentioned in the Declaration of such Militia Man; and if on such Inquiry they shall find that such Family do so reside, and if such Justices shall be of Opinion that such Family is less able to support itself in consequence of the Absence of such Militia Man, they shall then indorse such their Opinion in Writing under their Hands, on the Back of the said Certificate, with the Date of the Month and Year, and shall subjoin thereto an Order, requiring that the several Allowances herein mentioned, after the Rate aforesaid, shall be paid to such Family, specifying in such Order the Names and Ages of each Person of the said Family entitled to receive the same; and such Certificates, with the Opinions and Orders of such Justices thereon, shall be forthwith deposited by the Person or Persons seeking Benefit thereby, or some of them, or some Person or Persons on their, his, or her Behalf, with the Collector of the publick Cels in such Barony or Half Barony, or the Treasurer of such City or Town.

VI. And be it further enacted, That at the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Date of any such Order of such Justices, Application shall be made by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer to the Justices who shall have made such Order, or to any other Two Justices of the Peace acting in and for such Barony or Half Barony; and on Production of the original Certificate aforesaid, and of the Order so first made thereon, it shall be lawful for such Justices to make a fresh Inquiry into the Circumstances of such Family; and if such Circumstances are not altered, such Justices shall on the Back of such original Certificate, and at the Foot of such First Order, sign their Names in Affirmance and Renewal of the same, with the Date of the Month and Year; or if it shall be made appear to such Justices that the Circumstances of such Family are any Way altered, such Justices shall make a new Order for such Allowance as aforesaid, specifying the Names and Ages of each Person of such Family entitled to the same at the Time of such Order; and so after the Expiration of every Three Calendar Months a like Inquiry and Order shall, from Time to Time, be made and renewed or altered by Two Justices of such Barony or Half Barony, so long as any such Allowance shall be made on Behalf of such Family.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall, from Time to Time, within Three Days after any such Order or Orders shall be made by such Justices, prepare and sign an Abstract of every such Order, and shall forthwith deliver or send such Abstract duly dated by him to the Collector of His Majesty's Excise for the District in which such Barony, Half Barony, Town, or City shall be situate, together with every such Certificate and Order thereupon; and such Collector of Excise having compared such Abstract with such Order shall, if the same shall agree therewith, countersign every such Order, and forthwith restore the same to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, or to the Person by whom the same was sent, and shall then countersign and file such Abstract, and shall keep the same as a Voucher for his future Payments in Manner herein-after mentioned.

VIII. And be it enacted, That every such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, on obtaining any such Order to countersigned by such Collector of Excise, shall from Time to Time pay the several Allowances mentioned in such Order to such Family, save as herein-after mentioned, until

Such Orders of Justices shall be renewed every Three Months.

Baronial Collector, &c. shall send Order and Abstract thereof to Collector of Excise, who shall countersign the Order, and file the Abstract.

Baronial Collector shall pay Allowances accordingly.

until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the Date of such Order, except in the Cases herein-after mentioned.

Allowances shall be paid Weekly.

IX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Allowances under and by virtue of this Act shall be claimed and paid weekly; and that no Wife of any such Militia Man, nor any other Person on Behalf of such Wife, or of the Family of any such Militia Man, shall be entitled to receive at any one Time more than Two Weeks Arrears of any Allowance to such Wife and Family under or by virtue of this Act.

Allowances shall be repaid Quarterly by Collectors of Excise.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Weekly Allowance to be paid under this Act by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively to the Family of any Militia Man, shall be repaid Quarterly to such Baronial Collector and Treasurer respectively by the Collector of His Majesty's Excise for the District in which such Barony, Town, or City shall be situate out of any publick Money in his Hands; and the Sums so paid by such Collector of Excise shall be allowed to him in his Accounts, on such Collector of Excise producing the Receipts of such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively for the same, and also producing the several other Documents by this Act required to be kept by him.

If Baronial Collector, &c. has not Money in Hand, he shall certify same to Collector of Excise, who shall thereupon pay Allowances.

XI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall not at the Time when any Application shall be made to him to pay any Allowances under this Act, have in his Hands sufficient Money for Payment of the same, such Collector or Treasurer shall and may and is hereby required, from Time to Time as Occasion shall require, to certify the same to the Collector of the Excise for the District, and it shall thereupon be lawful for the said Collector of the Excise, and he is hereby authorized and required to remit or pay out of such publick Monies as may be in his Hands, to the said Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively, at least Once in every Month, a Sum sufficient to satisfy and pay the Monthly Amount of the Sums which shall then be payable under and by virtue of the several Abstracts which shall then be in his Possession under the Provisions of this Act.

Abstract of all Orders shall be transmitted by Collector to the Clerk of the Peace, and Orders may be cancelled or varied by the Sessions.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Baronial Collector shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace of the County, Town, or City within which the Barony for which he is Collector shall be situate, and the Treasurer of any Town or City shall transmit to the Clerk of the Peace there, Three Days previous to each Quarter Sessions, an Abstract of all Orders which he shall have received as aforesaid since the last preceding Quarter Sessions, to be by the said Clerk of the Peace laid before the Justices at such Sessions, and it shall be lawful for the Justices there to set aside or alter any such Order of any such Justices, which upon due Inquiry in open Court upon Oath shall appear to have been fraudulently obtained, or not to be warranted by this Act; and in any such Case, such Justices at such Sessions shall make an Order that such Baronial Collector or Treasurer shall bring in or cause to be brought in the Order of such Justices, and deliver the same to the Clerk of the Peace for such County, City, Town, or Place; and such Collector or Treasurer shall within Seven Days after the Service of such Order on him, bring in and deliver, or cause to be brought in and delivered, the said Order of such Justices accordingly, to such Clerk of the Peace, who shall then cancel the said Order, if the same shall be wholly set aside, or if the same shall be altered, he shall

shall write under the same a Copy of the Order for altering the same, and shall in that Case restore the same to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, who shall proceed thereupon, and the same shall be countersigned in the same Manner in all Respects as is herein-before directed with respect to any such Order.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if such Baronial Collector or Treasurer respectively shall have Reason to believe or shall receive Notice from the Collector of Excise of the District, that he has Reason to believe that by the Death of any of the Family of any Militia Man, or by any other Circumstance, the Allowance to such Family ought to be stopped or lessened in Amount, then and in either of such Cases it shall be lawful for such Baronial Collector or Treasurer, and he is hereby required to stop or lessen such Allowance accordingly, until Two Justices of the Peace shall direct him otherwise by Writing under their Hands and Seals.

Baronial Collector shall stop Allowance in case of Death, &c.

XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance shall be ordered or paid under this Act to the Wife or Family of any Person serving in the Militia for any longer Period than such Person shall continue to serve and remain embodied in actual Service; nor in any Case in which the Wife, in respect of or by whom any such Relief is demanded, shall follow the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps in which her Husband shall serve.

Allowance shall continue only during the Service of Militia Man.

XV. And, in order to prevent Frauds in any of the Matters aforesaid, be it enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall keep a Register of all Certificates which shall from Time to Time be granted by the Colonel or other Commanding Officer as aforesaid.

Adjutant shall register Certificates.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer, and Private, to whom such Certificate shall have been given, shall on some Day between the Seventeenth and Twenty-fourth Day of every Month, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Adjutant of his Regiment, or to the Person acting as such, a Return in Writing subscribed by himself either with his Name or Mark, and stating whether, since the obtaining such Certificate or since his last Return, any, and if any, then how many, and which of his Family, and of what Ages respectively, have or hath died, or have or hath received or become entitled to any and what Maintenance, Provision, or Property, and to what Amount, and whether his Wife, if he be married, follows the Regiment; and every Change that shall take place in any of the said Respects in the Family of any such Militia Man shall be noted by such Adjutant in his Register aforesaid, according to such Return, or according to the Truth, if the same shall have come to his Knowledge by any other Means.

Militia Men shall make Monthly Returns to Adjutants as to the State of their Families.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of the said Militia, shall within Seven Days after the Twenty-fourth Day of every Month during the Time the Militia to which he shall belong shall remain embodied or in actual Service, make a Return to each and every Collector of Excise within whose District the Family of any Militia Man in his Regiment entitled to any of the said Allowances shall reside, and shall in every such Return set forth a particular List of such Promotions and Vacancies, and of such Deaths, Desertions, and other Casualties, if any, as may have occurred among such of the Militia Men of the said Regiment as shall

Adjutant shall make Monthly Returns to Collector of Excise, of Promotions, Vacancies, &c.

have declared their Families to be resident within the District of the Collector to whom such Return is so made, and of all such Alterations as may have taken place in the Family of any of them in Manner herein-before mentioned; and if no such Promotion, Vacancy, Death, Desertion, Casualty, or Alteration shall have happened, then such Adjutant shall by such Return certify to that Effect.

Collector of Excise shall acknowledge and note the Adjutant's Returns, and transmit them to the Baronial Collector, &c.

XVIII. And be it enacted, That every such Collector of Excise shall immediately on the Receipt of any such Return, transmit to every such Adjutant a written Acknowledgment of the Receipt thereof, specifying the Date thereof, and shall forthwith enter at the Foot of each Abstract so filed by him as aforesaid, all new Matters respectively which shall be noted in such Return as aforesaid, and shall thereupon sign the said Return, and send or deliver the same to the proper Baronial Collector or Treasurer as aforesaid, who shall also enter the said Matters at the Foot of the Orders made by Justices of Peace so kept by him respectively, and shall then sign the said Return, and return the same to the said Collector of Excise, who shall file the same together with the Abstracts aforesaid.

In Default of receiving Monthly Returns and Quarterly Orders of Justices, the Allowances shall be stopped.

XIX. And be it enacted. That from and after the First Day of every Month no Payment shall be made by any such Baronial Collector or Treasurer to the Family of any Militia Man until such Return as aforesaid for the preceding Month shall have been so received from the Adjutant of the Regiment to which such Militia Man shall belong, or the Person acting as such, and so sent or delivered to such Baronial Collector or Treasurer as aforesaid; and that from and after the End of every Three Calendar Months from the Date of any Order of Two Justices as aforesaid, no Payment shall be made by any such Baronial Collector or Treasurer to the Family of any Militia Man until a new Order of Two Justices of the Peace shall have been received by such Baronial Collector or Treasurer in Manner aforesaid.

Allowance shall be paid according to Returns.

XX. And be it further enacted, That when any such Entry shall be duly made at the Foot of any such Order or Abstract, or any Alteration shall be made in any such Order, then and from thenceforth such weekly Sum, and no other, shall be paid and payable to the Family therein mentioned, as would have been payable to the said Family by the Provisions of this Act if an Order for Payment had been made and given by Two Justices, according to the Circumstances of such Family at the Time of making such Entry or Alteration.

Certificates and Orders under former Acts, shall be proceeded on as if made under this Act.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Certificates granted under the said recited Acts of the Forty-third and Forty-fourth Years of His Majesty's Reign, and all Orders made by any Justices thereon in Manner provided by the said Acts or either of them, shall stand and be good, valid, and effectual as if made under this Act; and that the several Baronial Collectors and Treasurers with whom the said Certificates and Orders shall have been deposited, or who now have the Custody thereof respectively, shall immediately after the Commencement of this Act send the same, together with Abstracts thereof, to the Collectors of Excise of their respective Districts in Manner herein-before mentioned, and as if the same had been granted and made under this Act; and all further and subsequent Proceedings shall be taken thereon, and all Sums which shall afterwards become due thereunder shall be paid in the same Manner in all Respects and subject to all the same Restrictions, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, and

and Provisions as are herein contained, in the same Manner in all Re-
spects as if the same had been granted and made respectively under this
Act and not otherwise.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That in order to recompense
the said Baronial Collectors, Treasurers of Counties or Cities, for the
Trouble and Expence which they may severally incur by virtue of this
Act, it shall be lawful for the Grand Jury of each County, Town, or
City, at each Assizes, and for the Grand Juries of the County of
Dublin, and County of the City of *Dublin*, at each Presenting Term,
to present any Sums they shall think reasonable to be raised off the
County at large, to be applied and paid as such Grand Juries shall
direct, to the said respective Collectors and Treasurers, over and above
all Sums or Allowances to which they or any of them are or may be
entitled by virtue of any other Law or Laws then in force, as a Reward
for their Trouble and Expence in carrying the Provisions of this Act
into Execution: Provided always, that such Grand Jury shall be
satisfied by the Oaths of such Collectors and Treasurers respectively,
or otherwise, that such Collectors and Treasurers have duly paid the
several Allowances to the Families of Militia Men, in Manner directed
by this Act.

Grand Juries shall make Presentments for Collectors' Trouble.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of a Ba-
ronial Cefs, Treasurer, Clerk of the Peace, Officer of the Peace, or
Collector of Excise, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to carry the Pro-
visions of this Act or any of them into Execution, and shall be
thereof convicted by Presentment or Indictment at the Assizes, or,
if in the County or City of *Dublin*, in the Court of King's Bench,
every such Person so offending shall be fined, at the Discretion of the
Court, any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

Penalty on Officers or Neglect, 50*l*

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of the
Baronial Cefs, or Treasurer of a County or City, shall on Demand
duly made, refuse or neglect to pay and satisfy any Sum or Sums of
Money then payable to the Family of any Militia Man by virtue of
this Act, every such Collector or Treasurer so refusing or neglecting
to make such Payment, shall for every such Neglect forfeit the Sum
of Five Pounds, to be recovered upon Conviction of the said Offender
before any Justice of the Peace for the County, City, or Place, where
the Offence shall be committed; which said Justice is hereby autho-
rized and required, upon Information exhibited, or Complaint made
by the Party aggrieved in that Behalf, to summon the Party accused,
and to examine into the Matter of Fact, and upon Proof thereof, on
the Oath of one Witness, not being the Party entitled to receive such
Sum or Sums of Money, to give Judgment for such Penalty, to be
levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, in
case the same shall not be forthwith paid, by Warrant under the
Hand and Seal of such Justice, causing the Overplus (if any), after
deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale, to be rendered to
the Party, and the Penalty so adjudged shall be paid to the Use of the
Party so aggrieved as aforesaid.

Penalty on Baronial Collector, &c. not paying Allowances, 5*l*

XXV. And be it enacted, That every such Conviction shall be in
the Form here following, or in some other Form of Words of the same
Import; (that is to say);

Form of Conviction for such Offence.

' **BE** it remembered, That *A. B.* Collector of Cefs in the Barony
' of _____ in the County of _____ [or Treasurer
' of the County of the Town of _____ or County of the City
' of _____

* of *as the Case may be*] is convicted before me C. D.
 * one of the Justices of the Peace for the said County, of not having
 * paid the Weekly Allowance due on the Day of
 * last past, to the Family of a Serjeant, [Corporal,
 * Drummer, or Private, *as the Case may be*] actually serving in the
 * Regiment of Militia, although the same was duly demanded of him
 * on the Day of last past. Witness my Hand
 * and Seal this Day of in the Year

And every such Conviction on the said or any other Form of the same Import shall be good and sufficient in Law.

" An Act may be altered this Session. § 26. Commencement of Act
 " One Month after passing. § 27.

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of
 the Militia and Local Militia in *Great Britain* for the Year
 One thousand eight hundred and nine. [10th June 1809.]

* **W**HEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for
 * defraying the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Regular
 * Militia (when disembodied) and Local Militia in *Great Britain*, for
 * One Year from the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* One thousand
 * eight hundred and eight; Be it therefore enacted by the King's
 * most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the
 * Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliam-
 * ent assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every
 * County, Riding, or Place in *England*, and in every County, Stewartry,
 * City, or Place in *Scotland*, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia
 * is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the Time being is hereby
 * authorized and empowered, and required to cause to be issued and paid
 * the whole Sum required for the Regular Militia (when disembodied)
 * and Local Militia respectively, in the Manner and for the several Uses
 * herein-after mentioned; (that is to say), for the Pay of the said Regular
 * Militia or Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each
 * Adjutant, where an Adjutant is appointed; and at the Rate of Five
 * Shillings a Day for each Quarter-Master, where a Quarter-Master is
 * appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Sixpence a Day for
 * each Serjeant resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Bat-
 * talion, or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Sixpence a
 * Week for each Serjeant-Major, where a Serjeant-Major is appointed;
 * and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two-pence a Day for each Cor-
 * poral so resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day
 * for each Drummer so resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Six-
 * pence a Day for each Drum-Major, where a Drum-Major is appointed;
 * and also at the Rate of Four-pence *per Man* for each Private Man and
 * Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expences of each Regiment,
 * Battalion, or Corps; and also for the Clothing of the Regular Militia
 * (when disembodied) or Local Militia for such County, Riding,
 * Stewartry, City, or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Ten Shillings
 * for each Serjeant-Major, Two Pounds for each Corporal, Four Pounds
 * One Shilling and Nine-pence for each Drum-Major, Three Pounds
 * One Shilling and Nine-pence for each Drummer, and One Pound
 * Nineteen Shillings and Sixpence for each Private Man; and that
 * such

Secretary at War
 shall issue the
 Sum necessary
 for the Pay of
 the Regular and
 Local Militia,
 according to the
 Rates herein
 mentioned.

such Serjeant-Majors, Drum-Majors, Corporals, and Drummers who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at Head-Quarters, shall be clothed Once in Two Years: Provided always, that when any Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer shall, during such Absence, receive Pay at the following Rates instead of those above-mentioned; (that is to say), every Serjeant the Sum of One Shilling a Day, every Corporal the Sum of Eight-pence *per* Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Sixpence *per* Day respectively, and no more; and it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War to cause any such Pay to be from Time to Time issued in Advance, for any Period not exceeding Four Months from the Time for which such Advances shall be made.

Rates of Pay to Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, when absent on Furlough.

II. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Regular Militia when disembodied, and Local Militia, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, for the Expence of necessary Medicines for the sick, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men of such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps during the Period or Periods of Assembly for annual Exercise or Training; and Sixpence *per* Month for each of the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps on constant Pay at Head-Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the Non-commissioned Officers and Drummers on constant Pay at Head-Quarters, while such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

Allowance to Surgeons.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Quarter-Master or Battalion-Clerk to each Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, or Local Militia, shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, Necessaries, and other Stores, under the Superintendance of the Colonel or Commandant; and shall, out of the Money hereby directed to be issued and paid for defraying the contingent Expences of such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, from Time to Time issue out and pay such Sums of Money as may be necessary for the Repair of Arms, upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant, and after Payment of such Sums as shall be drawn upon him by the Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid, he shall Three Times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and the Expenditure thereof, and the Balance remaining in his Hands; which said Balance shall form a Stock Purse for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, and transmit the same to the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, to be by him examined, allowed, and signed; and the said Accounts, so allowed and signed, shall be and are hereby directed to be the proper Vouchers and Acquittal of such Quarter-Master or Battalion Clerk, for the Application and Disposal of such Money.

Quarter-Master or Battalion-Clerk shall have the Charge of Arms, Clothing, &c. and account Three Times a Year for contingent Money issued to him.

Balance shall form a Stock Purse for the Regiment, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non-commissioned Officers and private Men of the Regular Militia and Local Militia, when not drawn out and embodied, shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowance as the Regular Militia when drawn out and embodied: Provided always, that the said Pay and Allowances shall only extend to such Period or Periods for which the said Regular Militia or Local Militia shall be called out for the Purpose of annual Exercise or Training, or when called out for suppressing Riots or

Pay to Militia (when not embodied) shall be only during the Period when called out for annual Exercise or Training, &c.

Tumults, exclusive of the Days of arriving at and Departure from, and marching to and from the Place appointed for Exercise; any Thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

All Money shall be issued under Directions of the Secretary at War.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Clothing, and contingent Expences for the Regular Militia (when disembodied), and Local Militia as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, who is hereby empowered to issue such Regulations as he may deem it expedient to adopt, from Time to Time, in that Behalf.

49 G. 3. c. 37.

VI. And Whereas in pursuance of an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for increasing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers*, certain increased Rates are allowed for the Payment of Innholders and others on whom Non-commissioned Officers and private Soldiers may, by virtue of an Act passed also in the present Session of Parliament, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, be quartered in that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland called England*, the Dominion of *Wales*, and the Town of *Berwick upon-Tweed*:

42 G. 3. c. 90.

And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for amending the Laws relating to the Militia in England, and for augmenting the Militia*; the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Men of the said Militia, when called out to annual Exercise, are required to be quartered and billeted in Inns, Livery Stables, Alehouses, Victualling Houses, and all Houses of Persons selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder, Wine, or Metheglin by Retail; Be it enacted, That the Innholders and others on whom the said Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Men of the Regular Militia (when disembodied), or Local Militia shall be so quartered and billeted, shall be entitled to and receive the same Rates of Allowance for each Serjeant-Major, Drum-Major, Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer, and private Man so quartered and billeted upon them, during the Time of their remaining assembled for Exercise as aforesaid, and under the same Rules and Regulations as such Innholders or others may now, by the above-mentioned Act for the Relief of Innkeepers, demand and receive for the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Soldiers of the Regular Infantry, in the respective Cafes of their furnishing them with Diet and Small Beer, or supplying them in lieu thereof with the Articles specified in the said Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and the Secretary at War is hereby authorized and required to supply the necessary Funds to defray the Charge of the Allowances so to be made to the said Innholders and others: Provided always, that each of the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and private Men who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer as aforesaid, shall contribute towards the Expence thereof, the like Proportion of his Pay and Beer Money as is or shall be contributed in the like Cafe by the Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Soldiers of the Regular Infantry.

Same Rates shall be paid to Innkeepers for billeting the Militia as are allowed for the Regulars.

Funds shall be provided by Secretary at War.

Persons on Half-pay serving in the Local Militia may receive the Pay allowed by this Act.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being on Naval or Military Half-pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Local Militia, shall and may, and he is hereby empowered, to receive and take the Subsistence Money by

this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Quarter-Masters, Surgeons; and the receiving and taking any such Subsistence-Money by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Quarter-Master, Surgeon, shall not be deemed receiving or taking of Pay so as in any Manner to prevent such Person on Half-pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half-pay or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, that I had not between the _____ and the _____ any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half-pay, as a Reduced _____ in His Majesty’s Navy, [or, in the Marines], [or, in _____ late Regiment of _____], or, Allowance as _____ in _____ late Troop of Horse Guards], [or, _____ Regiment of Horse Reduced], save and except my Subsistence [as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, or Quarter-Master, Surgeon, as the Case may be], for serving in the Local Militia of the County of _____.

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half-pay or the said Allowance, without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Regular Militia, or Local Militia, shall be drawn out and embodied, then and during such Time only as such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quarter-Master, Surgeon, entitled to any such Half-pay or Allowance as aforesaid, shall receive the full annual Pay of their respective Commissions or Situations in the Regular Militia or Local Militia, such Half pay and Allowances as aforesaid shall cease and determine.

But when embodied the Half-pay shall cease.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Non-commissioned Officer or private Man in the Regular Militia or Local Militia entitled to receive any *Chelsea* Pensions or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the Regular Militia or Local Militia.

Militia Men may continue to receive Chelsea Pensions.

X. ‘ And whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants in the Regular Militia may by Age or Infirmary be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof; and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for them in consideration of their former Services;’ Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant of Regular Militia, who shall have served faithfully either in His Majesty’s Regular Forces or in the Regular Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the Whole, Fifteen of which he shall have served as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Receiver-General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding, or Place to which such Regular Militia shall belong if in *England*, or to the Receiver-General for *Scotland* if in *Scotland*, a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the Receivers General aforesaid respectively shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allow-

Allowance to Adjutants in the Regular Militia after 30 Years Service, (15 thereof in the Militia,) 6s. per Day.

ance at the Rate of Six Shillings *per Day*: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall have served for a less Term than Fifteen Years as an Adjutant of Regular Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, except as Regimental or Battalion Clerk of any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Regular Militia.

Allowance to Adjutants of reduced Regiments 3s. per Day.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Independant Company shall have already ceased and determined, or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Three Shillings *per Diem* shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Independant Company, from the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and nine, or from the Time such Regiment, Battalion, Corps, or Independant Company shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, as the Case may be, to the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten.

Allowance to Surgeons after 30 Years Service, 8s. per Day.

XII. And whereas Persons appointed to act as Surgeons in the Regular Militia may by Age or Infirmary be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for them in consideration of their former Services; Be it enacted, That if any Surgeon of Regular Militia, having faithfully served in the Militia for the full Term of Thirty Years, shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Receiver-General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding, or Place to which such Regular Militia shall belong if in *England*, or to the Receiver-General for *Scotland* if in *Scotland*, a Certificate of such Service of Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the Receivers-General aforesaid respectively shall be, and they are hereby authorized and required, to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Advance at the Rate of Three Shillings a Day: Provided always, That no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty.

Receivers-General of the Land Tax shall pay the Allowances to the Clerks of the General and Sub-division Meetings.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in every County, Riding, or Place in *England*, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver or Receivers-General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding, or Place respectively, and in every County, Stewartry, City, or Place in *Scotland*, where the Regular Militia or Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver-General for *Scotland* shall issue and pay the whole Sums required for the respective Allowances to the Clerks of the General Meetings, and Clerks of the several Sub-division Meetings in *England*, at the Rates following; that is to say, to the Clerk of the General Meetings, at the Rate of Five Pounds Five Shillings for each Meeting; and to the several Clerks of the Sub-division Meetings, at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting; and such further Allowance shall be made to such respective General and Sub-division Clerks, for their Expences and Trouble in amending the Returns of Persons returned liable to serve in the Regular Militia or Local Militia, by taking out the Names of all

all Persons who may appeal, and whose Appeals or Claims of Exemption have been allowed, and inserting the Names of any Persons that shall have been omitted to be inserted; and in numbering the Returns and making out the Tickets for the Ballot, after the Rate of One Pound Fifteen Shillings for every One thousand Names of Persons returned liable to serve; and also for the actual Expences incurred by such respective Clerks, and for Printing and Stationary used for the Purpose of this Act, as to the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy-Lieutenants of the respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, or Places, shall appear reasonable and proper; and in case the Orders made by the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy-Lieutenants for the Payment of such further Allowances as aforesaid, shall be confirmed at a General Meeting consisting of not less than Five Deputy Lieutenants, but not otherwise.

XIV. And be it enacted, That the Receivers-General in *England* shall pay to the Clerk of the General Meetings his Allowance, at the Rate of Five Pounds and Five Shillings for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as herein-before directed, upon his producing an Order or Orders for that Purpose from His Majesty's Lieutenant, or from Three Deputy-Lieutenants assembled at some General Meeting or Meetings; and shall also pay to each and every of the Clerks of the Sub-division Meetings, their several Allowances at the Rate of One Pound and One Shilling for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as herein-before directed, upon his or their producing an Order or Orders from One or more Deputy-Lieutenant or Deputy-Lieutenants, assembled in the several Sub-division Meetings; which said Order or Orders, specifying the Day or Days of Meeting, at what Place or Places and for what Purpose or Purposes the said General and Sub-division Meeting or Meetings have been assembled and held, together with the Clerk's Receipt or Receipts for the Sums so claimed, shall be to the Receivers-General in *England* respectively, a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Allowances, and be allowed in their Accounts; and that the several Allowances to Clerks of General and Sub-division Meetings, for their Trouble and Expences in the Execution of this Act in *Scotland*, shall be paid and defrayed in the same Manner in which Schoolmasters, Constables, and other Persons employed in the Execution of an Act, passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to raise and establish a Militia Force in Scotland*, are directed to be paid for their Trouble and Expences.

Clerks shall produce the Order for receiving Payment.

42 G. 3. c. 91.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agent-General of Volunteers and Local Militia, and he is hereby required to re-pay any Sum of Money which may have been paid for the Stamp Duty, on any Commission of any Officer in the Local Militia, under such Regulations, and in such Manner, as the Secretary at War shall appoint.

Stamp Duty on Commissions in the Local Militia shall be repaid.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts, and Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Regular Militia (when disembodied), or Local Militia under this Act, may or shall be drawn upon unstamped Paper; and no such Bill, Draft, or Order shall be void, by reason of being so drawn or written on unstamped Paper.

Bills, &c. for Pay, &c. exempt from Stamp Duty.

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Fee or Gratuity whatsoever shall be given or paid for or upon account of any Warrant or Sum of Money which shall be issued in relation to or in pursuance of this Act.

No Fees for Warrants.

XVIII.

Recovery of Penalties, &c.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Penalties and Costs and Charges of Suit, and all Sums of Money for which any Person or Persons is or are by this Act made answerable, may and shall be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, according as the Case may require, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, wherein no Essoign, Wager of Law, or Protection, or more than One Impar lance shall be allowed.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act for making Allowances in certain Cases to Subaltern Officers of the Militia in *Great Britain*, while disembodied.

[10th June 1809.]

“ Continuance of Act 25th of *March* 1810. § 10.

[In all Respects the same as 48 G. 3. c. 51.]

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One Thousand eight hundred and ten, and amend so much of an Act, made in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, as grants certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant-Majors of the Militia of *England*, disembodied under an Act of the same Session of Parliament.

[10th June 1809.]

[See 42 Geo. 3. c. 64. to which this Act is similar, mutatis mutandis.]

• C A P. XC.

An Act for providing Relief for the Wives and Families of the Militia Men in *Scotland*, when called into actual Service.

[10th June 1809.]

• WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for providing Relief for the Families of Militia Men in Scotland, when called into actual Service*: And whereas the said Act requiring to be amended, it is expedient to repeal the same, in order that the whole Provisions for such Relief may be consolidated in one Act; may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; And be it enacted by the King's most excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That after the Expiration of Two Calendar Months after the passing hereof, the said Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed (excepting in so far as the same relates to the Qualification and Appointment of Deputy-Lieutenants for the Counties of *Bute* and *Sutherland*; and also excepting in so far as it prevents a Substitute from being received for any ballotted Man in the Militia of *Scotland*, which Substitute shall have more than Two lawful Children at the Time he shall be produced to be enrolled); and from and after the Expiration of such Two Months, wherever the said recited Act shall have been referred to in any Act or Acts of Parliament, this Act shall

43 G. 3. c. 89. recited and repealed: Except § 22. respecting the Qualification and Appointment of Deputy-Lieutenants for *Bute* and *Sutherland*, and § 21. as to Substitutes not having more than two Children.

be deemed and taken to be the Act so referred to, in the same Manner as if this Act had been therein referred to.

II. And be it enacted, That if any Person serving or enrolled in the Militia of Scotland as a Non-commissioned Officer or Drummer, or as a ballotted Man or Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer respectively, shall, when embodied and called out into actual Service, leave a Family unable to support themselves, the Family of every such Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, ballotted Man, Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer respectively, shall receive in the Manner herein-after directed a weekly Allowance, by the following Rule; that is to say, a Sum not exceeding the usual and ordinary Price of one Day's Labour in Husbandry within the County, Stewartry, Division, District, Parish, or Place where such Family shall dwell, nor less than One Shilling for each and every Child born in Wedlock, and under the Age of Ten Years; and for the Wife of such Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, ballotted Man, Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, whether he shall or shall not have any Child or Children, a Sum not exceeding the Price of one Day's such Labour, nor less than One Shilling.

Families of Militia Men in Scotland called out into actual Service, shall receive a weekly Allowance.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace of any County or Stewartry, in Scotland, raising any Militia, assembled in Quarter Sessions, either upon the Day on which the Michaelmas Head Court is held, or on the Day on which the Commissioners of Supply meet to assess the Land Tax, and they are hereby directed to settle, ascertain, and regulate the Rate of Allowance to be paid under this Act to the Families of Militia Men resident within such County, Stewartry, Division, or Place, and every such Rate of Allowance so settled, ascertained, and regulated as aforesaid, shall be binding upon all Justices of the Peace making any Order for the Payment of Allowances under this Act in such County, Stewartry, Division, or Place, until another or new Rate of Allowance shall be settled by them as aforesaid.

Rate of Allowance shall be fixed by Justices at Michaelmas Quarter Sessions.

“ Former Rate of Allowance continued till new Rate made. § 4.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Allowance shall be ordered or paid under this Act to the Wife or Children of any Person serving in the Militia, until such Person shall have joined the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps to which he belongs, or for any longer Period than such Person shall continue to serve and remain embodied in actual Service; nor in any Case in which the Wife in respect of or by whom any such Relief is demanded shall be in the same Parish or Place wherein the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps in which her Husband shall serve shall be for the Time, or shall leave her Child or Children (if any) or depart from her Home or Place of Residence specified in the Declaration herein-after mentioned, unless under Certificate of any neighbouring Justice of the Peace, or the Minister and One or more Members of the Kirk Session of the Parish in which such Relief shall be given, authorizing such Departure for a Time specified therein, not exceeding Ten Weeks, for the Purposes of Harvest, or obtaining by Work a better Support for her Family.

Allowance shall not be made until Militia Man shall have joined his Corps.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Allowance under this Act shall be given or ordered to be given to the Family of any Substitute, hired Man or Volunteer, who shall marry after and during the Time of his

Nor to Family of any Substitute, &c. marrying without Consent of Commanding Officer.

being called out into actual Service, unless such Marriage shall have taken place with the Consent of the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps to which such Militia Man shall belong, and such Consent shall have been certified under the Hand of such Colonel or other Commanding Officer previous to such Marriage.

Commanding Officers shall register Certificates of such Consent, &c.

VII. And be it enacted, That previous to the granting of any such Certificate, such Commanding Officer shall satisfy himself that every such Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, was not previously married; and every Commanding Officer granting such Certificate shall keep or cause to be kept, a Register thereof, and of the Marriage, in the Manner appearing from Schedule (F.) hereunto annexed.

No Family to be entitled to Allowance unless Husband makes a Declaration.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Wife, Child or Children of any Militia Man shall be entitled to any Allowance under this Act, unless such Militia Man shall make and sign a Declaration before the Commanding Officer of the Regiment to which he belongs according to the Schedule (A.) hereunto annexed, and unless such Commanding Officer shall certify that such a Declaration has been made before him according to the Form appearing from Schedule (B.) hereunto annexed, and unless such Commanding Officer shall transmit such Declaration and Certificate to the Clerk of Supply of the County or Stewartry wherein such Wife or Children reside, which he is hereby required to do.

To remain in force only Six Months.

IX. And be it enacted, That any such Declaration and Certificate shall remain in force for Six Months, and no longer.

Declaration and Certificate shall be transmitted to Clerk of Supply.

X. And be it further enacted, That upon such Declaration and Certificate being transmitted to the Clerk of Supply of the County or Stewartry where such Wife or Children reside, he shall enter the same in a Register to be kept of such Declarations and Certificates, in the Manner appearing from Schedule (G.) hereunto annexed, and such Clerk of Supply shall transmit every such Declaration and Certificate within Six Days after he shall have received the same to the Minister of the Parish wherein such Wife or Children reside; and any Clerk of Supply receiving any such Declaration and Certificate, and failing or neglecting to register and transmit the same in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Default, to be recovered with Expences or Costs of Suit, by a summary Complaint to be made to the Sheriff or Stewart-Depute of the County or Stewartry by any Person or Persons, One Half of which Penalty to be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

Minister and Kirk Session shall inquire into State of the Family, and thereupon grant Certificate.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Minister upon receiving such Declaration and Certificate, shall lay the same before the Kirk Session, and the said Minister and Kirk Session shall inquire into the Situation of the Family, and if upon such Inquiry it shall appear that they are unable to maintain themselves, such Minister and Kirk Session shall thereupon sign a Certificate in the Terms appearing from the Schedule (C.) hereunto annexed, and shall transmit the same to some Commissioner of Supply residing within the Parish, or in the Event of no Commissioner of Supply residing within the Parish, to some Heritor possessed of Land within the Parish to the Amount of at least Fifty Pounds of valued Rent, or some Person occupying Land within the Parish, and paying Rent of not less than Fifty Pounds Sterling *per Annum*; and in Cities or Towns Corporate, to one of the

the Magistrates thereof; and if such Commissioner or Heritor, or Person or Magistrate respectively, shall be satisfied of such Inability, they, as well as such Minister and Kirk Session, shall sign such Certificate.

XII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if upon such Inquiry it shall appear that such Wife or Children may be enabled to maintain themselves with a smaller Allowance than the Rate hereby directed to be paid to such Wife or Children, such Minister and Kirk Session are hereby authorized to ascertain and specify the Amount of such smaller Allowance to be paid to such Wife or Children in such Certificate as aforesaid, and every smaller Allowance, so ascertained and specified, shall be paid in the same Manner as if the full Allowance authorized by this Act were to be paid to such Wife or Children.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That such Certificate shall remain in force for Three Months and no longer; and if at the Expiration of such Period the Wife or Children shall still be unable to support themselves, they shall again apply to the Minister, who shall again lay their Application before the Kirk Session, and such Minister and Kirk Session shall again inquire into such Inability, and if such Inability shall appear to continue, another Certificate shall be granted according to the Form and in the Manner before directed, and so at the End of every Three Months as often as any such Application shall be made; provided that a Return shall not have been made in the Manner herein-after directed, of the Death, Desertion, Removal, or otherwise from the Regiment of any Militia Man, in Behalf of whose Wife or Children any such Application shall have been made.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That upon the Production of such Certificate to a Justice of the Peace of the County or Stewartry where such Family resides, such Justice shall, if he be satisfied therewith, make an Order in the Form appearing from Schedule (D.) hereunto annexed, for the Payment of a weekly Allowance, according to the Rate which shall have been settled by the Justices of the County or Stewartry as aforesaid, for each and every Child and the Wife named in such Certificate, or where a smaller Allowance shall appear to have been ascertained, and shall be specified in such Certificate, then for the Payment of such smaller Allowance.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every such Order shall remain in force for Three Months, and no longer.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Certificate upon which any such Order shall have been made shall forthwith be transmitted by the Justice of the Peace making the same to the Clerk of Supply of the County, Stewartry, City or Place in which such Families shall dwell, who shall record the same, and shall forthwith transmit Copies of so many of such Certificates as relate to Allowances to Families of Militia Men serving for any other County, Stewartry, City, or Place, to the Clerk of Supply of such other County, Stewartry, City, or Place, and shall also transmit the Originals of all Certificates transmitted to him by a Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, to the Collector of the Cess for his County or Stewartry, City or Place; and any Clerk of Supply failing or neglecting for the Space of Six Days after the Receipt of any such Certificates, to record and transmit Copies and the Originals thereof in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Neglect, to be recovered with Expences or Costs of Suit, in the same Manner

Smaller Allowance may be paid in certain Cases.

Certificate shall be renewed every Three Months.

On Production of Certificate, Justices shall make an Order for Allowance.

To be in force for Three Months.

Order shall be transmitted by Justice to Clerk of Supply, who shall transmit it to Collector of Cess.

that any Penalty against Clerks of Supply is herein directed to be recovered, One Half of which Penalty to be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

Collector of Cefs
shall remit for
Allowances to
Kirk Treasurer.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such Collector of the Cefs, and he is hereby authorized and required to remit or pay out of such publick Monies as may be in his Hands, to the Treasurer of the Kirk Session of each Parish, and where there shall be no such Treasurer, then to the Minister and Kirk Session of such Parish, at least once in every Month, a Sum sufficient to satisfy and pay the Amount of the Allowances specified in such Certificates so transmitted to such Collector; and any Collector failing or neglecting to remit such Sum in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum equal to twice the Amount thereof, to be recovered with Expences or Costs of Suit, by a summary Complaint to be made to the Sheriff or Stewart-Depute of the County or Stewartry, by any Person or Persons, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Kirk Treasurer, or to the Minister and Kirk Session where there is no Kirk Treasurer, to make good the Sum which ought to have been remitted to him or them by such Collector, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

Treasurer of
Kirk Session shall
pay upon an Or-
der from the Jus-
tice, and trans-
mit Account to
Clerk of Supply.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of the Kirk Session or Minister and Kirk Session, (as the Case may be,) to whom such Sum shall be remitted, shall give a Receipt for the same; and such weekly Allowances shall be paid by the Kirk Treasurer, or the Minister and Kirk Session, upon Production of the Order made by a Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, to the Persons entitled to receive the same, provided such Persons are actually residing in the Parish where such Allowances are demanded at the Time, but not otherwise, unless upon Permission for a limited Time, and upon a Certificate thereof in the Manner herein before directed, and Receipts shall be taken from the Persons to whom such Allowances shall be paid; and the said Kirk Treasurer, or Minister and Kirk Session, shall transmit an Account once in every Month to the Clerk of the Commissioners of Supply, to be by him preserved and kept, shewing the Monies received and paid pursuant to this Act, in which the Persons to whom the same shall be paid shall be specially described by Name, Age, Residence, and as the Wife or Children of the Militia Man, declared and certified in the Manner herein directed; and any Treasurer of the Kirk Session, or Minister and Kirk Session, to whom Money shall have been remitted or paid as aforesaid, (as the Case may be,) who shall refuse or delay to pay such weekly Allowances in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum equal to twice the Amount of each Sum so refused or delayed to be paid, or who shall fail or neglect to transmit an Account in the Manner hereby directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Neglect, to be recovered in a summary Manner, with Expences or Costs of Suit, upon Complaint made to any Justice of the Peace of the County or Stewartry in which such Treasurer, Minister, and Kirk Session reside, by the Person or Persons to whom the same ought to have been paid, or by the Clerk of Supply, to whom the same ought to have been transmitted, One Half of which Penalty to be applied to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, and the other Half to be paid to the Person or Persons suing for the same.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of Supply receiving such Account, shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof send a Copy of every such Account, certified by him to be a true Copy, to the Collector of the Cefs of his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, and where any of the Allowances appearing to have been paid by such Account shall have been made to the Family of any Militia Man serving for any other County, Stewartry, City or Place, a Copy of so much of such Account, certified as aforesaid, shall within Ten Days after the Receipt thereof be transmitted by the Clerk of Supply, who shall have received the same, to the Clerk of Supply of every County, Stewartry, City, or Place, for which any such Militia Man shall be serving, who shall record the same; and any Clerk of Supply failing or neglecting to transmit Accounts in the Manner hereby directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Default, to be recovered by any Person suing for the same, with Expences or Costs of Suit, in the Manner in which any other Penalty is directed to be recovered by this Act.

Certified Copies of Accounts shall be transmitted to Collector of the Cefs.

XX. And be it enacted, that in the Month of *January* in every Year, Accounts shall be stated by and between the Collector of every County or Stewartry, with each Kirk Treasurer, or Minister, and Kirk Session, within his County or Stewartry, shewing the Amount of all Monies remitted or paid by such Collector to such Kirk Treasurers, or Ministers and Kirk Sessions respectively, in the Year preceding the First Day of the said Month of *January* in which such Account is stated, and also shewing the Allowances paid by such Kirk Treasurers or Ministers and Kirk Sessions for the Year preceding such First Day of *January*, and such Accounts shall be settled by such Collector with such Kirk Treasurers or Ministers and Kirk Sessions respectively, who shall thereupon deliver up to such Collector the Receipts taken for the Payment of such Allowances; and any Collector of the Cefs failing or neglecting to settle or to get settled such Accounts in the Month of *January* in every Year as aforesaid, shall not be allowed to take Credit in his Accounts with the Receiver General for *Scotland* for any Monies remitted or paid by him under this Act.

Annual Accounts shall be stated by the Collector.

XXI. And be it enacted. That every such Account shall on or before the Fifteenth Day of *February* in every Year, be examined and compared with the Vouchers thereof by the Clerk of Supply of the County, Stewartry, City, or Place, in which the same shall be made up, and shall thereupon be docketted and signed by him.

Accounts shall be examined by Clerk of Supply.

XXII. And be it enacted, That such Clerk of Supply shall make up from such Account, Accounts shewing the Allowances paid in his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, to Families residing therein of Militia Men serving for other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places respectively, and shall on or before the Twenty-fifth Day of *February* in every Year transmit such Accounts, signed by him, to the Clerks of Supply of such Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places respectively; and any Clerk of Supply failing or neglecting to make up and transmit such Accounts to the Clerks of Supply of such Counties, Stewartries, Cities or Places, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for each Offence, to be recovered and applied in the same Manner as any other Penalty may be recovered and applied under this Act.

Accounts of Allowances paid for other Counties shall be transmitted to them.

XXIII.

Accounts shall be stated by Clerk of Supply Yearly.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That in the Month of *March* in every Year, an Account shall be made up by the Clerk of Supply of every County, Stewartry, City, or Place, stating the Allowances paid previous to the First Day of *January* preceding, to the Families of any Militia Men serving for such County, Stewartry, City, or Place, whether residing in such County, Stewartry, City, or Place, or in any other County, Stewartry, City, or Place.

Assessment shall be made thereupon.

XXIV. And be it enacted, That such Account may be examined by a Committee of the Commissioners of Supply, from Time to Time to be appointed by them for that Purpose, and shall be laid before the said Commissioners of Supply at the next Annual Meeting at which they assemble to assess the Land Tax, and at such Meeting the said Commissioners of Supply shall make an Assessment equal to the Amount of the Allowances appearing from such Account to have been paid to the Families of Militia Men serving for such County, Stewartry, City, or Place, in the following Manner; that is to say, upon Land according to the valued Rent of the same, and upon Houses according to the Rent or Yearly Value set on such Houses by the latest Assessment of the House Tax, and in the following Proportions; *videlicet*, for every such Assessment to the Amount of One Shilling Sterling upon One hundred Pounds *Scots* of valued Rent, an Assessment shall be laid upon the Rent or Yearly Value of Houses so ascertained, at the Rate of One Penny Sterling in the Pound of such Rent or Yearly Value, and so in proportion for any greater or less Sum.

Houses not rated to House Tax exempted.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no such Assessment shall be laid upon any House which shall not be rated for the House Tax.

No Person shall be assessed for both Houses and Land.

XXVI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be assessed in respect of his, her, or their House or Houses, and also in respect of his, her, or their Lands in the same County or Stewartry, but it shall be in the Power of the said Commissioners to lay such Assessment upon such Person or Persons, either in respect of such House or Houses, or of such Lands, as to such Commissioners shall seem calculated to produce the highest Assessment.

One Half of Assessment shall be paid by Tenants.

XXVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That for all Sums so assessed upon Land, the Proprietor shall have Relief against the Tenant or Occupier thereof for One Half of such Assessment, and every such Assessment upon Houses shall be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers thereof, who shall be entitled to deduct from his, her, or their Rent One Half of every such Assessment so paid by such Occupier or Occupiers.

Account of Rate shall be made up.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That at the Time every such Assessment is made, an Account in the Form in the Schedule (E.) hereunto annexed, shall be stated, shewing the gross Amount of the Sums for which it is made; and also the Rate at which it is to be levied upon the valued Rent of Land and upon the Rents of Houses, in the Manner directed by this Act, which Account shall be signed by the Clerk of Supply, and by the Præses of the Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply at which such Assessment is made, and the same shall be transmitted to the Collector of the Cefs as his Authority for levying such Assessment; and such Account so authenticated, shall, if required, be shewn by such Collector to every Person paying his Proportion of such Assessment.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Commissioners of Supply shall omit, neglect, or refuse to make any such Assessment, according to the Directions of this Act, then the Clerk of Supply of such County, Stewartry, City, or Place shall and he is hereby required, within Fourteen Days after the Meeting at which such Assessment ought to have been made, to certify to His Majesty's Attorney in Exchequer in *Scotland*, such Neglect, Omission, or Refusal of such Commissioners, and the Names of such Commissioners, who shall be present at such Meeting; and His Majesty's Attorney in Exchequer is hereby required, on Receipt of such Certificate, forthwith to proceed by all such legal Means as shall be most effectual and expeditious to compel such Commissioners to pay due Obedience to this Act, and to cause such Assessment to be made, and the Money raised, collected, and paid.

On Failure of Assessment Application shall be made to the Exchequer to compel same.

XXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in the Cities of *Edinburgh* and *Glasgow*, the Magistrates thereof shall and they are hereby authorized to levy from the Heritors, Burgesses, and Inhabitants of such City, their Proportion of the Assessment to be made pursuant to this Act, to raise the Sum necessary to afford the Relief hereby provided to the Families of the Militia serving for the said Cities, in such Manner and in the same Proportions as the Cess Stent and other publick Burdens and Contributions are in Use by Law to be assessed and levied in the said Cities.

How Assessments shall be levied in *Edinburgh* and *Glasgow*.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in the Two Cities aforesaid, all Certificates of Inability shall be transmitted from the Parishes within the same to the Town Clerk of the said Cities respectively, who shall and he is hereby required to do all Matters and Things directed by this Act to be done by the Clerk to the Commissioners of Supply in any County or Stewartry.

In those Cities, Certificates, &c. shall be transmitted to Town Clerks.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Adjutant of every Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of Militia, or where there shall be no Adjutant the Serjeant-Major thereof, shall within Seven Days after the Twenty-fourth Day of every Month during the Time that the Militia to which he shall belong shall remain embodied and in actual Service, return to the respective Clerks of Supply of the County, Stewartry or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps shall belong, a particular List of all Promotions and Vacancies, and all Deaths, Desertions, and other Causes of Vacancy, that shall have occurred among the private Militia Men serving for the several and respective Subdivisions of the County, Stewartry, or Place to which such Regiment, Battalion, or Corps shall belong, in the Calendar Month preceding each such Twenty-fourth Day as aforesaid, and shall specify the Christian and Surname of each Man so returned, and whether balloted Man, Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, and the Parish or Place for which he was serving; and such respective Clerks of the Commissioners of Supply shall within Six Days after the Receipt of such Return, transmit proper Extracts of so much thereof as relates to Militia Men whose Families reside within their own County, Stewartry, City, or Place, to the Kirk Treasurers, or the Ministers and Kirk Sessions of the respective Parishes or Places therein, and proper Extracts of the Remainder of such Returns to the Clerks of Supply of the other Counties or Stewartries in which the Families of any such Militia Men receiving an Allowance under this Act, shall be then residing, and such Clerks of Supply of such other Counties or

Adjutants shall make Monthly Returns of Vacancies.

Stewartries shall, within Six Days after the Receipt of the same, transmit proper Extracts thereof to the Kirk Treasurers, or the Ministers and Kirk Sessions of the respective Parishes within their Counties or Stewartries, in which the Families of any such Militia Men receiving an Allowance under this Act shall be then residing.

Allowance for
Trouble to Kirk
Treasurer.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of any County or Stewartry, assembled at the annual Meeting at which they meet to assess the Land Tax, and they are hereby empowered to grant such Allowance to such Treasurer of the Kirk Session as they shall think sufficient for his Trouble in paying and keeping the Accounts of such Disbursements, and such Commissioners of Supply shall be and they are hereby further empowered to allow a Sum equal to what shall appear to them to be the necessary Expences incurred by such Treasurer of the Kirk Session, or by the Minister and Kirk Session, in discharging the Duties hereby required of him or them, which Allowances shall be paid by the Collector of the County or Stewartry upon the Order of such Commissioners, who shall include the Sum specified therein in the Amount of the Assessment directed to be made pursuant to this Act: Provided always, that no such Allowance shall be granted to any such Treasurer, or Minister, or Kirk Session, who shall fail or omit to settle their Accounts in the Manner directed by this Act.

Allowances to
Collectors and
Clerks of Supply.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Supply of any County or Stewartry assembled at such annual Meeting as aforesaid, and they are hereby empowered to grant an Allowance to the Collector of the Cefs and to the Clerk of Supply of their County or Stewartry for their Trouble in doing and performing the various Matters and Things required by this Act to be done and performed by such Collector of the Cefs and Clerk of Supply, not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds *per Annum* to any Collector of the Cefs, and Thirty Pounds *per Annum* to any Clerk of Supply; and every such Allowance shall be satisfied and paid upon the Order of such Commissioners by being included in the first Assessment made under this Act after such Order shall have been made; and the Collector of the Cefs levying such Assessment shall account for and pay such Allowance to the Clerk of Supply as he shall be entitled to by such Order.

No Collector
shall take Credit
for Sums re-
mitted, without
Vouchers.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Sums paid or remitted by any Collector pursuant to this Act, shall be allowed in his Accounts with the Receiver-General of *Scotland*, unless he shall produce, as the Vouchers thereof, the original Certificates of Inability, directed by this Act to be transmitted to him by the Clerk of Supply, of his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, and the Receipts transmitted or delivered to him by the Kirk Treasurers or Ministers and Kirk Sessions, pursuant to this Act, and also the Accounts, annually settled in Manner herein directed, with the Vouchers thereof.

Account of Mo-
ney remitted and
levied shall be
transmitted by
Collector to Ex-
chequer.

XXXVI. And be it enacted, That each Collector of the Land Tax, remitting and paying Money as directed by this Act, shall on or before the Fifteenth Day of *April* in every Year, transmit to the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Scotland*, an Account, with the Vouchers, of all the Money so remitted and paid by him previous to the First Day of *January* preceding, and of all the Money levied by him pursuant to any Assessment made in Terms of this Act, or otherwise received pursuant to this Act, previous

to the Date of such Account; and any Collector of the Land Tax failing or neglecting to transmit such Account in the Manner herein directed, shall forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds Sterling, to be recovered upon the Application of His Majesty's Advocate to the said Lord Chief Baron and Barons aforesaid, besides being otherwise responsible for such Default as accords of Law.

XXXVII. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of Supply of every County, Stewartry, City, or Place, shall and is hereby required, within Fourteen Days after the annual Meeting of the Commissioners of Supply, at which they assemble to assess the Land Tax, to transmit to His Majesty's Attorney in Exchequer a Copy of the Account made up by him in the Month of *March* preceding, as directed by this Act, and shall at the same Time certify to His Majesty's said Attorney in Exchequer, whether an Assessment has been made thereof pursuant to this Act, and shall further certify to such Attorney in Exchequer the gross Amount of all the Allowances made to the Families of Militia Men residing within his County, Stewartry, City, or Place, pursuant to this Act, previous to the First Day of *January* preceding; and any Clerk of Supply failing or neglecting to transmit such Account, or to certify to His Majesty's Attorney in Exchequer in the Manner hereby directed, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same Manner as any Penalty against any Collector of the Cets may be recovered.

Accounts shall be transmitted by Clerk of Supply to Exchequer.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That such Accounts and Vouchers so transmitted by the Collectors of the Cets and Clerks of Supply to the Court of Exchequer shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the Receipt thereof, be examined by His Majesty's Remembrancer in Exchequer, who shall report to the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Exchequer, whether the Directions of this Act have been complied with, and whether it appears that the Assessments have been made and levied which ought to have been made and levied in Terms of this Act, and whether such Collectors have rendered due Accounts, with proper Vouchers thereof, and have accounted for every Sum of Money which ought to have come to their Hands pursuant to this Act; and the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons aforesaid shall make such Order, and give such Directions as shall appear to them necessary and proper to be made and given thereupon.

Accounts transmitted to Exchequer shall be examined there.

XXXIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, and they are hereby empowered, if they shall think proper, to order and direct the respective Collectors of the Cets of the Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places in which Allowances shall appear to have been paid for Families residing therein of Militia Men serving for other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places, to recover from the respective Collectors of the Cets of such other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places, such Sums of Money as shall appear to have been paid for Families of Militia Men serving for such other Counties, Stewartries, Cities, or Places as aforesaid.

Barons of Exchequer may direct Collectors of Cets to recover from each other.

“Accounts under former Act shall be transmitted before the First of *January* 1810. § 40. Orders and Certificates shall accompany such Accounts. § 41. General Accounts under recited Act shall be made up before 15th *February* 1810. § 42. Assessment shall be made accordingly, if necessary. § 43. Any Excess of Assessment

“upon

“ upon such Account, shall be deducted from the first Assessment under this Act. § 44.

Saving of § 21.
and 22. of
43 G. 3. c. 89.

XLV. And be it enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as relates to the Qualification and Appointment of Deputy-Lieutenants in the Counties of *Bute* and *Sutherland*, and also so much of the said Act as prevents a Substitute from being received for any ballotted Man in the Militia of *Scotland*, which Substitute shall have more than Two lawful Children at the Time he shall be produced to be enrolled, shall not be repealed, but such Act, so far as regards the same, shall remain in force in the same Manner as if this Act had not been made: Provided always, that no Allowance under this Act shall be ordered to be paid to the Family of any Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer to be enrolled after the passing of this Act, who shall at the Time of his Enrolment have more than Two lawful Children, or who shall have fraudulently represented and declared that he had no Wife at the Time of his Enrolment, or who shall have fraudulently and falsely represented and declared at the Time of such Enrolment, that he had not more than Two lawful Children.

No Allowance
to Substitutes
having more
than Two Child-
ren, &c.

“ Act may be altered this Session. § 46.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

DECLARATION to be made and signed by a Militia Man, having a Wife or Family in a State of Indigence.

1. Where the Wife is living.

I *A. B.* a Militia Man serving in [*specify the Corps*] do declare, That *C. D.* is my lawful Wife, and has been so since the Day of _____, and that I have by the said *C. D.* [One, Two, or more Children, as the Case may be] under the Age of Ten Years [*specifying the Name and Age of each Child*] and that the said *C. D.* resides (with such Child or Children) in the Parish of [*Name of Parish*] and is unable to support herself [and such Child or Children] by reason that [*state the Reason*]; and if a Substitute, that I had not more than Two lawful Children born in Wedlock at the Time I was produced to be enrolled: And these Things I the said *A. B.* do solemnly aver and declare to be true.

Dated this _____

Day of _____

A. B.

2. Where the Wife is dead leaving a Child or Children.

I *A. B.* a Militia Man serving in [*specify the Corps*] do declare, That *C. D.* deceased, lately residing [*specify where*] was my lawful Wife, and that we were married Persons since the Day of _____ and that I have by the said *C. D.* [One, Two, or more Children under the Age of Ten Years. *specifying the Name and Age of each Child*] and that such Child or Children reside with [*specify with whom they reside*] at [*specify the Place*] and that such Child or Children are unable to support themselves by reason that [*state the Reason*]; and if a Substitute, that I had not more than Two lawful Children born in Wedlock at the Time I was produced to be enrolled: And these Things I the said *A. B.* do solemnly aver and declare to be true.

Dated this _____

Day of _____

A. B.

SCHEDULE (B.)

CERTIFICATE by Commanding Officer.

1. Where the Militia Man is not a Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, or being a Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, was married previous to the Time at which he was called out to actual Service.

I *E. F.* commanding the [*specify the Regiment*] do certify, That upon the Day of *A. B.* a Militia Man serving in the said Regiment for the Parish of _____ in the County or Stewartry of _____ [*specify whether a ballotted Man, or a Substitute, hired Man, and if a Substitute, for whom serving, and for what Parish or Place*] came before me, and made the Declaration hereunto annexed. Witness my Hand this Day of _____ *E. F.*

2. Where the Militia Man, being a Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer, was married subsequent to the Time at which he was called out into actual Service.

I *E. F.* commanding the [*specify the Regiment*] do certify, That upon the Day of *A. B.* a Substitute, hired Man, or Volunteer [*as the Case may be*] serving in the said Regiment for the Parish of _____ in the County [*or, Stewartry*] of _____ was married upon the Day of _____ with the Consent of [*specify Name*] then commanding Officer of the said Regiment (certified under the Hand of the said Commanding Officer previous to the Marriage) to [*specify the Name of the Wife, and the Parish or Place where she now resides*]: And I further certify, That the said *A. B.* came before me, and made the Declaration hereunto annexed. Witness my Hand this Day of _____ *E. F.*

SCHEDULE (C.)

CERTIFICATE by the Minister, Kirk Session, Commissioners of Supply, or other Person.

WE *A. B.* Minister of the Parish of _____ and *C. D.* *E. F.* and *G. H.* Members of the Kirk Session thereof, do hereby certify, That in consequence of a Declaration and Certificate transmitted to the said Minister, pursuant to an Act passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, [*Here insert the Title of this Act*] We did inquire into the Situation of [*mention Wife or Children*] and found her [*or, them*] to be unable to maintain herself [*or themselves*] by reason [*state the Reason*] and we also inquired whether the Wife had departed from her Home or Place of Residence specified in the said Declaration, and found that she had not done so, (or that she had done so with the Permission and upon a Certificate thereof, in the Manner provided by the said Act) and we reported these Things to [*mention Name of Justice, Heritor, Person or Magistrate*] of which he also satisfied himself. In Witness whereof the said [*Justice, Heritor, Person, or, Magistrate*] has with us set his Hand hereto this Day of _____

Where the Wife or Children shall be enabled to maintain themselves with a smaller Allowance than the full Rate, then after the

the Reason of Inability, these Words will follow:—" But we found that upon receiving an Allowance of ^{per} Week, such Wife or Children will be able to maintain themselves."

SCHEDULE (D.)

ORDER to be made by a Justice of the Peace for Payment of Allowances.

I A. B. One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County [or, Stewartry] of in consequence of a Certificate produced to me, of which a Copy is annexed, do hereby order [mention Name of Kirk Treasurer or Minister, and Kirk Session] of the Parish of [mention Parish] to pay to the therein named [mention Name of Wife or Children] a Weekly Allowance of to the said (Wife) and for each of the said (Children.) For which this Order shall be a sufficient Authority. Witness my Hand at this Day of E. F.

SCHEDULE (E.)

An ACCOUNT shewing the Amount and Rate of Assessments made this Day of pursuant to Act Forty-ninth George III. Cap.

1. For the Amount of Allowances paid to Families residing in this County or Stewartry of Militia Men serving for this County or Stewartry	£. s. d.
2. For the Amount of Allowances paid in other Counties or Stewartries [viz. specify the Counties] to Families therein residing of Militia Men serving for this County or Stewartry	
3. For the Amount of Allowances for Trouble and Charges in Terms of the Act	
1. To Officers, specifying to whom	
2. Charges incurred by them	
	£.

1. Amount of valued Rent within the County [or Stewartry]	£	£. s. d.
2. Amount of Rents of Houses	£	

Rate of Assessment: on each £100. of valued Rent in the Pound of Rent or Yearly Value of Houses, according to the latest Assessment for the House Tax

£.

SCHEDULE (F.)

REGISTER of Substitutes, hired Men, and Volunteers, belonging to the Regiment of [*describe the Regiment*] married with the Consent of the Colonel or Commanding Officer.

Name of Substitute, &c.	For what Parish serving.	Name of Woman.	Where then residing.	Date of Certificate.	Commanding Officer by whom granted.	Date of Marriage.

SCHEDULE (G.)

REGISTER of Declarations made by Militia Men serving in the Regiment [*describe the Regiment*] and of Certificates granted by the Commanding Officer, to enable their Wives and Families to receive the Allowances granted by A& 49 Geo. III. Cap.

Name of Declarant.	Parish for which serving.	Name of Wife.	Name of their Child or Children under Ten Years.	Where residing.	Date of Certificate.	To whom transmitted.	When transmitted.

C A P. XCI.

An Act to empower the Judges to try Civil Causes in their own Counties in *England*. [10th June 1809.]

WHEREAS by a Statute made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of King *Richard* the Second, it is among other Things enacted, That no Man of Law shall from thenceforth be Justice of Assizes in his own Country: And whereas by an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of King *Henry* the Eighth, intituled, *An Act that none shall be Justice of Assize in his own Country*, it is enacted, That no Justice nor other Man learned in the Laws of this Realm shall use nor exercise the Office of Justice of Assize within any County where the said Justice was born or doth inhabit: And whereas a Compliance with the aforesaid Provisions has been attended with very great Inconveniences; for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with

§ R. 2. c. 23

33 Hen. 8. c. 24;

[See Stat. 12 G. 2. c. 27. as to Justices of Oyer and Terminer.]

Any Justice of either Bench or Baron of the Exchequer, or other Persons appointed, may be Justices of Assize in any County although they were born or do inhabit therein.

the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and By the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful from Time to Time and at all Times hereafter, to and for the Chief Justice and Justices of either Bench, and to and for the Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer, and to and for any other Person or Persons learn'd in the Law, who shall be appointed Justice or Justices of Assize in any County or Counties within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, to use and exercise the Office or Offices of Justice or Justices of Assize, and to act under any Commission of Nisi Prius in any such County or Counties, notwithstanding they or any of them shall have been born or do inhabit within any such County or Counties; and that they shall not be liable for so doing to any Forfeiture or Penalty whatsoever, any Thing in the said recited Laws or either of them, or any other Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. XCII.

An Act for charging the Sum of Eleven millions, raised for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament, upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

[10th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Part of the Loan or Loans raised for the Service of *Great Britain* for the present Year, and also the Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament, should be charged upon the several Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, except the Duties granted by an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties: And Whereas the several Duties of Excise granted to His Majesty by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain; and by another Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve***

46 G. 3. c. 65.

43 G. 3. c. 61.

46 G. 3. c. 39.

Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff; were, by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for charging the Sum of Twelve millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions two hundred thousand Pounds raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created, further granted and continued for such further Term or Terms, and in such Proportions, after the Expiration of the said last-mentioned Period, as is directed in the said last recited Act: And for making an effectual Fund for defraying the Charge occasioned by such Part or Parts of the said Loan or Loans, and by such Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds, as is or are or shall be charged thereon, it is expedient that the said last-mentioned Duties should be further granted and continued for such a further limited Term, and in such Proportions and Manner as in this Act is directed; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said several Duties of Excise shall be, and the same are hereby further granted and continued, and shall be payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, for such further Term or Terms, and in such Proportions, after the Expiration of the said Periods, and in such Manner as herein-after is directed concerning the same.*

47 G. 3. A. 1.
c. 53.

Duties of Excise granted by 43 G. 3. c. 81. and 46 G. 3. c. 39. further continued.

II. And be it further enacted, That in order to defray the Charge occasioned by the Sum of Eleven millions six hundred thousand Pounds, Part of the Loan of Fourteen millions six hundred thousand Pounds, contracted to be raised for the Service of the present Year, except the Charge of Eight hundred and ninety-two thousand five hundred and twenty-two Pounds Seven Shillings and Nine-pence, capital Stock in reduced Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds *per Centum* in respect of Six hundred thousand Pounds raised for the Service of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent of Portugal: and also to defray the Charge occasioned by the Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament, there shall, during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, be set apart at the Receipt of the Exchequer in *England*, and appropriated to the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, quarterly, or otherwise, as the said Charge may from Time to Time be incurred or become due out of the Produce of any of the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, which may from Time to Time be remaining in the Exchequer, except the Duties granted by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions,*

To defray the Charge occasioned by 11,000,000*l.* of the Loan under 49 G. 3. c. 71. and the funding of 7,932,100*l.* Exchequer Bills under 49 G. 3. c. 21. there shall be appropriated out of the Produce of the Duties granted during the War, (except the Duties granted by 46 G. 3. c. 65.) the annual Sum of 1,040,000*l.*

Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; notwithstanding any other Appropriation of the said Duties by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, but subject to the Charge created thereon by the said recited Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, the clear annual Sum of One million and forty thousand Pounds, which annual Sum shall be deemed an Addition made to the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, for the Purpose of defraying the increased Charge occasioned by any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in the present Session of Parliament, in respect of the said Sums of Eleven millions six hundred thousand Pounds, except the Charge in respect of Six hundred thousand Pounds raised for the Service of the Prince Regent of Portugal. Part of the said Loan of Fourteen millions six hundred thousand Pounds; and also for the Purpose of defraying the annual Charge occasioned by Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, funded pursuant to an Act of this Session of Parliament.

If no other Provision be made after the War Duties shall cease, the said Duties of Excise shall be further continued for defraying the said annual Charge of 1,040,000l. until further Provision shall be made.

III. And be it further enacted, That if no other Provision shall have been made by Parliament for defraying the annual Charge occasioned by the said Sum of Eleven millions six hundred thousand Pounds, except the Charge in respect of Six hundred thousand Pounds raised for the Service of the Prince Regent of Portugal, and also for defraying the annual Charge occasioned by Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills funded as aforesaid, from and after the Expiration of the said Period of Six Months from and after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Duties of Excise granted or continued to His Majesty by the above recited Acts, or so much and such Part or Parts or Proportions thereof respectively as shall not previously have been repealed or discontinued by any Act or Acts of Parliament, shall thenceforth be further continued, and be payable to and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors; and so much thereof as shall amount to the Sum of One million and forty thousand Pounds shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue, for the Purpose of defraying the increased Charge occasioned by the said Sums of Eleven millions six hundred thousand Pounds, except the Charge in respect of six hundred thousand Pounds raised for the Service of the Prince Regent aforesaid; and also for the Purpose of defraying the Charge occasioned by Seven millions nine hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills funded as aforesaid, until some other Provision shall be made by Parliament for defraying the said Charges; and in case there shall be any Remainder of the Monies arising by the said Duties, after defraying the said Charges, such Remainder or Surplus shall, until the same shall be discontinued or specially appropriated by Parliament, be applicable and may be applied to such Uses and Purposes as the Monies composing the Consolidated Fund may by Law be applied.

Powers of recited Acts in relation to the Excise Duties extended to this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained, in relation to the said several Duties

Duties of Excise thereby respectively granted, and the Drawbacks or Bounties of Excise allowed thereon respectively, shall remain and continue in force, and be respectively applied, practised, and put in Execution in respect of the said several Duties, Drawbacks, and Bounties respectively, or such Parts or Proportions thereof respectively, as shall from Time to Time be continued by virtue of this Act, in as full and ample a Manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said Clauses, Powers, Provisions, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures were respectively repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall wilfully aid or assist in the forging or counterfeiting any Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, made forth by virtue of this Act, or alter any Number, Figure, or Word therein, or present for Payment, utter, vend, barter, or dispose of any such forged, counterfeited, or altered Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, (knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or altered,) then and in every such Case all and every such Person and Persons being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Forging or uttering Certificates or Orders, Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine. [10th June 1809.]

“ Treasury may issue Exchequer Bills, in Manner prescribed by
 “ 48 G. 3. c. 1. chargeable on Supplies of 1809, and payable at any
 “ Time on Fourteen Days Notice. § 1, 2. But not to issue Ex-
 “ chequer Bills on the Credit of 49 G. 3. c. 1. in any other Manner
 “ than they are authorized by that Act, &c. § 3. Interest on such
 “ Exchequer Bills not exceeding $3\frac{1}{2}$ d. per Centum per Diem. § 4.
 “ Such Exchequer Bills may, at the Expiration of Four Months after
 “ Date, be taken in Payment of the Revenue. § 5. Bank of England
 “ authorized to advance 6,000,000*l.* on Credit of this Act. § 6.

C A P. XCIV.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [10th June 1809.]

“ Number of Tickets 60,000. § 1. Amount of Prizes at a Rate not
 “ exceeding 1*ol.* per Ticket. § 4.

XI. And be it enacted, That the said Managers and Directors shall on each Day of Drawing, as soon as conveniently may be after the said Drawing is over, cause to be printed and published complete numerical Lists of all the Tickets, as well Fortunate as Blank, which shall be drawn on each Day; and if any Contention or Dispute shall arise in the adjusting the Property of the said Fortunate Tickets, it shall be wholly in the Judgment of the major Part of the said Managers and Directors to determine to whom it doth or ought to belong: And

List of the Tickets of each Day's Drawing to be printed. Disputes to be adjusted by the Managers.

if

Penalty on
forging Tickets,
&c. Felony
without Clergy.

if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or willingly act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, made forth by virtue of this present Act, or alter any Number, Figure, Word, or Letter therein, or knowingly utter, vend, barter, or dispose of, any such false, altered, forged, or counterfeited Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, or shall bring any such forged or counterfeited Ticket, Certificate, or Order, or any such Ticket, Certificate, or Order, the Number whereof, or any Figure, Word, or Letter therein, shall have been altered, (knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, or altered.) to the said Managers and Directors, or any of them, or to the Cashier or Cashiers, or Accountant General of the Bank of *England* for the Time being, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, with a fraudulent Intention; or shall willingly aid, abet, assist, hire, or command, any Person or Persons to commit any such Offence or Offences as aforesaid, then, and in every such Case, all and every such Person or Persons being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy: And the said Managers and Directors, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized, required, and empowered, to cause any Person or Persons bringing or uttering such forged or counterfeited Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, Order or Orders, as aforesaid, or aiding, abetting, assisting, hiring, or commanding, any Person or Persons therein, to be apprehended, and to commit him, her, or them, to His Majesty's Gaol of *Newgate*, or to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where such Person or Persons shall be so apprehended, to be proceeded against for the said Felony according to Law.

“ Persons licensed to share Tickets shall deposit 150 Tickets, or more, as the Commissioners shall direct. § 22. 28.

Persons sharing
Tickets, &c.
contrary to
Licence shall
forfeit 100l.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall divide Tickets into Shares, or issue Chances without the Authority of such Licence as aforesaid, or in any other Houe or Place besides that named in the Licence, or in any other Manner contrary to such Licence, or to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Lottery Offices
to be open from
Eight till Eight.
Penalty 50l.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no such Office for Lottery Tickets licensed as aforesaid, shall be open for the Transaction of any Business under such Licence before the Hour of Eight of the Clock in the Morning, nor after the Hour of Eight of the Clock in the Evening, except on the Evening preceding the Drawing of any Lottery; and if any such Office or Place shall be wilfully kept open in point of Time contrary to this Act, the Person or Persons licensed to keep such Office shall, for every such Offence, forfeit Fifty Pounds.

Lottery to be
drawn in One
Day, to prevent
Insurances.

XL. And Whereas it is expedient for the more effectual Prevention of Insurances and other illegal Practices in Lotteries, that each Lottery should be drawn in One Day; Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, to order and direct that each or any of the said Lotteries

Lotteries shall be drawn in One Day, and to make such Regulations as to the preparing of any Books, and the Mode of numbering and marking of any Tickets, and also as to the Number of Tickets in any such Lottery, and the Forms and Numbers of Chances of Tickets in any such Lottery, and as to the Proportion of such Tickets to be drawn for the Purpose of ascertaining the Fortunate Tickets, and the Mode of drawing the same, and as to all other Matters and Things necessary for drawing each or any of such Lottery in One Day, as shall appear to them to be expedient and proper for carrying into execution the Purposes aforesaid, and all such Rules, Regulations, Matters, and Things so made, and which shall be published in the *Gazette* Two Months at least before the drawing of any such Lottery, shall be as good, valid, and effectual, as if the same were enacted in this Act.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or shall willingly act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting, any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances, or any Agreement or Agreements, for any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances respectively, of any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery to be drawn in pursuance of this Act; or alter any Number, Figure, Word, Letter, or Stamp, therein or thereon; or shall knowingly utter, vend, barter, or dispose of any such forged, counterfeited, or altered Share or Shares, Chance or Chances, or Agreement or Agreements for any Share or Shares, Chance or Chances of any Ticket or Tickets, with Intent to defraud any Person or Persons, then, and in every such Case, all and every Person and Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and suffer as a Felon.

Counterfeiting
Shares, &c.
Felony without
Clergy.

“ Last Lottery under 48 G. 3. c. 139. may be drawn in One Day
“ under Direction of the Treasury. § 61.

[In all other Particulars this Act is precisely similar to 47 G. 3. c. 9.
mutatis mutandis.]

C A P. XCV.

An Act for further regulating the Constitution of the Board of Commissioners for auditing the Publick Accounts.

[10th June 1809.]

“ **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of
“ His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for making more* 46 G. 3. c. 141.
“ *effectual Provision for the more speedy and regular Examination and Audit*
“ *of the Publick Accounts of this Kingdom,* His Majesty was empowered § 2.
“ to nominate and appoint such Number of Persons (including therein
“ the Persons who should at that Time hold the Situation of Com-
“ missioners for auditing the Publick Accounts) as should make the
“ Number of such Commissioners amount to Ten in the whole, who
“ should thenceforth be the Commissioners for auditing the Publick
“ Accounts of this Kingdom; and the Commissioners of the Treasury § 5.
“ were empowered to subdivide the General Board of the said Ten
“ Commissioners into such and so many Boards as to them should seem
“ expedient; and it was enacted, that any Thing directed to be done § 7.
“ by the Commissioners for auditing the Publick Accounts, or by
“ any of the Boards into which the said Commissioners might be
“ divided, may be done by the Majority of the said Commissioners, or
“ by

‘ by the Majority of any of the said Boards respectively : And whereas
 ‘ in pursuance of the said recited Act Ten Commissioners were duly
 ‘ appointed, but Doubts have arisen what Number of Commissioners
 ‘ shall be requisite to constitute a General Board of Commissioners,
 ‘ and also whether the Majority required by the said recited Act for
 ‘ doing any Thing directed to be done by the said Commissioners must
 ‘ be a Majority of Commissioners actually present at a General Board,
 ‘ or the Majority of the whole Number of Ten Commissioners ;’ Be
 it therefore enacted and declared by the King’s most Excellent Majesty,
 by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and
 Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,
 and by the Authority of the same, That any Five of the said Commissioners
 shall constitute a General Board, and shall have Power to do any Act,
 Matter, or Thing, which may be done by the Commissioners by virtue
 of the said recited Act.

Five Commissioners shall constitute a General Board.

Majority of General Board present may act.

II. And be it further enacted, That any Thing which is, under the Authority of the said recited Act, or the Acts therein referred to, directed to be done by the said Commissioners, may be done by the Majority of the Commissioners actually present at any such General Board, at which not less than Five Members shall be present as aforesaid.

C A P. XCVI.

An Act to provide for a durable Allowance of Superannuation to the Officers of Excise, under certain Restrictions.

[10th June 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS no Provision whatever is made by the Laws now
 ‘ in force for superannuated and worn-out Officers, and other
 ‘ Persons employed in the Revenue of Excise, to the great Dis-
 ‘ couragement of such Officers and other Persons, and the manifest
 ‘ Injury of the Revenue; for Remedy thereof, be it enacted by the
 King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent
 of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
 Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from
 and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for
 the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, or any Three or
 more of them for the Time being, by Warrant under their Hands,
 to grant and allow out of the Revenue of Excise of *England*, to any
 Officer or other Person who shall have been employed in the said
 Revenue for and during the Space of Ten Years at the least, and who
 shall by Age or Infirmary have become incapable of properly executing
 or performing the Duties of his Office, a Pension, Annuity, or yearly
 Payment not exceeding Three-fourth Parts of the Average annual
 Amount of the Salary which shall have been received by such Officer
 or other Person during the whole Period of Seven Years preceding
 the Resignation of such Officer or other Person.

Treasury empowered to grant Annuities out of the Excise of England to Officers superannuated.

And also Pensions to Officers suffering from Accidents in Execution of their Duty.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, to grant and allow out of the said Revenue of Excise to any such Officer or other Person as aforesaid, who, by Accident met with in the Execution of his Duty, shall be rendered totally incapable of performing the same, notwithstanding such Officer or other Person may not have been

been employed in the Revenue of Excise the full Time before mentioned, a Pension, Annuity, or yearly Payment not exceeding Three-fourth Parts of the annual Amount of the yearly Salary actually received by or payable to such Officer or other Person, at the Time when such Officer or other Person shall have met with the Accident by which he shall have been so rendered incapable of executing or performing his Duty: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend to authorize or empower the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to grant or allow any Pension, Annuity, or yearly Payment out of the Revenue of Excise, to any Officer or other Person whatever, except such Officer or other Person only who shall at the Time of his Resignation have been in the fair and *bonâ fide* Receipt, payable out of the said Revenue of Excise, of at least One hundred and eighty Pounds *per Annum*, nor in the Case of any Person under the Rank of a Commissioner, until it shall have been certified to the said Lords Commissioners, under the Hands of the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the Time being, that such Officer or other Person claiming or soliciting any such Pension, Annuity, or yearly Payment as aforesaid, is from Age or Infirmary become incapable of properly executing or performing the Duty of such his Office or Station, and that he has been employed in the Service of the said Revenue at least Seven Years, and what yearly Salary such Officer or other Person shall have received for and during the preceding Seven Years, and that such Officer or other Person had, during his Employment, supported the Character of having faithfully discharged the Duties of his Office or Station, or, in case of Accident as aforesaid, that such Officer or other Person has been by such Accident rendered totally unable to execute or perform the Duty of such his Office or Station; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. 'And Whereas, for the Relief and Support of the inferior Officers of Excise when superannuated or worn-out, certain Deductions have been for many Years last past, and are now made under the Directions and Authority of Warrants of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, out of the Salaries of Officers and other Persons employed in the Revenue of Excise: And whereas the Commissioners of Excise, to whom the Money arising by such Deductions is entrusted, are prevented from making the greatest Advantage thereof, for want of a Power to vest in some of the joint Stocks of Annuities transferable at the Bank of *England*, such Part thereof as may not be immediately required to be expended; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the Time being, to vest in the Purchase of any Share or Shares of any of the joint Stocks of Annuities transferable at the Bank of *England*, any Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be collected, granted, or appropriated for the Relief and Support of such superannuated or worn-out inferior Officers of Excise as aforesaid, and that all and every the Share and Shares of any of the joint Stocks of Annuities transferable at the Bank of *England*, which shall from Time to Time be so bought and purchased by the said Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for the Time being as aforesaid, shall be transferred to the Account and kept in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, as the Share and

For Improvement of Superannuation Fund already established, Commissioners of Excise may invest Money in Funds, receive Dividends, &c.

Shares of and in such joint Stocks respectively, of "the Trustees of the Fund, for the Relief and Support of superannuated or worn-out inferior Officers of Excise;" and that the Two Commissioners of Excise for the Time being who shall be appointed by Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual to preside at all Meetings of the Board of Excise, and the Secretary to the said Board for the Time being, shall have the sole Management, Disposal, Sale, and Transfer of all the said Share and Shares of the said joint Stocks of Annuities so entered and kept in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* as aforesaid, and any One or either of them shall from Time to Time receive and give Receipts for all Dividends arising therefrom: Provided always, that previous to any such Two Commissioners and Secretary first acting in such Management, Disposal, Sale, or Transfer, or in the Receipt of such Dividends, and also upon every new Appointment in consequence of the Death, Resignation, or Removal of all or any of them, a Warrant shall for that Purpose be granted to such Two Commissioners and Secretary for the Time being by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three of them, and produced to and deposited with the proper Officers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, as the Authority for such Management, Disposal, Sale, or Transfer, or the Receipt of such Dividends.

C A P. XCVII.

An Act for empowering the Board of Ordnance to exchange Lands at *Purfleet*, in the County of *Essex*, for other Lands in the said Parish. [10th June 1809.]

" His Majesty empowered (in consequence of any Agreement by
 " the Master-General of the Ordnance) to exchange any Piece of
 " Land now vested in him at *Purfleet* for any other Piece of Land
 " there. § 1. Money necessary to be paid for equalizing such Ex-
 " change may be paid by Order of said Master-General, out of any
 " Monies applicable to the Ordnance Service. § 4, 5.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in *Great Britain*, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof. [10th June 1809.]

43 G. 3. c. 68. **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the
 Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to repeal the*
Duties of Customs payable in Great Britain, and to grant other Duties
in lieu thereof; the Duties of Customs were simplified and consol-
 idated: And whereas many new and additional Duties of Customs
 have been from Time to Time granted since the passing of the said
 Act, and which for the better ascertaining the annual Produce and
 Appropriation thereof have been kept distinct and carried to separate
 Accounts, both in the Receipt thereof and in His Majesty's Ex-
 chequer, and the Computation of the Duties of Customs has thereby
 again become complicated and intricate: And Whereas it is expedient
 for the affording Facility and Accommodation to mercantile Trans-
 actions, that the several Duties of Customs now payable, (except
 as is herein-after provided,) should be again consolidated: And
 ' whereas

' whereas it is necessary for carrying into Execution the Purposes
 ' aforesaid, that all such Duties (except as in this Act mentioned)
 ' shall cease and determine, and that other Duties of Customs should
 ' be granted in lieu thereof: And Whereas it will greatly simplify the
 ' keeping the publick Accounts of the Revenue of Customs, if the
 ' Duties were received and accounted for annually in Two Sums only,
 ' the one being the Produce and Amount of the Revenue of Customs
 ' granted to His Majesty as permanent Additions to the Revenue, and
 ' made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*; and the other
 ' being the Produce and Amount of the Duties of Customs and Ton-
 ' nage granted to His Majesty, during the Continuance of the present
 ' War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive
 ' Treaty of Peace, and to be so carried to account in the Exchequer
 ' (except as herein-after is provided); and that separate Accounts for
 ' Ten Years from the respective Periods at which any of the said
 ' Duties were granted, should no longer be kept, but that in lieu
 ' thereof, Accounts should be laid before Parliament for such respective
 ' Periods as aforesaid, of the Produce of such Duties as far as the same
 ' can be ascertained: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it
 ' may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent
 ' Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual
 ' and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,
 ' and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth
 ' Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all and singular
 ' the Subsidies, Customs, Impositions, or Duties whatever, (respecting
 ' the Revenue of Customs) payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Suc-
 ' cessors, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, on or
 ' immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight
 ' hundred and nine, upon the Importation or Exportation respectively,
 ' of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, into or from *Great Britain*,
 ' or upon any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, being brought or carried
 ' coastwise, from one Port or Place in *Great Britain* to any other Port
 ' or Place within the same, (except as in this Act mentioned,) or upon
 ' any Ship or Vessel according to the Tonnage thereof, entering or
 ' clearing Outwards or Inwards at any Port within *Great Britain*, and
 ' the several and respective Drawbacks allowed upon the Exportation
 ' of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize from *Great Britain*; and also
 ' all the additional Imposts or Duties charged upon the Product and
 ' Amount of the said several Duties of Customs, shall cease and deter-
 ' mine; save and except in all Cases relating to the recovering, allowing
 ' or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may on the said Fifth
 ' Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, remain unpaid,
 ' or to any Fines, Penalties, or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively,
 ' which shall have been incurred at any Time before the said Fifth Day
 ' of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine: Provided always, that
 ' nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend
 ' to repeal or anywise alter the Duties of Package, Scavage, Baillage,
 ' or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty
 ' and Citizens of the City of *London*, or to the Lord Mayor of the said
 ' City for the Time being, or to any other City or Town Corporate
 ' within *Great Britain*, or any other special Privilege or Exemption, to
 ' which any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, is or are
 ' now entitled by Law, but the same shall be continued as heretofore.

From 5 July
 1809, the
 present Duties of
 Customs and
 Drawbacks
 shall cease,

Except as to
 Arrears, &c.

Duties of
 Package, &c.
 to the City of
London, &c.
 continued.

From July 5, 1809, Duties and Drawbacks in annexed Schedule and Tables shall be levied, and allowed in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks.

Duties payable by Weight, &c. shall be paid in proportion.

Tonnage Duties on Vessels to or from Foreign Parts shall be paid each Voyage, according to their Register under 26 G. 3. c. 50.

All Acts relative to the Revenue of Customs shall be applied in Execution of this Act.

II. ' And Whereas it is necessary that other Duties of Customs should be granted to Your Majesty in lieu of the Duties repealed by this Act; we Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* in Parliament assembled, have therefore given and granted to Your Majesty the several Duties of Customs herein-after mentioned, and do humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, in lieu and stead of the Subsidies and Duties of Customs hereby made to cease and determine, there shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, in ready Money (except as herein-after is provided) without any Discount whatever, upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandize imported and brought into *Great Britain* from Parts beyond the Sea, and upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandize exported from *Great Britain*, and upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandize brought or carried Coastwise from One Port or Place in *Great Britain* to any other Port or Place within the same, and upon Ships or Vessels, according to the Tonnage thereof, entering Outwards or Inwards at any Port within *Great Britain*, the several Duties of Customs as the same are respectively inserted, described, and set forth in Figures in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D.; and that there shall also be paid or allowed the several Drawbacks of the said Duties of Customs, as the same are also respectively inserted, described, and set forth in Figures in the said Schedule and Tables marked A. and B.; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties granted and imposed by this Act, and made payable according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, Measure, or Value of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize charged with such Duties, shall be charged and payable upon any greater or less Weight, Number, Quantity, or Value thereof than the Weight, Number, Quantity, or Value particularly inserted, described, and set forth in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed marked A. B. and C. in proportion to the actual Weight, Number, Quantity, or Value of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties of Tonnage hereby imposed on Ships and Vessels entering Outwards or Inwards to or from Foreign Parts, shall be paid to the proper Officer appointed to receive the same on the Entry Outwards, and within Fourteen Days after the Report Inwards, each and every Voyage any such Ship or Vessel shall so enter Outwards or report Inwards at any Port within *Great Britain*, and that the Tonnage of every such Ship or Vessel, being *British*-built or *British*-owned, shall be computed and taken according to the Register thereof, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the further Increase and Encouragement of Shipping and Navigation*, and that the Tonnage of every other Ship or Vessel, in case of any Doubt or Dispute relative thereto, shall be ascertained by Admeasurement, in the Mode and Manner prescribed and directed by the said Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Act of Parliament in force on and immediately before the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, by which any Rules, Regulations, Conditions,

or Restrictions were made, established, or directed, for the ascertaining the Value of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, or for the remitting or allowing of any Deduction of any Duties on account of Damage, or for the better securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the regular Importation into or Exportation from *Great Britain*, or the bringing or carrying Coastwise, or from Port to Port within *Great Britain*, or the entering, landing, or shipping of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize whatever, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, and all Provisions, Clauses, Matters, and Things relating thereto, shall, and are hereby declared to be and remain in full Force and Effect, and shall be applied to the Subject of this Act, and for carrying the same into Execution as fully and effectually as if they had been repeated and re-enacted in this present Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, and on Ships and Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, and which are particularly described and set forth in Figures in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. under the Title and Description of Temporary or War Duties, shall continue in Force during the Continuance of the present War, and for Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Duties imposed by this Act upon the Importation of Sugar, and inserted, described, and set forth in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed, marked A. B. and C. shall continue and be in Force until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and no longer; and shall be appropriated, applied, and accounted for, according to the Provisions of an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intitled, *An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt, Sugar, Tobacco, and Snuff, in Great Britain, and on Pensions, Offices, and Personal Estates in England, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine*, and that a separate Account of such Duties shall be kept at the Custom House distinct and apart from all other Duties of Customs, and the same shall be paid into the Exchequer pursuant to the Provisions of the said recited Act, as to the Duties by the said Act granted on Sugar.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall appear by Notice in the *London Gazette*. in Manner directed by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and for Six Months after the Expiration thereof, by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, additional Duties on certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandize. imported into and exported from, or brought or carried Coastwise within Great Britain*, that the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, taken in Manner directed by the said recited Act for Four Months preceding the Fifth Day of *January*, the Fifth Day of *May*, and the Fifth Day of *September* respectively in every Year, shall be below Forty-nine Shillings the Hundred Weight, then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the Time being, and they are hereby authorized to suspend, until a new Average according to the said recited Act shall be published, the Sum of One Shilling in the Hundred Weight, Part of the Temporary or War Duty on Sugar by this Act granted; and if such Average

Continuance of
Temporary or
War Duties Six
Months after
Ratification of a
Treaty of Peace.

Continuance of
Duties on Sugar
25 March 1810;
and to be applied
as under
49 G. 3. c. 1.

When Average
Price of Brown
or Muscovado
Sugar is below
49s. 48s. or 47s.
per Cwt. 1s. 2s.
or 3s. of the War
Duty may be
suspended. [See
46 G. 3. c. 42.
§ 10; 32 G. 3.
c. 43. there
referred to; and
also 49 G. 3.
c. 43.]

Price shall be below Forty-eight Shillings, then Two Shillings of the said Duty; and if such Average Price shall be below Forty-seven Shillings, then Three Shillings of such Duty; and to continue from Time to Time, if the Case shall so require, according to the Averages published as aforesaid.

Saving for the Provisions of Union Acts, &c. between Great Britain and Ireland, respecting Duties on Goods imported or exported.

IX. Provided a ways, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal or alter any of the Provisions contained in Two Acts for the Union of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, the one made in the Parliament of *Great Britain* in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and the other made in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act or Acts in Force on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, by which any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, or any Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, exported from *Great Britain* to *Ireland*, are respectively made to remain liable to, or are charged with or exempted from any Duties of Customs, whether counter-vailing or others, or by which any Drawbacks or Bounties are allowed or given in respect of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize.

" Act shall not repeal or affect Tonnage Duties under the *London Port Act*, 39 G. 3. c. lxx. : or the *Quarantine Act* 45 G. 3. c. 10.—§ 10.

An Act shall not affect Duties under 48 G. 3. c. 26.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or in any way to affect, alter, vary, or repeal any of the Duties granted by or any of the Provisions contained in an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, Duties of Customs on the Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, therein enumerated, in Furtherance of the Provisions of certain Orders in Council*; or in an Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for imposing, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, a Duty on Cotton Wool, the Growth of the British Colonies, exported from Great Britain*; or the Provisions contained in another Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for making valid certain Orders in Council, and Warrants of the Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Entry and Warehousing of certain Goods imported in Neutral Vessels, and for indemnifying all Persons concerned therein; for the remitting of Forfeitures in certain Cases; and for enabling His Majesty to allow, during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Two Months after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament, the Importation of Goods from Countries from which the British Flag is excluded, in any Vessels whatever*, or in an Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend so much of Two Acts of this Session of Parliament, for carrying into Execution certain Orders in Council, as relates to the Duties on Goods exported from the Warehouses in which they have been secured on Importation, and on certain Prize Goods imported into Great Britain or Ireland*.

48 G. 3. c. 35.

48 G. 3. c. 37.

49 G. 3. c. 71.

" Act shall not affect Duties under 45 G. 3. c. 10. § 12. See § 10.

Fish of British taking and curing may be imported in British Ships Duty free.

XIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That Fish of every Kind or Sort whatever of *British* taking and curing, caught, or taken in any Part of the Ocean by the Crews of any Ships or Vessels built in *Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, or Man,*

or

or in any of the Colonies, Plantations, Islands, or Territories which now belong, or at the Time of building such Ships or Vessels did belong, or which may hereafter belong to or be in the Possession of His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, and wholly belonging to and owned by His Majesty's Subjects, and navigated and registered according to Law, shall and may be imported into *Great Britain* in Ships built, owned, navigated, and registered as aforesaid, without Payment of any Duty of Customs whatever; any Thing in this Act or any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that before such Fish shall be admitted to Entry, the Master or other Person having the Command of the Ship or Vessel in which such Fish shall be imported, shall make Oath before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs, at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) that such Fish was actually caught, taken, and cured wholly by His Majesty's Subjects.

Oath on Entry.

XIV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to charge with the Duty of Tonnage by this Act imposed, any Ship or Vessel employed in the Fisheries on the Coast of *Great Britain*, and not entering outwards for Foreign Parts, or to charge the said Tonnage Duty on any *British*-built Ship or Vessel owned by *British* Subjects; which is not required to be registered by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force, on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, or on any Ship or Vessel whatsoever, which shall enter Outwards or Inwards in Ballast only: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to repeal or discontinue any Drawback of the Duties of Customs on any Sort of Wine intended for the Use of Admirals, Captains, and other Commissioned Officers serving in any of His Majesty's Ships of War by any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, or to prevent Tobacco for the Use and Consumption of the Crew of any Ship of War in actual Service, being removed for that Purpose from the Warehouse in which it may have been deposited without Payment of any Duty of Customs, in Cases wherein Tobacco might have been so removed by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force on or before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine: Provided always, that all the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in Force immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, relating respectively to any such Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs, or to any such Tobacco respectively, shall be duly observed and enforced in relation thereto.

Exemptions from Tonnage Duty; Fishing Vessels; Vessels in Ballast, &c.:

Saving for Drawbacks allowed to Officers in the Navy on Wine; and Tobacco for the Use of Seamen.

XV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to compel the Proprietor or Proprietors of Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, to pay the Duties upon the Importation or Landing thereof, in Cases in which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, might on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, have been at the Request of the Importer or Proprietor thereof, lodged and secured in Warehouses, or in any Places approved of for that Purpose, by the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His

Duties shall not be payable on landing Goods which may by Law be warehoused.

Duties under this Act shall be paid on taking out Goods allowed to be delivered for Home Consumption; having been warehoused before 5 July 1809.

Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, or by the Commissioners of the Customs in *England*, or any Four or more of them, or the Commissioners of the Customs in *Scotland*, or any Three or more of them, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, on and immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, during the Continuance of any such Act or Acts respectively: Provided also, that in case the Importer or Proprietor of any Goods, Wares, and Merchandize which shall have been lodged in Warehouses or otherwise secured, by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force, on or immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and on which the Duties due on the Importation thereof shall not have been paid, shall be desirous of taking any such Goods out of such Warehouse, or from any Place wherein secured for the Purpose of being used or consumed in *Great Britain*, then and in such Case, the Duties imposed by this Act shall be payable thereon, except as hereinafter is provided, notwithstanding such Goods may have been imported into *Great Britain*, and warehoused before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine: Provided also, that nothing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to permit any Goods to be delivered from such Warehouse or Place, for the Purpose of being used or consumed in *Great Britain* unless such Goods could have been lawfully so delivered, to be used or consumed before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine.

“Duty under 43 G. 3. c. 70. made payable by 43 G. 3. c. 132. § 22.
“on Warehoused Goods, shall not be paid on such Goods, though
“warehoused before 5th *July* 1809. § 16.

Goods imported by the East India Company and warehoused under 39 G. 3. c. 59. and Prize Goods warehoused under 43 G. 3. c. 134. fraudulently removed, shall be forfeited.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize imported into this Kingdom by the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of an Act passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported from the East Indies to be warehoused, and for repealing the Duties now payable thereon, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, or of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize taken and condemned as Prize, and warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of the Captors of Prizes with respect to the bringing and landing certain Prize Goods in Great Britain during Hostilities*, shall be embezzled or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed in, or fraudulently or clandestinely removed from or out of any Warehouse or Place wherein the same shall have been so lodged or secured, all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize so embezzled or fraudulently or clandestinely hid or concealed or removed, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or of Excise in Cases where that Revenue is concerned, and the Person or Persons so embezzling, hiding, concealing, or removing the same, or aiding or assisting therein, or to whose Hands the same shall knowingly come, shall be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties as if such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize had been fraudulently unshipped or landed without Payment of Duty.

XVIII.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That where by the Table hereunto annexed, marked (B.), the Duties of Customs hereby imposed upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandize imported by the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies* are charged not according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be ascertained by the Gross Price at which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall be sold at the Publick Sales of the said Company, and the said Duties shall be paid thereon accordingly as the same are inserted, described, and set forth in Figures in the said Table marked (B.).

Value of East India Goods imported by the Company shall be ascertained by the gross Price at their Sales. [See § 21. as to private Importation.]

4. Duties under this Act shall be payable on Goods imported by the *East India* Company remaining in Warehouse untill after 5th July 1809, though imported before. § 19. No Pepper sold at the *India* Company's Sales after June 1, 1804, shall be taken out of Warehouse till the Duty under this Act be paid. § 20.

XXI. And whereas by this Act Duties of Customs are payable on certain Articles according to the true and real Value thereof, to be ascertained by the Gross Price at which such Goods shall have been publickly sold at the Sales of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*: And whereas much Inconvenience and Delay hath arisen in the Payment of the Duties and Delivery of Articles brought from the *East Indies*, either as Presents or for private Use, particularly Specimens of Natural History, Models, Drawings, and other Articles tending to illustrate or improve the Arts or Sciences, arising from the Necessity of such Articles being exposed to Publick Sale by the *East India* Company, in order to ascertain the Value according to which the Duties payable by Law are to be levied and collected, and such Articles are also thereby frequently exposed to great Injury and Damage: And whereas it is expedient in order to remedy such Inconvenience and Delay, that the Duties of Customs payable on such Goods should be ascertained without the same being in future exposed to Publick Sale; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons who shall import, or bring into *Great Britain* from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of *England*, trading to the *East Indies* any of the Articles before-mentioned, or any Articles whatever (not being prohibited to be used or consumed in *Great Britain*), on which the Duties of Customs are now chargeable according to the Value thereof, either as Presents or for private Use, and not by way of Merchandize, to enter the same with the proper Officers of His Majesty's Customs, such Goods having been first lodged and housed in Warehouses according to Law, and that the Value of such Goods according to which the Duties of Customs are due and payable, shall be ascertained according to the Declaration of the Value thereof, to be made by the Owner or Proprietor, or his known Agent, in the like Manner and Form, and under all the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject and liable to such and the like Forfeitures and Penalties as are prescribed, directed, and imposed, with respect to Goods not imported by the *East India* Company, and on which the Duties of Customs are payable according to the Value thereof.

Persons bringing Goods, from the limits of the *East India* Company's Trade, as Presents, or for private Use, may enter them, and the Value shall be ascertained by Declaration as in case of Goods not imported by the Company. [See § 26.]

Q4

" Goods

“ Goods for private Use, &c. on which Duties have not been paid,
 “ may be entered, and Value ascertained, although imported before
 “ July 5, 1809; Proof being given that they were for private
 “ Use. § 22.

After the Ratifi-
 cation of a
 Definitive Treaty
 of Peace, East
 India Company
 may sell for
 Home Consump-
 tion or Exporta-
 tion India Silk
 Handkerchiefs
 subject to Duties
 under this Act.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Termination of the War by the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, it shall and may be lawful for the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, to expose to Sale either for the Purpose of being worn or used in *Great Britain*, or for Exportation, any Silk Handkerchiefs of the Manufacture of *Persia*, *China*, or the *East Indies*, that shall have been or may thereafter be secured in the Warehouses of the said United Company, subject nevertheless to the Duties by this Act imposed, or which may hereafter be imposed thereon; and all such Silk Handkerchiefs on which such Duties shall have been duly paid, shall and may be worn or used in *Great Britain*, or sold or exposed to Sale therein, and shall not be subject to Seizure or Forfeiture, nor shall the Person or Persons who shall wear or use the same, or who shall sell or expose to Sale the same, or have the same in his, her, or their Custody or Possession, be liable to any Penalty or Penalties, or Fine or Fines whatever on account thereof, any Law, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Limitation of the
 Quantity for
 Three Years.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That for the Space of Three Years from and after the said Ratification, the said United Company shall not, in any One Year, sell or expose to Sale a greater Quantity of such Silk Handkerchiefs than Fifty thousand Pieces, and that such Fifty thousand Pieces shall be of the usual Length, and of the Sorts that shall have been usually exposed to Sale.

Like Bounty
 shall be allowed
 on Exportation
 of Sugar, if
 refined from
 Sugar imported
 by the East India
 Company as if
 from British
 Plantation
 Sugar.

XXV. And Whereas certain Bounties are allowed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar, produced from Raw Sugar imported from the *British* Plantations in *America*: And Whereas it is expedient that the like Bounties should be allowed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar produced from Sugar imported by the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, there shall be paid and allowed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar produced from Sugar imported by the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, the like Bounty as is now or hereafter may be allowed by Law on the Exportation of the like Sort or Description of Refined Sugar, produced from Raw Sugar imported from the *British* Plantations in *America*, subject in every Respect to the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, now by Law practised and applied with respect to the Bounty allowed on the Exportation of Refined Sugar.

Where Goods
 are chargeable
 according to the
 Value, it shall be
 considered on
 Importation as at
 the Port of
 Importation,
 which shall be

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where by the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed upon the Importation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize into *Great Britain*, are charged, not according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be taken and considered as the same shall be at the Port of Importation, without any Abatement or Deduction whatever, except of so much as the Duties payable on the Importation thereof by this Act

An Act shall amount to, and that such Value shall be ascertained (except as in this Act is provided) by the Declaration of the Importer or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize so imported, or of his known Agent or Factor, in the Manner and Form, and under all the Rules and Regulations, and subject to the Rules and Regulations, and subject to the same Forfeitures and Penalties, as are prescribed, directed, and imposed for ascertaining and collecting Duties to be paid according to the Value thereof, by an Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for applying the said Duties, together with the other Duties composing the Publick Revenue; for permitting the Importation of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, the Produce or Manufacture of the European Dominions of the French King, into this Kingdom: and for applying certain unclaimed Monies remaining in the Exchequer for the Payment of Annuities on Lives to the Reduction of the National Debt, and in case such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall not be valued according to the true and real Value thereof, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then it shall be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs to cause the same to be detained, and the said Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall be dealt with, and the proper Officers of the Customs shall proceed in every Respect in the Manner prescribed in such Case by the said recited Act.*

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where, by the Schedule annexed marked A. the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed upon the Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize from Great Britain, and charged, not according to the Weight, Tale, Gauge, or Measure, but according to the Value thereof, such Value shall be taken and considered as the same shall be at the Port of Exportation, without any Deduction or Abatement whatever, except of so much as the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon at the Time of the Entry of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize shall amount to, and that such Value shall be ascertained (except as in this Act is provided) by the Declaration of the Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, or of his known Agent or Factor, in the Manner and Form, and under all the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and subject to the same Forfeitures and Penalties as are prescribed, directed, and imposed for ascertaining and collecting the Duties to be paid according to the Value thereof, by the said recited Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and in case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall not be valued according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then it shall be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs to cause the same to be detained, and the said Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall be dealt with, and the proper Officers of the Customs shall proceed in every Respect except as herein-after is provided, in the Manner prescribed in such Case by the said recited Act.

XXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, subject to Duty on Exportation by this Act, according to the Value thereof, shall on Examination by the proper Officers of the Customs, be found to be under-valued, and shall on that Account be detained, the Exporter or Proprietor shall in such Case be paid the Value of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize,

ascertained according to 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 17, 18. and if not truly valued they may be detained; [See § 18. 21, 22. as to East India Goods.]

On Exportation the Value shall be considered as at the Port of Exportation, &c. as under 27 G. 3. c. 13. § 19.

In case Goods be undervalued the Exporter shall be paid according to the Declaration made on Entry, and the Goods detained.

chandize, according to the Declaration made on the Entry thereof for Exportation, together with the Amount of the Customs paid thereon, at the Time of the Entry thereof, without any further Allowance whatever; any Thing in the said recited Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

If on making Entry of British Goods for Exportation the real Value cannot be ascertained, Exportation may be permitted on Oath of the Fact, and Bond being given for the Duties, &c.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if at the Time of making the Entry for the Exportation of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of *Great Britain*, on which the Duties of Customs by this Act granted, are charged in the Schedule hereunto annexed marked (A.), according to the Value thereof, the Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, so entered for Exportation, his known Agent or Factor shall not be able to ascertain the true and real Value thereof, it shall be lawful for the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, to permit such Exporter or Proprietor, Agent or Factor, to ship or export such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, upon making Oath that such real Value cannot be ascertained, and upon Bond being given either by the Exporter or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, or by the known Agent or Factor of such Exporter or Proprietor, to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, with one sufficient Surety in Treble the Amount of the supposed or estimated Duty on the Value of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, conditioned for the Payment of the Duties hereby imposed, within Three Months, and according to the true and real Value thereof, and for producing the Invoice and Bills of Parcels, or such other Documents as shall be required by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, in case the Production thereof shall be thought necessary by such Officers of the Customs, for the Purpose of ascertaining the true and real Value of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, so exported as aforesaid.

The Entry shall state whether the Exporter is Proprietor or Agent, &c.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation of all Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, of which the real Value cannot be ascertained, and in Cases where the Duties are allowed to be secured by Bond as aforesaid, the Name of the actual and real Exporter, whether such Exporter shall be the Proprietor or the Agent or Factor of the Proprietor, shall be declared in the Entry, together with the Name of the Agent or Factor making the Entry, and giving such Bond, and the Declaration of the Value of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, according to which the Duties shall be ascertained and paid, and the Bond canceled, shall in all such Cases be signed by such actual and real Exporter, and not by any Clerk, Agent, or Broker, of such Exporter.

Penalty of true Value for making a false Declaration.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Exporter of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, entered for Exportation, shall knowingly and fraudulently make any false Declaration of the Value of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, after the same shall have been allowed to be shipped for Exportation, every such Exporter shall for every such Offence forfeit a Sum equal to the true and real Value of all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize.

Commissioners of the Customs may direct Goods detained, as not truly valued, to

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize upon which Duties of Customs are hereby imposed, shall be detained by any Officer of the Customs on account of the same not being valued according to the true and real Value thereof,

thereof, and according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act. it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England* for the Time being, or any Four or more of them, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *Scotland* for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction that no Fraud was intended, to direct the Goods to be delivered, and the Entry to be amended, upon such Terms and Conditions as under the Circumstances of the Case shall appear to the said Commissioners of the Customs in *England* and *Scotland* respectively to be reasonable, and as they shall think fit to direct: Provided always, that if the Importer, Exporter, or Proprietor of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall accept the Terms or Conditions prescribed by the said Commissioners of the Customs respectively, such Importer, Exporter, or Proprietor shall not have or be entitled to any Recompence or Damage, on account of the Detention of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, or have or maintain any Action whatever for the same; any Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

be delivered, &c. on Proof that no Fraud was intended.

Proprietor shall not have Damages.

“ Recital of 43 G. 3. c. 156. for enabling the Treasury to purchase
 “ the Prifage and Butlerage of Wines; and 46 G. 3. c. 79. confirming
 “ an Agreement for purchase thereof in certain Ports from the
 “ Duke of *Grafton*. All Monies on account of Prifage and Butlerage
 “ of Wine received since July 5. 1806, shall be paid over to the
 “ Collector of the Customs. § 33. Produce of Composition for
 “ Prifage received since 5 July 1806, shall be paid in like Man-
 “ ner. § 34.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, no Wine of any Sort shall be admitted to Entry for Prifage either in the Port of *London* or either of those Ports in *England* where the Right of Prifage has been so purchased as aforesaid, but that Wine imported into *London*, or either of the said Ports, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, be subject and liable to the Duties of Customs, and no other, as in Cases of regular Importation, as the same are described and set forth in Figures in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A).

After 5 July 1809, no Wine shall be admitted in certain Ports to Entry for Prifage, but shall pay Duties of regular Importation.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Duty called Butlerage, and the Money formerly received by any or either of the Deputies of the said Duke of *Grafton*, or any other Person for him or them under the Denomination of Composition, shall cease, determine, and be no longer due and payable.

After 5 July 1809, Butlerage Duty shall cease.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That before any Blubber, Train Oil, or Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, or Whale Fins, imported into *Great Britain*, as being the Produce of Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a *British*-built Ship or Vessel wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects, usually residing in *Great Britain*, *Ireland*, or the Islands of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, registered and navigated according to Law, shall be admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty by this Act imposed on such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fins respectively when imported in such Shipping, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the

On Entry of Blubber and Oil, &c. as imported in British Ships and taken by British Subjects, Oath shall be made of the Facts, &c.

the Ship or Vessel in or on board of which the said Articles shall be imported, shall make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port in *Great Britain* into which the same shall be imported, who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same, that the same was or were *bonâ fide* the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually taken and caught by the Crew of any such Ship or Vessel; and the Importer, or Proprietor, or Consignee of such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, or Head Matter, or Whale Fins, shall also make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other Chief Officer of the Customs, (who are hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath,) at the Time of the Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief the Articles so imported were *bonâ fide* the Produce of Fish, or Creatures living in the Sea, actually taken and caught by the Crew of a *British*-built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in *Great Britain, Ireland,* or the Islands of *Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man,* registered and navigated according to Law; on Failure whereof the said Articles shall be deemed and taken to be of Foreign Fishing, and charged with the Duty imposed by this Act on such Articles of Foreign Fishery.

On Entry of Blubber and Oil, &c. as of the British Fishery of Newfoundland, &c. the Master shall produce a Certificate from the Officer of Customs, &c. at the Port in the Colony, and make Oath of the Facts, &c.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That before any Blubber, Train Oil, or Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fins, imported into *Great Britain* as being taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of *Newfoundland* and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, and residing therein, or as being actually taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any *British* Colony or Plantation in *North America,* or usually residing in any other *British* Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, shall be admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty by this Act imposed on such Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fins respectively, when imported in a *British*-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the same shall be imported, shall produce and deliver to the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of the Port of Importation, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal of the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs of the Port or Place in the Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement where the Articles shall have been taken on board; or if no such Officer shall be residing there, then a Certificate shall be produced under the Hand and Seal of the Governor, or in his Absence under the Hand and Seal of the Deputy-Governor, of such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, testifying that Oath had been made before him (who is hereby authorized and required in such Case to administer the same, and to grant such Certificate) by the Master of the Ship from which the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fins mentioned in such Certificate, had been landed in such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement; that the same was or were really and *bonâ fide* the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, actually caught and taken wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery, and usually residing in such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement; and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of the Ship or Vessel in which the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fins shall

shall be so imported into *Great Britain*, shall make Oath before such Collector or other Chief Officer at the Port of Importation (who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same) that the Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fins so imported are the same as mentioned and referred to in the said Certificate, and the Importer or Importers, Consignee or Consignees of such Articles respectively, shall also make Oath before the Collector or Comptroller, or other proper Officer of the Customs (who are hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) at the Time of the Entry, that to the best of his or their Knowledge and Belief the Articles so imported were actually caught and taken by *British* Subjects usually residing in such Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, as the Case may be, and on Failure of such Certificate being produced, and Proof on Oath as aforesaid being made, the Articles shall be deemed and taken to be of Foreign Fishing, and charged with the Duty by this Act imposed on such Articles of Foreign Fishing.

XXXIX. 'And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether Foreign Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, which have been regularly imported into *Great Britain*, and afterwards exported from thence to Parts beyond the Seas, are upon Re-importation subject to the Duties of Customs;' Be it therefore declared and enacted, That all such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, so returned into *Great Britain*, shall be subject and liable to all such Duties of Customs as are by this Act granted upon Importation of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize.

Foreign Goods exported and re-imported, shall be subject to Duty.

XL. 'And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty-fourth Year of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the encouraging the making of Pot Ashes and Pearl Ashes in the British Plantations in America*, certain Certificates and Oaths were required to be produced and made on the Entry of any Pot and Pearl Ashes of the Product and Manufacture of any of the *British* Colonies in *America*: And whereas the Production of such Certificates, and the requiring such Oaths, are no longer necessary;' Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Act shall be, from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, repealed.

24 G. 2. c. 51. requiring Certificate on Entry of *British* Colonial Pot and Pearl Ashes, repealed.

XLI. 'And Whereas it is expedient to encourage the Importation of Raw Linen Yarn into *Great Britain*;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and during the Continuance of Hostilities, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to import into *Great Britain* any Sort of Raw Linen Yarn, in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, subject to such and the like Duties only as would have been due and payable for such Raw Linen Yarn if the same had been imported in a *British*-built Ship or Vessel, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law.

During the War, Raw Linen Yarn may be imported in Vessels of any Country in Amity, under Duties as in *British* Ships.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties of Customs by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in *England* for the Time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, shall be under the

Duties shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs.

the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in *Scotland* for the Time being.

Duties and Drawbacks under this Act shall be levied, &c. as under the Acts relating to former Duties, unless hereby altered.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Sums of Money respectively inserted, described, and set forth, in Figures in the said Schedule and Tables herunto annexed marked A. B. C. and D. as the Duties of Customs, and the Drawbacks of the Duties of Customs upon, for, or in respect of the several Goods, Wares, or Merchandize specified therein, or as the Duties of Customs on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, may and shall respectively be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, and allowed, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, in such and the like Manner, and by the same Means, Ways, or Methods, as former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandize in general, and also by any such special Means, Ways, or Methods respectively, as former Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandize of the same Sorts or Kinds, or Duties on Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, and allowed, and the Goods, Wares, or Merchandize whereon Duties of Customs are by this Act charged, and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs allowed as the same are respectively inserted, described, and set forth in the said Schedule and Tables herunto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. upon the Importation thereof into, or Exportation thereof from *Great Britain*, or on any other Account whatever, and all Ships and Vessels whereon any Duties are charged or payable according to the Tonnage thereof, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions, Seizures, and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares, or Merchandize in general, and also all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Seizures, Sales, and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, or Ships or Vessels whereon any Duties are chargeable or payable according to the Tonnage thereof respectively, were subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, respecting the Revenue of Customs, or such Tonnage Duties as aforesaid, except where any Alteration is expressly made by this Act, and all Pains, Penalties, Fines, and Forfeitures of whatever Nature or Kind the same may be, as well Pains of Death as others for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or such Tonnage Duties as aforesaid, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers, Provisions, and Declarations contained in any such Act or Acts, shall (unless where expressly altered by this Act), and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised, and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Customs and Drawbacks of Duties of Customs hereby charged and allowed, in as full and ample Manner to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties,

Penalties, or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act and made Part thereof.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England* for the Time being, or any Four or more of them, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *Scotland* for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, finally to settle and close the Accounts of any Collectors or Receivers of any Part of the Revenue of Customs, or other Duties under their Management, notwithstanding any erroneous Application of any Duties of Customs received by them; and the said Commissioners are hereby respectively empowered to correct such Application, in order to prevent the Accounts of any such Collectors or Receivers from being kept open, unsettled, and unliquidated; and all such Corrections shall and are hereby directed to be allowed by the Commissioners for better examining and auditing the Publick Accounts of the Kingdom, in the passing the general Account of Customs, Subsidies, or Imposition.

Commissioners of Customs empowered finally to settle the Accounts of Collectors, &c.

“ Duties of Customs received after 5 *July* 1809, though the Amount
 “ may have become due and been computed, or secured by Bond
 “ before that Time, shall be applied in like Manner as the Duties
 “ by this Act granted, except otherwise provided. And Drawbacks
 “ paid in like Manner. § 45.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties of Customs imposed by this Act, described in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. under the Head of Permanent Duties (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, except as by this Act is specially provided, and shall be appropriated in like Manner and to the same Services as the Permanent Duties hereby repealed would have been if this Act had not been passed.

Permanent Duties shall be carried to the Consolidated Fund.

XLVII. ‘ And Whereas by divers Acts for granting several of the Duties hereby repealed, it is provided, that during the Space of Ten Years then next ensuing, there should be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer, a Book or Books in which all the Monies arising from the said respective Duties should, together with such other Duties as were respectively granted for the Purpose of making permanent Additions to the Publick Revenue, and of defraying any Charges occasioned by certain Loans made, and Stocks created by the Authority of Parliament, be entered, separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs or Successors, upon any Account whatever: And whereas it is expedient, that the Permanent Duties by this Act granted and described as Permanent Duties, except where special Provision is otherwise made by this Act, should be entered in one Account, but that Provision should nevertheless be hereby made for ascertaining the Produce of such several Grants of Duties for the Remainder of such respective Periods;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Duties of Customs and Tonnage granted by this Act as Permanent Duties, except as by this Act is otherwise specially provided, shall be entered together

Account of Permanent Duties shall be kept separate, according to Directions of the Treasury, and laid before Parliament with the Accounts required by 42 G. 3. c. 79.

together in one Account, and that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the Time being, shall, for and during the Remainder of the respective Periods of Ten Years to be computed from the Time of granting such of the said Duties as aforesaid, as were so directed to be entered separately as aforesaid, cause separate and distinct Accounts of what such Duties would have amounted to, in case the same had not been and were not respectively hereby consolidated and collected with other Duties of Customs and Tonnage, to be made out in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, best adapted to ascertain such Amounts respectively, which Accounts the said Lord High Treasurer, or Lords Commissioners for the Time being, are hereby required to cause to be laid before Parliament, together with the Publick Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament, pursuant to the Provisions of the said recited Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty aforesaid, intituled, *An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for discontinuing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.*

XLVIII. 'And Whereas in the Consolidation of the Duties of Customs on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, under this Act, such Duties are, in various Instances increased,' be it therefore enacted, That of the Monies arising or to arise out of such Increase of the Duties hereby granted, and which Duties are denominated and described in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. under the Title of Permanent Duties, the Sum of One hundred and five thousand Pounds, being the estimated Produce of such Increase, shall be deemed an Addition made to the Revenue for the Purpose of defraying the increased Charge occasioned by any Loan made or to be made by virtue of any Act or Acts passed or to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

XLIX. 'And Whereas by the Consolidation of the different Branches of the Publick Revenue, and of the several Duties payable on the Importation and Exportation of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, and the Appropriation thereof, as directed by the said recited Act of the Twenty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign and subsequent Acts, the Hereditary and Temporary Revenues of the Crown of Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and of other Duties upon Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, are not now kept distinct and separate at the several Offices, but have become blended with other Duties of Customs and Tonnage, both in the Collection and Appropriation thereof: And whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for ascertaining the annual Amount of what such Hereditary Revenues would have produced in case the same had not been so consolidated, and that an Account should hereafter be kept of such annual Amount;' Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, shall cause to be prepared and kept, an Account of what such Hereditary Revenue would have amounted to in case the same had not been and was not hereby consolidated and collected with other Duties

105,000l. estimated Increase of Permanent Duties deemed an Addition to the Revenue, applicable to Services of 1809.

Treasury shall cause an Account to be kept of what the Hereditary Revenue of the Crown would have produced if not blended with other Duties, and to be laid before Parliament with the Accounts required by 42 G. 3. c. 70.

