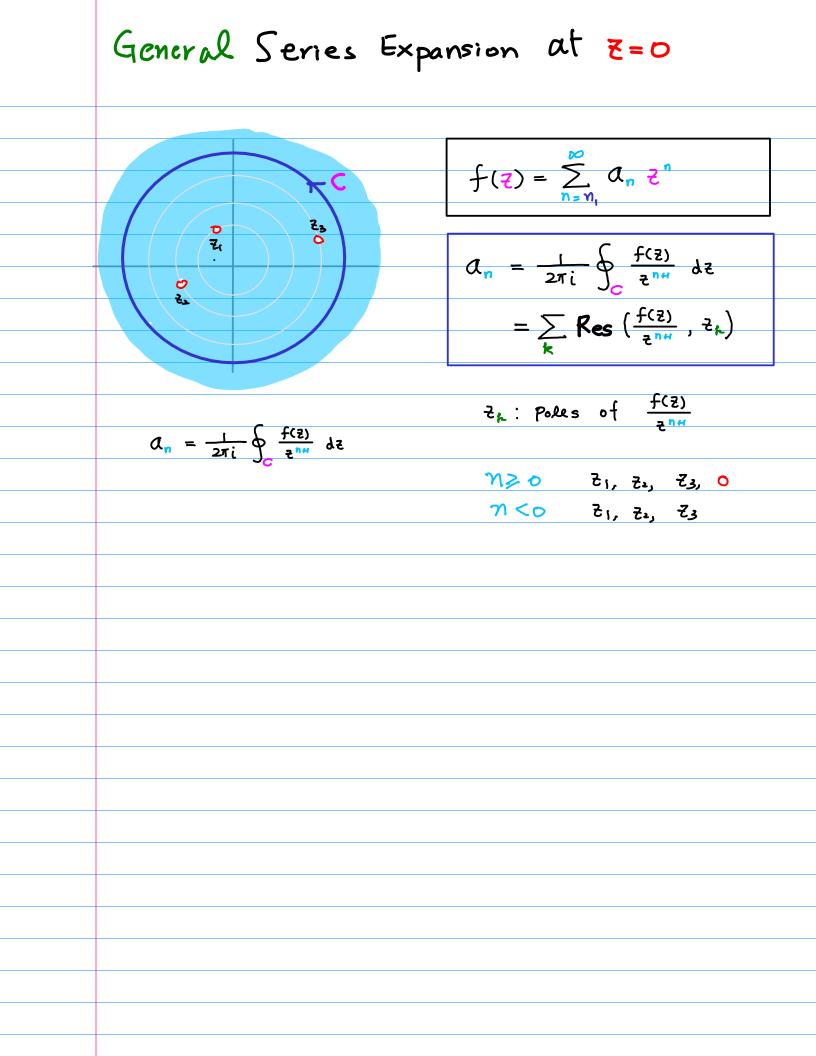
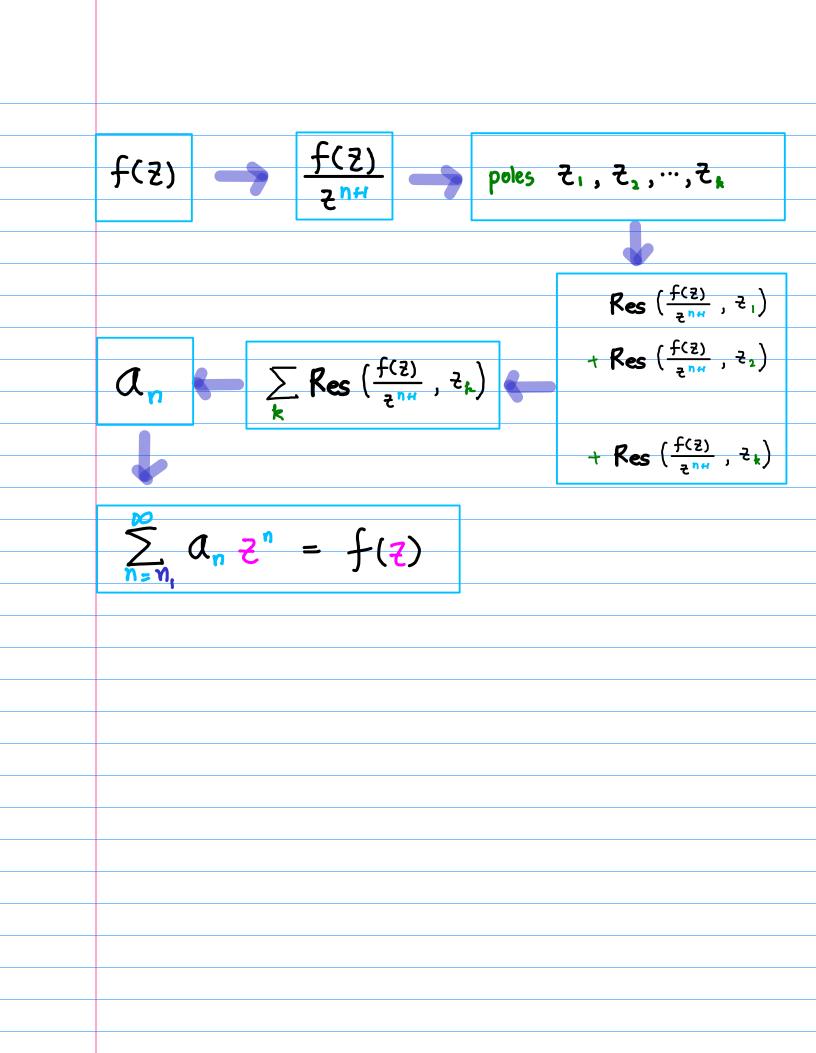
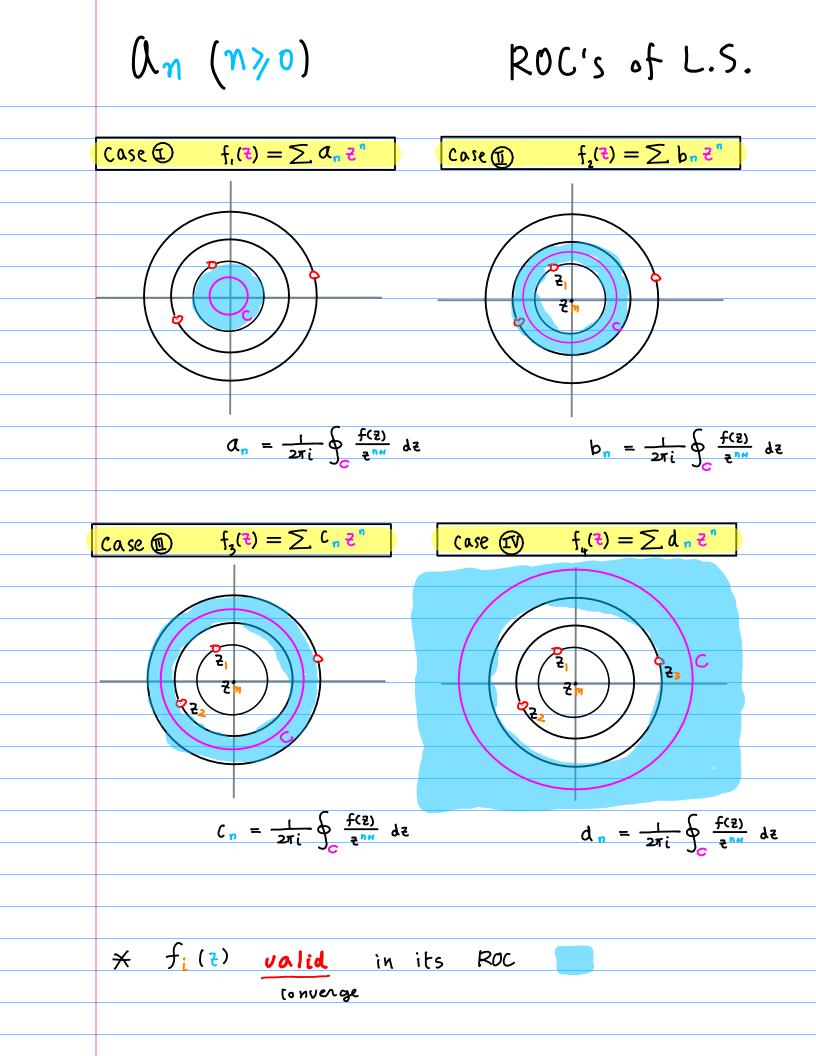
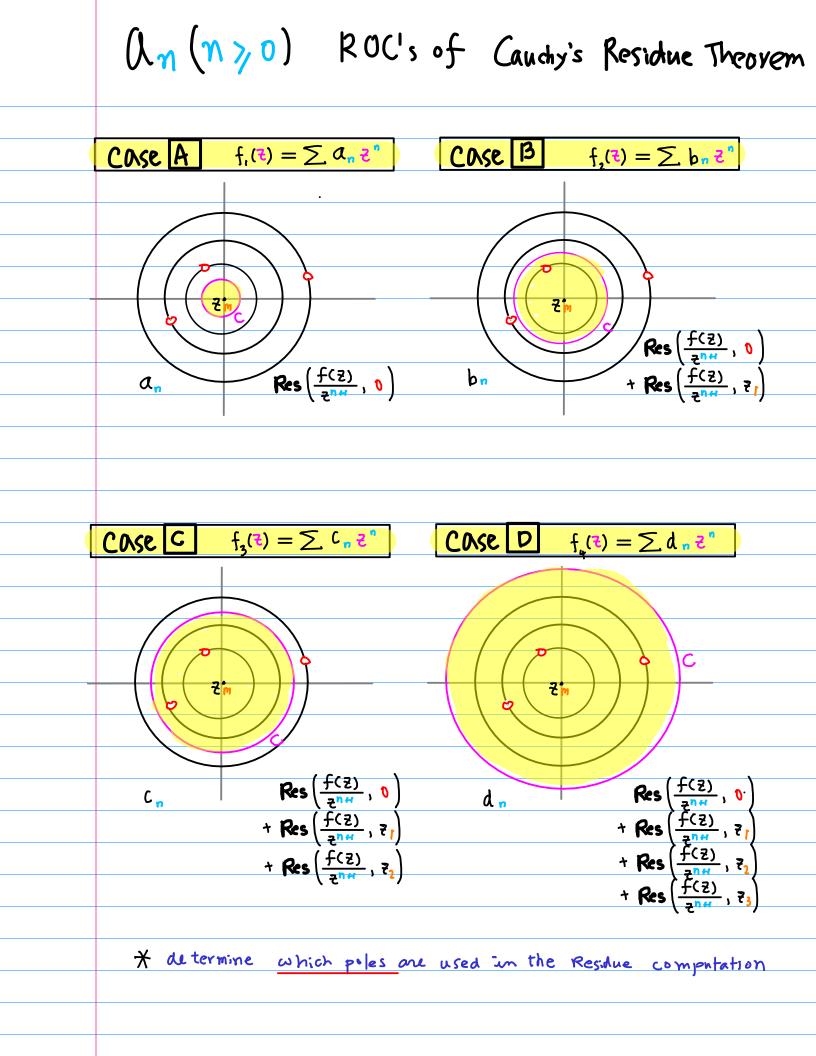
Laurent Series and
z-Transform
20170810
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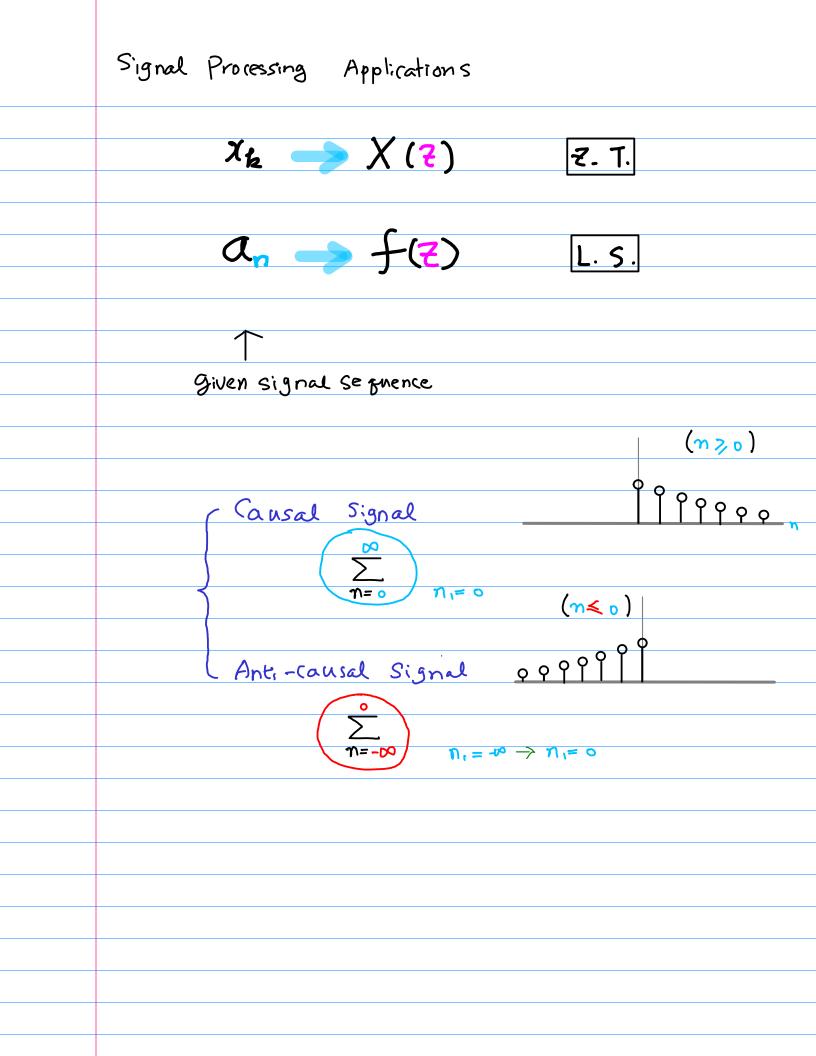








