# SERMON

#### PREACHED

On a Preparation-day, before the Sacrament of the Lord's-Supper, at Bruntisland, upon 2 Sam. vii. 20. Do as thou hast said.

By the late Reverend

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# Faith's Plea upon God's WORD.

2 SAM. vii. 25.

## ---- Do as thou hast said.

AVID wasa strong believer; and it were our great advantage to follow him in his faith: and in the word that I fix upon to speak a little to, there are two ways wherein his faith works, I. By believing the divine word, Thou hast faid so and so. 2. By pleading the

accomplishment thereof, Do as thou hast said.

The object and ground of faith is the divine laying; and faith rests upon a Thus saith the Lord; it is not upon a Thus saith a Man, or Thus saith a Minister; nay, nor thus saith an Angel. Divine saith can stand only upon a divine testimony: Thus saith the Lord, thou hast said. If you have saith, then, you have received the word not, as the word of man, but, as it is indeed, the word of God, which essectively works in you that believe. Faith acts by taking God's word, Thou hast said; thou hast promised; thou hast spoken in thy holmess.

2. Faith acts by pleading the accomplishment of the promise, Do as thou hast said. God is not a speaker only, but a doer: he is not a promiser only, but a performer; and faith looks to a promising God, that he may be a perform-

ing God; and so puts him to his word.

OBSERV. That it is the business of true faith, to take

God's word, and to put him to it.

In the illustration of this doctrinal proposition, we would incline, through divine aid, to essay briefly the following things.

1. To shew, That it is the business of faith to take God's

word.

II. That it is the business of faith to put him to his word.

III. How faith takes the word of God.

IV. How

IV. How it pleads the accomplishment of the promise.

V. Whence is this the business of faith to take God at his word, and to put him to his word.

VI. Make application of the whole.

I. We are first to shew, That it is the business of faith to TAKE God's word, or to take him at his word : this is plain, because the word is the immediate object of faith. We have no other glass wherein to see God savingly, but his word, particularly his word of grace and promise; "Say not who shall ascend to heaven, that is, to bring Christ down from above; or who shall descend into the deep, that is, to bring up Christ again from the dead. The word is nigh thee, even in thy mouth and in thy heart: fo then, faith comes by hear. ing, and hearing by the word of God," Rom. x. 6. 7, 8. FAITH is a relative word, it relates to the faithfulness of the speaker; believing relates to a word to be believed. That it is the business of faith to trust in the word of God is evident from the whole scripture. How many times Pfal. exix. doth the plalmilt speak of trusting in his word, and hoping in his word and rejoicing in his word, and so taking him at his word?

II. We come in the next place, to shew, That it is the bust mess of faith to put him to his word, or to plead the accomplishment of his word, that he would do as he had said; this is evident from Psal. cxix. 49. Remember the word unto the fervant, upon which thou hast caused me to hope. And how many times doth he plead with God, to do to him according to his word? Quicken me according to the word, ver. 25. Again and again we have this repeated; as ver. 107, 154. Srengthen me according to the word, ver. 28. Save me, according to the word, ver. 41. Be merciful to me, according to the word, ver. 58. Deal well with the servant, according to the word, ver. 65. Let the merciful kindness be my comfort, according to the word, ver. 65. Let the merciful kindness be my comfort, according to the word, ver. 169. Deliver me, according to the word, "ver. 170.--- All comes to this, Do

as thou hast said.

111. We proceed now, to fliew how, or in what manner

faith takes the word of God.