Duties of Customs and Tonnage in the Collection and Appropriation thereof, in such Manner and Form as shall appear to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, best adapted to ascertain such Amount, which Account the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners for the Time being are hereby required to make out, or cause to be made out and laid before Parliament, together with the Publick Accounts directed to be laid before Parliament pursuant to the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for directing certain Publick Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament, and for discontinuing certain other Forms of Account now in Use.*

L. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to affect or alter the Hereditary Revenue of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors in Scotland, or other Revenues there granted to His late Majesty King George the Second during His Life, and reserved to His present Majesty during His Life by an Act made in the First Year of His Majesty's Reign: but the same and the Civil Establishment payable out of the same shall continue to be paid in like Manner as heretofore; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

LI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for charging the Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created, in order to defray the Charge of Twelve millions Part of the Loan for the Service of the then Year, it was directed that the annual Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds should be during the Continuance of the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace: set apart, and appropriated to the Consolidated Fund out of the Produce of the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the War, and until certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; Be it therefore enacted, That the Duties of Customs described in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D. under the Head of "Temporary or War Duties," shall be chargeable with the same annual Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds in like Manner, in the same Proportion, and for the like Period, and under the same Regulations and Provisions in all Respects, as the Duties of Customs in the said last recited Act mentioned, which are hereby repealed, and all the Provisions contained in the said last recited Act with respect to the Duties of Customs hereby repealed shall be in force, and applied to the Duties of Customs described as last aforesaid, under the Head "Temporary or War Duties."*

LII. And be it further enacted, That the Monies arising by the Duties of Customs described in the Schedule and Tables hereunto annexed, marked A. B. C. and D, under the Head of "Temporary or War Duties,"

Hereditary Revenue in Scotland shall not be altered. [See 1 G. 3. c. 1. § 8.]

47 G. 3. st. 1. c. 35.

Temporary or War Duties chargeable with the annual Sum of 1,200,000l. under recited Act. [See also 49 G. 3. c. 92.]

Account of Temporary or War Duties shall be kept separate, and applied in

aid of the
Services for
1809, and sub-
sequent Years.

or War Duties," (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted.) shall from Time to Time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer distinctly and apart from all other Branches of the Publick Revenues, and that there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt of the Exchequer, a Book or Books in which all the Monies arising from the said respective Duties, and paid into the said Receipt as aforesaid, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, upon any Account whatever, and the said Monies so paid into the said Receipt (subject to the Appropriation directed by the said last recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, with respect to the Duties therein mentioned and hereby repealed, as is herein-before mentioned) shall, from Time to Time, as the same shall be paid into the said Receipt, be issued and applied to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* in this present Session of Parliament, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, or shall be voted for the Service of any subsequent Year, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized to issue and apply the same accordingly.

Limitation of
Actions,
Three Months.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and if the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his, her, or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared; or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant had in other Cases to recover Costs by Law.

Defendant
may plead
General Issue.

Treble Costs.

" Act may be altered or repealed this Session. § 54.

SCHEDULE

SCHEDULE and TABLES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

A SCHEDULE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS payable on the IMPORTATION into Great Britain of certain Goods, Wares, and Merchandize therein enumerated or described, and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain;

ALSO,

Of the Duties of Customs payable on the EXPORTATION of Goods, Wares, and Merchandize from Great Britain;

LIKEWISE,

Of the Duties of Customs payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize brought or carried COASTWISE or from one Port or Place to any other Port or Place within Great Britain, and of the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation thereof from Great Britain;

AND ALSO,

Of the TONNAGE DUTIES of Customs payable on Ships or Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards in Great Britain, from or to Foreign Parts.

INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
A.			
Aecacia, the lb.	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
Acetofella Sal, <i>See</i> Sal.			
Acorus, the lb.	0 0 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 3	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Adiantum, the lb.	0 0 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 3	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Agaric, the cwt.	1 4 0	—	0 8 0
Agates, <i>viz.</i>			
— polished or otherwise manufactured, for every £100 of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
— rough or unmanufactured, for every £100 of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Alderney, Island of, <i>See</i> Guernsey.			
Ale, <i>See</i> Beer.			
Alkali, not otherwise enumerated or de- scribed, for every £100 of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Alkanet Root, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Alkekenge Baccæ, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Alkermes, <i>viz.</i>			
— Confectio, the oz.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
— Syrup, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
Almond Paste, for every £100 of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0

R 2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS,	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Almonds, <i>viz.</i>									
— Bitter, the cwt.	1	0	0	0	13	4	0	6	8
— Jordan, the cwt.	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
— of any other Sort, the cwt.	1	10	0	1	0	0	0	10	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Almonds of all Sorts may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Oil of, See Oil.									
Aloes, <i>viz.</i>									
— Socotorina, imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
— not imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
— of any other Sort, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
Alum, the cwt.	0	11	0	0	7	4	0	3	8
— Plume, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Roch, the cwt.	0	7	0	0	4	8	0	2	4
Amber, <i>viz.</i>									
— Beads, See Beads.									
— Oil of, See Oil.									
— Rough, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Ambergris, the oz.	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Ambra Liquida, the lb.	0	3	6	0	2	4	0	1	2
Ammi Seed, See Seed.									
Ammoniacum, <i>viz.</i>									
— Gum, See Gum Ammoniacus.									
— Sal, See Sal Ammoniacus.									
Anacardium, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
Anchor Stocks, See Wood.									
Anchovies, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Anchovies may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Angelica, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Angusturæ Cortex, See Cortex.									
Animi Gum, See Gum.									
Aniseed, See Seed.									
— Oil of, See Oil.									
Annotto, the cwt.	1	5	0	—			0	8	4

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Antimonium, viz.									
— Crudum, the cwt.	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	2	0
— Preparatum or Stibium, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Apples, the Bushel	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
— dried, the Bushel	0	4	3	—	—	—	0	1	5
Aquafortis, the cwt.	0	9	0	—	—	—	0	3	0
Arabic Gum, See Gum.									
Arangoes, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa, for every 100l. of the Value	2	0	0	—	—	—	0	13	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Arangoes may be so imported, See 5 Geo. 3. cap. 30. *									
Archelia, See Orchemia.									
Argol, the cwt.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Aristolochia, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Armenian Bole } See Bole Armoniac.									
Armoniac									
Arquebusade, See Spirits.									
Arrow Root, or Powder, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
— the Produce of any of the British Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the lb.	0	0	1½	—	—	—	0	0	0½
Arsenic, the cwt.	0	9	0	—	—	—	0	3	0
Arafetida, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Afarum Root, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Ashes, viz.									
— Fechia, the cwt.	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
— Pearl and Pot, imported in a British- built Ship, the cwt.	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	1	2
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	4	0	—	—	—	0	1	4
— of the British Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— Soap, Weed, and Wood, the cwt.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— not otherwise enumerated or de- scribed, for every 100l. of the Value	2	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Asphaltus, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Asses, each	2	2	0	—	—	—	0	14	0
Aurentiorum Cortex, See Limonium in Cortex.									
Auripigmentum, See Orpiment.									

* [See also 43 G. 3. c. 69. § 41.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
B.			
Baccæ Alkekengi, <i>See</i> Alkekengi Baccæ.			
Bacon or Hams, the cwt. -	2 17 6	—	0 19 2
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Badger Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Balks, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Balls, <i>viz.</i> Washing Balls, the lb. -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Balm of Gilead, the lb. -	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Balfam, <i>viz.</i>			
Artificial, the lb. -	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Canada, the lb. -	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
Copaiva or Capivi, the lb. -	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Balfam Capivi may be secured in Ware- houses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Natural, the lb. -	0 2 6	0 1 8	0 0 10
not otherwise enumerated or de- scribed, for every 100l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Balustia, the lb. -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Banditting Twist, the dozen knots -	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Barbadoes Tar, <i>See</i> Tar.			
Barilla, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -	0 8 6	0 5 8	0 2 10
not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -	0 9 0	0 5 8	0 3 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Barilla may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Bark, <i>viz.</i>			
Jesuits, <i>See</i> Cortex Peruvianus.			
Oak, the cwt. -	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Oak Bark may be imported on Payment of this Duty, <i>See</i> 12 Geo. 3. cap. 50. con- tinued by subsequent Acts and by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 85. further continued for Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Bark, continued.			
— Black Oak, or Quercitron, for the Purpose of dying, imported from any Country, not in Europe, in Casks containing not less than 150lbs. net, the cwt.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
- - otherwise imported, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
— Red Mangrove imported in Casks containing not less than 150lbs. net, the cwt.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
— - otherwise imported, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Barley, See Corn.			
— Hulled, See Pearl Barley.			
Barras, Dutch, See Canvas in Linen.			
Basket Rods, the Bundle, not exceeding Three Feet in Circumference at the Band	0 2 0	—	0 0 2
Baskets, viz.			
— Hand Baskets, the Dozen	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Basons of Marble, See Stones.			
Bast Ropes, the cwt.	0 3 9	—	0 1 3
Bast or Straw Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.			
— Plating or other Manufacture of Bast or Straw for making Hats or Bonnets, See Plating.			
Batten Ends, } See Wood.			
Battens,			
Battery, the cwt.	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0
Bay Berries, See Berries.			
Bay, Oil of, See Oil.			
Bay, or Myrtle Wax, See Wax.			
Bay Yarn, See Woollen Yarn in Yarn.			
Bdcellium, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
Beads, viz.			
— Amber Beads, the lb.	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6
— Coral Beads, the lb.	0 10 0	0 6 8	0 3 4
— Crystal Beads, the 1000	0 18 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
— Jet Beads, the lb.	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 0
— not otherwise enumerated or de-			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Beads, <i>continued</i> .			
scribed, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Beans, <i>See</i> Corn.			
Kidney or French Beans, the Bushel	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Bear Skins, } <i>See</i> Skins.			
Beaver Skins, }			
Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.			
Bed Feathers, <i>See</i> Feathers for Beds, in Feathers.			
Beds, <i>See</i> Feather Beds.			
Beech Boards, } <i>See</i> Wood.			
Plank, }			
Quarters, }			
Beef, <i>viz.</i>			
from the Isle of Man. <i>See</i> Man, Isle of.			
whether salted or otherwise, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Beer or Bigg, <i>See</i> Corn.			
Beer, <i>viz.</i>			
Mum, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons	0 14 0	0 9 4	0 4 8
Spruce Beer, the Barrel containing 32 Gallons	0 17 0	0 11 4	0 5 8
or Ale, of all other Sorts, the Barrel, containing 32 Gallons	0 8 9	0 5 10	0 2 11
Mum, Beer, and Ale, are subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Bees Wax, <i>See</i> Wax.			
Bell Metal, <i>See</i> Metal.			
Belvedere Railins, <i>See</i> Railins.			
Benjamin, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
Bergamot, Essence of, <i>See</i> Essence.			
Berries, <i>viz.</i>			
Bay, the cwt.	0 7 0	—	0 2 4
Juniper, the cwt.	0 7 0	0 4 8	0 2 4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Juniper Berries may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Myrtle, the lb.	0 0 4 ¹ / ₂	0 0 3	0 0 1 ¹ / ₂
Yellow, for Dyers Use, the cwt.	0 18 0	—	0 6 0
for Dyers Use, not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt.	0 15 0	—	0 5 0

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Berries, <i>continued.</i>									
— not for Dyers Use, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Bestials, <i>See</i> Man, <i>Use</i> of.									
Bezoar Stones, the oz.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
Bigg or Beer, <i>See</i> Corn.									
Birds, <i>viz.</i> Singing Birds the Dozen	0	5	0	—			0	1	8
Biscuit, <i>See</i> Bread.									
Bitumen Judiacum, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Blacking, the cwt.	2	5	0	—			0	15	0
Bladders, the Dozen	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Blubber, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil.									
Boards, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Bole Armoniac or Armenian Bole, the cwt.	0	5	0	0	3	4	0	1	8
Bones of Cattle, for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats.									
Books, <i>viz.</i>									
— bound, the cwt.	4	2	0	—			1	7	4
— unbound, the cwt.	3	1	6	—			1	0	6
Borax, <i>viz.</i>									
— refined, the lb.	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
— unrefined or Tincal, the lb.	0	0	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	3	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Botargo, the lb.	0	0	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	—			0	0	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
Bottles, <i>viz.</i>									
— of Earth or Stone, the Dozen	0	2	0	—			0	0	8
— of Glass covered with Wicker, the Dozen Quarts	0	13	9	—			0	4	7
— of Green or common Glass, full or empty, not of less Content than One Pint, and not being Phials, the Dozen Quarts	0	5	0	—			0	1	8
— of Glass, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	72	0	0	—			24	0	0
Note.—Flasks in which Wine or Oil is imported are not subject to Duty.									
Bowls or Baskets of Wood, the dozen	0	1	3	—			0	0	5
Bowsprits, <i>See</i> Masts in Wood.									
Boxes, <i>viz.</i>									
— Dressing Boxes, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
— Nest Boxes, the Gross, containing 12 dozen Nests, each Nest containing 8 Boxes	0	17	6	0	11	8	0	5	10
— Pill Boxes, the Gross, containing 12 dozen Nests, each Nest containing 4 Boxes	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Boxes, continued.</i>									
— Sand Boxes, the Gros, containing 12 dozen Boxes	0	5	6	0	3	8	0	1	10
— Snuff Boxes, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Box Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Bracelets or Necklaces of Glass, the Gros, containing 12 Bundles or Deckers, each Bundle or Decker containing 10 Necklaces	0	6	0	—	—	—	0	2	0
Brandy, <i>See</i> Spirits.									
Brass, <i>viz.</i>									
— Manufactures of, not otherwise enu- merated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
— Old, <i>See</i> Shruff.									
— Powder of, for Japanning, <i>See</i> Powder.									
— Wire, <i>See</i> Wire.									
Brazil.									
— Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, the Growth, Produce, and Manufac- ture of Brazil, or any other Terri- tories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, which are not prohibited by Law from being imported from Foreign Countries, may be entered and landed on Payment of such Duties of Customs and Excise, and no higher, as are payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the like Denomination or Description, upon their Importation into Great Britain, from any other foreign Country; and in Cases where dif- ferent Duties are imposed upon Goods, Wares, or Merchandize of the like Denomination or De- scription imported from different foreign Countries, then upon Pay- ment of the lowest Duties, which by Law are required to be paid on the Importation into Great Britain, of any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize from any other foreign Country; and where any Goods, Wares, or Merchan- dize are imported from Brazil,									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

Brazil, *continued.*

or any of the said Territories or Possessions, in a Ship or Vessel not being British-built, owned, navigated, and registered according to Law, such Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall be subject and liable to the Duties due and payable on similar Articles when imported in such Ship from any other foreign Country.

For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Goods may be so imported and entered and landed, See 48 Geo. 3. cap. 11. and cap. 109.

For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any of the Articles enumerated or described in the Table marked A. annexed to the Act of the 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. being of the Growth or Produce of Brazil, or any other Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, and imported directly from thence, may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 109. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.

Brazil Wood, } See Wood.
Brazilletto Wood, }

Bread or Biscuit, the cwt. -

See the Note under the Head of Corn.

Bricks, the 1000 -

Brimstone, or Sulphur Vivum, *viz.*

rough, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -

- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -

- - - in Rolls, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -

- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -

- - - in Flowers, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -

- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -

For the Conditions, Regulations, and

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Bread or Biscuit, the cwt.	0	2	6	-	-	-	0	0	10
Bricks, the 1000	0	14	0	0	9	4	0	4	8
Brimstone, or Sulphur Vivum, <i>viz.</i> rough, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	9	6	0	6	4	0	3	2
- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	10	0	0	6	4	0	3	4
- - - in Rolls, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	12	6	0	8	4	0	4	2
- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	0	0	8	4	0	4	4
- - - in Flowers, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	15	0	0	10	0	0	5	0
- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	15	9	0	10	0	0	5	3

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.

	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.						
	Duty.	Drawback.							
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brimstone, or Sulphur Vivum, continued. Restrictions under which Brimstone may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Brittles, viz. — dressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs. -	0	7	6	0	5	0	0	2	6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs. -	0	8	0	0	5	0	0	2	8
— rough or undressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs. -	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen lbs. -	0	2	6	0	1	6	0	0	10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Brittles undressed may be secured, in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Broken Glass, See Glass.									
Bronze Figures, for every tool of the Value — Powder, See Powder.	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
Brooms, viz. Flag or Whisk Brooms, the Dozen -	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
Bruges Thread, See Thread.									
Buck or Deer Skins, See Skins.									
Buckets of Wood, See Bowls.									
Buffalo Hides, See Hides.									
— Horns, See Horns.									
Bugle, viz. — great, the lb. -	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
— small or Seed, the lb. -	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Bugles may be warehoused, on Importation, See 5 Geo. 3. cap. 30.									
— great, to be warehoused, the Dozen lbs. -	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
— small or Seed, to be warehoused, the Dozen lbs. -	0	2	0	—			0	0	8
When taken out of such Warehouse to be used in Great Britain,									
— great, the lb. -	0	2	0	—			0	0	8
— small, or Seed, the lb. -	0	3	0	—			0	1	0
Bullion and Foreign Coin of Gold or Silver — Duty free.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Bull Rushes, the Load, containing 63 Bundles - - - -	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6
Bulls, See Cattle.			
See also the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
— Hides, See Hides.			
— Tails, See Tails.			
Burgundy Pitch, See Pitch.			
Burrachas, See India Rubbers.			
Burrs for Mill Stones, See Stones.			
See also the Note under the Head of Guernsey.			
Busts or Figures of Marble or Stones, See Stones.			
— - - - - not otherwise enumerated or described for every 100l. of the Value - - - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Butter, the cwt. - - - -	0 3 3	—	0 1 1
See the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
C.			
Cables tarred or untarred, whether in use or otherwise, the cwt. - -	0 13 6	—	0 4 6
Cable Yarn, See Yarn.			
Cajaputa, Oil of, See Oil.			
Cake Lac, See Lac in Gum.			
Cakes made of Linseed, See Linseed Cakes.			
— Rape Seed, See Rape Cakes.			
Calabar Skins, See Squirrel Skins in Skins.			
Calimnaris Lapis, See Lapis.			
Calamus Aromaticus, the lb. - - -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Callivances, the Bushel - - - -	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
See the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Callicoes printed, painted, stained, or dyed, imported from Europe under Licence for Exportation to Africa, for every 100l. of the Value - -	2 10 0	—	0 16 8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Callicoes may be so imported, See 5 G. 3. cap. 30.			
Calve Skins, See Skins.			
Calves, See Cattle.			
See also the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Calves Velves, the cwt. - - - -	0 7 3	0 4 10	0 2 5
Cambogium, See Gamboge.			
Cambricks, See Linen.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Camel Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.			
Camel or Mohair Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.			
Camomile Flowers, the lb. - - -	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
Camphire, <i>viz.</i>			
— refined, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
- - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
— unrefined, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
- - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
Cam Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Canada Balsam, <i>See</i> Balsam.			
Canary Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.			
Cancerum Oculi, the lb. - - -	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
Candles, <i>viz.</i>			
— Spermæti, the lb. - - -	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
— Tallow, the cwt. - - -	2 0 0	—	0 13 4
— Wax, the lb. - - -	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
Candlewick, the cwt. - - -	2 16 0	—	0 18 8
Cane Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats.			
— Plating or other Manufacture of Cane to make Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Plating.			
Canella Alba, the lb. - - -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Canes, <i>viz.</i>			
— Rattans, the 1000 - - -	1 1 6	0 14 4	0 7 2
— Reed Canes, the 1000 - - -	0 16 9	0 11 2	0 5 7
— Walking, the 1000 - - -	2 10 0	1 13 4	0 16 8
Cans of Wood, the Dozen - - -	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
Cantharides, the lb. - - -	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cantharides may be secured in Warehouses with- out Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Canvals, <i>See</i> Linen.			
Capers, the lb. - - -	0 0 4 $\frac{1}{2}$	0 0 3	0 0 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Capita Papaverum, the 1000 - - -	0 2 3	0 1 6	0 0 9
Caps, <i>viz.</i>			
— Cotton, for every 100l. of the Value	54 0 0	—	18 0 0
— Worked, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Caraway Seeds, <i>See</i> Seed.			
Cardamoms, the lb. - - -	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
Cards, <i>viz.</i> Playing Cards the Dozen Packs	2 10 0	—	0 16 4
Cariophyllorum Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex Cario- phylloides.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Cariophyllum, continued.</i>			
Oleum, <i>See</i> Oil of Cloves.			
<i>Carmentia</i> Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.			
<i>Carmine</i> , the oz. - - - -	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
<i>Carpets, viz.</i>			
— of Turkey, under Four Yards square the Carpet - - -	0 15 0	—	0 5 0
— Four Yards square and not exceeding Six Yards square the Carpet - - - -	3 0 0	—	1 0 0
— exceeding Six Yards square the Carpet - - - -	5 0 0	—	1 13 4
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, under which Turkey Carpets may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
<i>Carnabe, See</i> Succinum.			
Carriages of all Sorts, for every 100l. of the Value - - - -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Carrot Seed, } <i>See</i> Seed.			
<i>Carthamus</i> Seed, }			
<i>Carui</i> Oleum, <i>See</i> Oil of Carraway.			
<i>Cashew</i> Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.			
Nuts, <i>See</i> Nuts.			
Casks, empty, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons - - - -	0 15 0	—	0 5 0
<i>Cassia</i> Buds, the lb. - - - -	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
— <i>Fistula</i> , the lb. - - - -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
— <i>Lignea</i> , the lb. - - - -	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
<i>Castor</i> , the lb. - - - -	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Catlings or Lutestrings, the Gros, containing Twelve Dozen Knots -	0 4 0	0 2 8	0 1 4
Cat Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Cattle from the Isle of Man, <i>See</i> Man, Isle of.			
<i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
<i>Caviare</i> , the cwt. - - - -	0 7 6	—	0 3 6
<i>Cayenne</i> Pepper, <i>See</i> Pepper.			
Chalk, for every 100l. of the Value -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
Charts, <i>See</i> Maps.			
<i>Cheele</i> , the cwt. - - - -	0 2 9	—	0 0 11

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.				Temporary or War Duty.	
	Duty.		Drawback.			
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Cheese, continued. <i>See the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>						
Chemical Oil, See Oil.						
Cherries, the cwt. - - -	0	8	6	—	0	2 10
— dried, the lb. - - -	0	0	4½	—	0	0 1½
Chestnuts, See Nuts.						
Chimney Pieces of Marble or Stone, sculptured, See Stones.						
China Root, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0
China Ware, or Porcelaine, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	50	0	0	—	16	13 4
Chip Hats or Bonnets, See Hats.						
Chip, Manufactures of, to make Hats or Bonnets, See Platting.						
Cider the Tun, containing 252 Gallons - Subject also to a Duty of Excise.	7	10	0	5	0	0
Cinders the Chaldre, containing 36 Bushels Winchester Measure - - -	0	13	9	—	0	4 7
Cinnabar, See Vermilion.						
Cinnabaris Nativa, the lb. - - -	0	1	3	0	0	10
Cinnamon, viz. — The Produce of and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the lb.	0	1	6	—	0	0 6
— imported under Licence, the lb.	0	5	6	0	3	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cinnamon may be so imported from any Place, See 3 & 4 Ann. cap. 4. 8 Ann. cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1. cap. 21. See also, 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18. continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3. cap. 29. further continued to the 29th September 1809, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.*						
Cinnamoni Oleum, See Oil of Cinnamon.						
Citron preserved with Salt, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37	10	0	25	0	0
— - - - with Sugar, See Succades.						
Citron Water, See Spirits.						
Civet, the oz. - - -	0	3	0	0	2	0
Clap Boards, See Boards in Wood.						
Clocks, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37	10	0	—	12	10 0
Cloths, Woollen, See Woollen Cloths.						

* [§ 21.] * [Made perpetual, 49° G. 3. c. 20. § 4.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary OR War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Clover Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Cloves, <i>viz.</i>									
— the Produce of and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the lb. - -	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
— imported under Licence, the lb. -	0	3	6	0	2	4	0	1	2
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cloves may be so imported from any Place, <i>See</i> 3 & 4 Ann. cap. 4. 8 Ann. cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1. cap. 21. <i>See also</i> 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18. continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3. cap. 29. further continued to the 29th September 1809, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.*									
Coals, the Chalders, containing 36 Bushels Winchester Measure † - -	1	8	0	—			0	9	4
Cobalt, for every 100l. of the Value -	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Cochineal, the lb. - -	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cochineal may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137 and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Duff, the lb. - - -	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
Cocoa Nuts, the lb. - - -	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cocoa Nuts may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 120. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Coculus Indicus, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - -	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - -	9	3	0	—			0	1	0
Codilla of Flax, subject to Duty as Flax, for which, <i>See</i> Flax.									
— of Hemp, subject to Duty as Hemp, for which, <i>See</i> Hemp.									
Coffee, the lb. - - -	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									

* [Perpetual, *see* Cinnamon.] † [See 42 G. 3. c. 68. § 24.]
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SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Coffee, continued.</i>			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coffee may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 117. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 120. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126			
<i>Coin, viz.</i>			
— of Copper, See Copper.			
— Foreign, of Gold or Silver, See Bullion.			
Cole Seed, See Seed.			
Colocynth, See Coloquintida.			
Colophonia, See Rosin.			
Coloquintida, or Colocynth, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8
Colours for Painters, See Painters Colours.			
Columbo Root, the lb. - - -	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
Comfits, the lb. - - -	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
Coney Skins, See Skins.			
— Wool, See Wool.			
Confectio Alkermes, See Alkermes.			
Contrayervæ Lapis, See Lapis.			
— Radix, See Radix.			
Copaiba, or Capivi Balsam, See Balsam.			
Copal Gum, See Gum.			
<i>Copper, viz.</i>			
— Ore, the cwt. - - -	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
— Old, fit only to be re-manufactured, the cwt. - - -	0 5 9	—	0 1 11
— in Plates and Copper Coin, the cwt. - - -	0 9 6	—	0 3 2
— unwrought, viz. Copper in Bricks or Tigs, Rose Copper, and all Cast Copper, the cwt. - - -	0 5 9	—	0 1 12
— Part wrought, viz. Bars, Rods, or Ingots, hammered or raised, the cwt. - - -	0 19 3	—	0 6 5
— Wire, See Wire.			
— Manufactures of Copper, not otherwise enumerated or described, and Copper Plates engraved, for every 100 l. of the Value - - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
An additional Duty is payable until the 5th of April 1811, and from thence to the End of the then next			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Copper, continued.			
Session of Parliament, on Copper of the following Descriptions, viz.			
— Copper in Bricks or Pigs, Rose Copper, Cast Copper, Copper in Plates, Copper Coin, and Copper in Bars, Rods, or Ingots, hammered or raised, the cwt.	1 5 0	1 5 0	—
Note. —This additional Duty is not payable for any Copper imported in any Ship for which a Licence shall have been granted by His Majesty previous to the 23d April 1808, or which shall have been imported into any free Port in a British Island or Settlement in the West Indies, previous to the 1st August 1808.			
Copperas, viz.			
— Blue, the cwt.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— Green, the cwt.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— White, the cwt.	0 7 6	—	0 2 6
Coral, viz.			
— Beads, See Beads.			
— in Fragments, the lb.	0 0 7½	0 0 5	0 0 2½
— whole polished, the lb.	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6
— - - unpolished, the lb.	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
Cordage tarred or untarred, whether in Use or otherwise, (standing or running Rigging in Use excepted) the cwt.	0 13 6	—	0 4 6
Cordial Waters, See Spirits.			
Coriander Seed, See Seed.			
Cork, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 5 0	0 3 4	0 1 8
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0 5 6	0 3 4	0 1 10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cork may be secured in approved Places with out Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 120.			
Corks, ready made, the lb.	0 2 3	—	0 0 9
Corn.			

TABLE No. I.

The following Duties are payable on the Importation of Wheat, Wheat meal, or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beer, or Bigg, Oats, Oatmeal, Pease,

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Corn, continued</i>									
Beans, Indian Corn, or Maize, except from the Province of Québec and the other British Colonies or Plantations in North America, viz.									
Wheat, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
- - under 63s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1	5	0	—			0	8	4
- - at or above 63s. but under 66s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0	2	6	—			0	0	10
- - at or above 66s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
Rye, Pease, Beans, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
- - under 42s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1	2	6	—			0	7	6
- - at or above 42s. but under 44s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
- - at or above 44s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
Barley, Beer, or Bigg, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
- - under 31s. 6d. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1	2	6	—			0	7	6
- - at or above 31s. 6d. but under 33s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0	1	3	—			0	0	5
- - at or above 33s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
Oats, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is									
- - under 21s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	0	6	9	—			0	2	3
- - at or above 21s. but under 22s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
- - at or above 22s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
Wheatmeal or Flour, if the aggregate Average Price of Wheat at the Port of Importation is									
- - under 63s. per Quarter, high Duty, the cwt.	0	6	9	—			0	2	3

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Corn,—Wheatmeal or Flour, &c. <i>continued.</i>			
- - at or above 63s. but under 66s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the cwt.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
- - at or above 66s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the cwt.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
— Indian Corn or Maize, if the aggregate Average Price of Barley at the Port of Importation is			
- - under 31s. 6d. per Quarter high Duty, the Quarter	1 2 6	—	0 7 6
- - at or above 31s. 6d. but under 33s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
- - at or above 33s. per Quarter, second low Duty the Quarter	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— Oatmeal, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is			
- - under 20s. per Boll, of 140 lbs. Avoirdupois, or 128 lbs Scotch Troy, high Duty, the Boll	0 8 3	—	0 2 9
- - at or above 20s. but under 21s. per Boll, first low Duty, the Boll	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
- - at or above 21s per Boll, second low Duty, the Boll	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
TABLE No. 2.			
The following Duties are payable on the Importation of Wheat, Wheatmeal or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beer or Big, Oats, Oatmeal, Pease, Beans, Indian Corn, or Maize from the Province of Quebec, and the other British Colonies or Plantations in North America, <i>viz.</i>			
— Wheat, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is			
- - under 53s per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1 5 0	—	0 8 4
- - at or above 53s. but under 56s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
- - at or above 56s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
— Rye, Pease, Beans, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is			
- - under 35s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1 2 6	—	0 7 6

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£. s. d.
Corn,—Rye, Pease Beans, &c. <i>continued.</i>			
- - at or above 35s. but under 37s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
- - at or above 37s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— Barley, Beer, or Bigg, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is			
- - under 26s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1 2 6	—	0 7 6
- - at or above 26s. but under 28s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
- - at or above 28s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
→ Oats, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importa- tion is			
- - under 17s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	0 6 9	—	0 2 3
- - at or above 17s. but under 18s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
- - at or above 18s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— Wheatmeal or Flour, if the aggregate Average Price of Wheat at the Port of Importation is			
- - under 53s. per Quarter, high Duty, the cwt.	0 6 9	—	0 2 3
- - at or above 53s. but under 56s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the cwt.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
- - at or above 56s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the cwt.	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— Indian Corn or Maize, if the aggregate Average Price of Barley at the Port of Importation is			
- - under 26s. per Quarter, high Duty, the Quarter	1 2 6	—	0 7 6
- - at or above 26s. but under 28s. per Quarter, first low Duty, the Quarter	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
- - at or above 28s. per Quarter, second low Duty, the Quarter	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— Oatmeal, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importa- tion is			
- - under 16s. 6d. per Boll of 140			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Corn,—Oatmeal, &c. <i>continued.</i>									
lbs. Avoirdupois, or 128 lbs. Scotch Troy, high Duty, the boll	0	8	3	—			0	2	9
— Oatmeal, if the aggregate Average Price at the Port of Importation is at or above 16s 6d. but under 17s. 4d. per Boll, first low Duty, the Boll	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
— - - at or above 17s. 4d. per Boll, second low Duty, the Boll	0	0	3	—			0	9	1
— Wheat, Wheatmeal or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beer or Bigg. Oats, Oatmeal, Pease, Beans, Indian Corn, or Maize,									

For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions according to which the aggregate Average Price of such Corn shall be ascertained, and under which such Corn may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 31 Geo. 3. cap. 130. 33 Geo. 3. cap. 65. 44 Geo. 3. cap. 109. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 86.

Having been secured in Warehouses, when taken out to be used or consumed in Great Britain, and not first to be carried coastwise to some other Port of Great Britain where Foreign Corn of the same Sort may be imported on the low Duties, such Duties shall be paid, as shall at the Time of taking out be due and payable for the like Sort of Corn, Meal, or Flour imported into the same Port from any foreign Country; and also in addition to such Duties the several and respective Duties specified in the Table marked No. 1, under the Name of the first low Duties.

His Majesty in Council may, when the aggregate average Price of any Sort of Corn, or of Oatmeal in England or Scotland respectively shall appear to be at or above the Prices at which Foreign Corn, Meal, or Flour of the same Sort is allowed by Law to be imported, at the first low Duty, specified in the Table marked

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

Corn, *continued.*

No. 1, permit generally the Importation into England or Scotland respectively, or the taking out of Warehouse for Home Consumption of any such Sort of Foreign Corn, Meal or Flour, on Payment of the second low Duty only, as specified in the said Table No. 1, and no other; and such Permission shall continue in force for the Space of Six Months at least from the Date of the Order in Council made for that Purpose, See 31 G. 1. cap. 30. 33 Geo. 3. cap. 65. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 86.

His Majesty in Council is authorized, whatever may be the general Average Price of any Sort of Corn or Grain, or of Oatmeal in England and Scotland respectively, from Time to Time when and as often as the same shall be judged expedient, to permit generally the Importation into Great Britain of any Foreign Wheat, Rye, Barley, Beer, or Bigg, Pease, Beans, Oats, or any Meal or Flour, or Bread, Biscuit, or Malt made thereof, or any Indian Corn or Maize, or Meal or Flour made thereof, in any British Vessel, or in any other Vessel belonging to Persons of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, navigated in any Manner whatever; and also the taking out of Warehouse for Home Consumption of any such Foreign Corn or other Article as aforesaid, without Payment of any Duty whatsoever. His Majesty is likewise authorized in like Manner to recall such Permission, either in Part or in the Whole, if Circumstances shall appear so to require. See 39 Geo. 3. cap. 87. continued by several Acts, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 23. further continued to the 25th March 1810.

Duty.	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.
	Drawback.			
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Corn, <i>continued.</i>									
Note.—All Foreign Corn when delivered out of any Ship or Vessel in the Port of London, is subject also to a Duty of Two-pence per Last, or Ten Quarters, to be paid to the Inspector of Corn Returns.									
Corn, Powder, <i>See</i> Gunpowder.									
Cornu Cervi Calcinatum, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Cortex, <i>viz.</i>									
— Angusturæ, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cortex Angusturæ may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. c. 87. 46 G. 3. c. 137. and 48 G. 3. c. 126.									
— Cariophylloides, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— Eleutherizæ, the cwt.	0	12	6	0	8	4	0	4	2
— Guaiaci, the cwt.	0	17	6	0	11	8	0	5	10
— Limonium or Aurentiorum, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Peruvianus or Jesuits Bark, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Jesuits Bark may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Simarouba, the lb.	0	0	7½	0	0	5	0	0	2½
— Winteranus, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Costus, the lb.	0	0	7½	0	0	5	0	0	2½
Cotton Cloth of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man, <i>See</i> Man, Isle of.									
— Manufactures, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	54	0	0	—			18	0	0
Cotton Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.									
— Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.									
— Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.									
Cow or Ox Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.									
— Hides, <i>See</i> Hides.									
— Tails, <i>See</i> Tails.									
Cowage or Cowitch, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
Cowries, imported from Europe under Li-									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Cowries, continued.			
cence for Exportation to Africa, for every 100 l. of the Value -	2 0 0	—	0 13 4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cowries may be so imported, <i>See</i> 5 Geo. 3. cap. 30. *			
Cows, See Cattle.			
<i>See also the Note under the Head of</i> <i>Provisions.</i>			
Cranberries, the Gallon - - -	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Crapes, See Silk Wrought.			
Crayons, for every 100 l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Cream of Tartar, the cwt. - - -	0 10 0	—	0 3 4
Crout, viz. Sour C. out, for every 100 l. of the Value - - - - -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
<i>See the Note under the Head of Pro-</i> <i>visions.</i>			
Crytal, viz.			
— Beads, <i>See</i> Beads.			
— rough, for every 100 l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
— cut, or in any Way manufactured, for every 100 l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Cubebs, the lb. - - - - -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Cucumbers, viz.			
— pickled, the Gallon - - - - -	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
— preserved in Salt and Water, for every 100 l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Culm, the Chaldor containing 36 Bushels Winchester Measure - - - - -	1 0 6	—	0 6 10
Cummin Seed, See Seed.			
Currants, viz.			
— imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - - - -	1 8 0	0 18 8	0 9 4
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt - - - - -	1 10 0	0 18 8	0 10 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Currants may be secured in Warehouses with- out Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Cuttle Bones, the 1000 - - - - -	0 7 9	0 5 2	0 2 7
Cyperus, the cwt. - - - - -	0 10 0	0 6 8	0 3 4
D.			
Damask Tabling or Napkining, See Linen.			
Dates, the cwt. - - - - -	2 17 0	1 18 0	0 19 0
Deal Ends, See Wood.			

* [See also 42 G. 3. c. 40. § 41.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Deals, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Deer Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Denia Raisins, <i>See</i> Raisins.			
Derelict, Goods derelict, <i>See</i> Droits of Admiralty.			
Diagyridum, <i>See</i> Scammony.			
Diamonds, Duty free.			
Diaper Tabling or Napkining, <i>See</i> Linen.			
Dice, the Pair	0 16 6	—	0 5 6
Dittany, the lb.	0 0 7½	0 0 5	0 0 2½
Dog Skins, } <i>See</i> Skins.			
Dog Fish Skins, }			
Dog Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.			
Down, imported in a British-built Ship, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the lb.	0 0 10½	0 0 6	0 0 3½
Drawings, coloured, each	0 2 0	—	0 0 8
— plain, each	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Dressing Boxes, <i>See</i> Boxes.			
Drillings, <i>See</i> Linen.			
Droits of Admiralty, coming within the Denomination of derelict Flotfam, Jetsam, or Lagan, are not subject to Duty.			
Drugs, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity, <i>See</i> the several Articles in alphabetical Course.			
— not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Duck, <i>See</i> Sail Cloth in Linen.			
Dust, perfumed, <i>See</i> Perfumed Dust.			
E.			
Earthenware, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	50 0 0	—	16 13 4
East India Goods, for the Duties and Drawbacks on Goods imported by the East India Company, <i>See</i> Table B.			
Ebony, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Eels, the Ship's Lading	8 5 0	—	2 15 0
Eggs, the Hundred, containing Six Score <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Elastic Bottles, or Burrachas, <i>See</i> India Rubbers.			
Elbing Canvas, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linen.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Eleborus, <i>See</i> Helebores.									
Elemi Gum, <i>See</i> Gum									
Elephants Teeth, the cwt. - - -	2	10	0	1	13	4	0	16	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Elephants Teeth may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Eleutherix Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex.									
Elk Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.									
— Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Emeralds, Rubies, and all other precious Stones and Jewels (except Diamonds) for every 100l. of the Value * - - - -	10	0	0	—			3	6	8
Emerald Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.									
Enamel, the lb. - - - -	0	4	6	0	3	0	0	1	6
Enulæ Campanæ Radix, } <i>See</i> Radix.									
Eringii Radix, }									
Ermine Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Essence, <i>viz.</i>									
— of Bergamot, the lb. - - -	0	2	9	0	1	10	0	0	11
— of Lemon, the lb. - - -	0	2	9	0	1	10	0	0	11
— of Spruce, for every 100l. of the Value - - - -	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
- - of the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, for every 100l. of the Value - -	10	0	0	6	13	4	3	6	8
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - - -	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Ostrich Feathers, <i>See</i> Ostrich Feathers, in Feathers.									
— Wool, <i>See</i> Ostrich Wool, in Wool.									
Euphorbium, the lb. - - - -	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
F.									
Fan Mounts, of Leather, for every 100l. of the Value - - - -	90	0	0	—			30	0	0
Faro Raifins, <i>See</i> Raifins.									
Feather Beds, <i>See</i> Feathers for Beds.									
Note.—The Duty on Feather Beds is payable according to the Quantity of Feathers contained therein.									
Feathers, <i>viz.</i>									
— for Beds, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	2	16	0	1	17	4	0	18	8

* [See 43 G. 3. c. 68. § 3.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Feathers for Beds, <i>continued.</i>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
— - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - -	3 9 0	1 17 4	1 0 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Feathers for Beds may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— Odrich or Estrich, dressed, the lb.	1 15 0	1 3 4	0 11 3
— - - undressed, the lb.	0 10 0	0 6 8	0 3 4
— Vulture, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Fechia Ashes, <i>See</i> Ashes.			
Fennel Seed, } <i>See</i> Seed.			
Fenugreek Seed, }			
Fiddles for Children, <i>See</i> Toys.			
Figs, imported in a British built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 13 6	0 9 0	0 4 6
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 14 6	0 9 0	0 4 10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Figs may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Filtering Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.			
Fir Quarters, } <i>See</i> Wood.			
— Timber, }			
Fire Wood, }			
Fish, <i>viz.</i>			
— Fresh Fish, British, taken and imported in British-built Ships or Vessels, Duty free.			
— British, taking and curing, Duty free.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any such Fish may be imported into Great Britain Duty free, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.			
Fishers Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Fishing Nets, old, <i>See</i> Rags.			
Fish Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil, in Oil.			
Fitches Skin, <i>See</i> Skins.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Flag Brooms, <i>See</i> Brooms.									
Flannel, the Yard - - -	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Flasks, <i>See</i> Bottles.									
Flax. <i>viz.</i>									
— dressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	6	15	6	—	—	—	2	5	2
— - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	7	1	0	—	—	—	2	7	0
— rough or undressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
Flax Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Flint Stones for Potters, <i>See</i> Stones.									
Flocks, the cwt. - - -	0	12	0	0	8	0	0	4	0
Flotfam, Goods Flo fam, <i>See</i> Droits of Admiralty.									
Flower Roots, Trees, or Plants, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Flowers, Artificial, not made of Silk, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Forest Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Fossils, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Fowls, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Fox Skins, } <i>See</i> Skins.									
— Tails, } <i>See</i> Skins.									
Frames for Pictures, Prints or Drawings, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Frankincense, the cwt. - - -	0	14	0	0	9	4	0	4	8
French Beans, <i>See</i> Beans.									
<i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Fruit, artificial, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Furriers' Waste, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Furs, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Furze Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Fustic, <i>See</i> Wood.									
G.									
Galanga, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Galbanum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Galley Tiles, <i>See</i> Tiles.									
Galls, the cwt	0	7	0	—			0	2	4
Gamboge, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Game, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Garden Seed, <i>See</i> seed.									
Garnets, <i>viz.</i>									
— cut, the lb.	0	17	6	0	11	8	0	5	10
— rough, the lb.	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
Gauze of Thread for every 100l. of the Value	40	0	0	—			13	6	8
Geldings, <i>See</i> Horses.									
Gem Sal, <i>See</i> Sal.									
Geneva, <i>See</i> Spirits.									
Gentian, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Gibraltar.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the Growth or Production of the Dominions of the Emperor of Morocco may be imported from Gibraltar, on Payment of such Duties only as are or shall be payable on the like Goods, when imported directly from Africa, <i>See</i> 17 Geo. 3. cap. 19.									
Ginger, <i>viz.</i>									
— the Produce of the British Plantations, Colonies, or Settlements in Africa or America, the cwt.	0	14	6	0	9	8	0	4	10
— not the Produce of the British Plantations, the cwt.	1	13	6	1	2	4	0	11	2
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Ginger imported from the West Indies may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— preserved, the lb.	0	2	0	—			0	0	8
Ginseng, the lb.	0	0	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	7	0	0	3 $\frac{1}{2}$
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Ginseng may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Glass, <i>viz.</i>									
— Bottles, <i>See</i> Bottles.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Glass, continued.									
— broken, fit only to be remanufactured, the cwt.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
— rough Plate Glass, and ground or polished Plate or Crown Glass, for every 100l. of the Value	72	0	0	—	—	—	24	0	0
- - and besides for every Foot superficial Measure	0	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
— German Sheet Glass, for every 100l. of the Value	72	0	0	—	—	—	24	0	0
- - and besides for every Foot superficial Measure	0	1	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Glass Manufactures, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	72	0	0	—	—	—	24	0	0
Glass is also subject to a Duty of Excise.									
Gloves Clippings, fit only to make Glue, the cwt.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Glue, the cwt.	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	2	6
Goat Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.									
— Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
— Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.									
Gold Coin, <i>See</i> Bullion.									
— Plate, <i>See</i> Plate.									
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, viz.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any Goods or Commodities (except Tobacco, Snuff, and Rice), being the Produce of any Territory, Possession, or Country, not under the Dominion of His Majesty on the Continent of America or in the West Indies, may, under His Majesty's Order in Council be imported into Great Britain from any such Territory, Possession, or Country, and be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, for the Purpose of being exported to Foreign Parts, and for no other Purpose whatever: <i>See</i> 42 Geo. 3. cap. 80. revived and continued by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 30. until Eight Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which His Majesty may, during the present War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Goods, — Wares and Merchandize, continued. of Peace, grant Licence to British Subjects to import from any Country in America belonging to any Foreign European Sovereign or State, any Goods or Commodities of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any such Country in any Ship or Vessel belonging to any State in Amity with His Majesty, subject to the same Duties as if imported in a British built Ship; See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 34.									
Goose Quills, See Quills.									
Grain, See Corn.									
Grains, viz.									
— Guinea Grains, the lb. - -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— of Paradise, the lb. - -	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
Granilla, the lb. - -	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
Grapes, for every 100 l. of the Value	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
— Rape of, See Rape of Grapes.									
Grave Stones, See Stones.									
Grease, the cwt. - -	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
Greaves for Dogs, the cwt. - -	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
Grogam Yarn, See Yarn.									
Guaiacum Cortex, See Cortex.									
— Gum, See Gum.									
Guernsey, Island of, For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, (Salt excepted, See 38 Geo. 3. cap. 89. and Slate and Stones not being Burr Stones, or Stones used for the Purpose of paving or making or mending Roads, See 34 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 42 Geo. 3. cap. 95.) may be imported from those Islands by the Inhabitants thereof, without Payment of any Duty, except such Excise or other Duty as shall be payable for the like Goods of the Growth, Production, and Manufacture of Great Britain, See 3 Geo. 1. cap. 4. But Foreign Goods having been lawfully imported into the said Islands, and Foreign Goods and									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Guernsey, continued.</i>									
Commodities in Part or fully manufactured in either of them, and which may be legally imported from thence into Great Britain, are subject to such Duties as are payable for the like Goods when imported from any Foreign Country of which they are the Growth, Product, or Manufacture, See 3 Geo. 1. cap. 4.									
Guinea Grains, See Grains.									
Pepper, See Pepper.									
Wood, See Red Wood in Wood.									
Gum, viz.									
Ammoniacus, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
--- not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
Animi, the lb. -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Arabic, the cwt. -	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	2	6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Gum Arabic may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Cake lac, See Lac in Gum.									
Cashew, the cwt. -	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
Copal, the lb. -	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Elemi, the lb. -	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Guaiacum, the lb. -	0	1	1½	0	0	9	0	0	4½
Juniper, See Gum Sandrake									
Lac, viz.									
--- Cake-lac, the lb. -	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
--- Shellack or Seed-lac, the lb. -	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
--- Stick-lac, the cwt. -	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
Opopanax, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
--- not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	4	6	0	3	0	0	1	6
Sagapenum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
--- not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Sandrake or Juniper, the cwt. -	0	12	0	0	8	0	0	4	0
Sarcocolla, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
--- not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Gum, continued.</i>			
— Seed-lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.			
— Senega, the cwt. - - -	0 7 6	—	0 2 6
— - - imported from Europe in a British-built Ship, the cwt. -	1 1 0	—	0 7 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Gum Se- nega may be fo imported, <i>See</i> 25 G. 2. cap. 32.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Gum Se- nega may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— Shellac } <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.			
— Stiek lac }			
— Tacamahaca, the lb. - -	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
— Tragacanth, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0 0 7½	0 0 5	0 0 2½
— - - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
— not particularly enumerated or de- scribed, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Gunpowder, <i>viz.</i> Corn Powder, the cwt. -	2 6 0	1 10 8	0 15 4
— Serpentine Powder, the cwt. -	1 9 0	0 19 4	0 9 8
Gutting Canvas, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linen.			
Gypsum, the ton, containing 20 cwt. -	1 0 0	—	0 6 8
— the Produce of and imported from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. - -	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
H.			
<i>Hair, viz.</i>			
— Camel, the lb. - - -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
— Cow, Ox, or Bull, the cwt. - - -	0 11 6	—	0 3 10
— Elk, the cwt. - - -	0 11 6	—	0 3 10
— Goat or Turkey Goats Wool, the lb.	0 0 3	—	0 0 4
— Hats made of, <i>See</i> Hats.			
— Horfe, for every 100l. of the Value -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
— Human, the lb. - - -	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
Hair Powder, the cwt. - - -	6 3 0	—	2 1 0
— perfumed, or perfumed Dust, the cwt. - - -	8 12 0	—	8 17 4

T 2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Hams. <i>See</i> Bacon.									
<i>See</i> also the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Handcoops, the Dozen - - -	0	1	3	—			0	0	5
Handspikes, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Hard Wax, <i>See</i> Wax.									
Hare Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
— Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.									
Harp Strings, the Gros, containing 12 Dozen Knots - - -	0	4	0	0	2	8	0	1	4
Hart Horns, <i>See</i> Horns.									
Hats, <i>viz.</i>									
— Baff, Chip, Cane or Horse Hair Hats or Bonnets, each Hat or Bonnet, not exceeding 22 Inches in Diameter, the Dozen - - -	0	6	9	—			0	2	3
- - each Hat or Bonnet exceeding 22 Inches in Diameter, the Dozen	0	13	6	—			0	4	6
— Straw Hats or Bonnets, each Hat or Bonnet not exceeding 22 Inches in Diameter, the Dozen - - -	2	3	0	—			0	14	4
- - each Hat or Bonnet, exceeding 22 Inches in Diameter, the Dozen	4	6	0	—			1	8	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Chip or Straw Hats may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— made of or mixed with Felt Hair, Wool or Beaver, the Hat - - -	1	1	6	—			0	7	2
Hay, the Load, containing 36 Trusses, each Truss being 56lbs. - - -	0	14	6	—			0	4	10
Head Matter, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil.									
Heath, for Brushes, the cwt. - - -	0	5	9	—			0	1	11
Helebore or Eleborus, the lb. - - -	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Hemp, <i>viz.</i>									
— dressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	3	0	0	—			1	0	0
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	3	3	0	—			1	1	0
— rough or undressed, or any other vegetable Substance of the Nature and Quality of undressed Hemp and applicable to the same Purposes imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0	5	9	0	3	10	0	1	11
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0	6	6	0	3	10	0	2	2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Hemp, rough or undressed, <i>continued.</i>									
- - the Produce of the British Plantations in America, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	5	0	—			0	1	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Hemp undressed may be secured in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. c. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Seed Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.									
Hermodactyl, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Hessens Canvass, <i>See</i> Canvas in Linen.									
Hides, <i>viz.</i>									
Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox, in the Hair not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed.									
- - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
- - - Tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0	0	7½	—			0	0	2½
- - - Tails, <i>See</i> Tails.									
Elk, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Horse, Mare, or Gelding, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed.									
- - - imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Hide	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
- - - Tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0	0	7½	—			0	0	2½
Loth, the lb.	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
Muscovy, or Russia tanned or coloured, the lb.	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
or Pieces of Hides, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty, imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, for every 100l. of the Value	3	14	0	—			1	4	
or Pieces of Hides, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise									

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Hides, <i>continued</i> .			
charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed, not particularly enumerated or de- scribed, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	90 0 0	—	30 0 0
<p>Note—His Majesty is authorized to permit, by Order in Council, any Hides or Pieces of Hides, dressed or undressed, to be imported into Great Britain in any foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, See 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revived and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 29. and by 48 Geo. 3. c. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.</p> <p>For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Hides may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.</p>			
Hogs, See the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Hogs Lard, See Lard.			
Hones, the Hundred, containing Five Score - - -	0 14 6	0 9 8	0 4 10
Honey, the cwt. - - -	0 9 6	—	0 3 2
Hoofs of Cattle, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
Hoops, <i>viz.</i>			
of Iron, the cwt. - - -	0 15 0	—	0 5 0
of Wood, the 1000 - - -	0 9 0	—	0 3 0
Hops, the cwt.* - - -	5 8 0	—	1 16 0
Horns, <i>viz.</i>			
Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox, the Hundred, containing Five Score	0 13 6	0 3 4	0 1 2
Hart or Stag, the Hundred, con- taining Five Score - - -	0 13 6	0 9 0	0 4 6
not otherwise enumerated or de-			

* [See 45 G. 3. c. 99. § 12. as to Hops to and from the Isle of Man.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Horns, <i>continued</i> . scribed, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Note—His Majesty is authorized to permit, by Order in Council, any Horns or Pieces of Horns to be imported into Great Britain in any foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship. See 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revived and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 29. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.			
Horn Tips, the Hundred, containing 5 Score Horse Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
— Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hata.			
— Hides, <i>See</i> Hides.			
Horses, Manes or Geldings, each - -	4 4 0	—	1 8 0
Human Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.			
Hungary Water, <i>See</i> Spirits.			
Husks or Kaubs of Silk, <i>See</i> Silk Knubs in Silk.			
Husse Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
I.			
Jalap, the lb. - - -	0 1 1½	0 0 9	0 0 4½
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Jalap may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Jamaica Wood, <i>See</i> Braziletto Wood in Wood.			
Japonica Terra, <i>See</i> Terra.			
Jersey, Island of, <i>See</i> Guernsey.			
Jessamine Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Jesuit. Bark, <i>See</i> Cortex Peruvianus.			
Jet, the lb. - - -	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
— Beads, <i>See</i> Beads.			
Jetfam, Goods Jetfam, <i>See</i> Droits of Admiralty.			
Jewels, <i>See</i> Emeralds.			
Lacle, <i>viz.</i>			
— unwrought, the lb. - - -	0 0 6	—	0 0 1

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Incl, continued.</i>			
— wrought, the lb. - - -	0 3 3	—	0 1 1
India Rubbers, or Burrachas, the lb. -	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
Indian Corn, or Maize, <i>See</i> Corn.			
Indigo, the lb. - - -	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Indigo may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Ink for Printers, the cwt. - - -	0 13 0	0 8 8	0 4 4
Ipecacoanhee Radix, <i>See</i> Radix.			
Ireland. The Duties and Drawbacks of Customs on Articles the Growth, Produce or Manufacture of Ireland, imported directly from thence, are not in any way altered, varied or repealed by any Thing herein contained, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.			
Iris Root, <i>See</i> Orrice Root.			
Iron, <i>viz.</i>			
— in Bars or unwrought,			
- - the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in America, and imported from thence, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. -	0 14 0	—	0 4 8
- - the Produce of any other Country,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. -	4 2 0	—	1 7 4
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	5 0 0	—	1 13 4
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Iron in Bars may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— slit or hammered into Rods and Iron drawn or hammered, less than $\frac{3}{4}$ of an Inch Square			
- - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 12 6	—	0 4 2
- - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 13 6	—	0 4 6
— Cast, for every 100 l. of the Value -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
— Hoops, <i>See</i> Hoops.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Iron, <i>continued.</i>									
— old broken and old cast Iron, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	11	0	—	—	—	0	3	8
— Ore, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	5	6	—	—	—	0	1	10
— Pig Iron, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	11	0	—	—	—	0	3	8
— the Produce of and imported from the British Plantations in America, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
— Wire, <i>See</i> Wire.									
Isinglafs, the cwt.	1	10	0	—	—	—	0	10	0
— the Produce of, and imported from the British Plantations in America, the cwt.	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	3	4
Isle of Man, <i>See</i> Man, Isle of.									
Juice of Lemons, Limes, or Oranges, the Gallon	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
Juniper Berries, <i>See</i> Berries.									
— Gum, <i>See</i> Gum Sandrake.									
— Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.									
Junk old, <i>See</i> Rags old.									
Ivory, the lb.	0	3	3	—	—	—	0	1	1
K.									
Kelp, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	8	6	0	5	8	0	2	10
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	9	0	0	5	8	0	3	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Kelp may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Kidney Beans, <i>See</i> Beans.									
See also the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Kid Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Kits of Wood, <i>See</i> Pails.									
Knees of Oak, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Knubs of Silk, <i>See</i> Silk Knubs in Silk.									
L.									
Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.									
Lace, <i>viz.</i>									
— Silk Lace, for every 100l. of the Value *	25	0	0	—	—	—	8	6	8
— Thread Lace, <i>viz.</i>									
— - - under 5s. the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6

* [See 43 G. 3. c. 68. § 32—35.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Lace—Thread Lace, continued.									
--- of 5s. and under 10s. the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	2	6	—	—	—	0	0	10
--- of 10s. and under 15s. the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
--- of 15s. and under 20s. the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	4	3	—	—	—	0	1	5
--- of 20s. and under 25s. the Yard in Value, the Yard	0	5	3	—	—	—	0	1	9
--- of 25s. the Yard or upwards, for every 100l. of the Value	25	0	0	—	—	—	8	6	8
Lagan, Goods Lagan, See Droits of Admiralty.									
Lamb, whether Salted or otherwise. See the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Lamb Skins. } See Skins. --- Slink. }									
Lambs, See the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
--- Wool, See Sheep's Wool in Wool.									
Lamp Black, the cwt.	2	2	0	1	8	0	0	14	0
Lapis, viz.									
--- Calaminaris, the cwt.	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
--- Contrayervz, the oz.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
--- Lazuli, the lb.	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
--- Tutia, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Lard, the cwt.	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
Lathwood, See Wood.									
Latten, viz.									
--- Black, the cwt.	0	17	6	0	11	8	0	5	10
--- Shaven, the cwt.	1	11	6	1	1	0	0	10	6
--- Wire, See Wire.									
Lavender Flowers, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
--- Water, See Spirits,									
Laws, See Linen.									
Lazuli Lapis, See Lapis.									
Lead, viz.									
--- Black, the cwt.	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
--- Ore, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	1	2	6	0	15	0	0	7	6
--- Pig, for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	—	—	—	6	13	4
--- Red, the cwt.	0	5	3	0	3	6	0	1	9
--- White, the cwt.	0	6	6	0	4	4	0	2	2
Leaf Metal, See Metal.									
Leather, any Article made of Leather, or any Manufacture whereof Leather is the most valuable Part, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	90	0	0	—	—	—	30	0	0
Leaves of Gold, the 100 Leaves	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Leaves of Roses or Violets, the lb. -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Lemons, imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 -	0 12 3	0 8 2	0 4 1
—— not imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 -	0 13 0	0 8 2	0 4 4
—— Juice of, <i>See</i> Juice.			
—— Pickled, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	2 6 0	1 10 8	0 15 4
Lentiles, the Bushel -	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Leopard Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Lexia Raisins, <i>See</i> Raisins.			
Lignum, <i>viz.</i>			
—— Quaffia, the cwt. -	5 12 0	—	1 17 4
—— Rhodium, <i>See</i> Rose Wood in Wood.			
—— Vitz, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Lime Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.			
Limes, Juice of, <i>See</i> Juice.			
Limonum Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex.			
—— Sal, <i>See</i> Sal.			
Linens, plain, <i>viz.</i>			
—— Cambricks and Lawns, commonly called French Lawns,* plain, the Piece not exceeding Eight Yards in Length, and not exceeding Seven Eighths of a Yard in Breadth -	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
—— exceeding Eight Yards in Length, or exceeding Seven Eighths of a Yard in Breadth the Piece; and in that Proportion for a greater or less Quantity -	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6
—— Canvas, <i>viz.</i>			
—— Hessian Canvass or Dutch Barras, imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1 13 6	1 2 4	0 11 2
—— not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1 15 0	1 2 4	0 11 8
—— Packing Canvass, Guttings, Spruce, Elbing, or Queenborough Canvass			
—— imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1 2 6	0 15 0	0 7 6
—— not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1 3 6	0 15 0	0 7 10

* [See 43 G. 3. c. 68. § 31.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Linen, continued.</i>									
— Damask Tabling of the Manufacture of Holland, viz.									
- - not exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{2}$ in Breadth, the Yard	0	6	3	0	4	2	0	2	1
- - exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{2}$ and under 2 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0	7	3	0	4	10	0	2	5
- - of the Breadth of 2 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0	8	3	0	5	6	0	2	9
- - of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Yard	0	12	0	0	8	0	0	4	0
— Damask Tabling of the Manufacture of Silesia or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Square Yard	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
— Damask Towelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Holland, the Yard	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
— Damask Towelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Silesia or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— Diaper Tabling of the Manufacture of Holland, viz.									
- - not exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{2}$ in Breadth, the Yard	0	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1
- - exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{2}$ and under 2 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0	3	9	0	2	6	0	1	3
- - of the Breadth of 2 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Yard	0	4	0	0	2	8	0	1	4
- - of the Breadth of 3 Ells or upwards, the Yard	0	5	9	0	3	10	0	1	11
— Diaper Tabling of the Manufacture of Silesia or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
— Diaper Towelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Holland, the Yard	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
— Diaper Towelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Silesia, or of any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the Yard	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— Drillings and Packduck, viz.									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	2	17	6	1	18	4	0	19	2
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells	3	0	0	1	18	4	1	0	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Linen, continued.</i>									
— Flanders Linen, and Linen of the Manufacture of Holland, plain, not otherwise enumerated or described, <i>viz.</i>									
- - not exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{4}$ in Breadth, the Ell - - - - -	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
- - exceeding 1 Ell $\frac{1}{4}$ in Breadth, and under 2 Ells in Breadth, the Ell	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
- - of the Breadth of 2 Ells and under 3 Ells in Breadth, the Ell	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
- - of the Breadth of 3 Ells or up- wards, the Ell - - - - -	0	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1
— German, Switzerland, East Country (except Russia) and Silesia Cloth, plain, <i>viz.</i>									
- - not exceeding 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	1	16	9	1	4	6	0	19	3
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	1	18	0	1	4	6	0	12	8
- - exceeding 31 $\frac{1}{2}$ Inches, and not ex- ceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	3	17	6	2	11	8	1	5	10
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	4	0	0	2	11	8	1	6	8
- - exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth, - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	5	19	3	3	19	6	1	19	9
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	6	3	0	3	19	6	2	1	0
— Hinderlands, Brown, under 22 $\frac{1}{2}$ Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	1	1	0	0	14	0	0	7	0
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells - - - - -	1	2	0	0	14	0	0	7	4
— Lawns, <i>viz.</i>									
- - Silesia and all other Lawns, plain, (except Cambricks and French Lawns) not bleached in Holland, the Piece not exceed- ing 8 Yards in Length - - - - -	9	4	0	0	2	8	0	1	4
- - Silesia and all other Lawns, plain (except Cambricks and French Lawns) bleached in Holland, the Piece not exceeding 8 Yards in Length - - - - -	0	5	0	0	3	4	0	1	8

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Linen, continued.</i>									
— Pack Duck, <i>See</i> Drillings in Linen.									
— Russia Linen, plain, <i>viz.</i>									
- - Towelling and Napkining of the Manufacture of Russia,									
- - not exceeding 22½ Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship the 120 Ells -	0	19	9	0	13	2	0	6	7
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1	1	6	0	13	2	0	7	2
— Russia Linen, not otherwise enu- merated or described,									
- - not exceeding 22½ Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1	0	3	0	13	6	0	6	9
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1	1	3	0	13	6	0	7	1
- - exceeding 22½ Inches and not exceeding 31½ Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1	12	3	1	1	6	0	10	9
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells -	1	13	6	1	1	6	0	11	2
- - exceeding 31½ Inches and not ex- ceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	2	8	0	1	12	0	0	16	0
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells -	2	10	0	1	12	0	0	16	8
- - exceeding 36 Inches and not ex- ceeding 45 Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	4	6	9	2	17	10	1	8	11
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells -	4	8	6	2	17	10	1	9	6
- - exceeding 45 Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British built Ship, the 120 Ells -	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	0
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells -	6	4	6	4	0	0	2	1	6
— Sail Cloth, or Sail Duck, <i>viz.</i>									
- - not exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	2	16	0	—			0	18	3
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 Ells -	2	19	0	—			0	19	8

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Linen,—Sail Cloth, &c. <i>continued.</i>			
- - exceeding 36 Inches in Breadth,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	4 13 6	—	1 11 2
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 Ells -	4 17 6	—	1 12 6
—— Sails, for every 100l. of the Value -	54 10 0	—	18 3 4
—— not being chequered or striped, or not being printed, painted, stained or dyed, after the manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the manufacture, and not being otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - -	40 0 0	26 13 4	13 6 8
—— chequered or striped, or printed, painted, stained or dyed after the manufacture, or in the Thread or Yarn before the manufacture, not being prohibited to be imported into or worn or used in Great Britain, and not being otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - -	90 0 0	—	30 0 0
—— German and Russia Linen, chequered or striped, the Thread or Yarn of which the same is made being coloured, stained or dyed before the manufacture, exported to any Island under the Dominion of His Majesty in the West Indies, in which Description the Bahama Islands and the Bermuda or Somers Islands are included, for every 100l. of the Value - -	—	87 10 0	—
- - and also of the Temporary or War Duty, for every 100l. of the Value - -	—	30 0 0	—
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Linen, plain, of all Sorts (except Sail Cloth), may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Linen Yarn, See Yarn.			
Linn Boards, See Boards in Wood.			
Linseed, See Seed.			
—— Cakes, the cwt. - -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
—— Oil, See Oil.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.			
	Duty.			Drawback.						
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
Lion Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.										
Lipari Raifins, <i>See</i> Raifins.										
Liquorice Juice, <i>See</i> Succus Liquoritiz.										
— Powder, the cwt.		3	9	0	2	6	0	1	3	0
— Root, the cwt.		2	0	0	1	6	8	0	13	4
Litharge, <i>viz.</i>										
— of Gold, the cwt.		0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
— of Silver, the cwt.		0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Litmus, the cwt.		0	2	6	—	—	—	0	0	10
Lobsters, Duty free.										
Logwood, <i>See</i> Wood.										
Long Pepper, <i>See</i> Pepper.										
Losh Hides, <i>See</i> Hides.										
Lucernæ Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.										
Lupines, the cwt.		0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Lutefrings, <i>See</i> Catlings.										
M.										
Mace, <i>viz.</i>										
— the Produce of, and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the lb.		0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
— imported under Licence, the lb.		0	5	9	0	3	10	0	1	11
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Mace may be so imported from any Place, <i>See</i> 3 and 4 Ann. cap. 4. 8 Ann. cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1. cap. 21. <i>See</i> also 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18. continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3. cap. 29. further continued to the 29th September 1809, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.*										
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.										
Madder, <i>viz.</i>										
— Mull, the cwt.		0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— Root, the cwt.		0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
— of any other Sort, the cwt.		0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Mahogany, <i>See</i> Wood.										
Maize, <i>See</i> Corn.										
Man, Isle of.										
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cotton Yarn and Cotton Cloth of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man, and Bestials and other Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of the said Island (with Exceptions as to										

* [Perpetual, *see* Cinnamon.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Man, Isle of, <i>continued</i> . some Articles, may be imported directly from thence without Payment of any Duties of Customs, See 5 Geo. 3. cap. 43. and also 20 Geo. 3. cap. 42. 34 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 45 Geo. 3. cap. 99.			
Mangrove Bark, See Bark.			
Manna, the lb. - - - - - For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Manna may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
Maps and Charts, the Piece - - -	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Marble, See Stones.			
Marbles for Children, See Toys.			
Mares, See Horses.			
----- Hides, See Hides.			
Marjorum, Isle of, See Oil.			
Marmalade, the lb. - - - - -	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Martin Skins } See Skins. ----- Tails }			
Mastich, viz. ----- Red, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - - - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - ----- of any other Sort, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. -	0 0 6 0 1 0 0 0 9 0 1 6	0 0 4 0 0 8 0 0 6 0 1 0	0 0 2 0 0 4 0 0 3 0 0 6
Matts, See Wood.			
Matts, viz. ----- of Russia, imported in a British-built Ship, the Hundred, containing Five Score - - - - - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Hundred, containing Five Score - - - ----- not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - - - -	0 15 0 0 15 9 37 10 0	0 10 0 0 10 0 25 0 0	0 5 0 0 5 3 12 10 0
Matting, viz. ----- of Barbary or Portugal, the Yard	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
<i>Matting, continued.</i>									
— of Holland, the Yard - - -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Mattresses, for every 100l. of the Value -	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Maw Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Mead, the Gallon - - -	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
Meal, <i>See</i> Corn.									
Medals, for every 100l. of the Value -	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Medlars, the Bushel - - -	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Melasses, the cwt. - - -	0	15	0	0	10	0	0	5	0
— the Produce of and imported from the British Plantations in America, the cwt. - - -	0	4	9	0	3	2	0	1	7
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Melasses imported from the West Indies may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Melting Pots for Goldsmiths, <i>See</i> Pots.									
Mercury, <i>viz.</i>									
— Precipitate, the lb. - - -	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
— Sublimate, the lb. - - -	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
Metals, <i>viz.</i>									
— Bell Metal, the cwt. - - -	0	12	6	0	8	4	0	4	2
— Leaf Metal (except of Leaf Gold) the Packet containing 250 Leaves prepared for Battery, the cwt. -	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
— Methelin, the Gallon - - -	2	2	0	1	8	0	0	14	0
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Mill boards, the cwt. - - -	2	3	0	—	—	—	0	14	4
Millet Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
See also the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Millium Solis, the lb. - - -	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Mill Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.									
Mineral Water, <i>See</i> Water.									
Minerals, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Mink Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Mobair Yarn, <i>See</i> Camel Yarn in Yarn.									
Mole Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Morels, the lb. - - -	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
Morocco, <i>See</i> Gibraltar.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Moss, viz.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
— Rock for Dyers use, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1 2 0	—	0 7 4
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Mother of Pearl Shells, rough, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 3
Mules, each	3 3 0	—	1 1 0
Mum, See Beer.			
Musical Instruments, for every 100 l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Musk, the oz.	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Musquash Skins, See Skins.			
Mustard Seed, See Seed.			
Mutton, whether salted or otherwise. See the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Myrobalanes, the cwt.	0 7 0	—	0 2 4
Myrrh, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8
Myrtle Berries, See Berries.			
— Wax, See Bay Wax in Wax.			
N.			
Napking. See Linen.			
Nardus Celtica, the cwt.	0 12 6	0 8 4	0 4 2
Natron, for every 100 l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Necklaces of Glass, See Bracelets.			
Nest Boxes, See Boxes.			
Nets, viz. Old Fishing Nets fit only for making Paper or Pasteboard, See Rags.			
Nicaragua Wood, See Wood.			
Nutmegs, viz.			
— the Produce of and imported from any British Colony or Plantation in America, the lb.	0 2 3	—	0 0 9
— imported under Licence, the lb.	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Nutmegs may be so imported from any Place, See 3 & 4 Anne, cap. 4. 8 Anne, cap. 7. 6 Geo. 1. cap. 21. See also 8 Geo. 1. cap. 18. continued by several Statutes, and by 43 Geo. 3. cap. 29. further continued to the 29th September 1809, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament. *			

* [Perpetual, see Cinnamon.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Nutmegs, <i>continued</i> .									
— candied, the lb.	0	5	0	0	3	4	0	1	8
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.									
Nuts, <i>viz.</i>									
— Cashew Nuts, for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
— Chestnuts, the Bushel	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
— Pistachia Nuts imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— - - imported directly from the Place of their Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
— small Nuts, the Bushel	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
— Walnuts, the Bushel	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Nux Vomica, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
O.									
Oak Bark, <i>See</i> Bark.									
— Boards, <i>See</i> Boards.									
— Knees, <i>See</i> Knees of Oak in Wood.									
— Plank, } <i>See</i> Wood.									
— Timber, }									
Oakum, the cwt.	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
Oars, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Oatmeal, } <i>See</i> Corn.									
Oats, }									
Oculi Cancrorum, <i>See</i> Cancrorum Oculi.									
Oil, <i>viz.</i>									
— of Almonds, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— of Amber, or Succinum, the lb.	0	3	6	0	2	4	0	1	2
— of Anniseed, the lb.	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
— of Bay, the cwt.	0	16	0	0	10	8	0	5	4
— of Cajaputa, the oz.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
— of Carraway, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
— of Cassia, the oz.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
— of Castor, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— Chemical Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb.	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
— of Cinnamon, the oz.	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
— of Cloves, the oz.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
— Fish Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil in Oil.									
— of Hemp Seed, the tun, containing 252 Gallons	21	0	0	—			7	0	0
— of Jessamine, the lb.	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
— of Juniper, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— of Lavender, the lb.	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
— of Linfeed, the tun, containing 252 Gallons	21	0	0	—			7	0	0
— of Mace, the oz.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Oil, <i>continued</i> .									
— of Marjoram, the lb.	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
— of Nutmegs, the oz.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
— of Oranges, the lb.	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
— Ordinary Oil of Olives imported in a British-built Ship, the tun, containing 252 Gallons	9	17	6	6	11	8	3	5	10
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the tun, containing 252 Gallons	10	10	0	6	11	8	3	10	0
— of Palm, the cwt.	0	4	0	0	2	8	0	1	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Oil of Olives or Palm Oil may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 125.									
— perfumed Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb.	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
— of Pine, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
— of Rape Seed, the tun, containing 252 Gallons	21	0	0	—	—	—	7	0	0
— Rock Oil, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— of Rosemary, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
— of Roses, <i>See</i> Otto of Roses									
— of Rose Wood, the lb.	0	15	0	0	10	0	0	5	0
— Salad Oil, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon	0	3	6	0	2	0	0	1	2
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Salad Oil may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— of Sassafras, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
— Seal Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil, in Oil.									
— Seed Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, the tun, containing 252 Gallons	21	0	0	—	—	—	7	0	0
— of Spike, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— of Succinum, <i>See</i> Oil of Amber.									
— of Thyme, the lb.	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
— Train Oil and Blubber, <i>viz.</i>									
- - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a British Ship or Vessel, wholly									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Oil,—Train Oil and Blubber, <i>continued.</i> owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - -	0 3 6	—	0 1 2
- - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island and residing therein, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - -	0 10 6	—	0 3 6
- - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahama or Bermudas Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	1 8 0	—	0 9 4
- - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	3 10 0	—	1 3 4
- - Blubber, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, of Foreign Fishing, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - -	14 9 0	—	4 13 4
- - Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught by the Crew of a			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Oil,—Train Oil, <i>continued.</i>									
British-built Ship or Vessel wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, registered and navigated according to Law and imported in any such Shipping, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	0	5	3	—			0	1	9
- - Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island and residing therein, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	0	15	9	—			0	5	3
- - Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahama or Bermuda Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	2	2	0	—			0	14	0
- - Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	5	5	0	—			1	15	0
- - Train Oil, the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea of foreign Fishing, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	21	0	0	—			7	0	0
- - Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, taken and caught by the Crew of									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Oil,—Spermaceti Oil, &c. <i>continued.</i>			
a British-built Ship or Vessel, wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in Great Britain, Ireland, or the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man, registered and navigated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	0 5 3	—	0 1 3
- Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island, and residing therein, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	0 15 9	—	0 5 3
- Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the Bahama or Bermuda Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	3 3 0	—	1 1 0
- Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	15 15 0	—	5 5 0
- Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter, of Foreign Fishing, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	22 1 0	—	7 7 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Blubber, Train Oil, Spermaceti Oil or Head Matter may be admitted to Entry as British taken and caught, on Payment of the above Duty, (as the			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Oil,—Spermaceti Oil, &c. <i>continued.</i> Case may be), See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.*			
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Spermaceti Oil, Head Matter, Train Oil and all other Fish Oil and Blubber of British Fishing may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— of Turpentine, the lb.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Oil of Turpentine may be secured in Ware- houses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— of Vitriol, the lb.	0 0 3	—	0 0 2
— Walnut Oil, the Gallon	0 2 6	0 1 8	0 0 10
— Whale Oil, See Train Oil.			
— not particularly enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Okar, the cwt.	0 4 3	0 2 10	0 1 5
Olibanum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the cwt.	1 10 0	1 0 0	0 10 0
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the cwt.	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0
Olive Oil, See ordinary Oil of Olives in Oil.			
— Wood, See Wood.			
Olives, the Gallon	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
Onion Seed, See Seed.			
Onions, the Bushel	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Open Tapes, See Tapes.			
Opium imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 5 6	0 3 8	0 1 10
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 11 0	0 7 4	0 3 8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Opium may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Opoponax Gum, See Gum.			
Orange Flower Ointment, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3

* [§ 37, 38.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Orange Water, the Gallon	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8
Oranges imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000	0 12 3	0 8 2	0 4 1
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000	0 13 0	0 8 2	0 4 4
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Orchal, the cwt.	0 5 6	—	0 1 10
Orchelia or Archelia, the cwt.	0 10 6	—	0 3 6
Ordinary Oil of Olives, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Ore, <i>viz.</i>			
— Copper, <i>See</i> Copper.			
— Gold, <i>See</i> Bullion.			
— Iron, <i>See</i> Iron.			
— Lead, <i>See</i> Lead.			
— Silver, <i>See</i> Bullion.			
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Origanum, the lb.	0 1 9	0 1 2	0 0 7
Orpiment or Auripigmentum, the cwt.	0 18 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
Orrice or Iris Root, the cwt.	0 18 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
Orfedew, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
Ostrich Feathers, <i>See</i> Feathers.			
Otter Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Otto of Roses or Oil of Roses, the oz.	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6
Ounce Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Outnal Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.			
Ox Hair, <i>See</i> Brill, Cow, or Ox Hair in Hair.			
— Hides, <i>See</i> Bull, Cow, or Ox Hides in Hides.			
— Horns, <i>See</i> Horns.			
— Tails, <i>See</i> Tails.			
Oxen, <i>See</i> Cattle.			
See also the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Oysters, the Bushel	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
P.			
Pack Duck, <i>See</i> Drillings in Linen.			
Packing Canvafs, <i>See</i> Canvafs in Linen.			
Pack Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.			
Pails or Kits of Wood, the Dozen	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
Painted Paper, <i>See</i> Paper.			
Painter's Colours. not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Paintings on Glass, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Pailing Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Palm Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Panthers Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Pantiles, <i>See</i> Tiles.			
Paper, <i>viz.</i>			
— Brown Paper made of old Rope or Cordage only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar therefrom, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 3
— printed, painted, or stained Paper or Paper Hangings, the Yard Square	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
— Waste Paper or Paper of any other Sort not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, the lb.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Parchment, the Dozen Sheets	0 6 3	—	0 2 1
Parleboards, the cwt.	2 3 0	—	0 14 4
Paving Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.			
— Tiles, <i>See</i> Tiles.			
Pearl Ashes, <i>See</i> Ashes.			
Pearl Barley, the cwt.	0 11 0	0 7 4	0 3 8
Pearls, for every 100l. of the Value *	10 0 0	—	3 6 8
Pearl Shells, <i>See</i> Mother of Pearl Shells.			
Pears, the Bushel	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— dried, the Bushel	0 4 0	—	0 1 4
Pease, <i>See</i> Corn.			
Pebble Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.			
Pellitory, the lb.	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
Pelts, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Pencils, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Pens, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Pepper, <i>viz.</i>			
— Cayenne Pepper, the lb.	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
— Guinea Pepper, the lb.	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
— Long Pepper, the lb.	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
Perfumed Dust, <i>See</i> Hair Powder.			
— Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Perry, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons Subject also to a Duty of Excise.	10 15 3	7 3 6	3 11 9
Peruvian Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex.			
Pewter, old, the cwt.	0 18 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
Pickles of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Picture Frames, <i>See</i> Frames.			
Pictures, <i>viz.</i>			
— under Two Feet Square, the Picture	2 3 0	—	0 14 4
— of Two Feet Square, and under Four Feet Square, the Picture	4 6 0	—	1 8 8

* [See 43 G. 3. c. 68. § 3.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Pictures, continued:</i>									
— of Four Feet Square, or upwards, the Picture	6	9	0	—			2	3	0
Pig Iron, See Iron.									
— Lead, See Lead.									
Pill Boxes, See Boxes.									
Pimento, viz.									
— of the British Plantations, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— not of the British Plantations, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Pimento, imported from the West Indies, may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Pine Oil, See Oil.									
Pink Root, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Piony or Peoni Seed, See Seed.									
Pipe Boards, See Boards in Wood.									
Pistachia Nuts, See Nuts.									
Pitch, viz.									
— imported in a British-built Ship, the Last containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 31½ Gallons	0	18	0	—			0	6	0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Last containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 31½ Gallons	0	19	0	—			0	6	4
— the Produce of any of the Dominions or Plantations of the Crown of Great Britain, the Last containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceed- ing 31½ Gallons	0	16	0	—			0	5	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Pitch may be secured in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Burgundy Pitch, the cwt.	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3	0
Plaster of Paris, the cwt.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
Plate, viz.									
— battered, fit only to be re-manufac- tured, See Bullion.									
— of Gold, the oz. Troy	2	8	6	—			0	16	2
— of Silver Gilt, the oz. Troy	0	4	0	—			0	1	4

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
<i>Plate, continued.</i>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
— of Silver, Part Gilt, the oz. Troy -	0 3 9	—	0 1 3
— - - - - ungilt, the oz. Troy -	0 2 9	—	0 0 11
Plate Glafs, <i>See Glafs.</i>			
Platters of Wood, the Dozen -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Platting, or other Manufactures, <i>viz.</i>			
— of Baff, Chip, Cane, or Horse Hair, to be used in, or proper for making Hats or Bonnets, the lb. -	0 3 9	—	0 1 3
— of Straw, to be used in, or proper for making Hats or Bonnets, the lb. -	0 10 9	—	0 3 7
Plume Alum, <i>See Alum.</i>			
Plumbs, dried, the lb. -	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Polishing Rushes, for every 100l. of the Value -	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
— Stones, <i>See Stones.</i>			
Polypodium, the lb. -	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
Pomatum, for every 100l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Pomegranates, the 1000 -	0 18 6	—	0 6 2
— Peels of, the cwt. -	0 9 6	—	0 3 2
Pomice Stones, <i>See Stones.</i>			
Porcelane, <i>See China Ware.</i>			
Pork, whether salted or otherwife. <i>See the Note under the Head of Pro- visions.</i>			
Portugal, Goods, Wares, and Merchan- dize, the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of any of the Ter- ritories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal, in South America, <i>See Brazil.</i>			
Pot Ashes, <i>See Ashes.</i>			
Potatoes, the cwt. -	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
<i>See the Note under the Head of Pro- visions.</i>			
Pots, <i>viz.</i>			
— Melting Pots for Goldsmiths, the Hundred, containing Five Score -	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8
— of Stone, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Poultry, <i>See the Note under the Head of Provisions.</i>			
Powder, <i>viz.</i>			
— of Brass for jappanning, the lb. -	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
— of Bronze, for every 100l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
— Gun Powder, <i>See in G.</i>			
— Hair Powder, <i>See in H.</i>			
— Sago Powder, <i>See in S.</i>			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Precious Stones, <i>See</i> Emeralds.			
Prints, <i>viz.</i>			
— Paper Prints, plain, the Piece -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
— - - coloured, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Printers' Ink, <i>See</i> Ink for Printers.			
Prize Goods, <i>See</i> Table C.			
Provisions.			
<p>Note—His Majesty is authorized to permit, for a limited Time, by Order in Council, the Importation into Great Britain, from any Port or Place whatever, in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any other Ship or Vessel belonging to Persons of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, and navigated in any Manner whatever, of any Beans called Kidney or French Beans, Tares, Lentiles, Callivances and all other Sorts of Pulse; and also Bulls, Cows, Oxen, Calves, Sheep, Lambs and Swine, Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal and Lamb, whether salted or otherwise, Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Rice, Sago, Sago Powder, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Millet Seed, Poultry, Fowls, Eggs, Game and Sour Crout, Duty free, provided due Entry be made. His Majesty is likewise authorized in like Manner to recall such Permission either in part or in the whole, if Circumstances shall seem so to require, <i>See</i> 39 Geo. 3. cap. 87. continued by subsequent Acts and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 23. revived and further continued until the 25th March 1810.</p>			
Prunella Sal, <i>See</i> Sal.			
Prunelloes, the lb. - - -	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Prunes, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 17 3	0 11 6	0 5 9
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 18 0	0 11 6	0 6 0
<p>For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Prunes may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3.</p>			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Prunes, <i>continued</i> .			
cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Pfyllium, the lb. - - -	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
Puddings, <i>See</i> Saufages.			
Pulfe, <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Pro- visions.			
Pymont Water, <i>See</i> Mineral Water in Water.			
Q.			
Quassia Wood, <i>See</i> Lignum Quassia.			
Quebec.			
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Goods and Commodities of the Growth or Production of any of the Countries bordering upon the Province of Quebec and legally brought by Land or Inland Navigation into that Province, may be imported from thence into Great Britain and charged with Duty, or be exempt therefrom in like Manner as if such Goods and Commodities were of the Growth or Production of Quebec, and im- ported directly from thence, <i>See</i> 30 Geo. 3. cap. 29.			
Quercitron, or Black Oak Bark, <i>See</i> Bark.			
Quern Stones, <i>See</i> Stones.			
Quicksilver, the lb. - - -	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Quicksilver may be secured in Warehouses with- out Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Quills, <i>viz.</i>			
Goose Quills, the 1000 - -	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
Swan Quills, the 1000 - -	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6
Quinces, the Hundred, containing 5 Score	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
R.			
Raccoon Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Radix, <i>viz.</i>			
Conrayervæ, the lb. - -	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
Enulæ Campanæ, the cwt. -	0 8 6	0 5 8	0 2 10
Eringii, the lb. - - -	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.			War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Radix, continued.</i>									
— Ipecacóanha, the lb.	0	2	3	0	1	6	0	0	9
— Senekæ, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
— Serpentaria or Snake Root, the lb.	0	1	1½	0	0	9	0	0	4½
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Radix Serpentaria or Snake Root may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137, and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
<i>Rag Stones, See Stones.</i>									
<i>Rags, old, old Ropes or Junk or old Fishing Nets, fit only for making Paper or Pasteboard, or for the Purpose of Manure, the Ton containing 20 cwt.</i>									
— imported in a British-built Ship	0	16	3	—			0	5	5
— not imported in a British-built Ship	0	17	3	—			0	5	9
<i>Raisins, viz.</i>									
— Belvedere Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	6	0	9	0	0	4	6
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	3	0	9	0	0	4	9
— Denia Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	12	3	0	8	2	0	4	1
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	0	0	8	2	0	4	4
— Faro Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	6	0	9	0	0	4	6
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	3	0	9	0	0	4	9
— Lexia Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	0	0	9	4	0	4	8
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	9	0	9	4	0	4	11
— Lipari Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	6	0	9	0	0	4	6
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	14	3	0	9	0	0	4	9
— Smyrna Raisins, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	15	9	0	10	6	0	5	3
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	16	6	0	10	6	0	5	6
— of the Sun, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	1	6	9	0	17	10	0	8	11
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	1	7	6	0	17	10	0	9	2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Raisins, continued.</i>									
— not otherwise enumerated or described,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	12	3	0	8	2	0	4	1
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	13	0	0	8	2	0	4	4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Raisins of all Sorts may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Rape Cakes, the cwt.	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
— Seed, See Seed.									
— Seed Oil, See Oil.									
Rape of Grapes, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	7	0	0	4	13	4	2	6	8
Ratafia, See Cordial Water in Spirits.									
Rattans, See Canes.									
Raw Linen Yarn, See Yarn.									
— Silk, See Silk.									
Red Wood, See Wood.									
— Wool, See Wool.									
Reed Canes, See Canes.									
Rennett, the Gallon	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Refina Jalappæ, the lb.	0	4	3	0	2	10	0	1	5
Rhinehurst, the cwt.	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3	0
Rhodium Lignum, See Rose Wood in Wood.									
Rhubarb, the lb.	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rhubarb may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Rice, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	3	2	0	1	7
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rice may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126. See also the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Roch Alum, See Alum.									
Rock Moss, See Moss.									
— Oil, See Oil.									

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Romanum Vitriolum, <i>See</i> Vitriolum Romanum.									
Ropes of Baft, <i>See</i> Baft Ropes.									
— new, <i>See</i> Cordage.									
— old, <i>See</i> Rags.									
Rose Copper, <i>See</i> Copper.									
Rose Leaves. <i>See</i> Leaves.									
Rosemary, Oil of, } <i>See</i> Oil.									
Rose-wood, Oil of, }									
Roses, Oil of, <i>See</i> Otto of Roses.									
Rosin or Colophonia, <i>viz.</i>									
— imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	3	0	—			0	1	0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	3	6	—			0	1	2
— the Produce of any of the Dominions or Plantations belonging to the Crown of Great Britain, the cwt.	0	2	0	—			0	0	8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Rosin may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Round Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Rubies, <i>See</i> Emeralds.									
Rum, <i>See</i> Spirits.									
Rye, <i>See</i> Corn.									
S.									
Sable Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Sacchaum Saturni, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Safflower, the cwt.	0	5	6	—			0	1	10
Saffron, the lb.	0	4	6	0	3	0	0	1	6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Saffron may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Sagapenum Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Sago, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
— Powder, for every 100l. of the Value <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Sail Cloth or Sail Duck, <i>See</i> Sail Cloth in Linen.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Sails, <i>See</i> Linen.									
Sal, <i>viz.</i>									
— Ammoniacus, the lb.	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
— Gem, the cwt.	0	5	0	—			0	1	8
— Limonum or Acetofella, the lb.	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
— Prunelle, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Succini, the lb.	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
Salep or Salop imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
Selad Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.									
Salt imported in a British-built Ship, the Wey containing 40 Bushels, each Bushel containing 56 lbs.	0	5	3	0	3	6	0	1	9
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Wey containing 40 Bushels, each Bushel containing 56 lbs.	0	6	0	0	3	6	0	2	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Importer or Proprietor of any foreign Salt may give Bond for the Payment of the Duties of Customs within Twelve Calendar Months, and which Bond may be cancelled on the Exportation of such salt within that period, <i>See</i> 26 Geo. 3. cap. 26.									
In case the full Duties of Customs on such Salt shall have been paid at or before the Expiration of the said Twelve Calendar Months, and such Salt shall be afterwards exported, the whole of the said Duties shall be drawn back, <i>See</i> 26 Geo. 3. cap. 26.									
Salt is also subject to a Duty of Excise.									
Salt Petre, the cwt.	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
Sand Boxes, <i>See</i> Boxes.									
Sandrake Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Sanguis Draconis, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
Saphora, for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
Sarcocolla Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Sark, Island of, <i>See</i> Guernsey.									
Sarsaparilla, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	5

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Sarsaparilla, continued.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Sarsaparilla may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Sassafras, the cwt.	0	4	0	0	2	8	0	1	4
Oil of, See Oil.									
Saunders, viz.									
Red, the cwt.	0	2	6	—			0	0	10
White or Yellow, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Sausages or Puddings, the lb.	0	0	9	—			0	0	3
Scaleboards, the cwt.	2	3	0	—			0	14	4
Scammony, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	4	0	0	2	8	0	1	4
not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	8	0	0	5	4	0	2	9
Scoops of Wood, the Dozen	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
Scratch Brushes, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Sculptured Marble, See Stones.									
Sea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Horse Teeth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Sealing Wax, See Wax.									
Seal Oil, See Train Oil in Oil.									
— Skins, See Skins.									
Seed, viz									
Amni Seed, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Anniseed, the cwt.	1	8	6	0	19	0	0	9	6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Anniseed may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Canary Seed, the cwt.	1	1	6	0	14	2	0	7	2
Carraway Seed, the cwt.	0	7	0	0	4	8	0	2	4
Carrot Seed, the lb.	0	0	4 ¹	0	0	3	0	0	1 ¹
Carthamus Seed, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Clover Seed, the cwt.	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Clover Seed may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

Seed, *continued.*

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
— Cole Seed, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels	0	17	3	0	11	6	0	5	9
— Coriander Seed, the cwt.	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
— Cummin Seed, the cwt.	0	10	0	0	6	8	0	3	4
— Fennel Seed, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Fenugreek Seed, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	3	2	0	1	7
— Flax Seed, the Bushel	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
— Forest Seed, for every 100 L. of the Value	20	0	0	13	6	8	6	13	4
— Furze Seed, the cwt.	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
— Garden Seed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
— Hemp Seed, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels	0	11	0	—	—	—	0	3	8
— the Produce of and imported from the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the Quarter containing Eight Bushels	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— Linseed, the Bushel	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
— Lucerne Seed, the cwt.	0	6	3	0	4	2	0	2	1
— Maw Seed, the cwt.	1	0	0	0	13	4	0	6	8
— Millet Seed, the cwt.	0	5	9	0	3	10	0	1	11
See the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
— Mustard Seed, the cwt.	0	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1
— Onion Seed, the cwt.	1	5	3	0	17	6	0	8	9
— Piony or Peoni Seed, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Rape Seed, the Quarter containing 8 Bushels	0	16	6	—	—	—	0	5	6
— Rape Seed, Cole Seed, or Hemp Seed, and all other Seeds not otherwise charged with Duty commonly made use of for the Purpose of extracting Oil therefrom (whenever the Price of middling British Rape-Seed shall be at or above 17l. 10s. per last) such Seed being of the Growth of any of the Colonies, Plantations or Provinces belonging to His Majesty in North America, and imported from thence, the Last containing 10 Quarters, each Quarter containing eight Bushels	0	2	6	—	—	—	0	0	10

For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Seed may be so imported on Payment of the last-mentioned Duty, See

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Seed—Rape Seed, &c. <i>continued.</i> 15 Geo. 3. cap. 34. and 30 Geo. 3. cap. 41.			
— Rape Seed, Cole Seed or Hemp Seed, and all other Seed not otherwise charged with Duty, commonly made use of for the Purpose of extracting the Oil therefrom (when ever the Price of middling British Rape Seed shall be at or above 20l. per Last) imported in a British Ship from any Country whatever, the Last containing 10 Quarters, each Quarter containing eight Bushels - For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Seed may be so imported, on Payment of the last-mentioned Duty, <i>See</i> 15 Geo. 3. cap. 34. 30 Geo. 3. cap. 41. <i>See also</i> 35 Geo. 3. cap. 117. continued by several Statutes, by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 25. further con- tinued until 24th June 1809, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made per- petual. For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Rape Seed may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 30 Geo. 3. cap. 41. <i>See also</i> 35 Geo. 3. cap. 117. continued by several Statutes, by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 35. further continued until the 24th June 1809, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made perpetual.	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
— Worm Seed, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - Seed, not particularly enumerated or de- scribed, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	0 0 9 0 1 6	0 0 6 0 1 0	0 0 3 0 0 6
Seed Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
Seed Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Sena, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - — not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Sena may	0 0 9 0 1 6	0 0 6 0 1 0	0 0 3 0 0 6

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Sena, continued.</i>									
be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Senega Gum See Gum.									
Senekæ Radix, } See Radix.									
Serpentariæ Radix, }									
Serpentine Powder, See Gunpowder.									
Sharen Latten, See Latten.									
Shaving for Hats, See Plating.									
Sheep, See the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
— Skins, See Skins.									
— Wool, See Wool.									
Shellac, See Lac in Gum.									
Shells, Mother of Pearl, See in M.									
Ships, with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, (except Sails) for every 100l. of the Value -	20	0	0	—			6	13	4
— Prize, See Table (C.)									
— Tonnage Duty thereon, See Table (D.)									
Shovels of Wood unshod, the Dozen -	0	3	6	—			0	1	2
Shruff or old Bras, fit only to be re-manufactured, the cwt. -	0	17	9	0	11	10	0	5	11
Shumach or Sumach, the cwt. -	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
Silk, viz.									
— Knubs or Husks of Silk, the lb. -	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
— Raw Silk, the lb. -	0	4	1½	0	2	9	0	1	4½
— Thrown Silk, dyed, the lb. -	1	8	9	0	19	2	0	9	7
— - - not dyed, the lb. -	0	9	3	0	6	2	0	3	1
— Waste Silk, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb. -	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Retrictions under which Raw Silk, Thrown Silk, and Waste Silk may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Wrought Silk, viz.									
— Crapes or Liffanies of the Manufacture of Italy imported directly from thence, the lb. -	1	19	0	—			0	13	0
Silk-worm Gut, for every 100l. of the Value -	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
Silver Coin, See Bullion.									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Silver Plate, <i>See</i> Plate.									
Simarouba Cortex, <i>See</i> Cortex.									
Singing Birds, <i>See</i> Birds.									
Sifters Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.									
Skates for sliding, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Skeets for Whittfers, the Skeet	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
Skins and Furs, <i>viz.</i>									
— Badger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	10½	0	0	7	0	0	3½
— Bear Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	7	9	0	5	2	0	2	7
— - imported from any British Colony, Plantation or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	5	3	0	5	3	0	1	9
— Beaver Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
— Buck or Deer Skins, <i>See</i> Deer skins.									
— Calabar, <i>See</i> Squirrel skins.									
— Calves Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed,									
— - imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
— - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
— - tanned and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
Note.—His Majesty is authorized to permit by order in Council any Calve Skins or Pieces of Calve Skins, dressed or undressed, to be imported into Great Britain in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, <i>See</i> 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revived and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 29. and by 48 G. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a definitive Treaty of Peace.									
— Cat skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	2
— Coney Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— Deer Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Skins,—Deer Skins, undressed, <i>continued.</i>									
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin - -	0	0	1½	—			0	0	0½
- - Indian, half dressed or shaved, the Skin - -	0	0	4½	—			0	0	1½
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Indian Deer Skins half dressed or shaved may be secured in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
— Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins - -	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins - -	0	3	6	—			0	1	2
— Dog Fish Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins - -	0	3	3	0	2	2	0	1	1
— Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, curried, or in any way dressed,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin - -	0	0	7½	—			0	0	2½
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin - -	0	1	3	—			0	0	5½
— Ermine Skins, undressed, the Skin - -	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
— Fisher Skins, undressed, the Skin - -	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin - -	0	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	3
— Fitches Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins - -	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
— Fox Skins, undressed, the Skin - -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin - -	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	2
- - Tails, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
— Goat Skins, <i>viz.</i>									
- - raw or undressed, imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins - -	0	1	9	—			0	0	7
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Dozen Skins - -	0	8	0	—			0	2	8
- - tanned, the Dozen Skins - -	2	3	0	—			0	14	4
Note.—His Majesty is authorized to permit by Order in Council any									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Skins,—Goat Skins, continued.									
Goat Skins, dressed or undressed, to be imported into Great Britain, in any foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British built Ship, See 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revived and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 29. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.									
— Hair Skins undressed, the 100 Skins -	0	3	6	0	2	4	0	1	2
— Husse Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Kid Skins in the Hair the 100 Skins -	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
- - dressed, the 100 Skins -	1	11	9	1	1	2	0	10	7
— Lamb Skins undressed, in the Wool, the 100 Skins -	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
- - dressed in Alum, Salt, or Meal, the 100 Skins -	0	19	9	0	13	2	0	6	7
- - dressed in Oil, the 100 Skins -	2	12	3	1	14	10	0	17	5
- - Slink undressed in the Wool, the 100 Skins -	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
— Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
— Lion Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	3	9	0	2	6	0	1	3
— Martin Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin -	0	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	3
- - Tails undressed, the 100 Tails -	0	10	3	0	6	10	0	3	5
— Mink Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin -	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	2
- - dressed, the Skin -	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
— Mole Skins, undressed, the Dozen Skins -	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
— Musquash Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins -	0	18	0	0	12	0	0	6	0
— Otter Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin -	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	8
— Ounce Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	4	9	0	3	2	0	1	7
— Panther Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
— Pelts of Goats, undressed, the Dozen Pelts -	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
- - dressed, the Dozen Pelts -	0	3	9	0	2	6	0	1	3
- - of all other Sorts, undressed, the 100 Pelts -	0	10	9	0	7	2	0	3	7

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Skins, continued.</i>									
— Raccoon Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	1	5	6	0	17	0	0	8	6
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the 100 Skins	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	3	0
— Sable Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	5	3	0	3	6	0	1	9
- - Tails or Tips of Sable, undressed, the Piece	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
— Seal Skins, in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin	0	0	1½	—			0	0	0½
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Skin	0	0	9	—			0	0	3
- - cured with Foreign Salt, and imported in a British-built ship, the Skin	0	0	1½	—			0	0	0½
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Skins may be so imported upon Payment of the said Duty, See 31 Geo. 3. cap. 26. continued by subsequent Acts, by 44 Geo. 3. cap. 35. further continued until 24th June 1809, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 20. made perpetual.									
— Sheep Skins, undressed, in the Wool, the Dozen Skins	0	1	4½	0	0	11	0	0	5½
- - dressed in Oil, or otherwise, or tanned or tawed, the Dozen Skins	0	5	9	0	3	10	0	1	11
— Squirrel or Calabar Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	0	7	3	0	4	10	0	2	5
- - tawed, the 100 Skins	0	11	0	0	7	4	0	3	8
- - Tails, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	35	0	0	12	10	0
— Swan Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	1	4½	0	0	11	0	0	5½
— Tyger Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
— Weasel Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0
— Wolf Skins, undressed, the Skin	0	7	9	0	5	2	0	2	7
- - imported from any British Colony or Plantation or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	2	6	0	2	6	0	0	10
- - tawed, the Skin	0	11	0	0	7	4	0	3	8
— Wolverings, undressed, the Skin	0	4	9	0	3	2	0	1	7
- - imported from any British Colony, Plantation, or Settlement in America, the Skin	0	1	6	0	1	6	0	0	6

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Skins and Furs or Pieces of Skins and Furs, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Skins and Furs not tanned, tawed, or in any Way dressed, may be secured in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Skins and Furs or Pieces of Skins and Furs tanned, tawed, curried, or in any Way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value -	90 0 0	—	30 0 0
Slate, See Stones.			
Slate Pencils, for every 100l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
— Tables of			
— Slates in Frames } See Stones.			
Slick Stones			
Smalts, the lb. -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Smalts may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Smyrna Raisins, See Raisins.			
Snake Root, See Radix Serpentiniz.			
Snuff, the lb. -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Snuff may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, until delivered out of such Warehouse for Home Trade or Consumption in Great Britain, See 29 Geo. 3. cap. 68.			
Snuff is also subject to a Duty of Excise.			
Snuff Boxes, See Boxes.			
Soap, viz.			
— Ashes, See Ashes.			
— Hard, the cwt. -	2 12 6	—	0 17 6
— Soft, the cwt. -	2 5 0	—	0 15 0
Soaper's Waste, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 2 0	—	0 0 8
Socotorina Aloes, See Aloes.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Sour Crout, <i>See</i> Crout.			
Spa Ware, for every 100l. of the Value -	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
— Water, <i>See</i> Mineral Water in Water.			
Spanish Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.			
Spars, -			
Speckled Wood, } <i>See</i> Wood.			
Spelter, the cwt. - - -	0 18 0	0 12 0	0 6 0
Spermaceti, <i>viz.</i>			
— Candles, <i>See</i> Candles.			
— fine, the lb. - - -	0 0 10½	—	0 0 3½
— Oil, <i>See</i> Train Oil, in Oil.			
Spike, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Spikenard, the lb. - - -	0 1 9	0 1 2	0 0 7
Spirits, <i>viz.</i>			
— Arquebusade, the Gallon -	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
— Brandy, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon - - -	0 1 1½	0 0 9	0 0 4½
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon - - -	0 1 3	0 0 9	0 0 5
— Citron Water, the Gallon -	0 6 9	0 4 6	0 2 3
— Cordial Water, or Strong Water, not otherwise enumerated or de- scribed, the Gallon - - -	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
— Geneva, imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon - - -	0 1 1½	0 0 9	0 0 4½
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Gallon - - -	0 1 3	0 0 9	0 0 5
— Hungary Water, the Gallon -	0 6 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
— Lavender Water, the Gallon -	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
— Rum, the Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in Ame- rica, the Gallon - - -	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Rum im- ported from the West Indies may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— - of any other Sort, the Gallon	0 0 10½	0 0 7	0 0 3½
— Usquebaugh, the Gallon - -	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
— the Produce of the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, its Territories or Dependencies, the Gallon - - -	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
Spirits not particularly enumerated or de- scribed or otherwise charged with Duty, the Gallon - - -	0 3 6	0 2 4	0 1 2
Spirits are subject also to a Duty of Excise.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Spirits, <i>continue</i> 1.									
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Brandy, Geneva, and other Spirits may be secured in Warehouses, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Spokes for Wheels. See Wood.									
Sponge, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	3	0	0	10	0	0	5
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	2	6	0	1	8	0	0	10
Spouts of Wood, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
Spruce Beer, See Beer.									
— Effence of, See Effence.									
— Canvas, See Canvas in Linen.									
Squills, the cwt.	0	2	3	0	2	2	0	1	1
Squinanthum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
Squirrel Skins, See Skins.									
Stag Horns, See Horns.									
Stained Paper, See Paper.									
Starch, the cwt.	6	0	0	—			2	0	0
Statuary, See Sculptured Marble in Stones.									
Statues of Marble or Stone, sculptured, See Sculptured Marble in Stones.									
— of any other Sort, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	25	0	0	12	10	0
Staveacre, the cwt.	0	17	6	0	11	8	0	5	10
Staves, See Wood.									
Steel, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
Stibium, See Antimonium preparatum.									
Stick Lac, See Lac in Gum									
Sticks, viz Walking sticks, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
Stock Fish, the 120	0	2	9	—			0	0	11
Stockings, viz									
— of Cotton, for every 100l. of the Value	54	0	0	—			18	0	0
— of Thread or Worsted, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—			12	10	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Stone, viz.			
— Burrs for Mill Stones, the 100 containing 5 Score	2 8 0	1 12 0	0 16 0
See the Note under the Head of Guernsey.			
— Dog Stones, not exceeding 4 Feet in Diameter, above 6 and under 12 Inches in Thickness, the Pair	3 18 0	2 12 0	1 6 0
— Emery Stones, the cwt.	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
— Filtering Stones, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	25 0 0	12 10 0
— Flint Stones for Potters, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
— Grave Stones of Marble, polished, the Foot square, superficial Measure	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
- - unpolished, the Foot square, superficial Measure	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
- - not of Marble, polished or unpolished, the Foot square, superficial Measure	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
— Lime Stone, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
— Marble Basons, Tables, Mortars, and other polished Marble, (except Grave Stones and Paving Stones, polished) the Foot square, superficial Measure	0 2 0	0 1 4	0 0 8
— Marble Blocks, the solid Foot	0 4 0	0 2 8	0 1 4
— Marble Busts, See Sculptured Marble.			
- - Chimney Pieces sculptured, See Sculptured Marble.			
- - Statues. See Sculptured Marble.			
— Marble Paving Stones, polished, the Foot square, superficial Measure	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
- - rough, the Foot square, superficial Measure	0 0 3	0 0 2	0 0 1
— Mill Stones above 4 Feet in Diameter, or if 12 Inches in Thickness or upwards, the Pair	7 4 0	4 16 0	2 8 0
— Paving Stones, not of Marble, the 100 Feet square, superficial Measure	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6
See the Note under the Head of Guernsey.			
— Pebble Stones, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 8 6	0 5 8	0 2 10
— Polishing Stones, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Stone, continued.			
— Pomice Stones, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1 1 0	0 14 0	0 7 0
— Quern Stones under 3 Feet in Diameter and not exceeding 6 Inches in Thickness, the Pair	0 5 6	0 3 8	0 1 10
- - Three Feet in Diameter and not above 4 Feet in Diameter and not exceeding 6 Inches in Thickness, the Pair	0 11 0	0 7 4	0 3 8
→ Rag Stones, for every 100 l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
— Sculptured Marble and Statuary, the cwt.	0 1 9	—	0 0 7
Note.—By 41 Geo. 3. cap. 89. if any Statue, Group of Figures, or other Stone or Marble Ornament carved out of the same Block shall exceed One Ton Weight, the Duty to be charged thereon shall be estimated at the Rate payable for One Ton Weight, and no more.			
— Slate, the Produce of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney, or Man, and imported from those Islands respectively, for every 100 l. of the Value	26 8 0	—	8 16 0
- - of any other Country, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100 l. of the Value	42 0 0	—	14 0 0
— Slates in Frames, the Dozen	0 1 9	—	0 0 7
— Slick Stones, the 100.	0 5 0	—	0 1 8
→ Stone, the Produce of the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney or Man, and imported from those Islands respectively, for every 100 l. of the Value	26 8 0	—	8 16 0
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Burr Stones and Stones used for the Purpose of paving or amending Roads, being the Produce of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, Alderney or Man may be imported, Duty free, See 42 Geo. 3. cap. 95.			
— Stone, sculptured, See Sculptured Marble.			
— Whetstones, the Hundred containing Five Score	0 5 6	—	0 1 10

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Stone, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	42	0	0	—	—	—	14	0	0
Stone Bottles, <i>See</i> Bottles.									
Storax, or Styra, <i>viz.</i>									
— Calamita or Liquida, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
- - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	1	6	0	1	0	0	0	6
— in the Tear or Gum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	5	3	0	3	6	0	1	9
- - not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0	10	6	0	7	0	0	3	6
Straw Hats or Bonnets, <i>See</i> Hats.									
— Plating, <i>See</i> Plating.									
Stuffs of all Sorts made of or mixed with Wool, the Yard	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	2	6
Sturgeon, the Keg not exceeding Five Gallons	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
Styrax, <i>See</i> Storax.									
Succades, the lb.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
Succini Sal, <i>See</i> Sal.									
Succinum, the lb.	0	1	0	0	0	8	0	0	4
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil of Amber in Oil.									
Succus Liquoritiæ, or Liquorice Juice, the cwt.	1	17	6	—	—	—	0	12	6
Sugar, <i>viz.</i>									
— not of the British Plantations, <i>viz.</i>									
- - White or clayed Sugar, the cwt.	3	0	0	—	—	—	1	6	8
- - Brown or Muscovado Sugar, the cwt.	2	5	0	—	—	—	0	18	0
— of the British Plantations, <i>viz.</i>									
- - White or clayed Sugar, the cwt.	1	3	11	*	—	—	0	11	1
- - Brown or Muscovado Sugar, the cwt.	1	0	6	*	—	—	0	9	6

For the Rules, Regulations and Conditions under which the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are authorized to suspend, according to the average Price of Sugar as published in the London Gazette, either 1s. in the Hundred Weight, 2s. in the Hundred Weight, or 3s. in the Hundred Weight, being Part of the Temporary or War Duty on Sugar, *See* the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Sugar, <i>continued</i> .			
*Drawback.			
— If the average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, published in the London Gazette, shall not exceed 40s the cwt. —	—	1 2 0	—
— if it shall exceed 40s. and not exceed 45s. the cwt. —	—	1 1 0	—
- - 45s. and not exceed 50s. Do.	—	1 0 0	—
- - 50s. and not exceed 58s. Do.	—	1 0 0	—
- - 58s. and not exceed 60s. Do.	—	0 18 0	—
- - 60s. and not exceed 62s. Do.	—	0 16 0	—
- - 62s. and not exceed 64s. Do.	—	0 14 0	—
- - 64s. and not exceed 66s. Do.	—	0 12 0	—
- - 66s. and not exceed 68s. Do.	—	0 10 0	—
- - 68s. and not exceed 70s. Do.	—	0 8 0	—
— if it shall exceed 70s. the cwt. no Drawback to be allowed.			
All the above Prices are to be taken exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable on the Importation of such Sugar.			
Note.—On the Exportation of Sugar of the British Plantations a Draw- back of the Whole of the Temporary or War Duty imposed and paid on such Sugar is to be allowed; but in case the average Price of Sugar as published in the London Gazette, shall be such as to authorize the Lord's Commissioners of His Ma- jesty's Treasury to suspend the Pay- ment of any Part of the Temporary or War Duty on Sugar, then the Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of Sugar of the British Plantations shall be reduced in pro- portion, <i>viz.</i> One Shilling, Two Shillings, or Three Shillings, the Hundred Weight, as the Case may be, on the Exportation of any such Sugar from Great Britain in any other than a British Ship or Vessel owned, navigated, and registered ac- cording to Law, there shall be paid or allowed One Shilling less Draw- back for every Hundred Weight thereof, than if the same had been exported in a British Ship or Vessel so owned, navigated, and registered.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Sugar, continued.</i>			
For the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Drawback on British Plantation Sugar is to be allowed, See 49 Geo. 3. cap. 11. which Act is to continue in force for the Port of London, until the 15th Day of March 1810, and for the other Parts of Great Britain until the 25th Day of March 1810.			
— Refined Sugar, the cwt. - - -	5 15 0	—	2 13 4
Note.— The Duties on Sugar imported into Great Britain are to continue in force until the 25th Day of March 1810.			
See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed. [§ 7.]			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Sugar may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
<i>Sugar Candy, v. s.</i>			
— Brown, the cwt. - - - -	3 12 0	—	1 4 0
— White, the cwt. - - - -	5 15 0	—	1 18 4
Sulphur, Impressions, for every 100l. of the Value - - - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
— Vivum, See Brimstone.			
Sun, Raisins of the, See Raisins.			
Swan Quills, See Quills.			
— Skins, See Skins.			
Sweep-Washers Dirt, containing Bullion, See Bullion.			
Sweet Wood, See Wood.			
Swine, See the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Syrup of Alkermes, See Alkermes.			
T.			
Tables of Marble, polished, See Marble in Stones.			
— of Slate, See Stones.			
Tacamahaca Gum, See Gum.			
Tails, v. s.			
— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox Tails, the Hundred containing Five Score -	0 3 9	0 2 6	0 1 3
— Fox Tails, } See Skins.			
— Martin Tails, }			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Tails, <i>continued.</i>									
— Sable Tails,									
— Squirrel or Calabar Tails, } <i>See Skins.</i>									
Talc, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Tallow, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt.	0	2	5	—	—	—	0	0	10
His Majesty is authorized to permit, by Order in Council, Tallow to be imported into Great Britain in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, <i>See</i> 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revived and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 29. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tallow may be secured in approved Places without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Tallow Candles, <i>See</i> Candles.									
Tamarinds, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	3	0	0	1½
Tanners Waste, for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	—	—	—	6	13	4
— open, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
— worsted, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Tapestry, not of Silk, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Tapioca, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	8
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Tar, <i>viz.</i>									
— imported in a British-built Ship, the Laft, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 31½ Gallons	0	13	6	0	9	0	0	4	6
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the Laft, containing 12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 31½ Gallons	0	14	6	0	9	0	0	4	10
— The Produce of any of the Dominions or Plantations of the Crown of Great Britain, the Laft, containing									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Tar, continued.</i>									
12 Barrels, each Barrel not exceeding 3½ Gallons	0	12	3	0	8	2	0	4	1
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tar may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
Barbadoes Tar, the lb.	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0	1
Tares, for every 100l. of the Value	20	0	0	—	—	—	6	13	4
See the Note under the Head of Provisions.									
Tarras, the Bushel	0	0	9	0	0	6	0	0	3
Tartar, Cream of, See Cream of Tartar.									
Tea imported from Europe under Licence, for every 100l. of the Value	6	0	0	6	0	0	—	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tea may be so imported, See 18 Geo. 2. cap. 26. 6 Geo. 3. cap. 13. and 16 Geo. 3. cap. 51.									
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
Teasles, the 1000	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Telescopes, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Terra, viz.									
Japonica, the lb.	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2
Sienna, the cwt.	1	0	0	—	—	—	0	6	8
Umbra, the cwt.	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	2	6
Verde, the cwt.	0	10	0	—	—	—	0	3	4
Thread, viz.									
Bruges Thread, the Dozen lbs.	0	19	3	—	—	—	0	6	5
Cotton Thread, for every 100l. of the Value	54	0	0	—	—	—	18	0	0
Outnal Thread, the Dozen lbs.	1	3	0	—	—	—	0	7	8
Pack Thread, the cwt.	0	19	3	—	—	—	0	6	5
Sitters Thread, the lb.	0	5	3	—	—	—	0	1	9
Whited Brown Thread, the Dozen lbs.	1	3	0	—	—	—	0	7	8
not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Thrown Silk, See Silk.									
Thyme, Oil of, See Oil.									
Ticking, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Ticks, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Tiffanies, See Silk wrought in silk.									
Tiles, viz.									
Flanders Tiles, the 1000	0	18	3	0	12	2	0	6	1

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.	Drawback.				
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Tiles, continued.</i>						
Galley Tiles, the Foot square -	0	0	4½	0	0	3
Pan Tiles, the 1000 -	3	8	0	2	5	4
Paving Tiles not exceeding 10 Inches square, the 1000 -	2	7	0	1	11	4
- - exceeding 10 Inches square, the 1000 -	3	16	0	2	10	8
Plain Tiles or any Tiles not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value -	50	0	0	33	6	8
Timber, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Tin, the cwt. -	3	9	0	—	1	3
Tincal, <i>See</i> Borax unrefined.						
Tin Foil, for every 100l. of the Value -	37	10	0	—	12	10
Tobacco, the 100 lbs. -	2	11	3	—	0	12
Having been delivered out of the Warehouse for Home Trade, Consumption, or Manufacture in Great Britain, and afterwards manufactured according to Law, into Short-cut Tobacco, Shag Tobacco, Roll Tobacco, or Carrot Tobacco, and exported, the 100 lbs. -	—			2	10	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tobacco may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty until delivered out for Home Trade, Consumption, or Manufacture in Great Britain, <i>See</i> 29 Geo. 3. cap. 68. 31 Geo. 3. cap. 47. 33 Geo. 3. cap. 57. 43 Geo. 3. cap. 68.* 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 85. 48 Geo. 3. cap. 109. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.						
Tobacco is subject also to a Duty of Excise.						
Tobacco Pipes, for every 100l. of the Value Tongues, <i>viz.</i> -	50	0	0	—	16	13
Neats Tongues, the Dozen -	0	1	3	—	0	0
Reis Deer Tongues, for every 100l. of the Value -	20	0	0	—	6	13
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.						
Tonnage, Duty on Ships or Vessels entering inwards (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain from foreign Parts, <i>See</i> Table D.						
Tooth Powder, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	12	10

* [§ 9, 29, 30.]

