

Kirrhoff's Law

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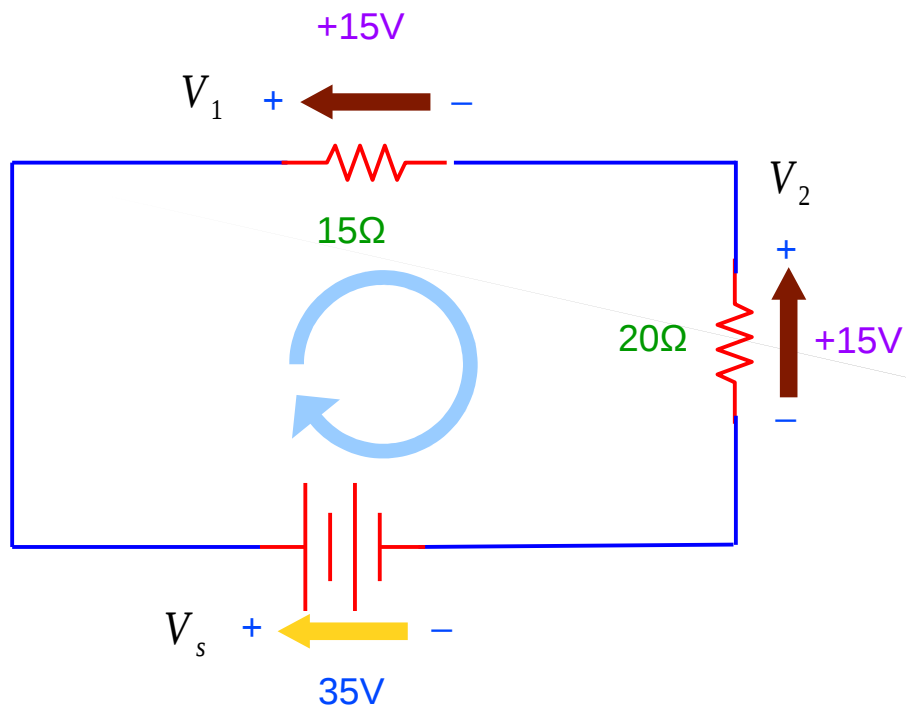
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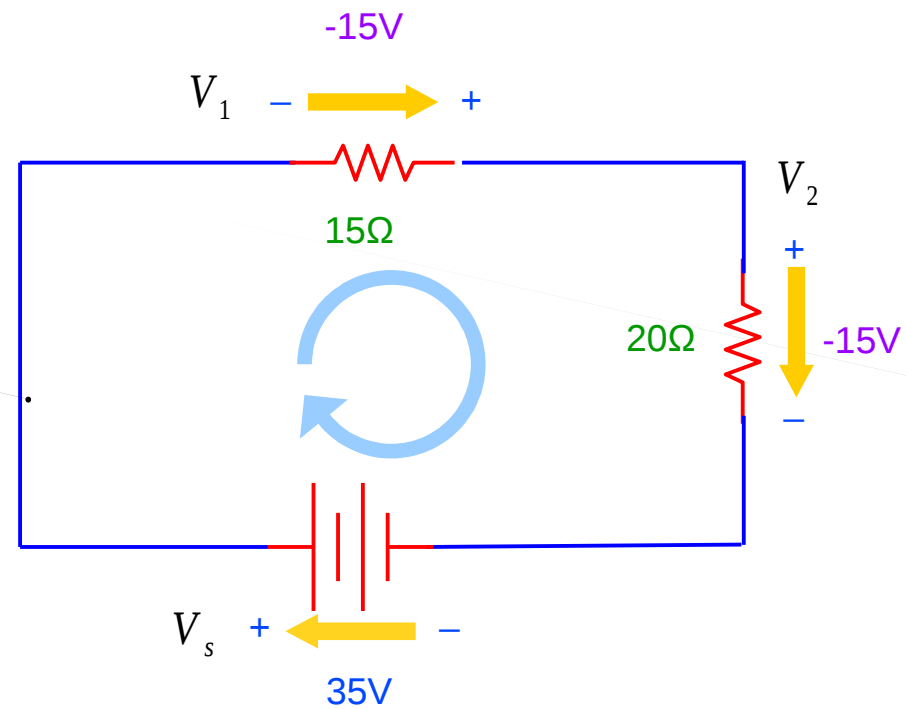
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KVL



$$+V_s - V_1 - V_2 = 0$$

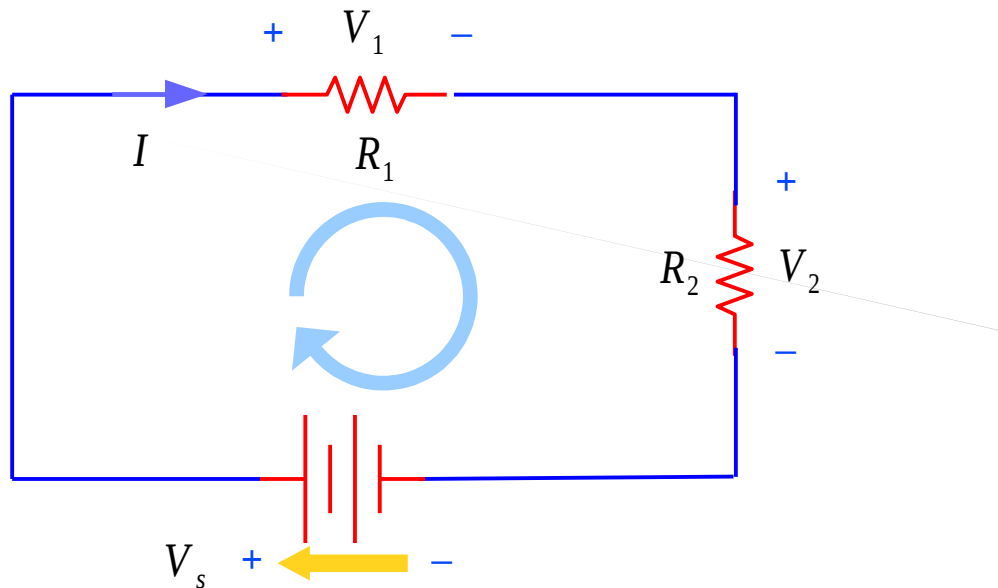
$$(+35) - (+15) - (+15) = 0$$



$$+V_s + V_1 + V_2 = 0$$

$$(+35) + (-15) + (-15) = 0$$

Use “ $-V_R$ ” across resistors



$$+V_s - V_1 - V_2 = 0$$

$$+V_s - (IR_1) - (IR_2) = 0$$

References

- [1] <http://en.wikipedia.org/>
- [2] www.allaboutcircuits.com
- [3]