\* General Series Expansion at Z=0  $a_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_c \frac{f(z)}{z^{nH}} dz$  $f(z) = \sum_{n=n}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n_{H}}}, z_{k}\right)$ \* Z-transform  $X(?) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k ?^{-k}$  $\chi_{\eta} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \chi(z) z^{n-1} dz$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}(\chi(z) Z^{n}, Z_{k})$ 

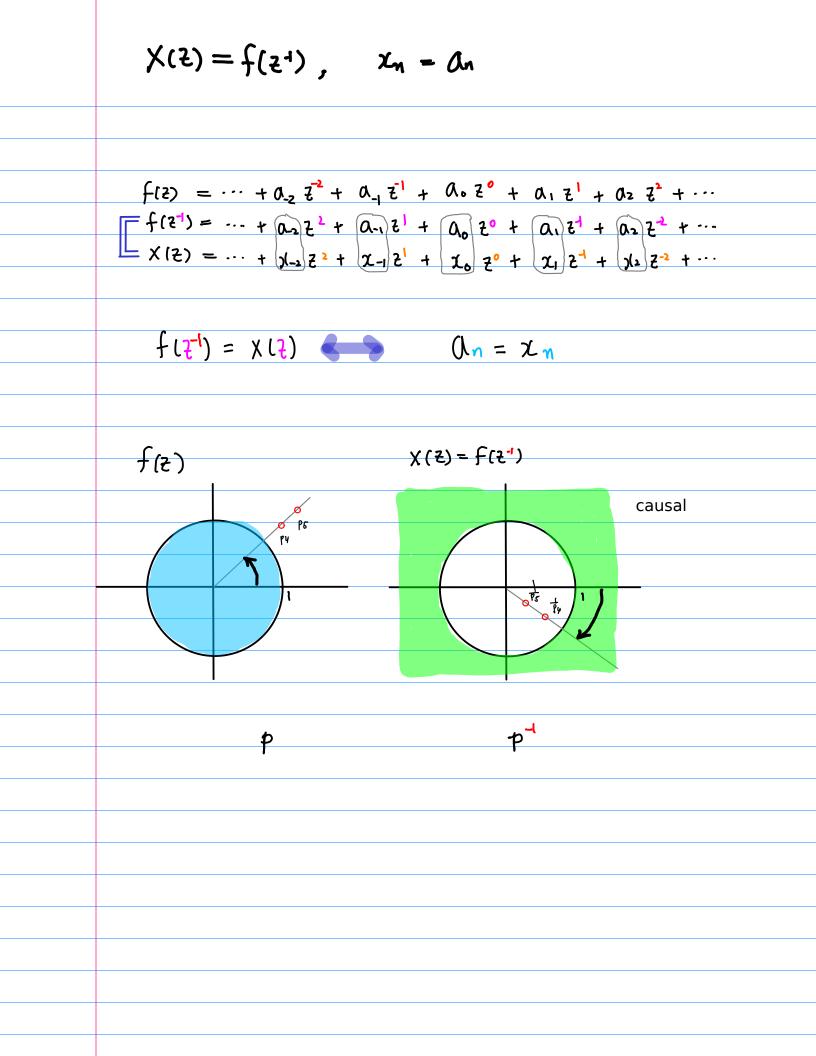


$$|\mathsf{n}_{\mathsf{V}}\mathsf{erse} \ \mathbb{E} - \mathsf{Transform} \quad \mathbb{X}[\mathsf{n}] \ = \ \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\mathsf{C}} \mathbb{X}(\mathsf{z}) \ \mathbb{E}^{|\mathsf{n}|} \, d\mathsf{z}$$

$$\frac{|\mathsf{X}(\mathsf{z})| = \left[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} X_k \ \mathbb{E}^{-k}\right]}{|\mathsf{X}(\mathsf{z})| = \left[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} X_k \ \mathbb{E}^{-k}\right]} \frac{|\mathsf{z}^{\mathsf{n}|} \ \mathsf{LHS} \, d\mathsf{z}| = \int_{\mathsf{RHS}}^{\mathsf{n}} \mathsf{z}^{\mathsf{n}|} \, d\mathsf{z}}{|\mathsf{z}|^{\mathsf{n}|} \ \mathsf{LHS} \, d\mathsf{z}| = \int_{\mathsf{RHS}}^{\mathsf{n}} \mathsf{z}^{\mathsf{n}|} \, d\mathsf{z}}$$

$$= \left[\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} X_k \ \mathbb{E}^{-k+n-1} + \sum_{k=n}^{\infty} X_k \ \mathbb{E}^{-k+n-1} + \frac{\mathsf{z}_{k}}{\mathsf{z}^{\mathsf{n}|} \ \mathsf{LHS} \, \mathsf{z}|^{\mathsf{n}|} \, \mathsf{z}| \, \mathsf{LHS} \, \mathsf{z}|^{\mathsf{n}|} \, \mathsf{z}| \, \mathsf{z}|^{\mathsf{n}|} \, \mathsf{z}| \, \mathsf{z}|^{\mathsf{n}|} \, \mathsf{z}|^{\mathsf{n}|}$$

٤.	- Transform	χι <mark>ł</mark> )	7		
L	aurent Serie	s flz)			
z-Transform	χι <mark>ι</mark> )		Xn		
Laurent Seri	es fl <del>l</del> )		() n		
	$f(t^1) = f(t^1)$		Y =		]
	t) = $f(t)$		~m -	U n	
z-Transform	X(2)		X <sub>n</sub>		
	( )				
Laurent Seri	es flz)	<b>S</b>	() n		
	(1) = f(1)		Y =	(1)	
	t - f(t)		μ	<u>() - n</u>	
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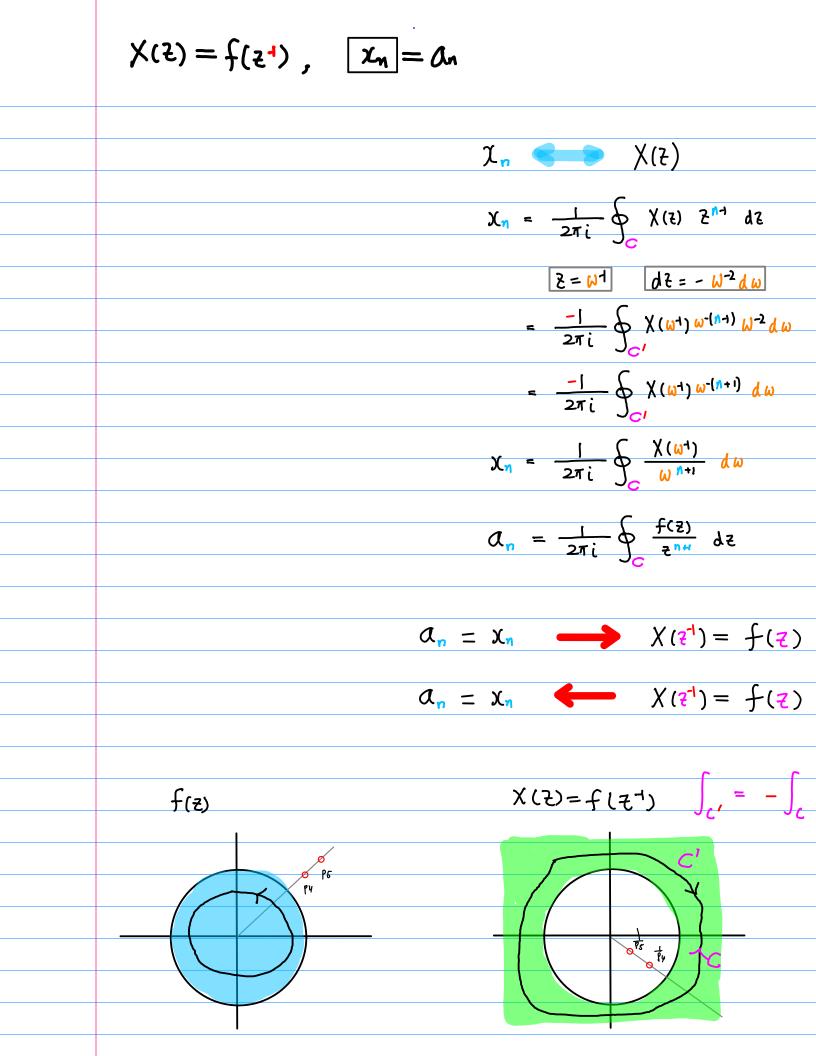
 $X(z) = f(z^{-1}), \quad x_n = \Omega_n$  $f(z) = \cdots + Q_{2}z^{2} + Q_{1}z^{1} + Q_{0}z^{0} + Q_{1}z^{1} + Q_{2}z^{2} + \dots$  $f(z^{-1}) = \cdots + Q_{-2}z^{+} + Q_{1}z^{+} + Q_{0}z^{0} + Q_{1}z^{-} + Q_{2}z^{-} + \dots$  $f(z^{1}) = \dots \quad \omega_{2} z^{2} + \Omega_{1} z^{1} + \Omega_{0} z^{0} + \Omega_{1} z^{1} + \Omega_{2} z^{2} + \dots$ ··· 2<sup>-2</sup> 2<sup>-1</sup> 2<sup>0</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> ... f(2) Q1 Q2 ... ··· A.2 A1 A0 f(21) ... a2 a, ao a1 a2 ...  $\chi(z) = \cdots + \chi_{-2} z^{2} + \chi_{-1} z^{1} + \chi_{0} z^{0} + \chi_{1} z^{-1} + \chi_{2} z^{-2} + \dots$ X(Z)= ... x, Z<sup>2</sup> + x, Z<sup>1</sup> + x0 Z<sup>0</sup> + x1Z<sup>1</sup> + x2Z<sup>2</sup> + ... ··· <sup>2</sup><sup>-2</sup> <sup>2</sup><sup>1</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>2</sup> ... X(z) ...  $L_2$   $\chi_1$   $\chi_0$   $\chi_1$   $\chi_2$  ... χι<mark>ι</mark>) Xn z-Transform flz) 📥 (<u>)</u> Laurent Series  $\chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$   $\checkmark$   $\chi_n = (\lambda_n)$ 