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Tornfal or Turnsole, the cwt. - - -	0 6 3	—	0 2 1
Tortoise Shell, the lb. - - -	0 2 6	0 1 8	0 0 10
Touch Stones, for every 100l. of the Value Tow, imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 2 0
— not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0 6 6	0 4 0	0 2 2
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tow may be secured in approved Places with- out Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Toys, for every 100l. of the Value - 0	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Tragacanth Gum, See Gum.			
Train Oil, See Oil.			
Trays of Wood, the Dozen - - -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Treacle of Venice, the lb. - - -	0 2 3	0 1 6	0 0 9
Tree-nails, See Trunnels.			
Trenchers of Wood, the Gros containing 12 Dozen - - -	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
Truffles, the lb. - - -	0 3 6	—	0 1 2
Trunnels or Tree-nails, the 1000 - -	0 4 9	—	0 1 7
Tubes for smoaking, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Tubs of Wood, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Turbith, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb. - - -	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Turbots, Duty free.			
Turmarick, the lb. - - -	0 0 4½	0 0 3	0 0 1½
Turnery, not otherwise enumerated or de- scribed, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Turnsole, See Tornfal.			
Turpentine, &c.			
— common, the cwt. - - -	0 2 9	0 1 10	0 0 11
— of Venice, Seio, or Cyprus, the lb. - - -	0 0 6	0 0 4	0 0 2
— of Germany or any other Place not otherwise enumerated or described, the cwt. - - -	0 16 6	0 11 0	0 5 6
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Turpentine may be secured in approved Places without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Turpentine, <i>continued.</i>			
cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 125.			
Turpentine, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Tutia Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis.			
Twine, the cwt.	0 19 6	—	0 6 6
Twist for Band Strings, <i>See</i> Band String Twist.			
Tyger Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
V.			
Valonia, the cwt.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
Varnish, the cwt.	0 11 0	0 7 4	0 3 8
Vases, <i>viz.</i>			
— of Stone or Marble, sculptured, <i>See</i> Sculptured Marble in Stones.			
— of any other Sort, for every rool. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Veal, whether salted or otherwise. <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Pro- visions.			
Vellum, the Skin	0 4 6	—	0 1 6
Velves, <i>See</i> Calves Velves.			
Verdegris, <i>viz.</i>			
— Common, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
— crystallized or otherwise manu- factured, the lb.	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
Verjuice, <i>See</i> Vinegar.			
Vermicelli, the lb. <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Pro- visions.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
Vermillion or Cinnabar, the lb.	0 1 3	0 0 10	0 0 5
Vfers, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Vinegar or Verjuice, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	38 15 0	—	12 18 4
Vinelloes, the lb.	0 10 6	—	0 3 6
Violet Leaves, <i>See</i> Leaves.			
Vitriol, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Vitriolum Romanum, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 4½	0 0 3	0 0 1½
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
Umbur, the cwt.	0 7 6	—	0 2 6
Vomica Nux, <i>See</i> Nux Vomica.			
Usquebaugh, <i>See</i> Spirits.			
Vulture Feathers, <i>See</i> Feathers.			
W.			
Wafers, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Waincot Boards, <i>See</i> Boards in Wood.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Waincot Logs, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Walking Canes, <i>See</i> Canes.			
— Sticks, <i>See</i> Sticks.			
Walnut Oil, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Walnuts, <i>See</i> Nuts.			
Washing Balls, <i>See</i> Balls.			
Waste Silk, <i>See</i> Silk.			
Watch Glasses, for every 100l. of the Value Subject also to a Duty of Excise.	72 0 0	—	24 0 0
Watches of Gold, Silver, or other Metal, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Water, <i>viz.</i>			
— Arquebuse, } — Citron, } — Cordial, } <i>See</i> Spirits. — Hungary, } — Lavender, }			
— Mineral or Natural Water, the Dozen Bottles or Flasks, each Bottle or Flask not exceeding Three Pints	0 2 6	—	0 0 12
— Strong Water, <i>See</i> Cordial Water in Spirits.			
Wax, <i>viz.</i>			
— Bay or Myrtle Wax, the lb.	0 0 7½	0 0 5	0 0 2½
— Bees Wax, unmanufactured, the cwt.	2 2 0	1 8 0	0 14 0
— - White or manufactured, the cwt.	3 18 0	2 12 0	1 6 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Bees Wax may be secured in Ware- houses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
— Hard Wax, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
— Sealing Wax, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
— Candles, <i>See</i> Candles.			
Wearl Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Weed Ashes, <i>See</i> Ashes.			
Weld, the cwt.	0 1 9	0 1 2	0 0 7
Whale Fins, <i>viz.</i>			
— taken and caught by the Crew of a British-built Ship or Vessel wholly owned by His Majesty's Subjects usually re- siding in Great Britain, Ire- land, or the Islands of Guern- sey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, registered and navi-			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Whale Fins, continued.									
gated according to Law, and imported in any such Shipping, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1	10	0	—	—	—	0	10	0
— taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of Newfoundland and Parts adjacent wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island and residing therein, and imported directly from thence in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	2	0	0	—	—	—	0	13	4
— taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects, usually residing in any of the Bahama or Bermudas Islands, or in any British Colony or Plantation in North America, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	3	0	0	—	—	—	1	0	0
— taken and caught wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any other British Colony, Plantation, Territory, or Settlement, and imported in a British-built Ship or Vessel, registered and navigated according to Law, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	4	0	0	—	—	—	1	6	8
— of Foreign Fishing, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	60	0	0	—	—	—	20	0	0
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Whale Fins of British Fishing may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.									
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Whale Fins may be admitted to Entry as									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Whale Fins, <i>continued.</i> of British Fishing, See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.			
Whale Oil, See Oil.			
Wheat, See Corn.			
— Flour, See Corn.			
Whetstones, See Stones.			
Whipcord, the lb. - - - -	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Whisk Brooms, See Brooms.			
White Boards for Shoemakers, See Boards in Wood.			
Wicker Ware, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Wick Yarn, See Yarn.			
Wine, <i>viz.</i>			
— French Wine imported in a British- built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - -	65 13 6	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - -	70 0 0	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to any British Settlement in the East Indies, to China, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of Ame- rica, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - -	—	59 17 0	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	54 12 0	—
— German Wine, } See Rhenish Wine.			
— Hungary Wine, }			
— Madeira Wine, imported in a British- built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - -	44 3 0	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - -	47 6 6	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Bra- zil, or any other of the Terri- tories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Ter- ritories of the United States of America, the Tun containing 252 Gallons - - - -	—	39 18 0	—

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wine,—Madeira Wine, <i>continued.</i>			
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	36 15 0	—
— Portugal Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	43 1 0	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	46 6 0	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	39 18 0	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	36 15 0	—
— Rhenish, German, and Hungarian Wine,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	65 13 6	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	70 0 0	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	59 6 6	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	54 1 6	—
— Spanish Wine, <i>viz.</i>			
- - Spanish Red Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	55 1 0	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	58 6 0	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wine,—Spanish Red Wine, <i>continued.</i>									
Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun, containing 252 Galls.	—			51	18	0	—		
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	—			48	15	0	—		
- - Spanish White Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	43	1	0	—			—		
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	46	6	0	—			—		
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	—			39	18	0	—		
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	—			36	15	0	—		
Wine not otherwise enumerated or described,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Galls.	43	1	0	—			—		
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	46	6	0	—			—		
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	—			39	18	0	—		
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	—			36	15	0	—		
— Wine entered for Prifage in any of those Out-ports in England and Wales, where the Right of Prifage has not been purchased by the									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Wine entered for Prifage, &c. continued.									
Crown under the Authority of the Acts of the 43 Geo. 3. cap. 156. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 79. viz.									
- - French Wine imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	59	6	0	—					
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	62	3	0	—					
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, to any British Settlement in the East Indies, to China, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	—			53	9	10			
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	—			49	13	7			
- - German Wine, } See Rhenish									
- - Hungary Wine, } Wine.									
- - Madeira Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	39	18	0	—					
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	42	3	0	—					
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun, containing 252 Galls. -	—			35	13	2			
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	—			33	2	5			
- - Portugal Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons -	38	16	2	—					

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wine entered for Prilage, &c. <i>continued.</i>			
Portugal Wine, <i>continued.</i>			
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	41 1 6	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	—	35 13 2	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun, containing 252 Gallons	—	33 2 5	—
- - Rhenish, German and Hungary Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	56 8 0	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	59 6 0	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	—	50 1 3	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	—	46 7 6	—
- - Spanish Wine, <i>viz.</i>			
- - Spanish Red Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Galls.	50 16 2	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	53 1 6	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wine entered for Prifage, &c. <i>continued.</i>			
Spanish Red Wine, <i>continued.</i>			
Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	47 13 2	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	45 2 5	—
- - Spanish White Wine, imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	38 16 2	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	41 1 6	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of America, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	35 13 2	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	—	33 2 5	—
— Wine so entered for Prifage, not otherwise enumerated or described,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	36 14 0	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Tun containing 252 Gallons -	38 9 6	—	—
- - exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, to Brazil, or any other of the Territories or Possessions of the Crown of Portugal in South America, or to any of the Territories of the United States of			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Perma.ent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wine entered for Prifage. &c. <i>continued.</i>			
America, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	—	33 10 10	—
- - exported to any other Place, the Tun containing 252 Gal- lons	—	31 6 1	—
Wine is subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Wine may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Wine Lees, subject to the same Duty as Wine, but no Drawback is allowed on Lees of Wine exported.			
Winteranus Cortex, See Cortex.			
Wire, viz.			
— Brass or Copper not otherwise enu- merated or described, the cwt.	3 12 0	—	1 4 0
— Gilt or Plated, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
— Iron, not otherwise enumerated or de- scribed, the cwt.	3 15 0	—	1 5 0
— Latten, the cwt.	3 9 0	—	1 3 0
— Silver, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
— Steel, the lb.	0 1 1½	—	0 0 4½
— Virginal Wire of Brass, Copper, or Iron, the lb.	0 1 7½	—	0 0 6½
Wood, viz.			
— Green Wood, the cwt.	0 2 9	0 1 10	0 0 11
— Thouloufe Wood, the cwt.	0 5 6	0 3 8	0 1 10
Wolf Skins, } See Skins. Wolverings, }			
Wood, viz.			
— Anchor Stocks, viz.			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Piece	0 5 3	0 3 6	0 1 9
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Piece	0 5 6	0 3 6	0 1 10
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the Piece	0 0 6	—	0 0 2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Wood, continued.</i>									
<i>Balks, viz.</i>									
- - under 5 Inches square and under 24 Feet in Length,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2	17	3	1	18	2	0	19	1
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2	18	3	1	8	2	0	19	5
- - 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	7	13	9	5	2	6	2	11	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	7	16	6	5	2	6	2	12	2
- - of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 -	0	10	3	—			0	3	5
<i>Battens, viz.</i>									
- - 8 Feet in Length and not exceeding 20 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 2¼ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	3	6	9	2	4	6	1	2	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	3	8	3	2	4	6	1	2	9
- - exceeding 20 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, or if exceeding 2¾ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	6	13	6	4	9	0	2	4	6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	6	16	6	4	9	0	2	5	6
<i>Batten Ends, viz.</i>									
- - under 8 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and not exceeding 2¾ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	1	2	6	0	15	0	0	7	6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	1	3	3	0	15	0	0	7	9

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Batten Ends, <i>continued.</i>									
- - under 8 Feet in Length, not above 7 Inches in Width, and exceeding $2\frac{3}{4}$ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2	5	9	1	10	6	0	15	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2	7	0	1	10	6	0	15	8
— Battens and Batten Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 -	0	5	3	—			0	1	9
— Beech Plank, <i>viz.</i>									
- - 2 Inches in thickness or upwards, imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet -	1	10	9	1	0	6	0	10	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet -	1	11	6	1	0	6	0	10	6
- - of all Sorts of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 -	0	5	3	—			0	1	9
— Beech Quarters, <i>viz.</i>									
- - under 5 Inches square, and under 24 Feet in Length,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2	17	3	1	18	2	0	19	1
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2	18	3	1	18	2	0	19	5
- - 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	7	13	9	5	2	6	2	11	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	7	16	6	5	2	6	2	12	2
- - of all Sorts under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 -	0	10	3	—			0	3	5

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood, <i>continued.</i>									
Boards, <i>viz.</i>									
- - Beech Boards, <i>viz.</i>									
- - under 2 Inches in Thick- ness, and under 15 Feet in Length,									
- - imported in a British- built Ship, the 120	2	16	6	1	17	8	0	18	10
- - not imported in a Bri- tish-built Ship, the 120	2	19	0	1	17	8	0	19	8
- - under 2 Inches in Thick- ness, and if 15 Feet in Length or upwards,									
- - imported in a British- built Ship, the 120	5	13	0	3	15	4	1	17	8
- - not imported in a Bri- tish-built Ship, the 120	5	18	0	3	15	4	1	19	4
- - Clap Boards, <i>viz.</i>									
- - not exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and under 8 Inches Square,									
- - imported in a British- built Ship, the 120	1	18	6	1	5	8	0	12	10
- - not imported in a Bri- tish-built Ship, the 120	1	19	6	1	5	8	0	13	2
- - of the Growth and Pro- duction of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and im- ported directly from thence, the 120	0	7	9	—			0	2	7
- - Linn Boards, or White Boards for Shoemakers, <i>viz.</i>									
- - under 4 Feet in Length, and under 6 Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British- built Ship, the 120	4	6	3	2	17	6	1	8	9
- - not imported in a Bri- tish-built Ship, the 120	4	9	0	2	17	6	1	9	8
- - 4 Feet in Length, or 6 Inches in Thickness, or upwards,									
- - imported in a Bri- tish-built Ship, the 120	8	12	6	5	15	0	2	17	6

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wood—Boards, Linn Boards, <i>continued.</i>			
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	8 18 0	5 15 0	2 19 4
- - Mill Boards, <i>See</i> in M.			
- - Oak Boards, <i>viz.</i>			
- - under 2 Inches in Thickness, and under 15 Feet in Length,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	5 14 0	3 16 0	1 18 0
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	5 18 0	3 16 0	1 19 4
- - under 2 Inches in Thickness, and if 15 Feet in Length, or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	11 8 0	7 12 0	3 16 0
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	11 16 0	7 12 0	3 18 8
- - Paling Boards, <i>viz.</i>			
- - hewed on one Side, and not exceeding 7 Feet in Length,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0 11 9	0 7 10	0 3 11
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0 12 3	0 7 10	0 4 1
- - hewed on one Side, and exceeding 7 Feet in Length,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 3 6	0 15 8	0 7 10
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 4 6	0 15 8	0 8 2
- - Paffe Board, <i>See</i> in P.			
- - Pipe Boards, <i>viz.</i>			
- - above 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length and not exceeding 8 Feet in Length, and under 8 Inches Square,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	2 17 9	1 18 6	0 19 3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	2 18 6	1 18 6	0 19 6

SCHEDULE (A).—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Boards, Pipe Boards, <i>continued.</i>									
- - exceeding 8 Feet in Length, and under 8 Inches square,									
- - imported in a British- built Ship, the 120	5	15	6	3	17	0	1	18	6
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120	5	17	0	3	17	0	1	19	9
- - of all Sorts, exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, and under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plant- ations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120	0	12	3	—			0	4	1
- - Scale Boards, <i>See</i> in S.									
- - Wainscot Boards, <i>viz.</i>									
- - the Foot containing 12 Feet in Length and 1 Inch in Thickness, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Length or Thickness,									
- - imported in a British- built Ship	0	1	9	0	1	2	0	0	7
- - not imported in a British- built Ship	0	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	8
— Boards of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120	0	5	3	—			0	1	9
— Bowsprits, <i>See</i> Masts.									
— Boxwood, of the Growth and Pro- duction of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	1	1	0	—			0	7	0
- - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise im- ported, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	5	0	0	3	6	8	1	13	4
— Brazil Wood, not particularly enu- merated or described, or otherwise									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Brazil Wood, <i>continued</i> . charged with Duty, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - - -	3	0	0	—	—	—	1	0	0
— Braziletto or Jamaica Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - - -	0	10	6	—	—	—	0	3	6
— Cam Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - - -	1	4	0	—	—	—	0	8	0
— Deals, <i>viz.</i>									
- - above 7 Inches in Width, being 8 Feet in Length, and not above 10 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 1½ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	3	5	0	2	3	4	—	—	—
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	3	6	9	2	3	4	—	—	—
- - above 7 Inches in Width, being 8 Feet in Length, and not above 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 3¼ Inches in Thickness, (except Deals not above 10 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 1½ Inch in Thickness,)									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	6	11	3	4	7	6	2	3	9
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	6	16	0	4	7	6	2	5	4
- - above 7 Inches in Width, being 8 Feet in Length, and not above 20 Feet in Length, and exceeding 3¼ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	13	2	6	8	15	0	4	7	6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	13	12	0	8	15	0	4	10	8
- - above 7 Inches in Width, ex- ceeding 20 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 4 Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	16	5	0	10	16	8	5	8	4
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 - - -	16	13	6	10	16	8	5	11	2
- - above 7 Inches in Width, ex- ceeding 20 Feet in Length, Z 4									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Deals, <i>continued</i> .									
and exceeding 4 Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	31	13	6	21	2	4	10	11	7
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 -	32	3	6	21	2	4	10	14	6
— Deal Ends, <i>viz.</i>									
- - above 7 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length, and not exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2	4	9	1	9	10	0	14	11
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 -	2	6	6	1	9	10	0	15	6
- - above 7 Inches in Width, being under 8 Feet in Length and exceeding 3½ Inches in Thickness,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	4	6	9	2	17	10	1	8	11
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 -	4	10	0	2	17	10	1	10	0
— Deals and Deal Ends of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Planta- tions in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 -	0	5	3	—			0	1	9
— Ebony, of the Growth and Pro- duction of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt. -	0	13	0	—			0	4	4
- - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise im- ported, the Ton containing 20 cwt. -	15	12	0	10	8	0	5	4	0
— Firewood. <i>viz.</i>									
- - the Fathom 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship -	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
- - not imported in a British- built Ship -	0	6	3	0	4	0	0	2	1
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wood—Firewood, <i>continued.</i>			
imported directly from thence, the Fathom 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high -	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
— Fir Quarters, <i>viz.</i>			
- - under 5 Inches square and under 24 Feet in Length,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2 17 3	1 18 2	0 19 1
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 -	2 18 3	1 18 2	0 19 5
- - 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	7 13 9	5 2 6	2 11 3
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 -	7 16 6	5 2 6	2 12 2
- - of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported di- rectly from thence, the 120 -	0 10 3	—	0 3 5
— Fir Timber, <i>See</i> Timber.			
— Fustick, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 15 6	—	0 5 2
— Guinea Wood, <i>See</i> Red Wood.			
— Handspikes, <i>viz.</i>			
- - under 7 Feet in Length,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	0 15 0	0 10 0	0 5 0
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 -	0 15 6	0 10 0	0 5 2
- - 7 Feet in Length or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	1 10 0	1 0 0	0 10 0
- - not imported in a British- built Ship, the 120 -	1 11 0	1 0 0	0 10 4
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence,			
- - under 7 Feet in Length, the 120 -	0 1 4½	—	0 0 5½
- - 7 Feet in Length or up- ward, the 120 -	0 2 9	—	0 0 11
— Knees of Oak, <i>viz.</i>			
- - under 5 Inches square, - - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	0 7 6	0 5 0	0 2 6

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wood—Knees of Oak, <i>continued.</i>			
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	0 8 0	0 5 0	0 2 8
- - 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	3 1 6	2 1 0	1 0 6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	3 4 3	2 1 0	1 1 5
- - 8 Inches square or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet -	0 19 6	0 13 0	0 6 6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet -	1 1 0	0 13 0	0 7 0
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence,			
- - under 8 Inches square, the 120 -	0 5 3	—	0 1 9
- - 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet -	0 3 6	—	0 1 2
— Lathwood, <i>viz.</i>			
- - in Pieces under 5 Feet in Length, the Fathom, 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship -	1 10 9	1 0 6	0 10 3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship -	1 12 0	1 0 6	0 10 8
- - in Pieces 5 Feet in Length or upwards, the Fathom, 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship -	2 5 9	1 10 6	0 15 3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship -	2 6 9	1 10 6	0 15 7
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America and imported directly from thence, in Pieces of all Sorts, the Fathom, 6 Feet wide and 6 Feet high -	0 3 9	—	0 1 3
— Lignum Vitæ, of the Growth and Production of the British Co-			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS,	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wood—Lignum Vitæ, <i>continued.</i>			
lousies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 7 0	—	0 2 4
- - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	2 18 6	1 19 0	0 19 6
— Logwood, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 5 9	—	0 1 11
— Mahogany of the Growth of Bermudas or of any of the Bahama Islands, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	2 8 0	1 12 0	0 16 0
- - of the Growth of the British Limits within the Province of Yucatan, in the Bay of Honduras, and imported directly from the said Bay, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	2 8 0	1 12 0	0 16 0
- - not imported directly from Bermudas or from any of the Bahama Islands, or not imported directly from the Bay of Honduras; or any Mahogany being of the Growth of any other Country or Place, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	5 10 0	1 12 0	1 16 8
— Masts, Yards, or Bowsprits, <i>viz.</i>			
- - 6 Inches in Diameter, and under 8 Inches,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, each	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, each	0 3 6	0 2 0	0 1 2
- - 8 Inches in Diameter, and under 12 Inches,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, each	0 8 3	0 5 6	0 2 9
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, each	0 8 9	0 5 6	0 2 11
- - 12 Inches in Diameter, or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1 0 6	0 13 8	0 6 10

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Masts, Yards, &c. <i>continued.</i>									
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	1	6	0	13	8	0	7	2
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence,									
- - 6 Inches in Diameter, and under 8 Inches, each	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	0	8
- - 8 Inches in Diameter, and under 12 Inches, each	0	5	3	0	3	6	0	1	9
- - 12 Inches in Diameter, or upwards, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	0	19	3	0	12	10	0	6	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in North America, may be imported from thence Duty free, See 46 Geo. 3. cap. 117. continued by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 19. to the 25th March 1810.									
— Nicaragua Wood, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0	16	6	—			0	5	6
— Oak Plank, viz.									
- - 2 Inches in Thickness, or upwards,									
- - imported in a British built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	16	9	1	4	6	0	12	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet	1	18	0	1	4	6	0	12	3
- - of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120	0	5	3	—			0	1	9
— Oak Timber, See Timber.									
— Oars, viz.									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	4	14	6	3	3	0	1	11	6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	4	17	6	3	3	0	1	12	6
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wood—Oars, <i>continued.</i>			
Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, the 120 -	0 12 3	—	0 4 1
— Olive Wood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt. -	0 7 9	—	0 2 7
- - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. -	5 7 0	3 11 4	1 15 8
— Red or Guinea Wood, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. -	1 4 0	—	0 8 0
— Rose Wood, the cwt. -	1 8 9	0 19 2	0 9 7
— Round Wood, <i>viz.</i>			
- - in Pieces under 8 Inches square and under 6 Feet in Length,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	1 8 3	0 18 10	0 9 5
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	1 9 3	0 18 10	0 9 9
- - in Pieces under 8 Inches square, and if 6 Feet in Length or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2 16 6	1 17 8	0 18 10
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2 18 6	1 17 8	0 19 6
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence in Pieces of all Sorts, under 8 Inches square, the 120 -	0 2 0	—	0 0 8
— Spars, <i>viz.</i>			
- - under 22 Feet in Length, and under 4 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	0 17 9	0 11 10	0 5 11
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	0 18 9	0 11 10	0 6 3

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Spars, continued.									
- - 22 Feet in Length or upwards, and under 4 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	1	10	9	1	0	6	0	10	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	1	12	0	1	0	6	0	10	8
- - 4 Inches in Diameter, and under 6 Inches exclusive of the Bark,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	3	6	9	2	4	6	1	2	3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	3	9	3	2	4	6	1	3	1
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, of all Sorts under 6 Inches in Diameter, exclusive of the Bark, the 120	0	10	3	—			0	3	5
— Speckled Wood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations, or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - -	0	10	3	—			0	3	5
- - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton containing 20 cwt. - -	5	10	0	3	13	4	1	16	8
— Spokes for Wheels, viz.									
- - not exceeding 2 Feet in Length,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 -	2	2	6	1	8	4	0	14	2
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 -	2	4	3	1	8	4	0	14	9
- - exceeding 2 Feet in Length,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 -	4	5	0	2	16	8	1	8	4
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 1000 -	4	8	6	2	16	8	1	9	6
- - of all Sorts, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wood—Spokes for Wheels, <i>continued.</i> America, and imported directly from thence, the 1000	0 4 0	—	0 1 4
— Staves, <i>viz.</i>			
- - not exceeding 36 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0 8 3	0 5 6	0 2 9
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0 8 6	0 5 6	0 2 10
- - above 36 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 50 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0 15 6	0 10 4	0 5 2
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	0 16 0	0 10 4	0 5 4
- - above 50 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 60 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 0 6	0 13 8	0 6 10
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 1 3	0 13 8	0 7 1
- - above 60 Inches in Length, and not exceeding 72 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 10 3	1 0 2	0 10 1
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 11 0	1 0 2	0 10 4
- - above 72 Inches in Length, not above 3 Inches in Thickness, and not exceeding 7 Inches in Breadth,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 14 3	1 2 10	0 11 5
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120	1 16 0	1 2 10	0 12 0

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Staves, <i>continued.</i>									
Staves, being the Growth and Production of any of the United States of America. or of the Growth and Production of East or West Florida, and imported directly from thence respectively, not exceeding $1\frac{1}{2}$ Inch in Thickness, shall be charged with One Third Part only of the Duties herein before imposed on Staves.									
- - above 3 Inches in Thickness, or above 7 Inches in Breadth, and not exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, shall be deemed Clap Boards, and pay Duty accordingly.									
- - above 3 Inches in Thickness, or above 7 Inches in Breadth, and exceeding 5 Feet 3 Inches in Length, shall be deemed Pipe Boards, and pay Duty accordingly.									
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, of all Sorts not exceeding 50 Inches in Length, the 120 - -	0	0	9	—			0	0	3
- - of all Sorts, exceeding 50 Inches in Length, the 120 - -	0	1	6	—			0	0	6
— Sweetwood, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies, Plantations or Settlements in Africa or America, and imported directly from thence respectively, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. - -	0	10	3	—			0	3	5
- - of the Growth and Production of any other Country or Place, or if otherwise imported, the Ton, containing 20 cwt. - -	6	14	6	4	9	8	2	4	10
— Timber, <i>viz.</i>									
- - Fir Timber, of the Growth of Norway, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches									

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Wood—Fir Timber, &c. <i>continued.</i>									
square, and not exceeding 10 Inches square,									
- - in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	0	9	3	0	6	2			
- - not in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	0	9	6	0	6	2			
- - exceeding 10 Inches square, in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet,	1	0	6	0	13	8	0	6	10
- - not in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	1	1	6	0	13	8	0	7	2
- - not otherwise charged with Duty, 8 Inches square or upwards, imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	1	0	6	0	13	8	0	6	10
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	1	1	6	0	13	8	0	7	2
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	0	1	6				0	0	6
— Oak Timber, <i>viz.</i>									
- - 8 Inches square or upwards,									
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	0	19	6	0	13	0	0	6	6
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	1	0	6	0	13	0	0	6	10
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet - -	0	3	6				0	1	2

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Wood—Oak Timber, <i>continued.</i>			
- - of all Sorts not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, being 8 Inches square or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet -	1 0 6	0 13 8	0 6 10
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet -	1 1 6	0 13 8	0 7 2
- - of all Sorts not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, being 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet -	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions, under which Timber, fit for naval Purposes, of the Growth or Produce of any British Colony or Plantation in North America may be imported from thence Duty free, See 46 Geo. 3. cap. 117. continued by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 19. until 25th March 1810.			
— <i>Ufers, viz.</i>			
- - under 5 Inches square and under 24 Feet in Length,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2 17 3	1 18 2	0 19 1
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	2 18 3	1 18 2	0 19 5
- - 5 Inches square and under 8 Inches square, or if 24 Feet in Length or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	7 13 9	5 2 6	2 11 3
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 120 -	7 16 6	5 2 6	2 12 2
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence,			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Wood—Ufers, <i>continued.</i>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
of all Sorts under 8 Inches square, the 120 - -	0 10 3	—	0 3 5
— Waincot Logs, <i>viz.</i>			
- - being 8 Inches square or upwards,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet -	1 8 3	0 18 10	0 9 5
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the Load containing 50 Cubic Feet -	1 9 3	0 18 10	0 9 9
- - of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, and imported directly from thence, being 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet -	0 3 6	—	0 1 2
— Yards, <i>See</i> Masts.			
Wood, unmanufactured, of the Growth and Production of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value - -	3 13 9	—	1 4 7
Wood, unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value			
- - imported in a British-built Ship	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
- - not imported in a British-built Ship	21 0 0	13 6 8	7 0 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Mahogany, Staves, Timber, and other Wood, may be secured in approved Places, without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
Wood Ashes, <i>See</i> Ashes.			
Wood Scoops, <i>See</i> Scoops.			
Wooden Clocks, <i>See</i> Clocks.			
Wool, <i>viz.</i>			
— Beaver Wool, the lb. - -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
- - cut and combed (except combed in Russia, and imported from			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Wood—Beaver Wool, <i>continued</i> .			
thence in a British-built Ship)	£	s. d.	£
the lb. - - - - -	1	1 6	0 7 2
--- Carmania Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.			
--- Coney Wool, the lb. - - -	0	0 3	0 0 1
--- Cotton Wool, <i>viz.</i>			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 lbs. - - -	0	8 7	0 8 4
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the 100 lbs. - - -	0	17 2	0 8 4
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cotton Wool may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. c. 137. and 48 Geo 3. cap. 126.			
--- Goats Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.			
--- Hares Wool, the cwt. - - -	0	13 9	0 4 7
--- Lamb's Wool, <i>See</i> Sheep's Wool.			
--- Ostrich or Estrich Wool,			
- - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0	5 0	0 1 8
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - - -	0	10 0	0 3 4
--- Polonia Wool, the cwt. - - -	0	5 0	0 1 8
--- Red Wool, the cwt. - - -	0	5 0	0 1 8
--- Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool, the cwt. - - -	0	5 0	0 1 8
--- Spanish Wool, the cwt. - - -	0	5 0	0 1 8
--- Turkey Goat's Wool, <i>See</i> Goat Hair in Hair.			
Note.—His Majesty is authorized to permit, by Order in Council, Wool (except Cotton Wool) to be imported into Great Britain in any foreign Ship or Vessel, on Payment of such Duties as are due and payable thereon when imported in a British-built Ship, <i>See</i> 44 Geo. 3. cap. 29. revived and continued by 45 Geo. 3. cap. 80. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 25. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 24. further continued until Three Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace.			
Woolen Cloths, all Manner of, the Yard -	1	1 6	0 7 2
Woolen Stuffs, <i>See</i> Stuffs.			
--- Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Worm Seed, <i>See</i> Sced.			
Worsted Tapes, <i>See</i> Tapes.			
—— Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.			
Y.			
Yards, <i>See</i> Mafts, in Wood.			
Yarn, <i>viz.</i>			
—— Cable Yarn, the cwt. - .	0 13 6	—	0 4 6
—— Camel or Mohair Yarn, the lb. -	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
—— Cotton Yarn, the lb. -	0 0 6	—	0 0 3
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Cotton Yarn and Mohair Yarn may be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty, <i>See</i> 43 Geo. 3. cap. 132. 45 Geo. 3. cap. 87. 46 Geo. 3. cap. 137. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 126.			
—— Cotton Yarn, of the Manufacture of the Isle of Man, <i>See</i> Man, Isle of.			
—— Grogram Yarn, the lb. - -	0 1 0	0 0 8	0 0 4
—— Raw Linen Yarn, made of Flax, - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - -	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - -	0 13 0	—	0 4 4
—— Raw Linen Yarn, not made of Flax, - - imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - -	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
- - not imported in a British-built Ship, the cwt. - -	0 15 0	—	0 5 0
Note.—Raw Linen Yarn may be imported in Ships not British-built, during the War and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, on Payment of the same Duty, as if imported in British-built Ships, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.			
—— Wick Yarn, the cwt. - -	2 16 0	—	0 18 8
—— Woollen or Bay Yarn, the cwt. -	0 19 0	—	0 6 4
—— Worsted Yarn, being of Two or more Threads, twilted or thrown, the lb. - -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
—— of any other Sort, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value - -	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Yellow Berries, <i>See</i> Berries.			

SCHEDULE (A.)—INWARDS.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Z.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Zaffre, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4
Zedoaria, imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 0 9	0 0 6	0 0 3
— not imported directly from the Place of its Growth, the lb.	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 0 6
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, not otherwise enumerated or described, prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain, imported from Europe under Licence for Exporta- tion to Africa, for every 100l. of the Value	2 10 0	—	0 16 8
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Goods may be so imported, See 5 Geo. 3. cap. 30.			
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, being either in part or wholly manufac- tured, and not being enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be im- ported into or used in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, not being either in part or wholly manu- factured, and not being enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, and not prohibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	13 6 8	6 13 4

SCHEDULE (A.)
OUTWARDS.

OUTWARDS.	Permanent Duty.		Temporary or War Duty.	
FOREIGN.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Agaric, viz.				
— rough or untrimmed, the lb.	0 0 1	1	0 0 0	1
— trimmed or pared, the lb.	0 0 4	1	0 0 1	1
Ammoniacum Sal, See Sal Ammoniacus.	0 0 1	1	0 0 0	1
Annatto, the lb.	0 0 1	1	0 0 0	1
Antimonium crudum, the cwt.	0 0 4	1	0 0 1	1
Aquafortis, the Gallon	0 0 4	1	0 0 1	1

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>FOREIGN, continued.</i>						
Arabic Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.						
Argol, the cwt.	0	0	9	0	0	3
Arsenic, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	1	7
Bay Berries, the cwt.	0	0	3	0	0	1
Beaver Skins, the Skin or Piece of Skin	0	0	9	0	0	3
— Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.						
Brazil Wood,						
Brazilletto or Jamaica Wood, } <i>See</i> Wood.						
Calaminaris Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis Calaminaris.						
Cochineal, the lb.	0	0	4½	0	0	1½
Cream of Tartar, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	5
Fustic, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Galls, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	5
Gem Sal, <i>See</i> Sal.						
Guinea Wood, <i>See</i> Red Wood in Wood.						
Gum, <i>viz.</i>						
— Arabic, the cwt.	1	16	9	0	13	3
— Senega, the cwt.	0	6	6	0	2	2
— Stic Lac, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	1	7
Jamaica Wood, <i>See</i> Brazilletto Wood in Wood.						
Indigo, East India, <i>See</i> Table (B).						
Ilingals, the cwt.	0	1	0	0	0	4
Lapis Caliminaris, for every 100l. of the Value	6	0	0	2	0	0
Litmus, the cwt.	0	0	9	0	0	3
Iogwood, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Madder, the cwt.	0	1	0	0	0	4
— Root, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	1	7
Nicaragua Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Orehal, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	5
Orchelia, the cwt.	0	0	9	0	0	3
Pomegranate Peels, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	2
Red or Guinea Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Safflower, the lb.	0	0	1½	0	0	0½
Sal, <i>viz.</i>						
— Ammoniacus, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	1	7
— Gem, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	1	7
Sapan Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.						
Saunders, red, the cwt.	0	0	10½	0	0	3½
Senega Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.						
Shumac or Sumach, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	2
Stick Lac, <i>See</i> Gum.						
Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering outwards (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain for Foreign Ports, <i>See</i> Table (D).						
Tornfal or Turnsole, the cwt.	0	4	9	0	1	7
Valonia, the cwt.	0	4	6	0	1	6
Verdegris, the lb.	0	0	1½	0	0	0½
Wood, <i>viz.</i>						
— Brazil Wood, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	5

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.

	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>FOREIGN, continued.</i>						
Wood, <i>continued.</i>						
— Brazilletto or Jamaica Wood, the cwt.	0	0	9	0	0	3
— Fustick, the cwt.	0	0	3	0	0	1
— Logwood, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Logwood may be exported in British-built Ships, Duty free, <i>See</i> 7 Geo. 3. cap. 47.						
— Nicaragua Wood, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	5	0	0	1	8
— Red, or Guinea Wood, the cwt.	0	1	0	0	0	4
— Sapan Wood, the cwt.	0	0	6	0	0	2
Wool, <i>viz.</i>						
— Beaver Wool, the lb.	0	5	0	0	1	8
BRITISH.						
Alum, the cwt.						
Badger Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.	0	1	8	—		
Bull's Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.						
Calaminaris Lapi, <i>See</i> Lapis Calaminaris.						
Calve Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Cards, <i>viz.</i>						
— new Wool Cards, the Dozen						
— old Wool Cards, the Dozen	0	0	9	—		
Cat Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.	0	0	6	—		
Coals usually sold by Measure, <i>viz.</i>						
— exported to the Isle of Man, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0	1	6	0	0	2
— to any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0	2	6	0	0	3
— exported to any of the Territories of the United States of America,						
— in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	0	17	0	0	1	5
— not in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	1	10	3	0	2	6
— to any other Place,						
— in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	1	2	0	0	1	10
— not in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	1	15	4	0	3	0
— exported in certain Quantities from the Ports of Newcastle and Swansea to the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, and Alderney, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	0	12	0	0	1	0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be so exported, <i>See</i> 6 Geo. 3. cap. 40.						
Coals usually sold by Weight, <i>viz.</i>						
— exported to the Isle of Man, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	0	10½	0	0	1

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>BRITISH, continued.</i>						
Coals usually sold by Weight, <i>continued.</i>						
— exported to any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Ton, containing 20-cwt.	0	1	8	0	0	2
- - to any of the Territories of the United States of America,						
- - in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	5	9	0	0	6
- - not in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	10	0	0	0	10
- - to any other Place,						
- - in a British-built Ship, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	7	9	0	0	8
- - not in a British-built Ship the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	0	12	0	0	1	0
Coney Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Copperas, for every 100l. of the Value	6	0	0	—		
Cow Hair, <i>See</i> Ox Hair in Hair.						
Culm, <i>viz.</i>						
— exported to the Isle of Man, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0	0	6	—		
- - to any British Colony or Plantation in America, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0	1	0	—		
- - to any of the Territories of the United States of America,						
- - in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	0	4	6	—		
- - not in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	0	8	0	—		
- - to any other Place,						
- - in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	0	6	0	—		
- - not in a British-built Ship, the Chalder, Newcastle Measure	0	10	0	—		
Dog Skins, } <i>See</i> Skins.						
Fox Skins, }						
Geldings, <i>See</i> Horses.						
Glue, the cwt.	0	1	0	—		
Hair, <i>viz.</i>						
— Bull, Cow, or Ox, the cwt.	0	2	6	—		
— Hart, the cwt.	0	2	0	—		
— Horse, the cwt.	0	7	4	—		
— not particularly enumerated or described and not prohibited to be exported, for every 100l. of the Value	6	0	0	—		
Hart Hair, } <i>See</i> Hair.						
Horse Hair, }						
Horses, Mares, or Geldings, each	2	2	0	—		
Kid Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Lamb Skins, <i>See</i> Sheep Skins in Skins.						

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.		Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>BRITISH, continued.</i>							
Lapis Calaminaris, for every 100l. of the Value	-	6	0	0	—	—	—
Lead, cast or uncast, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	-	3	10	0	—	—	—
— Ore, for every 100l. of the Value	-	6	0	0	—	—	—
Leather, of all Sorts, tanned, tawed, or dressed, the cwt.	-	0	1	4	—	—	—
Litharge of Lead, the cwt.	-	0	0	4	—	—	—
Mares, <i>See</i> Horses.							
Otter Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.							
Ox Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.							
Sheep Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.							
Skins, <i>viz.</i>							
— Badger Skins, the Skin	-	0	0	1	—	—	—
— Calve Skins, tanned, tawed, or dressed, the cwt.	-	0	1	4	—	—	—
— Cat Skins, the 100 Skins	-	0	1	8	—	—	—
— Coney Skins, dressed or tawed, the 120 Skins	-	0	1	4	—	—	—
— Dog Skins, the Dozen Skins	-	0	0	2	—	—	—
— Fox Skins, the Skin	-	0	0	1	—	—	—
— Kid Skins in the Hair, the 100 Skins	-	0	0	8	—	—	—
— - - dressed, the 100 Skins	-	0	0	10	—	—	—
— Otter Skins, raw, the Skin	-	0	0	1	—	—	—
— - - tawed or dressed, the Skin	-	0	0	2	—	—	—
— Sheep and Lamb Skins, tawed or dressed without Wool, the 120 Skins	-	0	3	0	—	—	—
— - - tanned, the cwt.	-	0	1	4	—	—	—
— Squirrel Skins, the 1000 Skins	-	0	3	0	—	—	—
— Swan Skins, the Skin	-	0	0	2	—	—	—
Skins or Pieces of Skins, not particularly enumerated or described, and not prohibited to be exported, for every 100l. of the Value	-	6	0	0	—	—	—
Squirrel Skins, } <i>See</i> Skins.							
Swan Skins, }							
Tin, unwrought, the cwt.	-	0	3	8	—	—	—
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tin unwrought may be exported to Countries beyond the Cape of Good Hope without Payment of this Duty, <i>See</i> 30 Geo. 3. cap. 4.							
Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering outwards (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain for Foreign Parts, <i>See</i> Table (D.)							
Wool Cards, <i>See</i> Cards.							
The following Duties are also to be paid on Goods of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain, exported from thence, <i>viz.</i>							
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain (except as herein-after mentioned) exported to any Part of Europe, or to any Port or Place within the Streights of Gibraltar, for every 100l. of the true and real Value thereof							
		0	10	0	1	0	0

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.

SCHEDULE (A.)—OUTWARDS.	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>BRITISH, continued.</i>						
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture of Great Britain (except as herein-after mentioned) exported to any Port or Place whatever, not being in Europe, or within the Streights of Gibraltar, or within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, for every 100l. of the true and real Value thereof	1	0	0	3	0	0
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the Growth, Produce, and Manufacture of Great Britain (except as herein-after mentioned) exported to any Port or Place whatever, being within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, for every 100l. of the true and real Value thereof	—	—	—	4	0	0
For the Conditions, Rules, and Regulations under which these Duties may be secured by Bond, See the Act to which this Schedule is annexed.						
Except,						
Bullion.						
Cotton Yarn, or other Cotton Manufactures, being of the Manufacture of Great Britain.						
Linen of the Manufacture of any Part of the United Kingdom.						
Melasses.						
Sugar refined of all Sorts, and Sugar called Candy.						
Goods, Wares and Merchandize, exported from Great Britain to the Isle of Man, by virtue of and under the Authority of any Licence which the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in England, or Scotland, or any Three or more of them, are or may be authorized and empowered to grant.						
Any Sort of Craft, Food, Victuals, Cloathing, or Implements or Materials necessary for the British Fisheries established in the Island of Newfoundland, or in any of His Majesty's Colonies, Islands, or Plantations in North America, on due Entry thereof, and exported from Great Britain to the said Colonies, Islands, or Plantations.						
Woollen Goods, of the Manufacture of Great Britain, exported to any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charters of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.						
Military Stores exported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies.						

SCHEDULE (A.)

COASTWISE.

COASTWISE.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Cinders made of Pit Coal brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain, into any other Port or Place in England or Wales, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0 6 0	—	0 2 0
For the Duties on Cinders brought by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London, See Coals so brought.			
Coals (except Charcoal made of Wood) brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into the Port of London, viz.			
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 7 6	0 4 0	0 2 6
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0 9 4	0 5 10	0 3 2
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which a Quantity of Coals, Culm, and Cinders, not exceeding 50,000 Tons in the Whole, may be brought, within One Year, by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London, on Payment of the following Duty, See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 128. continued by 46 Geo. 3. cap. 104. 47 Geo. 3. Sess. 1. cap. 134. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 95. further continued to the 1st August 1811, viz.			
— For every Ton of Coals, Culm, and Cinders so brought	0 7 6	—	0 2 6
A further Duty of 1s. 3d. per Ton on Coals, Culm and Cinders so brought is also payable to the proper Officer of the Customs, and at the End of every Quarter is to be paid to the Corporation of London in lieu of the Duty called Orphans' Duty, and of all other Rates, Dues and Duties payable to that Corporation upon Coals, Culm, or Cinders imported into the Port of London, See 45 Geo. 3. cap. 128. continued by			

SCHEDULE (A.)—COASTWISE.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Coals, &c. continued.			
46 Geo. 3. cap. 104. 47 Geo. 3. Sess. 1. cap. 134. and by 48 Geo. 3. cap. 95. further continued to the 1st August 1811.			
Coals, (except Charcoal made of Wood) brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into any other Port or Place in England or Wales, (except the Port of London,) viz.			
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Weight, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 4 0	0 3 8	0 1 4
— in case they are such as are most usually sold by Measure, the Chalders, Winchester Measure	0 6 0	0 5 6	0 2 0
Coals sent Coastwise from the Port of Newcastle-upon-Tyne to any other Port or Place in Great Britain, the Chalders, Newcastle Measure	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
— brought Coastwise into the Port of London for the Use of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, not exceeding 100 Chalders in any One Year, the Chalders, Winchester Measure	0 6 0	—	0 2 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the Duties on Coals brought Coastwise, or from any Port or Place to any other Port or Place within Great Britain, may be secured by Bond, See 27 Geo. 3. cap. 32.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals may be carried from Ellenfoot to Bank End in the County of Cumberland, or from any Creek or Place to any other Creek or Place between Ellenfoot and Bankend, without Payment of any Duty of Customs, See 8 Geo. 1. cap. 14.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals used for melting Copper and Tin Ores within the Counties of Cornwall and Devon shall be repaid, See 9 Ann. cap. 6.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals which shall be used			

SCHEDULE (A.)—COASTWISE.

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Coals sent Coastwise, &c. <i>continued.</i> in Fire Engines for draining Water out of the Mines of Tin and Copper within the County of Cornwall shall be repaid, <i>See</i> 14 Geo. 2. cap. 41. For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals used in calcining or smelting Copper and Lead Ores, within the Isle of Anglesey, or which shall be used in Fire Engines for draining Water out of the Mines of Copper and Lead within the said Isle shall be repaid, <i>See</i> 26 Geo. 3. cap. 104. and 43 Geo. 3. cap. 68. [<i>§</i> 24.]* For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which all the Duties on Coals used for any Purpose relating to the carrying on the Works for the manufacturing of Tin Plates, and for other Purposes at Pennygored in the County of Pembroke, called the Pennygored Works, shall be repaid, provided the Amount thereof shall not exceed 1000 <i>l.</i> in any One Year, <i>See</i> 35 Geo. cap. 39.									
Culm , brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into the Port of London, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0	5	0	0	1	5	0	1	8
— For the Duties on Culm brought by the Grand Junction and Paddington Canals to London, <i>See</i> Coals so brought.									
— To be used for the burning of Lime carried in any Vessel or Boat, not exceeding 30 Tons Burthen, from any Place within the Limits of the Port of Milford in the County of Pembroke to any other Place within the Counties of Pembroke, Carmarthen, Cardigan, or Merioneth, the Chalder, Winchester Measure	0	1	3	—			0	0	5
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Culm may be so carried, <i>See</i> 33 Geo. 2. cap. 15.									
— brought Coastwise from any Port or Place in Great Britain into any									

* [*See also* 83 G. 3. c. 81.]

SCHEDULE (A)—COASTWISE.	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Culm, continued.</i>									
other Port or Place in England or Wales (except the Port of London and except Culm carried from Milford as before-mentioned) the Chalder, Winchester Measure -	0	1	3	0	1	2	0	0	5
Cinders, Coals, and Culm, carried from any Part of the Lancaster Canal or any of the Branches thereof, or from any Part or Place within the Hundred of Lonsdale in the County of Lancaster into the Ulverstone Canal across or along the Bay or Estuary separating the Two Canals, are not liable to any Duty of Customs									
Cinders, Coals, and Culm, shipped Coastwise at any Port in Great Britain, and delivered in any Part beyond the Seas before the Duties due on the Exportation thereof shall have been paid, the Master of the Vessel shall not be permitted again to enter or clear out at any Port in Great Britain until he shall have paid not only the Duties due on the Exportation of such Cinders, Coals, and Culm, but in Addition thereto for every Chalder thereof so entered Coastwise, Winchester Measure	0	3	0						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the said Duty of Three Shillings the Chalder shall be repaid, See 25 Geo. 3. cap. 54.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals and Culm may be carried on the Monmouthshire Canal, and afterwards carried or conveyed from any Port or Place to the Eastward of the Islands called the Holmes, to any other Port or Place in or upon the River Severn, also to the Eastward of the said Islands without passing to the Westward thereof, without Payment of Duty, See 37 Geo. 3. cap. 100.; and for the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Coals and Culm may be carried or conveyed on the Monmouthshire Canal, or on any of the Railways or Tramroads connected therewith, and afterwards to the Port of Bridgewater only by a Passage to									

SCHEDULE (A.)—COASTWISE.	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Cinders, Coals, and Culm, &c. continued. the Westward of the Islands called the Holmes, notwithstanding the Restrictions before-mentioned, without Payment of Duty, See 42 Geo. 3. cap. 115. of the Public Local and Personal Acts.			
Slate, of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place within Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein (except as hereinafter mentioned), for every 100l. of the Value	26 8 0	—	8 16 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any such Slate brought into any Port of Great Britain for the sole Purpose of being exported from thence to Parts beyond the Seas may be entered without Payment of Duty, See 34 G. 3. cap. 51.			
Stone, of the Production of Great Britain, brought Coastwise from any Port or Place within Great Britain to any other Port or Place therein (except as hereinafter mentioned), for every 100l. of the Value	26 8 0	—	8 16 0
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which any Marble, Lime Stone, or Iron Stone whatever; any Stone cut or manufactured into Mill Stones, Grind Stones, or Whet Stones, or either of them; any Stone manufactured or converted into Posts and Caps for Corn Stacks or Mowsteads, Troughs, Gate Posts, or other Articles used for the Purposes of Husbandry; any Gowan Stone or Stone commonly called or known by the Name of Gowan Stone, or Stone commonly called or known by the Name of China Stone, or any other Stone to be used in the Manufacture of Porcelain or of Pottery; or any Stones whatever cut or manufactured into Burr Stones; and any Stones used for the Purpose of Paving, or for the Purpose of making or mending Roads, may be entered without Payment of Duty; See 34 Geo. 3. cap. 51. and 39 & 40 Geo. 3. cap. 51.			

TABLE (B.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS * payable on the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize therein enumerated or described, imported into Great Britain by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and secured in Warehouses:

ALSO,

Of the Duties of Customs on such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, when taken out of such Warehouses to be used or consumed in Great Britain; together with the Drawbacks to be allowed on the Exportation of certain of those Goods, Wares, and Merchandize from Great Britain.

	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, and secured in Warehouses under the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions directed and required by 39 Geo. 3. cap. 59. viz.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
— Muslins, plain, Nanquin Cloths, Muslins or White Callicoes flowered or stitched, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	7 10 0	—	2 10 0
— Plain White Callicoes, plain White Dimity, and all Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value -	2 10 0	—	0 16 8
— Coffee and Cocoa Nuts, for every 100l. of the Value - - -	2 10 0	—	0 16 8
— Sugar, for every 100l. of the Value	1 0 0	—	—
— All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandize (except Bullion, Cotton Wool, Saltpetre, and Tea) for every 100l. of the Value -	2 0 0	—	0 13 4
Which several Values shall be ascertained according to the gross Price at which such Goods respectively shall have been sold at the Public Sales of the said Company, without any Deduction or Abatement whatever.			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which the said Duties may be secured by Bond, See 39 Geo. 3. cap. 59.			

* [See § 17—25, of this Act.]

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, continued.</i>			
— Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, so imported and warehoused (not being prohibited to be worn or used in Great Britain) may be delivered from such Warehouses for the Purpose of being used or consumed in Great Britain, on Payment of the following Duties of Customs, exclusive of the Duties before mentioned, paid or secured by the said Company on warehousing any of the said Goods; and also on Payment of such Excise or other Duties as shall be due or payable thereon at the Time of such Delivery, viz.			
Almonds, viz.			
— Bitter, the cwt. - - -	1 0 0	—	0 6 8
— of any other Sort, the cwt. -	3 0 0	—	1 0 0
Aloes, viz.			
— Socotorina, the lb. - - -	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
— of any other Sort, the lb. - -	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Alum, the cwt. - - - - -	0 11 0	—	0 3 8
— Roch Alum, the cwt. - - -	0 7 0	—	0 2 4
Amber, viz.			
— Beads, See Beads.			
— rough, the lb. - - - - -	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value - - - - -	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
Ambergris, the oz. - - - - -	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Ammoniacum Gum, See Gum Ammoniacus.			
— Sal, See Sal Ammoniacus.			
Animi Gum, See Gum.			
Aniseed, See Seed.			
Annotto, the cwt. - - - - -	1 5 0	—	0 8 4
Aquafortis, the cwt. - - - -	0 9 0	—	0 3 0
Arabic Gum, See Gum.			
Arangoes or Arangoe Beads, for every 100l. of the Value* - - - - -	53 16 3	—	17 18 9
Arrack, See Spirits.			
Arsenic, the cwt. - - - - -	0 9 0	—	0 3 0
Asafoetida, the lb. - - - - -	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Auripigmentum, See Orpiment.			
Balsam, viz.			
— Artificial, the lb. - - - - -	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— Natural, the lb. - - - - -	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
Bamboo Canes, See Canes.			
Barilla, the cwt. - - - - -	0 8 6	—	0 2 10

* [See 43 G. 3. c. 68. § 41.]

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.	Drawback.				
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Bark, viz.						
— Jesuits Bark, <i>See</i> Cortex Peruvianus.						
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	12	10 0
Bdellium, the lb.	0	0	6	—	0	0 2
Beads, viz.						
— Amber Beads, the lb.	0	7	6	—	0	2 6
— Arangoe Beads, <i>See</i> Arangoes.						
— Coral Beads, the lb.	0	10	0	—	0	3 4
— Crystal Beads, the 1000	0	18	0	—	0	6 0
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	51	5	0	—	17	1 8
Bees Wax, <i>See</i> Wax.						
Benjamin, the lb.	0	1	0	—	0	0 4
Bezoar Stones, the oz.	0	1	6	—	0	0 6
Books, viz.						
— bound, the cwt.	4	2	0	—	1	7 4
— unbound, the cwt.	3	1	6	—	1	0 6
Borax, viz.						
— refined, the lb.	0	1	0	—	0	0 4
— unrefined or Tincal, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	0	0 1½
Bottles of Green or Common Glafs full or empty, not of less content than one Pint, and not being Phials, the Dozen Quarts	0	5	0	—	0	1 8
Brandy, <i>See</i> Spirits.						
Bullion and foreign Coin of Gold or Silver, Duty free.						
Cajaputa, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.						
Cake-lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.						
Calaminaris Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis.						
Calicoes, viz.						
— Plain White Calicoes for every 100l. of the Value	51	5	0	—	17	1 8
— Drawback to be allowed on Exportation of such of the said Goods which shall have been printed, stained, painted, or dyed, in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value	—	50	0 0	—	—	—
— White flowered or stitched, <i>See</i> Muslins.						
Calve Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.						
Cambogium, <i>See</i> Gamboge.						
Camel Hair, <i>See</i> Hair.						
Camphire, viz.						
— refined, the lb.	0	1	3	—	0	0 5
— unrefined, the lb.	0	0	0	—	0	0 5
Candles of Wax, the lb.	0	1	6	—	0	0 6

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Canes, viz.									
— Bamboo, the 1000	1	1	6	—	—	—	0	7	2
— Rattans, (not ground Rattans,) the 1000	1	1	6	—	—	—	0	7	2
— Reed Canes, the 1000	0	16	9	—	—	—	0	5	7
— Walking Canes or Sticks mounted, painted, inlaid, or otherwise ornamented or manufactured, for every 100l. of the Value	51	5	0	—	—	—	17	1	8
— Wanghees Jumboo, Ground Rattans, Dragons Blood, and other Walking Canes or Sticks, the 1000	2	10	0	—	—	—	0	16	8
Cantharides, the lb.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
Caps of Cotton, for every 100l. of the Value	54	0	0	—	—	—	18	0	0
Cardamoms, the lb.	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
Carmen Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair.									
Carmine, the oz.	0	2	6	—	—	—	0	0	10
Carpets, viz.									
— of Persia, the Yard square	1	10	9	—	—	—	0	10	3
— of Turkey, under 4 Yards square, the Carpet	0	15	0	—	—	—	0	5	0
— - 4 Yards square and not exceeding 6 Yards square, the Carpet	3	0	0	—	—	—	1	0	0
— - exceeding 6 Yards square, the Carpet	5	0	0	—	—	—	1	13	4
Cashew Gum, See Gum.									
Cassia Buds, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— Fistula, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— Ligna, the lb.	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
— Oil of, } See Oil.									
Castor, Oil of, }									
Cayenne Pepper, See Pepper.									
Chemical Oil, See Oil.									
China Root, the lb.	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	3
China Ware, for every 100l. of the Value	22	0	0	—	—	—	27	6	8
Cinnabar, See Vermillion.									
Cinnabaris Nativa, the lb.	0	1	3	—	—	—	0	0	5
Cinnamon, the lb.	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
— Oil of, See Oil.									
Cloves, the lb.	0	3	6	—	—	—	0	1	2
— Oil of, See Oil.									
Cochineal, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— Dust, the lb.	0	0	1½	—	—	—	0	0	0½
Cocoa Nuts, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
Colculus Indus, the lb.	0	1	6	—	—	—	0	0	6
Coffee, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Coin, Foreign, of Gold or Silver, <i>See</i> Bullion.									
Colocynth, <i>See</i> Coloquintida.									
Coloquintida or Colocynth, the lb. -	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
Colours for Painters, <i>See</i> Painters Colours.									
Columbo Root, the lb. -	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
Contrayervæ Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis.									
— Radix, <i>See</i> Radix.									
Copal Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Copper, <i>viz.</i>									
— Ore, the cwt. -	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
— old, fit only to be re-manufactured, the cwt. -	0	5	9	—			0	1	11
— unwrought, <i>viz.</i>									
- - Copper in Bricks or Pigs, Rose Copper, and all cast Copper, the cwt. -	0	5	9	—			0	1	11
- - Copper in Plates and Copper Coin, the cwt. -	0	9	6	—			0	3	2
— part wrought, <i>viz.</i> Bars, Rods, or Ingots, hammered or raised, the cwt. -	0	19	2	—			0	6	5
— Manufactures of Copper, not other- wise enumerated or described, Copper enamelled, and Copper Plates engraved, for every 100l. of the Value -	51	5	0	—			17	1	8
Coral, <i>viz.</i>									
— Beads, <i>See</i> Beads.									
— in Fragments, the lb. -	0	0	7½	—			0	0	2½
— whole polished, the lb. -	0	7	6	—			0	2	6
- - unpolished, the lb. -	0	3	6	—			0	1	2
Coriander Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Cortex Peruvianus or Jesuits Bark, the lb. -	0	1	3	—			0	0	5
Costos, the lb. -	0	0	7½	—			0	0	2½
Cotton, <i>viz.</i>									
— Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value -	54	0	0	—			18	0	0
— Thread, <i>See</i> Thread.									
— Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.									
— Yarn, <i>See</i> Yarn.									
Cowries, for every 100l. of the Value * -	53	16	3	—			17	18	9
Crystal Beads, <i>See</i> Beads.									
Cubebs, the lb. -	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
Cummin Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Dyagrydium, <i>See</i> Scammony.									
Diamonds, Duty free.									
Dimity, <i>viz.</i>									
— Plain White Dimity, for every 100l. of the Value -	51	5	0	—			17	1	8

* [See 43 G. 2. c. 68. § 41.]

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Dimity, continued.</i>									
Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Goods which shall have been printed, stained, painted, or dyed in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value			—	50	0	0			—
Dog Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Drawings coloured, each	0	2	0				0	0	8
— plain, each	0	1	0				0	0	4
Drugs, on which specific Duties are payable according to the Quantity. <i>See</i> the several Articles in Alphabetical Course.									
— manufactured, not particularly enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	51	5	0				17	1	8
— unmanufactured, not particularly enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0				12	10	0
Earthen ware, <i>See</i> China.									
Ebony, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Elemi Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.									
Elephants Teeth, the cwt.	2	10	0				0	16	8
Elk Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Emeralds, Rubies. and all other Precious Stones and Jewels (except Diamonds) for every 100l. of the Value	10	0	0				3	6	8
Feathers, <i>viz.</i>									
— Ostrich Feathers dressed, the lb.	1	15	0				0	11	8
— undressed, the lb.	0	10	0				0	3	4
— of any other Sort, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0				12	10	0
Flax, rough or undressed, the cwt.	0	0	3				0	0	1
Forest Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Furs, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Galanga, the lb.	0	0	3				0	0	1
Galbanum, the lb.	0	0	9				0	0	3
Galls, the cwt.	0	7	0				0	2	4
Gamboge, the lb.	0	1	0				0	0	4
Garden Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.									
Garnet, <i>viz.</i>									
— cut, the lb.	0	17	6				0	5	10
— rough, the lb.	0	6	0				0	2	0
Gem Sal, <i>See</i> Sal									
Geneva, <i>See</i> Spirits.									
Ginger, the cwt.	0	14	6				0	4	10
— preserved, the lb.	0	2	0				0	0	8

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Ginseng, the lb.	0	0	10½	—	—	—	0	0	3½
Glass, viz.									
— Bottles, See Bottles.									
— broken, fit only to be remanufactured, the cwt.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
— rough Plate Glass, and ground or polished Plate or Crown Glass, for every 100l. of the Value	71	15	0	—	—	—	23	18	4
— and besides for every Foot superficial Measure	0	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	—
— Manufactures of, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	71	15	0	—	—	—	23	18	4
— Paintings on Glass, for every 100l. of the Value	51	5	0	—	—	—	17	1	8
Glass is subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
Goat Hair, See Hair.									
Gold Coin, See Bullion.									
— Plate, See Plate.									
Granilla, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
Gum, viz.									
— Ammoniacus, the lb.	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	3
— Animi, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— Arabic, the cwt.	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	2	6
— Cashew, the cwt.	0	4	6	—	—	—	0	1	6
— Copal, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— Elemi, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
— Juniper, See Gum Sandrake.									
— Lac, viz.									
— Cake Lac, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
— Shellac, or Seed Lac, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
— Stick Lac, the cwt.	0	5	0	—	—	—	0	1	8
— Opoponax, the lb.	0	2	3	—	—	—	0	0	9
— Sagapenum, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— Sandrake or Juniper, the cwt.	0	12	0	—	—	—	0	4	0
— Sarcocolla, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
— Senega, the cwt.	0	7	6	—	—	—	0	2	6
— Tragacanth, the lb.	0	0	7½	—	—	—	0	0	2½
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	37	10	0	—	—	—	12	10	0
Hair, viz.									
— Camel, the lb.	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
— Goat or Carmentia Wool, the lb.	0	0	3	—	—	—	0	0	1
— Human, the lb.	0	3	0	—	—	—	0	1	0
Handkerchiefs, of Silk printed, stained, painted, or dyed, for every 100l. of the Value	25	12	6	—	—	—	8	10	10

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Handkerchiefs, &c. <i>continued.</i>			
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Silk Handkerchiefs may be admitted to Entry for Home Consumption, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 68.			
Hemp, rough or undressed, or any other Vegetable Substance of the Nature and Quality of undressed Hemp, and applicable to the same Purposes, the Ton containing 20 cwt.	0 5 0	—	0 1 8
Hides, <i>viz.</i>			
— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any Way dressed, the Hide	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
- - tanned and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0 0 7½	—	0 0 2½
— Horse, Mare, or Gelding, in the Hair, not tanned or in any Way dressed, the Hide	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
- - tanned, and not otherwise dressed, the lb.	0 0 7½	—	0 0 2½
— or Pieces of Hides, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	30 0 0	—	10 0 0
— or Pieces of Hides, tanned, tawed, or in any Way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	90 0 0	—	30 0 0
Horns, <i>viz.</i>			
— Buffalo, Bull, Cow, or Ox, the 100 manufactured, for every 100l. of the Value	0 3 6	—	0 1 2
— unmanufactured, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
Horses, Mares, or Geldings, each	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
Human Hair, See Hair.	4 4 0	—	1 8 0
Huffe Skins, See Skins.			
Japanned Ware, for every 100l. of the Value	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
Jesuits Bark, See Bark.			
Jewels, See Emeralds.			
Indigo, the 100 lbs.	0 10 9	—	0 3 7
This Duty on Indigo is payable when taken out of the Warehouse either for Exportation or to be used in Great Britain.			

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Iris Root, <i>See</i> Orrice.			
Juniper Gum, <i>See</i> Gum Sandrake.			
Knubs of Silk, <i>See</i> Silk.			
Lac, <i>See</i> Gum.			
Lacquered Ware, for every 100l. of the Value	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
Lamb's Wool, <i>See</i> Sheep's Wool in Wool.			
Lapis, <i>viz.</i>			
— Calaminaris, the cwt.	0 5 0	—	0 1 8
— Contrayervæ, the oz.	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
— Lazuli, the lb.	0 2 0	—	0 0 8
— Tutia, the lb.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
Lazuli Lapis, <i>See</i> Lapis.			
Lead, <i>viz.</i>			
— White Lead, the cwt.	0 6 6	—	0 2 2
Leopard Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Linfeed, Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Long Pepper, <i>See</i> Pepper.			
Mace, the lb.	0 5 9	—	0 1 11
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Madder Root, the cwt.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Mangoes, the Gallon	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Manna, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Maps, the Piece	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Martin Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Mastich, <i>viz.</i>			
— Red, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
— of any other Sort, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Melasses, the cwt.	0 4 9	—	0 1 7
Mother of Pearl Shells, rough, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Musk, the oz.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Muslins, plain, Nanquin Cloths, Muslins or White Callicoes flowered or stitched, for every 100l. of the Value	20 10 0	—	6 16 8
Drawback to be allowed on the Exportation of such of the said Goods which shall have been printed, stained, painted or dyed in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value	—	20 0 0	—
Myrobalanes, <i>viz.</i>			
— Candied, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
— dried, the cwt.	0 7 0	—	0 2 4
Myrrh, the lb.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Nanquin Cloths, <i>See</i> Muslins.			
Nutmegs, the lb.	0 3 6	—	0 1 2
— Oil of, <i>See</i> Oil.			
Nux Vomica, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Oil, <i>viz.</i>			
— of Cajaputa, the oz.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Oil, continued.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
— of Cassia, the oz.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
— of Castor, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
— Chemical Oil, not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
— of Cinnamon, the oz.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— of Cloves, the oz.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
— of Linseed, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	21 0 0	—	7 0 0
— of Mace, the oz.	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
— of Nutmegs, the oz.	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
— of Turpentine, the lb.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
— not otherwise enumerated or described, for every 100l. of the Value	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
Oker, the cwt.	0 4 3	—	0 1 5
Olibanum, the cwt.	1 10 0	—	0 10 0
Opium, the lb.	0 5 6	—	0 1 10
Opopanax Gum, See Gum.			
Orange Flower Water, the Gallon	0 2 0	—	0 0 8
Ore, viz.			
— Copper, See Copper.			
— Gold or Silver, See Bullion.			
Orpiment or Auripigmentum, the cwt.	0 18 0	—	0 6 0
Orrice or Iris Root, the cwt.	0 18 0	—	0 6 0
Ostrich Feathers, See Feathers.			
Painters' Colours, not otherwise enumerated or described, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Paintings on Glass, See Glass.			
Paper, viz.			
— Brown Paper made of old Rope or Cordage only, without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar therefrom, and without any Mixture of other Materials therewith, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
— Printed, painted, or stained Paper or Paper Hangings, the Yard square	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
— of any other Sort not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, the lb.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Pearls, for every 100l. of the Value	10 0 0	—	3 6 8
Pepper, the lb.	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
— Cayenne, the lb.	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
— Long Pepper, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Pickles of all Sorts, not otherwise enumerated or described, the Gallon	0 3 0	—	0 1 0
Pictures, viz.			
— under 2 Feet square the Picture	2 3 0	—	0 14 4

TABLE (B.)

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Pictures, continued.</i>									
— of two Feet square and under 4 Feet square the Picture -	4	6	0	—	—	—	1	8	8
— of 4 Feet square or upwards, the Picture -	6	9	0	—	—	—	2	3	0
<i>Plate, viz.</i>									
— battered, fit only to be re-manufactured, See Bullion.									
— of Gold, the oz. Troy - -	2	8	6	—	—	—	0	16	2
— of Silver gilt, the oz. Troy - -	0	4	0	—	—	—	0	1	4
- - part gilt, the oz. Troy - -	0	3	9	—	—	—	0	1	3
- - ungit, the oz. Troy - -	0	2	9	—	—	—	0	0	11
<i>Precious Stones, See Emeralds.</i>									
<i>Prints, viz.</i>									
— Paper Prints plain, the Piece -	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
- - coloured, for every 100l. of the Value - -	5	1	0	—	—	—	17	1	8
<i>Provisions.</i>									
<p>Note—His Majesty is authorized to permit, for a limited Time, by Order in Council, the Importation into Great Britain from any Port or Place whatever, in any British Ship or Vessel, or in any other Ship or Vessel belonging to Persons of any Kingdom or State in Amity with His Majesty, and navigated in any Manner whatever, of any Beans called Kidney or French Beans, Tares, Lentiles, Callivances and all other Sorts of Pulse; and also Butts, Cows, Oxen, Calves, Sheep, Lambs, and Swine, Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal and Lamb, whether salted or otherwise; Bacon, Hams, Tongues, Butter, Cheese, Potatoes, Rice, Sago, Sago Powder, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Millet Seed, Poultry, Fowls, Eggs, Game and Sour Crout, Duty free, provided due Entry be made. His Majesty is likewise authorized in like Manner to recal such Permission, either in Part or in the Whole, if Circumstances shall seem so to require. See 39 Geo. 3. cap. 87. continued by subsequent Acts, and by 49 Geo. 3. cap. 23. revived and further continued until the 25th March 1810.</p>									
Quicksilver, the lb. - - -	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4
Radix Contrayerva, the lb. - -	0	1	0	—	—	—	0	0	4

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Rartans, <i>See</i> Canes.			
Red Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Reed Canes, <i>See</i> Canes.			
Rhubarb, the lb.	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
Rice, the cwt.	0 4 9	—	0 1 7
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Roch Alum, <i>See</i> Alum.			
Rose Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.			
Rubies, <i>See</i> Emeralds.			
Rum, <i>See</i> Spirits.			
Safflower, the cwt.	0 5 6	—	0 1 10
Saffron, the lb.	0 4 6	—	0 1 6
Sagapenum Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.			
Sago, the lb.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
<i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Sago Powder, for every 100l. of the Value <i>See</i> the Note under the Head of Provisions.	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
Sal, <i>viz.</i>			
— Ammoniacus, the lb.	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
— Gem, the cwt.	0 5 0	—	0 1 8
Salep or Salop, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Saltetre, the cwt.	0 0 3	—	0 0 1
Sandrake Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.			
Sanguis Draconis, the lb.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Sarcocolla Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.			
Saunders, <i>viz.</i>			
— Red, the cwt.	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
— White or Yellow, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Scammony, the lb.	0 4 0	—	0 1 4
Sea Cow, Sea Horse, or Sea Morfe Teeth, the lb.	0 1 0	—	0 0 4
Seal Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.			
Seed, <i>viz.</i>			
— Aniseed, the cwt.	3 8 6	—	0 9 6
— Coriander Seed, the cwt.	0 6 0	—	0 2 0
— Cummin Seed, the cwt.	0 10 0	—	0 3 4
— Forest Seed, for every 100l. of the Value	20 0 0	—	6 13 4
— Garden Seed, not particularly enumerated or described, the lb.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
— Worm Seed, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
— not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value	37 10 0	—	12 10 0
Seed Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.			
Sena, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Senega Gum, <i>See</i> Gum.			

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Sheep's Wool, <i>See</i> Wool.									
Shellac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.									
Silk, <i>viz.</i>									
— Handkerchiefs, <i>See</i> Handkerchiefs.									
— Knubs or Hulks of Silk, the lb. -	0	2	6	—			0	0	10
— Raw Silk, <i>viz.</i>									
- - Bengal raw Silk, the lb. -	0	3	0	—			0	1	0
- - of any other Sort, the lb. -	0	4	3	—			0	1	5
— Waste Silk, the lb. -	0	2	6	—			0	0	10
Silver Coin, foreign, <i>See</i> Bullion.									
Silver Plate, <i>See</i> Plate.									
Skins, <i>viz.</i>									
— Calve Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Dozen Skins -	0	1	3	—			0	0	5
— Dog Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any way dressed, the Dozen Skins -	0	0	6	—			0	0	2
— Elk Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any Way dressed, the Skin -	0	0	7 $\frac{1}{2}$	—			0	0	2 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Huffle Skin, undressed, the Skin -	0	0	3	—			0	0	1
— Leopard Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	6	0	—			0	2	0
— Martin Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	0	9	—			0	0	3
— Seal Skins in the Hair, not tanned, tawed, or in any Way dressed, the Skin -	0	0	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	—			0	0	0 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Squirrel Skins, undressed, the 100 Skins -	0	7	3	—			0	2	5
— Tyger Skins, undressed, the Skin -	0	6	0	—			0	2	0
Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, raw or undressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or other- wise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value -	37	10	0	—			12	10	0
Skins and Furs, or Pieces of Skins and Furs, tanned, tawed, or in any Way dressed, not particularly enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty, for every 100l. of the Value -	90	0	0	—			30	0	0
Snuff, the lb. -	0	1	0	—			0	0	4
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
Socotorina Aloes, <i>See</i> Aloes.									
Spikenard, the lb. -	0	1	9	—			0	0	7
Spirits, <i>viz.</i>									
— Arrack, the Gallon -	0	1	3	—			0	0	5
— Brandy, the Gallon -	0	1	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	—			0	0	4 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Geneva, the Gallon -	0	1	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	—			0	0	4 $\frac{1}{2}$
— Rum, the Gallon -	0	0	9	—			0	0	3

TABLE (B.)

	Permanent.						Temporary or War Duty.		
	Duty.			Drawback.					
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<i>Spirits, continued.</i>									
the Produce of the Settlement of the Cape of Good Hope, its Territories or Dependencies, the Gallon	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	3
Spirits are subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
Squills, the cwt.	0	3	3	—	—	—	0	1	1
Squinanthum, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	2
Squirrel Skins, <i>See</i> Skins.									
Stick Lac, <i>See</i> Lac in Gum.									
Stockings of Cotton, for every 100l. of the Value	54	0	0	—	—	—	18	0	0
<i>Storax, viz.</i>									
Calamita or Liquida, the lb.	0	0	9	—	—	—	0	0	3
in the Tear, or Gum, the lb.	0	5	3	—	—	—	0	1	9
Succades, the lb.	0	2	0	—	—	—	0	0	8
Sugar, the cwt.	1	2	6	—	—	—	0	10	6
For the Rules, Regulations, and Conditions under which the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are authorized to suspend according to the Average Price of Sugar as published in the London Gazette, either One Shilling in the Hundred Weight, Two Shillings in the Hundred Weight, or Three Shillings in the Hundred Weight, being Part of the Temporary or War Duty, <i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed.									
Note.—The Duties on Sugar imported into Great Britain are to continue in force until the 25th March 1810.									
<i>See</i> the Act to which this Table is annexed.									
<i>Sugar Candy, viz.</i>									
Brown, the cwt.	3	12	0	—	—	—	1	4	0
White, the cwt.	5	15	0	—	—	—	1	18	4
Talc, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
Tamarinds, the lb.	0	0	4½	—	—	—	0	0	1½
Tea, for every 100l. of the Value	6	0	0	6	0	0	—	—	—
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.									
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Tea may be taken out of the Warehouse, Duty free, for Exportation to Ireland, <i>See</i> 41 Geo. 3. cap. 75.									
Teake Wood, <i>See</i> Wood.									
Terra Japonica, the lb.	0	0	6	—	—	—	0	0	3

TABLE (B.)	Per.nanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
Thread, viz. Cotton Thread, for every 100l. of the Value	£ 54 0 0	—	£ 18 0 0
Tinical, See Borax unrefined.			
Tobacco, the 100 lbs.	2 11 3	—	0 12 6
Having been delivered out of the Warehouse for Home Trade Consumption or Manufacture in Great Britain, and afterwards manufactured according to Law into Short Cut Tobacco, Shag Tobacco, Roll Tobacco, or Carrot Tobacco, and exported, the 100 lbs.	—	2 10 0	—
Subject also to a Duty of Excise.			
Tonnage Duty on Ships or Vessels entering inwards or outwards, (except in Ballast) from or to foreign Parts, See Table (D.)			
Tortoise Shell, viz.			
Manufactures of, for every 100l. of the Value	51 5 0	—	17 1 2
rough and unmanufactured, the lb.	0 2 6	—	0 0 10
Tragacanth Gum, See Gum.			
Turbit, the lb.	0 1 6	—	0 0 6
Turmeric, the lb.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
Turpentine, Oil of, See Oil.			
Turtia Lapis, See Lapis.			
Tyger Skins. See Skins.			
Vermicelli, the lb.	0 0 4½	—	0 0 1½
See the Note under the Head of Provisions.			
Vermilion or Cinnabar, the lb.	0 1 3	—	0 0 5
Walking Canes, } Sticks, } See Canes.			
Wanghee Canes, }			
Wax, viz.			
Bees Wax unmanufactured. the cwt.	2 2 0	—	0 14 0
White or manufactured, the cwt.	3 18 0	—	1 6 0
Candles, See Candles.			
Wood, viz.			
Ebony, the Ton. containing 20 cwt.	5 2 6	—	1 14 2
Red Wood, the Ton, containing 20 cwt.	1 4 0	—	0 8 0
Rose Wood the cwt.	1 8 9	—	0 9 7
Teake Wood, 8 Inches square or upwards, the Load, containing 50 Cubic Feet	0 19 6	—	0 6 6
Wool, viz.			
Carmania Wool, See Goat Hair in Hair.			
Cotton Wool, the 100 lbs.	0 8 7	—	0 8 4

TABLE (B.)	Permanent.		Temporary or War Duty.
	Duty.	Drawback.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<i>Wool, continued.</i>			
— Lamb's Wool, <i>See</i> Sheep's Wool.			
— Sheep's Wool or Lamb's Wool, the cwt.	0 5 0	—	0 1 8
Worm Seed, <i>See</i> Seed.			
Yarn, <i>viz.</i>			
— Cotton Yarn, the lb.	0 0 6	—	0 0 2
Zedæaria, the lb.	0 0 9	—	0 0 3
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported by the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, being either in Part or wholly manufactured, not being enumerated or described, or otherwise charged with Duty when so imported, and not pro- hibited, to be imported into or used in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value	51 5 0	—	17 1 8
Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, imported by the United Company of Merchants of England, trading to the East Indies, not being either in part or wholly manufactured, not being enumerated or described or otherwise charged with Duty when so imported and not pro- hibited to be imported into or used in Great Britain, for every 100l. of the Value.	20 0 0	—	6 13 4

TABLE (C.)

A TABLE of the DUTIES of CUSTOMS * payable on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize taken and condemned as PRIZE or seized and condemned as Droits of Admiralty, and imported or brought into Great Britain.

	Permanent Duty.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, taken and condemned as Prize, or seized and condemned as Droits of Ad- miralty, shall and may be landed and secured in ap- proved Warehouses, on Payment (by the Captors or their Agents,) of the following Duties, <i>viz.</i>		
— Brandy, if taken by a Ship of War or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	2 5 0	0 15 0

* [See 49 G. 3. c. 44.]

TABLE (C.)

TABLE (C.)	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Goods—Brandy, continued.						
- - if taken by a Private Vessel, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	0	15	0	0	5	0
— Cocoa, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the cwt.	0	3	9	0	1	3
- - if taken by a Private Vessel, the cwt.	0	1	3	0	0	5
— Coffee, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the cwt.	0	10	6	0	3	6
- - if taken by a Private Vessel, the cwt.	0	3	6	0	1	2
— Sugar, if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, the cwt.	0	6	0	0	2	0
- - if taken by a Private Vessel, the cwt.	0	2	0	0	0	8
— Vinegar, if taken by a Ship of War, or by a Private Vessel, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	2	0	0	—		
— Wine, if taken by a Ship of War, or by a Private Vessel, the Tun containing 252 Gallons	2	0	0	—		
— All other Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, not particularly excepted or otherwise charged with Duty,						
- - if taken by a Ship of War, or seized as Droits of Admiralty, for every 100l. of the Value thereof	7	10	0	2	16	0
- - if taken by a Private Vessel, for every 100l. of the Value thereof	2	10	0	0	16	8
— Corn, viz.						
- - Wheat, Wheatmeal, or Flour, Rye, Barley, Beer, or Ligg, Oats, Oatmeal, Peale, Beans, Indian Corn or Maize, taken and condemned as Prize, shall and may be warehoused in like Manner, and subject to such Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, Duties, Drawbacks, Penalties, and Forfeitures as are provided and enacted by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force with respect to any Foreign Corn imported into Great Britain, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134.						
— Goods of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of China or the East Indies, taken and condemned as Prize, are subject to such Duties and entitled to such Drawbacks as the like Goods are or may be subject and entitled to when imported by the East India Company.						
For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which such Goods may be sold, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 46 Geo. 3. cap. 113. (Local and Personal.)						
— Tobacco taken and condemned as Prize, and secured in Warehouses according to Law may be exported therefrom without Payment of						

TABLE (C.)	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<p>Goods—Tobacco, <i>continued.</i> any Duty, or taken out of such Warehouses for Home Consumption or Manufacture, on Payment of the Duties due and payable on Tobacco of the Growth or Production of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands, or Territories in America.</p>						
<p>For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Tobacco may be warehoused, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 99.</p>						
<p>Snuff, taken and condemned as Prize and secured in Warehouses according to Law, may be exported therefrom, without Payment of any Duty, or taken out of such Warehouses for Home Consumption, on Payment of the Duties due and payable on Snuff of the Growth or Production of His Majesty's Colonies, Plantations, Islands, or Territories in America.</p>						
<p>For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which such Snuff may be warehoused, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 99.</p>						
<p>Ships or Vessels condemned as Prize or as Droits of Admiralty (except Ships of War or Private Ships or Vessels of War) with their Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, (except Sails) for every 100l. of the Value</p>	10	0	0	3	6	8
<p>Note—Ships of War or Private Ships or Vessels of War taken and condemned as Prize, or as Droits of Admiralty, with the Sails, Tackle, Apparel and Furniture belonging to such Ships or Vessels, are Duty Free.</p>						
<p>Ships or Vessels condemned as Prize in any of His Majesty's Dominions out of Great Britain (not being Ships of War or Private Ships or Vessels of War) are subject to Duty, which shall be paid on the first Arrival of any such Ships or Vessels at any Port in Great Britain, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134.</p>						
<p>For the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which Goods taken as Prize and condemned Abroad may, on Importation, be warehoused on Payment of the Duty charged in this Table, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 99.</p>						
<p>Note—No Duties whatever shall be demanded or taken for any Goods condemned as Prize consisting of Military or Ship Stores, viz. Sails, Cordage, Anchors and Cables, Masts, Yards, Bowsprits, Blocks, Guns, Gunpowder, Shot, Match, Gun Carriages, Cartridges and other Materials thereto belonging, and all Timber and Iron converted</p>						

TABLE (C.)

	Permanent Duty.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<p><i>Goods, continued.</i></p> <p>into and made fit for Ship Building, or for any of the Uses and Purposes aforesaid; Salted Beef, Pork, and Butter, Biscuit, Small Beer, Pease and Oatmeal, Sailors' Clothes, Hammocks, Bedding and Apparatus, and Instruments belonging to Surgeons, Bullion, or for any Goods which may be imported into Great Britain Duty free.</p> <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Prize Goods may on Condemnation be secured in Warehouses, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134. and 48 Geo. 3. cap. 9).</p> <p>Note.—Goods, Wares, and Merchandize condemned as Prize or as Droits of Admiralty, having been secured in Warehouses according to Law, may be taken out of such Warehouses to be used or consumed in Great Britain on Payment of the Remainder of the Duties which would at the Time of such taking out have been due and payable to His Majesty thereon, if the same had been regularly imported by Way of Merchandize into Great Britain.</p> <p>For the Conditions, Regulations, and Restrictions under which Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, condemned as Prize or as Droits of Admiralty, having been warehoused according to Law, may be exported from thence without Payment of any further Duty imposed by the Act to which this Table is annexed, See 43 Geo. 3. cap. 134.</p>		

TABLE (D.)

TONNAGE DUTY on Ships and Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) in any Port in Great Britain, from or to Foreign Parts.

TONNAGE DUTY.	Permanent Duty.	Temporary or War Duty.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<p>On Ships and Vessels entering Inwards or Outwards, (except in Ballast) in any Port of Great Britain from or to Foreign Parts,</p> <p>For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast,) from or to the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark, or Alderney, the Greenland Seas, or the Southern Whale Fishery</p>	<p>0 0 6</p>	<p>0 0 6</p>

TONNAGE DUTY.	Permanent Duty.			Temporary or War Duty.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
On Ships and Vessels, &c. <i>continued.</i>						
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place within the Streights of Gibraltar	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in Russia, or within the Baltic Sea	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in Europe, except the Isle of Man	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charters granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies	0	3	0	0	3	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards, (except in Ballast), from or to the Cape of Good Hope	0	2	6	0	2	6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in Africa, not otherwise enumerated or described	0	1	0	0	1	0
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to the Island of Newfoundland, the Islands of Cape Breton, St. John, or Prince Edward's Island, or the Coast of Labrador	0	0	6	0	0	6
For every Ton Burthen of every Ship or Vessel entering Inwards or Outwards (except in Ballast) from or to any Port or Place in the United States of America, any British Island, Colony, or Plantation in America, or any other Part of America, not otherwise enumerated or described	0	1	0	0	1	0

C A P. XCIX.

An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*; and for the regulating the Sale of such Liquors by Retail. [15th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Regulations for the securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*: Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty,

Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same. That after the First Day of *January*, One thousand eight hundred and ten, whenever under or by virtue of an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland*, or any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, for amending the same, the Court at any Assizes or Presenting Term shall be required to fine any Parish, Townland, Manor, or Lordship, on account of any unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still, or Appendage to a Still, or any Worm or other Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, having been found or used in any Place within any Parish, Townland, Manor, or Lordship, which has been or shall have been fined at the preceding Assizes or Presenting Term on any of the said Accounts, such Court shall fine such Parish, Townland, Manor, or Lordship, in the Sum of One hundred Pounds in lieu of the Sum of Fifty Pounds, in the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year mentioned; and such Fine of One hundred Pounds shall be levied and recovered in such Manner, and by such Ways and Means as by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year, or by any other Act or Acts in Force in *Ireland* is directed, with respect to any Fine of Fifty Pounds to be levied on any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, under the said Acts or any of them: Provided always, that in Cases where under and by virtue of an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend the several Acts for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits distilled in Ireland*, such Court is required to fine such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, in the Sum of Twenty-five Pounds only, in consequence of the Offender having been tried and convicted of a Misdemeanor by the Evidence of an Inhabitant of such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, (not being an Officer of Customs or Excise,) such Court shall fine such Townland, Parish, Manor or Lordship, in the Sum of Twenty-five Pounds only, in such Case.

II. And whereas by the said recited Act, made in the Forty-eighth Year aforesaid, it is enacted. That whenever any Offender shall be tried and convicted of a Misdemeanor in having made use of any Still, Still-head or Worm for distilling, or in having made or distilled any Low Wines, Singlings or Spirits, or in having brewed, made, or fermented any Worts, Wash, or Pot Ale, wherewith and with the Intent to distil Low Wines, Singlings or Spirits, without having a Licence in force pursuant to Law for distilling, by the Evidence of any Inhabitant (not being an Officer of Excise) of the Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship in which the Place shall be situate, where such Offence was committed, upon an Information given by such Inhabitant before any other Information for the said Offence shall have been given to a Magistrate, the Court before whom such Conviction shall be had at any Assizes or Presenting Term shall fine such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, on account of such Offence, in the Sum of Twenty-five Pounds only, such Fine to be recovered and levied in Manner as in the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year is mentioned and directed, and that no Part of such Fine, or Sum of Twenty-five Pounds, shall be

Fines on Townlands for unlicensed Stills (under 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 17. § 12.) increased to 100l. on a second Offence; except where the Offender has been convicted by an Inhabitant; where the Fine shall be 25l. only; under 48 G. 3. c. 61. § 15.

‘ applied to the Society for discountenancing Vice and promoting
 ‘ Virtue in the City of *Dublin*, nor to the Treasurer of any Publick
 ‘ Infirmary or Hospital of any County, Town, or City, but the whole
 ‘ of such Fine or Sum of Twenty-five Pounds shall be applied and
 ‘ paid by the Treasurer of the County, County of a Town or City, to
 ‘ such Inhabitant who shall have so given the first Information, and
 ‘ by whose Evidence such Conviction shall have been had; or to the
 ‘ Justice of the Peace before whom such Information shall have been
 ‘ made, to be by him applied in rewarding such Informer, or other-
 ‘ wise promoting the Suppression of Private Stills within his Jurisdic-
 ‘ tion, according to the Direction of the Court;’ Be it enacted, That
 in case such Inhabitant shall state in such Information that he is
 willing to give up all Right which he could claim in such Fine, if
 imposed, it shall not be lawful for such Court, in such Case, to fine
 any such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship on account of such
 Offence in the said Sum of Twenty five Pounds, or in any other
 Sum whatever, any Thing in the said recited Act or in any other Act
 or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Fine exceeding the Sum
 of Twenty-five Pounds, after deducting thereout the Costs of recover-
 ing the same, if such Costs shall not be paid by the Direction of the
 Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, under and by virtue of
 the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid; but where
 such Costs shall be so paid, then the whole of such Fine, without any
 Deduction, shall be applied in Manner following; (that is to say,) one
 Moiety thereof, or of so much thereof as shall remain after deducting
 the Costs in the Case aforesaid) shall be paid by the Treasurer of
 the County, County of a Town or City, to the Officer of Excise,
 or to the Informer or Justice of the Peace, to whom One Moiety of
 the Fine of Fifty Pounds is given by the said recited Act of the
 Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, in Manner as is directed in and by
 the said recited Act; and the other Moiety of all and every such
 Fine or Fines (or of so much thereof respectively, as may remain
 after deducting the Costs in the Case aforesaid) shall be paid by every
 such Treasurer on the Certificate herein-after mentioned, to the Person
 or Persons who shall set up and work any licensed Still of less than
 One thousand Gallons Content within any Parish, Townland, Manor
 or Lordship in which any such Fine shall have been levied: Provided
 always, that the Claim of every such Person shall be determined on
 and certified by the Justices of Peace at any Quarter Sessions, whether
 held by Adjournment or otherwise, within the County, County of a
 City or Town wherein such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship
 shall be situated; and in case more Persons than One shall claim such
 Moiety of any such Fine or Fines, such Court of Quarter Sessions
 shall and may prefer the Claim of the Person who shall have set up
 the Still of the largest Content, or shall and may divide such Moiety
 of such Fine or Fines, among all the Claimants entitled, in Shares
 to each in proportion to the Contents of their respective Stills; or
 shall and may adjudge the whole of such Moiety of any Fine or Fines
 to the Person who shall have first set up and worked a Licensed Still
 in every such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, according as
 such Court shall in their Discretion think most conducive to the En-
 couragement of licensed, and the Discouragement of clandestine Distil-
 lation; and it shall be lawful for such Court of Quarter Sessions to
 take

Where an
 Inhabitant
 entitled to Fine
 of 25l. under
 48 G. 3. c. 81.
 shall give up
 his Right,
 the Court shall
 not impose
 such Fine.
 Distribution of
 Penalties,
 exceeding 25l.

One Moiety to
 Informer, &c.
 as under 47 G. 3.
 §. 2. c. 17. § 19.

The other
 Moiety of Fines
 on Parishes may
 be paid to
 Persons setting
 up licensed Stills
 therein; on
 Certificate of
 Sessions.

take such Security as in the Judgment of such Court shall seem proper, that every Person who shall receive any such Fine or Fines, or any Portion thereof, shall continue to work his Still during any such Period, not less than Four Months in the Year, as such Court shall think reasonable, and which such Court shall direct accordingly; and if no such Certificate shall be made by such Justices at any Quarter Sessions within Six Months after the Time when any such Fine or Fines shall have been levied, then and in such Case One Fourth Part of such Fine, (or of so much thereof as may remain after deducting the Costs in the Case aforesaid,) shall be paid by every such Treasurer for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, into the Hands of the Collector of Excise for the District in which the Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, off which such Fine shall be levied shall be situate; and the remaining Fourth Part of such Fine, (or of so much thereof as may remain, after deducting the Costs in the Case aforesaid,) shall be paid by every such Treasurer, if in the County of *Dublin*, or County of the City of *Dublin*, to the Society for discountenancing Vice and promoting Virtue in the said City, for the Use of the said Society, and if in any other County, or County of a Town or City, to the Treasurer of the Public Infirmary or Hospital of such County, Town, or City, for the Use of the said Infirmary or Hospital; or for or towards erecting and maintaining One or more Ward or Wards for Idiots, or Lunatics, or towards erecting and supporting Dispensaries for furnishing Medicines, and giving Medical Aid and Relief to the Poor, in such Places within the County as the Grand Jury shall have presented Money for the Establishment of Dispensaries therein, as the Governors of such Infirmary or Hospital shall think fit.

Or on Failure of such Certificate, one quarter to the Collector of Excise, and the other to Charities.

“ Fines already imposed, but not levied before Summer Assizes 1809, shall be applied as under this Act, § 4.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be guilty of any Collusion in leaving or bringing in or into any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, any unlicensed Still, or other Utensil for distilling of Spirits, whereby such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, shall become liable to the Payment of any Fine, every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be paid to the Person suing for the same; and in case such Person shall be an Inhabitant of such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, the Money so recovered shall be by him applied in Repayment to and among himself and the other Landholders and Inhabitants of such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, in the Shares and Proportions paid by them respectively, on account of such Fine, in such Manner as the Judge or Court before whom such Penalty shall be recovered shall order and direct: Provided always, that no such Penalty shall be recovered by more than One Person, on account of One and the same Offence; and that if more Persons than One shall proceed for such Penalty, the same shall be recovered by the Person who shall have first commenced his Action for the same; and in case the Party convicted of any such collusive Practices shall be an Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or the Commissioners of Customs or Port Duties, such Person shall, upon Conviction of such Offence, over and above the Payment of such penal Sum of Fifty Pounds, be, and he is hereby declared and rendered

Penalty on Collusion in charging Parish with Fines, 50*l*.

If by an Officer, Incapacity, &c.

incapable of holding any Office or Employment whatsoever, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or any Authority derived under His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person shall give any Information of any Offence which by Law is declared to be a Misdemeanor, and whereby any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, shall be and become liable to any Fine, such Informer shall at the same Time make Oath and declare in such Information whether or not he knows any of the Persons concerned in the committing of any such Offence, and if he does know such Persons he shall declare their Names in such Informations, and the Magistrates before whom such Informations shall be given, shall forthwith bind over such Informer to prosecute such Persons for a Misdemeanor according to the Laws in force in *Ireland*, and such Magistrate shall also issue his Warrant to apprehend such Persons, that they may be dealt with according to Law; and if such Informer shall not give Evidence against such Person when brought to Trial, he shall not be entitled to receive any Part of any such Fine; any Thing in any Act or Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. And, for securing the more regular and speedy Application by the Treasurers of the several Counties, Counties of Cities and Towns in *Ireland*, of all Fines imposed at the several Assizes and Presenting Terms on Parishes, Townlands, Manors and Lordships, on account of any unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still, or Appendage to a Still, or any Worm or other Utensil for distilling of Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, having been found or used in any Place within any such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, Be it enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of *June*, One thousand eight hundred and nine, it shall not be lawful for any Court or Judge at any Assizes or Presenting Term in any County, County of a City or Town in *Ireland*, to fiat any Presentment for the Salary of or for any *per Centage* or Allowance payable to the Treasurer of such County, County of a City or Town, unless such Treasurer shall at such Assizes or Presenting Term produce to such Court or Judge upon Oath, which Oath such Court or Judge is hereby empowered and required to administer, a full, separate, and true Account of the Receipts and Payments by such Treasurer on account of all such Fines as shall have been imposed on any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, for the Causes before mentioned, or any of them, at any preceding Assizes for such County, County of a City or Town, (or Presenting Term, if for the County of *Dublin*.) and as shall not have been previously paid and accounted for by such Treasurer; and also, unless it shall appear by such Account that no Part of the Monies received by him on account of such Fines remains in his Hands unapplied; except in Cases where the same has not been demanded of him or at his Office by the Persons entitled to receive the same, all which Cases shall be verified by the said Treasurer on Oath; and except in Cases where it shall appear that an Information has been lodged against the seizing Officer for fraudulent Practices, in any which Case it shall be lawful for the said Treasurer to withhold the said Sum or Sums so claimed by said Officer, until such Information shall be tried or otherwise disposed of; and in case the said seizing Officer shall be convicted thereon, such Treasurer shall pay over every such Sum and Sums to the Churchwardens of such Parish,

Informer shall declare if he knows the Parties guilty, and shall be bound over to prosecute them for a Misdemeanor.

Treasurers shall account at Assizes for Receipt and Application of all Fines imposed for illegal Stills.

Exceptions.

Parish, or to some one Inhabitant of such Townland, Manor or Lordship, to be distributed to and among the Landholders and Inhabitants of such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, in the Shares and Proportions paid by them respectively on account of such Fines.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall at any Time be brought or commenced against any Treasurer of any County, County of a City or County of a Town in *Ireland*, by any Officer of Excise, or by any other Person or Persons, or by or on behalf of the Governors of the Public Infirmary or Hospital of the County, Town or City, or by or on behalf of the Society for discountenancing Vice and promoting Virtue, or by or on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for any Share or Proportion of any such Fines imposed for the Causes last before-mentioned, or any of them, which such Officer or Person, or Governors of such County Infirmary, or Hospital or Society, or which His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, may by Law be entitled to receive or recover, or for any Costs which ought by Law to be paid by such Treasurer out of any Money in his Hands arising from any such Fine; and if the Plaintiff in such Action shall obtain a Verdict or Judgment against such Treasurer, such Plaintiff shall be entitled to his or their Treble Costs, to be awarded against such Treasurer, and to be recovered in such Manner as Costs may by Law be recovered against any Defendant.

Treasurer sued for any Share of any Fine shall be subject to Treble Costs.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, it shall not be lawful for any Court or Judge at any Assizes (or Presenting Term, if in the City of *Dublin*) to discharge any Quere on any Presentment for the Poundage or Wages of any Collector or High Constable acting as a Collector for any Barony, Half Barony, or County of a City or County of a Town, or to allow in the Accounts of the Treasurer any Sum of Money on account of Poundage or Wages of any such Collector or High Constable, nor shall any such Collector or High Constable in his Accounts with the Treasurer of the Sums levied by him, detain, keep, or claim Credit for, to his own Use, any Sum by way of Poundage or Wages for any Money he shall have collected since the preceding Assizes or Presenting Term, unless such Collector or High Constable shall, before the Commission Day of such Assizes, or the First Day of such Presenting Term, have collected and paid to such Treasurer the full Amount of all such Fines imposed on any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, under the said recited Acts, of the Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth Years aforesaid, or under this Act, as such Collector shall have been authorized or required to collect by the Warrant of any such Treasurer, to be issued after the passing of this Act, at any Time after the Assizes or Presenting Term then next preceding.

Collectors shall not receive Poundage or Wages unless they have collected all such Fines.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Justice of the Peace shall take or receive any Information for any Offence relating to any unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still, or Appendage to a Still, or any Worm or Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, under the Directions and Provisions of the said recited Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland*; or under the Directions or Pro-

Proof of signing of Information and Notice by Justice; [See 47. G. 3. § 2. c. 17. § 12.]

Provisions of any Act or Acts for amending the said recited Act in force in *Ireland* at the Time of such Information, or shall sign any Notice of such Information to be served upon the Inhabitants of any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, pursuant to the Directions of any such Act or Acts, Proof of the Hand-writing of such Justice to such Information or Notice respectively, by the Oath of any One credible Witness, shall be deemed sufficient Evidence that such Information was taken and so signed by such Justice, or that such Notice was so signed by such Justice respectively as aforesaid.

Penalty on
Persons insuring
against Fines on
Parishes, &c.
Misdemeanor.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Thirty Days after the passing of this Act, if any Person whatsoever shall insure or take, or agree to take, or receive any Sum of Money, or Security for Money or Deposit for the Insurance of, or be in any Way concerned in any Partnership, Fellowship, Club, Office or Society for the Insurance or Indemnity of any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, or of any Person or Persons, against or from the paying of any Money for or towards the discharging of any Fine which may be imposed on any Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, or on any of the Inhabitants thereof, on account of any unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still, or Appendage to a Still, or any Worm or other Utensil for distilling of Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, or Singlings, having been found or used in any Place within such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship; or if any Person or Persons shall give or pay, or cause to be given or paid, to any other Person or Persons any Money, or any Security, Obligation or Undertaking, to pay any Money, or make any Deposit with such Person or Persons, as an Indemnity or Security against, or to be applied in the Payment and Satisfaction of any such Fine, or in any Way to indemnify such Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship, or the Inhabitants thereof, or any of them, against the Payment of any such Fine or any Part thereof; then and in every such Case every Person concerned or engaged in any such Insurance or other Transaction aforesaid, as well the Person who shall so insure, or who shall pay a Deposit, as the Person who shall accept, take or receive any such Sum of Money, or any such Security, Obligation, Undertaking, or Indemnity as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor; and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, residing near to the Place where such Offence shall be committed, on Information on Oath of any such Offence, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Person, and, on Examination into the Complaint, to commit such Person to Gaol, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and in case any Indictment shall be found against such Person, such Person shall plead thereto without having Time to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court, by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment on such Person as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors.

XII. And whereas it may tend to the Suppression of illicit Distillation if Parishes were allowed to appoint certain Persons for the Purpose of discovering and preventing such Practices; Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Churchwardens of any Parish, at the Desire of any Two Inhabitants of such Parish, to convene a Vestry for the Purpose of electing One or more Person or Persons for the Purpose of discovering and prosecuting all Offences against any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*,
for

Parishes in
Vestry may
appoint Persons
to discover and
prosecute for
Offences in
illegal Distil-
lation, &c.

for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duty on Spirits in *Ireland*, of which Ten Days Notice shall be given.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons so chosen, and who shall consent to act, shall take the following Oath before any One Magistrate or Justice of Peace, which Oath such Magistrate or Justice of Peace is hereby empowered to administer :

Oath of Persons
so appointed.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That so long as I shall hold the Office to which I have been elected for the Parish of _____ I will use my utmost Endeavours to prevent and suppress all illicit Distillation of Spirits within the said Parish, and to prosecute and convict any Person or Persons concerned in such Practices.
‘ So help me GOD.’

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Parishioners of such Parish in Vestry so assembled, to assess such Parish to the Amount of any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds in any one Year, to be applied in the indemnifying of such Inspectors for their Trouble and Expence, and also for the Purpose of carrying into Execution this present Act and all other Acts for the Prevention and Suppression of illicit Distillation in *Ireland*.

Parishes may
raise Twenty
Pounds a Year
for such
Inspectors, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twentieth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, whenever any Grocer, or Person exercising the Trade and Business of a Grocer, or who shall be licensed as a Grocer, shall also be licensed to sell Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, according to the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to make further Regulations with respect to Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in Ireland*; it shall and may be lawful for such Grocer, or such Person as aforesaid, without having or obtaining any other Licence for the Purpose, to sell Spirituous Liquors in any Quantities not less than Two Quarts and not exceeding Fifty Gallons; any Thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Grocers licensed
to retail Spirits
under 49 G. 3.
ft. 2. c. 12.
§ 14. may sell
in Quantities
from Two
Quarts to Fifty
Gallons.
[See 49 G. 3.
c. 73. § 2, 3.]

XVI. And be it further enacted. That if any Brazier, Tinman, or Worker of Tin, or other Person dealing in Brass, Copper, Tin or other Metal, shall at any Time after the Expiration of Ten Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, make or repair, or have in his or her Possession in *Ireland*, any Still whatever not made of Copper, or shall make or repair, or have in his Possession any Still, the Content of the Body whereof, without the Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall be less than Fifty Gallons (other than and except Stills of the Dimensions allowed by Law to be used by Rectifiers or Compounders, or at Apothecaries' Halls in *Dublin*, or by some Chemist, Apothecary, Druggist, or Person duly licensed, for the making or keeping of which last-mentioned Stills, such Brazier or other Person aforesaid shall have obtained a Licence according to Law;) or if any Brazier or Person working in Copper, Brass, or Tin, shall after the said Time wilfully omit, neglect, or refuse to make a true Return, verified by Affidavit, to the Collector of the District in which such Brazier or other Person aforesaid shall reside, of the Name and Place of Abode of every Person for whom such Brazier or other Person as aforesaid shall make or repair any Still, Still Head, or Worm, or to whom such Brazier shall sell or deliver any Still, Still Head, or Worm, before such Brazier shall suffer the same to be taken or delivered out
of

Penalty on
Braziers having
Stills under
Fifty Gallons in
their Possession
(except for
Rectifiers, &c.)
or neglecting to
make Returns of
Stills made or
repaired, &c.
and on all
unlicensed
Persons having
in Possession any
Still, Still-head,
or Worm;
Misdemeanor.

of his House, Shop or Place of Work; or if any Person whatsoever, not being a licensed Brazier, or Person duly licensed or allowed to have and keep a Still according to Law, shall have in his or her Possession any Still, Still Head, or Worm, every Person in any of the Cafes aforesaid, offending as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace residing near to the Place where such Offence shall be committed, on Information on Oath of any such Offence, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Person, and on Examination into the Complaint to commit such Person to Gaol, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and in case any Indictment shall be found against such Person, he or she shall plead thereto without having Time to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted to inflict such Punishment on such Person for such Offence as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors.

Penalty on Retailers having or selling Spirits, not having paid Duty, 100l. and Forfeiture of Licence.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be licensed to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail in *Ireland*, shall at any Time or Times after the Twenty-fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and nine, knowingly receive into or have in his or her Custody or Possession, or shall knowingly sell or dispose of any Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, on which all Duties shall not have been fully paid and satisfied; or any Spirits which shall have been made or distilled by any Person, or in any Place not duly licensed according to Law for that Purpose; every such Retailer so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and the Licence previously granted to such Retailer shall be and become *ipso facto*, void; and every such Retailer who, after such Licence shall become void, shall retail any Spirituous Liquors, or other Liquors, shall be liable to all such Pains and Penalties as by any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* are inflicted on Persons selling Spirituous or other Liquors by Retail, without being duly licensed for that Purpose.

Powers to Clerk of Peace under 43 G. 3. c. 50. § 8. to license Retailers, on Certificate of Two Magistrates, repealed.

XVIII. And whereas by an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating Licences for the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, and Cyder, by Retail, and for discouraging the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, it is among other Things enacted, That, 'in case at any Special or General Sessions no Order shall be given for issuing Licences in Manner prescribed in the said recited Act, or in case no Order shall be given thereat for issuing Licences in any particular Barony or Half Barony, it shall be lawful for the Clerk of the Peace to issue a Licence to any Person or Persons whom any Two Magistrates of the County, residing within Five Miles of the Habitation of such Person, shall certify to be a proper Person for being entrusted with the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors at such Place as shall be mentioned in such Certificate;' Be it enacted, That so much of the said last recited Act as is herein-before rehearsed and set forth, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Party applying for Licence to sell Spirits, more than Seven Miles distant, shall produce

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall apply for a Licence to sell Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, under the Provisions of the said last-recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year, or any Act for amending the same, at any Special or General Sessions which shall be held at any Place more than Seven Miles distant from the

the Place of Abode of the Person so applying for such Licence, such Person shall not be entitled to receive, nor shall receive any such Licence, nor shall any such Licence be granted to such Person unless such Person, shall at such Special or General Sessions produce and deliver to the Court a Certificate under the Hands and Seals of Two Magistrates, both residing within Seven Miles of such Person so applying, or residing nearest to the Place of Abode of such Person, stating that such Person is in the Opinion of the said Magistrates, a fit and proper Person to be intrusted with the Sale of Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale, and Cyder, at such Place as shall be mentioned in such Certificate; and that such Place is a proper Place for the Sale of such Spirituous and other Liquors; and if such Licence shall be granted or refused to be granted at such Special or General Sessions, on such Application as aforesaid, such Licence or Refusal shall be subject to all such Regulations, and to such Benefit of Appeal, and to such other Restrictions and Provisions as are contained with respect to Licences in the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year aforesaid, or in any Act or Acts for amending the same.

Certificate of
Two neighbouring
Magistrates.

XX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, and on which all Duties payable by Law shall not have been fully paid and satisfied, shall at any Time after the passing of this Act, be found on board any Boat or other Vessel, being in any Port, Harbour, Haven, Creek, River, Canal, or Dock in *Ireland*, or within eight Leagues of the Shores of *Ireland*, all such Spirits, and the Boat or Vessel in which the same shall be found, with all her Tackle, Apparel, and Furniture, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Customs or Excise; and every Person who shall be found on board, or discovered to have been on board such Boat or other Vessel (other than and except such Person only who shall have paid for, or *bonâ fide* agreed to pay for his Passage, and who shall no Way be concerned in the Property of the Boat or of the Spirits) shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor; and it shall be lawful for any such Officer or Officers, or any Person or Persons acting in his or their Aid, to stop, arrest, and detain all and every Person and Persons whatever, so found on board or discovered to have been on board such Boat or other Vessel, and to convey all and every such Person and Persons before any Justice of the Peace in *Ireland* residing near the Place where any such Person shall be so taken and arrested; and it shall be lawful for such Justice of the Peace, and he is hereby required, upon Proof on Oath by One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses that such Person was so found, or taken, or discovered as aforesaid, (unless such Person shall prove to the Satisfaction of such Justice that he had paid for, or *bonâ fide* agreed to pay for his Passage on board such Boat, or Vessel, and that he was no way concerned in the Property of such Boat or Vessel, or of the Spirits therein) to hold such Person to bail with two sufficient Sureties for the Appearance of such Person to answer to any Indictment or Information that may be brought against him in that Behalf; and in case any Person so liable to be held to bail shall make Default in finding such sufficient Bail as aforesaid, or until such Bail shall be found, it shall be lawful for such Justice to commit such Person to the Gaol of the County, Town, or Place in which such Person shall be arrested, to answer as aforesaid.

Irish Spirits not
having paid
Duty, found on
board Boats, &c.
in Harbours, may
be seized and
forfeited, and
the Parties
apprehended,
and punishable
for a Misdemeanor.

Penalty on Persons removing Spirits by Land, not having paid Duty; if not more than Five in Company, Misdemeanor; if more than Five, or with Force, &c. Felony.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Thirty Days after the Day of the passing of this Act, if any Persons shall be found passing in Company together in any Part of *Ireland*, knowingly and willingly having in their Custody any Spirituous Liquors distilled in *Ireland*, on which all Duties payable by Law shall not have been duly paid, or any unlicensed Still, Still Head, Worm, or Appendage to such Still, every such Person, if there shall not be Five in the Whole, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall suffer such Punishment as in other Cases of Misdemeanor is herein-before mentioned; or if there shall be Five or more, or if any Person or Persons shall carry any offensive Arms or Weapons, or wear any Vizard, Mask, or other Disguise, when passing with any such Spirituous Liquors, or unlicensed Still, Still Head, Worm, or Appendage to such Still in their Care, Custody, or Possession, and shall carry such Spirits in any Cask or Casks, or Jar or Jars, on the Side or Sides of any Horse, or if any Two or more Persons shall be found assembled together armed with Fire Arms or other offensive Arms or Weapons, in order to be aiding and assisting, or being aiding and assisting in illegally removing or carrying, or conveying any such Spirituous Liquors, unlicensed Still, Still Head, Worm, or Appendage to such Still, or in rescuing any Person who shall be apprehended for, or in the preventing the Apprehension of any Person who shall be guilty of the said Offences or any of them, every Person being legally convicted of such Offence, shall be deemed, taken, and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall for such Offence be transported for the Term of Seven Years.

Stills exceeding Fifty Gallons, or Metal prepared for Stills, shall be imported into *Ireland* only at Tobacco Ports; and entered as Stills, &c. and shall not be removed from thence without Permits.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, no Still, Pot, Pan, or Copper or Boiler, exceeding Fifty Gallons Content, or any Copper Metal or other Metal ready cut, prepared or fitted, so as to be put together for the making of any Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or for the making of any Utensil used or intended to be used, or fit or proper to be used, or which may be used or applied in the Process of distilling Spirits, shall be imported into any Port or Place in *Ireland*, except at some Port into which Tobacco is by Law allowed to be imported; and that every Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, exceeding Fifty Gallons Content, and all Copper Metal and other Metal so cut, prepared or fitted as aforesaid, which from and after the Expiration of the said Ten Days shall be imported into any such Tobacco Port in *Ireland*, shall there be entered as a Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or as being Copper or other Metal (specifying the Metal) cut, prepared, or fitted to be so put together; and that it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons to take or remove any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or any such Copper Metal or other Metal so entered from the Custom House of the Port at which the same shall be so imported, without a Permit for the Removal of the same from the proper Officer of the Excise, which Permit such Officer shall grant without Fee or Reward; and such Permit shall contain in the Body thereof the Name of the Person importing such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper, or Boiler, or such Copper Metal or other Metal, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons to whom, and the Place to which such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or such Copper Metal or other Metal is intended to be sent, and also the Contents

in

ja Gallons of such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler or intended Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, and of the Head thereof or other Appendage respectively, if there shall be any Head or other Appendage thereto; and the Person to whom any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or any such Copper Metal or other Metal shall be conveyed shall, within Forty-eight Hours after the Arrival of the same, deliver up the Permit under which the same shall have been conveyed, to the proper Excise Officer of the Walk in which such Person shall reside, and such Officer shall thereupon grant a Certificate to such Person in lieu of such Permit; and in case any such Copper Metal or other Metal shall be fitted together, and set up or fixed so as to form a Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or so as to form any Utensil fit or proper to be used, or which can or shall be used as a Still, Pot, Pan, Copper, or Boiler, the Person on whose Premises the same shall be so fitted together, set up, or fixed, shall within Forty-eight Hours give Notice thereof to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such Person shall reside; and if any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper, or Boiler, or any Copper Metal or other Metal so cut, prepared or fitted as aforesaid, shall be imported into any other Port or Place in *Ireland*, except at some Tobacco Port as aforesaid; or if any such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or any such Copper Metal or other Metal so cut, prepared or fitted as aforesaid, shall be found conveying or conveyed, and for the Conveyance of which such Permit shall not be produced, or shall be found in the Custody or Possession, Workhouse or Warehouse of any Brazier or Worker in Brass, Copper, Tin, or Metal of any Kind, or of any Hawker, Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, or of any Distiller, or of any other Person or Persons whatsoever without such Permit or a Certificate thereof, or without such Notice having been given as aforesaid; then and in every such Case such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or such Copper Metal, or other Metal so cut, prepared or fitted as aforesaid, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and any Licence before such Time granted to any Person in whose Custody or Possession such Still, Pot, Pan, Copper or Boiler, or such Copper Metal or other Metal as aforesaid shall be found, shall be and become null and void.

XXIII. And whereas it may be expedient for the better Collection of the Revenue, and the Suppression of clandestine distilling, to allow in certain Parts of *Ireland*, particularly where illicit Distillation has prevailed, the Use of Stills of a less Size than Two hundred Gallons Content in Manner and under the Restrictions herein contained; Be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Four of them, to grant any Licence to any Person or Persons in *Ireland* to keep and use, from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, any Still or Stills, the Body whereof, without the Head or any other Appendage thereto, shall be capable of containing less than Two hundred Gallons, and not less than Fifty Gallons Content, in such Place or Places in *Ireland* as such Commissioners, or any Four of them shall think proper, any Thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding; subject, nevertheless, to such Restrictions and Provisions as are hereinafter mentioned and contained.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be licensed by the said Commissioners to keep or use

Four Commissioners of Excise empowered to license Stills under 200 Gallons and not less than 50 Gallons Content.

Such small Stills shall not be licensed within any

Five Miles of a Still of 500 Gallons Content or upwards: and under Regulations in *stats.* 46 G. 3. c. 88. 47 G. 3. ft. 2. c. 17.

any such Still or Stills, of a Content less than Two hundred Gallons in any Place or Part of *Ireland* within Five Miles of any Distillery House or Place wherein any Still or Stills of Five hundred Gallons Content or upwards shall at the Time be licensed to be kept or used, any Thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all Licences to any Person or Persons to keep or use any such Still or Stills of a Content less than Two hundred Gallons, shall be signed by Four of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and shall be granted in such Manner, and under such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties, and Forfeitures as are provided and enacted by two Acts, one made in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*, and the other made in the Forty-seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, to amend the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year with respect to Stills allowed to be licensed under the said recited Acts or either of them.

If a Licence is granted for a large Still within Five Miles of a small Still licensed under this Act, the small one may be continued.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Commissioners shall grant a Licence to any Person or Persons, or keep or use a Still or Stills of Five hundred Gallons Content or upwards in any Place within Five Miles of a Distillery where one or more Still or Stills of less than Five hundred Gallons Content shall be licensed to be kept or used under this Act, or any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, such Still or Stills of less than Five hundred Gallons Content may be continued to be kept and used at the same House in such Place, and the Licence for so doing may be renewed for One Year from the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* next following the Period at which such Still of Two hundred Gallons Content or upwards shall be actually set at work, and from Year to Year after at the same House in such Place, to the Person or Persons licensed to keep such Still of less than Five hundred Gallons Content, or the Heirs, Executors, or Administrators of such Person or Persons; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Person shall be licensed to use both a great and small Still.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be licensed to keep or use a Still of Five hundred Gallons Content or upwards, and a Still of a less Size than Five hundred Gallons Content, at one and the same Time; nor to keep or use Two Stills, either of which shall be of a less Size than Five hundred Gallons, at one and the same Time.

Monthly Charges on Stills in lieu of all former Charges under 46 G. 3. c. 88. § 49: and 47 G. 3. ft. 2. c. 17. § 6. [See Table annexed to this Act.]

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines set forth in the said Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*, and in the said herein before recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, for the Quantity of Spirits produceable wherefrom any Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of every Still used by such Distiller, every Distiller shall, from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, for every Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days which any such Still shall continue or shall be presumed to continue working under the said recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, be charged with and shall pay Duty for such respective Quantities of Spirits

Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates specified in the said Acts from the several Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines severally set forth in the Table to this Act annexed, for and in respect of each and every Still, being of the several Contents in the said Table specified and contained: And that every Distiller shall, over and above such several Quantities respectively be charged with and pay Duty in respect of each and every Still or Stills for as much more Spirits as might be produced, according to the Rates in the said Acts mentioned from all Pot Ale, Wash, Low Wine or Singlings, which such Distiller shall actually distil within every Period of four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days, over and above such several Quantities respectively.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Twenty-ninth Day of September, One thousand eight hundred and nine, so much of the said Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*, as enacts that the Officer of Excise keeping an Account of Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wine or Singlings in any Distillery shall charge the Distiller upon any Decrease of Wash or Pot Ale for a Quantity of Singlings calculated after the Rate of One Gallon of Singlings, for every Four Gallons of Wash or Pot Ale so decreased, shall be and the same is hereby repealed: Provided always, that every such Officer shall charge such Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of Singlings which shall be actually produced by such Distiller from any Wash or Pot Ale brewed from Corn malted or unmalted, and upon any Decrease of any such Low Wine or Singlings such Officer shall charge such Distiller for a Quantity of Spirits after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of Singlings or Low Wines so decreased.

46 G. 3. c. 88. § 47: so far as relates to proportioning the Singlings to the Quantity of Wash, repealed.

Charge of Spirits in proportion to Singlings.

“ Recital of 48 G. 3. c. 81. § 1, repealing 46 G. 3. c. 88. § 52, as
 “ to reducing Charge on Distillers: and the Provisions of 48 G. 3.
 “ c. 81. § 5, on the same Subject: In cases of Accidents having
 “ happened to Distillers before the passing of the Act 48 G. 3. or this
 “ Act, Commissioners of Excise, with Consent of Treasury, empowered
 “ to order Return of Duty paid by Distillers. § 29.

XXX. ‘ And Whereas by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth
 ‘ Year aforesaid for regulating and securing the Collection of the
 ‘ Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, it is among other Things enacted,
 ‘ That all Worts, Wash, or Pot Ale, made from Corn, which shall
 ‘ not be distilled at the Expiration of Six Days, including the Day
 ‘ of brewing and the Day of distilling, shall be considered as Worts,
 ‘ Wash or Pot Ale, not included in any former Charge against the
 ‘ Distiller, and such Distiller shall be charged with Duty in respect of
 ‘ such Worts, Wash, or Pot Ale according to the Directions of the
 ‘ said Act.’ Be it enacted, That whenever any Distiller shall by the
 burning or bursting of any Still by inevitable Accident have been
 prevented from distilling any such Worts, Wash, or Pot Ale within
 such Period of Six Days, it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller
 to apply to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and
 in case the said Commissioners shall be satisfied upon the Oath of such
 Distiller, or otherwise, that such Accident was inevitable, and not
 owing

46 G. 3. c. 88. § 37.

In case of Accident, if Wash is prevented from being distilled within Six Days, and is actually distilled within Nine Days, Commis-

Commissioners of Excise, with the Consent of Treasurers, may abate the Charge of Duty.

owing to any Default or Negligence in such Distiller or his Servants, and that all such Worts, Wash, or Pot Ale were actually distilled at the Expiration of Nine Days, including the Day of brewing and the Day of distilling thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer, to remit, abate, or reduce any Charge of Double Duty which may have been made upon such Distiller in respect of such Worts, Wash, or Pot Ale not having been distilled at the Expiration of Six Days as aforesaid; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Notice of such Accident shall be given by the Distillers to the Officers, Surveyor, Collector and Commissioners.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any such Accident by the burning or bursting of a Still shall take place whereby any Distiller shall be prevented from the distilling any Worts, Wash, or Pot Ale, within such Period of Six Days, such Distiller shall within Six Hours after such Accident, give Notice of such Accident to the Officer of Excise in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, and shall within Twenty-four Hours next after such Accident give and transmit Notice thereof to the Surveyor of the Survey and Collector of Excise, of the District in which such Distillery is situate, and to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and in case of Neglect or Failure in the giving or transmitting of such Notices as aforesaid, or any of them, such Distiller shall not be entitled to any Remission, Abatement or Reduction of Duty on account of such Accident, any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Inhabitants of Townlands declared competent Witnesses.

XXXII. And be it enacted, That in all Trials on Informations which may be traversed under this or the said recited Acts, no Inhabitant of a Parish, Townland, Manor or Lordship shall be deemed an incompetent Witness on account of his being, or being supposed to be interested as an Inhabitant in the Event of such Trial.

“ Powers of former Acts extended to this Act. § 33. Act may be altered this Session. § 34.

TABLE referred to by this Act.

NUMBER of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines, for the Quantity of Spirits produceable wherefrom every Distiller in Ireland shall be chargeable with Duty within a Period of Four Weeks or Twenty-eight Days in respect of every Still of such Distiller, being of the several Contents following; that is to say,

CONTENTS of the STILL.	NUMBER of CHARGES.
3000 Gallons and upwards	58
Under 3000 Gallons and not less than 2750 Gallons	60
— 2750	62
— 2500	64
— 2250	67
— 2000	69
— 1750	72
— 1500	76

CONTENTS of the STILL.		NUMBER of CHARGES.	
1250 Gallons and upwards		1000	- 82
Under 1000 Gallons and not less than		750 Gallons	91
— 750	- - - -	500	- 100
— 500	- - - -	400	- 115
— 400	- - - -	300	- 129
— 300	- - - -	200	- 144
— 200	- - - -	190	- 160
— 190	- - - -	180	- 168
— 180	- - - -	170	- 176
— 170	- - - -	160	- 184
— 160	- - - -	150	- 192
— 150	- - - -	140	- 200
— 140	- - - -	130	- 208
— 130	- - - -	120	- 216
— 120	- - - -	110	- 224
— 110	- - - -	100	- 232
— 100	- - - -	90	- 240
— 90	- - - -	80	- 250
— 80	- - - -	70	- 260
— 70	- - - -	60	- 270
— 60	- - - -	50	- 280

C A P. C.

