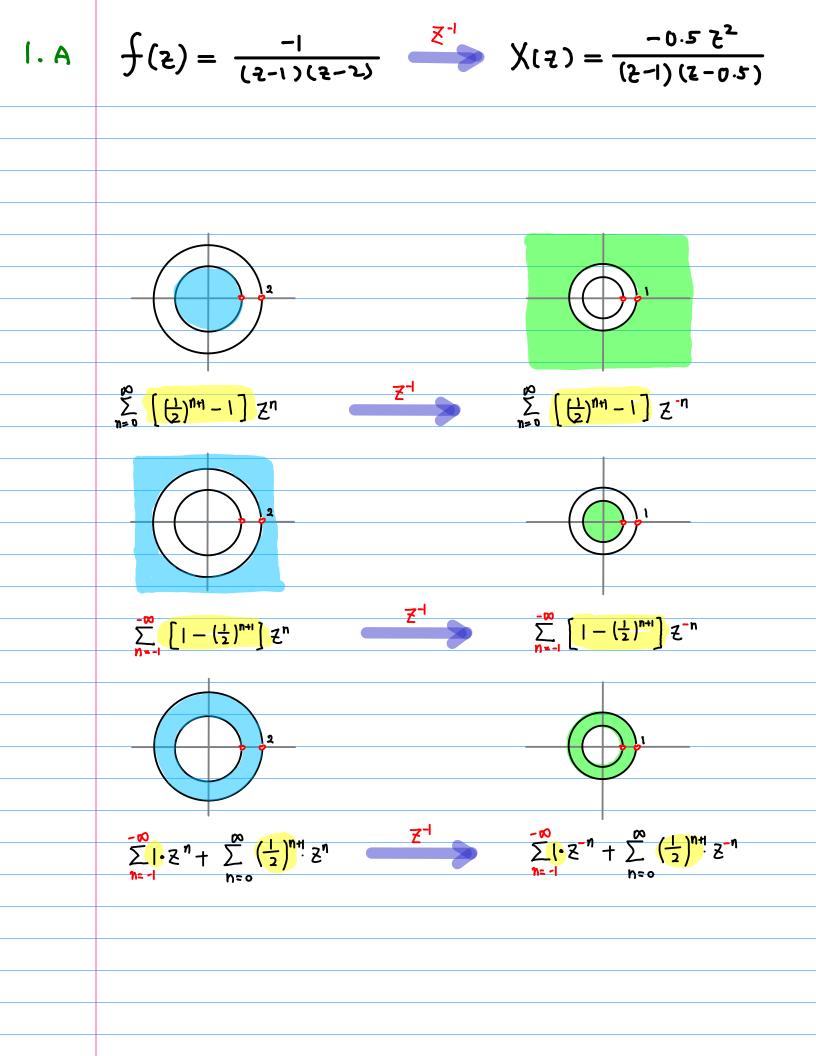
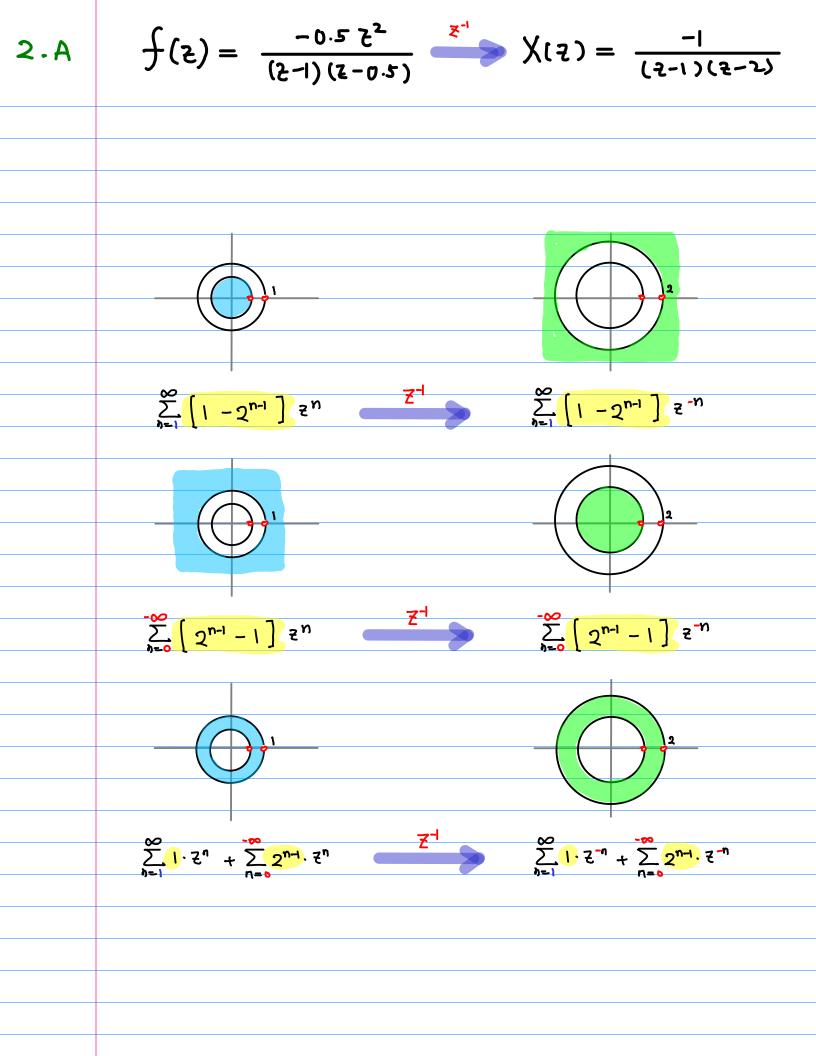
## Laurent Series and z-Transform Examples case 0.A