 $\alpha_n = \chi_n \longrightarrow \chi(z) = f(z')$  $\chi(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k z^{-k}$  $f(z) = \sum_{n=n}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  $\alpha_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \frac{f(z)}{z^{n}} dz$  $X_{\eta} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \chi(z) Z^{\eta - 1} dz$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{\mathsf{Kes}}\left(\frac{f(2)}{z^{n_{\mathrm{ff}}}}, z_{k}\right)$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}(\chi(z) Z^{n+}, Z_{k})$  $\alpha_n = \chi_n \longrightarrow \chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$  $a_n = \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n+1}}, z_k\right) \qquad \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}\left(\chi(z) z^{n+1}, z_k\right)$ conformal  $\omega = z^{-1}$   $\therefore \chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$ mapping  $\sum_{k} \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(f(\omega^{1}) \omega^{n-1}, \omega_{k})$ 

 $\alpha_n = \chi_n \quad \longleftarrow \quad \chi(z) = f(z')$  $f(z) = \sum_{n=n}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  $\chi(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k z^{-k}$  $\alpha_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \frac{f(z)}{z^{n_{H}}} dz$  $X_{\eta} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \chi(z) z^{\eta-1} dz$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n_{H}}}, z_{k}\right)$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}(\chi(z) Z^{n}, Z_{k})$  $\alpha_n = \chi_n \quad \checkmark \qquad \chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$  $\therefore \ a_n = \chi_n \qquad a_n = \sum_k \operatorname{Res}(\frac{f(\omega)}{\omega^{n+1}}, \omega_k) = \sum_k \operatorname{Res}(\chi(z) Z^{n+1}, z_k) = \chi_n$  $\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{2}$ mapping  $\sum_{k} \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(f(\mathfrak{Z}^{1}) \mathfrak{Z}^{n-1}, \mathfrak{Z}_{k})$ 

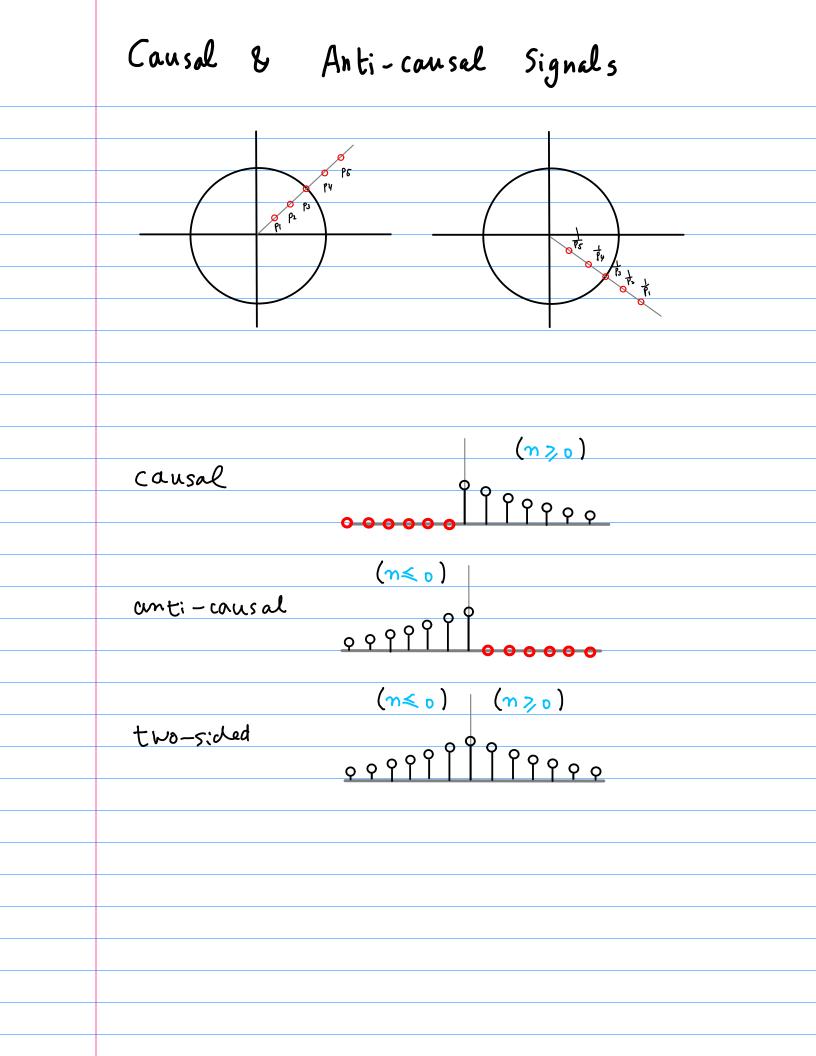
 $X(z) = f(z^4)$ ,  $x_n = Q_n$ 

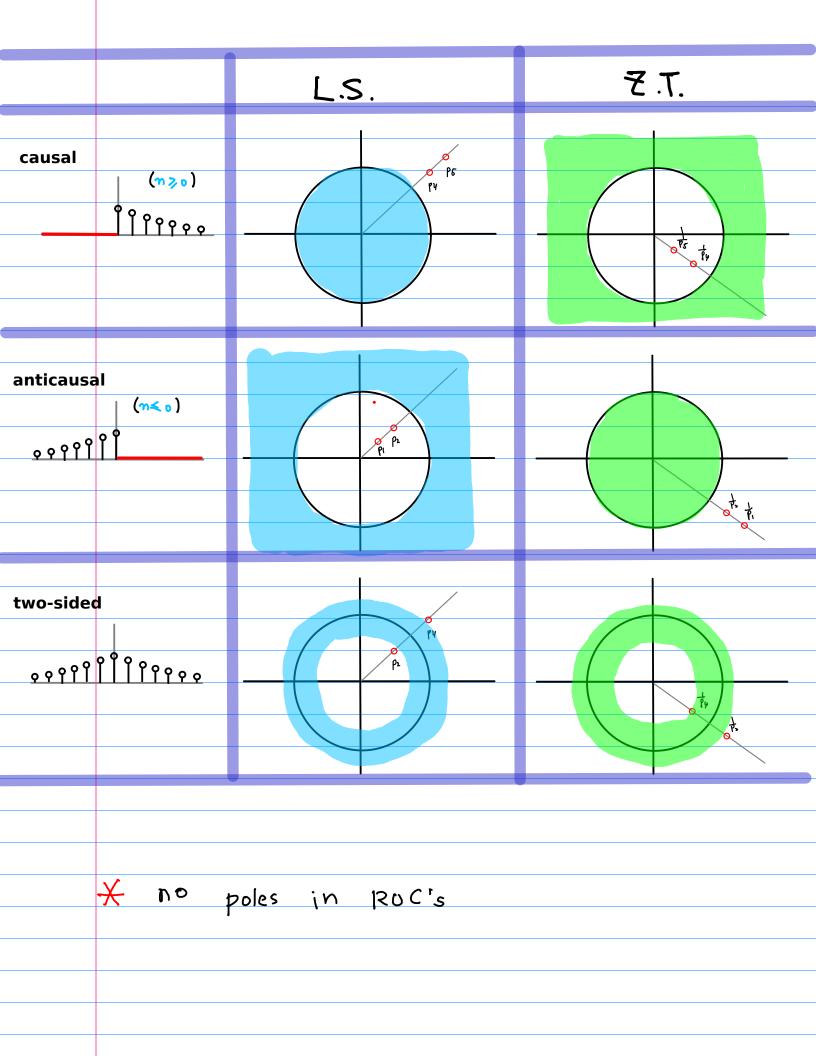
a, 🛑 f(z)  $a_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \frac{f(z)}{z^{n_n}} dz$  $z = \omega^{1}$   $dz = -\omega^{-2}d\omega$  $= \frac{-1}{2\pi i} \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{f(\omega^{1})}{\omega^{(n+1)}} \omega^{-2} d\omega$  $= \frac{-1}{2\pi i} \int_{-1}^{-1} f(\omega^{-1}) \omega^{n-1} d\omega$  $a_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_{-\frac{1}{2\pi i}} f(\omega^{+}) \omega^{n-1} d\omega$  $\chi_{\eta} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \chi(z) Z^{\eta - 1} dz$  $\alpha_n = \chi_n \longrightarrow \chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$  $\alpha_n = \chi_n \quad \longleftarrow \quad \chi(z) = f(z^{-1})$  $X(z) = f(z^{-1}) = - \int_{z^{-1}} z^{-1} dz$ f(z)рч 青



X(z) = f(z),  $x_n = Q_{-n}$  $f(z) = \chi(z)$   $(J_{-n} = \chi_n)$ 

 $\chi(z) = f(z)$ ,  $\chi_n = Q_{-n}$  $f(z) = \cdots + Q_{2}z^{2} + Q_{1}z^{1} + Q_{0}z^{0} + Q_{1}z^{1} + Q_{2}z^{2} + \cdots$ ··· <sup>2-2</sup> <sup>2-1</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>0</sup> <sup>2</sup> <sup>1</sup> ... ··· A-2 A1 A0 = f(z) Q1 Q2 ...  $\chi(z) = \cdots + \chi_{-2}z^{2} + \chi_{-1}z^{1} + \chi_{0}z^{0} + \chi_{1}z^{-1} + \chi_{2}z^{-2} + \dots$  $X(z) = \dots x_{2}z^{-2} + x_{1}z^{1} + x_{0}z^{0} + x_{1}z^{1} + x_{2}z^{2} + \dots$ ···  $z^{1}$   $z^{1}$   $z^{0}$   $z^{1}$   $z^{-2}$ ... ··· L-2 L1 L0 L1 L2 ··· X (5) ··· 2<sup>-2</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> 2<sup>0</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> 2<sup>1</sup> ... X (7) X o .., X2 χ, X-1 χ\_-2 ... χι<del>ι</del>) X z-Transform  $f(\frac{1}{2}) \iff (\lambda_n)$ Laurent Series  $\chi(z) = f(z)$   $\checkmark \chi_n = (\lambda_n)$ 