An Act to amend the several Acts for securing the Collection of the Duties on Auctions in Ireland. [15th June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for securing the Collection of the Duties on Auctions in Ireland*; it is among other Things provided and enacted, That upon any Sale by Auction of any Estate, Goods, or Effects, seized for the Benefit of any Creditor in Execution of any Judgment by any Sheriff or Sheriffs, or Person employed by him or them, the Sheriff or Sheriffs, under whose Authority such Sale shall be made, shall be liable to and shall be charged and chargeable with the full Auction Duty on all Goods and Effects sold at such Sale, and that a Return or Account of such Sale, and Payment of the Duty thereon, shall be made by or on the Part of such Sheriff: And whereas it is expedient that no Auction Duty should be paid on such Sales; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That after the Expiration of Ten Days after the passing of this Act, in case the Sheriff under whose Authority any such Sale shall be made, or his Under-Sheriff, shall certify at the Foot of the Return or Account of such Sale, that all the Estate, Goods, and Effects, in such Account specified, were really the Property of the Person against whom such Judgment was had and obtained, and that the same and every Part thereof were actually seized in Execution of the same Judgment, in

48 G. 3. c. 63.
§ 6.

Sale by Auction of Estates or Effects taken in Execution exempt from Duty, on Certificate of the Sheriff, as required by 47 G. 3. st. 1. c. 17. § 22.

Manner directed and contained in an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to secure the Collection of the Duties on Auctions in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein*, such Certificate shall be a sufficient Authority to the Examiner of Auction Duty in *Dublin*, or to the Collector of Excise of the District, as the Case may be, to discharge the said Sheriff from all Duty on the Sale of such Goods by Auction, without any Payment of any such Duty, any Thing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. CI.

An Act to regulate the Fees payable by Persons charged with Treason, Felony, and all other Offences, at Assizes and Quarter Sessions in *Ireland*; and for amending an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, made in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, relating thereto. [15th June 1809.]

WHEREAS great Inconvenience results from the Uncertainty and Difference in the several Counties of *Ireland*, as to the Rates of Fees payable on Criminal Prosecutions, and the several other Matters relating thereto, before the Judges of Assize and the Chairman and other Justices at Sessions, and great Mischief has arisen for want of the same being regulated and duly ascertained: And whereas great Benefit would accrue from the due Regulation thereof; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no other or higher Fees than those enumerated in the Schedule herein-after set forth, shall henceforward be payable on Criminal Prosecutions, or any other Matter or Thing relating thereto, in any County, County of a City, County of a Town, or other Place in that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* called *Ireland*, to any of the Officers therein mentioned; that is to say:

Fees shall be payable on Criminal Prosecutions according to the following Table.

	£.	s.	d.
To the Clerk of the Crown, or his Deputy, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried for High Treason	2	13	4
To the same, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried for Petty Treason or Murder	1	13	4
To the same, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried for Felony or other Offence	1	6	—
To the same, for each Person whose Trial shall be postponed to a subsequent Assizes, or other Time for opening and holding a fresh Commission of Assizes or Oyer and Terminer, Half the Fees that he is hereby entitled to charge on the foregoing Offences; and in case the Person charged by the Indictment shall postpone his Trial, he is to pay the same himself; and in case the Trial shall be postponed by the Crown or Prosecutor, then the said Half Fees are to be presented off the County at large, in the same Manner that the Fees of the Prisoners acquitted are made payable as hereafter mentioned.			

T.

	s.	d.
To the same, for each Person that shall be ordered to enter into Recognizance, whether to attend at a subsequent Affizes or Commission, or to be of the Peace and good Behaviour	—	7 9
To the same, on receiving every Burning, Houghing, Maiming, or other Petition With a further Fee of Six Shillings in case he shall be required to draw and prepare the same.	—	5 —
To the same, for filing every Affidavit that shall be sworn in relation to Criminal Business	—	6 —
To the same, for making out and attesting every Copy of such Affidavit	—	6 —
To the same, for every Crown Summons in which the Parties may insert the Names of Four Witnesses, requiring their Attendance to give Evidence on any of the Matters relating to Criminal Prosecution	—	3 4
To the same, for every Bench Warrant or Crown Capias, in which the Names of all the Persons charged in the Indictment, that have not appeared or been tried shall be inserted	—	3 4
To the same, for every Certificate that may be required of him in relation to Crown Business	—	3 4
To the same, for the Copy of the Entry of each Indictment which he is by Law authorized to furnish	—	3 4
To the same, for each Copy of an Examination which he is by Law authorized to furnish	—	6 8
To the same, for the Copy of each Indictment that he is by Law authorized to furnish	—	6 8
To the same, for every Search he is required to make amongst his Records in relation to Crown Business	—	2 2
To the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried at the General Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, whether for Felony or other Offence	—	6 8
To the same, for each Person whose Trial shall be postponed The same to be paid by the Person charged in the Indictment, if he postpones his Trial; and if the Court or Prosecutor postpones the Trial, to be paid by Presentment, in like Manner as the Fees of Persons acquitted	—	5 —
To the same, for each Person that shall be ordered to enter into Recognizance, whether for good Behaviour or otherwise	—	7 6
To the same, for filing every Affidavit that shall be sworn in relation to Crown Business	—	6 8
To the same, for making out a Copy, and attesting every such Affidavit	—	3 4
To the same, for every Crown Summons in which the Parties may insert the Names of Four Witnesses	—	5 —
To the same, for every Bench Warrant in which the Names of all the Parties named in the Indictment,		that

	ℓ.	s.	d.
that have not appeared or stood their Trials, are to be inserted	—	3	4
To the same, for every Certificate in relation to Crown Business only	—	3	4
To the same, for every Copy of an Indictment	—	3	4
To the same, for every Copy of the Entry of such Indictment in Crown Book	—	3	4
To the same, for every Copy of an Examination	—	1	8
To the same, for every Search he shall be required to make amongst his Records in relation to Crown Business	—	1	8
To the Sheriff or Under Sheriff, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried at either Assizes or Sessions	—	6	—
To the same, for each Person whose Trial shall be postponed, payable under the same Terms as before mentioned, relative to Clerks of the Crown and Peace, and their Deputies	—	3	4
To the Gaoler for each Person that shall be indicted and tried at either Assizes or Sessions	—	3	4
To the same, for each Person whose Trial shall be postponed, payable as before mentioned with respect to Clerks of the Crown, and the other Officers before mentioned	—	1	8
To the same, for the Copy of each Committal and Search	—	1	7
To the Crier attending Assizes or Sessions, for each Person that shall be indicted and tried	—	2	6
For each Person whose Trial shall be postponed, payable as before mentioned, with respect to the other Officers	—	1	3
To the same, for every Recognizance that shall be entered into at Assizes or Sessions, and the Affidavits annexed thereto	—	1	7
To the same, for every other Affidavit that shall be sworn in Court relating to Crown Business	—	1	—

Penalty on taking higher Fees, 10l.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of the Peace, or any of their Deputies, Sheriff or Under Sheriff, Gaoler or Under Gaoler, or Turnkey, or Crier at Assizes or Sessions, or other Person acting under them, or any of them, shall demand, take, or accept, any other or higher Fee than the Sum or Sums stated and set forth in the foregoing Schedule, for the several Matters and Things therein contained and specified, or for or on account of any other Matter or Thing whatsoever relating thereto, each and every such Person so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds Sterling, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Dublin*, by Action of Debt, Bill, or Plaint, in which no Essoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than one Imparlance, shall be allowed, or by Civil Bill, to be heard and determined by the Assistant Barristers at the Sessions of the Peace in such Counties as the said Offences shall be committed.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the several Grand Juries throughout *Ireland*, at each Assizes, to present for the several Clerks of the Crown and Clerks of the Peace, or their Deputies, Sheriffs, or Under Sheriffs, Gaolers, and Criers, in lieu of the Fees of such Persons as shall be indicted, tried, acquitted and discharged, without Fees, at or between each Assizes, any Sum they shall think reasonable and fair, in lieu of such Fees as they have been heretofore accustomed to demand and receive for the same, not exceeding such Amount as shall be ascertained, according to the Rates in this Act allowed, by the Affidavit of such Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer herein-before mentioned, the same to be sworn before the respective Judges of Assize; and which Presentments so made by the said Grand Juries, the several Judges of Assize shall and may order to be stated, notwithstanding any Law or Usage to the contrary.

IV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all and every Case where any Prisoner or Prisoners shall be acquitted on account of or by reason of any Informality, Error, or Defect in any Indictment whereon any Prisoner or Prisoners shall be tried, no Fee whatever shall be paid to or presented by the Grand Jury for such Clerk of the Crown, Clerk of the Peace, or any of their Deputies who shall have prepared such informal or erroneous Indictment for or on account thereof, or of any Prisoner that shall be discharged therefrom, provided that the Judge of Assize, Chairman, or Assistant Barrister at Sessions, shall certify that such Acquittal or Acquittals was or were occasioned by Informality, Want of Form, or other Defect in the Indictment on which such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were acquitted and discharged.

V. And Whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better and more convenient Administration of Justice, and for the Recovery of Small Debts in a summary Way at the Sessions of the Peace in the several Counties at large, within the Kingdom of Ireland, except the County of Dublin: and for continuing and amending an Act, intituled, An Act for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large, it was thereby amongst other Things enacted, That from and after the First Day of June One thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, it should and might be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor, or Governors of the said Kingdom for the Time being, by and with the Advice of the Privy Council, to divide each and every of the several Counties at large of that Kingdom, except the Counties of *Dublin*, into Two Divisions, for the Purpose of more conveniently hearing and determining of Civil Bills only, and that each of such Divisions should consist of a certain Number of Baronies or Half Baronies, or both: And whereas in several Counties in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, it has, from the local Situation and irregular Divisions of Baronies, been found very inconvenient and distressing to the Inhabitants thereof, that the said Counties should be divided into Districts by Baronies and Half Baronies only; and it would tend very much to the Convenience of His Majesty's Subjects residing in many of the said Counties, that the same should be divided into Divisions by a certain Number of Baronies, Half Baronies, and Parishes,*

D d 4

Grand Juries may present for Fees of Persons discharged without Fees.

No fees shall be paid in Cases of Acquittal by Defect in the Indictment.

So much of Irish Act, 36 G. 3. c. 25, as directs Division of Counties into Baronies and Half Baronies repealed; Counties may be divided by Lord Lieutenant into Two Divisions, to consist of Baronies, Half Baronies, and Parishes.

instead

‘ instead of Baronies or Half Baronies only ;’ B: it therefore enacted, That so much of the said Act as directs that the several Counties of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* should be divided into Two Divisions, by a certain Number of Baronies or Half Baronies, shall be and the same is hereby repealed ; and that it shall and may be lawful, from and after the passing of this Act, to and for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, of that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, for the time being, by and with the Advice of the Privy Council, to divide such of the several Counties of *Ireland*, as they shall think expedient, for the Advantage and greater Convenience of the Inhabitants thereof into Two Divisions, for the Purposes of the said Act, and none other, to consist of a certain Number of Baronies, Half Baronies, and Parishes, within the said Counties respectively, instead of Baronies or Half Baronies only ; and every such Division so to be appointed, shall be distinguished by the Names of some one Barony or Half Barony of which it shall be composed.

C A P. CII.

An Act to appoint Commissioners to inquire and examine, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, into the Nature and Extent of the several Bogs in *Ireland*, and the Practicability of draining and cultivating them, and the best Means of effecting the same.

[15th June 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS there are large Tracts of undrained Bog in *Ireland*, the Drainage whereof is necessary for their being brought into a State of Tillage : And whereas the adding their Contents to the Lands already under Cultivation would not only increase the Agriculture of *Ireland*, and contribute much to its Resources for the Sustainance of the *British* Empire and its profitable Export of Corn, but is highly expedient towards promoting a secure Supply of Flax and Hemp within the United Kingdom, for the Use of the Navy, and Support of the Linnen Manufacture, independent of Foreign Nations and of the Interruptions arising from the Influence of political Events upon Foreign Trade : And whereas the Appointment of Commissioners for the Purpose of ascertaining the Extent of such Bogs, and the Practicability and Expence of draining the same, and for the other Purposes herein after mentioned, will materially assist in effecting their Cultivation :’
Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Persons (not exceeding in the whole the Number of Nine Persons) who shall be nominated and appointed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, by Writing under the Hand or Hands of such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors to be Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, shall be and they are hereby appointed to be Commissioners for ascertaining the Extent of all such Bogs in *Ireland* as shall by Repute or Estimation exceed the Extent of Five hundred Acres ; and for inquiring and

Nine Commissioners, may be named by Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland* to inquire into the State of the Bogs there ; exceeding 500 Acres in Extent.

and examining into the Practicability of draining each such Bog, and into the best Mode and probable Expence of effecting such Drainage; the Depth of Bog Soil, the Nature of the Strata immediately underneath; the Nature and Distance of the Manure best fitted for their Improvement, and the Expence of making the necessary Roads or Canals for conveying such Manure into and through the same, from the nearest or most convenient Publick High Roads or Canals, and for the carrying out the future Produce of the Bog Land, when cultivated, to the nearest or most Publick Roads or Canals, together with the Opinion of the said Commissioners as to such Measures as they shall deem necessary or expedient for carrying into speedy Effect the Drainage, Cultivation, and Improvement of all such Bogs, and the future Increase of Timber in *Ireland*, by providing for the Plantation and Preservation of Trees in such Parts thereof as shall be best fitted for the Purpose.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case of any Vacancy or Vacancies by Death or Resignation of any One or more of the Commissioners to be appointed by virtue of this Act during the Continuance thereof, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to nominate and appoint such Person or Persons as he or they may think proper to supply such Vacancy or Vacancies; and every Person so nominated and appointed shall be subject to the same Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions, and shall have the like Powers and Authorities for carrying this Act into Execution to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as the Persons originally appointed to be Commissioners under this Act.

Appointment of
new Commis-
sioners.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons who shall act as a Commissioner or Commissioners under this Act, shall so act without any Salary, Recompence, or Reward whatever.

No Salary to
Commissioners.

“ Commissioners shall be sworn, § 4. Commissioners empowered to
“ meet and make Inquiries; to examine Persons on Oath; and
“ to appoint Engineers, Surveyors, &c. for the Execution of this
“ Act, § 3. Commissioners and their Surveyors, &c. empowered
“ to enter on Lands, to survey and ascertain the Nature of the
“ Soil, &c. § 6. Commissioners may sit in the House of the Linen
“ Board, or *Dublin* Society, § 7. Commissioners shall report their
“ Proceedings to Lord Lieutenant and Parliament, with Plans for
“ the Cultivation of the Bogs, &c. § 8. On Application of Pro-
“ prietors of Bogs less than 500 Acres, Commissioners may make
“ Inquiries as to the same under this Act, § 9. Treasury of *Ireland*
“ may issue 5000*l.* to defray the Expences of Surveyors, Engineers,
“ Clerks, and Officers, acting under the Commissioners, § 10.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, upon his, her, or their Examination before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, every such Person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be, and he, she, and they is and are hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in force and effect in *Ireland*, Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Persons giving
false Evidence
guilty of Perjury.

“ Continuance of Act, 1st August 1811, § 12.

C A P. CIII.

An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for making Provision for the building and re-building of Churches, Chapels, and Glebe Houses in *Ireland*.

[15th June 1809.]

42 G. 3. c. 65.

§ 2.

§ 4.

§ 8.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the building and rebuilding of Churches, Chapels, and Glebe Houses, and for the Purchase of Glebe Lands, Glebe Houses, and Impropriations in Ireland*, it was among other Things enacted, That on Application made to the Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits in *Ireland*, in Manner in the said Act mentioned concerning the erecting of any new Church or Chapel or the re-building of any Church or Chapel in any Parish or Place in *Ireland*, it should be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners to advance to the Parties making such Application, out of the Monies and Funds intrusted to their Care, the whole or any Part of the Sum or Sums of Money to be applied in the Erection or re-building of such Church or Chapel; and that if the said Trustees and Commissioners should be of Opinion that it was fitting that any Sum of Money so advanced, or any Part thereof, should be advanced by way of Loan to and should be repaid by any Parish, it should be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners to require and take Security by Bond for the repaying of such Money so advanced, in Manner and at the Times in the said Act mentioned; and that every Bond for Money advanced by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of *Ireland*, by virtue of the said Act should be made payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and if such Sum of Money should not be duly paid, the said Bonds should be put in Suit under the Orders of the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three of them; And whereas the Inconvenience resulting to Individuals from the entering into the Bonds and Securities required by the said recited Act may obstruct the Attainment of the beneficial Effects of the said Act; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Sum or Sums of Money whatever shall be advanced by the said Trustees and Commissioners by way of Loan, and to be repaid by the Parish or Place in which any Church or Chapel so to be erected or rebuilt shall be erected or situate, whether such Money shall be advanced by the said Trustees and Commissioners out of any Money to be advanced to them by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, or out of any other Funds in the Hands, Power, Custody, Possession or Disposal of the said Commissioners and Trustees, it shall not be necessary for the said Commissioners and Trustees to require and take any such Security by Bond as in the said Act is mentioned for the Repayment of any such Sum or Sums of Money so advanced, or any Part or Proportion thereof, any Thing in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Where Loan of Money shall be advanced by the Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits, no Security or Bond for the Repayment shall be required.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever the Minister and Churchwardens, or any Two Protestant Inhabitants of any Parish or Place in *Ireland*, in which it shall be proposed and intended that any Church or Chapel shall be erected or rebuilt, shall have made Application in Manner directed by the said recited Act, to the said Trustees and Commissioners for the advancing of any Money for such Purpose, and the said Trustees and Commissioners shall have signified their Intention of advancing any Sum or Sums of Money for such Purpose, and shall be of Opinion that it is fitting and expedient that such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, should be advanced by way of Loan to, and should be repaid by such Parish or Place, then and in such Case in the Place and Stead of any Bond or Security being taken by the said Trustees for the Re-payment of such Sum of Money, or any Part thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Inhabitants of any such Parish or Place, assembled at a Vestry duly summoned and called upon, Seven Days Notice at least, to make an Assessment upon such Parish or Place, of a Sum equal to the whole Sum so to be advanced by Way of Loan, to be repaid by Instalments in Seventeen successive Years.

Instead of Security or Bond for Money advanced for the building of any Church, the Parishioners may make an Assessment of the whole Sum to be raised in 17 Years, by annual Instalments.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for every such Vestry to assess upon such Parish or Place the whole Sum so to be advanced by way of Loan, to be raised, levied, and paid in Manner and at the Times following, that is to say, Six Pounds *per Centum* of the Sum so advanced and to be repaid, shall be so raised and paid by such Parish on or before the First Day of *July* next after the Expiration of One Year from the Day on which such Sum shall be so advanced; Six Pounds *per Centum* more of such Sum on or before the First Day of *July* in every succeeding Year, until Ninety-six Pounds *per Centum* of the Sum so advanced and to be repaid shall be so raised and paid by such Parish; and the remaining Four Pounds *per Centum* of such Sum on or before the First Day of *July* in the Year succeeding that in which the last Instalment of Six Pounds *per Centum* shall have been paid as before-mentioned; and that the Amount of the said annual Instalments, or Sum or Sums of Money, shall be a Charge on such Parish or Place, and shall, without further Authority, be from Time to Time apportioned, levied, and raised without further Assessment in such Parish or Place, in such Manner, and with all such Powers and Remedies for the applotting, raising, and levying of the same in all Respects as is or are provided for the applotting, raising, and levying of any Sum or Sums of Money, Rate, Parish Assessment, Cels, or Tax, for repairing, building, or re-building of any Church or Chapel, or other necessary Charges belonging to such Church or Chapel, under or by virtue of the said recited Act of the last Session, or of any other Act or Acts in Force in *Ireland* at the Time of the passing of this Act; and that all Churchwardens and Vestries shall have the like Power to assess all Parishes and Places, and to applot and levy such Assessments, and be accountable for the same, and to do all Matters and Things for the assessing such Sums, or for applotting, raising, and levying of such annual Instalments or Sums so to be payable as aforesaid in all Respects whatsoever, as they now have respectively touching or concerning any Rate or Rates, Sum or Sums of Money, Parish Cels or Tax, for the repairing, building, or re-building of any Church or Chapel, or any other necessary Charge belonging to such

Mode of raising such annual Instalments by Assessment.

such Church or Chapel, under or by virtue of any such Act or Acts as aforesaid.

On Certificate to the Ordinary, of such Assessments, &c. Trustees shall advance the Money required.

IV. And be it further enacted, That a Certificate signed by the Churchwardens, or Two Protestant Inhabitants of any such Parish or Place, that such Assessment had been made in and for such Parish or Place, shall be forthwith transmitted to the Ordinary of the Diocese; and upon such Certificate, together with the Approbation of the said Ordinary, being by the said Ordinary transmitted to or laid before the said Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits, it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees and Commissioners forthwith to advance and pay to the Persons applying under the said recited Act, out of any Monies or Funds entrusted to the Care of the said Trustees and Commissioners such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall have previously signified to be in their Opinion fit and proper to be applied in the Erection or building of any such Church or Chapel respectively, in Manner herein-before mentioned.

Instalments shall be received by Churchwardens, and then paid to Trustees, and thence to the Treasury, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every such Instalment and Sum or Sums of Money so to be raised by any such Parish or Place as aforesaid shall be paid to the Churchwardens of such Parish or Place, and shall by such Churchwardens, within Twenty-one Days after the First Day of *July* in every Year, be paid to the said Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits; and in case the Money so advanced by such Trustees and Commissioners shall have been advanced by them out of any Money advanced to them by the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of *Ireland*, such Sum and Sums of Money shall, by the said Trustees and Commissioners, be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, within One Month after the Receipt thereof, by the said Trustees and Commissioners; and such Money may be again advanced to the said Trustees and Commissioners by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, for the Purposes of the said recited Act, in Manner and under the Regulations mentioned and contained in the said recited Act.

On Failure of Payment of Instalments, within 21 Days of 21st of July yearly, the Bishop may appoint a Person to levy the same, with 10l. per cent. additional.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case Default shall be made in the raising or Payment of the said Instalments, or Sum or Sums of Money, or any of them, by the said Parish or Place, or by the said Churchwardens, to the said Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits, and any such Instalment or Sum or Sums of Money shall be behind and unpaid, and not duly raised, paid, and satisfied to the said Trustees and Commissioners, before the Expiration of Twenty-one Days after the First Day of *July*, in any Year wherein the same ought to be so paid as aforesaid; it shall and may be lawful for the Bishop of the Diocese in which such Parish or Place shall be situate, and he is hereby authorized and required to nominate and appoint some fit and proper Person or Persons to levy such Instalment or Sum or Sums of Money as shall be so due and unpaid, together with Interest for the same, at and after the Rate of Six Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, from the Day on which the same ought to have been paid, until the same shall be actually paid, and a further Sum after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum* on the Amount of such Instalment, or Sum of Money to payable, which said Sum after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum*, shall and may be received and retained by such Person or Persons so to be nominated and appointed, for his or their Pains and Trouble, in levying and recovering of the said Instalment, and all and every Person or Persons who shall be so nominated and appointed for

for the Purpose aforesaid, shall have, use, and exercise, all such Powers and Authorities, for the levying and raising such Instalment, and Sum and Sums of Money, as the Churchwardens of such Parish or Place, or any other Person or Persons lawfully might or could have, use, and exercise, for the levying and raising such Instalment, or any Parish Rate or Assisment under this Act, or any other Act or Acts, and such Person or Persons shall pay over and account for all such Instalments, and all Sum and Sums of Money received by them on account of the same, or of the Interest of the same as aforesaid, to the said Commissioners and Trustees, within Twenty-one Days after the Receipt of the same, by such Person or Persons as aforesaid.

“ Persons having given Bond for any Money advanced by Trustees
 “ before the passing of this Act, may be discharged on Application
 “ to the Churchwardens, and a Rate being made according to this
 “ Act. § 7.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* from Time to Time to direct the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, to raise and borrow by Treasury Bills, at an Interest of Five Pounds *per Centum*, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, to be paid to the said Commissioners and Trustees of First Fruits to be by them applied in Loans towards the building or re-building of Churches and Chapels in *Ireland*, in such Manner as should be directed by Parliament, and the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds shall be and the same is hereby granted to and vested in His Majesty, to be applied from Time to Time to the Purposes of the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year aforesaid, and this Act; and that, for the raising of the said Sum of Fifty Thousand Pounds, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the Time being, in consequence of any such Direction from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, to raise and borrow such Part of the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds as shall or may be necessary from Time to Time by the Issue of Treasury Bills for that Purpose, bearing Interest at a Rate not exceeding Five Pounds *per Centum per Annam*, and that the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, or so much thereof as shall from Time to Time be raised and borrowed as aforesaid, shall be applied to the Purposes of the said recited Act and this Act, and shall and may be issued and paid by the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, to the said Trustees and Commissioners of First Fruits, to be by them applied in Loans towards the building and re-building of Churches and Chapels in *Ireland*, according to the Rules, Directions, Provisions, Regulations, and Restrictions contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-eighth Year aforesaid, and this Act.

The Lord Lieutenant may direct the Treasury to borrow 50,000 l. by Treasury Bills, to be paid to Board of First Fruits for building and re-building Churches, &c.

C A P. CIV.

An Act to amend several Acts made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, for granting Life Annuities with Benefit of Survivorship.

[15th June 1809.]

Irish Act,
13 & 14 G. 3.
c. 5.
15 & 16 G. 3.
c. 2.
19 & 20 G. 3.
c. 2. for granting
Life Annuities.

33 G. 3. c. 27.
33 G. 3. (L.)
c. 2. for
preventing
traitorous
Correspondence.

Claims of
Persons, pre-
vented by said
Acts of 33 G. 3.
from applying
for Payment of
Annuities
within Three
Years, shall be
received and
allowed.

‘ **W**HEREAS several Acts were passed in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the several Sessions held in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years, and in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth Years, and in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, whereby certain Life Annuities were granted with Benefit of Survivorship to such Persons as should voluntarily subscribe towards raising the several Sums in the said several Acts respectively mentioned, and it was by the said recited Acts provided, that in case any Person who should be entitled to receive any Annuity or Annuities by the Intent of the said recited Acts, should neglect to demand the same in Manner required by the said recited Acts for the Space of Three Years, he or she should for ever lose and forfeit the same, as if his or her respective Nominee had been dead at the Commencement of the said Three Years: And whereas by reason of certain Provisions contained in Two Acts passed in the Parliaments of *Ireland* and of *Great Britain*, in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, more effectually to prevent during the War between *Great Britain* and *France* all traitorous Correspondence with, or Aid or Assistance being given to His Majesty’s Enemies, and in other Acts for the like Purposes, divers of the said Annuities payable to Persons as well Foreigners as *British* Subjects residing in Parts beyond the Seas, may not have been demanded within the Time prescribed by the said recited Acts, for granting Annuities; for Remedy whereof, Be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Claim of all or any Person or Persons who by reason of the said recited Acts for the preventing of such traitorous Correspondence as aforesaid, shall have been prevented from making such Claim, within the Time prescribed by the said recited Acts for granting Annuities shall be received, and the Annuities payable to all or any such Persons or Person shall be paid in like Manner as if such Claim had been made within the Time prescribed by the said recited Acts for granting Annuities, any Thing in the said recited Acts or any of them to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. CV.

49 G. 3. c. 8.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and ten, an Act of this present Session of Parliament, to suspend the Importation of *British* or *Irish* made Spirits into *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively.

[15th June 1809.]

“ Recited Act continued till *March* 25, 1810.

C A P.

C A P. CVI.

An Act for allowing further Time for taking Goods out of Warehouse, and paying Duties thereon.

[15th June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for permitting certain Goods imported into Great Britain to be secured in Warehouses without Payment of Duty*, the Importers, Proprietors, or Consignees of Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, which have been lodged in any Warehouse or Warehouses, to be provided according to the Directions of that Act, or otherwise secured in the Port of London, are within Fifteen Calendar Months to be computed from the Day on which the Importers, Proprietors, or Consignees shall have made their First Entry thereof, to clear and take from and out of such Warehouses or Places respectively, either for Exportation or to be consumed in Great Britain, all such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize; and Bond is directed to be given to His Majesty for paying the Duties upon certain Articles within Twelve Months from the Date of the First Entry thereof: And whereas it may in certain Cases be expedient to allow further Time for clearing the said Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, and for paying the Duties thereon; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands, to permit and allow any Goods, Wares, and Merchandize enumerated or described in the Tables annexed to the said recited Act, or which may have been or shall be added to such Tables by virtue and in pursuance thereof, to remain warehoused or otherwise secured, without Payment of the Duty of Customs or Excise, for such further Time beyond the said Period of Fifteen Months as the said Lord High Treasurer, or the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, may in their Judgment think reasonable and proper; and no Bond entered into for the Payment of any such Duties shall be proceeded upon during the extended Period for which any such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall or may be so allowed to remain warehoused or otherwise secured under the Authority of this Act.

II. And whereas the Privileges and Advantages of the said Act of the Forty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty have been extended to the Out Ports in pursuance of an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to authorize the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to permit certain Articles to be warehoused in different Ports in Great Britain, upon giving Security for the Payment of Duties upon the Articles therein mentioned*; and of another Act of the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled, *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain, to other Articles not therein mentioned; and to alter the Condition of the Bond directed to be given by an Act of the Twenty-fourth Year*

43 G. 3. c. 139.
§ 29.
§ 3, 4.
Treasury may permit Goods described in Tables annexed to 43 G. 3. c. 139. to remain warehoused in the Port of London without Payment of Duty, for any Period beyond 15 Months.

45 G. 3. c. 87.

46 G. 3. c. 137.

Treasury may
in like Manner
extend the
Period for
Goods ware-
housed at any
Out-Port.

‘ *Tear of His present Majesty, by the Masters and Owners of Vessels and Boats licensed by the Lords of the Admiralty; and it is expedient that the Lord High Treasurer or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury should be also empowered to extend the Period for which the Goods may remain bonded and warehoused at such Out Ports;’* Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury for the Time being, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant as aforesaid, to extend the Period for which any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, are allowed to be bonded and warehoused at any Out Port of *Great Britain*; and no Duties of Customs or Excise shall be demanded or required, nor shall any Bond, given for the Security of such Duties, be enforced or proceeded upon during the extended Period which shall or may be allowed under the Authority of this Act.

C A P. CVII.

An Act for the more effectual Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures, incurred in the *British Colonies and Plantations in America.* [15th June 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS by divers Acts of Parliament relating to the Trade and Revenue of His Majesty’s Colonies and Plantations in *America*, sundry Penalties and Forfeitures are inflicted, which, by Two Acts, the one passed in the Fourth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the British Colonies and Plantations in America; for continuing, amending, and making perpetual, an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second. (intituled, An Act for the better securing and encouraging the Trade of His Majesty’s Sugar Colonies in America;)* for applying the Produce of such Duties, and of the Duties to arise by virtue of the said Act, towards defraying the Expenses of defending, protecting, and securing the said Colonies and Plantations; for explaining an Act made in the Twenty-fifth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, (intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of the Greenland and Eastland Trades, and for the better securing the Plantation Trade;*) and for altering and disallowing several Drawbracks on Exports from this Kingdom; and more effectually preventing the clandestine Conveyance of Goods to and from the said Colonies and Plantations, and improving and securing the Trade between the same and Great Britain; and the other passed in the Eighth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, and intituled, *An Act for the more easy and effectual Recovery of the Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by the Acts of Parliament relating to the Trade or Revenues of the British Colonies and Plantations in America;* are to be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered in certain Courts in the said Acts mentioned: And whereas it is expedient to alter and amend the Provisions of the said Acts;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Provisions contained in the said recited Acts, or in any other Acts, as to prosecuting, suing for, and recovering any Penalties or Forfeitures incurred in the *British Colonies or Plantations in America*, under any Law relative to the

4 G. 3. c. 15
[§ 41.]

G. 3. c. 22.

Provisions of
recited Acts for
recovering
Penalties
sued, repeated,

the Trade or Revenue of the said Colonies or Plantations, shall be and the same are hereby repealed, except only as to any Proceedings under the said Acts now depending, or which shall be commenced before the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and nine; and that all such Penalties and Forfeitures which may have been heretofore, or may be hereafter incurred, shall and may be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered in any Court of Record, or of Vice-Admiralty having Jurisdiction, in the Colony or Plantation where the Cause of Prosecution arises; and in Cases where there shall happen to be no such Courts, then in any Court of Record, or of Vice-Admiralty having Jurisdiction in some *British* Colony or Plantation near to that where the Cause of Prosecution arises; provided, that in Cases where a Seizure is made in any other Colony than that where the Forfeiture accrues, such Seizure may be prosecuted in any Court of Record, or of Vice-Admiralty having Jurisdiction, either in the Colony or Plantation where the Forfeiture accrues, or in the Colony or Plantation where the Seizure is made, at the Election of the Seizor or Prosecutor; and in Cases where there shall happen to be no such Courts in either of the last mentioned Colonies or Plantations, then in any Court of Record, or of Vice-Admiralty having Jurisdiction, in some *British* Colony or Plantation near to that where the Forfeiture accrues, or to that where the Seizure is made, at the Election of the Seizor or Prosecutor.

(except as to Proceedings pending, &c. Penalties may be recovered in any Court of Record, or Vice-Admiralty, in the Colony where the Cause arises, &c. Proceedings in Cases of Seizures.

II. And be it further enacted, That such Seizures, by whomsoever made, shall be lodged and deposited in the Custody of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port where they shall be made, or into which they shall be carried for Adjudication under the aforesaid Provisions, and shall be subject in respect to the Charge, Care, Sale, and Delivery thereof, to the Rules and Regulations of an Act of the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Production of Manifests, and for more effectually preventing fraudulent Practices in obtaining Bounties and Drawbacks, and in the clandestine re-landing of Goods*; and shall be deliverable on Security according to the Rules of another Act of the Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act more effectually to secure the Performance of Quarantine, and for amending several Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs*, in like Manner as if the Provisions of the Two last recited Acts were herein repeated.

Seizures shall be lodged with Collector and Comptroller of Customs, &c. and subject to 26 G. 3. c. 40.

28 G. 3. c. 34.

C A P. CVIII.

An Act to amend the several Acts respecting the Payment of Wages and Prize Money, and Allotment of Wages, to Persons serving in His Majesty's Royal Navy.

[15th June 1809.]

• **W**HEREAS certain Provisions in an Act passed in the
 • Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
 • intituled, *An Act for the further preventing Frauds and Abuses attend-* 26 G. 3. c. 62.
 • *ing the Payment of Wages, Prize Money, and other Allowances due*
 • *for the Service of Petty Officers and Seamen on board any of His*
 • *Majesty's Ships*; and in another Act passed in the Thirty-second 32 G. 3. c. 34.
 • Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for explaining and amending
 • the said Act and for other Purposes; and likewise in an Act passed
 49 Geo. III. E c. ' in

- 31 G. 2. c. 10. ' in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King
' George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen*
' employed in the Royal Navy, and for establishing a regular Method for
' the punctual, frequent, and certain Payment of their Wages, and for
' enabling them more easily and readily to remit the same for the Support
' of their Wives and Families, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses
' attending such Payments; and also in an Act passed in the Thirty-
- 32 G. 8. c. 33. ' second Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amend-
- 35 G. 3. c. 28. ' ing the last-mentioned Act, and for further extending the Benefits
' thereof; and also in an Act passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of the
' Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable Petty*
' *Officers in the Navy and Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers of Marines*
' *and Marines serving in His Majesty's Navy, to allot Part of their Pay*
' *for the Maintenance of their Wives and Families*, and also in an Act
- 46 G. 3. c. 127. ' passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An*
' *Act to amend and extend the Benefits of an Act made in the Thirty fifth*
' *Year of His present Majesty, to enable Petty Officers, Seamen, and*
' *Marines serving in His Majesty's Navy, to allot Part of their Wages*
' *or Pay for the Maintenance of their Wives and Families*, have not been
' found sufficient to effect the good Purposes intended thereby; Be
it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and
with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
of the same, That so much of the said Two herein first mentioned
Acts, as enacts that no Letter of Attorney or Will made by any
Petty Officer or Seaman, or Non-commissioned Officer of Marines
or Marine in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors,
whereby any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, or Allowances of Money
of any Kind, due or to grow due for such Service, is authorized to
be received or bequeathed, shall be good and valid and sufficient for the
Purpose, unless such Letter of Attorney or Will, if made by any such
Officer or Seaman, or Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine,
then in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall
specify in the Body thereof, the Number at which the Maker of such
Will or Letter of Attorney stands upon the Ship's Book, shall be and
the same is hereby repealed.

So much of
26 G. 3. c. 63.
§ 1. as requires
the Number on
the Ship's Books
to be specified in
the Wills,
repealed.

Wills, &c. exe-
cuted by Seamen
in Naval Hos-
pitals, &c.
abroad, shall be
good if made
revocable, and
attested by the
Surgeons.

Sick Seamen
in Transports
may execute
Wills attested by
the Master or
Mate.

II. And be it further enacted, That every Will bequeathing
Wages, Pay, Prize Money, or other Allowances of Money, and every
Letter of Attorney for empowering any Person or Persons to receive
Wages, Pay, or other Allowances of Money other than Prize Money,
which shall be made and executed by any Petty Officer, Seaman,
Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in the Service of
His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, who may be in any Naval or
Merchant Hospital or Sick Quarters on any Foreign Station, where
there shall be no Agent of such Hospital or Quarters, shall be good
and effectual, provided such Letter of Attorney shall be made re-
vocable by the express Words thereof, and provided such Letter of
Attorney or Will shall be signed before and attested by the Surgeon
and his Assistant attending at such Hospital or Sick Quarters.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful
for any Petty Officer and Seamen, Non-commissioned Officer of
Marines and Marine, in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Suc-
cessors, who may be sent Home sick or invalided from Foreign
Stations, while on board any Transport or Merchant Vessel on his
Passage,

Passage, to make his Will, provided that such Will shall be signed before and attested by the Master and First Mate of every such Transport or Merchant Vessel respectively.

IV. ' And whereas Provision has been made in the said Act of the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty, for the Payment of Sums not exceeding Seven Pounds, which may be due and payable by the Rules of the Navy, to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, in respect of his Services in the Navy; and it is expedient that the Benefits thereof should be extended to Persons of the said Descriptions, who may have been discharged from the Service of His Majesty: Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, being so discharged, to give such Orders in Writing for the Payment of Sums not exceeding Seven Pounds, on the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy; provided that such Orders be made, executed, and attested in the same Manner as is prescribed by the Acts passed in the Twenty-sixth and Thirty-second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, respecting Powers of Attorney executed by such Persons when discharged from His Majesty's Service, and provided also, that if the Party making such Order shall have been discharged from His Majesty's Service at his own Request, or for any other Cause or Reason than being unserviceable, he shall not be entitled to immediate Payment on such Order, but shall wait for the Payment of the same according to the Rules of the Navy, until such Ship from whence he has been discharged, shall come in course of Payment.

Provisions of 32 G. 3. c. 34. [§ 93.] extended to Persons discharged.

V. ' And whereas Doubts have arisen, whether the Provisions in the hereinbefore mentioned Acts, passed in the Twenty-sixth and Thirty-second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, should be construed to render invalid the Will of any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, executed previously to the Entrance of such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, into His Majesty's Service, as to any Wages, Pay, or Allowances, to which the Persons who executed the same may have been or may be entitled to, for their Service in the Navy; Be it further enacted and declared, That no Will of any such Person shall be held to be good and available, unless the same shall be executed and attested according to the Provisions of the said Act, as to any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, or Allowances of Money of any Kind, due or to grow due in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and that all Payments of Wages, Pay, Prize Money, and other Allowances of Money heretofore made to any Administrator or next of Kin, Wife, Relation, or Creditor of any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, having made any Will before he entered into the said Service, which hath been rejected, as not being executed and attested, as by the before-mentioned Acts is required in that Behalf, shall be considered and are hereby declared to be valid and effectual.

No Wills of Persons made previous to enacting, shall be held to be good, unless executed and attested according to the Provisions of recited Acts.

VI. ' And whereas Doubts have arisen, as to the Persons who come within the Description of Petty Officers and others in His Majesty's Navy and Non-commissioned Officers of Marines, within the Provisions of the several Acts herein before recited; Be it further enacted, That all and every Part of the Complement of every Ship in His Majesty's Navy shall be and are hereby declared to

Who shall be deemed Petty Officers, &c.

be Petty or Inferior Officers, Seamen, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marines, excepting such as are rated upon the Books of such Ships, as Admirals or Flag Officers, and their Secretaries, Captains, Lieutenants, Sub-Lieutenants, Masters, Second Masters, and Pilots, Physicians, Surgeons, Assistant Surgeons, Chaplains, Boat-swains, Gunners, Carpenters, and Purfers, Field Officers of Marines, Captains, Captain-Lieutenants of Marines, Lieutenants and Quarter-masters of Marines.

26 G. 3. c. 63.
§ 5. respecting
Postage of
Inspector's
Letters repealed.

VII. ' And whereas it is expedient to repeal such Part of the said recited Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the receiving and sending Letters and Packets by the Inspector, to be appointed as therein mentioned, free from the Duty of Postage, and to enact other Provisions in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted, That immediately from and after the passing of this Act, the said Part of the said recited Act shall cease, determine, and be no longer in force.

Letters to and from Inspector relating to Seamen's Wills exempted from Postage.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Letters or Packets addressed to the Inspector of Seamen's Wills for the Time being, upon any Business or Affairs relating to the said Office of Inspector of Seamen's Wills, shall be free from the Duty of Postage; and all Letters and Packets being upon any Business or Affairs relating to the said Office of Inspector of Seamen's Wills that shall be forwarded by the said Inspector of Seamen's Wills shall be under Cover, with the Words " Pursuant to Act " of Parliament, Forty-nine George the Third," printed upon the same; and the said Inspector of Seamen's Wills shall write his Name under the same.

Penalty on Inspector abusing such Privilege, 100l.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Inspector of Seamen's Wills or any other Person shall send or convey under any of the Covers aforesaid, any Writing-paper or Parcel other than those relating to the Business or Affairs of the said Office of Inspector of Seamen's Wills, the Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty on forging Certificates under 32 G. 3. c. 34. § 18. Felony without Clergy.

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person from and after the passing of this Act, shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly act and assist in the false making, forging, or counterfeiting the Signature of any Minister, Churchwarden, Elder or Inhabitant of any Parish, to any Certificate to any Petition for a Certificate as required, described, and mentioned in the recited Act, passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to enable any Person or Persons to obtain Letters of Administration to any such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, or shall utter or publish as true any such Certificate to any such Petition, with any false, forged, or counterfeited Signature of any such Minister, Churchwarden, Elder, or Inhabitant of any Parish, knowing the same to be false, forged, or counterfeited, then every such Person so offending, being lawfully convicted of any such Offence, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

XI. ' And whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, every Petty Officer and Seaman or Landman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, serving or entering to serve on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty,

‘ Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, is empowered to allot a certain Part of his Monthly Wages or Pay, to certain Relations therein mentioned;’ Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Petty Officer and Seaman, or Landman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, being a Widower, and serving or entering to serve on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to allot a certain Part of his Monthly Wages or Pay for the Maintenance of any his Child or Children, in such Proportions and under the Restrictions, Forms, and Limitations as are prescribed in the said last-mentioned Act: Provided that every such Allotment for the Maintenance of such Child or Children, shall be made to some fit Person or Persons inhabiting the Parish where such Child or Children may reside, who shall be approved of by the Minister and Churchwardens, or Churchwarden, Elders or Elder of such Parish; and in case any Person or Persons to whom such Allotments shall be made for the Maintenance of such Child or Children, shall fail in applying the same to the Advantage and Benefit of such Child or Children, and a Certificate of such Misconduct shall be sent from the Minister and Churchwardens or Churchwarden, Elders or Elder of such Parish, to the Commissioners of the Navy, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required thereupon, to nominate and appoint any other Person or Persons who may be recommended to them by the Minister and Churchwardens or Churchwarden, Elders or Elder of the said Parish, for receiving the Allotment for the Purpose aforesaid, in the Room of such Person or Persons who may have abused the Trust reposed in him or them.

Petty Officers, Seamen, and Marines, being Widowers, may allot Part of their Pay for Maintenance of Children, to be applied under Direction of the Minister, &c. [See 35 G. 3. c. 20. § 3, &c.]

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Petty Officer and Seaman, or Landman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine serving or entering to serve on board of any Ship or Vessel of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to allot a certain Part of his Monthly Wages to his Father, being a Widower and unable wholly to maintain himself, in such Proportions and under the Restrictions, Forms, and Limitations, and agreeable to the Directions prescribed in the said last-mentioned Act; provided such Father is certified by the Minister and Churchwardens or Churchwarden, Elders or Elder of the Parish in which he shall reside, to be a Widower and unable wholly to maintain himself.

and to their Fathers, being Widowers.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Allotments of Wages or Pay made by any Petty Officer or Seaman or Landman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, by virtue of this Act or any former Acts, shall be paid by the Persons and at the Places following; that is to say, if the Person or Persons entitled to any Sum so allotted shall reside in *London*, or within the Bills of Mortality, the same shall be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy at *Somerset House*; and if the Persons entitled to any Sums so allotted shall reside at *Portsmouth*, *Plymouth*, *Chatham*, *Deptford*, *Woolwich*, or *Sheerness*, or within Five Miles of any of those Places respectively, then and in every such Case the same shall be paid by the Clerk of the Cheque, at any of those Places where or within Five Miles of which such Person or Persons shall reside; but if the Residence of any such Person or Persons entitled to any Sum so allotted as aforesaid, shall not be in *London*, nor within the Bills of Mortality thereof, nor at *Portsmouth*, *Plymouth*, *Chatham*, *Deptford*, *Woolwich*, or *Sheerness*, nor within Five Miles of any of those Places respectively, then in every such Case the Sum

By whom Allotments of Pay shall be paid to the Parties entitled.

allotted out of the Wages or Pay of every such Petty Officer, Seaman, or Landman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled to receive the same, by the Receiver-General of the Land Tax of any County, Riding, or City, or by the Collector of the Customs for any Port, or by the Collector of Excise for any Collection in *Great Britain*, nearest to the Place of Residence of the Person or Persons so entitled to receive the said Sums so allotted to them as aforesaid.

Allotments may be revoked.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Warrant Officer, Petty Officer, Seaman, or Marine, to revoke any Allotment he shall make under the Authority of this Act, provided he shall have the Consent of the Captain or other Commanding Officer of the Ship in which he is serving for doing so; and on Notice to the proper Officer in the Navy Office of such Revocation, signed by any such Warrant Officer, Petty Officer, Seaman, or Marine, attested by the Captain or other Commanding Officer, the Proportion of Wages which had been allotted shall be no longer paid or payable to the Father or Children respectively.

For regulating Remittal of Wages under 51 G. 2. c. 10. § 14. (and 32 G. 3. c. 33.) to Children.

XV. And whereas by the before recited Act, passed in the Thirty-first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, and in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending the same, inferior Officers and Seamen, and Non-commissioned Officers of Marines and Marines, in certain Cases therein mentioned, are empowered to remit their Wages to certain Relations therein also mentioned; Be it further enacted, That in the Cases specified in the said last-mentioned Act, every Petty Officer and Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines and Marine, shall be entitled to remit his Wages to any Child or Children of the Age of Eighteen Years and upwards, agreeably to the Directions of the said Acts, to be payable in the same Manner as is prescribed in the said Acts, and under the same Forms, Limitations, and Restrictions as are therein contained for the Remittance and Payment of Wages to other Relations; and in case the said Child or Children shall not be of the Age of Eighteen Years, the Remittance shall be made to some fit Person or Persons inhabiting the Parish where such Child or Children may reside, for the Use and Benefit of such Child or Children, who shall be approved by the Minister and Churchwardens or Churchwarden, Elders or Elder of such Parish.

Promotion Tickets shall be made out, &c. in like Manner as Foreign remove Tickets, under 32 G. 3. c. 33. § 7. &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, when and so often as any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, serving on board any Ship or Vessel in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be promoted by any Commander in Chief, while such Ship or Vessel shall be abroad, to be either a Lieutenant, Sub-Lieutenant, Master, Second Master, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon, Boatswain, Gunner, Carpenter, Purser, or a Commissioned Officer of Marines, then and in either of such Events, the Captain or Commanding Officer of the Ship or Vessel in which the Petty Officer or Seaman, or Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine shall be serving at the Time of such Promotion, shall at the same Time make out or cause to be made out, a Ticket for the Wages or Pay due to such Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, certifying thereon that the Person therein named has been actually promoted to the

the Station therein mentioned, and deliver such Ticket to him, which Ticket shall be called "a Promotion Ticket," and shall be made out in the same Form, and consist of the same Particulars as are prescribed by the said last-mentioned Act, passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in regard to Foreign remove Tickets, and shall be paid in the same Manner as the said Foreign remove Tickets are therein required to be paid; and it shall be lawful to and for every Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, who shall obtain such Promotion Ticket, to sell and transfer the same by Indorsement thereof; and the said Promotion Tickets so sold and transferred, shall be paid to the Indorsee thereof, in the Manner prescribed for the Payment of the said Foreign remove Tickets, in and by the said last-mentioned Act, passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; and the Signature for Receipt of the Person to whom such Promotion Ticket shall have been made payable by Indorsement, shall be a sufficient Voucher to the Treasurer of the Navy, for the Payment of the Wages due on such Promotion Ticket.

XVII. And whereas the Regulations in the before-recited Acts passed in the Twenty-sixth and Thirty-second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, respecting the Transmission to the Treasurer of the Navy, of all Letters of Administration, Probates of Wills, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, of or to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, have not been found effectual; Be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Proctor, Registrar, or other Officer of any Ecclesiastical Court, shall deliver or cause to be delivered any Letters of Administration, Probate of Will, or Letters of Administration with Will annexed, to any other Person or Persons than the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, in the Manner directed by the said Two last mentioned Acts, such Proctor, Registrar or other Officer of such Ecclesiastical Court so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to the Use of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich*; and if any Agent or Agents shall pay any Prize-Money due to a deceased Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, under any other Authority whatever than the Check directed by the said Acts to be issued by the said Inspector or Person authorized to officiate for him, such Payment shall be null and void; and the Agent or Agents, so paying the same, shall forfeit for every and each such Offence, a Sum of Money equal to the Amount of the Prize Money so paid by him or them, to the Use of the said Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich*.

Penalty on Proctor delivering Probates, &c. to any Person but the Treasurer, &c. of the Navy, and on Agents paying Prize Money of deceased Seamen contrary to Directions of 26 G. 3. c. 63. § 7, 8, &c. and 32 G. 3. c. 34. § 23, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, shall be recovered with full Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Great Britain*, and be sued for in the Names of the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*.

Recovery of Penalties.

C A P. CIX.

An Act to repeal several Acts respecting the Woollen Manufacture, and to amend other Acts relating to the said Manufacture; and for allowing Persons employed in any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture to set up Trade in any Place in *Great Britain*. [15th June 1809.]

The following
Acts repealed,
viz.

- 2 E. 3. c. 14.
13 R. 2. ft. 1.
c. 11.
17 R. 2. c. 2.
11 H. 6. c. 9.
7 E. 4. c. 2.
1 R. 3. c. 8.
5 H. 8. c. 2.
6 H. 8. c. 8.
6 H. 8. c. 9.
23 H. 8. c. 18.
27 H. 8. c. 12.
33 H. 8. c. 23.
3 & 4 E. 6. c. 2.
5 & 6 E. 6. c. 6.
5 & 6 E. 6. c. 22.
1 M. Sess. 3.
c. 7.
2 & 3 P. & M.
c. 11.
2 & 3 P. & M.
c. 12.
- WHEREAS certain Acts and Parts of Acts heretofore made from Time to Time for controlling the Manufacturer in the making and selling of Woollen Cloth, are at this Day not only necessary, but if enforced might be extremely injurious; and it is therefore expedient to repeal the same; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a certain Act made in the Second Year of King Edward the Third, intituled, *The Measure and Assize of [Cloths of] Ray and of Colour*; another Act made in the Thirteenth Year of King Richard the Second, intituled, *The Cloths of certain Counties tacked and folded, shall not be put to Sale before they be opened*; another Act made in the Seventeenth Year of King Richard the Second, intituled, *Every Person may make Cloth of what Length and Breadth he will*; another Act made in the Eleventh Year of King Henry the Sixth, intituled, *Of what Length and Breadth Cloths called Straits shall be*; another Act made in the Seventh Year of King Edward the Fourth, intituled, *For Cloths made in the Hundreds of Liffon, Tavistock, and Rowburgh, in Devonshire*; another Act made in the First Year of King Richard the Third, intituled, *The Length and Breadth of Cloths, and the Order of dying them and Wools, the Ability of the Aulneger, and what Cloths he may seal*; another Act made in the Fifth Year of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *An Act for the true making of Cloths in Devon called White Straits*; another Act made in the Sixth Year of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *An Act concerning the making of certain Woollen Cloths in the County of Devon*; another Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *An Act to avoid Deceits in making of Woollen Cloths*; another Act made in the Twenty-fifth Year of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *An Act for Clothiers in Worcestershire*; another Act made in the Twenty-seventh Year of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *The Act for the true making of Cloth*; another Act made in the Thirty-third Year of King Henry the Eighth, intituled, *The Bill for folding of Cloths, in North Wales*; another Act made in the Third and Fourth Years of King Edward the Sixth, intituled *An Act for the true making of Woollen Cloths*; another Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of King Edward the Sixth, intituled, *An Act for the true making of Woollen Cloth*; another Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of King Edward the Sixth, intituled, *An Act for putting down of Gig Mills*; another Act made in the First Year of Queen Mary, intituled, *An Act touching Cloth making in Corporate Towns and Market Towns*; another Act made in the Second and Third Years of King Philip and Queen Mary, intituled, *An Act touching Weavers*; another Act made in the Second and Third Years of King Philip and Queen Mary, intituled, *An Act for the sealing and viewing of Clothes commonly called Bridge-*

waters;

waters; another Act made in the Fourth and Fifth Year of King Philip and Queen Mary, intituled, *An Act touching the making of Woollen Cloths*; another Act made in the First Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act for the continuing the making of Woollen Clothes in divers Towns in the County of Essex*; another Act made in the Twenty-third Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act for abolishing of certain deceitful Stuff used in dying of Cloth, &c.*; another Act made in the Twenty-seventh Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act touching the Breadth of White Woollen Clothes made within the Counties of Wilts, Gloucester, Somerset, and Oxon, &c.*; another Act made in the Twenty-seventh Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act concerning the making of Woollen Clothes in the Counties of Devon and Cornwall, called Plain White Straight and Pinned White Straight*; another Act made in the Thirty-fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act touching the Breadth of Plunkets, Azures and Blues, and other coloured Clothes made within the Counties of Somerset and elsewhere of like making*; another Act made in the Thirty-fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act for the Reformation of sundry Abuses in Clothes, called Devonshire Kerries or Dozens, according to a Proclamation of the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady the Queen that now is*; another Act made in the Thirty-ninth Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act against the deceitful stretching and tentering of Northern Cloth*; another Act passed in the Forty-third Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act for the true making and working of Woollen Clothes*; another Act made in the Fourth Year of King James the First, intituled, *An Act for the true making of Woollen Cloth*; another Act made in the Twenty-first Year of King James the First, intituled, *An Act for Continuance of a former Act made in the Fourth Year of the King's Majesty's Reign of England, &c. intituled, An Act for the true making Woollen Cloths, and for some Additions and Alterations in and to the same*; another Act made in the Seventh Year of Queen Anne, intituled, *An Act for the better ascertaining the Lengths and Breadths of Woollen Cloth made in the County of York*; another Act made in the Tenth Year of Queen Anne, intituled, *An Act for regulating, improving, and encouraging the Woollen Manufacture of mixt or medley Broad Cloth, and for the better Payment of the Poor employed therein*; and another Act made in the First Year of the Reign of King George the First, intituled, *An Act to make an Act of the Tenth Year of Her late Majesty, intituled, An Act for regulating, improving, and encouraging of the Woollen Manufacture of mixt or medley Broad Cloth, and for the better Payment of the Poor employed therein, more effectual for the Benefit of Trade in general; and also to render more effectual an Act of the Seventh Year of Her said Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the better ascertaining the Lengths and Breadth of Woollen Cloth made in the County of York*; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That so much of a certain other Act passed in the Twenty-seventh Year of King Edward the Third, intituled, *The Aulnagers Fees for every Cloth sold, Cloths shall be sealed before they be put to Sale, a Subsidy granted to the King of every Cloth sold*, as directs that Cloths shall be sealed before they be put to Sale: And so much of a certain other Act made in the Fourth Year of King Edward the Fourth, intituled, *The Length and Breadth of Cloths made to be sold, no Cloths wrought beyond Sea shall be brought into England, as directs that every whole Woollen Cloth, called Broad Cloth, and*

4 & 5 P. & M.
c. 5.
1 Eliz. c. 14.
23 Eliz. c. 9.
27 Eliz. c. 17.
27 Eliz. c. 18.
35 Eliz. c. 9.
35 Eliz. c. 10.
39 Eliz. c. 20.
43 Eliz. c. 10.
4 Jac. 1. c. 2.
21 Jac. 1. c. 18.
7 Anne, c. 18.
10 Anne, c. 16.
1 G. 1st. 2.
c. 15.
Parts of certain Statutes repealed, viz.
27 E. 3. st. 1.
c. 4.
4 E. 4. c. 1.

all Manner of Cloths called Streits, and every Cloth called Kersey, which shall respectively be made and set to Sale shall be of certain specified Lengths and Breadths respectively, with a certain Provision in a Case where the Cloth shall exceed the limited Measure, and that every Half Cloth of every of the said Whole Cloths, Streits and Kersseys, shall keep his Measure in Length and Breadth, according to the Rate, Form, and Nature, of his Whole Cloth aforesaid; and that no Person which shall make any Woollen Cloth to sell, shall mingle or put in or upon the same Cloth, nor the Wool whereof the said Cloth shall be made, any Lambs' Wool, Flock or Cork in any Manner, under the Penalty therein mentioned, except in particular Cases; and that every of the said Cloths and Half Cloths shall perfectly and rightly pursue and follow one Order of Workmanship from one End to the other, without Difference in the weaving, fulling, knotting, or burling; and that certain Seals shall be used and set upon the said Cloths for the Purpose of denoting the Workmanship, Length, Breadth, comparative Size and other distinguishing Qualities for the several Sorts of Cloth, and that Keepers of the said Seals shall be appointed and shall perform certain Duties, and such Keepers and Aulnegers shall be subject to Penalties for Offences therein mentioned; and that Cloth-makers shall pay to Labourers in the said Trade lawful Money for their Wages, and shall deliver Wools to be wrought according to the faithful Delivery and due Weight thereof, under the Penalties therein mentioned; and that every Carder, Spinster, Weaver, Fuller, Sheerman and Dyer, shall duly perform his Duty in his Occupation; and that every Fuller, in his Craft and Occupation of Fulling, rowing, or tayfelling, of Cloth, shall exercise and use Tayfells and no Cards deceitfully imparing the same Cloth; and the Justices of Peace and certain other Magistrates shall have Power to hear and determine certain Complaints of every such Clothmaker and Labourer, and shall exercise their Jurisdiction in that Behalf in the Manner therein specified, and that such Justices or Magistrates shall have Jurisdiction over Persons offending against that Ordinance, and that such Persons shall be subject to a Forfeiture, and that such Justices or Magistrates shall have certain Powers for exercising their Jurisdiction in that Behalf: And so much of a certain other Act made in the Fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth, intituled, *An Act containing divers Orders for Artificers, Labourers, Servants of Husbandry, and Apprentices*, as directs, that no Person shall be detained, hired, or taken into Service to work for any less Time than for One whole Year in any of the Sciences, Crafts, Mysteries, or Arts of Clothiers, Woollen Cloth Weavers, Tuckers, Fullers, Clothworkers, Sheermen, or Dyers of Wool or Woollen Cloth; and that every Person being unmarried, and every other Person being under the Age of Thirty Years, and having been brought up in any of the said Arts, Crafts, or Sciences, or that hath used or exercised any of them by the Space of Three Years or more, and not having Real or Personal Property of a certain specified Value, nor being retained with any Person in Husbandry, or in any of the Arts and Sciences according to that Statute, nor in any other Art or Science, nor in Household, or in any Office with any Nobleman, Gentleman, or others, according to the Laws of this Realm, nor having a convenient Farm or other Holding in Tillage whereupon he may employ his Labour, shall upon Request made by any Person using the Art or Mystery wherein the said Person so

required

5 *Eliz. c. 4. § 2.*

required hath been exercised (as is sforesaid) be retained, and shall not refuse to serve according to the Tenor of that Statute, upon the Pain and Penalty thereafter mentioned; and that no Person dwelling in any City or Town Corporate, using or exercising any of the Mysteries or Crafts of a Clothier, that doth or shall put Cloth to making and Sale, shall take any Apprentice or Servant to be instructed or taught in any of the Arts, Occupations, Crafts, or Mysteries which he doth use or exercise, except such Servant or Apprentice be his Son, or else that the Father and Mother of such Apprentice or Servant shall have Freehold Property of a certain Amount; and that no Person dwelling in any such Market Town, using or exercising the Feat, Mystery, or Art of a Clothier, that doth or shall put Cloth to making and Sale, shall take any Apprentice, or in anywise teach or instruct any Person in the Art, Science, or Mystery last before recited, except such Servant or Apprentice shall be his Son, or else that the Father or Mother of such Apprentice shall have Freehold Property of a certain annual Value; and that no Person shall set up, occupy, use, or exercise any Craft, Mystery, or Occupation then used or occupied within the Realm of *England or Wales*, except he shall have been brought up therein Seven Years at the least as an Apprentice in Manner and Form in the said last recited Act mentioned, nor shall set any Person on work in such Mystery, Art, or Occupation, except he shall have been Apprentice as is sforesaid, or else having served as an Apprentice shall become a Journeyman, or be hired by the Year, so far only as the said last mentioned Provision respects Persons employed in any of the Crafts, Mysteries, or Occupations of Clothiers, Woollen Cloth Weavers, Tuckers, Fullers, Clothworkers, Sheermens, or Dyers of Wool or Woollen Cloth; and that all Persons that shall have Three Apprentices in any of the said Crafts, Mysteries, or Occupations of a Clothmaker, Fuller, Sheerman, or Weaver, shall retain and keep One Journeyman, and for every other Apprentice above the Number of Three Apprentices One other Journeyman; and so much of a certain other Act passed in the Third Year of King *James the First*, intituled, *An Act for the Repeal of one Act made in the Fourteenth Year of Queen Elizabeth's Reign, concerning the Length of Kerfies*, as directs that Kerfies, commonly called *Ordinary Kerfies*, and that Kerfies called *Sorting Kerfies*, shall not exceed respectively a certain Length, and shall be respectively of a certain Weight according to the Length, and if any Kerfies shall either exceed the prescribed Length or fall short of the prescribed Weight, then every Person that shall make the same for Sale shall be subject to the Forfeiture therein mentioned, and that every Person selling or trading in any such Kersey shall pay a Custom and Subsidy after a specified Rate; and so much of a certain other Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of King *George the First*, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of the Woollen Manufacture, and for preventing Disputes among the Persons concerned therein, and for limiting a Time for prosecuting for the Forfeiture appointed by an Act of the Twelfth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in case of Payment of the Workmen's Wages in any other Manner than in Money*, as directs that no Clothier or Maker of Woollen Cloths, Druggets, or other Woollen Goods, or Goods mixed with Wool, shall use any Ends of Yarn, Webs, or other Refuse of Cloths, Druggets, or other Woollen Goods, or Goods mixed with Wool, (Flocks and Finions only excepted) by working the same up again into any Sorts

§ 27.

§ 29.

§ 31.

§ 33.

3 Jac. 1. c. 16.
§ 3, 4.

13 G. 1. c. 23.

§ 3.

§ 10—14.

of Goods whatsoever, under a certain Penalty; and that every Owner of Tentor or Tentors, Rack or Racks for such Cloth, within the Counties of *Gloucester, Wilts, and Somerset*, shall measure such Tentor or Tentor's Rack as shall be made use of for tentoring or racking such Cloth, and mark the true Length of Yards of each Tentor or Rack thereon, in the Manner particularly directed by the said last recited Act, and under the Penalty therein mentioned; and that the Justices of the Peace for the Counties aforesaid shall appoint Inspectors, with a certain Salary to each of them, and with certain Duties and Powers particularly pointed out by the said last recited Act; and that any Clothier or Maker of any such Cloth, or any Millman or other Person within the Counties aforesaid, shall incur a Penalty for refusing Entrance to any such Inspector, and that any such Inspector, acting against his Oath shall forfeit twenty Pounds; and that every Maker of mixed or medley Woollen Broad Cloth within the Counties aforesaid, shall pay to the Inspector the Sum of Two-pence *per* Cloth for every such Cloth he shall make before the Cloths are sent away from the Mill; and the said Inspector shall pay the Money so received into the Hands of the Treasurer of the County, to be applied towards the Salaries of Inspectors to be appointed by virtue of the said last recited Act; and that any Millman within the Counties aforesaid, sending Home to any Clothier or Maker of Cloth, any such Cloth or Cloths as aforesaid, before they are inspected and measured as aforesaid shall for every Piece of Cloth so sent Home forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings; and so much of a certain other Act passed in the Fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repealing several Laws relating to the Manufacture of Wollen Cloth in the County of York, and also so much of several other Laws as prescribes particular Standards of Width and Length of such Woollen Cloths, and for substituting other Regulations of the Cloth Trade within the West Riding of the said County, for preventing Frauds in certifying the Contents of the Cloth, and for preserving the Credit of the said Manufacture at the Foreign Market*, as directed that if any Person or Persons within the said West Riding of the said County shall use or cause to be used in dressing of Cloth any Cards made with Wire or with Teeth of Iron or any other Metal whatsoever, every such Person or Persons so using the same shall for every such Offence forfeit Forty Shillings; shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

5 G. 3. c. 51.

§ 23.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall annul or make void any Contract of Apprenticeship whereby any Person shall have bound or shall bind himself as an Apprentice in any of the said Crafts, Mysteries, or Occupations of the Woollen Manufacture, for any Period allowed by Law: Provided always, that such Apprenticeship shall not be required as a previous Qualification for exercising any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture, either as a Master or a Journeyman.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to revive any Act repealed by any of the Acts or Parts of Acts hereby repealed, but the same shall continue repealed as if this Act had not been made.

V. And whereas Persons who have been educated and employed in the manufacturing Woollen Cloth have expressed Apprehensions, that in consequence of the Use of certain Machinery being allowed in the said Manufactory, and of the Repeal of that Part of the

Act shall not
void Contracts
of Appren-
ticeship.

Apprenticeship
not required.

Act shall not
revive any Act
repealed.

Statute

‘ Statute of the Fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth which respects Apprentices in the same, the Employment of many of the said Persons is likely to be diminished: And whereas in that Event many of them may be willing to employ themselves in such other Trades as they are or may become apt to follow and make use of for the getting their Living by their own Labour, but are or may be hindered from exercising those Trades in certain Cities and Corporations and other Places within Great Britain, because of certain Bye-Laws and Customs of those Places, or of the said Statute made in the Fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth; for Remedy whereof, Be it enacted, That all such Persons who have served an Apprenticeship to any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture, or who are by Law entitled to use and exercise the same, and also the Wives and Children of such Persons, may set up and exercise such Trade, or any other Trade or Business which they are apt and able for in any Town or Place within Great Britain, without any Let, Suit, or Molestation of any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or by reason of the using of such Trade: nor shall any such Persons, or their Wives or Children, during the Time they shall exercise such Trade, be removeable from such respective Place or Places to his, her, or their last legal Place of Settlement, by virtue of any Law now in being relative to the Settlement of the Poor, until such Person or Persons shall become actually chargeable to such Parish or Place; and if any such Person, or the Wife or Child of any such Person, shall be sued, impleaded, or indicted in any Court whatsoever within this Kingdom, for using or exercising any such Trade as aforesaid, then the said Person, or the Wife or Child of any such Person, making it appear to the same Court where they are so sued, impleaded, or indicted, that they have served a legal Apprenticeship to the said Trade as aforesaid, or that he, she, or they, is or are the Wife or Wives, Child or Children, of such Person or Persons who shall have so served a legal Apprenticeship as aforesaid, shall upon the General Issue pleaded be found Not Guilty in any Pleint, Bill, Information, or Indictment exhibited against them; and such Persons who, notwithstanding this Act, shall prosecute the said Suit by Bill, Pleint, Information, or Indictment, and shall have a Verdict pass against him, or become nonsuit therein, or discontinue their said Suit, such Person or Persons shall pay unto such Persons who have served an Apprenticeship to, or who may be entitled to exercise any Branch of the Woollen Manufacture, or the Wife or Child of such Person respectively, Double Costs of Suits to be recovered as any other Costs at Common Law may be recovered; and all Judges and Juries, before whom any such Suit, Information, or Indictment shall be brought and all other Persons whatsoever, are to take Notice of this present Act, and shall conform themselves thereto, any Statute, Law, Ordinance, Custom, or Provision to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, Town, or Place where any such Person, or his Wife or Child, shall set up and exercise any Trade as aforesaid, to cause him or her to be summoned before them in the Town or Place where he or she shall set up and exercise such Trade as aforesaid, in order to make Oath of the Place of his or her last legal Settlement (which Oath the said Justices are hereby empowered to administer), and such Person, or his Wife or Child,

Persons who have served Apprenticeship to any Branch of the Woollen Manufactures, and their Wives and Families, may set up and exercise any Trade in any Place in Great Britain, &c.

Such Persons may be sworn by Two Justices as to the Place of their last Settlement.

Child, is hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly, and such Justices are hereby required to give an attested Copy of such Affidavit so made before them, to the Person making the same, in order that he or she may produce it when required, which attested Copy shall at any Time be admitted as Evidence as to such last legal Settlement, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace.

Copy of Oath may be tendered by Persons summoned a second Time.

VII. Provided always, That in case any such Person or his Wife or Child shall again be summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then on such attested Copy of the Oath by him or her formerly taken being produced by him or her, or by any other Person on his Behalf, such Person or his Wife or Child shall not be obliged to take any other or further Oath with regard to his or her legal Settlement, but shall leave a Copy of such attested Copy of his or her Examination, if required.

Act shall not extend to Universities of Cambridge and Oxford :

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not in any wise be prejudicial to the Privileges of the Universities of *Cambridge* and *Oxford*, or either of them ; or extend to give Liberty to any Person to set up the Trade of a Vintner, or to sell any Wine or other Liquors within the said Universities without Licence first had and obtained from the Vice-Chancellor of the same respectively.

Nor to London.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the city of *London*, or to alter the Laws and Customs relative to Apprentices in the said City.

C A P. CX.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act made in this Session of Parliament, for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence on Offices and Employments. [15th June 1809.]

49 G. 3. c. 32.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament intituled, *An Act for continuing and making perpetual several Duties of One Shilling and Sixpence, repealed by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, on Offices and Employments of Profit, and on Annuities, Pensions, and Stipends. and thereby granted for One Year, to the Twenty-fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and nine* : And whereas the Duty of Sixpence, charged in the said recited Act for and upon all Salaries, Fees, and Wages payable for and in respect of Offices of Profit granted by or derived from the Crown, which, before the passing of the said recited Act, had been rated or assessed in Manner therein aforesaid, and for and upon all Pensions and Annuities charged upon the Revenue of *Great Britain*, over and above all other Duties before the passing of the said recited Act charged or payable, is chargeable and ought to have been charged for every Twenty Shillings of the Yearly Value or Amount thereof respectively ; Be it therefore enacted and declared, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Duty of Sixpence in the said recited Act. and the Schedule thereto annexed, mentioned, is and shall be charged and chargeable for every Twenty Shillings of the Yearly Value or Amount of all such Salaries, Fees, and Wages payable for or in respect of Offices of Profit, granted by or derived from

The Duty of Sixpence under recited Act shall be charged for every Twenty Shillings of the yearly Value of all Salaries, &c.

from the Crown, which, before the passing of the said recited Act, were rated or assessed in Manner therein mentioned, and for and upon all Pensions and Annuities charged upon the Revenue of *Great Britain*, over and above all other Duties before the passing of the said recited Act charged and payable.

C A P CXI.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven, an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty for appointing Commissioners to enquire into the Publick Expenditure, and the Conduct of the Publick Business in the Military Departments therein mentioned. [15th June 1809.]

“ 45 G. 3. c. 47. (last continued by 48 G. 3. c. 61.) further continued
“ to 25 *March* 1811.

C A P. CXII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, to provide for the Defence of the Realm, with respect to the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments for the Publick Service. [15th June 1809.]

“ **W**HEREAS an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of the
“ Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to enable*
“ *His Majesty more effectually to provide for the Defence and Security of*
“ *the Realm during the present War; and for indemnifying Persons who*
“ *may suffer in their Property, by such Measures as may be necessary*
“ *for that Purpose:* And whereas another Act passed in the Forty-
“ fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty intituled, *An*
“ *Act to amend certain of the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-*
“ *third Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Majesty to provide for*
“ *the Defence and Security of the Realm, which respect the Purchase of*
“ *Lands and Hereditaments for the Publick Service:* And whereas
“ Difficulties have occurred in the giving of Notices, in Cases where
“ Persons absent, or Persons claiming Rights of Common, are in-
“ terested in Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, proposed to be
“ taken under the said last recited Act for the Publick Service:
“ May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted;
“ and be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and
“ with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
“ and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Au-
“ thority of the same, That in all Cases where any Persons who shall
“ be interested in any Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, proposed
“ to be taken under the said last recited Act, shall be absent or cannot be
“ found, and in all Cases where the Interest claimed by any Person or
“ Persons in any such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, shall consist
“ of any Rights of Common thereon, it shall be sufficient that the
“ Notice of such Lands having been marked out for the Publick Service
“ shall be affixed upon the Church Door of the Parish wherein the
“ said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments are situated, Three suc-
“ cessive *Sundays* before Morning Service, and shall be published in
“ Three succeeding Weeks, One Day in each Week, in some Newspaper
“ usually

43 G. 3 c. 53.

44 G. 3. c. 95.

In Cases where Parties are absent or claim Right of Common in respect to Lands marked out for Publick Service, Notice may be fixed on Church Doors: and if Parties do not appear in 14 Days, Possession shall be given, or

a Jury summoned to ascertain the Compensation, as under 44 G. 3. c. 95. § 6.

usually circulated in the County or Place wherein the said Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments are situated; and in case any such absent Persons or Commoners shall for the Space of Fourteen Days after the last Day of such Notice being so affixed as aforesaid, and after the last Publication thereof as aforesaid, refuse or neglect to treat or agree, or be by Absence or otherwise prevented from treating or agreeing with the General Officer or other Person duly authorized in Manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid, for a Compensation for their respective Rights and Interests in such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, then and in such Case His Majesty's Officers shall be put into Possession of such Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, if not then in Possession, and a Jury shall be summoned, and such further Proceedings shall be had for the Purpose of finding the Compensation to be paid to such absent Persons or Commoners, for their respective Rights and Interests in such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, with such Power of Appeal from any Verdict of any such Jury, as by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid is directed.

Powers of 44 G. 3. c. 95. extended to this Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Rules, Regulations, Clauses, Matters, and Things, contained in the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year aforesaid (unless hereby altered) shall be in force in relation to this Act, and shall be construed herewith in all Respects as if the same were inserted herein and formed a Part thereof.

C A P. CXIII.

An Act for better regulating the Office of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia. [15th June 1809.]

WHEREAS the Regulations by Law established in the Offices of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, and of the Treasurer of the Ordnance, for the issuing and Payment of Publick Monies required for Army and Navy Services, have been found beneficial; and it is expedient that Regulations for the like Purposes should be established by Law in the Office of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia shall be and is hereby authorized and empowered to apply to the Treasury for Money for the different Services to which he may have been or shall be authorized to act as Agent General in the same Manner as the Monies required for such Services have hitherto been applied for by the Paymasters General of His Majesty's Forces.

Agent General shall apply to Treasury for Money for the different Services,

and submit to Secretary at War Statements of all his Receipts and Payments, who shall cheque the same and authorize the Application for further Sums for such Services;

II. And be it further enacted, That the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia shall from Time to Time submit to the Secretary at War Statements of all his Receipts and Payments, applicable to each separate Head of Service, and that the Secretary at War for the Time being shall cause such Statements to be checked by the Books in his Department, and shall approve of and authorize the Application for such further Sums for the said Services as he may deem proper, by Letter addressed to the said Agent General, in which Letter the Secretary at War shall specify for what particular Service

or

or Services the said Money is wanted, and the said Agent General for the Time being shall, in all Memorials to be by him presented to the Treasury for Money for such Services, pray that such Sum as is required may be issued to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, on his Account, and shall transmit with each Memorial a Copy of the Letter or Letters from the Secretary at War, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being, by their Letter from Time to Time shall direct the Auditor of the Exchequer to issue to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, on account of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, naming such Agent General for the Time being, the Sum for which such Letter shall be drawn upon the unsatisfied Order at the Exchequer, in favour of the said Agent General, for which the Receipt of the Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company shall be a sufficient Discharge; and all Sums for which such Letters of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall be drawn, shall be issued from the Exchequer to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, and not to the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and shall be placed to the Accounts in the Books of the said Governor and Company, for the particular Service to which the same may be applicable, which Accounts shall be entitled, "The Account of the Agent General for Volunteers," "The Account of the Agent General for Local Militia," and "The Account of the Agent General for the Militia and Defence Acts," inserting the Name of such Agent General for the Time being in each of them respectively.

which Money shall be paid into the Bank.

III. And be it further enacted, That no Fees whatever shall be paid at the Exchequer or Treasury by reason of the Transactions aforesaid, beyond the Amount of what hath been usually paid upon Imprests and Accounts hitherto made, according to the former Custom of transacting Business between the Exchequer, Pay Office, and Bank severally.

Only usual Fees shall be paid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia for the Time being, by himself or his Deputy, or the Person or Persons in his Office, duly authorized by the said Agent General, to accept all such Bills, Drafts, or Orders, which shall be drawn upon him by any Officers of Volunteers or Local Militia, or other Persons duly authorized by the Secretary at War, payable at the Bank of *England*; and every such Bill or Draft shall specify the particular Head of Service to which the Sum therein mentioned is to be applied; and no Bill or Draft so accepted, shall be deemed a sufficient Voucher to the said Governor and Company, unless the Service for which it is drawn is specified thereon, and unless it shall be actually paid by the said Governor and Company, and the Monies so to be issued to the said Governor and Company on account of the said Agent General, shall not be paid out of the Bank unless for the Publick Services, for which his separate Accounts are opened, and in pursuance of Bills or Drafts drawn upon the said Agent General and accepted as aforesaid, on which shall be specified the Heads of Service to which the Sums therein mentioned are to be applied, and which Drafts or Bills so drawn and accepted shall be sufficient Authority to the Bank of *England* to pay such Money to the Person or Persons mentioned in such Drafts or Bills,

Bills drawn on Agents by Officers shall be accepted, payable at the Bank; and shall specify the particular Service.

or to their Order or Orders according to the usual Course in respect to Bills of Exchange.

Secretary at War may empower Agent General to draw on the Bank for Salaries, &c.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary at War, from Time to Time to authorize and empower the said Agent General to draw on the Bank of *England* for such Sums as the Secretary at War shall deem proper, for the Payment of the Salaries and Allowances to the Persons employed in his Office, and for such Sums as shall be necessary for Payments on his petty Accounts, and the said Agent General is hereby directed to draw distinct and separate Drafts for each of the said Services, and to keep a separate Account thereof.

Agent General shall keep Accounts with the Bank.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Agent General for the Time being shall keep Accounts with the Bank of *England* of all Monies issued or directed to be paid to him for Publick Services; and the said Agent General, observing the Rules and Regulations hereby prescribed, shall not be answerable for any Money which he shall not actually receive, or which shall not be actually drawn for by him, or paid upon the Bills accepted by him or his Deputy, or other Person or Persons authorized by him as aforesaid; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* shall be answerable for all the Monies which shall be actually received by them for such Publick Services.

All Money received for Publick Services shall be paid into the Bank.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money received by the said Agent General for Publick Services, shall be immediately paid by him into the Bank of *England*, and placed to his Account there in Manner aforesaid; and such Money shall be issued, paid, and applied in such and the like Manner, and under the same Regulations and Restrictions as the Money to be issued from the Exchequer for such Services is herein directed to be issued, paid, and applied.

Balances of Publick Money shall be stated by Agent General to the Treasury monthly.

VIII. And, in order that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury may have frequent Knowledge of the Balance of Cash in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, on account of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and thereby be enabled to judge of the Necessity and Propriety of further Issues, and prevent the unnecessary Accumulation of Publick Money in the Hands of the said Governor and Company, Be it enacted, That in the First Memorial presented every Month, or oftener, if required, to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury by the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia for the Time being, for a Supply of Money for Publick Services, such Agent General or his Deputy shall insert in the Body of such Memorial the Sum total of the Balance of Publick Money on account of the Agent General, in the Hands of the Governor and Company, together with an Account of all the Claims and outstanding Drafts or Bills with which such Balance is chargeable, and to which it is to be applied.

On Death or Removal of any Agent General, Balances shall vest in his Successor.

IX. And be it further enacted, that upon the Death, Resignation, or Removal of any Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, the Balance of Cash for which he shall at that Time have Credit on his Account or Accounts, as Agent General, with the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, shall, as soon as a Successor shall be appointed, actually vest in such Successor, in trust for the Publick Services for which the same were issued, and shall forthwith be transferred, carried over, and placed to the Account of such Successor,

to be applied to the said Services in the Manner herein before directed, and the succeeding Agent General shall, and he is hereby directed and required to submit Statements to the Secretary at War, and from his Memorials and Requisitions to the Treasury, and to accept Bills as aforesaid for all unsatisfied Charges and Demands on account of Publick Services, although the same shall have accrued in the Time of any preceding Agent General.

X. And be it further enacted, That all such Accounts of the Agent General for the Time being shall be transmitted, with proper Vouchers, to the Commissioners for auditing the Publick Accounts, who, shall and they are hereby directed and required, with the least possible Delay, after the Receipt thereof, to examine or cause to be examined the said Accounts, and if found satisfactory to present or caused to be presented the same to the proper Officer or Officers for Declaration, and when the same are declared, a Quietus or Acquittance in the usual Form shall be made out to the Agent or Agents General, whose Accounts shall have been so declared, his or their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators.

Accounts of Agent General shall be transmitted to Auditor's Office, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Books of Accounts, and all Vouchers whatever kept in the Offices of Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia shall belong to the said Office, and shall not be at the Disposal of the Agent General to take and dispose of the same as his private and proper Books of Account and Vouchers; provided that nothing herein shall extend to prevent any Person who hath exercised the Office of Agent General, or his or their Executors or Administrators, by himself or themselves, or by any Person or Persons authorized by him or them, from taking Copies or Extracts thereof until an Acquittance in the Exchequer shall be made out for such Agent General, his Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, nor the Transmission of the Vouchers in due Time to the Commissioners for auditing the Publick Accounts.

Books of Accounts and Vouchers shall belong to the Office of the Agent General, for the time being.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly and wilfully forget or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly or wilfully act or assist in forging or counterfeiting the Name or Hand of the Agent General for the Time being, or his Deputy, or the Person or Persons duly authorized as aforesaid, to any Draft, Instrument, or Writing whatsoever, for or in order to the receiving or obtaining any of the Money in the Hands or Custody of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, on account of the Agent General for the Volunteers and Local Militia, and shall forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be forged or counterfeited, or knowingly and wilfully act or assist in the forging or counterfeiting any Draft, Instrument, or Writing, in Form of a Draft, made by such Agent General or his Deputy, or the Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, or shall utter or publish any such, knowing the same to be forged or counterfeited, with an Intention to defraud any Person whomsoever, every such Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be, and is and are hereby declared and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

Forging Drafts in the Name of the Agent General, &c. Felony without Clergy.

“ 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 50. 48 G. 3. c. 150. § 57. directing Fines to be paid into the Bank to the Account of the Paymaster of the Forces, repealed. § 13.

Paymaster shall cause all Sums already paid in to be transferred to Account of Agent General.

All such Fines shall in future be paid to Account of the Agent General.

Instead of Draft for Bounties on Paymaster General,
[See 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 56.]

such Draft shall be drawn on the Agent General.

Accounts shall continue to be furnished by Clerks of Meetings.
[See 48 G. 3. c. 111. § 57, &c.]

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Paymaster General to cause any Sum or Sums of Money arising from Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures under the said recited Act passed in the last Session of Parliament which shall have been or shall be received by him or paid to the Bank of *England* on his Account, to be transferred or paid over to the separate Account opened at the Bank of *England*, in the Name of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and by so doing the said Paymaster General shall be and is hereby fully discharged for the Amount of the Sum which may have been or shall be so transferred or paid over by him as aforesaid: And from and after the passing of this Act all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures arising under the said recited Acts which may have been or shall be received by any Clerk of Sub-division or other Meetings, shall, within Twenty one Days after the Receipt thereof, be paid into the separate Account in the Bank of *England*, in the Name of the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, in the same Manner, and under the same Rules and Regulations, and subject to the same Provisions, Clauses, and Penalties so far as is consistent with the Provisions of this Act as are contained or prescribed in the said recited Acts with respect to the Payment of Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures directed to be made to the Account of the Paymaster General; and all such Sums of Money so transferred or paid into such Account of such Agent General shall be applied in the same Manner as if the same had been issued from the Exchequer to such Account.

XV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Acts as direct that the Clerk of Sub-division or other Meetings shall draw upon the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces for the Amount of the Bounties payable under the said recited Acts to Persons transferring themselves from Volunteer Corps or voluntarily enrolling themselves into the Local Militia shall be and is hereby repealed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all such Bills or Drafts on account of Bounties as aforesaid, shall be drawn upon the Agent General for Volunteers and Local Militia, and shall be by him accepted agreeably to such Regulations as may from Time to Time be issued by the Secretary at War for the Time being.

“ Bills for Bounties and Payments of Fines already accepted declared legal. § 17.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament shall extend to repeal or alter any Provision in the said recited Acts, by which Accounts are required to be furnished by the Clerks of Sub-division or other Meetings, or Penalties are inflicted for their neglecting duly to transmit the same, or for unlawfully retaining Money in their Hands.

C A P. CXIV.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Three Millions for the Service of *Great Britain*. [15th June 1809.]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ **W**E Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, having taken into our most serious Consideration

‘ consideration Your Majesty’s most Gracious Message, signifying that
 ‘ the ancient Relations of Good Understanding and Friendship be-
 ‘ tween Your Majesty and the Emperor of *Austria* have been happily
 ‘ restored, and have been confirmed by Treaty, and that although
 ‘ the Provisions of the said Treaty do not include any Stipulation
 ‘ for pecuniary Assistance, Your Majesty is nevertheless desirous of
 ‘ being enabled to afford to His Imperial Majesty, such Assistance of
 ‘ that Description as may be called for by the Circumstances of the
 ‘ Contest in which His Imperial Majesty is engaged against the
 ‘ common Enemy, and as can be furnished by Your Majesty con-
 ‘ sistent with the other extended Demands upon the Resources of
 ‘ Your Majesty’s Dominions; and that Your Majesty is equally
 ‘ desirous of continuing to the *Spanish* Cause, such Succours as may
 ‘ be requisite for sustaining and assisting the Efforts of that Nation
 ‘ against the Tyranny and Usurpation of *France*, as well as of giving
 ‘ Consistency and Effect to the Exertions of the People of *Portugal*,
 ‘ for the Defence of their lawful Government and National Inde-
 ‘ pendence; and that Your Majesty is therefore desirous of being
 ‘ enabled to provide for those Objects, and to take such other Mea-
 ‘ sures as the Exigency of Affairs may require, and do therefore
 ‘ most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted,’ &c.

“ Treasury may issue Exchequer Bills for 3,000,000*l.* in Manner
 “ directed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. Chargeable on the First Supplies of
 “ next Session. § 1—3. Interest on such Bills not exceeding 3½*d.*
 “ per Cent. per Diem. § 4. Such Bills may be taken in Payment
 “ of the Revenue, &c. after April, 5, 1810. § 5. Bank may advance
 “ 3,000,000*l.* on Credit of this Act. § 6.

C A P. CXV.

An Act for the Relief of certain Insolvent Debtors in *England*.
 [19th June 1809.]

‘ **W**HEREAS it may be convenient in the present crowded
 ‘ State of the Prisons and Gaols in *England* and *Wales*, that
 ‘ some of the Prisoners confined therein, truly surrendering their
 ‘ Effects to their Creditors, should be liberated, and enabled to pursue
 ‘ their different Professions and Occupations;’ Be it therefore
 ‘ enacted, &c.

“ Gaolers shall make out Lists of Prisoners in their Custody, on
 “ *February* 1, 1809, and deliver the same to the Quarter Sessions,
 “ &c. § 1. Such Lists shall be delivered on Oath in open Court,
 “ and shall be kept by Clerk of the Peace, and examined *gratis*.
 “ § 2. Copy of Lists shall be fixed up in Prisons, before Delivery to
 “ the Sessions. § 3. Prisoners in Custody on 1 *February*, 1809, for
 “ Debts not exceeding 2,000*l.* shall be discharged on conforming
 “ to the Act. § 4.

V. ‘ And whereas many honest but unfortunate Persons whose
 ‘ Debts exceed the Sum of Two thousand Pounds, although willing
 ‘ to surrender their Effects for the Benefit of their Creditors, have
 ‘ been confined in Gaol many Years, and but for the Interposition of
 ‘ the Legislature will be doomed to perpetual Imprisonment;’ Be
 ‘ it therefore enacted, &c.

Further Exten-
 sion of Relief in
 Cases where the
 Prisoners have
 been in Custody
 5 or 10 Years

F i g

“ Persons

" Persons charged in Execution on 1 July, 1809, with Debts not
 " exceeding 3000*l.* and having been confined for Five Years previous
 " to this Act; and Persons so charged with Debts to any Amount
 " having been confined for Ten Years, shall be discharged on con-
 " forming to the Act. § 5. Justices may, on Prisoners delivering
 " Schedules, issue Warrants to bring them to the Quarter Sessions.
 " § 6. For holding a Special Session. § 7. Schedules shall re-
 " main with Clerk of the Peace. § 8. Debtors intending to apply
 " for Discharge, shall give Notices in the *London Gazette*, &c. § 9.
 " Debtors shall deliver Schedules to the Gaoler, previous to the
 " First Notice. § 10, 11. Debtors proving that Notices have been
 " given, shall in open Court deliver in Schedules of their Effects on
 " Oath. § 12. Schedule and Oath to be subscribed by the Debtors.
 " Court, at the Request of Creditors, may examine Gaolers on
 " Oath. § 13. Estates and Effects of Debtors discharged, shall be
 " vested in the Clerk of the Peace, who shall assign the same to such
 " Creditors as the Court shall direct in trust to get in D. bts, and
 " make Dividends. § 14. Creditors for Annuities payable at any
 " future Time shall receive Dividend as under a Commission of
 " Bankruptcy. § 15. All Estates of Debtors, though not inserted
 " in the Schedule, shall be vested in Clerk of the Peace. § 16.
 " Holders of Securities without Consideration, not entitled to claim
 " as Creditors. § 17. Estates shall remain vested in the Clerk of
 " the Peace for the Time being. § 18. No Suit in Law or Equity
 " shall be sued by Assignees without Consent of the Majority of
 " the Creditors. § 19. Schedules shall be produced by the Clerk of
 " the Peace to Creditors. The Debtor's Right alone to be affected
 " by this Act. § 20. Mortgages shall take place of Debts of an
 " inferior Nature. § 21. Power of leasing Lands, &c. vested
 " in Assignees. § 22. Gaoler, on Request of Creditor, to be
 " sworn concerning the Custody and Commitment of Debtors,
 " § 23, 24. At the Request of Creditors, Gaolers may be examined
 " on Oath at the Sessions touching Commitments. Penalty on
 " Gaolers, Sheriffs, &c. disobeying Orders of Justices, Six Months'
 " Imprisonment, &c. § 24. Penalty on Gaoler and Priester of *London*
 " *Gazette* or Newspaper not complying with the Regulations of
 " this Act 100*l.* § 25. Punishment of Gaolers for Perjury 50*l.* for
 " Benefit of the Creditors. § 26. Penalty on Clerk of the Peace not
 " giving Copies of Adjudication of Discharge 20*l.* § 27. Debtors
 " falsely swearing shall suffer as for wilful Perjury. § 28. Debtors
 " discharged shall not be liable to be imprisoned for Debts prior to
 " 1 February 1809. § 29. But shall not be discharged from Debts
 " incurred subsequent to 1 February, 1809 § 30. Act may be
 " pleaded to any Action of Escape, &c. § 31. Act may be pleaded
 " generally by Prisoners. § 32. Prisoners, who, on Application as
 " Insolvent Debtors, have been remanded back, and since dis-
 " charged without their Consent, entitled to the Benefit of this
 " Act. § 33. Act shall not extend to Attornies or Servants em-
 " bezzling Money, except where they have been confined Ten Years.
 " § 34. Nor to Persons obtaining Money or Goods under false Pre-
 " tences or fictitious Names, except where they have been confined
 " Ten Years. § 35.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the
 Truth of each of the Objections and Exceptions aforesaid against
 the

the obtaining the Benefit of this Act, shall be proved by the Testimony upon Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, besides the Testimony upon Oath of the Person or Persons making such Objections, or other legal Proof or Evidence admissible in a Court of Law: Provided always, that no Prisoner, who shall have been remanded to Prison under any Act heretofore passed for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, for having fraudulently obtained Money, Goods, or Securities for Money on false Pretences, or for having secretly or fraudulently removed Stock, Cattle, or other Effects, which were subject or liable to be detained for Rent, or who shall have lost or forfeited the Benefit of any such former Act, by having made any fraudulent Sale, Transfer, Conveyance, or Assignment, since his or her Imprisonment, to the Prejudice of his Creditor or Creditors, or who shall have fraudulently obtained a Discharge under such former Act, or shall have taken a false Oath under such Act, shall have or receive any Benefit or Discharge under this Act, but shall be remanded to Prison as aforesaid by the Justices before whom he or she shall be brought up to take the Benefit of this Act: Provided always, that such Objections or Exceptions were supported by such Proof or Evidence as is herein-before provided and directed to be made under this present Act, and not otherwise; and that no Person shall be permitted to make the Objections in this Act mentioned against any Prisoner, except a detaining Creditor, or such Person or Persons as have commenced their Action or Actions against such Prisoner previous to the First Day of *February* last past, grounded on the Matters in the said Exceptions mentioned: Provided also, that no Person charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation with the Wife of the Plaintiff in such Action, or in Action for seducing or carnally knowing the Daughter or Female Servant of the Plaintiff, or in any Action for a malicious Prosecution; or in any Action for any other malicious Injury, shall have any Benefit under this Act, except only in Cases where the Plaintiff in such Actions respectively shall be dead, and no Person shall have obtained Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Effects of such Plaintiff within Twelve Months after his Decease; except where such Person shall have been confined in Prison for the Space of Ten Years last past.

Act shall not extend to Prisoners remanded to Prison under any Insolvent Act, for fraudulently obtaining Money, &c.

Nor to Persons charged in Execution for Damages recovered in any Action for Criminal Conversation, &c. except where they have been confined Ten Years.

“ Act shall not extend to Persons removing Effects of the Value of
 “ 30*l.* liable to be distrained for Rent, except where they have been
 “ confined Ten Years. § 37. Nor to Persons selling or assigning
 “ Effects to defraud Creditors, except where they have been confined
 “ Ten Years. § 38. Nor to Persons losing Money at Play, except
 “ where they have been confined Ten Years. § 39. Penalty on
 “ Gaolers not permitting Prisoners to be spoken with, or Entry in
 “ the Books of the Prison to be seen, 40*l.* § 40. Penalty on Gaoler
 “ making false Entries 500*l.* § 41. Debtors refusing to discover the
 “ Trade and Abode of the Person at whose Suit detained, excluded
 “ from the Benefit of this Act. § 42. Justices for *Surrey* may ad-
 “ journ to the Session House in *Horsmonger Lane*. § 43. Justices
 “ for *Tork* and *Lincoln* may hold a Session near to the County
 “ Gaol. § 44. Justices for the District of *Holland* may hold an ad-
 “ journed Session. § 45. Prisoners in Custody for Prison Fees shall
 “ be discharged. § 46.

A & shall not extend to Debtors of the Crown or Offenders against Revenue Acts, unless the Treasury consent.

XLVII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act shall not extend or be construed to extend to discharge any Prisoner seeking the Benefit of this Act, with respect to any Debt or Penalty with which he or she shall stand charged at the Suit of the Crown, or of any Person for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any of them, or any Branches of the Publick Revenue, or at the Suit of any Sheriff or other Publick Officer upon any Bail Bond entered into for the Appearance of any Person prosecuted for any Offence committed against any Act or Acts of Parliament relative to His Majesty's said Revenues of Customs, Excise, Stamps, or Salt Duties, or any other Branches of Publick Revenue, unless any Three of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the Time being shall certify their Consent under their Hands, to the said Justices at their said Session or Adjournment thereof, for the Discharge of such Prisoner as aforesaid.

“ Determination of Justices shall be final, unless the Debtor gets rid
“ of the Objections to his Discharge. § 48. Estates of which Pri-
“ soners are seised in Tail, shall be delivered up to their Creditors.
“ § 49. Assignees may apply for further Examination of Debtors to
“ two Justices. § 50.

Fraudulent Discharges void.

LI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That notwithstanding the Discharge of any Debtor or Debtors by virtue of this Act, if it shall hereafter appear that the same was obtained fraudulently, or that any Part of the Oath taken by any such Debtor was not true, then and in every such Case every such Discharge shall be void and of none Effect.

“ Assignees with Consent of a Majority in Value of Creditors may
“ compound Debts, and submit Disputes to Arbitration. § 52. Penalty
“ on Persons concealing Debtors' Estates 100*l.* and double Value.
“ § 53. If Assignees die, others may be chosen. § 54. Courts
“ at *Westminster*, &c. on Complaint may remove Assignees. § 55.
“ In Cases of Mutual Credit Balance shall be stated. § 56. Persons
“ in Custody for Contempt in not paying Monies awarded, Costs,
“ &c. entitled to the Benefit of this Act. § 57. Persons impris-
“ oned by Courts of Conscience entitled to the Benefit of this Act,
“ and Lists shall be returned of them to the Session. § 58. Affirma-
“ tion of Quakers may be taken. § 59. Justices may amend Notices
“ and Schedules in Matters of Form. § 60. The Insolvent, on re-
“ leasing his Interest, declared a competent Witness. § 61.

Future Estates of Debtors discharged under this Act shall be liable for their Debts.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be deemed or taken to discharge the future Estate or Effects, Real or Personal, of any Person or Persons discharged under this Act, whether such Person or Persons shall or shall not have been charged in Execution, of or from the Payment of any Debts, Damages, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money due, owing, or demandable from any such Person or Persons, or in respect of which any such Person or Persons was or were in Custody; and all and every Person or Persons entitled to receive or be paid any such Debt, Damages, Costs, Sum or Sums of Money, shall have all such and the like Remedies in Law or Equity against such future Estate and Effects, other than and except the necessary Apparel and Bedding of such Person or Persons
and

and their Family, and the necessary Tools for his, her, or their Trade and Occupation, not exceeding the Value of Forty Pounds, but not against the Person of the Party, for Payment thereof, as he, she, or they might have had if this Act had not been made; and in any Case in which the Payment or Recovery of such Demands or Sums of Money could, before the passing of this Act, have been enforced only by Commitment, either on the Ground of Contempt or otherwise, of the Persons liable thereto, the Party interested therein shall be and is hereby enabled to sue the Person or Persons who ought to have paid the same for what shall remain unsatisfied thereof, in like Manner as if the Sum remaining unsatisfied had been Money lent and advanced by, or Money had and received for the Use of, the Person having such Demand, but shall be entitled to recover or have Execution out of or against such future Estate and Effects only, and shall not be entitled to arrest or take in Execution the Party against whom such Demand shall be enforced.

“ Persons having taken the Benefit of any Insolvent Act within Five Years, not entitled to Relief under this Act. § 63.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters, and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*. [19th June 1809.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Provision for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters, and Things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Court of Commissioners or Sub Commissioners who, from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the Day of passing of this Act, shall sit to hear, try, or determine any Complaint or Information for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters, and Things aforesaid, or any of them, shall begin the Trial thereof on the Day of which Notice shall be first given for proceeding thereon; and whenever any such Complaint or Information shall be to be tried within the District of *Dublin* (as specified and described in an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters, and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland*;) such Day of Trial, of which Notice shall be first given as aforesaid, shall be within Thirty Days next after the Complaint or Information shall have been made, except only where any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall have been conveyed into the said District of *Dublin* from the District where the same were actually seized; and whenever any Goods shall have been so conveyed into the said

Trial before Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners shall commence on the Day on which Notice shall be given, which shall be within 30 Days after Information in *Dublin* District (See 46 G. 3. c. 106. § 8.) and within 50 Days elsewhere.

Such Trials shall proceed as under 48 G. 3. c. 62. § 2, 3.

In case of Death or Illness of a Commissioner on the Day appointed for Trial, the Court may adjourn from Day to Day.

Penalty on Sub-Commissioners sitting in Causes wherein interested, Incapacity, &c.

Informations for Offences against Excise and Customs must be within Three Months after Offence.

said District of *Dublin*, and also whenever any Complaint or Information shall be to be tried within any other District than the said District of *Dublin*, then and in either of such Cases, such Day of Trial, of which Notice shall be first given as aforesaid, shall be within Fifty Days next after such Complaint or Information shall have been made; and in all Cases such Court of Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners shall forthwith proceed upon every such Trial on such Day of which Notice shall be first given as aforesaid, and shall not adjourn until a Witness shall have been examined, unless by the Consent of both Parties, or upon good and sufficient Cause to be assigned in Manner directed by an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the making perpetual several Acts for the better Collection and Security of the Revenues of Customs and Excise in Ireland, and for preventing Frauds therein; and to make further Provision for the Security of the said Revenues, and for the Execution of the several Acts relating thereto*; and it shall not be lawful for such Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners to adjourn any Trial, except in such Manner as is directed in and by the said last recited Act or this Act.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if on any Day of which such Notice for Trial shall have been first given as aforesaid, it shall happen that any Commissioner or Sub-Commissioner, whose Presence is necessary to constitute a Court for such Trial, shall be prevented from attending by Death, Illness, or other inevitable Accident, and the same shall be made appear upon Oath to the other Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners attending at such Day, it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners or Sub-Commissioners, so attending, to adjourn such Trial from Day to Day only, in like Manner as they are authorized to do in other Cases, until some other Commissioner or Sub-Commissioner shall be appointed and shall attend in the Room of any Commissioner or Sub-Commissioner so dying, or until such Commissioner or Sub-Commissioner, whose Absence shall be occasioned by Illness or other inevitable Accident, shall be able to attend and shall attend, so that such Trial may be duly proceeded upon; and every such Adjournment and Cause thereof, upon Oath, shall be entered in the Proceedings of the Court, and be made Part of the Transmits.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Officer shall sit or act as a Sub-Commissioner appointed to hear, try, and determine any Complaint or Information for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters, and Things aforesaid, in any Cause wherein he is interested in the Recovery of the Penalties annexed to such Offence, he the said Officer, being thereof convicted by due Course of Law, shall forfeit Treble the Amount of the said Penalties, and be thenceforth rendered incapable of holding or exercising any Office Civil or Military under the Crown.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Act or Acts in force relating to any of the Revenues, Matters, and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, shall extend to charge any Person or Persons with any Penalty, Forfeiture, or Punishment upon any Trial to be had before any such Commissioners, or any of their Sub-Commissioners for the Time being, for or concerning any Offence to be committed after the Day of the passing

passing of this Act contrary to the Tenor of any such Act or Acts, or of any of the Articles or Branches of the same, unless the Party or Parties so offending be informed against or complained of to such Commissioners, or their Sub-Commissioners or Collectors respectively, within three Calendar Months next after the same Offence shall be done or committed as aforesaid; any Thing in an Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King *Charles the Second*, intituled, *An Act for the settling of the Excise or new Imposts upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* relating to the said Revenues, Matters, and Things, or any of them, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

14 & 15 C. 2.
c. 8.

V. And to prevent unnecessary Expences on Informations and Trials with respect to unlicensed Stills, and other Offences against any Act or Acts in force relating to any Matters or Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*;¹ Be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby respectively empowered and required, on or before the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, to settle and ascertain what Charges shall be made by and be payable to any Solicitor or Attorney employed by or on behalf of the said Commissioners respectively, or under their Orders, or by their Directions, in the making, drawing, or framing of any Information or Complaint, or in any Proceeding relative to such Information or Complaint, or to any Trial, Conviction, or Judgment in consequence thereof; and whenever such Rates of Charges shall be so settled and ascertained, and shall have received the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or any Three of them, the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or of Customs and Port Duties respectively, shall cause a Table of such Rates of Charges to be made out and to be signed by the Secretary to such Commissioners respectively, and to be transmitted to the Offices of the Collectors of Excise and Customs respectively in their several Districts; and such Collectors shall affix or hang up such Table of Rates in some conspicuous Part of their Office, and keep the same so affixed and hung up for publick Inspection, so that all Persons may have convenient Access thereto; and it shall be lawful for such Commissioners of Customs and Excise respectively to alter such Table of Rates of Charges from Time to Time, with the Approbation of the said Commissioners of the Treasury in Manner aforesaid; and if at any Time after the said Twenty-ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and nine, any Solicitor, Attorney, or other Person concerned or employed on behalf of the said Commissioners, or under their Orders, or by their Directions in the Matters aforesaid, or any of them, shall make any Charge, or take or receive any Payment or Reward whatsoever, other than such as shall from Time to Time be set forth in and authorized by such Table to be prepared by the said Commissioners respectively in Manner aforesaid, such Solicitor, Attorney, or other Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered with Costs of Suit, together with the Amount of such Charge or Payment, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Dublin* at the Suit of any Person who will sue for the same by Action of Debt,

Commissioners of
Excise and
Customs shall
settle Table of
Fees to Solicitors,
&c. on
Informations
and Trials.

Bill,

Bill, Plaint, or Information, in which no Effiçign nor Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparlançe shall be allowed.

46 G. 3. c. 58.
§ 1, 2.

VI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for establishing certain Regulations in the Collection and Management of His Majesty's Revenues of Customs, Excise, and Taxes in Ireland*, it is among other Things enacted, That all Acts, Matters, and Things relating to the Duties of Customs and Excise or Taxes, which by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland are required to be done or performed by or under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners mentioned in the said Act, made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, *An Act for the settling of the Excise or new Imposst upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*. shall and may be in like Manner done and performed by or under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, as the Case may require: For the obviating of any Doubts as to the Construction of the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or of any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland relating to the Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties; Be it enacted, That whenever, by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, it is or shall be required that any Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding shall be made, filed, or entered, or had in or at the Excise Office of any District relative to any Matter or Thing whatsoever, every such Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding which shall relate to Shipping or Navigation, or to any Matters or Things which by the said recited Act of the Forty-sixth Year aforesaid, or any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland, are placed under the Management or Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, shall be made, filed, entered, or had in the Office of the Collector of the Customs of the Port or District within which the Cause of such Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding shall have arisen, instead of the Excise Office of such District, and such Claim, Entry, or other Proceeding shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever contained in such Act or Acts.

Where Claims, Entries, or Proceedings are required to be made in the Excise Office of any District, if the Matter relates to Customs, such Claims, &c. shall be entered in the Office of the Collector of the Customs.

Penalty on Officer taking Bribes or Presents from any Persons subject to Duties of Excise or Customs.

VII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the Day of the passing of this Act, if any Officer of Customs or Excise, or any Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or either of them, shall directly or indirectly by himself or by any other Person to his Use or Benefit, ask or shall take or receive directly or indirectly from or on the Behalf of any Person or Persons who by any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, shall be liable or subject to or chargeable with the Payment of any Duty under the Management of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, any Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Recompence, or Reward, or any Matter or Thing whatsoever, or any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever, or any Promise of the same, for the doing or performing, or for the not doing or performing any Act, Matter, or Thing which such Officer ought to do or perform in the Execution of the Duty of his Office, or for or in respect of or with

with Intent to influence any Conduct of such Officer in respect of the Payment or Non-payment of any such Duty, or of the Attendance or Non-attendance or Delay of Attendance of any such Officer, or of the Execution or Non-execution of his Duty as an Officer, other than and except such Sum or Sums of Money as such Officer may by Law be entitled to, or may be allowed by such Commissioners respectively to receive in lieu of his Share of any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture; every such Officer so offending shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and such Officer shall and may be indicted for such Offence, at the Assizes held in the County or County of a City or Town where such Offence shall be committed, or at the Court of Commission of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, held in and for the county of *Dublin* and County of the City of *Dublin*, for such Offence as shall be committed within the said County or City respectively; and in case any Indictment shall be found at such Assizes or Court against such Officer, he shall plead thereto forthwith without having Time to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court before whom such Officer shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment on such Officer by Fine not less than Three Times the Value of such Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Recompence, or Reward, and by Imprisonment or otherwise, as may by the Laws and Statutes in force in *Ireland* be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors; and such Officer so convicted shall thenceforth be incapable of holding any Office or Employment whatever, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or under any Authority derived from His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

Misdemeanor.

Punishable by Fine, Imprisonment, and Incapacity.

Penalty on Persons offering Bribes to Officers, Misdemeanor, punishable by Fine and Imprisonment.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, if any Person whatever shall directly or indirectly give or offer any Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Recompence, or Reward, or any Sum or Sums of Money, Article, Matter, or Thing whatsoever, or any Promise of the same, to any Officer of Customs or Excise, or any Officer appointed by or acting under the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or either of them, for the doing or performing, or for the not doing or performing any Act, Matter, or Thing which such Officer ought to do or perform in the Execution of the Duty of his Office, or for or in respect of or with Intent to influence any Conduct of such Officer in respect of the Payment or Non-payment of any Duty under the Management of the said Commissioners respectively, or of the Attendance or Non-attendance or Delay of Attendance of any such Officer, or of the Execution or Non-execution of his Duty as an Officer, other than such Salary, Recompence, Reward, or Gratuity, as shall be allowed by the said Commissioners respectively, or to which such Officer may by Law be entitled to; every such Person so offending, shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and such Person shall and may be indicted for such Offence (whether such Offer shall be accepted, or Promise shall be performed, or not) at the Assizes held in the County or County of the City or Town where such Offence shall be committed, or at the Court of Commission of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, held in and for the County of *Dublin*, and County of the City of *Dublin*, for such Offence as shall be committed within the said County or City respectively; and in case any Indictment shall be found at such Assizes

or

or Court against such Person, he shall plead thereto forthwith, without having Time to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment by Fine, not less than Three Times the Value of such Bribe, Fee, Gratuity, Recompence, or Reward, and by Imprisonment or otherwise, as may by the Laws and Statutes in force in *Ireland* be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors.

Commissioners of Customs and Excise shall not mitigate any Forfeiture, &c. without Consent of the Treasury.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days next after the Day of the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, nor for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any of them, to abate, reduce, or mitigate any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, nor to restore any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, seized by any Officer of Customs or Excise, for any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenues, Matters, and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners respectively, after a Prosecution shall have been commenced by any Officer of Excise or Customs by his filing an Information for the same; nor to cancel nor deliver to be cancelled any Bond taken for His Majesty's Use, the Condition whereof shall not have been fully performed and satisfied; without the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, for that Purpose.

Persons put in Charge of Collections shall be liable to account, &c. in the same Manner as Collectors.

X. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties shall have heretofore put or placed, or shall hereafter put or place any Person in Charge of any Collection relating to the Matters and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners respectively; and in all Cases where such Commissioners respectively shall have appointed or directed, or shall appoint or direct any Person to execute the Office of any Collector of Excise, or Collector of Customs respectively, in consequence of any Vacancy, Absence, Suspension, or Removal of a Collector, every such Person so put in Charge, or so appointed or directed to execute any such Office of Collector, shall be considered as a Collector for the Time being, so far as respects any Money by him received or paid; and that such Person so put in Charge, and the Sureties of every such Person respectively, shall be subject and liable, and shall and may be required and compellable, and compelled to account for all and every Sum and Sums of Money received or paid by such Person, and to pay and satisfy all Sum and Sums of Money which shall have been or shall be received by such Person, or with which such Person is or may be chargeable by virtue of, or in consequence of any Charge, Direction, or Appointment, in such and the like Manner and Form, and to and before such and the like Courts and Persons, and under all such and the like Penalties and Forfeitures, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions whatsoever, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as any Collector duly holding and exercising the Place or Office in Charge of which such Person shall be put and placed, or which he shall be directed or appointed to exercise as aforesaid, is required and compellable, and compelled to account for, and to pay and satisfy all Sum and Sums of Money received by him, or with which he is chargeable, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for that Purpose.

XI.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the Day of the passing of this Act, every Collector of Customs, and every Collector of Excise, and every Person put in Charge of any Collection of Customs or Excise, shall transmit weekly to the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes respectively, an Abstract or Account, signed by himself in the Presence of an Officer of Customs or Excise, and witnessed by such Officer, of his several Receipts and Payments for the Week ending on the Day preceding the Day of his transmitting such Abstract or Account, debiting himself therein with all Monies received by him in that Week, or in his Hands at the Commencement thereof, and crediting himself for all such Sums as he shall have paid therein as Collector, or as shall have been paid on his Account during that Week to the Receiver-General, or into His Majesty's Exchequer, (stating the Balance thereon; and every such Collector or Person in Charge, shall carry forward such Balance as the first Article in the succeeding Week's Abstract or Account on the Debit or Credit Side thereof, as the Case shall happen to be, and so from Time to Time weekly and every Week in like Manner: Provided always, that if any Bill, Draft, or Note, shall have been transmitted or delivered to the Receiver-General on account of any such Collector or other Person in Charge, which shall not have come to Maturity at the Time of such Transmission, such Collector or other Person shall and may take Credit for the same in the Abstract or Account of the Week, in which he shall be informed that the Amount thereof has been paid.

Collectors shall send Weekly Abstracts of Receipts and Payments to Commissioners of Customs and Excise, respectively stating the Balance in their Hands.

Collectors may take Credit for Bills remitted, when actually paid.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Collector, or Person put in charge of any Collection, shall set down in Writing at the Foot of every such weekly Abstract, or on the Back thereof, or on some Paper annexed thereto, a Memorandum of the Amount of Bills, Notes, or Drafts in the Hands of the Receiver-General, not set down to the Credit of such Collector or Person in such Abstract, and which are to be placed to his Credit when paid, specifying the Particulars of every such Bill, Note, and Draft respectively.

Collectors shall add to Weekly Abstract a Memorandum of Bills remitted.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That every Collector of Customs or Excise, and every Person in charge of any Collection of Customs or Excise, shall once in every Year within Three Months after the Fifth Day of *January* in each Year, or within Three Months after he shall cease to be Collector, or to be in charge as Collector, draw up, adjust, and settle with the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, a full and true Account for the Whole of the Year ending the said Fifth Day of *January*, or for so much of such Year as he shall have been in charge of such Collection, and shall sign such Account with his Name, and shall insert therein among his Receipts and Payments, every Item of Receipt and Payment, with the Dates, and in the Words and Figures as the same were severally set forth in the weekly Abstracts transmitted by him as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners respectively shall forthwith deliver a Copy thereof, signed by their Secretary or Accountant-General, to such Collector or other Person, and shall deliver the said Account to the Auditor-General of His Majesty's Exchequer, who shall forthwith transmit a Copy thereof, fairly engrossed on Parchment, to such Collector or other Person, and require him to make Oath to the Truth thereof at the Foot of such Copy, either before the Chancellor of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer,

Collectors shall deliver annual Accounts signed by them to Commissioners, who shall transmit the same to the Auditor-General, and a Copy thereof sent by the Auditor-General to the Collector shall be sworn to by him.

Exchequer, or one of the Barons thereof, or before the Court of the Quarter-Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, held in the County or County of the Town or City wherein his Office as Collector shall be situate, in the Presence of the acting Clerk of the Peace attending such Sessions, who shall witness the same; and every Collector, or other Person in charge of a Collection, shall make Oath to the Truth of such Account, in Manner aforesaid, and transmit or deliver such Account, so sworn to, to the Auditor of the Exchequer, before the First Day of *August* next following the Date of the settling and adjusting of such Account: Provided always, that where Two or more Persons shall have been Collectors or in charge as Collectors for the same District, in the Course of one and the same Year ending on the Fifth Day of *January*, each and every Person having so been Collector or in charge as Collector, shall be accountable and shall account for such Part of the Year only during which he shall have been Collector or in charge as aforesaid.

Where Two Collectors are in Charge, each shall answer for himself only.

Penalty on Collector neglecting to sign and transmit weekly Accounts, 10l.

Second Offence, Fine and Imprisonment.

Penalty on Collectors neglecting to adjust annual Accounts, Forfeiture of Salary.

Penalty on Collector not swearing to yearly Accounts, Forfeiture of Office and 100l.

Commissioners, with Consent of Treasury, may

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector or other Person in charge of a Collection, shall omit or neglect to sign, get testified, and transmit such weekly Abstract or Account, in the Manner and Form and at the Time herein enacted respecting the same, such Collector or other Person shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every such Omission or Neglect; which Sum the said Commissioners are respectively required to deduct and default to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, out of the Salary of such Collector or other Person; and for his second and every subsequent Offence therein he shall, over and above the Forfeiture of the said Sum of Ten Pounds be also suspended from his Office of Collector, and continue so suspended until such Suspension shall be taken off by the said Commissioners of Customs or Excise, which they are hereby respectively authorized to do, on his accounting to their Satisfaction for such his Omission or Neglect.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of Excise or Customs, or any Person in charge as such Collector, shall refuse or neglect to adjust and settle and sign such Accounts for the Year or Part of the Year, as the Case may be, in Manner and within the Time aforesaid, or within such further Time as may be allowed for that Purpose under the Provisions of this Act, all Salary and Allowances payable to any such Collector shall be forfeited and defaulted to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from the Day when such Collector or other Person ought to have settled and adjusted and signed such yearly Accounts as aforesaid, until he shall fully settle and adjust and sign the same.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of Customs, or any Collector of Excise, or any Person in charge of any Collection of Customs or Excise, shall refuse or neglect to swear to the Truth of such Accounts so settled and adjusted and signed, and to transmit or deliver the same to the Auditor of the Exchequer in Manner herein required, before the First Day of *August* in any Year, or such further Day as may be allowed under the Provisions of this Act, he shall be incapable from and after such Day of holding his Place as Collector, or any other Place or Office under the Commissioners of Excise or Customs, and shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, by and with the Approbation of the

the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or any Three of them, in case of Sickness or any other unavoidable Cause preventing any Collector or Person in charge as such, from transmitting any such weekly Abstract or Account within the Time aforesaid, to remit the Forfeiture of Ten Pounds incurred thereby; and in case any Collector or Person in charge as such, shall be prevented by Sickness or any other unavoidable Cause, from settling and adjusting, or swearing to his yearly Accounts, or transmitting the same, when sworn, within the Time or Times aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively, by and with the Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or any Three of them, to allow such further Time for so doing as shall appear to the said Commissioners respectively to be reasonable for that Purpose, and to remit the Incapacity and Forfeiture aforesaid, if the same shall have been incurred before Application could have been made for such further Time as aforesaid.

remit Fines and
allow further
Time for
Accounts.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions or Suits commenced or to be commenced against any Collector or Person in charge as a Collector, or his personal Representatives, or against both or either of his Sureties, or their or either of their personal Representatives, every such weekly Abstract or Account so signed and witnessed, shall be accepted, taken, and allowed in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence of the Receipt of the Sums therein stated to the Debit of such Collector or other Person; and all and every such yearly Account or Accounts for Part of a Year, so settled and adjusted, signed, and sworn, shall be accepted, taken, and allowed in all Courts of Law and Equity as Evidence against such Collector or other Person in charge as a Collector, or his personal Representatives, or both or either of his or their Sureties, or their or either of their personal Representatives, of the several Receipts therein severally set forth.

Collector's
Accounts shall
be Evidence of
the Receipt of
Sums stated
therein.

XVIII. And be it further enacted. That in all Cases where any such Account for a Year or Part of a Year shall be sworn before any Court of Quarter-Sessions, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively, and they are hereby required to pay unto the Auditor-General a Fee, to such Amount as the Commissioners of Customs have heretofore allowed Credit for in their Collectors' Accounts, as having been paid by the Collector or Collectors or Person in charge of a Collection, to the Auditor-General on passing Accounts within the Year, and as they would have allowed Credit for in case such Account had been sworn before the Chancellor or one of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer.

