C Programming Day22.B

2017.12.13

Preprocessing

Copyright (c) 2015 - 2017 Young W. Lim.

.

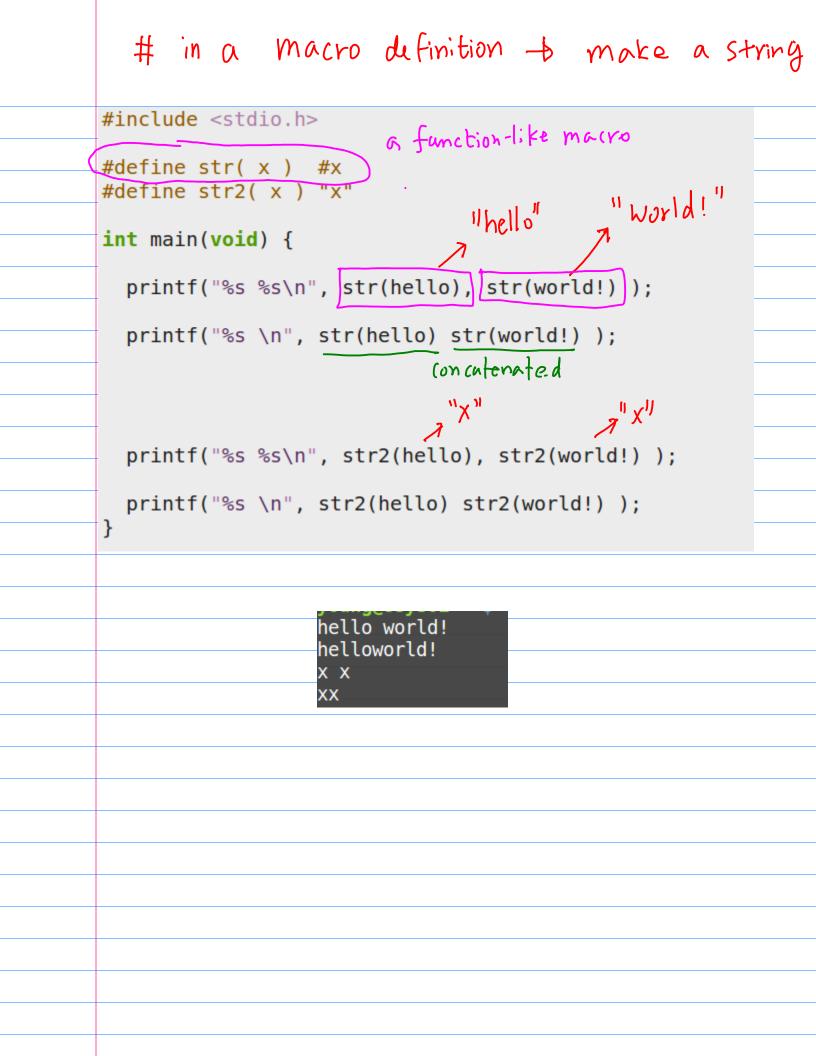
Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this document under the terms of the GNU Free Documentation License, Version 1.2 or any later version published by the Free Software Foundation; with no Invariant Sections, no Front-Cover Texts, and no Back-Cover Texts. A copy of the license is included in the section entitled "GNU Free Documentation License".

```
#include <stdarg.h> 🧲
      #include <stdio.h>
       // va list
                   macros defined
      // va start
      // va arg
       // va end
      // average ( 3, 12.2, 22.3, 4.5 ) ; // 3 more arg list
      // arg list : 12.2, 22.3, 4.5
                 :3
      11
         num
      11
         average ( 5, 3.3, 2.2, 1.1, 5.5, 3.3 ) ; // 5 more arg list
      // arg list : 3.3, 2.2, 1.1, 5.5, 3.3
       // num
               :5
      double average ( int num, (...)) // num more arguements
       {
          double sum = 0.0;
          int i;
macro
          usage
          extraction type
          for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
             return sum / num;
       }
      int main()
       {
        double x, y;
                      <u>12.2</u>, <u>22.3</u>, <u>4.5</u>); // 3 more arg_list
<u>3.3</u>, <u>2.2</u>, <u>1.1</u>, <u>5.5</u>, <u>3.3</u>); // 5 more arg_list
        x = average (3)
        y = average (5)
        printf( "%f\n", x );
        printf( "%f\n", y );
       }
```

https://www.cprogramming.com/tutorial/c/lesson17.html

```
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdio.h>
// va list
// va_start
// va_arg
// va_end
void argscan ( int num, ... ) // num more arguements
{
  int i;
  double x;
  char c;
  char *s;
  printf("i= %d \n", i);
  printf("x= %f \n", x);
  // printf("c= %c \n", c);
  // printf("s= %s \n", s);
               Some this
             & wrong
int main()
{
       4, 4, 4, 10, 3.14, 'A', "hello" );
 argscan(4)
}
         XCS
       L
```

```
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdio.h>
// va list
// va start
// va arg
// va end
void argscan ( int num, ... ) // num more arguements
{
  int i:
  double x;
  char c:
  char *s;
  printf("i= %d \n", i);
                       i= 10
  printf("x= %f \n", x);
                       x= 3.140000
  printf("c= %c \n", c);
                       c = A
  printf("s= %s \n", s);
                       s= hello
}
int main()
{
argscan( 4, 10, 3.14, 'A', "hello" );
}
```



```
## in a macro => concatenate
#include <stdio.h>
#define f( x, y ) x<mark>#</mark>#
int main(void) {
 int i = 9999;
 int i0 = 20;
 int i1 = 30;
 int i2 = 40;
 printf("i= %d \n", i);
                                1,0
 printf("f(i, 0) = %d \n", f(i, 0);
 printf("f(i, 1)= %d \n", f(i, 1));
 printf("f(i, 2)= %d \n", f(i, 2));
ľ
```

and # # make sense only when used in a function-like macro definition # define f(x) # X # define f(x, y) X # # Y # define

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main(void) {
```

}

```
printf("hello, \"John\"\n");
printf("100%% \n");
```

```
printf("s1 " "s2 " "s3" "\n");
printf("%s%s%s%s", "s1 ","s2 ","s3","\n");
```

printf("	LINE	= %d \n",	LINE);
printf("	FILE	= %s \n",	FILE);
printf("	DATE	= %s \n",	DATE);
printf("	TIME	= %s \n",	TIME);
printf("	STDC	= %d \n",	STDC);
printf(FILE	DATE	TIME	"\n");

hello, "John" 100%	
s1 s2 s3	
s1 s2 s3	
LINE = 13	
FILE = t.c	
DATE = Dec 13 2017	
TIME = 23:07:54	
$_STDC_ = 1$	
t.cDec 13 201723:07:54	