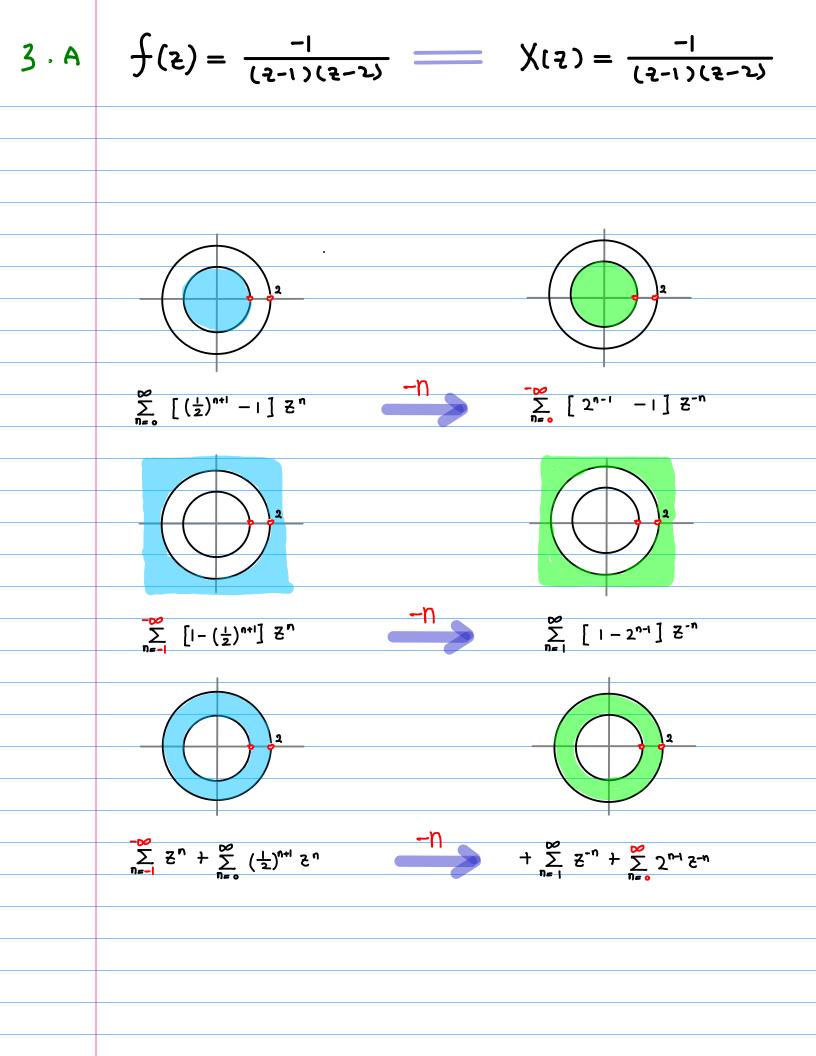
20171208

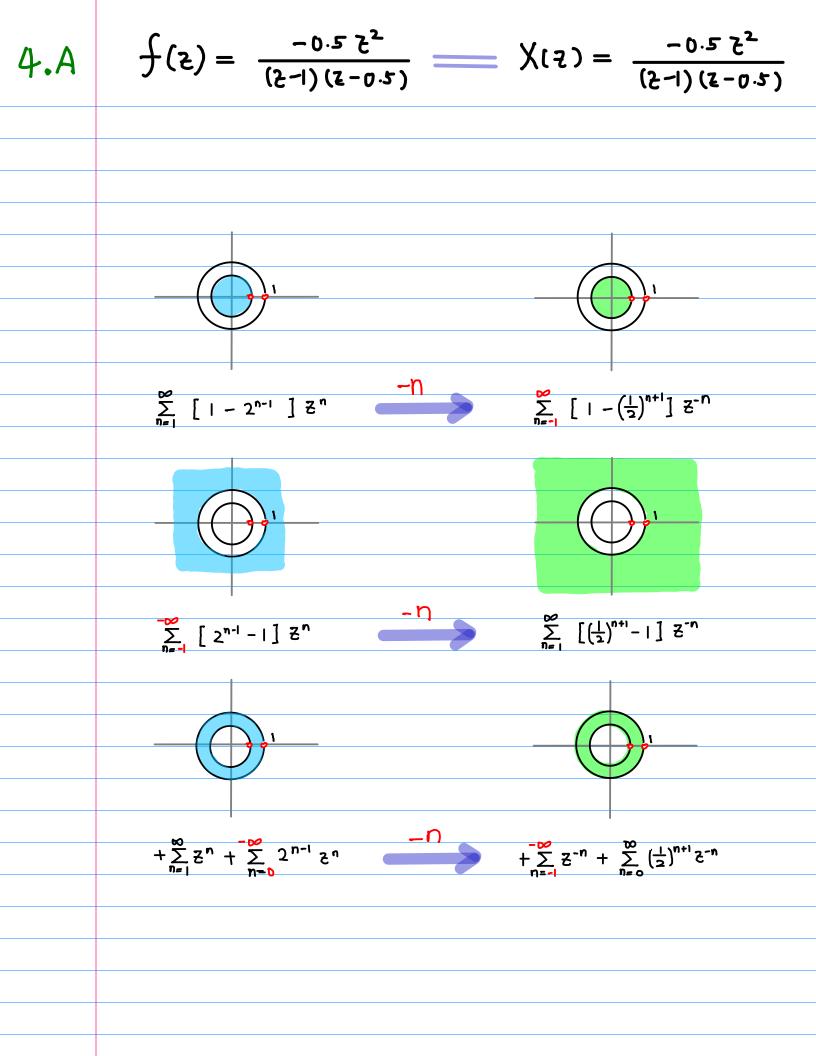
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