Fee to the
Auditor-General
on Accounts
sworn to before
the Sessions.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That no Surcharge shall be made on account of any short Charge of Duty payable on the Importation of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize imported into or exported out of *Ireland*, at any Time after the passing of this Act, upon the Person or Persons who shall have imported the same, at any Time after the Expiration of Four Calendar Months next after the Entry made thereof, on which any Duty shall have been computed and paid, whether the same shall be an Entry either Inwards or Outwards, or a prime or port Entry, or an Entry of Goods in Warehouse; but that all Surcharges of Duty in respect of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize so imported or exported shall be made within Four Ca-

All Surcharges
of Custom Duties
shall be made
within Four
Months after
Entry.

lendar Months next after such Entry, Computation, and Payment, as aforesaid.

Permits shall not be granted on Bills of View.

XX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, imported into *Ireland*, shall be landed and taken up by Warrant *ad Visum*, at Sight, or upon Bill of View, no Permit shall be granted for the Removal of such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, from the Custom house or Place where they were so landed, until such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize shall have been viewed and duly entered, cleared, and Duty thereon fully paid, according to Law, any Thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XXI. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements abroad, or to Foreign Parts, with respect to the Number of such Passengers*, it is amongst other Things enacted, That certain Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by the said Act may be prosecuted, sued for, and recovered in His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*, in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General for *Ireland*, or in the Name of any Person or Persons whatsoever; and that One Moiety of every Penalty to be recovered by virtue of the said Act, after deducting the Charges of Prosecution from the Whole, shall go and be applied to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors; Be it enacted, That whenever any Penalty or Forfeiture under the said recited Act shall be prosecuted or sued for in *Ireland*, the Solicitor or Attorney for the Person by or on whose Behalf any Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information shall be commenced, shall, within Three Days after the Commencement of any such Action or Proceeding, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Solicitor of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, a Notice of the Commencement of such Action or Proceeding, and shall also, within Three Days after the Declaration or Information in any such Action or Proceeding shall be delivered to the Defendant, deliver or cause to be delivered a Copy of such Declaration or Information to the said Solicitor of the said Commissioners; and whenever the Penalty or Forfeiture for the Recovery whereof such Action or other Proceeding shall be commenced shall be duly recovered and levied, One Moiety thereof, after deducting as aforesaid, shall be paid over by or on behalf of the Plaintiff in such Action to the Collector of Customs for the Port of *Dublin*, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and in case any Solicitor or Attorney shall neglect to give such Notice, or to deliver a Copy of such Declaration or Information in Manner hereinbefore required, such Solicitor or Attorney shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and in case the Moiety of the Penalty or Forfeiture so recovered shall not be paid to such Collector in Manner aforesaid, such Moiety shall be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from the Person by whom such Penalty was recovered and received, and shall be recoverable from such Person accordingly.

Where any Penalty under 43 G. 3. c. 56. is sued for in *Ireland*, Notice of the Action shall be given to Commissioners of Customs, and Half the Penalty recovered shall be paid to the Collector of the Customs.

Goods to be sold at Rummage Sales, shall be open for Inspection Three Days.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Sale, commonly called a Rummage Sale, or any other Sale of any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall be made under the Orders of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or under the Order of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes at His Majesty's Stores

Stores or elsewhere, whether such Sale shall be made by Inch of Candle or otherwise, all the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, intended to be sold at such Sale, shall be publickly exposed to View, and open for the Inspection of all Persons for Three whole Days next before the Day on which such Sale shall take place, during such Hours as the Custom-house is open on such Days; and that Catalogues of all the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize so intended for Sale, with proper Numbers and References to such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, shall be prepared by the Order and under the Direction of the said Commissioners respectively, and shall be hung up in some conspicuous Part of the Store Warehouse or Place in which such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall be deposited for Inspection as aforesaid.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Wine shall have been duly removed by Permit according to Law, into the Stock or Possession of any Person in *Ireland* not concerned in the Wine Trade, for the private Use and Consumption of such Person, and not for Sale, no such Person shall be required or compelled, or compellable, to lodge such Permit with any Officer of Excise, nor to obtain any Certificate thereof from such Officer, nor to renew any Certificate in Manner required by an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for better regulating the issuing and granting of Permits and Certificates for the Conveyance and Protection of certain Exciseable Goods therein mentioned, and to prevent Frauds by Dealers in or Retailers of such Goods*; and that no Wine in the Stock or Possession of any such Person in *Ireland* for the private Use and Consumption of such Person, and not for Sale, shall be liable to Forfeiture or Seizure, nor shall be forfeited or seized for or on account of the not producing the Permit under which the same was conveyed into the Stock of such Person or Persons, or for or on account of the not producing any Certificate of such Permit, any Thing in the said recited Act of the Fortieth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIV. 'And for the more speedy and satisfactory Dispatch of Business to all Persons concerned,' Be it further enacted, That no Holidays whatever shall be kept by any Officers of His Majesty's Excise in *Ireland*, for or in respect of any Act, Matter, or Thing to be done by any such Officer in respect of his Duty as such Officer, or of any Law for the Regulation or Collection of His Majesty's Revenue of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or for carrying the same into Execution, except *Sundays, Christmas Day, and Good Friday*, and any Days which shall be appointed by Proclamation for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also the Anniversaries of the Restoration of His Majesty King *Charles* the Second, and of the Coronation of His Majesty, and of the Birth Days of Their Majesties and of His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*; but that all Business relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise and Inland Duties shall be carried on every Day throughout the Year, except on the Days before excepted, any Law, Usage, or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Excise Office for the receiving of Request-Notes for Permits, or issuing of Permits, shall be

Certificates of Permits for Wine into private Stock shall not be required under A.O.G. 3. (1.) c. 68.

No Holidays at Excise Office except *Sundays, Christmas Day, &c.*

Permit Office shall be open all Day.

kept open from Sun-rise to Sun-set on every Day of the Year, except the Days before excepted.

XXVI. ' And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to permit certain Goods imported into Ireland, to be warehoused or secured without the Duties due on the Importation thereof being first paid*; it is enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Importers, Proprietors, or Consignees of the Goods, Wares, and Merchandize enumerated in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to the said Act, to lodge and secure the same in Warehouses without Payment at the Time of the first Entry of such Goods, Wares, and Merchandize of the Duties due on the Importation thereof, subject to the Rules, Regulations, and Restrictions in the said Act contained: And Whereas Sugar is ' one of the Articles enumerated in the said Schedule marked (A.),' Be it declared and enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act shall extend, or be construed to extend, or was meant or intended to extend, to any Sugar, other than White or Clayed, or Brown or Muscovado Sugar, of the Growth or Produce of the *British Plantations in the West Indies*, or of the Growth or Produce of the *East Indies*; and that it shall not be lawful to warehouse any Sugar, other than such *British Plantation Sugar*, or *East India Sugar* as aforesaid, under the Provisions of the said recited Act; any Thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Sugar shall be warehoused under 48 G. 3. c. 32. except British Plantation and East India Sugar as imported.

" All Penalties under this Act shall be payable in *British Currency*; recoverable under Customs and Excise Acts, 14 & 15 Car. 2. c. 8.; 46 G. 3. c. 106, &c. § 27.

XXVIII. ' And Whereas by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for abolishing Fees received by Officers in the Service of the Customs in the several Ports of Ireland, and for regulating the Hours of Attendance and the Number of Holidays to be observed by the said Officers and certain Officers of Excise*, certain Provisions were made for the abolishing of Fees received by all Officers of the Customs, and for the making Compensation for the Loss of such Fees; which said last recited Act extends to all Persons, whether appointed by Patent or otherwise acting by themselves or others in any Office or Employment relating to His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*; and it is expedient to make further Regulations for carrying the said last recited Act into Execution; Be it therefore enacted, That at any Time after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to refer to the Commissioners of Inquiry for the Time being (appointed or to be appointed under an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for appointing Commissioners to inquire into the Fees, Gratuities, Perquisites, and Emoluments received in several Publick Offices in *Ireland*), the Case of any Patentee or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person who shall have held or shall hold any Office, whether by Patent or otherwise, any way relating to His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, or who shall have been or shall be employed in the Service of the said Customs at any Port in *Ireland*, who may have sustained or may sustain any Loss by the abolishing of Fees, under or in consequence

Lord Lieutenant of Ireland may refer the Case of any Patentee or other Officer claiming Compensation for Fees under 48 G. 3. c. 56. to the Commissioners of Inquiry appointed under 44 G. 3. c. 106. and on their Report direct Compensation to be paid to such Officer, &c.

of

of the Provisions of the said recited Act made in the last Session of Parliament, and who shall claim or in the Judgment of the said Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, or of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, shall be entitled to claim or recover any Compensation for such Losses under or by virtue of the said last recited Act, and upon such Reference it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Inquiry for the Time being to proceed, and such Commissioners of Inquiry are hereby authorized, empowered, and required to proceed as soon as may be after such Reference, to inquire into and to investigate the Amount of Fees received by or on behalf of any such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, or his Predecessor, during such Period of Time as shall be described in such Reference, and to examine on Oath such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and his or their Deputy or Deputies, if any, and also any other Person or Persons whatever respecting the Amount of such Fees, and respecting the Duty required to be performed by such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and respecting any other Matters Things whatever, which shall be referred to such Commissioners of Inquiry by such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors relating to or concerning such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and the Office held by him, and the Compensation which he shall claim; and the said Commissioners of Inquiry shall from Time to Time without Delay report to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, the Particulars of such Investigation, and the Opinion of the said Commissioners of Inquiry on every such Case so referred to them in respect to the Matters and Things referred to be inquired into and investigated, together with such Observations as shall occur to them the said Commissioners with respect to the Claim of such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, or to the Office held by such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person respectively; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to make any Order respecting such Patentee, or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, and respecting the Office or Employment held by him, and the Compensation to be paid to him, as upon the Report of the said Commissioners of Inquiry shall by such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors be thought requisite and necessary; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, to pay or cause to be paid to every such Patentee or other Officer, Clerk, or other Person, by way of Compensation for his Losses of Fees, Perquisites, and Gratuities, under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, any such Sum of Money, and to any such Amount annually, not exceeding the Amount which shall be reported by the said Commissioners for that Purpose, as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being shall direct, under his or their Sign Manual, countersigned by Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*; any Thing in the said last recited Act or any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary notwithstanding; and every such annual Payment by way of Compensation, shall commence from the Day whereon the Person for whom the same shall be directed, shall have ceased to take any Fee, Perquisite, Gratuity, or Reward; and

and shall continue during the Continuance of the Patent of any Patentee Officer, and during the Time which any Officer or Person not being a Patentee shall continue to hold the Office or Employment in respect of which such Payment by way of Compensation shall be directed as aforesaid.

C A P CXVII.

An Act for lowering the Duty of Excise on Coffee, of the Growth of His Majesty's Dominions in *Africa*.

[19th June 1809.]

“ WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the Duty of Excise by Law imposed on Coffee imported into *Great Britain*, so far as the same relates to Coffee of the Growth or Produce of His Majesty's Dominions in *Africa*, imported directly from thence into *Great Britain*, and to impose another Duty in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, the Duty of Excise imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, on Coffee imported into *Great Britain*, so far as the same relates to Coffee of the Growth or Produce of His Majesty's Dominions in *Africa*, and imported directly from thence into *Great Britain*, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, save and except in all Cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which shall at any Time remain unpaid; and that, from and after the said First Day of *August*, there shall, in lieu and instead of the Duties upon Coffee hereby repealed, be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the following Rate and Duty, that is to say, For and upon every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Coffee of the Growth or Produce of His Majesty's Dominions in *Africa*, and which shall be imported directly from thence into *Great Britain*, an Excise Duty of Three-pence.

“ Duty shall be levied as former Duties on Coffee, &c. and carried to *British* Consolidated Fund. § 2, 3.

C A P CXVIII.

An Act for better securing the Independence and Purity of Parliament, by preventing the procuring or obtaining of Seats in Parliament by corrupt Practices.

[19th June 1809.]

“ WHEREAS it is expedient to make further Provision for preventing corrupt Practices in the procuring of Elections and Returns of Members to sit in the House of Commons: And Whereas the giving, or procuring to be given, or promising to give or procure to be given any Sum of Money, Gift, or Reward, or any Office, Place, Employment, or Gratuity, in order to procure the Return of any Member to serve in Parliament, if not given to or for the Use of some Person having a Right or claiming to have a Right

From Aug. 1, 1809, the Excise Duty on Coffee, the Produce of African Colonies, imported into Great Britain, shall be only 3d. per lb.

Right to act as Returning Officer, or to vote at such Election, is not
 Bribery within the Meaning of an Act passed in the Second Year
 of King George the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more effectual
 preventing Bribery and Corruption in the Election of Members to serve
 in Parliament*, but such Gifts or Promises are contrary to the ancient
 Usage, Right, and Freedom of Elections, and contrary to the
 Laws and Constitution of this Realm; Be it declared and enacted
 by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
 Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
 present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
 That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the passing of this
 Act, either by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Person
 or Persons for or on his, her, or their Behalf, give or cause to be
 given, directly or indirectly, or promise or agree to give any Sum
 of Money, Gift, or Reward, to any Person or Persons, upon any
 Engagement, Contract, or Agreement, that such Person or Persons
 to whom, to whose Use, or on whose Behalf such Gift or Promise
 shall be made, shall, by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any
 other Person or Persons whatsoever at his, her, or their Solicitation,
 Request or Command, procure or endeavour to procure the Return
 of any Person to serve in Parliament for any County, Stewartry, City,
 Town, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, every Person so having
 given or promised to give, if not returned himself to Parliament for
 such County, Stewartry, City, Town, Borough, Cinque Port, or
 Place, shall for every such Gift or Promise forfeit the Sum of One
 thousand Pounds, to be recovered in such Manner as is herein after
 provided, with respect to the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; and every
 such Person so returned and so having given or so having promised
 to give, or knowing of and consenting to such Gifts or Promises,
 upon any such Engagement, Contract, or Agreement, shall be and
 is hereby declared and enacted to be disabled and incapacitated to serve
 in that Parliament for such County, Stewartry, City, Town, Borough,
 Cinque Port, or Place, and that such Person shall be deemed and
 taken, and is hereby declared and enacted to be deemed and taken to
 be no Member of Parliament, and enacted to be, to all Intents, Con-
 structions, and Purposes, as if he had never been returned or elected
 a Member in Parliament; and any Person or Persons who shall receive
 or accept of, by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other
 Person or Persons in trust for or to the Use or on the Behalf of him,
 her, or them, any such Sum of Money, Gift, or Reward, or any
 such Promise upon any such Engagement, Contract, or Agreement,
 shall forfeit to His Majesty the Value and Amount of such Sum of
 Money, Gift, or Reward, over and above the Sum of Five hundred
 Pounds, which said Sum of Five hundred Pounds he, she, or they
 shall forfeit to any Person who shall sue for the same, to be recovered
 with such Costs of Suit by Act on of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Informa-
 tion, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, if
 the Offence be committed in that Part of the United Kingdom called
 England and Wales, and in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record
 at Dublin, if the Offence be committed in Ireland, wherein respectively
 no Effoign or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be
 allowed; and if the Offence be committed in Scotland, then to be
 recovered with full Costs of Suit by summary Action or Complaint

Penalties on
 Persons giving
 or receiving
 Money, &c. on
 any Engagement,
 to procure or
 endeavour to
 procure the
 Election of
 Return of a
 Member in
 Parliament, viz.
 on the Party
 giving, if not
 returned as a
 Member, 1000l.;
 on the Party
 giving, or proxy,
 if returned
 Member, Forfeiture of his
 Seat; on the
 Party receiving
 Forfeiture of
 Money received,
 and 500l.

before the Court of Session, or by Prosecution before the Court of Justiciary there.

Exception as to
legal Expences.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any Money paid or agreed to be paid to or by any Person, for any legal Expence *bonâ fide* incurred at or concerning any Election.

Penalties on
Persons giving or
promising to
give, or receiving
any Office, &c.
on express
Contract to
procure a Seat in
Parliament, viz.
on the Member
returned, Loss
of Seat; on
Receiver of the
Office, For-
feiture, In-
capacity, and
500l.; and on
Giver of the
Office, 1000l.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the passing of this Act, by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons for or on his, her, or their Behalf, give or procure to be given, or promise to give or procure to be given, any Office, Place, or Employment, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, upon any express Contract or Agreement that such Person or Persons, to whom or to whose Use or on whose Behalf such Gift or Promise shall be made, shall by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons at his, her, or their Solicitation, Request, or Command, procure or endeavour to procure the Return of any Person to serve in Parliament for any County, Stewartry, City, Town, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, such Person so returned, and so having given or procured to be given, or to having promised to give or procure to be given, or knowing of and consenting to such Gift or Promise upon any such express Contract or Agreement, shall be and is hereby declared and enacted to be disabled and incapacitated to serve in that Parliament for such County, Stewartry, City, Town, Borough, Cinque Port, or Place, and that such Person shall be deemed and taken, and is hereby declared and enacted to be deemed and taken to be no Member of Parliament, and enacted to be to all Intents, Constructions, and Purposes as if he had never been returned or elected a Member in Parliament; and any Person who shall receive or accept of, by himself, herself, or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons in trust for or to the Use or on the Behalf of such Persons, any such Office, Place, or Employment, upon such express Contract or Agreement, shall forfeit such Office, Place; or Employment, and be incapacitated for holding the same, and shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, which said Sum of Five hundred Pounds shall be recovered as is herein before enacted; and any Person holding any Office under His Majesty, who shall give such Office, Appointment, or Place, upon any such express Contract or Agreement, that the Person to whom or for whose Use such Office, Appointment, or Place shall have been given, shall so procure or endeavour to procure the Return of any Person to serve in Parliament, shall forfeit the Sum of One thousand Pounds, to be recovered in such Manner as is herein before provided.

Limitation of
Actions.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be made liable to any Forfeiture or Penalty by this Act created or imposed, unless some Prosecution, Action, or Suit, for the Offence committed, shall be actually and legally commenced against such Person within the Space of Two Years next after such Offence against this Act shall be committed, and unless such Person shall be actually and legally arrested, summoned, or otherwise served with any original or other Writ or Process within the same Space of Time, so as such Arrest, Summons, or Service of any original or other Writ or Process shall not be prevented by such Person absconding or withdrawing out of the

Two Years.

the Jurisdiction of the Court out of which such original or other Writ or Process shall have issued; and in case of any such Prosecution, Suit, or Process as aforesaid, the same shall be proceeded in and carried on without any wilful Delay; and that all Statutes of Jeofails and Amendments of the Law whatever shall and may be construed to extend to all Proceedings in any such Prosecution, Action, or Suit.

C A P. CXIX.

An Act to give to the Persons named by His Majesty, pursuant to an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act concerning the Administration of Justice in Scotland, and concerning Appeals to the House of Lords*, further Time for making their Report or Reports. [19th June 1809.]

“ Commissioners appointed under 48 G. 3. c. 151. § 22. to inquire into the Forms of Process in the Court of Session, &c. shall not be required to report the Whole of their Proceedings before May 12, 1810.—But the Proceedings on any of the Objects of Inquiry may be reported in the mean Time. Report on the extracting Decrets shall be made on or before January 1, 1810.

C A P. CXX.

An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament the several Laws for raising and training the Militia of Ireland. [19th June 1809.]

“ **W**HEREAS it is expedient that the Laws now in force for raising and training the Militia of Ireland should be repealed, and that new Provisions should be made for the same; Be it therefore enacted, by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, the several Acts herein-after mentioned shall be repealed; that is to say, an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act for amending and reducing into One Act of Parliament the Laws relating to the Militia of Ireland*; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, to explain and amend the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-sixth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, further to explain and amend the said recited Acts of the Thirty-third and Thirty-fifth Years aforesaid; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland, in the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act to explain and amend the Laws now in force relating to the Militia of this Kingdom*; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act to further explain and amend the Laws now in force relating to the Militia of this Kingdom*; and also an Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled, *An Act for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of Volunteers*

Acts relating to the Irish Militia, viz. Irish Acts,

32 G. 3. c. 22.

35 G. 3. c. 8.

36 G. 3. c. 38.

37 G. 3. c. 19.

38 G. 3. c. 62.

40 G. 3. c. 1.

40 G. 3. c. 92.
And also

41 G. 3. (U.K.)
c. 6.

42 G. 3. c. 109.

Recited Acts
repealed,
except as to
Penalties, &c.
and except as
to Officers, &c.
appointed under
former Acts.

teers from the Militia under certain Restrictions, and for amending the Law relative to the Militia of Ireland, so far as the said Act is in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and also another Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the said Fortieth Year, for amending the said first recited Act of the Thirty-third Year aforesaid; and also for an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom in the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for increasing the Number of Field Officers of the several Regiments of Militia in Ireland*; and also an Act made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for authorizing and rendering valid the Discharge of certain Militia Men in Ireland, and for giving Indemnity to the several Counties and Places in Ireland, which may incur any Expence in consequence of the Discharge of certain Militia Men*, except only so much of the said last-mentioned Act as relates to Militia Men discharged before the passing of this present Act; and the said several Acts are hereby repealed, except as aforesaid; and also except so far as the said recited Acts or any of them repeal any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clause, Matter, or Thing therein; and also save and except as to any Proceeding for the Punishment of any Person or Persons for or in respect of any Offence or Offences which shall before the Commencement of this Act have been committed against any of the said Acts; and save so far as may be otherwise provided by this Act; and also save and except that all and every Commissions, Deputations, Appointments, and Enrolments of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, or Private, or of any Governor, Deputy Governor, or inferior Civil Officer, which shall have been made under the said Acts or any of them, before the Commencement of this Act, shall stand and remain in full Force and Effect; and all and every Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private, Governor, Deputy Governor, or other Civil Officer, duly appointed or enrolled under the said Acts, or any of them, shall stand, remain, and continue in the same Plight, Capacity, and Situation respectively, and shall continue serving in the said Militia, in all Respects as if this Act had not passed; and that all Matters and Things whatsoever which shall have been done under and by virtue of the said recited Acts or any of them before the Commencement of this Act, shall be of the same Force, Validity, and Effect, in all Respects, as if this Act had not passed; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Number of
Regiments and
Battalions of
Militia for each
County, &c. in
Ireland.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Regiments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland shall respectively be as follows; that is to say, there shall be for the County of *Cork* Two Regiments, each of Eight Companies; for each of the Counties of the Cities of *Cork* and *Dublin*, One Regiment of Eight Companies; for each of the Counties of *Tyrone*, *Galway*, *Londonderry*, *Tipperary*, *Donegal* and *Wexford*, One Regiment of Ten Companies; for each of the Counties of *Antrim*, *Meath*, *Waterford*, County and County of City; *Kerry*, *Monaghan*, *Armagh*, *King's County*, *Limerick*, *Kilkenny*, County and County of City, and *Roscommon*, One Regiment of Eight Companies; for the County of *Mayo* Two Battalions, each of Seven Companies; for each of the Counties of *Clare*, *Queen's County*, *Wicklow*, *Westmeath*, *Leitrim*, *Cavan*, *Sligo*, *Fermanagh*, *Dublin*, *Longford*, *Kildare*, and *Carlow*, One Battalion of Six Companies; for the County of the City of *Limerick*, One Battalion of

Six

Six Companies; for the County of *Louth* (including the County of the Town of *Drogheda*) One Regiment of Nine Companies; and for the County of *Down* Two Battalions of Six Companies.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council in *Ireland*, from Time to Time, taking into Consideration the Number of Men fit and liable to serve in the said Militia in any County or County of a City which by this Act is required to raise any Regiment or Battalion consisting of less than Ten Companies, and also taking into Consideration the Proportion which such Number of Men shall bear to the Numbers of such Men in other Counties or Counties of Cities, to order that any Regiment or Battalion consisting of less than Ten Companies, shall be augmented by increasing the Number of Companies therein respectively; so always that no Battalion consisting of Six Companies, nor any Regiment consisting of Eight Companies, shall be augmented by more than Two Companies; and that no Battalion of Seven Companies, nor any Regiment of Nine Companies, shall be augmented by more than One Company; and that every such Company so to be added shall contain and consist of the same Number of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Privates respectively, as the other Battalion Companies of the same Regiment or Battalion shall from Time to Time consist of; and that the Men of such Companies shall be raised in like Manner as the Men of the other Companies of such Regiment or Battalion.

Lord Lieutenant and Council may augment Regiments not having Ten Companies.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, from Time to Time, as Occasion shall require, to appoint a Colonel for every such Regiment or Battalion of Militia in *Ireland*: Provided always, that no Person shall be Colonel of Two Regiments or Battalions of Militia, or of a Regiment and Battalion: Provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, to tender his Resignation of his Commission of Colonel of any such Regiment or Battalion to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, and it shall be lawful for such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors to accept any such Resignation, and also to appoint such fit and qualified Person or Persons as he or they shall from Time to Time think proper, to be Colonel or Colonels in the Stead and Place of any Colonel or Colonels so resigning as aforesaid, and in the Stead and Place of any Colonel or Colonels who may happen to die or be removed, as the Case may be.

Appointment of Colonels by Lord Lieutenant to each Regiment, &c. their Resignation, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That the other Officers of the several Regiments and Battalions of Militia aforesaid, according to the ordinary Establishments hereafter mentioned, shall be as follows respectively; that is to say, One Lieutenant Colonel and One Major to each Regiment or Battalion, and One Captain, One Lieutenant, and One Ensign to each Battalion Company: Provided also, and it shall be lawful for every Battalion to have One Company of Grenadiers or Light Infantry, to which, instead of One Lieutenant and One Ensign, Two Lieutenants shall be appointed; and it shall be lawful for every Regiment to have One Company of Grenadiers,

Other Officers of Regiments and Companies.

Grenadiers and Light Infantry.

and also One Company of Light Infantry, to each of which Companies, instead of One Lieutenant and One Ensign, Two Lieutenants shall be appointed.

Ordinary
Establishment
of each
Company.
Staff
Appointments.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the ordinary Establishment of each Company in the said Militia shall be Sixty-five Privates, Four Serjeants, Five Corporals, and Two Drummers; and that in each Regiment or Battalion there shall be Two Staff Serjeants, that is to say, a Serjeant Major, and a Quarter Master Serjeant; and also a Drum Major, and Two Fifers, over and above the said Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers, and Privates directed for each Company; and that to each Regiment or Battalion there shall be One Adjutant, One Paymaster, One Quarter Master, One Surgeon, and One Assistant Surgeon; and to each and every Regiment whose Establishment shall be One thousand Rank and File, or more, there shall be Two Assistant Surgeons.

Additional
Drummers and
Fifers.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in case the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia shall be desirous of keeping up a greater Number of Drummers than Two *per* Company, to be employed as Fifers or Musicians for the Use of the said Regiment or Battalion, and shall be willing to defray the Expence of such additional Drummers, it shall and may be lawful for such Colonel to retain in such Regiment or Battalion any Number of the Drummers who shall be employed as Fifers or Musicians therein, over and above the Number of Two Drummers *per* Company established by this Act, and at any Time hereafter to engage any additional Number of Drummers to act as Fifers or Musicians accordingly; and all such Drummers so retained, or in future engaged to serve in any such Cases as Fifers or Musicians, shall be deemed Drummers of Militia to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and shall be subject to the same Orders, Regulations, Penalties, and Punishments, as other Drummers of Militia shall by Law from Time to Time be subject to, and shall continue to serve as Drummers so long as they shall receive the same Pay and Clothing as other Drummers have, or better Pay and Clothing in lieu thereof, and no longer.

Establishment of
Regiments
augmented
under
44 G. 3. c. 33.

VIII. And whereas by an Act passed in the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reigr, intituled, *An Act for empowering His Majesty to direct the Augmentation of His Militia Forces in Ireland to an Extent therein limited*, Power was given to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the Time being, to issue his Orders to any Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of the Militia of Ireland, to enrol and receive into the same such Volunteers as should offer to serve therein, provided that the whole Number should not exceed One hundred Rank and File *per* Company, with the usual Proportion of Commissioned and Non-commissioned Officers: And whereas in pursuance of the said Act, Orders have been so issued for the Augmentation of the following Regiments or Battalions to the full Numbers allowed by the said Act; that is to say, the *Antrim, Armagh, Carlow, Cavan, Cork, South Down, North Down, Dublin County, Dublin City, Galway, Kerry, Kilkenny, King's County, Leitrim, Limerick County, Limerick City, Londonderry, Louth, Mayo North, Mayo South, Meath, Monaghan, Queen's County, Roscommon, Sligo, Tipperary, Tyrone, Westmeath, Wexford, and Wicklow*, which Augmentation, by the Terms of the said Act, was to continue only during

‘ during the present War:’ Be it therefore enacted, That during the Continuance of the present War, the Establishment of the said Regiments shall be Five Serjeants and One hundred Rank and File, including Five Corporals *per* Company; and that the Number of Officers shall, during such Augmentation and no longer, be as follows, that is to say; Two Lieutenant-Colonels, and Two Majors to each Regiment, and One Lieutenant Colonel and Two Majors to each Battalion so augmented; and to every Company so augmented, whether in a Regiment or Battalion, One Captain, Two Lieutenants, and One Ensign; and every Grenadier and Light Infantry Company, consisting of the like Number of One hundred Men each, shall have One Captain and Three Lieutenants.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to issue his Orders in like Manner for a similar Augmentation of any of the other Regiments or Battalions of the Militia of *Ireland*, which have not been so augmented, and that from thenceforth during the present War the Establishment of such Regiment or Battalion shall be such Number of Men *per* Company, not exceeding One Hundred Rank and File, as shall be specified in the Warrant directing such Augmentation, with the Proportion of Commissioned and Non-commissioned Officers aforesaid; and all the Clauses, Matters and Things in the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty contained relative to such Augmentation, and to the advancing and raising the Sums necessary for effecting the same, shall stand and remain in full Force and Effect; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Colonel of the said Militia, when appointed, from Time to Time to appoint the Number aforesaid respectively of Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors, Adjutants, Paymasters, Surgeons, Quarter Masters and Assistant Surgeons, and all other Officers for his Regiment or Battalion, qualified as herein-after directed; and every Colonel so appointing any such Officer shall certify to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, the Names and Ranks of all such Officers so appointed; and in case the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, shall, within Fourteen Days after such Certificate shall have been laid before him or them, signify his or their Disapprobation of any of the Persons so appointed, it shall not be lawful for the said Colonels or any of them, to grant a Commission to any Person so disapproved, but Commissions shall be granted to all such Persons so appointed, who shall not be so disapproved as aforesaid; and all Officers of the said Militia shall rank with the Officers of His Majesty's Forces as youngest of their Rank.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Commission of any Officer in the Militia shall be vacated by reason of the Revocation, Expiration, Resignation, or other Discontinuance of the Commission of the superior Officer by whom he was appointed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Commanding Officer for the Time being of each Regiment or Battalion of the Militia in *Ireland*, shall have the chief Command of such Regiment or Battalion,

Lord Lieutenant may augment Regiments not yet augmented, under said Act, 44 G. 3. c. 33.

Colonels shall appoint Officers, subject to the Disapprobation of Lord Lieutenant within Fourteen Days.

Officers' Commissions shall continue though Colonel's revoked, &c. Military Officers shall have chief Command of

Regiments,
and not
Governors, &c.

His Majesty
may signify
His Pleasure to
the Colonel
for displacing
Officers.

In the Absence
of Colonel, his
Powers shall vest
in the next in
Command.

Qualification of
Officers;
Colonel.

Lieut. Col.

Major.

Captain.

Battalion, notwithstanding any Order, Direction, Matter, or Thing contained in any Commission or Appointment of a Governor or Governors of any County in *Ireland*.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from Time to Time as he or they shall think fit to signify his or their Pleasure to the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of any such Regiment or Battalion of Militia, to displace all or any Officers or Officer of Militia serving under him in such Regiment or Battalion; and upon such Signification of his or their Pleasure, the same shall be displaced accordingly; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Colonel of any such Regiment or Battalion to accept the Resignation of any Officer of his Regiment or Battalion, and under all Cases of Vacancy by Resignation, Death, Removal, or otherwise, it shall and may be lawful for such Colonel to appoint such other fit and qualified Persons as he shall think proper to fill up such Vacancy, in like Manner and under like Restrictions as he is by this Act empowered originally to appoint any Officer or Officers.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That when any Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall be absent from the United Kingdom, all Powers which shall from Time to Time be given by Law to such Colonel, whether in filling Vacancies in such Regiment or Battalion, or in any other Way whatsoever, shall be vested in and lawfully may be exercised by the next Officer in Command in such Regiment or Battalion who shall be residing within the United Kingdom, until such Colonel shall be returned to the United Kingdom, and shall have notified his Arrival to the Officer entitled to exercise the said Powers during his Absence; and all Acts, Matters, and Things done by such Officer next in Command as aforesaid, in exercising the Powers legally vested in Colonels, shall be good and valid in the Law equally as if they had been done by the Colonel himself.

XV. And be it enacted, That every Person to be appointed a Colonel of the said Militia, shall be seised of a Real or Freehold Estate of the Yearly Value of Two Thousand Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall be seised of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Three Thousand Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant Colonel, shall be seised of a Real or Freehold Estate, or shall be possessed of a Term of Years whereof Fourteen Years shall be unexpired, of the Yearly Value of One thousand Two hundred Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of One thousand eight hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Major, shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid of the Yearly Value of Three hundred Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Six hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Captain, shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Two hundred Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Four hundred Pounds, or shall be a younger Son of some Person who shall in like Manner be seised or possessed,

possessed, or who shall have been at the Time of his Death in like Manner seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Four hundred Pounds; and every Person to be appointed a Lieutenant, shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate alone, to the Amount of Five hundred Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be, or who shall have been at the Time of his or her Death, in like Manner seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of One hundred Pounds, or who shall be, or who shall have been at the Time of his or her Death, possessed of a Personal Estate alone, to the Amount of One thousand Pounds; and that every Person who shall be appointed an Ensign, shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Twenty Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate, or seised or possessed of a Real or Freehold Estate and Personal Estate together, to the Amount of Two hundred and fifty Pounds, or shall be Son of some Person who shall be, or who shall have been at his or her Death, in like Manner seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the Yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, or who shall be, or who at the Time of his or her Death was possessed of a Personal Estate alone, to the Amount of Three hundred Pounds, save and except in the Cases herein-after particularly mentioned: Provided always, that One Moiety at the least of the Qualification of the Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel, shall be situated within the County to the Militia of which he shall be appointed Colonel or Lieutenant-Colonel.

XVI. And be it enacted, That every Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Militia of the said Cities of *Dublin*, *Cork*, and *Limerick* respectively, shall be seised or possessed, either in Law or Equity, for his own Use and Benefit, in Possession of a Real or Freehold Estate, or of a Term of Years whereof Fourteen Years shall be unexpired, of the Yearly Value of One thousand Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate alone, or seised or possessed of Real and Personal Estate together of the Value of Ten thousand Pounds; and every Lieutenant-Colonel of the Militia of the said Cities shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of Six hundred Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate alone, or seised and possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Five thousand Pounds; and every Major thereof shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate, or seised and possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Three Thousand Pounds; and every Captain thereof shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of One hundred Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of One thousand five hundred Pounds; and every Lieutenant thereof shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of the like Estate of the Yearly Value of Twenty-five Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate, or seised or possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Seven hundred and fifty Pounds; and every Ensign thereof shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate of the Yearly Value of Ten Pounds, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate;

Lieutenant.

Ensign.

Moiety of
Colonel's and
Lieutenant-
Colonel's
Qualification
in the County.Qualification
of Officers in
Dublin, Cork,
and Limerick
Cities;
Colonel.

Lieut. Col.

Major.

Captain.

Lieutenant.

Ensign.

or

or seised and possessed of a Real or Freehold and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Four hundred Pounds.

Officers shall deliver their Qualifications to Clerk of the Peace.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be appointed to any Commission in the Militia, who shall require a Qualification in respect of Property by virtue of this Act, until he shall have delivered into the Clerk of the Peace of the County or City for which he shall be appointed, or in the Absence of the Clerk of the Peace to his Deputy, a specific Description in Writing, signed by himself, of his Qualification, stating the County or Counties, Barony or Baronies, Parish or Parishes in which the Estate or Estates which form his Qualification is or are situate, with the Denominations of the Lands; and the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall transmit to the Custos Rotulorum, or Senior Governor of the County, or Chief Magistrate of the City, a Copy of such Description; and no Commission to be granted by virtue of this Act shall be valid, unless it be declared in the Commission that the Officer to whom the Commission is given hath delivered in his Qualification as directed.

Clerk of the Peace shall register Qualifications, insert Commissions in the Gazette, &c.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of every County or City shall and he is hereby required from Time to Time, to enter the Qualifications transmitted to him according to the Directions of this Act, upon a Roll to be provided and kept for that Purpose, and to cause to be inserted in the *Dublin Gazette* the Dates of the Commissions, and the Names and Rank of the Officers hereafter to be appointed, in like Manner as Commissions in the Army are published in the War Office; and he is hereby authorized to charge the Expence of receiving and recording such Certificates respectively, and of such Insertion in the Gazette, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Shillings for each Commission, to the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue of the County or District, who is hereby directed to pay the same; and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall, in the Month of *January* in every Year, transmit to the Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, a complete Account of the Qualifications so left with him; and such Secretary receiving such Accounts, shall cause Copies thereof to be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament; and every Commissioned Officer shall, at some General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or in One of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*, within Three Months from and after the Date of their Commissions respectively, take such Oath or Oaths, and make and sign such Declaration or Declarations, as is, are, or shall be required to be taken, made, and signed by the Officers of His Majesty's other Forces.

Officers shall take the Oaths.

Penalty on unqualified Persons, Colonels, &c.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall execute any of the Powers hereby directed to be executed by Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels, or Majors, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered in such specific Description of his Qualifications as is herein-before required, save in the Cases herein-after particularly mentioned, or shall omit to take the said Oaths and make the said Declaration within the Time hereby directed for those Purposes, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and if any Person shall execute any of the Powers hereby directed to be executed by Captains, Lieutenants, or Ensigns, not being qualified as aforesaid, or without having delivered in such specific

Captains, &c.

specific Description of his Qualification as is herein-before required, or shall omit to take the said Oaths, and declare as before directed, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, One Moiety of which Penalties shall go to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same; and in every Action, Suit, or Information brought against any Person for acting as Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel, Major, Captain, Lieutenant, or Ensign, not being qualified as herein-before directed, the Proof of his Qualification shall be upon the Person against whom the same shall be brought.

XX. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained, shall restrain or prevent any Peer of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of any such Peer, from being appointed or acting as a Commissioned Officer in the Militia, within any County or City wherein such Peer, or Heir Apparent of such Peer, shall have some Place of Residence, although he may not have the Qualification herein-before required, nor to oblige any Peer of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of such Peer, who shall be appointed a Commissioned Officer as aforesaid, to leave with the Clerk of the Peace for the County or City for which he shall be appointed any Qualification in Writing as aforesaid.

Exceptions as to Peers and their Sons.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant to be appointed as aforesaid, shall be a Person who shall have actually served in some of His Majesty's Regular Forces for the Space of Three Years, or in the embodied Militia, for Five Years, or for such Time in the embodied Militia, as together with his Service in the Regular Forces shall in the whole make Five Years; and if such Adjutant shall be appointed out of His Majesty's other Forces, he shall during his Service in the Militia preserve his Rank in the Army in the same Manner as if he had continued in that Service; and it shall be lawful for the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia to appoint the Adjutant of such Regiment or Battalion to the Rank of Captain by Brevet, provided such Adjutant has served Five Years as Adjutant in the Militia, or in His Majesty's other Forces, although such Adjutant may not have the Qualifications required by Law for the Captains; Provided always, that no such Appointment to the Rank of Captain shall be valid, unless in the Instrument granting the same it be specified in what Regiment or Battalion, and whether of the Militia or of His Majesty's other Forces, such Adjutant hath served, and what was or were the Date or Dates of his Commission or Commissions: Provided also, that no Adjutants so appointed to the Rank of Captain shall, by the Date of such Appointment as aforesaid or otherwise, be entitled to rank above or to command any Captain of a Company in the Militia.

Appointment of Adjutants.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That no Surgeon, or Assistant Surgeon, shall be capable of serving in the Militia, unless he shall have been certified by the Royal College of Surgeons in *Dublin, London, or Edinburgh*, after due Examination, to be properly qualified in like Manner as Surgeons in the Army are required to be certified; and that no Person who is or shall be Surgeon of a County Hospital or Infirmary established by Act of Parliament, shall be capable of serving in the Militia, while he continues Surgeon of such Hospital or Infirmary.

Surgeons shall be qualified as Army Surgeons.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person who at any Time after the Commencement of this Act shall be appointed Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quarter Master, or Assistant Surgeon

Adjutant, Pay Master, &c. shall not hold any other Commission.

in the said Militia, shall be capable of holding any Commission in the said Militia, save and except the Commission of Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quarter Master, or Assistant Surgeon respectively; and that no Officer holding any Commission in the said Militia shall be capable of being appointed Adjutant, Paymaster, Surgeon, Quarter-Master, or Assistant Surgeon.

Appointment of
Serjeants, &c.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Staff Serjeants, Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Fifers, shall and may, from Time to Time, be appointed by the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion; and that all Staff Serjeants, Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Fifers, may be discharged by such Colonel from Time to Time: and that all Staff Serjeants, Serjeants, Corporals, Drummers and Fifers, who shall at any Time have received any Pay as such from any Regiment or Battalion, shall be deemed to be engaged, and he compellable to serve in such Regiment or Battalion, until they shall be discharged by the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion to which they shall respectively belong.

Oath of
Serjeants, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who at any Time after the Commencement of this Act, shall be appointed to be a Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer of the said Militia, shall take the following Oath, that is to say,

‘ I *A. B.* do solemnly promise and swear. That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King *George*, and that I will faithfully serve in the Militia of *Ireland*, until I shall be legally discharged.’

Serjeants Major
and Drum
Major.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, may appoint the Serjeant-Major and the Quartermaster Serjeant out of the Serjeants, and the Drum Major out of the Drummers.

Adjutants, &c.
shall be always
subject to the
Mutiny Act.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Adjutant, Pay-Master, Surgeon, Serjeant Major, Quartermaster Serjeant, Serjeant, Corporal, Drum Major, and Drummer of the said Militia, shall be at all Times subject to any Act which shall be in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, and the Articles of War, under the Command of the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs.

Rates of Pay to
Adjutants, &c.
when Militia is
not embodied.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That during any such Time as the Militia shall not be embodied and drawn out into actual Service, the daily Pay of every such Adjutant, Pay Master, and Surgeon respectively, shall be Six Shillings each; and the daily Pay of every Serjeant Major, Quartermaster Serjeant, Serjeant, Corporal, and Drummer respectively, when not in actual Service, but resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion, or Corps, shall be as follows; that is to say, One Shilling and Sixpence *per Day* for each Serjeant, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Sixpence *per Week* for each Serjeant Major and Quartermaster Serjeant; One Shilling and Two-pence *per Day* for each Corporal; and One Shilling *per Day* for each Drummer, with the Addition of Sixpence *per Day* for each Drum Major; Provided always, that where any Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, shall during such Absence, receive the Rates of Pay following; that is to say, every Serjeant the Sum of One Shilling, every Corporal the Sum of Eight-pence,

pence, and every Drummer the Sum of Sixpence *per* Day, and no more.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person who shall keep any House of publick Entertainment, or who shall sell any Ale, or Wine, or Spirituous Liquors by Retail, shall be capable of being appointed or serving as a Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer in the Militia, nor shall any Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer, or Private of the Militia, while he shall continue such, be compelled to serve as a Peace Officer, or a Parish Officer, or to serve in any of His Majesty's Sea Forces.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Colonel of any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, or in his Absence the Officer actually in command of such Regiment or Battalion, to direct the holding of Courts Martial as herein-after directed, for the Trial of any Serjeant Major, Serjeant, Corporal, Drum Major, or Drummer of such Regiment or Battalion, by a Regimental Court Martial, for any Offence against this Act, or against the Articles of War, committed during the Time such Regiment or Battalion, shall not be embodied, but so that no Punishment thereon shall extend to the Loss of Life or Limb; and it shall be lawful for the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion to which the Person on whom such Court Martial is to be held shall belong, to order any Officers of the Militia of the County, County of a City, or Town, or Place to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, actually resident within the Town where such Serjeant Major, Serjeant, Corporal, Drum Major, or Drummer is to be tried, or within Fifteen Miles thereof, to attend and assist as Members of such Court Martial, who shall thereupon attend at the Time required, and assist accordingly; but no Officer shall be entitled to receive Pay for any such Attendance: Provided always, that no Sentence of any Court Martial held as aforesaid on any Serjeant Major, Serjeant, Corporal, Drum Major, and Drummer, shall be put in Execution until it shall have been confirmed by such Colonel or Commanding Officer.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That any Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer of the Militia, may, by Sentence of a Court Martial, or by Order of the Colonel of the Regiment, be reduced to the Condition of a Private Militia Man, and such Person so reduced shall be bound to serve as such Private Militia Man, for any Time not exceeding Fifteen Months, in case the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall not be then embodied or called out in actual Service; and in case the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall be then embodied or called out into actual Service, such Person so ordered shall be bound to serve as aforesaid until the disembodying of the said Regiment or Battalion; and that after the Expiration of the Time during which such Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer shall be so bound to serve as a Private Man, such Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, if not regularly re-appointed to the Rank of a Non-commissioned Officer or Drummer, shall be discharged from the Service.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Officer serving in the Militia of *Ireland* shall sit in any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces, nor shall any Officer serving in His Majesty's other Forces sit in any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Private Man serving in the

Serjeants, &c. shall not keep Public Houses. Militia Men shall not be Peace Officers, &c.

Courts Martial on Serjeants, &c. while Militia is not embodied.

Serjeants, &c. may be reduced to the Ranks.

Militia Officers shall not sit on Court Martial of Regulars, &c.

said Militia: Provided always, that any Colonel or Officer serving in the said Militia, and at the same Time holding a Commission in any other of His Majesty's Forces, on the Half-pay thereof, may sit upon any Court Martial upon the Trial of any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Private, in His Majesty's other Forces; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Militia Commission vacated by accepting one in the Regulars.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Acceptance by any Officer of the said Militia, except the Colonel, of any Commission in any of his Majesty's Regular Forces, shall, from the Date of such Commission so accepted, absolutely vacate any Commission such Officer may hold in the Militia of *Ireland*.

Militia Commission shall not vacate Seat in Parliament.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Acceptance of any Commission in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, shall not nor shall be construed to vacate the Seat of any Member returned to serve in Parliament.

Officers serving in Militia shall not forfeit Half-pay.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Officer who is or shall be entitled to Half-pay, shall be deemed or taken to forfeit or quit such Half pay, during the Time he shall serve in any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, but that the same shall nevertheless continue; and instead of the Oath directed by any Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, to be taken by such Officer, he shall take the following Oath;

Half-pay Officer's Oath.

' I *A. B.* do swear, That I had not between the
' any Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under
' His Majesty, besides my Allowance of Half-Pay, as reduced
' late Regiment of *_____* *_____* and except my Pay for serving
' in a Regiment of Militia.'

And the taking of the said Oath shall, without taking any other Oath, be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half-pay.

Pensioners serving in Militia shall receive the Allowance.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person being a Serjeant, Letterman or other Pensioner, on the Establishment of *Kilmainham* or *Chelsea* Hospitals, at the Allowance of such Hospitals or either of them, and being appointed to serve in the Militia, shall and may receive the said Hospital Allowance, together with his Pay from the said Militia; and any Person who shall have faithfully served as a Serjeant, or as a Corporal or Drummer in the said Militia for Twenty Years, and who shall be discharged on account of Age or Infirmary, shall on the Recommendation of the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, be entitled to Examination at the *Kilmainham* Board, and be capable to be placed on the Pension of such Hospital, if the said Board should judge him deserving thereof: Provided always, that all Payments of any Pension which at any Time after the passing of an Act of the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, herein-before recited and repealed, and before the passing of this Act, shall have been made to any Serjeants, Lettermen or other Pensioners, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that all such Serjeants, Lettermen and other Pensioners, as at the Time of the passing of this Act are in the Receipt of any such Pensions shall continue in the Receipt of the same as heretofore; and that any Serjeant, Letterman or other Pensioner on the Establishment of *Chelsea* Hospital, who at any Time after the passing of this Act shall voluntarily enter into the Militia of

Ireland,

Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers Twenty Years in the Militia, and discharged for Age or Infirmary, on being recommended as herein may be placed on *Kilmainham* Pension. Pension paid under 25 G. 3. c. 8. declared valid. *Chelsea* Pensioner entering into Militia shall be entitled to *Kilmainham* Pension.

Ireland, shall be placed on the Establishment of the Royal Hospital of *Kilmainham* from the Day of his having entered into such Militia, and shall from such Day and during his Continuance in the said Militia, receive such Pension, and no more, as a Pensioner of the like Class on the Establishment of *Kilmainham* Hospital shall be entitled to receive, as if he had been originally on that Establishment, and not on the Establishment of *Chelsea*.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Muskets, Bayonets, Swords, Stores, and Accoutrements, delivered for the Service of the said Militia, shall be marked in some distinct Place with the Letter (M) and the Name of the County to which they belong.

Arms shall be marked.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and other Stores, belonging to every Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, when not embodied, shall be kept in such convenient Place within the County, County of a City, or Town, to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, as the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment or Battalion shall direct, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being; and that the Adjutant, and One Third at least in Number of the Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, in every Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, shall be constantly resident within the City, Town, or Place, where the Arms belonging to such Regiment or Battalion are so kept, and such Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, shall be under the Command of the Adjutant, who shall act in such Command under the Orders of the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion; and that the Adjutant, and in the Absence of the Adjutant, the Serjeant-Major, shall have free Access to the Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and other Stores as aforesaid, and shall cause the same to be examined, cleaned and preserved by the said Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers from Time to Time, as the same shall be necessary, and shall make a Monthly Return of the true State of the Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, and of the said Arms, Accoutrements, Clothing, and other Stores, of the Regiment or Battalion respectively, to the Governor or Governors of the County, and to the Commanding Officer of the said Regiment or Battalion; and in case of any Default and Neglect therein, such Adjutant or Serjeant-Major shall for every such Offence, Neglect, or Default, be subject to such Punishment as a Court Martial shall adjudge; and no such Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, shall be absent from such City, Town, or Place, without a regular Furlough from the Adjutant, or in his Absence from the Serjeant-Major; and every such Serjeant, Corporal, and Drummer, who shall absent himself without such Furlough, shall be liable to be apprehended as a Deserter; and such Adjutant shall never absent himself from such City, Town, or Place, without Leave of the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion: Provided nevertheless, that whenever such Adjutant shall be absent with such Leave as aforesaid, then such Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, shall be under the Command of the Serjeant-Major, or of some Serjeant who shall be appointed by the said Adjutant, with the Approbation of the said Colonel or other Commanding Officer, to act as Serjeant-Major during the Absence of such Adjutant.

Adjutant and One-third of Non-commissioned Officers shall reside where the Arms are kept, and take Care thereof, and make Monthly Returns.

Militia shall be called out in their Counties, 28 Days for annual Exercise when not embodied.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That when the said Militia shall not be drawn out into actual Service, the several Regiments and Battalions thereof shall, unless the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the Time being, shall order the contrary, be respectively trained and exercised in their respective Counties Once in every Year, for Twenty-eight Days together, in the Manner herein-after directed, at such Time and Place as shall be the least inconvenient to the Publick; such Time and Place to be appointed by the Governor, or where there are more Governors than One of any County, then by the Governors of each County respectively, at a General Meeting to be holden at their usual Place of Meeting respectively within such County, upon the *Tuesday* that shall happen next before the Twenty-fourth Day of *October* in every Year, or at such other Place therein, and at such Time as shall be appointed by such Governor or Governors, or in Default of any such Meeting or Appointment, then at such Time and Place as shall be appointed by Three or more Deputy Governors of such County; and during such Time as the several Regiments or Battalions of the said Militia shall be assembled respectively for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, all the Clauses, Provisions, Matters, and Things, contained in any Act of Parliament which shall be then in force for the punishing Mutiny and Desertion, shall be in force with respect to the said Militia, and all the Officers and private Men of the same, in all Cases whatsoever, but so that no Punishment shall extend to Loss of Life or Limb.

Notice of Time and Place of Exercising shall be sent by Clerk of General Meeting to Chief Constable of Barony, and by him to Constables of Parishes.

XI. And be it further enacted, That Notice of the Time and Place of the Exercise of the Militia Men of each Parish shall be sent by the Clerk of the General Meetings to the Chief or High Constable or other Officers of the several Baronies or other Divisions, with Directions to forward the same to the Constables or other Officers within their respective Baronies or other Divisions; which Constables or other Officers shall cause such Notice as aforesaid to be affixed on the Outside of the Doors of the Church belonging to their respective Parishes or Places; or if any Place has no Church belonging thereto, on the Outside of the Doors of the Church of some adjoining Parish or Place; and all such Militia Men shall duly attend at the Time and Place of Exercise according to such Notice.

Subdivision Clerks shall send Lists of Persons enrolled to Colonels, &c.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in every County, shall, Ten Days at least before the Time so appointed for the annual Exercise, cause a full and true List, specifying the Names and Dates of the Enrolment of all the Persons enrolled within each Subdivision respectively, to serve in such Regiment or Battalion, to be transmitted to the Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion, or to such Person as shall be appointed by such Commanding Officer to receive the same, and shall in like Manner cause a Duplicate of such List to be transmitted to the Adjutant of such Regiment or Battalion.

Penalty on Militia Men not appearing, or deserting, &c. 10*l*.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That every Militia Man not labouring under any Infirmary incapacitating him, who shall not appear at the Time and Place appointed for annual Exercise according to the Directions of this Act, Notice having been published as this Act requires, shall be deemed a Deserter, and if not taken until after the Time of such Exercise shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds; and

and also every Militia Man, who, having joined the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, shall desert or absent himself during the Time of annual Exercise, and shall not be taken till after the Time of such Exercise, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds; and if in either Case such Penalty shall not be immediately paid, the Justice of the Peace before whom any such Militia Man shall be convicted of any such Offence shall commit such Militia Man to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Six Months, or until he shall have paid the Penalty.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall harbour, conceal, or assist any such Deserter, knowing him to be such, the Person so offending shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pound and not less than Five Pounds.

Penalty on
harbouring
Deserters, 3l.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Militia Man shall sell, pawn, or lose any of his Arms, Clothes, or Accoutrements, or neglect or refuse to return the same in good Order to his Captain, or to the Person appointed to receive the same, every such Militia Man shall for every such Offence, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Penalty on
selling Arms,
5l.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall knowingly and willingly buy, take in Exchange, conceal, or otherwise receive any Arms, Clothes, Stores, or Accoutrements belonging to any Militia Man, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, the Person so offending, upon Conviction thereof before any Justice of the Peace, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; and if such Offender shall not immediately pay such Penalty, and shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels whereon to levy such Penalty, the Justice before whom he shall be convicted shall commit him to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or shall cause such Offender to be publicly whipped, at the Discretion of such Justice.

Penalty on
buying Arms,
5l.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of every Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia shall and he is hereby required, as often as the Regiment or Battalion shall be so called out to annual Exercise, to return to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, a true State of such Regiment or Battalion; and in case any such Colonel or Commanding Officer shall refuse or neglect for One Month after the said annual Exercise so to do, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Colonel shall
return to Chief
Secretary the
State of the
Regiment when
called out to
Exercise.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That when any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall be assembled for the Purpose of being trained and exercised, it shall be lawful for the Captain or Commanding Officer of every Company, to put the Militia Men of his Company under Stoppages not exceeding Sixpence *per* Day, for the Purpose of providing them with Linnen, and also with Stockings and other Necessaries, and for defraying the Expence of repairing any Arms which shall have been broken or damaged by any such Militia Man's Neglect: Provided always, that every such Captain or Commanding Officer shall account with each Militia Man for such Stoppage, and after deducting what shall have been laid out and paid for Necessaries, and for repairing the Arms as aforesaid, shall pay the Sum remaining

Militia Men
when assembled
for training may
be put under
Stoppages for
Necessaries.

(if any there shall be) into the Hands of the Militia Man to whom the same belongs, before such Militia Man shall be dismissed from such Training and Exercise.

Billeting Militia
when called out
to Exercise, and
Serjeants,
Corporals, &c.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Mayors, Sovereigns, Bailiffs, Burgomasters, Seneschals, Constables, and the Chief and other Magistrates and Officers of Cities, Towns, Parishes and Places, and (in their Default or Absence) for any Justice of the Peace inhabiting within or near any such City, Town, Parish or Place, and they and he are and is hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Private Men serving in the said Militia, at the Times when they shall be called out to any Exercise, as by Law they may billet His Majesty's other Military Forces; and when the said Militia is not called out for Exercise, or embodied, all Mayors, and other Chief and other Magistrates, and Officers aforesaid, or (in their Default or Absence) any One Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, may, and they and he are and is hereby required to billet as aforesaid all Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers of the Militia.

Providing
Carriages, &c.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That when the said Militia shall be called out to be trained and exercised, any Justice of the Peace of any County, (being thereunto required by an Order from the Governor or Governors, or any of them, or from any Deputy Governors of such County, or from the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia of such County, or any Detachment thereof, being within such County) shall issue his Warrant to the Chief or High Constables of Baronies, or to Constables or other Officers of the several Parishes or Places from, through, or near to which any such Regiment, Battalion, or Detachment of Militia shall be ordered to march, requiring them to provide such sufficient Horses and Carriages to convey the Arms, Clothes, Accoutrements, and Stores, with able Men to drive the said Horses and Carriages, as shall be mentioned in such Order; and in case such sufficient Horses, Carriages, and Men cannot be provided within any such County, Barony, Parish, or Place, then any Justice of the Peace for the same or any adjoining County shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being shewn unto him, issue his Warrant to the Chief or High Constable or Constables, or other such Officers of any Barony or Place within the same County or within such adjoining County or Place, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency of Horses, Carriages, and Men; and such Governor, Deputy Governor, or Colonel, or other Commanding Officer requiring such Carriages and Men to be provided as aforesaid, shall, at the same Time, pay to every such Chief or High Constable or other Officer, for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall provide such Carriages and Men, such respective Rates and Sums as shall be payable for Carriages and Men in like Cases. under any Act which shall be in force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, for which respective Sums every Chief or High Constable or other Officer receiving the same, is hereby required to give a Receipt to the Person paying the same; and every such Chief or High Constable, Constables, or other Officers, shall order and appoint such Person or Persons having Horses and Carriages within their respective Baronies or Places as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such

Rates for
Carriages.

Horses, Carriages, and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid; and every Person so ordered is hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly for One Day's Journey, and no more.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Militia Man shall not join the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs at the Time of annual Exercise, and shall not be apprehended before the Expiration of the Time appointed for such Exercise; and if the Commanding Officer or Adjutant of such Regiment or Battalion, or the Commanding Officer of the Company to which such Offender belongs, shall receive Information of the Place where he shall be or reside, any such Commanding Officer or Adjutant may, by Writing under his Hand, describe the Person of such Offender, and also certify that he did not join the Regiment or Battalion at the Time of annual Exercise, or that he deserted during the Time of annual Exercise (as the Case may be) and send the same by a Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer of such Regiment or Battalion, to the Adjutant or Serjeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion in the County wherein such Offender is supposed to be or reside; and the Adjutant or Serjeant Major to whom such Certificate shall be sent, shall direct a Party of the Serjeants, Corporals, or Drummers of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, to assist in apprehending such Offender, and conveying him before a Justice of the Peace of the County wherein such Offender shall be apprehended; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such Person is guilty of such Offence, such Adjutant or Serjeant Major shall order a Party of the Serjeants, Corporals, or Drummers, under his Command, to convey such Offender to the Head Quarters of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia of the next County, in the Way to the County to which such Offender belongs, and deliver him into the Custody of the Adjutant or Serjeant Major of such Regiment or Battalion, who shall cause him to be conveyed in like Manner to the Adjutant or Serjeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia of the next County, and so in like Manner until such Offender shall be delivered into the Custody of the Adjutant or Serjeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, who shall take him before a Justice of the Peace, to be dealt with as herein directed in Cases of Militia Men deserting or absenting themselves from their Duty.

Apprehension of
Deserters from
annual Exercise.

LI. And be it further enacted, If any Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer, shall desert from the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, it shall be lawful for any Constable or other Officer of the Town or Place where any Person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such Deserter, shall be found, to cause such Person to be apprehended, and taken before any Justice of the Peace, being in and near to such Town and Place, who is hereby empowered to examine such suspected Person: and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of any Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is such Deserter, such Justice shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Common Goal of the County or Place where he shall be found, or to the House of Correction, or other publick Prison in the Town or Place in or near to which such Deserter shall be apprehended, there

Apprehension of
Serjeants, &c.
being Deserters.

to

to remain until he shall be demanded by some Person or Persons authorized to receive him, as by this Act is directed, and shall transmit an Account thereof to the Clerk of the General Meeting of the County to which such Defeater belongs, and the Keeper of such Gaol or House of Correction shall receive the full Subsistence of such Defeater, for the Maintenance of such Defeater during the Time he shall continue in his Custody, but shall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward on account of his Imprisonment; and such Clerk of the General Meetings receiving such Account, shall immediately transmit a Copy thereof to the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion of the County, and also to the Adjutant or other Officer commanding the Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers of such Regiment or Battalion; and where there are more Regiments or Battalions than one, such Clerk shall send such Copy to all the Colonels or other Commanding Officers of Regiments or Battalions, and also to all the Adjutants or Officers commanding Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, within his County; and the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion to which such Defeater shall be found to belong, or the Adjutant or Officer commanding the Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers of such Regiment or Battalion, shall and he is hereby required, immediately on receiving such Copy as aforesaid, to send from among the Serjeants, Corporals, or Drummers of the Regiment or Battalion under his Command, a sufficient Person or Number of Persons to the Place where such Defeater shall be confined; and shall also send by such Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, or the Serjeant commanding the said Party of Serjeants, Corporals or Drummers, an Order under his Hand and Seal to the Keeper of the said Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, requiring him to deliver such Defeater to the Person or Persons therein named, which he is hereby required to do; and the Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer to whom such Defeater shall be so ordered to be delivered, in case One only shall be sent on such Duty, shall apply to the Adjutant or Serjeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion of the County where such Defeater shall be so confined as aforesaid, and such Adjutant or Serjeant Major shall order a sufficient Party of the Serjeants, Corporals, or Drummers under his Command to assist in conveying such Defeater, and he shall be conveyed to the Adjutant or Serjeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, in the same Manner as before directed, with respect to the conveying of private Militia Men to the Adjutant or Serjeant Major of the Regiment or Battalion to which they shall belong; and such Adjutant or Serjeant Major shall take such Defeater before a Justice of the Peace of the County to which he belongs, who shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, or other publick Prison of such County, where he shall remain without Bail or Mainprize, until the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs shall be embodied for annual Exercise, or for actual Service, which shall first happen; and the Colonel or other Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion shall then issue an Order under his Hand and Seal to the Keeper of the Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison where such Defeater shall be confined, requiring him to deliver such Defeater to the Person or Persons therein named, which he is required to do; and such Colonel and other Commanding Officer is hereby empowered and required to summon and hold a Court Martial for the

Trial

Trial of such Deserter, in such Manner and with the same Power and Authority, as shall be given and directed by any Act of Parliament which shall then be in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; and if upon any such Trial such Deserter shall be found guilty, it shall be lawful to punish such Deserter in such Manner as such Court Martial shall in their Discretion think fit, according to the Powers and Provisions of such Act, and of the Articles of War, but so that no such Punishment shall extend to the Loss of Life or Limb.

LII. And be it further enacted, That all Gaolers and Keepers of Prisons shall, if required so to do by any Serjeant, Corporal, or Drummer employed in conveying any Offender or Deserter as aforesaid to the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, receive into their Custody, and confine such Offender for such Time as they shall be respectively so required as aforesaid, not exceeding Twenty-four Hours; and any Gaoler and Keeper of any Prison who shall refuse so to do, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds.

Penalty on Gaolers refusing to receive Deserters, 5l.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That all Serjeants, Corporals, and Drummers, while they are employed in executing such Duty as aforesaid in the apprehending and conveying Deserters, shall be billeted in like Manner as Serjeants, Corporals, or Drummers belonging to His Majesty's other Forces employed in apprehending and conveying Deserters are to be billeted.

Billeting Serjeants, &c. conveying Deserters.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Militia Man shall, on his March, or at any Place where he shall be called out to annual Exercise, be disabled by Sickness or otherwise, it shall be lawful for any One Justice of the Peace of the County or Place, or any Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City, Town, or Place, where such Man shall then be, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to order him such Relief as such Justice, Mayor, or Chief Magistrate, shall think reasonable; and the same shall be given by the Collector of His Majesty's Excise of the Place where such Militia Man shall then be; and the Collector giving such Relief shall, upon producing an Account of the Expences thereof, be allowed the same in his Accounts, such Account being first allowed under the Hands of Two Justices of the Peace.

When a Militia Man shall be disabled by Sickness, any Justice, &c. may order him Relief.

L.V. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of actual Invasion, Rebellion, or Insurrection, or upon immediate Danger thereof, to be signified by Proclamation from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to order and direct that the Militia of the said several Counties herein-before appointed to be raised and trained, or such Parts of them as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being shall in his or their Wisdom judge necessary, shall be drawn out and embodied, and that in such Manner as shall be best adapted to the Circumstances of the Danger, and to put the said Forces under the Command of such General Officers as the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the Time being, shall be pleased to appoint, and to direct the said Forces by their respective Officers into any Parts of *Ireland*, for the repelling and Prevention of any such Invasion, and for the Suppression of any Rebellion or Insurrection therein; and the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers,

In case of Invasion, Rebellion, &c. Militia shall be embodied.

Drummers,

Drummers, and Private Men, of the several Regiments and Battalions of the said Militia, shall, from the Time of their being drawn out and embodied as aforesaid, and until they shall be returned again to their respective Parishes or Places of Abode, remain under the Command of such General Officers; and during such Time as aforesaid, all the Provisions contained in any Act of Parliament which shall then be in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, shall be in force with respect to the said Militia, and shall extend to all the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Private Men of the said Militia, in all Cases whatever.

Governors of Counties shall issue Orders to Chief Constables, and they to Constables, to give Notice to Militia Men to assemble;

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or Governors of every County in *Ireland*, or any of them, or on the Death or Removal of such Governor or Governors, or during his or their Absence from the County, any Three or more Deputy Governors to whom any such Order from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, for embodying the Militia as aforesaid, shall be directed, shall issue his or their Order to the Chief or High Constables or other Officers of the several Baronies or other Divisions within their respective Counties, with Directions to forward the same immediately to the Constables or other Officers of the several Parishes and Places within their respective Baronies; and such Constables and other Officers are hereby required, upon Receipt thereof, forthwith to cause Notice in Writing to be given to the several Militia Men, or left at their several Places of Abode within their respective Parishes or Places, to attend at the Time and Place mentioned in such Order; and if any Militia Man so ordered to be drawn out and embodied as aforesaid (not labouring under any Infirmity incapacitating him from serving as a Militia Man) shall not appear and march in pursuance of such Order, every such Militia Man shall be liable to be apprehended and punished as a Deserter, according to the Provisions of any Acts which shall be then in force for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and if any Person shall harbour or conceal any such Militia Man when ordered out into actual Service, knowing him to be a Militia Man, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

Militia Men not attending shall be Deserters, as under Mutiny Act; Penalty on harbouring such, 5l.

Militia when called out, shall have Pay of Regulars (except as under 46 G. 3. c. 140.)

LVII. And be it further enacted, That from the Date of the Warrant of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, for drawing the Militia out into actual Service, the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Private Men of the Militia shall be entitled to the same Pay as the Officers and Private Men of His Majesty's other Regiments of Foot receive, and no other; subject nevertheless to the Provisions contained in an Act made in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to amend Two Acts passed in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, relating to the Militia of England and Scotland respectively, as to the Pay of the Officers and Men of the said Militia*; and if any Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, or Private Man of the Militia shall be maimed or wounded in actual Service, he shall be equally entitled to the Benefit of *Kilmainham* or *Chelsea* Hospitals with any Non-commissioned Officer, Drummer, or Private Man belonging to any of His Majesty's other Forces.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That when any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall be drawn out into actual Service, and during the

When Militia is embodied, Colonels may appoint Agents.

the Time they shall continue in actual Service, the Colonel thereof shall and may appoint an Agent to such Regiment or Battalion, and shall take Security from such Agent.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That when the Militia of any County shall be ordered out into actual Service, the Collector of His Majesty's Excise of such County or Place shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to pay to the Order of the Colonel of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia so ordered out, the Sum of One Guinea for the Use of every private Militia Man belonging to his Regiment or Battalion; and the said Collector shall also pay to the Order of such Colonel the Sum of One Guinea for every Recruit, as early as may be after such Recruit shall have joined his Company while out in actual Service as aforesaid (all which Money so paid by such Collectors shall be allowed them in their Accounts); and all Money so received, or so much thereof as such Colonel shall think proper, shall be laid out in the Manner he shall think most advantageous for the respective Militia Men; and before any Militia Man shall receive his Discharge, an Account shall be rendered to such Militia Man how the said Sum of One Guinea hath been applied and disposed of, and the Remainder of the said Money, if any, shall be paid to such Militia Man.

Collector of Excise shall pay to Order of the Colonel of any Regiment ordered into actual Service, One Guinea per Man for Necessaries, to be accounted for.

LX. And be it further enacted, That when the said Militia, or any Part thereof, having been drawn out into actual Service as aforesaid, shall be again duly disembodied, and the Officers and Private Men thereof dismissed to return to their several Places of Abode, the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men, shall be subject to the same Orders, Directions, and Engagements only, as they were subject to under the Provisions of this Act, before they were so drawn out into actual Service, except as herein-after mentioned.

Disembodiment Militia.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person having served in the Militia, when drawn out into actual Service, being a married Man, may set up and exercise any Trade in any Town or Place in Ireland, without any Let, Suit or Molestation, of or from any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or by reason of exercising or using such Trade, as freely and with the same Provision, and under the same Regulations, as any Inhabitants of such Places might or could do.

Militia Men having served may exercise Trades.

LXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Officer or Non-commissioned Officer of the Militia, or private Militia Man, having Voice or Vote at any Election to be held in Ireland for any Member or Members to serve in Parliament shall, if he or they shall require, have Leave for a reasonable Time, to be expressed in such Leave, to go to, and return from such Election; and no such Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Private shall be liable to any Penalty or Punishment for or on account of his Absence during the Time expressed in such Leave.

Leave of Absence to vote at Elections of Members of Parliament.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer, Sergeant or other Person, shall at any Time wilfully and knowingly enlist any Man to serve in His Majesty's Regular Forces, who at the Time of such enlisting shall be enrolled, or ballotted, or engaged to serve in the Militia, except under the Provisions of any Act in force at the Time of such enlisting, and especially authorizing such enlisting into His Majesty's Regular Forces, every such enlisting shall be deemed null and void; and in case any Militia Man, at the Time of offering to enlist as aforesaid, shall deny to the Officer, Sergeant, or other

Militia Men shall not enlist into Regular Forces (except under special Acts.)

Penalty on
Men enlisting,
Six Months
Imprisonment,
&c.

other Person recruiting for Men to enlist and serve in His Majesty's other Forces, that he is (at the Time of his offering to enlist) a Militia Man then actually enrolled and engaged to serve (which the said Officer, Serjeant, or other Person is hereby required to ask every Man offering to enlist in His Majesty's other Forces) or shall offer himself to be enlisted and serve in any other Regiment or Battalion of Militia, any Militia Man so offending shall, on Conviction thereof upon the Oath of One Witness before any One Justice of the Peace, be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for and during any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, over and above any Penalty or Punishment to which such Person so offending is or shall be otherwise liable; and every Person so offending shall, from the Day on which his Engagement to serve in the Militia shall end, and no sooner, belong as a Soldier to such Corps of His Majesty's other Forces into which he shall have so enlisted, to serve therein from such Day for the full Period of Service for which he shall have originally engaged, and which Service shall commence upon the Day on which he may be discharged from the Militia, and not before: and if any Officer, Serjeant, or other Person shall enlist any Man belonging to the Militia, to serve in His Majesty's Forces, knowing him to belong to the Militia, or without asking him if he belongs to the Militia (except under the special Provisions of any such Act in force as aforesaid) every such Officer, Serjeant, or other Person, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any Person actually serving in any of His Majesty's other Forces shall offer himself to serve, and be enrolled as a Substitute in the Militia, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay to the Person informing of such Offence, the Sum of Ten Pounds, or be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for any Time not exceeding Three Months.

Penalty on
Serjeants en-
listing Militia
Men, 20l.

Penalty on
Soldier offering
himself as a
Militia Man, 10l.

Militia shall not
serve out of
Ireland, unless
by their own
Desire, as under
44 G. 3. c. 32.

LXIV. And be it enacted, That neither the Whole nor any Part of the Militia of Ireland, shall on any Account be carried or ordered to go out of Ireland, unless by and with the Desire and Consent of each and every Officer, Non commissioned Officer, Drummer, and Private, who shall be so carried or go, and then only within the United Kingdom: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall repeal, or be extended or construed to repeal an Act made in the Forty-fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for empowering His Majesty for a Time and to an Extent therein limited, to accept the Services of such Parts of His Militia Forces in Ireland, as may voluntarily offer themselves to be employed in Great Britain, or any Act for continuing the same, in force immediately before the passing of this Act.*

Governors of
Counties may
appoint Deputy
Governors of
Counties.

LXV. And be it enacted, That for the more effectually carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Governors of the several Counties and Counties of Cities in Ireland, or the Majority of Governors where there shall be more than One appointed for any County or County of a City, from Time to Time to appoint so many and such Persons duly qualified as herein-after mentioned, and living within their respective Counties, as he or they shall think fit, to be Deputy Governors for every County or County of a City in Ireland, having a Regiment or Battalion of Militia; the Names of such Persons having been first presented to, and not dis-

approved of by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being.

LXVI. Provided always, That if the Governor or the Majority of the Governors of any County shall decline, refuse, or omit to appoint and return the Names of Persons to be Deputy Governors of any County or County of a City, that then and in such Case it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, of *Ireland*, for the Time being, to appoint such Persons (duly qualified as herein-after mentioned) as he or they shall think fit, to be Deputy Governors for every such County or County of a City whereof the Governor or Governors, or the Majority of them, shall have declined, refused, or omitted to appoint Deputy Governors as aforesaid.

If Governor neglect, Lord Lieutenant may appoint.

LXVII. And be it enacted, That there shall be Twenty Deputy Governors at the least within every County, if so many can be found qualified as herein-after directed, but if such Number of proper and discreet Persons so qualified cannot be found within any such County, then as many such Persons qualified as can be found within such County shall be appointed to be Deputy Governors for the Purposes of this Act; and no Commission of any Deputy Governor shall be vacated by reason of the Vacation, Expiration, or Discontinuance of the Commission or Authority of the Person or Persons by whom any such Deputy Governor has been or may be appointed.

Twenty Deputy Governors in each County, &c.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, from Time to Time as he or they shall think fit, to signify his or their Pleasure to the Governor or Governors of any County or County of a City, to displace all or any Deputy Governor or Deputy Governors thereof, and upon such Signification of his or their Pleasure, such Deputy Governor or Deputy Governors shall be displaced accordingly.

Removal of Deputy Governors.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Persons being appointed Deputy Governors in pursuance of this Act, except within Counties of Cities, shall be qualified as follows; that is to say, every Person so to be appointed a Deputy Governor, shall be seised or possessed, either in Law or Equity, for his own Use and Benefit, in Possession of a Real or Freehold Estate, for his own Life, or for the Life of his Wife, she having a Real or Freehold Estate for her Life, or for some greater Term, or shall be possessed of a Term of Years, whereof Fourteen Years shall be unexpired, in Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments in *Ireland*, of the yearly Value of Two hundred Pounds, or shall be Heir Apparent of some Person who shall in like Manner be seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the yearly Value of Four hundred Pounds: Provided always, that the Qualification of every Deputy Governor shall be situated within the County whereof he shall be appointed Deputy Governor.

Qualifications of Deputy Governors.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That with respect to the Counties of the Cities of *Dublin*, *Cork*, and *Limerick*, and the County of the Town of *Drogheda*, the Chief Magistrate of each of the said Cities and Town respectively for the Time being, and the Colonels of the Militia of the said Counties of Cities, and of the County of *Louth*, shall be Governors of the said Cities and Town, and of the Precincts and Liberties thereof respectively, for the Purposes of this Act, and shall

Chief Magistrates of *Dublin*, *Cork*, or *Limerick*, and *Drogheda*, shall be Governors.

shall respectively have all the Powers and Authorities hereby given to Governors of Counties, and all Powers and Provisions made by this Act with respect to Counties at large, and the Militia thereof, and the registering herein directed of the Qualifications of the Deputy Governors, shall take place and be in force with respect to the said Cities, and the Militia thereof, and the registering of such Qualifications; and the respective Value of such Qualifications shall be as follows, that is to say; every Deputy Governor shall be seised or possessed, either in Law or Equity, for his own Use and Benefit, in Possession of a Real or Freehold Estate for his own Life or for the Life of his Wife, she having a Real or Freehold Estate for her Life, or for some greater Term, or shall be possessed of a Term of Years whereof Fourteen shall be unexpired, of the yearly Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds at the least, or shall be possessed of a Personal Estate alone, or seised and possessed of a Real and Personal Estate together, of the Value of Three thousand Pounds.

Qualifications
of Deputy
Governors there.

Deputy
Governors shall
deliver their
Qualifications
to Clerks of the
Peace.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall hereafter be appointed to be a Deputy Governor of any County or City, until he shall have delivered in to the Clerk of the Peace of the County or City for which he shall be appointed, or, in the Absence of the Clerk of the Peace, to his Deputy, a specific Description in Writing, signed by himself, of his Qualification, stating the County or Counties, Parish or Parishes, in which the Estate or Estates which form his Qualification is or are situate, with the Denominations of the Land; and the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall transmit to the Custos Rotulorum, or Senior Governor of the County, or Chief Magistrate of the City, a Copy of such Description.

Clerks of Peace
shall register
Qualifications,
&c.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of every such County or City shall and is hereby required, from Time to Time, to enter the Qualifications transmitted to him according to the Directions of this Act, upon a Roll to be provided and kept for that Purpose; and the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall, in the Month of *January* in every Year, transmit to the Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors for the Time being, a complete Account of the Qualifications so left with him; and such Secretary receiving such Accounts, shall cause Copies thereof to be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament; and every Deputy Governor shall, at some Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or in One of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*, within Three Months from and after the Date of his Commission, take such Oaths or Oath, and make and sign such Declaration or Declarations as is or shall be required to be taken, made, and signed, by any Officer of His Majesty's Forces in *Ireland*.

Oaths of Deputy
Governors.

Penalty on
Deputy
Governors
acting without
Qualification,
&c.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall execute any of the Powers hereby directed to be executed by Deputy Governors, not being qualified as aforesaid, or not, having delivered in such specific Description of his Qualifications as is herein-before required, save in the Cases herein-atter particularly mentioned, or not having taken the said Oaths and made the said Declarations within the Time herein directed for those Purposes, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, one Moiety whereof shall go to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; and in every Action, Suit or Information, brought against any Person for acting as Deputy Governor, not being qualified as
herein-

herein-before directed, the Proof of his Qualification shall be upon the Person against whom the same is brought: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained, shall restrain or prevent any Peer of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of any such Peer, from being appointed, or acting as a Deputy Governor within any County or City, wherein such Peer, or Heir Apparent of such Peer, shall have some Place of Residence, although he may not have the Qualifications herein-before required, or to oblige any Peer of this Realm, or Heir Apparent of such Peer, who shall be appointed a Deputy Governor as aforesaid, to leave with the Clerk of the Peace for the County or City for which he shall be so appointed, any Qualifications in Writing as aforesaid.

Proviso for Peers
and their Heirs.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or Governors of any County, or County of a City or Town, or the Majority of them, shall from Time to Time appoint a Clerk of the General Meetings to be holden as herein-after directed, and may displace such Clerk, if such Governor, or the Majority of Governors, where there is or shall be more than One, shall think fit, and appoint another in his Room; and the Deputy Governors within the respective Subdivisions, or the major Part of those resident in any Subdivision, shall also, from Time to Time, appoint a Clerk for their respective Subdivisions, and may displace such Clerk, if they or the major Part of them shall think fit, and appoint another in his Room: Provided always, that no Clerk of the General Meetings shall be appointed to be a Clerk of any Subdivision, and that no Subdivisional Clerk shall be appointed to be Clerk of the General Meetings.

Appointment
of Clerks of
General
Meetings.

Subdivision
Clerk.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That a Book shall be kept by the Clerk of every Subdivision, in which Book all Proceedings to be had under this Act or any Act relating to the said Militia, at every Subdivision Meeting, shall be duly and fully entered; and in the said Book the Names of the Governors and Deputy Governors present at every such Subdivision Meeting respectively shall be set down and specified, and at the Foot of every Day's Proceedings such Subdivision Clerk shall sign his Name, and every Subdivision Clerk shall from Time to Time, together with the amended Lists of Names herein-after mentioned, transmit to the Clerk of the Peace a List of the Names, Ages, and Residence of all such Persons as shall at any and every such Meeting have been excused from serving in the said Militia, together with the Cause for which they were so excused; and such Subdivision Clerk shall also once in the Year, at least Ten Days previous to the annual General Meeting in October, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings of the County, a Copy of the Proceedings of all the Subdivisional Meetings in the preceding Year, signed and attested as a true Copy by such Clerk of such Subdivision.

Clerks of
Subdivisions
shall enter
Proceedings in
Books, &c.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue for any County shall pay to the Clerk of the General Meetings the Sum of Five Pounds Thirteen Shillings and Nine-pence for each Meeting, and shall also pay to the Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings the Sum of One Pound Two Shillings and Nine-pence for each Sub-division Meeting, on such Clerk respectively producing to such Collector an Order from the Governor or Governors, Deputy Governor or Deputy Governors, present at such Meeting, or any Two of them; and such Payments shall be allowed in

Payment of such
Clerks for their
Attendance.

every such Collector's Accounts: Provided always, that no Clerk of any General Meeting shall be entitled to receive in any One Year more than Thirty Guineas, nor any Clerk of any Subdivisional Meeting more than Twenty Guineas, from the Collectors of His Majesty's Revenue, for his Attendance at such Meeting respectively, any Law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that every Clerk of a General or Subdivisional Meeting shall, before he be entitled to receive any Payment as aforesaid, severally enter into Recognizance before a Justice of the Peace, which Recognizance every Justice is hereby empowered to take, the Clerk of the General Meeting in the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and the Clerk of a Subdivisional Meeting in the Sum of Thirty Pounds, conditioned that he shall duly and diligently attend his Duty as Clerk, for One Year from the Date thereof; and that in every Order to the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue for Payment to any Clerk, his having entered into such Recognizance shall be certified, or such Order shall be void and of no Effect.

Such Clerks shall give Security for performing their Duty.

LXXXVII. And, in order to make Compensation to the Clerk of the Peace and the Clerk of the Sub-divisional Meetings for 'the Trouble imposed on them by this Act;' Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Grand Juries at Assizes, and for the Grand Juries of the County and County of the City of *Dublin*, at presenting Terms, to present to be raised off the County at large, and paid to the Clerk of the Peace for his Trouble in the Execution of the Militia Laws, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds a Year, over and above all other Sums which by Law they are now empowered to present to be paid to him, and to present to be raised in like Manner, and paid to such Clerk of a Subdivisional Meeting, a Sum after the Rate of Six Shillings for every One hundred Names of Persons contained in the amended and other Lists made under the Provisions of this Act. for the Subdivisions of which he shall be Clerk.

Presentments by Juries for Allowances to Clerks of Peace and Subdivision Clerks.

On Clerk neglecting Duty, no Presentment shall be made.

LXXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Clerk of the Peace or Clerk of the Subdivision Meeting shall, in any County or County of a City, neglect or omit to do any Act which by this Act he is required to do, no Presentment shall be made or stated at any Assizes in such County or County of a City, or at any Term if in the County or City of *Dublin* for any Money to be paid to him.

General Meetings of Governors and Deputy Governors.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That General Meetings of the Governor or Governors, and Deputy Governors of every County or County of a City or Town, shall be holden in some Town of every such County, and such General Meetings shall consist of the Governor or Governors, or any of them, together with One Deputy Governor at least, or on the Death or Removal, or in the Absence of the Governor or Governors, or all of them, then of Three Deputy Governors at the least of every County or County of a City or Town respectively; and such General Meetings shall be holden within every County, and within each of the said Counties of the Cities of *Dublin*, *Cork*, and *Limerick*, and of the Town of *Drogheda*, by or under the Orders of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, in Manner herein-after mentioned; and such General Meetings shall also be held annually upon the *Tuesday* that shall happen next before

First Annual General Meeting in October.

before the Twenty-fourth Day of *October* in every Year, and when and as often as any Governor, or any Two Deputy Governors as aforesaid, shall find it necessary for carrying the Purposes of this Act duly and fully into Execution; and that such Governor or Deputy Governors shall and may, by Notice in Writing to the Clerk of the General Meeting, summon or cause to be summoned such General Meetings, on any Days to be fixed by such Summonses, of which Places of holding such Meetings respectively, Notice shall be given by the Clerk of the General Meetings in any Newspaper, if any there shall be published in such County or County of a City, Fourteen Days at the least before the Day appointed for holding such Meeting respectively;.

Other General Meetings.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That such Governors and Deputy Governors, or a competent Number thereof, appointed at any General Meeting, shall or may divide every such County into such Subdivisions as they shall think most expedient for the Purposes of this Act, and shall or may change the same from Time to Time as they shall think proper: Provided always, that the Subdivisions heretofore made and established, or which before the Commencement of this Act shall be duly made and established, shall remain and continue until the same shall be duly altered, as if this Act had not been made: Provided also, that it shall not be lawful for any Governors or Deputy Governors to divide any County into any greater Number of Subdivisions than shall be equal to Four Times the Number of Barones contained in such County, without the express Approbation and Consent of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being in that Behalf obtained.

Dividing of Counties into Subdivisions.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That Subdivisional Meetings of the Governor or Governors and Deputy Governors within the said Subdivisions of the respective Counties or Counties of Cities, or Towns, shall be holden from Time to Time, and every such Subdivisional Meeting shall consist of Two Members at the least, and shall and may be held at such Times and Places within the said Subdivisions respectively as shall be directed at any General Meeting duly convened, or as shall be appointed by Notice in Writing to the Clerk of such Subdivision by any Governor, or by any Deputy Governor resident within such Subdivision; and that every Deputy Governor of any County shall, if he thinks fit, attend all Subdivision Meetings of such County, and act and vote therein as if he was resident in such Subdivision.

Subdivisional Meetings.

LXXXII. And be it further enacted, That all General and Subdivision Meetings, to be from Time to Time holden under this Act, shall and may adjourn as they shall find expedient for the Execution of this Act; and in case the Number of Governors or Deputy Governors required to form any General Meeting or Subdivisional Meeting shall not attend at the several Times and Places respectively appointed for such General or Subdivisional Meetings respectively, then and in every such Case the Clerk of such General or Subdivisional Meeting, as the Case may be, shall adjourn such General or Subdivisional Meeting respectively to some subsequent Time, not exceeding the Distance of Seven Days to be holden at the same Place.

Adjournments of General Meetings and Subdivisional Meetings.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings shall forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be after any Subdivision Meeting shall have been appointed,

Notice of Subdivisional Meetings.

give Notice in Writing of the Time and Place of Meeting, and of the Purpose for which the same is to be held, to the Governor and Governors, and also to such of the Deputy Governors who shall be resident within such Subdivisions respectively.

Regulations
for summoning
General
Meetings, and
obtaining Lists
for a Ballot for
Men to form any
Regiment, or
to supply
Vacancies.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That whenever either for the forming any Regiment or Battalion of Militia in *Ireland*, or for filling up any Vacancies therein, by Death, Desertion, or lawful Discharge, the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, shall order that the necessary Number of Men shall be raised by Ballot, and that new Lists shall be returned for the several Districts, Parishes, and Places within the County, County of a City, or Town, or District to which such Regiment or Battalion belongs, and such Order shall be notified by Proclamation in the *Dublin Gazette*, or by the Letter of the Chief Secretary for the Time being, to any Governor or Governors of the County or County of a City to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, then and in every such Case the Governor or Governors of such County or County of a City, or any of them, shall forthwith summon a General Meeting to be held therein, within Ten Days from the Date of such Proclamation or the Receipt of such Letter; and the Governor or Governors and Deputy Governors, or a competent Number thereof assembled at such General Meeting, shall appoint a convenient Place and Time, not more distant than Twenty Days, or sooner than Eight Days, for a Meeting in every Subdivision within the County, County of a City, or District to which such Regiment or Battalion belongs; and they shall also issue their Commands in Writing to the several High or Chief Constables, or where there shall not be a High or Chief Constable, to some other Peace Officer, or to the Collector of the Publick Cess in each Barony of such County or District, or in such County of a City, requiring each of them to issue an Order under his Hand to all Constables or other Officers of every Parish or Place within his District, to make out fair and true Lists of all Male Persons usually or at the Time resident or dwelling within such Parish or Place, within the Ages of Sixteen and Forty-five Years, distinguishing the Profession, Trade, or Occupation of each, according to the Form in Schedule (A.) annexed to this Act; and when the true Name of any such Person cannot be procured, setting down his common Appellation, which will be sufficient, and also distinguishing such as labour under any Infirmary likely to incapacitate them from serving as Militia Men, and to return the same to the Meeting appointed as aforesaid to be held in the Subdivision where such Parish or Place is situated respectively, verifying upon Oath at the Foot thereof, that he has formed the said List or Lists fairly, honestly, and impartially, without Favour, Affection, or Malice towards any Person; and that he had used his best Endeavours to discover the Names of all the Male Inhabitants of the Parish or District for which he has made a Return; and that the Name of every Person whom he discovered to be dwelling or resident within such Parish or Place, and who is liable and required by Law to be inserted therein, is inserted therein.

Governors of
Counties may
divide Counties
on Failure of
General
Meetings.

LXXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if in any County or County of a City or Town such General Meeting shall not be held within the Time aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any One Governor of such County or County of a City or Town, within Six Days after the Expiration of the Time for holding such Meeting,

ing, to making Divisions of such County, County of a City or Town as aforesaid, if not already divided, appoint Times and Places for Subdivisonal Meetings, and issue Orders for making out and returning Lists in Manner aforesaid; and every such Division, Appointment, or Order, shall be as valid to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been made at a General Meeting as aforesaid.

LXXXVI. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if in any Parish or Place there shall be no Constable or other Officer, or such Constable or other Officer shall refuse to receive the Order which shall be given to him as aforesaid to make out the Lists, the Chief or High Constable or other Peace Officer or Collector, receiving the Command as aforesaid, shall appoint a fit and proper Person to act as Constable therein for the Purpose of executing this Act, and no other.

Appointment of Special Constables.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person being one of the People called *Quakers*, shall be appointed Chief, High, or Petty Constable or other Officer, for the Purpose of carrying any of the Regulations of this Act into Execution: Provided always, That if any Person shall be appointed to any such Office, and shall refuse to accept thereof by reason of his being one of the People called *Quakers*, and shall produce a Certificate under the Hands of Two or more reputable Housekeepers, being of the People called *Quakers*, dated within the Three Months immediately preceding the Day on which it shall be produced, acknowledging such Person to be one of their Persuasion, thereupon some other fit and proper Person shall be appointed Chief, High or Petty Constable, or other Officer, in the Room of such *Quaker*, in order to carry this Act into perfect Execution.

Quakers shall not be Constables.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Constable or other Officer shall neglect or refuse to make or return the List or Lists which by this Act he shall be required to do, and be thereof convicted by his own Confession, or on the Oath of One credible Witness before any Justice of the Peace, he shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be levied on his Goods and Chattels under the Warrant of such Justice, or in default thereof, he shall be committed to Gaol, there to remain for the Space of Six Months, or until such Sum shall be paid.

Penalty on Constables not returning Lists.

LXXXIX. And Whereas the frequent Attendance of the several High and Petty or Parish Constables is required to carry this Act into Execution; Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue for every County shall pay to every High Constable the Sum of Eleven Shillings and Four-pence Halfpenny, and to every Petty or Parish Constable the Sum of Five Shillings and Five-pence, for each and every Day the said High, Petty, or Parish Constables shall be certified, under the Hands of the Persons presiding at any General or Sub-divisonal Meeting, to have been actually in Attendance or on Duty in carrying this Act into Execution; provided that the whole Sum to any High Constable shall not exceed Twenty Pounds in any One Year, and that the whole Sum to any such Petty or Parish Constable in any One Year shall not exceed the Sum of Twelve Pounds; and such Payments shall be allowed in every Collector's Accounts.

Allowances to Constables for their Attendance.

XC. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor, Governors, or Deputy Governors within any Sub-division, from Time to Time, to issue their Order or Warrant under their

Governors and Deputy Governors may issue Orders to

Constables,
and commit
them for
Disobedience.

Hands and Seals, requiring the Attendance of any Constable or other Officer of the Parish or Place within such Sub-division, at such Time and Place as in such Order or Warrant shall be expressed; and if such Constable or other Officer shall refuse or neglect to appear according to such Order or Warrant, and if any Chief or High Constable, or other Officer of any Barony, or other Officer of any Parish or Place, whether appointed under this Act or otherwise, shall refuse or neglect to return any such List as before directed, or to comply with such Orders and Directions as they shall respectively from Time to Time receive from the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, in pursuance of this Act, or shall, in making such Return, be guilty of any Fraud or wilful Partiality or gross Neglect in his Duty, the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, or any Three or more of them, are hereby empowered and required to commit the Person so offending to the Common Gaol, there to be kept without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of One Month, or at their Discretion to fine such Person in any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings.

Penalty on
inducing
Constables to
make false
Lists, 10l.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall, by Gratuity, Gift, or Reward, or by Promise thereof, or of any Indemnification, or by Menaces or otherwise, endeavour to prevail on any Chief or High Constable or other Officer to make a false Return of any List for any Parish or Place, or to erase or leave out of any such List the Name of any Man who ought to be returned therein to serve as a Militia Man, every such Person for every such Offence shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if any Man shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname, or shall falsely tell a Christian or Surname, or if any Person shall refuse to tell the Christian or Surname of any Man lodging or residing within his or her House, or shall knowingly tell any false Name, pretending it to be the true Name of any such Man, to any Constable or other Officer authorized by this Act to demand the same, such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Parish being
in Two or more
Counties shall
be considered
as separate
Parishes in
the respective
Counties.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Parish in Ireland, or any Parishes episcopally or perpetually united, or any Part thereof respectively, shall be situate in Two or more Counties, the respective Governor or Governors and Deputy Governors of the several and respective Counties within which any Part or Parts of such Parish or united Parishes so-divided shall be situate, shall comprise such Part of any Parish or united Parish so divided as is situated within their own County, in such District or Sub-division of such County as shall be most convenient for the Purposes of carrying this Act into Execution, as if such Part of a Parish or united Parishes were a distinct Parish within such County; and the Constable or Constables of such District or Sub-division shall from Time to Time return the Names of the Inhabitants of such Part of every such Parish or united Parish as live within such County and Sub-division, to the best of their Knowledge and Ability, to the Sub-divisional Meeting, in order that the Ballot may be made in such County from Lists made accordingly.

Lists of Parishes
may be united
for the Ballot.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, within their respective Divisions, to add together, whenever they shall think it necessary, the Lists for two or more Parishes or Places, or Parts of Parishes or Places, and proceed upon such Lists added together

in

in like Manner as if they had been originally returned for One Parish or Place, so as to make the Choice of Militia Men by Ballot within every such Sub-division as equal and impartial as possible.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That if the List of any Parish or Place shall be lost or destroyed, it shall be lawful for the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors within any such Sub-division, or any Two or more of them, to cause a new List as aforesaid in any such Parish or Place, to be made and returned to them at their next Sub-division Meeting, in the same Manner as the List lost or destroyed was made, and ought to have been returned to them by the Direction of the General Meeting.

New Lists in
the Rooms of
Lists lost, &c.

XCv. And be it further enacted, That the Governors and Deputy Governors at each Sub-divisional Meeting appointed as aforesaid, shall immediately proceed thereat to inquire into the Fitness for Service of all Persons named in the Lists returned to them, and select their Names, and hear such Objections as shall be made on the Part of such as they shall so select; and in making such Inquiry and Selection, it shall be lawful to and for such Governors and Deputy Governors to examine upon Oath, which Oaths, as also the Oath to be taken by the Person making the Return, they or any of them, are hereby required and empowered to administer; and when such Lists shall be so prepared by such Inquiry and Selection, they shall appoint a Day and Place for the next Meeting, to be held at a Day not more distant than Ten, or sooner than Six Days, and the Clerk of the Meeting shall forthwith deliver Copies of the Lists so made respectively, to the several Constables or other Persons who respectively returned the general Lists, to be by them affixed, without Delay, on the Outside of the Door of every Church and other Place of Divine Worship in the Parish or Place to which said List was made, or at the usual Place or Places therein for posting Notices within such Parish or District, specifying at the Foot thereof the Day and Place appointed for the next Meeting; and that all Persons who think themselves aggrieved by the Insertion of their Names, or by the Omission of the Names of others in such Lists, may then appeal; and that no Appeal will be afterwards received.

Settling Lists of
Names at
Sub-division
Meetings.

XCvi. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Peer of this Realm, nor any Person who shall act as a Commissioned Officer in any Regiment, Troop, or Company in His Majesty's other Forces, or in any of His Majesty's Castles or Forts, nor any Non-commissioned Officer or Private Man serving in any of His Majesty's Forces, nor any Commissioned Officer serving or who has served Four Years in the Militia, nor any Person enrolled in any Troop or Company of Yeomanry, who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer of such Troop or Company, that he has punctually attended the Exercise of the Troop or Company to which he belongs, for Three Months, immediately preceding the Day on which he shall have been balloted to serve in the Militia, according to the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act to enable His Majesty to accept and continue the Services of certain Troops, or Companies of Yeomanry in Ireland*, nor any Person being a Member of the University, nor any Clergyman or Licensed Teacher of any separate Congregation, nor any Justice of Peace, Constable, or other Peace Officer, nor any articlesd Clerk, Apprentice, Seaman, or Scaffaring Man, nor any

Persons
exempted from
serving in the
Militia.

Person doing Duty in His Majesty's Ordnance for the Service thereof, or at any Magazine or other Storehouse belonging to His Majesty, or under the Directions of the Board of Ordnance, nor any poor Man not worth Ten Pounds in Goods or Chattels, or who does not pay Five Pounds a Year Rent in the Whole for Lands, Tenements, and Cottage or Crophold, for the Crop or by the Year, who has more than Three Children born in Wedlock, living and under the Age of Fourteen, shall be liable to serve personally or provide a Substitute, according to the Directions of this Act; and no Person having served personally or by Substitute in any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, shall be obliged to serve again until by Rotation it shall come to his Turn; but no Person who has served only as a Substitute shall, by such Service, be exempted from serving again if he shall be chosen by Ballot.

Hearing of Appeals and correcting Lists.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That at every Sub-division Meeting for hearing Appeals, the Persons presiding shall inquire upon Oath into the Allegation of every Person who shall appear personally to support his Appeal, or on whose Behalf, if he shall be sick or absent, an Appeal shall be brought, which Oath they or any of them are hereby empowered to administer; and they shall strike out of the List every Person who shall appear to them to be unfit to serve, or to be legally exempted from serving; and they shall likewise insert in such List the Name of any Person who it shall appear to them ought to be inserted therein, and shall have been omitted; and they shall forthwith return to the Clerk of the General Meeting a Certificate under their Hands of the Number of Men contained in the List of every Parish or Place after such Amendment thereof, for the Use of the General Meeting; and they shall likewise send to the Clerk of the Peace a full and accurate Copy of every such amended List, under their Hands and Seals, countersigned by the Clerk of the Meeting, to be by him filed and kept among the Records of the County, which Copy shall be of equal Authenticity for every lawful Purpose respecting the Militia, and of all Proceedings and Acts to be done under this or any Act for raising, embodying, or regulating, or otherwise respecting the Militia, as the Original, in case the Original shall be lost, effaced, or mislaid.

Annual Return of Lists to Privy Council.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Custos Rotulorum, or Senior Governor in case of the Absence of the Custos Rotulorum, of every County, shall and he is hereby required to transmit to His Majesty's Privy Council annually, as soon after the Returns of Men shall have been made to the General Meetings as the same can be done, an Account in Writing of the true State of the Number of Persons fit and liable to serve in the Militia for such County, in the Form of Schedule (B.) to this Act annexed.

General Meeting for apportioning Numbers on Parishes.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That a General Meeting of the Governors and Deputy Governors of every County respectively, shall be summoned by the Clerk of the General Meetings immediately on his receiving such Certificates or any of them, to be held within Seven Days thereafter, and not sooner than Four Days, for the Purpose of apportioning the Number of Militia Men to be raised on the several Sub-divisions, Parishes, or Places; and the Persons who shall preside at such General or other Meeting, shall appoint what Number of Men shall be the Quota or Proportion for each Parish or Place to furnish or keep supplied to the Militia of the County, County

of a City, or District, apportioning the whole Number of the Militia, Non-commissioned Officers, and Drummers included, as nearly as may be, to the Numbers contained in the certified Lists of each Parish or Place, and the Clerk of such Meeting shall forthwith give Notice thereof to the several Sub-divisional Clerks, who shall enter and file the same for the Use of their respective Sub-divisions, and he shall also give a Copy thereof, signed by himself, to the Clerk of the Peace, to be by him filed and kept among the Records of such County; and such General-Meeting shall appoint Meetings to be held in the several Sub-divisions for the Purpose of choosing by Ballot the Number of Persons to be furnished from each Sub-division to the Militia.

C. And be it enacted, That the Governor or Governors with the Deputy Governours of any County, or a competent Number of them assembled at any General Meeting, may alter the Allotment of the Number of Men to be raised in each respective Barony, Parish, or other Division to serve in the Militia, whenever it shall appear to them that any such Allotment is injurious to any Barony, Parish, or other Division.

CI. And be it further enacted, That at every Sub-divisional Meeting so to be held for balloting, whether the same be for forming any Regiment or Battalion, or for supplying any D-ficiency of Men, or filling up any Vacancy or Vacancies therein, the Person or Persons presiding at such Divisional Meeting shall forthwith cause the Number of Men which each Parish or Place ought then to furnish, to be forthwith chosen by Ballot, in Manner following; that is to say, the Names of all Persons contained in the aforesaid List for such Parish or Place shall be fairly written on distinct Pieces of Paper, being as near as may be of equal Size, and rolled up in the same Manner, and put into a Box, Case, or Bag, by the Clerk, and thereout the Names shall be impartially drawn by One of the Persons presiding, or some indifferent Person, until the whole Number which such Parish or Place ought then to furnish shall be drawn; and the Person or Persons presiding at such Sub divisional Meeting shall appoint another Meeting of the Sub-division, to be held within Seven and not sooner than Four Days, and shall cause Notice thereof to be given to each Person drawn by the Ballot, requiring him to appear at such other Meeting, and shew Cause, if any he can, why he should be excused, or there to enrol himself or produce a sufficient Substitute, who shall be approved of or enrolled, such Notice to be left at his Place of Abode Two Days at the least before the Day of his Appearance, or in case he shall have no Place of Abode, or the same cannot be discovered, such Notice to be affixed on the Door of the Church and other Places of Divine Worship, and in all Places where Notices are usually posted in such District or Parish, Two Days at least before the Day for his Appearance; and if he shall not appear, and Proof shall be made upon Oath of such Notice having been given or affixed, and no sufficient Cause on Oath shall be given for his not appearing, or if he shall not be excused when he shall so appear, or produce a Substitute as aforesaid, he shall be adjudged liable to serve, and serve accordingly.

CII. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to any Justice of the Peace, Governor, or Deputy Governor, that any Person drawn by a Ballot is not a Lessee of any Land or Lands, or House, in the Sub-division, in which he shall be drawn, for Years or for Life or Lives, it shall be lawful for him to issue his Warrant for bringing

Apportionment
may be altered.

Notice of
Time for Appeal,
or providing
Substitutes.

Sureties for
Appearance of
ballotted
Persons.

bringing such Person before him, and to bind him, together with One sufficient Surety, in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, for his Appearance at the next Sub-divisional Meeting, and from Meeting to Meeting, until he shall be discharged or enrolled; and if he shall refuse to be so bound, or shall neglect to find such Surety, such Justice is hereby required to order the Clerk of the Sub-division to enrol his Name, and he shall be delivered over without Delay to the proper Officer of the Militia, to serve for such Term as a Man drawn by Ballot shall be bound to serve: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent any such Person from having or taking the Benefit of any Exemption or Appeal to which he may by Law be entitled.

Oath of ballotted
Militia Man.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person so chosen by Ballot who shall so appear at such Meeting, and shall not be excused or provide a Substitute, shall there take the following Oath; that is to say,

‘ I *A. B.* do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King *George*; and I do swear, that I will faithfully serve in the Militia of *Ireland* in the Regiment [*or Battalion*] during the Term of Five Years, unless I shall be sooner discharged.’

And that every Substitute and every Volunteer, and every Man who shall be raised by any Parish Assessment in Manner directed by this Act, who shall so appear at such Meeting, or who may be at any Time enlisted to serve in such Militia, shall take the following Oath; that is to say,

Oath of
Substitute or
Volunteer.

‘ I *A. B.* do solemnly promise and swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King *George*, and I do swear, that I will faithfully serve in the Militia of *Ireland*, in the Regiment [*or Battalion*] during the Term of Five Years; and also for such further Time as the said Regiment [*or Battalion*] shall remain embodied for Service, if at the Expiration of Five Years the said Regiment [*or Battalion*] shall be so embodied, unless I shall be sooner discharged.’

And every such Person shall be enrolled in a Roll to be then and there prepared for that Purpose, to serve in the Militia of the said County or City as a Militia Man accordingly; and that in the Certificate of such Attestation the Day of the Month when such Oath was administered shall be specified in Words, and not in Figures, and that if any such Attestation shall be antedated, the Person knowingly antedating the same shall, if an Officer, be cashiered, and if a Magistrate or Deputy Governor shall become liable to and incur the Penalty of Fifty Pounds on Conviction thereof.

Providing
Substitutes,
who shall take
the Oath before
required.

CIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person so chosen by Ballot shall procure and produce for his Substitute a Man able and fit for Service, and who shall be approved of by the said Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, or any Three or more of them, such Substitute so produced and approved shall be enrolled to serve in the Militia of such County or City as a private Militia Man for the Space of Five Years, and also for such further Time as the Militia shall remain embodied, if at the Expiration of the said Term of Five Years, the Regiment or Battalion to which
such

such Man shall belong shall be on Service out of such County or City, and such Substitute shall take the Oath herein-before appointed to be taken by a Substitute or Volunteer; and any Person so chosen by Ballot for whom such Substitute shall have been so produced, enrolled, and sworn as aforesaid, shall be exempted from Service in the Militia, in the same Manner as if he himself had served according to the Directions of this Act: Provided that no Person who shall be hereafter enrolled in the said Militia, whether as a ballotted Man or Substitute or Volunteer, shall be deemed to be fully approved of, so as to exonerate the Person or Persons, District or Districts bound to provide such Man, or to entitle such Man to receive the Second Instalment of his Bounty if a Volunteer, unless and until such Approbation shall be expressed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment or Battalion, or some proper Officer by him appointed; and also by some Person or Persons duly appointed or authorized by or under the Army Medical Board to hold a medical Inspection on such Person.

Men inrolled shall not be deemed Militia Men until approved by the Colonel, &c. and Surgeons.

CV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That when it shall appear to the Governor or Governors, and Deputy Governors, or any of them, who shall be assembled and competent to preside at any Sub-division Meeting, that any Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia is unable by any Infirmary, or not being of the Height of Five Feet Two Inches, or is otherwise unfit for Service, it shall be lawful for the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors so assembled, and they are hereby required to discharge such Person, and immediately to amend the List for the Place for which such Person shall have been ballotted, by striking his Name out of the same, and cause another Person to be chosen in his Stead by Ballot, according to the Directions of this Act.

Discharging of Persons infirm, &c. although ballotted.

CVI. And for the ascertaining what Numbers may be actually serving for any particular Parish or Place in Cases where a Ballot is to be held for filling up Vacancies, or in any other Cases; Be it enacted, That every Commanding Officer of a Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall, within Seven Days after the First Day of October in each and every Year, and as often as he shall be required so to do by the Governors or Deputy Governors at any General Meeting, send to the Clerk of the General Meeting of the County or County of a City, to which his Regiment or Battalion belongs, a full and accurate Account of the Names of all Non-commissioned Officers, Drummers, and Privates, serving at the Time in his Regiment or Battalion, specifying the several Parishes or Places for which each Man serves, or is set down to serve, as far as it has come to his Knowledge; which List shall, by the Clerk of the General Meetings, be filed and preserved for the Use of the Governor or Deputy Governors.

Returns to Clerks of Peace by Commanding Officer of the State of the Regiment.

CVII. And be it further enacted, That the Persons who shall preside at any General or other Meeting which shall be held by virtue of this Act, for the Purpose of apportioning the Militia, shall set down to the Credit of each Parish or Place all such Men in the said Account, as by such Account or by other sufficient Documents shall appear to be serving for the same; and that the remaining Men shall be divided by Lot among the several Parishes and Places aforesaid, within the County, or County of a City or Town, in Manner following; that is to say, the Person presiding at such Meeting shall

How Men shall be set down to Credit of each Parish, &c. by Ballot, &c.

cause the Names of all the Men so remaining in the said List, after all such Credit being given, to be fairly written on distinct Pieces of Paper, being as near as may be all of equal Size, and rolled in the same Manner, to be put into a Box; and they shall also cause the Names of the several Parishes or Places on which any Appointment shall have been made, of the Number of Men to be furnished to the Militia, fairly written on distinct Pieces of Parchment or Paper, being as near as may be all of equal Size, and rolled up in the same Manner, to be put into another Box, and they or he, as the Case may be, shall cause One indifferent Person, publicly and fairly to draw a Roll out of one Box, and One other indifferent Person to draw in like Manner a Roll out of the other Box, and the Name of the Person so drawn out of the one Box shall be immediately set down to the Credit of the Parish or Place so drawn out of the other Box, and the Roll containing the Name of such Parish or Place shall again be returned into its Box rolled up in like Manner as before, and to the said drawing of the Rolls shall be continued by drawing one out of each Box at a Time, always shaking each Box before each Drawing, until all the Names contained in the First Box shall be completely drawn and set down to the Credit of the Parish or Place respectively with which they shall be drawn: Provided always, that so soon during such Drawing as there shall be set down to the Credit altogether of any Parish or Place the full Number of the Quota it is to furnish its Name shall not be again put into the Box until the whole of the Drawing shall be over.

Notice of Quotas
and Ballots to
Sub-divisional
Clerks.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Number of Men to be raised from each particular Parish or Place shall be ascertained as aforesaid, the Clerk of the General Meetings shall send Notice to every Sub-divisional Clerk of the Quota or Proportion of Men which each Parish or Place in his Sub-division is to furnish to the Militia; and shall send a Copy of the Names of the several Men set down to the Credit of each such Parish or Place, specifying opposite to each Name the distinct Cause of such Credit; and every Sub-divisional Clerk shall respectively lay such Copy before the Sub-divisional Meeting which shall next meet for the Purpose of taking a Ballot.

Vacancies shall
be supplied out
of existing Lists.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Vacancy or Vacancies shall happen in the Regiment or Battalion of Militia for any County or County of a City, or Town, by Death, Desertion, or lawful Discharge, and it shall not be provided by Law, or directed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, that the same shall be filled by enrolling Volunteers, the Clerk of the Peace shall, within Seven Days after he shall receive an Account thereof under the Hand of the Officer commanding the Regiment or Battalion, give Notice thereof to the Clerk of the Sub-division in which the Parish or Place where the Person or Persons who has or have occasioned such Vacancy or Vacancies shall have been respectively set down to serve for is situated, and such Clerk shall summon a Sub-divisional Meeting to be held within Seven Days, to provide a Man or Men to serve in his or their Room, and a Man or Men shall at every such Meeting be chosen by Ballot, to be held in Manner hereinbefore prescribed; and in case any Defeater shall at any Time return to his Regiment or Battalion, or be taken, he shall, notwithstanding any

any Person shall so have been chosen in his Room, be compelled to serve in the same Manner and for the said Term as if no Person had been so chosen in his Room.

CX. And be it further enacted, That if through the Neglect or Mistake of any Chief or High Constable, Constable, or other Person, or from any other Cause, the full Number of Men appointed for any Sub-division should not be duly enrolled at any Meeting appointed for that Purpose, then the Governor or Governors, and Deputy Governors, or any Two or more of them, may and are hereby required immediately to cause the List to be amended, and to proceed to a fresh Ballot, and to adjourn their Meeting or appoint other Meetings, and repeat the amending of the Lists as often as may be necessary and expedient for carrying the Purposes of this Act duly and fully into Execution; and it shall be lawful for any One Governor or Deputy Governor to administer the Oath herein-before required to be taken by Persons to serve in the Militia, to any Person ballotted for under the Directions of this Act, or to any Person who, being qualified as this Act requires, shall offer to serve as a Substitute or Volunteer; and such Governor or Deputy Governor is hereby authorized to direct and require the Clerks of the Sub-division for which every such Person by whom the said Oath has been taken before him is to serve, to enrol the Name of every such Person, together with the Date of the Day on which the said Oath was so administered to him, in the Roll of such Sub-division.

Amendment of Lists, and further Ballot.

Administering Oath to Militia Man, and enrolling him.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That the respective Clerks of the Sub-divisional Meetings shall, as soon as the Militia Men are enrolled, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meetings, and to the Colonel or Commanding Officer, a List, specifying the Names and Trades and Places of Abode of all such Militia Men as are enrolled; and where there are Substitutes, the Names, Trades, and Places of Abode of the Persons in the Room of whom they were enrolled as Substitutes, in the Form in Schedule C. to this Act annexed.

Sub-division Clerks shall transmit Lists of all Men enrolled.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia shall be liable to such Service, although he may have removed from the Place where his Name was inserted in the List, provided he was residing in such Place at the Time when the List was according to the Directions of this Act prepared; and every Person liable to serve in the Militia having more than One Place of Residence, shall serve for the County or Place where his Name shall be first drawn, as aforesaid.

Persons removing, &c. shall serve for Places where they are drawn.

CXIII. And, to prevent the Militia Service from suffering by 'ballotted Men not appearing pursuant to Notice as aforesaid;' Be it enacted, That on the Non-appearance of any Person drawn by Ballot as aforesaid, Notice having been given or affixed as aforesaid, and no Substitute as aforesaid being produced, the Person or Persons residing shall immediately proceed to choose another to serve in his Place, and so from Time to Time on every Day appointed for the Appearance of the Person so drawn not appearing until a sufficient Man shall be enrolled.

Where ballotted Man does not appear, another shall be chosen.

CXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Person chosen at any Time by Ballot as aforesaid, who shall not by virtue of this Act be excused from serving or produce a Substitute, which Substitute shall be approved of and enrolled, who shall not immediately enrol himself and join the Regiment or Battalion, shall be liable to serve,

Ballotted Man not appearing shall be held a Defeater.

serve, notwithstanding another Person may have been chosen in his Room; and it shall be lawful for any Magistrate to issue his Warrant for apprehending him in the Manner and with like Authority as for apprehending a Deserter, and upon Conviction upon Oath before any Magistrate that such Person was ballotted to serve in the Militia, and not excused, he shall be fined in the Sum of Five Pounds, and in case of Non-payment thereof, the same may be levied by Distress of his Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Magistrate, or he may be committed to the Common Gaol of the County if he shall be apprehended, there to remain for the Space of Six Months, or until the Commanding Officer shall desire that he may be sent to the Regiment or Battalion, and the like Reward shall be paid for apprehending him as for apprehending a Deserter, and he shall be deemed a Deserter, and suffer as such.

Ballotted Man failing at first to appear, may give Surety to serve on next Vacancy.

CXV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Person so drawn by Ballot, and failing to appear, shall afterwards voluntarily appear at a Time when the Militia is complete, he shall be immediately enrolled, and shall be bound in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and shall find a sufficient Surety to be bound in the Sum of Ten Pounds for his Appearance, and joining the Militia whenever there shall be a Vacancy, or he shall be required by the Commanding Officer or Clerk of the Sub-division to join, and his Time of Service shall commence from the Day of his joining; and if he shall so fail to bind himself, or to find such Surety, he shall be committed by any Magistrate, Governor, or Deputy Governor, to the Common Gaol of the County, there to remain until he shall be sent to the Regiment or Battalion to serve therein as aforesaid.

Substitutes not appearing shall repay Money received, with Twenty Shillings Penalty.

CXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall receive Money from any other Person to serve as a Volunteer or Substitute in the Militia as aforesaid, and shall neglect to appear at the usual Meeting appointed for swearing the Militia Men, or before some Governor or Deputy Governor, in order to be sworn according to the Directions of this Act, every such Person so neglecting to appear and be sworn, being convicted thereof before any Governor or Deputy Governor, shall be obliged to return the Money to the Person or Persons from whom he received it, and shall also forfeit and pay to such Person or Persons any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, at the Discretion of such Governor or Deputy Governor before whom he shall be so convicted; and if such Offender shall not immediately return the Money so by him received as aforesaid, and likewise pay the said Penalty, he shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the Space of Three Months, or until the same Sum shall be paid.

Penalty on Persons refusing to pay their Substitutes, 5l.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia, shall have engaged any other Person to serve as his Substitute, and the Person so chosen by Ballot shall have agreed to pay to the Person so engaged a certain Sum for such Services, and shall after such Substitute has been enrolled refuse to pay him the full Sum agreed on, it shall and may be lawful for any Governor or Deputy Governor, or Justice of the Peace, on Application made to him, and such Governor, Deputy Governor, or Justice is hereby required to order such Sum of Money as shall appear to him to be due to the Person so engaged, to be immediately paid to him by the Person or Persons by or for whom he shall be engaged to serve

as aforesaid; and in case of his refusing or neglecting so to do, to forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and also the Sum engaged to be paid to the Substitute, the same to be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Governor or Deputy Governor, or Justice of the Peace, off the Goods and Chattels of such Person so engaging such Substitute.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person being sworn and enrolled to serve as a ballotted Man, Substitute, or Volunteer in the Militia, shall afterwards desert or absent himself from the Regiment or Battalion to which he belongs, every such Person shall be liable to, and shall serve as a Militia Man in such Regiment or Battalion for and during the full Term for which he shall be enrolled, to be computed from the Day on which he shall be apprehended, and shall also be subject to such other Penalty or Punishment as shall be inflicted upon him for such Offence by virtue of this Act; and the Commanding Officer of such Regiment or Battalion shall cause Notice to be given to the Clerk of the Sub-division for which such Person was enrolled, of the Day on which he was apprehended; and such Clerk shall make an Entry on the Roll of the Militia of the Name of such Person, and also of the Time of his being so apprehended.

Substitutes deserting shall, if retaken, serve their full Period.

CXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, being one of the Persuasion called *Quakers*, shall be chosen by Ballot to serve in the Militia, and shall refuse or neglect to appear and take the Oath and serve in the Militia, or provide a Substitute to be approved of as aforesaid, who shall take the Oath and subscribe his Consent to serve as the Substitute of such Quaker, then and in every such Case, any Two or more Governors or Deputy Governors shall, if they shall think proper, upon as reasonable Terms as may be, provide and hire a fit Person to serve as a Substitute for such Quaker, and such Substitute shall take the Oath herein prescribed for a Substitute, and subscribe his Consent to serve in the Militia for the same Term, and on the same Conditions as are herein-before directed in the Case of Substitutes produced by Persons chosen by Ballot; and any Three or more Governors or Deputy Governors may and are hereby authorized by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to levy, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Quaker, such Sum of Money as shall be necessary to defray the Expence of providing and hiring such Substitute, rendering to such Quaker the Overplus (if any), after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale; and if no Goods or Chattels belonging to such Quaker can be found sufficient to levy such Distress, and it shall nevertheless appear satisfactorily to such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, that such Quaker is of sufficient Ability to pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, then it shall be lawful for such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, to commit such Quaker to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or until he shall have paid such Sum of Money as such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors shall have agreed to pay to such Substitute as aforesaid; and in case any Measure shall be used in making Distress as aforesaid which may be by any such Quaker thought oppressive, it shall be lawful for such Quaker to complain to the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, at their next Meeting, who are

Substitutes shall be provided for Quakers;

levying the Expence on Quaker's Goods, &c.

Appeals by Quakers to Governors.

hereby

hereby empowered and required finally to hear and determine the same.

Demands on Quakers under this Act shall be made separately from other Demands.