1. It takes it by an intelligent apprehension of it in the understanding. The man is taught of God, and gets his eyes opened, to see the faithful saying, and worthy of all accep-

tation;

n season; he sees it to be the word of God, and a word spoken n season to his weary soul. They will never take the word by saith that do not understand it; Philip said unto the Eunuch, Understandest thou what thou readest? So we may say understandest thou what thou hearest? Are your eyes opened to see the wonders of his law, or dostrine; to see the

glory of Christ held out to you in the word? 2. Faith takes the word of God by a particular application of it, with the heart; infomuchthat it is a cordial apprehension, or a cordial affent that is given to the word; with the heart man believeth unto righteousness. Saving light goes to the heart. Many have only their heads enlightned, their judgments informed, but not their hearts engaged, nor their affections captivated. Faith is a cordial applying the word, and that particularly to the man's own benefit; whether we call it affurance or not, it comes to the samething : as when in conviction the threatning is applied, the man trembles under the fear of hell and wrath, because he applies the law threatning to himself, saying, I'm the man to whom this threatning is spoken; so, in the day of conversion or believing, the promise; is applied, the man is relieved with the view of the grace and mercy of God in Christ, because he applies the golpel-promise to himself, saying, "I am the man to whom " this promise is spoken, and I receive and rest upon Christ " for salvation, as he is promised or offered to me in this " gospel To me is this word of Salvation." And if the man did not take it to himfelf, there would be no believing at all. But then,

IV. The fourth thing proposed, was, to shew how faith

pleads the accompisshment of the promise.

1. It pleads upon the mercy that made the promise that it is everlasting mercy, unchangeable mercy; the Lord, the Lord God merciful and gracious.

2. It pleads upon the truth that is to make out the promie; it is called, The truth in Jacob, and the mercy to Abraham, Micah. vii. 20, that his name is faithful and true.

3. It pleads upon the power of the promifer, being fully perfuaded, that he that hath promifed is able to perform; that he hath not out promifed his own promife, or faid what he cannot do.

4 It pleads upon the blood of the covenant that feals all the promifes thereof; hence they are all yearnd amen in

Christ Jesus.

5. It pleads upon the love of God to Christ; this is to pray.

in his name, that God, for the love he bears to Christ, would do as he hath said.

6. It pleads upon the unchangeableness of God and of his word; that his word endureth for ever, and that he is God, and changes not, therefore the sons of faceb are not consumed.

7. In a word, it pleads upon his oath, Heb vi. 17. God willing more abundantly to shew unto the heirs of promise the immutability of his counsel, hath confirmed it by an oath that by two immutable things, in which it was impossible for God to lie, we might have strong consolation, who have sled for refuge, to lay hold upon the hope set before us.

8. And lastly, it pleads upon his name, What wilt thou do

for thy great name?

V. The fifth thing proposed, was to shew whene s this the business of faith to take God at his word, and to put him

to hi word. Why because.

1. It is the end and design of God, in giving his word; "these things are written," and spoken, "that we may believe in the Son of God, and that believing, we might have life inhis name," John xx. 31. the gospel is preached in vain if men do not take God, at his word, and then hang upon it.

2. Because thus we glorify God; and the more we rest upon the divine word, the more we glorify him; Abraham was strong in faith, giving glory to God. We give him thehonour

of his truth, and other perfections this way.

3. Because thus we engage the honour of God upon our fide, when we put him to his word; his honour is engaged,

he cannot deny hinself.

4. Because faith hath no other way of living, but upon the word of God; "Man liveth not by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God. Thy word was found of me, and I did eat it. This is my comfort

in my affliction, thy word bath quickned me."

VI The last thing proposed was the application of the subject, which indeed, was the principle thing intended. Here is a fit exercise before the solemn communion-work, to go to God and say, O do as the hast faid. Consider what he hatts said, and take him at his word, and put him to it, that he would do to you accordingly. Whatever your case be, surely there is some word relative to it.

Some may be thinking, Alas! God hath faid nothing to me, that I may put him to his word. Why, man, if the gofpel, that is in the Bible, be preached to you, and if there be

any word of grace therein suitable to your case, then put not away the word from you, but take it, and plead upon it, that God would do as he hath said. If you can see any word of promise suited to your case, and to your need, then put to your hand by faith, and lay hold upon his word.