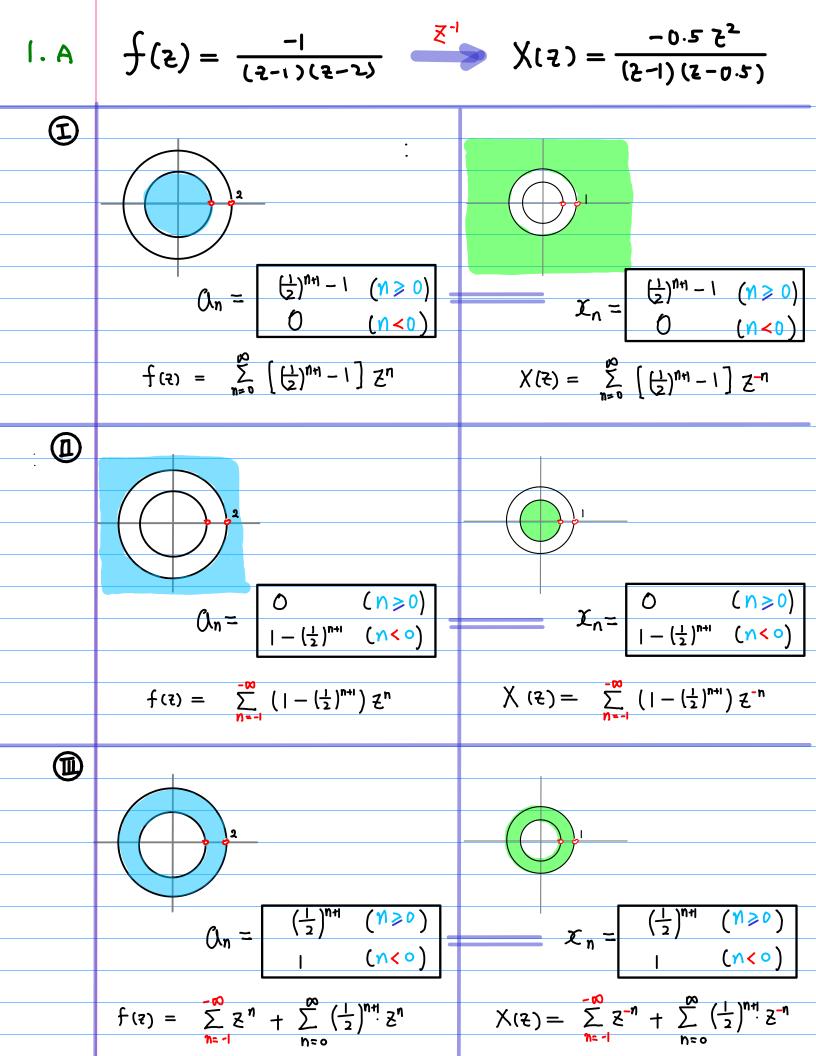
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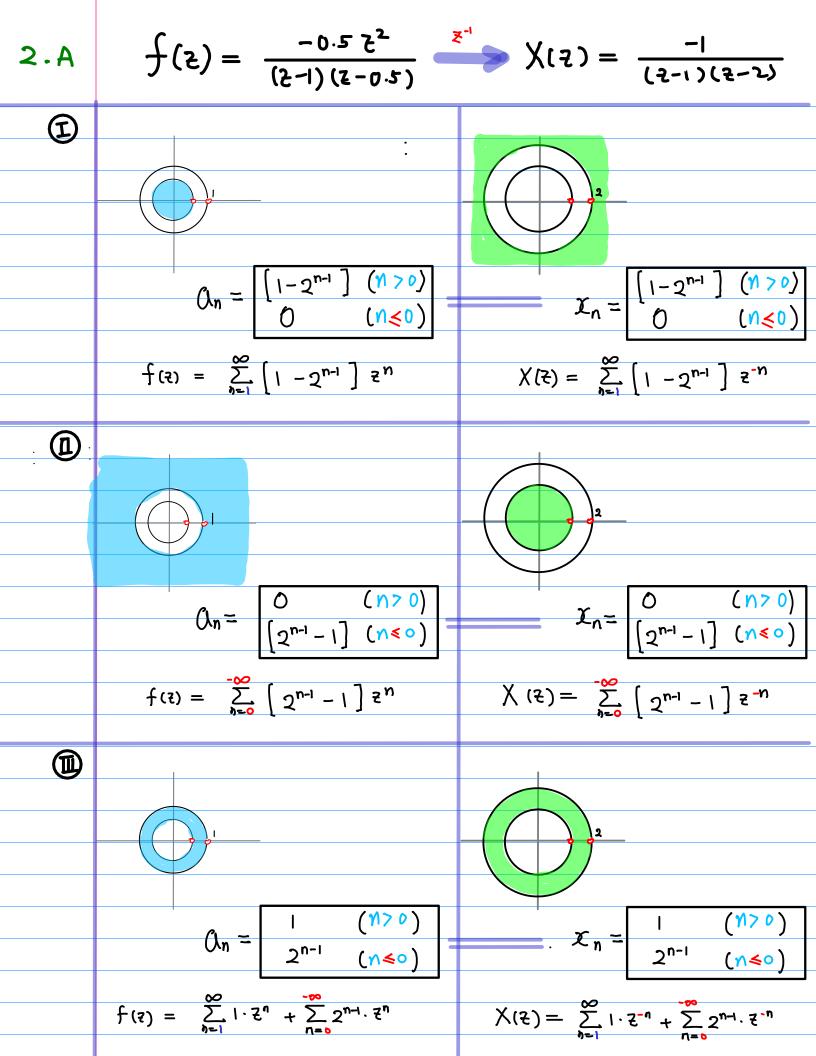