CXX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where under this Act any Person, being one of the Persuasion of the People called *Quakers*, shall be required to pay any Sum of Money to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, either by the Warrant of any Governor or Deputy Governor as aforesaid, or by the Warrant of the Treasurer of any County, City, or Town, in consequence of any Presentment of any Grand Jury, or otherwise, the Demand for such Sum of Money to be applied to the Purposes of this Act shall be made upon such Quaker (if required so to be by such Quaker) separate and distinct from any other Demand to which such Quaker may be liable, and shall and may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Quaker, separately and distinctly from any other Sum or Sums of Money to the Payment of which such Quaker may be liable under or by virtue of any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*.

Fraudulent Apprentices compellable to serve.

CXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, shall at any of their Sub-division Meetings receive Information, or shall suspect that any Person whose Name is inserted in any List, and described as an Apprentice, has been fraudulently bound Apprentice in order to avoid serving in the Militia, it shall be lawful for them to make Inquiry thereof, and to summon such Persons as they shall think necessary to appear before them at such Time and Place as they shall appoint, and examine such Persons upon Oath; and in case it shall appear that such Binding was fraudulent, in order to avoid serving in the Militia, it shall be lawful for such Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors, to appoint such Person so fraudulently bound Apprentice to serve as a Militia Man for the Parish or Place for which such List shall have been returned, if there shall be a Vacancy, and if there shall be no Vacancy at that Time, such Person shall be immediately enrolled, and shall be bound in the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and shall find a sufficient Surety to be bound in the Sum of Ten Pounds for his Appearance, and joining the said Militia whenever there shall be a Vacancy, or whenever he shall be required by the Commanding Officer or Clerk of the Sub-division to join; and his Time of Service shall commence from the Day of his joining; and if he shall fail to bind himself, or to find such Surety, he shall be committed by any Magistrate, Governor, or Deputy Governor, to the Common Gaol of the County, there to remain until he shall be sent to the Regiment or Battalion to serve therein; and the Person to whom such Apprentice shall have been so bound shall for such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Justice of Peace may settle Recompence to Masters in case of Servants enrolling into Militia.

CXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Servant whatsoever hired by the Year or otherwise shall be enrolled as a Militia Man, and any Dispute shall arise between his Master and Mistress, Employer or Employers, and such Servant, touching any Sum or Sums of Money due to such Servant, for or on account of his Service performed before the Time of such Swearing or Enrolment, or to such Time as under the Conditions of the said Swearing and Enrolling he shall be obliged to quit the Service of his said Master or Mistress, by being called out to join the Militia in which he shall have been sworn

sworn and enrolled, it shall and may be lawful, on the Complaint made thereof within Three Months from the Time of quitting the said Service to any Justice of the Peace for the County, City, Liberty, Town, or Place where such Master, Mistress, Employer or Employers shall inhabit, for such Justice to hear and determine every such Complaint, and to examine upon Oath every such Servant, or any other Witnesses or Witnesses touching the same, and to make such Order for the Payment of such Wages to such Servant, in proportion to the Service he has performed, as to such Justice shall seem just and reasonable: provided the Sum in question does not exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case of Refusal or Omission to pay any Sums so ordered by the Space of Twenty-one Days next after such Determination, such Justice shall and may issue forth his or their Warrant to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Master or Mistress, Employer or Employers, rendering the Overplus to the Owner or Owners, after Payment of the Charges of such Distress and Sale.

CXXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Militia Man, after having been sworn and enrolled, shall become unfit for Service, it shall be lawful for the Colonel or Commanding Officer of any Regiment or Battalion to which such Militia Man shall belong, together with Two or more Deputy Governors of the County to which such Regiment or Battalion shall belong, if the said Regiment or Battalion shall be then within the said County, or for the said Commanding Officer alone, by the Order of the Officer commanding His Majesty's Forces in *Ireland*, if the said Regiment or Battalion shall be absent from such County or County of a City, to discharge any such Militia Man from such Regiment or Battalion: Provided always, that no Man shall be ballotted for to supply the Vacancy caused by any Man being so discharged, until such Discharge shall be approved by the Deputy Governors, at a Meeting for the Subdivision for which such Man so discharged was enrolled; and such Approbation shall be entered and recorded in the Proceedings of such Subdivision Meeting.

Discharging Men from Regiments when unfit for Service.

CXXIV. And Whereas it may be more eligible that the necessary Number of Men for any Parish or Place, either at forming any Regiment or Battalion, or for supplying any Vacancy or Vacancies therein, should be raised by Means of Assessment than by Ballot; Be it therefore enacted That it shall be lawful for the Inhabitants of any Parish in *Ireland*, having one or more Churchwarden or Churchwardens, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, signified by his or their Chief Secretary, at a Vestry Meeting to be held for that Purpose, of which Seven Days Publick Notice shall be given, specifying the Cause of calling such Meeting, and which Meeting every Churchwarden of such Parish is hereby severally required to summon, to order to be levied by Assessment upon the Parish such Sums as they shall think proper, not exceeding in the Whole the Amount of the Average Price of a Substitute (such Average Price to be fixed in Manner hereinafter mentioned) for every Man directed to be raised as the Quota of such Parish, and to apply the same as they shall think fit for providing a sufficient Number of Men to serve as Substitutes or Volunteers for such Parish, according to the Quota so to be raised in such Parish as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the

Lord Lieutenant may authorize Vestry Assessments for raising Men.

said Inhabitants at the said Vestry Meeting, to appoint one or more Person or Persons to direct and superintend the Application of such Sum for such Purposes, pursuant to the Order of such Vestry; and all such Sums shall be forthwith raised and levied in like Manner, and by all such Means, Powers, Authorities, and Persons, and with all such Remedies, in case of any Refusal or Omission to pay the same, as any Parish Cess may by Law be raised and levied in *Ireland*, the Overplus (if any) or such Part as may from any Reason remain undisposed of to be applied to any such parochial Purposes to which a Parish Cess may by Law be applied, as the Vestry of such Parish shall at any future Meeting to be called for that Purpose direct.

Fixing Price for
Substitutes,

CXXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Governor or Governors, or Deputy Governors of each County or City, or such of them as shall duly preside at any General Meeting to be holden as herein-before directed for the Purposes of this Act, shall, whenever they shall think proper so to do, fix and declare what in their Judgment shall appear to them to be a fair and reasonable Sum to be paid as the average Price of a Substitute or Volunteer in the said Militia; and such Sum so fixed and declared shall be and continue to be the average Price of such Substitutes for such County or City, until the same shall be otherwise ordered at any subsequent Meeting: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, whenever he or they shall think proper so to do, to fix and ascertain, either generally or for any particular County, or County of a City or Town, any Sum or Sums as a Limit or Limits above which respectively such Average shall not be made.

according to
Limitation by
Lord Lieutenant.

Volunteer
Substitutes
procured shall
be enrolled.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Churchwardens or any Inhabitant of such Parish shall and may produce such Substitutes or Volunteers so provided as aforesaid, before any Deputy Governor of the Subdivision, at any Time on or previous to the Day appointed for choosing the Men by Ballot in such Subdivision in pursuance of this Act, and that it shall and may be lawful for any Persons to provide Volunteers to serve for any Subdivision, or any of the Districts therein, and to produce such Volunteers, or for any Persons willing to serve to offer themselves to serve for any such Division, and to appear before any such Deputy Governor within such Time and at such Place as aforesaid; and every Person so produced or appearing, who shall be approved of by the said Deputy Governors as aforesaid, shall and may be enrolled to serve as one of the Quota of such Parish or Division; and such Deputy Governor before whom any such Volunteer shall be enrolled, shall cause the Clerks of the Meetings for the respective Subdivisions to enrol the Names of all such Volunteers as shall be entered within the respective Subdivisions, before the Time appointed for balloting the Men within the same; provided however, that if the full Quota then required to be raised shall not be raised by the Ways aforesaid, or by any of them, in or for any such Parish or Subdivision, by or before the Time appointed for balloting for such Parish or Division, the Men that shall have been so raised (if any) shall be deemed and taken as Part of the Quota of such Parish or Division, and the Ballot shall proceed for the Residue of such Quota.

CXXXVII. And Whereas by reason of certain Districts in the County of *Dublin* being Extra-parochial, and also because certain Parts of the said County have been put under the Regulations

and Assessments of the Paving Board, and are thereby exonerated from paying Grand Jury Cels for the Repair of the Highways in the said County, such Assessments cannot be made therein in Manner aforesaid for the raising the Number of Men allotted to such Districts and Places to serve as Substitutes in the Militia of the said County: And Whereas similar Difficulties occur in different Places and Parishes in *Ireland*, by reason of such Places being Extra-parochial, or such Parishes not having any Churchwardens or regular Vestry therein, or otherwise; Be it therefore enacted, That in every such Case the Treasurer of the County or County of a City shall make out and deliver to any resident Inhabitant or Inhabitants of such Town, Parish, or Place respectively, his Warrants for raising from the Inhabitants thereof respectively the Sums necessary for procuring the Number of Substitutes required of such Districts or Places respectively, at the said average Price thereof; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said residing Inhabitant or Inhabitants, or any of them, within Three Days of the Time of serving the said Warrant, to cause to be posted on the Door of the Church of such Parish or of any Parish adjoining to such Place, a Notice, requiring at a Time and Place to be therein mentioned, not more than Five nor less than Three Days from the posting of such Notice, a Meeting of such Persons within such District, Place, or Parish, who would be entitled to compose a Vestry, if any such there were, or if such Vestry were to meet therein, and to direct them to appoint Applotters to applot on the whole of such Place or Parish (whether under the Regulations of the Paving Board if in the County of *Dublin* or not) the Sum so required to be levied by said Warrant, such Applotment to be levied in the Manner in which Parish Cesses are applotted, and also to appoint any Person or Persons to superintend the Application of the Sums so to be raised, and to return the said Applotment within Ten Days from the Date of the said Notice to the said Treasurer; and in case such Applotment shall not be made and delivered to the said Treasurer, or in case such Person or Persons shall not be so nominated to superintend the Application of the Sums so to be raised, within the aforesaid Time, then and in either of such Cases it shall and may be lawful for the said Treasurer to direct and authorize any Person whom he shall think proper to make such Applotment himself, in like Manner as aforesaid, and to verify the same by Oath before any Magistrate of said County, that the same was made to the best of his Skill and Knowledge; and it shall also be lawful for the said Treasurer to appoint such Person or Persons as he shall think proper to superintend the Application of the Sums to be levied; and it shall and may be lawful for any Person duly authorized by the said Treasurer to levy the same, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Persons liable to pay the said Assessments, whether the Applotment shall have been made by the Person appointed at such Meeting or by any Person appointed by the said Treasurer as aforesaid; and in case any Part of any Sum so raised shall by any Means remain unapplied to the said Purposes, the same shall be placed by the said Treasurer to the Credit of such Place, as an Advance on account of any future publick Cels, and in case any of the said Persons respectively shall refuse or neglect to perform all and every Matter required hereby, each of them so offending shall be subject to a Penalty of One hundred

Assessments for such Purposes in Extra-parochial Places, &c.

Pounds, to be recovered in any of His Majesty's superior Courts of Record in *Dublin*.

Applotment of
such Assessments.

CXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if it shall appear fitting to the Governors and Deputy Governors of any such County at a General Meeting duly assembled, they may by Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, direct the said Treasurer to divide the Sum so applotted to be levied at Two distinct Periods within the Year, such Periods to be regulated according to the Times that the County Cess is usually collected and levied; and in Cases where Houses or Buildings have been erected on the whole or any Part of the several Parishes, Districts, or Places in the County of *Dublin*, which have been laid out for the building of Streets, Squares, Lanes, Alleys, or Publick Passages, the Applotters, or the Person so appointed by the Treasurer, as the Case may be, are hereby required to applot a proportionable Part of the Sum to be collected for the said Purpose on the said Houses and Buildings, at a Rate not exceeding Two Shillings for every Five Pounds that they may estimate the said Houses or Buildings to be worth annually.

Copies of
Assessments.

CXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Clerks of all Subdivisional Meetings shall, within Eight Days after every Subdivision Meeting, transmit to the Clerk of the General Meeting of the County, fair and true Copies of such Rolls as shall be signed at such Meeting, and the other Proceedings thereof.

Lord Lieutenant
may allow Militia
to be raised or
supplied by
Volunteers.

CXXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be necessary to raise Men for the said Militia, or for any of the said Regiments or Battalions thereof, not exceeding the original Numbers required by this Act, either at the forming thereof, or to fill any Vacancy or Vacancies, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to direct and appoint by any Order or Proclamation to be issued for that Purpose, that the necessary Number of Men, either for the whole or any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, shall be raised by the enrolling and receiving Volunteers; and every such Order or Proclamation, if not extending to the whole of the said Militia, shall specify the several Regiments or Battalions for which such Men shall be so raised, by the enrolling and receiving Volunteers.

Lord Lieutenant
may order
Commanders of
Regiments to
receive Volun-
teers.

CXXXI. 'And in order to carry such Order or Proclamation into Effect;' Be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to issue his Orders to all or any of the several Colonels and other Commanding Officers of the respective Regiments or Battalions of Militia in *Ireland*, or such of them as shall be included in such Proclamation or Order, requiring him or them, without Delay, to proceed to enrol a certain Number of Volunteers, not exceeding in any Case the Establishments of their respective Regiments or Battalions at the Time of such Order; and for that Purpose it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, to issue his Orders to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury of *Ireland*, requiring them to advance from Time to Time to such Colonels or other Commanding Officer or Officers of the different Regiments or Battalions of Militia in *Ireland*, such Sum or Sums of Money as may be directed

directed by such Order, not exceeding such Sum as shall at such Time be fixed and declared as the average Price of a Substitute, in Manner herein-before mentioned.

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That upon such Order being issued, as aforesaid, the several Colonels or Commanding Officer or Officers of the said Regiments to whom the same shall extend, shall immediately proceed to enlist and enroll within their respective Counties or Counties of Cities such Volunteers, being able-bodied Men, not less than Five Feet Four Inches in Height, and not more than Forty-five Years of Age, as can be procured, giving to each Man by way of Bounty, any Sum not exceeding the Price of a Substitute as aforesaid, One Half of such Bounty to be paid to every such Volunteer at the Time of his enrolling himself in any such Regiment or Battalion of Militia, and the Residue thereof to be paid to every such Volunteer on his first Appearance at the Time and Place to be appointed for the assembling or exercising of the Regiment or Battalion in which such Volunteer shall be enrolled, which Sum the said Colonels or Officers are, hereby authorized to advance and pay to such Volunteers in Manner aforesaid; and it is hereby declared, that the said Sum to be paid to every Man so enrolled and enlisted is over and above and altogether distinct from the Marching Guinea to which such Man may be or become entitled.

Commanders shall proceed to raise Volunteers on Bounty.

See § 125.

CXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any such Orders shall be issued for enrolling Volunteers, it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, to issue his or their Order or Orders to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, requiring them to advance to the several Colonels or Commanding Officers of the different Regiments or Battalions of Militia in Ireland, for defraying the necessary Expence of procuring and enrolling such Volunteers, any further Sum or Sums of Money which may be directed in any such Order, not exceeding the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for every private Man who may be, from Time to Time so enrolled, over and above the Bounty and the Marching Guinea to which such Volunteer may be entitled: Provided always, that no such Volunteer shall be entitled to or receive any Part of such further Sum, nor any greater or higher Bounty than as aforesaid.

Lord Lieutenant may require Treasury to advance the Money for Bounty.

CXXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall not be lawful to or for any Colonel or other Commanding Officer or Officers of any Regiment or Battalion of Militia, or to or for any other Person or Persons whatsoever in his or their Behalf, to advance or to engage to advance, or to give any greater or larger Sum of Money than as aforesaid, or to give or promise, or undertake to give any other or larger Bounty or Reward than the several Sums aforesaid, for the Purpose of inducing any Man to enrol himself as a Volunteer.

No greater Bounty shall be given.

CXXXV. And be it further enacted, That every Man so enrolled shall, in the Presence of some one Governor, Deputy Governor, Justice of the Peace, or Magistrate acting for the County or City to which the Regiment or Battalion in which he shall be enrolled shall belong, take and subscribe the same Oath, as is herein before directed to be taken by a Substitute or Volunteer in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia.

Volunteers shall be sworn as Militia Men.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the several Colonels or other Commanding Officer or Officers shall keep or cause to be

Colonels shall transmit Lists of Volunteers to Chief Secretary's Office.

kept true and regular Entries of the Names, Additions, Places of Residence, Parish and other Descriptions of the Persons they shall enrol as aforesaid, and the several Sums which shall have been advanced and paid to such Persons respectively, and shall transmit regular Copies of such Entries, certified by them respectively, as well as by the Adjutant and Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion respectively, to the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*.

Chief Secretary shall transmit such Lists to Treasurers of Counties, to be by them laid before Grand Juries, and Presentments of the Amount of Bounty advanced shall be made accordingly.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Chief Secretary shall cause Copies of the Returns of the Men thus enrolled, and the Sums advanced to such Men respectively, to be transmitted to the several and respective Treasurers for the several Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns in *Ireland*, Ten Days at least previous to the then next ensuing General Assizes, which shall not commence within such Ten Days; or if to the Treasurer of the County and City of *Dublin*, within Fourteen Days previous to the then next presenting Term, which shall not commence within such Fourteen Days; and the said several Treasurers shall, and they are hereby respectively required to lay the said Returns before the Judges of Assize on the Commission Day of such Assizes, or in the County and City of *Dublin* before the Court of King's Bench, on the First Day of such Term, and before the respective Grand Juries for such Counties or Counties of Cities and Towns shall be sworn; and the said Judges or the said Court, as the Case may be, shall and they are hereby required to give the same, except as herein-after excepted, in charge to the said Grand Juries, in order that the Sums thus expended may be presented and raised off the said Counties or Counties of Cities or Towns, or any Barony or Baronies, Parish or Parishes therein respectively as such Grand Juries respectively shall think proper; which said Presentments the said respective Grand Juries are hereby respectively authorized and required to make, unless the Amount of the Sum thus to be raised shall appear to the said respective Grand Juries too large to be raised at one Assizes, or at one presenting Term, within the respective Counties or Counties of Cities or Towns, in which Case it shall and may be lawful for the said several Grand Juries, by and with the Concurrence of the Judges of the said Assizes, or the said Court, to present any Part of such Sum, not less than one Moiety thereof, at such Assizes or Terms, and the Residue shall in like Manner be given in charge and presented by the Grand Jury of such County or County of a City or Town, or Grand Juries of such respective Counties or Counties of Cities or Towns, as the Case may be, at the then next ensuing Assize or presenting Term; and in case the Grand Jury of any County or County of a City or Town shall, after the Judges of the Court shall have given the same in charge to them, omit, neglect, or refuse to present the same, then and in every such Case it shall and may be lawful for the said Judges of Assize, or the Court of King's Bench respectively, and they are hereby respectively required to order and direct the Treasurer of such County or County of a City, to include the whole of such Sum, and return the same among the Presentments of the County, so that the same shall be raised and levied forthwith; and it shall not be lawful to traverse any such Presentment; Provided always, that within every County of a City and County of a Town all Sums so presented shall and may be raised by an Assessment on Houses and Land, according to a Valuation of

of the same respectively, in such Manner as such Grand Jury shall from Time to Time order and direct.

CXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Treasurers of the respective Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns as aforesaid, shall collect and receive the said several Sums, and shall forthwith pay the same to the Collector of Excise for such County or County of a City or Town; or in case there shall be in any County Two or more Districts, with Two or more Collectors respectively, or Parts of such Districts, then to the Collector of that Part of such County in which the County Town is situate: and every such Collector shall, and he is hereby required to give a Receipt for all Sums of Money that shall be so paid to him as aforesaid, and such Receipt shall be lodged among the Records of such County, and shall be a Discharge and Acquittance to such County for all such Men as shall be so raised, for the Time for which they shall be so enrolled to serve as aforesaid, unless Vacancies shall occur by Death, Desertion, or lawful Discharge.

Levy of Sums to be presented.

CXXXIX. And Whereas several Regiments and Battalions of Militia have been augmented in Manner herein-before mentioned, to the Establishment of One Hundred Rank and File per Company, with the usual Proportion of Commissioned and Non-commissioned Officers, and the Residue of the said Regiments and Battalions, or any of them, may hereafter be so augmented; Be it enacted, That whenever any Vacancy or Vacancies shall occur by Death, Desertion, or lawful Discharge, in any Regiment or Battalion which shall have been or shall be so augmented, during the Continuance of such Augmentation, such Vacancies shall from Time to Time be filled up by enrolling Volunteers, and not by balloting, and for that Purpose it shall and may be lawful for the several Colonels or Commanding Officers of such Regiments to procure and enrol Volunteers to fill up such Vacancies, and to make Returns in Manner herein-before directed, which Returns shall be sent and given in Charge to the several Grand Juries respectively in Manner aforesaid, and the several Grand Juries of the Counties or Counties of Cities, at the respective ensuing Assizes or presenting Term, shall thereupon present such Sum of Money as shall be sufficient to reimburse and repay Seven Tenth Parts of the Money so advanced, at the Rate aforesaid, under the Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being, for the procuring and enrolling such Volunteers to supply such Vacancies, or in default of such Presentment the Judge of Assize or the Court shall order and direct the Treasurer of the County, or County of the City, to include such Sum, and return the same among the Presentments thereof, so that the same shall be raised and levied forthwith; and every such Sum shall be levied, collected, and received by the Treasurers of the Counties or Counties of Cities, and paid by them to the Collectors of Excise, in like Manner as is herein-before directed with respect to the other Sums directed to be presented, levied, collected, and paid, under the Authority of this Act: Provided always, that in any County, County of a City or Town, where the Militia Men serving shall have been or shall be apportioned in Manner herein-before directed, among the several Parishes and Districts, it shall and may be lawful to proceed from Time to Time by Ballot, for the filling up of Vacancies for the original Quota of such County, County of a City or Town; and that all Vacancies arising in the augmented Numbers shall be filled up by the

Vacancies in augmented Regiments shall be filled up by Volunteers, and Seven-Tenths of the Expence shall be levied by Presentment on the Counties.

Vacancies in original Quota may be supplied by Ballot: In Augmentation by Volunteers, under 44 G. 2. c. 26.

K 4. Volunteers,

Volunteers, in such Manner as is directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-fourth Year, intituled, *An Act for empowering His Majesty to direct the Augmentation of his Militia Forces in Ireland, to an Extent therein limited; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.*

The embodying of any Militia may be suspended, &c.

CXL. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it shall be deemed inexpedient by His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, in Council, to raise, embody, or continue any Regiment or Battalion of Militia in any County or City in *Ireland*, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, or for the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, by and with the Advice of the Privy Council of *Ireland*; to forbid the raising, or embodying of such Regiment or Battalion, and to stay all Proceedings therein for such Time as shall be deemed expedient, or to order that all or any of the said Regiments or Battalions shall be disembodied and wholly cease and determine; any Thing in this Act to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Fine on County of 10l. per Annum for every Man deficient.

CXLI. And be it further enacted, That if it shall happen in any Case that the Number of Militia Men duly appointed or to be appointed to be raised for any Regiment or Battalion of Militia of *Ireland*, shall not be raised within Three Calendar Months from and after the Time when the same ought to be raised by Ballot as aforesaid, or within Four Months from the Date of the Order for raising the same by enrolling Volunteers, then and in every such Case the County or County of a City or Town in which such Number of Militia Men ought to be raised, shall be charged with the Payment of the yearly Sum of Ten Pounds for and in lieu of every private Militia Man so deficient; and upon Proof on Oath first laid by any Governor or Deputy Governor of such Deficiency before the Judges of Assize, or in the County or City of *Dublin* before the Court of King's Bench, it shall be lawful for such Judge of Assize and such Court, and they are hereby respectively required to fine the County or County of a City or Town, or such District, Barony or Barony, or Parish or Parishes thereof in which such Neglect shall happen, in a Sum after the Rate of Ten Pounds for any Private Man so deficient, and to repeat the said Fine annually so long as the said Deficiency shall continue, which Fine or Fines shall be estreated into His Majesty's Exchequer and issued in Process, and shall be duly levied by the Sheriff or other Officers respectively to whom such Process shall be directed respectively; and it shall not be lawful for the Barons of the Exchequer or Commissioners of Reducement, on any Account, to take off, release or reduce such Fine or Fines, or any Parts thereof.

Fines shall be paid into the Treasury, and accounted for to Parliament.

Fines may be applied under Order of Lord Lieutenant in providing Substitutes.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, That all such Fines, and all other Fines hereby imposed, when not otherwise expressly directed, shall, when levied, be paid into His Majesty's Treasury, and shall be kept separate and apart from all other Money, and shall be accounted for Yearly to Parliament; and no Fee or Gratuity whatsoever shall be given or paid to any Officer of the Exchequer for or on account of receiving or issuing any such Money: Provided always, that such Money, or any Part thereof, may be applied by or under the Orders of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the Time being, if he or they shall think proper, in providing Substitutes or Volunteers to serve in the Militia for the Counties, Counties of Cities, or District, from which such Fines respectively shall

shall have accrued, by applying the same respectively, or in Ease and Diminution thereof, either in addition to the Bounties herein-before mentioned respectively, or partly in the one Way and partly in the other, in such Manner as the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the Time being shall direct.

CXLIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any other Mode of Proceeding is not hereby provided, all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's superior Courts of Record at Dublin, wherein no Effoign, Privilege or Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparllance shall be allowed; and that all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, which shall not exceed the sum of Twenty Pounds, shall, upon due Proof of the Offence before any Justice of the Peace of the County where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, rendering the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charge of such Distress and Sale, to the Person whose Goods and Chattels shall have been so distrained and sold; and for Want of such Distress such Justice is hereby required, in all Cases where no particular Time of Commitment is herein-before directed, to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol of the County where the Offence shall have been committed, for any Time not exceeding Three Months; and the Money arising by all such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, the Application whereof is not otherwise directed by this Act, shall be paid to the Collectors of Excise, and accounted for and paid over by them as all other Monies received by them respectively.

Fines exceeding 20l. recoverable in a Court of Record; not exceeding 20l. before a Justice.

CXLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Treasurer of any County, any Clerk of the Peace, or any Collector of His Majesty's Revenue, or of any County or County of a City, Barony or Half Barony, shall refuse or knowingly neglect to do any Matter or Thing required by this Act to be done by him, or shall wilfully omit to carry any of the Provisions in this Act respecting himself or his Office into execution, and shall be thereof convicted by Information or Indictment at the Assizes or King's Bench in the County or County of the City of Dublin, he shall be fined any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, at the Discretion of the Court.

Penalty on Treasurers, Clerks, &c. for Neglect, 100l.

CXLV. And be it further enacted, That all Convictions made by any Governor, or Deputy Governor, or Justice of the Peace, under this Act, shall be in the Form here following, or in some other Form to that or the like Effect; that is to say,

BE it remembered, That on the Day of _____ at _____ in the Year _____ in the County [or, County of a City or Town] of _____ A. B. of _____ was convicted before me E. F. the Governor, [or, One of the Governors, or, One of the Deputy Governors, or, of the Justice of the Peace] of the said County [or County of a City] for that on the Day of _____ at _____ in the said _____ where the said A. B. did [here state the Offence]. In Witness whereof, I the said E. F. have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord

Form of Conviction under this Act.

Which

Which Conviction, or any other Form of Conviction to that or the like Effect, shall be good, valid, and effectual in Law, without setting out the Evidence, or stating any other Matter more particularly or otherwise than as aforesaid.

Convictions shall not be removed by Certiorari.

CXLVI. And be it further enacted, That no Order or Conviction made by any Governor or Governors, or by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, under or by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by *Certiorari* or other Writ or Process, out of the County, City, or Place wherein such Order or Conviction was made, into any of His Majesty's superior Courts of Record in *Dublin*; and that no Writ of *Certiorari* or other Writ shall supersede any Execution or other Proceedings upon any such Order or Conviction so made in pursuance of this Act, but that the Execution shall be made thereupon; any such Writ or Writs, or Allowance thereof notwithstanding.

Limitation of Actions, &c. Six Months.

CXLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid in the County or Place where the Cause of Complaint did arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in every such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon; and in any such Action or Suit, if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath in other Cases to recover Costs by Law.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Penalty of Perjury on false Oaths.

CXLVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in the Execution of this Act, when any Matter or Thing is directed to be inquired of or examined into, upon the Oath or Affirmation of any Witness or Witnesses, before any Governor of any County, or any Deputy Governor or Governors, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, they and every of them is and are hereby respectively authorized to administer such Oath or Affirmation to any Witness or Witnesses; and that all other Oaths or Affirmations to be taken in pursuance of this Act shall and may be respectively administered by any Governor or Deputy Governor; and every Person who shall knowingly or willingly take any false Oath or Affirmation in any Matter required by this Act, and be thereof convicted, shall suffer the Penalties of wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Commencement of Act.

CXLIX. And be it enacted, That this Act, and the several Clauses, Provisions, Matters, and Things therein contained, shall commence, take effect, and be of force from and after the Expiration of one Calendar Month after the passing thereof, and not sooner.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

RETURN of all Male Persons residing within the Parish of _____ County of _____ between the Age of Sixteen and Forty-five Years.

Names or Common Appellation.	Reputed Age.	Street and Place of Abode.	Trade or Occupation.	Exemption, if any, and what.	If married, No. of Children under 14 Years of Age.	Observations.

SCHEDULE (B.)

RETURN of Persons fit or liable to serve in the Militia for the County of _____ County of _____

Names of Parishes.	Number fit.	

SCHEDULE (C.)

RETURN of Men enrolled to serve for the Militia for the Subdivision of _____ Parish of _____ County of _____

Names of Men.			Date of Enrolment.	Where residing.	Trade.	Age.	Size.	Observations.
Principals.	Substitutes.	Volunteers.						

C. A. P.

C A P. CXXI.

An Act to alter and amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts.

[20th June 1809.]

46 G. 3.
c. 135. § 3.
That striking a
Docket shall be
Notice of a
prior Act of
Bankruptcy,
repealed.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the Forty-
‘ sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled,
‘ *An Act to amend the Laws relating to Bankrupts*, it is amongst other
‘ Things provided, That the striking of a Docket for the Purpose
‘ of issuing a Commission, whether any Commission shall have actually
‘ issued thereupon or not, shall be deemed Notice of a prior Act of
‘ Bankruptcy, for the Purposes of the said Act, if it should appear,
‘ that an Act of Bankruptcy had been actually committed at the
‘ Time of striking such Docket: And whereas the aforesaid Pro-
‘ vision in the said Act hath not been attended with the good Effects
‘ which were expected therefrom; Be it enacted by the King’s most
‘ Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
‘ Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament
‘ assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, so
‘ far as the same is herein-before recited, shall be and the same is hereby
‘ repealed.

Executions and
Attachments
against Estates
of Bankrupts
levied more
than Two
Months before
Commission shall
be valid, not-
withstanding a
prior Act
Bankruptcy.

‘ II. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid,
‘ That in all Cases of Commissions of Bankrupt hereafter to be
‘ issued, all Executions and Attachments against the Lands and Tene-
‘ ments, or Goods and Chattels of the Bankrupt, *bonâ fide* executed
‘ or levied more than Two Calendar Months before the Date and
‘ issuing of such Commission, shall be valid and effectual, notwith-
‘ standing any prior Act of Bankruptcy committed by such Bankrupt,
‘ in like Manner as if no such prior Act of Bankruptcy had been
‘ committed; provided the Person, at whose Suit such Execution or
‘ Attachment shall have issued, had not at the Time of executing or
‘ levying the same any Notice of any prior Act of Bankruptcy by such
‘ Bankrupt committed, or that he was insolvent or had stopped Pay-
‘ ment: Provided always that the issuing of a Commission of Bankrupt,
‘ although such Commission shall afterwards be superseded, shall be
‘ deemed such Notice if it should appear that an Act of Bankruptcy
‘ had been actually committed at the Time of issuing such Commission.

5 G. 2. c. 30.
§ 32.

‘ III. And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifth
‘ Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second,
‘ intituled, *An Act to prevent the committing of Frauds by Bankrupts*,
‘ it is amongst other Things enacted, That before the Creditors of
‘ any Bankrupt shall proceed to the Choice of Assignees of the
‘ Bankrupt’s Estates, the major Part in Value of the said Bank-
‘ rupt’s Creditors then present shall, if they think fit, direct in
‘ what Manner, how and with whom, and where the Monies arising
‘ by and to be received from Time to Time out of the Bankrupt’s
‘ Estate shall be paid in and remain, until the same shall be divided
‘ amongst all the Creditors as by that Act is directed; to which Rule
‘ and Direction every such Assignee and Assignees afterwards to be
‘ chosen are to conform, as often as One hundred Pounds shall be
‘ got in and received from such Bankrupt’s Estate, and are thereby
‘ indemnified for what they do in pursuance of such Direction of
‘ the said Creditors as aforesaid: And whereas the Creditors of Bank-
‘ rupts do not in all Cases avail themselves of the said Power given
‘ them by the said recited Act: And whereas the aforesaid Direction
‘ of

of the said Act has been in many Instances disobeyed by the Assignees of the Estates of Bankrupts, who have, notwithstanding such Direction, kept in their Hands, or employed for their own Benefit, large Sums of Money, Part of the Bankrupt's Estates; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, if in any Case the major Part of the Creditors of any Bankrupt shall not before they shall proceed to the Choice of Assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate, direct in what Manner, how and with whom, and where the Monies arising from the Bankrupt's Estate shall be paid in and remain, in pursuance of the Power given to them by the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners or the major Part of them, and they are hereby required immediately after the Commissioners shall have proceeded to the Choice of Assignees, and at the same Meeting, to direct in what Manner, how and with whom, and where the Monies arising by and to be received from Time to Time out of the Bankrupt's Estate, shall be paid in and remain until the same shall be divided amongst the Creditors as by the said recited Act is directed; to which Rule and Direction the Assignee or Assignees of the Bankrupt's Estate shall conform, as often as One hundred Pounds shall be got in and received from such Bankrupt's Estate, and shall be and are hereby indemnified for what they shall do in pursuance of such Direction of the said Commissioners as aforesaid: Provided that it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners to direct such Monies to be paid into the Hands of the said Commissioners or any of them, or of the Solicitor to the Commissioners, or into any Banking House or other House of Trade or Business in which the Commissioners or any of them, or the Solicitor to the Commission, are or is interested or concerned as a Partner or Partners, or otherwise.

If the Creditors do not direct how and to whom the Money arising from the Bankrupt's Estate shall be paid in, the Commissioners shall give Directions, for paying the same to some Person, not being a Commissioner, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases in which any Assignee or Assignees of any Bankrupt's Estate shall wilfully retain in his or their Hands, or otherwise employ for his or their own Benefit, any Sum or Sums of Money, Part of the Estates of such Bankrupts, contrary to the aforesaid Direction of the said recited Act passed in the Fifth year of the Reign of King George the Second, or of the aforesaid Direction in this Act contained, he or they shall be charged in his or their Accounts with the Estates of such Bankrupts, with such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be equal to the Amount of Interest computed at the Rate of Twenty Pounds *per Centum per Annum* on all such Sums of Money so retained or employed by him or them, for the Time or Times during which he or they shall have so retained or employed the same, contrary to the said Direction of the said Acts or either of them; and the Commissioners of Bankrupts are hereby required to charge such Assignee or Assignees in their Accounts with such Sum or Sums of Money accordingly.

Assignees disobeying such Directions shall be charged 20 per Cent. on all Money otherwise retained or employed.

V. And, for the Purpose of ascertaining in what Manner the Money which shall from Time to Time come to the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees has been employed, the Commissioners shall in no Case declare a Dividend upon Admission only of a certain Sum in the Hands of the Assignees, but shall require such Assignee or Assignees to deliver upon Oath a true Statement in Writing of all the Sums of Money received by such Assignee or Assignees, and when received by him or them respectively, and on what Accounts and

Commissioners shall not declare a Dividend till a true Statement in Writing be made upon Oath by the Assignees, &c.

and how employed, and shall examine such Statement and compare the Receipts with the Payments, and ascertain what Balances have been from Time to Time in the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees respectively, and shall enquire for what Reason any Sum appearing to be in the Hands of such Assignee or Assignees ought to be retained, and thereupon shall declare a Dividend on the remaining Sum, specifying in their Order the Sum so allowed to be retained, and the Grounds on which they may conceive it proper that the same should be retained and not divided amongst the Creditors.

If Assignees become Bankrupt having Pool of their Bankrupt's Estate, their future Effects shall be liable to the Payment.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and ten, in case any Commission of Bankrupt shall issue against any Person who is or shall be an Assignee of the Estate and Effects of any Bankrupt, and who shall, at the Time of such Commission issuing against him, be indebted to the Estate of the Bankrupt of whose Estate and Effects he was an Assignee, to the Amount of One hundred Pounds or upwards, in respect of Money come to his Hands as such Assignee, and wilfully retained or employed by him for his own Benefit, the Certificate of Conformity which may be obtained by such Assignee so becoming Bankrupt as aforesaid, shall only have the Effect of freeing the Person of such Bankrupt from Arrest and Imprisonment, but the future Estate and Effects of every such Person shall remain liable for so much of his Debt to the Estate of the Bankrupt of whose Estate and Effects he was an Assignee, as shall not be paid by Dividends under the said Commission, together with lawful Interest for the whole Debt, in like Manner as if he had not obtained his Certificate; the Tools of Trade, the necessary Household Goods and Furniture, and necessary Wearing Apparel of such Bankrupt and his Wife and Children, only excepted.

Commissioners may direct the Money paid in on Bankrupt's Estate to be invested in Exchequer Bills.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, upon the Application of the Assignees, or of any Five or more of the Creditors who have proved their Debts under the Commission, on Notice given to the Assignees of such intended Application, when and as often as it shall appear to the said Commissioners expedient and beneficial to the Estate and Effects of any Bankrupt, that the Money so paid in to any Person or Persons as aforesaid, for the Purpose of being divided amongst the Creditors, or any Money retained to answer any Claim which may have been duly entered upon the Proceedings under the said Bankruptcy, or any Dividends ordered to be retained by the Assignees, should be laid out at Interest, to order and direct that the whole or any Part of such Money shall be invested in the Purchase of Exchequer Bills for the Benefit of such Creditors and Claimants, and to direct where and with whom such Exchequer Bills shall be kept for safe Custody, and to cause such Exchequer Bills to be sold when it shall appear to them necessary and proper, and to direct the Proceeds thereof to be again laid out in the Purchase of Exchequer Bills, or to be applied for the Benefit of the Creditors and Claimants, according to their several Interests, as to the said Commissioners shall seem meet, subject nevertheless to the Authority and Controul of the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal.

Sureties for Bankrupts having paid any Debts after the

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases of Commissions of Bankrupt already issued, under which no Dividend has yet been made, or under which the Creditors, who

who have not proved, can receive a Dividend equally in proportion to their respective Debts without disturbing any Dividend already made, and in all Cases of Commissions of Bankrupts hereafter to be issued, where at the Time of issuing the Commission any Person shall be Surety for or be liable for any Debt of the Bankrupt, it shall be lawful for such Surety or Person liable, if he shall have paid the Debt, or any Part thereof in Discharge of the whole Debt, although he may have paid the same after the Commission shall have issued, and the Creditor shall have proved his Debt under the Commission, to stand in the Place of the Creditor as to the Dividends upon such Proof, and when the Creditor shall not have proved under the Commission, it shall be lawful for such Surety, or Person liable to prove his Demand in respect of such Payment as a Debt under the Commission, not disturbing the former Dividends, and to receive a Dividend or Dividends proportionably with the other Creditors taking the Benefit of such Commission, notwithstanding such Person may have become Surety or liable for the Debt of the Bankrupt after an Act of Bankruptcy had been committed by such Bankrupt, provided that such Person had not at the Time when he became such Surety, or when he so became liable for the Debt of such Bankrupt, Notice of any Act of Bankruptcy by such Bankrupt committed, or that he was insolvent, or had stopped Payment; provided always, that the issuing a Commission of Bankrupt, although such Commission shall afterwards be superseded, shall be deemed such Notice; and every Person against whom any such Commission of Bankrupt has been or shall be awarded, and who has obtained or shall obtain his Certificate, shall be discharged of all Demands at the Suit of every such Person having so paid, or being hereby enabled to prove as aforesaid, or to stand in the Place of such Creditor as aforesaid, with regard to his Debt in respect of such Suretyship or Liability, in like Manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such Person had been a Creditor before the Bankruptcy of the Bankrupt for the whole of the Debt in respect of which he was Surety or was so liable as aforesaid.

Commission shall be permitted to prove under the Commission and stand in the Place of a Creditor, proved, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons who have given Credit, or shall at any Time hereafter give Credit to any Person or Persons who is or are or shall become Bankrupts, upon good and valuable Consideration *bonâ fide* for any Money whatsoever, which is or shall not be due or payable at or before the Time of such Person's becoming Bankrupt shall be admitted to prove such their Debts in like Manner as if the same were payable presently or not at a future Day, and shall be entitled to and shall have and receive proportional Dividends of such Bankrupt's Estate equally with the other Creditors of such Bankrupt, deducting only thereout a Rebate of Interest for what they shall so receive at the Rate of five Pounds *per Centum per Annum* under Commissions which have issued or shall issue in *England*, and at the Rate of Six Pounds *per Centum per Annum* under Commissions which have issued or shall issue in *Ireland*, to be computed from the actual Payment thereof to the Time such Debts would become payable, according to the Terms upon which the same were contracted.

Debts not payable at the Time of the Bankruptcy may be proved, deducting a Rebate of Interest at 5 per Cent in *England* and 6 per Cent in *Ireland*.

X. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, in any Action now brought

In Actions by Assignees, the Commission or

and Proceedings shall be sufficient Evidence of Petitioning Creditor's Debt, &c. unless Notice given that those Matters are to be disputed.

or hereafter to be brought by or against any Assignee of any Bankrupt, the Commission of Bankrupt, and the Proceedings of the Commissioners under the same, shall be Evidence to be received of the petitioning Creditor's Debt, and of the Trading and Bankruptcy of such Bankrupt, unless the other Party in such Act on shall, if Defendant, at or before the Time of his pleading to such Action, and if Plaintiff, before issue joined in such Action, give Notice in Writing to such Assignee that he intends to dispute such Matters or any of them, and where such Notice shall have been given, if such Assignee shall at the Trial prove the Matter so disputed, or the other Party shall at the Trial admit the same, the Judge before whom the Cause shall be tried shall, if he shall see fit, grant a Certificate that such Proof or Admission was made upon such Trial, and such Assignee shall be entitled to the Costs, to be taxed by the proper Officer, occasioned by such Notice; and such Costs shall in case the Assignee shall obtain a Verdict be added to his Costs, and if the other Party shall obtain a Verdict shall be set off or deducted from the Costs which such other Party would otherwise be entitled to receive from such Assignee.

So in Suits in Equity by Assignees as against all other Parties to the Suit.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Suits in Equity now instituted or hereafter to be instituted by or against any Assignee of any Bankrupt, the Commission of Bankrupt, and the Proceedings of the Commissioners under the same, shall be Evidence to be received of the petitioning Creditor's Debt, and of the Trading and Bankruptcy of such Bankrupt, as against all the other Parties in such Suit, unless such Parties some or one of them shall, within Ten Days after Rejoinder in the Cause, give Notice in Writing to the Assignee that they or he intend to dispute the said trading, petitioning Creditor's Debt, or Act of Bankruptcy, or some or one of such Matters, and where such Notice shall have been given, if the Assignee shall prove the Matter so disputed to the Satisfaction of the Court, the Costs occasioned by such Notice, to be taxed by the proper Officer, shall, if the Court see fit, be paid by the Party or Parties giving such Notice to the Assignee, and the Service of such Notice may be proved by Affidavit upon the hearing of the Cause.

No Action shall be brought against Assignee for Dividends; but on Petition to Chancellor, Assignee shall be compelled to pay with Interest and Costs.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Action shall be brought by any Creditor or Creditors who have proved or shall prove any Debt under any Commission of Bankrupt, against the Assignee or Assignees of the Estate of such Bankrupt, for the Amount of any Dividend declared by the Commissioners under such Commission; but in all Cases in which the Assignee or Assignees of any Bankrupt shall refuse or omit to pay any Dividend declared under any Commission of Bankrupt, it shall be lawful for the Creditor or Creditors entitled to the same, to petition the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, for Payment thereof; and it shall be lawful for the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal, on hearing such Petition, not only to order the Payment of such Dividend, but also in all Cases in which it shall appear to him or them that the Justice of the Case shall require it, to order Payment of Interest for the Time that such Dividend shall have been withheld, and of the Costs of the Application.

XIII. And whereas great Inconveniences have arisen from the Necessity which now exists of the Attendance of Commissioners of Bankrupt in Prison to take the Examinations of Bankrupts charged in Execution; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Bankrupt being in Custody at the Time of his or her last Examination, although charged in Execution shall be brought before the Commissioners to be examined by them, in the same Manner as is now practised with respect to Bankrupts in Custody on Mesne Process, and the Gaoler or Keeper of the Prison in which such Bankrupt is or shall be confined, shall be fully indemnified by the Warrant of the Commissioners for bringing up such Bankrupt for such Purpose.

Bankrupts in Custody in Execution shall be brought before the Commissioners to be examined.

XIV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Creditor, who has or shall have brought any Action, or instituted any Suit against any Bankrupt, in respect of any Demand which arose prior to the Bankruptcy of such Bankrupt, or which might have been proved as a Debt under the Commission of Bankrupt issued against such Bankrupt, to prove a Debt under such Commission for any Purpose whatever, or to have the Claim of a Debt entered upon the Proceedings under such Commission, without relinquishing such Action or Suit, and all Benefit from the same; and that the proving or so claiming a Debt under a Commission of Bankrupt by any Creditor, shall be deemed an Election by such Creditor, to take the Benefit of such Commission with respect to the Debt so proved or claimed by him: Provided always, that such Creditor shall not be liable to the Payment to the Bankrupt or his Assignees, of the Costs of such Action or Suit which shall be so relinquished by him: And provided also, that where any such Creditor shall have brought any Action or Suit against such Bankrupt jointly with any other Person or Persons, his relinquishing such Action or Suit against such Bankrupt or Bankrupts shall not in any Manner affect such Action or Suit against such other Person or Persons.

Creditor bringing Action against Bankrupt shall not be admitted to prove under the Commission, &c.

XV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall not extend to that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* which is called *Scotland*.

Act shall not extend to Scotland.

XVI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That all and every Person or Persons who have effected or shall effect any Policy or Policies of Insurance upon Ships, Goods, Wares, Merchandize or other Effects, with any Person, as a Subscriber or Underwriter, who is or are or shall become bankrupt, shall be admitted to prove any Loss to which such Bankrupt is or shall be liable in respect of his Subscription to such Policy or Policies, notwithstanding the Person or Persons effecting such Policy or Policies is not or are not the Person or Persons beneficially interested in such Ships, Goods, Wares, Merchandize or other Effects, provided the Person really interested is not in that Part of the United Kingdom in which the Commission of Bankrupt shall have issued in the Proceedings under which such Loss is to be proved.

Agents having effected Policies of Insurance with Bankrupt, may prove, in Absence of Parties interested.

XVII. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be competent to any Annuity Creditor of any Person against whom a Commission of Bankrupt shall issue after the passing of this Act, whether the same shall be secured by Bond or Covenant, or Bond and Covenant, or by whatever Assurance or Assurances the

Annuity Creditors admitted to prove for the Value of the Annuity.

same shall be secured, and whether there shall or shall not be or have been any Arrears of such Annuity at or before the Time of the Bankruptcy, to prove under such Commission as a Creditor for the Value of such Annuity, which Value the Commissioners shall have Power and are hereby required to ascertain, and the Certificate of every Bankrupt under whose Commission such Proof shall be or might have been made, shall be a Discharge of such Bankrupt against all Demands whatever in respect of such Annuity, and the Arrears and future Payments thereof in the same Manner as such Certificate would discharge the Bankrupt with respect to any other Debt proved or which might have been proved under the Commission.

The Signature and Consent of Three Parts (instead of Four Parts) in Five in Number and Value of the Creditors of the Bankrupt to the Allowance of his Certificate and Discharge shall be sufficient.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of Commissions of Bankrupt heretofore issued, and in which the Bankrupts have not obtained their Certificates, and in all Cases in which Commissions of Bankrupt shall hereafter be sued forth, the Signature and Consent of Three Parts in Five in Number and Value of the Creditors of the Bankrupt or Bankrupts, who shall be Creditors for not less than Twenty Pounds respectively, and who shall have duly proved their Debts under the Commission, or some other Person by them duly authorized thereunto, to the Allowance and Certificate and Discharge of the Bankrupt or Bankrupts, shall be, to all Intents and Purposes, as available for the Benefit of the Bankrupt or Bankrupts as before the passing of this Act the Signature and Consent of Four Parts in Five in Number and Value of such Persons would have been available; and such Signature and Consent of Three Parts in Five in Number and Value of such Persons, shall be sufficient to authorize all Acts to be done by the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, and Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, and the Commissioners in such Commissions of Bankrupt, and all others, for the Benefit of the Bankrupt or Bankrupts, which under any prior Act or Acts of Parliament would have been authorized by the Signature and Consent of Four Parts in Five in Number and Value of such Persons.

Bankrupts entitled to Leases, or Agreements for Leases, delivering up same to Assignees shall not remain liable for Rent, &c. Lessor may apply to Chancellor.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases, in which a Commission of Bankrupt shall be sued forth against any Person after the passing of this Act, and such Person shall be entitled to any Lease or Agreement for a Lease, and the Assignees shall accept the same and the Benefit therefrom, as Part of the Bankrupt's Estate and Effects, the Bankrupt shall not be, or be deemed to be, liable to pay the Rent accruing due after such Acceptance of the same as aforesaid, and after such Acceptance the Bankrupt shall not be liable to be in any Manner sued in respect or by reason of any subsequent Non-observance or Non-performance of the Conditions, Covenants, or Agreements therein contained: Provided, that in all such Cases as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Lessor or Person agreeing to make such Lease, his Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, if the Assignees shall decline, upon their being required so to do, to determine whether they will or will not so accept such Lease or Agreement for a Lease, to apply by Petition to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, praying that they may either so accept the same, or deliver up the Lease or Agreement for the Lease, and the Possession of the Premises demised or intended to be demised, who shall thereupon make such Order as in all the Circumstances of the Case shall seem meet and just, and which shall be binding on all Parties.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act for preventing Frauds and Depredations committed on Merchants, Ship Owners, and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others; and also for remedying certain Defects relative to the Adjustment of Salvage in *England*, under an Act made in the Twelfth Year of *Queen Anne*. [20th June 1809.]

WHEREAS great Depredations have for many Years past been committed by Boatmen, Pilots, Hovellers, and others, on Ships in Distress and otherwise, and Anchors, Cables, and other Property of Ships and Vessels on the Coasts and in the Harbours, Bays, and Rivers of *England* and *Wales*, and the Town and Harbour of *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, are oftentimes carried away or destroyed by such Boatmen, Pilots, Hovellers, and others, or when found are not restored to the Owners thereof, and great Exortions are committed and exorbitant Demands made upon the Masters and Owners of such Ships for saving and preserving the same, to the great Loss and Injury of the Ship Owners, Merchants, Underwriters, and others concerned in Shipping: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all Pilots, Boatmen, Hovellers, or other Persons who shall take up any Anchors, Cables, or any Goods or Merchandize which may have been parted with, cut from or left by any Ship or Vessel within any Harbours, Rivers, or Bays, or on any of the Coasts of this Kingdom, whether the same Ship or Vessel shall be or shall have been in Distress or otherwise, and which shall have been weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of or by any such Boatman, Pilot, Hoveller, or other Person, shall send a Report in Writing of the Articles so found, and stating the Marks (if any) thereon, and also an accurate and particular Description of the Bearings, Distances, and Situations, and Time when and where the same were so found, to a Deputy Vice-Admiral or his Agent at or near to the Port or Place where such Boatman, Pilot, Hoveller, or other Person shall first arrive with such Articles, within Forty-eight Hours after his or their Arrival at such Port or Place, or before he or they shall leave the Port, if he or they shall quit it before that Time shall expire; and shall also within such Period as aforesaid deliver such Articles so found into a proper Warehouse, or such other Place as the Vice Admiral of each County shall appoint for safe Custody, until the same shall be claimed by the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, and the Salvage, together with such other Charges and Expences as are hereinafter directed to be paid in respect of such Articles paid by him or them, or Security given for the Payment thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Salvor or Salvors thereof; and every such Pilot, Boatman, Hoveller, or other Person who shall wilfully and fraudulently keep Possession of or retain, or conceal or secrete any Anchors or Cables so found, weighed, swept for or taken possession of as aforesaid, and shall not report and deliver the same at some proper Warehouse or other Place in the Manner aforesaid, and within the Time herein-before limited, shall on Conviction be adjudged and

Pilots and others taking possession of Anchors, Cables and other Ships Material's shall send a Report thereof to a Deputy Vice Admiral, and deposit the same in Places to be appointed; or shall be considered as Receivers of it *sten Google*.

deemed guilty of receiving Goods knowing them to have been stolen, and shall suffer the like Punishment as if the same had been stolen on Shore.

Deputy Vice Admiral shall send Report to Trinity House,

II. And be it further enacted, That every Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, to whom any such Report shall be sent, shall within Two Days forward the same, or a true Copy thereof, to the Secretary of the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond* in London, and the same shall be placed by him in some conspicuous Situation, for the Inspection of all Persons choosing to inspect and examine the same.

as soon as the Articles amount to 20l. Value.

III. Provided always, That no Report shall be forwarded by such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, until the Articles so to be deposited as aforesaid for and in respect of which a Report is required to be made as herein-before is directed, shall amount in Value to the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Deputy Vice Admiral may seize Goods not reported and deposited and shall have One Third of the Value, (See § 6.)

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, to seize and detain any such Articles as shall not have been reported in the Manner herein-before directed, and upon such Seizure such Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, shall deposit the same in the Warehouse or other Place to be appointed as aforesaid, and shall within Two Days thereafter send a Report in Writing of the Articles so seized, and stating the Marks (if any) thereon, to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond* as before directed, to be made publick as aforesaid; and every such Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, so seizing, who shall not make such Report as aforesaid, within Two Days after Seizure as aforesaid, shall, on Conviction before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party offending, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Neglect, together with Double the Value of the Goods so seized; One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township where such Offence shall be committed; and every Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent, who shall make any such Seizure, without any previous Information being given to such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, shall, on the same Articles being claimed by and delivered to the Owner thereof, or his or her Agent, be entitled to receive such Sum of Money as shall be equal to One Third Part of the Value thereof.

Value may be ascertained as on Salvage. (See § 6, &c.)

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Owner and Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent so seizing cannot agree on the Value of the Articles, such Value shall be ascertained in like Manner as is herein-after directed with regard to Salvage.

If Deputy Vice Admiral seize on Information, Informer shall share in the One Third. (See § 4.32, &c.)

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any such Seizure shall have been made in consequence of any Information given to any such Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent so seizing, shall only be entitled to receive from the Owner or their Agents of the Articles One Sixth Part of the Value thereof, and One other Sixth Part of such Value shall be paid to the Person who shall have given the Information, the Value of such Articles to be ascertained in Manner aforesaid.

Articles not claimed within a Year shall be

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Articles so reported and delivered into the Warehouse or other Place as aforesaid, shall

shall not be claimed within a Year and a Day after such Report shall have been transmitted to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, as before mentioned, the same shall be sold, and a Certificate of such Sale shall be delivered to the Purchaser thereof under the Directions of the High Court of Admiralty, and the Monies arising from the Sale thereof be applied in the Manner directed in and by an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen *Anne*. intituled, *An Act for preserving all such Ships and Goods thereof which shall happen to be found on Shore or stranded on the Coasts of this Kingdom, or any other of Her Majesty's Dominions*, and if the same shall have been seized by the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent as aforesaid, then the Deputy Vice Admiral or Agent so seizing and the Person who shall have given such Information as shall have led to the Seizure (if any such Information shall have been given) shall be equally entitled to the Salvage which shall be allowed by the High Court of Admiralty to the Salvors in the Case of unclaimed Property.

fold under
Stat. 12 Anne,
c. 18.

Deputy Vice
Admiral seizing,
and Informer
shall be equally
entitled to
Salvage.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if the Salvors of any such Articles, or any Goods so found, weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of as aforesaid, and so lodged and reported as aforesaid, and the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, cannot agree respecting the Amount of Salvage to be paid for or in respect of the same, or the Value thereof, as the Case may be, then the Matter in Difference shall be determined by any Two Justices of the Peace residing near to the Place where such Articles or Goods shall be deposited; and such Justices shall begin to proceed in their Enquiry as to such Matters in Dispute, within Forty-eight Hours after such Difference shall be referred to them for their Determination thereof; and if they cannot agree respecting the same, then it shall be lawful for them to nominate any Third Person conversant in Maritime Affairs, at their Option, who shall ascertain the Amount of the Salvage to be paid, or the Value thereof, as the Case may be, within Forty-eight Hours after he shall have been so nominated as aforesaid, and the said Justices and such Third Person so nominated as aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority, whenever they see Occasion, to examine the Parties or their Witnesses upon Oath, which Oath they are hereby authorized to administer.

Two Justices
empowered to
determine Dif-
ferences
respecting
Salvage of such
Articles.

Such Justices
may nominate a
third Person as
Umpire.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall also be lawful for the said Justices to decide in the like Manner, and within the same Time as is herein-before directed, with regard to Salvage on all Claims and Demands whatsoever which shall or may after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, be made by Pilots, Boatmen, and other Persons, for Services of any Description (except Pilotage) to be rendered by them to any Ship or Vessel, as well for carrying off from the Shore to such Ship or Vessel any Anchors, Cables, or other Stores, from any Port or Ports of the Coast of *England and Wales and Berwick-upon-Tweed*, or for the saving and preserving any Goods or Merchandize which may have been wrecked, stranded, or cast away from any Ship or Vessel, or for being instrumental in saving the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons on board the said Ship or Vessel, the Master, Owner, or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents being present with such Justices; and that the said Justice or such other Person so appointed as aforesaid, shall have full Power and Authority to hear

Two Justices
may determine
upon Remune-
ration for Ser-
vices to Ships
in Distress.
(except Pilotage)
&c.

Decision of Justices or their Umpire shall be final; unless on Appeal to Admiralty.

Persons dissatisfied may appeal to the High Court of Admiralty, but the Goods shall be restored to the Owners on giving Bail.

See Schedule (A.)

Umpire named by Justices shall be paid by the Parties.

and determine on all Cases whatever of Services rendered by Pilots, Boatmen, and others to Ships or Vessels (except Pilotage) whether such Ships or Vessels shall at the Time be in Distress or not, and that they shall have the like Power of examining the Parties or their Witnesses upon Oath as last herein-before directed; and the Decision of such Justices, or of the Person so to be by them appointed as aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive on all Parties, save and except in such Cases in which an Appeal shall be interposed by either Party to the High Court of Admiralty, such Appeal to be interposed within Thirty Days after the Award of the Justices or such Person so appointed as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons so claiming to be entitled to Salvage, or the Party or Parties who is or are to pay the same, or their Agents, shall be dissatisfied with such Award and Decision of the Justices, or of the Person so to be nominated by them as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for either of them respectively, within Forty-eight Hours after such Award is made, but not afterwards, to declare to the Justices, or such other Person to be nominated by them as aforesaid, his, her, or their Desire of obtaining the Judgment of the High Court of Admiralty respecting the said Salvage, and thereupon the Person or Persons so claiming to be entitled to Salvage shall be compelled to proceed within Thirty Days from the Date of such Award, by taking out a Motion against the adverse Party; but in such Case the said Justices are hereby required and empowered to deliver to the Owners and Proprietors or their Agents, any such Anchor or Cable, Goods, or other Articles respecting which any Claim for Salvage shall be made upon the Owners or Proprietors thereof, his, her, or their Agent, given good and sufficient Bail in Double the Amount of the Value of the Articles in respect of which such Salvage shall be claimed, and which Bail shall be taken by a Commissioner for taking Examinations in Prize Causes, if there shall be one in the Port or Place where such Difference shall arise, but if there shall be no such Commissioner there, then the said Justices to whom such Difference shall have been referred, or either of them, or any other of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, are and is hereby authorized to take the same; and the Commissioner or Justice who shall take such Bail shall certify the same according to the Form contained in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and transmit the same without Delay to the High Court of Admiralty, together with a true Certificate in Writing of the gross Value of the Whole of the Articles respecting which Salvage shall be claimed, and also a Copy of such Proceedings and Awards on unstamped Paper, certified under the Hand of such Commissioner or Justice taking the Bail as aforesaid, and the same shall be admitted by such Court of Admiralty as Evidence in the Cause.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Persons so to be named by the said Justices as aforesaid, who shall decide on the Amount of Salvage to be paid, or on the Value of the Articles, or on the Remuneration to be made to Persons rendering Assistance to Ships or Vessels, or Persons as aforesaid, to demand and receive of and from the Owner or Owners of the Articles saved, or of the Ships or Vessels in Behalf of which the Services may have been rendered, or his, her, or their Agents or Agent, a Sum of Money not exceeding Two Pounds Two Shillings each, and such Owner

Owner or Owners, or his, her, or their Agent or Agents, shall and are hereby required to pay to the Persons so to be by the said Justices nominated as aforesaid, such Fee or Reward immediately after he shall have made his Award or Decision, and on Delivery of the same.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, from and after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, wilfully cut away, cast adrift, remove, alter, deface, sink, or destroy, or shall do or commit any Act with Intent and Design to cut away, cast adrift, remove, alter, deface, sink, or destroy, or in any other Way injure or conceal any Buoy, Buoy Rope, or Mark, belonging to any Ship or Vessel, or which may be attached to any Anchor or Cable belonging to any Ship or Vessel whatever, whether in Distress or otherwise, such Person or Persons so offending shall, on being convicted of such Offence, be deemed and adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be liable to be transported for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, or in Mitigation of such Punishment to be imprisoned for any Number of Years at the Discretion of the Court in which the Conviction shall be made.

Penalty on cutting away or defacing Buoys, Buoy Ropes, &c. Single Felony. &c.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly and wilfully, and with Intent to defraud and injure the true Owner or Owners thereof, or any Person interested therein as aforesaid, purchase or receive any Anchors, Cables, or Goods, or Merchandize, which may have been taken up, weighed, swept for, or taken Possession of, whether the same shall have belonged to any Ship or Vessel in Distress or otherwise, or whether the same shall have been preserved from any Wreck, if the Directions herein-before contained with regard to such Articles shall not have been previously complied with, such Person or Persons shall on Conviction thereof be deemed guilty of receiving stolen Goods, knowing the same to be stolen, as if the same had been stolen on Shore, and suffer the like Punishment as for a Misdemeanor at the Common Law, or be liable to be transported for Seven Years, at the Discretion of the Court, before which he, she, or they shall be tried.

Penalty on purchasing Anchors, &c. contrary to this Act, Misdemeanor, &c.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Master, Mate, or Crew of any Ship or Vessel bound to Parts beyond the Seas, shall find and take on board of such Ship or Vessel, any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandize, or shall receive any Anchor, Cable, or any Goods or Merchandize on board of such Ship or Vessel, from any other Person or Persons who may have found the same, knowing the same to have been so found, the Master, Mate, or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall make a true Entry in the Log Book of such Ship of the Description of the Articles so found or taken on board as aforesaid, stating the Marks (if any) thereon, and the Bearings and Distances, and other minute Description, and the Time when and where the same were found and taken on board; and also shall at the first possible Opportunity transmit a Report in Writing containing a true Copy of such Entry in the Log Book of the said Ship or Vessel, to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, and on the Return of such Vessel to any Port in *England* or *Wales*, or *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, he shall deliver the same Articles into the Possession of a Deputy Vice Admiral, or his Agent in or nearest to such Port, with the like Report

Masters of Ships bound to Parts beyond the Seas, finding or taking on board Anchors and other Articles, shall report the same to the Trinity-House, and on their Arrival in *England* shall deposit them,

as is herein-before directed; and such Deputy Vice Admiral, or Agent, is hereby required to transmit such Report to the said Corporation of the Trinity House at *Deptford Strond*, to be placed by the said Corporation for Inspection in like Manner as aforesaid; and if the same shall not be claimed by the Owner or Owners thereof, or his, her, or their Agent, within a Year and a Day after such Report shall be transmitted, the same shall be sold and disposed of according to Law with regard to unclaimed Property; and in default thereof, or if the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall sell or dispose of such Anchor, Cable, Goods, or Merchandize to any Person or Persons whomsoever, or shall not upon his first Return to any Port within *England* and *Wales* or *Berwick-upon-Tweed*, report and deliver the same according to the Provisions of this Act, he shall for every such Offence, on being thereof lawfully convicted before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate on the Oath of One credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party offending, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two hundred Pounds, nor less than Fifty Pounds, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the President and Governors for the Relief and Support of such maimed and disabled Seamen, and of the Widows and Children of such as shall be killed, slain, or drowned in the Merchants Service, under an Act of Parliament made in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the Relief and Support of maimed and disabled Seamen, and the Widows and Children of such as shall be killed, slain, or drowned, in the Merchants Service*, and shall also forfeit and pay Double the Value of such Articles, to the Owners or Owner thereof.

Penalty 200',
to 50l. Half to
Informer and
Half to Mer-
chants Seamen's
Society under
20 G. 2. c. 38.

Fees to be paid
for Reports.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Deputy Vice Admiral or his Agent, who shall make the Report required by this Act to the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond* as aforesaid, to receive of and from the Owner or Owners of the Articles in respect of which the Report shall be made, or if the same are not claimed, then out of the Produce of the Sale thereof, the Sum of One Pound One Shilling for each Report; and that it shall also be lawful for the Secretary or other proper Officer of the said Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, to receive in like Manner as last mentioned, the Sum of One Pound One Shilling for each Report so to be received by the said Corporation, and to be made publick by them as aforesaid, which last-mentioned Sum shall be paid to the said Deputy Vice-Admiral or his Agent, before the Delivery of the Goods and accounted for by him to the Trinity House.

XVI. And whereas Pilots, Hovellers, Boatmen, and other Persons in small Vessels have for many Years conveyed Anchors and Cables which may have been weighed, swept for, or taken possession of by them, as aforesaid, or which they may have purchased of other Persons, knowing them to have been weighed, swept for, or taken possession of without being reported as aforesaid, to Foreign Countries, and there sold and disposed of to the manifest Injury and Loss of the Owners thereof; for remedying whereof, Be it further enacted, That every Pilot, Hoveller, Boatman, or the Master of any such Vessel, who shall convey after the said First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, any such Anchor or Cable to any Foreign

Penalty on
selling or dispo-
sing of Anchors
or Cables in for-
eign Countries,
Single Felony.

Foreign Port, Harbour, Creek, or Bay, and there sell and dispose of the same, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for any Term not exceeding Seven Years.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall trade or deal in buying and selling Anchors, Cables, Sails, or old Junk, old Iron, or Marine Stores of any Kind or Description, shall have their Names with the Words "Dealer in Marine Stores," painted distinctly in Letters of not less than Six Inches in Length upon the Front of all their Storehouses, Warehouses, and other Deposits for such Goods; and in default of their so doing, they shall, on Conviction before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Magistrate or Magistrates of any Jurisdiction where such Storehouse, Warehouse, and Depot shall be, upon the Oath of One credible Witness, or on Confession of the Party offending, forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township where such Offence shall be committed; and that it shall not be lawful for such Dealers or Traders to cut up any Cable, or any Part of a Cable, exceeding Five Fathoms in Length, or uncant, untwine, or unlay the same into Junk or Paper-stuff, on any Pretence whatsoever, without first obtaining a Permit from some Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near to the Residence of such Dealer, which Permit shall not be granted unless an Affidavit shall have been made that the Cable so intended to be cut up had been *bonâ fide* purchased, and without Fraud, by the Party so intending to cut up the same, and without any Knowledge or Suspicion on his or her Part that the same had been or were dishonestly come by; and in which Affidavit shall also be specified the particular Quality and Description of such Cable, and the Name or Names of the Seller or Sellers thereof, which Affidavit shall be recited and set forth at length in the Permit thereupon granted, on pain of forfeiting for the First Offence any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Ten Pounds, and for every Second or further Offence any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace, and One Half thereof to go to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish in which such Offence shall have been committed.

Dealers in Marine Stores shall have their Names painted on their Storehouses.
Penalty 20l.
Such Dealers shall not cut up Cables without a Permit from a Magistrate, to be granted on Affidavit, &c.

Penalty 10l.

Dealers shall keep an Account of old Stores bought by them.

Shall advertise before cutting up of Cordage.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That for the more effectual Prevention of such Frauds, all Dealers in such Marine Stores as aforesaid shall keep a Book or Books fairly written, in which Entries shall be from Time to Time regularly made of all such old Marine Stores as shall be by them from Time to Time bought, containing a true Account and Description of the Times when the same were so respectively bought by them, and of the Names and Places of Abode of the respective Sellers thereof: And before any Person who shall obtain such Permit for the cutting up of any such Cable (as hereinbefore required to be obtained) shall proceed to cut up the same by virtue thereof, there shall be published by the Space of One Week at least before the cutting up the same, One or more Advertisement or Advertisements in some publick Newspaper, printed nearest to the Storehouse, Warehouse, or Depot where the Articles shall be deposited, notifying that such Party had obtained such Permit for the Purpose of cutting up such Cable, and of such Kind and Quality as therein described, and also specifying the Place where such Articles shall

Inspection of
such Accounts
may be de-
manded by
Parties in-
terested.

Penalties on
Dealers for
Neglect.

shall be deposited; whereupon it shall be lawful for all and every Person or Persons who may have just Cause to suspect that such Articles are the Property of such Person or Persons, and shall have verified upon Oath the Fact of such his, her, or their Suspicion before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near to the said Storehouse, Warehouse, or Depôt, by Warrant for that Purpose thereupon granted, to require of and from such Dealer who shall have so advertised, and shall be so sworn to be suspected as aforesaid, the Production and Examination of the Book or Books of Entries hereby required by him or her to be kept, and inspect and examine the Cables described in such Permit; and in case any such Dealer, when so thereunto required as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to produce to the Person named in such Warrant as the Person on whose Oath the same shall have been obtained, the Book or Books containing the Entries of such Dealer so required to be made therein as aforesaid, or shall neglect to keep any such Book or Books in which Entries containing Accounts of the several Particulars hereinbefore required to be entered shall be made, or to permit such Inspection or Examination as aforesaid, or shall after obtaining such Permit for the cutting up of any such Cable, and before the cutting up of the same, neglect to publish such One or more Advertisement or Advertisements relative thereto as is hereinbefore directed and required, the Dealer or Dealers so offending in all or any of the Particulars hereinbefore mentioned shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence, being his, her, or their First Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Ten Pounds, and for every Second or further Offence any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds nor less than Twenty Pounds, One Half of which Penalty shall on Conviction before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate residing near as aforesaid, be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township in which such Offences shall be committed; and in case any of the Penalties by this Act imposed shall not be paid, with the Charges incident to the Conviction, immediately upon such Conviction, the same shall and may be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, upon the Goods and Chattels of any such Offender or Offenders; and in case no sufficient Distress shall be found, then every such Offender or Offenders shall and may be committed by any such Justice of the Peace or Magistrate as aforesaid, to Gaol, in case of any First Offence for the Space of Six Calendar Months, and in case of any Second or further Offence for the Space of Twelve Calendar Months, unless the said Penalty and the Charges shall be sooner paid.

Manufacturers
shall put Marks
on Anchors and
Kedge Anchors.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all Manufacturers of Anchors and Kedge Anchors shall place his, her, or their Name or Names, together with a progressive Number, and also the Weight of the Anchor, in legible Characters upon the Crown, and also upon the Shank under the Stock of each Anchor which he, she, or they shall manufacture, and shall also place his, her, or their Name or Names, together with a Number, and also the Weight of the Kedge Anchor upon the Crown, and also upon the Shank near to the Stock of every Kedge Anchor which he, she, or they shall manufacture, and in case any such Manufacturer shall neglect to place such Name, Number, or Weight in the Manner hereinbefore directed and required, every such Person or Persons so offending shall, on Conviction before

before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate, on the Oath of One credible Witness, or on the Confession of the Party so offending, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, One Half of which Penalty shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half to the Poor of the Parish or Township in which such Offence shall be committed.

XX. 'And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act,' Be it further enacted, That all and every Justice and Justices of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form; *videlicet*;

Form of Conviction.

'BE it remembered, That on the Day of _____
 in the Year of our Lord _____ A. B. is convicted
 before me [or us] _____ One [or, Two, as the Case may be]
 of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the _____ [here
 specify the Offence, and the Time and Place when and where committed,
 as the Case may be] contrary to an Act passed in the Forty-ninth
 Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled, [here insert
 the Title of this Act]. Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our Hands
 and Seals] the Day and Year first above written.'

And no *Certiorari* or other Writ or Process for the Removal of any such Conviction, or any Proceedings thereon, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, shall be allowed or granted.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons so convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace before mentioned of any Offence or Offences against this Act, within Three Calendar Months next after such Conviction, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the General Quarter Sessions holden for the County, City or Place where the Matter of Appeal shall arise, first giving Ten Days Notice of such Appeal to the Person or Persons appealed against, and of the Matter thereof, and entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City, or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and for abiding the Determination of the Court therein; and such Justices at the General Quarter Sessions shall, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given, and Recognizance entered into, hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm, or quash and annul the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party as to them shall seem just and reasonable, and the Decision of the said Justices therein, shall be final, binding, and conclusive; and no Proceeding to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act, shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form only, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Appeal to General Quarter Sessions.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township, or Place, shall be deemed and taken to be competent Witnesses for the Purpose of proving the Commission of any Offence against this Act, within the Limits of such Parish, Township, or Place, notwithstanding the Penalty incurred by such Offence, or any Part thereof, is or may be given or applicable to the Poor of such Parish, Township, or Place, or other-

Inhabitants competent Witnesses.

wise

wife for the Benefit or Use, or in aid or in exoneration of such Parish, Township, or Place.

Offences may be tried where Articles found, or if sold in foreign Parts, where Offenders reside.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Felonies, Misdemeanors, and other Offences under this Act, shall and may be laid to be committed, and shall be tried in any City or County (being a County) where any such Article, Matter, or Thing in relation to which such Offence shall have been committed, shall have been found in the Possession of the Person committing the Offence, or if the same shall have been sold in foreign Parts, then in the Country or Place in which the Person selling the same shall reside.

This Act shall not affect stat. 48 G. 3. c. 130.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to or be in force within the Limits specified and directed in an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for preventing the various Frauds and Depredations committed on Merchants, Ship Owners, and Underwriters, by Boatmen and others, within the Jurisdiction of the Cinque Ports, and also for remedying certain Defects relative to the Adjustment of Salvage, under a Statute made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne*, or in any Manner to affect any of the Provisions of the said Act, but the said recited Act shall remain in full Force within the Limits therein specified, as if this Act had not been passed.

Nor shall affect R. 48 G. 3. c. 104.

XXV. Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal, take away, or alter any of the Clauses, Powers, or Provisions contained in an Act of Parliament made in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Pilots and of the Pilotage of Ships and Vessels navigating the British Seas*, but that the said Act shall remain in full Force as if this Act had not been passed.

Reservation of the Rights of the High Court of Admiralty.

XXVI. Provided also, and it is hereby further declared, That this Act or any Thing herein contained shall not extend or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, prejudicing, or impeaching in any Manner whatever the Jurisdiction of the High Court of Admiralty of *England*, or the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty Court of the Cinque Ports, Two ancient Towns and their Members, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Great Yarmouth*, in the County of *Norfolk*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Dunwich*, in the County of *Suffolk*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Southampton*, in the County of *Hants*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Southwold*, in the County of *Suffolk*, or of the Admiralty Court of the Borough of *Lynn Regis*, in the County of *Norfolk*, but that it shall and may be lawful for the said Courts respectively, and the Judge or Judges thereof for the Time being, to have, use, exercise, and enjoy Jurisdiction over all such Matters, Rights, and Offences as they have heretofore had, used, exercised and enjoyed, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if this Act had not been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Reservation of the Rights of the Crown, and of Lords of Manors.

XXVII. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That neither this Act, nor any Thing herein contained, shall any ways extend, or be construed to extend, to deprive, or in any ways prejudice the Rights of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or any claiming under them, or any of them, or any Patentee or Grantee of the Crown, or any Lord or Lords, or Lady or Ladies of any Manor or Manors whatsoever,

soever, but that such respective Rights shall be enjoyed in as full, ample, and beneficial a Manner, in every Respect, as if this Act had never been made.

XXVIII. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, hindering, prejudicing, or impeaching of any Grant, Liberties, Franchises, and Privileges heretofore granted to and vested in the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Deptford Strond*, but that the said Corporation shall hold and enjoy the same, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as they might have done in case this Act had never been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Reservation of the Rights of the Trinity House of Deptford Strond.

XXIX. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend to the taking away, abridging, hindering, prejudicing, or impeaching of any Grant, Liberties, Franchises, and Privileges heretofore granted to and vested in the Corporation of the Trinity House of *Kingston-upon-Hull*, or in the Masters, Wardens, and Brethren of the Trinity Houses of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne* and *Scarborough* respectively, but that the said Corporation, and the said Masters, Wardens, and Brethren, shall hold and enjoy the same, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as they might have done in case this Act had never been made; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

And of the Rights of the Trinity Houses of Kingston, Newcastle, and Scarborough.

XXX. Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted and declared, by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be construed to extend to prejudice or take away any Right, Property, Authority, or Jurisdiction of the Mayor of the City of *London*, or of the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, to, in, and upon the Rivers of *Thames* and *Medway*.

And of the Rights of the City of London.

XXXI. Provided also, and be it hereby further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to these Parts or the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* called *Scotland* and *Ireland*.

Act shall not extend to Scotland or Ireland.

XXXII. 'And Whereas it is expedient that the like Means of conclusively adjusting and recovering the Quantum of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the said several Persons acting or being employed in the Salvage of any Ship or Vessel, or the Materials or Stores belonging thereto, or Goods or Persons on board thereof, should subsist, and be by Law applicable in Cases where the Salvors shall have acted under and by the Employment and Authority of any Magistrate, or of the Commander or other superior Officers, Mariners, or Owners of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, as are now by Law provided for adjusting the Quantum of such Monies or Gratuities which shall have become due in Cases where Application shall have been first made to the Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in that Behalf named and appointed in and by a certain Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled, *An Act for preserving all such Ships and Goods thereof, which shall happen to be forced ashore or stranded upon the Coasts of this Kingdom, or any other of Her Majesty's Dominions; and where such Assistance shall thereupon have been rendered, in pursuance of the Provision of that Statute;*' Be it therefore enacted, That from
and

Regulations of
12 An. st. 2.
c. 18. as to
adjusting and
recovering
Quantum of
Salvage, ex-
tended to Cases
of Salvage where
Sailors have
acted under
Authority of a
Magistrate or the
Captain, &c. of
the Vessel in
Distress.

and after the First of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine, all and every the Means which in virtue of the said last mentioned Act subsist, and may now be by Law applied for the conclusively adjusting, and for the recovering of the Quantum of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the several Persons acting or being employed in the Salvage of any Ship or Vessel, or the Materials or Stores belonging thereto, or Goods, in Cases where Application shall have been first made pursuant to the said Act to Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in that Behalf mentioned, and Assistance shall have been thereupon rendered and had in pursuance of the Provisions of the said Act, shall be by Law applicable and available in like Manner to all Intents and Purposes in Cases where the Salvors shall have acted under and by the Employment and Authority of any Magistrate, or of the Commander or other superior Officers, Mariners, or Owners of any Ship or Vessel in Distress, although no such Application shall have been made to nor any Authority or Assistance derived from any Officers of the Customs, or other the Officer or Officers in the said Statute in that Behalf mentioned; and thereupon upon Payment or Tender and Refusal of the Quantum of the Monies or Gratuities to be paid to the several Persons who shall have acted or been employed in such Salvage, or in case such Payment or Tender cannot be made, on Security being given for the true Payment thereof, to the Satisfaction of the Justices who shall have adjusted such Quantum or Gratuities, it shall not be lawful for any Officer of the Customs, or other Person or Persons having the Possession or Custody of such Ship, Vessel, Materials, Stores, or Goods, any longer to retain the Possession or Custody of the same, or any Part thereof, by Reason or Pretence of any Claim or Right to a Compensation or Gratuity of such Salvage, as aforesaid, or for having acted or been employed therein.

“ Publick Act. § 33.

Continuance of
the Act.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force for Seven Years from the passing hereof.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

[See § 10.]

ON the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our
Lord _____ before me _____
at _____ in the County of _____ [Ship's
Name.] *A. B.* [Here insert the Names of the Salvors against and name
the Stores and other Articles; (id est) Anchors and Cables, &c. as the
Case may be] certain Goods and Merchandizes lately found and taken
possession of and belonging to the said Ship, whereof _____
was Master, and also against the said _____ Master
and the Owners [or if the Owners alone appear by themselves or Agents,
then leave out the Master's Name] of the said Goods and Merchandize
in a Cause of Salvage. [Master's Name.] On which Day appeared
personally _____ or _____ and
of _____ who produced themselves as Sureties for the
said _____ the Master and for the Owners of the said
Goods and Merchandize, and, submitting themselves to the Juris-
diction of the High Court of Admiralty of England, bound them-
selves, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators for the said
Master and Owners of the said Goods and Merchandize, in the Sum
of _____

of the said of lawful Money of Great Britain, unto to answer such Salvage and Expences, or the Value of the Goods as the Case may be, as shall be herein-after decreed by the said Court, according to the Tenor of the Act in that Case made and provided; and unless they shall do so, they hereby consent that Execution shall issue forth against them, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, Goods and Chattels, wherever the same shall be found, to the Value of the Sum above mentioned.

This Bail was duly taken, acknowledged, and received at the Time and Place above written, before me the undersigned Commissioner, and I do believe and consider the Persons above mentioned sufficient Security for the said Sum of

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually manning His Majesty's Navy during the present War; and for the further Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually providing for the Interest of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich*, and the Royal Hospital for Soldiers at *Chelsea*; and to extend the Provisions of the said Act to Cases arising in consequence of Hostilities commenced since the passing of the said Act. [20th June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and for the better and more effectually manning His Majesty's Navy during the present War*, certain Provisions are made for the Conduct of the Officers in Vice Admiralty Courts respecting Prizes that shall have been adjudged in the said Courts, which Provisions have not been found effectual for the good Purposes intended thereby; Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the Registrars of every Vice Admiralty Court shall, on the Twenty-sixth Day of *March*, the Twenty-fifth Day of *June*, the Thirtieth Day of *September*, and the Twenty-sixth Day of *December* in every Year, or so soon after each of such Quarter Days respectively as any Ship shall sail for *England*, transmit to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, and the Treasurer of the Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*, a List of all the Prizes that shall have been adjudged in their Courts respectively during the preceding Quarter of a Year, together with the Names of the capturing Ships and their Commanders, and the Agents of the Captors, with a Copy of the decretal Part of the Sentences upon the same; and at the same Time deliver or cause to be delivered Duplicates of the same to the Deputies of the said Treasurer resident at the several Places where such Courts of Vice Admiralty are or shall be established, or to which their Jurisdiction shall extend,

45 G. 3. c. 72.

Registrars of Vice Admiralty Courts shall every Quarter transmit to Registrar of Admiralty and Treasurer of Greenwich Hospital, List of all Prizes adjudged. [See 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 48.]

which

which Lists so to be transmitted to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty shall be hung up for publick Inspection in the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty in Doctors Commons, in the same Manner as is by the said recited Act required with respect to the Lists therein directed to be transmitted Half-yearly.

Registrars of Admiralty and Vice Admiralty Courts shall every Quarter transmit to Greenwich Hospital, Copies of Entries of Letters of Attorney, &c. as directed by 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 56. 58, 59.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Registrar or Registrars of the High Court of Admiralty, and of every Court of Vice Admiralty in His Majesty's Dominions, shall, on the Twenty-sixth Day of *March*, the Twenty-fifth Day of *June*, the Thirtieth Day of *September*, and the Twenty-sixth Day of *December* in every Year, or within Fourteen Days after each of such Quarter Days respectively, so far as relates to the High Court of Admiralty, and with respect to Courts of Vice Admiralty, as soon after each such Quarterly Days as any Ship or Vessel shall sail for *Great Britain*, deliver to the Treasurer of the said Hospital, or to his lawful Deputy for the Time being, a true Copy or Transcript under his or their Hand or Hands, of the several Entries of the Letters of Attorney and other Particulars by the said recited Act directed to be entered or registered in the Books of such Registrars, in the Manner therein mentioned; and if any such Registrar or Registrars shall neglect or refuse to transmit or deliver such Copies or Transcripts within the respective Times by this Act limited for that Purpose, he or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: Provided always, that if any Agent or Agents shall be appointed after the Time any Sentence of Condemnation in any of the said Courts of Admiralty shall be given, such Agent or Agents shall, under the aforesaid Penalty, register or cause to be registered in Manner aforesaid, his or their respective Letters or Letter of Attorney appointing him or them Agent or Agents as aforesaid, within the Space of Twenty Days after the Date of the said Letter or Letters of Attorney.

And also Copies of Letters of Attorney so registered.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Registrar and Registrars of the said Courts of Vice Admiralty shall, on the Twenty-sixth Day of *March*, the Twenty-fifth Day of *June*, the Thirtieth Day of *September*, and the Twenty-sixth Day of *December*, in every Year, transcribe, and as soon after each of such Quarter Days respectively as any Ship shall sail for *Great Britain*, transmit to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*, Copies of all Letters of Attorney which shall have been registered in Manner directed by the said Act in the Three Months preceding, authenticated under the Seal of the Judge in Manner in the said Act expressed, and for the Purposes in the same Act mentioned, and shall at the same Time deliver or cause to be delivered similar Copies to the Deputies of the said Treasurer resident at the several Places where such Courts of Vice Admiralty are or shall be established, or at any Place within the Jurisdiction of such Courts respectively, the Charges of which Copies, and affixing the Seal or Seals thereto, and transmitting and delivering the same to the Treasurer of the said Hospital and his Deputies, shall be paid by the said Agent or Agents at the Time of making such Registry as aforesaid; and in case such Registrar or Registrars shall neglect or refuse to transcribe and transmit, or deliver such Copy or Copies of such Letter or Letters of Attorney, in Manner and within the Times by this Act directed and limited, he or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

IV. And

IV. ' And Whereas it is necessary that further Provisions should be made respecting the making out and delivering of Prize Lists, and for Relief of Persons whose Names may be improperly omitted therein; Be it therefore enacted, That when any Prize shall be taken by any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or hired armed Vessels, the Captain or Commander of the capturing Ship, or some Person or Persons under his Authority, shall forthwith make out and deliver or send to the Agent or Agents appointed to sell and distribute such Prize, or any Bounty Money payable in respect thereof, such a correct and particular List of the Persons entitled to share therein as is in and by the said recited Act mentioned and described, which Prize List shall be subscribed by every such Captain or Commander, and by the Lieutenant, and if more than one, then by the First Lieutenant, and also by the Master and Purser or Person or Persons acting as such, of every capturing Ship or Vessel to which the same relates, after the same shall have been carefully compared with the Muster Books of every such Ship or Vessel; and the Agent or Agents making Distribution conformably to any Prize List so subscribed, shall have the same Protection that is given to him or them by the Provisions of the said Act in making Distribution conformably to a Prize List certified as therein is directed: Provided always, that any Error in any such List may be corrected by a Comparison with the Muster Book or Books from which the same was taken at any Time prior to actual Distribution: Provided also, that in all Cases wherein any Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, actually entitled to share in any Capture, shall, after Distribution has been made, be proved by a Comparison with the Muster Books or Returns in the Navy Office or otherwise, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of the Navy or any Three of them to have been actually so entitled, but omitted in the Distribution List by Accident or Default, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners or any Three of them to certify such Omission to the Board of Directors of the said Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*, who shall thereupon cause the Amount of the Share to which such Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, if inserted in the Distribution List, would have been entitled to be paid out of the non-claimed or run Men's Shares of the same Prize, or out of the General Fund of unclaimed and forfeited Shares of Prize Money in the Hands of the said Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital; and the said Treasurer or his Deputy shall thereupon be entitled to maintain and prosecute in the Name of such Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, at the Charge and to the Use of the said Hospital, any Action or Suit against the Agent or Agents for the Recovery of the Amount of the Money so paid, that the said Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, might himself have maintained if he had not received a Satisfaction for the same from the said Hospital; but if such Agent or Agents shall be made liable to any such Demands in consequence of an Omission or Mistake in any Prize List certified to him or them as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for him or them to stop and retain the Amount of the Share for which he shall be so liable out of any Prize or Bounty Money in his or their Hands, payable to the Captain or Commander by whom such Prize List was signed and certified as aforesaid, or his Executors or Administrators, or to have a Remedy

Further Provisions respecting the making out and Delivery of Prize Lists, and for Relief of Persons improperly omitted. [See 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 60, 61.]

over by Action against him, them or any of them, for any Charge or Damage thereby sustained.

V. ' And Whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, That every Agent resident in the United Kingdom shall within Six Weeks after any Condemnation in the High Court of Admiralty, transmit a Notice of such Condemnation to the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital or his Deputy, together with an Account of the State of the Property condemned at the Time of such Transmission;

Agents shall transmit Notice of Condemnation to the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy.

[See 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 66.]

Be it further enacted, That every such Agent shall within Six Weeks after any Condemnation in the High Court of Admiralty, transmit a similar Notice of such Condemnation to the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, together with a similar Account of the State of the Property condemned at the Time of such Transmission, on pain of forfeiting for every Neglect the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, unless a reasonable Cause shall be shewn to and approved by the Court of Admiralty.

VI. ' And Whereas it is necessary to make further Provisions respecting Notices to be given of the Payment of Prize Money in consequence of Condemnations in Courts of Vice Admiralty, and also of Bounty Money granted by the said recited Act, in respect of the Number of Men on board the Enemy's Ships taken, sunk, burnt, or otherwise destroyed, as in the said Act is mentioned;

Further Provisions respecting Notices of Payment of Prize Money and Head Money.

[See 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 73.]

Be it therefore further enacted, That all and every Person or Persons appointed or to be appointed for the Receipt and Distribution of any Bounty Money by the said Act granted, shall transmit or deliver written Notifications of an individual Share of such Bounty Money to the Persons herein-after mentioned; and that in all Cases in which any Agent or Agents, Person or Persons appointed or to be appointed for the Payment or Distribution of any such Prize Money or Bounty Money who are required by the said Act to deliver to any Officer of the Customs Three Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications, to be transmitted to *England*, such Agent or Agents, Person or Persons shall, instead thereof, deliver Six such Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, in like Manner subscribed by him or them, together with Six such Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class; and the Officer receiving the same shall subscribe his Name to each of the said Six Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, as by the said Act is directed, and shall forthwith deliver one of the said Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, together with one of the said Notifications, of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class, to the Deputy to the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital, resident at the Place where such Court of Vice Admiralty is or shall be established, or to which its Jurisdiction shall extend, and by the first Ship which shall sail for any Port in *Great Britain*, shall transmit another of the said Gazettes, Newspapers, or Notifications of Distribution, together with one of the said Notifications, of the Amount of an individual Share to the Treasurer of the Royal Hospital at *Greenwich* or his Deputy there, and another to the Treasurer or Paymaster of the Navy in *London*, and shall by the Second Ship or Vessel which shall sail from the Port or Place where the said Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications shall be so delivered, for any Port

Port of *Great Britain*, transmit in like Manner to each of the above-mentioned Officers one other of the said Gazettes, Newspapers, or other Notifications, of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be), in each Class, marked by him as Duplicates of the former, and shall carefully preserve and keep in his Custody the Sixth of the said Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, together with the Sixth of the said Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class; and at all Ports and Places where Vice Admiralty Courts, with Jurisdiction in Prize Causes, are or shall be constituted, at which there shall be no Collector, Comptroller, or Searcher, or other Officer of the Customs, the said Gazettes, Newspapers, or other Notifications of Distribution, together with the said Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class, shall be delivered to and transmitted and kept respectively in like Manner by the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of such Vice Admiralty Court; and at all other Places where Prize or Bounty Money shall be distributed or payable where there shall be no Court of Vice Admiralty, the said Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, together with the said Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class, shall be delivered to the principal Civil Officer of the said Place or his Deputy, for the Purpose of being transmitted and kept as aforesaid; and all and every Person and Persons, Agent and Agents, appointed or to be appointed for the Payment or Distribution of any Prize Money or Bounty Money, who shall neglect or refuse to deliver the said several Gazettes, Newspapers, or written Notifications of Distribution, together with the said several Notifications of the Amount of an individual Share of both Prize and Bounty Money, or either (as the Case may be) in each Class, as herein-before directed to be transmitted, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every Collector, Comptroller, Searcher, or principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, Registrar or Deputy Registrar of such Vice Admiralty Court, or other Person as aforesaid, who shall neglect or refuse to receive, or to attest, or who shall not transmit, send, or keep any such Gazette, Newspaper, or written Notification of Distribution, or any such Notification of the Amount of an individual Share in each Class, in Manner herein-before directed, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

VII. 'And Whereas it is expedient that the Provisions made in the before recited Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for issuing a speedy Distribution of the Share of Captors of Prizes taken by His Majesty's Ships should be more effectually enforced;' Be it therefore enacted, That in all Cases where the Prizes shall have been sold, and the Time of Appeals shall have elapsed, or if an Appeal shall have been lodged, the same shall have been abandoned, and the Distribution shall not have been made within the Time and in the Manner required by the said recited Act; the Officer for Prizes in the Office of Treasurer of the Navy, shall state such Failure to the Treasurer of the Navy, who shall thereupon apply to the High Court of Admiralty, for a Monition or such other Process of the Court

Where Distribution of Prizes is not made in the Time required by 45 G. 3. c. 72. [§ 70, 71, 72.] such Failure shall be stated to Treasurer of the Navy, &c.

as may be expedient under the Circumstances of the Case, for compelling a speedy and effectual Distribution of the Proceeds.

Notice to be printed on Orders for receiving Prize Money.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That upon every Order for receiving the Prize Money of a Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines or Marine, the following Words shall be printed or written, before the same shall be attested; (*videlicet*), ' Take Notice, that no Prize Money can be received under this Order, except by an Agent duly licensed, in conformity to the Act of Parliament of the Forty-ninth Year of King *George* the Third, or by the Wife, one of the Parents, or Children of the Grantor; and that every Offence against the said Provision of the above recited Act, is punishable as a Misdemeanor.'

In Cases where any Claim of Prize Money shall be made, with a Requisition (See Schedule A.) that such Claim may be satisfied, or a Reason assigned, and the Reason assigned be that such Claim has been satisfied, the Agent shall specify the Name, &c. of the Person who received it.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Claim of Prize or Bounty Money shall be made upon any Prize Agent or Prize Agents, accompanied with a Requisition in Writing from the Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital or the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (A.) requiring that such Claim may be either satisfied, or a Reason assigned for its Disallowance, such Prize Agent or Prize Agents shall either pay the same, or state in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands the Reason of his or their refusing to do so, and deliver the same to the Party claiming the same, and presenting such Requisition; and if the Reason assigned be that such Claim has been already satisfied, the said Agent or Agents shall specify the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons by whom the Amount thereof was received, and under what Authority, from the Claimant or Claimants, and at what Time or Times the same was paid; and if any such Agent or Agents refusing Payment of any such Prize or Bounty Money, shall omit at the Time of such Claim being made, accompanied by such Requisition as aforesaid, or within Two Days afterwards to give and subscribe such Information as to the Cause of not satisfying such Claim, he or they shall forfeit and pay to such Claimant or Claimants Double the Amount of the Sum so claimed, to be recovered by him, her, or them, with full Costs of Suit in an Action of Debt, wherein it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to declare against the Defendant or Defendants for so much Money had and received by him or them to and for the Use of such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; and that Proof of such Claim, and of the Service of such Requisition as is herein-before mentioned, upon such Agent or Agents, shall be and be deemed sufficient Evidence in Support of any such Action; any Law, Statute, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

X. ' And Whereas it is expedient that further Provisions should be made for a more certain Transmission to the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital, of Accounts of the Produce of Prizes, and of the Distributions to the Captors, and for more effectually enforcing the Payment of all Balances in the Hands of Agents to the said Treasurer; Be it therefore enacted, That every Agent for a Prize or Prizes, and Person authorized to receive any Bounty Bill or Bills, shall and he and they is and are hereby required, at the End of Four Months next after the Day on which Distribution shall have been notified pursuant to the Directions in the said Act contained, to pay over all Shares and Balances which shall then remain in his or their Hands unpaid and undistributed, to the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital,

At the End of Four Months after Day notified for Distribution, Agents shall pay over Balance to *Greenwich* Hospital, &c. [See 45 G. 3. c. 72. § 80.]

Hospital, or such Person or Persons as he shall appoint or depute to receive the same, and render and verify his and their Accounts in the Manner by the said Act directed, under the like Penalties for Neglect of Duty as are by the said Act imposed for neglecting to make, render, and verify such Payments and Accounts within Four Months next after the first Distribution of such Prize and Bounty Monies.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Prize Agent, shall at the same Time that he exhibits or transmits an attested Copy of the detailed Accounts of the Sale of any Prize or Prizes, together with attested Copies of all Vouchers to the Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty respectively, as directed by the said recited Act, shall, and he is hereby directed and required to transmit another attested Copy of the said detailed Accounts and Vouchers to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*; and every such Agent who shall neglect or refuse to transmit such last-mentioned attested Copies of Accounts and Vouchers to the said Treasurer, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied in Manner herein-after direct d.

Agents shall transmit attested Copies of Accounts of Sale, and Vouchers, to Greenwich Hospital. [See 43 G. 3. c. 72. § 67.]

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Agent or Agents for any Prize or Prizes condemned or to be condemned in the *East Indies*, shall, under the Direction of the Court of Vice Admiralty wherein such Condemnation shall have passed, on the Application of the Deputy to the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital there resident, and in such Manner as in any Order to be made for that Purpose shall be specified, remit all unclaimed and forfeited Shares and Balances to the Treasurer in *England*, or pay the same over to the said Deputy, at the Election of him the said Deputy, so that the same may be paid to the said Treasurer within Twelve Months after the said Agent or Agents shall have exhibited his or their Accounts in such Court of Vice Admiralty as aforesaid, on pain of forfeiting his or their Bond or Bonds given and entered into pursuant to the Directions of the said Act.

Agents of Prizes condemned in the East Indies shall pay unclaimed Shares and Balances to the Use of Greenwich Hospital.

XIII. And Whereas further Provision is necessary to prevent the Fabrication of Orders and Certificates entitling Persons to receive Prize Money due to Seamen and others; Be it therefore enacted, That all Shares of Prize and Bounty Money due or which shall become due to any Petty Officer, Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, Marine, or Soldier, or any Person rated as a Boy or borne as a Supernumerary in His Majesty's Naval Service, shall be paid by the Agent or Agents to the Captors (if the Money shall be in his or their Possession) or the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital for the Time being or his Deputy, and the Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital for the Time being, or his Chief Clerk (if the same shall have been paid over to the said Treasurer) to the Person entitled thereto, or to any other Person authorized to receive the same, by any Order in the Form or to the Effect set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.) which Order shall specify the Name of the Prize or Prizes distributed or for Distribution, or give such Description thereof as shall be satisfactory to the Person or Persons in whose Possession the said Prize or Bounty Money may happen to be, and who shall be called upon to pay the same; and if the Capture shall have been upon the Land, the Name of the Place captured, together with the Name of His Majesty's Ship or Vessel of War on board of which the Person making the Order was serving at the Time

For regulating Orders and Certificates, for the Receipt of Prize Money.

such Prize or Prizes or Capture or Captures was or were made, and the Person making such Order shall also procure a Certificate in the Form or to the Effect set forth in the said Schedule marked (B.) which Certificate shall contain a full Description of the Person making such Order, and shall be signed by the Captain or Commanding Officer on board, and One other signing Officer of the Ship or Vessel in which the Person making such Order shall be then serving, if there shall be more than One such signing Officer on board or belonging to such Ship or Vessel; and if the Person making such Order shall be discharged from the Service, and shall be resident at any Port or Place at which a Deputy to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital shall be appointed, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before mentioned, shall be signed by such Deputy; and if the Person making such Order shall reside within Four Miles of the said Royal Hospital, then the said Certificate shall be signed by the Clerk of the Checque of the said Royal Hospital, or his Chief Clerk; and if at any other Place within the Bills of Mortality, then the same shall be signed by the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, or his Assistant; and if at any Place in *England* at which no Deputy to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital shall be appointed, and not being within the Bills of Mortality, or within Four Miles of the said Royal Hospital, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before mentioned, shall be signed by the Minister and One of the Churchwardens; and if in *Scotland*, by the Minister and One of the Elders of the Parish or Place in which such Person shall reside at the Time of making such Order; and if the Person making such Order shall be a Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or a Marine, at Head Quarters, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before mentioned, shall be signed by the Colonel or Commanding Officer for the Time being, and the Adjutant of the Division of Marines to which such Person so making such Order shall at the Time belong; and if the Person making such Order shall be on Shore at Sick Quarters, then such Certificate, specifying the Particulars before-mentioned, shall be signed by the Surgeon at such Sick Quarters and One of his Assistants, which Certificate shall be written or printed on the same Paper containing such Order, and which Order and Certificate being presented together, and the said Order being paid, such Order and Certificate shall remain with the Agent or Agents to the Captors, or the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital or his Deputy, paying the same: Provided always, that every such Order, as above described, shall be revokeable at Pleasure by the Person making the same: Provided also, that no such Order shall be void to authorize the Receipt of any Prize Money or Bounty Money which shall be in course of Payment or Distribution, if the Party making such Order shall be then residing or dwelling within the Distance of Five Miles from the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable; and if any Agent or Agents for Prizes shall pay or cause to be paid any Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money to any Person or Persons, upon any Order made within that Distance of the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable, such Prize Money or Bounty Money being in course of Distribution at the Time of making such Order, such Payment shall be void to all Intents and Purposes; and the Agent or Agents making the same shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, and applied

All Orders
revokeable.

No Orders valid
where the Party
entitled is
resident.

applied in such Manner respectively as is herein-after mentioned; and if any Person or Persons shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure any other Person or Persons falsely to make, forge, or counterfeit, or shall willingly act or assist in the false making, forging, or counterfeiting any such Order or Certificate as above specified, or shall utter or publish as true any such false, forged, or counterfeited Order or Certificate, knowing the same to be false, forged, or counterfeited, with Intent to defraud any Person or Persons, or any Corporation, every such Person being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Forging Orders and Certificates, Felony without Clergy.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall insert or cause to be inserted in any Order or Authority for receiving Prize Money. after Attestation thereof as herein-before directed, the Name of any Prize or Bounty Money, other than what shall have been originally expressed in the said Order or Authority when the same shall have been attested, the said Person shall for every such Offence be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and be punished accordingly.

Altering Orders, Misdemeanor.

“ Orders or Powers of Attorney, heretofore made under 43 G. 3. c. 160. or any other Acts now repealed, shall become void unless they are made to a Wife, Child, Father, Mother, Grandfather, Grandmother, Brother, Sister, Uncle, Aunt, Nephew, or Niece of the Party giving the Order. § 15.

XVI. And Whereas it hath been deemed expedient that the Provisions contained in the said recited Act, respecting the unclaimed and unpaid Shares of Soldiers serving in any conjunct Expedition with His Majesty's Naval Forces, should be explained and amended, and that several of the other Provisions contained in the same Act, and also of those herein contained, should be extended to or in favour of the Royal Hospital at *Chelsea*, and for the Benefit of the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's Army, Royal Artillery, Provincial, Black, and all other Troops in the Pay of His Majesty, in cases of conjunct Expeditions of the Army and Navy; Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all unclaimed and unpaid Shares of Prize or Balances remaining unpaid to Officers and Soldiers of the Army, Royal Artillery, Provincial, Black, and all other Troops in the Pay of His Majesty, in Cases of such conjunct Expeditions as aforesaid, shall be paid to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer for the Time being of *Chelsea* Hospital, within Four Months next after the Day on which Distribution thereof shall be notified pursuant to this Act, subject nevertheless to be refunded to any Individual entitled to the same, and establishing his Claim thereto, within Six Years after such Payment thereof; and that such of the same Shares or Balances as shall not be legally demanded within the said Term of Six Years, and also the Shares of Prize of all such Officers and Soldiers as shall be marked in the Books of any Regiment or Corps in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, as having deserted therefrom, shall be forfeited to and to the Use of *Chelsea* Hospital aforesaid, unless such Soldiers as shall have deserted shall be restored by His Majesty's Proclamation, or otherwise pardoned; and unless with respect to the Shares of such Officers and Soldiers as shall not be claimed within the said Period of Six Years, reasonable Cause shall be shewn to and allowed by the Commissioners for managing the

Unclaimed Shares, &c. of Officers and Soldiers in the Army, in cases of conjunct Expeditions, shall be paid to the Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital and several Benefits of said Act 45 G. 3. c. 72, extended to the said Hospital.

Affairs of the said Hospital, or by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, why such last mentioned Shares were not claimed in due Time; and that it shall be lawful for the said last mentioned Treasurer or his Deputy to compel the Agents for the Army to bring in the Proceeds of the Sales of Prizes into Court, and to enforce Distribution thereof, and to exhibit and verify their Accounts, and pay over the Balances thereof, in like Manner and by the like Means and Methods as the Treasurer of the Navy, the Treasurer of *Greenwich Hospital*, or any Captors, is or are by the said recited Act or this present Act, or any other Law, empowered to compel the bringing in of Proceeds and enforcing Distribution thereof, and the Production and Verification of Accounts and Payment of unclaimed Shares and Balances by the Naval Prize Agents, and under and subject to the same or the like Penalties or Forfeitures for every Refusal or Neglect in the Premises, as they are liable to in respect of any Shares, Balances, and Accounts, directed by the said recited Act to be paid or produced to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Greenwich Hospital*.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of such conjunct Expeditions as aforesaid, the Registrars of every Vice Admiralty Court shall transmit to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea Hospital*, to be registered there, such Lists of Prizes, and other Particulars and Documents relating thereto, and also such Copies of Entries in their Books relative to any Matters in which the Officers and Soldiers of the Army shall be concerned or interested, and of Letters of Attorney of Officers and Soldiers in the Army registered in their Courts, as they are hereby directed to transmit to the Treasurer of *Greenwich Hospital*, and at the same Times, and under the same Penalties for Neglects therein respectively; and that true Copies of such Letters of Attorney, so to be transmitted and registered, shall be Evidence of Agency in like Manner as in the said recited Act is mentioned in that Behalf, respecting the Copies transmitted to and registered by the Treasurer of *Greenwich Hospital*.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of such conjunct Expeditions as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Judge of any Vice Admiralty Court, in all Cases of Condemnation, where there is no Claimant or Appellant before the Court, and for the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, in all Cases where any Sentence of Condemnation pronounced in that Court is appealed from, to adopt such Measures and Proceedings in favour or on behalf of *Chelsea Hospital*, respecting the Proceeds of all Prizes in which the Officers and Soldiers of the Army employed in such Expeditions shall be interested, as the said Judges respectively are by the said recited Act authorized to adopt in favour or on behalf of *Greenwich Hospital*; and that every Agent resident in the United Kingdom shall, within Six Weeks after any Condemnation in the said High Court of Admiralty, transmit such Notice to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea Hospital*, as he is directed by the said recited Act to transmit to the Treasurer of *Greenwich Hospital*, and under the same Penalty for every Neglect in that Behalf.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases of such conjunct Expeditions as aforesaid, the Persons or Agents appointed as herein is mentioned or referred to, for the Payment of the Shares of Prizes, shall after the Sale or Sales of any Prize or Prizes taken or to be taken upon any of such Expeditions, deliver to the Collector,

Comptroller,

In conjunct Expeditions, Registrars of Vice Admiralty Courts shall transmit to Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital Lists of Prizes, &c.

Judges of Admiralty Courts shall adopt the like Measures in favour of Chelsea as Greenwich Hospital; and Agents shall transmit Notices of Condemnation to Chelsea Hospital.

Agents shall deliver Notifications of Distribution of Prizes, &c. for Chelsea Hospital.

Comptroller, Searcher, or other Officer herein mentioned in that Behalf, a printed or written Notification, to be subscribed and transmitted by him to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital, of the Time of Payment of the Shares of the same Prizes, and all Particulars relating thereto, and also together therewith a written Notification of the Amount of an individual Share in each Class, in like Manner as such Notifications are hereby directed to be transmitted to the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital, and under the same Penalties for neglecting to deliver or transmit the same Notifications to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital as aforesaid; and that all such Notifications to be transmitted to and registered at that Hospital as aforesaid shall, on such Proof as in the said recited Act is mentioned, be Evidence in Manner therein expressed in that Behalf.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Commissioned Officer of the Army shall direct, by any Order in Writing, that his distributive Share or Balance of any Prize or Prizes shall not be paid over to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital, the same shall remain in the Hands of the Agent, subject to all such further Orders as such Officer may give respecting the same.

Officers of the Army may direct their Shares to remain with the Agent.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That no Deduction shall be allowed, on any Account, in the Payments of unclaimed or forfeited Shares and Balances paid over to the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital, for any Sums not appearing upon the Prize List of Distribution to have been thereon paid and acknowledged, unless satisfactory Vouchers from the Parties, or their lawful Attornies, shall be produced for the same.

No Deduction allowed on unclaimed Shares unless on Voucher.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Shares of Prize Money due and to become due to Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Army, in cases of such conjunct Expeditions as aforesaid, shall be paid by the Agent, or by the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital, or his Chief Clerk (as the Case may require), to the Persons entitled thereto, or Persons authorized by an Order in the Form set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (C.) to receive the same; which Order shall specify the Place, Fortress, or Ships, out of which the Prize Money shall have arisen, together with the Name of the Regiment or Corps to which such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have belonged at the Time of the Capture; and the Person making such Order shall also procure and produce a Certificate in the Form or to the Effect set forth in the said Schedule marked (C.), which Certificate shall be signed by the Commanding Officer, Adjutant, and Paymaster of the Regiment in which such Person shall be serving, provided the Signatures of such Officers can be obtained; and in case the Signatures of all or any of such respective Officers cannot be obtained, by reason of the Regiment or Part of the Regiment being on Detachment, or other unavoidable Cause, then and in such Case such Certificate shall be signed by such of the said Officers as may be present where the Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier is then serving, and any other Commissioned Officers of the Regiment or Corps then present, so that there shall not be less than the Signatures of Three Commissioned Officers to such Certificate; or in case such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be detached from his Regiment, or be in any Hospital or Sick Quarters, so that he cannot procure such Certificate of his Officers as

Shares of Non-commissioned Officers and Soldiers of the Army, in cases of conjunct Expeditions, shall be paid under Orders in the Form in Schedules (C.) and (D.)

above-

above-mentioned, the same shall be stated particularly on the Order, and the Certificate shall be signed by the Three senior Officers belonging to such Detachment, or by the Surgeon or principal Medical Officer belonging to such Hospital or Sick Quarters (as the Case may require), and by Two other principal Military or Civil Officers belonging to such Hospital, or residing at such Quarters; or in case such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall have been discharged from the Service, then he shall procure and produce a Certificate in the Form or to the Effect set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed marked (D.), and which shall be signed by the Minister and One of the Churchwardens, or (if in *Scotland*) by the Minister and One of the Elders of the Parish or Place in which such discharged Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier may then reside; or if such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier shall be dead, then the Person entitled to receive his Share of such Prize or Bounty Money shall procure and produce a Certificate in the Form or to the Effect set forth in the Schedule hereto annexed marked (E.), which Certificate shall be signed by the Minister and One of the Churchwardens, or (if in *Scotland*) by the Minister and One of the Elders of the Parish or Place in which such Person shall then reside: Provided always, that every such Order as above described shall be revokeable by the Person making the same: Provided also, that no such Order shall be valid to authorize the Receipt of any Prize Money or Bounty Money which shall be in course of Payment or Distribution to any such Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier as aforesaid, if the Party making such Order shall be then residing or dwelling within the Distance of Five Miles from the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable; and if any Agent or Agents for Prizes shall pay or cause to be paid any Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money to any Person or Persons upon any Order made within the Distance aforesaid from the Place where such Prize Money or Bounty Money shall be payable, such Prize Money or Bounty Money being in course of Distribution at the Time of making such Order, such Payment shall be void to all Intents and Purposes; and the Agent or Agents making the same shall forfeit the like Penalty as herein-before mentioned with respect to Payments made to the Orders of Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, under the like Circumstances, and shall be recovered, with full Costs of Suit, and applied respectively in such Manner as herein-after mentioned.

15. Stamp Duty on Orders.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That for the Stamp Duty on every of such Orders, there shall not be more than the Sum of One Shilling paid for each Person subscribing the same.

Receipts for Prize Money exempt from Stamp Duty.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Receipts given or taken for Prize Money, or Balances paid or received by the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea Hospital*, shall be exempt from and not liable to any Duty of Stamps whatsoever; any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital may appoint a Deputy. Regulations of 45 G. 3. c. 72, for refunding

XXV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Treasurer of *Chelsea Hospital*, in such Cases as aforesaid, to appoint a Deputy or Deputies for receiving Applications and Claims for Army Prize Monies, as the Treasurer of *Greenwich Hospital* is by the said recited Act authorized respecting the Navy Prize Monies; and that the Modes and Regulations directed by the same Act, for refunding Shares

Shares of Prize Money paid into *Greenwich* Hospital, and for facilitating the Payment of Prize Money to Seamen, and preventing Frauds attending the same, shall be pursued and adopted for refunding Shares of Prize Money paid into *Chelsea* Hospital, and for facilitating the Payment of Prize Money to Officers and Soldiers of the Army, and preventing Frauds attending the same, or as nearly as may be and Circumstances will permit, and under the same Penalty for receiving any Fee or Reward for remitting or paying any such Money from *Chelsea* Hospital; and also that the Provisions and Directions herein contained respecting any Grants made or to be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and the full Benefit thereof, shall extend and apply to and in favour of *Chelsea* Hospital as well as *Greenwich* Hospital in Cases of such conjunct Expeditions as aforesaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital shall and may have and exercise the same or the like Liberty or Privilege of receiving and sending Letters or Packets upon any Business or Affairs relative to such Prize Matters as aforesaid, free from the Duty of Postage, in the same or the like Manner, and with the same or the like Regulations, and under the same Penalty for every Abuse of such Liberty or Privilege, as is hereby or in any former Act enacted or mentioned respecting the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital in that Behalf.

XXVII. And be it further enacted. That all Expences incurred or to be incurred in executing this Act, and also the said recited Act, and the Sums paid in remunerating the Officers or Persons employed on behalf of *Chelsea* Hospital, for their Care, Pains and Trouble in performing the Regulations and Directions thereof, shall, so far as the same relates to those Officers or Persons, be subject to the Discretion of the Commissioners for managing the Affairs of the same Hospital, and shall be paid out of the Interest of unclaimed Shares, or Shares of deserted Men, invested in Government Securities, or, if necessary, out of the principal Monies in the Hands of the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of the said last-mentioned Hospital, on account of such Shares respectively; the Accounts of the said Expences and Remunerations being annually returned to Parliament: Provided nevertheless, that no Person employed by the said Commissioners of *Chelsea* Hospital, in executing the Regulations of this Act or the said recited Act, shall act as an Agent for Prizes, or be concerned, directly or indirectly, in the Business thereof, under the Penalty of Five hundred Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person shall willingly and knowingly personate or falsely assume the Name or Character of any Officer, Soldier, or other Person in the Army, entitled or supposed to be entitled to any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, for Service done on any such conjunct Expedition as aforesaid, or of the Executor or Administrator, Wife, Relation, or Creditor of any such Officer, Soldier or other Person, in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or supposed to be due or payable for or on account of any such Services as aforesaid; or shall forge or counterfeit, or procure to be forged or counterfeited any Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Order, Certificate, Assignment, last Will, or any other Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty

Shares, &c. paid into *Greenwich* Hospital, shall be adopted as to *Chelsea* Hospital.

Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital may receive and send Letters, &c. free of Postage, &c.

Remuneration to Officers of *Chelsea* Hospital shall be paid out of unclaimed Shares, &c.

Personating Officers or Soldiers in the Army, or their Executors, &c. or forging any Will or Power, or taking a false Oath to obtain Probate of Will or Administration, Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, which shall be due or supposed to be due for any such Services as aforesaid; or shall willingly and knowingly take a false Oath, or procure any other Person to take a false Oath, to obtain the Probate of any Will or Wills, or to obtain Letters of Administration in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, which shall be due or supposed to be due to any such Officer, Soldier, or other Person as aforesaid, who shall have really served, or shall be supposed to have served on any such conjunct Expedition as aforesaid, or shall utter or publish as true, any false, forged or counterfeited Letter of Attorney, Bill, Ticket, Order, Certificate, Assignment, last Will, or any other Power or Authority whatsoever, in order to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or supposed to be due to any Officer, Soldier, or other Person who shall have really served, or who shall be supposed to have served as aforesaid, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Commissioners or Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of *Chelsea* Hospital, or any Army Prize Agent, or any Person or Corporation whomsoever, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeited, every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

“ Agents for distributing Royal or Parliamentary Grants heretofore made shall account to *Greenwich* and *Chelsea* Hospitals for all forfeited and unclaimed Shares of such Grants, within Four Months after the passing of this Act, &c. § 29.

Agents for Royal or Parliamentary Grants shall advertise the Distribution, &c. and act as is required with respect to Prize Money by 45 G. 3. c. 72.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Grant shall hereafter be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by Parliament, to the Captors of any Prize, Booty, or other Property, or for any Victory, and the said Grant, of whatever Nature it may be, shall not come under the Description of Prize Money arising from Captures legally condemned in any Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, but be considered as a Bounty gratuitously given, and of which the unclaimed Shares would for that Reason not be paid into *Greenwich* Hospital, and might not be accounted for in any Manner, the Agent or Agents, or Persons who shall distribute the said Grants, shall advertise the said Distributions, and transmit Notice of the Amount of the Shares therein to the Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*, and to the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Navy, as in Cases of ordinary Distributions of Prize Money, and shall also at the Expiration of Four Months next after the Day on which Distributions shall have been notified, deliver, or transmit to the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office a correct Copy of the Distribution Lists of such Grants, with an Account of the Payment of the several Shares to the Captors or to others on their Behalf, and pay over all Shares and Balances then remaining in his or their Hands unpaid and undistributed, to the Treasurer of *Greenwich* Hospital, or such Person or Persons as he shall depute or appoint as aforesaid to receive the same, and render and verify his and their Accounts in the Manner by the said Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty directed, under the like Penalties for Neglect of Duty as are by the said Act imposed for neglecting to make, render, and

and verify such Payments and Accounts, within Four Months after the first Distribution of the Prize and Bounty Money in the said Act mentioned.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Forfeitures, and Penalties, mentioned in the said recited Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, and this Act, respecting Prizes taken from the Enemy, shall be extended to the Distribution of the Amount of all Seizures for Offences committed against the Revenue Laws, when made by any Ship or Vessel of War in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, as if the same were re-enacted in this Act.

Provisions of 45 G. 3. c. 72. extended to Distribution of Seizures for Offences against the Revenue.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall falsely make Oath to any of the Matters herein-before required to be verified on Oath, or suborn any other Person so to do, such Person or Persons shall suffer the like Pains and Penalties as are incurred by Persons committing wilful and corrupt Perjury, and the said Offences, though committed out of this Realm, may be alledged to be committed and may be laid, inquired of, tried, and determined in any County of *England*, in the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had been actually done or committed within the Body of such County.

Penalties on Perjury and Subornation of Perjury.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, wherefoever the same shall arise or become forfeited, may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in *Great Britain*, or on Motion and Attachment thereon in His Majesty's High Court of Admiralty; and all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act which shall arise or become forfeited in any Part of His Majesty's Dominions abroad, may be recovered in any Court of Record of His Majesty in the Colony, Territory, or Place where the same shall arise or have become forfeited, or in any of His Majesty's Vice Admiralty Courts having Jurisdiction there.

Recovery of Penalties.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases in which any Agent or Person is by this Act made subject to the Forfeiture of any Sum of Money equal to any Money remaining in his Hands, or to the Amount of any Balances or Shares, such Sum or Sums of Money shall, on Recovery thereof, go and be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who shall have been aggrieved by the Misconduct of such Agent or Person; and all pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed, other than as aforesaid, and other than such as are not hereby otherwise disposed of, shall go and be applied to the Use of the Commissioners and Governors of the Royal Hospital for Seamen at *Greenwich* in all Cases relating to the Naval Service, and to the Use of the Commissioners for managing the Affairs of the Royal Hospital at *Chelsea* in all Cases relating to the Service of the Army, and shall be sued for in the Name of the Commissioners and Governors of the said Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*, or in the Names of the Commissioners of the said Royal Hospital at *Chelsea*, as the Case may require.