# causal

Cansal causal 1=2 p=0.5 0.5 2 ... رقل رخا رط را ر 0 ر0 ر0 .  $\chi(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \chi_n \overline{z}^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{b}{\overline{z}}\right)^n$  $f(z) = \chi(z^{-1}) = \frac{z^{-1}}{z^{-1} - 0.5}$  $\frac{1}{2.0-5} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$  $=\frac{1-0.52}{1-0.52}=\frac{2}{2-2}$  $a_n = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{a^{hf}}, \mathbf{O}\right)$  $\chi_{\eta} = \operatorname{Res}(\chi(z) Z^{\eta - 1}, 0.5)$  $= \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}\left(\frac{2}{2^{1/4}(2-2)}, \mathbf{O}\right)$  $= \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{z''}{2-0.5}, 0.5\right)$  $=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \left(n \ge 0\right)$  $=\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n}$   $\left(n \ge 0\right)$  $\chi(t_2) = | + (\frac{1}{2}) \xi^{-1} + (\frac{1}{2})^2 \xi^{-2} + \cdots$  $f(z) = | + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{l} z^{l} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2} z^{l} + \cdots$  $=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \overline{z}^n = \frac{2}{2 - \overline{z}}$  $= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n z^{-n} = \frac{2}{2 - 0.5}$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Causal} \\ \hline n \ge 0 \\ a_n = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{f(2)}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{2}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) \\ causal \\ \hline a_n = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{2}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) = (\frac{1}{2})^n \\ \hline a_n = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{2}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) = (\frac{1}{2})^n \\ \hline a_n = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{2}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) = \frac{2}{1!} \\ \hline d_n = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{2}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) = \frac{2}{1!} \\ \hline d_n = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{2}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) = \frac{2}{2!} \\ \hline d_n = \operatorname{\mathsf{Res}}(\frac{2}{2^{n}(2-2)}, \circ) = \frac{2}{3!} \\ \hline d_n = \frac{2}$$

$$(1 \ge 0) \quad X_n = \operatorname{Res}(X(2)2^{\frac{n}{2}}, 0.5)$$

$$X(2) 2^{\frac{n}{2}} = \frac{2}{2 - 0.5} \quad poll : 0.5$$

$$X_n = \operatorname{Res}(X(2)2^{\frac{n}{2}}, 0.5) = -\operatorname{Res}(\frac{2^{\frac{n}{2}}}{2 - 0.5}, 0.5)$$

$$X_n = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2^{\frac{n}{2}}}{2 - 0.5}, 0.5) = 1$$

$$X_n = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2^{\frac{n}{2}}}{2 - 0.5}, 0.5) = (\frac{1}{2})^n$$

$$X_n = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2^{\frac{n}{2}}}{2 - 0.5}, 0.5) = (\frac{1}{2}$$

# anti-causal

Anti-causal  
anticausal  

$$p_{2,0,5}$$
  
 $p_{2,1}$   
 $p_{2,2}$   
 $p_{2,2}$   
 $p_{2,2}$   
 $p_{2,2}$   
 $q_{2,2}$   
 $q_{2$ 

$$anti-causal anti-causal n \leq 0$$

$$a_n = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(2)}{2^{n}}, 0.5\right) = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{3}{2^{n}}(2 \cdot 05), 0.5\right)$$

$$n \leq 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \overline{2} = 0 \\ \overline{2}^{n}(2 \cdot 05) \\ \overline{2}^{n}(2 \cdot 05)$$

$$n \leq 0$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(x_{(1)} z^{n}, 0)$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(x_{(1)} z^{n}, 0)$$

$$x_{(1)} z^{n} = \frac{2}{2 - 2}$$

$$x_{(1)} z^{n} = \frac{2}{2 - 2}$$

$$x_{(1)} z^{n} = \frac{2}{2 - 2}$$

$$y_{(1)} z^{n} = \frac{2}{2 - 2}$$

$$y_{(1)} z^{n} = \frac{2}{2 - 2}$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2 - 2}, 0) = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0)$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{1}{1!} \frac{d}{dt} \frac{1}{2 - 2} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=1$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{2!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{2 - 2} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=2$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{3!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{2 - 2!} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=2$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{3!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{2 - 2!} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=2$$

$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{4!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{2 - 2!} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=4$$

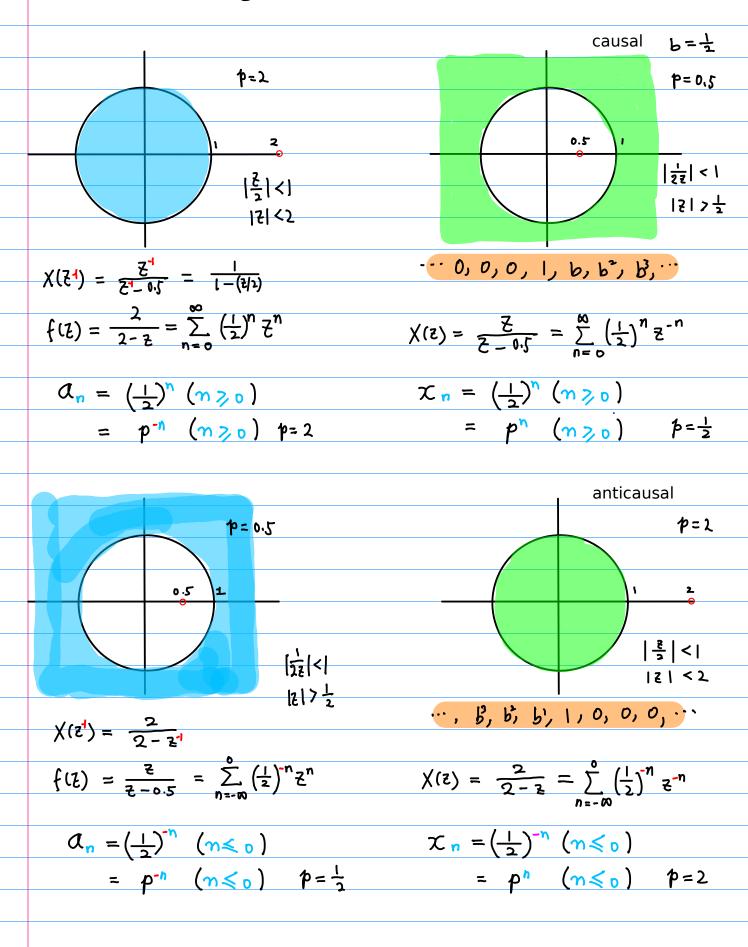
$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{4!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{2 - 2!} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=4$$

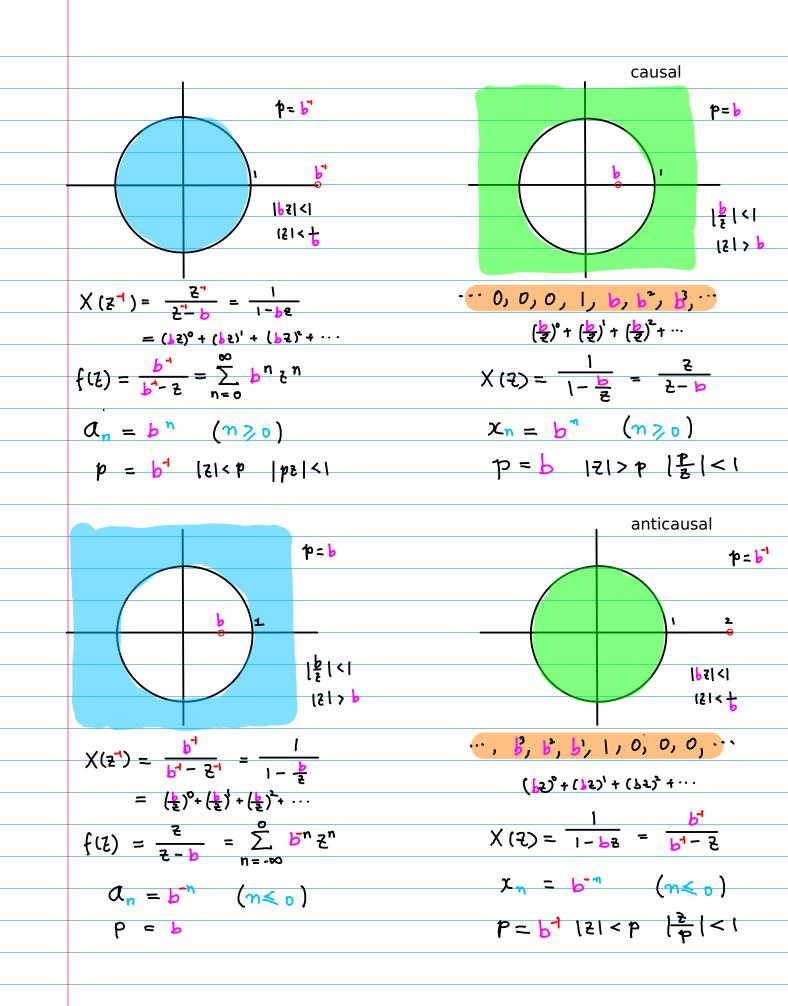
$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{4!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{2 - 2!} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=4$$

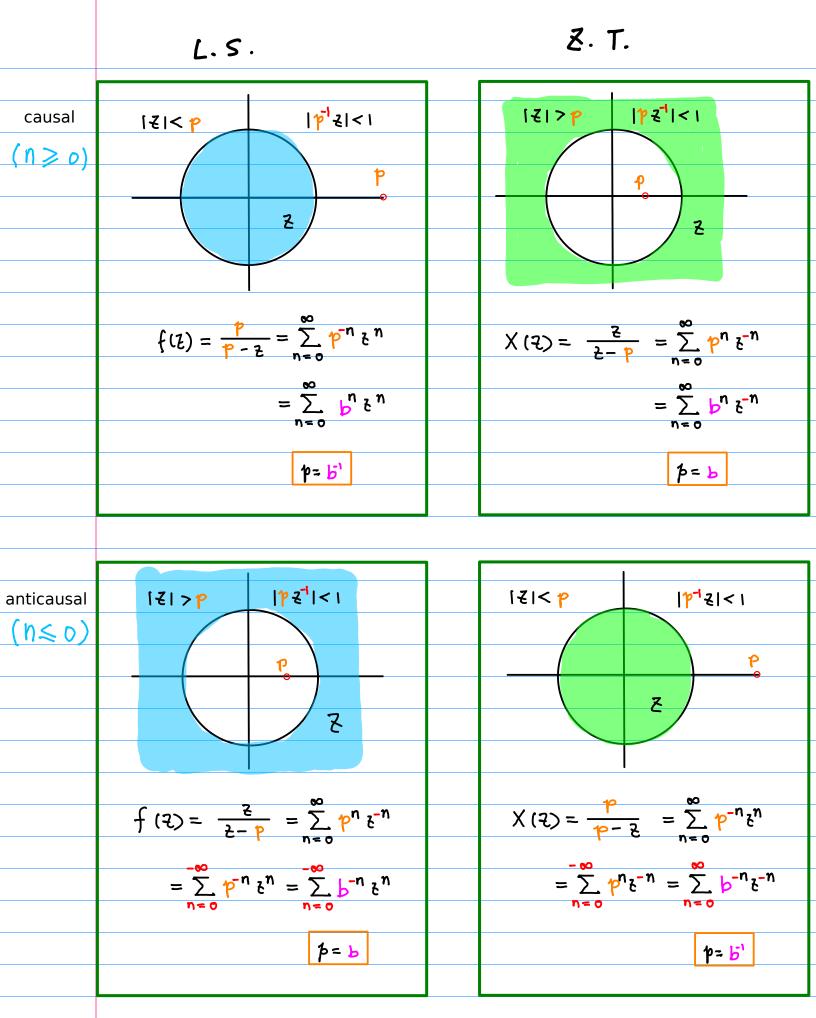
$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{4!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{2 - 2!} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=4$$