Oh! fay you, is there any word from God about my case, who am a poor needy creature like to starve for want of a spiritual meal, and a hearty draught of the living waters that go out from Jerusalem. What hath God said, or hath see said any thing, concerning me. Yea, he hath said, Isa. xii. 17, 18. "When the poor and needy seek water, and there is none, and their tongue saileth for thirst; I, the Lord, will hear them: I, the God of Israel, will not forsake them. I will open rivers in dry places, and sountains in the midst of the vallies. I will make the wilderness a pool of water, and the dry land springs of water. "---- Hath he said so? Then take him at his word, put him to it, saying, Lord, Do as thou has said.

Oh! but is there any word from God for me, whohave been long waiting about ordinances, and never yet seen his glory, as I would desire to see it? What hath he said concerning me? why, he hath said, that he waits that he may be gracious; that he is a God of judgment, and blessed are all they that wait for him, Isa. xxx. 18. He hath said, "The vision is for an appointed time, but at the end it will speak, and not lies though it tarry, wait for it; because it will surely come, and not tarry," Hab. i. 3.--- Hath he said so? Then take him at his word, and put him to it, saying, Do as thou has said.

But is there any word from God concerning my case, that find my conscience challenging me for prodigious guilt; there was never such a guilty person on the face of the earth? Are you growing under guilt? Here what he says, Heb. viii. 12. "I will be merciful to your unrighteousness, and your sinsand iniquities will I remember no more. Isa. xliii. 25: I, even I, are he that blotteth out thy transgressions for mine ownslake and will not remember thy sins. O then! take hold of his word, wherein he proclaims indemnity, and put him to it, saying, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But, says another, is there any word, from God concerning me, that am compassed about with strong corruptions, and conquering suffs, that sin gets the mastery over me? Would you be delivered? Here what he says. Mic. vii. 19. "He will subdue our iniquities, and will cast sins into the depths of

the lea Rom. vi. 14. Sin shall not have dominion over you, for ye are not under the law, but under grace. Isa. kiii. 4. The day of vengeance is in mine heart, and the year of my redeemed is come."... Hath he promised to take vengence on your lusts? Then take him at his word, saying, O do as thou

hast said.

But is there any word said me to that am such a filthy monfler, such a polluted creature in heart and way, that am sinking, as it were, in the grave of sin! He hath said, Ezek. xxxvi. 26. "From all your filthines, and from all your idols will I cleanse you. Zech. xiii. I. There is a fountain opened to the "house of David, and the inhabitants of Jerusalem, for sin and for uncleanness. -- Is there a promise of cleansing? Then take him at his word, and cry, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word to me a backslider's grievous revolter, that many times after vows have made enquiry; mypromises and resolutions have been but paper walls before the fire of temptation? Are you afflicted with this, and would have relief? Behold he says, Jer iii. 22. "Return ye backsliding children, and I will heal your backslidings Hos. xiv 4. I will he I your backslidings, and love you freely I will be as the dew to Israel." Hath he said so? Then let your heart say, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But what doth God say to me, that have no strength of any duty or difficulty, that am weak like water? Would you have relief inthis case? God says, 2 Cor xii. 9. "My grace shall be sufficient forsthee, and mystrength shall be made perfect in thy weakness. Isa. x1. 29 He giveth power to the faint, and to them that have no u ight he increaseth strength," Doth he say so? Then put him to his word, saying, Lord, Do as they

hast said.

But is there anyword concerning me, that am brought to a great difficulty, and know not what to do, or what hand to turn me to; I am straitned what course to take: doth God say any thing to me? Yea, he doth; Isa, xlii. 16. "I will bring the blind by a way they know not; I will lead them in paths that they have not known. I will make darkness light before them, and crooked things straight, Isa, xxx, 22. Thine ears shall hear a voice behind thee, saying. This is the way walk ye in it. I will guide thee by my counsel."... Doth he six so? Then put him to his word, saying Do as they has said.