Application of Penalties.

XXXV. And Whereas it has frequently happened that Frauds have been practised upon Petty Officers and Seamen in the Navy, and on Non-commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, by Persons of bad Character, who have been authorized by them to receive Wages, Pay, Prize Money and Bounty Money, to which they

No Person shall receive Wages or Prize Money of Petty Officers, Seamen, &c. unless duly licensed:

Except Wives, Parents, &c.

Penalty on Persons falsely representing themselves to be Relations, and on Agents receiving Wages, &c. after Licence revoked; Misdemeanor.

Agents shall take out Licences from the Treasurer of the Navy. Schedule (F.)

‘ they were entitled;’ Be it therefore enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person within the United Kingdom, to receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money or Bounty Money, due or to become due to any Petty Officer or Seaman, Non-commissioned Officer of Marines, or Marine, or Non-commissioned Officer or Soldier in the Army, for or on account of his Services respectively on board any of His Majesty’s Ships, or in the Capture of any Fortrefs upon the Land, or any Arms, Ammunition, Stores of War, Goods, Merchandize, or Treasure, on any such conjunct Expedition as aforesaid, under any such Orders as herein-before mentioned, other than and except Persons who shall be duly licensed in the Manner herein-after mentioned for that Purpose: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any such Petty Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Seamen, Marines, or Soldiers from giving such Orders to receive their Wages, Pay, Prize Money, or Bounty Money to their Wives, or to the Persons in the several Degrees of Relationship following; that is to say, Parents, Children, Brothers or Sisters of such Petty Officers, Seamen, Marines, and Soldiers; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall falsely represent himself or herself to be within any of the Degrees of Relationship in Blood as before described, in order to enable himself or herself to receive any Prize Money or Bounty Money, or Share of Prize Money or Bounty Money due or to grow due for or on account of the Services of any such Petty Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Seaman, Marine, or Soldier, under any such Order as aforesaid, or who, not being within any such Degree of Relationship, and not being licensed as aforesaid, shall receive any Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowances of Money for the Use of any such Petty Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, Seaman, Marine, or Soldier; or if any Agent or Person whose Licence shall have been revoked as herein-after mentioned shall offer himself to receive, or shall receive any such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowance of Money, not being within any of the Degrees of Relationship aforesaid, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That every Person before he shall act as an Agent for receiving the Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowances of Money of any such Petty Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Seamen, Marines, or Soldiers, shall take out a Licence for that Purpose in the Form in the Schedule hereto annexed, marked (F.) from the Treasurer of His Majesty’s Navy for the Time being, who is hereby authorized and empowered to grant the same on good and sufficient Security (to be approved of by the said Treasurer) being given by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, that such Person so taking out such Licence shall demean himself properly, and duly account to all Persons for whom or for whose Use any such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, or Bounty Money, shall have come to his Hands, and for which Licence no more than Five Shillings, over and above any Stamp Duties that may be due and payable thereon, shall be paid by any Person taking out the same, which Licence shall be in force for the Space of Three Years from the Date thereof: Provided

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if after the taking out of any such Licence, it shall appear to the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the Time being that any such licensed Agent hath abused the Trust reposed in him by not duly accounting to any Person or Persons by whom he shall have been empowered to receive any such Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, or other Allowances of Money as aforesaid, for the Sum or Sums of Money by him received in that Behalf, or by practising any Fraud or Imposition on any such Person or Persons, then and in that Case it shall and may be lawful for the said Treasurer, by any Writing under his Hand to be delivered to such licensed Agent, or left at his last or most usual Place of Abode, or Place where his Business of Agency shall be carried on, to revoke the Licence so to be granted or taken out as aforesaid, which Revocation, if such Agent's Place of transacting Agency Business shall be in London or within the Bills of Mortality, shall be published in the *London Gazette*, and if in the Country or out of the said Bills of Mortality, also in some Publick Newspaper in Circulation at or near to the Place where such Agent shall transact his Business of Agency, for the Information of all Persons interested in Wages or Prize Money, and thenceforth the Power and Authority of such Agent to demand and receive Wages, Pay, Prize Money, Bounty Money, and other Allowances of Money due or to grow due on account of the Services of any such Petty Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Seamen, Marines, or Soldiers, shall absolutely cease and determine.

Licences shall be revocable on Abuse of Trust.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Names and Places of Abode and of transacting Agency Business of every such licensed Agent, shall be inserted in a List and hung up in the Hall of the Navy Pay Office in *Somerset Place*, and in some conspicuous Place in each of the Navy Pay Office at the several Out Ports of the United Kingdom, for the Inspection of all Persons who shall resort thither on Business, and which Lists shall be renewed from Time to Time as Occasion may require.

Names, &c. of licensed Agents shall be posted at Navy Pay Office, &c.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That as often as any such licensed Agent shall remove or change his Office or Place of conducting the Business of Agency, he shall within Fourteen Days after every such Removal or Change of Place, give Notice thereof in Writing to the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the Time being, on pain of forfeiting to His Majesty for every Neglect the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit by Action or Suit in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within the United Kingdom.

Agents changing their Places of Abode, &c. shall give Notice.

XL. ' And Whereas the said Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign contains sundry Provisions and Regulations touching Matters that had arisen or might arise in consequence of the general Reprisals which His Majesty had been pleased to order against the Ships, Goods, and Subjects of the several Powers with whom His Majesty was engaged in War at the Time of the passing of the said Act: And Whereas His Majesty hath since the passing of the said Act deemed it necessary, for the Honour of his Crown and the Safety of his People, to order that general Reprisals should be granted against the Ships, Goods, and Subjects of States then in Amity with His Majesty; Be it therefore further enacted, That all and every the Provisions and Regulations contained

in

Provisions and Regulations of 45 G. 3. c. 72. and this Act applied to all Cases arising from Orders of general Reprisal issued since the recited Act.

in the said Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same are not varied, altered, or repealed by this present Act, and also all and every the Provisions and Regulations in this present Act contained, shall be applied to all Cases arising from the said Orders of general Reprisal issued since the passing of the said Act made in the Forty-fifth Year of his said Majesty's Reign, in like Manner and to the like Effect as the said Provisions and Regulations are therein and herein respectively directed to be applied to all Cases arising from the Orders of general Reprisal recited in the said last mentioned Act, and shall extend to all Proceedings which have been or may hereafter be had in consequence of the Orders of Reprisal issued since the passing of the said Act, in as full Force and Effect as if the same were particularly enacted in this Act, subject nevertheless, with respect to the Distribution of any Prize Money or Bounty Money arising in consequence of general Reprisals issued since the passing of the said recited Act, to such Provisions and Regulations as His Majesty hath already thought fit or may hereafter think fit to establish by Proclamation or Proclamations for that Purpose; any Thing herein-before contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Commencement and Continuance of Act,

XLI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect at the following Periods; that is to say, at all Places in the *West Indies* and *America* at the Expiration of Six Months; at all Places in the *East Indies* at the Expiration of Twelve Months; and at all other Places from and after the Thirty-first Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and nine; and that it shall continue in force for the Time limited for the Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty herein-before recited, and no longer, save and except as to all Matters and Things as are in the said Act limiting its Duration saved and excepted; and also save and except the Regulations regarding all Powers and Interests given to the Treasurer of the Navy and his Officers, and to the Commissioners and Governors, Treasurer, Secretary, and Clerk of the Cheque of the said Royal Hospital at *Greenwich*, and the Commissioners, Treasurer, and Deputy Treasurer of the said Royal Hospital at *Chelsea*, and the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, either by the said recited Act or by this Act, all which shall continue in force until repealed by any subsequent Act of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

Act of Parliament, 49th Geo. III. Chap.

Section

Navy Pay Office, London.

I Request that the Prize Money noted on the Document which will be produced herewith may be paid, or that a Reason may be assigned for its Disallowance, in the Manner pointed out in the above Act of Parliament.

A. B. Officer for Prizes;
or, *C. D.* Clerk of the Cheque of Greenwich Hospital,
(as the Case may be)

SCHEDULE (B.)

[Here insert the Place where and Time when the Order is made.]

Day of

180

AT Seven Days Sight pay to or his Order, the Amount of my Share of Prize or Bounty Money, for the Capture of [Here insert the Names of the Prizes, and Time of Capture, or give such other Description of them as shall be satisfactory to the Agent and the Officers of Greenwich Hospital] when serving on board His Majesty's Ship or Vessel the in Quality of

To the Agent for the said Capture, } or, the proper Officers of Greenwich Hospital. }

These are to certify. That we have examined the said who signed the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents he has shewn us, viz. [here insert the Nature of the Documents, whether they are Invalid Tickets, Certificates, or otherwise, and by what Officer they are signed] and his Answers to our Questions, we have reason to believe that he was serving on board the said Ship at the Time of making the Captures above specified; he says he was born at in the County of that he is Years of Age, of a Complexion, Eyes, and Hair. [If the Party is discharged from the Service, state the Time and Cause of Discharge.]

Given under our Hands

Note.—This Certificate to be signed by the Captain or Commanding Officer, and one other signing Officer of the Ship to which the Party belongs.

If discharged from the Service, and resident at any Place where there is a Deputy or Agent of the Hospital, to be signed by that Deputy.

If within Four Miles of the Hospital, by the Clerk of the Cheque or his Chief Clerk.

If at any other Place within the Bills of Mortality, by the Officer for Prizes in the Navy Pay Office, or his Assistant.

If by Marines at Head Quarters, to be signed by the Colonel or Commanding Officer and the Adjutant.

If by any Person at Sick Quarters, to be signed by the Surgeon and one of his Assistants.

If at any other Place in England, to be signed by the Minister and one of the Churchwardens; and if in Scotland, by the Minister and one of the Elders.

SCHEDULE (C.)

[Place]

[Date]

AT Seven Days Sight pay to or Order, the Amount of the Share of Prize or Bounty Money due to in respect of Service as a in the Regiment of at the Capture of in the Month of 18

To Agent for the Capture of or, To the Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer of Chelsea Hospital (as the Case may require.) }

49 Geo. III.

N n

CERTI.

CERTIFICATE for a Soldier now serving.

THESE are to certify, That we have examined the above-named who signed or acknowledged the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents which he has shewn us, and his Answers to our Questions, we have Reason to believe that the said was serving in the above-mentioned Regiment at the Time of making the said Capture, and that he is now serving as a _____ in the _____ Regiment of _____

Given under our Hands at _____ the _____ Day
of _____ 18 _____
Commanding Officer.
Adjutant.
Paymaster.

CERTIFICATE for a Soldier who has been discharged.

(D.)

THESE are to certify, That we have examined the above-named who signed or acknowledged the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents which he has shewn us, and his Answers to our Questions, we have Reason to believe that the said was serving in the above-mentioned Regiment at the Time of making the above Capture, and that he was discharged on the _____ Day of _____ 18 _____ that he now resides in this Parish, and is an Out-Pensioner of Chelsea Hospital.

Given under our Hands at _____ this _____ Day
of _____ 18 _____
Minister,
Churchwarden,
or
Elder (*as the Case may be.*)

N. B. If not a Pensioner,
those Words to be erased.

CERTIFICATE for a Person who is entitled to the Prize Money of a deceased Soldier.

(E.)

THESE are to certify, That we have examined the above-named who signed or acknowledged the above Order in our Presence, and from the Documents annexed, and his [or, her] Answers to our Questions, we have Reason to believe that the above-named _____ is dead, and that the said _____ is the _____ to the said deceased, and that he [or, she] now resides in this Parish.

Given under our Hands at _____ the _____ Day
of _____ 18 _____
Minister,
Churchwarden,
or
Elder (*as the Case may be.*)

N. B. Annex the Documents alluded to.

FORM

FORM OF LICENCE.

(F.)

I **Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy**, do hereby, in pursuance of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George the Third*, intituled, *An Act*, [insert the Title of the Act] grant Licence to of in the of to act as an Agent in the Receipt of Wages, Pay, Prize Money and Bounty Money, granted by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or hereafter to be passed for and in respect of the Service of Petty Officers and Seamen, Non-commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, on board any of His Majesty's Ships; and also any Bounty Money given or granted by His Majesty in respect of the Service of any such Persons as aforesaid, for Prizes or Captures not proceeded against to Condemnation in the Courts of Admiralty and Vice Admiralty: This Licence to continue in force for the Space of Three Years from the Date hereof, determinable nevertheless for such Cause or Causes as in and by the said Act of the Forty-ninth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty is in that Behalf expressed. Given under my Hand, and sealed with the Seal of Office, at the Navy Pay Office, Somerset-Place, the Day of

One thousand eight hundred

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act for altering, amending, and explaining certain Acts relative to the Removal of the Poor, and for making Regulations in certain Cases touching the Examination of Paupers as to their Settlement; and for extending to all Parishes certain Rules and Orders in Workhouses, under an Act of the Twenty-second Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor.* [20th June 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty-fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to prevent the Removal of Poor Persons until they shall become actually chargeable*, it is amongst other Things enacted, That in case any Poor Person shall be brought before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the Purpose of being removed from the Place where he or she is inhabiting or sojourning, by virtue of any Order of Removal, or of being passed by virtue of any Vagrant Pass, and it shall appear to the said Justice or Justices that such Poor Person is unable to travel by reason of Sickness or other Infirmary, or that it would be dangerous for him or her so to do, the Justice or Justices making such Order of Removal or granting such Vagrant Pass, are required and authorized to suspend the Execution of the same until they are satisfied that it may safely be executed without Danger to any Person who is the Subject thereof, and that the Charges proved upon Oath to have been incurred by such Suspension of any Order of Removal, may by the said Justices be directed to be paid by the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Parish or Place to which such Poor Person is ordered to be removed, in case any Removal shall

35 G. 3. c. 101,
§ 2.

N n 2

take

‘ take place, or in case of the Death of such Poor Person before the Execution of such Order: And by the same Act it is further enacted, That in case of an Appeal against any Order for the Payment of such Charges, if the Court of Quarter Sessions shall be of Opinion that the Sum so awarded be more than of right ought to have been directed to be paid, such Court may and is thereby directed to strike out the Sum contained in the said Order, and insert the Sum which in the Judgment of such Court ought to be paid; and in every such Case the Court of Quarter Sessions shall direct that the said Order so amended shall be carried into Execution by the said Justices by whom the Order was originally made, or either of them, or in case of the Death of either of them, by such other Justice or Justices as the Court shall direct: And Whereas it is expedient that the Power of putting an End to the Suspensions of any such Order of Removal or Pass, and of executing the several other Authorities aforesaid, should not be confined to the Order of the Justice or Justices making such Order or Pass; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted;’ and be it enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in all Cases where the Execution of any Order of Removal or of any Vagrant Pass shall be hereafter suspended by virtue of the said recited Act, it shall be lawful for any other Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County or other Jurisdiction within which such Removal or Pass shall be made, to direct and order that the same shall be executed, and to direct the Charges to be incurred as aforesaid to be paid, and to carry into Execution any such amended Orders as aforesaid, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as the said respective Powers and Authorities can or may be executed by the said Justices who shall make any such Order of Removal, or by the Justice who shall grant any such Pass as aforesaid.

Where any Order of Removal, &c. shall be suspended, any Justice for the Place may order the same to be executed, &c.

How Time of appealing shall be computed.

II. And be it further enacted, That when the Execution of any such Order of Removal shall be suspended, the Time of appealing against such Order shall be computed according to the Rules which govern other like Cases from the Time of serving such Order, and not from the Time of making such Removal under and by virtue of the same.

III. ‘ And, in order to avoid any Pretence for forcibly separating Husband and Wife, or other Persons nearly connected with or related to each other, and who are living together as one Family at the Time of any Order of Removal made or Vagrant Pass granted, during the dangerous Sickness or other Infirmary of any one or more of such Family, on whose Account the Execution of such Order of Removal or Vagrant Pass is suspended,’ Be it further enacted and declared, That where any Order of Removal or Vagrant Pass shall be suspended by virtue of this or of the said recited Act, on account of the dangerous Sickness or other Infirmary of any Person or Persons thereby directed to be removed or passed, the Execution of such Order of Removal or Vagrant Pass shall also be suspended for the same Period with respect to every other Person named therein, who was actually of the same Household or Family of such sick or infirm Person or Persons at the Time of such Order of Removal made or Vagrant Pass granted.

Order of Removal suspended in case of Sickness, may be extended to other Persons of the Family.

IV. And

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen that any Pauper is by Age, Illness, or Infirmity unable to be brought up to the Petty Sessions to be examined as to his or her Settlement, it shall be lawful for any One Magistrate acting for the District where such Pauper shall be, to take the Examination of the said Pauper, and to report the same to any other Magistrate or Magistrates acting for the said District, and for the said Magistrates upon such Report to adjudge the Settlement of the said Pauper, and make and issue the Order of Removal, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Pauper had appeared before Two Magistrates.

One Magistrate may examine an infirm Pauper as to his Settlement, and report to Petty Sessions.

V. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Twenty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor*; certain Rules, Orders, Bye Laws, and Regulations are appointed to be observed and enforced in every Poor House established under the Authority of the said Act: And Whereas it is expedient that such Rules, Orders, Bye Laws, and Regulations should be extended to Poor Houses and Workhouses established in other Parishes; it is hereby enacted, That any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, may at any Petty Sessions direct such Rules, Orders, Bye Laws, and Regulations, or any of them, to be observed and executed in any Parishes within their respective Divisions or Districts, as fully as in those incorporated by the said Act.

Two Justices in Petty Sessions may direct Regulations of 22 G. 3. c. 83. to be observed in any Parish.

C A P. CXXV.

An Act to amend an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies. [20th June 1809.]

WHEREAS great Advantage has been derived as well to the Publick as to Individuals, by the Establishment of Friendly Societies, under the Authority of an Act of the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement and Relief of Friendly Societies*: And Whereas it is expedient to make further Provision for the Attainment of the good Purposes intended thereby; Be it therefore enacted, by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Content of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person having been admitted a Member of any Society established under the Authority of the said Act, shall offend against any of the Rules, Orders, or Regulations of such Society, it shall be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace residing within the County, Riding, Division, Shire, Stewartry, City, Liberty, or Place within which such Society shall be held, upon Complaint made on Oath by any Member of such Society, to issue their Summons to such Person against whom such Complaint shall be made, and upon his or her Appearance, or, in default thereof upon due Proof upon Oath of the Service of such Summons, such Justices shall proceed to hear and determine the said Complaint according to the Rules, Orders, and Regulations of the said Society confirmed as directed by the said Act, and shall make such Order therein as to them shall seem just; and in case the said Justice shall adjudge any Sum of Money to be paid by such Person against whom such Complaint shall be made, and such

33 G. 3. c. 54

Two Justices on Complaint may enforce the Observance of any Rules; and levy any Arrears by Distress and Sale.

Person shall not on Notice of such Order forthwith pay the Sum of Money so adjudged to the Person or Persons, and in the Manner directed by this Act. it shall be lawful for such Justices, and they are hereby required by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of such Person on whom such Order shall have been made, together with such Costs as shall be awarded by the said Justices, and also the Costs and Charges attending such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner.

33 G. 3. c. 54.
§ 2.

II. ' And Whereas it was provided by the said Act of the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, that no Society to be established for the Purposes therein recited should be deemed and taken to be within the Meaning of the same Act, unless the Rules of the Society should be filed at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, before the End of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, which Time was enlarged by an Act of the Thirty-fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign to *Michaelmas* One thousand seven hundred and ninety-six : And Whereas it is expedient that all Societies which were established under the Authority of the first recited Act for the laudable Purposes thereby intended, previously to the same having been passed, should be allowed to file their Rules, notwithstanding their having omitted to do so within the Times limited ;' Be it therefore enacted, That all such Societies, the Rules, Orders, and Regulations of which shall have been exhibited, to the Justices of the Peace since *Michaelmas* One thousand seven hundred and ninety-six, or which shall at any Time hereafter be exhibited in the Manner directed by the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, and which shall have been or shall be dealt with, examined, approved of and confirmed by the Justices in the Manner therein directed, and have been or shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace and filed as directed also by the said Act, shall be deemed and taken to be within the Intent and Meaning of the said Act, as amply and for all Purposes as if their Rules had been established within the Periods limited in either of the recited Acts.

35 G. 3. c. 111.

Benefits of
recited Act
33 G. 3.
extended to all
Societies com-
plying with this
Act.

Two Justices
may order
Relief under
said Act, and
shall specify the
Time and Man-
ner of Payment.

III. And be it further enacted, That if Complaint shall be made to Two such Justices of the Peace by any Member of such Societies, of Relief having been refused to him by any such Society, to which he shall be lawfully entitled according to the Rules of the Society to which he shall belong, it shall be lawful for the said Two Justices of the Peace residing within the County, Riding, Division, Shire, Stewartry, City, Liberty, or Place, within which such Society shall be held, and such Justices are hereby required, upon Complaint made by or on the Behalf of the Person aggrieved thereby, to summon the Person, being an Officer of the Society against whom such Complaint shall be made, and upon his or her Appearance, or in default thereof, upon due Proof upon Oath of the Service of such Summons, such Justices shall proceed to hear and determine the said Complaint, and award such Sum of Money to be forthwith paid to the said Complainant as shall appear to such Justices to be due on such Award as aforesaid, together with such a Sum for Costs, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Shillings, as to such Justices shall seem meet ; and if the said Sums so to be awarded, together with such Costs, shall not be forthwith and in the Presence of such Justice or Justices paid to such Complainant, or to some Person or Persons there attending on the Behalf

Behalf of such Complainant, then such Justices shall by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, cause such Sum and Costs as aforesaid to be levied by Distress, or by Distress and Sale of the Monies, Goods, Chattels, Securities, and Effects belonging to the said Society, together with all further Costs and Charges attending such Distress, or such Distress and Sale, returning the Overplus (if any) to the said Society, or to one of the Treasurers or Trustees thereof, and in default of such Distress being found, then to be levied by Distress and Sale of the proper Goods of the Officer or Officers of the said Society so neglecting or refusing as aforesaid, together with such further Costs and Charges as aforesaid, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner, and so from Time to Time as often as Complaint shall be made of the Non-payment of any Sum or Sums directed by such Order to be paid as aforesaid, such Justices shall by like Warrant cause such Arrears from Time to Time be levied in the Manner before directed: Provided always, that whatever Sums shall be paid by any such Officer or Officers, or levied on his or their proper Goods in pursuance of the Order of any Justice as aforesaid, shall be repaid, with all Damages accruing to him or them, by and out of the Monies belonging to such Society, or out of the first Monies which shall thereafter be received by such Society.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Orders made by Justices of the Peace by virtue of the said Act or this Act, upon the Complaint of any Person having been admitted a Member of any Society established under the said Act, who shall be aggrieved by any Act, Matter, or Thing done or omitted to be done by any such Society, shall be made upon the Presidents, Wardens, Stewards, Treasurers, Trustees, or other principal Officers of the Society to which such Complaint shall relate, or any One or more of them, or any of them, at the Discretion of the said Justices, in the proper Name or Names of such Officer or Officers; and every such Order may be served upon the Officer or Officers so named therein, either by delivering a Copy of the said Order to such Officer or Officers, or one of them, or leaving the same at his last or usual Place of Abode; and such Service shall be binding on such Officer or Officers, and on the Society to which such Officer or Officers shall belong, to do and perform, or cause to be done or performed, all and every the Matters and Things contained in and directed by such Order to be done according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof.

Orders of Justices shall be made on Officers of Societies by Name, and served on them.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Order, Adjudication, or Award of any Justice or Justices under this Act, shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes, and shall not be removed or removable into any Court of Law, or restrained or restrainable by the Injunction of any Court of Equity.

All such Orders shall be final.

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act for the further Prevention of the Sale and Brokerage of Offices. [20th June 1809.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifth and Sixth Year of the Reign of King Edward the Sixth, intituled, *Against buying and selling of Offices*; And Whereas it was in and by the said Act enacted, amongst other Things, That if any Person or Persons at any Time thereafter bargained or sold any Office or Offices, or Depu-

Recital of R. 5 & 6 Ed. 6 c. 16.

' tation of any Office or Offices, or any Part or Parcel of any of
 ' them, or received, had, or took any Money, Fee, Reward, or any
 ' other Profit, directly or indirectly, or took any Promise, Agreement,
 ' Covenant, Bond, or any Assurance, to receive or have any Money,
 ' Fee, Reward, or other Profit, directly or indirectly, for any Office
 ' or Offices, or for the Deputation of any Office or Offices, or any
 ' Part of any of them, or to the Intent that any Person should have,
 ' exercise, or enjoy any Office or Offices, or the Deputation of any
 ' Office or Offices, or any Part of any of them, which Office or
 ' Offices, or any Part or Parcel of them, should in anywise touch or
 ' concern the Administration or Execution of Justice, or the Receipt,
 ' Controlment, or Payment of any of the King's Highness Treasure,
 ' Money, Rent, Revenue, Account, Aulnage, Auditorship, or sur-
 ' veying of any of the King's Majesty's Honours, Castles, Manors,
 ' Lands, Tenements, Woods, or Hereditaments, or any of the King's
 ' Majesty's Customs, or any other Administration or necessary Attend-
 ' ance to be had, done, or executed in any of the King's Majesty's
 ' Custom House or Houses, or the keeping of any of the King's
 ' Majesty's Towns, Castles, or Fortresses, being used, occupied,
 ' or appointed for Places of Strength and Defence, or which should
 ' concern or touch any Clerkship to be occupied in any Manner of
 ' Court of Record, wherein Justice was to be administered, that then
 ' all and every such Person and Persons that should so bargain or
 ' sell any of the said Office or Offices, Deputation or Deputations,
 ' or that should take any Money, Fee, Reward, or Profit for any
 ' of the said Office or Offices, Deputation or Deputations of any of
 ' the said Offices, or any Part of any of them, or that should take any
 ' Promise, Covenant, Bond, or Assurance for any Money, Reward,
 ' or Profit to be given for any of the said Office or Offices, De-
 ' putation or Deputations of any of the said Office or Offices, or
 ' any Part of any of them, should not only lose and forfeit all his and
 ' their Right, Interest, and Estate which such Person or Persons
 ' should then have, of, in, or to, any of the said Office or Offices,
 ' Deputation or Deputations or any Part of any of them, or of, in, or
 ' to, the Gift or Nomination of any of the said Office or Offices, De-
 ' putation or Deputations for the which Office or Offices, or for the
 ' Deputation or Deputations of which Offices, or for any Part of any
 ' of them, any such Person or Persons should so make any Bargain or
 ' Sale, or take or receive any Sum of Money, Fee, Reward, or Profit, or
 ' any Promise, Covenant, or Assurance to have or receive any Fee,
 ' Reward, Money, or Profit, but also that all and every such Person
 ' or Persons that should give or pay any Sum of Money, Reward, or
 ' Fee, or should make any Promise, Agreement, Bond, or Assurance
 ' for any of the said Offices, or for the Deputation or Deputations of
 ' any of the said Office or Offices, or any Part of any of them, should
 ' immediately by and upon the same Fee, Money, or Reward given
 ' or paid, or upon any such Promise, Covenant, Bond, or Agree-
 ' ment had or made for any Fee, Sum of Money, or Reward, to
 ' be paid as is aforesaid, be adjudged a disabled Person in the Law
 ' to all Intents and Purposes, to have, occupy, or enjoy the said Office
 ' or Offices, Deputation or Deputations, or any Part of any of
 ' them, for the which such Person or Persons should so give or
 ' pay any Sum of Money, Fee, or Reward, or make any Promise,
 ' Covenant, Bond, or other Assurance, to give or pay any Sum of
 ' Money,

Money, Fee, or Reward; and that all and every such Bargains,
 Sales, Promises, Bonds, Agreements, Covenants, and Assurances
 as before specified should be void to and against him and them by
 whom any such Bargain, Sale, Bond, Promise, Covenant, or Assu-
 rance should be had or made: And Whereas it was in the said
 Act provided, that the said Act, or any Thing therein contained,
 should not in anywise extend to any Office or Offices, whereof any
 Person or Persons was or should be seized of any Estate of In-
 heritance, nor to any Office of Parkership, or of the keeping of any
 Park, House, Manor, Garden, Chase, or Forest, or to any of them:
 And Whereas it was by the said Act further provided, that if
 any Person or Persons did thereafter offend in any Thing contrary
 to the Tenor and Effect of the said Act, yet that notwithstanding
 all Judgments given, and all other Act and Acts executed or done
 by any such Person or Persons so offending by Authority or Colour
 of the Office or Deputation which ought to be forfeited or not
 occupied or not enjoyed by the Person so offending, after the said
 Offence so by such Person committed or done, and before such
 Person so offending for the same Offence should be removed from
 the Exercise, Administration, and Occupation of the said Office or
 Deputation, should be and remain good and sufficient in Law, to
 all Intents, Constructions, and Purposes, in such like Manner and
 Form as the same would or ought to have remained and been if this
 Act had never been had or made; And Whereas it was by the said
 Act further provided, that the said Act, or any Thing therein
 contained, should not in anywise extend, or be prejudicial or hurtful
 to any of the Chief Justices of the King's Courts, commonly called
 the King's Bench or Common Place, or to any of the Justices of
 Assize, that then were or thereafter should be, but that they and
 every of them might do in every behalf touching or concerning
 any Office or Offices to be given or granted by them or any of them,
 as they or any of them might have done before the making of the
 said Act: Be it therefore declared and enacted by the King's most
 Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
 Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament
 assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after
 the passing of this Act, the said Act and all the Provisions therein
 contained shall extend and be construed to extend to *Scotland* and
Ireland, and to all Offices in the Gift of the Crown, or of any Office
 appointed by the Crown, and all Commissions Civil, Naval or Military,
 and to all Places and Employments, and to all Deputations to any
 such Offices, Commissions, Places, or Employments in the respective
 Departments or Offices, or under the Appointment or Superintendance
 and Controul of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the
 Treasury, the Secretary of State, the Lords Commissioners for exe-
 cuting the Office of Lord High Admiral, the Master General and
 principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance, the Commander in
 Chief, the Secretary at War, the Paymaster General of His Majesty's
 Forces, the Commissioners for the Affairs of *India*, the Commissioners
 of the Excise, the Treasurer of the Navy, the Commissioners of the
 Navy, the Commissioners for Victualling, the Commissioners of Trans-
 ports, the Commissary General, the Storekeeper General, and also the
 principal Officers of any other publick Department or Office of His
 Majesty's Government in any Part of the United Kingdom, or in any

Provisions of
 said Act,
 5 & 6 Ed. 6.
 c. 16. extended
 to *Scotland* and
Ireland and to
 all Offices in
 the Gift of the
 Crown, &c.

of His Majesty's Dominions, Colonies, or Plantations which now belong or may hereafter belong to His Majesty, and also to all Offices, Commissions, Places and Employments belonging to or under the Appointment or Controul of the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, in as full and ample a Manner as if the Provisions of the said Act were repeated as to all such Offices, Commissions, Places, and Employments, and made Part of this Act; and the said Act and this Act, and all the Clauses and Provisions therein respectively contained, shall be construed as one Act, as if the same had been herein repeated and re-enacted.

When Right of Appointment is forfeited, Offices vested in His Majesty.

Persons buying or selling, or receiving or paying Money or Rewards for Offices, guilty of Misdemeanor.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where the Right, Estate, or Interest of any Person or Persons shall be forfeited under any of the Provisions of the said Act or this Act, the Right of such Appointment shall immediately vest in and belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

III. And be it further declared and enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall sell or bargain for the Sale of, or receive, have, or take any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit, directly or indirectly, or any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond or Assurance, or shall by any Way, Device or Means contract or agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, directly or indirectly, and also if any Person or Persons shall purchase or bargain for the Purchase of, or give or pay any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, or make or enter into any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond or Assurance to give or pay any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, or shall by any Way, Means or Device, contract or agree to give or pay any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, directly or indirectly, for any Office, Commission, Place or Employment specified or described in the said recited Act or this Act, or within the true Intent or Meaning of the said Act, or this Act, or for any Deputation thereto, or for any Part, Parcel, or Participation of the Profits thereof, or for any Appointment or Nomination thereto or Resignation thereof, or for the Consent or Consents or Voice or Voices of any Person or Persons to any such Appointment, Nomination or Resignation, then and in every such Case, every such Person, and also every Person who shall wilfully and knowingly aid, abet or assist such Person therein, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Persons receiving or paying Money for soliciting or obtaining Offices, had any Negotiations or pretended Negotiations relating thereto; guilty of a Misdemeanor.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall receive, have, or take any Money, Fee, Reward, or Profit, directly or indirectly, or take any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Assurance, or by any Way, Means, or Device, contract or agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, directly or indirectly, for any Interest, Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation, or Negotiation whatever, made or to be made, or pretended to be made, or under any Pretence of making or causing or procuring to be made any Interest, Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation or Negotiation, in or about or in anywise touching, concerning, or relating to any Nomination, Appointment, or Deputation to or Resignation of any such Office, Commission, Place Employment as aforesaid, or under any Pretence for using or having

used any Interest, Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation or Negotiation, in or about any such Nomination, Appointment, Deputation or Resignation, or for the obtaining or having obtained the Consent or Consents or Voice or Voices of any Person or Persons as aforesaid to such Nomination, Appointment, Deputation or Resignation; and also if any Person or Persons shall give or pay or cause or procure to be given or paid any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward or Profit, or make or cause or procure to be made any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond or Assurance, or by any Way, Means, or Device, contract or agree or give or pay or cause or procure to be given or paid any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit for any Solicitation, Petition, Request, Recommendation or Negotiation whatever, made or to be made, that shall in anywise touch, concern, or relate to any Nomination, Appointment, or Deputation to or Resignation of any such Office, Commission, Place, or Employment as aforesaid, or for the obtaining or having obtained, directly or indirectly, the Consent or Consents, or Voice or Voices of any Person or Persons as aforesaid to any such Nomination, Appointment, Deputation, or Resignation; and also if any Person or Persons shall, for or in expectation of Gain, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit, solicit, recommend, or negotiate in any Manner for any Person or Persons in any Matter that shall in any wise touch, concern, or relate to any such Nomination, Appointment, Deputation or Resignation aforesaid, or for the obtaining, directly or indirectly, the Consent or Consents or Voice or Voices of any Person or Persons to any such Nomination, Appointment, or Deputation or Resignation aforesaid, then and every such Case every such Person, and also every Person who shall wilfully and knowingly aid, abet, or assist such Person therein, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

V. And Whereas on the Pretence of negotiating or soliciting the Sale, Transfer, or Appointment of any Office or Offices which under the Exception of this Act or otherwise it may be lawful to sell, Offices for negotiating the same, and Advertisements may be published, by Means and under the Colour of which illegal Transactions intended to be prohibited by this Act may be carried on; Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall open or keep any House, Room, Office, or Place for the soliciting, transacting or negotiating in any Manner whatever any Business relating to Vacancies in, or the Sale or Purchase of, or Appointment, Nomination, or Deputation to, or Resignation, Transfer, or Exchange of any Offices, Commissions, Places, or Employments whatever in or under any Publick Department, then and in every such Case every such Person, and also every Person who shall wilfully and knowingly aid, abet, or assist therein, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall advertise or publish, or cause or procure to be advertised or in any Manner published any House, Room, Office, or Place to have been or to be opened, set up, or kept for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or advertise or publish, or cause or procure to be advertised or published, the Name or Names of any Person or Persons as Broker or Brokers, Agent or Agents, Solicitor or Solicitors for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or print or cause or procure or permit or suffer

Persons opening or advertising Houses for transacting Business relating to Sale of Offices, guilty of a Misdemeanor.

Penalty on Persons advertising or publishing the Names of Brokers or Agents, &c.

to

to be printed or advertised any Advertisement or Advertisements, Proposal or Proposals for any of the Purposes aforesaid, then and in such Case such Person or Persons shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be sued for, levied, or recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, as to all Offences committed in *England*, or at *Dublin* as to Offences committed in *Ireland*, or in His Majesty's Courts in *Scotland* as to Offences committed in *Scotland* respectively; and the whole of every such Penalty shall go to the Person who shall sue for the same, with full Costs of Suit.

Exception as to Purchase or Sale of certain Offices in the Palace, or Commissions in the Army at the regulated Prices, and authorized Regimental Agents acting without Fee.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Purchases, Sales, or Exchanges of any Commissions or Appointments in the honourable Band of Gentlemen Pensioners, or in His Majesty's Yeoman Guard, or in the Marshalsea, and the Court of the King of the Palace of the King at *Westminster*, or to extend to any Purchase, Sales, or Exchanges of any Commissions in His Majesty's Forces for such Prices as shall be regulated and fixed by any Regulation made or to be made by His Majesty in that Behalf, or to any Act or Thing done in relation thereto, by any Agents, provided that such Agents shall be Agents of Regiments authorized by the Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces, or by the Colonels or Commandants of Regiments or Corps, and shall act therein under such Regulations only as are or shall from Time to Time be established by His Majesty, and shall not cause or procure, or knowingly permit or suffer to be printed or advertised, any Advertisement or Advertisements, Proposal or Proposals for any Purchase or Sale or Exchange of any Commission, or any Negotiation relating thereto, and shall not receive or take any Money, Fee, Gratuity, or Reward, or any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Assurance, or by any Way, Means, or Device, contract or agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, or Reward, for acting in such Behalf.

Officers in Army giving more than regulated Prices, or paying Agents for negotiating, shall forfeit their Commissions, and be cashiered; their Commissions be sold; Half of the Produce (not exceeding 500l.) to the Informer, &c.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That every Officer in His Majesty's Forces, who shall take, accept, or receive, or pay, or agree to pay, any larger Sum of Money, directly or indirectly, than what is allowed by any Regulations made by His Majesty in relation to the Purchase, Sale, or Exchange of Commissions in His Majesty's Forces, or who shall pay, or cause to be paid, any Sum of Money, to any Agent or Broker, or other Person, for negotiating the Purchase or Sale or Exchange of any such Commission, shall, on being convicted thereof by a General Court Martial, forfeit his Commission, and be cashiered; and as an Encouragement for the Detection of such Practices, such Commission so forfeited shall be sold, and Half the regulated Value (not exceeding Five hundred Pounds) shall be paid to the Informer, and the other Half, or the Remainder, if more than Five hundred Pounds, shall go and be applied as His Majesty shall order and direct, by any Regulations from Time to Time made in that Behalf: Provided also, that every Person who shall sell his Commission in His Majesty's Forces, and not continue to hold any Commission in His Majesty's Forces, and shall, upon or in relation to such Sale, take, accept, or receive, directly or indirectly, any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit, or any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Assurance, or shall by any Device or Means contract or agree

agree to receive or have any Money, Fee, Gratuity, Loan of Money, Reward, or Profit, beyond the regulated Price or Value of the Commission sold, and also every Person who shall wilfully or knowingly aid, abet, or assist such Person therein, shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor within the Provisions of this Act.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Office excepted from the Provisions of the said Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of King *Edward the Sixth* against buying and selling of Offices, or to any Office which was legally saleable before the passing of this Act, and in the Gift of any Person by virtue of any Office of which such Person is or shall be possessed under any Patent or Appointment for his Life; or to render invalid, or in any Manner to affect any Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, Assurance, or Trust, entered into or declared before the passing of this Act, and which before the passing thereof was a valid Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, Assurance, or Trust, in Law or Equity, or to any Money paid, or to any Act, Matter, or Thing done in pursuance of any such Promise, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Bond, or Assurance.

Exception as to
Offices excepted
in former Act,
and Offices
legally saleable,
&c.

X. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent or make void any Deputation to any Office, in any Case in which it is lawful to appoint a Deputy, or any Agreement, Contract, Bond, or Assurance lawfully made in respect of any Allowance, Salary, or Payment made or agreed to be made by or to such Principal or Deputy respectively, out of the Fees or Profits of such Office.

Saving of
lawful Deputa-
tions and
Payments out of
the Fees.

XI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said Act or in this Act contained shall extend to any annual Reservation, Charge, or Payment made or required to be made out of the Fees, Perquisites, or Profits of any Office to any Person who shall have held such Office, in any Commission or Appointment of any Person succeeding to such Office, or to any Agreement, Contract, Bond, or other Assurance made for securing such Reservation, Charge, or Payment: Provided always, that the Amount of such Reservation, Charge, or Payment, and the Circumstances and Reasons under which the same shall have been permitted, shall be stated in the Commission, Patent, Warrant, or Instrument of Appointment of the Person so succeeding to and holding such Office, and paying or securing such Money as aforesaid.

Exception as to
annual Payments
out of the Fees,
to any Person
formerly holding
the Office.

XII. And whereas the Parliament of *Ireland* never enacted any Provisions similar to those contained in the said recited Act of the Fifth and Sixth Years of King *Edward the Sixth*: And whereas it hath always been customary in the Appointment of the Masters and Six Clerks, and First and Second Examiners of the Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, to allow the having and receiving of Money, or other valuable Consideration for those Appointments; and although it may be fit and proper that the said Custom should be abolished, yet it is reasonable that the several and respective Persons who now hold the said Offices should be permitted to dispose of the same in like Manner as hath been heretofore done; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Masters and Six Clerks, and First and Second Examiner or any of them, (save and except *George Ellis* Esquire, one of the Masters of the said Court,) so to proceed

Exception as to
Masters, Six
Clerks, and
Examiners of
the Chancery in
Ireland, till after
the Death, &c.
of the present
Possessor.

ceed touching the Disposition and Appointment of their said Offices respectively, in such and the like Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as hath been heretofore accustomed; but that from and after the Death, Resignation, or Removal of each of them, and the actual Appointment of any Person in the Stead of the Persons so dying, resigning, or being removed, the Powers and Provisions of the said recited Act and of this Act shall be applicable and shall be applied to the said respective Offices in the said Court of Chancery in *Ireland*.

Punishment of
Misdemeanors in
Scotland.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Person who shall commit, in *Scotland*, any Offence against this Act, which by the Provisions of the same is constituted a Misdemeanor, shall be liable to be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or by the one or the other of such Punishments as the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender shall be tried and convicted may direct.

Offences
committed
abroad shall be
tried in King's
Bench, under
42 G. 3. c. 85.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Offences committed against the Provisions of the said recited Act and this Act, by any Governor, Lieutenant Governors, or Person having the chief Command, Civil or Military, in any of His Majesty's Dominions, Colonies, or Plantations, or his or their Secretary or Secretaries, may and shall be prosecuted and enquired of, and heard and determined in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at *Westminster*, in like Manner as any Crime, Offence, or Misdemeanor committed by any Person holding a publick Employment abroad, may be prosecuted and enquired of under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the trying and punishing in Great Britain Persons holding publick Employments, for Offences committed abroad; and for extending the Provisions of an Act passed in the Twenty-first Year of the Reign of King James, made for the Ease of Justices and others in pleading in Suits brought against them, to all Persons either in or out of this Kingdom, authorized to commit to safe Custody.*

Commencement
of the Act in
certain Places
abroad.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or this Act contain'd shall extend or be construed to extend to *Gibraltar*, *Malta*, or any Place or Places in the *Mediterranean*, until Three Months; or to any of His Majesty's Dominions, Colonies, or Plantations in *America* or the *West Indies*, until Four Months; or to the *Cape of Good Hope*, the *Island of Saint Helena*, or any Part of *Africa* until Six Months; or to any of His Majesty's Dominions in the *East Indies* or beyond the *Cape of Good Hope*, until Twelve Months, after the passing of this Act.

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act for further augmenting the Salaries of certain of the Judges of the Courts in *Westminster Hall*, and of the Chief and Second Justice of *Chester*, and Justices of the Great Sessions in *Wales*. [20th June 1809.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

39 G. 3. c. 110.
§ 1. as to
Amount of
Augmentation
of Salaries of
Chief Baron, and
justice Judges,
repealed.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Thirty-ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Augmentation of the Salaries of the Judges of the Courts in Westminster Hall, and also of the Lords of Session, Lords Commissioners of the Judiciary, and Barons of Exchequer in Scotland, and for enabling His*

‘ His Majesty to grant Annuities to Persons in certain Offices in the said
 ‘ Courts of Westminster-Hall, on their Resignation of their respective
 ‘ Offices: And Whereas it is expedient that a further Augmentation
 ‘ should be made in the Salaries and Profits of the Chief Baron of the
 ‘ Court of Exchequer, the Puisne Judges in the Court of King’s
 ‘ Bench, the Puisne Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, and
 ‘ the Barons of the Coif in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster,
 ‘ and also in the Salaries and Profits of the Chief Justice of Chester,
 ‘ the Second Justice of Chester, and the Justices of Great Sessions for
 ‘ the Counties in Wales; we your Majesty’s most dutiful and loyal
 ‘ Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and
 ‘ Ireland in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Ma-
 ‘ jesty that it may be enacted;’ and be it enacted by the King’s most
 ‘ Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
 ‘ Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament
 ‘ assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the
 ‘ said recited Act as relates to the Amounts of the Sums to be issued in
 ‘ Augmentation of their respective Salaries to the Chief Baron of the
 ‘ Court of Exchequer, to the Puisne Justices in the Courts of King’s
 ‘ Bench and Common Pleas, and to the Barons of the Coif in the Court
 ‘ of Exchequer, shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of
 this Act, there shall be issued, paid, and payable out of, and charged
 and chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund of Great Britain, (after
 paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of
 Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament,
 to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments
 which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the
 said Fund,) to the several Persons hereinafter mentioned, as an Aug-
 mentation of their respective Salaries so much Money as will make
 up their respective Salaries and pecuniary Profits belonging to their
 said respective Offices to the annual Sums hereinafter mentioned, to
 the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, Five thousand Pounds,
 and to each of the Puisne Justices of the Courts of King’s Bench and
 Common Pleas, and to each of the Barons of the Coif in the Court
 of Exchequer, Four thousand Pounds.

Their Salaries
 augmented, viz.
 Chief Baron to
 5000l.
 each Puisne
 Judge and Baron
 4000l.

III. And be it further enacted, That in whatever Sums the whole
 Amount which shall have been received, or were payable to any of
 the Persons before mentioned in respect of their said Offices within
 the Half-Year preceding the Delivery of any such Account as is
 directed by the said recited Act, shall be less than the clear Sum of
 Two thousand five hundred Pounds in respect of the said Chief Baron,
 or of Two Thousand Pounds in respect of the said Puisne Judges and
 Barons of the said Courts, shall be the Sums to be issued for the Half
 Year in which the said Account shall be delivered, and shall be com-
 puted and ascertained so as to make up the whole of their respective
 Salaries and pecuniary Profits to the Half-yearly Sums respectively
 before-mentioned, and such Sums shall be issued accordingly in Manner
 herein-after mentioned, and as if the Sums so to be ascertained had
 been specifically mentioned in this Act.

In what Manner
 the Half-yearly
 Payment shall
 be computed.

IV. ‘ And Whereas by the said recited Act it is directed that an
 ‘ Account shall be delivered Half-yearly by the said Puisne Justices
 ‘ to the Commissioners of the Treasury of all Fees, Salaries, and
 ‘ Pecuniary Profits; received or payable to them in respect of their
 ‘ Offices

Annual Sum of 40l. to the Second Judge of Court of King's Bench for Charge to the Grand Jury &c. shall not be included in Half-yearly Account required under 39 G. 3. c. 110. § 2.

Augmentation of 400l. to the Salaries of the Justices of Chester, and of the Great Sessions for the Counties of Wales.

Salaries shall be paid Half-yearly, clear of all Taxes, except Property Tax, under 46 G. 3. c. 65. according to Regulations of 39 G. 3. c. 109.

• Offices for the preceding Half Year: And Whereas by Writ of
 • Privy Seal granted in the Second Year of His present Majesty's
 • Reign, reciting that a Reward of Forty Pounds *per Annum* at
 • the Rate of Ten Pounds in every Term had long since been assigned
 • to the Second Judge of the Court of King's Bench, in respect of
 • his Labour and Trouble in giving the Charge to the Grand Jury,
 • and pronouncing Judgement in the said Court against M-lesseors, it
 • was directed, that regular Payment should be made of the aforesaid
 • termly Allowance of Ten Pounds to the said Second Judge of the
 • said Court for the Time being, in respect of his Pains and Service
 • above-mentioned: And whereas Doubts have been entertained
 • whether the said Allowance of Forty Pounds was intended to be
 • included in the Half-yearly Account of Salary, Fees, and pecuniary
 • Profits, to be delivered in to the Commissioners of the Treasury by
 • the said Second Judge of the said Court of King's Bench under
 • the said recited Act; Be it therefore enacted and declared, That
 • the said termly Allowance of Forty Pounds is not nor was intended to
 • be included in the said Half-yearly Account to be delivered as afore-
 • said, by the said Second Judge of the said Court of King's Bench,
 • nor in the Estimate of Salary, Fees, and pecuniary Profits, upon
 • which the Amount of the Sums to be issued from Time to Time to
 • the said Second Judge under the said recited Act and this Act was or
 • is to be computed.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be also issued, paid, and payable out of and charged and chargeable upon the said Consolidated Fund, after paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, but with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may be hereafter charged upon or payable out of the said Fund, to the several Persons herein-after mentioned, in Augmentation of their respective Salaries and Profits, and over and above any Sums of Money to which they may be entitled under any Act now in force, the several annual Sums herein-after mentioned: that is to say, to the Chief Justice of *Chester*, and to the Second Justice of *Chester*, and to each of the Justices of the Great Sessions for the Counties of *Wales*, the Sum of Four Hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said several Sums of Money to be issued in pursuance of this Act, shall from Time to Time from thenceforth, be payable and paid Half-yearly, free and clear from all Taxes and Deductions whatsoever, (except the Duty charged by an Act passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on the Rates and Duties on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repealing an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing certain Parts of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties,*) on the Tenth Day of *October* and the Fifth Day of *April* in each Year, by even and equal Portions: the First Payment thereupon to be made on the Tenth Day of *October*
 One

One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the said several Sums of Money shall be paid in the same Manner, and under and subject to the like Rules and Regulations, (as far as the same are applicable) as are prescribed in the said recited Act for the Payment of the several Sums of Money therein directed to be paid.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Act, and all Clauses, Provisions, Rules, Regulations, Matters, and Things therein contained (so far as the same are applicable and are not hereby altered) shall be in force, and be applied to carry into Effect the Purposes of this Act.

Powers of recited Act extended to this Act.

C A P. CXXVIII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, and for applying certain Monies therein-mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

[20th June 1809.]

§ I.	£. 4,000,000	o o	Out of Surplus of <i>British</i> Consolidated Fund.	
II.	2,757,352	3 4½	Surplus of Ways and Means for 1808.	
III.	5,000,000	o o	Part of the Sum of 20,000,000 <i>l.</i> granted by	48 G. 3. c. 148.
IV.	19,000,000	o o	From the following Duties, <i>viz.</i>	
			Additional Customs under	43 G. 3. c. 70.
			Additional Excise	_____ c. 81.
			Duties on Property	_____ c. 122.
			Additional Customs	44 G. 3. c. 35.
			Additional Duties on Property	45 G. 3. c. 15.
			Additional Excise on Tobacco, &c.	46 G. 3. c. 39.
			Additional Customs	_____ c. 42.
			Additional Duties on Property	_____ c. 65.
			Additional Excise on Brandy	47 G. 3. c. <i>fl.</i> 1. c. 27.
			Customs	48 G. 3. c. 26.
			Ditto	49 G. 3. c. 98.
V.	The following Sums, <i>viz.</i>			
	Produce of Salt and Pension Act, not exceeding			
£.	3,000,000	o o		49 G. 3. c. 1.
	10,500,000	o o	Exchequer Bills	_____ c. 2.
	1,500,000	o o	Ditto	_____ c. 3.
	6,000,000	o o	Ditto	_____ c. 52.
	14,600,000	o o	Loan (after deducting 3,000,000 <i>l.</i> remitted to <i>Ireland</i> and 600,000 <i>l.</i> to the Prince Regent of <i>Portugal</i>)	_____ c. 71.
			Lotteries (Deducting One-third for <i>Ireland</i>)	_____ c. 94.
	3,000,000	o o	Exchequer Bills	_____ c. 114.

Granted to make good the Supply for Service of *Great Britain* for 1809.

Appropriated to the Uses after expressed. See § VII., &c.

V. <i>contd.</i>	19,000,000	o	o	out of War Taxes (granted above See § IV.)	} Appropriated to the Uses after expressed See § VII, &c.
	5,000,000	o	o	(granted above, § III.)	
	2,757,352	3	4 $\frac{1}{4}$	(granted above, § II.)	
	4,000,000	o	o	out of Consolidated Fund (See § I.)	

VI. The following Sums; viz.

	3,000,000	o	o	(Part of the <i>British Loan</i>)	} coming into the <i>Tryb. Exchequer</i> under the A.G.s. {	} 49 Geo. 3. c. 71. c. 94. c. 78. c. 79. {	} Appropriated to the Uses after expressed. See § XXII. Sec.
Share of Lotteries	1,250,000	o	o	(Annuities and Treasury Bills)			
	500,000	o	o	(Treasury Bills)			

VII. Application, viz.

	19,578,467	13	9	for the Navy Services following, viz.				
	3,126,500	o	o	for Wages of 130,000 Men, including 31,400 Marines	} at per Man per Month. {	} £. s. d. {		
	4,985,500	o	o	their Victualling				
	3,295,500	o	o	Wear and Tear of Ships				
	591,500	o	o	Ordinance for Sea Service				
	1,408,437	13	9	Ordinary of the Navy including Half pay.				
	2,296,030	o	o	Building, and re-building Ships of War Extra.				
	3,000,000	o	o	Hire of Transports.				
	314,000	o	o	Sick and Wounded Seamen at Home and Abroad.		} For the Year 1809.		
	506,000	o	o	Prisoners of War in Health at Home and Abroad.				
	50,000	o	o	Ditto Sick.				
	5,000	o	o	to form a Compassionate Lift for Navy and Marines.				

VIII.	3,000,000	o	o	For the Service of <i>Great Britain</i> , "to enable His Majesty to afford Assistance to the Emperor of <i>Austria</i> , and to the People of <i>Spain</i> and <i>Portugal</i> , and to take such Measures as the Exigences of Affairs may require."	} Out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies aforesaid.

IX.	300,000	o	o	For Exigences for <i>Ireland</i> .	
X.	400,000	o	o	Engagements with His <i>Sicilian</i> Majesty.	For 1809.
XI.	300,000	o	o	Advanced to the King of <i>Sweden</i> .	
XII.	600,000	o	o	Loan to the Prince Regent of <i>Portugal</i> .	
XIII.	21,144,770	10	8	For the Land Service following, viz.	
	7,582,378	16	11	for Land Forces at Home and Abroad (except in the <i>East Indies</i> and Foreign Corps, and except embodied Militia.)	} From 25th Dec. 1808, to 25th Dec. 1809.
	29,322	10	o	for Five Troops of Dragoons, and Fifteen Companies of Foot for recruiting the Corps serving in <i>India</i> .	

XIII. £. 3,048,647	19	5	for the embodied Militia in <i>Great Britain and Ireland</i> , and Corps of Marines.	} From 25th Dec. 1808, to 25th Dec. 1809.	
933,654	6	10	Charge of Foreign Corps for Service of <i>Great Britain and Ireland</i> .		
449,649	7	9	for General and Staff Officers and Hospital Officers, and Garrisons at Home and Abroad.		
31,796	1	3	Supernumerary Officers of the Forces.		
257,711	13	3	Principal Officers of Publick Departments in <i>Great Britain and Ireland</i> , and Exchequer Fees.		
222,263	8	3	on account of Half-pay to reduced Officers of Land Forces, including <i>British American Forces</i> , and <i>Scotch Brigade</i> , &c.		} For the Year 1809.
11,304	16	10	For Military Allowances to ditto.		
492,412	16	8	<i>Chelsea and Kilmainham</i> In and Out Penitens and Expences of the Hospitals.		} From 25th Dec. 1808, to 25th Dec. 1809.
49,437	11	8	Widows' Pensions in <i>Great Britain and Ireland</i> .		
1,000,820	0	0	Volunteer Corps in <i>Great Britain and Ireland</i> .		} From 25th Dec. 1808 to 25th Dec. 1809.
1,219,803	0	0	Local Militia Forces in <i>Great Britain</i> .		
24,972	12	11	Allowances to Chaplains of the Forces.	} For the Year 1809.	
115,024	8	4	Medicines and Hospital Contingences.		
14,300	0	0	Compassionate List of Land Officer's Children and Widows not entitled to Pensions.		
479,857	16	11	Barrack Department in <i>Ireland</i> .	} From 25th Dec. 1808, to 25th Dec. 1809.	
235,508	14	2	for the Commissariat and Extra Forage of the Cavalry in <i>Ireland</i> .		
22,651	9	11	Probable Expenditure of Commissary General's Office.		
1,030,000	0	0	Probable Extraordinary Expenditure of ditto.		
44,000	0	0	Probable Expenditure of Store-keeper General's Department.	} For the Year 1809.	
579,563	0	0	Barrack Department in <i>Great Britain</i> .		
4,260	0	0	for examining Account of Barrack Department.	} Prior to the Year 1805.	
215,429	19	7	Army Extraordinaries.		} For the Year 1808.
			O o 2		

XIII.	3,000,000	0	0	Extraordinary Services of the	} For the Year 1809.
<i>continued.</i>				Army in <i>Great Britain.</i>	
XIV.	4,073,662	19	10	for Ordnance Office for Land	} For the Year 1809.
				Service for <i>Great Britain.</i>	
	450,366	12	1	Ditto, not provided for	- In 1807.
	159,768	14	4	Ditto.	- In 1808.
	592,913	6	5	For Ordnance Office in <i>Ireland.</i>	For the Year 1809.
	34,923	12	7	Ditto not provided for	- In 1808.
XV.	10,500,000	0	0	To discharge out-standing Exchequer	
				Bills under 48 G. 3. c. 7.	
XVI.	1,500,000	0	0	Ditto issued for the Service of	1808,
				48 G. 3. c. 54.	
XVII.	5,000,000	0	0	Ditto issued for the Service of	1808,
				and out-standing.	
XVIII.	6,000,000	0	0	Ditto. 48 G. 3. c. 114.	
XIX.	22,166	1	9½	To make good Money issued by	
				Addresses of House of Commons	
XX.	Civil Establishments, viz.				
	17,360	0	0	<i>Sierra Leone.</i>	} From 1st Jan. to 31st Dec. 1809.
	8,430	0	0	<i>Upper Canada.</i>	
	5,500	0	0	<i>New Brunswick.</i>	
	10,105	0	0	<i>Nova Scotia.</i>	
	3,100	0	0	<i>Prince Edward's Island.</i>	
	2,060	0	0	<i>Cape Breton.</i>	
	3,985	0	0	<i>Newfoundland.</i>	
	8,700	0	0	<i>Bahama Islands.</i>	
	3,030	0	0	<i>Bermuda or Somers Islands.</i>	
	600	0	0	<i>Dominica.</i>	
	15,134	10	0¾	<i>New South Wales.</i>	} For the Year 1809.
	23,000	0	0	<i>British Forts in Africa.</i>	
XXI.	16,975	17	4	Royal Military College	} On 5th April 1809.
	23,350	9	2	Royal Military Asylum, <i>Chelsea</i>	
	47,650	17	9	Discharging 5 per Cent. Annu-	} On 10th Oct. 1809.
				ities under 37 G. 3. c. 10. and	
				42 G. 3. c. 8.	
	13,215	19	6	Ditto	
	160,382	2	0	<i>French Clergy, Touloufe, Dutch,</i>	} For the Year 1809.
				and <i>Corfican Emigrants, Saint</i>	
				<i>Domingo Sufferers, and Ame-</i>	
				<i>rican Loyalists</i>	
	55,295	0	0	Employing Convicts at Home.	
	3,000	0	0	Prosecutions relating to Coin.	
	31,700	0	0	Printing and Stationary for both	
				Houses of Parliament.	
	20,000	0	0	Law Charges.	
	12,000	0	0	Public Office <i>Bow Street.</i>	
	5,000	0	0	Fees on passing publick Ac-	
				counts	
	7,497	11	2	Superintendance of Aliens	} For 1809.
	1,500,000	0	0	Interest on Exchequer Bills.	
	13,471	15	0	Securing Docks, &c. at <i>Portsmouth, Dover, &c.</i>	
	10,000	0	0	Roads and Bridges in <i>Scot-</i>	
				<i>land.</i>	

XXI. continued.

£. 50,000	0	0	Making Inland Navigation from Eastern to Western Sea.	} For 1809.
5,523	0	0	Salaries to Officers of Houses of Lords and Commons.	
1,641	19	0	Deficiency for printing Votes, Bills, &c. House of Commons.	} For Session 1809.
8,423	13	2	Deficiency for Printing and Stationary for both Houses of Parliament.	
22,400	0	0	For printing Votes, Bills, &c. of House of Commons.	} In Session 1808.
4,000	0	0	For printing Vol. 61. of the Journals of the Commons.	
10,000	0	0	For re-printing Journals, &c. of the House of Commons.	} During Session 1809.
2,154	3	11	For Stationary for Exchequer.	
6,345	16	0	For Horse Patrol round the Metropolis, for One Year.	} For the Year 1809.
5,265	19	0	For Relief of Danish Settlements in Davis's Straights.	
1,299	4	0	Thames Police Office London, for Plan of Security of Shipping.	} For Three Years, to 7th Sept. 1808.
1,333	9	0	For examining Accounts between East India Company and Government.	
219	14	0	Deputy Serjeant at Arms, House of Commons, for One Year's House Rent.	} For 1808.
439	13	0	For Index to the Rolls of Parliament.	
1,623	0	0	For Index to Journals of the Peers, from the 5th of July 1805 to the 5th of July 1808.	} For 1808.
1,192	0	0	For ditto since the 5th of July 1808.	
98	1	3	Bounty on British American Fish imported in West India Islands.	} For 1808.
76	13	6	To Second Clerk Assistant of House of Commons for reimbursing Duty of 5l. per Cent. on his Allowance.	
3,409	14	8	Salaries to Officers of House of Commons for Session of 1808.	} For 1808.
745	0	0	Expences of Commissioners of Military Inquiry under 45 G. 3. c. 47.	
1,848	9	5	For Articles sent to New South Wales.	} For the Year 1809.
2,315	0	14	For Payment of Bills on account of Convicts, dated 31st of Dec. 1808.	
3,163	8	6	Expences of National Vaccine Establishment.	} For the Year 1809.
6,172	12	2	Bills drawn from New South Wales, for the Year 1809.	
114	18	1	For Stores supplied to Commissary at Sydney New South Wales.	} For the Year 1809.
3,000	0	0	Board of Agriculture.	
175,000	0	0	Foreign and other secret Services.	

To make good the Money issued out of the Civil List. for

XXI. <i>continued.</i>	£.								
	1,328	5	4	Allowance to Poor of <i>Saint Martin's in the Fields.</i>					
	278	6	6	Issued out of	} Returns respecting Residence of Clergy.				
	1,550	0	0	Civil List.					
	30,000	0	0	To discharge Bills from <i>New South Wales.</i>	} For the Year 1809.				
	7,639	17	2	<i>British Museum.</i> for general Purposes.					
	9,709	6	0	Protestant Dissenting Ministers in <i>England and Ireland,</i> and	} For the Year 1809.				
				<i>French Refugees.</i>					
	743	12	0	Ditto, Deficiency of Grant, in the Year 1808.					
	14,000	0	0	Extra Contingencies of the Three Secretaries of State.	} For the Year 1809.				
	12,000	0	0	Extra Messengers to Ditto.					
	6,000	0	0	For Conviction of Felons.					
	20,000	0	0	Royal Military Canal.					During the Year 1809.
	4,000	0	0	Bounties for Fish brought to <i>London and Westminster,</i>	} For the Year 1809.				
	2,698	13	0	Chairman of the Committee of the House of Lords,					
	1,623	0	0	Serjeant at Arms to House of Lords, for Services during 1808.					
	506	1	6	Survey of Roads and Bridges in <i>Scotland.</i>					
	278	6	6	Returns respecting enforcing the Residence of Clergy for Half Year ending 5th of <i>January 1809.</i>					
	7,422	12	0	To Officers for levying Tallies in the Exchequer, from 5th <i>Jan. 1805</i> to 5th <i>July 1808.</i>					
	36,042	8	8	Improvement of Streets near <i>Westminster Hall.</i>	} For the Year 1809.				
	30,500	0	0	Building a Mint on Tower Hill.					
	6,000	0	0	<i>Corsican and Toulonese Emigrants.</i>					
	16,000	0	0	Allowances to retired <i>Dutch Officers.</i>					
	4,400	0	0	<i>French Emigrants in Jersey.</i>					
	10,000	0	0	To Dr. <i>Cartwright</i> for various Mechanical Inventions.					
	35,000	0	0	Building and Maintenance of Naval Asylum					
	3,057	1	8	For printing Vols. 36 and 37 of the Lords' Journals.					
	100,000	0	0	To the Governors of Queen <i>Anne's</i> Bounty in aid of poor Clergy.					
	4,500	0	0	To Commissioners of <i>New Forest</i> in the County of <i>Southampton.</i>	} For Two Years.				
	5,569	0	0	For Military Roads in <i>North Britain.</i>					
				Irish Currency.					
XXII.	340	0	0	Accountant General for preparing publick Accounts, for Session 1809.					

XXII.
continued.

240	0	0	His Deputy.
200	0	0	Examiner of Corn Bounties.
250	0	0	Inspector General of Imports and Exports preparing Ac- counts.
200	0	0	His First Clerk for extra Trouble.
200	0	0	Examiner of Excise pre- paring Accounts.
150	0	0	His Assistant.
200	0	0	Clerk in Auditors of Exche- quer Office preparing Ac- counts.

In Ireland to 5th
Jan. 1809.

XXIII.

25,000	0	0	Civil Buildings.
1,200	0	0	Printing, &c. 250 Copies of the Acts, 49 G. 3.
10,500	0	0	Proclamations and Ad- vertisements in <i>Dublin</i> <i>Gazette</i> .
25,000	0	0	Criminal Prosecutions.
2,500	0	0	Apprehending publick Offenders.
9,429	18	0	Non-conforming Mini- sters.
1,047	10	2	Expence of Pratique in <i>Dublin</i> Port.
560	1	1	Gold Mine of <i>Wicklow</i> , from 5th <i>Jan.</i> 1809 to 31st <i>Dec.</i> 1809.
3,382	0	0	For Lottery Offices, for One Year ending 24th <i>June</i> 1809.
21,900	0	0	Printing and Disburse- ments for Secretaries' Office and other publick Offices in <i>Dublin</i> Castle.
15,000	0	0	Harbour of <i>Howth</i> , Works at,
258	0	0	Further Printing and Stationary for Secre- taries' Office and other publick Offices in <i>Dub-</i> <i>lin</i> Castle.
3,741	0	0	Support of Seceding Mi- nisters from the Synod of <i>Usser</i> .
3,500	0	0	Incidents of the Trea- sury.
15,000	0	0	(<i>British</i>) Allowances to Commissioners of Inquiry on Fees in publick Offices in <i>Ireland</i> , &c.

In Ireland,

From 5th *Jan.* 1809,
to 5th *Jan.* 1810.

In Ireland.

From 5th *Jan.* 1809,
to 5th *Jan.* 1810.

In Ireland. In Ireland.

From 5th *Jan.* 1809,
to 5th *Jan.* 1810.

In Ireland. In Ireland.

From 25th *March*
1809, to 25th
March 1810.

In Ireland.

For One Year end-
ing 5th *Jan.* 1810.

XXIV.	10,000	o	o	(Irish) Board of First Fruits for building and re-building of Churches, &c.	} From 5th Jan. 1809, to 5th Jan. 1810.
	10,000	o	o	Dublin Society for promoting Husbandry, &c.	
	5,000	o	o	Farming Society of Ireland.	
	2,000	o	o	Cork Institution.	
	2,849	o	o	Commissioners for making wide and convenient Streets in Dublin.	
	21,600	o	o	Trustees of the Linen Manufactures, for One Year ending 5th Jan. 1810.	
XXV.	21,825	o	o	Foundling Hospital in Dub- lin.	} From 5th Jan. 1809, to 5th Jan. 1810.
	3,523	o	o	Hibernian Marine Society.	
	11,781	o	o	Hibernian School for Soldiers' Children.	
	1,662	o	o	Female Orphan House near Dublin.	
	1,940	o	o	Association for discountenan- cing Vice, &c.	
	9,569	o	o	Westmorland Lock Hospital.	
	32,243	o	o	House of Industry and Peni- tentiary.	
	1,000	o	o	Fever Hospital in Cork-street Dublin.	
	1,779	o	o	Lying-in Hospital.	
	4,550	o	o	Completing Royal College of Surgeons.	
	800	o	o	Commissioners of charitable Donations.	
	500	o	o	Doctor Stevens's Hospital.	
	4,576	o	o	Sir Patrick Dunn's Hospital.	
	8,973	o	o	Roman Catholic Seminary.	
	26,003	o	o	Incorporated Society for pro- moting English Protestant Schools.	
XXVI.	Supplies shall be applied only to the Purposes authorized, &c.				} As in former Acts.
XXVII.	Rules for receiving Half pay.				
XXVIII.	Application of Overplus of Sum (under 48 G. 3. c. 148.) to reduced Officers.				

C A P. CXXIX.

An Act to prevent the enlisting of Local Militia Men into the Regular Militia of any other County or Stewartry than the County or Stewartry to which they belong.

[21st June 1809.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm:* And Whereas another Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling His Majesty to establish a permanent Local Militia Force in Scotland, under certain Restrictions, for the Defence of the Realm:* And Whereas another Act passed in this Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for completing the Militia of Great Britain:* And Whereas by the said Two first recited Acts, Persons enrolled to serve or serving in the Local Militia, are allowed to enlist or enter into the regular Militia: And Whereas by the said last recited Act, the Commanding Officers of Militia are allowed to raise Men by Beat or Drum or otherwise, in their respective Counties or Stewartries, or adjoining Counties or Stewartries: And Whereas it is expedient to restrict the enlisting of Men from the Local Militia into any regular Militia, except the regular Militia of the County or Stewartry to which such Local Militia Men belong: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person ballotted or enrolled to serve, or serving in the Local Militia, shall be enlisted or enrolled, or shall be allowed to enlist into or to be enrolled in the regular Militia of any other County or Stewartry than the County or Stewartry for which the Local Militia Man shall be enrolled and serving, or any One of the Counties or Stewartries of which any Regiment, Battalion, or Corps of regular Militia shall be composed, if composed of Men enrolled in more than One County or Stewartry; any Thing in the said recited Acts, or either of them, to the contrary notwithstanding.

49 G. 3. c. 60.
[Sec § 3.]

49 G. 3. c. 22.
[Sec § 5.]

49 G. 3. c. 52.

No Man in the Local Militia shall enlist into the regular Militia of any County except that for which he is enrolled.

LOCAL

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS

TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED;
OR PRINTED COPIES WHEREOF ARE DECLARED TO BE EVIDENCE.

N. B.—The Continuance of such of the following Acts as are temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter in the Title.

(a) For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.

(b) For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.

(c) For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.

All Acts in this List, not distinguished by the Letters (Q. P.) are PUBLICK ACTS; to each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form Following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and others, without being specially pleaded.”

(Q. P.) Quasi-Publick Acts, i. e. Acts to each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the Printer to the King’s most Excellent Majesty, and a Copy thereof, so printed, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices, and others.”

Cap. i.

6 Ann. c. 8. pr.
10 Ann. c. 14.
7 G. 1. c. 24.
10 G. 3. c. 24.

AN Act for continuing the Term and Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Harbour and Quay of *Watchett*, in the County of *Somerset*. [22d February 1809.]
[For forty Years, &c. from the End of the Term under 10 G. 3. c. 24.]

Cap. ii.

44 G. 3. c. xlv.

An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating certain Fisheries in the County of *Cumberland*, and other Places therein mentioned, so far as respects the Fishery in the River *Derwent*. [13th March 1809.]

Cap. iii.

36 G. 3, c. 68.
41 G. 3. c. iii.

An Act for better enabling the Company of Proprietors of the *Aberdeenshire* Canal Navigation to raise the necessary Fund to complete the same. [13th March 1809.]

Cap. iv.

An Act for more effectually improving the Streets, Lanes, and Publick Passages, in the Town of *Gainsborough* in the County of *Lincoln*.

coln, and for laying a Duty on Coals * brought to the said Town **[and Lime.]*
to be sold. [13 March 1809.]

[9 G. 3. c. 21. repealed in part.]

Cap. v.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Rotherham* to *Swinton*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (a)

[13th March 1809.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Ashbourn* to *Sudbury*, and from *Sudbury* to *Toxall Bridge*, and from *Haiton Moor* to *Tutbury*, in the Counties of *Derby* and *Stafford*, and for making Two new Branches of Road to communicate therewith. (c)

6 G. 3. c. 79.
27 G. 3. c. 87.

[13th March 1809.]

Cap. vii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Derby*, *Leicester*, and *Warwick*. (c.)

33 G. 2. c. 47.
21 G. 3. c. 92.

[13th March 1809.]

Cap. viii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Radcliffe*, and the Township of *Ainsworth*, in the Parish of *Middleton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. (q. P.)

[13th March 1809.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Workington* and *Winscales*, and Manor of *Workington*, in the Parish of *Workington*, in the County of *Cumberland*. (q. P.)

[20th March 1809.]

[Allotment in Satisfaction of Tithes. § 17, 18.]

Cap. x.

An Act for amending so much of an Act of the Forty-first Year of His present Majesty, for building and keeping in Repair the Pier at *Sheernefs*, in the Isle of *Sheppy*, in the County of *Kent* and for other Purposes therein-mentioned, as relates to the said Pier.

41 G. 3. c. liv.

[24th March 1809.]

[Former Duties repealed, and new Duties granted.]

Cap. xi.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter the Powers, of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Township of *Saltney*, in the County of *Flint*, to the Town of *Flint*. (c)

23 G. 3. c. 101.

[24th March 1809.]

“ So much of former Act as related to Statute Labour on the Road repealed: and all Persons by Law liable to Statute-work shall be chargeable as heretofore.

Cap. xii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Horsbam* to join the Turnpike Road leading to *Guildford*, with Two Branches therefrom, in the Counties of *Suffex* and *Surrey*. (a)

[24th March 1809.]

Cap. xiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Boconock, Braddock,* and *Saint Winnow*, in the County of *Cornwall*. (q. P.)

[24th March 1809.]

Cap. xiv.

7 G. 3. c. 60. An Act for more effectually repairing, improving, and keeping in
27 G. 3. c. 75. Repair several Roads in the Counties of *Brecon, Radnor,* and
22 G. 3. c. 113. *Glamorgan*, and for making and maintaining Two new Branches
44 G. 3. c. xxxviii. of Road to communicate therewith. (a) [30th March 1809.]

Cap. xv.

28 G. 3. c. 109. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present
Majesty, for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Carmarthen*
and *Cardigan*, so far as relates to the *Llandoverly* District and for
amending certain other Roads communicating therewith. (c)
[28th April 1809.]

Cap. xvi.

13 G. 2. c. 9. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts of His
27 G. 2. c. 21. late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road between *Hockliffe*
26 G. 2. c. 143. in the County of *Bedford* and *Stony Stratford* in the County of
Buckingham. (c) [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xvii.

43 G. 3. c. cxi. An Act to enable the *Bristol Dock Company* to borrow a further
46 G. 3. c. xxxv. Sum of Money for completing the Improvements of the Port and
48 G. 3. c. ix. Harbour of *Bristol*. [28th April 1809.]
[Company empowered to raise 100,000 l. additional.]

Cap. xviii.

An Act for establishing and well-governing the Charitable Institution
called *The Society of Stewards and Subscribers for maintaining and*
educating Poor Orphans of Clergymen until of Age to be put Apprentice ;
and for incorporating such Society ; and for more effectually enabling
them to carry on their charitable and useful Designs.

[28th April 1809.]

• **W**HEREAS in the Year One thousand seven hundred and
• forty-nine, a Charitable Society was formed for maintaining
• and educating poor Orphans, of both Sexes, of Clergymen of the
• Church of *England*, until of Age to be put Apprentice; and the
• said Society hath been supported by the voluntary Subscriptions and
• Donations of charitable and well-disposed Persons, and a very great
• Number of such Orphans have been received into the respective
• Schools of the said Charity, and maintained and educated by means
• of the Funds belonging thereto; and such Orphans have been in-
• structed in the Doctrines of the Christian Religion as taught by
• the established Church, and in Reading, Writing and Arithmetic,
• and the Girls also in Needlework and Household Business, and
• trained in Habits of Industry and Regularity: And Whereas Ex-
• perience hath shewn that the said Charity hath been hitherto of
• considerable Advantage to the Publick, and it is apprehended, that
• if countenanced and supported by the Laws of this Realm, and
• established upon a permanent Footing, and vested with Powers for
• better

‘ better enabling the Subscribers thereto to carry into Execution
 ‘ their charitable and useful Designs, the said Charity would be of
 ‘ much more extensive Use, and of still greater Benefit and Advantage
 ‘ to the Publick : And Whereas the Purposes aforesaid cannot be
 ‘ effected without the Authority of Parliament ;’ May it therefore
 please Your most Excellent Majesty that it may be enacted ; and be it
 enacted by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Ad-
 vice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons
 in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 same, That from and after the passing of this Act, there be and shall
 be a Corporation to continue for ever, for clothing, maintaining, and
 educating poor Orphans of Clergymen until of Age to be put Ap-
 prentice ; and that His Royal Highness *Frederick Duke of York*
 Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, His Highness
William Frederick Duke of Gloucester Knight of the Most Noble
 Order of the Garter, the Most Reverend his Grace *Charles* Lord
 Archbishop of *Canterbury*, the Right Honourable *John* Lord *Eldon*
 Lord High Chancellor, the Honourable and Most Reverend his
 Grace *Edward Venables* Lord Archbishop of *York*, [&c. &c.] to-
 gether with any Person or Persons who hath or have paid, at one
 Time, or in the Course of any one Year for the Use of the said
 Society, the Sum of Twenty-one Pounds or more, or at any Time
 hereafter shall pay into the Hands of the Treasurer of the said Society
 for the Time being the Sum of Twenty-one Pounds, or such other
 Sum as the General Court herein-after mentioned of the said Society
 shall from Time to Time appoint or prescribe as a Life Governor’s
 Subscription, or more, at one Time, or in the Course of any one Year,
 for the Use of the said Society, provided the same be accepted by
 the Committee herein-after mentioned for the time being of the said
 Society, shall be and are hereby appointed Governors of the said
 Society ; and also every Person who hath paid, or at any Time here-
 after shall pay into the Hands of such Treasurer the Yearly Sum
 of One Guinea, or such other Sum as the said General Court shall
 from Time to Time appoint or prescribe as an Annual Governor’s
 Subscription, or more, for the Use of the said Society, provided the
 same be accepted by the said Committee as aforesaid, shall, during such
 Time as they shall respectively continue to pay the same, and also
 every Person who shall be appointed by any General Court of the
 Governors of the said Society, shall be respectively Governors of the
 said Society ; and the said Governors, and the President, Vice-President,
 Treasurer, and Secretary of the said Corporation for the Time being
 shall be and they are hereby declared and adjudged to be One Body
 Corporate and Politick in Deed and in Law, by the Name of ‘ The
 ‘ Governors of the Society for clothing, maintaining, and educating
 ‘ poor Orphans of Clergymen of the Established Church, in that
 ‘ Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* called *England*, until
 ‘ of Age to be put Apprentice ;’ and that by the same Name they
 shall have perpetual Succession, and a Common Seal, with Power
 to change, alter, break, and make new the same, when and as often
 as they shall judge the same to be expedient ; and that they and their
 Successors, by the same Name, may sue and be sued, implead and be
 impleaded, answer and be answered unto, in all or any Court or
 Courts of Record and Places of Judicature within this Kingdom ;
 and that they and their Successors, by the Name aforesaid, shall be

Corporation
 erected for
 clothing, main-
 taining and
 educating poor
 Orphans of
 Clergymen.

Constitution of
 the Body
 Corporate.

Common Seal.

Power to sue.

able and capable in Law to have, hold, receive, enjoy, possess and retain, for the Ends and Purposes of this Act, and in Trust and for the Benefit of the said Society, all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been paid, given, devised, or bequeathed, or shall at any Time or Times hereafter be paid, given, devised or bequeathed by any charitable or well-disposed Person or Persons, to and for the charitable Ends and Purposes in this Act mentioned; and that they and their Successors by the Name aforesaid, shall and may at any Time hereafter, without Licence in Mortmain, purchase, take or receive, hold and enjoy any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Estate or Interest arising or derived out of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments for the Purposes of the said Charity.

Power to purchase, &c. Land.

President.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said *Beilby* Lord Bishop of *London* shall be and he is hereby appointed President of the said Corporation; and that the said *Clement Samuel Strong* Esquire shall be and he is hereby appointed the Vice-President of the said Corporation; and that the said *James Buss* Esquire shall be and he is hereby appointed Treasurer of the said Corporation; and that the said Reverend *Edward Embry* shall be and he is hereby appointed Secretary of the said Corporation; and that the Most Reverend his Grace *Charles* Lord Archbishop of *Canterbury*, [&c. &c.] together with the President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Secretary of the said Corporation for the Time being, shall be and they are hereby appointed a Committee for transacting and managing the Affairs of the said Corporation, any Five of whom shall be a Quorum; and the said President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Secretary, and Committee, shall continue until the last *Tuesday* in the Month of *February* One thousand eight hundred and Ten and no longer, unless they shall be respectively re-elected to the said respective Offices; and the said President, or in his Absence the Vice-President, or the Treasurer or the Secretary, with any Seven or more of the other Members of the said Corporation, shall compose a General Court, and the first General Court shall be holden on the last *Tuesday* in the Month of *May* next, at such House or Place as the said Committee shall appoint; and a General Court of the Members of the said Corporation shall be holden Four Times at the least in every Year; that is to say, in the Months of *February*, *May*, *August*, and *November* in every Year, and Notice of each such General Courts shall be given in one or more of the publick Newspapers published in the Cities of *London* and *Westminster* Six Days at the least before the Time so to be appointed for the holding of every such Court; and whenever Occasion shall require, a special General Court shall be holden by Order of the Committee, or the major Part of them present at any of their Monthly or other Meetings, upon the like Notice of such Special General Court being given Six Days at the least before the Time so to be appointed for the holding of the same; and at the General Court which shall be holden in the Month of *February* in each and every Year, a President, Vice-President, Treasurer, Secretary, and Committee (consisting of Twenty of the Governors of the said Corporation) shall be elected for the ensuing Year; and the President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Secretary of the said Corporation for the Time being, shall be Members of the said Committee, over and above such Twenty Governors so to be elected; and they the said President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Secretary, or one of them, shall be present at every

Vice-President.

Treasurer.

Secretary.

Committee.

General Court.

Annual General Court.

Election of Officers.

Committee acting under and by virtue of the Authority of this Act; and the Governors of the said Corporation assembled at any General Court as aforesaid, or the major Part of them so assembled, such Number of Governors so to be assembled being not less than Seven of such Governors shall and may delegate such Powers and Authority to the said Committee as they shall think necessary for the more speedy, easy, and effectual Execution of this Act; and that such Governors shall have full Power and Authority in the Name of the said Corporation, and on their Account to apply and dispose of the Monies and Funds already given, and which shall from Time to Time be contributed and given by any Person or Persons on account of the said Corporation, and all other Monies and Funds belonging or to belong to the said Corporation, to and for the Purposes aforesaid, and to, for, and on any other Purpose, Way, Matter or Thing relating to the said Corporation, and for the Benefit thereof, at their Discretion, and with and under their Common Seal, to enter into any Covenants and Contracts for the Purposes aforesaid, or for any other Purpose or Purposes for the better effecting and carrying on of the charitable Uses and Designs aforesaid, and to do, manage, transact, and determine all such other Matters and Things as shall to them or any Seven or more of them at any such Court, appear to be necessary, convenient, or proper for the effecting and carrying on of the good Purposes aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the Governors of the said Corporation in a General Court assembled, or the major Part of them so assembled, but not less than Seven such Governors, to order and dispose of the Custody of the said Common Seal, and the Use and Application thereof, and to make, ordain, and constitute such and so many Bye Laws, Constitutions, and Ordinances as to them, or the greatest Number of them then and there present, such Number of Governors so to be assembled being not less than Seven such Governors, shall seem necessary and convenient, touching or in anywise concerning the Affairs and Business, and the better governing, regulating, ordering and managing of the said Corporation, and of the Officers, Servants, and Persons employed in and about the Affairs thereof, and of the Persons applying to be admitted therein, and for the auditing of the Accounts of the said Corporation; and the same Bye-Laws, Constitutions and Ordinances so made to put in use and enforce accordingly; and at their Will and Pleasure from Time to Time to revoke, change, and alter the same, or any Part of them; which said Bye-Laws, Constitutions, and Ordinances, which shall be so made, changed and altered, as aforesaid, shall be duly kept and observed, provided that the same be not contrary or repugnant to the Statutes, Customs, or Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom called *England*: Provided nevertheless, that no such Bye-Law, Constitution, or Ordinance shall be binding or have any Force or Effect until the same shall have been agreed to and confirmed by the next succeeding General Court, whether Quarterly or Extraordinary; and that the same Course shall be observed in altering or repealing any such Bye-Laws, Constitutions, or Ordinances.

Power of
Committee to
meet.

Power for
General Court
to contract, &c.

Bye-Laws.

Power to alter
Bye Laws.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons in whose Name or Names any Sum or Sums of Money, Stocks, Funds, Annuities, Mortgages, Securities for Money or other Effects whatsoever shall at the Time of passing this Act stand or be secured, the beneficial Interest wherein respectively shall belong to the said Society

Present Trustees
shall transfer
their Funds to
the Corporation.

Treasurer shall receive, &c.

Society hereby incorporated, shall forthwith, after the passing of this Act, transfer and assign the same respectively so and in such Manner as that the same shall be vested in the Corporation by the Name, Style, and Title herein-before mentioned and enacted; and that the Treasurer for the Time being shall receive all Rents, Issues and Profits, Dividends, Interest and Produce of Stocks, Funds, Annuities, Mortgages and other Securities for Money, belonging to the said Corporation, and all Subscriptions, Donations, Benefactions and Legacies paid, given, or bequeathed thereto, as the same or any of them shall from Time to Time become due and payable, in the Name and for and on behalf of the said Corporation; and that the Receipt of the said Treasurer for the Time being, the same being first duly stamped and given by him as for and in the Name of the said Corporation, shall be a sufficient Discharge for the same respectively.

Power to Committee and Treasurer to invest.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Treasurer for the Time being of the said Corporation, and he is hereby authorized and required from Time to Time, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Committee thereof for the Time being, or the major Part of such Committee present at any of their Meetings, to lay out and invest all or any such Sum or Sums of Money as have or hath been given, devised or bequeathed, or shall at any Time or Times hereafter be paid, given, devised or bequeathed by any charitable or well-disposed Person or Persons, to and for the charitable Ends, Intents, and Purposes in this Act mentioned, or any Part thereof, in any of the Publick Funds, in the Name of the said Corporation, other than and except such and so much thereof as shall be requisite for immediate Exigencies and Expenditures.

Application of the Dividend, &c.

V. And be it further enacted and declared, That the Rents, Issues and Profits, Dividends, Interest and Annual Proceeds, which shall from Time to Time arise from the Funds and Securities belonging or which shall at any Time belong to the said Corporation, shall from Time to Time be applied to and for the Uses, Ends, Intents, and Purposes in this Act mentioned, and to or for no other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever.

Death or Removal of Officers to appoint others.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case of the Death or Resignation of the President or of the Vice-President, or Treasurer or Secretary of the said Corporation, for the Time being, it shall be lawful for the Governors of the said Corporation, at any General Court, or the major Part of them then and there present, such General Court to consist of not less than Seven such Governors, to nominate and appoint a President, Vice President, Treasurer, or Secretary, in the Room of the President, Vice-President, Treasurer or Secretary, so deceased or having resigned.

Questions to be decided by Votes.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Questions upon the Proceedings of the said Corporation at any General Court or Committee shall be decided by Vote; and in case of an Equality of Voices, the President or Chairman shall have, in addition to his own Vote, the casting Vote.

Vacancies in Committee.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Governors of the said Corporation at a General Court, or the major Part of them present at such General Court, but such General Court to consist of not less than Seven such Governors, shall have Power from Time to Time and at all Times to fill up any Vacancy or Vacancies in the Committee; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Committee, so to be appointed,

Schoolmaster and Mistress, and Menial Servants.



appointed, or any Five or more of them, at any Monthly or other Meeting, from Time to Time and all Times to appoint such Person or Persons as they shall think fit to be Schoolmaster and Schoolmistress, and Menial Servants to the said Corporation, and from Time to Time to suspend or remove them respectively, and appoint others in case of Death or such Suspension or Removal; and may out of the Monies to be received under and by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act, make such Allowances to all Officers, Servants, and other Persons so to be appointed as to them shall appear reasonable and proper; and all and every such Officers, Master and Mistress, Servants, and other Persons of every Description, shall from Time to Time (when thereunto required by the said Committee or any Five or more of them) make and render to the said Committee or any Five or more of them, a true, exact, and perfect Account in Writing under their respective Hands, of all Furniture, Goods, and Chattels belonging to the said Corporation, which shall from Time to Time be in their Use or Custody, and of all Monies which he, she, or they and every of them respectively shall to that Time have received, paid, and disbursed by virtue of this Act, or by reason of their respective Offices and Services; and in case any Money so received shall remain in their or any of their Hands, the same shall be paid to the said Committee or any Five or more of them, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and in case any such Officer or other Person shall not make and render, or shall refuse to verify any such Accounts, or to make any such Payment as aforesaid, and to deliver up all Goods, Books, Papers, and other Things in his or her Care or Custody, then any Two or more Justices of the Peace for such County as any One of the Schools of the said Corporation shall for the Time being be situated in, shall and may, upon Complaint to them, make Enquiry of and concerning such Default in a summary Way (as well by Confession of the Parties themselves as by the Testimony of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath or Affirmation, which Oath or Affirmation the said Justices are hereby empowered and required to administer), and such Justices shall be empowered, if they shall judge fit, to commit the Party or Parties so offending as aforesaid to the Common Gaol of such County as the said School shall for the Time being be situated in, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, until, he, she or they shall have made a true and perfect Account and Payment as aforesaid, or until he, she or they shall have compounded and agreed with the said Committee or any Five or more of them, and have paid such Composition Money, which Composition the said Committee or any Five or more of them are hereby empowered to make: Provided always, that no Person or Persons, who shall be committed as aforesaid, shall be detained in Prison for a longer Space of Time than Six Calendar Months.

Officers and Servants shall account.

Power to Justices to inquire and commit, &c.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That at the General Annual Court to be holden in every Year, by virtue of this Act, the Governors of the said Corporation then present shall elect and appoint Twenty-two of the Governors of the said Corporation, not being Members of the Committee for the Time being, to be Auditors of the Accounts of the said Corporation, and that such Auditors or any Five or more of them shall at least One Week previous to the General Annual Court to be holden by virtue of this Act, or oftener

Appointment of Auditors.

if they shall see Occasion, meet and audit, examine and pass the Accounts and Vouchers of the Treasurer for the Time being; at which Meeting of Auditors to the said Corporation, the President, the Vice-President, the Treasurer, and the Secretary, for the Time being, any or either of them, shall have Liberty to be present.

Treasurer shall pay all Monies to the succeeding Treasurer, &c.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Treasurer to the said Corporation for the Time being shall pay over all the Monies remaining in his Hands, and transfer all or any Funds which may at any Time be standing in his Name as Treasurer as aforesaid, to the Treasurer immediately succeeding him, on Demand by such succeeding Treasurer, with the Authority of the said Committee or any Five or more of them, or of the General Court at which such succeeding Treasurer shall be elected or appointed, and shall deliver over to such succeeding Treasurer all Books of Account, Muniments, Deeds, Vouchers, Securities, and Papers belonging to the said Corporation.

Falſe Certificates.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Statement or Matter contained in any Certificate or Declaration, which the Committee of the said Corporation for the Time being, or any Five or more of them present at any of their Monthly or other Meetings, shall or may be required to be made and subscribed, previous to and for the Purpose of the Admission of any Orphan into any School of the said Corporation, according to the Rules of the said Corporation, shall be found to be false or untrue, that then the Admission of every Orphan under such false Certificate or Declaration shall be and is hereby declared to be void, and the Orphan so admitted shall be returned to his or her Mother or Friends, unless the Governors of the said Corporation at any General Court shall think fit to continue the said Orphan or Orphans in the said Charity.

Limitation of Actions.

12 Months.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought or Suit commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to the Premises or any of them, every such Action or Suit shall be laid or brought within Twelve Calendar Months next after the Fact shall be committed, and shall be laid or brought in the County of *Middlesex* or the City of *London* and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall not be brought within the Time before limited, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her, or their Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs in other Cases by Law.

Treble Costs.

Publick Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap.

Cap. xix.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Wakefield* to *Halifax*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (a)
[28th April 1809.]

14 G. 2. c. 19.
30 G. 2. c. 54.
33 G. 3. c. 129.

Cap. xx.

An Act to alter and amend an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland* passed in the Thirty-third Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act respecting the Collection of publick Money to be levied in the County of the City of Dublin by Presentment*; and for the better Regulation of the Mode of Election and Office of Treasurer of the publick Money of the City of *Dublin*. [28th April 1809.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act respecting the Collection of Publick Money to be levied in the County of the City of Dublin by Presentment*: And Whereas certain Powers and Authorities were given to the Grand Juries for the County of the City of *Dublin* for making Presentments of Money for publick Services, and for regulating their several Offices: And Whereas the Provisions of the said recited Act have been found insufficient for the Purposes thereby intended, and it is necessary that the same should be altered, enlarged and amended, and further and better Provision made for those Purposes: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act, and all and every the Clauses, Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Matters, and Things therein contained, (save and except such Parts thereof as are altered, varied, or repealed,) shall be, and the same is and are hereby declared to be as good, valid, and effectual for carrying this Act into Execution, as if the same had been repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

Powers of
33 G. 3. c. 56.
(Irish Act)
applied to this
Act.

“ Acts of the Treasurer of the County of the City of *Dublin*, elected under *Irisb* Act 13 & 14 G. 3. c. 18. declared valid, and his Election confirmed. § 2.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Treasurership of the said County of the City of *Dublin* shall be vacant either by the Death, Resignation, or Removal, or Dismission of the present or any future Treasurer, the Lord Mayor of the said City for the Time being shall, within Twenty-one Days after such Vacancy, convene the Board of Magistrates of the County of the said City of *Dublin*, to meet at the Sessions Court in the said City between the Hours of Twelve in the Forenoon and Two in the Afternoon, and then and there, by the Majority of Votes of such Magistrates as shall be present, (notwithstanding any Want of Qualification mentioned in the said recited Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty,) shall proceed to elect a fit and sufficient Person to be Treasurer of the said City of *Dublin*; and at such Meeting the said Lord Mayor, or in his Absence the senior Magistrate present, shall preside as Chairman, and shall take the Votes of the other Magistrates, and shall not himself give his Vote except in

Election of a
Treasurer in
future.

Treasurer shall
enter into
Recognizance
with Sureties.

case of Equality of Voices: Provided always, that no Magistrate shall be allowed to vote in any such Election who shall be a Candidate for such Treasurership: And provided always, that no Person who shall at any Time hereafter be elected Treasurer of the County of the said City of *Dublin* shall be capable of serving in the said Office, unless he shall, immediately after his Election, in open Court, enter into a Recognizance, before the Chairman of the Meeting at which he shall have been so elected Treasurer, and any other Magistrate present at such Election, (which Recognizance such Chairman and Magistrate shall, and they are hereby empowered and required to take,) in the Sum of Five thousand Pounds, and shall procure Two or more sufficient Securities at the same Time, to enter into a Recognizance each in a Sum equal to One Half of the Sum in which such Treasurer shall bind himself; the Condition of which Recognizance shall be, "that such Treasurer shall justly and truly account in Manner and Form, and at the Times by this Act or the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty required, or to be required by any Law in force and effect, and that he shall at all Times justly and truly pay and account for all Money which he shall have received as Treasurer, and that he shall duly and faithfully discharge the Duties of his said Office in every Respect; and that he, his Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, shall and will, upon his Death, Removal, Dismissal, or Resignation, deliver to his Successor such Balance of Money as shall appear to be in his Hands, or shall be due by him, and all Books, Papers, Affidavits, and Accounts deposited with him, or kept by him as Treasurer of the County of the said City of *Dublin*."

Election of
Treasurer shall
be void, unless
Sureties make
the Affidavit
required.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case each of such Securities at the Foot of such Recognizance shall not prove to the Satisfaction of such Chairman and Magistrate, and make Affidavit thereof before such Chairman and Magistrate, (who are hereby empowered to take the same,) that he is really and *bonâ fide* worth the Sum mentioned in his said Recognizance, over and above all his just Debts, and exclusive of any Property of which he is Tenant for Life only, then, and in every such Case, such Election shall be null and void, and the Magistrates for the County of the said City of *Dublin* shall on the next Day, and at the same Place, and between the same Hours, proceed in like Manner to elect a proper and sufficient Person to be Treasurer, and in case at any Meeting for the Election of a Treasurer, no sufficient Person should offer himself to be chosen, or in case the Person so chosen should not comply and perform all and singular the Requisites herein directed, to be performed on the Part of such Person, then the said Magistrates shall attend on the *Monday* next ensuing the Time hereby directed for holding such Election, and in case no Treasurer shall be chosen at such Assembly, then on the *Monday* following, and so on upon every successive *Monday* until a Treasurer shall be elected, who shall be capable of serving in the said Office, and perform the Requisites aforesaid; and every Recognizance taken as aforesaid shall be delivered by the Chairman to the Clerk of the Peace, who is required to attend every such Assembly, and such Recognizance shall be by him deposited and duly entered in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, as soon after as he conveniently can enter the same: And in order the more effectually to oblige every Treasurer, during his Continuance in Office, to keep up a good and sufficient Security, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid,
That

That the Judges of the Court of King's Bench shall and may, if required by the Grand Jury, or if the said Court shall otherwise find sufficient Cause, examine the Treasurer, or any other Person or Persons in open Court upon Oath, touching the Existence and Property of his Sureties, or touching any Act relative to his said Office of Treasurer, and if the said Court shall find any Reason to apprehend that either or both of his Sureties are dead or insufficient, then, and in every such Case, the said Court shall and is hereby required to cause such Treasurer to procure another Surety or Sureties in his or their Room, and if such Treasurer shall refuse to be examined, or to answer upon Oath, or to procure another Surety or Sureties, who shall enter into Recognizance, and make the Affidavit by this Act required, or on any other sufficient Cause appearing to the said Court, then, and in any of the Cases aforesaid, the said Court shall, and is hereby required to dismiss the said Treasurer from his Office, and to cause such Dismissal to be entered in the Crown Book, and likewise in the Book of Entry of the Treasurer's Accounts, to be kept by the Clerk of the Crown; and another Treasurer shall thereupon be elected by the Magistrates of the said County of the City of *Dublin* in Manner aforesaid, and such Treasurer shall be subject to the like Rules, Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as the Treasurer in whose Room or Stead he shall be so elected, and so *toties quoties* whenever such Office of Treasurer for the County of the said City of *Dublin* shall become vacant.

The Judges of the Court of King's Bench shall examine Treasurer concerning his Accounts, &c.

“ Persons shall be reimbursed Monies expended by them in executing any Presentment before the Bankruptcy of the late Treasurer. § 5.
 “ Every Presentment before the late Treasurer stopp Payment, and not in Execution, shall be struck out of the Quere Book. § 6.

VII. ‘ And Whereas it is necessary to commence Suits for the Recovery of the Publick Money in the Name or Names of the Treasurer or Collectors of the said City, or in the Names of other Persons;’ Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any such Suit or Suits, Action or Actions shall have been commenced, or shall hereafter be commenced, prosecuted, or defended by the Order and Directions of any Grand Jury for the County of the said City of *Dublin*, under the Powers in this or any Law or Statute in Force or Effect, it shall and may be lawful for the several Grand Juries of the said County of the said City, at *Easter* or *Michaelmas* Term, to present such Costs as shall be awarded against them, or any, or either of them, in whose Name or Names any such Suit or Suits, Action or Actions shall be commenced, prosecuted, or defended, and their and each of their respective Goods, Chattels, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments shall not be liable thereto, but they and each of them shall for ever be freed, exonerated and discharged from the same, and that it shall not be lawful for them, or any of them, his or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, to discontinue, release, or bar any Action or Suit so commenced, or hereafter to be commenced in their or his Name or Names for the Purposes aforesaid, without the Concurrence, Order, and Direction of the said Grand Juries.

Grand Juries empowered to present Costs of Actions prosecuted by their Order.

VIII. ‘ And Whereas the Sums now by Law presented for the Treasurer of the publick Money, and Secretary to the Grand Juries, are very inadequate to the Duties of the said Officers;’ Be it there-

Grand Juries
empowered
to present
Allowances for
Treasurer and
Secretary.

fore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Juries of the said City of *Dublin* at each *Easter* and *Michaelmas* Term to present any Sum of Money not exceeding the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds for the Treasurer, and any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Seventy-five Pounds for the Secretary, which Sums shall be in lieu of the Sums heretofore presented under the Authority of the said recited Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for the Treasurer and Secretary.

Town Clerk
shall lodge Re-
cognizances of
Collectors in the
Prothonotary's
Office.

IX. ' And Whereas it would tend to facilitate the Recovery from the Collectors and their Securities of the Publick Money received by such Collectors, and unaccounted for by them, if the Recognizances which are entered into by them and lodged in the Town Clerk's Office of the said City, were returned into His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, by a more summary Mode than that at present used; Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That whenever it may be found necessary to sue upon any such Recognizance, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Town Clerk of the said City, and he is hereby required, upon Notice given to him for that Purpose by the Secretary of the Term Grand Jury for the Time being, forthwith to lodge such Recognizance or Recognizances in the Office of the Prothonotary in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, who is hereby directed to receive and keep the same amongst the Records of the said Court, and it shall not be necessary to issue any *Certiorari* or other Writ for the Purpose of removing such Recognizances, and that immediately upon such Removal the said Secretary of the Grand Jury shall proceed to sue thereon, as if the same had been duly retained by virtue of any *Certiorari* or other Writ whatsoever.

Churchwardens
shall re-applot
Arrears of former
Warrants, and
attend the Term
Grand Juries
upon Notice, &c.

X. ' And Whereas a great Difficulty has arisen in providing for the Publick Creditors, by reason of the respective Churchwardens refusing to re-applot the insolvent uncollected Arrears of former Warrants; Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the several Churchwardens in the respective Parishes in the County of the said City of *Dublin*, and they are hereby required to re-applot such insolvent uncollected Arrears of former Warrants, and also to attend the respective Term Grand Juries upon receiving Twenty-four Hours' Notice in Writing, to be delivered to him or them, or left at his or their last or usual Place or Places of Abode, so to do, in order to be examined by such respective Grand Juries, touching the applotting of the Publick Money, and that in default of their not so re-applotting or attending the said respective Grand Juries when so required, upon Affidavit thereof it shall and may be lawful for the Court of King's Bench, upon Application of the said respective Grand Juries, to fine every such Churchwarden so offending in any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, such Fine to be recovered by Warrant of Distress, signed by any Judge of the said Court of King's Bench, and by Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Churchwarden or Churchwardens, and such Fine, when recovered, shall go to, and be applied by the Governors of the Hospital and Free School of King *Charles* the Second, in *Oxmantown Green*, commonly called the *Blue Coat Hospital*.

Collectors shall
pay Monies
collected by

XI. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Collectors presented and appointed by the respective Grand

Grand Juries, to collect the Publick Money of the County of the said City of *Dublin*, shall on *Saturday* in each and every Week between the Hours of Ten in the Forenoon, and Two in the Afternoon, pay to the Treasurer of the Publick Money such Sum as each and every of them shall have collected during the said Week, taking a Receipt in Writing for the same, which the Treasurer of the Publick Money is hereby required to give to each such Collector, for such Sums as he shall so pay in; and that on or before the *Monday* next following, the Treasurer of the Publick Money shall pay into the Bank of *Ireland*, to the Credit of the County of the said City of *Dublin*, all such Sums as he shall have received from the several Collectors during the preceding Week, taking a Receipt in Writing for the same, which the proper Officer of the said Bank is hereby required to give; and each and every such Collector shall on each *Saturday* make Oath before the Lord Mayor, or any Justice of the Peace of the said City of *Dublin*, (which Oath they are hereby authorised to administer.) that the Monies so paid by him to the Treasurer of the Publick Money, were the full Amount of the Monies received by him during that Week, and in case any Collector shall omit or refuse to comply herewith, and to pay in the Money as directed by this Act, then and in every such Case he or his Securities shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered in a summary Way on Complaint to the Court of King's Bench, and levied by Warrant of Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Collector as aforesaid, and go to and be applied to the Use of the Blue-Coat Hospital, as herein-before mentioned, and every such Collector so offending shall also be removed from his said Office of Collector.

them weekly
to Treasurer.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Treasurer of the Publick Money shall on the first sitting Day of each Term, make Oath before one of the Judges of the Court of King's Bench, that he did on or before the *Monday* pay into the Bank of *Ireland* the several Sums which he received each Week from the said several Collectors as directed by this Act.

Treasurer on the
first Day of
Term shall make
Oath of
Payments into
the Bank.

XIII. And Whereas it would tend much to the Regularity of the Publick Accounts if the Drafts on the Bank of *Ireland* should be made payable to Order, instead of being made payable to Bearer, in Manner directed by an Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for improving and rendering more commodious such Part of the County and County of the City of Dublin as is situate on the South Side of the River Anna Liffey, and West of His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, and for the Appointment of an Inspector of the Presentments and other Accounts of the County of the City of Dublin;* Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Form of the Drafts as directed by the said recited Act of the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also by the said recited Act made in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be altered, and instead thereof the Inspector of Publick Accounts shall, on the last Day of each Term, as directed by the said recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, produce to the Grand Jury engraven Drafts in the Form following, payable to the Persons who swore to the Expenditure of the Money, and whose Accounts were

Form of Drafts
under recited Act
33 G. 3. c. 56.
and under Act
47 G. 3. st. 2.
c. lxxiv. altered,
and made payable
to Order.

allowed, or to whom Money was presented to be paid, and which was allowed by the Court :

Form.

“ To the Governors and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* ;
 “ Pay to _____ or Order, the Sum of
 “ which place to the Account of the County of the City of *Dublin*.
 “ _____ Foreman of _____ Term, 180
 “ _____ Inspector of City Accounts.
 “ _____ Treasurer P. M. County City of *Dublin*.”

any Thing in the said recited Acts or either of them to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Grand Jury may present Sums for Medicine, &c. used in the Prisons.

XIV. ‘ And Whereas the Sum which the Grand Jury of the County of the City of *Dublin* is now enabled to present for Medicine and Necessaries for the different Prisons in the said City, is found to be totally inadequate to provide for same;’ Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the Grand Jury of the County of the City of *Dublin* shall and may present such Sum or Sums of Money for Medicine and Necessaries as shall be ordered by the Physician and Surgeon attending such Prisons, and which the Apothecary to the said Prisons shall make appear by his Affidavit, in which Affidavit the said Apothecary shall swear that he had faithfully and honestly expended, and that such Medicines and Necessaries were of the best Quality, and were the usual Charges at which Medicines and Necessaries of the same Quality were charged within the said City, and that the same were ordered by the Physician attending such Prison before they were supplied: Provided nevertheless that the Sums presented for such Medicines and Necessaries shall not in any Year exceed the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Apothecary's Account may be laid before Directors of Apothecaries' Hall.

XV. ‘ And for the better Protection of the Publick against Imposition in the Charges made by the said Apothecary for such Medicines;’ Be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Grand Juries for the County of the said City of *Dublin* may, when they think fit, or the Court of King's Bench, if the same shall appear to them proper, order such Account to be laid before the Governor and Directors of Apothecaries' Hall, to be taxed by the said Governor and Directors, which they are hereby authorized and required to do; and that the said Grand Jury shall have Power to present for the Expence incurred by such Examination.

Grand Jury shall present Compensation to Apothecary.

XVI. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Apothecary shall bring forward at each presenting Term Two separate and distinct Presentments, one for Medicine and the other for Necessaries, stating the different Articles comprized under the latter Head; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Grand Jury at each presenting Term after the passing of this Act, to present the Sum of Ten Pounds to be paid to the said Apothecary, as a Compensation for his Trouble in providing the said Necessaries for the said Prison, and advancing his own Money for that Purpose.

Grand Juries shall present Monies for Inquests of Coroners.

XVII. ‘ And Whereas the Coroners of the County of the said City of *Dublin* are often obliged to hold Inquests in Gaols and Prisons, and on the Banks of the River, and the Fees thereon are found to be a heavy Tax on the Parishes where such Gaols and Prisons are, and where the said River runs;’ Be it therefore enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Grand Jury of the County of the said

said City at the Court of King's Bench, to present such Sums of Money as they shall think necessary for all Inquests held in the said City, not exceeding the Sum of Thirteen Shillings and Four-pence Sterling, for each, to be raised on the City at large, and pay the same to the Coroner or Coroners of the County of the said City of *Dublin*, for each and every Inquisition duly taken by such Coroner or Coroners upon View of the Body lying within the County of the said City, as a Recompence for his or their Labour, Pains, and Charges in taking such Inquisition; and all such Sum or Sums of Money so presented to and received by such Coroner or Coroners shall be taken and accepted by him and them in lieu of all Fees or Sums of Money which he or they shall have been accustomed to receive or demand as aforesaid.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Collector, Deputy Collector, Constable, or other Person empowered to collect the Publick Money under the said recited Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and this Act, or either of them, shall take any Distress upon the Premises of any Person refusing to pay his or her Proportion of the Publick Cess, such Collector, Deputy Collector, Constable, or Person empowered to collect, taking such Distress, shall post a Notice in Writing by him signed, on the usual Place of Notices being posted in the Parish where such Distress was taken, setting forth, that upon the Seventh Day following he will sell such Distress by publick Cant at that Place; and it shall be lawful for such Person who took such Distress there to sell it to the best Bidder, and after deducting the Amount of the Cess, and One Shilling and One Penny in the Pound for his Trouble in making such Distress, and One Shilling and One Penny *per* Night for the Charges of keeping such Distress, in case a Horse, or any other Beast shall be distrained, he shall return the Overplus (if any) to the Person from whom such Distress was taken, and in case any Person or Persons shall, at any Time hereafter, bring or cause to be brought any Replevin or Replevins, or any other Action at Law, whereby to prevent or obstruct the levying of all or any Part of the Publick Money under the said recited Act made in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of this Act or either of them, then, and in every such Case, the Collector or Collectors, or his or their Sureties, Constable or Constables, who shall distrain for the same, shall be enabled to avow, acknowledge, justify, and defend such Taking, by pleading, avowing, or making Connusance generally, that he took the Goods and Chattels in the Plaintiff's Declaration mentioned, by virtue of such Act or of this Act, as the Case may be, for the Cess for which such Distress shall be made due and payable, and in Arrear, out of the Premises whereon such Distress shall be made, which Cess was then and still remains due, without further setting forth any Proceedings had under such Act or this Act, or setting forth specially the Warrant or Authority of such Collector, or his Surety, or of such Constable or other Person so acting under such Act or this Act; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such Replevin, or the Person or Persons bringing or causing to be brought such Replevin shall be non-sued, or a Verdict shall be found, or Judgment on Demurrer shall pass against him, her, or them, that then and in that Case he, she, or they, shall pay Treble Costs.

Notice of Goods taken in Distress by Collector shall be posted up.

“ Costs

“Costs of Act may be presented by Grand Jury. § 19. Publick
“Act. § 20.

Cap. xxi.

See former Acts,
7 G. 3. c. 27.
25 G. 3. c. 28.
26 G. 3. c. 113.
27 G. 3. c. 51.

An Act for extending the Royalty of the City of *Edinburgh*; for disannexing Part of the Parish of *Saint Cuthbert's* from the said Parish, and uniting it to the Parish of *Saint Andrew*; for further regulating the Assessment for the Poor in the said Parishes; for erecting Two new Churches; for discontinuing certain Churches, and annexing the Parishes thereof to other Parishes; for further regulating the Revenues of the said City applicable to the Payment of Ministers' Stipends, and for draining the Meadow on the South Side of the said City. [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xxii.

31 G. 3. c. 87.

An Act for explaining and amending an Act passed in the Thirty-first Year of His present Majesty, for the better Maintenance and Support of the Poor of the Parish of *Sunderland near the Sea*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*, and for increasing the Rates therein directed to be imposed. [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xxiii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the River *Suvern* at the Quay in the City of *Gloucester*, to or near to a certain Gate in or near the Town of *Cheltenham* in the County of *Gloucester*, called *The Knapp Toll Gate*, with a collateral Branch to the Top of *Leckhampton Hill*, in the Parish of *Leckhampton*, in the said County. [28th April 1809.]

“The *Gloucester and Cheltenham Railway Company* incorporated. § 1.

Penalty on Persons damaging or obstructing the Railway or Works, Felony, &c.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully, maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, damage, destroy, steal, or take away any Part of the said Railway or Tram road or Collateral Branch, or other Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, or do any other wilful Hurt or Mischief to obstruct, hinder, or prevent the carrying on, completing, supporting and maintaining the same, every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws or Statutes of this Realm, or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Courts may, if they think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny, or otherwise every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted on the Oath of One credible Witness, before Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Gloucester*, shall forfeit any Sum not less than Double the Value of the Damage proved on Oath to be done, at the Discretion of such Justices, such Penalty, together with reasonable Costs, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Offenders, rendering the Overplus (if any) to such Offender, or such Offender shall and may be committed to the Common Gaol for the said County of *Gloucester*, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted; provided that nothing herein contained shall extend
to

to any Owner of Land, or his or her known Agent or Agents, till Satisfaction shall have been tendered as herein provided.

Cap. xxiv.

An Act for the further Improvement of the Harbour of *Carnarvon* in the County of *Carnarvon*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [28th April 1809.]

See former Act,
33 G. 3. c. 123.

[Former Duties repealed, and new Duties granted.]

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons whomsoever, who shall at any Time or Times hereafter wilfully or designedly demolish, break down, or destroy any of the said Wet or Dry Docks, Piers, Quays, Wharfs, Warehouses, Buildings, Erections, or any of them, or any of the Works which shall be constructed under this Act, or which shall belong to the said Harbour, or shall wilfully or designedly extinguish or put out any of the Lights used in or belonging to the said Harbour for the Safety or Protection of the Ships or other Vessels resorting to the same, shall be deemed guilty of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or in Mitigation of Punishment may award Sentence of Fine or Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted.

Penalty on Persons destroying the Works, &c. Felony, &c.

Cap. xxv.

An Act for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Rochdale* and the Neighbourhood thereof with Water.

[28th April 1809.]

[The Company of Proprietors of the Rochdale Water Works incorporated.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act to continue and amend Two Acts for repairing and widening the Road from the present Turnpike Road at *Haverhill* to *Redcross* in the Parish of *Shelford* in the County of *Cambridge*. (c)

[28th April 1809.]

6 G. 3. c. 24.
13 G. 2. c. 118.

Cap. xxvii.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads therein described, so far as the same relate to the Road from the Turnpike Road between the Town and County of *Poole* and *Wimborne Minster* in the County of *Dorset*, to the Turnpike Road between *Blandford Forum* and *Dorchester* in the County of *Dorset*. (a)

[28th April 1809.]

7 G. 3. c. 82.
17 G. 3. c. 86.

Cap. xxviii.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Kipping's Cross* to *Lamberhurst Pound* and *Pullen's Hill*, in the County of *Kent*, and to *Flimwell Vent* in the County of *Suffex*, and certain other Roads in the said Acts described. (c)

[28th April 1809.]

2 G. 3. c. 67.
27 G. 3. c. 80.

Cap.

Cap. xxix.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the First small Bridge or Culvert which crosses the present Turnpike Road from *Cheltenham* to *Gloucester*, on the *Gloucester* Side of *Staverton Bridge*, to join the same Turnpike Road in the Town of *Cheltenham* in the County of *Gloucester*. (b) [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for maintaining and repairing the Road leading from the City of *Glasgow*, through *Cowcaddens*, to that Part of the River of *Kelvin* called *The Milnfard of Garfcube*. (b) [28th April 1809.]

Former Acts,
26 G. 2. c. 90.
27 G. 2. c. 27.
14 G. 3. c. 102.
33 G. 3. c. 174.
all repealed.

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Great North Road leading from the North *Queensferry* in the County of *Fife* to the City of *Pertb*, and to the Town of *Dunfermline*. (b) [28th April 1809.]

Former Acts,
26 G. 2. c. 91.
12 G. 3. c. 83.
36 G. 3. c. 134.
all repealed.

Cap. xxxii.

45 G. 3. c. xxviii. An Act for altering an Act passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing Roads in the County of *Ayr*. [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xxxiii.

4 G. 2. c. 8.
6 G. 3. c. 58.
26 G. 3. c. 147.
An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Three Acts passed in the Fourth Year of His late Majesty, and the Sixth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Godstone* in the County of *Surrey*, to *Highgate* in the Parish of *East Grinstead* in the County of *Suffex*. (c) [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xxxiv.

3 G. 2. c. 10.
17 G. 2. c. 14.
10 G. 2. c. 71.
18 G. 3. c. 99.
An Act to enlarge the Term and Powers of several Acts for repairing the Road leading from *Galley Corner* adjoining to *Enfield Chase* in the Parish of *South Mims* in the County of *Middlesex*, to *Lensford Mill* in the County of *Hertford*. (a) [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for allowing the Timber on Part of the settled Estates of *Dame Jane St. John Mildmay* Widow, in the Counties of *Essex*, *Somerset*, *Dorset*, and *Southampton*, to be cut down, and for applying the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of Estates to be settled in Manner therein mentioned. (q. P.) [28th April 1809.]

Cap. xxxvi.

Former Acts,
26 G. 2. c. 93.
11 G. 3. c. 85.
15 G. 3. c. 71.
32 G. 3. c. 128.
all repealed.
An Act for repairing and amending certain Roads in the County of *Peebles*, and for better regulating the Statute Labour within the same. (b) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. xxxvii.

24 G. 2. c. 35.
28 G. 2. c. 39.
4 G. 3. c. 86.
24 G. 3. ft. 1. c. 18.
25 G. 3. c. 28. 29 G. 3. c. 105. 38 G. 3. c. 219. 43 G. 3. c. xxxiv.
An Act for rendering more effectual several Acts for repairing the Turnpike and other High Roads in the County of *Edinburgh*, and for repairing the Roads from the City of *Edinburgh* to the Town of *Leith*. [12th May 1809.]

Cap.

Cap. xxxviii.

An Act for more effectually making and repairing the Road from *Carlowrie Bridge* on the River *Almond*, to *Linlithgow Bridge* on the River *Avon*, and other Roads in the County of *Linlithgow*. (b) 30 G. 3. c. 106.
[12th May 1809.]

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for more equally and effectually assessing and collecting the Poor Rates within the Parish of *Saint Anne* (commonly called *Saint Anne Limehouse*) in the County of *Middlesex*. [12th May 1809.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for better assessing and collecting the Poor and other Rates in the Parish of *Saint Nicholas*, in the City of *Rochester*, in the County of *Kent*, and regulating the Poor thereof.
[12th May 1809.]

Cap. xli.

An Act for repealing an Act passed in the Twenty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for the Improvement of the River *Wear* and Port and Haven of *Sunderland*, in the County Palatine of *Durham*, and for the more effectual Preservation and further Improvement of the same River, Port, and Haven. (a) [12th May 1809.]
[*Customs, Tonnage, and Light-House Duties, granted.*]

Former Acts,
3 G. 1. c. 3. *pr.*
13 G. 1. c. 6.
20 G. 2. c. 19.
32 G. 2. c. 65.
25 G. 3. c. 26.
all repealed.

Cap. xlii.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts relating to the *Stratford-upon-Avon Canal Navigation*. [12th May 1809.]

33 G. 3. c. 112.
35 G. 3. c. 72.
39 G. 3. c. 12.

Cap. xliii.

An Act for amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Fifteenth Year of His present Majesty, for draining and preserving certain Lands and Grounds in the Parishes of *Wisbech Saint Peter's* and *Wisbech Saint Mary's*, and in the Hamlets of *Wisbech Murrow* and *Wisbech Guyhirn*, in the Isle of *Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*. [12th May 1809.]

15 G. 3. c. 66.

Cap. xliv.

An Act for inclosing and draining Lands in the Parishes of *Thurlton*, *Haddiscoe*, and *Thorpe next Haddiscoe*, in the County of *Norfolk*. [12th May 1809.]