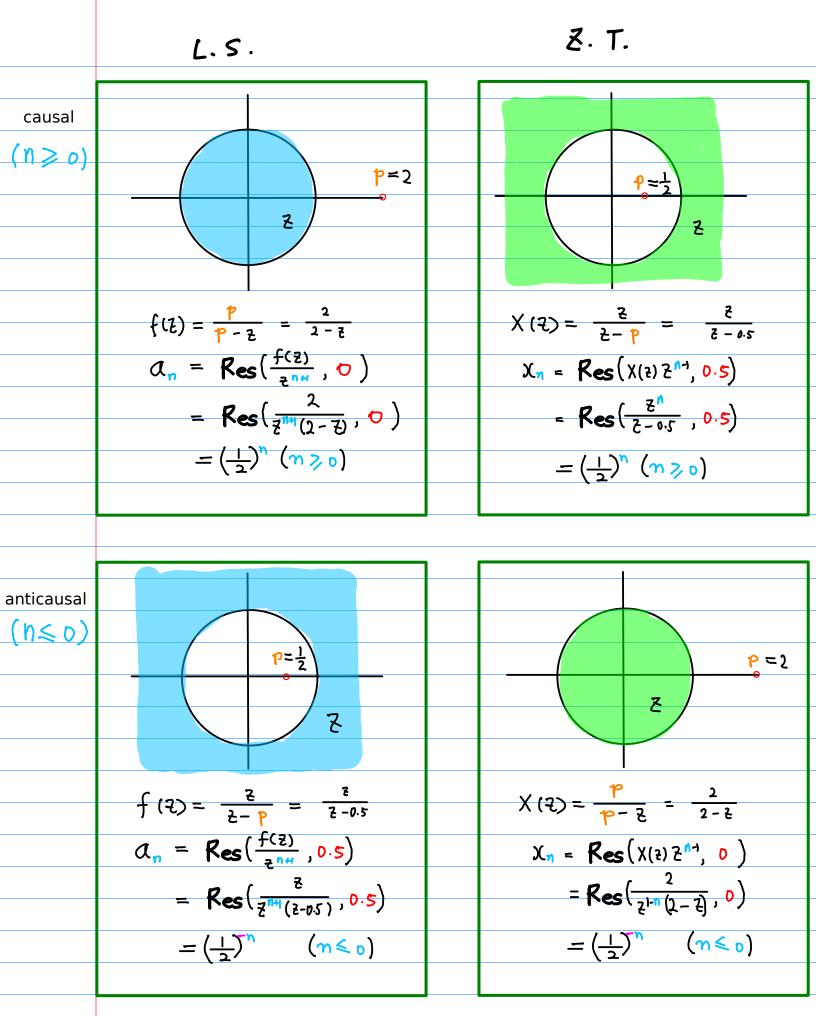
$$x_{n} = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{2}{2^{1/2}(2 - 2)}, 0) = \frac{2}{4!} \frac{d^{2}}{dt^{2}} \frac{1}{dt^{2}} - \frac{1}{2 - 2!} |_{z=0} = \frac{2}{(2 - 2)^{2}} = (\frac{1}{2})^{1} \quad n=4$$

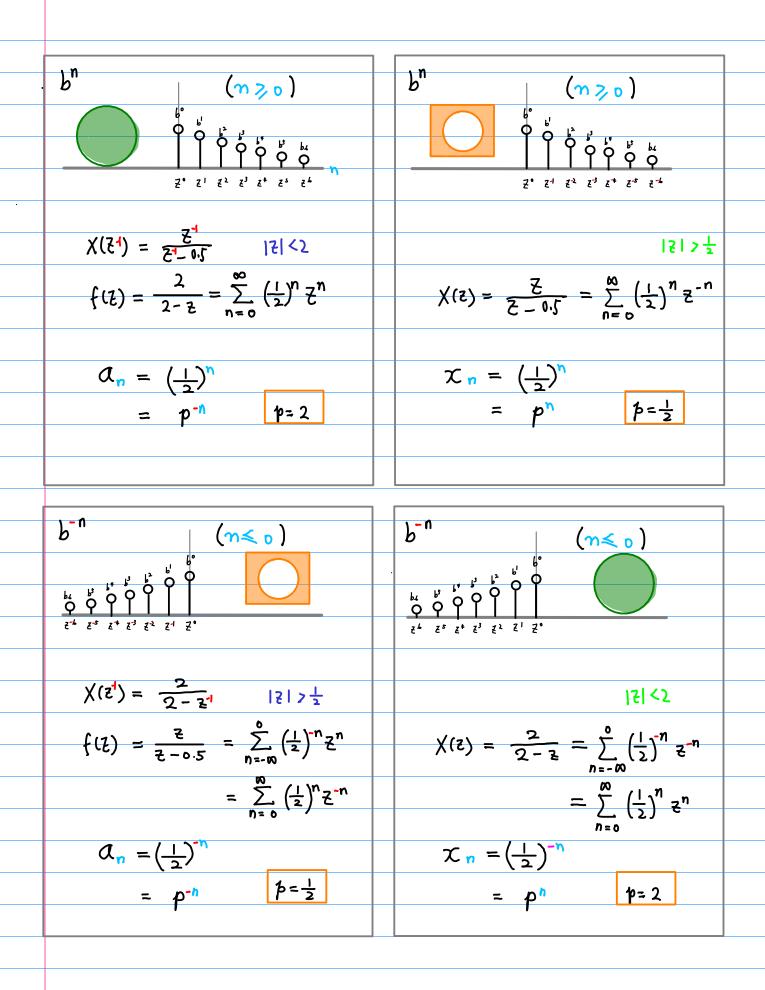
# Summary

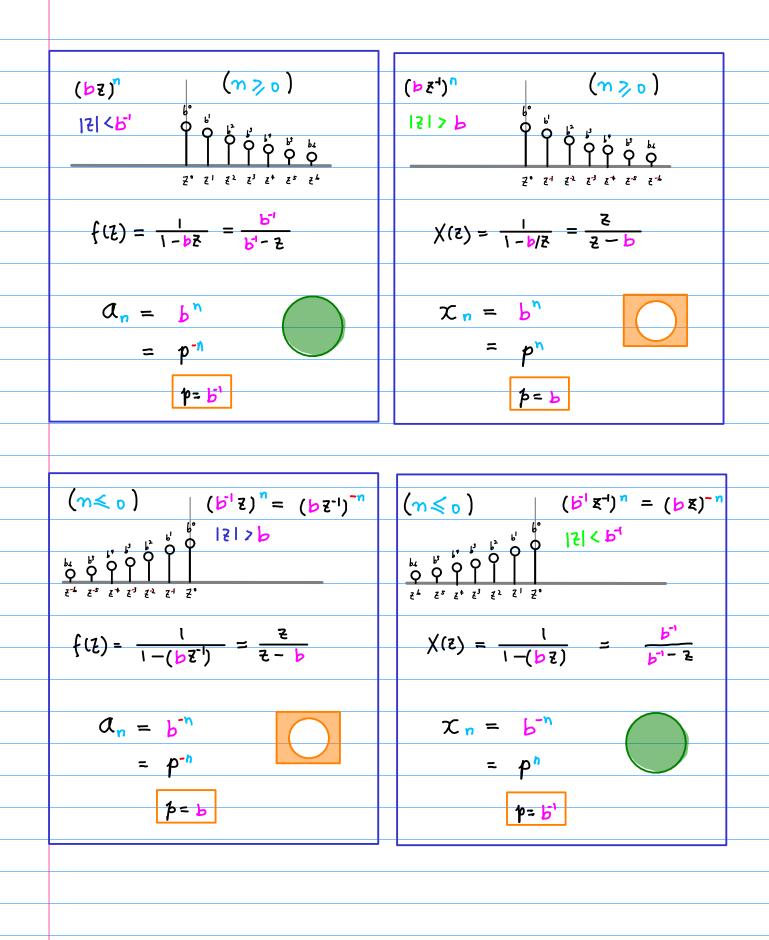












$$Two - Sided$$

$$\frac{1}{2} < |z| < 2 \Rightarrow |\frac{1}{22}| < 1, |\frac{2}{2}| < 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{24}} + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{5}} = \frac{32}{32 - 1} + \frac{2}{2 - 8}$$

$$- \frac{2}{5 - 0.5} - \frac{2}{2 - 2}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{24}} + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{5}} - 1 = \frac{2}{5 - 0.5} - \frac{2}{2 - 2} - 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{24}} + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{5}} - 1 = \frac{2}{5 - 0.5} - \frac{2}{2 - 2} - 1$$

$$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{24}} + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{5}} - 1 = \frac{2}{5 - 0.5} - \frac{2}{2 - 2} - 1$$