But what fays God to a poor foul that is harraffed with the temptations of the Devil, and ready to be destroyed with the fiery darts of the wicked one? God fays, "I will bruise the head of the serpent. Rom. xvi. 10. The God of peace shall bruise Satan under your feet shortly. For this cause was the Son of God manifested, to destroy the works of the Devil." Hath he begun to destroy him? and hath he said, Thou shall bruise him under thy feet? Then put him to his word, saving, Lord, Do as thou bast said.

Alas! But what fays God to a poor, destitute creature, that hath nothing; no good, nostrength? He says, Philip. iv. 19. "My God shall supply all your wants, according to his riches in glory, by Christ Jesus. Plal. ix. 18. The needy shall not always be forgotten; the expectation of the poor shall not perish for ever. There is bread enough, and to spare in your father house." Hath he said so? O then! put him

to his word, faying, Lord, Do as thou hast faid.

But what fays God to me, that am longing, longing, earnestly longing for some taste of his goodness, some view of his beauty; some communion and fellowship with him? Why God says to you, that he "will satisfy the longing soul and fill the hungry with good things. Matth. v. 6. Blessed are they that hunger and thirst after righteousness: for they shall be filled." Hath he said so? Then let your heart say,

Lord, Do as thou hast said.

Oh! but is there any word for one that hath a quite other case to tell you of, that hath no longing desire, no hunger, no thirst, that hath as much need as any longing soul here; but I have no spiritual longing, not so much as a desire, but, like the parching earth, the dry ground, that can have no active thirst, but hath many a wide cleft? God says Isa. xliv. 3, 4. "I will pour water on him that is thirsty, and sloods upon the dry ground? even my spirit upon thy seed, and my blessing upon thine offspring. They shall grow up as among the grass, as willows by the water courses." Have you no other thirst, but like that of the dry ground? and he hath promised a flood? Then, O put him to his word, saying, Lord, Do as thou hass faid.

Oh! but is there anyword for me, that am like the barren ground and unfruitful, that bears nothing but briars and thorns, and I find this ground s rejected, is nigh unto curfing, whose end is to be burned; Is this your fear and con

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fhall come up the fir tree; and instead of the briar, the myrtle tree; and it shall be to the Lord for a name, and for an everlasting sign that shall not be cut off. Hos. xiv. 8. I am like a green fir tree, from me is thy fruit found." Hath he said so? Then put him to his word, saying, Lord Do as thou hast said.

Alas! But is there any word for me, that have been a fool a mocker a fcorner, that have laughed at all religion and godlines; is there any merciful words that I may take hold of? Ye, God says. Prov. i. 22. "Ye scorners that delight in scorning, and fools that hate knowledge, turn ye at my reproof: behold, I will pour out my Spirit unto you, I will make known my word unto you." Doth he say so? Then put him to his word, saying, O do as thou hast said.

But what fays God to one that hath a plagued heart, a hard heart, a base heart, full of all manner of evils, and all the plagues of hell? Why, God says, Ezek. xxxvi 26. "A new heart will I give you, and a new Spirit will I put within you; and I will take away the stony heart out of your sless, and will give you an heart of sless. And I will put my Spirit within you, and cause you to walk in my statutes." And whatever be the plague, he hath said, I am the Lord; that healeth thee.— Hath he said so? Then O put him to his

word, taying, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

Ah! But doth God say any thing to a stupid wretch, that only hear you, but is no more affected than the stones of the wal!, and that is quite dead, and can no more stir than a rock, and hath no more life than a dead corpse? God says, and O that he would say it with power, "Come from the four winds, O breath, and breath upon thesessain, that they may live. Ezek. xxxvii. 12. I will open your graves, and cause you to come out of your graves, and ye shall know that I am the Lord, when I have opened your graves, and shall put my Spirit in you, and ye shall live." Hath he said so? Then O put him to his word, saying, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But, Oh! is there any word that God says concerning me, that have forfeited God's favour, by heaping up great and insuperable mountains betwixt him and me, that I fear he will never come over? Why, he says, Zech. iv. 7. "Who art thou, O great mountain? Before our Zerubbabel, thou shalt become a plain. He shall bring forth the head stone