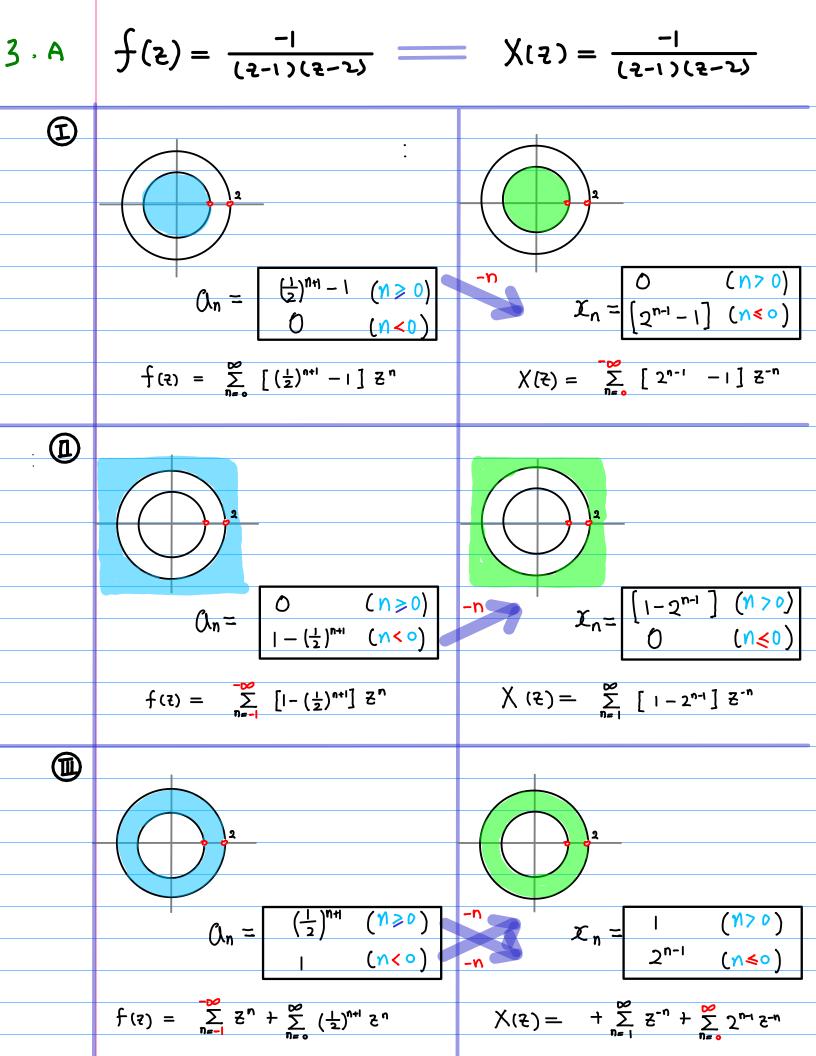


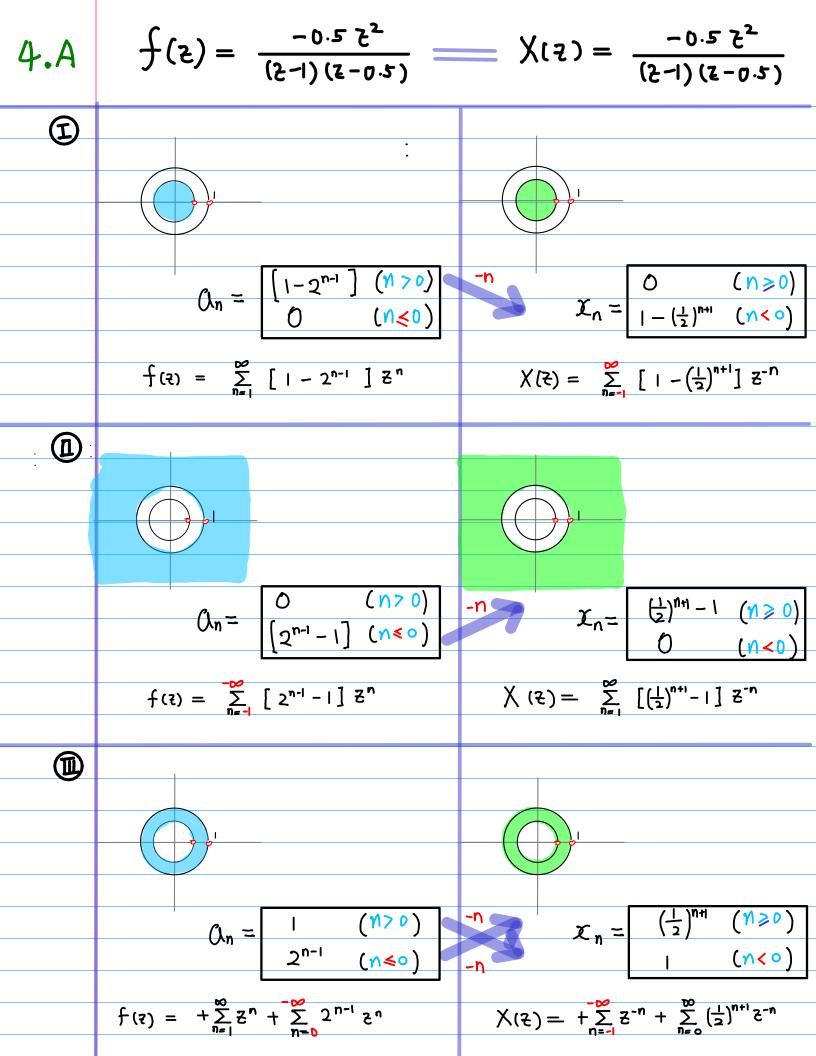


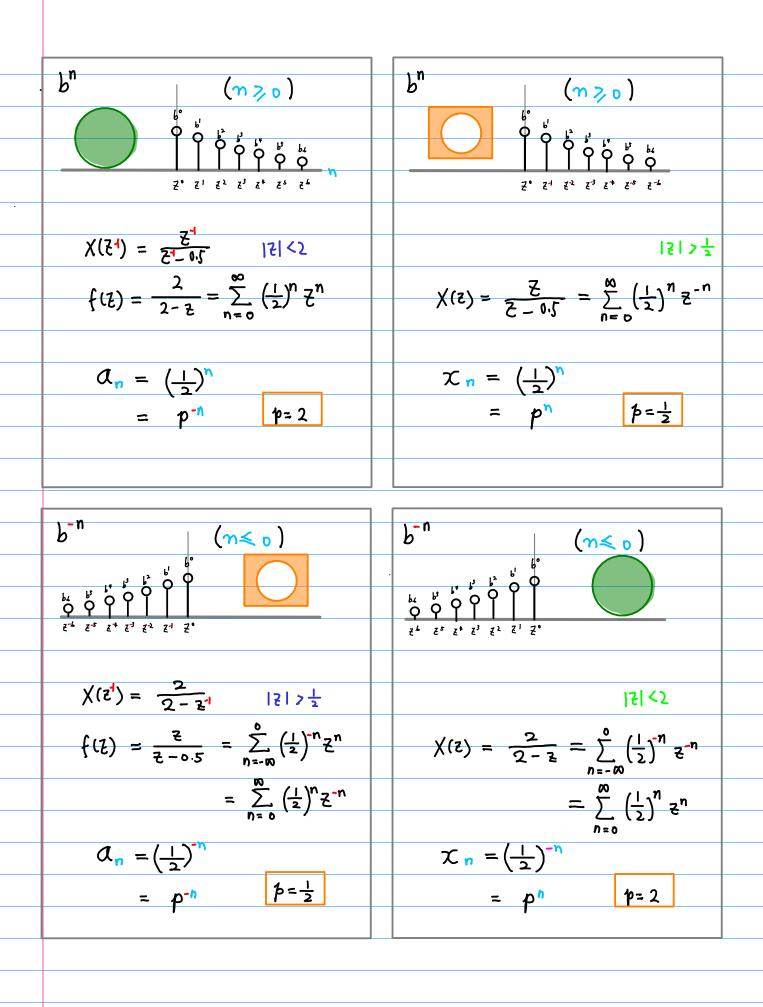


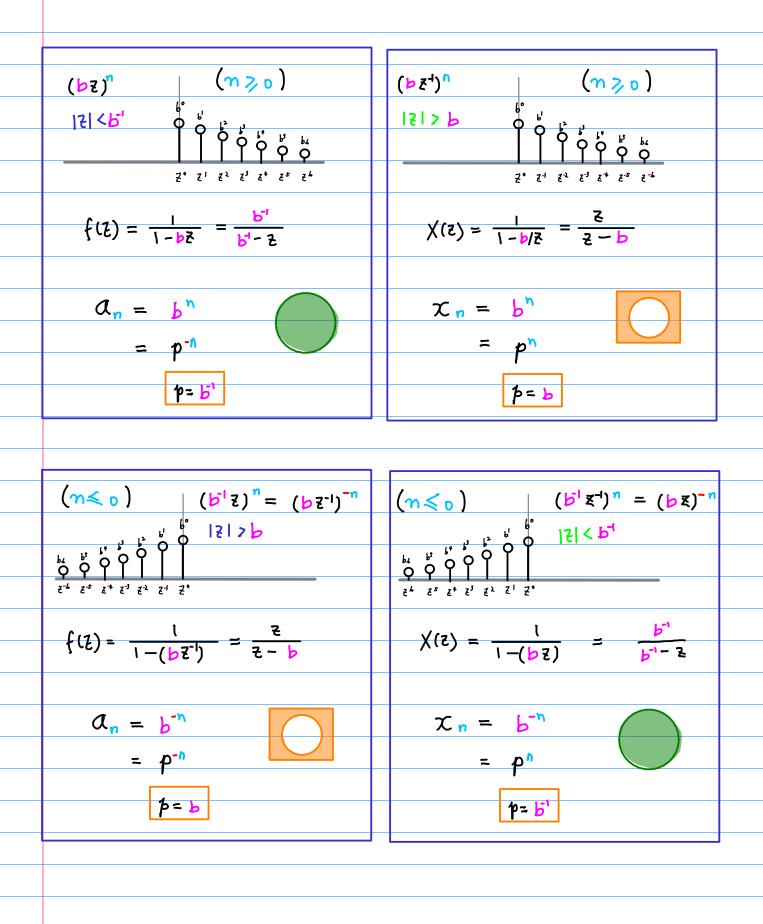


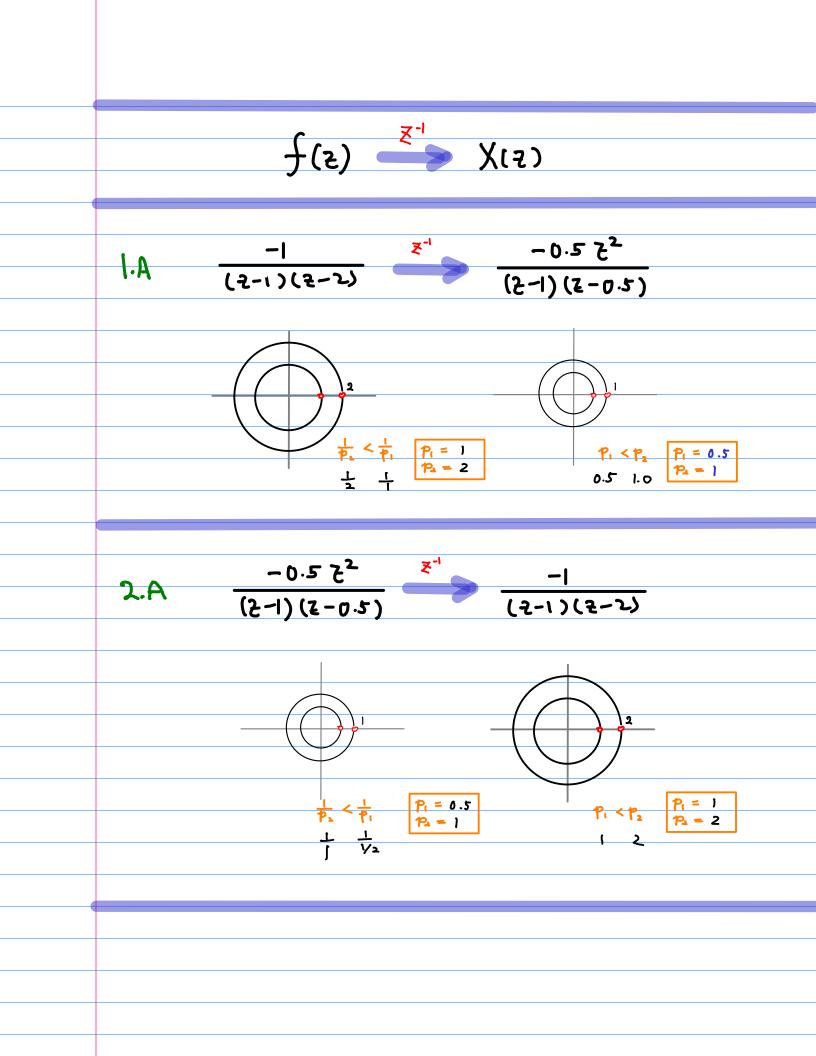


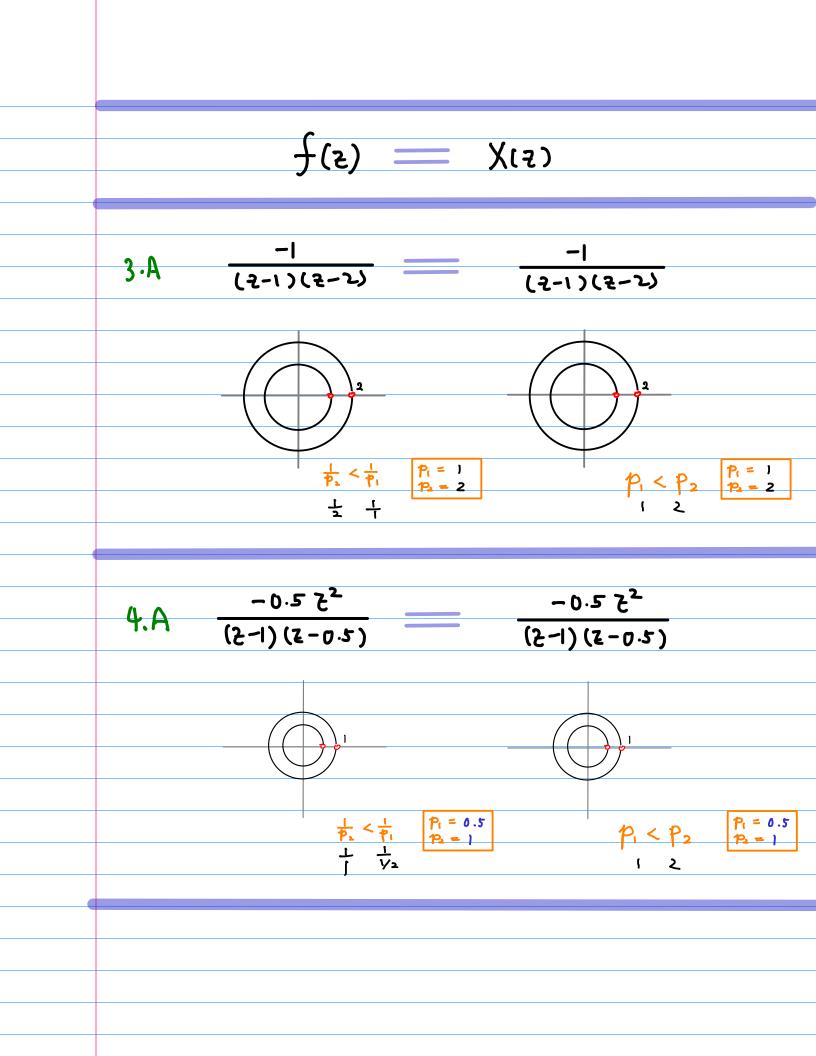


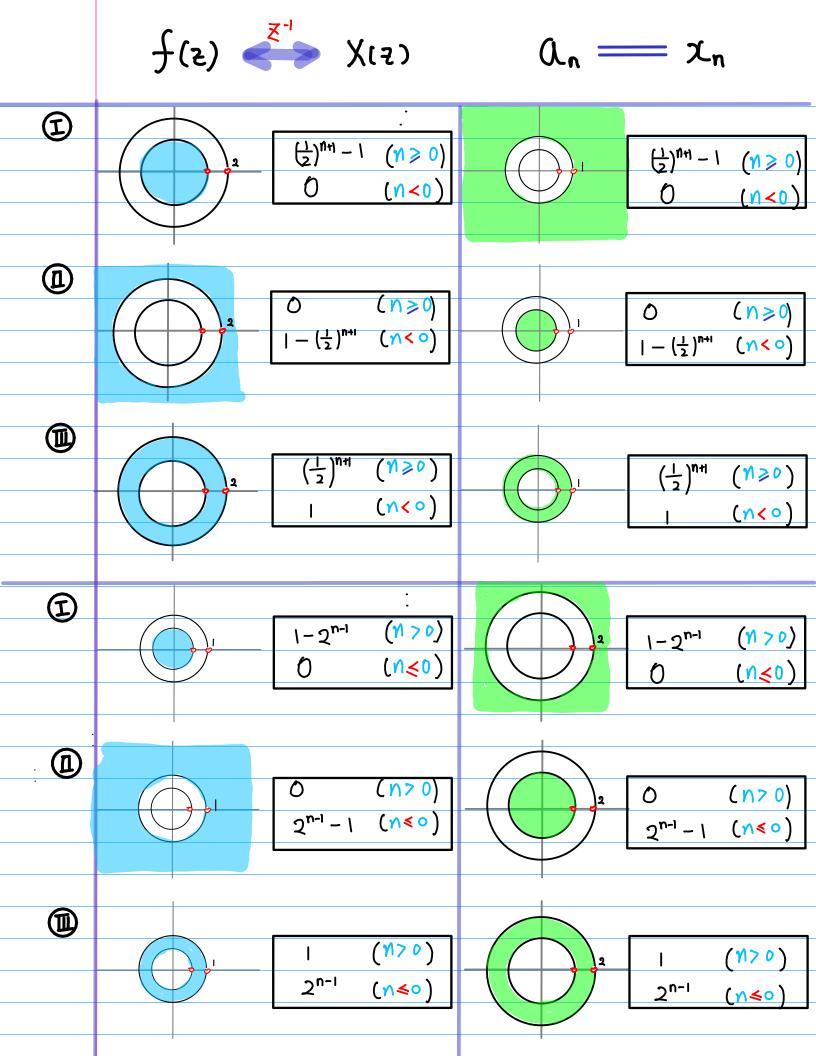


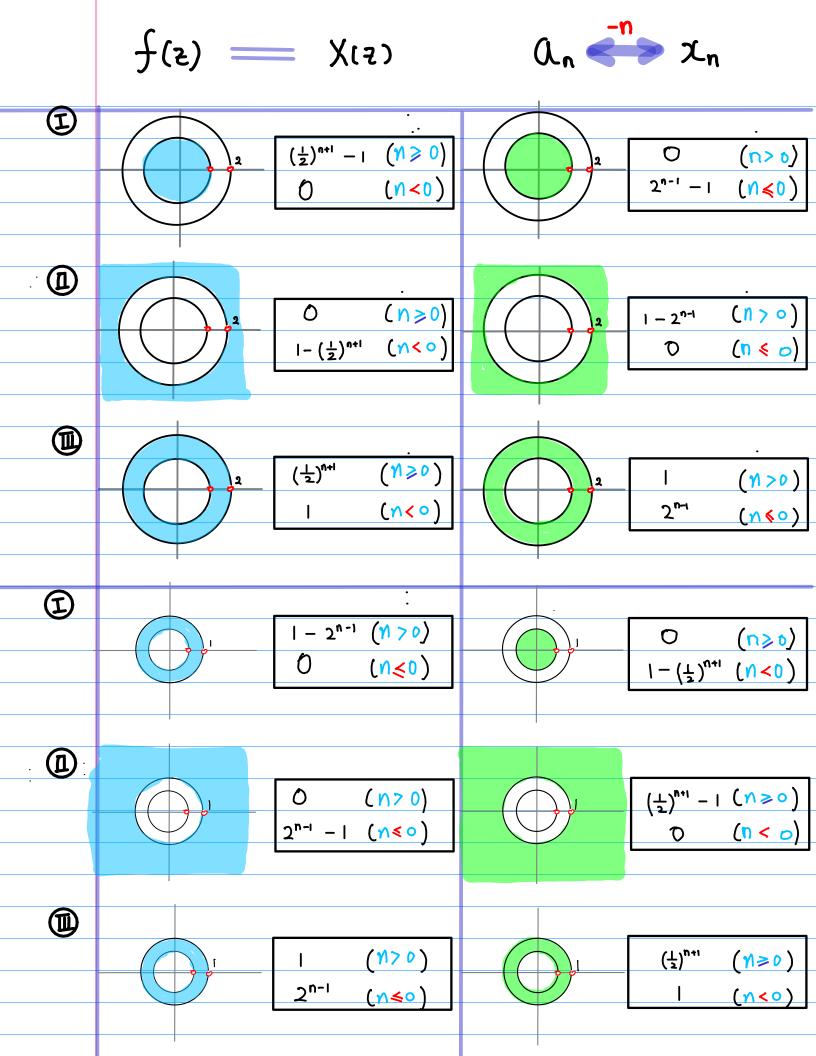


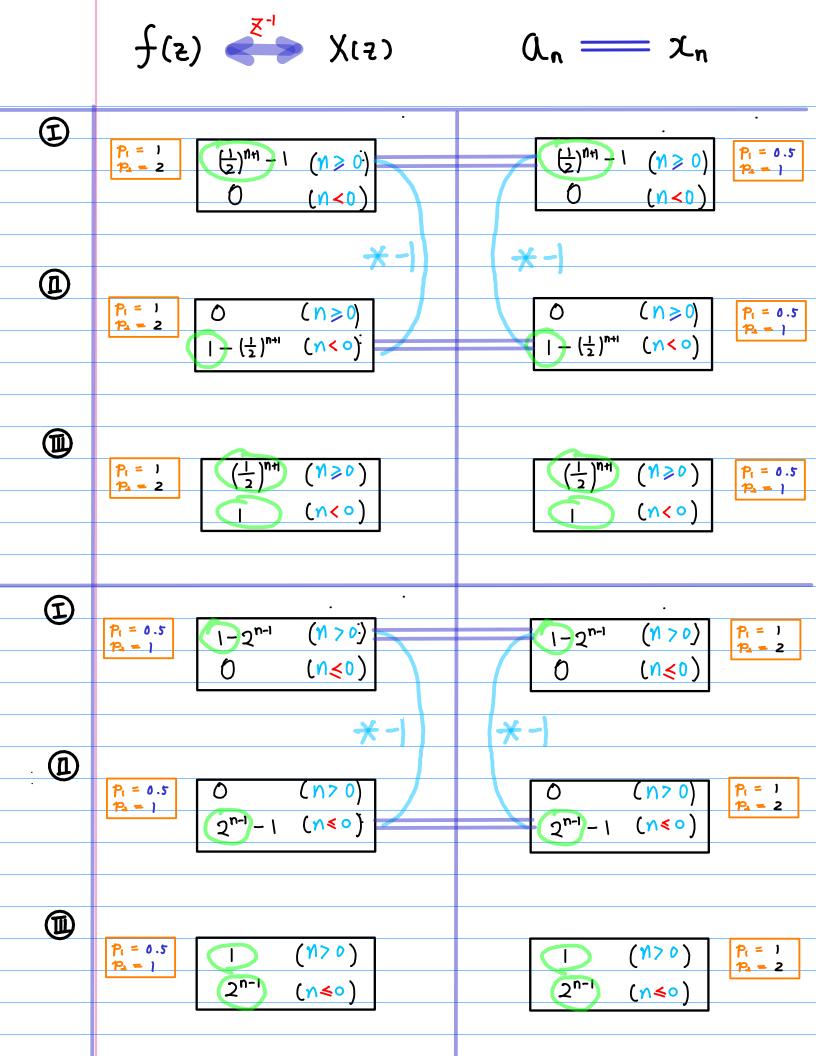


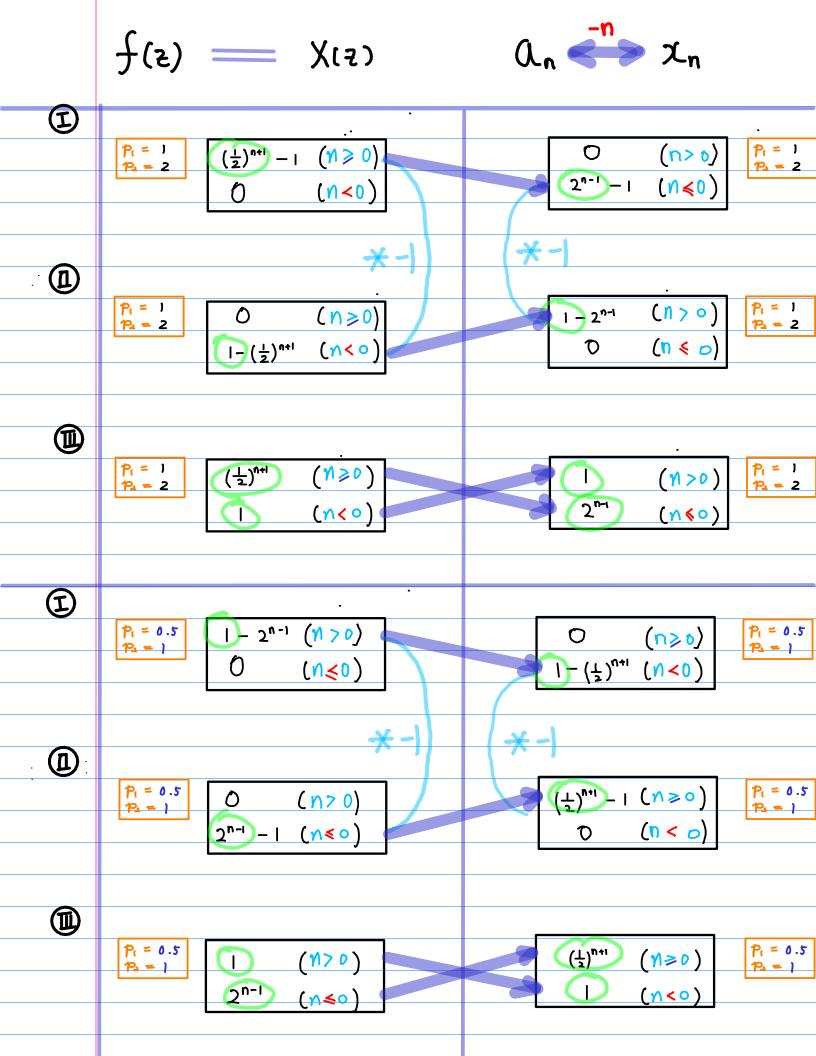






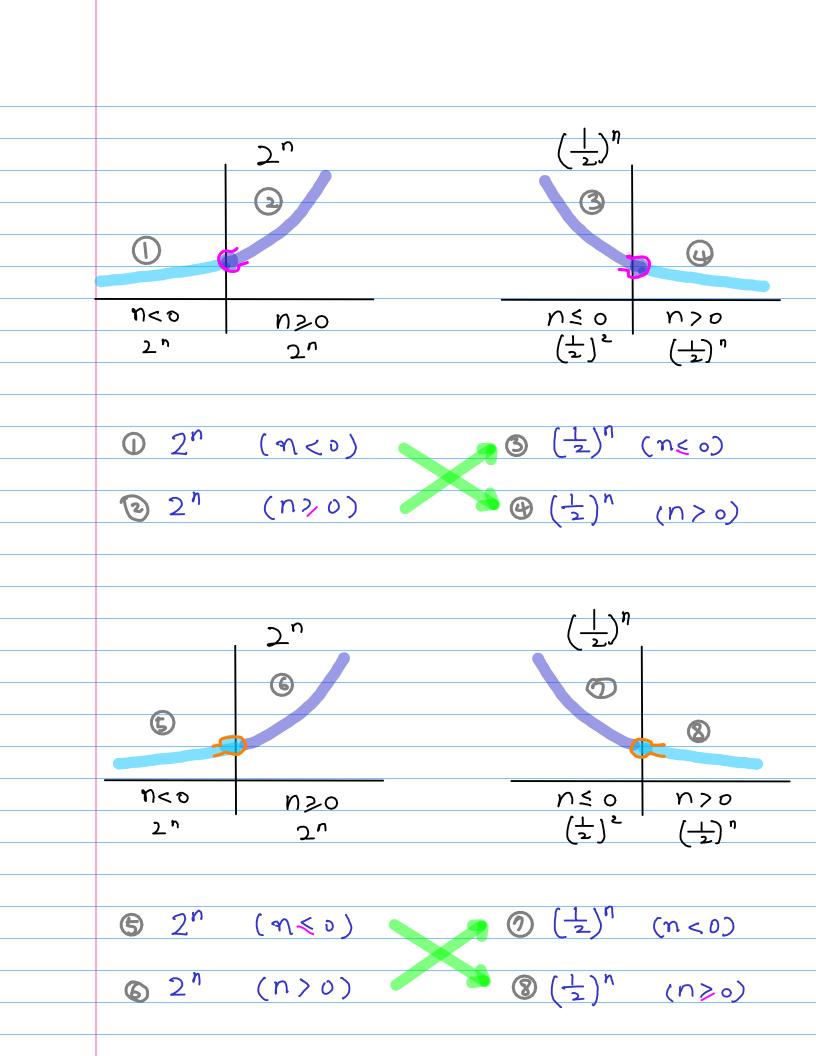