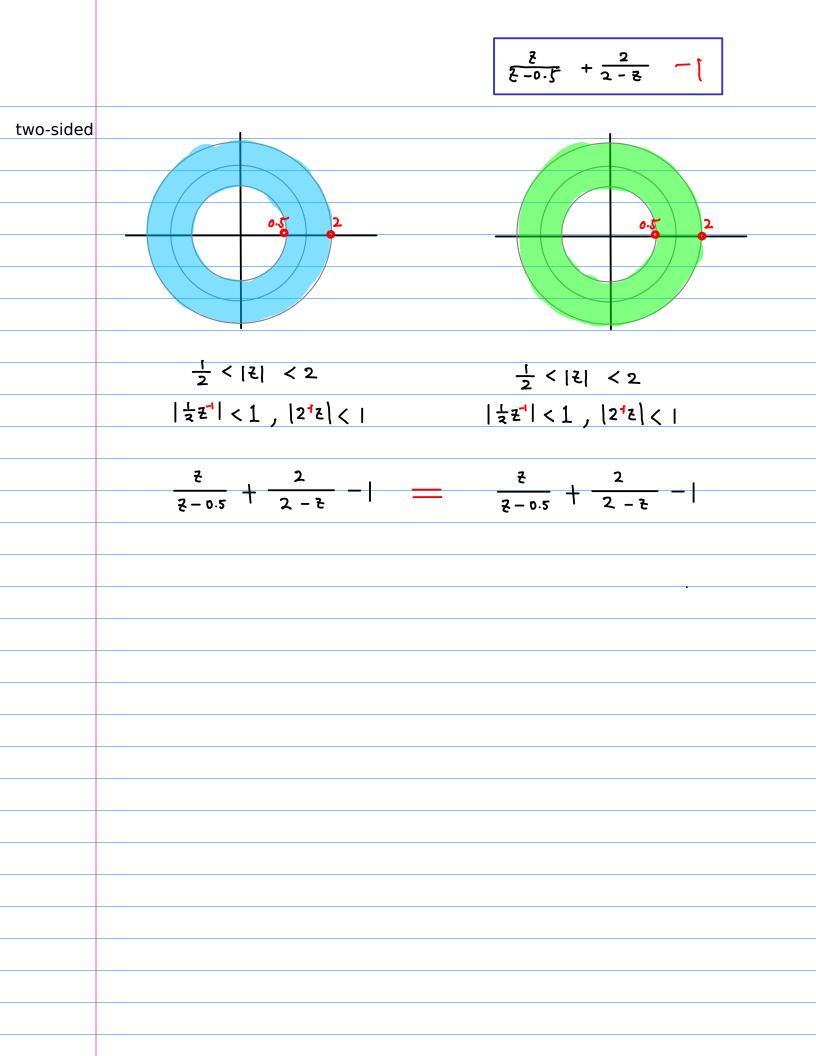
$$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{24}} = (\frac{1}{23})^{2} + (\frac{1}{24})^{1} + (\frac{1}{24})^{2} + \cdots = \frac{2}{5 - 0.5} - \frac{2}{5 - 0.5}$$

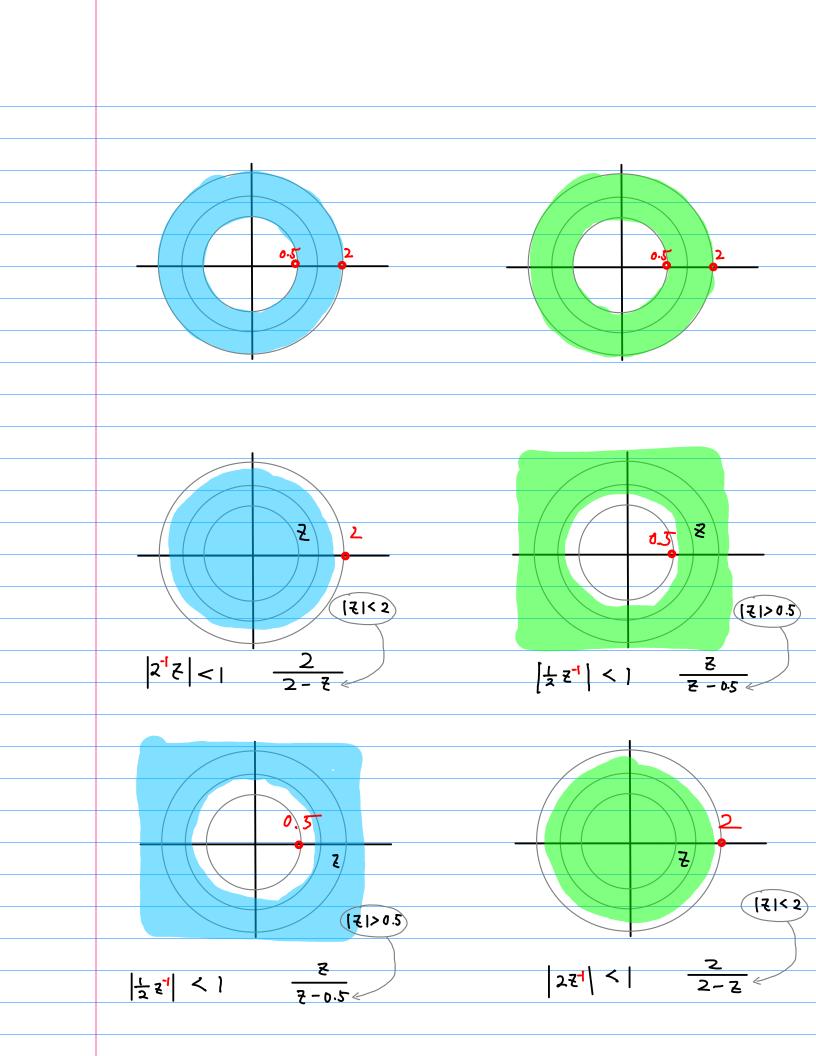
$$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{5}} = (\frac{1}{20})^{2} + (\frac{2}{5})^{1} + (\frac{2}{5})^{2} + (\frac{2}{5})^{2} + \cdots = \frac{1}{2 - 25}$$

$$f(2) = \frac{0.5}{2 - 0.5} - \frac{2}{2 - 2} = \frac{4 + 5t' - 14 + 5t'}{(1 - 0.5)(1 - 1)} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{(2 - 0.5)(1 - 1)}}{(\frac{3}{2 - 0.5} + \frac{2}{2 - 0.5} - \frac{1}{2}}$$

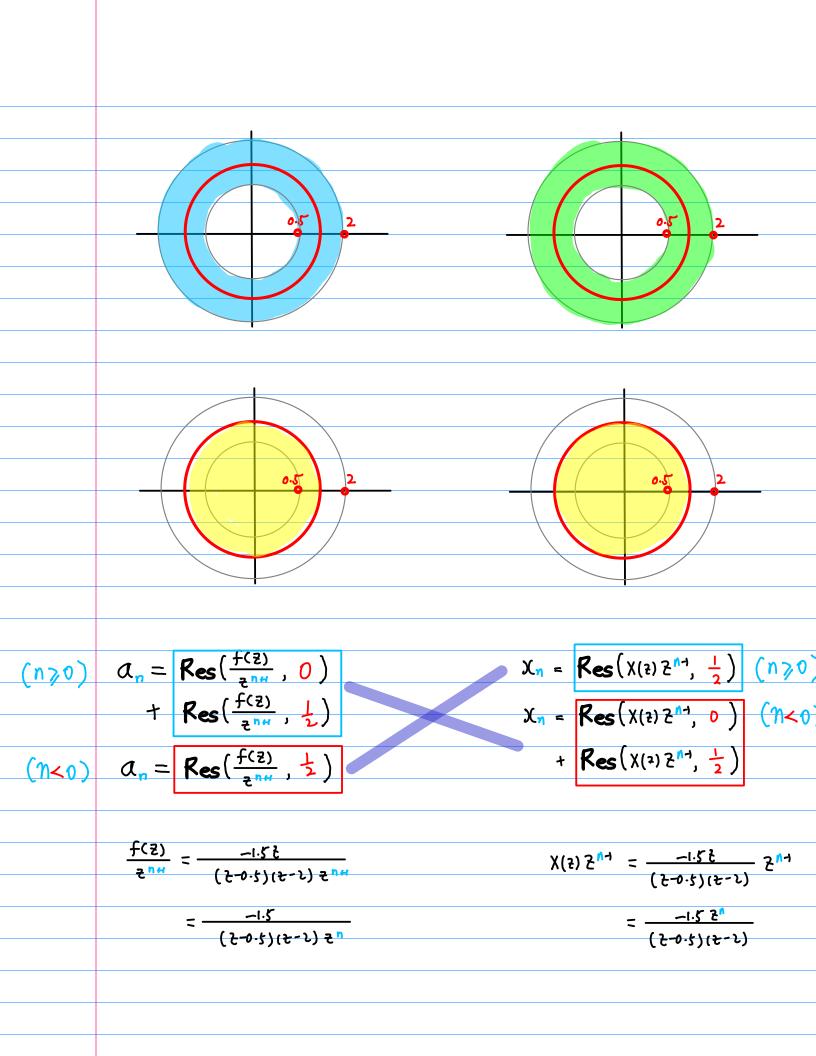
 $f(z) = \frac{0.5}{7-0.5} - \frac{2}{7-2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(2-0.5)(2-2)} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(2-0.5)(2-2)}$  $f(z^{-1}) = \frac{0.5}{z^{-1}-0.5} - \frac{2}{z^{-1}-2} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}z + -2z + 1}{(z-0.5)(z-2)} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}z}{(z-0.5)(z-2)}$  $=\frac{0.52}{1-0.52}-\frac{22}{1-22}$  $= \frac{2}{2-7} - \frac{2}{2-7}$  $\frac{-\frac{-2}{2}}{2-2} + \frac{-2}{2-0.5} = \frac{-2}{(2-0.5)(2-2)} = \frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(2-0.5)(2-2)}$  $f(z) = f(z^{-1}) = \chi(z)$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} \left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^{2} + \cdots \right) = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^{n} \\ \left(\frac{g}{2}\right)^{n} + \left(\frac{g}{2}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{g}{2}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{g}{2}\right)^{2} + \cdots \right) = \frac{1}{2 \cdot c} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{k}{2}\right)^{n} \\ \cdots + \left(\frac{g}{2}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{g}{2}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{g}{2}\right)^{0} + \left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^{1} + \left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^{2} + \cdots \right) = \frac{1}{2 \cdot c} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} + \frac{2}{2 \cdot c} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot c} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot c} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot c} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} - \frac{1}{2 \cdot c} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} - \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} - \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot 0 \cdot S} - \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot c \cdot S} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} \\ = \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C} + \frac{\delta \cdot S}{\delta \cdot C}$$





$$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & &$$



$$f(z) = \frac{-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z}{z}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)} \qquad \chi(z) = \frac{-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z}{z}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)}$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} \operatorname{Res}(\chi_{(0)} z^{(n)}, \frac{1}{z}) & (-n \neq 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}(\chi_{(0)} z^{(n)}, \frac{1}{z}) & (-n \neq 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}(\chi_{(0)} z^{(n)}, \frac{1}{z}) & (-n \neq 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z^n}{z^n}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)}, \frac{1}{z}) & (-n \neq 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z^n}{z^n}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)}, \frac{1}{z}) & + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z^n}{z^n}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)}, 0) & (-n \neq 0) \\ \end{cases}$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z^n}{(z-0.5)(z-z)}, \frac{1}{z}) & + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z^n}{(z-0.5)(z-z)}, 0) & (-n \neq 0) \\ (-\frac{3}{2} \frac{z^n}{z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{3}{2}} & (-\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n & (-\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ a_2 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n & (-\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ \end{cases}$$

$$a_1 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n & (-\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ a_3 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n & (-\frac{3}{2})^n \\ \end{cases}$$

$$a_4 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, 0) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\ a_4 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, 0) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\ a_5 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, 0) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\ a_4 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, 0) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\ a_5 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, 0) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\ = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\ a_5 = \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, \frac{1}{z}) + \operatorname{Res}(\frac{-\frac{3}{2}}{(z-0.5)(z-z)z^n}, 0) & = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\ = (-\frac{1}{2})^n \\$$

$$\chi_{1}(\xi) = \frac{-\frac{3}{4}\xi}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)}$$