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with shouting, crying, grace, grace unto it. He can make the mountains skip like rams, and the little hills like lambs." -- Hath he said so? Then, O put him to his word,

and fay, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word for one that is filled with fear of heavy judgments coming upon the land, and upon an apoflate church? Yes, he fays, Ifa, xxxii. 2, " A man shall be a hiding place from the florm, and a covert from the tempest: as rivers of water in a dry place, as the shadow of a great rock in a weary land." When you fee matters running into confusion, church members betraying the privileges of the church, and the church of Scotland destroying herself with her own hand, not only " boars out of the forest wasting her, and wild beafts of the field devouring her,"but enemies in the bosom of the church making themselves " famous, for lifting up axes and hammers to break flown the carvedwork" of her doctrine, worship, discipline, and government, remember the Lord hath said that when he "builds up Zion, he will appear in his glory; and that upon all the glory there shall be a defence; that at evening time it shall be light;" that the darkelt part of the night may usher in the morning-star of a reformation in spite of hell: for I would incline gladly to hope God will not leave Scotland, though we have left him. He took infestment by solemn national covenant six times\*: and he hath had martyrs for his kingly office, that have afferted his royal prerogatives at the expence of their blood: therefore, let us apply that word, He will arise and have mercy on Zion .- . Hath he said so ? Then, O take him at his word, faying, Lord, Do as theu hast faid.

But is there any word for a poor creature that is in "bondage thro' fear of death! If I have run with the footmen, and they have wearied me; then how can I contend with horses? And if in the land of peace, wherein I trusted, they wearied me, then what will I do in the swelling of Jordan?" I trembleto meet with the king of terrors? Why, he hath said, Hos, xiii. 14. "I will ransom them from the power of the grave; I will redeem them from death: O death! I will be thy plague; O grave! I will be thy destruction. Death shall be swallowed up in victory." Plead then, that he would do as he hath said.

But I want assurance of all these things, may one lay, well, what mean you by that, man, woman, that you want assurance? I suppose many do not understand themselves, when

\* This was done at different Periods betwirt the year 1580 and 1650.

they fay they want affurance; for, what better affurance would you have than the word? If you have his word, you need no better assurance. If a man of credit, whom you can depend upon it, and say you are assured of it; for you have his word. There is an affurance of fense, that is the affurance of the work, when you have got the thing that is promised; this is not properly assurance, it is enjoyment: but the assurance of faith is the assurance of a word. And tho the affurance of sense be sweetest, yet the affurance of faith is the furest assurance: for, what you get in hand from God you may foon lose the benefit and comfort of it; but what you have upon band in the promise, is still to the fore. If you take God's promise, you have the best assurance in the world; but if you say you want faith, you cannot take his word, or trust his word, then this is plain dealing: I fear this indeed be the case of the most; then you want assurance indeed, because you want faith, and cannot take his word, nor give him so much credit. But if any be faying, that is indeed my case; I cannot believe his word: doth God say nothing to me? Is there any word fuited to my case? Yes, there are promifes of faith as well as to it: Zeph. iii. 12. " I will leave in the midst of them a poor and afflicted people. and they shall trust in the name of the Lord. In him shall the Gentiles trust." .- Hath the author of faith so promised? Then, O take him at his word; cry for faith, faying, Lord. Do as thou hast said.