		(   ) 0+	I .	··			r	0		$\langle n \rangle \rangle$	
				$(\mathbf{N} \ge 0)$						( <mark>n&gt; ₀</mark> ) (n≤0)	
		0		<u>(n&lt;0</u> )	)			_	•		
	ή	د-	-2	-1	0	t	٢	3	ų		
	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$	(1)-3+1	(1) <sup>-2+[</sup>	( <u>↓</u> ) <sup>- ・ </sup>	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{HI}$	$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{l+1}$	( <u>↓</u> ) <sup>2+1</sup>				
	-	( <u>+</u> )*	( <u>+</u> ),	( <del>۲</del> )°			(±)°	(7)*	(Ţ)	•	
	2 <sup>-n-i</sup>	22	2'	2°	2-1	٦-٢	5.,	2-*	25		
	-n	+3	+ 2	+1	D	-1	-2	-3	-4		
	2 <sup>-n-1</sup>	2 <sup>3 1</sup>	2 <sup>2-1</sup>	2 <sup>(-)</sup>	2°1	2 <sup>11</sup>	2 <mark>-5</mark> 4	2-3-1			
n/	m	-2	-1	0	+1	+2	+3				
2 <sup>n′-I</sup>	2 <sup>m-1</sup>	2 <sup>-11</sup>	2*1	2 <sup>01</sup>	2''	2 <sup>4</sup>	2'	1			
		•									

	η	-3	-2	-1	O		2	3
	2 <sup>n</sup>	2 <sup>-3</sup>	22	2-1	2°	2'	22	2 <sup>3</sup>
	-η	3	2	T	0	-1	-2	-3
	2 <sup>-n</sup>	2 <sup>3</sup>	ຂ້	2'	2*	21	2-2	2 <sup>-3</sup>