$$\chi_{n} = \begin{cases} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(\xi)}{\xi^{n(t)}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(\xi)}{\xi^{n(t)}}, 0\right) & (n \ge 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(\xi)}{\xi^{n(t)}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) & (n \ge 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) & (n \ge 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{3} = (\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{3} = (\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{3} = (\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{n} = (\frac{1}{2})^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{n} = (\frac{1}{2})^{n} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{n} + (\frac{-3}{2}) \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\ = (\frac{1}{2})^{2} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\ = (\frac{1}{2})^{2} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{2})^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\ = (\frac{1}{2})^{2} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{4})^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\ = (\frac{1}{4})^{2} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{4})^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \\ = (\frac{1}{4})^{3} \\ = (\frac{1}{4})^{3} \\ \chi_{n} = (\frac{1}{4})^{3} \\ \chi_{n} = (\frac{1}{4})^{3} \\ \chi_{n} = (\frac{1}{4})^{3} \\ \chi_{n} = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) + \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi-0.5)(\xi-3)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = (\frac{1}{4})^{3} \\ \chi_{n} = (\frac{1}{4}$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = \frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)}\Big|_{\xi = 0} = \left[\frac{1}{(\xi - 0.5)} - \frac{1}{(\xi - 1)}\right]_{\xi = 0}$$

$$= -2 + \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{3}{3}$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = \frac{4}{4\xi} - \frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)}\Big|_{\xi = 0} = \left[\frac{-1}{(\xi - 0.5)} + \frac{1}{(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}\right]_{\xi = 0}$$

$$= -4 + \frac{1}{4} = -\frac{15}{4}$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}, 0\right) = \frac{1}{2\xi} \frac{4^{1}}{4\xi} - \frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)}\Big|_{\xi = 0} = \left[\frac{1}{(\xi - 0.5)} - \frac{1}{(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}\right]_{\xi = 0}$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\right) = -\frac{43}{4}$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\right) = -\frac{43}{4}$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{n}$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-\frac{3}{4}}{(\xi - 0.5)(\xi - 1)\xi^{n}}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

Z.T. L.S at Z=0 causal ø • †• PY PS t,  $f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  $X(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \chi_k z^{-k}$  $a_n = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint \frac{f(z)}{z^{n_{H}}} dz$  $X_{n} = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint X(z) Z^{n-1} dz$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left( \frac{f(z)}{z^{n_{\text{ff}}}}, z_{\text{f}} \right)$  $= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res}(\chi(z) Z^{n-1}, Z_{k})$ Poles Zr Poles Zr N > 0  $\overline{c}_1, \overline{c}_2, \overline{c}_3$  $\mathcal{N} \ge \mathbf{0} \qquad \overline{\mathcal{E}}_1, \ \overline{\mathcal{E}}_2, \ \overline{\mathcal{E}}_3, \ \mathbf{0}$  $\gamma < \circ \quad \overline{z_1, \overline{z_2}, \overline{z_3}}$ 

$$\frac{\mathbf{Z} - \mathbf{transform}}{\mathbf{z}_{n} = 0} = 0$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{x}_{n} = 0}{\mathbf{z}_{n}} \oint_{C} f(z) \mathbf{z}_{n} dz$$

$$= \sum_{k} \operatorname{Res} \left( f(z) \mathbf{z}_{n} dz \right) + (\mathbf{z} = 0 \mathbf{z}_{k} + 1) + (\mathbf{z} =$$

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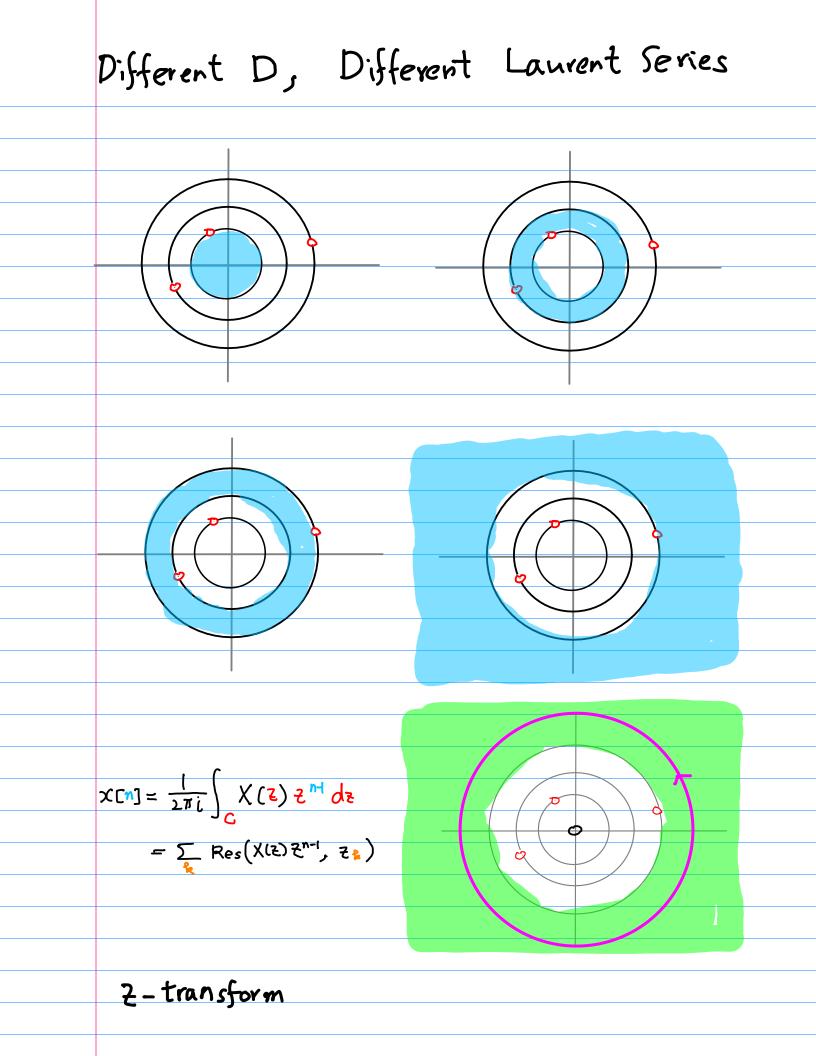
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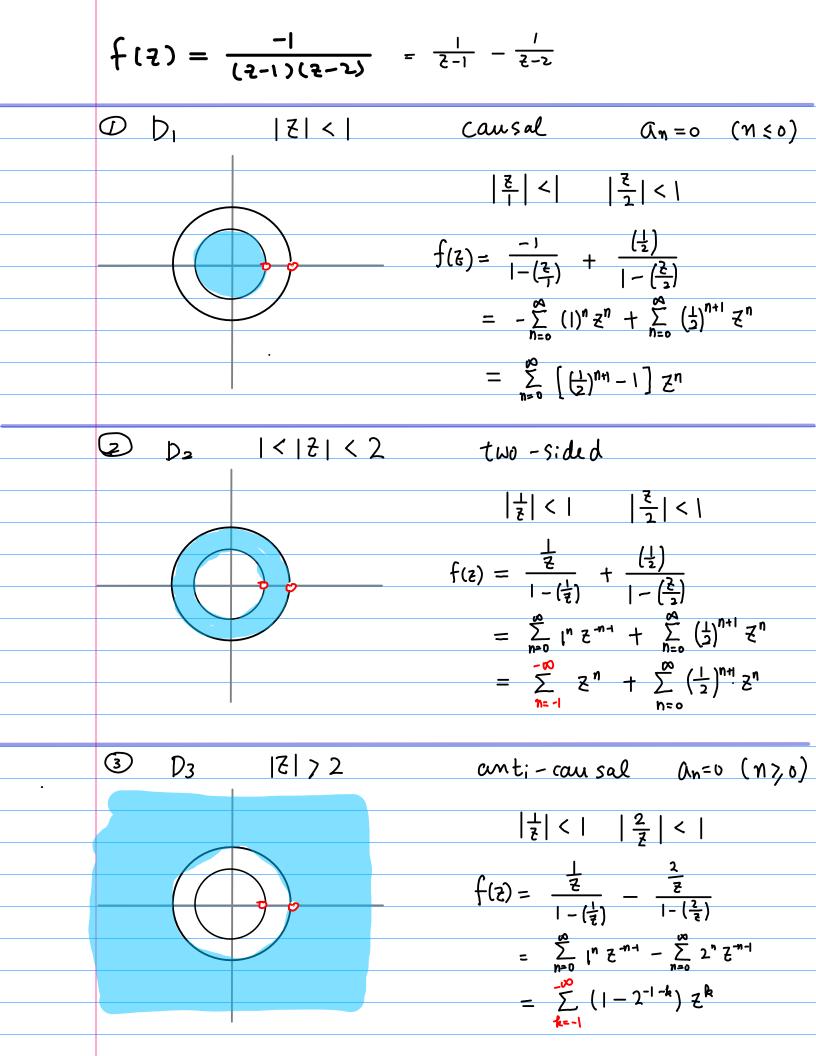
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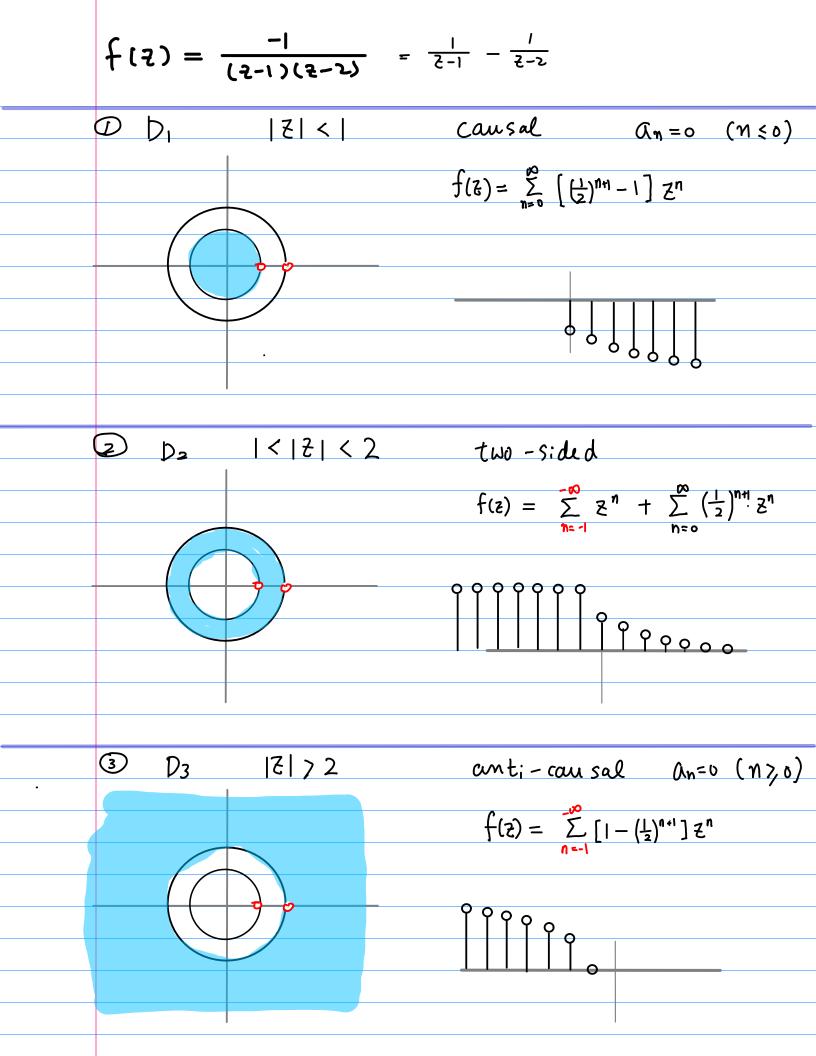
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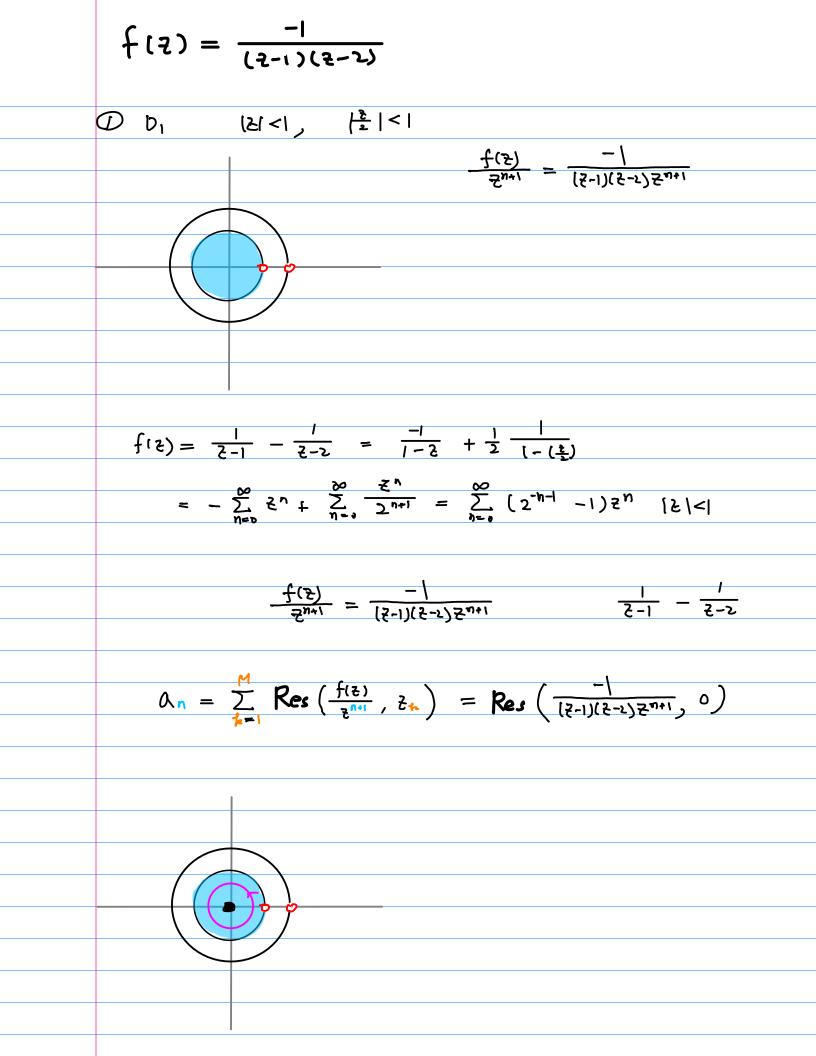
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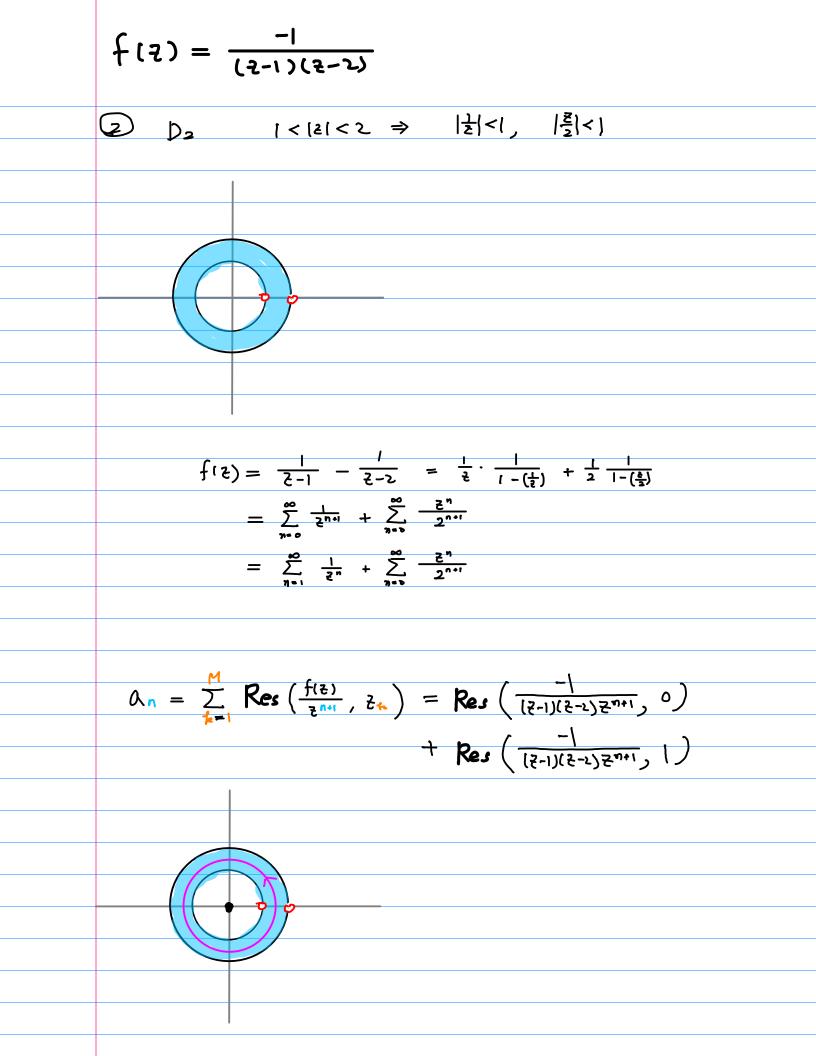