But may one fay I would defire not only to have the word, but the accomplishment of the word; I would not only have the promife, but the performance; and there are some promises, I have been looking to, some ten or twenty years- old promifes, that I think I got the faith of. but; alas! theaccomplishment is not yet come; there are some prayers and petitions I have had long tabled upon the ground of the promife: what doth God fay to one that hath never got these promiles accomplished, nor these prayers answered? Why, man, be thankful, if you have got grace to believe the promife; for fo much faithas you have totakeGod's word, so much assurance you have that the word will be made out. If you be waiting upon a promifing God, give him his time, and behold the womb of the promise will shortly open and bring forth; for it will not travel beyond its time; "B'effed is she that believed : for there shall be a performance of those things that were told her from the Lord," Luke i. 45. And your firsand

starts of unbelief, O believer, shall not hinder the performance of the promise you have once believed savingly; "If we not, he abideth faithful; he cannot deny himself," 2 Tim. ii. 13. Will he deny his word? Will he deny his oath? No, no; he will have respect to his covenant, be-

cause he hath a respect to himself.

But what fays God of one that is afflifted and mourning for the defolation of Zion, and particularly for the fins and defections of the day we live in? I will tell you what he fays, They that fow in tears shall reap in joy: And though you have your mourning time for Zion, you shall also have your rejoicing times; "Rejoice ye with Jerusalem, and be glad with her, all ye that love her: rejoice for joy with her, all ye that mourn for her," Isa. lxvi. 10. He says, that he will "set a mark upon the foreheads of them that sigh and cry for all the abominations that are done in the midst thereof, Ezek. ix. 4." Blessed are they that mourn, for they shall be comforted," Matth. v. 4...-Why, then

look to him to do as he hath said.

But says another, I'm one that has a family, and children that the Lord hath given me, and it is my concern not only that I may be bleffed myfelf, but that my feed and offspring may be bleffed: is there any word for me in this cale? Yea, what think you of that word, Isa. xliv. 3. "I will pour my Spirit upon thy feed, and my bleffing upon thine offfpring? What think ye of that covenant made with Abra. ham, which you are called to lay hold upon by following his faith ! Gen. xvii. 7. " I will be thy God, and the God of thy feed. You have not only the covenant of Abraham to look to, but the same entail of the covenant to your posterity to look to. Ifa. lix. 21. "This is my covenant with them, faith the Lord, my Spirit that is upon thee, and my words that I have put in thy mouth, shall not depart out of thy mouth, nor out of the mouth of thy feed, nor out of the mouth of thy feeds feed, faith the Lord, from henceforth and for ever. He hath faid, that children are his heritage Pfal. cxxvii. 3.; and that his righteousness is unto childrens children, ciii. 17.; The promise is unto you and to your children ? Acts. ii. 39. O take him at his word, and cry Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But what do you say to one that finds himself deserted of God, and that God answers neither by URIM nor THUM MIM. "I go forward, but he is not there; backward, but I cannot perceive him: on the left hand, where he dothwo

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but I cannot see him, Job. xxii. 8, 9. The comfort that could relieve my soul is far removed," Lam. i. 16. God says, Isa. liv. 7, 8. 10. "For a small moment have I for-saken thee, but with great mercies will I gather thee: in a little wrath I hid my face from thee, for a moment; but with everlasting kindness will I have mercy on thee, saith the Lord thy Redeemer. For the mountains shall depart, and the hills be removed, but my kindness shall not depart from thee, neither shall the covenant of my peace be removed, saith the Lord, that hath mercy on thee".-Hath hesaid so? Then, O take him at his word, saying, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But what doth God say to one that is toffed with one wave of affliction upon the back of another, " deep calling unto deep, at the noise of God's water spouts; all his waves and billows are gone over me?" Pfal. xci. 7. Why, God says, Isa. liv. 11, 12, 13, 74, "Oh thou afflicted, toffed with tempelt, and not comforted, behold, I will lay thy stones with fair colours, and lay thy foundations with fapphires: and I will make thy windows of agates, and thy gates of carbuncles, and all thy borders of pleasant stones; and all thy children shall be taught of the Lord, and great shall be the peace of thy children: in righteousness shalt thou be established." Yea, he says, Psal. xci. 15. "He shall call upon me and I will answer him; I will be with him in trouble, I will deliver him, and honour him" Many fuch fweet words of grace he speaks: O then, take his word and plead, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word to one that is lost in the wilderness, and knows not where he is, so as to think it impossible that ministers can find him out? I think I am lost in a thicket, and it is impossible to find out my case, a nameless case. Why may be that word concerns you, Isa. Ixii. 11. "Behold thy salvation cometh; and thou shall be called, Sought out, notforsaken?" And Hosea. ii. 14. "I will allure her, and bringher into the wilderness, and there will I speak comfortably to her or, as the word is in the margin, speak to her HEART. O comfortable when God speaks not only to the ear, but to the heart. Well, bath he said it? O then, take his word and