LV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously cut, break down, demolish, or destroy any Bank, Mill, Engine, Dam, Floodgate, Bridge, Sluice or Tunnel already made, or which shall at any Time hereafter be made or erected, supported, maintained or used for answering any of the Purposes of this Act, every Person so offending and being convicted thereof shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for Seven Years, or in Mitigation of such Punishment may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Punishment
for destroying
Works,
Felony, &c.

Cap.

Cap. xlv.

- 17 G. 2. c. 9. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His
 19 G. 3. c. 51. late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Harlow Busb*
 21 G. 3. c. 99. Common to *Stump Cross*, in the County of *Effex*. (b)
 [12th May 1809.]

Cap. xlvi.

- 7 G. 3. c. 68. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts passed in the
 28 G. 3. c. 115. Seventh and Twenty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for
 amending and widening the Road from the *Bell Inn* at *Northfield*, in
 the County of *Worcester*, to the *Wootton* Turnpike, in the great
 Turnpike Road from *Stratford-upon-Avon*, in the County of *War-*
wick, to *Birmingham*, in the same County. (c) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. xlvii.

- 28 G. 3. c. 98. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act passed in the
 Twenty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for widening and
 keeping in Repair the Road from the Town of *Walfall* to *Hamstead*
Bridge, and other Roads therein mentioned, all in the County of
Stafford. (c) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. xlviii.

- 30 G. 2. c. 60. An Act for continuing the Term and Powers of several Acts of His
 28 G. 3. c. 110. late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Dapdon*
 29 G. 3. c. xxxiv. *Wharf*, near *Guldeford*, through *Guldeford*, to *Alfold Bars*, in the
 County of *Surrey*. (a) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. xlix.

- 11 G. 3. c. 99. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His
 22 G. 3. c. 115. present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Handcross* to *Henfield*,
 and from *Beeding* to *Horsbam*, in the County of *Suffex*. (b)
 [12th May 1809.]

Cap. l.

- 29 G. 3. c. 109. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His pre-
 sent Majesty, for amending the Road from *Teddington* to the Turn-
 pike Road between *Evesham* and *Perthore*, in the County of *Wor-*
cester, and for making a new Piece of Road to communicate there-
 with, in the County of *Gloucester*. (a) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. li.

- An Act for repairing, widening, and improving the Road leading
 from the Town of *Rickmersworth*, in the County of *Hertford*,
 through the Village of *Pinner*, by *Harrow-on-the-Hill*, in the
 County of *Middlesex*, to or near the *Swan* Publick House at
Sudbury Common, in the Turnpike Road leading from *Harrow*
 to *London*. (b) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. lii.

- 9 G. 3. c. 94. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the
 28 G. 3. c. 111. Powers of so much of Two Acts for repairing the Road from the
 End of the County of *Stafford*, in the Post Road towards the City
 of *Chester*, through *Woore*, in the County of *Salop*, to *Nantwich*
 in the County of *Chester*, and from *Nantwich* to *Tarporley*, and from
 thence through *Tarvin*, in the said County of *Chester*, to the said
 City

City of *Chester*, and the Road from *Northwich* to the Cross in *Tarvin* aforesaid, as relates to the Second District of Roads comprized in the said Act. (b) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. liii.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of an Act for repairing the Road from *Blackburn* to *Burfcough Bridge*, in the County of *Lancaster*. (a) [12th May 1809.] 38 G. 3. c. 124.

Cap. liv.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the Town of *Tenterden* to the several Places therein mentioned, in the County of *Kent*. (c) [12th May 1809.] 7 G. 3. c. 102. 26 G. 3. c. 143.

Cap. lv.

An Act for continuing Two Acts of the Sixth and Twenty-sixth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading from the Town of *Wareham*, and in *Purbeck*, in the County of *Dorset*. (a) [12th May 1809.] 6 G. 3. c. 92. 26 G. 3. c. 122.

Cap. lvi.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts for repairing the Road from the South End of *Newton Abbott* to the Passage Way in *Kingswear*, opposite *Clifton*, *Dartmouth*, *Hardnejs*, and other Roads therein mentioned. all in the County of *Devon*. (b) [12th May 1809.] 9 G. 3. c. 69. 24 G. 3. c. 26.

Cap. lvii.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Road from *Cranford Bridge*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to that End of *Maidenhead Bridge* which lies in the County of *Bucks*, and for amending the Road from *Slough* to a certain Place in *Eton*, and from *Langley Broom* to *Datchett Bridge*, in the County of *Buckingham*. (a) [12th May 1809.] 12 G. 1. c. 31. 17 G. 2. c. 19. 7 G. 3. c. 61. 36 G. 3. c. 140.

Cap. lviii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Powder Mills on *Hounslow Heath*, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the Twenty Mile Stone on *Egham Hill*, in the County of *Surrey*. (a) [12th May 1809.] Former Acts, 1 G. 2. c. 6. 12 G. 2. c. 16. 3 G. 3. c. 47. 31 G. 3. c. 134. all repealed.

Cap. lix.

An Act for vesting a Workhouse and Premises, situate in the City of *Londonderry*, in Trustees to be sold, and for applying the Purchase Money in building another School House, and for better regulating the same. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. lx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Kelsal*, in the Parish of *Tarvin*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. lxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Llan Trewyn*, *Bodlowydd*, and *Bryn-cymme*, in the Manor of *Llanelidan*, in the Parish of *Llanelidan*, in the County of *Denbigh*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. lxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Bradwell, Belton, and Fritton*, in the County of *Suffolk*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. lxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Corton, Hopton, and Gorleston*, in the County of *Suffolk*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ No Lease of Allotments by the Vicar of *Corton* shall be valid without the Consent of the King as Patron of the Vicarage of “ *Corton*. § 36.

Cap. lxiv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Great Witchingham*, in the County of *Norfolk*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. lxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Simonburn*, in the County of *Northumberland*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

Cap. lxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of *Elton and Winsler*, in the Parish of *Toulgreave*, in the County of *Derby*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ Allotment to His Majesty as Lord of the Wapentake of *Wirksworth*, in Right of his Duchy of *Lancaster*, as an Equivalent for a “ certain Rent or Fee called *Palfrey Silver*, payable by the Inhabitants of *Elton*; and of other Rents, Quit Rents, and Fee Farm “ Rents payable to His Majesty. § 1—17. Allotments in lieu of “ Tithes. § 18. Allotment to the King for his Right and Interest “ in the Soil. § 20. Extract of the Award as to the King’s Allotments shall be transmitted to the Clerk of the Council of the Duchy “ of *Lancaster*. § 33.

Cap. lxvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Barton-in-the-Clay*, in the County of *Bedford*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ Allotment and Compensations in Satisfaction of Tithes. § 20. “ 22, 23. Leases of Allotment by the Rector shall not be valid “ without Consent of the King as Patron. § 39.

Cap. lxviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Allestree*, in the North Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [12th May 1809.]

“ Allotment to the King in Satisfaction of all Claims on the Common, as Owner of the Honour and Forest of *Pickering*, in Right “ of his Duchy of *Lancaster*. § 1. 16. 19.

Cap. lxix.

An Act for making Provision for such of the Sub-Registrars or Deputy Registrars of the High Court of Chancery as from Age or Infirmity shall be afflicted with permanent Disability, and be incapacitated for the due Execution of their Office; and for making

making further Provision for the Two Seniors of the said Registrars, for the Clerks in the Registrar's Office, for the Master of the Report Office, and for providing additional Clerks in the Report Office of the said Court, and for making other Payments and Regulations in respect of the said Officers. [20th May 1809.]

WHEREAS by virtue of an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act to empower the High Court of Chancery to lay out a further Sum of the Suitors Money upon proper Securities, and for applying the Interest towards discharging the Expences of the Office of the Accountant General; and for building Offices for the Masters in Ordinary in Chancery, and a publick Office for the Suitors of the said Court. and Offices for the Secretaries of Bankrupts and Lunaticks; and for building Repositories for securing the Title Deeds of the Suitors of the said Court, and the Records and Proceedings of the Commissioners of Bankrupts and Lunaticks;* and of the several Acts in the said Act mentioned, divers Sums of Money have been by virtue of the several Orders taken out of the common and general Cash belonging to the Sutors of the High Court of Chancery, which lay dead and unemployed in the Bank of England, and have been placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and such Government or Parliamentary Securities have been, in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, carried to an Account, intituled, *Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery,* and out of the Dividends and Interest of the Securities purchased in pursuance of the said several Acts of Parliament, the several annual Sums and Salaries, and the several other Payments directed to be made, and to be paid, have been from Time to Time made and paid; and the surplus Interest and annual Produce arising from the said Securities, beyond what was sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said several Acts, and also the Interest produced from the Securities purchased with such surplus Interest and annual Produce, have been from Time to Time, in pursuance of the said last mentioned Act, laid out in the Purchase of Government or Parliamentary Securities, in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, and placed to the Credit of an Account, intituled, *Account of Securities purchased with surplus Interest, arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery:* And Whereas the Legislature has imposed on the Filer of the Reports and Certificates and Keeper thereof, and of all Books of Entries of all Orders and Decrees of the Office of Registrar of the said Court, and on the Sub or Deputy Registrars, the Performance of important Duties, by reason whereof the Business of the said Registrars and of the Report Office is grown very extensive and laborious, for which extraordinary Duties no Fees are allowed or taken by the Registrars beyond their ancient and accustomed Fees for drawing up and passing the Orders of the Court: And Whereas the Fees and Emoluments of the Two Seniors of the said Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court are not adequate to the Attendance, Trouble, and Importance of their Offices, and to the Length of their Services: And Whereas it would be for the Benefit of the Suitors of

32 G. 2. c. 42.

the said Court, that proper Provision should from Time to Time be made for such of the said Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court as from Age or Infirmary shall, in the Judgment of the said Court, be incapacitated to perform the Duties of their respective Offices: And Whereas the Fees and Allowances to which the Entering Clerks and the Clerks to the said Sub or Deputy Registrars are entitled (regard being had to the great Expence of paying Persons to assist them in dispatching the Business of the said Office, and the great Increase in the Price of the Necessaries of Life and the Expence of Living), are inadequate to their Attendance and Trouble and the Duties required of them; and it is reasonable to provide yearly Allowances to the Entering Clerks, and to the Clerks of the said Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court, in addition to the Fees and Allowances to which they are now entitled, and also to provide additional Clerks in the Report Office, and Salaries for such additional Clerks; and also that Provision should be made for such other Payments and Expences incident to the said Offices, and that such other Regulations should be made as are herein-after mentioned and contained: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Common, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities aforesaid, carried to the said Account, intituled, *Account of Interest arising from Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery*, and out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intituled, *Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery*, and out of the Interest and Dividends of any Government or Parliamentary Securities hereafter to be purchased and placed to the last-mentioned Account, there shall be paid (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and Sums of Money by any Act or Acts of Parliament heretofore passed, directed, or authorized to be paid thereout) by the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose, by quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of *January*, the Fifth Day of *April*, the Fifth Day of *July*, and the Tenth Day of *October* in every Year, such yearly Sums as after-mentioned, to the several Persons after-mentioned (that is to say): To the two Senior of the said Sub Registrars or Deputy Registrars of the said Court for the Time being, the yearly Sum of Five hundred and fifty Pounds each; to the first Clerk in the said Register's Office for the Time being, the yearly Sum of Three hundred and thirty Pounds; to the second Clerk the yearly Sum of Two hundred and seventy-five Pounds; to the third Clerk the yearly Sum of Two hundred and twenty Pounds; to the fourth Clerk the yearly Sum of One hundred and sixty-five Pounds; to the fifth and sixth Clerks the yearly Sum of One hundred and ten Pounds each; to the seventh and eighth Clerks the yearly Sum of Fifty-five Pounds each; and to each of the two Entering Clerks of the said Court for the Time being, the yearly Sum of Two hundred and seventy-five Pounds;

Out of the Dividends of the Government Securities carried to the several Accounts of the Court of Chancery, there shall be paid to the Registrars and Clerks of the said Office, the Yearly Payments following.

Two Senior Sub-Registrars, 550^l.

Clerks, 330^l.
275^l.
220^l.
165^l.
110^l.
55^l.

Two Entering Clerks, 275^l.

Pounds; and to four additional Clerks to be employed in the said Report Office for the Purposes above-mentioned, and to be appointed by the Filer and Keeper of the said Reports and Certificates and Keeper of the said Books of Entries of the said Office for the Time being, the several yearly Sums herein-after mentioned, (that is to say) ; to the first of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of Three hundred and thirty Pounds; to the second of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of Two hundred and twenty Pounds; to the third of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of One hundred and ninety-eight Pounds; and to the fourth of the said Clerks, the yearly Sum of One hundred and thirty-two Pounds, and also a proportionable Part of such quarterly Payment as shall accrue due between the last quarterly Payment thereof, and the Time of the Death or other Removal of such several Registrars and Clerks; such several yearly Payments to be accepted and taken by such several Clerks, to the said Sub or Deputy Registrars, and by the said Entering Clerks, as a full Compensation and Satisfaction for such Expences as they shall expend or be put unto for Persons to assist them in writing, and expediting the Business of the said Office, and such Allowances and Payments to the said Clerks in the Report Office to be a full Compensation and Satisfaction for their Labour and Attendance in the said Office; the first quarterly Payment of the several Sums aforesaid, to the several Persons aforesaid, to commence on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and nine, and also such Sums as shall appear to the Lord Chancellor, Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal for the Time being, to be reasonable to order to be repaid or reimbursed to any of the said Sub or Deputy Registrars, or their Clerks, or the Entering Clerks in the said Office, or the said Filer and Keeper of the said Reports and Certificates and Keeper of the said Books of Entries, as having been reasonably and necessarily expended by them, since the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and four, either in paying Persons for assisting and carrying on and expediting the Business of the said Office, or in paying for Books or Stationary provided or supplied for carrying on the said Business, or in providing Coals and Candles and other necessary Articles for their said Offices; and also the annual Sum of One hundred and ten Pounds, to be paid to the said Filer and Keeper of the said Reports and Certificates, and Keeper of the said Books and Entries, and to each of the Four said Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court for the Time being, as a Compensation and in Satisfaction for Expences to be incurred in future in providing Books, Stationary, or Printing for such Purpose as aforesaid, and in providing Coals and Candles and other necessary Articles for their said Offices, and in paying any Person or Persons necessarily attending therein, to take care of the same; such last mentioned annual Sums to be paid quarterly to the said Filer and Keeper of the said Reports and Certificates and Keeper of the said Books and Entries, and the said four Sub or Deputy Registrars, and the first quarterly Payment thereof to commence and be computed from the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and nine,

II. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That the aforesaid Eight Clerks to the said Sub or Deputy Registrars and each and every of them, shall from Time to Time, as and when he or they apply at the proper Office in the Bank of *England*, for Payment of the several yearly Sums herein-before provided and directed

Four additional
Clerks, 330l.
220l.
198l.
132l.

Lord Chancellor
may order
Registrars and
Clerks to be
reimbursed
Expences here-
tofore incurred
in carrying on
their Business;

and also certain
Yearly Payments
in future, to
provide Books,
Stationary,
Coals, Candles,
&c.

Clerks shall
produce Certi-
ficates of having
faithfully exe-
cuted their
Offices before
to

they shall be entitled to the Payments hereby directed.

to be paid to them respectively, produce a Certificate signed by the respective Sub or Deputy Registrar whose Clerk or Clerks he or they at such Time respectively may be, or in case of a Vacancy of Sub or Deputy Registrar, a Certificate signed by some other acting Sub or Deputy Registrar of the said Office for the Time being, that such Clerk hath diligently and faithfully in all Things performed and fulfilled the Duty and Office of a Clerk to a Sub or Deputy Registrar, up to the Time specified in such Certificate, and by reason thereof, is entitled to have and receive the yearly Sum or Payment hereby provided, up to the Time mentioned in such Certificate; and in case the Sub or Deputy Registrar or any Sub or Deputy Registrar, shall decline or refuse to sign such Certificate, such Clerk shall be at liberty to apply to the said Court of Chancery, by Petition or otherwise, and the said Court shall have full Power and Authority to make such Order therein, as to the said Court shall appear to be expedient and just.

Chancellor empowered to displace Registrars who shall be incapacitated, and to make certain Allowances to them.

III. And be it further enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Four Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court for the Time being shall happen to be afflicted with any permanent Infirmary, disabling him from the due Execution of his Office, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of *Great Britain* for the Time being respectively, to remove from the Office of a Sub or Deputy Registrar of the said Court, any of the Four Sub or Deputy Registrars of the said Court, who shall in the Judgement of the Lord High Chancellor, Lord Keeper, or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of *Great Britain* for the Time being, be so afflicted, and by an Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery, to be made from Time to Time when Occasion shall require, to order an Annuity or clear yearly Sum of Money, not exceeding One thousand one hundred Pounds, to be paid out of the Dividends and Interest of the Government or Parliamentary Securities, purchased or to be purchased as herein-before mentioned, to any Sub or Deputy Registrar or Registrars, who shall be removed from the Office of a Registrar of the said Court, for such Cause aforesaid, in which Order or Orders the Cause of making the same shall be distinctly stated and specified, and the said Annuity or yearly Sum mentioned in such Order or Orders shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities: (but subject and without Prejudice as aforesaid) by even and equal quarterly Payments, on the Fifth Day of *January*, the Fifth Day of *April*, the Fifth Day of *July*, and the Tenth Day of *October* in every Year, to such Sub or Deputy Registrar, from the Period when he shall be so removed from his said Office or Employment, for and during the Term of his natural Life, together with a proportionable Part thereof up to the Time of his Decease; and in the Room of such Sub or Deputy Registrar so incapacitated, some other able and sufficient Person shall be appointed to be Sub or Deputy Registrar in the usual and accustomed Manner.

“Expences of this Act shall be paid out of Interest of Funds. § 4.

V. And be it further enacted, That the surplus Interest and annual Produce which shall arise from the Money placed out on Securities,

Surplus shall be placed to annuities Accounts.

Securities, pursuant to the said Act, passed in the Thirty-second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament therein and herein-before mentioned or referred to, and which Securities are thereby directed to be carried to the Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery, and also the Interest which shall be produced from the Securities purchased and to be purchased with such surplus Interest beyond what shall be sufficient to answer the Purposes of the said former Act, and the Purposes of this Act, shall from Time to Time be placed out on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and shall be placed to the Credit of the said Account, raised in pursuance of the said Act of the Thirty-second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and intituled, *Account of Securities purchased with surplus Interest, arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery*, and which Fund shall be applied to answer the Demands of the said Suitors of the said Court of Chancery, in case it shall at any Time be necessary to call in any of the Money of the said Suitors, which hath been or may be placed out on Securities.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or Lord Keeper or Lord Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of *Great Britain* for the Time being, by any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery, to change the Security or Securities or any Part of the Securities purchased or to be purchased pursuant to the several Acts of Parliament herein-before mentioned or referred to, or pursuant to this Act.

Securities may be changed by the Chancellor.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That for and notwithstanding any of the Provisions contained in this Act, if at any Time hereafter the whole or any Part of the Money placed out pursuant to the said several Acts of Parliament, or any of them, shall be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery, then and in such Case the said Court may and shall direct the whole or any Part thereof to be called in, and the Securities in which the same shall be placed, and also the Securities upon which the surplus Interest and Dividends herein-before mentioned shall be placed, to be sold and disposed of, in order that the Suitors of the said Court may at all Times be paid their respective Demands out of the common and general Cash belonging to such Suitors.

Money may be called in if wanted, to answer the Demands of Suitors.

“ Publick Act. § 8.

Cap. lxx.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, to enable the several Persons therein named to dispose of the several Houses therein mentioned in *London and Westminster*, by Lottery. [20th May 1809.]

46 G. 3. c. xcvi.

“ Trustees empowered to dispose of certain Premises for 100,000*l.* by Lottery, to be drawn before 25th March 1811.

Cap. lxxi.

An Act to enable the Company of Proprietors of the *Stainforth and Keadby Canal Navigation* to raise a further Sum of Money for the

56 G. 3. c. 11
58 G. 3. c. xlv

Q 9 3

Discharge

Discharge of their Debts, and to finish and complete the said Canal Navigation, and for amending the several Acts passed relative thereto. [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxii.

34 G. 3. c. 38. An Act for amending, altering, and enlarging, the Powers of the
36 G. 3. c. 95. several Acts relating to the *Warwick* and *Napton* Canal Navigation. [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxiii.

6 G. 3. c. 96. An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of the several Acts
10 G. 3. c. 102. passed for making a navigable Canal from the *Trent* to the *Mersey*,
15 G. 3. c. 20. and other Canals connected therewith. [20th May 1809.]
16 G. 3. c. 32.
23 G. 3. c. 33.—37 G. 3. c. 36.—37 G. 3. c. 81.—42 G. 3. c. xxv.

Cap. lxxiv.

32 G. 3. c. 62. An Act for explaining and amending Two Acts for improving the
10 G. 3. c. 104. Navigation of the River *Clyde* to the City of *Glasgow*. [20th May 1809.]

“ Duty on Coals continued to 8th July 1817.

Penalty for
destroying
Works,
Felony, &c.

XXII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the passing of this Act, maliciously and wantonly demolish, break down, or set on Fire any of the Quays, Piers, Jetties, Breaks, Abutments, Walls, or other Works made and constructed, or to be constructed, in Terms of the said recited Acts, or of this Act, or any Ship or Vessel lying in the said Harbour or River, such Person so offending, on being thereof legally convicted, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and be transported for the Space of Seven Years.

Cap. lxxv.

An Act to enable the Justices of the Peace for the several Parts of *Lindsey*, *Kesteven*, and *Holland*, constituting the Three Divisions of the County of *Lincoln*, to provide a convenient House, with suitable Accommodations, for His Majesty's Judges at the Assizes for the said County. [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxvi.

An Act for regulating the Police of the Town and Liberties of *Kinsale*, and for the Regulation and Improvement of the Port and Harbour of the said Town, and of the Fisheries thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxvii.

20 G. 3. c. 14. An Act to continue the Term, and render more effectual, several
30 G. 3. c. 58. Acts passed for opening, cleansing, repairing, and improving the
29 G. 3. c. 77. Harbour of *Southwold*, in the County of *Suffolk*. (b) [20th May 1809.]

“ Pier Dues granted on Vessels.

Cap. lxxviii.

13 & 14 Car. 2. An Act for amending several Acts for making navigable the Rivers
c. 14. *Wye* and *Lugg*, in the County of *Hereford*, and for making a
7 & 8 W. 3 c. 14. Horse Towing Path on certain Parts of the Banks of the said River
12 G. 1. c. 24. *Wye*. [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for better paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting, and watching the several Streets, and other publick Passages and Places, within the Town and Franchise of *Swansea*, in the County of *Glamorgan*, and for removing and preventing Nuisances, Annoyances, and Obstructions therein. [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxx.

An Act for the better supplying the City of *Dublin* with Water. See former Acts. [20th May 1809.] 15 & 16 G. 3. (1.) c. 24. 19 & 20 G. 3. (1.) c. 13.—42 G. 3. c. xcii.

[Additional Duties granted.]

Cap. lxxxi.

An Act to authorize the raising of Money to defray the Expences of erecting a Prison and publick Offices in the Town of *Birmingham*, in the County of *Warwick*. 23 G. 3. c. 54. [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act to revive and continue the Term and Powers of certain Acts, for widening and improving the Entrance into the City of *London*, near *Temple Bar*, for making a more commodious Street at *Snow Hill*, and for raising on the Credit of the Orphans' Fund certain Sums of Money for those Purposes. 35 G. 3. c. 126. 38 G. 3. c. lxi. 39 & 40 G. 3. c. xlii. 42 G. 3. c. lxxxiii. 44 G. 3. c. xxxii.

“ Three Years from the passing this Act allowed to purchase Houses, &c. and Five Years to complete the Improvements. § 1.—38 G. 3. c. lxi. § 5. repealed. § 2.—The new-built Vestry Room, Court Rooms and Alms Houses, and the New Burial Ground shall be conveyed to the Use of the Parish of *Saint Clement Danes*. § 3.

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for the Improvement of the Passage across the *Frith of Forth*, called *The Queensferry*. (b) [20th May 1809.]

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, after the passing of this Act, wilfully and maliciously destroy any of the Piers, Jetties, Landing Places, or other Works to be constructed under the Authority of this Act, or any of the Materials intended for any of the said Works, or any Vessel lying or being in any Harbour made under the Authority of this Act, or any Vessel on its Passage across the said Ferry, every such Person or Persons so offending, upon being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Punishment, by Transportation, Fine, or Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Judge or Judges before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted. Punishment for destroying Works, Felony, &c.

“ Boatmen licensed at the Ferry shall not be liable to be im- pressed. § 68.

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for building a new Bridge across the River *Tone*, and enlarging the Bridge at *Shuttern*, both in the Town of *Taunton*, in the County of *Somerset*, and also for widening and improving the Approaches to the said Bridges, and removing and preventing Obstructions and Nuisances thereon. (a) [20th May 1809.]

Q 9 +

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Wensum*, between the Scite where the Gates called *King Street Gates* formerly stood, and *Carrow Abbey*, to the Hamlet of *Thorpe*, in the County of the City of *Norwich*. [20th May 1809.]

Bridge not to be taxed, or deemed a County Bridge.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Bridge shall not be rated or assessed for or towards the Payment of any parochial Rate or Assessment whatsoever; nor shall the said Bridge be deemed a County Bridge, so as to subject the said City of *Norwich* or the County of the said City or the County of *Norfolk* to repair the same.

Penalty on Persons destroying Works, &c. Felony.

XVIII. And for preserving the said Bridge from wilful or malicious Damage, and preventing all Interruptions to the building thereof, Be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or maliciously blow up, pull down, or destroy the said Bridge, or any Part thereof, or the Toll Houses, or Toll Gates or Side Bars erected or set up, or to be erected or set up, on the said Bridge, or any of them, or any of the Works, Buildings, or Erections made or to be made in pursuance of this Act, or cause or procure the same, or any Part or Parts thereof to be so blown up, pulled down, or destroyed, then and in every such Case every such Offender being lawfully convicted thereof shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishment and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felony is directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Punishment as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

Cap. lxxxvi.

5 G. 3. c. 67.
27 G. 3. c. 84.

An Act to continue the Term, and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the Pintold in *Bully*, in the County of *Tork*, to *Workshop*, in the County of *Nottingham*. (c) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from a Place called *Nantgaredig*, adjoining the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of *Llandinifawr* to the Town of *Carmarthen*, through the Village of *Brechfa* to the River *Tivy* near *Llanlooney* Church, and also a Road from *Brechfa* aforesaid to the Village of *Llanfawell*, all in the County of *Carmarthen*. (a) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxxviii.

29 G. 3. c. 93.

An Act for continuing the Term, and enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for amending the Road leading from *Conington* to *Colley Bridge*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, in the Counties of *Chester* and *Derby*. (c) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. lxxxix.

An Act for making and maintaining Turnpike Roads for the Town of *Malmesbury*, to or near to the Town of *Wootton Bassett*, *Sutton Benger* Church, and *Dauntsey Gate*, in the County of *Wilts*. (a) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. xc.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the Road from *Wootton Bassett* in the County of *Wilts.* to the Two Mile Stone on the Turnpike Road from *Swindon* to *Marlborough* in the said County. (a)
[20th May 1809.]

Cap. xci.

An Act for amending and improving the Road from the North End of the Town of *Tonbridge* to the Village of *Ighbam*, and Two other Roads communicating with the same, all in the County of *Kent.* (b)
[20th May 1809.]

Cap. xcii.

An Act for amending and improving the Road from *Stockerhead* at the Top of *Cbaring Hill*, to a certain Place where the same joins the Road from *Ashford* to *Canterbury*, all in the County of *Kent.* (a)
[20th May 1809.]

Cap. xciii.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for amending the Road from the End of the County of *Stafford* to the City of *Chester*, and from *Norwich* to *Tarvin* in the County of *Chester*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, so far as respects the Third District of the said Roads. (b)
[20th May 1809.]

28 G. 3. c. 1.
c. 94.
28 G. 3. c. 111.

Cap. xciv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road over *Horley Common* in the County of *Surrey*, to a Place called *Black Corner*, and from thence to join the *Brighthelmston* Turnpike Road at *Cuckfield*, in the County of *Suffex.* (a)
[20th May 1809.]

Cap. xcv.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Tunbridge Wells* in the County of *Kent*, to the Cross Ways near *Maresfield Street*, and from *Florence Farm* to *Forest Row*, in the County of *Suffex.* (c)
[20th May 1809.]

6 G. 3. c. 56.
28 G. 3. c. 85.

Cap. xcvi.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of an Act of the Thirty-seventh Year of His present Majesty for amending the Road from or near *Edenfield Chapel* to the Township of *Little Bolton*, and for making and maintaining a Road from the said Road at or near *Booth Pits*, to or near *Bury Bridge*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster.* (a)
[20th May 1809.]

37 G. 3. c. 174;

Cap. xcvii.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road leading from *Reading* in the County of *Berks*, through *Henley* in the County of *Oxford*, and *Great Marlow* to *Hatfield* in the County of *Hertford*; and also the Road leading out of the said Road at *Marlow* over *Great Marlow Bridge* through *Bysham* to or near the Thirty Mile Stone in the Road leading from *Maidenhead* to *Reading* aforesaid. (c)
[20th May 1809.]

28 G. 3. c. 50.
27 G. 3. c. 81.

Cap. xcvi.

An Act for effecting the Sale of an Estate at *Tacbrook* in the County of *Warwick*, devised by the Will of *John Norris* Esquire, deceased; and for applying sufficient of the Money in discharging Incumbrances on certain Estates at *Cwmoy* and *Lantbony* in the Counties of *Monmouth* and *Hereford*; and for paying the Residue thereof to *Walter Salvage Landor* Esquire; and for settling the said Estates at *Cwmoy* and *Lantbony* to the Use of the Will of the said *John Norris*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. xcix.

An Act for inclosing a Moor or Common called *Middlelope* within the Park and Forest of *Weardale* in the Parish of *Stanhope*, in the County of *Durham*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. c.

An Act for dividing and allotting Lands in the Parishes of *Barford Saint Martin* and *South Newton*, and for extinguishing Rights of Common in other Lands in or adjoining the Parishes of *Barford Saint Martin* aforesaid, and *Baverstock*, in the County of *Wilts*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. ci.

as G. S. c. 32.
p.

Punishment for
destroying
Works,
Felony, &c.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Portbury*, in the County of *Somerset*. [20th May 1809.]

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously cut, break down, demolish, or destroy any Bank, Dam, Flood-gate, Sluice, or other Works already made, or which shall at any Time hereafter be made or erected, supported, maintained, or used, in pursuance of the said recited Act or of this Act, within the said Common, for protecting the said Lands called *Portbury Wharf* from the Sea, or for draining the same, every Person so offending, and being convicted, shall be guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for Seven Years, or in Mitigation of such Punishment may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

Cap. cii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cheadak*, in the County of *Stafford*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. ciii.

An Act for inclosing Waste Lands in the Township of *Lisard* in the Parish of *Wallasey*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. civ.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Whiston* and Parish of *Kingsley*, in the County of *Stafford*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. cv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bledlow*, in the County of *Ruckingham*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 22—28.

Cap. cvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manor and Township of *Idle*, in the Parish of *Calverley* in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

“ Modus or ancient Composition real for Tithes confirmed. § 32.

Cap. cvii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Marfworth*, in the County of *Buckingham*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 21—24.

Cap. cviii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Long Watenbam*, in the County of *Berks*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 13—17.

Cap. cix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manors of *Abdon* and *Stoke St. Milborough*, in the County of *Salop*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

Cap. cx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Stockton*, in the County of *Wilts*. (q. P.) [20th May 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 17—22.

Cap. cxi.

An Act for repealing such Part of an Act passed in the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, as imposes a certain Proportion of the County Rate for the County of *Kent* upon the Eastern Division of the said County, and certain Proportions upon the Western Division of the said County; and also, so much of an Act passed in the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, for empowering the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Kent* to make a fair and equal County Rate for the said County, as directs the Churchwardens and Overseers therein mentioned, to make certain Returns of the Rental or Value of Estates within their Parishes at the Periods and in the Manner therein mentioned, and imposes a certain Penalty upon such Churchwardens and Overseers for making Default therein, and for amending the Powers and Provisions of the said Acts. [27th May 1809.]

43 G. 3. c. viii.
47 G. 3. c. 2.
c. xxxiv.

“ 43 G. 3. c. lviii. and 47 G. 3. c. 2. c. xxxiv. recited and confirmed,
“ except as repealed by this Act. § 1. 43 G. 3. c. lvii. § 2. proportioning the Rates for the County, repealed, except as to Expence in
“ and up to *Easter Quarter Sessions* 49 G. 3.—§ 2. 43 G. 3. c. lvii.
“ § 3. as to Meetings for settling the Treasurer's Accounts, repealed.
“ § 3.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Justices who shall be assembled at the *Easter Quarter Sessions* of the Peace to be holden for the said County in each and every Year shall and they are hereby directed and required to appoint a Committee of Twelve Justices (that is to say), Six Justices acting in the *Eastern Division*, and Six Justices acting

Justices at the *Easter Quarter Sessions* shall annually appoint a Committee to examine the

Accounts of the
several
Treasurers.

acting in the *Western* Division of the said County, of which Committee of Twelve Justices the Chairman for the Time being of each Division of the said County shall always be one, and shall meet at *Sittingbourne* aforesaid, on the *Friday* next preceeding the *Saint Thomas's* or *Midsummer* General Quarter Sessions in every Year, for the Purpose of examining, passing, adjusting, and allowing the several Accounts of the respective Treasurers of the said Two Divisions of the said County; and that such Meeting shall always commence and originally be holden at *Sittingbourne* aforesaid, but the same may from Time to Time be adjourned as Occasion may require to *Sittingbourne* aforesaid, and the Justices so appointed and present at such Meeting, or any Adjournment thereof, shall have full Power and Authority, and they are hereby directed to inquire into, and examine, pass, and allow the said Accounts of the said Treasurers; and the said Accounts shall be examined, passed, and allowed solely and exclusively at the said Meeting, or some Adjournment thereof.

Three Justices
at the least, of
each Division,
to be present
at the settling
of the
Treasurer's
Accounts.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no such Meeting shall be effectual or competent to transact the several Matters and Things herein-before directed to be done and transacted at such Meeting as aforesaid, unless Three at the least of the Justices acting in each Division of the said County, appointed as aforesaid, shall be then present, but that such Meeting shall necessarily be adjourned until Three Justices of each Division of the said County so appointed as aforesaid, shall be so present as aforesaid; and in case no such Justice or Justices shall attend at the said Meeting, then the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall adjourn the same, of which Adjournment the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy shall forthwith give Notice to the several Members of the said Committee.

“ 43 G. 3. c. lvii. § 5. so far as it requires that County Rates under
“ 12 G. 2. c. 29. shall be made for the whole County, repealed. § 6.

Justices shall
make County
Rates, under
19 G. 2. c. 9.
for the several
Divisions of
the County.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Justices assembled at the Quarter Sessions holden for the *Western* Division of the said County, and for the Justices assembled at the Quarter Sessions holden for the *Eastern* Division of the said County, to make such Rate or Assessment for raising such Sum and Sums of Money within each such Division respectively, as shall be sufficient to answer the Ends and Purposes mentioned and contained in the before recited Act, passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, as Occasion may demand, or as the Exigencies of each such Division may require, and also for the Ends and Purposes of this Act; and that such respective Rates and Assessments shall be as legal and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if one general Rate had been made for the whole of the said County; and that all and every the Sum and Sums of Money in and by such Rates or Assessments rated or assessed upon the several Towns, Parishes, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets, and Places situate within the *Western* Division of the said County, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said *Western* Division; and all and every the Sum and Sums of Money in and by such Rates or Assessments rated or assessed upon the several Towns, Parishes, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets, and Places situate within the *Eastern* Division of the said County, shall be paid to the Treasurer of the said *Eastern* Division.

VIII.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer and Treasurers appointed and to be appointed for each Division of the said County, shall and he and they is and are hereby required, not more than Ten, nor less than Seven Days at least, previous to every *Easter Quarter Sessions* of the Peace to be holden for the said County, to transmit or cause to be transmitted to the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, or to his Deputy, an Account in Writing under the respective Hands of the Treasurer for each Division of the said County, of the Balance then remaining in the Hands of each such Treasurer respectively; and also an Account of the Sum of the gross Expenditure of each such respective Treasurer since the *Easter Quarter Sessions* preceding to the Time of making up and delivering such Account; and also an Estimate of the further probable Expence, to be incurred up to the said *Easter Quarter Sessions* inclusive, in order that the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy may and he is hereby required to lay the same before the Justices to be assembled at the *Easter Quarter Sessions* of the Peace to be holden for the said County, for their Information.

Treasurers shall account for Balances in Hand, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every such Rate or Assessment so to be made and assessed as aforesaid shall be made and assessed upon the relative Rentals of each Division of the said County, as the same shall have been returned and ascertained under and by virtue of the Directions and Provisions of the before recited Act, passed in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and as such Rentals may be existing at the *Michaelmas Quarter Sessions* of the Peace to be holden for the said County of *Kent*, next and immediately preceding the Meeting of the Committee of Twelve Justices appointed to be holden at *Sittingbourne* as aforesaid.

Rates shall be made on the relative Rentals of each Division. See 47 G. 3. c. xxxiv. § 2.

“ 47 G. 3. § 2. c. xxxiv. § 3, 4. (directing Churchwardens and Overseers to make Returns as therein mentioned,) repealed. § 10.”

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Justices, assembled at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said County, whether the same shall be originally holden in the *Eastern* or *Western* Division of the said County, shall determine that it is necessary to revise, correct, and re-ascertain the Rental of the whole County, they shall immediately signify such their Determination to the Justices to be assembled in Sessions in the other Division of the said County, in order that such Justices may and they are hereby required to appoint a Committee of Three Justices from each Division of the said County, for the Purposes hereafter-mentioned, of which Committee any Five of such Justices shall be competent to act, and such Committee shall meet as soon after such Appointment as shall be mutually agreed upon between them, in order to revise, correct, and re-ascertain the Rental of the whole County, and the relative Rentals of each Division thereof distinctly, upon the same and as just and equitable Principles as they can, by virtue of and under the Powers, Provisions, and Directions of the before recited Act, passed in the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also of this Act, and such Revision, Correction, and Ascertainment so to be made as aforesaid, shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes, and binding upon the several Parties to be affected thereby, until another Revision, Correction, and Ascertainment, shall take place and be made in Manner as aforesaid, saving nevertheless to the several

Power to revise, correct, and ascertain the Rentals of the County.

several Parties who may consider themselves aggrieved thereby, such Powers of Appeal, and in such Manner as is contained in the said before recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and also of this Act: Provided always, that no such Revision, Correction, or Ascertainment, shall again take place until after the Expiration of Three Years from the Time of making such last Revision, Correction, or Ascertainment.

Places of Meeting of Committee for each Division.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Place of Meeting of the said Committee so to be appointed for the Purposes last aforesaid, shall always be, for the *Eastern* Division, at the Sessions House for the said *Eastern* Division, and for the *Western* Division, at *Maidstone* in the said County, and the Justices then present shall have full Power to adjourn the same from Time to Time to such Place as they may judge more convenient.

Declaring how the Rental of the whole County shall be revised, corrected, and ascertained according to the Assessment to the Property Tax, under 46 G. 3. c. 65.

XIII. And in order to enable the said Justices of the Peace to form a proper Judgment of any Rate or Rates to be made in pursuance of this Act, and to grant proper Relief; Be it further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace, or any Three or more of them, or the said Clerk of the Peace for the said County, acting under their Authority, shall and may and they and he are and is hereby authorized and empowered, from Time to Time during the Execution of this Act, to cause any of the Books of Assessment of the Property or Income Tax, so far as the same relate or refer to or in anywise concern the Statement of Property to be set forth and stated in the Schedule (A.) contained in an Act, passed in the Forty-sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty, during the present War, and until the Sixth Day of April next after the Ratification of any Definitive Treaty of Peace, further additional Rates and Duties in Great Britain, on Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices; and for repealing an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for granting a Contribution on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades, and Offices, and to consolidate and render more effectual the Provisions for collecting the said Duties; and the Rental or Valuation by which such Assessments are made, mentioned, and described, within any Parish or Place within the said County, to be brought before them or him, and to take Copies of such Books, or any Part or Parts thereof, as they, he, or any of them shall think fit, such Compensation being made to the Parties producing the same respectively as the said Justices, or any Three or more of them, shall think reasonable; and if any Person or Persons in whose Custody or Power any of the said Books shall be shall neglect or refuse to attend the said Justices, or the said Clerk of the Peace, with such Book or Books, or to permit them, him, or any of them, to take Copies thereof as aforesaid, then and in every such Case every Person who shall so refuse or neglect, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, Person or Persons, so making Default, together with the Charges of such Distress and Sale, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One Justice of the Peace for the said County, rendering the Overplus to the Party or Parties respectively, on whose Goods and Chattels such Distress and Sale shall be so made as aforesaid, and the same Penalties or Forfeitures, when recovered and received,*

received, shall forthwith be paid to the Treasurer of the Division of the said County in which such Offence shall arise, to be applied toward the Purposes of this Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of all and every Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place within the said County, or some or one of them, shall, whenever it shall be so determined to be necessary to revise, correct, and re-ascertain the whole Rental of the said County as aforesaid, make a Return to the Committee so to be appointed for such Revision as aforesaid, at such Time and Place as the said Committee, or any Three or more of them shall appoint, of the total Amount of the Rental or Value of the Estates within such respective Parishes, Towns, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets, or Places, at the Time of making the last preceding Rate for the Relief of the Poor, together with the Names of the several Persons and Parties charged with such Rate, and the Sum and Sums of Money rated or charged on such several Persons or Parties respectively, and shall also state and point out in Writing the Mode adopted in making such Rate upon such Return, and shall verify every such Return upon Oath, in Manner as by the said Act is directed, and every such Return shall be signed with the Name or Names of the Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers making such Rate.

Prescribing another Mode of making such Returns.

XV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Churchwarden or Overseer of the Poor of any of the several Parishes, Towns, Liberties, Precincts, Villages, Hamlets, or Places within the said County, shall neglect or make Default in making any such Returns in Manner aforesaid, then and in every such Case each and every such Churchwarden and Overseer of the Poor so neglecting or making Default (without sufficient Excuse, to be allowed by the said Committee so to be appointed, at their Meeting so to be holden at *Sittingbourne* aforesaid) shall forfeit and pay such Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding Fifty Pounds, as shall or may be ordered or adjudged by the said Committee, at their Meeting so to be holden at *Sittingbourne* aforesaid, by way of Penalty for such Neglect or Default; and in case any such Penalty shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Committee at such Meeting assembled, and they are hereby directed to issue their Warrant to the High Constable of the Division where such Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place shall be situated, directing him to levy such Penalty upon the respective Goods and Chattels of each and every Churchwarden and Overseer of the Poor of the Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place so neglecting or making Default, in like Manner and with such Powers and Authorities as the said High Constable is, by a Statute made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled, *An Act for the more easy assessing, collecting, and levying the County Rates*, vetted with for levying on the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor the Sum assessed for the County Rate.

Penalty on Churchwardens and Overseers neglecting to make Returns in Manner directed.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That every Churchwarden or Churchwardens, Overseer or Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Town, Liberty, Precinct, Village, Hamlet, or Place in the said County, Person or Persons, shall have and be entitled to the same Power and Right of appealing to the next General Quarter Sessions, or some Adjournment thereof, in the same Manner, to all Intents and Purposes,

Acts of the Committee of Justices shall be considered to be the Acts of the General Quarter Sessions.

Purposes, as if the said Matter or Thing had been ordered and directed by a General Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, under and by virtue of the before recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty.

Clerk of Peace shall deliver in Account of Rental yearly.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, or his Deputy, shall and he is hereby required, Yearly and every Year, to deliver in to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the *Easter* Quarter Sessions to be holden for the said County, and also to the Treasurer or Treasurers appointed and to be appointed for each Division of the said County, a Statement in Writing of the Sum or Amount of the whole Rental of the said County, as the same shall have been returned, under and by virtue of the herein before recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty, and of this Act, and also of the component Parts of such Rental, as the same shall have been existing at the *Michaelmas* General Quarter Sessions of the Peace next preceding, distinguishing the Amount for each Division of the said County; which Statement shall be signed by and verified upon the Oath of the Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy.

Disbursements, &c. arranged by Committee of Justices.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Disbursements, Sum and Sums of Money, Charges and Expences whatsoever, of the whole of the said County of *Kent*, which attach upon or to which a County Rate is by Law liable shall be arranged, adjusted, and settled by the Committee of Justices so appointed as aforesaid, at their Meeting to be holden at *Sittingbourne*, in Manner aforesaid, in proportion to the relative Rentals of each Division of the said County, as the same shall be existing at the *Michaelmas* Quarter Sessions of the Peace next preceding such Meeting as aforesaid; and the Justices so assembled shall make such Order upon the Treasurer of each Division of the said County respectively, to pay to or receive from each other such Sum or Sums of Money as by the said Justices shall be adjudged to be due from or to be paid to either respectively upon settling the Annual General Account at such Meeting up to and including the *Easter* General Quarter Sessions of the Peace next preceding such Meeting so to be holden at *Sittingbourne* as aforesaid.

Committee of Justices shall divide Annual Expences between the Two Divisions.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Committee of Justices, so to be assembled at *Sittingbourne* as aforesaid, shall and they are hereby required from such gross Rental and from such relative Rentals so to be delivered in by the said Clerk of the Peace or his Deputy as aforesaid, to divide the said Annual Expences between the Two Divisions of the said County, proportionally to such gross Rental and such relative Rentals: Provided always, that no Denominator of a lower Value than a Twentieth shall ever be used for the Purpose of ascertaining the said Proportions.

“ Expences of Act. § 20. Publick Act. § 21.

Cap. cxii.

23 G. 3. c. 36.
31 G. 3. c. 67.
36 G. 3. c. 34.

An Act for altering, amending, and enlarging the Powers of several Acts for making and maintaining the *Thames* and *Severn* Canal Navigation. [27th May 1809.]

Cap. cxiii.

4 G. 3. c. 55.
14 G. 3. c. 90.

An Act for enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, so far as relates to the establishing a nighty Watch; and

for maintaining the Poor within the Parish of *Saint Clement Danes*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [27th May 1809.]

“ Power of making Rates extended from 6*d.* to 1*s.* in the Pound.

Cap. cxiv.

An Act for building a Chapel of Ease in the Town of *Worthing*, in the County of *Suffex*.

Cap. cxv.

An Act for amending an Act of the Forty-third Year of His present Majesty, for paving and improving the Town of *Worthing*, in the County of *Suffex*, and for building a Market House and establishing a Market in the said Town. [27th May 1809.] 43 G. 3. c. lix.

[*N. B.* The Act Cap. cxiv., though intitled as above, is in fact, *An Act for amending an Act of the Forty third Year, for paving &c. the Town of Worthing*: while on the contrary, the Act, Cap. cxv., though intitled as above, is *An Act for building a Chapel of Ease at Worthing*.]

By Cap. cxv. Trustees are appointed for building the Chapel.

XXII. And be it further enacted That the said Chapel and every Minister officiating therein for the Time being, as also the Person or Persons who shall act as Chapelwarden or Chapelwardens thereof, shall be subject in all Respects to the ordinary Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction by Law established; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Bishop of *Chichester* for the Time being, and he is hereby authorized and empowered to consecrate the said Chapel, to be for ever thereafter a Chapel of Ease to the Parish Church of *Broadwater* aforesaid, and Divine Service shall be from Time to Time for ever after performed therein according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England* as by Law established, by a perpetual Curate to be nominated and appointed in Manner herein after directed; and the said Chapel and the perpetual Curate thereof shall for ever after be subject to the ordinary Jurisdiction and Visitation of the Lord Bishop of *Chichester* for the Time being. Chapel to be subject to the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction by Law established, and to be consecrated.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That after the said Chapel shall have been consecrated in Manner aforesaid, the Rector of the said Parish of *Broadwater* for the Time being is hereby empowered and required to nominate, under his Hand and Seal, to the Lord Bishop of *Chichester* for the Time being a fit Person being in Priest's Orders (not being himself the Rector of *Broadwater* aforesaid), who shall have taken a Degree in one of the Three Universities of *Oxford*, *Cambridge*, or *Dublin*, to be licensed to the perpetual Curacy of the said Chapel; and upon Occasion of every future Vacancy the said Rector of the said Parish of *Broadwater* for the Time being shall, in like Manner, nominate some fit Person qualified as aforesaid, to be licensed as aforesaid; and upon Failure of such Nomination the Right of Nomination for that Term shall lapse to the Lord Bishop of *Chichester* for the Time being, and to the Metropolitan and to the Crown successively, according to the Course of Law in Cases of presentative Benefices; and the Right of Nomination to the said Chapel may be sued for and recovered, and the Incumbency thereof shall cease and be determined, in like Manner as if the Curacy of the said Chapel was a presentative Vicarage and Benefice. Curate to be nominated and licensed to officiate in the said Chapel.

No Marriages or Burials allowed in the said Chapel. Baptisms allowed.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Marriage shall at any Time be solemnized in the said Chapel, nor shall any Corpse be buried in the said Chapel or the Vault thereof, but that the Curate of the said Chapel for the Time being may and shall, from Time to Time, baptize all such Children as shall be brought to the said Chapel for that Purpose during the usual Times of performing Divine Service therein; and in order to facilitate Searches for Registries in the said Parish of *Broadwater*, Entries of all such Children, so baptized at the said Chapel, shall be regularly made in a Register to be provided for that Purpose by the Chapelwarden; and the said Curate shall, on the Twenty-fifth Day of *March*, the Twenty-fourth Day of *June*, the Twenty-ninth Day of *September*, and the Twenty-fifth Day of *December* in every Year, send to the Rector of the said Parish of *Broadwater* an accurate Copy, signed by him, of all Christenings in the said Chapel done by him the Quarter immediately preceding, and the said Rector or his Curate shall cause the same to be transcribed into a proper Book, to be provided for that Purpose, and to be kept with the Register of the Christenings of the said Parish; and the said Curate may and shall also church all Women who may come to the said Chapel for that Purpose.

Cap. cxvi.

An Act for building a Church on *Gateshead Fell*, in the Parish of *Gateshead*. [27th May 1809.]

“ One Acre in *Gateshead Fell* allotted for the building a Church thereon vested in the Rector, and Trustees appointed for that Purpose, with Reservation of Mines to the Lord of the Manor. § 1—17. (See *Cap. cxxxv. of this Session.*)

Trustees empowered to build a new Church.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Trustees, and they are hereby authorized and required to cause a new Church and Chancel, with a Place proper for the administering the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and also a Tower or Steeple to be built upon the said Piece or Parcel of Ground intended to be vested in them by this Act, or upon so much thereof as may be proper, according to such Plan or Model, Elevation and Section, of such Dimension and Materials, and in such Manner as they, the said Trustees, shall agree upon and direct at some public Meeting, to be particularly called for that Purpose, and in which Plan of the Church and Chancel to be built in pursuance of this Act, the Chancel shall be distinguished in such Manner as the said Trustees, with the Consent and Approbation of the Bishop of *Durham*, for the Time being, shall direct, and in which Plan no Alteration shall afterwards be made without the Consent of Ten of the said Trustees at least; and in case such Alteration shall in any Manner comprise or relate to the Chancel, or any Part thereof, then with the Consent of the said Bishop in addition to the Ten Trustees; and the said Trustees shall also in like Manner, set out and appoint the Remainder of the said Piece or Parcel of Ground as and for a Cemetery or Church yard; and the said Trustees shall cause such Pews, Seats, Galleries, and Conveniences to be made for the Accommodation of the Inhabitants of the said District, called *Gateshead Fell*, and a Bell or Bells and such Ornaments to be erected and set up, and such other Matters and Things to be done, as the said Trustees, with the Consent and Approbation

probation of the said Bishop, shall direct, in order that the said Church and Chancel, when completed, finished, and furnished, may be consecrated and set apart for the Celebration of Divine Service, the publishing of Banns of Marriage, the Solemnization of Marriage, the Administration of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and the Baptism of Infants, and all other religious Acts, according to the Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England*; and the said Building, Works, Matters, and Things, shall be done by Contract, or otherwise, subject to the Inspection and Controul of the Surveyor or Surveyors on the Part of the said Trustees, as the said Trustees shall from Time to Time think proper and most expedient to fulfil the Intention and effect the Purposes of this Act.

“ Regulations as to setting out the Pews. § 18, 19, 20.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the said new Church and Chancel, shall be completed and finished, and consecrated, and be fit for the Celebration of Divine Service, within Two Years at furthest, after laying the Foundation thereof; and that from and immediately after the said Church and Chancel shall be finished and consecrated, the same, and the Church Yard belonging thereto, and all and singular the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments whatsoever, within and Parcel of the said District or Tract of Waste Land called *Gatehead Fell*, shall be from thenceforth for ever thereafter severed and divided from the said Parish of *Gatehead*, and be exempted and discharged from all Dependence thereon, and from all Power, Right, and Authority of the Rector and Parson of the Parish Church of *Gatehead* aforesaid, for the Time being; and the said Rectory and Church hereby authorized to be built shall be for ever thereafter a distinct and separate Rectory and Parish Church for the Inhabitants of the said District or Tract of Land, called *Gatehead Fell*, under the Name and Title of the Rectory and Parish of “*Gatehead Fell*,” and together with the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Houses, Places, and Hereditaments within the said Fell, shall be for ever thereafter a distinct Parish of itself, and called by the Name of the Parish of *Gatehead Fell*; and the Inhabitants of the said Parish of *Gatehead Fell* shall be for ever thereafter discharged and exempted of and from the Cure of Souls, Power, and Authority of the Rector and Parson of the Parish Church of *Gatehead* aforesaid, and the Rector and Parson of the same Parish Church of *Gatehead* shall be from thenceforth for ever exonerated and discharged from the Cure of Souls of the Inhabitants of the said Parish of *Gatehead Fell*.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said new Church and Chancel, with the Church Yard or Cemetery thereof, (subject to the Reservation hereinbefore contained*, to or in Favour of the Lord of the said Manor of *Gatehead* for the Time being, and his Lessee and Lessees, and his, her, and their Executors, Administrators, and Assigns), shall from and immediately after the Consecration thereof, and from and thenceforth for ever thereafter, be vested in the Rector of the same Church, and his Successors, Rectors thereof, for the Time being, the Statutes of Mortmain, or any other Laws or Statutes to the contrary notwithstanding; and that Divine Service according to the Usage of the Church of *England*, Banns of Marriage, the Solemnization of Marriage, the Administration of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper and Baptism, Burials, and all other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of *England* shall and may be performed,

When new Church to be completed.

The new Church vested in the Rector.

* Respecting Mines, (§ 1.)

Divine Service, Marriage, &c. shall be solemnized in the Church.

Bells, &c. vested
in Church-
wardens.

published, celebrated, solemnized, and administered from Time to Time, and at all Times thereafter, in the said new Church, Chancel, and Church Yard respectively; and that the Churchwardens for the Time being of the said new Church, shall be invested with the Bells, Ornaments, Furniture, Books, Plate, Goods, and Chattels of the said new Church.

“ No Burials shall be in the said new Church, nor in the Church Yard
“ within Twelve Feet of the Church Walls. § 23. Tithes, &c. an-
“ nexed to the said Parish Church of *Gateshead Fell*. § 24. Right
“ of Presentation in the Bishop of *Durham*. § 25. Act not to affect
“ the Division of the Parish of *Gateshead* into Townships. § 26.
“ *Gateshead Fell* deemed a distinct Benefice. § 27.

Land may be
given to the
new Rectory
for Glebe.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, or any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, at any Time or Times hereafter, to give, devise, grant, demise, or convey, to or for the Use of, or in trust for the Rector or Parson, for the Time being, of the said Rectory of *Gateshead Fell*, and his Successors, any Quantity of Land, not exceeding in the whole Ten Acres, to be the Glebe belonging to the same Rector and Parson, and his Successors, whereupon a Parsonage House, shall or may be built or erected by the same Rector and Parson, and his Successors, without any Licence to take or purchase in Mortmain, and notwithstanding any Law, Statute, Custom, or other Impediments, or Disability whatever.

Laws concerning
the Clergy ex-
tended to the
Rectories.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all the Laws of this Realm, concerning Rectories, Parish Churches, Rectors, Clergy, Churchwardens, and other Clerical and Parochial Offices, in that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* called *England*, shall be in full Force and have Effect and Operation in all Respects in regard to the said Rectory, Parish, and Parish Church of *Gateshead Fell*, in like Manner, as if the same had been originally and previously to the making and passing of the same Laws and Statutes a separate and distinct Rectory, Parish, and Parish Church (except as otherwise directed and especially enacted by this Act.)

“ Application of Monies raised, § 30, &c. Publick Act.

Cap. cxvii.

27 G. 3. c. 45.
29 G. 3. c. 8.

An Act to amend and render more effectual Two Acts for the Maintenance and Support of the Pier and Harbour, and paving and lighting the Town of *Margate*, in the County of *Kent*.

[27th May 1809.]

[Duties granted on Shipping, and on Goods imported and exported.]

Cap. cxviii.

An Act for better supplying with Water the Borough of *Portsmouth*, and the Parishes of *Portsmouth* and *Portsea*, and Places adjacent, in the County of *Southampton*.

[27th May 1809.]

Penalty on
destroying
Works.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly, wilfully, or maliciously break, throw down, damage, or destroy any Banks or other Works erected, made, or maintained by virtue of this Act, then and in every such Case every such Per-
son

son shall be judged guilty of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or such Court may award any other Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Cap. cxix.

An Act for effecting the Drainage and Improvement of the Lands and Grounds lying in the late Great Common in *Sutton Saint Edmund's*, within the Parish of *Sutton Saint Mary* otherwise *Long Sutton*, in the County of *Lincoln*; and for authorizing the Drainage and Improvement of the Lands and Grounds lying in the late Little Common in *Sutton Saint Edmund's* aforesaid.

See former Act
27 G. 2. c. 19.

[27th May 1809.]

LI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time hereafter wilfully and maliciously destroy or injure any Mill, Engine, Bridge, Floodgate, Tunnel, Sluice, Doors, Banks, or other Works which shall at any Time be making or erecting, or made, erected, or used by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners for the Drainage and Improvement of the said Lands and Grounds, or any of them, and shall be thereof convicted on the Oath of one or more credible Witness or Witnesses, or on Confession of the Party or Parties so offending, at any Assizes or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County, Isle, Jurisdiction, Parts, or Division where the Offence shall be committed, every such Person shall be adjudged to be guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or shall otherwise be punished as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Punishing
Persons de-
stroying
Works.

Cap. cxx.

An Act for embanking, inclosing, and draining Lands within the Parish of *Frishtney*, in the County of *Lincoln*. [27th May 1809.]

LIX. And, for preventing the breaking down, destroying or damaging any of the Works which shall be made or altered in pursuance of this Act, or otherwise obstructing the Execution of the same; be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any Time or Times hereafter wilfully or maliciously demolish, pull down, break, spoil or otherwise destroy any Drain, Bank, Outlet, Sluice, Gout, Clough, Bridge, Tunnel or other Works, which shall at any Time or Times hereafter be made or erected for the Purposes of this Act, all and every Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be punished in such Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or the Court may and are hereby empowered, if they shall think fit, in Mitigation of such Punishment, to award and impose such Fine or Imprisonment as such Court shall judge expedient.

Penalty for
damaging any
Works, or
obstructing the
Execution of
this Act.

Cap. cxxi.

An Act for making and keeping in Repair a Road or Passage for Horses on the Banks of the River *Severn*, between a certain Place at *Coalbrooke Dale* to and above the *Wells Bridge* in the Town of *Shrewsbury*, in the County of *Salop*, for hauling and drawing Vessels along the said River. [27th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxii.

29 G. 2. c. 41.
30 G. 3. c. 68.

An Act to amend and enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Town and Neighbourhood of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, with Water, and for more effectually lighting and cleansing the Streets and other Places within the said Town and Neighbourhood, and for removing and preventing Nuisances and Annoyances therein; and for erecting a Court House and Prison for the Borough of *Leeds*, and for widening and improving the Streets and Passages in the said Town. [27th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxiii.

An Act to alter and explain Two Acts to enable the Globe Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Treasurer, and to enrol Annuities. [27th May 1809.]

‘ And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said recited Acts of the Forty-seventh Year of His present Majesty are in all Respects effectual for the Purposes for which the same were intended; wherefore, for obviating and removing such Doubts, May it please Your Majesty, That it may be enacted, and be it enacted, and declared by the King’s most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, in all Agreements, Covenants, Contracts, Bonds, Obligations, Warrants, Judgments, Grants, Surrenders, Fines, Recoveries, Conveyances, and other Assurances whatsoever, by which any Annuity or yearly Rent hath been, or shall be sold, limited, or otherwise assured to, or in trust for, or for the Benefit of the said Society or Partnership called “The Globe Insurance Company;” or to any Person or Persons acting for, or on the Behalf of the said Society or Partnership, or by which any Annuity or yearly Rent hath been, or shall be granted, sold, limited, or otherwise assured by the said Society or Partnership, called “The Globe Insurance Company,” or by any Person or Persons acting for, or on the Behalf of the said Society or Partnership; and in all Memorials of the said Assurances respectively, the Names of the Members of the said Society or Partnership, and of all the Persons interested in the same, or acting on the Part or Behalf of the said Members, or other Persons, or any of them, or for whom they or any of them are Trustees, shall, for all the Purposes of the said Act of the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, be considered to be sufficiently mentioned, expressed, and contained within the Provisions of the said Act of the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the true Intent and Meaning of the same, if, in the Assurances or any one of the

Recital of Stat.
17 G. 3. c. 26.
47 G. 3. ft. 1.
c. xxx. and
47 G. 3. ft. 2.
c. lxxxvii.—
Grants and
Memorials of
Annuities,
granted to the
Globe Insurance
Company shall
be sufficient, if
expressed to be
for the Benefit
of the Company;
as if the Names
of all the
Members were
specified.

the Assurances, by which such Annuities or Rents respectively shall be sold and secured, and in the Memorials of the same respectively, it is or shall be expressed, or appears, or shall appear, that the Annuity or yearly Rent so granted, sold, limited or otherwise assured, is thereby granted, sold, limited, or otherwise assured by the said Society or Partnership, or to or for the Benefit of the said Society or Partnership as the Case may be, and that the Consideration for the same is paid, advanced, or given to, or by, or on the Behalf, or on the Account of the said Society or Partnership, as the Case may be; and thereupon, (the other Requisites of the said Act of the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty being complied with) the said Deeds and Assurances, and the Memorials of the same shall be as valid, and effectual, to all Intents, Effects, Constructions, and Purposes whatsoever, as if the Names of all the Members of the said Society or Partnership, and of all the Persons interested in the said Society or Partnership, or represented by them, or for, or on the Behalf of whom they, or any of them have acted, or been Trustees, or paid or advanced, or given the Money, or other Consideration for the said Annuities, or shall act or be Trustees, or pay or advance, or give the Money or other Consideration for the said Annuities, were stated in the said Assurances and Memorials respectively, in the Manner prescribed by the said Act.

“ Provisions of this Act extended to the Company, whether composed
“ of the present or future Members, § 2. This Act shall not incor-
“ porate the Society, § 3. Publick Act § 4.

Cap. cxxiv.

An Act to alter and explain Two Acts for enabling the Pelican Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to enrol Annuities. [27th May 1809.]

47 G. 3. c. 1.
c. xxxiii,
47 G. 3. c. 2.
c. lxxviii.

[See *Cap. cxxiii. of this Session.*]

Cap. cxxv.

An Act to alter and explain Two Acts for enabling the Albion Fire and Life Insurance Company to sue in the Name of their Secretary, and to enrol Annuities. [27th May 1809.]

47 G. 3. c. 1.
c. xxxi.
47 G. 3. c. 2.
c. lxxvi.

[See *Cap. cxxiii. of this Session.*]

Cap. cxxvi.

An Act for widening and altering *Ouse Bridge* over the River *Ouse*, and *Foss Bridge* over the River *Foss*, in the City of *Tork*; for widening, raising, and improving certain Streets, Lanes, and Passages leading and near to the said Bridges; and for making certain other Improvements in the said City. [27th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxvii.

An Act for consolidating and uniting the Powers of several Acts passed for amending several Roads near the Borough of *Asbburton* and the Town of *Newton Busbell*, and from or near the North Side of the Town of *Totnefs* towards *Asbburton* aforesaid, for building a Bridge across the River *Dart*, at or near a Place called *Emmett*, in

28 G. 2. c. 49.
1 G. 3. c. 34.
16 G. 3. c. 79.
43 G. 3. c. lxxv.
3 G. 3. c. 38.
24 G. 3. c. 64.—
43 G. 3. c. lxxv.

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the

the County of *Devon*, and for amending and improving the said several Roads. (b) [27th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxviii.

42 G. 3. c. lxiii. An Act for continuing, explaining, and amending an Act passed in the Forty-second Year of His present Majesty, for repairing and improving the Roads leading from the Stones End in *Kent Street*, in the Parish of *Saint George Southwark*, to *Dartford*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Kent* and *Surrey*. (a) [27th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxix.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Bettwyl-Abergele*, in the County of *Deubigh*. (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]
 “ Allotment to the King in Satisfaction and Extinction of his Rights in the Soil. § 22. Extract of the Award respecting such Allotment
 “ to be transmitted to the Surveyor-General of the Land Revenue of the Crown. § 23. Surveyor-General may sell the King’s Allotments. § 35. Saving of the King’s Rights as to Mines, Seignories and Royalties. § 44, 45.

Cap. cxxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Caerwys*, in the County of *Flint*. (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]
 “ Like Allotments to the King, and like Provisions as to his Rights
 “ as in Cap. cxxix.

Cap. cxxxii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Eaton*, in the County of *Nottingham* (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]
 “ Allotments and Compensation in lieu of Tithes, § 21, &c.

Cap. cxxxiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Woodstone*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]
 “ For making Compensation for Tithes, § 21, &c.

Cap. cxxxiiii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *King’s Cliffe*, in the County of *Northampton*. (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]
 “ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 12, &c. Allotment to the King, as Lord of the Manor of *King’s Cliffe*. § 16. Extract of Award to be transmitted to Surveyor-General’s Office, § 35.
 “ Saving for the King’s Right of Pasture for Deer kept in the Forest of *Ruckingham*, and the Right of hunting Deer, § 38.

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Cadeby* and Parish of *Spotborough*, in the County of *York* (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]
 “ Allotment to His Majesty as Lord of the Honour of *Tickhill*, § 12,
 “ and for certain Chief Rents, § 25.

Cap. cxxxv.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Gateshead*, in the County of *Durham*. (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]

Cap. cxxxvi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Glatton-with-Holme*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. (q. P.) [27th May 1809.]
 “Aliotment and Compensation for Tithes, § 20.

Cap. cxxxvii.

An Act for the Application of the Purchase Money of certain Lands, taken from the Possessions of the See of *Winchester*, under the Provisions of an Act of the Forty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for vesting certain Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments in Trustees, for better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores at Portsmouth, and for extending the Works and Lines at Dover*. 46 G. 3. c. 103.
 [3d June 1809.]

Cap. cxxxviii.

An Act for enabling the *Kennet and Avon Canal Company* to raise a sufficient Sum of Money to complete the said Canal, and for amending the several Acts for making the same. [3d June 1809.] 34 G. 3. c. 90.
 36 G. 3. c. 44.
 38 G. 3. c. xviii.
 41 G. 3. c. xxiii.
 45 G. 3. c. lxx.

Cap. cxxxix.

An Act for erecting a new Gaol and House of Correction, and new Courts of Justice, in and for the County Palatine of *Durham* and purchasing proper Scites for the same; and for disposing of the old Gaol and House of Correction and Courts of Justice there; and making an equal County Rate for those Purposes. [3d June 1809.]

XLI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously break, pull down, or in any Manner damage or destroy the said Gaol, House of Correction, and Court Houses or Buildings, so to be respectively erected and built, repaired, maintained, supported, provided, or purchased as aforesaid, or any of them, or any Part or Part thereof respectively, or any of the Appurtenances thereunto belonging, such Person or Persons being lawfully convicted thereof shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried, shall have full Power and Authority either to order such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, to such Place, and in such Manner as other Felons are directed to be transported by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or to suffer such Corporal Punishment, or be punished by Fine, Imprisonment, or otherwise, as to the Court before whom such Person or Persons is or are so tried shall seem proper to order or inflict; and the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Durham* assembled in their General Quarter Sessions, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized, from Time to Time, to order such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid to be prosecuted by Indictment or Indictments at the Assizes for the County of *Durham*, and to direct the Expences of such Prosecutions to be paid by the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said County for the Time being, out of the Publick Stock Punishing Persons damaging Court Houses, Gaol, &c.

Stock and General County Rates of and for the said County; and in every such Indictment or Indictments, such Gaol, House of Correction, and Court House or Court Houses, or other Building or Buildings, shall respectively be alleged and described, and deemed and taken to be the Gaol, House of Correction, and Court House or Court Houses, or Building or Buildings respectively (as the Case may happen) of "The Justices of the Peace for the County of *Durham*," without particularly stating or specifying the Name or Names of all or any of the said Justices.

Cap. cxli.

An Act for paving, cleansing, lighting, watching, and otherwise improving the Streets and other Publick Passages and Places in the Town and Borough of *Oswestry*, in the County of *Salop*.
[3d June 1809.]

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Parish of *Merthyr Tydfil*, and other Places therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Glamorgan*, *Brecon*, and *Monmouth*.
[3d June 1809.]

[*Jurisdiction 5l. No Privilege to Attornies.*]

Cap. cxlii.

An Act for building a Bridge across the River *Thames*, from or near *Vauxhall* Turnpike, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*, to the opposite Shore, in the Parish of *Saint John*, in the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, and County of *Middlesex*, and for making convenient Roads thereto.
[3d June 1809.]

"*Vauxhall Bridge* Company incorporated; empowered to raise "200,000*l.* additional if necessary; 30,000*l.* Sterling to be invested "in the 3 *per Cents.* for the Purposes of the Act before any Lands "shall be purchased, or Works begun.

Frauds on
destroying
Works, &c.
Felony.

CXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down or destroy any of the Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every such Person shall be judged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishments and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

That the Bridge
shall be deemed
to be in Mid-
dlesex and
Surrey.

CXX. 'And, in order to remove all Doubts where and before 'whom Offences committed on the said Bridge shall and may be 'cognizable, and how and by whom the Offenders in such Cases 'may be punished; Be it further enacted, That the Half of the said Bridge, when built, next adjoining to the City and Liberty
of

of *Westminster*, shall be deemed to be in the City and Liberty of *Westminster* and County of *Middlesex*, and Part of and in the Parish of *Saint John Westminster*, and the other Half of the said Bridge adjoining to the County of *Surrey*, shall be deemed to be in the said County of *Surrey*, and Part of and in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, but such Bridge shall not be deemed or taken to be a County Bridge, so as to subject the said City or Liberty of *Westminster* or Counties of *Middlesex* or *Surrey*, or any of the Parishes or Places herein-before mentioned, or either of them, to the repairing or supporting of the same, or any of the Roads herein directed to be made as aforesaid.

Cap. cxliii.

An Act for taking down and re-building the Whole or Part of a certain Bridge called *Wallingford Bridge*, in the Borough of *Wallingford*, in the County of *Berks*, and for opening, widening, and improving the Avenues or Approaches to the said Bridge.

[3d June 1809.]

XLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously blow up, pull down, or destroy the said Bridge, or the said temporary Bridge, or any Part thereof respectively or any Toll House or Tollgate to be erected or set up upon or near the said Bridges or either of them, or any of the Works, Buildings, or Erections made in pursuance of this Act, or cause or procure or direct the same to be done, every Person so offending, on being convicted thereof, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and the Court before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person or Persons to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or may, in mitigation of such Punishment, pronounce such Sentence as the Law directs in cases of Petit Larceny.

Penalty on
Persons injuring
the Bridge,
Felony.

Cap. cxliv.

An Act for taking down and re-building certain Parts of *North Bridge* and *Tickford Bridge*, in the Parishes of *Newport Pagnell* and *Ladbury*, in the County of *Buckingham*, and for widening and making more commodious the said Bridges, and the Approaches thereto.

[3d June 1809.]

Cap. cxlv.

An Act for repairing and maintaining the Road from *Burton upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford* to *Abbots Bromley*, and from *Bagots Bromley* to the present Turnpike Road at or near *Shirley Wich*, in the said County. (b)

[3d June 1809.]

Cap. cxlvi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Carmarthen* to *Lampeter-pon-Stephen*, in the County of *Cardigan*, and other Roads in the said Act mentioned, so far as the same relate to the *Carmarthen* District of Roads, and for consolidating in the same Act and Trust certain other Roads in the said County of *Carmarthen*. (c)

[3d June 1809.]

23 G. 3. c. 109.

Cap. cxlvii.

An Act for making and repairing a Road from *Sobo Hill*, in the Parish of *Handsworth*, to the *Walfall* Turnpike Road, on the Northern Side of *Hamstead Bridge*; and also another Road from *Brown's Green* to a House called *The Friary*, all in the County of *Stafford*. (b)
[3d June 1809.]

Cap. cxlviii.

An Act for vesting the settled and other Estates of *John Pierfon Foote* Esquire, in the Parish of *Calstock*, in the County of *Cornwall*, in Trustees upon trust, to sell and to stand possessed of the Money arising from the Sale thereof, upon the Trusts therein mentioned. (q. P.)
[3d June 1809.]

Cap. cxlix.

An Act for enabling the Minister and Churchwardens of the Parish of *Allhallows Barking*, in the City of *London*, to grant a Lease of certain Estates belonging to the same Parish, pursuant to an Agreement entered into for that Purpose (q. P.)
[3d June 1809.]

Cap. cl.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet and Chapelry of *Wheatley*, in the Parish of *Cuddesden*, in the County of *Oxford*. (q. P.)
[3d June 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 23.

Cap. cli.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Hayes*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for extinguishing the Tithes in the said Parish. (q. P.)
[3d June 1809.]

“ Compensations for Tithes by Corn Rents. § 20, &c.

Cap. clii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Maxey with Deepingate*, *Northborough*, *Glington with Peakirk*, *Etton*, and *Kelshone*, in the County of *Northampton*. (q. P.)
[3d June 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensations in lieu of Tithes. § 22, &c.

Cap. cliii.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Shobdon*, *Aymestrey*, and *Lingen*, in the County of *Hereford*, and for extinguishing Tithes in those Parishes. (q. P.)
[3d June 1809.]

“ Compensation for Tithes by Corn Rents. § 19, &c.

Cap. cliv.

An Act for inclosing *Goring Common*, or *Goring Heath*, and certain Waste Lands, in the Parish of *Goring*, in the County of *Oxford*. (q. P.)
[3d June 1809.]

“ Allotment for Tithes. § 23, &c.

Cap.

Cap. clv.

An Act for continuing * the Term of, and altering and amending an Act, passed in the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing two Acts of His late Majesty, for the Regulation of Luggage and Ballastage in the River *Thames*, and to make more effectual Regulations relating thereto. [10th June 1809.]

45 G. 3. c. xxviii.
* Until the
First Day of
August 1820.
&c.

Cap. clvi.

An Act to alter and amend several Acts passed in the Fortieth, Forty-fourth, Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, and Forty-seventh Years of His present Majesty, for making Wet Docks, Basons, Cuts, and other Works, for the greater Accommodation and Security of Shipping, Commerce, and Revenue, within the Port of *London*, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto, and to enlarge the Powers and Authorities by the said Acts granted to the *London Dock Company*. [10th June 1809.]

39 & 40 G. 3.
c. xlvii.
44 G. 3. c. 100.
44 G. 3. c. ii.
45 G. 3. c. lviii.
46 G. 3. c. lxx.
47 G. 3. c. 2. c. 7.

“ Thirteen Directors empowered to make Contracts for purchasing Houses. &c. § 1. Conveyance by Feme Coverts, &c. valid § 2.
“ All Messuages, &c. purchased, vested in the *London Dock Company*. § 3. Contracts made before the passing of this Act declared valid. § 4. Power to sell, let, or demise Premises. § 5.

VI. ‘ And Whereas divers Obstructions have been given to Constables, Watchmen, and other Persons appointed by the said Company in the Exercise of their Duty;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That if any Person or Persons whomsoever shall at any Time hereafter in any Way obstruct, or be aiding or abetting any other Person or Persons in obstructing in the Execution of his Duty or Employment, any Constable, Watchman, or other Person thereto appointed by, or having Instructions in Writing in that Behalf from the Directors of the said Company, or from the Superintendent of the said Docks, or from the Dock Masters, or One of the Dock Masters of the said Company for the Time being, from or in going on board, or entering into or upon, or being in or upon any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, for the Purpose of searching for or extinguishing any Fire Candle, or Light being or suspected to be therein, contrary to any Provision contained in any of the said recited Acts, or this Act, or contrary to any Order, Rule, or Regulation made by virtue of any of the said recited Acts or this Act, or for the Purpose of discovering any Theft or Embezzlement committed or suspected to have been committed in or about such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, or for the Purpose of quelling any Riot or Disturbance therein, or for any other Purpose authorized by any of the said recited Acts or this Act, or by any such Order, Rule, or Regulation as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Penalty not exceeding Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices before whom the Person or Persons so offending shall be convicted, such Penalty or Penalties to be recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, in like Manner as other Penalties created by any of the said recited Acts; and if any Dog or Dogs shall at any such Time be found loose on board any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, contrary to any such Order, Rule, or Regulation or Instructions, as shall be made in that Behalf

Penalties on Persons obstructing Constables, &c. in going on board Ships or Vessels in the Docks, &c.

by

by the Directors of the said Company, or by the Superintendant of the said Docks, or by the Dock Masters of the said Company, or any One of them, for the Time being, as herein-before mentioned, the Matter or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, and the Person or Persons having the Charge of such Lighter, Boat, or other Craft, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in Manner as aforesaid.

VII. 'And Whereas further Powers and Provisions are found to be necessary respecting the keeping of Fires, Candles and Lamps on board Ships and other Vessels in the said Docks; Be it further enacted, That no Person whomsoever shall have or keep, or cause to be had or kept any Fire, Candle or Lamp lighted, on board any Ship or other Vessel within the Docks or other Works of the said Company, at any Time or Times after the Hour of Four in the Evening, nor before the Hour of Seven in the Morning, between the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* and the Twenty sixth Day of *March* in every Year, nor before the Hour of Five in the Morning between the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* and the Thirtieth Day of *September* in every Year, nor on board any Ship or other Vessel within the Docks or other Works of the said Company, having on board the same any Tar, Pitch, Rosin, Hemp, Flax, Faggots, Furze, Brandy or other Spirituous Liquors, Turpentine, Oil, Hay, Straw, Tallow, Grease, Shavings of Wood, or Combustible Matter whatsoever of any Kind during any Part of the Time which such Ship or other Vessel shall be actually delivering or taking in her Cargo, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered as aforesaid, unless the having of such Fire, Candle, or Lamp so lighted, shall be with the Permission in Writing of the Directors of the said Company, or of the Superintendant of the said Docks, or of the Dock Masters, or One of the Dock Masters of the said Company for the Time being for that Purpose first had and obtained.

VIII. 'And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it is enacted, That in case the Owner, Matter, Pilot, Servant or other Person having the Care of any Ship or other Vessel, shall refuse or neglect to moor, unmoor, move or remove the same, according to the Direction of the Dock Master or Dock Masters of the said Company, within Twelve Hours after Notice to him or them given in Writing, or left with some Person or Persons on board the said Ship or Vessel for that Purpose, that then it should be lawful for the said Dock Master or Dock Masters, or his or their Assistants, and he or they were by the said Act required to moor, unmoor, move, or remove such Ship or Vessel, and the Charges and Expences thereof respectively were thereby directed to be repaid, together with the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Offence, by the Master or Owner of such Ship or Vessel, and to be recovered or paid over in the Manner therein mentioned; and in case any Master, Commander, Mate, Pilot, or other Person or Persons having the Command of any Ship or other Vessel, or the Owner, Agent, Consignee, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, should obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, moving, or removing of any Ship or other Vessel, such Person or Persons should for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of

Ten

For further
Prevention of
Fires, &c. on
board Ships, &c.
in the Docks.

‘ Ten Pounds, to be recovered and applied as therein mentioned: And Whereas the said Time of Twelve Hours after such Notice as aforesaid, allowed by the said Act for complying with such Direction of the Dock Master or Dock Masters as aforesaid, has been found by Experience to be inconvenient;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said several Provisions, Penalties, Matters, and Things in the said Act contained, shall attach and take effect after One Hour from the Time of such Notice being given as aforesaid, in the same Manner to all Intents and Purposes as the same attach and take effect by virtue of the said Act, after Twelve Hours from the Time of such Notice being given as aforesaid.

Removal of Ships, &c. shall be made within One Hour after Notice by the Dock Master.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Penalty or Penalties, Forfeiture or Forfeitures imposed by any of the said recited Acts or this Act is or are made recoverable after the same shall be demanded, it shall and may be lawful for the Treasurer of the said Company for the Time being, or any Person or Persons by him authorized in Writing under his Hand for that Purpose, to make such Demand; and all Demands so made shall be deemed good and sufficient to all Intents and Purposes; any Thing to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Treasurer may make Demand for Penalties.

X. ‘ And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it is enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures by the said Act imposed, concerning which no particular Direction had been therein already given, should, if the same should not be paid within Fourteen Days after the same should be demanded, be recovered and levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, which Warrant they were thereby empowered and required to grant upon the Information of One or more credible Witnesses upon Oath before them made, which Oath they were thereby empowered to administer; and in case no such Distress as aforesaid could be had, then it should be lawful for the said Two or more Justices, by like Warrant or Warrants, to commit the Party or Parties offending to the Common Gaol of the County of *Middlesex* or House of Correction, for the Space of Ten Days, without Bail or Mainprize, or for any less Time at the Discretion of such Justices, unless the said Penalties and Charges should be sooner paid and satisfied: And Whereas the said Powers and Provisions have been extended to the said other recited Acts: And Whereas it is expedient that in certain Cases the said Powers should be given to One Justice of the Peace;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures, not exceeding Ten Pounds, imposed by any of the said recited Acts or this Act, concerning which no particular Direction hath been given, may be recovered and levied in the Manner and Form directed by the said Act passed in the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign as aforesaid, before and by One Justice of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*; and all the said Powers and Provisions therein given and made to, and respecting Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County, as well relating to the Recovering, Levying, Distribution, and Mitigation of Penalties and Forfeitures, as respecting the Commitment of any Party or Parties offending, and also the Form of Conviction in the said Act

Penalties not exceeding 10l. may be recovered before One Justice.

Act mentioned, shall and may be used, exercised and put in force by One Justice of the Peace for the said County; any Thing herein or therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XI. ' And Whereas in pursuance of the said Act passed in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the Directors of the said *London Dock Company* have made a Dock to be used for the unloading of Ships, together with Quays, and other Buildings upon or near the Banks thereof, within the several Parishes in the County of *Middlesex* mentioned in the said Act of the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, and have surrounded and inclosed the same by a strong and durable Wall not less than Twenty Feet high on all Sides, according to the Directions of the said Act, and such Wall is not built within Thirty Feet of any surrounding Buildings: or the Margin or Boundary of any Ground occupied by Buildings: And Whereas it is provided by the said Act that no House or other Building shall be erected on the outside of the said Wall, nor any Building suffered to remain standing within Thirty Feet therefrom, which Provision hath been complied with, and various other Precautions have been taken in erecting the Buildings of the said Company to prevent Mischiefs by Fire; Be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the several Rules and Regulations contained in a certain Act of Parliament, passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the further and better Regulation of Buildings and Party Walls, and for the more effectually preventing Mischiefs by Fire within the Cities of London and Westminster, and the Liberties thereof, and other the Parishes, Precincts, and Places within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, the Parishes of Saint Mary-le-bone, Paddington, Saint Pancras and Saint Luke Chelsea in the County of Middlesex, and for indemnifying under certain Conditions, Builders and other Persons against the Penalties to which they are or may be liable for erecting Buildings within the Limits aforesaid, contrary to Law,* shall not extend or be construed to extend to any Buildings of the said Company erected or to be erected within the said Wall, by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act.

" Powers, &c. of former Acts extended to this Act. § 12. Act shall not compel Parties to sell. § 13. Publick Act. § 14.

Cap. clvii.

8 G. 1. c. 26.

An Act for amending an Act for better supplying the City and Liberties of *Westminster*, and Parts adjacent, with Water, and for enlarging the Powers thereof. [10th June 1809.]

" Governor and Company of *Chelsea Water Works* allowed, with Leave of the Corporation of *London*, to cut the Bank of the River *Thames* below Low Water Mark, and lay Pipes therein. § 1, &c.

Cap. clviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tram Road from the Summit of the Hill above *Churchway Engine*, in the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to a certain Place in the said Forest called *Cinderford Bridge*. [10th June 1809.]

[*The Bullo Pill Railway Company incorporated.*]

XXXV.

Buildings within surrounding Walls of the Docks shall not be subject to Provisions of 14 G. 3. c. 78.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully, maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, destroy, steal, or take away any Part of the said Railway or Tram-Road, or other Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Persons to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws or Statutes of this Realm, or in Mitigation of such Punishment such Courts may, if they shall think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny.

Penalty on destroying Works, &c. Felony, &c.

Cap. clix.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway from the River *Wye*, at or near to a Place called *Lidbrook*, in the Parish of *Ruardean*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to or near to a Place called the *Lower Forge*, below *Newern*, in the Parish of *Lydney*, in the said County, and for making other Railways therein mentioned in the Forest of *Dean*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [10th June 1809.]

[*The Lydney and Lidbrook Railway Company incorporated.*]

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully, maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, destroy, steal or take away any Part of the said Railways, or other Works to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to the like Pains and Penalties as in Cases of Felony; and the Court by and before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws or Statutes of that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* called *England*, or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Courts may, if they shall think fit, award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petit Larceny: Provided, that nothing herein contained shall extend to any Owner of Land, or his or her known Agent or Agents, till Satisfaction shall have been tendered as herein provided.

Penalty on Persons damaging Railways, &c. Felony, &c.

Cap. clx.

An Act to continue and amend several Acts for repairing Roads in the County of *Dumfries*, and converting the Statute Labour within the said County into Money. (a) [10th June 1809.]

Former Acts, 38 G. 3. c. lx. 41 G. 3. c. xlix. all repealed.

Cap. clxi.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Mead Brook*, in the County of *Gloucester*, to *Christian Malsford Bridge*, in the County of *Wilts*, and other Places therein mentioned, and for extending the said Road to the Centre of *Christian Malsford Bridge*. (b) [10th June 1809.]

29 G. 2. c. 56. 2 G. 3. c. 74. 27 G. 3. c. 69.

Cap. clxii.

An Act for the Exchange of Part of the Settled Estates of the Earl of *Guilford*, and for the Sale of other Part, to discharge a Mortgage thereon, and for other Purposes. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxiii.

An Act for the Partition of certain Settled Estates of *John Wharton* Esquire, situate in the Counties of *Tork*, *Westmorland*, and *Durham*. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxiv.

An Act for vesting certain Estates in the Counties of *Kent* and *Suffex*, devised by the Will of *John Hutton* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for investing the Money arising therefrom in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxv.

An Act for vesting Part of the devised Estates of *John Trel Morin* Esquire, deceased, situate in the Counties of *Buckingham* and *Middlesex*, in Trustees to be sold, for discharging Incumbrances affecting the same. and for laying out the Residue of the Monies to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates intended to be sold. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxvi.

An Act for vesting the detached Parts of the Estates of *William Farrer* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees for Sale, under the Direction of the Court of Chancery, for paying the Incumbrances affecting the same. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxvii.

An Act for vesting Part of the Real Estates, in the County of *Lincoln*, devised by the Will of *Henry Massingberd* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees to be sold, and for applying Part of the Purchase Money in paying off certain Incumbrances affecting the said Estates, and for laying out the Residue thereof in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxviii.

An Act for vesting certain Estates late of the Honourable *George Jocelyn* deceased, in the County of *Dublin*, in Trustees to be sold, and for laying out the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of Government Securities, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates sold. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxix.

An Act for vesting in Trustees a certain Tract of Open Pasture Land called *Box Moor*, in the Parish of *Hemel Hempsted*, in the County of *Hertford*, upon certain Trusts, applying the Produce thereof, and for better securing the Rights of the respective Parties entitled to the said Moor. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

Cap. clxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Dronfield*, in the County of *Derby*. (q. P.) [10th June 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 12, &c. Leases by the
“ Vicar of *Dronfield* not valid without the King's Consent as Patron
“ of the Vicarage.

Cap.

Cap. clxxi.

An Act for reviving, continuing *, and amending an Act, passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of His present Majesty, for laying a Toll upon all Horses and Carriages passing on a Sunday over *Blackfriars Bridge*, and for applying the Money to arise thereby towards increasing the Fund for watching, lighting, cleansing, watering, and repairing the said Bridge. [15th June 1809.]

* For One Year, &c.

26 G. 3. c. 37.

Cap. clxxii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Term and Powers of Three Acts, made in the Forty-second, Forty-fourth, and Forty-sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making, maintaining, watching, lighting, and watering several Roads to communicate with the *West India Docks*, in the *Isle of Dogs*, and the *East India Docks* at *Blackwall*, both in the County of *Middlesex*; and also of several Acts for repairing the *Cannon Street Road*, in the said County; and also for making, maintaining, watching, lighting, and watering a new Road from the said Road communicating with the *East India Docks*, to *Barking*, in the County of *Essex*; and for enlarging the Powers of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road from the *Romford* and *Whitechapel* Road to or near to *Tilbury Fort*, in the County of *Essex*. (b) [15th June 1809.]

42 G. 3. c. ci.

44 G. 3. c. xxxvii.

46 G. 3. c. cxxxv.

48 G. 3. c. cxi.

Cap. clxxiii.

An Act for continuing the Term and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of the Sixth and Twenty-eighth Years of His present Majesty, for repairing several Roads leading to the Town of *Dartford*, in the County of *Kent*. (b) [15th June 1809.]

6 G. 3. c. 99.

28 G. 3. c. 64.

Cap. clxxiv.

An Act for extending and enlarging the Powers or Authorities given by an Act passed in the Thirty-seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Enfranchisement of Copyhold and Customary Lands, Parcel of the Manor of Arundel, and other Manors entailed by the Act of Parliament of the Third of Charles the First, and for the Sale of Tithes also entailed by the said Act*. (q. P.) [15th June 1809.]

37 G. 3. c. 40. pr.

And see 41 G. 3.

(U. K.) c. xv.

Cap. clxxv.

An Act to empower the Trustees under the Will of the Right Honourable *Edward* late *Lord Thurlow* to grant in Fee upon Fee Farm Rents, or for long Terms of Years, certain Estates by the same Will devised in Trust for Sale, and to pull down the Mansion House called *Knight's Hill*, and to make Roads, and to enfranchise Copyholds, and for other Purposes. (q. P.) [15th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxvi.

An Act for vesting an Estate in the County of *Lincoln*, devised by the Will of *Francis* Lord *Le Despencer*, in Trustees, upon Trust, to sell the same, and with the Money arising therefrom to discharge the Incumbrances thereupon, and to lay out the Surplus in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. (q. P.) [15th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxvii.

An Act for effecting the Sale of certain Estates devised by the Will of *Henry Partridge* Esquire, deceased, and for laying out the Money to arise by such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, and for settling the same to the like Uses. (q. P.) [15th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxviii.

An Act for vesting certain detached Parts of the Estates devised or limited to strict Uses by the Will of the Right Honourable *William* late Lord *Craven* deceased, and situate in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trustees, to be sold, and for applying Part of the Monies arising from the Sale thereof, in discharge of an Incumbrance subsisting thereon, and for laying out the Residue of such Monies in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses.

[15th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxix.

An Act for vesting certain Estates, late of *Thomas Hodgkins* Esquire, lying in the respective Parishes of *Walsfall* and *Aldridge*, in the County of *Stafford*, in Trustees, in trust to sell the same, and apply the Purchase Monies arising therefrom in paying off all Incumbrances upon such Estates, and otherwise, under the Directions of the High Court of Chancery. (q. P.)

[15th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxx.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sharnbrook*, in the County of *Bedford*. (q. P.)

[15th June 1809.]

“ Allotments for Tithes. § 21, &c.

Cap. clxxxi.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wilshamstead*, in the County of *Bedford*. (q. P.)

[15th June 1809.]

“ Allotments and Compensation for Tithes. § 21, &c.

Cap. clxxxii.

An Act to enable the *Royal Exchange* Insurance Company of *Ireland* to sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary.

[19th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxxiii.

An Act for making new Sewers and Drains and amending the present Sewers and Drains within certain Districts under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from *East Mouldsey* in *Surrey*, to *Ravenstone* in *Kent*, and for other Purposes relating to the Execution of the Commission of Sewers for the said Limits.

[19th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxxiv.

An Act for rendering more effectual Two Acts passed for the better regulating the Poor in the Parish of *Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey*, in the County of *Surrey*; for inclosing the Church Yard thereof, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto.

[19th June 1809.]

81 G. 3. c. 45.

21 G. 3. c. 19.

Cap. clxxxv.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant the Moot Hall, Grand Jury Room, and certain Grounds and Buildings adjoining thereto in the Castle Garth, within the Scite of the Old Castle of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, to the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Northumberland*, for building Courts of Justice, and also a Gaol for the said County, and for other Purposes therein mentioned relating thereto.

[19th June 1809.]

X. And be it further enacted, That all and every the said Moot Hall, Shire Hall, Court Houses, Grand Jury Room, Offices, Gaol, and Buildings, so to be provided and erected as aforesaid, and also such open Space of Ground as shall or may be laid out and attached thereto as a Court Yard, and bounded as before-mentioned, shall from and immediately after the same shall be so erected and laid out, respectively be, and be deemed to be, within and Parcel of the said County of *Northumberland* to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and that all and every other Part and Parts of the said Castle Garth and Scite of the said old Castle of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, shall from thenceforth be deemed and taken to be within and Parcel of the Town and County of the Town of *Newcastle-upon-Tyne*, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; any Law, Usage, Custom, or Grant whatsoever to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Moot Hall,
Gaol, &c.
declared to be
within the
County.

Cap. clxxxvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from the Borough of *Southwark* to the *Kent* Road in the County of *Surrey*. (b)

[19th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxxvii.

An Act to repeal so much of an Act passed in the Forty-eighth Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing Wastes in the Township of *Minera* in the County of *Denbigh*, as subjects the Owners of certain Mines there to Damages for working the same, and as authorizes any Person to get Stone from any Mines of Stone in the said Wastes. (q. P.)

[19th June 1809.]

48 G. 3. c. xvi.

Cap. c:xxxviii.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road leading from *Barmouth* in the County of *Merioneth*, to *Tracthmawr* in the County of *Caernarvon*, and for building a Bridge at *Traethbach*, in the said County of *Merioneth*. (b)

[20th June 1809.]

Cap. clxxxix.

An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of *Deptsford*, *Greenwich*, and several other Parishes and Places in the Counties of *Kent* and *Surrey*.

[20th June 1809.]

[*The Company of Proprietors of the Kent Water Works incorporated.*]

LX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall knowingly, wilfully, or maliciously break, throw down, or destroy any Banks or other Works erected, made, or maintained by virtue of this Act, then and in every such Case every such Person shall be judged guilty of Felony, and the Court by and before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to

Punishment
for destroying
Works.

cause such Person or Persons to be transported beyond the Seas for the Term of Seven Years, or in Mitigation of such Punishment such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

Cap. exc.

An Act for the better Government of the Watermen working on the Passage between *Gosport*, *Portsmouth*, and *Portsea* and other Places within *Portsmouth* Harbour, and to and from *Spithead*, *St. Helen's*, and other Parts within the *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, and to and from certain Places in the said Island, and for regulating the Fares of such Watermen. [20th June 1809.]

WHEREAS the Conduct of the Watermen working on the Passage between *Gosport*, in the Parish of *Alverstoke*, and *Portsmouth*, and *Portsea*, and to and from *Hardway*, *Fareham*, *Portchester*, *Palsgrove*, *Wymering*, and other Places within *Portsmouth* Harbour, and to and from *Spithead* and *Saint Helen's*, and other Parts and Places within the *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, by reason of their demanding exorbitant and unequal Prices for the Carriage of Passengers, and their refusing to carry Passengers across the Harbour of *Portsmouth*, and to and from *Hardway*, *Fareham*, *Portchester*, *Palsgrove*, *Wymering*, and other Places within *Portsmouth* Harbour, and to the Ships and Vessels of His Majesty, and other Ships and Vessels lying within the said Harbour, and at *Spithead*, *Saint Helen's*, and other Places within the said *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*, and to and from the Places lying within the said Harbour and in the said *Isle of Wight*, between *Cowes* and *Saint Helen's*, has been long complained of, and is now become a general Grievance, and is a great Inconvenience and Decrement to the Inhabitants of the said Towns and Neighbourhood, and also to the Officers and Seamen belonging to the said Ships and Vessels: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Southampton* for the Time being, the Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen of the Borough of *Portsmouth* for the Time being, the Steward of the Bishoprick of *Winchester* for the Time being, the Bishop of *Winchester's* Bailiff of the Borough and Manor of *Gosport* for the Time being, the Rector of *Alverstoke* for the Time being, the Incumbent of *Gosport* Chapel for the Time being, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Dock Yard at *Portsmouth* for the Time being, the Governor of *Hastar* Hospital for the Time being, *George Porter* Esquire, [&c. &c.] shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the several Powers and Authorities in and by this Act given.

Commissioners.

Meetings of
Commissioners,
and Power to
make Rates for
Watermen.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, are hereby empowered and required to meet on the First *Tuesday* in the Months of *July*, *November*, and *March* in each Year, at some convenient Place within the said Borough of *Gosport* or Borough of *Portsmouth*, to be appointed by the said Commissioners, such Meetings to be alternately held at the said Borough of *Gosport* and Borough of *Portsmouth*; the First Meeting of the said Commissioners to be held at the *India Arms Inn* in *Gosport*, on the

First

First *Tuesday* in *July* next after the passing of this Act, and the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, shall and may, if they shall see fit, from Time to Time adjourn such Meetings, or any or either of them, in such Manner and to such Time as they shall think proper; and that the Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, at such First Meeting to be holden as aforesaid, or at any Adjournment or Adjournments thereof, shall and they are hereby required to proceed to fix and assess the Rates and Fares to be taken by the said Watermen for the Passage of any Person or Persons, either with or without Horses or other Cattle, to and from *Gosport*, *Portsmouth*, and *Portsea*, and other Parts within the said Harbour of *Portsmouth*, and to and from any Ships or Vessels lying within the said Harbour, and also to and from *Spithead*, *Saint Helen's*, the *Motherbank*, *Stokes Bay*, and other Parts within the said *Isle of Wight*, and to and from any Ships or Vessels lying thereat, and also to and from *Brading*, *Ryde*, *Cowes*, or any other Place in the said Island, between *Saint Helen's* and *Cowes*, which Rates and Fares so assessed and rated shall continue in force respectively until they, or any or either of them, shall be altered by any Order of the said Commissioners, to be made at any subsequent Meeting of the said Commissioners, which Alteration it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Seven or more of them, at any Time or Times hereafter to make at any Meeting to be held in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act.

“ Once in every Year Vacancies occasioned by the Death, &c. of
 “ Commissioners shall be filled up by the other Commissioners; and
 “ Notice of Meetings for that Purpose, and of all other Meetings
 “ under this Act, shall be given to Commissioners by their Clerk. § 3.
 “ Equal Number of Commissioners on each Side of the Water. § 4.
 “ Oath of Commissioners. § 5. Qualification of Commissioners. § 6.
 “ Appointment of Clerk. § 7. Duty of the Clerk and Treasurer. § 8.
 “ Power for the Clerk to adjourn Meetings, &c. § 9.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby required to make and settle Two several and distinct Tables of Rates and Fares, the Rates and Fares in one of which shall be payable in fair Weather, and the other in foul Weather; and for the Purpose of obviating any Doubt as to the Time at which the said Rates and Fares may be respectively demanded, the said Commissioners shall provide a Blue Flag, to be hoisted on the Beach at *Gosport*, by such Person, and in such Manner and Form, as the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, at any Meeting to be holden in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, shall from Time to Time appoint and order, or as shall be directed by any Bye-Law to be made in pursuance of the Provisions herein-after contained, and which said Person shall be paid such Sum and Sums of Money as the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall from Time to Time direct; and so long as the said Flag shall remain hoisted, the foul Weather Fares shall be demanded, and at all other Times the fine Weather Fares only shall be payable: Provided always, that if the said Flag shall be hoisted or hauled down while the said Watermen, or any or either of them, is or are in the Act of carrying any Person or Persons to or from any Place or Places as aforesaid, the said Watermen shall be paid the Rate or Rates, Fare or Fares, which was or were payable at the Time such Person or Per-

Two Tables or Rates of Fares to be allowed for fair and foul Weather, to be determined by a Flag which is payable.

Watermen entitled to the Fare payable at the Time of being hired.

sons first left the Shore or Place in the Boat of such Waterman or Watermen.

Tables of Fares to be printed, and a Copy delivered to each licensed Waterman.

XI. And be it further enacted, That when the said Tables of Rates and Fares shall be settled by the said Commissioners, the same shall be printed, and the said Commissioners shall cause a Copy thereof to be delivered to each of the said Watermen to be licensed as herein-after mentioned, and One Copy of such Rates painted on a Board shall be affixed on the Door of the Market House in *Gosport* aforesaid, One other such Copy on the Door of the Guildhall of *Portsmouth* aforesaid, and One other such Copy in the Town of *Portsea*, at or near the Gates of His Majesty's Dock Yard there; and when and as often as the same, or either of them, shall be defaced or destroyed, the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be replaced by another or others; and when and as often as any Alteration or Alterations shall be made by the said Commissioners in the said Tables of Rates or Fares, the same shall be in like Manner printed, delivered, painted, and affixed as aforesaid.

Penalty on taking higher Rates or refusing to take Passengers.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Waterman, or other Person employed by him, shall demand or take more than the Rates or Prices so to be assessed and rated as aforesaid, except as herein-after mentioned, or shall (not being prevented by some obvious Difficulty or Danger, which such Waterman shall make appear to the Satisfaction of the Justice or Justices before whom any Complaint shall be laid) refuse to carry any Passenger for such Rates or Prices, every such Waterman so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, to be levied and recovered, paid and applied in Manner herein-after mentioned: Provided always nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Watermen to demand Double the Rate of Fare fixed by the said Tables between the Hours of Six of the Clock in the Evening, and Six of the Clock in the Morning, between the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* and the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* in each Year; and between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Evening, and Five of the Clock in the Morning, between the Twenty-fifth Day of *March* and the Twenty-ninth Day of *September* in each Year.

Penalty on Persons not paying the established Fares.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect to pay any Waterman or Watermen licensed as herein-after mentioned the Fare or Fares which he or they is, are, or shall be entitled to demand, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of the Peace of the said County of *Southampton*, if the Offence shall be committed out of the Borough of *Portsmouth*, or of the Borough of *Portsmouth* if the Offence shall be committed within it, or of the Borough of *Portsmouth*, or the County of *Southampton*, if the Offence shall be committed upon the Water within the Harbour of *Portsmouth*, upon Complaint thereof, to grant a Warrant to bring before him the Person or Persons against whom such Complaint shall be made, and, upon Proof upon Oath of One Witness (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer), to award reasonable Satisfaction to the Party aggrieved for his Damages and Costs, and, upon Refusal to pay or make such Satisfaction, to levy the same by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person or Persons so refusing.

XIV. And

XIV. 'And, for better preventing the Misbehaviour of any such Waterman, or any Apprentice or Assitant employed by him,' be it further enacted, That upon Complaint of any Misbehaviour of any Waterman, Apprentice, or Assitant, in assaulting, insulting, or using abusive or insulting Language to any Person or Persons whomsoever, it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice of the Peace for the said County of *Southampton* or Borough of *Portsmouth*, within his respective or concurrent Jurisdiction, to summon such Waterman, Apprentice, or Assitant before him to answer the said Complaint, and upon Proof thereof upon Oath (which Oath the said Justice is hereby empowered to administer), or by his own Confession, or on the View of a Justice of the Peace, such Waterman, Apprentice, or Assitant, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be levied and recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein-after mentioned; and if sufficient Distress cannot be had, he shall be committed to the House of Correction for the County, Borough, or Place where the Complaint shall be heard, for One Calendar Month, or every Waterman convicted of any such Offence shall forfeit and lose his Licence, and shall not be again licensed for the Space of One whole Year next ensuing; and such Waterman, Apprentice, or Assitant so offending shall and may, by Authority of this Act, unless such Person being a Waterman shall, upon Demand, produce and shew to the Party aggrieved his Licence, so that such Party may ascertain his Name and Place of Abode, or being an Apprentice or Assitant shall at the Time of the Offence committed be actually on board the Boat of his Master, having the Name and Place of Abode of such Master painted thereon, be apprehended by any Person or Persons who shall see such Offence committed, and shall be immediately conveyed or delivered to a Constable, or other Peace Officer, in order to be conveyed before some Justice of the Peace to be dealt with according to Law.

Punishing
Watermen and
Apprentices for
Misbehaviour,
Sec.

- " Watermen to be summoned for the Purpose of being licensed. § 15.
- " Commissioners empowered to license Watermen. § 16. Commissioners may grant and renew Licenses annually. § 17. Clerk to make List of licensed Watermen. § 18. Watermen may be restricted to work within the Harbour only, and shall pay for Licence Twenty Shillings or Ten Shillings accordingly. Watermen to give Notice of Removal. § 19. Watermen shall give in the Names of Apprentices and Assitants. § 20. Licensed Watermen may take One Apprentice. § 21.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any such Apprentice, until he shall have attained the full Age of Eighteen Years, and have been apprenticed for the Space of Two Years, to take upon himself the sole Care and Management of any Boat; and in case any such Apprentice shall offend herein, or any licensed Waterman shall permit any Boat to be under the Care or Management of any Person or Persons other than himself, or some other licensed Waterman, or of some Person who shall be of the Age of Eighteen Years and shall have served at least Two Years of his Apprenticeship, the Master of the said Apprentice or such licensed Person so offending as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offense the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied, recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein-after mentioned; and if sufficient Distress cannot be had, he shall be committed to the House of Correction

Boat not to be
entrusted solely
to the Care of
an Apprentice.
Penalty 5l.

where the Complaint shall be heard, for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months.

“ Penalty on Persons working on the said Passage without a Licence, “ Ten Pounds. § 23.

Watermen to take no more than Ten Passengers in fair Weather and Six in foul. Penalty 2l.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any such Waterman or Apprentice, so having the Charge of his Master's Boat as aforesaid, to receive, take into, or carry in his Wherry or Boat at one and the same Time, any more than Ten Persons in fair Weather, or than Six when such Flag shall be or remain hoisted as aforesaid; and in case any such Waterman or Apprentice shall take or receive into or carry in his said Wherry or Boat any greater Number of Persons than are respectively allowed to be carried as aforesaid, every such Waterman or Apprentice so offending, and being thereof convicted by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, or by Confession of the Party or Parties, before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of Southampton or Borough of Portsmouth respectively, or on View of any such Justice or Justices, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied, recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein-after mentioned; and if sufficient Distress cannot be had, he shall be committed to the House of Correction of the County, Borough, or Place where the Complaint shall be heard, for Two Calendar Months; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, to revoke the Licence granted to such Waterman, and he shall not again be licensed.

Boats shall be kept in good Condition.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said licensed Watermen shall keep their Boats in good Repair, Order, and Condition, and well and sufficiently provided with Masts, Sails, Oars, Rudder, and all other proper Gear and Tackle, and that whenever any such Watermen shall be hired to go to any Place, Ship, or Vessel without the said Harbour of Portsmouth, they shall provide themselves with and have in their respective Boats Two Sets of Sails, one adapted for fair and the other for foul Weather, and that on such Occasions every such Waterman shall have at least One Assistant; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Two or more of the said Commissioners, or any Person or Persons to be specially appointed by the Commissioners under this Act, or any Five or more of them, at some Meeting to be holden pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, and who shall be paid such Sum and Sums of Money for their Service as the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, shall from Time to Time direct, from Time to Time to inspect the said Boats, and for any Two or more of such Commissioners, or such Person so to be appointed, to order such of the said Boats as shall and may be found deficient in any Respect to be laid by, and such Boat shall not be used again till the Defect shall have been repaired, and the said Boats shall have been inspected and approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or by such Person or Persons so to be specially appointed as aforesaid; and in case any such Waterman shall use any Boat not in good Repair and Condition, and well and sufficiently provided with Masts, Sails, Oars, Rudder, and other proper Gears and Tackle, or without its Number, and the Name and Place of Abode of such Waterman painted in legible Figures and Letters in
some

some conspicuous Part on the Inside thereof, or, on being hired to go to any Place or Ship without the said Harbour of *Portsmouth*, shall not provide himself with and have on board the said Boat Two Sets of Sails as aforesaid and One Assistant; or shall presume to use any Boat which shall have been declared insufficient as aforesaid, until such Boat shall have afterwards been inspected and approved of by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or by such Person or Persons so to be appointed as aforesaid; or if any Person who shall be licensed only to work within the said Harbour shall use his Boat for Hire on the Outside thereof, every such Waterman so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be levied and recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein-after mentioned.

“ Seven Commissioners may make Orders at any of their Meetings
 “ for carrying this Act into Execution. § 26. Commissioners may
 “ revoke Orders, &c. § 27.

XXVIII. ‘ And Whereas the Hard or Landing Place from the
 ‘ said Harbour of *Portsmouth* on the *Gosport* Side thereof is liable to
 ‘ be much injured by Ships, Vessels, Lighters, Barges, Boats of
 ‘ Burthen, or other Boats lying thereon, which by due Care in the
 ‘ Persons having the Command of such Ships, Vessels, Lighters,
 ‘ Barges, Boats of Burthen, and other Boats, may be avoided;’
 Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, if any Master, or other Person having the Command of any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat of Burthen, or other Boat, shall place or permit, or suffer any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat of Burthen, or other Boat, to lie over or upon the said Hard or Landing Place on the *Gosport* Side of the said Harbour of *Portsmouth* every such Master, or other Person having the Command of any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge, Boat of Burthen, or other Boat, so placed, permitted, or suffered to lie over or upon the said Hard, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied, recovered, paid, and applied in Manner herein-after mentioned.

Penalty on
 Vessels lying on
 Gosport Hard.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act, or by any such Bye Law, Order, Rule, and Regulation made in pursuance thereof (the Manner of Recovery whereof is not otherwise particularly mentioned), shall and may, if not otherwise sooner paid, be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace in or for the County of *Southampton*, or in or for the County, City, Borough, Town, Division, or Place wherein such Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, or where such Good and Chattels shall be, which Warrant such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered and required to grant, such Offender or Offenders having been first convicted of any Offence or Offences done or committed contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Southampton* or Borough of *Portsmouth*, according to their respective Jurisdictions under this Act, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath the said Justice and Justices is and are hereby empowered to administer, or on the Confession of the Offender or Offenders; and the said Penalties and Forfeitures when recovered,
 rendering

Recovery of
 Penalties.

rendering the Overplus (if any be), after deducting the Expence of such Distress and Sale, upon Demand, to the Party or Parties whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained, shall be paid to the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, and shall be applied (if not otherwise directed to be applied by this Act) for and towards the Purposes of this Act; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, and such Penalties and Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices, and he and they are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to commit such Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the County, City, Borough, Town, or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months where the Penalty shall not amount to Five Pounds, but in all Cases where the Penalty shall amount to or exceed that Sum, and where no other Punishment on Non-payment thereof shall be hereinbefore directed to be inflicted, the said Offender or Offenders shall be committed as aforesaid, for any Time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalties and Forfeitures respectively shall be sooner paid.

Informations for Offences to be given within Three Months.

XXX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons shall be subject or liable to the Payment of any of the Penalties or Forfeitures inflicted by virtue of this Act, unless Information shall be given of such Offence or Offences within Three Calendar Months next after the Offence shall have been committed.

Allowing a concurrent Jurisdiction to the Justices for Southampton and the Borough of Portsmouth, in certain Cases.

XXXI. And, for the better enforcing due Obedience to this Act, and ascertaining the Mode of Recovery of the respective Penalties, be it further enacted, That the Justices of the Peace of the said County of Southampton, as to Offences committed in the said County out of the Borough of Portsmouth aforesaid, and the Justices of the Peace of the said Borough of Portsmouth, as to Offences committed within the said Borough of Portsmouth, and every of them, shall have full Power and Authority by virtue of this Act, upon Complaint made to them or any of them by any Person or Persons, to examine, hear, and determine by the Oath of One or more Witness or Witnesses (which Oath each and every of them are hereby authorized to administer), or by the Confession of the Offender, all Complaints or Offences to be done or committed within their said respective Jurisdictions, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that where any Offence against this Act shall be committed upon the Water within the Harbour of Portsmouth, the Justices of the Peace for the County of Southampton, and those for the Borough of Portsmouth, shall have a concurrent Jurisdiction as to such Offences, and the Parties making Complaint thereof may make such Complaint to the one or the other as they shall think proper.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all Cases where any Conviction shall be had for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, or any Matter in pursuance of this Act, the Form of Conviction shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; that is to say,

Form of Conviction.

County of Southampton or Borough } BE it remembered, That on this
 of Portsmouth, to wit. } Day of
 in the Year of the Reign of
 A. B. is convicted before Justice or
 Justices of the Peace for of having [as the
 Offence

‘ Offence may be] and I [or, we] the said Justice or Justices do ad-
 ‘ judge him, [her, or them] to forfeit and pay for the same the Sum
 ‘ of _____ and for the Costs of Prosecution the Sum
 ‘ of _____ Given under my Hand and Seal [or, our
 ‘ Hands and Seals] the Day and Year first aforesaid.’

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be guilty of any Offence against this Act, or any of the Powers or Directions herein contained, and shall be thereupon summoned, or shall appear before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, and such Person or Persons shall be convicted of any such Offence, every such Person or Persons shall pay the Costs of such Summons and Conviction, and the Distress to be taken in consequence of such Conviction shall be for such Costs, as well as the other Monies for which such Distress shall be made; any Statute, Law, Custom, or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Offenders convicted shall pay the Expence of Summons and Conviction.

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justice or Justices of the Peace, before whom any of the specifick Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act imposed shall be recovered, to mitigate, compound, or lessen any of the said Penalties or Forfeitures as he or they in his or their Discretion shall think fit, so as that the same be not mitigated or reduced to less than One Moiety or Half Part thereof, together with Costs as aforesaid.

Mitigation of Penalties.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Defect or Want of Form in any Proceeding relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties distrained be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards done by him or them; but the Party or Parties aggrieved by such Irregularity shall or may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damages, together with Costs of Suit, in an Action of Trespass or on the Case, at his, her, or their Election.

Distress not to be deemed unlawful for Want of Form only.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Thirty Days Notice thereof shall have been first given in Writing to the Clerk and Treasurer of the said Commissioners, signed by the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and stating his, her, or their Place of Abode, and unless the same shall be commenced before the Expiration of Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, nor after Tender of reasonable Amends shall have been made by or in Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit; nor unless such Action or Suit shall be laid or brought in the County of *Southampton*; and the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit to be commenced for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the Matter or Thing for which such Action or Suit shall be brought was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if such Matter or Thing shall appear to have been so done, or if it shall appear that such Action or Suit was brought before Thirty Days Notice thereof was given in Manner aforesaid, or such Notice shall not state

Limitation of Actions for Matters done under this Act, Six Months. Thirty Days Notice, &c.

state the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs true Place or Places of Abode, or that such Action or Suit was not commenced before the Expiration of Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; or if it shall appear that Tender of reasonable Amends was made by or on the Behalf of the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit, before such Action or Suit was commenced or brought, or if the Venue in such Action or Suit shall be laid in any other County or Place than the County of *Southampton*, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or discontinue his, her, or their Action or Suit after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any Case by Law, and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall not in such Action be permitted to give any Thing in Evidence which shall not have been expressed in such Notice, and it shall be incumbent on the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs to prove such Notice to have been given, or in Default thereof the Defendant or Defendants shall be entitled to such Verdict and Costs as aforesaid.

Informers may
be rewarded out
of the Penalties.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Southampton* or Borough of *Portsmouth* before whom such Persons shall be convicted, or the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, from Time to Time, if they shall see Cause, to pay and apply such Part of the Penalties and Forfeitures to be recovered for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act as they shall think proper, not exceeding One Moiety of them, or any of them, to and for the Use of the Informer or Informers of such respective Offence or Offences; any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Appeal.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself, or themselves aggrieved by any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may, as to Things done in the said County of *Southampton* and out of the said Borough, appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Southampton*, and as to Things done within the said Borough of *Portsmouth*, to the Justices of the said Borough, at the then next General or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be holden in and for the said County or Borough respectively, after the Expiration of Twenty Days from the Cause of such Appeal, such Appellant first giving or causing to be given Ten Days Notice at least in Writing of his, her, or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Cause thereof, to the Clerk to the said Commissioners, and within Two Days next after such Notice given, entering into a Recognizance or Recognizances before some Justice of the Peace for the said County or Borough, as the Case may require, with Two sufficient Sureties, in the Penalty of Thirty Pounds, conditioned to try such Appeal at such Sessions, and abide the Order of, and to pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the said Justices upon the Hearing of the said Appeal; and the said Justices, upon due Proof of such Notice being given as aforesaid, and of the entering into such Recognizance, shall at the said Sessions to which the said Appeal shall be made, or if they shall see fit to adjourn the same, at the Sessions then next following at farthest, hear and finally determine the Causes
and

and Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and award such Costs for the Appellant or Appellants, or Respondent or Respondents, as they the said Justices respectively shall think proper; and the Determination of such Justices shall be final, binding, and conclusive to all Parties concerned or interested therein: Provided nevertheless, that all Appeals against Convictions before any Justice or Justices for the Borough of *Portsmouth* shall be made to the Sessions for the said Borough, and all Appeals against Convictions before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of *Southampton* shall be made to the Sessions for the County at large.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Proceedings to be had touching the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders against this Act, or any Order, Matter, or Thing to be done or transacted in or relating to the Execution of this Act, shall be removed by *Certiorari*, or vacated or quashed for the Want of Form only; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proceedings not to be qualified for Want of Form.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to any Waterman or Watermen working across the Lake between *Hasslar* and *Gosport*, in the Ferry Boat or Ferry Boats belonging to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Transport Service for the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, and for the Care and Custody of Prisoners of War; but that the Waterman or Watermen working the said Ferry Boat or Boats of the said Commissioners may at all Times work the same without any Controul or Interference of the Commissioners named or to be named under the Authority of this Act, as if this Act had not been made.

This Act not to extend to Watermen working on Hasslar Lake.

“ Saving the Rights of the Corporation of *Portsmouth*. § 41. Saving the Rights of the Bishop of *Winchester*. § 42. Publick Act. § 43.

Cap. cxci.

An Act for building a Bridge over the River *Thames* from the Precinct of the *Savoy*, or near thereunto, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore, and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith, in the County of *Surrey*.

[20th June 1809.]

“ Company of Proprietors of the *Strand* Bridge incorporated.—Before commencing the Purchase of Houses or building the Bridge, 60,000*l.* shall be invested in Three per Cents. at the Bank of *England*, and 300,000*l.* actually subscribed.—Special Commissioners (the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Chancellor of the Duchy of *Lancaster*, Speaker of the House of Commons. &c.) appointed to inspect the Accounts and superintend the Expenditure of the Tolls, &c.—The Chancellor and Council of the Duchy of *Lancaster* empowered to sell Lands belonging to the King in right of his Duchy.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Undertaking, break, throw down, or destroy any Part of the Bridge to be erected and made by virtue of this Act, every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being

Penalty on Persons destroying Works, Felony, &c.

being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishment and Penalties as in Cases of Grand Larceny; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like Manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in Cases of Petty Larceny.

That the Bridge shall be deemed to be in Middlesex and Surrey.

CXXXII. ‘ And, in order to remove all Doubts where and before whom Offences committed on the said Bridge shall and may be cognizable, and how and by whom the Offenders in such Cases may be punished;’ Be it further enacted, That the Half of the said Bridge, when built, next adjoining to the County of *Middlesex*, shall be deemed to be in the County of *Middlesex*, and Part of and in the Parish of *Saint Clement Danes*; and the other Half of the said Bridge adjoining to the County of *Surrey* shall be deemed to be in the County of *Surrey*, and Part of and in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*; but such Bridge shall not be deemed or taken to be a County Bridge, so as to subject the said Counties of *Middlesex* or *Surrey*, or either of them, to the repairing or supporting the same.

Cap. excii.

An Act for more effectually supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Towns of *Manchester* and *Salford* in the Parish of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [20:h June 1809]

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