$$\begin{aligned}
\int \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\} = \frac{-1}{\left\{ \frac{1}{2-1} \right\} \left\{ \frac{1}{2-1} \right\}} & \text{Complex Variables and Ap}_{\text{Brown & & Churchill}} \\
\int \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\} = \frac{-1}{\left\{ \frac{1}{2-1} \right\} \left\{ \frac{1}{2-1} \right\}} = \frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-2} & \text{Complex Variables and Ap}_{\text{Brown & & Churchill}} \\
\end{pmatrix} \\
= \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-2} & \frac{1}{2-2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2-2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2-2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2}$$









$$\begin{split} \lambda_{n} &= \sum_{i=1}^{M} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{n+1}}, z_{+}\right) = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)z^{n+1}}, 0\right) \\ &+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)z^{n+1}}, 1\right) \\ \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \lim_{z \to z_{-}} \frac{d^{n}}{dz^{n}} (z-z_{-})^{n} f(z) (orthom) \\ \frac{1}{n!} \lim_{z \to z_{-}} \frac{d^{n}}{dz^{n}} ((z+1)^{n} - (z+3)^{n}) = (-1)^{n} \lim_{z \to z_{-}} ((z-1)^{n-1} - (z-3)^{n-1}) \\ &= (-1)^{n} ((c+1)^{n-1} - (z-3)^{n-1}) \\ &= (-1)^{n} ((c+1)^{n-1} - (z-3)^{n-1}) \\ &= (-1)^{n} ((c+1)^{n-1} - (z-3)^{n-1}) \\ &= (-1)^{n} ((z+1)^{n-1} - (z-3)^{n-1}) \\ &= (-1)^{n} (z-1)^{n-1} \\ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)z^{n+1}}, 0\right) = -1 + 2^{n-1} (n \geq 0) \\ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)z^{n+1}}, 1\right) = \lim_{z \to 1} (2-1) \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)z^{n+1}} = 1 \\ \\ \xrightarrow{n-3} n = -2 n = -1 n = 0 n = 1 n = 2 \\ \xrightarrow{n-4} n = -1 n = 0 n = 1 n = 2 \\ \xrightarrow{n-4} 2^{n-2} 2^{n-3} \\ \begin{cases} \lambda_{n} = 2^{-n-1} n \geq 0 \\ \lambda_{n} = 1 n < 0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2^{-n-1} Z^{n} \\ Z^{-n} \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)}$$
(3) D<sub>2</sub>  $z < |z| |\frac{2}{2}| < |-\frac{1}{2}| < |$ 

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1-(z)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1-(z)}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2-1} - \frac{1}{2-2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1-2^{2}}{1-(z)}$$

$$= \frac{2^{2}}{2^{2}} \frac{1-2^{2}}{2^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2^{2}}{2^{2}} \frac{1-2^{2}}{2^{2}}$$

$$A_{11} = \sum_{j=1}^{M} \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{f(z)}{z^{2}}, z_{11}, z_{21}\right) = \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-1)z^{2}}, 0\right)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-1)z^{2}}, 1\right)$$

$$+ \operatorname{Res}\left(\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-1)z^{2}}, 2\right)$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)Z^{n+1}}, 0\right) = -1 + 2^{n-4} \quad (n \ge 0)$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)Z^{n+1}}, 1\right) = \lim_{Z \to L} (2-1)\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)Z^{n+1}} = 1$$

$$Res\left(\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)Z^{n+1}}, 2\right) = \lim_{Z \to L} (2-2)\frac{-1}{(2-1)(2-2)Z^{n+1}} = -\frac{1}{2^{n+1}}$$

$$\frac{n-3}{2} \quad n-2 \quad n-4 \quad n=0 \quad n=1 \quad n=2$$

$$0 \quad 0 \quad -1 + 2^{n} \quad 1 + 2^{n} \quad -1 + 2^{n} \quad Res\left(\frac{2}{R^{n}}, 0\right)$$

$$I \quad I \quad (I \quad I \quad (I \quad Res\left(\frac{2}{R^{n}}, 1\right))$$

$$\frac{-2^{n}}{2^{n}} -2 \quad -1 \quad -2^{n} \quad -2^{n} \quad -2^{n} \quad -2^{n} \quad Res\left(\frac{2}{R^{n}}, 2\right)$$

$$\frac{n-2^{n}}{2^{n}} \quad (1-2^{n+1})Z^{n} = \sum_{p=1}^{\infty} \frac{1-2^{n+1}}{2^{n}}$$

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$$f(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

$$X \subseteq n \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{C} [X(z) z^{n}] dz$$

$$= \frac{h}{2\pi i} \operatorname{Res} \left( [X(z) z^{n}], \bar{z}_{0} \right)$$

$$X(z) = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)}$$

$$X(z) z^{n} = \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)} z^{n}$$

$$\operatorname{Res} \left( [X(z) z^{n}], 1 \right) = (2\pi) \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)} z^{n} \int_{z-1}^{z-1} z^{n}$$

$$\operatorname{Res} \left( [X(z) z^{n}], 2 \right) = (z-1) \frac{-1}{(z-1)(z-1)} z^{n} \int_{z-2}^{z-1} - 2^{n-1}$$

$$X \subseteq n = (z-2)^{n-1}$$