plead, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word to one that hath been incorrigible under correcting providences, and hath his corruptions irritate by the cross, and rebellion rather increased by rods in-

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stead of being reclaimed by word and rod? Is there any case like mine, or is there any word for me to lay hold upon? Yes; what think you of that word, Isa. Ivii. 17, 18. "For the iniquity of his covetousses was I wroth. and smote him: I hid me and was wroth, and he went on forwardly in the way of his heart." Well, what follows; "I have seen his ways; and I will heal him: I will lead him als, and restore comforts untohim and to his mourners." O astonishing wonder of free grace! that it was not said, I have seen his ways, and will DAMN him, but I have seen his ways, and will SAVE him. Hath he said so? Then put in your petition, Lord, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word to such as are under the power of unbelief and impenitency? The gospel is preached to believers and penitents: O God forbid but it was not preached to sinners, that are both unbelieving and impenitent, in order to bring them to faith and repentance: why what says God to such? He says, that they ought to lay hold and plead upon, Psal. cx. 3. "Thy people shall be willing in the day of thy power. Acts. v. 31. Christ is "exalted at the right hand of God to be a prince and Saviour, to give repentance to Israel, and forgiveness of sins." Plead then he may Do

as he hath said.

But is it possible that God is speaking to any that hath been a notorious sinner? Perhaps all the courry knows that I have been a scandalous debauchee, a leud and wicked sinner, a profane graceless wretch. O! if any were charmed with the joyful sound of the gospel grace to day, he says, Isa i. 18 "Come now let us reason together, saith the Lord: shough your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow; tho' they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool." Though you have sinned to the uttermost, I am able to save to the uttermost, is your name wonderful, as a sinner? Behold his name is Wonderful, as a Saviour. O hath he said so? Well, go and plead his word, saying, Lord, Do as thou hast faid.

But besides my wickedness, sam grossy ignorant; doth God sav any thing to a poor brutish, ignorant creature like me? Would you be taught? There is a word you may take hold of John vi. 45. "It is written in the prophets, they stall be all taught of God." And, who teaches like him? -- Hath he said so? Then take him at his word saying, Do as thou hast said.

But is there any word from God for one that hatherneified fo many convictions as I have done; yea, and virtually cruci-

thed the Son of God atresh, rejecting his calls, grieving his Spirit? Yea, we are called to preach the gospel to every creature, and even to the crucifiers of Christ; "Repentance and remission of sin mult be preached in his name, among all rations, beginning at Jerusalem," Luke xxiv. 47. Why beginning at Jerusalem, among the crucifiers of Christ? Because they have most need of his blood to wash them; Christ came to save sinners?----Hath he said so? Then put in your bill, Lord.

Do as as thou hast faid, But will you tell me, is there any word for one that cannot think that it is as you are faying, that there is any merciful word in God's mouth, or any merciful thought in God's heart towards me; it cannot enter into my thought; I cannot let it light in my mind or heart? Why, God faye, Ifa. lv. 8. 9 "My thoughts are not your thoughts, neither are your ways my ways, faith the Lord: for as the heavens are higher than the earth, so are my ways higher thanyour ways, andmy thoughts than your thoughts." You are not to measure his thoughts by yours, no more than you can measure these wide heavens with your arms . but God knows his own thoughts, and what fays he of them, Jer. xx x. 11, 12, 13. "I know the thoughts that I think towards you, faith the Lord; thoughts of peace, and not of evil, to give you an expected end. Then shall ye call upon me, and I will hearken unto you And ye shall feek me and findlime, when ye shall search fortme with all your heart. --- Hath he faid fo? Then go and plead his word, faying, Lord, Do as thou hast faid.