	rean	range						
n′ m	-n	-3	-2	-1	0	I	2	3
′ 2 <sup>m</sup>	2-7	2 <sup>-3</sup>	2-2	21	2*	2'	້	2 <sup>3</sup>
			•					•
		2 -		≥ 2 <sup>2</sup>		-	2 —	$\rightarrow 2^{-2}$
		I –		» 2 <sup>1</sup>		-		$\longrightarrow 2^{-1}$
		0 -		≥°			> —	$\rightarrow 2^{\circ}$
		-  -		> 2 <sup>-1</sup>				→ 2 <sup>1</sup>
		-2 -	•	→ 2 <sup>-2</sup>			2 —	$\rightarrow 2^2$
			•					•
				t	he sam	e funct	rion	
	η	-3	-2	-1	O	1	2	3
	2 <sup>n</sup>	2 <sup>-3</sup>	2 <sup>-2</sup>	2-1	2°	2'	2°	2 <sup>3</sup>
	η	-3	-2	-1	0	I	2	3 2 <sup>-3</sup>
	2-7	2 <sup>3</sup>	້	2'	2°	21	2 2 <sup>-2</sup>	2 <sup>-3</sup>
	diffe	went fi	mctions					



-n 2-1-1 2<sup>n-1</sup> = 2<sup>n-1</sup>  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$ (n < 0)( n ≥ D ) - n  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$ 2 n-1 ( n ≥ D ) (n < 0)- n (上)<sup>n+1</sup> 2<sup>n-1</sup> (n≤0) - n (n > 0)2 n-1 (n > 0) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n+1}$  $(n \leq 0)$ - n