In a word do you want his prefence? He hath said, "Lo I am with you alway even unto the end of the world; I will never leave thee nor forsake thee?" are you asraid of hell and damnation. He hath said, Deliver his soul from going down to the pit, I have found out a ransom. O what encouragement is here to go and pray and plead, saying, Lord, Do as

thou hast said.

O firs, fearch the fcriptures, and study the word of God; consult and consider what he hath said; let there be no mouldy Bibles among you; let not the dust of your Bibles witness against you, for eternal salvation depends upon your believing what he hath said: therefore study the faith of what he hath said. The Spirit is promised, and the scriptures are written to work this faith; Christ is exalted, and the throne of grace is erected to give this faith; and this saith comes by hearing what he hath said: by hearing not what Plato hath said or Seneca hath said; whatthis or that man hath said, butwhat God hath said in his word, in the Bible, which is a book so presaced, and so attested as never any other book was: the Old Testament is presaced by all the miracles wrought by Moses; the New Testament presaced by all themiracles wrought by Christ. And as Moses's miracles were wrought before the Old Testament

was written, to Chrift's intracles werewroughtbefore the New Testament was written: never a book was so attested as this. even by a cloud of witnesses, a cloud of miracles, a cloud of martyrs, who fealed with their blood thetruth contained in it. God, in the New Testament, exactly fulfils what he hath said in the Old; yea, the present state of all the world is a visible performing of icripture prophecies .-- Are not the Jews atthis day a feattered and despised people, as the scripture said they should be? Hath not God done as he hath said ?-- Is not Antichrist, the long lived man of fin, and the cruel man of blood, as the scripture told he should be. Thus it is done as he hath faid .-- Are not the pagan parts of the earth the dark places and habitations of cruelty, as the scripture says they should be? Thus it is as he hath faid .-- Do not the seven churchesof Asia ly desolate, asthey were threatned, unless they repented? Thus it is as he hath faid .-- Is not Mahomet, the falle prophet, and his followers like the waters of the great river Euphrates, to which they are compared in scripture And thusit isashe hath said. - Does not the whole world ly in wickedness as the word of God shews? And so it is as he hath said .-- Is not every faint as a brand plucked out of the burning as the scripture speaks? And it is as he hath said .-- Are not Deists and scoffers walking after their own lusts, and ridiculingthe promise of Christ's coming as the scripture speaks? And to it is as he hath faid .-- Are not all the black marks of perilous times in the last days upon us as the scripture speaks? And fo it is as he hath faid. -- Are not the foolish virgins as many, yea, and more than the wife, and all flumbering and neeping, and all according as he hath faid? Doth not the Spirit speak expresly, that in the latter times some shall depart from the faith, according it is as he hath faid ? -- Is not the gospel a Savour of life to some and a Savour of death to others ? .- Is not Christ precious to some, and a stone of stumling and a rock of offence to others, as the scripture speaks, and so it is as he hath faid ?- Look about you, and fee if any thing that falls out be not an accomplishment of the word : and, O how should you value this word! not a jot or title of it shall fall to the ground.

Walk to this garden of the scripture, and pluck up the slowers of gospel promises and put them in your botom; live by faith upon the promises, and be persuaded, whatever stands in the way, that he will do as he hath said. He willdo so, for what he hath said he hath written. What he hath said he hath sealed, what he hath saidhe hath sworn, whathe hath said he willnever unsay; therefore, take hold of his word of grace, and hold him at his word in life and death, saying

Do as thou hast said.